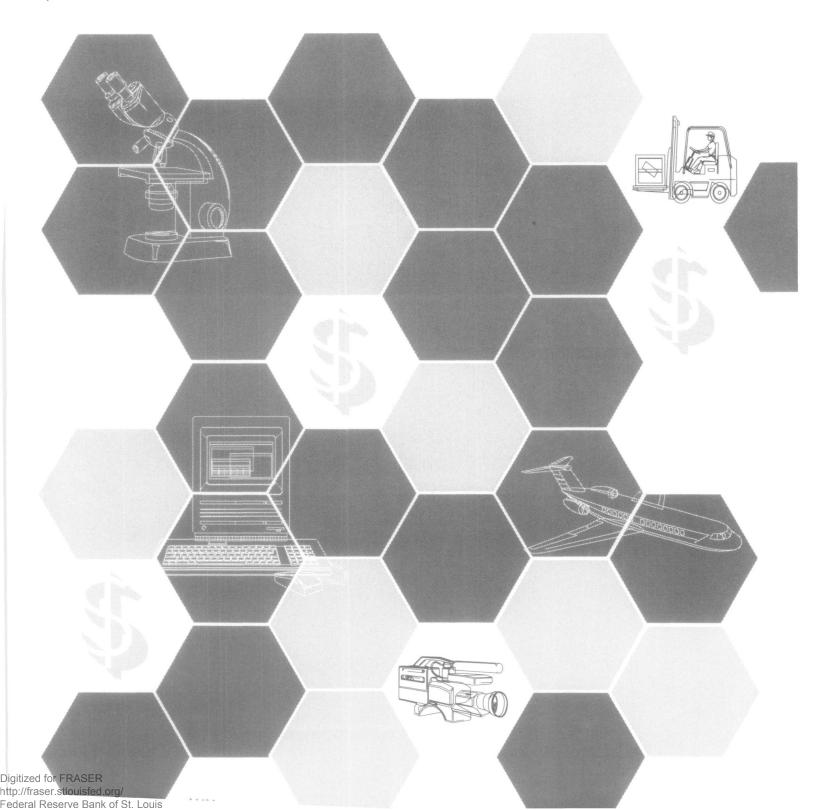


EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS In this issue: First quarter 1994 averages for household survey data

Bureau of Labor Statistics April 1994







U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Robert B. Reich, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS Katharine G. Abraham, Commissioner

E&E – Employment and Earnings (ISSN 0013-6840), is prepared in the Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics in collaboration with the Office of Publications and Special Studies. The data are collected by the Bureau of the Census (Department of Commerce) and State employment security agencies, in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics. A brief description of the cooperative statistical programs of the BLS with these agencies is presented in the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section. The State agencies are listed on the inside back cover.

Employment and Earnings may be ordered from: New Orders, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954. Phone (202) 783-3238. Subscription price per year \$31 domestic and \$38.75 foreign. Single copy \$13 domestic and \$16.26 foreign. Prices are subject to change by the U.S. Government Printing Office.

Correspondence concerning subscriptions, including address changes and missing issues, should be sent to the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Phone (202) 512-2303. POSTMASTER: Send address changes to Employment and Earnings, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

Communications on material in this publication should be addressed to: Editors, Employment and Earnings, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, DC 20212. Specific questions concerning the data in this publication should be directed as follows: Household data, (202) 606-6373 or 6378; national establishment data, 606-6555; State and area establishment data, 606-6559; and State and area labor force data, 606-6392.

Second class postage paid at Washington, DC, and at additional mailing addresses.

Information in this publication will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone (202) 606-STAT; TDD phone: (202) 606-5897; TDD message referral phone: 1-800-326-2577.

Material in this publication is in the public domain and, with appropriate credit, may be reproduced without permission.

April 1994 Vol. 41 No. 4

Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in *Employment and Earnings*, special features appear in most of the issues as shown below.

Household data

Annual averages Jan.
Union affiliation Jan.
Earnings by detailed occupation Jan.
Employee absences Jan.
Revised seasonally adjusted series Jan.
Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data,
persons of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era
veterans and nonveterans, and weekly
earnings data. Jan., Apr., July, Oct.

Establishment data

National annual averages:

Industry divisions (preliminary)

Jan.

Industry detail Mar., June

Women employees Mar., June

National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and new seasonal adjustment factors

June

Revised historical national data Bulletin¹

State and area annual revisions March

State and area annual averages May

Area definitions May

State and area labor force data

Annual revisions March
Annual averages May

¹ The most recent publication was issued in August 1993 as *Employment*, *Hours*, and *Earnings*, *United States*, 1981-93, BLS Bulletin 2429, and is available from: New Orders, U.S. Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954, at \$33 a copy, GPO Stock Number 029-001-03148-3.

Employment and Earnings

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Eugene H. Becker

Editors' Note

Due to editing and processing problems associated with the Current Population Survey (CPS) redesign, publication of all labor force data by family relationship has been temporarily suspended. Publication of data on metropolitan-nonmetropolitan, poverty-nonpoverty, urban, and rural areas has been discontinued until after the completion of the redesign of the CPS sample areas in 1995.

Contents

	Page
List of statistical tables	2
Contents to the explanatory notes and estimates of error	5
Employment and unemployment developments, March 1994	
Summary tables and charts	
Explanatory notes and estimates of error	
Index to statistical tables	

Statistical tables

Source	Historical	Seasonally adjusted	Not seasonally adjusted	
Household data	10	12	21	
Establishment data: Employment:				
National	44	48	65	
State		53	78	
Area			78	
Hours and earnings:				
National	45	61	96	
State and area			119	
Local area labor force data:				
Regional		124		
State		126	131	
Area			131	
Household data:				
Quarterly averages		136	145	

Monthly Household Data

		Page
Historical		
A-1. A-2.	Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1961 to date	
Seasonall	y Adjusted Data	
Employme	ent Status	
A-3. A-4.	Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age	12 13
A-5.	Employment and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex and age	15
Character	istics of the Employed	
A-6. A-7.	Employed persons by marital status, occupation, class of worker, and part-time status Employed persons by age and sex	
Character	istics of the Unemployed	
A-8. A-9. A-10. A-11. A-12.	Unemployed persons by age and sex Unemployment rates by age and sex Unemployment rates by occupation, industry, and selected demographic characteristics Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment	19 20
Not Seaso	onally Adjusted Data	
Employee	ant Statua	
• •	ent Status Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race	21
A-13. A-14. A-15.	Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and age Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic origin	24
A-16.	Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by age, sex, and race	
Character	istics of the Employed	
A-17.	Employed persons by occupation, sex, and age	28
A-18.	Employed persons by occupation, race, and sex	
A-19. A-20.	Employed persons by industry and occupation	
A-21.	Persons at work in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by hours of work	
A-22.	Persons at work 1 to 34 hours in all and nonagricultural industries by reason for working	
A-23.	less than 35 hours and usual full- or part-time status	
A-24.	Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by eggs, sex, race, marital status, and usual full- or part-time status	
A-25.	Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and usual full- or part-time status	
Character	ristics of the Unemployed	
A-26.	Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex	36
A-27.	Unemployed persons by occupation and sex	
A-28.	Unemployed persons by industry and sex	
A-29. A-30.	Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and race Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment	
A-31.	Unemployed persons by reason for disemployment, box, age, and distation of disemployment	
A-32.	Unemployed persons by age, sex, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment	
A-33.	Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment	42
Persons I	Not in the Labor Force	
A-34.	Persons not in the labor force by desire and availability for work, age, and sex	42
Multiple J	lobholders	
A-35.	Multiple jobholders by selected demographic and economic characteristics	43
Vietnam-	era Veterans and Nonveterans	
A-36.	Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age	43

Monthly Establishment Data

Historical		Page
B-1. B-2.	Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1943 to date Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date	
Seasonally	Adjusted Data	
Employm	nent .	
Nationa	ıl	
B-3. B-4. B-5.	Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and selected component groups	50
B-6.	Diffusion indexes of employment change	
States		
B-7.	Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry	53
Hours an	d Earnings	
Nationa	ıl	
B-8. B-9.	Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm	61
B-10.	payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group Hours of wage and salary workers on nonfarm payrolls by major industry Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry	63
Not Seasor	nally Adjusted Data	
Employm	nent	
Nationa	at	
	Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry	
	and Areas	
B-14.	Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry	78
Hours an	d Earnings	
Nationa		
	Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry	96
B-16.	(SIC 3761) manufacturing Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime, of production workers on manufacturing payrolls Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private	116 117
D -11.	nonfarm payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1982) dollars	118
C4-4	and Arasa	
	and Areas Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas	119
Monthly Rec	gional, State, and Area Labor Force Data	
Seasonally	Adjusted Data	
C-1. C-2.	Employment status of the civilian population for census regions and divisions	
Not Seasor	nally Adjusted Data	
C-3.	Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas	131

Quarterly Household Data

Seasonal	ly Adjusted Data	
Employm	ent Status	
D-1. D-2.	Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age	
Character	ristics of the Employed	
D-3. D-4. D-5.	Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex and age	140
Character	ristics of the Unemployed	
D-6. D-7. D-8. D-9. D-10.	Unemployed persons by age and sex Unemployment rates by age and sex Unemployment rates by occupation, industry, and selected demographic characteristics Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment	142 143 144
Not Seas	onally Adjusted Data	
Employm	ent Status	
D-11. D-12.	Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin Employment status of the Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin population by sex and age	
Character	ristics of the Employed	
D-13.	Employed white, black, and Hispanic-origin workers by sex, occupation, class of worker, and full- and part-time status	147
D-14.	Employed Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban-origin workers by sex, occupation, class of worker, and full- and part-time status	
D-15.	Employed persons by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin	
Character	ristics of the Unemployed	
D-16. D-17. D-18.	Unemployment rates by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin	150
Weekly E	arnings Data	
D-19. D-20. D-21.	Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics	152
Vietnam-	era Veterans and Nonveterans Data	
D-22. D-23.	Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age	

Page

Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error

	Page		Page
Introduction	156	Establishment dataContinued	
Relation between the household and establishment series	156	Estimating methods	179
Comparability of household data with other series	157	Benchmarks	179
Comparability of payroll employment data with		Monthly estimation	179
other series	157	Stratification	179
		Link relative technique	179
Household data	158	Bias adjustment	179
Collection and coverage	158	Summary of methodology table	180
Concepts and definitions	158	The sample	181
Historical comparability	161	Design	181
Conceptual/methodological changes	161	Coverage	182
Noncomparability of labor force levels	162	Reliability	182
Changes in the occupational and industrial		Measures of error tables	
classification systems	164	Benchmark revision as a measure of survey error	182
Sampling	165	Noneconomic code changes	183
Selection of sample areas	165	Hours and earnings	183
Selection of sample households	166	Revisions between preliminary and final data	183
Rotation of sample	166	Statistics for States and areas	185
Estimating methods	167		
Noninterview adjustment	167	Regional, State, and area labor force data	188
Ratio estimates	167	Federal-State cooperative program	188
First stage	167	Estimating methods	188
Second stage	167	Estimates for States	
Composite estimation procedure	168	Current monthly estimates	
Rounding of estimates	168	Benchmark correction procedures	
Reliability of the estimates	168	Estimates for sub-State areas	189
Nonsampling error	16 8	Preliminary estimate:	
Sampling error	169	Employment	
Tables 1-B through 1-H	170	Unemployment	
		Sub-State adjustment for additivity	
Establishment data	176	Benchmark correction	189
Collection	176		
Concepts	176	Seasonal adjustment	190

Employment and Unemployment Developments, March 1994

Nonfarm payroll employment rebounded sharply in March from weather-related weakness in the prior 2 months. The unemployment rate, at 6.5 percent, was the same as it had been in February.

The March increase of 456,000 in the number of payroll jobs brought growth in the first quarter back in line with that for the fourth quarter of last year. The average workweek also expanded markedly following February's weather-induced declines.

Unemployment

The unemployment rate was 6.5 percent in March, the same as in February, and the number of unemployed persons remained at 8.5 million. Unemployment rates for most worker groups were little changed from February to March.

Changes over the month in several measures partially reversed unusually large movements in February. The number of persons jobless for less than 5 weeks rose by 184,000 in March, while the number who were jobless from 5 to 14 weeks fell by 178,000. (See table A-12.) The number of persons employed part time for economic reasons—often referred to as the "partially unemployed"—rose by 349,000 to a total of 5.0 million in March (table A-6). It is important to note that data from the household survey continue to reflect the transition to a revised questionnaire and new collection methods which were implemented in January.

Total employment and the labor force

Total employment was 122.0 million in March, little changed from February. The employment-population ratio—the proportion of the working-age population with jobs—also was about unchanged at 62.2 percent. (See table A-3.) A total of 7.2 million workers (not seasonally adjusted), or 5.9 percent of all employed persons, held two or more jobs in March (table A-35).

The labor force participation rate in March was 66.6 percent (seasonally adjusted), and there were 130.6 million people in the labor force, about the same as in February. (See table A-3.)

Discouraged workers

The number of discouraged workers—those who wanted a job but gave up searching for work because they

believed there were no jobs to be found—was about 530,000 in March (not seasonally adjusted). (See table A-34.)

industry payroll employment

Nonfarm payroll employment climbed by 456,000 in March, as several industries rebounded from depressed levels related to severe winter weather in January and February. Monthly job growth for the first quarter averaged 208,000, about the same healthy advance as in the last quarter of 1993. (See table B-3.)

The construction industry added 74,000 jobs in March on a seasonally adjusted basis. After 2 months of weather-related declines totaling 22,000, construction again showed the strength it exhibited in late 1993. Mining employment was down slightly in March, as oil and gas extraction continued to lose jobs.

Manufacturing employment edged up by 12,000 in March, for the sixth straight month of growth, during which time 88,000 jobs have been added. Over-the-month gains were recorded in fabricated metals, industrial machinery, and electronic equipment; employment in each of these industries has been trending upward since last summer. There were job losses, however, in lumber and wood products, transportation equipment, and instruments.

Employment in transportation and public utilities grew by 21,000, due to an unusually large increase in the transportation component. Total transportation employment (3.6 million) has now surpassed the previous peak level reached in December 1990. The number of jobs in retail trade rose by 74,000 in March, with gains distributed across its component industries. Eating and drinking establishments regained the jobs lost as a result of the extreme winter weather, but their employment growth in the first quarter was still below normal. Wholesale trade employment rose slightly (10,000); this industry has added about 150,000 jobs since September 1992.

The services industry added 223,000 jobs in March, as many of its weather-sensitive components bounced back. Business, health, auto repair, and educational services, as well as amusement and recreation and hotels and other lodging places, all contributed to this increase. The average rise in services employment for the first 3 months of the year (about 100,000) is in line with the trend for

1993. The finance industry added 10,000 jobs in March. In government, increases were registered at the State and local level, while the Federal Government continued to lose jobs.

Weekly hours

The average workweek for production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls rebounded by 0.4 hour from February's large weather-related decline, to 34.7 hours, seasonally adjusted. The manufacturing workweek not only reversed February's decline but rose by an additional 0.4 hour, for a total over-the-month gain of 1.0 hour. The manufacturing workweek and overtime hours are at post-World War II highs of 42.2 and 4.8 hours, respectively. (See table B-8.)

The index of aggregate hours of private production or

nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls jumped 1.8 percent to 126.9 (1982=100) in March. The manufacturing index shot up 2.5 percent to 104.0. (See table B-9.)

Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly earnings of private production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls edged up by 0.1 percent in March, after seasonal adjustment. Average weekly earnings rose by 1.3 percent, reflecting the increase in the workweek. Before seasonal adjustment, average hourly earnings slipped 1 cent in March to \$11.05, while average weekly earnings were up \$4.08 to \$380.12. Over the year, average hourly earnings increased by 2.4 percent and average weekly earnings by 3.6 percent. (See tables B-11 and B-15.)

	Scheduled F	telease Dates									
Employment and unemployment data are scheduled for initial release on the following dates:											
Reference month	Release date	Reference month	Release date								
April	May 6	July	August 5								
May	June 3	August	September 2								
June	July 8	September	October 7								

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Summary table A. Major labor force status categories, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

0-1					19	93					1994			
Category	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	
						Labo	or force sta	itus						
Civilian noninstitutional population	192,959	193,126	193,283	193,456	193,633	193,793	193,971	194,151	194,321	194,472	195,953	196,090	196,213	
Civilian labor force	127,440	127,539	128,075	128,056	128,102	128,334	128,108	128,580	128,662	128,898	130,667	130,776	130,580	
Percent of population	66.0	66.0	66.3		66.2	66.2	66.0	66.2	66.2	66.3	66.7	66.7	66.6	
Employed	118,562	118,585	119,180	119,187	119,370	119,692	119,568	119,941	120,332	120,661	121,971	122,258	122,037	
Percent of population	61.4 8,878	61.4 8,954	61.7 8,895	61.6 8,869	61.6 8,732	61.8 8,642	61.6 8,540	61.8 8,639	61.9 8,330	62.0 8,237	62.2 8,696	62.3 8.518	62.2	
Unemployed Not in labor force	65,519	65,587	65,208	65,400		65,459	65,863	65,571	65,659	65,574	65,286	65,314	8,543 65,633	
THO IT INDO TO SO STATE OF THE	30,010	30,507	00,200	00,.00	00,007	35,135			30,500	50,07	00,200	00,014	00,000	
	Unemployment rates													
All workers	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.7	6.5	6.5	
Men, 20 years and over	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.2	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.0	5.8	
Women, 20 years and over	5.7	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.7	6.0	5.7	6.0	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	19.5	20.3	19.8	19.5	18.4	18.4	17.9	18.9	18.3	17.8	18.4	17.9	17.8	
White	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.8	6.1	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.7	
Black	13.5	13.7	12.9	13.3	12.8	12.5	12.5	11.9	12.5	11.5	13.1	12.9	12.5	
Hispanic origin	11.2	10.5	10.0	10.3	10.8	9.9	10.0	11.4	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.0	10.0	

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey

Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings

Summary table B. Employment, hours, and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Industry					19	93					1994				
ilidətiy	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar.º		
							Employme	nt			•				
Total	109.565	100 000	110.050		110 000		110 500	410.554	110 000		444.070	444.077	700		
Total		109,820	110,058	110,101	110,338	110,305	110,502	110,664	110,880	111,110	111,079	111,277	111,733		
Total private		91,020	91,239	91,278	91,497	91,478	91,580	91,761	91,976	92,156	92,150	92,350	92,772		
Goods-producing industries		22,980	23,006	22,941	22,948	22,903	22,886	22,934	22,994	23,008	23,024	23,018	23,101		
Mining		600	802	596	595	592	596	596	595	605	602	601	598		
Construction		4,517	4,577	4,574	4,593	4,593	4,592	4,629	4,664	4,665	4,653	4,643	4,717		
Manufacturing		17,863	17,827	17,771	17,760	17,718	17,698	17,709	17,735	17,738	17,789	17,774	17,786		
Service-producing industries		86,840	87,052	87,160	87,390	87,402	87,616	87,730	87,886	88,102	88,055	88,259	88,632		
Transportation and public utilities		5,720	5,719	5,711	5,709	5,690	5,692	5,693	5,700	5,697	5,708	5,716	5,737		
Wholesale trade	6,103	6,110	6,125	6,110	6,126	6,107	6,117	6,122	6,129	6,133	6,156	6,174	6,184		
Retail trade	19,604	19,648	19,702	19,751	19,790	19,795	19,836	19,846	19,853	19,949	19,923	19,986	20,060		
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,574	6,585	6,588	6,590	6,604	6,602	6,816	6,632	6,651	6,660	6,656	6,664	6,675		
Services	29,756	29,977	30,099	30,175	30,320	30,381	30,433	30,534	30,649	30,709	30,683	30,792	31.015		
Government	18,788	18,800	18,819	18,823	18,841	18,827	18,922	18,903	18,904	18,954	18,929	18,927	18,961		
	Over-the-month change														
												ſ			
Total	26	255	238	43	237	-33	197	162	216	230	-31	198	456		
Total private	15	243	219	39	219	-19	102	- 181	215	180	-6	200	422		
Goods-producing industries	-53	-36	26	-65	7	-45	-17	48	60	14	16	-6	83		
Mining	0	0	2	-6	-1	-3	4	0	-1	10	-3	-1	-3		
Construction	-34	36	60	-3	19	0	-1	37	35	1	-12	-10	74		
Manufacturing	-19	-72	-36	-56	-11	-42	-20	11	26	3	31	5	12		
Service-producing industries	79	291	212	108	230	12	214	114	156	216	-47	204	373		
Transportation and public utilities	-1	4	-1	-8	-2	-19	2	1	7	-3	11	8	21		
Wholesale trade	6	7	15	-15	16	-19	10	5	7	4	23	18	10		
Retail trade	-25	44	54	49	39	5	41	10	7	96	-26	63	74		
Finance, insurance, and real estate	-3	11	3	2	14	-2	14	16	19	9	-4	8	11		
Services	91	221	122	76	145	61	52	101	115	60	-26	109	223		
Government	11	12	19	. 4	18	-14	95	-19	1	50	-25	2	34		
	Hours of work¹														
Total private	34.2	34.4	34.7	34.4	34.5	34.7	34.3	34,5	34.5	34.5	34.8	34.3	34.7		
Manufacturing	41.2	41.5	41.4	41.2	41.4	41.4	41.5	41.6	41.7	41.7	41.8	41.2	42.2		
Overtime	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.8		
	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.0	7.0			4.5	4.5	1.7	7.7	4.0	4.8		
			,	,	Indexes	of aggrega	te weekly	hours (19	82 = 100)1	·	····	,	,		
Total private	122.2	123.1	124.6	123.6	124.1	124.8	123.7	124.9	125.1	125.4	126.3	124.7	126.9		
Total private	101.6	101.8	101.4	100.8	101.0	100.9	100.9	101.5	102.0	102.1	102.6	101.5	104.0		
Manufacturing	101.6	101.8	101.4	100.8	101.0	100.9	100.9	101.5	102.0	102.1	102.6	101.5	104.0		
							Earnings ¹								
Average hourly earnings, total private:		1													
Current dollars	\$10.78	\$10.77	\$10.82	\$10.81	\$10.81	\$10.86	\$10.86	\$10.92	\$10.93	\$10.95	\$11.02	\$11.03	\$11.04		
Constant (1982) dollars ²	7.40	7.38	7.39	7.38	7.37	7.39	7.38	7.39	7.39	7.39	7.43	7.42	N.A.		
Average weekly earnings, total private	368.68	370.49	375.45	371.86	372.95	378.84	372.50	376.74	377.09	377.78	383.50	378.33	\$383.09		
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	1			L	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			

<sup>Data relate to private production or nonsupervisory workers.
The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate this series.</sup>

N.A. = not available.

P = preliminary.

Chart 1. Nonfarm payroll employment, seasonally adjusted, 1990-94

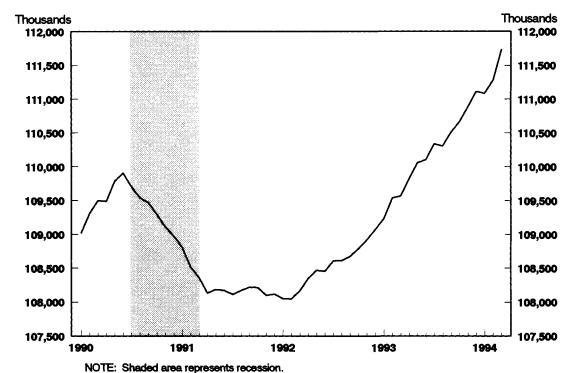
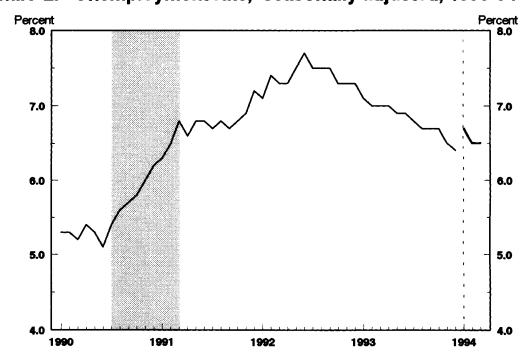


Chart 2. Unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, 1990-94



NOTE: Shaded area represents recession. Household data beginning in January 1994 reflect: 1) The introduction of the results of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey questionnaire and collection methodology, and 2) the introduction of population controls based on the 1990 census, adjusted for the estimated population undercount, and are not directly comparable with data for prior years.

HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

A-1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1961 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

		 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Civilia	labor force				
Year	Civilian				Eı	mployed		Unemp	oloyed	Not in
and month	noninsti- tutional population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	labor force
					Annu	al averages	·			
961	118,771	70,459	59.3	65,746	55.4	5,200	60,546	4,714	6.7	48,31
9621	120,153	70,614	58.8	66,702	55.5	4,944	61,759	3,911	5.5	49,53
963	122,416	71,833	58.7	67,762	55.4	4,687	63,076	4,070	5.7	50,58
964	124,485	73,091	58.7	69,305	55.7	4,523	64,782	3,786	5.2	51,39
965	126,513	74,455	58.9	71,088	56.2	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.5	52,05
966	128,058	75,770	59.2	72,895	56.9	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.8	52,28
967	129,874	77,347	59.6	74,372	57.3	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.8	52,52
968	132,028	78,737	59.6	75,920	57.5	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.6	53,29
969	134,335	80,734	60.1	77,902	58.0	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.5	53,60
970	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	57.4	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.9	54,31
971	140,216	84,382	60.2	79,367	56.6	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.9	55,83
9721	144,126	87,034	60.4	82,153	57.0	3,484	78,669	4,882	5.6	57,09
973¹	147,096	89,429	60.8	85,064	57.8	3,470	81,594	4,365	4.9	57,66
974	150,120	91,949	61.3	86,794	57.8				5.6	
						3,515	83,279	5,156		58,17
975	153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	56.1	3,408	82,438	7,929	8.5	59,37
976	156,150	96,158	61.6	88,752	56.8	3,331	85,421	7,406	7.7	59,99
977	159,033	99,009	62.3	92,017	57.9	3,283	88,734	6,991	7.1	60,02
978'	161,910	102,251	63.2	96,048	59.3	3,387	92,661	6,202	6.1	59,65
979	164,863	104,962	63.7	98,824	59.9	3,347	95,477	6,137	5.8	59,90
980	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	59.2	3,364	95,938	7,637	7.1	60,80
981	170,130	108,670	63.9	100,397	59.0	3,368	97,030	8,273	7.6	61,46
982	172,271	110,204	64.0	99,526	57.8	3,401	96,125	10,678	9.7	62,06
983	174,215	111,550	64.0	100,834	57.9	3,383	97,450	10,717	9.6	62,66
984	176,383	113,544	64.4	105,005	59.5	3,321	101,685	8,539	7.5	62,83
985	178,206	115,461	64.8	107,150	60.1	3,179	103,971	8,312	7.2	62,74
986¹	180,587	117,834	65.3	109,597	60.7	3,163	106,434	8,237	7.0	62,75
987	182,753	119,865	65.6	112,440	61.5	3,208	109,232	7,425	6.2	62,88
988	184,613	121,669	65.9	114,968	62.3	3,169	111,800	6,701	5.5	62,94
989	186,393	123,869	66.5	117,342	63.0	3,199	114,142	6,528	5.3	62,52
990	188,049	124,787	66.4	117,914	62.7	3,186	114,728	6,874	5.5	63,26
991	189,765	125,303	66.0	116,877	61.6	3,233	113,644	8,426	6.7	64,46
992	191,576	126,982	66.3	117,598	61.4	3,207	114,391	9,384	7.4	64,59
993	193,550	128,040	66.2	119,306	61.6	3,074	116,232	8,734	6.8	65,50
		<u> </u>	L,	<u> </u>	lonthly data,	seasonally ac	l ljusted²			<u> </u>
1993:	100	40		446	1					
March	192,959	127,440	66.0	118,562	61.4	3,099	115,463	8,878	7.0	65,51
April	193,126	127,539	66.0	118,585	61.4	3,071	115,514	8,954	7.0	65,58
May		128,075	66.3	119,180	61.7	3,074	116,106	8,895	6.9	65,20
June	193,456	128,056	66.2	119,187	61.6	3,031	116,156	8,869	6.9	65,40
July	193,633	128,102	66.2	119,370	61.6	3,043	116,327	8,732	6.8	65,53
August	193,793	128,334	66.2	119,692	61.8	3,005	116,687	8,642	6.7	65,45
September	193,971	128,108	66.0	119,568	61.6	3,093	116,475	8,540	6.7	65,86
October	194,151	128,580	66.2	119,941	61.8	3,021	116,920	8,639	6.7	65,57
November	194,321	128,662	66.2	120,332	61.9	3,114	117,218	8,330	6.5	65,65
December	194,472	128,898	66.3	120,661	62.0	3,096	117,565	8,237	6.4	65,57
1994:	 	*	 		 					
January ³	195,953	130,667	66.7	121,971	62.2	3,331	118,639	8,696	6.7	65,28
February		130,776	66.7	122,258	62.3	3,391	118,867	8,518	6.5	65,31
March		130,580	66.6	122,037	62.2	3,426	118,611	8,543	6.5	65,63
	1 .55,2.5			,	1	3,.23	,] 3,5.5	J	30,00

Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error.

Population Survey (household survey) questionnaire and collection methodology and the introduction of 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
 Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years because of the introduction of a major redesign of the Current

A-2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1983 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

					Civilia	n labor force				
	Civilian				E	mployed		Unem	ployed	Not in
Sex, year, and month	noninsti- tutional population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	labor force
					Annu	al averages				
MEN										
1983	82,531	63,047	76.4	56,787	68.8	2,704	54,083	6,260	9.9	19,484
1984	83,605 84,469	63,835 64,411	76.4 76.3	59,091 59,891	70.7 70.9	2,668 2,535	56,423 57,356	4,744 4,521	7.4 7.0	19,771 20,058
1985 1986¹	85,798	65,422	76.3	60,892	71.0	2,535	58,381	4,530	6.9	20,036
1987	86,899	66,207	76.2	62,107	71.5	2,543	59,564	4,101	6.2	20,692
1988	87,857	66,927	76.2	63,273	72.0	2,493	60,780	3,655	5.5	20,930
1989	88,762	67,840	76.4	64,315	72.5	2,513	61,802	3,525	5.2	20,923
	1				1	i i		1	i	
1990	89,650	68,234	76.1	64,435	71.9	2,507	61,928	3,799	5.6	21,417
1991	90,552	68,411	75.5	63,593	70.2	2,552	61,041	4,817	7.0	22,141
1992	91,541	69,184	75.6	63,805	69.7	2,534	61,270	5,380	7.8	22,356
1993	92,620	69,633	75.2	64,700	69.9	2,438	62,263	4,932	7.1	22,987
		L	J	ı	Monthly data,	seasonally adju	sted ²	-	<u> </u>	
1993:	00.00	00 =00		04.555			04.004			00
March	92,304	69,502	75.3 75.2	64,355	69.7 69.7	2,451	61,904	5,147	7.4	22,802 22,879
April May	92,393 92,479	69,514 69,703	75.2 75.4	64,416 64,687	69.9	2,461 2,447	61,955 62,240	5,098 5,016	7.3 7.2	22,879
June	92,573	69,683	75.3	64,642	69.8	2,398	62,244	5,016	7.2	22,776
July	92,669	69,730	75.2	64,728	69.8	2,391	62,337	5,002	7.2	22,939
August	92,749	69,847	75.3	64,904	70.0	2,352	62,552	4,943	7.1	22,902
September	92,843	69,580	74.9	64,756	69.7	2,455	62,301	4,824	6.9	23,263
October	92,941	69,820	75.1	64,971	69.9	2,376	62,595	4,849	6.9	23,121
November	93,033	69,730	75.0	65,144	70.0	2,481	62,663	4,586	6.6	23,303
December	93,116	69,813	75.0	65,259	70.1	2,461	62,798	4,554	6.5	23,303
1994:										
January ³	93,909	70,744	75.3	65,963	70.2	2,545	63,419	4,781	6.8	23,165
February	93,982	70,644 70,529	75.2 75.0	65,921 65,940	70.1 70.1	2,566	63,356 63,339	4,723	6.7	23,338
March	94,042	70,529	75.0	65,940	70.1	2,601	63,339	4,589	6.5	23,513
			·	p	Annu	al averages				
WOMEN	04.004	40.500	500	44047	40.0		40.007			10.101
1983	91,684	48,503	52.9	44,047	48.0	680	43,367	4,457	9.2	43,181
1984	92,778 93,736	49,709 51,050	53.6 54.5	45,915 47,259	49.5 50.4	653 644	45,262 46,615	3,794 3,791	7.6	43,068 42,686
1985 1986¹	94,789	52,413	55.3	48,706	51.4	652	48,054	3,797	7.4 7.1	42,000
1987	95,853	53,658	56.0	50,334	52.5	666	49,668	3,324	6.2	42,195
1988	96,756	54,742	56.6	51,696	53.4	676	51,020	3,046	5.6	42,014
1989	97,630	56,030	57.4	53,027	54.3	687	52,341	3,003	5.4	41,601
									·	
1990	98,399	56,554	57.5	53,479	54.3	679	52,800	3,075	5.4	41,845
1991 1992	99,214	56,893 57,709	57.3	53,284	53.7	682	52,602 53,131	3,609	6.3	42,321
1993	100,035 100,930	57,798 58,407	57.8 57.9	53,793 54,606	53.8 54.1	673 636	53,121 53,970	4,005 3,801	6.9 6.5	42,237 42,522
		<u> </u>			Monthly data,	seasonally adju	sted ²		1	<u> </u>
								}		
1993:	100.054	£7.000		54.007	500		50.550	0.704	1	40.745
March	100,654 100,733	57,938 58,025	57.6 57.6	54,207 54,169	53.9 53.8	648 610	53,559 53,559	3,731 3,856	6.4	42,716 42,708
May	100,733	58,372	57.6 57.9	54,169	54.1	627	53,866	3,879	6.6 6.6	42,708
June	100,883	58,373	57.9	54,545	54.1	633	53,912	3,828	6.6	42,510
July	100,965	58,372	57.8	54,642	54.1	652	53,990	3,730	6.4	42,593
August	101,044	58,487	57.9	54,788	54.2	653	54,135	3,699	6.3	42,557
September	101,128	58,528	57.9	54,812	54.2	638	54,174	3,716	6.3	42,600
	101,210	58,760	58.1	54,970	54.3	645	54,325	3,790	6.4	42,450
October	101,288	58,932	58.2	55,188 55,400	54.5 54.7	633 635	54,555 54,767	3,744 3,683	6.4 6.2	42,356 42,271
November December	101,356	59,085	58.3	55,402	34.7	000	0.,.0.	0,000	0.2	72,21
November December		59,085	58.3	55,402	34.7	033		0,000	0.2	42,271
November December	101,356									
November December		59,085 59,923 60,132	58.3 58.7 58.9	56,007 56,336	54.9 55.2	787 825	55,221 55,511	3,916 3,795	6.5 6.3	42,121 41,976

Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error.
2 The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

because of the introduction of a major redesign of the Current Population Survey (household survey) questionnaire and collection methodology and the introduction of 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		,			19	93	,				1994			
sex, and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	
TOTAL														
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	192,959	193,126	193,283	193,456	193,633	193,793	193,971	194,151	194,321	194,472	195,953	196,090	196,21	
Civilian labor force		127,539		128,056		128,334	128,108	128,580	128,662	128,898	130,667	130,776		
Percent of population		66.0	66.3	66.2	66.2	66.2	66.0	66.2	66.2	66.3	66.7	66.7		
Employed														
Employment-population ratio ²		61.4	61.7	61.6	61.6	1	61.6	61.8	61.9	62.0	62.2	62.3		
Unemployed Unemployment rate		8,954 7.0	8,895 6.9	8,869 6.9	8,732 6.8		8,540 6.7	8,639 6.7	8,330 6.5		8,696 6.7	8,518 6.5		
Men, 16 years and over														
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹		92,393	92,479	, ,				92,941	93,033			93,982		
Civilian labor force		69,514	69,703	69,683	69,730	69,847	69,580	69,820			70,744	70,644		
Percent of population	1	75.2	75.4	75.3	75.2	75.3	74.9	75.1	75.0		75.3	75.2		
Employed		64,416		64,642	64,728		64,756	64,971	65,144		65,963	65,921		
Employment-population ratio ²		69.7	69.9	69.8	69.8	70.0	69.7	69.9	70.0	1	70.2	70.1	70.	
Agriculture		2,461	2,447	2,398	2,391	2,352	2,455	2,376		2,461	2,545	1 -		
Nonagricultural industries		61,955	62,240 5.016	62,244 5,041	62,337 5,002	62,552	62,301	62,595				'		
Unemployment rate		5,098 7.3	5,016 7.2	7.2	5,002 7.2	4,943 7.1	4,824 6.9	4,849 6.9	4,586 6.6		4,781 6.8	4,723 6.7		
Not in labor force	22,802	22,879	22,776	ľ	,	1	23,263	23,121	23,303			23,338	1	
Men, 20 years and over										;				
Civilian noninstitutional population1		85,731	85,816		85,950		86,075	86,156			86,778	86,820		
Civilian labor force	1 7		66,134	66,087	66,140		66,038	66,306			66,806	66,764		
Percent of population		76.9	77.1	77.0	77.0	77.0	76.7	77.0	76.8		77.0	76.9		
Employed		61,614	61,849	61,805	61,869		61,901	62,172			62,842	62,778		
Employment-population ratio ²		71.9	72.1	72.0	72.0	72.1	71.9	72.2			72.4	72.3		
Agriculture		2,273	2,246	2,220	2,235		2,264	2,223	2,334	2,300	2,352	2,339		
Nonagricultural industries		59,341	59,603	59,585	59,634	59,813		59,949		60,144	60,490	60,439	1 '	
Unemployed		4,288	4,285	4,282	4,271	4,215	4,137	4,134			3,964 5.9	3,986		
Unemployment rate Not in labor force		6.5 19,829	6.5 19,682	6.5 19,785	6.5 19,810	6.4 19,781	6.3 20,037	6.2 19,850	ř.	5.8 20,052	19,972	6.0 20,056		
	13,740	13,023	13,002	10,700	10,010	10,701	20,007	13,000	20,047	20,002	13,372	20,030	20,17	
Women, 16 years and over Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	100,654	100 722	100 805	100 883	100 065	101 044	101 129	101 210	101 288	101,356	102 044	102 107	102 17	
Civilian labor force	1 '	58,025	58,372	58,373	58,372		58,528	58,760			59,923	60,132		
Percent of population		57.6	57.9	57.9	57.8	57.9	57.9	58.1	58.2	58.3	58.7	58.9		
Employed		54,169	54,493	54,545							56,007	56,336		
Employment-population ratio ²		53.8	54.1	54.1	54.1	54.2	54.2	54.3		54.7	54.9	55.2		
Agriculture		610	627	633	652	653	638	645	633	635	787	825	ľ	
Nonagricultural industries		53,559	53,866	53,912	53,990	54,135	54,174	54,325	54,555	54,767	55,221	55,511	55,27	
Unemployed		3,856	3,879	3,828	3,730	3,699	3,716	3,790	3,744	3,683	3,916	3,795	3,95	
Unemployment rate	6.4	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.5	6.3	6.	
Not in labor force	42,716	42,708	42,433	42,510	42,593	42,557	42,600	42,450	42,356	42,271	42,121	41,976	42,11	
Women, 20 years and over Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	94,148	94,214	94,264	94,315	94,425	94,490	94,575	94,656	94,709	94,764	95,109	9 5,159	95,22	
Civilian labor force	54,759										,	,	, , , , , , , ,	
Percent of population	1	58.2	58.4	58.5	58.4	58.5	58.4	58.6		58.9	59.3	59.5	1	
Employed			51,777	51,875	51,901	52,084	52,072	52,243			53,014	4	,	
Employment-population ratio ²		54.7	54.9	55.0	55.0	5 5.1	55.1	55.2		55.5	55.7	56.1	55.	
Agriculture	615	584	597	596	616	614	596	601	597	599	744	766	77	
Nonagricultural industries	51,001	50,949	51,180	51,279	51,285		51,476	51,642	51,826	52,032	52,270	52,638	52,34	
Unemployed		3,281	3,239		3,199	3,165	3,179	3,219	3,198	3,152		3,208	3,36	
Unemployment rate Not in labor force		6.0 39,400	5.9 39,248	5.9 39,183	5.8 39,325	5.7 39,241	5.8 39,324	5.8 39,194	1	5.7 38,981	6.0 38,742		1	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years							·			·				
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	13,147	13,181	13,203	13,270	13,258	13,301	13,321	13,339	13,367	13,335	14,066	14,111	14,08	
Civilian labor force	6,765	6,823	6,925	6,837	6,862	6,864	6,819	6,812			7,493			
Percent of population	51.5	51.8	52.5	51.5	51.8		·	51.1	51.2			1 '		
Employed		5,438	5,554	5,507	5,600	5,602	5,595	5,526	1	5,586			1	
Employment-population ratio ²		41.3	42.1	41.5	42.2	42.1	42.0	41.4	41.8	41.9	43.5			
Agriculture		214	231	215	192	198	233	197	183	197	236			
Nonagricultural industries	1	5,224	5,323	5,292	5,408	5,404	5,362	5,329	5,411	5,389	5,879	5,790	5,76	
Nonagricultural industries									1 1 2 2 2 2					
Unemployed		1,385	1,371	1,330	1,262	1,262	1,224	1,286	1,249	1,208	1,378	1,325	1,31	
	1,317	1,385 20.3	1,371 19.8		1,262 18.4	1,262 18.4	1,224 17.9	1,286 18.9						

seasonal adjustment of the various series. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
² Employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.
NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-3 through A-12 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,			,		19	93	,	,		,		1994	
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹			163,748										
Civilian labor force		, ,	109,234	, ,	1 '								
Percent of population		66.5	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.8		67.0	66.8	66.9	67.1	67.2	67.0
Employed													104,314
Employment-population ratio ²	62.5	62.4	62.7	62.7	62.7	62.9	62.8	62.9	63.0	63.1	63.2	63.4	63.2
Unemployed	6,671	6,601	6,622	6,652	6,558	6,467	6,398	6,736	6,142	6,209	6,447	6,264	6,319
Unemployment rate	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.8	6.1	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.7
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	57,036	56,961	57,082	57,135	57,136	57,196	57,097	57,390	57,123	57,280	57,457	57,333	57,258
Percent of population	77.6	77.4	77.5	77.5	77.5	77.5	77.3	77.7	77.2	77.4	77.6	77.4	77.2
Employed	53,649	53,698	53,818	53,878	53,840	53,986	53,948	54,144	54,279	54,283	54,438	54,344	54,283
Employment-population ratio ²		73.0		73.1	73.0			73.3	73.4		73.5	73.3	73.2
Unemployed				3,257	3,296			3,246			3,019		2,975
Unemployment rate				5.7	5.8				5.0				5.2
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	46,112	46,042	46,291	46,458	46,446	46,586	46,544	46,710	46,768	46,872	47,025	47,281	47,085
Percent of population	58.0	57.9		58.4	58.3			58.5			59.0	59.3	59.0
Employed								44,223				45,002	
Employment-population ratio ²		54.9		55.3	55.4		,	55.4	55.6			56.4	56.0
Unemployed				2,450				2,487	2,376				2,360
Unemployment rate		5.2		5.3		5.0				4.9		4.8	1 '
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years			}						<u> </u>				
Civilian labor force	5,774	5,788	5,861	5,780	5,811	5,864	5,851	5,909	5,913	5,864	6,321	6,319	6,290
Percent of population	54.8	54.9	55.5	54.7	54.9	55.3	55.1	55.6	55.6	55.1	56.5	56.4	56.1
Employed	4,829	4,826	4,878	4,835	4,902	4,930	4,939	4,906	4,991	4,970	5,286	5,323	5,306
Employment-population ratio ²		45.8		45.8	46.3	46.5			46.9	46.7	47.3	47.5	47.3
Unemployed		962		945	909	934	912		922	894	1,034	996	984
Unemployment rate		16.6		16.3	15.6	l .		,				15.8	15.6
Men		18.5	l .	18.4	ľ	17.7	16.8	ı		16.9			16.7
Women		14.5	1	14.0	13.4	ŀ	4	ı	i i	I .			14.6
BLACK													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	22,217	22,249	22,280	22,313	22,346	22,375	22,408	22,442	22,475	22,504	22,723	22,751	22,774
Civilian labor force	13,862			13,922						14,011	14,368	1	14,573
Percent of population		62.3		62.4	62.3	62.4	62.3	62.1	62.5	62.3	63.2	63.7	64.0
Employed	11,991	11,965	12,140	12,076	12,134	12,225	12,202	12,292		12,397	12,482	12,624	12,749
Employment-population ratio ²	54.0	53.8	54.5	54.1	54.3				54.7	55.1	54.9	55.5	
Unemployed		1,903		1,846	1,786		ı					1,863	1,824
Unemployment rate		13.7	12.9	13.3	12.8	12.5	12.5	11.9	12.5	11.5	13.1	12.9	12.5
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	6,489	6,416	6,486	6,492	6,509	6,552	6,507	6,482	6,529	6,469	6,563	6,697	6,633
Percent of population		71.3		71.9	72.0		71.8	1	1 '			73.4	72.7
Employed	1	5,599		5,677	5,742						5,753	5,884	5,953
Employment-population ratio ²		62.2		62.9			63.1	63.6					
Unemployed	845	817	791	815	1		790	712			810		
Unemployment rate	13.0		12.2	12.6	3	1	1	11.0					10.2
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force		6,655	6,641	6,658	6,605	6,644	6,686	6,731	6,766	6,801	6,917	6,993	7,117
Percent of population		59.6	59.4	59.5		59.2	59.5	59.8		60.3			62.2
Employed		5,930	ì	5,948	5,879	5,947	6,001	6,059		6,143			6,253
Employment-population ratio ²		53.1	53.2	53.1	52.5								54.6
Unemployed	701	725		710	726		685	672	1				F
Unemployment rate		10.9		10.7	11.0	1	10.2			9.7	11.5	1	1
pi-j	1 .0.0	,	10.4	10.7	, ,,,,,	10.5	10.2	10.0	3.7	3.7	1 ''''	, , , , , ,	12.1

See footnotes at end of table.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,					19	93						1994	
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	768	797	817	772	806	773	759	732	762	741	889	796	823
Percent of population	36.8	38.2	39.1	36.9	38.5	36.8	35.9	34.5	35.9	35.2	40.5	36.3	37.5
Employed	443	436	494	451	513	514	484	463	461	467	607	515	543
Employment-population ratio ²	21.2	20.9	23.6	21.6	24.5	24.5	22.9	21.8	21.7	22.2	27.7	23.5	24.7
Unemployed	325	361	323	321	293	259	275	269	301	274	281	281	280
Unemployment rate	42.3	45.3	39.5	41.6	36.4	33.5	36.2	36.7	39.5	37.0	31.7	35.3	34.0
Men	44.1	46.8	40.2	38.8	37.9	34.9	39.7	40.6	39.2	38.8	38.1	40.1	37.5
Women	40.1	43.2	38.7	44.8	34.7	32.0	32.3	32.8	39.7	35.2	25.5	30.5	30.2
HISPANIC ORIGIN										'			
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	15,585	15,635	15,681	15,729	15,777	15,824	15,871	15,917	15,967	16,014	17,849	17,896	17,942
Civilian labor force	10,311	10,232	10,247	10,285	10,375	10,331	10,433	10,586	10,575	10,625	11,746	11,835	11,871
Percent of population	66.2	65.4	65.3	65.4	65.8	65.3	65.7	66.5	66.2	66.3	65.8	66.1	66.2
Employed	9,152	9,154	9,226	9,221	9,250	9,311	9,394	9,384	9,476	9,513	10,495	10,650	10,680
Employment-population ratio ²	58.7	58.5	58.8	58.6	58.6	58.8	59.2	59.0	59.3	59.4	58.8	59.5	59.5
Unemployed	1,159	1,078	1,021	1,064	1,125	1,020	1,039	1,202	1,099	1,112	1,251	1,185	1,190
Unemployment rate	11.2	10.5	10.0	10.3	10.8	9.9	10.0	11.4	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.0	10.0

for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and* Earnings.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
 Employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.
 NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data

A-5. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Full- and part-time status, sex,					19	93						1994	
and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
EMPLOYED													
Full-time workers	97,945	97,940	98,254	98,198	98,359	98,716	98,690	98,945	99,373	99,595	97,940	98,574	98,488
Men, 16 years and over	57,384	57,358	57,523	57,452	57,599	57,742	57,833	57,876	58,115	58,265	57,714	57,971	58,395
Men, 20 years and over	56,351	56,371	56,501	56,467	56,624	56,711	56,718	56,770	57,032	57,156	56,657	56,942	57,380
Women, 16 years and over	40,570	40,549	40,730	40,691	40,632	40,920	40,953	41,085	41,284	41,386	40,291	40,601	40,083
Women, 20 years and over	39,832	39,788	39,975	39,959	39,954	40,204	40,066	40,334	40,511	40,632	39,496	39,816	39,312
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,762	1,781	1,778	1,772	1,781	1,801	1,906	1,841	1,830	1,807	1,787	1,817	1,795
Part-time workers	20,629	20,533	20,884	21,051	21,092	21,073	20,867	20,997	20,961	21,060	23,932	23,641	23,539
Men, 16 years and over	6,971	6,972	7,100	7,169	7,091	7,139	7,009	7,156	7,069	7,035	8,214	7,928	7,536
Men, 20 years and over	5,152	5,208	5,328	5,349	5,251	5,315	5,236	5,392	5,283	5,268	6,148	5,839	5,500
Women, 16 years and over	13,645	13,563	13,757	13,849	13,954	13,898	13,897	13,886	13,900	14,056	15,720	15,724	16,004
Women, 20 years and over	11,813	11,748	11,804	11,914	11,912	11,875	11,921	11,909	11,916	12,039	13,523	13,574	13,802
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,664	3,577	3,752	3,788	3,929	3,883	3,710	3,696	3,762	3,753	4,260	4,228	4,237
UNEMPLOYED			ì										
Looking for full-time work	7,266	7,279	7,275	7,260	7,231	7,109	6,964	7,044	6,707	6,760	7,160	7,008	6,956
Men, 16 years and over	4,472	4,380	4,347	4,299	4,352	4,275	4,138	4,193	3,978	3,963	4,205	4,070	3,803
Men, 20 years and over	4,091	4,008	4,012	3,985	4,013	3,949	3,851	3,868	3,581	3,651	3,767	3,677	3,526
Women, 16 years and over	2,829	2,881	2,899	2,939	2,892	2,804	2,841	2,809	2,786	2,787	2,966	2,950	3,091
Women, 20 years and over	2,552	2,636	2,624	2,688	2,595	2,561	2,613	2,590	2,542	2,568	2,749	2,710	2,835
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	623	635	639	587	623	599	500	586	584	541	644	621	595
Looking for part-time work	1,600	1,699	1,544	1,621	1,522	1,547	1,557	1,623	1,565	1,489	1,581	1,488	1,595
Men, 16 years and over	668	685	621	753	614	648	671	652	616	606	681	645	701
Men, 20 years and over	286	269	252	300	253	274	292	270	259	254	276	280	314
Women, 16 years and over	927	995	912	871	908	900	881	1,016	957	868	890	855	891
Women, 20 years and over	609	671	565	568	621	608	567	651	643	575	580	502	552
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	705	759	727	753	648	665	698	702	663	660	726	706	728
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES													
Full-time workers	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.3	6.4	6.8	6.6	6.6
Men, 16 years and over	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.7	6.8	6.4	6.4	6.8	6.6	6.1
Men, 20 years and over	6.8	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.4	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.1	5.8
Women, 16 years and over	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.9	6.8	7.2
Women, 20 years and over	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.5	6.4	6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26.1	26.3	26.4	24.9	25.9	25.0	20.8	24.1	24.2	23.0	26.5	25.5	24.9
Part-time workers	7.2	7.6	6.9	7.1	6.7	6.8	6.9	7.2	6.9	6.6	6.2	5.9	6.3
Men, 16 years and over	8.7	8.9	8.0	9.5	8.0	8.3	8.7	8.4	8.0	7.9	7.7	7.5	8.5
Men, 20 years and over	5.3	4.9	4.5	5.3	4.6	4.9	5.3	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.3	4.6	5.4
Women, 16 years and over	6.4	6.8	6.2	5.9	6.1	6.1	6.0	6.8	6.4	5.8	5.4	5.2	5.3
Women, 20 years and over	4.9	5.4	4.6	4.6	5.0	4.9	4.5	5.2	5.1	4.6	4.1	3.6	3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	16.1	17.5	16.2	16.6	14.2	14.6	15.8	16.0	15.0	15.0	14.6	14.3	14.7

¹ These rates reflect a refined definition of the full- and part-time labor force and differ from the rates published elsewhere in this publication prior to 1994.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993

and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-6. Employed persons by marital status, occupation, class of worker, and part-time status, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

O-t	ŀ				19	93						1994	
Category	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
MARITAL STATUS													
otal	118 562	118 585	119 180	119 187	119.370	119 692	119 568	119 941	120 332	120 661	121 971	122 258	122 03
Married men, spouse present	40,862		41,057	40,958		40,792	40,826				41,483	41,328	41.33
Married women, spouse present			30,393	30,340		30,536	30,509		30,872	31,051	31,579	31,709	
Women who maintain families	6,760		6,804	6,772		6,840	6,833			6,693	6,796	7,133	7,36
OCCUPATION													
Marine and Marine and a series of a series of the series o		04 704	00.050	00.400	00.070	00.470	00 500	00.005	00.700	00 -04		00.400	
Managerial and professional specialty	32,204	31,701	32,056	32,180	32,370	32,476	32,538	32,635	32,739	32,764	33,008	33,122	33,15
Technical, sales, and administrative													
support			36,764	36,844		36,902	36,832	,	36,974	37,243	37,411	37,191	37,06
Service occupations		, ,	16,571	16,515	16,466	16,470	16,547	16,599		16,734	16,796	17,087	17,11
Precision production, craft, and repair			13,301	13,401	13,280	13,726	13,487	13,430		13,445	13,494	13,644	13,55
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		17,173	17,076	16,896	16,859	16,892	16,968	16,996	16,958	17,209	17,685	17,645	17,58
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,385	3,310	3,348	3,299	3,286	3,262	3,319	3,287	3,389	3,325	3,598	3,693	3,65
CLASS OF WORKER													
Agriculture:													
Wage and salary workers	1,592	1,630	1.604	1,602	1,626	1,566	1,667	1,657	1,719	1,724	1,641	1.677	1.71
Self-employed workers	1,384	1,333	1,365	1,336	1,323	1,312	1,319	1,274	1,311	1,269	1.590	1,633	1.66
Unpaid family workers		1,333	1,303	1,330	93	110	90	97	89	92	78	1,000	1,00
Nonagricultural industries:	120	107		100	30	1,70	30	31	0.5	32	,,,	- 55	7
	100 415	106 225	106 751	100 007	107,057	107,370	107 221	107 727	107 075	108,247	100 506	100 547	109,36
Wage and salary workers				106,887									
Private industries			88,174		88,622	88,843	88,824	89,251	89,482		91,364	91,395	
Private households	.,	1,108	1,095	1,059	1,081	1,128	1,123	1,179	1,103	1,104	928	1,074	1,03
Other industries		86,603	87,079		87,541	87,715	87,701	88,072			,		89,84
Government			18,577	18,553	18,435	18,527	18,507	18,476			18,163	18,152	
Self-employed workers	, ,	8,971	9,180		9,093	9,026	8,949	8,961	9,011	9,053	8,990	9,312	9,14
Unpaid family workers	208	233	197	150	203	245	250	229	223	217	142	143	11
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME													
All industries:				1							.		
Part time for economic reasons	6,248	6,405	6,490	6,435	6,451	6,469	6,394	6,202	6,126	6,217	5,167	4,643	4.99
Slack work or business conditions			3,185		3,099	3,202	3,167	3,072	3,037	3.099	2,561	2,301	2.53
Could only find part-time work	1 .		2,986		2,986	2.935	2,937	2.872	2,810	2.828	2.171	2.028	2.13
Part time for noneconomic reasons	14,908		15,083		15,121	15,216	15,182	15,201	15,290	15,373	17,744	17,674	17,51
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	6,029	6,189	6,219	6,192	6,213	6,216	6,173	5,957	5,904	5,934	4,842	4,384	4.76
Slack work or business conditions			3,012		2,920	3,049	3,006		2,905	2,922	2,439	2,169	
Could only find part-time work			2,888		2,931	2,856	2,879		2,719	2,739	2,075	1,944	
Part time for noneconomic reasons			14,657	14,847	14,707	14,814	14,757	14,788	14,858	14,909	17,056	17,081	16,89

¹Persons at work excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs during the entire reference week for reasons such as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute. Part time for noneconomic reasons excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as holidays, illness, and bad weather.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-7. Employed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

Age and sex	Mar.										l		
	i	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	118,562	118,585	119,180	119,187	119,370	119,692	119,568	119,941	120,332	120,661	121,971	122,258	122,037
o to 24 years	17,629	17,545	17,750	17,712	17,752	17,688	17,679	17,648	17,663	17,709	18,637	18,898	18,723
16 to 19 years	5,448	5,438	5,554	5,507	5,600	5,602	5,595	5,526	5,594	5,586	6,115	6,076	6,059
16 to 17 years	2,069	2,056	2,196	2,082	2,153	2,185	2,193	2,162	2,194	2,240	2,435	2,351	2,363
18 to 19 years	3,379	3,386	3,372	3,394	3,425	3,410	3,412	3,375	3,406	3,350	3,657	3,706	3,674
20 to 24 years	12,181	12,107	12,196	12,205	12,152	12,086	12,084	12,122	12,069	12,123	12,522	12,822	12,664
5 years and over	100,939	100,945	101,443	101,516	101,608	102,006	101,899	102,310	102,665	102,976	103,312	103,402	103,352
25 to 54 years		86,307	86,630	86,731	86,947	87,204	87,275	87,479	87,968	88,197	88,308	88,582	88,750
55 years and over	14,649	14,600	14,733	14,760	14,587	14,830	14,612	14,787	14,806	14,831	15,036	14,862	14,614
Men, 16 years and over	64,355	64,416	64,687	64,642	64,728	64,904	64,756	64,971	65,144	65,259	65,963	65,921	65,940
6 to 24 years	9,244	9,101	9,185	9,184	9,199	9,245	9,182	9,179	9,171	9,165	9,711	9,939	9,754
16 to 19 years		2.802	2,838	2,837	2,859	2,898	2.855	2,799	2,829	2.815	3,121	3,143	3.083
16 to 17 years		1.063	1,117	1,080	1,112	1,130	1,120	1.106	1.133	1.152	1,220	1,205	1,197
18 to 19 years	1,753	1,745	1,720	1,742	1,729	1,743	1,745	1,701	1,705	1,670	1,886	1,925	1,876
20 to 24 years	6,387	6,299	6,347	6,347	6,340	6,347	6,327	6,380	6,342	6.350	6,590	6,795	6,671
years and over		55,242	55.503	55,484	55,538	55,667	55.581	55,823	55,970	56,089		56,035	56,203
25 to 54 years		47,003	47,158	47,178	47,321	47,366	47,386	47,496	47,791	47,860	47,944	47,943	48,173
55 years and over		8,226	8,293	8,284	8,187	8,288	8,199	8,318	8,241	8,253	8,333	8,115	8,036
Women, 16 years and over	54,207	54,169	54,493	54,545	54,642	54,788	54,812	54,970	55,188	55,402	56,007	56,336	56,097
5 to 24 years	8,385	8,444	8,565	8,528	8,553	8,443	8,497	8,469	8,492	8,544	8,926	8,959	8,970
16 to 19 years		2,636	2,716			2.704		2.727	2,765	2,771		2.933	
16 to 17 years		993	1.079	1,002	1,041	1.055		1.056	1.061	1.088		1,147	
18 to 19 years		1,641	1,652	1,652	1,696		1,667	1,674	1,701	1,680		1.781	1,799
20 to 24 years		5,808	5,849		5.812			5.742	5.727	5,773		6.026	5,993
years and over			45,940					46,487	46,695	46,887	47,069	47,367	
25 to 54 years		39,304	39,472							40,337	40,364	40,640	
55 years and over		6,374	6,440										6,578

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-8. Unemployed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

					19	93						1994	
Age and sex	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	8,878	8,954	8,895	8,869	8,732	8,642	8,540	8,639	8,330	8,237	8,696	8,518	8,543
16 to 24 years	2,778	2,834	2,899	2,747	2,683	2,695	2,574	2,616	2,568	2,480	2,922	2,753	2,855
16 to 19 years	1,317	1,385	1,371	1,330	1,262	1,262	1,224	1,286	1,249	1,208	1,378	1.325	1,311
16 to 17 years	641	597	591	628	551	547	519	566	566	527	654	656	586
18 to 19 years	677	793	791	717	707	706	694	724	687	689	700	668	725
20 to 24 years	1,461	1,449	1,528	1,417	1,421	1,433	1,350	1,330	1,319	1,272	1,544	1,428	1,543
25 years and over	6,070	6,101	5,977	6,140	6,040	5,942	5,978	6,016	5.747	5.750	5.857	5,738	5,680
25 to 54 years	5,428	5,424	5,311	5,457	5,395	5,270	5,273	5,369	5,124	5.106	5,107	5,075	4,993
55 years and over	653	640	652	651	651	662	721	699	649	657	723	670	700
Men, 16 years and over	5,147	5,098	5,016	5,041	5,002	4,943	4,824	4,849	4,586	4,554	4,781	4,723	4,589
16 to 24 years	1,562	1.634	1,608	1,572	1,535	1.567	1.463	1.475	1,438	1,389	1,670	1.530	1,559
16 to 19 years	729	610	731	759	731	728	687	715	703	677	816	737	723
16 to 17 years	347	336	331	384	321	314	286	312	314	286	384	338	341
18 to 19 years	387	478	411	392	409	409	389	404	388	390	418	397	386
20 to 24 years	833	824	877	813	804	839	776	760	735	712	854	793	835
25 years and over		3,461	3,390	3,461	3,458	3,374	3.360	3,365	3,141	3,171	3,194	3,169	3.010
25 to 54 years	3,127	3,042	2,972	3,070	3,039		2,911	2,961	2,755	2,774	2,787	2,782	2,625
55 years and over		393	410	379	410	425	462	417	391	411	408	401	385
Women, 16 years and over	3,731	3,856	3,879	3,828	3,730	3,699	3,716	3,790	3,744	3,683	3,916	3,795	3,954
16 to 24 years	1,216	1,200	1,291	1,175	1,148	1,128	1,111	1,141	1,130	1,091	1,252	1,223	1,296
16 to 19 years	588	575	640	571	531	534	537	571	546	531	562	588	588
16 to 17 years	294	261	260	244	230	233	233	254	252	241	271	318	245
18 to 19 years	290	315	380	325	298	297	305	320	299	299	283	272	339
20 to 24 years	628	625	651	604	617	594	574	570	584	560	690	635	708
25 years and over	2,518	2,640	2,587	2.679	2.582		2.618	2,651	2,606	2,579	2.664	2,568	2,670
25 to 54 years	2,301	2.382	2.339	2.387	2,356		2,362	2,408	2,369	2,332	2,320	2,293	2,369
55 years and over	233	247	242	272	241	237	259	282	258	246	315	269	316

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current"

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-9. Unemployment rates by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

A = 4.4.					19	93						1994	
Age and sex	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.7	6.5	6.5
16 to 24 years	13.6	13.9	14.0	13.4	13.1	13.2	12.7	12.9	12.7	12.3	13.6	12.7	13.2
16 to 19 years	19.5	20.3	19.8	19.5	18.4	18.4	17.9	18.9	18.3	17.8	18.4	17.9	17.8
16 to 17 years	23.7	22.5	21.2	23.2	20.4	20.0	19.1	20.7	20.5	19.0	21.2	21.8	19.9
18 to 19 years	16.7	19.0	19.0	17.4	17.1	17.2	16.9	17.7	16.8	17.1	16.1	15.3	16.5
20 to 24 years	10.7	10.7	11.1	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.0	9.9	9.9	9.5	11.0	10.0	10.9
25 years and over	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.2
25 to 54 years	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.3
55 years and over	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.7	4.5	4.2	4.2	4.6	4.3	4.6
Men, 16 years and over	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	6.9	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.8	6.7	6.5
16 to 24 years	14.5	15.2	14.9	14.6	14.3	14.5	13.7	13.8	13.6	13.2	14.7	13.3	13.8
16 to 19 years	20.3	22.4	20.5	21.1	20.4	20.1	19.4	20.3	19.9	19.4	20.7	19.0	19.0
16 to 17 years	23.8	24.0	22.9	26.2	22.4	21.7	20.3	22.0	21.7	19.9	23.9	21.9	22.2
18 to 19 years	18.1	21.5	19.3	18.4	19.1	19.0	18.2	19.2	18.5	18.9	18.1	17.1	17.1
20 to 24 years	11.5	11.6	12.1	11.4	11.3	11.7	10.9	10.6	10.4	10.1	11.5	10.5	11.1
25 years and over	6.1	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.1
25 to 54 years	6.3	6.1	5.9	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.2
55 years and over	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.4	4.8	4.9	5.3	4.8	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6
Women, 16 years and over	6.4	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.5	6.3	6.6
16 to 24 years	12.7	12.4	13.1	12,1	11.8	11.8	11.6	11.9	11.7	11.3	12.3	12.0	12.6
16 to 19 years	18.5	17.9	19.1	17.6	16.2	16.5	16.4	17.3	16.5	16.1	15.8	16.7	16.5
16 to 17 years	23.4	20.8	19.4	19.6	18.1	18.1	17.8	19.4	19.2	18.1	18.2	21.7	17.4
18 to 19 years	15.1	16.1	18.7	16.4	14.9	15.1	15.5	16.0	14.9	15.1	13.8	13.2	15.8
20 to 24 years	9.8	9.7	10.0	9.3	9.6	9.4	9.1	9.0	9.3	8.8	10.4	9.5	10.6
25 years and over	5.2	5.5	5.3	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.4	5.1	5.4
25 to 54 years	5.5	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.5
55 years and over	3.5	3.7	3.6	4.0	3.6	3.5	3.9	4.2	3.8	3.6	4.5	3.8	4.6

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of ${\it Employment\ and\ Earnings.}$

A-10. Unemployment rates by occupation, industry, and selected demographic characteristics, seasonally adjusted

					19	93						1994	
Category	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.7	6.5	6.5
Men, 20 years and over		6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.2	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.0	5.8
Women, 20 years and over	1	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.7	6.0	5.7	6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		20.3	19.8	19.5	18.4	18.4	17.9	18.9	18.3	17.8	18.4	17.9	17.8
White	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.8	6.1	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.7
Black and other	12.0	12.4	11.8	12.0	11.6	11.5	11.4	10.9	11.3	10.7	11.6	11.3	11.3
Black	13.5	13.7	12.9	13.3	12.8	12.5	12.5	11.9	12.5	11.5	13.1	12.9	12.5
Hispanic origin	11.2	10.5	10.0	10.3	10.8	9.9	10.0	11.4	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.0	10.0
Married men, spouse present	4.7	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.4	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.1
Married women, spouse present		4.8	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.4
Women who maintain families	9.0	9.6	9.8	9.7	9.6	9.0	9.0	9.3	9.0	10.2	9.4	9.7	9.6
OCCUPATION1			1										
Managerial and professional specialty	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.7
Technical, sales, and administrative support	5.2	5.4	5.3	5.7	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.7
Precision production, craft, and repair	8.3	8.5	8.0	8.3	8.6	7.5	7.6	7.9	6.7	7.4	7.0	6.8	7.2
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	10.3	9.8	10.0	10.0	10.2	10.4	10.1	9.8	9.2	9.1	10.0	9.5	8.8
Farming, forestry, and fishing	8.4	8.6	7.7	7.8	8.1	7.5	7.7	8.1	7.8	8.7	8.4	8.8	10.3
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.7	6.6	7.0	6.8	6.8
Goods-producing industries	9.0	8.9	9.0	9.0	9.2	8.9	8.8	8.4	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.6	7.7
Mining	6.1	8.2	10.7	6.8	5.9	7.2	7.5	6.5	7.2	6.9	5.1	4.0	5.5
Construction	15.3	14.7	15.2	15.1	15.7	14.7	14.1	13.7	12.2	12.7	13.9	13.3	13.5
Manufacturing	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.2	6.9	6.7	6.5	6.1	6.1	6.1
Durable goods	7.2	7.3	7.1	7.4	7.0	7.2	7.3	6.9	6.5	6.3	5.3	5.5	5.7
Nondurable goods	7.6	7.3	7.3	7.1	7.8	7.4	7.2	6.9	7.0	6.8	7.3	7.1	6.8
Service-producing industries	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.7	6.5	6.4
Transportation and public utilities	4.9	5.1	5.4	4.5	4.9	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.5	5.2	4.7
Wholesale and retail trade	7.9	8.1	8.1	7.9	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.9	7.7	7.4	8.1	8.0	7.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4.3	4.3	4.0	4.5	3.9	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	2.9
Services		6.1	5.9	6.1	6.0	5.7	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.6	6.3	6.5
Government workers		3.4	3.1	3.4	3.4	3.3	2.8	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.8	3.2	3.9
Agricultural wage and salary workers		11.8	10.8	11.8	11.5	12.1	10.4	11.8	10.3	11.3	13.6	14.3	13.8

¹ Seasonally adjusted data for service occupations are not available because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-11. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

December for uncomplete month					19	93						1994	
Reasons for unemployment	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	1,096 3,760 1,061	1,068 3,794 990	1,144 3,608 960 2,237	1,131 3,714 940 2,201	1,183 3,689 915	2,081	1,112 3,587 926 2,075	1,216 3,563 957	963 3,481 960	3,382 932	1,196	1,109 3,075 888	983 3,054 873
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION										!			ŀ
Total unemployed	100.0 54.6 12.3 42.3 11.9 23.1 10.4	54.3 11.9 42.3		54.6 12.7 41.8 10.6	100.0 55.5 13.5 42.0 10.4 24.1 9.9	100.0 56.2 13.7 42.4 10.2 24.0 9.6	55.0 13.0 42.0 10.8 24.3	100.0 55.2 14.0 41.1 11.1 24.1 9.7	100.0 53.4 11.6 41.8 11.5 25.0 10.0	54.2 12.9 41.3 11.4 24.6		48.6 12.9 35.7 10.3 33.7	46.9 11.4 35.5 10.1
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3.8 .8 1.6 .7	3.8 .8 1.7 .7	3.7 .7 1.7 .7	3.8 .7 1.7 .7	3.8 .7 1.7 .7	3.8 .7 1.6 .6	3.7 .7 1.6 .7	3.7 .7 1.6 .7	3.5 .7 1.6 .6	3.4 .7 1.6	3.4 .6 2.2 .5	3.2 .7 2.2 .5	3.1 .7 2.3 .5

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-12. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

D					19	93					İ	1994	
Duration	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Less than 5 weeks	3,148	3,309	3,242	3,232	3,223	3,046	3,052	3,156	2,946	3,063	3,349	2,574	2,758
5 to 14 weeks	2,583	2,537	2,526	2,758	2,543	2,608	2,457	2,491	2,401	2,247	2,336	2,727	2,549
15 weeks and over	3,110	2,986	3,046	3,025	3,007	3,000	3,047	3,030	2,971	2,864	3,027	3,103	3,110
15 to 26 weeks	1,275	1,311	1,270	1,257	1,258	1,259	1,297	1,284	1,216	1,150	1,314	1,359	1,264
27 weeks and over	1,835	1,675	1,776	1,768	1,749	1,741	1,750	1,746	1,755	1,714	1,713	1,744	1,847
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	17.7	17.7	17.8	17.8	17.9	18.3	18.4	18.4	18.9	18.2	18.3	18.7	19.2
Median duration, in weeks	8.4	8.5	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.4	8.9	8.3	8.5	8.2	8.5	9.0	9.1
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								i					
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	35.6	37.5	36.8	35.9	36.7	35.2	35.7	36.4	35.4	37.5	38.4	30.6	32.8
5 to 14 weeks	29.2	28.7	· 28.7	30.6	29.0	30.1	28.7	28.7	28.9	27.5	26.8	32.5	30.3
15 weeks and over	35.2	33.8	34.6	33.6	34.3	34.7	35.6	34.9	35.7	35.0	34.7	36.9	37.0
15 to 26 weeks	14.4	14.8	14.4	13.9	14.3	14.5	15.2	14.8	14.6	14.1	15.1	16.2	15.0
27 weeks and over	20.8	19.0	20.1	19.6	19.9	20.1	20.5	20.1	21.1	21.0	19.7	20.8	21.9

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

(Numbers in thousands)

					Civ	ilian labor for	ce			
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-				Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Agri- culture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	in labor force
TOTAL										
6 years and over	196,213	129.718	66.1	120,844	61.6	3.086	117,758	8,874	6.8	66,495
16 to 19 years	14,087	6,765	48.0	5,499	39.0	209	5,290	1,266	18.7	7,322
16 to 17 years	7,181	2,611	36.4	2,058	28.7	101	1,957	552	21.2	4,570
18 to 19 years	6,906	4,154	60.1	3,440	49.8	108	3,333	714	17.2	2,752
20 to 24 years		13,864	75.5	12,377	67.4	267	12,110	1,486	10.7	4,504
25 to 54 years	112,261	93,685	83.5	88,299	78.7	1,926	86,373	5,386	5.7	18,576
25 to 34 years	41,578	34,562	83.1 83.2	32,142	77.3 77.1	715	31,427	2,420	7.0	7,016
25 to 29 years	19,365 22,213	16,107 18,455	83.1	14,934 17,208	77.5	357 358	14,577 16,850	1,172 1,247	7.3 6.8	3,25 3,75
35 to 44 years	41,237	35,037	85.0	33,099	80.3	726	32,373	1,938	5.5	6,20
35 to 39 years	21,783	18,315	84.1	17,187	78.9	400	16,787	1,128	6.2	3,46
40 to 44 years	19,454	16,722	86.0	15,912	81.8	326	15,587	810	4.8	2,73
45 to 54 years	29,446	24,086	81.8	23,058	78.3	485	22,573	1,029	4.3	5,36
45 to 49 years	16,507	13,885	84.1	13,294	80.5	258	13,035	592	4.3	2,62
50 to 54 years		10,201	78.8	9,764	75.5	227	9,538	437	4.3	2,73
55 to 64 years	20,611	11,657	56.6	11,064	53.7	352	10,712	593	5.1	8,95
55 to 59 years	10,748 9,863	7,277 4,380	67.7 44.4	6,946 4,118	64.6 41.8	196 157	6,750 3,962	331 262	4.6 6.0	3,47 5,48
65 years and over	30,886	3,747	12.1	3,604	11.7	331	3,273	143	3.8	27,13
65 to 69 years	9,736	2,044	21.0	1,980	20.3	153	1,828	63	3.1	7,69
70 to 74 years		974	11.5	916	10.8	97	819	58	6.0	7,49
75 years and over		729	5.7	708	5.6	81	626	21	2.9	11,94
Men										
years and over	94,042	70,000	74.4	64,936	69.1	2,334	62,603	5,064	7.2	24,04
16 to 19 years	7,142	3,487	48.8	2,756	38.6	169	2,587	730	20.9	3,65
16 to 17 years	3,696	1,355	36.7	1,015	27.5	78	936	340	25.1	2,34
18 to 19 years	3,446	2,132	61.9	1,742	50.5	91	1,651	390	18.3	1,31
20 to 24 years	9,061	7,336	81.0	6,452	71.2	222	6,230	884	12.0	1,72
25 to 54 years	55,200	50,706	91.9	47,686	86.4	1,434	46,251	3,020	6.0	4,49
25 to 34 years	20,544 9,538	19,017 8,800	92.6 92.3	17,662 8,139	86.0 85.3	570 282	17,092 7,857	1,355 661	7.1 7.5	1,52 73
30 to 34 years	11,006	10,217	92.8	9,523	86.5	287	9,235	694	6.8	78
35 to 44 years		18,842	93.0	17,736	87.5	551	17,184	1,107	5.9	1,42
35 to 39 years	10,707	9,973	93.1	9,356	87.4	301	9,055	617	6.2	73
40 to 44 years	9,557	8,869	92.8	8,379	87.7	250	8,129	490	5.5	68
45 to 54 years		12,847	89.3	12,288	85.4	313	11,975	559	4.3	1,54
45 to 49 years	8,097	7,362	90.9	7,048	87.0	170	6,878	314	4.3	73
50 to 54 years55 to 64 years	6,295 9,791	5,485 6,355	87.1 64.9	5,241 6,011	83.2 61.4	144 252	5,097 5,759	245 343	4.5	81
55 to 59 years	5,140	3,977	77.4	3,776	73.5	138	3,638	201	5.4 5.1	3,43 1,16
60 to 64 years	4,651	2,378	51.1	2,235	48.1	114	2,121	143	6.0	2,27
65 years and over		2,117	16.5	2,031	15.8	256	1,775	86	4.1	10,73
65 to 69 years	4,373	1,129	25.8	1,090	24.9	121	969	39	3.5	3,24
70 to 74 years	3,680	548	14.9	512	13.9	68	444	36	6.5	3,13
75 years and over	4,796	440	9.2	429	8.9	67	362	11	2.5	4,35
Women										
years and over	102,171	59,718	58.4	55,907	54.7	752	55,155	3,811	6.4	42,45
6 to 19 years	6,946	3,278	47.2	2,742	39.5	40	2,702	536	16.3	3,66
16 to 17 years	3,485	1,256	36.0	1,044	30.0	23	1,021	212	16.9	2,22
18 to 19 years	3,461 9,306	2,022 6,528	58.4 70.1	1,699 5,925	49.1 63.7	17 45	1,682	324 603	16.0	1,43
0 to 24 years 5 to 54 years	57,061	42,979	75.3	40,613	71.2	45 492	5,880 40,122	2,366	9.2 5.5	2,77 14,08
25 to 34 years	21,034	15,545	73.9	14,480	68.8	145	14,335	1,065	6.8	5,48
25 to 29 years	9,827	7,307	74.4	6,795	69.2	75	6,721	512	7.0	2,52
30 to 34 years	11,207	8,238	73.5	7,685	68.6	70	7,614	553	6.7	2,9€
35 to 44 years	20,972	16,195	77.2	15,364	73.3	175	15,189	831	5.1	4,77
35 to 39 years	11,075	8,342	75.3	7,831	70.7	99	7,732	511	6.1	2,73
40 to 44 years	9,897	7,853	79.3	7,533	76.1	76	7,457	320	4.1	2,04
45 to 54 years	15,054 8,410	11,240 6,524	74.7 77.6	10,770 6,246	71.5 74.3	172 89	10,598 6,157	470 278	4.2	3,8
50 to 54 years	6,644	4,716	71.0	4,524	68.1	89 83	4,441	192	4.3 4.1	1,88 1,92
5 to 64 years	10,820	5,302	49.0	5,053	46.7	100	4,953	250	4.7	5,5
55 to 59 years	5,608	3,300	58.8	3,170	56.5	58	3,112	130	4.0	2,30
60 to 64 years		2,002	38.4	1,883	36.1	42	1,841	119	5.9	3,2
55 years and over	18,038	1,630	9.0	1,573	8.7	75	1,498	57	3.5	16,40
65 to 69 years	5,363	915	17.1	891	16.6	32	859	24	2.6	4,44
70 to 74 years75 years and over	4,793	426	8.9	404	8.4	29	375	22	5.3	4,36
A T AMARY SUU OVAL	7,881	289	3.7	279	3.5	15	264	11	3.6	7,59

A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

(Numbers in thousands) .

					March					
					Civ	rilian labor for	ce			
Age, sex, and race	Civilian				Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	
rigo, com ano caco	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Agri- culture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	Not in labor force
WHITE									,	
8 years and over	165,168	109,985	66.6	103,335	62,6	2,884	100,451	6,649	6.0	55,18
16 to 19 years	11,215	5,840	52,1	4,880	43.5	200	4,681	960	16.4	5,37
16 to 17 years	5,670	2,296	40.5	1,863	32.9	93	1,770	433	18.8	3,37
18 to 19 years	5,545	3,544	63.9	3,017	54.4	107	2,910	527	14.9	2,00
20 to 24 years	14,810	11,486	77.6	10,435	70.5	240	10,195	1,050	9.1	3,32
25 to 54 years	93,540 34,004	78,991 28,648	84.4 84.3	75,007 26,968	80.2 79.3	1,797 652	73,209 26,316	3,984 1,680	5.0 5.9	14,55 5,35
25 to 29 years	15,768	13,325	84.5	12,529	79.5	319	12,210	797	6.0	2,44
30 to 34 years	18,236	15,323	84.0	14,439	79.2	333	14,106	884	5.8	2,91
35 to 44 years	34,378	29,494	85.8	28,054	81.6	692	27,362	1,440	4.9	4,88
35 to 39 years	18,048	15,351	85.1	14,508	80.4	384	14,125	842	5.5	2,69
40 to 44 years	16,330	14,144	86.6	13,546	83.0	308	13,237	598	4.2	2,18
45 to 54 years	25,159 14,032	20,848 11,990	82.9 85.4	19,985 11,494	79.4 81.9	454 235	19,531 11,259	863 496	4.1 4.1	4,31 2,04
50 to 54 years	11,127	8,858	79.6	8,491	76.3	219	8,272	367	4.1	2,26
55 to 64 years	17,916	10,268	57.3	9,744	54.4	331	9,413	524	5.1	7,64
55 to 59 years	9,261	6,394	69.0	6,096	65.8	180	5,916	298	4.7	2,86
60 to 64 years	8,655	3,874	44.8	3,649	42.2	151	3,498	226	5.8	4,78
65 years and over	27,687	3,400	12.3	3,268	11.8	315	2,953	131	3.9	24,28
65 to 69 years70 to 74 years	8,634 7,577	1,852 883	21.4 11.7	1,794 827	20.8 10.9	147 91	1,648 736	58 56	3.1 6.3	6,78 6,69
75 years and over	11,476	665	5.8	647	5.6	78	569	18	2.7	10,81
Men	,									
	70.040	20.074	75.0	50.454		0.404	50.007		0.5	40.77
years and over	79,848	60,074	75.2 52.7	56,151	70.3 43.1	2,164 162	53,987 2,303	3,924	6.5 18.2	19,77 2,70
6 to 19 years	5,720 2,917	3,015 1,191	40.8	2,465 916	31.4	72	845	550 275	23.1	1,72
18 to 19 years	2,802	1,824	65.1	1,548	55.3	90	1,458	275	15.1	97
0 to 24 years	7,407	6,143	82.9	5,486	74.1	200	5,286	657	10.7	1,26
25 to 54 years	46,532	43,310	93.1	40,974	88.1	1,328	39,646	2,336	5.4	3,22
25 to 34 years	16,983	15,959	94.0	14,940	88.0	515	14,425	1,020	6.4	1,02
25 to 29 years	7,866 9,117	7,380 8,580	93.8 94.1	6,888 8,051	87.6 88.3	252 263	6,636 7,789	492 528	6.7 6.2	48 53
30 to 34 years	17,141	16,126	94.1	15,286	89.2	524	14,762	840	5.2	1,01
35 to 39 years	9,012	8,525	94.6	8,052	89.3	289	7,764	473	5.5	48
40 to 44 years	8,128	7,601	93.5	7,234	89.0	236	6,998	367	4.8	52
45 to 54 years	12,408	11,224	90.5	10,748	86.6	288	10,460	476	4.2	1,18
45 to 49 years	6,948	6,416	92.3	6,147	88.5	153	5,994	270	4.2	53
50 to 54 years	5,460 8,612	4,808 5,664	88.1 65.8	4,601 5,364	84.3 62.3	136 232	4,466 5,132	207 300	4.3 5.3	65 2,94
55 to 64 years	4,492	3,534	78.7	3,354	74.7	124	3,230	181	5.1	95
60 to 64 years	4,120	2,130	51.7	2,010	48.8	109	1,902	119	5.6	1,99
35 years and over	11,577	1,942	16.8	1,862	16.1	242	1,620	80	4.1	9,63
65 to 69 years	3,931	1,037	26.4	1,000	25.4	117	883	37	3.5	2,89
70 to 74 years75 years and over	3,313 4,333	506 400	15.3 9.2	470 392	14.2 9.0	62 63	408 329	36 8	7.1 1.9	2,80 3,93
Women										
years and over	85,320	49,910	58.5	47,184	55.3	720	46,465	2,726	5.5	35,41
16 to 19 years	5,495	2,826	51.4	2,416	44.0	38	2,377	410	14.5	2,67
16 to 17 years	2,752	1,105	40.1	947	34.4	21	926	158	14.3	1,64
18 to 19 years	2,743	1,721	62.7	1,469	53.5	17	1,452	252	14.6	1,02
20 to 24 years	7,402	5,342	72.2	4,949	66.9	40	4,909	393	7.4	2,06
25 to 54 years	47,008 17,021	35,680 12,689	75.9 74.6	34,033 12,028	72.4 70.7	470 137	33,563 11,892	1,647 661	4.6 5.2	11,32 4,33
25 to 29 years	7,902	5,945	75.2	5,640	71.4	66	5,574	305	5.1	1,9
30 to 34 years	9,118	6,744	74.0	6,388	70.1	70	6,317	356	5.3	2,37
35 to 44 years	17,237	13,368	77.6	12,768	74.1	168	12,600	600	4.5	3,80
35 to 39 years	9,036	6,825	75.5	6,456	71.5	95	6,361	369	5.4	2,2
40 to 44 years	8,201	6,543	79.8	6,312	77.0	72	6,239	231	3.5	1,6
45 to 54 years	12,751	9,624	75.5 79.7	9,237	72.4 75.5	166	9,071 5,265	387 226	4.0	3,1
45 to 49 years50 to 54 years	7,084 5,667	5,574 4,050	78.7 71.5	5,348 3,889	75.5 68.6	83 83	3,806	160	4.1 4.0	1,5° 1,6°
55 to 64 years	9,304	4,604	49.5	4,380	47.1	98	4,282	224	4.9	4,70
55 to 59 years	4,769	2,860	60.0	2,742	57.5	56	2,686	118	4.1	1,90
60 to 64 years	4,535	1,744	38.5	1,638	36.1	42	1,596	106	6.1	2,79
55 years and over	16,110	1,458	9.0	1,406	8.7	73	1,333	52	3.5	14,65
65 to 69 years	4,703	815	17.3	794	16.9	30	764	21	2.6	3,88
70 to 74 years	4,264	377	8.8	357	8.4	29 15	329	20	5.3	3,88
75 years and over	7,143	266	3.7	255	3.6	15	240	11	4.0	6,87

A-13. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					March	1994				
					Civ	rilian labor ford	:е			
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-				Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Agri- culture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	in labor force
BLACK										
years and over	22,774	14,363	63.1	12,560	55.2	109	12,451	1,803	12.6	8,41
6 to 19 years		723	32.9	455	20.7	7	448	268	37.0	1,47
16 to 17 years	1	250	21.8	139	12.1	7	133	111	44.3	89
18 to 19 years		473	45.1	316	30.2	-	316	157	33.2	57
20 to 24 years	2,603	1,797	69.0	1,428	54.8	18	1,410	370	20.6	80
25 to 54 years		10,550	78.6	9,447	70.4	66	9,381	1,103	10.5	2,87
25 to 34 years		4,249	78.5	3,655	67.5	32	3,622	594	14.0	1,16
25 to 29 years		2,018	78.0	1,701	65.7	17	1,683	317	15.7	56
30 to 34 years		2,231	79.0	1,954	69.2	15	1,939	277	12.4	59
35 to 44 years		4,023	80.9	3,625	72.9	21	3,604	398	9.9	94
35 to 39 years		2,131	79.8	1,891	70.8	16	1,875	240	11.3	53
40 to 44 years		1,892	82.2	1,734	75.4	5	1,729	158	8.3	40
45 to 54 years		2,278	74.8	2,168	71.2	13 9	2,155	110	4.8	76
45 to 49 years		1,317 961	75.6 73.8	1,259 909	72.3 69.8	4	1,250 905	58 52	4.4 5.4	42
50 to 54 years55 to 64 years		1,009	73.8 49.5	909 957	47.0	14	905 943	52 52	5.4 5.1	34 1,02
55 to 59 years		616	57.1	589	54.6	9	580	52 27	5.1 4.3	1,02
60 to 64 years		393	41.0	368	38.4	5	364	25	6.3	56
55 years and over		284	11.3	273	10.9	4	269	11	4.0	2,22
65 to 69 years		165	19.3	159	18.6	4	155	6	3.4	69
70 to 74 years		76	10.8	73	10.5		73	2	3,2	62
75 years and over	1 1	43	4.5	40	4.2	-	40	3	(1)	91
Men								_	,,	
years and over		6,977	68.4	6,078	59.6	92	5,986	899	12.9	3,22
6 to 19 years		382	35.5	226	21.0	7	220	156	40.8	69
16 to 17 years		135	23.2	75	12.8	7	68	61	44.8	44
18 to 19 years		247	50.0	152	30.7		152	95	38.6	24
20 to 24 years		881	74.0	696	58.4	15	681	185	21.0	31
25 to 54 years		5,103	84.0	4,577	75.4	54	4,524	526	10.3	96
25 to 30 years		2,083 972	85.2	1,826 833	74.7 72.7	26	1,800	258	12.4	36
25 to 29 years		1,111	84.8 85.5	993	76.4	11 15	822 978	139 119	14.3 10.7	17
35 to 44 years	1 ' 1	1,929	85.6	1,716	76.2	15	1,701	213	11.0	18
35 to 39 years	1	1,004	83.6	889	74.0	13	876	115	11.5	19
40 to 44 years		925	88.0	827	78.7	2	825	98	10.5	13
45 to 54 years		1,091	79.4	1,035	75.3	13	1,022	55	5.1	28
45 to 49 years		627	79.1	601	76.0	9	592	25	4.0	10
50 to 54 years		464	79.6	434	74.5	15	430	30	6.5	1.
5 to 64 years		480	54.2	454	51.3	13	441	26	5.4	4(
55 to 59 years		305	64.7	291	61.7	8	283	14	4.6	10
60 to 64 years	413	175	42.3	163	39.4	5	158	12	6.9	2:
5 years and over		131	13.4	125	12.8	4	121	6	4.6	8
65 to 69 years	340	72	21.2	69	20.4	4	65	3	(¹)	2
70 to 74 years		33	11.5	33	11.5	-	33	-	(¹)	2
75 years and over	355	26	7.4	23	6.5	-	23	3	(1)	3:
Women										
years and over	12,568	7,385	58.8	6,482	51.6	16	6,465	904	12.2	5,18
6 to 19 years		341	30.5	229	20.5	-	229	112	32.8	7
16 to 17 years		115	20.3	65	11.4	_	65	50	43.7	4:
18 to 19 years		226	40.8	164	29.7	_	164	62	27.3	3:
0 to 24 years	1,413	917	64.9	732	51.8	3	729	185	20.1	4
5 to 54 years	7,354	5,447	74.1	4,870	66.2	12	4,858	577	10.6	1,9
25 to 34 years	2,967	2,166	73.0	1,829	61.6	6	1,822	337	15.5	8
25 to 29 years	1,441	1,046	72.6	867	60.2	6	861	178	17.0	3
30 to 34 years		1,120	73.4	961	63.0	-	961	159	14.2	4
35 to 44 years		2,093	77.1	1,908	70.2	6	1,903	185	8.8	6
35 to 39 years		1,127	76.7	1,002	68.2	3	999	125	11.1	3
40 to 44 years		967	77.4	907	72.6	2	904	60	6.2	2
45 to 54 years		1,188	71.1	1,133	67.8	-	1,133	55	4.6	4
45 to 49 years		690	72.6	658	69.2	-	658	33	4.7	2
50 to 54 years		497	69.1	475	66.0	-	475	22	4.5	2
5 to 64 years		529	45.9	503	43.7	1	502	26	4.9	6
55 to 59 years		310	51.2	297	49.1	1	297	13	4.1	2
60 to 64 years		219	40.1	206	37.7	-	206	13	5.9	3.
i5 years and over	1,532	153	10.0	148	9.6	-	148	5	3.4	1,3
	Far !		100							
65 to 69 years		93 43	18.0 10.4	90 41	17.5 9.8	-	90 41	3 2	3.0 (¹)	4

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years.

For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-14. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and	То	otal	Men, 20 y	years and ver	Women, 20 ov	-	Both sexes	•
race	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	192,959	196,213	85,664	86,901	94,148	95,225	13,147	14,087
Civilian labor force		129,718	65,771	66,513	54.726	56,440	6,186	6,765
Percent of population		66.1	76.8	76.5	58.1	59.3	47.1	48.0
Employed		120.844	60.821	62,180	51.668	53,165	4,917	5,499
Agriculture		3,086	2,077	2,165	567	712	160	209
Nonagricultural industries		117,758	58,744	60,015	51,101	52,453	4,757	5.290
Unemployed		8,874	4,950	4,333	3,058	3,275	1,269	1,266
Unemployment rate		6.8	7.5	6.5	5.6	5.8	20.5	18.7
Not in labor force	1	66,495	19,893	20,387	39,423	38,785	6,961	7,322
White								
Civilian noninstitutional population	163,543	165,168	73,523	74,129	79,483	79,825	10,537	11,215
Civilian labor force	, ,	109,985	56,906	57,060	46,090	47,084	5,326	5,840
Percent of population		66.6	77.4	77.0	58.0	59.0	50.5	52.1
Employed		103,335	53,066	53,686	43,795	44,769	4,406	4,880
Agriculture	, -	2.884	1.935	2,003	539	682	149	200
Nonagricultural industries		100,451	51,130	51,683	43,256	44.087	4.260	4.681
Unemployed		6,649	3,841	3,374	2,294	2,316	917	960
Unemployment rate		6.0	6.7	5.9	5.0	4.9	17.2	16.4
Not in labor force		55,184	16,617	17,069	33,393	32,740	5,212	5,375
Black								
Civilian noninstitutional population	22,217	22,774	8,982	9,128	11,149	11,450	2.086	2,196
Civilian labor force		14,363	6,469	6,595	6,547	7,045	671	723
Percent of population		63.1	72.0	72.3	58.7	61.5	32.2	32.9
Employed	1	12,560	5,550	5,852	5,903	6,253	357	455
Agriculture		109	90	86	13	16	6	7
Nonagricultural industries		12,451	5,460	5,766	5.889	6,237	352	448
Unemployed	, ,	1,803	919	743	644	792	313	268
Unemployment rate		12.6	14.2	11.3	9.8	11.2	46.7	37.0
Not in labor force	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8,411	2,513	2,533	4,602	4,405	1,415	1,473

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-15. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

					March	1994				
					Civ	ilian labor f	orce			
Enrollment status, educational	Civilian				Employed			Unemp	oloyed	
attainment, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time	Part time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percent of labor force
TOTAL ENROLLED		,						 		
Total, 16 to 24 years		8,256	48.3	7,203	1,288	5,915	1,053	188	865	12.8
16 to 19 years	11,226 5,869	4,801 3,454	42.8 58.9	3,995 3,208	291 997	3,704 2,211	807 246	92 96	715 150	16.8 7.1
High school	8,887	3,520	39.6	2,818	138	2,680	702	74	628	19.9
College		4,735	57.7	4,385	1,150	3,235	350	114	237	7.4
Full-time students Part-time students	6,730 1,478	3,526 1,209	52.4 81.8	3,263 1,122	524 626	2,739 496	263 88	63 51	200 37	7.4 7.3
Men, 16 to 24 years	8.603	4,027	46.8	3,415	674	2,741	611	110	501	15.2
16 to 19 years		2,396	41.7	1,936	144	1,792	460	51	409	19.2
20 to 24 years		1,631	57.1	1,480	530	950	151	59	92	9.3
High school	4,682	1,868	39.9	1,446	104	1,343	422	49	373	22.6
College		2,159	55.1	1,969	570	1,399	190	62	128	8.8
Full-time students Part-time students	3,238 683	1,596 563	49.3 82.5	1,456 513	286 285	1,171 228	139 50	36 25	103 25	8.7 8.9
					į					
Women, 16 to 24 years		4,229	49.8	3,788	614	3,173	441	77	364	10.4
20 to 24 years		2,406 1,823	43.9 60.5	2,059 1,729	147 467	1,912 1,262	347 94	41 37	306 58	14.4 5.2
High school	4,205	1,652	39.3	1,372	35	1,337	281	26	255	17.0
College		2,576	60.1	2,416	580	1,836	161	52	109	6.2
Full-time students Part-time students	3,492 795	1,930 646	55.3 81.2	1,807 609	239 341	1,568 268	123 37	26 26	97 12	6.4 5.8
White	700	•	01.2	003	341	200	37	20	12	3.0
Total, 16 to 24 years	13,545	7,025	51.9	6,240	1,064	5,176	785	135	651	11.2
16 to 19 years		4,159	46.8	3,549	241	3,308	610	71	539	14.7
20 to 24 years		2,867	61.5	2,691	823	1,868	176	64	112	6.1
Men	6,881	3,439	50.0	2,973	560	2,413	467	79	388	13.6
Women	6,664	3,586	53.8	3,267	504	2,764	319	56	263	8.9
High school	6,890	3,012	43.7	2,494	105	2,389	518	54	464	17.2
College	6,655	4,013	60.3	3,746	959	2,787	267	60	187	6.7
Full-time students Part-time students	5,443 1,213	3,005 1,008	55.2 83.2	2,800 947	444 515	2,355 432	205 62	46 34	159 27	6.8 6.1
Black										
Total, 16 to 24 years	2,524	896	35.5	667	153	514	229	45	184	25.6
16 to 19 years	1,759	502	28.5	324	31	293	178	19	160	35.5
20 to 24 years	765	394	51.5	343	122	221	51	26	24	12.9
Men Women	1,186 1,338	426 468	36.1 35.0	307 360	79 74	228 286	121 108	27 18	94 90	28.3 23.1
High reheat	1 547	405	26.2	240	10	221	165	10	146	40.0
High school	1,547 977	405	26.2 50.3	240 427	19 134	221 293	165 64	19 26	146 36	40.8 13.0
Full-time students	796	352	44.2	308	54	253	44	15	29	12.5
Part-time students	162	140	76.9	119	79	40	20	11	9	14.4
Hispanic origin]									
Total, 16 to 24 years		749 401	42.7 33.1	637 304	143	494 275	112	19	93	15.0
20 to 24 years		348	64.0	333	30 113	220	97 15	9 10	88 5	24.2 4.4
Men		379	42.9	315	67	246	64	11	53	16,9
Women	873	371	42.4	322	76	246	48	8	40	13.0
High school	1,072 684	299 451	27.9 65.9	216 421	21 121	194 300	83 29	5 14	78 15	27.8
									15	6.5
Full-time students Part-time students	503	309	61.5	291	60	231	19	6	13	6.0

See footnotes at end of table.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-15. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic origin—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					March	1994				
					Civ	ilian labor f	orce			
Enrollment status, educational	Civilian				Employed			Unem	oloyed	
attainment, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time	Part time	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percent of labor force
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED			-							
Total, 16 to 24 years	. 15,360	12,373	80.6	10,673	8,554	2,119	1,700	1,562	137	13.7
16 to 19 years		1,964	68.6	1,504	1,021	483	459	396	63	23.4
20 to 24 years	. 12,498	10,409	83.3	9,169	7,533	1,636	1,240	1,166	74	11.9
Less than a high school diploma	3,837	2,380	61.5	1,775	1,349	426	585	539	46	24.8
High school graduates, no college		5,475	83.1	4,704	3,749	955	771	726	45	14.1
Less than a bachelor's degree		3,135	90.0	2,837	2,266	572	297	255	43	9.5
College graduates	. 1,448	1,403	96.9	1,357	1,190	166	46	43	4	3.3
Men, 16 to 24 years	7.600	6,796	89.4	5,793	4,943	850	1,003	939	64	14.8
16 to 19 years	1 7	1,091	78.1	821	594	227	270	243	27	24.8
20 to 24 years	. 6,202	5,704	92.0	4,972	4,349	623	732	695	37	12.8
Less than a high school diploma	2,005	1,584	79.0	1,257	1,013	243	327	305	22	20.6
High school graduates, no college		3,074	79.0 91.4	2,592	2,252	340	482	305 465	18	15.7
Less than a bachelor's degree		1,513	95.5	1,346	1,149	197	166	145	21	11.0
College graduates		625	96.8	598	529	69	27	24	3	4.3
Mamon 16 to 04 years	7,760	5,578	71.9	4,880	3,611	1,269	697	624	72	125
Women, 16 to 24 years		872	59.6	4,660 683	427	256	189	153	73 36	12.5
20 to 24 years		4,705	74.7	4,197	3,184	1,013	508	471	37	10.8
										1
Less than a high school diploma		776 2,401	42.4 74.4	518 2,112	336 1,497	182 615	258 289	234 261	24 27	33.3
High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree		1,622	85.5	1,491	1,117	374	131	110	21	8.1
College graduates		778	96.9	759	661	97	19	19		2.5
White]	
Total, 16 to 24 years	. 12,480	10,300	82.5	9.076	7,318	1,758	1,225	1,112	113	11.9
16 to 19 years		1,682	72.1	1,331	903	429	350	298	53	20.8
20 to 24 years	. 10,149	8,619	84.9	7,745	6,416	1,329	874	815	60	10.1
Men	6,246	5,719	91.6	4,978	4,281	697	741	696	45	13.0
Women		4,582	73.5	4,098	3,037	1,061	484	416	68	10.6
										1
Less than a high school diploma		2,008	65.4	1,555	1,179	376	453	414	39	22.6
High school graduates, no college Less than a bachelor's degree		4,494 2,583	84.3 91.2	3,960 2,380	3,190 1,903	769 477	535 203	494 174	41 29	11.9 7.9
College graduates		1,215	97.3	1,181	1,046	135	34	30	4	2.8
Black										
Tatal 46 to 04 years	2,275	1,624	71.4	1,216	929	287	408	386	22	25.1
Total, 16 to 24 years		220	50.5	131	94	37	89	80	9	40.5
20 to 24 years		1,403	76.3	1,085	835	250	319	306	13	22.7
••	4.000	005	77.4	645	400	407	000	000	40	00.0
Men		835 789	77.1 66.2	615 601	488 441	127 160	220 188	202 184	18 4	26.3 23.9
***************************************	1,100		55.2	"	,,,,				1	20.0
Less than a high school diploma		245	42.1	135	100	36	109	103	7	44.7
High school graduates, no college		819	77.3	608	454	154	211 76	207	4	25.8
Less than a bachelor's degree College graduates		425 136	86.1 96.5	349 124	274 101	75 23	12	65 12	11	17.8 8.8
Hispanic origin			00.0	,						
	0.540	4.00-	74.0	1 546	1.004	207	050	244		
Total, 16 to 24 years		1,807 347	71.9 58.2	1,548 275	1,261 197	287 78	258 71	244 67	14	14.3 20.5
20 to 24 years		1,460	76.2	1,273	1,063	210	187	178	10	12.8
·									1	
Men		1,164	88.0	1,001	838	163	163	154	9	14.0
Women	1,190	643	54.0	547	423	125	95	90	5	14.8
Less than a high school diploma	1,325	837	63.2	709	578	131	128	119	9	15.3
High school graduates, no college	822	644	78.3	557	459	98	86	84	2	13.4
Less than a bachelor's degree		275	87.2	236	182	54	39	36	3	14.3
College graduates	51	51	(¹)	47	42	5	5	5	-	(1)

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not

A-16. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by age, sex, and race

(In thousands)

					Mar	ch 1994		-	T	
				Emp	łoyed¹				Unem	ployed
		Full-tir	ne workers			Part-time	workers			
Age, sex, and race		A	t work			At w	ork ²		Looking	Looking
	Total	35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons	Not at work	Total	Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons	Not at work	for full-time work	for part-time work
TOTAL										
Total, 16 years and over	96,794	85,642	8,312	2,840	24,050	3,724	18,943	1,383	7,259	1,615
16 to 19 years		1,076	201	35	4,187	253	3,749	185	488	778
16 to 17 years		96	32	1	1,930	32	1,824	74	93	460
18 to 19 years		981	170	33	2,257	221	1,924	112	395	318
20 years and over		84,566	8,110	2,805	19,864	3,471	15,195	1,198	6,771	837
20 to 24 years		7,577	784	169	3,848	755	2,841	251	1,262	224
25 years and over		76,989	7,326	2,636	16,016	2,716	12,354	947	5,509	613
25 to 54 years55 years and over		67,968 9,021	6,369 958	2,134 502	11,829 4,187	2,404 312	8,813 3,541	612 335	4,942 567	169
Men, 16 years and over	57,143	51,069	4,498	1,576	7,794	1,593	5,778	423	4,322	742
16 to 19 years		620	107	11	2,019	126	1,817	75	295	436
20 years and over		50,449	4,391	1,565	5,775	1,466	3,961	348	4,027	306
20 to 24 years		4,361	433	85	1,573	384	1,096	93	754	129
25 years and over		46,088	3,958	1,480	4,202	1,082	2,865	255	3,273	177
25 to 54 years55 years and over		40,572 5,516	3,411 547	1,168 313	2,535 1,667	947 135	1,452 1,413	136 119	2,922 350	98 79
Women, 16 years and over	39,651	34,574	3,814	1,263	16,257	2,131	13,165	960	2,938	873
16 to 19 years		456	95	24	2,168	127	1,932	110	193	342
20 years and over		34,117	3,720	1,239	14,089	2,004	11,234	850	2,744	531
20 to 24 years		3,216	351	84	2,274	371	1,745	158	508	95
25 years and over		30,901	3,368	1,156	11,814	1,633	9,489	692	2,236	436
25 to 54 years55 years and over		27,396 3,505	2,957 411	966 190	9,294 2,521	1,456 177	7,361 2,128	476 216	2,020 217	346 90
White		{								
Men, 16 years and over		44,207	3,858	1,326	6,760	1,291	5,085	385	3,357	567
16 to 19 years		561	92	9	1,804	111	1,623	70	214	336
20 years and over		43,646	3,766	1,317	4,957	1,180	3,462	314	3,143	231
20 to 24 years		3,757	349	73	1,306	299	931	76 238	561	96
25 years and over25 to 54 years		39,889 34,975	3,417 2,916	1,244 973	3,651 2,110	881	2,531 1,221	123	2,582 2,267	134
55 years and over		4,913	502	271	1,540	114	1,311	116	315	65
Women, 16 years and over	32,839	28,600	3,183	1,055	14,346	1,706	11,794	845	2,041	684
16 to 19 years		385	75	22	1,933	110	1,727	96	155	255
20 years and over		28,215	3,108	1,033	12,412	1,597	10,067	749	1,886	429
20 to 24 years		2,692	296	71	1,891	305	1,472	115	317	76
25 years and over		25,523	2,812	963	10,521	1,292	8,595	634 427	1,569	354 269
25 to 54 years55 years and over		22,527 2,996	2,452 360	809 154	8,245 2,276	1,145 146	6,672 1,923	207	1,378 191	84
Black										
Men, 16 years and over		4,700	470	178	730	238	463	30	754	145
16 to 19 years		45	14	2	165	14	146	5	67	88
20 years and over		4,655	457	175	565	224	316	25	687	56
20 to 24 years		434 4,222	66 391	7 168	189 376	72 152	104 212	13 12	162 525	23 33
25 years and over25 to 54 years		3,787	362	140	288	141	138	9	505	21
55 years and over		434	29	28	88	11	74	3	20	12
Women, 16 years and over		4,481 51	471	160	1,369	336	947	85 13	740	164
20 years and over		51 4,430	13 458	160	165 1,204	9 327	143 804	13 73	32 709	80 83
20 to 24 years		398	39	13	1,204 282	527 52	191	73 39	170	14
25 years and over		4,032	419	147	922	276	613	34	538	69
25 to 54 years		3,650	383	117	721	253	440	28	513	64
	.,	, -,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	31			1 ~~~ [,	

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers based on their usual weekly hours at all jobs regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are also classified according to their usual

status.

2 Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more classified by their reason for

working part time.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-17. Employed persons by occupation, sex, and age

(In thousands)

	То	tal		M	en			Wo	men	
Occupation	16 y and	ears over		ears over	20 y and			ears over	20 y and	ears over
	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994
Total	117,406	120,844	63,370	64,936	60,821	62,180	54,036	55,907	51,668	53,165
Managerial and professional specialty	32,402	33,354	16,909	17,265	16,843	17,154	15,493	16,089	15,409	15,965
Executive, administrative, and managerial		15,840	9,037	8,971	9,003	8,931	6,446	6,869	6,418	6,829
Officials and administrators, public administration	614	649	340	367	340	367	273	282	274	281
Other executive, administrative, and managerial		10,960	6,651	6,658	6,628	6,619	3,852	4,302	3,830	4,272
Management-related occupations		4,230	2,045	1,946	2,034	1,946	2,320	2,285	2,314	2,276
Professional specialty		17,514	7,872	8,294	7,841	8,223	9,047	9,220	8,992	9,137
Engineers		1,827	1,611	1,708	1,609	1,706	117	119	117	119
Mathematical and computer scientists		1,169 560	709 347	798 390	709 348	796 390	335 169	371 171	335 169	369 169
Natural scientists Health diagnosing occupations		902	750	721	750	721	186	181	186	181
Health assessment and treating occupations		2,671	310	373	310	373	2,160	2,298	2,157	2,293
Teachers, college and university		853	469	491	466	484	368	363	362	356
Teachers, except college and university		4,607	1,128	1,212	1,116	1,195	3,473	3,396	3,442	3,356
Lawyers and judges		823	635	624	636	624	185	199	185	199
Other professional specialty occupations	3,968	4,101	1,913	1,979	1,897	1,935	2,056	2,123	2,039	2,094
Technical, sales, and administrative support		37,060	13,247	13,230	12,699	12,649	23,194	23,830	21,953	22,378
Technicians and related support		3,890	1,949	1,834	1,924	1,811	2,033	2,056	2,014	2,035
Health technologists and technicians	1 '	1,658	301	309	293	303	1,210	1,350	1,200	1,337
Engineering and science technicians		1,178	821 826	884 641	805 825	871 627	234	293 413	224 591	290
Technicians, except health, engineering, and science		1,054 14,518	7,367	7,493	7,031	637 7,123	590 6,740	7,025	5,939	409 6,136
Supervisors and proprietors		4,404	2,516	2,826	2,510	2,801	1,433	1,578	1,414	1,547
Sales representatives, finance and business services		2,322	1,333	1,418	1,325	1,403	911	903	903	883
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail		1,404	1,227	1,074	1,222	1,071	373	330	371	319
Sales workers, retail and personal services		6,317	2,246	2,146	1,932	1,819	3,978	4,171	3,208	3,346
Sales-related occupations		71	44	28	42	28	43	43	43	42
Administrative support, including clerical		18,651	3,932	3,903	3,744	3,715	14,421	14,748	14,001	14,206
Supervisors		704	254	280	251	278	387	424	387	422
Computer equipment operators		600	257	242	249	231	375	359	370	350
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	1	4,050	65	82	58	82	4,063	3,969	3,966	3,838
Financial records processing Mail and message distributing		2,308 997	220 649	186 602	215 622	181 585	1,978 325	2,122 395	1,967 309	2,106 384
Other administrative support, including clerical		9,991	2,487	2,511	2,348	2,358	7,292	7,480	7,001	7,106
Service occupations		17,059	6,657	6,936	5,817	6,010	9,712	10,124	8,822	9,161
Private household		850	47	43	35	34	816	807	708	725
Protective service		2,254	1,848	1,873	1,817	1,849	374	381	346	373
Service, except private household and protective		13,956	4,762	5,020	3,966	4,127	8,523	8,936	7,768	8,063
Food service Health service		6,013 2,161	2,297 244	2,528 275	1,702 230	1,827 267	3,291 1,947	3,485 1,887	2,766 1,893	2,892 1,816
Cleaning and building service		3,009	1,752	1,653	1,615	1,532	1,244	1,356	1,195	1,307
Personal service		2,772	470	564	419	502	2,041	2,208	1,914	2,049
Precision production, craft, and repair	12,520	13,023	11,515	11,790	11,312	11,624	1,005	1,232	992	1,193
Mechanics and repairers		4,331	4,019	4,139	3,965	4,087	140	192	139	190
Construction trades Other precision production, craft, and repair	4,569 3,792	4,572 4,120	4,495 3,002	4,478 3,173	4,391 2,955	4,399 3,138	75 791	94 946	75 778	89 914
		·								
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	16,735	17,183	12,549	13,118	11,822	12,322	4,186	4,065	4,061	3,921
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		7,355	4,481	4,630	4,360	4,495	2,917	2,725	2,858	2,664
Transportation and material moving occupations		5,069 3,874	4,417 3,312	4,573 3,430	4,349 3,256	4,489 3,360	450 393	496 444	445 388	493 441
Motor vehicle operators Other transportation and material moving occupations		1,195	1,106	1,143	1,092	1,129	57	52	57	52
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		4,758	3,651	3,915	3,113	3,339	818	843	758	764
Construction laborers		585	519	562	501	526	21	23	21	23
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		4,173	3,133	3,353	2,612	2,812	798	820	737	741
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2,938	3,165	2,492	2,598	2,327	2,421	446	568	430	546
Farm operators and managers		1,393	981	1,047	979	1,010	162	346	160	337
Other farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	. 1,796	1,772	1,511	1,551	1,348	1,411	284	222	270	209

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

A-18. Employed persons by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	To	otal	Me	en	Won	nen
Occupation and race	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994
TOTAL						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		120,844 100.0	63,370 100.0	64,936 100.0	54,036 100.0	55,907 100.0
reiceil	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	27.6	27.6	26.7	26.6	28.7	28.8
Executive, administrative, and managerial	13.2	13.1	14.3	13.8	11.9	12.3
Professional specialty	14.4 31.0	14.5 30.7	12.4 20.9	12.8 20.4	16.7	16.5
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support	31.0	30.7	3.1	20.4	42.9 3.8	42.6 3.7
Sales occupations	12.0	12.0	11.6	11.5	12.5	12.6
Administrative support, including clericar	15.6	15.4	6.2	6.0	26.7	26.4
Service occupations	13.9	14.1	10.5	10.7	18.0	18.1
Private household	.7	.7	.1	.1	1.5	1.4
Protective service	1.9	1.9	2.9	2.9	.7	.7
Service, except private household and protective	11.3	11.5	7.5	7.7	15.8	16.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	10.7	10.8	18.2	18.2	1.9	2.2
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	14.3	14.2	19.8	20.2	7.7	7.3
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6.3 4.1	6.1	7.1 7.0	7.1	5.4 .8	4.9
Transportation and material moving occupations	3.8	4.2 3.9	5.8	7.0 6.0	1.5	.9 1.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2.5	2.6	3.9	4.0	.8	1.0
White						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	101,269 100.0	103,335 100.0	55,352 100.0	56,151 100.0	45,917 100.0	47,184 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	28.6	28.7	27.8	27.7	29.6	29.9
Executive, administrative, and managerial	13.8	13.8	15.0	14.5	12.3	12.8
Professional specialty	14.8	14.9	12.7	13.1	17.3	17.1
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support	31.4	31.0	21.0	20.6	43.9	43.3
Technicians and related support	3.4	3.2	3.1	2.8	3.8	3.6
Sales occupations	12.6	12.5	12.2	12.1	13.1	13.0
Administrative support, including clerical	15.4	15.3	5.7	5.7	27.1	26.6
Service occupations	12.7	12.9	9.4	9.6	16.6	16.8
Private household	.6	.6	.1	.1	1.3	1.3
Protective service	1.8	1.7	2.8	2.7	.6	.5
Service, except private household and protective	10.3 11.1	10.6 11.1	6.6 18.9	6.9 18.7	14.7 1.8	15.0 2.1
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	13.6	13.4	18.9	19.1	7.2	6.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	5.9	5.7	6.8	6.8	4.9	4.4
Transportation and material moving occupations	3.9	4.0	6.5	6.6	.8	.9
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3.7	3.8	5.5	5.7	1.5	1.4
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2.6	2.9	4.1	4.3	.9	1.2
Black						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	11,810	12,560	5,748	6,078	6,062	6,482
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	18.1	17.8	14.8	15.3	21.3	20.1
Executive, administrative, and managerial	8.1	7.9	7.5	7.8	8.7	8.0
Professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative support	10.0 28.5	9.8 29.1	7.3 19.3	7.5 18.0	12.6 37.1	12.0 39.5
Technicians and related support	26.5 3.2	3.5	2.8	2.9	37.1	39.5 4.1
Sales occupations	7.6	8.4	6.9	7.3	8.3	9.5
Administrative support, including clerical	17.7	17.1	9.6	7.8	25.3	25.9
Service occupations	23.7	23.3	19.4	19.5	27.8	26.9
Private household	1.4	1.2	-	.1	2.7	2.2
Protective service	3.1	3.5	4.8	5.1	1.5	2.0
Service, except private household and protective	19.2	18.6	14.6	14.2	23.6	22.7
Precision production, craft, and repair	7.8	8.5	13.6	14.7	2.3	2.7
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	20.5	20.4	30.1	30.7	11.4	10.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	8.9	8.4	9.3	9.2	8.5	7.6
Transportation and material moving occupations		6.3	11.4	11.9	1.0	1.0
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		5.7	9.3	9.6	1.9	2.0
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1.5	1.0	2.8	1.8	.2	.2

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-19. Employed persons by industry and occupation

(in thousands)

							March	1994					
		Manager profess speci	sional		ical, sa ministra suppor		Service occupations		Preci-				
industry	Total em- ployed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- gerial	Profes- sional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service ¹	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing
Agriculture	3,086	87	90	29	15	132	-	29	51	3	49	17	2,583
Mining	658	108	72	18	7	66	-	17	230	26	96	18	_
Construction	6,666	975	131	33	57	391	-	39	3,811	88	467	659	16
Manufacturing	19,904	2,590	1,875	567	718	2,122	-	288	3,818	6,030	744	1,075	79
	11,696	1,538	1,189	392	279	1,137	-	180	2,599	3,358	429	524	70
Nondurable goods	8,209	1,052	685	175	439	985	_	108	1,219	2,672	314	550	9
Transportation and public		į ,							ļ -	·			
utilities	8,635	1,042	476	375	209	2,342	_	244	1,268	109	2,058	499	13
Wholesale and retail trade	25,126	2,151	464	121	10,447	2,337	-	4,976	1,436	257	969	1,908	62
Wholesale trade	4,436	492	57	25	1,806	794	-	39	292	107	425	355	43
Retail trade	20,691	1,659	407	96	8,640	1,543	-	4,938	1,144	150	543	1,553	19
Finance, insurance, and											1	1	
real estate	7,994	2,169	257	183	2,022	2,830	-	262	167	21	13	23	47
Services	43,079	5,450	13,352	2,341	1,018	7,015	850	8,796	2,010	788	583	520	355
Private households	980	1	6	2	-	14	850	62	8	-	6	16	16
Other service industries	42,099	5,449	13,347	2,339	1,018	7,001	-	8,735	2,003	788	577	504	339
Professional services	29,411	3,471	11,995	2,031	187	5,229	-	5,253	507	197	326	119	97
Public administration	5,695	1,267	798	224	25	1,416	-	1,558	231	34	92	40	11

¹ Includes protective service, not shown separately. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-20. Employed persons in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age, sex, and class of worker

(In thousands)

					Ма	rch 1994				
		Agriculture	!			Nonag	ncultural in	dustries		
Ass and any					Wag	e and salary	workers			
Age and sex	Wage and	Self-	Unpaid		Pi	rivate industr	ies		Self-	Unpaid family
	salary workers	employed workers	family workers	Total	Total	Private household workers	Other private industries	Government	employed workers	workers
Total, 16 years and over	1,523	1,525	38	108,626	89,979	978	89,001	18,648	8,999	132
16 to 19 years	149	49	12	5,166	4,898	92	4,806	268	116	7
16 to 17 years	1	23	4	1,898	1,822	62	1,760	76	58	1
18 to 19 years	74	26	8	3,268	3,076	30	3,046	192	59	6
20 to 24 years	I	51	3	11,851	10,717	131	10,586	1,134	245	14
25 to 34 years	1	232	8	29,540	25,276	182	25,095	4,264	1.861	26
35 to 44 years	1 -	364	4	29,699	23,886	195	23,691	5,813	2,640	34
45 to 54 years		288	4	20,431	15,724	150	15,573	4,707	2.117	25
55 to 64 years	_	257	3	9,309	7,289	140	7,149	2,020	1,383	20
65 years and over		284	5	2,630	2,188	88	2,101	442	636	7
Men, 16 years and over	1,231	1,083	20	57,017	48,546	96	48,450	8,471	5,556	29
16 to 19 years	128	33	8	2,518	2,408	10	2,398	110	64	-
16 to 17 years		13	2	896	866	7	859	29	40	1
18 to 19 years	65	20	6	1,622	1,542	3	1,539	81	24	i -
20 to 24 years	171	48	3	6,077	5,592	21	5,571	485	146	6
25 to 34 years	388	178	3	15,967	13,866	17	13,849	2,101	1,121	5
35 to 44 years	287	264	_	15,540	13,044	16	13,027	2,496	1,641	3
45 to 54 years	145	167	1	10,672	8,514	10	8,504	2,158	1,300	3
55 to 64 years	82	169	2	4,886	3,957	18	3,939	929	871	2
65 years and over	29	224	2	1,358	1,165	3	1,162	192	413	4
Women, 16 years and over	292	442	18	51,609	41,432	882	40,551	10,177	3,443	103
16 to 19 years	21	16	3	2,648	2,490	82	2,408	158	52	1
16 to 17 years	11	11	-	1,003	956	55	901	47	18	-
18 to 19 years	9	6	2	1,646	1,534	27	1,507	112	35	1
20 to 24 years	43	2	-	5,774	5,125	110	5,015	648	99	8
25 to 34 years		53	4	13,573	11,410	164	11,246	2,163	740	21
35 to 44 years		100	4	14,159	10,842	179	10,663	3,317	999	30
45 to 54 years		121	3	9,759	7,209	140	7,069	2,550	817	22
55 to 64 years		89	1	4,423	3,332	121	3,210	1,091	512	18
65 years and over	I	60	2	1,273	1,023	85	939	249	223	3

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-21. Persons at work in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by hours of work

			March	1994		
Hours of work	TI	nousands of pers	ons		Percent distribution	on
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries
Total, 16 years and over	116,621	2,873	113,748	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 to 34 hours	30,074	1,031	29,043	25.8	35.9	25.5
1 to 4 hours	1,315	83	1,233	1.1	2.9	1.1
5 to 14 hours	5,383	246	5,137	4.6	8.6	4.5
15 to 29 hours	14,930	468	14,463	12.8	16.3	12.7
30 to 34 hours	8,446	235	8,210	7.2	8.2	7.2
35 hours and over	86,547	1,842	84,705	74.2	64.1	74.5
35 to 39 hours	8,973	189	8,784	7.7	6.6	7.7
40 hours	40,186	578	39,607	34.5	20.1	34.8
41 hours and over	37,388	1,075	36,313	32.1	37.4	31.9
41 to 48 hours	14,303	221	14,081	12.3	7.7	12.4
49 to 59 hours	13,469	299	13,170	11.5	10.4	11.6
60 hours and over	9,617	555	9,062	8.2	19.3	8.0
Average hours, total at work	39.1	39.9	39.1	_	_	_
Average hours, persons who usually work full time	43.6	47.6	43.5	-	-	_

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-22. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours in all and nonagricultural industries by reason for working less than 35 hours and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

			March	1994		
		All industries		No	nagricultural indus	tries
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time
Total, 16 years and over	30,074	8,312	21,763	29,043	8,003	21,040
Economic reasons	4,987	1,514	3,473	4,771	1,418	3,353
Slack work or business conditions	2,665	1,279	1,386	2,541	1,230	1,311
Could only find part-time work	2,046	-	2,046	2,013	-	2,013
Seasonal work	136	96	41	88	60	28
Job started or ended during week	139	139	-	128	128	-
Noneconomic reasons	25,087	6,797	18,290	24,272	6,585	17,687
Child-care problems	915	92	823	895	88	807
Other family or personal obligations	5,950	719	5,231	5,773	691	5,082
Health or medical limitations	797	-	797	756	-	756
In school or training	6,415	61	6,354	6,281	61	6,220
Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	1,638	-	1,638	1,491	-	1,491
Vacation or personal day	2,369	2,369	_	2,312	2,312	-
Holiday, legal or religious	104	104	-	104	104	-
Weather-related curtailment	767	767	-	700	700	-
All other reasons	6,132	2,685	3,446	5,960	2,628	3,332
Average hours:						
Economic reasons	22.6	23.2	22.3	22.6	23.4	22.3
Other reasons	20.8	25.5	19.0	20.9	25.6	19.1

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

A-23. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

				Marc	h 1994			
			Worked 1 t	o 34 hours			Avera	age hours
Industry and class of worker	Total		_	For none reas	economic sons	Worked	T	
	at work	Total	For economic reasons	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	35 hours or more	Total at work	Persons who usually work full time
Total 16 years and over	113,748	29,043	4,771	6,585	17,687	84,705	39.1	43.5
Wage and salary workers	105,287	25,988	4,173	6,129	15,685	79,300	39.1	43.2
Mining	609	61	22	29	9	549	46.3	47.1
Construction	5,079	1,128	373	484	271	3,950	39.7	41.3
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	18,966 11,187 7,779	2,182 1,118 1,064	462 221 242	1,064 651 413	656 246 410	16,784 10,069 6,715	42.6 43.2 41.8	43.6 43.9 43.2
Transportation and public utilities	7,958 22,373 7,192	1,301 7,930 1,242	229 1,437 104	537 843 466	535 5,651 672	6,657 14,443 5,950	41.7 36.8 40.2	43.7 44.1 42.6
Service industries	37,615 941 36,674 5,496	11,386 631 10,755 757	1,482 105 1,376 63	2,256 44 2,213 450	7,648 481 7,166 244	26,229 310 25,919 4,739	37.5 25.4 37.8 40.8	43.1 42.7 43.1 42.1
Self-employed workers	8,328 132	2,959 97	583 15	445 11	1,931 71	5,369 35	39.0 29.3	47.3 41.5

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of ${\it Employment\ and\ Earnings}.$

A-24. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by age, sex, race, marital status, and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

	March 1994							
Industry and class of worker	Total at work	Worked 1 to 34 hours					Average hours	
		Total	For economic reasons	For noneconomic reasons		Worked 35 hours	Total	Persons who
				Usually work full time	Usually work part time	or more	at work	usually work full time
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over		29,043	4,771	6,585	17,687	84,705	39.1	43.5
16 to 19 years		3,966	282	129	3,555	1,113	22.3	39.1
16 to 17 years		1,798	45	13	1,739	86	15.8	35.4
18 to 19 years		2,167	236	116	1,815	1,026	26.1	39.4
20 years and over		25,077	4,490 880	6,455 548	14,132	83,592	39.9 35.5	43.6 41.8
20 to 24 years25 years and over		4,116 20,961	3,610	5,908	2,689 11,443	7,581 76,011	35.5 40.4	43.7
25 to 54 years	1 '	16,595	3,010	5,908	8,245	67,143	41.0	43.7
55 years and over	, .	4,366	440	728	3,199	8,868	36.5	42.9
Men, 16 years and over		10,863	2,401	3,228	5,234	49,866	42.1	44.9
16 to 19 years		1,899	152	60	1,687	609	23.2	39.7
16 to 17 years	l .	855 1,044	23 129	11 49	821 866	49 560	16.6 26.9	(¹) 40.1
18 to 19 years		8,963	2,248	3,168	3,547	49,257	42.9	45.0
20 years and over	1 2/	1,766	486	257	1,023	4,291	37.7	42.7
25 years and over		7,197	1,762	2,911	2,524	44,966	43.5	45.2
25 to 54 years		5,390	1,549	2,530	1,310	39,621	44.2	45.4
55 years and over		1,807	213	381	1,213	5,345	39.3	44.0
Women, 16 years and over		18,180	2,371	3,357	12,453	34,839	35.6	41.5
16 to 19 years		2,066 943	129 23	69	1,868 918	504 38	21.4 15.0	38.4
16 to 17 years		1,123	107	67	950	466	25.3	38.7
18 to 19 years20 years and over		16,114	2,242	3,287	10,585	34,335	36.3	41.6
20 to 24 years		2,350	394	291	1,666	3,290	33.2	40.6
25 years and over	1 .	13,764	1,848	2,996	8,920	31,045	36.7	41.6
25 to 54 years		11,205	1,621	2,650	6,935	27,522	37.2	41.7
55 years and over	1	2,559	227	347	1,985	3,523	33.3	41.3
Race								
White, 16 years and over		25,161	3,817	5,626	15,718	71,883	39.2	43.8
Men	1 1	9,331 15,829	1,938 1,879	2,805 2,821	4,588 11,129	43,063 28,821	42.4 35.4	45.2 41.6
Black, 16 years and over		2,809	738	718	1,353	9,192	38.3	41.6
Men		1,103	365	310	428	4,678	40.0	42.6
Women	6,220	1,706	373	408	924	4,514	36.6	40.6
Marital status								
Men, 16 years and over:	38,470	4,737	1,013	2,054	1,670	33,733	44.2	45.7
Married, spouse present		1,114	310	439	365	5,337	42.1	43.9
Single (never married)		5,011	1,077	736	3,199	10,796	37.1	43.2
Women, 16 years and over:	00.755					10.777		
Married, spouse present		10,189	1,080	1,870	7,239	19,393	35.6	41.4
Widowed, divorced, or separated		2,851	598	770	1,483	7,709	37.9	41.8
Single (never married)	12,877	5,140	692	717	3,731	7,737	33.7	41.5

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of ${\it Employment\ and\ Earnings}.$

A-25. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and usual full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

				Mai	ch 1994			
			Worked 1 1	to 34 hour	8		Aver	age hours
Occupation and sex	Total at		For)	economic sons	Worked 35 hours	Total	Persons who
	work	Total	economic reasons	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	or more	at work	usually work full time
Total, 16 years and over ¹	113,679	29,073	4,771	6,568	17,733	84,606	39.1	43.5
Managerial and professional specialty	32,224	5,849	587	1,871	3,391	26,375	42.3	45.4
Executive, administrative, and managerial		1,937	213	771	953	13,462	44.4	46.2
Professional specialty		3,912	374	1,100	2,438	12,913	40.4	44.5
Technical, sales, and administrative support		10,295	1,248	2,041	7,006	25,557	37.6	42.8
Technicians and related support		810	61	269	480	2,949	39.2	42.3
Sales occupations	14,029	4,237	661	531	3,045	9,792	39.1	45.9
Administrative support, including clerical		5,249	527	1,241	3,480	12,816	36.0	40.6
Service occupations		7,317	1,307	815	5,196	9,124	33.4	42.1
Private household	816	564	82	36	446	253	24.6	42.1
Protective service	1	393	45	169	179	1,764	41.8	44.2
Service, except private household and protective		6,361	1,180	610	4,571	7,107	32.6	41.6
Precision production, craft, and repair		1,965	599	875	491	10,599	41.6	42.8
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1	3,646	1,030	966	1,649	12,951	39.7	42.8
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	1 .	1,110	362	425	324	6,053	40.9	42.3
Transportation and material moving occupations		947	220	290	437	3,907	42.3	45.2
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		1,589	448	252	889	2,991	35.2	40.8
Men, 16 years and over ^t	60,480	10,783	2,384	3,209	5,191	49,697	42.2	44.9
Managerial and professional specialty	16,795	1,989	286	792	911	14,805	45.5	47.3
Executive, administrative, and managerial		817	132	361	324	7,931	46.7	48.0
Professional specialty		1,173	154	431	587	6,874	44.1	46.6
Technical, sales, and administrative support		2,250	312	592	1,347	10,603	42.5	45.8
Technicians and related support		282	15	126	141	1,507	41.4	43.6
Sales occupations		1,216	198	252	765	6,053	44.5	48.0
Administrative support, including clerical		752	98	214	440	3,043	39.3	42.5
Service occupations		2,303	485	340	1,477	4,440	36.6	43,2
Private household	43	31	3	6	21	12	(²)	(²)
Protective service	1	293	25	143	126	1,510	42.8	44.7
Service, except private household and protective		1,979	457	191	1,330	2,918	34.4	42.5
Precision production, craft, and repair		1,708	556	782	370	9,681	41.9	43.0
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		2,533	744	702	1,086	10,168	40.6	43.4
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		540	180	238	122	3,994	42.2	43.1
Transportation and material moving occupations		750	212	254	284	3,635	43.1	45.5
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		1,242	352	210	680	2,539	35.8	41.1
Women, 16 years and over ¹	53,198	18,290	2,387	3,360	12,542	34,909	35.5	41.5
Managerial and professional specialty	15.430	3,860	301	1,078	2,480	11,570	38.8	42.9
Executive, administrative, and managerial		1,120	82	410	629	5,532	41.3	43.7
Professional specialty	l -' i	2,739	219	668	1,851	6,039	36.9	42.3
Technical, sales, and administrative support		8,045	936	1,449	5,660	14,954	34.8	40.7
Technicians and related support	1,970	528	46	143	339	1,442	37.2	41.0
Sales occupations		3,021	462	278	2,280	3,739	33.4	42.6
Administrative support, including clerical		4,496	428	1,028	3,040	9,773	35.2	40.0
Service occupations		5,014	822	475	3,718	4,684	31.1	41.1
Private household		533	79	30	425	240	24.6	42.4
Protective service		99	20	27	53	255	36.5	41.1
Service, except private household and protective		4,382	723	418	3,241	4,189	31.5	41.0
Precision production, craft, and repair		257	42	94	121	918	38.8	41.5
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		1,113	286	264	563	2,783	36.9	40.5
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		570	181	187	202	2,058	38.7	40.6
Transportation and material moving occupations		197	9	36	153	272	34.7	42.2
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		347	96	42	208	453	32.2	39.2
	, 33	347	30	72	200	455	32.Z	35.2

earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Excludes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.
 Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.
 NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-26. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		Me	en			Wor	nen	
Marital status, race, and age	Thousa pers		Unemployment rates		Thousa pers		Unemployment rates	
	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994
Total, 16 years and over	5,683	5,064	8.2	7.2	3,594	3,811	6.2	6.4
Married, spouse present	2,291	2,040	5.3	4.7	1,409	1,441	4.4	4.4
Widowed, divorced, or separated	820	685	10.9	9.0	797	885	7.0	7.4
Single (never married)	2,572	2,339	13.8	12.1	1,388	1,484	9.8	10.0
White, 16 years and over	4,369	3,924	7.3	6.5	2,683	2,726	5.5	5.5
Married, spouse present	1,886	1,704	4.9	4.5	1,171	1,187	4.1	4.1
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	629	559	10.0	8.8	598	642	6.5	6.8
Single (never married)	1,854	1,661	12.2	10.6	914	897	8.3	7.8
Black, 16 years and over	1,103	899	16.1	12.9	774	904	11.3	12.2
Married, spouse present	309	225	9.7	6.9	177	168	7.5	6.9
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	156	104	15.3	10.3	162	204	8.6	9.8
Single (never married)	637	570	24.0	20.9	435	532	16.9	18.6
Total, 25 years and over	4,069	3,450	6.9	5.8	2,520	2,672	5.2	5.4
Married, spouse present	2,165	1,883	5.2	4.5	1,275	1,282	4.2	4.1
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	791	650	10.8	8.8	749	796	6.7	6.9
Single (never married)	1,113	917	11.3	9.0	496	594	7.0	8.1
White, 25 years and over	3,233	2,716	6.3	5.3	1,900	1,923	4.7	4.6
Married, spouse present	1,797	1,564	4.9	4.3	1,059	1,050	3.9	3.8
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	608	532	10.0	8.7	564	579	6.3	6.4
Single (never married)	828	620	10.5	7.7	278	294	5.4	5.6
Black, 25 years and over	675	558	12.0	9.8	516	608	9.0	9.9
Married, spouse present	276	212	9.0	6.8	164	154	7.2	6.6
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	149	95	14.9	9.6	148	179	8.1	8.9
Single (never married)	250	251	16.0	15.7	204	274	12.3	15.4

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

A-27. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

	Thousa pers				Unemploy	ment rates	•	
Occupation	То	tal	To	otal	Men		Wo	men
	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994
Total, 16 years and over ¹	9,276	8,874	7.3	6.8	8.2	7.2	6.2	6.4
Managerial and professional specialty	1,004	904	3.0	2.6	3.1	2.5	2.9	2.7
Executive, administrative, and managerial	583	543	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.0	4.1	3.8
Professional specialty	421	361	2.4	2.0	2.8	2.1	2.1	2.0
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,999	2,242	5.2	5.7	4.8	4.8	5.4	6.2
Technicians and related support	167	153	4.0	3.8	3.7	4.2	4.3	3.4
Sales occupations	951	1.089	6.3	7.0	5.0	4.6	7.8	9.4
Administrative support, including clerical	881	1,000	4.6	5.1	5.2	5.6	4.4	5.0
Service occupations	1,360	1,483	7.7	8.0	8.7	8.9	6.9	7.4
Private household	68	113	7.3	11.7	(²)	(²)	6.9	11.4
Protective service	108	104	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.4	5.6	4.4
Service, except private household and protective	1,183	1,267	8.2	8.3	10.2	10.4	7.0	7.1
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,377	1,235	9.9	8.7	10.1	8.8	7.1	7.7
Mechanics and repairers	264	237	6.0	5.2	6.0	5.1	4.1	6.8
Construction trades	818	768	15.2	14.4	15.2	14.4	15.6	13.0
Other precision production, craft, and repair	295	231	7.2	5.3	7.4	4.7	6.7	7.3
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	2,245	1,978	11.8	10.3	12.2	10.0	10.8	11.2
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	934	741	11.2	9.2	11.2	7.9	11.2	11.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	504	428	9.4	7.8	9.5	8.0	8.6	6.2
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	808	809	15.3	14.5	16.3	14.7	10.6	13.9
Construction laborers	235	195	30.4	25.0	30.7	28.5	(²)	(²)
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	572	614	12.7	12.8	13.3	12.6	10.1	13.6
Farming, forestry, and fishing	337	455	10.3	12.6	10.0	12.6	12.0	12.4
No previous work experience	887	528	_	_	-	-	-	_
16 to 19 years	625	360	_	-	-	-	_	-
20 to 24 years	128	76	_	-	-	_	_	-
25 years and over	134	91	_	-	-	-	_	-

¹ Includes a small number of persons whose last job was in the Armed Forces.

² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993

and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-28. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

		ands of sons	Unemployment rates							
Industry	To	tal	To	otal	М	en	Wo	men		
	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994		
Total, 16 years and over	9,276	8,874	7.3	6.8	8.2	7.2	6.2	6.4		
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	7,271	7,038	7.7	7.3	8.7	7.6	6.5	6.8		
Mining	49	43	6.9	6.3	7.3	6.4	5.3	5.2		
Construction		997	19.6	17.5	20.5	18.3	10.3	8.9		
Manufacturing	1,601	1,348	7.8	6.5	7.7	5.9	7.9	7.8		
Durable goods		726	7.6	6.0	7.9	6.0	6.9	6.2		
Lumber and wood products		41	8.8	6.9	9.8	7.6	3.1	2.6		
Furniture and fixtures	1	42	8.7	6.0	10.0	6.0	6.3	5.9		
Stone, clay, and glass products		48	10.3	8.1	11.1	7.2	7.1	11.7		
Primary metal industries		47	10.5	6.0	10.4	5.9	10.7	6.8		
Fabricated metal products		103	7.8	7.5	8.0	7.6	6.7	7.1		
Machinery and computing equipment		116	6.3	4.7	6.5	4.7	5.1	4.6		
		101	7.4	5.4	6.5	4.3	8.8	7.3		
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies			7. 4 7.5	_	7.6	1	7.4	5.0		
Transportation equipment		140 47	6.3	6.0 3.9	5.9	6.2 4.0	7.6	3.2		
Automobiles		93	8.8	8.2	9.3	8.5	7.0	7.1		
Other transportation equipment						1				
Professional and photographic equipment		35	4.8	5.1	5.2	5.7	4.1	4.0		
Other durable goods industries		54	8.5	1.9	8.8	8.1	7.2	7.6		
Nondurable goods		622	8.0	7.2	7.5	5.8	8.8	9.3		
Food and kindred products	ſ	128	10.2	7.0	9.8	5.9	11.0	9.4		
Textile mill products		55	7.4	8.1	7.6	5.7	7.1	10.9		
Apparel and other textile products		156	10.8	14.2	11.9	12.0	10.4	15.2		
Paper and allied products		30	4.2	4.4	3.3	1.9	7.1	10.1		
Printing and publishing		105	6.9	5.6	6.5	6.3	7.3	4.7		
Chemicals and allied products	1	55	5.6	4.3	5.8	4.1	5.2	4.6		
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products		48	9.5	6.1	8.6	5.0	11.0	8.2		
Other nondurable goods industries	26	45	7.4	11.6	7.1	10.9	8.7	12.6		
Transportation and public utilities	387	366	5.6	5.3	6.1	5.9	4.3	3.9		
Transportation	292	304	7.0	7.1	8.0	7.9	4.1	4.8		
Communications and other public utilities		61	3.5	2.3	2.8	2.0	4.6	2.9		
Wholesale and retail trade		2,117	8.4	8.4	8.4	7.4	8.3	9.6		
Wholesale trade	242	253	5.5	5.9	5.0	4.8	6.6	8.4		
Retail trade	1,793	1,864	9.0	9.0	9.5	8.1	8.5	9.8		
Finance, insurance, and real estate		227	4.6	3.1	4.4	2.4	4.6	3.5		
Service industries	1,733	1,940	6.0	6.4	6.9	7.3	5.4	5.8		
Professional services	630	726	3.6	4.0	3.7	4.6	3.6	3.7		
Other service industries	1,103	1,214	9.6	10.0	9.7	9.7	9.4	10.3		
Agricultural wage and salary workers		309	14.6	16.9	14.6	16.6	14.5	17.8		
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers		999	2.9	3.3	3.5	3.6	2.3	3.0		
No previous work experience	887	528	_	-	-	_	_	-		

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

A-29. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and race

(Numbers in thousands)

Reason		Total, 16 years and over		Men, 20 years and over		Women, 20 years and over		Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		White		Black	
	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Total unemployed	9,276	8,874	4,950	4,333	3,058	3,275	1,269	1,266	7,052	6,649	1,877	1,803	
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	5,437	4,522	3,629	2,883	1,576	1,416	232	223	4,250	3,660	1,002	682	
On temporary layoff	1,395	1,249	1,029	836	313	320	53	92	1,178	1,082	187	128	
Not on temporary layoff	4,042	3,273	2,600	2,047	1,263	1,095	179	131	3,072	2,578	815	554	
Permanent job losers	(¹)	2,491	(')	1,541	(¹)	871	(¹)	79	(')	1,963	(')	418	
Persons who completed temporary jobs	(')	782	(1)	506	(1)	224	(i)	52	(')	614	(i)	136	
Job leavers	1,013	832	485	388	374	371	154	72	784	688	190	106	
Reentrants	2,018	2,993	737	991	971	1,392	310	611	1,466	1,960	471	869	
New entrants	808	528	99	71	137	96	572	360	552	342	214	146	
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									:				
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	58.6	51.0	73.3	66.5	51.5	43.2	18.3	17.6	60.3	55.0	53.4	37.8	
On temporary layoff	15.0	14.1	20.8	19.3	10.2	9.8	4.2	7.3	16.7	16.3	10.0	7.1	
Not on temporary layoff	43.6	36.9	52.5	47.2	41.3	33.4	14.1	10.3	43.6	38.8	43.4	30.7	
Job leavers	10.9	9.4	9.8	9.0	12.2	11.3	12.2	5.7	11.1	10.3	10.1	5.9	
Reentrants	21.8	33.7	14.9	22.9	31.8	42.5	24.4	48.2	20.8	29.5	25.1	48.2	
New entrants	8.7	5.9	2.0	1.6	4.5	2.9	45.1	28.5	7.8	5.1	11.4	8.1	
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	4.3	3.5	5.5	4.3	2.9	2.5	3.8	3.3	3.9	2.8	7.3	3.8	
Job leavers	.8	.6	.7	.6	.7	.7	2.5	1.1	.7	.6	1.4	.7	
Reentrants	1.6	2.3	1.1	1.5	1.8	2.5	5.0	9.0	1.4	1.8	3.4	6.0	
New entrants	.6	.4	2	.1	.2	2.0	9.2	5.3	.5	.3	1.6	1.0	

¹ Not available

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

A-30. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

				March 1994			
	Total une	mployed		Duratio	n of unempl	oyment	
Reason, sex, and age	71 1			5 4 - 4 4	15	weeks and o	ver
	Thousands of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over
Total, 16 years and over	8,874	100.0	27.9	32.2	39.9	18.5	21.4
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	4,522	100.0	25.1	33.5	41.4	20.6	20.8
On temporary layoff	1,249	100.0	33.8	43.0	23.2	19.6	3.6
Not on temporary layoff	3,273	100.0	21.8	29.9	48.3	20.9	27.4
Permanent job losers		100.0	20.0	29.4	50.6	21.4	29.2
Persons who completed temporary jobs		100.0	27.4	31.6	41.1	19.5	21.6
Job leavers		100.0	33.5	32.0	34.5	20.5	14.0
Reentrants		100.0	30.1	31.7	38.1	15.3	22.9
New entrants	-/	100.0	30.8	23.0	46.2	16.5	29.7
Men, 20 years and over	4,333	100.0	23.2	32.8	44.1	20.1	24.0
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	2,883	100.0	22.4	34.6	42.9	20.8	22.1
On temporary layoff		100.0	27.6	47.3	25.1	21.6	3.5
Not on temporary layoff		100.0	20.3	29.5	50.2	20.5	29.7
Permanent job losers		100.0	18.9	28.3	52.7	20.6	32.2
Persons who completed temporary jobs		100.0	24.6	33.0	42.5	20.1	22.4
Job leavers		100.0	32.2	30.5	37.3	21.6	15.7
Reentrants		100.0	22.6	28.7	48.7	18.1	30.6
New entrants		100.0	9.5	27.7	62.8	12.0	50.8
Women, 20 years and over	3,275	100.0	28.9	32.5	38.6	17.8	20.8
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	1,416	100.0	26.1	32.8	41.0	20.6	20.4
On temporary layoff		100.0	42.3	35.5	22.2	17.3	4.9
Not on temporary layoff		100.0	21.4	32.1	46.5	21.5	25.0
Permanent job losers		100.0	19.4	32.7	47.9	22.2	25.7
Persons who completed temporary jobs		100.0	29.2	29.6	41.2	18.9	22.3
Job leavers		100.0	31.8	35.5	32.7	18.2	14.5
Reentrants	1	100.0	31.0	32.3	36.7	14.5	22.2
New entrants	1 '	100.0	29.2	17.5	53.3	23.7	29.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,266	100.0	41.5	29.3	29.1	15.0	14.1
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		100.0	52.4	23.9	23.7	17.6	6.0
On temporary layoff		100.0	60.2	30.4	9.3	9.3	i -
Not on temporary layoff	131	100.0	46.9	19.2	33.8	23.5	10.3
Permanent job losers		100.0	47.2	14.8	38.2	28.4	9.8
Persons who completed temporary jobs	52	100.0	46.6	26.3	27.1	16.1	11.1
Job leavers		100.0	49.1	22.4	28.4	25.8	-
Reentrants	1	100.0	40.3	35.6	24.1	12.5	11.7
New entrants	360	100.0	35.4	23.5	41.1	15.5	25.6

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

A-31. Unemployed total and full-time workers by duration of unemployment

		Tot	al			Full-time	workers	
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent distribution		Thousands	of persons	Percent distributio	
• •	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994
Total, 16 years and over	9,276	8,874	100.0	100.0	7,657	7,259	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	2,832	2,477	30.5	27.9	2,012	1,770	26.3	24.4
5 to 14 weeks	2,897	2,855	31.2	32.2	2,431	2,344	31.7	32.3
5 to 10 weeks	1,847	1,761	19.9	19.8	1,516	1,406	19.8	19.4
11 to 14 weeks	1,051	1,094	11.3	12.3	915	938	11.9	12.9
15 weeks and over	3,546	3,543	38.2	39.9	3,214	3,146	42.0	43.3
15 to 26 weeks	1,659	1,645	17.9	18.5	1,473	1,451	19.2	20.0
27 weeks and over	1,888	1,898	20.3	21.4	1,741	1,895	22.7	23.3
27 to 51 weeks	896	800	9.7	9.0	805	698	10.5	9.6
52 weeks and over	992	1,099	10.7	12.4	936	996	12.2	13.7
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	18.5	20.0	-	-	20.2	21.5	-	-
Median duration, in weeks	10.4	11.2	- 1	-	11.8	12.4	- 1	-

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

A-32. Unemployed persons by age, sex, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

	March 1994											
_			Thousands	of persons			We	eks				
Sex, age, race, and marital status		Less	5 to 14	15	weeks and o	ver	Average	Median				
	Total	than 5 weeks	weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	(mean) duration	duration				
TOTAL							'					
Total, 16 years and over	8,874	2,477	2,855	3,543	1,645	1,898	20.0	11.2				
16 to 19 years	1,266	526	371	369	190	179	13.5	7.0				
20 to 24 years	1,486	459	529	498	259	238	16.3	9.9				
25 to 34 years	2,420	648	801	971	479	492	19.8	11.7				
35 to 44 years	1,938	465	643	830	377	453	21.1	12.1				
45 to 54 years	1	227	288	514	197	317	25.6	14.5				
55 to 64 years	, ,	112	177	303	114	189	29.8	15.1				
65 years and over	F	39	45	59	28	31	22.0	10.0				
Men, 16 years and over	5,064	1,276	1,631	2,157	995	1,162	21.5	12.2				
16 to 19 years	. 730	272	210	248	125	123	15.3	8.5				
20 to 24 years	. 884	276	310	298	149	149	16.9	9.9				
25 to 34 years	1,355	326	448	581	275	306	21.4	12.6				
35 to 44 years	1,107	231	377	499	245	254	21.5	13.1				
45 to 54 years	559	96	152	310	114	196	29.6	17.2				
55 to 64 years	1	55	104	185	70	115	33.6	16.3				
65 years and over		20	30	36	18	18	24.1	10.4				
Women, 16 years and over	3,811	1,201	1,224	1,386	649	736	17.9	9.9				
16 to 19 years	. 536	254	161	121	65	56	11.0	5.2				
20 to 24 years	603	183	220	200	110	89	15.4	10.0				
25 to 34 years		322	353	389	204	185	17.9	10.3				
35 to 44 years	. 831	234	266	331	131	200	20.5	10.4				
45 to 54 years		131	136	203	83	120	20.7	11.8				
55 to 64 years	1	57	74	118	45	74	24.6	13.7				
65 years and over	T .	19	15	23	10	13	(')	(')				
Race												
White, 16 years and over	6,649	1,956	2,107	2,586	1,230	1,356	19.4	10.7				
Men	3,924	1,007	1,266	1,651	790	861	21.1	12.0				
Women	2,726	949	841	936	440	496	17.0	9.0				
Black, 16 years and over		408	641	753	315	438	21.6	12.3				
Men Women		199 210	308 333	392 361	147 168	245 193	23.2 19.9	12.9 11.6				
Marital status												
Men, 16 years and over:												
Married, spouse present	2.040	448	694	898	420	478	22.3	12.7				
Widowed, divorced, or separated	-,	160	191	334	152	182	26.7	14.1				
Single (never married)		668	746	925	423	502	19.3	11.2				
Women, 16 years and over:								1				
Married, spouse present	1,441	518	370	554	260	294	17.7	9.9				
Widowed, divorced, or separated		220	323	343	122	220	21.4	10.7				
Single (never married)		463	531	489	267	222	16.1	9.4				

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

A-33. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

				March	1994			
			Thousands	of persons			We	eks
Occupation and industry		Less	5 4 - 44	15	15 weeks and over		Average	NA-4 :
	Total	than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	(mean) duration	Median duration
OCCUPATION								
Managerial and professional specialty	904 2,242 1,483 1,235 1,978 455	243 673 449 319 545 84	255 731 453 426 694 156	407 838 581 490 739 214	187 353 271 268 350 117	220 485 310 222 389 97	22.4 19.2 20.0 18.5 18.9 21.6	12.3 10.0 10.7 11.4 11.2 13.9
Agriculture	309 1,020 1,362 738 624 428 2,131 240 2,256 194	52 253 340 183 156 123 630 62 685 55	111 418 407 209 198 143 728 79 704 50	146 349 615 346 270 163 773 99 867 89	82 213 277 157 120 73 329 42 420	64 136 338 189 149 90 445 57 447 45	21.7 16.4 21.8 22.2 21.3 20.5 19.1 19.6 18.6 25.0	14.0 11.1 12.7 13.2 12.2 11.3 10.1 12.4 10.3 12.8
No previous work experience	528	163	121	244	87	157	24.5	12.5

¹ Includes wage and salary workers only.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current

Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

A-34. Persons not in the labor force by desire and availability for work, age, and sex

(In thousands)

	March 1994										
Category			Age		Sex						
	Total	16 to 24 years	25 to 54 years	55 years and over	Men	Women					
otal not in the labor force	66,495	11,826	18,576	36,093	24,042	42,453					
Do not want a job now¹	60,237	9,498	15,642	35,097	21,600	38,638					
Vant a job¹	6,257	2,328	2,934	996	2,443	3,815					
Did not search for work in previous year	3,566	1,255	1,600	711	1,270	2,297					
Searched for work in previous year ²	2,691	1,073	1,333	284	1,173	1,518					
Not available to work now	859	432	366	60	340	519					
Available to work now	1,832	641	967	224	833	999					
Reason not currently looking:											
Discouragement over job prospects ³	533	144	301	88	303	230					
Reasons other than discouragement	1,299	496	666	136	529	769					
Family responsibilities	197	46	141	10	23	174					
In school or training	351	277	72	2 29	187 58	164					
III health or disability	131	14	88	29	56	/3					

Includes some persons who are not asked if they want a job.

discrimination.

Persons who had a job in the prior 12 months must have searched since

the end of that job.

3 Includes believes no work available, could not find work, lacks necessary

Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as child care and and transportation problems, as well as a small number for which reason for non participation was not ascertained.

A-35. Multiple jobholders by selected demographic and economic characteristics

(Numbers in thousands)

			March	1994		
Characteristic	Both	sexes	Me	en	Wor	men
	Number	Rate ¹	Number	Rate¹	Number	Rate¹
AGE						
Total, 16 years and over ²	7,176	5.9	3,889	6.0	3,287	5.9
16 to 19 years	219	4.0	71	2.6	149	5.4
20 years and over	6,956	6.0	3,818	6.1	3,138	5.9
20 to 24 years	856	6.9	434	6.7	423	7.1
25 years and over	6,100	5.9	3,385	6.1	2.716	5.7
25 to 54 years	5,575	6.3	3,094	6.5	2,481	6.1
55 years and over	525	3.6	291	3.6	234	3.5
55 to 64 years	463	4.2	247	4.1	216	4.3
65 years and over	62	1.7	43	2.1	19	1.2
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN						
White	6,309	6.1	3,416	6.1	2.893	6.1
Black	660	5.3	354	5.8	305	4.7
dispanic origin	438	4.1	274	4.3	164	3.9
MARITAL STATUS						
Married, spouse present	4,083	5.6	2,470	6.0	1.612	5.1
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	1,143	6.4	414	6.0	730	6.6
Single (never married)	1,950	6.4	1,005	5.9	945	7.0
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS						
Primary job full time, secondary job part time	4,261	_	2,562	-	1,699	_
Primary and secondary jobs both part time	1,642	-	518	_	1,123	_
Primary and secondary jobs both full time	222	-	171	_	51	_
Hours vary on primary or secondary job	1,021	-	628	_	394	_

Multiple jobholders as a percent of all employed persons in specified group.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-36. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civil noninsti popul	tutional	Civilian labor force								
Veteran status			Total Employed		oyed	Unemployed					
and age	Mar. 1993			Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Number		Percent of labor force		
							Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1994	
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS											
Total, 40 years and over	7,116	7,440	6,356	6,538	6,019	6,238	337	300	5.3 5.3	4.6 4.7	
40 to 54 years	6,316 2,389	6,570 2.039	5,888 2,241	6,054 1,879	5,575 2,102	5,770 1,746	313 139	285 133	6.2	7.1	
40 to 44 years 45 to 49 years	2,868	3,173	2,673	2.950	2,558	2,845	115	105	4.3	3.6	
50 to 54 years	1,059	1,358	974	1,226	916	1,179	58	47	6.0	3.8	
55 years and over	800	870	467	483	443	468	24	15	5.1	3.1	
NONVETERANS											
Total, 40 to 54 years	15,087	15,822	13,620	14,281	12,713	13,576	907	705	6.7	4.9	
40 to 44 years	6,637	7,217	6,175	6,715	5,805	6,373	370	342	6.0	5.1	
45 to 49 years	4,491	4,688	4,057	4,200	3,764	3,999	294	201	7.2	4.8	
50 to 54 years	3,960	3,918	3,388	3,366	3,145	3,204	243	162	7.2	4.8	

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For

additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

group.

2 Includes a small number of persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary jobs(s), not shown separately.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL EMPLOYMENT

B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1943 to date

(In thousands)

				Goods	-producing					Ser	vice-produc	ing			
Year and month	Total	Total private	Total	Mining	Construc-	Manufac- turing	Total	Transpor- tation and public	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real	Services	Federal	iovernmer State	Loca
					<u> </u>			utilities	<u> </u>		estate				ļ
							Anr	ual average	98						
143	42,434	36,356	20,114	925	1,587	17,602	22,320	3,647	1,828	5,154	1,481	4,130	2,905	(¹)	(¹)
M44	41,864	35,822	19,328	892	1,108	17,328	22,536	3,829	1,851	5,208	1,461	4,145	2,928	()	(2)
45	40,374	34,431	17,507	836	1,147	15,524	22,867	3,906	1,955	5,359	1,481	4,222	2,808	(1)	(2)
146 147	41,652 43,857	36,056 38,382	17,248 18,509	862 955	1,683 2,009	14,703 15,545	24,404 25,348	4,061 4,166	2,298 2,478	6,077 6,477	1,675 1,728	4,697 5,025	2,254 1,892	(¹)	(¹)
48	44,866	39,216	18,774	994	2,009	15,582	26,092	4,189	2,476	6,659	1,800	5,025	1,863	8	8
49	43,754	37,897	17,565	930	2,194	14,441	26,189	4,001	2,610	6,654	1,828	5,239	1,908	6	8
50	45,197	39,170	18,506	901	2,364	15,241	26,691	4,034	2,643	6,743	1,888	5,356	1,928	(¹)	l o
51	47,819	41,430	19,959	929	2,637	16,393	27,860	4,226	2,735	7,007	1,956	5,547	2,302	Ö	(†) (†)
52	48,793	42,185	20,198	898	2,668	16,632	28,595	4,248	2,821	7,184	2,035	5,699	2,420	(¹)	(1)
53	50,202	43,556	21,074	866	2,659	17,549	29,128	4,290	2,862	7,385	2,111	5,835	2,305	(¹)	(¹)
54	48,990	42,238	19,751	791	2,646	16,314	29,239	4,084	2,875	7,360	2,200	5,969	2,188	(1)	(1)
55	50,641	43,727	20,513	792	2,839	16,882	30,128	4,141	2,934	7,601	2,298	6,240	2,187	1,168	3,5
956	52,369	45,091	21,104	822	3,039	17,243	31,266	4,244	3,027	7,831	2,389	6,497	2,209	1,250	3,8
57 58	52,853 51,324	45,239 43,483	20,964 19,513	828 751	2,962 2,817	17,174 15,945	31,889 31,811	4,241 3,976	3,037 2,989	7,848 7,761	2,438 2,481	6,708 6,765	2,217 2,191	1,328 1,415	4,0
59 ²	53,268	43,483 45,186	20,411	732	3,004	16,675	31,811	4,011	3,092	8,035	2,481	7,087	2,191	1,415	4,3
60	54,189	45,836	20,434	712	2,926	16,796	33,755	4,004	3,153	8,238	2,628	7,378	2,270	1,536	4,5
61	53,999	45,404	19,857	672	2,926	16,796	34,142	3,903	3,153	8,238	2,628	7,378	2,270	1,536	4,5
62	55,549	46,660	20,451	650	2,948	16,853	35,098	3,906	3,207	8,359	2,754	7,982	2,279	1,668	4,
63	56,653	47,429	20,640	635	3,010	16,995	36,013	3,903	3,258	8,520	2,830	8,277	2,358	1,747	5,
64	58,283	48,686	21,005	634	3,097	17,274	37,278	3,951	3,347	8,812	2,911	8,660	2,348	1,856	5,
65	60,765	50,689	21,926	632	3,232	18,062	38,839	4,036	3,477	9,239	2,977	9,036	2,378	1,996	5,7
66	63,901	53,116	23,158	627	3,317	19,214	40,743	4,158	3,608	9,637	3,058	9,498	2,564	2,141	6,0
67	65,803	54,413	23,308	613	3,248	19,447	42,495	4,268	3,700	9,906	3,185	10,045	2,719	2,302	6,
68 69	67,897 70,384	56,058 58,189	23,737 24,361	606 619	3,350 3,575	19,781 20,167	44,160 46,023	4,318 4,442	3,791 3,919	10,308 10,785	3,337 3,512	10,567 11,169	2,737 2,758	2,442 2,533	6,6
					1										
70	70,880	58,325	23,578	623	3,588	19,367	47,302	4,515	4,006	11,034	3,645	11,548	2,731	2,664	7,
71	71,214 73,675	58,331 60,341	22,935 23,668	609 628	3,704	18,623 19,151	48,278 50,007	4,476 4,541	4,014 4,127	11,338 11,822	3,772 3,908	11,797 12,276	2,696 2,684	2,747 2,859	7,4
72 73	76,790	63,058	24,893	642	4,097	20,154	51,897	4,656	4,127	12,315	4,046	12,270	2,663	2,923	8,1
74	78,265	64,095	24,794	697	4,020	20,077	53,471	4,725	4,447	12,539	4,148	13,441	2,724	3,039	8,4
75	76,945	62,259	22,600	752	3,525	18,323	54,345	4,542	4,430	12,630	4,165	13,892	2,748	3,179	8,
76	79,382	64,511	23,352	779	3,576	18,997	56,030	4,582	4,562	13,193	4,271	14,551	2,733	3,273	8,6
)77	82,471	67,344	24,346	813	3,851	19,682	58,125	4,713	4,723	13,792	4,467	15,302	2,727	3,377	9,0
78	86,697	71,026	25,585	851	4,229	20,505	61,113	4,923	4,985	14,556	4,724	16,252	2,753	3,474	9,4
79	89,823	73,876	26,461	958	4,463	21,040	63,363	5,136	5,221	14,972	4,975	17,112	2,773	3,541	9,0
80	90,406	74,166	25,658	1,027	4,346	20,285	64,748	5,146	5,292	15,018	5,160	17,890	2,866	3,610	9,
81	91,152	75,121	25,497	1,139	4,188	20,170	65,655	5,165	5,375	15,171	5,298	18,615	2,772	3,640	9,0
82	89,544	73,707 74,282	23,812 23,330	1,128 952	3,904	18,780 18,432	65,732 66,821	5,081 4,952	5,295 5,283	15,158	5,340 5,466	19,021 19,664	2,739	3,640	9,4
83 84	90,152 94,408	78,384	24,718	966	4,380	19,372	69,690	5,156	5,568	15,587 16,512	5,684	20,746	2,774 2,807	3,662 3,734	9, 9,
85	97,387	80,992	24,842	927	4,668	19,248	72,544	5,233	5,727	17,315	5,948	21,927	2,875	3,832	9,
86	99,344	82,651	24,533	777	4,810	18,947	74,811	5,247	5,761	17,680	6,273	22,957	2,899	3,893	9,9
987	101,958	84,948	24,674	717	4,958	18,999	77,284	5,362	5,848	18,422	6,533	24,110	2,943	3,967	10,
88	105,210	87,824	25,125	713	5,098	19,314	80,086	5,514	6,030	19,023	6,630	25,504	2,971	4,076	10,
69	107,895	90,117	25,254	692	5,171	19,391	82,642	5,625	6,187	19,475	6,668	26,907	2,988	4,182	10,0
	109,419	91,115	24,905	709	5,120	19,076	84,514	5,793	6,173	19,601	6,709	27,934	3,085	4,305	10,9
91	108,256	89,854	23,745	689	4,650	18,406	84,511	5,762	6,081	19,284	6,646	28,336	2,966	4,355	11,0
92 93	108,519 110,178	89,866 91,336	23,142 22,975	631 599	4,471 4,574	18,040 17,802	85,377 87,203	5,709 5,708	6,045 6,113	19,346 19,743	6,571	29,053 30,192	2,969 2,915	4,403 4,467	11,
			,	L			İ	l		L	1		_,_,_		L
.			, · · · · · ·		Γ	M	onthly data	a, seasonal	ly adjusted	l 					
93: Varch	109,565	90,777	23,016	600	4,481	17,935	86,549	5,724	6,103	19,604	6,574	29,756	2,938	4,443	11,
\pril	109,820	91,020	22,980	600	4,517	17,863	86,840	5,720	6,110	19,648	6,585	29,977	2,923	4,458	11,
	110,058	91,239	23,006	602	4,577	17,827	87,052	5,719	6,125	19,702	6,588	30,099	2,912	4,462	11,
une	110,101	91,278	22,941	596	4,574	17,771	87,160	5,711	6,110	19,751	6,590	30,175	2,901	4,451	11,
luly	110,338	91,497	22,948	595	4,593	17,760	87,390	5,709	6,126	19,790	6,604	30,320	2,896	4,477	11,
	110,305	91,478	22,903	592	4,593	17,718	87,402	5,690	6,107	19,795	6,602	30,381	2,906	4,471	11,
September	110,502 110,664	91,580	22,886	596 596	4,592	17,698	87,616	5,692	6,117	19,836	6,616	30,433	2,901	4,507	11,
October November	110,880	91,761 91,976	22,934 22,994	596 595	4,629 4,664	17,709 17,735	87,730 87,886	5,693 5,700	6,122 6,129	19,846 19,853	6,632 6,651	30,534 30,649	2,901 2,896	4,488 4,486	11,
December	111,110	92,156	23,008	605	4,665	17,735	88,102	5,700	6,129	19,053	6,660	30,709	2,090	4,498	11,
94:	,.,.	32,130	25,000	303	7,505	,,,,,,	33,102	3,337	3,,55	.5,548	5,500] 55,, 65	,510	4,400	'''
lanuary	111,079	92,150	23,024	602	4,653	17,769	88,055	5,708	6,156	19,923	6,656	30,683	2,897	4,472	11,
ebruary ^p	111,277	92,350	23,018	601	4,643	17,774	88,259	5,716	6,174	19,986	6,664	30,792	2,886	4,490	11, 11,
March ^p	111,733	92,772	23,101	598	4,717	17,786	88,632	5,737	6,184	20,060	6,675	31,015	2,880	4,499	

44

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1992) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1989) are subject to revision.

Not available.
 Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonfarm total for the March 1959 benchmark month.

p = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

V	-	Total private			Mining			Construction	1
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				A	nnual averag	es		1	.
1964	38.7	\$2.36	\$91.33	41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06
965	38.8	2.46	95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
966	38.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
967	38.0	2.68	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95
968	37.8	2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49
969	37.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
970	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
971	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
972	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
973	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89
974	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25
975	36.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.95	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.08
976	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73
977	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.65
978	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69
979	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
980	35.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
981	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26
982	34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.82
983	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.28	479.40	37.1	11.94	442.97
984	35.2	8.32	292.86	43.3	11.63	503.58	37.8	12.13	458.51
985	34.9	8.57	299.09	43.4	11.98	519.93	37.7	12.32	464.46
986	34.8	8.76	304.85	42.2	12.46	525.81	37.4	12.48	466.75
987	34.8	8.98	312.50	42.4	12.54	531.70	37.8	12.71	480.44
988	34.7	9.28	322.02	42.3	12.80	541.44	37.9	13.08	495.73
989	34.6	9.66	334.24	43.0	13.26	570.18	37.9	13.54	513.17
990	34.5	10.01	345.35	44.1	13.68	603.29	38.2	13.77	526.01
991	34.3	10.32	353.98	44.4	14.19	630.04	38.1	14.00	533.40
992	34.4	10.58	363.95	43.9	14.54	638.31	38.0	14.15	537.70
993	34.5	10.83	373.64	44.2	14.60	645.32	38.4	14.35	551.04
		1		Monthly data	a. not seasor	nally adjusted	i	d	1
1993:		1			<u> </u>	· · · ·			
March	34.0	\$10.79	\$366.86	42.9	\$14.71	\$631.06	37.4	\$14.27	\$533.70
April	34.2	10.79	369.02	43.7	14.88	650.26	37.8	14.25	538.65
May	34.6	10.82	374.37	44.3	14.72	652.10	39.2	14.31	560.95
June	34.6	10.76	372.30	44.1	14.59	643.42	39.3	14.23	559.24
July	34.8	10.75	374.10	44.1	14.48	638.57	39.5	14.35	566.83
August	35.1	10.78	378.38	44.9	14.43	647.91	39.7	14.43	572.87
September	34.5	10.91	376.40	44.5	14.53	646.59	38.3	14.51	555.73
October	34.6	10.94	378.52	45.5	14.46	657.93	39.3	14.53	571.0 3
November	34.5	10.96	378.12	44.7	14.43	645.02	38.6	14.44	557.38
December	34.7	10.97	380.66	44.6	14.66	653.84	38.2	14.44	551.61
994:					1			1	
January	34.3	11.06	379.36	44.1	15.05	663.71	37.0	14.38	532.06
February ^o	34.0	11.06	376.04	43.6	14.84	647.02	36.0	14.43	519.48
March ^p	34.4	11.05	380.12	44.1	14.85	654.89	38.2	14.42	550.84

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

		Manufa	acturing		Transı	oortation and utilities	public	W	/holesale tra	de
Year and month	Weekiy hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly
					Annual	averages				
964	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	41.1	\$2.89	\$118.78	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.50
965	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	3.03	125.14	40.8	2.60	106.0
966	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.1
967	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.87	115.6
968	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.04	121.9
969	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.8
970	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.43	136.8
971	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.4	3.64	143.4
972	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.6
973	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.2	4.07	159.5
974	40.0	4.42	4.25	176.80	40.2	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.38	169.9
975	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.6	4.72	182.1
976	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	6.45	256.71	38.7	5.02	194.2
977	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	209.1
978	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.1
979	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.9
980	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.4	6.95	266.8
981	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.55	290.6
982	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.08	309.4
983	40.1	8.83	8.52	354.08	39.0	10.79	420.81	38.5	8.54	328.7
984	40.7	9.19	8.82	374.03	39.4	11.12	438.13	38.5	8.88	341.8
985	40.5	9.54	9.16	386.37	39.5	11.40	450.30	38.4	9.15	351.3
986	40.7	9.73	9.34	396.01	39.2	11.70	458.64	38.3	9.34	357.7
987	41.0	9.91	9.48	406.31	39.2	12.03	471.58	38.1	9.59	365.3
988	41.1	10.19	9.73	418.81	38.8	12.26	475.69	38.1	9.98	380.2
989	41.0	10.48	10.02	429.68	38.9	12.60	490.14	38.0	10.39	394.8
990	40.8	10.83	10.37	441.86	38.9	12.97	504.53	38.1	10.79	411.1
991	40.7	11.18	10.71	455.03	38.7	13.22	511.61	38.1	11.15	424.8
992	41.0	11.46	10.95	469.86	38.9	13.46	523.59	38.2	11.39	435.1
993	41.4	11.76	11.20	486.86	39.7	13.64	541.51	38.2	11.71	447.3
				Month	y data, not	seasonally a	djusted			
993:	40.0	611.64	611.14	£476.00	20.0	C10.60	\$504.00	27.0	£14 E0	6400 4
March	40.9	\$11.64	\$11.14	\$476.08	39.2	\$13.63	\$534.30	37.8	\$11.59	\$438.1
April	40.9	11.71	11.19	478.94	39.2	13.61	533.51	38.0	11.70	444.6
May	41.3 41.4	11.72	11.18	484.04	39.8 39.7	13.57	540.09	38.4	11.73	450.4
July	41.4	11.73	11.17	485.62 480.93	40.0	13.58 13.65	539.13 546.00	38.3 38.3	11.64 11.71	445.8 448.4
	41.0 41.5	11.73	11.19	485.97	40.0 40.4	13.65	551.46	38.4	11.71	448.4
August	41.5	11.86	11.25	492.19	39.8	13.05	545.26	38.1	11.78	450.4
October	41.5 41.8	11.81	11.25	492.19	39.8	13.70	545.26	38.3	11.78	440.8
November	41.8 42.0	11.88	11.27	493.00	39.9	13.00	545.66	38.2	11.79	450.3
December	42.0 42.4	12.01	11.27	509.22	39.9	13.75	548.63	38.3	11.79	450.3
994:									11.04	1
January	41.5	11.97	11.39	496.76	39.6	13.84	548.06	38.2	11.94	456.1
February	40.9	12.02	11.44	491.62	39.6	13.87	549.25	37.9	11.92	451.7
March ^p	41.9	12.01	11.40	503.22	39.7	13.88	551.04	38.1	11.86	451.8

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

B-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

Year and		Retail trade			ance, insurar nd real estat			Services	
month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				Aı	nnual averag	es			
1964	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.75	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.79	36.1	\$1.94	\$70.03
1965	36.6	1.82	66.61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	2.05	73.60
1966	35.9	1.91	68.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
1967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	80.38
1968	34.7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	83.97
1969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
1970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
1971	33.7	2.60	87.62	36.6	3.22	117.85	33.9	3.04	103.06
1972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	3.36	122.98	33.9	3.27	110.85
1973	33.1	2.91	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
1974	32.7	3.14	102.68	36.5	3.77	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
1975	32.4	3.36	108.86	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
976	32.1	3.57	114.60	36.4	4.27	155.43	33.3	4.31	143.52
977	31.6	3.85	121.66	36.4	4.54	165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
978	31.0	4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4.99	163.67
1979	30.6	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	190.71
981	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	6.31	229.05	32.6	6.41	208.97
982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44	32.6	6.92	225.59
983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7	7.31	239.04
984	29.8	5.85	174.33	36.5	7.63	278.50	32.6	7.59	247.43
985	29.4	5.94	174.64	36.4	7.94	289.02	32.5	7.90	256.75
1986	29.2	6.03	176.08	36.4	8.36	304.30	32.5	8.18	265.85
1987	29.2	6.12	178.70	36.3	8.73	316.90	32.5	8.49	275.93
1988	29.1	6.31	183.62	35.9	9.06	325.25	32.6	8.88	289.49
1989	28.9	6.53	188.72	35.8	9.53	341.17	32.6	9.38	305.79
1990	28.8	6.75	194.40	35.8	9.97	356.93	32.5	9.83	319.48
1991	28.6	6.94	198.48	35.7	10.39	370.92	32.4	10.23	331.45
1992	28.8	7.13	205.34	35.8	10.82	387.36	32.5	10.55	342.88
1993	28.8	7.29	209.95	35.7	11.32	404.12	32.5	10.81	351.33
			i	Monthly data	ı, not seasor	nally adjusted	j		
1993:			[
March	27.8	\$7.28	\$202.38	35.5	\$11.17	\$396.54	32.3	\$10.81	\$349.16
April	28.5	7.27	207.20	35.7	11.21	400.20	32.3	10.77	347.87
May	28.9	7.28	210.39	36.2	11.34	410.51	32.7	10.78	352.51
June	29.1	7.26	211.27	35.6	11.20	398.72	32.6	10.68	348.17
July	29.6	7.24	214.30	35.6	11.24	400.14	32.8	10.64	348.99
August	29.7	7.24	215.03	36.4	11.35	413.14	33.1	10.68	353.51
September	28.9	7.32	211.55	35.6	11.38	405.13	32.3	10.85	350.46
October	28.8	7.36	211.97	35.7	11.48	409.84	32.4	10.89	352.84
November	28.6	7.36	210.50	35.6	11.52	410.11	32.5	10.95	355.88
December	29.3	7.36	215.65	35.7	11.60	414.12	32.4	11.01	356.72
1994:		ļ	1						
January	28.2	7.45	210.09	36.3	11.74	426.16	32.6	11.09	361.53
February ^o	28.1	7.45	209.35	35.8	11.71	419.22	32.3	11.08	357.88
March ^p	28.5	7.44	212.04	35.7	11.67	416.62	32.4	11.06	358.34

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1992 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and selected component groups, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

e Industra					19	93						1994	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar.º
Total	109,565	109,820	110,058	110,101	110,338	110,305	110,502	110,664	110,880	111,110	111,079	111,277	111,733
Total private	90,777	91,020	91,239	91,278	91,497	91,478	91,580	91,761	91,976	92,156	92,150	92,350	92,772
Goods-producing	23,016	22,980	23,006	22,941	22,948	22,903	22,886	22,934	22,994	23,008	23,024	23,018	23,101
Mining ¹	600 334	600 335	602 338	596 340	595 346	592 351	596 352	596 351	595 349		602 341	601 339	598 337
Construction ¹	4,481	4,517	4,577	4,574	4,593	4,593	4,592	4,629	4,664	4,665	4,653	4,643	4,717
General building contractors	1,049	1,062	1,067	1,063	1,060	1,050		1,062	1,078		1,083	1,068	1,090
Manufacturing	17,935	17,863	17,827	17,771	17,760	17,718	17,698	17,709	17,735	17,738	17,769	17,774	17,786
Durable goods Lumber and wood products	10,144 690	10,090 683	10,047 678	10,011 677	9,996 678	9,974 680	9,974 683	9,988 690	10,013 694	10,028 699	10,061 705	10,067 706	10,074 703
Furniture and fixtures	480	480	482	481	482	479		480	482		487	486	487
Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries	513	511 678	512 678	511 673	511 672	511 670	512	513 672		514	517 676	516	518
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	241	240	239	237	237	236	236	236	238	236	237	237	234
Fabricated metal products	1,320 1,904	1,316 1,904	1,310 1,902	1,306 1,900	1,304 1,898	1,303 1,891	1,304 1,893	1,307 1,892	1,313 1,897	1,315 1,897	1,325 1,901	1,324 1,906	1,330 1,911
Electronic and other electrical equipment	1,525	1,519	1,513	1,508	1,506	1,506	1,507	1,509	1,515	1,518	1,516		1,528
Transportation equipment	1,771	1,743	1,723	1,712	1,706	1,700		1,697	1,698	1,703	1,713	1,713	1,707
Motor vehicles and equipment	827	810	803	804	807	812	814	823	827	842	875	867	863
Aircraft and parts	563	558	550	541	534	528	527	521	514	505	499	492	488
Instruments and related products	896	892	886	880	876	874		868	865	•	859	856	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	363	364	363	363	363	360	360	360	360	361	362	360	360
Nondurable goods	7,791	7,773	7,780	7,760	7,764	7,744	7,724	7,721	7,722	7,710	7,708	7,707	7,712
Food and kindred products	1,658 48	1,651 48	1,650 48	1,646 48	1,645 47	1,651 45	1,640 45	1,652 45	1,649 47	1,644 46	1,642 44	1,647 44	1,652 44
Tobacco products Textile mill products		670	670	667	668	663	662	663	662	1	662	664	666
Apparel and other textile products		987	988	983	979	973	969	962	959		950	947	945
Paper and allied products		682	682	681	680	678	678	676	675	676		676	
Printing and publishing		1,503	1,506	1,503	1,506	1,507	1,507	1,503	1,505	1,505	1,508	1,509	1,510
Chemicals and allied products	1,078	1,074	1,077	1,075	1,076	1,072	1,072	1,068	1,066	1,065	1,059	1,053	1,051
Petroleum and coal products	156	156	156		155	154	154	154	155	153	152	151	151
Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	886 117	886 116	887 116	887 115	891 117	886 115	883 114	883 115	889 115		898 116		904 114
Service-producing	86,549	. 86,840	87,052	87,160	87,390	87,402	87,616	87,730	87,886	88,102	88,055	88,259	88,632
Transportation and public utilities		5,720 3,513	5,719 3,515		5,709 3,514	5,690 3,497	5,692 3,503	5,693 3,505	5,700 3,517	1 *	5,708 3,529	5,716 3,540	1 '
Trucking and warehousing		1,629	1,630		1,632	1,631	1,630	1,631	1,638		1,643	1,653	1,663
Transportation by air		737	736			728	732	729	731		736	737	740
Communications and public utilities	2,211	2,207	2,204	2,201	2,195	2,193	2,189	2,188	2,183			2,176	2,172
Wholesale trade	6,103	6,110	6,125			6,107	6,117	6,122			6,156	6,174	6,184
Durable goods Nondurable goods		3,488 2,622	3,489 2,636			3,488 2,619		3,499 2,623			3,525 2,631	3,536 2,638	
Retail trade¹	19,604				19,790	19,795						19,986	
General merchandise stores	2,394		2,368			2,359	2,364	2,365		2,357	2,332	2,347	2,366
Food stores Automotive dealers and service	3,198	3,199	3,205	3,220	3,217	3,226	3,220	3,228	3,213	3,218	3,222	3,234	3,246
stations	2,018	2,021	2,026	2,029	2,033	2,040	2,046	2,053	2,062	2,075	2,080	2,097	2,108
Apparel and accessory stores	1,143			1	1 -	1,145							
Eating and drinking places		1 '		į ·	1 -								

B-3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and selected component groups, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

to disate.					19	93						1994	
industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar.º
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,574	6,585	6,588	6,590	6,604	6,602	6,616	6,632	6,651	6,660	6,656	6,664	6,67
Finance	3,185	3,195	3,197	3,201	3,214	3,215	3,226	3,242	3,253	3,262	3,266	3,276	3,28
Depository institutions	2,111	2,113	2,110	2,107	2,119	2,116	2,117	2,122	2,125	2,126	2,126	2,127	2,13
Insurance	2,109	2,108	2,110	2,112	2,114	2,114	2,113	2,111	2,114	2,113	2,105	2,103	2,10
Real estate	1,280	1,282	1,281	1,277	1,276	1,273	1,277	1,279	1,284	1,285	1,285	1,285	1,28
Services ¹	29,756	29,977	30,099	30,175	30,320	30,381	30,433	30,534	30,649	30,709	30,683	30,792	31,01
Agricultural services	494	505	509	510	512	516	524	527	535	539	540	524	52
Hotels and other lodging places	1,563	1,564	1,572	1,580	1,584	1,577	1,584	1,596	1,586	1,587	1,594	1.589	1,60
Personal services	1,086	1,091	1,121	1,123	1,126	1,123	1,114	1,116	1,115	1,110	1,100	1,094	1,09
Business services	5,598	5,665	5,696	5,721	5,772	5,800	5.814	5,902	5,945	5,976	5.975	6,028	6.10
Personnel supply services	1,874	1,921	1,941	1,954	1,997	2,012	2,015	2,085	2,108	2,140	2,148	2,181	2,22
Auto repair, services, and parking	906	915	921	927	931	937	942	942	951	962	967	977	99
Miscellaneous repair services	352	353	354	356	355	355	356	358	360	361	366	369	36
Motion pictures	416	417	415	414	415	421	428	426	422	426	424	429	43
Amusement and recreation services	1,148	1,206	1,200	1,198	1,209	1,212	1,194	1,172	1,174	1,173	1,134	1,158	1,19
Health services	8,784	8,819	8,847	8,861	8,885	8,902	8,933	8,961	8,985	8,997	9,017	9,033	9,07
Hospitals	3,811	3,813	3,825	3,819	3,822	3,820	3,821	3,818	3,818	3,816	3,816	3,816	3,82
Legal services	928	930	931	929	929	930	933	932	933	930	932	934	93
Educational services	1,736	1,742	1,745	1,735	1,752	1,747	1,757	1,755	1,770	1,768	1,760	1,769	1,78
Social services	2,032	2,045	2,050	2,068	2,098	2,110	2,092	2,086	2,099	2,109	2,112	2,120	2,13
Museums and botanical and zoological					·		·						
gardens	73	75	76	76	76	77	77	78	78	78	77	77	7
Membership organizations	1,951	1,956	1,955	1,965	1,964	1,963	1,962	1,964	1,969	1,968	1,971	1,969	1,98
Engineering and management services	2,503	2,509	2,522	2,527	2,528	2,527	2,540	2,536	2,544	2,542	2,530	2,538	2,54
Government	18,788	18,800	18,819	18.823	18.841	18,827	18,922	18,903	18,904	18,954	18,929	18,927	18,96
Federal	2,938	2,923	2,912	2,901	2,896	2.906	2,901	2,901	2,896	2,918	2.897	2.886	2,88
State	4,443	4,458	4,462	4,451	4,477	4,471	4,507	4,488	4,486	4,498	4,472	4,490	
Local	11,407	11,419	11,445	' '	11,468	11,450	11,514	11,514	11,522	11,538	11,560	11,551	11,58

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

p = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from

March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1989 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA WOMEN EMPLOYEES SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-4. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

lando antas c						19	93						1994
Industry	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Total	52,816	52,937	52,943	53,103	53,254	53,307	53,468	53,433	53,505	53,567	53,658	53,790	53,726
Total private	42,690	42,791	42,784	42,937	43,075	43,103	43,210	43,193	43,261	43,336	43,428	43,509	43,453
Goods-producing	6,492	6,498	6,489	6,472	6,461	6,433	6.432	6,404	6.390	6,389	6,401	6,394	6.395
Mining	90	88	87	87	87	86	87	87	86	87	87	87	86
•													
Construction	506	510	507	507	506	508	511	510	512	513	515	516	517
Manufacturing	5,896	5,900	5,895	5,878	5,868	5,839	5,834	5,807	5,792	5,789	5,799	5,791	5,792
Durable goods	2,700	2,700	2,695	2,683	2,671	2,660	2,650	2,642	2,640	2,642	2,646	2,648	2,652
Lumber and wood products	112	112	113	112	110	110	111	111	112	113	114	115	116
Furniture and fixtures	145	146	146	145	145	146	146	145	145	145	147	147	148
Stone, clay, and glass products	102	103	102	102	101	101	101	101	101	102	101	100	101
Primary metal industries	92	92	91	91	91	91	90	90	90	91	91	91	92
Fabricated metal products	291	292	291	290	288	287	287	286	286	287	288	289	291
Industrial machinery and equipment	419	419	420	418	418	415	412	410	411	410	410	410	409
Electronic and other electrical equipment	640	642	642	640	639	637	635	635	635	637	638	640	638
Transportation equipment	363	359	356	353	351	347	345	345	343	341	342	343	345
Instruments and related products	371	370	368	366	363	361	358	356	354	353	352	351	350
Miscellaneous manufacturing	165	165	166	166	165	165	165	163	163	163	163	162	162
Nondurable goods	3,196	3,200	3,200	3,195	3,197	3,179	3,184	3,165	3,152	3,147	3,153	3,143	3,140
Food and kindred products	535	536	536	535	535	531	530	532	522	531	532	529	528
Tobacco products	16	16	15	16	16	16	15	14	15	15	15	15	14
Textile mill products	320	320	319	320	320	318	318	315	315	315	313	313	314
Apparel and other textile products	770	769	770	766	766	759	762	750	747	739	738	730	726
Paper and allied products	168	168	167	166	166	165	166	165	164	163	164	164	164
Printing and publishing		666	666	666	667	666	666	669	668	666	668	668	669
Chemicals and allied products	336	336	337	336	337	336	337	335	335	334	335	335	333
Petroleum and coal products		25	25	25	25	25	24	24	25	24	24	25	25
Rubber and misc. plastics products	298	299	300	300	301	299	301	298	298	297	300	300	302
Leather and leather products	64	65	65	65	64	64	65	63	63	63	64	64	65
Service-producing	46,324	46,439	46,454	46,631	46,793	46,874	47,036	47,029	47,115	47,178	47,257	47,396	47,331
Transportation and public utilities	1,677	1,679	1,680	1,678	1,679	1,681	1,680	1,674	1,675	1,679	1,683	1,679	1,679
Wholesale trade	1,868	1,869	1,869	1,874	1,876	1,867	1,871	1,862	1,866	1,874	1,876	1,876	1,882
Retail trade	10,331	10,381	10,348	10,370	10,405	10,431	10,451	10,441	10,459	10,467	10,472	10,521	10,493
Finance, insurance, and real estate		4,166	4,162	4,170	4,178	4,178	4,189	4,192	4,200	4,201	4,217	4,223	4,219
		,		,	·	[ĺ		,	ĺ			-
Services		18,198	18,236	18,373	18,476	18,513	18,587	18,620	18,671	18,726	18,779	18,816	18,785
Government		10,146	10,159	10,166	10,179	10,204	10,258	10,240	10,244	10,231	10,230	10,281	10,273
Federal		1,222	1,220	1,216	1,212	1,207	1,200	1,205	1,204	1,203	1,203	1,213	1,204
State	2,216	2,218	2,220	2,223	2,226	2,223	2,243	2,242	2,250	2,245	2,243	2,249	2,230
Local	6.689	6,706	6,719	6,727	6,741	6,774	6,815	6,793	6,790	6,783	6,784	6,819	6,839

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced,

all seasonally adjusted data from January 1989 forward are subject to revision.

B-5. Production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

to director.					19	93						1994	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar.º
Total private	73,827	74,014	74,291	74,296	74,503	74,493	74,577	74,779	74,956	75,079	75,054	75,287	75,64
Goods-producing	16,088	16,068	16,115	16,064	16,074	16,032	16,039	16,089	16,156	16,171	16,174	16,204	16,28
Mining	424	423	426	421	420	417	421	419	418	430	426	425	42
Construction	3,433	3,467	3,534	3,528	3,548	3,544	3,544	3,579	3,611	3,602	3,570	3,576	3,64
Manufacturing	12,231	12,178	12,155	12,115	12,106	12,071	12,074	12,091	12,127	12,139	12,178	12,203	12,21
Durable goods	6,783	6,745	6,718	6,696	6,684	6,668	6,682	6,702	6,725	6,749	6,786	6,804	6,81
Lumber and wood products	569	561	557	556	557	559	562	569	572	576	582	584	58
Furniture and fixtures		379	381	380	380	377	379	379	382	384	385	385	38
Stone, clay, and glass products		393	394	393	394	393	394	396	396	397	400	398	40
Primary metal industries		516	516	513	511	510	511	512	516	515	517	521	52
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		183	183	181	180	179	180	181	182	181	181	181	17
Fabricated metal products	973	969	966	964	961	962	963	966	972	975	982	984	98
Industrial machinery and equipment	1,147	1,148	1,148	1,150	1,150	1,144	1,148	1,152	1,156	1,161	1,166		1,17
Electronic and other electrical equipment	973	970	967	963	962	959	962	966	969	976	972	979	98
Transportation equipment	1,125	1.109	1.096	1.087	1,082	1,081	1,081	1.081	1,084	1,087	1.105		1.10
Motor vehicles and equipment		625	619	617	618	620	621	626	631	644	676	672	66
Instruments and related products	439	438	432	430	427	426	424	423	421	420	419	418	41
Miscellaneous manufacturing	261	262	261	260	260	257	258	258	257	258	258	257	25
Nondurable goods	5,448	5,433	5,437	5,419	5,422	5,403	5,392	5,389	5,402	5,390	5,392	5,399	5,40
Food and kindred products	1,212	1,206	1,203	1,199	1,199	1,206	1,195	1,206	1,207	1,203	1,201	1,206	1,21
Tobacco products	36	36	36	36	35	33	34	34	36	34	33	33	3.
Textile mill products	569	571	571	568	568	563	563	564	562	563	564	565	56
Apparel and other textile products	834	828	829	823	819	813	812	805	805	797	795	794	79
Paper and allied products	517	514	515	515	514	512	511	510	510	510	511	511	51
Printing and publishing	832	832	833	832	833	832	831	828	828	827	829	830	83
Chemicals and allied products		565	568	566	570	567	571	571	574	575	573	570	56
Petroleum and coal products	103	103	103	102	102	101	101	100	101	99	98	98	9
Rubber and misc. plastics products	686	685	686	685	688	684	683	679	687	690	696	701	70
Leather and leather products	94	93	93	93	94	92	91	92	92	92	92	91	9
Service-producing	57,739	57,946	58,176	58,232	58,429	58,461	58,538	58,690	58,800	58,908	58,880	59,083	59,36
Transportation and public utilities	4,794	4,792	4,790	4,783	4,784	4,763	4,761	4,771	4,776	4,758	4,774	4,783	4,80
Wholesale trade	4,923	4,924	4,935	4,922	4,938	4,927	4,932	4,939	4,944	4,949	4,964	4,984	4,98
Retail trade	17,274	17,302	17,371	17,396	17,420	17,430	17,446	17,462	17,474	17,531	17,509	17,575	17,62
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,769	4,767	4,775	4,781	4,797	4,800	4,814	4,828	4,841	4,853	4,847	4,853	4,86
Services	25,979	26,161	26,305	26,350	26,490	26,541	26,585	26,690	26,765	26,817	26,786	26.888	27.08

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary.
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1989 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA DIFFUSION INDEXES SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-6. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

(Percent)

Time span	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
					Private n	onfarm pay	rolls, 356 in	ndustries ¹			,	
Over 1-month span:		}										
1990	. 59.0	57.4	52.1	49.2	49.9	51.3	45.9	44.1	42.7	40.9	41.7	40.3
1991	39.2	39.9	40.2	36.7	50.0	43.7	47.6	52.9	48.0	46.9	46.1	45.2
1992	41.9	45.6	51.1	55.9	52.5	45.2	52.2	45.5	52.7	52.4	52.0	54.8
1993		59.7	51.0	53.8	56.9	46.5	57.9	44.4	57.2	53.9	61.0	56.0
1994	55.8	P 57.0	P 61.9									
Over 3-month span:												
1990	. 59.0	59.8	53.9	48.9	48.0	47.2	46.2	40.6	36.9	35.5	35.5	35.3
1991	33.8	32.4	32.0	39.0	38.9	43.8	48.0	49.4	50.3	44.5	42.6	40.3
1992		44.5	51.8	56.0	52.9	50.4	44.8	47.8	47.3	52.0	54.2	57.2
1993		60.8	58.7	56.2	52.4	55.1	46.5	52.8	51.8	61.9	60.0	60.3
1994		P 64.2		-50.2	52		,,,,,	52.5		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	00.0	55.5
Over 6-month span:												
1990	58.7	55.2	55.3	51.3	46.9	43.4	40.4	36.6	36.0	33.3	32.0	31.0
1991		33.0	31.9	33.7	39.3	43.7	46.2	45.2	46.9	43.8	41.6	41.2
1992		47.1	47.5	51.7	51.3	48.9	47.3	45.6	48.9	51.8	57.7	56.6
1993		58.3	58.3	57.7	49.7	51.1	52.9	55.9	58.7	57.0	P 61.0	P 63.9
1994		30.3	30.3	37.7	40.7	31.1	32.3	33.8	30.7	37.0	01.0	. 00.5
Over 12-month span:												
	55.5	50.7	517	40.5	45.4	40.0	20.2	26.4	25.0	22.0	33.0	30.6
1990		52.7	51.7	48.5		42.6	39.3	36.1	35.8	33.0		
1991		31.0	31.7	31.9	31.7	33.8	35.8	37.5	40.0	44.9	45.5	46.3
1992		43.0	42.3	42,7	45.8	47.2	49.3	54.2	53.1	51.3	52.1	51.5
1993		52.4	53.4	56.6	58.8	59.7	60.5	P 59.6	P 61.7		ł	
1994	•											
					Manufac	turing payre	olfs, 139 in	dustries ¹				
Over 1-month span:												
1990	48.9	48.6	44.6	47.5	40.3	44.6	40.3	39.6	35.6	38.1	29.1	34.5
1991		34.2	33.5	36.3	46.4	42.1	45.3	51.8	41.7	47.1	41.4	40.3
1992		41.4	47.8	49.6	45.7	41.0	50.4	37.1	46.8	39.6	50.4	47.1
1993 1994		54.7 9 52.9	47.5 9 53.2	36.3	50.7	38.5	50.7	37.1	48.2	49.3	55.8	51.8
Over 3-month span:		ì		1								
1990	45.7	47.1	46.4	39.6	40.3	38.1	36.0	29.1	29.1	22.7	23.0	22.3
1991	23.7	22.3	19.8	33.5	35.6	38.8	45.7	46.0	48.6	38.8	37.4	33.1
1992	33.5	38.5	43.5	45.0	41.7	44.6	35.6	37.1	29.9	39.9	42.8	51.4
1993		57.6	45.7	42.1	34.2	44.2	32.4	39.2	38.8	54.0	55.4	56.5
1994		P 57.9	10.7		02		02	55.2	55.5	0	33.1	55.5
Over 6-month enan:				41.7	35.6	32.4	28.1	25.2	21.9	24.0	10.0	17.6
	400		404		JD.0			25.2 40.3	21.9 41.0	21.2	18.3	
1990		41.4	42.4		945					38.1	34.5	34.2
1990 1991	14.7	20.9	21.6	25.5	34.5	38.8	42.4					
1990 1991 1992	14.7 34.9	20.9 34.5	21.6 36.0	25.5 42.8	39.6	36.0	30.2	31.7	34.2	37.4	48,6	49.6
1991	14.7	20.9	21.6	25.5							48.6 P 55.4	49.6 P 56.1
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	14.7 34.9	20.9 34.5	21.6 36.0	25.5 42.8	39.6	36.0	30.2	31.7	34.2	37.4		
1990	. 14.7 . 34.9 . 50.7	20.9 34.5 46.0	21.6 36.0 45.0	25.5 42.8 43.9	39.6 32.7	36.0 29.9	30.2 38.5	31.7 41.0	34.2 47.8	37.4 48.9	P 55.4	P 56.1
1990	14.7 34.9 50.7	20.9 34.5 46.0	21.6 36.0 45.0	25.5 42.8 43.9	39.6 32.7 28.1	36.0 29.9 26.3	30.2 38.5	31.7 41.0 20.5	34.2 47.8	37.4 48.9 16.5	P 55.4 16.2	P 56.1
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 Over 12-month span: 1990 1991	14.7 34.9 50.7 37.8 16.5	20.9 34.5 46.0 35.3 16.2	21.6 36.0 45.0 33.5 17.3	25.5 42.8 43.9 33.1 18.0	39.6 32.7 28.1 20.9	26.3 24.1	30.2 38.5 23.7 26.3	31.7 41.0 20.5 30.6	34.2 47.8 19.4 32.7	37.4 48.9 16.5 37.8	P 55.4 16.2 36.7	P 56.1 15.8 36.7
1990	14.7 34.9 50.7 37.8 16.5	20.9 34.5 46.0	21.6 36.0 45.0	25.5 42.8 43.9	39.6 32.7 28.1	36.0 29.9 26.3	30.2 38.5	31.7 41.0 20.5	34.2 47.8 19.4 32.7 41.7	37.4 48.9 16.5	P 55.4 16.2	P 56.1
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 Over 12-month span: 1990 1991	37.8 16.5 41.0	20.9 34.5 46.0 35.3 16.2	21.6 36.0 45.0 33.5 17.3	25.5 42.8 43.9 33.1 18.0	39.6 32.7 28.1 20.9	26.3 24.1	30.2 38.5 23.7 26.3	31.7 41.0 20.5 30.6	34.2 47.8 19.4 32.7	37.4 48.9 16.5 37.8	P 55.4 16.2 36.7	P 56.1 15.8 36.7

¹ Based on seasonally adjusted data for 1-, 3-, and 6-month spans and unadjusted data for the 12-month span. Data are centered within the span.

P = preliminary.

indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1992) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1989) are subject to revision.

 $^{^{9}}$ = preliminary.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

01-1-						1993						19	94
State	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p
			,				Total ¹				,		
Nabama	1,705.0	1,705.3	1,713.0	1,710.1	1,714.0	1,711.8	1,715.7	1,718.0	1,722.3	1,721.6	1,722.2	1,722.7	1,727
Jaska	251.2	251.4	250.5	250.0	251.5	253.3	253.7	254.1	254.3	254.1	255.4	255.0	258
rizona	1,545.6	1,552.3	1,565.3	1,566.8	1,577.4	1,580.0	1,582.7	1,589.0	1,587.5	1,591.6	1,593.7	1,597.7	1,604
rkansas	981.7	983.5	986.3	987.2	988.7	993.4	995.0	993.8	995.9	997.7	996.1	1,000.3	1,00
California	12,062.4	12,047.2	12,029.2	12,020.8	12,010.3	12,012.0	11,990.4	11,969.8	11,953.1	11,943.7	11.940.3	11,947.6	11,96
olorado	1,641.8	1,649.3	1.658.8	1.656.4	1.663.7	1,676.5	1,678.2	1.678.0	1,680.9	1,683.6	1,690.5	1.692.5	1,70
onnecticut	1,537.9	1,532.2	1,528.8	1,529.2	1,525.2	1,528.6	1,525.4	1,528.7	1,528.5	1,525.1	1,522.6	1,532.2	1,53
	346.5		346.8	347.0	347.2		348.8	350.6	349.6	350.3	350.8	350.0	34
Delaware		344.3				349.1							
District of Columbia	672.9	672.5	673.7	669.9	666.9	671.0	667.4	667.4	670.0	668.1	667.0	665.8	66
londa	5,486.6	5,495.3	5,542.5	5,546.0	5,562.3	5,582.2	5,597.7	5,612.1	5,628.6	5,644.9	5,668.3	5,657.8	5,68
Georgia	3,061.0	3,061.5	3,083.0	3,082.0	3,087.4	3,117.2	3,126.5	3,138.8	3,155.5	3,163.3	3,170.9	3,176.8	3,20
ławaii	540.2	540.3	541.6	542.1	541.8	541.2	539.1	538.3	539.6	537.3	536.5	534.0	53
taho	428.1	428.0	431.1	433.6	434.7	438.4	439,5	440.9	445.1	447.5	448.4	451.2	45
llinois	5,293.1	5,291.8	5,299.8	5,307.1	5,303.3	5,325.7	5,329.7	5,335.7	5,354.2	5,359.3	5,374.0	5,352.0	5,36
ndiana	2,595.6	2,594.6	2,577.2	2,571.6	2,581.1	2,581.6	2,584.0	2,589.4	2,599.1	2,609.0	2,612.2	2,613.5	2,61
owa	1,265.0	1,267.2	1,270.7	1,274.5	1,279.3	1,277.1	1,282.0	1,285.2	1,287.1	1,291.5	1,293.4	1,293.1	1,29
(ansas	1,124.4	1,126.7	1,128.3	1,130.4	1,136.6	1,140.8	1,135.5	1,145.0	1,146.6	1,146.2	1,149.7	1,150.5	1,150
(entucky	1,534.9	1,534.0	1,533.1	1,533.6	1,536.3	1,535.6	1,535.9	1,538.5	1,540.0	1,542.3	1,539.6	1,529.2	1,54
ouisiana	1,644.4	1,645.1	1,641.6	1,638.6	1,637.8	1,643.2	1,645.3	1,644.2	1.644.4	1,645.8	1,647.9	1,642.1	1,649
Aaine	514.3	515.8	517.9	519.6	518.9	519.1	520.3	519.8	521.9	522.2	521.6	517.7	52
Maryland	2,093.1	2,084.9	2,096.8	2,100.9	2,098.2	2,101.4	2,102.5	2,108.5	2,109.1	2,108.6	2,111.0	2,111.4	2,10
Massachusetts	2.817.8	2.813.1	2.828.7	2.831.1	2.834.6	2.857.2	2.860.3	2.866.2	2.869.8	2.870.2	2.868.4	2.891.7	2.89
Vichigan	3,982.2	3,983.2	3,977.2	3,975.3	3,969.0	3,983.4	3,977.5	3,991.7	3,991.1	4,007.6	4,014.7	4,028.4	4.04
	2,222.1	2,228.2	2,233.7	2,235.1	2,237.4	2,240.1	2,239.9	2,243.5	2,256.0	2,266.3	2,272.7	2,283.3	2,28
Vinnesota	984.2	987.6	991.4	995.4	997.9	1,001,1	1,009.2	1,005.0	1,008.7	1,010.1	1.009.9	1,013.6	1.01
Mississippi	2,365.6	2,367.0	2,386.7	2,392.2	2,399.3	2,401.8	2,408.2		2,419.3	2,422.4	2,430.9	2,421.8	2.43
Missouri	321.8	322.6	324.5	324.7	326.0	328.9	330.1	2,416.3 329.6	330.2	329.7	331.0	331.2	
Montana													33.
Nebraska	754.9	756.3	762.2	760.9	761.3	766.7	768.3	768.1	768.4	767.7	768.9	770.2	769
Nevada	655.8	659.2	661.3	661.7	666.2	669.6	674.9	679.1	683.7	688.6	696.5	697.9	70
New Hampshire	496.1	495.0	499.8	500.3	501.4	504.1	503.1	501.4	504.4	504.0	504.6	508.8	513
New Jersey	3,478.2	3,466.6	3,484.4	3,489.2	3,492.3	3,492.8	3,496.7	. 3,502.1	3,510.0	3,512.1	3,516.9	3,521.3	3,509
New Mexico	615.7	618.4	622.1	622.6	625.5	624.7	626.9	628.6	630.3	630.8	631.4	638.8	63
lew York	7,736.0	7,719.4	7,733.7	7,738.8	7,733.0	7,752.9	7,743.5	7,737.9	7,748.4	7,759.7	7,764.7	7,775.7	7,78
lorth Carolina	3,196.8	3,200.6	3,222.7	3,233.3	3,243.9	3,262.9	3,270.8	3,270.7	3,279.0	3,287.0	3,294.4	3,293.5	3,29
North Dakota	282.1	282.6	283.7	284.4	284.1	285.7	286.0	287.2	286.9	287.1	287.6	287.4	28
Ohio	4,896.0	4,884.7	4,902.6	4,907.3	4,905.8	4,902.9	4,907.9	4,912.1	4,920.6	4,917.5	4,923.9	4,929.7	4,93
Oklahoma	1,237.1	1,238.2	1,238.9	1,238.9	1,243.9	1,248.5	1,246.8	1,241.6	1,240.6	1,241.6	1,241.3	1,249.0	1,24
Oregon	1.299.3	1,302.6	1,305.8	1,305.1	1,309.1	1,313.6	1,313.5	1,319.9	1,323.1	1,327.7	1,329.3	1,331.2	1,33
Pennsylvania	5,112.3	5,095.8	5,111.3	5,117.3	5,107.9	5,112.5	5,108.3	5,115.0	5,119.9	5,126.6	5,138.4	5,109.8	5,11
Rhode Island	427.0	426.0	426.9	428.5	430.0	431.5	431.8	431.8	431.6	431.6	432.0	430.7	43
South Carolina	1,553.3	1,556.0	1,567.7	1,566.6	1,571.3	1,578.4	1,579.2	1,578.8	1,579.3	1,581.6	1,583.8	1,589.8	1,59
South Dakota	312.2	312.9	312.0	311.7	313.8	314.1	316.4	316.8	318.0	318.5	318.6	323.2	32
Tennessee	2,302.6	2.303.3	2,314.6	2,317.5	2,323.1	2,331.5	2,336.8	2,342.1	2,353.4	2,358.0	2,365.5	2,362.1	2,37
Texas	7.398.9	7,412.1	7,432.7	7,438.4	7,453.9	7,510.5	7,532.8	7,550.3	7,561.9	7,578.1	7,594.4	7,569.3	7.60
Jtah	7,396.9	793.9	7,432.7	7,436.4	801.7	806.4	809.6	813.3	818.6	825.0	831.7	839.9	7,60 84
/ermont	255.4		256.3										
		255.4		257.0	257.3	256.3	256.0	256.8	257.9	257.8	256.8	256.4	25
/irginia	2,893.9	2,890.4	2,902.2	2,909.1	2,913.1	2,930.8	2,932.0	2,938.4	2,945.1	2,952.9	2,960.2	2,959.4	2,96
Vashington	2,237.1	2,240.4	2,246.9	2,245.7	2,251.0	2,254.6	2,254.2	2,266.5	2,264.2	2,268.2	2,269.1	2,270.1	2,26
Vest Virginia	645.7	645.5	649.9	648.5	648.7	644.3	651.9	655.7	657.8	659.5	666.9	663.2	66
Visconsin	2,397.1	2,398.8	2,395.1	2,402.6	2,401.4	2,410.7	2,413.6	2,416.8	2,423.4	2,429.4	2,431.4	2,429.3	2,43
Vyoming	207.9	207.3	208.5	208.6	210.0	209.8	208.4	210.9	211.1	211.2	212.3	213.3	21

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(in thousands)

						1993						19	94
State	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p
							Construction	1					
Nabama	77.0	76.7	77.9	77.7	78.2	79.6	79.0	78.7	79.3	78.4	78.6	78.9	78.4
Naska	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.2	11.2	11.6	11.7	11.7	11.8	11.7	11.9	12.4	13.2
Arizona	82.9	84.5	86.7	87.4	88.2	89.5	90.3	91.2	92.7	94.0	95.4	98.1	101.3
Arkansas	37.2	37.6	37.1	37.0	37.7	37.5	37.3	37.0	37.3	37.2	37.1	37.8	38.5
California	444.4	445.9	446.9	447.4	446.4	447.8	447.8	446.0	447.0	446.9	447.1	446.4	450.0
Colorado	79.8	82.1	83.3	84.2	85.5	84.9	85.2	85.2	85.4	85.3	86.7	87.0	84.8
Connecticut	49.9	48.8	46.9	47.0	46.4	46.3	45.9	45.9	45.7	46.3	47.3	47.9	48.9
Delaware	18.3	17.5	18.4	18.6	18.3	18.3	18.3	18.2	18.2	18.3	18.3	17.9	17.4
District of Columbia	8.3	8.4	8.6	8.4	8.3	8.5	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.5	8.6	8.2	8.2
florida	284.3	284.5	286.1	284.8	285.2	286.9	288.2	289.2	291.1	292.1	294.2	295.1	294.4
Georgia	122.7	123.5	125.5	125.8	126.8	128.9	130.6	132.1	131.5	131.7	133.0	135.7	133.1
ławaii²	33.2	33.0	33.0	32.7	32.4	32.2	32.0	31.8	32.0	31.7	31.0	30.7	30.3
daho	22.9	22.5	23.3	24.3	24.7	25.1	25.3	25.7	25.5	25.8	25.7	27.3	27.2
llinois	199.6	198.4	199.1	199.2	199.5	198.1	198.1	198.6	200.8	200.0	201.7	196.2	197.
ndiana	117.4	116.6	118.5	117.8	119.7	119.1	118.7	118.5	119.7	120.4	119.7	116.8	117.
owa	46.8	46.6	45.9	47.5	48.5	48.3	48.8	49.2	49.6	51.1	50.5	49.4	49.4
(ansas	43.9	44.4	44.5	45.0	45.8	48.2	49.0	48.9	49.3	49.2	48.9	48.5	47.0
Centucky	68.0	66.6	68.2	69.3	70.3	71.0	70.7	71.0	70.9	70.9	70.5	66.3	67.2
.ouisiana	96.2	96.5	96.8	96.7	96.8	96.6	96.2	97.4	98.6	98.5	98.1	96.9	98.8
Maine	21.5	21.4	21.0	21.0	20.4	20.8	20.5	20.4	21.1	21.4	21.7	21.5	21.4
Maryland	121.0	119.4	119.0	119.6	119.2	120.3	120.0	119.7	120.4	121.0	121.6	118.9	118.1
Aassachusetts	80.1	77.4	77.5	77.3	77.6	82.4	83.2	83.9	84.8	84.6	85.2	86.0	85.8
Aichigan	131.1	130.4	130.2	131.6	131.3	135.9	134.3	134.6	134.2	134.6	133.9	132.7	133.8
/linnesota	78.3	78.4	77.8	78.0	77.8	79.0	78.5	78.7	80.5	81.3	81.8	82.2	82.4
Aississippi	37.8	38.0	38.7	39.0	38.9	38.9	39.9	41.0	42.1	41.6	41.7	41.1	39.7
Missouri	94.1	93.2	93.7	94.7	95.7	95.4	95.8	96.8	97.9	98.4	99.7	99.4	100.3
Montana	12.7	12.7	13.3	13.6	13.7	14.2	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.2	14.2	14.6	14.6
Nebraska	29.2	29.1	30.9	31.3	31.5	32.4	32.4	32.1	32.5	32.5	32.6	32.5	31.0
Nevada	43.6	44.5	46.1	45.9	46.3	47.5	47.7	47.8	47.6	47.2	47.1	48.1	47.8
New Hampshire	16.7	16.7	16.7	16.8	16.8	16.9	16.8	17.0	17.0	17.2	17.6	18.1	18.4
New Jersey	115.6	113.2	112.5	113.5	113.0	113.3	113.7	114.0	116.0	116.4	118.2	116.4	114.2
New Mexico	33.1	33.9	34.4	34.9	35.4	36.1	36.4	36.8	37.3	37.6	38.2	38.4	37.5
New York	242.0	240.1	241.1	241.2	239.5	239.0	238.7	239.4	240.6	240.0	240.3	244.0	243.0
North Carolina	149.9	150.2	151.0	151.5	153.1	155.0	155.9	156.0	156.2	156.5	157.4	159.0	157.7
North Dakota	11.4	11.4	11.5	11.5	11.7	11.6	11.6	11.7	12.0	12.0	12.2	12.4	12.6
Ohio	181.6	176.7	183.8	185.0	184.8	184.4	184.4	184.8	184.7	185.1	185.5	183.1	184.0
Oklahoma	41.5	41.6	41.7	41.9	42.6	42.3	42.2	42.1	42.2	42.4	42.3	43.6	43.2
Oregon	51.5	52.3	52.3	52.6	52.9	54.9	55.6	56.1	55.8	57.1	56.1	57.9	56.5
Pennsylvania	200.3	194.0	195.6	195.8	194.2	197.1	197.0	197.7	198.6	198.8	200.3	194.7	195.0
Rhode Island	11.9	11.7	12.1	12.3	12.5	12.4	12.2	12.2	12.0	11.8	11.2	10.7	10.1
South Carolina	80.8	80.8	81.3	81.4	81.8	83.2	82.5	82.3	81.9	82.0	81.8	81.9	81.3
South Dakota	12.8	12.6	12.3	12.8	13.3	13.2	13.0	12.9	13.2	13.1	13.2	13.1	13.3
Cennessee	92.3	91.9	92.3	93.4	94.7	95.0	94.9	95.9	97.3	97.6	98.2	97.1	96.3
Texas	346.6	347.4	348.6	348.7	350.4	353.3	352.5	352.4	354.7	355.3	356.5	358.5	363.8
Jtah	40.0	39.7	39.1	38.3	38.5	38.8	39.3	39.9	40.6	41.9	43.1	43.6	44.5
/ermont	11.5	11.4	11.3	11.4	11,4	12.0	11.8	11.8	11.4	11.3	11.1	10.9	10.9
/irginia	151.9	150.6	150.9	151.1	151.6	153.2	154.0	154.7	155.4	155.8	156.5	156.6	155.
Vashington	118.5	118.0	117.1	115.9	116.7	118.4	119.0	120.1	120.9	121.3	120.9	122.0	121.
Vest Virginia	29.0	28.2	30.2	30.9	31.2	31.9	32.7	32.9	33.7	34.3	33.9	31.8	31.
Visconsin	92.3	92.2	90.1	91.8	91.7	94.0	94.6	95.5	95.5	95.9	95.2	92.4	91.
Nyoming	11.8	11.4	11.9	12.1	12.3	12.4	12.3	12.3	12.4	12.5	12.6	12.6	12.

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(in thousands)

	}					1993					1	19	94
State	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p
						N	/anufacturin	ng					
Vabama	384.7	384.9	385.4	384.2	384.1	380.5	383.8	383.4	382.6	382.2	381.8	380.7	381.
Naska	18.9	18.7	16.7	15.3	16.5	17.4	16.9	17.2	17.3	16.5	16.5	15.4	18.
rizona	173.8	174.4	173.9	174.2	174.2	174.1	174.0	174.0	174.1	174.4	174.7	176.2	176.
Arkansas		242.7	243.2	242.9	242.4	243.3	243.3	244.1	244.9	245.5	245.6	247.3	246.
California		1,829.3	1,819.4	1,812.6	1,806.1	1,803.1	1,796.2	1,786.6	1,778.7	1,773.4	1,766.1	1,766.2	1,761.
Colorado		188.8	188.9	188.5	188.6	188.1	188.4	187.9	188.1	187.7	188.8	188.7	188.
Connecticut		297.0	296.4	294.6	293.4	293.3	291.6	291.9	290.9	289.0	287.9	287.2	285.
Delaware		66.1	66.0	65.2	65.2	65.4	65.0	64.7	64.8	64.4	64.2	64.4	63.
District of Columbia		13.8	13.8	13.8	13.8	13.8	13.9	13.8	13.9	13.9	14.0	14.1	14.
lorida		485.1	486.0	485.0	483.8	484.7	484.3	483.8	483.5	482.6	482.7	480.7	480.
Georgia	553.3	553.0	553.3	552.5	551.3	555.8	556.1	556.6	556.3	558.0	558.8	559.7	565.
Hawaii		19.4	19.4	19.2	19.2	19.2	19.1	19.0	18.8	18.8	18.7	17.8	18.0
daho		68.7	68.8	68.9	69.2	69.4	69.6	69.4	70.0	70.6	70.8	71.1	70.8
llinois		931.2	930.4	929.5	928.9	935.1	935.0	934.8	936.5	937.1	940.2	942.1	942.
ndiana		639.2	637.4	636.5	638.3	637.6	638.3	638.5	638.7	640.6	642.0	644.1	647.0
owa		235.4	235.7	235.3	235.9	234.4	236.2	236.8	237.1	238.0	238.4	240.4	241.
Kansas		182.8	182.8	182.4	182.7	182.4	182.2	182.0	181.5	181.2	181.2	181.9	181.8
Kentucky		292.3	292.5	292.5	292.0	292.3	293.0	293.0	292.7	293.3	292.8	293.3	293.8
Louisiana		186.3	184.4	183.4	183.7	185.7	186.5	186.3	186.7	186.5	186.7	186.3	186.6
Maine		90.8	91.3	91.2	90.9	91.0	91.1	90.9	91.6	91.8	91.8	91.2	92.
Maryland	182.2	181.4	181.3	180.6	179.2	178.5	178.4	178.2	178.1	177.9	177.7	177.8	177.9
Massachusetts		458.8	457.9	456.7	454.9	453.1	451.3	450.3	449.8	447.6	446.1	445.7	445.
Michigan		912.6	904.5	898.7	895.7	896.7	894.2	894.3	897.1	906.5	911.4	931.2	927.4
Minnesota		405.5	406.5	405.7	404.0	405.2	403.5	404.4	405.7	407.0	408.3	410.6	411.
Mississippi		256.8	255.7	255.2	254.5	253.4	253.8	253.5	254.6	255.4	255.5	256.3	257.3
Missouri		412.9	410.9	411.0	411.8	410.4	410.5	410.6	412.1	412.8	412.8	411.4	412.
Montana		23.3	23.0	23.0	22.9	23.1	23.0	23.0	23.1	22.7	22.7	22.9	22.9
Nebraska		102.6	102.0	102.4	102.6	103.0	103.3	104.0	104.0	104.1	104.0	103.9	104.0
Nevada New Hampshire		28.4 97.5	28.8 97.4	29.1 96.9	29.2 96.6	29.9 97.7	30.2 96.9	30.5 96.6	30.4 96.7	30.4 97.1	30.5 97.1	30.6 97.1	30.7 97.9
New Jersey		517.6	518.6	517.8	516.3	516.2	515.0	515.1	513.9	512.9	512.6	514.9	511.3
•	1 1						1						
New Mexico		42.2 994.1	42.4 989.6	42.3 986.4	42.7 978.4	42.2 982.8	42.8 978.9	43.3 975.9	43.4 973.7	43.5 972.5	43.4 971.4	43.4 965.5	43.4 963.3
North Carolina		845.1	845.6	846.3	847.3	849.6	846.3	847.1	847.5	849.1	847.9	847.7	847.
North Dakota		19.1	19.3	19.5	19.4	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.5	19.6	19.7	19.8	20.2
Ohio		1.052.8	1.050.4	1.048.6	1.045.9	1,048.5	1 046.9	1,046.7	1,044.6	1,046.0	1.047.4	1.050.3	1,052.8
Oklahoma		167.5	167.8	167.6	167.5	168.5	168.3	168.3	169.1	169.4	169.7	170.1	168.5
Oregon		211.0	210.9	209.9	209.9	209.5	209.6	211.3	212.9	212.5	214.1	214.8	215.8
Pennsylvania		947.0	945.6	944.3	940.1	940.5	936.3	936.1	935.0	934.8	935.7	936.1	935.6
Rhode Island		88.6	88.5	88.3	88.2	86.5	87.1	86.6	86.7	86.3	86.4	86.7	86.7
South Carolina		374.4	375.8	375.4	375.1	374.4	374.4	373.9	372.2	371.5	371.8	371.7	374.2
South Dakota	38.6	39.1	39.3	39.5	39.7	39.7	40.3	40,2	40.7	41.2	41.3	41.8	41.
Tennessee		525.3	527.1	527.1	527.5	529.4	530.5	530.8	531.5	532.9	534.4	534.8	537.5
Texas		985.2	985.2	985.1	985.7	988.3	987.5	992.6	994.0	995.3	997.0	994.5	994.
Jtah		107.0	107.7	107.7	107.7	108.3	108.5	109.2	109.9	110.8	111.6	114.2	114.
/ermont		43.8	43.7	43.6	43.7	43.4	43.2	43.3	43.3	43.3	43.6	43.2	43.
/irginia		404.3	402.6	405.9	405.7	406.5	405.6	405.2	405.9	406.5	405.2	406.4	403.
Vashington		343.7	342.8	342.4	340.9	340.1	338.5	338.6	338.5	337.0	335.2	335.6	333.
Vest Virginia		82.9	83.4	83.2	82.9	82.7	82.7	82.7	82.5	82.8	82.6	81.5	81.
Visconsin		559.5	559.2	558.4	556.7	559.5	559.7	559.1	561.1	562.3	563.2	566.0	566.
Vyoming		9.6	9.5	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.4	9.4	9.6	9.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

24-4-						1993					ĺ	19	94
State	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.p
						Transporta	tion and pu	blic utilities		•			
Alabama	83.8	83.4	84.6	84.7	84.9	85.1	85.0	85.2	85.3	85.5	85.2	85.0	85.
Naska	23.0	22.9	23.0	23.1	22.9	22.9	22.9	22.9	22.8	22.8	22.9	23.0	23.
Arizona	77.3	77.2	78.4	78.3	78.0	77.7	77.2	77.9	77.5	76.9	76.6	78.6	78.4
Arkansas	56.5	56.6	56.8	57.0	56.8	57.2	57.2	57.2	56.9	56.8	57.1	56.3	56.0
California	605.2	604.6	604.2	602.8	602.5	602.2	600.8	600.6	600.1	597.5	597.9	600.1	600.0
Colorado	102.1	102.4	102.B	103.4	103.8	104.4	104.8	104.5	104.0	104.7	104.9	104.2	104.
Connecticut	69.6	68.9	68.7	68.8	68.8	69.5	69.7	69.5	69.4	69.3	69.3	69.2	69.
Delaware	14.5	14.7	14.8	15.0	14.8	14.8	14.6	14.9	15.0	15.1	14.9	14.8	15.
District of Columbia	21.9	21.9	21.6	21.6	21.6	21.3	21.2	21.1	21.1	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.9
lorida	282.5	285.8	286.0	286.5	286.9	285.9	284.9	285.2	285.7	287.0	289.9	283.7	284.6
Georgia	200.2	200.6	201.5	201.3	201.9	201.7	202.0	203.6	203.1	203.4	202.9	203.6	205.6
Hawaii	42.0	41.6	41.4	41.1	41.2	41.3	41.0	40.9	40.6	40.1	39.8	39.9	39.9
daho	20.8	20.7	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.7	20.7	20.8	21.1	21.4	21.4	21.1	21.0
Illinois	308.4	308.3	310.0	310.0	310.1	309.2	309.6	312.0	311.2	312.2	313.8	312.1	313.0
ndiana	134.1	133.8	132.4	132.5	132.8	133.1	133.7	133.9	134.7	135.0	135.0	135.3	136.2
owa	56.2	56.2	56.6	56.6	56.7	57.0	57.0	57.2	57.0	56.9	56.9	56.8	56.8
Kansas	64.6	64.5	65.1	65.3	65.7	66.6	66.8	67.0	67.1	67.3	67.7	68.0	68.
Centucky	82.8	82.9	82.6	82.4	82.5	82.3	81.8	82.4	82.4	82.6	82.5	81.8	82.3
_ouisiana	105.6	105.4	105.2	105.4	105.0	105.4	105.5	105.1	105.8	105.7	106.3	105.7	105.9
Maine	21.9	22.0	22.1	22.1	22.1	22.0	22.1	22.1	21.6	21.8	21.9	21.4	21.
Maryland	98.5	98.0	98.5	98.5	98.1	98.5	98.3	98.6	98.3	97.9	98.1	98.9	97.8
Massachusetts	121.3	121.4	122.4	122.4	123.0	124.4	124.4	125.0	125.8	124.9	125.3	126.7	127.
Michigan	156.2	156.0	157.0	157.0	158.5	156.1	155.4	155.6	156.1	156.3	156.4	158.8	159.0
Minnesota	109.6	109.4	109.3	109.2	109.1	109.3	108.8	106.6	109.0	109.9	110.1	110.0	110.4
Mississippi	45.6	45.7	45.9	45.9	46.1	46.1	45.8	45.8	46.0	45.3	45.2	44.6	44.9
Vissouri	151.5	151.3	151.6	152.2	152.7	153.1	153.3	155.1	154.5	154.5	154.7	154.5	155.0
Montana	20.3	20.4	20.3	20.3	20.3	20.2	20.1	20.2	20.2	20.3	20.4	20.0	20.
Nebraska	47.3	47.3	47.3	47.1	47.2	47.1	46.9	47.1	47.0	47.2	47.4	47.2	47.
Nevada	34.2	34.4	34.6	34.6	34.8	35.1	35.3	35.6	35.8	35.9	35.9	36.0	36.0
New Hampshire	17.8	17.8	18.1	18.0	18.1	18.1	18.0	18.0	17.9	17.9	18.0	18.1	18.0
New Jersey	234.3	233.9	235.6	237.0	236.4	236.0	236.0	235.2	234.4	235.1	235.1	237.7	238.2
New Mexico	29.2	29.3	29.3	29.1	29.1	29.1	29.0	28.9	28.9	28.9	28.9	29.4	29.
New York	401.0	401.4	401.3	401.6	400.8	400.7	399.9	399.1	400.4	401.4	402.4	404.2	406.
North Carolina	156.1	156.1	156.8	157.2	157.7	157.1	156.9	156.5	156.6	156.8	156.7	155.8	156.0
North Dakota	17.7	17.8	17.9	17.9	18.0	18.1	18.0	18.1	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.3	18.4
Ohio	214.5	214.4	214.7	214.8	215.2	214.4	214.1	213.1	213.2	212.9	212.7	212.5	212.
Oklahoma	71.7	72.0	71.9	72.1	71.9	72.0	71.8	71.6	71.2	70.9	70.9	71.3	71.6
Oregon	66.3	66.5	66.2	66.1	66.2	66.0	65.8	65.9	66.0	66.2	66.4	66.0	65.9
Pennsylvania	266.7	266.7	267.6	267.7	268.2	264.8	263.7	266.3	267.1	267.2	268.9	269.2	269.0
Rhode IslandSouth Carolina	14.1 66.4	14.0 66.7	14.0 66.7	14.11 66.8	14.1 66.8	14.2 66.0	14.0 66.1	14.5 66.4	14.3 66.5	14.5 66.6	14.7° 66.7	14.5 66.2	14.0 66.4
		- 1		00.0				1					
South Dakota	14.7	14.9	14.6	14.6	14.7	14.8	14.9	14.7	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.9	14.9
Tennessee	124.5	124.8 433.0	125.2	126.0 437.3	126.6	126.8 436.0	127.4 436.5	127.8 438.7	128.7 439.4	128.3 441.6	128.1 443.3	127.1 443.5	128.4 444.5
Texas	432.8		437.5 45.3	437.3 45.5	438.5	436.0 46.1	436.5 46.4	438.7 47.2	439.4 47.4	441.6	443.3 48.1	443.5 49.2	444.
Utah	44.9	45.2			45.8				47.4 11.0	47.7 11.0	48.1 10.9	49.2 10.9	49.
Vermont	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.2	11.1 149.8	11.0	150.7			150.9	151.
Virginia	148.1	147.7	148.8	148.8	149.2	149.6		150.1		151.4 114.3	151.5	115.1	115.
Washington	114.0	113.9	114.4	114.4	114.3	114.5 38.7	114,3 38.8	115.5 38.8	114.6 38.7	38.6	115.4 39.0	39.2	39.
West Virginia	38.7	38.6	38.4	38.5	38.5		112.9			113.9		114.0	114.
Wisconsin	113.1	113.2	113.6	113.0	114.0	113.3		113.6	113.8		114.4		114.
Wyoming	14.5	14.4	14.5	14.4	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

						1993						19	94
State	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p
						Wholes	ale and ret	ail trade					
Nabama	373.0	372.8	375.6	375.0	375.4	376.8	376.9	377.8	379.3	380.0	381.5	380.6	382.
laska	47.4	47.5	48.0	47.8	48.2	49.1	49.5	49.6	49.4	50.2	50.4	49.9	49.
rizona	379.9	381.2	384.8	385.0	385.5	386.3	387.4	389.0	389.8	390.1	389.9	389.3	391.
Arkansas	217.2	217.2	218.8	218.6	218.9	220.2	221.1	221.1	221.4	222.2	221.7	221.2	222.
California	2,810.1	2,805.4	2,799.5	2,793.6	2,789.2	2,787.5	2,780.1	2,775.9	2,768.8	2,765.4	2,765.3	2,769.4	2,779.
Colorado	396.8	398.3	402.4	399.8	402.8	405.6	406.3	406.8	408.2	409.9	411.3	413.1	417.
Connecticut	332.1	329.9	330.0	330.5	329.9	329.8	328.2	326.5	327.0	324.9	322.6	328.1	328.
Delaware	75.6	75.1	75.5	75.6	75.5	76.2	76.2	76.3	76.0	76.0	76.2	76.7	76.
District of Columbia	53.3	53.1	53.6	52.7	52.3	52.7	52.7	52.7	52.6	52.2	51.9	52.1	51.
londa	1,437.3	1,440.1	1,445.2	1,446.8	1,450.4	1,452.8	1,457.6	1,462.4	1,464.8	1,468.3	1,472.8	1,463.8	1,477.
Georgia	760.1	759.8	767.1	764.9	768.0	778.5	780.8	782.7	784.6	788.5	787.2	787.2	794.
lawaii	132.9	132.5	133.3	133.5	133.6	133.8	132.7	132.6	132.6	132.3	132.2	131.7	130.
daho	107.1	106.9	107.9	108.4	108.9	109.9	109.8	110.4	112.2	112.9	112.8	113.2	113.
linois	1,240.0	1,239.1	1,241.2	1,242.9	1,242.7	1,243.7	1,245.7	1,246.3	1,250.8	1,253.2	1,254.5	1,251.9	1,262.
ndiana	609.4	608.6	603.7	605.6	605.8	605.8	605.9	605.6	613.7	618.3	618.8	614.3	617.
owa	317.4	317.1	319.3	320.0	321.0	321.1	321.2	321.4	322.3	322.4	322.8	321.7	323.
(ansas	273.5	273.7	273.8	273.4	273.3	274.7	275.0	276.0	276.1	276.7	277.0	276.2	277.
(entucky	361.4	361.1	359.4	359.5	380.5	361.0	361.7	361.5	361.4	361.2	360.6	359.5	363.
ouisiana	382.7	383.3	381.8	380.9	380.7	382.4	382.3	382.0	380.4	381.3	382.4	379.7	381.
Aaine	128.6	128.3	129.7	130.3	130.0	130.2	130.5	131.3	131.3	130.9	130.1	129.7	129.
Maryland	500.1	496.7	499.7	500.8	500.6	500.9	499.9	498.9	498.3	497.8	497.9	500.8	501.
Massachusetts	639.6	637.8	642.3	643.0	643.7	649.2	650.1	648.9	649.7	650.5	648.1	656.2	657.
/lichigan	936.3	936.4	934.5	932.5	931.8	937.2	936.4	936.2	936.6	939.9	941.6	937.7	947.
dinnesota	533.4	534.3	535.4	536.6	537.1	534.5	535.0	535.4	538.3	540.9	540.8	544.7	546.
/lississippi	206.5	206.4	208.0	208.3	209.5	209.7	210.1	210.7	211.1	211.4	211.5	211.9	212.
Missouri	562.2	561.5	567.0	569.9	570.2	570.9	572.9	574.1	574.2	574.3	575.1	572.5	574.
Montana	85.6 190.7	85.7 190.4	87.0 191.8	87.1	87.3	88.1 194.9	88.4	88.3 193.7	88.4	88.4 194.1	88.6 194.0	89.0	89. 194.
Nebraska	131.2	131.4	132.1	192.5 132.3	192.7 132.4	133.0	195.6 134.1	135.0	193.8 135.4	136.0	136.9	194.3 137.0	194.
Nevada	127.4	126.8	128.5	128.7	129.1	129.6	128.7	129.1	129.2	129.0	129.3	129.9	137.
New Hampshire	812.7	807.5	814.1	815.3	817.3	815.6	814.8	815.9	818.5	818.0	819.4	823.4	820.
New Mexico	146.4	146.8	147.4	146.4	146.8	147.4	148.1	147.8	148.3	148.3	148.3	150.4	150.
New York	1,559.7	1,548.7	1,555.8	1,557.9	1,557.2	1,553.8	1,554.3	1,551.6	1,551.7	1,553.1	1,555.7	1,567.2	1,568.
North Carolina	718.4	716.6	724.3	727.4	731.0	735.8	737.1	736.8	737.6	737.8	740.6	736.3	738.
North Dakota	74.1	74.3	74.6	74.6	74.7	74.9	75.0	75.1	75.3	75.2	75.3	74.9	75.
Ohio	1,169.1	1,166.6	1,169.6	1,173.1	1,171.5	1.174.2	1.174.4	1.174.8	1.174.8	1.174.8	1,175.3	1,178.0	1,180.
Oklahoma	285.3	285.7	286.8	286.2	287.7	290.4	289.6	289.6	289.9	289.9	289.5	290.8	292.
Oregon	324.8	324.6	325.2	325.5	326.8	329.5	327.9	329.2	330.0	330.4	330.8	330.4	330.
Pennsylvania	1,150.0	1,142.0	1,146.3	1,148.8	1,147.8	1,150.7	1,149.6	1,148.0	1,148.8	1,150.3	1,153.2	1,146.3	1,149.
Rhode Island	92.2	91.6	92.3	92.7	93.2	94.4	94.6	95.8	95.1	94.9	95.1	94.3	95.
South Carolina	347.3	347.2	351.3	349.9	349.3	352.5	352.8	352.7	353.9	355.3	356.4	357.1	359.
South Dakota	80.8	81.2	80.8	80.6	80.3	80.8	81.4	81.6	81.3	81.3	81.2	82.4	82.
ennessee	529.5	527.3	531.8	530.9	532.6	534.6	535.5	537.5	541.0	541.7	543.7	542.3	545.
Texas	1,790.9	1,791.9	1,797.5	1,798.9	1,801.5	1,810.1	1,817.4	1,822.5	1,827.1	1,833.0	1,844.9	1,834.7	1,844.
Jiah	190.9	191.0	191.7	191.9	191.6	192.4	192.9	193.6	194.8	196.2	197.1	198.2	198.
/ermont	59.5	59.5	59.9	60.3	60.2	60.5	60.5	60.6	60.5	60.1	60.6	60.9	61.
/irginia	643.5	643.0	646.0	648.3	648.3	651.7	651.3	651.4	652.6	653.0	655.0	658.9	661.
Washington	541.5	541.3	543.6	544.0	544.4	546.4	545.5	547.6	549.4	549.4	550.7	549.1	552.
West Virginia	146.6	145.9	146.9	147.9	148.2	149.0	149.7	149.8	150.5	151.3	152.3	152.1	152.
Wisconsin	551.8	552.0	551.4	552.2	552.6	552.8	553.7	554.1	556.2	558.9	558.7	554.2	558.
Wyoming	47.1	47.2	47.8	47.7	48.2	48.1	48.3	48.4	48.2	48.2	48.4	48.5	48.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

Charte						1993						19	94
State	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p
					F	inance, ins	urance, and	d real estate)				
labama	75.1	75.1	75.3	75.3	75.6	75.5	75.8	75.8	76.0	76.1	76.5	76.9	77
laska	10.9	10.9	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.4	11.3	11.4	11,4	1
rizona	98.4	98.8	98.9	99.1	99.8	99.9	100.2	100.5	100.8	101.1	101.3	101.3	10
rkansas	39.6	39.8	39.7	39.9	39.9	40.4	40.5	40.7	40.8	40.9	41.0	40.9	4
alifornia	788.6	788.0	788.9	788.7	788.0	787.6	786.4	785.1	783.2	782.2	780.7	782.4	78
olorado	103.5	103.9	104.4	104.8	105.4	106.6	106.9	107.2	107.7	108.2	108.7	108.4	10
onnecticut	140.3	140.0	140.1	139.7	139.5	139.0	138.7	138.9	139.1	138.7	138.3	138.4	13
elaware	33.6	33.7	34.1	34.3	34.5	35.1	35.2	35.4	35.5	35.8	35.9	36.0	3
istrict of Columbia	32.1	32.1	32.1	31.9	31.7	31.2	31.2	30.7	30.6	30.3	30.0	30.0	3
lorida	354.7	354.6	354.5	354.4	355.0	356.4	358.1	358.4	359.9	361.0	361.7	362.8	36
eorgia	164.4	164.7	165.1	165.0	165.4	167.2	167.0	167.1	167.4	167.2	167.6	166.6	16
awaii	38.6	38.6	38.7	38.8	38.9	39.3	39.4	39.4	39.6	39.4	39.4	39.6	3
aho	22.3	22.4	22.5	22.5	22.6	22.7	22.7	23.0	23.1	23.3	23.3	23.4	2
inois	380.0	381.0	380.5	380.5	380.6	383.2	383.9	384.4	384.8	385.5	386.0	385.4	38
ndiana	127.5	127.8	128.0	128.3	128.5	128.4	128.5	128.7	129.0	129.3	129.5	129.4	12
owa	73.3	73.4	73.7	73.8	73.9	74.2	74.3	74.6	74.8	75.0	75.5	75.2	7
ansas	57.8	57.9	57.6	57.5	57.7	58.4	58.6	58.5	58.4	58.6	58.6	58.4	5
entucky	63.5	63.4	63.2	63.1	63.0	63.0	63.0	62.7	63.0	63.4	63.2	63.0	6
ouisiana	78.1	78.0	77.9	77.8	77.5	78.1	78.0	77.9	78.1	77.9	77.9	77.8	7
laine	25.1	25.2	25.5	25.6	25.7	25.7	25.9	25.8	25.9	26.1	26.0	25.9	2
laryland	128.8	128.6	128.9	129.1	128.7	129.5	129.5	129.8	129.9	130.0	130.0	130.6	13
lassachusetts	197.9	197.9	198.8	198.6	199.0	200.5	200.4	200.3	200.6	200.5	200.6	201.4	20
lichigan	192.4	192.6	192.6	192.3	192.5	193.4	193.4	193.1	189.5	193.3	193.5	192.5	19
linnesota	133.2	133.7	134.7	135.0	135.7	135.6	136.2	136.9	137.7	138.4	139.1	139.3	13
lississippi	38.3	38.3	38.4	38.5	38.8	38.7	38.8	38.9	38.9	38.9	38.9	38.7	3
lissouri	139.1	139.0	139.9	140.5	140.8	141.4	141.6	141.9	142.3	142.3	143.1	141.2	14
fontana	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.8	14.8	15.0	14.8	15.0	15.0	14.9	15.0	15.1	1
ebraska	49.8	49.9	50.2	50.2	50.4	50.5	50.5	50.6	50.5	50.7	50.6	50.5	5
levada	30.0	30.3	30.4	30.6	30.8	31.0	31.3	31.5	31.7	31.8	31.9	32.1	3
lew Hampshire	29.6	29.6	29.6	29.6	29.7	30.0	29.9	29.8	29.9	29.9	29.9	30.1	3
lew Jersey	228.2	228.1	228.2	228.1	228.0	227.7	229.1	229.7	230.3	230.7	230.6	230.5	23
lew Mexico	27.2	27.2	27.5	27.5	27.6	27.7	27.7	27.8	27.8	27.7	27.8	28.1	2
ew York	728.0	725.6	726.7	727.8	728.4	727.8	726.7	728.4	729.2	728.7	728.7	727.4	72
orth Carolina	136.0	136.4	137.3	137.5	137.8	138.7	139.0	139.9	141.0	141.1	141.7	141.9	14
lorth Dakota	13.3	13.4	13.4	13.3	13.5	13.5	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	13.7	13.7	1
hio	257.1	257.9	259.1	259.1	259.4	259.4	259.2	259.2	259.3	259.6	260.1	260.5	26
kiahoma	61.4	61.4	61.6	61.7	61.6	61.6	61.6	61.5	61.3	61.3	61.1	61.2	6
regon	88.8	89.2	89.9	90.0	91.0	92.1	92.5	93.0	93.5	93.8	93.9	94.4	9
ennsylvania	302.2	302.2	302.5	302.4	302.8	303.5	303.7	304.1	304.0	304.7	304.6	303.1	30
hode Islandouth Carolina	24.9 65.5	25.0 65.5	25.2 66.0	25.2 65.8	25.3 66.0	25.4 65.9	25.3 66.1	25.4 66.1	25.3 66.2	25.3 66.3	25.2 66.3	25.3 66.2	2 6
					,	1	1	1		- 1			
outh Dakota	17.5	17.5	17.6	17.7	17.7	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9	18.0	17.9	18.0	1
ennessee	102.5	102.7	103.4	103.3	103.8	104.3	104.2	104.2	104.9	105.1	105.4	105.2	10
exas	424.8	424.4	424.3	423.5	425.7	428.6	429.5	430.5	431.8	433.8	435.5	434.2	43
tah	37.8	37.9	38.4	39.0	39.6	39.6	40.4	41.0	41.6	41.6	42.5	44.2	4
ermont	11.9	11.9	11.9	12.0	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.2	12.2	12.3	12.2	1
irginia	154.5	154.4	155.1	155.6	155.8	157.1	157.9	158.3	159.2	160.1	160.8	160.0	16
/ashington	119.4	119.9	120.0	120.3	120.8	121.3	121.3	121.7	121.9	122.3	122.7	123.2	12
Vest Virginia	24.9	24.7	25.0	25.1	25.0	25.1	25.1	25.2	25.1	25.1	25.1	25.0	. 2
/isconsin	129.1	129.4	129.6	129.7	130.1	130.6	130.9	131.4	132.0	132.4	132.7	132.6	13
/yoming	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.9	

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(In thousands)

Q 1.1.						1993						19	94
State	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p
							Services						
Nabama	359.7	360.3	363.0	362.1	363.0	364.7	364.4	365.1	366.6	365.4	365.1	365.3	368.0
Naska	55.9	56.2	56.6	57.1	57.3	57.2	57.0	57.1	56.7	57.0	57.2	57.5	57.7
rizona	437.7	440.3	445.3	447.5	449.8	450.2	451.5	454.2	454.7	455.5	456.6	455.9	457.7
Arkansas	216.9	217.1	217.9	218.8	219.8	220.2	220.6	221.3	222.2	222.2	220.9	223.9	225.2
California	3,457.6	3,460.4	3,459.3	3,464.2	3,467.0	3,473.0	3,466.6	3,466.1	3,465.4	3,465.3	3,469.6	3,469.6	3,478.4
Colorado	459.6 439.7	462.0 440.2	464.2 441.0	463.4 442.8	466.4	471.4 444.4	472.4	473.0 447.8	474.1	474.2 447.3	475.7	477.7 453.2	482.6 453.3
Connecticut	88.3	87.8	88.7	88.8	442.4 89.1	90.3	445.5 90.3	90.7	447.8 90.6	91.0	447.6 91.3	453.2 90.7	453. 91.0
District of Columbia	255.1	255.2	255.4	252.7	251.4	254.1	254.1	254.5	258.4	256.6	256.8	255.4	254.6
Florida	1,760.5	1,764.4	1,799.1	1,805.7	1,814.8	1,825.8	1,835.1	1,842.4	1,850.5	1,858.5	1,866.7	1,869.8	1,879.9
Seorgia	707.9	707.4	717.2	719.8	722.4	732.7	737.0	742.5	750.7	753.6	757.1	758.2	766.5
ławaii	162.6	163.4	163.6	164.1	164.4	164.6	163.8	163.3	164.2	163.5	163.4	163.9	162.9
daho	94.7	94.8	95.9	96.3	96.9	97.8	98.4	98.9	99.7	99.7	100.1	100.9	101.9
llinois	1,441.6	1,444.7	1,452.5	1,457.0	1,461.0	1,481.3	1,485.2	1,485.9	1,483.7	1,484.6	1,489.2	1,479.7	1,481.2
ndiana	569.8	570.3	559.7	553.4	557.1	560.0	560.8	560.1	561.2	563.1	564.0	569.2	565.9
owa	313.8	314.6	315.8	317.2	318.5	318.6	320.0	319.6	319.8	320.8	321.5	322.8	323.5
Kansas	264.9	265.6	267.3	268.3	269.4	270.3	271.1	272.0	273.2	273.4	274.9	276.8	276.6
Kentucky	362.3	363.1	362.7	363.3	363.3	362.5	363.8	365.1	366.1	366.4	366.5	364.6	365.6
ouisiana	408.9	409.4	410.0	408.7	407.0	408.6	410.2	410.4	408.9	409.9	411.1	410.3	414.8
Maine	130.8	132.0	132.7	134.1	134.6	133.3	134.1	135.2	136.3	136.5	136.7	135.8	136.1
Maryland	644.2	642.5	650.8	654.2	654.2	659.3	658.0	660.9	665.4	664.7	665.2	664.2	663.4
Massachusetts	933.9	935.3	941.3	944.1	947.4	958.0	960.6	966.6	968.2	972.1	974.0	987.5	987.7
Michigan	1,004.1	1,007.8	1,009.5	1,013.2	1,012.7	1,020.9	1,023.3	1,026.0	1,027.1	1,027.0	1,027.5	1,029.8	1,038.6
Minnesota	604.8	607.1	610.5	610.9	613.6	616.2	618.0	619.1	621.3	623.4	626.6	629.3	631.0
dississippi	186.8	188.4	191.4	194.2	195.7	199.3	200.6	199.3	199.5	200.8	200.0	204.3	207.7
Vissouri	628.9 85.6	631.1 85.9	640.3	642.9	645.2	648.5	652.3 89.4	654.3	654.3	655.1 89.0	658.7	657.5	660.5
Vebraska	186.3	186.9	86.3 187.8	86.6 188.2	87.0 188.4	89.2 188.3	188.2	89.1 189.2	88.9 189.1	188.5	89.4 188.3	69.6 189.1	90.0 189.2
Nevada	288.9	289.6	288.7	288.4	289.4	292.4	294.6	297.2	301.1	305.5	311.7	312.2	315.1
New Hampshire	132.9	132.5	135.2	136.2	136.9	138.7	139.0	138.6	138.7	138.5	138.2	140.1	141.2
New Jersey	1,000.8	998.5	1,008.7	1,011.4	1,014.6	1,019.4	1,021.9	1,024.0	1,026.8	1,028.2	1,030.1	1,031.2	1,031.4
New Mexico	165.0	165.5	166.6	167.3	167.7	168.2	168.0	168.1	169.0	168.8	168.9	172.6	173.0
New York	2,384.2	2,384.6	2,396.2	2,400.7	2,405.4	2,413.3	2,416.7	2,418.7	2,427.3	2,435.9	2,440.9	2,444.6	2,451.2
North Carolina	671.5	672.9	682.1	686.8	689.5	693.0	694.9	697.0	700.2	703.2	707.5	709.5	711.8
North Dakota	75.2	75.6	76.0	76.5	76.6	77.0	77.1	77.4	77.9	78.2	77.9	77.8	77.7
Ohio	1,267.6	1,266.7	1,275.8	1,276.7	1,278.2	1,277.6	1,277.5	1,281.4	1,285.5	1,286.5	1,289.1	1,292.9	1,296.9
Oklahoma	303.2	304.1	303.4	303.4	304.5	307.1	306.7	305.6	304.8	304.3	304.4	307.0	307.1
Oregon	322.3	323.6	326.0	326.1	327.1	327.7	328.5	330.6	331.0	333.1	333.3	332.2	334.3
Pennsylvania	1,519.7	1,516.8	1,525.0	1,528.1	1,523.9	1,525.0	1,528.3	1,532.4	1,536.0	1,539.0	1,540.5	1,530.1	1,532.3
Rhode Island	133.7	133.4	133.1	133.7	135.3	137.1	136.9	136.8	137.1	137.3	136.8	137.4	137.2
South Carolina	323.6	324.1	328.3	329.6	332.0	336.0	336.8	337.5	339.0	340.2	341.3	345.3	344.9
South Dakota	79.6 565.8	79.8 566.1	79.9 569.7	79.0 571.0	79.9	79.8 575.0	79.8 577.0	79.3 578.9	80.8	80.9	81.0	83.3	83.5
ennessee	1,898.0	1,904.6	1.908.4	1.912.9	572.2 1.920.2	1.944.4	1.948.7	1,950.9	581.8 1,953.1	583.1 1.954.4	585.9 1,954.8	585.7	587.9 1.964.4
Jtah	204.8	206.0	207.5	209.6	210.7	213.0	213.4	213.9	215.6	217.3	218.9	1,948.9 221.2	221.8
/ermont	73.1	73.4	73.7	73.7	73.9	74.0	74.2	74.6	75.2	75.7	74.2	74.2	75.5
/irginia	782.0	781.5	789.1	791.0	793.7	799.5	802.1	806.5	809.4	813.2	817.2	816.7	822.6
Vashington	569.5	572.1	576.8	577.6	580.5	580.8	583.6	585.2	586.0	587.3	589.3	588.3	588.6
Vest Virginia	163.3	163.3	164.6	165.2	165.9	166.8	167.4	168.0	169.5	169.4	170.0	170.1	171.2
Visconsin	588.9	590.1	590.5	593.4	593.5	598.4	598.8	600.4	601.3	602.0	602.4	604.9	606.4
Vyoming	42.5	42.4	42.6	42.8	42.9	42.9	42.9	43.1	43.1	43.2	43.5	43.8	43.8
. 1 ~	42.3	72.4	42.0	72.0	42.5	42.3	42.8	40.1	43.1	43.2	43.5	40.0	43.0

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-7. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by State and major industry, seasonally adjusted—Continued

0						1993						19	94
State	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p
							Governmen	t					
Alabama	341.1	341.3	340.5	340.4	342.0	338.8	340.0	341.2	342.4	343.1	343.0	344.3	343.6
Alaska	74.0	74.1	74.0	74.5	74.4	73.8	74.4	74.2	74.8	74.5	75.1	75.8	75.1
Arizona	283.2	283.5	284.8	282.9	289.4	289.7	289.9	290.1	285.8	287.6	287.1	286.3	286.4
Arkansas	169.0	169.0	169.2	169.5	169.7	171.0	171.4	168.8	168.8	169.3	169.1	169.4	169.5
Califomia	2,083.9	2,079.2	2,076.7	2,077.1	2,076.8	2,076.5	2,078.1	2,075.2	2,075.6	2,078.6	2,079.4	2,079.8	2,079.7
Colorado	295.3	295.6	296.8	296.4	295.6	299.7	298.4	297.5	297.6	297.9	298.8	297.9	299.9
Connecticut	206.6	206.4	204.8	204.9	203.9	205.3	204.8	207.3	207.7	208.7	208.8	207.3	208.9
Delaware	49.4	49.3	49.2	49.4	49.7	48.9	49.1	50.3	49.4	49.6	49.9	49.4	49.4
District of Columbia	288.2	287.9	288.5	288.7	287.7	289.3	285.6	286.0	284.9	285.7	284.8	285.1	284.0
Florida	875.2	874.2	879.0	876.3	880.2	883.7	883.4	884.6	887.0	889.3	894.1	895.8	898.0
Georgia	544.8	545.0	545.8	545.2	544.1	544.9	545.4	546.6	554.3	555.4	556.8	558.3	560.8
Hawaii	111.5	111.8	112.2	112.7	112.1	110.8	111.1	111.3	111.8	111.5	112.0	110.4	112.0
Idaho	90.0	89.8	89.7	90.2	89.4	90.6	90.8	90.6	91.3	91.6	92.2	92.2	92.2
Illinois	774.7	772.3	769.5	771.8	766.6	761.0	758.2	759.6	772.2	772.6	773.2	768.1	770.6
Indiana	390.1	391.5	390.7	390.7	392.4	391.1	391.6	397.6	395.7	396.0	396.9	398.2	395.6
lowa	220.6	221.8	221.7	222.0	222.7	221.4	222.4	224.3	224.5	225.2	225.7	224.7	223.4
Kansas	227.3	229.1	228.3	229.5	233.0	231.3	223.9	231.8	232.1	231.1	232.7	232.0	232.3
Kentucky	276.3	276.3	276.5	275.7	277.0	276.1	275.1	276.1	276.5	277.7	276.7	272.8	275.5
Louisiana	341.0	341.2	340.3	340.1	341.2	340.6	340.8	339.6	340.2	340.2	339.6	340.2	338.6
Maine	95.8	96.0	95.5	95.2	95.1	95.9	95.9	93.9	94.0	93.6	93.3	92.1	93.2
Maryland	417.1	417.1	417.5	417.0	417.0	413.3	417.3	421.3	417.6	418.1	419.4	419.1	417.9
Massachusetts	383.6	383.3	387.3	387.8	387.8	388.4	389.1	390.0	389.7	388.8	387.8	387.0	388.3
Michigan	638.4	638.5	639.7	641.0	639.5	634.1	633.4	642.9	641.7	641.2	641.6	637.0	638.6
Minnesota	350.4	351.9	351.8	352.0	352.3	352.7	353.4	355.4	356.2	357.9	358.5	359.6	359.3
Mississippi	208.8	208.9	208.3	209.2	209.2	209.9	214.9	210.6	211.2	211.4	211.8	211.5	211.4
Missouri	372.8	373.4	378.9	376.6	378.4	377.7	377.4	379.1	379.6	380.7	382.5	381.0	381.9
Montana	74.0	74.1	74.1	73.7	74.4	73.5	74.7	74.2	74.6	74.5	75.0	74.4	74.8
Nebraska	148.6	148.7	150.8	147.8	147.1	149.1	150.0	150.0	150.1	149.2	150.5	151.1	150.7
Nevada	86.8	87.7	88.0	88.3	90.9	88.1	89.1 73.3	88.9	89.2	89.3 73.9	90.0	89.4	90.0
New Hampshire New Jersey	73.5 565.7	73.8 565.9	73.9 564.9	73.6 564.3	73.7 564.8	72.6 562.8	73.3 564.4	71.8 566.4	74.5 568.3	569.2	74.1 569.2	75.1 565.2	76.6 561.1
New Mexico	157.4	158.0	158.9	159.4	160.4	158.1	159.0	159.9	159.7	160.1	160.0	160.4	160,1
New York	1,417.7	1,420.0	1,418.1	1,418.3	1,418.4	1,430.4	1,423.2	1,419.7	1,420.4	1,423.0	1,420.2	1,417.5	1,415.4
North Carolina	517.8	519.7	522.1	523.2	524.1	530.2	537.3	533.9	536.5	539.1	539.2	539.9	539.0
North Dakota	67.5	67.2	67.2	67.3	66.4	67.2	67.3	67.8	66.6	66.4	66.8	66.6	66.9
Ohio	735.6	735.4	735.0	735.7	736.8	730.2	737.5	738.3	744.5	738.5	739.5	738.0	738.7
Oklahoma	271.2	270.2	270.6	271.0	272.5	270.8	270.8	267.6	266.9	268.3	268.6	269.6	268.9
Oregon	233.2	233.6	233.6	233.2	233.5	232.2	231.9	232.1	232.2	232.9	233.0	233.9	233.5
Pennsylvania	704.0	705.3	706.9	708.3	709.3	709.2	708.3	709.1	709.3	710.5	713.8	710.0	704.2
Rhode Island		61.6	61.5	62.0	61.2	61.3	61.5	60.3	60.9	61.3	62.4	61.7	62.2
South Carolina	293.8	295.5	296.5	295.9	298.5	298.6	298.7	298.1	297.8	297.9	297.7	299.6	298.4
South Dakota	65.6	65.2	64.8	64.8	65.6	65.4	66.4	67.6	66.8	66.8	66.7	67.4	67.4
Tennessee	359.7	360.3	360.3	361.1	361.0	361.8	362.9	362.5	363.5	364.6	365.1	365.1	365.1
Texas	1,359.2	1,361.3	1,366.7	1,367.8	1,365.9	1,382.5	1,393.2	1,395.5	1,394.3	1,397.3	1,395.4	1,389.6	1,391.1
Utah	158.0	158.6	156.9	157.6	159.1	159.1	159.9	160.0	160,3	161.0	162.0	161.1	161.6
Vermont	43.9	43.6	44.0	44.2	44.2	42.5	42.4	42.9	43.7	43.5	43.5	43.4	44.1
Virginia	594.9	595.9	596.7	595.5	596.0	600.6	600.0	600.9	601,1	602.0	601.5	597.5	599.3
Washington	426.5	428.4	429.0	427.9	430.2	429.8	428.7	434.5	429.6	433.3	431.5	433.5	432.6
West Virginia	132.9	132.8	132.6	129.4	131.9	125.9	132.4	135.0	134.9	135.1	135.5	134.8	134.7
Wisconsin	360.7	360.0	358.4	361.8	360.6	359.8	360.7	360.4	361.2	361.7	362.4	363.0	360.1
Wyoming	57.2	57.3	57.2	57.2	57.3	57.0	55.6	57.2	57.7	57.6	57.8	58.0	57.8

Includes mining, not shown separately.
 Mining is combined with construction.

 ${\rm P}\ =\ {\rm preliminary}.$ NOTE: All State data have been adjusted to March 1993 benchmarks.

B-8. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

					19	93			·			1994	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
Total private	34.2	34.4	34.7	34.4	34.5	34.7	34.3	34.5	34.5	34.5	34.8	34.3	34.7
Mining	43.4	44.3	44.6	44.1	44.9	44.6	44.1	45.1	44.2	43.9	44.2	43.9	44.6
Construction	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Manufacturing Overtime hours	41.2 4.0	41.5 4.2	41.4 4.1	41.2 4.0	41.4 4.0	41.4 4.1	41.5 4.1	41.6 4.3	41.7 4.3	41.7 4.4	41.8 4.4	41.2 4.6	42.2 4.8
Durable goods		42.2	42.0	41.9	42.0	42.2	42.3	42.4	42.5	42.6	42.7	42.2	43.0
Overtime hours		4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.8	5.0	5.1
Lumber and wood products	40.6	40.5	40.6	40.4	40.7	40.8	41.1	41.2	41.5	41.3	41.6	40.3	41.5
Furniture and fixtures		40.0	39.7	39.5	39.9	40.5	39.9	40.5	40.7	40.2	40.2	38.8	40.4
Stone, clay, and glass products	42.2	42.5	42.8	42.6	42.7	42.9	42.8	42.7	43.3	43.0	43.6	42.2	43.7
Primary metal industries	43.9	44.2	43.6	43.4	43.6	43.5	43.4	43.6	44.1	44.3	44.2	44.2	44.7
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	44.4	44.7	44.1	44.1	44.3	43.7	44.4	43.7	44.0	44.2	43.7	44.2	44.5
Fabricated metal products	41.9	42.1	41.9	41.9	41.9	42.1	42.0	42.3	42.5	42.6	42.7	42.3	43.0
Industrial machinery and equipment	42.8	43.1	42.9	42.9	43.1	43.0	42.8	43.2	43.2	43.3	43.4	43.1	43.9
Electronic and other electrical equipment	41.6	41.8	41.8	41.4	41.8	42.0	42.1	42.1	41.9	41.8	42.1	41.6	42.5
Transportation equipment	42.7	42.9	42.7	42.5	42.3	43.1	43.8	43.5	43.8	44.2	44.0	44.0	44.5
Motor vehicles and equipment	44.3	45.2	44.0	43.5	43.0	44.4	45.1	44.8	45.9	46.4	46.3	46.5	46.7
Instruments and related products	41.1	41.3	41.3	41.2	41.4	41.0	41.1	41.1	40.9	41.1	41.6	40.9	41.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39.9	40.3	39.8	39.5	39.5	39.7	39.9	39.6	39.9	39.9	40.1	39.0	40.2
Nondurable goods	40.3	40.6	40.5	40.5	40.6	40.5	40.5	40.7	40.7	40.7	40.6	40.0	41.2
Overtime hours	3.8	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.3
Food and kindred products	40.4	40.7	40.4	40.6	40.8	40.6	40.6	41.0	40.8	40.7	40.6	40.9	41.2
Tobacco products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(2)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Textile mill products	40.1	41.9	41.7	41.3	41.3	41.4	41.5	41.3	41.9	41.9	41.5	40.2	42.3
Apparel and other textile products	37.2	37.1	37.3	37.1	37.3	37.3	36.8	36.9	37.3	37.2	37.0	35.5	38.0
Paper and allied products	43.5	43.7	43.7	43.6	43.4	43.5	43.8	43.8	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.2	44.2
Printing and publishing	38.1	38.4	38.2	38.4	38.5	38.1	38.2	38.5	38.4	38.3	38.3	37.9	38.5
Chemicals and allied products	42.8	42.9	43.3	43.1	43.4	43.2	43.1	43.4	43.0	43.1	43.2	43.0	43.6
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	41.8	41.8	41.8	41.7	41.7	41.8	41.6	41.8	42.1	42.1	41.8	41.4	42.7
Leather and leather products	39.0	38.9	38.6	37.7	38.0	38.3	38.8	38.7	38.6	38.5	38.7	37.5	38.7
Transportation and public utilities	39.6	39.4	39.8	39.4	39.6	40.1	39.6	39.9	39.7	39.8	40.1	39.9	40.1
Wholesale trade	38.0	38.0	38.4	38.2	38.2	38.3	37.9	38.2	38.2	38.1	38.5	38.1	38.3
Retail trade	28.2	28.8	29.0	28.8	28.8	28.9	28.8	28.9	28.8	28.9	29.0	28.6	29.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(°)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Services	32.4	32.4	32.8	32.5	32.5	32.7	32.2	32.5	32.5	32.5	32.9	32.3	32.5

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the

seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1989 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-9. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1982 = 100)

la di cata				·	19	93						1994	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar.º
Total private	122.2	123.1	124.6	123.6	124.1	124.8	123.7	124.9	125.1	125.4	126.3	124.7	126.9
Goods-producing	101.9	102.2	102.8	102.0	102.6	102.4	102.1	102.8	103.8	103.7	103.8	102.2	105.5
Mining	52.5	53.5	54.2	53.0	53.8	53.1	53.0	53.9	52.7	53.8	53.7	53.2	53.7
Construction	118.8	119.3	124.5	123.4	125.3	124.9	123.3	124.5	127.9	126.9	125.5	121.1	129.1
Manufacturing	101.6	101.8	101.4	100.8	101.0	100.9	100.9	101.5	102.0	102.1	102.6	101.5	104.0
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products Tostile mill products	99.3 122.1 119.4 101.3 86.5 73.3 101.3 90.5 100.3 111.2 136.6 77.1 98.0	99.2 120.1 119.1 101.0 86.5 73.4 101.3 91.2 100.5 110.1 136.3 77.3 99.4 105.4 110.6 65.8 99.4	98.5 119.6 118.9 101.9 85.3 72.4 100.5 90.8 100.1 108.3 131.5 76.3 97.8 105.3 109.5 66.0 98.9	97.8 118.8 118.0 101.2 84.4 71.6 100.3 91.0 98.8 106.9 129.5 75.7 96.7	97.9 119.9 119.2 101.7 84.5 71.6 100.0 91.4 99.6 105.9 128.3 75.6 96.7 105.2 110.2 63.4 97.5	98.2 120.6 120.0 101.9 84.1 70.2 100.6 90.7 99.8 107.8 132.9 74.7 96.0 104.6 110.3 60.5 96.8	98.5 122.1 118.8 101.9 84.1 71.7 100.5 90.6 100.3 109.6 135.2 74.5 96.9 104.2 109.3 62.3 97.1	99.1 124.0 120.6 102.2 84.6 71.0 101.5 91.8 100.8 105.8 135.4 74.3 96.2	99.8 125.5 122.2 103.7 86.3 71.9 102.6 92.1 100.6 110.1 139.8 96.5 105.0 111.0 67.1 97.8	100.2 125.8 121.3 103.2 86.5 71.8 103.2 92.7 101.1 111.2 144.2 73.8 96.9 104.7 110.3 62.0 98.0	101.1 128.0 121.6 105.4 86.6 71.0 104.1 93.3 101.4 112.5 151.1 74.5 97.4 104.5 109.9 61.0 97.2	100.1 124.4 117.4 101.5 87.3 71.8 103.9 112.4 150.8 73.1 194.3 103.3 111.2 58.8 94.4	102.3 127.5 122.2 105.9 88.1 71.1 105.2 95.3 103.7 113.7 149.5 97.2 106.3 112.4 65.2 99.7
Apparel and other textile products	91.1 109.6 122.4 98.8 85.4 129.9 56.3	90.2 109.5 123.3 99.0 87.9 129.7 55.6	90.8 109.7 122.8 100.5 86.9 129.9 55.2	89.6 109.5 123.3 99.7 84.9 129.4 53.9	89.7 108.8 123.8 101.1 85.9 129.9 54.9	89.0 108.6 122.4 100.1 85.6 129.5 54.1	87.7 109.1 122.5 100.6 84.1 128.7 54.2	87.2 108.9 123.1 101.3 86.3 128.6 54.7	88.1 108.7 122.7 100.9 83.1 131.0 54.6	87.0 108.7 122.3 101.3 82.2 131.6 54.4	86.3 108.9 122.6 101.1 84.4 131.8 54.7	82.7 107.6 121.4 100.2 81.4 131.4 52.4	88.2 110.1 123.3 101.4 83.7 135.6 54.1
Service-producing	131.3	132.4	134.5	133.4	133.8	134.9	133.4	134.7	134.7	135.1	136.4	134.8	136.4
Transportation and public utilities	116.1	115.5	116.6	115.3	115.9	116.8	115.3	116.5	116.0	115.9	117.1	116.8	117.9
Wholesale trade	114.7	114.7	116.1	115.2	115.6	115.7	114.6	115.6	115.8	115.6	117.1	116.4	117.0
Retail trade	119.9	122.6	124.0	123.3	123.5	124.0	123.6	124.2	123.8	124.7	125.0	123.7	125.8
Finance, insurance, and real estate	116.9	117.2	120.0	117.9	117.3	120.7	118.4	119.7	119.3	119.3	121.8	119.6	120.0
Services	152.9	154.0	156.7	155.6	156.4	157.7	155.5	157.6	158.0	158.3	160.1	157.8	159.9

[†] Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

^p = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1989 forward are subject to revision.

B-10. Hours of wage and salary workers on nonfarm payrolls by major industry, seasonally adjusted

	Million	s of hours (annual i	rate)1		Percent change	
Industry	Jan. 1994 ^r	Feb. 1994'	March 1994 ^p	March 1993 to March 1994 ^p	Jan. 1994 to Feb. 1994 ^r	Feb. 1994 to March 1994 ^P
Total	207,646	204,974	207,234	2.4	-1.3	1.1
Private sector	169,517	166,954	169,097	2.8	-1.5	1.3
Mining	1,387	1,371	1,391	2.4	-1.2	1.4
Construction	9,566	9,006	9,364	5.5	-5.9	4.0
Manufacturing	38,638	37,985	38,312	2	-1.7	.9
Durable goods	22,169	21,845	22,021	.3	-1.5	.8
Nondurable goods	16,469	16,140	16,290	7	-2.0	.9
Transportation and public utilities	11,976	11,874	11,923	1.0	8	.4
Wholesale trade	12,316	12,232	12,324	1.8	7	.8
Retail trade	30,250	29,723	30,044	3.0	-1.7	1.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	12,398	12,355	12,616	3.9	3	2.1
Services	52,986	52,408	53,124	4.8	-1.1	1.4
Government	38,129	38,021	38,137	.9	3	.3

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52.

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees-production workers,

nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers—and are based largely on establishment data. See *BLS Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 2414, chapter 10, "Productivity Measures: Business Sector and Major Subsectors". SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202—606-5606).

^{'p} ≈ preliminary.

revised.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EARNINGS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-11. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, seasonally adjusted

And one					19	93						1994	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
						Average	hourly e	arnings					
Total private (in current dollars)	\$10.78	\$10.77	\$10.82	\$10.81	\$10.81	\$10.86	\$10.86	\$10.92	\$10.93	\$10.95	\$11.02	\$11.03	\$11.04
Mining	14.64	14.84	14.76	14.59	14.51	14.53	14.50	14.61	14.49	14.66	14.92	14.77	14.78
Construction	14.28	14.28	14.34	14.32	14.39	14.39	14,39	14.41	14.44	14.38	14.38		
Manufacturing Excluding overtime ²	11.66 11.13	11.71	11.71	11.72	11.72	11.77	11.84 11.27	11.83	11.88	11.95			12.02 11.38
Transportation and public utilities		11.13 13.61	11.15 13.62	11.17 13.65	11.19 13.66	11.22 13.65	13.63	11.26 13.67	11.29 13.68	11.34 13.72	11.36 13.83	13.84	13.89
Wholesale trade	11.59	11.67	11.74	11.68	11.73	11.80	11.76	11.84	11.78	11.78	11.92	11.87	11.86
Retail trade	7.27	7.25	7.29	7.28	7.28	7.30	7.29	7.35	7.34	7.37	7.41	7.44	7.43
Finance, insurance, and real estate	11.11	11.15	11.34	11.26	11.30	11.48	11.38	11.51	11.53	11.55	11.69	11.61	11.61
Services	10.76	10.73	10.80	10.78	10.77	10.83	10.84	10.89	10.91	10.91	11.00	10.99	11.00
Total private (in constant dollars)3	7.40	7.38	7.39	7.38	7.37	7.39	7.38	7.39	7.39	7.39	7.43	7.42	(1)
						Average	weekly (earnings		<u></u>		L	
Total private: In current dollars	3 6 8.6 8 253.21	370.49 253.76		371.86 253.83	372.95 254.23	376.84 256.35	372.50 253.23	376.74 255.07	377.09 254.79		383.50 258.60		383.09 (†)

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time

Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1989 forward are subject to

and one-half.

The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical

Not available.

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

(In thousands)

	1987		Ail	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	,
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. . 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p
Total		108,241	108,672	109,467	109,933	110,792	-	7	-	-	-
Total private		89,177	89,502	90,580	90,711	91,442	72,324	72,634	73,591	73,721	74,390
Mining		587	590	592	587	586	411	414	417	411	411
Metal mining	10	50.9	51.2	49.5	49.5	_	40.3	40.7	39.5	39.2	_
Iron ores		8.4	8.7	9.9	9.9	_	6.6	6.8	8.1	8.1	-
Copper ores		15.0		14.8	14.8	-	12.4	12.4	12.3	12.2	-
Coal mining	12	110.2	113.5	110.5	110.8	_	87.9	90.7	88.7	88.5	_
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		102.4	105.8	102.6	103.3	-	81.5	84.4	82.2	82.4	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	333.3	330.3	339.8	334.7	331.5	213.9	211.5	220.7	215.0	_
Crude petroleum and natural gas		167.8		160.6	159.4	- 331.3	82.7	82.3	78.1	76.4	_
Oil and gas field services		159.8	1	173.3	169.4	_	126.9		138.5	134.7	_
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	92.8	95.1	91.8	91.7	_	68.4	70.6	67.7	67.8	_
Crushed and broken stone		34.4	1	34.6	34.9	_	26.0	26.9	26.3	26.5	_
Sand and gravel		27.9		28.0	27.7	_	_	-	_	_	-
Chemical and fertilizer minerals		14.4	14.5	13.2	13.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction		4,074	4,109	4,248	4,193	4,330	3,047	3,079	3,199	3,143	3,272
General building contractors	15	985.9	983.2	1,020.9	997.4	1,019.0	679.2	676.1	710.7	688.6	_
Residential building construction		483.9		510.9	501.2		319.6		342.9	332.9	_
Operative builders		25.7	1	1	27.0	- !	11.2	11.1	11,1	11.1	_
Nonresidential building construction		476.3	1	1	469.2	-	348.4	345.5	356.7	344.6	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	591.9	612.2	593.4	589.6	-	475.9	494.9	479.7	475.4	_
Highway and street construction		148.1	1	152.2	149.0	_	112.2	122.5	115.1	111.6	_
Heavy construction, except highway		443.8	1	441.2	440.6	-	363.7	372.4	364.6	363.8	-
Special trade contractors	17	2,496.6	2,513.1	2,633.8	2,606.4	_	1,891.7	1,908.3	2,008.4	1,978.7	
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		584.6		619.9	613.9	-	418.8	,	448.7	442.2	l <u>-</u>
Painting and paper hanging		139.0	1	148.4	149.9	-	111.9	113.6	118.5	119.8	_
Electrical work		480.1	480.9	513.0	504.9	_	365.3	366.5	394.9	387.1	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering	174	351.9	352.4	377.5	376.0	-	294.3	296.0	315.8	314.4	-
Carpentry and floor work	175	157.1	159.2	177.0	179.2	<u>-</u>	113.5	115.6	132.2	133.8	_
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	176	174.3	172.7	174.1	170.9	-	133.9	132.3	133.2	129.6	-
Manufacturing		17,781	17,768	17,628	17,623	17,648	12,086	12,092	12,053	12,070	12,099
Durable goods		10,070	10,064	9,996	9,991	10,018	6,715	6,721	6,730	6,740	6,766
Lumber and wood products		669.4	671.3	688.4	687.9	689.0	549.2	550.8	567.1	566.7	567.2
Logging	241	76.0		72.9	72.9	-	62.1	58.4	59.2	59.0	
Sawmills and planing mills		173.7	175.2	176.7	177.1	-	150.4	151.8	152.9	153.5	l .
Sawmills and planing mills, general		138.9		140.6	141.0	-	120.1	120.9	121.5		l .
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills		32.9		34.1	34.2	-	28.7	29.2	29.8	29.9	-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		238.8		249.4	248.4	-	191.0		200.5	199.3	-
Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets		99.0		103.7	102.8	-	77.1	78.4	81.3	80.2	
Hardwood veneer and plywood		66.8 22.3		69.8 22.9	70.0 23.1	-	52.9 19.1	53.2 19.2	55.8 19.6	56.0 19.9	-
Softwood veneer and plywood		27.4	27.3	22.9 27.3	27.2	_	19.1 24.6	19.2 24.5	24.5	19.9 24.4	-
Wood containers		42.2			43.6		35.5	36.3	36.4	37.1	_
Wood buildings and mobile homes		57.3		65.2	64.6		44.0	44.9	51.7	51.4	_
Mobile homes	2451	42.2		49.8	50.0] _ [34.7	35.0	41.6	41.8	_
Miscellaneous wood products	249	81.4	1		81.3	-	66.2	66.6	66.4	66.4	_
Furniture and fixtures	25	476.9	477.4	485.1	483.7	484.3	376.4	376.5	383.5	382.9	383.0
Household furniture		272.9	l .	276.2	274.8	-	227.9	229.0	231.2	230.4	-
Wood household furniture		122.7		122.4	121.5	_	105.3	105.8	105.1	104.5	_
Upholstered household furniture		87.7		89.7	89.5	_	73.2		75.3	75.4	_
Oprioistered riouserioid furniture											
Metal household furniture		20.0		20.8	20.4	-	16.1	16.2	17.1	16.7	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Ail	employe	es			Produc	ction wo	rkers'	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994°	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Ma 1994
Purable goods—Continued											
Furniture and fixtures—Continued								1			
Office furniture		61.7	60.6	62.8	62.8	-	45.3	44.1	46.0	46.0	-
Public building and related furniture		34.8 74.2	34.7	35.8	35.6	-	27.5	27.5	28.1 55.2	28.1	-
Partitions and fixtures Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		33.3	74.5 33.3	75.8 34.5	76.2 34.3	-	53.8 21.9	54.0 21.9	23.0	55.6 22.8	
Stone, clay, and glass products	. 32	495.4	498.4	497.6	496.8	504.2	380.1	382.7	381.0	380.5	38
Flat glass	. 321	13.9	13.9	14.1	14.1	-	10.9	10.8	10.9	10.8	
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		78.8	79.0	75.5	76.7	-	66.3	66.4	62.9	64.2	
Glass containers		35.5	35.6	33.1	33.8	-	31.9	31.9	29.5	30.2	
Pressed and blown glass, necProducts of purchased glass		43.3 58.3	43.4 58.2	42.4 58.0	42.9 58.0	_	34.4 44.3	34.5 44.3	33.4 43.8	34.0 43.9	
Cement, hydraulic		16.8	16.6	16.7	16.6	_	12.9	12.7	12.7	12.6	
Structural clay products		30.5	30.7	30.5	30.3	_	23.3	23.6	23.4	23.4	}
Pottery and related products		37.4	37.6	38.2	38.4	_	29.4	29.4	30.3	30.5	1
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		173.7	176.3	179.2	176.9	-	129.5	131.9	134.0	131.4	
Concrete block and brick		15.4	15.5	15.5	15.5	-	9.6	9.8	9.6	9.6	
Concrete products, nec		59.9	60.5	60.9	60.5	-	44.2	44.8	44.8	44.3	
Ready-mixed concrete		81.7	83.5 73.2	86.0 73.1	84.1 73.1	-	62.5 54.3	64.2 54.3	66.3	64.3 54.7	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		73.1 19.4	19.4	19.2	19.3	-	14.2	14.3	54.4 14.4	14.7	
Asbestos products		3.0	3.0	2.9	2.8	_	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	
Mineral wool)	21.3	21.1	21.1	21.0	-	-	-		-	
rimary metal industries		680.2	678.9	674.7	675.2	674.5	516.7	516.7	516.8	518.1	5
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		240.3	239.5	236.5	235.4	233.1	182.4	182.4	180.8	179.4	1
Blast furnaces and steel mills		177.1	176.3	173.5	171.5	-	135.0	134.9	133.7	131.9	1
Steel pipe and tubes		25.1	25.1	25.1	25.8	-	18.6	18.6	18.4	18.7	1
Iron and steel foundries		118.7 74.9	118.6 75.0	119.0 75.7	120.4 76.1	_ :	94.4 60.0	94.5 60.3	95.7 61.5	97.2 62.1	l
Malleable iron foundries		5.8	5.7	6.1	6.2		4.7	4.6	4.7	4.8	1
Steel foundries, nec		24.2	24.2	24.6	24.9	_	18.9	18.9	19.6	20.0	
Primary nonferrous metals		43.3	43.1	40.6	40.4	_	33.1	32.9	30.5	30.4	1
Primary aluminum	. 3334	25.3	25.1	23.3	23.0	-	20.0	19.8	18.1	18.0	İ
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		161.1	160.4	159.5	159.5	-	117.0	116.7	117.2	117.8	
Copper rolling and drawing		22.6	22.6	22.3	22.2	-	17.1	17.2	17.0	17.0	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		24.0 68.6	23.8 68.3	22.8 68.9	22.7 69.1	-	16.1 50.3	16.0 50.0	15.6 50.7	15.7 50.9	į
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		76.5	76.8	77.7	78.4	_	60.7	61.1	62.6	63.5	1
Aluminum foundries		22.0	22.1	22.2		-	17.4	17.6	17.8	18.1	
abricated metal products		1,307.9				1,320.5	961.2	962.1	975.9	975.0	9
Metal cans and shipping containers		43.2	43.0	40.7	41.0	~	37.2	37.1	34.7	35.1	İ
Metal cans		34.6 122.9	34.4 122.4	32.5 124.6	33.0 124.8	-	30.3 91.1	30.2 90.8	28.1 92.9	28.6 93.5	
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws		41.0	41.0	42.2		_	30.5	30.5	32.1	32.4	
Hardware, nec		70.5	69.9	70.6		-	52.8	52.4	52.8	53.0	
Plumbing and heating, except electric		56.7	56.6	58.9	58.2	-	40.5	40.5	42.3	41.6	1
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim		24.9	25.0	25.0	25.1	-	18.9	19.0	18.8		
Heating equipment, except electric		18.7	18.4	20.3		-	11.9	11.7	13.3	12.3	
Fabricated structural metal products		381.1	381.0	386.1 65.9	384.0 65.0	-	268.0 47.3	268.2 47.3	275.3 46.9		
Fabricated structural metal		66.1 67.5	66.2 67.2	69.8	1	_	47.3 48.2	47.9	50.7	50.4	•
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	L.	97.1	96.7	94.0		_	65.5	65.3	64.7	64.4	1
Sheet metal work		89.9	90.2	93.4		_	66.8	67.1	70.3	1	
Architectural metal work		25.4	25.3	25.1	25.1	-	17.8	17.8	17.7	17.7	1
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		89.1	89.6	90.2	1	-	68.1	68.4	69.6		
Screw machine products		44.8	45.1	46.3		-	36.4	36.4	37.6		
Boits, nuts, rivets, and washers		44.3	44.5	43.9		-	31.7	32.0	32.0		
Metal forgings and stampings		217.8	217.8	221.9	L	-	173.4	173.5	177.5	176.9	1
Iron and steel forgings Automotive stampings		28.8 99.4	28.9 98.8	29.1 101.7	29.1 101.2	-	21.9 84.1	22,1 83.6	22.3 86.2	l .	
	.,	(33.4	30.0	101./	101.2		U-7. I	30.0	٥٠.٤	,	1

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987	<u></u>	Ail	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	'kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994°	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994°
Durable goods—Continued											
Fabricated metal products—Continued]
Metal services, nec		113.3	114.5	114.7	115.4	-	87.4	88.5	89.4	90.1	-
Plating and polishing		70.9	71.6	71.8	72.3	-	54.5	55.3	55.7	56.2	-
Metal coating and allied services		42.4	42.9	42.9	43.1	-	32.9	33.2	33.7	33.9	
Ordnance and accessories, nec		61.5	60.6	55.0	54.8	-	35.1	34.2	30.7	30.6	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		37.8	36.9	32.6	32.4	-	19.0	18.1	15.9	15.7	-
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Valves and pipe fittings, nec		222.3	222.4 24.1	225.1 23.9	224.7 23.5	-	160.4 17.5	160.9 17.7	163.5 17.7	163.7 17.4	_
Misc. fabricated wire products		51.4	51.2	1	51.8	-	38.8	38.6	39.4	ľ	
Industrial machinery and equipment	. 35	1,909.4	1,908.1	1,903.2	1,908.2	1,915.1	1,152.3	1,154.2	1,168.8	1,177.3	1,183.
Engines and turbines		87.9	87.9	89.6	89.7	-	55.1	55.1	56.4	56.5	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets		28.5	28.4	28.7	28.6	-	16.8	16.7	16.9		-
Internal combustion engines, nec	. 3519	59.4	59.5	60.9	61.1	-	38.3	38.4	39.5		-
Farm and garden machinery		98.6	99.2	101.4	102.4	-	71.4	72.1	74.6	ľ	-
Farm machinery and equipment	. 3523	70.9			74.2	-	49.5	50.1	52.5		-
Construction and related machinery		206.1	205.7	209.1	209.5	-	124.4	124.5	130.5	ľ	-
Construction machinery		77.5	77.5		79.7	-	46.7	47.0	50.8	51.0	1
Mining machinery		15.5	15.5		14.3	-	9.2	9.2	8.4	8.4	-
Oil and gas field machinery		37.2	37.0	37.3	37.6	-	24.0	23.8	24.8	25.1	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment		33.9	33.5		35.5	-	18.8	18.5	20.0		-
Industrial trucks and tractors Metalworking machinery		25.0 305.4	25.2 305.3	26.1	26.1 309.7	1 1	16.4 214.5	16.6	1	17.2 218.8	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types		36.9	36.8	308.9 36.3	36.2	_	214.5	214.8 22.3	217.5 22.2	210.0	_
Machine tools, metal cutting types		15.2	15.1	15.1	15.3	-	9.4	9.4	9.5		-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		141.2	141.3	144.5	145.2	_	107.8	108.0	110.1	110.9	
Machine tool accessories		48.5	48.6		48.5	_	33.8	33.9	33.5		_
Power driven handtools		23.6	23.4	24.1	24.0	_	16.0	15.9		í	1
Special industry machinery		145.6	145.9	146.1	146.8	_	83.7	83.9	84.2	84.7	_
Textile machinery		15.4	15.5	15.5	15.8	-	10.3	10.3		10.6	-
Printing trades machinery	. 3555	20.9	21.0	19.9	19.9	-	11.4	11.5	10.4	10.4	-
Food products machinery	. 3556	22.8	22.8	22.6	22.6	-	13.5	13.5	13.8	13.7	-
General industrial machinery	. 356	234.0	233.3	232.7	233.3	-	148.8	148.4			
Pumps and pumping equipment	. 3561	31.0	30.7	29.6	29.5	-	17.2	17.0			-
Ball and roller bearings	. 3562	37.7	37.0		35.8	-	30.3	29.4	28.2	28.3	-
Air and gas compressors		25.2	25.1	25.1	25.7	-	13.9	13.8	13.6		(
Blowers and fans	. 3564	30.9	30.9		31.7	-	20.8	20.9			1
Speed changers, drives, and gears	. 3566	16.0	16.1	16.1	16.1	-	11.2	11.3	11.2	11.2	
Power transmission equipment, nec		19.3	19.3		19.8	-	12.7	12.9	13.2	13.3	-
Computer and office equipment Electronic computers		373.4 222.4	369.7 218.9	346.4 197.1	344.4 196.3	1 1	125.4 57.3	124.5 56.7	119.2 52.8	120.4 54.0	-
Computer terminals, calculators, and	. 3371	222.4	210.9	197.1	190.3	_	37.3	30.7	32.0	34.0	_
office machines, nec	3575 8 9	57.1	56.7	55.0	54.3	_	25.9	25.5	23.2	23.4	_
Refrigeration and service machinery		171.9	174.5		181.8	_	119.9	121.9	126.4	127.9	_
Refrigeration and heating equipment		116.9	119.0		123.8	_	85.6	87.3	89.8	91.2	_
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery		286.5	286.6		290.6	_	209.1	209.0		1	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves		20.6	20.5)	21.6	-	16.5	16.6	17.5	17.8	-
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec		223.6	224.0	225.8	226.9	-	168.1	168.3	170.4	171.5	-
Electronic and other electrical equipment			1,515.6			1,523.1	964.5	967.9		972.7	978.
Electric distribution equipment		82.0			80.8	-	56.8	56.8			
Transformers, except electronic		40.9			40.5	-	29.1	29.2			
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		41.1	41.0		40.3	-	27.7	27.6			-
Electrical industrial apparatus		156.7 78.0	156.7 78.1	160.0 80.4	160.8 80.9	_	109.7	109.9			<u> </u>
Motors and generators Relays and industrial controls		59.3	78.1 59.2		60.1	-	60.3 35.8	60.6 35.7			
Household appliances		116.9			121.8	-	92.7	95.7		1	L
Household refrigerators and freezers		26.0			26.7	_	22.0	95.7 23.5		I .	•
Household laundry equipment		17.9	18.0		19.0	_	13.5	13.7		1	1
Electric housewares and fans		28.2			28.9	_	21.6			1	
		20.2	25.0	20.0	20.0	_			1 22.0		1

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

Industry	1987	Ali employees					Production workers ¹				
	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994
Durable goods—Continued											
Electronic and other electrical equipment—Continued	i	}									
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	364	173.8	173.6	174.6	175.8	-	125.4	125.1	126.4	126.7	- 1
Electric lamps	. 3641	20.9	20.9	20.7	20.7	-	17.0	17.0	16.3	16.3	-
Current-carrying wiring devices		64.0	63.8	64.6	64.8	-	42.5	42.5	43.5	43.4	-
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		19.2	19.2	19.4	19.6	-	13.9	13.8	14.1	14.3	-
Residential lighting fixtures		20.5	20.8	20.4	20.5	-	15.5	15.7	15.6	15.5	-
Household audio and video equipment		80.6	81.3	84.3	83.3	-	53.0	53.5	56.1	55.0	-
Household audio and video equipment		56.5	56.4	58.4	57.7	_	35.4	35.2	36.9	36.3	-
Communications equipment Telephone and telegraph apparatus		233.7 107.7	232.8 106.9	227.7 102.7	227.6 103.0		119.6 59.9	119.7 59.8	116.2 56.1	116.6 56.4	_
Electronic components and accessories		520.1	520.7	515.9	515.6	_	304.1	305.2	300.1	299.7	_
Electron tubes		24.8	24.5	23.5	23.6	_	16.6	16.5	15.9	16.0	ľ
Semiconductors and related devices		214.1	214.8	216.3	216.4	_	90.2	90.8	91.3	91.5	
Electronic components, nec		122.1	122.1	122.3	121.8	-	79.4	79.3	79.4	78.9	-
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		149.9	148.4	150.9	151.6	1 1	103.2	102.0		106.4	-
Storage batteries		24.4	24.2	25.0	25.1	-	18.6	18.5	19.4	19.4	-
Engine electrical equipment		63.1	61.8	65.0	65.6	- :	48.3	47.4	50.4	50.8	-
Transportation equipment	37	1,763.0	1,751.3	1,701.2	1,696.0	1,696.8	1,118.0	1,112.8	1,095.4	1,095.9	1,098
Motor vehicles and equipment		816.1	813.4	847.3	849.7	851.9	627.4	626.0	650.6	654.4	65
Motor vehicles and car bodies		316.6	315.7	328.5	328.1	-	230.0	229.6	233.9	234.9	_
Truck and bus bodies		34.1	34.2	35.6	35.8	_	26.9	26.9	28.4	28.7	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		420.0	417.4	434.4	436.4	_	334.8	332.9	349.2	351.1	-
Truck trailers		27.2	27.7	31.1	31.5		21.5	22.1	25.1	25.5	-
Aircraft and parts		570.2	562.4	501.2	493.3	488.9	268.4	264.3	230.3	226.7	-
Aircraft		312.0	309.8	282.4	277.9	-	128.8	127.4	113.6	111.6	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	118.3	115.4	102.3	100.5	-	58.8	57.8	50.1	49.6	-
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec		139.9	137.2	116.5	114.9	-	80.8	79.1	66.6	65.5	-
Ship and boat building and repairing	. 373	161.0	160.6	152.8	153.5	-	124.9	125.2	118.5	118.5	-
Ship building and repaining		115.6	114.8	107.6	107.7	-	87.7	87.6	81.3	80.7	-
Boat building and repairing		45.4	45.8	45.2	45.8	-	37.2	37.6	37.2	37.8	
Railroad equipment		27.8	27.6	28.1	27.8	-	20.9	20.4	21.0	20.8	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		126.8	125.4	109.5	108.6	!	35.4	35.1	31.4	31.1	-
Guided missiles and space vehicles		91.4 44.9	90.6	78.2 45.7	77.5	-	23.7 29.0	23.5	20.5 31.2	20.3 32.2	
Miscellaneous transportation equipment Travel trailers and campers		17.8	45.5 18.1	19.8	46.6 20.1	-	14.4	29.6 14.7	16.3	16.6	_
	00	007.0	0040	057.4	0546	0504	440.5	400.7	440.0	4477	
Instruments and related products	. 38	897.3	894.6	857.4	854.6	852.1	440.5	438.7	418.8	417.7	416
Search and navigation equipment Measuring and controlling devices	382	210.3 281.5	208.7 280.8	188.8 271.6	187.1 270.9	_	67.1 146.1	67.0 145.2	58.5 138.0	57.8 137.9	-
Environmental controls		42.5	42.4	41.5	41.6		28.6	28.4	27.2	27.4	
Process control instruments		57.1	57.2	55.7	55.4		27.3	27.3	26.3	26.1	_
Instruments to measure electricity		74.2	73.8	70.5	70.3	_	35.8	35.4	32.9	32.9	1
Medical instruments and supplies		265.7	265.9	262.5	262.7	_	154.7	154.1	151.9	151.9	
Surgical and medical instruments	. 3841	108.5	108.7	109.6	109.9	-	65.7	64.9	66.3	66.1	-
Surgical appliances and supplies	. 3842	97.0	96.9	94.0	93.9	-	62.1	61.9	59.2	59.4	-
Ophthalmic goods		37.6	37.6	37.5	37.5	-	25.4	25.3	25.2	25.1	-
Photographic equipment and supplies	. 386	94.0	93.3		88.2	-	40.6	40.5	38.5	38.3	
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts	. 387	8.2	8.3	8.3	8.2	-	6.6	6.6	6.7	6.7	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	. 39	356.9	360.6	355.3	355.8	358.2	255.7	258.7	251.7	253.0	255
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	. 391	49.4	49.4	49.3	48.6	-	35.2	35.1	34.9	34.0	
Jewelry, precious metal		36.4	36.5	36.7	36.4	-	25.9	25.8	25.7	25.2	-
Musical instruments	. 393	13.0	13.1	13.2	13.3	-	10,6	10.7	10.6	10.7	-
Toys and sporting goods		105.8	106.6	103.2	104.3	-	76.6	77.2	72.5	74.0	[
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		41.2	41.1	40.2	40.6		29.0	28.6	26.7	27.3	-
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		64.6	65.5		63.7	-	47.6	48.6		46.7	-
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		31.3	31.1	30.5	30.1	-	20.5	20.5	20.2	20.2	-
Costume jewelry and notions		28.3	29.3		28.0	1	21.1	21.8	21.4	21.3	-
Costume jewelry		16.6	17.5		16.7	-	12.3	12.9	12.5	12.5	
Miscellaneous manufactures		129.1	131.1	130.8	131.5		91.7	93.4	92.1	92.8	
Signs and advertising specialties	. 3993	52.5	53.3	54.4	54.6	-	35.6	36.2	36.7	36.5	-

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry--Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987	All employees					Production workers ¹				
	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994°	Mar. 1994 ^p
londurable goods		7,711	7,704	7,632	7,632		5,371	5,371	5,323	5,330	
Food and kindred products		1,606.8	1,601.6	1,597.6				1,159.5			1,161
Meat products		440.0 136.3	439.8 135.3	442.2	i	-	373.7	373.5	374.9	375.7 112.0	_
Meat packing plantsSausages and other prepared meats		89.7	89.4	133.4 91.2	ı	-	114.0 67.9	113.3 67.6	112.1 70.3	69.7	1 -
Poultry slaughtering and processing		214.0	215.1	217.6		_	191.8	192.6	192.5	194.0	_
Dairy products		148.5	148.8	146.6) .	1	93.1	93.8	92.0	91.9	_
Cheese, natural and processed		38.5	38.5	38.0			30.8	30.8	30.8	30.7	_
Fluid milk		68.6	68.4	68.9			35.6	35.6	36.0	35.8	_
Preserved fruits and vegetables	203	214.4	212.5	210.6	211.4	_	175.4	173.1	171.2	172.0	-
Canned specialties		22.6	21.6	23.2	22.5	-	18.9	17.9	19.2	18.5	-
Canned fruits and vegetables		62.8	62.3	61.3		-	49.9	49.1	48.1	48.6	1
Frozen fruits and vegetables		43.1	42.6	39.7	41.2		37.0	36.7	33.9	35.3	-
Grain mill products		122.6	121.7	121.3	1		87.6	86.7	87.1	87.3	-
Flour and other grain mill products		19.5	19.3	19.3	1	1 .	12.9	12.9	13.2	13.2	-
Prepared feeds, nec		41.7 204.0	41.7 203.6	41.2 205.6	41.2 205.1	_	27.0 130.6	27.0 130.0	26.4 133.9	26.3 133.1	-
Bread, cake, and related products		146.1	146.2	145.8	1		86.2	86.2	87.5	86.6	<u>-</u>
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products.	2001	140.1	140.2	143.0	140.2	_	00.2	00.2	07.5	00.0	_
except bread	2052.3	57.9	57.4	59.8	59.9	_	44.4	43.8	46.4	46.5	_
Sugar and confectionery products		99.4	96.9	102.0			77.1	74.7	78.7	77.0	-
Raw cane sugar		8.2	8.1	8.9	8.8	i i	6.4	6.3	6.8	6.7	-
Cane sugar refining	2062	4.5	4.9	4.8	4.8	-	3.1	3.5	3.4	3.4	-
Beet sugar	2063	8.2	7.3	10.3	9.1	-	7.2	6.2	9.1	7.9	-
Candy and other confectionery products		49.2	47.9	49.9		-	39.1	37.9	39.6	39.6	-
Fats and oils		31.3	31.3	30.2	29.9	-	21.4	21.3	20.9	20.8	-
Beverages		171.6	173.1	171.8	172.0		75.4	76.7	79.2	79.8	-
Malt beverages		37.9	38.5	36.4	36.0		22.7	23.3	22.9	22.8	-
Bottled and canned soft drinks Misc. food and kindred products		92.5 175.0	92.7 173.9	94.7 167.3	94.7 168.9	_	33.4 130.5	33.5 129.7	36.4 122.4	36.5 123.7	_
Tobacco products		49.1 33.9	46.0 33.2	47.4 32.0	44.8 31.2	42.9 -	37.1 25.7	34.2 25.0	36.3 24.2	33.8 23.6	32
Textile mill products	22	666.0	663.5	659.0	660.5	660.4	567.2	564.8	560.6	561.5	562
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton		86.2	84.7	83.6	84.2	-	76.4	75.1	74.8	74.9	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics		68.8	68.6	68.6	1	-	58.3	58.2	57.9	57.8	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool		17.4	17.6	17.7	17.8	-	14.5	14.7	15.0	15.2	-
Narrow fabric mills		21.7	21.6	21.6	21.5	1	18.3	18.2	18.0	18.0	-
Knitting mills Women's hosiery, except socks		197.1	196.6	188.7	189.8	1	171.0	170.2	162.7	163.6	-
Hosiery, nec		28.8 38.8	28.6 38.9	26.1 38.8	25.7 39.3	-	25.5 34.9	25.3 34.9	23.0	22.4 35.1	-
Knit outerwear mills		55.7	55.0	52.3			48.5	47.7	34.7 44.9	45.8	
Knit underwear mills		26.6	26.5	24.6		_	23.0	22.8	21.3	21.2	
Weft knit fabric mills		26.5	26.9	25.8			22.4	22.7	21.7	21.7	_
Textile finishing, except wool		67.3	67.7	68.9	1		55.0	55.3	56.6	56.4	-
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	29.9	30.2	31.4	31.2	_	24.6	24.9	26.2	25.9	_
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	23.6	23.7	23.5	23.7	-	18.9	18.9	18.7	18.9	_
Carpets and rugs		60.0	60.1	62.1	62.7	-	48.7	48.6	49.7	50.1	-
Yarn and thread mills		97.4	96.4	96.8			86.8	86.3	86.6	85.8	-
Yarn spinning mills	2281	77.6	77.1	76.3	ľ		69.7	69.5	69.0	ì	1
Throwing and winding mills		13.3	12.9	13.7			11.4	11.2	11.8		-
Miscellaneous textile goods	}	50.1	50.2	51.0	51.3	-	38.2	38.2	39.3	39.7	-
Apparel and other textile products		989.2	988.5	939.4	944.4		828.2	830.3	784.3	791.2	79
Men's and boys' suits and coats		44.2	43.2	42.9	1	('	36.5	36.0	35.6	35.2	-
Men's and boys' furnishings		275.4	275.2	263.4		-	236.7	237.0	226.8	228.0	l
Men's and boys' shirts Men's and boys' trousers and slacks		66.7	66.0	60.0	1		57.1	56.4	51.5	51.8	-
Men's and boys' work clothing		83.5 40.4	83.6 40.5	80.7 40.5	81.5 40.4	1	72.8 35.1	73.0	70.0	70.7	-
Women's and misses' outerwear		306.3	307.8	277.0			256.6	35.3 258.5	35.4 230.5	35.2 233.0	
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts		34.8	35.2	31.1	31.7	-	28.2	256.5	250.5	25.8	
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses		51.7	52.5	45.1	46.1	_	41.4	42.2	25.1 35.4	25.6 36.9	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		29.2	28.7	24.1	24.1	_	24.2	23.7	19.5	19.6	
WOULDING AND INISSES SUILS AND COALS											

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1987		All	employe	es	Production workers ¹					
	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994°	Ma 1994
ondurable goods—Continued											
Apparel and other textile products—Continued		ĺ								1	Ì
Women's and children's undergarments		55.7	55.9	53.4	53.2	-	45.9	46.3	44.2	44.1	-
Women's and children's underwear		43.9	43.9	41.5		- {	37.3	37.6	35.6		1
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments		11.8	12.0	11.9		-	8.6	8.7	8.6	8.6	
Girls' and children's outerwear		47.3	46.0	42.7	42.9	-	40.3	39.0	36.2	36.2	
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses Misc. apparel and accessories		19.2 40.9	18.5	18.0		-	16.6	15.9	15.3 30.0	15.1 31.1	[
Misc. fabricated textile products		198.5	41.2 198.1	37.3 201.7	38.4 203.0	-	33.3 161.7	33.7 162.2	163.5	165.6	1
Curtains and draperies		19.1	19.3	19.5		_	15.3	15.5	15.4	15.6	
House furnishings, nec		51.1	51.1	51.1	51.4	- 1	43.1	43.4	43.1	43.6	
Automotive and apparel trimmings		52.7	52.2	54.1	54.7	-	43.0	42.6	43.8		
Paper and allied products	26	679.9	679.5	672.5	671.7	670.6	512.3	511.9	507.4	507.3	50
Paper mills	262	169.0	168.7	166.0	165.5	-	128.4	128.2	126.9	126.7	
Paperboard mills	263	51.5	51.5	50.9	50.6	- 1	39.6	39.5	39.2	39.0	ļ
Paperboard containers and boxes		209.6	209.5	209.9	209.5	-	163.8	163.7	163.8	163.2	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		121.9	122.1	123.6	1	-	92.1	92.1	93.3	93.3	
Sanitary food containers		16.1	16.1	15.9	16.0	-	14.2	14.3	14.0	14.0	
Folding paperboard boxes		49.1	48.8	47.8	47.8	-	39.6	39.4	38.7	38.6	
Misc. converted paper products		236.1	236.2	232.6	233.0	-	169.9	170.0	167.5	168.4	
Paper, coated and laminated, nec		44.4	44.5	43.9	43.9	-	21.2	21.2	20.9	20.9	
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated Envelopes		36.0 23.9	35.7 23.9	35.6 23.6	35.5 23.6	-	27.0 18.3	26.9 18.3	26.5 18.5	26.6 18.5	
Printing and publishing	97	1,500.7	1,501.5	1,508.0	1,507.1	1,508.9	829.8	831.6	829.2	827.9	8
Newspapers		450.7	449.4	450.9	450.2	1,500.5	156.5	156.3	155.9	154.7	١
Periodicals		124.1	124.5	125.6	125.4	_	43.5	43.5	42.6	43.2	
Books		118.6	119.1	122.2	123.2	-	66.5	67.1	66.2	67.3	
Book publishing		81.6	82.1	83.5	83.6	-	36.1	36.3	34.8	35.2	
Book printing		37.0	37.0	38.7	39.6	-	30.4	30.8	31.4	32.1	1
Miscellaneous publishing		81.3	81.0	80.6		-	39.3	38.9	39.0	38.4	
Commercial printing		527.9	529.9	534.0	534.5	-	382.5	384.3	386.1	386.0	ſ
Commercial printing, lithographic		347.9	348.9	350.0	350.6	-	251.5	252.3	252.1	251.8	l .
Commercial printing, nec		161.3	162.4	165.1	165.3	-	115.8	116.9	118.8	119.1	
Manifold business forms		47.2 66.2	46.9 66.3	47.2 64.7	46.5 64.3	: <u>-</u>	32.9 50.4	32.8 50.4	33.7 49.1	33.0 49.4	l .
Printing trade services		59.3	59.5	57.2	57.1	-	43.1	43.4	41.6		
Chemicals and allied products	28	1,074.8	1,074.8	1,054.0	1,050.1	1,047.9	561.3	564.0	569.1	568.0	5
Industrial inorganic chemicals		136.7	136.7	133.1	132.2	- 1,047.0	59.1	59.0	57.7	57.5	
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		88.6	88.7	86.0		-	39.9	39.8	38.6	38.2	
Plastics materials and synthetics	282	169.3	168.9	163.6	163.0	-	102.5	103.3	108.7	108.8	İ
Plastics materials and resins		83.0	82.9	81.3	81.2	-	51.1	51.2	51.8	51.8	1
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		59.0	58.8	55.6		-	33.0	33.7	38.3	38.5	
Drugs		259.1	259.3	260.7	260.4	-	114.0	114.5	116.8	116.7	
Pharmaceutical preparations		213.3	213.5	215.0	b	-	96.0	96.0	98.8	98.5	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	2841	152.6 41.9	152.6 41.8	150.1 40.9	148.6 40.4	-	92.5 26.0	92.9 25.7	93.2 24.2	92.1 23.7	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		41.9		40.9 42.5		_	23.8	24.0	24.2 24.7		
Toilet preparations		68.1	68.4	66.7	6 6 .2	_	42.7	43.2	44.3		
Paints and allied products	285	57.7	57.8	57.2		_	30.1	30.2	30.0		
Industrial organic chemicals		151.8	151.6			-	76.2	76.7	79.2	79.3	1
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	25.3	25.3	25.2	25.2	-	14.6	14.6	14.4	14.5	1
Industrial organic chemicals, nec	2869	123.2	123.0	117.1	116.5	-	59.2	59.7	62.4	62.4	ļ
Agricultural chemicals		57.4	57.7	55.8		-	33.7	34.0	32.3		
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	90.2	90.2	88.0	87.6	-	53.2	53.4	51.2	51.1	
Petroleum and coal products		152.9	152.9	147.7	147.2	147.8	99.5	99.8	94.1	94.3	
Petroleum refining Asphalt paving and roofing materials		116.8 24.4	116.0 25.3	112.9 23.3	112.3 23.4	-	75.5 17.9	75.0 18.7	71.7 16.5	71.7 16.7	
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	875.9	880.3	892.0	895.6	899.1	677.4	681.4	690.2	694.7	6
Tires and inner tubes		83.5	83.7	82.5		- 099.1	63.0	62.7	60.2	60.0	
		10.5		10.3		_	9.0	9.3	8.3	ł.	1
	1302				,	, ,					1
Rubber and plastics footwear		59.2	59.3	61.2	61.6	-	43.9	44.0	46.3	47.0	i
Rubber and plastics footwear	305		59.3	61.2 23.6		-	43.9 17.6	44.0 17.7	46.3 18.4	47.0 18.6	
Rubber and plastics footwear	305 3052	59.2	59.3 23.0		23.7	i !					-{

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers1	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994°	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Leather and leather products		115.8	115.6	113.9	112.9	112.6	92.9	93.0	91.0	90.4	89.6
Leather tanning and finishing		15.3	15.1	15.1	15.0	-	12.5	12.3	12.5	12.4	-
Footwear, except rubber		61.3	61.0	60.9	60.1	- :	50.7	50.5	50.1	49.9	-
Men's footwear, except athletic	3143	28.6	28.5	28.6	27.8	-	22.5	22.4	22.1	21.7	-
Women's footwear, except athletic		21.8	21.6	21.3	20.9	-	18.7	18.6	18.4	18.1	-
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		10.2 11.5	10.2 11.5	9.6 11.2	9.5 11.2	-	7.4 8.2	7.5 8.3	7.2 7.7	7.1 7.5	_
Transportation and public utilities		5,656	5,662	5,649	5,650	5,676	4,733	4,736	4,721	4,721	4,746
Transportation		3,459	3,464	3,483	3,487	3,515	-	_	_	-	_
Railroad transportation	40	249.2	247.2	242.5	242.5	_	_	_	_		_
Class I railroads ²		216.8	215.1	210.7	210.7	-	_		-		_
Class I faill daus	4011	210.0	215.1	210.7	210.7	-	_	_	_	_	_
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	376.3	377.7	380.0	382.6	_	346.0	347.2	349.5	351.6	_
Local and suburban transportation		159.2	159.5	162.3	162.9		144.8	145.0	147.4	147.6	
Taxicabs		29.3		28.8	29.1	_	144.0	145.0	- 147.4	147.0	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation		22.5		22.0		_	20.0	19.8	19.5	20.1	_
School buses		139.2	139.6	142.2	142.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trucking and warehousing	12	1,580.7	1,584.8	1,606.8	1,608.0	1,621.9	1 375 /	1,378.1	1 306 0	1,397.2	_
Trucking and courier services, except air		1,458.1	1,463.0		1 '	-	1,273.0		1,290.9	1,291.7	_
Public warehousing and storage		119.6		123.0		_	99.7	98.8	103.0	102.6	_
Water transportation	44	160.6	162.2	157.7	158.3	_	_	_	_		_
Water transportation of freight, nec		13.3	13.3	12.1	12.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water transportation services		100.0		98.1	99.8	-	88.1	89.4	86.9	88.6	-
Transportation by air	45	729.1	726.7	731.7	729.9	732.3	_	_	_	_	_
Air transportation, scheduled		600.4	600.2	606.3	604.2	702.0	_	_	_	_	
Air transportation, scheduled		494.0	493.2	488.9	486.8	_	_	_	_	_	_
Airports, flying fields, and services		99.7	97.9	96.5	96.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	17.9	17.8	17.0	16.9	-	13.6	13.6	13.2	13.0	-
Transportation services	47	345.4	347.2	347.6	349.0	-	271.3	272.7	273.3	274.0	_
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	183.9	185.0	185.6	187.4	_	144.1	145.1	146.9	148.4	_
Travel agencies	4724	146.8	148.1	151.2	152.7	-	113.7	115.0	118.8	120.2	i -
Freight transportation arrangement		131.9	132.2	132.0	131.5	-	102.9	102.8	101.7	101.0	-
Communications and public utilities		2,197	2,198	2,166	2,163	2,161	-	_	_	-	
Communications	48	1,254.1	1,254.6	1,236.0	1,237.3	_	976.0	975.0	942.5	942.2	_
Telephone communications		875.7	875.8	854.3	855.1	-	662.3	661.3	629.2	629.0	-
Telephone communications, except radio		819.7	819.0	790.6		-	621.0		581.2	580.7	-
Radio and television broadcasting		224.5	224.1	225.6		-	187.9	187.4	188.9	188.9	-
Radio broadcasting stations		110.5	1		,	-	-	-	-	-	-
Television broadcasting stations Cable and other pay television services		114.0 128.7		115.4 131.2	115.7 131.4	-	109.5	109.9	110.5	- 110.5	_
Electric, gas, and sanitary services		942.5		929.6	1						
Electric services		433.2		929.6 424.5	925.7 423.1	-	740.2 336.9		732.2 330.8	731.5 330.4	-
Gas production and distribution		162.0		160.3		_	126.0		124.4	124.3	1 -
Combination utility services		189.7	189.6			_	144.4		140.9	141.2	1
Sanitary services		127.9	Į.			-	109.7	111.3	112.7	112.3	1
Wholesale trade		6,034	6,055	6,103	6,112	6,137	4,854	4,874	4,914	4,924	4,940
Durable goods	50	3,455	3,465	3,504	3,511	3,522	2,749	2,760	2,797	2,802	_
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies		449.0	449.8	460.1	459.8		360.6		371.2	1 -	-
Automobiles and other motor vehicles	5012	112.9	112.9	115.7	115.6	_	_	-	-	_	-
Motor vehicle supplies and new parts		266.9	267.4	274.0		-	-	_	-	_	-
Furniture and home furnishings		137.1	137.9	144.6	147.2	-	108.6	109.4	114.2	115.4	-
		63.1	63.4	66.8	67.5	_	1 _	l _		l	1 _
Furniture Home furnishings		1 00.1	7.00	00.0	07.5	_	-	_	_	_	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produc	ction wo	kers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p
Wholesale trade—Continued				,							
Durable goods—Continued											
Lumber and other construction materials		220.7	221.5	231.7	230.7	-	178.0	179.0	187.8	186.7	-
Lumber, plywood, and millwork		114.9	115.4	121.4	121.8		-	-	-	-	-
Construction materials, nec		38.6 742.6	38.7	41.1	40.4 720.4	,	599.2	600.7	- -	- 501 6	-
Professional and commercial equipment Office equipment	504	184.4	743.6 184.6	720.1 184.0	184.2	1	599.2	600.7	581.9	581.6	l -
Computers, peripherals and software	5044	267.7	268.6	238.4	237.8	,	_		_	_	_
Medical and hospital equipment		154.5	154.0	162.3	163.3		127.2	126.7	134.0	134.7	_
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		130.6	130.9	133.9	1	-	103.7	104.1	107.3	107.8	-
Electrical goods		476.8	478.9	494.7	497.6	-	370.1	371.9	385.3	387.2	-
Electrical apparatus and equipment		202.7	203.3	214.8	215.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical appliances, television and radio sets		53.0		51.8	52.3		-	-	-	- ;	} -
Electronic parts and equipment		221.1	222.6	228.1	229.8		-	-	_	- '	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		267.2	266.9	273.4	274.1	[212.8	213.1	220.2	220.5	-
Hardware		91.8	91.9	93.9	94.0		-	-	_	-	-
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies		109.8	109.7	111.3	111.6 744.7		- 590 0	- 594.4	- 505 1	- 507.0	_
Machinery, equipment, and supplies Construction and mining machinery		738.2 71.4	741.6 71.4	743.2 73.5	744.7	_	580.9	584.4	585.1	587.3	_
Farm and garden machinery		108.2	109.6	110.4	111.3		_	[_	l <u>-</u>	-
Industrial machinery and equipment		303.8	304.8	308.4	308.2	1		-	_	_	_
Industrial supplies		139.3	139.0	137.7	137.8		-	_	_	-	_
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods		293.0				1 '	234.8	236.2	244.4	244.1	-
Scrap and waste materials	5093	106.0	105.2	108.0	108.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Ì									
Nondurable goods		2,579	2,590	2,599	2,601	2,615	2,105	2,114	2,117	2,122	-
Paper and paper products		241.8	243.1	247.8			196.0	197.2	202.8	207.9	-
Stationery and office supplies		131.7	132.6	135.6			-		-	-	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		203.7	204.0	204.6	_		169.2	170.0	168.6	168.4	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		207.4 853.6	209.1 856.2	203.9 870.2			164.2 715.7	166.1	160.7	159.3	-
Grocenes and related products		271.6	272.7	275.9	869.2 275.9		/ 15./	717.2	727.9	727.8	_
Meats and meat products		61.0	61.3	61.4	61.8	1	-	_	_	_	
Fresh fruits and vegetables		94.6	94.3	91.6	1		_	_	_	_	_
Farm-product raw materials		114.0	113.6	114.5	ľ		92.4	91.9	92.8	91.5	-
Chemicals and allied products		140.2	139.8	135.5		1	106.1	105.9	101.2	100.6	-
Petroleum and petroleum products	517	175.6	175.9	180.1	181.2	- '	140.8	141.5	145.3	146.5	-
Petroleum bulk stations and terminals		72.7	73.0	74.9	75.4		-	- 1	-	-	-
Petroleum products, nec		102.9	102.9	105.2			-	-	-	-	-
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		145.1	145.4	148.1	147.6		118.3	118.5	120.4	119.7	-
Beer and ale		94.0	94.3	96.6			-	-	-	-	-
Wine and distilled beverages		51.1	51.1	51.5		1	401.0	- 405.8	207.4	399.8	-
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods Farm supplies		497.1 154.2	503.0 159.5	494.2 157.2	496.2 158.3		401.8	405.8	397.4	399.6	-
ram supplies	3191	134.2	139.5	137.2	130.3	_	_	_	_	-	-
Retail trade		19,139	19,173	19,604	19,486	19,619	16,833	16,859	17,211	17,083	17,19
Building materials and garden supplies	52	736.3	752.1	766.4	766.4	l _	603.2	617.6	627.3	627.6	_
Lumber and other building materials	521	419.9		445.8			351.4				
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores		65.9		66.4		1	50.6	50.7	51.3	51.1	-
Hardware stores	525	154.7	155.3	156.7	155.7		125.9	126.2	128.4	127.4	-
Retail nurseries and garden stores	526	70.4	79.5	69.3	71.5	-	55.1	63.8	53.6	55.5	-
General merchandise stores	53	2,331.4	2,298.6	2,373.7	2,281.7	2,274.1	2,177.9	2,147.3	2,218.1	2,127.4	-
Department stores	531	1,970.2		2,016.1			1,856.4		-		-
Variety stores	533	155.5	1	152.7	146.7	1	140.3	140.0	136.9	130.9	-
Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	539	205.7	203.5	204.9	196.5	-	181.2	179.3	181.8	174.1	-
Food stores			3,156.1	, ,			2,882.5			2,911.0	-
Grocery stores			2,818.0			1	2,588.3	2,584./	2,609.2	2,603.0	-
Meat and fish markets Dairy products stores		50.7 15.5		55.2 17.5		1	_		_]	
Retail bakeries		166.3	1	ι	L		148.6	147.6	151.4	152.1	-
Automotive dealers and service stations		1,980.0	[1	2,082.7	1,642.7	1,651.9	1,702.4	1,712.9	_
		889.4					739.7	741.6	768.9		I -
New and used car dealers											

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994°	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994
Retail trade—Continued											
Automotive dealers and service stations—Continued											
Auto and home supply stores		337.1	341.9	355.1	355.9	-	265.4	269.1	281.1	281.2	-
Gasoline service stations		605.4	605.3	611.4	614.5	-	520.7	520.6	524.5	527.2	-
Automotive dealers, nec	559	7.0	7.0	5.8	5.8	-	5.8	5.8	4.9	4.9	-
Apparel and accessory stores	56	1,113.2	1,108.6	1,136.3	1,094.8	1,096.1	917.8	910.7	929.1	889.3	-
Men's and boys' clothing stores		87.9	87.6	89.9	86.3	-	70.9	70.4	72.4	68.9	! -
Women's clothing stores		369.6	369.0	367.8	351.7	-	302.1	300.7	295.7	280.8	-
Family clothing stores		295.8	294.3	314.1	301.1	-	254.8	252.8	268.5	256.4	-
Shoe stores	566	200.6	199.2	201.6	197.5	_	158.3	156.5	158.4	154.2	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	826.8	828.2	868.2	865.4	_	670.9	671.4	707.2	703.0	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores		449.9	452.9	477.4		-	364.8	367.5	389.2	389.2	-
Furniture stores		273.5	275.7	290.2	291.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household appliance stores		74.4	73.7	71.2	70.1	-	60.5	59.9	58.0	56.5	-
Radio, television, and computer stores		302.5	301.6	319.6	1	-	245.6	244.0	260.0	257.3	-
Radio, television, and electronic stores Record and prerecorded tape stores		123.7 67.6	124.2 66.7	137.7 68.0	136.4 66.8	_	100.9 54.9	101.1 53.9	112.9 54.6	111.6 53.5	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		07.0	00.7	00.0	00.8						-
Eating and drinking places	58	6,520.0	6,607.9	6,689.2	6,717.1	6,839.0	5,886.5	5,967.2	6,019.7	6,038.3	-
Miscellaneous retail establishments		2,468.5	_,	2,511.7		-	2,051.8	,	2,089.6		-
Drug stores and proprietary stores		603.4	602.3			-	504.8	504.5	510.9	506.8	-
Liquor stores		111.5		112.9	112.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Used merchandise stores		80.7	81.2	84.0	84.4	-	67.2		69.8	70.2	-
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores Sporting goods and bicycle shops		824.0 152.9		870.3 176.5	842.0 171.3	-	679.7	666.5	730.3	700.9	_
Book stores		94.4	91.0	1	1		_		_	_	_
Stationery stores		73.1	72.0		t .		_	_	_]]
Jewelry stores		138.2	133.9		1	_	_	_	_	_	-
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops		168.4	166.3	170.9	I .	-	_	_	_	-	-
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods		63.1	63.3	60.6	57.3	_	-	-	-	-	-
Nonstore retailers		294.1	290.8	267.0	264.5	-	251.3	248.7	226.1	223.4	_
Catalog and mail-order houses		165.7	161.8	142.9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Merchandising machine operators		77.7	77.9	77.0		-	-			<u> </u>	-
Fuel dealers		102.7	100.8	l .		-	85.2	84.1	86.4	86.6	-
Retail stores, necFlorists, tobacco stores, and newsstands		452.1 167.0	432.0 146.6		481.7 177.3	-	373.8 -	354.2 -	375.0 -	395.2 -	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate ³		6,520	6,533	6,602	6,607	6,633	4,718	4,731	4,799	4,804	4,82
Finance		3,173	3,179	3,256	3,266	3,279	_	-	_	-	-
Depository institutions	60	2.101.6	2.103.0	2,122.0	2,120.7	2,127.1	1,519.7	1.521.2	1,533.3	1,532.7	_
Commercial banks		1,481.2		1,494.5		- "	1,054.6				-
State commercial banks		605.0		619.6		-	432.1	432.8	443.8	443.5	-
National and commercial banks, nec		876.2				-	622.5		618.4	619.6) -
Savings institutions		357.0			1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal savings institutions		192.0 165.0				-	-	-	-	-	-
Savings institutions, except federal Credit unions		142.3					112.6	112.9	117.2	117.1	-
Nondepository institutions	61	400 5	401.0	400 4	400 0		2017	302.0	200.0	204.4	
Personal credit institutions	614	400.5 125.1	401.3 124.6		433.9 125.5	<u>-</u>	301.7 93.9	93.2	322.0 89.8	324.1 91.9	-
Business credit institutions		80.2	1	ŧ	79.9	_	- 30.9	- 50.2	-	-	_
Mortgage bankers and brokers		178.4			1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security and commodity brokers	62	448.7	451.1	479.5	482.6	_	_	_	_	_	_
Security brokers and dealers		343.6				l .	_	_	_	_	-
Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and		1									ŀ
exchanges		22.7	22.7	23.2		-	-	-	-	-	-
Security and commodity services	628	82.4	83.0	85.4	85.5	-	52.8	53.4	55.9	55.7	-
Holding and other investment offices	67	222.1	223.5	226.4	229.2	_	_	_	. <u> </u>	1 _	_
Holding offices	07				,		1	1		I	l

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994°
Finance, insurance, and real estate—Continued											
Insurance	63,64	2,108	2,109	2,103	2,101	2,101	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance carriers	63	1,461.2	1,461.1	1,461.4	1,459.9	-	1,000.8	1,002.6	1,023.2	1,025.6	_
Life insurance		524.3	523.6	511.4	510.9	-	324.6	324.4	329.5	330.8	-
Medical service and health insurance		269.1	269.5	276.3	276.2	-	219.9	220.5	224.9		-
Hospital and medical service plans		208.5		215.7	215.5	-	174.5	175.0	179.6	1	-
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance Title insurance		545.7 64.2	545.7 64.4	537.2 77.5		_	356.8	358.0	355.8	356.4	_
The insulance		04.2	04.4	77.5	//.6	-	_	_	_	-	_
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	64	646.6	647.6	642.0	641.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate	65	1,239	1,245	1,243	1,240	1,253	_	-	-	_	-
Real estate operators and lessors		538.4	541.1	535.9	532.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate agents and managers		564.7	567.5	568.9		-	j -	-	-	-	-
Subdividers and developers	655	104.0	104.5	102.3	102.1	-	-	-	-	-	i -
Services		29,386	29,612	30,154	30,453	30,813	25,642	25,849	26,277	26,565	26,8
Agricultural services	07	421.3	443.4	452.3	440.7	466.1	343.0	362.9	370.2	359.1	_
Veterinary services	074	137.6	137.9	141.1	140.4	-	114.6	114.6	117.5	116.6	_
Landscape and horticultural services	078	243.1	264.7	270.5	259.6	-	195.5	215.1	219.5	209.5	-
Hotels and other lodging places	70	1,490.8	1 503 0	1,507.7	1,510.9	1,538.2	_	_	_	_	_
Hotels and motels		1,451.3	1 '	1,466.7			1,276.8	1,286.2	1,283.5	1,286.8	_
Personal services	72	1,136.2	1 136 1	1 130 1	1,135.5	1,137.2	_	_	_	_	_
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	411.1	412.8			1,137.2	362.5	363.5	370.9	367.6	_
Photographic studios, portrait	722	66.8		1	1	_	-	-	-	-	_
Beauty shops	723	383.2	ı			l -	342.9	342.3	338.5	337.1	_
Funeral service and crematories		85.3	1	1	l .	1	<u>-</u>	-		-	-
Miscellaneous personal services	729	169.9	166.8	149.3	160.8	-	153.1	149.3	130.5	140.7	-
Business services		5,424.8	, ,			5,986.0					-
Advertising	731	222.7	223.9	227.5		-	160.3	161.5	166.1	168.3	i -
Advertising agencies	7311	150.7	151.4	152.8		-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit reporting and collection		116.1	116.2			i	-	-	-	-	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services Photocopying and duplicating services	7334	235.0 52.2		255.5 55.1	257.2 55.7	-	- 42.7	42.3	44.9	45.3	_
Services to buildings	734	801.6		827.4		i	719.0	724.7	741.3		_
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing		201.4		215.9			160.0	162.1	171.5	1	_
Heavy construction equipment rental	7353	37.9	38.5			-	31.4	32.2	33.8		-
Personnel supply services	736	1,727.6	1,797.4	2,030.2	2,048.0	2,132.4	-	-	-	-	-
Employment agencies		234.0	246.1	283.9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Help supply services		1,493.6				-	1,445.0			1 -	-
Computer and data processing services		865.7	867.5			1	702.1	703.7	744.5		-
Computer programming services Prepackaged software		176.9 138.6				_	145.9	146.5	159.6	160.3	-
Computer integrated systems design		107.4	1			1	81.9	82.4	85.1	86.0	-
Data processing and preparation		212.9				_		-	-		_
Information retrieval services		47.7	48.6			_	38.2	39.3	40.5	40.7	-
Computer maintenance and repair	7378	42.5	42.5	41.6	42.0	-	36.2	36.1	34.3	34.7	-
Miscellaneous business services	738	1,254.7			1,254.5	-	1,104.9	1,095.8			-
Detective and armored car services		469.3	1	1		-	438.3		445.2		-
Security systems services Photofinishing laboratories		38.4 70.8	ł			-	32.8	32.7	31.7	31.7	-
•		/ 70.8		}	}	_	_	_	_	-	-
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	895.4	902.5			987.3		741.7	784.9		-
Automotive rentals, without drivers		158.3	159.9	1	1	-	126.0	127.8	141.8	1	-
Passenger car rental		98.2		1			78.4		89.1		-
Automobile parking		57.4	57.1	58.6			51.1	50.7	52.2		_
Automotive repair shops		504.3			1	_	407.5		434.2		-
Automotive and tire repair shopsGeneral automotive repair shops		175.4 209.8					143.8 170.2		154.4 181.5	1	
General automotive repair shops	1550	209.8	211.2	224.3	220.0	_	170.2	171.0	101.5	100.5	_

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	ees			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mai 1994
ervices—Continued											
Auto repair, services, and parking—Continued		İ									1
Automotive services, except repair	. 754	175.4	178.3	184.3	190.1	-	151.0	153.2	156.7	162.0	-
Carwashes	7542	103.9	105.6	106.3	110.9	-	91.7	93.0	93.2	97.5	-
Miscellaneous repair services		345.2	347.4	361.0	362.7	364.8	280.5	282.2	291.5	293.2	-
Electrical repair shops	762	110.3	111.1	116.1	115.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motion pictures		417.3	414.8	422.5	427.1	433.1	343.6	,	348.7	353,4	-
Motion picture production and services		174.5	170.6	169.0	176.3	-	139.2	136.7	134.7	142.6	-
Motion picture theaters	783	102.0	102.6	106.7	103.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	1,053.6				1,094.5	911.5		874.6	900.8	-
Bowling centers		94.6	94.0		93.8	-	85.0		83.1	83.4	١ -
Misc. amusement and recreation services	799	697.9	718.9	667.4	691.5	-	606.2		577.6	599.3	-
Physical fitness facilities		122.2	121.0	119.8	121.8	-	108.9		108.0	109.3	-
Membership sports and recreation clubs	. 7997	230.1	235.6	219.9	224.5	-	196.3	201.0	185.6	190.2	-
Health services		8,737.4		8,999.3	1 '	9,059.7	7,755.4		7,970.4		-
Offices and clinics of medical doctors		1,517.7	1,524.4		1 1	-	1,240.9		1,285.5	1,285.6	-
Offices and clinics of dentists		552.0		574.8	576.7	-	483.0		503.6	505.5	
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners		342.2	345.3	363.2	366.5	-	280.1	283.0	299.1	301.8	١.
Offices and clinics of chiropractors and optometrists.		152.3	153.1	158.7	159.5	-	-	-	-	-	
Nursing and personal care facilities		1,582.9	1,589.1	1,651.1	1,655.1	-	1,429.8	1,435.1	1,487.0	1,490.4	
Skilled nursing care facilities		1,127.2	1,131.4	1,176.5	1,181.2	-	-	-	-	-	٠ ا
Intermediate care facilities		225.7	227.0	235.3	236.0	-	203.2	204.5	211.1	211.7	
Nursing and personal care, nec		230.0	230.7	239.3	237.9	-	-	-	-	-	
Hospitals	806	3,806.7		3,815.6	3,811.7	3,816.4	3,492.8	3,493.0	3,490.3	3,488.8	.
General medical and surgical hospitals	. 8062	3,500.2	3,500.5	3,512.5	3,508.7	-	-	- 1	-	-	
Psychiatric hospitals	. 8063	102.6	102.7	97.5	97.4	-	-	- 1	-	-	
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric		203.9	204.4	205.6	205.6	-	_	- 1	-	-	
Medical and dental laboratories		188.0	189.2	196.6	196.2	-	-	-	-	-	
Home health care services	808	442.9	450.7	506.1	515.0	-	408.9	417.2	468.4	476.2	-
Legal services	81	919.9	922.4	927.4	928.2	927.5	741.6	743.6	744.2	744.3	-
Educational services		1,830.9		1,738.6	1,873.3	1,896.7	-	-	_	-	-
Elementary and secondary schools		487.8	489.6	498.3	504.3	-	-	-	-	-	
Colleges and universities		1,132.7	1,139.2			-	-		-	-	-
Vocational schools	824	77.3	77.6	75.1	78.3	-	-	-	-	- '	
Social services		2,025.4	2,044.0	2,104.0		2,142.0	1,752.1	1,768.4	1,817.5	1,834.3	
Individual and family services		542.1	546.9			-	470.4		484.6	488.1	
Job training and related services		280.4	284.0		291.9	-	234.8			244.9	
Child day care services		468.9	474.7	483.6		-	415.1		426.6		
Residential care		556.1 177.9	559.8 178.6		593.1 184.5		486.2 145.6		513.3 150.6	516.9 152.7]
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens		67.8	69.0		70.6	73.3	-	_	-	_	
Membership organizations	. 86	1.936.0	1.938.8	1,937.2	1,951.5	1,965.3	-	_	_	_	
Business associations		102.5	102.8	. ,	104.4	-,550.0	_		_	_	١.
Professional organizations		52.8	52.7	53.2	53.7	_	37.6	37.6	37.4	38.2	
Labor organizations		133.7	134.4	l	130.9	_	-	-	-	_	١.
Civic and social associations		416.1	417.4			-	-		-	-	
Engineering and management services	. 87	2,499.5	2,520.2	2,509.9	2,540.3	2,557.7	1,904.3	1,923.5	1,915.3	1,941.6	
Engineering and architectural services		751.1	760.4	760.2	761.4	- 1	613.3		624.5	623.8	
		592.8	600.0	ľ	595.7	_	488.1		493.2	492.8	Ι.
Engineering services	8/11										
		113.0	114.2	l	116.4	_	88.0	1	90.0	90.1	
Engineering services	. 8712			116.4	116.4	- -		89.0			:

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-12. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produc	ction wo	'kers'	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar 1994
Services—Continued											
Engineering and management services—Continued			1]
Research and testing services	. 873	555.5	557.6	553.8	557.2	_	414.9	417.6	418.8	422.2	_
Commercial physical research		230.9	231.0	229.7	228.3	_	160.6	160.9	165.9		
Commercial nonphysical research		101.3	102.4	103.1	105.5	_	80.2	81.4	80.4	82.3	
Noncommercial research organizations		141.6	142.7	140.4		_ [109.7	110.3	108.5		
Management and public relations	874	672.0	679.5	694.2		_ [494.5	501.3	509.4		l _
Public relations services	8743	30.6	31.1	33.2		-	21.7	22.2	23.9		_
Services, nec	. 89	41.9	42.1	40.7	40.5	-	32.9	33.1	32.1	32.1	_
iovernment		19,064	19,170	18,887	19,222	19,350	-	-	-	_	_
Federal Government ⁴	•	2,928	2,926	2,877	2,874	2,874	-	-	-	_	-
Executive, by agency ⁴		2.862.4	2.860.0	2.812.8	_	_	_ !	_	_	_	_
Department of Defense		895.7	890.5			_	_	_	_	_	١.
Postal Service ⁵	1	776.4	777.2	808.3		_	_	_	_	_	_ ا
Other executive agencies	1	1,190.3		1,166.0		_	_	_	_	_	_
Legislative	1	38.1	38.3	36.8		_		-	_	_	
Judicial		27.7	27.7	27.6		_	-	_	_	_	-
Federal Government, by industry:		ľ							,		
Manufacturing activities		98.8	98.3	85.3	84.6						ļ
Manuacturing activities		56.6		47.8		_	-	-	_	_	-
Ship building and repairing	. 3/31	30.0	30.4	47.0	47.1	_	-	-	-	_	
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal Service		33.5	33.5	32.2	32.1	_	_	_	_	_	
Services		394.3	394.0	394.2		_	_	_	_	_	
Hospitals		238.4	238.1	239.3		-	-	-	_	-	-
State government		4,537	4,563	4,427	4,589	4,616					
Hospitals		417.9		413.4		4,010	- 1	_	_	_	`
Education		1.926.6			1,949.8	_	_		_	_	'
	. 02	1,920.0	1,947.0	1,797.1	1,949.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions		1,718.6	1,724.2	1,744.9	1,753.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local government	.]	11,599	11,681	11,583	11,759	11,860	_		_	_	_
Transportation and public utilities		444.7				_	-	_	_	-	ł -
Hospitals		684.5				_	_	_	_	_	١ -
Education					6,717.6		_		_	_	١ -
General administration, including executive, legislative,		1	\ `								
and judicial functions	.[3,466.6	3,484.1	3,503.8	3,515.9	1 - 1	-	-	-	-	∤ -

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

the National Security Agency.

⁵ Includes rural mail carriers.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.

Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and

⁻ Data not available.

⁼ preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1992 forward are subject to revision.

B-13. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	Dec. 1992	Jan. 1993	Nov. 1993	Dec. 1993	Jan. 1994
Total	53,438	52,429	54,299	54,497	53,316
Total private	43,068	42,243	43,744	43,965	42,989
Goods-producing	6,488	6,425	6,435	6,399	6,332
Mining	89	89	86	86	85
Construction	502	494	517	514	504
Manufacturing	5,897	5,842	5,832	5,799	5,743
Durable goods	2,699	2,683	2,660	2,653	2,639
Lumber and wood products	111	109	115	115	113
Furniture and fixtures	145	145	148	148	148
Stone, clay, and glass products	102	101	102	100	100
Primary metal industries	91	91	91	91	91
	291	288	290	290	289
Fabricated metal products	418				
Industrial machinery and equipment	- I	419	410	410	410
Electronic and other electrical equipment	641	640	642	642	638
Transportation equipment	362	360	344	344	342
Instruments and related products	373	370	353	352	350
Miscellaneous manufacturing	164	160	166	162	158
Nondurable goods	3,198	3,159	3,172	3,146	3,104
Food and kindred products	528	514	538	525	508
Tobacco products	17	17	16	16	15
Textile mill products	320	317	315	313	311
Apparel and other textile products	774	764	744	732	720
Paper and allied products	167	165	165	164	162
Printing and publishing	668	664	670	673	669
Chemicals and allied products	336	334	334	335	331
Petroleum and coal products	25	24	24	25	24
Rubber and misc. plastics products	298	296	301	300	300
Leather and leather products	65	63	65	64	63
Service-producing	46,950	46,004	47,864	48,098	46,984
Transportation and public utilities	1,688	1,672	1,695	1,692	1,674
Wholesale trade	1,869	1,855	1,891	1,889	1,871
Retail trade	10,704	10,181	10,702	10,931	10,336
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,164	4,149	4,204	4,219	4,198
Services	18,155	17,961	18,817	18,835	18,578
Government	10,370	10,186	10,555	10,532	10,327
Federal	1,228	1,212	1,198	1,214	1,196
State	2,257	2,203	2,308	2,294	2,217
Local	6,885	6,771	7,049	7,024	6,914

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1992 forward are subject to revision

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		c	Construction	1
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
labama	1,688.7	1,709.4	1,717.5	10.6	11.0	10.8	72.7	74.6	75.
Birmingham	410.2	419.5	420.7	2.9	3.1	3.0	19.2	20,4	20.
Huntsville		161.1	161.3	l (5) [(¹)	(5)	5.4	5.5	5.
Mobile		197.1	198.2	6	(i)	(i)	12.7	13.5	13.
Montgomery	141.2	142.9	143.3	1 6 1	(i)	(')	6.3	6.5	6.
Tuscaloosa	67.7	68.6	70.1	2.6	2.6	2.6	3.5	3.9	4.
aska	238.2	238.6	245.0	9.6	9.2	9.4	8.0	9.1	9.
Anchorage	112.0	114.7	114.7	3.4	3.1	3.2	4.3	4.9	4.
izona	1,547.6	1,590.2	1,611.4	12.4	12.0	12.0	78.9	95.2	97
Phoenix-Mesa	1,038.7	1,066.9 280.5	1,080.3 283.9	4.5 2.3	4.3 2.1	4.3 2.1	53.8 14.0	65.3 16.9	67 17
				[
rkansas		984.2 117,3	992.9 118.6	(¹)	3.4 (¹)	3.4 (¹)	34.4 3.8	34.7 4.4	35 4
Fort Smith		86.2	85.9	8. ``	.9	. '' .9	2.7	3.1	3
Little Rock-North Little Rock		270.5	271.3	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	10.7	10.6	10
Pine Bluff		34.6	34.6	6	8	8	.9	.9	
alifornia	11,968.6	11,839.5	11.881.6	33.8	33.1	32.7	418.7	425.0	423
Bakersfield		169.2	170.5	11.0	10.6	10.5	8.2	8.2	423 8
resno		250.5	250.6	.7	.7	.6	11.7	12.7	12
os Angeles-Long Beach		3,668.7	3,678.6	7.4	7.2	7.2	97.0	94.7	96
Modesto		117.9	118.5	(2)	(²)	(²)	6.0	6.8	6
Oakland	868.2	853.7	857.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	38.3	38.2	37
Orange County		1,101.3	1,106.9	.9	.8	.8	41.6	41.5	42
Riverside-San Bernardino		733.5	740.4	1.2	1.3	1.3	35.0	36.1	36
Sacramento		552.1	552.0	.4	.5	.4	22.1	24.4	24
Salinas	. 106.5	105.1	105.1	.3	.3	.3	3.4	3.5	3
San Diego	. 940.1	930.1	929.2	.4	.5	.5	37.7	38.7	37
San Francisco	. 901.6	898.8	900.0	.6	.6	.6	24.6	25.3	25
San Jose		776.2	778.3	.2	.2	.2	25.0	25.8	25
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	142.7	140.9	141.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	4.8	5.1	5
Santa Rosa		143.6	144.4	.5	.6	.6	6.7	7.8	7
Stockton-Lodi		152.6	152.0	.11	.1	.1[5.4	5.7	5
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa		137.3	137.7	.4	.4	.4	7.8	8.8	8
Ventura	. 224.5	220.9	222.5	2.2	2.2	2.2	8.7	8.3	8.
olorado		1,674.1	1,689.5	15.9	15.5	15.4	71.7	79.2	77
Boulder-Longmont		134.5	135.9	()	(¹)	·(¹)	4.5	5.0	4
Denver	879.2	900.8	906.9	8.6	8.2	8.2	39.7	42.5	41
onnecticut	1,515.1	1,512.0	1,510.5	.8	.8	.9	42.0	41.6	40
Bridgeport	. 173.1	172.0	170.6] (?)	(²)	(²)	4.6	4.4	4
Hartford	. 577.9	575.2	575.7	(9)	(¹) (¹)	(1)	16.1	16.4	15
New Haven-Meriden		233.9	232.7	(0)		(1)	7.2	7.7	7
Stamford-Norwalk		182.4	181.8	(O	(<u>)</u>	(9)	4.5	4.4	4
Waterbury	. 78.4	80.1	78.9	(²)	(²)	(2)	2.2	2.1	2
elaware		344.2	342.4	.1	.1	.1	16.2	16.5	15
Wilmington-Newark	. 263.3	267.1	266.3	.2	.2	.2	12.3	12.6	12
Istrict of Columbia		658.8 2,279.5	658.0 2,281.3	.1 .7	.1 .7	.1 .7	8.0 97.4	8.1 95.5	8 93
lorida	5,508.1	5,658.8	5,714.3	6.6	6.1	6.1	279.1	292.1	292
Daytona Beach		137.2	141.2	(2)	(²)	(²)	6.9	7.5	7
Fort Lauderdale		556.4	561.3	.2	.2	.2	29.9	31.8	31
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		135.9	137.9	(2)	(²)	(²)	10.5	11.2	11
Gainesville		101.3	103.3	(2)	(²)	(²)	3.5	3.4	
Jacksonville		441.7	444.1	(²)	(2)	(2)	22.8	24.0	24
Lakeland-Winter Haven		154.4	155.7	3.1	2.6	2.6	6.8	7.0	3
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		167.2	169.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	8.1	8.2	
Miami		908.9	913.9	.4	.4	.4	38.1	38.7	36
Orlando		660.9	667.5	(2)	(²)	(2)	31.9	34.6	34
Pensacola		137.0	137.5	(2)	(²)	(²)	8.3	9.4	9
Sarasota-Bradenton		209.7	212.7	(2)	(2)	(²)	9.4	9.5	9
Tallahassee		133.1	135.1	(9)	(²)	(²)	5.2	5.0	
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		909.8	918.7	.4	.4	.4	39.9	40.3	40
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	. 369.1	377.3	380.6	(2)	(²)	(²)	19.2	20.8	20

(in thousands)

0	₩.	lanufacturing	3		nsportation a ublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
labama	381.2	378.8	379.2	83.0	84.3	84.4	365.5	377.1	377
Birmingham	50.8	51.4	51.6	29.4	29.6	29.4	98.9	102.4	102
Huntsville	38.5	36.6	36.8	3.1	3.1	3.2	29.6	30.4	30
Mobile	27.8	27.5	27.6	10.9	11.0	11.0	48.3	50.7	50
Montgomery	17.0	17.6	17.5	5.8	5.9	5.9	31.5	32.3	32
Tuscaloosa	10.2	10.3	10.5	2.2	2.2	2.2	14.2	15.1	15
ilaska	16.3	11.0	15.7	21.3	21.4	21.5	44.2	47.1	46
Anchorage	1.6	1.6	1.5	11.8	11.8	11.9	24.7	26.0	25
rizona	172.5	175.7	175.4	76.6	77.5	77.1	379.3	390.9	392
Phoenix-Mesa	133.0 23.5	133.9 25.6	133.6 25.7	53.7 11.1	54.7 11.1	54.4 11.1	253.8 63.7	262.3 64.5	263 64
, who were	239.0	245.2	244.7	55.5	55,6	55.6	211.0	2160	217
rkansas	30.9	33.0	33.3	7.5	8.0	8.0	211.8 28.8	216.9 30.5	30
	25.1		25.5		I	1	16.7	,	17
Fort Smith		25.8	1	4.9	5.0	5,1	l l	17.6	
Little Rock-North Little Rock	33.2 7.1	33.3 7.3	33.0 7.3	17.2 2.1	17.4 2.0	17.5 1.9	61.5 7.1	63.0 7.1	63 7
rine biuli	···]	7.3	7.3		2.0	1.9	,.ı	/·'	′
alifornia	1,822.2	1,748.5	1,749.1	598.0	594.4	593.8	2,771.5	2,756.3	2,745
Bakersfield	10.0	10.2	10.3	8.3	8.2	8.2	40.0	40.5	40
Fresno	27.9	28.5	28.6	12.4	12.4	12.3	61.6	61.3	60
Los Angeles-Long Beach	680.9	648.5	650.0	197.7	196.4	196.0	818.1	808.3	801
Modesto	21.8	20.9	21.5	5.4	5.6	5.6	30.4	30.8	30
Oakland	104.5	99.9	99.4	55.0	54.7	54.3	202.7	203.3	202
Orange County	209.8	203.7	203.7	36.2	37.2	37.7	274.7	271.9	270
Riverside-San Bernardino	86.2	84.0	84.3	36.8	37.0	37.2	192.6	194.1	194
Sacramento	35.8	36.7	36.1	23.4	23.9	23.8	122.3	124.6	123
Salinas	8.3	8.8	8.6	5.0	5.0	5.0	27.7	27.7	2
San Diego	119.6	112.7	112.1	35.3	35.4	35.6	221.5	217.5	216
San Francisco	75.2	73.9	74.1	76.3	74.7	74.5	189.5	187.7	186
San Jose	233.0	225.0	223.7	22.6	22.3	22.4	155.9	154.5	153
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	18.5	17.6	17.8	4.8	4.8	4.5	33.1	34.2	34
Santa Rosa	20.2	20.2	20.2	5.8	5.8	5.9	35.7	35.9	35
Stockton-Lodi	21.3	20.7	20.6	9.3	9.6	9.4	37.6	37.9	37
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	13.3	13.4	13.8	5.5	5.5	5.5	35.1	34.9	3.
Ventura	30.8	29.3	29.3	10.2	10.2	10.2	53.4	52.9	5
colorado	186.9	188.5	187.9	101.6	103.8	104.2	390.2	410.5	41
Boulder-Longmont	29.2	29.6	29.7	3.2	3.5	3.5	27.2	28.0	28
Denver	90.0	88.2	88.2	71.9	73.0	73.3	211.6	222.5	222
onnecticut	297.4	288.2	285.6	68.3	69.2	68.7	323.4	324.6	319
Bridgeport	44.3	42.6	42.4	7.1	7.1	7.0	38.1	37.6	36
Hartford	101.9	96.5	95.1	23.9	24.2	24.1	118.7	118.9	11
New Haven-Meriden	41.8	42.1	41.6	15.9	16.0	15.6	48.1	47.2	4
Stamford-Norwalk	30.3	29.1	28.9	8.1	8.5	8.6	41.4	42.6	4:
Waterbury	17.3	17.4	17.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	15.7	16.6	15
elaware	65.8	63.9	62.9	14.4	14.8	14.9	71.9	74.7	73
Wilmington-Newark	51.1	48.8	48.6	12.7	13.1	13.2	53.1	54.4	50
Vistrict of Columbia	13.9 92.0	14.0 93.7	14.0 93.8	21.5 104.1	20.5 104.1	20.6 103.6	52.0 426.1	50.7 429.2	50 42
iorida	485.5	482.0	481.7	282.5	283.7	284.6	1,444.4	1,468.2	1,483
Daytona Beach	12.9	13.1	13.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	38.6	38.7	40
Fort Lauderdale	39.4	40.3	40.5	25.5	26.2	26.1	155.2	159.9	16
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.8	37.4	38.7	3
Gainesville	5.2	5.1	5.1	1.8	1.9	1.9	20.3	20.6	2
Jacksonville	34.2	34.5	34.3	31.8	31.8	32.2	111.0	114.3	11
Lakeland-Winter Haven	20.6	19.7	19.6	7.8	7.9	7.9	42.0	43.4	4
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	28.9	28.3	28.5	4.6	4.7	4.8	36.9	37.7	3
Miami	82.1	81.1	81.7	70.6	73.2	73.3	231.6	236.8	23
Orlando	51.9	52.2	52.3	36.5	37.4	37.2	158.8	161.9	16
Pensacola	11.2	L L	1						
Sarasota-Bradenton		11.3	11.3	6.0	5.7	5.8	32.2	33.3	3
	17.4	18.2	18.2	5.3	5.2	5.2	51.9	51.6	5
Tallahassee	4.7	4.5	4.4	3.2	3.2	3.1	27.6	29.4	. 2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	86.6	87.5	87.8	40.9	41.7	42.0	230.8	230.0	23
	31.9	30.6	30.3	14.5	14.1	14.0	100.8	103.0	10

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		nce, insurar Id real estat			Services		(Government	
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
labama	74.5	76.6	76.5	357.4	362.4	366.9	343.8	344.6	347
Birmingham	29.5	31.1	31.1	112.1	114.0	114.6	67.4	67.5	67
Huntsville	4.4	4.5	4.5	42.8	40.9	41.1	40.2	40.1	40
Mobile	8.1	8.4	8.4	49.9	52.8	53.8	32.6	33.2	33
Montgomery	8.2	8.4	8.3	35.1	35.4	35.7	37.3	36.8	37
Tuscaloosa	2.2	2.3	2.3	10.7	10.2	10.9	22.1	22.0	22
.laska	10.6	11.2	11.1	53.7	54.6	55.3	74.5	75.0	75
Anchorage	6.5	6.9	6.8	30.3	30.7	31.0	29.4	29.7	29
rizona	97.8	100.8	100.9	437.2	453.2	458.6	293.1	284.9	297
Phoenix-Mesa	78.5	80.5	80.8	301.2	310.8	315.3	160.2	155.1	161
Tucson	11.9	12.5	12.4	81.4	83.2	83.5	64.9	64.8	66
rkansas	39.1	40.6	40.6	213.7	218.1	221.6	173.0	189.7	17
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	3.8	4.2	4.2	20.4	21.8	21.6	16.0	15,6	10
Fort Smith	2.7	2.9	2.8	21.6	21.8	21.6	9.6	9.3	1
Little Rock-North Little Rock	15.9	16.5	16.5	73.5	74.9	75.5	54.7	54.8	5
Pine Bluff	1.4	1.3	1.3	7.8	7.9	7.9	8.3	8.1	•
alifornia	785.2	778.1	777.8	3,435.0	3,424.5	3,457.5	2,104.2	2,079.6	2,10
Bakersfield	5.8	5.8	5.8	39.5	39.7	40.2	45.5	46.0	4
Fresno	13.8	14.2	14.2	60.3	60.8	60.9	59.6	60.1	6
Los Angeles-Long Beach	250.1	245.6	245.0	1,137.6	1,136.2	1,147.1	537.2	531.8	53
Modesto	4.9	4.7	4.8	27.2	27.5	27.8	20.9	21.6	2
Oakland	58.2	58.2	58.1	233.8	230.8	234.5	172.6	165.5	16
Orange County	92.9	90.3	90.6	322.5	327.2	330.4	129.4	128.7	13
Riverside-San Bernardino	31.7	31.7	31.8	190.2	191.7	194.4	157.0	157.6	16
Sacramento	39.6	40.6	40.9	142.2	143.0	143.5	162.8	158.4	16
Salinas	6.6	6.4	6.4	27.7	27.4	27.7	27.5	26.0	2
San Diego	61.3	59.5	59.4	283.5	284.5	285.9	180.8	181.3	18
San Francisco	100.6	100.5	100.5	303.6	307.9	309.2	131.2	128.2	129
San Jose	31.2	30.8	30.9	232.0	230.7	234.1	88.0	86.9	87
Santa Barbara-Santa Meria-Lompoc	7.4	7.1	7.1	43.1	41.9	42.1	30.0	29.2	29
Santa Rosa	9.9	9.9	9.9	37.6	38.4	38.7	25.5	25.0	2
Stockton-Lodi	8.8	8.5	8.5	34.9	35.5	35.2	35.0	34.6	34
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	5.4	5.3	5.3	34.6	34.8	35.3	36.5	34.2	3
Ventura	12.1	12.3	12.3	63.0	63.0	63.7	44.1	42.7	4
olorado	103.2	108.5	108.8	457.7	475.3	480.2	299.8	292.8	30
Boulder-Longmont	4.7	5.3	5.2	36.8	38.7	38.6	25.2	24.4	2
Denver	68.5	71.6	72.1	248.3	257.3	259.4	140.6	137.5	14
onnecticut	139.3	137.6	136.5	433.8	444.6	448.3	210.1	205.4	21
Bridgeport	10.5	10.9	10.8	50.1	51,0	50.7	18.4	18.4	18
Hartford	80.4	78.8	78.1	148.8	155.4	155.7	88.1	85.0	8
New Haven-Meriden	15.0	14.8	14.8	73.7	75.4	76.3	32.1	30.7	3
Stamford-Norwalk	19.1	19.8	19.8	58.6	61.3	61.0	16.6	16.7	1
Waterbury	4.1	4.3	4.2	23.6	23.4	23.2	12.1	12.9	1
Delaware	33.3	35.8	35.9	86.2	89.4	89.6	49.6	49.0	49
Wilmington-Newark	28.8	30.9	31.0	69.7	72.0	72.2	35.4	35.1	3
District of Columbia	32.2	29.8	30.2	253.5	252.1	253.8	286.0	283.5	280
Washington PMSA	132.8	129.0	130.8	795.6	799.7	803.8	638.7	627.6	63
lorida	353.2	361.3	363.3	1,768.5	1,864.2	1,891.2	888.3	901.2	91
Daytona Beach	6.2	6.0	6.0	43.9	43.1	45.4	24.6	25.0	2
Fort Lauderdale	39.4	40.5	40.6	170.2	180.6	182.6	75.3	76.9	7
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	8.2	8.4	8.6	42.7	44.2	45.0	21.5	22.0	2
Gainesville	4.3	4.4	4.4	27.0	28.8	29.1	37.2	37.1	3
Jacksonville	43.8	43.5	43.7	122.5	129.2	130.0	62.4	64.0	6
Lakeland-Winter Haven	7.6	7.5	7.5	40.2	41.5	42.3	23.9	24.8	2
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	5.2	5.6	5.6	57.9	57.6	58.3	24.9	25.0	2
Miami	61.8	64.1	64.4	267.6	282.2	285.0	128.1	132.4	13
Orlando	37.9	38.9	39.1	239.7	255.5	259.0	77.9	80.0	٤
Pensacola	5.3	5.1	5.0	40.5	43.1	43.3	30.6	28.8	2
Sarasota-Bradenton	10.5	10.6	10.6	87.6	90.0	92.3	23.8	24.5	2
Tallahassee	5.1	5.2	5.2	31.3	31.0	31.3	55.1	54.6	5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	63.3	65.1	65.5	301.0	320.7	325.1	124.5	124.1	12
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	25.4	25.3	25.4	130.2	136.1	138.3	47.1	47.4	- 4
***** Can Deget Dece 18101	20.7	20.0	29.7	, ,,,,,,	.00.1	.00.0	77.1	77.7	-

(in thousands)

		Total	j		Mining		c	construction	1
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb 1994
eorgia	3,024.1	3,155.8	3,175.1	7.5	7.5	7.6	117,7	130.5	12
Albany		51.5	51.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.4	2.2	-
Athens	1	62.0	61.9	ŏ	Ö	- 6 l	1.7	1.7	
		1,663.0	1,678.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	63.5	71.3	7
Atlanta		188.5				1	10.7	10.8	•
Augusta-Aiken			189.0	.2	.5	.5			
Columbus		100.9	100.4	(')	(1)	(1)	3.7	4.1	
Macon		134.3	134.6	1.2	1.2	1.1	4.1	4.2	
Savannah	116.4	119.6	119.6	(')	(1)	(1)	5.7	5.7	
awali	540.7	531.8	535.1	(1)	(1)	()	32.8	30.4	3
Honolulu	417.2	409.4	412.6	(¹)	(1)	(1)	24.4	23.0	:
laho	417.4	441.6	443.3	2.0	2.0	2.0	19.3	24.2	:
Boise City		162.0	163.2	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	8.5	10.7	
	5 404 6	5 075 7	50045	40.0	45.0	45.5		4740	
Inois		5,275,7	5,291.5	16.2	15.8	15.5	170.1	174.2	13
Bloomington-Normal		69.9	71.1		(2)	()	1.8	1.8	
Champaign-Urbana		87.8	91.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.0	2.2	
Chicago		3,667.6	3,676.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	119.1	119.9	1
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island		163.2	163.4	()	(')	0	6.5	6.5	
Decatur		53,1	53.3	(O)	(¹)	()	2.5	2.6	
(ankakee	37.8	38.2	38.1	(1)	(1)	(')	1.4	1.4	
Peorla-Pekin	148.5	149.3	149.7	l (¹) l	(¹)	(1)	5.7	5.9	
Rockford	151.5	153.8	152.1	(1)	(')	(9)	4.8	5.0	
Springfield		104.2	104.7	(6)	(')	(i)	3.7	3.5	
diana	2,549.1	2,576.1	2,582.4	6.5	5.9	5.9	103.5	106.0	1
Bloomington		59.3	59.9	1		(¹)	2.5	2.4	,
					()				
Ikhart-Goshen		106.0	105.5	(1)	(')	(1)	3.0	3.5	
Evansville-Henderson		138.0	137.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	7.3	7.4	
ort Wayne		242.2	242.0	(()	(')	(1)	9.1	9.6	
Gary	242.9	239.9	241.4	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	13.4	12.5	
ndianapolis	711.2	728.7	727.5	.7	.4	.5	33.3	32.3	
Kokomo	48.4	49.7	49.4	(1)	(')	(')	1.1	.9	
_afavette	84.0	84.5	84.7	(1)	(1)	Ö	2.6	2.8	
Muncie	56.7	58.5	58.2	િ છે 📗	ČÓ I	(i)	1,7	1.9	
South Bend		119.3	118.2	l ŏ l	- ŏ l	- ĕ	5.3	6.0	
Ferre Haute		64.3	63.5	.4	`′ .4	.4	2.7	2.4	
wa	1,237.6	1,270.9	1,275,2	1.8	1.8	1.9	37,1	41.1	
Dedar Rapids		101.4	101.3	(')	(')	(')	4.3	4.8	
Des Moines		247.5	248.1				7.8	9.5	
	1			(')	()	(1)			
Dubuque		48.7	48.7	(1)	()	(<u>)</u>	1.3	1.2	
owa City		60.4	59.3	(2)	<u>0</u>	(1)	1.6	1.6	
Sioux City		59.8	59.8	(9)	()	()	1.9	1.9	
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	64.4	64.5	65.1	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	1.9	1.8	
ansas	1,108.2	1,134.2	1,141.8	8.6	8.5	8.6	38.0	42.9	
awrence	40.0	39.1	39.4	(9)	(¹)	e e	1.3	1.4	
Topeka	91.5	93.5	94.4	(6)	- ŏ i	- ŏ -	2.9	2.9	
Vichita		246.9	247.5	1.6	`´ 1.5	1.5	10.2	10.8	
ntucky	1,508.3	1,510.1	1,523.7	27.8	27.6	28.5	60.7	61.3	
Lexington		236.8	242.9	.2	.2	.2	10.5	9.7	
Louisville		492.2	494.6	.5	.2 .6	.6	21.5	21.0	
Owensboro		38.4	38.6	.5	.6	.6	21.5	21.0	
					**	• •			
ulaiana		1,630.0	1,643.8	46.0	45.2	45.7	91.8	94.6	
		49.9	50.0	.]]	.1	.1	2.7	3.0	
Baton Rouge		255.5	258.6	.8	.9	.8	30.0	30.5	
louma		59.3	59.4	5.3	5.1	5.1	2.7	3.0	
afayette		135.8	136.3	11.1	11.5	11.6	6.0	6.5	
ake Charles		73.6	73.9	1.4	1.3	1.4	6.0	8.0	
Monroe		61.9	62.8	.3	.3	.3	2.7	2.9	
New Orleans	561.4	569.7	573.0	14.4	14.0	14.1	24.1	25.7	
Shreveport-Bossier City		154.2	154.9	3.1	2.9	3.0	7.1	8.8	
aine	495.1	507.7	508.6	.			170	10.4	
				(²)	.1 (²)	(²)	17.0	19.4 1.4	
_ewiston-Auburn	38,2	39.0	39.1	(')	. , ,		, ,,,,,,		

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		fanufacturing	3		nsportation a sublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
Georgia	548.2	559.6	562.5	198.4	203.3	204.2	743.9	781.3	781.
Albany	7.6	7.3	7.5	2.7	3.0	3.0	12.4	12.9	13.0
Athens	10.9	10.8	10.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	14.4	14.6	14.4
Atlanta	193.5	198.1	198.2	135.5	138.7	139.3	422.5	443.0	444.0
Augusta-Aiken	44.5	43.4	43.4	5.3	5.5	5.5	38.3	38.8	38.0
Columbus	20.9	20.6	20.5	3.1	3.4	3.4	21.8	22.5	22.
Macon	17.9	18.4	18.7	5.3	5.2	5.3	29.8	31.2	30.0
Savannah	17.3	17.8	17.5	9.9	9.1	9.3	28.0	29.3	29.
Hawaii	19.3 14.1	17.6 13.2	17.9 13.3	41.9 34.7	40.0 32.9	40.0 32.8	132.0 100.1	131.3 99.0	130.4 98.4
daho	66.8	70.5	69.9	20.3	20.9	20.8	103.7	111.5	110.
Boise City	27.6	30.2	30.1	7.6	7.5	7.6	36.4	38.2	38.
llinois	924.3	936.6	936.1	304.8	310.5	310.2	1,211.5	1,240.0	1,235.
Bloomington-Normal	7.0	7.5	7.5	2.9	2.9	2.9	15.7	15.9	16.
Champaign-Urbana	10.0	10.0	10.2	2.5	2.5	2.5	19.3	19.6	19.
Chicago	631.6	637.1	637.8	221.3	223.8	223.5	849.2	867.9	864.
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	28.5	28.3	28.5	7.8	7.7	7.7	45.9	46.7	46.
Decatur	13.5	12.8	12.9	5.2	5.2	5.2	11.8	11.9	11.5
Kankakee	6.8	6.9	6.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	9.5	9.8	9.
Peoria-Pekin	31.0	31.1	31.1	7.7	7.7	7.8	35.1	35.9	35.
Rockford	48.2	49.6	47.8	6.5	6.7	6.7	32.1	32.7	32.
Springfield	4.2	4.2	4,2	5.0	5.1	5.1	21.7	21.8	21.1
Indiana	632.0	639.6	640.6	131.2	133.4	134.3	591.5	606.4	604.2
Bloomington	8.6	8.8	8.8	1.6	1.7	1.7	13.0	14.0	14.
Elkhart-Goshen	53.3	54.7	54.0	2.9	2.6	2.8	18.3	18.9	18.
Evansville-Henderson	31.0	31.2	31.1	6.7	6.8	6.7	34.8	35.0	34.
Fort Wayne	67.6	68.1	67.7	14.9	15.9	15.9	56.1	56.9	56.0
Gary	52.4	52.6	52,4	16.9	16.5	16.6	56.9	56.3	55.
Indianapolis	122.0	124.3	124.3	41.6	41.2	41.1	180.7	191.5	191.0
Kokomo	20.2	20.7	20.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	9.8	10.2	9.7
Lafayette	18.9	17.7	17.6	2.3	2.3	2.3	16.2	16.4	16.
Muncie	10.8	11.0	10.9	4.3	5.3	5.2	12.0	12.3	12.0
South Bend Terre Haute	21.2 13.0	21.5 12.7	21.8 12.6	5.3 2.8	5.4 2.7	5.4 2.7	29.3 17.9	29.7 18.6	29.0 17.0
lowa	231.5	238.7	239.1	54.9	56.0	56.1	306,7	315.7	314.6
Cedar Rapids	20.5	21.1	21.1	5.8	5.9	5.9	22.0	23.2	22.9
Des Moines	24.6	25.3	25.4	11.5	11.7	11.7	61.5	64.4	64.2
Dubuque	11.9	12.7	12.5	1.8	1.9	2.0	10.5	11.4	11.2
lowa City	4.2	4.3	4.4	1.7	1.8	1.8	11.2	11.2	11.4
Sioux City	11.6	12.2	12.2	3.4	3.5	3.5	14.4	15.3	15.2
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	14.5	14.2	14,1	1.7	1.9	1.9	15.3	15.9	15.9
Kansas	182.6	180.6	180.8	63.5	67.8	67.7	267.1	273.5	273.
Lawrence	4.5	4.3	4.3	1.1	1.0	1.0	9.5	9.8	9.
Topeka	9.3 59.6	9.5 56.1	9.5 56.2	6.2 11.3	6.7 11.3	6.8 11.2	20.1 56.3	20.6 57.1	20.1 57.1
Kentucky	289.8	291.8	291.8	80.9	81.3	81.3	351.2	356.2	357.0
Lexington	38.0	39.7	39.6	8.9	8.7	8.8	52.0	57.2	56.9
Louisville	85.8	87.3	87.5	32.1	33.0	32.8	116.0	118.6	119.9
Owensboro	6.1	6.0	6.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	9.8	10.0	10.0
Louisiana	183.3	184.9	185.1	104.4	105.0	105.4	375.2	377.8	377.
Alexandria	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	10.6	11.1	11.0
Baton Rouge	23.1	22.9	22.7	11.4	11.6	11.5	54.7	56.3	57.
Houma	4.7	5.1	5.2	5.5	5.7	5.6	14.7	14.5	14.
Lafayette	15.1	15.8	15.7	7.7	8.1	8.0	33.4	34.5	34.
Lake Charles	11.0	10.9	11.0	4.1	4.2	4.4	15.5	16.2	16.
Monroe	8.1	8.1	8.2	2.9	3.3	3.3	14.7	15.4	15.
New Orleans	47.7 20.2	47.4 20.1	47.5 20.3	43.0 8.4	42,2 8,1	43.4 8.1	139.2 35.4	138.0 36.6	139. 36.
				[
Maine	89.0 8.0	91.3 8.2	91.7 6.1	21.3 1.3	21.1 1.4	21.0 1.4	119.1 9.6	125.4 10.3	122. 10.
Portland	13.3	13.1	13.4	5.8	5.7	5.7	35.1	37.6	36.
F VINGIN	13.3	13.1	10.4	5.0	5.7	J.7	J., I	37.0	٠.٠٠

(in thousands)

0		nce, insurar nd real estat			Services		•	Government	
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
Georgia	163.2	166.0	166.1	698.4	747.6	758.8	546.8	560.0	565.2
Albany	2.0	2.1	2.1	11.7	11.9	11.9	11.9	12.1	12.2
Athens	1.9	2.0	2.0	10.6	11.1	10.9	19.0	20.1	20.5
Atlanta	108.8	108.5	108.8	425.8	461.5	471.7	235.1	240.5	243.3
Augusta-Aiken	6.3	6.6	6.6	41.2	42.6	42.8	38.9	40.3	40.6
Columbus	6.4	7.4	7.4	21.9	23.0	23.1	20.3	19.9	19.9
Macon	7.7	8.3	8.3	27.8	29.7	30.1	35.9	36.1	36.1
Savannah	4.4	4.3	4.3	31.5	33.5	33.6	19.6	19.9	20.1
Hawaii	38.3	39.4	39.4	163.0	163.6	163.2	113.4	109.5	114.2
Honolulu	31.6	32.2	32.2	120.0	120.9	120.6	92.3	88.2	92.5
Idaho	22.0 10.4	23.2 10.9	23.2 11.0	93.0 34.9	98.8 36.9	99.8 37.3	90.3 27.0	90.5 27.6	93.0 28.6
Illinois	377.1	383.5	383.2	1,409.3	1,451.6	1,457.5	781.6	763.5	780.6
Bloomington-Normal	11.8	12.0	12.0	16.2	16.1	16.2	14.7	13.7	14.7
Champaign-Urbana	3.1	3.1	3.1	19.5	19.3	19.6	35.2	31.1	34.5
Chicago	294.2	298.2	298.2	1,039.9	1,061.6	1,067.4	462.7	457.2	463.7
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	7.4	7.5	7.4	40.0	40.8	41.0	26.1	25.7	25.8
Decatur	2.3	2.3	2.3	12.8	12.8	12.9	5.7	5.5	5.6
Kankakee	1.6	1.7	1.7	9.9	9.9	9.9	6.7	6.6	6.6
Peoria-Pekin	8.3	8.4	8.4	43.2	43.3	43.6	17.5	17.0	17.5
Rockford	6.5	6.7	6.7	38.1	37.9	38.2	15.3	15.2	15.3
Springfield	7.9	7.9	7.9	29.4	29.2	29.3	32.6	32.5	33.0
Indiana	125.9	127.9	127.9	560.0	560.1	559.7	398.5	396.8	404.9
Bloomington	2.0	2.0	2.1	11.0	11.7	11.7	19.5	18.7	18.8
Elkhart-Goshen	2.9	2.9	2.9	15.5	16.7	16.8	6.7	6.7	6.8
Evansville-Henderson	5.8	5.6	5.6	36.5	36.1	36.1	13.8	14.4	14.4
Fort Wayne	13.1	12.8	13.0	54.2	53.8	53.7	25.0	25.1	26.0
Gary	9.0	9.7	9.6	59.3	57.8	58.9	35.0	34.5	35.0
Indianapolis	54.2	54.8	55.3	169.1	175.2	173.9	109.6	109.0	109.3
Kokomo	1.4	1.4	1.4	8.1	8.1	8.2	6.5	7.1	7.2
Lafayette	3.4	3.6	3.6	15.8	17.9	17.8	24.8	23.8	24.5
Muncie	1.8	1.8	1.8	12.9	13.5	.13.3	13.2	12.7	13.3
South Bend Terre Haute	6.4 2.3	6.1 2.3	6.2 2.4	38.2 14.9	37.6 14.7	36.4 14.3	12.9 11.3	13.0 10.5	13.2 11.1
lowa	72.4	74.8	74.7	310.1	318.3	321.6	223.1	224.5	227.5
Gedar Rapids	5.2	5.4	5.4	27.3	29.0	29.0	10.9	12.0	12.2
Des Moines	33.5	35.1	35.2	64.6	68.2	68.4	32.8	33.3	33.9
Dubuque	1.6	1.6	1.6	15.5	15.9	16.2	3.5	4.0	4.0
lowa City	1.5	1.7	1.7	11.0	11.8	12.2	25.5	28.0	26.2
Sioux City	2.6 2.9	2.7 2.8	2.7 2.8	17.3 15.6	17.4 15.9	17.4 16.0	6.7 12.5	6.8 12.0	6.9 12.6
Vanna	57.2	E0 0	50.0	260.9	272.9	274.7	220.2	220.0	205.0
Lawrence	1.8	58.2 1.8	58.2 1.8	8.6	8.1	8.3	230.3 13.2	229.8 12.7	235.9 13.3
Topeka	6.2	6.2	6.2	23.7	24.7	24.8	23.1	22.9	23.4
Wichita	11.0	11.0	11.0	65.6	65.9	66.1	32.2	33.2	33.8
Kentucky	62.8	62.6	62.4	355.2	359.1	361.9	279.9	270.2	279.1
Lexington	9.5	9.4	9.4	59.8	60.1	61.8	54.6	51.8	56.5
Louisville	28.2	28.9	28.8	132.9	134.3	135.2	67.7	68.5	68.4
Owensboro	1.7	1.7	1.7	9.7	9.4	9.5	6.0	6.7	6.8
Louisiana	77.4	77.6	77.7	406.3	407.8	414.4	342.9	337.1	340.6
Alexandria	2.1	2.2	2.2	13.9	14.3	14.5	13.1	13.2	13.3
Baton Rouge	14.4	14.8	14.8	60.7	63.2	63.5	56.2	55.3	57.2
Houma	2.1	2.3	2.3	11.2	11.6	11.5	11.9	12.0	12.2
Lafayette	5.5	5.6	5.6	31.4	32.4	32.3	21.9	21.4	21.9
Lake Charles	2.7	2.5	2.6	16.7	18.1	18.1	12.0	12.4	12.4
Monroe	4.2	4.3	4.3	15.6	15.8	16.0	12.8	11.8	12.4
New Orleans Shreveport-Bossier City	29.2 6.8	29.9 6.6	29.9 6.7	164.0 39.0	170.5 40.0	171.5 40.4	99.8 31.0	102.0 31.1	102.4 31.2
•									
	24.9	25.7	25.6	124.9	132.1	132.7	98.8	92.6	96.6
Maine	1.9	2.0	2.0	11.2	11.0	11.4	4.9	4.7	4.8

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
Maryland	2,051.6	2,068.6	2,072.5	1.1	1.0	1.0	110.8	110.1	108.
Baltimore PMSA	1,073.8	1,071.2	1,069.5	.2	1	.1	52.1	52.1	50.9
Baltimore City	409.8	407.8	407.1	(2)	(2)	(3)	11.6	11.6	11.3
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	750,2	758.9	761.3	(2)	(²)	(3)	47.9	47.4	46.0
Massachusetts	2.765.2	2.845.7	2,857.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	66.1	75.5	73.3
Boston	1,687.1	1,745.5	1,750.2	.3	.4	.4	38.4	42.4	41.3
Brockton	78.7	81.8	81.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	2.0	2.1	2.0
Fitchburg-Leominster	47.5 129.9	48.4 131.8	48.1 132.1	(²)	(²) (²)	(²)	.9 3.6	1.0 4.0	 3.9
Lowell	98.8	101.0	100.8	8	- 6 I	6	3.2	3.5	3.4
New Bedford	58.6	60.2	59.8	(2)	(2)	(²)	1.3	1.5	1.4
Pittsfield	39.1	39.9	39.8	.1	.1	.1]	1.1	.9	
Springfield	232.5	232.7	234.3	.1	.1	.1]	5.1	5.8	5.
Worcester	202.6	204.8	205.9	.2	.2	.2	5.0	5.8	5.0
Michigan	3,908.5	3,969.5	3,992.7	8.2	8.0	8.3	110.3	117.8	113.6
Ann Arbor	245.5	244.0	247.3	(1)	()	()	5.4	5.8	5.0
Benton Harbor	65.3	66.6	66.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.5	1.6	1.6
DetroitFlint	1,843.6 165.2	1,875.3 163.3	1,882.3 164.2	(1) .7	.9 (¹)	(1)	48.2 4.1	50.5 4.1	49.7 3.9
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	455.0	465.7	467.0	8	8 1	8 1	16.5	17.1	16.8
Jackson	54.1	55.4	55.5	6	- 6 l	- 6 I	1.5	1.6	1.6
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	193.8	194.6	195.6	(1)	(1)	Ö	5.6	5.8	5.7
Lansing-East Lansing	209.3	213.8	215.2	(2)	()	2	5.4	5.7	5.6
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	161.4	162.6	162.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	6.4	6.2	5.8
Minnesota	2,178.5	2,241.5	2,246.7	6.9	6.6	6.6	62.2	67.6	66.0
Duluth-Superior	97.7	98.9	99.6	4.7	4.9	4.9	2.6	2.9	2.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,412.7	1,451.6	1,455.1	(2)	(2)	(²)	40.5	41.7	40.€
Rochester	67.4	69.2	68.9	2	2	<u>(2)</u>	1.9	1.8	1.8
St. Cloud	75.3	76.7	77.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.4	2.7	2.6
Mississippi Jackson	973.5 191.7	1,007.4 197.2	1,013.8 199.1	5.0 (²)	5.2 (²)	5.2 (²)	34.6 7.6	38.2 7.7	37.9 7.7
Missouri	2,321.0	2,375.7	2,396.0	4.2	4.1	4.0	83.8	90.0	90.9
Kansas City	786.1	804.5	810.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	29.5	31.8	32.5
St. Louis	1,159.9	1,178.4	1,186.7	(1)	(4)	(1)	48.5	53.1	53.€
Springfield	133.2	140.2	141.2	(1)	(r)	(1)	5.2	5.7	5.8
Montana	311.0	322.7	323.8	5.4	5.4	5.4	9.3	11.3	11.1
Nebraska	741.2	756.5	759.0	1.2	1.3	1.2	24.7	28.4	27.5
Lincoln	125.4 335.0	126.4 342.0	127.6 342.2	0 0	(b)	()	4.5 11.6	4.5 14.1	4.5 13.4
Omaha	333.0	342.0	342.2	()	- ''		11.0	14.1	13.4
Nevada	643.3	890.2	694.1	12.6	12.4	12.4	40.4	45.3	45.6
Las Vegas	436.4 144.0	474.9 150.7	477.4 152.0	1.8	1.7 .7	1.7 .7	32.2 6.1	34.9 7.5	35.2 7.5
NOID	177.0	130.7	152.0		- '		0.1	7.0	_
New Hampshire	485.0	501.9	505.8	.3	.3	.3	13.5	15.8	15.3
Manchester	82.2 77.9	85.2 79.6	85.5 79.8	(9)	()	0	2.5 2.0	3.1 2.0	3.0 2.0
Nashua Portsmouth–Rochester	98.3	100.1	102.5	8	8	8 1	2.0	2.0	1.9
				` '		``			
New Jersey	3,416.4	3,453.3	3,448.1	1.6	1.8	1.8	101.9	104.6	100.8
Atlantic-Cape May Bergen-Passaic	156.6 593.7	158.0 598.7	158.3 597.0	(f)	(t) (t)	(0)	5.0 17.4	5.0 17.9	4.7 17.5
Camden	421.9	428.4	425.4	ю	- 6 I	- 6 I	15.9	16.2	16.1
Jersey City	224.4	229.7	229.6	Ö	Ö	Ö	3.7	4.1	3.9
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	534.4	543.8	546.0	.5	.5	.5	14.5	15.4	15.3
Monmouth-Ocean	318.0 893.6	321.9 899.7	321.3 900.4	(¹) .5	(¹) .6	(¹) .6	12.5 25.3	13.1 26.8	12.7 25.8
Newark	193.9	194.1	193.6	(')	()	()	3.7	3.9	4.1
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	54.7	54.9	54.8		`′ .3	`′ .3	1.4	1.6	1.5
New Mexico	607.3	626.9	632.2	15.2	15.9	16.1	30.3	35.7	35.0
Albuquerque	280.2	289.6	292.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	15.0	18.9	18.4
Las Cruces	45.5	46.0	46.4	Ö	(')	(')	2.4	2.3	2.5
Santa Fe	64.9	65.3	67.0	Ö	Ö	Ö	2.9	3.1	3.2
Maw York	7,602.6	7,633.1	7,667.7	4.1	4.6	4.6	207.1	215.2	210.0
New York			427.2			- !	-		
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	413.0	425.1	421.2	.3	.3!	.31	11.4	13.0	12.4

(In thousands)

Charles and a second	.	lanufacturing)		nsportation a ublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb 1994
aryland	179.7	176.4	176.2	96.7	97.5	96.2	484.2	490.3	48
Baltimore PMSA	108.9	106.3	106.2	52.7	52.1	50.6	246.6	244.3	24
Baltimore City	38.2	37.6	37.5	20.9	20.8	19.9	66.5	63.7	-6
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	33.6	33.7	33.5	30.5	31.4	31.1	180.7	184.2	18
assachusetts	456.7	445.2	442.9	119.3	125.9	126.3	618.7	646.7	64
Boston	227.1	221.3	219.9	75.9	79.8	80.1	362.4	379.4	37
Brockton	10.9	11.0	11.0	4.5	4.6	4.6	25.3	26.3	2
Fitchburg-Leominster	14.5	14.4	14.4	1.8	2.0	2.0	10.8	10.8	1
Lawrence	35.8	33.9	33.7	4.0	4.0	4.0	31.7	33.7	. 3
	31.7	30.6	30.9	4.9	5.1	5.0	19.6	20.7	2
Lowell									
New Bedford	15.3	15.5	15.6	2.2	2.3	2.2	14.3	14.5	1
Pittsfield	7.8	7.3	7.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	9.2	9.9	
Springfield	41.0 39.6	39.7 39.0	39.4 38.9	8.7 9.5	8.3 9.9	8.2 9.9	52.6 45.1	52.1 45.5	5
	}				ļ				
chigan	899.5	920.6	919.4	152.4	154.7	154.9	906.1	927.5	92
Ann Arbor	54.7	53.5	53.4	5.6	5.3	5.3	46.3	46.9	
Benton Harbor	19.7	20.2	20.3	2.7	2.8	2.8	13.4	14.0	
Petroit	411.6	423.1	424.1	83.0	84.6	84.7	438.7	445.7	4
iint	48.3	45.4	45.3	4.6	4.3	4.3	38.9	38.5	
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	132.6	137.0	137.4	16.4	16.6	16.7	110.0	111.9	- 1
ackson	12.1	12.6	12.7	3.5	3.6	3.6	12.9	13.5	
(alamazoo-Battle Creek	49.4	49.0	49.1	6.0	6.1	6.1	41.3	42.5	
ansing-East Lansing	23.4	29.3	29.1	6.2	6.2	6.2	46.3	47.2	
aginaw-Bay City-Midland	41.6	40.9	40.7	6.4	6.3	6.4	39.6	40.4	
nnesota	397.1	404.1	404.4	108.3	108.9	109.0	517.4	534.1	5
Ouluth-Superior	7.8	8.2	8.2	5.8	6.0	6.0	25.1	25.5	
/inneapolis-St. Paul	261.9	265.2	265.2	77.3	76.7	76.9	330.7	342.8	3
lochester	12.0	11.3	11.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	13.2	14.6	
St. Cloud	13.4	13.7	13.9	2.7	2.7	2.6	22.9	23.5	
ssissippi Jackson	252.9 21.7	255.3 21.1	256.2 21.2	44.6 12.4	43.9 13.5	44.1 13.7	202.2 45.5	209.2 47.4	2
ssouri	408.5	408.7	409.7	149.5	152.5	153.3	542.7	559.7	5
(ansas City	105.3	105.8	106.4	62.6	64.4	64.6	192.9	198.5	1
St. Louis	198.6	193.4	193.3	75.5	77.4	78.1	272.8	281.1	2
Springfield	21.0	21.3	21.3	7.8	8.0	8.2	36.5	39.0	
ontana	22.5	22.6	22.5	19.9	19.8	19.9	81.6	86.6	
ebraska	101.4	103.6	103.6	46.8	47.0	47.2	185.4	192.1	1
Lincoln	15.5	15.5	15.7	7.4	7.2	7.3	26.0	27.8	
Omaha	34.7	34.0	33.9	24.1	24.1	24.2	84.3	87.5	
vada	27.9	30.5	30.6	33.7	35.7	35.7	128.0	135.9	1
as Vegas	15.2	16.0	16.2	22.1	23.3	23.3	89.2	94.3	
Reno	9.7	10.7	10.8	9.9	10.6	10.6	32.5	34.6	
w Hampshire	97.1	97.2	97.5	17.4	17.9	18.1	121.9	127.9	1
Manchester	11.3	11.4	11.3	5.1	5.4	5.7	21.0	21.4	
Nashua	27.1	26.5	26.6	2.0	2.2	2.2	18.9	19.9	
Portsmouth-Rochester	17.2	17.5	17.3	3.0	3.4	3.5	23.6	24.0	
w Jersey	512.0	505.3	504.4	231.7	235.3	235.6	791.8	811.0	7
Atlantic-Cape May	6.7	7.0	7.0	6.9	7.1	7.1	29.1	29.9	
Bergen-Passaic	114.8	110.3	110.0	27.9	28.8	28.6	167.5	171.3	1
Samden	56.8	57.4	57.0	19.9	20.3	20.0	110.9	114.9	1
ersey City	31.5	31.8	31.8	28.1	28.5	28.9	54.0	54.7	
liddlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	95.7	95.5	95.1	43.7	43.1	43.3	127.2	128.8	1
Ionmouth-Ocean	21.2	20.8	20.5	17.6	18.1	18.1	83.6	86.2	
lewark	142.4	142.5	142.9	75.5	76.7	77.0	175.3	176.5	1
renton	24.8	22.8	22.3	6.7	6.6	6.6	30.6	31.7	•
/ineland-Millville-Bridgeton	13.4	13.2	13.4	2.1	2.0	2.0	10.2	10.4	
ew Mexico	41.0	42.6	42.5	29.2	29.4	29.5	142.1	147.7	1
Albuquerque	25.7	26.3	26.8	12.8	12.4	12.6	66.8	69.3	
Las Cruces	2.5	2.4	2.3	1.7	1.7	1.7	9.5	9.9	
Santa Fe	1.9	2.0	2.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	13.0	13.7	
	980.6	948.7	951.9	394.2	398.9	399.2	1,514.7	1,537.6	1,5
W YORK				U34.E					1,5
Nibany-Schenectady-Troy	43.7	43.8	43.5	15.5	15.8	15.8	82.1	86.2	

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

0		nce, insurar Id real estat			Services		•	Government	
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994
aryland	127.4	129.5	129.5	631.1	649.7	652.3	420.6	414.1	422
Baltimore PMSA	73.1	72.5	72.3	332.5	337.1	338.3	207.7	206.7	208
Baltimore City	38.2	37.9	37.6	145.0	145.7	146.8	89.4	90.5	90
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	46.2	47.1	47.4	241.1	249.0	250.7	170.2	166.1	170
assachusetts	196.4	201.0	201.0	918.7	964.8	977.8	388.3	385.5	393
Boston	141.8	146.4	146.9	628.3	659.7	665.8	212.9	216.1	218
Brockton	3.3	3.3	3.3	18.3	19.7	19.9	14.4	14.8	1!
Fitchburg-Leominster	1.7	1.7	1.7	11.1	12.0	11.9	6.7	6.5	
Lawrence	4.8	4.8	4.9	32.7	34.6	35.0	17.3	16.8	1
Lowell	3.2	3.5	3.4	22.4	23.9	23.8	13.8	13.7	i
New Bedford	2.0	2.0	1.9	14.2	14.8	14.8	9.3	9.6	
		1.9	1.9		13.6				
Pittsfield	1.9		1	12.8		13.7	5.0	5.0	
Springfield Worcester	14.0 15.0	13.8 15.4	13.8 15.5	67.3 56.7	69.3 57.5	70.7 58.8	43.7 31.5	43.6 31.5	3
	i		404.4	2010	4.040.0		257.0		
ichigan	190.2 9.1	191.3 9.3	191.4 9.3	984.2 54.2	1,013.3 55.0	1,025.1	657.6 70.2	636.4 68.2	65
Ann Arbor						55.8			′
Benton Harbor	2.6	2.6	2.6	16.1	16.4	16.5	9.3	8.8	
Detroit	106.5	107.0	106.9	520.1	533.5	537.0	234.8	230.2	23
Flint	6.1	6.2	6.2	38.7	40.8	41.5	24.8	24.0	
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	18.9	19.2	19.1	108.3	111.9	113.2	52.3	52.0	
Jackson	1.8	1.8	1.9	11.8	12.1	12.2	10.4	10.1	1
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	10.1	10.3	10.3	45.6	46.3	46.5	35.8	34.5	
ansing-East Lansing	12.1	12.1	12.1	47.1	47.0	47.1	68.7	66.2	(
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	6.0	6.2	6.2	39.5	39.9	40.4	22.0	22.5	1
nnesota	131.9	138.3	138.7	594.8	618.0	621.5	359.9	363.9	36
Ouluth-Superior	3.4	3.4	3.5	28.7	26.8	27.0	21.6	21.2	
/linneapolis-St. Paul	104.2	109.6	109.8	393.3	410.3	412.5	204.4	205.0	21
lochester	1.8	1.9	1.9	29.4	30.3	30.2	7.1	7.3	
St. Cloud	2.3	2.4	2.4	18.8	18.7	19.1	12.8	13.0	
ssissippi	38.0	38.5	39.1	184.3	202.9	205.8	211.9	214.2	2.
Jackson	14.3	14.6	14.7	47.5	50.6	51.5	42.1	41.9	4
issouri	136.7	139.8	140.0	614.7	640.4	649.4	380.9	380.5	39
Cansas City	61.0	62.4	62.3	209.3	219.5	220.3	125.5	122.1	12
St. LouisSpringfield	71.2 5.8	72.4 6.3	72.7 6.2	341.7 39.3	352.2 42.0	357.4 42.0	151.6 17.8	148.8 17.9	1!
ontana	14.3	15.0	14.9	82.9	87.7	88.3	75.1	74.3	
		1							
ebraska	49.5	50.4	50.5	183.7	185.2	186.7	148.5	148.5	15
Lincoln	8.6	8.6	8.6	29.8	29.9	29.9	33.6	32.9	1
Omaha	29.4	29.7	29.7	101.1	101.9	102.4	49.8	50.7	
vada	29.8	32.0	32.0	283.0	310.0	311.0	87.9	88.4	
as Vegas	21.8 6.9	23.5 7.2	23.5 7.2	201.5 58.1	225.9 59.8	226.6 60.1	52.6 20.1	55.3 19.6	
	1						i		
W Hampshire	29.2	29.8	29.7	130.1	138.4	139.4	75.5	74.6	
Manchester	7.6	7.1	7.2	24.7	26.6	27.0	10.0	10.2	
lashuaortsmouth-Rochester	3.1 6.6	3.2 6.8	3.1 6.8	17.7 21.7	18.7 24.7	19.3 24.4	7.1 24.1	7.1 21,7	
		-				1			
w Jersey	226.3	228.9	229.3	980.3	1,004.6	1,010.9	570.8	561.8	5
Atlantic-Cape May	5.6	5.3	5.2	74.7	76.1	76.1	28.6	27.6	
Bergen-Passaic	35.0	36.8	37.1	160.8	164.0	163.9	70.3	69.6	
Samden	22.5	22.4	22.2	118.3	120.9	121.5	77.6	76.3	
ersey City	18.6	19.8	19.4	48.6	51.2	52.1	39.9	39.6	
Aiddlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	42.7	43.4	43.4	132.8	140.7	142.6	77.3	76.4	1
fonmouth-Ocean	18.8	18.8	18.7	101.8	102.9	104.6	62.5	62.0	į ,
lewark	68.3	67.9	67.8	263.9	268.9	271.6	142.4	139.8	1
renton	10.5	10.3	10.2	63.3	64.8	65.4	54.3	54.0	
/ineland-Millville-Bridgeton	3.5	3.4	3.4	11.0	11.1	11.1	12.8	12.9	
W Mexico	26.8	27.8	27.9	162.7	170.0	171.1	160.0	157.8	1
Albuguerque	15.0	15.7	15.6	86.5	89.4	90.2	58.4	57.6	
_as Cruces	1.8	1.9	2.0	9.1	9.7	9.8	18.5	18.1	
Santa Fe	2.5	2.8	2.8	18.4	18.9	19.3	25.0	23.7	
ew York	720.9	720.9	722.2	2,352.5	2,398.2	2,424.2	1,428.4	1,409.0	1,4
TVIN				4000					1 4
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	26.4	27.2	27.0	123.0	127.2	129.4	110.6	111.5	1

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
New York-Continued									
Buffalo-Niagra Falls	517.1	519.0	522.1	0	()	<u> </u>	15.1	15.8	15.7
Dutchess County	105.4	100.7	100.8	0	(¹)	()	3.6	3.5	3.3
Elmira	39.5	40.3	40.0	(2)	()	()	.9	1.0	.9
Glens Falls	44.4	46.6	46.7	(0)	(1)	()	1.4	1.6	1.5 35,7
Nassau-Suffolk	1,026.4 3,715.7	1,039.0 3,716.5	1,035.8 3,727.4		(¹)	(¹) (¹)	35.2 96.2	35.8 96.2	95.1
New York PMSA	3,715.7	3,238.6	3,727.4	(¹) 0.3	(¹) 0.3	0.3	78.7	78.8	77.8
Newburgh	111.5	111.5	111.6	(1)	(¹)	(')	3.2	3.1	3.0
Rochester		509.9	511.5	.7	.7	.7	13.4	14.1	13.5
Rockland County	95.9	96.4	95.9	()	(')	(')	2.7	2.6	2.6
Syracuse		324.1	326.3	l ö l	ď	- ii	10.9	12.7	12,5
Utica-Rome		123.9	124,2	l ö l	(i)	Ö	2.3	2.5	2.2
Westchester County	365.3	363.4	364.1	Ö	(4)	Ö	13.6	13.6	13.5
North Carolina		3,262.7	3,272.5	3.4	3.3	3.3	143.3	153.3	152.7
Asheville	94.6	96.6	96.8	0 1	(¹)	()	4.1	4.7	4.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	632.7 556.6	655.9 570.9	657.1	l 🐧	(¹)	(1)	30.8	32.4 24.0	32.3 23.9
GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point	503.8	519.9	569.7 521.8	(1)	(¹)	(1)	22.9 22.3	22.7	23.9 22.6
North Dakota	275.8	281.9	283.8	3.5	3.7	3.6	8.2	9.6	9.4
Bismarck	42.3	43.1	43.2	(1)	(¹)	(1)	1.6	1.9	1.9
Fargo-Moorhead	82.5	83.6	84.2	l (t)	(')	(i)	3.2	3.9	3.8
Grand Forks	44.1	45.7	46.3	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	1.2	1.5	1.4
Ohio	4,798.6	4,838.6	4,848.8	13.6	13.7	13.5	153.8	159.4	156.0
Akron	285.5	291.3	294.1	.4	.4	.4	8.5	9.6	9.5
Canton-Massillon	162.9	167.2	166.8	.6	.7	.7	5.8	6.9	6.6
Cincinnati		758.1	761.3	.5	.6	.7	29.0	30.5	30.2
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	1,026.0	1,033.2	1,036.2	.8	.9	.9	31.4	33.1	32.7
Columbus		715.4	717.4	.6	.6	.6	24.1	24.2	24.0
Dayton-Springfield		440.2	441.3	.6	.5	.5	13.0	13.1	12.8
Toledo Youngstown-Warren	282.0 223.8	287.0 229.0	286.7 228.8	.2	.2 .7	.2 .7	9.1 6.4	8.7 7.4	8.4 7.2
Oklahoma	1,226.2	1,236,0	1,242.9	35.9	35.4	35.3	39.2	41.4	41.9
Enid	22.9	23.1	23.3	.9	.9	1.0	.7	.7	.7
Lawton	37.8	37.1	37.5	.1	.1	.1	1.4	1.4	1.4
Oklahoma City	443.6	446.0	449.4	8.6	8.2	8.0	14.1	14.7	14.8
Tulsa	327.0	331.5	331.1	9.5	9.6	9.5	11.3	11.7	11.8
Oregon	1,271.5	1,304.3	1,311.6	1.6	1.4	1.4	46.4	52.6	51.8
Eugene-Springfield	116.5	119.7	120.5	.1	.1	.2	3.9	4.8	4.7
Medford-Ashland	56.0	57.9	58.2	.1	1	.1	1.9	2.1	2.1
Portland-Vancouver	749.0 111.6	770,5 113.0	773.9 114.7	.9 .2	.7 .2	.7 .2	30.8 4.4	33.8 4.5	33.6 4.5
Pennsylvania	5.035.8	5,035.1	5,050.2	21.3	19.9	19.5	172.6	174.0	169.8
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	250.3	248.5	248.9	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	8.6	8.6	8.8
Altoona	53.8	55.1	55.3	8	(i)	8	2.2	2.1	2.1
Erie	121.7	121.1	121.9	8	8	8	3.5	3.2	3.1
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	315.1	314.1	313.5	6	(7)	- ŏ	11.5	11.0	10.9
Johnstown	81.3	83.3	82.9	6	Ö	Ö	4.6	4.8	4.8
Lancaster	191.2	190.5	190.5	.3	.3	.3	10.3	10.0	9.6
Philadelphia PMSA		2,098.3	2,099.4	(0)	(¹)	(j)	70.1	71.6	69.5
Philadelphia City	689.7	681.5	683.9	(1)	(')	(¹)	10.2	10.1	10.2
Pittsburgh	1,010.9	1,021.4	1,021.8	4.4	3.3	3.3	41.0	41.5	40.7
Reading ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazelton		152.7	\$52.7 261.4	(¹)	(')	(')	5.7	5.6	5.3
Sharon		260.8 41.7	261.4 42.3	(1)	.6 (¹)	.6 (¹)	7.5 1.1	7.9 1.0	7.3 1.0
State College		58.4	62.8	8	(¹)	8	2.0	2.5	2.3
Williamsport	50.1	49.1	49.8	(1)	8	8	1.8	1.6	1.6
York		153.3	153.3	.4	.5	.4	6.5	6.6	6.5
Rhode Island		424.5	426.1	.1	.1	.1	9.9	9.5	8.9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	466.7	473.5	474.2	.1)	.1	.1(10.9	9.6	9.0

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Manufacturing			Transportation and public utilities				il trade	
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
New York-Continued									
Buffalo-Niagra Falls	89.4	88.6	88.4	25.0	25.1	25.1	127.5	129.0	129.0
Dutchess County	21.5 8.3	16.3 8.4	16.2 8.3	3.7	3.8	3.8	19.4 9.4	20.6 10.0	20.3 9.9
Elmira	9.3	9.9	9.8	1.5 1.3	1.5 1.3	1.5 1.3	9.4	10.0	10.9
Nassau-Suffolk	122.4	118.5	118.3	46.8	48.6	48.5	260.3	269.7	265.3
New York PMSA	344.5	333.0	338.8	227.0	226.8	227.8	631.1	634.1	628.6
New York City	282.5	274.6	280.4	200.6	199.7	200.8	527.2	528.3	524.4
Newburgh	12.8	12.5	12.6	6.3	6.2	6.2	28.2	28.6	28.6
Rochester	130.7	127.2	126.9	16.6	16.4	16.4	106.8	109.3	108.1
Rockland County	13.8	13.0	12.9	5.6	5.7	5.7	20.8	21,3	21.0
Syracuse	50.2	49.3	49.0	19.8	20.0	20.0	74.1	75.9	74.8
Utica-Rome	20.7	21.0	21.0	4.1	4.0	3.9	24.7	24.8	24.5
Westchester County	46.3	43.3	43.4	20.1	20.7	20.6	79.3	80.4	79.3
North Carolina	837.6	845.5	844.1	153.5	154.4	154.6	700.2	728.8	725.4
Asheville	21.4	21.3	21.3	4.7	4.8	4.8	21.6	22.3	22.1
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	144.6	148.3	146.4	50.7	52.0	51.9	151.2	157.5	156.7
GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point	166.6 78.5	187.2 78.4	167.2 78.6	29.0 24.0	29.7 23.9	29.5 24.0	124.0 101.0	127.4 105.5	126.7 105.0
North Dekota	18.7	19.7	20.0	17.5	18.2	18.3	71.8	73.3	73.5
Bismarck	2.2	2.2	2.2	3.0	3.2	3.2	10.6	11.1	11.0
Fargo-Moorhead	5.6	6.1	8.2	4.6	4.6	4.6	23.8	24.0	24.0
Grand Forks	3.1	3.2	3.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	12.1	12.1	12.2
Ohio	1,044.9	1,045.7	1,045.4	209.4	208.5	208.0	1,136.3	1,156.8	1,147.6
Akron	62.1	61.6	61.9	13.5	14.1	14.0	68.5	69.9	69.6
Canton-Massillon	43.8	44.2	44.5	5.7	6.0	5.9	39.5	40.9	40.3
Cincinnati	142.8	142.0	141.8	39.1	39.5	39.7	189.4	193.5	191.9
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	219.8	216.8	216.4	42.1	41.1	41.2	237.2	239.3	238.4
Columbus	91.3	90.9	91.3	30.0	30.7	30.6	183.5	185.1	183.8
Dayton-Springfield	93.3	94.3	94.2	17.5	17.4	17.6	98.3	101.0	100.5
Toledo	54.9 54.1	55.8 55.1	55.7 55.0	13.6 8.7	12.7 8.5	12.9 8.5	67.8 57.8	71.5 60.1	70.4 59.4
Youngstown-Warren	i	1	1	1					
Oklahoma	165.7	169.6	168.6	71.0	70.9	71.2	278.1	286.4	286.6
Enid	1.5	1.6	1.6	2.1	2.1	2.1	6.4	6.8	6.7
Lawton	3.5	3.8	3.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	8.4	8.6	8.5
Oklahoma City	48.2	49.3	49.7	22.0	21.8	21.7	103.1	105.8	106.0
Tulsa	54.6	55.0	54.3	26.5	26.7	26.6	74.0	76.1	75.6
Oregon	203.3	207.9	209.3	65.5	65.1	65.2	314.1	324.1	322.0
Eugene-Springfield	17.6	18.4	18.5	4.6	4.6	4.6	29.3	29.3	29.3
Medford-Ashland	8.6	8.5	8.5	2.8	3.0	3.0	15.9	17.4	17.0
Portland-Vancouver	120.4 14.1	123.6 14.3	124.0 14.7	43.9 3.2	43.0 3.3	43.3 3.3	186.3 24.6	191.1 25.2	190.6 25.2
Pennsylvania	938.2	931.9	928.6	264.5	268.4	267.9	1,122.0	1,137.9	1,127,2
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	61.5	61.5	60.8	13.0	12.6	12.5	52.0	52.6	51.7
Altoona	9.7	10.0	9.9	5.0	4.9	4.9	14.1	14.4	14.9
Erie	34.6	34.4	34.2	4.3	4.1	4.2	26.5	27.2	26.6
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	47.0	47.4	46.8	20.3	20.2	20.2	67.7	66.9	65.9
Johnstown	12.5	12.1	12.2	4.9	4.9	4.9	18.9	19.9	19.6
Lancaster	55.5	55.1	54.7	6.8	6.5	6.6	46.9	47.2	46.2
Philadelphia PMSA	313.5	310.0	307.3	102.2	102.4	101.9	463.7	465.2	461.1
Philadelphia City	66.6	65.2	64.6	38.0	38.1	38.0	115.5	116.3	115.8
Pittsburgh	130.8	129.4	129.8	63.4	63.9	63.7	244.6	250.7	248.0
Reading	44.0	43.8	43.7	6.5	6.5	6.5	34.1	34.9	34.3
ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazelton	59.9 9.3	58.5 9.6	58.8 9.6	15.1 1.8	15.8 1.7	15.7	62.3 10.3	63.8 10.4	63.2 10.3
Sharon	9.3 8.4	8.2	9.6 8.5	1.8	1.7	1.7 1.8	11.6	11.7	11.6
Williamsport	13.7	13.2	13.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.6	11.6	11.7
York	46.4	46.7	46.4	8.4	8.7	8.7	37.0	36.7	36.4
TVIK				1 1		1		1	
Rhode Island	87.8	86.1	86.2	13.7	14.2	14.4	88.2	92.8	92.4

(in thousands)

State and		nce, insuran d real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994P
New York-Continued									
Buffalo-Niagra Falls	28.4	28.4	28.4	144.9	146.2	148.2	88.8	86.0	87
Dutchess County	4.3	4.3	4.4	29.9	30.2	30.6	22.9	22.0	22
Elmira	1.4	1.4	1.4	11.0	10.8	10.8	7.1	7.1	7
Glens Falls	1.5	1.7	1.7	11.4	11.8	11.9	9.6	9.5	9
Nassau-Suffolk	79,4	79.4	79.6	307.8	314.0	313.5	174.6	173.0	174
New York PMSA	500.1	500.9	502.3	1,257,3	1,273.3	1,281.8	659.4	652.2	653
New York City	467.3	468.5	469.9	1,102.9	1,117.3	1,124.6	577.0	571.1	571
Newburgh	6.0	6.0	6.0	28.6	29.1	29.1	26.4	25.8	26
Rochester	23.5	23.8	23.8	137.3	142.5	144.3	77.5	75.8	77
Rockland County	5.1	5.1	5.1	27.6	28.4	28.5	20.5	20.2	20
Syracuse	19.5	19.4	19.3	90.6	88.8	91.5	59.2	58.0	59
Utica-Rome	8.0	8.0	7.9	29.8	31.9	32.5	31.3	31.6	32
Westchester County	26.9	26.3	26.3	121.4	122.2	123.5	57.8	56.9	57
orth Carolina	134.4	140.6	141.1	658.6	691.8	701.8	530.6	545.0	549
Asheville	2.9	3.1	3.1	25.7	25.3	25.8	14.2	15.1	15
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	39.8	41.7	41.7	139.6	148.1	149.9	76.0	77.9	78
GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point	27.5	28.3	28.3	124.6	129.6	129.5	62.0	64.7	64
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	23.9	24.6	24.7	140.8	150.6	151.2	113.3	114.2	11
orth Dakota	13.2	13.6	13.7	74.2	76.9	77.0	68.7	66.9	68
Bismarck	1.9	2.0	2.0	13.3	13.3	13.3	9.7	9.4	
Fargo-Moorhead	5.2	5.3	5.3	23.7	23.8	24.1	16.4	15.9	16
Grand Forks	1.6	1.6	1.6	10.9	12.3	12.3	12.9	12.6	1:
hio	254.0	257.6	257.7	1,236.5	1,256.7	1,267.1	750.1	740.2	75
Akron	11.5	12.3	12.4	75.1	79.1	79.7	45.9	44.3	4
Canton-Massillon	6.7	6.6	6.7	41.1	42.2	42.3	19.7	19.7	1:
Cincinnati	44.3	45.8	46.0	200.0	203.1	205.2	101.1	103.1	10
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	62.5	66.0	66.0	288.9	295.9	298.7	143.3	140.1	14
Columbus	59.0	59.1	59.1	189.6	190.9	192.2	133.4	133.9	13
Dayton-Springfield	17.2	17.0	16.9	120.0	122.3	123.6	76.4	74.6	7
Toledo	11.0	11,4	11.5	78.7	80.0	80.7	46.7	46.7	4
Youngstown-Warren	10.1	10.1	10.1	56.2	57.8	57.6	29.9	29.3	3
klahoma	60.8	60.7	61.4	298.6	301.2	304.3	276.9	270.4	27
Enid	1.1	1.0	1.0	6.0	5.9	6.1	4.2	4.1	
Lawton	1.7	1.7	1.7	8.0	7.7	7.8	12.9	12.1	1:
Oklahoma City	25.5	25.6	25.6	115.1	119.1	120.7	107.0	101.5	10
Tulsa	17.4	18.0	17.9	92.0	93.5	94.1	41.7	40.9	4
regon	87.2	93.1	93.8	316.7	326.2	330.6	236.7	233.9	23
Eugene-Springfield	6.3	7.1	7,1	29.2	30.6	30.6	25.5	24.8	2
Medford-Ashland	2.7	2.8	2.8	14.0	14.2	14.5	10.0	9.8	1
Portland-Vancouver	60.9 6.2	63.6 6.6	64.0 6.6	196.9 25.7	206.3 25.8	207.9 26.6	108.9 33.2	108.4 33.1	10
	298.9	301.3	301.8	1,502.8	1,499.5				
ennsylvaniaAllentown-Bethlehem-Easton	13.5	14.1	14.0		71.9	1,518.5	715.5 28.5	702.2	71
				73.2		73.8		27,2	2
Altoona	1.7	1.9	1.9	13.4	13.9	13.7	7.7	7.9	
Erie	5.5	5.8	5.8	32.7	32.4	33.2	14.6	14.0	1
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	22.3	22.8	22.9	75.8	77.2	77.0	70.5	68.6	6
Johnstown	4.0	4.2	4.1	23.4	24.2	24.0	13.0	13.2	1
Lancaster	8.7	9.0	9.0	44.2	46.0	46.5	18.5	16.4	1
Philadelphia PMSA	155.9	153.8	152.8	701.6	693.5	701.4	307.1	301.8	30
Philadelphia City	58.0	56.8	56.6	268.6	262.7	266.6	132.8	132.3	13
Pittsburgh	59.6	59.9	60.1	343.2	349.3	350.4	123.9	123.4	12
Reading	8.8	9.2	9.2	33.5	34.5	34.6	18.8	18.2	1
ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazelton	11.6	11.7	11.7	68.4	68.3	69.2	34.7	34.2	3
Sharon	1.5	1.5	1.5	12.1	12.0	12.8	5.5	5.5	
State College	2.0	2.1	2.1	11.6	11.1	11.4	24.4	21.0	2
Williamsport	2.2	2.1	2.2	12.5	12.6	13.1	6.5	6.2	
York	4.9	5.0	5.1	32.7	34.5	35.0	15.6	14.6	1
hode Island	24.7	25.1	25.1	130.4	134.3	136.2	62.0	62.4	6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	26.5	26.8	26.9	136.3	142.2	143.3	63.9	64.3	€

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction)
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
South Carolina	1,530.7	1,567.4	1,577.0	1.8	1.8	1.8	78.7	80.1	79.
Charleston-North Charleston	203.8	202.1	202.7	(1)	()	()	12.0	11.3	11.
Columbia		246.7 420.3	248.1 420.9	()	(t)	(1)	12.0 22.6	12.1	12. 25.
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	405.7	420.3	420.8	()	()	(1)	22.0	25.4	25.
South Dakota		316.2	316.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	10.3	10.7	10.
Rapid City		41.6 87.5	41.9 87.6	(0)	(¹)	(¹)	2.2 3.5	2.0 3.6	2. 3.
Tennessee	2,266.1	2,327.4	2,338.2	4.7	4.5	4.7	85.3	89.3	89
Chattanooga		209.3	209.0	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	6.9	7.4	7
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol		181.2	182.1	(1)	(')	(')	7.7	7.8	7
Knoxville		291.2 489.0	292.0 490.7	.5	.5	.6	12.2 16.9	14.2 17.3	14 17
Nashville		545.8	547.7	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	(¹)	20.0	23.1	23
Texas	7,334.8	7,529.5	7,576.9	164.1	165.4	164.2	334.5	349.2	355
Abilene		50.3	50.4	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.7	2.0	2
Amarilo		83.4	84.2	.8	.8	.8	2.9	3.6	3
Austin-San Marcos Beaumont-Port Arthur		458.9 150.2	461.0 150.8	1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0	16.0 12.8	19.0 12.9	18 12
Brazoria		71.4	72.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	9.0	10.3	10
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	84.9	88.6	89.6	(¹)	(¹)	(')	2.4	2.7	2
Bryan-College Station		61.1	62.2	.7	.7	.8	1.9	2.4	2
Corpus Christi		139.9	140.4	2.8 17.0	2.7	2.7	11.6	12.5 54.3	12
El Paso		1,482.5 226.2	1,496.0 226.7	(¹)	16.6 (¹)	16.8 (¹)	47.9 8.1	8.6	54. 8.
Ft. Worth-Arlington		612.5	612.8	4.3	4.5	4.6	22.2	25.3	25
Galveston-Texas City		82.5	83.0	.7	.7	.7	5.1	4.8	4
Houston		1,656.1	1,658.4	64.1	64.1	63.9	102.2	104.5	103
Killeen-Temple		84.0 53.9	84.2 54.1	(¹) 2.3	(¹) 2.3	(¹) 2.4	3.2 1.7	3.4 1.8	3. 1.
Longview-Marshall		79.4	79.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.1	3.3	3.
Lubbock		101.3	102.8	.2	.2	.2	3.3	3.6	3.
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission		118.9	119.6	.9	.9	1.0	4.4	5.0	5.
Odessa-Midland		91.0 39.0	91.0 39.4	12.9 .6	12.9 .5	12.7 .5	4.0 1.3	4.2 1.4	4. 1.
San Antonio		573.7	578.3	1.8	1.8	1.8	24.0	25.6	25
Sherman-Denison		37.5	37.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.4	1.6	1.
Texarkana		47.6	47.7	.1	.1	.1	1.7	2.3	2.
Tyler Victoria		66.8 33.4	66.9 33.7	1.4 1.2	1.3 1.4	1.3 1.4	2.0 2.1	2.3 2.2	2. 2.
Waco		86.6	86.6	(¹)	(b) 1.7	()	3.4	3.5	3.
Wichita Falls		54.0	54.1	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.
tah		824.2	831.1	8.1	8.2	8.2	32.4	37.7	38.
Provo-Orem		111.5 555.2	112.6 558.3	(¹) 3.1	(¹) 3.2	(¹) 3.1	4.7 21.6	5.2 26.1	5. 26 .
Vermont	254.5	255.7	259.6	.4	.5	.5	8.7	9.6	9.
Barre-Montpelier	28.0	29.1	28.8	(')	(1)	(¹)	.9	1.0	1.
Burlington	85.7	86.8	88.2	(')	(¹)	(,)	3.0	3.7	3.
/irginia		2,921.5	2,930.5	12.9	12.3	12.3	142.0	147.5	145
Bristol		34.2 71.6	34.0 72.6	(1)	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	1.0 3.3	1.0 3.8	1. 3.
Darville		44.0	44.0	(1)	8	8	1.8	1.8	1.
Lynchburg	90.4	94.4	94.2	Ö	(¹)	(¹)	4.1	4.7	4
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News		596.0	595.6		(')	(¹)	31.1	30.8	30.
Northern Virginia		874.2 479.1	873.4 481.8	.4 .7	.51 .7	.5 .7	40.7 26.6	45.3 27.3	44. 27.
Roanoke		131.8	131.3	ტ "	() '	(h)	6.3	6.9	6
Washington	2,194.1	2,233.7	2,237.3	2.9	3.2	3.3	108.4	112.7	112
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett		1,135.7	1,134.8	.5	.6	.6	56.9	55.7	55.
West Virginia		651.4	652.0	27.1	28.7	28.5	24.5	27.5	27.
Charleston		117.0	117.6 108.4	1.7 1.7	1.6	1.6	5.3	5.3 4.2	5. 4.
Huntington-Ashland		108.3 62.4	62.9	1.7	1.7	1.7 .4	4.1 2.7	2.5	2.

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	N	/anufacturing	9		nsportation a public utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
South Carolina	372.1	372.4	373.0	65.8	65.8	65.9	334.8	347.1	348.6
Charleston-North Charleston	20.7	20.5	20.3	10.2	10.0	10.0	48.7	48.8	48.7
Columbia	26.0	26.4	26.4	11.2	11.2	11.2	53.0	54.3	54.4
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	123.8	125.5	125.4	16.5	17.1	17.0	93.1	95.7	95.6
South Dakota	37.7	41.3	41.2	14.6	14.9	14.8	77.3	80.3	79.5
Rapid CitySioux Falls	4.3 10.9	4.5 11.1	4.4 11.2	1.8 5.6	1.8 5.6	1.8 5.7	11.4 23.2	12.5 23.8	12.4 23.7
_	5400				405.0	400.7	545.4	500.0	500.4
Tennessee	518.0 43.7	532.7 45.2	533.8 45.2	122.8 7.1	125.8 7.3	126.7 7.2	515.1 49.4	533.8 51.7	532.4 51.3
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	53.4	52.6	52.6	7.2	7.6	7.6	40.4	40.8	40.9
Knoxville	49.6	50.0	50.1	10.8	10.7	10.9	70.4	70.1	70.2
Memphis	63.4	65.1	65.8	47.6	49.1	49.0	122.7	126.3	125.9
Nashville	93.2	94.9	95.2	31.0	31.7	31.6	129.0	129.3	128.9
Texas	975.2	991.5	991.8	428.8	441.3	441.6	1,760.8	1,824.0	1,824.3
Abilene	4.3	3.8	3.7	2.5	2.6	2.6	12.9	13.1	13.0
Amarillo	9.2	9.4	9.6	5.4	5.4	5.5	22.5	23.3	23.3
Austin-San Marcos	57.7	59.9	60.5	14.3	14.7	14.6	89.0	95.2	94.7
Beaumont-Port Arthur	25.7	25.1	25.1	9.2	9.4	9.5	33.4	33.5	33.5
Brazoria	17.2	17.2	17.2	2.6	2.5	2.5	12.6	13.4	13.5
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	12.5	13.4	13.6	3.6	3.9	3.9	23.1	23.4	23.9
Bryan-College Station	4.0	3.8	3.9	1.4	1.4	1.4	12.5	12.7	12.8
Corpus Christi	13.7	13.6	13.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	32.1	31.8	32.0
Dallas	219.5 44.7	220.5	221.8	86.1	88.2	88.7	360.3	373.4	374.7
El Paso Ft. Worth-Arlington	101.6	46.0 101.4	46.4 100.7	11.3 55.5	11.5 56.6	11.5 56.4	53.2 152.9	54.9 154.9	54.7 154.8
Galveston-Texas City	8.5	8.3	8.3	55.5	4.9	5.1	17.2	17.2	17.3
Houston	177.9	178.6	178.0	110.7	113.1	114.0	384.4	391.4	389.3
Killeen-Temple	9.0	9.3	9.2	2.6	2.6	2.6	17.9	18.9	18.8
Laredo	1.8	1.7	1.7	8.2	8.4	8.3	16.3	16.5	16.5
Longview-Marshall	16.5	16.8	16.9	3.7	3.7	3.7	18.6	19.8	19.7
Lubbock	7.2	7.3	7.4	5.5	5.4	5.3	27.9	28.4	28.6
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	12.6	13.6	13.9	3.6	3.7	3.7	34.5	35.6	35.8
Odessa-Midland	6.8	6.5	6.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	22.9	23.5	23.6
San Angelo	5.2	4.7	4.7	2.9	2.9	2.9	9.4	9.3	9.4
San Antonio	46.4	47.1	47.3	25.0	26.4	26.5	138.4	142.0	141.8
Sherman-Denison	9.6	9.7	9.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	7.6	7.8	7.9
Texarkana Tyler	5.9 11.3	5.7 11.6	5.6 11.8	2.3 2.9	2.0 3.0	2.0 3.0	11.2 16.5	11.6	11.6
Victoria	3.2	3.3	3.3	1.5	1.4	1.4	8.0	17.0 8.8	16.8 8.9
Waco	15.1	16.0	15.8	3.4	3.5	3.5	18.9	19.7	19.6
Wichita Falls	7.6	7.9	7.9	2.6	2.6	2.6	12.2	12.7	12.6
Utah	107.7	112.7	113.5	45.6	48.6	48.9	182.1	194.2	194,1
Provo-Orem	13.7	15.0	15.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	23.1	24.0	24.0
Salt Lake City-Ogden	68.9	71.3	71.6	36.0	37.9	38.3	126.6	132.3	132.0
Vermont	43.1	42.7	42.7	11.2	10.8	10.8	58.1	60.7	60.2
Barre-Montpelier	3.2	3.1	3.4	.8	.8	.8	5.9	6.1	5.8
Burlington	15.9	15.7	15.7	3.6	3.6	3.6	20.1	20.0	20.1
Virginia	403.5	402.5	402.3	145.6	149.8	149.9	625.3	651.3	644.6
Bristol	10.0	10.0	10.0	1.2	1.4	1.3	8.6	9.2	9.1
Charlottesville	7.8	7.7	7.8	2.4	2.4	2.4	13.7	14.7	14.8
Danville	16.1	16.2	16.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	8.5	9.2	9.2
Lynchburg	26.4	26.6	26.5	3.2	3.4	3.4	19.2	19.8	19.7
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	68.4 39.2	65.5 39.6	65.8 39.4	28.6 51.3	29.8 51.8	29.9 51.0	135.8 185.4	138.2	136.6
Richmond-Petersburg	62.3	61.1	60.7	23.4	24.7	24.9	105.4	196.4 110.6	194.3 110.1
Roanoke	18.7	18.9	19.0	8.6	8.7	8.7	34.0	34.3	34.1
Washington	337.6	329.5	327.6	111.4	113.4	113.2	523.1	539.1	536.7
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	206.9	196.6	195.1	68.5	68.5	68.3	262.4	271.4	271.6
West Virginia	82.3	81.2	81.0	38.1	38.7	38.9	142.5	149.8	149.0
Charleston	10.5	9.9	10.0	8.7	8.9	8.8	28.3	29.4	29.3
Huntington-Ashland	19.0	17.3	17.2	6.9	6.5	6.6	27.5	28.2	27.8
Parkersburg-Marietta	13.0 6.6	12.6 6.0	12.7 6.0	2.5	2.5 3.3	2.5	15.3	15.9	15.8
***************************************	0.0 {	0.0	0.0	3.3	3.3	3.5	15.1	14.7	14.8

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

9 144 1		nce, insuran id real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
outh Carolina	64.2	65.3	65.8	315.2	335.3	337.7	298.1	299.6	304
Charleston-North Charleston	7.8	8.0	8.0	48.4	50.1	50.6	56.0	53.4	53
Columbia	18.3	18.1	18,1	53.7	55.3	55.7	69.7	69.3	70
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson	14.4	14.5	14.5	80.2	86.7	87.2	55.1	55.4	56
outh Dakota	17.3	17.8	18.0	79.1	81.2	81.4	66.8	67.7	68
Rapid City	1.5 8.8	1.5 9.2	1.5 9.2	11.2 24.4	11.8 24.7	11.9 24.7	7.2 9.3	7.5 9.5	7
ennessee	101.2	104.3	104.5	555.3	571.3	577.0	363.7	365.7	369
Chattanooga	13.3	13.8	13.8	48.0	51.3	51.4	34.7	32.6	32
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	5.4	5.1	5.0	39.3	38.9	39.0	29.4	28.4	29
Knoxville	10.8	10.5	10.6	76.1	79.0	79.3	54.9	56.2	56
Memphis	24.6	25.5	25.5	127.0	129.7	130.2	79.2	76.0	77
Nashville	30.2	30.6	30.7	153.3	161.5	162.4	72.4	74.7	75
exas	421.2	432.0	432.3	1,867.8	1,935.3	1,954.6	1,382.4	1,390.8	1,412
Abilene	1.9	1.8	1.8	15.9	16.1	16.3	9.6	9.7	
Amarillo	4.1	4.1	4.1	19.4	19.7	20.0	16.8	17.1	1
Austin-San Marcos	24.7	26.2	26.1	115.6	120.1	120.1	124.0	122.8	12
Beaumont-Port Arthur	4.7	4.6	4.6	38.1	39.5	39.9	23.3	24.2	2
Brazonia	1.9	1.9	1.9	11.3	11.8	12.0	13.1	13.3	1
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	3.4	3.6	3.6	20.0	20.9	21.1	19.9	20.7	2
Bryan-College Station	2.1	2.3	2.3	11.8	13.0	12.8	25.6	24.8	2
Corpus Christi	6.0	6.1	6.2	35.1	35.6	35.5	30.7	31.1	3
Dallas	125.0	126.0	126.8	399.8	416.3	422.3	182.5	187.2	19
l Paso	8.3	8.4	8.4	46.3	48.4	48.7	49.3	48.4	4
t. Worth-Arlington	28.1	28.1	28.0	149.9	156.1	157.4	85.2	85.6	ε
alveston-Texas City	5.5	5.6	5.5	16.1	16.5	16.5	24.7	24.5	2
ouston	96.5	97.4	97.5	466.2	476.2	479.2	232.2	230.8	23
(illeen-Temple	3.4	3.7	3.7	19.8	20.9	21.1	24.8	25.2	2
aredo	1.9	2.0	2.0	8.8	9.2	9.3	11.5	12.0	1
ongview-Marshall	2.7	2.7	2.7	17.8	18.2	18.2	10.8	11.4	1
ubbock	4.4	4.5	4.4	27.9	27.8	28.3	24.5	24.1	1
IcAllen-Edinburg-Mission	3.8	4.1	4.1	20.6	22.1	22.2	31.2	33.9	3
Odessa-Midland	3.6	3.5	3.5	18.8	19.6	19.5	16.7	16.5	ì
an Angelo	1.5	1.6	1.6	10.2	10.7	10.9	7.8	7.9	
	38.4	41.0	40.9	159.3	162.6	166.1	128.0	127.2	12
an Antonioherman~Denison	2.0	2.1	2.1	9.4	9.8	9.9	5.1	5.1	''
	1.8	1.9	1.9	12.5	12.4	12.5	12.4	11.6	
exarkana							10.4	10.3	
yler	3.1	3.3	3.3	17.4	18.0	18.0			
ictoria	1.6	1.6	1.6	7.7	8.2	8.3	5/8	6.5	
VacoVichita Falls	5.0 2.2	5.2 2.2	5.2 2.2	23.6 13.6	23.8 14.1	24.0 14.2	14.7 10.8	14.9 11.3	
	l								
ah	38.7	43.8	44.3	204.0 42.1	217.4 45.4	220.0 46.1	162.0 16.0	161.6 16.7	10
rovo-Orem	2.8 31.7	3.2 36.0	3.2 36.2	134.4	142.3	143.3	105.8	106.1	10
	11.0	12,1	12,1	75.7	75.9	78.6	45.5	43.4	
rmontarre-Montpelier	11.8 2.5	2.6	2.6	7.7	8.3	8.0	7.0	7.2	
Burlington	4.3	4.5	4.6	23.9	25.5	25.4	14.9	13.8	•
ginia	152.2	158.6	159.4	766.6	799.4	808.1	601.8	600.1	60
Bristol	1,2	1.1	1.1	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.4	5.6	
harlottesville	3.8	3.9	3.9	16.0	16.4	16.4	23.6	22.7	1
Danville	1.4	1.4	1.4	7.8	8.1	8.2	5.7	6.1	
ynchburg	4.0	4.2	4.3	21.7	23.3	23.4	11.8	12.4	
orfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	25.6	27.0	27.4	159.3	162.9	163.3	144.0	141.8	1.
orthern Virginia	52.2	54.3	54.4	294.7	311.9	313.7	175.1	174.4	1
ichmond-Petersburg	38.9	40.8	41.0	108,7	112.3	114.1	99.4	101.6	10
oanoke	9.0	8.8	8.8	34.2	37.0	36.9	16.6	17.2	
ashington	117.8	121.7	121.6	561.4	580.6	583.9	431.5	433.5	4:
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	73.2	75.2	74.7	292.1	301.0	300.5	165.1	166.7	10
est Virginia	24.6	24.8	24.6	160.9	167.5	169.0	131.7	133.2	1;
Charleston	6.2	6.4	6.4	32.7	33.6	34.1	21.5	21.9	:
Huntington-Ashland	3.8	3.6	3.6	27.1	27.3	27.3	20.1	19.5	:
Parkersburg-Marietta	2.3	2.2	2.3	15.7	16.0	16.2	10.5	10.3	
Wheeling	3.0	3.0	2.9	18.4	18.9	19.2	9.4	9.3	

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		Construction		
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
Wisconsin	2,341.9	2.378.6	2,388.0	1.8	1.7	1.6	77.6	81.6	78.6
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	169.3	172.4	172.5	(¹)	(r)	(')	8.2	8.7	8.3
Eau Claire	59.7	60.5	61.6	6	8	6	1.5	1.7	1.0
Green Bay	112.4	117.9	116.9	ĕ	\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	8	4.9	5.2	4.9
Janesville-Beloit	61.1	62.4	62.4	l iii	l ö	Ŏ i	1.9	2.2	2.
Kenosha	43.9	45.9	45.3	Ö	(i)	(i)	1.7	1.7	1.3
La Crosse	60.9	61.1	62.0	Ö	Ö	(6)	1.6	1.6	1.0
Madison	235.3	239.7	243.1	(6)	Ö	(i)	8.4	9.3	9.0
Milwaukee-Waukesha	756.8	766.4	766.4	(6)	Ö	Ö	24.7	26.3	25.3
Racine	74.2	76.1	76.2	(6)	Ö	Ö	2.1	2.5	2.5
Sheboygan	52.0	54.7	54.8	Ö	(i)	Ö	1.7	2.3	2.2
Wausau	55.0	56.3	56.3	Ö	(4)	(1)	1.7	1.8	1.8
Wyoming	198.5	204.6	203.8	16.8	18.0	17.5	9.0	10.0	9.8
Casper	27.2	28.0	28.0	2,1	2.1	2.0	1.1	1.1	1.
Puerto Rico	858.4	(²)	(²)	.9	(²)	(²)	46.9	(²)	(²)
Caguas	55.1	(²)	(2)	()	(¹)	Ö	1.7	(²)	(²)
Mayaguez	63.9	(²)	(²)	Ö	(')	(1)	3.1	(²)	(²)
Ponce	69.6	(²)	(2)	l O	(¹)	(1)	4.3	(²)	(²)
San Juan-Bayamon	539.2	(²)	(²)	.5	(²)	(²)	33.9	(²)	(²)
Virgin Islands	48.8	45.4	45.7	l o	(¹)	(¹)	6.0	2.4	2.5

B-14. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(in thousands)

State and area	N	Aanufacturing	9		nsportation a sublic utilities		Wholesale and retail trade		
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
Wisconsin	547.5	558.5	557.8	110.2	112.1	112.8	531.1	542.3	539.
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	54.9	56.2	56.1	6.9	6.8	6.8	35.3	36.2	35.
Eau Claire	9.8	10.1	10.1	3.3	3.2	3.2	16.0	16.8	16.
Green Bay	24.1	24.8	24.8	8.3	8.6	8.6	26.9	28.3	28.
Janesville-Beloit	18.5	18.4	18.5	2.5	2.4	2.6	14.1	14.4	14.
Kenosha	10.0	10.2	10.1	1.6	1.7	1.6	11.9	12.8	12.
La Crosse	11.0	11.2	11.1	2.8	2.7	2.7	16.5	16.6	16.
Madison	25.8	26.9	26.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	50.4	52.1	52.
Milwaukee-Waukesha	165.9	167.8	167.3	36.8	36.7	37.2	166.1	168.2	166.
Racine	23.3	23.9	24.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	16.1	16.1	16.
Sheboygan	21.4	23.1	23.5	1.8	1.7	1.8	9.6	9.7	9.
Wausau	15.1	15.4	15.3	3.6	3.7	3.8	13.0	13.5	13.
Wyoming	9.3	9.6	9.4	14.3	14.4	14.4	44.3	46.2	45.
Casper	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.6	8.1	8.
Puerto Rico	150.4	(?)	(2)	21.1	(2)	(²)	163.3	(2)	(²)
Caguas	14.9	(2)	(²)	.4	(2)	(2)	11.4	(2)	(²)
Mayaguez	19.4	(2)	(²)	.5	(²)	(2)	10.1	(²)	(2)
Ponce	12.6	(2)	(2)	1.9	(2)	(2)	11.9	(2)	(2)
San Juan-Bayamon	69.7	(²)	(²)	16.9	(²)	(2)	109.6	(²)	(2)
Virgin Islands	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.8	10.3	11.0	11.

(In thousands)

Sub- and area		ance, insurai nd real estat		ı.	Services		Government			
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	
Wisconsin	128.0	131.8	131.5	577.0	593.4	596.7	368.8	357.2	369.	
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	8.6	8.8	8.7	36.1	36.6	36.8	19.4	19.1	19.	
Eau Claire	2.2	2.3	2.2	14.6	15.0	15.2	12.3	11.4	12.	
Green Bay	7.1	7.8	7.8	28.4	30.7	30.3	12.8	12.4	12.0	
Janesville-Beloit	1.8	1.9	1.9	14.5	14.9	14.8	7.9	8.1	8.	
Kenosha	1.5	1.4	1.3	10.5	11.2	11.2	6.9	6.9	6.9	
La Crosse	2.1	2.3	2.3	17.4	17.9	18.3	9.4	8.9	9.4	
Madison	20.5	21.0	21.0	55.2	56.9	57.7	67.1	65.6	68.	
Milwaukee-Waukesha	51.8	53.0	53.3	221.0	226.7	227.9	90.4	87.6	88.	
Racine	2.4	2.5	2.4	18.6	19.5	19.7	9.3	9.1	9.	
Sheboygan	2.2	2.1	2.1	9.6	9.9	9.9	5.7	5.9	5.8	
Wausau	4.2	4.4	4.4	10.4	10.6	10.7	6.8	6.9	7.0	
Wyoming	7.5	7.8	7,8	39.2	40.3	40.2	58.1	58.3	58.	
Casper	1.1	1.1	1.1	6.9	7.0	7.1	5.3	5.6	5.7	
Puerto Rico	39.4	(²)	(²)	147.1	(²)	(²)	289.3	(²)	(²)	
Caguas	1.4	(²)	(3)	9.4	(2)	(2)	15.9	(²)	(²)	
Mayaguez	1.4	(²)	(2)	9.4	(2)	(2)	20.0	(²)	(²)	
Ponce	1.9	(²)	(²)	12.8	(²)	(3)	24.2	(2)	(²)	
San Juan-Bayamon	31.0	(²)	(²)	100.6	(²)	(2)	177.0	(²)	(²)	
Virgin Islands	2.2	2.1	2.1	11.0	11.0	11.0	13.8	13.3	13.	

Combined with construction.
 Not available.
 preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1993 benchmarks.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

	1987		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar 1994
Total private		34.1	34.0	34.3	34.0	34.4	-	_	_	_	-
Mining		43.5	42.9	44.1	43.6	44.1	-	_	_	_	_
Afatal mining	10	43.0	42.3	42.7	40.1						
Metal mining		42.4	42.3	43.7 45.3	43.1 44.4	_	_	_	-	<u>-</u>	-
Copper ores		45.2	44.4	44.4	43.6	-	_	_	-	_	-
Coal mining	12	44.9	43.7	45.2	45.3	_	_	_	_		
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		45.1	43.9	45.6	45.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	43.2	42.4	44.0	43.5	_	_	_	_	_	_
Crude petroleum and natural gas		42.1	40.9	44.5	42.5	-	-	-	-	~	-
Oil and gas field services	138	43.9	43.4	43.7	44.1	~	-	~	-	-	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	43.3	43.9	43.4	42.6	_	_	_		_	-
Crushed and broken stone		43.7	44.7	42.1	41.1	-	-	-	- ,	-	-
Construction		36.7	37.4	37.0	36.0	38.2		-	-	-	-
General building contractors	15	36.7	37.0	36.6	35.9	_	_	_	_	_	_
Residential building construction	152	35.8	36.2	35.7	35.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operative builders	153	37.6	37.4	38.8	37.6	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	37.5	37.8	37.3	36.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction, except building		39.6	41.2	39.8	38.4	-	-	-	_	-	-
Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway		38.6 40.0	40.6 41.3	37.9 40.4	36.0 39.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
, , ,		40.0	41.3	40.4	33.1	_	_	-	-	_	-
Special trade contractors		35.9	36.6	36.4	35.5	-	-	-	_	-	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning Painting and paper hanging		37.7 35.0	38.0 35.7	38.8 34.9	37.8 34.8	-	-	-	_	-	-
Electrical work		38.3	38.6	38.8	38.0		_		_		1]
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		33.3	34.3	33.4	32.4	_	_	_	_	_	
Carpentry and floor work		33.9	34.7	34.8	33.6	_	_	_	_	_	-
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work		30.7	31.8	30.8	30.2	-	~	-	-	-	-
fanufacturing		41.1	40.9	41.5	40.9	41.9	3.8	3.7	4.2	4.1	4
Durable goods		41.7	41.7	42.4	41.8	42.8	3.9	3.9	4.5	4.5	4
Lumber and wood products	24	40.3	40.2	40.9	39.7	41.2	3.7	3.5	4.0	3.6	-
Logging	241	39.7	39.9	39.0	39.1	-	5.2	4.8	4.6	4.5	-
Sawmills and planing mills		42.0	41.5	42.7	41.5	-	4.7	4.4	5.1	4.7	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general		42.2	41.8	43.1	42.0	-	5.0	4.7	5.4	5.0	-
	2426	41.2	40.4	41.4	39.8	-	3.8	3.3	4.0	3.5	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills	1	!	1				3.3	3.1	3.5	3.0	1 -
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		40.0	40.0	40.7	39.3	-					1
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	2431	39.5	39.2	39.6	38.7	-	2.7	2.5	2.8	2.3	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork	2431 2434	39.5 39.4	39.2 39.4	39.6 40.2	38.7 38.5	- -	2.7 2.9	2.5 2.7	3.2	2.3 2.7	:
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	2431 2434 2435	39.5 39.4 41.9	39.2 39.4 41.1	39.6 40.2 41.7	38.7 38.5 40.5	- - -	2.7 2.9 4.5	2.5 2.7 4.2	3.2 4.6	2.3 2.7 3.9	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	2431 2434 2435 2436	39.5 39.4 41.9 42.6	39.2 39.4 41.1 43.6	39.6 40.2 41.7 45.1	38.7 38.5 40.5 42.8	- - -	2.7 2.9 4.5 5.2	2.5 2.7 4.2 5.1	3.2 4.6 5.5	2.3 2.7 3.9 5.2	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	2431 2434 2435 2436 244	39.5 39.4 41.9 42.6 38.8	39.2 39.4 41.1 43.6 39.0	39.6 40.2 41.7 45.1 38.9	38.7 38.5 40.5 42.8 38.4	- - - -	2.7 2.9 4.5 5.2 3.0	2.5 2.7 4.2 5.1 3.2	3.2 4.6 5.5 2.9	2.3 2.7 3.9 5.2 3.1	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	2431 2434 2435 2436 244 245	39.5 39.4 41.9 42.6 38.8 38.0	39.2 39.4 41.1 43.6 39.0 38.5	39.6 40.2 41.7 45.1 38.9 40.3	38.7 38.5 40.5 42.8 38.4 37.7	- - - -	2.7 2.9 4.5 5.2 3.0 2.3	2.5 2.7 4.2 5.1 3.2 2.3	3.2 4.6 5.5 2.9 3.6	2.3 2.7 3.9 5.2 3.1 2.7	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	2431 2434 2435 2436 244 245 2451	39.5 39.4 41.9 42.6 38.8	39.2 39.4 41.1 43.6 39.0	39.6 40.2 41.7 45.1 38.9	38.7 38.5 40.5 42.8 38.4	- - - -	2.7 2.9 4.5 5.2 3.0	2.5 2.7 4.2 5.1 3.2	3.2 4.6 5.5 2.9	2.3 2.7 3.9 5.2 3.1	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets Hardwood veneer and plywood Softwood veneer and plywood Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products	2431 2434 2435 2436 244 245 2451 249	39.5 39.4 41.9 42.6 38.8 38.0 38.6 40.2	39.2 39.4 41.1 43.6 39.0 38.5 38.9 39.7	39.6 40.2 41.7 45.1 38.9 40.3 40.8 40.9	38.7 38.5 40.5 42.8 38.4 37.7 38.3 39.8	-	2.7 2.9 4.5 5.2 3.0 2.3 2.4 2.9	2.5 2.7 4.2 5.1 3.2 2.3 2.4 2.8	3.2 4.6 5.5 2.9 3.6 3.8 3.1	2.3 2.7 3.9 5.2 3.1 2.7 2.9 3.0	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets Hardwood veneer and plywood Softwood veneer and plywood Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products Furniture and fixtures	2431 2434 2435 2436 244 245 2451 249	39.5 39.4 41.9 42.6 38.8 38.0 38.6 40.2	39.2 39.4 41.1 43.6 39.0 38.5 38.9 39.7	39.6 40.2 41.7 45.1 38.9 40.3 40.8 40.9	38.7 38.5 40.5 42.8 38.4 37.7 38.3 39.8	- - - -	2.7 2.9 4.5 5.2 3.0 2.3 2.4 2.9	2.5 2.7 4.2 5.1 3.2 2.3 2.4 2.8	3.2 4.6 5.5 2.9 3.6 3.8 3.1	2.3 2.7 3.9 5.2 3.1 2.7 2.9 3.0	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets Hardwood veneer and plywood Softwood veneer and plywood Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products Furniture and fixtures Household furniture	2431 2434 2435 2436 244 245 2451 249 25	39.5 39.4 41.9 42.6 38.8 38.0 38.6 40.2 39.6 39.3	39.2 39.4 41.1 43.6 39.0 38.5 38.9 39.7 39.7	39.6 40.2 41.7 45.1 38.9 40.3 40.8 40.9 39.9 39.4	38.7 38.5 40.5 42.8 38.4 37.7 38.3 39.8 38.1 37.1	-	2.7 2.9 4.5 5.2 3.0 2.3 2.4 2.9 2.6 2.6	2.5 2.7 4.2 5.1 3.2 2.3 2.4 2.8 2.6 2.4	3.2 4.6 5.5 2.9 3.6 3.8 3.1	2.3 2.7 3.9 5.2 3.1 2.7 2.9 3.0 2.6 2.3	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets Hardwood veneer and plywood Softwood veneer and plywood Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Wood household furniture	2431 2434 2435 2436 244 245 2451 249 25 251	39.5 39.4 41.9 42.6 38.8 38.0 38.6 40.2 39.6 39.3 39.8	39.2 39.4 41.1 43.6 39.0 38.5 38.9 39.7 39.7 39.2 39.4	39.6 40.2 41.7 45.1 38.9 40.8 40.9 39.9 39.4 39.7	38.7 38.5 40.5 42.8 38.4 37.7 38.3 39.8 38.1 37.1 37.6	-	2.7 2.9 4.5 5.2 3.0 2.3 2.4 2.9 2.6 2.6 2.6	2.5 2.7 4.2 5.1 3.2 2.3 2.4 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.4	3.2 4.6 5.5 2.9 3.6 3.8 3.1 2.9 2.8	2.3 2.7 3.9 5.2 3.1 2.7 2.9 3.0 2.6 2.3 2.4	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets Hardwood veneer and plywood Softwood veneer and plywood Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Upholstered household furniture	2431 2434 2435 2436 244 245 2451 249 25 251 2511 2512	39.5 39.4 41.9 42.6 38.8 38.0 38.6 40.2 39.6 39.3 39.8 38.6	39.2 39.4 41.1 43.6 39.0 38.5 38.9 39.7 39.7 39.2 39.4 38.7	39.6 40.2 41.7 45.1 38.9 40.3 40.8 40.9 39.9 39.4 39.7 38.6	38.7 38.5 40.5 42.8 38.4 37.7 38.3 39.8 38.1 37.1 37.6 35.8	- - - - - - - - 40.1	2.7 2.9 4.5 5.2 3.0 2.3 2.4 2.9 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.1	2.5 2.7 4.2 5.1 3.2 2.3 2.4 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.4 2.0	3.2 4.6 5.5 2.9 3.6 3.8 3.1 2.9 2.8 2.7	2.3 2.7 3.9 5.2 3.1 2.7 2.9 3.0 2.6 2.3 2.4 1.8	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets Hardwood veneer and plywood Softwood veneer and plywood Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Wood household furniture Upholstered household furniture Metal household furniture	2431 2434 2435 2436 244 245 2451 249 25 251 2511 2512 2514	39.5 39.4 41.9 42.6 38.8 38.0 38.6 40.2 39.6 39.3 39.8 38.6 40.0	39.2 39.4 41.1 43.6 39.0 38.5 38.9 39.7 39.7 39.2 39.4 40.8	39.6 40.2 41.7 45.1 38.9 40.8 40.9 39.9 39.4 39.7 38.6 40.9	38.7 38.5 40.5 42.8 38.4 37.7 38.3 39.8 38.1 37.1 37.6 35.8 38.0	- - - - - - - - 40.1	2.7 2.9 4.5 5.2 3.0 2.3 2.4 2.9 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.1 3.0	2.5 2.7 4.2 5.1 3.2 2.3 2.4 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.4 2.0 3.5	3.2 4.6 5.5 2.9 3.6 3.8 3.1 2.9 2.8 2.7 4.0	2.3 2.7 3.9 5.2 3.1 2.7 2.9 3.0 2.6 2.3 2.4 1.8 2.9	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets Hardwood veneer and plywood Softwood veneer and plywood Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Wood household furniture Upholstered household furniture Metal household furniture Mattresses and bedsprings	2431 2434 2435 2436 244 245 2451 249 25 251 2511 2511 2512 2514 2515	39.5 39.4 41.9 42.6 38.8 38.0 38.6 40.2 39.6 39.3 39.8 38.6 40.0 39.7	39.2 39.4 41.1 43.6 39.0 38.5 38.9 39.7 39.7 39.2 39.4 40.8 38.9	39.6 40.2 41.7 45.1 38.9 40.8 40.9 39.9 39.4 39.7 38.6 40.9 39.4	38.7 38.5 40.5 42.8 38.4 37.7 38.3 39.8 38.1 37.1 37.6 35.8 38.0 37.9	40.1	2.7 2.9 4.5 5.2 3.0 2.4 2.9 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.1 3.0 3.8	2.5 2.7 4.2 5.1 3.2 2.3 2.4 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.4 2.0 3.5 3.0	3.2 4.6 5.5 2.9 3.6 3.8 3.1 3.1 2.9 2.8 2.7 4.0 3.5	2.3 2.7 3.9 5.2 3.1 2.7 2.9 3.0 2.6 2.3 2.4 1.8 2.9 2.9	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets Hardwood veneer and plywood Softwood veneer and plywood Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Upholstered household furniture Metal household furniture Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture	2431 2434 2435 2436 2446 245 2451 249 25 251 2511 2511 2512 2514 2515 252	39.5 39.4 41.9 42.6 38.8 38.0 38.6 40.2 39.6 39.3 39.8 38.6 40.0 39.7 39.8	39.2 39.4 41.1 43.6 39.0 38.5 38.9 39.7 39.2 39.4 438.7 40.6	39.6 40.2 41.7 45.1 38.9 40.3 40.8 40.9 39.9 39.4 40.9 39.7 38.6 40.9 39.4 41.0	38.7 38.5 40.5 42.8 38.4 37.7 38.3 39.8 38.1 37.6 35.8 38.0 37.9 39.5	40.1	2.7 2.9 4.5 5.2 3.0 2.4 2.9 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.1 3.0 3.8 2.5	2.5 2.7 4.2 5.1 3.2 2.3 2.4 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.4 2.0 3.5 3.0 2.9	3.2 4.6 5.5 2.9 3.6 3.8 3.1 3.1 2.9 2.7 4.0 3.5 3.4	2.3 2.7 3.9 5.2 3.1 2.7 2.9 3.0 2.6 2.3 2.4 1.8 2.9 2.9	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets Hardwood veneer and plywood Softwood veneer and plywood Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Wood household furniture Upholstered household furniture Metal household furniture Mattresses and bedsprings	2431 2434 2435 2436 2446 245 2451 249 25 2511 2512 2511 2512 2515 2515 252 253	39.5 39.4 41.9 42.6 38.8 38.0 38.6 40.2 39.6 39.3 39.8 38.6 40.0 39.7	39.2 39.4 41.1 43.6 39.0 38.5 38.9 39.7 39.7 39.2 39.4 40.8 38.9	39.6 40.2 41.7 45.1 38.9 40.8 40.9 39.9 39.4 39.7 38.6 40.9 39.4	38.7 38.5 40.5 42.8 38.4 37.7 38.3 39.8 38.1 37.1 37.6 35.8 38.0 37.9	40.1	2.7 2.9 4.5 5.2 3.0 2.4 2.9 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.1 3.0 3.8	2.5 2.7 4.2 5.1 3.2 2.3 2.4 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.4 2.0 3.5 3.0	3.2 4.6 5.5 2.9 3.6 3.8 3.1 3.1 2.9 2.8 2.7 4.0 3.5	2.3 2.7 3.9 5.2 3.1 2.7 2.9 3.0 2.6 2.3 2.4 1.8 2.9 2.9	

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	,
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994°
Total private		\$10.77	\$10.79	\$11.06	\$11.06	\$11.05	\$367.26	\$366.86	\$379.36	\$376.04	\$380.1
Mining		14.60	14.71	15.05	14.84	14.85	635.10	631.06	663.71	647.02	654.89
Metal mining	10	15.20	15.21	15.92	15.78	_	653.60	643.38	695.70	680.12	_
Iron ores		15.76	15.74	18.05	17.46	f	668.22	662.65	817.67	775.22	_
Copper ores		14.01	13.95	14.12	14.12	•	633.25	619.38	626.93	615.63	-
Coal mining	12	17.19	17.29	17.84	17.56	_	771.83	755.57	806.37	795.47	_
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		17.38	17.47	18.06	17.75	-	783.84	766.93	823.54	807.63	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	14.10	14.25	14.39	14.13	_	609.12	604.20	633.16	614.66	_
Crude petroleum and natural gas	131	16.93	17.01	17.84	17.44	_	712.75	695.71	793.88	741.20	-
Oil and gas field services		12.22	12.43	12.33	12.24	-	536.46	539.46	538.82	539.78	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels		12.36	12.47	12.87	12.83	_	535.19	547.43	558.56	546.56	_
Crushed and broken stone	142	11.51	11.62	11.96	11.97	-	502.99	519.41	503.52	491.97	-
Construction		14.11	14.27	14.38	14.43	14.42	517.84	533.70	532.06	519.48	550.84
General building contractors	15	13.52	13.60	13.72	13.81	_	496.18	503.20	502.15	495.78	_
Residential building construction	152	12.60	12.68	12.69	12.77	-	451.08	459.02	453.03	450.78	-
Operative builders	153	13.58	14.04	13.65	13.81	-	510.61	525.10	529.62	519.26	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	14.33	14.41	14.67	14.78	-	537.38	544.70	547.19	539.47	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	13.52	13.94	13.86	13.94	_	535.39	574.33	551.63	535.30	_
Highway and street construction	161	12.62	13.01	13.31	13.29	-	487.13	528.21	504.45	478.44	_
Heavy construction, except highway	162	13.79	14.24	14.02	14.13	-	551.60	588.11	566.41	552.48	-
Special trade contractors		14.50	14.60	14.76	14.77	_	520.55	534.36	537.26	524.34	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		14.84	15.01	15.16	15.11	-	559.47	570.38	588.21	571.16	-
Painting and paper hanging		13.14	13.19	13.42	13.61	-	459.90	470.88	468.36	473.63	-
Electrical work		15.50	15.62	15.73	15.73	-	593.65	602.93	610.32	597.74	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		14.35	14.46	14.71	14.72	1	477.86	495.98	491.31	476.93	-
Carpentry and floor workRoofing, siding, and sheet metal work	176	14.11	14.25 12.52	14.40 12.74	14.53 12.99	-	478.33 389.89	494.48 398.14	501.12 392.39	488.21 392.30	_
Manufacturing	1	11.62	11.64	11.97	12.02	12.01	477.58	476.08	496.76	491.62	503.22
Durable goods		12.20	12.21	12.57	12.63	12.62	508.74	509.16	532.97		
-			12.21	12.57	12.03	12.02	506.74	509.10	532.97	527.93	540.14
Lumber and wood products Logging		9.51 11.26	9.50 11.39	9.74 11.34	9.70 11.28	9.69	383.25 447.02	381.90 454.46	398.37 442.26	385.09 441.05	399.23
Sawmills and planing mills		9.73	9.73	10.02	9.96	1	408.66	403.80	427.85	413.34	_
Sawmills and planing mills, general		10.12	10.13	10.41	10.33		427.06	423.43	448.67	433.86	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills		8.08	8.08	8.44	8.47	_	332.90	326.43	349.42	337.11	-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		9.53	9.51	9.79	9.73	, -	381.20	380.40	398.45	382.39	-
Millwork	2431	9.70	9.65	9.99	9.90	-	383.15	378.28	395.60	383.13	-
Wood kitchen cabinets		8.97	8.89	9.11	9.09	-	353.42	350.27	366.22	349.97	-
Hardwood veneer and plywood		8.27	8.24	8.57	8.57	-	346.51	338.66	357.37	347.09	-
Softwood veneer and plywood		11.17		11.69	11.74	-	475.84	492.68	527.22	502.47	-
Wood containers		6.96	6.92	7.22	7.25	-	270.05	269.88	280.86	278.40	-
Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes	245	9.15 9.20	9.18 9.25	9.52 9.57	9.46 9.51	-	347.70 355.12	353.43 359.83	383.66 390.46	356.64 364.23	-
Miscellaneous wood products	249	8.87	8.80	9.08	9.12	I	356.57	349.36	371.37	362.98	-
Furniture and fixtures	25	9.12	9.11	9.42	9.44	9.43	361.15	361.67	375.86	359.66	378.14
Household furniture		8.57	8.57	8.91	8.88		336.80	335.94	351.05	329.45	
Wood household furniture		8.02	8.01	8.39	8.41	_	319.20	315.59	333.08	316.22	_
Upholstered household furniture		9.41	9.39	9.69	9.61	-	363.23	363.39	374.03	344.04	-
Metal household furniture	2514	8.49	8.52	8.64	8.45	-	339.60	347.62	353.38	321.10	_
Mattresses and bedsprings		8.91	8.96	9.44	9.30		353.73	348.54	371.94	352.47	-
Office furniture	252	9.84	9.89	10.22	10.12	1	391.63	401.53	419.02	399.74	-
Public building and related furniture		9.52	9.67	9.52	9.76	1	384.61	392.60	394.13	387.47	-
Partitions and fixtures	254	10.43	10.28	10.61	10.76	-	416.16	414.28	427.58	429.32	-
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	259	9.51	9.43	9.74	9.69	_	380.40	380.97	380.83	370.16	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar 1994
Ourable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products		41.4	41.4	42.0	41.1	42.8	4.3	4.4	4.7	4.6	-
Flat glassGlass and glassware, pressed or blown		44.1 42.3	45.0 41.7	45.2 42.4	46.0 42.6	_	6.0 4.4	6.9 4.4	7.4 4.4	7.9 4.6	_
Glass containers	2221	43.1	42.6	43.6	43.4	_	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.6	1 -
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	41.5	40.8	41.3	41.9	_	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.7]
Products of purchased glass		41.3	41.0	43.4	42.3	_	2.8	2.7	4.3	3.9	
Cement, hydraulic		43.1	42.2	43.4	45.1	-	5.0	4.2	4.9	6.6	.
Structural clay products		40.7	40.2	41.8	41.1	-	3.2	3.2	3.8	4.1	-
Pottery and related products		42.0	41.6	41.5	40.9	-	3.1	3.0	4.2	3.9	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		40.3	41.1	40.9	38.8	-	5.1	5.2	5.1	4.6	-
Concrete block and brick		42.0	41.9	41.6	40.7	-	5.7	5.5	4.6	4.3	
Concrete products, nec		41.7	42.1	42.3	40.1	-	4.7	4.6	5.0	4.4] -
Ready-mixed concrete		37.7	39.6	38.5	35.8	-	4.5	5.3 4.6	4.4 4.6	4.0 4.6]
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		42.0 42.3	41.8 43.0	42.9 43.0	42.3 42.4		4.4 3.5	4.6	3.8	3.9	-
Asbestos products		42.1	41.8	43.8	39.9	_	4.9	4.1	5.1	3.5	-
*	1										
Primary metal industries		43.5	43.5	44.2	43.9	44.4	5.4	5.3	6.1	6.1	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		43.9	43.9	43.7	43.8	44.1	5.8	5.8	5.9	5.6	-
Blast furnaces and steel mills		43.9 44.5	44.0 43.4	43.8 43.8	44.0	_	6.0	6.1 4.2	6.0 5.5	5.8 4.9	
Steel pipe and tubes		43.9	43.4	45.6 45.6	43.7 45.6	_	4.9 5.2	5.2	7.1	7.4]
Gray and ductile iron foundries		44.2	44.0	45.8	46.2	_	5.2	5.1	7.7	8.1	:
Malleable iron foundries		45.5	44.9	49.8	47.4	_	8.2	7.9	9.1	10.6	Ι.
Steel foundries, nec		43.2	43.6	44.2	44.2	_	5.1	5.3	5.8	5.9	
Primary nonferrous metals		42.6	42.3	42.5	42.3	_	5.0	4.7	4.7	4.8	
Primary aluminum	. 3334	41.6	42.0	41.9	42.0	-	4.6	4.7	4.1	4.4	.
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		43.9	43.8	45.4	44.1	-	5.8	5.6	6.9	6.7	
Copper rolling and drawing		44.3	43.2	44.4	44.1	-	7.1	6.1	7.5	7.3	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		45.6	45.8	46.3	45.8	-	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.2	.
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		43.1	43.3	45.5	43.3	-	5.2	5.1	6.5	6.2	-
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		41.6 41.0	41.8 41.5	42.2 42.1	42.2 41.2	_	3.9 3.7	3.8 3.8	4.6 4.4	4.8	:
Fabricated metal products		41.7	41.5	42.4	41.9	42.6	3.8	3.7	4.6	4.5	
Metal cans and shipping containers		44.0	42.2	43.5	43.5	-	5.2	4.8	5.6	5.4	-
Metal cans		44.1 41.2	41.9 41.1	43.3 42.7	43.1	_	5.2	4.6 2.9	5.5 4.2	5.1	'
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware		40.9	41.0	42.7	41.2 40.9	_	3.2 2.9	2.9	3.8	3.6	
Hardware, nec		40.9	40.5	43.0	41.1	_	3.0	2.7	4.5	4.0	:
Plumbing and heating, except electric		41.3	41.1	42.1	41.0	_	3.1	3.5	4.2	3.7	
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim		41.1	41.0	43.0	42.0	-	2.9	3.6	4.8	4.4	
Heating equipment, except electric	. 3433	39.2	39.5	41.0	40.4	-	1.6	1.9	3.2	3.2	.
Fabricated structural metal products		40.5	40.3	40.9	40.3	-	3.2	3.2	3.8	3.7	
Fabricated structural metal		41.6	41.3	42.1	41.0	-	4.2	4.0	4.7	4.3	1 .
Metal doors, sash, and trim		38.4	38.5	38.6	37.7	-	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.2	1 .
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		42.1 40.0	41.8 40.0	41.9 40.5	42.5 39.7	-	4.1 2.9	3.9 2.9	4.5 3.5	5.1 3.2	
Architectural metal work		39.6	38.6	40.8	40.2	_	2.9	2.5	3.5	3.3	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		42.4	42.5	42.7	42.6	_	4.8	4.6	5.4	5.4	
Screw machine products	3451	41.8	42.0	42.2	42.1	- 1	4.3	4.3	4.8	5.0	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	. 3452	43.2	43.0	43.4	43.2	_	5.4	5.0	6.0	5.9	
Metal forgings and stampings		43.0	43.2	44.6	44.6	- 1	4.5	4.6	6.0	6.2	
Iron and steel forgings	. 3462	42.2	41.7	43.8	44.3	-	3.8	3.6	5.9	6.5	.
Automotive stampings		43.9	44.4	45.9	46.4	-	5.2	5.4	6.7	7.4	1
Metal stampings, nec		41.9	41.9	43.0	42.2	-	3.7	3.7	4.8	4.3	'
Metal services, nec	. 347	41.3	41.1	41.0	40.5	-	3.9	3.8	3.9	4.0	1
Plating and polishing		40.9	40.6	40.4	40.1	-	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.7	1
Metal coating and allied services		42.0	41.8	41.9	41.2	-	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.5	
Ordnance and accessories, nec		41.8	41.8	41.5	41.6	_	3.4	2.9 2.5	3.8 3.0	4.2 3.3	1
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		41.0 41.9	41.3 41.7	40.6 43.0	41.0 42.4	_	2.7 3.8	3.6	4.8	4.5	'
Micc fahricated metal products											
Misc. fabricated metal products Valves and pipe fittings, nec		42.0	41.4	42.8	42.2	_	4.0	3.6	4.7	4.4	Ι.

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p
Durable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products		\$11.67	\$11.70	\$11.97	\$11.98	\$11.97	\$483.14	\$484.38	\$502.74	\$492.38	\$512.3
Flat glass		16.83	17.10	17.92	18.03	-	742.20	769.50	809.98	829.38	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		13.09 13.51	13.11 13.53	13.53 13.88	13.56 13.91	_	553.71 582.28	546.69 576.38	573.67 605.17	577.66 603.69	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec		12.69	12.71	13.21	13.23	_ :	526.64	518.57	545.57	554.34	_
Products of purchased glass		10.37	10.24	10.66	10.66	_ :	428.28	419.84	462.64	450.92	_
Cement, hydraulic		15.03	14.95	15.35	15.69		647.79	630.89	666.19	707.62	-
Structural clay products		10.26	10.25	10.50	10.64	- :	417.58	412.05	438.90	437.30	-
Pottery and related products		10.05	10.02	10.51	10.35	- :	422.10	416.83	436.17	423.32	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		11.01	11.13	11.21	11.12	-	443.70	457.44	458.49	431.46	-
Concrete block and brick		10.46 9.99	10.47 10.03	10.56 10.10	10.36 10.18	-	439.32 416.58	438.69 422.26	439.30 427.23	421.65 408.22	_
Ready-mixed concrete		11.64	11.85	11.87	11.64		438.83	469.26	457.00	416.71	_
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		12.26	12.26	12.58	12.50	_	514.92	512.47	539.68	528.75	_
Abrasive products		10.64	10.64	11.00	10.96	-	450.07	457.52	473.00	464.70	-
Asbestos products		13.07	13.28	14.53	14.67	-	550.25	555.10	636.41	585.33	-
Primary metal industries		13.82	13.82	14.17	14.25	14.16	601.17	601.17	626.31	625.58	628.70
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		16.23	16.21	16.60	16.64	16.65	712.50	711.62	725.42	728.83	734.2
Blast furnaces and steel mills		17.34	17.30	17.81	17.84	-	761.23	761.20	780.08	784.96	-
Steel pipe and tubes		12.58	12.51	13.03	13.18	-	559.81	542.93	570.71	575.97	-
Iron and steel foundries		12.10 12.44	12.18 12.61	12.91 13.61	13.02 13.61	_	531.19 549.85	533.48 554.84	588.70 623.34	593.71 628.78	-
Malleable iron foundries		13.05	13.20	13.69	15.28	_	593.78	592.68	681.76	724.27	-
Steel foundries, nec		11.77	11.67	11.78	11.90	_	508.46	508.81	520.68	525.98	-
Primary nonferrous metals		15.02	14.89	15.08	15.29	_	639.85	629.85	640.90	646.77	-
Primary aluminum	3334	15.15	15.06	15.24	15.33	-	630.24	632.52	638.56	643.86	_
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		13.03	13.09	13.39	13.51	-	572.02	573.34	607.91	595.79	-
Copper rolling and drawing		12.67	12.49	13.01	13.08	-	561.28	539.57	577.64	576.83	-
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	3353	15.39	15.55	15.58	15.89	-	701.78	712.19	721.35	727.76	-
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		13.01 11.14	13.13	13.59	13.73	_	560.73	568.53	618.35	594.51	-
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		10.60	11.09 10.59	11.36 10.60	11.41 10.82	-	463.42 434.60	463.56 439.49	479.39 446.26	481.50 445.78	-
Fabricated metal products	34	11.56	11.56	11.87	11.90	11.95	482.05	479.74	503.29	498.61	509.0
Metal cans and shipping containers		14.87	15.02	15.23	15.29	-	654.28	633.84	662.51	665.12	-
Metal cans		15.91	16.13	16.35	16.41	_	701.63	675.85	707.96	707.27	-
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware		11.46	11.41	11.80	11.90	-	472.15	468.95	503.86	490.28	-
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws		10.85	10.84	11.20	11.12	-	443.77	444.44	470.40	454.81	-
Hardware, nec		11.47	11.39	11.78	11.90	-	469.12	461.30	506.54	489.09	-
Plumbing and heating, except electric		10.35 9.77	10.33 9.85	10.58 9.92	10.46 9.79	-	427.46 401.55	424.56 403.85	445.42 426.56	428.86	_
Heating equipment, except electric		10.43	10.38	10.84	10.81	-	401.55	410.01	444.44	411.18 436.72	_
Fabricated structural metal products		10.74	10.80	10.91	10.94	_	434.97	435.24	446.22	440.88	-
Fabricated structural metal		10.76	10.85	10.85	10.86	-	447.62	448.11	456.79	445.26	-
Metal doors, sash, and trim		8.96	8.99	9.21	9.23	-	344.06	346.12	355.51	347.97	-
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		12.04	12.16	12.32	12.39	- 1	506.88	508.29	516.21	526.58	-
Sheet metal work		11.00	11.01	11.13	11.17	-	440.00	440.40	450.77	443.45	-
Architectural metal work Screw machine products, bolts, etc		9.84 11.55	9.93 11.50	10.00 11.78	9.80 11.72	-	389.66	383.30	408.00	393.96	-
Screw machine products, botts, etc		10.68	10.66	10.93	10.97	-	489.72 446.42	488.75 447.72	503.01 461.25	499.27 461.84	l
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		12.52	12.44	12.74	12.58	_	540.86	534.92	552.92	543.46	_
Metal forgings and stampings		13.71	13.76	14.32	14.43	_	589.53	594.43	638.67	643.58	-
Iron and steel forgings	3462	13.49	13.52	13.86	14.08	-	569.28	563.78	607.07	623.74	-
Automotive stampings		15.63	15.71	16.51	16.60	-	686.16	697.52	757.81	770.24	-
Metal stampings, nec		10.96	10.96	11.18	11.20	-	459.22	459.22	480.74	472.64	-
Metal services, nec		9.65	9.55	9.75	9.79	-	398.55	392.51	399.75	396.50	-
Plating and polishing Metal coating and allied services		9.67 9.61	9.54 9.56	9.84 9.60	9.85 9.70	_	395.50	387.32	397.54 402.24	394.99	-
Ordnance and accessories, nec		12.99	12.86	13.69	13.74	_	403.62 542.98	399.61 537.55	402.24 568.14	399.64 571.58	I
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		12.94	12.76	13.89	13.74	_	530.54	526.99	563.93	569.49	i -
Misc. fabricated metal products		10.74	10.73	11.12	11.04	_	450.01	447.44	478.16	468.10	_
Valves and pipe fittings, nec	3494	11.29	11.21	11.38	11.24	-	474.18	464.09	487.06	474.33	_
Misc. fabricated wire products		9.57	9.52	9.90	9.68	_	395.24	389.37	417.78	399.78	_

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	ge weekly	hours			Average	overtin	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994°	Mar. 1994°	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar 1994
Durable goods—Continued											
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	42.8	42.8	43.5	43.0	43.9	4.4	4.4	5.1	5.0	-
Engines and turbines	351	44.2	43.8	44.6	44.7	-	4.6	4.4	5.2	5.6	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets		43.4	42.6	42.9	43.2	-	4.5	4.1	4.9	5.3	-
Internal combustion engines, nec		44.5	44.4	45.3	45.4	-	4.7	4.5	5.3	5.7	-
Farm and garden machinery		41.9	42.1	43.5	43.3	-	4.0	4.3	4.9	5.3	-
Farm machinery and equipment		42.7	43.0	43.4	44.0	-	4.1	4.4	4.8	5.7	-
Construction and related machinery		43.9	43.6	44.1	43.6	-	5.1	4.8	5.4	5.5	-
Construction machinery		44.1	44.0	44.4	44.4	- :	4.9	4.6	5.8	6.1	-
Mining machinery		41.6	40.8	43.2	42.7	-	4.2	3.3	5.6	4.8	-
Oil and gas field machinery		47.6	46.6	46.6	46.2	-	7.3	6.6	6.5	6.8	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment		42.7	43.3	43.0	42.6	-	5.3	5.5	5.2	5.1	-
Industrial trucks and tractors		40.5	40.2	41.2	40.8	-	3.0	3.0	3.8	3.8	-
Metalworking machinery		43.5	43.4	44.1	43.6	-	5.4	5.3	6.1	6.0	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types		43.1	43.0	44.1	44.0	-	4.3	4.2	5.5	5.5	-
Machine tools, metal forming types		43.5	43.3	44.9	44.5	-	4.9	4.9	5.9	6.4	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		44.2	44.2	44.7	44.0	-	6.4	6.4	7.0	6.7	-
Machine tool accessories		42.4	42.3	43.2	42.6	-	3.9	3.8	4.7	4.7	1 -
Power driven handtools		41.5	41.9	42.4	41.3	-	3.1	3.2	4.2	3.9	-
Special industry machinery		42.4	42.3	43.7	43.2	-	4.4	4.4	5.5	5.4	1 -
Textile machinery		42.5	41.7	42.0	40.2	-	4.4	4.1	4.3	3.8	-
Printing trades machinery		41.0	41.5	43.8	43.0	-	4.1	4.4	6.1	6.3	1 .
Food products machinery		42.4	42.1	43.0	43.3	-	4.7	4.3	5.0	4.8	1 .
General industrial machinery		42.5	42.6	43.2	42.6	-	4.1	4.1	4.8	4.7	
Pumps and pumping equipment	3561	41.2	41.3	43.7	42.8	-	3.3	3.2	4.7	4.8	.
Ball and roller bearings		43.8	43.7	44.8	44.0	-	5.3	5.5	6.3	6.1	
Air and gas compressors		43.1	43.5	43.7	43.7	-	4.1	4.1	4.9	5.5	
Blowers and fans	3564	40.1	40.9	41.5	39.4	-	2.4	2.7	3.3	2.6	
Speed changers, drives, and gears	3566	44.2	44.0	42.0	43.1	-	5.7	5.3	4.8	5.6	
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	43.3	43.5	43.5	43.2	-	4.7	4.3	5.0	4.7	
Computer and office equipment	357	41.6	41.7	42.0	41.9	-	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.0	
Electronic computers	3571	41.4	41.6	41.9	43.1	-	3.1	3.1	3.5	3.1	.
Computer terminals, calculators, and											
office machines, nec	3575,8,9	41.6	40.9	41.4	40.6	-	3.0	2.6	3.1	2.6	
Refrigeration and service machinery		41.8	42.1	43.8	42.2	-	3.2	3.5	5.1	4.7	1 .
Refrigeration and heating equipment	3585	42.1	42.5	44.7	42.7	-	3.4	3.8	5.9	5.3	1 -
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery	359	42.8	42.8	42.9	42.6	-	4.7	4.6	5.1	5.0	1 -
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves	3592	42.8	42.4	44.2	43.3	~	4.5	4.2	6.2	5.5	
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec	3596,9	42.9	43.0	42.8	42.5	-	4.9	4.8	5.1	5.0	.
Electronic and other electrical equipment	36	41.5	41.4	42.1	41.4	42.3	3.5	3.5	4.0	3.8	.
Electric distribution equipment	361	41.2	41.0	42.3	41.7	-	3.1	3.1	4.0	3.7	1 -
Transformers, except electronic		40.5	40.1	42.4	41.9	-	3.2	2.8	4.2	4.1	1 .
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	3613	41.8	41.9	42.2	41.4	-	3.0	3.3	3.8	3.3	
Electrical industrial apparatus		41.9	41.7	43.0	41.9	-	2.9	3.0	4.2	4.3	
Motors and generators	3621	42.0	41.9	43.6	42.4	-	3.0	3.2	4.8	4.8	
Relays and industrial controls		41.2	41.2	41.5	40.8	-	2.5	2.6	3.1	3.1	1
Household appliances		41.3	40.7	41.8	40.5	-	3.9	3.6	3.2	2.8	•
Household refrigerators and freezers		43.9	43.3	41.7	41.9	-	6.0	5.4	1.9	3.8	.
Household laundry equipment	3633	40.8	40.1	44.4	43.7	-	2.1	2.0	5.1	2.2	
Electric housewares and fans	3634	39.7	40.0	40.1	38.7	-	2.2	2.8	2.4	2.1	.
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	364	41.5	41.0	42.4	41.1	-	3.3	3.0	4.1	3.6	
Electric lamps	3641	44.5	43.5	47.0	45.1	-	4.3	3.9	5.6	5.1	
Current-carrying wiring devices	3643	40.5	39.8	41.6	40.0	-	2.8	2.4	3.9	3.1	1
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	3644	42.4	41.3	43.3	43.4	-	3.2	2.2	3.6	3.4	} .
Residential lighting fixtures	3645	39.5	39.8	37.9	36.2	-	2.4	3.2	2.1	1.8	1 .
Household audio and video equipment	365	41.4	41.3	40.4	40.0	-	3.7	3.9	3.5	3.6	1
Household audio and video equipment		40.8	40.5	41.2	40.6	-	2.6	2.6	3.5	3.4	1 .
Communications equipment	366	42.8	42.6	42.4	41.7	_	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.6	1 .
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		44.7	44.2	43.3	43.2	-	4.5	3.9	4.2	4.3	1
Electronic components and accessories		41.3	41.4	41.7	41.5	-	3.9	4.0	4.2	3.9	+
Electron tubes		40.6	42.1	43.1	42.9	-	3.4	3.8	5.0	5.4	1
Semiconductors and related devices		42.3	42.4	42.6	42.8	_	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.3	1
Electronic components, nec		39.7	40.2	40.6	40.0	_	2.8	3.2	3.3	3.1	1
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		40.9	41.4	42.7	42.4	-	3.4	3.7	4.7	4.8	1 .
Storage batteries		40.3	41.6	43.7	44.9	_	2.2	2.9	6.3	6.8	.
							3.7				

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p
Durable goods—Continued											
Industrial machinery and equipment		\$12.61	\$12.59	\$12.92	\$12.95	\$12.96	\$539.71	\$538.85	, .	\$556.85	\$568.9
Engines and turbines		15.82	15.77	16.37	16.41	-	699.24	690.73	730.10	733.53	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets		16.42 15.57	16.46 15.48	16.92 16.15	17.05 16.15	-	712.63 692.87	701.20 687.31	725.87 731.60	736.56 733.21	_
Farm and garden machinery		12.00	11.97	12.27	12.48	_	502.80	503.94	533.75	540.38	_
Farm machinery and equipment		13.13	13.10	13.31	13.50	_	560.65	563.30	577.65	594.00	-
Construction and related machinery		12.76	12.74	13.14	13.12	-	560.16	555.46	579.47	572.03	-
Construction machinery		14.31	14.28	14.66	14.69	-	631.07	628.32	650.90	652.24	-
Mining machinery	3532	12.87	12.77	13.68	13.37	-	535.39	521.02	590.98	570.90	-
Oil and gas field machinery		11.47	11.39	11.96	11.94	-	545.97	530.77	557.34	551.63	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment		11.65	11.64	12.05	11.93	-	497.46	504.01	518.15	508.22	-
Industrial trucks and tractors		11.10	11.15	11.27	11.25	-	449.55	448.23	464.32	459.00	-
Metalworking machinery		13.26 13.53	13.25	13.59	13.59 13.87	-	576.81 583.14	575.05 578.35	599.32 614.31	592.52 610.28	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types Machine tools, metal forming types		13.33	13.45 13.25	13.93 13.92	13.90	-	575.07	573.73	625.01	618.55	_
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		13.81	13.84	14.15	14.16	-	610.40	611.73	632.51	623.04	_
Machine tool accessories		11.74	11.68	11.95	11.97	_	497.78	494.06	516.24	509.92	_
Power driven handtools		10.84	10.81	11.17	11.12	_	449.86	452.94	473.61	459.26	-
Special industry machinery		12.94	13.04	13.39	13.33	-	548.66	551.59	585.14	575.86	_
Textile machinery		11.10	11.22	11.61	11.55	-	471.75	467.87	487.62	464.31	-
Printing trades machinery	3555	14.53	14.78	15.40	15.36	-	595.73	613.37	674.52	660.48	-
Food products machinery		12.73	12.76	13.07	12.88	-	539.75	537.20	562.01	557.70	-
General industrial machinery		12.27	12.22	12.63	12.64	-	521.48	520.57	545.62	538.46	-
Pumps and pumping equipment		12.96	12.89	13.64	13.63	- 1	533.95	532.36	596.07	583.36	-
Ball and roller bearings		13.30	13.28	13.80	13.74	- 1	582.54	580.34	618.24	604.56	_
Air and gas compressors Blowers and fans		12.24 10.21	12.27 10.21	12.91 10.42	12.89 10.48	_	527.54 409.42	533.75 417.59	564.17 432.43	563.29 412.91	_
Speed changers, drives, and gears		13.11	12.93	13.48	13.54	_	579.46	568.92	566.16	583.57	-
Power transmission equipment, nec		12.14	12.08	12.66	12.75	_	525.66	525.48	550.71	550.80	_
Computer and office equipment		12.38	12.35	12.68	12.82	_	515.01	515.00	532.56	537.16	l –
Electronic computers		13.32	13.39	13.71	13.97	-	551.45	557.02	574.45	602.11	-
Computer terminals, calculators, and	{	{				{					
office machines, nec	3575,8,9	12.34	12.28	12.48	12.56	-	513.34	502.25	516.67	509.94	-
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	11.42	11.38	11.50	11.51	-	477.36	479.10	503.70	485.72	-
Refrigeration and heating equipment		11.61	11.53	11.74	11.73	-	488.78	490.03	524.78	500.87	-
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery		12.08	12.06	12.35	12.37	-	517.02	516.17	529.82	526.96	-
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves		13.33	13.11	13.63	13.66	-	570.52	555.86	602.45	591.48	1 -
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec	3596,9	11.75	11.75	12.00	12.02	-	504.08	505.25	513.60	510.85	-
Electronic and other electrical equipment	36	11.10	11,11	11.40	11.44	11.45	460.65	459.95	479.94	473.62	484.3
Electric distribution equipment		10.76	10.71	11.10	11.13	-	443.31	439.11	469.53	464.12	-
Transformers, except electronic		10.08	9.97	10.53	10.65	-	408.24	399.80	446.47	446.24	-
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		11.45	11.45	11.70	11.64	-	478.61	479.76	493.74	481.90	-
Electrical industrial apparatus		10.48 9.94	10.53 9.94	10.74 10.04	10.78 10.07	_	439.11 417.48	439.10 416.49	461.82 437.74	451.68 426.97	_
Motors and generators Relays and industrial controls		11.50	11.68	12.11	12.16	,	473.80	481.22	502.57	496.13]
Household appliances		10.51	10.51	10.74	10.88	_	434.06	427.76	448.93	440.64	
Household refrigerators and freezers		11.69	11.86	11.76	12.15	i i	513.19	513.54	490.39	509.09	_
Household laundry equipment		12.79	12.67	13.42	13.72		521.83	508.07	595.85	599.56	-
Electric housewares and fans	3634	8.12	8.21	8.46	8.36	-	322.36	328.40	339.25	323.53	-
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		10.92	10.85	11.20	11.18		453.18	444.85	474.88	459.50	-
Electric lamps		11.71	11.62	11.89	11.88		521.10	505.47	558.83	535.79	-
Current-carrying wiring devices		10.82	10.71	10.98	11.00	1	438.21	426.26	456.77	440.00	-
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		10.29	10.37	10.57	10.48	-	436.30	428.28	457.68	454.83	-
Residential lighting fixtures		8.25	8.20	8.25	8.22	-	325.88	326.36	312.68	297.56	-
Household audio and video equipment Household audio and video equipment		10.88 11.15	10.73 11.05	11.07 11.58	11.23 11.80	1 :	450.43 454.92	443.15 447.53	447.23 477.10	449.20 479.08	-
Communications equipment		11.15	11.51	12.03	12.13		489.63	490.33	510.07	505.82	-
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		12.07	12.18	13.25	13.41	_	539.53	538.36	573.73	579.31	_
Electronic components and accessories		11.11	11.14	11.35	11.30		458.84	461.20	473.30	468.95	-
Electron tubes		13.08	13.00	13.15	13.16	1	531.05	547.30	566.77	564.56	-
Semiconductors and related devices		14.25	14.28	14.41	14.34	1	602.78	605.47	613.87	613.75	-
Electronic components, nec		9.54	9.48	9.64	9.55	1 1	378.74	381.10	391.38	382.00	-
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	369	12.38		12.72	12.87	-	506.34	516.26	543.14	545.69	-
Storage batteries	3691	13.10	13.35	13.78	14.23	-	527.93	555.36	602.19	638.93	-
Engine electrical equipment	3694	13.26	13.30	13.53	13.54	_	539.68	553.28	583.14	574.10	1 _

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987	L	Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar 1994
Purable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	37	42.3	42.5	43.7	43.6	44.3	4.1	4.3	5.4	5.8	-
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	43.3	43.9	45.4	45.7	46.4	4.7	5.2	6.7	7.3	-
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	42.2	43.2	44.9	46.7	-	4.0	4.8	6.5	8.4	-
Truck and bus bodies	3713	42.8	43.3	42.7	41.4	-	4.4	4.0	4.6	4.6	_
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	44.4	44.7	46.3	45.8	-	5.5	5.8	7.2	7.1	-
Truck trailers		41.0	41.8	43.5	42.4	_	3.4	4.0	4.8	4.4	_
Aircraft and parts		41.7	41.5	41.7	41.2) _ :	3.6	3.3	3.8	4.1	_
Aircraft		41.3	41.0	40.7	40.1	1 _ 1	3.5	3.2	3.6	3.8	_
Aircraft engines and engine parts		41.9	41.4	43.2	42.3	_	3.9	3.3	4.1	4.5	i _
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec		42.2	42.3	42.2	42.2	_	3.5	3.5	3.8	4.3	١ _
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	39.4	39.3	40.0	39.2	_	2.5	2.6	3.0	2.9	_
		39.7	39.1	40.5	39.4	i	2.5	2.4	3.1	2.9	_
Ship building and repairing						-					-
Boat building and repairing		38.7	39.8	39.0	39.0	-	2.3	2.9	2.9	2.7	-
Railroad equipment		41.6	41.4	42.3	42.6	-	2.9	2.7	3.3	3.6	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		41.0	40.5	42.1	41.7	-	2.9	2.6	3.5	3.3	_
Guided missiles and space vehicles		40.8	40.2	43.2	41.5	-	3.2	3.0	3.5	3.3	-
Misc. transportation equipment	379	39.8	39.7	40.4	39.9	-	3.3	2.9	3.7	3.4	-
Travel trailers and campers	3792	38.2	38.3	39.2	37.9	-	2.1	1.8	3.2	2.4	-
Instruments and related products	38	41.0	41.1	41.5	41.0	41.8	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.8	-
Search and navigation equipment		40.9	40.5	41.6	41.5	-	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.1	-
Measuring and controlling devices		41.2	41.2	42.1	41.8	-	2.6	2.4	2.9	2.8	_
Environmental controls		40.5	40.8	41.7	42.1	_	3.0	2.7	3.6	3.5	
Process control instruments		42.3	41.3	41.9	42.2	_	2.9	2.3	2.3	2.6	١.
Instruments to measure electricity		41.2	41.3	42.2	41.4	_	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	1
		40.6	40.9	41.0	40.2	_	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.9	
Medical instruments and supplies						1	i .				1
Surgical and medical instruments		41.2	42.3	41.5	40.8	-	3.2	3.8	3.3	3.3	-
Surgical appliances and supplies		39.8	39.5	40.2	39.2	-	2.5	2.4	2.7	2.4	-
Ophthalmic goods		39.6	39.3	39.3	38.4	- 1	2.3	1.9	2.1	2.4	-
Photographic equipment and supplies		42.8 40.6	42.9 40.9	43.5 40.4	42.7 37.6	_	4.7 1.8	4.5 2.0	4.8 1.9	3.7 2.2	
•	ļ.										
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	39.6	39.8	39.6	38.6	40.2	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.6	.
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	391	37.1	37.5	37.7	36.8	-	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.4	-
Jewelry, precious metal	3911	36.6	37.2	37.0	36.6	- 1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.4	j -
Musical instruments	393	40.1	40.4	40.1	39.4	- 1	2.4	2.5	2.0	2.3	! -
Toys and sporting goods	394	40.3	40.3	39.6	39.0	- 1	3.0	2.8	3.0	2.9	-
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	3942,4	39.0	38.5	37.7	37.0	- 1	2.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3949	41.1	41.4	40.7	40.1	_	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.5	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		40.4	39.5	40.2	39.7	_	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.5	
Costume jewelry and notions	396	40.7	40.5	40.7	38.5	_	2.2	2.5	3.7	2.8	Ι.
Costume jewelry		40.7	40.5	41.0	38.5		1.5	2.0	4.4	3.2	
Miscellaneous manufactures		39.4	39.9	40.0	38.5	_	2.6	2.8	3.1	2.8	
Signs and advertising specialties		39.7	40.1	40.2	39.1	-	3.1	3.1	3.2	2.8	
ondurable goods		40.3	39.9	40.4	39.6	40.8	3.7	3.5	3.8	3.7	4
Food and kindred products	20	40.0	39.8	40.3	40.2	40.5	4.0	3.8	4.2	4.2	
Meat products	201	38.8	38.4	40.6	39.2	-	3.4	3.3	4.3	3.6	
Meat packing plants	2011	40.0	39.7	42.7	40.9	_	3.9	3.8	5.6	4.0	
Sausages and other prepared meats	2013	40.9	42.1	41.2	41.4		4.5	5.2	4.7	5.2	Ι.
Poultry slaughtering and processing	2015	37.4	36.4	39.1	37.4		2.8	2.2	3.3	2.7	١
Dairy products	202	41.8	42.0	41.3	41.7	_	4.4	4.4	4.0	4.4	1
			41.3	38.6		-	3.7	3.6	2.9	3.7	1
Cheese, natural and processed		40.2			40.1	-					Ι΄
Fluid milk		42.4	42.1	42.4	42.0	-	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.6	'
Preserved fruits and vegetables		39.7	39.3	39.9	39.3	-	3.6	3.4	3.7	3.8	1
Canned specialties		40.5	39.6	42.9	40.7	-	4.0	3.7	5.0	3.8	
Canned fruits and vegetables	2033	38.9	38.8	39.7	38.1	-	2.7	2.4	2.9	3.1	'
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2037	41.1	40.9	38.9	39.1	-	3.9	4.3	3.5	3.8	1 .
Grain mill products		44.0	44.4	44.5	44.5	-	6.2	6.3	6.8	6.9	ļ .
		46.4	46.0	44.0	44.6	_	5.8	5.9	5.5	6.0	١.
Flour and other grain mill products											

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994°	Mar. 1994°	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994°	Mar. 1994 ^p
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	37	\$15.54	\$15.63	\$16.31	\$16.43	\$16.46	\$657.34	\$664.28	\$712.75	\$716.35	\$729.1
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	15.71	15.88	16.74	16.87	16.91	680.24	697.13	760.00	770.96	784.62
Motor vehicles and car bodies		18.66	18.96	20.27	20.49	-	787.45	819.07	910.12	956.88	-
Truck and bus bodies		14.07	14.19	14.67	14.55	-	602.20	614.43	626.41	602.37	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	₹14.48	14.58	15.29	15.30		642.91	651.73	707.93	700.74	-
Truck trailers		9.64	9.74	9.87	9.82	_	395.24	407.13	429.35	416.37	-
Aircraft and parts		17.05	17.08	17.63	17.80	_	710.99	708.82	735.17	733.36	-
Aircraft	3721	(²)	(2)	Ô	(2)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	\$16.47	\$16.34	\$16.82	\$16.96	-	\$690.09	\$676.48	\$726.62	\$717.41	-
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec	3728	15.69	15.77	16.09	16.14	_	662.12	667.07	679.00	681.11	-
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	12.27	12.28	12.61	12.56	_	483.44	482.60	504.40	492.35	-
Ship building and repairing		13.35	13.40	13.80	13.84	-	530.00	523.94	558.90	545.30	_
Boat building and repairing		9.64	9.70	9.90	9.80	-	373.07	386.08	386.10	382.20	-
Railroad equipment		14.76	14.59	15.13	15.48	- 1	614.02	604.03	640.00	659.45	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		16.67	16.57	17.42	17.37	_	683.47	671.09	733.38	724.33	-
Guided missiles and space vehicles		(2)	(²)	(²)	(²)	-	_	_	-	_	_
Misc. transportation equipment		\$11.30	\$11.23	\$10.99	\$10.90	_	\$449.74	\$445.83	\$444.00	\$434.91	-
Travel trailers and campers		10.64	10.66	10.63	10.63	-	406.45	408.28	416.70	402.88	-
Instruments and related products		12.11	12.15	12.44	12.46	12.47	496.51	499.37	516.26	510.86	521.25
Search and navigation equipment		15.88	15.95	16.51	16.66	-	649.49	645.98	686.82	691.39	-
Measuring and controlling devices		11.90	11.90	12.28	12.26	-	490.28	490.28	516.99	512.47	-
Environmental controls		10.30	10.41	10.95	11.01	-	417.15	424.73	456.62	463.52	-
Process control instruments	3823	11.54	11.59	11.72	11.72	-	488.14	478.67	491.07	494.58	-
Instruments to measure electricity	3825	13.06	13.03	13.60	13.50	-	538.07	538.14	573.92	558.90	-
Medical instruments and supplies	384	10.76	10.87	11.01	11.04	-	436.86	444.58	451.41	443.81	-
Surgical and medical instruments	3841	10.67	10.95	10.85	10.93	- 1	439.60	463.19	450.28	445.94	-
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	10.14	10.08	10.34	10.29	-	403.57	398.16	415.67	403.37	-
Ophthalmic goods	385	8.54	8.65	9.13	9.21	-	338.18	339.95	358.81	353.66	-
Photographic equipment and supplies		14.45	14.36	14.98	14.80	-	618.46	616.04	651.63	631.96	-
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts	387	8.18	8.16	8.44	8.57	-	332.11	333.74	340.98	322.23	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries		9.32	9.28	9.55	9.54	9,51	369.07	369.34	378.18	368.24	382.30
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		9.70	9.69	9.75	9.71	-	359.87	363.38	367.58	357.33	-
Jewelry, precious metal		9.67	9.64	9.70	9.59	-	353.92	358.61	358.90	350.99	-
Musical instruments		9.00	8.95	9.59	9.69	-	360.90	361.58	384.56	381.79	-
Toys and sporting goods		8.74	8.69	8.97	8.95	-	352.22	350.21	355.21	349.05	-
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		8.45	8.51	8.89	8.80	-	329.55	327.64	335.15	325.60	_
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		8.90	8.78	9.00	9.03	-	365.79	363.49	366.30	362.10	-
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		10.15	10.24	10.29	10.46	-	410.06	404.48	413.66	415.26	-
Costume jewelry and notions		7.84	7.88	8.15	8.12	-	319.09	319.14	331.71	312.62	 -
Costume jewelry		6.77	6.87	6.98	6.85	-	273.51	278.24	286.18	263.73	-
Miscellaneous manufactures		9.88	9.78	10.11	10.06	-	389.27	390.22	404.40	387.31	-
Signs and advertising specialties	3993	10.26	10.11	10.30	10.20	-	407.32	405.41	414.06	398.82	-
Nondurable goods		10.87	10.90	11.17	11.20	11.20	438.06	434.91	451.27	443.52	456.96
Food and kindred products		10.29	10.32	10.57	10.55	10.59	411.60	410.74	425.97	424.11	428.90
Meat products		8.32	8.34	8.59	8.54	-	322.82	320.26	348.75	334.77	-
Meat packing plants	2011	9.03	9.01	9.35	9.13	-	361.20	357.70	399.25	373.42	-
Sausages and other prepared meats	2013	9.65	9.77	9.94	9.94	-	394.69	411.32	409.53	411.52	-
Poultry slaughtering and processing	2015	7.37	7.33	7.58	7.60	-	275.64	266.81	296.38	284.24	_
Dairy products	202	11.56	11.50	11.85	11.88	-	483.21	483.00	489.41	495.40	-
Cheese, natural and processedFluid milk		10.34 12.19	10.23 12.17	10.40 12.56	10.59 12.52	-	415.67 516.86	422.50 512.36	401.44 532.54	424.66 525.84	_
Preserved fruits and vegetables		9.99	10.06	10.40	10.36		396.60	395.36	414.96	407.15	_
Canned specialties		12.77	12.85	13.55	13.25	_	517.19	508.86	581.30	539.28	_
Canned fruits and vegetables	2033	10.57	10.66	10.87	10.97	_	411.17	413.61	431.54		
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2003	8.84	8.98	9.42	9.38	_	363.32		366.44	417.96	-
Grain mill products			1			[367.28		366.76	-
Flour and other grain mill products		12.50	12.46	12.79	12.65	-	550.00	553.22	569.16	562.93	-
		10.77	10.73	10.77	10.81	-	499.73	493.58	473.88	482.13	-
Prepared feeds, nec	2U48	10.04	10.04	10.41	10.38	-	432.72	442.76	461.16	448.42	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Ma 1994
londurable goods—Continued										·	
Food and kindred products—Continued											Ì
Bakery products		38.9	39.1	38.7	38.9	-	3.9	3.9	3.7	4.1	-
Bread, cake, and related products	2051	38.3	38.6	37.7	38.6	-	3.8	4.0	3.4	4.0	-
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products, except bread	2052.3	40.1	40.1	40.5	39.5	_	4.0	3.6	4.2	4.3	-
Sugar and confectionery products		40.4	39.4	40.2	40.0	_	3.6	3.1	3.9	3.4	-
Raw cane sugar		44.0	44.4	51.1	53.9	-	10.5	9.1	11.4	12.3	١.
Cane sugar refining		43.6	39.1	43.6	41.7	_	5.6	3.9	5.6	4.8	1 .
Beet sugar	2063	41.6	41.8	42.7	40.9	_	4.1	3.9	4.4	3.9] ,
Candy and other confectionery products	2064	39.6	38.0	37.9	37.7	_	2.8	2.2	2.9	2.2	
Fats and oils		43.6	44.0	43.5	42.8	_	5.2	5.4	6.2	5.7	
Beverages	208	40.5	40.8	39.9	40.4	_	3.9	4.2	4.0	4.6] .
Malt beverages		41.2	41.5	41.4	43.0	- 1	5.9	6.3	6.0	7.3	1
Bottled and canned soft drinks		40.1	40.2	39.4	39.6	-	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.8	1
Misc. food and kindred products		39.9	39.5	38.0	41.0	-	4.6	3.9	3.6	4.9	
Tobacco products	21	37.3	36.0	37.5	35.2	38.1	1.2	1.2	2.2	2.2	
Cigarettes	211	37.3	35.5	37.3	36.3	-	1.2	1.2	2.1	2.5	
Textile mill products	22	41.2	39.6	41.2	39.6	41.7	4.2	3.4	4.4	3.9	
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	221	41.1	38.5	40.9	40.9	- 1	5.4	4.1	5.0	5.1	
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics		41.8	39.5	42.2	40.1	-	4.4	3.3	4.7	3.7	
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool	223	43.2	42.0	44.7	43.9	- 1	5.7	5.5	6.5	6.4	
Narrow fabric mills	224	40.6	40.0	39.1	37.5	_	3.0	2.7	2.2	2.2	ĺ
Knitting mills	225	39.5	38.3	39.2	36.4	-	2.8	2.1	3.1	2.6	1
Women's hosiery, except socks	2251	38.8	37.9	38.9	34.6	-	2.7	2.0	3.6	1.8	
Hosiery, nec		39.1	37.4	37.1	34.7	- 1	3.0	2.1	3.3	2.4	1
Knit outerwear mills		38.9	37.5	38.7	35.7	-	2.2	1.4	2.2	2.5	
Knit underwear mills	2254	39.5	38.0	39.9	36.9	_ !	1.8	1.3	2.1	1.9	1
Weft knit fabric mills	2257	40.5	40.0	40.6	39.3	-	4.3	3.6	4.0	3.6	
Textile finishing, except wool	226	43.3	42.4	42.6	42.0	_	5.9	4.9	5.4	5.2	1
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	42.7	42.1	42.8	43.3		5.7	4.8	5.4	5.9	
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	43.1	42.2	41.9	40.6	-	5.5	4.7	4.9	4.4	
Carpets and rugs	227	42.6	40.8	43.9	42.1	-	4.7	3.8	6.1	5.3	1
Yarn and thread mills	. 228	40.7	38.9	40.8	39.6	-	4.1	3.2	4.3	3.7	1
Yarn spinning mills	2281	41.1	39.3	41.1	39.9	-	4.2	3.3	4.6	3.8	Ì
Throwing and winding mills	2282	38.1	36.6	38.9	37.2		2.8	2.6	3.1	2.9	
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	43.1	42.1	43.7	42.5	-	4.7	4.4	5.3	4.7	
Apparel and other textile products	23	37.3	37.0	36.8	35.4	37.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	
Men's and boys' suits and coats		35.5	35.9	36.1	32.7	-	.8	.8	1.3	.9	
Men's and boys' furnishings		37.0	36.5	36.3	34.9	-	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.2	
Men's and boys' shirts		36.5	36.3	35.0	33.8	-	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	İ
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks	2325	36.4	35.4	36.7	34.7	-	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.3	
Men's and boys' work clothing		36.7	36.2	36.8	34.3	-	1.4	1.2	1.2	.9	
Women's and misses' outerwear		36.8	36.6	35.7	34.7	-	1.9	1.7	1.3	1.3	
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts		36.7	36.0	35.4	33.4	-	1.2	.9	.8	.8	
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses		35.9	36.6	35.5	35.3	-	1.8	2.4	1.6	2.1	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		36.2	36.3	35.2	34.1	-	1.7	1.6	1.0	1.1	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		37.2	36.7	35.9	34.9	-	2.1	1.6	1.3	1.3	1
Women's and children's undergarments	. 234	37.4	37.5	37.2	36.3	-	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.3	
Women's and children's underwear		38.0	37.9	36.6	35.3	-	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.0	
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments	. 2342	35.0	36.0	39.6	40.6	-	1.4	2.0	2.8	2.6	1
Girls' and children's outerwear		37.0	35.2	37.3	34.7	-	1.8	1.2	1.8	1.4	
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses		37.0	35.5	37.3	35.0	-	2.2	1.8	2.4	1.9	
Misc. apparel and accessories		36.5	36.6	36.2	35.1	-	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.3	1
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	39.0	38.8	38.9	37.4	-	2.6	2.7	3.0	2.7	1
Curtains and draperies		37.9	37.9	36.9	35.8	-	2.4	2.4	1.5	1.6	
House furnishings, nec		38.2	37.8	37.7	35.3	-	2.3	2.4	2.1	1.7	
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	40.3	40.4	40.2	39.5	-	3.0	3.5	4.5	4.2	
Paper and allied products	26	43.3	43.0	43.7	42.8	43.7	4.9	4.9	5.1	4.9	
Paper mills	262	45.4	45.1	45.3	45.2	_	6.0	6.0	5.7	5.8	
Paperboard mills	. 263	44.4	45.0	45.8	45.9	-	6.3	6.8	6.8	6.8	i

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994
londurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued											
Bakery products	. 205	\$11.65	\$11.69	\$11.69	\$11.76	_	\$453.19	\$457.08	\$452.40	\$457.46	-
Bread, cake, and related products		11.60	11.65	11.66	11.60	_	444.28	449.69	439.58	447.76	_
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products,											i
except bread	. 2052.3	11.75	11.75	11.74	12.05	_	471.18	471.18	475.47	475.98	_
Sugar and confectionery products	. 206	11.11	11.25	11.32	11.44	_	448.84	443.25	455.06	457.60	-
Raw cane sugar		10.99	10.82	11.49	11.54	_	483,56	480.41	587.14	622.01	i _
Cane sugar refining		15.10	15.08	16.06	15.91	_	658.36	589.63	700.22	663.45	_
Beet sugar		11.45	12.14	11.57	12.05	_	476.32	507.45	494.04	492.85	_
Candy and other confectionery products		10.17	10.35	10.15	10.31	_	402.73	393.30	384.69	388.69	_
Fats and oils		10.62	10.71	11.01	11.09	_	463.03	471.24	478.94	474.65	_
Beverages		14.26	14.28	14.60	14.76	_	577.53	582.62	582.54	596.30	_
		19.54	19.86	19.83	20.16	ì	805.05	824.19	820.96	866.88	-
Malt beverages					1	_					_
Bottled and canned soft drinks		11.58	11.49	12.13	12.26		464.36	461.90	477.92	485.50	-
Misc. food and kindred products	. 209	9.35	9.35	9.81	9.51	-	373.07	369.33	372.78	389.91	-
Tobacco products	. 21	16.48	17.14	16.96	18.10	\$18.60	614.70	617.04	636.00	637.12	\$708
Cigarettes	. 211	20.37	20.58	21.61	22.00	-	759.80	730.59	806.05	798.60	-
Textile mill products	22	8.81	8.75	9.04	9.04	9.02	362.97	346.50	372.45	357.98	376.
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton		9.14	9.05	9.33	9.35	3.02	375.65	348.43	381.60	382.42	370.
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics				9.92	9.85	1	398.35	374.86	418.62	394.99	_
		9.53	9.49			-					-
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool		9.36	9.43	9.59	9.60	-	404.35	396.06	428.67	421.44	-
Narrow fabric mills		8.15	8.10	8.25	8.25	-	330.89	324.00	322.58	309.38	-
Knitting mills		8.06	7.98	8.26	8.27	-	318.37	305.63	323.79	301.03	-
Women's hosiery, except socks		7.53	7.47	7.88	7.75	-	292.16	283.11	306.53	268.15	-
Hosiery, nec	. 2252	7.69	7.63	8.03	8.00	-	300.68	285.36	297.91	277.60	-
Knit outerwear mills	. 2253	7.75	7.58	7.74	7.81	-	301.48	284.25	299.54	278.82	-
Knit underwear mills	. 2254	8.04	8.08	8.21	8.26	-	317.58	307.04	327.58	304.79	-
Weft knit fabric mills	. 2257	9.17	9.14	9.30	9.28	-	371.39	365.60	377.58	364.70	-
Textile finishing, except wool	. 226	9.17	9.09	9.21	9.21	-	397.06	385.42	392.35	386.82	_
Finishing plants, cotton		9.01	8.93	9.05	8.95	_	384.73	375.95	387.34	387.54	_
Finishing plants, synthetics		9.72	9.64	9.64	9.67	_	418.93	406.81	403.92	392.60	_
Carpets and rugs		8.81	8.71	9.10	9.07	_	375.31	355.37	399.49	381.85	1 _
Yarn and thread mills		8.54	8.48	8.76	8.77	_	347.58	329.87	357.41	347.29	_
Yarn spinning mills		8.53	8.46	8.73	8.72	_	350.58	332.48	358.80	347.93	_
Throwing and winding mills		8.73	8.76	9.09	9.20		332.61	320.62	353.60	342.24	
			1					1		•	1
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	10.43	10.46	10.53	10.49	-	449.53	440.37	460.16	445.83	-
Apparel and other textile products	. 23	7.05	7.05	7.22	7.23	7.25	262.97	260.85	265.70	255.94	273
Men's and boys' suits and coats	. 231	7.72	7.76	7.95	7.81	-	274.06	278.58	287.00	255.39	-
Men's and boys' furnishings	. 232	6.67	6.67	6.82	6.87	_	246.79	243.46	247.57	239.76	-
Men's and boys' shirts		6.57	6.59	6.83	6.81	-	239,81	239.22	239.05	230.18	١ -
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks		6.47	6.51	6.74	6.80	1	235.51	230.45	247.36	235.96	-
Men's and boys' work clothing		6.40	6.45	6.52	6.54	-	234.88	233.49	239.94	224.32	-
Women's and misses' outerwear		6.65	6.62	6.75	6.79	1	244.72	242.29	240.98	235.61	-
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts		6.22	6.08	6.31	6.37	_	228.27	218.88	223.37	212.76	_
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses		7.03	7.08	7.34	7.43	1	252.38	259.13	260.57	262.28	-
Women's and misses' suits and coats		7.13	6.97	7.47	7.33	1	258.11	253.01	262.94	249.95	1 _
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		6.55	6.54	6.60			243.66	240.02	236.94	231.39	_
Women's and children's undergarments		6.79	6.86	6.86			253.95	257.25	255.19	248.29	I _
Women's and children's underwear		6.55	6.54	6.71	6.70		248.90	247.87	245.59	236.51	_
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments		7.94	8.30	7.45			277.90	298.80	295.02	297.19	-
Girls' and children's outerwear		6.32	6.35	6.43		1	233.84		239.84	222.43	-
			1	1	1	-	,	223.52		1	-
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses		6.26	6.34	6.42			231.62	225.07	239.47	222.60	-
Misc. apparel and accessories		6.85	6.90	6.99	I	-	250.03	252.54	253.04	244.65	-
Misc. fabricated textile products		8.27	8.29	8.46		-	322.53	321.65	329.09	314.53	-
Curtains and draperies		7.12	7.15	7.20	7.22		269.85	270.99	265.68	258.48	-
House furnishings, nec	. 2392	7.14	7.16	7.43	1		272.75	270.65	280.11	260.87	-
Automotive and apparel trimmings	. 2396	10.51	10.60	10.88	10.67	-	423.55	428.24	437.38	421.47	-
Paper and allied products	. 26	13.18	13.22	13.56	13.59	13.62	570.69	568.46	592.57	581.65	595
Paper mills	262	16.14	16.22	16.70		1	732.76	731.52	756.51	759.36	333
Paperboard mills		16.37	16.54	16.99	1	1	726.83	744.30	778.14	773.87	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994°
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Paper and allied products—Continued		!!								i	
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	42.5	42.5	43.0	41.6	-	4.4	4.4	4.8	4.4	1 -
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		43.2	43.3	44.1	42.3	-	4.7	4.9	5.5	4.7	_
Sanitary food containers		41.7	41.7	42.0	40.0	_	3.5	3.8	4.1	3.7	-
Folding paperboard boxes	2657	42.3	42.1	42.2	41.5	-	4.7	4.6	4.3	4.5	_
Misc. converted paper products		42.1	41.5	42.6	41.4	_	4.3	3.9	4.6	4.1	_
Paper, coated and laminated, nec		42.4	41.2	42.8	41.7	-	3.6	3.0	4.2	3.5	l _
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated		41.9	40.8	41.9	41.2	_	4.6	4.1	4.8	4.2	_
Envelopes		41.5	41.4	41.9	40.7	-	3.5	3.5	4.3	3.6	-
Printing and publishing	27	37.9	38.2	38.0	37.6	38.6	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.9	_
Newspapers		32.5	32.9	32.6	32.7	-	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.2	1 _
Periodicals		37.5	37.5	36.7	37.2	_	2.5	2.4	1.9	2.1	
Books		39.4	38.9	39.5	38.9	_	3.2	3.0	3.4	3.0	-
Book publishing		39.3	39.0	38.7	39.1	-	2.8	3.0	2.7	2.7	-
		39.6		40.4	38.8	_	3.6	2.9		3.3	1 -
Book printing			38.7						4.2		1
Miscellaneous publishing		36.4	36.4	36.6	36.2	-	1.9	1.5	1.7	1.9	-
Commercial printing		39.6	40.0	39.7	39.2	-	3.6	3.9	3.9	3.7	-
Commercial printing, lithographic		39.5	39.8	39.4	39.1	-	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.6	-
Commercial printing, nec		39.2	40.0	39.8	39.4	-	3.3	3.8	3.9	3.8	-
Manifold business forms		40.9	40.6	41.8	40.5	-	3.1	3.1	4.3	3.5	-
Blankbooks and bookbinding		37.6	38.5	39.1	37.8	~	1.6	2.0	2.2	2.1	i -
Printing trade services	2/9	38.7	39.4	38.8	38.9	-	3.8	4.2	3.5	3.8	-
Chemicals and allied products	28	42.8	42.7	43.2	42.8	43.5	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.7	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals		44.1	44.0	44.7	43.9	-	4.8	4.7	5.1	5.0	_
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		43.7	43.7	44.7	43.6	-	4.8	4.7	5.3	5.1	_
Plastics materials and synthetics		43.7	43.5	44.0	43.8	_	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.8	_
Plastics materials and resins		44.1	44.2	45.4	44.8	_	5.9	6.1	6.5	6.7	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		43.5	42.8	42.6	43.1	_	4.9	4.8	4.6	5.0	1 -
Drugs		41.1	41.1	41.6	41.1	-	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.8	1 -
Pharmaceutical preparations		40.9	40.9	41.5	41.0	-	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.8	-
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		41.8	41.4	41.3	40.7	_	3.4	3.1	3.1	3.1	_
Soap and other detergents		42.7	42.1	43.0	42.5	_	4.9	4.2	4.3	4.4	-
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		40.8	40.6	40.4	40.0	_	3.2	3.1	3.3	3.4	_
Toilet preparations		41.7	41.5	40.9	40.2	_	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.3	-
Paints and allied products		40.9	41.0	42.3	41.4	_	3.0	3.2	3.6	3.6	_
Industrial organic chemicals		44.8	44.9	45.6	45.0	_	5.8	6.2	5.9	6.0	_
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		44.9	45.5	46.3	45.2	_	7.5	8.4	8.5	8.1	_
Industrial organic chemicals, nec		44.7	44.7	45.4	44.9	_	5.4	5.7	5.3	5.5	_
Agricultural chemicals		44.0	44.4	44.9	45.4	_	5.5	5.5	5.5	6.2	_
Miscellaneous chemical products		42.6	42.5	43.1	42.6	_	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.4	_
Petroleum and coal products	00	400	40.0	44.4	40.4	44.5	F.6		6.0	5.6	
Petroleum and coal products		43.9 44.6	43.3 43.8	44.1 44.5	43.4 44.2	44.5	5.6 5.4	5.9 5.9	6.0 6.1	5.7	_
Asphalt paving and roofing materials		42.1	41.9	43.0	40.5	-	6.8	6.3	6.1	5.4	_
Bubbar and mine plactice products	20	44.0	44 5	44.0	44.0	40.4	4.0	4.	4.4	4.3	
Rubber and misc. plastics products Tires and inner tubes		41.9 45.0	41.5 43.9	41.9 43.7	41.2 43.6	42.4	4.3	4.0 6.3	4.4		-
		1 1			ł	_	6.7	1 1	5.2	6.4	-
Rubber and plastics footwear		42.2	40.8	41.6	40.3	-	3.6	2.8	1.4	1.7	-
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing		41.5	42.4	42.2	41.9	-	3.8	4.0	4.8	5.1	_
Rubber and plastics hose and belting		41.0	41.7	44.0	43.5	-	3.2	3.5	5.0	5.5	-
Fabricated rubber products, nec		41.9	41.6	41.8	40.8	-	3.8	3.5	4.1	4.0	-
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	308	41.5	41.1	41.7	40.9	-	4.1	3.8	4.4	4.1	-
Leather and leather products	31	39.0	38.4	38.5	37.2	38.2	2.2	1.9	2.4	2.3	-
Leather tanning and finishing		43.8	43.5	43.8	44.7	-	6.2	5.7	6.2	7.1	-
Footwear, except rubber		38.6	37.4	37.9	35.9	-	1.6	1,2	1.9	1.4	_
Men's footwear, except athletic		38.7	37.8	37.5	34.1	l –	2.1	1.3	1.8	1.4	_
Women's footwear, except athletic		38.6	36.7	38.4	37.7	-	1.2	1.0	2.0	1.1	-
Luggage		39.5	39.3	37.6	35.4	_	2.7	2.3	1.4	1.5	_
Handbags and personal leather goods	317	38.0	37.5	36.8	35.1	-	.7	.7	1.0	.8	-
Fransportation and public utilities		39.1	39.2	39.6	39.6	39.7	_	-	-	-	-
		i i			ł	l .	I			1	1
Railroad transportation:					i	ł	ł			1	

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

}	1987		Average	hourly 6	arnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Paper and allied products—Continued											
Paperboard containers and boxes		\$11.09	\$11.12	\$11.52	T	-	\$471.33	\$472.60	\$495.36	\$475.90	-
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	11.05	11.10	11.58	11.46	-	477.36	480.63	510.68	484.76	-
Sanitary food containers	2656	10.96	11.08	11.30	11.36	-	457.03	462.04	474.60	454.40	-
Folding paperboard boxes		11.74	11.76	12.11	12.02	-	496.60	495.10	511.04	498.83	-
Misc. converted paper products		11.72	11.67	11.88	11.88	_	493.41	484.31	506.09	491.83	-
Paper, coated and laminated, nec	26/2	13.48	13.37	13.79	13.89	-	571.55	550.84	590.21	579.21	-
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated Envelopes		10.95 10.81	11.05 10.82	11.16 11.05	11.07 11.00	-	458.81 448.62	450.84 447.95	467.60 463.00	456.08 447.70	_
•											
Printing and publishing		11.83	11.87	12.07	12.06	\$12.14	448.36	453.43	458.66	453.46	\$468.6
Newspapers		11.83	11.86	12.01	11.98	-	384.48	390.19	391.53	391.75	-
Periodicals		12.91	12.90	13.56	13.58	-	484.13	483.75	497.65	505.18	-
Books		10.72	10.71	11.24	11.04	-	422.37	416.62	443.98	429.46	-
Book publishing		10.43	10.50	10.79	10.65	-	409.90	409.50	417.57	416.42	-
Book printing		11.06	10.96	11.71	11.47	-	437.98	424.15	473.08	445.04	-
Miscellaneous publishing		10.98	11.08	11.26	11.38	-	399.67	403.31	412.12	411.96	-
Commercial printing		12.01	12.07	12.18	12.20	_	475.60	482.80	483.55	478.24	-
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	12.10	12.13	12.30	12.31	_	477.95 1 458.25	482.77	484.62	481.32	-
Commercial printing, nec		11.69	11.79	11.80	11.79	-		471.60	469.64 535.88	464.53	-
		12.40	12.46	12.82	12.67	-	507.16	505.88 355.74		513.14	_
Blankbooks and bookbinding Printing trade services		9.21 14.48	9.24 14.69	9.63 14.64	9.64 14.69	-	346.30 560.38	578.79	376.53 568.03	364.39 571.44	_
_			44.70	45.00	45.05	45.00	000.40	200.07	240.00	04444	
Chemicals and allied products		14.77	14.73	15.00	15.05	15.03	632.16	628.97	648.00	644.14	653.81
Industrial inorganic chemicals		16.23	16.22	16.69	16.71 17.16	-	715.74 729.35	713.68 728.92	746.04 767.05	733.57	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		16.69 15.35	16.68 15.27	17.16 15.33	15.30	-	670.80	664.25	674.52	748.18 670.14	_
Plastics materials and resins		16.16	16.17	16.84	16.85	-	712.66		764.54	ı	_
		14.49	14.23	13.64	13.62		630.32	714.71 609.04	581.06	754.88 587.02	_
Organic fibers, noncellulosic Drugs		14.49	14.23	14.77	14.81	-	604.58	600.06	614.43	608.69	[
Pharmaceutical preparations		14.75	14.61	14.77	14.83	1	603.28	597.55	613.37	608.03	_
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		12.32	12.20	12.57	12.58	_	514.98	505.08	519.14	512.01	_
Soap and other detergents		15.99	15.98	16.05	16.32	_	682.77	672.76	690.15	693.60	_
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		11.28	11.24	11.65	11.50	_	460.22	456.34	470.66	460.00	_
Toilet preparations		10.60	10.44	11.09	11.04	_	442.02	433.26	453.58	443.81	_
Paints and allied products		12.60	12.64	12.83	12.91	_	515.34	518.24	542.71	534.47	_
Industrial organic chemicals		17.39	17.48	17.75	17.90		779.07	784.85	809.40	805.50	_
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		17.09	17.28	17.77	17.72	_	767.34	786.24	822.75	800.94	_
Industrial organic chemicals, riec		17.63	17.69	17.89	18.09	_	788.06	790.74	812.21	812,24	-
	287	15.14	14.94	15.07	15.08	_	666.16	663.34	676.64	684.63	_
Miscellaneous chemical products		13.28	13.34	13.78	13.85	_	565.73	566.95	593.92	590.01	-
Petroleum and coal products	20	18.42	18.67	18.86	19.28	19.53	808.64	808.41	831.73	836.75	869.09
Petroleum refining		20.03	20.36	20.54	21.01	-	893.34	891.77	914.03	928.64	-
Asphalt paving and roofing materials		13.06	13.51	13.39	13.59	-	549.83	566.07	575.77	550.40	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	10.54	10.49	10.73	10.75	10.72	441.63	435.34	449.59	442.90	454.53
Tires and inner tubes		17.34	17.23	17.71	17.99	-	780.30	756.40	773.93	784.36	-
Rubber and plastics footwear		7.33	7.35	7.94	8.04	_	309.33	299.88	330.30	324.01	_
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing		10.36	10.39	10.78	10.80	_	429.94	440.54	454.92	452.52	_
Rubber and plastics hose and belting		10.43	10.51	11.14	11.21	_	427.63	438.27	490.16	487.64	_
Fabricated rubber products, nec		9.83	9.80	10.26	10.21		411.88	407.68	428.87	416.57	-
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec		9.77	9.74	9.96	9.95	-	405.46	400.31	415.33	406.96	-
Leather and leather products	31	7.49	7.50	7.88	7.92	7.98	292.11	288.00	303.38	294.62	304.84
Leather tanning and finishing		9.73	9.66	10.35	10.41	-	426.17	420.21	453.33	465.33	
Footwear, except rubber		7.03	7.10	7.41	7.38	_	271.36	265.54	280.84	264.94	_
Men's footwear, except athletic		7.62	7.65	8.01	7.92	-	294.89	289.17	300.38	270.07	_
Women's footwear, except athletic		6.44	6.55	6.85	6.90	_	248.58	240.39	263.04	260.13	_
Luggage		7.84	7.77	7.74	7.97	_ :	309.68	305.36	291.02	282.14	_
Handbags and personal leather goods		6.77	6.73	7.08	7.13	-	257.26	252.38	260.54	250.26	-
ransportation and public utilities		13.60	13.63	13.84	13.87	13.88	531.76	534.30	548.06	549.25	551.04
											i .
Railroad transportation:											ļ

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Averag	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994°	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994°
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	33.1	33.1	33.5	33.4	-	_	-	-	-	-
Local and suburban transportation	411	37.9	37.9	38.1	38.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation	413	39.5	37.0	38.9	40.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	37.9	38.1	38.5	37.9	_	_	_	_	_	_
Trucking and courier services, except air		37.8	37.9	38.4	37.8	-	_	-	l –	_	۱ _
Public warehousing and storage		39.5	39.6	39.4	39.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water transportation:											
Water transportation services	449	37.1	36.4	36.3	36.2	_	_	-	_	-	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	41.0	40.2	44.9	42.8	_	_	_	_	-	_
	ł	26.0	26.0	27.5	26.0		•				
Transportation services		36.8	36.8 36.0	37.5 36.5	36.9	-		-	-	-	-
Passenger transportation arrangement Travel agencies		36.1 35.9	35.9	36.4	35.8 35.8	-	_	-	_	-	-
Freight transportation arrangement		37.4	37.5	38.5	38.3	_	_	_	_	-	-
rreight transportation arrangement	4/3	37.4	37.5	30.5	30.3	-	_	-	-	_	_
Communications		39.3	39.3	39.3	39.2	-	_	-	-	-	-
Telephone communications		40.8	40.8	40.8	40.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Telephone communications, except radio		40.8	40.8	40.7	40.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Radio and television broadcasting		34.5	34.5	34.9	34.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cable and other pay television services	484	38.8	38.8	38.5	38.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	41.5	42.6	43.0	42.9	_	-		-	_	_
Electric services		41.2	42.8	42.6	43.1	-	_	_	_	_	-
Gas production and distribution	492	41.7	42.1	43.6	43.2	-	-	_	-	-	- 1
Combination utility services	493	42.3	43.7	44.0	43.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary services	495	42.0	42.2	42.9	42.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade		37.9	37.8	38.2	37.9	38.1	-	-	-	-	-
Durable goods	50	38.5	38.4	38.9	38.5	_	_	_	_		_
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies		38.5	38.4	38.2	37.9		_	_	-	-	_
Furniture and home furnishings		36.8	37.0	37.3	36.7	-	_	-	_	_	-
Lumber and other construction materials		38.7	38.9	39.1	38.4	-	-	-	-	_	-
Professional and commercial equipment	504	38.7	38.5	39.4	39.0	-	-	-		_	-
Medical and hospital equipment	5047	37.3	37.2	38.9	38.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		40.1	40.0	40.9	40.5	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical goods		38.0	38.2	38.8	38.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		38.3	38.4	38.8	38.2	-	_	-	-	-	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies Misc. wholesale trade durable goods		39.1 37.2	39.0 36.9	39.4 36.9	39.1 37.0	_	-	-	_	-	-
Misc. Wholesale trade durable goods	309	37.2	30.9	30.9	37.0	-	-	_	_	-	-
Nondurable goods		37.1	36.9	37.3	37.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paper and paper products		36.0	35.8	37.0	36.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		37.6	36.7	37.5	37.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		36.5	36.4	36.0	35.7	-	-	-	-	, -	-
Groceries and related products		37.9 34.2	38.0 34.2	38.0 34.4	38.0 34.0		-	-	-	-	-
Farm-product raw materials	516	39.6	39.7	39.9	39.5	_	_	-	_	-	-
Petroleum and petroleum products		37.3	36.8	38.3	37.8	_	_	_	_	-	1 -
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		36.3	36.8	36.4	36.5		_	_	_	-	1]
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods		36.4	36.0	36.6	36.4	-	_	-	-	_	_
Retail trade		28.2	27.8	28.2	28.1	28.5	-	_	_	_	e-
Duilding materials and mades are street	50	05.5	05.5	05.7	05.0				1		1
Building materials and garden supplies		35.5	35.5	35.7 37.3	35.3	-	_	-	-	_	-
Lumber and other building materials	522	37.4	37.5 35.6	37.3 36.4	37.0	-	_	-	_	_	1 ~
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores Hardware stores	525	35.8 31.5	31.3	36.4	35.7 31.5		_	-	_	_	-
Retail nurseries and garden stores		32.7	31.3	32.0 32.6	31.5	_	_	-	_	_	_
•								1			
General merchandise stores Department stores	53 531	27.6 27.6	27.7 27.7	27.8 27.8	27.7 27.8	-	_] -	-	-	-
Dehartment 20162	331	21.0	21.1	27.0	21.8	1 ~	-	-	_	_	-

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	\$9.98	\$9.90	\$10.07	\$10.15	-	\$330.34	\$327.69	\$337.35	\$339.01	-
Local and suburban transportation	411	10.75	10.67	10.75	10.86	-	407.43	404.39	409.58	412.68	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation	413	12.90	12.75	12.97	13.31	-	509.55	471.75	504.53	544.38	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	12.24	12.26	12.45	12.44	_	463.90	467.11	479.33	471.48	_
Trucking and couner services, except air		12.42	12.45	12.65	12.63	_	469.48	471.86	485.76	477.41	_
Public warehousing and storage		9.98	9.95	10.00		-	394.21	394.02	394.00	389.61	-
Water transportation:											
Water transportation services	449	17.85	17.19	18.32	18.55	-	662.24	625.72	665.02	671.51	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	19.22	19.19	19.91	19.97	_	788.02	771.44	893.96	854.72	-
Transportation services	47	10.93	10.99	11.27	11.38	_	402.22	404.43	422.63	419.92	_
Passenger transportation arrangement		10.93	10.99	10.34	10.55	_	363.53	365.04	377.41	377.69	_
Travel agencies	4724	9.96	10.14	10.34	1		357.56	360.44	374.19	378.05	_
Freight transportation arrangement		12.17	12.22	12.64	12.64	_	455.16	458.25	486.64	484.11	_
r roight transportation analigement		12.17	12.22	12.04	12.04	-	700.10	730.23	700.04	704.11	_
Communications		14.82	14.75	15.17	15.11	-	582.43	579.68	596.18	592.31	-
Telephone communications		15.58	15.46	15.83		-	635.66	630.77	645.86	646.68	-
Telephone communications, except radio		15.77	15.63	16.09		-	643.42	637.70	654.86	658.90	-
Radio and television broadcasting		13.98	14.00	14.74	14.41	-	482.31	483.00	514.43	492.82	-
Cable and other pay television services	484	11.23	11.37	11.78	11.63	-	435.72	441.16	453.53	448.92	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	16.55	16.81	17.17	17.32	_	686.83	716.11	738.31	743.03	_
Electric services		17.07	17.51	17.70	18.06	-	703.28	749.43	754.02	778.39	_
Gas production and distribution	492	16.20	16.15	16.83	16.91	-	675.54	679.92	733.79	730.51	-
Combination utility services	493	19.47	19.85	20.63	20.46	-	823.58	867.45	907.72	885.92	-
Sanitary services	495	12.13	12.02	12.12	12.11	-	509.46	507.24	519.95	509.83	-
Wholesale trade		11.61	11.59	11.94	11.92	\$11.86	440.02	438.10	456.11	451.77	\$451.8
Durable goods	50	11.92	11.91	12.34	12.28	_	458.92	457.34	480.03	472.78	_
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	10.49	10.50	10.81	10.82	-	403.87	403.20	412.94	410.08	-
Furniture and home furnishings	502	10.64	10.66	10.83	10.86	_	391.55	394.42	403.96	398.56	_
Lumber and other construction materials	503	11.03	11.06	11.39	11.26	-	426.86	430.23	445.35	432.38	-
Professional and commercial equipment		14.25	14.27	14.89		-	551.48	549.40	586.67	574.86	-
Medical and hospital equipment		12.97	12.98	13.33	13.14	-	483.78	482.86	518.54	500.63	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		12.01	12.02	12.25	1	1	481.60	480.80	501.03	498.15	-
Electrical goods		12.40		12.84	12.83	ſ	471.20	470.24	498.19	490.11	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		11.19	11.20	11.66		-	428.58	430.08	452.41	443.88	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		11.82	11.77	12.31 9.73	12.20 9.77	-	462.16	459.03	485.01 359.04	477.02 361.49	-
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods	509	9.44	9.43	9.73	9.77	-	351.17	347.97	359.04	301.49	-
Nondurable goods		11.19	11.16	11.38			415.15	411.80	424.47	422.54	-
Paper and paper products		11.71	11.75	11.85		(421.56	420.65	438.45	428.15	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		13.46	13.28	13.47	13.73	-	506.10	487.38	505.13	508.01	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	L	11.00		11.14		-	401.50	400.04	401.04	399.13	-
Groceries and related products		11.37	11.38	11.67	11.68	-	430.92	432.44	443.46	443.84	-
Farm-product raw materials		8.30		8.53	4	-	283.86	284.54	293.43	292.74	-
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and petroleum products		13.30 10.60	13.08 10.48	13.15 10.84	1	-	526.68 395.38	519.28 385.66	524.69 415.17	516.27 410.51	_
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		12.77	12.82	12.92	1	_	463.55	471.78	470.29	468.66	_
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods		9.48	9.43	9.64)	345.07	339.48	352.82	354.17	_
<u>-</u>											
Retail trade	•••	7.26	7.28	7.45	7.45	7.44	204.73	202.38	210.09	209.35	212.04
Building materials and garden supplies		8.62	8.63	8.79		[306.01	306.37	313.80	310.29	-
Lumber and other building materials		8.97	8.99	9.08		-	335.48	337.13	338.68	335.59	-
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores		9.18	9.16	9.39		li .	328.64	326.10	341.80	337.72	-
Hardware stores		7.41	7.46	7.61	7.63)	233.42	233.50	243.52	240.35	-
Retail nurseries and garden stores	526	7.60	7.53	7.92	7.84	-	248.52	246.98	258.19	254.80	-
General merchandise stores		7.32	7.33	7.42	1		202.03	203.04	206.28	206.37	-
Department stores	531	7.34	7.34	7.39	7.40	-	202.58	203.32	205.44	205.72	-
	L	L			1			<u></u>		l	L

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994°	Mar. 1994 ^p
Retail trade—Continued											
General merchandise stores—Continued		1									
Variety stores		26.8	27.0	27.5	26.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. general merchandise stores	539	28.2	27.6	28.3	27.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food stores	54	29.2	28.9	29.1	29.0	-	-	-	_	-	-
Grocery stores		29.3	29.0	29.3	29.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail bakeries	546	28.4	27.8	27.8	28.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	35.7	35.6	35.8	35.3	_	_	-	_	-	-
New and used car dealers	551	37.1	37.0	37.2	36.8	-	-	-	_	-	-
Auto and home supply stores	553	37.4	37.3	36.9	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gasoline service stations		33.1	32.8	33.3	32.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive dealers, nec	559	34.0	33.3	34.7	34.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Apparel and accessory stores	56	25.2	25.2	24.9	24.8	_	-	_	_	-	_
Men's and boys' clothing stores		28.8	28.3	28.3	27.8	_	-	_	_	-	-
Women's clothing stores	562	22.6	22.7	22.0	22.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Family clothing stores	565	26.3	26.4	25.6	25.5	-	-	-	_	_	-
Shoe stores	566	25.8	25.4	26.2	25.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	32.6	32.4	33.1	32.6	_	_	_	_	_	_
Furniture and home furnishings stores		32.8	32.6	32.9	32.4	_	_	~	_	_	_
Household appliance stores		33.1	33.0	34.2	33.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Radio, television, and computer stores		32.2	32.0	33.1	32.7	_	! -	_	_	_	_
Radio, television, and electronic stores		32.2	31.6	32.8	32.3	_	-	-	_	-	_
Record and prerecorded tape stores	5735	26.7	26.7	29.2	28.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eating and drinking places ⁴	58	24.6	24.0	24.5	24.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	29.5	29.0	29.4	29.4	_	_	_	_	_	_
Drug stores and proprietary stores		27.9	27.6	28.2	27.5	_	_	_	_	-	-
Used merchandise stores		31.6	31.8	32.2	31.6	_	_	_	_	-	-
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	27.3	27.0	27.3	27.1	-	_	-	_	-	_
Nonstore retailers	596	33.1	32.9	33.6	33.7	-	-	_	-	-	-
Fuel dealers	598	39.3	38.3	41.8	40.6	-	_	-	-	-	-
Retail stores, nec	599	31.5	30.0	30.2	31.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate ⁵		35.7	35.5	36.3	35.8	35.7	-	-	-	-	-
Depository institutions	60	35.1	34.7	35.6	35.0	_	_	_	_	-	-
Commercial banks		34.9	34.5	35.5	34.8	_	_	_	_	-	-
State commercial banks		35.4	35.0	36.1	35.3	-	_	_	_	_	_
National and commercial banks, nec	6021,9	34.5	34.1	35.1	34.4	-	-	_	_	-	-
Credit unions	606	35.4	35.4	36.0	35.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nondepository institutions	61	37.1	37.0	38.5	37.6	_	_	_	_	_	_
Personal credit institutions		37.3	37.4	38.0	37.9	-	_	-	_	-	-
Security and commodity brokers:										1	
Security and commodity services	628	36.3	36.2	37.1	36.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance carriers	63	37.9	37.8	38.4	38.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Life insurance		37.8	37.6	37.8	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical service and health insurance		38.7	38.6	39.0	38.8	-	-	-	-	1 -	-
Hospital and medical service plans		38.7	38.5	38.9	38.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	37.4	37.4	37.9	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services		32.3	32.3	32.6	32.3	32.4	-	-	-	-	-
Agricultural services	07	31.8	32.4	32.2	31.5	_	_	-	_	-	-
Veterinary services	074	28.7	28.4	28.3	28.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Landscape and horticultural services	078	33.4	34.4	34.1	33.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hotels and other lodging places: Hotels and motels ⁴	704	30.6	30.3	30.2	30.6		_	_	_	_	

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p
Retail trade—Continued											
General merchandise stores—Continued			1								
Variety stores		\$6.51	\$6.52	\$6.93	\$7.07	-	\$174.47	\$176.04			-
Misc. general merchandise stores	539	7.75	7.81	8.01	8.22	-	218.55	215.56	226.68	229.34	-
Food stores	54	7.77	7.82	7.89	7.92	_	226.88	226.00	229.60	229.68	_
Grocery stores		7.85	7.91	7.98	8.01	_	230.01	229.39	233.81	233.89	-
Retail bakeries	546	6.80	6.88	6.99	7.02	-	193.12	191.26	194.32	198.67	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	9.41	9.41	9.73	9.80	_ :	335.94	335.00	348.33	345.94	_
New and used car dealers		11.62	11.62	12.06	12.15		431.10	429.94	448.63	447.12	_
Auto and home supply stores		8.22	8.24	8.40	8.41		307.43	307.35	309.96	308.65	_
Gasoline service stations		6.59	6.58	6.76	6.75	_ 1	218.13	215.82	225.11	220.05	_
Automotive dealers, nec		10.43	10.67	10.49	10.89	_	354.62	355.31	364.00	373.53	-
Apparel and accessory stores		7.03	7.01	7.21	7.19	-	177.16	176.65	179.53	178.31	-
Men's and boys' clothing stores		8.55	8.35	8.67	8.40	-	246.24	236.31	245.36	233.52	-
Women's clothing stores		6.71	6.72	6.82	6.84	-	151.65	152.54	150.04	152.53	-
Family clothing stores		6.79	6.79	7.07	6.96	-	178.58	179.26	180.99	177.48	-
Shoe stores	566	7.20	7.17	7.35	7.48	-	185.76	182.12	192.57	191.49	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	9.33	9.30	9.68	9.64	-	304.16	301.32	320.41	314.26	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	9.11	9.13	9.57	9.49	-	298.81	297.64	314.85	307.48	-
Household appliance stores	572	9.82	9.55	9.88	9.84	-	325.04	315.15	337.90	324.72	-
Radio, television, and computer stores	573	9.54	9.49	9.78	9.82	-	307.19	303.68	323.72	321.11	-
Radio, television, and electronic stores		9.24	9.17	9.72	9.80	-	297.53	289.77	318.82	316.54	-
Record and prerecorded tape stores	5735	5.78	5.82	6.00	5.96	-	154.33	155.39	175.20	171.65	-
Eating and drinking places ⁴	. 58	5.34	5.34	5.43	5.42	-	131.36	128.16	133.04	132.79	_
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	7.88	7.93	8.21	8.21	_	232.46	229.97	241.37	241.37	_
Drug stores and proprietary stores		7.99	8.02	8.27	8.33	_	222.92	221.35	233.21	229.08	
Used merchandise stores		6.72	6.67	6.88	6.82	_	212.35	212.11	221.54	215.51	_
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		7.22	7.26	7.62	7.64	_	197.11	196.02	208.03	207.04	_
Nonstore retailers		8.38	8.43	8.78	8.75	_	277.38	277.35	295.01	294.88	l <u>-</u>
Fuel dealers	598	11.22	11.16	11.85	11.79	_	440.95	427.43	495.33	478.67	-
Retail stores, nec	599	8.00	8.15	8.27	8.17	-	252.00	244.50	249.75	258.99	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate ⁵		11.19	11.17	11.74	11.71	\$11.67	399.48	396.54	426.16	419.22	\$416.62
Depository institutions	. 60	9.12	9.09	9.33	9.38	_	320.11	315.42	332.15	328.30	_
Commercial banks		8.69	8.64	8.91	9.02	_	303.28	298.08	316.31	313.90	_
State commercial banks		8.53	8.51	8.73	8.74	_	301.96	297.85	315.15	308.52	i -
National and commercial banks, riec	6021,9	8.81	8.73	9.04	9.21	_	303.95	297.69	317.30	316.82	-
Credit unions	606	8.99	8.95	9.31	9.28	- 1	318.25	316.83	335.16	330.37	-
Nondepository institutions	61	11.76	11.65	12.85	12.43	_	436.30	431.05	494.73	467.37	_
Personal credit institutions		9.81	9.69	10.12	9.86	-	365.91	362.41	384.56	373.69	-
Security and commodity brokers:											
Security and commodity services	628	16.05	15.79	16.03	15.94	-	582.62	571.60	594.71	580.22	-
Insurance carriers		12.85	12.86	13.67	13.65	-	487.02	486.11	524.93	518.70	-
Life insurance		11.79	11.86	13.06		-	445.66	445.94	493.67	495.00	-
Medical service and health insurance		12.51	12.54	13.13		-	484.14	484.04	512.07	501.68	-
Hospital and medical service plans		12.75	12.87	13.48	r i	-	493.43	495.50	524.37	512.94	-
	633	13.85	13.81	14.34	14.47	-	517.99	516.49	543.49	545.52	-
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance			10.81	11.09	11.08	11.06	349.81	349.16	361.53	357.88	358.34
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance Services	-	10.83	10.61								
Services Agricultural services	. 07	10.83 8.60	8.54	8.80	8.77	_	273.48	276.70	283.36	276.26	-
Services	. 07	1				-	273.48 233.33	276.70 230.04	283.36 234.32	276.26 232.68	-
Services	. 07 . 074	8.60	8.54	8.80	8.31	-	273.48 233.33 298.60	276.70 230.04 303.75	283.36 234.32 310.99	276.26 232.68 301.79	- - -
Agricultural services	. 07 . 074	8.60 8.13	8.54 8.10	8.80 8.28	8.31	-	233.33	230.04	234.32	232.68	- - -

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	je weekly	hours		1	Average	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p
Services—Continued							}				
Personal services:		} }									
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	33.5	33.2	33.1	33.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beauty shops ⁴	723	28.5	28.1	27.7	27.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous personal services	729	27.1	22.9	21.8	28.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Business services		33.0	33.0	33.2	32.7	-	-	-	_	_	-
Advertising	. 731	36.7	36.6	37.0	36.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services:		1 1									ł
Photocopying and duplicating services		37.1	37.6	37.2	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services to buildings		28.4	28.4	28.7	28.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing		38.0	38.2	38.8	38.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction equipment rental	7353	38.9	39.2	39.0	38.5	-	-	-	_	-	-
Personnel supply services:	1	1								}	
Help supply services		31.5	31.6	31.7	31.1	-	-	_	-	! -	-
Computer and data processing services		38.4	38.1	38.4	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer programming services	7371	38.7	38.6	38.3	38.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer integrated systems design	7373	38.2	38.1	39.0	38.3	-	-	} -	-	-	-
Information retrieval services	7375	38.1	37.8	38.1	35.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer maintenance and repair	. 7378	38.8	38.9	39.6	39.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous business services		33.2	33.2	33.5	33.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Detective and armored car services	7381	33.5	33.6	34.0	33.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security systems services	7382	37.6	36.7	36.1	35.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	35.7	36.0	36.2	35.8	-	۱ -	_	_	-	_
Automotive rentals, without drivers	751	37.2	37.3	36.5	36.8	-	-	-	-	_	-
Passenger car rental		36.1	36.1	35.6	36.0	-	-	-	-	~	-
Automobile parking	. 752	33.3	33.1	34.0	34.2	-	-	-	-	-	_
Automotive repair shops		37.7	37.9	38.4	38.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive and tire repair shops	. 7532,4	36.9	37.0	37.3	37.0	-	-	-	_	-	_
General automotive repair shops	7538	37.6	37.9	38.5	38.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive services, except repair	. 754	29.7	30.5	30.5	29.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carwashes	7542	26.5	27.9	27.8	26.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	37.5	37.6	37.8	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motion pictures	78	28.5	28.2	28.8	29.0	l <u>-</u>	_	_	l <u>-</u>	_	_
Motion picture production and services		37.6	37.5	38.8	38.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	26.5	26.1	26.1	25.8	_	_	-	_	_	_
Bowling centers	793	24.9	24.5	24.6	24.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. amusement and recreation services	. 799	25.7	25.3	25.4	25.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Physical fitness facilities		18.2	18.3	18.4	18.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Membership sports and recreation clubs	7997	27.8	27.1	27.5	27.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health services	80	32.7	32.6	33.0	32.6	_	_	_	-	_	-
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	801	32.2	32.0	32.5	32.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Offices and clinics of dentists	802	28.1	28.3	28.4	27.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners	. 804	29.4	29.2	30.3	29.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nursing and personal care facilities	. 805	31.9	31.8	32.6	31.7	-	_	-	-	-	_
Intermediate care facilities	8052	31.1	31.0	31.8	30.9	-	-	_	-	-	-
Hospitals	806	34.5	34.6	34.8	34.6	_	-	-	-	-	-
Home health care services	808	27.5	27.5	28.3	28.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal services	81	34.6	34.5	35.4	34.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social services	83	31.1	30.9	31.4	30.9	_	_	_	-	_	_
Individual and family services		32.0	31.8	32.3	31.6	_	_	-	-	-	-
Job training and related services		30.1	30.0	30.9	30.5	_	_	-	-	-	-
Child day care services		29.6	29.4	29.3	29.2	-	_	-	-	-	-
Residential care		31.7	31.5	32.3	31.6	_	_	-		-	-
Social services, nec	1.	32.0	31.8	32.0	31.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Membership organizations: Professional organizations	862	34.8	34.5	35.8	35.1	_	_	_	_	_	_

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

1	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994°	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994
Services—Continued											
Personal services:		1 1									1
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	\$7.25	\$7.28	\$7.33	\$7.33	-	\$242.88	\$241.70	\$242.62	\$243.36	-
Beauty shops ⁴	723	7.60	7.66	7.85	7.92	-	216.60	215.25	217.45	219.38	-
Miscellaneous personal services	729	6.96	7.30	7.35	6.94	-	188.62	167.17	160.23	196.40	-
Business services		10.12	10.08	10.36	10.38	-	333.96	332.64	343.95	339.43	_
Advertising	731	14.73	14.74	15.51	15.35	-	540.59	539.48	573.87	561.81	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services:											ĺ
Photocopying and duplicating services	7334	9.57	9.58	9.75	9.75	-	355.05	360.21	362.70	367.58	-
Services to buildings		7.30	7.33	7.44	7.41	-	207.32	208.17	213.53	211.19	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing		10.57	10.69	10.84	10.82	-	401.66	408.36	420.59	417.65	-
Heavy construction equipment rental	7353	13.73	13.96	14.06	14.03	-	534.10	547.23	548.34	540.16	-
Personnel supply services:											
Help supply services		8.39	8.32	8.43	8.49	-	264.29	262.91	267.23	264.04	-
Computer and data processing services		16.09	16.11	16.82	16.89	-	617.86	613.79	645.89	636.75	-
Computer programming services		18.73	18.52	19.44	19.80	-	724.85	714.87	744.55	758.34	-
Computer integrated systems design		16.55	16.76	17.80		-	632.21	638.56	694.20	676.00	-
Information retrieval services		14.10	14.55	14.29	14.32	-	537.21	549.99	544.45	511.22	-
Computer maintenance and repair		13.71	13.56	13.78	13.78	-	531.95	527.48	545.69	542.93	-
Miscellaneous business services		8.60	8.59	8.79	8.76	-	285.52	285.19	294.47	289.08	-
Detective and armored car services		6.70	6.76	6.85	6.87	-	224.45	227.14	232.90	230.83	-
Security systems services	7382	10.52	10.76	11.12	10.97	-	395.55	394.89	401.43	392.73	-
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	9.28	9.25	9.44	9.49	-	331.30	333.00	341.73	339.74	_
Automotive rentals, without drivers	751	9.39	9.25	9.20	9.26	-	349.31	345.03	335.80	340.77	-
Passenger car rental	7514	8.35	8.24	8.31	8.42	-	301.44	297.46	295.84	303.12	-
Automobile parking	752	6.87	6.92	6.96	6.80	_	228.77	229.05	236.64	232.56	-
Automotive repair shops	753	10.17	10.18	10.47	10.52	_	383.41	385.82	402.05	399.76	-
Automotive and tire repair shops	7532,4	10.85	10.80	11.06	11.15	-	400.37	399.60	412.54	412.55	-
General automotive repair shops	7538	10.18	10.18	10.47	10.49	-	382.77	385.82	403.10	398.62	- 1
Automotive services, except repair	754	7.05	7.00	7.04	7.15	-	209.39	213.50	214.72	210.21	-
Carwashes	7542	6.09	6.04	6.23	6.22	-	161.39	168.52	173.19	164.83	-
Miscellarieous repair services	76	10.90	10.96	11.25	11.23	-	408.75	412.10	425.25	423.37	
Motion pictures	78	13.30	13.18	12.82	14.07	_	379.05	371.68	369.22	408.03	-
Motion picture production and services		19.58	19.38	18.94	20.69	-	736.21	726.75	734.87	804.84	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	8.75	8.75	8.96	8.89	-	231.88	228.38	233.86	229.36	-
Bowling centers	793	6.46	6.50	6.59	6.57	-	160.85	159.25	162.11	161.62	-
Misc. amusement and recreation services		8.06	8.12	8.31	8.32	-	207.14	205.44	211.07	208.00	-
Physical fitness facilities		8.02	7.90	8.06	8.00	-	145.96	144.57	148.30	144.80	-
Membership sports and recreation clubs	7997	8.16	8.22	8.40	8.40	-	226.85	222.76	231.00	231.00	-
Health services	80	11.69	11.69	12.00	11.99	_	382.26	381.09	396.00	390.87	_
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	801	11.71	11.74	12.14	12.15	-	377.06	375.68	394.55	391.23	-
Offices and clinics of dentists		11.24	11.23	11.73		-	315.84	317.81	333.13	326.93	-
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners		10.24	10.18	10.60		-	301.06	297.26	321.18	316.18	-
Nursing and personal care facilities		8.04	8.07	8.35	8.36	-	256.48	256.63	272.21	265.01	-
Intermediate care facilities		7.47	7.48	7.81		-	232.32	231.88	248.36	239.78	-
	806	13.39	13.38	13.73	13.68	-	461.96	462.95	477.80	473.33	-
Home health care services	808	10.34	10.35	10.56	10.58	-	284.35	284.63	298.85	297.30	-
Legal services	81	15.25	15.15	15.63	15.54	-	527.65	522.68	553.30	539.24	-
Social services	83	7.80	7.79	8.10	8.05	_	242.58	240.71	254.34	248.75	-
Individual and family services		8.30	8.29	8.70	1	1	265.60	263.62	281.01	271.44	۱ ـ
Job training and related services		7.68	7.64	8.02	1	_	231.17	229.20	247.82	243.09	_
Child day care services		6.61	6.60	6.78	6.76	1	195.66	194.04	198.65	197.39	-
Residential care		7.99	7.99	8.21	8.22		253.28	251.69	265.18	259.75	_
Social services, nec		8.85	8.86	9.26	1	1	283.20	281.75	296.32	292.56	-
Membership organizations:											
Membership organizations.											

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994°	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p
Services—Continued											
Engineering and management services	87	37.4	37.3	37.4	37.3	_	-	-	_	- 1	-
Engineering and architectural services		39.0	38.7	38.9	38.7	-	-	-	_	-	-
Engineering services		39.3	39.0	39.1	38.9	-	-	-	_	1 -	-
Architectural services		38.3	37.8	38.8	38.6	-	_	-	_	-	-
Surveying services	8713	37.3	37.2	37.6	36.9	_	-	-	-	-	-
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		38.4	38.8	37.6	38.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Research and testing services		36.3	36.4	36.6	36.5	_	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial physical research		39.0	39.3	39.1	39.0	_	-	_	_	_	_
Commercial nonphysical research		29.4	29.3	30.3	30.4	_		_	_	- '	-
Noncommercial research organizations	8733	35.8	35.9	36.4	36.2	_	-	_	_	-	-
Management and public relations		35.4	35.2	35.9	35.5	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public relations services		33.5	32.9	32.1	31.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services, nec	89	36.5	36.9	36.9	35.5	-	_	-	-	_	-

B-15. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994°	Mar. 1994°
Services—Continued											<u> </u>
Engineering and management services	87	\$14.94	\$14.87	\$15.43	\$15.29	-	\$558.76	\$554.65	\$577.08	\$570.32	ı -
Engineering and architectural services	871	16.30	16.29	16.55	16.46	-	635.70	630.42	643.80	637.00	ı -
Engineering services	8711	16.87	16.88	17.20	17.10	-	662.99	658.32	672.52	665.19	ı –
Architectural services	8712	15.05	14.95	15.13	15.01	-	576.42	565.11	587.04	579.39	-
Surveying services	8713	11.45	11.43	11.74	11.75	-	427.09	425.20	441.42	433.58	-
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	872	12.89	12.88	13.35	13.03	_	494.98	499.74	501.96	497.75	-
Research and testing services	873	16.08	15.95	16.58	16.63	-	583.70	580.58	606.83	607.00	-
Commercial physical research	8731	18.12	17.90	18.66	18.83	-	706.68	703.47	729.61	734.37	ı -
Commercial nonphysical research	8732	12.57	12.50	12.86	12.50	-	369.56	366.25	389.66	380.00	-
Noncommercial research organizations	8733	17.68	17.59	18.24	18.39	_	632.94	631.48	663.94	665.72	ı -
Management and public relations	874	13.82	13.69	14.51	14.41	-	489.23	481.89	520.91	511.56	-
Public relations services		14.18	13.91	13.72	13.51	-	475.03	457.64	440.41	430.97	-
Services, nec	89	15.91	15.84	16.08	16.24	-	580.72	584.50	593.35	576.52	-

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

- ⁴ Money payments only; tips, not included.
- ⁵ Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.
- Data not available.
- = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1992 forward are subject to revision.

² See table B-15a for average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing.

³ Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

A Note on Average Hourly Earnings in Aircraft (SIC 3721) and Guided Missiles and Space Vehicles (SIC 3761) Manufacturing

For many years, the Bureau of Labor Statistics average hourly earning series for production workers in aircraft manufacturing (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles manufacturing (SIC 3761) have been used to escalate labor costs in contracts between aerospace companies and their customers. Although the Bureau's series by definition take account of traditional wage rate changes, they do not capture "lump-sum payments to workers in lieu of general wage increases" which were negotiated in aerospace manufacturers' collective bargaining agreements beginning in late 1983.

Because of special circumstances in the aerospace

industry, BLS has calculated average hourly earnings series for SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 which include lump-sum payments. These series, beginning in October 1983, the effective date of the first aerospace bargaining agreement using lump-sum payments, were published in the June 1988 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Current and year earlier data are presented in table C-2a along with the average hourly earnings series produced as part of the Current Employment Statistics program. An explanation of the methodology used to derive these series appears in the Explanatory Notes of this publication.

B-15a. Average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing

		Aircraft (SIC 3721)		Guided m	issiles and sp	ace vehicles (SIC 3761)
Series	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
Average hourly earnings, excluding lump-sum payments	\$18.10	\$18.18	\$18.95	\$19.21	\$17.15	\$17.35	\$18.13	\$18.11
Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum payments	18.87	18.92	18.98	19.29	17.17	17.37	18.26	18.26

p = preliminary.

B-16. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime, of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

Industry	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Mar. 1994 ^p
Manufacturing	\$11.11	\$11.14	\$11.39	\$11.44	\$11.40
Durable goods	11.66	11.67	11.93	11,99	11.95
Lumber and wood products	9.09	9.09	9.29	9.28	(2)
Furniture and fixtures	8.83	8.82	9.07	9.13	(²)
Stone, clay, and glass products	11.10	11.11	11.33	11.35	(²)
Primary metal industries	13.02	13.03	13.26	13.33	(2)
Fabricated metal products	11.05	11.06	11.26	11.29	(²)
Industrial machinery and equipment	11.99	11.97	12.20	12.23	Ö
Electronic and other electrical equipment	10.64	10.66	10.88	10.94	(2)
Transportation equipment	14.83	14.89	15.36	15.40	(2)
Instruments and related products	11.72	11.76	12.02	12.04	(²)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	9.04	8.99	9.23	9.23	Ó
Nondurable goods	10.40	10.44	10.67	10.70	\$10.67
Food and kindred products	9.80	9.85	10.05	10.03	(²)
Tobacco products	16.21	16.85	16.48	17.55	(2)
Textile mill products	8.39	8.40	8.58	8.61	Ö
Apparel and other textile products	6.88	6.90	7.06	7.07	Ö
Paper and allied products		12.52	12.81	12.86	Ö
Printing and publishing	11.41	11.43	11.61	11.62	(2)
Chemicals and allied products	14.03	13.99	14.25	14,26	ල්
Petroleum and coal products	17.32	17.49	17.67	18.12	(2)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	10.03	10.01	10.20	10.21	(²)
Leather and leather products	7.28	7.32	7.65	7.68	Ö

 $^{^{\}rm t}$ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half. $^{\rm 2}$ Not available. $^{\rm p}$ = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1992 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-17. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1982) dollars

		Averag	e hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994°	Mar. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Mar. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994°	Mar. 1994°
Total private:										
Current dollars	\$10.77	\$10.79	\$11.06	\$11.06	\$11.05	\$367.26	\$366.86	\$379.36	\$376.04	\$380.12
Constant (1982) dollars	7.42	7.41	7.46	7.44	(²)	252.93	251.96	255.98	253.06	(²)
Mining:		İ								
Current dollars	14.60	14.71	15.05	14.84	\$14.85	635.10	631.06	663.71	647.02	\$654.89
Constant (1982) dollars	10.06	10.10	10.16	9.99	(²)	437.40	433.42	447.85	435.41	(²)
Construction:				!						
Current dollars	14.11	14.27	14.38	14.43	\$14.42	517.84	533.70	532.06	519.48	\$550.84
Constant (1982) dollars	9.72	9.80	9.70	9.71	(²)	356.64	366.55	359.01	349.58	(²)
Manufacturing:		ĺ								
Current dollars	11.62	11.64	11.97	12.02	\$12.01	477.58	476.08	496.76	491.62	\$503.22
Constant (1982) dollars	8.00	7.99	8.08	8.09	(²)	328.91	326.98	335.20	330.83	(²)
Transportation and public utilities:										
Current dollars	13.60	13.63	13.84	13.87	\$13.88	531.76	534.30	548.06	549.25	\$551.04
Constant (1982) dollars	9.37	9.36	9.34	9.33	(²)	366.23	366.96	369.81	369.62	(²)
Wholesale trade:						:				
Current dollars	11.61	11.59	11.94	11.92	\$11.86	440.02	438.10	456.11	451.77	\$451.87
Constant (1982) dollars	8.00	7.96	8.06	8.02	(²)	303.04	300.89	307.77	304.02	(²)
Retail trade:										
Current dollars	7.26	7.28	7.45	7.45	\$7.44	204.73	202.38	210.09	209.35	\$212.04
Constant (1982) dollars	5.00	5.00	5.03	5.01	(²)	141.00	139.00	141.76	140.88	(²)
Finance, insurance, and real estate:										
Current dollars	11.19	11.17	11.74	11.71	\$11.67	399.48	396.54	426.16	419.22	\$416.62
Constant (1982) dollars	7.71	7.67	7.92	7.88	(²)	275.12	272.35	287.56	282.11	(²)
Services:										
Current dollars	10.83	10.81	11.09	11.08	\$11.06	349.81	349.16	361.53	357.88	\$358.34
Constant (1982) dollars	7.46	7.42	7.48	7.46	(²)	240.92	239.81	243.95	240.83	(²)

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

Not available.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1992 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1992 forward are subject to revision.

p = preliminary.

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

	Aver	age weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	amings	Avera	ge weekly e	amings
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
Alabama	40.8	41.2	40.7	\$10.20	\$10.71	\$10.78	\$416.16	\$441.25	\$438.75
Birmingham		42.7	41.5	10.85	11.38	11.39	451.36	485.07	472.69
Mobile	42.8	41.4	40.9	12.53	13.13	12.93	536.28	543.58	528.84
Alaska	53.1	34.6	62.2	9.29	11.46	9.19	493.30	396.52	571.62
Arizona	40.2	41.6	41.4	10.96	11.14	11.13	440.59	463.42	460.78
Administra			07.0	0.00	0.50	0.00	070.00	000.07	205.00
Arkansas		41.2	37.8	9.20	9.56	9.68	376.28	393.87	365.90
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers		39.6	39.3	9.17	9.57	9.54	384.22	378.97	374.92
Fort Smith		40.3	38.1	9.54	9.83	9.86	385.42	396.15	375.67
Little Rock-North Little Rock		41.2	36.2	10.04	10.43	10.53	414.65	429.72	381.19
Pine Bluff	42.2	41.4	38.7	10.69	10.43	10.51	451.12	431.80	406.74
California		40.9	41.0	12.22	12.49	12.42	493,69	510.84	509.22
Bakersfield	39.1	41.2	40.7	12.74	12.53	12.39	498.13	516.24	504.27
Fresno	39.7	41.9	40.5	10.22	10.54	10.55	405.73	441.63	427.28
Los Angeles-Long Beach	41.3	41.0	41.9	11.38	11.73	11.83	469.99	480.93	487.30
Modesto		39.6	39.8	11.94	12.09	12.10	474.02	478.76	479.16
Oakland		41.0	40.7	14.22	14.79	14.85	563.11	606.39	604.40
Orange County	40.4	41.0	40.7	12.06	12.41	12.40	487.22	508.81	504.68
Riverside-San Bernardino		41.4	40.7	11.19	11.40	11.23	445.36	471.96	457.06
Sacramento		40.2	39.6	12.83	13.08	13.25	504.22	525.82	524.70
Salinas	38.5	38.8	39.6	12.54	12.82	12.70	482.79	497.42	502.92
San Diego		40.1	39.8	12.37	12.40	12.30	493.56	497.24	489.54
San Francisco		39.1	39.5	13.31	13.71	13.57	532.40	536.06	536.02
San Jose		41.1	41.5	14.86	15.04	14.94	607.77	618.14	620.01
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		39.4	39.2	12.89	13.30	13.03	534.94	524.02	510.78
Santa Rosa		38.9	39.5	13.20	13.70	13.63	513.48	532.93	538.39
Stockton-Lodi		41.9	41.4	12.10	12.41	12.37	494.89	519.98	512.12
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa		39.7	41.3	14.30	14.39	14.41	563.42	571.28	595.13
Ventura		40.9	41.2	11.59	11.81	11.80	475.19	483.03	486.16
				1					
Colorado		41.5 42.2	41.3 41.3	11.75 12.78	12.24 12.81	12.09 12.47	478.23 522.70	507.96 540.58	499.32 515.01
Connecticut	41.5	42.8	39.8	12.79	13.38	13.48	530.79	572.66	536.50
Bridgeport	42.4	43.0	37.2	13.21	13.69	13.52	560.10	588.67	502.94
Hartford		43.8	41.0	14.11	13.93	14.15	574.28	610.13	580.15
New Haven-Meriden		41.2	37.7	12.44	13,11	13.02	496.36	540.13	490.85
Stamford-Norwalk		41.7	41.5	13.17	13.14	12.93	575.53	547.94	536.60
Waterbury		43.1	40.9	11.48	11.91	12.14	497.08	513.32	496.53
Delaware	40.2	43.1	41.8	12.78	13.77	15.41	513.76	593.49	644.14
Wilmington-Newark	41,1	44.0	43.6	15.14	16.05	15.92	622.25	706.20	694.11
District of Columbia: Washington PMSA	39.5	38.8	38.1	13.21	13.18	13,40	521.80	511.38	510.54
Florida	41.4	41.5	41.1	9.70	9.88	9.96	401.58	410.02	409.36
Georgia	41.4	41.9	41.8	9.96	10.21	10.21	412.24	427.80	426.78
Atlanta		41.9	41.6	11.00	11.25	11.31	412.34 449.90	463.50	470.50
Savannah		44.9	45.5	13.28	13.27	13.09	592.29	595.82	595.60
Hawaii		38.8	39.0	11.87	12.15	12.08	455.81	471.42	471.12
Honolulu		37.0	37.8	12.33	12.60	12.51	477.17	466.20	472.88
daho	38.9	40.4	39.2	11.79	11.92	12.01	458.63	481.57	470.79
llinois		41.4	41.5	12.00	12.14	12.15	496.80	502.60	504.23
Bloomington-Normal		40.1	40.0	15.39	15.56	15.52	630.99	623.96	620.80
Champaign-Urbana	40.3	40.2	40.4	10.57	10.62	10.54	425.97	426.92	425.82
Chicago		41.7	41.8	12.12	12.13	12.14	495.71	505.82	507.45
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island		41.7	41.9	13.95	13.92	14.00	566.37	580.46	586.60
Decatur	42.6	43.7	42.9	14.94	15.30	15.24	636.44	668.61	653.80
Kankakee		41.5	42.3	12.29	13.09	13.05	498.97	543.24	552.02
Peona-Pekin		41.8	41.7	14.84	15.21	15,30	629.22	635.78	638.01
Rockford		41.1	41.5	13.05	13.16	13.03	544.19	540.88	540.75
Springfield		40.1	40.0	11.48	11.74	11.75	440.83	470.77	470.00
	100	42.8	43.0	12.98	13.39	13.23	547.76	573.09	568.89
Bloomington	39.2	41.4	46.0	11.86	11.95	12.90	464.91	494.73	593.40
Bloomington	39.2 39.1		46.0 40.3	11.86 10.58	11.95 11.16	12.90 10.88	464.91 413.68	494.73 443.05	593.40 438.46
	39.2 39.1	41.4							1

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ige weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	rnings	Avera	ge weekly e	amings
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
Indiana-Continued									
Gary	43.7	42.9	40.4	\$17.25	\$17.59	\$16.42	\$753.83	\$754.61	\$663.37
Indianapolis	41.7	43.1	43.8	14.60	14.62	14.64	608.82	630.12	641.23
Kokomo	44.0	47.7	46.9	17.71	18.47	18.42	779.24	881.02	863.90
Lafayette	39.2	41.4	41.0	13.06	13.88	13.63	511.95	574.63	558.83
Muncie	42.9	44.7	44.7	14.37	14.74	14.35	616.47	658.88	641,45
South Bend	41.4		41.6	11.76	12.26	12.09	486.86	519.82	502.94
		42.4							
Terre Haute	43.0	43.2	44.1	13.08	13.07	13.43	562.44	564.62	592.26
owa	40.9	41.8	41.6	12.07	12.44	12.54	493.66	519.99	521.66
Cedar Rapids	41.1	41.8	41.8	14.45	15.18	14.83	593.90	634.52	619.89
Des Moines	41.7	41.0	42.4	12.72	13.05	13.28	530.42	535.05	563.07
Dubuque	40.2	40.2	40.5	12.53	12.54	12.66	503.71	504.11	512.73
Sioux City	39.5	41.6	39.8	9.76	10.24	10.32	385.52	425.98	410.74
ianses	41.2	41.3	41.3	11.99	11.97	12.00	493.99	494.36	495.60
Topeka	42.4	43.6	42.6	13.85	14.54	13.64	587.24	633.94	581.06
Wichita	41.5	41.1	40.2	13.88	13.94	13.74	576.02	572.93	552.35
									1
entucky	40.1	40.4	39.8	11.35	11.64	11.96	455.14	470.26	476.01
Lexington	41.2	42.3	40.8	11.98	12.48	12.65	493.58	527.90	516.12
Louisville	40.5	41.0	42.5	13.00	13.32	13.84	526.50	548.12	588.20
ouisiana	42.6	42.1	41.3	12.48	12.83	12.92	531.65	540.14	533.60
Baton Rouge	44.2	43.2	43.6	14.56	15.28	15.46	643.55	660.10	674.06
New Orleans	42.3 42.1	43.4 40.5	43.0 38.8	12.79 13.27	13.10 14.10	13.24 13.84	541.02 558.67	568.54 571.05	569.32 536.99
Grant Dodger Gray		40.0		, , , , ,		10.01		}	1
laine	40.1	41.0	40.9	11.54	11.77	11.76	462.75	482.57	480.9
Lewiston-Auburn	38.4	41.6	40.7	9.83	9.87	9.88	377.47	410.59	402.1
Portland	38.1	38.2	39.3	10.47	11.06	10.57	398.91	422.49	415.40
Aaryland	40.6 40.9	40.9 41.4	39.3 39.7	12.72 13.37	12.96 13.57	13.08 13.68	516.43 546.83	530.06 561.80	514.04 543.10
Aassachusetts	41.2	41.4	40.7	12.29	12.47	12.51	506.35	516.26	509.16
Boston	40.5	40.9	40.2	12.81	12.91	12.90	518.81	528.02	516.58
Springfield	42.5	42.0	42.0	12.56	12.57	12.62	533.80	527.94	530.04
Worcester	41.2	40.9	40.4	11.21	11.58	11.66	461.85	473.62	471.06
Michigan	42.0	44.2	44.3	15.00	15.92	15.97	630.00	703.66	707.47
Ann Arbor	43.1	45.8	45.5	15.47	16.72	16.69	666.76	765.78	759.39
Detroit	44.2	45.9	46.2	16.16	17.15	17.16	714.27	787.18	792.79
	40.6	45.3	45.3	19.06	21.24	21.35	773.84	962.17	967.15
Flint									
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	41.4	43.0	42.6	12.76	13.09	13.19	528.26	562.87	561.8
Jackson	42.5	42.8	43.4	11.01	11.42	11.38	467.92	488.78	493.89
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	43.3	43.3	43.8	14.48	15.06	15.13	626.98	652.10	662.69
Lansing-East Lansing	38.5	41.8	41.5	15.17	17.61	17.66	584.04	736.10	732.89
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	42.8	43.5	43.4	17.31	18.21	18.44	740.87	792.13	800.30
Minnesota	41.1	41.4	41.4	12.13	12.51	12.53	498.54	517.91	518.74
Duluth-Superior	40.9	40.5	38.7	11.57	11.59	11.45	473.21	469.40	443.12
Minneapolis-St. Paul	40.8	41.6	41.5	12.86	13.20	13.23	524.69	549.12	549.0
St. Cloud	40.0	41.3	41.0	10.81	11.39	11.44	432.40	470.41	469.04
Alseissippi	40.3	41.6	39.2	9.07	9.34	9.39	365.52	388.54	368.09
Jackson	38.7	40.9	39.4	9.72	10.27	10.37	376.16	420.04	408.58
Aissouri	40.9	41.2	48.6	11.35	11.69	11.68	464.22	481.63	544.2
Kansas City	41.3	42.2	42.6	13.24	13.71	13.65	546.81	578.56	581.4
St. Louis	42.3	42.1	42.9	13.58	13.74	13.80	574.43	578.45	592.0
Springfield	38.3	39.3	39.2	9.90	10.01	9.93	379.17	393.39	389.26
Montana	38.6	39.9	39.5	12.19	12.32	12.42	470.53	491.57	490.59
Nebraska	41.0	42.3	41.5	10.23	10.74	10.60	419.43	454.30	439.90
Lincoln	41.2	42.4	43.1	11.44	12.37	12.47	471.33	524.49	537.40
Omaha	41.2	42.4	42.5	10.51	11.43	11.25	434.06	482.35	478.13
		l	1 /2.5				1	1	1
Nevada	40.6 40.5	40.7 40.7	40.9 39.3	11.64 12.82	11.86 13.28	11.82 13.18	472.58 519.21	482.70 540.50	483.4 517.9

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ige weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	arnings	Avera	ge weekly ea	arnings
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
New Hampshire	41.8	42.8	42.2	\$11.63	\$11.74	\$11.60	\$486.13	\$502.47	\$489.52
Manchester	41.5	42.1	42.6	11.27	11.68	11.62	467.71	491.73	495.01
Nashua	41.1	42.9	41.0	13.96	14.36	14.16	573.76	616.04	580.56
Portsmouth~Rochester	42.4	42.9	42.7	11.07	11.27	11.20	469.37	483.48	478.24
New Jersey	41.0	41.2	38.3	12.80	13.24	13.33	524.80	545.49	510.54
New Mexico	40.3	39.3	39.9	9.69	10.24	10.02	390.51	402.43	399.80
Albuquerque	40.7	40.7	40.6	10.25	10.55	10.40	417.18	429.39	422.24
New York	40.3	40.8	40.5	11.85	12.06	12.09	477.56	492.05	489.65
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	40.8	40.4	41.3	13.20	13.88	13.74	538.56	560.75	567.46
Binghamton	40.7	41.2	40.8	9.90	10.02	10.01	402.93	412.82	408.41
Buffalo-Niagra Falls	43.6	43.0	44.0	14.46	15.18	15.10	630.46	652.74	664.40
Dutchess County	40.6	40.5	39.5	10.84	10.44	10.48	440.10	422.82	413.96
Elmira	43.0	42.6	42.1	11.07	11.19	11.23	476.01	476.69	472.78
	39.8	40.1	38.7	11.45	11.36	•	455.71	455.54	440.41
Nassau-Suffolk						11.38			
New York PMSA	37.9	38.2	37.4	10.59	11.02	10.98	401.36	420.96	410.65
New York City	37.5	37.6	37.0	10.23	10.74	10.70	383.63	403.82	395.90
Newburgh	39.5	41.5	41.2	10.30	10.75	10.30	406.85	446.13	424.36
Rochester	41.6	42.4	42.4	13.86	13.85	13.91	576.58	587.24	589.78
Rockland County	42.8	45.5	44.3	14.16	13.82	13.75	606.05	628.81	609.13
Syracuse	41.7	42.8	43.1	13.27	13.09	13.10	553.36	560.25	564.61
Utica-Rome	41.1	42.8	42.0	10.95	10.89	10.82	450.05	466.09	454.44
Westchester County	39.9	40.8	39.7	12.09	12.18	12.29	482.39	496.94	487.91
North Carolina	40.7	40.5	38.1	9.72	10.01	10.08	395.60	405.41	384.05
Asheville	40.9	40.9	40.1	9.82	10.02	10.01	401.64	409.82	401.40
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	40.7	40.7	39.1	10.36	10.62	10.60	421.65	432.23	414.46
GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point	39.7	39.6	37.3	10.29	10.57	10.66	408.51	418.57	397.62
Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill	41.4	41.2	38.5	10.20	10.74	10.78	422.28	442.49	415.03
North Dakota Fargo-Moorhead	40.7 39.7	41.0 41.1	41.1 40.9	9.81 9.06	10.06 9.63	10.08 9.57	399.27 359.68	412.46 395.79	414.29 391.41
Ohio	42.6	43.6	43.8	13.86	14.35	14.42	590.44	625.66	631.60
Akron	42.3	44.3	43.9	12,51	12.87	12.80	529.17	570.14	561.92
Canton-Massillon	41.5	41.6	41.5	12.09	12.87	12.78	501.74	535.39	530.37
Cincinnati	41.9	42.7	42.6	12.85	13.08	13.17	538.42	558.52	561.04
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	43.3	43.3	43.7	13.72	14.05	14.05	594.08	608.37	613.99
Columbus	41.6	41.7	41.7	12.95	13.27	13.23	538.72	553.36	551.69
Dayton-Springfield	42.9	45.1	45.1	15.14	15.71	15.74	649.51	708.52	709.87
Toledo Youngstown-Warren	43.6 43.8	44.5 45.3	46.1 44.6	15.08 15.92	15.59 16.54	16.09 16.69	657.49 697.30	693.76 749.26	741.75
		ļ				Ì			
Oklahoma	41.2	42.8	43.0	11.33	11.36	11.30	466.80	486.21	485.90
Oklahoma City Tulsa	42.7 40.9	42.9 41.0	43.3 40.9	12.12 12.24	12.36 11.86	12.33 11.73	517.52 500.62	530.24 486.26	533.89 479.76
	39.7	40.2	39.8	12.14	12.17	12.13	481.96	489.23	482.77
Cregon Eugene-Springfield	40.0	41.9	40.4	T .	12.17	12.13	489.20	515.37	482.77
				12.23					
Medford-Ashland	40.9	43.3	41.3	11.46	11.62	11.63	468.71	503.15	480.32
Portland-Vancouver	40.0 37.9	39.9 38.4	40.5 38.4	12.42 10.35	12.36 10.63	12.20 10.50	496.80 392.27	493.16 408.19	494.10 403.20
Pennsylvania	40.7	40.8	40.1	11.96	12.34	12.41	486.77	503.47	497.64
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	38.7	39.0	36.7	11.28	11.77	12.02	436.54	459.03	441.13
Altoona	40.3	41.0	41.2	10.05	10.57	10.54	405.02	433.37	434.25
	43.6	43.5	44.0	12.59	12.87				
Erie						12.96	548.92	559.85	570.24
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	40.0	38.1	38.9	11.52	11.54	11.65	460.80	439.67	453.19
Johnstown	39.1	38.9	39.6	9.05	9.26	9.21	353.86	360.21	364.72
Lancaster	40.9	40.1	38.1	11.71	12.20	12.24	478.94	489.22	466.34
Philadelphia PMSA	40.6	40.7	38.4	13.29	13.61	13.70	539.57	553.93	526.08
Pittsburgh	41.8	41.7	42.3	12.97	13.41	13.40	542.15	559.20	566.82
Reading	40.3	40.9	39.8	12.24	12.99	13.05	493.27	531.29	519.39
ScrantonWilkes-BarreHazelton	38.8	39.3	39.2	10.39	10.75	10.71	403.13	422.48	419.83
Sharon	42.9	42.9	44.4	12.24	12.54	12.61	525.10	537.97	559.88
State College	39.8	40.3	40.3	10.48	10.72	10.80	417.10	432.02	435.24
Williamsport	39.7	40.8	40.5	10.17	10.63	10.60	403.75	433.70	429.30
····									
York	41.6	42.1	39.8	12.25	12.46	12.51	509.60	524.57	497.90

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-18. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ige weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	ımings	Avera	ge weekly ea	arnings
State and area	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p
Rhode Island	39.7	40.5	36.8	\$10.00	\$10.24	\$10.25	\$397.00	\$414.72	\$377.20
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	40.0	40.3	36.5	10.04	10.29	10.33	401.60	414.89	377.05
South Carolina	41.6	41.6	41.3	9.71	9.91	9.91	403.94	412.26	409.28
South Dakota	40.8	41.0	41.1	8.86	8.98	9.22	361.49	368.18	378.94
Rapid City	40.4	41.7	41.4	8.92	8.78	9.98	360.37	366.13	413.17
Sioux Falls	39.4	41.0	40.4	8.91	9.90	9.80	351.05	405.90	395.92
Tennessee	40.7	40.8	40.0	10.23	10.35	10.45	416.36	422.28	418.00
Chattanooga	42.1	42.2	42.3	9.64	9.94	9.96	405.84	419.47	421.31
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	38.2	39.4	39.4	10.69	10.37	10.29	408.36	408.58	405.43
Knoxville	39.8	39.8	40.0	10.34	10.17	10.25	411.53	404.77	410.00
Memphis	40.7	40.8	39.9	10.62	10.63	10.79	432.23	433.70	430.52
Nashville	40.3	40.7	39.3	11.24	11.22	11.30	452.97	456.65	444.09
Texas	42.5	43.1	42.1	11.00	11.06	11.13	467.50	476.69	468.57
Dallas	42.4	42.5	40.9	10.71	10.98	11.01	454.10	466.65	450.31
Ft. Worth-Arlington	42.0	42.5	41.6	12.38	12.62	12.81	519.96	536.35	532.90
Houston	44.7	43.9	43.7	13.42	13.51	13.58	599.87	593.09	593.45
San Antonio	42.0	41.4	41.2	8.45	8.70	8.72	354.90	360.18	359.26
Utah	39.0	40.4	39.8	11.03	11,20	11.06	430.17	452.48	440.19
Salt Lake City-Ogden	40.4	41.0	40.3	11.31	11.25	11.10	456.92	461.25	447.33
Vermont	41.3	41.4	41.5	11.90	11.64	11.81	491.47	481.90	481.82
Burlington	41.5	41.8	42.8	12.87	11.22	11.34	534.11	469.00	485.35
101-1-	40.5	40.0	00.0	40.77	44.40		400.40	450.00	400.00
Virginia	40.5 39.5	40.8 41.6	39.0 40.6	10.77 9.41	11.10 9.95	11.11 10.05	436.19 371.70	452.88	433.29 408.03
Bristol	39.5	38.4	35.6	9.41	9.95	9.79	382.14	413.92 372.48	348.52
Danville	41.8	42.5	40.6	10.67	10.77	10.93	446.01	457.73	443.76
Lynchburg	42.3	42.2	38.8	10.63	11.03	10.90	449.65	465.47	422.92
Northern Virginia	40.2	40.5	38.7	12.05	12.12	12.01	484.41	490.86	464.79
Richmond-Petersburg	42.1	42.4	40.1	13.51	13.97	14,14	568.77	592.33	567.01
Roanoke	41.9	42.1	39.9	12.39	12.61	12.57	519.14	530.88	501.54
Washington	40.2	40.5	40.5	14.03	14.57	14.46	564.01	590.09	585.63
West Virginia	40.5	40.9	40.7	12.15	12.58	12.66	492.08	514.52	515.26
Charleston	43.0	47.9	45.2	15.11	14.71	14.03	649.73	704.61	634.16
Huntington-Ashland	39.9	42.9	42.0	13.72	14.66	14.57	547.43	628.91	611.94
Parkersburg-Marietta	40.9	47.1	41.4	14.55	16.35	15.17	595.10	770.09	626.04
Wheeling	40.1	40.3	40.5	13.78	14.20	13.75	552.58	572.26	556.88
Wisconsin	41.9	42.0	42.2	12.08	12.36	12.35	506.15	519.12	521.17
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	43.2	44.3	44.7	12.94	13.31	13.36	559.01	589.63	597.19
Eau Claire	41.1	43.0	45.3	12.10	12.44	12.96	497.31	534.92	587.09
Green Bay	41.1	42.0	42.3	12.58	12.96	13.01	517.04	544.32	550.32
Janesville-Beloit	44.1	44.1	44.3	15.57	16.53	16.48	686.64	728.97	730.06
Kenosha	41.1	39.7	38.9	12.21	12.93	12.61	501.83	513.32	490.53
La Crosse	40.2 41.1	40.9 40.6	41.7 40.7	10.08 10.93	10.23 11.64	10.29 11.70	405.22 449.22	418.41	429.09
Madison	41.1	40.6	40.7	13.07	13.36	13.33	547.63	472.58 561.12	476.19 563.86
Racine	41.5	40.5	40.5	12.15	12.41	12.31	504.23	502.61	498.56
Sheboygan	40.1	42.0	42.3	12.08	12.19	12.18	484.41	511.98	515.21
Wausau	41.4	42.4	41.9	11.49	11.59	11.75	475.69	491.42	492.33
Wyoming	38.9	38.7	39.2	11.23	11.62	11.72	436.85	449.69	459.42
Puerto Rico	39.9	(')	(')	6.87	(¹)	(¹)	274.11	(1)	(1)
	1	l	1	1]			I	1	1

 1 Not available. $^{\rm p}=$ preliminary. NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1993 benchmarks.

HOUSEHOLD DATA REGIONS AND DIVISIONS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-1. Employment status of the civilian population for census regions and divisions, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Census region and					19	93						1994	
division	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
NORTHEAST													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	39.567	39.570	39.572	39,577	39.582	39.584	39.589	39.596	39,599	39,601	39,696	39,697	39.695
Civilian labor force	25,612	25,539	25,604	25,566	25,567	25,622	25,525	25,562	25,527	25,469	25,464	25,379	25,622
Employed	23,722	23.638	23,750	23,756	23,766	23.786		23.754	23,772	23,734	23.765	23,677	23,794
Unemployed	1,890	1,901	1,854	1,810	1,801	1,836	1,800	1,807	1,755	1,735	1,700	1,702	1,828
Unemployment rate	7.4	7.4	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.2	7.1	7.1	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.7	7.1
New England													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	10,215	10,214	10,215	10,214	10,214	10,217	10,218	10,218	10,219	10,221	10,221	10,219	10,216
Civilian labor force	7,039	6,997	7,005	7,055	7,052	7,065	7,065	7,055	6,979	6,963	6,977	7,031	7,000
Employed	6,539	6,507	6,525	6,597	6,606	6,610	6,608	6,599	6,547	6,541	6,518	6,588	6,592
Unemployed	500	490	480	458	446	455	457	457	432	423	459	444	407
Unemployment rate	7.1	7.0	6.8	6.5	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.2	6.1	6.6	6.3	5.8
Middle Atlantic													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	29,320	29,326	29,329	29,335	29,341	29,345	29,351	29,358	29,363	29,366		29,478	29,479
Civilian labor force	18,573	18,542	18,600	18,511	18,515	18,557	18,460	18,506	18,548	18,506	18,488	18,347	18,623
Employed	17,183	17,132	17,225	17,159	17,160	17,176	17,118	17,155	17,225	17,193	17,247	17,089	17,202
Unemployed	1,390	1,410	1,375	1,352	1,355	1,381	1,342	1,351	1,323	1,313	1,241	1,258	1,421
Unemployment rate	7.5	7.6	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.1	7.1	6.7	6.9	7.6
SOUTH													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	66,372	66,447	66,520	66,598	66,677	66,750	66,832	66,911	66,989	67,057	68,136	68,206	68.273
Civilian labor force	44,001	43,891	44,172	44,119	44,120	44,288	44,224	44,400	44,577	44,567	44,907	44,882	44,688
Employed		40,926	41,308	41,215	41,229	41,417	41,540	41,547	41,790	41,907	42,067	42.040	41.854
Unemployed		2.965	2.864	2,904	2.891	2,871	2,684	2.853	2,787	2,660	2,840	2,842	2,834
Unemployment rate		6.8	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.1	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.3	6.3	6.3
South Atlantic													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	34.826	34,865	34,905	34,947	34,987	35.033	35,082	35,128	35,171	35,212	35,251	35,288	35,322
Civilian labor force		22,923	22,979	22,964	22,904	22,960	22,936	23,032	23,081	23,132	23,225	23,281	23,197
Employed		21,430	21,549	21,495	21,445	21,505	21,619	21,608		21,783	,	21,902	
Unemployed	1,511	1,493	1,430	1,470	1,459	1,455	1,317	1,425	1,341	1,350	1,475	1,379	1.420
Unemployment rate	6.6	6.5	6.2	6.4	6.4	6.3	5.7	6.2	5.8	5.8	6.3	5.9	6.1
East South Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	11,902	11,913	11,923	11,937	11,949	11,962	11,976	11,990	12,002	12,015	12,027	12,038	12,047
Civilian labor force	7,506	7,428	7,541	7,523	7,518	7,516	7,509	7,475	7,495	7,522	7,656	7,599	7,597
Employed	6,973	6,897	7,021	7,032	7,038	7,047	7,041	7,024	7,055	7,111	7,178	7,109	7,190
Unemployed		531	520	490	480	470	468	451	440	411	478	490	407
Unemployment rate	7.1	7.1	6.9	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.5	6.2	6.4	5.4
West South Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	20,591	20,615	20,640	20,666	20,694	20,720	20,750	20,779	20,806	20,832	20,858	20,881	20,903
Civilian labor force	13,542	13,540	13,652	13,632	13,698	13,813	13,779	13,892	14,001	13,912	14,027	14,002	13,894
Employed		12,599	12,738	12,689	12,747	12,866	12,880	12,915			13,139	13,029	12,887
Unemployed	934	941	915	944	952	947	899	977	1,006	899	888	973	1,007
Unemployment rate		7.0	6.7	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.5	7.0	7.2	6.5	6.3	6.9	7.2
	1			1					–		l		

C-1. Employment status of the civilian population for census regions and divisions, seasonally adjusted'--Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Census region and					19	93						1994	
division	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
MIDWEST													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	46,064	46,095	46,123	46,155	46,191	46,219	46,253	46,287	46,317	46,346	46,038	46,054	46,069
Civilian labor force	31,048	31,080	31,273	31,405	31,491	31,518	31,384	31,500	31,614	31,696	31,710	31,931	31,768
Employed	29,160	29,154	29,313	29,449	29,631	29,749	29,524			29,880		30,188	29,929
Unemployed		1,925	1,960	1,956	1,860	1,769	1,860		1,822	1,815	1,891	1,743	1,838
Unemployment rate	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.2	5.9	5.6	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7	6.0	5.5	5.8
East North Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²		32,399	32,415	32,434	32,451	32,472		32,516			32,570	32,582	32,591
Civilian labor force		21,707	21,804	21,876	21,945	21,957	21,770	21,857	21,988	22,118	22,129	22,330	22,23
Employed		20,253	20,315	20,422	20,552	20,621	20,355		20,621	20,770	20,711	20,995	20,886
Unemployed	,	1,454	1,489	1,455	1,393	1,336	1,416	1,393	1,367	1,349	1,418	1,335	1,350
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.7	6.8	6.7	6.3	6.1	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.1	6.4	6.0	6.1
West North Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²		13,388	13,395	13,403	13,412				13,452	13,459		13,473	13,478
Civilian labor force		9,373	9,469	9,529	9,546	9,561	9,614	9,643	9,626	9,577	9,581	9,601	9,532
Employed		8,902	8,999	9,027	9,079	9,128	9,170	9,168	9,171	9,111	9,108	9,193	9,044
Unemployed		471	470	502	467	433	444	475	455		473	408	488
Unemployment rate	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.3	4.9	4.5	4.6	4.9	4.7	4.9	4.9	4.3	5.1
WEST													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²		41,014	41,067	41,126	41,184	41,240		41,357	41,415		, ,	42,133	42,175
Civilian labor force		27,661	27,716	27,679	27,861	27,719	27,801	27,914	27,936		28,589	28,600	28,515
Employed		25,469	25,537	25,484	25,540	25,527	25,582		25,848		26,302	26,433	26,456
Unemployed		2,191 7.9	2,180	2,195	2,321	2,193	2,219	2,191	2,088	2,041	2,287	2,167	2,059
Unemployment rate	0.1	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.3	7.9	8.0	7.8	7.5	7.3	8.0	7.6	7.2
Mountain													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	10,831	10,857	10,882	10,908	10,936	10,962	10,991	11,019	11,045	11,071	11,096	11,123	11,146
Civilian labor force	7,284	7,261	7,353	7,384	7,385	7,416	7,386	7,432	7,472	7,487	7,622	7,794	7,802
Employed		6,810	6,914	6,947	6,979	6,988	6,956	7,009	7,055	7,107	7,232	7,394	7,408
Unemployed		451	439	437	405	428	429	424	417	380	390	400	395
Unemployment rate	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.5	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
Pacific													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	30,720	30,743		30,793	30,820	30,849	30,880		30,937	30,963	,	31,010	
Civilian labor force	,	20,400	20,363	20,295	20,476	20,304	20,415		20,464	20,550	20,967	20,806	20,713
Employed	18,623	18,659	18,622	18,538	18,560	18,539	18,626		18,793	18,889	19,070	19,038	19,049
Unemployed		1,740 8.5	1,741 8.5	1,758	1,916 9.4	1,765 8.7	1,790	1,767	1,671 8.2	1,661	1,897 9.0	1,767 8.5	1,664 8.0
Unemployment rate	5.8	8.5	8.5	8.7	9.4	5.7	8.8	8.6	8.2	8.1	9.0	8.5	8.0

¹ These estimates may differ from the results obtained from summing the official State estimates produced and published through the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program.

Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont; Middle Atlantic: New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania; South Atlantic: Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia; East South Central: Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, and

Tennessee; West South Central: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas; East North Central: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin; West North Central: Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota; Mountain: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming; and Pacific: Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, and Washington. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

² The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that compose the various census divisions are: New England: Connecticut, Maine,

STATE LABOR FORCE DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

State						1993						19	94
State	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.p
Alabama													
Divilian labor force	1,976.6	1,976.6	1,987.2	1,986.0	1,993.0	1,998.0	1,993.4	1,993.0	1,997.2	1,999.2	1,995.1	2,010.1	1,988.
Employed	1.835.2	1,834.9	1,840.1	1,838.3	1,840.9	1,840.2	1,840.3	1,840.7	1,845.0	1,847.1	1,847.4	1,846.9	1,849.
Unemployed	141.4	141.7	147.1	147.7	152.1	157.8	153.1	152.4	152.2	152.1	147.7	163.2	137.
Unemployment rate	7.2	7.2	7.4	7.4	7.6	7.9	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.4	8.1	6.9
Alaska													
ivilian labor force	296.4	297.0	298.3	299.0	299.1	298.5	298.6	300.5	300.7	302.3	302.0	308.0	311.
Employed	272.8	273.6	275.0	275.2	276.1	276.1	276.8	278.1	278.1	279.6	279.3	281.5	285.
Unemployed		23.4	23.3	23.8	23.0	22.4	21.8	22.4	22.5	22.7	22.7	26.5	25.0
Unemployment rate	8.0	7.9	7.8	8.0	7.7	7.5	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	8.6	8.2
Arizona	•			-10		1							
													l
vilian labor force	1,819.6	1,822.8	1,829.9	1,829.4	1,831.5	1,835.8	1,841.5	1,848.2	1,851.5	1,652.7	1,858.4	1,929.4	1,963.9
Employed	1,700.4	1,705.4	1,710.9	1,716.5	1,721.9	1,727.6	1,732.5	1,738.0	1,739.5	1,740.9	1,746.2	1,833.9	1,861.4
Jnemployed	119.1	117.4	119.0	112.8	109.6	108.2	109.0	110.2	112.0	111.8	112.2	95.5	102.
Jnemployment rate	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.3
Arkansas							:						
vilian labor force	1,158.3	1,158.8	1,160.8	1,161.4	1,162.3	1,163.7	1,164.9	1,165.7	1,166.8	1,168.0	1,166.5	1,200.3	1,198.5
Employed	1,084.7	1,085.8	1,087.8	1,088.8	1,090.7	1,092.8	1,093.7	1,094.6	1,095.9	1,097.5	1,097.6	1,133.2	1,136.7
Unemployed	73.5	73.1	73.0	72.6	71.6	70.9	71.2	71.1	70.9	70.5	69.0	67.2	61.9
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.6	5.2
California ¹							:						
vilian labor force	15,333,1	15,301,5	15,311.7	15,299.1	15,184.4	15,296.9	15,153.9	15.218.7	15,314.8	15,209.0	15,215.8	15.625.6	15,596.9
Employed		13,862.4	13,949.5	13,936.2	13,793.8	13,829.4	13,771.4	13,808.8	13,836.5	13,860.6	13,884.0	14,040.7	14,189.6
Jnemployed		1,439.1	1,362.2	1,362.9	1,390.6	1,467.5	1,382.5	1,410.1	1,478.3	1,348.4	1,331.8	1,584.9	1,407.
Jnemployment rate		9.4	8.9	8.9	9.2	9.6	9.1	9.3	9.7	8.9	8.8	10.1	9.0
Colorado													
vilian labor force	1.870.7	1,874.9	1,884.4	1.889.0	1.898.8	1.909.9	1,913.4	1.913.8	1.929.1	1.943.7	1,954.3	1.968.0	1.968.8
Employed		1,775.0	1,784.4	1,790.2	1,801.2	1,813.9	1,817.2	1,817.9	1,832.1	1,846.7	1,858.1	1,855.2	1,858.7
Unemployed	105.2	99.9	100.0	98.8	97.6	96.1	96.2	96.0	97.0	97.0	96.2	112.8	110.1
Unemployment rate	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.7	5.6
Connecticut													
vilian labor force	1,796.3	1,791.9	1,794.3	1,792.1	1,790.2	1,788.4	1,787.3	1,784.4	1,785.6	1,782.4	1,779.2	1,796.6	1.819.7
Employed		1,679.9	1,678.7	1,679.4	1,678.1	1,678.8	1,676.9	1,674.6	1,676.5	1,675.6	1,674.4	1,716.2	1,730.0
Unemployed	112.9	112.0	115.6	112.7	112.1	109.8	110.4	109.8	109.1	106.8	104.8	80.4	89.7
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.2	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.9	4.5	4.9
Delaware													
vilian labor force	371.0	370.9	371.8	372.4	374.2	375.1	375.3	376.6	376.8	376.9	377.8	371.3	379.5
Employed	352.7	352.1	353.4	353.7	354.7	354.7	354.5	355.2	355.2	354.9	355.1	351.7	360.5
Unemployed		18.6	18.5	18.7	19.5	20.4	20.6	21.4	21.4	22.0	22.7	19.5	19.0
Unemployment rate	4.9	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.8	6.0	5.3	5.0
District of Columbia													
ivilian labor force	304.5	305.1	304.5	304.3	303.8	306.1	305.9	309.2	306.8	308.5	309.8	315.7	298.2
Employed	277.9	278.6	278.7	279.0	277.9	279.9	279.6	283.6	263.0	282.9	264.3	281.4	270.5
Unemployed	26.6	26.5	25.8	25.3	25.9	26.2	26.4	25.6	25.7	25.7	25.4	34.3	27.7
Unemployment rate	8.7	8.7	8.5	8.3	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.2	10.9	9.3
Florida [†]										į			
ivilian labor force	6,633.4	6,592.6	6,611.6	6,665.6	6,697.4	6,616.3	6,533.6	6,599.3	6,574.7	6,689.1	6,741.5	6,798.4	6,692.1
Employed	6,173.6	6,127.5	6,159.4	6,194.6	6,227.7	6,155.3	6,073.1	6,163.5	6,120.0	6,244.6	6,277.3	6,286.1	6,308.7
Unemployed	459.8	465.1	452.2	471.0	469.7	461.0	460.5	435.8	454.7	444.5	464.2	512.3	383.4
Unemployment rate	6.9	7.1	6.8	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.6	6.9	6.6	6.9	7.5	5.7

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State						1993]	19	94
State	Feb.	Маг.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.P
Georgia													
Civilian labor force	3,404.5	3,415.3	3,436.2	3.446.1	3,459.5	3.475.1	3,488.2	3,503.2	3.518.9	3.526.2	3,531.5	3,583.8	3,603.
Employed		3,216.7	3,240.2	3,248.7	3,261.2	3,275.6	3,288.4	3,302.0	3,316.0	3,325.2	3,332.1	3,325.3	3,374.
Unemployed		198.5	196.0	197.4	198.3	199.5	199.7	201.2	202.9	201.0	199.4	258.5	229.
Unemployment rate	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.6	7.2	6.
Onomployment rate	J.3	5.0	5.7	3.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.0	5.7	5.0	7.2	0.
Hawaii													
Civilian labor force	582.5	582.5	583.4	583.4	582.9	583.1	582.7	582.1	583.4	583.3	583.3	605.3	597.
Employed		555.9	557.7	558.3	558.3	558.7	558.6	559.0	560.3	559.6	559.4	577.3	569.
Unemployed		26.6	25.7	25.1	24.6	24.4	24.1	23.1	23.1	23.7	24.0	28.0	28.
Unemployment rate		4.6	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.6	4.
Onemployment rate	4.7	7.0	7.7	4.0	7.2	7.2	4.,	4.0	7.0	4.1	7.1	7.0	7.
Idaho													
Civilian labor force		540.8	541.3	543.9	545.4	547.8	548.3	550.0	551.3	551.8	553.7	580.3	590.
Employed	504.0	504.0	506.1	509.1	511.2	514.9	515.5	517.1	518.3	520.0	521.2	551.3	560.
Unemployed		36.6	35.2	34.8	34.2	32.9	32.8	32.9	33.1	31.8	32.4	29.0	30.
Unemployment rate		6.8	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.9	5.0	5.
Illinois¹													
Civilian labor force	5.935.6	5,957.1	5,936.8	6.022.1	6.012.4	6.006.2	6.012.5	5.964.0	5,963.5	5,998,8	6,032.9	5,998.6	6,016.
Employed		5,470.7	5,463.7	5,537.3	5,542.3	5,564.1	5,554.2	5,480.3	5,518.1	5,640.0	5,675.2	5,600.1	5,633.
Unemployed		486.4	473.1	484.8	470.1	442.1	458.3	483.7	445.4	358.8	357.7	398.5	383.
Unemployment rate	7.9	8.2	8.0	8.1	7.8	7.4	7.6	8.1	7.5	6.0	5.9	6.6	6.
Indiana		:											
Civilian labor force	2.882.8	2,905.8	2,906.8	2,911.2	2,929.7	2,948.5	2,955.3	2,961.8	2.978.6	2,991.6	3,001.9	2,992.6	3,011.
Employed		2,743.0	2.743.8	2.749.7	2,772.7	2,797.6	2,805.8	2.812.4	2,827.1	2,840.6	2,849.4	2,824.8	2,861.
Unemployed		162.9	163.0	161.5	157.0	151.0	149.5	149.4	151.5	151.1	152.5	167.8	149.
Unemployment rate		5.6	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.6	5.
lowa													
Divilian labor force	1,532.0	1,537.9	1,539.5	1,548.6	1,561.2	1,580.0	1,559.7	1,560.2	1,560.2	1,558.2	1,554.8	1,552.1	1,565.
		1,473.8	1,475.7	1,486.0	1,499.2	1,491.8	1,498.3	1,499.6	1,501.5	1,500.4	1,498.0	1,479.8	1,501.
Employed													
Unemployed		64.0	63.8	62.7	62.0	68.2	61.4	60.7	58.7	57.8	56.8	72.3	64.
Unemployment rate	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.4	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	4.7	4.
Kansas												l	
Civilian labor force		1,317.3	1,317.7	1,319.0	1,320.4	1,320.1	1,318.0	1,319.5	1,321.5	1,320.8	1,321.8	1,335.8	1,327.
Employed	1,253.8	1,252.7	1,251.8	1,251.3	1,252.8	1,252.4	1,250.9	1,252.6	1,254.1	1,253.9	1,255.8	1,249.3	1,255
Unemployed	61.9	64.6	65.8	67.7	67.6	67.7	67.0	66.9	67.4	66.8	66.0	86.4	72.
Unemployment rate	4.7	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.0	6.5	5.
Kentucky		[
Civilian labor force	1,796.0	1,797.8	1.797.0	1,795.3	1,797.8	1,798.6	1,797.2	1,792.8	1,789.3	1,788.5	1,785,8	1,809.2	1,813.
Employed	1,687.5	1,684.8	1,683.4	1,682.6	1,685.2	1,688.0	1,686.4	1,684.9	1,682.3	1,682.2	1,682.5	1,728.0	1,715
Unemployed	1,067.5						110.9	1,004.9	1,002.3	106.3	103.3	81.3	97
Unemployed Unemployment rate	6.0	113.0 6.3	113.8 6.3	112.6 6.3	112.6 6.3	110.6 6.2	6.2	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.8	4.5	5.
Louisiana													
Civilian labor force	1,895.8	1,889.6	1,883.1	1,881.0	1,871.0	1,867.2	1,869.9	1,868.3	1,871.4	1,879.7	1,876.8	1,924.5	1,924
Employed	1,755.4	1,747.4	1,741.8	1,742.1	1,736.6	1,734.7	1,736.4	1,734.5	1,731.2	1,734.3	1,735.9	1,761.3	1,775.
Unemployed Unemployment rate	140.4	142.1 7.5	141.3 7.5	138.9 7.4	134.4 7.2	132.6 7.1	133.5 7.1	133.8 7.2	140.2 7.5	145.3 7.7	140.9 7.5	163.3 8.5	149
Maine	,.,	,.5	,.5	'	,.2	,.,	,.,	"-	,.5	'''	,.5		
	200 -	005.5	600.5	600.0	604	000 /	600 1	607.0	007.0	800 5	604.4	600.0	000
Civilian labor force Employed		635.2 587.4	633.9 584.9	632.8 582.9	631.4 580.4	628.1 578.0	629.4 577.1	627.8 575.2	627.6 575.9	626.5 575.1	624.4 574.7	628.0 568.6	632 585
Unemployed		47.8		49.9	51.0	50.1	52.3	52.6	51.6	51.4	49.7	59.4	46
Unemployment rate	7.5	7.5	48.9 7.7	7.9	51.0 8.1	8.0	8.3	8.4	8.2	8.2	8.0	9.5	7

STATE LABOR FORCE DATA **SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State					,	1993							94
State	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.P
South Carolina													
vilian labor force		1,812.5	1,820.4 1,884.0	1,824.5 1,684.8	1,828.0 1,685.4	1,828.2 1,684.6	1,829.5 1,686.1	1,828.7 1,686.2	1,830.2 1,689.2	1,828.0 1,687.2	1,829.6 1,688.8	1,792.2 1,688.9	1,830 1,712
Employed		1,679.3 133.3	136.4	139.7	142.6	143.6	143.5	142.5	141.0	140.8	140.8	103.2	118
Unemployed Unemployment rate		7.4	7.5	7.7	7.8	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.7	5.8	6
South Dakota		,.,	,		.,0								
ivilian labor force	356.9	357.5	358.0	357.8	359.1	359.5	359.9	360.3	360.6	361.3	361.2	362.4	367
Employed	344.8	345.3	345.9	346.2	347.0	347.4	347.9	348.2	348.8	349.4	349.1	354.1	357
Unemployed		12.3	12.1	11.6	12.1	12.1	12.0	12.1	11.8	11.9	12.1	8.3	10
Unemployment rate	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.4	2.3	2
Tennessee			_							05403	0.545.0	0.500.0	0.50
vilian labor force Employed		2,484.3 2,339.2	2,490.5 2,345.8	2,494.3 2,349.8	2,502.7 2,356.4	2,507.5 2,363.9	2,508.8 2,366.3	2,510.3 2,370.3	2,516.5 2,378.5	2,516.7 2,380.5	2,515.2 2,382.6	2,596.2 2,449.7	2,597 2,445
Unemployed		145.1	144.7	144.4	146.3	143.6	142.5	140.0	138.0	136.1	132.6	146.5	151
Unemployment rate	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.6	,
Texas ¹													
ivilian labor force Employed		9,006.3 8,382.4	9,019.8 8,400.2	9,058.0 8,448.7	9,079.4 8,436.8	9,147.7 8,494.9	9,213.6 8,555.8	9,254.2 8,629.8	9,339.4 8,665.2	9,359.1 8,718.1	9,301.4 8,690.7	9,314.7 8,759.8	9,307 8,66
Unemployed		623.9	619.6	609.3	642.6	652.8	657.8	624.4	674.2	641.0	610.7	555.0	64
Unemployment rate		6.9	6.9	6.7	7.1	7.1	7.1	6.7	7.2	6.8	6.6	6.0	'
Utah													
vilian labor force		892.2 855.8	898.0 862.2	902.8 866.9	909.3 873.5	914.7 879.8	919.1 884.5	922.9 888.8	927.0 893.7	930.5 897.9	933.2 901.5	963.5 933.0	97 93
Employed Unemployed		36.4	35.8	35.9	35.8	34.9	34.7	34.1	33.2	32.6	31.7	30.5	3
Unemployment rate		4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.2	1
Vermont										i i			
ivilian labor force		313.5	315.1	316.3	317.2	315.6	315.5 298.9	316.6 299.9	317.8 301.1	317.9 301.7	317.1 301.1	306.9 292.2	31 29
Employed		296.0 17.4	298.2 17.0	299.6 16.7	300.5 16.7	298.9 16.7	296.9 16.7	16.7	16.6	16.2	16.0	14.7	1
Unemployed Unemployment rate		5.6	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.0	4.8	
Virginia													
ivilian labor force		3,371.3	3,378.8	3,373.7	3,371.1	3,372.3	3,374.8	3,375.2	3,375.4	3,383.8	3,386.5	3,395.7	3,38
Employed		3,198.8	3,204.7	3,203.5	3,202.9	3,206.9	3,209.1	3,211.4	3,215.2	3,223.0	3,228.3	3,231.1	3,21
Unemployed		172.4 5.1	174.1 5.2	170.2 5.0	168.2 5.0	165.4 4.9	165.4 4.9	163.8 4.9	160.2 4.7	160.8 4.8	158.3 4.7	164.6 4.8	17
Unemployment rate Washington		3.1	5.2	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.0	4.7	4.0	
ivilian labor force	2.677.7	2,678.7	2.681.8	2.680.6	2,687.6	2,689.3	2,690.9	2,703.0	2,711.3	2,713.3	2,723.6	2,800.6	2.75
Employed		2,474.7	2,477.8	2,477.6	2,483.8	2,485.2	2,488.5	2,502.1	2,511.0	2,516.6	2,524.8	2,647.2	2,56
Unemployed	205.3	204.0	204.0	203.0	203.8	204.1	202.4	200.9	200.3	196.7	198.8	153.4	17
Unemployment rate	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.3	5.5	ļ
West Virginia													
ivilian labor force		779.5	786.2	785.4	786.7	783.0	791.4	793.0	794.6	796.1	795.3	772.6	77
Employed		692.6 86.9	697.7 88.5	697.2 88.1	699.8 86.9	699.1 83.9	706.9 84.5	709.7 83.4	711.8 83.0	713.6 82.5	714.5	687.8	69
Unemployment rate		11.2	11.3	11.2	11.0	10.7	10.7	10.5	10.4	10.4	80.8 10.2	84.7 11.0	1
Wisconsin													
Eivilian labor force		2,709.2 2,580.8	2,712.9 2,579.4	2,716.1 2,584.6	2,713.6 2,583.7	2,717.0 2,588.7	2,718.2 2,591.0	2,723.2 2,598.2	2,729.2 2,603.0	2,735.6	2,743.2	2,799.1	2,84
Unemployed		128.4	133.5	131.5	129.9	128.4	127.2	125.1	126.2	2,605.9 129.7	2,611.0 132.2	2,672.3 126.8	2,70
Unemployment rate		4.7	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.5	14
Wyoming													
Civilian labor force		238.7 225.5	238.2 225.3	238.0 225.2	238.7 225.7	239.2 225.9	238.6 225.4	239.3	240.0	239.9	240.9	252.5	25
Unemployed	13.0	13.2	12.9	12.8	13.0			226.5	226.9	226.8	227.7	231.9	23
Onemproyed] 13.0		12.7	12.0	13.0	13.3	13.2	12.9	13.2	13.1	13.2	20.5	1 1

¹ Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS). See the Explanatory Notes And Estimates of Error Section for Region, State, and Area Labor Force Data.

^p = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Data, beginning 1994, are not directly

comparable with those for 1993 and prior years as a result of the redesign of the CPS. In addition, data comparisons are affected by the incorporation of 1990 census-based population controls (covering the 1990-93 period) and other methodological changes. For additional information, see "Revisions in State and Area Estimates Effective January 1994" in the March 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

	-	ilian tabas (Unemp	~ ,		
State and area	Civ	ilian labor fo	rce		Number			Percent of labor force	
	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb 1994
Antonio	4.070.0	10010	1 000 0	450.0	100.1	440.0	7.0		_
lebama		1,994.2	1,980.3	150.6	166.1 24.2	146.8	7.6 6.0	8.3	7.
Birmingham		423.2	422.3	25.2		21.8 10.7		5.7 7.2	5.
Huntsville	1 1 1 1 1	160.9	160.1 242.0	8.7	11.6		5.4 7.9	8.8	6.
Mobile	1	244.0 145.9	145.5	18.6 9.0	21.4 9.2	18.1 8.2	6.2	6.3	5.
Montgomery Tuscaloosa	1	72.6	73.3	4.1	4.8	4.1	5.8	6.6	5.
laska	289.7	299.6	304.6	27.7	31.0	30.0	9.5	10.3	9.
Anchorage		135.4	135.5	9.1	10.0	9.8	7.0	7.4	7.
rizona		1,910.0	1,943.9	115.8	98.2	99.2	6.4	5.1	5.
Phoenix-Mesa		1,212.6	1,233.3	63.1	51.3	51.9	5.5	4.2	4.
Tucson	. 329.0	351.4	356.6	15.1	12.8	12.6	4.6	3.6	3.
rkansas		1,169.5	1,180.3	81.2	73.3	68.3	7.1	6.3	5.
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers		124.5	127.0	4.1	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.0	2.
Fort Smith		92.2	92.1	6.8	5.9	5.6	7.5	6.4	6.
Little Rock-North Little Rock		281.8 37.5	284.1 37.6	14.3 3.5	12.8 3.2	12.3 3.0	5.2 9.5	4.5 8.6	8
				}					
alifornia ¹		15,483.4	15,550.2	1,575.5	1,628.3	1,524.5	10.3	10.5	9
Bakersfield		272.0	277.2	44.3	46.2	45.7	16.7	17.0	16
Fresno		420.6	419.7	70.7	72.6	72.6	17.6	17.3	17
Los Angeles-Long Beach ¹		4,377.0	4,380.0	503.1	483.0	426.0	11.2	11.0	9
Modesto		196.9	198.4	34.9	36.9	36.9	18,4	18.7	18
Oakland		1,133.6	1,141.3	76.8	84.1	79.6	6.9	7.4	7
Orange County		1,340.5	1,350.4	91.0	96.7	89.0	6.9	7.2	6
Riverside-San Bernardino		1,291.8	1,300.1	134.0	145.5	136.5	10.8	11.3	10
Sacramento		708.1	710.9	62.5	64.0	61.8	9.1	9.0	8
Salinas		178.7	179.4	32.6	35.7	34.2	18.7	20.0	19
San Diego		1,235.0	1,237.7	95.0	104.1	97.8	7.9	8.4	7
San Francisco		923.3	926.3	55.9	62.0	57.9	6.3	6.7	e
San Jose		856.5	861.4	60.0	65.7	62.5	7.1	7.7	7
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		197.5	198.0	16.5	18.8	17.9	8.6	9.5	9
Santa Rosa		227.7	229.9	17.1	17.0	16.3	7.8	7.5	7
Stockton-Lodi		244.4	244.5	37.0	38.7	38.3	15.8	15.8	15
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa Ventura	229.5	233.7 377.1	235.2 381.0	20.4 32.5	21.1 36.8	20.0 33.5	8.9 8.8	9.0 9.7	8
			- 1		į				
olorado		1,941.9	1,937.1	119.0	126.3	123.8	6.5	6.5	6
Boulder-Longmont Denver		149.5 989.5	149.7 983.0	7.5 55.5	8.3 59.3	8.0 58.5	5.2 5.9	5.6 6.0	5
onnecticut	1,761.3	1,763.4	1,784.0	118.7	88.3	95.5	6.7	5.0	
Bridgeport	1 '	224.1	225.7	17.5	13.0	13.8	7.7	5.8	6
Hartford	1 :	616.6	626.8	44.6	33.2	36.0	7.1	5.4	,
New Haven-Meriden		277.0	280.2	17.4	13.4	14.4	6.3	4.8	5
Stamford-Newark		189.7	192.2	8.8	6.1	6.6	4.7	3.2	3
Waterbury		119.6	120.1	9.8	7.2	8.2	8.3	6.0	6
elaware		371.5	377.3	21.2	22.6	21.8	5.7	6.1	
Wilmington-Newark	. 278.1	280.6	284.7	16.7	18.2	17.2	6.0	6.5	6
district of Columbia		311.3	295.8	27.6	35.2	28.7	9.1	11.3	9
Washington		2,553.1	2,543.2	129.2	123.5	122.7	5.0	4.8	4
lorida¹		6,684.9	6,607.4	458.5	521.7	381.4	7.0	7.8	5
Daytona Beach		183.2	184.4	12.6	14.0	10.0	6.8	7.7	5
Fort LauderdaleFort Myers-Cape Coral		703.8	695.0	47.1	54.2	39.6	6.9	7.7	5
Gainesville		163.2 96.6	162.7 97.1	9.9 4.2	9.9 4.6	7.3 3.3	6.2 4.4	6.1 4.7	4 3
Jacksonville		478.3	472.4	27.1	31.4	23.1	4.4 5.8	6.6	4
Lakeland-Winter Haven		197.0	193.8	16.6	18.1	13.5	8.5	9.2	1 7
Melbourne-Titusville-Paim Bay		206.4	203.2	14.5	18.4	13.1	7.1	8.9	é
Miami		1,035.4	1,015.6	80.8	92.3	68.2	8.0	8.9	6
Orlando		724.5	717.2	45.8	92.3 51.1	37.4	6.5	7.1	3
Pensacola		162.7	160.8	8.5	10.2	7.6	5.3	6.3	2
Sarasota-Bradenton		234.6	234.7	11.8	13.3	9.8	5.0	5.7	
Tallahassee		135.4	135.3	5.7	7.6	5.4	4.2	5.6	1 2
		1,036.1	1,027.2	68.0	72.7	53.9	6.6	7.0	
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater									

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	C	ilian labor fo	rce			Unemp			
State and area		ilian labor to	rce	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Number			Percent of labor force	
	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Fel 199
Passala	2 206 0	2 552 4	2 506 1	205.9	253.7	235.3	6.1	7.	
ieorgia	3,386.9	3,552.4	3,586.1	1			6.1	7.1	6
Albany	51.5	52.8	53.2	4.5	5.3	5.1	8.7	10.1	9
Athens	63.5	65.5	65.5	3.1	3.7	3.4	4.8	5.6	5
Atlanta	1,729.7	1,821.1	1,849.9	94.2	116.1	108.2	5.4	6.4	5
Augusta-Aiken	201.3	202.2	205.9	13.9	14.9	15.3	6.9	7.4	7
Columbus	107.3	111.1	111.3	7.0	9.3	8.5	6.6	8.3	7
Macon	136.9	142.1	143.6	7.9	10.0	9.3	5.8	7.0	l e
Savannah	122.3	126.2	127.5	7.6	10.0	9.5	6.2	7.9	7
awaii	583,2	605.7	598.2	27.9	28.4	29.1	4.8	4.7	
Honolulu	425.7	442.6	438.9	14.5	16.1	16.9	3.4	3.6	8
iaho	530.8	573.5	582.4	42.0	36.9	37.6	7.9	6.4	•
Boise City	170.2	187.3	191.5	10.0	9.4	8.9	5.9	5.0	4
inois ¹	5,895.2	5,953.6	5,974.9	496.0	426.9	414.4	8.4	7.2	
Bloomington-Normal	76.4	76.3	77.2	4.5	3.7	3.2	5.9	4.8	4
Champaign-Urbana	92.9	90.2	93.2	5.3	4.7	4.5	5.7	5.2	
Chicago	3,893.7	3,939.0	3,951.6	310.8	266.3	259.0	8.0	6.8	•
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	182.6	182.4	182.3	12.9	12.1	11,1	7.1	6.7	6
Decatur	58.9	59.0	59.0	6.3	5.6	5.3	10.6	9.6	}
Kankakee	48.6	49.2	49.2	4.9	4.4	4.3	10.0	8.9	
						10.9			
Peoria-Pekin	168.2	169.0	168.9	13.9	11.7		8.3	6.9	9
Rockford	181.3	181.2	181.8	17.9	14.1	15.6	9.9	7.8	5
Springfield	103.8	103.5	104.1	7.1	6.2	5.8	6.8	6.0	5
diana	2,836.8	2,936.6	2,965.5	180.7	181.6	165.8	6.4	6.2	
Bloomington	56.9	60.0	62.0	2.5	3.1	3.3	4.5	5.1	
Elkhart-Goshen	84.8	89.9	89.8	4.6	4.3	3.8	5.4	4.7	4
Evansville-Henderson	145.7	146.6	149.1	9.5	8.9	8.5	6.5	6.1	!
Fort Wayne	244.5	249.7	254.1	14.1	14.5	12.5	5.8	5.8	1 4
Gary	288.2	290.5	295.9	22.2	21.8	19.9	7.7	7.5	1 6
Indianapolis	734.2	763.8	770.0	37.6	37.9	34.5	5.1	5.0	
Kokomo	49.5	52.0	51.9	3.2	3.0	2.6	6.4	5.8	
Lafayette	83.2	86.6	87.3	3.6	4.1	3.7	4.3	4.7	
Muncie	61.5	65.0	65.4	4.3	4.2	3.9	7.0	6.4	
	124.8	128.0		7.9			6.3	5.8	
South Bend Terre Haute	71.3	72.6	127.7 72.1	5.4	7.4 6.1	6.6 5.4	7.5	8.4	7
	1,518.3	1,549.5	1,552.9	73.2	88.0	76,8	4.8	5.7	
Cedar Rapids	102.1	107.1	106.7	4.0	5.1	4.5	3.9	4.8	
Des Moines	243.4	251.2	251.3	9.4	10.7	9.1	3.9	4.2	1 3
Dubuque	49.1	51.1	51.4	2.9	2.9	2.9	5.8	5.8	1
				1.7		1		3.2	
lowa City	61.6	64.6	64.0		2.1	1.8	2.7		
Sioux City	62.7 68.8	64.1 68.9	64.2 69.2	2.2 4.1	2.6 4.6	2.3 4.2	3.5 6.0	4.1 6.7	
Traisino-cuair ais			03.2			ł			,
ansas	1,305.0	1,325.8	1,316.6	67.6	95.2	77.4	5.2	7.2	1 5
Lawrence	48.7	48.5	48.0	2.6	3.4	2.6	5.4	7.1	
Topeka	87.0	89.6	88.8	4.6	6.1	4.7	5.3	6.8	1 5
Wichita	267.1	273.0	269.9	13.8	21.7	18.5	5.2	8.0	•
entucky	1,767.0	1,775.5	1,782.5	126.5	94.0	113.8	7.2	5.3	
Lexington	226.0	232.2	236.3	9.3	8.3	11.2	4.1	3.6	1 4
Louisville	496.9	506.2	510.9	28.2	22.1	29.6	5.7	4.4	1 :
Owensboro	45.6	45.3	44.8	3.6	2.2	2.5	8.0	4.9	
ouisiana	1,867.7	1,888.8	1,896.4	143.2	182.9	151.8	7.7	9.7	١,
Alexandria	54.7	55.4	55.6	3.9	4.9	4.2	7.1	8.9	1
Baton Rouge	267.6	268.3	271.3	16.8	22.9	19.3	6.3	8.5	1 :
	75.6	75.4	75.7	5.9	6.6	5.6	7.8	8.8	1 :
Houma						l.		1	
Lafayette	152.0	154.1	153.6	11.6	14.9	11.6	7.6	9.7	1 3
Lake Charles	78.0	80.3	79.8	7.4	8.0	6.3	9.5	10.0	1 3
Monroe	65.1	64.6	65.6	4.5	5.7	4.9	7.0	8.9	1
New Orleans	583.9	584.2	587.0	38.6	49.2	41.1	6.6	8.4	
Shreveport-Bossier City	169.0	171.9	172.1	12.0	16.7	13.9	7.1	9.7	
laine	625.0	618.4	620.3	57.7	68.0	57.2	9.2	11.0	9
Lewiston-Auburn	50.6	50.5	50.4	5.0	5.4	4.6	9.9	10.8	!
Portland	119.3	119.5	121.4	7.7	9.1	7,7	6.5	7.7	1 (

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area Aaryland	Feb. 1993 2,637.9 1,203.6 3,150.4 1,736.0 121.2 68.8	Jan. 1994 2,659.2 1,203.6 3,136.4	Feb. 1994P 2,668.3 1,205.6	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb.	Percent of labor force Jan.	Feb.
Baltimore #assachusetts1 Boston Brockton Fitchburg-Leominster Lawrence Lowell New Bedford	2,637.9 1,203.6 3,150.4 1,736.0 121.2	2,659.2 1,203.6 3,136.4	1994P 2,668.3	1993				Jan.	Fah
Baltimore #assachusetts1 Boston Brockton Fitchburg-Leominster Lawrence Lowell New Bedford	1,203.6 3,150.4 1,736.0 121.2	1,203.6 3,136.4		į			1993	1994	1994P
Baltimore #assachusetts1 Boston Brockton Fitchburg-Leominster Lawrence Lowell New Bedford	1,203.6 3,150.4 1,736.0 121.2	1,203.6 3,136.4			0.				٠.
Assachusetts¹ Boston Brockton Fitchburg-Leominster Lawrence Lowell New Bedford	3,150.4 1,736.0 121.2	3,136.4	1,200.0	173.1 91.6	170.4 88.3	172.3 89.1	6.6 7.6	6.4 7.3	6.5
Boston Brockton Fitchburg-Leominster Lawrence Lowell New Bedford	1,736.0 121.2		Į.	01.0	30.0	00	1.0	,0	
Brockton Fitchburg-Leominster Lawrence Lowell New Bedford	121.2	4 7 40 0	3,122.6	262.9	239.6	223.2	8.3	7.6	7.1
Fitchburg-Leominster Lawrence Lowell New Bedford		1,740.0	1,734.6	123.6	109.3	102.5	7.1	6.3	5.9
Lawrence Lowell New Bedford	688	119,9	119.5	12.2	10.2	9.7	10.1	8.5	8.
Lowell		68.0	67.3	5.7	5.6	5.2	8.3	8.2	7.
New Bedford	187.7	187.8	185.1	17.1	16.2	15.4	9.1	8.6	8.
	153.4	151.4	150.1	14.3	12.2	11.2	9.3	8.0	7. 13.
	83.7 42.0	83.7	82.0	11.0 4.5	12.0	10.8	13.2 10.8	14.3	9.6
Pittsfield	288.2	41.0 280.5	40.8 279.9	25.8	4.2 24.2	4.0 22.4	9.0	10.3 8.6	8.0
Worcester	248.1	243.2	242.9	19.3	16.9	15.8	7.8	6.9	6.5
WO Cester	240.1	240.2	242.5	19.5	10.5	15.6	7.0	0.5	0.
Aichigan¹	4,596.1	4,767.6	4,748.5	344.7	388.0	401.6	7.5	8.1	8.5
Ann Arbor	276.4	281.3	281.4	12.6	14.7	15.5	4.6	5.2	5.5
Benton Harbor	79.7	83.6	82.9	6.2	7.3	7.3	7.8	8.7	8.
Detroit	2,072.2	2,138.0	2,130.1	151.0	164.5	169.4	7.3	7.7	8.0
Flint	195.9	200.2	199.6	17.5	20.8	21.5	8.9	10.4	10.
Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland	503.7	523.2	520.6	31.4	34.8	35.4	6.2	6.7	6.
Jackson	71.1	75.1	74.6	5.5	6.4	6.6	7.8	8.5	8.
Kalamazoo-Battle-Creek	221.1	228.2	227.2	13.0	15.6	16.2	5.9	6.8	7.
Lansing-East Lansing	232.0	238.3	237.1	17.2	14.0	14.5	7.4	5.9	6.
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	188.5	195.9	194.2	13.5	17.0	17.6	7.2	8.7	9.0
linnesota	2,412.0	2,511.3	2,548.0	140.6	133.1	123.8	5.8	5.3	4.9
Duluth-Superior	116.1	118.1	120.0	9.8	9.1	9.2	8.4	7.7	7.
Minneapolis-St.Paul	1,480.0	1,544.8	1,567.5	68.4	62.1	58.3	4.6	4.0	3.
Rochester	62.6	66.0	66.7	2.3	2.8	2.6	3.7	4.2	4.0
St. Cloud	66.1	89.6	90.6	5.4	5.9	4.9	6.2	6.6	5.4
#lississippi	1,198.0 204.5	1,213.2 208.0	1,215.9 208.4	81.3 9.9	86.7 9.9	87.6 9.7	6.8 4.8	7.1 4.7	7.2 4.6
dissouri	2,617.7	2.637.7	2.609.9	170.2	161.8	152.2	6.5	6.1	5.6
Kansas City	861.8	891.7	881.7	46.0	51.3	45.7	5.3	5.8	5.
St. Louis LMA	1,257.3	1,284.6	1,273.3	82.2	75.4	70.3	6.5	5.9	5.
Springfield	146.9	154.2	152.1	8.0	7.8	6.7	5.5	5.1	4.
Aontana	421.4	428.9	430.6	32.1	28.9	28.7	7.6	6.7	6.
	}		Í			1			1
Lincoln	829.2 126.6	676.1 132.4	886.9 133.6	25.5 3.3	27.4 3.6	27.3	3.1 2.6	3.1 2.7	3.
Omaha	339.7	356.2	358.1	11.7	12.3	3.3 12.1	3.4	3.5	3.
Official	000.7	050.2	330.1	11.7	12.5	'2.'	5.4	5.5	1
levada	727.0	762.6	774.9	53.4	43.7	40.2	7.3	5.7	5.
Las Vegas	517.3	556.6	564.6	36.1	31.7	29.3	7.0	5.7	5.
Reno	158.1	161.4	164.4	11.9	8.9	8.1	7.5	5.5	4.
law tiamashira	045.4	605.5	640.0	40.0		20.0	7.0		5.
New Hampshire	615.4 97.2	625.5 97.8	613.8 95.4	48.8 7.5	34.7 5.3	36.2 5.5	7.9 7.7	5.5 5.4	5.
Nashua	97.6	96.8	94.6	7.5	5.5	5.9	7.7	5.7	6.
Portsmouth-Rochester	118.6	117.8	117.1	8.3	6.2	6.2	7.0	5.2	5.
lew Jersey¹	3.942.4	4,032.8	3,991.6	326.7	293.0	307.8	8.3	7.3	7.
Atlantic-Cape May	159.0	162.2	160.8	20.2	19.2	19.7	12.7	11.9	12.
Bergen-Passaic	645.9	663.9	654.7	53.2	49.8	52.3	8.2	7.5	8.
Jersey City	272.0	283.2	279.2	29.7	27.1	27.8	10.9	9.6	9.
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	572.2	591.3	586.3	37.9	32.1	34.5	6.6	5.4	5.
Monmouth-Ocean	467.6	481.8	476.9	35.1	33.7	36.2	7.5	7.0	7.
Newark	985.0	1,007.9	996.1	81.7	73.2	76.2	8.3	7.3	7.
Trenton	169.2 63.4	172.5 64.3	169.9 63.4	10.7 8.2	10.2 7.5	10.4 7.9	6.3 12.9	5.9 11.7	6. 12.
}		}	1						}
Albuquerque	743.7 320.8	772.3 334.9	774.1 335.9	52.4 18.5	48.8 17.3	39.7 13.5	7.0 5.8	6.3 5.2	5.
Las Cruces	60.6	62.3	62.9	18.5 4.7	5.1	13.5	5.8 7.8	5.2 8.1	6.
Santa Fe	70.7	72.9	74.4	2.5	2.3	2.2	7.8 3.6	3.1	2.

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Cisa	ilian labor fo	rce			Unemp	•		
State and area		mail labor to	ice .		Number			Percent of labor force	
	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Fet 1994
ew York ¹	8,706.6	8,576.8	8,560,4	744.0	702.1	724.7	8.5	8.2	8.
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		461.7	461.4	25.4	24.7	28.0	5.6	5.4	6.
		130.3	129.4	9.2	9.8	10.9	7.1	7.5	8.
Binghamton									
Buffalo-Niagara Falls		579.1	579.1	42.3	41.2	46.0	7.3	7.1	7.
Dutchess County		119.8	118.6	8.2	9.3	10.3	6.6	7.8	8.
Elmira		43.6	43.3	2.7	2.7	3.1	6.4	6.1	7.
Glens Falls		60.6	61.2	5.6	5.4	6.3	9.6	8.9	10.
Nassau-Suffolk		1,352.7	1,346.1	91.9	83.2	95.9	6.8	6.2	7.
New York		3,824.8	3,810.6	414.3	379.3	359.2	10.4	9.9	9.
New York City ¹		3,198.0	3,186.0	376.6	345.0	320.0	11.3	10.8	10.
Newburgh		167.5	166.8	11.0	10.4	11.8	6.5	6.2	7.
Rochester	. 568.9	576.4	573.9	30.8	32.9	36.5	5.4	5.7	6.
Syracuse		369.3	370.1	26.6	24.7	28.1	7.2	6.7	7.
Utica-Rome	. 142.5	144.4	144.5	11.0	10.2	11.5	7.7	7.1	8.
orth Carolina ¹		3,496.9 103.9	3,547.6 104.8	200.4 5.4	162.3 4.4	196.0 5.1	5.7 5.2	4.6 4.3	5. 4.
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		668.2	675.7	35.0	25.2	29.8	5.2 5.3	3.8	4.
									4
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High PointRaleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill		595.8 530.7	600.1 534.3	27.7 20.4	21.5 15.2	26.6 16.3	4.7 3.7	3.6 2.9	3
orth Dakota	306.9	320.9	323.8	15.0	18.1	16.3	4.9	5.6	5
Bismarck		47.2	47,1	2.4	3.0	2.4	5.2	6.3	5
Fargo-Moorhead		88.9	90.1	3.4	3.7	3.7	3.9	4.1	4
Grand Forks	1 . 1	65.2	66.2	2.3	2.7	2.5	3.7	4.2	3
hio¹		5,464.2	5,548.5	424.3	398.7	349.1	7.8	7.3	6
Akron		350.3	357.2	25.4	23.9	21.0	7.4	6.8	5
Canton-Massillon		200.6	201.7	15.9	16.1	13.7	8.1	8.0	6
Cincinnati	1 .	790.9	803.1	52.4	46.0	42.6	6.7	5.8	5
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria		1,069.5	1,086.9	85.9	78.2	68.2	8.0	7.3	6
Columbus		746.8	760.0	41.9	40.4	34.0	5.6	5.4	4
Dayton-Springfield		464.0	472.4	30.9	27.5	24.1	6.6	5.9	5
Toledo		302.9 284.6	306.6 286.1	23.0 27,9	22.1 25.7	19.3 21.8	7.7 10.0	7.3 9.0	6 7
Youngstown-Warren			ł						1
kiahoma		1,561.0	1,560.3	96.6	111.7	117,2	6.4	7.2	7
Enid		28.0	28.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	4.6	5.0	5
Lawton		43.7	43.9	2.6	3.2	3.3	6.0	7.2	7
Oklahoma CityTulsa		509.8 390.6	507.9 388.1	25.2 24.0	30.0 27.3	30.5 29.7	5.1 6.4	5.9 7.0	6
Pregon	1,549.4	1,579.7	1,585.4	130.9	126.4	130.1	8.5	8.0	8
Eugene-Springfield		149.1	149.8	12.9	12.1	12.8	8.8	8.1	ě
Medford-Ashland		78.7	78.6	7.7	7.3	7.6	10.0	9.3	9
Portland-Vancouver		912.7	910.9	63.7	49.0	51.0	7.1	5.4	5
Salem		147.8	149.8	11.5	12.4	12.3	7.9	8.4	8
ennsylvania'		5,762.1	5,727.2	478.8	388.3	351.5	8.2	6.7	6
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton		266.2	265.7	22.7	18.0	17.2	8.3	6.8	6
Altoona		62.0	61.4	5.2	4.7	4.1	8.5	7.6	6
Erie		136.5	135.7	11.0	9.8	8.9	8.0	7.2	6
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	. 327.4	324.7	319.0	19.1	17.2	13.8	5.8	5.3	4
Johnstown		105.9	104.0	13.6	11.0	9.9	12.8	10.4	9
Lancaster	. 224.9	222.9	220.2	12.7	11.6	9.7	5.6	5.2	4
Philadelphia		2,383.5	2,388.3	192.8	142.0	141.0	7.8	6.0	5
Pittsburgh		1,143.9	1,129.3	90.8	78.6	68.8	7.9 7.3	6.9 5.5	6
Reading		175.0	173.4	13.0	9.7	9.1		8.0	5
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazelton		339.7	336.5	31.7 6.7	27.3	24.8 3.7	9.3	8.0	7
State College		52.2 61.4	52.3 63.0	4.5	4.2 3.7	3.7	12.3 7.0	6.0	4
Williamsport		55.8	55.7	5.6	4.9	4.3	9.8	8.7	7
York	1	186.8	184.7	12.6	10.5	9.1	6.7	5.6	4
hode Island	514.7	523.4	515.4	47.5	59.2	46.5	9.2	11.3	9
Providence-Fall River-Warwick		600.0	592.1	59.3	67.8	55.5	10.0	11.3	9
outh Carolina		1,756.1	1,812.9	139.3	109.6	129.0	7.8	6.2	7
Charleston-North Charleston	. 244.0	234.4	241.6	16.1	12.9	15.3	6.6	5.5	•
Columbia		240.9 448.0	248.7 462.1	14.7 27.8	10.2 19.3	12.1 23.6	5.9 6.1	4.2 4.3	5
	1	352.4	357.6	14.0	10.6	12.1	4.0	3.0	3
outh Dakota		40.5	41.1	1		1		1	
Rapid City	. 39.8		41.1 1	1.8	1.3	1.5	4.5	3.2	

C-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas--Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

						Unemp			
State and area	Civ	ilian labor for	rce		Number			Percent of labor force	
	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Feb. 1994 ^p	Feb. 1993	Jan. 1994	Fe 199
ennessee	2,433.9	2,544.9	2,552.4	148.0	155.8	155.9	6.1	6.1	6
Chattanooga	1	219.7	219.6	11.2	12.5	11.9	5.4	5.7	5
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol		219.4	220.0	12.8	14.9	14.6	5.9	6.8	6
Knoxville		326.1	326.9	17.5	18.2	18.7	5.6	5.6	5
Memphis		491.8	492.3	26.9	27.9	26.9	5.7	5.7	5
Nashville	537.4	565.1	567.9	23.6	23.1	23.1	4.4	4.1	4
exas¹	8,934.5	9,254.5	9,241.2	725.1	630.4	702.4	8.1	6.8	7
Abilene		59.0	58.9	3.6	3.4	4.0	6.2	5.7	Ι 6
Amarillo		105.7	105.3	5.8	4.7	5.5	5.8	4.5	
Austin-San Marcos		562.4	558.6	23.5	22.0	23.5	4.4	3.9	
Beaumont-Port Arthur		187.2	186.9	22.3	19.0	20.6	12.1	10.2	1.
Brazoria		108.0	107.6	8.5	7.9	8.6	8.5	7.3	
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	I .	122.0	121.0	15.2	16.6	16.0	13.3	13.6	1:
Bryan-College Station	I .	68.2	68.7	2,4	2.1	2.4	3.7	3.1	
Corpus Christi		171.1	171.4	16.5	15.9	17.6	9.9	9.3	1
Dallas		1,645.4	1,648.1	111.9	93.3	105.6	7.1	5.7	
El Paso		283.0	283.2	30,6	29.5	34.0	11.3	10.4	1
Fort Worth-Arlington		793.0	788.8	57.8	49.1	54.2	7.5	6.2	
Galveston-Texas City		123.7	124.6	11.3	10.2	11,7	9.3	8.2	
Houston		1,937.5	1,925.9	153.8	131.7	146.9	8.2	6.8	
Killeen-Temple		105.2	1,923.9	6.7	5.8	6.7	6.7	5.5	
Laredo		65.2	65.2	6.3	6.0	6.8	10.2	9.1	1
Longview-Marshall		99.9	100.3	10.6	8.9	10.3	11.0	8.9	1
Lubbock	h .	115.9	117.0	6.8	5.4	6.2	5.9	4.7	· '
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission		177.7	179.9	32.2	29.7	32.6	19.1	16.7	1
Odessa-Midland		117.4	117.1	10.7	8.3	9.8	9.3	7.1	l .
		50.1						5.5	
San Angelo		1	50.1	2.9	2.8	3.1	5.9		l .
San Antonio	,	688.6	686.8	42.4	35.7	39.0	6.4	5.2	ļ
Sherman-Denison		46.4	46.3	4.0	3.2	3.5	8.7	6.9	١.
Texarkana		56.7	57.0	4.8	5.1	5.7	8.6	9.1	1
Tyler		81.8	81.7	6.4	5.2	5.7	8.1	6.4	
Victoria		43.1	43.1	2.7	2.7	3.0	6.8	6.2	1
Waco		96.3 62.7	95.9 62.9	6.5 4.2	5.1 3.5	5.4 4.0	6.9 6.9	5.3 5.6	
									}
lah		953.3	955.1	39.0 5.2	31.7	35.2	4.5	3.3	
Provo-Orem Salt Lake City-Odgen		139.6 616.4	140.6 616.7	23.2	3.9 18.9	4.4 20.6	4.1 4.1	2.8 3.1	
ermont		305.9	311.2	21.8	18.4	19.4	6.9	6.0	
Burlington	90.3	88.7	89.8	4.9	4,1	4.4	5.4	4.7	
rginia	3,348.3	3,362.8	3,363.3	187.3	183.4	185.4	5.6	5.5	
Charlottesville	69.9	69.5	70.9	2.7	2.8	3.2	3.9	4.1	1
Danville	57.3	57.8	58.3	4.0	3.9	4.1	7.0	6.8	
Lynchburg		106.5	106.0	5.4	6.0	5.6	5.2	5.6	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	691.1	698.2	695.0	39.8	43.5	42.8	5.8	6.2	
Richmond-Petersburg		490.7	492.2	26.4	23.7	24.1	5.4	4.8	
Roanoke	126.5	127.7	126.3	6.6	6.2	5.8	5.2	4.8	
ashington		2,784.2	2,742.7	238.7	189.2	204.3	9.0	6.8	
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	1,196.3	1,259.3	1,234.4	84.1	70.4	77.1	7.0	5.6	
est Virginia		766.3	765.8	92.7	90.4	89.2	12.0	11.8	1
Charleston		121.8	121.1	10.6	11.2	10.2	8.8	9.2	
Huntington-Ashland		128.2	128.6	14.7	11.8	12.1	11.0	9.2	
Parkersburg-MariettaWheeling		72.8 70.6	73.8 71.6	7.8 7.9	6.9 8.0	6.7 7.7	10.4 11.1	9.5 11.3	1
•									
Appleton Onlykoph Neongh		2,751.0	2,799.1	134.2	140.2	163.1	5.1	5.1	1
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah		207.0	209.4	7.9	9.2	10.2	4.0	4.5	1
Eau Claire		73.3	75.7	4.8	4.4	5.2	6.8	6.0	
Green Bay		120.2	121.0	5.0	5.5	6.3	4.5	4.6	l
Janesville-Beloit		75.0	76.3	4.4	4.1	4.8	6.1	5.5	1
Kenosha		73.5	73.6	3.7	3.6	4.2	5.4	4.9	1
La Crosse		66.4	68.3	3.2	3.0	3.4	4.8	4.5	}
Madison		238.5	244.8	5.4	5.9	7.0	2.3	2.5	1
Milwaukee-Waukesha		768.3	777.1	30.5	32.9	37.0	4.1	4.3	
RacineSheboygan		91.8	93.6	5.6	5.5	6.5	6.3	5.9	1
aneovoan		59.0	59.6	2.2	2.3	2.3	4.1	3.9	
Wausau	64.6	67.0	68.7	3.8	3.8	4.9	5.9	5.7	1
		67.0 247.5	246.4	16.1	3.8 24,1	19.9	6.9	9.7	

¹ Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS). See the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error Section for Region, State, and Area Labor Force Data.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Data, beginning 1994, are not directly comparable with those for 1993 and prior years as a result of the redesign of the

CPS. In addition, data comparisons are affected by the incorporation of 1990 census-based population controls (covering the 1990-93 period) and other methodological changes. For additional information, see "Revisions in State and Area Estimates Effective January 1994" in the March 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

D-1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		19	91			19	92	r. -		19	93		1994
sex, and age	l	=	1111	IV	1	II	111	١٧	1	H	131	IV	1
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	189,112	189,523	189,978	190,449	190,888	191,310	191,786	192,319	192,796	193,288	193,799	194,315	196,08
Civilian labor force	125,023	125,424	125,219	125,579	126,301	127,074	127,334	127,230	127,355	127,890	128,181	128,713	130,67
Percent of population	66.1	66.2	65.9	65.9	66.2	66.4	66.4	66.2	66.1	66.2	66.1	66.2	66.
Employed	116,876	116,978	116,795	116,827	117,101	117,567	117,761	117,951	118,394	118,984	119,543	120,311	122,08
Employment-population ratio ²	61.8	61.7	61.5	61.3	61.3	61.5	61.4	61.3	61.4	61.6	61.7	61.9	62.
Unemployed	8,148	8,446	8,424	8,752	9,200	9,507	9,573	9,279	8,961	8,906	8,638	8,402	8,58
Unemployment rate		6.7	6.7	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.0	7.0	6.7	6.5	6.
Men, 16 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population'		90,418	90,662	,	91,165		,	91,952			92,754	93,030	
Civilian labor force		68,455	68,400	68,479	68,769	69,287	69,347	69,334	69,371	69,633	69,719	,	70,63
Percent of population		75.7	75.4	75.3	75.4	75.8	75.7	75.4	75.2	75.3	75.2	75.0	75.
Employed			63,523	63,521	63,457	63,802		64,042		64,582	64,796		
Employment-population ratio ²		70.4	70.1	69.9	69.6	69.8	69.7	69.6	69.7	69.8	69.9	70.0	70
Agriculture		2,575	2,583	2,519	2,484	2,527	2,567	2,548	2,497	2,435	2,399	2,439	
Nonagricultural industries		61,038	60,940	61,002	60,973	61,275		61,494	61,810		, ,	62,685	
Unemployed		4,842	4,877	4,958	5,312	5,485		5,292			4,923	4,663	
Unemployment rate	6.8	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.7	7.9	7.9	7.6	7.3	7.3	7.1	6.7	6.
Not in labor force	21,883	21,963	22,262	22,442	22,396	22,106	22,305	22,618	22,843	22,849	23,035	23,242	23,33
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population'			83,943	84,254	84,535						86,009		
Civilian labor force,		64,845	64,887	64,983	65,252	65,773	65,775	65,753			66,133		66,76
Percent of population	77.5	77.5	77.3	77.1	77.2	77.6	77.4	77.1	76.9		76.9	76.8	76.
Employed	60,661	60,726	60,713	60,734	60,696	61,058	61,109	61,195	61,464	61,756	61,925	62,310	62,82
Employment-population ratio ²	72.8	72.6	72.3	72.1	71.8	72.0	71.9	71.8	71.8	72.0	72.0	72.2	72.
Agriculture	2,305	2,373	2,389	2,352	2,328	2,365	2,379	2,341	2,295	2,246	2,231	2,286	2,34
Nonagricultural industries	58,357	58,354	58,324	58,382	58,368	58,693	58,731	58,854	59,170	59,510	59,695	60,025	60,47
Unemployed	3,942	4,119	4,174	4,249	4,556	4,715	4,666	4,558	4,328	4,285	4,208	3,965	3,93
Unemployment rate	6.1	6.4	6.4	6.5	7.0	7.2	7.1	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.0	5.
Not in labor force	18,773	18,805	19,056	19,271	19,283	18,983	19,235	19,509	19,762	19,765	19,876	19,983	20,06
Women, 16 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population ^t	98,905	99,106	99,316		99,723		100,135		100,582			101,285	
Civilian labor force	56,699	56,969	56,820		57,532	57,787	57,988	57,896	57,984	58,257	58,462		60,03
Percent of population	57.3	57.5	57.2	57.4	57.7	57.8	57.9	57.7	57.6	57.8	57.9	58.2	58.
Employed	53,197	53,365	53,272	53,306	53,644	53,765	53,868	53,909	54,087	54,402	54,747	55,187	56,14
Employment-population ratio ²	53.8	53.8	53.6	53.6	53.8	53.8	53.8	53.7	53.8	54.0	54.2	54.5	55.
Agriculture	673	671	686	690	703	693	655	646	635	623	648	638	81
Nonagricultural industries		52,694	52,586	52,616	52,941	53,073	53,214	53,263	53,452	53,779	54,100	54,549	55,33
Unemployed	3,502	3,604	3,548	3,795	3,888	4,022	4,119	3,987	3,897	3,854	3,715	3,739	3,88
Unemployment rate		6.3	6.2	6.6	6.8	7.0	7.1	6.9	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.
Not in labor force	42,206	42,137	42,496	42,427	42,191	42,130	42,147	42,471	42,598	42,550	42,583	42,359	42,07
Women, 20 years and over											į		1
Civilian noninstitutional population1	92,203	92,453	92,724	92,955	93,196	93,405	93,633	93,860	94,081	94,264	94,497	94,710	95,16
Civilian labor force		53,590	53,620		54,301	54,578			54,772		55,200		56,48
Percent of population		58.0	57.8		58.3	58.4	58.5	58.3			58.4		59
Employed		50,553	50,647				1	51,315			-		
Employment-population ratio ²		54.7	54.6		54.7	54.8		54.7					
Agriculture	1		646										
Nonagricultural industries		1		1			1 :	1	1	1	l	1	
Unemployed	2,916		2,973										
Unemployment rate			5.5			6.2				1 .			
Not in labor force	38,940												
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1												
Civilian noninstitutional population1	13,532	13,420	13,312	13,239	13,157	13,149	13,144	13,196	13,160	13,218	13,293	13,347	14,08
Civilian labor force	7,158		6,712	1		6,723		6,749	6,791	6,862	6,848	6,816	7,42
Percent of population			50.4	51.3			51.6			51.9	51.5	51.1	52
Employed	•		5,435	1	1				1	1	l .		
Employment-population ratio ²			40.8						1 .	1 -			
Agriculture			233					252		,			
Nonagricultural industries			5,202										
Unemployed	1			1									
Unemployment rate				1		1							
Not in labor force			6,600	1		1							
TYOUR HEADON TOLOG	0,3/4	0,431	, 0,000	1 0,447	, 0,410	0,420	1 0,500	J V, TT /	1 0,000	, 5,550	, ,,,,,,,,	, 5,551	1 5,5

not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and* Earnings.

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

² Employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables D-1 through D-10 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Data for 1994 are

D-2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		19	91			19	92			19	93		1994
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	ı	ıı .	188	ŧ٧	1	И	111	١٧	1	11	III	IV	ı
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population		161,357											
Civilian labor force													
Percent of population		66.7	66.4	66.5	66.7	66.8		66.6			66.7	66.9	67.
Employed													
Employment-population ratio ²		62.7	62.4	62.4	62.4			62.4				63.0	
Unemployed Unemployment rate	6,223 5.8		6,480 6.0		6,964 6.4			6,927 6.4	6,697 6.2	6,625 6.1	6,474 5.9	6,362 5.8	
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	56,076	56,268	56,308	56,335	56,540	56,900	56,912	56,895	56,960	57,059	57,143	57,264	57,349
Percent of population		77.9	77.8	77.6	77.7	78.0	77.8	77.6			77.4	77.4	77.4
Employed			52,995				53,320				53,925	54,235	
Employment-population ratio ²			73.2	73.0	72.8	73.0		72.8			73.1	73.3	
Unemployed Unemployment rate	3,100 5.5		3,313 5.9	3,349 5.9	3,537 6.3	3,653 6.4	1 '	3,495 6.1	3,335 5.9	3,261 5.7	3,218 5.6		
			"		5.5							3.0	
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force		45,321	45,282	45,477	45,832	45,950	46,041	46,063	46,083	46,264	46,525	46,783	47,130
Percent of population	57.6	57.8	57.6	57.7	58.1	58.1	58.1	58.1	58.0	58.1	58.4	58.6	59.1
Employed		43,074	43,074	43,133	43,399	43,492	43,445	43,565	43,673	43,863	44,188	44,390	44,786
Employment-population ratio ²		54.9	54.8	54.8	55.0		54.9	54.9	55.0	55.1	55.4	55.6	56.1
Unemployed		2,247	2,208	2,344	2,433	2,458	2,597	2,498	2,409	2,400	2,338	2,394	2,344
Unemployment rate	4.8		4.9	5.2	5.3			5.4	5.2		5.0		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force		6,020	5,809	5,881	5,776	5,715		5,731	5,773	5,810	5,842	5,895	6,310
Percent of population	56.8	56.2	54.6	55.5	54.8	54.5	54.9	54.5	54.8	55.0	55.1	55.4	56.3
Employed	5,189	5,028	4,850	4,881	4,782	4,711	4,750	4,796	4,820	4,646	4,924	4,956	5,305
Employment-population ratio ²	47.9	46.9	45.6	46.1	45.3	44.9	45.3	45.6	45.8	45.9	46.5	46.6	47.4
Unemployed	962	992	959	1,000	994	1,005	1,002	935	953	963	918	940	1,005
Unemployment rate	15.6	16.5	16.5	17.0	17.2	17.6	17.4	16.3	16.5	16.6	15.7	15.9	15.9
Men		17.9	17.6	17.8	18.9			16.9	17.6	18.1	17.4	17.5	17.3
Women	14.3	15.0	15.3	16.1	15.4	16.1	15.8	15.6	15.3	15.0	13.9	14.3	14.4
BLACK													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹								22,096			22,376		
Civilian labor force			13,536		13,737	13,873		13,931	13,898		13,947	14,004	
Percent of population			62.5	62.3	62.9		1	63.0	62.6		62.3		
Employed			11,886		11,834						, ,	1 '	
Employment-population ratio ²			54.9	54.3	54.2			54.1	54.1	54.1	54.5		
Unemployed			1,650		1,903			1,968			1,760		,
Unemployment rate	12.1	12.5	12.2	12.8	13.9	14.3	14.1	14.1	13.6	13.3	12.6	12.0	12.8
Men, 20 years and over	}												j
Civilian labor force	6,373	6,342	6,359	6,382	6,434	6,475	6,494	6,485	6,503	6,4 6 5	6,523	6,493	6,631
Percent of population	74.0	73.4	73.1	72.9	73.2	73.3	73.2	72.7	72.5	71.7	72.1		72.7
Employed	5,658		5,633		5,565			5,619			5,741		
Employment-population ratio ²	65.7	64.6	64.8	64.6	63.3	63.5	63.2	63.0	63.3	62.8	63.4		64.3
Unemployed	714		726	727	869	866	880	866	826	808	782	733	767
	11.2	12.0	11.4	11.4	13.5	13.4	13.6	13.3	12.7	12.5	12.0	11.3	11.6
Unemployment rate	1		1				İ	1					
							!	1				į	
Unemployment rate Women, 20 years and over Civilian labor force	6,380		6,459		6,516		6,720	6,657	6,607	6,651	6,645	,	
Women, 20 years and over Civilian labor force Percent of population	59.2	59.7	59.5	59.0	59.5	60.2	60.8	60.0	59.3	59.5	59.2	60.1	61.3
Women, 20 years and over Civilian labor force	59.2 5,741	59.7 5,781	59.5 5,806	59.0 5,699	59.5 5,773	60.2 5,826	60.8 5,945	60.0 5,877	59.3 5,856	59.5	59.2 5,942	60.1 6,104	61.3 6,199
Women, 20 years and over Civilian labor force	59.2 5,741 53.3	59.7 5,781 53.4	59.5 5,806 53.4	59.0 5,699 52.2	59.5	60.2	60.8 5,945 53.8	60.0 5,877 53.0	59.3 5,856	59.5 5,943	59.2	60.1 6,104	61.3 6,199 54.2
Women, 20 years and over Civilian labor force	59.2 5,741	59.7 5,781 53.4 676	59.5 5,806	59.0 5,699 52.2	59.5 5,773	60.2 5,826 53.0	60.8 5,945	60.0 5,877 53.0	59.3 5,856 52.6	59.5 5,943 53.2	59.2 5,942	60.1 6,104 54.2	61.3 6,199 54.2

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

D-2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		19	91			19	92			19	93		1994
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	1	11	111	IV	1	11	111	١٧	1	II	111	≥	1
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											ļ		
Civilian labor force Percent of population Employed Employment-population ratio ² Unemployed Unemployment rate Men Women	789 37.3 502 23.7 287 36.4 36.7 36.1	747 35.4 492 23.3 255 34.1 36.2 31.8	718 34.3 447 21.3 271 37.8 37.1 38.5	728 35.0 459 22.1 269 36.9 36.0 38.0	787 37.9 496 23.9 291 36.9 38.1 35.6	771 37.2 459 22.1 313 40.5 44.1 36.8	803 38.8 475 22.9 328 40.8 43.5 37.9	789 38.0 467 22.5 322 40.8 42.7 38.6	788 37.8 472 22.6 316 40.1 41.1 39.0	795 38.1 460 22.0 335 42.1 42.1 42.2	37.0 504		38.1 555 25.3 281 33.6 38.5
HISPANIC ORIGIN Civilian noninstitutional population¹	9,633	14,711 9,721 66.1 8,785 59.7 937 9.6	14,829 9,834 66.3 8,827 59.5 1,007 10.2	14,948 9,875 66.1 8,864 59.3 1,011	15,066 10,021 66.5 8,902 59.1 1,119 11.2	15,184 10,105 66.6 8,959 59.0 1,146 11.3	15,303 10,184 66.5 8,988 58.7 1,196 11.7	15,421 10,219 66.3 9,035 58.6 1,184 11.6	66.1	10,255 65.4	15,824 10,380 65.6 9,318 58.9 1,061 10.2	10,595 66.4 9,458	11,817 66.0 10,608 59.3

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

² Employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

D-3. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Full- and part-time status, sex,		19	91			19	92			19	93		1994
and age	ı	II	111	IV	I	11	m	IV	1	ll	(II	IV	1
EMPLOYED													
Full-time workers	96,802	96,633	96,528	96,353	96,624	97,105	97,077	97,273	97,718	98,131	98,588	99,304	98,334
Men, 16 years and over	57,179	56,991	56,806	56,770	56,662	57,015	56,859	57,056	57,323	57,444	57,725	58,085	58,027
Men, 20 years and over	55,982	55,899	55,822	55,704	55,592	56,014	55,895	56,006	56,286	56,446	56,684	56,986	56,993
Women, 16 years and over	39,642	39,636	39,630	39,662	40,033	40,062	40,149	40,283	40,444	40,657	40,835	41,252	40,325
Women, 20 years and over	38,815	38,797	38,892	38,924	39,295	39,372	39,420	39,556	39,732	39,907	40,075	40,492	39,541
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,005	1,937	1,815	1,725	1,737	1,719	1,763	1,711	1,701	1,777	1,829	1,826	1,800
Part-time workers	20,079	20,314	20,379	20,423	20,429	20,435	20,794	20,625	20,628	20,823	21,011	21,006	23,704
Men, 16 years and over	6,515	6,584	6,736	6,782	6,820	6,737	7,051	7,015	6,976	7,080	7,080	7,087	7,892
Men, 20 years and over	4,699	4,815	4,920	5,013	5,104	5,029	5,260	5,174	5,177	5,295	5,267	5,314	5,829
Women, 16 years and over	13,551	13,717	13,654	13,654	13,608	13,683	13,730	13,631	13,653		13,916	13,947	15,816
Women, 20 years and over	11,537	11,752	11,735	11,695	11,702	11,798	11,813	11,771	11,761	11,822	11,903	11,955	13,633
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,843	3,747	3,725	3,715	3,623	3,608	3,721	3,680	3,690	3,706	3,841	3,737	4,242
UNEMPLOYED													
Looking for full-time work	6,702	6,913	6,952	7,212	7,624	7,859	7,904	7,610	7,337	7,271	7,101	6,837	7,041
Men, 16 years and over	4,112	4,201	4,229	4,325	4,793	4,786	4,679	4,555	4,479	4,342	4,255	4,045	4,026
Men, 20 years and over	3,709	3,855	3,904	3,966	4,291	4,436	4,385	4,261	4,064	4,002	3,938	3,700	3,657
Women, 16 years and over	2,642	2,689	2,691	2,861	2,957	3,035	3,194	3,003	2,929	2,906	2,846	2,794	3,002
Women, 20 years and over	2,363	2,454	2,418	2,628	2,728	2,764	2,898	2,778	2,682	2,649	2,590	2,567	2,765
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	631	604	630	619	605	659	621	572	591	620	574	570	620
Looking for part-time work	1,443	1,522	1,490	1,534	1,576	1,631	1,683	1,671	1,627	1,621	1,542	1,559	1,555
Men, 16 years and over	596	613	605	611	663	659	705	697	666	686	644	625	675
Men, 20 years and over	239	256	277	273	271	267	290	290	269	274	273	261	290
Women, 16 years and over	845	898	886	926	920	959	980	973	962	926	896	947	879
Women, 20 years and over	552	578	561	574	586	638	620	645	620	601	599	623	545
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	652	688	652	686	718	726	773	736	737	746	670	675	720
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES													
Full-time workers	6.5	6.7	6.7	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.0	6.9	6.7	6.4	6.7
Men, 16 years and over	6.7	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.4	7.2	7.0	6.9	6.5	6.5
Men, 20 years and over		6.5	6.5	6.6	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.1	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.1	6.0
Women, 16 years and over	6.2	6.4	6.4	6.7	6.9	7.0	7.4	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.3	6.9
Women, 20 years and over	5.7	5.9	5.9	6.3	6.5	6.6	6.8	6.6	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	23.9	23.8	25.8	26.4	25.8	27.7	26.0	25.0	25.8	25.9	23.9	23.8	25.6
Part-time workers	6.7	7.0	6.8	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.2	6.8	6.9	6.2
Men, 16 years and over	8.4	8.5	8.2	8.3	8.9	8.9	9.1	9.0	8.7	8.8	8.3	8.1	7.9
Men, 20 years and over	4.8	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.3	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.7
Women, 16 years and over	5.9	6.1	6.1	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.1	6.4	5.3
Women, 20 years and over	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.8	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.8	5.0	3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	14.5	15.5	14.9	15.6	16.5	16.8	17.2	16.7	16.6	16.8	14.9	15.3	14.5

¹ These rates reflect a refined definition of the full- and part-time labor force and differ from the rates published elsewhere in this publication Prior to 1994.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993

and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

D-4. Employed persons by marital status, occupation, class of worker, and part-time status, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

0-4		19	91		L	19	92			19	93		1994
Category	1	11	Ш	IV	ı	11	HI	IV	ı	II	111	IV	ī
MARITAL STATUS													
Total	116.876	116.978	116.795	116.827	117,101	117.567	117.761	117.951	118.394	118,984	119.543	120.311	122.088
Married men, spouse present				40,389	40,072		40,313	40,536			40,832		
Married women, spouse present	29,631	29,729	29,890	29,846	29,910	30,175	30,244	30,219	30,428	30,309	30,456	30,855	31,533
Women who maintain families	6,427	6,416	6,475	6,511	6,576	6,555	6,585	6,615	6,671	6,833	6,826	6,727	7,100
OCCUPATION													
Managerial and professional specialty	30,826	30,924	30,977	31,321	30,974	31,040	31,132	31,461	31,963	31,979	32,461	32,713	33,094
Technical, sales, and administrative													
support	36,228		36,013	35,978	36,789	36,942	36,838	36,683	36,524	36,711	36,968	37,061	37,22
Service occupations	15,822		16,102		16,080		16,157	16,115		, ,	16,494		16,99
Precision production, craft, and repair	13,424		13,009		12,956	13,072	13,234	13,219			13,498		13,56
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	17,174			17,064	16,920	16,949	16,982		17,153		16,906		
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,439	3,500	3,474	3,404	3,423	3,403	3,488	3,503	3,374	3,319	3,289	3,334	3,64
CLASS OF WORKER	,							:					
Agriculture:										1			
Wage and salary workers	1,617	1,698	1,699	1,653	1,681	1,718	1,706	1,668	1,620	1,612	1,620	1,700	1,67
Self-employed workers	1,419	1,440	1,459	1,449	1,416	1,389	1,403	1,388	1,382	1,345	1,318	1,285	1,62
Unpaid family workers	139	111	116	114	96	112	110	130	127	107	98	93	5
lonagricultural industries:			[l	1		i				ŀ
Wage and salary workers	104,660	104,518	104,464	104,444	105,102	105,547	105,678	105,829	106,172	106,624	107,253	107,983	109,47
Private industries	86,834	86,553	86,605	86,497	87,321	87,615	87,304	87,571	87,687	88,073	88,763	89,492	91,21
Private households	981	974	1,028	983	1,078	1,114	1,159	1,104	1,095	1,087	1,111	1,129	1,01
Other industries	85,853	85,578	85,577	85,514	86,243	86,501	86,145	86,466	86,592	86,986	87,652	88,364	90,20
Government	17,826	17,966	17,859	17,947	17,782	17,932	18,374	18,259	18,485	18,551	18,490	18,491	18,26
Self-employed workers	8,861	8,970	8,877	8,888	8,620	8,528	8,648	8,683	8,896	9,084	9,023	9,008	9,14
Unpaid family workers	229	230	213	231	228	251	235	212	224	193	233	223	134
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME													}
All industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	5,828	5,948	6,081	6,359	6,527	6,300	6,273	6,447	6,322	6,443	6,438	6,182	4,934
Slack work or business conditions	3,128	3,199			3,258		3,205	3,172	3,101	3,236			
Could only find part-time work	2,325	2,480		2,723	2,930			2,978			2,953		
Part time for noneconomic reasons	15,037	15,119	,				14,908	, ,			_,	_,	_,
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	5,533	5.684	5,793	6.099	6,235	6,020	6,027	6,187	6,081	6,200	6,201	5,932	4.66
Slack work or business conditions	2,933	3,004	2,988	3,132	3,073	,	, ,	2,996			-,		,
Could only find part-time work	2,255	2,398	2,518	2.649	2,850			2,903					
Part time for noneconomic reasons	14,623	14,694	14.531	14,423	14,173		14,465	14.392					

¹Persons at work excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs during the entire reference week for reasons such as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute. Part time for noneconomic reasons excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as holidays, illness, and bad

weather.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

D-5. Employed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

Age and sex		19	91			19	92			19	93		1994
Age and sex	1	11	Ш	IV	1	15	111	IV	1	11	111	IV	1
Total, 16 years and over	116,876	116,978	116,795	116,827	117,101	117,567	117,761	117,951	118,394	118,984	119,543	120,311	122,088
16 to 24 years	18,259	17,918	17,601	17,648	17,563	17,491	17,561	17,595	17,629	17,669	17,706	17,673	18,753
16 to 19 years	5,868	5,699	5,435	5,487	5,420	5,341	5,386	5,441	5,462	5,500	5,599	5,569	6,083
16 to 17 years		2,151	2,044	2,091	2,037	2,037	2,074	2,050	2,079	2.111	2.177	2,199	
18 to 19 years		3,545	3,407	3,404	3,392	3,294	3,322	3,386	3,372	3,384	3,416		3,679
20 to 24 years		12,219	12,166	12,161	12,143	12,150	12,175	12,155	12,167	12,169		12,105	
25 years and over		99.041	99,205								101,838		
25 to 54 years	83,940	84,341	84,530	84,635	84,789			85,734	86,093	86,556			
55 years and over	14,692	14,669	14,684		14,761	14,701	14,653		14,702				
Men, 16 years and over	63,679	63,613	63,523	63,521	63,457	63,802	63,893	64,042	64,307	64,582	64,796	65,125	65,942
16 to 24 years	9,494	9,318	9,212	9,160	9,047	9,082	9,183	9,242	9,243	9,157	9,209	9,172	9,801
16 to 19 years	3,017	2,887	2,810	2,787	2,761	2,744	2,784	2,847	2.843	2.826	2.871	2.814	3,116
16 to 17 years		1,106	1,053	1.056	1.028	1.037	1.068	1,076	1.085	1.087	1,121	1,130	1,207
18 to 19 years		1,777	1,766	1,738	1,746	1,700	1.718	1,769	1.751	1.736	1.739		1,896
20 to 24 years		6,431	6,402	6.373	6.286	6,338	6.399	6.395	6,400	6.331	6,338	6.357	6,685
25 years and over		54,280	54,317	54,365	54,411	54,705	54,715	54,806	55,067	55,410			56,161
25 to 54 years		45,912	46,029		46,041	46,305	46,451	46,553	46,761	47,113			
55 years and over	8,342	8,339	8,292		8,382	8,372	8,262		8,320		8,225		8,162
Women, 16 years and over	53,197	53,365	53,272	53,306	53,644	53,765	53,868	53,909	54,087	54,402	54,747	55,187	56,147
16 to 24 years	8,765	8,600	8.388	8,489	8,516	8,409	8,378	8,353	8,386	8,512	8,498	8,502	8.951
16 to 19 years	2.850	2.812	2.625	2,700	2.659	2,597	2,603		2,619		2,728		
16 to 17 years	1,064	1,044	991	1,035	1,009	1,000	1,007	974	994	1.025	1.056		
18 to 19 years	1,789	1.767	1,642		1,646	1,594	1,604	1,617	1.621	1,648	1.677	1.685	
20 to 24 years		5,788	5.763		5,857	5.812	5,776		5,767				
25 years and over		44,761	44.888						45,703		-,		
25 to 54 years			38,500	,	38,748	39,016			39,333				
55 years and over	6,350	6,330	6,392		6,379	6,330		6,390	6,382	6,430			

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

D-6. Unemployed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

		19	91	ļ		19	92			199	93	,	1994
Age and sex	ı	Н	Ш	IV	ı	н	III	IV	ı	II.	111	IV	1
Total, 16 years and over	8,148	8,446	8,424	8,752	9,200	9,507	9,573	9,279	8,961	8,906	8,638	8,402	8,586
16 to 24 years		2,749	2,773	2,870	2,859	2,919	2,977	2,833	2,828	2,827	2,651	2,555	2,843
16 to 19 years		1,290	1,277	1,305	1,327	1,382	1,395	1,309	1,329	1,362	1,249	1,248	1,338
16 to 17 years	534	544	573	593	580	642	630	599	623	605	539	553	632
18 to 19 years	748	756	701	717	738	751	758	714	697	767	702	700	698
20 to 24 years	1,395	1,459	1,495	1,565	1,532	1,537	1,582	1,524	1,499		1,401	1,307	1,505
25 years and over	5,471	5,695	5,651	5,864	6,352	6,586	6,600	6,431	6,145	6,073	5,987	5,838	5,758
25 to 54 years		5,058	5,064	5,281	5,663	5,784	5,823	5,745	5,465	5,397	5,313	5,200	5,058
55 years and over	583	612	590	614	684	767	786	717	670	648	678	668	698
Men, 16 years and over	4,645	4,842	4,877	4,958	5,312	5,485	5,454	5,292	5,064	5,052	4,923	4,663	4,697
16 to 24 years	1,523	1,556	1,583	1,582	1,659	1,659	1,655	1,608	1,578	1,605	1,522	1,434	1,586
16 to 19 years		723	703	709	756	770	788	733	736	767	715	698	759
16 to 17 years		288	309	304	324	358	350	332	347	350	307	304	355
18 to 19 years		442	391	404	428	423	432	402	384	427	402	394	400
20 to 24 years		833	880	873	903	889	867	875	842	838	806	736	828
25 years and over		3,264	3,283	3,368	3,671	3,820	3,792	3,678	3,501	3,437	3,397	3,226	
25 to 54 years		2,878	2,905	3,018	3,234	3,313	3,332	3,252	3,090	3,028	2,966	2,830	
55 years and over		389	379	370	435	486	466	441	409	394	432	406	398
Women, 16 years and over	3,502	3,604	3,548	3,795	3,888	4,022	4,119	3,987	3,897	3,854	3,715	3,739	3,886
16 to 24 years	1,162	1,194	1,190	1,288	1,201	1,260	1,321	1,225	1,250	1,222	1,129	1,121	1,257
16 to 19 years	1 '	567	575		572	612	607	575	593	595	534	549	
16 to 17 years	1	256	264	288	256	284	280	268	276	255	232	249	
18 to 19 years	1 . 1	314	310	313	311	328	326	312	312	340	300	306	
20 to 24 years		626	615		629	649	714	649	658	627	595	571	
25 years and over		2.411	2,368		2,681	2,766	2,808	2,753	2,644	2,635	2,589	2,612	2,63
25 to 54 years		2.180	2,159		2,429	2,471	2,491	2,493	2,375	2,369	2,347	2,370	2,32
55 years and over		222	211	244	248	281	319	277	262		246	262	300

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

D-7. Unemployment rates by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

		19	91			19	92			19	93		1994
Age and sex		11	111	IV	ı	H	III	IV	ı	11	111	IV	1
Total, 16 years and over	6.5	6.7	6.7	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.0	7.0	6.7	6.5	6.6
16 to 24 years	12.8	13.3	13.6	14.0	14.0	14.3	14.5	13.9	13.8	13.8	13.0	12.6	13.2
16 to 19 years	18.0	18.5	19.0	19.2	19.7	20.6	20.6	19.4	19.6	19.8	18.2	18.3	18.0
16 to 17 years	19.4	20.2	21.9	22.1	22.2	24.0	23.3	22.6	23.1	22.3	19.8	20.1	21.0
18 to 19 years	17.0	17.6	17.1	17.4	17.9	18.6	18.6	17.4	17.1	18.5	17.1	17.2	15.9
20 to 24 years	10.1	10.7	10.9	11.4	11.2	11.2	11.5	11.1	11.0	10.7	10.4	9.7	10.6
25 years and over	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.6	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.3
25 to 54 years	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.9	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.4
55 years and over	3.8	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.4	5.0	5.1	4.7	4.4	4.2	4.4	4.3	4.5
Men, 16 years and over	6.8	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.7	7.9	7.9	7.6	7.3	7.3	7.1	6.7	6.6
16 to 24 years	13.8	14.3	14.7	14.7	15.5	15.4	15.3	14.8	14.6	14.9	14.2	13.5	13.9
16 to 19 years	18.9	20.0	20.0	20.3	21.5	21.9	22.1	20.5	20.6	21.3	19.9	19.9	19.6
16 to 17 years	20.9	20.7	22.7	22.4	23.9	25.7	24.7	23.6	24.2	24.4	21.5	21.2	22.7
18 to 19 years	17.5	19.9	18.1	18.9	19.7	19.9	20.1	18.5	18.0	19.7	18.8	18.9	17.4
20 to 24 years	11.2	11.5	12.1	12.0	12.6	12.3	11.9	12.0	11.6	11.7	11.3	10.4	11.0
25 years and over	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.8	6.3	6.5	6.5	6.3	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.5	5.3
25 to 54 years	5.7	5.9	5.9	6.1	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.6	5.4
55 years and over	4.2	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.9	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.7	4.5	5.0	4.7	4.6
Women, 16 years and over	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.6	6.8	7.0	7.1	6.9	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.5
16 to 24 years	11.7	12.2	12.4	13.2	12.4	13.0	13.6	12.8	13.0	12.6	11.7	11.6	12.3
16 to 19 years	17.1	16.8	18.0	18.1	17.7	19.1	18.9	18.2	18.5	18.2	16.4	16.6	16.3
16 to 17 years	17.7	19.7	21.1	21.8	20.2	22.1	21.8	21.6	21.7	19.9	18.0	18.9	19.1
18 to 19 years	16.5	15.1	15.9	15.8	15.9	17.1	16.9	16.2	16.2	17.1	15.2	15.4	14.3
20 to 24 years	8.9	9.8	9.6	10.7	9.7	10.0	11.0	10.1	10.2	9.7	9.3	9.0	10.2
25 years and over	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.3	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.3
25 to 54 years	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.4
55 years and over	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.7	3.7	4.3	4.8	4.2	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.9	4.3

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

D-8. Unemployment rates by occupation, industry, and selected demographic characteristics, seasonally adjusted

Catagoni		19	91			19	92			19	93		1994
Category	1	R	Ш	IV	1	11	155	١٧	1	II	III	IV	
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total	6.5	6.7	6.7	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.0	7.0	6.7	6.5	6.6
Men, 20 years and over		6.4	6.4	6.5	7.0	7.2	7.1	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.0	5.9
Women, 20 years and over	5.5	5.7	5.5	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	18.0	18.5	19.0	19.2	19.7	20.6	20.6	19.4	19.6	19.8	18.2	18.3	18.0
White	5.8	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.8	5.7
Black and other	10.9	11.1	10.9	11.5	12.4	12.8	12.7	12.7	12.3	12.1	11.5	11.0	11.4
Black	12.1	12.5	12.2	12.8	13.9	14.3	14.1	14.1	13.6	13.3	12.6	12.0	12.8
Hispanic origin	9.4	9.6	10.2	10.2	11.2	11.3	11.7	11.6	11.3	10.3	10.2	10.7	10.2
Married men, spouse present	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.9	5.0	5.2	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.1	4.2
Married women, spouse present	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.7	4.9	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.4
Women who maintain families	9.1	9.2	9.0	9.3	9.4	10.0	10.1	10.0	9.8	9.7	9.2	9.5	9.6
OCCUPATION'													ł
Managerial and professional specialty		2.8	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.9	2.8
Technical, sales, and administrative support		5.2	5.0	5.3	5.7	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.2	5.5
Precision production, craft, and repair		7.8	8.3	8.3	9.3	8.7	8.6	8.6	8.1	8.3	7.9	7.3	7.0
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		10.7	10.2	10.4	11.2	11.2	11.1	10.6	10.1	9.9	10.2	9.4	9.4
Farming, forestry, and fishing	7.9	7.3	7.6	7.8	7.6	8.0	8.6	8.4	8.5	8.0	7.8	8.2	9.:
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers		7.0	7.0	7.3	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.6	7.3	7.2	7.0	6.8	6.9
Goods-producing industries		9.1	8.8	9.2	9.6	9.8	9.8	9.5	8.9	9.0	9.0	8.1	7.7
Mining		7.6	8.4	9.1	7.7	8.1	8.8	6.9	6.8	8.5	6.9	6.9	4.9
Construction		15.0	15.5	16.5	17.5	16.8	16.5	15.5	14.8	15.0	14.9	12.9	13.0
Manufacturing	1	7.5	6.9	7.2	7.5	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.3	7.2	7.3	6.7	6.
Durable goods		7.9	7.1	7.1	7.6	7.8	8.2	8.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	6.6	5.
Nondurable goods		6.9	6.7	7.3	7.3	7.8	7.6	7.3	7.5	7.2	7.5	6.9	7.0
Service-producing industries		6.2	6.2	6.4	6.8	6.9	7.0	6.8	6.6	6.5	6.2	6.2	6.0
Transportation and public utilities		5.4	5.1	5.6	5.5	5.2	5.5	5.7	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.3	5.
Wholesale and retail trade		7.4	7.7	7.8	8.4	8.4	8.7	8.0	7.9	8.0	7.5	7.7	8.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3.5	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.3	4.3	4.0	3.7	3.4
Services		5.8	5.8	6.0	6.4	6.6	6.4	6.7	6.4	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.5
Government workers		3.1	3.2	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.6
Agricultural wage and salary workers	12.3	11.4	11.2	11.7	11.0	12.7	13.2	12.7	12.2	11.5	11.3	11.1	13.

¹ Seasonally adjusted data for service occupations are not available because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

D-9. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

B		19	91			19	92			19	93		1994
Reason	1	II	III	IV	1	ll	m	IV	1	Ш	Ш	IV ·	ł
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	1,355 3,073 993	1,332 3,256 1,011	1,173 3,466 953 2,066	1,205 3,609 962	1,267 3,936 936	1,253 4,172 999 2,182	1,019	1,190 4,021 947	1,083 3,780 972 2,212	3,705 963	1,162 3,650 908	1,080 3,475 950 2,062	1,096 3,125 841 2,928
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	54.4 16.7	54.2 15.8 38.5 12.0	55.0 13.9 41.1 11.3 24.5	100.0 55.1 13.8 41.3 11.0 24.7 9.2	56.7 13.8 42.9	57.1 13.2 43.9 10.5 22.9	100.0 55.7 13.2 42.5 10.6 23.8 9.9	100.0 56.2 12.8 43.4 10.2 24.1 9.5	54.2 12.1 42.1 10.8 24.7	100.0 54.2 12.5 41.7 10.8 24.8 10.1	55.6 13.4 42.2 10.5 24.1	54.3 12.9 41.4	48.9 12.7 36.2 9.7 33.9
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs		3.7 .8 1.7 .6	3.7 .8 1.7 .6	3.8 .8 1.7 .6	4.1 .7 1.8 .7	4.3 .8 1.7 .7	.8	4.1 .7 1.8 .7	3.8 .8 1.7 .7	3.8 .8 1.7 .7	3.8 .7 1.6 .7	3.5 .7 1.6	.6

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

D-10. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Duration	1991				1992				1993				1994
	1	ll .	III	IV	ı	11	111	IV	1	11	Ш	IV	1
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Less than 5 weeks	3,450	3,393	3,350	3,340	3,252	3,335	3,337	3,139	3,214	3,261	3,107	3,055	2,894
5 to 14 weeks	2,714	2,783	2,676	2,717	2,799	2,735	2,787	2,693	2,558	2,607	2,536	2,380	2,538
15 weeks and over	1,993	2,312	2,380	2,679	3,142	3,382	3,500	3,438	3,192	3,019	3,018	2,955	3,080
15 to 26 weeks	1,087	1,259	1,235	1,366	1,446	1,414	1,424	1,440	1,310	1,279	1,271	1,217	1,312
27 weeks and over	906	1,052	1,145	1,313	1,696	1,968	2,077	1,997	1,882	1,740	1,747	1,738	1,768
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	12.8	13.5	14.1	14.9	16.7	18.0	18.3	18.7	18.1	17.8	18.2	18.5	18.7
Median duration, in weeks	6.3	6.8	7.1	7.6	8.2	8.8	8.9	9.2	8.5	8.4	8.5	8.3	8.8
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													:
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	42.3	40.0	39.9	38.2	35.4	35.3	34.7	33.9	35.9	36.7	35.9	36.4	34.0
5 to 14 weeks	33.3	32.8	31.8	31.1	30.5	28.9	29.0	29.1	28.5	29.3	29.3	28.4	29.8
15 weeks and over	24.4	27.2	28.3	30.7	34.2	35.8	36.4	37.1	35.6	34.0	34.8	35.2	36.2
15 to 26 weeks	13.3	14.8	14.7	15.6	15.7	15.0	14.8	15.5	14.6	14.4	14.7	14.5	15.4
27 weeks and over	11.1	12.4	13.6	15.0	18.5	20.8	21.6	21.5	21.0	19.6	20.2	20.7	20.8

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

D-11. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	Т	otal	W	hite	Black		Hispanic origin	
Employment status, sex, and age	l 1993	l 1994	l 1993	l 1994	I 1993	l 1994	l 1993	l 1994
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	192,796	196,085	163,438	165,093	22,186	22,749	15,542	17,895
Civilian labor force	1 ' -	129,625	108,060	109,957	13,705	14,269	10,200	11,733
Percent of population		66.1	66.1	66.6	61.8	62.7	65.6	65.6
Employed		120,416	100,718	103,037	11,794	12,402	8,961	10,436
Agriculture		2,964	2,571	2,787	116	92	427	477
Nonagricultural industries		117,450	98,147	100,248	11,678	12,310	8,534	9,95
Unemployed		9,209	7,342	6,920	1,911	1,867	1,240	1,29
Unemployment rate		7.1	6.8	6.3	13.9	13.1	12.2	11.
Not in labor force		66,460	55,378	55,136	8,481	8,481	5,341	6,16
Men, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	92,214	93,978	78,806	79,808	10,005	10,195	7,721	8,99
Civilian labor force	68,800	69,986	59,514	60,088	6,824	6,939	6,160	7,103
Percent of population	74.6	74.5	75.5	75.3	68.2	68.1	79.8	78.9
Employed	63,028	64,645	55,036	55,977	5,766	5,957	5,390	6,31
Agriculture	2,188	2,249	2,042	2,098	100	80	390	43
Nonagricultural industries	60,840	62,395	52,993	53,879	5,667	5,877	4,999	5,88
Unemployed	5,772	5,341	4,478	4,111	1,058	982	770	789
Unemployment rate		7.6	7.5	6.8	15.5	14.2	12.5	11,
Not in labor force		23,992	19,293	19,720	3,180	3,255	1,561	1,89
Men, 20 years and over								
· · ·	05.554	00.000	70.460	74.007	0.007	0.447	0.055	0.07
Civilian noninstitutional population		86,833	73,466	74,097 57.054	8,967	9,117	6,955	8,076
Civilian labor force	1	66,469 76.5	56,757		6,450	6,570	5,787	6,65
Percent of population		61.881	77.3	77.0 53.521	71.9	72.1	83.2	82.
Employed		1 ,	52,818	,	5,555	5,737	5,135	5,98
Agriculture		2,110	1,923	1,962	94	77	366	401
Nonagricultural industries		59,771	50,894	51,559	5,461	5,659	4,769	5,57
Unemployed		4,589	3,939	3,533	896	833	651	670
Unemployment rate Not in labor force		6.9 20,364	6.9 16,709	6.2 17,043	13.9 2,516	12.7 2,547	11.3 1,169	10.1
Women, 16 years and over								ļ
Civilian noninstitutional population	100,582	102,107	84,632	85,285	12,181	12,555	7.821	8,896
Civilian labor force		59,639	48,546	49,869	6,880	7,329	4,040	4,630
Percent of population	1	58.4	57.4	58.5	56.5	58.4	51.7	52.0
Employed		55,771	45,682	47.059	6,028	6,445	3,571	4,12
Agriculture		715	529	689	16	12	37	4
Nonagricultural industries		55.055	45,154	46,369	6,011	6,433	3,534	4.07
Unemployed		3,868	2,864	2,809	852	885	470	50
Unemployment rate		6.5	5.9	5.6	12.4	12.1	11.6	11.0
Not in labor force		42,468	36,086	35,416	5,301	5,225	3,781	4,26
Women, 20 years and over						Ì		
Civilian noninstitutional population	94,081	95,164	79,443	79,797	11,135	11,437	7,075	8,01
Civilian labor force	54,665	56,366	46,021	47,082	6,558	6,952	3,786	4,34
Percent of population		59.2	57.9	59.0	58.9	60.8	53.5	54.
Employed		53,029	43,552	44,681	5,832	6,173	3,386	3,90
Agriculture	530	679	502	654	15	12	34	4
Nonagricultural industries	50,800	52,349	43,049	44,026	5,817	6,161	3,352	3,86
Unemployed	3,335	3,336	2,469	2,400	726	780	401	43
Unemployment rate	6.1	5.9	5.4	5.1	11.1	11.2	10.6	10.
Not in labor force	39,416	38,799	33,421	32,715	4,576	4,485	3,289	3,67
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years								
Divilian noninstitutional population	13,160	14,088	10,530	11,199	2,064	2,195	1,511	1,80
Civilian labor force		6,790	5,282	5,821	696	746	628	73
	1 .				;			40.
Percent of population		48.2	50.2	52.0	33.4	34.0	41.5	54
Employed		5,506	4,349	4,834	407 8	492	440	2
M 11 W 7 W 11 W 14	155	175	145	171	1	2	27	
	4 700							
Nonagricultural industries		5,331	4,204	4,663	400	490	412	
	1,273	5,331 1,284 18.9	4,204 934 17.7	4,663 987 17.0	400 289 41.5	490 254 34.0	412 168 30.0	52 18 25.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier

years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

D-12. Employment status of the Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin population by sex and age

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, any and are	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	anic origin'		n origin	Puerto Ri		L	origin
Employment status, sex, and age	1993	1994	1993	1994	1993	1994	1993	1 1994
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	15,542	17,895	9,478	10,854	1,614	1.852	972	987
Civilian labor force		11,733	6,305	7,312	932	1,007	574	578
Percent of population		65.6	66.5	67.4	57.7	54.4	59.1	58.6
Employed		10,436	5,547	6,479	785	892	528	535
Agriculture		477	366	440	11	2	6	7
Nonagricultural industries		9,957	5,180	6,038	774	889	522	528
Unemployed	1 1	1,298	758	833	147	115	46	43
Unemployment rate		11.1	12.0	11.4	15.7	11.4	8.1	7.4
Not in labor force	1	6,162	3,173	3,542	682	845	398	409
Men, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	7,721	8,998	4,848	5,657	724	822	465	474
Civilian labor force		7,103	3,951	4,606	510	555	333	321
Percent of population		78.9	81.5	81.4	70.5	67.5	71.7	67.8
Employed	1	6,314	3,470	4,092	422	485	305	298
Agriculture	1 1	432	333	395	10	2	6	7
Nonagricultural industries	1	5.882	3,138	3,697	412	482	299	291
Unemployed	1	789	480	514	88	70	29	24
Unemployment rate	1 _	11.1	12.2	11.1	17.3	12.7	8.6	7.3
Not in labor force	1	1,895	897	1,052	214	267	132	153
Men, 20 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	6,955	8,076	4,344	5,062	626	699	435	444
Civilian labor force		6,658	3,688	4,290	468	510	314	310
Percent of population		82.4	84.9	84.8	74.8	73.0	72.3	69.9
Employed		5,982	3,281	3,852	402	455	291	289
Agriculture		409	311	373	10	2	6	7
Nonagricultural industries		5,573	2,970	3,479	392	453	286	283
Unemployed		676	407	438	66	55	22	21
Unemployment rate		10.1	11.0	10.2	14.2	10.7	7.2	6.7
Not in labor force		1,419	656	772	158	189	121	134
Women, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	7,821	8,898	4,631	5,197	890	1,030	507	513
Civilian labor force	1 1	4,630	2,354	2,706	422	426	241	256
Percent of population	('	52.0	50.8	52.1	47.4	43.9	47.5	50.0
· ·		4,122	2,076	2,387	363	407	223	237
Employed		45	34	45	1	-	-	
Agriculture Nonagricultural industries		4,075	2,043	2,341	362	407	223	237
Unemployed		509	278	319	59	45	18	19
Unemployment rate		11.0	11.8	11.8	13.9	9.9	7.4	7.6
Not in labor force	1	4,268	2,276	2,490	468	578	266	256
Women, 20 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	7,075	8,017	4,125	4,628	801	933	477	492
Civilian labor force		4,345	2,168	2,528	402	426	231	253
Percent of population		54.2	52.6	54.6	50.2	45.7	48.4	51.4
Employed		3,908	1,938	2,257	350	390	216	234
Agriculture		43	32	43	1	-	_	_
Nonagricultural industries	1	3,864	1,907	2,213	349	390	216	234
Unemployed	1	437	230	271	52	35	14	19
Unemployment rate		10.1	10.6	10.7	12.9	8.3	6.3	7.3
Not in labor force		3,671	1,957	2,100	399	507	246	239
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years								
Civilian noninstitutional population	1,511	1,803	1,010	1,164	187	220	60	51
Civilian labor force		730	449	494	61	71	29	15
Percent of population	_	40.5	44.5	42.4	33.0	32.2	48.7	(²)
Employed		545	327	370	33	46	20	11
		25	24	24	-			
Agriculture		520	304	346	33	46	20	11
Nonagricultural industries		1			28	25	9	4
Unemployed		185	122 27.1	124 25.1	46.0	35.1	(²)	()
Unemployment rate	30.0	25.3	27.1	670	125	150) ()	36

¹ Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993

and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

D-13. Employed white, black, and Hispanic-origin workers by sex, occupation, class of worker, and full- or part-time status

(In thousands)

	То	tal	Wh	nite	Bla	ick	Hispani	ic origin
Category	l 1993	l 1994	l 1993	l 1994	l 1993	l 1994	l 1993	l 1994
SEX								
Total (all civilian workers)	116,755	120,416	100,718	103,037	11,794	12,402	8,961	10,436
Men		64,645	55,036	55,977	5,766	5,957	5,390	6,314
Women	53,726	55,771	45,682	47,059	6,028	6,445	3,571	4,122
OCCUPATION								
Managerial and professional specialty		33,244	28,780	29,530	2,089	2,266	1,200	1,451
Executive, administrative, and managerial		15,644	13,776	14,005	932	1,024	617	744
Professional specialty	16,906	17,600	15,003	15,525	1,157	1,243	583	707
Technical, sales, and administrative support	36,365	37,059	31,693	32,085	3,370	3,541	2,343	2,570
Technicians and related support	4,064	3,889	3,478	3,302	411	407	206	173
Sales occupations		14,506	12,453	12,954	923	1,023	838	959
Administrative support, including clerical	18,457	18,664	15,762	15,829	2,036	2,112	1,299	1,438
Service occupations	16,261	16,863	12,778	13,141	2,790	2,924	1,766	2,127
Private household		817	646	640	155	147	162	217
Protective service	2,200	2,220	1,773	1,720	377	444	156	184
Service, except private household and protective	13,224	13,826	10,359	10,781	2,258	2,334	1,448	1,727
Precision production, craft, and repair	12,559	13,079	11,266	11,536	939	1,057	1,149	1,372
Mechanics and repairers		4,388	3,797	3,909	319	336	332	374
Construction trades	4,508	4,611	4,143	4,118	286	362	443	542
Other precision production, craft, and repair	3,841	4,079	3,326	3,509	334	360	373	456
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	16,631	17,114	13,614	13,887	2,435	2,496	2,000	2,387
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7,349	7,476	5,971	6,013	1,027	1,046	1,031	1,132
Transportation and material moving occupations	4,811	5,011	3,970	4,122	713	730	381	464
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		4,628	3,673	3,752	696	720	588	790
Construction laborers		576	469	456	86	100	106	130
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3,901	4,052	3,203	3,296	610	620	482	660
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2,828	3,055	2,588	2,855	170	117	502	528
CLASS OF WORKER								
Agriculture:								
Wage and salary workers	1,371	1,421	1,233	1,280	98	75	366	398
Self-employed workers		1,495	1,232	1,460	18	16	61	79
Unpaid family workers	106	48	106	47	- 1	-	-	-
Nonagricultural industries:	·							
Wage and salary workers			90,029	92,014	11,226	11,835	8,060	9,449
Government		18,387	15,096	14,774	2,779	2,846	1,091	1,174
Private industries		89,984	74,932	77,240	8,447	8,989	6,969	8,275
Private households		931	776	720	189	179	199	237
Other industries		,	74,156 7,925	76,520 8,122	8,257	8,810	6,771 460	8,038 497
Unpaid family workers		8,945 134	193	112	444 7	472 3	13	12
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS								
Full-time workers	95,888	96,486	82,429	82,176	9,954	10,212	7,503	8,481
Part-time workers	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	23,930	18,289	20,860	1,840	2,190	1,458	1,955
1 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41	20,007	20,300	10,203	20,000	1,040	ے, ۱۳۰۱	1,400	1,535

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier

years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

D-14. Employed Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban-origin workers by sex, occupation, class of worker, and full- or part-time status

(In thousands)

Catagon	Total H orig		Mexica	n origin		Rican	Cuban	origin
Category	l 1993	l 1994	l 1993	i 1994	l 1993	l 1994	1 1993	l 1994
SEX		: :					i	
Total (all civilian workers)	8,961	10,436	5,547	6,479	785	892	528	535
Men		6,314	3,470	4,092	422	485	305	298
Women	3,571	4,122	2,076	2,387	363	407	223	237
OCCUPATION							,	
Managerial and professional specialty	1,200	1,451	614	778	135	172	111	113
Executive, administrative, and managenal		744	300	408	67	87	67	69
Professional specialty	583	707	314	370	68	85	43	45
Technical, sales, and administrative support	2,343	2,570	1,391	1,484	249	267	167	185
Technicians and related support		173	117	86	20	24	11	10
Sales occupations		959	506	552	75	78	60	77
Administrative support, including clerical	1,299	1,438	768	846	154	165	97	98
Service occupations	1,766	2,127	1,029	1,245	172	186	78	90
Private household		217	82	121	4	5	3	4
Protective service		184	81	89	31	31	6	20
Service, except private household and protective		1,727	866	1,035	136	150	69	66
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,149	1,372	770	908	79	102	59	50
Mechanics and repairers		374	210	226	31	45	19	26
Construction trades		542	310	373	17	30	24	13
Other precision production, craft, and repair		456	250	309	31	27	16	11
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	2,000	2,387	1,315	1,589	142	160	102	89
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		1,132	659	751	72	74	41	27
Transportation and material moving occupations	381	464	242	269	32	42	39	45
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	588	790	414	569	38	44	21	16
Construction laborers		130	77	102	3	6	3	-
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	482	660	338	660	35	467	19	37
Farming, forestry, and fishing	502	528	428	474	9	5	11	8
CLASS OF WORKER								
Agriculture:		1						
Wage and salary workers		398	329	377	9	1	1	-
Self-employed workers		79	37	62	1 .	1.	4	7
Unpaid family workers	- ;	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonagricultural industries: Wage and salary workers	8,060	9,449	4,924	5,753	750	846	474	480
Government		1,174	675	721	146	162	42	40
Private industries		8,275	4,249	5,032	603	684	432	440
Private households	-,	237	109	135	7	5	3	4
Other industries	6,771	8,038	4,140	4,897	596	680	429	436
Self-employed workers		497	248	275	24	43	47	48
Unpaid family workers	. 13	12	8	10	1	-	1	-
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS								
Full-time workers		8,481	4,627	5,262	674	724	448	450
Part time workers	1,458	1,955	919	1,217	111	167	80	85

¹ Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993

and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

D-15. Employed persons by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(in thousands)

	To	otal	WI	nite	Bla	ck	Hispanio	origin
Age and sex	l 1993	l 1994	l 1993	1 1994	l 1993	1 1994	l 1993	l 1994
Total, 16 years and over	116,755	120,416	100,718	103,037	11,794	12,402	8,961	10,436
16 to 19 years	4,894	5,506	4,349	4,834	407	492	440	545
16 to 17 years	1,791	2,095	1,618	1,864	132	176	116	146
18 to 19 years	3,103	3,411	2,731	2,970	275	317	324	399
20 to 24 years	11,803	12,289	10,120	10,393	1,256	1,351	1,250	1,605
25 years and over		102,621	86,249	87,809	10,131	10,558	7,271	8,285
25 to 54 years		87,907	73,376	74,725	8,859	9,360	6,602	7,536
55 years and over	14,580	14,714	12,874	13,085	1,272	1,198	669	749
Men, 16 years and over	63,028	64,645	55,036	55,977	5,766	5,957	5,390	6,314
16 to 19 years	2,497	2,764	2,218	2,456	212	220	255	332
16 to 17 years	906	1,028	819	928	69	70	65	89
18 to 19 years	1,591	1,736	1,399	1,528	143	150	190	243
20 to 24 years	6,136	6,407	5,291	5,461	611	648	765	994
25 years and over		55,474	47,527	48,061	4,944	5,088	4,370	4,988
25 to 54 years		47,391	40,159	40,772	4,304	4,529	3,986	4,578
55 years and over		8,083	7,368	7,288	640	560	384	410
Women, 16 years and over	53,726	55,771	45,682	47,059	6,028	6,445	3,571	4,122
16 to 19 years	2,396	2,742	2,131	2,378	196	272	185	213
16 to 17 years		1,067	798	936	63	106	51	57
18 to 19 years	1	1,675	1,332	1,442	132	166	134	157
20 to 24 years	5,667	5,882	4,830	4,933	645	703	485	611
25 years and over		47,148	38,722	39,749	5,187	5,470	2,901	3,297
25 to 54 years		40,516	33,217	33,952	4,555	4,832	2,616	2,958
55 years and over	6,341	6,632	5,505	5,797	632	638	285	339

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

D-16. Unemployment rates by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

	То	otal	w	hite	Bi	ack	Hispani	c origin
Age and sex	l 1993	l 1994	l 1993	1 1994	l 1993	1 1994	1 1993	l 1994
Total, 16 years and over	7.6	7.1	6.8	6.3	13.9	13.1	12.2	11.1
16 to 19 years	20.6	18.9	17.7	17.0	41.5	34.0	30.0	25.3
16 to 17 years	24.0	21.5	21.7	19.9	42.4	35.2	41.7	35.1
18 to 19 years	18.6	17.2	15.1	15.0	41.0	33.3	24.6	20.9
20 to 24 years	11.8	11.3	9.9	9.8	24.0	22.4	15.2	11.8
25 years and over	6.4	5.8	5.8	5.2	10.8	10.4	10.2	9.8
25 to 54 years	6.6	6.0	6.0	5.3	11.4	11.0	10.6	9.9
55 years and over	4.8	4.9	4.5	4.8	6.6	5.5	6.7	9.0
Men, 16 years and over	8.4	7.6	7.5	6.8	15.5	14.2	12.5	11.1
16 to 19 years	22.6	21.4	19.6	19.1	43.4	40.3	31.9	25.4
16 to 17 years	26.4	24.5	23.3	22.9	47.7	40.8	41.5	36.4
18 to 19 years	20.2	19.5	17.2	16.5	41.1	40.1	27.8	20.4
20 to 24 years	13.5	12.8	11.5	11.4	27.2	24.0	15.4	11.4
25 years and over	7.0	6.2	6.4	5.6	11.9	11.0	10.5	9.9
25 to 54 years	7.3	6.3	6.7	5.7	12.3	11.6	10.8	9.8
55 years and over	5.3	5.2	4.8	5.1	8.9	6.0	6.7	11.1
Women, 16 years and over	6.7	6.5	5.9	5.6	12.4	12.1	11.6	11.0
16 to 19 years	18.5	16.2	15.6	14.7	39.2	27.8	27.2	25.1
16 to 17 years	21.3	18.4	19.9	16.7	35.1	30.9	41.9	33.1
18 to 19 years	16.8	14.8	12.8	13.3	41.0	25.7	19.3	21.7
20 to 24 years	9.8	9.7	8.1	8.0	20.7	20.8	14.7	12.6
25 years and over	5.6	5.4	5.0	4.7	9.7	9.8	9.8	9.6
25 to 54 years	5.9	5.6	5.2	4.8	10.4	10.4	10.2	10.0
55 years and over	4.1	4.4	4.1	4.4	4.1	5.0	6.7	6.4

NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

D-17. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	То	tal	Wi	nite	Bia	ick	Hispani	c origin
Reasons	l 1993	l 1994	l 1993	i 1994	l 1993	l 1994	1 1993	1 1994
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED								
Total unemployed Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs On temporary layoff	9,652 5,640 1,454 4,186 (') (') 972 2,228 812	9,209 4,887 1,473 3,414 2,556 859 842 2,948 532	7,342 4,434 1,253 3,181 (') (') 763 1,612 533	6,920 3,896 1,259 2,637 2,000 637 679 1,996 349	1,911 997 168 830 (') (') 171 516 226	1,867 802 172 630 437 193 123 796	1,240 746 131 614 (') (') 120 255 119	1,298 719 175 544 377 167 82 403 94
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
Total unemployed	100.0 58.4 15.1 43.4 10.1 23.1 8.4	100.0 53.1 16.0 37.1 9.1 32.0 5.8	100.0 60.4 17.1 43.3 10.4 22.0 7.3	100.0 56.3 18.2 38.1 9.8 28.8 5.0	100.0 52.2 8.8 43.4 9.0 27.0 11.8	100.0 43.0 9.2 33.7 6.6 42.7 7.8	100.0 60.1 10.6 49.5 9.7 20.6 9.6	100.0 55.4 13.5 41.9 6.3 31.0 7.2
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE								
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs Job leavers	4.5 .8 1.8 .6	3.8 .6 2.3 .4	4.1 .7 1.5 .5	3.0 .6 1.8 .3	7.3 1.2 3.8 1.6	4.3 .9 5.6 1.0	7.3 1.2 2.5 1.2	4.7 .7 3.4 .8

¹ Not available.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

D-18. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	То	tai	Wi	nite	Bla	ick	Hispani	c origin
Duration .	l 1993	l 1994	l 1993) 1994	l 1993	l 1994	i 1993	l 1994
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED								
Total, 16 years and over	9,652	9,209	7,342	6,920	1,911	1,867	1,240	1,298
Less than 5 weeks	3,199	2,902	2,460	2,281	600	497	445	397
5 to 14 weeks	2,933	2,911	2,289	2,210	533	586	366	430
15 weeks and over	3,520	3,396	2,594	2,429	778	784	430	471
15 to 26 weeks	1,552	1,549	1,193	1,152	309	320	215	232
27 weeks and over	1,968	1,847	1,400	1,277	469	464	215	238
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	18.4	19.0	17.8	17.9	20.3	22.3	16.5	18.3
Median duration, in weeks	9.3	9.8	9.1	9.2	10.5	11.8	8.7	10.0
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	33.1	31.5	33.5	33.0	31.4	26.6	35.9	30.6
5 to 14 weeks	30.4	31.6	31.2	31.9	27.9	31.4	29.5	33.2
15 weeks and over	36.5	36.9	35.3	35.1	40.7	42.0	34.6	36.3
15 to 26 weeks	16.1	16.8	16.3	16.7	16.2	17.2	17.3	17.9
27 weeks and over	20.4	20.1	19.1	18.4	24.5	24.8	17.3	18.4

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier

years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

D-19. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics

		of workers usands)	Median we	ekly earnings
Characteristic	l	l	t	1
	1993	1994	1993	1994
SEX AND AGE				
Total, 16 years and over	82,929	84,587	\$460	\$469
Men, 16 years and over	46,691	47,889	513	529
	4,950	5,138	289	291
	41,741	42,752	552	578
	36,239	36,698	395	399
	3,940	4,100	283	274
	32,299	32,597	413	420
White	70,546 40,434 30,112 9,394	71,247 41,055 30,193 9,728	476 529 401	485 555 408 367
Men	4,658	4,839	396	401
	4,736	4,889	349	337
Hispanic origin	6,811	7,973	324	321
	4,271	5,099	345	345
	2,540	2,874	304	294

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Publication of data on family relationship has been temporarily suspended due to editing and weighting problems associated

with the redesigned survey. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

D-20. Median weekly earnings of part-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics

		of workers usands)	Median we	ekly earnings
Characteristic	l	l	l	i
	1993	1994	1993	1994
SEX AND AGE				
Total, 16 years and over	19,899	20,888	\$130	\$130
Men, 16 years and over 16 to 24 years 25 years and over Women, 16 years and over 16 to 24 years 25 years and over RACE, HISPANIC ORIGIN, AND SEX	6,604	6,953	121	120
	3,381	3,586	100	97
	3,224	3,367	158	170
	13,294	13,936	135	135
	4,001	4,279	97	97
	9,293	9,656	156	159
White	17,249 5,516 11,733 1,855	18,016 5,893 12,123 2,059	130 120 135	131 119 137
Men	756	716	124	143
Women	1,099	1,342	123	119
Hispanic origin	1,432	1,781	128	124
Men	599	763	123	120
Women	833	1,019	131	127

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Publication of data on family relationship has been temporarily suspended due to editing and weighting problems associated

with the redesigned survey. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

D-21. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and sex

	Number o (in thou	-	Median weekly earnings			
Occupation and sex	l 1993	l 1994	l 1993	l 1994		
TOTAL						
Managerial and professional specialty	23,993	24,671	\$666	\$683		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	11,609	11,931	659	665		
Professional specialty	12,384	12,740	673	698		
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support	25,026	25,187	416 507	423		
Technicians and related support	3,360	3,236	537 450	548		
Sales occupations Administrative support, including clerical	7,460 14,207	7,989 13.962	390	467 391		
Service occupations	9,182	9,063	293	286		
Private household	266	309	182	174		
Protective service	1,966	1,744	502	508		
Service, except private household and protective	6,950	7,010	268	266		
Precision production, craft, and repair	9,956	10,580	501	501		
Mechanics and repairers	3,599	3,777	517	508		
Construction trades	2,966	3,177	488	492		
Other precision production, craft, and repair	3,391	3,625	491	502		
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	13,541	14,013	359	366		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6,771 2,617	6,856	340 444	355		
Transportation and material moving occupations	3,617	3,979	308	454		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3,153	3,179 1,073	261	307 283		
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1,231	1,073	201	203		
Men						
Managerial and professional specialty	12,352	12,565	784	803		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	6,520	6,420	785	804		
Professional specialty	5,832	6,145	782 527	801		
Technical, sales, and administrative support	9,318 1,7 94	9,478 1,728	627	556 667		
Sales occupations	4.337	4,579	529	577		
Administrative support, including clerical	3,186	3,171	489	485		
Service occupations	4,666	4,495	350	343		
Private household	15	9	(')	()		
Protective service	1,664	1,489	511	523		
Service, except private household and protective	2,987	2,997	285	294		
Precision production, craft, and repair	9,125	9,624	513	515		
Mechanics and repairers	3,469	3,647	516	512		
Construction trades	2,944	3,124	489	493		
Other precision production, craft, and repair	2,712	2,853	537	574		
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	10,145	10,767	395 398	399 407		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	4,125 3,376	4,362 3,759	454	462		
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2,644	2,646	314	316		
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1,085	961	267	287		
Women						
Managerial and professional specialty	11,642	12,106	580	591		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	5,069	5,511	543	540		
Professional specialty	6,552	6,595	596 375	616		
Technical, sales, and administrative support	15,708 1,566	15,709 1,508	375 466	376 454		
Technicians and related support	3,122	3,410	335	344		
Administrative support, including clerical	11,020	10,791	373	372		
Service occupations	4,516	4,568	258	249		
Private household	251	300	180	175		
Protective service	302	254	413	426		
Service, except private household and protective	3,963	4,014	258	250		
Precision production, craft, and repair	831	956	323	344		
Mechanics and repairers	130	130	544	427		
Construction trades	22	53	(')	(')		
Other precision production, craft, and repair	678	773	308	327		
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	3,396	3,246	289	291		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	2,647	2,494	284	291		
Transportation and material moving occupations	240	219	378	349		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	509	533	289	277		
Farming, forestry, and fishing	146	113	230	256		

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 100,000. NOTE: Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the

Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

D-22. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi noninsti popul	tutional	Civilian labor force									
			To	tai	Empl	oyed		Unemp	oloyed			
Veteran status and age	l 1993	I 1994	1	1 1993 1994	1993	ı	Num	ber	Percent of labor force			
	1993		1993			1994	l 1993	l 1994	 1993	l 1994		
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS												
Total, 40 years and over	7,094 6,301	7,398 6,532	6,310 5,851	6,495 5,9 9 8	5,961 5,523	6,190 5,709	350 329	305 289	5.5 5.6	4.7 4.8		
40 to 44 years	2,421 2,845	2,007 3,173	2,255 2,653	1,842 2,940	2,107 2,524	1,723 2,829	149 128	119 111	6.6 4.8	6.5 3.8		
50 to 54 years	1,034 792	1,352 865	943 459	1,216 497	891 437	1,158 480	52 20	58 17	5.5 4.4	4.8 3.3		
NONVETERANS							1					
Total, 40 to 54 years	15,026 6,576 4,485	15,813 7,249 4,645	13,575 6,103 4,078	14,253 6,716 4,150	12,726 5,750 3,802	13,486 6,357 3,927	848 354 275	767 359 224	6.2 5.8 6.8	5.4 5.3 5.4		
50 to 54 years	3,964	3,919	3,394	3,386	3,174	3,202	220	184	6.5	5.4		

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces. Data for 1994 are not

directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

D-23. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

			Vete	rans					Nonve	terans		
Employment status and age	W	nite	Ble	ack	Hispani	c origin	Wi	nite	Bie	ıck	Hispani	c origin
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 1993	l 1994	ł 1993	I 1994) 1993	l 1994	l 1993	l 1994	l 1993	i 1994	l 1993	∤ 1994
Total, 40 to 54 years												
Civilian noninstitutional population	5,688 5,311 5,027 283 5.3	5,742 5,318 5,074 244 4.6	506 446 412 36 8.1	845 556 522 34 6.2	230 212 191 20 9.4	244 229 216 13 5.8	12,730 11,669 11,003 666 5.7	13,319 12,168 11,597 571 4.7	1,564 1,251 1,113 138 11.0	1,655 1,337 1,202 135 10.1	1,436 1,257 1,112 146 11.6	1,579 1,369 1,232 137 10.0
40 to 44 years												
Civilian noninstitutional population	1,911	1,723 1,602 1,503 99 6.2	214 188 167 22 11.6	228 195 179 18 8.3	101 89 82 7 8.1	99 95 90 5 5.5	5,585 5,259 4,988 271 5.2	6,134 5,743 5,492 251 4.4	671 557 493 64 11.5	778 670 588 82 12.2	566 505 455 51 10.0	672 616 566 50 8.1
45 to 49 years												
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployment rate		2,817 2,629 2,536 93 3.5	202 184 174 10 5.3	288 251 239 13 5.1	101 97 86 11 11.7	117 109 102 6 5.7	3,623 3,521 3,299 223 6.3	3,697 3,550 3,378 173 4.9	463 381 345 36 9.5	481 361 328 33 9.2	466 409 357 52 12.6	496 411 358 53 12.8
50 to 54 years												
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployment rate	655 808 47	1,202 1,087 1,036 51 4.7	90 75 71 4 5.2	129 110 105 5 4.7	29 26 24 2 (')	26 26 24 2 (')	3,322 2,889 2,716 173 6.0	3,288 2,675 2,726 148 5.1	430 313 275 38 12.2	397 306 286 20 6.6	404 344 300 43 12.5	411 342 307 35 10.2

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other

races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data for 1994 are not directly comparable with data for 1993 and earlier years. For additional information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994" in the February 1994 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error

Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, classified by such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 60,000 households located in 729 sample areas. These areas are chosen to represent all counties and independent cities in the U.S., with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires and telephone interviews by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey is designed to provide industry information on nonfarm wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are based on payroll reports from a sample of over 370,000 establishments employing over 45 million nonfarm wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full or part time, who receive pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th of the month.

RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data complement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are obtained only from the household survey, whereas detailed industrial classifications are much more reliably derived from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of variations in definitions and coverage, source of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two data series are as follows.

Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, and unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the reference week in family-operated enterprises. Employment in both agricultural and non-agricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the reference week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, vacation, bad weather, childcare problems, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period are not.

Hours of work

The household survey measures hours worked for all workers whereas the payroll survey measures hours for private production and nonsupervisory workers paid for by employers. In the household survey, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours at work. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

Earnings

The household survey measures the earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the various earnings series available from the household and establishment surveys, see *BLS Measures of Compensation*, BLS Bulletin 2239 (1986).

COMPARABILITY OF HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job during the reference week, were currently available for a job, and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor, exclude, in addition to otherwise ineligible persons who do not file claims for benefits, persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers).

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the Monthly Labor Review.

Agricultural employment estimates of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the National Agricultural Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and data collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

COMPARABILITY OF PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufacturers and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units; the industrial classification of establishments; and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns, Bureau of the Census. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP) differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and most of government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit agencies.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonfarm wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, some employees, such as those working in parochial schools and churches, are not covered by unemployment insurance, whereas they are included in the BLS establishment statistics.

Household Data ("A" tables, monthly; "D" tables, quarterly)

COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population and related data are compiled by BLS using data from the Current Population Survey (CPS). This monthly survey of households is conducted for BLS by the Bureau of the Census through a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th day of the month. This is known as the "reference week." Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week, referred to as the "survey week."

Each month about 60,000 occupied units are eligible for interview. Some 2,600 of these households are contacted but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey that ranges between 4 and 5 percent. In addition to the 60,000 occupied units, there are 11,500 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not eligible for enumeration. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan, as explained later, provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those in use as of January 1994 are as follows:

Civilian noninstitutional population. Included are persons 16 years of age and older residing in the 50 States and the District of Columbia who are not inmates of institutions (e.g., penal and mental facilities, homes for the aged), and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Employed persons. All persons who, during the reference week, (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare

problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Each employed person is counted only once, even if he or she holds more than one job. For purposes of occupation and industry classification, multiple jobholders are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around their own house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and other organizations.

Unemployed persons. All persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment. This represents the length of time (through the current reference week) that persons classified as unemployed had been looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks they had been on layoff. Mean duration is the arithmetic average computed from single weeks of unemployment; median duration is the midpoint of a distribution of weeks of unemployment.

Reason for unemployment. Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into five major groups: (1) Job losers, comprised of (a) persons on temporary layoff, who have been given a date to return to work or who expect to return within 6 months (persons on layoff need not be looking for work to qualify as unemployed), and (b) permanent job losers, whose employment ended involuntarily and who began looking for work; (2) Job leavers are persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work; (3) Persons who completed temporary jobs, who began looking for work after the jobs ended; (4) Reentrants are persons who previously worked but were out of the labor force prior to beginning their job search; (5) New entrants are persons who never worked. Each of these five categories of the unemployed can be expressed as a proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers. (For statistical presentation purposes, "job losers" and "persons who completed temporary jobs" are combined into a single category until seasonal adjustments can be developed for the separate categories.)

Jobseekers. All unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week are classified as jobseekers. Jobseekers do not include persons classified as on temporary layoff, who although often looking for work, are not required to do so to be classified as unemployed. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work. Only active methods — which have the potential to result in a job offer without further action on the part of the jobseeker - qualify as job search. Examples include going to an employer directly or to a public or private employment agency, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or using some other active method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point. Passive methods, which do not qualify as job search, include reading (as opposed to answering or placing) "help wanted" ads and taking a job training course.

Labor force. This group comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

Participation rate. This represents the proportion of the population that is in the labor force.

Employment-population ratio. This represents the proportion of the population that is employed.

Not in the labor force. Included in this group are all persons in the civilian noninstitutional population who are neither employed nor unemployed. Information is collected on their desire for and availability to take a job at the time of the CPS interview, job search activity in the prior year, and reason for not looking in the 4-week period prior to the survey week. This group includes discouraged workers, defined as persons not in the labor force who want and are available for a job and who have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months (or since the end of their last job if they held one within the past 12 months), but are not currently looking, because they believe there are no

jobs available or there are none for which they would qualify.

Persons classified as not in the labor force who are in the sample for either their fourth or eighth month are asked additional questions relating to job history and workseeking intentions. These latter data are available on a quarterly basis.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker. This information for the employed applies to the job held in the reference week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours. The unemployed are classified according to their last job. The occupational and industrial classification of CPS data is based on the coding systems used in the 1990 census.

The class-of-worker breakdown assigns workers to the following categories: Private and government wage and salary workers, self-employed workers, and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commissions, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Only the unincorporated self-employed are included in the self-employed category in the class of worker typology. Self-employed persons who respond that their businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers, because technically, they are paid employees of a corporation. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Multiple jobholders. These are employed persons who, during the reference week, had either two or more jobs as a wage and salary worker, were self-employed and also held a wage and salary job, or worked as an unpaid family worker and also held a wage and salary job. A person employed only in private households (cleaner, gardener, babysitter, etc.) who worked for two or more employers during the reference week is not counted as a multiple jobholder, since working for several employers is considered an inherent characteristic of private household work. Also excluded are self-employed persons with multiple businesses and persons with multiple jobs as unpaid family workers.

Hours of work. These statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the reference week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the published figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the

major job. Unpublished data are available for the hours worked in each job and for usual hours.

At work part time for economic reasons. Sometimes referred to as involuntary part time, this category refers to individuals who gave an economic reason for working 1 to 34 hours during the reference week. Economic reasons include slack work or unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, and seasonal declines in demand. Those who usually work part time must also indicate that they want and are available to work full time to be classified as on part time for economic reasons.

At work part time for noneconomic reasons. This group includes those persons who usually work part time and were at work 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for a noneconomic reason. Noneconomic reasons include, for example: illness or other medical limitations, childcare problems or other family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and being in a job where full-time work is less than 35 hours. The group also includes those who gave an economic reason for usually working 1 to 34 hours but said they do not want to work full time or were unavailable for such work.

Usual full- or part-time status. Data on persons "at work" exclude persons who were temporarily absent from a job and therefore classified in the zero-hours-worked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute. In order to differentiate a person's normal schedule from their activity during the reference week, persons are also classified according to their usual full- or part-time status. In this context, full-time workers are those who usually worked 35 hours or more (at all jobs combined). This group will include some individuals who worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for either economic or noneconomic reasons and those who are temporarily absent from work. Similarly, part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs), regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. This may include some individuals who actually worked more than 34 hours in the reference week, as well as those who are temporarily absent from work. The full-time labor force includes all employed persons who usually work full time and unemployed persons who are either looking for full-time work or are on layoff from full-time jobs. The part-time labor force consists of employed persons who usually work part time and unemployed persons who are seeking or are on layoff from part-time jobs. Unemployment rates for full- and part-time workers are calculated using the concepts of the full- and part-time labor force.

White, black, and other. These are terms used to describe the race of persons. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. Because of the relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin. This refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans. These are persons who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Published data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are persons who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings. Data represent earnings before taxes and other deductions, and include any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received (at the main job in the case of multiple jobholders.) Earnings reported on a basis other than weekly (e.g., annual, monthly, hourly) are converted to weekly. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding self-employed persons who respond that their businesses were incorporated) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings. These figures indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$50 centered interval within which each median falls. Data expressed in constant dollars are deflated by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status. These are the terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were living in the same household, even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent relates to persons who are separated due to marital problems, as well as husbands and wives who are living apart because one or the other

was employed elsewhere, on duty with the Armed Forces, or any other reasons.

Household. A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit and have no other usual address. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family. A family is defined as a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

Changes in concepts and methods

While current survey concepts and methods are very similar to those introduced at the inception of the survey in 1940, a number of changes have been made over the years to improve the accuracy and usefulness of the data. Some of the most important changes include:

- In 1945, the questionnaire was radically changed with the introduction of four basic employment questions. Prior to that time, the survey did not contain specific question wording, but rather relied on a complicated scheme of activity prioritization.
- In 1953, the current 4-8-4 rotation system was adopted, whereby households are interviewed for 4 consecutive months, leave the sample for 8 months, and then return to the sample for the same four months of the following year. Before this system was introduced, households were interviewed for 6 consecutive months and then replaced. The new system provided some year-to-year overlap in the sample, thereby improving measurement over time.

- In 1955, the survey reference week was changed to the calendar week including the 12th day of the month, for greater consistency with the reference period used for other labor-related statistics. Previously, the calendar week containing the 8th day of the month had been used as the reference week.
- In 1957, the employment definition was modified slightly as a result of a comprehensive interagency review of labor force concepts and methods. Two relatively small groups of persons classified as employed, under "with a job but not at work," were assigned to different classifications. Persons on layoff with definite instructions to return to work within 30 days of the layoff date, and persons volunteering that they were waiting to start a new wage and salary job within 30 days of interview, were, for the most part, reassigned to the unemployed classification. The only exception was the small subgroup in school during the reference week but waiting to start new jobs, which was transferred to not in the labor force.
- In 1967, more substantive changes were made as a result of the recommendations of the President's Committee to Appraise Employment and Unemployment Statistics (the Gordon Committee). The principal improvements were as follows:
- a) A 4-week job-search period and specific questions on jobseeking activity were introduced. Previously, the questionnaire was ambiguous as to the time period for jobseeking and there were no specific questions concerning job-search methods.
- b) An availability test was introduced whereby a person must be currently available for work in order to be classified as unemployed. Previously, there was no such requirement. This revision to the concept mainly affected students, who, for example, may begin to look for summer jobs in the spring although they will not be available until June or July. Such persons, until 1967, had been classified as unemployed but since have been assigned to the "not in the labor force" category.
- c) Persons "with a job but not at work" because of strikes, bad weather, etc., who volunteered that they were looking for work, were shifted from unemployed status to employed.
- d) The lower age limit for official statistics on employment, unemployment, and other labor force concepts was raised from 14 to 16 years. Historical data for most major series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the new minimum age limit.
- e) New questions were added to obtain additional information on persons not in the labor force, including those

referred to as "discouraged workers," defined as persons who indicate that they want a job but are not currently looking because they believe there are no jobs available or none for which they would qualify.

- f)) New "probing" questions were added to the questionnaire in order to increase the reliability of information on hours of work, duration of unemployment, and self-employment.
- In 1994, major changes to the Current Population Survey (CPS) were introduced, which included a complete redesign of the questionnaire and the use of computer-assisted interviewing for the entire survey. In addition, there were revisions to some of the labor force concepts and definitions, including the implementation of some changes recommended in 1979 by the National Commission on Employment and Unemployment Statistics (NCEUS, also known as the Levitan Commission.) Some of the major changes to the survey were:
- a) The introduction of a redesigned and automated questionnaire. The CPS questionnaire was totally redesigned in order to obtain more accurate, comprehensive, and relevant information, and to take advantage of state-of-the-art computer interviewing techniques.
- b) The addition of two, more objective, criteria to the definition of discouraged workers. Prior to 1994, to be classified as a discouraged worker, a person must have wanted a job and be reported as not currently looking because of a belief that no jobs were available or that there were none for which he or she would qualify. Beginning in 1994, persons classified as discouraged must also have looked for a job within the past year (or since their last job, if they worked during the year), and must have been available for work during the reference week (a direct question on availability was added in 1994; prior to 1994, availability had been inferred from responses to other questions.) These changes were made because the NCEUS and others felt that the previous definition of discouraged workers was too subjective, relying mainly on an individual's stated desire for a job and not on prior testing of the labor market.
- c) Similarly, the identification of persons employed part time for economic reasons (working less than 35 hours in the reference week because of poor business conditions or because of an inability to find full-time work) was tightened by adding two new criteria for persons who usually work part time: They must want and be available for full-time work. Previously, such information was inferred. (Persons who usually work full time but worked part time for an economic reason during the reference week are assumed to meet these criteria.)

- d) Specific questions were added about the expectation of recall for persons who indicate that they are on layoff. To be classified as "on temporary layoff," persons must expect to be recalled to their jobs. Previously, the questionnaire did not include explicit questions about the expectation of recall.
- e) Persons volunteering that they were waiting to start a new job within 30 days must have looked for work in the 4 weeks prior to the survey in order to be classified as unemployed. Previously, such persons did not have to meet the job-search requirement in order to be included among the unemployed.

For additional information on changes in CPS concepts and methods, see Concepts and Methods used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, BLS Report 463, October 1976 and "Overhauling the Current Population Survey — Why is it Necessary to Change?," "Redesigning the Questionnaire," and "Evaluating Changes in the Estimates," Monthly Labor Review, September 1993, and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994," in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the refinements in concepts, definitions, and methods made over the years, other changes have also affected the comparability of the labor force data.

- Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and men; other categories were relatively unaffected.
- Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force. Four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected.
- Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged.
- Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and

employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged.

- In March 1973, a subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.
- Beginning in January 1974, the method used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an "inflation-deflation" approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation," in the February 1974 issue of this publication.
- Effective in July 1975, as a result of the large inflow of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000-(30,000 men and 46,000 women.) The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, with all of the changes being confined to the "other" component of the population.
- Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of this publication.
- Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the

- interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.
- Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio adjustment method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and non-metropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of this publication.
- Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment method was changed. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of this publication. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure were derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in the total population and in the estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 (described above), and data users should consider them when comparing estimates from different periods.
- Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment method was updated to incorporate data from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of this publication. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.
- Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure -- the noninterview adjustment,

the first and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite estimator—were revised. These procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin. Major estimates were revised back to January 1980.

- Beginning in January 1986, the population controls used in the second-stage ratio adjustment method were revised to reflect an explicit estimate of the number of undocumented immigrants (largely Hispanic) since 1980 and an improved estimate of the number of emigrants among legal foreign-born residents for the same time period. As a result, the total civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by nearly 400,000; civilian employment was increased by about 350,000. The Hispanic-origin population and labor force estimates were raised by about 425,000 and 305,000, respectively, and Hispanic employment by 270,000. Overall and subgroup unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected. Because of the magnitude of the adjustments for Hispanics, data were revised back to January 1980 to the extent possible. An explanation of the changes and their effect on estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of this publication.
- Beginning in August 1989, the second-stage ratio estimate cells were changed slightly to decrease the chance of very small cells occurring and to be more consistent with published age, sex, race cells. This change had virtually no effect on national estimates.
- Beginning in January 1994, population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure were based on information obtained from the 1990 census (adjusted for the undercount as measured by the Census Bureau's Post Enumeration Survey). This change resulted in substantial increases in total population and in all major labor force categories. Under the new population controls, the civilian noninstitutional population increased by about 1.3 million, with much of the increase occurring among Hispanics. Estimates of employment were raised by about 950,000, and unemployment by approximately 200,000. In addition, the overall unemployment rate rose by about 0.1 percentage point, largely reflecting the increase in the Hispanic share of the population, which has a higher-than-

average incidence of unemployment. For further information, see "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994," in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

Changes in the occupational and industrial classification systems

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisons of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of this publication.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved from the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) and was so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers." Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census was based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system, as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had much less of an adverse effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation," and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration." Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of this publication.

Beginning in January 1992, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1990 census

were introduced into the CPS. (These systems were largely based on the 1980 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) and 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) systems, respectively.) There were a few breaks in comparability between the 1980 and 1990 census-based systems, particularly within the "technical, sales, and administrative support" categories. The most notable changes in industry classification were the shift of several industries from "business services" to "professional services" and the splitting of some industries into smaller, more detailed categories. A number of industry titles were changed as well, with no change in content.

Sampling

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. The sample is traditionally redesigned and a new sample selected after each decennial census. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are changed occasionally. Most of these changes are made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates. When Alaska and Hawaii received statehood, three sample areas were added to the existing sample to account for the population of these States. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia, was designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States. In October 1978, a coverage improvement sample of approximately 450 sample household units representing 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units was added. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. In January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's), which were redefined in 1973. In January 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was selected based on 1980 census information. A sample reduction of about 4,000 households was implemented in April 1988; they were reinstated during the 8-month period, April-November 1989. A redesigned CPS sample based on the 1990 decennial census has been selected for use during the 1990's. Households from this new sample will be phased in during the April 1994 through July 1995 period.

The current 1980 census-based sample design includes about 72,000 housing units per month located in 729 selected geographic areas called primary sampling units (PSU's). The sample was initially selected so that specific reliability criteria were met nationally, for each of the 50 States, for the District of Columbia, and for the sub-State areas of New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area. Since 1985, these reliability criteria have been maintained through periodic additions and

deletions in the State samples. The criteria, given below, are based on the coefficient of variation (CV) of the unemployment rate, where the CV is defined as the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate, expressed as a percentage. These CV controls assume a 6-percent unemployment rate to establish a consistent specification of sampling error.

Nationally, a 1.8-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimate. This means that a change of 0.2 percentage point in the unemployment rate is significant at a 90-percent confidence level.

In 11 States—California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas—the most populous States at the time of the 1980 decennial census, an 8-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimates. In the other 39 States and the District of Columbia, an 8-percent CV is maintained on the annual unemployment rate estimate. In New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area, a 9-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimates.

In the first stage of sampling, the 729 sample areas are chosen. In the second stage, ultimate sampling unit clusters composed of about four housing units each are selected. Each month, about 72,000 housing units are assigned for data collection, of which about 60,000 are occupied and thus eligible for interview. The remainder are units found to be destroyed, vacant, converted to nonresidential use, containing persons whose usual place of residence is elsewhere, or ineligible for other reasons. Of the 60,000 housing units, 4 to 5 percent are not interviewed in a given month due to temporary absence (vacation, etc.), other failures to make contact after repeated attempts, inability of persons contacted to respond, unavailability for other reasons, and refusals to cooperate (about half of the noninterviews). Information is obtained each month for about 113,000 persons 16 years of age and older.

Selection of sample areas. The entire area of the United States, consisting of 3,137 counties and independent cities, is divided into 1,973 sample units (PSU's). In most States, a PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. In New England and Hawaii, minor civil divisions are used instead of counties.

Metropolitan areas within a State are used as a basis for forming PSU's. Outside of metropolitan areas, counties normally are combined, except where the geographic area of the sample county is very large. Combining counties to form PSU's provides greater heterogeneity; a typical PSU includes urban and rural residents of both high and low economic levels and encompasses, to the extent feasible, diverse occupations and industries. Another important consideration is to have the PSU sufficiently compact so

that, with a small sample spread throughout, it can be efficiently canvassed without undue travel cost.

The 1,973 PSU's are grouped into strata within each State. Then one PSU is selected from each stratum with the probability of selection proportional to the population of the PSU. There are 314 PSU's in strata by themselves that are self-representing, and generally these are the most populated PSU's in each State. The remaining strata are formed by combining PSU's that are similar in such characteristics as population growth; proportions of blacks and of Hispanics (in certain States); and population distribution by occupation, industry, age, and sex. The PSU's, randomly selected from these strata, are non-selfrepresenting, because each one chosen represents the entire stratum. The probability of selecting a particular PSU in a non-self-representing stratum is proportional to its 1980 population. For example, within a stratum, the chance that a PSU with a population of 50,000 would be selected for the sample is twice that for a PSU having a population of 25,000.

Selection of sample households. Because the sample design is State based, the sampling ratio differs by State and depends on the reliability requirements for estimates for each State. The State sampling ratios range roughly from 1 in every 200 households to 1 in every 2,500 households in each stratum of the State. The sampling ratio occasionally is modified slightly to hold the size of the sample relatively constant given the overall growth of the population. The sampling ratio used within a sample PSU depends on the probability of selection of the PSU and the sampling ratio for the State. In a sample PSU with a probability of selection of 1 in 10 with a State sampling ratio of 1 in 2,500, the within-PSU sampling ratio that results is 1 in 250, thereby achieving the desired ratio of 1 in 2,500 for the stratum.

Within each designated PSU, several steps are involved in selecting the housing units to be enumerated. First, the 1980 census enumeration districts (ED's), which are administrative units and contain on the average about 300 housing units, are ordered so that the sample would reflect the demographic and residential characteristics of the PSU. Within each ED, the housing units are sorted geographically and are grouped into clusters of approximately four housing units. Next, a systematic sample of these clusters of housing units is selected.

The identification of the sample housing units within an ED is made wherever possible from the list of ED addresses compiled during the 1980 census. The address lists are used in about three-fourths of the ED's, primarily in urban areas. Area sampling is applied in the remaining ED's, mostly in rural areas. In ED's where address lists are used, automated methods are used to form clusters of geographically contiguous housing units. An effort is

made to have all small, multi-unit addresses (two to four housing units) included in the same cluster. The methods use the within-PSU sampling ratio to identify appropriate clusters for the sample. Supplemental samples are also prepared to account for addresses in isolated geographic areas and to account for housing units not found on the address lists, including housing units newly constructed in the PSU since the census date. The addresses of these units are obtained mainly from records of building permits.

In those ED's where area sampling methods are used, mainly rural areas, the ED's are subdivided into small land "chunks" with well-defined boundaries and having, in general, an expected "size" of about 8 to 12 housing units or other living quarters. For each subdivided ED, one chunk (or more) is designated for the sample. When a selected chunk contains about four households, for example, all units are included in the sample. When the size of the chunk is several times four units, an interviewer does not conduct interviews at all housing units in the chunk but uses a systematic sampling pattern to obtain approximately four households. The remaining housing units in the chunk are then available for further samples. Area ED's also make use of building permit lists to identify newly constructed housing units.

Rotation of sample. Part of the sample is changed each month. For each sample, eight representative subsamples or rotation groups are identified. A given rotation group is interviewed for a total of 8 months, divided into two equal periods. It is in the sample for 4 consecutive months, leaves the sample during the following 8 months, and then returns for another 4 consecutive months. In any 1 month, one-eighth of the rotation groups are in their first month of enumeration, another eighth is in their second month, and so on. Under this system, 75 percent of the sample segments are common from month to month and 50 percent from year to year for the same month. This procedure provides a substantial amount of month-tomonth and year-to-year overlap in the sample, thus providing better estimates of change and reducing discontinuities in the series of data without burdening any specific group of households with an unduly long period of inquiry.

Table 1-A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use since 1947. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in the Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics. A description of the 1980 census-based sample appears in "Redesign of the Sample for the Current Population Survey," in the May 1984 issue of this publication.

Table 1-A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to present

Time period	Number of sample	Househo	Households visited	
	areas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	but not eligible
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954 Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956 May 1956 to Dec. 1959 Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963 Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966 Jan. 1967 to July 1971 Aug. 1971 to July 1972 Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977 Jan. 1978 to Dec. 1979 Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981 May 1981 to Dec. 1984 Jan. 1985 to Mar. 1988 Apr. 1988 to Mar. 1989	68 230 1330 2333 357 449 449 461 614 629 629 729 729	21,000 21,000 33,500 33,500 33,500 48,000 45,000 45,000 53,500 62,200 57,800 57,000 53,200	500-1,000 500-1,000 1,500 1,500 1,500 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,500 2,800 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500	3,000-3,500 3,000-3,500 6,000 6,000 8,500 8,000 10,000 12,000 11,000 11,000
Nov. 1989 to present ³	729	53,200 57,400	2,600	11,800

Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Since 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State have the same probability of selection. Exceptions include sample persons in New York and California, where households in New York City and Los Angeles are selected with higher probability. Selection probabilities may also differ for some sample areas due to field subsampling, which is carried out when areas selected for the sample are found to contain many more households than expected. Though a series of estimation steps (outlined below), the selection probabilities are adjusted for noninterviews and survey undercoverage; data from previous months are incorporated into the estimates through the composite estimation procedure.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. Each MSA cluster is split by "central city" and "balance of the

- MSA." Each non-MSA cluster is split by "urban" and "rural" residence categories. The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.
- 2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and State of residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio adjustment, as follows:
- a. First-stage ratio estimation. The purpose of the first-stage ratio adjustment is to reduce the contribution to variance that results from selecting a sample of PSUs rather than drawing sample households from every PSU in the Nation. This adjustment is made to the CPS weights in two race cells: Black and nonblack; it is applied only to PSU's that are not self-representing and for those States that have a substantial number of black households. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each State cell at the time of the 1980 census between 1) the race distribution of the population in sample PSU's and 2) the race distribution of all PSU's (both 1 and 2 exclude self-representing PSU's.)
- b. Second-stage ratio estimation. This procedure substantially reduces the variability of estimates and corrects, to some extent, for CPS undercoverage. The CPS sample weights are adjusted to ensure that sample-based estimates

Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

³ The sample was increased incrementally during the 8-month period, April-November 1989.

of population match independent population controls. Three sets of controls are used:

- 1) 51 State controls of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older
- 2) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 14 Hispanic and 5 non-Hispanic age-sex categories
- 3) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 66 white, 42 Black, and 10 "other" age-sex categories

The independent population controls are prepared by projecting forward the resident population as enumerated on April 1, 1990. The projections are derived by updating demographic census data with information from a variety of other data sources that account for births, deaths, and net migration. Estimated numbers of resident Armed Forces personnel and institutionalized persons reduce the resident population to the civilian noninstitutional population. Estimates of net census undercount, determined from the Post Enumeration Survey, are added to the population projections. Prior to January 1994, the projections were based on earlier censuses, and there was no correction for census undercount. A summary of the current procedures used to make population projections is given in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 1994," appearing in the February 1994 issue of this publication.

3. Composite estimation procedure. The last step in the preparation of most CPS estimates makes use of a composite estimation procedure. The composite estimate consists of a weighted average of two factors: The two-stage ratio estimate based on the entire sample from the current month and the composite estimate for the previous month, plus an estimate of the month-to-month change based on the six rotation groups common to both months. In addition, a bias adjustment term is added to the weighted average to account for relative bias associated with month-insample estimates. This month-in-sample bias is exhibited by unemployment estimates for persons in their first and fifth months in the CPS being generally higher than estimates obtained for the other months.

The composite estimate results in a reduction in the sampling error beyond that which is achieved after the two stages of ratio adjustment. For some items, the reduction is substantial. The resultant gains in reliability are greatest in estimates of month-to-month change, although gains are also usually obtained for estimates of level in a given month, change from year to year, and change over other intervals of time.

Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent

rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided indicate primarily the magnitude of the sampling error. They also incorporate the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not account for any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., the inability to obtain information about all persons in the sample; differences in the interpretation of questions; inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information; inability to recall information; errors made in collecting and processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data; and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey are studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the Current Population Survey Reinterview Program, January 1961 through December 1966, Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates From Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, Journal of the American Statistical Association, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. The CPS covers about 94 percent of the decennial census population. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. Generally,

undercoverage is larger for men than for women and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races than for whites. Ratio adjustment to independent age-sex-race-origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-origin group.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in "An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey," by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive discussion of various sources of errors and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. When a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed, estimates differ from the true population values that they represent. This difference, or sampling error, occurs by chance, and its variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. Sample estimates from a given survey design are unbiased when an average of the estimates from all possible samples would yield, hypothetically, the true population value. In this case, the sample estimate and its standard error can be used to construct approximate confidence intervals, or ranges of values, that include the true population value with known probabilities. If the process of selecting a sample from the population were repeated many times and an estimate and its standard error calculated for each sample, then:

- 1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the true population value.
- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the true population value.
- 3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the true population value.

Although the estimating methods used in the CPS do not produce unbiased estimates, biases for most estimates are believed to be small enough so that these confidence interval statements are approximately true.

Since it would be too costly to develop standard errors for all CPS estimates, generalized variance function techniques are used to calculate sets of standard errors for various types of labor force characteristics. It is important to keep in mind that standard errors computed from these methods reflect contributions from sampling errors and some kinds of nonsampling errors and indicate the general magnitude of an estimate's standard error rather than its precise value.

The generalized variance functions and standard errors provided here are based on the sample design and estimation procedures as of 1987 and have been adjusted to reflect the population levels and sample size as of 1991. The figures have not been adjusted to account for the use of new population controls based on the 1990 census. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors obtained must be further adjusted to reflect the CPS sample size in effect at that time. For years prior to 1956, standard errors should be multiplied by 1.5; for the years 1956 through 1966, standard errors should be multiplied by 1.22.

Tables 1-B through 1-H are provided so that approximate standard errors of estimates can be easily obtained. These tables are briefly summarized here; details illustrating the proper use of each table follow.

Tables 1-B and 1-C show standard errors for estimated monthly levels and rates for selected employment status characteristics; these tables also provide standard errors for consecutive month-to-month changes in the estimates. These standard errors are based on levels of recent estimates and can be determined directly by finding the characteristic of interest.

Tables 1-D and 1-E show standard errors for monthly levels and consecutive monthly changes in levels for general employment status characteristics. The standard errors are calculated using linear interpolation based on the size of the monthly estimates.

Tables 1-F and 1-G give parameters that can be used with formulas to calculate a standard error on nearly any specified level, unemployment rate, percentage, or consecutive month-to-month change. For monthly levels and consecutive month-to-month changes in levels, tables 1-F and 1-G are preferred to tables 1-D and 1-E, since the formulas provide more accurate results than linear interpolation.

Table 1-H presents factors used to convert standard errors of monthly levels and rates determined from tables 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, and 1-F to standard errors pertaining to quarterly and yearly averages, consecutive year-to-year changes of monthly estimates, and changes in quarterly and yearly averages.

Table 1-B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(In thousands)

Industry	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Total, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	260 281 144	191 213 157
Men, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	165 183 106	140 154 120
Women, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	196 201 88	148 154 101
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	83 80 52	82 80 68
Black, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	121 123 65	88 93 74
Men, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	67 72 46	59 64 54
Women, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed. Unemployed	85 84 43	64 65 50
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	33 28 25	34 29 29
Hispanic origin, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	97 102 52	68 81 61

The standard errors for estimated changes from 1 month to the next, 1 year to the next, etc., depend more on the monthly levels for characteristics than on the size of the changes. Accordingly, tables 1-E, 1-G, and 1-H use monthly levels (not the magnitude of the changes) for approximating standard errors of change. Standard errors for estimated change between nonconsecutive months are not provided (except for year-to-year change); however, these may be assumed to be higher than the standard errors for consecutive monthly change.

Use of tables 1-B and 1-C. These tables provide a quick reference for standard errors of major characteristics. Table 1-B gives approximate standard errors for estimates of monthly levels and consecutive month-to-month changes in levels for major employment status categories. Table 1-C gives approximate standard errors for estimates

of monthly unemployment rates and consecutive monthto-month changes in unemployment rates for some demographic, industrial, and occupational categories. For characteristics not given in tables 1-B and 1-C, refer to either tables 1-D and 1-E or tables 1-F and 1-G.

Illustration. Suppose that for a given month the number of women 20 years and over in the civilian labor force is estimated to be 54,000,000. For this characteristic, the approximate standard error of 196,000 is given in table 1-B in the row, "total, women 20 years and over: Civilian labor force." A 90-percent confidence interval as shown by these data, would then be the interval from 53,686,000 to 54,314,000. Concluding that the true labor force level lies within this interval would be correct for roughly 90 percent of all possible samples.

Use of tables 1-D and 1-E. From these tables, approximate standard errors can be calculated for estimates of monthly levels and month-to-month changes in levels for major labor force characteristics by race and Hispanic origin. For major categories not shown, such as male or female, tables 1-F and 1-G can be used. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the tables may be approximated by linear interpolation. For table 1-E, which applies to estimates of consecutive month-to-month change, the average of the two monthly levels (not the change) is used to select the appropriate row in the table.

Illustration. Assume that between 2 consecutive months the estimated number of employed persons changed from 115,600,000 to 116,700,000, an apparent increase of 1,100,000. The approximate standard error on this monthto-month change estimate is based on the average level of the estimate for the 2 months, 116,150,000. Using the table 1-E column titled "labor force data other than unemployment and agricultural employment, total," it is necessary to find the standard errors corresponding to the two monthly level entries between which the value 116,150,000 lies. The standard error corresponding to 100,000,000 is given as 240,000, and the standard error corresponding to 120,000,000 is given as 206,000. Use linear interpolation to find the approximate standard error on month-to-month change corresponding to the level 116,150,000; one method of calculation is given below.

$$206,000 + \left(\frac{120,000,000-116,150,000}{120,000,000-100,000,000}\right) (240,000-206,000) \doteq 213,000$$

Thus, a 90-percent confidence interval for the true monthto-month change would be approximately the interval from 759,000 to 1,441,000.

Use of tables 1-F and 1-G. These tables can be used to find approximate standard errors for a wide range of estimated monthly levels, proportions, rates, and estimates of consecutive monthly change. Instead of displaying standard

Table 1-C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Total, 16 years and over	0.11	0.14
Men, 16 years and over	.16	.19
Men, 20 years and over	.16	.19
Women, 16 years and over	.16	.19
Women, 20 years and over	.16	.19
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.78	1.03
White workers	.12	.14
Black workers	.48	.56
Hispanic-origin workers	.50	.60
Married men, spouse present	.17	.20
Married women, spouse present	.18	.22
Women who maintain families	.55	.65
Occupation		
Executive, administrative, and		
managerial	.23	.27
Professional specialty	.18	,22
Technicians and related	40	47
support	.40	.47
Sales	.30	.36
Administrative support,	26	24
including clerical Private household	.26 1,44	.31 1.71
Protective service	.86	1.02
Service, except private	.00	1.02
household and protective		
service	.36	.43
Precision production, craft, and	.50	.40
repair	.38	.45
Machine operators, assemblers,	.00	.,0
and inspectors	.53	.64
Transportation and material		
moving	.58	.69
Handlers, equipment cleaners,		
helpers and laborers	.80	.96
Farming, forestry, and fishing	.66	.78
Industry		
Nonagricultural private wage		
and salary workers	.14	.16
Goods-producing industries	.28	.33
Mining	1.59	1.89
Construction	.76	.91
Manufacturing	.29	.34
Durable goods	.37	.45
Nondurable goods	.45	.54
Service-producing		
industries	.15	.18
Transportation, communi-		
cations, and public		į
utilities	.42	.50
Wholesale and retail trade	.27	.33
Finance and services	.19	.23
Government workers	.20	.24
Agricultural wage and salary	1.00	1.00
workers	1.08	1.29

errors, these tables provide parameters to be used with the formulas given below that allow the user to calculate standard errors.

Table 1-G, which applies to estimates of consecutive monthly change, lists parameters for some characteristics classified by a measure of correlation between monthly estimates. Estimates of the number of persons employed full time, for example, change relatively little from 1 month to the next, and the two monthly estimates are said to be highly correlated. Consecutive monthly estimates of parttime employment, by contrast, have low correlation, because these estimates are relatively volatile.

Major characteristics for which consecutive monthly estimates are known to have high or low correlation are indicated in table 1-G. Not all categories in table 1-G, however, are broken down into low or high correlation characteristics. When high or low correlation is not specified in table 1-G, the parameters in this table should be selected from the rows labeled "most characteristics" or from rows not specifying correlation.

Standard errors of estimated levels. The approximate standard error, s_x , of an estimated monthly level, x, can be obtained using the formula below, where a and b are the parameters from table 1-F associated with the particular characteristic. The same formula can be used to approximate the standard error of an estimated month-to-month change in level; simply average the levels for the 2 consecutive months and use the parameters from table 1-G.

$$s_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}$$

Illustration. Assume that in a given month there are an estimated 6 million unemployed men in the civilian labor force (x = 6,000,000). Obtain the appropriate a and b parameters from table 1-F ("unemployment, total or white"). Use the formula to compute an approximate standard error on the estimate of 6,000,000.

$$a = -0.000015749$$
 $b = 2464.91$

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000015749)(6,000,000)^2 + (2464.91)(6,000,000)} = 119,000$$

Suppose that in the next month the estimated number of unemployed men increases by 200,000 to 6,200,000. The average of the monthly levels is x=6,100,000. Obtain the appropriate a and b parameters from table 1-G ("unemployment, total or white, total, men, women"). Use the formula to compute an approximate standard error on the estimated change of 200,000.

$$s_y = \sqrt{(-0.000082123)(6,100,000)^2 + (3494.11)(6,100,000)} = 135,000$$

An approximate 90-percent confidence interval for the true month-to-month change would be the interval from -16,000 to 416,000. Because this interval covers zero, one cannot assert at this level of confidence that any real change has occurred in the unemployment level. This result can also be expressed by saying that the apparent

Table 1-D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly levels (In thousands)

	Characteristic									
		Agricultural employment		Unemployment		Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment				
Estimated monthly									Hispanio	origin
level Total or white Black	Black	Total or white	Total or Hispanic white Black origin		Total White		Black	Employed	Civilian labor force or not in labor force	
50	11 16 38 57 88 145 200 253 307	11 16 36 50 69	11 16 35 49 70 98 119 137 152 183 207	11 16 36 49 67 86 94 93 84	12 16 36 51 71 96	11 16 35 50 70 99 120 138 153 184 209 246 273 293 306 313 316 306 275 211	11 16 35 50 70 98 120 137 152 183 207 243 267 284 294 297 295 272 216	11 16 36 50 69 93 108 117 122 117 84	12 17 38 52 71 93 102 104 97	12 17 38 52 71 93 102 104 97

Table 1-E. Standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change in levels (In thousands)

	Characteristic										
Estimated	Agricultural employment		Unemployment		Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment						
monthly level			T						Hispani	c origin	
	Total or	Black	Total or white	Black	Hispanic origin	Total	Total White	Black	Employed	Civilian labor force or not in labor force	
50 100 500 1,000 2,000 4,000 6,000 8,000 10,000 15,000 20,000 30,000 40,000 50,000 60,000 70,000 80,000 120,000 140,000 140,000 140,000 140,000 180,000	13 18 39 53 71 85 82 58	11 15 34 48 66	13 19 42 58 82 113 134 151 163 184 192	13 19 41 57 76 92 91 72	14 19 43 60 82 107	9 13 29 41 57 81 98 112 125 150 170 200 222 237 246 251 252 240 206 138	9 13 29 41 57 81 98 112 125 150 170 200 222 237 246 251 252 240 206 138	9 13 30 41 57 76 87 93 95 82	10 14 32 44 60 77 84 84 76	9 12 27 37 50 65 72 73 68	

change of 200,000 is not significant at a 90-percent confidence level.

Standard errors of estimated percentages and rates. Generally, percentages and rates are not published unless the monthly base (denominator) is greater than 75,000 persons, the quarterly average base is greater than 60,000 persons, or the annual average base is greater than 35,000 persons.

The reliability of an estimated percentage or rate depends upon the magnitude of the percentage or rate and its base. When the numerator and base are in different

Table 1-F. Parameters for computation of standard errors for estimates of monthly levels

Characteristic	а	b
Labor force and not-labor- force data other than agri- cultural employment and unemployment:		
Total ¹	-0.000015503 000028833 000025830 000149802	2488.36 2300.61 2111.70 2039.69
White ¹	000017494 000032295 000029346 000177579	2488.36 2300.61 2111.70 2039.69
Black Men Women Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000113103 000273973 000164107 001144754	2613.14 2458.39 2181.67 2390.62
Hispanic origin	000199918	2945.94
Not in labor force, total or white, excluding women and 16-to 19-year-olds	.000005200	690.84
Total or white	.000685688 .000755044	2541.14 2351.42
to 19 years	000021749	2155.45
Black	000121753	2626.04
Hispanic origin: Total or women Men or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.011486158	2189.09 1268.58
Unemployment:		
Total or white	000015749 000191460 000098631	2464.91 2621.89 2704.53

Excludes not-in-labor-force data.

categories, use the parameters from table 1-F or 1-G relevant to the numerator. The approximate standard error, $s_{y,p}$, of an estimated percentage or rate, p, can be obtained using the following formula, where y is the estimated number of persons in the base.

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{y}} p_{(100-p)}$$

Illustration. For a given month, suppose that 5,600,000 women, 20 to 24 years of age, are estimated to be employed. Of this total, 1,800,000 or 32 percent are classified as part-time workers. To estimate the standard error on this percentage, proceed as follows. Obtain the parameter b = 2111.70 from table 1-F ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, total women"). Apply the formula to obtain:

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2111.70}{5,600,000}(32)(100 - 32)} \doteq 0.9 \text{ percent}$$

Suppose that in the next month 5,700,000 women in this same age group are reported employed and that 1,950,000 or 34 percent are part-time workers. To estimate the standard error on the observed month-to-month change of 2 percentage points, first average the values for p and y over the 2 months to get p=33 percent and y=5,650,000. Next, obtain the parameter b=2245.76 from table 1-G ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, total or white, women, low correlation characteristics") and apply the formula as follows.

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2245.76}{5.650.000}}(33)(100 - 33) \doteq 0.9 \text{ percent}$$

It should be noted that the numerator of the percentage (part-time employed) determined the choice of correlation. If the example had illustrated percentages of women employed full time, the numerator would have been a high correlation characteristic. Table 1-G, however, does not explicitly list high correlation parameters for employed women; thus, the row labeled "women, most characteristics" would have been used.

Had the example dealt with teenage women employed part time, either of two rows in table 1-G could have been applied ("women, low correlation" or "both sexes, 16 to 19 years"). In situations like this, where it is not clear which row applies, a general rule to follow is to choose the row with the largest b parameter. This gives a more conservative estimate of standard error.

Use of table 1-H. Use this table with table 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, or 1-F to calculate approximate standard errors for quarterly or yearly averages, changes in consecutive quarterly or yearly averages, and consecutive year-to-year changes

Table 1-G. Parameters for computation of standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change in levels

Characteristic	a	b
Labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:		
Total or white: Most characteristics High correlation characteristics ¹ Low correlation characteristics ¹	-0.000010944 000008144 000014170	1668.04 1304.38 2126.02
Men: Most characteristics High correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics	000019884 000014794 000051372	1599,03 1249,33 2221,13
Women: Most characteristics	000018554 000052252	1410.58 2245.76
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000162663	2097.34
Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics	000089327 001740338	1787.47 5422.14
Men: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics	000212603 002613218	1912.52 4889.94
Women: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics	000140597 002078353	1539.24 4483.53
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	001139392	2538.37
Hispanic origin: Total Civilian labor force and not in labor force Low correlation characteristics Men, civilian labor force and not in labor force Men, 16 years and over; 20 years and over; and both sexes, 16 to 19 years Women, 16 years and over and 20 years and over	000152279 000099676 002541911 000238849 000384132 000330113	2098.10 1459.85 6518.78 1749.13 2694.10 1972.12
Agricultural employment:		
Total or white: Total	000346999 000592136 .000113873	3199.19 3295.42 1975.66
Black: Total or women	000110444 017331654	2382.12 4929.50
Hispanic origin: Total or women	.002782195 .002777539	3509.38 3001.45
Self-employed	000215510	1743.43
Une mployment:2 Total or white: Total, men, women	000082123 000062800	3494.11 4269.23
Black: Total, men, women, and both sexes, 16 to 19 years High correlation characteristics	000373894 .000043481	3630.26 2571.23
Hispanic origin: Total, men, women Both sexes, 16 to 19 years and low correlation characteristics	000244978 000965230	3822.03 5321.96

¹ High correlation characteristics include employed full-time, manufacturing, service workers, and not in the labor force. Low correlation characteristics include all part-time workers; employed, with a job, but not at work; unpaid family workers; and precision production, craft, and repair occupations.

² High correlation characteristics include full-time jobseekers; job losers; manufacturing workers; and operators, fabricators, and laborers. Low correlation characteristics include part-time jobseekers, reentrants, persons unemployed for less than 5 weeks and from 5 to 14 weeks.

in monthly estimates. Table 1-H gives factors to be applied only to standard errors for monthly levels. Follow these three basic steps:

Step 1. Average estimates appropriately. For quarterly estimates, average the 3 monthly estimates. For yearly estimates, average the 12 monthly estimates. For changes in consecutive averages, average over the 2 quarters or 2 years. For consecutive year-to-year changes in monthly estimates, average the 2 months involved.

Step 2. Obtain a standard error on a monthly estimate using table 1-B or 1-C, or apply the procedures for table 1-D or 1-F to the average calculated in step 1, as if the average were an estimate for a single month.

Step 3. Determine the standard error on the average or on the estimate of change. Multiply the result from step 2 by the appropriate factor from table 1-H.

Illustration. Suppose that standard errors are desired for a quarterly average of black employment levels and for the change in averages from 1 quarter to the next. For each successive month of the first quarter, suppose the levels are observed to be 11,500,000, 11,600,000, and 11,700,000.

Step 1. The quarterly average is 11,600,000.

Step 2. Obtain the a and b parameters from table 1-F ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black, total"). Use the formula for \mathbf{s}_x to compute an approximate standard error for a monthly estimate of 11,600,000.

$$a = -0.000113103$$
 $b = 2613.14$

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000113103)(11,600,000)^2 + (2613.14)(11,600,000)} = 123,000$$

Step 3. Multiply this result by the factor .87 from table 1-H (column labeled "quarterly averages" and row labeled "labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black"). This gives an approximate standard error of 107,000 on the quarterly average of 11,600,000.

Proceed to obtain the approximate standard error on the change in consecutive quarterly average estimates of black employment. Assume that black employment estimates for the months in the second quarter are observed to be 11,100,000, 11,200,000, and 11,300,000.

Step 1. The average for the second quarter is 11,200,000. The average of the 2 quarters is 11,400,000.

Step 2. Obtain the a and b parameters as above and use the formula for s_x to compute an approximate standard error for the estimate of 11,400,000, treating it as an estimate for a single month.

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000113103)(11,400,000)^2 + (2613.14)(11,400,000)} = 123,000$$

Step 3. Multiply this result by the factor .84 from table 1-H (column labeled "change in quarterly averages" and row labeled "labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black"). This gives an approximate standard error of 103,000 on the estimated change of 400,000 from 1 quarter to the next.

The estimated change clearly exceeds 2 standard errors; therefore, one could conclude from these data that the change in quarterly averages is significant.

Table 1-H. Factors to be used with tables 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, and 1-F to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and change in yearly averages

	Factor						
Characteristic	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages		
Agricultural employment:							
Total or men Women Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Part time	1.30 1.30 1.30 1.40	0.92 .82 .78 .80	0.70 .84 .88 .80	0.79 .57 .49 .59	0.70 .70 .70 .70		
Unemployment:							
Total	1.40 1.40	.74 .67	.88 .88	.46 .42	.65 .54		
Labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:							
Total or white Black Hispanic origin Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Part time	1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.40	.87 .87 .87 .79 .82	.85 .84 .80 .88	.65 .65 .65 .54	.70 .70 .70 .70 .60		

Establishment Data ("B" tables)

COLLECTION

BLS cooperates with State employment security agencies in the Current Employment Statistics (CES) or establishment survey to collect data each month on employment, hours, and earnings from a sample of nonfarm establishments (including government.) In 1992, this sample included over 370,000 reporting units. From these data, a large number of employment, hours, and earnings series in considerable industry and geographic detail are prepared and published each month. Historical statistics can be found in *Employment*, Hours, and Earnings, United States, and Employment, Hours, and Earnings, States and Areas. These data are also available in machine-readable format.

Each month, the State agencies collect data on employment, payrolls, and paid hours from a sample of establishments. Data are collected by mail from most respondents; phone collection is used to obtain higher response rates from selected respondents through computer-assisted interviews, touch-tone self-response, and voice recognition technology.

The respondents extract the requested data from their payroll records, which must be maintained for a variety of tax and accounting purposes. All firms with 250 employees or more are asked to participate in the survey, as well as a sample of smaller firms.

A "shuttle" schedule (BLS form 790 series) is used for mail respondents. It is submitted each month by the respondents, edited by the State agency, and returned to the respondent for use again the following month.

The technical characteristics of the shuttle schedule are particularly important in maintaining continuity and consistency in reporting from month to month. The shuttle design automatically exhibits the trends of the reported data covered by the schedule during the year; therefore, the relationship of the current data to the data for the previous months is shown. The schedule also has operational advantages. For example, accuracy and economy are achieved by entering the identification codes and the address of the reporter only once a year.

All schedules are edited by the State agencies each month to make sure that the data are correctly reported and that they are consistent with the data reported by the establishment in earlier months and with the data reported by other establishments in the industry. The State agencies forward the data, either on the schedules themselves or in machine-readable form, to BLS-Washington. They also use the information provided on the forms to develop State and area estimates of employment, hours, and earnings. At BLS, the data are edited again by computer to detect processing and reporting errors which may have been missed

in the initial State editing; the edited data are used to prepare national estimates.

It should be noted that for employment, the sum of the State figures will differ from the official U.S. national totals because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification and differences in the timing of benchmark adjustments.

CONCEPTS

Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation (beginning with August 1990 data) and for States and areas (beginning with January 1990 data) are classified in accordance with the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC), Office of Management and Budget.

Industry employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency are also excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

Indexes of diffusion of employment change (table B-6). These indexes measure the dispersion among industries of the change in employment over the specified time span. Beginning with August 1990 data, the overall indexes are calculated from 356 seasonally adjusted employment series (3-digit industries) covering all nonfarm payroll employment in the private sector. The manufacturing diffusion indexes are based on 139 3-digit industries.

To derive the indexes, each component industry is assigned a value of 0, 50, or 100 percent, depending on whether its employment showed a decrease, no change, or an increase, respectively, over the time span. The average value (mean) is then calculated, and this percent is the diffusion index number.

The reference point for diffusion analysis is 50 percent, the value which indicates that the same number of component industries had increased as had decreased. Index numbers above 50 show that more industries had increasing employment, and values below 50 indicate that more had decreasing employment. The margin between the percent that increased and the percent that decreased is equal to the difference between the index and its complement, i.e., 100 minus the index. For example, an index of 65 percent means that 30 percent more industries had increasing employment than had decreasing employment [65-(100-65) = 30]. However, for dispersion analysis, the distance of the index number from the 50-percent reference point is the most significant observation.

Although diffusion indexes are commonly interpreted as showing the percent of components that increased over the time span, it should be remembered that the index reflects half of the unchanged components as well. (This is the effect of assigning a value of 50 percent to the unchanged components when computing the index.)

Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers. This category includes working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storing, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Construction workers. This group includes the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees. These are employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll. This refers to the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacation, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. Employee benefits (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours. These are the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours. These are hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which included the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current

month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1982. For basic industries, the hours aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hours aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Because overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month. Such factors as work stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months.

Average hourly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum wage payments. These series are compiled only for aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing. The same concepts and estimation methods apply to these series as apply to the average hourly earnings series described above; the one difference between the series is definitional. The payroll data used to calculate this series include lump-sum payments made to production workers in lieu of general wage rate increases; such payments are excluded from the definition of gross

payrolls used to calculate the other average hourly earnings series.

For each sample establishment in SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 covered by a lump-sum agreement, the reported payroll data are adjusted to include a prorated portion of the lump-sum payment. Such payments are generally made once a year and cover the following 12-month period. In order to spread the payment across this time period, a prorated portion of the payment is added to the payroll each month. This prorated portion is adjusted by an exit rate to reduce the lump-sum amount to account for persons who received the payment but left before the payment allocation period expired.

Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime premium pay are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Railroad hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Average weekly earnings. These estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as the proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-term trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Real earnings. These earnings are in constant dollars and are calculated from the earnings averages for the current

month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W). The reference year for these series is 1982.

ESTIMATING METHODS

The Current Employment Statistics (CES) or establishment survey estimates of employment are generated through an annual benchmark and monthly sample link procedure. Annual universe counts or benchmark levels are generated primarily from administrative records on employees covered by unemployment insurance (UI) tax laws. These annual benchmarks, established for March of each year, are projected forward for each subsequent month based on the trend of the sample employment, using an estimation procedure called the link relative. Benchmarks and sample link relatives are computed for each of 1,690 basic estimation cells defined by industry, size, and geography for the CES national estimates, and summed to create aggregate level employment estimates.

Benchmarks

The establishment survey constructs annual benchmarks in order to realign the sample-based employment totals for March of each year with the UI-based population counts for March. These population counts are much less timely than sample-based estimates; however, they provide an annual point-in-time census for employment.

Population counts are derived from the administrative file of employees covered by UI. All employers covered by UI laws are required to report employment and wage information to the appropriate State employment security agency four times a year. Approximately 99 percent of inscope private employment is covered by UI. A benchmark for the remaining 1 percent is constructed from alternate sources, primarily records from the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Social Security Administration. The full benchmark developed for March replaces the March sample-based estimate, for each basic cell. The monthly sample-based estimates for the year preceding and the year following the benchmark are also then subject to revision.

Monthly estimates for the year preceding the March benchmark are readjusted using a "wedge back" procedure. The difference between the final benchmark level and the previously published March sample estimate is calculated and spread back across the previous 11 months. The wedge is linear; eleven-twelfths of the March difference is added to the February estimates, ten-twelfths to the January estimates, and so on, back to the previous April estimates which receive one-twelfth of the March difference. This assumes that the total estimation error since the last benchmark accumulated at a steady rate throughout the current benchmark year.

Estimates for the 11 months following the March benchmark are also recalculated each year. These postbenchmark estimates reflect the application of samplebased monthly changes to new benchmark levels for March, and the recomputation of bias adjustment factors for each month. Bias factors are updated to take into account the most recent experience of the estimates generated by the monthly sample versus the full universe counts derived from the UI.

Following the revision of basic employment estimates, all other derivative series (e.g., production workers, average hourly earnings) are also recalculated. New seasonal adjustment factors are calculated and all data series for the previous 5 years are reseasonally adjusted, prior to full publication of all revised data in June of each year.

Monthly estimation

Estimates are derived from a sample of approximately 370,000 business establishments nationwide. A current month's estimate is derived as the product of the previous month's estimate and a sample link relative for the current month. A bias adjustment factor is then applied to this result primarily to help account for new business births during the month.

Stratification. The sample is stratified into 1,690 basic estimation cells for purposes of computing national employment, hours, and earnings estimates. Cells are defined primarily by detailed industry, and secondarily by size for a majority of cells. In a few industries, mostly within the construction division, geographic stratification is also used. Industry classification is in accordance with the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC); most estimation cells are defined at the 4-digit SIC level.

This detailed stratification pattern allows for the production and publication of estimates in considerable industry detail. Sub-industry stratification by size is important because major statistics which the survey measures, particularly employment change and average earnings, often vary significantly between establishments of different size. Stratification reduces the variance of the published industry level estimates.

Link relative technique. A ratio of the previous to the current month's employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months—this ratio is called a "link relative." For each basic cell, a link relative is computed and applied to the previous month's employment estimate to derive the current month's estimate. Thus a March benchmark is moved forward to the next March benchmark through application of monthly link relatives. Basic cell estimates created through the link relative technique are aggregated to form published industry level estimates, for employment, as described in table 2-A. Basic estimation and aggregation methods for the hours and earnings data are also shown in table 2-A.

Bias adjustment. Bias adjustment factors are computed at the 3-digit SIC level, and applied each month at the

Table 2-A. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)
	Month	ly data
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multi- plied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months. ¹	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees	All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees. ²	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.
Average weekly hours	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. ²	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours	Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers. ²	Average, weighted by production worker employ- ment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.
Average hourly earnings	Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. ²	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	Annual ave	erage data
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory		
workers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate hours (production or nonsupervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or nonsupervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average weekly overtime hours	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate hours.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

¹ The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

² The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly

earnings are modified by a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

basic cell level, as part of the standard estimation procedures. The main purpose of bias adjustment is to reduce a primary source of nonsampling error in the survey, the inability to capture, on a timely basis, employment generated by new firm births. There is a several month lag between an establishment opening for business and its appearing on the UI universe frame and being available for sampling. Because new firms generate a portion of employment growth each month of the year, nonsampling methods must be used to capture this growth, otherwise substantial under estimation of total employment levels would occur. Formal bias adjustment procedures have been used by the establishment survey since the late 1960's. Prior to the 1983 benchmark, bias adjustments were derived from a simple mean error model, which averaged undercount errors for the previous 3 years to arrive at bias projections for the coming year. The undercount errors were measured as the difference between samplebased estimate results and benchmark levels.

This procedure eventually proved inadequate during periods of rapidly changing employment trends, and the bias adjustment methodology was revised. Research done in the early 1980's indicated that bias requirements were strongly correlated with current employment growth or decline. Based on this research, a revised method was developed which incorporated the sample data on employment growth over the most recent two quarters, and a regression-derived coefficient for the significance of that change, to adjust the mean error model results. This change in methodology provided a more cyclically sensitive bias model. The regression-adjusted mean error model has been in use since 1983, for the production of national estimates.

The current model still has limitations in its ability to react to changing economic conditions or changing error structure relationships between the sample-based estimates and the UI universe counts. A principal limitation is the inability to incorporate UI universe counts as they become available on an ongoing basis, with a 6- to 9-month lag from the reference period. Thus, the current quarterly outputs from the model are subject to intervention analysis, and adjustments can be made to its results, prior to the establishment of final bias levels for a quarter. Review is done primarily in terms of detection of outlier (i.e., abnormally high or low) values, and by comparison of CES sample and bias trends with the most recent quarterly observations of UI universe counts. The BLS currently has under study improved bias models using a Kalman filter technique, which would allow a more formal, structured incorporation of each quarter's UI universe counts in the bias modeling process.

Although the primary function of bias adjustment is to account for employment resulting from new business formations, it also adjusts for other elements of nonsampling error in the survey, because the primary input to the mod-

eling procedure is total estimation error. Significant among these nonsampling error sources is a business death bias. When a sampled firm closes down, most often it simply does not respond to the survey that month, rather than reporting zero employment. Followup with nonrespondents may reveal an out-of-business firm, but this information is often received too late to incorporate into monthly estimates, and the firm is simply treated as a nonrespondent for that month.

Because the bias adjustments incorporated into the estimates represent a composite of a birth bias, death bias, and a number of other differences between the sample-based estimates and the population counts, the monthly bias adjustment levels have no specific economic meaning in and of themselves.

Table 2-B summarizes bias adjustments made over the past 10 years. The table displays the average monthly "bias added" and the average monthly "bias required" with the benchmark revisions for each year. Bias added shows the average amount of bias which was added each month over the course of an interbenchmark period. For example, the bias added for 1984 is listed as 140,000; this represents the average of bias adjustments made each month over the period April 1983 through May 1984. Bias required is computed retrospectively, after the March benchmark for a given year is known. Bias required figures are calculated by taking the difference between a March estimate derived purely from the sample (i.e., a series calculated without bias adjustment) and the March benchmark. Dividing this figure by 12 gives the average monthly bias required figure. The bias required is thus defined as the amount of bias adjustment which would have achieved a zero benchmark error. The difference between the total bias required and the total bias added is then, by definition, approximately the benchmark revision amount, for any given year. Also provided in the table for illustration, are the March-to-March changes. As discussed above, the over-the-year changes indicate correlation with the bias added and bias required figures.

THE SAMPLE

Design

The emphasis in the establishment survey is on producing timely data at minimum cost. Therefore, the primary goal of its design is to sample a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reliable estimates that can be published both promptly and regularly. The present sample allows BLS to produce preliminary total nonfarm employment estimates for each month, including some limited industry detail, within 3 weeks after the reference period, and data in considerably more detail with an additional one-month lag.

The sampling plan used in the establishment survey is a

form of sampling with probability proportionate to size, known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This is an optimum allocation design among strata because sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. The universe of establishment employment is highly skewed, with a large percentage of total employment concentrated in relatively few establishments. Because variance on a population total estimate is a function of percentage universe coverage achieved by the sample, it is efficient to sample larger establishments at a higher rate than smaller establishments, assuming the cost per sample unit is fairly constant across size classes.

Under the establishment survey design, large establishments fall into a certainty strata for sample selection. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and cost considerations. For example, in a manufacturing industry with a high proportion of total employment concentrated in a small number of establishments, a larger percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments, with a relatively few chosen from among the smaller establishments. For an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is concentrated in small establishments, the sample design again calls for inclusion of all large establishments but also for a more substantial number of smaller ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to have a sample design for these industries with a smaller proportion of total universe coverage than is the case for most manufacturing industries.

Coverage

The establishment survey is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table 2-C shows the latest benchmark employment levels and the approximate proportion of total universe employment coverage, at the total nonfarm and major industry division levels. The coverage for individual industries within the divisions may vary from the proportions shown.

Reliability

The establishment survey, like other sample surveys, is subject to two types of error, sampling and nonsampling error. The magnitude of sampling error, or variance, is directly related to the size of the sample and the percentage of universe coverage achieved by the sample. The establishment survey sample covers over one-third of total universe employment; this yields a very small variance on the total nonfarm estimates. Measurements of error associated with sample estimates are provided in tables 2-D through 2-G.

Benchmark revision as a measure of survey error. The sum of sampling and nonsampling error can be considered total survey error. Unlike most sample surveys which publish sampling error as their only measure of error, the CES can derive an annual approximation of total error, on a lagged basis, because of the availability of the independently derived universe data. While the benchmark error is used as a measure of total error for the CES survey estimate, technically, it actually represents the difference between two independent estimates derived from separate survey processes (i.e., the CES sample process and the UI universe process) and thus reflects the errors present in

Table 2-B. March employment benchmarks and bias adjustments for total private industries, March 1983-92

Year	Bench	mark	Average n	nonthly bias	Over-the-year
	Employment ¹	Revision ²	Added ³	Required ⁴	employment change ⁵
1983	72,043	-78	102	96	-1,327
1984	76,371	341	140	169	4,328
1985	79,446	-131	152	141	3,075
1986	81,204	-400	149	116	1,758
1987	83,173	21	98	99	1,969
1988	86,180	-310	114	88	3,007
1989	89,015	-93	131	123	2,835
1990	90,546	-261	85	63	1,531
1991	88,790	-583	61	12	-1,756
1992	88,347	-130	33	22	-443

¹ Universe counts for March of each year used to make annual benchmark adjustments to the employment estimates. About 99 percent of the benchmark employment is from unemployment insurance administrative records, and the remaining 1 percent is from alternate sources. Data represent benchmark levels as originally computed; levels for 1983-90 were subsequently corrected.

course of an inter-benchmark period, i.e., from April of the prior year through March of the given year.

levels for 1983-90 were subsequently corrected.

² Difference between the final March sample-based estimate and the benchmark level for total private employment.

³ The average amount of bias adjustment each month over the

⁴ The difference between the March benchmark and the March estimate derived solely from the sample without bias adjustment, converted to a monthly amount by dividing by 12.

March-to-March changes in the benchmark employment level. NOTE: Data in this table exclude government employment because there is no bias adjustment for this sector.

each program. Historically, the benchmark revision has been very small for total nonfarm employment. Over the past decade, percentage benchmark error has averaged 0.2 percent, with a range from zero to 0.6 percent. Table 2-D shows the most current benchmark revisions, along with 10-year mean revisions and mean absolute revisions for major industries. Mean revisions give an indication of bias in the estimates; unbiased estimates have a mean revision close to zero, as over and under estimations cancel out over time. Mean absolute revisions give an overall indicator as to the accuracy of the estimates; the larger the value, the further the estimate was from the final benchmark level.

An alternate measure for determining the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-mean-square error. This measure is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in the estimates:

RMSE =
$$\sqrt{\text{(standard deviation)}^2 + (bias)^2}$$

If the bias is small, the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the root-mean-square error.

Approximations of the root-mean-square errors of differences between final estimates and benchmarks are pre

sented in table 2-E.

Noneconomic code changes. A major source of benchmark revision at the major industry division level and below are noneconomic code changes, which are introduced into the universe data in the first quarter of each calendar year.

Approximately one-third of all establishments in the universe are included in the universe program's annual Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) refiling survey. Corrections to individual establishments SIC and ownership codes are made through this process. The refiling cycle is such that every third year entire division(s) are subject to refiling. The volume of these adjustments is generally quite large and has a substantial impact on universe employment counts at the industry levels, although the total nonfarm employment level remains unaffected. For example, in a year when the services division is refiled, a substantial amount of employment is usually reclassified out of services to other major divisions, thus, lowering the benchmark level for services, and potentially causing a significant downward revision in the services employment totals previously published.

Hours and earnings. The hours and earnings estimates for the basic estimating cells do not have universe data sources available and therefore are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. The hours and earnings estimates, however, are subject to sampling errors, which may be expressed as relative errors of the estimates. (A relative error is a standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate.) Relative errors for major industries are presented in table 2-F and for individual industries with the specified number of employees in table 2-E. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the hours and earnings estimates from the sample would differ by a smaller percentage than the relative error from the averages that would have been obtained from a complete census.

Revisions between preliminary and final data. First preliminary estimates of employment, hours, and earnings, based on less than the total sample, are published immediately following the reference month. Final revised sample-based estimates are published 2 months later when nearly all the reports in the sample have been received. Table 2-G presents the root-mean-square error, the mean percent, and the mean absolute percent revision that may be expected between the preliminary and final employment estimates.

Table 2-C. Employment benchmarks and approximate coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1992

		Sample coverage ¹					
Industry	Bench- marks		Emplo	yees			
	(thousands)	Number of establish- ments	Number (thousands)	Percent of bench- marks			
Total	107,300	308,646	41,726	39			
Mining	634	3,723	276	44			
Construction	4,117	25,786	831	20			
Manufacturing Transportation and	17,973	56,010	8,967	50			
public utilities	5,655	² 15,743	2,308	41			
Wholesale trade	5,993	26,002	1,149	19			
Retail trade Finance, insurance,	18,855	62,769	4,534	24			
and real estate	6,534	22,709	2,122	32			
Services	28,586	72,661	7,253	25			
Federal	2.974	(3)	2.974	100			
State	4,494	5,586	3,656	81			
Local	11,485	17,657	7,656	67			

¹ Counts reflect reports used in final estimates. Because not all establishments report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates are based on a smaller sample than employment estimates.

² The Interstate Commerce Commission provides a complete count of employment for Class I railroads. A small sample is used to estimate hours and earnings data.

³ Total Federal employment counts by agency for use in national estimates are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 5,623 reports covering about 60 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

Table 2-D. Current (March 1992) and historical benchmark revisions (Numbers in thousands)

		1992 k revision		10-year average mean percent revision ¹		
Industry	Level	Percent	Actual	Absolute		
Total	-59	-0.1	-0.1	0.2		
Total private	-130	1	2	.3		
Goods-producing	-263	-1.2	7	.7		
Mining Oil and gas extraction	-5 -4	8 -1.1	-2.5 -2.7	2.5 2.9		
Construction	-109 -36	-2.6 -3.6	5 5	1.4 2.0		
Manufacturing	-149	8	6	.7		
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products	-101 -12 9 -6 -11 -3 -12 -23 -22 -4 -1 -19 -2 -48 -16 0	-1.0 -1.8 1.9 -1.2 -1.6 -1.2 9 -1.2 -1.4 2 1 -2.0 6 -1.0 0	6 -1.234717 -1.0 -1.1 .3 .75 -1.2683	.7 1.4 .9 1.0 1.5 .9 1.2 1.1 1.3 1.7 1.3 .7		
Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	-7 -13 -1 -17 -11 4 -5	-1.0 -1.3 1 -1.1 1.0 2.5 6 -3.4	4 -1.0 2 3 4 1 7 -2.3	.6 1.3 .5 .9 .8 1.5 1.6 3.6		
Service-producing	204	.2	0	.3		
Transportation and public utilities	-33 -33 0	6 -1.0 0	5 8 1	.6 1.2 .7		
Wholesale trade Durable goods Nondurable goods	44 22 22	.7 .6 .9	4 7 .1	1.0 1.1 .8		
Retail trade General merchandise stores Food stores Auto dealers and service stations Eating and drinking places	164 85 0 -39 115	.9 3.6 0 -2.0 1.8	.3 .7 7 5	.6 1.9 1.2 1.3 1.3		
Finance, insurance, and real estate Finance Insurance Real estate	-100 -75 -7 -18	-1.5 -2.4 3 -1.4	5 7 0 5	.6 .8 .8 1.4		
Services	58 2 20	.2 (²) .2	.1 .3 5	.5 1.6 .9		
Government Federal State Local	71 0 27 44	.4 0 .6 .4	.1 0 .4 0	.3 0 .7 .4		

¹ Data relate to the 1983-92 benchmarks, as originally published. Benchmark levels for 1982-90 were subsequently corrected.

²Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 2-E. Root-mean-square errors of differences between benchmarks and estimates of employment and average relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings

	Root-mean- square	Relative error ² (in percent)			
Size of employment estimate	error of employment estimates ¹	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings		
50,000	2,100	2.2	4.0		
100,000	3,900	1.3	2.3		
200,000	5,600	1.1	2.0		
500,000	14,000	.9	1.6		
1,000,000	15,000	.8	1.2		
2,000,000	26,000	.5	.9		

¹ Assuming 12-month intervals between benchmark revisions.

Table 2-F. Relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings by industry

(In percent)

	Relative error ¹			
Industry	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings		
Total private	0.1	0.2		
Mining	1.0	1.3		
Construction	.2	.5		
Manufacturing	.1	.2		
Durable goods	.1	.3		
Nondurable goods	.1	.2		
Transportation and public				
utilities	.7	.6		
Wholesale trade	.2	.4		
Retail trade	.2	.4		
Finance, insurance, and				
real estate	.2	.4		
Services	.4	.6		
		t		

¹ Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

The interpretation of these measures is parallel to the description above for revisions between final sample-based estimates and benchmarks (i.e., tables 2-C and 2-E).

Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings, at the total private nonfarm level, and may be slightly larger for the more detailed industry groupings.

STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

(Tables B-7, B-14, and B-18)

As explained earlier, State agencies in cooperation with BLS collect and prepare State and area employment, hours, and earnings data. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS, however, BLS uses the full CES sample to produce monthly national employment estimates, while each State agency uses its portion of the sample to independently develop a State employment estimate.

The CES area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue.

Caution in aggregating State data. The national estimation procedures used by BLS are designed to produce accurate national data by detailed industry; correspondingly the State estimation procedures are designed to produce accurate data for each individual State. State estimates are not forced to sum to national totals nor vice versa. Because each State series is subject to larger sampling and nonsampling errors than the national series, summing them cumulates individual State level errors and can cause distortions at an aggregate level. This has been a particular problem at turning points in the U.S. economy, when the majority of the individual State errors tend to be in the same direction. Due to these statistical limitations, the Bureau does not compile or publish a "sum-of-States" employment series. Additionally, BLS cautions users that such a series is subject to a relatively large and volatile error structure, particularly at turning points.

² Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

Table 2-G. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

	Root-mean-square error	Mean percent revision		
Industry	of monthly level	Actual	Absolute	
Total	78,200	0.0	0.1	
Total private	55,500	0	0	
Goods-producing industries	17,900	0	.1	
Mining	2,600	0	.3	
Oil and gas extraction	2,300	.1	.4	
Construction	10,800 4,600	.1 .1	.2 .2	
Manufacturing	12,500	0	.1	
Durable goods	9,300	0	.1	
Lumber and wood products	1,500	0	.2	
Furniture and fixtures	1,400	0	.2	
Stone, clay, and glass products	1,300	0	.2	
Primary metal industries	1,800	1	.2	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	1,400	2	.4	
Fabricated metal products	2,200	0	.1	
Industrial machinery and equipment	3,000	0	.1	
Electronic and other electrical equipment	3,300	0	.1	
Transportation equipment	4,500	1	.2	
Motor vehicles and equipment	3,800	0	.4	
Aircraft and parts ¹	1,600	1	.2	
Instruments and related products	1,900 1,500	0	.2 .3	
Nondurable goods	7,000	0	.1	
Food and kindred products	4,300	0	.2	
Tobacco products	600	.2	1.0	
Textile mill products	1,800	0	.2	
Apparel and other textile products	2,800	0	.2	
Paper and allied products	1,500	0	.2	
Printing and publishing	1,800	0	.1	
Chemicals and allied products	1,800	0	.1	
Petroleum and coal products	800	1	.4	
Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	1,700 900	0 1	.2 .6	
Service-producing industries	71,700	0	.1	
Transportation and public utilities	9,100	o	,1	
Transportation	7,400	.0	.2	
Trucking and warehousing ¹	5,300	o	.2	
Transportation by air ¹	2,400	1	.3	
Communications and public utilities	4,400	1	.1	
Wholesale trade	6,300	0	.1	
Durable goods	4,000	Ō	.1	
Nondurable goods	4,000	0	.1	
Retail trade	27,500	0	.1	
General merchandise stores	13,800	0	.4	
Food stores	6,200	0	.2	
Automotive dealers and service stations	4,400	0	.1	
Apparel and accessory stores ¹	6,800	0	.4	
Eating and drinking places	8,000	0	.1	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7,400 4,800	0 0	.1 .1	
Finance	3,700	1	.1	
	3,700	1 0	.1	
Insurance	4,000	.1	.1 .2	
Services	32,900	0	.1	
Agricultural services ¹	2,900	0	.5	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	6,300	0	.3	
Hotels and other lodging places:	0,000	=		
Hotels and other lodging places ¹	9.800	-,1	l 6	
Personal Services	9,800 14,500	1 .1	.6 .2	

Table 2-G. Errors of preliminary employment estimates - Continued

		Mean percent revision		
Industry	Root-mean-square error of monthly level	Actual	Absolute	
ervice-producing industries—Continued				
Auto repair, services, and parking 1	2,900	-,1	.2	
Miscellaneous repair services ¹	1,500	1	.3	
Motion pictures ¹	4,700	0	1.0	
Amusement and recreation services ¹	14,500	.7	1.1	
Health services	8,100	0	.1	
Hospitals ¹	3,700	0	.1	
Legal services ¹	1,700	1	.1	
Educational services ¹	11,500	0	.5	
Social services ¹	7,300	0	.3	
Museums and botanical and zoological gardens ¹	700	4	.8	
Membership organizations ¹	4,300	0	.2	
Membership organizations ¹	3,400	0	.1	
Government	47,000	0	.2	
Federal	15,100	.1	.4	
State	19,100	0	.3	
Local	30,000	0	.2	

¹ Data based on differences from January 1990 through December 1992.

NOTE: Errors are based on differences from January 1988 through

December 1992. Data used in the computations for several industries are not strictly comparable due to changes in the industrial classification system, unless otherwise noted.

Regional, State, and Area Labor Force Data ("C" tables)

FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which derive from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis for determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training and Partnership Act.

Annual average data for the States and over 260 areas shown in table C-3 are published in *Employment and Earnings* (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

Labor force estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. The report "Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available in microfiche form only, on a subscription basis.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Monthly labor force, employment, and unemployment estimates are prepared for the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and over 6,500 areas, including nearly 2,400 LMA's, counties, and cities with a population of 25,000 or more. The estimation methods are described below for States (and the District of Columbia) and for sub-State areas. At the sub-LMA level, (county and city), estimates are prepared using disaggregation techniques based on decennial and annual population estimates and current unemployment insurance data. A more detailed description of the estimation procedure is contained in the BLS document, Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

Estimates for States

Current monthly estimates. The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates for 11 large States—California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey,

New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas—are sufficiently reliable to be taken directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS) on a monthly basis. These are termed "direct-use States." For a description of the CPS concepts, see "Household Data," above.

For the 39 smaller States and the District of Columbia, which do not use the CPS directly each month, models based on a "signal-plus-noise" approach are used to develop employment and unemployment estimates. These are the "non-direct-use" States. The model of the signal is a time series model of the true labor force which consists of three components: A variable coefficient regression, a flexible trend, and a flexible seasonal component. The regression techniques are based on historical and current relationships found within each State's economy as reflected in the different sources of data that are available for each State-the CPS, the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey, and the unemployment insurance (UI) system. The noise component of the models explicitly accounts for autocorrelation in the CPS sampling error and changes in the average magnitude of the error. In addition, the models can identify and remove the effects of outliers in the historical CPS series. While all the State models have important components in common, they differ somewhat from one another to better reflect individual State characteristics.

Two models—one for the employment-to-population ratio and one for the unemployment rate—are used for each State. The employment-to-population ratio, rather than the employment level, and the unemployment rate, rather than the unemployment level, are estimated primarily because these ratios are usually more meaningful for economic analysis.

The employment-to-population ratio models use the relationship between the State's monthly employment from the CES and the CPS. The models also include trend and seasonal components to account for movements in the CPS not captured by the CES series. The seasonal component accounts for the seasonality in the CPS not explained by the CES while the trend component adjusts for long-run systematic differences between the two series.

The unemployment rate models use the relationship between the State's monthly unemployment insurance claims data and the CPS unemployment rate, along with trend and seasonal components.

In both the employment-to-population ratio and unemployment rate models, an important feature is the use of a technique that allows the equations to adjust automatically to structural changes that occur. The regression portion of the model includes a built-in tuning mechanism, known as the Kalman Filter, which revises a model's coefficients when the new data that become available each month indicate that changes in the data relationships have taken place. Once the estimates are developed from the models, levels are calculated for the employment, unemployment, and labor force levels.

Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year, monthly estimates for the 39 non-direct-use States and the District of Columbia are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLS to the annual average CPS estimates. The benchmarking technique employs a procedure (called the Denton method) which adjusts the annual average of the models to equal the CPS annual average, while preserving, as much as possible, the original monthly seasonal pattern of the model estimates.

In the 11 direct-use States, no benchmark correction is required; the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal the CPS annual averages.

Estimates for sub-State areas

Monthly labor force and employment estimates for two large sub-State areas—New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area—are obtained directly from the CPS. Estimates for the nearly 2,400 LMA's, are prepared through indirect estimation techniques, described below.

Preliminary estimate—employment. The total civilian employment estimates are based on CES data. These "place-of-work" estimates must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been

developed for several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships at the time of the 1990 decennial census. These factors are applied to the CES estimates for the current period to obtain adjusted employment estimates, to which are added estimates for employment not represented in the CES—agricultural employees, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers, and private household workers.

Preliminary estimate—unemployment. In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State UI laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation.

Sub-State adjustment for additivity. Estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State and LMA's within the State. The LMA estimates geographically exhaust the entire State. Thus, a proportional adjustment must be applied to all sub-State LMA estimates to ensure that they add to the independently estimated State totals for employment and unemployment

Benchmark correction. At the end of each year, sub-State estimates are revised. The revisions incorporate any changes in the inputs, such as revisions in the CES-based employment figures, corrections in claims counts, and updated historical relationships. The corrected estimates are then readjusted to add to the revised (benchmarked) State estimates of employment and unemployment.

Seasonal Adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, because they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published monthly in Employment and Earnings.

Since January 1980, national labor force data have been seasonally adjusted with a procedure called X-11 ARIMA (Auto-Regressive Integrated Moving Average), which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983.

At the beginning of each calendar year, projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the January-June period. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* projected seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made only at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components—agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment—data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is a sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components and four seasonally adjusted unemployment

components. The total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components, and the unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

In each January issue, Employment and Earnings publishes revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment estimate for the first 6 months of the following year, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure.

Since the early 1980's, BLS has also used the X-11 ARIMA procedure to seasonally adjust national establishment-based employment, hours, and earnings data. The X-11 ARIMA program had been run once each year after benchmarking and seasonal adjustment factors had been projected and published for 12 months ahead (April-March). Beginning in June 1989, with the introduction of the March 1988 benchmarks, the Bureau modified this procedure to parallel that used in seasonally adjusting household survey data. Projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated and published twice a year. Revisions of historical data are made once a year, coincident with benchmark revisions.

All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors are computed and applied at component levels. For employment series, these are generally the 2-digit SIC levels in manufacturing, services, and wholesale trade; in other industry divisions where only some of the components are seasonally adjusted, the division estimates and their component industries are adjusted independently. Seasonally adjusted totals are arithmetic aggregations for employment series and weighted averages of the seasonally adjusted data for hours and earnings series.

Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours. Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1982 annual average base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, and major industry divisions, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted,

are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1982 annual average base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series, however, are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series.

Seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjusted data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. The number of temporary census workers for the decennial census, however, are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors.

BLS has developed an extension of X-11 ARIMA to allow it to adjust more adequately for the effects of the presence or absence of religious holidays in the April survey reference period and of Labor Day in the September reference period. This extension was applied for the first time at the end of 1989 to three persons-atwork labor force series which tested as having significant and well-defined effects in their April data associated with the timing of Easter. This extension was also used for the seasonal adjustment of many of the establishment-based series on average weekly hours and manufacturing overtime hours, starting with the computation of the projected factors for the period beginning in April 1990. Effective with the computation of factors for the November 1993-April 1994 period, an extension of the moving-holiday adjustment was introduced to adjust for the effects of elections on local government employment.

Revised seasonally adjusted national establishmentbased series based on the experience through March 1993, new seasonal adjustment factors for May-October 1993, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure appear in the June 1993 issue of *Employment* and Earnings. Factors for the November 1993-April 1994 period appear in the December issue.

Beginning in 1992, BLS introduced publication of seasonally adjusted labor force data for the census regions and divisions, the 50 States, and the District of Columbia (tables C-1 and C-2). Using the X-11 ARIMA procedure, seasonal adjustment factors are computed and applied independently to the component employment and unemployment levels and then aggregated to regional or State totals. Current seasonal adjustment factors are produced for 6-month periods twice a year. Historical revisions are made at the beginning of each calendar year. Because of the separate processing procedures, totals for the Nation as a whole differ from the results obtained by aggregating regional or State data.

Beginning in 1993, BLS introduced publication of seasonally adjusted nonfarm payroll employment data by major industry for all States and the District of Columbia (table B-7). Seasonal adjustment factors are applied directly to the employment estimates at the division level (component series for manufacturing and trade) and then aggregated to the State totals. The recomputation of seasonal factors and historical revisions are made coincident with the annual benchmark adjustments. State estimation procedures are designed to produce accurate (unadjusted and seasonally adjusted) data for each individual State. BLS independently develops a national employment series; State estimates are not forced to sum to national totals. Because each Sate series is subject to larger sampling and nonsampling errors than the national series, summing them cumulates individual State level errors and can cause significant distortions at an aggregate level. Due to these statistical limitations, BLS does not compile a "sum-of-States" employment series, and cautions users that such a series is subject to a relatively large and volatile error structure.

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES

TABLE KEY: A: Monthly household data; B: Monthly national and State and area establishment data; C: Monthly regional, State, and area labor force data; D: Quarterly, household data only, in the January, April, July, and October issues. Annual averages: Household data in the January issue; national establishment data in the January, March, and June issues; State and area establishment and labor force data in the May issue. For additional information see the listing on the inside front cover of this publication.

	Monthly		Quarterly averges			
Торіс	Seasonally adjusted	Not seasonally adjusted	Seasonally adjusted	Not seasonally adjusted	Annual averages	
Absences from work					47-48	
Aggregate weekly hours (Index)	B-9 A-1-3,6,10	A-14,19-20, 28,33	D-1,4,8	D-11-14	A-1-2; 1-2,5- 6,12-13,15, 17-18,28,34	
At work Class of worker Diffusion index	A-6 A-6 B-6	A-21-25 A-20	D-4 D-4	D-13-14	19-23 12-13,15-16	
Discouraged workers	B-11	A-34 B-2,15-18			37 B-2,15-17;	
Earnings, weekly	B-11	B-2,15,15a, 17-18		D-19-21	53; 2 B-2,15,15a, 17; 39-42,	
Educational attainment and school enrollment		A-15			53; 2 7	
Age	A-3-5,7 A-4 B-3-5,7	A-13-17,20 A-15 A-19; B-12-	D-1-3,5 D-2	D-11-12,15 D-11-15	3-9,14-15 4-7,11-13,18 B-1,12-13,	
Occupation	A-6 A-4	14 A-17-19 A-13-16,18	D-4 D-2	D-13-14 D-11,13,15	16-18; 1 9-13,17 3,5,7-8,10-	
Sex	A-2-7; B-4	A-13-18,20; B-13	D-1-5	D-11-15	12,14,17-1 B-13; 2-18	
Family type Full-time workers Historical data	A -5	A-16,31	D-3	D-13-14	25-26 8,12-13,32 A-1-2; B-1-2	
Hours of work	B-8-10	A-21-25; B-2,			1-2 B-15; 19-23 53; 2	
Jobsearch methods	A-6,10	A-26,32	D-4,8		35-36 24,33	
Multiple jobholders	A-1-3,6	A-35 A-14,20	D-1,4		38 A-1-2; 1-2,5 6,12-13,15	
Not in the labor force Part-time workers Production or nonsupervisory workers	A-5 B-5,8-9,11	A-34 A-16 B-12,15-18	D-3	D-13-14	37 8,12-13 B-12,15-17; 52-53	
State, region, and area data	B-7; C-1-2	B-14,18; C-3	D 4 0 0 7	D 11 10 10	1-3	
Age Duration	A-3-5,8-9 A-12	A-13-16,26, 29-30,32 A-30-33	D-1-2,6-7 D-10	D-11-12,16	3-8,24,29,3° 35 31-34	
Hispanic origin	A-4	A-15	D-2	D-11-12, 16-18	4-7,25-26,30	
Industry of last job	A-10 A-10 A-4	A-28,33 A-27,33 A-13-16,26,	D-8 D-8 D-2	D-11,16-20	28,34 27,34 3,5,7-8,24-2	
Reason	A-11 A-2-5,8-9	29,32 A-29-30 A-13-16,26-	D-9 D-1-2,6-7	D-17 D-11-12,16	30,33,35 29-31 2-8,24,27-2 31,33,35-3	
Union affiliation		30,32 A-36		D-22-23	43-46 49-50	

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Bureau of Labor Statistics

Regional Office	Current Employs	Cooperating State Agencies Current Employment Statistics (CES) and State and Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) Programs						
	BLS Region			LS glon				
EGION I-BOSTON	IV ALABAMA	Department of Industrial Relations, Room 427,	VIII	MONTANA	Department of Labor and Industry, P.O. Box			
Congress Street	X ALASKA	Industrial Relations Bldg., Montgomery 36130 Department of Labor, Research and Analysis	VII	NEBRASKA	1728, Helena 59624 Department of Labor, P.O. Box 94600, Lincoln			
Oth Floor loston, MA 02114	A ALASKA	Section, 1111 West 8th St., Juneau 99802-5501		TILDI II TOTO T	68509-4600			
hone. (617) 565-2327	IX ARIZONA	Department of Economic Security, 1300 West Washington St., Phoenix 85005		NEVADA	Employment Security Department, 500 East 3rd St., Carson City 89713			
EGION II—NEW YORK	VI ARKANSAS	Employment Security Department P.O. Box 2981, Little Rock 72203-2981		NEW HAMPSHIRE	Department of Employment Security, 32 South Main St., Concord 03301			
oom 808 01 Varick Street	IX CALIFORNIA	Employment Development Department, Employ-)	NEW JERSEY	Department of Labor, Division of Planning and Research, P.O. Box 2765, Trenton 08625			
ew York, NY 10014		ment Data and Research Division, 7000 Franklin Blvd., Bldg. 1100, Sacramento 95823	l vi	NEW MEXICO	Employment Security Commission, 401 Broad-			
hone: (212) 337-2400	VIII COLORADO	Department of Labor and Employment, Suite 801, 1120 Lincoln Street, Denver 80203	,,	NEW YORK	way, TIWA Bldg., Albuquerque 87103 Department of Labor, Division of Research and			
EGION III—PHILADELPHIA	I CONNECTICUT	Labor Department, Employment Security	"		Statistics, State Campus, Room 400, Bldg. 12			
535 Market Street]	Division, 200 Folly Brook Blvd,	}		Albany 12240-0020			
.O. Box 13309 hiladelphia, PA 19101	III DELAMADE	Wethersfield 06109	l iv	NORTH CAHOLINA	Employment Security Commission, Labor Mark Information Division, P.O. Box 25903,			
hone: (215) 596-1154	III DELAWARE	Department of Labor, Office of Occupational and Labor Market Information, P.O. Box 9029,	\	NORTH DAKOTA	Raleigh 27611 Job Service, P.O. Box 1537, Bismarck 58502			
EGION IV-ATLANTA	III DIST OF COL.	Newark 19714-9029 Department of Employment Services, Division	v"	OHIO	Bureau of Employment Services, Labor Market			
uite 540	III	of Labor Market Information and Analysis,			Information Division, 1160 Dublin Rd.,			
371 Peachtree Street, NE.	1	Room 201, 500 C St., NW., Washington,	١.,,	01/1 4110144	Columbus 43215			
tlanta, GA 30367 hone: (404) 347-4416	IV FLORIDA	DC 20001 Florida Department of Labor and Employment	V'	OKLAHOMA	Employment Security Commission, Research and Planning Division, 2401 North Lincoln,			
	IN PEOMIDA	Security, Bureau of Labor Market Information,	ļ		Oklahoma City 73105			
EGION V-CHICAGO		Suite 203, 2574 Seagate Dr., Tallahassee	X	OREGON	Employment Division, 875 Union St., NE.,			
th Floor 30 South Dearborn Street	n/ 05050/4	32399-0674	l m	PENNSYLVANIA	Salem 97311 Bureau of Research and Statistics			
hicago, IL 60604 hone: (312) 353-1880	IV GEORGIA	Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems, 148 International Blvd., NE.,	'''	PENNSTEVANIA	300 Capitol Associates Building Harrisburg, PA 17120-0034			
None: (512) 555 1555	IX HAWAII	Atlanta 30303 Department of Labor and Industrial Relations,	- 11	PUERTO RICO	Department of Labor and Human Resources			
EGION VI-DALLAS oom 221		Research and Statistics Office, Room 304, 830 Punchbowl St., Honolulu 96813			Bureau of Labor Statistics, 17th Fl., 505 Mun Rivera Avenue, Hato Rey 00918 (CES), Bure			
ederal Building 25 Griffin Street	X IDAHO	Department of Employment, 317 Main St., Boise 83735			of Employment Security, Research and Analy Section, 15th Fl., 505 Munoz Rivera Avenue,			
valtas, TX 75202 hone: (214) 767-6970	V ILLINOIS	Department of Employment Security, (2 South), 401 South State St., Chicago 60605	,	RHODE ISLAND	Hato Rey 00918 (LAUS) Department of Employment Security, 24 Maso			
5010410 1/11 11/111	V INDIANA	Department of Employment and Training	l		St., Providence 02903			
EGIONS VII and VIII— ANSAS CITY		Services, Statistical Services Division, 10 North Senate Avenue,	~	SOUTH CAROLINA	Employment Security Commission, Labor Mark Information Division, P.O. Box 995,			
ity Center Square 100 Main, Suite 600	VII 10144	Indianapolis 46204	J	SOUTH DAKOTA	Columbia 29202			
ansas City, MO 64105-2112	VII IOWA	Department of Employment Services, 1000 East Grand Avenue, Des Moines 50319	V'''	SOUTH DANGTA	Department of Labor, Labor Market Informatio Center, P.O. Box 4730, Aberdeen 57401			
hone: (816) 426-2481	VII KANSAS	Department of Human Resources, 401 Topeka Avenue, Topeka 66603	١٧	TENNESSEE	Department of Employment Security, Research and Statistics Division, 519 Cordell Hull Office			
EGIONS IX and X-	IV KENTUCKY	Department for Employment Services, Labor	1		Bidg., Nashville 37219			
AN FRANCISCO		Market Research and Analysis Branch,	V١	TEXAS	Employment Commission, Room 208-T, 1117			
1 Stevenson Street .O. Box 193766	VI LOUISIANIA	275 East Main St., Frankfort 40621 Department of Labor, Research and Statistics	\/m	UTAH	Trinity St., Austin 78778 Department of Employment Security, Labor			
an Francisco, CA 94119 hone: (415) 744-6600	VI LOUISIANA	Section, 1001 North 23rd St., Baton Rouge 70804-9094	*'''	UIAII	Market Information Services, P.O. Box 11249 Salt Lake City 84147			
, ,	I MAINE	Department of Labor, Division of Economic	l I	VERMONT	Department of Employment and Training, Office			
	•	Analysis and Research, 20 Union St.,	1		of Policy and Public Information, P.O. Box 48			
	III MARYLAND	Augusta 04330 Department of Employment and Training,	1 131	VIRGINIA	Montpelier 05602 Employment Commission, Economic Information			
	III MARKESIA	Research and Analysis Division, 1100 North	'''	*********	Services, P.O. Box 1358, Richmond 23211			
		Eutaw St., Baltimore 21201	11	VIRGIN ISLANDS	Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistic			
	MASSACHUSETTS	Department of Employment and Training, Government Center, Charles F. Hurley Bldg.,	l		53-A, 54-A&B Kronprindsens Gade Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas 00801-3359 (CES)			
	V MICHIGAN	Boston 02114 Employment Security Commission, Research	×	WASHINGTON	Employment Security Department, Labor Mark and Economic Analysis Branch, 605 Woodvik			
	V MICHIGAN	and Statistics Division, Room 516, 7310	1		Dr., Olympia 98503			
		Woodward Avenue, Detroit 48202	111	WEST VIRGINIA	Department of Employment Security, Division			
	V MINNESOTA	Department of Jobs and Training, Research and Statistics Division, 5th Fl., 390 North			of Labor and Economic Security, 112 Californ Avenue, Charleston 25305			
	IV MICCIOCIOS	Robert St., St. Paul 55101	٧	WISCONSIN	Department of Industry, Labor, and Human			
	IV MISSISSIPPI	Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division, P.O. Box 1699,			Relations, Labor Market Information Bureau, 201 East Washington Avenue, Madison 5370			
	1	Jackson 39215-1699	VIII	WYOMING	Employment Security Commission, Research			
	VII MISSOURI	Division of Employment Security, P.O. Box 59, Jefferson City 65104		-	and Analysis Section, P.O. Box 2760, Casper 82602			