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EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics April 1993 In this issue: First quarter 1993 quarterly averages for household survey data





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Robert B. Reich, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

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April 1993 Vol. 40 No. 4

Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in *Employment and Earnings*, special features appear in most of the issues as shown below.

Household data

Annual averages Jan. Union affiliation Jan. Earnings by detailed occupation Jan. Employee absences Jan. Jan., Feb. Revised seasonally adjusted series Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data, persons not in labor force, persons of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans, family relationship data, weekly earnings data, and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan and poverty-nonpoverty Jan., Apr., July, Oct. area data

Establishment data

National annual averages:

Industry divisions (preliminary)

Industry detail

Mar., June

Women employees Mar., June

National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and new seasonal adjustment factors

June

Revised historical national data Bulletin¹

State and area annual averages May

Area definitions May

State and area labor force data

Annual averages May

¹ The most recent publication was issued in August 1992.

Employment and Earnings

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Eugene H. Becker

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Employment and Unemployment Developments, March 1993

Employment and unemployment were little changed in March. The unemployment rate remained at 7.0 percent. Payroll employment—as measured by the employer survey—held steady at 109.2 million. Total employment and the labor force—as measured by the household survey—were also little changed from February levels.

Unemployment

The number of unemployed persons, 8.9 million, was unchanged in March, after seasonal adjustment. The unemployment rate, also unchanged at 7.0 percent, remained 0.7 percentage point below its mid-1992 high of 7.7 percent, but well above its prerecession level of slightly more than 5 percent. (See table A-33.)

Among worker groups, there was some improvement in unemployment for adult women, whose jobless rate fell for the second consecutive month, to 5.7 percent in March. The unemployment rate for adult men edged up slightly, to 6.7 percent. Jobless rates for teenagers (19.5 percent), whites (6.1 percent), blacks (13.5 percent), and Hispanics (11.4 percent) were about unchanged over the month, after seasonal adjustment. Rates for all of these worker groups have receded since peaking in mid-1992. (See tables A-33 and A-34.)

The number of persons employed part time for economic reasons fell by 267,000 in March, to 6.2 million, following a large February increase. The number of such workers, who are often referred to as the "partially unemployed," has fluctuated between 6.0 and 6.5 million for more than a year and a half. The March figure was about 1.4 million greater than in early 1990, just prior to the onset of the recession. (See table A-35.)

Total employment and the labor force

The total number of persons employed was about unchanged in March at 118.6 million, after seasonal adjustment. Since its most recent low in August 1991, total employment has grown by 2.0 million. The proportion of the population with jobs, 61.4 percent in March, held steady over the month, remaining about 1-1/2 percentage points below prerecession levels. (See table A-33.)

At 127.4 million in March, the civilian labor force was about the same as in February. It has, in fact, shown little net growth since mid-1992. The labor force participation rate was 66.0 percent for the third consecutive month. (See table A-33.)

Discouraged workers

The number of discouraged workers—those who would like to work but are not looking for jobs because they think their search would be in vain—was unchanged at 1.1 million in the first quarter of 1993. It has remained at about this level since the third quarter of 1991. (See table A-53.)

Industry payroll employment

The number of nonfarm payroll jobs was unchanged in March at 109.2 million, seasonally adjusted, following a sharp increase in the previous month. A further increase in services employment was offset by a decline in construction jobs. After showing little growth last summer, payroll employment has increased by 713,000 jobs since September. (See table B-4.)

Construction employment fell by 59,000 in March, after seasonal adjustment, following a large gain in February. Because of poor weather conditions over much of the country in late February and early March, there was a slowdown in the usual seasonal hiring activity. A slight gain in mining employment was due entirely to a return to work of striking coal miners.

The overall number of manufacturing jobs was about unchanged over the month at 18.1 million. While there were some small gains in the nondurable goods sector, employment declined in several durable goods industries, including those producing materials for construction and those dependent on defense purchases. Employment also was down among auto manufacturers and their suppliers.

Services employment rose by 60,000 in March. Continued strong growth in business services, especially in personnel supply, accounted for the bulk of the increase. Health services employment showed a modest gain; growth in this industry has slowed in the first quarter, primarily due to slack hiring in hospitals.

Retail trade employment, which had shown substantial growth in recent months, was unchanged at 19.4 million in March. Several retail trade industries, including eating and drinking establishments, showed modest gains, but these were offset by declines in other industries.

Employment in the remaining private sector industry groups was also about the same in March as in the previous month. Likewise, government employment was unchanged over the month. Over the past year, Federal employment has fallen by 67,000, while local government employment has risen by 195,000.

Weekly hours

The average workweek for production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls edged down 0.1 hour in March to 34.3 hours, seasonally adjusted. Manufacturing hours fell 0.3 hour, to 41.2 hours. Factory overtime retreated from its all-time high in February, falling 0.4 hour to 3.9 hours. Severe winter storms in the survey reference period undoubtedly affected the March hours figures. (See table C-5.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls decreased by 0.5 percent in March to 121.9 (1982 = 100),

after seasonal adjustment. The index for manufacturing, 102.6, fell by 0.8 percent. (See table C-6.)

Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly earnings of private production or nonsupervisory workers were up 0.5 percent in March, after seasonally adjustment, and average weekly earnings rose 0.2 percent. Prior to seasonal adjustment, average hourly earnings rose 3 cents to \$10.81, and average weekly earnings were little changed at \$368.62. Over the past year, average hourly earnings grew by 2.6 percent and average weekly earnings by 2.0 percent. (See tables C-1 and C-7.)

Planned Changes for the Current Population Survey (CPS)

Beginning in 1994, with the release of data for January, estimates from the Current Population Survey (household survey) will reflect the results of a major redesign of the survey. The redesign is being undertaken to obtain more accurate and comprehensive information on the labor force. As part of this effort, the survey questionnaire is being revamped to include many new and revised questions regarding individuals' employment and unemployment activities, and a fully automated data collection environment is being introduced.

Work on the redesign began in the late 1980's. The new questionnaire is being tested for an 18-month period, July 1992-December 1993, in a separate national sample survey of about 13,000 households to gauge the effect of both the new questions and the automated data collection procedures on the labor force estimates. Early indications of the potential effects of these changes will not be available until this fall; a comprehensive examination will be published in the February 1994 issue of Employment and Earnings.

	Scheduled Release Dates												
Employment and unemployment data are scheduled for initial release on the following dates:													
Reference month	Release date	Reference month	Release date										
April	May 7	July	August 6										
May	June 4	August	September 3										
June	July 2	September	October 8										

A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1960 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

			·			Labor	force				
Year	Noninsti-				,	Emp	loyed		Unem	ployed	Not in
and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilia	n	}	Percent	labor force
monu	роривион	Number	population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	of labor force	loice
			<u> </u>			Annual ave	rages			L	
1960¹	119,106	71,489	60.0	67,639	1,861	65,778	5,458	60,318	3,852	5.4	47.617
1961	120,671	72,359	60.0	67,646	1,900	65,746	5,200	60,546	4,714	6.5	48,31
19621	122,214	72,675	59.5	68,763	2,061	66,702	4,944	61,759	3,911	5.4	49,53
1963	124,422	73,839	59.3	69,768	2,006	67,762	4,687	63,076	4,070	5.5	50,58
1964	126,503	75,109	59.4	71,323	2,018	69,305	4,523	64,782	3,786	5.0	51,39
1965	128,459	76,401	59.5	73,034	1,946	71,088	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.4	52,058
1966		77,892	59.8	75,017	2,122	72,895	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.7	52,28
1967	132,092	79,565	60.2	76,590	2,218	74,372	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.7	52,52
1968	134,281	80,990	60.3	78,173	2,253	75,920	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.5	53,29
1969	136,573	82,972	60.8	80,140	2,238	77,902	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.4	53,60
1970	139,203	84,889	61.0	80,796	2,118	78,678	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.8	54,31
1971		86,355	60.7	81,340	1,973	79,367	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.8	55,83
1972¹	145,939	88,847 91,203	60.9 61.3	83,966 86,838	1,813	82,153 85,064	3,484	78,669	4,882	5.5	57,09
1973¹	148,870 151.841	93,670	61.7	88,515	1,774 1,721	86,794	3,470 3,515	81,594 83,279	4,365	4.8	57,667
1974	154,831	95,453	61.6	87,524	1,678	85,846	3,408	82,438	5,156	5.5	58,17
1975 1976	157,818	97,826	62.0	90,420	1,668	88,752	3,331	85,421	7,929 7,406	8.3 7.6	59,377
1977		100,665	62.6	93,673	1,656	92,017	3,283	88,734	6,991	6.9	59,99° 60,029
1977 1978¹	163,541	103,882	63.5	97,679	1,631	96,048	3,387	92,661	6,202	6.0	59,659
1979	166,460	106,559	64.0	100,421	1,597	98,824	3,347	95,477	6,137	5.8	59,900
1980	169,349	108,544	64.1	100,907	1,604	99,303	3,364	95,938	7,637	7.0	60,806
1981	171,775	110,315	64.2	102,042	1,645	100,397	3,368	97,030	8,273	7.5	61,460
1982		111,872	64.3	101,194	1,668	99,526	3,401	96,125	10,678	9.5	62,067
1983	175,891	113,226	64.4	102,510	1,676	100,834	3,383	97,450	10,717	9.5	62,665
1984	178,080	115,241	64.7	106,702	1,697	105,005	3,321	101,685	8,539	7.4	62,839
1985		117,167	65.1	108,856	1,706	107,150	3,179	103,971	8,312	7.1	62,74
1986¹	182,293	119,540	65.6	111,303	1,706	109,597	3,163	106,434	8,237	6.9	62,75
1987	184,490	121,602	65.9	114,177	1,737	112,440	3,208	109,232	7,425	6.1	62,888
1988	186,322	123,378	66.2	116,677	1,709	114,968	3,169	111,800	6,701	5.4	62,944
1989	188,081	125,557	66.8	119.030	1,688	117,342	3,199	114,142	6,528	5.2	62,523
1990	189,686	126,424	66.6	119,550	1,637	117,914	3,186	114,728	6,874	5.4	63,262
1991 1992	191,329 193,142	126,867 128,548	66.3 66.6	118,440 119,164	1,564 1,566	116,877 117,598	3,233 3,207	113,644 114,391	8,426 9,384	6.6 7.3	64,462 64,593
					Monthly d	eta assas					
		T			Monthly u	aia, seaso	nally adjusted	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1992:			Ac -			 					
March	192,607	128,133	66.5	118,849	1,585	117,264	3,194	114,070	9,284	7.2	64,474
April		128,320	66.6	119,095	1,577	117,518	3,206	114,312	9,225	7.2	64,425
May		128,613	66.7	119,154	1,574	117,580	3,186	114,394	9,459	7.4	64,268
June		128,868	66.8	119,080	1,570	117,510	3,244	114,266	9,788	7.6	64,157
July		128,918	66.7	119,290	1,568	117,722	3,207	114,515	9,628	7.5	64,272
August		128,970	66.7	119,346	1,566	117,780	3,218	114,562	9,624	7.5	64,386
September		128,840	66.6	119,290	1,566	117,724	3,221	114,503	9,550	7.4	64,673
October		128,618	66.4 66.5	119,239	1,552	117,687	3,169	114,518	9,379	7.3	65,065
November December	193,847 194,026	128,896 129,108	66.5	119,595 119,828	1,531 1,517	118,064 118,311	3,209 3,262	114,855 115,049	9,301 9,280	7.2 7.2	64,95° 64,918
1993:					{					-	
January	194,159	128,598	66.2	119,586	1,515	118,071	3,191	114,879	9,013	7.0	65,56
February		128,839	66.3	119,963	1,512	118,451	3,116	115,335	8,876	6.9	65,459

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for

seasonal variation.

NOTE: Revisions of seasonally adjusted monthly and quarterly data (shown in tables A-1 through A-3 and A-32 through A-53) for the most recent 5-year period are made at the end of each calendar year.

HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

A-2. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1982 to date

	i					Labor					
Say year	Noninsti-					Empl	loyed		Unem	ployed	Not i
Sex, year, and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilian			Percent of	labor force
			population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force	
						Annual aver	ages			, 	
MEN	83,052	83,979	77.0	57,800	1,529	56,271	2,738	53,534	6,179	0.7	40.0
982 983	84,064	64,580	76.8	58,320	1,533	56,787	2,704	54,083	6,260	9.7 9.7	19,01 19,48
984	85,156	65,386	76.8	60,642	1,551	59,091	2,688	56,423	4,744	7.3	19,7
985	86,025	85,967	76.7	61,447	1,556	59,891	2,535	57,356	4,521	6.9	20,0
186¹	87,349	66,973	76.7	62,443	1,551	60,892	2,511	58,381	4,530	6.8	20,3
987	88,476	67,784	76.6	63,684	1,577	62,107	2,543	59,564	4,101	6.1	20,6
88	89,404	68,474	76.6	64,820	1,547	63,273	2,493	80,780	3,655	5.3	20,9
189	90,283	69,360	76.8	65,835	1,520	64,315	2,513	61,802	3,525	5.1	20,9
	·										
90	91,122	69,705	76.5	65,906	1,472	64,435	2,507	61,928	3,799	5.4	21,4
91	91,951	69,810	75.9	64,992	1,399	63,593	2,552	61,041	4,817	6.9	22,1
92	92,945	70,588	75.9	65,209	1,404	63,805	2,534	61,270	5,380	7.6	22,3
					Monthly	data, seasor	nally adjusted ²				
92:					_						
March	92,655	70,324	75.9	64,964	1,417	63,547	2,509	61,038	5,360	7.6	22,3
April	92,733	70,460	76.0	65,194	1,417	63,777	2,514	61,263	5,266	7.5	22,2
Vlay	92,806	70,741	76.2	65,244	1,414	63,830	2,530	61,300	5,497	7.8	22,0
June	92,882	70,827	76.3	65,161	1,410	63,751	2,539	61,212	5,666	8.0	22,0
July	92,971	70,723	76.1	65,238	1,408	83,830	2,545	61,285	5,485	7.8	22,2
August	93,061	70,840	76.1	65,309	1,408	63,901	2,547	61,354	5,531	7.8	22,2
September	93,146	70,860	76.1	65,383	1,407	63,976	2,573	61,403	5,477	7.7	22,2
October		70,728	75.9	65,318	1,394	63,924	2,550	61,374	5,410	7.6	22,5
November	93,324	70,708	75.8	65,416	1,373	64,043	2,541	61,502	5,292	7.5	22,6
December	93,420	70,754	75.7	65,554	1,360	64,194	2,593	61,601	5,200	7.3	22,6
993:	93,488	70,473	75.4	65,544	1,358	64,186	2,534	61,651	4,929	7.0	23,0
January	93,563	70,473	75.4 75.6	65,693	1,355	64,338	2,521	61,817	4,997	7.0	23,0
February March	93,646	70,835	75.6	65,674	1,342	64,332	2,434	61,899	5,160	7.3	22,8
					<u> </u>	Annual aver	2009		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l
WOMEN		<u> </u>	-				<u> </u>				
982		47,894	52.7	43,395	139	43,256	665	42,591	4,499	9.4	42,9
983		48,646	53.0	44,190	143	44,047	680	43,367	4,457	9.2	43,1
984		49,855	53.7	46,061	146	45,915	653	45,262	3,794	7.6	43,0
85	93,886	51,200	54.5	47,409	150	47,259	644	46,615	3,791	7.4	42,6
986		52,568	55.4	48,861	155	48,706	652	48,054	3,707	7.1	42,3
9861		53,818	56.1	50,494	160	50,334	666	49,668	3,324	6.2	42,1
988		54,904	56.6	51,858	162	51,696	676	51,020	3,046	5.5	42,0
989	97,798	56,198	57.5	53,195	168	53,027	687	52,341	3,003	5.3	41,6
990	98,564	56,719	57.5	53,644	165	53,479	679	52,800	3,075	5.4	41.8
991	99,378	57,057	57.4	53,448	164	53,284	682	52,602	3,609	6.3	42,3
992	100,197	57,960	57.8	53,955	162	53,793	673	53,121	4,005	6.9	42,2
			<u>. </u>		Monthly	data, seasor	nally adjusted ²			1	1
992:											
March	99,951	57,809	57.8	53,885	168	53,717	685	53,032	3,924	6.8	42,1
April		57,860	57.9	53,901	160	53,741	692	53,049	3,959	6.8	42,1
May		57,872	57.8	53,910	160	53,750	656	53,094	3,962	6.8	42,2
June		58,041	58.0	53,919	160	53,759	705	53,054	4,122	7.1	42,1
July		58,195	58.1	54,052	160	53,892	662	53,230	4,143	7.1	42,0
August		58,130	58.0	54,037	158	53,879	671	53,208	4,093	7.0	42,1
September		57,980	57.8	53,907	159	53,748	648	53,100	4,073	7.0	42,3
October		57,890	57.6	53,921	158	53,763	619	53,144	3,969	6.9	42,5
November	1	58,188	57.9	54,179	158	54,021	668	53,353	4,009	6.9	42,3
December		58,354	58.0	54,274	157	54,117	669	53,448	4,080	7.0	42,
993:					_						
January		58,125 58,149	57.7 57.7	54,042 54,271	157 157	53,885 54,114	657 596	53,228 53,518	4,083 3,879	7.0 6.7	42,
February											42,
March	. 100,809	58,091	57.6	54,388	155	54,233	649	53,584	3,704	6.4	1

Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

² The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1960 to date

Year	Civilian noninsti-		Civilian la	abor force		Unemployment rates					
and month	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Unemployed	Total	Men	Womei			
				Annual	averages						
960¹	117,245	69,628	59.4	65,778	3,852	5.5	5.4	5.9			
961		70,459	59.3	65,746	4,714	6.7	6.4	7.2			
962¹		70,614	58.8	66,702	3,911	5. 5	5.2	1			
		71,833	58.7	67,762				6.2			
063					4,070	5.7	5.2	6.5			
64		73,091	58.7	69,305	3,786	5.2	4.6	6.2			
65		74,455	58.9	71,088	3,366	4.5	4.0	5.5			
66		75,770	59.2	72,895	2,875	3.8	3.2	4.8			
67	129,874	77,347	59.6	74,372	2,975	3.8	3.1	5.2			
68	132,028	78,737	59.6	75,920	2,817	3.6	2.9	4.8			
39		80,734	60.1	77,902	2,832	3.5	2.8	4.7			
70	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	4,093	4.9	4.4	5.9			
71	140,216	84,382	60.2	79,367	5,016	5.9	5.3	6.9			
72¹	144,126	87,034	60.4	82,153	4,882	5.6	5.0	6.6			
73¹		89,429	60.8	85,064	4,365	4.9	4.2	6.0			
74		91,949	61.3	86,794	5,156	5.6	4.9				
		93,775	61.2	85,846				6.7			
75			ł .		7,929	8.5	7.9	9.3			
76		96,158	61.6	88,752	7,406	7.7	7.1	8.6			
77 _.		99,009	62.3	92,017	6,991	7.1	6.3	8.2			
78'	161,910	102,251	63.2	96,048	6,202	6.1	5.3	7.2			
79	164,863	104,962	63.7	98,824	6,137	5.8	5.1	6.8			
30		106,940	63.8	99,303	7,637	7.1	6.9	7.4			
B1	170,130	108,670	63.9	100,397	8,273	7.6	7.4	7.9			
32	172,271	110,204	64.0	99,526	10,678	9.7	9.9	9.4			
33		111,550	64.0	100,834	10,717	9.6	9.9	9.2			
34	(113,544	64.4	105,005	8,539						
			1 3	., .		7.5	7.4	7.6			
35		115,461	64.8	107,150	8,312	7.2	7.0	7.4			
36'		117,834	65.3	109,597	8,237	7.0	6.9	7.1			
37	182,753	119,865	65.6	112,440	7,425	6.2	6.2	6.2			
38	184,613	121,669	65.9	114,968	6,701	5.5	5.5	5.6			
9		123,869	66.5	117,342	6,528	5.3	5.2	5.4			
90	188,049	124,787	66.4	117,914	6,874	5.5	5.6	5.4			
91	189,765	125,303	66.0	116,877	8,426	6.7	7.0	6.3			
2	1 .	126,982	66.3	117,598	9,384	7.4	7.8	6.9			
			M	onthly data, sea	asonally adjusted						
92:						ļ	ļ				
larch		126,548	66.2	117,264	9,284	7.3	7.8	6.8			
pril	191,168	126,743	66.3	117,518	9,225	7.3	7.6	6.9			
ay		127,039	66.4	117,580	9,459	7.4	7.9	6.9			
une		127,298	66.5	117,510	9,788	7.7	8.2	7.1			
.lly		127,350	66.5	117,722	9,628	7.6	7.9				
ugust	1	127,404	66.4	117,780	9,624		í	7.1			
	,	127,274	1			7.6	8.0	7.1			
eptember			66.3	117,724	9,550	7.5	7.9	7.0			
ctober		127,066	66.1	117,687	9,379	7.4	7.8	6.9			
ovember		127,365	66.2	118,064	9,301	7.3	7.6	6.9			
ecember	192,509	127,591	66.3	118,311	9,280	7.3	7.5	7.0			
93:			•								
anuary		127,083	66.0	118,071	9,013	7.1	7.1	7.0			
ebruary		127,327	66.0	118,451	8,876	7.0	7.2	6.7			
March	192,959	127,429	66.0	118,565	8,864	7.0	7.4	6.4			

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the

Explanatory Notes.

² The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

					March	1993					
			Civi	lian labor force)			Not	in labor for	rce	
Age sey and race	Civilian			į	Unemp	oloyed					
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
TOTAL											
16 years and over	192,959	126,682	65.7	117,406	9,276	7.3	66,277	24,520	9,525	4,147	28,084
16 to 19 years		6,186	47.1	4,917	1,269	20.5	6,961	445	6,001	29	486
16 to 17 years		2,373	35.7	1,769	604	25.4	4,276	98	3,974	5	199
18 to 19 years		3,812	58.7	3,148	665	17.4	2,685	347	2,027	24	287
20 to 24 years		13,329	75.5	11,910	1,419	10.6	4,330	1,398	2,160	109	663
25 to 34 years		91,777 34,603	83.4 83.4	85,887 31,980	5,890 2,623	6.4 7.6	18,246 6,880	11,393 4,457	1,305 848	1,827 376	3,721 1,199
25 to 34 years		16,068	83.1	14,728	1,340	8.3	3,262	2,060	514	143	545
30 to 34 years		18,535	83.7	17,252	1,283	6.9	3,618	2,396	334	233	654
35 to 44 years		34,020	84.8	32,024	1,996	5.9	6,086	3,959	336	632	1,160
35 to 39 years		17,972	84.3	16,819	1,153	6.4	3,346	2,250	195	321	581
40 to 44 years		16,048	85.4	15,205	843	5.3	2,740	1,709	141	311	579
45 to 54 years		23,155 13,154	81.4 83.6	21,883 12,464	1,271 691	5.5 5.3	5,281 2,584	2,978 1,465	122 81	818 388	1,362
45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years		10,000	78.8	9,420	581	5.8	2,564	1,513	41	430	712
55 to 64 years		11,981	56.9	11,390	590	4.9	9,076	3,688	38	902	4,448
55 to 59 years	1	7,247	67.5	6,890	356	4.9	3,482	1,685	28	455	1,314
60 to 64 years	10,328	4,734	45.8	4,500	234	4.9	5,594	2,003	10	447	3,134
65 years and over		3,410	11.0	3,302	108	3.2	27,663	7,595	21	1,281	18,766
65 to 69 years		1,953	19.4	1,900	53	2.7	8,107	2,363	6	298	5,439
70 to 74 years		951 506	11.2 4.0	922 479	29 26	3.0 5.2	7,566 11,991	2,102 3,129	8 7	234 750	5,222 8,105
Men											
6 years and over	92,304	69,053	74.8	63,370	5,683	8.2	23,252	705	4,672	2,195	15,678
16 to 19 years	1	3,282	49.4	2,549	733	22.3	3,358	30	3,035	13	280
16 to 17 years		1,272	37.5	929	343	27.0	2,117	12	1,981	3	122
18 to 19 years		2,010	61.8	1,620	390	19.4	1,241	18	1,054	10	159
20 to 24 years		7,066	81.6	6,185	881	12.5	1,594	46	1,118	57	373
25 to 54 years		49,954	92.6	46,357	3,597	7.2	4,002	378	500	1,136	1,988
25 to 34 years		19,156	93.5	17,586	1,570	8.2	1,330	142 74	338	240	610
25 to 29 years		8,861 10,295	93.1 93.8	8,050 9,536	811 759	9.2 7.4	652 678	68	220 118	91 148	267 343
30 to 34 years		18,413	93.5	17,192	1,222	6.6	1,270	127	122	400	620
35 to 39 years		9,825	93.8	9,123	702	7.1	645	70	62	192	321
40 to 44 years		8,588	93.2	8,068	520	6.1	624	57	60	208	299
45 to 54 years		12,384	89.8	11,579	805	6.5	1,402	109	39	496	758
45 to 49 years		7,001	91.6	6,569	432	6.2	645	46	23	231	344
50 to 54 years		5,383	87.7	5,011	373	6.9	758	63	16	265	414
55 to 64 years		6,766 4,063	67.6 79.2	6,372 3,815	394 248	5.8 6.1	3,238 1,065	87 46	15 9	497 243	2,640 767
55 to 59 years60 to 64 years		2,703	55.4	2,557	146	5.4	2,173	41	6	254	1,872
65 years and over		1,985	15.2	1,907	78	3.9	11,059	163	6	492	10,398
65 to 69 years		1,100	24.1	1,060	40	3.6	3,471	62	2	162	3,245
70 to 74 years		558	14.8	538	20	3.5	3,206	47	4	101	3,055
75 years and over	4,709	327	6.9	308	18	5.6	4,382	55	-	229	4,098
Women								i	:		}
16 years and over		57,630	57.3	54,036	3,594	6.2	43,025	23,815	4,853	1,952	12,405
16 to 19 years		2,904	44.6	2,368	536	18.5	3,602	415	2,966	16	205
16 to 17 years		1,102	33.8	841 1 527	261	23.7	2,159	86	1,993	2	177
18 to 19 years		1,802 6,263	55.5 69.6	1,527 5,725	275 538	15.3 8.6	1,444 2,736	329 1,352	973 1,043	14	128
20 to 24 years25 to 54 years		41,823	74.6	39,530	2,293	5.5	14,245	11,015	806	691	1,733
25 to 34 years		15,447	73.6	14,394	1,053	6.8	5,550	4,315	510	137	589
25 to 29 years		7,207	73.4	6,678	529	7.3	2,610	1,986	294	52	278
30 to 34 years		8,239	73.7	7,715	524	6.4	2,940	2,328	216	85	311
35 to 44 years	20,423	15,606	76.4	14,832	774	5.0	4,816	3,832	213	232	540
35 to 39 years		8,147	75.1	7,695	451	5.5	2,701	2,180	132	129	260
40 to 44 years		7,460	77.9	7,137	323	4.3	2,115	1,652	81	103	280
45 to 54 years		10,770	73.5 76.0	10,304 5,895	466 258	4.3 4.2	3,878 1,940	2,869 1,419	83 58	322 157	608 306
45 to 49 years		6,153 4,617	70.4	4,409	208	4.2	1,938	1,419	25	165	299
50 to 54 years	44	5,215	47.2	5,018	197	3.8	5,837	3,601	23	405	1,809
55 to 59 years		3,184	56.8	3,075	109	3.4	2,417	1,639	19	212	54
60 to 64 years		2,031	37.3	1,943	88	4.3	3,421	1,962	4	193	1,262
65 years and over		1,425	7.9	1,395	30	2.1	16,605	7,432	15	789	8,369
65 to 69 years	5,489	853	15.5	840	13	1.5	4,636	2,302	4	136	2,195
70 to 74 years		393	8.3	384	9	2.4	4,360	2,056	5	133	2,167
75 years and over	7,788	179	2.3	171	8	4.6	7,609	3,074	7	520	4,007

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

					March	1993					
!			Civi	lian labor force	•			Not	in labor fo	rce	
!	Civilian				Unem	oloyed					
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
WHITE											
£ years and over	163,543	108,322	66.2	101,269	7,052	6.5	55.222	20,775	7,086	3,139	24,222
6 years and over 16 to 19 years	10,537	5,326	50.5	4,408	917	17.2	5,212	318	4,503	22	369
16 to 17 years	5,318	2,089	39.3	1,604	485	23.2	3,229	74	2,994	5	156
18 to 19 years	5,219	3,236	62.0	2,804	432	13.4	1,983	244	1,510	17	213
20 to 24 years	14,385	11,228	78.1	10,226	1,002	8.9	3,157	1,030	1,593	65	468
25 to 54 years	92,723 34,432	78,190 29,102	84.3 84.5	73,625 27,107	4,565 1,998	5.8 6.9	14,533 5,330	9,387 3,597	947 604	1,391 259	2,808 870
25 to 34 years	15,951	13,511	84.7	12,485	1,026	7.6	2,440	1,599	355	113	374
30 to 34 years	18,481	15,591	84.4	14,621	970	6.2	2,890	1,998	249	146	496
35 to 44 years	33,864	28,997	85.6	27,458	1,539	5.3	4,868	3,284	237	489	858
35 to 39 years	17,912	15,235	85.1	14,366	869	5.7	2,678	1,862	132	248	436
40 to 44 years	15,952	13,762	86.3	13,092	670	4.9	2,190	1,421	105	241	423
45 to 54 years	24,426	20,091	82.3 84.5	19,061	1,030	5.1	4,335	2,507	105	643	1,079
45 to 49 years50 to 54 years	13,565 10,861	11,458 8,633	79.5	10,892 8,169	566 464	4.9 5.4	2,107 2,228	1,214 1,293	71 34	304 339	518 562
55 to 64 years	18,180	10,510	57.8	10,028	482	4.6	7,669	3,176	25	644	3,825
55 to 59 years	9,197	6,336	68.9	6,041	295	4.7	2,861	1,441	19	307	1,093
60 to 64 years	8,983	4,174	46.5	3,987	187	4.5	4,809	1,735	5	337	2,732
65 years and over	27,718	3,068	11.1	2,981	87	2.8	24,651	6,864	18	1,017	16,751
65 to 69 years	8,873	1,754	19.8	1,709	45	2.6	7,119	2,096	6	229	4,788
70 to 74 years	7,553 11,292	847 466	11.2 4.1	825 446	21 20	2.5 4.3	6,706 10,825	1,885 2,883	8 4	181 607	4,632 7,331
Men					:		,	,			1,50
Surana and area	78,868	59,722	75.7	55,352	4,369	7.2	10 146	460	0.470	4.607	
S years and over	5,345	2,815	52.7	2,287	529	7.3 18.8	19,146 2,530	468 8	3,470 2,299	1,697 9	13,511
16 to 17 years	2,725	1,118	41.0	852	266	23.8	1,608	3	1,507	2	213 96
18 to 19 years	2,619	1,697	64.8	1,435	262	15.5	922	6	792	6	118
20 to 24 years	7,100	5,959	83.9	5,351	608	10.2	1,141	29	822	33	257
25 to 54 years	46,066	43,157	93.7	40,292	2,864	6.6	2,910	241	332	894	1,442
25 to 34 years	17,190	16,288	94.8	15,039	1,248	7.7	902	93	223	164	423
25 to 29 years	7,941 9,249	7,498 8,790	94.4 95.0	6,859 8,180	638 610	8.5 6.9	443	51	146	71	175
30 to 34 years	16,872	15,967	94.6	15,006	961	6.0	459 905	42 80	76 79	93 317	248
35 to 39 years	8,955	8,500	94.9	7,960	539	6.3	455	46	36	150	429 224
40 to 44 years	7,917	7,467	94.3	7,045	422	5.6	450	34	43	167	205
45 to 54 years	12,004	10,902	90.8	10,247	655	6.0	1,102	69	30	413	590
45 to 49 years	6,689	8,182	92.4	5,828	354	5.7	507	25	20	194	268
50 to 54 years	5,316	4,721	88.8	4,419	301	6.4	595	44	11	219	322
55 to 64 years	8,696 4,435	5,972 3,583	68.7 80.8	5,666 3,387	306 196	5.1 5.5	2,724 851	68 34	12	369	2,276
55 to 59 years	4,261	2,388	56.0	2,278	110	4.6	1,873	34	7 5	173 196	637 1,639
65 years and over	11,661	1,819	15.6	1,757	63	3.4	9,842	122	6	392	9,323
65 to 69 years	4,062	1,003	24.7	966	37	3.7	3,059	44	2	126	2,887
70 to 74 years	3,341	510	15.3	497	13	2.6	2,831	33	4	82	2,713
75 years and over	4,258	307	7.2	294	13	4.1	3,951	45	-	184	3,722
Women											
6 years and over	84,676 5 102	48,600	57.4	45,917	2,683	5.5	36,075	20,307	3,616	1,441	10,711
16 to 19 years	5,193 2,593	2,510 971	48.3 37.5	2,122 752	389 219	15.5 22.5	2,682	310 72	2,204	13	155
18 to 19 years	2,593 2,600	1,539	59.2	1,369	170	11.0	1,621 1,061	72 238	1,487 717	2 11	60
20 to 24 years	7,285	5,269	72.3	4,875	394	7.5	2,016	1,001	717	11 32	95 211
25 to 54 years	46,657	35,033	75.1	33,333	1,700	4.9	11,623	9,146	615	497	1,366
25 to 34 years	17,242	12,815	74.3	12,067	747	5.8	4,428	3,504	382	95	448
25 to 29 years	8,011	6,013	75.1	5,826	388	6.4	1,997	1,548	209	41	200
30 to 34 years	9,232	6,801	73.7	6,441	360	5.3	2,430	1,956	173	53	248
35 to 39 years	16,993 8,958	13,030 6,735	76.7 75.2	12,452 6,405	578 330	4.4	3,963	3,204	158	171	429
35 to 39 years40 to 44 years	8,035	6,295	78.3	6,405	248	4.9 3.9	2,222 1,740	1,817 1,387	96 62	97 74	212
45 to 54 years	12,422	9,189	74.0	8,814	375	4.1	3,233	2,438	75	231	217 489
45 to 49 years	6,877	5,276	76.7	5,064	212	4.0	1,600	1,189	51	110	250
50 to 54 years	5,545	3,913	70.6	3,749	163	4.2	1,633	1,250	23	121	239
55 to 64 years	9,484	4,539	47.9	4,363	176	3.9	4,945	3,109	13	274	1,549
55 to 59 years	4,762	2,753	57.8	2,654	99	3.6	2,009	1,407	12	134	456
60 to 64 years	4,721	1,786	37.8	1,709	77	4.3	2,936	1,701	1	141	1,093
65 years and over	16,057	1,248	7.8	1,224	24	1.9	14,809	6,742	13	625	7,429
65 to 69 years	4,811 4,212	752 337	15.6 8.0	743 329	8 8	1.1 2.5	4,060	2,052	4	103	1,901
70 to 74 years 75 years and over	7,034	160	2.3	152	8	2.5 4.7	3,875 6,874	1,852 2,838	5 4	100	1,919
, - ,	.,	, ,,,,,				7.7	0,017	2,000	4	423	3,609

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

BLACK						1993	March	·····				}
## SLACK SLACK Composition Total population Total population		ce	in labor for	Not				an labor force	Civil			
Selection Color						loyed	Unemp					Are sey and race
18 years and over	Other		to		Total	of labor	Number	Employed	of	Total	tutional	Age, sex, and lace
16 to 19 years				-								BLACK
16 to 19 years	3 3,090	873	1 762	2.805	8 530	13.7	1 877	11.810	616	13 687	22 217	18 years and over
16 to 17 years		7										
20 to 24 years	42	-		20	847	46.3	101	117	20.5	218		
25 to 54 years		7										
25 to 24 years		42		1								
25 to 29 years												
30 to 34 years		26										
35 to 44 years		73	- 1									
40 to 44 years		118	50		874	10.3	380	3,315	80.9	3,695	4,569	
45 to 64 years		59										35 to 39 years
45 to 49 years		60										
50 10 54 years												
So to Seywars		70										
55 to 59 years		230										
65 years and over		131	8	183	512	6.5		595	55.4	637		
85 to 69 years		99										
Name		231	2									
Men		58	-									
Men		126	3									
10,021 6,850 68.4 5,748 1,103 16.1 3,170 190 823 421 16 to 19 years 5.08 125 23.2 5.9 66 52.6 414 9 379 - 18 to 19 years 5.00 256 51.2 139 118 45.9 244 9 198 - 18 115 1							ļ					-
16 to 19 years				100	0.470	46.4	4.400	5740	60.4	0.050		
16 to 17 years	, , -	426		1								
18 to 19 years	4 59 26	4										
20 to 24 years		- 4										
25 to 24 years		24	180	12	310	29.0	245	599	73.1	843	1,153	
25 to 29 years		200										
1,248 1,091 87.4 970 121 11.1 157 22 15		63										
35 to 44 years		17										
35 to 39 years		66										
## 40 to 44 years 919 786 85.5 702 84 10.7 13.3 19 8 33 45 to 54 years 1.282 1.035 80.7 928 107 10.3 247 355 3 3 77 45 to 49 years 694 586 84.5 535 51 8.7 108 16 1 3 3 50 to 54 years 598 449 76.3 393 56 12.4 140 18 1 14 17 1 11 15 15 to 59 years 520 332 63.8 295 37 11.1 188 9 1 6 60 to 64 years 470 244 52.0 220 25 10.1 225 8 - 56 59 years 341 38 11.2 32 6 (1) 306 16 - 39 70 to 74 years 341 38 11.2 32 6 (1) 302 12 - 17 75 years and over 336 11 3.2 9 2 (1) 325 9 - 33 30 44.9 758 89 620 620 to 19 years 527 94 17.8 58 36 38.0 433 12 407 - 18 to 19 years 520 196 37.7 102 95 48.2 324 78 213 25 to 54 years 7.033 5,116 72.7 4,617 499 3.8 1,917 1,329 119 16 25 to 34 years 2,901 2,057 70.9 1,786 571 13.2 845 607 83 35 35 35 35 35 35 35		31										
45 to 54 years		35	8	19	133	10.7	84	702	85.5			
50 to 54 years 588 449 76.3 393 56 12.4 140 18 1 44 55 to 64 years 990 576 58.2 515 61 10.7 414 17 1 11 15 55 to 59 years 520 332 63.8 295 37 11.1 188 9 1 16 60 to 64 years 470 244 52.0 220 25 10.1 225 8 - 55 65 to 69 years 405 70 17.2 66 3 (!) 336 16 - 36 55 to 69 years 405 70 17.2 66 3 (!) 336 16 - 30 70 to 74 years 341 38 11.2 32 6 (!) 302 12 - 11 75 years and over 336 11 3.2 9 2 (!) 302 12 - 11 15 6 60.62 774 11.3 <td></td> <td>70</td> <td>- 1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		70	- 1									
55 to 64 years 990 576 58.2 515 61 10.7 414 17 1 155 to 59 years 520 332 63.8 295 37 11.1 188 9 1 66 to 64 years 470 244 52.0 220 25 10.1 225 8 - 56 to 69 years and over 1,082 119 11.0 107 12 9.8 963 38 - 8 65 to 69 years and over 341 38 11.2 32 6 (') 336 16 - 36 38 - 8 8 6 (') 302 12 - 11 75 years and over 336 11 3.2 9 2 (') 325 9 - 33 Women 12,197 6,837 56.1 6,062 774 11.3 5,960 2,615 938 44 16 to 19 years 1,047 290 27.7 160 130 44.9 758 89 620	1	31										
55 to 59 years 520 332 63.8 295 37 11.1 188 9 1 66 60 to 64 years 770 244 52.0 220 25 10.1 225 8 - 55 65 years and over 1,082 119 11.0 107 12 9.8 963 38 - 68 70 to 74 years 341 38 11.2 32 6 (1) 302 12 - 11 75 years and over 336 11 3.2 9 2 (1) 325 9 - 33 44 75 years and over 336 11 3.2 9 2 (1) 325 9 - 33 44 75 years and over 336 11 3.2 9 2 (1) 325 9 - 33 44 75 years and over 336 11 3.2 9 2 (1) 325 9 - 33 44 75 years and over 326 years 78 94 17.8 58 36 38.0 433 12 407 - 18 to 19 years 527 94 17.8 58 36 38.0 433 12 407 - 18 to 19 years 520 196 37.7 102 95 48.2 324 78 213 20 to 24 years 79.0 1335 782 58.6 655 128 16.3 553 293 188 1 1.35 to 54 years 79.0 13.5 14.0 19 years 1,402 935 66.7 807 128 13.7 467 342 50 25 years 1,402 935 66.7 807 128 13.7 467 342 50 30 53 years 1,402 935 66.7 807 128 13.7 467 342 50 35 to 44 years 2,515 1,920 76.3 1,763 157 8.2 595 420 31 5 2 45 to 54 years 1,138 866 75.2 802 55 6 44 years 1,138 866 75.2 802 55 6 6 44 years 1,138 866 75.2 802 55 6 6.4 282 189 16 2 45 to 54 years 1,138 866 75.2 802 55 6 6.4 282 189 16 5 5 7 7 45 to 49 years 1,138 866 75.2 802 55 6 6.4 282 189 16 2 5 5 to 54 years 1,138 866 75.2 802 55 6 6.4 282 189 16 2 5 5 to 54 years 1,138 866 75.2 802 55 6 6.4 282 189 16 2 5 5 to 64 years 774 50 to 54 yea		40										
60 to 64 years		64										
65 years and over		50	_ `									
70 to 74 years		83	-								1,082	
Women		30	. 1									
Women 16 years and over		15	-			(')						
16 years and over	9 277	39	-	9	323	()		9	3.2	"	336	75 years and over
16 to 19 years 1,047 290 27.7 160 130 44.9 758 89 620 16 to 17 years 527 94 17.8 58 36 38.0 433 12 407 - 18 to 19 years 520 196 37.7 102 95 48.2 324 78 213 20 to 24 years 1,335 782 58.6 655 128 16.3 553 293 188 1 25 to 54 years 7,033 5,116 72.7 4,617 499 9.8 1,917 1,329 119 16 25 to 34 years 2,901 2,057 70.9 1,786 271 13.2 845 607 83 3 25 to 29 years 1,402 935 66.7 807 128 13.7 467 342 50 30 to 34 years 1,499 1,122 74.8 979 143 12.8 377 266 32 2 35 to 44 years 2,515 1,920 76.3 1,763 157 8.2 595 420 31 5 35 to 39 years 1,377 1,064 77.3 961 103 9.7 31												Women
16 to 17 years 527 94 17.8 58 36 38.0 433 12 407 - 18 to 19 years 520 196 37.7 102 95 48.2 324 78 213 20 to 24 years 1,335 782 58.6 655 128 16.3 553 293 188 1. 25 to 54 years 7,033 5,116 72.7 4,617 499 9.8 1,917 1,329 119 16 25 to 34 years 2,901 2,057 70.9 1,786 271 13.2 845 607 83 3 25 to 29 years 1,402 935 66.7 807 128 13.7 467 342 50 35 to 49 years 2,515 1,920 76.3 1,763 157 8.2 595 420 31 5 35 to 44 years 2,515 1,920 76.3 1,763 157 8.2 595 420 31		448										
18 to 19 years 520 196 37.7 102 95 48.2 324 78 213 20 to 24 years 1,335 782 58.6 655 128 16.3 553 293 188 1. 25 to 54 years 2,901 2,057 70.9 1,786 271 13.2 845 607 83 3 25 to 29 years 1,402 935 66.7 807 128 13.7 467 342 50 30 to 34 years 2,515 1,499 1,122 74.8 979 143 12.8 377 266 32 2 35 to 44 years 2,515 1,920 76.3 1,786 103 9.7 313 231 15 2 3 40 to 44 years 1,377 1,064 77.3 961 103 9.7 313 231 15 2 40 to 44 years 1,388 856 75.2 802 55 6.4 282 189 16 2 45 to 54 years 1,616 1,139 70.5 1,069 70 6.2 477 301 5 7 45 to 49 years 871 624 71.7 589 35 5.7 247 157 3 3 5 50 to 54 years 1,616 1,139 70.5 1,069 70 6.2 477 301 5 7 45 to 49 years 746 515 69.1 480 35 6.8 230 144 2 3 5 5 to 64 years 746 515 69.1 480 35 6.8 230 144 2 3 5 5 to 64 years 1,202 505 42.0 493 12 2.4 697 366 10 11		3										
20 to 24 years 1,335 782 58.6 655 128 16.3 553 293 188 1.25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 7,033 5,116 72.7 4,617 499 9.8 1,917 1,329 119 16 25 to 34 years 2,901 2,057 70.9 1,786 271 13.2 845 607 83 3 25 to 29 years 1,402 935 66.7 807 128 13.7 467 342 50 30 to 34 years 1,499 1,122 74.8 979 143 12.8 377 266 32 2 35 to 39 years 2,515 1,920 76.3 1,763 157 8.2 595 420 31 5 35 to 39 years 1,377 1,064 77.3 961 103 9.7 313 231 15 2 40 to 44 years 1,138 856 75.2 802 55 6.4 282 189 16 2 45 to 54 years 1,616 1,139 70.5 1,069 70 6.2 477 301 5 7 45 to 49 years 787 624 71.7 589<	3 30	- 3										
25 to 54 years 7,033 5,116 72.7 4,617 499 9.8 1,917 1,329 119 16 25 to 34 years 2,901 2,057 70.9 1,786 271 13.2 845 607 83 3 25 to 29 years 1,402 935 66.7 807 128 13.7 467 342 50 30 to 34 years 1,499 1,122 74.8 979 143 12.8 377 266 32 2 35 to 44 years 2,515 1,920 76.3 1,763 157 8.2 595 420 31 5 35 to 39 years 1,377 1,064 77.3 961 103 9.7 313 231 15 2 40 to 44 years 1,138 856 75.2 802 55 6.4 282 189 16 2 45 to 54 years 1,616 1,139 70.5 1,069 70 6.2 477 301 5 7 45 to 49 years 746 515 69.1 480 35 5.7 247 157 3 3 50 to 54 years 726 515 69.1 480 35		18										-
25 to 34 years 2,901 2,057 70.9 1,786 271 13.2 845 607 83 3 25 to 29 years 1,402 935 66.7 807 128 13.7 467 342 50 30 to 34 years 1,499 1,122 74.8 979 143 12.8 377 266 32 2 35 to 44 years 2,515 1,920 76.3 1,763 157 8.2 595 420 31 55 35 to 39 years 1,377 1,064 77.3 961 103 9.7 313 231 15 2 40 to 44 years 1,138 856 75.2 802 55 6.4 282 189 16 2 45 to 54 years 1,616 1,139 70.5 1,069 70 6.2 477 301 5 7 45 to 49 years 871 624 71.7 589 35 5.7 247 157 3 3 50 to 54 years 746 515 69.1 480 35 6.8 230 144 2 3 55 to 64 years 1,202 505 42.0 493 12 2.4		164										
25 to 29 years		36	83	607				1,786	70.9			•
35 to 44 years 2,515 1,920 76.3 1,763 157 8.2 595 420 31 5 35 to 39 years 1,377 1,064 77.3 961 103 9.7 313 231 15 2 40 to 44 years 1,138 856 75.2 802 55 6.4 282 189 16 2 45 to 54 years 871 624 71.7 589 35 5.7 247 157 3 3 5 50 to 54 years 746 515 69.1 480 35 6.8 230 144 2 3 5 5 to 64 years 1,202 505 42.0 493 12 2.4 697 366 10 11		9										•
35 to 39 years 1,377 1,064 77.3 961 103 9.7 313 231 15 2 40 to 44 years 1,138 856 75.2 802 55 6.4 282 189 16 2 45 to 54 years 1,616 1,139 70.5 1,069 70 6.2 477 301 5 7 45 to 49 years 871 624 71.7 589 35 5.7 247 157 3 3 50 to 54 years 746 515 69.1 480 35 6.8 230 144 2 3 55 to 64 years 1,202 505 42.0 493 12 2.4 697 366 10 11		27										
40 to 44 years 1,138 856 75.2 802 55 6.4 282 189 16 2 45 to 54 years 871 624 71.7 50 to 54 years 746 515 69.1 480 35 6.8 230 144 2 3 5 5 to 64 years 1,202 505 42.0 493 12 2.4 697 366 10 11		52 28					t .					
45 to 54 years 1,616 1,139 70.5 1,069 70 6.2 477 301 5 7 45 to 49 years 871 624 71.7 589 35 5.7 247 157 3 3 50 to 54 years 746 515 69.1 480 35 6.8 230 144 2 3 55 to 64 years 1,202 505 42.0 493 12 2.4 697 366 10 11		28										
45 to 49 years 871 624 71.7 589 35 5.7 247 157 3 3 3 50 to 54 years 746 515 69.1 480 35 6.8 230 144 2 3 5 5 to 64 years 1,202 505 42.0 493 12 2.4 697 366 10 11		76										
50 to 54 years		39	3				35					
55 to 64 years	37 47	37	1					480	69.1			
1 000 1 000 1 405 1 000 1 5 1 45 1 004 1 474 1 71 4		115										
570 000 7 000 7 000 000 000		67	7	174	324	1.6	5	300	48.5	305	629	
1570 140 04 100 6 20 1406 507 0		48 147					I					
00 464 47 450 400	-	28				1						
00 10 00 1000		32	-									
		87	3									

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-5. Employment status of the black-and-other civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex

				I	March 1993				
				(Civilian labor force				
A	Civilian			T	Employed		Unem	ployed	Not in
Age and sex	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Agriculture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	labor
TOTAL	wyr llad						-		
6 years and over	29,415	18,360	62.4	16,137	181	15,955	2,224	12.1	11,059
6 years and over	2,609	860	33.0	509	12	497	351	40.9	1,749
16 to 17 years	1,331	284	21.4	165	3	162	119	41.8	1,04
16 to 17 years	1,278	576	45.1	343	8	335	233	40.4	702
20 to 24 years	3,274	2,101	64.2	1,684	9	1,675	417	19.8	1,173
25 to 54 years	17,300	13,587	78.5	12,261	126	12,135	1,326	9.8	3,713
25 to 34 years	7,050	5,500	78.0	4,873	56	4,817	627	11.4	1,55
25 to 29 years	3,379	2,557	75.7	2,243	26	2,217	315	12.3	82
30 to 34 years	3,671	2,943	80.2	2,630	29	2,601	313	10.6	72
	6,241	5,023	80.5	4,566	45	4,521	457	9.1	1,21
35 to 44 years	3,406	2,737	80.4	2,453	26	2,427	284	10.4	66
35 to 39 years	2,835	2,286	80.6	2,113	18	2,095	173	7.6	54
40 to 44 years	4,009	3,064	76.4	2,822	26	2,796	241	7.6	94
45 to 54 years	2,174	1,696	78.0	1,571	13	1,559	125	7.4	47
45 to 49 years	1,835	1,367	74.5	1,251	13	1,238	116	8.5	47
50 to 54 years		1,470	74.5 51.1	1,362	21	1,341	108	-	-
55 to 64 years	2,877	910	59.4	849	12	837	61	7.4	1,40
55 to 59 years	1,532	560	41.6	513	9	504	47	6.7	62
60 to 64 years	1,345			321	- 1	307		8.4	78
65 years and over	3,355	342	10.2		14		21	6.2	3,01
65 to 69 years	1,187	199	16.8	191	3	188	8	3.9	98
70 to 74 years	964	104	10.8	97	11	86	7	7.1	86
75 years and over	1,205	39	3.3	33	-	33	6	(1)	1,16
Men		1			l				
S years and over	13,436	9,331	69.4	8,018	152	7,865	1,313	14.1	4,10
16 to 19 years	1,296	467	36.0	262	11	252	204	43.8	82
16 to 17 years	664	154	23.2	77	3	74	77	49.9	51
18 to 19 years	632	313	49.5	185	7	178	127	40.7	31
20 to 24 years	1,560	1,107	71.0	834	5	829	273	24.7	45
25 to 54 years	7,890	6,797	86.2	6,064	108	5,956	733	10.8	1,09
25 to 34 years	3,296	2,868	87.0	2,546	52	2,494	322	11.2	42
	1,573	1,363	86.7	1,190	24	1,167	173	12.7	20
25 to 29 years	1,724	1,505	87.3	1,356	29	1,327	149	9.9	21
30 to 34 years	2,811	2.447	87.0	2,186	35	2,151	261	10.7	
35 to 44 years			87.5	1,163	17	•	1		36
35 to 39 years	1,516	1,326			17	1,146	163	12.3	19
40 to 44 years	1,295	1,121	86.5	1,023		1,006	98	8.8	17
45 to 54 years	1,782	1,482	83.2	1,332	21	1,311	150	10.1	30
45 to 49 years	957	819	85.6	741	8	732	79	9.6	13
50 to 54 years	826	663	80.3	591	13	578	72	10.8	16
55 to 64 years	1,308	794	60.7	707	20	687	88	11.0	51
55 to 59 years	694	480	69.2	428	11	417	52	10.8	21
60 to 64 years	615	315	51.2	279	9	270	36	11.4	30
65 years and over	1,383	166	12.0	150	9	141	15	9.3	1,21
65 to 69 years	509	98	19.2	94	3 [91	3	3.5	41
70 to 74 years	423	48	11.4	42	6	36	6	(¹)	37
75 years and over	451	20	4.5	14	-	15	6	(1)	43
Women				1					
3 years and over	15,979	9,029	56.5	8,119	29	8,090	910	10.1	6,95
16 to 19 years	1,314	394	30.0	246	1	245	147	37.4	92
16 to 17 years	668	131	19.5	88	-	88	42	32.3	53
18 to 19 years	646	263	40.7	158	1	157	105	40.0	38
20 to 24 years	1,714	994	58.0	850	4	846	144	14.5	72
25 to 54 years	9,411	6,790	72.1	6,197	18	6,179	593	8.7	2,62
25 to 34 years	3,754	2,632	70.1	2,326	3	2,323	306	11.6	1,12
25 to 29 years	1,806	1,194	66.1	1,052	2	1,050	141	11.9	61
30 to 34 years	1,948	1,438	73.8	1,274	1	1,273	164	11.4	5
35 to 44 years	3,430	2,576	75.1	2,380	10	2,370	196	7.6	85
35 to 39 years	1,890	1,411	74.7	1,290	9	1,281	122	8.6	47
40 to 44 years	1,540	1,165	75.7	1,090	1	1,089	75	6.4	37
45 to 54 years	2,227	1,581	71.0	1,490	5	1,485	91	5.8	64
45 to 49 years	1,217	877	72.1	831	5	826	46	5.3	34
50 to 54 years	1,010	704	69.7	660	1	659	45	6.3	30
55 to 64 years	1,568	676	43.1	656	1	654	21	3.0	89
55 to 59 years	838	431	51.4	421	i	420	10	2.2	4(
	730	245	33.6	234	_ '	234	l .		
60 to 64 years	1,972	176	8.9	170	5		11	4.5	48
65 years and over		1		97	ິນ	166	6	3.3	1,79
65 to 69 years	678 541	101	15.0			97	4	4.3	57
70 to 74 years	541 754	56 19	10.3 2.5	55 19	5	50	1	(*)	48
						19	1 1		73

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-6. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

Employment status and	Тс	otal		years and ver	Women, 20 ov		Both sexes	-
race	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Маг. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	191,022	192,959	84,590	85,664	93,256	94,148	13,176	13,147
Civilian labor force	125,797	126,682	65,322	65,771	54,379	54,726	6,095	6,186
Percent of population	65.9	65.7	77.2	76.8	58.3	58.1	46.3	47.1
Employed	116,106	117,406	60,204	60,821	51,100	51,668	4,802	4.917
Agriculture	2,918	2,805	2,177	2,077	597	567	144	160
Nonagricultural industries	113,188	114,601	58.027	58,744	50.503	51,101	4,658	4,757
Unemployed	9,691	9,276	5,118	4,950	3,279	3,058	1,293	1,269
Unemployment rate	7.7	7.3	7.8	7.5	6.0	5.6	21.2	20.5
Not in labor force	65,225	66,277	19,268	19,893	38,876	39,423	7,081	6,961
White								
Civilian noninstitutional population	162,305	163,543	72,815	73,523	78,957	79,483	10,533	10.537
Civilian labor force	107,772	108,322	56,559	56,906	45,931	46,090	5,282	5.326
Percent of population	66.4	66.2	77.7	77.4	58.2	58.0	50.1	50.5
Employed	100,325	101,269	52,572	53,066	43,479	43.795	4,274	4,408
Agriculture	2.733	2,623	2,020	1,935	570	539	143	149
Nonagricultural industries	97,592	98,646	50,552	51,130	42,909	43,256	4,131	4.260
Unemployed	7,447	7.052	3,987	3.841	2,452	2,294	1,009	917
Unemployment rate	6.9	6.5	7.0	6.7	5.3	5.0	19.1	17.2
Not in labor force	54,533	55,222	16,255	16,617	33,026	33,393	5,251	5,212
Black								
Civilian noninstitutional population	21.854	22,217	8,807	8.982	10,971	11,149	2,076	2,086
Civilian labor force	13,586	13,687	6,437	6,469	6,499	6,547	650	671
Percent of population		61.6	73.1	72.0	59.2	58.7	31.3	32.2
Employed		11,810	5,475	5,550	5,800	5,903	394	357
Agriculture	122	109	107	90	13	13	1	6
Nonagricultural industries	11.548	11,701	5,368	5,460	5.787	5.889	393	352
Unemployed		1,877	962	919	699	644	256	313
Unemployment rate	14.1	13.7	14.9	14.2	10.8	9.8	39.4	46.7
Not in labor force	8,268	8,530	2,370	2,513	4,472	4,602	1,426	1,415
NOT ILL ISDOL (OLCS	0,200	0,550	2,570	2,513	7,7/2	4,002	1,420	1,415

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

					March	1993				
					Civ	vilian labor f	orce			
Enrollment status, educational	Civilian				Employed			Unem	ployed	
attainment, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time ¹	Part time ¹	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percent of labor force
TOTAL ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	16,023	7,539	47.1	6,560	1,272	5,288	979	182	797	13.0
16 to 19 years	10,449	4,256 3,283	40.7 58.9	3,500 3,060	308 964	3,192 2,095	756 224	82 100	673 124	17.8 6.8
High school	8,244	3,083	37.4	2,413	146	2,267	669	63	607	21.7
College		4,457	57.3	4,147	1,126	3,021	310	120	190	7.0
Full-time students		3,467	52.1	3,238	545	2,693	229	64	165	6.6
Part-time students	1,127	989	87.8	909	582	327	81	56	25	8.2
Men, 16 to 24 years		3,805	47.1	3,248	679	2,569	558	75	482	14.7
16 to 19 years		2,208	41.6 57.5	1,765	152 527	1,613 955	443	33 43	410	20.1
20 to 24 years)	1,598		1,483			115		72	7.2
High school		1,735 2,071	39.8 55.6	1,332 1,916	91 588	1,241 1,328	403 155	29 46	374 109	23.2 7.5
CollegeFull-time students		1,619	50.2	1,502	318	1,184	117	23	95	7.2
Part-time students		452	90.3	414	270	144	38	24	14	8.3
Women, 16 to 24 years		3,734	47.1	3,312	593	2,719	422	107	315	11.3
16 to 19 years20 to 24 years	5,143 2,793	2,048 1,686	39.8 60.4	1,735 1,577	156 437	1,579 1,140	313 109	50 57	263 52	15.3 6.5
High school		1,348	34.7	1,081	55	1,026	267	33	233	19.8
College		2,386	58.9	2,231	538	1,693	155	74	82	6.5
Full-time students Part-time students		1,848 538	53.9 85.8	1,736 495	226 312	1,510 183	112 43	41 32	71 11	6.1 8.0
White										
Total, 16 to 24 years		6,494	50.6	5,749	1,101	4,649	745	133	612	11.5
16 to 19 years		3,706	44.4	3,137	275	2,862	569	57	513	15.4
20 to 24 years	1	2,788	62.1	2,612	825	1,787	176	77	99	6.3
Men		3,275 3,219	50.4 50.8	2,864 2,885	600 501	2,264 2,384	411 334	54 80	358 254	12.6 10.4
High school	6,429	2,641	41.1	2,139	133	2,006	502	45	457	19.0
College		3,854	60.2	3,610	968	2,642	243	88	155	6.3
Full-time students Part-time students		3,007 847	55.1 89.7	2,817 793	451 517	2,366 277	190 53	54 34	136 19	6.3 6.3
Black										
Total, 16 to 24 years	2,347	719	30.6	525	114	412	194	37	156	26.9
16 to 19 years20 to 24 years		414 304	24.8 44.9	255 270	25 89	231 181	159 35	23 14	136 20	38.4 11.3
Men		365	32.0	245	49	196	119	12	107	32.7
Women		354	29.3	280	65	215	74	25	49	21.0
High school		344 375	23.6 42.1	198 327	11 102	187 224	145 48	13 24	132	42.2
Full-time students		280	36.5	252	59	192	28	24 7	24 20	12.9 10.0
Part-time students		96	77.2	75	43	32	21	17	4	21.6
Hispanic origin										
Total, 16 to 24 years		531	38.9	405	110	295	126	28	98	23.8
16 to 19 years20 to 24 years		302 229	30.6 60.3	201 203	30 79	171 124	100 26	18 11	82 15	33.2 11.3
Men		290	43.8	221	67	155	68	13	56	23.6
Women		241	34.2	183	43	140	58	16	42	24.0
High school		251 280	28.9 56.3	153 251	24 86	129 166	98 28	19 9	79 19	39.0 10.1
Full-time students	1	198	50.0	183	40	143	14	-	15	7.3
Part-time students	102	82	80.8	68	46	22	14	10	3	16.9

See footnotes at end of table.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic origin—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					March	1993				
					Civ	vilian labor f	orce			
Enrollment status, educational	Civilian				Employed			Unemp	oloyed	
attainment, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time ¹	Part time ¹	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percen of labor force
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	14,782	11,975	81.0	10,267	8,500	1,768	1,708	1,527	181	14.3
16 to 19 years	2,698	1,930	71.5	1,417	981	436	513	431	82	26.6
20 to 24 years	12,085	10,045	83.1	8,850	7,519	1,331	1,195	1,097	98	11.9
Less than a high school diploma	3,567	2,258	63.3	1,633	1,276	357	625	551	74	27.
High school graduates, no college		5,396	82.9	4,646	3,790	856	750	682	68	13.9
Less than a bachelors degree		3,039	90.3	2,782	2,336	446	257	219	38	8.
College graduates	1,337	1,282	95.9	1,206	1,098	108	76	76	-	5.9
Men, 16 to 24 years	7,212	6,542	90.7	5,486	4,759	727	1,056	1,003	53	16.
16 to 19 years		1,074	80.5	784	579	206	290	272	18	27.0
20 to 24 years		5,468	93.0	4,702	4,180	522	766	731	35	14.0
to a share a birth arthur dialogue	1,896	1,543	81.4	1,148	968	181	395	375	20	05
Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college		2,979	92.6	2,510	2,170	341	469	447	20	25.0 15.1
Less than a bachelors degree		1,484	95.8	1,333	1,163	170	151	140	11	10.2
College graduates	551	536	97.2	495	459	35	41	41		7.7
	7.570	5 400	74.0	4.704	0.740	4 0 40	050	505		1
Women, 16 to 24 years	7,570 1,364	5,433 856	71.8 62.7	4,781 633	3,740 402	1,040 231	652 223	525 159	128 64	12.0 26.1
16 to 19 years		4,577	73.8	4,148	3,338	810	429	366	63	9.4
20 to 24 yours	,,	.,,			.,					
Less than a high school diploma		715	42.8	484	308	176	230	176	54	32.
High school graduates, no college		2,417	73.3	2,136	1,621	515	281	235	46	11.6
Less than a bachelors degree		1,555 746	85.6 95.0	1,449 711	1,173 638	276 73	106 35	79 35	27	6.8
College graduates White			00.0							
Total, 16 to 24 years	12,089	10,060	83.2	8,886	7,373	1,513	1,174	1,046	128	11.3
16 to 19 years	1	1,619	73.7	1,272	886	386	348	286	61	21.
20 to 24 years		8,440	85.3	7,614	6,487	1,127	826	759	67	9.8
	5,943	5,499	92.5	4,774	4,145	629	725	695	31	13.2
Women	6,146	4,561	74.2	4,112	3,228	884	449	351	98	9.6
Less than a high school diploma	2,862	1,878	65.6	1,417	1,096	321	461	411	49	24.
High school graduates, no college		4,453	85.2	3,973	3,235	738	480	428	51	10.8
Less than a bachelors degree	. 2,777	2,543	91.6	2,375	2,015	360	168	140	28	6.6
College graduates	. 1,225	1,187	96.9	1,121	1,027	94	66	66	-	5.6
Black	0.007	4.577	70.0	1.005	070	016	400	445		0.1
Total, 16 to 24 years		1,577 256	70.8 61.6	1,085 102	870 60	216 42	492 154	445 133	48 21	31.2 60.2
20 to 24 years		1,321	73.0	983	809	174	338	312	26	25.0
					400		200			
Women		859 718	81.6 61.2	551 534	462 407	89 127	309 184	286 159	23 25	35.9 25.0
Less than a high school diploma	. 586	310	52.9	155	127	29	155	129	26	49.
High school graduates, no college		824	72.9	568	462	106	256	242	14	31.0
Less than a bachelors degree	1	383	85.7	310	241	69	73	66	7	19.
College graduates	. 64	60	(2)	52	40	12	9	8	-	(2)
Hispanic origin										
Total, 16 to 24 years		1,520	72.5	1,248	1,022	226	272	238	34	17.
16 to 19 years		347	65.8	239	165	73	109 163	87	22	31.
20 to 24 years	. 1,569	1,173	74.8	1,010	857	153	163	151	12	13.
Men	1,087	962	90.4	811	692	119	171	157	14	17.
Women		538	53.3	437	330	107	101	81	20	18.
to a Marcon blak asked distance	1,104	717	65.0	571	464	107	146	129	17	20.
Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college		548	79.1	457	363	94	91	80	11	16.
Less than a bachelors degree		217	84.7	182	158	23	35	29	6	16.
College graduates		38	(²)	38	36	2	l	l _	_	(²)

¹ Employed persons with a job but not at work and persons at work part time are

college students into that group. Educational attainment levels, beginning January 1992, have been revised to reflect degrees or diplomas received rather than years of school completed. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and

A-8. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi noninst popu										
Veteran status			То	tal	Empl	oyed		Unemp	oloyed		
and age	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	993 Mar.	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.	Number		Percent of labor force		
			1992	1993	1992	1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS											
Total, 35 years and over	7,845 6,338 999 2,810 2,529 1,507	7,914 6,055 798 2,389 2,868 1,859	7,083 5,942 928 2,640 2,374 1,141	7,103 5,661 747 2,241 2,673 1,441	6,669 5,591 863 2,494 2,234 1,078	6,690 5,332 672 2,102 2,558 1,359	413 351 65 146 140 62	412 330 75 139 115 83	5.8 5.9 7.0 5.5 5.9 5.5	5.8 5.8 10.1 6.2 4.3 5.8	
NONVETERANS											
Total, 35 to 49 years	19,043 8,619 6,097 4,327	20,083 8,955 6,637 4,491	17,751 8,144 5,658 3,950	18,662 8,430 6,175 4,057	16,563 7,567 5,282 3,714	17,433 7,864 5,805 3,764	1,188 577 375 236	1,229 566 370 294	6.7 7.1 6.6 6.0	6.6 6.7 6.0 7.2	

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans

are men who have never served in the Armed Forces.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-9. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex, age, and race

(in thousands)

				Ma ————————————————————————————————————	rch 1993		·	
<u> </u>			Empl	oyed			Unem	ployed
		Full time			Part time			
Sex, age, and race	Total	Full-time schedules ¹	Part time for economic reasons, usually work full time	Total	Voluntary ¹	Part time for economic reasons, usually work part time	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	96,251	94,174	2,077	21,155	16,982	4,173	7,657	1,619
16 to 19 years	1,289	1,231	57	3,628	3,316	312	513	756
16 to 17 years	118	112	6	1,651	1,591	60	96	508
18 to 19 years	1,171	1,119	52	1,977	1,725	252	417	248
20 years and over	94,962	92,943	2,020	17,527	13,666	3,861	7,144	863
20 to 24 years	8,483	8,239	244	3,427	2,695	732	1,197	222
25 years and over	86,479	84,703	1,776	14,100	10,971	3,129	5,948	641
25 to 54 years	75,588	73,991	1,597	10,299	7,669	2,630	5,385	505
55 years and over	10,891	10,712	179	3,801	3,302	499	563	136
Men, 16 years and over	56,128	54,779	1,348	7,242	5,504	1,738	4,977	706
16 to 19 years	730 55 207	697	33	1,819	1,647	172	305	428
20 years and over	55,397	54,082	1,315	5,423	3,857	1,566	4,672	278
20 to 24 years	4,708	4,547	161	1,477 3,946	1,122 2,735	355	774	107
25 years and over	50,689	49,535	1,154		1 '	1,211	3,899	170
25 to 54 years	44,002	42,979	1,023	2,354	1,321	1,034	3,485	112
55 years and over	6,687	6,556	131	1,592	1,414	178	413	58
Women, 16 years and over	40,123	39,395	729	13,913	11,477	2,435	2,681	913
16 to 19 years	558	534	24	1,810	1,669	141	209	327
20 years and over	39,565	38,860	704	12,103	9,809	2,295	2,472	586
20 to 24 years	3,775	3,692	83	1,950	1,573	377	423	115
25 years and over	35,790	35,168	621 574	10,154	8,236	1,918	2,049	470
25 to 54 years55 years and over	31,585 4,204	31,012 4,156	48	7,945 2,209	6,348 1,888	1,597 321	1,900 149	393 77
White	4,204	1,100		_,	,,,,,,,		,40	
	49,157	48,047	1,110	6,196	4,815	1,381	3,853	516
Men, 16 years and over	659	634	25	1,628	1,478	150	214	315
20 years and over	48,498	47,412	1,085	4,568	3,337	1,231	3,639	201
20 to 24 years	4,085	3,952	134	1,266	971	295	534	74
25 years and over	44,412	43,460	952	3,302	2,366	937	3,105	128
25 to 54 years	38,423	37,589	834	1,869	1,078	792	2,776	88
55 years and over	5,989	5,871	118	1,433	1,288	145	329	39
Women, 16 years and over	33,556	32,988	568	12,361	10,354	2,007	1,924	759
16 to 19 years	502	479	23	1,620	1,493	127	129	259
20 years and over	33,054	32,509	545	10,741	8,861	1,880	1,794	500
20 to 24 years	3,227	3,157	70	1,648	1,348	300	302	93
25 years and over	29,827	29,353	474	9,093	7,513	1,580	1,493	408
25 to 54 years	26,226	25,796 3,556	430 45	7,107 1,986	5,792 1,720	1,315 265	1,362 131	338 69
55 years and over	3,601	3,330	45	1,300	1,720	203	131	05
Black	_							
Men, 16 years and over	5,005	4,797	209	742	450	293	937	166
16 to 19 years	45	36	9	152	133	20	83	100
20 years and over	4,960	4,760	200	590	317	273	854	66
20 to 24 years	466	440	26	133	79	54	215	30
25 years and over	4,494	4,321	174	457	238	219	639	36
25 to 54 years55 years and over	3,983 511	3,819 501	164 10	347 110	157 81	190 29	578 61	12
			400		770	245		
Women, 16 years and over	4,977 40	4,844	133	1,085 120	770	315 9	655 73	119
16 to 19 years	4,938	4,805	132	965	659	306	583	62
20 years and over	4,936	420	13	222	158	64	111	17
20 to 24 years	4,505	4,386	120	743	501	242	471	45
25 years and over	4,505 4,046	3,927	120	571	372	199	461	38
25 to 54 years	4,046 459	459	120	172	129	43	10	36
55 years and over	750	700	1	.,,	123	"	10	1 '

¹ Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according

to whether they usually work full or part time.

A-10. Employment status of persons in families by family relationship

(Numbers in thousands)

					March 19	93				
		Civilia	n labor forc	e			Not	in labor f	orce	
Family relationship				Unem	ployed					
	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
Total, 16 years and over'	100,827	66.1	93,502	7,325	7.3	51,655	20,102	8,641	2,905	20,007
Husbands	40,282	77.1	38,231	2,051	5.1	11,977	267	200	1,146	10,364
With employed wife	27,114	90.9	25,869	1,245	4.6	2,719	135	108	447	2,028
With unemployed wife	1,245	92.5	1,056	189	15.2	101	4	6	28	63
With wife not in labor force	11,922	56.6	11,306	617	5.2	9,157	127	86	670	8,273
Wives	31,180	59.7	29,833	1,346	4.3	21,079	15,208	450	489	4,933
With employed husband	26,925	70.4	25,869	1,056	3.9	11,306	9,670	321	147	1,168
With unemployed husband	1,435	69.9	1,245	189	13.2	617	480	38	39	59
With husband not in labor force	2,820	23.5	2,719	101	3.6	9,157	5,059	90	303	3,706
Relatives in married-couple families	12,152	60.1	10,520	1,631	13.4	8,080	712	5,493	369	1,508
16 to 19 years	3,886	46.7	3,226	659	17.0	4,440	105	4,050	15	271
20 to 24 years	4,487	72.4	3,991	496	11.0	1,710	170	1,265	38	237
25 years and over	3,779	66.2	3,303	476	12.6	1,930	437	178	316	1,000
Women who maintain families	7,391	62.0	6,731	660	8.9	4,530	2,734	248	336	1,212
Relatives in families maintained by women	5, 58 3	57.1	4,523	1,059	19.0	4,189	811	1,835	381	1,162
16 to 19 years	1,247	42.9	866	381	30.5	1,662	93	1,440	9	120
20 to 24 years	1,456	69.5	1,207	249	17.1	640	145	303	19	172
25 years and over	2,879	60.4	2,450	429	14.9	1,887	573	92	353	870
Men who maintain families	2,457	77.9	2,154	304	12.4	696	56	53	101	486
Relatives in families maintained by men	1,783	61.8	1,510	272	15.3	1,104	314	362	83	346
16 to 19 years	228	43.7	172	56	24.6	294	21	242	2	29
20 to 24 years	462	73.2	390	72	15.5	169	35	89	9	35
25 years and over	1,092	63.0	948	144	13.2	641	258	31	72	282

¹ Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in families where the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces, and persons in unrelated subfamilies.

NOTE: Estimates shown in this table for husbands, wives, and women

who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-11. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		Me	en			Won	nen	
Marital status, race, and age	Thousa pers		Unemp rat	loyment es	Thousa pers	1	Unempl rat	,
	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993
Total, 16 years and over	5,889	5,683	8.6	8.2	3,802	3,594	6.6	6.2
Married, spouse present	2,335	2,291	5.5	5.3	1,574	1,409	5.0	4.4
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	863	820	11.2	10.9	922	797	8.0	7.0
Single (never married)	2,692	2,572	14.5	13.8	1,306	1,388	9.3	9.8
White, 16 years and over	4,602	4,369	7.8	7.3	2,845	2,683	5.9	5.5
Married, spouse present	1,949	1,886	5.2	4.9	1,321	1,171	4.7	4.1
Widowed, divorced, or separated	656	629	10.4	10.0	690	598	7.4	6.5
Single (never married)	1,998	1,854	13.1	12.2	834	914	7.5	8.3
Black, 16 years and over	1,104	1,103	16.3	16.1	813	774	12.0	11.3
Married, spouse present	300	309	9.7	9.7	181	177	7.5	7.5
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	184	156	16.1	15.3	216	162	11.5	8.6
Single (never married)	620	637	24.3	24.0	415	435	16.6	16.9
Total, 25 years and over	4,165	4,069	7.1	6.9	2,744	2,520	5.7	5.2
Married, spouse present	2,201	2,165	5.4	5.2	1,401	1,275	4.7	4.2
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	830	791	11.1	10.8	868	749	7.8	6.7
Single (never married)	1,134	1,113	11.4	11.3	475	496	6.8	7.0
White, 25 years and over	3,270	3,233	6.5	6.3	2,063	1,900	5.1	4.7
Married, spouse present	1,831	1,797	5.0	4.9	1,174	1,059	4.4	3.9
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	624	608	10.2	10.0	647	564	7.2	6.3
Single (never married)	815	828	10.2	10.5	242	278	4.7	5.4
Black, 25 years and over	758	675	13.4	12.0	570	516	10.0	9.0
Married, spouse present	285	276	9.5	9.0	162	164	7.2	7.2
Widowed, divorced, or separated	184	149	16.5	14.9	206	148	11.2	8.1
Single (never married)	288	250	18.9	16.0	203	204	12.8	12.3

A-12. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

	,	ands of sons		1	Unemploy	ment rate	s	
Occupation	То	tai	To	otal	М	en	Wo	men
	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993
Total, 16 years and over	9,691	9,276	7.7	7.3	8.6	8.2	6.6	6.2
Managerial and professional specialty	933	1,004	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.9
Executive, administrative, and managerial	547	583	3.6	3.6	3.2	3.3	4.0	4.1
Professional specialty	386	421	2.3	2.4	2.8	2.8	1.8	2.1
Technical, sales, and administrative support		1,999	5.7	5.2	5.2	4.8	6.0	5.4
Technicians and related support	155	167	3.6	4.0	4.0	3.7	3.1	4.3
Sales occupations	973	951	6.6	6.3	5.2	5.0	8.2	7.8
Administrative support, including clerical	1,118	881	5.6	4.6	5.9	5.2	5.5	4.4
Service occupations	1,418	1,360	8.1	7.7	8.6	8.7	7.8	6.9
Private household	57	68	7.0	7.3	(')	(')	7.0	6.9
Protective service	87	108	3.8	4.6	3.8	4.5	4.2	5.6
Service, except private household and protective	1,274	1,183	8.8	8.2	10.3	10.2	8.0	7.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,572	1,377	11.2	9.9	11.5	10.1	8.5	7.1
Mechanics and repairers	315	264	6.8	6.0	6.9	6.0	5.6	4.1
Construction trades	958	818	18.2	15.2	18.3	15.2	15.4	15.6
Other precision production, craft, and repair	299	295	7.2	7.2	6.9	7.4	8.3	6.7
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	2,389	2,245	12.6	11.8	13.0	12.2	11.2	10.8
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	971	934	11.5	11.2	11.6	11.2	11.3	11.2
Transportation and material moving occupations	542	504	10.3	9.4	10.5	9.5	8.2	8.6
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	876	808	16.5	15.3	17.5	16.3	12.2	10.6
Construction laborers	241	235	27.5	30.4	26.9	30.7	(')	(')
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	635	572	14.4	12.7	15.2	13.3	11.3	10.1
Farming, forestry, and fishing	288	337	8.9	10.3	8.6	10.0	10.2	12.0
No previous work experience	786	887	-	_	_	-	_	_
16 to 19 years	534	625	-	-	-	- 1	-	_
20 to 24 years	120	128	-	-	-	_	_	_
25 years and over	131	134	_	-	l –		_	_

^{&#}x27; Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-13. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

		ands of sons		ı	Unemploy	ment rate	s	
Industry	То	tal	To	tal	М	en	Wor	men
	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993
Total, 16 years and over	9,691	9,276	7.7	7.3	8.6	8.2	6.6	6.2
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	7,825	7,271	8.3	7.7	9.3	8.7	7.1	6.5
Mining	70	49	9.5	6.9	11.0	7.3	2.5	5.3
Construction	1,331	1,137	22.1	19.6	23.2	20.5	11.5	10.3
March America	1.659	1.601	7.9	7.0	7.0			
Manufacturing	,	.,		7.8	7.8	7.7	8.0	7.9
Durable goods	985	897	8.1	7.6	8.3	7.9	7.8	6.9
Lumber and wood products	76	56	11.6	8.8	12.4	9.8	5.3	3.1
Furniture and fixtures	61	56	10.7	8.7	10.2	10.0	11.9	6.3
Stone, clay, and glass products	58	56	9.9	10.3	9.7	11.1	10.9	7.1
Primary metal industries	57	85	7.0	10.5	7.4	10.4	4.7	10.7
Fabricated metal products	118	99	9.6	7.8	10.1	8.0	7.4	6.7
Machinery and computing equipment	148	142	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.5	6.0	5.1
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	124	138	5.9	7.4	5.5	6.5	6.6	8.8
Transportation equipment	232	181	9.3	7.5	9.5	7.6	8.7	7.4
Automobiles	112	76	9.1	6.3	9.3	5.9	8.5	7.6
Other transportation equipment	120	105	9.6	8.8	9.7	9.3	9.0	7.1
Professional and photographic equipment	41	34	5.4	4.8	5.4	5.2	5.3	4.1
Other durable goods industries	70	50	13.1	8.5	11.3	8.8	15.3	7.2
Nondurable goods	674	703	7.5	8.0	7.1	7.5	8.2	8.8
Food and kindred products	181	191	9.5	10.2	8.0	9.8	12.3	11.0
Textile mill products	45	47	6.6	7.4	6.6	7.6	6.6	7,1
Apparel and other textile products	124	131	10.9	10.8	15.5	11.9	9.3	10.4
Paper and allied products	30	32	3.8	4.2	3.6	3.3	4.2	7.1
Printing and publishing	126	126	6.7	6.9	6.6	6.5	6.7	7.3
Chemicals and allied products	58	70	4.3	5.6	4.1	5.8	4.9	5.2
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	63	80	7.8	9.5	7.9	8.6	7.7	11.0
Other nondurable goods industries	48	26	12.0	7.4	11.4	7.1	13.5	8.7
Transportation and public utilities	438	387	6.5	5.6	6.7	6.1	6.0	4.3
Transportation	328	292	8.5	7.0	8.9	8.0	7.2	4.1
Communications and other public utilities	110	95	3.8	3.5	3.2	2.8	4.9	4.6
Wholesale and retail trade		2,035	8.9	8.4	8.4	8.4	9.6	8.3
Wholesale trade		242	6.5	5.5	5.8	5.0	8.0	6.6
Retail trade		1,793	9.5	9.0	9.2	9.5	9.8	8.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate		329	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.4	4.3	4.6
Service industries		1,733	6.5	6.0	7.7	6.9	5.8	5.4
Professional services		630	3.9	3.6	4.0	3.7	3.9	3.6
Other service industries	1,172	1,103	10.4	9.6	11.0	9.7	9.8	9.4
Agricultural wage and salary workers	229	242	12.8	14.6	13.0	14.6	12.1	14.5
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers	852	876	2.9	2.9	3.4	3.5	2.4	2.3
No previous work experience		887	-	! -	-	-	-	-

A-14. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, and race

Reason for unemployment	To unem	ital ployed	Me 20 y and	ears	Won 20 y and	ears	Both s 16 to yea	o 19	Wi	nite	Bla	ack
, ,	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED												
Total unemployed	9,691	9,276	5,118	4,950	3,279	3,058	1,293	1,269	7,447	7,052	1,917	1,877
Job losers	5,938	5,437	3,911	3,629	1,748	1,576	280	232	4,665	4,250	1,083	1,002
On layoff	1,592	1,395	1,128	1,029	390	313	74	53	1,380	1,178	182	187
Other job losers	4,347	4,042	2,783	2,600	1,358	1,263	205	179	3,286	3,072	901	815
Job leavers	874	1,013	357	485	390	374	127	154	713	784	136	190
Reentrants	2,167	2,018	764	737	1,008	971	395	310	1,586	1,466	515	471
New entrants	712	808	86	99	134	137	492	572	483	552	184	214
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION					į		ļ					
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Job losers	61.3	58.6	76.4	73.3	53.3	51.5	21.6	18.3	62.6	60.3	56.5	53.4
On layoff	16.4	15.0	22.0	20.8	11.9	10.2	5.7	4.2	18.5	16.7	9.5	10.0
Other job losers	44.9	43.6	54.4	52.5	41.4	41.3	15.9	14.1	44.1	43.6	47.0	43.4
Job leavers	9.0	10.9	7.0	9.8	11.9	12.2	9.8	12.2	9.6	11.1	7.1	10.1
Reentrants	22.4	21.8	14.9	14.9	30.7	31.8	30.5	24.4	21.3	20.8	26.8	25.1
New entrants	7.3	8.7	1.7	2.0	4.1	4.5	38.0	45.1	6.5	7.8	9.6	11.4
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE												İ
Job losers	4.7	4.3	6.0	5.5	3.2	2.9	4.6	3.8	4.3	3.9	8.0	7.3
Job leavers	.7	.8	.5	.7	.7	.7	2.1	2.5	.7	.7	1.0	1.4
Reentrants	1.7	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.9	1.8	6.5	5.0	1.5	1.4	3.8	3.4
New entrants	.6	.6	.1	.2	.2	.2	8.1	9.2	.4	.5	1.4	1.6

A-15. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

				March 1993			
	Total une	mployed		Durati	on of unemplo	yment	
Reason, sex, and age					1:	weeks and o	ver
	Thousands of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over
Total, 16 years and over	9,276	100.0	30.5	31.2	38.2	17.9	20.3
lob losers	5,437	100.0	23.5	31.4	45.1	21.5	23.6
On layoff	1,395	100.0	32.8	34.5	32.7	22.6	10.1
Other job losers	4.042	100.0	20.2	30.4	49.4	21.1	28.3
ob leavers	1,013	100.0	40.0	30.5	29.5	12.0	17.5
Reentrants	2,018	100.0	38.6	32.4	29.0	13.4	15.6
lew entrants	808	100.0	46.1	27.9	25.9	12.0	13.9
Men, 20 years and over	4,950	100.0	23.9	32.0	44.2	20.7	23.5
ob losers	3,629	100.0	21.3	32.1	46.7	22.5	24.1
On layoff	1,029	100.0	29.1	35.6	35.3	25.7	9.6
Other job losers	2,600	100.0	18.2	30.7	51.2	21.3	29.9
ob leavers	485	100.0	33.6	29.9	36.5	13.1	23.3
eentrants	737	100.0	30.7	31.8	37.5	16.6	20.9
lew entrants	99	100.0	20.0	39.9	40.1	22.0	18.2
Women, 20 years and over	3,058	100.0	33,8	30.4	35.8	16.1	19.7
ob losers	1,576	100.0	26.3	29.0	44.7	19.7	25.0
On layoff	313	100.0	38.8	33.6	27.5	15.1	12.4
Other job losers	1,263	100.0	23.2	27.9	49.0	20.9	28.1
ob leavers	374	100.0	42.4	29.7	27.9	12.5	15.4
leentrants	971	100.0	41.0	32.9	26.1	13.0	13.1
lew entrants	137	100.0	45.1	31.4	23.5	7.0	16.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,269	100.0	48.8	30.3	20.9	11.1	9.8
ob losers	232	100.0	38.5	38.0	23.4	17.5	5.9
On layoff	53	100.0	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	(')
Other job losers	179	100.0	29.6	43.5	26.9	21.0	5.9
ob leavers	154	100.0	54.4	34.0	11.6	7.4	4.2
Reentrants	310	100.0	49.7	32.6	17.7	7.3	10.4
New entrants	572	100.0	50.9	25.0	24.1	11.4	12.6

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-16. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

		To	tal			Full-time	workers	
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent di	stribution	Thousands	of persons	Percent distribution	
,	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993
Total, 16 years and over	9,691	9,276	100.0	100.0	8,092	7,657	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	2,996	2,832	30.9	30.5	2,170	2,012	26.8	26.3
5 to 14 weeks	3,036	2,897	31.3	31.2	2,557	2,431	31.6	31.7
5 to 10 weeks	1,955	1,847	20.2	19.9	1,602	1,516	19.8	19.8
11 to 14 weeks	1,081	1,051	11.2	11.3	955	915	11.8	11.9
15 weeks and over	3,659	3,546	37.8	38.2	3,365	3,214	41.6	42.0
15 to 26 weeks	1,822	1,659	18.8	17.9	1,635	1,473	20.2	19.2
27 weeks and over	1,837	1,888	19.0	20.3	1,730	1,741	21.4	22.7
27 to 51 weeks	830	896	8.6	9.7	765	805	9.4	10.5
52 weeks and over	1,008	992	10.4	10.7	965	936	11.9	12.2
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	18.0	18.5	-	-	19.7	20.2	-	-
Median duration, in weeks	10.2	10.4	-	_	11.6	11.8	-	_

A-17. Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		We	eks	Percent of unemployed in group			
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	15 v	ployed reeks over
:				March 19	93			Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993
Total, 16 years and over	9,276	2,832	2,897	1,659	1,888	18.5	10.4	30.9	30.5	37.8	38.2
16 to 19 years	1,269	619	385	140	125	10.7	4.8	46.5	48.8	19.5	20.9
20 to 24 years	1,419	498	519	216	186	13.6	8.2	34.7	35.1	28.4	28.4
25 to 34 years	2,623	787	886	507	444	16.5	10.0	32.9	30.0	37.0	36.3
	1,996	471	573	415	537	23.1	13.7	25.4	23.6		
35 to 44 years		304	360		378	i				44.8	47.7
45 to 54 years	1,271			229		24.4	13.6	22.9	23.9	47.3	47.8
55 to 64 years	590	128	148	131	183	26.8	16.2	17.2	21.8	55.4	53.1
65 years and over	108	27	27	20	35	24.6	15.0	18.5	24.6	57.5	50.8
Men, 16 years and over	5,683	1,519	1,817	1,117	1,231	20.1	11.8	27.3	26.7	41.7	41.3
16 to 19 years	733	338	234	92	69	11.2	5.6	43.4	46.1	20.9	21.9
20 to 24 years	881	268	325	163	125	14.9	9.9	29.9	30.4	32.9	32.7
25 to 34 years	1,570	380	576	333	282	17.9	11.2	28.8	24.2	41.0	39.1
35 to 44 years	1,222	269	350	269	335	24.3	14.3	21.9	22.0	49.3	49.4
5 to 54 years	805	162	225	156	262	26.7	15.7	20.9	20.1	50.7	52.0
55 to 64 years	394	87	86	88	133	28.8	17.8	16.4	22.0	58.3	56.1
65 years and over	78	15	21	17	25	27.1	16.4	(')	19.8	(')	53.4
Women, 16 years and over	3,594	1,314	1,081	542	657	16.1	8.3	36.4	36.6	31.7	33.4
	536	281	150	49	56	10.0	4.3	51.2	52.5	17.3	19.5
16 to 19 years	538	230	194	54	61	11.5	5.8	43.2			
20 to 24 years									42.7	20.3	21.3
25 to 34 years	1,053	407	310	174	162	14.4	8.0	38.9	38.6	31.1	31.9
35 to 44 years	774	202	223	147	202	21.3	12.5	30.3	26.0	38.4	45.1
15 to 54 years	466	142	135	73	116	20.5	10.0	26.0	30.5	41.8	40.5
55 to 64 years	197	42	62	43	50	22.7	13.6	19.1	21.3	48.8	47.2
65 years and over	30	11	6	3	11	(')	(1)	(')	(¹)	(')	(')
White, 16 years and over	7,052	2,100	2,285	1,316	1,353	18.0	10.3	30.8	29.8	38.1	37.8
Men	4,369	1,087	1,468	919	895	19.8	11.9	26.5	24.9	41.8	41.5
Nomen	2,683	1,013	816	396	458	15.1	7.9	37.8	37.8	32.2	31.8
Black, 16 years and over	1.877	631	510	294	442	19.6	10.3	31.2	33.6	35.8	39.2
Men	1,103	368	277	170	288	21.2	11.3	29.3	33.4	41.4	41.5
Women	774	263	233	124	154	17.3	8.9	33.8	34.0	28.2	35.8
Men, 16 years and over:											
	2,291	518	707	506	560	22.3	13.4	22.9	22.6	46.4	165
Married, spouse present	820	166	257	156	240	23.3	13.4	23.4	20.2	46.4	46.5
Widowed, divorced, or separatedSingle (never married)	2,572	834	853	454	431	17.0	9.7	32.4	32.4	47.7 35.6	48.3 34.4
											1
Women, 16 years and over:	4 400	400	200	000	004	1 474	ا مما	00.0	05.0		
Married, spouse present	1,409	498	398	232	281	17.1	8.8	36.2	35.3	35.3	36.5
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	797	262	228	141	166	17.9	10.0	32.4	32.9	33.5	38.5
Single (never married)	1,388	554	455	169	210	14.0	6.8	39.5	39.9	25.9	27.3

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-18. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		We	eks	Perc		unempi roup	oyed
Occupation and industry	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	15 w	ployed eeks over
				March 19	93			Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993
OCCUPATION											
Managerial and professional specialty	1,004 1,999 1,360 1,377 2,245 337	245 615 527 355 581 87	308 594 412 469 743 106	170 328 201 278 448 108	281 461 220 275 473 36	23.4 19.8 15.2 19.5 19.3 14.8	12.5 10.8 7.8 11.5 11.9 12.0	24.8 33.2 39.5 24.9 24.5 34.0	24.4 30.8 38.7 25.8 25.9 25.8	48.7 34.9 31.0 42.7 41.9 38.5	44.9 39.5 31.0 40.2 41.0 42.7
Agriculture	242 1,171 1,605 901 704 422 2,053 2,324 195	71 278 419 221 198 97 646 759 46	74 405 475 270 205 130 674 723 53	82 274 303 169 134 81 321 378 41	15 215 408 241 167 114 412 464 56	13.7 18.3 21.5 22.5 20.2 23.5 18.0 18.1 25.2	11.5 12.3 12.4 12.9 11.8 13.4 9.7 9.4 14.3	34.5 21.9 23.8 22.5 25.7 25.8 33.8 33.0 37.2	29.3 23.7 26.1 24.5 28.1 23.0 31.5 32.7 23.6	33.2 44.0 47.5 50.2 43.6 43.2 31.9 36.6 48.7	40.1 41.8 44.3 45.5 42.8 46.2 35.7 36.2 49.7
No previous work experience	887	406	256	106	119	12.9	5.6	46.7	45.8	22.4	25.4

¹ Includes wage and salary workers only.

A-19. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, age, race, and jobsearch methods used

					March 1993	3			
	Thousands	of persons		Methods u	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers		
Sex, age, and race	Total unem- ployed	Total job-seekers agency ment	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used	
Total, 16 years and over	9,276	7,774	23.6	9.5	73.4	43.1	25.5	4.5	1.80
16 to 19 years		1,198	14.7	3.8	79.5	30.0	19.5	2.3	1.50
20 to 24 years		1,248	25.0	7.4	75.2	46.2	25.2	2.0	1.81
25 to 34 years		2,134	27.0	10.0	73.6	46.3	26.5	3.9	1.87
35 to 44 years		1,608	24.4	11.4	72.0	43.9	26.4	5.5	1.84
15 to 54 years		1,039	26.0	12.8	69.7	47.5	27.2	7.0	1.90
55 to 64 years		451	20.4	13.3	66.6	43.4	30.9	10.2	1.85
55 years and over		95	13.4	15.1	66.9	37.3	19.9	8.2	1.61
Men, 16 years and over	5,683	4,547		9.7	73.9	42.1	27.7	5.1	1,84
16 to 19 years	733	693	15.2	4.3	79.1	29.2	22.1	1.3	1.51
20 to 24 years		738	26.5	6.4	76.7	49.2	27.3	1.9	1.88
25 to 34 years	4 5 70	1,202	31.8	9.9	73.2	44.8	29.2	5.1	1.94
35 to 44 years	1,222	928	26.8	12.3	73.3	41.9	29.0	5.4	1.89
15 to 54 years		623	26.8	11.3	70.9	43.4	28.0	7.7	1.88
55 to 64 years		297	24.9	15.4	66.8	43.5	32.8	14.3	1.98
65 years and over	78	65	(1)	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')
Women, 16 years and over	3,594	3,227		9.4	72.8	44.6	22.3	3.7	1.73
16 to 19 years	536			3.1	80.0	31.1	15.8	3.5	1.48
20 to 24 years				8.8	73.0	41.8	22.0	2.1	1.71
25 to 34 years	1,053	932	20.7	10.0	74.1	48.1	23.0	2.3	1.78
35 to 44 years	774	680		10.1	70.3	46.6	22.9	5.7	1.77
15 to 54 years	466	415		15.1	68.0	53.5	25.9	6.0	1.93
55 to 64 years	197			9.3	66.2	43.4	27.3	2.2	1.60
55 years and over	30	30	(¹)	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')
White, 16 years and over				9.3	73.7	44.7	26.2	5.2	1.81
Men				9.8	74.2	43.8	28.1	6.2	1.86
Women	2,683	2,380	19.7	8.5	73.0	45.9	23.6	3.7	1.74
Black, 16 years and over		1,678	27.3	10.8	73.1	37.3	21.9	2.6	1.73
Men		963	31.3	9.5	73.6	35.8	25.7	1.8	1.78
Women	. 774	715	21.9	12.6	72.4	39.5	16.8	3.7	1.67

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-20. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, reason for unemployment, and jobsearch methods used

					March 1990	3			
	Thousands	of persons		Methods u	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers		1
Sex and reason	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used
Total, 16 years and over	9,276	7,774	23.6	9.5	73.4	43.1	25.5	4.5	1.80
Job losers1	5,437	3,991	28.0	11.6	72.7	47.2	28.8	4.9	1.93
Job leavers	1,013	988	22.6	10.1	73.3	45.5	23.8	2.7	1.78
Reentrants	2,018	1,997	20.2	7.7	73.7	39.9	20.8	5.0	1.67
New entrants	808	798	10.7	3.4	76.5	28.0	22.5	3.6	1.45
Men, 16 years and over	5,683	4,547	26.0	9.7	73.9	42.1	27.7	5.1	1.84
Job losers'	3,760	2,659	30.3	11.5	72.5	46.1	30.7	5.6	1.97
Job leavers	560	549	25.0	7.6	72.7	42.6	23.6	3.2	1.75
Reentrants	947	927	20.4	8.1	75.8	36.4	24.0	5.8	1.70
New entrants	415	411	12.2	3.9	80.2	27.9	22.1	2.5	1.49
Women, 16 years and over	3,594	3,227	20.1	9.4	72.8	44.6	22.3	3.7	1.73
Job losers1	1,677	1,332	23.5	11.6	73.1	49.3	24.9	3.4	1.86
Job leavers	453	438	19.7	13.2	74.2	49.0	24.0	1.9	1.82
Reentrants	1,071	1,070	20.0	7.3	71.9	42.9	18.1	4.4	1.65
New entrants	393	386	9.2	2.9	72.6	28.1	23.0	4.7	1.40

¹ Data on the number of jobseekers and the jobsearch methods used exclude persons on layoff.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

³⁰ days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

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³⁰ days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-21. Employed civilians in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age and sex

(In thousands)

	To	otal	Me	en	Won	nen
Industry and age	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.
	1992	1993	1992	1993	1992	1993
All industries	116,106	117,406	62,602	63,370	53,504	54.036
16 to 19 years	4,802	4,917	2,398	2,549	2,404	2,368
16 to 17 years	1,704	1,769	826	929	878	841
18 to 19 years	3,098	3,148	1,572	1,620	1,526	1,527
20 to 24 years	11,925	11,910	6,077	6,185	5,848	5,725
25 to 54 years	84,512	85,887	45,708	46,357	38,805	39,530
25 to 34 years	32,303	31,980	17,711	17,586	14,592	14,394
35 to 44 years	31,455	32,024	16,824	17,192	14,631	14,832
45 to 54 years	20,754	21,883	11,173	11,579	9,581	10,304
55 to 64 years	11,329	11,390	6.342	6,372	4,987	5,018
55 to 59 years	6,781	6,890	3,775	3,815	3,006	3,075
60 to 64 years	4,548	4,500	2,567	2,557	1,981	1,943
55 years and over	3,537	3,302	2,077	1,907	1,461	1,395
55 years and 0ver	0,007	0,002	2,011	1,007	1,401	1,000
Agriculture	2,918	2,805	2,289	2,210	629	595
16 to 19 years	144	160	112	133	32	27
16 to 17 years	65	74	52	67	14	7
18 to 19 years	78	86	60	67	18	20
20 to 24 years	284	251	221	197	63	58
25 to 54 years	1,770	1,758	1,376	1,357	395	40
25 to 34 years	716	690	550	557	166	133
35 to 44 years	637	642	500	483	137	159
45 to 54 years	417	426	326	317	91	109
55 to 64 years	410	352	322	291	87	6
55 to 59 years	207	184	165	153	43	3.
60 to 64 years	202	168	158	138	45	30
55 years and over	311	283	258	232	53	51
Nonagricultural industries	113,188	114,601	60,313	61,160	52,875	53.44°
16 to 19 years	4,658	4,757	2,286	2,416	2,372	2,34
	1,639	1,695	775	862	864	833
16 to 17 years	3,019	3,061	1,511	1,554	1.508	1,508
18 to 19 years	11,642	11,658	5.856	5,988	5.786	5,670
20 to 24 years	82,742	84,129	44,332	44,999	38,410	39,129
25 to 54 years	31,587	31,290	17,161	17,029	14,426	•
25 to 34 years	30,818	31,382	16,323	16,709		14,261
35 to 44 years	•	21,457	10,847		14,495	14,674
45 to 54 years	20,337		,-	11,262	9,490	10,195
55 to 64 years	10,920	11,038	6,020	6,081	4,899	4,957
55 to 59 years	6,574	6,706	3,611	3,662	2,963	3,044
60 to 64 years	4,346	4,332	2,410	2,419	1,936	1,913
65 years and over	3,227	3,019	1,819	1,675	1,408	1,344

A-22. Employed civilians by occupation, sex, and age

(In thousands)

	To	otal		M	en			Woi	men	
Occupation		ears over	16 y and	ears over	20 y and	ears over	16 y and	ears over		ears over
	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993
Total	116,106	117,406	62,602	63,370	60,204	60,821	53,504	54,036	51,100	51,668
Managerial and professional specialty	. 31,075	32,402	16,377	16,909	16,289	16,843	14,698	15,493	14,593	15,409
Executive, administrative, and managerial			8,712	9,037	8,685	9,003	6,131	6,446	6,102	6,418
Officials and administrators, public administration			367	340	367	340	249	273	249	274
Other executive, administrative, and managerial		1 .	6,439	6,651	6,413	6,628	3,824	3,852	3,808	3,830
Management-related occupations Professional specialty		4,366 16,920	1,906 7,665	2,045 7,872	1,905 7,604	2,034 7,841	2,058 8,566	2,320 9,047	2,045 8,491	2,314
Engineers			1,670	1,611	1,664	1,609	170	117	169	8,992 117
Mathematical and computer scientists			648	709	647	709	322	335	322	335
Natural scientists			316	347	315	348	117	169	117	169
Health diagnosing occupations	. 896		731	750	731	750	165	186	164	186
Health assessment and treating occupations			292	310	287	310	2,062	2,160	2,055	2,157
Teachers, college and university			494	469	491	466	304	368	304	362
Teachers, except college and university			1,042	1,128	1,023	1,116	3,211	3,473	3,181	3,442
Lawyers and judges Other professional specialty occupations		821 3,968	608 1,866	635 1,913	608 1,838	636 1,897	183 2,032	185 2,056	183 1,994	185 2,039
Other professional specially occupations	. 3,037	0,500	.,000	1,313	,,000	1,037	2,002	۵,000	1,334	2,038
Technical, sales, and administrative support			13,202	13,247	12,707	12,699	23,706	23,194	22,414	21,953
Technicians and related support			2,156	1,949	2,128	1,924	2,047	2,033	2,020	2,014
Health technologists and technicians			285	301	284	293	1,206	1,210	1,193	1,200
Engineering and science technicians Technicians, except health, engineering, and science			904 967	821 826	887 957	805 825	244 598	234 590	234	224
Sales occupations			7,185	7,367	6,880	7,031	6,523	6,740	593 5,709	591 5,939
Supervisors and proprietors			2,568	2,516	2,559	2,510	1,357	1,433	1,333	1,414
Sales representatives, finance and business services		2,245	1,334	1,333	1,327	1,325	888	911	881	903
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail			1,211	1,227	1,205	1,222	352	373	351	371
Sales workers, retail and personal services			2,035	2,246	1,752	1,932	3,879	3,978	3,096	3,208
Sales-related occupations	. 85	1	38	44	38	42	47	43	47	43
Administrative support, including clerical			3,860	3,932	3,699	3,744	15,136	14,421	14,685	14,001
Supervisors			351	254	350	251	450	387	450	387
Computer equipment operators		1	208 66	257 65	203 65	249 58	426 4,397	375 4,063	423	370
Secretaries, stenographers, and typistsFinancial records processing			245	220	245	215	2,184	1,978	4,308 2,164	3,966 1,967
Mail and message distributing	1 .	974	596	649	578	622	307	325	298	309
Other administrative support, including clerical		9,779	2,395	2,487	2,258	2,348	7,372	7,292	7,041	7,001
Service occupations		16,370	6,682	6,657	5,922	5,817	9,402	9,712	8,563	8,822
Private household		863	28	47	23	35	733	816	615	708
Protective service			1,826	1,848	1,809	1,817	375	374	357	346
Service, except private household and protective		13,285 5,587	4,829 2,292	4,762	4,089	3,966	8,294	8,523	7,591	7,768
Food service Health service			196	2,297 244	1,715 191	1,702 230	3,065 1,932	3,291 1,947	2,608 1,862	2,766
Cleaning and building service			1,856	1,752	1,756	1,615	1,172	1,244	1,129	1,893 1,195
Personal service			485	470	427	419	2,125	2,041	1,992	1,914
Precision production, craft, and repair	. 12,439	12,520	11,360	11,515	11,180	11,312	1,080	1,005	1,059	992
Mechanics and repairers	. 4,296	4,158	4,160	4,019	4,067	3,965	136	140	136	139
Construction trades Other precision production, craft, and repair			4,219 2,981	4,495 3,002	4,174 2,939	4,391 2,955	75 869	75 791	67 856	75 778
	1	1	· ·	1				, , , ,	000	'''
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	. 16,635			12,549	11,738	11,822	4,141	4,186	4,022	4,061
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		1 '	4,585	4,481	4,468	4,360	2,911	2,917	2,866	2,858
Manufacturing industries Durable goods			3,739 2,368	3,679 2,340	3,660 2,308	3,576 2,276	2,440 1,029	2,406 974	2,401 1,024	2,361 952
Nondurable goods	1		1,371	1,340	1,352	1,300	1,411	1,433	1,377	1,408
Nonmanufacturing industries			846	802	809	784	471	511	465	498
Transportation and material moving occupations			4,306	4,417	4,202	4,349	415	450	409	445
Motor vehicle operators	. 3,637		3,270	3,312	3,174	3,256	368	393	362	388
Other transportation and material moving occupations			1,036	1,106	1,028	1,092	47	57	48	57
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers				3,651	3,067	3,113	815	818	747	758
Construction laborers Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		1	624 2,979	519 3,133	586 2,482	501 2,612	12 803	21 798	12 736	21 737
, , ,	1		-							
Farming, forestry, and fishing Farm operators and managers			2,487 1,004	2,492 981	2,369 995	2,327 979	478 167	446 162	449 167	430
Other farming, forestry, and fishing occupations				1,511	1,374	1,348	311	162 284	167	160
Cutof farming, forestry, and horning occupations	., .,,,,,,,,	1 .,,,,,	.,,,,,	',5'	1,074	1,540	311	204	282	270

A-23. Employed civilians by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	To	otai	Me	∍n	Wor	nen
Occupation and race	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993
TOTAL						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		117,406 100.0	62,602 100.0	63,370 100.0	53,504 100.0	54,036 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	26.8	27.6	26.2	26.7	27.5	28.7
Executive, administrative, and managerial		13.2	13.9	14.3	11.5	11.9
Professional specialty	14.0	14.4	12.2	12.4	16.0	16.7
echnical, sales, and administrative support		31.0	21.1	20.9	44.3	42.9
Technicians and related support		3.4	3.4	3.1	3.8	3.8
Sales occupations		12.0	11.5	11.6	12.2	12.5
Administrative support, including clerical		15.6 13.9	6.2 10.7	6.2 10.5	28.3	26.7
Service occupationsPrivate household	I _	.7	10.7	.1	17.6 1.4	18.0 1.5
Protective service	1	1.9	2.9	2.9	.7	1.5
Service, except private household and protective		11.3	7.7	7.5	15.5	15.8
Precision production, craft, and repair		10.7	18.1	18.2	2.0	1.9
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	14.3	14.3	20.0	19.8	7.7	7.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6.5	6.3	7.3	7.1	5.4	5.4
Transportation and material moving occupations	4.1	4.1	6.9	7.0	.8	.8
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3.8	3.8	5.8	5.8	1.5	1.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2.6	2.5	4.0	3.9	.9	3.
White						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		101,269 100.0	54,701 100.0	55,352 100.0	45,624 100.0	45,917 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	27.9	28.6	27.2	27.8	28.7	29.
Executive, administrative, and managerial		13.8	14.6	15.0	12.1	12.
Professional specialty		14.8	12.6	12.7	16.6	17.
echnical, sales, and administrative support		31.4	21.4	21.0	45.1	43.
Technicians and related support		3.4	3.4	3.1	3.9	3.8
Sales occupations		12.6	12.1	12.2	12.7	13.
Administrative support, including clerical		15.4	5.9	5.7	28.5	27.
Service occupations		12.7	9.6	9.4	16.1	16.0
Private household		.6	-	.1	1.3	1.3
Protective service		1.8	2.7	2.8	.6	
Service, except private household and protective		10.3	6.9	6.6	14.2	14.
Precision production, craft, and repair		11.1	18.7 18.9	18.9 18.9	2.0 7.2	1.8 7.3
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	6.0	5.9	7.0	6.8	4.9	4.9
Transportation and material moving occupations		3.9	6.5	6.5	.8	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		3.7	5.4	5.5	1.5	1.
Farming, forestry, and fishing		2.6	4.1	4.1	1.0	
Black				:		
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	. 11,669 . 100.0	11,810 100.0	5,687 100.0	5,748 100.0	5,982 100.0	6,062 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	. 16.3	18.1	14.3	14.8	18.1	21.3
Executive, administrative, and managerial	. 7.2	8.1	7.7	7.5	6.6	8.7
Professional specialty	. 9.1	10.0	6.6	7.3	11.5	12.6
Technical, sales, and administrative support	. 28.9	28.5	17.6	19.3	39.8	37.1
Technicians and related support		3.2	3.1	2.8	3.0	3.5
Sales occupations		7.6	5.8	6.9	8.2	8.3
Administrative support, including clerical		17.7	8.7	9.6	28.5	25.3
Service occupations		23.7	19.2	19.4	29.1	27.8
Private household		1.4	-40	- 40	2.3	2.1
Protective service	. 3.3 . 19.9	3.1 19.2	4.9	4.8	1.7	1.
Service, except private household and protective		7.8	14.3 14.7	14.6 13.6	25.2	23.
Precision production, craft, and repair	. 21.0	20.5	31.5	30.1	1.8 11.1	2.: 11.
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	9.4	8.9	10.4	9.3	8.4	11. 8.
Transportation and material moving occupations	6.1	6.1	11.5	11.4	.9	1.
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	1	5.5	9.6	9.3	1.7	1.
		1.5	2.7	2.8	.2	
Farming, forestry, and fishing	. 1.4	1.5	2.7	2.8	.2	

A-24. Employed civilians by age, sex, and class of worker

(In thousands)

					March 1993				
			Nonagricultura	al industries	3			Agriculture	
Age and sex		Wage and s	alary workers		0.11				
	Total	Private household workers	Government	Other	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers	Wage and salary workers	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family worker
Total, 16 years and over	105,666	1,064	18,684	85,918	8,700	235	1,413	1,275	117
6 to 19 years	4,700	156	217	4,327	49	8	116	12	32
16 to 17 years	1,674	77	52	1,545	17	4	51	7	16
18 to 19 years	3,026	79	164	2,782	32	4	65	4	17
0 to 24 years	11,402	116	1,174	10,111	232	25	200	41	10
5 to 34 years	29,453	177	4,361	24,915	1,799	38	449	232	9
5 to 44 years	28,669	186	5,735	22,748	2,661	52	339	278	24
5 to 54 years	19,292	168	4,679	14,445	2,097	67	161	245	21
5 to 64 years	9,741	187	2,063	7,491	1,270	26	95	249	8
55 to 59 years	5,937	101	1,266	4,570	760	9	54	129	2
60 to 64 years	3,805	85	798	2,922	510	17	42	120	6
5 years and over	2,409	75	454	1,880	593	17	52	218	13
Men, 16 years and over	55,403	132	8,426	46,844	5,709	48	1,091	1,068	50
6 to 19 years	2,387	43	109	2,236	20	9	94	10	29
16 to 17 years	850	22	38	791	7	4	47	7	13
18 to 19 years	1,537	21	71	1,445	12	4	47	3	17
0 to 24 years	5.825	18	507	5.300	150	14	149	41	6
5 to 34 years	15,853	15	2,108	13,729	1,171	5	361	194	2
5 to 44 years	14,947	15	2,454	12,478	1,756	6	254	227	2
5 to 54 years	9.911	17	2.049	7.845	1,344	6	114	195	9
5 to 64 years	5,226	12	975	4,240	852	3	79	212	3
55 to 59 years	3,172	8	585	2,579	488	2	41	112	_
60 to 64 years	2,054	3	390	1,661	364	ī	38	100	_
5 years and over	1,253	14	224	1,016	418	4	40	189	2
Women, 16 years and over	50,263	932	10,257	39,075	2,991	187	322	207	66
6 to 19 years	2,312	113	108	2,091	29	-	23	2	3
16 to 17 years	824	55	15	754	10	-	4		3
18 to 19 years	1,489	58	93	1,337	19	_	18	2	_
0 to 24 years	5,577	98	667	4,811	82	11	51		4
5 to 34 years	13,600	161	2,253	11,185	628	33	88	38	7
5 to 44 years	13,722	171	3,281	10,270	905	46	86	51	22
5 to 54 years	9,381	151	2,630	6,600	753	61	47	50	12
5 to 64 years	4,515	175	1,088	3,252	419	23	16	37	8
55 to 59 years	2,764	93	681	1,991	272	23 7	12	16	_
60 to 64 years	1,751	82	407	1,261	146	16	1		2
5 years and over	1,751	61	230	865	175	13	11	21 28	6 11

A-25. Employed civilians by industry and occupation

(In thousands)

							March	1993					
		Manager profess spec	sional		ical, sal ministra suppor			rvice pations	Preci-		Operators fabricators and labore	s,	
Industry	Total em- ployed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- gerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service ¹	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing
Agriculture	2,805	89	77	38	25	104	-	24	40	9	33	11	2,355
Mining	677	94	68	34	2	72	-	10	245	24	98	29	-
Construction	6,590	978	152	38	84	348	-	28	3,801	73	456	619	15
Manufacturing	19,441	2,579	1,743	672	769	2,102	-	303	3,483	6,086	666	956	81
Durable goods	11,191	1,491	1,072	455	290	1,145	-	163	2,397	3,313	359	437	68
Nondurable goods	8,251	1,089	671	218	479	957		139	1,086	2,773	307	520	13
Transportation and public		1			[l				1		}	
utilities	8,538	968	534	330	243		-	279	1,268	128	2,008	440	11
Wholesale and retail trade	24,381	2,182	425		10,152	2,312	-	4,629	1,282	261	990	1,896	62
Wholesale trade	4,504	520	80	52	1,792		-	41	255	92	462	371	36
Retail trade	19,877	1,662	346	138	8,360	1,509	-	4,588	1,027	169	528	1,525	26
Finance, insurance, and						_							
real estate	7,795		259	144	1,885	2,882	_	288	179	17	8	19	46
Services		5,274	12,864	2,273	919		863	8,376	2,011	748	559	454	361
Private households	1,081	5	7	6	-	10	863	105	2		9	22	51
Other service industries		5,269	12,857	2,267	918	,	-	8,271	2,009	748	549	432	310
Professional services			11,571	1,940	161	5,198	-	5,142	419	181	320	109	86
Public administration	5,578	1,250	796	263	29	1,304	-	1,570	211	51	51	45	7

¹ Includes protective service, not shown separately.

A-26. Employed civilians with a job but not at work by reason, sex, and pay status

(In thousands)

	A indus				Nonagricultu	ral industries				
		1	То	tal	Wage and salary workers¹					
Reason not working and sex	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar.	Man	Paid ab	sences	Unpaid a	bsences		
	1992	1993	1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993	Mar. 1992	Mar. 1993		
Total, 16 years and over	4,575	4,906	4,424	4,730	1,939	1,943	1,807	2,139		
acation	1,807	1,946	1,780	1,917	1,124	1,144	457	571		
Iness	1,293	1,481	1,250	1,424	531	552	603	723		
lad weather	136	321	103	268	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)		
ndustrial dispute	14	3	13	3	(²)	(²)	(2)	(²)		
All other reasons	1,325	1,155	1,279	1,118	285	247	747	846		
Men, 16 years and over	2,308	2,542	2,181	2,393	954	970	782	1,012		
acation	915	1,016	895	992	583	609	191	258		
Iness	679	728	643	689	279	264	293	355		
All other reasons ³	714	799	643	714	91	97	297	398		
Women, 16 years and over	2,267	2,364	2,243	2,337	985	973	1,026	1,126		
acation	892	929	885	925	539	536	266	311		
lness	614	753	607	734	251	288	310	368		
All other reasons ³	761	681	750	678	194	150	450	447		

Excludes private household workers.
 Pay status not available separately for bad weather and industrial dispute; these categories are included in all other reasons.

³ Includes bad weather and industrial dispute, not shown separately. NOTE: Estimates for "all other reasons" by pay status may be biased because of high response variance; data should be used with caution.

A-27. Persons at work by hours of work and type of industry

			March	1993				
Hours of work	-	Thousands of po	ersons	Percent distribution				
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultura industries		
Total, 16 years and over	112,500	2,629	109,871	100.0	100.0	100.0		
1 to 34 hours	27,588	856	26,731	24.5	32.6	24.3		
1 to 4 hours	819	26	793	.7	1.0	.7		
5 to 14 hours	4,820	196	4,624	4.3	7.5	4.2		
15 to 29 hours	13,929	431	13,498	12.4	16.4	12.3		
30 to 34 hours	8,019	202	7,817	7.1	7.7	7.1		
35 hours and over	84,912	1,772	83,140	75.5	67.5	75.7		
35 to 39 hours	7,363	130	7,233	6.5	4.9	6.6		
40 hours	43,547	546	43,001	38.7	20.8	39.1		
41 hours and over	34,002	1,097	32,906	30.2	41.8	29.9		
41 to 48 hours	11,678	204	11,474	10.4	7.8	10.4		
49 to 59 hours	12,921	334	12,587	11.5	12.7	11.5		
60 hours and over	9,403	558	8,845	8.4	21.2	8.1		
Average hours, total at work	39.2	41.5	39.2	_	_	_		
Average hours, workers on full-time schedules	43.8	48.8	43.7	_	! <u>-</u>	-		

A-28. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by reason for working less than 35 hours, type of industry, and usual status

			March	1993			
Reason for working less than 35 hours		All industries	3	Nonagricultural industries			
Heason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	Usually work full time 7,521 1,981 1,717 64 154 46 - 5,540 - 1,255 1,676 998 - 49 - 1,561 24.5 25.9	Usually work part time	
Total, 16 years and over	27,588	7,832	19,756	26,731	7,521	19,210	
Economic reasons	6,250 3,246	2,077 1,810	4,173 1,436	6,043 3,095		4,062 1,378	
Material shortages or repairs to plant and equipment	64 157	64 157	-	64 154	64	1,070	
Job terminated during week Could find only part-time work	46 2,738	46	- 2,738	46 2,684	1	- 2,684	
Other reasons Does not want, or unavailable for, full-time work	21,338 12,918	5,755	15,583 12.918	20,689 12,598	5,540	15,149 12,598	
Vacation	1,275 1,893	1,275 1,702	- 191	1,255 1,856		180	
Bad weather	1,110	1,110	_	998	998	-	
Legal or religious holiday	49 1,697	49	- 1.697	49 1,651	49	- 1,651	
All other reasons	2,396	1,620	776	2,281	1,561	720	
verage hours:	00.0						
Economic reasons	22.2 21.1	24.4 25.8	21.1 19.3	22.2 21.1		21.1 19.4	
/orked 30 to 34 hours:							
Economic reasons	1,909 6,110	939 2,973	970 3,137	1,853 5,965	914 2,886	939 3,079	

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-29. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and full- or part-time status

Industry	March 1993								
	Total at work	On part time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	On full-time schedules				Average	Average
				Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
Total, 16 years and over	109,871	6,043	15,149	88,680	55,774	11,474	21,432	39.2	43.7
Wage and salary workers	101,513	5,173	13,695	82,645	52,990	10,893	18,763	39.1	43.4
Mining	608	10	11	586	297	105	184	45.5	46.5
Construction	4,910	411	275	4,224	2,849	439	936	39.9	43.0
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	18,395 10,598 7,797	475 184 291	571 261 311	17,348 10,153 7,195	10,748 6,151 4,597	2,866 1,720 1,145	3,735 2,282 1,453	42.3 42.9 41.4	43.5 43.8 43.0
Transportation and public utilities	7,779 21,621 6,880	238 1,742 155	436 4,900 653	7,105 14,979 6,072	4,330 8,998 4,057	918 2,200 752	1,857 3,782 1,263	42.4 36.7 40.3	44.4 43.9 42.9
Service industries	35,944 1,006 34,938 5,376	2,059 203 1,856 82	6,589 409 6,180 259	27,296 394 26,902 5,034	18,090 260 17,830 3,620	3,074 33 3,041 540	6,132 101 6,031 875	37.6 27.5 37.9 41.1	43.2 46.5 43.1 42.5
Self-employed workers	8,124 235	854 16	1,352 102	5,917 118	2,716 68	574 6	2,626 43	39.8 34.1	47.5 46.0

A-30. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by sex, age, race, marital status, and full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

				Marc	h 1993			
	T-4-1	On part	0.	On	full-time sche	dules	Average	Average
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over		6,043	15,149	88,680	55,774	32,906	39.2	43.7
16 to 19 years		353	3,064	1,152	917	236	21.8	39.0
16 to 17 years		55	1,471	99	89	10	15.2	33.6
18 to 19 years	1	298	1,593	1,054	828	226	25.4	39.5
20 years and over		5,690	12,085	87,527	54,857	32,670	39.9	43.8
20 to 24 years		944	2,455	7,840	5,554	2,287	35.5	42.0
25 years and over		4,745	9,629	79,687	49,304	30,383	40.5	43.9
25 to 44 years		3,136	5,298	51,913	31,643	20,270	40.9	44.0
45 to 64 years	1	1,477	2,970	26,475	16,727	9,748	40.7	43.9
65 years and over	2,794	133	1,362	1,299	935	364	28.5	41.7
Men, 16 years and over		2,917	4,679	51,171	28,580	22,592	42.0	45.2
16 to 19 years		192	1,487	640	499	141	22.6	39.4
16 to 17 years		29	740	60	54		15.4	(')
18 to 19 years		163	747	580	446	134	26.7	40.1
20 years and over		2,725	3,192	50,531	28,080	22,451	42.8	45.3
20 to 24 years		484	1,016	4,301	2,818	1,483	37.3	43.0
25 years and over		2,241	2,176	46,230	25,262	20,968	43.4	45.5
25 to 44 years		1,564	855	30,200	16,122	14,078	43.9	45.7
45 to 64 years	1	635	628	15,225	8,580	6,645	43.6	45.4
65 years and over	1,540	43	693	805	560	245	29.9	41.7
Women, 16 years and over		3,126	10,470	37,509	27,194	10,314	36.0	41.6
16 to 19 years		161	1,577	513	418	95	20.9	38.5
16 to 17 years		26	731	39	35	3	15.0	(')
18 to 19 years		135	846	474	382	92	24.2	38.8
20 years and over		2,965	8,892	36,996	26,777	10,219	36.7	41.7
20 to 24 years	1	461	1,439	3,539	2,736	804	33.5	40.7
25 years and over	!	2,504	7,453	33,457	24,041	9,416	37.0	41.8
25 to 44 years		1,573	4,442	21,712	15,519	6,193	37.3	41.7
45 to 64 years	i	841	2,342	11,251	8,147	3,104	37.3	41.9
65 years and over	1,253	90	669	494	375	119	26.8	41.7
RACE	1							
White, 16 years and over	94,560	4,867	13,518	76,176	46,464	29,712	39.3	43.9
Men	51,207	2,327	4,065	44,815	24,222	20,592	42.3	45.4
Women	43,354	2,540	9,453	31,361	22,242	9,119	35.8	41.8
Black, 16 years and over	11,213	945	1,096	9,173	7,038	2,134	38.0	41.8
Men	5,418	496	397	4,525	3,204	1,320	39.7	43.4
Women	5,795	449	698	4,648	3,834	814	36.5	40.4
MARITAL STATUS								
Men, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	37,669	1,358	1,432	34,879	18,499	16,380	43.9	45.8
Widowed, divorced, or separated	6,203	446	310	5,446	3,088	2,358	42.2	45.2
Single (never married)	14,895	1,112	2,937	10,846	6,992	3,854	36.8	43.4
Women, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	28,835	1,482	6,103	21,250	15,586	5,664	36.1	41.5
Widowed, divorced, or separated	10,075	769	1,142	8,165	5,728	2,436	38.2	42.1
Single (never married)	12,195	875	3,225	8,094	5,880	2,214	33.8	41.6

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-31. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

			<u></u>	, <u> </u>	March 199	3			
		,	0	C	On full-tim	e schedule	s		Average
Occupation and sex	Total at work	On part time for economic reasons	On volun- tary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	Average hours, total at work	hours, workers on full- time sched- ules
Total, 16 years and over ¹	109,774	6,017	15,152	88,606	55,635	11,496	21,475	39.2	43.7
Managerial and professional specialty	14,885 16,212	755 262 493	2,985 846 2,140	27,357 13,778 13,579	14,687 6,905 7,782	3,541 1,726 1,815	9,129 5,147 3,982	42.3 44.4 40.4	45.3 46.3 44.4
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support Sales occupations	3,853 13,543	1,554 77 821	6,136 479 2,708	27,362 3,297 10,014	18,374 2,271 5,158	3,385 489 1,288	5,603 538 3,568	37.9 39.4 39.2	42.9 42.5 45.9
Administrative support, including clerical	15,636 818	656 1,732 167 47	2,950 4,212 347 174	14,051 9,692 304 1,906	10,945 6,962 208 1,130	1,608 1,054 21 313	1,498 1,676 75 463	36.6 33.7 26.2 42.1	40.9 42.4 44.4 44.9
Service, except private household and protective	12,691 11,957 16,032	1,518 843 1,133	3,692 398 1,420	7,481 10,717 13,478	5,624 6,781 8,830	719 1,579 1,937	1,138 2,356 2,711	32.8 41.2 39.7	41.7 43.5 43.2
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	7,133 4,586	393 282 459	260 360 800	6,481 3,944 3,053	4,559 2,099 2,172	949 539 449	972 1,306 433	40.4 42.8 35.4	42.1 46.3 41.7
Men, 16 years and over ¹	58,525	2,882	4,635	51,009	28,382	7,016	15,610	42.0	45.3
Managerial and professional specialty Executive, administrative, and managerial Professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative support	8,671 7,622	345 159 186 403	784 269 515 1,333	15,164 8,244 6,920 11,050	6,977 3,463 3,514 5,715	1,823 937 886 1,627	6,365 3,844 2,521 3,708	45.3 46.8 43.6 42.3	47.2 48.1 46.1 45.9
Technicians and related support Sales occupations Administrative support, including clerical	1,893 7,127 3,764	20 243 140	120 772 440	1,753 6,112 3,184	1,087 2,524 2,104	273 839 515	393 2,749 565	42.1 44.1 39.0	44.0 48.2 42.7
Service occupations	44 1,771	543 7 33 504	1,225 15 97 1,113	4,639 22 1,642 2,974	3,155 16 953 2,186	562 - 266 296	922 6 424 492	36.8 (²) 43.4 34.3	43.5 (²) 45.4 42.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	11,000 12,040 4,359	799 792 196	322 971 98	9,878 10,277 4,065	6,185 6,350 2,686	1,474 1,530 640	2,219 2,397 739	41.3 40.7 41.6	43.6 44.1 43.0
Transportation and material moving occupations	3,517	232 364 3,134	247 625 10,517	3,684 2,528 37,597	1,918 1,746 27,252	504 386 4,480	1,262 396 5,864	43.7 35.9 36.0	46.6 42.1 41.6
Managerial and professional specialty	14,805	410	2,201 577	12,193 5,534	7,710 3,442	1,719	2,764 1,303	39.0 41.2	43.0 43.6
Professional specialty	8,591 22,267	307 1,151 56	1,624 4,804 358	6,659 16,313 1,545	4,269 12,659 1,184	930 1,758 217	1,461 1,896 144	37.5 35.4 36.8	42.6 40.8 40.8
Sales occupations	6,416 13,892	579 516 1,188	1,936 2,509 2,988	3,901 10,867 5,053	2,634 8,841 3,807	449 1,092 491	818 933 754	33.6 35.9 31.6	42.3 40.3 41.5
Private household Protective service Service, except private household and protective	773 355 8,100	160 15 1,014	332 77 2,579	282 264 4,507	192 177 3,438	21 47 423	68 39 647	25.9 35.5 32.0	44.5 41.8 41.3
Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	3,991	44 341 197	75 449 162	838 3,201 2,415	596 2,480 1,873	106 407 309	137 314 233	39.6 37.0 38.4	42.1 40.6 40.6
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	422 795	50 94	113 175	260 526	181 426	34 63	44 37	34.6 33.3	42.4 39.8

¹ Excludes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.

² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-32. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

					19	92						1993	
Employment status and sex	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
TOTAL													
Noninstitutional population ¹		192,745											
Labor force1	128,133	128,320	128,613	128,868	128,918	128,970	128,840	128,618	128,896	129,108	128,598	128,839	128,926
Percent of population ²	66.5	66.6	66.7	66.8	66.7	66.7	66.6	66.4	66.5		66.2	66.3	66.3
Total employed1		119,095	119,154	119,080	119,290		119,290	119,239	119,595	119,828	119,586	119,963	120,062
Employment-population ratio ³	61.7	61.8	61.8	61.7	61.7	61.7	61.6	61.6	61.7	61.8	61.6	61.7	61.7
Resident Armed Forces	1,585	1,577	1,574	1,570	1,568	1,566	1,566	1,552	1,531	1,517	1,515	1,512	1,497
Civilian employed		117,518	117,580					117,687		118,311	118,071	118,451	118,565
Agriculture	3,194	3,206	3,186	3,244	3,207	3,218	3,221	3,169	3,209	3,262	3,191	3,116	
Nonagricultural industries	114,070	114,312	114,394	114,266				114,518			114,879		115,483
Unemployed		9,225	9,459	9,788	9,628	9,624	9,550	9,379	9,301	9,280	9,013	8,876	8,864
Unemployment rate ⁴		7.2	7.4	7.6	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.0	6.9	
Not in labor force	64,474	64,425	64,268	64,157	64,272	64,386	64,673	65,065	64,951	64,918	65,561	65,459	65,530
Men													
Noninstitutional population ¹	92,655	92,733	92,806	92,882	92,971	93,061	93,146	93,238	93,324	93,420	93,488	93.563	93.646
Labor force [†]	1 '	70.460	70,741	70,827	70,723	70,840	70,860	70,728	70,708	70,754	70,473	70,690	70,835
Percent of population ²	75.9	76.0	76.2	76.3	76.1	76.1	76.1	75.9	75.8	75.7	75.4	75.6	
Total employed'		65.194	65,244	65,161	65,238	65,309	65.383	65,318	65.416		65,544	65.693	
Employment-population ratio ³		70.3	70.3	70.2	70.2	70.2	70.2	70.1	70.1	70.2	70.1	70.2	70.1
Resident Armed Forces	1	1,417	1,414	1,410	1,408	1,408	1,407	1,394	1,373	1,360	1,358	1.355	
Civilian employed		63,777	63,830	63,751	63.830	63,901	63,976	63,924	64,043	64.194	64,186	64,338	
Unemployed	5,360	5,266	5,497	5,666	5,485	5,531	5,477	5,410	5,292	5,200	4,929	4,997	5,160
Unemployment rate ⁴	7.6	7.5	7.8	8.0	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.5	7.3	7.0	7.1	7.3
Not in labor force	22,331	22,273	22,065	22,055			22,286				23,015	22,873	
Women											,		,
N	00.054	100,012	100 075	100 140	100 220	100 205	100.067	100 445	100 500	100.000	100 674	400 704	400 000
Noninstitutional population ¹	57.809		57,872	58.041	58,195	58,130	57,980						
Labor force'	57,809	57,860	57.8	58,041		58.0	57,980 57.8	57,890 57.6	58,188 57.9	58,354 58.0	58,125	58,149	58,091
Percent of population ²		53.901	53,910	53,919	54,052	54,037	53,907	53,921	54.179		57.7	57.7	57.6
Total employed'		53,901	53,910	53,919	53.9	53.9	53,907	53,921	54,179	54,274	54,042 53.7	54,271	54,388
Employment-population ratio ³		160	160	160	ì	158	159	158	158	157	157	53.9 157	54.0
Resident Armed Forces		53,741	53,750	53,759	53,892	53,879	53,748	53.763	54,021	54,117	53.885		155
Civilian employed	3,924	3,959	3,962	4,122	4,143	4,093	4,073	3,969	4,009	4,080		54,114	54,233
Unemployed	3,924	6.8	6.8	7.1	7.1	7.0	4,073 7.0	3,969 6.9	4,009	4,080 7.0	4,083 7.0	3,879	3,704
Unemployment rate4	42,142	42,152	42,203	42,101	42,025	42,165		42,555	42,335			6.7	6.4
Not in labor force	42,142	42,102	42,203	42,101	42,023	72,100	+2,307	42,555	42,335	42,202	42,546	42,585	42,718

¹ Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

Armed Forces).

NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-32 through A-41 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

A-33. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,					19	92						1993	
sex, and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population1	191,022	191,168	191,307	191,455	191,622	191,790	191,947	192,131	192,316	192,509	192.644	192.786	192.959
Civilian labor force													
Percent of population	66.2	66.3	66.4	66.5	66.5	66.4	66.3	66.1	66.2	66.3	66.0	66.0	66.0
Employed	117,264	117,518	117,580	117,510	117,722	117,780	117,724	117,687	118,064	118,311	118,071	118,451	118,565
Employment-population ratio ²	61.4	61.5	61.5	61.4	61.4	61.4	61.3	61.3	61.4	61.5	61.3	61.4	61.4
Unemployed	9,284	9,225	9,459	9,788	9,628	9,624	9,550	9,379	9,301	9,280	9,013	8,876	8,864
Unemployment rate	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.1	7.0	7.0
Men, 16 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population1	91,238	91,316	91,392	91,472	91,563	91,653	91,739	91,844	91,951	92,060	92,130	92,208	92,304
Civilian labor force	68,907	69,043	69,327	69,417	69,315	69,432	69,453	69,334	69,335		69,115	69,335	69,493
Percent of population	75.5	75.6	75.9	75.9	75.7	75.8	75.7	75.5	75.4	75.4	75.0	75.2	75.3
Employed	63,547	63,777	63,830	63,751	63,830	63,901	63,976	63,924	64,043	64,194	64,186	64,338	64,332
Employment-population ratio ²	69.6	69.8	69.8	69.7	69.7	69.7	69.7	69.6	69.6	69.7	69.7	69.8	69.7
Agriculture	2,509	2,514	2,530	2,539	2,545	2,547	2,573	2,550	2,541	2,593	2,534	2,521	2,434
Nonagricultural industries	61,038 5,360	61,263	61,300	61,212 5,666	61,285	61,354	61,403	61,374	61,502	61,601	61,651	61,817	61,899
Unemployed	7.8	5,266 7.6	5,497 7.9	8.2	5,485 7.9	5,531 8.0	5,477 7.9	5,410 7.8	5,292 7.6		4,929	4,997	5,160
Unemployment rate Not in labor force	22,331	22,273	22,065	22,055	22,248	22,221	22,286	22,510	22,616	7.5 22,666	7.1 23,015	7.2 22,873	7.4 22,81
	,	,_,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	22,000	20,010	22,010	22,01
Men, 20 years and over Civilian noninstitutional population'	84,590	84,671	84,755	84,842	84,944	85,010	85,075	85,159	85,259	85,369	85,445	85,554	85,664
Civilian labor force	65,436	65,572	65,844	65,813	65,782	65,857	65,805	65,811	65,740		65,624	65,734	65,90
Percent of population	77.4	77.4	77.7	77.6	77.4	77.5	77.3	77.3	77.1	77.1	76.8	76.8	76.9
Employed	60,843	61,033	61,087	61,027	61,070	61,104	61,125	61,088	61,206	61,326	61,423	61,479	61,46
Employment-population ratio ²	71.9	72.1	72.1	71.9	71.9	71.9	71.8	71.7	71.8	71.8	71.9	71.9	71.6
Agriculture	2,353	2,351	2,366	2,366	2,359	2,363	2,382	2,378	2,326	2,371	2,340	2,299	2,248
Nonagricultural industries	58,490	58,682	58,721	58,661	58,711	58,741	58,743	58,710	58,880	58,955	59,083	59,180	59.218
Unemployed	4,593	4,539	4,757	4,786	4,712	4,753	4,680	4,723	4,534	4,459	4,201	4,255	4,435
Unemployment rate	7.0	6.9	7.2	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.2	6.9	6.8	6.4	6.5	6.7
Not in labor force	19,154	19,099	18,911	19,029	19,162	19,153	19,270	19,348	19,519	19,584	19,821	19,820	19,763
Women, 16 years and over		ļ								!			
Civilian noninstitutional population1	99,783	99,852	99,915	99,982					100,365	100,449	100,514	100,577	100,654
Civilian labor force	57,641	57,700	57,712	57,881	58,035			57,732	58,030	58,197	57,968	57,992	57,93€
Percent of population	57.8	57.8	57.8	57.9	58.0	57. 9	57.7	57.6	57.8	57.9	57.7	57.7	57.€
Employed	53,717	53,741	53,750	53,759	53,892	53,879		53,763	54,021	54,117	53,885	54,114	54,233
Employment-population ratio ²	53.8	53.8	53.8	53.8	53.9	53.8	53.6	53.6	53.8	53.9	53.6	53.8	53.9
Agriculture	685	692	656	705	662	671	648	619	668	669	657	596	649
Nonagricultural industries	53,032	53,049	53,094	53,054	53,230	53,208		53,144	53,353		,		
Unemployed	3,924	3,959	3,962	4,122	4,143	4,093		3,969	4,009	4,080	4,083	3,879	3,704
Unemployment rate	6.8	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.7	6.4
Not in labor force	42,142	42,152	42,203	42,101	42,025	42,165	42,387	42,555	42,335	42,252	42,546	42,585	42,718
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population'	93,256		93,416	93,479		93,635			93,849		94,007	94,088	
Civilian labor force	54,458	54,534	54,468	54,682		54,773	1 '	54,578	54,832		54,733		, ,
Percent of population	58.4	58.4 51.136	58.3 51.104	58.5	58.6 51.307	58.5	58.3		58.4	58.5	58.2	58.2	
Employed	51,114	.,,,,,,		,	,	51,247 54.7	,	,	,				,
Employment-population ratio ²	54.8	54.8 648	54.7 619	54.8 665	1	619	54.6 594	54.6 584	54.8 616	1	54.5 608	54.7	54.9
Agriculture	650 50,464	50,488			1	1		50,598			50,638	551 50,915	618
Nonagricultural industries Unemployed	3,344	3,398	3,364	3,449		3,526		, ,		3,516	3,486	3,276	
Unemployment rate	6.1	6.2	6.2				6.4	6.2	6.2		6.4	6.0	
Not in labor force	38,798			I					ı	I		39,346	1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian noninstitutional population	13,176	13,177	13,136	13,134	13,116	13,145	13,169	13,200	13,208	13,181	13,191	13,143	13,14
Civilian labor force	6,654	6,637	6,727	6,803	6,734	6,774		6,677	6,793	6,796	6,726	6,851	6,74
Percent of population	50.5	50.4	51.2		51.3	51.5	52.1	50.6	51.4		51.0	52.1	51.
Employed	5,307	5,349	5,389	5,250	5,345	5,429			5,423	5,491	5,401	5,506	
Employment-population ratio ²	40.3				40.8	41.3	41.4	41.0	41.1	41.7	40.9		
Agriculture	191	207	201	213	231	236	245	207	267	278	243	266	
		1					F 040	E 040	E 450		F 450	I 5040	1
	5,116	5,142	5,188	5,037	5,114	5,193	5,213	5,210	5,156	5,213	5,158	5,240	3,21
Nonagricultural industries Unemployed	5,116 1,347									1 -			
Nonagricultural industries		1,288	1,338	1,553	1,389	1,345	1,400 20.4	1,260	1,370 20.2	1,305	1,325	1,345 19.6	1,318

population.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
 Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Hispanic origin	Employment status,					19	92						1993	
Civilian labor force 182,005 162,398 162,498 162,575 162,582 162,791 162,891 163,101 163,102 163,102 163,004 163,005 1	race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Tolylain alsor force	WHITE													
Percent of population		1 1												
Employed		1										,		66.6
Employment-population ratio			101,479	101,530	101,307	101,558	101,524	101,412	101,458	101,816	102,043	101,987	102,109	102,339
Unemployed			62.5	62.5	62.3	62.4	62.4	62.3	62.2	62.4	62.5	62.4	62.5	62.6
Mem. 20 years and over			6,933								6,903	6,742	6,645	6,659
Chillian labor force	Unemployment rate	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.1
Percent of population	Men, 20 years and over		Ì			!								
Employed methopopulation ratio* 73,127 53,244 53,290 53,291 53,305 53,369 53,436 53,643 53,	Civilian labor force	56,678	56,779	56,944	56,921	56,927	56,926	56,902	56,910	56,858	56,937	56,895	56,942	57,070
Employed	•				78.0	77.9	77.9	77.8	77.7	77.6				77.6
Unemployed			53,244	53,290	53,221	53,310	53,300	53,279	53,305	53,369	53,543	53,615	53,649	53,656
Unemployment rate	Employment-population ratio ²										73.0	73.0	73.0	73.0
Women, 20 years and over	Unemployed			1 '							'			3,414
Civilian labor force	Unemployment rate	6.3	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.3	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.8	6.0
Percent of population	Women, 20 years and over													
Percent of population	Civilian labor force	45,984	45,948	45,864	46,028	46,162	46,055	45,888	45,905	46,095	46,240	46,096	46,002	46,142
Employeed			58.2			58.3	58.2	57.9	57.9	58.1	58.3	58.1	57.9	58.1
Unemployed	Employed	43,510	43,486	43,458	43,504	43,557	43,468	43,326	43,365	43,661	43,667	43,583	43,626	43,839
Description	Employment-population ratio ²									55.0	55.0	54.9	54.9	55.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Civilian labor force												1		2,303
Civilian labor force	Unemployment rate	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.6	5.5	5.2	5.0
Percent of population	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										}			
Employment-population ratio*	Civilian labor force	5,743	5,685	5,743	5,722	5,694	5,726	5,816	5,668	5,770	5,769	5,738	5,810	5,786
Employment-population ratio	Percent of population	54.5	54.1				54.6	55.4	54.0	54.9	54.9	54.5	55.2	54.9
Unemployed 1,040 936 961 1,140 1,003 970 1,009 880 984 936 949 976 1,000 1	Employed	4,703			4,582		4,756	4,807	4,788	4,786	4,833	4,789	4,834	4,844
Unemployment rate 18.1 16.5 16.7 19.9 17.6 16.9 17.3 15.5 17.1 16.2 16.5 16.8 Men 20.0 17.8 18.4 21.2 18.8 18.5 18.7 15.9 17.7 17.2 18.1 17.9 15.6 Men 16.0 15.0 14.9 18.4 16.3 15.2 15.8 15.1 16.4 15.1 14.9 15.6 Men 16.0 15.0 14.9 18.4 16.3 15.2 15.8 15.1 16.4 15.1 14.9 15.6 Men 16.0 15.0 14.9 18.4 16.3 15.2 15.8 15.1 16.4 15.1 14.9 15.6 Men 16.0 Men 16.0 15.0 14.9 18.4 16.3 15.2 15.8 15.1 16.4 15.1 14.9 15.6 Men 16.0 Men 16.0 Men 16.0 16.0 Men 16.														46.0
Men		1 .							1	1				942
BLACK Civilian noninstitutional population 21,854 21,882 21,909 21,937 21,966 21,997 22,027 22,061 22,096 22,131 22,157 22,184 22,1966 21,997 21,986 21,997 21,986 21,997 22,027 22,061 22,096 22,131 22,157 22,184 22,1966 21,997 21,986 21,997 21,986 21,997 21,986 21,997 22,027 22,061 22,096 22,131 22,157 22,184		l .									t .	1		16.3
BLACK Civilian noninstitutional population 21,854 21,882 21,909 21,937 21,966 21,997 22,027 22,061 22,096 22,131 22,157 22,184 22 21,9184 21,8185 21,918 21						1				1 .	!		,	16.5
Civilian noninstitutional population¹ 21,854 21,882 21,909 21,937 21,966 21,997 22,027 22,061 22,096 22,131 22,157 22,184 22 (2011) 13,756 13,869 14,001 13,995 14,106 13,991 13,948 13,894 13,895 13,822 14,018 13,948 13,948 13,949 13,	Women	16.0	15.0	14.9	18.4	16.3	15.2	15.8	15.1	16.4	15.1	14.9	15.6	16.0
Civilian labor force 13,729 13,756 13,869 14,001 13,995 14,106 13,981 13,948 13,894 13,935 13,822 14,018 12,008 13,009 13,009 14,001 13,009 14,001 13,009 14,001 13,009 12,009 12,009 12,009 12,009 12,009 12,009 12,009 14,001 14,00	BLACK													
Percent of population	Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	21,854	21,882	21,909	21,937	21,966	21,997	22,027	22,061	22,096	22,131	22,157	22,184	22,217
Employed	Civilian labor force	13,729	13,756	13,869	14,001	13,995	14,106	13,981	13,948	13,894	13,935	13,822	14,018	13,834
Employment-population ratio ² 54.1 54.2 54.1 54.6 54.5 55.0 54.6 54.3 54.1 54.0 53.5 54.9 Unemployed 1,915 1,899 2,011 2,030 2,016 2,008 1,948 1,964 1,966 1,946 1,975 1,969 1,832 13.9 13.8 14.5 14.5 14.4 14.2 13.9 14.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.2 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.1 14.0 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.2 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.2 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 13.1 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14					l .					62.9	63.0	62.4	63.2	62.3
Unemployed												11,853	12,186	11,962
Men, 20 years and over 13.9 13.8 14.5 14.5 14.4 14.2 13.9 14.1 14.0 14.2 13.1			1						l					53.8
Men, 20 years and over 6,450 6,424 6,487 6,512 6,481 6,534 6,499 6,481 6,450 6,486 6,534 6,534 6,499 6,481 6,450 6,486 6,534 6,534 6,499 6,481 6,450 6,486 6,534 72.1 72.2 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.0 72.6 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.9 72.1 72.6 73.1 73.0 73.1 73.0 72.6 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.9 72.9 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.4 72.9 72.1 72.1 72.1 72.1 72									1 .					1,871
Civilian labor force 6,450 6,424 6,487 73.4 73.6 73.1 73.6 73.1 73.0 72.6 72.1 72.4 72.9 8 73.4 73.6 5.626 5.632 5.634 5.620 5.631 5.620 5.634 5.754 5	Unemployment rate	13.9	13.8	14.5	14.5	14.4	14.2	13.9	14.1	14.0	14.2	14.2	13.1	13.5
Percent of population 73.2 72.8 73.4 73.6 73.1 73.6 73.1 73.0 72.6 72.1 72.4 72.9 5.557 5.601 5.595 5.626 5.602 5.634 5.620 5.611 5.640 5.589 5.645 5.754 5.626 5.602 5.634 5.620 5.611 5.640 5.589 5.645 5.754 5.626 5.602 5.634 5.620 5.631 5.640 5.589 5.645 5.754 5.626 5.602 5.634 5.620 5.631 5.640 5.589 5.645 5.754 5.626 5.602 5.634 5.620 5.631 5.640 5.589 5.645 5.754 5.626 5.602 5.634 5.620 5.631 5.640 5.589 5.645 5.754 5.626 5.602 5.634 5.620 5.631 5.640 5.589 5.645 5.754 5.626 5.602 5.634 5.620 5.634 5.620 5.634 5.620 5.634 5.620 5.634 5.632 5.	Men, 20 years and over													
Percent of population 73.2 72.8 73.4 73.6 73.1 73.6 73.1 73.0 72.6 72.1 72.4 72.9 Employed 63.1 63.5 63.3 63.6 63.2 63.5 63.2 63.0 63.0 63.2 63.0 63.0 63.2 63.0 63.0 63.2 63.0 63.0 63.2 63.0 63.0	Civilian labor force	1 '	1 '			6,481	6,534	6,495	6,499	6,481	6,450	6,486	6,534	6,491
Employment-population ratio ² 63.1 63.5 63.3 63.6 63.2 63.5 63.2 63.0 63.2 62.5 63.1 64.2 Unemployed 875 888 841 861 841 781 13.8 13.8 13.8 13.6 13.6 13.8 13.5 13.7 13.0 13.3 13.0 11.9 Women, 20 years and over Civilian labor force 6,540 6,581 6,599 60.0 60.8 60.9 61.2 60.3 60.3 59.9 60.2 58.8 60.0 Employed 5,794 5,802 5,813 5,876 5,902 5,954 5,944 5,930 5,854 5,889 5,717 5,936 Employment-population ratio ² 52.8 52.8 52.8 53.3 53.5 53.9 53.7 53.5 52.8 53.0 51.4 53.3 Unemployed 746 779 786 818 814 803 731 752 785 798 819 747		I		,	,							72.4		72.3
Unemployed												5,645	5,754	5,640
Unemployment rate 13.8 12.8 13.8 13.6 13.6 13.8 13.5 13.7 13.0 13.3 13.0 11.9 Women, 20 years and over Civilian labor force 6,540 6,581 6,599 6,694 6,716 6,757 6,675 6,682 6,639 6,687 6,536 6,683 Percent of population 59.6 59.9 60.0 60.8 60.9 61.2 60.3 60.3 59.9 60.2 58.8 60.0 Employed 5,794 5,802 5,813 5,876 5,902 5,954 5,944 5,930 5,854 5,889 5,717 5,936 5 Employment-population ratio² 52.8 52.8 52.8 53.3 53.5 53.9 53.7 53.5 52.8 53.0 51.4 53.3 Unemployed 746 779 786 818 814 803 731 752 785 798 819 747		1			i .				l					62.8
Women, 20 years and over 6,540 6,581 6,599 6,694 6,716 6,757 6,675 6,682 6,639 6,687 6,586 6,683 60.0 6,683 60.0 60.3 60.3 59.9 60.2 58.8 60.0 60.3 59.9 60.2 58.8 60.0 60.3 69.3 59.9 60.2 58.8 60.0 60.3 59.9 59.4 5,930 5,854 5,889 5,717 5,		!			l				l	1				851
Civilian labor force 6,540 6,581 6,599 6,694 6,716 6,757 6,675 6,682 6,639 6,687 6,536 6,683 6 Percent of population 59.6 59.9 60.0 60.8 60.9 61.2 60.3 59.9 60.2 58.8 60.0 Employed 5,794 5,802 5,813 5,876 5,902 5,954 5,944 5,930 5,854 5,889 5,717 5,936 5 Employment-population ratio² 52.8 52.8 52.8 53.3 53.5 53.9 53.7 53.5 52.8 53.0 51.4 53.3 Unemployed 746 779 786 818 814 803 731 752 785 798 819 747		13.6	12.8	13.8	13.6	13.6	13.8	13.5	13.7	13.0	13.3	13.0	11.9	13.1
Percent of population 59.6 59.9 60.0 60.8 60.9 61.2 60.3 59.9 60.2 58.8 60.0 Employed 5,794 5,802 5,813 5,876 5,902 5,954 5,944 5,930 5,854 5,889 5,717 5,936 5 Employment-population ratio² 52.8 52.8 52.8 52.8 53.3 53.5 53.9 53.7 53.5 52.8 53.0 51.4 53.3 Unemployed 779 786 818 814 803 731 752 785 798 819 747	women, 20 years and over													
Employed 5,794 5,802 5,813 5,876 5,902 5,954 5,944 5,930 5,854 5,889 5,717 5,936 5 Employment-population ratio² 52.8 52.8 52.8 53.3 53.5 53.9 53.7 53.5 52.8 53.0 51.4 53.3 Unemployed 746 779 786 818 814 803 731 752 785 798 819 747														6,584
Employment-population ratio² 52.8 52.8 52.8 53.3 53.5 53.7 53.5 52.8 53.0 51.4 53.3 Unemployed 746 779 786 818 814 803 731 752 785 798 819 747	 	I .							l					59.1
Unemployed						,								5,897
		I .										ł		52.9
		l .										1		687
Unemployment rate	Unemployment rate	11.4	11.8	11.9	12.2	12.1	11.9	11.0	11.3	11.8	11.9	12.5	11.2	10.4

See footnotes at end of table.

HOUSEHOLD DATA **SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,					19	92						1993	
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	739 35.6 463 22.3 276 37.3 38.3 36.1	751 36.2 454 21.9 297 39.5 43.2 35.7	783 37.8 450 21.7 333 42.5 43.0 42.1	795 38.4 469 22.7 326 41.0 45.1 36.4	798 38.6 475 23.0 323 40.5 42.3 38.4	815 39.3 510 24.6 305 37.4 42.7 31.8	39.1 469 22.6 342 42.2 44.3	767 36.9 443 21.3 324 42.2 44.2 39.8	774 37.2 454 21.8 320 41.3 44.8 37.5	798 38.3 482 23.2 316 39.6 42.2 36.5	800 38.4 490 23.5 310 38.7 39.0 38.5	800 38.4 496 23.8 304 38.0 37.4 38.6	20.4 333
HISPANIC ORIGIN Civilian noninstitutional population¹	15,106 10,116 67.0 8,973 59.4 1,143 11.3	15,145 10,032 66.2 8,987 59.3 1,045 10.4		15,224 10,126 66.5 8,927 58.6 1,199 11.8	15,263 10,150 66.5 8,955 58.7 1,195 11.8	15,303 10,116 66.1 8,969 58.6 1,147 11.3	10,213 66.6 9,028 58.8	15,382 10,210 66.4 9,011 58.6 1,199 11.7	15,421 10,211 66.2 8,990 58.3 1,221	15,461 10,351 66.9 9,145 59.1 1,206 11.7	15,500 10,225 66.0 9,043 58.3 1,182 11.6	15,540 10,280 66.1 9,108 58.6 1,171	15,585 10,343 66.4 9,166 58.8 1,177

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. $^{\rm 2}$ Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

A-35. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

					19	92						1993	
Category	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
CHARACTERISTIC										11			
Total	117.264	117,518	117.580	117.510	117.722	117.780	117.724	117.687	118.064	118.311	118.071	118.451	118 565
Married men. spouse present	40,163		40,408	40,345				40,324	40,487	40,639		40.903	
Married women, spouse present	30,096			30,303									,
Women who maintain families	6,552	6,549	6,565	6,579	6,565		6,639	6,626	,-	,	,	, ,	,
OCCUPATION										j			i
Managerial and professional specialty	30,927	31,071	30,997	31,011	30,995	31,198	31,174	31,289	31,529	31,485	31,874	31,907	32,272
Technical, sales, and administrative							· ·		1		'	' '	·
support	36,817	36,837	37,090	36,890	36,988	36,867	36,700	36,538	36,804	36,799	36,363	36,767	36,332
Service occupations	16,164		16,123	16,062	16,017	16,007	16,274	16,076	15,999			16,461	16,436
Precision production, craft, and repair	12,761	13,063	13,110	13,074	13,275	13,255	13,318	13,328	13,203		12,937	12,841	12,867
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	17,060		16,942	17,053	16,993		16,829	16,907	17.030				17,175
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,410	3,405	3,369	3,409	3,452	3,489	3,509	3,547	3,507	3,525		3,319	
INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER													
A minuth upon													
Agriculture:	1,730	1,747	1,682	1,701	1,712	1.698	1,694	1,656	1.685	1 725	1 661	4.044	4.500
Wage and salary workers	1,730	1,366	1,400	1,396	1,392	1,098	1,397	1,405	1,370	1,735	, ,	1,614	1,568
Self-employed workers	96	1,300	1,400	1,390	1,392	1,417	1,397	1,405	1,370	1,397 106	1,404	1,363	1,377
Unpaid family workers	90	100	101	120		103	100	110	103	100	145	136	130
Nonagricultural industries:	10E 1E4	105,494	105 604	105 265	105 610	10E 607	105 642	105 060	105 010	105 070	105 000	400 400	400 447
	17,817		17,934	18,184	18.275	18,378						'	106,447
Government	87,337		87,700	87,181	87,344	87,319	18,505 87,138	18,371 87,492	18,216		,	18,507	18,536
Private industries	1,071	1,102	1,085	1,139	1,232	1,116	1,158	1,102	87,697 1,109				
Private households	86,266		86,615	86,042	86,112	86,203	85,980			1,091	1,061	1,071	1,143
Other industries			,			,		86,390			.,	86,584	86,769
Self-employed workersUnpaid family workers	8,663 240	8,491 247	8,586 245	8,595 253	8,663 250	8,642 242	8,662 217	8,558 189	8,700 220	8,668 221	8,793 250	9,065 226	8,832 206
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME					1	:							
All industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	6.436	6,343	6.486	6,100	6.342	6,352	6.362	6,434	6,493	6,349	6,113	6,461	6,194
Slack work	3,216		3,314	3,289	3,283	3,254	3,171	3,160	3,161	3,206	2,994	3,150	3.039
Could only find part-time work	2,912	2,865	2.863	2,592	2,740	2,849	2,879	2,988	3.060	2.865	2,887	2,991	2.855
Voluntary part time	14,501		14,589	15,223	14,945	15,082	14,805	14,726	14,834	14,895	14,788	14,698	14,799
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	6,142	6,030	6,181	5,921	6,069	6,099	6,096	6,151	6,230	6,063	5,887	6,242	5,965
Slack work	3,005	2,852	3,107	3,138	3,123	3,121	3,001	2,993	2,984	3.024	2,800	2,990	2,887
Could only find part-time work	2,853	2,782	2,783	2,519	2,659	2,756	2,826	2,905	2,998	2,793	2,849	2,931	2,781
Voluntary part time	14,008			14,819		14,721	14,358	14,324	14,413	14,476	14,364	14,282	14,319
totalia partitio	,000	,	,	,0.0	,-,• 1	,, 1	,000	,024	,-10	. 4,470	17,004	17,202	14,319

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey

period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

A-36. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

					19	92						1993	
Sex and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	117,264	117,518	117,580	117,510	117,722	117,780	117,724	117,687	118,064	118,311	118,071	118,451	118,565
16 to 24 years								1					
16 to 19 years	5,307	5,349	5,389		5,345	5,429	5,458	5,417	5,423	5,491	5,401	5,506	5,431
16 to 17 years	1,990		2,032	1,999	2,035	2,112	2,083	2,024	2,028	2,093	2,074	2,146	2,059
18 to 19 years	3,329	3,310	3,344	3,216	3,296	3,319	3,384	3,401	3,384	3,379	3,335	3,381	3,375
20 to 24 years	12,206	12,188	12,146		12,207	12,180			12,183	12,199	12,146		12,191
25 years and over	99,775	99,920	100,059	100,096	100,202	100,197	100,128	100,206	100,419	100,603	100,481	100,904	100,941
25 to 54 years	84,941	85,160	85,291	85,440	85,526	85,557	85,539	85,588	85,726	85,942	85,956	86,041	86,338
55 years and over		14,776	14,678	14,700	14,685	14,651	14,607	14,598	14,729	14,643	14,599	14,872	14,642
Men, 16 years and over	63,547	63,777	63,830	63,751	63,830	63,901	63,976	63,924	64,043	64,194	64,186	64,338	64,332
16 to 24 years	8,986	9,070	9,054	9,059	9,116	9,210	9,278	9,236	9,241	9,275	9,165	9,295	9,262
16 to 19 years	2,704	2,744	2,743	2,724	2,760	2,797	2,851	2,836	2,837	2,868	2,763	2,859	2,867
16 to 17 years	1,008	1,053	1,020	1,013	1,034	1,066	1,111	1,068	1,064	1,099	1,048	1,105	1,116
18 to 19 years	1,711	1,700	1,713	1,678	1,717	1,710	1,755	1,773	1,769	1,757	1,728	1,755	1,758
20 to 24 years		6,326	6,311	6,335	6,356	6,413	6,427	6,400	6,404	6,407	6,402	6,436	6,396
25 years and over		54,674	54,781	54,677	54,732	54,693	54,694	54,690	54,808	54,918	55,002	55,114	55,031
25 to 54 years		46,252	46,335	46,365	46,478	46,430	46,455	46,478	46,495	46,624	46,775	46,733	46,803
55 years and over		8,413	8,415	8,302	8,273	8,269	8,243	8,214	8,328	8,270	8,305	8,404	8,269
Women, 16 years and over	53,717	53,741	53,750	53,759	53,892	53,879	53,748	53,763	54,021	54,117	53,885	54,114	54,233
16 to 24 years	8,527	8,467	8,481	8,331	8,436	8,399	8,325	8,252	8,365	8,415	8,382	8,364	8,360
16 to 19 years		2,605	2,646	2,526	2,585	2,632	2,607	2,581	2,586	2,623	2,638	2,647	2,564
16 to 17 years		987	1,012	986	1,001	1,046	972	956	964	994	1,026	1,041	943
18 to 19 years		1,610	1,631	1,538	1,579	1,609	1,629	1,628	1,615	1,622	1,607	1,626	1,617
20 to 24 years		5,862	5,835	5,805	5,851	5,767	5,718	5,671	5,779	5,792	5,744	5,717	5,796
25 years and over		45,246	45,278	45,419	45,470	45,504	45,434	45,516	45,611	45,685	45,479	45,790	45,910
25 to 54 years		38,908	38,956	39,075	39,048	39,127	39,084	39,110	39,231	39,318	39,181	39,308	39,535
55 years and over		6,363	6,263	6,398	6.412	6,382	6,364	6,384	6.401	6.373	6.294	6,469	6,372

A-37. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Sex and age					19	92						1993	
Sex and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	9,284	9,225	9,459	9,788	9,628	9,624	9,550	9,379	9,301	9,280	9,013	8,876	8,864
16 to 24 years	2,856	2,797	2,925	3,086	2,985	2,928	2,961	2,753	2,884	2,854	2,846	2,872	2,767
16 to 19 years	1,347	1,288	1,338	1,553	1,389	1,345	1,400	1,260	1,370	1,305	1,325	1,345	1,318
16 to 17 years	600	593	627	717	628	579	650	575	634	585	654	580	662
18 to 19 years	757	697	731	833	760	751	757	689	737	733	644	757	663
20 to 24 years	1,509	1,509	1,587	1,533	1,596	1,583	1,561	1,493	1,514	1,549	1,521	1,527	1,449
25 years and over	6,385	6,416	6,506	6,753	6,631	6,679	6,607	6,622	6,428	6,432	6,203	5.998	6.058
25 to 54 years	5,688	5,667	5,744	5,894	5,840	5,889	5,849	5,863	5,719	5,756	5,518	5,343	5,407
55 years and over	682	721	745	812	820	803	769	760	723	699	684	663	637
Men, 16 years and over	5,360	5,266	5,497	5,666	5,485	5,531	5,477	5,410	5,292	5,200	4,929	4,997	5,160
16 to 24 years	1,664	1,608	1,667	1,743	1,670	1,655	1,647	1,549	1,645	1,601	1,581	1,574	1,553
16 to 19 years	767	727	740	880	773	778	797	687	758	741	728	742	725
16 to 17 years	344	330	350	404	342	331	360	311	356	320	369	330	355
18 to 19 years	433	396	406	476	429	437	436	383	402	419	347	410	377
20 to 24 years	897	881	927	863	897	877	850	862	887	860	853	832	828
25 years and over	3,665	3,669	3,794	3,936	3,807	3,862	3,829	3,855	3,656	3,604	3,399	3,429	3.572
25 to 54 years	3,201	3 196	3,337	3,378	3,328	3,388	3,374	3,390	3,246	3,173	3,011	3,039	3.133
55 years and over	439	453	463	509	489	479	466	474	437	440	399	394	414
Women, 16 years and over	3,924	3,959	3,962	4,122	4,143	4,093	4,073	3,969	4,009	4,080	4,083	3,879	3,704
16 to 24 years	1,192	1,189	1,258	1,343	1,315	1,273	1,314	1,204	1,239	1,253	1,266	1,299	1,214
16 to 19 years	580	561	598	673	616	567	603	573	612	564	597	603	593
16 to 17 years	256	263	277	313	286	248	290	264	278	265	285	250	307
18 to 19 years	324	301	325	357	331	314	321	306	335	314	297	347	286
20 to 24 years	612	628	660	670	699	706	711	631	627	689	669	696	621
25 years and over	2,720	2,747	2,712	2.817	2,824	2,817	2,778	2,767	2.772	2,828	2.804	2,569	2.485
-25 to 54 years	2,487	2.471	2.407	2,516	2,512	2,501	2,475	2,473	2,473	2,583	2,507	2,304	2,274
55 years and over	243	268	282	303	331	324	303	286	286	259	285	269	222

A-38. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

					19	92						1993	
Sex and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.1	7.0	7.0
16 to 24 years	14.0	13.8	14.3	15.1	14.5	14.3	14.4	13.6	14.1	13.9	14.0	14.0	13.6
16 to 19 years	20.2	19.4	19.9	22.8	20.6	19.9	20.4	18.9	20.2	19.2	19.7	19.6	19.5
16 to 17 years	23.2	22.5	23.6	26.4	23.6	21.5	23.8	22.1	23.8	21.8	24.0	21,3	24.3
18 to 19 years	18.5	17.4	17.9	20.6	18.7	18.5	18.3	16.8	17.9	17.8	16.2	18.3	16.4
20 to 24 years	11.0	11.0	11.6	11.2	11.6	11.5	11.4	11.0	11.1	11.3	11.1	11.2	10.6
25 years and over	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.7
25 to 54 years	6.3	6.2	6.3	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.0	5.8	5.9
55 years and over	4.4	4.7	4.8	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.2
Men, 16 years and over	7.8	7.6	7.9	8.2	7.9	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.6	7.5	7.1	7.2	7.4
16 to 24 years	15.6	15.1	15.5	16.1	15.5	15.2	15.1	14.4	15.1	14.7	14.7	14.5	14.4
16 to 19 years	22.1	20.9	21.2	24.4	21.9	21.8	21.8	19.5	21.1	20.5	20.9	20.6	20.2
16 to 17 years	25.4	23.9	25.5	28.5	24.9	23.7	24.5	22.6	25.1	22.6	26.0	23.0	24.1
18 to 19 years	20.2	18.9	19.2	22.1	20.0	20.4	19.9	17.8	18.5	19.3	16.7	18.9	17.7
20 to 24 years	12.5	12.2	12.8	12.0	12.4	12.0	11.7	11.9	12.2	11.8	11.8	11.4	11.5
25 years and over	6.3	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.5	6.6	6.5	6.6	6.3	6.2	5.8	5.9	6.1
25 to 54 years	6.5	6.5	6.7	6.8	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.5	6.4	6.0	6.1	6.3
55 years and over	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.8	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.5	5.0	5.1	4.6	4.5	4.8
Women, 16 years and over	6.8	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.7	6.4
16 to 24 years	12.3	12.3	12.9	13.9	13.5	13.2	13.6	12.7	12.9	13.0	13.1	13.4	12.7
16 to 19 years	18.2	17.7	18.4	21.0	19.2	17.7	18.8	18.2	19.1	17.7	18.5	18.6	18.8
16 to 17 years	20.7	21.0	21.5	24.1	22.2	19.2	23.0	21.6	22.4	21.0	21.7	19.4	24.6
18 to 19 years	16.7	15.8	16.6	18.8	17.3	16.3	16.5	15.8	17.2	16.2	15.6	17.6	15.0
20 to 24 years	9.4	9.7	10.2	10.3	10.7	10.9	11.1	10.0	9.8	10.6	10.4	10.8	9.7
25 years and over	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.3	5.1
25 to 54 years	6.0	6.0	5.8	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.2	6.0	5.5	5.4
55 years and over	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.5	4.9	4.8	4.5	4.3	4.3	3.9	4.3	4.0	3.4

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-39. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

					19	92						1993	
Category	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total (all civilian workers)		7.3	7.4	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.1	7.0	7.0
Men, 20 years and over		6.9	7.2	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.2	6.9	6.8	6.4	6.5	6.7
Women, 20 years and over		6.2	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.4	6.4	6.0	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	20.2	19.4	19.9	22.8	20.6	19.9	20.4	18.9	20.2	19.2	19.7	19.6	19.5
White	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.1
Black and other		12.4	12.9	13.1	13.0	12.9	12.6	12.5	12.6	12.8	12.9	12.0	12.0
Black	. 13.9	13.8	14.5	14.5	14.4	14.2	13.9	14.1	14.0	14.2	14.2	13.1	13.5
Hispanic origin	. 11.3	10.4	11.3	11.8	11.8	11.3	11.6	11.7	12.0	11.7	11.6	11.4	11.4
Married men, spouse present	4.9	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.1	4.9	4.8	4.5	4.5	4.7
Married women, spouse present	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.4	4.3
Women who maintain families	9.9	10.0	9.9	10.1	10.3	10.3	9.1	9.3	10.4	10.3	10.6	10.2	9.0
Full-time workers	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.7	6.6	6.6
Part-time workers	. 9.0	8.9	9.3	9.3	9.2	9.1	9.5	9.2	9.2	9.7	9.3	9.1	8.9
Unemployed 15 weeks and over1	. 2.5	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.4
Labor force time lost ²		8.2	8.3	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.1	7.9	7.9	7.9
OCCUPATION ³													
Managerial and professional specialty		3.1	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.1
Technical, sales, and administrative support		5.6	5.7	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.7	5.8	5.5	5.2	5.1
Precision production, craft, and repair		8.7	8.7	9.0	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.8	7.9	7.8	8.4
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		11.0	11.2	11.3	11.4	11.1	11.1	11.0	10.6	10.0	9.8	9.9	10.3
Farming, forestry, and fishing	. 7.1	7.2	8.0	8.2	8.5	7.9	8.9	7.9	8.8	8.7	8.5	9.0	8.3
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers		7.6	7.7	7.9	7.8	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.2	7.2
Goods-producing industries		9.6	9.7	10.1	10.1	10.0	10.1	9.9	9.3	9.0	8.8	8.6	9.0
Mining		7.3	8.5	9.0	9.9	10.6	7.2	8.3	5.3	5.5	7.8	7.1	5.5
Construction		16.6	16.9	17.4	17.0	17.0	17.4	16.1	14.5	15.7	14.3	13.7	15.3
Manufacturing		7.6	7.7	8.1	8.2	8.0	8.1	8.2	8.0	7.2	7.3	7.2	7.3
Durable goods		7.6	7.8	8.1	8.4	8.3	8.4	8.9	8.5	7.5	7.3	6.9	7.0
Nondurable goods		7.6	7.6	8.1	8.0	7.4	7.7	7.3	7.3	6.9	7.2	7.5	7.6
Service-producing industries		6.7	6.9	7.0	6.9	7.1	6.9	7.0	6.7	6.9	6.7	6.6	6.4
Transportation and public utilities		4.7	5.1	5.5	5.7	5.4	5.7	5.8	6.1	5.6	4.9	4.6	4.9
Wholesale and retail trade		8.3	8.4	8.6	8.5	9.0	8.5	8.1	7.9	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.9
Finance and service industries		6.0	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.4	6.1	6.5	6.3	6.1	5.7
Government workers		3.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.0	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Agricultural wage and salary workers	. 10.5	10.9	13.3	12.8	13.8	11.4	14.3	12.5	13.5	12.2	11.6	13.1	12.1

¹ Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.

² Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force

³ Seasonally adjusted data for service occupations are not available because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

A-40. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

					19	92						1993	
Weeks of unemployment	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
DURATION									l İ				
Less than 5 weeks	3,291	3,269	3,362	3,512	3,373	3,289	3,281	3,192	3,120	3,042	3,272	3,232	3,102
5 to 14 weeks	2,698	2,706	2,663	2,783	2,776	2,846	2,847	2,666	2,835	2,688	2,481	2,487	2,566
15 weeks and over	3,185	3,072	3,349	3,432	3,547	3,547	3,522	3,564	3,446	3,605	3,317	3,143	3,073
15 to 26 weeks	1,417	1,303	1,405	1,363	1,459	1,502	1,427	1,475	1,438	1,540	1,407	1,236	1,259
27 weeks and over	1,768	1,769	1,944	2,069	2,088	2,045	2,095	2,089	2,008	2,065	1,910	1,907	1,814
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	17.0	17.2	17.9	18.2	18.3	18.3	18.5	19.2	18.4	19.2	18.7	18.3	17.5
Median duration, in weeks	8.1	8.6	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.9	9.3	9.3	9.4	9.4	8.5	8.2	8.3
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	35.9	36.1	35.9	36.1	34.8	34.0	34.0	33.9	33.2	32.6	36.1	36.5	35.5
5 to 14 weeks	29.4	29.9	28.4	28.6	28.6	29.4	29.5	28.3	30.2	28.8	27.4	28.1	29.4
15 weeks and over	34.7	34.0	35.7	35.3	36.6	36.6	36.5	37.8	36.7	38.6	36.6	35.5	35.2
15 to 26 weeks	15.4	14.4	15.0	14.0	15.0	15.5	14.8	15.7	15.3	16.5	15.5	13.9	14.4
27 weeks and over	19.3	19.6	20.7	21.3	21.5	21.1	21.7	22.2	21.4	22.1	21.1	21.5	20.7

A-41. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

					19	92						1993	
Reasons for unemployment	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers	5,269	5,219	5,430	5,535	5,462	5,414	5,438	5,492	5,207	5,138	4,847	4,648	4.812
On layoff	1,235	1,227	1,211	1,312	1,296	1,255	1,335	1,265	1,195	1,204	1,029	1,049	1,076
Other job losers		3,992	4,219	4,223	4,166	4,159	4,103	4,227	4,012	3,934	3,818	3,599	3.735
Job leavers	947	1,009	992	1,017	1,003	1,009	963	913	977	972	821	1,046	1,096
Reentrants	2,203	2,137	2,194	2,266	2,273	2,246	2,274	2,206	2,194	2,237	2,346	2,299	2,047
New entrants	832	853	863	999	958	941	944	784	930	930	960	887	930
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	57.0	56.6	57.3	56.4	56.3	56.3	56.5	58.5	55.9	55.4	54.0	52.3	54.2
On layoff	13.3	13.3	12.8	13.4	13.4	13.1	13.9	13.5	12.8	13.0	11.5	11.8	12.1
Other job losers	43.6	43.3	44.5	43.0	43.0	43.3	42.7	45.0	43.1	42.4	42.5	40.5	42.0
Job leavers	10.2	10.9	10.5	10.4	10.3	10.5	10.0	9.7	10.5	10.5	9.1	11.8	12.3
Reentrants	23.8	23.2	23.1	23.1	23.4	23.4	23.6	23.5	23.6	24.1	26.1	25.9	23.0
New entrants	9.0	9.3	9.1	10.2	9.9	9.8	9.8	8.3	10.0	10.0	10.7	10.0	10.5
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Job losers	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.8
Job leavers	.7	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.7	.8	.8	.6	.8	.9
Reentrants	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6
New entrants	.7	.7	.7	.8	.8	.7	.7	.6	.7	.7	8	.7	.7

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-42. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

European states and any	L	19	90			19	91			19	92		1993
Employment status and sex	1	II	155	IV	L	11	111	IV	ı	ll ll	III	IV	1
TOTAL													
Noninstitutional population ¹							191,593						
Labor force1	126,325	126,413	126,410	126,639	126,551	126,863	126,834	127,279	127,843	128,600	128,909	128,874	128,788
Percent of population ²	66.8	66.7	66.6	66.5	66.4	66.4	66.2	66.3	66.4	66.7	66.7	66.5	
Total employed1	119,768	119,848	119,461	119,144	118,421	118,430	118,395	118,496	118,677	119,110	119,309	119,554	119,870
Employment-population ratio ³	63.3	63.3	62.9	62.6	62.1	62.0	61.8	61.7	61.7	61.8	61.7	61.7	61.7
Resident Armed Forces	1,681	1,642	1,623	1,601	1,559	1,473	1,615	1,608	1,590	1,574	1,567	1,533	1,508
Civilian employed	118,087	118,206	117,838	117,543	116,862	116,957	116,780	116,888	117,087	117,536	117,742	118,021	118,362
Agriculture		3,236	3,137	3,211	3,175	3,244	3,262	3,226	3,184	3,212	3,215	3,213	
Nonagricultural industries	114,922	114,970	114,701	114,332	113,687	113,713	113,519	113,662	113,903	114,324	114,527	114,807	115,232
Unemployed	6,557	6,566	6,948	7,494	8,130	8,433	8,439	8,783	9,166	9,491	9,601	9,320	8,917
Unemployment rate4	5.2	5.2	5.5	5.9	6.4	6.6	6.7	6.9	7.2	7.4	7.4	7.2	6.9
Not in labor force	62,767	63,053	63,479	63,658	64,120	64,133	64,759	64,778	64,634	64,283	64,443	64,978	65,516
Men													
Noninstitutional population ¹	90,823	91,014	91,226		91,609	91,737	92,103	92,355	92,585	92,807	93,059	93,328	93,566
Labor force ¹	69,668	69,674	69,626	69,915	69,710	69,758	69,872	69,931	70,160	70,676	70,808	70,730	70,666
Percent of population ²	76.7	76.6	76.3	76.5	76.1	76.0	75.9	75.7	75.8	76.2	76.1	75.8	75.5
Total employed1	66,105	66,061	65,773	65,684	65,078	64,922	64,970	64,966	64,874	65,200	65,310	65,429	65,637
Employment-population ratio ³	72.8	72.6	72.1	71.8	71.0	70.8	70.5	70.3	70.1	70.3	70.2	70.1	70.2
Resident Armed Forces	1,509	1,479	1,459	1,440	1,402	1,319	1,441	1,434	1,419	1,414	1,408	1,376	1,352
Civilian employed	64,596	64,582	64,314		63,676		63,529	63,532	63,455		63,902	64,054	64,285
Unemployed	3,563	3,613	3,853	4,231	4,632	4,836	4,902	4,965	5,286	5,476	5,498	5,301	5,029
Unemployment rate4	5.1	5.2	5.5	6.1	6.6	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.5	7.7	7.8	7.5	7.1
Not in labor force	21,155	21,341	21,600	21,510	21,899	21,980	22,230	22,424	22,424	22,131	22,252	22,598	22,900
Women													
Noninstitutional population ¹	98,270	98,452	98,663	98,872	99,062	99,259	99,490	99,701	99,893	100,077	100,294	100,525	100,738
Labor force1	56,658	56,740	56,783	56,723	56,842	57,105	56,962	57,348	57,683	57,924	58,102	58,144	58,122
Percent of population ²	57.7	57.6	57.6	57.4	57.4	57.5	57.3	57.5	57.7	57.9	57.9	57.8	57.7
Total employed1	53,664	53,787	53,687	53,459	53,343	53,508	53,425	53,530	53,803	53,910	53,999	54,125	54,233
Employment-population ratio ³	54.6	54.6	54.4	54.1	53.8	53.9	53.7	53.7	53.9	53.9	53.8	53.8	53.8
Resident Armed Forces	173	163	163	160	157	154	174	173	170	160	159	158	156
Civilian employed	53,491	53,624	53,524		53,186		53,251	53,356	53,633	53,750	53,840	53,967	54,077
Unemployed			3,095	3,263	3,499	3,598	3,537	3,818	3,880	4,014	4,103	4,019	3,889
Unemployment rate4	5.3	5.2	5.5	5.8	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.7	6.7	6.9	7.1	6.9	6.7
Not in labor force	41,612	41,712	41,879	42.148	42,220	42,154	42,528	42,354	42,210	42,153	42.192	42,381	42,616

 $^{^{\}rm I}$ Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

Armed Forces).

NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-42 through A-53 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

² Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

⁴ Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

A-43. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		19	90			19	91			19	92		1993
sex, and age	1	H	111	IV	ı	11	111	IV	ı	11	Ш	IV	ı
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population'				188,696									
Civilian labor force				125,038									
Percent of population		66.4	66.3	1	66.1	66.2	65.9	66.0	66.1	66.4	66.4	66.2	
Employed		118,206 62.9	62.6	117,543 62.3	61.8	61.7	116,780 61.5	61.4					
Employment-population ratio' Unemployed	63.0 6,557	6,566	6,948	4	8,130	8,433	8,439	8,783		1	61.4 9.601	61.4 9,320	
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.3	5.6		6.5	6.7	6.7	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3	
, ,	0.0	5.5					5	,,,	,,,,		,		, ,,,
Men, 16 years and over	89,314	89,536	 89,767	89,985	90.207	90,418	90,662	90,921	91,165	91,393	91,652	91,952	02.21
Civilian noninstitutional population' Civilian labor force	68,159	68,195	68,167	1	68,308	68,438	68,432	1	68,741		69,400		
Percent of population		76.2	75.9		75.7	75.7	75.5	75.3	75.4		75.7	75.4	
Employed	64,596	64,582			63,676	63,603	63,529	63,532			63,902		
Employment-population ratio ²	72.3	72.1	71.6	71.4	70.6	70.3	70.1	69.9	69.6	69.8	69.7	69.7	
Agriculture		2,521	2,473	1 '	2,503	2,577	2,573	2,530	2,484	2,528	2,555	2,561	2,496
Nonagricultural industries		62,060	61,841			61,025	60,957	61,002		61,258	61,347	61,492	
Unemployed	3,563	3,613	3,853		4,632	4,836	4,902	4,965			5,498		5,029
Unemployment rate	5.2 21,155	5.3 21,341	5.7 21,600	6.2 21,510	6.8 21,899	7.1 21,980	7.2 22,230	7.2 22,424	7.7 22,424	7.9	7.9		
Not in labor force	21,155	21,341	21,600	21,510	21,099	21,900	22,230	22,424	22,424	22,131	22,252	22,598	22,900
Men, 20 years and over Civilian noninstitutional population	82,264	82,581	82,864	83,105	83,376	83,650	83,943	84,254	84,535	84.756	85,010	95 262	05.55
Civilian labor force	64,156	64,265	64,404	64,699	64,601	64.823	64,907	65,004			65,815		
Percent of population		77.8	77.7	77.9	77.5	77.5	77.3	77.2	77.2	77.6	77.4	77.1	76.9
Employed		61,259	61,183		60,668	60,718		60,746			61,100		
Employment-population ratio ²		74.2	73.8		72.8	72.6	72.3	72.1	71.8	72.0	71.9	71.8	
Agriculture	2,281	2,335	2,267	2,325	2,305	2,371	2,380	2,366	2,329	2,361	2,368	2,358	2,295
Nonagricultural industries		58,923	58,915			58,346					58,732	58,848	59,160
Unemployed	2,954	3,006	3,222		3,932	4,105	4,203	4,258		4,694	4,715	4,572	
Unemployment rate	4.6	4.7	5.0	1	6.1	6.3	6.5	6.6	7.0		7.2	7.0	
Not in labor force	18,108	18,316	18,460	18,406	18,775	18,827	19,036	19,250	19,296	19,013	19,195	19,483	19,801
Women, 16 years and over		00.000	00.400	00.744	00 005	00.400	00.046	00.500	00 700				
Civilian noninstitutional population'	98,097 56,485	98,289 56,577	98,499 56,620		98,905 56,685	99,106 56,952	99,316 56,788	99,528 57,174				100,367	
Civilian labor force Percent of population	57.6	57.6	57.5		57.3	57.5	57.2	57,174	57,513	57,764	57,943 57.9	57,986 57.8	
Employed		53,624	53,524	1 .	53,186	53,354	53,251	53,356			53,840		
Employment-population ratio ²	54.5	54.6	54.3		53.8	53.8	53.6	53.6	53.8	53.8	53.8	53.8	1
Agriculture	662	715	665	675	671	666	689	696	700	684	660	652	
Nonagricultural industries	52,830	52,909	52,860	52,624	52,515	52,688	52,562	52,660	52,932	53,066	53,179	53,315	53,443
Unemployed	2,993	2,953	3,095		3,499	3,598	3,537	3,818			4,103	4,019	3,889
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.2	5.5	5.8	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.7	6.7	6.9	7.1	6.9	
Not in labor force	41,612	41,712	41,879	42,148	42,220	42,154	42,528	42,354	42,210	42,153	42,192	42,381	42,616
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population	91,162	91,413			92,203	92,453	92,724	92,955			93,633		. ,
Civilian labor force Percent of population	52,781 57.9	52,987 58.0	53,139 58.0		53,245 57.7	53,578 58.0	53,593 57.8	53,870 58.0	54,280 58.2	54,561 58.4	54,739	,	1 '
Employed		50,541	50,554	1	1	50.545	50,622				58.5 51,232	58.4 51,370	
EmployedEmployed ratio ²	55.2	55.3	55.1	54.8	54.6	54.7	54.6	54.5	54.7	51,138	51,232	51,370	51,460
Agriculture	616	663	622		638	625	649	662	656	644	610	604	
Nonagricultural industries		49,878		ı	1		49,973		I .		50,622	50,766	1
Unemployed	2,469	2,446	2,586	2,727	2,909	3,032	2,971	3,216	3,304	3,404	3,508	3,436	3,291
Unemployment rate	4.7	4.6		1	5.5	5.7	5.5	6.0	I .	6.2	6.4	6.3	6.0
Not in labor force	38,381	38,426	38,539	38,794	38,958	38,875	39,131	39,085	38,916	38,844	38,894	39,053	39,330
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	13,985	13,830			13,532	13,420	13,312				13,144		
Civilian labor force	7,707	7,520				6,989	6,720	6,797	6,734		6,789	1 .	
Percent of population	55.1 6,574	54.4 6,406	52.8 6,102	1	ŀ	52.1 5,694	50.5	51.3 5.488	ı		51.7	51.2	1
Employed Employment-population ratio ²	47.0					42.4	5,454 41.0	5,488 41.5	5,407 41.1	5,329 40.5	5,411	5,444	1 '
Agriculture	1		,	1		248	233	198	200	40.5 207	41.2 237	41.3 251	
Nonagricultural industries	i .	1	1		5,625	5,446	5,221	5,291	5,207	5,122	5,173		5,204
Unemployed	1,134			1 .		1,296		1,309		1,393	1,378	1 .	1 .
					1								,,020
Unemployment rate	14.7	14.8	15.8	16.8	18.0	18.5	18.8	19.3	19.7	20.7	20.3	19.4	19.6

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

population.

² Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-44. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		19	90			19	91	,,		19	92		1993
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	ı	11	III	IV	1	u	Ш	IV	1	11	111	IV	ı
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	160.007	160,269	160.553	160,830	161,095	161.357	161.646	161.947	162,223	162,486	162.788	163.135	163,438
Civilian labor force										108,545			
Percent of population	66.9	66.9	66.8	66.7	66.6	66.7	66.4	66.5	66.7	66.8	66.8	66.6	66.6
Employed	102,188								101,199	101,439	101,498	101,772	102,145
Employment-population ratio ²	63.9	63.8	63.6	63.3	62.7	62.7	62.4	62.4	62.4	62.4	62.3	62.4	62.5
Unemployed	4,875	4,905		5,529	6,222	6,447	,		6,957	7,106	7,201	6,945	6,682
Unemployment rate	4.6	4.6	4.8	5.2	5.8	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.4	6.1
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	55,895	55,857	55,981	56,166	56,090	56,251	56,309		56,553	56,881	56,918	56,902	56,969
Percent of population	78.5	78.2		78.2	77.9	77.9		77.6	77.7	78.0	77.8	77.6	77.5
Employed	53,650			53,486	52,986	53,053		52,991	53,015				
Employment-population ratio ²		75.0	74.9	74.5	73.6	73.5	73.2	73.0	72.9	73.0	72.9	72.9	73.0
Unemployed	2,245	2,296		2,680	3,104	3,198 5.7	f -		3,538	3,630	3,622	3,496	3,329
Unemployment rate	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.8	5.5	5.7	5.9	5.9	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.1	5.8
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	44,566	44,826		44,941	45,065	45,319		,	45,824	45,947	46,035	46,080	46,080
Percent of population	57.4	57.7	57.8	57.5	57.6	57.8	57.6	57.7	58.1	58.1	58.1	58.1	58.0
Employed	42,796	43,044	43,174	42,972	42,910	43,068	43,080	43,136	43,401	43,483	43,450	43,564	43,683
Employment-population ratio ²	55.2	55.4	55.4	55.0	54.8	54.9	54.8	54.8	55.0	55.0	54.9	54.9	55.0
Unemployed	1,770	1,782	1,853	1,969	2,156	2,251			2,424	2,464	2,585	2,516	2,398
Unemployment rate	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.8	5.0	4.9	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.6	5.5	5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years												}	
Civilian labor force	6,602	6,462		6,166	6,151	6,023	, ,	5,884	5,779	5,717	5,745	- •	
Percent of population		58.0	56.8	56.4	56.8	56.2		55.5	54.8	54.5	54.8	54.6	1
Employed		5,635	5,405	5,287	5,189	5,026		4,885	4,783	4,704	4,751	4,802	4,822
Employment-population ratio ²		50.6		48.3	48.0	46.9			45.4	44.8	45.4	45.7	45.8
Unemployed		827	861	879	962	997	953	999	995		994	933	
Unemployment rate		!	13.7	14.3	15.6	16.6	l .	17.0	17.2		17.3	16.3	16.5
Men Women	13.3 12.7	13.3 12.2	14.8 12.5	15.5 12.9	16.8 14.4	18.1 14.9	l .	17.8 16.1	18.8 15.5	1	18.7 15.7	16.9 15.5	
BLACK													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	21,187	21,259	21,339	21,416	21,493	21,568	21,656	21,744	21,828	21,909	21,997	22.096	22,186
Civilian labor force	13,525			13,535	13,536		13,542		13,729				, ,
Percent of population				63.2	63.0	62.8		62.3	62.9		63.8		
Employed				11,876	11.898	11,854		11,813	11,831	11,895		11,964	
Employment-population ratio ²	56.9			55.5	55.4	55.0		,	54.2			, ,	
Unemployed	1,479	1,406	1,575	1,659	1,637	1,693	1,655	1,732	1,898	1,980	1,991	1,962	1,891
Unemployment rate	10.9	10.4	11.7	12.3	12.1	12.5	12.2	12.8	13.8	14.3	14.2	14.1	13.6
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	6,213	6,251	6,295	6,349	6,372	6,341	6,364	6,377	6,433	6,474	6,503	6,477	6,504
Percent of population	1	1 '						1 7					
Employed			1	5,619				r	5,567		l .	1	
Employment-population ratio ²								64.6			63.3		
Unemployed	623	585	694	729	713	762	729	727	866	867	885	863	824
Unemployment rate	10.0	9.4	11.0	11.5	11.2	12.0	11.4	11.4	13.5	13.4	13.6	13.3	12.7
Women, 20 years and over											:		
Civilian labor force							1 -	, .					1 '
Percent of population		1			59.2						1		5
Employed													
Employment-population ratio ²													
Unemployed	. 610	575	625	644	639	672	658	738	742	794	783	778	751
Unemployment rate	1	1	9.9		10.0	10.4	10.2	11.4	11.4	12.0	11.7		11.4

See footnotes at end of table.

A-44. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Hispanic origin I II III IV I II III IV I I	Employment status,		19	90			19	91			19	92		1993
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years 876 837 792 822 785 751 722 722 784 776 808 780 786 Percent of population 40.4 38.9 37.0 38.4 37.2 35.5 34.5 34.7 37.7 37.5 39.0 37.5 37.7 Employed 631 591 536 536 499 492 453 455 494 458 460 470 Employment-population ratio² 29.1 27.5 25.1 25.1 23.6 23.3 21.7 21.8 23.8 22.1 23.4 22.1 22.6 Unemployment rate 28.0 24.4 22.5 286 265 269 269 267 290 319 323 320 316 Men 29.5 30.7 33.8 34.7 36.5 35.9 37.0 37.0 41.0 40.0 41.0 40.2 Women 26.5 28.0	race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	1	II.	=	2	l	II	(11	≥	ı	11	III	IV	ı
Percent of population									:					
Employed	Civilian labor force	1					-		722	784	776	808	780	786
Employment-population ratio² 29.1 27.5 25.1 25.1 23.6 23.3 21.7 21.8 23.8 22.1 23.4 22.1 22.6 Unemployed 246 246 246 255 286 286 259 269 267 290 319 323 320 316 Unemployment rate 28.0 29.4 32.3 34.8 36.4 34.5 37.2 37.0 37.0 41.0 40.0 41.0 40.2 Men 29.5 30.7 33.8 34.7 36.5 35.9 37.0 37.7 43.8 43.1 43.7 40.6 Women 26.5 28.0 30.5 34.8 36.4 32.9 37.4 37.3 36.1 38.1 36.6 37.9 39.6 HISPANIC ORIGIN Civilian noninstitutional population¹ 14,119 14,238 14,356 14,474 14,593 14,711 14,829 14,948 15,066 15,184 15,303 15,421 15,542	Percent of population	40.4	38.9	37.0	38.4	37.2	35.5	34.5	34.7	37.7	37.5	39.0	37.5	37.7
Unemployed	Employed	631	591	536	536	499	492	453	455	494	458	485	460	470
Unemployed	Employment-population ratio ²	29.1						21.7	21.8	23.8	22.1	23.4	22.1	22.6
Unemployment rate	Unemployed	246	246	255	286	286	259	269	267	290	319	323	320	316
Women		28.0	29.4	32.3	34.8	36.4	34.5	37.2	37.0	37.0	41.0	40.0	41.0	40.2
HISPANIC ORIGIN Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	Men	29.5	30.7	33.8	34.7	36.5	35.9	37.0	36.7	37.7	43.8	43.1	43.7	40.6
Civilian noninstitutional population 14,119 14,238 14,356 14,474 14,593 14,711 14,829 14,948 15,066 15,184 15,303 15,421 15,542	Women	26.5	28.0	30.5	34.8	36.4	32.9	37.4	37.3	36.1	38.1	36.6	37.9	39.6
	HISPANIC ORIGIN													
	Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	14,119	14,238	14,356	14,474	14,593	14,711	14,829	14,948	15,066	15,184	15.303	15.421	15.542
	Civilian labor force	9,494	9,604	9,644	9,575	9,636	9,708	9,818	9,902	10,030	10,083	10,160	10,257	10,282
	Percent of population	67.2	67.5	67.2	66.2	66.0	66.0	66.2	66.2	66.6	66.4	66.4		66.2
Employed	Employed	8,776	8,871	8,866	8,720	8,722	8,782	8,824	8,873	8,899	8,955	8,984	9.049	
Employment-population ratio ²		62.2	62.3	61.8	60.2	59.8	59.7							
Unemployed		717	734	778	855	913	926	994	1,028	1,131	1,128	1,176		
Unemployment rate		7.6	7.6	8.1	8.9	9.5	9.5	10.1				· ·	,	,

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-45. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex, and age, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

Full- and part- time status, sex,		19	90			19	91			19	92		1993
and age	1	11	111	IV	_	Ш	III	IV	I	11	ĦI	IV	ı
EMPLOYED													
Full-time workers	98,221	98,270		97,630	96,810	96,634	96,505	96,363	96,640	97,108	97,042	97,281	97,741
Men, 16 years and over	58,155	58,058	57,906	57,800	57,203	56,993	56,792	56,748	56,699	57,022	56,836	57,027	57,371
Men, 20 years and over	56,739	56,689	56,610	56,512	55,993	55,906	55,806	55,698	55,607	56,025	55,874	55,996	56,291
Women, 16 years and over	39,973	40,203	40,046	39,844	39,648	39,635	39,600	39,687	40,044	40,065	40,104	40,313	40,463
Women, 20 years and over	38,954	39,178	39,083	38,947	38,819	38,791	38,877	38,942	39,304	39,363	39,397	39,578	39,761
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,528	2,403	2,243	2,171	1,999	1,937	1,821	1,723	1,729	1,720	1,771	1,707	1,689
Part-time workers	19,993	19,908	19,873	19,893	20,051	20,315	20,402	20,439	20,386	20,439	20,826	20,645	20,569
Men, 16 years and over	6,454	6,500	6,411	6,436	6,499	6,602	6,733	6,786	6,797	6,760	7,049	7,019	6,949
Men, 20 years and over	4,498	4,561	4,563	4,611	4,689	4,823	4,914	5,023	5,088	5,040	5,255	5,187	5,156
Women, 16 years and over	13,516	13,418	13,482	13,452	13,539	13,715	13,666	13,660	13,588	13,680	13,751	13,638	13,624
Women, 20 years and over	11,374	11,353	11,462	11,483	11,532	11,748	11,743	11,700	11,691	11,794	11,824	11,778	11,745
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	4,121	3,994	3,849	3,798	3,830	3,743	3,745	3,715	3,607	3,605	3,747	3,679	3,669
UNEMPLOYED													
Looking for full-time work	5,237	5,244	5,601	6,163	6,683	6,890	6,983	7,244	7,585	7,827	7,960	7,643	7,289
Men, 16 years and over	2,990	3,087	3,317	3,683	4,104	4,191	4,249	4,321	4,785	4,774	4,708	4,543	4,473
Men, 20 years and over	2,728	2,764	2,980	3,340	3,694	3,841	3,929	3,986	4,265	4,413	4,430	4,283	4,030
Women, 16 years and over	2,164	2,164	2,297	2,479	2,649	2,686	2,689	2,859	2,963	3,033	3,193	2,999	2,933
Women, 20 years and over	1,941	1,943	2,069	2,233	2,361	2,449	2,419	2,637	2,721	2,759	2,901	2,788	2,674
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	567	536	551	590	628	600	635	620	600	655	629	572	584
Looking for part-time work	1,309	1,312	1,384	1,328	1,444	1,518	1,485	1,541	1,577	1,626	1,674	1,683	1,627
Men, 16 years and over	493	522	568	556	590	615	607	614	656	661	708	699	659
Men, 20 years and over	227	241	249	221	241	255	278	272	273	265	291	288	272
Women, 16 years and over	824	785	809	773	853	894	878	929	930	953	969	979	974
Women, 20 years and over	529	497	526	494	553	570	560	581	587	627	618	655	621
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	553	574	608	613	650	693	647	687	716	735	765	739	733

NOTE: Employed persons with a job but not at work and persons at work part time are distributed according to whether they usually work full

or part time; unemployed persons are classified according to whether they are seeking full- or part-time jobs.

A-46. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

0.1		19	90			19	91			19	92		1993
Category	ı	II	III	IV	ı	11	111	IV	ı	II	III	IV	l
CHARACTERISTIC													
otal	118.087	118.206	117.838	117.543	116.862	116.957	116.780	116,888	117.087	117.536	117.742	118.021	118.36
Married men, spouse present		40,770	40,689		40,456		40,486		40,071	40,357	40.287	40.483	
Married women, spouse present		29,846	29,782	29,763	29,660	29,728	29,857	29,849	29,952	30,172	30,196	30,226	30,49
Women who maintain families		6,399	6,358	6,357	6,420	6,422	6,494	6,493	6,563	6,564	6,615	6,586	6,65
OCCUPATION													
Managerial and professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative	30,635	30,508	30,793	30,691	30,857	30,915	30,974	31,295	31,019	31,026	31,122	31,434	32,01
support	36,980	36,857	36,428	36,488	36,200	36,154	36,024	36,006	36,750	36,939	36,852	36,714	36,48
Service occupations			15,874	15,861	15,841	15,944	16,062					16,100	16,43
Precision production, craft, and repair		13,712	13,607	13,460	13,359	13,224	13,042		12,863			13,267	12,88
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	· · · -	17,822	17,747	17.649	17,209	17,161	17,243	17.057	16,967	16,960		16,965	
Farming, forestry, and fishing		3,437	3,411	3,394	3,438	3,494	3,469	3,420	3,420	3.394	3,483	3,526	3,36
3 .	, 0,000	5,	,	5,55	•,	, ., .	.,	0,120	-,,	,,,,,,	,,,,,,,	0,020	0,00
INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER													
Agriculture:													
Wage and salary workers	1,644	1,668	1,697	1,697	1,614	1,692	1,696	1,670	1,676	1,710	1,701	1,692	1,61
Self-employed workers	1,399	1,464	1,339	1,404	1,419	1,440	1,457	1,452	1,415	1,387	1,402	1,391	1,38
Unpaid family workers	111	109	103	106	146	110	114	112	103	110	107	129	13
Nonagricultural industries:										l	l		
Wage and salary workers		105,935	105,730	105,213				104,516					, ,
Government		17,908	17,660	17,648	17,840	17,968	17,866			17,939	,		18,50
Private industries			88,070	87,565	86,811	86,509	86,585	86,598				87,701	87,65
Private households		1,004	1,007	1,013	980	971	1,034	981	1,075	1,109	1,169	1,101	1,09
Other industries		87,022	87,063	86,552	85,831	85,538	85,551	85,617	86,216		,	86,600	
Self-employed workers		8,757	8,732	8,816	8,859	8,989	8,883	8,859	8,618	8,557	8,656	8,642	8,89
Unpaid family workers	274	247	248	242	232	227	214	229	232	248	236	210	22
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME													
All industries:			_			_ '			_				
Part time for economic reasons		4,917	5,202	5,486	5,786	5,952	6,142	6,349	6,465	6,310	6,352	6,425	6,25
Slack work		2,437	2,589	2,832	3,107	3,201	3,200	3,320	3,225	3,239	3,236	3,176	3,06
Could only find part-time work		2,154	2,235	2,330	2,331	2,460	2,627	2,720	2,935	2,773	2,823	2,971	2,91
Voluntary part time	15,342	15,335	15,186	15,045	14,985	15,179	15,009	14,898	14,558	14,888	14,944	14,818	14,76
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons			4,945		5,504	5,701	5,836	6,072	6,190	6,044	6,088	6,148	6,03
Slack work			2,410	2,652	2,908	3,012	3,013	3,139	3,034	3,032	3,082	3,000	
Could only find part-time work		2,097	2,173	2,261	2,264	2,378	2,536	2,648	2,861	2,695	2,747	2,899	2,85
Voluntary part time	14,882	14,837	14,776	14,637	14,575	14,732	14.567	14,434	14.107	14,462	14.523	14.404	14,32

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey

period for suc reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-47. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

0		19	90			19	91			19	92		1993
Sex and age	ı	11	111	IV	-	9	III	IV	ı	II	III	١٧	ı
Total, 16 years and over	118,087	118,206	117,838	117,543	116,862	116,957	116,780	116,888	117,087	117,536	117,742	118,021	118,362
6 to 24 years	19,260	19,089	18,702	18,481	18,245	17,916	17,622	17,648	17,544	17,487	17,588	17,595	17,609
16 to 19 years	6,574	6,406	6,102	5,973	5,857	5,694	5,454	5,488	5,407	5,329	5,411	5,444	5,446
16 to 17 years	2,488	2,384	2,234	2,208	2,226	2,142	2,045	2,088	2,051	2,024	2,077	2,048	2,093
18 to 19 years	4,096	4,013	3,864	3,759	3,649	3,542	3,416	3,405	3,385	3,290	3,333	3,388	3,36
20 to 24 years	12,687	12,683	12,600	12,509	12,388	12,222	12,168	12,160	12,137	12,158	12,177	12,151	12,163
5 years and over	98,847	99,081	99,165	99,040	98,644	99,013	99,189	99,220	99,564	100,025	100,176	100,409	100,775
25 to 54 years	83,965	84,189	84,240	84,157	83,949	84,323	84,528	84,647	84,800	85,297	85,541	85,752	86,112
55 years and over	14,876	14,886	14,945	14,869	14,691	14,682	14,682	14,562	14,761	14,718	14,648	14,657	14,704
Men, 16 years and over	64,596	64,582	64,314	64,244	63,676	63,603	63,529	63,532	63,455	63,786	63,902	64,054	64,28
6 to 24 years	10,065	9,989	9,739	9,651	9,491	9,305	9,226	9,166	9,045	9,061	9,201	9,251	9,241
16 to 19 years	3,395	3,323	3,131	3,106	3,008	2,885	2,825	2,786	2,750	2,737	2,803	2,847	2,830
16 to 17 years	1,286	1,232	1,147	1,160	1,156	1,101	1,055	1,055	1,033	1,029	1,070	1,077	1,090
18 to 19 years	2,113	2,080	1,983	1,943	1,863	1,776	1,772	1,736	1,743	1,697	1,727	1,766	1,74
20 to 24 years	6,670	6,666	6,608	6,545	6,484	6,420	6,401	6,380	6,295	6,324	6,399	6,404	6,41
5 years and over	54,542	54,567	54,582	54,595	54,197	54,280	54,311	54,368	54,415	54,711	54,706	54,805	55,049
25 to 54 years	46,064	46,091	46,041	46,070	45,872	45,920	46,030	46,084	46,045	46,317	46,454	46,532	46,770
55 years and over	8,496	8,456	8,550	8,513	8,342	8,343	8,294	8,275	8,384	8,377	8,262	8,271	8,326
Women, 16 years and over	53,491	53,624	53,524	53,299	53,186	53,354	53,251	53,356	53,633	53,750	53,840	53,967	54,077
6 to 24 years	9,196	9,100	8,963	8,831	8,753	8,611	8,396	8,482	8,499	8,426	8,387	8,344	8,369
16 to 19 years	3,179	3,083	2,971	2,867	2,849	2,809	2,629	2,702	2,657	2,592	2,608	2,597	2,617
16 to 17 years	1,201	1,152	1,087	1,048	1,070	1,040	990	1,033	1,018	995	1,006	971	1,003
18 to 19 years	1,982	1,933	1,881	1,816	1,786	1,766	1,643	1,669	1,642	1,593	1,606	1,622	1,617
20 to 24 years	6,017	6,017	5,992	5,964	5,904	5,802	5,767	5,780	5,842	5,834	5,779	5,747	5,752
5 years and over	44,305	44,514	44,583	44,445	44,447	44,733	44,878	44,853	45,149	45,314	45,469	45,604	45,726
25 to 54 years	37,901	38,098	38,199	38,087	38,076	38,403	38,498	38,563	38,755	38,980	39,086	39,220	39,342
55 years and over	6,380	6,430	6,395	6.356	6,349	6,339	6,389	6,287	6.377	6,341	6,386	6,386	6,378

A-48. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Sex and age Total, 16 years and over	1 6,557 2,311 1,134 497 628 1,178 4,247 3,734 517	6,566 2,319 1,114 515 609 1,205 4,253	6,948 2,371 1,141 487 655 1,230	7,494 2,483 1,206 520	8,130 2,684 1,289	8,433 2,760	8,439 2,758	IV 8,783 2,872	9,166 2,859	9,491 2,936	9,601	IV 9,320	l 8,917
6 to 24 years	2,311 1,134 497 628 1,178 4,247 3,734	2,319 1,114 515 609 1,205 4,253	2,371 1,141 487 655	2,483 1,206 520	2,684	2,760		.	.	*			8,917
16 to 19 years	1,134 497 628 1,178 4,247 3,734	1,114 515 609 1,205 4,253	1,141 487 655	1,206 520			2,758	2.872	2 859	2 026	0.055	!	,
16 to 17 years	497 628 1,178 4,247 3,734	515 609 1,205 4,253	487 655	520	1,289						2,958	2,830	2,829
18 to 19 years	628 1,178 4,247 3,734	609 1,205 4,253	655			1,296	1,266	1,309	1,327	1,393	1,378	1,312	1,329
20 to 24 years	1,178 4,247 3,734	1,205 4,253			537	547	565	592	586	646	619	598	632
20 to 24 years	4,247 3,734	4,253	1 2201	685	743	757	700	722	732	754	756	720	688
25 to 54 years	3,734			1,277	1,395	1,465	1,492	1,564	1,532	1,543	1,580	1,519	1,499
25 to 54 years			4,574	5,005	5,444	5,677	5,674	5,912	6,303	6,558	6,639	6,494	6,086
55 years and over	517	3,775	4,070	4,483	4,866	5,044	5,086	5,309	5,625	5,768	5,859	5,779	5,423
		458	501	542	579	609	597	621	677	759	797	727	661
Men, 16 years and over	3,563	3,613	3,853	4,231	4,632	4,836	4,902	4,965	5,286	5,476	5,498	5,301	5,029
6 to 24 years	1,246	1,275	1,283	1,385	1,516	1,565	1,584	1,577	1,651	1,673	1,657	1,598	1,569
16 to 19 years	609	607	631	670	699	730	700	707	751	782	783	729	732
16 to 17 years	252	274	269	286	306	291	304	303	326	361	344	329	35
18 to 19 years	356	338	362	379	392	444	393	404	423	426	434	401	378
20 to 24 years	637	668	652	715	817	834	885	870	900	890	875	870	83
5 years and over	2,324	2,341	2,561	2,843	3,122	3,271	3,307	3,389	3,644	3,800	3,833	3,705	3.46
25 to 54 years	2,014	2,042	2,235	2,510	2,756	2,870	2,923	3,033	3,211	3,304	3,363	3,270	3,061
55 years and over	311	283	321	353	365	382	386	377	431	475	478	450	402
Women, 16 years and over	2,993	2,953	3,095	3,263	3,499	3,598	3,537	3,818	3,880	4,014	4,103	4,019	3,889
6 to 24 years	1,065	1,044	1,088	1,098	1,168	1,196	1,173	1,295	1,208	1,263	1,301	1,232	1,260
16 to 19 years	525	507	510	536	590	565	566	602	576	611	595	583	598
16 to 17 years	245	242	218	232	231	256	261	289	260	284	275	269	28
18 to 19 years	272	271	293	306	351	313	307	318	309	328	322	318	310
20 to 24 years	541	537	579	562	578	630	607	693	632	653	705	649	662
5 years and over	1,923	1,913	2,013	2,162	2,322	2,406	2,367	2,522	2,659	2,759	2,806	2,789	2.61
25 to 54 years	1,720	1,733	1,835	1,973	2,111	2,174	2,162	2,276	2,415	2,465	2,496	2,510	2,36
55 years and over	206	175	180	189	214	226	211	244	246	284	319	277	259

A-49. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

		19	90			19	91			19	92		1993
Sex and age	ı	11	111	IV	ı	11	114	IV	1	11	111	IV	1
Total, 16 years and over	5.3	5.3	5.6	6.0	6.5	6.7	6.7	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.0
16 to 24 years	10.7	10.8	11.3	11.8	12.8	13.4	13.5	14.0	14.0	14.4	14.4	13.9	13.8
16 to 19 years	14.7	14.8	15.8	16.8	18.0	18.5	18.8	19.3	19.7	20.7	20.3	19.4	19.6
16 to 17 years	16.7	17.8	17.9	19.1	19.4	20.4	21.6	22.1	22.2	24.2	23.0	22.6	23.2
18 to 19 years	13.3	13.2	14.5	15.4	16.9	17.6	17.0	17.5	17.8	18.6	18.5	17.5	17.0
20 to 24 years	8.5	8.7	8.9	9.3	10.1	10.7	10.9	11.4	11.2	11.3	11.5	11.1	11.0
25 years and over	4.1	4.1	4.4	4.8	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.6	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.1	5.7
25 to 54 years	4.3	4.3	4.6	5.1	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.9	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.3	5.9
55 years and over	3.4	3.0	3.2	3.5	3.8	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.9	5.2	4.7	4.3
Men, 16 years and over	5.2	5.3	5.7	6.2	6.8	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.7	7.9	7.9	7.6	7.3
16 to 24 years	11.0	11.3	11.6	12.6	13.8	14.4	14.7	14.7	15.4	15.6	15.3	14.7	14.5
16 to 19 years	15.2	15.4	16.8	17.7	18.9	20.2	19.9	20.2	21.4	22.2	21.8	20.4	20.5
16 to 17 years	16.4	18.2	19.0	19.9	21.0	20.9	22.4	22.3	24.0	26.0	24.3	23.4	24.4
18 to 19 years	14.4	14.0	15.4	16.3	17.4	20.0	18.1	18.9	19.5	20.1	20.1	18.5	17.8
20 to 24 years	8.7	9.1	9.0	9.8	11.2	11.5	12.1	12.0	12.5	12.3	12.0	12.0	11.6
25 years and over	4.1	4.1	4.5	5.0	5.4	5.7	5.7	5.9	6.3	6.5	6.5	6.3	5.9
25 to 54 years	4.2	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.7	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.5	6.7	6.8	6.6	6.1
55 years and over	3.5	3.2	3.6	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.9	5.4	5. 5	5.2	4.6
Women, 16 years and over	5.3	5.2	5.5	5.8	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.7	6.7	6.9	7.1	6.9	6.7
16 to 24 years	10.4	10.3	10.8	11.1	11.8	12.2	12.3	13.2	12.4	13.0	13.4	12.9	13.1
16 to 19 years	14.2	14.1	14.6	15.8	17.2	16.8	17.7	18.2	17.8	19.1	18.6	18.3	18.6
16 to 17 years	16.9	17.3	16.7	18.1	17.8	19.8	20.8	21.9	20.3	22.2	21.4	21.7	21.9
18 to 19 years	12.1	12.3	13.5	14.4	16.4	15.0	15.8	16.0	15.9	17.1	16.7	16.4	16.1
20 to 24 years	8.2	8.2	8.8	8.6	8.9	9.8	9.5	10.7	9.8	10.1	10.9	10.1	10.3
25 years and over	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.6	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.3	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.4
25 to 54 years	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.9	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.6	5.9	5.9	6.0	6.0	5.7
55 years and over	3.1	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.7	3.7	4.3	4.8	4.2	3.9

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-50. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

		19	90			19	91			19	92		1993
Category	1	II	181	IV	ı	II	111	IV	ı	11	###	IV	1
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total (all civilian workers)	5.3	5.3	5.6	6.0	6.5	6.7	6.7	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.0
Men, 20 years and over		4.7	5.0	5.5	6.1	6.3	6.5	6.6	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.0	6.5
Women, 20 years and over		4.6	4.9	5.1	5.5	5.7	5.5	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.3	6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	14.7	14.8	15.8	16.8	18.0	18.5	18.8	19.3	19.7	20.7	20.3	19.4	19.6
White	4.6	4.6	4.8	5.2	5.8	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.4	6.1
Black and other	9.7	9.3	10.6	11.0	10.9	11.1	11.0	11.5	12.4	12.8	12.8	12.7	12.3
Black	10.9	10.4	11.7	12.3	12.1	12.5	12.2	12.8	13.8	14.3	14.2	14.1	13.6
Hispanic origin	7.6	7.6	8.1	8.9	9.5	9.5	10.1	10.4	11.3	11.2	11.6	11.8	11.4
Married men, spouse present	3.2	3.2	3.4	3.8	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.9	5.0	5.3	4.9	4.6
Married women, spouse present	3.7	3.6	3.8	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.8	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.5
Women who maintain families		7.7	8.5	8.7	9.1	9.3	8.9	9.3	9.5	10.0	9.9	10.0	9.9
Full-time workers	4.9	4.9	5.2	5.7	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.7	7.0	7.2	7.3	7.0	6.7
Part-time workers	7.2	7.3	7.7	7.5	8.0	8.4	8.3	8.6	9.0	9.1	9.2	9.4	9.1
Unemployed 15 weeks and over1	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.5
Labor force time lost ²		6.0	6.3	6.8	7.4	7.5	7.7	7.9	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.2	7.9
OCCUPATION ³													
Managerial and professional specialty		2.0	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3
Technical, sales, and administrative support	4.0	3.9	4.3	4.6	4.9	5.2	5.0	5.4	5.6	5.8	6.0	5.9	5.3
Precision production, craft, and repair	5.2	5.3	6.1	7.0	7.4	7.8	8.3	8.4	9.3	8.8	8.6	8.7	8.0
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		8.3	8.3	9.6	10.6	10.7	10.3	10.4	11.1	11.2	11.2	10.5	10.0
Farming, forestry, and fishing	6.0	6.3	6.5	6.2	7.9	7.2	7.5	7.9	7.7	7.8	8.4	8.5	8.6
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	5.4	5.4	5.7	6.2	6.8	7.0	7.0	7.3	7.6	7.7	7.9	7.6	7.2
Goods-producing industries	6.5	6.5	6.9	7.9	8.7	9.1	9.0	9.2	9.5	9.8	10.1	9.4	8.8
Mining		4.2	4.2	5.2	6.5	7.8	8.7	8.6	7.7	8.3	9.2	6.4	6.8
Construction		10.5	11.3	13.6	14.5	15.0	15.9	16.4	17.1	16.9	17.1	15.4	14.4
Manufacturing	5.7	5.3	5.8	6.4	7.2	7.5	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.8	8.1	7.8	7.2
Durable goods		5.3	5.9	6.5	7.7	7.9	7.2	7.1	7.5	7.8	8.4	8.3	7.1
Nondurable goods		5.4	5.6	6.1	6.5	6.8	6.8	7.2	7.3	7.8	7.7	7.2	7.5
Service-producing industries	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.5	5.9	6.2	6.2	6.5	6.8	6.9	7.0	6.9	6.6
Transportation and public utilities	3.7	3.6	4.0	4.2	4.9	5.4	5.1	5.7	5.5	5.1	5.6	5.9	4.8
Wholesale and retail trade		6.2	6.3	6.9	7.4	7.5	7.7	7.8	8.3	8.4	8.7	8.0	7.9
Finance and service industries		4.4	4.7	4.8	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.7	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.3	6.0
Government workers		2.5	2.8	2.8	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.6
Agricultural wage and salary workers	9.6	9.6	9.5	10.1	12.4	11.2	11.2	11.7	11.2	12.3	13.2	12.8	12.3

¹ Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.

² Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

³ Seasonally adjusted data for service occupations are not available because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

A-51. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

		19	90			19	91			19	92		1993
Weeks of unemployment	ı	Н	111	IV	1	H	111	IV	ŀ	11	111	IV	ı
DURATION													
Less than 5 weeks	3,140	3,105	3,164	3,284	3,444	3,427	3,332	3,325	3,243	3,381	3,314	3,118	3,202
5 to 14 weeks	2,042	2,136	2,221	2,441	2,692	2,767	2,701	2,747	2,760	2,717	2,823	2,730	2,511
15 weeks and over	1,384	1,374	1,565	1,747	1,994	2,254	2,400	2,739	3,135	3,284	3,539	3,538	3,177
15 to 26 weeks	744	731	839	962	1,088	1,218	1,257	1,396	1,441	1,357	1,463	1,484	1,301
27 weeks and over	640	643	726	785	906	1,036	1,144	1,343	1,694	1,927	2,076	2,054	1,877
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	11.9	11.8	12.3	12.4	12.7	13.4	14.1	15.0	16.7	17.8	18.4	18.9	18.1
Median duration, in weeks	5.1	5.1	5.5	5.9	6.2	6.7	7.2	7.7	8.1	8.7	8.9	9.4	8.3
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	47.8	46.9	45.5	44.0	42.4	40.6	39.5	37.7	35.5	36.0	34.3	33.2	36.0
5 to 14 weeks	31.1	32.3	32.0	32.7	33.1	32.8	32.0	31.2	30.2	29.0	29.2	29.1	28.2
15 weeks and over	21.1	20.8	22.5	23.4	24.5	26.7	28.5	31.1	34.3	35.0	36.6	37.7	35.7
15 to 26 weeks	11.3	11.1	12.1	12.9	13.4	14.4	14.9	15.8	15.8	14.5	15,1	15.8	14.6
27 weeks and over	9.7	9.7	10.5	10.5	11.1	12.3	13.6	15.2	18.5	20.5	21.5	21.9	21.1

A-52. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

		19	90			19	91			19	92		1993
Reasons for unemployment	ı	11	111	IV	1	11	111	IV	ı	Н	III	IV	
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers	3,079	3,110	3,359	3,811	4,385	4,567	4,692	4,864	5,126	5,395	5,438	5,279	4,769
On layoff	968	949	1,022	1,151	1,332	1,330	1,191	1,233	1,236	1,250	1,295	1,221	1,051
Other job losers	2,111	2,160	2,337	2,661	3,053	3,237	3,501	3,631	3,890	4,145	4,143	4,058	3,717
Job leavers	1,029	1,041	985	1,006	1,007	1,016	934	966	948	1,006	992	954	988
Reentrants	1,805	1,816	1,918	2,000	2,030	2,127	2,054	2,140	2,229	2,199	2,264	2,212	2,231
New entrants	674	611	652	676	693	742	767	809	827	905	948	881	926
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									}				
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	46.7	47.3	48.6	50.9	54.0	54.0	5 5 .5	55.4	56.1	56.8	56.4	56.6	53.5
On layoff	14.7	14.4	14.8	15.4	16.4	15.7	14.1	14.0	13.5	13.2	13.4	13.1	11.8
Other job losers	32.0	32.8	33.8	35.5	37.6	38.3	41.4	41.4	42.6	43.6	43.0	43.5	41.7
Job leavers	15.6	15.8	14.2	13.4	12.4	12.0	11.1	11.0	10.4	10.6	10.3	10.2	11,1
Reentrants	27.4	27.6	27.7	26.7	25.0	25.2	24.3	24.4	24.4	23.1	23.5	23.7	25.0
New entrants	10.2	9.3	9.4	9.0	8.5	8.8	9.1	9.2	9.1	9.5	9.8	9.4	10.4
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Job losers	2.5	2.5	2.7	3.0	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.1	3.7
Job leavers	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.7	.8	.8	.8	.8	.7	.8
Reentrants	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8
New entrants	.5	.5	.5	.5	.6	.6	.6	.6	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7

A-53. Persons not in the labor force by reason, sex, and race, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Bassas and and		19	90			19	91			19	92		1993
Reason, sex, and race	ı	II	m	IV	-	=	=======================================	IV	_	II	III	IV	1
TOTAL													
Total not in labor force	62,767	63,053	63,479	63,658	64,120	64,133	64,759	64,778	64,634	64,283	64,443	64,978	65,516
Do not want a job now	57,345	57,537	58,201	58,022	58,385	58,739	58,939	58,832	58,399	58,156	58,227	58,956	59,115
Going to school	6,409	6,608	6,895	6,727	6,627	6,842	6,963	6,788	6,821	6.641	6,594	6,836	6,756
III, disabled	4,703	5,030	5,073	5,066	4,972	4,894	5,006	5,093	5,060	4,973	5,193	5,177	5,396
Keeping house		23,424	23,518		23,295	23,430	23,176		22,176	22.077	21,459	21,108	21,345
Retired		18,411	18,538	18,581	19,041	19,098	19,405	19,579	19,734	19,947	20,395	20,893	20,843
Other activity	4,017	4,063	4,178	4,163	4,451	4,475	4,388	4,605	4,609	4,519	4,586	4,942	4,775
Want a job nowReason not looking:	5,433	5,622	5,320	5,551	5,651	5,564	5,807	5,966	6,068	6,291	6,147	6,209	6,378
School attendance	1,404	1,425	1,388	1,424	1,424	1,358	1,517	1,434	1.493	1,763	1,494	1,620	1,499
III health, disability	910	939	859	944	1,012	903	999	1,005	1,041	1,036	1,094	1,171	1,119
Home responsibilities	1,166	1,283	1,245	1,136	1,180	1,170	1,178	1,301	1,325	1,259	1,176	1,187	1,352
Think cannot get a job	777	863	818	967	982	952	1,050	1,112	1,077	1,118	1,126	1,084	1,134
Job-market factors	504	525	519	606	650	684	695	743	814	773	819	702	799
Personal factors	272	338	298	361	332	269	355	369	263	345	307	383	335
Other reasons ¹	1,177	1,111	1,011	1,080	1,053	1,181	1,063	1,113	1,133	1,115	1,257	1,147	1,273
Men Total not in labor force	21,155	21,341	21,600	21,510	21,899	21,980	22,230	22,424	22,424	22,131	22,252	22,598	22,900
Do not want a job now	19,210	19,345	19,723	19,496	19,669	20,006	20,175	, -	20,041	19,794	20,066	20,447	20,397
Want a job now	2,006	2,028	1,925	1,947	2,131	2,018	2,162	2,207	2,187	2,354	2,290	2,242	2,391
Reason not looking:	2,000	2,020	1,020	1,547	2,101	2,010	2,102	2,201	2,107	2,004	2,230	2,242	2,351
School attendance	730	691	707	651	753	640	729	754	713	862	686	728	729
III health, disability	452	499	422	455	545	437	498	508	516	496	545	527	580
Think cannot get a job	335	353	385	399	406	416	467	451	475	527	523	489	539
Other reasons ¹	489	484	412	442	427	526	469	493	483	469	536	499	543
Women													
Total not in labor force	41,612	41,712	41,879	42,148	42,220	42,154	42,528	42,354	42,210	42,153	42,192	42,381	42,616
Do not want a job now	38,135	38,192	38,478	38,526	38,716	38,733	38,763	38,584	38,358	38,363	38,161	38,509	38,718
Want a job now Reason not looking:	3,428	3,594	3,395	3,604	3,520	3,546	3,645	3,759	3,881	3,937	3,857	3,967	3,987
School attendance	674	734	681	774	671	718	789	680	779	901	808	892	770
Ill health, disability	458	440	437	489	467	466	502	497	525	540	550	644	539
Home responsibilities		1,283	1,245	1,136	1,180	1,170	1,178	1,301	1,325	1,259	1,176	1,187	1,352
Think cannot get a job	442	510	433	567	576	537	583	661	602	591	603	595	595
Other reasons	688	627	599	638	626	656	594	621	650	646	720	648	730
White Total not in labor force	52,944	53,124	53,278	53,557	53,789	53,764	54,253	54,230	54,067	53,941	54,089	54,418	54,611
Do not want a job now	49,127	49,073	49,304							49,484	49,551	49,946	
Want a job now	3,954	·	3,882		·	·		·	4,413		·	,	
Reason not looking:			,		·	·					,		
School attendance		967	978		997	917	1,093		1,077	1,174		1,185	1,021
III health, disability		681	652		726	636	766	759	722	792	825	899	779
Home responsibilities			917	822	881	840	873		968	910		869	975
Think cannot get a job			562		667	617	720	747	733	751	808	693	797
Other reasons ¹	938	812	773	838	837	844	801	879	913	859	991	907	1,039
Black Total not in labor force	7,662	7,748	7,927	7,881	7,957	8,021	8,114	8,199	8,099	8,034	7,970	8,170	8,295
Do not want a job now				6,421	6,693	6,639	6,761	6,791	6,671	6,582	6,566	6,730	
Want a job now	1	1,308	1,235		1,288					1,483	1,371	1,375	1,459
Reason not looking:		'								ŀ			'
School attendance				1	336					456	389	349	
III health, disability					212				262				
Home responsibilities					276 269								
Think cannot get a job					195					317 194			
Other reasons ¹	. 224	221	101	1 221	1 195	241	"	ووا ا	194	194	220	207	192

¹ Includes small number of men not looking for work because of

[&]quot;home responsibilities."

A-54. Persons not in the labor force by reason, sex, and age

(In thousands)

	То	otal				Α	ge			
Reason and sex		ł	16 to	-		o 24 ars		o 59 ars		ears over
	1992	1993	I 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	1 1993	l 1992	l 1993
TOTAL										
Total not in labor force	65,470	66,389	7,022	6,993	4,399	4,299	21,260	21,832	32,790	33,265
Do not want a job now	59,211	59,847	5,797	5,803	3,622	3,417	17,670	18,101	32,122	32,526
Going to school		8,384	5,265	5,262	2,153	2,028	1,026	1,081	7	14
ill, disabled		5,286	36	36	129	116	2,713	2,994	2,086	2,140
Keeping houseRetired		21,188 20,749	282	309	983	952	10,649 400	10,432 466	10,132	9,494
Other activity		4,240	214	196	357	321	2,882	3,128	19,241 655	20,282 595
Want a job now	6,260	6,542	1,225	1,191	777	882	3,590	3,731	668	739
Reason for not looking: School attendance	1,687	1,682	1,033	1,002	276	284	370	395	7	1
III health, disability		1,099	1,000	1,002	40	58	802	826	175	201
Home responsibility		1,336	57	67	215	231	997	989	36	49
Think cannot get a job		1,198	51	53	141	166	738	763	214	216
Job-market factors		855	29	29	125	141	620	585	98	99
Personal factors		343	22	24	16	24	117	178	116	117
Other reasons ¹	1,099	1,227	75	55	105	143	683	758	237	271
Men										
Total not in labor force	22,881	23,414	3,452	3,434	1,662	1,585	4,825	5,164	12,943	13,230
Do not want a job now		21,008	2,857	2,837	1,369	1,267	3,808	3,961	12,625	12,944
Going to school		4,158	2,718	2,719	1,080	1,025	388	413	5	1
III, disabled		2,600	21	9	57	40	1,536	1,597	946	953
Keeping house		443	7	15	36	31	200	206	186	191
Retired Other activity	11,318	11,776 2,032	111	93	 196	 171	246 1,438	335 1,410	11,072 417	11,441 357
•		2,406	594	598	293	319				ļ
Want a job now	2,223	2,400	394	390	293	319	1,017	1,203	318	286
Reason for not looking School attendance	793	806	525	529	150	137	111	139	7	
III health, disability		524	1	5	21	32	365	420	80	66
Think cannot get a job	1 2 2	560	28	27	81	82	288	336	104	115
Other reasons'	462	517	41	36	42	67	253	308	126	106
Women										
Total not in labor force	42,589	42,975	3,570	3,559	2,737	2,713	16,435	16,668	19,847	20,035
Do not want a job now	38,552	38,839	2,940	2,966	2,253	2,150	13,863	14,140	19,497	19,582
Current activity		400-	0.54-	0.540	4.07.	4				
Going to school		4,227	2,547	2,543	1,074	1,003	637	668	2	13
III, disabled Keeping house		2,686 20,746	15 274	26 294	71 947	76 922	1,177 10,449	1,397 10,226	1,140	1,187
Retired		8,972			341	922	154	131	9,947 8,169	9,303 8,841
Other activity		2,208	103	103	161	150	1,445	1,718	238	238
Want a job now	4,037	4,136	630	593	484	563	2,572	2,528	351	453
Reason for not looking		070								
School attendance)	876	508	472	127	146	259	256		1
Ill health, disability		575	7 57	9 67	19	25	437	406	94	136
Home responsibility	1	1,336 638	57 24	67 26	215 60	231 84	997 450	989	36	49
Think cannot get a job Other reasons	l	711	34	19	63	77	430	427 450	110	101
Other (6000)19	. 337	'''	57	.5	55	· ''	430	450	110	165

¹ Includes small number of men not looking for work because of "home responsibilities." NOTE: Detail in tables A-54 and A-55 may not add to not-in-labor-

force totals because of differences in the weighting patterns used in aggregating these data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-55. Persons not in the labor force by reason, race, Hispanic origin, age, and sex

(In thousands)

	1				Αç	,	_			0,	ex	
Reason, race, and Hispanic origin	1	ı	16 to		25 to yea		60 y and		М	en	Wor	men
	1992	1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993
WHITE				į								
Total not in labor force	54,779	55,378	8,520	8,424	17,128	17,462	29,131	29,493	18,952	19,293	35,826	36,086
Do not want a job now	50,204	50,667	7,092	7,021	14,546	14,744	28,566	28,903	17,301	17,533	32,902	33,135
Going to school	6,449	6,304	5,676	5,555	769	739	4	10	3,182	3,131	3,267	3,173
III, disabled		3,958	120	104	2,102	2,239	1,645	1,615	2,032	1,979	1,835	1,978
Keeping house		18,412	938	1,013	9,034	8,855	9,089	8,544	283	301	18,778	18,111
Retired		18,620			337	412	17,237	18,207	10,160	10,579	7,414	8,041
Other activity	3,253	3,374	358	349	2,304	2,499	591	526	1,644	1,542	1,609	1,832
Want a job nowReason for not looking:	4,547	4,743	1,390	1,415	2,602	2,728	555	599	1,659	1,774	2,888	2,969
School attendance	1,217	1,162	952	904	258	257	7	1	594	541	623	621
Ill health, disability		802	31	51	569	612	141	140	352	397	389	405
Home responsibility		966	167	188	761	730	29	49	-		956	966
Think cannot get a job		822	116	137	474	529	171	157	318	410	443	413
Other reasons ¹	. 872	990	125	136	540	601	207	252	395	426	477	564
BLACK							ı					
Total not in labor force	8,273	8,481	2,253	2,224	3,099	3,261	2,922	2,996	3,058	3,180	5,216	5,301
Do not want a job now	6,799	7,019	1,732	1,671	2,236	2,466	2,832	2,882	2,575	2,700	4,225	4,319
Current activity:	1											,
Going to school	. 1,357	1,491	1,242	1,298	115	194			650	703	707	788
III, disabled	. 948	1,158	44	39	512	658	392	461	457	539	491	619
Keeping house		1,996	279	190	1,094	1,063	815	744	120	109	2,068	1,887
Retired		1,660			45	46	1,564	1,614	911	932		727
Other activity	. 696	715	166	144	470	506	60	64	436	418	260	297
Want a job now	. 1,474	1,462	521	553	863	795	90	114	483	480	991	982
Reason for not looking:												
School attendance	. 391	411	303	300	87	112			164	188	i	223
III health, disability		249	12	20	210		28	51	99	100		150
Home responsibility			94	103	214	216	5				312	319
Think cannot get a job Other reasons ¹		303 179	65 47	75 55	234 117	184 106	40 18	44 18	162 58	118 73		185 106
HISPANIC ORIGIN	. 102	173	7,	33		100	"	10		,,,	124	100
	5 104	5 044	1 074	1 410	0.407	0.450	1 040	1 470	1 501	4.504	0.500	0.704
Total not in labor force	. 5,124	5,341	1,374	1,412	2,407	2,456	1,343	1,473	1,531	1,561	3,593	3,781
Do not want a job now	. 4,405	4,645	1,134	1,134	1,941	2,058	1,331	1,452	1,245	1,266	3,160	3,379
Current activity:	014	796	734	730	80	57			297	204	407	405
Going to school				10		57 299	130	160	387 225	381 234	427 201	405 235
III, disabled Keeping house		1	1	306	1,327	1	538			37	1	2,185
Retired					17	1,401			399	484		1 .
Other activity		1		89	247	223	24	i	199	1		
	-	739	260	239	478	459	54	41	320	261	472	479
Want a job nowReason for not looking:	'93	, ,,,,	200	235	7/8	755	54	•	320	201	4/2	4/9
School attendance	. 191	156	144	125	45	31	2		80	71	111	85
Ill health, disability				1	96			15	1		42	
Home responsibility				1	1	1)	202	l .
Think cannot get a job		1		ŧ	89	1			88	65		
		i	26			1			1			

¹ Includes small number of men not looking for work because of "home responsibilities."

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not

sum to totals because data for the other races are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-56. Persons not in the labor force who desire work but think cannot get jobs by reason, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(in thousands)

				1st Qua	rter 1993			
Reason and sex			A	ge		Race a	and Hispanio	origin
	Total	16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	25 to 59 years	60 years and over	White	Black	Hispanic origin
TOTAL								
Personal factors:								
Employers think too young or old	125	2		28	94	107	10	6
Lacks education or training	114	11	12	85	6	72	26	22
Other personal handicap	105	11	12	65	17	83	19	2
Job-market factors:								
Could not find work	491	15	109	321	46	307	150	75
Thinks no job available	363	14	32	264	52	254	97	26
Men		:						
Personal factors:		1						
Employers think too young or old	52			13	38	46	4	4
Lacks education or training	35	1	3	27	4	25	1	7
Other personal handicap	71	11	6	40	13	59	11	`
Job-market factors:								
Could not find work	263	13	64	157	29	176	74	38
Thinks no job available	140	2	9	99	30	105	28	16
Women								
Personal factors:								
Employers think too young or old	73	2		15	56	61	6	1
Lacks education or training	79	9	9	58	2	47	25	15
Other personal handicap	35		6	24	4	24	8	2
Job-market factors:								
Could not find work	228	2	45	164	17	131	77	37
Thinks no job available	224	13	23	166	22	150	69	10

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not

presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-57. Work-seeking intentions of persons not in the labor force and work history of those who intend to seek work within the next 12 months by sex, age, and race

(In thousands)

	То	tal			Αç	je				Ra	ice	
Work-seeking intentions, work history, and sex	1		16 to		25 to yea		60 y and		Wh	nite	Bla	ıck
	1992	1993	l 1992	l 1993	1 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	I 1992	I 1993	l 1992	l 1993
TOTAL				i	i							
Do not intend to seek work	54,946	55,728	6,036	5,999	16,805	17,184	32,105	32,545	46,668	47,243	6,321	6,562
Intend to seek work in the next 12 months	10,524	10,661	5,385	5,293	4,455	4,649	685	719	8,083	8,167	1,952	1,919
Never worked	1,913	1,940	1,674	1,703	225	232	13	5	1,317	1,332	478	479
Last worked over 5 years ago	1,136	1,226	52	52	888	969	196	205		868	295	279
Last worked 1 to 5 years ago	2,515	2,631	752	715	1,561	1,685	201	231	1,845	1,954	568	558
Worked during the previous 12 months	4,960	4,865	2,906	2,823	1,779	1,763	275	279	4,102	4,014	611	603
Men					,							
Do not intend to seek work	18,740	19,201	2,543	2,469	3,586	3,844	12,612	12,888	15,713	16,023	2,371	2,513
Intend to seek work in the next 12 months	4,141	4,213	2,571	2,550	1,239	1,320	331	342	3,248	3,284	687	667
Never worked	894	821	837	782	52	39	5		645	586	200	170
Last worked over 5 years ago	246	263	13	13	134	183	99	66	173	154	72	86
Last worked 1 to 5 years ago	784	831	244	246	453	471	87	114	566	634	175	151
Worked during the previous 12 months	2,218	2,297	1,478	1,509	600	627	140	161	1,863	1,910	240	261
Women												
Do not intend to seek work	36,206	36,527	3,493	3,530	13,219	13,340	19,493	19,657	30,955	31,220	3.950	4.049
Intend to seek work in the next 12 months	6,383	6,449	2,813	2,742	3,215	3,329	354	378	4,835	4,884	1,265	1,252
Never worked	1,019	1,119	838	921	173	193	8	5	671	746	278	309
Last worked over 5 years ago	891	963	39	39	754	785	97	139	645	714	223	193
Last worked 1 to 5 years ago	1,732	1,799	509	469	1,109	1,214	114	117	1,279	1,320	393	407
Worked during the previous 12 months	2,742	2,567	1,428	1,313	1,180	1,137	135	117	2,239	2,104	371	342

A-58. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	Т	otal	W	/hite	ВІ	ack	Hispan	ic origin
Employment status, sex, and age	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	1 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993
TOTAL								
Divilian noninstitutional population	190,888	192,796	162,223	163,438	21,828	22,186	15,066	15,542
Civilian labor force		126,407	107,444	108,060	13,555	13,705	9,942	10,200
Percent of population		65.6	66.2	66.1	62.1	61.8	66.0	65.6
Employed		116,755	99,795	100,718	11,633	11,794	8,756	8,961
Agriculture		2,746	2,635	2,571	119	116	366	427
Nonagricultural industries		114,008	97,159	98,147	11,514	11,678	8,390	8,534
Unemployed		9,652	7,649	7,342	1,922	1,911	1,187	1,240
Unemployment rate		7.6	7.1	6.8	14.2	13.9	11.9	12.2
Not in labor force		66,389	54,779	55,378	8,273	8,481	5,124	5,341
Men, 16 years and over								
Divilian noninstitutional population		92,214	78,100	78,806	9,824	10,005	7,479	7,721
Civilian labor force		68,800	59,147	59,514	6,766	6,824	5,948	6,160
Percent of population		74.6	75.7	75.5	68.9	68.2	79.5	79.8
Employed		63,028	54,385	55,036	5,675	5,766	5,177	5,390
Agriculture		2,188	2,044	2,042	105	100	324	390
Nonagricultural industries	l	60,840	52,341	52,993	5,569	5,667	4,852	4,999
Unemployed		5,772	4,763	4,478	1,092	1,058	771	770
Unemployment rate		8.4	8.1	7.5	16.1	15.5	13.0	12.5
Not in labor force	22,881	23,414	18,952	19,293	3,058	3,180	1,531	1,561
Men, 20 years and over								
Divilian noninstitutional population	84,535	85,554	72,762	73,466	8,794	8,967	6,730	6,955
Civilian labor force		65,575	56,406	56,757	6,390	6,450	5,570	5,787
Percent of population		76.6	77.5	77.3	72.7	71.9	82.8	83.2
Employed		60,531	52.218	52,818	5,449	5,555	4,925	5,135
Agriculture		2,061	1,948	1,923	102	94	313	366
Nonagricultural industries		58,470	50,270	50,894	5,347	5,461	4,611	4,769
Unemployed		5,044	4,188	3,939	941	896	646	651
Unemployment rate	1 '	7.7	7.4	6.9	14.7	13.9	11.6	11.3
Not in labor force		19,979	16,356	16,709	2,404	2,516	1,160	1,169
Women, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population		100,582	84,123	84,632	12,004	12,181	7,587	7,821
Civilian labor force		57,607	48,297	48,546	6,789	6,880	3,995	4,040
Percent of population		57.3	57.4	57.4	56.6	56.5	52.6	51.7
Employed		53,726	45,410	45,682	5,959	6,028	3,579	3,571
Agriculture		558	591	529	14	16	42	37
Nonagricultural industries		53,168	44,819	45,154	5,945	6,011	3,538	3,534
Unemployed		3,880	2,887	2,864	830	852	415	470
Unemployment rate		6.7	6.0	5.9	12.2	12.4	10.4	11.6
Not in labor force	42,589	42,975	35,826	36,086	5,216	5,301	3,593	3,781
Women, 20 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	93,196	94,081	78,913	79,443	10,957	11,135	6,862	7,075
Civilian labor force		54,665	45,758	46,021	6,474	6,558	3,727	3,786
Percent of population		58.1	58.0	57.9	59.1	58.9	54.3	53.5
Employed		51,330	43,269	43,552	5,755	5,832	3,376	3,386
Agriculture		530	561	502	14	15	40	34
Nonagricultural industries	50,249	50,800	42,708	43,049	5,741	5,817	3,336	3,352
Unemployed	3,343	3,335	2,490	2,469	719	726	352	401
Unemployment rate	6.2	6.1	5.4	5.4	11.1	11.1	9.4	10.6
Not in labor force	1	39,416	33,155	33,421	4,484	4,576	3,135	3,289
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years			ļ					
Civilian noninstitutional population	13,157	13,160	10,547	10,530	2,077	2,084	1,474	1,511
Civilian labor force	6,136	6,167	5,280	5,282	691	696	645	628
Percent of population		46.9	50.1	50.2	33.3	33.4	43.7	41.5
Employed	_	4,894	4,308	4,349	429	407	455	440
Agriculture	1 '	155	127	145	3	8	12	27
Nonagricultural industries		4,738	4,181	4,204	426	400	443	412
Uriemployed		1,273	972	934	262	289	189	186
Unemployment rate		20.6	18.4	17.7	37.9	41.5	29.4	30.0
	[6,993						883
Not in labor force	7,022	6,993	5,268	5,248	1,386	1,389	829	1

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-59. Employment status of civilians of Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin by sex and age

(Numbers in thousands)

	Total Hisp	anic origin¹	Mexica	n origin	Puerto Ric	can ongin	Cuban	origin
Employment status, sex, and age	1992	1993	1 1992	1993	1992	I 1993	l 1992	1 1993
TOTAL								:
Divilian noninstitutional population	15,066	15,542	9,166	9,478	1,633	1 614	907	972
Civilian labor force		10,200	6,099	6,305	932	1,614 932	897 550	972 574
		65.6	66.5	66.5	57.0	57.7		
Percent of population		8,961	5,378	5,547	797	785	61.3 492	59.1 528
Agriculture		427	332	366	'4	11	492 5	526 6
Nonagricultural industries		8,534	5,046	5,180	793	774	487	522
Unemployed		1,240	721	758	134	147	58	46
Unemployment rate		12.2	11.8	12.0	14.4	15.7	10.5	8.1
Not in labor force		5,341	3,067	3,173	701	682	347	398
Men, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	7,479	7,721	4.692	4,848	740	724	433	465
Civilian labor force		6,160	3,775	3,951	527	510	316	333
Percent of population		79.8	80.5	81.5	71.2	70.5	72.8	71.7
Employed		5,390	3,294	3,470	437	422	284	305
Agriculture		390	292	333	4	10	5	
Nonagricultural industries	1	4,999	3,001	3,138	433	412	279	299
Unemployed		770	481	480	90	88	32	29
Unemployment rate		12.5	12.7	12.2	17.1	17.3	10.1	8.6
Not in labor force		1,561	917	897	213	214	118	132
Men, 20 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	6,730	8,955	4,192	4,344	663	626	400	435
Civilian labor force		5,787	3,495	3,888	504	468	302	314
Percent of population		83.2	83.4	84.9	76.0	74.8	75.5	72.3
Employed		5,135	3,107	3,281	421	402	275	291
Agriculture		366	284	311	4	10	5	6
Nonagricultural industries		4,769	2,824	2,970	416	392	270	286
Unemployed		651	388	407	83	66	27	22
Unemployment rate		11.3	11.1	11.0	16.5	14.2	9.0	7.2
Not in labor force		1,169	697	656	159	158	98	121
Women, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	7,587	7,821	4,474	4,631	893	890	464	507
Civilian labor force	1	4,040	2,325	2,354	404	422	234	241
Percent of population		51.7	52.0	50.8	45.3	47.4	50.5	47.5
Employed		3,571	2,084	2,076	360	363	208	223
Agriculture		37	40	34		1	1	
Nonagricultural industries		3,534	2,045	2,043	360	362	208	223
Unemployed		470	240	278	44	59	26	18
Unemployment rate		11.6	10.3	11.8	11.0	″13.9	11.0	7.4
Not in labor force	3,593	3,781	2,150	2,276	488	468	230	266
Women, 20 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population		7,075	3,985	4,125	799	801	439	477
Civilian labor force		3,786	2,133	2,168	385	402	223	231
Percent of population	54.3	53.5	53.5	52.6	48.2	50.2	50.7	48.4
Employed		3,386	1,940	1,938	346	350	199	216
Agriculture	40	34	38	32		1	1	
Nonagricultural industries	3,336	3,352	1,901	1,907	346	349	198	216
Unemployed	352	401	193	230	39	52	24	14
Unemployment rate		10.6	9.1	10.6	10.2	12.9	10.8	6.3
Not in labor force	3,135	3,289	1,852	1,957	414	399	216	240
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	į		İ					
Civilian noninstitutional population	1,474	1,511	990	1,010	171	187	58	60
Civilian labor force		628	471	449	43	61	25	2
Percent of population		41.5	47.6	44.5	24.9	33.0	(2)	48.
Employed	455	440	331	327	30	33	`´19	20
Agriculture		27	10	24				
Nonagricultural industries		412	321	304	30	33	19	20
Unemployed		188	140	122	12	28	6] -
Unemployment rate		30.0	29.7	27.1	(2)	46.0	(²)	(1)

¹ Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

² Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

A-60. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, race, and Hispanic origin

(In thousands)

	To	otal	Wi	nite	Bla	ack	Hispani	c origin
Category	l 1992	l 1993	í 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993
CHARACTERISTIC								
Total (all civilian workers)	115,484	116,755	99,795	100,718	11.633	11.794	8.756	8.961
Men		63,028	54,385	55,036	5,675	5,766	5,177	5,390
Women	53,267		45,410	45,682	5,959	6,028	3,579	3,571
OCCUPATION	İ							
Managerial and professional specialty			28,026	28,780	1,915	2,089	1,224	1,200
Executive, administrative, and managerial			13,505	13,776	832	932	647	617
Professional specialty	16,312	16,906	14,521	15,003	1,083	1,157	576	583
Technical, sales, and administrative support	36,612		31,982	31,693	3,361	3,370	2,250	2,343
Technicians and related support	4,171	4,064	3,572	3,478	377	411	188	206
Sales occupations	13,575	13,844	12,234	12,453	864	923	786	838
Administrative support, including clerical	18,866	18,457	16,176	15,762	2,121	2,036	1,277	1,299
Service occupations		16,261	12,474	12,778	2,805	2,790	1,797	1,766
Private household	775	837	595	646	149	155	143	162
Protective service	2,140	2,200	1,685	1,773	394	377	149	156
Service, except private household and protective	13,021	13,224	10,194	10,359	2,262	2,258	1,506	1,448
Precision production, craft, and repair	12,550	12,559	11,253	11,266	943	939	1,111	1,149
Mechanics and repairers	4,312	4,211	3,862	3,797	349	319	327	332
Construction trades		4,508	3,989	4,143	291	286	388	443
Other precision production, craft, and repair	3,872	3,841	3,402	3,326	303	334	396	373
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	16,398	16,631	13,433	13,614	2,436	2,435	1,952	2,000
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7,351	7,349	5,966	5,971	1,075	1,027	967	1,031
Transportation and material moving occupations		4,811	3,905	3,970	716	713	399	381
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,327	4,471	3,562	3,673	645	696	587	588
Construction laborers	569	570	487	469	70	86	98	106
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		3,901	3,075	3,203	576	610	488	482
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2,871	2,828	2,626	2,588	173	170	421	502
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER								
Agriculture:								
Wage and salary workers	1,429	1,371	1,307	1,233	92	98	306	366
Self-employed workers	1		1,357	1,233	27	18	59	61
Unpaid family workers	1		77	106	1	_ 10	_ 59	01
Nonagricultural industries:			''	100	'		_	_
Wage and salary workers	104,020	105,090	89,241	90.029	11,103	11,226	7,929	0.060
Government			14.585	15.096	2,682			8,060
Private industries			74,657	74,932	2,002 8,421	2,779 8,447	1,073 6,856	1,091 6,969
Private industries		1,008	74,657	74,932	212	189	, .	
Other industries		85,469	73,913	74,156	8,209	8,257	177 6,679	199
Self-employed workers			7,710	7.925	408	6,257 444		6,771
Unpaid family workers			208	193	408	444	447 14	460 13
, ,			200	155	3	,	'4	13
FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS					į			
Full-time schedules			79,690	80,616	9,520	9,649	7,023	7,221
Part time for economic reasons		6,448	5,472	5,257	941	951	806	782
Part time for noneconomic reasons	16,376	16,601	14,632	14,845	1,173	1,194	927	957

¹ Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time. NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not

sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-61. Employed civilians of Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin by selected social and economic categories

(In thousands)

Catagon	Total H orig	lispanic jin¹	Mexica	n origin		Rican gin	Cubar	origin
Category	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993
CHARACTERISTIC								
Total (all civilian workers)		8,961	5,378	5,547	797	785	492	528
Men		5,390	3,294 2,084	3,470	437 360	422	284	305
Women	3,579	3,571	2,064	2,076	360	363	208	223
OCCUPATION								
Managerial and professional specialty	1,224	1,200	614	614	143	135	121	111
Executive, administrative, and managerial		617	325	300	82	67	77	67
Professional specialty	576	583	288	314	62	68	44	43
Technical, sales, and administrative support	2,250	2,343	1,270	1,391	257	249	163	167
Technicians and related support	1 -	206	102	117	17	20	17	11
Sales occupations		838	451	506	78	75	65	60
Administrative support, including clerical		1,299	717	768	162	154	82	97
Service occupations		1,766	1,069	1,029	160	172	62	78
Private household		162	73	82	2	4	-	3
Protective service	149	156	72	81	39	31	10	6
Service, except private household and protective	1,506	1,448	923	866	119	136	52	69
Precision production, craft, and repair		1,149	706	770	97	79	56	59
Mechanics and repairers		332	200	210	35	31	18	19
Construction trades	388	443	260	310	29	17	19	24
Other precision production, craft, and repair		373	245	250	33	31	19	16
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1,952	2,000	1,350	1,315	134	142	82	102
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	967	1,031	661	659	75	72	32	41
Transportation and material moving occupations	399	381	268	242	32	32	24	39
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		588	420	414	27	38	27	21
Construction laborers		106	72	77	4	3	5	3
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		482	348	338	23	35	22	19
Farming, forestry, and fishing	421	502	370	428	7	9	9	11
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER	:			į				
Agriculture:								
Wage and salary workers	306	366	285	329	4	9	3	1
Self-employed workers	59	61	46	37	-	1	2	4
Unpaid family workers		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonagricultural industries:								
Wage and salary workers	7,929	8,060	4,796	4,924	766	750	444	474
Government	1,073	1,091	645	675	145	146	54	42
Private industries		6,969 199	4,151 98	4,249 109	621	603	389	432
Private households		6,771	4,053	4,140	619	7 596	389	3
Other industries		460	242	248	25	24	389 42	429
Self-employed workers	I	13	242	248 8	25	1	42	47
Unpaid family workers		13			2	'		'
FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS ²								
Full-time schedules		7,221	4,262	4,431	672	661	405	437
Part time for economic reasons		782 957	527 589	514 601	50 76	80	30	37
Part time for noneconomic reasons	927	95/	569	001	۰, ا	80	57	54

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time.

A-62. Employed civilians by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(in thousands)

	Tot	al	Wh	ite	Bla	ck	Hispanio	origin
Sex and age	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993
Total, 16 years and over	115,484	116,755	99,795	100,718	11,633	11,794	8,756	8,96
16 to 19 years	4,865	4,894	4,308	4,349	429	407	455	440
16 to 17 years	1,745	1,791	1,581	1,618	115	132	130	116
18 to 19 years	3,120	3,103	2,727	2,731	314	275	326	324
20 to 24 years	11,783	11,803	10,142	10,120	1,243	1,256	1,258	1,250
25 years and over	98,836	100,058	85,345	86,249	9,962	10,131	7,043	7,27
25 to 54 years	84,201	85,478	72,425	73,376	8,659	8,859	6,305	6,602
55 years and over	14,635	14,580	12,920	12,874	1,302	1,272	737	669
Men, 16 years and over	62,217	63,028	54,385	55,036	5,675	5,766	5,177	5,390
16 to 19 years	2,432	2,497	2,167	2,218	225	212	252	25
16 to 17 years	848	906	773	819	63	69	73	6
18 to 19 years	1,584	1,591	.1,394	1,399	162	143	179	19
20 to 24 years	6,030	6,136	5,199	5,291	592	611	735	76
25 years and over	53,755	54,395	47,019	47,527	4,858	4,944	4,190	4,37
25 to 54 years	45,459	46,157	39,640	40,159	4,174	4,304	3,748	3,98
55 years and over	8,296	8,238	7,379	7,368	684	640	442	38
Women, 16 years and over	53,267	53,726	45,410	45,682	5,959	6,028	3,579	3,57
16 to 19 years	2,433	2,396	2,141	2,131	204	196	203	18
16 to 17 years	896	884	808	798	51	63	56	5
18 to 19 years	1,536	1,512	1,334	1,332	152	132	147	134
20 to 24 years	5,753	5,667	4,943	4,830	651	645	523	48
25 years and over	45,081	45,663	38,326	38,722	5,104	5,187	2,853	2,90
25 to 54 years	38,742	39,321	32,785	33,217	4,486	4,555	2,558	2,616
55 years and over	6,339	6,341	5,541	5,505	618	632	295	285

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-63. Unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Civilian workers)

	Тс	tal	W	hite	Bi	ack	Hispani	c origin
Sex and age	ا 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	I 1992	l 1993	1 1992	l 199:
Total, 16 years and over	7.9	7.6	7.1	6.8	14.2	13.9	11.9	12.2
16 to 19 years	20.7	20.6	18.4	17.7	37.9	41.5	29.4	30.0
16 to 17 years	23.0	24.0	20.8	21.7	44.0	42.4	37.5	41.
18 to 19 years	19.4	18.6	16.9	15.1	35.3	41.0	25.5	24.0
0 to 24 years	12.1	11.8	10.6	9.9	22.4	24.0	13.6	15.
5 years and over	6.7	6.4	6.0	5.8	11.5	10.8	10.2	10.
25 to 54 years	7.0	6.6	6.3	6.0	12.4	11.4	10.5	10.
55 years and over	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.5	5.4	6.6	7.9	6.
Men, 16 years and over	8.9	8.4	8.1	7.5	16.1	15.5	13.0	12.
6 to 19 years	23.5	22.6	21.0	19.6	40.1	43.4	33.2	31.
16 to 17 years	26.1	26.4	23.9	23.3	44.4	47.7	44.5	41.
18 to 19 years	22.0	20.2	19.2	17.2	38.2	41.1	27.1	27.
0 to 24 years	14.5	13.5	12.9	11.5	26.9	27.2	16.3	15.
5 years and over	7.4	7.0	6.8	6.4	13.0	11.9	10.7	10.
25 to 54 years	7.7	7.3	7.0	6.7	14.0	12.3	10.9	10.
55 years and over	5.6	5.3	5.3	4.8	6.2	8.9	9.2	6.
Women, 16 years and over	6.8	6.7	6.0	5.9	12.2	12.4	10.4	11.
16 to 19 years	17.7	18.5	15.6	15.6	35.3	39.2	23.9	27.
16 to 17 years	19.8	21.3	17.6	19.9	43.5	35.1	25.1	41.
18 to 19 years	16.5	16.8	14.4	12.8	32.0	41.0	23.5	19.
0 to 24 years	9.3	9.8	8.0	8.1	17.9	20.7	9.6	14.
5 years and over	5.8	5.6	5.1	5.0	10.2	9.7	9.4	9.
25 to 54 years	6.1	5.9	5.3	5.2	10.9	10.4	9.8	10.
55 years and over	3.9	4.1	3.6	4.1	4.6	4.1	5.8	6.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-64. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

Weeks of unemployment	То	tal	WI	nite	Bla	ick	Hispanic origin	
	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993
DURATION								
Total, 16 years and over	9,934	9,652	7,649	7,342	1,922	1,911	1,187	1,240
ess than 5 weeks	3,235	3,199	2,506	2,460	618	600	431	445
to 14 weeks	3,227	2,933	2,496	2,289	607	533	364	366
15 weeks and over	3,472	3,520	2,648	2,594	697	778	392	430
15 to 26 weeks	1,697	1,552	1,316	1.193	324	309	206	215
27 weeks and over	1,775	1,968	1,332	1,400	373	469	186	215
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	17.0	18.4	16.6	17.8	18.3	20.3	15.6	16.5
Median duration, in weeks	9.1	9.3	9.0	9.1	9.5	10.5	8.3	8.7
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION							į	
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ess than 5 weeks	32.6	33.1	32.8	33.5	32.1	31.4	36.3	35.9
to 14 weeks	32.5	30.4	32.6	31.2	31.6	27.9	30.7	29.5
5 weeks and over	35.0	36.5	34.6	35.3	36.3	40.7	33.0	34.6
15 to 26 weeks	17.1	16.1	17.2	16.3	16.9	16.2	17.4	17.3
27 weeks and over	17.9	20.4	17.4	19.1	19.4	24.5	15.7	17.3

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-65. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	То	tal	White		Bla	ıck	Hispanic origin	
Reasons for unemployment	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED								
Total, 16 years and over Job losers On layoff Other job losers Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	9,934 6,050 1,706 4,344 942 2,225 717	9,652 5,640 1,454 4,186 972 2,228 812	7,649 4,785 1,477 3,308 746 1,640 477	7,342 4,434 1,253 3,181 763 1,612 533	1,922 1,070 196 874 164 501 187	1,911 997 168 830 171 516 226	1,187 759 142 617 96 232 100	1,240 746 131 614 120 255 119
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
Total unemployed	100.0 60.9 17.2 43.7 9.5 22.4 7.2	100.0 58.4 15.1 43.4 10.1 23.1 8.4	100.0 62.6 19.3 43.2 9.8 21.4 6.2	100.0 60.4 17.1 43.3 10.4 22.0 7.3	100.0 55.7 10.2 45.5 8.6 26.1 9.7	100.0 52.2 8.8 43.4 9.0 27.0 11.8	100.0 63.9 12.0 52.0 8.1 19.5 8.4	100.0 60.1 10.6 49.5 9.7 20.6 9.6
Job losers	4.8 .8 1.8 .6	4.5 .8 1.8 .6	4.5 .7 1.5	4.1 .7 1.5 .5	7.9 1.2 3.7 1.4	7.3 1.2 3.8 1.6	7.6 1.0 2.3 1.0	7.3 1.2 2.5 1.2

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-66. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

	noninsti	Civilian noninstitutional Civilian labor force population									
			То	tal	Empl	oyed		Unemp	oloyed	2100	
Veteran status and age	I 1992	l 1993	1 1992	! 1993	l 1992	 1993	Number		Percent of labor force		
							l 1992	1 1993	1 1992	l 1993	
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS											
otal, 35 years and over	7,838	7,906	7,054	7,064	6,592	6,630	463	434	6.6	6.1	
35 to 49 years	6,356	6,079	5,927	5,662	5,519	5,300	408	362	6.9	6.4	
35 to 39 years	1,017	813 (939	754	860	669	79	85	8.3	11.2	
40 to 44 years	2,845 2,493	2,421 2,845	2,651 2,337	2,255 2.653	2,469	2,107 2,524	183 147	149 128	6.9 6.3	6.6	
45 to 49 years 50 years and over	1,482	1,827	1,127	1,402	1,072	1,329	55	73	4.9	4.8 5.2	
NONVETERANS											
otal, 35 to 49 years	18,991	19,977	17,707	18,555	16,482	17,357	1,225	1,198	6.9	6.5	
35 to 39 years	8,610		8,116	8,374	7,522	7,805	594	569	7.3	6.8	
40 to 44 years	6,049	6,576	5,629	6,103	5,252	5,750	376	354	6.7	5.8	
45 to 49 years	4,332	4,485	3,962	4,078	3,707	3,802	255	275	6.4	6.8	

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data

are limited to those 35 to 49 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population.

A-67. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	Veterans						Nonveterans					
Employment status and age	White		Black		Hispanic origin		White		Black		Hispanic origin	
	I 1992	l 1993	1 1992	l 1993	l 1992	1993	1 1992	l 1993	l 1992	1 1993	1 1992	l 1993
Total, 35 to 49 years												
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployment rate	4,971 333	5,435 5,084 4,780 304 6.0	590 532 467 65 12.2	540 483 438 45 9.4	253 232 21	239 221 198 24 10.7	15,329		1,886 1,609 1,387 222 13.8	2,021 1,712 1,507 205 12.0	1,376 171	1,934 1,748 1,555 193 11.0
35 to 39 years			ļ]			
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployment rate	863 803 734 69 8.5	675 629 560 68 10.8	141 124 116 8 6.2	123 111 97 14 12.5	53 47 42 5 (')	37 35 30 5 (¹)	7,423 7,076 6,614 462 6.5	7,683 7,290 6,844 446 6.1	842 722 607 115 16.0	886 774 669 105 13.5	708 625 83	902 833 743 91 10.9
40 to 44 years	:											
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployment rate	2,377	2,170 2,036 1,911 124 6.1	267 240 201 39 16.3	214 188 167 22 11.6	136 122 110 12 10.0	101 89 82 7 8.1	5,172 4,867 4,562 305 6.3	5,259 4,988 271	586 502 449 53 10.6	671 557 493 64 11.5	558 512 451 61 11.9	566 505 455 51 10.0
45 to 49 years												
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployment rate		2,590 2,420 2,308 112 4.6	182 168 150 18 10.8	202 184 174 10 5.3	89 84 80 4 4.6	101 97 86 11 11.7	3,665 3,386 3,195 191 5.6	3,521	459 384 331 53 13.8	463 381 345 36 9.5	380 327 300 26 8.1	466 409 357 52 12.6

to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Data not shown where base is less than 60,000. NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data are limited to those 35 to 49 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-68. Unemployment in families by type of family, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members

(Numbers in thousands)

	t		l 1992			l 1993						
			With unen	nployment:				With unemployment:				
Type of family, race, and Hispanic origin			Perc	ent of fam	ilies:			Perc	ent of fam	ilies:		
Type of termy, tace, and mopalite engine	Total families	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time	Total families	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time		
TOTAL							_					
Total families	66,372	6,956	30.4	69.6	60.6	67,095	6,732	31.4	68.6	59.8		
With children under 18 years of age		3,797	34.9	65.1	56.6	32,526	3,734	35.2	64.8	56.5		
Married-couple families		4,887	21.7	78.3	69.0	52,036	4,653	20.9	79.1	70.0		
With children under 18 years of age		2,759	22.0	78.0	68.3	23,932	2,622	20.0	80.0	70.5		
Families maintained by women		1,577	52.5	47.5	38.8	11,876	1,574	57.0	43.0	34.9		
With children under 18 years of age	7,060	862	68.1	31.9	26.1	7,178	903	71.0	29.0	23.3		
Families maintained by men	3,181	491	46.2	53.8	47.3	3,183	505	48.4	51.6	43.9		
With children under 18 years of age	1,369	176	74.4	25.6	23.3	1,415	209	71.6	28.4	24.0		
White												
Total families	56,584	5,425	27.8	72.2	63.2	57,010	5,184	28.6	71.4	62.3		
With children under 18 years of age	26,568	2,961	31.5	68.5	59.7	26,805	2.861	31.3	68.7	59.5		
Married-couple families	46,303	4,178	21.7	78.3	69.0	46,701	3,868	20.6	79.4	70.1		
With children under 18 years of age	20,989	2,357	22.2	77.8	68.1	21,098	2,166	20.0	80.0	70.0		
Families maintained by women	7,802	878	49.7	50.3	41.1	7,855	954	53.6	46.4	37.5		
With children under 18 years of age	4,482	464	65.8	34.2	27.7	4,568	538	65.8	34.2	26.8		
Families maintained by men	2,478	370	45.9	54.1	48.9	2,454	362	48.6	51.4	43.9		
With children under 18 years of age	1,097	140	72.9	27.1	24.3	1,139	156	68.6	31.4	26.9		
Black		t i										
Total families	7,604	1,286	40.9	59.1	50.7	7,747	1,264	43.4	56.6	49.2		
With children under 18 years of age	4,344	712	49.0	51.0	44.4	4,396	710	51.8	48.2	43.2		
Married-couple families	3,450	544	21.3	78.7	69.3	3,552	575	23.1	76.9	68.5		
With children under 18 years of age	1,767	310	20.0	80.0	70.0	1,789	333	21.0	79.0	72.1		
Families maintained by women	3,594	643	56.6	43.4	36.2	3,620	572	62.8	37.2	30.9		
With children under 18 years of age	2,361	372	70.4	29.6	25.0	2,377	336	78.6	21.4	18.2		
Families maintained by men	559 216	98 31	45.9 (¹)	54.1	42.9 (')	575 230	117 42	48.7 (¹)	51.3 (')	43.6		
Hispanic origin			''					``	, ,			
	5 000		040	00.0	57.0	F 000	000	000	07.4			
Total families	5,099 3,304	846 554	34.0 40.3	66.0 59.7	57.0 51.3	5,236 3,311	869 582	32.6 35.1	67.4 64.9	59.7		
With children under 18 years of age		565	28.3	71.7	61.9	3,569	593	25.1	74.9	57.0 66.4		
Married-couple families With children under 18 years of age	2,253	402	31.1	68.9	59.0	2,307	438	26.9	73.1	64.6		
Families maintained by women		193	50.3	49.7	40.9	1,241	193	51.3	48.7	42.0		
With children under 18 years of age	868	120	65.8	34.2	29.2	822	116	60.7	39.3	34.2		
Families maintained by men	415	89	36.0	64.0	59.6	426	83	43.4	56.6	51.8		
With children under 18 years of age		32	(')	(b)	(')	182	29	(c)	(')	(')		

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 60,000. NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not

sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-69. Unemployed persons by family relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members

(Numbers in thousands)

		19	l 192		i 1993					
		Pero	ent of unemple	oyed:	-	Percent of unemployed:				
Family relationship, race, and Hispanic origin	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time		
TOTAL										
Total unemployed in families¹ Husbands With children under 18 years of age Wives	2,219 1,360 1,469	32.1 35.0 39.1 22.3 21.9	67.9 65.0 60.9 77.7 78.1	58.9 51.3 46.5 71.9 72.6	7,571 2,070 1,245 1,420 838	33.3 34.6 37.1 19.0 16.6	66.7 65.4 62.9 81.0	58.2 51.6 47.5 75.5		
With children under 18 years of age	j .	12.5	87.5	81.0	1,748	14.1	83.4 85.9	78.2 79.9		
Women who maintain families With children under 18 years of age	566 1,074 253 140	83.5 91.8 31.7 72.0 92.8 26.2	16.5 8.2 68.3 28.0 7.2 73.8	9.5 4.1 58.3 23.8 6.8 64.8	728 594 1,042 280 155 283	85.9 94.0 36.0 69.7 90.4 32.2	14.1 6.0 64.0 30.3 9.6 67.8	9.0 2.9 54.0 23.2 6.0 60.9		
White										
Total unemployed in families¹ Husbands With children under 18 years of age Wives With children under 18 years of age	1,907 1,156 1,258 756	29.7 34.9 39.2 21.3 21.0	70.3 65.1 60.8 78.7 79.0	61.5 51.1 45.8 73.1 73.9	5,726 1,743 1,033 1,175 688	30.8 34.4 37.3 18.2 16.0	69.2 65.6 62.7 81.8 84.0	60.4 51.1 45.9 76.9 79.7		
Relatives in married-couple families Women who maintain families	1,464	12.5 78.8	87.5 21.2	81.8 12.0	1,373 417	13.7 82.8	86.3 17.2	80.8		
With children under 18 years of age	304 571 198	89.4 30.4 70.6 92.0 25.3	10.6 69.6 29.4 8.0 74.7	5.2 60.3 24.8 7.5 69.7	329 623 197 113 199	92.4 34.5 69.9 88.3 33.1	7.6 65.5 30.1 11.7 66.9	3.7 55.0 21.7 8.0 62.0		
Black										
Total unemployed in families¹	236 156 156 98	41.3 35.4 36.5 28.0 28.0 12.7	58.7 64.6 63.5 72.0 72.0 87.3	50.1 53.7 52.9 63.4 63.1 77.2	1,519 227 144 183 116 300	43.4 36.1 38.6 26.1 22.2 16.6	56.6 63.9 61.4 73.9 77.8 83.4	49.2 52.8 52.7 67.2 70.0 76.6		
Women who maintain families	459 41	91.2 95.3 33.3 (²) (²) 31.9	8.8 4.7 66.7 (²) (²) 68.1	6.4 3.0 56.9 (²) (²) 53.2	284 244 393 68 33 63	91.3 96.1 38.8 70.4 (2) 31.5	8.7 3.9 61.2 29.6 (²) 68.5	5.0 1.8 52.9 27.0 (²) 54.5		
Hispanic origin				 						
Total unemployed in families¹	213 170 119	35.7 48.6 52.8 24.7 25.1 12.6	64.3 51.4 47.2 75.3 74.9 87.4	55.3 38.9 34.0 64.4 64.9 82.8	1,023 278 225 189 134 236	34.6 44.5 45.5 20.3 23.2 11.4	65.4 55.5 54.5 79.7 76.8 88.6	57.6 43.8 42.6 73.4 71.9 83.1		
Women who maintain families With children under 18 years of age	68 133 44 24	78.6 87.0 31.1 (²) (²) (²) 19.1	21.4 13.0 68.9 (²) (²) 80.9	15.2 9.1 57.1 (²) (²) 74.0	86 64 130 50 19 54	73.1 84.2 37.1 (²) (²) (²)	26.9 15.8 62.9 (²) (²) (²)	21.8 13.0 52.5 (²) (²) (²)		

¹ Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in families where the husband, wife or, other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces, and persons in unrelated subfamilies. Estimates for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns

used in aggregating the data.

² Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-70. Employed civilians by family relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members

(Numbers in thousands)

			l 192		1993				
		Per	cent of emplo	yed:		Percent of employed:			
Family relationship, race, and Hispanic origin	Total	With no other employed person in family	With another employed person in family	With another person in family employed full time	Total	With no other employed person in family	With another employed person in family	With another person in family employed full time	
TOTAL									
Total employed in families ¹	91,862	23.6	76.4	65.7	92,811	23.6	76.4	65.6	
Husbands		27.9	72.1	54.5	37,997	27.9	72.1	54.5	
With children under 18 years of age		29.9	70.1	49.4	21,461	30.5	69.5	48.9	
Wives	28,963 15,335	10.8	89.2 92.8	84.5 89.3	29,516 15,513	10.9	89.1	84.5	
With children under 18 years of age	10,615	7.7	92.3	88.0	10,439	7.5 8.4	92.5 91.6	89.1 87.2	
Women who maintain families	6,556	67.3	32.7	21.8	6,645	66.9	33.1	21.8	
With children under 18 years of age	4,212	85.4	14.6	6.6	4,344	83.8	16.2	7.6	
Relatives in families maintained by women	4,355	27.3	72.7	63.5	4,533	25.2	74.8	65.6	
Men who maintain families		59.5	40.5	30.8	2,178	60.4	39.6	29.0	
With children under 18 years of age Relatives in families maintained by men		84.8 19.7	15.2 80.3	8.7 74.1	1,113 1,504	84.7 21.8	15.3 78.2	8.2 70.6	
White									
Total employed in families ¹	79,826	22.8	77.2	66.1	80,444	22.7	77.3	66.1	
Husbands	33,942	28.3	71.7	53.5	34,246	28.1	71.9	53.6	
With children under 18 years of age		30.6	69.4	47.6	19,113	30.9	69.1	47.4	
Wives		10.6	89.4	84.7	26,367	10.6	89.4	84.9	
With children under 18 years of age		6.9 7.6	93.1 92.4	89.6 88.2	13,667 9,081	6.9 8.2	93.1 91.8	89.8 87.5	
Women who maintain families		65.3	34.7	23.0	4,578	64.4	35.6	22.8	
With children under 18 years of age		84.6	15.4	6.3	2,969	82.4	17.6	7.4	
Relatives in families maintained by women		27.5	72.5	63.3	3,305	26.1	73.9	65.0	
Men who maintain families		59.8 84.0	40.2 16.0	30.4 8.7	1,748 926	61.8 84.8	38.2	26.9	
With children under 18 years of age		18.7	81.3	75.0	1,118	20.6	15.2 79.4	7.4 72.1	
Black					•				
Total employed in families1	8,717	32.0	68.0	60.3	8,830	33.0	67.0	59.5	
Husbands		22.1	77.9	67.1	2,418	24.4	75.6	65.9	
With children under 18 years of age	1,466	21.3	78.7	68.0	1,469	24.0	76.0	65.5	
Wives		14.8 11.0	85.2 89.0	81.0 85.8	2,051	15.8	84.2	79.8	
With children under 18 years of age	1	9.6	90.4	84.9	1,186 892	12.4 10.4	87.6 89.6	83.4 84.4	
Women who maintain families	1,788	73.3	26.7	18.4	1,835	74.6	25.4	18.0	
With children under 18 years of age		87.1	12.9	7.0	1,253	87.5	12.5	8.0	
Relatives in families maintained by women		27.4	72.6	64.1	1,053	24.3	75.7	65.6	
Men who maintain families		61.0	39.0 10.9	29.8 8.5	319 154	59.9	40.1	32.7	
With children under 18 years of age	155 236	89.1 30.3	69.7	64.7	262	84.0 33.5	16.0 66.5	11.9 57.4	
Hispanic origin				į.					
Total employed in families1		26.6	73.4	64.9	7,102	28.2	71.8	62.6	
Husbands	2,622	35.1	64.9	52.1	2,732	36.7	63.3	50.6	
With children under 18 years of age		38.3	61.7	48.4	1,923	39.5	60.5	47.5	
Wives		11.0 9.9	89.0 90.1	84.0 85.9	1,734 1,185	12.3 11.2	87.7 88.8	82.2 84.0	
With children under 18 years of age		8.4	91.6	88.2	1,033	9.0	91.0	85.9	
Women who maintain families		64.7	35.3	26.9	599	64.2	35.8	24.1	
With children under 18 years of age		79.4	20.6	14.0	396	80.0	20.0	12.0	
Relatives in families maintained by women		25.5	74.5	65.2	473	24.8	75.2	66.7	
Men who maintain families		51.4 79.5	48.6 20.5	41.3 14.6	303 145	54.5 91.4	45.5	35.8	
With children under 18 years of age			91.9	83.9	227	81.4	18.6	12.3	
Relatives in families maintained by men	. 250	8.1	91.9	83.9	221	12.5	87.5	81.5	

¹ Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in families where the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces, and persons in unrelated subfamilies. Estimates for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns

used in aggregating the data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-71. Median weekly earnings of families by type of family, number of earners, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

Type of family, number of	Number	of families	Median weekly earnings			
earners, race, and Hispanic origin	l 1992	I 1993	l 1992	l 1993		
TOTAL						
otal families with earners¹	43,668	43,758	\$680	\$694		
Married-couple families	34,011	34,220	769	790		
One earner	12,099	12,239	464	470		
Husband	8,416	8,412	556	546		
Wife	2,955	3,013	291	317		
Other family member	728	814	287	291		
Two or more earners	21,913	21.981	930	961		
Husband and wife	19.473	19,652	955	985		
Husband and other family member(s)	1,610	1,517	809	855		
Wife and other family member(s)	632	609	592	609		
	198	204				
Other family members only	7,455	7,428	643 389	579 204		
Families maintained by women				394		
One earner	5,348	5,246	309	308		
Householder	4,273	4,225	320	310		
Other family member	1,075	1,021	266	294		
Two or more earners	2,107	2,182	639	643		
Families maintained by men	2,202	2,110	508	499		
One earner	1,413	1,443	405	422		
Two or more earners	789	667	731	673		
White						
Total families with earners¹	37,076	36,907	710	724		
Married-couple families	30,137	30,145	783	804		
One earner	10,774	10,738	480	483		
Husband	7,605	7,496	571	568		
Wife	2,551	2,554	296	317		
Two or more earners	19,363	19,407	943	971		
Husband and wife	17,239	17,439	967	992		
Families maintained by women	5,182	5,164	410	414		
Families maintained by men	1,757	1,598	522	517		
Black						
Total families with earners1	5,081	5,137	481	484		
Married-couple families	2,700	2,723	641	650		
One earner	877	988	303	340		
Husband	472	568	356	377		
Wife	327	325	265	302		
Two or more earners	1,823	1,735	782	836		
Husband and wife	1,595	1,513	801	873		
Families maintained by women	2,010	1,994	324	321		
Families maintained by men	372	419	446	408		
Hispanic origin						
Total families with earners'	3,676	3,765	498	498		
Married-couple families	2,652	2,711	564	572		
One earner	1,046	1,139	347	333		
Husband	800	888	388	359		
Wife	154	162	241	276		
Two or more earners	1,606	1,572	743	761		
Husband and wife	1,215	1,224	790	786		
Families maintained by women	730	738	332	367		
Families maintained by men	295	316	419	422		
Commos mantanes by mon	200	1 210	713	422		

¹ Data exclude families in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-72. Families with unemployed members and wage and salary workers by type of family and median weekly earnings

(Numbers in thousands)

Type of family and relationship	Number	of families	Median weekly earnings			
of unemployed members to wage and salary earners	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993		
Married-couple families ¹	3,319	3,338	\$484	\$511		
Husband unemployed Wife only earner Wife and other earner(s) Other earner(s) only		1,282 981 199 102	308 286 609 (²)	356 326 521 210		
Wife unemployed Husband only earner Husband and other earner(s) Other earner(s) only		842 842 155 10	491 491 727 (²)	484 484 762 (²)		
Other member(s) unemployed	1,018 377 601 40	1,049 340 637 72	777 496 918 (²)	784 526 934 (²)		
Families maintained by women¹		618 94 524	331 204 355	304 (°) 317		
Families maintained by men¹	229	251	404	389		

¹ Data exclude families in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is

either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

² Data not shown where base is less than 100,000.

A-73. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics

		of workers usands)	Median weekly earnings			
Characteristic	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993		
SEX AND AGE						
otal, 16 years and over	82,466	82,929	\$447	\$460		
Men, 16 years and over	46,485	46,691	507	513		
16 to 24 years	4,856	4,950	291	289		
25 years and over	41,629	41,741	541	552		
/omen, 16 years and over	35,981	36,239	381	395		
16 to 24 years	4,091	3,940	273	283		
25 years and over	31,891	32,299	399	413		
FAMILY RELATIONSHIP						
lusbands	30,223	30,459	576	586		
Vives	19,237	19,516	391	408		
Vomen who maintain families	5,156	5,080	377	377		
fen who maintain families	1,701	1,568	454	466		
Other persons in families:						
Men	5,443	5,484	309	315		
Women	3,802	3,716	293	301		
All other men'	9,117	9,180	467	469		
All other women ¹	7,787	7,927	406	417		
RACE, HISPANIC ORIGIN, AND SEX						
Vhite	70,382	70,546	464	476		
Men	40,320	40,434	520	529		
Women	30,062	30,112	389	401		
Black	9,312	9,394	362	374		
Men	4,633	4,658	390	396		
Women	4,679	4,736	332	349		
lispanic origin	6,717	6,811	323	324		
Men	4,153	4,271	353	345		
Women	2,564	2,540	295	304		

¹ The majority of these persons are living alone or with nonrelatives. Also included are persons in families where the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces, and persons in unrelated subfamilies.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-74. Median weekly earnings of part-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics

		of workers usands)	Median weekly earnings			
Characteristic	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993		
SEX AND AGE						
otal, 16 years and over	19,497	19,899	\$127	\$130		
Men, 16 years and over	6,401	6,604	118	121		
16 to 24 years	3,305	3,381	98	100		
25 years and over	3,096	3,224	154	158		
Vomen, 16 years and over	13,095	13,294	133	135		
16 to 24 years	3,955	4,001	96	97		
25 years and over	9,140	9,293	154	156		
FAMILY RELATIONSHIP						
lusbands	1,760	1,900	160	168		
Vives	6,717	6,832	160	160		
Nomen who maintain families	1,063	1,106	140	145		
fen who maintain families	187	183	123	174		
Other persons in families:						
Men	3,162	3,280	99	99		
Women	3,342	3,364	92	92		
All other men¹	1,292	1,242	137	147		
All other women ¹	1,974	1,992	130	139		
RACE, HISPANIC ORIGIN, AND SEX						
White	16,942	17,249	128	130		
Men	5,407	5,516	118	120		
Women	11,535	11,733	134	135		
Black	1,841	1,855	122	123		
Men	715	756	120	124		
Women	1,127	1,099	123	123		
lispanic origin	1,441	1,432	126	128		
Men	641	599	132	123		
Women	800	833	122	131		

¹ The majority of these persons are living alone or with nonrelatives. Also included are persons in families where the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces, and persons in unrelated subfamilies.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-75. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and sex

		of workers usands)	Median wee	ekty earnings
Occupation and sex	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993
TOTAL				
Managerial and professional specialty		23,993	\$646	\$666
Executive, administrative, and managerial		11,609	644	659
Professional specialty		12,384	648	673
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support		25,026	407	416
Technicians and related support		3,360 7,460	508 435	537 450
Sales occupations		14,207	380	390
Service occupations		9,182	283	293
Private household		266	151	182
Protective service		1,966	484	502
Service, except private household and protective		6,950	260	268
Precision production, craft, and repair		9,956	495	501
Mechanics and repairers		3,599	498	517
Construction trades		2,966	498	488
Other precision production, craft, and repair		3,391	488	491
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	13,216	13,541	352	359
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		6,771	341	340
Transportation and material moving occupations		3,617	414	444
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		3,153	308	308
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1,220	1,231	269	261
Men				
Managerial and professional specialty	12,124	12,352	770	784
Executive, administrative, and managerial	1 1	6,520	779	785
Professional specialty		5,832	760	782
Technical, sales, and administrative support		9,318	516	527
Technicians and related support	1,942	1,794	588	627
Sales occupations	4,516	4,337	522	529
Administrative support, including clerical		3,186	476	489
Service occupations		4,666	336	350
Private household		15	(')	(')
Protective service		1,664	491	511
Service, except private household and protective		2,987	283	285
Precision production, craft, and repair	9,287	9,125	507	513
Mechanics and repairers		3,469 2,944	498 499	516
Construction trades Other precision production, craft, and repair		2,712	535	489 537
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		10,145	391	395
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		4,125	410	398
Transportation and material moving occupations		3,376	418	454
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		2,644	314	314
Farming, forestry, and fishing		1,085	275	267
Women				
Managerial and professional specialty	11,199	11,642	556	580
Executive, administrative, and managerial		5,089	518	543
Professional specialty		6,552	582	596
Technical, sales, and administrative support		15,708	366	375
Technicians and related support		1,566	449	466
Sales occupations		3,122 11,020	318 363	335
Service occupations		4,516	244	373 258
Private household		251	149	258 180
Protective service		302	399	413
Service, except private household and protective		3,963	245	258
Precision production, craft, and repair		831	323	323
Mechanics and repairers		130	496	544
Construction trades		22	(')	(¹)
Other precision production, craft, and repair		678	310	308
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		3,396	273	289
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		2,647	268	284
Transportation and material moving occupations		240	332	378
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	550	509	275	289
Farming, forestry, and fishing	164	146	240	230

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 100,000. NOTE: Data for 1992 are not fully comparable with data for prior

years because of the introduction of the occupational classification system used in the 1990 Census.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-76. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population in metropolitan, nonmetropolitan, urban, and rural areas by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	United	tal States	Metropolitan areas							
Employment status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin			То	tal	Cent		Subu	ırbs		
an noninstitutional population ilian labor force Percent of population Inemployed Inempl	1 1992	1 1993	l 1992	l 1993	I 1992	1993	1 1992	i 1993		
TOTAL										
		192,796 126,407	148,774 99,186	149,843 99,460	57,734 37,308	58,164 37,315	91,040 61,879	91,678 62,148		
		65.6	66.7	66.4	64.6	64.2	68.0	67.		
		116,755	91,432	91,905	33,872	33,958	57,560	57,94		
Unemployed	9,934	9,652	7,754	7,555	3,436	3,357	4,318	4,19		
		7.6	7.8	7.6	9.2	9.0	7.0	6.		
Not in labor force	65,470	66,389	49,588	50,383	20,427	20,849	29,161	29,53		
Men, 20 years and over										
Civilian noninstitutional population		85,554	65,791	66,478	25,072	25,376	40,719	41,10		
Civilian labor force	65,105	65,575	51,423	51,640	19,170	19,149	32,253	32,49		
		76.6	78.2	77.7	76.5	75.5	79.2	79.		
Employed	59,785 5,320	60,531 5,044	47,278 4,145	47,662 3,978	17,330 1,840	17,386 1,763	29,948 2,305	30,27		
		7.7	8.1	7.7	9.6	9.2	7.1	2,21 6		
		19,979	14,368	14,838	5,903	6,227	8,466	8,61		
	93,196	94,081	72.944	73.418	28,780	28,962	44 164	44.45		
		54,665	43,078	43,194	16,461	16,467	44,164 26,616	44,45 26,72		
		58.1	59.1	58.8	57.2	56.9	60.3	60		
	1	51,330	40,432	40,591	15,275	15,320	25,157	25,27		
Unemployed		3,335	2,646	2,603	1,186	1,147	1,460	1,45		
Unemployment rate		6.1	6.1	6.0	7.2	7.0	5.5	5.		
Not in labor force	39,019	39,416	29,866	30,224	12,319	12,495	17,547	17,72		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Sivilian poninstitutional population	13,157	13,160	10,039	9,947	3,882	3,826	6,157	6,12		
Civilian labor force	6,136	6,167	4,686	4,626	1,677	1,699	3,009	2,92		
Percent of population	46.6	46.9	46.7	46.5	43.2	44.4	48.9	47.		
Employed	4,865	4,894	3,722	3,652	1,267	1,251	2,456	2,40		
Unemployed	1,271	1,273 20.6	963 20.6	974 21.1	410 24.5	448 26.4	553	52		
		6,993	5,354	5,321	2,205	2,127	18.4 3,148	18. 3,19		
	7,022	0,500	5,054	0,021	2,200	2,127	3,140	0,10		
	160 000	162 429	124 227	124 702	42 600	42.666	01 647	90.40		
		163,438 108,060	124,337 83,601	124,793 83,590	42,690 28,134	42,666 27,982	81,647 55,488	82,12 55,60		
Percent of population		66.1	87.2	67.0	65.9	65.6	67.9	67		
Employed		100,718	77,825	78,015	25,993	25,904	51,832	52,11		
Unemployed		7,342	5,776	5,574	2,140	2,078	3,636	3,49		
Unemployment rate	7.1	6.8	6.9	6.7	7.6	7.4	6.6	6		
Not in labor force	54,779	55,378	40,736	41,204	14,557	14,683	26,179	26,52		
Black										
Civilian noninstitutional population		22,186	18,443	18,762	12,136	12,452	6,307	6,31		
Civilian labor force		13,705 61.8	11,659 63.2	11,745 62.6	7,307 60.2	7,382 59.3	4,352 69.0	4,36 69		
Percent of population		11,794	9,973	10.111	6,169	6,282	3,804	3,8		
Unemployed		1,911	1,886	1,835	1,138	1,100	548	5		
Unemployment rate		13.9	14.5	13.9	15.6	14.9	12.6	12		
Not in labor force		8,481	6,784	7,017	4,829	5,070	1,955	1,9		
Hispanic origin			1							
Civilian noninstitutional population		15,542	13,999	14,372	7,935	8,055	6,064	6,3		
Civilian labor force	9,942	10,200	9,268	9,457 65.8	5,068	5,084	4,200	4,37		
Percent of population	66.0 8,756	65.6 8,961	66.2 8,154	65.8 8,306	63.9 4,452	63.1 4,430	69.3 3,702	69 3,8		
Employed	1,187	1,240	1,114	1,151	616	654	498	3,6		
Unemployed		12.2	12.0	12.2	12.2	12.9	11.9	11		

A-76. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population in metropolitan, nonmetropolitan, urban, and rural areas by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Nonmetr are			oan eas		ural eas
Employment status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin						
	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	l 1993	1 1992	l 1993
TOTAL						
Civilian noninstitutional population		42,953	138,804	140,006	52,084	52,790
Civilian labor force		26,947 62.7	91,534 65.9	91,958 65.7	33,884 65.1	34,449 65.3
Employed		24,850	84,141	84,677	31,343	32,078
Unemployed		2,097	7,392	7,281	2,542	2,372
Unemployment rate	8.3	7.8	8.1	7.9	7.5	6.9
Not in labor force	15,882	16,006	47,271	48,048	18,199	18,341
Men, 20 years and over						
Civilian noninstitutional population		19,077	60,661	61,451	23,874	24,104
Civilian labor force		13,935 73.0	46,913 77.3	47,205	18,192	18,370
Percent of population Employed		73.0 12,869	43,034	76.8 43,412	76.2 16,751	76.2 17,119
Unemployed		1,066	3,879	3,793	1,440	1,251
Unemployment rate	8.6	7.7	8.3	8.0	7.9	6.8
Not in labor force	5,062	5,141	13,748	14,246	5,682	5,734
Women, 20 years and over						
Civilian noninstitutional population	20,253	20,663	68,768	69,327	24,428	24,754
Civilian labor force	11,100	11,471	40,222	40,431	13,955	14,234
Percent of population		55.5	58.5	58.3	57.1	57.5
Employed		10,739 732	37,648	37,870	13,186	13,460
Unemployed Unemployment rate		6.4	2,575 6.4	2,561 6.3	769 5.5	774 5.4
Not in labor force		9,192	28,546	28,897	10,473	10,520
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years						
Civilian noninstitutional population	3,118	3,214	9,375	9,228	3,782	3.932
Civilian labor force		1,541	4,398	4,322	1,737	1,845
Percent of population		47.9	46.9	46.8	45.9	46.9
Employed		1,242	3,460	3,396	1,405	1,498
Unemployed		299 19.4	938 21.3	926 21.4	332	347
Unemployment rate	1 :	1,673	4,977	4,906	19.1 2,045	18.8 2,087
White	,,,,,,	,,,,,,	,,,,,,	1,000	2,040	2,007
	37,886	38,645	114,032	114,551	48,191	40.907
Civilian noninstitutional population		24,470	75,860	75,926	31,584	48,887 32,134
Percent of population	62.9	63.3	66.5	66.3	65.5	65.7
Employed		22,703	70,491	70,710	29,304	30,008
Unemployed		1,768 7.2	5,369 7.1	5,216 6.9	2,280	2,126
Unemployment rate Not in labor force		14,174	38,172	38,625	7.2 16,607	6.6 16,753
Black						
Civilian noninstitutional population	3,386	3,424	18,805	19,247	3,023	3 030
Civilian labor force		1,959	11,766	11,966	1,789	2,939 1,738
Percent of population	56.0	57.2	62.6	62.2	59.2	59.1
Employed		1,684	10,040	10,246	1,594	1,548
Unemployed Unemployment rate		276 14.1	1,726 14,7	1,720 14.4	196 10.9	191
Not in labor force		1,465	7,040	7,281	1,234	11.0 1,201
Hispanic origin						
Civilian noninstitutional population	1,067	1,170	13,743	14,127	1,323	1,414
Civilian labor force	674	744	9,074	9,229	868	971
Percent of population	63.2	63.6	66.0	65.3	65.6	68.7
Employed		654	7,989	8,104	767	856
Unemployed		89 12.0	1,086 12.0	1,125 12.2	101 11.6	115
Not in labor force	1	426	4,669	4,898	455	11.8 443

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. These data are based

on 1980 census designations and are not comparable to data published through the first quarter of 1984. Beginning with the first quarter of 1993, separate data are no longer available for farm and nonfarm areas.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-77. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population in poverty and nonpoverty areas by race and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	7	otal Uni	ted State	s	l	Metropoli	tan areas	3	No	nmetrop	olitan are	as
Employment status, race, and Hispanic origin	Pov are		, -	overty eas	Pov are	•		overty eas	Pov are	•	Nonpe are	overty eas
	l 1992	l 1993	l 1992	1 1993	1 1992	1 1993	l 1992	l 1993	1 1992	1 1993	l 1992	l 1993
TOTAL												
Civilian noninstitutional population	26,747		164,141		17,079		131,695		9,668	9,676	32,446	33,277
Civilian labor force			110,359		9,548	9,444	89,639	90,016	5,511	5,584	20,721	21,363
Percent of population	56.3	56.1	67.2	67.1	55.9 8,175	55.2 8,074	68.1	67.8	57.0	57.7	63.9	
Employed	13,178 1,880	1.890	102,306 8.054	7,762	1,373	1,370	83,257 6,381	83,831 6,185	5,004 507	5,064	19,049	
Unemployed Unemployment rate	12.5	1,030	, ,	7,702	14.4	1,370	7.1	6.9	9.2	520 9.3	1,672 8.1	1,577 7.4
Men, 20 years and over	12.7	12.3	7.5	7.1	14.7	14.3	7.3	7.0	9.4	9.0	8.4	7.5
Women, 20 years and over	9.9	10.4	5.7	5.5	11.5	11.9	5.6	5.4	7.0	7.9	6.1	6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	32.0	31.4	19.1	19.0	36.3	36.5	18.8	19.1	24.7	22.8	20.4	18.6
Men	33.4	34.4	22.0	20.6	38.0	41.3	22.0	21.2	25.6	23.1	21.7	18.0
Women	30.3	27.5	16.1	17.2	34.3	30.5	15.3	16.8	23.5	22.3	19.0	
Not in labor force	11,688	11,770	53,782	54,620	7,531	7,677	42,057	42,706	4,157	4,093	11,725	11,914
White												
Civilian noninstitutional population	16,415	16,389	145,808	147,049	9,065	9,094	115,272	115,699	7,350	7,295	30,536	31,350
Civilian labor force	9,564	9,536	97,880	98,524	5,267	5,235	78,334	78,355	4,297	4,302	19,546	20,169
Percent of population	58.3	58.2		67.0	58.1	57.6	68.0	67.7	58.5	59.0	64.0	64.3
Employed	8,626	8,586	1 '		4,674	4,625	73,151	73,390	3,952	3,960	18,018	18,742
Unemployed	938	951	6,711	6,391	593	609	5,183	4,965	345	341	1,528	1,426
Unemployment rate	9.8	10.0		6.5	11.3	11.6	6.6	6.3	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.1
Men, 20 years and over	10.1	10.0		6.6	11.7	11.6	6.9	6.5	8.3	8.0	8.1	7.0
Women, 20 years and over	7.4	8.2		5.1	8.7	9.6	5.1	5.0	5.9	6.6	5.8	5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.9	22.4	l .	17.2	27.2	27.3	17.2	16.9	22.2	16.8	19.4	17.9
Men	27.5	26.4	1	ı	31.0		20.2	-	23.4	16.5	20.5	18.3
Women	21.9 6,851	16.7 6,853	15.0 47,927	I	22.8 3,798	16.2 3,860	14.0 36,938		20.9 3,053	17.2	18.4	17.5
Not in labor force	• 0,651	0,000	47,527	40,323	3,790	3,800	30,530	37,344	3,053	2,993	10,990	11,181
Black												
Civilian noninstitutional population	9,289	9,313	1 -		7,262	7,247	11,181	11,515	2,027	2,066	1,359	1,358
Civilian labor force	4,945	4,889				3,769	7,779	7,976	1,064	1,120	831	840
Percent of population		52.5 4,021	68.7 7,558	68.5 7,773	53.4 3,144	52.0 3,061	69.6 6,829	69.3 7,050	52.5 931	54.2 960	61.2 729	61.8 723
Employed		867	1,052		736		950	927	134	159	102	117
Unemployment rate		17.7	12.2	11.8	19.0		12.2		12.6	14.2	12.3	
Men. 20 years and over	1	17.6	I	l .	20.2	19.0	12.7	11.7	12.3	12.9	11.6	
Women, 20 years and over		14.2	9.6	9.4	14.7	14.8	9.5	9.1	10.5	12.0	10.2	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		47.3	33.7	37.3	47.6	48.1	32.8	37.7	(')	44.3	(')	(')
Men		50.2				51.4	37.0		()	(¹)	(')	(')
Women		44.2	1	35.3	50.5	44.8	28.5	1	(')	(')	(')	(')
Not in labor force	4,344	4,424	3,929	4,057	3,381	3,478	3,402	3,539	963	946	527	518
Hispanic origin							!					
Civilian noninstitutional population	4,435	4,564		10,978	4,056	1 '	9,943		379	382	689	787
Civilian labor force						, ,	6,999		215	234	459	510
Percent of population			I .	1			70.4		56.7	61.2	66.7	64.7
Employed						1,996	6,197		192	197	410	
Unemployed			1		1	1	802		23	37	49	
Unemployment rate		ı	1	1			11.5	1	10.8	16.0	10.7	10.
Men, 20 years and over				II .	1	14.3	11.0	1	12.0	17.4	11.7	
Women, 20 years and over		14.3 31.5	1		1		9.0 30.3	,		13.8	7.2	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1	1	1	1	1	1	34.7	1	(')			()
Men	1	19.4		1		20.6			1 1.7	(°)	()	(1)
Women		1,963					1		1 ''			
Not in labor force	1,931	1,303	3,173	3,576	.,,,,,,	.,513	_,574	3,100	104	140	229	2/6

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 60,000. NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and

Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. These data are based on 1980 census designations and are not comparable to data published through the first quarter of 1984.

B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1942 to date

(in thousands)

				Goods	-producing					Ser	vice-produc	ing			
Year and	Total	Total						Transpor- tation	Whole-		Finance, insurance,		(Governme	nt
month	lotai	private	Total	Mining	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total	and public utilities	sale trade	Retail trade	and real estate	Services	Federal	State	Local
							Anr	nual average	es						
1942	40,106	34,624	18,470	992	2,198	15,280	21,636 22,320	3,460 3,647	1,912	5,206	1,509	4,066	2,213	(¹)	(')
1943 1944	42,434 41,864	36,356 35,822	20,114 19,328	925 892	1,587 1,108	17,602 17,328	22,536	3,829	1,828 1,851	5,154 5,208	1,481 1,461	4,130 4,145	2,905 2,928	(¹) (¹)	(')
1945	40,374	34,431	17,507	836	1,147	15,524	22,867	3,906	1,955	5,359	1,481	4,222	2,808	(¹)	(1)
1946	41,652	36,056	17,248	862	1,683	14,703 15,545	24,404	4,061 4,166	2,298	6,077	1,675	4,697	2,254	(¹)	(1)
1947 1948	43,857 44,866	38,382 39,216	18,509 18,774	955 994	2,009 2,198	15,545	25,348 26,092	4,189	2,478 2,612	6,477 6,659	1,728 1,800	5,025 5,181	1,892 1,863	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)
1949	43,754	37,897	17,565	930	2,194	14,441	26,189	4,001	2,610	6,654	1,828	5,239	1,908	<u>8</u>	(6)
1950	45,197	39,170	18,506	901	2,364	15,241	26,691	4,034	2,643	6,743	1,888	5,356	1,928	(')	(¹)
1951	47,819	41,430	19,959	929	2,637	16,393	27,860	4,226	2,735	7,007	1,956	5,547	2,302	()	(1)
1952 1953	48,793 50,202	42,185 43,556	20,198 21,074	898 866	2,668 2,659	16,632 17,549	28,595 29,128	4,248 4,290	2,821 2,862	7,184 7,385	2,035 2,111	5,699 5,835	2,420 2,305	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)
1954	48,990	42,238	19,751	791	2,646	16,314	29,239	4,084	2,875	7,360	2,200	5,969	2,188	8	8
1955	50,641	43,727	20,513	792	2,839	16,882	30,128	4,141	2,934	7,601	2,298	6,240	2,187	1,168	3,558
1956	52,369 52,853	45,091 45,239	21,104 20,964	822 828	3,039 2,962	17,243 17,174	31,266 31,889	4,244 4,241	3,027 3,037	7,831 7,848	2,389 2,438	6,497 6,708	2,209 2,217	1,250	3,819
1957 1958	51,324	43,483	19,513	751	2,817	15,945	31,811	3,976	2,989	7,761	2,481	6,765	2,191	1,328 1,415	4,07
1959²	53,268	45,186	20,411	732	3,004	16,675	32,857	4,011	3,092	8,035	2,549	7,087	2,233	1,484	4,366
1960	54,189	45,836	20,434	712	2,926	16,796	33,755	4,004	3,153	8,238	2,628	7,378	2,270	1,536	4,547
1961	53,999	45,404	19,857	672	2,859 2,948	16,326 16,853	34,142 35,098	3,903 3,906	3,142 3,207	8,195	2,688	7,619	2,279	1,607	4,708
1962 1963	55,549 56,653	46,660 47,429	20,451 20,640	650 635	3,010	16,995	36,098	3,903	3,258	8,359 8,520	2,754 2,830	7,982 8,277	2,340 2,358	1,668 1,747	4,88° 5,12°
1964	58,283	48,686	21,005	634	3,097	17,274	37,278	3,951	3,347	8,812	2,911	8,660	2,348	1,856	5,392
1965		50,689	21,926	632	3,232	18,062	38,839	4,036	3,477	9,239	2,977	9,036	2,378	1,996	5,700
1966	63,901	53,116 54,413	23,158 23,308	627 613	3,317 3,248	19,214 19,447	40,743 42,495	4,158 4,268	3,608 3,700	9,637 9,906	3,058 3,185	9,498 10,045	2,564	2,141	6,080
1967 1968	67,897	56,058	23,737	606	3,350	19,781	44,160	4,318	3,791	10,308	3,337	10,567	2,719 2,737	2,302 2,442	6,37
1969	70,384	58,189	24,361	619	3,575	20,167	46,023	4,442	3,919	10,785	3,512	11,169	2,758	2,533	6,904
1970	70,880	58,325	23,578	623	3,588	19,367	47,302	4,515	4,006	11,034	3,645	11,548	2,731	2,664	7,158
1971	71,214 73,675	58,331 60,341	22,935 23,668	609 628	3,704 3,889	18,623 19,151	48,278 50,007	4,476 4,541	4,014 4,127	11,338 11,822	3,772 3,908	11,797 12,276	2,696	2,747	7,437
1972 1973	76,790	63,058	24,893	642	4,097	20,154	51,897	4,656	4,127	12,315	4,046	12,276	2,684 2,663	2,859 2,923	7,790 8,146
1974	78,265	64,095	24,794	697	4,020	20,077	53,471	4,725	4,447	12,539	4,148	13,441	2,724	3,039	8,407
1975	76,945	62,259	22,600	752	3,525	18,323	54,345	4,542	4,430	12,630	4,165	13,892	2,748	3,179	8,758
1976 1977	79,382 82,471	64,511 67,344	23,352 24,346	779 813	3,576 3,851	18,997 19,682	56,030 58,125	4,582 4,713	4,562 4,723	13,193 13,792	4,271 4,467	14,551 15,302	2,733 2,727	3,273 3,377	8,865 9,023
1978	86,697	71,026	25,585	851	4,229	20,505	61,113	4,923	4,985	14,556	4,724	16,252	2,753	3,474	9,446
1979	89,823	73,876	26,461	958	4,463	21,040	63,363	5,136	5,221	14,972	4,975	17,112	2,773	3,541	9,633
1980	90,406	74,166	25,658	1,027	4,346	20,285	64,748	5,146	5,292	15,018	5,160	17,890	2,866	3,610	9,765
1981 1982	91,156 89,566	75,126 73,729	25,497 23,813	1,139 1,128	4,188 3,905	20,170 18,781	65,659 65,753	5,165 5,082	5,376 5,296	15,172 15,161	5,298 5,341	18,619 19,036	2,772 2,739	3,640 3,640	9,619
1983	90,200	74,330	23,334	952	3,948	18,434	66,866	4,954	5,286	15,595	5,468	19,694	2,774	3,662	9,458
1984	94,496	78,472	24,727	966	4,383	19,378	69,769	5,159	5,574	16,526	5,689	20,797	2,807	3,734	9,482
1985	97,519	81,125	24,859	927	4,673	19,260	72,660	5,238	5,736	17,336	5,955	21,999	2,875	3,832	9,687
1986 1987	99,525	82,832 85,190	24,558 24,708	777 717	4,816 4,967	18,965 19,024	74,967 77,492	5,255 5,372	5,774 5,865	17,909 18,462	6,283 6,547	23,053 24,235	2,899 2,943	3,893 3,967	9,901
1988	105,536	88,150	25,173	713	5,110	19,350	80,363	5,527	6,055	19,077	6,649	25,669	2,971	4,076	10,1339
1989	108,329	90,550	25,322	693	5,187	19,442	83,007	5,644	6,221	19,549	6,695	27,120	2,988	4,182	10,609
1990	109,782	91,478	24,960	710	5,133	19,117	84,822	5,808	6,200	19,677	6,729	28,103	3,085	4,305	10,914
1991 1992	108,310 108,437	89,930 89,858	23,830 23,420	691 635	4,685 4,595	18,455 18,190	84,480 85,017	5,772 5,742	6,069 5,983	19,259 19,138	6,678 6,672	28,323 28,903	2,966 2,969	4,346 4,371	11,067
	ļ	<u> </u>	L		L		1		L		L	L			
1992:			Γ	ļ	1	М	onthly data	a, seasonali	y adjusted			- 1			
March	108,200	89,693	23,532	651	4,603	18,278	84,668	5,754	5,997	19,092	6,675	28,643	2,989	4,345	11,173
April	108,377	89,835	23,530	646 641	4,605 4,632	18,279	84,847	5,746 5,746	5,993	19,177	6,682	28,707	2,986	4,360	11,196
May June	108,496	89,950 89,885	23,548 23,470	634	4,632	18,275 18,236	84,948	5,745 5,745	5,993 5,988	19,150 19,156	6,681 6,672	28,833 28,854	2,984 2,972	4,367 4,357	11,195
July	108,594	89,988	23,459	633	4,584	18,242	85,135	5,742	5,972	19,184	6,660	28,971	2,957	4,388	11,26
August	108,485	89,803	23,362	626	4,591	18,145	85,123	5,729	5,964	19,106	6,661	28,981	2,959	4,383	11,340
September	108,497	89,847 89,948	23,296 23,270	620 623	4,574 4,601	18,102 18,046	85,201 85,301	5,738 5,731	5,957 5,969	19,122	6,669	29,065	2,967	4,401	11,282
October November	108,571	89,961	23,270	622	4,590	18,068	85,366	5,732	5,969	19,146 19,116	6,680 6,669	29,152 29,188	2,942 2,940	4,390 4,384	11,291 11,361
December	108,752	90,067	23,263	619	4,582	18,062	85,489	5,742	5,970	19,162	6,677	29,253	2,971	4,389	11,325
1993:	100 005	00.004	ļ	040	4.550	10.000	05 500	E 700	F 005	40	ł				}
	108,865	90,201	23,267	616	4,559	18,092	85,598	5,763	5,995	19,227	6,682	29,267	2,943	4,394	11,327
January February ^p	109,232	90,546	23,368	604	4,652	18,112	85,864	5,765	6,004	19,363	6,680	29,366	2,938	4,395	11,353

¹ Not available.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1991 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1991) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1988) are subject to revision.

² Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonfarm total for the March 1959 benchmark month.

P = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

(in thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers'	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ⁹
Total		106,866	107,359	107,352	107,904	108,320	-	-	-	-	_
Total private		88,108	88,477	88,730	88,932	89,263	71,067	71,437	71,853	72,053	72,340
Mining		639	639	606	591	597	449	450	428	415	420
Metal mining		54.3	54.2	52.0	52.0	1	42.6	42.5	41.1	41.3	_
Iron ores		8.7 16.5	8.7 16.3	8.2 16.3	8.3 16.3	-	6.6 13.6	6.6 13.4	6.3 13.4		-
Coal mining	12	126.8	126.4	116.4	108.6	-	102.9	102.6	93.8	86.7	-
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	1	117.8	117.4	107.7	100.4	-	95.5	95.2	86.6	79.9	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	364.0 184.8		345.0	336.0	334.8	234.8	232.3	225.3	217.7	-
Crude petroleum and natural gasOil and gas field services	131	174.2	1	168.4 171.8	165.1 166.2		93.8 137.6	93.8 135.0	83.8 137.8	82.1 132.0	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels Crushed and broken stone	14	94.0	1		93.9 34.1	_	68.4 24.9	72.1 26.5	67.9 24.9	69.4 25.8	_
Sand and gravel	144	27.6			27.9		- 1	-	_	-	-
Chemical and fertilizer minerals	147	16.0	16.0	15.6	15.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction		4,129	4,226	4,181	4,187	4,221	3,062	3,152	3,120	3,129	3,160
General building contractors	15	1,043.0	1,043.8	1,027.2	1,022.3	1,018.5	719.2	718.5	707.8	701.9	_
Residential building construction	152	516.3		1	516.8	-	342.6	344.3	344.2	340.6	-
Operative builders	153	29.3 497.4	29.6 495.5		28.9 476.6		11.4 365.2	11.8 362.4	12.7 350.9	12.5 348.8	-
Nonresidential building construction			1				303.2	302.4	350.5	340.0	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	596.7	633.0		597.7		474.9	509.4	464.4	481.4	-
Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway	162	148.7 448.0	1				112.1 362.8	126.2 383.2	106.1 358.3	115.1 366.3	_
	- }		l								
Special trade contractors	17	2,489.6			2,566.5		1,868.2	, ,			-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	1/1	581.8 131.8	1	1		1	415.0 104.1	421.1 108.5	429.7 113.5		-
Painting and paper hanging	173	494.2			498.7	1	374.5	375.1	384.5		_
Masonry, stonework, and plastering	174	359.6		1	377.5	1	298.8	307.2	319.2	1	_
Carpentry and floor work	175	158.3	1	1	l .	1	113.1	117.6	118.0		-
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	176	164.4	168.0	171.0	177.0	-	124.0	127.6	130.6	135.9	-
Manufacturing		18,117	18,122	17,939	17,936	17,939	12,242	12,263	12,185	12,194	12,211
Durable goods		10,340	10,348	10,185	10,176	10,180	6,822	6,843	6,782	6,784	6,798
Lumber and wood products	24	663.9			682.7		541.6	1	556.2		562.2
Logaina	241	73.9				l .	60.3		!	1	-
Sawmills and planing mills	242	180.4 145.3		I .	177.3 142.1		156.1 125.4	156.9 126.2			-
Sawmills and planing mills, general Hardwood dimension and flooring mills	2421	32.6					28.6				_
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		233.8		1	,		185.1	187.6			_
Millwork	2431	98.9		1	1	1	76.4	77.9			-
Wood kitchen cabinets	2434	63.6					49.5	49.8		53.9	-
Hardwood veneer and plywood	2435	22.7					19.3	f .			-
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	27.0				1	24.1	1			-
Wood containers	244	42.4		1	ı	1	35.4	1		1	-
Wood buildings and mobile homes	2451	53.0 37.9				1	39.5 30.4			1	l -
Miscellaneous wood products	249	80.4					65.2		i	1	_
Furniture and fixtures	25	461.2	463.4	462.3	462.7	463.2	362.7	365.2	365.1	365.5	365.
Household furniture	251	266.4	1	1	1	1	221.0	1			-
Wood household furniture	2511	117.2			1		100.1	1		1	-
Upholstered household furniture	2512	87.3	87.8	88.1	88.1	L .	72.3	72.7	73.4	73.6	1
Metal household furniture	2514	22.0					17.6				
Mattresses and bedsprings	2515	27.3	3 27.9	28.2	28.6	5 −	20.7	21.2	21.5	21.9	i -

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Al	employe	es	,	Production workers¹				
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993°	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p
Durable goods—Continued	1	1									
Furniture and fixtures—Continued	050	50.0				1					
Office furniture	252	58.6 31.7	57.7 32.1	58.8		-	43.5	42.8	43.5		-
Public building and related furniture Partitions and fixtures	254	71.0	71.4	32.1 72.0	32.1 72.4	-	25.0 51.1	25.4 51.6	25.4 51.9		-
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		33.5	33.5			-	22.1	22.1	21.5	52.4 21.4	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	497.4	504.4	498.0	504.1	506.2	380.9	388.3	381.5	387.5	389.
Flat glass	321	16.2	16.4	16.1	15.6		12.6	12.9	12.5	12.2	_
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	81.9	82.4	81.4	83.3	-	70.2	70.6	68.2	70.2	-
Glass containers	3221	37.7	37.4	36.8			34.1	33.7	32.9	33.2	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	44.2 54.9	45.0 54.7	44.6		1	36.1	36.9	35.3	37.0	-
Products of purchased glass	324	17.9	18.0	57.0 17.3	57.0 17.5	1 1	41.3 13.7	41.3 13.8	43.5 13.2	43.3	-
Structural clay products		31.3	31.7	32.2	32.4	-	23.7	24.3	24.7	13.4 24.9	-
Pottery and related products	326	37.0	37.1	37.0	37.0	_	29.0	29.0	28.9	29.0	_
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	171.5	176.9	171.0	174.0	_	126.6	132.1	126.8	129.9	_
Concrete block and brick	3271	15.2	15.8	15.6	15.6		9.5	9.9	9.8	9.7	_
Concrete products, nec	3272	59.7	60.9	57.8	58.7	-	43.9	44.9	42.4	43.4	-
Ready-mixed concrete	3273	80.2	83.8	81.1	83.1	· -	60.6	64.5	61.5	63.7	_
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		74.5	74.8	74.6	75.4	- [55.1	55.4	55.6	56.1	-
Abrasive products		20.5	20.5	20.7	20.8	-	15.1	15.1	15.2	15.1	-
Asbestos products Mineral wool		4.5 21.8	4.6 21.9	4.5 21.1	4.6 21.6	-	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.7	-
						_	_	_	-	_	_
Primary metal industries		706.8	706.6	692.4	690.4	689.9	532.9	532.1	526.2	524.6	525.4
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		256.9	256.1	244.6	243.7	242.9	193.6	192.7	185.9	185.0	184.
Blast furnaces and steel mills		193.7 24.1	192.8	182.3	180.5	-	146.4	145.7	139.2	137.7	-
Steel pipe and tubes		121.6	24.1 121.0	23.5 120.9	24.1 120.7	-	17.8 97.0	17.6 96.2	17.5	17.8	-
Gray and ductile iron foundries		74.9	74.2	75.3	75.4	_ [60.9	60.2	96.6 60.5	96.4 60.6	-
Malleable iron foundries	3322	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.2	_	5.9	5.9	6.0	5.9	-
Steel foundries, nec		24.0	24.1	24.7	24.6	_	18.5	18.5	19.4	19.3	_
Primary nonferrous metals	333	42.6	42.4	42.9	42.6	-	32.5	32.3	32.6	32.2	_
Primary aluminum	3334	24.1	24.1	25.0	24.8	-	19.5	19.4	19.8	19.5	_
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	164.4	165.1	164.3	164.0	-	117.4	118.2	119.5	119.1	_
Copper rolling and drawing		23.1	23.4	23.0	23.2	-	17.5	17.7	17.5	17.6	-
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		27.3	27.2	26.1	25.9	-	18.3	18.2	17.5	17.4	-
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating Nonferrous foundries (castings)		68.6 78.3	69.0 78.8	69.6	69.2	-	49.1	49.5	51.1	50.6	-
Aluminum foundries		22.1	22.3	77.1 22.1	77.1 22.1	-	61.3 17.3	61.5 17.4	60.9 17.4	61.3 17.6	-
Fabricated metal products	34	1,329.7	1.329.6	1,322.0	1,321.5	1,321.4	972.0	973.1	972.2	971.1	971.5
Metal cans and shipping containers	341	46.4	46.6	44.0	44.5	- 1	39.8	40.2	37.8	38.4	571.0
Metal cans		37.5	37.8	35.4	35.9	_ }	32.7	33.1	30.9	31.5	_
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware		121.7	121.7	122.1	122.2	-	90.2	90.0	90.7	90.6	-
Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws		41.6	41.6	41.1	41.1	-	30.8	30.7	30.5	30.6	-
Hardware, nec		68.5	68.5	69.7	69.6	-	51.5	51.3	52.4	52.2	-
Plumbing and heating, except electric		56.3 26.2	56.3 26.5	57.7 26.8	57.7 27.1	-	39.7	39.4	41.4	41.5	-
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim Heating equipment, except electric		17.4	17.0	18.2	17.7	_	19.6 11.0	19.9	20.2	20.6	-
Fabricated structural metal products		392.5	391.7	387.9	387.2	- 1	274.0	10.4 274.1	11.8 273.4	11.3 272.4	-
Fabricated structural metal		70.5	70.0	65.8	66.0	_	50.1	50.1	47.0	47.3	_
Metal doors, sash, and trim		67.1	68.3	70.0	70.2	-	47.1	48.4	50.3	50.2	_
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	3443	103.7	101.8	99.6	99.2	_	69.6	68.0	67.3	66.9	_
Sheet metal work		92.2	92.6	92.0	91.9	- [68.8	69.1	68.8	68.3	_
Architectural metal work		25.6	25.5	24.5	24.4	-	17.4	17.3	17.0	17.0	_
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	345	88.5	88.6	87.9	87.7	-	67.1	67.3	67.3	67.0	-
Screw machine products		43.2	43.6	44.1	44.2	-	35.0	35.4	35.9	35.8	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		45.3	45.0	43.8	43.5	- [32.1	31.9	31.4	31.2	_
Metal forgings and stampings		210.7	211.9	215.4	215.0	- 1	165.8	167.6	171.7	171.2	-
Iron and steel forgings Automotive stampings		30.0 94.1	29.6 96.1	29.2 99.3	29.3	-	22.6	22.3	22.1	22.3	-
Metal stampings, nec		76.0	75.8	76.5	98.7 76.8	_	78.5 57.1	80.5	84.2	83.3	-
metal stampings, nee	5759	1 ,0.0	, 5.0	70.5	10.0	-	57.1	57.1	57.8	58.1	-

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es	,	Production workers¹				
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993 ^p
Durable goods—Continued				, .						,	
Fabricated metal products—Continued											}
Metal services, nec	347	115.0	115.1	114.3	114.6	- 1	88.9	88.9	88.0	88.2	-
Plating and polishing	3471	71.0	70.8	71.0	71.3	-	54.8	54.6	54.5	54.7	-
Metal coating and allied services	3479	44.0	44.3	43.3	43.3	[-	34.1	34.3	33.5	33.5	-
Ordnance and accessories, nec	348	67.9	67.7	62.8	62.4	- 1	41.0	40.5	36.2	35.8	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec	3483	41.5 230.7	41.3 230.0	37.6 229.9		_	22.5 165.5	22.0 165.1	19.0 165.7	18.8	-
Miscellaneous fabricated metal productsValves and pipe fittings, nec	3494	28.1	28.0		27.2	_	19.7	19.6	19.7	166.0 19.8	_
Misc. fabricated wire products	3496	50.8	50.8	51.7	51.7	- :	38.3	38.3	39.0	39.0	_
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	1,953.1	1,951.8	1,934.2	1,934.9	1,937.3	1,164.9	1,166.5	1,167.1	1,168.0	1,173.
Engines and turbines	351	90.4	90.8	93.7	93.4	-	57.5	57.6	58.8	58.6	
Turbines and turbine generator sets	3511	28.2	28.2	28.6	28.5	_	16.8	16.8	16.9	16.8	-
Internal combustion engines, nec	3519	62.2	62.6	65.1	64.9	-	40.7	40.8	41.9	41.8	-
Farm and garden machinery	352	100.9	100.7	99.2	1	-	73.7	73.4	71.3	74.0	-
Farm machinery and equipment	3523	71.7	71.9	70.6		-	50.8	50.9	48.8	50.7	-
Construction and related machinery	353	199.4	198.7	206.0		-	117.2	117.5	123.0	124.1	
Construction machinery	3531	69.3	69.8	79.4		-	39.8	40.8	47.1	48.3	
Mining machinery	3532	15.9 39.7	15.9 38.8	15.5 35.3		- 1	9.3	9.4	9.2	8.9	_
Oil and gas field machinery	3535	31.4	31.4	32.3			24.6 17.1	24.1 17.0	21.8 18.0	22.1 18.0	_
Conveyors and conveying equipmentIndustrial trucks and tractors	3537	24.9	24.9	25.5		_	16.2	16.3	17.0	16.9	
Metalworking machinery	354	306.3	306.0	310.2		_	215.7	215.4	218.8	217.8	
Machine tools, metal cutting types	3541	38.7	38.4	36.8		_	23.9	23.7	22.2	21.8	-
Machine tools, metal forming types	3542	16.5	16.3	16.3	I	-	9.8	9.7	10.2	10.1	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	140.2	140.9	145.1	145.3	-	106.8	107.4	110.9	110.8	-
Machine tool accessories	3545	50.7	50.8	51.2	51.1	-	35.6	35.6	35.7	35.6	-
Power driven handtools	3546	21.3	21.1	21.6		-	14.5	14.3	14.7	14.7	-
Special industry machinery	355	144.6	144.4	143.0	t .	-	82.2	82.1	82.3	1	-
Textile machinery	3552	16.8	16.8			-	11.2	11.1	11.4	11.5	-
Printing trades machinery	3555	22.3	22.0			-	11.0	11.0	11.0	1	1
Food products machinery	3556	22.0	22.0 234.0			-	12.8	12.8	13.2	13.3	
General industrial machinery	3561	234.3	31.2				148.7 17.6	148.7 17.6	146.8 17.1	146.9 17.0	1
Pumps and pumping equipment		38.9	38.9				30.8		29.7		
Air and gas compressors	3563	24.6		I	1		13.7	13.8	13.6	1	_
Blowers and fans	3564	31.1	31.2			-	21.0	I	21.0		-
Speed changers, drives, and gears	3566	14.1	14.0	14,1		-	9.9		9.9	1	i
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	18.7	18.7	18.9	19.0	-	12.3	12.3	12.5	12.5	-
Computer and office equipment	357	401.4	400.3			1	130.8	131.1	128.0		l -
Electronic computers	3571	247.4	246.0	225.2	223.0	-	63.0	62.8	57.8	56.4	-
Computer terminals, calculators, and	0575.0			677	E 7 4	1	05.1	000	00.4	25.0	1
office machines, nec	35/5,8,9	59.4 170.0	59.4 172.0		1	l .	25.1 118.0	26.0 120.0	26.1 118.9	25.9 119.3	1 -
Refrigeration and service machinery Refrigeration and heating equipment	356	116.9	118.5		;	1	84.6		85.0		
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery	350	305.8	304.9			_	221.1	220.7	219.2		
Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves	3592	22.1	22.4			1	17.9		17.7	17.4	t .
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec	3596,9	239.1	238.2	1	1		177.7	177.2	176.2		
Electronic and other electrical equipment	36	1,557.2	1,550.2	1,538.3	1,536.4	1,537.9	982.8	981.9	978.8	978.7	983.
Electric distribution equipment		87.7					60.1				
Transformers, except electronic	3612	45.1	45.2				31.5		31.5	31.2	-
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	3613	42.6					28.6				
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	158.6			1	1	111.3	1			
Motors and generators	3621	78.2					60.2	1			
Relays and industrial controls	3625	62.0	1	l .		1	38.3	1	1	II .	1
Household appliances	363	118.0					94.2		1	1	
Household refrigerators and freezers	3632	27.5	1		1	1	22.2	1 .	1	1	
Household laundry equipment	3633	20.4					15.6				
Electric housewares and fans	3034	28.7	20.9	29.7	29.8	'l -	22.2	22.4	22.6	22.8	1 -

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers1	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993°	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p
Durable goods—Continued											
Electronic and other electrical equipment—Continued	1	1						1	1	ł	
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	. 364	173.4	173.0	173.5	173.2	-	125.0	124.9	124.9	124.8	-
Electric lamps	. 3641	20.9	21.0	21.0	20.7	-	17.6	17.7	17.2	16.8	_
Current-carrying wiring devices	. 3643	67.1	66.5	65.7	65.9	_	44.6	44.2	43.6	43.8	- 1
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	. 3644	16.2	15.9	16.3	16.4	-	11.5	11.3	11.8	11,8	_
Residential lighting fixtures	. 3645	20.4	20.6	20.6	21.0	_	15.5	15.6	15.5	15.9	_
Household audio and video equipment	. 365	83.4	82.9	84.6	82.9	_	55.7	55.4	56.0	54.7	_
Household audio and video equipment	3651	61.0	60.5	59.4	57.8	_	39.3	38.9	37.7	36.2	_
Communications equipment	366	242.3	239.3		235.0	_	122.6		121.0	121.5	_
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	3661	114.6	113.0	112.2	111.8		62.3	61.6	1	63.1	_ ا
Electronic components and accessories	367	538.0	534.9		529.5		306.7	306.6	307.9	308.4	_
Electron tubes	3671	27.0	26.9	24.6	24.3	_	18.1	18.0	16.4	16.3	
Semiconductors and related devices		225.4	223.5	219.9	220.4	_	90.0	90.9	92.5	92.3	-
Semiconductors and related devices	2670	131.0	130.5	126.0	126.1	ļ	84.8		1		-
Electronic components, nec	. 30/9					-		84.5	81.7	81.8	_
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	. 308	155.8	155.2	154.0	153.6	l .	107.2	107.5	105.7	105.3	_
Storage batteries	. 3691	27.8	27.7	28.0	27.6		21.2	21.2	21.5	21.0	-
Engine electrical equipment	. 3694	64.6	64.7	62.6	62.6	- :	49.0	49.3	47.5	47.6	-
Transportation equipment	. 37	1,852.2	1,855.8	, .						1,120.8	1,117.
Motor vehicles and equipment	. 371	798.0	807.9	826.8	820.0	822.0	608.8		635.1	630.2	631.6
Motor vehicles and car bodies	. 3711	316.7	323.3	330.0	325.1	- !	230.8	235.6	240.0	236.8	-
Truck and bus bodies	. 3713	33.3	34.5	34.8	34.8	- !	25.8	26.9	27.4	27.5	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	. 3714	404.8	406.0	414.4	412.3	- 1	319.0	320.2	330.3	328.4	_
Truck trailers	. 3715	25.4	25.6	28.3	28.2	- 1	19.6	19.9	22.4	22.1	_
Aircraft and parts	. 372	642.3	637.9	580.9	576.1	-	308.2	305.2	273.2	269.5	_
Aircraft		347.9	346.3	318.7	317.0	_	147.1	146.2	131.5	130.0	_
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	133.5	131.6	119.1	118.3	ľ	67.8	66.3	59.8	58.7	_
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec		160.9	160.0	143.1	140.8	1	93.3	92.7	81.9	80.8	_
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	174.1	173.5	163.4	162.1	ĺ - '	134.3	134.0	127.0	126.0	_
Ship building and repairing	2721	128.7	127.4	117.5	115.1		97.6	96.6	89.8	87.5	
Ship building and repairing	3733	45.4	46.1	45.9	47.0		36.7	37.4			-
Boat building and repairing	. 3732	1		1					37.2	38.5	_
Railroad equipment	. 374	28.7	29.2	28.5	28.3		20.6	21.1	21.4	21.3	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	. 376	152.8	150.2		122.3		43.0		35.1	34.3	-
Guided missiles and space vehicles	. 3761	109.4	107.4	90.6	87.0		28.9	28.5	23.3	22.6	-
Miscellaneous transportation equipment	. 379	40.6	41.5	41.6	42.0		26.5	27.4		27.5	-
Travel trailers and campers	. 3792	16.4	17.0	18.3	18.3	-	13.1	13.7	14.9	14.8	-
Instruments and related products	. 38	957.0	954.2	918.6	916.2	914.1	469.9	468.3	448.7	449.1	448.6
Search and navigation equipment	. 381	249.0	247.6	221.4	220.4	-	78.7	78.1	69.8	69.8	_
Measuring and controlling devices	. 382	296.8	295.1	284.8	283.3	- 1	159.2	158.2	147.6	147.4	-
Environmental controls	. 3822	45.2	44.8	44.4	44.2	-	30.9	30.8	29.8	29.8	_
Process control instruments	. 3823	60.1	59.8	55.9	55.6	-	30.1	29.8	26.7	26.5	-
Instruments to measure electricity		81.3	81.1	78.3	78.0	-	40.3	40.2	37.6	37.7	_
Medical instruments and supplies	. 384	265.5	265.7	268.8	269.2	_	153.7	153.8	157.2	157.6	_
Surgical and medical instruments		113.1	112.4	114.8	115.1	_	66.6	66.4	69.6	70.0	_
Surgical appliances and supplies	. 3842	94.5	94.7	96.3	96.3	۱ ـ	61.6	61.6	61.8	61.9	_
Ophthalmic goods	385	40.9	40.8		40.0	_	27.9	27.7	26.7	27.2	_
Photographic equipment and supplies	386	95.5	95.7	95.5			42.9	42.9		40.5	_
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts	. 387	9.3	9.3				7.5	7.6		6.6	l .
		361.7	363.4	356.6	360.1	363.8	261.0	262.5	255.0	050.5	004
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries		49.6	50.1	51.1	1					258.5	261.
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware					51.4		35.1	35.9	36.3	36.5	-
Jewelry, precious metal		36.0	36.2		37.5	_	25.3	25.8	26.3	26.5	-
Musical instruments		12.1	12.2	1	12.3		9.9	10.0		10.0	-
Toys and sporting goods		105.9	106.3	,	105.5		77.9	78.4	74.3	76.9	-
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		44.3	44.1	41.6	43.1	-	31.9	31.9	29.2	30.7	-
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3949	61.6	62.2	1	62.4	1	46.0	l		46.2	-
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies	395	33.0	33.0	1	31.5		22.7	22.8	20.7	20.6	-
Costume jewelry and notions	396	29.1	29.0	26.9	27.0	-	20.9	21.1	19.8	20.1	-
Costume jewelry	. 3961	17.4	17.2	15.3	15.3		12.1	12.2	11.1	11.3	_
Miscellaneous manufactures		132.0	132.8	1	132.4		94.5	95.3		94.4	_
Signs and advertising specialties		53.5	54.1				36.5				_
Gigito dire detorioring appolition	.,5550	, 00.0	U-7.1	, 07.0	, 57.5	1 -	JU.5	U. U. U	J 50.9	, JU./	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers'	···
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993°	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p
Nondurable goods		7,777	7,774	7,754	7,760	7,759	5,420	5,420	5,403	5,410	5,41
Food and kindred products	20	1,618.1	1,613.8	1,625.4	1,620.8	1,615.2	1,163.4		1,175.8	.,	1,167.
Meat products	201	427.0	427.9	439.9	441.3	-	362.9	363.6	373.5	375.1	-
Meat packing plants	2011	139.3 84.0	140.1 84.2	142.0 86.4	142.0 86.8	_	117.4 63.2	118.1 63.3	118.7	118.8	-
Sausages and other prepared meats Poultry slaughtening and processing	2015	203.7	203.6	211.5	212.5		182.3	182.2	65.1 189.7	65.7 190.6	_
Dairy products	202	151.9	152.7	151.2	150.6	_	93.6	94.8	94.8	94.6	_
Cheese, natural and processed	2022	40.4	40.9	40.9	40.3	_	31.3	31.8	32.6	31.9	_
Fluid milk	2026	71.5	71.0	69.5	69.3	-	35.9	36.0	35.9	35.9	_
Preserved fruits and vegetables	203	218.8	217.8	216.1	216.7	- 1	179.9	178.6	176.4	177.4	-
Canned specialties	2032	21.2	21.3	22.7	22.7	-	17.3	17.3	18.9	18.9	-
Canned fruits and vegetables	2033	68.2	66.7	64.3	64.1	-	55.4	53.9	51.0	51.1	-
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2037	44.4	44.1	41.9	43.3	-	38.6	38.3	35.8	37.2	-
Grain mill products	204	128.3 20.9	127.0 20.9	126.8 21.0	126.5 20.8	_	90.2	89.0	90.0	89.9	-
Flour and other grain mill products Prepared feeds, nec	2041	46.3	46.0	46.2	45.9	_	13.8 29.5	13.8 29.3	14.0 30.1	13.8 29.8	_
Bakery products		209.0	208.6	210.1	208.8	_	131.9	131.8	134.2	132.9	_
Bread, cake, and related products	1	151.4	151.5	151.7	150.9		87.7	88.2	89.5	88.6	
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products,										-5.5	
except bread	2052,3	57.6	57.1	58.4	57.9	- '	44.2	43.6	44.7	44.3	-
Sugar and confectionery products	206	99.4	96.0	100.6	96.6	-	77.4	73.9	78.1	74.5	-
Raw cane sugar	2061	7.3	7.0	8.0	7.9	-	5.8	5.4	6.3	6.1	-
Cane sugar refining	2062	5.3	5.3	4.7	4.6	-	3.8	3.8	3.2	3.2	-
Beet sugar	2063	9.3	8.0	9.7	8.0	-	8.1	6.7	8.4	7.0	-
Candy and other confectionery products	2004	47.5 30.8	46.5 30.6	47.6 31.0	46.1 31.1	_	38.3 21.4	37.2 21.1	38.2 21.1	36.7 21.2	_
Fats and oils Beverages	208	176.2	176.6	173.5	173.7		74.4	75.1	76.0	75.6	_
Malt beverages	2082	38.4	38.8	36.7	36.5	_	22.5	23.0	21.8	21.8	_
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	95.8	95.8	96.4	96.7	_	32.7	32.8	35.1	34.7	_
Misc. food and kindred products	209	176.7	176.6	176.2	175.5	-	131.7	131.3	131.7	130.8	-
Tobacco products	21 211	50.7 34.3	48.1 34.1	52.3 33.3	49.7 33.2	46.4 -	38.5 25.9	35.8 25.7	40.1 25.2	37.6 25.1	34. -
Textile mill products	22	675.6		673.1	673.4	671.3	578.8	580.0	573.8		571.
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	221	86.7	86.4	85.5	85.4	-	77.2	76.9	75.9	1	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics	222	73.1	73.5	73.7	73.7	-	63.7	64.1	62.6		
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool	223	17.6	1	17.5 24.4	17.6 24.5	-	14.6 20.3	14.7 20.3	14.5 20.6		
Narrow fabric mills Knitting mills	225	24.0 198.6	24.1 199.7	196.2	196.4	_	173.2		170.4		į.
Women's hosiery, except socks	2251	30.8	30.8	30.1	29.9	_	27.6		26.9		_
Hosiery, nec	2252	38.0	38.0		37.1	_	34.1	34.2	33.1	33.4	-
Knit outerwear mills	\2253	54.3	54.8	55.2	55.1	-	47.9	48.7	48.1	l .	_
Knit underwear mills	2254	27.6	27.7	27.6	27.6		23.7		23.8	23.9	-
Weft knit fabric mills	2257	26.7	27.1	26.0	25.9	1	22.7	1	21.9	L	
Textile finishing, except wool	226	66.3	66.0	,	65.3		54.5	1	53.8		
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	27.2			25.9		22.3		22.0		
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	26.3 58.0			26.6 60.2		21.4 46.6		21.1 48.7		l .
Carpets and rugs Yarn and thread mills		100.9			100.8	1	90.1		89.7		
Yarn spinning mills	2281	79.8		l .	79.9		71.6		71.6		1
Throwing and winding mills	2282	14.1			1	I .	12.3		12.1	1	1
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	50.4		1			38.6		37.6		1
Apparel and other textile products	23	1,020.7				1 '		1	831.6	II .	
Men's and boys' suits and coats	231	46,6			43.7		39.0		36.8	I .	1
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	280.8			1	1	240.9		242.2	(1
Men's and boys' shirts	2225	63.4 87.5		1		1	54.6 76.0		54.5 76.6	ł.	1
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks	2326	44.3	1	1			38.4			1	
Women's and misses' outerwear	233	320.9	1	1	1	1	268.5	1		1	1
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts	2331	37.1					30.7				
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses	2335	63.5		I .	1		51.8	1	Į.		
										1	
Women's and misses' suits and coats Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	2337	28.5	29.4	25.9	27.0) -	23.4 162.6			22.5	-

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry---Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es	,		Produc	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993°	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar 1993
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Apparel and other textile products—Continued]	l									l
Women's and children's undergarments	234	57.6	56.5	52.5	52.5	- 1	47.4	46.6	43.1	43.2	t
Women's and children's underwear		46.6	45.6	41.9	41.5	-	39.7	38.9	35.6	35.2	-
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments	2342	11.0 54.7	10.9 52.5	10.6 50.2	11.0 50.0	_	7.7 46.6	7.7 44.6	7.5 42.7	8.0	-
Girls' and children's outerwear	236	22.9	21.5	20.6	20.4		20.1	18.7	42.7 17.8	42.6 17.7	-
Misc. apparel and accessories		43.1	43.7	41.8	43.2		35.1	35.4	33.9	35.1	
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	200.0	200.8	202.5	204.7	_ }	163.2	163.5	164.8	166.8	_
Curtains and draperies	2391	22.1	22.1	20.4	20.4	_	18.3	18.3	16.6	16.4	-
House furnishings, nec	2392	52.4	52.3	52.6	53.0	!	43.7	43.8	44.4	44.8	_
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	53.2	53.8	55.7	57.3	-	43.4	43.6	45.0	46.6	-
Paper and allied products	26	681.8	682.6	681.8	681.0	680.5	512.2	512.8	513.2	512.9	51:
Paper mills	262	179.4	179.3	177.4	176.1	-	136.2	136.1	134.6	133.8	
Paperboard mills	263	48.9	49.1	48.6	48.6	-	37.8	38.0	37.4	37.4	-
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	206.2	205.9	209.1	208.5	- 1	160.3	160.2	163.3	162.9	-
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	118.4	118.3	120.1	119.9	- 1	88.9	88.7	90.5	90.5	١ -
Sanitary food containers	2656	14.7	14.9	15.1	15.2	-)	12.8	13.0	13.3	13.4	
Folding paperboard boxes	2657	48.7	48.5	48.9	48.8	-	39.5	39.4	39.4	39.4	١ .
Misc. converted paper products	267	233.3	234.3	233.0	234.0	-	166.9	167.6	167.3	168.1	٠
Paper, coated and laminated, nec		44.7	44.9	44.6	44.8	-	21.5	21.4	21.5	21.3	٠
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated Envelopes		34.1 25.0	34.0 25.2	34.1 25.2	34.3 25.3	-	25.3 19.3	25.4 19.4	25.5 19.3	25.6 19.5	
Printing and publishing	1	1.518.0	1,519.1	1,516.9	1,518.2	1,518.8	839.2	841.7	839.1	839.5	84
Newspapers	271	451.9	450.4	451.4	451.9	1,510.0	157.6	157.1	156.5	156.6	04
Periodicals	272	123.5	123.8	124.0	124.6	_	43.7	43.2	42.8	43.4	
Books		120.8	122.0	119.7	120.6	_	67.9	69.0	66.9	66.7	
Book publishing	2731	84.9	85.7	83.5	84.4	_	38.3	38.9	37.0	37.0	
Book printing	2732	35.9	36.3	36.2	36.2	-	29.6	30.1	29.9	29.7	١.
Miscellaneous publishing		82.0	82.2	84.6	84.6	-	40.8	41.0	41.2	41,1	١.
Commercial printing		536.3	538.4	535.9	536.3	-	386.7	388.7	388.3	388.6	
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	355.7	356.4	355.6	355.0	- !	255.7	256.2	257.4	256.9	
Commercial printing, nec	2759	162.4	163.7	162.1	163.2	-	116.5	117.8	116.1	117.0	١.
Manifold business forms		48.8	48.3	47.9	47.7	-	33.5	33.2	33.5	33.3	
Blankbooks and bookbinding Printing trade services		68.1 60.4	67.8 60.3	66.5 61.1	65.9 61.3	-	51.3 43.9	51.5 43.8	50.5 44.6	50.0 44.7	
•	}	1 000 0				4 005 0					١
Chemicals and allied products	28	1,069.8	, ,				567.4	566.8	557.0	558.5	56
Industrial inorganic chemicals		125.0 79.5	124.5 79.1	124.2 79.5	123.8 79.3	-	58.2	57.4	54.3	54.1	١ .
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec Plastics materials and synthetics	2019	174.8	173.7	169.6		_	38.4 105.5	37.7 105.1	36.6 101.9	36.5 102.2	
Plastics materials and synthetics	2821	84.7	84.7	83.6	83.8		50.4	50.8	51.3	51.6	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		61.7	60.6	57.6	57.3	_	37.1	36.3	31.3	31.3	
Drugs	283	248.3	248.5	253.6			109.0	110.2	112.9	113.3	
Pharmaceutical preparations	2834	206.7	207.0	211.6	212.3	_	92.6	93.9	96.5	96.6	١.
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	284	156.4	155.9	156.7	157.1	-	94.9	95.1	94.4	95.1	
Soap and other detergents	2841	43.6	43.5	44.2	44.2	-	27.4	27.4	27.0	27.1	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	2842,3	43.5	43.5	43.8	43.8	-	23.8	23.8	24.5	24.7	
Toilet preparations		69.3		68.7	69.1	-	43.7	43.9	42.9	43.3	١.
Paints and allied products		56.2	1	56.3	56.4	-	28.9	29.0	29 .3	29.5	
Industrial organic chemicals		154.6	1	152.1	151.4	-	78.2	77.3	76.1	76.2	
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	27.0	27.1	26.7	26.7	-	15.7	15.7	15.4	15.5	I
Industrial organic chemicals, nec	2869	123.0		121.0	120.3	-	59.2	58.3	57.5	57.5	-
Agricultural chemicals Miscellaneous chemical products		57.0 97.5		55.0 95.0	55.8 94.1	- -	34.5 58.2	35.1 57.6	31.9 56.2	32.5 55.6	:
	{	1			ļ	440.5					1
Petroleum and coal products Petroleum refining	29	153.4 118.0	153.4 117.7	147.5 112.5	148.1 112.0	148.5	99.2 76.5	99.3 75.6	95.9 72.7	96.4 72.4	9
Asphalt paving and roofing materials	295	23.3	l .	23.7	24.7	-	16.3	17.3	17.2	18.0	
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	867.6		881.0	884.2	889.5	667.2	670.1	680.8	684.0	68
Tires and inner tubes	301	81.9	l .	84.6	84.6	-	61.0	60.7	64.4	64.5	
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	11.4	11.3	9.9		-	9.2	9.1	8.5	8.6	
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing		57.7	i .	1	1	-	42.2		43.7	43.6	
Rubber and plastics hose and belting	3052	23.5		23.4		-	17.8	17.9	18.0		
Fabricated rubber products, nec	306	100.0		99.3	1	-	74.6		74.4	l .	
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	1308	616.6	619.9	628.4	631.5	-	480.2	483.7	489.8	492.9	١.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Leather and leather products		121.7	121.8	118.6	120.3	120.5	98.9	98.9	95.2	96.6	97.0
Leather tanning and finishing	311	15.4	15.6	15.4	15.4	-	12.7	12.9	12.6	12.6	-
Footwear, except rubber	314	65.8	65.5	63.9	64.6	-	55.0	54.8	52.8	53.4	-
Men's footwear, except athletic	3143	29.4	29.6	29.8	29.5	-	23.6	23.7	23.4	23.2	-
Women's footwear, except athletic	3144	23.9	23.5	22.4	23.0		20.6	20.3	19.3	19.7	-
Luggage	316	10.1	10.1	9.7	9.8	-	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.1	-
Handbags and personal leather goods	317	13.1	13.5	12.2	13.0	-	9.7	10.0	8.6	9.4	-
Transportation and public utilities	:	5,678	5,688	5,700	5,692	5,708	4,724	4,733	4,764	4,758	4,770
Transportation		3,458	3,471	3,500	3,494	3,509	-	-	-	-	-
Railroad transportation		251.6	256.4	252.8	253.3	-	-	-	,	-	-
Class I railroads ²	4011	220.9	220.2	216.4	216.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	365.0	367.5	374.7	375.3	-	335.1	337.6	344.0	345.0	-
Local and suburban transportation		156.3	156.5	157.8	157.7	-	142.5	142.6	143.4	143.5	-
Taxicabs		30.8	30.8	29.1	29.1	- :	-	-			-
Intercity and rural bus transportationSchool buses		23.9 127.3	23.3 128.5	23.3 138.2	23.2 138.3	-	21.2 -	20.7 -	20.6	20.6 -	_
Trucking and warehousing		1,570.9	1 575 6	1,600.6	1,592.6	_	1 362 3	1,367.2	1 204 0	1,385.2	
Trucking and courier services, except air	121	1,448.8		1,477.9	1,471.4	_	1,260.9	1,266.6		1,284.4	
Public warehousing and storage	422	118.3	117.1	119.3	117.9	_	98.0	97.2	99.5	97.9	-
Public warehousing and storage	722	1.0.5		113.0	117.5	_	30.0	31.2	33.3	91.9	1 -
Water transportation	44	186.0	184.4	173.6	172.7	_	_	_	_	-	_
Water transportation of freight, nec	444	14.4	14.8	13.8	13.7	-	_	_	_	_	-
Water transportation services	449	122.7	119.8	112.4	111.4	-	109.5	106,6	99.7	98.1	-
Transportation by air	45	720.9	723.3	732.9	734.5	_	_	-	_	_	_
Air transportation, scheduled	451	594.3	596.2	602.3	603.4	-	_	_	_	_	_
Air transportation, screeding limited and services	458	99.4	99.4	102.4	102.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	19.1	18.9	18.0	17.8	-	14.3	14.1	13.7	13.5	-
Transportation services	47	344.5	344.6	347.1	347.7	-	272.2	272.1	272.2	272.8	_
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	185.6	186.4	187.2	188.8	-	145.8	146.4	146.0	147.6	-
Travel agencies	4724	147.8	148.1	148.1	149.5	_	115.8	116.2	114.6	115.7	-
Freight transportation arrangement	473	129.3	128.9	129.6	128.9	-	102.0	101.6	101.4	100.6	-
Communications and public utilities		2,220	2,217	2,200	2,198	2,199	-	-	-	-	-
Communications	48	1,262.9	1,259.3	1,251.8	1,251.3	_	967.3	964.7	968.1	967.8	_
Telephone communications	481	872.9	869.5	863.9	863.2	-	648.2	645.8	648.3	647.9	_
Radio and television broadcasting	483	226.1	225.4	224.4	224.2	-	187.9	187.2	187.5	187.6	-
Radio broadcasting stations	4832	114.7	114.4	112.9	112.7	-	-	 -	_	l –	-
Television broadcasting stations	4833	111.4	111.0	111.5	111.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cable and other pay television services	484	129.9	130.3	130.0	130.5	-	109.9	110.4	110.4	110.8	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	957.4		947.9	946.3	1	752.6		743.5		
Electric services	491	444.4	1	434.6	434.6	1	343.0		337.1		1
Gas production and distribution	492	163.2		159.6			126.9	I			
Combination utility services	493	193.7		192.2	191.4	1	151.2		1	1	
Sanitary services	495	125.2	124.5	130.4	130.3	-	107.4	106.9	111.6	111.8	-
Wholesale trade		5,941	5,949	5,941	5,941	5,958	4,750	4,762	4,779	4,780	4,79
Durable goods	50	3,434		3,410							
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	435.9		434.8		1	349.4	349.6	349.0	350.2	: -
Automobiles and other motor vehicles	5012	110.5	1	109.3		,	-	-	-	-	-
Motor vehicle supplies and new parts	∤5013	258.7		258.2		1	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings	502	137.3	137.2	140.0		-	108.3	108.3	111.0	110.5	i -
Furniture	5021	61.9				1	-	-	-	-	-
Home furnishings	5023	75.4					-	-	-	-	-
Lumber and other construction materials	503	204.3			1	1	162.8	163.3	170.8	171.3	ij -
	1	1 400 0	4000		1 444 0	s I	i	1	I .	i	1
Lumber, plywood, and millwork	5031	108.0					-	_	-	-	-

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	1987		All	employe	ees			Produ	ction wo	rkers'	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993
Wholesale trade—Continued											
Durable goods—Continued	ŀ		}		}						
Professional and commercial equipment	504	760.4	760.5		1	-	611.9	613.1	588.8	586.1	-
Computers, peripherals and software	5045	293.4	293.5			-			-	-	-
Medical and hospital equipment	5047	140.1	140.2	1	1	-	114.4	114.6	120.4	120.5	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	129.5	1	129.5		-	101.6	102.2	102.9	103.2	-
Electrical goods	506	466.3	1	1	1	-	354.3	354.0	365.0	364.7	-
Electrical apparatus and equipment	5063	194.3	193.8	1		-	-	- :	-	-	-
Electrical appliances, television and radio sets	5064	52.9		54.1	52.7	-	_	-	-	-	-
Electronic parts and equipment	5065	219.1 263.6	219.0 263.9	219.6 263.6		-	209.1	200.2	210 5	-	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment Hardware	5072	90.2	1	1		_	209.1	209.2	210.5	210.3	-
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies	5074	108.9		J	108.5		_		_	_	_
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	752.7	753.5		746.1	_	592.0	592.6	585.2	587.5	-
Construction and mining machinery	5082	72.8	!	J	71.9	_	332.0	-	-	307.3	
Farm and garden machinery	5083	111.4	112.8			_	_	_	_	_	_
Industrial machinery and equipment	5084	306.8			303.2	-	_	_	_	_	_
Industrial supplies	5085	142.8	1	1	142.1	_	_	_	_	_	l _
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods	509	284.1	285.0		285.7	_	225.9	226.1	228.3	228.9	-
Scrap and waste materials		103.4	103.4	1	102.8	-	-	-	~	-	-
		2,507	2,513	2 524	2 5 2 4	2540	2.035	2044	2.067	2007	
Nondurable goods	51	2,507	2,513		2,531	2,540		2,044	2,067	2,067	-
Paper and paper products	511	186.7	187.1	192.6	242.3 193.7	_	195.1 155.8	194.9 155.7	198.1 160.3	196.4 161.1	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	512	196.1	196.0	1	199.8	_	152.8	152.9	157.4	158.2	_
Groceries and related products	514	831.6		846.1	844.7	_	693.9	694.8	710.0	708.6	_
Groceries, general line	5141	267.7	267.6	1	269.4	_	033.3	054.0	710.0	700.0	_
Meats and meat products	5147	60.9		62.5		_	_		_	_	_
Fresh fruits and vegetables	5148	90.9	90.4	90.8		_	_	_	_		
Farm-product raw materials	515	113.0				_	92.3	93.0	92.3	91.3	-
Chemicals and allied products		129.4	128.1	124.9		_	95.5	95.0	94.5	94.4	_
Petroleum and petroleum products	517	184.6	1	181.0		_	147.7	147.8	145.5	144.8	_
Petroleum bulk stations and terminals	5171	78.2	1			-	_	_	-	_	_
Petroleum products, nec	5172	106.4	106.5	1	104.3	_	_	- !	_	_	_
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	518	145.5	146.3	148.6	148.2	-	117.6	118.2	121.2	120.9	_
Beer and ale	5181	93.7	94.4	96.4	96.4	-	_	-	-	_	-
Wine and distilled beverages	5182	51.8	51.9	52.2	51.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods	519	478.0	484.7	480.5	484.1	-	384.7	391.3	387.5	391.5	-
Farm supplies	5191	150.6	155.8	151.4	152.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade		18,662	18,691	18,939	18,860	18,930	16,372	16,405	16,656	16,575	16,61
Building materials and garden supplies	52	708.2	726.3	725.8	727.4	_	577.5	594.7	594.5	595.3	_
Lumber and other building materials	521	399.5			1	-	332.2	338.1	346.0	1	_
Hardware stores	525	153.0	154.3	156.9	156.6	_	124.7	126.0	128.2	127.3	-
Retail nurseries and garden stores	526	64.8	75.1	63.5	65.0	-	50.6	60.6	49.2	50.8	-
General merchandise stores	53	2.281.0	2.249.8	2 281 9	2 199 5	2 181 7	2,125.9	20968	2 133 5	2.053.5	_
Department stores	531		1,886.8					1.774.6			-
Variety stores		155.2		162.1				139.6			
Miscellaneous general merchandise stores		207.6	207.2	208.8	202.1	-	182.6	182.6	184.2	177.5	-
Food stores	54	3,145.2	3,137.7	3,163.6	3,153.0	3,147.5	2,868.7	2,861.6	2,886.3	2,875.1	_
Grocery stores	541	2,812.2		2,813.8		-		2,573.4			-
Meat and fish markets		50.3				} _	-	-	-	-	
Dairy products stores		20.6	21.0	20.2	18.6	-	-		-	-	-
Retail bakeries	546	163.5	164.3	171.6	174.1	-	145.9	146.7	152.8	155.2	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	1,966.5	1,977.7	2,014.5	2,018.1	2,032.0	1,628.6	1,639.4	1.670.8	1,674.0	_
New and used car dealers	551	881.3	1 '				729.0	732.6	765.5	1 ,	ļ.
Auto and home supply stores		330.8		1	l .	-	260.4	262.7	268.2	1	1
Gasoline service stations		609.6	1			ì	525.5	526.2	521.4		1
Automotive dealers, nec		8.7	1		I .	-	7.2	7.3	7.0	Į.	1
Arrest and accessory stores	56	1,106.1	1 104 2	1,134.9	1,098.9	_	904.9	905.6	0/14 6	006 4	
Apparel and accessory stores	561	88.9			1		72.6	1	941.6 71.2	1	1
MED S AND DOVS CROHING STOLES		1 00.9	01.0	07.0	1 00.0	_	1 4.0) /1.0	11.2	1 09.2	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

industry	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993°	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Ma 199
etail trade—Continued											
Apparel and accessory stores—Continued		1								1	
Women's clothing stores	. 562	366.3	366.0	377.8	365.4	_	298.8	299.3	310.9	298.9	_
Family clothing stores	565	286.8	285.8	306.6	291.2	_	245.0	245.2	265.9	251.3	_
Shoe stores		203.7	205.2	203.3	201.8	-	156.0	158.0	160.9	159.0	-
- the second forms of control in the second	67	795.1	792.6	814.0	807.8		643.3	641.7	660.1	656.6	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57							641.7	663.1	656.6	•
Furniture and home furnishings stores		435.3	435.9	449.4	448.9	-	351.0	352.0	364.9	364.3	
Furniture stores	5712	264.4	264.6	273.2	273.6	1 .	-	-	-	-	
Household appliance stores	. 572	71.0	70.3	67.3	66.4	-	57.6	57.1	55.0	54.2	
Radio, television, and computer stores	. 573	288.8	286.4	297.3	292.5	-	234.7	232.6	243.2	238.1	
Radio, television, and electronic stores	. 5731	119.8	118.0	120.7	118.6	_	98.8	97.4	99.7	97.5	
Record and prerecorded tape stores	5735	64.3	63.6	69.4	66.5	-	52.5	51.8	57.2	54.0	
Eating and drinking places	. 58	6,212.9	6,289.5	6,329.8	6,397.9	6,508.9	5,594.4	5,669.8	5,713.0	5,774.7	
		0.447.0	0.410.1	0.474.0	0.457.6		0.000.7	1.005.0	0.050.0	0.000.0	
Miscellaneous retail establishments	. 58		2,413.1			-	2,028.7		2,053.3	1 ' 1	
Drug stores and proprietary stores	. 591	611.8	610.8		613.1	-	507.5	506.9	512.7	510.0	
Liquor stores	. 592	115.2	115.4	117.8	115.8	-	-	-	-	-	
Used merchandise stores	. 593	73.4	73.4	74.8	74.9	-	61.4	61.7	62.4	62.9	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	. 594	855.0	846.9	894.7	866.8	_	704.5	696.4	741.3	714.6	
Sporting goods and bicycle shops	5941	152.3	152.0	165.1	160.0	_	_ [_	_	
Book stores	5942	99.5	95.9	103.9	98.4	_ '	_	_ '	_	_ 1	
Stationery stores	50/3	76.9	76.3	77.5	77.9	_	_	_	_		
Stationery stores	5044	,				•	_	_	_	_	
Jewelry stores	5944	135.4	133.1	144.0	139.2		_	-	-	-	
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	. 5947	179.4	180.3	184.0	178.4	-	-	-	-	-	
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods	5949	65.9	65.1	63.6	62.6		-	-	-	i – i	
Nonstore retailers	596	258.0	255.7	251.9	244.1		221.1	218.6	216.5	209.3	
Catalog and mail-order houses	5961	139.2	136.4	141.2	132.6	_	_	-	_	-	
Merchandising machine operators	. 5962	72.4	72.4	69.0	69.5	_	_	_	_	1 - 1	
Fuel dealers	598	104.4	102.7	104.4	104.0	_	86.9	85.3	86.7	86.4	
Retail stores, nec	. 599	429.5	408.2	413.7	438.9	_	354.3	333.5	338.8	363.3	
nance, insurance, and real estate ³		6,616	6,634	6,625	6,623	6,631	4,764	4,781	4,793	4,790	4,
Finance		3,209	3,218	3,251	3,250	3,253	-	_	-	-	
Depository institutions	60	2,160.8	2 164.2	2,173.2	2,169,4	_	1 559 3	1,562.6	1 573 2	1,569.9	
Commercial banks	602	1,516.9		1,514.9		_	1,075.5				
Commercial banks	6020	639.7				_	1,075.5	1,077.0	1,077.4	1,074.2	
State commercial banks	6022		640.4	645.9	645.1	-	-	_	_	1	
Savings institutions	603	390.4	391.0		397.9	-	-	_	-	[-]	
Federal savings institutions	6035	205.0	205.4		206.4	-	-	-	-	-	
Savings institutions, except federal	6036	185.4	185.6	191.6	191.5	-	-	-	-	-	
Credit unions	606	137.6	138.0	143.7	144.1	-	109.1	109.5	114.0	114.2	
Nondepository institutions	61	391.6	393.6	398.4	398.0	_	290.4	293.3	300.3	299.5	
Personal credit institutions	614	129.7	129.1	126.8	126.7	_	97.4	96.7	95.0		
Business credit institutions	615	86.1	85.9		84.5	1	-	30.7	33.0	30.2	
Mortgage bankers and brokers	616	163.3	166.2	174.9	173.8		_	_	-	-	
Mulidade palikels and provers	- 1	1	1	1	l	l					
	62	406.0	4000	446 5	4477	ľ				1	
Security and commodity brokers	62	426.8	428.9		447.7	-	-	_		ļĮ	
Security and commodity brokers	62 621	426.8 321.7	428.9 323.6		447.7 341.5	-	-	-	-	-	
Security and commodity brokers	621	321.7	323.6	340.5	341.5		-	-	_	-	
Security and commodity brokers	621 622,3			340.5 20.7		_	- - 53.8	- - 54.4	- 54.5	- 54.7	
Security and commodity brokers Security brokers and dealers Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and exchanges Security and commodity services	621 622,3 628	321.7 21.6 83.5	323.6 21.3 84.0	340.5 20.7 85.3	341.5 20.9 85.3	- -	- - 53.8	- - 54.4	- 54.5	- 54.7	
Security and commodity brokers Security brokers and dealers Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and exchanges Security and commodity services Holding and other investment offices	621 622,3 628 67	321.7 21.6 83.5 229.6	323.6 21.3 84.0 231.1	340.5 20.7 85.3 232.8	341.5 20.9 85.3 235.2	-	- - 53.8	- 54.4 -	- 54.5	- 54.7	
Security and commodity brokers Security brokers and dealers Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and exchanges Security and commodity services	621 622,3 628 67	321.7 21.6 83.5	323.6 21.3 84.0 231.1	340.5 20.7 85.3 232.8	341.5 20.9 85.3 235.2	-	- 53.8	- 54.4 - -	54.5	- 54.7 - -	
Security and commodity brokers	621 622,3 628 67	321.7 21.6 83.5 229.6	323.6 21.3 84.0 231.1	20.7 85.3 232.8 107.6	341.5 20.9 85.3 235.2 107.2	- - -	<u>-</u>	- 54.4 - -	- 54.5 - -	- 54.7 - -	
Security and commodity brokers Security brokers and dealers Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and exchanges Security and commodity services Holding and other investment offices Holding offices	621 622,3 628 67 67 63,64	321.7 21.6 83.5 229.6 108.5 2,151	323.6 21.3 84.0 231.1 108.2 2,149	340.5 20.7 85.3 232.8 107.6 2,116	341.5 20.9 85.3 235.2 107.2 2,115	- - - - 2,116	<u>-</u>	54.4 - - 998.5		-	
Security and commodity brokers Security brokers and dealers Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and exchanges Security and commodity services Holding and other investment offices Holding offices Insurance	621 622,3 628 67 671 63,64	321.7 21.6 83.5 229.6 108.5 2,151 1,487.8	323.6 21.3 84.0 231.1 108.2 2,149 1,486.2	340.5 20.7 85.3 232.8 107.6 2,116	341.5 20.9 85.3 235.2 107.2 2,115 1,461.1	- - - 2,116	- - - 999.9	- - - 998.5	- - 1,000.3	- - 999.5	
Security and commodity brokers Security brokers and dealers Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and exchanges Security and commodity services Holding and other investment offices Holding offices Insurance Insurance carriers Life insurance	621 622,3 628 67 671 63,64 63	321.7 21.6 83.5 229.6 108.5 2,151 1,487.8 560.6	323.6 21.3 84.0 231.1 108.2 2,149 1,486.2 560.5	340.5 20.7 85.3 232.8 107.6 2,116 1,462.1 541.3	341.5 20.9 85.3 235.2 107.2 2,115 1,461.1 540.7	- - - 2,116	- - 999.9 335.5	- - 998.5 336.1	- - 1,000.3 336.0	- - 999.5 335.0	
Security and commodity brokers Security brokers and dealers Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and exchanges Security and commodity services Holding and other investment offices Holding offices Insurance Life insurance Medical service and health insurance	621 622,3 628 67 67 63,64 63 631	321.7 21.6 83.5 229.6 108.5 2,151 1,487.8 560.6 260.9	323.6 21.3 84.0 231.1 108.2 2,149 1,486.2 560.5 260.2	340.5 20.7 85.3 232.8 107.6 2,116 1,462.1 541.3 262.7	341.5 20.9 85.3 235.2 107.2 2,115 1,461.1 540.7 262.7	2,116 -	999.9 335.5 212.4	- - 998.5 336.1 211.0	1,000.3 336.0 215.3	999.5 335.0 215.3	
Security and commodity brokers Security brokers and dealers Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and exchanges Security and commodity services Holding and other investment offices Holding offices Insurance Insurance carriers Life insurance Medical service and health insurance Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	621 622,3 628 67 67 63,64 63 631 632 633	321.7 21.6 83.5 229.6 108.5 2,151 1,487.8 560.6 260.9 552.6	323.6 21.3 84.0 231.1 108.2 2,149 1,486.2 560.5 260.2 551.3	340.5 20.7 85.3 232.8 107.6 2,116 1,462.1 541.3 262.7 541.3	341.5 20.9 85.3 235.2 107.2 2,115 1,461.1 540.7 262.7 541.4	2,116	- - 999.9 335.5	- - 998.5 336.1 211.0	1,000.3 336.0 215.3	999.5 335.0 215.3	
Security and commodity brokers Security brokers and dealers Commodity contracts brokers, dealers, and exchanges Security and commodity services Holding and other investment offices Holding offices Insurance Life insurance Medical service and health insurance	621 622,3 628 67 67 63,64 63 631 632 633 636	321.7 21.6 83.5 229.6 108.5 2,151 1,487.8 560.6 260.9	323.6 21.3 84.0 231.1 108.2 2,149 1,486.2 560.5 260.2 551.3 58.1	340.5 20.7 85.3 232.8 107.6 2,116 1,462.1 541.3 262.7 541.3 60.0	341.5 20.9 85.3 235.2 107.2 2,115 1,461.1 540.7 262.7 541.4	2,116	999.9 335.5 212.4	998.5 336.1 211.0 359.4	1,000.3 336.0 215.3	999.5 335.0 215.3	

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		Al	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993
Finance, insurance, and real estate—Continued]					
Real estate		1,256		,	1 .	1,262	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate operators and lessors		543.6	1		1	-	ļ -	-	-	-	-
Real estate agents and managers		558.3			1	1	-	-	-) -	-
Subdividers and developers	655	122.9	124.1	118.3	118.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services		28,326	28,528	28,799	29,102	29,279	24,704	24,891	25,128	25,412	25,56
Agricultural services	07	404.9	434.9	403.8	409.9	-	328.8	356.7	327.8	333.6	-
Hotels and other lodging places	70			1,521.6		-	i -	-	-	-	_
Hotels and motels	701	1,475.7	1,491.3	1,485.9	1,496.1	-	1,297.9	1,312.3	1,306.0	1,316.5	-
Personal services	72	1,157.1	1,156.6	1,140.9	1,156.1	-	_	_	_	_	_
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	407.9	410.7	413.1	412.0	-	358.8	361.0	364.1	363.3	_
Photographic studios, portrait	722	67.8	68.9	75.8	73.8	-	-	-	-	_	-
Beauty shops		385.8			386.9	-	346.0	346.4	343.9	345.9	-
Funeral service and crematories		84.1	84.0		1	-	_	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous personal services	729	191.9	187.0	163.1	178.8	-	177.9	172.1	145.9	161.9	-
Business services	73	5,031.1	5,096.2	5,336.0	5,357.2	5,415.9	4,412.8	4,476.3	4,719.6	4,739.0	i -
Advertising	731	228.2	229.8	231.6	232.3	-	161.1	162.5	166.1	167.2	-
Advertising agencies		157.7	158.5	157.8		_	-	-	-	-	-
Credit reporting and collection	732	107.2	107.3			-	-	{ -	-	-	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services	733	235.6		248.6		-	-	-	-	-	-
Photocopying and duplicating services	7334	47.4	47.7	49.7	50.1	-	38.7	38.9	40.9	41.1	-
Services to buildings	734	773.3	776.6	1		-	692.9		698.2	695.0	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing		190.1	191.9		196.3	-	150.3	151.7	157.8	156.2	-
Heavy construction equipment rental	7353	38.4	38.7	40.1	40.1	i –	31.5	31.7	33.5	33.5	-
Personnel supply services		1,471.8	1,529.4	,		-	-	-	-	-	-
Employment agencies	7361	209.5		225.5		- :	-	-	-		-
Help supply services	7363	1,262.3		,	,	-	1,217.1		ı '		-
Computer and data processing services	737	808.3	810.9		839.2	-	645.2		677.0	1	-
Computer programming services	/3/1	155.7	155.7	163.0		-	125.1	125.1	133.8	135.6	-
Prepackaged software		130.5	131.5	,	1	-	-	-			-
Computer integrated systems design		103.6	104.1	108.4	109.0	-	80.4	80.3	82.4	83.4	-
Data processing and preparation		197.2	198.4	1	1	-	-	_	-	-	-
Information retrieval services		46.8	46.9			-	37.1				-
Computer maintenance and repair		41.2	40.9	40.4	40.3	-	35.0		34.3		-
Miscellaneous business services		1,216.6				-	1,072.6	,			-
Detective and armored car services		466.2 38.1	467.2			-	435.8	436.0	452.6		-
Security systems services	7302	73.9	37.8 72.9		38.2	-	32.2	32.0	32.9	32.7	-
Photofinishing laboratories	/304	73.9	12.9	72.6	71.3	-	~	-	-	-	-
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	866.9	872.5		888.6	_	710.0	714.3	720.0	731.1	_
Automotive rentals, without drivers		157.5	158.4			-	-	-	-	-	-
Automobile parking Automotive repair shops		60.2 487.5	60.4 488.2	ſ	59.8 492.9	-	53.9 393.1	54.0 393.1	53.3 397.2		-
, alonowo ropali oropo				l	102.0		000.1	000.1	337.2	399.2	_
Miscellaneous repair services Electrical repair shops		327.8	328.5 109.2		324.5 108.5	-	265.4	266.2	265.0	264.1	-
	ì	1								-	_
Motion pictures	78	389.1	393.6			-	317.3	320.8	335.3		-
Motion picture production and services		143.4	149.0 102.0	1		-	111.5	116.8	132.7	133.9	_
·	1	}]	_
Amusement and recreation services	/9	1,010.2	,			-	880.7	897.4	849.3		-
Bowling centers		95.4	96.0	ſ	96.2	-	85.8	86.2	85.8	86.5	-
Misc. amusement and recreation services		683.4	702.8	ι	683.0	-	594.9	612.2	569.5	,	-
Physical fitness facilities Membership sports and recreation clubs		121.2 226.1	121.0 239.9		120.9 233.9	-	107.5 193.7	107.5 206.6	105.2 194.1	107.8 199.6	-
• •				ļ							_
Health services					8,597.1	8,614.7	7,429.1	7,450.6	7,613.5	7,633.3	_
Offices and clinics of medical doctors				1,459.4		-	1,168.1	1,168.6	1,194.6	1,196.1	_
Offices and clinics of dentists		532.3		ſ		-	466.3	466.9	473.6	473.1	-
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners	1804	306.7	308.7	312.2	314.3		251.4	253.5	254.2	257.1	1 _

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Ma 199
ervices—Continued											
Health services—Continued											
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	1,536.1	1,539.3	1,576.6	1,584.0	-	1,386.3	1,389.7	1,423.1	1,430.8	
Skilled nursing care facilities	8051	1,100.5	1,102.4	1,128.2	1,133.8	-	-	_	-	_	
Intermediate care facilities	8052	215.7	216.5	222.4	223.1	-	194.2	195.0	200.2	201.0	
Nursing and personal care, nec	8059	219.9	220.4	226.0	227.1	-	_	_	_	_	
Hospitals	806	3,724.2	3,733.2	3,784.2	3,787.3	_	3.418.5	3.427.2	3,473.2	3.474.3	
General medical and surgical hospitals	8062	3,424.9				-	_	_	_	-	}
Psychiatric hospitals	8063	101.5	101.4	98.3	99.0	_	ا _	_	_		1
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric	8069	197.8	198.2	203.9	204.3	_	_	_	_	_	
Medical and dental laboratories	807	175.7	176.5		181.5	_	_	_	_	_	
Home health care services	808	367.0	371.5	ţ	412.3	_	339.9	344.0	377.2	380.6	
•	ŀ	007.0	0	100.2	112.0		000.0	044.0	0,,,,	000.0	
egal services	81	901.8	901.4	903.2	903.8	-	731.4	729.9	728.1	728.7	
ducational services	82	1,818.0	1,819.3	1,708.5	1,832.9	-	-	_	-	-	
Elementary and secondary schools	821	504.7	504.2	508.4	514.8	-	-	-	-	- 1	1
Colleges and universities	822	1,114.3	1,114.9	1,006.0	1,117.1	-	-	-	-	-	
Vocational schools	824	81.4	81.5	76.3	78.4	-	-	-	-	-	
ocial services	83	1.909.1	1,925.1	1 998 6	2,017.9	_	_	_	_	_	
Individual and family services	832	513.7	517.0		1 -	_	_	_	_	_	ĺ
Job training and related services	833	248.2	250.6	1		ł	_	_	_	_	1
Child day care services	835	443.0	449.5				392.4	399.0	418.4	423.4	
Residential care	836	520.2	522.3		548.6	1	- 392.4	399.0	410.4	423.4	
fuseums and botanical and zoological gardens		62.6	64.2	65.2	65.2	_	_	_	_	_	
		4 007 0	1 000 7	4 070 0	1 000 0	ĺ			1	ļ	
Membership organizations	86	1,987.3		1 '	,		-	-	-	_	
Business associations	861	98.2	98.2		98.1	-	-	-		-	ļ
Professional organizations	862	53.8	54.1	54.5	1		38.7	38.8	38.8	39.0	ļ
Labor organizations	863	129.3 411.4	129.9 414.6	ı	117.4 421.6		_	_	_	_	
	1	,,,,,,		Į.			ļ				
Engineering and management services	87	2,426.0	2,440.0	2,416.3	2,438.9	-	1,846.2	1,858.1	1,837.1	1,853.6	
Engineering and architectural services	871	726.0	727.3	731.4	730.0	-	593.3	594.6	596.7	595.5	
Engineering services	8711	568.7	569.3	575.1	574.1	_	469.7	470.4	472.9	472.5	1
Architectural services	8712	115.0	115.1	112.8	113.1	-	89.3	89.4	87,9	88.0	ł
Surveying services	8713	42.3	42.9	43.5	42.8	_	34.3	34.8	35.9	35.0	ł
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	872	536.9	542.6	510.8	527.2	_	400.3	404.7	,		
Research and testing services	873	554.3	555.0	l .	1	ŀ	407.3			414.9	
Commercial physical research	8731	243.6			240.3	1	_	-			
Noncommercial research organizations	8733	140.6		ľ		1	_	_	_	_	1
Management and public relations	874	608.8	615.1	619.8		ľ	445.3	451.2	456.3	457.8	
Public relations services		29.1	29.4	28.0			20.7	21.0	l .		1
Services, nec	89	37.3	37.6	38.4	38.4	_	28.9	29.1	30.1	30.0	
overnment		18,758	18,882	18,622	18,972	19,057	_	-	_	-	
Federal Government ⁴		2,966	2,974	2,922	2,923	2,907	-	-	-	-	
Executive, by agency		2,901.0	2,908.4	2,856.0	-	-	_	_	_	_	1
Department of Defense		920.0				_	_	_	_	l _	1
Postal Service ⁵		799.6	1			-	_		_	_	1
Other executive agencies		1,181.4	1	II .	1	_	_	1 _	1 _	1 -	
Legislative		38.6			1	_	_	1 _] _	I -	
Judicial		26.3	1	II .	1	-	_	-	-	-	
Federal Government, by industry:						-					
Manufacturing activities	[103.9	1	1		I .	-	-	-	-	
Ship building and repairing	3731	59.6	59.3	56.5	56.2	-	-	-	-	-	
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal	-	1	l	ļ	Į			1	1		
		29.5	29.4	28.9	28.7	· -	-	-	-	-	1
Service			1			i .	1	I	1	1	4
Services		394.3	395.4	394.6	394.8	-	-	-	-	i -	1

B-2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1987		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993°	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993°
Government—Continued											
State government	.}	4,446	4,467	4,350	4,492	4,514	_	-	-	-	_
Hospitals	806	412.6	411.5	410.5	409.2	-	-	-	-	i -	_
Education		1,891.5	1,907.5	1,774.7	1,910.2	-	-	-	-	-	_
General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions		1,660.3	1,665.8	1,681.7	1,687.2	~	-	-	_	_	-
Local government		11,346	11,441	11,350	11,557	11,636	_	_	_	-	_
Transportation and public utilities		439.2	439.4	437.4	436.9	-	_	_	_	_	_
Hospitals		676.3	679.0	702.5	703.4	_]	-	_	_	-	_
Education		6,450.8	6,511.9	6,401.6	6,595.1	-	-	-	-	_	_
General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions		3,428.6	3,458.3	3,448.1	3,456.7	-	-	_	-	_	-

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; uansportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

³ Excludes nonoffice community. construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in

the National Security Agency.

- Includes rural mail carriers.
- Data not available.

 Data not available.
 p = preliminary.
 NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1991 benchmark levels.
 When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1991 forward are subject to revision.

Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.

Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and

ESTABLISHMENT DATA WOMEN EMPLOYEES NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-3. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	Dec. 1991	Jan. 1992	Nov. 1992	Dec. 1992	Jan. 1993
Total	52,770	51,698	53,085	53,181	52,176
Total private	42,633	41,735	42,677	42,850	42,030
Goods-producing	6,691	6,604	6,595	6,560	6,494
Mining	95	94	90	89	88
Construction	527	514	527	520	511
Manufacturing	6,069	5,996	5,978	5,951	5,895
Durable goods	2,807	2,776	2,738	2,730	2,714
Lumber and wood products	109	108	113	113	112
Furniture and fixtures	145	143	142	142	141
Stone, clay, and glass products	105	104	105	104	102
Primary metal industries	96	94	92	93	92
Fabricated metal products	299	295	294	295	291
	429	429	423		
Industrial machinery and equipment	671		1	424	424
Electronic and other electrical equipment		665	653	651	649
Transportation equipment	385	376	364	364	362
Instruments and related products	400	397	383	380	378
Miscellaneous manufacturing	169	165	169	165	162
Nondurable goods	3,262	3,220	3,240	3,221	3,181
Food and kindred products	536	522	542	530	516
Tobacco products	18	18	16	18	18
Textile mill products	328	325	325	323	321
Apparel and other textile products	808	796	789	782	772
Paper and allied products	167	165	168	168	165
Printing and publishing	677	672	673	676	672
Chemicals and allied products	329	328	333	333	331
Petroleum and coal products	26	26	24	24	24
Rubber and misc. plastics products	303	300	300	300	298
	71	69	69		
Leather and leather products	′'	69	69	67	66
Service-producing	46,079	45,094	46,490	46,621	45,682
Transportation and public utilities	1,703	1,678	1,703	1,705	1,687
Wholesale trade	1,861	1,829	1,843	1,836	1,824
Retail trade	10,605	10,038	10,334	10,525	10,005
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,225	4,206	4,217	4,225	4,210
Services	17,548	17,380	17,985	17,999	17,810
Government	10,137	9,963	10.408	10,331	10,146
Federal	1,229	1,220	1,214	1,228	1,212
State	2,211	2,157	2,255	2,240	2,185
	6,697	6,586	6,939	6,863	2,165 6,749
Local	0,097	0,500	0,535	0,000	0,749

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1991 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1991 forward are subject to revision.

B-4. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

laduster					19	92					<u></u>	1993	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
Total	108,200	108,377	108,496	108,423	108,594	108,485	108,497	108,571	108,646	108,752	108,865	109,232	109,210
	89,693	89,835	89,950	89,885	89,988	89,803	89,847	89,948	89,961	90,067	90,201	90,546	90,536
Total private)	1	1	1		i '				1
Goods-producing	23,532	23,530	23,548	23,470	23,459	23,362	23,296	23,270	23,280	23,263	23,267	23,368	23,303
Mining	651	646	641	634	633	626	620	623	622	619	616	604	607
Oil and gas extraction	366	363	358	350	348	345	340	345	345	346	347	339	338
Construction	4,603	4,605	4,632	4,600	4,584	4,591	4,574	4,601	4,590	4,582	4,559	4,652	4,593
General building contractors	1,115	1,108	1,101	1,093	1,096	1,100	1,097	1,098	1,093	1,084	1,086	1,099	1,087
Manufacturing	18,278	18,279	18,275	18,236	18,242	18,145	18,102	18,046	18,068	18,062	18,092	18,112	18,103
Durable goods	10,417	10,409	10,398	10,371	10,347	10,298	10,271	10,231	10,247	10,238	10,265	10,272	10,254
Lumber and wood products	689	688	687	684	683	682	683	689	695	697	696	704	703
Furniture and fixtures	465	467	467	469	470	465	461	461	461	462	463	466	466
Stone, clay, and glass products	518 710	520 708	522 707	521 706	521 702	520 701	520 699	518 695	518	519	517	525	521
Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products	258	708 257	256	255	253	252	252	250	695 248	693 245	694 244	695 245	693
	1,342	1,341	1,343	1,338	1,335	1,334	1,330	1,323	1,323	1,323	1,331	1,335	1,335
Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment	1,948	1,949	1,959	1,954	1,947	1,941	1,943	1,935	1,935	1,933	1,936	1,933	1,933
Electronic and other electrical equipment	1,560	1,557	1,554	1,549	1,545	1,536	1,538	1,534	1,537	1,537	1,540	1,544	1,547
Transportation equipment	1,863	1,859	1,842	1,836	1,829	1,816	1,797	1,782	1,790	1,788	1,805	1,788	1,773
Motor vehicles and equipment	814	821	813	814	818	814	803	802	818	823	874	841	835
Instruments and related products	956	952	949	946	943	938	935	930	927	921	920	918	916
Miscellaneous manufacturing	366	368	368	368	372	365	365	364	366	365	363	364	367
Nondurable goods	7,861	7,870	7.877	7,865	7,895	7,847	7,831	7,815	7,821	7,824	7,827	7,840	7,849
Food and kindred products	1,671	1,677	1,678	1,671	1,685	1,672	1,661	1,661	1,664	1,664	1,671	1,674	1,674
Tobacco products	49	50	49	49	49	51	50	49	47	49	49	48	48
Textile mill products	682	682	679	680	682	675	677	672	675	678	676	678	677
Apparel and other textile products	1,025	1,023	1,026	1,023	1,034	1,013	1,007	1,004	1,006	1,004	1,004	1,005	1,006
Paper and allied products	687	689	691	689	689	687	692	688	688	686	685	685	685
Printing and publishing	1,519	1,521	1,522	1,520	1,522	1,521	1,523	1,520	1,518	1,520	1,515	1,520	1,520
Chemicals and allied products	1,071	1,072	1,073	1,073	1,070	1,072	1,069	1,069	1,069	1,068	1,068	1,066	1,068
Petroleum and coal products	157	157 876	156 880	155 883	154 884	153 880	152	152	152	151	152	152	152
Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	877 123	123	123	122	126	123	877 123	877 123	880 122	883 121	887 120	891 121	897
·	84,668	84,847	84,948	84,953	85,135	85,123	85,201	85,301	ļ				
Service-producing	84,606	04,047	04,940	64,955	65,135	65,123	85,201	05,301	85,366	85,489	85,598	85,864	85,907
Transportation and public utilities	5,754	5,746	5,745	5,745	5,742	5,729	5,738	5,731	5,732	5,742	5,763	5,765	5,772
Transportation	3,524	3,523	3,522	3,524	3,524	3,514	3,520	3,516	3,517	3,531	3,550	3,554	3,562
Communications and public utilities	2,230	2,223	2,223	2,221	2,218	2,215	2,218	2,215	2,215	2,211	2,213	2,211	2,210
Wholesale trade	5,997	5,993	5,993	5,988	5,972	5,964	5,957	5,969	5,976	5,970	5,995	6,004	6,006
Durable goods	3,453	3,451	3,452	3,444	3,435	3,423	3,419	3,424	3,424	3,418	3,431	3,434	3,435
Nondurable goods	2,544	2,542	2,541	2,544	2,537	2,541	2,538	2,545	2,552	2,552	2,564	2,570	2,571
Retail trade	19,092	19,177	19,150	19,156	19,184	19,106	19,122	19,146	19,116	19,182	19,227	19,363	19,356
General merchandise stores	2,344	2,338	2,334	2,318	2,306	2,296	2,296	2,285	2,262	2,255	2,228	2,270	2,273
Food stores	3,179	3,194	3,188	3,192	3,179	3,169	3,176	3,170	3,165	3,168	3,176	3,188	3,192
Automotive dealers and service stations	2,004	2,007	2,007	2,011	2,012	2,013	2,012	2,017	2,023	2,034	2,041	2,053	2,059
Eating and drinking places	6,431	6,470	6,462	6,473	6,502	6,463	6,494	6,513	6,536	6,579	6,621	6,651	6,662
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,675	6,682	6,681	6,672	6,660	6,661	6,669	6,680	6,669	6,677	6,682	6,680	6,673
Finance	3,224	3,230	3,234	3,232	3,228	3,227	3,238	3,244	3,243	3,251	3,264	3,260	3,260
InsuranceReal estate	2,149 1,302	2,149 1,303	2,144 1,303	2,138 1,302	2,135 1,297	2,133 1,301	2,132 1,299	2,133 1,303	2,129 1,297	2,124 1,302	2,116 1,302	2,115 1,305	2,116 1,297
Services	28,643	28,707	28,833	28,854	28,971	28,981	29,065	29,152	29,188	29,253	29,267	29,366	29,426
Business services	5,174	5,233	5,278	5,292	5,300	5,319	5,322	5,406	5,427	5,458	5,445	5,478	29,426 5,515
Health services	8,387	8,412	8,437	8,446	8,478	8,488	8,506	8,535	8,561	8,580	8,589	8,614	8,623
j	10.507	18,542	18,546	18,538	18,606	18,682	18,650	18,623	18,685	18,685	10.664	10.606	
Government	18.507												
Government	18,507 2,989										18,664	18,686	18,674
Government	2,989 4,345	2,986 4,360	2,984 4,367	2,972 4,357	2,957 4,388	2,959 4,383	2,967 4,401	2,942 4,390	2,940 4,384	2,971 4,389	2,943 4,394	2,938 4,395	2,916 4,395

 $^{\rm p}$ = preliminary. NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1991

benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1988 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA WOMEN EMPLOYEES SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-5. Women employees on nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

						19	92						1993
Industry	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Total	52,055	52,075	52,093	52,216	52,271	52,283	52,464	52,399	52,370	52,412	52,434	52,459	52,567
Total private	42,159	42,171	42,159	42,253	42,305	42,294	42,384	42,312	42,308	42,370	42,329	42,377	42,486
Goods-producing	6,665	6,656	6,658	6,651	6,648	6,628	6,642	6,587	6,568	6,549	6,552	6,549	6,559
Mining	95	94	95	94	93	92	91	90	90	90	91	90	89
Construction	527	527	528	527	527	526	525	525	525	524	525	522	524
Manufacturing	6,043	6,035	6,035	6,030	6,028	6,010	6,026	5,972	5,953	5,935	5,936	5,937	5,946
Durable goods	2,791	2,784	2,783	2,776	2,771	2,763	2,759	2,739	2,734	2,723	2,721	2,721	2,729
Lumber and wood products	110	111	111	111	112	111	110	111	112	112	114	113	114
Furniture and fixtures		143	143	143	142	143	143	141	140	140	140	140	141
Stone, clay, and glass products		105	105	105	105	106	106	105	104	105	104	104	104
Primary metal industries		95	95	94	95	95	95	94	93	92	92	93	93
Fabricated metal products	1	297	297	297	297	296	295	294	293	292	291	293	294
		426	427	427	428	426	426	422	424	422			
Industrial machinery and equipment		663	662	660	658	656	654	651			423	423	424
Electronic and other electrical equipment									651	649	649	648	649
Transportation equipment		379	379	376	373	372	370	368	365	363	361	363	365
Instruments and related products		397	396	394	392	390	390	387	386	383	382	379	379
Miscellaneous manufacturing	169	168	168	169	169	168	170	166	166	165	165	165	166
Nondurable goods	3,252	3,251	3,252	3,254	3,257	3,247	3,267	3,233	3,219	3,212	3,215	3,216	3,217
Food and kindred products	542	541	542	545	546	542	550	542	530	532	535	535	537
Tobacco products	17	16	17	17	16	16	16	17	17	17	15	17	17
Textile mill products	327	328	328	328	326	327	327	324	324	321	323	324	324
Apparel and other textile products		802	803	799	801	798	807	789	784	782	781	778	777
Paper and allied products		167	167	168	169	168	167	167	168	167	167	168	168
Printing and publishing	L	669	669	670	672	669	671	668	671	669	670	671	671
Chemicals and allied products	330	330	330	331	331	332	332	332	332	333	333	333	333
		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(¹)		
Petroleum and coal products		302	301	300	301	302	302	300	299			(')	(')
Rubber and misc. plastics products	301						70			298	299	299	300
Leather and leather products	70	70	69	70	69	68	70	69	69	68	68	67	66
Service-producing	45,390	45,419	45,435	45,565	45,623	45,655	45,822	45,812	45,802	45,836	45,893	45,887	45,958
Transportation and public utilities	1,683	1,687	1,689	1,688	1,692	1,693	1,694	1,692	1,692	1,689	1,689	1,691	1,692
Wholesale trade	1,843	1,842	1,839	1,837	1,838	1,841	1,830	1,825	1,824	1,823	1,827	1,821	1,839
Retail trade	10,182	10,195	10,168	10,199	10,189	10,170	10,179	10,142	10,116	10,125	10,082	10,110	10,157
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,227	4,234	4,238	4,236	4,239	4,235	4,228	4,224	4,234	4,232	4,230	4,225	4,231
Services	17,559	17,557	17,567	17,642	17,699	17,727	17,811	17,842	17,874	17,952	17,949	17,981	18,008
O	9.896	9,904	9,934	9,963	9.966	9,989	10.080	10,087	10,062	10,042	10,105	10,082	10.081
Government	1	-,	1,236	1,237	1,235	1,228	1,217		1,222			,	,
Federal		1,232						1,217		1,213	1,218	1,229	1,221
State Local		2,169	2,170	2,177	2,182	2,192	2,201	2,191	2,201	2,193	2,189	2,196	2,198
	6.498	6.503	6.528	6.549	6,549	6,569	6,662	6,679	6.639	6.636	6.698	6.657	6.662

¹ This series is not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1991 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1988 forward are subject to revision.

B-6. Production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

					19	92						1993	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
Total private	72,592	72,777	72,887	72,859	72,918	72,766	72,810	72,953	72,966	73,105	73,296	73,604	73,550
Goods-producing	16,373	16,383	16,407	16,347	16,348	16,262	16,209	16,207	16,225	16,228	16,258	16,349	16,297
Mining	461	457	452	449	447	444	440	443	442	439	438	427	429
Construction	3,506	3,514	3,545	3,520	3,509	3,511	3,499	3,529	3,509	3,505	3,478	3,572	3,519
Manufacturing	12,406	12,412	12,410	12,378	12,392	12,307	12,270	12,235	12,274	12,284	12,342	12,350	12,349
Durable goods	6,909	6,903	6,896	6,876	6,867	6,828	6,809	6,789	6,819	6,822	6,867	6,867	6,857
Lumber and wood products	565	565	564	560	560	558	559	565	571	573	572	580	579
Furniture and fixtures	367	369	369	370	372	366	363	364	363	365	366	368	368
Stone, clay, and glass products	400	403	404	404	403	402	402	400	400	401	399	406	402
Primary metal industries	535	535	533	532	532	531	529	527	526	526	527	528	529
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	194	194	193	192	191	190	191	189	188	186	186	186	186
Fabricated metal products	984	985	985	981	979	979	975	970	974	971	982	984	983
Industrial machinery and equipment	1,161	1,165	1,172	1,169	1,164	1,161	1,166	1,160	1,165	1,165	1,166	1,166	1,166
Electronic and other electrical equipment	988	986	988	986	983	977	977	976	980	981	979	985	989
Transportation equipment	1,173	1,164	1,149	1,146	1,144	1,135	1,120	1,111	1,127	1,129	1,167	1,138	1,129
Motor vehicles and equipment	630	628	618	617	622	619	607	608	626	631	679	650	643
Instruments and related products	470	465	465	463	463	458	456	455	451	449	449	450	449
Miscellaneous manufacturing	266	266	267	265	267	261	262	261	262	262	260		263
Nondurable goods	5,497	5,509	5,514	5,502	5,525	5,479	5,461	5,446	5,455	5,462	5,475	5,483	5,492
Food and kindred products	1,211	1,222	1,221	1,218	1,229	1,216	1,204	1,205	1,211	1,212	1,220	1,221	1,221
Tobacco products	37	37	37	37	37	39	37	37	35	37	37	36	36
Textile mill products	586	585	583	582	583	578	580	573	577	579	577	578	576
Apparel and other textile products	858	857	861	856	867	848	843	840	840	841	843	842	844
Paper and allied products	517	519	521	519	519	517	521	518	517	516	517	517	518
Printing and publishing	841	842	842	840	841	840	841	838	838	840	838	841	841
Chemicals and allied products	568	567	568	567	563	563	560	561	559	560	561	560	563
Petroleum and coal products	103	103	102	101	101	100	100	100	100	99	100	100	100
Rubber and misc. plastics products	676	676	679	683	684	679	676	675	679	681	686	691	695
Leather and leather products	100	101	100	99	101	99	99	99	99	97	96	97	98
Service-producing	56,219	56,394	56,480	56,512	56,570	56,504	56,601	56,746	56,741	56,877	57,038	57,255	57,253
Transportation and public utilities	4,795	4,791	4,790	4,794	4,789	4,770	4,789	4,786	4,789	4,805	4,827	4,830	4,833
Wholesale trade	4,805	4,810	4,815	4,813	4,800	4,791	4,791	4,803	4,814	4,807	4,832	4,843	4,842
Retail trade	16,808	16,874	16,872	16,874	16,883	16,815	16,833	16,839	16,828	16,878	16,944	17,070	17,043
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,820	4,826	4,826	4,818	4,811	4,812	4,823	4,830	4,831	4,836	4,846	4,843	4,842
Services	24,991	25,093	25,177	25,213	25,287	25,316	25,365	25,488	25,479	25,551	25,589	25,669	25,693

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary.
 NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March
 1991 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced,
 all seasonally adjusted data from January 1988 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA DIFFUSION INDEXES SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-7. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

(Percent)

Time span	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
			,		Private n	onfarm pay	rolls, 356 ir	ndustries ¹				
Over 1-month span:												
1990	59.1	58.8	53.8	46.9	49.3	47.8	43.5	41.4	40.3	40.2	38.2	37.1
1991	37.9	37.6	36.1	41.3	50.7	45.1	48.7	51.4	50.0	47.1	46.8	46.9
1992	43.5	47.9	47.5	58.4	51.4	45.2	49.6	42.6	49.9	50.1	49.7	53.7
1993	55.1	P 61.1	P 48.6									:
Over 3-month span:												
1990	61.2	61.1	54.8	48.0	45.6	45.2	40.9	35.7	33.8	33.1	32.6	32.3
1991	31.3	28.7	31.7	38.3	41.0	45.6	48.0	51.4	48.5	46.3	44.4	42.7
1992	44.8	44.1	53.2	54.9	54.4	47.6	41.6	44.4	44.1	48.2	51.8	55.2
1993	P 63.2	P 58.1										
Over 6-month span:	,											
1990	58.6	55.1	54.2	50.0	43.7	39.0	37.2	34.7	31.9	30.6	29.1	27.9
1991	27.9	29.2	28.2	33.0	38.9	44.0	47.2	46.3	46.9	46.1	44.0	43.4
1992	47.8	50.6	49.7	51.1	47.3	49.3	42.8	42.0	46.2	47.6	P 56.6	P 56.3
1993												
Over 12-month span:												
1990	53.7	51.4	48.9	46.6	43.0	40.0	37.1	33.7	32.3	30.6	28.9	27.7
1991	27.4	28.5	28.1	29.9	32.2	33.4	35.7	39.0	42.8	46.3	47.6	47.8
1992	49.2	44.1	45.2	43.8	44.9	45.6	47.6	P 54.1	P 51.4			
1993	_											
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Manufac	turing payr	olls, 139 in	dustries ¹	·			
Over 1-month span:												
1990	47.8	51.1	48.2	45.3	41.7	42.8	39.9	36.7	34.2	33.5	29.5	31.7
1991	35.6	33.5	30.6	40.6	46.0	43.9	49.6	50.7	42.8	46.4	45.3	46.0
1992	39.6	43.9	43.2	57.6	46.4	42.4	51.4	36.7	45.7	39.2	51.1	48.9
1993	52.2	P 57.6	P 48.6									,,,,,
Over 3-month span:												
1990	48,6	49.3	48.6	41.0	37.8	37.1	32.4	27.7	25.2	21.9	19.8	22.7
1991	23.4	21.6	21.6	32.4	36.3	43.5	52.2	49.6	46.4	42.4	42.1	37.4
1992	37.8	36.3	48.9	49.3	50.4	46.4	35.6	36.7	31.7	40.6	43.2	52.2
1993	P 57.6	P 57.6										
Over 6-month span:						i						
1990	45.3	41.4	41.7	42.8	33.1	29.5	23.7	21.2	18.7	19.4	18.0	16.2
1991	17,3	20.5	21.9	25.9	34.9	40.6	45.3	44.6	45.3	39.9	36.0	36.0
1992	41.4	43.2	41.4	47.8	41.7	42.4	29.9	30.9	33.1	35.3	P 48.6	P 51.4
1993	3											
Over 12-month span:				į								
1990	35.3	32.7	31.7	32.7	26.3	23.4	23.0	19.4	18.3	15.8	14.7	15.5
1991	17.6	19.4	18.0	19.4	24.1	25.2	25.9	28.8	37.4	40.6	41.4	38.1
1992	42.8	32.4	34.9	30.6	32.4	33.8	35.3	p 43.5	P 43.9	1		1
1993								1	1	1		1
. 300	l	1	1 1				l	Ī	1	i	l	1

¹ Based on seasonally adjusted data for 1-, 3-, and 6-month spans and unadjusted data for the 12-month span. Data are centered within the span.

indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1991 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1991) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1988) are subject to revision.

 $^{^{\}rm p}$ = preliminary. NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total	,		Mining		C	Construction	י
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
\labama	1,643.6	1,676.0	1,685.9	11.6	10.8	10.8	71.2	72.4	74.
Birmingham	420.9	429.2	429.9	5.5	5.0	5.0	21.0	21.3	21.
Huntsville	. 135.8	140.4	141.0	(1)	(¹)	. (1)	4.6	4.2	4.
Mobile	. 184.5	190.8	192.0	l (')	(') i	(9)	12.1	12.4	12.
Montgomery	. 137.2	138.7	140.1	Ö	(9)	(9)	6.1	6.0	6.
Tuscaloosa		66.1	67.2	3.1	2.5	2.5	3.1	3.2	3.
ilaska	235.1	233.6	238.2	10.5	9.9	9.9	7.2	7.5	7.
Anchorage	110.4	111.0	112.0	3.6	3.2	3.2	4.0	4.2	4.4
rizona	1,502.8	1,523.0	1,544.7	12.5	12.5	12.4	73.9	78.3	80.
Phoenix	979.7	988.8	1,000.8	.7	.8	.8	48.2	51.6	52.
Tucson	. 264.7	268.7	273.0	2.3	2.1	2.1	13.6	14.7	15.
rkansas	941.5	961.4	968.4	3.5	3.5	3.6	34.5	35.8	35.
Fayetteville-Springdale		60.1	61.1	(9)	(¹)	(')	2.1	2.2	2.
Fort Smith		81.8	82.6	.8	.7	.8	2.7	2.8	2.
Little Rock-North Little Rock	. 258.1	264.6	265.8	(5)	(')	o l	10.4	10.5	10.
Pine Bluff		33.9	34.1	(*)	(i)	Ö	.9	.8	اد
alifornia	12,078.1	11,898.3	11,942.4	35.0	32.5	32.5	446.7	420.1	427.
Anaheim-Santa Ana		1,095.2	1,101.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	44.4	39.3	40.
Bakersfield		170.3	170.7	12.1	11.0	11.0	8.6	8.6	8.
Fresno		223.1	223.7	.7	.4	.4	11.1	10,1	10.
Los Angeles-Long Beach	3,818.0	3,756.5	3,770.1	7.9	7.9	7.9	103.4	97.6	98.
Modesto		116.8	116.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	5.5	5.7	5.
Oakland		852.4	856.4	3.3	`′ 3.0	`′ 3.0	38.7	39.1	38.
Oxnard-Ventura	1	219.7	220.7	2.0	1.8	1.8	9.4	9.0	9.
Riverside-San Bernardino		705.9	709.0	1.3	1.2	1.3	37.6	33.1	34.
Sacramento		614.0	614.8		.6	.7	26.3	23.7	23.
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey		106.5	106.1	.3	.3	.3	3.5	3.6	3.4
San Diego		927.4	928.5	.5	.5	.5	41.8	36.3	38.0
San Francisco		905.7	905.6	.6	.6	.6	26.7	26.3	26.
		767.9	768.1	.2	.2	.0	24.8	25.9	25.
San JoseSanta Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		139.5	140.4	1.1	1.0	1.0	5.8		
				.5				4.6	4.
Santa Rosa-Petaluma		139.5 151.2	141.0 151.9	.1	.5 .1	.5	6.9	6.9	7.:
StocktonVallejo-Fairfield-Napa	1	136.7	136.9	.4	.4	.1 .4	5.5 8.7	5.3 8.5	5. 8.
•		4 500 4	40045	40.7	400			i	
olorado		1,592.1	1,604.5	16.7	16.0	15.7	63.6	68.0	69.
Boulder-Longmont		128.0	129.1	(')	(')	(')	4.0	4.1	4.0
Denver	851.4	866.7	871.7	9.5	8.3	8.3	35.6	37.7	38.€
onnecticut		1,486.6	1,486.6	.8	.9	.8	39.6	41.4	40.4
Bridgeport-Milford		173.2	172.0	()	(2)	(2)	4.3	4.2	4.0
Hartford		421.3	420.0	O I	()	(t)	10.2	9.9	9.
New Britain	. 59.7	59.4	59.3	(2)	(2)	(*)	2.8	3.0	2.9
New Haven-Meriden	. 235.1	228.2	229.2	(9)	(1)	(t)	7.0	6.9	7.0
Stamford		111.6	111.0	0 1	(1)	(')	2.9	2.6	2.
Waterbury	. 78.2	80.3	79.4	(2)	(2)	(2)	2.1	1.9	1.4
elaware	329.8	341.2	340.3	.1	.1	.1	14.9	17.6	17.4
Wilmington		286.5	286.7	.2	.2	.2	13.2	13.9	13.9
District of Columbia	667.4	869.7	673.1	.1	.1	.1	9.1	8.7	9.0
Washington MSA		2,170.1	2,172.4	.6	.6	.6	91.7	90.9	90.6
iorida	5,308.8	5,386.4	5.441.8	7.1	6.7	6.7	253.9	271.7	274.
Daytona Beach		123.8	126.4	(2)	(²)	(?)	6.3	6.2	6.
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		526.9	530.3	.2	`′ .2	.2	24.5	28.9	30.
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		129.1	130.5	(2)	(2)	(3)	9.5	10.8	10.
Gainesville		102.5	104.2	(r)	Ö	Ö	3.5	3.8	3.
Jacksonville		415.4	417.9	(4)	(4)	(4)	21.5	22.7	23.
Lakeland-Winter Haven		149.1	150.4	3.2	3.1	3.0	7.0	6.6	6.
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		160.4	161.7	(2)	(2)	(2)	8.1	7.6	7.
Miami-Hialeah	1	889.0	876.2	.6	.6	٠, 6	28.3	36.8	38.
Orlando	J	572.0	578.6	(2)	(r)	_	26.3	28.6	
Pensacola		132.5	133.6		(2)	(2)	1		28.
				(2)		(2)	7.6	7.3	7.
Sarasola		116.7	117.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	7.0	7.2	7.:
Tallahassee		127.8 869.1	129.9	(3)	(2)	(4)	5.4	5.2	5.
			876.5	.5	.4	. 41	40.1	39.6	39.
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach		362.0	362.5	(3)	(2)	(3)	18.2	19.5	19.0

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chata and area	N.	Manufacturing	9 .		nsportation a public utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
\labama	376.1	381.2	381.4	81.8	81.6	81.5	353.9	366.4	366.
Birmingham	54.2	54.0	54.2	30.7	30.4	30.2	99.9	102.9	103.
Huntsville	31.2	32.3	32.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	25.4	26.4	26.
Mobile	27.5	27.7	27.6	11.0	10.6	10.6	46.8	48.8	48.
Montgomery	16.4	17.2	17.1	5.8	5.7	5.7	30.4	31.6	31.
Tuscaloosa	9.9	10.0	10.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	13.7	14.0	14.
\laska	16.8	13.7	16.1	21.0	21.1	21.2	44.5	45.5	45.
Anchorage	1.9	1.7	1.6	11.7	11.7	11.7	25.1	25.6	25.
rizona	171.5	170.1	170.1	79.9	77.2	77.8	372.3	380.2	380.
Phoenix	127.7	126.6	126.5	55.5	52.8	53.2	246.5	248.2	248
Tucson	24.5	23.5	23.8	10.5	11.2	11.2	61.8	64.9	64.
rkansas	233.0	237.4	238.8	54.6	55.1	55.1	205.0	213.0	212
Fayetteville-Springdale	14.0	14.7	14.9	4.5	4.5	4.5	12.9	13.7	13.
Fort Smith	24.3	24.8	24.8	4.9	5.2	5.3	16.3	16.8	16
Little Rock-North Little Rock	32.5	33.1	33.4	16.9	17.3	17.2	60.1	61.7	61.
Pine Bluff	7.1	7.1	7.1	2.3	2.2	2.2	7.0	6.9	6.
California	1,901.5	1,820.2	1,819.5	601.4	597.2	596.1	2,804.2	2,789.5	2,774.
Anaheim-Santa Ana	220.9	212.4	211.3	34.8	35.5	35.3	278.2	276.9	275
Bakersfield	10.4	10.1	10.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	41.1	40.8	40
Fresno	23.8	24.3	24.1	12.0	11.9	11.9	55.5	56.2	55.
Los Angeles-Long Beach	729.8	687.5	686.7	202.7	199.9	199.8	850.0	845.2	844
Modesto	22.9	22.9	22.8	5.2	5.1	5.1	30.0	30.4	30.
Oakland	109.4	105.6	106.1	54.2	53.4	53.4	204.2	201.2	198.
Oxnard-Ventura	31.3	30.7	31.0	10.6	10.6	10.4	53.2	52.4	51.
	87.2	83.4	83.9	35.8	36.1	36.3	186.0	184.0	183
Riverside-San Bernardino	42.0	41.1	41.5	28.7	28.9	28.6	140.3	141.3	
Sacramento	8.2	8.5	8.5	4.9	4.9	4.9			139.
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	128.1				34.9		28.2	27.8	27.
San Diego	74.3	119.5 75.6	118.8 76.1	34.4 77.0	76.7	35.0	217.3	216.9	214.
San Francisco						76.9	193.7	193.3	191.
San Jose	236.7	227.4	226.8	21.9	22.2	22.2	156.3	155.6	153.
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	20.0	18.3	18.5	5.3	5.0	4.9	32.9	31.9	31.
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	19.7	20.3	20.2	5.7	5.7	5.8	35.0	35.1	34
Stockton	21.1 12.6	20.5 12.2	20.6 12.2	9.4 5.2	9.5 5.6	9.6 5.6	35.4 34.3	37.9 34.9	37. 34.
•									
Colorado	184.0	182.8	182.0	97.9	100.0	99.9	374.3	388.3	387
Boulder-Longmont	27.3	28.4	28.4	3.0	3.1	3.1	25.3	27.2	27.
Denver	90.8	88.5	88.6	70.5	72.0	71.9	205.1	212.9	211.
Connecticut	309.8	296.9	296.2	66.5	66.7	66.1	326.4	326.6	320.
Bridgeport-Milford	46.4	45.3	45.3	7.3	7.1	6.8	39.4	39.2	38.
Hartford	73.6	66.0	66.7	18.2	17.4	17.4	91.4	91,1	89.
New Britain	16.6	16.1	15.8	2.6	2.5	2.3	12.5	12.7	12.
New Haven-Meriden	42.5	41.4	41.1	15.5	15.8	15.9	47.9	47.3	47.
Stamford	17.5	17.0	16.8	5.1	4.8	4.8	26.1	26.2	26.
Waterbury	17.7	17.3	17.4	3.1	3.3	3.2	15.8	16.8	16.
Delaware	67.7	66.8	66.5	14.5	14.6	14.3	70.1	73.9	72.
Wilmington	58.4	57.2	56.9	16.1	16.5	16.2	55.7	57.7	57.
District of Columbia	13.9	13.8	13.7	22.8	22.7	22.5	53.9	52.2	52.
Washington MSA	78.5	78.9	78.6	102.0	100.8	100.2	400.3	402.1	398.
Florida	482.8	479.4	481.9	270.9	273.6	276.3	1,402.3	1,425.7	1,434.
Daytona Beach	11.4	11.3	11.3	3.7	3.7	3.8	35.8	35.3	36
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		40.3	40.2	24.9	25.5	25.8	147.4	152.7	153
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.8	5.8	5.9	37.0	36.6	37
Gainesville	5.4	5.7	5.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	21.4	21.5	21
Jacksonville	33.2	33.9	33.9	30.7	30.1	30.5	108.0	107.3	107
Lakeland-Winter Haven	20.9	20.7	20.7	7.7	7.4	7.5	41.0	42.2	42
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	28.9	28.4	28.6	4.6	4.7	4.7	36.0	35.9	35
Miami-Hialeah		83.3	84.6	63.5	68.2	69.1	225.2	230.7	230
Orlando	47.0	45.1	45.5	31.6	33.7	33.5	141.0	143.2	144
Pensacola	11.0	10.9	11.1	6.2	6.0	6.1	30.9	31.0	31
Sarasota	7.4	7.3	7.2	3.8	3.8	3.8	33.5	33.3	33
Tallahassee	4.2	4.3	4.3	3.3	3.1	3.1	26.4	26.4	26
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	84.8	83.9	84.0	40.6	38.9	39.4	227.7	230.4	231
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	33.5	31.6	31.6	14.2	14.5	14.6	97.9	99.7	100
Weet Paim Heach-Hoca Haton-I MITAV MAACO	. 33.3	J 31.0	0.10	14.2	14.0	14.0	, 81.8	. 55./	100

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		nce, insurar Id real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
Alabama	73.3	73.7	73.5	337.3	350.4	353.4	338.4	341.5	345.3
Birmingham	29.9	30.4	30.2	110.4	114.1	114.6	69.3	71.1	71.2
Huntsville	4.0	4.0	4.0	34.9	36.9	37.0	32.5	33.4	33.7
Mobile	8.1	7.9	7.9	46.7	50.6	51.4	32.3	32.8	32.8
Montgomery	8.2	7.9	8.0	33.2	34.1	34.5	37.1	36.2	36.9
Tuscaloosa	2.1	2.2	2.2	10.7	9.9	10.4	21.7	22.1	22.7
Alaska	10.3 6.4	10.6 6.5	10.6 6.5	51.1 29.3	52.0 29.5	52.9 30.2	73.7 28.4	73.3 28.6	74.4 29.0
Anchorage	j								29.
Arizona	91.9	94.7	94.8	416.8	428.6	432.0	283.8	281.4	297.2
Phoenix	73.0 11.4	74.9 11.6	75.1 11.6	282.8 77.2	288.6 79.3	290.9 80.0	145.3 63.4	145.3 61.4	152.6 65.0
Arkansas	38.0 1.6	39.1 1.8	38.9 1.8	202.7 11.3	207.6 12.0	210.0 12.0	170.2 11.5	169.9 11.2	173. 12.
Fort Smith	2.5	2.6	2.6	19.7	19.9	20.2	9.2	9.0	9.
Little Rock-North Little Rock	15.4	15.9	15.9	69.8	72.3	72.8	53.0	53.8	54.4
Pine Bluff	1.2	1.2	1.2	7.4	7.5	7.5	8.4	8.2	8.3
California	789.4	779.6	780.2	3,380.5	3,386.1	3,421.1	2,119.4	2,073.1	2,091.0
Anaheim-Santa Ana	93.5	93.0	93.2	312.0	311.3	315.0	131.2	125.8	129.
Bakersfield	5.8	5.6	5.6	39.6	40.1	40.7	46.4	45.6	46.
Fresno	13.2	12.9	12.8	54.6	53.9	54.5	52.4	53.4	54.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach	257.3	248.4	247.5	1,121.0	1,133.3	1,147.1	545.9	536.7	537.
Modesto	4.8	5.1	4.9	26.0	25.9	26.2	21.3	21.7	21.0
Oakland	56.8	56.9	57.2	226.9	226.4	229.8	171.1	166.8	169.
Oxnard-Ventura	12.1	12.3	12.2	60.0	59.8	60.2	45.0	43.1	44.
Riverside-San Bernardino	31.2	30.4	30.4	186.3	182.3	183.3	160.3	155.4	155.6
Sacramento	41.9 6.3	42.2 6.5	42.0 6.5	150.4 27.9	150.9 27.9	152.0	186.3	185.3	186.9
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	60.9	60.7	60.6	27.9	27.9	27.7 280.1	28.1 181.6	27.0	27.2
San Diego	101.4	101.7	102.0	298.3	301.4	301.7	135.8	179.7 130.1	180.6 130.8
San Jose	31.5	30.9	30.9	219.9	220.5	223.4	89.0	85.2	85.7
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	7.6	7.7	7.5	42.5	41.5	41.9	30.0	29.5	30.
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	9.3	9.5	9.5	36.0	36.3	36.7	26.2	25.2	26.2
Stockton	9.0	8.9	8.9	34.0	34.2	34.4	34.7	34.8	35.3
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	5.1	5.0	5.0	33.9	33.9	34.1	37.6	36.2	36.
Colorado	98.1	101.4	101.6	431.3	446.7	448.6	292.1	288.9	299.8
Boulder-Longmont	4.4	4.7	4.7	34.9	36.5	36.8	24.7	24.0	24.0
Denver	65.5	67.0	67.2	237.7	243.1	244.1	136.7	137.2	141.1
Connecticut	142.7	138.3	138.0	414.4	411.9	416.2	208.1	203.9	208.2
Bridgeport-Milford	10.4	10.1	10.0	48.8	48.3	48.5	18.9	19.0	19.0
Hartford	70.7	68.7	68.5	106.9	106.4	105.9	63.3	61.8	62.4
New Britain	4.0	4.0	4.0	14.3	14.1	14.2	6.9	7.0	7.2
New Haven-Meriden	15.0	13.9	13.7	75.0	70.5	70.9	32.2	32.4	33.0
Stamford	13.5 4.1	13.2 4.3	13.3 4.3	36.5 23.1	37.2 24.3	36.9 24.2	10.3 12.3	10.6 12.4	10.1 12.4
Oelaware	32.6	33.3	33.6	81.6	86.4	86.0	48.3	40.5	40.1
Wilmington	28.8	29.8	30.2	70.3	73.6	73.4	38.0	48.5 37.6	49.5 38.9
District of Columbia	33.8	33.5	32.7	252.6	250.4	255.1	281.2	288.3	287.8
Washington MSA	126.2	126.8	126.5	746.2	756.8	762.0	603.8	613.2	615.0
Torida	350.6	350.2	352.0	1,667.8	1,704.4	1,728.3	873.4	874.7	887.6
Daytona Beach	5.6	5.4	5.5	39.1	38.7	39.9	22.4	23.2	23.0
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	39.4	38.8	38.7	159.7	166.3	166.7	73.4	74.2	75.2
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	8.1 4.3	7.8 4.4	7.9 4.4	40.6 26.5	41.5 26.7	42.0	21.2	21.2	21.
Gainesville	43.4	44.5	44.6	113.7	115.4	27.0 116.6	38.4 62.8	38.3 61.1	39. 61.
Lakeland-Winter Haven	7.6	7.6	7.7	38.2	38.2	38.6	23.4	23.3	23.
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	4.9	4.9	4.9	55.1	55.1	55.2	24.4	23.8	24.
Miami-Hialeah	63.0	62.4	62.6	259.4	261.6	264.0	124.5	125.4	126.
Orlando	34.2	34.2	34.2	211.8	216.8	220.6	70.1	70.2	71
Pensacola	5.2	5.2	5.2	38.1	40.8	41.0	31.1	30.9	31.
Sarasota	7.8	7.5	7.5	42.7	44.1	44.2	13.8	13.5	13.
Tallahassee	5.1	5.2	5.2	28.9	30.1	30.3	54.3	53.3	55.
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	62.3	62.3	62.1	282.5	294.7	298.3	119.4	118.9	121.
	25.2	26.1	26.0	122.4	122.2	122.9	47.7		

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining			onstruction	1
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
Seorgia	2,911.3	3,006.2	3,011.7	7.4	7.4	7.4	116.1	117.7	120.9
Albany		51.2	51.3	(2)	(²)	(2)	2.3	2.8	2.9
Athens		69.4	69.9	.1	.1	.1	2.0	1.9	2.0
Atlanta		1,526.1	1,531.2	1.0	1.1	1.1	58.8	63.0	66.1
Augusta		182.4	182.2	.5	.5	.5	10.9	12.9	12.9
Columbus		97.0	97.8	.1	.1	.1	3.4	3.2	3.3
Macon-Warner Robins		126.8	126.8	.1	.1	.1	4.2	3.7	3.7
Savannah		117.8	117.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	5.7	5.9	5.8
awali		532.7	537.2	g	Ø	Ċ)	30.9	31.2	31.0
Honolulu	417.9	410.6	414.4	(t)	(t)	(1)	23.7	22.9	23.2
laho	398.8 112.5	412.8 118.1	416.0 119.4	2.5 (¹)	2.4 (¹)	(¹)	17.7 6.3	20.6 6.9	20.7 7.0
•	ł								
linois	5,110.2	5,136.1	5,148.5	16.9	17.1	16.1	169.7	174.6	174.0
Aurora-Elgin	146.8	150.3	150.0	Q	(1)	(1)	6.5	6.8	6.7
Bloomington-Normal		70.5	71.7	Q	(1)	()	1.7	1.9	1.8
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul		88.9	92.7	(')	(¹)	(')	2.3	2.8	2.6
Chicago	3,046.5	3,053.0	3,054.6	1.5	1.3	1.3	95.7	98.1	97.
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	160.9	163.1	162.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	6.8	7,1	7.
Decatur	51.8	54.4	54.3	(')	(¹)	(')	2.7	2.9	2.0
Joliet	110.8	114.6	114.3	(r)	(¹)	(')	6.9	7.2	7.
Kankakee		37.9	38.0	(6)	Ö	Ö	1.4	1.4	1.4
_ake County		229.6	229.5	Ö	(i)	či l	9.8	9.9	9.6
Peoria		150.0	150.1	6	- ĕ	Ŏ	5.6	6.2	6.0
Rockford		135.6	134.8	6	6	6	4.1	4.4	4.2
Springfield	1	107.1	107.3	8	8	8	3.9	4.2	4.1
diana	2,483.9	2,522.4	2,525.1	6.9	6.4	5.7	98.1	100.0	98.3
Anderson		49.4	48.9	(1)	(1)	(')	1.2	1.5	1.3
Bloomington		57.6	58.2	1 (6)	Ö	(1)	2.1	2.8	2.9
Elkhart-Goshen		99.5	100.0	(i)	Ö	Ö	2.8	2.6	2.5
Evansville	I	137.8	138.4	1.8	1.7	` 1.3	6.6	6.9	7.
Fort Wayne	1	200.6	200.2	(1)	(')	(¹)	8.0	7.9	7.8
Gary-Hammond		241.0	241.6	Ö	(i)	ď	13.0	12.6	12.
ndianapolis		676.0	677.0	`′ .7	`′ .7	.7	30.4	31.3	30.
Kokomo		47.7	47.9	() []	(b) []	(¹)	.9	.9	1.0
Lafayette-West Lafayette		72.1	72.4	8	- 6 f	Ö	2.1	2.5	2.4
Larayette-west Larayette		55.2	55.3	8	- 8	(6)	1.9		1.4
Muncie		118.1	117.8	181	- 6	8	5.3	1.6 5.5	
South Bend-Mishawaka		60.4	59.8	(3)	.4	.4	2.7	2.9	5.4 2.6
wa	1,220.4	1,231.7	1,235.3	1.8	1.9	2.0	37.1	39.0	38.4
Cedar Rapids		95.5	95.5	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	4.3	4.7	4.6
Des Moines		242.6	243.6	l ŏ l	- ŏ	(1)	7.7	9.3	9.2
Des Moines		47.0	46.7	%	~ ~ l	6	1.3	1.4	1.4
Dubuquelowa City		57.6	56.3	8	8	<u></u> б	1.5	1.5	1.5
		58.5	58.5	8	8 1	8	1.9	2.5	2.
Sioux City		73.0	73.4	8	8	6	2.2	2.6	2.
ansas	1,093.9	1,108.9	1,119.1	9.1	8.3	8.3	39.3	39.4	40.4
Lawrence		38.1	39.7	(c)	(¹)	(¹)	1.4	1.0	1.
Topeka		91.2	91.7	Ö	Ċ)	(ή	3.1	2.9	2.5
Wichita		245.2	244.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	10.8	11.0	10.9
entucky		1,502.1	1,505.5	30.0	28.7	27.5	59.8	61.6	63.3
Lexington-Fayette	203.4	208.7	209.7	.2	.2	.2	9.4	10.2	10.3
Louisville		487.2	488.9	.5	.5	.5	20.9	21.2	21.0
Owensboro		37.6	37.8	.5	.5	.5	2.1	2.1	2.:
ouislana		1,608.8	1,615.1	49.2	44.2	44.2	95.3	96.7	97.0
Alexandria		47.7	47.9	.1	.1	.1	2.8	2.6	2.
Baton Rouge	245.9	248.4	251.3	8.	.8	.8	28.8	30.3	30.
Houma-Thibodaux		56.4	55.9	4.8	3.9	3.8	3.2	2.9	3.
Lafayette		99.1	100.1	11.0	10.6	10.6	4.3	4.6	4.
Lake Charles		69.7	69.8	1.0	.9	.9		7,9	7.
Monroe		60.6	60.6	.5	.4	.4	3.3	3.0	3.
New Orleans		535.1	535.2	14.1	13.6	13.6		22.3	22,
Shreveport		139.7	139.7	2.8	2.7	2.8		6.5	6.

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

Character and area	N	lanufacturing	3		nsportation a public utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
ieorgia	536.1	546.9	545.0	194.1	200.0	200.1	711.4	750.2	747.
Albany	7.9	7.6	7.6	2.4	2.5	2.5	11.8	13.0	12.
Athens	14.6	14.9	14.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	15.1	16.8	16.
Atlanta	166.0	173.3	172.8	130.9	133.4	133.9	392.6	420.9	419.
Augusta	41.4	41.9	41.8	5.0	5.0	5.1	37.4	38.7	38.
Columbus	20.1	20.8	21.2	3.3	3.5	3.5	20.4	20.9	20.
Macon-Warner Robins	17.8	18.3	18.3	4.8	4.8	4.8	28.0	29.5	29.
Savannah	16.3	16.8	16.6	10.7	10.6	10.4	25.9	27.8	27
awali	19.8	18.8	18.8	43.2	43.1	42.8	135.9	132.3	132.
Honolulu	14.5	14.0	13.8	35.3	35.5	35.2	101.8	100.1	100.
aho	63.5 17.0	66.7 18.9	66.4 19.0	19.8 6.1	20.3 6.0	20.5 6.1	100.7 27.8	105.3 28.8	104. 28.
·	904.2	917.3	918.8	297.2	299.6	299.7			
inois	35.9	38.6	38.5				1,209.4	1,217.7	1,208
Aurora-Elgin				3.4	3.6	3.6	36.8	36.9	36.
Bloomington-Normal	7.4	6.9	7.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	16.0	15.9	15
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	9.9	10.1	10.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	19.8	19.8	19
Chicago	507.2	504.9	505.5	196.9	197.7	197.4	718.9	718.7	717
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	26.9	26.2	26.5	7.5	7.4	7.5	46.9	49.2	48
Decatur	12.3	14.2	14.1	4.8	4.8	4.8	11.4	12.0	11
Joliet	20.7	21.0	21.0	9.0	9.3	9.3	25.7	26.7	26
Kankakee	6.3	6.2	6.2	1.5	1.5	1.5	9.2	9.4	9
Lake County	50.1	51.3	51.5	7.6	7.7	7.7	61.1	62,7	61
Peoria	27.2	31.7	31.7	7.5	7.7	7.6	34.7	35.7	35
Rockford	40.1	42.3	41.2	4.8	4.8	4.8	29.8	30.6	30
Springfield	4.1	4.1	4.2	5.0	4.9	4.9	23.5	23.7	23
diana	616.5	628.5	625.8	128.5	127.6	126.6	579.7	590.0	587
Anderson	15.3	14.6	14.3	1.1	1.2	1.2	11.0	11.3	11.
Bloomington	8.7	9.1	8.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	12.7	13.4	13.
Elkhart-Goshen	50.1	51.2	51.8	2.7	2.4	2.4	17.7	18.9	18.
Evansville	30.7	30.9	30.8	6.6	6.5	6.5	34.2	35.7	35
Fort Wayne	50.4	51.5	51.3	13.3	13.3	13.2	48.3	48.3	47
Gary-Hammond	52.9	52.6	51.7	17.3	17.4	17.4	56.1	58.8	58
Indianapolis	106.7	109.1	108.2	40.1	40.1	40.0	168.1	174.0	174
Kokomo	18.9	18.9	19.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	9.6	10.3	10
Lafayette-West Lafayette	14.1	14.8	14.8	2.0	2.2	2.2	14.1	14.2	14
Muncie	10.8	10.6	10.6	4.2	4.2	3.7	11.9		
		20.7	20.7	:				12.1	11
South Bend-Mishawaka Terre Haute	19.8 10.7	11.3	11.2	5.4 2.6	5.4 2.5	5.4 2.5	28.9 16.2	29.6 16.8	29. 16.
OW8	226.7	229.5	230.3	53.3	53.2	53.3	306.6	311.3	309
Cedar Rapids	21.1	20.6	20.6	5.5	5.4	5.3	22.4	22.7	22
Des Moines	24.7	24.5	24.8	11.8	12.1	12.2	61.0	63.4	63
Dubuque	12.2	12.3	12.0	1.7	1.8	1.7	10.0		
lowa City	4.6	4.4	4.4	1.5	1.6	1.6		10.9	10
		11.6					11.1	10.6	10
Sioux City Waterloo-Cedar Falls	11.2 15.9	15.8	11.7 16.0	3.3 1.9	3.5 1.9	3.5 1.9	14.4 16.7	14.5 17.6	14 17
ansas	182.0	179.1	178.8	64.0	64.3	64.4	264.5	273.6	273
Lawrence	4.6	4.6	4.7	1.0	.8	.9	9.4	9.2	9
Topeka	9.4	9.3	9.5	5.7	6.0	6.1	20.2	20.6	20
Wichita	61.8	58.7	58.2	11.6	11.6	11.6	55.8	56.7	56.
entucky	282.6	289.7	289.2	79.4	82.1	81.7	341.8	354.0	352
Lexington-Fayette	32.1	33.7	33.6	8.5	8.9	8.8	45.2	47.3	46
Louisville	87.5 6.4	87.2 6.3	87.4 6.3	31.2 2.0	32.6 2.0	32.6 2.0	115.5	118.0	117
				1			9.4	9.5	9
ouisiana	180.4	183.5	183.1	104.8	103.9	104.5	367.3	377.7	376
Alexandria	3.3	3.4	3.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	10.0	10.5	10
Baton Rouge	23.2	23.5	23.3	11,1	11.6	11.6	53.2	54.0	54
Houma-Thibodaux	4.8	4.4	4.3	6.0	5.5	5.4	14.3	14.6	14
Lafayette	9.1	9.7	9.6	5.9	6.0	6.1	26.2	26.3	26
Lake Charles	10.7	10.8	10.9	4.6	4.1	4.0	15.4	15.9	15
Monroe	8.1	8.2	8.1	2.8	2.9	2.9	14.8	15.2	15
New Orleans	44.7	43.8	43.5	40.6	39.4	39.7	134.2	136.2	135
Shreveport	14.7	17.2	17.1	7.7	7.9	7.9	31.7	34.2	34
	14./	11.2	17.1	1./	1.9	7.9 1	.51 /		32

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		ance, insurar nd real estat			Services		(Government	
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993
eorgia	160.7	162.5	162.6	650.3	681.6	684.9	535.2	539.9	543
Albany	2.0	2.0	2.1	11.1	11.5	11.7	12.1	11.8	11
Athens	2.1	2.1	2.1	11.0	11.1	11.2	20.6	20.7	21
Atlanta	104.2	104.5	104.8	379.8	405.6	406.9	223.5	224.3	226
Augusta	6.2	6.2	6.3	39.0	39.9	40.0	36.8	37.3	37
Columbus	6.5	6.8	6.9	21.2	21.6	21.7	19.4	20.1	20
Macon-Warner Robins	7.4	7.9	7.9	26.2	26.8	27.0	34.8	35.7	35
Sevannah	4.4	4.3	4.3	30.1	33.7	33.8	18.2	18.7	19
awali	37.2	37.3	37.5	163.2	159.2	159.6	113.0	110.8	114
Honolulu	30.5	30.9	30.9	119.0	117.3	117.7	93.1	89.9	93
laho	20.7 8.5	22.0 9.1	22.0 9.1	87.1 25.5	90.1 27.7	90.8 28.0	86.8 21.3	85.4 20.7	88 21
•	374.4	374.7	374.9	1,359.4	1,371.9	1,378.2	779.0	ì	
inois	9.3	9.4	9.4	37.4	37.9	37.9		763.2	770
Aurora-Elgin	11.6	12.1	12.1	16.2	17.3	17.3	17.5 14.5	17.1	17
Bloomington-Normal								13.4	1.
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	3.1	3.2	3.2	18.4	16.4	18.6	36.0	32.3	3
Chicago	262.0	261.6	262.1	882.2	890.6	893.4	382.1	380.1	38
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	8.0	8.1	8.0	38.3	36.7	38.8	26.5	26.4	2
Decatur	2.3	2.4	2.4	12.6	12.4	12.5	5.7	5.7	
loliet	4.2	4.4	4.4	26.3	27.9	27.7	18.0	18.1	1
Kankakee	1.7	1.7	1.7	9.9	10.6	10.7	6.9	7.1	
ake County	14.7	15.2	15.2	51.5	51.3	51.9	31.7	31.5	3
Peoria	8.3	8.6	6.6	42.7	43.5	43.7	17.1	16.6	1
Pockford	6.0	6.3	6.2	34.1	34.1	35.2	12.9	13.1	1
Springfield	8.0	8.1	8.1	28.9	29.4	29.6	32.7	32.7	3
dana	125.1	128.3	128.3	534.8	555.5	556.2	394.3	386.3	39
Anderson	1.6	1.5	1.5	11.3	11.6	11.5	7.2	7.7	
Bloomington	2.0	1.9	2.0	9.8	10.1	10.1	19.4	18.6	1
ikhart-Goshen	2.6	2.5	2.5	14.7	15.1	15.0	6.1	6.8	
vansville	5.6	5.8	5.8	34.8	36.1	36.6	13.8	14.1	1
ort Wayne		12.7	12.6	46.2	46.7	46.8	19.9	20.3	2
Sary-Hammond	8.7	8.8	8.6	56.1	55.7	56.5	35.0	35.1	
ndianapolis	52.4	55.0	55.1	158.6	163.1	162.9	103.1	102.7	10
(at an a	1.4	1.6	1.6	7.6	7.9	8.0	6.6	6.7	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
(okomo	3.0	3.1	3.1	13.5	13.5	13.5	22.6	21.9	2
afayette-West Lafayette	1.7	1.8	1.8	12.1	12.3	12.3	13.2		
Muncie								12.5	1
South Bend-Mishawaka	6,6 2.1	6.8 2.3	6.7 2.2	36.8 13.6	37.7 13.6	37.3 13.4	12.6 11.4	12.4 10.8	1
W8	71.3	72.7	72.7	301.1	302.1	304.6	222.5	222.0	22
		5.1	5.1	25.5	25.7	25.8	10.9	11.3	1
Cedar Rapids			33.7	63.1	67.4	67.6			3
Des Moines	32.8	33.7					32.8	32.2	
Dubuque	1.5	1.7	1.7	15.0	15.0	15.0	3.5	3.9	
owa City	1.5	1.8	1.6	10.4	10.2	10.5	25.1	27.7	2
Sioux City	2.5 3.7	2.6 4.1	2.6 4.1	16.3 17.0	16.9 17.7	16.9 17.8	6.7 13.8	6.9 13.3	
ineas	57.1	57.8	57.8	252.1	258.8	261.8	225.8	227.6	2:
.awrence	1.7	1.8	1.8	8.4	8.2	8.6	12.8	12.5	
Topeka	6.3	6.3	6.3	23.4	23.6	23.6	22.6	22.5	
Wichita	10.8	11.3	11.3	62.6	63.9	64.1	30.9	30.3	3
entucky	61.1	63.0	63.3	340.2	349.5	352.2	275.3	273.5	2
_exington-Fayette	9.3	9.3	9.4	51.6	52.1	52.2	47.1	47.0	
ouisville		27.8	27.8	130.9	132.5	134.1	66.9	67.4	•
Owensboro	1.3	1.4	1.4	9.3	9.5	9.4	6.3	6.3	
uisiana		76.8	76.8	387.4	395.4	396.4	340.0	330.6	3:
Alexandria		2.2	2.1	13.2	13.5	13.7	13.0	13.1	
Baton Rouge	13.7	14.2	14.2	57.1	58.9	59.2	58.0	55.1	
Houma-Thibodaux		2.1	2.1	10.7	11.1	11.0	11.4	11.9	
afavette		4.0	4.0	24.4	24.8	24.9	13.7	13.1	
ake Charles		2.6	2.7	15.8	15.4	15.5	11.8	12.1	
Monroe		4.2	4.2	14.8	14.6	14.8	12.5	12.1	
New Orleans		28.6	28.8	157.0	157.3	157.8	91.5	93.7	
New Orleans		6.5	6.5	34.3	36.0	36.2	28.1	28.7	
	1 0.2	1 0.5	1 0.0	. 34.3	, 30.0	. 30.2	40.1	20./	

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

_		Total			Mining		C	construction	1
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
laine	490.0	502.0	501.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	16.4	19.8	18
Lewiston-Auburn	36.4 119.7	36.5 121.4	36.9 121.1	(4)	(²) (²)	(²) (²)	1.1 4.0	1.2 4.7	1
				''	()		4.0	4./	4
laryland	2,037.5 1,070.1	2,034.4 1,066.0	2,038.4 1,065.0	1.1	1.1 .2	1.1 .2	111.5 51.9	105.5 49.6	103 49
Baltimore City	416.8	411.8	411.9	(0)	(1)	(1)	12.0	11.1	10
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	740.1	743.5	745.2	(1)	(1)	O	48.8	47.0	46
assachusetts	2,742.6	2,734.3	2,734.4	.9	1.1	1.0	61.7	66.4	63
Brockton	1,542.5 62.5	1,533.5 62.7	1,532.6 82.3	.3 (²)	(²) .3	.3	32.7 1.4	34.8	33
Fall River	48.1	49.0	48.5	(4)	ි <u> </u>	(1)	1.0	1.5 1.0	1
Fitchburg-Leominster	35.9	36.8	36.5	(2)	Ö	(3)	.8	.8	
Lawrence-Haverhill	147.8	148.7	148.2	(2)	(2)	(f)	3.6	4.3	4
Lowell	93.4	91.4	90.8	Ö	()		2.9	3.1	3
New Bedford	58.7	58.9	58.5	(9)	(²)	(²)	1.4	1.5	1
Pittsfield	36.8 214.3	38.0	37.8	-1	-1	-1	1.0	1.0	
Springfield Worcester	183.9	210.5 179.8	210.3 181.9	:1	.1 .2	.1 .2	4.6 4.1	5.0 5.0	4
ichigan	3,835.2	3,903.0	3.908.6	8.2	7.7	7.7	107.1	115.1	109
Ann Arbor	177.9	176.8	178.8	(¹)	(b) '''	(b) ('')	3.1	3.2	108
Battle Creek	58.8	59.0	59.8	Ö	- ŏ	- ŏ	1.5	1.6	
Benton Harbor	64.6	65.3	65.4	Ö	(6)	(i)	1.5	1,6	
Detroit	1,843.3	1,871.0	1,878.5	.7	.7	.7	48.4	51.0	49
Flint	163.5	165.7	165.0	Ø l	0	()	4.1	4.4	
Grand Rapids	357.4	362.0	364.3	<u>e</u>	0	(1)	13.3	13.9	1:
Jackson	52.6	53.3	53.1	2	0	()	1.4	1.5	
(alamazoo	114.2 214.5	115.7 213.3	115.9 207.9	9	9	9	3.6	4.0	:
Lansing-East Lansing	55.9	55.2	55.0	(0)	(t) (t)	ტ ტ	5.3	5.6	5
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	160.9	161.6	161.6	~ i	8	8	1.8 6.3	1.7 6.3	1
innesota	2,116.7	2,175.5	2,178.4	7.1	8.4	6.6	60.2	63.5	62
Duluth	97.7	99.6	99.7	5.2	4.6	4.7	2.8	3.5	3
Vinneapolis-St. Paul	1,355.6	1,395.4	1,396.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	38.4	38.8	37
Rochester	65.8	67.7	67.4	<u>()</u>	()	()	1.9	2.0	1
St. Cloud	82.3	85.9	86.6	(1)	c)	(1)	2.8	3.2	3
ississippi	940.1	971.9	977.2	5.3	4.9	4.9	32.0	33.5	35
Jackson	187.4	188.7	190.0	.5	.5	.5	6.9	6.6	e
issouri	2,276.4	2,282.1	2,304.3	4.7	4.4	4.2	80.1	81.8	84
Kansas City	770.2	776.4	782.3	Q I	O	()	28.1	28.8	29
St. Louis	1,138.3	1,139.0	1,145.9	O	(2)	0	45.8	43.7	44
Springfield	124.5	125.7	126.0	Ö	O	(1)	4.5	4.6	4
ontana	302.9	313.7	314.9	5.6	5.5	5.4	9.9	10.3	10
ebraska	732.9	736.0	738.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	23.4	24.9	25
incoln	123.4	123.0	124.3	e e	(1)	(')	3.9	3.9	- 4
Omaha	328.5	331.9	331.6	Ö	(9)	Ö	10.9	11.6	11
evada	622.1	644.9	647.8	12.7	12.6	12.7	34.6	40.6	42
Las Vegas	381.9 140.3	398.6 143.0	400.1 143.6	.3 .9	.3 .9	.3	24.2 5.9	28.9	30
		1	{	- 1	1	1	5.9	6.6	6
w Hampshire	471.0 73.8	483.4 75.8	485.3 74.4	.3	.3	.3	13.3	14.7	13
Vashua	79.6	83.0	83.0	8	8	0	2.3	2.7	2
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	99.8	101.9	103.8	8	8	8	1.8 2.2	1.8 2.1	1
w Jersey	3,394.2	3,369.9	3,364.9	1.6	1.6	1.6	99.2	96.0	91
Atlantic City	155.3	157.5	157.6	(9)	O	0	5.0	5.4	5
Bergen-Passaic	595.7	583.5	582.4	(1)	(f)	(i)	17.8	15.0	14
Carnden	417.6	417.2	414.6	(1)	(')	(f)	15.4	15.7	15
lersey City	225.5	221.0	221.6	(1)	(1)	(f)	3.8	3.7	3
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	521.9	520.3	520.0	.4	.4	.4	14.1	12.9	12
Monmouth-Ocean	307.7	309.7	309.6	(1)	(1)	(')	10.9	11.2	10
Newark	869.0	865.6	865.6	.4	.5	.5	25.2	26.5	24
TrentonVineland-Millville-Bridgeton	191,0 55.6	189.3 55.5	169.8 55.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	3.1	3.4	3
	99.0	22.2	22.6	.3(.3(.31	1.6	1.4	1

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and sees		lanufacturing)		nsportation a public utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
aine	91.6	92.2	91.3	20.7	21.1	20.8	116.4	124.2	122
Lewiston-Auburn	7.8	7.8	7.9	1.4	1.2	1.3	9.3	9.6	9
Portland	14.2	13.1	12.8	6.0	5.7	5.6	34.7	37.1	37
aryland	182.4	180.2	179.7	97.4	97.0	98.4	487.2	492.8	487
Baltimore MSA	111.8	109.7	109.4	53.4	53.0	52.7	246.0	248.2	245
Baltimore City	38.6	38.8	38.5	21.9	21.6	21.5	71.5	70.0	69
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	32.1	33.3	33.4	30.5	30.4	30.2	184.2	185.7	183
assachusetts	467.2	451.7	448.5	118.7	119.2	117.4	622.9	637.0	829
Boston	210.2	202.6	202.0	70.6	70.4	69.3	328.8	333.9	329
Brockton	8.2	8.2	8.1	4.2	4.3	4.2	19.8	19.7	19
Fall River	13.2	13.7	13.6	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.9	11.9	11
Fitchburg-Leominster	10.4	10.5	10.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	9.0	9.8	
Lawrence-Haverhill	41.4	41.2	40.7	5.5	5.6	5.6	35.3	35.5	35
Lowell	28.9	27.2	28.8	4.7	4.5	4.5	20.4	19.7	19
New Bedford	15.2	14.8	14.6	2.4	2.2	2.2	14.5	14.4	14
Pittsfield	7.5	7.4	7.5	1.2	1.2	1.2	8.7	8.9	1
Springfield	42.2 36.4	41.4 35.0	40.9 34.9	8.0 8.9	7.4 8.6	7.2 8.7	48.4 42.2	47.1 42.3	4
	ł								
chigan	884.4	900.0	896.7	149.9	150.6	150.2	896.0	927.1	91
Ann Arbor	37.1	37.4	37.6	4.1	4.2	4.2	30.7	31.5	3
Battle Creek	16.0	15.7	16.4	1.7	1.9	1.9	12.5	12.8	1
Benton Harbor	20.0	19.9	19.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	13.2	13.5	1
Detroit	409.7	422.2	427.2	82.7	85.8	85.2	443.9	452.8	44
lint	47.5	48.9	48.4	4.4	4.6	4.5	38.8	39.2	3
rand Rapids	98.8	100.4	100.7	12.9	13.1	13.1	92.1	94.3	9
ackson	11.9	12.1	12.1	3.4	3.5	3.5	12.7	13.1	1
alamazoo	28.0	28.0	27.8	3.1	3.0	3.0	25.0	25.7	2
ansing-East Lansing	30.3	29.4	22.4	6.3	6.5	6.5	46.1	47.2	4
Auskegon	15.6	14.9	14.8	2.2	2.2	2.2	12.8	13.1	1
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	42.7	42.9	42.4	6.3	6.2	6.2	39.0	39.7	3
nnesota	385.6	390.9	391.5	108.7	107.6	107.3	504.4	523.3	51
Ouluth	8.1	8.3	8.4	5.6	5.9	5.6	24.5	25.3	2
/inneapolis-St. Paul	253.0	257.1	257.1	76.3	75.7	75.6	318.6	331.9	32
Rochester	11.2	11.8	11.8	2.1	2.1	2.1	13.1	13.6	1
St. Cloud	14.4	15.2	15.3	4.2	4.1	4.1	24.3	25.6	2
asissippi	248.7 22.5	251.0 21.8	251.9 21.8	43.8 12.6	44.7 12.4	44.4 12.5	194.0 43.5	200.4 45.1	19 4
	- 1								
issouri	411.2	406.6	406.4	149.5	148.9	149.6	537.9	542.8	54
Cansas City	104.5	103.2	103.2	63.2	83.2	63.5	191.6	196.7	19
St. Louis	201.5	197.1	196.7	76.1	76.3	76.1	269.7	274.5	27
Springfield	20.9	20.2	20.1	7.2	7.3	7.4	34.7	35.1	3
ontana	21.4	22.6	22.7	19.8	19.9	19.8	80.1	84.6	ε
obraska	99.8	101.2	101.3	46.7	46.9	46.9	184.4	186.2	18
incoln	14.6	14.8	14.9	7.3	7.2	7.2	26.6	26.9	1
Omaha	34.8	34.9	35.0	23.7	23.4	23.4	82.5	83.7	
eyada	25.4	26.4	26.7	32.0	33.0	33.0	128.1	131.2	13
as Vegas	10.3	11.2	11.2	19.7	20.1	20.0	78.9	81.1	١
Reno	8.8	9.1	9.2	9.3	9.6	9.6	32.5	33.5	3
w Hampshire	95.9	97.5	97.3 9.9	16.7	17.2	17.3	117.3	123.4	12
Manchester	9.8	9.9	28.0	4.2 2.7	4.4 3.1	4.4 3.1	18.3	19.2	
Vashua Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	26.7 19.8	28.0 18.9	18.8	2.9	3.0	3.0	19.6 23.0	20.3 28.2	
ew Jersey	527.7	509.3	506.5	227.4	228.5	229.0	795.1	792.0	78
Atlantic City	8.7	6.6	6.7	6.7	7.0	7.1	29.9	30.2	:
Bergen-Passaic	120.0	112.0	111.3	27.9	27.3	27.5	168.3	165.6	16
Camden	58.3	59.0	57.9	18.8	18.5	18.4	110.6	110.6	10
Jersey City	31.3	30.4	30.7	27.8	26.4	26.5	58.4	56.5	`;
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	96.6	93.0	92.2	42.0	43.6	44.1	127.3	124.9	1 1
Monmouth-Ocean	21.3	20.8	20.5	14.8	14.8	15.1	80,4	83.6	1
Newark	140.8	138.4	137.7	75.3	74.9	75.1	170.6	169.8	10
	25.3	24.8	24.7	7.1	7.2	7.2	29.2	28.7	
Trenton									

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

6 000 or 1		ince, insurar nd real estat			Services		'	Government	
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
Vaine	24.0	23.8	23.7	122.4	125.8	126.2	98.4	95.0	98
Lewiston-Auburn	1.9	2.0	2.0	10.6	10.4	10.7	4.3	4.3	4.
Portland	11.9	11.6	11.5	32.5	33.0	32.7	16.4	16.2	16.
Waryland	126.9	127.3	126.9	612.6	620.0	622.6	418.2	410.5	420
Baltimore MSA	73.7	73.8	73.6	325.3	325.5	326.7	207.8	206.0	207
Baltimore City	39.2	38.4	38.4	142.7	142.3	143.5	90.7	89.6	90
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	45.1	45.5	45.8	232.0	237.0	236.6	167.4	164.6	169
Massachusetts	195.4	193.7	193.6	887.8	893.3	902.8	388.0	371,9	377.
Boston	134.7	134.4	134.4	573.3	574.1	579.8	191.9	183.0	183
Brockton	2.7	2.6	2.6	15.0	15.3	15.2	11.2	11.1	11.
Fall River	3.0	3.0	3.0	10.4	11.2	11.2	6.8	6.4	6.
Fitchburg-Leominster	1.4	1.4	1.4	8.4	8.7	8.8	4.5	4.2	4.
Lawrence-Haverhill	5.1	5.2	5.2	35.9	37.1	37.1	21.0	19.8	20.
Lowell	2.8	2.6	2.6	20.7	21.5	21.5	13.0	12.8	12
New Bedford	2.1	2.1	2.1	13.5	14.3	14.3	9.6	9.6	9
Pittsfield	1.8	1.7	1.7	11.8	12.7	12.7	4.7	5.0	5.
Springfield	14.5	14.1	14.2	60.3	60.1	61.3	36.2	35.3	35.
Worcester	13.7	13.9	14.0	50.2	48.8	50.4	28.3	26.0	26
ichigan	187.6	186.9	187.0	942.6	973.3	978.5	659.4	642.2	659
Ann Arbor	4.8	4.8	4.9	38.6	38.9	38.9	59.5	56.9	59
Battle Creek	3.0	3.1	3.1	12.5	12.7	12.8	11.5	11,1	11
Benton Harbor	2.6	2.6	2.8	15.5	15.9	15.9	9.2	9.0	9
Detroit	108.5	106.4	105.8	509.4	515.5	518.4	239.9	236.9	243
Flint	6.0	5.8	5.8	37.6	38.6	39.1	25.1	24.2	24
Grand Rapids	16.4	16.7	16.7	86.4	86.4	88.5	37.6	37.2	36
Jackson	1.8	1.6	1.6	11.0	11.2	11.2	10.4	10.2	10
Kalamazoo	6.2	6.5	6.5	28.7	29.8	29.9	19.6	18.7	19
ansing-East Lansing	12.2	12.3	12.4	43.4	45.3	45.8	70.9	67.0	68
Muskegon	1.7	1.8	1.8	12.0	12.2	12.1	9.8	9.4	9
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	6.1	5.9	6.0	38.6	39.2	39.8	22.0	21.5	21
linnesota	127.2	130.9	131.2	570.3	599.7	602.5	353.2	353,2	358
Duluth	3.4	3.5	3.5	26.3	27.1	27.1	21.8	21.4	22
Minneapolis-St. Paul	99.8	102.3	102.6	375.1	394.9	397.1	194.2	194.5	197
Rochester	1.8	1.8	1.8	28.7	29.3	29.2	7.0	7.1	13.
St. Cloud	2.5	2.7	2.7	19.6	20.1	20.6	14.5	15.0	15
lississippi	38.3	38.6	38.6	168.9	184.4	184.8	209.1	214.4	217
Jackson	14.5	14.4	14.5	45.5	46,4	47.3	41.4	41.5	41
issouri	134.5	136.3	136.2	582.6	589.9	598.9	375.9	371.4	383
Kansas City	59.1	60.6	60.7	199.6	201.2	202.5	124.1	122.7	126
St. Louis	71.9	72.8	72.6	326.0	329.3	334.5	147.3	145.3	149
Springfield	5.4	5.7	5.7	35.7	36.6	36.7	16.1	16.2	16
ontana	13.8	14.5	14.5	77.7	82.4	82.7	74.6	73.9	75
	48.8	48.8	48.6	181.8	182.0	182.0	146.7	4447	
ebraska	8.6	8.6	8.5	29.1	29.1	29.2	i i	144.7	147
Omaha	28.6	28.4	28.3	99.3	101.8	101.6	33.3 48.7	32.5 48.1	33 46
	20.6	20.0	20.0	076.7	0040	200.5	20.0		
evada	28.6 19.1	30.0 20.3	30.3 20.6	276.7	284.3	282.5	86.0	86.6	88
Reno	7.0	7.1	7.0	184.1 55.8	191.2 56.9	189.7 56.8	45.3 20.1	45.5 19.3	20
ew Hampshire	29.2	28.9	29.0	123.7	130.2	130.9	74.6	71,2	74
Manchester	8,1	7,9	7.9	22.2	22.7	22.2	8.9	9.0	(4
Nashua	3,1	3.1	3.2	17.7	19.3	19.5	8.0	7.4	
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	6.6	6.8	6.8	20.1	22.2	22.4	25.2	22.7	2
ew Jersey	223.5	224.2	223.7	948.6	953.8	957.3	571.1	564.5	57:
Atlantic City	5.8	5.8	5.7	73.2	74.2	74.5	28.0	28.3	21
Bergen-Passaic	33.9	33.0	33.0	158.3	160.3	161.1	69.5	70.1	7
Camden	22.6	22.3	22.3	114.4	114,1	115.2	77.5	77.0	7
Jersey City	18.0	19.3	19.2	45.9	44,4	45.2	40.3	40.3	4
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	40.1	42.4	42.3	124.4	126.8	127.4	77.0	76.3	70
Monmouth-Ocean	18.2	18.4	18.4	96.7	96.8	98.2	65.4	64.1	6
Newark	69.0	67.2	66.8	251.2	252.8	253.4	136.5	135.5	139
Trenton	10.5	10.5	10.5	61.1	60.5	61.0	54.7	54.2	54
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	4.0	3.7	3.7	10.8	10.7	10.8	12.7	12.8	1:
	. 4.0	3.1	3./	10.0	10.7	ı 10.8 I	12.7	128	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		c	construction	1
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
N. Alexandre	584.7	590.1	596,5	14.9	14.4	14.2	07.5	20.0	00.0
New Mexico	249.5	251.0	252.9	(')	(1)	(¹)	27.5 11.7	29.0 11.7	29.3 11.8
Las Cruces	44.4	44.1	44.5	8	8	- 등	2.2	2.3	2.4
Santa Fe	82.3	63.3	84.1	6	- 6 l	~ ~ !	2.6	2.6	2.7
				''	`,'	`` [
New York	.7,622.1	7,568.9	7,599.2	4.1	4.3	4.3	221.8	208.8	200.9
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	415.5	420.1	420.7	.2	.3	.3	12.8	13.3	12.7
Binghamton		112.1	112.2	()	0	(t)	3.9	4.0	3.8
Buffalo	439.8	439.5	441.4	l Ø l	()	(t)	13.0	13.0	12.5
Elmira	39.3 44.8	39.1 45.0	38.9 45.1	(t)	(2)	<u>0</u>	.9	1.0	.9
Glens Falls	1,031.3	1,026.3	1,024.2	((t) (t) (t) (t) (t) (t) (t) (t) (t) (t	ტ ტ	(t)	1.4) 35.7	1.5	1.4
Nassau-Suffolk	3,741.7	3,703.6	3,711.0	8	- 8	8	104.9	35.2 94.2	34.7 92.3
New York City	3,260.5	3,224.0	3,231.6	.4	.4	.4	86.8	76.3	74.9
Niagara Falls	79.0	77.9	78.3	(2)		(b)	2.6	2.4	2.4
Orange County		104.8	104.7	l ö l	ő	ő l	3.0	3.3	3.1
Poughkeepsie		104.6	104.8	ŏ	- ŏ - l	- ĕ	4.2	4.2	4.0
Rochester	479.1	476.1	476.7	.6	.6	.6	13.7	13.9	13.5
Rockland County	94.0	94.2	94.5	(t)	(r)	(1)	2.8	2.9	3.0
Syracuse	301.0	298.5	301.2	(1)	(1)	(1)	11.4	11.6	11.0
Utica-Rome	120.4	121.1	121.7	O D	0	O I	2.5	2.3	2.2
Westchester County	369.2	367.2	366.9	(¹)	(1)	(1)	13.9	13.6	13.2
N. 11 Carallas	3.058.3	3,148.9	3,160.8	3.2	3.5	3.4	137.2	444.5	4400
North Carolina	87.3	90.0	90.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	3.9	141.5 3.8	142.9
Asheville	607.9	624.2	828.6	6	- 8 l	8 1	29.2	31.1	3.8 31.5
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	487.7	505.0	506.5	6	- 6 l	~ ~ ~	20.3	21.8	21.5
Raleigh-Durham	444.7	458.8	463.1	6	- 6 l	- 6 l	19.0	18.6	19.0
14.0.8.1	ì			,,,	`	```	1		
North Dakota	268.6	276.6	277.4	3.8	3.7	3.7	7.8	8.8	8.6
Bismarck	41.0	42.1	42.3	0	0	O	1.6	1.7	1.7
Fargo-Moorhead	80.1	82.5	83.2	(2)	0	()	3.0	3.6	3.5
Grand Forks	32.2	33.4	33.3	O	O]	(1)	.9	1.1	1.1
Ohio	4,735.2	4,783.6	4,787.4	14.1	13.1	13.1	148.7	161.2	157.8
Akron	279.7	284.6	286.5	.5	.5	.5	7.9	9.0	8.9
Canton	161.9	164.5	164.1	.7	.7	.7	5.5	6.1	6.0
Cincinnati	725.6	737.9	739.4	.3	.4	.4	29.0	32.1	31.9
Cleveland	899.6	903.5	904.0	.5	.7	.7	25.4	27.3	27.0
Columbus	710.8	723.0	724.1	.6	.6	.6	23.5	25.1	24.8
Dayton-Springfield	435.3	440.3	440.5	.4	.5	.5	12.1	13.2	12.9
Toledo	278.1	283.2	283.0	.2	.2	.2	8.4	9.4	9.1
Youngstown-Warren	191.6	193.5	192.7	.4	.4	.4	5.6	6.0	5.7
Okiahoma	1,202.6	1,195.8	1,202.8	39.0	35.2	35.6	37.0	36.5	37.3
Enid	21.8	22.4	22.6	.8	.9	.9	7,.7	.7	.7
Lawton	36.3	37.2	37.4	.1	.1	.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Oklahoma City	429.7	433.3	436.3	9.3	8.9	8.8	13.1	13.3	13.5
Tulsa	323.2	319.8	321.6	10.4	9.7	9.6	10.9	10.8	11.0
	İ	4.050.0	10010	4.0	4.0	4.0	44.7	40.0	45.5
Oregon	1,235.6 114.2	1,252.3 115.0	1,264.6 115.9	1.3	1.2	1.3	44.7	43.9	45.7
Eugene-Springfield	54.4	55.7	56.1	.1	.1	.1 .1	3.7 1.8	3.8 1.8	3.8
Medford	636.3	641.9	646.2	.5	.4	.5	24.5	23.2	1.8 24.7
Salem	107.6	109.4	111.2	.1	.1	.1	4.4	4.5	4.7
Saletti									
Pennsylvania	4,984.1	5,010.3	5,035.7	22.9	21.3	20.8	170.8	173.6	168.8
Allentown-Bethlehem	277.1	276.0	277.1	.4	.4	.4	8.8	9.6	9.4
Altoona	52.0	53.3	53.6	0	()	(1)	1.9	2.3	2.2
Beaver County	49.7	49.9	50.2		(2)	(1)	2.2	2.1	2.0
Ene		121.0	122.3	g	(1)	(1)	3.3	4.0	4.0
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		309.9	312.1		(1)	(1)	11.5	11.8	11.8
Johnstown		81.0 191.0	81.5	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	5.1	5.0	5.0
Lancaster		2.067.9	192.3 2,069.7	(1) .4	.4 (¹)	.3	9.8 67.6	10.1	9.9
Philadelphia PMSA		680.9	685.2	8	8	(t) (t)	11.3	67.0 9.8	65.5 9.5
Philadelphia City		903.7	905.5	4.1	3.6	3.8	36.4	9.6 37.6	

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	M	Aanufacturing	9		nsportation a aublic utilities		Wholesale and retail trade			
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb.	
lew Mexico	39.3	39.4	39.5	29.0	28.6	28.7	136,0	140.1	139	
Albuquerque	19.8	19.8	19.7	12.2	12.2	12.1	59.6	60.4	60	
Las Cruces	2.7	2.8	2.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	9.4	9.6	, S	
Santa Fe	1.8	1.9	1.9	1,1	1.1	1.1	12.3	13.1	12	
Janua I G				.,.			12.5			
ew York	1,008.2	982.5	987.4	395.5	390.4	389.2	1,532.3	1,526.9	1,52	
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	43.7	44.9	45.0	16.0	16.3	16.1	84.6	84.6	8	
Binghamton	30.4	28.9	28.9	4.2	4.3	4.4	23.4	24.1	2	
Buffalo	70.5	69.1	69.0	20.9	20.8	20.7	109.4	110.4	11	
Elmira	8.6	8.4	8.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	9.1	9.5	•	
Giens Fails	9.5	9.3	9.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	9.7	10.2	1	
Nassau-Suffolk	128.0	122.7	122.1	46.7	45.7	45.4	263.9	264.3	26	
New York PMSA	352.4	339.8	346.0	230.3	226.0	226.0	648.8	644.9	63	
New York City	287.1	276.0	281.9	204.2	200.6	200.7	543.0	540.2	53	
Niagara Falls	20.9	20.6	20.4	4.1	4.3	4.3	18.9	18.6	1	
Orange County	12.6	12.4	12.5	6.3	6.4	6.3	25.6	26.9	2	
Poughkeepsie	25.1	21.6	21.3	3.8	3.8	3.8	19.5	19.8		
Rochester	127.6	126.7	126.1	15.7	15.6	15.6	98.7	99.6	,	
Rockland County	14.3	14.1	14.1	5.6	5.5	5.5	20.2	20.3		
Syracuse	47.6	46.5	46.8	18.4	18.3	18.1	69.4	70.0		
tica-Rome	20.9	20.7	20.8	4.1	4.2	4.2	24.9	25.6		
Vestchester County	49.0	47.6	47.8	19.8	19.2	19.1	81.6	80.3	:	
vesicilester County				1	13.2	13.1	01.0	80.3		
rth Carolina	821.3	836.5	836.2	149.2	154.0	153.5	684.0	716.0	7	
Asheville	19.7	20.4	20.4	4.3	4.5	4.5	20.5	21.3		
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	142.6	143.4	143.3	48.8	50.3	50.3	147.0	152.5	1	
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	141.8	143.8	144.5	26.2	27.3	27.2	109.5	112.7	1	
Raleigh-Durham	64.2	65.3	65.4	22.1	22.3	22.5	89.2	92.9	•	
orth Dakota	17.2	18.8	18.9	17.2	17.5	17.4	70.4	72.9		
Bismarck	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.9	3.0	3.0	10.3	10.6		
argo-Moorhead	5.4	5.3	5.5	4.6	4.7	4.7	23.0	24.4		
Grand Forks	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.8	9.3	9.4		
nio	1,042.7	1,047.6	1,045.2	207.6	207.1	206.1	1,124.9	1,145.0	1,1	
Akron	61.8	62.8	62.9	13.0	13.1	13.1	67.0	69,1		
Canton	43.2	42.3	42.6	5.3	5.5	5.4	39.7	41.2		
Cincinnati	141.6	140.7	140.0	39.2	39.8	39.6	184.0	189.0	14	
Cleveland	187.4	185.1	184.2	37.7	37.5	37.0	213.4	215.4	2	
Columbus	100.4	99.6	100.1	30.9	30.9	30.7	179.4	185.0	1	
Dayton-Springfield	96.1	94.3	93.9	17.1	17.5	17.6	97.6	99.6	'	
oledo	53.9	54.6	54.3	13.7	13.8	13.9	67.6	69.0		
/oungstown-Warren	44.7	45.7	45.5	6.9	6.9	6.9	51.2	51.3		
iahoma	159.5	163.2	163.5	69.9	69.4	69.5	279.8	278.3	2	
nid	1.4	1.6	1.6	2.1	2.2	2.2	6.0	6.0		
awton	3.2	3.4	3.3	1.9	2.0	2.0	8.2	8.4		
Oklahoma City	43.3	47.5	47.3	21.2	21.6	21.7	103.8	103.2	10	
ulsa	54.7	52.3	52.7	26.4	25.9	25.8	74.6	75.4		
egon	201.2	199.7	201.3	65,0	64.8	64.7	306,9	316.8	2	
ugene-Springfield	17.6	17.3	17.6	4.4	4.3	4.3	29.1	29.5	3	
Aedford	8.2	8.3	8.2	2.9	2.8	2.9	15.6	16.3		
Portland	99.9	99.3	99.6	38.3	36.4	37.9	162.8	166.0	10	
alem	13.2	13.6	14.3	3.1	3.4	3.4	23.7	24.6		
nnsylvania	948.0	932.5	930.1	258.6	264.2	264.2	1,121.0	1,155.7	1,1	
illentown-Bethlehem	70.7	68.4	68.6	14.1	14.0	13.8	59.3	60.6	1,1	
Ntoona	9.6	9.4	9.4	4.7	4.8	4.8	13.6	14.1		
leaver County	9.3	9.3	9.3	4.7	4.6	4.6	11.0	11.1		
rie	34.2	35.1	34.9	3.9	4.0	4.0	25.2	25.8		
larrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	46.6	46.2	46.1	19.4	19.7	19.7	67.9	25.8 69.4		
ohnstown	13.2	11.5	11.7	5.2	5.2	5.2	17.7			
	55.3	55.2	55.2	7.4	7.2	7.1	47.4	19.3		
ancaster	312.1	309.4	308.0					48.2		
Philadelphia PMSA				96.8	97.9	98.1	462.7	465.1	4:	
Philadelphia City	69.0	66.9	66.6	36.9	38.3	38.5	119.7	116.6	1	
Pittsburgh	111.6	109.5	109.8	54.1	55.5	55.8	217.1	224.4	2	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

2		nce, insuran id real estat			Services		(Sovernment	
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
iew Mexico	26.1	26.2	26.2	155.2	158.2	159.2	156.7	154.2	160
Albuquerque	14.0	14.4	14.5	80.2	81.7	82.0	52.0	50.8	52
Las Cruces	1.6	1.7	1.7	8.5	8.2	8.2	18.5	18.1	18
Santa Fe	2.5	2.6	2.6	17.5	17.8	17.9	24.5	24.4	25
ew York	733.0	727.0	726.4	2,291.3	2,313.2	2,334.8	1,435.6	1,415.9	1,434
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	26.0	27.2	27.1	119,2	121.4	122.2	113.0	112.1	113
Binghamton	4.1	4.1	4.0	25.7	25.9	25.9	21.4	20.7	21
Buffalo	26.7	26.6	26.7	123.9	125.2	127.0	75.4	74.5	7:
Elmira	1.4	1.4	1.4	11.1	10.4	10.5	7.0	7.0	1
Glens Falls	1.6	1.7	1.7	11.6	11.6	11.7	9.5	9.4	,
Nassau-Suffolk	80.4	79.1	78.9	299.4	304.4	306.1	177.3	174.9	170
New York PMSA	511.1	505.1	505.5	1,231.6	1,236.2	1,242.9	662.4	657.5	65
New York City	476.9	470.5	471.0	1,081.5	1,083.8	1,089.7	580.7	578.2	57
Niagara Falls	2.0	2.1	2.1	17.4	17.1	17.6	13.0	12.7	1:
Orange County	5.6	5.8	5.6	24.8	25.7	25.4	25.2	24.3	2
Poughkeepsie	4.5	4.4	4.4	28.6	28.2	29.0	23.1	22.6	2
Rochester	22.3	22.0	21.9	129.2	128.8	130.3	71.3	68.8	7
Rockland County	4.7	4.8	4.8	26.9	26.7	26.8	19.6	19.8	2
Syracuse	19.4	18.4	18.2	81.0	81.3	84.5	53.7	52.4	5
Utica-Rome	8.1	8.1	8.1	29.0	29.7	30.3	31.0	30.5	3
Westchester County	28.7	28.9	28.8	118.1	120.3	120.9	58.1	57.4	5
orth Carolina	131.6	136.7	137.1	613.0	644.1	652.6	518.8	516.6	52
Asheville	2.7	2.6	2.7	23.0	23.7	24.2	13.2	13.7	1
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	38.3	39.0	39.0	127.2	132.7	134.3	74.8	75.2	1 7
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	24.9	26.0	26.2	108.6	114.2	115.5	56.4	59.2) ś
Raleigh-Durham	22.9	23.1	23.2	123.6	131.6	133.4	103.7	105.0	10
•			40.0						1 -
orth Dakota	12.8 1.8	13.1 1.8	13.2 1.8	71.8 13.0	73.8 13.3	74.1 13.4	67.6 9.3	66.0 9.6	6
Bismarck	4.9	5.1	5.1	23.1	23.6	23.8	16.1	15.8	١.
Fargo-Moorhead	1.2	1.3	1.2	7.6	7.8	7.8	9.9	10.1	1 1
	050.0	0545	0540		4.040.0	4 000 0		7000	ĺ
hlo	253.6 11.4	254.5	254.6 11.6	1,194.8 71.2	1,218.9 74.9	1,228.6 75.3	748.9	736.3	74
Akron	6.6	11.7 6.6	6.6		42.1	42.4	47.1	43.6	4
Canton	43.4	43.0	43.1	41.1 190.7	197.1	199.0	19.7 97.4	19.9 95.9	2
Cincinnati	59.6	59.6	59.7	252.9	258.0	260.7	122.7	120.0	49
Cleveland	59.0	59.3	59.2	162.5	187.4	168.7	134.5	135.2	12
Columbus	17.1	17.2	17.1	117.4	121.8	123.2	77.6	76.2	13
Dayton-Springfield	11.4	11.0	11.2	76.5	79.1	79.3	46.5	46.1	4
Toledo Youngstown-Warren	9.1	9.2	9.2	48.3	49.5	49.5	25.4	24.5	1 2
•									l
klahomaklahoma marana klahoma marana klahoma marana klahoma marana klahoma marana klahoma marana klahoma	59.9	60.1	59.8	283.6	281.1	283.0	273.9	272.0	27
Enid	.9	1.0	1.0	5.7	5.7	6.0	4.2	4.3	Ι.
Lawton	1.8	1.8	1.8	7.5	7.9	8.1	12.5	12.5	1
Oklahoma City	24.9	25.5	25.4	108.2	109.5	111.7	105.9	103.8	10
Tulsa	17.4	17.4	17.4	87.6	86.4	86.9	41.2	41.7	4
regon	83.4	85.9	86.7	300.3	308.1	313.5	232.8	231.9	23
Eugene-Springfield	6.0	8.2	6.3	28.0	29.0	29.3	25.2	24.6	2
Medford	2.6	2.7	2.8	13.3	13.9	14.1	9.9	9.8	1
Portland	54.3	56.4	56.7	166.6	168.1	170.7	89.4	90.1	8
Salem	5.9	6.0	6.0	24.2	24.8	25.3	33.0	32.4	3
ennsylvania	298.0	298.4	298.2	1,454.9	1,476.9	1,495.8	709.9	687.7	7
Allentown-Bethlehem	14.3	14.4	14.4	76.7	76.1	77.9	32.8	32.5	':
Altoona	2.1	2.1	2.2	12.8	13.3	13.4	7.3	7.3	1
Beaver County	1.7	1.7	1.7	12.8	13.3	13.4	6.0	7.8	1
Erie	5.6	5.4	5.7	31.4	32.6	33.3	14.5	14.1	1 1
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	22.2	22.0	21.9	71.9	73.1	73.4	68.9	67.7	} ,
Johnstown	4.1	4.2	4.3	23.1	23.2	23.3	12.5	12.6	;
Johnstown	8.7	9.1	9.2	42.4	44.0	44.9	18.0	16.8	
Philadelphia PMSA	156.7	156.4	155.4	677.8	676.7	686.3	303.4	295.4	29
	60.3	58.5	58.2	263.8	259.4	265.1	135.3	131,4	1:
Philadelphia CityPittsburgh	54.8	54.9	54.9	312.3	316.4	317.9	104.8	101.8	1 10
PHISOURGD	J 54.0	34.8	34.9	312.3	310.4	317.8	104.0	101.8	t 1

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		(Construction	1
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
Pennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	149.9	150.0	149.7	l e l	(¹)	(¹)	5.7	5.7	5.5
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	296.5	297.7	299.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	9.4	9.7	9.2
Sharon	43.4	40.9	41.4	()	(')	(j)	1.1	1.1	1.0
State College	60.8	57.4	61.4	🐧	(')	(1)	1.9	2.1	2.0
Williamsport	49.6	49.7	49.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.6	1.9	1.9
York	177.4	180.7	182.6	.5	.4	.5	7.7	8.3	8.2
Rhode Island	410.7	417.3	415.7	.1	.2	.2	10.5	12.1	11.7
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	116.8	121.6	121.7	[.1	.1	.1	2.7	4.3	4.5
Providence	293.3	296.3	295.1	.1	.1	.1	7.8	7.8	7.5
South Carolina	1,496.8	1,528.5	1,534.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	78.3	79.6	80.2
Charleston	201.4	201.7	202.6	0	()	(¹)	12.0	12.2	12.4
Columbia	242.4	243.4	245.0	(i)	(¹) (¹)	(1)	11.8	12.0	11.9
Greenville-Spartanburg	328.2	332.8	332.4	(')	(')	(¹)	18.8	19.6	19.6
South Dakota	297.1	303.4	304.0	2.6	2.6	2.6	9.9	10.2	10.3
Rapid City	38.7	39.8	40.2	0 0	(¹)	()	2.1	2.1	2.2
Sioux Falls	79.7	82.2	82.4	(1)	(1)	(1)	3.3	3.9	3.7
Fennessee	2,177.6	2,212.6	2,219.7	4.8	4.4	4.5	79.7	77.7	79.2
Chattanooga	198.5	204.9	205.2		.5	6	6.3	6.2	8.0
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	175.3	176.7	177.2	(1)	(')	(')	7.6	7.8	7.9
Knoxville	277.6	285.4	285.0 481.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	11.7	12.5	12.8
Memphis	475.8 499.4	479.1 517.7	519.6	(0)	(¹)	ტ ტ	16.5 18.0	18.4 18.8	16.7
Nashville]				10.5	18.8
Texas	7,145.8	7,323.8	7,344.2	173.2	169.1	166.7	326.9	335.5	337.7
Abilene	49.3	50.7	50.6	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.7
Amarillo	79.6 400.8	80.4 414.2	80.8 416.1	.8 .8	.8 .8	.8 .8	2.7 12.9	2.9	3.0
Austin	149.2	150.2	149.7	1.4	1,1	.o 1,1	15.3	14,4 14,1	14.4 13.5
Brazona	68.3	68.1	68.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	8.3	8.2	8.2
Brownsville-Harlingen	79.5	83.0	83.8	(1)	(1)	(¹)	2.3	2.6	2.5
Bryan-College Station	58.4	57.4	60.3	l '′ .7	`′ .7	`′ .7	1.7	1.9	1.9
Corpus Christi	134.1	139.1	138.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	10.1	11.5	11.3
Dallas	1,371.3	1,399.4	1,404.1	17.8	17.1	17.0	44.3	47.5	48.3
El Paso	212.2	219.8	219.8	(1)	(')	(¹)	7.5	8.2	8.3
Ft. Worth-Arlington	581.1	594.4	595.4	4.2	4.3	4.3	19.3	20.4	20.3
Galveston-Texas City	78.7	82.4	82.9	.8	.9	.9	5.2	5.3	5.1
Houston	1,614.5	1,617.9	1,619.4	69.0	66.8	66.4	106.5	105.1	104.8
Killeen~Temple	75.6	80.7	81.2	(1)	(')	(')	2.3	3.2	3.3
Laredo	48.3	51.0	51.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.6
Longview-Marshall	69.8	69.1	69.6	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.7	3.1	3.1
Lubbock	98.1 105.4	98.1 109.8	98.6 110.1	.2	.2 .9	.2	3.2	3.1	3.2
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	46.0	45.0	45.4	9.1	e. 8.8	.8 8.9	4.2 1.4	4.3 1.4	4.3 1.4
Odessa	45.6	44.5	44.6	5.0	4.6	4.6	3.1	2.9	2.8
San Angelo	38.3	38.6	39.2	.5	.6	-5.0	1.1	1.3	1.3
San Antonio	534.9	553.4	559.5	1.7	1.6	1.5	22.1	24.1	24.2
Sherman-Denison	36.5	36.8	36.8	l (b) '''	(¹)	(')	1.4	1.5	1.5
Texarkana	46.3	47.1	46.9	`' .1	.1	.1	1.5	1.6	1.7
Tyler	63.4	64.5	64.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.1
Victoria	30.5	31.7	32.2	1.4	1.5	1.5	2.3	2.0	2.2
Waco	82.7	82.9	84.1	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	3.0	3.1	3.2
Wichita Falls	49.2	49.6	49.8	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

0	M	lanufacturing	,		nsportation a public utilities		Wholesale and retail trade		
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
Pennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	44.2	43.2	43.0	6.5	6.2	6.1	33.8	34.7	34.
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	65.5	63.4	63.4	16.2	16.6	16.5	70.3	72.5	71.
Sharon	11.5	9.6	9.6	1.9	1.7	1.7	10.4	10.2	10.
State College	6.3	8.6	8.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	11.5	11.7	11.
Williamsport	14.4	14.0	14.0	1.8	1.9	1.9	11.2	11.4	11
York	54.8	54.7	54.9	9.0	9.2	9.4	44.5	45.8	45
h - de Jaland	89.6	88.9	88.5	13.7	14.6	14.6	86.8	89.1	88
hode Island	42.0	42.4	41.8	3.5	3.5	3.8	29.7	29.8	
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	56.3	55.5	55.8	10.5	10.6	10.6	59.2	61.0	29 60
Providence	30.3	33.3	33.0	10.5	10.0	10.0	38.2	01.0	60
outh Carolina	368.9	372.4	369.9	63.9	64.1	64.1	329.3	344.0	344
Charleston	20.5	20.5	20.4	10.9	10.3	10.4	48.0	48.4	48
Columbia	25.7	26.1	25.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	53.6	53.9	54
Greenville-Spartanburg	95.8	95.8	95.2	13.8	13.9	13.9	75.8	78.3	77
outh Dakota	35.6	37.8	37.9	14.3	14.6	14.5	76.9	78.0	77
Rapid City	4.2	4.4	4.4	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.2	11.3	11
Sioux Falls	10.0	10.3	10.3	5.4	5.5	5.5	21.9	22.3	22
ennessee	504.8	513.0	511.8	116.6	119.8	119,6	500.7	512.4	509
Chattanooga	43.8	44.3	44.5	7.3	7.3	7.3	46.5	48.3	48
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	53.8	53.3	53.2	6.1	6.3	6.3	39.4	40.7	40
Knoxville	51.0	51.0	50.7	10.1	10.1	10.2	70.0	72.9	72
Memphis	59.3	59.5	59.6	46.5	47.8	47,9	124.6	126.2	125
Nashville	88.9	92.1	91.8	29.3	30.9	31.0	120.3	126.7	126
exas	959.0	972.7	976.9	430.4	433.6	434.1	1,712.6	1,760.1	1,756
Abilene	4.5	4.3	4.3	2.6	2.6	2.6	12.8	13.1	13
Amarillo	8.8	9.1	9.2	5.4	5.5	5.5	22.0	21.8	21
Austin	51.8	54.3	54.5	13.2	13.5	13.4	80.6	85.0	84
Beaumont-Port Arthur	26.1	25.7	25.6	9.5	9.4	9.4	33.2	34.5	34
Brazoria	17.6	17.5	17.6	2.7	2.6	2.6	12.6	12.9	12
Brownsville-Harlingen	11.4	12.3	12.5	3.9	3.7	3.7	21.6	22.7	22
Bryan-College Station	3.7	3.9	4.0	1.4	1.3	1.3	12.4	12.3	13
Corpus Christi	13.0	13.3	13.2	6.7	6.8	6.9	31.3	33.5	33
Dallas	206.7	208.2	208.4	84.2	87.2	87.6	347.4	354.9	354
	41.3	44.7	44.8	10.9	11.1	11.1	52.5	54.5	54
El Paso	100.9	98.8	100.5	59.9	62.0	82.6	146.4	148.8	147
Pt. Worth-Anington	8.6	8.6	8.8	5.1	4.5	4.7	16.4	17.1	17
Galveston-Texas City	176.9	174.8	174.0	111.4	110.6	110.4	377.6	380.5	379
Houston	8.0	8.9	8.9	2.7	2.6	2.6	16.7	18.1	18
Killeen-Temple	1.9	1.9	1.9	7.3	7.8	7.8	14.8		
Laredo	15.9	15.2	15.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	16.8	16.2 17.2	16
Longview-Marshall	7.1	7.3	7.3						17
Lubbock	12.3	12.5	12.8	5.5 3.4	5.6 3.5	5.8 3.5	27.2 32.1	26.8	27
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	10.9	34.7 10.9	34
Midland			4.4		2.0				10
Odessa	4.4 5.0	4.4 5.2	5.3	2.2 2.8	2.0	2.0 2.7	12.3 9.1	12.2 9.0	12
San Angelo	45.2	46.1	45.8	23.2	24.1	24.2	130.4	138.3	137
San Antonio	9.9	9.5	45.6 9.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.7	8.1	137
Sherman-Denison	6.2	9.5 6.1	5.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	10.8		
Texarkana		11.2	11.1	2.0			16.1	11.1	1
Tyler	11.3 3.0		3.0		2.9	2.9		16.4	16
Victoria		3.0		1.5	1.4	1.4	7.9	8.6	
Waco	14.9	15.2	15.1	3.4	3.3	3.3	18.9	19.7	19
Wichita Falls	7.6	7.3	7.5	2.8	2.6	2.6	11.6	11.8	1

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		nce, insurar Id reai estat			Services		Government			
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	
ennsylvania-Continued				i	·					
Reading	8.9	8.9	8.9	32.8	33.4	33.4	18.0	17.9	18	
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	13.2	13.2	13.1	78.2	79.8	81.2	43.2	41.9	44	
Sharon	1.5	1.5	1.5	11.8	11.6	12.3	5.2	5.2		
State College	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.2	11.4	11.2	24.4	20.0	24	
Williamsport	2.3	2.3	2.2	12.1	11.9	12.1	6.2	6.3		
York	5.5	5.6	5.7	35.8	38.0	39.5	19.6	18.7	1.	
node Island	25.5	24.5	24.2	123.6	125.7	128.3	60.9	62.2	6	
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	3.5	3.1	2.8	25.9	27.4	28.1	9.4	11.0	1	
Providence	20.8	20.5	20.5	92.4	93.8	93.9	46.2	47.0	4	
outh Carolina	64.2	64.0	63.8	296.3	307.4	310.7	294.1	295.1	30	
Charleston	7.7	8.0	8.0	46.8	48.3	48.6	55.5	54.0	5	
	18.9	17.9	17.9	51.9	52.9	53.4	69.6	69.7		
Columbia	12.3	13.1	13.1	66.0	69.0	69.5	43.7		7	
Greenville-Spartanburg	12.3	13.1	13.1	00.0	09.0	09.5	43.7	43.1	4	
outh Dakota	16.9	17.1	17.2	74.5	77.2	77.2	66.4	65.9	∣ €	
Rapid City	1.5	1.4	1.4	10.3	10.9	10.9	7.6	7.9		
Sioux Falls	8.6	8.7	8.9	22.2	23.2	23.4	8.3	8.3		
nnessee	99.3	99.8	99.8	514.8	530.4	535.9	356.9	355.1	35	
Chattanooga	13.3	13.3	13.3	46,1	49.9	50.0	34.7	35.1	3	
ohnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	5.5	5.6	5.6	37.5	37.9	37.8	25.4	25.1	1 2	
(noxville	9.9	10.1	10.1	69.6	72.7	72.6	54.1	54.9	į	
Memphis	24.5	25.0	25.1	124,7	125.5	126.5	79.7	78.7	7	
Nashville	30.2	30.4	30.5	142.6	152.0	152.9	70.1	66.8	É	
9x88	417.2	419.8	421.1	1,787.7	1,872.5	1,875.8	1,338.8	1.360.5	1,37	
Abilene	2.0	1.9	1.9	15,3	15.9	15.9	9.4	9.9	.,07	
Amarillo	4.2	4.1	4.0	19.4	20.0	20.0	18.3	16.2	1	
Austin	23.3	24.0	24.0	103.5	108.8	108.7	114.7	113.4	11	
Seaumont-Port Arthur	4.7	4.7	4.7	36.6	37.8	38.0	22.4	22.9	1 2	
Brazoria	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.5	11.4	11.5	12.5	12.5	1	
Brownsyille-Harlingen	3.4	3.3	3.3	18.3	19.1	19.5	18.6	19.3		
Bryan-College Station	1.8	2.0	2.1	11.6	11.0	11.3	25.1	24.3	, a	
	5.9	6.0	6.1	34.1	34.3	34.2	30.1			
Corpus Christi	123.3	120.3	120.4	376.9	391.4	394.5	170.7	30.7		
Dallas	8.0	8.3	8.2	45.0	46.1	46.3		172.8	17	
I Paso	27.9	27.8	27.8				47.0	46.9	1 4	
t. Worth-Arlington				142.1	149.7	149.9	80.4	82.6		
Salveston-Texas City	5.4	5.7	5.7	14.0	16.2	16.2	23.2	24.1	2	
louston	95.7	96.6	96.9	455.5	460.9	482.5	221.9	222.8	22	
(illeen-Temple	3.1	3.5	3.5	18.9	20.1	20.1	23.9	24.3	2	
.aredo	1.8	1.9	1.9	8.0	8.8	8.8	11.0	10.9	1	
ongview-Marshall	2.5	2.5	2.5	14.8	15.0	15.4	9.5	9.3		
ubbock	4.6	4.5	4.4	26.4	26.4	26.5	23.9	24.2	2	
AcAllen-Edinburg-Mission	3.7	3.8	3.8	18.9	19.6	19.7	30.0	30.5	3	
lidland	2.2	2.3	2.3	10.1	9.9	9.9	7.5	7.0		
)dessa	1.3	1.3	1.3	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.6	8.6		
an Angelo	1.5	1.7	1.7	10.5	10.2	10.8	7.8	7.8		
an Antonio	38.4	38.4	38.4	149.6	155.3	160.5	124.3	125.5	12	
ShermanDenison	2.1	2.0	2.0	9.1	9.3	9.4	4.8	4.9	-	
exarkana	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.7	12.2	12.0	12.2	12.2		
yler	3.0	2.9	2.9	16.7	17.2	17.2	10.1	10.3	1	
/ictoria	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.2	7.7	7.9	5.7	6.0		
Vaco	5.1	5.2	5.2	23.3	22.1	23.2	14.1	14.3	١ ،	
	2.2	2.2	2.2	12.1	12.7	12.7	10.1	17.0		

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry---Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
Utah	748.5	769.3	776.3	8.4	8.5	8.4	28.5	32.8	33.0
Provo-Orem	99.6	102.1	103.4	(')	(¹)	(¹)	4.3	5.0	5.0
Salt Lake City-Ogden	507.5	524.7	527.6	2.9	3.1	3.1	19.0	21.1	21.1
Vermont	248.9	248.6	251.9	.4	.3	.4	8.6	10.8	10.3
Barre-Montpelier	32.7	33.1	33.7	(')	(¹)	(¹)	1.0	.9	1.1
Burlington	77.6	75.5	76.2	(6)	(1)	Ö	2.8	3.1	2.9
Virginia	2,783.6	2,817.4	2,819.2	13.7	13.1	13.2	136.6	137.9	138.3
Bristol	33.4	33.4	33.4	(¹)	(')	(¹)	1.0	1.1	1.1
Charlottesville	68.7	68.9	70.2	6	(i)	Ö	3.3	3.1	3.2
Danville	40.7	41.1	41.1	6	- 6 ·	Ö	1.6	1.6	1.7
Lynchburg	76.2	77.4	77.5	6	Ö	6	3.1	3.1	3.0
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	569.6	577.9	577.8	8	ö	Ö	29.3	30.7	30.8
	742.2	754.7	754.0	.4	.4	.4	34.0	35.3	35.5
Northern Virginia	456.6	459.4	460.5	.8	.6	.6	26.3	25.7	25.7
Richmond-Petersburg	123.5	127.5	128.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	6.6	5.9	5.9
	2,164.3	2,191.9	2,198.5	3.3	3.2	3.2	107.5	110.3	4400
Washington	1,109.6	· 1		.5		.5			112.3
Seattle	1,109.0	1,115.7	1,119.4	.5	.5	.5	56.6	56.1	58.2
West Virginia	620.1	635.0	832.8	31.8	30.2	27.9	23.2	25.1	25.2
Charleston	110.7	112.4	112.6	1.9	1.9	1.8	4.5	4.7	4.6
Huntington-Ashland	109.9	110.5	110.3	1.6	1.6	1.6	4.5	4.4	4.4
Parkersburg-Marietta	61.3	62.9	62.6	.4	.4	.4	2.7	2.6	2.6
Wheeling	58.3	59.0	58.8	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.7
Wisconsin	2,277.4	2,318.9	2,331.2	1.6	1.8	1.8	74.3	81.9	81.3
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	163.3	168.9	169.6	(1)	(')	(¹)	7.2	8.7	8.6
Eau Claire	59.2	58.2	60.1	l (b) l	(¹)	(1)	1.5	1.5	1.7
Green Bay	108.8	111.4	111.8	(6)	(1)	(5)	5.2	5.9	5.8
Janesville-Beloit	59.2	59.7	59.4	1 (6) 1	Ö	Ö	1,7	2.2	2.0
Kenosha	43.B	46.3	46.4	1 6 1	(i)	Ö	1.6	1.9	1.9
La Crosse	55.2	55.5	56.6	(6)	(1)	Ö	1.4	1.8	2,0
Madison	225.9	232.7	234.7	ી છે ી	ČĆ :	ෆ්	7.9	9.1	9.0
Milwaukee	743.4	754.5	757.9	ી છે ી	ČÓ .	l ŏ l	23.7	25.7	25.8
Racine	74.6	74.7	74.4	%	- či	ŏ	2.1	2.6	2.5
Sheboygan	50.8	52.4	52.0	1 6 1	- ĕ	l 6	1.5	2.1	1.9
Wausau	53.3	54.4	54.5	6	ď	8	2.6	2.3	2.4
	195.8	197.1	196.9	17.2	17.2	16.6	9.1	8.9	8.7
Wyoming	27.4	27.7	27.6	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.1	1.2	1.1
' '		0.5	0.45.5		-		46 -		
Puerto Rico	841.9	845.2	845.9	.9	.9	9	46.5	45.7	46.7
Caguas	56.5	57.3	56.9	(0)	(1)	(')	1.6	1.6	1.6
Mayaguez	59.4	55.9	60.1	Ø	()	Ó	2.6	2.3	2.3
Ponce	55.9	57.3	57.4	(¹) _	(¹) _	(')	4.2	3.4	3.6
San Juan	511.1	513.5	513.7	.5	.5	.5	32.4	31.8	32.€
Virgin Islands	44.2	44.8	45.9	(')	(¹)	(¹)	3.9	4.6	4.9

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

2000	M	lanufacturing]		nsportation a public utilities		Wholesale and retail trade			
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	
itah	105.5	104,4	105.4	42.8	43.5	43.8	177.3	184.0	183.	
Provo-Orem	13.6	13.0	13.1	2.2	2.0	2.0	22.6	23.5	23.	
Salt Lake City-Ogden	68.2	68.6	68.8	33.6	34.4	34.6	124.1	127.7	127.	
fermont	43.6	42.7	42.6	10.6	10.9	10.8	56.3	57.8	57.	
Barre-Montpelier	4.2	4.3	4.7	.9	.8	.8	7.0	7.1	7.	
Burlington	14.9	13.9	13.7	3.3	3.4	3.4	17.8	17.7	17.	
irginia	406.9	405.7	403.8	143.7	144.5	143.9	613.4	623.7	616	
Bristol	10.5	10.0	9.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	8.5	8.5	8	
Charlottesville	8.0	7.7	7.7	2.3	2.4	2.4	13.7	13.8	13.	
Danville	15,4	15.7	15.5	1.0	1.0	1.1	8.3	8.3	8	
Lynchburg	23.0	22.7	22.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	16.4	16.7	16	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	63.7	62.2	61.9	27.6	28.1	28.1	132.2	134.2	133	
Northern Virginia	32.6	31.8	31.7	48.6	47.7	47.4	162.2	164.6	162	
Richmond-Petersburg	62.9	61.9	61.6	22.7	22.5	22.3	104.1	107.3	10€	
Roanoke	18.5	19.0	19.0	8.2	8.2	8.1	33.7	34.4	33	
/ashington	341.7	336.3	336.1	111.0	110.6	110.6	517.3	532.2	528	
Seattle	212.7	206.1	205.6	68.1	68.1	68.4	258.4	264.5	262	
/est Virginia	81.3	82.5	82.5	37.2	37.8	37.5	141.3	145.5	144	
Charleston	10.7	10.7	10.7	8.7	8.9	8.8	27.5	27.8	27	
Huntington-Ashland	19.4	19.0	18.9	7.2	7.2	7.1	27.4	27.4	27	
Parkersburg-Marietta	13.3	13.4	13.5	2.5	2.6	2.5	14.6	15.0	14	
Wheeling	6.6	6.6	6.6	3.2	3.3	3.3	15.0	15.1	15	
Visconsin	534.0	541.9	541.2	106.0	108.2	108.5	524.2	536.7	531	
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	53.4	55.0	54.9	6.8	7.5	7.4	33.9	34.6	34	
Eau Claire	10.6	10.2	10.2	3.1	3.2	3.2	16.0	16.2	16	
Green Bay	23.0	24.1	24.1	7.8	8.1	8.0	26.2	26.3	26	
Janesville-Beloit	18.6	17.9	17.9	2.3	2.3	2.4	13.6	14.0	13	
Kenosha	9.5	9.8	9.8	1.5	1.5	1.4	12.3	14.2	13	
La Crosse	10.1	10.1	10.1	2.3	2.4	2.3	15.4	15.4	15	
Madison	24.6	25.8	25.8	7.8	8.0	8.1	49.4	49.8	49	
Milwaukee	163.2	165.5	164.6	36.2	36.2	36.3	164.8	169.9	167	
Racine	24.9	24.2	24.7	2.4	2.4	2.3	16.2	16.3	16	
Sheboygan	20.3	20.7	20.6	1.7	1.5	1.5	9.7	10.1	g	
Wausau	14.2	15.3	15.5	3.4	3.3	3.3	12.3	12.8	12	
Yyoming	9.0	9.1	9.0	14.2	14.0	13.9	43.7	44.4	44	
Casper	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	7.9	7.8	7	
verto Rico	151.7	148.2	148.7	21.1	21.7	21.5	153.6	159.0	157	
Caguas	16.2	15.1	15.1	.5	.4	.4	11.4	12.1	12	
Mayaguez	17.6	16.8	17.1	.4	.5	.5	9.8	10.0	9	
Ponce	10.0	10.2	10.2	1.5	1.8	1.8	8.9	9.7	9	
San Juan	63.2	62.3	62.4	16.8	17.6	17.5	102.2	106.6	105	
/irgin Islands	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.5	10.0	9.8	g	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonfarm payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

2		nce, insurar Id real estat			Services			Government	1
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
Utah	36.5	37.4	37.7	191.0	200.2	203.1	158.5	158.5	161.
Provo-Orem	2.5	2.7	2.8	38.8	40.4	41.4	15.6	15.5	15.
Salt Lake City-Ogden	30.0	30.8	30.8	128.7	133.6	135.0	103.0	105.4	106.
	_								
Vermont	11.9	11.6	11.6	72.1	70.8	74.0	45.4	43.7	44.
Barre-Montpelier	2.7	2.6	2.6	8.7	9.1	9.1	8.2	8.3	8.:
Burlington	4.0	4.0	4.1	21.7	21.1	21.5	13.1	12.3	13.
Virginia	147.8	147.4	147.9	729.8	750.1	754.2	591.7	595.0	601.
Bristoi	1.1	1.2	1.2	5.8	6.0	6.1	5.3	5.4	5.
Charlottesville	3.6	3.8	3.7	14.9	15.5	15.7	22.9	22.8	24.
Darwille	1.2	1.2	1.2	7.5	7.6	7.7	5.7	5.7	5.
Lynchburg	3.6	3.6	3.6	17.9	18.9	19.2	9.6	9.7	9.
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	25.3	25.3	25.4	152.3	156.7	157.4	139.2	140.7	140.
Northern Virginia	47.4	47.9	48.0	261.7	270.3	270.9	155.3	156.7	157.
Richmond-Petersburg	38.9	38.1	38.2	103.8	106.9	107.7	97.1	96.4	97.
Roanoke	8.7	9.0	8.9	31.7	34.4	34.6	16.1	16.6	16.
	44= 6	445.0	4400	500.0					
Washington	117.5 73.1	115.8 72.2	116,2 72,7	539.2 280.0	555.8 288.1	560.1 289.7	426.8	427.7	431.
Seattle	/3.1	12.2	12.1	200.0	200.1	209./	160.2	160.1	161.
West Virginia	24.2	24.6	24.7	152.9	159.2	159.9	128.2	130.1	130.
Charleston	6.2	6.3	8.3	31.3	32.0	32.5	19.9	20.1	20.
Huntington-Ashland	3.8	3.7	3.7	25.8	27.5	27.8	20.2	19.7	19.
Parkersburg-Marietta	2.3	2.4	2.4	15.3	16.0	15.8	10.2	10.5	10.
Wheeling	2.9	3.0	3.0	17.9	18.1	18.2	9.3	9.6	9.
Wisconsin	124.9	127.4	127.3	551.9	566.1	570.0	360.6	354.9	389.
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	8.2	8.5	8.5	35.0	36.2	36.5	18.9	18.5	19.
Eau Claire	2.0	2.0	2.0	14.1	14.0	14.4	12.0	11.1	12.
Green Bay	6.5	8.9	7.1	27.3	27.5	27.9	12.8	12.6	13.
Janesville-Beloit	1.7	1.7	1.7	13.8	14.0	13.8	7.5	7.6	7.
Kenosha	1.4	1.4	1.4	10.8	10.8	10.8	6.6	6.8	7.
	1.8	1.7	1.7	15.8	16.1	16.4	8.3	7.9	
La Crosse	19.9	20.4	20.5	51.8	54.3	55.0	64.5		8.
Madison	51.8	52.5	52.4	214.2	219.6	220.4		65.2	66.
Milwaukee							89.5	85.1	90.
Racine	2.3	2.3	2.3	17.6	17.9	17.3	9.0	9.1	9.
Sheboygan	2.2	2.3	2.3	9.7	9.7	9.8	5.7	6.0	6.
Wausau	4.0	4.0	4.0	10.1	10.2	10.3	6.7	6.5	6.
Wyoming	6.9	7.3	7.3	38.1	38.8	38.9	57.6	57.4	58.
Casper	1,1	1.1	1.1	6.8	6.8	6.9	5.3	5.6	5.
Puerto Rico	36.8	35.9	35.9	139.5	140.4	142.1	291.8	293.4	292.
Caguas	1.3	1.2	1.2	8.6	9.3	9.2	16.9	17.5	17.
Mayaguez	1.5	1.5	1.4	8.3	9,3	9.5	19.2	19.5	19.
Ponce	1.7	1.7	1.7	11.4	12.2	12.4	18.2	18.3	18.
	28.9	28.5	28.4	96.5	96.2	96.9	170.6	170.0	169.
San Juan	20.9	20.5	20.4	30. 5	50.2	50.9	170.6	170.0	109.
	2.0	2.1	2.1	9.4	9.6	9.8	13.6	13.4	13.

Combined with construction.
Not available.
p = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1992 benchmarks.

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

	•	Total private			Mining			Construction	1
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourty earnings	Weekly earnings
		<u> </u>		A	nnual averag	es	·	-	·
1964	38.7	\$2.36	\$91.33	41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06
1965	38.8	2.46	95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
1966	38.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
1967	38.0	2.68	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95
1968	37.8	2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49
969	37.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
1970	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
971	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
1972	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
1973	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89
1974	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25
1975	36.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.95	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.06
1976	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73
1977	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.65
1978	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69
1979	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
980	35.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
1981	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26
1982	34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.82
1983	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.28	479.40	37.1	11.94	442.97
1984	35.2	8.32	292.86	43.3	11.63	503.58	37.8	12.13	458.51
1985	34.9	8.57	299.09	43.4	11.98	519.93	37.7	12.32	464.46
1986	34.8	8.76	304.85	42.2	12.46	525.81	37.4	12.48	466.75
1987	34.8	8.98	312.50	42.4	12.54	531.70	37.8	12.71	480.44
1988	34.7	9.28	322.02	42.3	12.80	541.44	37. 9	13.08	495.73
1989	34.6	9.66	334.24	43.0	13.26	570.18	37.9	13.54	513.17
1990	34.5	10.01	345.35	44.1	13.68	603.29	38.2	13.77	526.01
1991	34.3	10.33	354.32	44.4	14.18	629.59	38.1	13.99	533.02
1992	34.4	10.59	364.30	44.0	14.51	638.44	38.0	14.11	536.18
		<u> </u>	 	Monthly data	, not season	ally adjusted	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	
1992:				<u> </u>		<u>_</u>		T	<u> </u>
March	34.3	\$10.54	\$361.52	43.8	\$14.54	\$636.85	37.3	\$14.03	\$523.32
April	34.2	10.54	360.47	43.6	14.52	633.07	38.2	14.02	535.56
May	34.4	10.55	362.92	43.9	14.45	634.36	38.9	14.05	546.55
June	34.6	10.53	364.34	43.8	14.51	635.54	38.9	14.09	548.10
July	34.6	10.53	364.34	43.2	14.47	625.10	38.9	14.05	546.55
August	35.0	10.56	369.60	44.5	14.45	643.03	39.0	14.20	553.80
September	34.3	10.66	365.64	44.0	14.57	641.08	37.1	14.18	526.08
October	34.5	10.69	368.81	44.4	14.44	641.14	39.0	14.25	555.75
November	34.6	10.73	371.26	44.7	14.58	651.73	37.5	14.20	532.50
December	34.5	10.71	369.50	44.4	14.55	646.02	37.2	14.23	529.36
1993:				•					
	34.0	10.78	366.52	44.1	14.69	647.83	36.1	14.16	511.18
January									
January	34.2	10.78	368.68	43.7	14.58	637.15	36.7	14.07	516.37

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

		Manufa	acturing		Trans	portation and utilities	l public	W	/holesale tra	de
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
					Annual	averages				
964	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	41,1	\$2.89	\$118.78	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.56
965	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	3.03	125.14	40.8	2.60	106.08
966	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.11
967	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.87	115.66
968	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.04	121.90
969	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.85
970	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.43	136.86
971	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.4	3.64	143.42
972	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.69
973	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.2	4.07	159.54
974	40.0	4.42	4.25	176.80	40.2	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.38	169.94
1975	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.6	4.72	182.19
976	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	6.45	256.71	38.7	5.02	194.27
977	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	209.13
978	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.14
979	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.93
980	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.4	6.95	266.88
981	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.55	290.68
982	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.08	309.46
983	40.1	8.83	8.52	354.08	39.0	10.79	420.81	38.5	8.54	328.79
984	40.7	9.19	8.82	374.03	39.4	11.12	438.13	38.5	8.88	341.88
985	40.5	9.54	9.16	386.37	39.5	11.40	450.30	38.4	9.15	351.36
1986	40.7	9.73	9.34	396.01	39.2	11.70	458.64	38.3	9.34	357.72
987	41.0	9.91	9.48	406.31	39.2	12.03	471.58	38.1	9.59	365.38
988	41.1	10.19	9.73	418.81	38.8	12.26	475.69	38.1	9.98	380.24
989	41.0	10.48	10.02	429.68	38.9	12.60	490.14	38.0	10.39	394.82
990	40.8	10.83	10.37	441.86	38.9	12.97	504.53	38.1	10.79	411.10
991	40.7	11.18	10.71	455.03	38.7	13.24	512.39	38.1	11.15	424.82
1992	41.0	11.45	10.94	469.45	38.8	13.49	523.41	38.2	11.40	435.48
				Month	y data, not	seasonally a	djusted		·	
1992:	40.9	\$11.36	\$10.89	\$464.62	38.2	\$13.38	\$511.12	38.2	\$11,34	6422.40
March	40.9 40.4	11.41	10.96	460.96	38.2	13.43	513.03	38.2 38.2	1 '	\$433.19
April	40.4 41.1	11.41	10.96	470.18	38.7	13.43	518.19	38.2 38.3	11.34 11.35	433.19 434.71
May	41.1	11.44	10.94	470.16	38.9	13.40	521.26	38.2	11.33	434.7
June July	40.7	11.45	10.96	466.42	39.2	13.43	526.46	38.2	11.33	434.72
	41.1	11.44	10.90	470.18	39.5	13.50	533.25	38.5	11.43	440.06
August	41.0	11.53	11.00	472.73	39.1	13.61	532.15	38.1	11.43	436.63
September	41.3	11.55	10.95	474.54	39.0	13.59	530.01	38.2	11.46	436.63
November	41.6	11.54	11.00	480.06	39.5	13.65	539.18	38.4	11.53	442.75
December	41.9	11.63	11.07	487.30	39.2	13.60	533.12	38.2	11.53	440.45
	41.5	11.03	11.07	407.30	35.2	15.50	333.12	36.2	11.55	440.43
1993:	41,1	11.61	11.10	477.17	38.9	13.61	529.43	37.9	11.61	440.02
January	41.1	11.60	11.09	476.76	39.1	13.61	532.15	37.9 37.9		
	41.1								11.62	440.40
March ^p	40.9	11.63	11.12	475.67	39.3	13.68	537.62	37.8	11.61	438.86

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

Year and		Retail trade			ance, insurai ind real esta			Services	
month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				Α	nnual averag	es			
1964	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.75	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.79	36.1	\$1.94	\$70.03
965	36.6	1.82	66.61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	2.05	73.60
966	35.9	1.91	68.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	80.38
968	34.7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	83.97
969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
971	33.7	2.60	87.62	36.6	3.22	117.85	33.9	3.04	103.06
972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	3.36	122.98	33.9	3.27	110.85
973	33.1	2.91	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
974	32.7	3.14	102.68	36.5	3.77	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
975	32.4	3.36	108.86	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
976	32.4	3.57	114.60	36.4	4.27	155.43	33.3	4.02	143.52
		3.85		36.4	4.54				
977	31.6		121.66			165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
978	31.0	4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4.99	163.67
979	30.6	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	190.71
981	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	6.31	229.05	32.6	6.41	208.97
982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44	32.6	6.92	225.59
983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7	7.31	239.04
	29.8	5.85	174.33	36.5	7.63	278.50	32.6	7.59	
984	29.6 29.4	5.94	174.64	36.4	7.03	289.02			247.43
985					1		32.5	7.90	256.75
986	29.2	6.03	176.08	36.4	8.36	304.30	32.5	8.18	265.85
987	29.2	6.12	178.70	36.3	8.73	316.90	32.5	8.49	275.93
988	29.1	6.31	183.62	35.9	9.06	325.25	32.6	8.88	289.49
989	28.9	6.53	188.72	35.8	9.53	341.17	32.6	9.38	305.79
990	28.8	6.75	194.40	35.8	9.97	356.93	32.5	9.83	319.48
991	28.6	6.95	198.77	35.7	10.40	371.28	32.4	10.22	331.13
992	28.8	7.14	205.63	35.8	10.82	387.36	32.5	10.54	342.55
		1	<u> </u>	Monthly data	a, not seasor	ally adjusted		<u> </u>	
992:		T							
March	28.4	\$7.11	\$201.92	36.2	\$10.80	\$390.96	32.5	\$10.53	\$342.23
April	28.6	7.12	203.63	35.7	10.75	383.78	32.3	10.50	339.15
May	28.7	7.12	204.34	35.6	10.76	383.06	32.4	10.47	339.23
June	29.0	7.10	205.90	35.6	10.70	380.92	32.5	10.42	338.65
July	29.3	7.10	208.03	35.6	10.73	381.99	32.7	10.41	340.41
August	29.6	7.10	210.16	36.3	10.84	393.49	33.0	10.45	344.85
September	29.0	7.10	209.09	35.5	10.84	384.82	32.2	10.45	344.85
	28.7	7.19	206.35	35.6	10.84	388.40	32.4		
October								10.63	344.41
November	28.7	7.21	206.93	36.2	11.06	400.37	32.6	10.72	349.47
December	29.2	7.19	209.95	35.7	11.04	394.13	32.3	10.75	347.23
1993:	00.0		000.00	05.7		000			
January	28.0	7.26	203.28	35.7	11.14	397.70	32.1	10.81	347.00
February ^p	28.2	7.25	204.45	35.7	11.20	399.84	32.3	10.82	349.49
March ^p	27.8	7.27	202.11	35.6	11.20	398.72	32.3	10.81	349.16

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary.
 NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1991 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1991 forward are subject to revision.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry

	1987		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993°
Total private		34.2	34.3	34.0	34.2	34.1	-	-	-	_	-
Mining		43.9	43.8	44.1	43.7	43.1	-	-	_	_	-
Metal mining	10	42.6	42.6	43.1	43.0	_	_	_ :	_	_	1 _
Iron ores	101	42.7	42.9	43.2	42.5	_	_	_	_] _	
Copper ores	102	43.2	43.6	45.1	45.2	-	-	-	_	_	-
	10	45.0	446	45.5	45.0					ļ	
Coał mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining	122	45.2 45.2	44.6 44.8	45.5 45.8	45.0 45.3	-	-	`] -	-	1 -
•	1	,,,,,									
Oil and gas extraction	13	43.9	43.8	44.3	43.3	-	~	-	-	-	-
Crude petroleum and natural gas	131	42.3	41.7	42.8	41.9	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Oil and gas field services	138	45.0	45.3	45.1	44.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	42.7	43.5	42.5	43.5	_	_	_	_	_	_
Crushed and broken stone	142	42.3	43.5	42.7	43.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
				00.4	00.7			:	l l		
Construction	•••	36.6	37.3	36.1	36.7	37.6	-	-	-	-	-
General building contractors	15	37.0	37.2	36.1	36.7	-	-	_	_	_	l -
Residential building construction	152	35.8	36.0	34.8	35.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operative builders	153	37.5	38.9	36.1	37.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	38.1	38.3	37.3	37.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	39.9	40.6	38.2	39.7	_	_	_	_	l _	l _
Highway and street construction	161	38.5	39.5	36.1	38.5	_	-	_	_	_	_
Heavy construction, except highway	162	40.3	41.0	38.8	40.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
		05.7	00.5	05.0	05.0					Ì	1
Special trade contractors	1/	35.7 37.5	36.5 38.1	35.6 38.0	35.9 37.6		-	_	-	-	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	171	34.9	35.9	34.1	35.1		_	-	i -	_	-
Painting and paper hanging Electrical work	173	38.1	38.6	38.5	38.3	-	_	_	-	_	1 -
Masonry, stonework, and plastering	174	32.9	33.8	32.7	33.2	_	_	_	_ ا	_	1 _
Carpentry and floor work		33.7	34.4	33.4	33.9	_	-	-	-	-	_
Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work	176	31.0	31.9	29.0	30.8	-	_	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing		40.6	40.9	41.1	41.1	40.9	3.4	3.5	3.8	3.8	3.
Durable goods		41.1	41.4	41.7	41.7	41.7	3.3	3.5	3.8	3.9	3.4
		40.0	40.0	00.0	40.0	400	0.5	0.0	0.5		
Lumber and wood products Logging	24	40.2 41.0	40.6 40.9	39.8 36.7	40.2 38.9	40.0	3.5 4.6	3.6 4.5	3.5 4.3	3.7 5.1	1 -
Sawmills and planing mills	242	41.8	41.6	41.4	42.0	_	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.7]
Sawmills and planing mills, general	2421	42.3	41.9	41.6	42.3	-	4.9	4.7	4.7	5.0	1 _
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills	2426	40.3	40.7	41.2	41.2	-	3.0	3.1	3.6	3.8	-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	243	40.0	40.9	39.9	40.1	i -	3.1	3.6	3.1	3.3	-
Millwork	2431	39.4	39.5	39.2	39.5	-	2.4	2.7	2.4	2.7	-
Wood kitchen cabinets	2434	38.4	41.1	39.6	39.4	-	2.4	4.2	3.0	2.9	-
Hardwood veneer and plywood	2435	42.1	42.3	41.9	41.9	-	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.5	-
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	44.5	44.5	42.6	42.7	-	5.6	5.0	5.0	5.2	-
Wood containers	244	38.5	38.7	38.6	38.8	-	2.5	2.6	2.9	3.1	-
Wood buildings and mobile homes	245	36.7	38.4	38.4	38.0	-	1.3	1.9	2.4	2.3	-
Mobile homes	2451	37.1	38.9	38.8	38.6	-	1.5	2.2	2.6	2.5	-
Miscellaneous wood products	249	39.5	39.5	40.1	40.1	-	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	-
Furniture and fixtures	25	38.9	39.5	39.8	39.5	39.5	2.3	2.6	2.7	2.6	-
Household furniture	251	38.4	38.9	39.4	39.3	-	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.5	-
Wood household furniture	2511	38.8	39.2	40.0	39.7	-	1.9	2.3	2.6	2.6	-
Upholstered household furniture	2512	36.9	37.6	38.2	38.6	-	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.1	-
A R. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A.	2514	40.3	40.4	40.3	39.9	-	3.4	3.5	2.7	3.0	-
Metal household furniture		39.8	40.3	41.4	39.5	-	2.7	3.3	4.2	3.7	1 -
Mattresses and bedsprings	2515								4	1	
Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture	252	38.9	40.1	40.1	39.6	-	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.5	
Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture Public building and related furniture	[252]253	38.9 41.4	40.1 42.1	41.8	40.3	-	3.3	3.8	3.4	2.7	-
Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture	252 253 254	38.9	40.1		1	i	1		1		-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p
Total private		\$10.52	\$10.54	\$10.78	\$10.78	\$10.81	\$359.78	\$361.52	\$366.52	\$368.68	\$368.62
Mining		14.52	14.54	14.69	14.58	14.67	637.43	636.85	647.83	637.15	632.28
Metal mining	10	15.13	15.05	15.20	15,19	_	644.54	641.13	655.12	653.17	_
Iron ores	101	16.01	16.10	15.73	15.76	_	683.63	690.69	679.54	669.80	-
Copper ores	102	13.82	13.44	13.85	14.01	-	597.02	585.98	624.64	633.25	-
Coal mining	12	17.03	17.03	17.54	17.23	_	769.76	759.54	798.07	775.35	_
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	122	17.15	17.16	17.74	17.44	-	775.18	768.77	812.49	790.03	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	14.02	14.09	14.05	14.07	-	615.48	617.14	622.42	609.23	-
Crude petroleum and natural gas	131	16.92	16.96	16.93	17.03	-	715.72	707.23	724.60	713.56	-
Oil and gas field services	138	12.11	12.19	12.29	12.24	-	544.95	552.21	554.28	541.01	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	11.90	12.05	12.38	12.38	-	508.13	524.18	526.15	538.53	-
Crushed and broken stone	142	11.07	11.22	11.41	11.51	-	468.26	488.07	487.21	504.14	-
Construction		13.87	14.03	14.16	14.07	14.19	507.64	523.32	511.18	516.37	533.54
General building contractors	15	13.28	13.33	13.54	13.46	_	491.36	495.88	488.79	493.98	_
Residential building construction	152	12.22	12.39	12.62	12.57	-	437.48	446.04	439.18	450.01	-
Operative builders	153	14.35	14.49	13.58	13.58	-]	538.13	563.66	490.24	513.32	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	14.17	14.13	14.38	14.29	-	539.88	541.18	536.37	535.88	-
Heavy construction, except building	16	13.24	13.52	13.52	13.43	-	528.28	548.91	516.46	533.17	-
Highway and street construction		12.27	12.56	12.76	12.57	~	472.40	496.12	460.64	483.95	-
Heavy construction, except highway	162	13.53	13.83	13.73	13.69	-	545.26	567.03	532.72	548.97	-
Special trade contractors	17	14.28	14.45	14.54	14.47	-	509.80	527.43	517.62	519.47	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	171	14.65	14.86	14.87	14.77	-	549.38	566.17	565.06	555.35	-
Painting and paper hanging	172	12.85	13.05	13.16	13.17	-	448.47	468.50	448.76	462.27	-
Electrical work		15.35	15.41	15.51	15.47 14.35	-	584.84	594.83	597.14	592.50	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		14.24 14.06	14.47 14.38	14.43 14.25	14.20	_	468.50 473.82	489.09 494.67	471.86 475.95	476.42 481.38	-
Carpentry and floor work	176	12.20	12.30	12.72	12.70	_	378.20	392.37	368.88	391.16	_
		, ,		İ							_
Manufacturing		11.32	11.36	11.61	11.60	11.63	459.59	464.62	477.17	476.76	475.67
Durable goods		11.89	11.92	12.19	12.19	12.20	488.68	493.49	508.32	508.32	508.74
Lumber and wood products	24	9.37	9.34	9.45	9.51	9.48	376.67	379.20	376.11	382.30	379.20
Logging	241	11.02	10.98	10.97	11.24	-	451.62	449.08	402.60	437.24	-
Sawmills and planing mills	242	9.55	9.52	9.75	9.76	-	399.19	396.03	403.65	409.92	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general	2421	9.91	9.87	10.14	10.15	-	419,19	413.55	421.82	429.35	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring mills	2420	7.93 9.43	7.94 9.41	8.08 9.50	8.08 9.53	-	319.58 377.20	323.16 384.87	332.90	332.90	-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork		9.43	9.41	9.50	9.53	_	377.20	378.02	379.05 379.46	382.15 383.15	-
Wood kitchen cabinets		8.94	9.01	8.98	8.96		343.30	370.31	355.61	353.02	-
Hardwood veneer and plywood		8.11	8.11	8.27	8.28	_	341.43	343.05	346.51	346.93	
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	10.79	10.71	11.21	11.18	-	480.16	476.60	477.55	477.39	1 -
Wood containers		6.84	6.82	6.97	6.97	-	263.34	263.93	269.04	270.44	_
Wood buildings and mobile homes	245	9.02	9.14	9.18	9.16	-	331.03	350.98	352.51	348.08	-
Mobile homes		9.01	9.18	9.19	9.21	-	334.27	357.10	356.57	355.51	-
Miscellaneous wood products	249	8.71	8.64	8.81	8.82	-	344.05	341.28	353.28	353.68	-
Furniture and fixtures	25	8.85	8.89	9.14	9.12	9.09	344.27	351.16	363.77	360.24	359.06
Household furniture	251	8.27	8.32	8.61	8.58	-	317.57	323.65	339.23	337.19	-
Wood household furniture	2511	7.71	7.76	8.04	8.02	-	299.15	304.19	321.60	318.39	-
Upholstered household furniture		9.09	9.16	9.40	9.39	-	335.42	344.42	359.08	362.45	-
Metal household furniture	2514	8.31	8.33	8.54	8.48	-	334.89	336.53	344.16	338.35	- 1
	2515	8.60	8.60	9.14	8.97	-	342.28	346.58	378.40	354.32	-
Mattresses and bedsprings								000 47			
Office furniture	252	9.63	9.68	9.84	9.80	-	374.61	388.17	394.58	388.08	-
Office furniturePublic building and related furniture	252 253	9.45	9.48	9.63	9.54	-	391.23	399.11	402.53	384.46	-
Office furniture	252 253 254										-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987	İ	Averag	je weekly	hours	i		Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mai 1993
Ourable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	40.8	41.4	41.0	41.4	41.6	4.0	4.3	4.1	4.3	-
Flat glass	321	44.8	44.1	43.9	44.1	-	5.4	5.6	5.6	6.1	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	42.1	41.8	42.7	42.4	-	4.4	4.3	4.7	4.4	-
Glass containers		42.6	41.8	43.7	43.1	-	5.6	5.1	5.9	5.5	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	41.6	41.7	41.7	41.7	-	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.4	-
Products of purchased glass	323	40.1	40.4	41.8	41.2	-	2.7	2.9	3.0	2.8	-
Cement, hydraulic		42.4	42.2	43.6	43.5	-	4.2	4.2	5.0	5.4	i -
Structural clay products	325	39.9	40.0	40.8	40.8	-	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.1	-
Pottery and related products	326	39.8	40.2 41.5	42.0 38.6	42.1	_	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.1	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	39.9 40.4	42.4	40.1	40.3	1	4.8 4.9	5.5	4.4	5.1	'
Concrete block and brick	2272	41.3	42.2	41.1	42.1 41.7	_	4.6	5.4 4.8	4.5	5.8 4.7	'
Concrete products, nec	2272	37.3	39.6	35.3	37.7		4.6	5.4	4.4 3.6	4.7	-
Ready-mixed concrete	220	41.5	41.9	42.4	42.0	_	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.3	1 -
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	2201	40.9	41.3	42.6	42.1	-	2.9	3.2	4.1	3.4	-
Asbestos products	2202	41.5	41.0	43.0	42.0	_	6.1	5.2	5.4	4.8	'
		71.5	41.0	43.0	42.0	-	0.1	5.2	3.4	4.0	'
Primary metal industries	33	42.5	42.7	43.6	43.5	43.2	4.6	4.7	5.3	5.3	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	331	42.7	43.0	43.9	43.9	43.8	4.8	4.9	5.5	5.7	•
Blast furnaces and steel mills	3312	42.7	43.1	43.9	43.9	-	4.9	5.0	5.7	5.9	.
Steel pipe and tubes	3317	41.7	41.8	44.8	44.4	-	3.9	4.1	5.1	4.9	.
Iron and steel foundries	332	42.4	42.3	43.5	43.8	-	4.1	4.2	5.2	5.3	
Gray and ductile iron foundries	3321	42.5	42.6	43.9	44.1	-	4.3	4.5	5.4	5.4	1
Malleable iron foundries	3322	44.2	45.6	43.7	45.1	i -	5.3	6.3	7.0	8.1	
Steel foundries, nec	3325	41.9	41.1	42.6	43.2	-	3.3	3.4	5.0	5.1	
Primary nonferrous metals	333	43.6	44.0	43.6	42.5	-	5.2	5.5	4.9	4.9	
Primary aluminum	3334	42.9	43.6	43.4	41.6	 -	5.3	5.6	4.7	4.6	1
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	42.8	42.9	43.9	43.9	-	5.1	5.3	5.8	5.7	1
Copper rolling and drawing	3351	43.6	43.7	44.3	44.4	-	6.4	6.2	7.2	7.1	}
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	3353	44.7	45.2	46.4	45.6		7.1	7.3	7.3	7.1	1
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	41.5	41.7	42.8	43.0		4.0	4.3	5.0	5.2	('
Nonferrous foundries (castings)	3365	40.9 40.9	40.9 41.4	41.9 41.6	41.6 41.0	-	3.1 3.2	3.2 3.7	3.7 3.8	3.8 3.6	
- to the standard and the standards	24	41.1	41.3	41.7	41.7	41.6	3.3	3.5	3.8	3.8	1
Fabricated metal products	2/1	42.2	42.1	43.6	44.0	71.0	4.9	4.9	5.7	5.2	
Metal cans and shipping containers	2411	42.4	42.1	43.4	44.0	-	5.0	4.8	5.6	5.1	
Metal cans	242	41.0	41.3	41.2	41.2	-	2.5	2.7	3.1	3.2	
Cutlery, handtools, and hardwareHand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws	3423 5	40.6	40.8	41.3	40.8		2.6	2.7	3.0	2.9	1
Hardware, nec	3420	41.0	41.1	40.9	40.9	_	2.2	2.5	3.1	3.1	
Plumbing and heating, except electric	343	41.0	41.5	41.1	41.3	_	3.5	3.7	3.4	3.2	
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim	3432	41.9	42.4	42.2	41.0	_	4.0	4.1	4.1	3.1	
Heating equipment, except electric	3433	37.6	38.5	39.1	39.1	_	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.6	
Fabricated structural metal products	344	40.4	40.4	40.7	40.6	_	2.9	3.0	3.3	3.3	1
Fabricated structural metal	3441	40.4	40.2	41.5	41.8	_	3.3	3.3	4.0	4.3	
Metal doors, sash, and trim	3442	38.7	38.9	38.3	38.6	_	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.0	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	3443	42.5	42.2	42.1	42.2	_	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.2	
Sheet metal work	3444	40.1	40.4	40.1	39.9	-	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	!
Architectural metal work	3446	38.7	39.1	40.0	39.5	-	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.0	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	345	41.5	41.6	42.4	42.6	_	4.0	4.1	4.7	4.8	
Screw machine products	3451	41.2	41.1	41.6	41.8	-	3.5	3.5	4.1	4.3	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	3452	41.8	42.1	43.3	43.4	-	4.5	4.7	5.4	5.4)
Metal forgings and stampings	346	41.5	41.9	42.7	42.9	-	3.3	3.8	4.2	4.4	1
Iron and steel forgings	3462	41.4	41.6	43.0	42.2	-	3.0	3.8	4.1	3.8	
Automotive stampings	3465	42.1	42.4	43.0	43.8	-	3.4	3.8	4.3	5.0	1
Metal stampings, nec	3469	40.4	41.1	41.9	41.7	-	3.2	3.6	3.8	3.7	[
Metal services, nec	. 347	40.8	41.0	41.3	41.3	-	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	1
Plating and polishing	3471	40.2	40.6	41.1	40.9	-	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.5	1
Metal coating and allied services	3479	41.7	41.6	41.7	42.0	-	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.4	1
Ordnance and accessories, nec	. 348	42.2	41.9	42.0	42.0	_	4.0	4.0	3.6	3.5	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec	3483	41.6	41.1	40.9	41.2	-	3.8	3.5	2.9	2.7	
Misc. fabricated metal products	. 349	41.5	41.7	42.4	42.0	-	3.4	3.5	4.0	3.8	
Valves and pipe fittings, nec	. 3494	42.2	42.2	43.0	42.0	-	3.4	3.4	4.5	4.0	1
Misc. fabricated wire products	1	40.1	40.4	41.7	41.3		2.9	2.9	3.4		

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993°	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p
Durable goods—Continued				!							
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	\$11.42	\$11.49	\$11.67	\$11.70		\$465.94	\$475.69		\$484.38	\$487.9
Flat glass	321	16.09 12.85	16.41 12.84	16.64 13.14	16.85 13.02	_	720.83 540.99	723.68 536.71	730.50 561.08	743.09 552.05	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	3221	13.55	13.50	13.59	13.50		577.23	564.30	593.88	581.85	_
Pressed and blown glass, nec		12.17	12.23	12.71	12.57	-	506.27	509.99	530.01	524.17	_
Products of purchased glass	323	9.83	9.71	10.30	10.35	- 1	394.18	392.28	430.54	426.42	-
Cement, hydraulic	324	14.60	14.64	14.96	15.09	- !	619.04	617.81	652.26	656.42	-
Structural clay products	325	9.82	9.87	10.17	10.26	1 1	391.82	394.80	414.94	418.61	-
Pottery and related products	326	9.99	10.01	10.11	10.05	!	397.60	402.40	424.62	423.11	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Concrete block and brick		10.75 9.92	10.97 10.18	10.91 10.40	11.04 10.46	- I	428.93 400.77	455.26 431.63	421.13 417.04	444.91 440.37	_
Concrete block and brick	3272	9.88	9.89	9.91	10.00	, ,	408.04	417.36	407.30	417.00	1 -
Ready-mixed concrete	3273	11.34	11.72	11.52	11.67	_	422.98	464.11	406.66	439.96	_
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		11.86	11.92	12.16	12.19	_	492.19	499.45	515.58	511.98	-
Abrasive products	3291	10.32	10.21	10.57	10.60	- ,	422.09	421.67	450.28	446.26	-
Asbestos products	3292	11.87	12.11	13.24	13.09	-)	492.61	496.51	569.32	549.78	-
Primary metal industries	33	13.45	13.48	13.76	13.81	13.79	571.63	575.60	599.94	600.74	595.7
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	.∣331	15.61	15.61	15.99	16.23	16.18	666.55	671.23	701.96	712.50	708.6
Blast furnaces and steel mills	3312	16.56	16.53	16.98	17.33	-	707.11	712.44	745.42	760.79	-
Steel pipe and tubes	3317	12.17	12.25	12.56	12.49	-	507.49	512.05	562.69	554.56	-
Iron and steel foundries	332	11.98	12.03	12.21	12.14	-	507.95	508.87	531.14	531.73	-
Gray and ductile iron foundries	2222	12.38 12.54	12.45	12.61 12.69	12.46 13.08	-	526.15 554.27	530.37	553.58	549.49	-
Malleable iron foundries	3322	11.33	12.57 11.38	11.83	11.80	_	474.73	573.19 467.72	554.55 503.96	589.91 509.76	_
Primary nonferrous metals	333	14.66	14.57	15.01	15.00		639.18	641.08	654.44	637.50	_
Primary aluminum	3334	14.98	14.94	15.21	15.15	_	642.64	651.38	660.11	630.24	_
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	12.75	12.80	13.10	13.02	_	545.70	549.12	575.09	571.58	_
Copper rolling and drawing	.∣3351	12.31	12.31	12.65	12.62	-	536.72	537.95	560.40	560.33	_
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	3353	15.52	15.49	15.60	15.38	-	693.74	700.15	723.84	701.33	_
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	12.52	12.64	13.13	13.03	-	519.58	527.09	561.96	560.29	-
Nonferrous foundries (castings)		10.70 10.43	10.76 10.47	11.09 10.65	11.10 10.63	-	437.63 426.59	440.08 433.46	464.67 443.04	461.76 435.83	-
	1]
Fabricated metal products	34	11.33	11.34	11.53	11.53	11.54	465.66	468.34	480.80	480.80	480.0
Metal cans and shipping containers	341	14.87	14.71	15.08	14.88	-	627.51	619.29	657.49	654.72	-
Metal cans	3411	15.83	15.64	16.15	15.89 11.47	-	671.19	661.57	700.91	699.16	-
Cutlery, handtools, and hardware Hand and edge tools, and blades and handsaws	3423 5	11.17 10.49	11.21 10.46	11.50 10.78	10.84	_	457.97 425.89	462.97 426.77	473.80 445.21	472.56 442.27	_
Hardware, nec		11.29	11.38	11.64	11.51	_	462.89	467.72	476.08	470.76	_
Plumbing and heating, except electric		10.10	10.07	10.36	10.34	l - i	414.10	417.91	425.80	427.04] _
Plumbing fixture fittings and trim	3432	9.69	9.67	9.99	9.80	-	406.01	410.01	421.58	401.80	_
Heating equipment, except electric	3433	10.14	10.10	10.37	10.41	_	381.26	388.85	405.47	407.03	-
Fabricated structural metal products	344	10.62	10.64	10.73	10.75	-	429.05	429.86	436.71	436.45	-
Fabricated structural metal	3441	10.62	10.65	10.72	10.78	-	429.05	428.13	444.88	450.60	-
Metal doors, sash, and trim	3442	8.93	8.93	8.95	8.95		345.59	347.38	342.79	345.47	-
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops) Sheet metal work	2443	11.66 10.85	11.74 10.87	12.02 10.97	12.05 11.01	- I	495.55 435.09	495.43 439.15	506.04 439.90	508.51	-
Architectural metal work	3446	10.83	10.26	9.86	9.88		395.51	401.17	394.40	439.30 390.26	-
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	345	11.36	11.45	11.55	11.55	_	471.44	476.32	489.72	492.03	-
Screw machine products	3451	10.53	10.55	10.68	10.68	_	433.84	433.61	444.29	446.42	_
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	3452	12.25	12.42	12.50	12.51	-	512.05	522.88	541.25	542.93	-
Metal forgings and stampings	346	13.30	13.38	13.63	13.59	-	551.95	560.62	582.00	583.01	-
Iron and steel forgings	3462	13.20	13.53	13.50	13.50	-	546.48	562.85	580.50	569.70	-
Automotive stampings	3465	15.07	15.12	15.47	15.39	-	634.45	641.09	665.21	674.08	-
Metal stampings, nec	3469	10.73	10.73	10.98	10.94	1	433.49	441.00	460.06	456.20	-
Metal services, nec	347	9.44	9.40 9.36	9.59 9.57	9.62 9.65	<u> </u>	385.15	385.40	396.07	397.31	-
Plating and polishing Metal coating and allied services	3470	9.39	9.36	9.57	9.55	-	377.48 396.57	380.02	393.33	394.69	_
Ordnance and accessories, nec	348	12.77	12.58	12.75	12.96	_	538.89	393.95 527.10	401.57 535.50	402.36 544.32	_
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec	3483	12.85	12.39	12.65	12.87	-	534.56	509.23	517.39	530.24	l -
Misc. fabricated metal products	349	10.62	10.63	10.81	10.79		440.73	443.27	458.34	453.18	_
Valves and pipe fittings, nec		11.14	11.12	11.31	11.30		470.11	469.26	486.33	474.60	-
Misc. fabricated wire products		9.26	9.31	9.59	9.58		371.33	376.12	399.90	395.65	Į.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993°	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Ma 1993
Ourable goods—Continued											
Industrial machinery and equipment		42.0	42.2	42.9	42.8	42.8	3.6	3.9	4.4	4.4	-
Engines and turbines		42.6	43.3	44.2	44.2		3.8	4.1	4.6	4.6	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets		42.4	42.2	43.0	43.4	-	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.3	
Internal combustion engines, nec	3519	42.7 40.8	43.7 41.2	44.7 41.8	44.5 41.6	-	3.8 3.0	4.2 3.1	4.9 3.9	4.7	:
Farm and garden machineryFarm machinery and equipment		40.8	40.8	41.7	42.4	_	2.9	3.0	3.6	4.0 4.0	
Construction and related machinery		43.0	43.3	44.0	44.0	_	3.3	3.6	4.8	5.0	
Construction machinery	3531	43.8	44.1	43.9	44.1	-	2.9	3.1	4.2	4.9	ļ.
Mining machinery	3532	42.1	41.2	41.4	41.6	-	4.0	3.6	4.2	4.1	
Oil and gas field machinery	3533	44.5	45.5	47.4	47.9	-	3.8	4.7	6.9	7.1	
Conveyors and conveying equipment		42.0	42.5	43.7	42.7	-	4.0	4.2	5.8	5.3	
Industrial trucks and tractors		40.0	39.5	41.0	40.4	-	2.5	2.7	3.3	3.0	1
Metalworking machinery	354	42.6	42.6	43.8	43.5	-	4.6	4.6	5.6	5.4	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types	3541	41.5	41.7	43.1	42.9	-	3.5	3.7	4.3	4.4	
Machine tools, metal forming types		41.5	41.4	44.4	43.4	- 1	3.8	3.8	5.4	4.9	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	43.3 42.6	43.1 42.4	44.6 42.7	44.3 42.5	-	5.4 3.9	5.5 4.0	6.6	6.5	
Machine tool accessories	3545	42.0	42.4	42.7	42.5	_	4.1	3.9	4.0 3.7	3.8 3.1	
Power driven handtools		41.8	42.4	42.6	42.5	_	4.0	4.2	4.5	4.4	i
Textile machinery	3552	42.3	42.5	43.0	42.9	_	3.8	3.8	4.3	4.5	
Printing trades machinery	3555	37.6	39.3	41.2	41.4	_	2.7	3.5	4.5	4.1	
Food products machinery	3556	42.1	42.7	42.7	42.5	_	4.0	4.1	4.7	4.8	
General industrial machinery		41.5	41.4	42.6	42.5	_	3.3	3.4	4.3	4.1	
Pumps and pumping equipment	3561	40.8	40.5	42.0	41.2	_	2.9	3.1	3.8	3.3	
Ball and roller bearings	3562	42.2	41.8	43.2	43.8	_	3.5	3.4	5.0	5.2	
Air and gas compressors	3563	43.4	43.3	43.7	43.1	-	4.7	5.1	5.0	4.2	1
Blowers and fans	3564	39.9	40.0	40.4	39.9	-	2.1	2.4	2.9	2.4	
Speed changers, drives, and gears	3566	42.0	42.2	44.7	44.3	-	3.7	4.2	6.1	5.7	
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	41.4	41.5	43.3	43.4	-	3.4	3.6	4.2	4.9	1
Computer and office equipment	357	41.8	42.4	41.5	41.5	-	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.2	
Electronic computers	3571	41.6	42.0	40.5	41.3	-	2.2	2.7	2.9	3.1	Ì
Computer terminals, calculators, and					44.5						
office machines, nec	3575,8,9	42.2	42.3	42.4	41.5	-	3.5	3.8	3.5	3.0	
Refrigeration and service machinery		41.0 41.5	41.5 42.2	41.7 41.9	41.9	- 1	3.1 3.5	3.5	3.2	3.2	
Refrigeration and heating equipment	350	41.9	42.2	41.9	42.1 43.2	- ,	3.5 4.1	3.9 4.3	3.3 4.6	3.4 4.7	
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery	2502	41.3	42.4	42.5	43.2		3.2	4.0	4.1	4.7	1
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec	3596,9	42.0	42.2	43.0	43.4	_	4.2	4.4	4.8	4.9	
	i i	40.8	41.1	41.7	41.6	41.3	2.9	3,1	3.7	3.5	
Electronic and other electrical equipment Electric distribution equipment	361	41.2	41.0	42.1	41.2		2.8	2.9	3.7	3.1	
Transformers, except electronic	3612	40.7	40.1	41.2	40.5	_ '	2.7	2.8	3.5	3.2	Ì
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	3613	41.6	41.9	43.1	41.9	_	2.9	3.0	3.9	2.9	1
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	41.7	42.1	42.5	41.9	-	2.9	3.0	3.3	2.9	
Motors and generators	3621	42.0	42.5	42.7	42.0	-	3.0	3.3	3.5	3.0	1
Relays and industrial controls	3625	40.7	41.0	41.5	41.2	-	2.3	2.3	2.7	2.4	1
Household appliances		40.2	40.6	40.6	41.4	- '	2.6	2.8	3.3	4.0	1
Household refrigerators and freezers	3632	40.3	40.0	41.0	43.9	-	2.4	2.3	3.8	6.0	ļ
Household laundry equipment	3633	40.1	40.2	40.0	40.8	-	1.4	1.8	2.4	2.1	
Electric housewares and fans	3634	39.9	40.4	40.3	39.7		2.2	2.4	2.8	2.2	1
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	364	40.6	40.7	41.6	41.4	-	2.7	2.9	3.5	3.3	
Electric lamps	3641	42.8	42.7	45.3	44.5	-	3.3	3.6	4.5	4.3	
Current-carrying wiring devices	3043	40.0	40.2 41.6	41.0 42.7	40.5 42.5	-	2.3 3.0	2.4 2.7	3.4 3.5	2.9 3.3	ļ
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	3645	42.6 38.4	39.1	38.7	39.4	_	2.3	3.2	2.1	2.4	
Residential lighting fixtures Household audio and video equipment	365	40.2	40.3	40.8	41.0	_	2.6	2.9	3.4	3.7	1
Household audio and video equipment	3651	40.1	39.7	41.0	40.3	_	2.5	2.4	2.7	2.6	1
Communications equipment	366	40.4	41.0	43.2	43.0	_	2.8	3.2	3.9	3.3	
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	3661	41.0	41.9	45.4	45.1	_	3.6	4.1	4.9	4.1	
Electronic components and accessories	367	41.0	41.3	41.5	41.4	_	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.9	
Electron tubes	3671	40.7	40.8	42.2	40.6	-	3.5	3.7	3.4	3.4	1
Semiconductors and related devices	3674	42.3	42.8	42.2	42.3	_	4.2	4.4	4.7	4.8	1
Electronic components, nec	3679	39.6	39.4	39.6	39.8	-	2.5	2.6	2.9	2.8	1
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	.∣369	40.9	41.1	41.3	41.1	-	2.8	2.8	3.4	3.4	
Storage batteries	. 3691	41.2	41.4	40.4	40.6	-	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.4	
Engine electrical equipment	10004	41,0	41.4	41.4	41.1	_	2.8	2.9	3.5	3.5	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993 ^p
Durable goods—Continued	0.5	646.00	640.00	640.00	640.01	640.50	ØE 40 40	# F00.00	65.40.0	#F00 =:	0500
Industrial machinery and equipment		\$12.29 15.38	\$12.33 15.48	\$12.61	\$12.61	\$12.58	\$516.18 655.19	\$520.33 670.28	\$540.97 694.82	\$539.71	\$538.42
Engines and turbines Turbines and turbine generator sets		15.51	15.46	15.72 16.32	15.79 16.36	_	657.62	652.83	701.76	697.92 710.02	_
Internal combustion engines, nec	3519	15.33	15.48	15.49	15.57	_	654.59	676.48	692.40	692.87	_
Farm and garden machinery	352	11.40	11.38	11.87	12.11	-	465.12	468.86	496.17	503.78	-
Farm machinery and equipment	3523	12.72	12.60	13.05	13.35	-	511.34	514.08	544.19	566.04	-
Construction and related machinery	353	12.48	12.54	12.88	12.86	-	536.64	542.98	566.72	565.84	-
Construction machinery	3531	14.04	14.07	14.44	14.45	-	614.95	620.49 515.41	633.92	637.25	-
Mining machinery Oil and gas field machinery	3532	12.57 11.47	12.51 11.53	12.78 11.66	12.78 11.59	_	529.20 510.42	524.62	529.09 552.68	531.65 555.16	_
Conveyors and conveying equipment	3535	11.61	11.56	11.72	11.63	_	487.62	491.30	512.16	496.60	-
Industrial trucks and tractors	3537	10.88	10.93	11.12	11.07	-	435.20	431.74	455.92	447.23	_
Metalworking machinery	354	12.82	12.88	13.27	13.25	-	546.13	548.69	581.23	576.38	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types	3541	13.09	13.22	13.53	13.61	-	543.24	551.27	583.14	583.87	-
Machine tools, metal forming types	3542	12.91	12.86	13.34	13.27	-	535.77	532.40	592.30	575.92	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	13.39	13.42	13.82	13.74	-	579.79	578.40	616.37	608.68	-
Machine tool accessories	3545 3546	11.49 10.56	11.50 10.57	11.66 10.73	11.72 10.84	-	489.47 453.02	487.60 450.28	497.88 457.10	498.10 449.86	_
Power driven handtools		12.50	12.52	12.95	12.89	_	522.50	530.85	551.67	547.83	_
Textile machinery	3552	10.71	10.69	11.13	11.16	_ 1	453.03	454.33	478.59	478.76	_
Printing trades machinery	3555	14.31	14.27	14.72	14.44	_	538.06	560.81	606.46	597.82	_
Food products machinery	3556	12.42	12.44	12.73	12.76	-	522.88	531.19	543.57	542.30	-
General industrial machinery	356	11.91	11.96	12.32	12.22	-	494.27	495.14	524.83	519.35	-
Pumps and pumping equipment	3561	12.75	12.83	13.00	12.94	-	520.20	519.62	546.00	533.13	-
Ball and roller bearings	3562	12.69	12.80	13.31	13.09	-	535.52	535.04	574.99	573.34	-
Air and gas compressors	3563	11.98	12.07 10.20	12.40	12.16	-	519.93 409.37	522.63	541.88	524.10	-
Blowers and fansSpeed changers, drives, and gears		10.26 12.62	12.66	10.30 13.13	10.26 13.11	-	530.04	408.00 534.25	416.12 586.91	409.37 580.77	_
Power transmission equipment, nec		11.51	11.55	12.14	12.15	_	476.51	479.33	525.66	527.31	_
Computer and office equipment		12.29	12.34	12.26	12.37	~	513.72	523.22	508.79	513.36	_
Electronic computers		12.86	12.86	13.24	13.27	-	534.98	540.12	536.22	548.05	_
Computer terminals, calculators, and				İ							Ì
office machines, nec	3575,8,9	12.49	12.64	12.25	12.36	-	527.08	534.67	519.40	512.94	-
Refrigeration and service machinery		11.15	11.17	11.40	11.43	-	457.15	463.56	475.38	478.92	-
Refrigeration and heating equipment		11.33	11.27	11.54	11.62	-	470.20	475.59	483.53	489.20	-
Misc. industrial and commercial machinery Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves	3592	11.90 12.72	11.92 12.71	12.07 13.33	12.04 13.36	-	498.61 525.34	503.02 538.90	517.80 566.53	520.13 575.82	-
Scales, balances, and industrial machinery, nec	3596,9	11.55	11.60	11.74	11.72	-	485.10	489.52	504.82	508.65	-
Electronic and other electrical equipment		10.88	10.92	11.14	11.10	11.12	443.90	448.81	464.54	461.76	459.26
Electric distribution equipment	361	10.86	10.85	10.79	10.80	-	447.43	444.85	454.26	444.96	-
Transformers, except electronic	3612	10.59	10.62	10.22	10.20	-	431.01	425.86	421.06	413.10	-
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	3613	11.15	11.10	11.41	11.46	-	463.84	465.09	491.77	480.17	-
Electrical industrial apparatus		10,29 9.85	10.31 9.88	10.54 10.03	10.52 9.95	_	429.09 413.70	434.05 419.90	447.95 428.28	440.79 417.90	-
Relays and industrial controls		10.93	10.95	11.51	11.53		444.85	448.95	477.67	475.04	_
Household appliances	363	10.45	10.49	10.55	10.52	_	420.09	425.89	428.33	435.53	_
Household refrigerators and freezers	3632	11.47	11.66	11.81	11.69	-	462.24	466.40	484.21	513.19	-
Household laundry equipment	3633	12.59	12.87	12.77	12.96	-	504.86	517.37	510.80	528.77	-
Electric housewares and fans	3634	7.84	7.86	8.22	8.12	-	312.82	317.54	331.27	322.36	-
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	364	10.65	10.75	10.99	10.90	-	432.39	437.53	457.18	451.26	-
Electric lamps Current-carrying wiring devices	3643	12.21 10.37	12.36 10.42	11.79 10.92	11.71 10.83	- -	522.59 414.80	527.77 418.88	534.09 447.72	521.10 438.62	} _
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	3644	9.97	10.42	10.32	10.83	-	424.72	420.99	437.68	438.62	1 -
Residential lighting fixtures		8.14	8.24	8.38	8.26	_	312.58	322.18	324.31	325.44	_
Household audio and video equipment	365	10.76	10.85	11.21	10.82	-	432.55	437.26	457.37	443.62	-
Household audio and video equipment	3651	11.17	11.26	11.52	11.10	-	447.92	447.02	472.32	447.33	} -
Communications equipment		11.48	11.53	11.62	11.54	-	463.79	472.73	501.98	496.22	-
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	3661	12.24	12.28	12.26	12.16	-	501.84	514.53	556.60	548.42	-
Electronic components and accessories		10.78 11.89	10.80 12.12	11.10	11.10	-	441.98	446.04	460.65	459.54	-
Electron tubes		13.53	13.54	13.27 14.23	13.12 14.22	_	483.92 572.32	494.50 579.51	559.99 600.51	532.67 601.51	_
Semiconductors and related devices	2670	9.69	9.66	9.40	9.57	_	383.72	380.60	372.24	380.89	_
Electronic components, nec	30/5										
Electronic components, nec	369	11.79	11.90	12.19	12.23	_	482.21				_
Electronic components, nec	369	1				-		489.09 532.82	503.45 527.22	502.65 531.05	-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Ma 1993
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	37	41.4	41.7	42.1	42.3	42.4	3.2	3.3	3.9	4.1	-
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	41.7	42.0	42.7	43.3	43.6	3.2	3.4	4.4	4.7	-
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	41.1	41.0	41.1	42.2	-	2.4	2.5	3.4	4.0	-
Truck and bus bodies	3713	42.3	42.0	42.3	43.0	-	3.6	3.4	3.8	4.6	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	42.2	42.9	44.1	44.4	-	3.8	4.2	5.3	5.5	
Truck trailers	3715	40.4	40.4	42.4	41.7	- [2.7	3.0	3.9	4.0	
Aircraft and parts	372	41.8	41.8	42.2	41.7	_	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.6	
Aircraft	3721	41.8	41.7	42.0	41.2	-	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.4	
Aircraft engines and engine parts		42.3	42.5	42.0	41.9	-	4.4	4.2	3.6	3.9	
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec	3728	41.4	41.5	42.6	42.2	-	3.1	3.0	3.6	3.6	
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	39.8	40.8	40.0	39.3	-	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.5	
Ship building and repairing		40.1	41.2	40.4	39.7	_	2.9	2.8	3.3	2.7	
Boat building and repaining	3732	39.2	39.8	38.9	38.5		2.5	2.8	2.3	2.2	
Railroad equipment	374	40.1	41.3	41.6	41.6	- 1	1.8	2.1	2.7	2.9	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	376	40.5	40.7	40.7	41.0	_	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8	1
Guided missiles and space vehicles	3761	40.1	40.0	40.4	40.8	- 1	2.9	2.8	2.9	3.2	
Misc. transportation equipment	379	39.8	40.1	39.5	39.8	_	2.5	3.2	2.9	3.2	1
Travel trailers and campers	3792	38.6	39.2	38.5	38.5	-	2.0	2.5	2.2	2.1	
Instruments and related products	38	41.3	41.2	41.3	41.0	41.3	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.8	
Search and navigation equipment	381	41.4	41.3	41.7	41.0		2.2	2.2	1.9	2.0	i
Measuring and controlling devices	282	40.8	40.9	41.2	41.2	_	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	
Environmental controls	302	40.5	40.4	40.4	40.4	_	2.9	2.7	2.3	2.8]
Process control instruments	2022	40.3	40.1	42.1	42.4		1.9	1.9	2.7	2.9	1
		41.0	41.2	41.6	41.2	_	1.9		2.0		1
Instruments to measure electricity	3023		41.2					2.4		2.2	į
Medical instruments and supplies	304	41.5		41.1	40.6	-	3.3	3.4	2.9	2.9	ľ
Surgical and medical instruments	3841	42.5	42.2	42.1	41.1	-	3.4	3.7	2.9	3.1	Ì
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	40.7	40.3	40.0	39.8	-	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.6	
Ophthalmic goods	385	39.2	39.4	39.2	39.7	-	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.5	
Photographic equipment and supplies	. 386	43.8	43.4	43.1	42.8	-	4.3	4.4	5.1	4.8	
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts	387	39.1	38.6	40.9	40.9	- 1	.8	1.4	1.9	1.8	
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	. 39	39.5	39.9	39.4	39.5	39.7	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.5	
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	.]391	37.4	38.2	36.6	37.2	-	1.1	1.7	.8	1.3	
Jewelry, precious metal	. 3911	37.0	37.8	36.2	36.7	-	1.1	1.5	.6	1.2	
Musical instruments	. 393	39.2	39.3	39.7	40.1	-	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.4	l
Toys and sporting goods	. 394	40.2	40.3	40.0	40.2	-	3.1	3.2	2.9	3.0	1
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	. 3942,4	39.7	39.4	39.1	39.0		2.9	2.6	2.7	2.3	1
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3949	40.5	40.9	40.5	40.9	-	3.2	3.6	3.1	3.4	1
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies	. 395	41.2	41.2	39.6	40.6	-	2.5	2.7	1.9	2.3	
Costume jewelry and notions	. 396	39.3	39.8	40.0	40.7	-	1.7	2.2	2.0	2.2	1
Costume jewelry	. 3961	37.9	38.1	39.2	40.4		1.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	ļ
Miscellaneous manufactures	. 399	39.5	40.0	39.7	39.4	-	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	1
Signs and advertising specialties	3993	39.2	39.8	39.1	39.6	-	2.6	2.7	2.7	3.2	ļ
londurable goods	·	40.0	40.2	40.4	40.2	40.0	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.7	
Food and kindred products	. 20	40.0	40.0	40.3	40.0	39.9	3.8	3.9	4.3	4.0	
Meat products	. 201	38.9	38.7	40.0	38.7	-	3.3	3.3	4.1	3.4	1
Meat packing plants	. 2011	40.6	40.2	41.7	39.9	-	4.0	3.9	5.4	3.8	
Sausages and other prepared meats	. 2013	41.2	41.1	41.2	40.7	-	4.4	4.3	4.6	4.5	1
Poultry slaughtering and processing	. 2015	36.9	36.8	38.5	37.3	-	2.5	2.5	3.2	2.8	
Dairy products	. 202	41.7	41.9	41.5	41.9	-	4.2	4.5	4.2	4.4	1
Cheese, natural and processed	. 2022	40.2	40.4	39.4	40.4	_	3.4	3.7	3.1	3.6	1
Fluid milk	. 2026	42.2	42.4	42.4	42.4	-	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.3	1
Preserved fruits and vegetables	. 203	40.1	39.6	40.6	39.6	-	3.3	3.3	4.2	3.5	1
Canned specialties	2032	42.7	42.6	45.4	40.4	-	4.6	5.2	7.1	4.0	1
Canned fruits and vegetables	2033	39.6	39.4	39.7	38.9	l <u>-</u>	2.5	2.5	3.1	2.6	
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2037	39.1	38.6	41.6	41.1	_	2.4	2.7	4.9	3.9	1
Grain mill products	204	43.3	43.7	44.7	43.9	-	6.2	6.2	6.7	6.1	1
Flour and other grain mill products		43.3	44.6	46.7	46.5	1 -	4.6	5.2	6.1		1
Proposed foods and	2041	43.2	43.7	44.6	43.1	1 -	5.9	6.1	6.9		
Prepared feeds, nec	2040	43.2	43.7	44.0	43.1	1 -	5.9	1 0.1	0.9	5.7	l

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	amings			Average	weekly e	eamings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993°	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment		\$14.94	\$14.99	\$15.43	\$15.46	\$15.56	\$618.52	\$625.08	\$649.60	\$653.96	\$659.7
Motor vehicles and equipment		15.14	15.21	15.52	15.55	15.72	631.34	638.82	662.70	673.32	685.39
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	18.09	18.16	18.57	18.68	-	743.50	744.56	763.23	788.30	-
Truck and bus bodies	3713	13.62	13.58	14.10	14.09	-	576.13	570.36	596.43	605.87	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	13.71	13.81	14.17	14.13	-	578.56	592.45	624.90	627.37	-
Truck trailers		9.79	9.74	9.67	9.75	-	395.52	393.50	410.01	406.58	-
Aircraft and parts	. 372	16.26	16.27	17.03	17.09	-	679.67	680.09	718.67	712.65	-
Aircraft	3721	(²)	(²)	(²)	(*)	- ,	-	-	- 1	-	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	\$16.07	\$16.02	\$16.52	\$16.47	-	\$679.76	\$680.85	\$693.84	\$690.09	-
Aircraft parts and equipment, nec	3728	14.64	14.68	15.70	15.82	-	606.10	609.22	668.82	667.60	-
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	11.80	11.87	12.28	12.25	-	469.64	484.30	491.20	481.43	-
Ship building and repairing	3731	12.62	12.73	13.28	13.37	-	506.06	524.48	536.51	530.79	-
Boat building and repairing	3732	9.59	9.57	9.75	9.64	-	375.93	380.89	379.28	371.14	-
Railroad equipment	374	14.01	14.10	14.58	14.76	-	561.80	582,33	606.53	614.02	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	376	15.56	15.71	16.54	16.63	-	630.18	639.40	673.18	681.83	_
Guided missiles and space vehicles	3761	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	-	-	-	-	_	_
Misc. transportation equipment	379	\$11.06	\$11.02	\$11.11	\$11.25	_	\$440.19	\$441.90	\$438.85	\$447.75	_
Travel trailers and campers	3792	9.86	9.86	10.28	10.65	-	380.60	386.51	395.78	410.03	-
Instruments and related products	38	11.77	11.84	12.13	12.12	\$12.16	486.10	487.81	500.97	496.92	\$502.2
Search and navigation equipment	381	15.36	15.47	15.92	15.95	-	635.90	638.91	663.86	653.95	-
Measuring and controlling devices	382	11.30	11.33	11.87	11.90	-	461.04	463.40	489.04	490.28	-
Environmental controls	3822	9.90	10.06	10.17	10.29		400.95	406.42	410.87	415.72	_
Process control instruments	3823	11.12	11.17	11.51	11.55	_	448.14	447.92	484.57	489.72	_
Instruments to measure electricity		11.62	11.59	12.97	13.02	- 1	476.42	477.51	539.55	536.42	_
Medical instruments and supplies	384	10.34	10.47	10.75	10.71	_	429.11	432.41	441.83	434.83	_
Surgical and medical instruments	3841	10.31	10.55	10.79	10.62	_	438.18	445.21	454.26	436.48	_
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	9.93	10.00	10.13	10.17	_	404.15	403.00	405.20	404.77	_
Ophthalmic goods		8.52	8.49	8.50	8.53	_	333.98	334.51	333.20	338.64	_
Photographic equipment and supplies		14.50	14.53	14.62	14.63	_ !	635.10	630.60	630.12	626.16	_
Watches, clocks, watchcases, and parts		7.91	8.06	8.10	8.18	-	309.28	311.12	331.29	334.56	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	9.07	9.11	9.33	9.32	9.30	358.27	363.49	367.60	368.14	369.21
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	391	9.46	9.51	9.64	9.74	-	353.80	363.28	352.82	362.33	-
Jewelry, precious metal	3911	9.43	9.47	9.57	9.71	-	348.91	357.97	346.43	356.36	_
Musical instruments	393	8.89	8.86	9.09	8.98	-	348.49	348.20	360.87	360.10	-
Toys and sporting goods	394	8.38	8.39	8.72	8.65	_	336.88	338.12	348.80	347.73	_
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	3942,4	7.99	7.99	8.27	8.30	_	317.20	314.81	323.36	323.70	_
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3949	8.64	8.66	9.00	8.88	_	349.92	354.19	364.50	363.19	_
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		9.81	9.87	10.19	10.21	_	404.17	406.64	403.52	414.53	_
Costume jewelry and notions		7.88	7.82	8.02	7.86	_	309.68	311.24	320.80	319.90	_
Costume jewelry		7.07	6.93	6.91	6.75	_	267.95	264.03	270.87	272.70	_
Miscellaneous manufactures		9.60	9.67	9.81	9.88	-	379.20	386.80	389.46	389.27	_
Signs and advertising specialties		10.02	10.03	10.08	10.30	-	392.78	399.19	394.13	407.88	_
Nondurable goods		10.58	10.63	10.86	10.85	10.88	423.20	427.33	438.74	436.17	435.20
Food and kindred products		10.07	10.13	10.30	10.29	10.30	402.80	405.20	415.09	411.60	410.97
Meat products	201	8.22	8.23	8.40	8.32	-	319.76	318.50	336.00	321.98	~
Meat packing plants	2011	8.98	9.05	9.16	8.98	-	364.59	363.81	381.97	358.30	-
Sausages and other prepared meats		9.56	9.51	9.68		_	393.87	390.86	398.82	393.57	_
Poultry slaughtering and processing		7.16	7.15	7.41	7.37	-	264.20	263.12	285.29	274.90	_
Dairy products		11.17	11.15	11.51	11.52	_	465.79	467.19	477.67	482.69	-
Cheese, natural and processed		10.05	10.05	10.32	10.31		404.01	406.02	406.61	416.52	_
Fluid milk		11.79	11.77	12.13	12.15	_	497.54	499.05	514.31	515.16	_
Preserved fruits and vegetables		9.72	9.81	10.09	10.02	_	389.77	388.48	409.65	396.79	_
Canned specialties		12.42	12.71	12.94	12.78	_	530.33	541.45	587.48	516.31	_
Canned fruits and vegetables		10.22	10.31	10.54	10.58	_	404.71	406.21	418.44	411.56	_
Frozen fruits and vegetables		8.64	8.85	8.99	8.85	_	337.82	341.61	373.98	363.74	_
Grain mill products		12.07	12.05	12.25	12.29	_	522.63	526.59	547.58		_
Flour and other grain mill products		10.74	10.85	10.68	10.78	_	465.04	483.91	- 1	539.53	_
Prepared feeds, nec		9.68	9.75	10.04	10.78	_			498.76	501.27	-
FIGURE TOTAL TITLE	12070	3.00	3.13	10.04	10.00	-	418.18	426.08	447.78	433,16	-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Ma 199
londurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued]								1	
Bakery products	205	39.0	39.1	38.2	39.0	-	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.9	
Bread, cake, and related products		38.7	38.6	38.0	38.3	-	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7	
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products,		į į								l	
except bread	2052,3	39.8	39.9	38.6	40.5	-	3.4	3.7	3.5	4.3	
Sugar and confectionery products	206	40.8	40.4	40.3	40.6	-	3.5	3.3	3.7	3.7	
Raw cane sugar	2061	52.7	49.6	37.3	44.0	- 1	11.3	10.1	5.7	10.5	
Cane sugar refining	2062	42.5	44.9	43.8	44.0	_	5.4	7.3	6.2	5,7	1
Beet sugar	2063	42.8	42.2	42.7	41.9		3.9	3.7	4.6	4.2	1
Candy and other confectionery products	2064	39.0	39.0	39.5	39.6	_	2.5	2.4	3.1	2.8	
Fats and oils	207	44.3	43.8	45.1	43.5	_	5.4	5.3	6.0	5.0	1
Beverages	208	40.6	41.3	40.4	40.6	_	4.0	4.5	3.8	3.8	
Malt beverages	2082	42.3	43.1	41.3	41.5		6.8	6.9	5.6	5.9	1
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2002	40.0	40.7	39.8	40.3		3.1	3.8	3.5	3.4	1
Misc. food and kindred products	2000	39.1	39.3	38.3	39.8		4.1	4.2	4.0	4.6	1
MISC. 100d and kindred products	209	39.1	39.3	30.3	35.0		4.1	4.2	4.0	4.0	
Tobacco products	21	37.1	39.1	38.6	37.2	36.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.1	
Cigarettes	211	37.1	39.3	38.3	37.3	-	1.2	1.4	1.9	1.2	
Textile mill products	22	40.6	40.8	41.3	41.1	39.6	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.2	
Personal products	221	41.7	41.2	41.6	41.1	- 35.0	5.4	5.2	5.5	5.3	1
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	221	40.5	40.7	41.9	41.6		3.6	3.8			
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics	222		43.4	42.8	43.2				4.2	4.4	1
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool	223	42.9	39.7	40.8		-	5.4	5.6	5.5	5.7	ł
Narrow fabric mills	224	39.9			40.5	-	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.0	1
Knitting mills	. 225	39.4	39.7	39.7	39.5	-	2.9	3.2	3.0	2.8	
Women's hosiery, except socks	. 2251	38.0	38.5	39.0	38.6	-	2.4	2.7	3.2	2.7	
Hosiery, nec	2252	38.3	38.6	39.7	39.0	-	2.3	2.3	3.1	3.0	
Knit outerwear mills	. 2253	39.4	39.6	38.4	38.9	- 1	3.3	3.4	2.2	2.2	Į
Knit underwear mills	. 2254	39.8	40.0	40.6	39.5		2.0	2.5	2.0	1.7	
Weft knit fabric mills	. 2257	40.2	41.3	40.3	40.5	- 1	3.9	4.6	4.0	4.2	ĺ
Textile finishing, except wool	. 226	42.3	43.0	43.0	43.3	-	5.3	5.5	5.4	5.8	
Finishing plants, cotton	. 2261	42.8	43.0	42.8	42.7	- 1	6.0	5.8	5.4	5.7	1
Finishing plants, synthetics	. 2262	41.8	42.8	42.8	43.0	-	5.0	5.6	5.3	5.4	1
Carpets and rugs	. 227	42.2	41.4	42.5	42.6	-	4.4	4.2	4.5	4.7	
Yarn and thread mills	. 228	39.8	40.2	41.2	40.8		3.5	3.6	4.2	4.0]
Yarn spinning mills	. 2281	40.2	40.5	41.6	41.2	-	3.7	3.7	4.4	4.2	
Throwing and winding mills	. 2282	35.7	36.6	38.8	38.3	_	2.2	2.2	3.1	2.8	
Miscellaneous textile goods	. 229	41.6	42.0	43.1	43.1	-	3.8	4.2	5.0	4.8	
	1										
Apparel and other textile products	. 23	37.0	37.2	37.3	37.3	37.1	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	ļ
Men's and boys' suits and coats	. 231	35.7	36.0	35.8	35.4	-	.8	.7	.7	.8	1
Men's and boys' furnishings	. 232	37.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	-	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1
Men's and boys' shirts	. 2321	37.1	36.8	36.8	36.6	-	1.5	1.4	1.0	1.1	1
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks	. 2325	36.5	36.6	36.5	36.4	-	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	1
Men's and boys' work clothing	. 2326	36.7	36.1	37.0	36.6	-	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.4	
Women's and misses' outerwear	. 233	36.7	37.1	36.8	36.7	-	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.8	
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts	. 2331	36.5	36.1	36.6	36.6	-	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses	. 2335	36.5	36.8	36.3	35.9	-	2.0	2.3	1.8	1.8	1
Women's and misses' suits and coats	. 2337	34.7	35.5	36.2	36.1	-	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.6	l
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	. 2339	37.1	37.7	37.1	37.0	-	2.3	2.3	2.0	1.9	Ī
Women's and children's undergarments	. 234	36.6	36.7	37.3	37.5	-	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.5	İ
Women's and children's underwear	. 2341	37.0	37.0	37.7	38.0	-	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.5	1
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments	. 2342	34.8	35.4	35.6	35.2	-	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.4	1
Girls' and children's outerwear	. 236	37.6	37.0	37.4	37.1	-	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses	. 2361	38.2	36.7	36.6	37.3	-	2.3	1.7	2.1	2.3	1
Misc. apparel and accessories	. 238	36.3	36.9	37.1	36.4	-	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.3	1
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	37.9	38.3	38.7	39.1	-	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.7	
Curtains and draperies	2391	35.5	36.6	38.1	37.9	-	1.0	1.6	2.4	2.3	1
House furnishings, nec	2392	36.6	37.4	37.1	38.2	1 -	1.7	2.0	1.8	2.4	1
Automotive and apparel trimmings		39.2	38.9	40.4	40.3	-	2.2	2.4	2.8	3.1	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		İ									
Paper and allied products	26	43.1	43.2	43.5 45.0	43.2	42.9	4.7	4.9	5.1	4.9	
Paper mills	202	45.1	45.1	45.0	45.4	-	5.8	6.0	5.8	6.0	
Paperboard mills	263	44.5	45.6	45.0	44.4	-	6.5	7.2	6.2	6.3	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar 1993
ondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued]]						,			i
Bakery products	. 205	\$11.27	\$11.35	\$11.72	\$11.71	_	\$439.53	\$443.79	\$447.70	\$456.69	-
Bread, cake, and related products	2051	11.26	11.29	11.64	11.65	_	435.76	435.79	442.32	446.20	l _
Cookies, crackers, and frozen bakery products,	7										ŀ
except bread	2052 3	11.29	11.48	11.88	11.82	_	449.34	458.05	458.57	478.71	l _
Sugar and confectionery products	206	10.81	11.04	11.08	11.22	_	441.05	446.02	446.52	455.53	_
Raw cane sugar	2061	10.89	11.13	10.44	10.99	_	573.90	552.05	389.41	483.56	
Cane sugar refining	2062	14.98	15.15	15.18	15.05	_	636.65	680.24	664.88	662.20	
Cane sugar relining	2062	10.48	11.07	11.03	11.49		448.54	467.15	470.98		ļ.
Beet sugar	2003	9.93	10.17	10.11		-	387.27			481.43	-
Candy and other confectionery products	. 2064				10.16	-	_	396.63	399.35	402.34	-
Fats and oils	. 207	10.35	10.44	10.61	10.61	-	458.51	457.27	478.51	461.54	} -
Beverages	. 208	14.06	14.23	14.16	14.25	-	570.84	587.70	572.06	578.55	-
Malt beverages	. 2082	19.39	19.51	19.35	19.70	-)	820.20	840.88	799.16	817.55	-
Bottled and canned soft drinks	. 2086	11.33	11.52	11.69	11.64	-)	453.20	468.86	465.26	469.09	-
Misc. food and kindred products	. 209	9.25	9.27	9.44	9.34	-	361.68	364.31	361.55	371.73	-
Fobacco products	21	15.96	16.76	15.55	16.20	\$16.85	592.12	655.32	600.23	602.64	\$608
Cigarettes	. 211	20.04	20.15	20.50	20.38	-	743.48	791.90	785.15	760.17	-
•		0.40	0.54		0.00	0.75	044.00	0.17.01	000 44		
extile mill products	. 22	8.49	8.51	8.80	8.82	8.75	344.69	347.21	363.44	362.50	346
Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton		8.81	8.81	9.16	9.14	-	367.38	362.97	381.06	375.65	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, synthetics	. 222	9.14	9.20	9.42	9.58	-	370.17	374.44	394.70	398.53	-
Broadwoven fabric mills, wool	. 223	9.07	9.10	9.36	9.36	-	389.10	394.94	400.61	404.35	-
Narrow fabric mills	. 224	8.05	8.08	8.23	8.17	-	321.20	320.78	335.78	330.89	-
Knitting mills	. 225	7.78	7.80	8.07	8.05	-	306.53	309.66	320.38	317.98	-
Women's hosiery, except socks	. 2251	7.28	7.33	7.61	7.54	-	276.64	282.21	296.79	291.04	-
Hosiery, nec	. 2252	7.42	7.40	7.73	7.72	-	284.19	285.64	306.88	301.08	(_
Knit outerwear mills	. 2253	7.60	7.68	7.75	7.75	_	299.44	304.13	297.60	301.48	i -
Knit underwear mills		7.69	7.69	8.07	7.98	_	306.06	307.60	327.64	315.21	_
Weft knit fabric mills	2257	8.64	8.67	9.08	9.11	_	347.33	358.07	365.92	368.96	_
Textile finishing, except wool		8.95	8.96	9.14	9.21	_	378.59	385.28	393.02	398.79	
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	8.91	8.88	8.95	9.01	- 1	381.35	381.84	383.06	384.73	_
Finishing plants, cotton	2267	9.28	9.37	9.58	9.71	_	387.90	401.04			
Finishing plants, synthetics	. 2202	1 1		,	-				410.02	417.53	-
Carpets and rugs		8.45	8.51	8.71	8.83	-	356.59	352.31	370.18	376.16	-
Yarn and thread mills		8.19	8.21	8.53	8.53	- 1	325.96	330.04	351.44	348.02	-
Yarn spinning mills	. 2281	8.24	8.24	8.52	8.53	-	331.25	333.72	354.43	351.44	-
Throwing and winding mills	. 2282	8.11	8.27	8.73	8.71	-	289.53	302.68	338.72	333.59	-
Miscellaneous textile goods	. 229	9.81	9.89	10.51	10.41	-	408.10	415.38	452.98	448.67	-
Apparel and other textile products	. 23	6.85	6.87	7.05	7.04	7.06	253.45	255.56	262.97	262.59	261
Men's and boys' suits and coats	. 231	7.49	7.50	7.72	7.67	_	267.39	270.00	276.38	271.52	
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	6.43	6.44	6.71	6.66	_	237.91	238.28	248.27	246.42	-
Men's and boys' shirts	2321	6.44	6.40	6.66	6.55	_ /	238.92	235.52	245.09	239.73	_
		6.29	6.32	6.48	6.46	_	229.59			i	ļ
Men's and boys' trousers and slacks						ì		231.31	236.52	235.14	-
Men's and boys' work clothing		6.17	6.22	6.51	6.41	-	226.44	224.54	240.87	234.61	-
Women's and misses' outerwear		6.55	6.57	6.62	6.63	-	240.39	243.75	243.62	243.32	-
Women's and misses' blouses and shirts		5.89	5.96	6.13	6.20	-	214.99	215.16	224.36	226.92	-
Women's, juniors', and misses' dresses		6.87	6.96	6.94	7.05	-	250.76	256.13	251.92	253.10	-
Women's and misses' suits and coats		7.11	7.08	7.11	7.05	-	246.72	251.34	257.38	254.51	-
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	. 2339	6.50	6.48	6.55	6.53	-	241.15	244.30	243.01	241.61	
Women's and children's undergarments	. 234	6.57	6.61	6.76	6.78	-	240.46	242.59	252.15	254.25	-
Women's and children's underwear	. 2341	6.39	6.40	6.52	6.54	-	236.43	236.80	245.80	248.52	-
Brassieres, girdles, and allied garments	. 2342	7.58	7.73	7.99	7.94	-	263.78	273.64	284.44	279.49	-
Girls' and children's outerwear		6.20	6.25	6.44	6.31	_ '	233.12	231.25	240.86	234.10	·
Girls' and children's dresses and blouses		6.13	6.15	6.34	6.23	_ :	234.17	225.71	232.04	232.38	١ -
Misc. apparel and accessories		6.75	6.73	6.88	6.87	_ '	245.03	248.34	255.25	250.07	
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	8.07	8.10	8.22	8.25	_	305.85	310.23	318.11	322.58	1
Curtains and draperies	2391	6.86	6.88	7.06	7.12	_	243.53	251.81	268.99	269.85	•
		6.90	6.95	7.06	7.12				l .		-
House furnishings, nec		1				-	252.54	259.93	261.93	272.75	-
Automotive and apparel trimmings	. 2350	10.45	10.51	10.37	10.37	~	409.64	408.84	418.95	417.91	-
Paper and allied products	. 26	12.88	12.95	13.18	13.20	13.24	555.13	559.44	573.33	570.24	568
		1 4 = -0						747.00	70405		1 1
Paper mills	. 262	15.79	15.92	16.09	16.14	~	712.13	717.99	724.05	732.76	-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mai 1993
Nondurable goods—Continued							-				
Paper and allied products—Continued			ļ					1			1
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	42.3	42.4	43.1	42.5	-	4.0	4.2	4.8	4.3	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	42.7	42.6	43.9	43.2	-	4.3	4.3	5.1	4.6	
Sanitary food containers	2656	42.6	43.1	41.8	41.7	_	3.8	4.8	3.8	3.5	١.
Folding paperboard boxes	2657	42.0	42.0	42.7	42.2	-	4.2	4.5	5.3	4.7	1.
Misc. converted paper products		42.0	41.9	42.4	42.0		4.0	4.0	4.4	4.2	١.
Paper, coated and laminated, nec	2672	42.1	42.3	41.9	42.2	_	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.4	
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated	2673	41.2	41.1	42.1	41.9	_	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.5	Į.
Envelopes		41.8	41.0	42.7	41.5	-	3.5	3.1	4.5	3.6	
Printing and publishing	27	37.8	38.2	37.9	38.0	38.2	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.8	l .
Newspapers	271	32.6	32.7	32.4	32.6	-	.9	.9	.8	1.1	
Periodicals	272	37.3	37.5	37.9	38.1	_	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.7	
Books	273	38.9	40.1	39.0	39.6	_	2.6	3.4	2.9	3.3] :
Book publishing		38.7	39.8	38.4	39.7	_	2.4	2.9	2.3	3.0	
Book printing	2732	39.1	40.5	39.6	39.5	_	2.9	4.2	3.6	3.6	
Ational Language multipling	274	35.9	36.2	36.3	36.4	_	1.4	1.6	1.7	2.0	
Miscellaneous publishing	275	39.6	40.0	39.4	39.6	_	3.3	3.9	3.3	l .	
Commercial printing	275	39.5	39.8	39.3	39.6	_	3.3	3.8	3.3	3.5	'
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	39.3	39.7	39.4	39.2	_				3.6	١.
Commercial printing, nec	2759						3.1	3.7	3.2	3.3	
Manifold business forms	276	40.9	41.0	41.1	41.1	-	2.4	2.9	3.6	3.2	•
Blankbooks and bookbinding Printing trade services	278	37.7 39.5	38.3 39.7	38.0 39.4	37.8 38.3	-	1.3 3.9	1.9 4.3	2.0 4.3	1.7 3.6	:
Chemicals and allied products	. 28	43.2	43.1	43.0	42.8	42.8	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.6	
Industrial inorganic chemicals	. 281	43.6	43.6	43.1	43.5	-	4.7	4.7	4.7	5.0	
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	. 2819	43.6	43.4	42.2	42.7	-	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.9	
Plastics materials and synthetics	282	43.4	43.2	43.8	43.8	-	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.4	
Plastics materials and resins	. 2821	43.6	43.5	44.5	44.3	-	5.4	5.5	5.7	5.9	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	. 2824	43.5	42.7	43.0	43.4	-	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.9	,
Drugs	. 283	43.6	43.2	42.0	41.3	-	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.0	
Pharmaceutical preparations	. 2834	43.7	43.2	42.0	41.1	-	4.2	4.1	4.4	3.9	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	. 284	40.9	40.9	42.0	41.8	- !	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.4	
Soap and other detergents	. 2841	41.2	41.6	42.4	42.9	-	4.0	4.3	4.2	5.0	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	. 2842,3	41.3	41.1	41.3	40.9	-	3.5	3.7	3.6	3.2	
Toilet preparations	. 2844	40.5	40.3	42.0	41.6		3.0	2.8	3.1	2.6	
Paints and allied products	. 285	41.2	42.0	41.3	41.1	- '	3.1	3.6	3.5	3.0	
Industrial organic chemicals	. 286	45.6	45.3	44.8	44.8	-	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	. 2865	44.8	44.6	45.0	44.8	-	5.4	5.5	7.8	7.4	
Industrial organic chemicals, nec	. 2869	45.9	45.5	44.8	44.7	-	6.1	6.0	5.3	5.4	
Agricultural chemicals	. 287	43.7	44.6	44.3	44.0	-	5.7	6.4	5.3	5.8	.
Miscellaneous chemical products	. 289	42.6	43.0	42.6	42.3	-	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.1	.
Petroleum and coal products	. 29	43.5	43.9	44.1	43.9	45.3	6.0	6.6	6.2	5.7	
Petroleum refining	. 291	43.9	44.2	45.1	44.6	-	6.2	6.9	6.4	5.5	
Asphalt paving and roofing materials	. 295	43.3	44.2	41.2	42.4	-	6.1	6.6	6.1	6.9	'
Rubber and misc. plastics products	. 30	41.4	41.5	42.0	42.0	41.5	3.6	3.8	4.2	4.3	
Tires and inner tubes	. 301	44.7	44.8	44.5	45.1	-	5.8	5.9	5.3	7.0	
Rubber and plastics footwear	. 302	43.4	43.3	41.9	42.2	-	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.5	
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing	. 305	41.2	41.6	41.9	41.5	-	3.1	3.6	3.8	3.8	
Rubber and plastics hose and belting	. 3052	41.5	41.9	41.5	41.0	-	2.7	3.5	3.3	3.2	
Fabricated rubber products, nec	. 306	40.8	41.0	41.7	41.8	-	3.1	3.1	3.8	3.8	1
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec	. 308	41.0	41.2	41.7	41.6	-	3.5	3.7	4.1	4.1	
Leather and leather products	. 31	36.6	37.2	39.0	39.1	38.7	1.6	1.8	2.2	2.2	
Leather tanning and finishing	311	43.5	43.7	43.9	44.0		5.2	5.1	5.7	6.2	
Footwear, except rubber	314	34.7	35.1	38.7	38.6	· -	.8	1.0	1.7	1.6	1
		35.4	36.6	38.3	38.7	-	1.2	1.6	2.1	2.1	
Men's footwear, except athletic	21//	33.7	33.9	39.6	38.7	-	.5	1.6	1.4	1.2	
Women's footwear, except athletic	216			39.6	39.4		1.5				
LuggageHandbags and personal leather goods	317	38.5 38.2	38.2 38.8	36.5	39.4	-	1.5	2.3 1.2	1.7 .6	2.7	
ransportation and public utilities		38.4	38.2	38.9	39.1	39.3	_	_	_	_	
•		1									
Railroad transportation: Class I railroads ³	4011	43.7	42.5	45.6	45.5	1 _	l _	_	_		

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly (earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Paper and allied products—Continued		}			ĺ					ł	i
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	\$10.81	\$10.89	\$11.08		-	\$457.26	\$461.74		\$470.05	-
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	10.82	10.90	11.07	11.04	-	462.01	464.34	485.97	476.93	-
Sanitary food containers	2656	10.80	10.89	11.00	10.96	-	460.08	469.36	459.80	457.03	-
Folding paperboard boxes	2657	11.21	11.35	11.75		-	470.82	476.70	501.73	494.58	-
Misc. converted paper products	267	11.35	11.33	11.71	11.70	-	476.70	474.73	496.50	491.40	-
Paper, coated and laminated, nec	2672	12.94	12.92	13.34	13.47	-	544.77	546.52	558.95	568.43	-
Bags: plastics, laminated, and coated	2673	10.69	10.68	11.00	10.94	-	440.43	438.95	463.10	458.39	-
Envelopes	2677	10.64	10.55	10.91	10.81	-	444.75	432.55	465.86	448.62	-
Printing and publishing	27	11.59	11.68	11.85	11.83	\$11.90	438.10	446.18	449.12	449.54	\$454.58
Newspapers	271	11.59	11.62	11.89	11.88	_	377.83	379.97	385.24	387.29	
Periodicals		12.67	12.65	12.93	12.91		472.59	474.38	490.05	491.87	_
Books		10.31	10.40	10.78	10.70	1	401.06	417.04	420.42	423.72	_
Book publishing	2731	10.01	10.05	10.55	10.40		387.39	399.99	405.12	412.88	_
Book printing	2732	10.71	10.84	11.05	11.08	_	418.76	439.02	437.58	437.66	_
Adjacette accus publishing	274	10.80	10.84	11.02	11.00	_	387.72	392.41	400.03	400.40	i
Miscellaneous publishing	275	11.79	11.91	12.01	12.01	_	466.88	476.40	473.19	475.60	<u>-</u>
Commercial printing	2752	11.84	11.97	12.08	12.10	_	467.68	476.40	473.19		1
Commercial printing, lithographic	2750				1				1	479.16	-
Commercial printing, nec	2759	11.58 12.19	11.69 12.25	11.71 12.50	11.67 12.41	_	455.09	464.09	461.37	457.46	-
Manifold business forms		1			1	[498.57	502.25	513.75	510.05	-
Blankbooks and bookbinding Printing trade services		8.99 14.27	9.17 14.42	9.19 14.41	9.25 14.28	_	338.92 563.67	351.21 572.47	349.22 567.75	349.65 546.92	_
-	Į.	14.5		14.41	14.20		300.07	3,2,4,	307.73	340.32	-
Chemicals and allied products	28	14.23	14.26	14.69	14.68	14.68	614.74	614.61	631.67	628.30	628.30
Industrial inorganic chemicals	281	15.32	15.34	15.94	16.07	-	667.95	668.82	687.01	699.05	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	2819	15.66	15.65	16.39	16.44	-	682.78	679.21	691.66	701.99	-
Plastics materials and synthetics	282	15.11	15.11	15.37	15.35	-	655.77	652.75	673.21	672.33	-
Plastics materials and resins	2821	15.56	15.63	16.06	16.16	- 1	678.42	679.91	714.67	715.89	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	2824	14.60	14.52	14.71	14.50	-	635.10	620.00	632.53	629.30	-
Drugs	283	13.73	13.83	14.62	14.56	-	598.63	597.46	614.04	601.33	-
Pharmaceutical preparations	2834	13.73	13.84	14.58	14.55	- [600.00	597.89	612.36	598.01	-
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	284	11.98	12.00	12.30	12.36	-	489.98	490.80	516.60	516.65	-
Soap and other detergents	2841	15.11	15.30	15.77	16.05	-	622.53	636.48	668.65	688.55	-
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	2842,3	10.82	10.81	11.23	11.26	-	446.87	444.29	463.80	460.53	-
Toilet preparations	2844	10.63	10.54	10.70	10.59	-	430.52	424.76	449.40	440.54	-
Paints and allied products	.[285	12.65	12.73	12.60	12.57	-	521.18	534.66	520.38	516.63	-
Industrial organic chemicals	286	16.83	16.89	17.38	17.34	-	767.45	765.12	778.62	776.83	-
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	16.15	16.25	17.36	17.09	-	723.52	724.75	781.20	765.63	-
Industrial organic chemicals, nec	2869	17.20	17.28	17.60	17.63	-	789.48	786.24	788.48	788.06	-
Agricultural chemicals	287	14.44	14.34	15.16	15.01	-	631.03	639.56	671.59	660.44	-
Miscellaneous chemical products		12.89	12.92	13.25	13.21	-	549.11	555.56	564.45	558.78	-
Petroleum and coal products	29	17.92	17.96	18.34	18.37	18.73	779.52	788.44	808.79	806.44	848.47
Petroleum refining	291	19.42	19.55	19.90	20.05		852.54	864.11	897.49	894.23	- 040.47
Asphalt paving and roofing materials		12.75	12.84	12.99	13.02	-	552.08	567.53	535.19	552.05	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	10.24	10.27	10.55	10.56	10.52	423.94	426.21	443.10	443.52	436.58
Tires and inner tubes	301	16.46	16.55	17.25			735.76	741.44	767.63	787.00	430.30
Rubber and plastics footwear		6.94	7.13	7.38			301.20	308.73	309.22	309.33	_
Hose, belting, gaskets, and packing		10.16	10.17	10.42	1	_	418.59	423.07	436.60	430.36	_
Rubber and plastics hose and belting		10.23	10.20	10.40	1		424.55	427.38	431.60	428.45	_
Fabricated rubber products, nec		9.67	9.68	9.82			394.54	396.88	409.49		-
Miscellaneous plastics products, nec		9.55	9.58	9.79	1	_	391.55	394.70	408.24	411.31 406.43	-
										1	
Leather and leather products	. 31	7.39	7.44	7.46		1	270.47	276.77	290.94	291.69	288.70
Leather tanning and finishing		9.56	9.63	9.61	9.59		415.86	420.83	421.88	421.96	-
Footwear, except rubber		6.99	7.03	7.04		1	242.55	246.75	272.45	270.97	-
Men's footwear, except athletic		7.54	7.59	7.69		1	266.92	277.79	294.53	294.89	-
Women's footwear, except athletic	3144	6.51	6.51	6.37		-	219.39	220.69	252.25	249.23	-
Luggage	316	7.17	7.34	7.83	I .	-	276.05	280.39	302.24	310.08	-
Handbags and personal leather goods	1	6.55	6.44	6.64		1	250.21	249.87	242.36	259.84	_
Fransportation and public utilities		13.47	13.38	13.61	13.61	13.68	517.25	511.12	529.43	532.15	537.62
Railroad transportation:	1									1	1
Class I railroads ³	.14011	16.86	16.61	16.96	16.86	-	736.78	705.93	773.38	767.13	-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	je weekly	hours			Averag	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	33.7	33.6	32.8	33.2	_	-	-	-	-	-
Local and suburban transportation	411	38.1	38.0	37.9	38.1	-	-	-	_	-	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation	413	39.5	36.8	37.4	38.9	-	-	-	_	-	_
•	1							Į	ĺ	1	
Trucking and warehousing	42	38.1	38.2	37.7	37.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trucking and courier services, except air	421	38.0	38.1	37.6	37.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public warehousing and storage	422	39.8	39.8	39.4	39.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water transportation:									1		
Water transportation services	449	35.8	35.0	36.1	36.8	-	-	-	-	-	
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	42.9	41.9	40.9	41.1	-	-	-	-	_	-
Transportation services	47	37.0	37.1	36.5	36.9		_		_	· _	_
Passenger transportation arrangement	472	36.2	36.4	35.8	36.1		_	} _	_	_	1 -
Travel agencies	4724	36.2	36.3	35.9	35.9		_	_			1
Freight transportation arrangement		37.9	37.8	36.8	37.5	_	_	_	_	_	1 -
rieight transportation arrangement		00	07.0	00.0	07.0			_	-	_	1
Communications	48	39.3	39.0	39.7	39.4	_	_	_	_	_	l _
Telephone communications	481	40.7	40.3	41.4	41.0	_	_	_	i _	_	_
Radio and television broadcasting	483	34.8	34.7	34.6	34.4	_	_	-	_	_	1 _
Cable and other pay television services	484	38.7	38.4	38.8	38.9	-	-	Ì –	-	_	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	149	41.4	41.4	41.6	41.5	_	_	_	_	_	
Electric services	49	41.2	41.3	41.2	41.2	_	_	{	_	_	_
Gas production and distribution	492	42.1	42.0	42.1	41.8	_	_	_	_	_	1 _
Combination utility services	493	41.4	41.6	41.7	42.2	_	_	_	-	_	_
Sanitary services	495	41.5	41.7	42.3	42.0	_	-	-	_	-	-
Wholesale trade		38.2	38.2	37.9	37.9	37.8	-	_	-	_	
Durable goods	50	38.7	38.8	38.5	38.5	_	_	_		_	_
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	37.9	37.8	38.7	38.6	_	_	_	1 _	_	_
Furniture and home furnishings	502	36.9	37.1	37.1	37.0		_	} _	_	_	_
Lumber and other construction materials		38.9	39.5	38.6	38.8		_	_		_	_
Professional and commercial equipment	504	39.5	39.5	38.8	38.8	_	_	_	_	_	-
Medical and hospital equipment	5047	37.9	38.2	37.4	37.2	_	_	_	_	-	_
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	40,4	40.3	39.9	40.2	_	_	_	-	_	-
Electrical goods	506	39.0	39.0	38.1	38.1	_	_	_	-	_	_
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	507	38.4	38.5	38.4	38.4	-	-	_	-	_	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	39.2	39.2	39.1	39.1	_	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods	509	36.7	37.0	37.0	37.3	_	-	-	-	-	-
Nondurable goods	51	37.4	37.4	37.0	37.0	_	-	_	_	Í -	_
Paper and paper products	511	37.2	37.2	36.3	35.9	-	-	-	-	-	_
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	512	37.2	36.9	37.2	37.4	-	-	-	-	_	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	513	36.9	37.0	36.5	36.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Groceries and related products	514	38.0	38.0	37.8	37.9	i -	-	-	-	-	\ -
Farm-product raw materials	515	34.4	34.5	34.2	34.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chemicals and allied products	516	40.6	40.7	39.9	39.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Petroleum and petroleum products	517	38.7	38.5	37.4	37.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	518	36.5	36.9	36.4	36.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods	519	36.4	36.6	35.9	36.4	-	-	-	_	-	-
Retail trade		28.4	28.4	28.0	28.2	27.8	-	-	-	-	-
Building materials and garden supplies	52	35.5	35.5	35.4	35.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lumber and other building materials	521	37.3	37.4	37.2	37.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hardware stores	525	32.0	31.8	31.7	31.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail nurseries and garden stores		32.9	33.4	32.3	32.7] -	-	-	-	-	-
General merchandise stores	53	27.8	28.3	27.8	27.6	_	-	_	-	_	-
Department stores	531	27.7	28.3	27.8	27.6	-	-	-	-	-	1 -
Denai illielii sioles		1				1	1	1	1	1	i
Variety stores	533	27.1	27.3	27.0	26.9	-	-	-	-	-	-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993°	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	\$9.72	\$9.62	\$9.99	\$9.97	-	\$327.56	\$323.23		\$331.00	-
Local and suburban transportation	411	10.38	10.31	10.71	10.79	-	395.48	391.78	405.91	411.10	-
Intercity and rural bus transportation	413	13.39	13.44	12.82	12.77	-	528.91	494.59	479.47	496.75	-
· No. of the state	40	12.01	12.00	10.00	10.00	_	45750	450.46	450.04	400.50	
Trucking and warehousing	421	12.01 12.19	12.02 12.18	12.20 12.37	12.23 12.41	_ :	457.58 463.22	459.16 464.06	459.94 465.11	463.52 469.10	_
Trucking and courier services, except air Public warehousing and storage	122	9.81	9.84	9.95	9.93		390.44	391.63	392.03	391.24	_
Public Waleriousing and storage	722	3.51	3.04	0.00	0.00	_	000.44	031.00	332.03	331.24	_
Water transportation:						ı					
Water transportation services	449	17.72	17.05	17.93	18.43	-	634.38	596.75	647.27	678.22	-
·		ł									
Pipelines, except natural gas	46	18.26	18.40	19.24	19.19	-	783.35	770.96	786.92	788.71	-
	47	10.70	40.74	10.04	10.00		000.00	007.04	000.04	400.05	
Transportation services	470	10.79	10.71	10.94	10.92	-	399.23	397.34	399.31	402.95	-
Passenger transportation arrangement	4724	9.92	9.80 9.92	10.04 9.88	10.03 9.92	-	359.10 362.72	356.72	359.43	362.08	-
Travel agencies	472	11.97	11.86	12.26	12.23	-	453.66	360.10 448.31	354.69 451.17	356.13 458.63	-
Freight transportation arrangement	7,3	11.57	11.00	12.20	12.23	_	455.00	440.51	451.17	450.03	-
Communications	48	14.19	14.17	15.02	14.90	_	557.67	552.63	596.29	587.06	_
Telephone communications	481	14.89	14.88	15.85	15.73	_	606.02	599.66	656.19	644.93	_
Radio and television broadcasting	483	13.58	13.47	14.10	13.97	_	472.58	467.41	487.86	480.57	_
Cable and other pay television services	484	10.86	10.89	11.23	11.15	_	420.28	418.18	435.72	433.74	_
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	15.89	15.96	16.34	16.48	-	657.85	660.74	679.74	683.92	_
Electric services	491	16.39	16.57	17.00	17.15	-	675.27	684.34	700.40	706.58	-
Gas production and distribution	492	15.30	15.27	15.93	15.98	-	644.13	641.34	670.65	667.96	-
Combination utility services	493	18.44	18.50	18.96	19.18	-	763.42	769.60	790.63	809.40	-
Sanitary services	495	12.03	11.92	12.05	12.09	-	499.25	497.06	509.72	507.78	-
Wholesale trade		11.36	11.34	11.61	11.62	\$11.61	433.95	433.19	440.02	440.40	\$438.86
			44.70	44.07	44.05						
Durable goods	50	11.72	11.70	11.97	11.95	-	453.56	453.96	460.85	460.08	-
Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies	501	10.40	10.39	10.57	10.53	-	394.16	392.74	409.06	406.46	-
Furniture and home furnishings	502	10.23	10.26	10.64	10.64	-	377.49	380.65	394.74	393.68	-
Lumber and other construction materials	503	10.97 13.90	10.96 13.88	11.09 14.41	11.04 14.31	-	426.73 549.05	432.92 548.26	428.07 559.11	428.35	-
Professional and commercial equipment Medical and hospital equipment	504	12.92	12.78	13.10	12.95	_	489.67	488.20	489.94	555.23	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	11.90	11.85	11.97	12.00	_	489.76	477.56	477.60	481.74 482.40	_
Electrical goods	506	12.00	11.98	12.36	12.49	_	468.00	467.22	470.92	475.87	_
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	507	11.20	11.16	11.21	11.18	_	430.08	429.66	430.46	429.31	_
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	11.59	11.59	11.84	11.83	_	454.33	454.33	462.94	462.55	_
Misc. wholesale trade durable goods	509	9.06	9.04	9.35	9.44	-	332.50	334.48	345.95	352.11	_
Wilder Wilder and Control of Control											
Nondurable goods	51	10.88	10.85	11.12	11.17	_	406.91	405.79	411.44	413.29	_
Paper and paper products	[5 11	11.32	11.34	11.58	11.69	-	421.10	421.85	420.35	419.67	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	512	12.93	12.74	13.35	13.53	-	481.00	470.11	496.62	506.02	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	513	10.69	10.68	10.89	10.99	-	394.46	395.16	397.49	401.14	-
Groceries and related products	514	11.02	11.03	11.28	11.36		418.76	419.14	426.38	430.54	-
Farm-product raw materials	515	8.18	8.16	8.28	8.30		281.39	281.52	283.18	283.03	-
Chemicals and allied products	510	13.13	13.15 10.32	13.28 10.56	13.33 10.56	-	533.08	535.21	529.87	527.87	-
Petroleum and petroleum products		10.33	12.54	12.80	12.69	-	399.77	397.32	394.94	393.89	-
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages Misc. wholesale trade nondurable goods		12.51 9.31	9.25	9.44	9.48	_	456.62 338.88	462.73 338.55	465.92 338.90	460.65 345.07	<u>-</u>
-		}					}				200 11
Retail trade	ļ	7.10	7.11	7.26	7.25	7.27	201.64	201.92	203.28	204.45	202.11
Building materials and garden supplies	52	8.34	8.36	8.60	8.61	-	296.07	296.78	304.44	303.93	-
Lumber and other building materials		8.70	8.73	8.93	8.94	-	324.51	326.50	332.20	331.67	-
Hardware stores		7.20	7.21	7.42	7.39	-	230.40	229.28	235.21	233.52	-
Retail nurseries and garden stores		7.32	7.29	7.70		-	240.83	243.49	248.71	247.54	-
General merchandise stores	53	7.14	7.15	7.26	7.29	-	198.49	202.35	201.83	201.20	-
Department stores	531	7.21	7.22	7.30		-	199.72	204.33	202.94	202.03	-
Mariahi atazaa	1533	5.87	5.89	6.33	6.44	-	159.08	160.80	170.91	173.24	-
Variety stores Misc. general merchandise stores	E20	7.41	7.41	7.59	7.59	_	214.89	215.63	215.56	216.32	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p
Retail trade—Continued											
Food stores	54	28.9	28.8	28.9	29.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grocery stores		29.0	28.9	29.0	29.2	-	-	-	_	-	-
Retail bakeries		28.4	28.3	27.8	28.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	35.8	35.8	35.8	35.8	-	_	-	_	-	_
New and used car dealers	551	37.4	37.4	37.1	37.1	-	_	-	l -	-	-
Auto and home supply stores	553	37.3	37.5	37.3	37.4	-	_	-	-	-	_
Gasoline service stations	554	32.9	32.8	33.2	33.2	-	-	-	-	_	-
Automotive dealers, nec	559	33.9	34.2	34.1	34.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Apparel and accessory stores	56	26.0	26.2	25.1	25.3	_	_	Ì -	_	_	-
Men's and boys' clothing stores	561	27.8	27.7	28.4	28.8	-	_	-	-	-	-
Women's clothing stores	562	23.5	23.7	22.3	22.7	-	_	_	l -	-	_
Family clothing stores	565	26.7	27.2	26.2	26.4	-	_	_	-	-	_
Shoe stores	566	28.3	28.5	26.2	26.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	33.0	32.8	32.4	32.6		_	_	_	-	_
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	33.1	33.1	32.7	32.8	_	_	-	-	_	_
Household appliance stores	572	34.1	33.5	32.9	33.1	_	_	_	i <u>-</u>	_	1 _
Radio, television, and computer stores	573	32.5	32.2	31.9	32.1	-		_	_ ا	_	_
Radio, television, and electronic stores		32.1	31.6	32.0	32.0	_	_		۱ -	_	-
Record and prerecorded tape stores		26.6	26.5	25.7	26.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eating and drinking places*	58	24.8	24.9	24.0	24.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	29.6	29.2	29.0	29.5	-	_	_	_	_	_
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	27.3	27,1	27.8	27.8	_	_		_	_	_
Used merchandise stores	593	32.2	32.3	32.2	31.8	_	_	l -	_	_	_
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	27.6	27.4	27.1	27.5	_	_	-	_	_	_
Nonstore retailers	596	33.7	33.9	33.4	33.4		_	_	_	_	_
Fuel dealers	598	39.9	38.6	39.2	39.2	_	_	_	_	_	_
Retail stores, nec	599	32.2	30.7	30.0	31.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate ⁵		36.4	36.2	35.7	35.7	35.6	-	-	-	-	-
Depository institutions	60	36.1	35.8	35.2	35.1	_ :	_	-	_	_	_
Commercial banks	602	36.0	35.6	35.1	34.9	_	-	_	_	-	-
Credit unions	606	36.2	36.0	35.6	35.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nondepository institutions	61	38.6	38.3	37.0	37.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Personal credit institutions	614	37.8	37.7	37.3	37.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security and commodity brokers: Security and commodity services	628	38.1	37.6	36.6	36.4	_	-	-	-	_	_
Insurance carriers	1	38.2	38.1	37.8	37.9	_	_	_	_ ا		_
Life insurance	631	37.8	37.8	37.4	37.8	_	_	l -	l -	_	_
Medical service and health insurance	632	38.7	38.5	39.0	38.7	l -	-	_	_	_	-
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	37.7	37.7	37.4	37.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services		32.5	32.5	32.1	32.3	32.3	-	-	-	-	-
Agricultural services	07	32.0	33.1	31.0	31.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hotels and other lodging places: Hotels and motels*	701	30.7	30.7	29.8	30.7	_	-	-	-	-	-
Personal services:											
	724	33.6	33.8	33.4	33.6	1 -	-	-	1 -	_	-
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	. / 2 1	00.0									
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services Beauty shops ⁴ Miscellaneous personal services	. 723	29.1	29.0	28.5	28.6	-	_	-	-	-	_

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly (earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p
Retail trade—Continued											
Food stores	54	\$7.53	\$7.56	\$7.66	\$7.67	_	\$217.62	\$217.73	\$221.37	\$223.20	-
Grocery stores	541	7.61	7.64	7.74	7.75	-	220.69	220.80	224.46	226.30	_
Retail bakeries	546	6.57	6.60	6.83	6.80	-	186.59	186.78	189.87	193.80	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	9.27	9.29	9.38	9.43	_	331.87	332.58	335.80	337.59	_
New and used car dealers	551	11.38	11.44	11.49	11.60	_	425.61	427.86	426.28	430.36	_
Auto and home supply stores	553	8.15	8.13	8.25	8.23	_	304.00	304.88	307.73	307.80	_
Gasoline service stations	554	6.53	6.51	6.59	6.55	_	214.84	213.53	218.79	217.46	_
Automotive dealers, nec	559	10.81	10.81	10.49	10.42	ľ	366.46	369.70	357.71	355.32	_
		10.01	10.01	10.45	10.42	_	300.40	303.70	337.71	333.32	_
Apparel and accessory stores	56	6.87	6.88	7.08	7.08	-	178.62	180.26	177.71	179.12	_
Men's and boys' clothing stores	.]561	8.42	8.40	8.87	8.59	-	234.08	232.68	251.91	247.39	-
Women's clothing stores	562	6.44	6.52	6.74	6.74	-	151.34	154.52	150.30	153.00	_
Family clothing stores	565	6.63	6.58	6.82	6.86	-	177.02	178.98	178.68	181.10	_
Shoe stores	566	7.17	7.19	7.24	7.27	-	202.91	204.92	189.69	189.02	_
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	9.04	9.11	9.39	9.33	_	298.32	298.81	304.24	304.16	_
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	8.78	8.87	9.19	9.13	-	290.62	293.60	300.51	299.46	_
Household appliance stores	572	9.48	9.39	9.94	9.97	_	323.27	314.57	327.03	330.01	_
		, ,	9.41			l				1	_
Radio, television, and computer stores	573	9.33		9.57	9.50		303.23	303.00	305.28	304.95	-
Radio, television, and electronic stores	5/31	8.93	9.01	9.39	9.22		286.65	284.72	300.48	295.04	-
Record and prerecorded tape stores	5735	5.80	5.87	5.78	5.76	-	154.28	155.56	148.55	154.94	-
Eating and drinking places ⁴	58	5.26	5.26	5.34	5.34	-	130.45	130.97	128.16	131.36	-
Miscellaneous retail establishments	59	7.59	7.67	7.83	7.83	_	224.66	223.96	227.07	230.99	_
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	7.45	7.52	7.78	7.90	-	203.39	203.79	216.28	219.62	-
Used merchandise stores		6.70	6.65	6.66	6.69	_	215.74	214.80	214.45	212.74	_
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		7.04	7.16	7.31	7.21	_	194.30	196.18	198.10	198.28	_
Nonstore retailers		8.27	8.30	8.24	8.39	_	278.70	281.37	275.22	280.23	_
		10.81	10.71	11.19	11.25	_	431.32	413.41	438.65	441.00	_
Fuel dealersRetail stores, nec		7.74	7.93	8.10	7.96	_	249.23	243.45	243.00	252.33	_
Finance, insurance, and real estate ⁵		10.81	10.80	11.14	11.20	\$11.20	393.48	390.96	397.70	399.84	\$398.7
•	1	0.04	0.00	0.40	0.40		005.00	000 77			
Depository institutions	. 60	9.01	8.96	9.10	9.18	ì	325.26	320.77	320.32	322.22	-
Commercial banks		8.65	8.58	8.73	8.80	-	311.40	305.45	306.42	307.12	-
Credit unions	606	8.73	8.71	8.91	8.99	-	316.03	313.56	317.20	318.25	-
Nondepository institutions	61	11.46	11.46	11.83	11.74	-	442.36	438.92	437.71	434.38	-
Personal credit institutions	614	9.93	9.95	9.79	9.84	-	375.35	375.12	365.17	368.02	-
Security and commodity brokers:					{						
Security and commodity services	628	15.15	15.11	15.63	16.05	-	577.22	568.14	572.06	584.22	-
Insurance carriers		12.19	12.22	12.84	12.85	ľ	465.66	465.58	485.35	487.02	-
Life insurance		11.13	11.13	11.80	11.82	1	420.71	420.71	441.32	446.80	_
Medical service and health insurance	632	11.67	11.74	12.45		-	451.63	451.99	485.55	484.14	_
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	13.14	13.17	13.83	13.85	-	495.38	496.51	517.24	519.38	-
Services		10.54	10.53	10.81	10.82	10.81	342.55	342.23	347.00	349.49	349.16
Agricultural services	07	8.43	8.29	8.64	8.60	-	269.76	274.40	267.84	273.48	-
Hotels and other lodging places: Hotels and motels ⁴	701	7.41	7.39	7.67	7.62	_	227.49	226.87	228.57	233.93	_
Personal services:											
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	7.11	7.12	7.27	7.26	_	238.90	240.66	242.82	243.94	1
Poorty chops4	723	7.21	7.12	7.53	7.65		209.81	214.02	1	218.79	_
Beauty shops ⁴		6.45	6.74	7.68	1	l .	170.93	165.80	214.61 125.18	185.34	_

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1987		Averag	je weekly	hours			Averag	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993
Services—Continued							}				
Business services		33.1	33.1	32.8	33.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advertising	. 731	36.6	36.7	36.5	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services:	1	}				1			1		1
Photocopying and duplicating services	7334	37.2	37.4	37.3	36.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services to buildings	. 734	28.2	28.4	28.2	28.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing	735	38.1	38.4	37.8	38.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heavy construction equipment rental	7353	38.2	39.3	37.9	39.1	-	-		-	-	-
Personnel supply services:							1		}	1	
Help supply services	7363	30.9	31.2	31.3	31.5	-	_] -	-	-	-
Computer and data processing services	. 737	38.5	38.4	37.8	38.4	-	-	-	-	_	-
Computer programming services	.\7371	38.9	38.5	38.2	38.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer integrated systems design	. 7373	40.0	39.8	37.8	38.2	-	-	-	_	-	-
Information retrieval services	7375	38.2	39.5	39.2	38.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer maintenance and repair	7378	39.4	39.1	39.0	38.9	-	_	_	-	-	_
Miscellaneous business services	. 738	33.7	33.8	33.2	33.3	- 1	-	-	- 1	-	_
Detective and armored car services	7381	33.4	33.7	33.4	33.6	-	-	-	_	_	_
Security systems services	7382	37.3	37.2	37.3	37.7	-	-	-	_	-	-
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	36.0	36.4	35.6	35.7	_	_	_	_	_	_
Automobile parking	752	33.5	34.2	33.2	33.4	_	_	i _	_	_	
Automotive repair shops	753	37.9	38.1	37.9	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	37.5	37.7	37.8	37.5	_	-	_	-	-	-
Motion pictures	78	27.3	27.1	28.8	28.5	_] _			_	_
Motion picture production and services	781	36.8	35.7	38.3	37.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	26.4	26.3	25.9	26.3	_	-	-	-	-	-
Bowling centers	. 793	25.5	25.4	24.8	24.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. amusement and recreation services	. 799	25.4	25.4	25.0	25.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Physical fitness facilities	7991	19.0	19.2	17.8	18.3	-	· -	-	-	-	-
Membership sports and recreation clubs	. 7997	28.2	28.0	27.1	27.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health services	80	32.9	32.8	32.8	32.7	-	-	-	-	- 1	_
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	.∤801	32.4	32.2	32.2	32.1	-	-	-	-	-	_
Offices and clinics of dentists	. 802	28.7	28.6	28.0	28.1	- 1	-	-	-	-	_
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners	. 804	30.3	30.0	29.6	29.4	i –	-	-	-	i -	-
Nursing and personal care facilities	. 805	32.4	32.2	32.3	31.8	-	-		-	_	_
Intermediate care facilities	8052	31.6	31.4	31.5	31.0	-	_	-	-	1 -	_
Hospitals	. 806	34.4	34.3	34.5	34.5	-	_	-	-	-	-
Home health care services	808	27.6	27.5	27.5	27.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal services	. 81	35.4	35.4	34.6	34.6	-	-	_	-	-	-
Social services:						1			İ		
Child day care services	. 835	29.9	29.7	29.3	29.7	-	-	-	-	-	
Membership organizations:						ł					
Professional organizations		35.8	35.6	34.5	34.9	-	-	-	-	-	
Engineering and management services	. 87	37.9	37.9	36.9	37.4	-	_	-	-	-	_
Engineering and architectural services	. 8/1	39.1	38.9	38.5	38.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering services	. 8711	39.3	39.1	38.7	39.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Architectural services	. 8712	38.6	38.4	38.0	38.2	- 1	-	-	_	-	-
Surveying services	. 8713	37.2	37.3	36.6	37.5	_	-	-	_	_	-
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	872	39.8	40.1	37.0	38.4	_	_	_	_	_	_
Research and testing services	873	36.8	36.9	36.4	36.4	_	· _	_	_	_	[_
Management and public relations	874	35.7	35.5	35.1	35.4		1 _	1 -	1 -	I -	1 -
Public relations services	8743	36.1	35.7	33.0	33.5	_	-	-	-	_	-
Services, nec	}	38.1	37.7	36.4	36.5						
		: 3H1	/	: ∹0.4	10.5	_					

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

	1987		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	т
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993°
Services—Continued							ļ				
Business services		\$10.04	\$10.00	\$10.06		-	\$332.32			\$333.96	-
Advertising	731	14.96	14.82	14.82	14.80	-	547.54	543.89	540.93	543.16	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic services:											
Photocopying and duplicating services	7334	9.41	9.56	9.53	9.58	-	350.05	357.54	355.47	353.50	-
Services to buildings	/34	7.24	7.26	7.28	7.24	-	204.17	206.18	205.30	204.89	-
Miscellaneous equipment rental and leasing Heavy construction equipment rental		10.31 12.81	10.28 12.94	10.63 13.66	10.64 13.70	-	392.81 489.34	394.75 508.54	401.81 517.71	406.45 535.67	
Personnel supply services:									i		
Help supply services	7363	8.54	8.45	8.46	8.41	-	263.89	263.64	264.80	264.92	_
Computer and data processing services	737	15.66	15.66	15.92	16.11	_	602.91	601.34	601.78	618.62	-
Computer programming services	7371	18.18	18.25	18.55	18.78	-	707.20	702.63	708.61	728.66	-
Computer integrated systems design	7373	16.46	16.63	16.48	16.63	-	658.40	661.87	622.94	635.27	-
Information retrieval services	7375	12.67	12.66	14.31	14.12	-	483.99	500.07	560.95	537.97	-
Computer maintenance and repair		13.68	13.78	13.73	13.65	-	538.99	538.80	535.47	530.99	
Miscellaneous business services	738	8.48	8.50	8.47	8.58	-	285.78	287.30	281.20	285.71	-
Detective and armored car services	7381	6.64	6.66	6.72	6.71	-	221.78	224.44	224.45	225.46	-
Security systems services	7382	10.07	9.99	10.64	10.61	-	375.61	371.63	396.87	400.00	-
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	9.10	9.07	9.32	9.29	_	327.60	330.15	331.79	331.65	_
Automobile parking		6.76	6.66	6.94	6.89	_	226.46	227.77	230.41	230.13	_
Automotive repair shops		9.98	10.00	10.14	10.18	-	378.24	381.00	384.31	383.79	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	10.65	10.68	10.95	10.92	-	399.38	402.64	413.91	409.50	-
Motion pictures	78	11.84	12.08	13.06	13.25	_	323.23	327.37	376.13	377.63	
Motion picture production and services	781	18.23	18.62	19.35	19.57	-	670.86	664.73	741.11	735.83	_
Amusement and recreation services	79	8.29	8.33	8.79	8.83	_	218.86	219.08	227.66	232.23	_
Bowling centers	793	6.36	6.36	6.46	6.44	_	162.18	161.54	160.21	159.07	_
Misc. amusement and recreation services	799	7.82	7.84	8.06	8.05	-	198.63	199.14	201.50	206.08	_
Physical fitness facilities		7.76	7.71	8.09	8.02	-	147.44	148.03	144.00	146.77	_
Membership sports and recreation clubs		8.08	8.03	8.21	8.17	-	227.86	224.84	222.49	227.13	-
Health services	80	11.22	11.24	11.67	11.67	_	369.14	368.67	382.78	381.61	_
Offices and clinics of medical doctors	801	11.19	11.26	11.68	11.68	_	362.56	362.57	376.10	374.93	
Offices and clinics of dentists		10.88	10.96	11.27	11.23	_	312.26	313,46	315.56	315.56	_
Offices and clinics of other health practitioners		9.88	9.92	10.16	10.20	-	299.36	297.60	300.74	299.88	_
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	7.75	7.76	8.03	8.03	_	251,10	249.87	259.37	255.35	_
Intermediate care facilities	8052	7.15	7.16	7.44	7.47	-	225.94	224.82	234.36	231.57	_
Hospitals	806	12.85	12.85	13.37	13.36	-	442.04	440.76	461.27	460.92	_
Home health care services	808	9.87	9.90	10.33	10.36	-	272.41	272.25	284.08	285.94	-
Legal services	81	15.11	15.07	15.26	15.31	_	534.89	533.48	528.00	529.73	-
Social services:		0.51			0.00						
Child day care services	835	6.54	6.50	6.64	6.63	_	195.55	193.05	194.55	196.91	•
Membership organizations: Professional organizations	862	14.15	14.07	14.61	14.61	_	506.57	500.89	504.05	509.89	
				}		_					· ·
Engineering and management services	87	14.58	14.54	14.95	14.96	-	552.58	551.07	551.66	559.50	-
Engineering and architectural services		16.15	16.13	16.21	16.30	-	631.47	627.46	624.09	634.07	-
Engineering services		16.74	16.72	16.76	16.86	-	657.88	653.75	648.61	660.91	-
Architectural services		14.92	14.91	15.02	15.09	-	575.91	572.54	570.76	576.44	-
Surveying services		10.94	11.00	11.49	11.46	-	406.97	410.30	420.53	429.75	-
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		12.80	12.83	12.84	12.90	-	509.44	514.48	475.08	495.36	-
Research and testing services	873	15.46	15.40	16.24	16.22	-	568.93	568.26	591,14	590.41	-
Management and public relations Public relations services	874 8743	13.25 13.95	13.16 13.87	13.77 13.95	13.77 14.16	_	473.03 503.60	467.18 495.16	483.33 460.35	487.46 474.36	<u>-</u>
Services, nec		15.63	15.73	15.82	15.78		595.50	593.02			_
CODUCCO DOC	189	15 63	15 /3	15.82	15 /81	_	- 5U5 5(1)	トロスハク	575.85	575.97	i .

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

° = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1991 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1991 forward are subject to revision.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

² See table C-2a for average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing.

³ Data relate to line-haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

⁴ Money payments only; tips, not included.

Excludes nonoffice commissioned real estate sales agents.

⁻ Data not available.

A Note on Average Hourly Earnings in Aircraft (SIC 3721) and Guided Missiles and Space Vehicles (SIC 3761) Manufacturing

For many years, the Bureau of Labor Statistics average hourly earning series for production workers in aircraft manufacturing (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles manufacturing (SIC 3761) have been used to escalate labor costs in contracts between aerospace companies and their customers. Although the Bureau's series by definition take account of traditional wage rate changes, they do not capture "lump-sum payments to workers in lieu of general wage increases" which were negotiated in aerospace manufacturers' collective bargaining agreements beginning in late 1983.

Because of special circumstances in the aerospace

industry, BLS has calculated average hourly earnings series for SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 which include lump-sum payments. These series, beginning in October 1983, the effective date of the first aerospace bargaining agreement using lump-sum payments, were published in the June 1988 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Current and year earlier data are presented in table C-2a along with the average hourly earnings series produced as part of the Current Employment Statistics program. An explanation of the methodology used to derive these series appears in the Explanatory Notes of this publication.

C-2a. Average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing

		Aircraft (S	SIC 3721)		Guided mi	issiles and sp	ace vehicles (SIC 3761)
Series	Jan. 1992	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Jan. 1992	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°
Average hourly earnings, excluding lump-sum payments	\$17.29	\$17.37	\$18.10	\$18.18	\$16.17	\$15.98	\$17.15	\$17.35
Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum payments	17.67	17.73	18.87	18.92	16.30	16.10	17.17	17.37

p = preliminary.

C-3. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime, of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

Industry	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Mar. 1993 ^p
Manufacturing	\$10.87	\$10.89	\$11.10	\$11.09	\$11.12
Durable goods	11.43	11.44	11.65	11.64	11.66
Lumber and wood products	8.98	8.94	9.05	9.08	(²)
Furniture and fixtures	8.60	8.61	8.84	8.83	(²)
Stone, clay, and glass products	10.88	10.92	11.12	11.12	(²)
Primary metal industries	12.76	12.78	12.98	13.02	() () () () ()
Fabricated metal products	10.89	10.89	11.03	11.03	(²)
Industrial machinery and equipment	11.78	11.79	11.99	11.99	(²)
Electronic and other electrical equipment	10.50	10.53	10.67	10.64	(²) (°)
Transportation equipment	14.39	14.41	14.74	14.75	(²)
Instruments and related products	11.39	11.45	11.74	11.73	(²)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	8.79	8.81	9.05	9.03	(²)
Nondurable goods	10.15	10.18	10.38	10.38	\$10.42
Food and kindred products	9.61	9.66	9.79	9.80	(²)
Tobacco products	15.68	16.44	15.21	15.95	Ò
Textile mill products	8.10	8.11	8.38	8.40	l Ö
Apparel and other textile products	6.70	6.71	6.88	6.87	Ò
Paper and allied products	12.22	12.26	12.46	12.49	l ò
Printing and publishing	11.22	11.25	11.45	11.41	Ò
Chemicals and allied products	13.52	13.52	13.94	13.94	00000000
Petroleum and coal products	16.77	16.71	17.14	17.26	l ඊ
Rubber and misc. plastics products	9.81	9.82	10.05	10.04	(3)
Leather and leather products	7.23	7.26	7.26	7.25	(2)

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half. $^{\rm 2}$ Not available. $^{\rm p}$ = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1991 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1991 forward are subject to revision.

C-4. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1982) dollars

		Averag	e hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993°	Feb. 1992	Mar. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993°	Mar. 1993 ^p
Total private:										
Current dollars	\$10.52 7.47	\$10.54 7.45	\$10.78 7.44	\$10.78 7.42	\$10.81 (²)	\$359.78 255.53	\$361.52 255.67	\$366.52 253.12	\$368.68 253.91	\$368.62 (²)
Mining:	}		}							
Current dollars	14.52	14.54	14.69	14.58	\$14.67	637.43	636.85	647.83	637,15	\$632.28
Constant (1982) dollars	10.31	10.28	10.15	10.04	(²)	452.72	450.39	447.40	438.81	(²)
Construction:		((ļ					
Current dollars	13.87	14.03	14.16	14.07	\$14.19	507.64	523.32	511.18	516.37	\$533.54
Constant (1982) dollars	9.85	9.92	9.78	9.69	(²)	360.54	370.10	353.02	355.63	(²)
Manufacturing:										
Current dollars	11.32	11.36	11.61	11.60	\$11.63	459.59	464.62	477.17	476.76	\$475.67
Constant (1982) dollars	8.04	8.03	8.02	7.99	(²)	326.41	328.59	329.54	328.35	(²)
Transportation and public utilities:										
Current dollars	13,47	13.38	13.61	13.61	\$13.68	517.25	511.12	529.43	532.15	\$537.62
Constant (1982) dollars	9.57	9.46	9.40	9.37	(²)	367.37	361.47	365.63	366.49	(²)
Wholesale trade:		ļ								
Current dollars	11.36	11.34	11.61	11.62	\$11.61	433.95	433.19	440.02	440.40	\$438.86
Constant (1982) dollars	8.07	8.02	8.02	8.00	(²)	308.20	306.36	303.88	303.31	(²)
Retail trade:	ĺ	1	:							
Current dollars	7.10	7.11	7.26	7.25	\$7.27	201.64	201.92	203.28	204.45	\$202.11
Constant (1982) dollars	5.04	5.03	5.01	4.99	(²)	143.21	142.80	140.39	140.81	(²)
Finance, insurance, and real estate:										
Current dollars	10.81	10.80	11.14	11.20	\$11.20	393.48	390.96	397.70	399.84	\$398.72
Constant (1982) dollars	7.68	7.64	7.69	7.71	(*)	279.46	276.49	274.65	275.37	(²)
Services:										
Current dollars	10.54	10.53	10.81	10.82	\$10.81	342.55	342.23	347.00	349.49	\$349.16
Constant (1982) dollars	7.49	7.45	7.47	7.45	(²)	243.29	242.03	239.64	240.70	(²)
Constant (1902) donars	1.45] 7.45	1	1.70	''	2-3.23	L-7L.00	200.04	2-3.70	

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1991 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1991 forward are subject to revision.

² Not available.

P = preliminary.

C-5. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

					19	92						1993	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
Total private	34.5	34.3	34.6	34.3	34.3	34.6	34.3	34.5	34.6	34.3	34.5	34.4	34.3
Mining	44.3	44.2	44.3	43.4	43.7	44.4	43.8	44.0	44.3	43.7	44.3	43.9	43.5
Construction	(²)	(5)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Manufacturing Overtime hours	41.1 3.8	41.1 3.9	41.3 4.1	41.0 3.8	41.0 3.8	41.0 3.7	40.9 3.5	41.1 3.8	41.2 3.9	41.2 3.9	41.4 4.0	41.5 4.3	41.2 3.9
Durable goods	41.6	41.5	41.9	41.5	41.6	41.6	41.2	41.6	41.8	41.8	42.0	42.2	41.9
Overtime hours	3.7	3.8	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.1
Lumber and wood products	41.0	40.6	40.8	40.1	40.8	40.5	40.3	40.7	40.9	40.4	40.5	40.9	40.2
Furniture and fixtures	40.1	40.0	40.0	39.8	40.1	39.4	39.2	39.7	40.1	39.9	40.2	40.3	39.9
Stone, clay, and glass products	42.0	42.4	42.5	42.3	42.5	42.3	42.5	42.4	42.3	42.1	42.2	42.5	42.3
Primary metal industries	43.0	43.2	43.6	43.2	43.1	43.1	42.7	42.8	43.0	43.4	43.7	44.0	43.5
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	43.5	44.0	44.1	43.8	43.8	43.9	42.4	42.8	43.1	43.6	44.0	44.6	44.4
Fabricated metal products	41.6	41.3	41.9	41.6	41.9	41.6	41.1	41.7	41.8	41.8	42.0	42.2	41.9
Industrial machinery and equipment	42.2	42.1	42.6	42.2	42.1	42.2	42.0	42.5	42.8	42.6	42.9	42.9	42.8
Electronic and other electrical equipment	41.2	41.0	41.5	41.1	41.3	41.2	41.0	41.3	41.6	41.5	41.7	41.9	41.4
Transportation equipment	42.0	41.8 43.2	42.2 43.1	41.9 42.6	41.5 42.5	42.2 42.9	40.9 41.0	41.5	41.8	42.4	42.6	42.9	42.7
Motor vehicles and equipment	42.5 41.2	40.9	43.1	42.6				41.5	42.3	43.5	43.7	44.5	44.3
Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing	40.0	39.9	40.0	40.0	41.1 40.1	41.2 39.7	41.0 39.5	41.3 40.0	41.3 40.0	41.1 39.8	41.4 39.8	40.9 39.9	41.3 39.7
Nondurable goods	40.5	40.6	40.5	40.4	40.3	40.3	40.5	40.4	40.5	40.5	40.7	40.7	40.3
Overtime hours	3.9	4.1	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.2	3.8
Food and kindred products	40.7	40.7	40.5	40.3	40.3	40.5	40.8	40.9	40.8	40.6	40.6	40.8	40.5
Tobacco products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Textile mill products	41.3	41.4	41.4	41.3	41.0	40.8	41.8	40.8	41.1	41.5	41.8	41.9	40.1
Apparel and other textile products	37.4	37.2	37.3	37.2	37.2	37.2	37.4	37.4	37.6	37.4	37.6	37.6	37.3
Paper and allied products	43.6	44.0	43.8	43.7	43.5	43.5	43.9	43.4	43.4	43.4	43.5	43.7	43.3
Printing and publishing	38.1	38.0	38.2	38.1	38.0	38.0	38.1	38.2	38.1	38.0	38.2	38.2	38.1
Chemicals and allied products	43.1	43.1	43.4	43.2	43.1	43.1	42.9	42.8	42.9	42.9	43.0	43.0	42.9
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(²)	(²)	(2)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	41.7	42.3	41.9	41.8	41.6	41.7	41.5	41.5	41.8	41.9	42.2	42.3	41.8
Leather and leather products	37.6	38.0	38.2	38.0	38.4	37.9	37.8	38.4	39.2	38.6	39.5	39.7	39.2
Transportation and public utilities	38.5	38.2	38.8	38.6	38.8	39.3	38.9	38.9	39.5	39.1	39.5	39.4	39.7
Wholesale trade	38.3	38.3	38.3	38.1	38.0	38.5	38.0	38.1	38.5	38.0	38.2	38.1	37.9
Retail trade	28.8	28.6	28.8	28.6	28.5	28.9	28.9	28.9	29.0	28.7	28.8	28.8	28.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(°)	(²)
Services	32.6	32.4	32.6	32.4	32.4	32.7	32.1	32.5	32.6	32.3	32.4	32.3	32.4

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. $\sp ^{\rho} = \sp ^{\rho}$ preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1991 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1988 forward are subject to revision.

C-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1982 = 100)

In disease					19	92						1993	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
Total private	121.0	120.7	121.7	120.8	120.8	121.7	120.5	121.4	122.1	121.3	122.0	122.5	121.9
Goods-producing	103.5	103.6	104.6	103.3	103.3	102.8	102.1	102.3	102.6	102.6	103.0	104.1	103.3
Mining	58.3	57.6	57.1	55.6	55.7	56.2	55.0	55.6	55.9	54.7	55.3	53.5	53.2
Construction	120.6	121.9	125.2	122.4	122.3	121.8	121.3	121.4	119.8	120.0	117.8	123.2	122.4
Manufacturing	102.9	102.8	103.3	102.4	102.5	101.8	101.2	101.4	102.1	102.1	103.1	103.4	102.6
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics products	99.7 122.6 115.7 101.6 87.2 75.7 101.7 90.4 100.9 114.0 129.3 82.8 100.1 107.4 111.1 72.4 100.6 94.2 109.9 123.6 100.0 86.3 127.6	99.2 121.4 116.0 103.3 87.6 76.6 101.1 90.5 112.6 131.0 81.3 99.9 107.8 112.1 72.7 100.6 93.6 111.3 123.5 99.8 84.8 84.8 84.8 84.8 84.8 84.8 84.8	100.1 121.7 116.0 103.8 88.1 76.4 102.6 92.1 101.6 112.2 128.6 82.3 100.5 107.8 111.5 70.0 100.3 94.3 111.3 124.1 100.7 86.5 128.8	99.0 118.8 115.8 103.3 87.1 75.5 101.4 91.0 100.5 111.2 126.9 81.5 99.8 107.2 110.6 71.4 99.9 93.5 110.6 123.5 100.1 82.2 129.3	99.0 120.9 117.3 103.6 86.9 75.1 101.9 90.4 100.6 109.9 127.6 81.3 100.8 107.4 111.6 71.2 99.3 94.7 110.1 123.3 99.1 123.8	98.4 119.6 113.3 102.8 86.7 74.9 101.2 90.4 10.9 128.2 80.7 97.5 106.6 111.0 75.5 98.0 92.6 109.7 123.2 99.1 83.3 128.2	97.2 119.2 111.9 103.3 85.6 72.7 99.6 90.3 99.3 106.0 120.1 79.9 97.4 106.8 110.7 69.3 100.7 92.5 111.5 123.6 98.1 82.1 127.0	97.9 121.7 113.6 102.6 85.5 72.6 100.5 90.9 90.9 106.7 121.8 80.3 98.2 106.2 111.1 68.1 97.1 92.2 109.6 123.5 98.1 84.6 126.8	98.8 123.6 114.4 102.3 85.7 72.7 101.2 92.0 101.1 127.8 79.6 98.6 106.6 111.4 64.8 98.5 79.4 123.2 98.0 98.4	98.8 122.5 114.5 102.1 86.5 72.8 100.9 91.5 100.9 91.0 132.5 78.9 98.1 106.7 110.9 72.2 99.8 109.2 123.2 98.1 83.0 129.2	100.0 122.6 115.7 101.8 87.3 73.5 102.5 92.3 101.2 115.1 143.2 79.5 97.4 107.4 111.6 71.2 100.2 93.0 109.7 123.5 98.5 86.1 131.1	100.4 125.5 116.6 104.3 88.1 74.5 103.2 92.3 102.3 113.0 139.6 78.7 98.4 107.8 112.3 68.3 100.6 92.9 110.2 124.0 98.4 84.2 132.3	99.5 123.1 115.4 102.8 87.2 74.1 102.3 92.0 101.5 111.6 137.5 79.3 98.3 106.8 111.5 65.0 96.0 92.4 109.4 123.6 98.7 86.3 131.5
Leather and leather products	57.8	59.0	58.7	57.8	59.6	57.6	57.5	58.4	59.6	57.5	58.2	59.2	59.0
Service-producing Transportation and public utilities	128.9 112.9	128.4	129.4	128.7 113.2	128.7 113.7	130.2	128.8	130.0	130.8	129.6	130.6 116.6	130.7	130.2
Wholesale trade	112.8	112.9	113.0	112.4	111.8	113.1	111.6	112.2	113.6	112.0	113.1	113.1	112.5
Retail trade	119.1	118.8	119.6	118.8	118.4	119.6	119.7	119.7	120.1	119.2	120.1	121.0	118.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate	120.5	118.3	119.0	118.4	117.6	120.6	118.2	119.7	121.4	118.9	119.8	119.1	119.0
Services	147.9	147.6	149.0	148.3	148.7	150.3	147.8	150.3	150.8	149.8	150.5	150.5	151.1

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1991 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1988 forward are subject to revision.

C-7. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonfarm payrolls, seasonally adjusted

					19	92						1993	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
						Average	hourly e	earnings					
Total private (in current dollars)	\$10.55	\$10.52	\$10.56	\$10.58	\$10.58	\$10.66	\$10.63	\$10.65	\$10.71	\$10.69	\$10.73	\$10.75	\$10.80
Mining	14.50	14.46	14.49	14.52	14.50	14.55	14.54	14.59	14.67	14.46	14.54	14.49	14.6
Construction	14.06	14.03	14.09	14.20			14.07	14.15		14.16	14.12	14.14	14.22
Manufacturing	11.37	11.42	11.44	11.44	11.45		11.51	11.51	11.54	11.57	11.60	11.63	11.6
Excluding overtime ²	10.87	10.93	10.92	10.93	10.95		11.03		11.02	11.04	11.09	11.08	11.10
Transportation and public utilities	13.41	13.43	13.44	13.47	13.43		13.56			13.57	13.58	13.56	13.7
Wholesale trade	11.35	11.29	11.37	11.38	11.38		11.44	11.48	11.53	11.47	11.59	11.59	11.6
Retail trade	7.12	7.09	7.12	7.11	7.14	7.16	7.18	7.18	7.19	7.20	7.22	7.24	7.20
Finance, insurance, and real estate	10.78	10.68	10.76	10.76	10.76			10.92	11.09	11.00	11.10	11.11	11.10
Services	10.50	10.46	10.49	10.53	10.53	10.61	10.59	10.61	10.68	10.66	10.73	10.74	10.77
Total private (in constant dollars) ³	7.46	7.41	7.43	7.43	7.41	7.45	7.42	7.40	7.43	7.40	7.40	7.39	(4)
					· -	Average	weekly	earnings					<u> </u>
											·		
Total private: In current dollars	363.98 257.23	360.84 254.29	365.38 257.13	362.89 254.84				367.43 255.34			370.19 255.30		1 .

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time

Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1991 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1988 forward are subject to

and one-half.

3 The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical

Not available.

^p = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	rnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
Alabama	40.8	40.9	40.7	\$9.84	\$10.19	\$10.21	\$401.47	\$416.77	\$415.55
Birmingham	40.6	41.8	41.3	10.31	10.62	10.87	418.59	443.92	448.93
Mobile	42.5	42.4	42.7	11.90	12.50	12.53	505.75	530.00	535.03
Alaska	58.2	35.9	53.9	9.22	10.85	9.37	536.60	382.34	505.04
Arizona	40.8	40.1	40.3	10.96	11.06	11.00	447.17	443.51	443.30
Arkansas	40.8	41.8	41.1	8.92	9.18	9.19	363.94	383.72	377.71
Fayetteville-Springdale	41.3	41.4	41.0	8.27	8.40	8.32	341.55	347.76	341.12
Fort Smith	38.9	40.4	40.6	9.18	9.63	9.58	357.10	389.05	388.95
Little Rock-North Little Rock	40.2	42.1	41.0	9.54	9.81	9.77	383.51	413.00	400.57
Pine Bluff	42.9	42.2	42.7	10.26	10.35	10.56	440.15	436.77	450.91
alifornia	40.2	40.3	40.4	12.09	12.24	12.21	486.02	493.27	493.28
Anaheim-Santa Ana	40.1	40.6	40.3	12.06	12.25	12.31	483.61	497.35	496.09
Bakersfield	40.1	39.5	38.8	12.95	12.54	12.58	519.30	495.33	488.10
Fresno	39.7	39.5	38.9	10.14	10.19	10.16	402.56	402.51	395.22
Los Angeles-Long Beach	40.9	41.3 39.4	41.4	11.29	11.40	11.37	461.76	470.82	470.72
Modesto	39.1		40.1	11.67	11.96	11.91	456.30	471.22	477.59
Oakland	40.4 40.9	39.9 40.5	42.8 41.1	14.21 11.50	14.32 11.64	13.63 11.31	574.08	571.37	583.36
Oxnard-Ventura	39.4	40.5 39.4	40.0	10.93	11.38	11.26	470.35 430.64	471.42 448.37	464.84 450.40
Riverside-San Bernardino	38.7	39.2	39.4	12.64	12.82	12.78	489.17	502.54	503.53
Sacramento Salinas-Seaside-Monterey Salinas-Se	38.8	38.2	38.0	11.95	12.40	12.42	463.66	473.68	471.96
San Diego	39.5	39.6	39.9	12.21	12.55	12.56	482.30	496.98	501.14
San Francisco	39.9	39.7	39.5	13,29	13.23	13.25	530.27	525.23	523.38
San Jose	40,2	41.2	40.9	14.72	14.84	14.95	591.74	611.41	611.46
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	40.2	40.9	41.2	12.26	12.88	12.92	492.85	526.79	532.30
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	38.1	39.7	39.2	12.01	13.37	13.29	457.58	530.79	520.97
Stockton	40.8	41.4	41.2	11.70	12.15	12.10	477.36	503.01	498.52
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	39.9	38.7	41.5	13.77	14.21	14.15	549.42	549.93	587.23
colorado	39.8 40.5	41.3 41.3	41.1 41.3	11.30 12.51	11.63 12.83	11.64 12.67	449.74 506.66	480.32 529.88	478.40 523.27
Connecticut	41.9	42,1	41.5	12.37	12.72	12.77	518.30	535.51	529.96
Bridgeport-Milford	42.8	42.8	42.5	13.00	13.42	13.19	556.40	574.38	560.58
Hartford	42.0	42.0	40.3	12.97	13.66	14.17	544.74	573.72	571.05
New Britain	42.7	42.5	42.4	12.83	13.25	13.03	547.84	563.13	552.47
New Haven-Meriden	42.1	40.3	39.9	11.95	12.61	12.47	503.10	508.18	497.55
Starnford	41.6	40.3	41.7	12.28	10.82	10.96	510.85	436.05	457.03
Waterbury	43.1	44.1	43.5	11.25	11.50	11.51	484.88	507.15	500.69
Delaware	40.3	39.9	40.3 41.6	12.43	12.84	12.88	500.93	512.32	519.06
Wilmington	40.7	40.8	41.0	14.63	15.15	15.17	595.44	618.12	631.07
District of Columbia: Washington MSA	37.6	38.8	38.9	13.64	14.04	14.12	512.88	544.75	549.27
Florida	40.8	41.1	41.4	9.49	9.74	9.68	387.19	400.31	400.75
Georgia	41.1	41.2	41.4	9.66	10.01	10.01	397.03	412.41	414.41
Atlanta	40.7	40.7	40.8	11.03	11.21	11.33	448.92	456.25	462.26
Savannah	45.5	45.0	44.4	12.51	13.30	13.41	569.21	598.50	595.40
lawali	39.7	39.3	38.3	11.57	11.94	11.90	459.33	469.24	455.77
Honolulu	39.5	38.4	38.7	12,14	12.40	12.35	479.53	476.16	477.95
daho	39.4	39.0	38.8	11.37	11.81	11.81	447.98	460.59	458.23
llinois	40.6	41.4	41.3	11.70	12.00	12.01	475.02	496.80	496.01
Aurora-Elgin	39.8	41.6	41.2	11.20	11.70	11.61	445.76	486.72	478.33
Bloomington-Normal	39.9	41.2	41.1	14.12	15.42	15.47	563.39	635.30	635.8
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	40.3	40.7	40.9	10.36	10.59	10.63	417.51	431.01	434.7
Chicago	40.4	40.9	40.7	11.54	11.76	11.77	466.22	480.98	479.0
Consent Deals Island Malino	40.6	40.9	40.7	14.08	14.04	14.01	571.65	574.24	570.2
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	40.6	41.5 41.3	41.5	14.53	14.77	14.87	589.92	612.96	617.1
Decatur		. 413	41.0	13.74	13.68	13.70	555.10	564.98	561.7
Decatur	40.4		444	11 70	1004	1004	477.00	E04 04	E00.0
Decatur Joliet Kankakee	40.7	41.0	41.1	11.72	12.24	12.24	477.00	501.84	
Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County	40.7 39.8	41.0 40.2	40.3	11.67	11.68	11.77	464.47	469.54	474.3
Decatur	40.7	41.0							503.0 474.3 631.0 546.3

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

		ige weekly		Averag	e hourly ea	iiiningo	AVOIS	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb 1993
	41.2	41.9	42.0	\$12.67	\$12.91	£1007	# E00.00	#E40.00	0540
ndiana	l					\$12.87	\$522.00	\$540.93	\$540.
Anderson		38.8	39.2	16.75	17.95	18.29	678.38	696.46	716.
Bloomington		39.9	39.6	11.80	12.13	12.09	456.66	483.99	478.
Elkhart-Goshen		38.8	39.1	10.09	10.45	10.64	396.54	405.46	416.
Evansville	41.7	42.1	43.6	12.86	12.94	12.88	536.26	544.77	561.
		41.8	39.7	13.41	13.58	13.54	547.13	567.64	537.
Fort Wayne		44.3	43.9	16.69	16.79				
Gary-Hammond						16.22	702.65	743.80	712.
ndianapolis		42.5	42.6	13.33	13.43	13.45	551.86	570.78	572.
Kokomo	. 38.1	40.1	40.1	17.08	17.07	17.04	650.75	684.51	683.
Lafayette-West Lafayette	42.2	42.1	38.5	13.12	13.92	13.26	553.66	586.03	510.
Muncie		43.3	43.3	13.55	14.04	14.34	601.62	607.93	620.
South Bend-Mishawaka		39.8	41.0	11.73	11.79	11.54	502.04	469.24	473.
Ferre Haute		45.5	45.2	11.65	12.36	12.27	504.45	562.38	554.
wa	40.8	40.8	40.9	11.76	12.06	12.05	479.81	492.05	492.
Cedar Rapids		42.0	41.4	14.23	14.52	14.39	542.16	609.84	595.
		40.0	41.4	12.94	12.51	12.54	525.36	500.40	519.
Des Moines									
Oubuque		40.6	40.1	12.58	12.45	12.54	501.94	505.47	502.
Sioux City	. 40.2	40.4	39.4	9.63	10.03	9.75	387.13	405.21	384
nsas	. 40.9	41.0	41.2	11.43	11.98	11.98	467.49	491.18	493
Topeka	1	42.1	41.7	13.51	14.05	13.92	567.42	591.51	580
Vichita		41.4	41.4	13.36	13.92	13.95	543.75	576.29	577
ntucky	40.2	40.4	40.1	11.14	11.40	11.39	447.83	480.56	456
		41.5	40.7	12.02	12.36	12.26	496.43	512.94	498
exington-Fayetteouisville		40.7	40.7	12.73	13.05	13.11	521.93	531.14	534
	. 42.4	42.2	42.5	11.00	12.46	10.45	E0E 41	E0E 04	
uisiana				11.92		12.45	505.41	525.81	529
Baton Rouge		43.8	44.2	14.24	14.66	14.33	647.92	642.11	633.
New Orleans		41.5	42.1	11.49	12.31	12.36	463.05	510.87	520.
Shreveport	. 40.0	39.7	41.6	11.87	13.77	13.53	474.80	546.67	562.
aine	. 39.9	40.0	40.0	11.31	11.51	11.55	451.27	460.40	462
_ewiston-Auburn	. 40.3	38.2	38.5	9.52	9.93	9.69	383.66	379.33	373.
Portland	. 38.6	38.6	38.0	10.50	10.39	10.56	405.30	401.05	401.
arvland	. 40.3	40.9	40.5	12.39	12.76	12.75	499.32	521.88	516.
Baltimore MSA		41.2	41.0	13.04	13.38	13.37	534.64	551.26	548.
assachusetts	. 40.9	41.0	41.1	11.94	12.30	12.29	488.35	504.30	505.
Boston	. 40.6	40.6	40.7	12.85	13.23	13.19	521.71	537.14	536.
Springfield		39.7	39.4	11.63	11.90	11.98	474.50	472.43	472.
Vorcester		41.8	41.8	11.45	11.57	11.51	474.03	483.63	481
al Vana	410	41.0	41.9	1456	15.01	15.05	600.64	607.40	
chigan		41.8		14.56	15.01	15.05	608.61	627.42	630
Ann Arbor		41.4	41.4	16.12	16.07	16.35	644.80	665.30	676.
Battle Creek		42.6	41.4	15.41	16,91	16.77	664.17	720.37	694.
Detroit	42.6	43.2	43.3	15.64	16.10	16.17	666.26	695.52	700.
Flint		39.7	40.5	18.37	18.98	19.07	767.87	753.51	772.
Grand Rapids		41.4	41.2	12.34	12.38	12.45	496.07	512.53	512
lackson		41.4	42.5	10.81	10.84	11.02	460.51	448.78	468
		43.4	43.5						
(alamazoo	1 '			14.21	14.95	14.80	588.29	648.83	643
ansing-East Lansing		39.9	41.2	17.14	16.49	15.51	713.02	657.95	639
Auskegon		40.5 42.3	40.6 42.6	12.53 16.23	12.63 17.37	12.45 17.32	502.45 683.28	511.51 734.75	505 737
- , ,	1								ł
nnesota		40.8	41.0	11.82	12.14	12.12	477.53	495.31	496
Ouluth		41.7	40.6	11.61	11.88	11.78	469.04	487.06	478
linneapolis-St. Paul		40.7	41.0	12.47	12.68	12.89	511.27	524.22	528
t. Cloud	39.6	39.6	40.2	10.48	10.67	10.71	415.01	422.53	430
ssissippi		40.4	40.4	8.78	9.03	9.05	348.57	364.81	365
ackson		38.7	38.5	9.42	9.57	9.66	356.08	370.36	371
ssouri	. 40.1	40.9	41.0	11.11	11.29	11.29	445.51	461.76	462
(ansas City		41.0	41.2	12.81	13.24	13.26	526.49	542.84	546
St. Louis	1	42.1	41.9	13.40	13.58	13.67	554.76	571.72	572
Springfield		39.7	38.4	9.96	9.97	9.95	394.42	395.81	382
Pringing in									1

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ege weekly	nours	Averag	e hourly ea	ırnıngs	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Fet 1993
de la constante de la constant	40.2	42.3	41.5	\$10,14	\$10.27	\$10.64	\$407.63	6404.40	
ebraska								\$434.42	\$441.
Lincoln		40.1	41.1	11.31	11.79	11.51	446.75	472.78	473.
Omaha	41.4	42.3	41.6	10.84	10.57	10.48	448.78	447.11	435.
evada		40.6	40.4	11.40	11.52	11.51	462.84	467.71	465.
Las Vegas	40.2	42.4	42.2	12.88	12.66	12.51	517.78	536.78	527.
ew Hampshire		42.7	41.8	10.98	11.45	11.49	458.96	488.92	480.
Manchester	41.2	42.1	42.1	10.91	11.20	11.18	449.49	471.52	470.
Nashua	42.2	47.2	43.3	13.24	14.61	14.66	558.73	689.59	634.
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester		41.5	42.0	10.89	11.10	11.40	446.49	460.65	478.
ew Jersey	41.5	41.3	41.1	12.47	12.84	12.80	517.51	530.29	526.
ew Mexico	39.5	38.8	40.4	9.59	9.84	9.79	378.81	381.79	395.
Albuquerque		39.5	40.6	9.85	10.07	10.00	392.03	397.77	406
ew York	39.6	40.6	40.5	11.63	11.87	11.91	460.55	481.92	482.
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		40.4	41.2	12.59	13.17	13.27	516.19	532.07	546
Binghamton		41.7	40.9	9.69	9.80	9.86	380.82	408.66	403
Suffalo		43.6	44.5	13.65	14.19	14.23	558.29	618.68	633
		42.1	42.0	10.70	11.10	11.07	435.49		
Elmira		40.1	40.1	11.99	11.53			467.31	464 459
lassau-Suffolk	l					11.45	474.80	462.35	
New York PMSA		38.4	38.0	10.59	10.67	10.61	392.89	409.73	403
lew York City		38.1	37.7	10.47	10.31	10.26	384.25	392.81	386
liagara Falls		40.9	40.6	14.74	15.28	15.16	608.76	624.95	615
Orange County		41.1	39.1	10.04	10.26	10.37	401.60	421.69	405
Poughkeepsie	39.5	41.6	40.2	11.33	10.79	10.80	447.54	448.86	434
lochester		41.7	41.7	13.53	13.74	13.78	560.14	572.96	574
Rockland County		44.0	42.9	13.80	13.71	13.92	616.86	603.24	597
yracuse		41.8	41.7	12.82	13.40	13.34	520.49	560.12	556
Jtica-Rome		40.7	41.3	10.93	11.07	11.03	441.57	450.55	455
Vestchester County		38.8	40.0	11.21	12.46	12.15	438.31	483.45	486
orth Carolina	40.0	40.8	40.6	9.36	9,72	9.73	374.40	396.58	395
Asheville	_	40.9	40.4	9.40	9.80	9.78	380.70	400.82	395
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		41.2	40.7	10.00	10.38	10.39	402.00	427.66	422
Preensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		40.3	39.5	10.07	10.50	10.33	395.75	423.15	
Raleigh-Durham		41.1	41.4	10.20	10.74	10.70	427.38	441.41	411
		40.9	41.0	9.53	9.96	9.99	385.97	407.36	400
orth Dakota		40.9	39.8	8.92	9.31	9.22	341.64	372.40	409 366
•		40.7	40.7	40.05	40.00	10.04	550.50	500.54	500
nio		42.7	42.7	13.25	13.83	13.84	552.53	590.54	590
Akron		42.7	41.9	12,15	12.59	12.57	511.52	537.59	526
Canton		41.7	41.6	11.48	12.22	12.15	469.53	509.57	505
Cincinnati		41.9	41.4	12.64	12.87	12.87	524.56	539.25	532
Cleveland		42.9	43.0	12.63	13.14	13.17	521.62	563.71	566
Columbus	41.5	42.2	42.1	13.12	13.55	13.54	544.48	571.81	570
Dayton-Springfield	41.5	43.0	42.9	14.29	15.09	15.11	593.04	648.87	648
Toledo		43.3	43.8	14.56	15.08	15.11	614.43	652.96	66
/oungstown-Warren		42.5	42.7	15.43	16.36	16.43	640.35	695.30	70
(lahoma	40.8	41.2	41.1	10.99	11.44	11.40	448.39	471.33	468
Oklahoma City		43.1	42.7	11.58	11.99	12.13	470.15	516.77	517
Tulsa		41.7	41.3	11.71	12.14	12.08	490.65	506.24	498
egon	40.0	39.0	39.7	11.94	12.19	12.22	477.60	475.41	489
ugene-Springfield		38.2	40.6	12.04	12.06	12.23	486.42	460.69	490
Medford		40.6	41.3	11.28	11.46	11.53	472.63	465.28	476
Portland		39.7	40.0	12.28	12.51	12.40	487.52	496.65	496
Salem		36.4	37.4	10.43	10.64	10.82	392.17	387.30	404
	40.4	41.3	40.7	11.67	12.02	12.02	471.47	496.43	489
onnsytvania			39.6	1					
Allentown-Bethlehem		40.9		11.54	12.00	11.92	459.29	490.80	473
Altoona		40.0	40.2	9.82	10.20	10.12	388.87	408.00	400
Beaver County		45.2	45.8	11.73	11.85	11.80	538.41	535.62	540
Erie		43.8	43.6	12.18	12.59	12.64	520.09	551.44	55
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		40.1	39.8	11.00	11.55	11.54	424.60	463.16	45
Johnstown		39.8	39.6	8.98	9.00	9.12	350.22	358.20	36

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

		age weekly	Hours	Averag	ge hourly ea	arnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
ennsylvania-Continued									
Lancaster	40.3	41.2	40.2	\$11.62	\$11.73	\$11.71	\$468.29	\$483.28	\$470.74
Philadelphia PMSA	40.0	40.7	40.6	12.85	13.21	13.35	514.00	537.65	542.0
Pittsburgh	41.1	41.7	41.1	12.22	12.67	12.61	502.24	528.34	518.2
Reading	40.7	41.5	40.9	12.20	12.45	12.42	496.54	516.68	507.98
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	39.3	40.0	39.4	10.25	10.74	10.66	402.83	429.60	420.00
Sharon	41.8	43.3	42.9	12.54	12.36	12.24	524.17	535.19	525.10
State College	39.2	39.5	39.4	10.30	10.44	10.53	403.76	412.38	414.88
Williamsport	40.0	40.2	39.7	10.37	10.42	10.26	414.80	418.88	407.32
York	40.3	41.6	41.1	11.30	11.65	11.71	455.39	484.64	481.28
thode Island	39.6	39.4	39.9	9.72	10.07	10.03	384.91	396.76	400.20
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	40.1	40.0	41.1	9.19	9.55	9.52	368.52	382.00	391.27
Providence	39.5	38.7	39.5	10.00	10.41	10.40	395.00	402.87	410.80
outh Carolina	41.5	41.8	41.5	9.36	9.66	9.69	388.44	403.79	402.14
outh Dakota	41.1	40.8	40.3	8.73	8.89	8.97	358.80	362.71	361,49
Rapid City	41.5	39.6	39.4	9.26	8.95	9.16	384.29	354.42	360.90
Sioux Falls	41.4	39.9	39.2	9.10	9.14	9.05	376.74	364.69	354.76
ennessee	40.0	40.7	40.5	10.02	10.22	10.27	400.80	415.95	415.94
Chattanooga	41.5	42.2	42.6	9.37	9.58	9.75	388.86	404.28	415.35
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	38.3	38.2	38.1	9.86	10.50	10.68	377.64	401.10	406.9
Knoxville	39.9	39.5	39.7	10.29	10.27	10.14	410.57	405.67	402.5
Memphis	41.6	40.7	40.5	10.42	10.69	10.65	433.47	435.08	431.3
Nashville	39.7	40.7	40.5	11.07	11.23	11.29	439.48	457.06	457.2
exas	42.1	42.7	42.5	10.88	11.03	11.06	458.05	470.98	470.0
Dallas	41.3	42.3	41,6	10.53	10.78	10.76	434.89	455.99	447.6
Ft. Worth-Arlington	41.2	42.2	41.8	11.86	11.75	11.96	488.63	495.85	499.9
Houston	44.2	44.6	44.8	12.94	13.45	13.34	571.95	599.87	597.6
San Antonio	41.5	42.2	42.7	8.20	8.49	8.49	340.30	358.28	362.5
ltah	40.1	38.1	39.4	11.11	10.92	11.38	445.51	416.05	448.3
Salt Lake City-Ogden	40.1	39.0	40.3	11.16	11.44	11.49	447.52	446.16	463.0
/ermont	40.8 40.4	41.2 41.8	40.7 42.3	11.39 11.79	11.85 11.96	11.81 11.90	464.71 476.32	488.22 499.93	480.67 503.37
/irginia	40.0	41.0	40.7	10.52	10.79	10.81	420.80	442.39	439.9
Bristol	41.1	39.4	38.9	8.92	9.12	9.53	366.61	359.33	370.7
Charlottesville	39.4	40.1	39.1	9.32	9.63	9.80	367.21	386.16	383.1
Danville	41.8	42.1	42.0	10.15	10.80	10.78	424.27	454.68	452.7
Lynchburg	39.1	42.5	42.5	10.17	10.78	10.85	397.65	458.15	461.1
	38.5	40.8	41.3	12.39	13.69	13.71	477.02	558.55	566.2
Northern Virginia	40.9	41.6	42.1	13.58	13.51	13.61	555.42	562.02	572.9
Roanoke	41.3	42.2	42.1	12.73	12.47	12.44	525.75	526.23	523.7
Vashington	40.1	39.8	40.3	13.57	14.00	13.99	544.16	557.20	563.8
Nest Virginia	40.6	40.8	40.7	12.04	12.03	12.17	488.82	490.82	405.2
Vest Virginia	42.8	42.6	43.2	14.79	14.52	15.22	488.82 633.01	618.55	495.3 657.5
Huntington-Ashland	41.3	39.9	40.0	13.40	13.61	13.71	553.42	543.04	548.4
Parkersburg-Marietta	41.2	41.9	40.6	14.21	14.79	14.49	585.45	619.70	548.4
Wheeling	38.3	40.6	39.8	14.04	13.69	13.64	537.73	555.81	542.8
/isconsin	41.5	41.6	41.9	11.78	12.12	12.06	488.87	504.19	505.3
Appleton-Oshkosh	42.2	43.3	43.2	12.57	12.99	12.85	530.45	562.47	555.1
Eau Claire	46.2	40.7	40.5	12.65	12.21	12.02	584.43	496.95	486.8
Green Bay	42.3	41.3	40.7	12.81	12.54	12.51	541.86	517.90	509.1
Janesville-Beloit	44.1	43.4	43.7	14.78	15.73	15.69	651.80	682.68	685.6
Kenosha	39.6	40.2	41.2	11.90	12.59	12.56	471.24	506.12	517.4
La Crosse	40.9	39.5	39.5	10.37	10.19	10.47	424.13	402.51	413.
Madison	40.8	41.3	41.0	11.04	11.08	10.47	450.43	457.60	449.
Milwaukee	41.3	41.6	41.9	12.72	13.19	13.04	525.34	548.70	546.
Racine	40.8	41.0	41.5	12.34	11.80	12.25	503.47	483.80	508.3
Sheboygan	41.8	40.4	40.5	11.60	12.04	12.05	484.88	486.42	488.
Wausau	41.7	41.0	41.2	11.19	11.53	11.41	466.62	472.73	470.0
/yoming	39.2	37.5	38.7	11.05	11.36	11.24	433.16	426.00	434.9
	39.3	39.8	39.8	6.50	6.87	6.84	255.45	273.43	272.2
uerto Rico									

¹ Not available.

publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1992 benchmarks.

 ${\sf P}={\sf preliminary}.$ NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

PRODUCTIVITY DATA **SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-9. Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments by major industry, seasonally adjusted

	Million	s of hours (annual	rate) ¹		Percent change	
Industry	Jan. 1993'	Feb. 1993'	Mar. 1993°	Mar. 1992 to Mar. 1993 ^o	Jan. 1993 to Feb. 1993'	Feb. 1993 to Mar. 1993
Total	201,404	202,393	201,420	0.4	0.5	-0.5
Private sector	163,869	164,595	163,740	.2	.4	5
Mining	1,431	1,380	1,375	-8.3	-3.6	4
Construction	8,843	9,192	9,147	.8	4.0	5
Manufacturing	38,732	38,849	38,608	9	.3	6
Durable goods	22,189	22,258	22,120	-1.1	.3	6
Nondurable goods	16,543	16,590	16,487	5	.3	6
Transportation and public utilities	11,839	11,850	11,908	3.2	.1	.5
Wholesale trade	11,908	11,895	11,837	9	1	5
Retail trade	28,794	28,998	28,384	7	.7	-2.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	12,432	12,349	12,385	-1.9	7	.3
Services	49,889	50,082	50,097	1,9	.4	.0
Government	37,535	37,799	37,680	1.1	.7	3

¹ Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52.

preliminary.
revised.

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees-production workers,

nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers—and are based largely on establishment data. See *BLS Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 2285, chapter 10, Productivity Measures: Business Sector and Major Subsectors. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202-606-5606).

C-10. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

(1982 = 100)

	Annual	average				r	Qu 	arterly in	dex				
Item	1991	1992		1990			19	91			19	92	
	1991	1992	11	111	IV	1	11	111	IV	1	- 11	111	IV
Business sector									!				
Output per hour of all persons		113.3	110.2	109.8	109.7	109.3	109.8	110.3	111.2	112.3	112.6	113.5	114.
Output		132.8	133.7	132.5	131.3	129.2	129.5	130.0	130.6	131.4	131.9	133.0	135.
Hours		117.2	121.4	120.7	119.8	118.1	117.9	117.8	117.5	117.0	117.2	117.2	117.
Compensation per hour		152.1	138.9	141.0	142.9	144.1	146.1	147.5	148.8	150.3	151.0	152.7	154.
Real compensation per hour		104.6	103.5	103.4	103.1	103.0	103.9	104.2	104.3	104.4	104.1	104.6	104
Unit labor costs		134.2	126.0	128.4	130.3	131.8	133.1	133.7	133.8	133.8	134.1	134.5	134
Unit nonlabor payments		149.1	140.0	139.1	139.5	141.2	141.8	142.8	144.3	147.0	148.9	147.9	152
mplicit price deflator	136.2	139.1	130.6	131.9	133.3	134.9	136.0	136.7	137.3	138.2	139.0	138.9	140
Nonfarm business sector													
Output per hour of all persons		111.7	108.6	108.1	108.1	107.9	108.4	108.9	109.6	110.6	111.1	111.8	113
Output		132.9	134.0	132.7	131.5	129.4	129.7	130.2	130.7	131.5	132.0	133.2	135
Hours	119.6	119.0	123.4	122.8	121.6	119.9	119.7	119.6	119.3	118.9	118.9	119.1	119
Compensation per hour		150.8	137.5	139.6	141.6	143.0	145.0	146.4	147.5	148.9	149.8	151.4	153
Real compensation per hour		103.7	102.5	102.4	102.2	102.2	103.1	103.4	103.4	103.5	103.3	103.7	104
Unit labor costs	133.8	135.0	126.6	129.1	131.0	132.5	133.8	134.4	134.6	134.6	134.9	135.3	135.
Unit nonlabor payments		150.6	140.4	139.6	140.6	142.5	142.6	144.0	145.9	148.4	150.6	149.4	153
Implicit price deflator	137.0	140.0	131.1	132.5	134.1	135.7	136.6	137.5	138.3	139.1	139.9	139.9	141.
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons	128.1	131.9	124.8	127.2	127.0	126.1	127.5	129.4	129.7	129.4	131.0	132.7	134.
Output	131.9	134.6	135.4	136.6	133.9	130.3	131.0	133.2	133.3	132.6	134.4	135.0	136
Hours	1	102.0	108.5	107.4	105.4	103.3	102.8	103.0	102.8	102.5	102.6	101.7	101.
Compensation per hour		144.1	133.0	134.6	136.8	138.5	140.2	141.3	142.8	142.0	143.1	144.6	146.
Real compensation per hour		99.1	99.2	98.7	98.7	99.0	99.7	99.8	100.1	98.7	98.7	99.0	99.
Unit labor costs		109.3	106.6	105.8	107.7	109.9	110.0	109.2	110.1	109.8	109.2	108.9	109.
Durable goods													
Output per hour of all persons	137.5	141.6	134.5	137.9	136.8	135.4	136.8	138.8	139.2	138.0	140.9	142.8	144.
Output		140.7	145.7	147.3	142.6	137.6	138.3	140.2	139.7	138.2	140.6	141.1	142.
Hours		99.3	108.3	106.8	104.2	101.6	101.1	101.0	100.3	100.2	99.8	98.8	98
Compensation per hour		141.7	131.0	132.6	134.9	136.5	137.9	139.0	140.9	139.3	140.4	141.8	144.
Real compensation per hour	98.1	97.4	97.7	97.3	97.3	97.5	98.1	98.2	98.7	96.8	96.8	97.1	98.
Unit labor costs	100.8	100.0	97.4	96.2	98.6	100.8	100.9	100.1	101.3	100.9	99.7	99.3	100
Nondurable goods													
Output per hour of all persons	116.8	120.2	113.2	114.4	115.2	114.8	116.2	118.0	118.2	118.9	119.2	120.6	121
Output	123.5	127.3	123.1	123.7	123.5	121.4	122.1	124.9	125.6	125.7	126.9	127.8	128
Hours	105.8	105.9	108.8	108.2	107.2	105.7	105.1	105.9	106.3	105.8	106.5	105.9	105.
Compensation per hour	144.9	149.2	136.4	138.1	140.4	142.6	144.5	145.7	146.8	147.2	148.5	150.1	150
Real compensation per hour	102.6	102.6	101.7	101.3	101.3	102.0	102.7	102.9	102.9	102.3	102.4	102.8	102
Unit labor costs	124.1	124.1	120.6	120.8	121.9	124.2	124.3	123.5	124.2	123.9	124.6	124.4	123.
Nonfinancial corporations						1	i 1		·				
Output per all-employee hour		()	112.3	111.9	112.6	113.0	113.6	114.2	115.3	116.0	116.7	118.2	g
Output		g .	138.1	136.8	135.8	134.1	134.3	134.9	136.0	136.8	137.9	139.3	Ö
Hours		()	123.0	122.2	120.6	118.7	118.2	118.1	117.9	117.9	118.2	117.8	()
Compensation per hour	143.1	(2)	135.6	137.6	139.6	140.8	142.7	144.0	145.2	145.9	146.6	147.9	()
Real compensation per hour		Q.	101.1	100.9	100.7	100.7	101.5	101.7	101.7	101.4	101.1	101.3	Ø
Total unit costs		()	119.1	121.4	122.7	123.9	124.7	125.3	125.0	124.6	124.4	124.5	()
Unit labor costs		()	120.8	123.0	124.0	124.6	125.7	126.2	125.9	125.7	125.6	125.2	()
Unit nonlabor costs		()	114.9	117.4	119.5	122.2	122.1	123.1	122.8	121.7	121.4	122.8	O
Unit profits	152.9	(<u>)</u>	176.7	157.2	149.7	151.3	154.5	150.7	155.2	167.7	179.6	179.3	()
Implicit price deflator	126.5	(')	122.7	123.6	124.4	125.6	126.5	126.9	126.9	127.3	127.8	127.9	(1)

¹ Not available.

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202--606-5606).

PRODUCTIVITY DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-11. Percent changes from the preceding quarter and year in productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted annual rates

					P	ercent ch	ange fro	m				
Item			Previous	quarter				Same	e quarter,	previous	year	
	III 1991	IV 1991	l 1992	II 1992	III 1992	IV 1992	III 1991	IV 1991	l 1992	II 1992	III 1992	IV 1992
Business sector											<u></u>	
Output per hour of all persons	1.9	3.3	3.9	1.0	3.3	4.9	0.5	1.4	2.7	2.5 \	2.9	3.3
Output	1.6	2.0	2.3	1.6	3.6	5.9	-1.9	~.5	1.7	1.9	2.4	3.3
Hours		-1.3	-1.5	.6	.2	.9	-2.4	-1.9	-1.0	6	5	.0
Compensation per hour		3.5	4.0	1.9	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.1	4.2	3.3	3.5	3.7
Real compensation per hour	1.1	.3	.6	-1.2	1.8	1.2	.7	1.2	1.3	.2	.4	.6
Unit labor costs	1.9	.2	.1	.9	1.2	5	4.1	2.7	1.5	.8	.6	.4
Unit nonlabor payments	3.0	4.1	7.7	5.3	-2.7	12.8	2.7	3.4	4.1	5.0	3.5	5.6
Implicit price deflator	2.3	1.6	2.6	2.4	2	4.0	3.6	3.0	2.4	2.2	1.6	2.2
Nonfarm business sector												
Output per hour of all persons	1.9	2.5	3.7	1.7	2.9	4.8	.7	1.3	2.5	2.4	2.7	3.2
Output	1.5	1.6	2.3	1.7	3.5	5.7	-1.9	6	1.6	1.8	2.3	3.3
Hours	3	9	-1.3	.1	.6	.9	-2.6	-1.9	9	6	4	.0
Compensation per hour		3.1	3.8	2.4	4.2	4.3	4.9	4.2	4.1	3.3	3.4	3.7
Real compensation per hour	1.2	1	.4	6	1.5	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.2	.2	.3	.6
Unit labor costs	2.0	.6	.i	.8	1.3	4	4.1	2.8	1.7	.8	.7	.4
Unit nonlabor payments	4.1	5.4	7.1	5.8	-3.1	12.4	3.2	3.7	4.2	5.6	3.7	5.4
Implicit price deflator	2.7	2.2	2.4	2.5	3	3.9	3.8	3.1	2.5	2.5	1.7	2.1
Manufacturing			! !									
Output per hour of all persons		1.0	-1.0	5.3	5.3	4.2	1.7	2.1	2.6	2.8	2.6	3.4
Output		.2	-2.2	5.6	2.0	4.3	-2.5	5	1.8	2.6	1.4	2.4
Hours		8	-1.1	.3	-3.2	1	-4.1	-2.5	8	2	-1.2	-1.0
Compensation per hour	3.1	4.5	-2.3	3.2	4.1	5.4	5.0	4.4	2.5	2.1	2.3	2.6
Real compensation per hourUnit labor costs	.4 -3.0	1.2 3.5	-5.5 -1.3	.1 -2.0	1.3 -1.2	1.2	1.1 3.2	1.4 2.2	4 1	-1.0 7	7 3	5 8
Durable goods								!				
Output per hour of all persons	6.3	1.0	-3.4	8.7	5.5	4.8	.7	1.7	1.9	3.0	2.8	3.8
Output		-1.5	-4.0	6.9	1.5	4.9	-4.8	-2.1	.5	1.6	.6	2.2
Hours		-2.4	7	-1.6	-3.8	.1	-5.5	-3.7	-1.4	-1.4	-2.1	-1.5
Compensation per hour		5.7	-4.6	3.3	3.9	8.7	4.8	4.5	2.1	1.8	2.0	2.7
Real compensation per hour		2.4	-7.6	.2	1.2	5.4	.9	1.5	8	-1.3	-1.1	3
Unit labor costs		4.7	-1.2	-4.9	-1.5	3.8	4.1	2.7	.1	-1.2	8	-1.0
Nondurable goods												
Output per hour of all persons	6.1	.9	2.2	.9	5.0	3.5	3.1	2.6	3.5	2.5	2.3	2.9
Output	9.3	2.5	.4	3.8	2.7	3.5	.9	1.8	3.6	3.9	2.3	2.6
Hours	3.0	1.5	-1.8	2.8	-2.3	.0	-2.1	9	.0	1.4	.1	3
Compensation per hour	3.4	3.0	1.2	3.4	4.5	.6	5.5	4.5	3.2	2.7	3.0	2.4
Real compensation per hour	.7	3 2.1	-2.1 -1.0	2.5	1.7 5	-2.5 -2.8	1.6 2.3	1.5 1.8	.4 3	3 .2	1 .7	6 5
Nonfinancial corporations										-		
Output per all-employee hour	2.1	4.2	2.3	2.5	5,1	O	2.0	2.5	2.7	2.8	3.5	0
Output	1	3.4	2.3	3.4	3.9	8	-1.4	.2	2.0	2.7	3.3	8
Hours	1 _	7	.0	.9	-1.1	8	-3.4	-2.2	6	.0	2	8
Compensation per hour		3.3	1.8	2.0	3.7	1 8	4.7	4.0	3.6	2.7	2.7	8
	l -	.1	-1.5	-1.0	1.0	8	.8	1.0	.7	4	4	
Real compensation per hour	1	9	-1.4	6	.3	8	3.2	1.9	.5	2	6	
Total unit costs	I	8	5	4	-1.4	8	2.6	1.5	.9	1	8	
Unit labor costs		-1.0	-3.5	9	4.8	18	4.9	2.8	4	6		0000
Unit nonlabor costs		12.6	36.3	31.5	6	8	-4.2	3.7	10.8	16.2	2 19.0	1 2
Unit profits	1			1	.2	8	1	2.0	1.3	1	1	()
Implicit price deflator	1.1	.1	1.2	1.8	ے. ا	10	2.6	2.0	1.3	1.0	8.	C

¹ Not available.

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202--606-5606).

D-1. Employment status of the civilian population for census regions and divisions, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Census region and	1				19	92						1993	
division	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
NORTHEAST													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	39,460	39,467	39,471	39,477	39,486	39,498	39,505	39,518	39,533	39.547	39,551	39,555	39,567
Civilian labor force	25,557	25,515	25,559	25,557	25,575	25,605		25,567	25,727	25,746	25,688	25,612	25.564
Employed	23,583	23,519	23.521	23,402	23,391	23,481	23,440	23,489	23.641	23.653	23,649	23,665	23,703
Unemployed		1,996	2,038	2,155	2,184	2,124	2,137	2,078	2,086	2,093	2.039	1,947	1,862
Unemployment rate	7.7	7.8	8.0	8.4	8.5	8.3	8.4	8.1	8.1	8.1	7.9	7.6	7.3
New England			ļ										
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	10,197	10,201	10,203	10,206	10,211	10,216	10,220	10,224	10,231	10,236	10,239	10,241	10,247
Civilian labor force	7,030	7,005	7,031	7,002	7,062	7,079	7,055	7,075	7,140	7,123	7,127	7,054	7.054
Employed	6,479	6,439	6,492	6,433	6,513	6,524	6,480	6,511	6,544	6,530	6,562	6,524	6.557
Unemployed	551	566	539	569	549	556	575	564	597	593	565	530	497
Unemployment rate	7.8	8.1	7.7	8.1	7.8	7.8	8.2	8.0	8.4	8.3	7.9	7.5	7.0
Middle Atlantic													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²		29,266	29,268	29,270	29,276		29,285	29,294	29,302	29,312	29,312	29,314	29,320
Civilian labor force		18,510	18,528	18,555	18,513	18,526		18,492	18,587	18,623	18,561	18,558	18,511
Employed	17,104	17,080	17,028	16,969	16,879		16,960	16,978	17,098	17,123	17,087	17,141	17,146
Unemployed	1,423	1,430	1,500	1,586	1,635	1,569	1,562	1,514	1,489	1,500	1,474	1,417	1,365
Unemployment rate	7.7	7.7	8.1	8.5	8.8	8.5	8.4	8.2	8.0	8.1	7.9	7.6	7.4
SOUTH													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²		65,641	65,701	65,762	65,831	65,898		66,036	66,108	66,186	66,241	66,302	
Civilian labor force		43,040	43,068	43,328	43,233	43,178		43,109	43,161	43,249	43,099	43,460	
Employed		39,980	40,008	40,136	40,092		40,053	40,092	40,184	40,313	40,176	40,667	40,465
Unemployed		3,060	3,060	3,192	3,141	3,120	3,083	3,017	2,977	2,936	2,923	2,792	2,952
Unemployment rate	7.4	7.1	7.1	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.4	6.8
South Atlantic								i					
Civilian noninstitutional population ²		33,954	33,994	34,038	34,083				34,265	34,317	34,355	34,396	
Civilian labor force		22,419	22,412	22,515	22,532		22,460		22,480	22,577	22,588	22,815	
Employed	20,634	20,830		20,930		20,826		20,906		21,140	21,100	21,360	
Unemployed		1,589	1,569	1,585	1,625	1,644	1,592	1,542	1,531	1,437	1,488	1,456	1,502
Unemployment rate	7.6	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.2	7.3	7.1	6.9	6.8	6.4	6.6	6.4	6.6
East South Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²		11,693		11,703	11,711	11,718			11,740		11,753	11,759	
Civilian labor force		7,210		7,360	7,362	7,370	7,359	7,345	7,383	7,390	7,298	7,404	7,429
Employed		6,716	6,730	6,819	6,837	6,854	6,868	6,843	6,883	6,872	6,819	6,981	6,883
Unemployed		494	526	541	525	516	491	502	500	518	479	423	546
Unemployment rate	7.1	6.9	7.2	7.3	7.1	7.0	6.7	6.8	6.8	7.0	6.6	5.7	7.3
West South Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²				20,021	20,038						20,133		
Civilian labor force		13,411	13,401	13,453	13,339			13,316		13,283	13,212	13,240	
Employed			12,435	12,387	12,348			12,343			12,257	12,327	12,356
Unemployed		977	966	1,066	991	960		973	946	982	955	913	904
Unemployment rate	. 7.3	7.3	7.2	7.9	l 7.4	7.2	7.5	7.3	7.1	7.4	7.2	6.9	6.8

D-1. Employment status of the civilian population for census regions and divisions, seasonally adjusted '—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Census region and	L				19	92						1993	
division	Mar.	Apr.	May.	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
MIDWEST													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	45,829	45,846	45,858	45,877	45,895	45,917	45,936	45,962	45,987	46,014	46,028	46,042	46,064
Civilian labor force		31,086	31,274	31,260	31,422	31,439	31,389	31,221	31,243	31,373	31,316	31,208	31,190
Employed	29,145	29,009	29,138	29,093	29,278	29,410	29,352	29,307	29,343	29,430	29,374	29,224	29,315
Unemployed		2,077	2,136	2,167	2,145	2,029		1,914	1,900	1,944	1,942	1,985	1,875
Unemployment rate	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.5	6.5	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.4	6.0
East North Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	32,319	32,331	32,340	32,353	32,367	32,383	32,397	32,415	32,433	32,453	32,461	32,473	32,489
Civilian labor force	21,682	21,550	21,781	21,820	21,861	21,884	21,839	21,675	21,678	21,792	21,722	21,640	21,696
Employed	20,090	19,952	20,136	20,137	20,168	20,307	20,250		20,213	20,303	20,279	20,176	20,320
Unemployed		1,597	1,645	1,683	1,693	1,577	1,588	1,473	1,465	1,489	1,443	1,464	1,376
Unemployment rate	7.3	7.4	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.2	7.3	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.6	6.8	6.3
West North Central													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	13,510	13,515	13,518	13,523	13,529	13,533	13,539	13,547	13,554	13,562	13,567	13,569	13,575
Civilian labor force	9,520	9,536	9,493	9,440	9,561	9,555	9,550	9,546	9,565	9,581	9,594	9,568	9,494
Employed		9,056	9,003	8,956	9,110	9,104	9,101	9,105	9,130	9,127	9,095	9,048	8,995
Unemployed		480	491	484	452	452	449	441	435	454	499	521	500
Unemployment rate	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.1	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.7	5.2	5.4	5.3
WEST													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²		40,214		40,340	40,409	40,478	40,544	40,616		40,761	40,824	40,886	40,955
Civilian labor force		26,845		27,022	27,169	27,108	27,159	27,066	27,210	27,212	27,218	27,306	27,327
Employed		24,851		24,842	24,993	24,829	24,925	24,760	24,879	24,911	24,965	25,026	25,096
Unemployed		1,994		2,180	2,176	2,279	2,234	2,306	2,331	2,301	2,252	2,280	2,230
Unemployment rate	7.9	7.4	7.7	8.1	8.0	8.4	8.2	8.5	8.6	8.5	8.3	8.3	8.2
Mountain													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	10,162	10,172	10,183	10,194	10,208	10,221	10,232	10,247	10,259	10,274	10,286	10,296	10,310
Civilian labor force		6,909	6,880	6,843	6,856	6,789	6,877	6,864	6,894	6,911	6,945	6,848	6,934
Employed		6,465	6,433	6,398	6,419	6,353	6,437	6,436	6,467	6,470	6,488	6,452	6,499
Unemployed		444	447	445	436	436	440	428	427	441	457	396	435
Unemployment rate	6.7	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.4	6.6	5.8	6.3
Pacific													
Civilian noninstitutional population ²	29,991	30,042	30,094	30,145	30,202	30,256	30,312	30,369	30,428	30,488	30,538	30,590	30,645
Civilian labor force		19,936		20,179	20,314	20,319	20,282	20,202	20,316	20,301	20,273	20,458	20,392
Employed		18,387	18,452	18,445	18,574	18,476	,	18,325	18,412	18,441	18,477	18,575	18,598
Unemployed	1,669	1,549	1,640	1,734	1,740	1,843	1,794	1,878	1,904	1,860	1,796	1,884	1,795
Unemployment rate	8.4	7.8	8.2	8.6	8.6	9.1	8.8	9.3	9.4	9.2	8.9	9.2	8.8

¹ These estimates may differ from the results obtained from summing the official State estimates produced and published through the Local Area Unemployment Statistics(LAUS) program.

Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia; East South Central: Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, and Tennessee; West South Central: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas; East North Central: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin; West North Central: Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota; Mountain: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming; and Pacific: Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, and Washington.

² The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that compose the various census divisions are: New England: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont; Middle Atlantic: New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania; South Atlantic: Delaware, District of

STATE LABOR FORCE DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

State						1992					T. 1	19	93
State	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p
Alabama													
Civilian labor force	1.924.2	1.895.5	1.901.7	1,918.0	1,941.0	1,955.1	1,972.4	1,943.3	1,930.7	1,939,4	1,919.8	1.971.1	1,970.5
Employed	1 112712	1,757.2	1,758.6	1,762.7	1,784.1	1,799.7	1,832.5	1,816.5	1,812.9	1,812.2	1,788.5	1,810.5	1,821.6
Unemployed		138.2	143.0	155.3	156.8	155.4	139.9	126.8	117.8	127.1	131.3	160.6	149.0
Unemployment rate		7.3	7.5	8.1	8.1	7.9	7.1	6.5	6.1	6.6	6.8	8.1	7.6
Alaska										l			
Civilian labor force	256.5	258.7	258.5	260.2	263.4	265.7	264.1	265.6	262.3	264.9	262.8	263.6	264.3
Employed	1	236.0	236.5	236.3	238.2	239.3	237.8	243.3	237.2	241.0	241.2	241.4	242.8
Unemployed	3	22.7	22.0	23.9	25.2	26.4	26.2	22.4	25.1	23.9	21.6	22.2	21.4
Unemployment rate	9.1	8.8	8.5	9.2	9.6	9.9	9.9	8.4	9.6	9.0	8.2	8.4	8.1
Arizona													
Civilian labor force	1,739.1	1,730.7	1,731.1	1,698.3	1,725.0	1,733.7	1,696.5	1,740.4	1,736.8	1,726.0	1,743.5	1,774.5	1.734.1
Employed		1,586.4	1,600.3	1,576.9	1,601.3	1,614.9	1,584.8	1,627.3	1,613.6	1,603.1	1,616.4	1,638.3	1,606.6
Unemployed		144.4	130.8	121.4	123.8	118.8	111.7	113.1	123.3	122.8	127.2	136.3	127.5
Unemployment rate	8.3	8.3	7.6	7.2	7.2	6.9	6.6	6.5	7.1	7.1	7.3	7.7	7.4
Arkansas													
Civilian labor force	1,143.7	1,165.4	1,178.3	1,167.2	1,154.6	1,169.2	1,159.0	1,152.2	1,152.1	1,118.6	1,118.4	1,106.1	1,118.1
Employed	1	1,089.4	1,088.6	1,086.0	1,066.4	1,085.6	1,077.7	1,067.7	1,069.2	1,035.3	1,034.9	1,024.7	1,043.7
Unemployed		76.0	89.7	81.2	88.2	83.6	81.3	84.5	82.9	83.4	83.5	81.4	74.4
Unemployment rate	7.1	6.5	7.6	7.0	7.6	7.2	7.0	7.3	7.2	7.5	7.5	7.4	6.7
California ¹													
Civilian labor force	15,109.6	15,086.4	14,986.5	15,120.3	15,227.3	15,247.0	15,313.1	15,283.8	15,211.4	15,282.9	15,365.5	15,242.3	15,405.1
Employed		13,807.6	13,764.3	13,797.0	13,830.1	13,861.2	13,830.7	13,837.2	13,721.7	13,757.4	13,862.5	13,801.4	13,898.8
Unemployed		1,278.8	1,222.2	1,323.3	1,397.2	1,385.8	1,482.4	1,446.6	1,489.7	1,525.5	1,503.0	1,440.9	1,506.4
Unemployment rate	8.7	8.5	8.2	8.8	9.2	9.1	9.7	9.5	9.8	10.0	9.8	9.5	9.8
Colorado													
Civilian labor force		1,762.0	1,769.2	1,761.6	1,774.1	1,764.1	1,766.0	1,762.3	1,777.2	1,769.2	1,769.5	1,799.7	1,783.8
Employed		1,665.4	1,670.6	1,643.6	1,653.2	1,653.8	1,658.6	1,664.4	1,681.9	1,674.8	1,672.7	1,696.9	1,683.2
Unemployed		96.6 5.5	98.7 5.6	118.1 6.7	120.9 6.8	110.3 6.3	107.4 6.1	97.9 5.6	95.3 5.4	94.4 5.3	96.8 5.5	102.8 5.7	100.6 5.6
Unemployment rate	5.7	3.5	0.0	Ų.,	0.0	0.0	0.,	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	3.7	3.0
Connecticut						. ==0.0	4 700 4						
Civilian labor force		1,783.9 1,656.0	1,764.2 1,638.0	1,770.6 1,649.4	1,742.0 1,617.3	1,779.3 1,656.7	1,799.1 1,675.8	1,778.7 1,650.9	1,806.3 1,680.8	1,802.5 1,670.1	1,782.7 1,650.7	1,756.8 1,633.7	1,742.7 1,626.1
Employed Unemployed	1	1,030.0	126.2	121.1	124.7	122.7	123.2	127.8	125.5	132.4	132.0	123.0	116.5
Unemployment rate	1	7.2	7.2	6.8	7.2	6.9	6.9	7.2	6.9	7.3	7.4	7.0	6.7
Delaware													
C: 2' tab tab	267.0	365.4	369.3	366.3	367.6	366.9	369.1	371.1	371.8	375.5	375.8	378.2	378.8
Civilian labor force Employed		342.9	348.3	345.7	342.2	345.2	348.7	352.5	350.5	359.0	358.7	361.8	378.8
Unemployed		22.5	21.0	20.7	25.3	21.8	20.4	18.7	21.3	16.5	17.1	16.4	19.5
Unemployment rate		6.1	5.7	5.6	6.9	5.9	5.5	5.0	5.7	4.4	4.5	4.3	5.2
District of Columbia													
Civilian labor force	. 284.8	285.9	288.1	281.6	281.7	276.2	273.5	273.1	271.7	268.6	267.0	264.9	271.2
Employed		262.4	266.5	257.5	258.2	251.4	249.3	250.3	249.5	243.9	243.2	239.6	247.8
Unemployed		23.5	21.6	24.1	23.5	24.8	24.2	22.8	22.3	24.7	23.8	25.4	23.4
Unemployment rate		8.2	7.5	8.5	8.3	9.0	8.9	8.3	8.2	9.2	8.9	9.6	8.6
Florida ¹													
Civilian labor force		6,479.3	6,510.4	6,539.8	6,581.0	6,619.9	6,590.1	6,628.2	6,592.4	6,572.6	6,586.1	6,643.8	6,713.9
Employed		5,935.6	5,967.8	6,013.7	6,028.8	6,061.6	6,029.6	6,051.6	6,090.6	6,068.1	6,109.2	6,124.8	6,262.6
Unemployed		543.7	542.6	526.1	552.2	558.3	560.5	576.6	501.8	504.5	476.9	519.0	451.3
Unemployment rate	. 8.4	8.4	8.3	8.0	8.4	8.4	8.5	8.7	7.6	7.7	7.2	7.8	6.7

D-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State				r		1992						19	93
orate	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p
Georgia													
Civilian labor force	3,216.6	3,228.3	3,219.1	3,234.6	3,220.8	3,234.9	3,226.2	3,206.3	3,232.7	3,239.5	3,239.4	3,275.8	3,279
Employed		3.014.0	3,025.9	3,033.1	3,018.1	3,005.5	2,993.2	3,002.7	3,002.3	3,020.8	3,033.3	3,059.2	3,067.
Unemployed	1 1	214.3	193.2	201.4	202.7	229.4	232.9	203.6	230.5	218.6	206.1	216.7	212.
Unemployment rate	1 .	6.6	6.0	6.2	6.3	7.1	7.2	6.3	7.1	6.7	6.4	6.6	6.
Hawaii													
O' Was Jahan faran	562.4	561.7	561.4	559.5	566.1	571.8	570.8	570.3	569.7	574.6	577.6	577.1	569.
Civilian labor force		542.2	540.3	536.5	540.2	545.2	546.2	544.5	542.0	546.2	550.9	550.6	542
Employed		19.4	21.2	23.0	25.9	26.6	24.6	25.8	27.7	28.4	26.7	26.5	27.
Unemployed		3.5	3.8	4.1	4.6	4.7	4.3	4.5	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.6	4.
Unemployment rate		3.3	0.0	7.1	7.0	·	4.0	7.5	7.3	4.3	4.0	4.0	
Idaho													
Civilian labor force	. 506.9	509.1	513.0	513.3	512.7	518.2	523.8	525.1	522.3	524.2	521.9	520.7	516.
Employed	474.1	476.8	480.1	483.3	481.2	487.0	490.5	489.9	489.2	491.2	486.7	485.7	483.
Unemployed	32.8	32.3	32.9	30.0	31.5	31.2	33.3	35.2	33.1	32.9	35.2	35.1	33.
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.3	6.4	5.8	6.1	6.0	6.4	6.7	6.3	6.3	6.7	6.7	6.
Illinois ¹													
Civilian labor force	6,083.5	6,088.5	6,056.8	6,164.7	6.186.5	6,099.4	6,071.8	6,126.1	6,109.5	6,137.7	6.205.2	6,060.9	6.039.
Employed		5,603.3	5,578.4	5,660.2	5,667.4	5,598.4	5,665.5	5,698.0	5,749.2	5,739.2	5,773.4	5,668.2	5,559.
	1 1- 1	485.2	478.4	504.5	519.1	501.0	406.3	428.1	360.3	398.5	431.8	392.8	479.
Unemployed Unemployment rate	,	8.0	7.9	8.2	8.4	8.2	6.7	7.0	5.9	6.5	7.0	6.5	7.5
Onemployment rate		0.0	,	·								0.0	,.
Indiana													ŀ
Civilian labor force		2,803.4	2,799.1	2,804.5	2,855.4	2,915.3	2,894.3	2,885.4	2,845.6	2,820.9	2,817.3	2,801.0	2,828.
Employed	2,672.5	2,653.2	2,637.9	2,620.2	2,663.0	2,722.8	2,710.2	2,696.0	2,678.4	2,637.3	2,638.8	2,623.8	2,654.
Unemployed		150.1	161.1	184.3	192.4	192.5	184.1	189.3	167.3	183.6	178.5	177.2	173.
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.4	5.8	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.6	5.9	6.5	6.3	6.3	6.
lowa													i
Civilian labor force	1,542.4	1,551.5	1,524.7	1,532.9	1,531.7	1,534.9	1,550.4	1,544.0	1,532.7	1,545.0	1,557.9	1,566.0	1,571.
Employed	1	1,479.4	1,449.6	1,447.0	1,453.7	1,465.4	1,492.6	1,480.5	1,469.1	1,484.5	1,491.1	1,495.8	1,503.
Unemployed		72.2	75.1	85.9	78.0	69.4	57.8	63.5	63.6	60.5	66.7	70.2	67.
Unemployment rate		4.7	4.9	5.6	5.1	4.5	3.7	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.3	4.5	4.3
Kansas													
Civilian labor force	1,318.5	1,321.5	1,323.4	1,324.5	1,310.8	1,317.1	1,328.0	1,329.0	1,327.6	1,324.1	1,329.7	1,337.6	1.342.
Employed		1,274.3	1,273.7	1,270.7	1,253.9	1,266.7	1,274.3	1,272.7	1,273.5	1,267.8	1,274.4	1,280.5	1,281.
Unemployed		47.1	49.7	53.7	56.9	50.4	53.6	56.3	54.1	56.3	55.2	57.1	61.0
Unemployment rate		3.6	3.8	4.1	4.3	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.
Kentucky						;							
•				:		<u></u>							
Civilian labor force		1,743.6	1,742.0	1,736.2	1,744.8	1,749.0	1,755.4	1,747.7	1,746.6	1,743.9	1,757.2	1,767.3	1,765.
Employed		1,635.8	1,645.4	1,639.2	1,636.0	1,626.8	1,626.4	1,627.1	1,622.2	1,635.0	1,642.7	1,658.3	1,670.
Unemployed		107.7	96.6	97.0	108.7	122.2	129.0	120.6	124.3	108.9	114.4	109.0	95.
Unemployment rate	7.2	6.2	5.5	5.6	6.2	7.0	7.3	6.9	7.1	6.2	6.5	6.2	5.4
Louisiana													
Civilian labor force		1,954.0	1,966.7	1,948.7	1,968.4	1,931.1	1,928.9	1,911.0	1,916.9	1,915.3	1,878.1	1,892.3	1,899.
Employed		1,819.3	1,809.8	1,809.8	1,816.7	1,767.5	1,776.9	1,746.6	1,764.7	1,769.0	1,726.0	1,739.8	1,766.
Unemployed		134.7	156.9	138.9	151.7	163.6	152.0	164.3	152.3	146.4	152.1	152.5	132.
Unemployment rate	6.8	6.9	8.0	7.1	7.7	8.5	7.9	8.6	7.9	7.6	8.1	8.1	7.
Maine													
Civilian labor force		649.6	650.3	659.1	655.1	655.5	658.1	658.3	657.0	665.4	659.3	660.0	653.
Employed		602.5	601.3	620.7	608.6	613.6	612.4	613.4	614.6	616.7	611.1	608.4	600.
Unemployed		47.2	49.0	38.3	46.6	41.9	45.7	44.9	42.4	48.6	48.2	51.6	53.
Unemployment rate	8.0	7.3	7.5	5.8	7.1	6.4	6.9	6.8	6.5	7.3	7.3	7.8	8.

STATE LABOR FORCE DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State						1992						19	93
State	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.º
Maryland													
ivilian labor force	2,561.5	2,555.9	2,606.9	2,605.6	2,629.8	2,640.0	2,638.1	2,628.4	2,611.0	2,606.3	2,628.9	2,611.0	2,635
Employed	1 '	2,367.5	2,429.0	2,423.1	2,448.9	2,463.7	2,461.3	2,448.1	2,436.1	2,436.7	2,467.8	2,458.2	2,476
Unemployed	1 1 1	188.4	177.8	182.5	180.9	176.3	176.8	180.3	174.9	169.6	161.1	152.8	159
Unemployment rate		7.4	6.8	7.0	6.9	6.7	6.7	6.9	6.7	6.5	6.1	5.9	1 6
. ,													
Massachusetts ¹	}												
ivilian labor force		3,137.8	3,106.2	3,123.6	3,141.5	3,144.0	3,117.6	3,107.1	3,105.8	3,129.4	3,139.3	3,200.2	3,14
Employed		2,858.5	2,842.9	2,862.9	2,868.7	2,880.7	2,855.3	2,841.2	2,843.4	2,852.4	2,868.1	2,936.6	2,90
Unemployed		279.3	263.3	260.7	272.8	263.3	262.3	265.9	262.4	277.0	271.2	263.6	24
Unemployment rate	7.8	8.9	8.5	8.3	8.7	8.4	8.4	8.6	8.4	8.9	8.6	8.2	
Michigan [†]													
ivilian labor force		4,616.2	4,580.3	4,616.2	4,593.4	4,628.8	4,626.7	4,628.7	4,615.5	4,625.8	4,608.5	4,589.7	4,583
Employed		4,189.9 426.3	4,156.6 423.7	4,212.9 403.3	4,186.4 407.0	4,205.5 423.3	4,217.2 409.5	4,226.3 402.4	4,219.3 396.2	4,255.9	4,239.1 369.4	4,264.1	4,27
Unemployed			9.3	8.7	8.9	423.3 9.1	409.5 8.9	402.4 8.7	396.2 8.6	369.9		325.6	30
Unemployment rate	9.1	9.2	9.3	0.7	0.9	9.1	0.9	6.7	0.0	8.0	8.0	7.1	'
Minnesota													
ivilian labor force		2,401.2	2,428.3	2,443.1	2,409.0	2,447.6	2,420.0	2,434.0	2,424.3	2,434.3	2,473.6	2,509.4	2,48
Employed		2,266.9	2,314.3	2,305.9	2,273.6	2,341.2	2,303.6	2,321.8	2,313.2	2,306.5	2,351.7	2,376.8	2,33
Unemployed		134.3	114.0	137.2	135.3	106.4	116.4	112.2	111.0	127.8	121.9	132.7	14:
Unemployment rate	4.5	5.6	4.7	5.6	5.6	4.3	4.8	4.6	4.6	5.3	4.9	5.3	
Mississippi				:									
ivilian labor force		1,167.3	1,157.7	1,158.9	1,186.2	1,189.9	1,198.4	1,203.0	1,189.9	1,190.5	1,174.5	1,169.2	1,17
Employed		1,074.2	1,065.2	1,057.5	1,074.8	1,085.2	1,091.4	1,103.7	1,094.7	1,109.3	1,097.1	1,098.9	1,09
Unemployed		93.1	92.5	101.3	111.5	104.7	107.0	99.3	95.2	81.2	77.4	70.3	7:
Unemployment rate	8.2	8.0	8.0	8.7	9.4	8.8	8.9	8.3	8.0	6.8	6.6	6.0	•
Missouri													
Civilian labor force		2,727.4	2,739.7	2,696.6	2,697.3	2,716.3	2,690.3	2,676.5	2,681.4	2,689.8	2,657.3	2,655.9	2,625
Employed		2,579.3	2,580.6	2,515.2	2,511.0 186.3	2,539.4 177.0	2,522.8 167.6	2,510.0 166.5	2,530.6 150.8	2,557.4	2,512.7	2,502.5	2,46
Unemployed Unemployment rate		148.1 5.4	159.1 5.8	181.4 6.7	6.9	6.5	6.2	6.2	5.6	132.3 4.9	144.6 5.4	153.4 5.8	160
Montana				-				_					Ì
	412.3	415.4	414.9	412.7	411.7	410.8	406.6	408.3	411.5	414,4	409.8	406.8	40:
Civilian labor force		389.3	388.5	384.4	381.4	386.0	377.7	380.4	387.3	391.5	383.2	377.9	37
Unemployed		26.1	26.4	28.3	30.3	24.8	28.9	27.9	24.1	22.9	26.6	28.9	21
Unemployment rate		6.3	6.4	6.9	7.4	6.0	7.1	6.8	5.9	5.5	6.5	7.1	
Nebraska											<u>.</u>		
civilian labor force		848.8	848.5	861.3	867.1	873.8	867.3 839.2	856.6	853.1	843.8	847.7	849.0	85
Employed		827.1 21.8	824.9 23.6	832.3 29.0	837.1 29.9	847.5 26.4	28.1	830.7 25.8	827.0 26.1	821.9 21.9	824.0 23.6	825.3	83
Unemployed Unemployment rate		21.6	23.6	3.4	3.5	3.0	3.2	3.0	3.1	21.9	23.6	23.7 2.8	2
Nevada						Ì							
		670.5	600.6	600 4	600.4	675.0	670 5	635.5	600.0	60.4.5	670.5	0000	
Civilian labor force		670.2 626.5	666.3 626.3	666.1 627.7	666.1 622.1	675.2 627.6	676.5 627.8	675.5 628.2	680.0 635.1	684.5 641.1	679.2 637.5	682.6 634.7	67 63
Unemployed		43.6	40.0	38.3	44.0	47.6	48.7	47.3	44.9	43.4	41.7	47.9	4
Unemployment rate		6.5	6.0	5.8	6.6	7.0	7.2	7.0	6.6	6.3	6.1	7.0	-
New Hampshire													
Civilian labor force		638.3	638.4	628.5	617.8	619.0	629.9	627.3	632.7	643.9	641.5	645.8	65
Employed		593.1	589.4	581.1	570.7	574.4	584.5	579.9	585.8	596.8	595.2	594.0	60
Unemployed		45.1	49.0	47.4	47.1	44.6	45.4	47.4	46.9	47.1	46.3	51.9	5
Unemployment rate	7.1	7.1	7.7	7.5	7.6	7.2	7.2	7.6	7.4	7.3	7.2	8.0	

D-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State				, 		1992						19	93
State	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p
New Jersey ¹													
Divilian labor force	4,025.9	4,024.8	4,028.0	4,018.9	3,996.9	3,989.7	3,947.2	3,981.6	3,974.0	3,998.4	4,008.2	3,929.8	3,914
Employed		3,733.0	3,709.8	3,669.0	3,639.7	3,607.1	3,583.8	3,624.5	3,649.0	3,650.6	3,676.3	3,640.2	3,608.
Unemployed		291.8	318.2	349.9	357.2	382.6	363.4	357.1	325.0	347.8	331.9	289.7	306.
Unemployment rate		7.3	7.9	8.7	8.9	9.6	9.2	9.0	8.2	8.7	8.3	7.4	7.
New Mexico													
Civilian labor force	729.7	727.6	720.9	719.6	720.6	719.8	718.9	722.0	725.7	726.0	723.2	728.2	732
Employed	1	675.8	671.2	670.3	667.9	669.2	669.0	669.9	674.9	679.1	679.6	680.6	683
Unemployed		51.8	49.7	49.3	52.7	50.6	49.9	52.2	50.8	46.9	43.6	47.6	49.
Unemployment rate		7.1	6.9	6.9	7.3	7.0	6.9	7.2	7.0	6.5	6.0	6.5	6.
• •													
New York ¹					0.533.4	05405	0.500.4	0.540.	- 170 1				
Civilian labor force		8,526.3	8,522.7	8,526.5	8,577.4	8,546.5	8,539.1	8,510.4	8,470.1	8,531.0	8,583.9	8,607.4	8,634
Employed		7,834.5	7,868.2	7,835.9	7,802.6	7,748.7	7,811.2	7,761.4	7,733.3	7,830.8	7,858.2	7,876.6	7,946.
Unemployed		691.8	654.5	690.6	774.8	797.8	727.9	749.0	736.8	700.2	725.7	730.8	688
Unemployment rate	8.7	8.1	7.7	8.1	9.0	9.3	8.5	8.8	8.7	8.2	8.5	8.5	8.
North Carolina ¹													
Civilian labor force	3,450.9	3,464.7	3,452.1	3,463.1	3,495.4	3,506.3	3,503.2	3,500.1	3,510.2	3,529.9	3,521.4	3,524.0	3,504.
Employed		3,249.5	3,261.1	3,261.3	3,275.8	3,290.9	3,288.5	3,293.4	3,313.0	3,322.8	3,324.5	3,332.1	3,321.
Unemployed	1	215.2	191.0	201.8	219.6	215,4	214,7	206.7	197.2	207.1	196.9	191.9	183.
Unemployment rate		6.2	5.5	5.8	6.3	6.1	6.1	5.9	5.6	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.
	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	J.2		5.0	0.0	5.1	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.4	J.
North Dakota													
Civilian labor force		319.8	320.6	320.2	318.1	310.7	307.4	314.3	312.8	315.1	313.8	313.8	314.
Employed		305.0	306.9	303.3	301.3	294.8	291.9	298.8	298.0	300.4	299.4	300.0	300.
Unemployed	. 13.2	14.8	13.7	16.8	16.8	16.0	15.5	15.5	14.8	14.7	14.4	13.7	14.
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.6	4.3	5.3	5.3	5.1	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.
Ohio ¹													
Civilian labor force		5,515.4	5,471.2	5,517.5	5,466.7	5,550.6	5,548.9	5,522.7	5,457.3	5,420.2	5,438.6	5,507.6	5,494.
Employed		5,124.4	5,086.5	5,118.3	5,058.0	5,142.0	5,133.7	5,126.6	5,057.3	5,014.8	5,043.4	5,121.8	5,126.
Unemployed		391.0	384.7	399.2	408.7	408.6	415.2	396.1	400.0	405.4	395.2	385.9	368.
Unemployment rate	7.0	7,1	7.0	7.2	7.5	7.4	7.5	7.2	7.3	7.5	7.3	7.0	6.
Oklahoma													
civilian labor force		1,518.4	1,531.1	1,528.2	1,524.3	1,530.2	1,518.4	1,522.6	1,525.5	1,534.0	1,543.2	1,533.9	1,527.
Employed		1,417.1	1,440.1	1,443.7	1,416.7	1,436.1	1,417.9	1,429.7	1,447.1	1,462.2	1,460.5	1,450.7	1,450.
Unemployed		101.3	91.0	84.5	107.6	94.1	100.5	92.9	78.4	71.9	82.7	83.2	77.
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.7	5.9	5.5	7.1	6.1	6.6	6.1	5.1	4.7	5.4	5.4	5.
Oregon													
civilian labor force	1,509.0	1,523.0	1,526.1	1,545.2	1,540.3	1,534.4	1,545.3	1,553.2	1,544.9	1,546.6	1,531.7	1,546.3	1,564
Employed		1,400.8	1,411.1	1,436.4	1,430.5	1,419.0	1,434.2	1,443.6	1,431.1	1,435.4	1,421.8	1,433.6	1,450.
Unemployed	1 '	122.2	115.0	108.8	109,7	115.4	111,2	109.7	113.8	111.2	109.8	112.6	114.
Unemployment rate		8.0	7.5	7.0	7.1	7.5	7.2	7.1	7.4	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.
Pennsylvania ¹													
ivilian labor force		5,975.9	5,959.4	5,982.3	5,980.7	5,976.8	6,039.7	6,029.3	6,048.2	6,057.4	6,030.6	6,023.6	6,008.
Employed		5,536.4	5,502.4	5,523.3	5,526.9	5,522.7	5,562.4	5,573.9	5,595.9	5,616.2	5,588.4	5,570.3	5,585.
Unemployment rate		439.5 7.4	457.0 7.7	459.0 7.7	453.8 7.6	454.1 7.6	477.3 7.9	455.4 7.6	452.3 7.5	441.2 7.3	442.2 7.3	453.3 7.5	422. 7.
Rhode Island													
	519.9	517.3	518.6	518.5	520.2	523.3	523.8	511.8	511.5	E21.0	E47.0	E04.0	500
ivilian labor force		475.2	470.2	470.4	469.5	474.8	523.8 474.4	468.0	511.5 469.2	521.0 477.1	517.8 477. 1	531.9	526
Employed		475.2	48.3	48.1	50.7	48.5	49.3	43.8	469.2			489.7	485.
Unemployed		8.1	9.3	9.3						43.9	40.6	42.2	40.
Unemployment rate					9.8	9.3	9.4	8.6	8.3	8.4	7.8	7.9	7.

STATE LABOR FORCE DATA **SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

D-2. Labor force status by State, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State			·			1992			r			19	93
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.p
South Carolina							į				:		
Civilian labor force	1,773.7	1,746.4	1,761.1	1,760.4	1,759.1	1,802.5	1,796.5	1,768.6	1.772.6	1,767.7	1,795.6	1,785.6	1,777.0
Employed	. 1,652.6	1,624.4	1,649.3	1,643.4	1,647.5	1,681.6	1,682.3	1,657.2	1,661.9	1,661.4	1,694.5	1,673.7	1,672.5
Unemployed Unemployment rate		122.0 7.0	111.8 6.3	117.0 6.6	111.7 6.3	120.9 6.7	114.1 6.4	111.5 6.3	110.7 6.2	106.3 6.0	101.1 5.6	111.9 6.3	104.6 5.9
South Dakota	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	5	0.4	0.0	0.2	3.0	5.0	0.5	5.8
	004.0	360.8	358.7	359.6	357.8	358.4	360.6	360.6	360.9	200.0	005.0		
Civilian labor force		348.0	347.1	346.0	345.1	347.6	350.1	349.6	350.3	366.8 356.4	365.6 354.2	366.3 352.3	364.5 350.3
Unemployed	11.0	12.8	11.6	13.5	12.7	10.9	10.6	11.0	10.7	10.4	11.4	14.0	14.2
Unemployment rate	3.1	3.5	3.2	3.8	3.5	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.8	3.1	3.8	3.9
Tennessee											į		
Civilian labor force		2,430.8	2,396.0	2,403.3	2,435.3	2,438.0	2,432.4	2,437.0	2,461.6	2,469.3	2,476.3	2,455.3	2,469.4
Employed		2,265.9 165.0	2,240.7 155.3	2,245.7 157.6	2,275.0 160.4	2,280.5 157.6	2,273.9 158.5	2,284.6 152.5	2,328.9 132.7	2,327.5 141.7	2,326.2 150.0	2,292.4 163.0	2,322.1 146.1
Unemployed Unemployment rate		6.8	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.5	6.3	5.4	5.7	6.1	6.6	5.9
Texas ¹													J
Civilian labor force	8.707.0	8,742.1	8,727.0	8,737.9	8,787.2	8,732,4	8,736.1	8,753.4	8,756.2	8.747.0	8,798,4	8,762.5	8,716,2
Employed	-,	8,087.8	8,087.8	8,082.0	8,092.5	8,095.6	8,108.3	8,082.6	8,099.0	8,081.5	8,124.3	8,080.5	8,060.3
Unemployed		654.3	639.2	655.9	694.7	636.8	627.8	670.8	657.2	665.5	674.1	682.0	655.8
Unemployment rate	7.3	7.5	7.3	7.5	7.9	7.3	7.2	7.7	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.5
Utah						!							
Civilian labor force		818.0 781.5	819.0 780.1	816.9 778.6	818.2 778.6	817.2 778.7	809.6 766.8	807.8 765.8	807.3 765.8	811.5 768.3	815.0 770.7	822.7 782.3	826.6 793.8
Unemployed		36.5	38.9	38.3	39.6	38.5	42.8	42.0	41.5	43.2	44.4	40.5	32.7
Unemployment rate	1	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.7	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.3	5.4	4.9	4.0
Vermont													
Civilian labor force		305.5 286.8	309.5 288.5	312.1 289.9	312.4 290.5	313.6 292.2	320.2 299.2	318.6 298.0	316.6 298.2	327.3 307.0	324.7 305.4	322.0 302.0	327.2 306.0
Unemployed	I	18.7	21.0	22.2	21.9	21.4	20.9	20.6	18.4	20.4	19.3	20.0	21.2
Unemployment rate		6.1	6.8	7.1	7.0	6.8	6.5	6.5	5.8	6.2	5.9	6.2	6.5
Virginia													
Civilian labor force		3,388.0 3,167.4	3,390.6 3,167.5	3,394.2 3,153.5	3,391.1 3,174.3	3,385.7 3,156.1	3,342.8 3,120.9	3,322.2 3,109.3	3,320.8 3,124.4	3,315.2 3,115.5	3,324.9 3,130.3	3,347.8 3,153.4	3,375.3
Employed Unemployed		220.6	223.0	240.7	216.8	229.6	221.9	213.0	196.3	199.7	194.7	194.4	3,212.5 162.8
Unemployment rate	1	6.5	6.6	7.1	6.4	6.8	6.6	6.4	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.8	4.8
Washington													
Civilian labor force		2,534.7	2,601.8	2,622.8 2,446.5	2,598.4	2,645.2 2,465.5	2,594.1 2.417.5	2,597.4 2,417.5	2,594.4 2,397.6	2,633.8 2.425.2	2,568.0	2,615.4	2,639.9
Unemployed		2,337.7 197.0	2,423.9 178.0	176.4	2,422.1 176.3	179.7	176.6	179.9	196.8	2,425.2	2,366.0 202.0	2,402.8 212.5	2,435.9 203.9
Unemployment rate		7.8	6.8	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.9	7.6	7.9	7.9	8.1	7.7
West Virginia													
Civilian labor force		790.8	785.3	787.2 696.9	779.7 690.9	782.3 691.9	767.2 684.2	768.4 681.6	764.2 681.3	765.4	766.1	772.3	776.4
Employed Unemployed		691.2 99.6	694.1 91.2	90.3	88.8	90.4	83.0	86.8	82.9	687.3 78.1	685.8 80.3	690.3 82.0	694.4 82.0
Unemployment rate		12.6	11.6	11.5	11.4	11.6	10.8	11.3	10.8	10.2	10.5	10.6	10.6
Wisconsin													}
Civilian labor force		2,628.1	2,643.6 2.525.8	2,667.5	2,686.4	2,663.4	2,681.8	2,664.0	2,648.1	2,673.4	2,689.6	2,720.4	2,717.
Employed Unemployed		2,502.7 125.3	117.8	2,545.1 122.4	2,546.6 139.8	2,521.7 141.8	2,537.0 144.8	2,506.1 157.9	2,508.7 139.4	2,560.1 113.2	2,567.3 122.3	2,595.5 124.9	2,591. 125.
Unemployment rate		4.8	4.5	4.6	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.9	5.3	4.2	4.5	4.6	4.0
Wyoming					<u> </u>								
Civilian labor force		243.3 227.2	243.1 227.8	242.0 228.9	240.4 226.8	241.6 227.1	240.3 227.1	241.5 228.5	240.6 229.1	239.1 228.3	236.8 225.9	236.8 226.0	237.
Employed Unemployed		16.2	15.3	13.1	13.6	14.6	13.1	12.9	11.5	10.8	10.9	10.9	225.
Unemployment rate		6.6	6.3	5.4	5.7	6.0	5.5	5.4	4.8	4.5	4.6	4.6	5.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey. See the Explanatory Notes for Region, State, and Area Labor Force data. $^{\rm p}$ = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. All estimates are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark and population information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication.

D-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

	City	ilian labor fo	rco			Unemp			
State and area	L				Number			Percent of labor force	
	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Fel 199
ulabama	1,909.5	1,945.0	1,957.9	148.8	157.2	154.5	7.8	8.1	7
Birmingham		449.9	452.3	27.7	29.9	29.6	6.3	6.6	6
Huntsville	133.2	137.2	138.5	6.5	7.1	7.3	4.9	5.2	5
Mobile		227.4	229.4	17.5	19.4	19.1	7.8	8.5	[ε
Montgomery		139.8	142.2	8.7	9.0	9.3	6.3	6.4	
Tuscaloosa		72.8	74.3	4.5	4.5	4.3	6.1	6.2	
laska		256.9 118.2	259.1 118.7	27.9 9.2	26.7 9.1	25.3 8.4	11.0 8.0	10.4 7.7	9
•	1	1,759.0	1,718.5	142.0	135.5	127.9	8.3	7.7	1
rizona		1,063.8	1,038.2	77.4	68.8	65.3	7.4	6.5	1
Phoenix								1	9
Tucson	320.5	329.5	322.0	18.7	17.8	16.4	5.8	5.4	
rkansas		1,100.6 64.7	1,115.8 66.5	87.7 2.6	91.2 2.6	77.9 2.2	7.7 4.0	8.3 4.0	
Fayetteville-Springdale		90.5	91.3	7.2	7.7	6.5	7.8	8.5	1
Little Rock-North Little Rock		263.9	266.6	17.3	16.5	14.1	6.3	6.3	;
Pine Bluff	_	35.3	35.6	3.9	4.0	3.5	10.4	11.3	
alifornia¹	14,991.5	15,122.6	15,290.6	1,381.2	1,484.2	1,576.8	9.2	9.8	10
Anaheim-Santa Ana		1,378.5	1,385.9	74.6	88.3	90.5	5.5	6.4	1
Bakersfield		266.2	267.8	38.4	42.2	44.8	15.1	15.8	10
Fresno		340.6	340.9	54.1	55.6	61.2	16.7	16.3	1
Los Angeles-Long Beach ¹		4,432.0	4,540.0	451.0	462.0	510.0	9.9	10.4	1 1
Modesto		176.5	179.4	29.7	30.6	34.6	17.5	17.3	19
Oakland	1,110.1	1,125.3	1.130.9	67.4	73.9	77.0	6.1	6.6	
Oxnard-Ventura		384.2	383.6	30.6	34.9	32.6	8.1	9.1	1 8
Riverside-San Bernardino	1 .	1,138.6	1,145.6	114.4	128.5	133.0	10.3	11.3	1
Sacramento	1 '	790.3	793.0	62.9	65.6	69.4	8.1	8.3	[
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey		173.3	174.2	28.9	31.8	33,4	17.7	18.3	11
San Diego		1,199.6	1,201.1	80.1	93.2	95.1	6.8	7.8	1 .
San Francisco		884.6	884.9	48.2	53.9	55.4	5.5	6.1	1 1
San Jose		829.5	830.5	53.8	57.0	59.8	6.5	6.9	1
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		182.1	183.2	15.1	16.7	16.5	8.2	9.1	1 9
Santa Rosa-Petaluma		220.7	222.6	15.9	16.8	16.9	7.2	7.6	:
Stockton	201.1	212.8	214.1	31.8	33.9	36.0	15.8	15.9	16
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	204.3	213.0	214.1	16.9	19.5	20.6	8.3	9.1	'
olorado		1,774.6 146.5	1,763.9 145.6	115.8 6.3	111.6	115.2	6.6	6.3	
Boulder-Longmont Denver		901.6	894.9	55.1	6.2 54.9	6.4 56.9	4.4 6.2	4.2 6.1	
		1,745.9	1,737.7	147.3	131.8	129.5	8.2	7.5	
onnecticut		224.8	222.3	21.7	19.6	18.9	9.5	8.7	
Hartford		416.3	414.7	33.5	31.3	31.2	7.7	7.5	'
New Britain		75.4	75.0	8.2	7.3	7.2	11.0	9.7	١,
New Haven-Meriden		270.7	271.3	22.7	19.5	18.9	7.9	7.2	
Stamford		113.3	112.4	6.5	5.8	5.6	5.6	5.1	
Waterbury	1	106.3	104.2	12.7	10.9	10.3	12.1	10.3	
elaware		376.8	375.6	19.6	19.0	22.1	5.4	5.0	
Wilmington	314.6	319.6	319.5	19.5	17.2	19.6	6.2	5.4	'
Vistrict of Columbia		262.5 2,223.3	268.8 2,253.0	23.5 119.2	25.9 110.5	24.1 106.3	8.3 5.4	9.9 5.0	1
'lorida¹	6,388.9	6,530.5	6,618.5	556.1	515.3	463.3	8.7	7.9	
Daytona Beach	162.2	162.8	166.9	13.6	13.5	11.9	8.4	8.3	
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		696.2	704.5	59.6	53.4	47.6	8.9	7.7	
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	155.8	158.5	160.9	12.1	11.4	10.1	7.8	7.2	1
Gainesville	111.3	112.1	114.9	5.8	5.5	5.0	5.2	4.9	
Jacksonville		459.5	466.1	36.6	30.7	28.3	7.9	6.7	'
Lakeland-Winter Haven		181.2	181.8	19.1	18.6	16.6	10.6	10.2	!
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		195.8	199.1	17.8	16.1	14.8	9.0	8.2	
Miami-Hialeah	951.2	972.0	982.6	103.2	88.8	78.5	10.9	9.1	
Orlando		662.6	673.9	48.3	46.7	41.6	7.7	7.1	
Pensacola		153.8	156.5	10.7	9.2	8.5	7.1	6.0	
Sarasota		130.6	131.8	8.0	7.6	6.5	6.1	5.8	
Tallahassee		140.4	144.6	6.6	6.1	5.9	4.8	4.4	1 :
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		1,036.6	1,052.8	78.3	75.4	69.0	7.7	7.3	1 1
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	431.2	442.7	446.8	41.9	39.3	36.2	9.7	8.9	1 1

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi	ilian labor for	ce			Unemp	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
State and area	O.V.	man labor to			Number			Percent of labor force	_	
	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Fe 199	
ieorgia	3,197.0	3,261.2	3,261.5	212.2	220.4	221.8	6.6	6.8	6	
	1 1	53.5	53.8	4.2	4.5	4.8	7.8	8.4	8	
Albany		75.0	75.4							
Athens				4.1	4.3	4.3	5.3	5.8	5	
Atlanta		1,514.1	1,518.9	93.2	95.2	97.0	6.1	6.3	 	
Augusta	201.8	196.8	196.7	12.5	12.4	12.9	6.2	6.3		
Columbus		98.5	98.9	6.9	7.3	7.0	7.0	7.4	1 :	
Macon-Warner Robins		128.6	128.8	7.8	8.2	8.3	5.8	6.3	1 1	
Savannah		118.0	118.3	7.2	7.7	7.9	6.2	6.5		
awaii		575.4 409.2	570.4 406.4	20.8 11.9	27.5 13.9	27.5 14.2	3.7 3.0	4.8 3.4		
Honolulu								İ	1	
aho		513.6 129.6	510.2 129.0	39.5 6.0	42.1 6.6	40.2 6.1	7.9 4.8	8.2 5,1		
inois¹	6,064.6	6,028.1	6,021.7	540.9	447.8	506.7	8.9	7.4	ļ	
Aurora-Elgin		196.0	195.6	19.1	15.2	17.5	9.7	7.8		
Bloomington-Normal		82.1	83.1	4.5	3.8	4.6	5.8	4.7		
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul		93.2	95.8	5.0	4.6	5.2	5.3	4.9		
	1 . 1									
Chicago	3,256.5	3,206.1	3,196.8	271.8	227.9	259.0	8.3	7.1		
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline		187.7	186.8	13.8	14.5	13.6	7.6	7.7	١.	
Decatur	62.0	62.8	62.9	6.6	5.7	6.5	10.7	9.0	1	
Joliet	217.5	229.8	229.3	22.8	18.2	20.5	10.5	7.9		
Kankakee		50.6	50.5	5.5	4.5	5.0	10.6	8.9		
Lake County	[[324.3	322.4	19.7	16.9	19.3	6.2	5.2		
		171.2	170.3	14.9	12.6	14.0	8.8	7.4	1	
Peoria	1	159.0	159.6	19.8	12.7	16.1	12.3	8.0	1	
RockfordSpringfield	1 1	119.2	118.7	7.6	6.5	7.4	6.5	5.4	'	
diana	2,789.0	2,764.6	2,798.0	177.2	195.9	193.0	6.4	7.1		
Anderson		56.3	56.3	4.7	4.9	4.8	8.3	8.8		
Bloomington		61.1	62.2	2.5	2.9	2.9	4.1	4.7	ĺ	
		87.2	88.4	5.1	5.2	5.0	5.8	6.0		
Elkhart-Goshen		141.8	144.1	9.4	9.9	9.8	6.6	7.0		
Evansville			1	1	- 1			1		
Fort Wayne		193.5	194.7	11.2	13.0	12.2	5.8	6.7	l	
Gary-Hammond	263.6	253.2	256.7	19.8	22.7	22.9	7.5	9.0]	
Indianapolis	684.4	670.6	678.7	32.7	36.8	36.1	4.8	5.5	l	
Kokomo		46.2	46.8	3.8	3.4	3.3	8.1	7.3		
Lafayette-West Lafayette		67.9	69.0	2.5	2.9	2.9	3.5	4.3		
		59.7	60.2	3.9	4.5	4.3	6.5	7.5	1	
Muncie			125.8	8.4	8.2					
South Bend-Mishawaka Terre Haute	1	124.6 61.6	61.9	3.9	4.5	8.3 4.7	6.5 6.1	6.6 7.4		
wa	1,529.5	1,556.2	1,562.9	73.0	79.0	78.0	4.8	5.1		
Cedar Rapids	98.0	100.3	100 4	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.5	1	
Des Moines		254.8	256.7	8.9	10.2	10.4	3.6	4.0		
Dubuque		47.9	47.9	2.8	2.9	3.0	6.1	6.1		
		65.4	63.6	1,2	1.3	1.2	1.8	2.1	1	
lowa City								i	ļ	
Sioux City		64.9 78.7	65.0 79.1	2.6 4.3	2.4 4.9	2.3 4.6	4.1 5.6	3.6 6.2		
(ansas	1,305.4	1,316.8	1,331.1	51.9	64.5	64.0	4.0	4.9		
Lawrence		46.5	48.3	1.4	1.9	1.9	3.0	4.0		
Topeka	00.5	94.4	94.8	3.7	4.6	4.5	3.9	4.9		
Wichita		264.2	265.1	9.8	13.4	13.4	3.7	5.1		
entucky	1,725.9	1,741.4	1,737.8	141.9	124.4	112.0	8.2	7.1		
Lexington-Fayette	190.4	196.6	197.6	9.4	8.4	7.4	5.0	4.3		
Louisville	505.6	511.8	512.0	29.6	29.5	26.9	5.9	5.8		
Owensboro		44.8	44.8	4.0	3.2	3.2	8.9	7.1		
ouisiana		1,841.9	1,850.0	139.9	157.9	134.5	7.3	8.6		
Alexandria		55.8	56.0	4.0	4.5	3.6	6.9	8.1		
Baton Rouge		270.2	274.6	14.8	19.0	16.3	5.3	7.0	1	
Houma-Thibodaux		65.8	65.3	6.1	6.3	5.3	8.7	9.5	1	
Lafayette		101.4	102.9	6.7	7.1	6.1	6.3	7.0		
Lake Charles		78.9	78.9	6.6	8,1	7,0	8.1	10.3	İ	
	1	66.8	67.1	4.5	5.1	4.4	6.3	7.6		
Monroe				33.0						
New Orleans		548.5 152.5	551.4 153.1	13.0	40.2 11.0	34.5 9.5	5.8 8.3	7.3 7.2		
Othershort					•					
	1									
AaineLewiston-Auburn		649.8 44.4	644.6 44.4	59.1 5.3	59.7 4.9	61.8 5.1	9.2 11.9	9.2 11.0		

D-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

			ļ			Unem	oloyed 		
State and area	Civi	lian labor for	ce		Number			Percent of labor force	
	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
Maryland	2,532.1	2,567.4	2,599.8	190.8	164.8	173.6	7.5	6.4	6.7
Baltimore	1,202.7	1,205.8	1,219.9	99.5	86.3	91.6	8.3	7.2	7.5
Massachusetts¹	3,115.6	3,150.5	3,131.5	264.2	266.5	261.3	8.5	8.5	8.3
Boston	1,541.5	1,546.3	1,539.0	110.2	109.9	108.1	7.1	7.1	7.0
Brockton	95.9 76.0	96.3 78.5	95.2 77.6	9.6 9.9	9.5 9.9	9.3 9.8	10.1 13.0	9.9 12.6	9.8 12.6
Fall River	47.2	47.4	46.9	4.7	4.3	4.2	10.0	9.0	9.0
Fitchburg-Leominster	186.8	194.8	194.6	17.6	18.8	19.0	9.4	9.6	9.8
Lowell	147.9	149.8	148.2	13.1	14.4	14.1	8.8	9.6	9.5
New Bedford	85.5	87.3	86.7	10.8	11.1	11.1	12.7	12.7	12.8
Pittsfield	41.5	41.5	41.0	4.3	4.1	4.0	10.3	10.0	9.8
Springfield	256.2	254.8	253.7	22.9	24.8	24.7	8.9	9.7	9.7
Worcester	216.2	220.7	221.9	19.0	18.3	17.7	8.8	8.3	8.0
	4 560 7	4 564 7	4 550 5	440.6	256.0	241 5	0.0	7.0	7.5
Michigan ¹	4,563.7 167.5	4,561.7 163.1	4,553.5 164.7	448.6 (10.2	356.8 6.8	341.5 6.3	9.8 6.1	7.8 4.2	7.5 3.9
Ann Arbor	63.7	63.5	64.4	5.7	4.4	4.2	8.9	6.9	6.6
Benton Harbor	78.4	77.4	77.2	7.8	6.5	6.2	9.9	8.4	8.0
Detroit	2,111.3	2,133.5	2,121.4	204.4	166.8	152.8	9.7	7.8	7.2
Flint	185.7	182.1	181.3	23.1	17.8	17.0	12.5	9.8	9.4
Grand Rapids	389.0	387.1	389.9	30.1	22.7	21.6	7.7	5.9	5.5
Jackson	64.8	64.9	64.6	6.9	5.7	5.5	10.6	8.8	8.5
Kalamazoo	119.9	122.1	122.4	7.4	5.9	5.5	6.1	4.8	4.5
Lansing-East Lansing	242.4	238.8	238.4	15.6	12.2	17.4	6.4	5.1	7.3
Muskegon	66.9	64.9	64.7	8.6	7.0	6.8	12.8	10.8	10.5
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	188.1	186.4	186.4	17.7	13.8	13.2	9.4	7.4	7.1
linnesota	2,376.2	2,481.8	2,458.6	125.2	145.4	158.1	5.3	5.9	6.4
Duluth	113.6	117.5	117.0	7.8	9.1	10.1	6.9	7.8	8.6
Minneapolis-St.Paul	1,388.2	1,454.5	1,443.8	61.9	70.0	76.6	4.5	4.8	5.3
Rochester	65.2	67.6	66.7	2.0	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	4.1
St. Cloud	107.5	112.2	111.6	6.6	7.8	8.4	6.1	6.9	7.5
#ississippi	1,164.4 196.9	1,159.1 196.9	1,171.2 199.8	100.8 11.3	76.1 9.4	78.2 9.8	8.7 5.7	6.6 4.8	6.7 4.9
Aissouri	2,726.3	2,648.5	2,626.1	164.3	178.9	175.1	6.0	6.8	6.7
Kansas City	867.4	866.4	867.0	41.9	47.0	46.9	4.8	5.4	5.4
St. Louis LMA	1,288.3	1,256.5	1,249.3	83.6	80.1	82.0	6.5	6.4	6.6
Springfield	136.3	137.2	136.0	6.3	7.6	7.5	4.6	5.6	5.5
fontana	410.5	402.9	402.1	34.1	33.1	32.5	8.3	8.2	8.1
lebraska	847.7	835.2	849.1	24.4	27.1	25.9	2.9	3.2	3.1
Lincoln	133.1	129.1	131.6	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.2	2.3	2.3
Omaha	340.7	341.5	343.7	10.8	12.5	11.9	3.2	3.6	3.5
levada	665.2	678.1	677.1	48.6	50.9	48.8	7.3	7.5	7.2
Las Vegas	418.9	427.8	428.1	30.3	29.2	28.7	7.2	6.8	6.7
Reno	140.5	142.4	141.7	10.4	11.7	10.7	7.4	8.2	7.5
lew Hampshire	630.6	642.8	649.9	46.5	53.5	55.9	7.4	8.3	8.6
Manchester	85.8	87.4	86.4	6.3	7.0	7.4	7.4	8.0	8.5
Nashua Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	99.0 134.9	102.0 138.3	102.9 139.6	7.7 8.5	9.1 9.5	9.7 9.3	7.7 6.3	8.9 6.9	9.4 6.7
t t	40135	3,897.1	3,899.0	326.3	310.3	222.1	0.1	9.0	
lew Jersey ¹	4,013.5 181.4	177.4	177.4	20.5	20.3	323.1 20.5	8.1 11.3	8.0 11.5	8.3
Bergen-Passaic		656.3	654.9	53.2	51.0	52.5	7.8	7.8	8.0
Jersey City		259.3	259.4	29.3	29.2	29.7	10.6	11.3	11,4
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	591.3	576.9	576.0	37.9	36.0	37.7	6.4	6.2	6.5
Monmouth-Ocean		467.5	467.1	39.5	34.2	35.2	8.2	7.3	7.5
Newark		905.1	905.8	76.6	72.7	76.0	8.1	8.0	8.4
Trenton	178.8	171.7	171.6	11.8	10.7	10.6	6.6	6.2	6.2
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	62.6	60.6	60.5	8.4	8.1	8.0	13.4	13.4	13.3
New Mexico		712.2	725.0	55.3	46.7	50.2	7.7	6.6	6.9
Albuquerque		270.2	275.3	13.7	11.9	12.7	5.0	4.4	4.6
Las Cruces		56.5 73.5	58.2 75.0	5.0 2.9	4.1 2.7	4.8	8.5	7.2	8.2
						2.6	3.9	3.7	3.5

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

				Unemployed							
State and area	Civi	lian labor for	rce		Number			Percent of labor force			
	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb 1993		
ew York¹	8,412.0	8,562.5	8,579.9	781.2	796.1	733.2	9,3	9.3	8.		
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	1 ' 1	442.1	442.5	31.6	25.3	25.5	7.4	5.7	5.		
		122.1	122.2	9.5	8.7	8.9	7.9	7.1	7.		
Binghamton											
Buffalo		461.6	462.7	39.5	32.0	32.9	8.7	6.9	7.		
Elmira		42.5	42.3	3.4	2.6	2.7	8.0	6.1	6.		
Glens Falls		53.1	53.1	6.9	5.4	5.4	13.0	10.2	10.		
Nassau-Suffolk	1,311.6	1,339.5	1,337.7	100.8	84.3	86.4	7.7	6.3	6		
New York		3,991.8	4,002.9	400.0	483.5	415.6	10.2	12.1	10		
New York City ¹	3,276.0	3,347.0	3,361.0	356.0	447.0	379.0	10.9	13.4	11		
Orange County		141.3	139.4	11.3	9.4	9.4	8.5	6.7	6		
Poughkeepsie	1 1	119.6	118.4	8.5	7.9	8.0	7.0	6.6	6		
Rochester		516.3	515.7	32.1	26.3	27.1	6.4	5.1	5		
		321.5	324.3	27.1	22.2	22.8	8.5	6.9	7		
Syracuse		137.9	138.1	12.9	10.6	10.7	9.6	7.7			
Jtica-Rome	134.6	137.9	130.1	12.9	10.6	10.7	9.0		7		
rth Carolina¹		3,457.7	3,468.1	225.2	216.2	197.0	6.6	6.3	5		
Asheville		95.9	96.5	5.5	5.3	4.8	5.9	5.5	4		
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		651.8	656.0	38.4	35.4	33.5	5.9	5.4	5		
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		534.2	536.2	29.0	27.4	24.7	5.6	5.1	4		
Raleigh-Durham	428.4	450.4	456.4	18.0	18.8	17.6	4.2	4.2	3		
orth Dakota		304.2	306.8	15.5	16.1	16.2	5.0	5.3	5		
Bismarck		45.6	46.0	2.1	2.4	2.4	4.7	5.3	5		
Fargo-Moorhead		89.3	88.9	3.4	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.2	4		
Grand Forks		34.4	34.5	1.4	1.3	1.4	3.9	3.6	3		
nio¹	5,400.7	5.437.0	5,420.4	436.4	446.6	423.3	8.1	8.2	7		
	332.1	338.8	338.2	26.0	26.7	25.2	7.8	7.9	7		
Akron											
Canton		195.7	194.1	17.0	16.6	15.8	8.8	8.5	8.		
Cincinnati		786.2	784.7	46.2	49.4	46.7	6.0	6.3	6		
Cleveland	927.5	937.7	933.9	65.0	70.9	68.7	7.0	7.6	7		
Columbus	736.4	756.9	752.8	41.6	47.7	44.1	5.6	6.3	5		
Dayton-Springfield	472.7	472.5	469.7	32.6	32.8	30.9	6.9	6.9	6		
Toledo		309.4	307.1	28.0	24.8	23.3	9.2	8.0	7		
Youngstown-Warren	1 1	225.0	222.1	21.5	24.0	22.4	9.8	10.7	10		
klahoma	1,500.5	1,523.7	1,511.8	109.9	97.6	90.8	7.3	6.4	6		
Enid		28.0	27.9	1.2	1.3	1.2	4.5	4.5	4		
		51.2	50.7	3.0	3.1	2.8	6.2	6.0	5		
Lawton		499.9	496.4	36.5	25.0	23.8	7.5	5.0	4		
Oklahoma City		350.0	347.1	23.1	24.4	22.3	6.8	7.0	6		
		4.540.0	4 500 5	105.4	105.4	107.0					
regon	1,486.5	1,519.6	1,539.5	125.4	125.4	127.3	8.4	8.3	8		
Eugene-Springfield	146.5	149.0	151.0	12.3	12.8	13.0	8.4	8.6	8		
Medford		77.3	78.4	7.2	7.2	7.5	9.7	9.4	9		
Portland	694.4	709.4	719.2	46.8	45.5	47.3	6.7	6.4	6		
Salem	137.4	143.8	146.1	11.3	11.9	11.4	8.2	8.3	7		
nnsylvania¹	5,977.0	5,980.3	5,995.5	513.6	489.0	488.7	8.6	8.2	٤ (
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton		340.7	341.1	30.6	28.0	27.8	8.9	8.2	l 8		
Altoona		63.5	63.4	6.7	5.7	5.4	10.6	8.9	8		
Beaver County	63.0	63.3	63.8	8.2	7.7	7.7	12.9	12.1	12		
Erie		142.2	143.5	13.2	11.1	11.4	9.5	7.8	7		
		341.9	342.3	20.7	21.3	19.8	6.2	6.2	Í		
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		102.8	104.0	12.5	12.9	13.6	12.2	12.6	13		
Johnstown	102.5	236.1	235.2	15.4	15.6	13.6	6.7	6.6	13		
Lancaster								1			
Philadelphia		2,409.9	2,417.3	188.7	180.9	187.5	7.7	7.5	7		
Pittsburgh		1,034.9	1,036.1	79.7	79.5	80.7	7.8	7.7	7		
Reading		180.2	179.9	14.0	13.6	13.5	8.0	7.6	7		
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre		377.6	378.9	39.7	38.6	38.4	10.7	10.2	10		
Sharon		53.1	53.5	4.9	6.9	6.9	9.3	13.0	12		
State College		67.2	70.8	4.8	4.6	4.9	6.9	6.9	6		
Williamsport		61,1	60.7	6.5	6.0	5.9	10.6	9.8	9		
York		233.5	235.5	17.4	16.3	16.0	7.7	7.0	è		
	1	522.5	519.5	42.5	41.6	42.5	8.3	8.0	١.		
hode Island		1	171.5	14.4	13.8	14.1	8.8	8.0	8		
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro		171.8 350.2	347.3	28.2	27.7	28.0	8.8 8.3	7.9	8		
	}	1			}			1			
outh Carolina		1,756.9 238.4	1,758.3 239.2	131.8 15.7	116.7 13.8	117.5 14.1	7.5 6.5	6.6 5.8	9		
		244.8	246.1	13.1	12.0	12.1	5.4	4.9	1		
Columbia		346.2	346.2	20.4	17.0	17.7	5.4 5.9	4.9			
, -	1								ļ		
outh Dakota		357.1	358.3	12.2	15.4	14.9 1.8	3.4 3.4	4.3			
Rapid City	40.0	40.1	40.1	1.4	2.0			4.9			

See footnotes at end of table.

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D-3. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Ch	iliaa labaa faa				Ullelli	ployed		
State and area	Civ	ilian labor fo	rce		Number			Percent of labor force	
	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p	Feb. 1992	Jan. 1993	Feb. 1993 ^p
Tennessee	2,385.1	2,424.5	2,442.2	181.3	177.3	158.1	7.6	7.3	6.5
Chattanooga		210.8	211.3	14.5	13.2	12.0	6.8	6.3	6.5
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol		224.7	226.2	15.6	14.8	13.1	6.8	6.6	5.8
Knoxville		304.2	305.4	21.8	22.5	20.0	7.5	7.4	6.5
Memphis		465.4	470.8	28.8	30.3	27.1	6.3	6.5	5.8
Nashville		532.2	538.5	30.5	27.7	25.0	5.9	5.2	4.6
								1	}
Гехаs¹		8,680.1	8,663.3	682.1	727.0	703.1	7.9	8.4	8.1
Abilene		52.1	51.8	3.5	3.6	3.5	6.9	7.0	6.8
Amarillo	i - 1	97.1	96.9	5.7	6.2	5.7	5.9	6.4	5.9
Austin		472.2	471.5	23.9	25.5	23.5	5.2	5.4	5.0
Beaumont-Port Arthur		178.3	177.0	15.9	21.4	20.9	9.0	12.0	11.8
Brazoria		90.3	90.2	7.7	8.3	8.2	8.1	9.2	9.0
Brownsville-Harlingen		112.2	112.6	16.1	14.9	14.7	14.3	13.3	13.0
Bryan-College Station		64.2 169.9	66.5	2.7	2.9	2.8	4.2	4.5	4.2
Corpus Christi	1		167.3	17.0	17.0	16.3	10.2	10.0	9.7
Dallas	1 1	1,455.5 262.2	1,452.9 260.7	106.9 29.4	107.7	104.1	7.4	7.4	7.2
El Paso	1 1	740.7	735.2	29.4 54.0	30.2	29.2	11.5	11.5	11.2
Fort Worth-Arlington		119.3	119.2	10.0	60.0 11.2	54.3	7.3	8.1	7.4
Houston))	1,751.7	1,749.4	125.8	145.6	10.7 144.6	8.8 7.1	9.4	9.0
Killeen-Temple		104.3	104.1	8.4	8.7	8.2	7.1 8.5	8.3	8.3
Laredo		58.8	58.6	5.5	6.0	5.8	9.8	8.3	7.9
Longview-Marshall		80.3	80.4	8.1	8.8	8.7	9.9	10.2	10.0
Lubbock		113.9	113.9	7.9	7.5	7.4	6.8	11.0 6.5	10.8
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission		168.5	167.7	31.8	30.7	30.2	19.1	18.2	6.5 18.0
Midland		48.3	48.0	3.5	4.1	3.8	7.1	8.6	7.9
Odessa		53.9	54.0	5.1	6.3	6.1	9.4	11.7	11.4
San Angelo		45.6	45.6	2.9	3.2	2.9	6.5	7.0	6.4
San Antonio	1 1	626.2	630.1	43.9	42.9	41.9	7.2	6.8	6.6
Sherman-Denison		46.5	46.2	3.6	3.8	3.7	7.7	8.2	8.0
Texarkana		57.0	56.8	4.8	4.8	4.6	8.3	8.4	8.1
Tyler	1 1	76.4	76.0	5.6	6.8	6.2	7.4	8.8	8.2
Victoria	38.7	39.6	39.7	2.4	2.8	2.6	6.3	7.1	6.6
Waco		92.6	93.2	6.2	6.6	6.5	6.7	7.2	6.9
Wichita Falls	55.2	53.9	53.9	4.1	4.1	4.1	7.4	7.6	7.6
				į.				1	
Jtah		808.9	813.7	39.2	40.7	34.1	4.9	5.0	4.2
Provo-Orem	1 1	118.8	120.8	5.4	5.5	4.6	4.4	4.6	3.8
Salt Lake City-Odgen	518.7	525.0	527.3	23.6	24.7	20.4	4.5	4.7	3.9
/ermont Burlington		321.1 79.7	324.9 80.0	21.6 3.6	22.6 4.0	23.6 4.2	7.0 4.7	7.0 5.0	7.3 5.3
/irginia	3,336.6	3,315.0	3,341.5	243.3	215.2	183.7	7.3	6.5	5.5
Charlottesville	1 1	72.4	73.8	4.3	3.8	2.6	5.7	5.2	3.6
Danville		53.9	53.9	5.6	4.4	3.7	10.1	8.2	6.8
Lynchburg		78.8	79.0	5.2	5.2	3.9	6.7	6.5	4.9
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News		653.6	656.9	48.6	47.0	39.5	7.4	7.2	6.0
Richmond-Petersburg		471.3	476.2	32.9	29.1	24.9	6.9	6.2	5.2
Roanoke	130.9	131.5	132.0	7.7	7.5	6.4	5.9	5.7	4.8
Vashington Seattle		2,593.0 1,157.1	2,630.0 1,175.6	213.7 71.4	237.8 78.3	229.4 79.9	8.4 6.3	9.2 6.8	8.7 6.8
Vest Virginia	782.5	765.7	769.2	1046	00.5	00.0	40.4		
Charleston		765.7 118.2	768.2 118.2	104.6	90.5	89.8	13.4	11.8	11.7
Huntington-Ashland	1	132.0	130.8	12.2 16.1	11.4	10.6	10.2	9.6	9.0
Parkersburg-Marietta		74.9	74.4	7.9	14.8 8.0	13.4 7.6	12.1	11.2	10.2
Wheeling		71.4	71.2	8.8	7.9	7.6	10.7 12.1	10.7 11.0	10.3 10.7
Visconsin	2,575.7	2.662.9	2,665.9	161.9	140.1	151.9	6.0		
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah		183.7	184.2	9.7	8.1	9.0	6.3 5.5	5.3	5.7
Eau Claire		73.3	75.2	4.5	5.0	5.4	5. 5	4.4	4.9
Green Bay	1 1	118.9	119.2	6.0	5.1	5.4	6.2 5.3	6.8	7.2
Janesville-Beloit	t .	75.5	75.1	6.3	4.7	5.7	5.3 8.6	4.3	4.8
Kenosha	1 1	60.4	60.4	3.8	3.9	4.2	6.8	6.2 6.5	6.8
La Crosse		56.7	57.6	3.1	2.7	2.8	5.5	4.8	6.9
Madison		242.3	245.2	9.9	5.6	6.2	5.5 4.3	2.3	4.9
Milwaukee	1 !	773.0	775.4	38.7	31.7	34.3	4.3 5.2	4.1	2.5
Racine		90.4	89.6	6.6	6.2	6.2	7.5	6.8	4.4
Sheboygan		58.4	58.2	3.6	2.0	2.5	7.5 6.1	3.5	6.9 4.4
Wausau		66.6	66.2	4.8	4.1	4.3	7.4	6.2	6.4
Vyoming	239.3	232.7	233.8	19.9	15.0	15.2	8.3	6.4	6.5

¹ Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey. See the Explanatory Notes for Region, State, and Area Labor Force Data.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. All estimates for 1992 are provisional

and will be revised when new benchmark and population information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

Explanatory Notes

Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The Bureau of the Census conducts the survey each month for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. Trained interviewers collect the information from a sample of about 60,000 households, representing 729 areas in 1,973 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey is designed to provide industry information on nonfarm wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are currently based on payroll reports from a sample of over 350,000 establishments employing over 41 million nonfarm wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full or part time, who receive pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th day of the month.

RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey, whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definitions and coverage, source of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two series follow.

Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment covers wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, and unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises. Employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, because each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

For a comprehensive discussion of the differences between household and establishment survey employment data see Gloria P. Green's article, "Comparing Employment Estimates From Household and Payroll Surveys," *Monthly Labor Review*, December 1969.

Hours of work

The household survey measures hours actually worked, whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours

distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

Earnings

The household survey measures median earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the household survey earnings series, see *Technical Description of the Quarterly Data on Weekly Earnings from the Current Population Survey*, BLS Bulletin 2113.

COMPARABILITY OF HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and selfemployed and unpaid family workers). Beginning in January 1978, coverage was extended to include domestic workers whose employers paid \$1,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, agricultural employees whose employers engaged 10 or more workers in 20 weeks or paid a total of \$20,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, and almost all State and local government employees.

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey. For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the Monthly Labor Review.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the Economics and Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

COMPARABILITY OF PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP), published by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonfarm wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, certain activities, such as interstate railroads, parochial schools, and churches are not covered by unemployment insurance, but the BLS establishment statistics do include these activities.

Household Data (A tables)

COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population; the personal, occupational, and other characteristics of the employed, the unemployed, and persons not in the labor force; and related data are compiled for BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, BLS Report 463. Historical national data through 1987 are published in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey, BLS Bulletin 2307.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted through a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th day of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted during the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 16 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations, and they are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this publication. Data on the members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States, who are included as part of the special categories "noninstitutional population," "labor force," and "total employment," are obtained from the Department of Defense. (See tables A-1, A-2, A-32, and A-42.)

Each month about 60,000 occupied units are eligible for interview. About 2,600 of these households are contacted, but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This results in a noninterview rate for the survey of between 4 and 5 percent. In addition to the 60,000 occupied units, there are 11,500 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan, as explained later, provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those used since 1967 are as follows:

Employed persons are (a) all civilians who, during the survey week, did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or personal reasons, whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Each employed person is counted only once, even if he or she holds more than one job. Multiple jobholders are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around their own houses (painting, repairing, or housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons are all civilians who had no employment during the survey week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the prior 4 weeks. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off or were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days need not be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Two useful measures of the duration are the mean and the median. Mean duration is the arithmetic average computed from single weeks of unemployment; median duration is the midpoint of a distribution of weeks of unemployment.

Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into four major groups. (1) *Job losers* are persons whose employment ended involuntarily who immediately began looking for work, and persons on layoff. (2) *Job leavers* are persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work. (3) *Reentrants* are persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer but were out of the labor

force prior to beginning to look for work. (4) Newentrants are persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer. Each of these four categories of the unemployed may be expressed as an unemployment rate or proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers.

Jobseekers are all unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week. Jobseekers do not include those persons unemployed because they (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or (b) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work, including going to a public or private employment agency or to an employer directly, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or using some other method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point.

The civilian labor force comprises all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

The civilian worker unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, etc.

Participation rates represent the proportion of the population that is in the labor force. The civilian labor force participation rate is the ratio of the civilian labor force to the civilian noninstitutional population. Civilian labor force participation rates are usually published for sex-age groups, often cross-classified by other demographic characteristics such as race and educational attainment.

Employment-population ratios represent the proportion of the population that is employed. The civilian employment-population ratio is the percentage of all employed civilians in the civilian noninstitutional population.

Not in the labor force includes all persons 16 years and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as engaged in ownhome housework, in school, unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness, retired, or other. The "other" group includes individuals reported as too old or temporarily unable to work, the voluntarily idle, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season and who were not reported as looking for work, and persons who did not look for work because they believed that no jobs were available in the area or that no jobs were available for which they could qualify—discouraged workers. Persons doing only incidental, unpaid family work (less than 15 hours in the specified week) are also classified as not in the labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work, desire for a job at the time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are published on a quarterly basis. As of January 1970, the detailed questions for persons not in the labor force are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for the previous 3 months and would not be in for the subsequent month. Between 1967 and 1969, these questions were asked in those households entering the sample for the first time and those returning for the second 4 months of interviewing, i.e., the "incoming" groups.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their last full-time job lasting 2 weeks or more. The classifications of occupations and industries used in data derived from the CPS are defined as in the 1990 census. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies wage and salary workers subdivided into private and government workers; self-employed workers; and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a governmental unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more during the survey week are designated as working full time. Persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working part time. Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or noneconomic reasons). Economic reasons include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of a job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. Noneconomic reasons include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home or

school, no desire for full-time work, and full-time worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1 to 34 hours for noneconomic reasons and usually work full time.

Data on employment "at work" differ from data on total employment because they exclude persons in the zerohours-worked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute.

Employed persons are also categorized into full-and part-time groupings based primarily on their usual status. In this context, full-time workers are those who (a) worked 35 hours or more during the survey week, (b) worked 1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons, but usually work full time, and (c) were with a job but not at work and usually work full time. Similarly, part-time workers are those who (a) voluntarily worked 1 to 34 hours during the survey week, (b) worked 1 to 34 hours for economic reasons, but usually work part time, i.e., persons who could only find part-time work, and (c) were with a job but not at work and usually work part time.

Unemployment rates for full-and part-time workers are calculated using the concepts of the full-and part-time labor force which are based on the type of job—full or part time—that persons—whether working or unemployed—say they want. The "full-time labor force" includes all persons working part time but who desire full-time work, that is, working part time for economic reasons. Thus, this category consists of persons on full-time schedules; all persons involuntarily working part time regardless of their usual status; and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The "part-time labor force" consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according to whether they usually work on full-time or voluntary part-time schedules.

Labor force time lost is a measure of aggregate hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available aggregate hours. It is computed by assuming that: (1) unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) those looking for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers during the survey week, and (3) persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

White, black, and other are terms used to describe the race of workers. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. All tables in this publication which contain racial data, with the exception of A-5 and its annual counterpart, present data for the black population group. Because

of their relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican living on the mainland, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings data are provided from responses to the question "How much does...USUALLY earn per week at this job before deductions?" Included are any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, the interviewer defines the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding the incorporated self-employed) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$50 centered interval within which each median falls.

Data expressed in constant dollars are deflated by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status are terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were reported as members of the same household even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent, includes persons who are separated because of marital discord, as well as persons who are living apart because either the husband or the wife was employed and living away from home, serving in the Armed Forces, or had a different place of residence for any reason.

A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters.

A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in marriedcouple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family refers to a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family even though they may include a related subfamily, that is, a married couple or a parent-child group related by birth or marriage to the householder and sharing the living quarters. The count of families used in this publication excludes unrelated subfamilies such as lodgers, guests, or resident employees living in a household but not related to the householder. Families are classified either as marriedcouple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other persons maintaining the family are either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

Poverty areas are defined as those census tracts in tracted areas, and Minor Civil Divisions (MCD's) in untracted areas, in which 20 percent or more of the noninstitutional residents were poor according to the 1980 decennial census. Persons were classified as poor or nonpoor by comparing money income to a series of poverty income thresholds which vary by family size and number of children. While poverty areas have a substantial concentration of low-income residents, many poor persons live outside these areas, and conversely, the areas include many people who are not poor.

The metropolitan areas classification consists of the total of all Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) as defined by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) as of June 30, 1983. A detailed discussion of the MSA definitions as well as changes in terminology can be found in "The New Metropolitan Area Definitions" section of the 1980 Census of Population Supplementary Report on Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PC-S1-18. Nonmetropolitan areas consist of the total territory outside MSA's.

The urban population, as defined for the 1980 census, comprises all persons living in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more inhabitants outside urban areas. More specifically, the urban population consists of all persons living in (1) places of 2,500 or more inhabitants incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding those persons living in the rural portions of extended cities; (2) other territories, incorporated and unincorporated, included in urbanized areas. The population not classified as urban makes up the rural population.

HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

Change in lower age limit

The lower age limit for official statistics on the labor force, employment, and unemployment was raised from 14 to 16 years of age in January 1967. Insofar as possible, historical series were revised to provide consistent information based on the population 16 years and over. For a detailed discussion of this and other definitional changes introduced at that time, including estimates of their effect on the various series, see "New Definitions for Employment and Unemployment," Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force, February 1967.

Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the changes introduced in 1967, there are several other periods of noncomparability in the labor force data:

- Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and men; other categories were relatively unaffected.
- Starting in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force. Four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected.
- Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged.
- Commencing in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; and unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged.
- A subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced in March 1973. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.
- Beginning in January 1974, the methodology used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitu-

tional population was modified to an inflation-deflation approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20-to 24-year-old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation," in the February 1974 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

- Effective in July 1975, as a result of the immigration of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000—30,000 men and 46,000 women. The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, and all of the changes were in the other population.
- Starting in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.
- Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.
- Commencing in January 1979, the first-stage ratio estimation method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.
- Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteris-

tics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure are derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in total population and estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The February 1982 article cited above also describes the adjustment procedure used. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 that are described above, and data users should make allowances for them in making certain data comparisons.

- Starting in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment methodology was updated to account for results obtained from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.
- Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure—the noninterview adjustment, the first- and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite estimator—were revised. These procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin. Major estimates were revised back to January 1980.
- Starting in January 1986, the population controls used in the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology were revised to reflect an explicit estimate of the number of undocumented immigrants (largely Hispanic) since 1980 and an improved estimate of the number of emigrants among legal foreign-born residents for the same time period. As a result, the total civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by nearly 400,000; civilian employment was increased by about 350,000. The Hispanic-origin population and labor force estimates were raised by about 425,000 and 305,000, respectively, and employment by 270,000. Overall and subgroup unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected. Because of the mag-

nitude of the adjustments for Hispanics, data were revised back to January 1980 to the extent possible. An explanation of the changes and their effect on estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of this publication.

• Beginning in August 1989, the second-stage ratio estimate cells were changed slightly to decrease the chance of very small cells occurring and to be more consistent with published age, sex, and race cells. This change had virtually no effect on national estimates.

Changes in the occupational and industrial classification system

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisons of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of Employment and Earnings.

Starting in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved from the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC), and this new system differed so radically in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers." Major additions include "cashiers" taken from the "clerical workers" group and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census was based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system, as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had much less of an adverse effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation," and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public adminis-

tration." Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in January 1992, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1990 census were introduced into the CPS. There were a few breaks in comparability between the 1980 and 1990 census-based systems, particularly within the "technical, sales, and administrative support" categories. The industrial classification system used in the 1990 census is based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification system. The most notable changes from the 1980 system were the shift of several industries from "business services" to "professional services" and the splitting of some industries into smaller, more detailed categories. A number of industry titles were changed as well, with no change in content.

Sampling

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. The sample is traditionally redesigned and a new sample selected after each decennial census. The number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are also increased occasionally. Most of these changes are made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates. When Alaska and Hawaii received statehood, three sample areas were added to the existing sample to account for the population of these States. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia, was designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States. In October 1978, a coverage improvement sample of approximately 450 sample household units representing 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units was added. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. In January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to SMSA's, which were redefined in 1973. In January 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was selected based on 1980 census information. A sample reduction of about 4,000 households was implemented in April 1988; they were reinstated during the 8-month period, April-November 1989.

The 1980 census-based sample design includes about 72,000 housing units per month located in 729 selected geographic areas called primary sampling units (PSU's). The sample was initially selected so that specific reliability criteria were met nationally, for each of the 50 States, for the District of Columbia, and for the sub-State areas of New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area. Since 1985, these reliability criteria have been

maintained through periodic additions and deletions in the State samples. The criteria, given below, are based on the coefficient of variation (CV) of the unemployment rate, where the CV is defined as the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate, expressed as a percentage. These CV controls assume a 6-percent unemployment rate in the denominator of this formula to establish a consistent specification of sampling error.

Nationally, a 1.8-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimate. This means that a change of 0.2 percentage point in the unemployment rate is significant at a 90-percent confidence level.

In 11 States—California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas—the most populous States at the time of the 1980 decennial census, an 8-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate estimate. In the other 39 States and the District of Columbia, an 8-percent CV is maintained on the annual unemployment rate estimate. In New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area, a 9-percent CV is maintained on the monthly unemployment rate.

In the first stage of sampling, the 729 sample areas are chosen. In the second stage, ultimate sampling unit clusters composed of about four housing units each are selected. Each month, about 72,000 housing units are assigned for data collection, of which about 60,000 are occupied and thus eligible for interview. The remainder are units found to be destroyed, vacant, converted to nonresidential use, containing persons whose usual place of residence is elsewhere, or ineligible for other reasons. Of the 60,000 housing units, 4 to 5 percent are not interviewed in a given month due to temporary absence (vacation, etc.), other failures to make contact after repeated attempts, inability of persons contacted to respond, unavailability for other reasons, and refusals to cooperate (about half of the noninterviews). Information is obtained each month for about 113,000 persons 16 years of age and older.

Selection of sample areas. The entire area of the United States, consisting of 3,137 counties and independent cities, is divided into 1,973 primary sampling units (PSU's). In most States, a PSU consists of a county or a number of contiguous counties. In New England and Hawaii, minor civil divisions are used instead of counties.

Metropolitan areas within a State are used as a basis for forming PSU's. Outside of metropolitan areas, counties normally are combined, except where the geographic area of the sample county is very large. Combining counties to form PSU's provides greater heterogeneity; a typical PSU includes urban and rural residents of both high and low economic levels and encompasses, to the extent feasible, diverse occupations and industries. Another important consideration is to make the PSU sufficiently compact so that, with a small sample spread throughout, it can be efficiently canvassed without undue travel cost.

The 1,973 PSU's are grouped into strata within each State. Then one PSU is selected from each stratum with the probability of selection proportional to the population of the PSU. There are 314 PSU's in strata by themselves that are self-representing, and generally these are the most populated PSU's in each State. The remaining strata are formed by combining PSU's that are similar in such characteristics as population growth; proportions of blacks and of Hispanics (in certain States); and population distribution by occupation, industry, age, and sex. The PSU's, randomly selected from these strata are non-self-representing because each one chosen represents the entire stratum. The probability of selecting a particular PSU in a non-self-representing stratum is proportional to its 1980 population. For example, within a stratum, the chance that a PSU with a population of 50,000 would be selected for the sample is twice that for a PSU having a population of 25,000.

Selection of sample households. Because the sample design is essentially State based, the sampling ratio differs by State and depends on the reliability requirements for estimates for each State. The State sampling ratios range roughly from 1 in every 200 households to 1 in every 2,500 households in each stratum of the State. The sampling ratio occasionally is modified slightly to hold the size of the sample relatively constant given the overall growth of the population. The sampling ratio used within a sample PSU depends on the probability of selection of the PSU and the sampling ratio for the State. In a sample PSU with a probability of selection of 1 in 10 with a State sampling ratio of 1 in 2,500, the within-PSU sampling ratio that results is 1 in 250, thereby achieving the desired ratio of 1 in 2,500 for the stratum.

Within each designated PSU, several steps are involved in selecting the housing units to be enumerated. First, the 1980 census enumeration districts (ED's), which are administrative units and contain on the average about 300 housing units, are ordered so that the sample would reflect the demographic and residential characteristics of the PSU. Within each ED, the housing units are sorted geographically and are grouped into clusters of approximately four housing units. Next, a systematic sample of these clusters of housing units is selected.

The identification of the sample housing units within an ED is made wherever possible from the list of ED addresses compiled during the 1980 census. The address lists are used in about three-fourths of the ED's, primarily in urban areas. Area sampling is applied in the remaining ED's, mostly in rural areas. In ED's where address lists are used, automated methods are used to form clusters of geographically contiguous housing units. An effort is made to have all small, multi-unit addresses (two to four housing units) included in the same cluster. The methods use the within-PSU sampling ratio to identify appropriate clusters for the sample. Supplemental samples are also prepared to

account for addresses in isolated geographic areas and to account for housing units not found on the address lists, including housing units newly constructed in the PSU since the census date. The addresses of these units are obtained mainly from records of building permits.

In those enumeration districts where area sampling methods are used, mainly rural areas, the ED's are subdivided into small land "chunks" with well-defined boundaries and having, in general, an expected "size" of about 8 to 12 housing units or other living quarters. For each subdivided ED, one chunk (or more) is designated for the sample. When a selected chunk contains about four households, for example, all units are included in the sample. When the size of the chunk is several times four units, an interviewer does not conduct interviews at all housing units in the chunk but uses a systematic sampling pattern to obtain approximately four households. The remaining housing units in the chunk are then available for further samples. Area ED's also make use of building permit lists to identify newly constructed housing units.

Rotation of sample. Part of the sample is changed each month. For each sample, eight representative subsamples or rotation groups are identified. A given rotation group is interviewed for a total of 8 months, divided into two equal periods. It is in the sample for 4 consecutive months, leaves the sample during the following 8 months, and then returns for another 4 consecutive months. In any 1 month, one-eighth of the rotation groups are in their first month of enumeration, another eighth is in their second month, and so on. Under this system, 75 percent of the sample segments are common from month to month and 50 percent from year to year. This procedure, which was introduced in 1953, provides a substantial amount of month-tomonth and year-to-year overlap in the sample, thus reducing discontinuities in the series of data without burdening any specific group of households with an unduly long period of inquiry.

Table 1-A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use since 1947. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in The Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics. A description of the 1980 census-based sample appears in "Redesign of the Sample for the Current Population Survey," in the May 1984 issue of Employment and Earnings.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously

and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Since 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State have the same probability of selection (with the exception of New York and California, where the cities of New York and Los Angeles are sampled at a higher probability). These selection probabilities are then adjusted for noninterviews; ratio adjustments are made to known population controls; and composite the estimation procedure is applied.

- 1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. Each MSA cluster is split by "central city" and "balance of the MSA." Each non-MSA cluster is split by "urban" and "rural" residence categories. The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.
- 2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
- a. First-stage ratio estimate. In the CPS, a portion of the 729 sample areas is chosen to represent other areas not in the sample; the remainder of the sample areas represent only themselves. The first-stage ratio estimation procedure reduces the portion of the variance that results from requiring sample PSU's in a State to represent nonsampled PSU's in the same State and is not applied to self-representing PSU's. The adjustment is made at the State level for each of the 43 States which contains nonsample areas by race cells of black and nonblack. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each cell at the time of the 1980 census between the race distribution of the population in sample PSU's and the known race distribution of the State.

Table 1-A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to present

Time period	Number of sample	Househo	Housholds visited	
	areas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	but not eligible
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954 Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956 May 1956 to Dec. 1959 Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963 Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966 Jan. 1967 to July 1971 Aug. 1971 to July 1972 Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977 Jan. 1978 to Dec. 1979 Jan 1980 to Apr. 1981 May 1981 to Dec. 1984 Jan. 1985 to Mar. 1988 Apr. 1988 to Mar. 1989 Nov. 1989 to present 3	68 230 1330 2333 357 449 449 461 614 629 629 729 729	21,000 21,000 33,500 33,500 48,000 45,000 45,000 53,500 62,200 57,800 57,000 53,200	500-1,000 500-1,000 1,500 1,500 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,500 2,800 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500	3,000-3,500 3,000-3,500 6,000 6,000 8,500 8,000 10,000 12,000 11,000 11,000 11,500

Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia.

b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this stage, the sample proportions of persons in specific categories are adjusted to the distribution of independent current estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population in the same categories. The second-stage ratio adjustment, which further reduces variability of the estimates and corrects to some extent for CPS undercoverage relative to the decennial census, is carried out in three steps.

In the first step, the sample estimates are adjusted within each State and the District of Columbia to independent controls for the population 16 years and over. These controls are an arithmetic extrapolation of the trend in the growth of this population segment using the two most recent July 1 estimates, adjusted as a last step to a current estimate of the U.S. population of this group. State estimates by age for July 1 are published annually in Current Population Reports, Series P-25. For a description of the methodology used in developing the State total, see Report 957 of that series. A description of the age estimates methodology is available in Report 1010 of that series.

The second step involves an adjustment by Hispanic origin to a national estimate for 14 Hispanic and 5 non-Hispanic age-sex categories. These Hispanic controls are prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census count for Hispanics by adding estimated Hispanic births and immigrants and subtracting estimated Hispanic deaths and emigrants to yield an estimate of the Hispanic population by age and sex. Prior to January 1985, there was no separate control for Hispanics in the second-stage ratio procedure.

In the third step, a national adjustment is made by the race categories of white, black, and other races to indepen

dent estimates by age and sex. The white and black categories contain 66 and 42 age-sex groups respectively; the other races category has 10 age-sex cells. The entire second-stage adjustment procedure is iterated six times, each time beginning at the weights developed the previous time. This ensures that the sample estimates of the population for both State and national age-sex-race-origin categories will be virtually equal to the independent population control totals.

The "inflation-deflation" method is used in the preparation of the independent national controls used for the agesex-race groups in the third step of the second-stage ratio estimation procedure. It had been discontinued during the period from January 1982 to December 1984. In January 1985, this method was reintroduced into the CPS estimation procedure. With "the inflation-deflation" method, the independent controls are prepared by inflating the 1980 census counts to include estimated undercounts by age, sex, and race, thus aging this population forward to each subsequent month and later age by adding births and net migration, and subtracting deaths. These postcensal population estimates are then deflated to reflect the pattern of net undercount in the most recent census by age, sex, and race. Because an estimate of undercount is first added and then subtracted, the size of each race-sex group is unaffected by the "inflation-deflation" method. Similarly, the final estimate is affected only by the age structure of the undercount, but not the level. This feature of the method is important because the exact amount of undercount in the 1980 census remains unknown.

Data on births and deaths between April 1, 1980, and the estimate date are based on tabulations of vital statistics for the resident population made by the National Center

Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

The sample was increased incrementally during the 8-month period, April-November 1989.

for Health Statistics and data on deaths of military personnel overseas from the Department of Defense. Estimates of net civilian immigration are based on data provided by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Puerto Rico Planning Board. The civilian noninstitutional population is derived by subtracting the Armed Forces and the institutional population for the estimate date from the total including Armed Forces overseas. The institutional population is computed by applying institutional proportions derived from the 1980 census to the total population, including Armed Forces overseas for the estimate date. All computations described above are performed in cells defined by single year of age, race, and sex. The independent national control totals are then obtained by collapsing these cells into broader age groups for the population 16 years and older.

Beginning in January 1986, two changes were introduced into the estimation of the independent population controls. For the first time, an explicit allowance for net undocumented immigration since April 1, 1980 (the census date) was added to the estimated level of legal immigration. In addition, an increase in the estimate of emigration of legal, foreign-born residents has been incorporated into the postcensal population estimates since 1980. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

3. Composite estimate procedure. The last step in the preparation of most CPS estimates makes use of a composite estimation procedure. The composite estimate consists of a weighted average of two factors: The two-stage ratio estimate based on the entire sample from the current month and the composite estimate for the previous month plus an estimate of the month-to-month change based on the six rotation groups common to both months. In addition, a bias adjustment term is added to the weighted average to account for relative bias associated with month-in-sample estimates. This month-in-sample bias is exhibited by unemployment estimates for persons in their first and fifth months in the CPS. The unemployment estimates for these persons are generally higher than estimates obtained for the other months.

The composite estimate results in a reduction in the sampling error beyond that which is achieved after the two stages of ratio adjustment. For some items, the reduction is substantial. The resultant gains in reliability are greatest in estimates of month-to-month change, although gains are also usually obtained for estimates of level in a given month, change from year to year, and change over other intervals.

Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent

rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided primarily indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Nonsampling error would more severely affect estimates of monthly levels.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, inability to recall information, errors made in collection such as those in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data, and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey are studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the Current Population Survey Reinterview Program, January 1961 through December 1966, Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, because the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates From Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, Journal of the American Statistical Association, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the decennial census, undercoverage is about 6 percent. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women, and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races combined than for whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race-origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-origin group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980 census.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in "An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey," by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Designand Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive discussion of various sources of errors and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. When a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed, estimates differ from the true population values that they represent. This difference, or sampling error, occurs by chance, and its variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. Sample estimates from a given survey design are unbiased when an average of the estimates from all possible samples would yield, hypothetically, the true population value. In this case, the sample estimate and its standard error can be used to construct approximate confidence intervals, or ranges of values, that include the true population value with known probabilities. If the process of selecting a sample from the population were repeated many times and an estimate and its standard error calculated for each sample, then:

- 1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the true population value.
- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the true population value.
- 3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors

above the estimate would include the true population value.

Although the estimating methods used in the CPS do not produce unbiased estimates, biases for most estimates are believed to be small enough so that these confidence interval statements are approximately true.

Because it would be too costly to develop standard errors for all CPS estimates, generalized variance function techniques are used to calculate sets of standard errors for various types of labor force characteristics. It is important to keep in mind that standard errors computed from these methods reflect sampling errors and some kinds of non-sampling errors and indicate the general magnitude of an estimate's standard error rather than its precise value.

The generalized variance functions and standard errors provided here are based on the sample design and estimation procedures as of 1987 and have been adjusted to reflect the population levels and sample size as of 1991. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors obtained must be further adjusted to reflect the CPS sample size in effect at that time. For years prior to 1956, standard errors should be multiplied by 1.5; for the years 1956 through 1966, standard errors should be multiplied by 1.22.

Tables 1-B through 1-H are provided so that approximate standard errors of estimates can be easily obtained. Details illustrating the proper use of each table follow.

Tables 1-B and 1-C show standard errors for estimated monthly levels and rates for selected employment status characteristics; these tables also provide standard errors for consecutive month-to-month changes in the estimates. These standard errors are based on levels of recent estimates and can be determined directly by finding the characteristic of interest.

Tables 1-D and 1-E show standard errors for monthly levels and consecutive monthly changes in levels for general employment status characteristics. The standard errors are calculated using linear interpolation based on the size of the monthly estimates.

Tables 1-F and 1-G give parameters that can be used with formulas to calculate a standard error on nearly any specified level, unemployment rate, percentage, or consecutive month-to-month change. For monthly levels and consecutive month-to-month changes in levels, tables 1-F and 1-G are preferred to tables 1-D and 1-E, because the formulas provide more accurate results than linear interpolation.

Table 1-H presents factors used to convert standard errors of monthly levels and rates determined from tables 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, and 1-F to standard errors pertaining to quarterly and yearly averages, consecutive year-to-year changes of monthly estimates, and changes in quarterly and yearly averages.

Table 1-B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(In thousands)

Industry	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Total, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	260 281 144	191 213 157
Men, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	165 183 106	140 154 120
Women, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	196 201 88	148 154 101
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	83 80 52	82 80 68
Black, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	121 123 65	88 93 74
Men, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	67 72 46	59 64 54
Women, 20 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed. Unemployed	85 84 43	64 65 50
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	33 28 25	34 29 29
Hispanic origin, 16 years and over: Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	97 102 52	68 81 61

The standard errors for estimated changes from 1 month to the next, 1 year to the next, etc., depend more on the monthly levels for characteristics than on the size of the changes. Accordingly, tables 1-E, 1-G, and 1-H use monthly levels (not the magnitude of the changes) for approximating standard errors of change. Standard errors for estimated change between nonconsecutive months are not provided (except for year-to-year change); however, these may be assumed to be higher than the standard errors for consecutive monthly change.

Use of tables 1-B and 1-C. These tables provide a quick reference for standard errors of major characteristics. Table 1-B gives approximate standard errors for estimates of monthly levels and consecutive month-to-month changes in levels for major employment status categories. Table 1-C gives approximate standard errors for estimates

of monthly unemployment rates and consecutive monthto-month changes in unemployment rates for some demographic, industrial, and occupational categories. For characteristics not given in tables 1-B and 1-C, refer to either tables 1-D and 1-E or tables 1-F and 1-G.

Illustration. Suppose that for a given month the number of women 20 years and over in the civilian labor force is estimated to be 54,000,000. For this characteristic, the approximate standard error of 196,000 is given in table 1-B in the row, "total, women 20 years and over: civilian labor force." A 90-percent confidence interval as shown by these data, would then be the interval from 53,686,000 to 54,314,000. Concluding that the true labor force level lies within this interval would be correct for roughly 90 percent of all possible samples.

Use of tables 1-D and 1-E. From these tables, approximate standard errors can be calculated for estimates of monthly levels and month-to-month changes in levels for major labor force characteristics by race and Hispanic origin. For major categories not shown, such as male or female, tables 1-F and 1-G can be used. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the tables may be approximated by linear interpolation. For table 1-E, which applies to estimates of consecutive month-to-month change, the average of the two monthly levels (not the change) is used to select the appropriate row in the table.

Illustration. Assume that between 2 consecutive months the estimated number of employed persons changed from 115,600,000 to 116,700,000, an apparent increase of 1,100,000. The approximate standard error on this monthto-month change estimate is based on the average level of the estimate for the 2 months, 116,150,000. Using the table 1-E column titled "labor force data other than unemployment and agricultural employment, total," it is necessary to find the standard errors corresponding to the two monthly level entries between which the value 116,150,000 lies. The standard error corresponding to 100,000,000 is given as 240,000, and the standard error corresponding to 120,000,000 is given as 206,000. Use linear interpolation to find the approximate standard error on month-to-month change corresponding to the level 116,150,000; one method of calculation is given below.

$$206,000 + \left(\frac{120,000,000-116,150,000}{120,000,000-100,000,000}\right) (240,000-206,000) \stackrel{!}{=} 213,000$$

Thus, a 90-percent confidence interval for the true month-to-month change would be approximately the interval from 759,000 to 1,441,000.

Use of tables 1-F and 1-G. These tables can be used to find approximate standard errors for a wide range of estimated monthly levels, proportions, rates, and estimates of consecutive monthly change. Instead of displaying standard

Table 1-C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Total, 16 years and over Men, 16 years and over Men, 20 years and over Women, 16 years and over Women, 20 years and over Both sexes, 16 to 19 years White workers Black workers Hispanic-origin workers Married men, spouse present Married women, spouse present Women who maintain families.	0.11 .16 .16 .16 .78 .12 .48 .50 .17	.14 .19 .19 .19 .19 1.03 .14 .56 .60 .20
Occupation		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	.23 .18	.27 .22
support Sales Administrative support,	.40 .30	.47 .36
including clerical	.26 1.44 .86	.31 1.71 1.02
household and protective service Precision production, craft, and	.36	.43
repair	.38	.45
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	.53	.64
moving	.58	.69
helpers, and laborers Farming, forestry, and fishing	.80 .66	.96 .78
Industry		
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers Goods-producing industries. Mining	.14 .28 1.59 .76 .29 .37 .45 .15	.16 .33 1.89 .91 .34 .45 .54 .18
Government workers	.20	.24
workers	1.08	1.29

errors, these tables provide parameters to be used with the formulas given below that allow the user to calculate standard errors.

Table 1-G, which applies to estimates of consecutive monthly change, lists parameters for some characteristics classified by a measure of correlation between monthly estimates. Estimates of the number of persons employed full time, for example, change relatively little from 1 month to the next, and the two monthly estimates are said to be highly correlated. Consecutive monthly estimates of parttime employment, by contrast, have low correlation, because these estimates are relatively volatile.

Major characteristics for which consecutive monthly estimates are known to have high or low correlation are indicated in table 1-G. Not all categories in table 1-G, however, are broken down into low or high correlation characteristics. When high or low correlation is not specified in table 1-G, the parameters in this table should be selected from the rows labeled "most characteristics" or from rows not specifying correlation.

Standard errors of estimated levels. The approximate standard error, s_x , of an estimated monthly level, x, can be obtained using the formula below, where a and b are the parameters from table 1-F associated with the particular characteristic. The same formula can be used to approximate the standard error of an estimated month-to-month change in level; simply average the levels for the 2 consecutive months and use the parameters from table 1-G.

$$s_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}$$

Illustration. Assume that in a given month there are an estimated 6 million unemployed men in the civilian labor force (x = 6,000,000). Obtain the appropriate a and b parameters from table 1-F ("unemployment, total or white"). Use the formula to compute an approximate standard error on the estimate of 6,000,000.

$$a = -0.000015749$$
 $b = 2464.91$

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000015749)(6,000,000)^2 + (2464.91)(6,000,000)} = 119,000$$

Suppose that in the next month the estimated number of unemployed men increases by 200,000 to 6,200,000. The average of the monthly levels is x = 6,100,000. Obtain the appropriate a and b parameters from table 1-G ("unemployment, total or white, total, men, women"). Use the formula to compute an approximate standard error on the estimated change of 200,000.

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000082123) (6,100,000)^2 + (3494.11) (6,100,000)} = 135,000$$

An approximate 90-percent confidence interval for the true month-to-month change would be the interval from -16,000 to 416,000. Because this interval covers zero, one cannot assert at this level of confidence that any real change has occurred in the unemployment level. This result can also be expressed by saying that the apparent

(in thousands)

					Charac	teristic					
	Agricultural employment Unemployment		ent	Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment							
Estimated monthly	_									Hispanio	origin
level	Total or white	Black	Total or white	Black	Hispanic origin	Total	White	Black	Employed	Civilian labor force or not in labor force	
50 100 500 1,000 2,000 4,000 6,000 8,000 10,000 15,000 20,000 30,000 40,000 50,000 60,000 70,000 80,000 120,000 140,000 140,000 140,000 180,000 180,000	11 16 38 57 88 145 200 253 307	11 16 36 50 69	11 16 35 49 70 98 119 137 152 183 207	11 16 36 49 67 86 94 93 84	12 16 36 51 71 96	11 16 35 50 70 99 120 138 153 184 209 246 273 293 306 313 316 306 275 211	11 16 35 50 70 98 120 137 152 183 207 243 267 284 294 297 295 272 216	11 16 36 50 69 93 108 117 122 117 84	12 17 38 52 71 93 102 104 97	12 17 38 52 71 93 102 104 97	

Table 1-E. Standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change in levels

(In thousands)

					Charac	teristic						
Estimated	Agrici emplo	ultural pyment	Unemployment			Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment						
monthly level	T-t-l		T-4-1								Hispani	c origin
	Total or white	Black	Total or white	Black	Hispanic origin	Total	White	Black	Employed	Civilian labor force or not in labor force		
50 100 500 1,000 2,000 4,000 6,000 8,000 10,000 15,000 20,00 30,000 40,000 50,000 60,000 70,000 80,000 120,000 140,000 160,000 180,000	13 18 39 53 71 85 82 58	11 15 34 48 66	13 19 42 58 82 113 134 151 163 184 192	13 19 41 57 76 92 91 72	14 19 43 60 82 107	9 13 29 41 57 81 98 112 125 150 170 200 222 237 246 251 252 240 206 138	9 13 29 41 57 81 98 112 125 150 170 200 222 237 246 251 252 240 206 138	9 13 30 41 57 76 87 93 95 82	10 14 32 44 60 77 84 84 76	9 12 27 37 50 65 72 73 68		

change of 200,000 is not significant at a 90-percent confidence level.

Standard errors of estimated percentages and rates. Generally, percentages and rates are not published unless the monthly base (denominator) is greater than 75,000 persons, the quarterly average base is greater than 60,000 persons, or the annual average base is greater than 35,000 persons.

The reliability of an estimated percentage or rate depends upon the magnitude of the percentage or rate and its base. When the numerator and base are in different

Table 1-F. Parameters for computation of standard errors for estimates of monthly levels

Characteristic	a	b
Labor force and not-in-labor- force data other-than agri- cultural employment and unemployment:		
Total ¹	-0.000015503 000028833 000025830 000149802	2488.36 2300.61 2111.70 2039.69
White ¹	000017494 000032295 000029346 000177579	2488.36 2300.61 2111.70 2039.69
Black	000113103 000273973 000164107 001144754	2613.14 2458.39 2181.67 2390.62
Hispanic origin	000199918	2945.94
Not in labor force, total or white, excluding women and 16-to 19-year-olds	.000005200	690.84
Agricultural employment:		
Total or white	.000685688 .000755044	2541.14 2351.42
to 19 years	000021749	2155.45
Black	000121753	2626.04
Hispanic origin: Total or women	.011486158	2189.09 1268.58
Unemployment:		
Total or white. Black . Hispanic origin .	000015749 000191460 000098631	2464.91 2621.89 2704.53

Excludes not-in-labor-force data.

categories, use the parameters from table 1-F or 1-G relevant to the numerator. The approximate standard error, $s_{y,p}$, of an estimated percentage or rate, p, can be obtained using the following formula, where y is the estimated number of persons in the base.

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{y}} p_{(100-p)}$$

Illustration. For a given month, suppose that 5,600,000 women, 20 to 24 years of age, are estimated to be employed. Of this total, 1,800,000 or 32 percent are classified as part-time workers. To estimate the standard error on this percentage, proceed as follows. Obtain the parameter b = 2111.70 from table 1-F ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, total women"). Apply the formula to obtain:

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2111.70}{5.600.000}}$$
 (32) (100 – 32) = 0.9 percent

Suppose that in the next month 5,700,000 women in this same age group are reported employed and that 1,950,000 or 34 percent are part-time workers. To estimate the standard error on the observed month-to-month change of 2 percentage points, first average the values for p and y over the 2 months to get p = 33 percent and y = 5,650,000. Next, obtain the parameter b = 2245.76 from table 1-G ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, total or white, women, low correlation characteristics") and apply the formula as follows.

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2245.76}{5.650.000}} (33) (100 - 33) = 0.9 \text{ percent}$$

It should be noted that the numerator of the percentage (part-time employed) determined the choice of correlation. If the example had illustrated percentages of women employed full time, the numerator would have been a high correlation characteristic. Table 1-G, however, does not explicitly list high correlation parameters for employed women; thus, the row labeled "women, most characteristics" would have been used.

Had the example dealt with teenage women employed part time, either of two rows in table 1-G could have been applied ("women, low correlation" or "both sexes, 16 to 19 years"). In situations like this, where it is not clear which row applies, a general rule to follow is to choose the row with the largest b parameter. This gives a more conservative estimate of standard error.

Use of table 1-H. Use this table with table 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, or 1-F to calculate approximate standard errors for quarterly or yearly averages, changes in consecutive quarterly or yearly averages, and consecutive year-to-year changes

Table 1-G. Parameters for computation of standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change in levels

Characteristic	a	b
abor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:		
Total or white: Most characteristics High correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics 1	-0.000010944 00008144 000014170	1668.04 1304.38 2126.02
Men: Most characteristics High correlation characteristics Low correlation characteristics	0000 19884 0000 14794 00005 1372	1599.03 1249.33 2221.13
Women: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics	000018554 000052252	1410.58 2245.76
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000162663	2097.34
Black: Most characteristics Low correlation characteristics	000089327 001740338	1787.47 5422.14
Men: Most characteristics	000212603 002613218	1912.52 4889.94
Women: Most characteristics	000140597 002078353	1539.24 4483.53
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	001139392	2538.37
Hispanic origin: Total Civilian labor force and not in labor force Low correlation characteristics Men, civilian labor force and not in labor force Men, 16 years and over; 20 years and over; and both sexes, 16 to 19 years Women, 16 years and over and 20 years and over	000152279 000099676 002541911 000238849 000384132 000330113	2098.10 1459.85 6518.78 1749.13 2694.10 1972.12
gricultural employment:		
Total or white: Total Men Wornen or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000346999 000592136 .000113873	3199.19 3295.42 1975.66
Black: Total or women Men or both sexes, 16 to 19 years	000110444 017331654	2382.12 4929.50
Hispanic origin: Total or women	.002782195 .002777539	3509.38 3001.45
Self-employed	000215510	1743.43
Inemployment: ² Total or white: Total, men, women	000082123 000062800	3494.11 4269.23
Black: Total, men, women, and both sexes, 16 to 19 years High correlation characteristics	000373894 .000043481	3630.26 2571.23
Hispanic origin: Total, men, women Both sexes, 16 to 19 years and low correlation characteristics	000244978 000965230	3822.03 5321.96

¹ High correlation characteristics include employed full-time, manufacturing, and service workers and not in the labor force. Low correlation characteristics include all part-time workers; employed, with a job, but not at work; unpaid family workers; and precision production, craft, and repair occupations.

² High correlation characteristics include full-time jobseekers; job losers; manufacturing workers; and operators, fabricators, and laborers. Low correlation characteristics include part-time jobseekers, reentrants, persons unemployed for less than 5 weeks and from 5 to 14 weeks.

in monthly estimates. Table 1-H gives factors to be applied only to standard errors for monthly levels. Follow these three basic steps:

Step 1. Average estimates appropriately. For quarterly estimates, average the 3 monthly estimates. For yearly estimates, average the 12 monthly estimates. For changes in consecutive averages, average over the 2 quarters or 2 years. For consecutive year-to-year changes in monthly estimates, average the 2 months involved.

Step 2. Obtain a standard error on a monthly estimate using table 1-B or 1-C, or apply the procedures for table 1-D or 1-F to the average calculated in step 1, as if the average were an estimate for a single month.

Step 3. Determine the standard error on the average or on the estimate of change. Multiply the result from step 2 by the appropriate factor from table 1-H.

Illustration. Suppose that standard errors are desired for a quarterly average of black employment levels and for the change in averages from 1 quarter to the next. For each successive month of the first quarter, suppose the levels are observed to be 11,500,000, 11,600,000, and 11,700,000.

Step 1. The quarterly average is 11,600,000.

Step 2. Obtain the a and b parameters from table 1-F ("labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black, total"). Use the formula for s_x to compute an approximate standard error for a monthly estimate of 11,600,000.

a = -0.000113103 b = 2613.14

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000113103)(11,600,000)^2 + (2613.14)(11,600,000)} = 123,000$$

Step 3. Multiply this result by the factor .87 from table 1-H (column labeled "quarterly averages" and row labeled "labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black"). This gives an approximate standard error of 107,000 on the quarterly average of 11,600,000.

Proceed to obtain the approximate standard error on the change in consecutive quarterly average estimates of black employment. Assume that black employment estimates for the months in the second quarter are observed to be 11,100,000, 11,200,000, and 11,300,000.

Step 1. The average for the second quarter is 11,200,000. The average of the 2 quarters is 11,400,000.

Step 2. Obtain the a and b parameters as above and use the formula for s_x to compute an approximate standard error for the estimate of 11,400,000, treating it as an estimate for a single month.

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000113103)(11,400,000)^2 + (2613.14)(11,400,000)} = 123,000$$

Step 3. Multiply this result by the factor .84 from table 1-H (column labeled "change in quarterly averages" and row labeled "labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment, black"). This gives an approximate standard error of 103,000 on the estimated change of 400,000 from 1 quarter to the next.

The estimated change clearly exceeds 2 standard errors; therefore, one could conclude from these data that the change in quarterly averages is significant.

Table 1-H. Factors to be used with tables 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, and 1-F to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and change in yearly averages

	Factor					
Characteristic	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages	
Agricultural employment:						
Total or men Women Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Part time	1.30 1.30 1.30 1.40	0.92 .82 .78 .80	0.70 .84 .88 .80	0.79 .57 .49 .59	0.70 .70 .70 .70	
Unemployment:						
TotalPart time	1.40 1.40	.74 .67	.88 .88	.46 .42	.65 .54	
Labor force and not-in-labor-force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:						
Total or white Black Hispanic origin Both sexes, 16 to 19 years Part time	1.30 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.40	.87 .87 .87 .79 .82	.85 .84 .80 .88 .90	.65 .65 .65 .54 .51	.70 .70 .70 .70 .60	

Establishment Data (Tables B-1 through C-8)

COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, and earnings in nonfarm establishments, by industry and geographic location. Historical statistics are published in *Employment*, Hours, and Earnings, United States and Employment, Hours, and Earnings, States and Areas.

Federal-State cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements, responding establishments report employment, hours, and earnings data to State agencies. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the reported data to prepare State and area series and also send the reported data to BLS (Washington office) for use in preparing the national series. This avoids a duplicate reporting burden on establishments and, together with the use of similar estimating techniques at the national and State levels, promotes increased comparability between estimates.

Shuttle schedules

Form BLS 790—Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours is the name of the data collection schedule. The collection agency returns the schedule to respondents each month so that they can enter the next month's data on the space allotted for that month. This "shuttle" procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, because the respondents can see the figures that they have reported for previous months.

Data on the total number of full-and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments are entered on form BLS 790; for most industries, there is provision on form BLS 790 for data (for the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month) on employment, payroll levels, and hours of production and related or nonsupervisory workers.

CONCEPTS

Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation (beginning with August 1990 data) and for States and areas (beginning with January 1990 data) are classified in accordance with the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Office of Management and Budget. BLS tabulates and estimates statistics which distinguish between private and public establishments, thus maintaining continuity with previously published statistics for the private and government sectors.

Industry employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency are also excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period count as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

Indexes of diffusion of employment change (table B-7). These indexes measure the dispersion among industries of the change in employment over the specified time span. Beginning with August 1990 data, the overall indexes are calculated from 356 seasonally adjusted employment series (3-digit industries) covering all nonfarm payroll employment in the private sector. The manufacturing diffusion indexes are based on 139 3-digit industries.

To derive the indexes, each component industry is assigned a value of 0, 50, or 100 percent, depending on whether its employment showed a decrease, no change, or an increase, respectively, over the time span. The average value (mean) is then calculated, and this percent is the diffusion index number.

The reference point for diffusion analysis is 50 percent, the value which indicates that the same number of component industries has increased as has decreased. Index numbers above 50 show that more industries had increasing employment, and values below 50 indicate that more had decreasing employment. The margin between the percent that increased and the percent that decreased is equal to the difference between the index and its complement, i.e., 100 minus the index. For example, an index of 65 percent means that 30 percent more industries had increasing employment than had decreasing employment (65-(100-65) = 30). However, for dispersion analysis, the distance of the index number from the 50-percent reference point is the most significant observation.

Although diffusion indexes are commonly interpreted as showing the percent of components that increased over the time span, it should be remembered that the index reflects half of the unchanged components as well. (This is the effect of assigning a value of 50 percent to the unchanged components when computing the index.)

Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storing, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial work, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for a plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Construction workers include the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full-and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemploy-

ment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacation, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payments in kind are excluded. "Fringe benefits" (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours cover the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours cover hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours exceeded the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which included the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1982. For basic industries, the hours aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hours aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month. Such factors as work stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a compo-

nent industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months.

Average hourly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer because the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum wage payments. These series are compiled only for aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing. The same concepts and estimation methods apply to these series as apply to the average hourly earnings series described above; the one difference between the series is definitional. The payroll data used to calculate this series include lump-sum payments made to production workers in lieu of general wage rate increases; such payments are excluded from the definition of gross payrolls used to calculate the other average hourly earnings series.

For each sample establishment in SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 covered by a lump-sum agreement, the reported payroll data are adjusted to include a prorated portion of the lump-sum payment. Such payments are generally made once a year and cover the following 12-month period. In order to spread the payment across this time period, a prorated portion of the payment is added to the payroll each month. This prorated portion is adjusted by an exit rate to reduce the lump-sum amount to account for persons who received the payment but left before the payment allocation period expired.

Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime premium pay are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Railroad hours and earnings. The figures for class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Average weekly earnings. These estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as the proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Structural changes in the makeup of the workforce can affect long-term trends of average weekly earnings. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Real earnings, or earnings in constant dollars, are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

ESTIMATING METHODS

The Current Employment Statistics (CES) or establishment survey estimates of employment are generated through an annual benchmark and monthly sample link procedure. Annual universe counts or benchmark levels are generated primarily from administrative records on employees covered by unemployment insurance (UI) tax laws. These annual benchmarks, established for March of each year, are projected forward for each subsequent month based on the trend of the sample employment, using an estimation procedure called the link relative. Benchmarks and sample link relatives are computed for each of 1,700 basic estimation cells defined by industry, size, and geography for the CES national estimates, and summed to create aggregate level employment estimates.

Benchmarks

The establishment survey constructs annual benchmarks in order to realign the sample-based employment

totals for March of each year with the UI-based population counts for March. These population counts are much less timely than sample-based estimates; however, they provide an annual point-in-time census for employment.

Population counts are derived from the administrative file of employees covered by UI. All employers covered by UI laws are required to report employment and wage information to the appropriate State employment security agency four times a year. Approximately 99 percent of inscope private employment is covered by UI. A benchmark for the remaining 1 percent is constructed from alternate sources, primarily records from the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Social Security Administration. The full benchmark developed for March replaces the March sample-based estimate, for each basic cell. The monthly sample-based estimates for the year preceding and the year following the benchmark are also then subject to revision.

Monthly estimates for the year preceding the March benchmark are readjusted using a "wedge back" procedure. The difference between the final benchmark level and the previously published March sample estimate is calculated and spread back across the previous 11 months. The wedge is linear; eleven-twelfths of the March difference is added to the February estimates, ten-twelfths to the January estimates, and so on, back to the previous April estimates which receive one-twelfth of the March difference. This assumes that the total estimation error since the last benchmark accumulated at a steady rate throughout the current benchmark year.

Estimates for the months following the March benchmark are recalculated by applying previously derived over-the-month sample changes to the new, revised March level. Thus, while the employment levels for postbenchmark months can be substantially revised, the trends and over-the-month changes remain relatively the same.

Following the revision of basic employment estimates, all other derivative series (e.g., production workers, average hourly earnings) are also recalculated. New seasonal adjustment factors are calculated, and all data series for the previous 5 years are reseasonally adjusted, prior to full publication of all revised data in June of each year.

Monthly estimation

Estimates are derived from a sample of approximately 350,000 business establishments nationwide. A current month's estimate is derived as the product of the previous month's estimate and a sample link relative for the current month. A bias adjustment factor is then applied to this result primarily to help account for new business births during the month.

Stratification. The sample is stratified into 1,700 basic estimation cells for purposes of computing national employment, hours, and earnings estimates. Cells are defined primarily by detailed industry, and secondarily by size for

a majority of cells. In a few industries, mostly within the construction division, geographic stratification is also used. Industry classification is in accordance with the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC); most estimation cells are defined at the 4-digit level.

This detailed stratification pattern allows for the production and publication of estimates in considerable industry detail. Subindustry stratification by size is important because major statistics which the survey measures, particularly employment change and average earnings, often vary significantly among establishments of different size. Stratification reduces the variance of the published industry level estimates.

Link relative technique. A ratio of the previous to the current month's employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months—this ratio is called a "link relative." For each basic cell, a link relative is computed and applied to the previous month's employment estimate to derive the current month's estimate. Thus, a March benchmark is moved forward to the next March benchmark through application of monthly link relatives. Basic cell estimates created through the link relative technique are aggregated to form published industry level estimates, for employment, as described in table 2-A. Basic estimation and aggregation methods for the hours and earnings data are also shown in table 2-A.

Bias adjustment. Bias adjustment factors are computed at the 3-digit SIC level, and applied each month at the basic cell level, as part of standard estimation procedures. The main purpose of bias adjustment is to reduce a primary source of nonsampling error in the survey, the inability to capture, on a timely basis, employment generated by new firm births. There is a several month lag between an establishment opening for business and its appearing on the UI universe frame and being available for sampling. Because new firms generate a substantial amount of employment growth during any given year, nonsampling methods must be used to capture this growth, otherwise substantial underestimation of total employment levels would occur. Formal bias adjustment procedures have been used by the establishment survey since the late 1960's. Prior to the 1983 benchmark, bias adjustments were derived from a simple mean error model, which averaged undercount errors for the previous 3 years to arrive at bias projections for the coming year.

This procedure eventually proved inadequate during periods of rapidly changing employment trends, and bias adjustment methodology was revised. Research done in the early 1980's indicated that bias requirements correlated strongly with current employment growth or decline. Based on this research, a revised method was developed which incorporated data on employment growth

Table 2-A. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

		-
Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)
	Month	ly data
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multi- plied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months. ¹	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees	All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees. ²	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.
Average weekly hours	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. ²	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours	Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers. ²	Average, weighted by production worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.
Average hourly earnings	Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. ²	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	Annual av	erage data
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate hours (production or nonsupervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or nonsupervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average weekly overtime hours	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate hours.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

¹ The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

earnings are modified by a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the

advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

over the most recent 2 quarters and included a regressionderived coefficient for the significance of that change, to adjust the mean error model results. This methodological change provided a more cyclically sensitive bias model.

² The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly

The regression-adjusted mean error model has been in use since 1983 for producing national estimates.

THE SAMPLE

Design

The emphasis in the establishment survey is on producing timely data at minimum cost. Therefore, the primary goal of its design is to sample a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reliable estimates that can be published both promptly and regularly. The present sample allows BLS to produce preliminary total nonfarm employment estimates for each month, including some limited industry detail, within 3 weeks after the reference period and to supply data in considerably more detail with an additional 1-month lag.

The sampling plan used in the establishment survey is a form of sampling with probability proportionate to size, known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This is an optimum allocation design among strata because sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. The universe of establishment employment is highly skewed, with a large percentage of total employment concentrated in relatively few establishments. Because variance on a population total estimate is a function of the percentage of universe coverage achieved by the sample, it is efficient to sample larger establishments at a higher rate than smaller establishments, assuming the cost per sample unit is fairly constant across size classes.

Under the establishment survey design, large establishments fall into certain strata for sample selection. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and cost considerations. For example, in a manufacturing industry with a high proportion of total employment concentrated in a small number of establishments, a larger percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments, with a relatively few chosen from among the smaller establishments. For an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is concentrated in small establishments, the sample design again calls for inclusion of all large establishments but also for a more substantial number of smaller ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, a sample design for these industries must have a smaller proportion of total universe coverage than is the case for most manufacturing industries.

Coverage

The establishment survey is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table 2-B

Table 2-B. Employment benchmarks and approximate coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1991

		S	rage ¹		
Industry	Bench-	Number of	Employees		
	marks establish- (thousands) ments		Number (thousands)	Percent of bench- marks	
To ta l	107,507	300,138	40,969	38	
Mining	695 4,356 18,339 5,707 6,050 18,934 6,656 28,053	3,518 26,367 55,254 ² 15,598 25,379 59,471 22,065 70,075	257 860 8,884 ² 2,425 1,136 4,330 2,166 6,852	37 20 48 42 19 23 33 24	
Government: Federal State Local	2,939 4,476 11,302	(³) 5,446 16,965	2,939 3,769 7,351	100 84 65	

¹ Counts reflect reports used in final estimates. Because not all establishments report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates are based on a smaller sample than employment estimates.

shows the latest benchmark employment levels and the approximate proportion of total universe employment coverage, at the total nonfarm and major industry division levels. The coverage for individual industries within the divisions may vary from the proportions shown.

Reliability

The establishment survey, like other sample surveys, is subject to two types of error, sampling and nonsampling. The magnitude of sampling error, or variance, is directly related to the size of the sample and the percentage of universe coverage achieved by the sample. The establishment survey sample covers over one-third of total universe employment; this yields a very small variance on the total nonfarm estimates. Measurements of error associated with sample estimates are provided in tables 2C-2F.

Benchmark revision as a measure of survey error. The sum of sampling and nonsampling error can be considered total

² The Interstate Commerce Commission provides a complete count of employment for Class I railroads. A small sample is used to estimate hours and earnings data.

³ Total Federal employment counts by agency for use in national estimates are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 6,000 reports covering about 64 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

Table 2-C. Current and historical benchmark revisions

(Numbers in thousands)

Industry	March benchmai		10-year average mean percent revision ¹		
industry	Level	Percent	Actual	Absolute	
Total	-640	-0.6	-0.1	0.2	
Total private	-583	7	2	.3	
Goods-producing	9	(2)	5	.6	
Mining Oil and gas extraction	-4 3	6 .8	-2.0 -2.1	2.6 3.0	
Construction	-10 -20	2 -1.8	3 0	1.2 1.9	
Manufacturing	23	.1	5	.6	
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing	46 -19 -9 1 5 3 -1 14 8 35 12 10 0	.4 -2.9 -1.9 .2 .7 1.1 1 .7 .5 1.9 1.6 1.0	5 -1.1 6 3 5 .1 6 -1.0 9 .4 .9 1	.6 1.4 .9 .9 .8 1.4 .8 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.5 1.7	
Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	-23 -6 0 4 -13 -4 4 -17 0 3	3 4 0 .6 -1.3 6 .3 -1.6 0 .4 3.2	5 8 1 3 8 2 2 5 6 6	.7 1.0 3.9 .6 1.2 .5 .8 .8 1.5 1.6 3.8	
Service-producing	-649	8	0	.3	
Transportation and public utilities Transportation Communications and public utilities ³	-57 -52 <i>-</i> 5	-1.0 -1.5 2	4 8 1	.6 1.1 .8	
Wholesale trade	-13 3 -16	2 .1 6	5 9 0	.9 1.1 .8	
Retail trade General merchandise stores Food stores Auto dealers and service stations Eating and drinking places	-56 82 -27 -44 -68	3 3.4 9 -2.2 -1.1	.1 .2 8 4 .5	.7 1.7 1.4 1.2 1.2	
Finance, insurance, and real estate Finance ³ Insurance ³ Real estate ³	-29 -75 36 10	4 -2.3 1.7 .8	3 5 0 4	.5 .6 .8 1.4	
Services	-437 -216 -40	-1.6 -4.4 5	.1 .3 5	.5 1.6 .9	
Government	-57 0 4 -61	3 0 .1 5	.1 0 .5 1	.3 0 .8 .4	

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Data relate to the 1982–91 benchmarks, unless otherwise noted. $^{\rm 2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.

³ Data relate to 1983-91 benchmarks.

survey error. Unlike most sample surveys which publish sampling error as their only measure of error, the CES can derive an annual approximation of total error, on a lagged basis, because of the availability of the independently derived universe data. Although the benchmark error is used as a measure of total error for the CES survey estimate, technically, it represents the difference between two independent estimates derived from separate survey processes (i.e., the CES sample process and the UI universe process) and thus reflects the errors present in each program. Historically, the benchmark revision has been very small for total nonfarm employment. Over the past decade, percentage benchmark error has averaged 0.2 percent, with a range from zero to 0.6 percent. Table 2-C shows the most current benchmark revisions, along with 10-year mean revisions and mean absolute revisions for major industries. Mean revisions give an indication of bias in the estimates; unbiased estimates have a mean revision close to zero, as over and under estimations cancel out over time. Mean absolute revisions give an overall indicator as to the accuracy of the estimates; the larger the value, the further the estimate was from the final benchmark level.

An alternate measure for determining the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-mean-square error. This measure is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in the estimates:

RMSE =
$$\sqrt{\text{(standard deviation)}^2 + (bias)^2}$$

If the bias is small, the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the root-mean-square error.

Approximations of the root-mean-square errors of differences between final estimates and benchmarks are presented in table 2-D.

Table 2-D. Root-mean-square errors of differences between benchmarks and estimates of employment and average relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings

Cine of ample wood	Root-mean- square	Relative error ² (in percent)		
Size of employment estimate	error of employment estimates ¹	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	
50,000	2,100 3,900 5,600 14,000 15,000 26,000	2.2 1.3 1.1 .9 .8	4.0 2.3 2.0 1.6 1.2	

¹ Assuming 12-month intervals between benchmark revisions.

Noneconomic code changes. A major source of benchmark revision at the major industry division level and below are noneconomic code changes, which are introduced into the universe data in the first quarter of each calendar year.

Approximately one-third of all establishments in the universe are included in the universe program's annual SIC refiling survey. Corrections to individual establishments' SIC and ownership codes are made through this process. The refiling cycle is such that every third year entire division(s) are subject to refiling. The volume of these adjustments is generally quite large and has a substantial impact on universe employment counts at the industry levels, although the total nonfarm employment level remains unaffected. For example, in a year when the services division is refiled, a substantial amount of employment is usually reclassified out of services to other major divisions, thus, lowering the benchmark level for services, and potentially causing a significant downward revision in the services employment totals previously published.

Hours and earnings. The hours and earnings estimates for the basic estimating cells do not have universe data sources available and therefore are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. The hours and earnings estimates, however, are subject to sampling errors, which may be expressed as relative errors of the estimates. (A relative error is a standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate.) Relative errors for major industries are presented in table 2-E and for individual industries with the specified number of employees in table 2-D. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the hours and earnings estimates from the sample would differ by a smaller percentage than the relative error from the averages that would have been obtained from a complete census.

Table 2-E. Relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings by industry

(in percent)

	Relative error ¹			
Industry	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings		
Total private	0.1	0.2		
Mining	1.0	1.3		
Construction	.2	.5		
Manufacturing	.1	.2		
Durable goods	.1	.3		
Nondurable goods	.1	.2		
Transportation and public				
utilities	.7	.6		
Wholesale trade	.2	.4		
Retail trade	.2	.4		
Finance, insurance, and		}		
real estate	.2	.4		
Services	.4	.6		

¹ Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

² Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

Table 2-F. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

	Darker	Mean percent revision		
Industry	Root-mean-square error of monthly level	Actual	Absolute	
Total	77,800	0.0	0.1	
Total private	60,100	0	.1	
Goods-producing industries	19,600	0	.1	
Mining Oil and gas extraction	2,700 2,500	.1 .2	.3 .5	
Construction	13,000 5,300	.1 0	.2 .3	
Manufacturing	12,700	0	.1	
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electrical equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing	10,100 1,700 1,400 1,400 2,600 1,900 2,100 3,000 3,500 5,000 4,400 1,900 1,600	0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0	.1 .2 .2 .2 .5 .1 .1 .1 .2 .4 .2 .3	
Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	7,000 4,600 700 1,900 2,800 1,700 1,800 2,100 700 1,600 1,000	0 0 .4 0 0 0 0 0 0	.1 .2 1.0 .2 .2 .2 .1 .1 .3 .1	
Service-producing industries	69,100	0	.1	
Transportation and public utilities	10,700 9,000 4,400	0 .1 0	.1 .2 .2	
Wholesale trade	6,500 4,200 4,400	0 0 0	.1 .1 .1	
Retail trade General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Eating and drinking places	32,100 18,900 6,800 4,400 6,500	0 0 0 0	.1 .5 .2 .1	
Finance, insurance, and real estate Finance Insurance Real estate	7,500 4,300 4,000 4,200	0 0 0 .1	.1 .1 .1 .2	
Services Business services Health services	33,800 13,400 8,200	0 .1 0	.1 .2 .1	
Government Federal State Local	47,100 15,100 19,000 32,000	0 .1 1 0	.2 .4 .4 .2	

NOTE: Errors are based on differences from January 1987 through December 1991. Data used in the computations for several industries

are not strictly comparable due to changes in the industrial classification system.

Revisions between preliminary and final data. First preliminary estimates of employment, hours, and earnings, based on less than the total sample, are published immediately following the reference month. Final revised sample-based estimates are published 2 months later when nearly all the reports in the sample have been received. Table 2-F presents the root-mean-square error, the mean percent, and the mean absolute percent revision that may be expected between the preliminary and final employment estimates. The interpretation of these measures parallels the description above for revisions between final sample-based estimates and benchmarks (i.e., tables 2-B and 2-D).

Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings, at the total nonfarm level, and may be slightly larger for the more detailed industry groupings.

STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

(Tables B-8 and C-8)

State agencies in cooperation with BLS collect and prepare State and area employment, hours, and earnings data. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification.

Productivity Data (Tables C-9 through C-11)

COLLECTION

Productivity data are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from establishment and household survey labor input data and from measures of compensation and output supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Federal Reserve Board.

CONCEPTS

Hours of wage and salary workers in nonfarm establishments (table C-9) refer to hours paid for all employees—production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers. For productivity and cost measures (tables C-10, 11), hours of all persons include hours of employees, proprietors, and unpaid family workers. Labor input is measured by hours at the worksite.

Output is the constant-dollar market value of final goods and services produced in a given period. Indexes of output per hour of all persons (productivity) measure changes in the volume of goods and services produced per hour at work.

Compensation per hour includes wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. The data also include an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplementary payments for the self-employed, except for nonfinancial corporations, in which there are no self-employed.

Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour adjusted by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Unit labor costs measure the labor compensation cost required to produce one unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation per hour by output per hour.

Unit nonlabor payments include profits, capital consumption allowances, interest, rental income of persons,

and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from the current-dollar gross product originating in the sector and dividing by output. In these tables, *unit nonlabor costs* contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits and inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments per unit of output.

The *implicit price deflator* is derived by dividing the current-dollar estimate of gross product by the constant-dollar estimate, making the deflator, in effect, a price index for the gross product of the sector reported.

NOTES ON THE DATA

For the business sector and the nonfarm business sector, these indexes relate to the gross domestic product less general government, households and institutions, owner-occupied housing, and the statistical discrepancy. For the nonfinancial corporate sector, the indexes refer to the gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business. All measures are seasonally adjusted.

Manufacturing output data are supplied by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Federal Reserve Board. Quarterly measures have been adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to annual estimates of output (gross product originating) from the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Compensation and hours data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Historical statistics for most productivity measures appear in *Trends in Multifactor Productivity*, 1948-81, BLS Bulletin 2178. Additional information may be obtained from the Office of Productivity and Technology (202-606-5606).

Regional, State, and Area Labor Force Data (Tables D-1 through D-3)

FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which derive from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis for determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training and Partnership Act, the Economic Dislocation and Worker Adjustment Assistance Act, and the Urban Development Action Grant program.

Annual average data for the States and areas shown in table D-3 are published in *Employment and Earnings* (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

Labor force estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. The report "Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available in microfiche form only, on a subscription basis.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Monthly labor force, employment, and unemployment estimates are prepared for the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and over 2,600 labor market areas. The estimation methods are described below for States (and the District of Columbia) and for sub-State areas. A more detailed description of the estimation procedure is contained in the BLS document, Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

Estimates for States

Current monthly estimates. The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates for the 11 largest States—California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas—are sufficiently reliable to be taken directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS) on a monthly basis. These are termed "direct-use States." For a description of the CPS concepts, see "Household Data," above.

For the 39 smaller States and the District of Columbia, which do not use the CPS directly each month, regression models (sets of equations) are used to develop employment and unemployment estimates. These are the "non-direct-use" States. The regression techniques are based on historical and current relationships found within each State's economy as reflected in the different sources of data that are available for each State—the CPS, the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey, and the unemployment insurance (UI) system. When the estimation procedures were introduced in 1989, over 10 years of data were used to develop the equations for each State. While all the State models have important variables in common, they differ somewhat from one another so as to better reflect individual State characteristics.

Two models—one for employment and one for the unemployment rate—are used for each State. The unemployment rate, rather than the unemployment level, is modeled primarily because the rate is usually more meaningful for economic analysis.

The employment models use the CES estimates of nonfarm wage and salary jobs and also include data for employed persons not covered or only partially covered by the CES survey. Typically, these are agricultural workers, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and private household workers.

The unemployment rate models also include different types of data. Data for UI claimants (without earnings due to employment) are used to represent most of the experienced unemployed. The models also include an employment-to-population ratio which reflects both the business cycle and the experienced unemployed not covered by the UI claims data. New entrants and reentrants into the labor force are also addressed in the models. For some States, the models include variables which adjust for seasonal factors not reflected in the other data used, such as the large increase in the labor force at the end of the school year.

In both the employment and unemployment rate models, an important feature is the use of a technique that allows the equations to adjust automatically to structural changes that occur. The models are termed "variable coefficient models" because they include a built-in tuning mechanism, known as the Kalman Filter, which revises a model's coefficients when the new data that become available each month indicate that changes in the data relationships have taken place. Once the estimates are developed from the models, the unemployment level and labor force estimates are calculated.

Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year, monthly estimates for the 39 non-direct-use States and the District of Columbia are adjusted, or benchmarked, by

BLS to the annual average CPS estimates. The benchmarking technique employs a procedure (called the Denton method) which adjusts the annual average of the models to equal the CPS annual average, while preserving, as much as possible, the original monthly seasonal pattern of the model estimates.

In the 11 direct-use States, no benchmark correction is required; the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal the CPS annual averages.

Estimates for sub-State areas

Monthly labor force and employment estimates for two large sub-State areas—New York City and the Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area—are obtained directly from the CPS. Estimates for all other sub-State areas, more than 2,600 labor market areas (LMA's), are prepared through indirect estimation techniques, described below.

Preliminary estimate—employment. The total civilian employment estimates are based on CES data. These "place-of-work" estimates must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed for several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships at the time of the 1980 decennial census. These factors are applied to the CES estimates for the current period to obtain adjusted employment esti-

mates, to which are added estimates for employment not represented in the CES—agricultural employees, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers, and private household workers.

Preliminary estimate—unemployment. In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State UI laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation.

Sub-State adjustment for additivity. Estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State and LMA's within the State. The LMA estimates geographically exhaust the entire State. Thus, a proportional adjustment must be applied to all sub-State LMA estimates to ensure that they add to the independently estimated State totals for employment and unemployment.

Benchmark correction. At the end of each year, sub-State estimates are revised. The revisions incorporate any changes in the inputs, such as revisions in the CES-based employment figures, corrections in claims counts, and updated historical relationships. The corrected estimates are then readjusted to add to the revised (benchmarked) State estimates of employment and unemployment.

Seasonal Adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, because they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published monthly in Employment and Earnings.

Since January 1980, national labor force data have been seasonally adjusted with a procedure called X-11 ARIMA (Auto-Regressive Integrated Moving Average), which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in *The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method* by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983.

At the beginning of each calendar year, projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the January-June period. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* projected seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made only at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components—agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment—data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is a sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components, plus the resident Armed Forces total (not adjusted for seasonality), and four seasonally adjusted unemployment

components. The total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components, and the overall unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

In each January issue, Employment and Earnings publishes revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment estimate for the first 6 months of the following year, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure. Revised seasonally adjusted data covering the revision period for a broader range of labor force series are published in the February issue of this publication.

Beginning in 1992, BLS introduced publication of seasonally adjusted labor force data for the census regions and divisions, the 50 States, and the District of Columbia. (tables D-1 and D-2). Using the X-11 ARIMA procedure, seasonal adjustment factors are computed and applied independently to the component employment and unemployment levels and then aggregated to regional or State totals. Current seasonal adjustment factors are produced for 6-month periods twice a year. Historical revisions are made at the beginning of each calendar year. Because of the separate processing procedures, totals for the Nation as a whole differ from the results obtained by aggregating regional or State data.

Since the early 1980's, BLS has also used the X-11 ARIMA procedure to seasonally adjust establishment-based employment, hours, and earnings data. The X-11 ARIMA program had been run once each year after benchmarking and seasonal adjustment factors had been projected and published for 12 months ahead (April-March). Beginning in June 1989, with the introduction of the March 1988 benchmarks, the Bureau modified this procedure to parallel that used in seasonally adjusting household survey data. Projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated and published twice a year. Revisions of historical data will continue to be made once a year, coincident with benchmark revisions.

All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. For employment, seasonal adjustment factors are directly applied to the component levels. Seasonally adjusted totals for hours and earnings series are obtained by taking a weighted average of the seasonally adjusted data for the component series.

Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours. Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, season-

ally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1982 annual average base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, and major industry divisions, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1982 annual average base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series, however, are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series.

Seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjusted data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. The number of temporary census workers for the decennial census, however, are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors.

BLS has developed an extension of X-11 ARIMA to allow it to adjust more adequately for the effects of the presence or absence of religious holidays in the April survey reference period and of Labor Day in the September reference period. This extension was applied for the first time at the end of 1989 to three persons-at-work labor force series which tested as having significant and well-defined effects in their April data associated with the timing of Easter. This extension was also used for the seasonal adjustment of many of the establishment-based series on average weekly hours and manufacturing over-time hours, starting with the computation of the projected factors for the period beginning in April 1990.

Revised seasonally adjusted establishment-based series based on the experience through March 1992, new seasonal adjustment factors for May-October 1992, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment procedure appear in the June 1992 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Bureau of Labor Statistics

Regional Office	Current Employr	Cooperating S nent Statistics (CES) and State and L			oyment Statistics (LAUS) Program
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	BLS Region			LS gion	
REGION I—BOSTON	IV ALABAMA	Department of Industrial Relations, Room 427,	VIII	MONTANA	Department of Labor and Industry, P.O. Box
Congress Street 0th Floor	X ALASKA	Industrial Relations Bldg., Montgomery 36130 Department of Labor, Research and Analysis	VII	NEBRASKA	1728, Helena 59624 Department of Labor, P.O. Box 94600, Lincol
ioston, MA 02114 hone: (617) 565-2327	IX ARIZONA	Section, 1111 West 8th St., Juneau 99802-5501 Department of Economic Security, 1300 West	ıx	NEVADA	68509-4600 Employment Security Department, 500 East
	VI ARKANSAS	Washington St., Phoenix 85005 Employment Security Department	۱,	NEW HAMPSHIRE	3rd St., Carson City 89713 Department of Employment Security, 32 South
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01 Varick Street lew York, NY 10014		ment Data and Research Division, 7000 Franklin Blvd., Bldg. 1100, Sacramento 95823	VI	NEW MEXICO	Research, P.O. Box 2765, Trenton 08625 Employment Security Commission, 401 Broad
hone: (212) 337-2400	VIII COLORADO	Department of Labor and Employment, Suite 801, 1120 Lincoln Street, Denver 80203	₁₁	NEW YORK	way, TIWA Bldg., Albuquerque 87103 Department of Labor, Division of Research an
EGION III—PHILADELPHIA 535 Market Street .O. Box 13309	I CONNECTICUT	Labor Department, Employment Security Division, 200 Folly Brook Blvd,			Statistics, State Campus, Room 400, Bldg. 1: Albany 12240-0020
hiladelphia, PA 19101	III DELAWARE	Wethersfield 06109 Department of Labor, Office of Occupational	10	NORTH CAROLINA	Employment Security Commission, Labor Mar Information Division, P.O. Box 25903,
Phone: (215) 596-1154		and Labor Market Information, P.O. Box 9029, Newark 19714-9029	V/III	NORTH DAKOTA	Raleigh 27611 Job Service, P.O. Box 1537, Bismarck 58502
REGION IV—ATLANTA Juite 540 371 Peachtree Street, NE.	III DIST. OF COL.	Department of Employment Services, Division of Labor Market Information and Analysis,	v"	OHIO	Bureau of Employment Services, Labor Marke Information Division, 1160 Dublin Rd., Columbus 43215
itlanta, GA 30367		Room 201, 500 C St., NW., Washington, DC 20001	VI	OKLAHOMA	Employment Security Commission, Research
Phone: (404) 347-4416	IV FLORIDA	Florida Department of Labor and Employment Security, Bureau of Labor Market Information,			and Planning Division, 2401 North Lincoln, Oklahoma City 73105
REGION V—CHICAGO Ith Floor		Suite 203, 2574 Seagate Dr., Tallahassee 32399-0674	Х	OREGON	Employment Division, 875 Union St., NE., Salem 97311
30 South Dearborn Street Chicago, IL 60604 Phone: (312) 353-1880	IV GEORGIA	Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems, 148 International Blvd., NE.,	111	PENN\$YLVANIA	Department of Labor and Industry, Research and Statistics Division, Room 1216, 7th
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loom 221 ederal Building	X IDAHO	Research and Statistics Office, Room 304, 830 Punchbowl St., Honolulu 96813 Department of Employment, 317 Main St.,			Bureau of Labor Statistics, 17th Fl., 505 Mur Rivera Avenue, Hato Rey 00918 (CES), Bure of Employment Security, Research and Anal
25 Griffin Street Dallas, TX 75202	V ILLINOIS	Boise 83735 Department of Employment Security, (2 South),	j		Section, 15th Fl., 505 Munoz Rivera Avenue Hato Rey 00918 (LAUS)
hone: (214) 767-6970		401 South State St., Chicago 60605	1	RHODE ISLAND	Department of Employment Security, 24 Maso
REGIONS VII and VIII—	V INDIANA	Department of Employment and Training Services, Statistical Services Division, 10 North Senate Avenue,	IV	SOUTH CAROLINA	St., Providence 02903 Employment Security Commission, Labor Mar Information Division, P.O. Box 995,
5th Floor 11 Walnut Street	VII IOWA	Indianapolis 46204 Department of Employment Services, 1000 East	VIII	SOUTH DAKOTA	Columbia 29202 Department of Labor, Labor Market Information
ansas City, MO 64106 hone: (816) 426-2481	VII KANSAS	Grand Avenue, Des Moines 50319 Department of Human Resources, 401 Topeka		TENNESSEE	Center, P.O. Box 4730, Aberdeen 57401 Department of Employment Security, Research
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1 Stevenson Street .O. Box 193766		275 East Main St., Frankfort 40621			Trinity St., Austin 78778
an Francisco, CA 94119 hone: (415) 744-6600	VI LOUISIANA	Department of Labor, Research and Statistics Section, 1001 North 23rd St., Baton Rouge 70804-9094	VIII	UTAH	Department of Employment Security, Labor Market Information Services, P.O. Box 11249 Salt Lake City 84147
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	i MASSACHUSETTS	Eutaw St., Baltimore 21201 5 Department of Employment and Training, Government Center, Charles F. Hurley Bldg.,	П	VIRGIN ISLANDS	Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statisti 53-A, 54-A&B Kronprindsens Gade Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas 00801-3359 (CES)
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	IV MISSISSIPPI	Robert St., St. Paul 55101 Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division, P.O. Box 1699,	٧	WISCONSIN	Department of Industry, Labor, and Human Relations, Labor Market Information Bureau,
	VII MISSOURI	Jackson 39215-1699 Division of Employment Security, P.O. Box 59.	VIII	WYOMING	201 East Washington Avenue, Madison 537(Employment Security Commission, Research and Analysis Section, P.O. Box 2760,