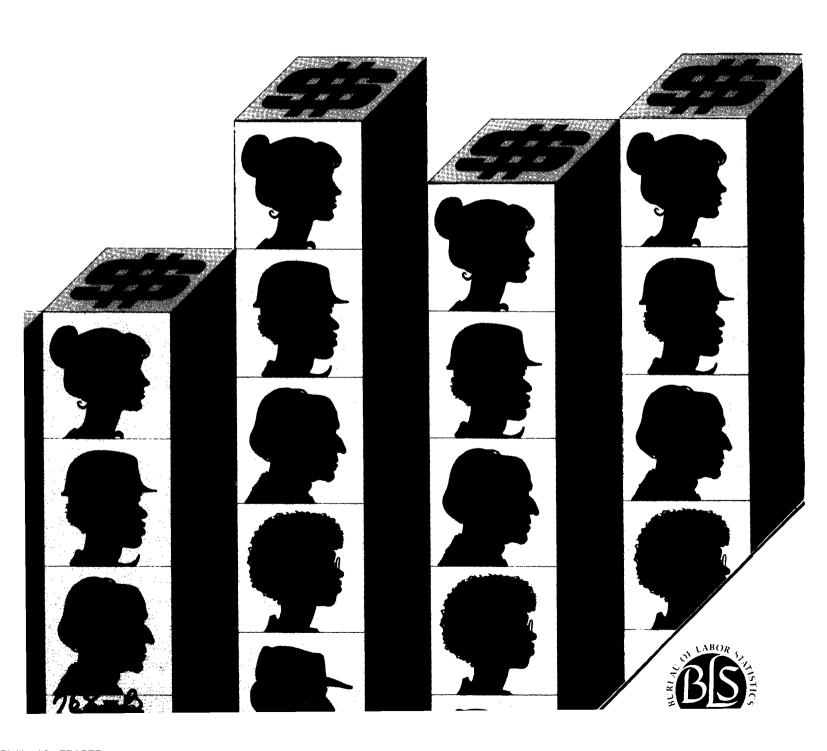




EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics November 1984





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Raymond J. Donovan, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS Janet L. Norwood, Commissioner

Employment and Earnings is prepared by the Division of Data Development and Users' Services and the Division of Monthly Industry Employment Statistics in collaboration with the Division of Special Publications. The data are collected by the Bureau of the Census (Department of Commerce) and State employment security agencies, in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics. A brief description of the cooperative statistical programs of the BLS with these agencies is presented in the Explanatory Notes. The State agencies are listed on the inside back cover.

Employment and Earnings may be ordered through the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Subscription price per year \$31 domestic and \$38.75 foreign. Single copy \$4.50 domestic and \$5.63 foreign. Annual supplement \$8 domestic and \$10 foreign. Prices are subject to change by the U.S. Government Printing Office. For ordering information call (202) 783-3238.

Communications on material in this publication should be addressed to: Editors, Employment and Earnings, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, D.C. 20212, or phone: Gloria P. Green (202) 523-1821. Send correspondence on circulation and subscription matters (including address changes) to the Superintendent of Documents.

The Secretary of Labor has determined that publication of this periodical is necessary in the transaction of the public business required by law of this Department. Use of funds for printing this periodical has been approved by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget through July 1, 1985. Second-class postage paid at Washington, D.C. and at additional mailing addresses.

Material in this publication is in the public domain and, with appropriate credit, may be reproduced without permission.

ISSN 0013-6840

Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in *Employment and Earnings* special features appear in most of the issues as shown below:

Household data

Annual averages Jan.

Revised seasonally adjusted series Jan., Feb.

Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data, persons not in labor force, persons of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans, family relationship data, weekly earnings data Jan., Apr.,

Establishment data

National annual averages:

Industry divisions (preliminary)

Industry detail (final)

Women employees (final)

Mar.

National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and new seasonal factors

Revised historical national data

Supplement²

State and area annual averages

May

Area definitions

May

State and area labor force data

Annual averages May

¹ Issue varies. Latest revised data introduced June 1984.

² Month of publication varies. The latest supplement was published in July 1984.

Employment and Earnings

Vol. 31 No. 11 November 1984

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Rosalie K. Epstein

Contents

	Page
List of statistical tables	. 2
Employment and unemployment developments, October 1984	. 4
Statistical tables:	
Not seasonally adjusted	
Household data	. 9
Establishment data:	
Employment	. 44
Hours and earnings	. 79
State and area labor force data	. 110
Seasonally adjusted—	
Household data	. 35
Establishment data:	
Employment	. 56
Hours and earnings	99
Productivity data	
Explanatory notes	116

MONTHLY HOUSEHOLD DATA

		Page
Employm	ent Status	
Linpioyiii		
A- 1.	Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951 to date	6
A- 2.	Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1973 to date	7
A- 3.	Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951, to date	8
A- 4.	Employment status of the civilian noninstitional population by age, sex, and race	9
A- 5.	Employment status of the black-and-other civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age	12
A- 6.	Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age	13
A- 7.	Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 21 years of age by major	
	activity, sex, and race	14
A- 8.	Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age	15
A- 9.	Full-and part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex, age, and race	16
A-10.	Employment status of persons in familes by family relationship	17
Characte	ristics of the Unemployed	
A-11.	Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex	18
A-12.	Unemployed persons by occupation and sex	19
A-13.	Unemployed persons by industry and sex	20
A-14.	Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, and race	21
A-15.	Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment	22
A-16.	Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment	22
A-17.	Unemployed persons by sex, age, marital status, and duration of unemployment	23
A-18.	Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment	24
A-19.	Unemployed jobseekers by sex, age, race, and jobsearch methods used	25
A-20.	Unemployed jobseekers by sex, reason for unemployment, and jobsearch methods used	25
Characte	ristics of the Employed	
Ollaracto	Tiblics of the Employed	
A-21.	Employed civilians in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age and sex	26
A-22.	Employed civilians by occupation, sex, and age	27
A-23.	Employed civilians by occupation, race, and sex	28
A-24.	Employed civilians by age, sex, and class of worker	29
A-25.	Employed civilians by industry and occupation	30
A-26.	Employed civilians with a job but not at work by reason, sex, and pay status	30
A-27.	Persons at work by hours of work and type of industry	31
A-28.	Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by reason for working less than 35 hours, type of industry,	
	and usual status	31
A-29.	Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and full- or part-time	
A-30.	status Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by sex, age, race, marital status, and full-	32
	or part-time status	33
A-31.	Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and full- or part-time status	34
Seasonal	ly Adjusted Employment and Unemployment Data	
A-32.	Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed Forces stationed	
	in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted	35
A-33.	Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted	36
A-34.	Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age,	
	and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted	37
A-35.	Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted	38
A-36.	Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted	39
A-37.	Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted	39
A-38.	Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted	40
A-39.	Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted	40
A-40.	Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted	41
A-41.	Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted	41

MONTHLY ESTABLISHMENT DATA

		Page
Employmen	t—National	
B- 1.	Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1933 to date	4
B- 2.	Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry	4
B- 3.	Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group	5
B- 4.	Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted	5
B- 5.	Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted	5
B- 6.	Production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted.	5
В- 7.	Indexes of diffusion: Percent of industries in which employment increased, seasonally adjusted	5
Employmen	t—States and Areas	
В- 8.	Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry	6
Hours and E	Earnings — National	
C- 1.	Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural	
C- 2.	payrolls by major industry, 1963 to date	7
	payrolls by detailed industry	8
C- 3.	Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime of production workers on manufacturing payrolls	9
C- 4.	Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1977) dollars	9
C- 5.	Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural	•
<i>c (</i>	payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted	9
C- 6.	Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private non-agricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted	10
C- 7.	The Hourly Earnings Index and average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls, seasonally adjusted	10
Hours and E	arnings—States and Areas	
C- 8.	Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and	
	selected areas	10
RODUC	TIVITY DATA	
C- 9.	Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments by major industry,	
	seasonally adjusted	10
C-10. C-11.	Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted Percent changes from the preceding quarter and year in productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted annual rates	10
	. ,, ,,	10
ONTHL	Y STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA	
D- 1.	Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas	11

Employment and Unemployment Developments, October 1984

Employment rose in October and unemployment was unchanged. The overall jobless rate was 7.3 percent, and the rate for civilian workers was 7.4 percent. Both rates were the same as in September, but down from those prevailing early in the year.

Civilian employment—as measured by the monthly survey of households—rose by 350,000 in October to 105.6 million. The number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls—as measured by the monthly survey of establishments—advanced by 440,000 to 95.2 million. Each employment series was up about 6.5 million since the November 1982 recession trough.

Unemployment

The number of unemployed persons and the civilian worker unemployment rate were both unchanged in October. A total of 8.4 million persons were unemployed; the civilian worker jobless rate was 7.4 percent, 3.3 percentage points below the November 1982 recession high. (See table A-33.)

Jobless rates among most major worker groups, including whites (6.4 percent), blacks (15.4 percent), Hispanics (10.9 percent), and teenagers (18.8 percent), showed little, if any, change from September. The unemployment rate for adult men edged down over the month to 6.3 percent and has declined by a full percentage point since January. By contrast, the rate for adult women rose slightly to 6.9 percent, about the same level as early in the year. (See tables A-33 and A-34.)

The average length of time an unemployed person had been jobless continued its downward trend, as the mean and median duration of unemployment declined over the month to 16.5 and 7.2 weeks, respectively. The number of persons who had been out of work for 6 months or longer has declined by 600,000 since the beginning of the year. (See table A-40.)

Civilian employment and the labor force

Civilian employment increased by 350,000 to 105.6 million in October, after seasonal adjustment. The employment increase occurred entirely among adults. The proportion of the civilian population with jobs (the employment-population ratio) edged up to 59.7 percent over the month. (See table A-33.)

The civilian labor force grew by 320,000 in October to 114.0 million, after seasonal adjustment. Over the past

year, the civilian labor force has risen by 2.2 million; adult women accounted for 1.3 million of the increase.

Industry payroll employment

Total nonagricultural payroll employment, at 95.2 million in October, seasonally adjusted, rose by 440,000 over the month. Gains were rather widespread, with nearly two-thirds of the 185 industries in the BLS index of diffusion registering over-the-month increases; this contrasts markedly with the prior month when only two-fifths of the industries showed increases. (See tables B-4 and B-7.)

The bulk of the October job growth occurred in the service-producing sector, paced by advances of 140,000 in retail trade and 130,000 in services. These two industry divisions have shown strong growth during the recovery, accounting for almost half of the total payroll employment gains during the period. Over-the-month increases also took place in transportation and public utilities, wholesale trade, and finance, insurance, and real estate—about 25,000 each.

In the goods-producing sector, manufacturing employment rose by 55,000, not enough to recoup the 115,000 decline in September. All of the October increase was in durable goods, where gains were pervasive; the largest were in machinery, fabricated metals, and lumber and wood products. Elsewhere in the sector, employment in mining and construction were both about unchanged from September levels.

Weekly hours

The average workweek of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls fell 0.2 hour in October to 35.1 hours. The manufacturing workweek edged down 0.1 hour, and factory overtime was unchanged at 3.3 hours—the same level that has prevailed over the past 6 months. (See table C-5.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls, at 113.2 (1977 = 100), was about the same as in September. The manufacturing index (at 95.9) also was about unchanged over the month. (See table C-6.)

Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly earnings were about unchanged in October, and average weekly earnings were down 0.7

percent, seasonally adjusted. Prior to seasonal adjustment, average hourly earnings edged down 1 cent to \$8.42, and weekly earnings fell \$3.73 to \$295.54. Compared to a year earlier, hourly earnings were up 26 cents and weekly earnings rose \$7.49. (See tables C-1 and C-7.)

The Hourly Earnings Index

The Hourly Earnings Index (HEI) was 161.6 (1977 = 100) in October, seasonally adjusted, essentially

unchanged from September. For the 12 months ended in October, the increase (before seasonal adjustment) was 2.9 percent. The HEI excludes the effects of two types of changes unrelated to underlying wage rate movements—fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts. In dollars of constant purchasing power, the HEI decreased 0.3 percent during the 12-month period ended in September. (See table C-7.)

HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

						Labor	force				
Year	Noninsti-					Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not in
and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilia	1		Percent of	labor force
			population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force	
					A	nnual ave	rages				
1951	106,764	64,160	60.1	62,104	2,143	59,961	6,726	53,235	2.055	3.2	42,604
1952	107,617	64,524	60.0	62,636	2,386	60,250	6,500	53,749	1,883	2.9	43,093
19531	109,287	65,246	59.7	63,410	2,231	61,179	6,260	54,919	1,834	2.8	44,041
1954	110,463	65,785	59.6	62,251	2,142	60,109	6,205	53,904	3,532	5.4	44,678
1955	111,747	67,087	60.0	64,234	2,064	62,170	6,450	55,722	2,852	4.3	44,660
1956	112,919	68,517	60.7	65,764	1,965	63,799	6,283	57,514	2,750	4.0	44,402
1957	114,213	68,877	60.3	66,019	1,948	64,071	5,947	58,123	2,859	4.2	45,336
1958	115,574	69,486	60.1	64,883	1,847	63,036	5,586	57,450	4,602	6.6	46,088
1959	117,117	70,157	59.9	66,418	1,788	64,630	5,565	59,065	3,740	5.3	46,960
1960¹	119,106	71,489	60.0	67,639	1,861	65,778	5,458	60,318	3,852	5.4	47,617
1961	120,671	72,359	60.0	67,646	1,900	65,746	5,200	60,546	4,714	6.5	48,312
1962¹	122,214	72,675	59.5	68,763	2,061	66,702	4,944	61,759	3,911	5.4	49,539
1963	124,422	73,839	59.3	69,768	2,006	67,762	4,687	63,076	4,070	5.5	50,583
1964	126,503	75,109	59.4	71,323	2,018	69,305	4,523	64,782	3,786	5.0	51,394
1965	128,459	76,401	59.5	73,034	1,946	71,088	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.4	52,058
1966	130,180	77,892	59.8	75,017	2,122	72,895	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.7	52,288
1967	132,092	79,565	60.2	76,590	2,218	74,372	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.7	52,527
1968	134,281	80,990	60.3	78,173	2,253	75,920	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.5	53,291
1969	136,573	82,972	60.8	80,140	2,238	77,902	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.4	53,602
1970	139,203	84,889	61.0	80,796	2,118	78,678	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.8	54,315
1971	142,189	86,355	60.7	81,340	1,973	79,367	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.8	55,834
19721	145,939	88,847	60.9	83,966	1,813	82,153	3,484	78,669	4,882	5.5	57,091
1973¹	148,870	91,203	61.3	86,838	1,774	85,064	3,470	81,594	4,365	4.8	57,667
1974	151,841	93,670	61.7	88,515	1,721	86,794	3,515	83,279	5,156	5.5	58,171
1975	154,831 157,818	95,453	61.6	87,524	1,678	85,846	3,408	82,438	7,929	8.3	59,377 59,991
1976 1977	160,689	97,826	62.0 62.6	90,420	1,668 1,656	88,752 92,017	3,331 3,283	85,421 88,734	7,406 6,991	7.6 6.9	60,025
19781	163,541	103,882	63.5	97,679	1,631	96,048	3,287	92,661	6,202	6.0	59,659
1979	166,460	106,559	64.0	100,421	1,597	98,824	3,347	95,477	6,137	5.8	59,900
1979	100,400	100,559	04.0	100,421	1,597	90,024	3,347	95,477	0,137	3.0	39,900
1980	169,349	108,544	64.1	100,907	1,604	99,303	3,364	95,938	7,637	7.0	60,806
1981	171,775	110,315	64.2	102,042	1,645	100,397	3,368	97,030	8,273	7.5	61,460
1982	173,939	111,872	64.3	101,194	1,668	99,526	3,401	96,125	10,678	9.5	62,067
1983	175,891	113,226	64.4	102,510	1,676	100,834	3,383	97,450	10,717	9.5	62,665
				1	Monthly d	ata, seasc	nally adjuste	ed²	·		· · · · · · · ·
1983:				İ							
October	176,474	113,561	64.3	103,665	1,695	101,970	3,240	98,730	9,896	8.7	62,913
November	176,636	113,720	64.4	104,291	1,685	102,606	3,257	99,349	9,429	8.3	62,916
December	176,809	113,824	64.4	104,629	1,688	102,941	3,356	99,585	9,195	8.1	62,985
1984:											
January	177,219	113,901	64.3	104,876	1,686	103,190	3,271	99,918	9,026	7.9	63,318
February		114,377	64.5	105,576	1,684	103,892	3,395	100,496	8,801	7.7	62,986
March		114,598	64.6	105,826	1,686	104,140	3,281	100,859	8,772	7.7	62,912
April		114,938	64.7	106,095	1,693	104,402	3,393	101,009	8,843	7.7	62,724
May		115,493	65.0	106,978	1,690	105,288	3,389	101,899	8,514	7.4	62,320
June		115,567	64.9	107,438	1,690	105,748	3,403	102,344	8,130	7.0	62,407
July		115,636	64.9	107,093	1,698	105,395	3,345	102,050	8,543	7.4	62,503
August		115,206	64.6 64.7	106,681	1,712 1,720	104,969	3,224 3,315	101,744 101,923	8,526 8,460	7.4 7.3	63,089 63,064
September	178,483 178,661	115,419	64.7	106,959	1,720	105,239	3,315	101,923	8,431	7.3	62,939
October	170,001	113,722	04.0	101,231	1,703	100,000	0,114	102,412	0,401	7.3	UE,303

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

NOTE: Revisions of seasonally adjusted monthly and quarterly data (shown in tables A-1 through A-3 and A-32 through A-53 of this publication) for the most recent 5-year period are made at the beginning of each calendar year.

Explanatory Notes.

² The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-2. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1973 to date

						Labor t	orce						
0	Noninsti-					Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	 Not in		
Sex, year, and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilian			Percent of	labor force		
			population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force			
						Annual aver	ages						
MEN	71,017	EC 240	70.2	54.074	1.705	50 240	2 9 4 7	40 500	0.075	4.0	14.667		
1973¹ 1974	72,466										15,069		
1975	73,891										15,993		
1976	75,341										16,585		
1977	76,756										16,797		
9781	78,107	61,151	78.3	58,010	1,531	56,479	2,718	53,761	3,142	5.1	16,956		
979	79,509	62,215	78.2	59,096	1,489	57,607	2,686	54,921	3,120	5.0	17,293		
980	80,877	62,932	77.8	58,665	1,479	57,186	2,709	54,477	4,267	6.8	17,945		
1981	82,023										18,537		
1982	83,052										19,073		
1983	84,064	64,580	76.8	58,320	1,533	56,787	2,704	54,083	6,260	9.7	19,484		
		62,215 78.2 59,096 1,489 57,607 2,686 54,921 3,120 5.0											
1983:													
October	84,344										19,635		
November	84,423										19,577		
December	84,506	64,838	76.7	59,580	1,537	58,043	2,650	55,393	5,258	8.1	19,668		
1984:	84,745	64 030	76.6	50 701	1.542	59 220	2 606	EE 625	5 1 4 0	7.0	19,815		
January	84,811										19,718		
March	84,880										19,724		
April	84,953										19,741		
May	85,024										19,717		
June	85,101										19,649		
July	85,179										19,817		
August	85,257	65,244	76.5	60,661	1,563	59,098		56,490	4,583	7.0	20,013		
September	85,352				1,571						19,738		
October	85,439	65,603	76.8	61,023	1,557	59,466	2,516	56,951	4,580	7.0	19,836		
						Annual aver	ages						
WOMEN	77.050	04.050	440	20.764	40	00.715	600	22.002	2.000	60	40,000		
19731	77,853										43,000		
1974	79,375 80,938	37,553	45.7 46.4	33,832	78	33,769	586 584	33,173	3,486	9.3	43,101 43,386		
1975 1978	82,476	39,069	40.4 47.4	35,701	86	35, 9 69 35,615	588	35,404 35,027	3,369	9.3 8.6	43,406		
1977	83,932	40,705	48.5	37,381	92	37,289	612	36,677	3,324	8.2	43,227		
19781	85,434	42,731	50.0	39,869	100	39,569	669	38,900	3,061	7.2	42,703		
1979	86,951	44,343	51.0	41,325	108	41,217	661	40,556	3,018	6.8	42,608		
1980	88,472	45,611	51.6	42,241	124	42,117	656	41,461	3,370	7.4	42,861		
1981	89,751	46,829	52.2	43,133	133	43,000	667	42,333	3,696	7.9	42,922		
1982	90,887	47,894	52.7	43,395	139	43,256	665	42,591	4,499	9.4	42,993		
1983	91,827	48,646	53.0	44,190	143	44,047	680	43,367	4,457	9.2	43,181		
					Monthly o	lata, seasor	nally adjusted ²		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
1983:								_					
October	92,129	48,852	53.0	44,715	152	44,563	645	43,918	4,137	8.5	43,277		
November	92,214 92,302	48,874 48,986	53.0 53.1	44,902 45,049	151 151	44,751 44,898	682 706	44,069 44,192	3,972 3,937	8.1 8.0	43,340 43,316		
1984:													
January	92,474	48,971	53.0	45,094	144	44,950	667	44,284	3,876	7.9	43,503		
February	92,552	49,283	53.2	45,429	144	45,285	698	44,587	3,855	7.8	43,269		
March	92,630	49,442	53.4	45,536	144	45,392	646	44,747	3,905	7.9	43,188		
April	92,709	49,725	53.6	45,802 46,350	145	45,657 46,205	673 666	44,983 45,538	3,924	7.9 7.6	42,984		
May	92,789 92,873	50,186 50,115	54.1 54.0	46,350 46,515	145 145	46,205	693	45,538 45,876	3,836 3,600	7.6 7.2	42,603 42,758		
July	92,958	50,113	54.1	46,486	145	46,339	641	45,699	3,787	7.5	42,756		
August	93,039	49,963	53.7	46,020	149	45,871	617	45,254	3,943	7.9	43.076		
	93,132	49,804	53.5	46,047	149	45,898	655	45,243	3,758	7.5	43,328		
September													

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

² The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951 to date

Year	Civilian		Civilian la	bor force		Un	employment rat	es
and month	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Eniployed	Unemployed	Total	Men	Women
				Annual	averages			
951	104,621	62,017	59.2	59,961	2,055	3.3	2.8	4.4
952	105,231	62,138	59.0	60,250	1,883	3.0	2.8	3.6
953¹	107,056	63,015	58.9	61,179	1,834	2.9	2.8	3.3
954	108,321	63,643	58.8	60,109	3,532	5.5	5.3	6.0
955	109,683	65,023	59.3	62,170	2,852	4.4	4.2	4.9
956	110,954	66,552	60.0	63,799	2,750	4.1	3.8	4.8
957	112,265	66,929	59.6	64,071	2,859	4.3	4.1	4.7
958	113,727	67,639	59.5	63,036	4,602	6.8	6.8	6.8
959	115,329	68,369	59.3	64,630	3,740	5.5	5.2	5.9
9601	117,245	69,628	59.4	65,778	3,852	5.5	5.4	5.9
961	118,771	70,459	59.3	65,746	4,714	6.7	6.4	7.2
621	120,153	70,614	58.8	66,702	3,911	5.5	5.2	6.2
63	122,416	71,833	58.7	67,762	4,070	5.7	5.2	6.5
64	124,485	73,091	58.7	69,305	3,786	5.2	4.6	6.2
65	126,513	74,455	58.9	71,088	3,366	4.5	4.0	5.5
66	128,058	75,770	59.2	72.895	2,875	3.8	3.2	4.8
67	129,874	77,347	59.6	74,372	2,975	3.8	3.1	5.2
068	132.028	78,737	59.6	75,920	2,817	3.6	2.9	4.8
69	134,335	80,734	60.1	77,902	2,832	3.5	2.8	4.6
70	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	4,093	4.9	4.4	5.9
71	140,216	84,382	60.2	79,367	5.016	5.9	5.3	6.9
72¹	144,126	87,034	60.4	82,153	4,882	5.6	5.0	6.6
	147,096	89,429	60.8	85,064	4,365	4.9	4,2	6.0
9731								
074	150,120	91,949	61.3	86,794	5,156	5.6	4.9	6.7
75	153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	7,929	8.5	7.9	9.3
976	156,150	96,158	61.6	88,752	7,406	7.7	7.1	8.6
977	159,033	99,009	62.3	92,017	6,991	7.1	6.3	8.2
078¹	161,910	102,251	63.2	96,048	6,202	6.1	5.3	7.2
79	164,863	104,962	63.7	98,824	6,137	5.8	5.1	6.8
80	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	7,637	7.1	6.9	7.4
981	170,130	108,670	63.9	100,397	8,273	7.6	7.4	7.9
982	172,271	110,204	64.0	99,526	10,678	9.7	9.9	9.4
983	174,215	111,550	64.0	100,834	10,717	9.6	9.9	9.2
			Mo	onthly data, se	asonally adjuste	d²		
983:								
October	174,779	111,866	64.0	101,970	9,896	8.8	9.1	8.5
November	174,773	112,035	64.0	102,606	9,429	8.4	8.6	8.2
December	175,121	112,136	64.0	102,941	9,195	8.2	8.3	8.1
984:								
January	175,533	112,215	63.9	103,190	9,026	8.0	8.1	7.9
February	175,679	112,693	64.1	103,892	8,801	7.8	7.8	7.8
March	175,824	112,912	64.2	104,140	8,772	7.8	7.7	7.9
April	175,969	113,245	64.4	104,402	8,843	7.8	7.7	7.9
May	176,123	113,803	64.6	105,288	8,514	7.5	7.3	7.7
June	176,284	113,877	64.6	105,748	8,130	7.1	7.1	7.2
July	176,440	113,938	64.6	105,395	8,543	7.5	7.5	7.6
August	176,583	113,494	64.3	104,969	8,526	7.5	7.2	7.9
September	176,763	113,494	64.3	105,239	8,460	7.4	7.3	7. 5 7.6
October	176,763	114,017	64.4	105,586	8,431	7.4	7.3 7.2	7.7
	1/0,500	4,0 /	; 04.4	100,000	1 0,401	7.4	1.2	1.1

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the

Explanatory Notes.

² The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

		, 			Octobe	er 1984					
			Civi	lian labor force	,			Not	in labor for	ce	
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-			1	Unem	ployed					
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
TOTAL	ļ_ 										
6 years and over	176,956	114,250	64.6	106,262	7,989	7.0	62,706	30,666	9,338	2,446	20,25
6 years and over 16 to 19 years	14,598	7,474	51.2	6,093	1,381	18.5	7,124	442	6,147	16	52
16 to 17 years	7,171	2,807	39.1	2,282	525	18.7	4,364	111	4,090	4	16
18 to 19 years	7,427	4,667	62.8	3,811	856	18.3	2,760	331	2,057	12	35
20 to 24 years	20,604	15,978	77.5	14,280	1,698	10.6	4,627	1,727	2,166	54	67
25 to 54 years	93,096	75,803	81.4	71,546	4,257	5.6	17,293	12,695	971	833	2,79
25 to 34 years		33,284	82.7	31,119	2,164	6.5	6,941	5,086	687	216	95
25 to 29 years	20,996	17,355	82.7	16,158	1,197	6.9	3,641	2,530	462	99	54
30 to 34 years	19,228	15,929	82.8	14,962	968	6.1	3,300	2,555	225	117	40
35 to 44 years	30,624	25,440	83.1	24,136	1,304	5.1	5,184	3,949	212	224	79
35 to 39 years	16,985	14,135	83.2	13,373	763	5.4	2,850	2,237	122	107	38
40 to 44 years	13,640 22,248	11,304 17,080	82.9 76.8	10,763 16,291	541 789	4.8 4.6	2,335 5,167	1,718 3,660	90 72	116 393	1,04
45 to 54 years	11,380	9,093	79.9	8,638	456	5.0	2,286	1,677	38	167	1,04
50 to 54 years		7,987	73.5	7,653	334	4.2	2,881	1,983	34	226	63
55 to 64 years		11,914	54.0	11,367	546	4.6	10,138	5,579	36	608	3,9
55 to 59 years		7,192	63.9	6,860	332	4.6	4.064	2,494	29	296	1,24
60 to 64 years	10,796	4,722	43.7	4,507	215	4.5	6,074	3,085	7	312	2,67
65 years and over	26,606	3,082	11.6	2,975	106	3.4	23.525	10,223	18	936	12,34
65 to 69 years	9,006	1,802	20.0	1,727	75	4.2	7,204	3,255	7	183	3,75
70 years and over	17,600	1,279	7.3	1,248	31	2.4	16,321	6,968	10	752	8,58
Men			ĺ	İ	į	İ			ľ		
5 years and over	83,882	63,843	76.1	59,716	4,127	6.5	20,039	472	4,752	1,397	13,41
16 to 19 years	7,317	3,851	52.6	3,106	745	19.3	3,466	18	3,166	12	27
16 to 17 years	3,643	1,447	39.7	1,153	294	20.3	2,136	6	2,091	4	9
18 to 19 years	3,674	2,404	65.4	1,953	451	18.7	1,270	12	1,075	8	17
20 to 24 years		8,447	83.9	7,588	859	10.2	1,623	17	1,192	26	38
25 to 54 years		42,712	94.2	40,558	2,154	5.0	2,644	147	376	545	1,57
25 to 34 years	19,714	18,725	95.0	17,626	1,099	5.9	990	53	300	140	49
25 to 29 years	10,303 9,411	9,707 9,018	94.2 95.8	9,076 8,550	631 468	6.5 5.2	596 394	27 25	224 76	62 78	28
30 to 34 years		14,221	95.4	13,567	654	4.6	683	32	54	143	45
35 to 39 years	8,273	7,929	95.8	7,543	387	4.9	344	20	34	71	21
40 to 44 years	6,632	6,292	94.9	6,024	267	4.3	340	12	21	73	23
45 to 54 years	10,737	9,766	91.0	9,365	401	4.1	971	63	22	262	62
45 to 49 years	5,518	5,137	93.1	4,907	231	4.5	380	33	12	110	22
50 to 54 years	5,219	4,629	88.7	4,459	170	3.7	590	30	10	152	39
55 to 64 years	10,284	7,017	68.2	6,704	313	4.5	3,268	90	13	417	2,74
55 to 59 years		4,240	79.9	4,061	179	4.2	1,065	47	13	208	79
60 to 64 years	4,979	2,776	55.8	2,643	133	4.8	2,203	44		210	1,95
65 years and over		1,816	16.7	1,760	56	3.1	9,039	200	5	395	8,43
70 years and over		1,027 789	25.6 11.5	993 767	34 22	3.3 2.8	2,987 6,052	46 154	1	113 282	2,82 5,61
Women		}			1						
6 years and over	93,074	50,407	54.2	46,546	3,862	7.7	42,667	30,194	4,585	1,050	6,83
16 to 19 years		3,623	49.8	2,987	636	17.6	3,658	424	2,981	1,050	24
16 to 17 years	3,528	1,360	38.5	1,129	231	17.0	2,168	105	1,999		- e
18 to 19 years	3,753	2,263	60.3	1,858	405	17.9	1,489	319	982	4	18
20 to 24 years	10,534	7,530	71.5	6,692	838	11.1	3,004	1,710	974	28	29
25 to 54 years	47,740	33,092	69.3	30,988	2,104	6.4	14,649	12,548	595	288	1,21
25 to 34 years	20,510	14.559	71.0	13,494	1,065	7.3	5,951	5,033	388	76	45
25 to 29 years	10,693	7,648	71.5	7,082	566	7.4	3,045	2,503	238	37	26
30 to 34 years	9,817	6,911	70.4	6,412	500	7.2	2,906	2,530	149	39	18
35 to 44 years	15,719	11,218	71.4	10,569	650 376	5.8 6.1	4,501 2,506	3,918	157 88	81	34
35 to 39 years	8,712 7,008	6,206 5,012	71.2 71.5	5,830 4,739	274	5.5	2,506 1,995	2,212 1,706	69	36 44	16
40 to 44 years45 to 54 years	11,511	7,314	63.5	6,926	388	5.3	4,197	3,597	50	131	41
45 to 49 years	5,862	3,956	67.5	3,731	225	5.7	1,906	1,644	26	57	17
50 to 54 years		3,358	59.4	3,194	164	4.9	2,291	1,953	24	74	24
55 to 64 years		4,897	41.6	4,663	234	4.8	6,870	5,489	23	190	1,16
55 to 59 years		2,951	49.6	2,799	152	5.2	2,999	2,447	15	88	44
60 to 64 years	5,817	1,945	33.4	1,864	81	4.2	3,872	3,042	8	102	72
65 years and over	15,752	1,266	8.0	1,215	50	4.0	14,486	10,023	12	540	3,91
65 to 69 years	4,992	775	15.5	734	41	5.3	4,217	3,209	3	70	93
70 years and over	10,759	490	4.6	481	9	1.9	10,269	6,814	9	470	2,97

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

					Octobe	or 1984					
			Civil	ian labor force	•			Not	in labor for	ce	
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-				Unem	ployed					
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
WHITE											
40	450 005	00.044	040	00.005	5,000		50.700	07.044	7.000	4044	47.540
16 years and over	152,605 12,047	98,814 6,525	64.8 54.2	92,925 5,506	5,889 1,019	6.0 15.6	53,790 5,522	27,011 329	7,322 4,830	1,914 8	17,543 356
16 to 19 years	5,908	2,509	42.5	2,097	412	16.4	3,400	94	3,180	1	125
18 to 19 years	6,139	4,016	65.4	3,409	607	15.1	2,123	235	1,650	7	231
20 to 24 years	17,210	13,563	78.8	12,411	1,152	8.5	3,647	1,403	1,723	33	488
25 to 54 years	79,716	65,312	81.9	62,121	3,192	4.9	14,405	10,937	718	622	2,127
25 to 34 years	33,973	28,381	83.5	26,814	1,566	5.5	5,592	4,283	487	1 5 5	667
25 to 29 years	17,693	14,789	83.6	13,940	849	5.7	2,905	2,120	332	66	386
30 to 34 years	16,280	13,593	83.5	12,875	718	5.3	2,688	2,164	155	88	281
35 to 44 years	26,394	21,972	83.2	20,969	1,004	4.6	4,421	3,460	175	166	620
35 to 39 years	14,616	12,185	83.4	11,609	576	7.2	2,430	1,965	98	79	296
40 to 44 years	11,778	9,787	83.1	9,360	427	4.4	1,991	1,517	76	88	324
45 to 54 years	19,350	14,959	77.3	14,337	622	4.2	4,391	3,195	56	300	840
45 to 49 years	9,871	7,918	80.2	7,561	357	4.5	1,952	1,432	32	131	340
50 to 54 years	9,479	7,041	74.3	6,775	265	5.1	2,438	1,767	24	168	499
55 to 64 years	19,570 9,937	10,610 6,393	54.2 64.3	10,169 6,132	442 261	4.2 4.1	8,959 3,544	5,008	33 26	459 226	3,459 1,066
55 to 59 years	9,837 9,633	4,218	43.8	4,037	181	4.1	5,544 5,415	2,225 2,783	7	232	2,393
60 to 64 years	24,062	2,805	11.7	2,720	85	3.0	21.257	9,333	19	793	11,113
65 to 69 years	8,141	1,633	20.1	1,571	82	3.8	6,508	2,947	7	139	3,415
70 years and over	15,921	1,171	7.4	1,149	22	1.9	14,750	6,387	11	654	7,698
Men											
6 years and over	72,825	55,915	76.8	52,827	3,088	5.5	16,910	353	3,718	1,097	11,742
16 to 19 years	6,053	3,363	55.6	2,815	548	16.3	2,690	6	2,473	6	204
16 to 17 years	3,006	1,299	43.2	1,063	236	18.2	1,707	4	1,624	2	77
18 to 19 years	3,047	2,064	67.7	1,752	312	15.1	983	2	849	5	128
20 to 24 years	8,474	7,178	84.7	6,575	603	8.4	1,296	16	962	19	298
25 to 54 years	39,293	37,351	95.1	35,713	1,639	4.4	1,942	96	267	423	1,156
25 to 34 years	16,854	16,172	96.0	15,350	822	5.1	681	28	215	103	336
25 to 29 years	8,770	8,363	95.4	7,896	467	5.6	407	9	162	44	191
30 to 34 years	8,084	7,810	96.6	7,454	356	4.6	275	19	53	58	144
35 to 44 years	12,991	12,484	96.1	11,978	505	4.0	507	23	36	111	337
35 to 39 years	7,197	6,941	96.4	8,646 5,332	295 210	4.3 3.8	256 252	13 10	21 15	56 56	165
40 to 44 years	5,794 9,448	5,542 8,695	95.7 92.0	8,385	311	3.6	753	45	16	209	464
45 to 54 years	4,835	4,537	93.8	4,357	180	4.0	298	21	7	88	181
50 to 54 years	4,613	4,158	90.1	4,027	131	3.1	455	24	ا و	120	302
55 to 64 years	9,177	6,346	69.2	6,090	256	4.0	2,831	67	11	328	2,425
55 to 59 years	4,716	3,841	81.5	3,696	145	3.8	875	33	11	160	670
60 to 64 years	4,461	2,505	56.2	2,394	111	4.4	1,956	34	-	168	1,754
65 years and over	9,827	1,676	17.1	1,634	42	2.5	8,151	167	5	320	7,659
65 to 69 years	3,643	944	25.9	916	28	3.0	2,699	32	4	85	2,579
70 years and over	6,184	732	11.8	718	14	2.0	5,452	136	1	235	5,080
Women	70.700	40.000	50.0	40.000	0.004		00.004	00.050	0.004	047	F 00-
16 years and over	79,780	42,899	53.8	40,098	2,801	6.5	36,881	28,658	3,604	817	5,801
16 to 19 years		3,162	52.7	2,690	471	14.9	2,833	322	2,357	2	152
16 to 17 years	2,902	1,209	41.7	1,034	176	14.5	1,693	89	1,556	- ^	104
18 to 19 years	3,092 8,735	1,952	63.1 73.1	1,657 5,836	295 548	15.1 8.6	1,140 2,351	233 1,387	801 760	3 14	104
20 to 24 years	8,735 40,423	6,384 27,961	69.2	26,408	1,553	5.6	12,463	1,387	451	199	971
25 to 34 years	17,119	12,208	71.3	11,464	744	6.1	4,911	4,255	272	52	332
25 to 29 years	8,923	6,426	72.0	6,044	382	5.9	2,498	2,111	170	22	195
30 to 34 years	8,196	5,783	70.6	5,421	362	6.3	2,413	2,145	102	30	137
35 to 44 years	13,403	9,489	70.8	8,991	498	5.3	3,914	3,437	139	55	283
35 to 39 years	7,419	5,244	70.7	4,963	281	5.4	2,174	1,943	77	23	131
40 to 44 years	5,984	4,245	70.9	4,028	217	5.1	1,739	1,494	61	32	152
45 to 54 years	9,901	6,264	63.3	5,953	311	5.0	3,638	3,150	41	91	356
45 to 49 years	5,036	3,381	67.1	3,204	177	5.2	1,654	1,427	25	43	159
50 to 54 years	4,866	2,883	59.2	2,748	134	4.7	1,963	1,722	15	48	197
55 to 64 years	10,393	4,264	41.0	4,078	186	4.4	6,129	4,941	23	130	1,034
55 to 59 years	5,221	2,552	48.9	2,436	116	4.5	2,669	2,192	15	66	396
60 to 64 years	5,172	1,713	33.1	1,643	70	4.1	3,459	2,749	7	64	638
65 years and over	14,235	1,128	7.9	1,086	42	3.8	13,106	9,166	13	473	3,454
65 to 69 years	4,498	689	15.3	655	34	5.0	3,809	2,915	3	54	836
70 years and over	9,737	439	4.5	431	1 8	1.8	9,298	6,251	10	419	2,618

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

					Octobe	r 1984					
			Civi	lian labor force	,			Not	in labor for	rce	
Age, sex, and race	Civilian			! 	Unem	oloyed					İ
Age, sex, and lace	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
BLACK							-	-			
16 years and over	19,449	12,202	62.7	10,353	1,849	15.2	7,247	2,894	1,541	484	2,329
16 to 19 years	2,141	802	37.5	464	337	42.1	1,339	97	1,089	7	147
16 to 17 years	1,050	249	23.7	146	103	41.3	800	16	754	2	28
18 to 19 years		552	50.6	318	235	42 4	539	81	335	5	118
20 to 24 years	2,786	2,009	72.1	1,510	499	24.8	777	269	315	20	173
25 to 34 years	10,346 4,835	8,148 3,837	78.8 79.3	7,232 3,311	916 526	11.2	2,199 999	1,307 585	137 112	188 53	566 248
25 to 34 years	2,591	2,046	79.0	1,734	311	15.2	546	303	68	31	145
30 to 34 years	_'_	1,791	79.8	1,576	215	12.0	453	283	45	22	104
35 to 44 years	3,215	2,634	81.9	2,380	254	9.7	580	358	16	50	156
35 to 39 years	1,797	1,486	82.7	1,332	155	10.4	310	203	6	23	79
40 to 44 years		1,148	81.0	1,048	100	8.7	270	156	11	26	77
45 to 54 years	2,296	1,676	73.0	1,541	135	8.1	620	364	9	85	162
45 to 49 years	1,201	930	77.4	850	80	8.6	271	181	2 7	34	54
50 to 54 years	1,095 1,978	747 1,024	68.2 51.8	691 945	55 79	7.4 7.7	349 954	183 451	'	51 136	108 367
55 to 64 years55 to 59 years	1,046	630	60.3	576	54	8.6	415	213	_ [62	140
60 to 64 years	932	394	42.2	369	25	6.3	538	238	_	74	226
65 years and over	2,198	220	10.0	202	18	8.4	1,978	770	_	133	1,076
65 to 69 years	738	131	17.8	121	10	7.6	607	260	-	44	303
70 years and over	1,460	90	6.2	80	9	10.0	1,371	511	- '	89	772
Men					Ì						
16 years and over	8,701	6,158	70.8	i 5,249	910	14.8	2.542	105	754	275	1,410
16 to 19 years	1,045	413	39.5	227	185	44.9	633	12	558	6	58
16 to 17 years	522	120	23.0	67	53	44.0	401	2	383	2	14
18 to 19 years	525	293	55.9	160	133	45.3	231	` 10	174	4	43
20 to 24 years	1,296	1,058	81.7	820	238	22.5	238	-	152	7	80
25 to 54 years	4,639 2,189	4,084 1,954	88.0 89.2	3,650 1,717	434 236	10.6 12.1	556 236	50 24	44 36	108	353 142
25 to 34 years	1,179	1,039	88.1	893	145	14.0	141	19	26	16	80
30 to 34 years	1,010	915	90.6	824	91	9.9	95	5	11	17	62
35 to 44 years	1,434	1,291	90.1	1.168	123	9.5	142	7	7	25	102
35 to 39 years	804	739	91.9	664	75	10.2	65	6	3	10	47
40 to 44 years	629	552	87.8	504	48	8.7	77	2	5	15	55
45 to 54 years	1,016	838	82.5	764	75	8.9	178	19	1	49	109
45 to 49 years	534 482	464 375	86.9 77.7	421 342	42 32	9.2 8.6	70 108	13 6	1	20 29	36 73
50 to 54 years55 to 64 years	857	503	58.7	461	42	8.3	354	16		83	255
55 to 59 years	453	301	66.5	276	24	8.1	152	10	_	43	99
60 to 64 years		202	50.0	185	17	8.6	202	7	_	40	156
65 years and over		102	11.8	91	ì 11	10.5	763	28	-	71	664
65 to 69 years	308	59	19.2	56	3	(')	249	11	_	28	210
70 years and over	556	43	7.7	35	8	(¹)	514	17	-	43	454
Women	İ				i						
16 years and over	10,748	6,044	56.2	5,104	939	15.5	4,705	2,789	786	210	919
16 to 19 years		389	35.5	237	152	39.1	707	85	531	1	89
16 to 17 years		130	24.5	79	50	38.8	399	14	371	- ,	14
18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years	567 1,490	259 951	45.7 63.8	158 690	102 261	39.2 27.4	308 540	71 270	161 163	1 13	75 93
25 to 54 years		4,064	71.2	3,582	482	11.9	1,643	1,257	93	80	213
25 to 34 years	2,646	1,883	71.2	1,594	290	15.4	763	561	76	19	106
25 to 29 years	1,412	1,007	71.3	841	166	16.5	405	284	42	15	65
30 to 34 years		876	71.0	752	124	14.1	358	278	34	5	42
35 to 44 years		1,343	75.4	1,212	131	9.8	438	351	9	25	54
35 to 39 years		747 596	75.3 75.5	668 544	80 52	10.6 8.7	245 193	197 154	3 6	13	32
40 to 44 years45 to 54 years		838	75.5 65.5	777	61	7.2	193 442	154 345	8	11 36	22 53
45 to 49 years		466	69.9	429	38	8.1	201	168	1	14	18
50 to 54 years	1	372	60.6	349	23	6.2	241	177	7	22	35
55 to 64 years		521	46.5	484	37	7.2	600	435	_ `	53	112
55 to 59 years	593	330	55.6	300	30	9.1	264	203	-	19	41
60 to 64 years		192	36.3	184	7	3.9	336	231	1	34	70
65 years and over		118	8.9	111	8	6.6	1,215	742	-	62	412
65 to 69 years 70 years and over		72 47	16.7 5.2	65 45	7	(0)	358 857	249	-	16 46	93 318
								494			

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-5. Employment status of the black-and-other civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex

				C	October 1984				
			<u> </u>	(Civilian labor force		•		
Age and sex	Civilian noninsti-		_		Employed		Unem	ployed	Not in labor force
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Agriculture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	
TOTAL		1						_	
	04.054	45 400	60.4	10,000	0.45	40.004	0.400	400	
6 years and over	24,351	15,436	63.4	13,336	245	13,091	2,100	13.6	8,91
16 to 19 years	2,551	949	37.2	587	13	574	362	38.1	1,60
16 to 17 years	1,263	298 851	23.8	185 402	1 1	184 390	113	38.0	96
18 to 19 years	1,288 3,395	2,415	50.6 71.1	1,869	12 35	1,834	249	38.2	63
20 to 24 years	13,381	10,491	78.4	9,426	138	9,287	546 1,066	22.6 10.2	984 2,88
	6,251	4,903	78.4 78.4	4,305	42	4,263	598	12.2	
25 to 34 years	3,302	2,566	77.7	2,218	30	2,189	347	13.5	1,34
25 to 29 years	2,948	1,278	43.3	2,087	12	2,075	251	19.8	
30 to 34 years	4,230	3,467	82.0	3,167	42	3,125	300		61: 78:
35 to 44 years	2,369	1,950	82.3	1,764	21		1	8.7 9.5	
35 to 39 years	2,365 1,861	1,518	81.6	1,403	21	1,742 1,383	186 114	7.5	411 34
40 to 44 years	2,898	2,121	73.2	1,954	54	1,900	168	7.5 7.9	77
45 to 49 years	2,090 1,510	1,175	73.2 77.8	1,076	3 4 35	1,900	99	7.9 8.4	33
	1,388	945	68.1	877	35 19	1,041 858	88	7.2	44
50 to 54 years	2,482	1,303	52.5	1,199	36	1,163	105	8.0	1,17
55 to 64 years	1,319	799	60.6	728	23	705	71	8.9	52
	1,163	504	43.3	470	12	458	34	6.7	65
65 years and over	2,544	277	10.9	258	23	233	21	7.7	2.26
85 to 69 years	866	169	19.5	157	13	143	13	7.7	69
70 years and over	1,679	108	6.4	99	10	91	16	14.8	1,57
-	.,								,,,,,
Men									
8 years and over	11,057	7,928	71.7	6,889	215	6,674	1,039	13.1	3,12
16 to 19 years	1,264	488	38.6	290	14	276	197	40.4	77
16 to 17 years	637	148	23.2	90	2	88	58	39.4	48
18 to 19 years	827	340	54.2	201	13	188	139	40.9	28
20 to 24 years	1,598	1,269	79.5	1,013	33	980	256	20.2	32
25 to 54 years	6,083	5,361	88.4	4,845	119	4,725	516	9.6	70
25 to 34 years	2,861	2,552	89.2	2,276	37	2,238	277	10.8	30
25 to 29 years	1,533	1,344	87.7	1,180	25	1,155	164	12.2	18
30 to 34 years	1,327	1,208	91.0	1,096	12	1,084	113	9.3	11
35 to 44 years	1,914	1,738	90.8	1,589	37	1,552	149	8.6	17
35 to 39 years	1,076	968	91.8	897	18	878	91	9.2	8
40 to 44 years	838	750	89.5	692	19	674	57	7.7	١
45 to 54 years	1,288	1,071	83.1	981	45	935	90	8.4	2
45 to 49 years	683	600	87.9	549	31	518	51	8.5	1 .5
50 to 54 years	605	470 671	77.7 60.6	431 614	14 28	417 585	39 57	8.3 8.5	13 43
55 to 64 years	1,107 590	399		365	19	346	34	8.8	11
55 to 59 years	518	271	87.7 50.4	249	10	239	22	8.2	2
60 to 64 years		140	52.4 13.6	126	20	106	13	9.7	88
65 years and over	1,028 371	83	22.3	77	12	65	8	7.0	21
70 years and over	657	57	8.7	49	8	42	8	(1)	66
Women									
8 years and over	13,294	7,508	56.5	6,447	29	6,418	1,061	14.1	5,78
16 to 19 years	1,287	481	35.9	297	-	298	165	35.7	8
16 to 17 years	826	150	24.0	95	-	96	55	36.6	47
18 to 19 years	661	311	47.1	201	_	202	110	35.3	35
20 to 24 years	1,799	1,146	63.7	856	2	854	290	25.3	6
25 to 54 years	7,318	5,130	70.1	4,581	19	4,562	550	10.7	2,1
25 to 34 years	3,391	2,351	69.3	2,029	5	2,025	321	13.7	1,0
25 to 29 years	1,769	1,222	69.1	1,038	5	1,034	183	15.0	5
30 to 34 years	1,621	1,129	69.6	991	-	991	136	12.2	4
35 to 44 years	2,317	1,729	74.6	1,578	5	1,573	151	8.8	5
35 to 39 years	1,293	962	74.4	867	3	864	95	9.8	3
40 to 44 years	1,023	768	75.0	711	2	709	57	7.4	2
45 to 54 years	1,610	1,051	65.3	973	9	964	77	7.4	5
45 to 49 years	627	575	69.6	527	4	523	48	8.3	2
50 to 54 years	783	475	60.7	446	5	441	29	6.2	3
55 to 64 years	1,375	633	46.0	585	7	578	48	7.8	7.
55 to 59 years	729	400	54.8	363	5	359	37	9.1	3:
60 to 64 years	645	233	36.1	222	3	219	11	4.9	4
65 years and over	1,517	138	9.1	130	3	127	8	5.6	1,3
65 to 69 years	495	86	17.4	80	1	78	7	7.5	4
70 years and over	1,022	51	5.0	50	2	49	1 1	(¹)	9

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-6. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

Employment status and	To	otal	Men, 20 y ov	years and ver	Women, 20 ov	-	Both sexes	•
race	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	174,779	176,956	75,216	76,565	84,443	85,793	15,120	14,598
Civilian labor force	112,042	114,250	58,919	59,992	45,505	46,784	7,618	7,474
Percent of population	64.1	64.6	78.3	78.4	53.9	54.5	50.4	51.2
Employed	102,659	106,262	54,580	56,610	42.088	43,559	5,991	6,093
Agriculture	3,407	3,268	2,511	2,443	635	586	261	238
Nonagricultural industries		102,994	52,069	54,167	41,453	42.972	5,730	5.855
Unemployed		7,989	4,339	3,382	3,417	3,226	1,627	1,381
Unemployment rate		7.0	7.4	5.6	7.5	6.9	21.4	18.5
Not in labor force	62,737	62,706	16,297	16,573	38,938	39,009	7,502	7,124
White								
Civilian noninstitutional population	151,175	152,605	65,802	66,771	72,915	73,786	12,458	12,047
Civilian labor force	97,526	98,814	51,867	52,552	38,933	39,738	6,726	6,525
Percent of population	64.5	64.8	78.8	78.7	53.4	53.9	54.0	54.2
Employed		92,925	48,534	50,012	36,484	37,408	5,515	5,506
Agriculture		3.023	2,280	2,242	599	555	251	225
Nonagricultural industries		89,903	46,254	47,769	35,885	36,853	5,264	5.281
Unemployed		5.889	3.333	2,540	2,450	2,330	1,211	1,019
Unemployment rate	7.2	6.0	6.4	4.8	6.3	5.9	18.0	15.6
Not in labor force	53,649	53,790	13,935	14,220	33,981	34,048	5,733	5,522
Black								
Civilian noninstitutional population	19,026	19,449	7,416	7,656	9,402	9,652	2,208	2,141
Civilian labor force		12,202	5,515	5,746	5,356	5,655	712	802
Percent of population		62.7	74.4	75.0	57.0	58.6	32.2	37.5
Employed		10,353	4,668	5,022	4,487	4,867	347	464
Agriculture		174	161	151	13	15	6	8
Nonagricultural industries		10,179	4,507	4,871	4,474	4,852	340	456
Unemployed		1,849	847	724	868	787	365	337
Unemployment rate		15.2	15.4	12.6	16.2	13.9	51.3	42.1
Not in labor force	7,444	7,247	1.901	1,910	4,047	3,998	1,496	1,339

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 21 years of age by major activity, sex, and race (Numbers in thousands)

				Oc	tober 1984	4			
Employment status and		Total			White			Black	
major activity	Both sexes	Men	Women	Both sexes	Men	Women	Both sexes	Men	Women
TOTAL									
Civilian noninstitutional population	22,555	11,202	11.354	18,658	9.295	9,363	3,254	1,567	1,687
Civilian labor force	13,330	6,865	6,465	11,475	5,906	5,569	1,559	812	747
Percent of population	59.1	61.3	56.9	61.5	63.5	59.5	47.9	51.8	44.3
Employed	11,237	5,765	5,472	10,006	5,137	4,869	985	500	485
Agriculture	385	327	58	373	313	60	5	5	
Nonagricultural industries	10.852	5,438	5.414	9,633	4.824	4,809	981	494	487
Unemployed	2,093	1,100	993	1,469	769	700	574	311	262
Looking for full-time work	1,262	667	596	858	444	414	369	208	160
Looking for part-time work	831	434	397	611	325	286	205	103	102
Percent of labor force	15.7	16.0	15.4	12.8	13.0	12.6	36.8	38.3	35.1
Not in labor force	9,225	4,337	4,889	7,183	3,389	3,794	1,696	756	940
Major activity: Going to school	·		·				·		
Civilian noninstitutional population	11,712	5.983	5.729	9,643	4,921	4,722	1.684	839	845
Civilian labor force	4.251	2,119	2,132	3,753	1,882	1.871	406	194	212
Percent of population	36.3	35.4	37.2	38.9	38.3	39.6	24.1	23.2	25.1
	3,462	1,699	1.763	3,180	1,565	1,615	207	97	110
Employed	105	91	1,703	102	1,505	1,013	207	2	
Agriculture Nonagricultural industries	3,357	1,608	1,750	3.079	1,477	1,602	205	95	110
	789	421	369	573	318	255		1	103
Unemployed	62	29	33	33	19		200	97	1
Looking for full-time work	727	392	1			14	26	-	17 86
Looking for part-time work			335	540	299	241	174	88	
Percent of labor force	18.6 7.461	19.9 3,864	17.3 3,597	15.3 5,890	16.9 3,038	13.6 2,852	49.1 1,278	50.0 645	48.3 633
	7,401	0,004	0,337	3,030	0,000	2,002	1,270	043	
Major activity: Other		į						į Į	ĺ
Civilian noninstitutional population	10,843	5,219	5,624	9,015	4,374	4,641	1,570	728	842
Civilian labor force	9,079	4,746	4,333	7,722	4,023	3,698	1,152	617	535
Percent of population	83.7	90.9	77.0	85.7	92.0	79.7	73.4	84.8	63.5
Employed	7,775	4,066	3,709	6,826	3,572	3,254	778	403	375
Agriculture	280	236	44	271	225	47	3	3	-
Nonagricultural industries	7,495	3,830	3,664	6,555	3,348	3,207	775	397	378
Unemployed	1,304	680	624	896	451	445	374	214	160
Looking for full-time work	1,200	638	562	824	425	400	343	199	144
Looking for part-time work	104	42	62	71	26	45	31	15	16
Percent of labor force	14.4	14.3	14.4	11.6	11.2	12.0	32.5	34.7	29.9
Not in labor force	1,764	473	1,291	1,293	351	942	418	111	307

A-8. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi noninsti popul	tutional				Civilian la	bor force			
Veteran status			То	tal	Employed			Unemp	oloyed	
and age	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct.	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Number		Percent of labor force	
			1983				Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984
VETERANS										
Total, 25 years and over	7,892 5,775 623 2,036 3,116 2,117	7,923 5,380 415 1,603 3,362 2,543	7,396 5,536 581 1,940 3,015 1,860	7,475 5,205 399 1,558 3,248 2,270	6,892 5,124 514 1,774 2,836 1,768	7,071 4,887 357 1,449 3,081 2,184	504 412 67 166 179 92	404 318 42 109 167 86	6.8 7.4 11.5 8.6 5.9 4.9	5.4 6.1 10.5 7.0 5.1 3.8
NONVETERANS										
Total, 25 to 39 years	20,277 8,760 6,943 4,574	21,432 9,034 7,571 4,827	19,092 8,191 6,567 4,334	20,348 8,512 7,236 4,600	17,690 7,503 6,133 4,054	19,271 7,995 6,892 4,384	1,402 688 434 280	1,077 517 344 216	7.3 8.4 6.6 6.5	5.3 6.1 4.8 4.7

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data

A-9. Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex, age, and race

		-			October 1984	4			
		Full	time labor	force			Part-time	labor force)
Sex, age, and race		Emplo	yed	(loc	mployed oking for me work)		Employed on	(ioo	mployed king for me work)
	Total	Full-time schedules ¹	Part time for economic reasons	Number	Percent of full-time labor force	Total	voluntary part time ¹	Number	Percent of part-time labor force
TOTAL				-					
Total, 16 years and over	97,643	85,799	5,415	6,429	6.6	16,607	15,048	1,559	9.4
16 to 19 years	3,362	2,110	573	678	20.2	4,112	3,409	703	17.1
16 to 17 years	400	205	91	104	26.1	2,407	1,986	421	17.5
18 to 19 years	2,962	1,906	482	574	19.4	1,705	1,423	282	16.5
20 years and over	94,281	83,688	4,842	5,751	6.1	12,495	11,639	857	6.9
20 to 24 years	13,398	10,746	1,210	1,442	10.8	2,580	2,324	255	9.9
25 years and over	80,883	72,941	3,632	4,309	5.3	9,916	9,315	602	6.1
25 to 54 years55 years and over	68,960 11,924	62,104 10,837	3,024 608	3,832 477	5.6 4.0	6,844 3,072	6,418 2,897	427 175	6.2 5.7
Men, 16 years and over	58,560	52,653	2,412	3,495	6.0	5,283	4,652	631	12.0
16 to 19 years	1,846	1,220	261	365	19.8	2,005	1,624	380	19.0
20 years and over	56,714	51,432	2,151	3,131	5.5	3,278	3,027	251	7.7
20 to 24 years	7,362	6,004	602	757	10.3	1,085	983	102	9.4
25 years and over	49,351	45,428	1,550	2,373	4.8	2,193	2,044	149	6.8
25 to 54 years	41,727	38,340	1,296	2,091	5.0	986	922	63	6.4
55 years and over	7,624	7,088	254	282	3.7	1,207	1,122	85	7.0
Women, 16 years and over	39,083	33,146	3,003	2,934	7.5	11,324	10,396	928	8.2
16 to 19 years	1,516	890	312	314	20.7	2,107	1,785	322	15.3
20 years and over	37,567	32,256	2,691	2,620	7.0	9,217	8,611	606	6.6
20 to 24 years	6,036	4,743	608	685	11.4	1,494	1,341	153	10.2
25 years and over	31,532	27,513	2,084	1,936	6.1	7,722	7,270	453	5.9
25 to 54 years 55 years and over	27,234 4,298	23,764 3,749	1,729 354	1,740 195	6.4 4.5	5,858 1,865	5,495 1,775	363 90	6.2 4.8
White									
Men, 16 years and over	51,240	46,725	1,921	2,594	5.1	4,675	4,181	493	10.6
16 to 19 years	1,586	1,098	230	258	16.3	1,777	1,487	290	16.3
20 years and over	49,654	45,626	1,691	2,336	4.7	2,898	2,694	204	7.0
20 to 24 years	6,219	5,244	455	520	8.4	959	876	83	8.7
25 years and over	43,435	40,383	1,237	1,817	4.2	1,938	1,819	120	6.2
25 to 54 years55 years and over	36,541 6,894	33,927 6,456	1,022 214	1,592 225	4.4 3.3	810 1,128	764 1,055	47 73	5.8 6.5
Women, 16 years and over	32,679	28,141	2,449	2,089	6.4	10,221	9,508	712	7.0
16 to 19 years	1,288	786	270	233	18.1	1,873	1,635	239	12.7
20 years and over	31,390	27,355	2,179	1,856	5.9	8,347	7,874	474	5.7
20 to 24 years	5,078	4,162	482	434	8.6	1,307	1,193	114	8.7
25 years and over	26,313	23,194	1.697	1,423	5.4	7,041	6,682	359	5.1
25 to 54 years	22,567	19,903	1,397	1,266	5.6	5,395	5,108	287	5.3
55 years and over	3,746	3,291	300	156	4.2	1,646	1,573	72	4.4
Biack									
Men, 16 years and over	5,713 224	4,528 106	406 21	779 97	13.6 43.4	446 188	315 100	130 88	29.3 46.7
20 years and over	5,489	4,422	385	682	12.4	257	215	42	16.5
20 to 24 years	975	625	127	222	22.8	84	68	16	18.7
25 years and over	4,514	3,797	259	459	10.2	175	147	27	15.4
25 to 54 years	3,969	3,325	225	419	10.6	115	100	15	13.0
55 years and over	545	472	34	40	7.3	60	47	12	(²)
Women, 16 years and over		3,949	473	743	14.4	879	682	196	22.4
16 to 19 years		3 863	31	75	39.2	198	121	110	39.0 17.5
20 years and over	4,974	3,863	442	668	13.4	681	562	119	17.5
20 to 24 years	809	474	109	226	28.0	142	107	35	24.4
25 years and over	4,164	3,388	334	425	10.2	540	455	86	15.9
25 to 54 years	3,715	3,020	281	413	11.1	350	282 173	69 17	19.7 8.9
55 years and over	449	368	53	12	2.7	190	1/3	''	0.8

¹ Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.

² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-10. Employment status of persons in families by family relationship

(Numbers in thousands)

				(October 19	984				
		Civilia	an labor for	ce			Not	in labor	force	
Family relationship				Unem	ployed					
	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other
Total, 16 years and over ¹	94,381	65.0	87,643	6,739	7.1	50,801	24,824	8,553	1,844	15,581
Husbands	39,617	79.1	38,095	1,522	3.8	10,467	182	177	817	9,291
With employed wife	23,546	92.1	22,787	759	3.2	2,011	65	92	291	1,563
With unemployed wife		91.8	1,219	171	12.3	124	5	2	27	91
With wife not in labor force		63.8	14,089	592	4.0	8,332	112	82	499	7,638
Wives	27,071	54.1	25,557	1,514	5.6	23,012	19.820	379	275	2,538
With employed husband		63.0	22,787	1,219	5.1	14,089	12,761	289	63	975
With unemployed husband		61.1	759	171	18.4	592	534	22	10	27
With husband not in labor force	2,135	20.4	2,011	124	5.8	8,332	6,525	68	202	1,536
Relatives in married-couple families	13,221	60.8	11,533	1,687	12.8	8,520	873	5,946	272	1,429
16 to 19 years	4,880	49.8	4,128	752	15.4	4,910	106	4,543	12	249
20 to 24 years	5,194	74.7	4,602	592	11.4	1,763	169	1,261	30	303
25 years and over	3,147	63.0	2,803	343	10.9	1,847	598	142	230	877
Women who maintain families	5,965	61.4	5,317	649	10.9	3,750	2,814	143	138	655
Relatives in families maintained by women	5,217	59.8	4,162	1,055	20.2	3,508	767	1,598	230	913
16 to 19 years	1,322	47.3	899	424	32.0	1,475	78	1,228	2	167
20 to 24 years	1,690	76.2	1,347	344	20.3	529	92	289	12	135
25 years and over	2,205	59.5	1,916	287	13.0	1,504	597	81	216	611
Men who maintain families	1,742	75.2	1,624	118	6.8	574	32	26	48	468
Relatives in families maintained by men	1,548	61.5	1,355	194	12.5	970	336	284	64	287
16 to 19 years	281	55.0	219	61	21.9	229	10	173	-	46
20 to 24 years	469	75.0	405	64	13.7	156	30	98	-	29
25 years and over	798	57.7	731	69	8.6	585	296	13	64	212

¹ Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown.

NOTE: Because of new estimation techniques introduced in January

1984, these data are not comparable with those for earlier years. Moreover, estimates for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

A-11. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		Me	en			Won	nen	
Marital status, race, and age	Thousa pers		Unempi	•	Thousa pers		Unemploymen rates	
	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984
Total, 16 years and over	5,208	4,127	8.3	6.5	4,174	3,862	8.5	7.7
Married, spouse present	2.067	1,663	5.1	4.0	1,743	1,643	6.4	5.9
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	670	449	11.3	7.5	876	800	9.1	8.3
Single (never married)	2,471	2,014	15.2	12.0	1,555	1,418	12.6	11.1
White, 16 years and over	4,007	3,088	7.2	5.5	2,987	2,801	7.1	6.5
Married, spouse present	1,713	1,390	4.7	3.8	1,457	1,365	6.0	5.5
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	500	336	10.2	6.8	601	573	7.7	7.5
Single (never married)	1,794	1,362	13.1	9.8	930	863	9.2	8.4
Black, 16 years and over	1,016	910	17.3	14.8	1,064	939	18.7	15.5
Married, spouse present	271	216	9.2	7.1	221	218	10.3	9.7
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	149	101	16.9	11.8	257	209	15.6	11.9
Single (never married)	596	592	28.9	26.0	587	512	30.9	25.1
Total, 25 years and over	3,178	2,523	6.3	4.9	2,499	2,387	6.6	6.1
Married, spouse present	1,845	1,504	4.8	3.9	1,393	1,317	5.7	5.2
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	614	423	10.9	7.4	765	713	8.4	7.8
Single (never married)	720	596	11.1	8.5	342	356	7.4	7.3
White, 25 years and over	2,502	1,937	5.6	4.3	1,831	1,781	5.6	5.3
Married, spouse present	1,511	1,250	4.4	3.6	1,156	1,094	5.4	4.9
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	453	318	9.7	6.7	516	505	7.0	7.0
Single (never married)	539	369	10.0	6.4	158	182	4.5	4.9
Black, 25 years and over	550	486	12.1	10.4	591	527	13.1	11.2
Married, spouse present	256	197	9.1	6.9	182	169	9.2	8.3
Widowed, divorced, or separated	140	94	16.4	11.3	230	194	14.5	11.4
Single (never married)	155	196	17.7	19.4	177	164	19.1	16.9

A-12. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

	Thousa pers			ı	Jnemploy	ment rate:	es	
Occupation	То	tal	To	tai	М	en	Wo	men
!	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984
Total, 16 years and over	9,383	7,989	8.4	7.0	8.3	6.5	8.5	7.7
Managerial and professional specialty	655	655	2.7	2.5	2.7	2.0	2.6	3.3
Executive, administrative, and managerial	328	317	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.1	3.2	3.7
Professional specialty	327	338	2.4	2.4	2.6	1.9	2.3	3.1
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,986	1,666	5.9	4.8	4.9	3.7	6.4	5.5
Technicians and related support	159	94	4.8	2.8	4.7	2.7	5.0	3.0
Sales occupations	794	732	6.2	5.4	4.3	3.8	8.2	7.0
Administrative support, including clerical	1,034	840	5.9	4.8	6.1	3.9	5.8	5.0
Service occupations	1,748	1,419	11.1	9.1	10.3	8.4	11.6	9.5
Private household	88	65	7.8	6.1	(')	(')	7.9	6.6
Protective service	123	100	7.0	5.4	6.6	5.1	9.6	7.5
Service, except private household and protective	1,538	1,255	11.9	9.9	11.6	9.6	12.1	10.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,133	841	8.2	5.9	7.9	5.9	10.6	6.8
Mechanics and repairers	301	188	6.7	4.1	6.6	4.2	10.0	.7
Construction trades	512	451	10,1	8.6	9.9	8.5	18.3	15.8
Other precision production, craft, and repair	321	202	7.4	4.7	6.7	4.1	9.9	6.7
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	2,390	2,040	12.6	10.6	12.6	9.9	12.5	12.4
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	1,122	972	12.2	10.7	11.9	9.1	12.6	12.9
Transportation and material moving occupations	456	431	9.5	8.4	9.5	8.1	8.5	11.5
Handlers, equipment cleaners, heipers, and laborers	812	636	16.5	12.5	17.0	13.0	14.1	10.5
Construction laborers	138	142	17.9	16.9	17.4	17.1	(')	(')
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	673	495	16.2	11.6	16.8	12.0	13.6	10.4
Farming, forestry, and fishing	370	305	9.2	7.9	8.8	7.3	11.4	11.0
No previous work experience	1,044	995	_	_	_	_	_	_
16 to 19 years	702	632	_	! -	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 years	236	237] _	J -	-	_	j -	-
25 years and over	107	127	-	i -	-	_	i -	_

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-13. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

	Thousa pers				Jnemploy	ment rates	s	
Industry	To	tal	Тс	tai	М	en	Woi	men
	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984
Total, 16 years and over	9,383	7,989	8.4	7.0	8.3	6.5	8.5	7.7
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	7,071	5,860	8.6	6.9	8.6	6.6	8.6	7.4
Mining	116	109	11.6	10.5	13.6	11.0	1.8	8.0
Construction	682	617	12.5	10.7	12.6	10.8	10.7	9.2
Manufacturing	1,958	1,543	9.0	7.0	8.6	6.0	9.8	8.8
	1,234	879	9.6	6.6	9.2	6.5	10.4	6.8
Durable goods Lumber and wood products	84	86	12.3	12.2	12.4	12.4	l.	
	61	50	12.3	8.8	8.1	10.4	11.4	11.4
Furiture and fixtures							15.6	4.5
Stone, clay, and glass products	56	51	9.2	7.8	8.7	7.7	10.9	8.0
Primary metal industries	168	135	17.1	13.4	17.0	13.8	17.9	11.2
Fabricated metal products	195	117	13.5	8.0	12.1	8.0	17.3	8.2
Machinery, except electrical	229	115	8.7	4.3	9.0	3.8	7.6	5.8
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	163	143	6.8	5.8	5.2	4.7	8.8	7.3
Transportation equipment	172	129	7.2	4.8	7.5	5.0	6.1	4.0
Automobiles	86	101	7.9	7.3	8.0	7.1	7.1	7.9
Other transportation equipment	86	28	6.7	2.2	7.0	2.8	5.4	1.3
Professional and photographic equipment	34	20	4.8	2.9	3.6	2.3	6.5	4.0
Other durable goods industries	74	35	14.3	7.4	11.6	4.3	17.1	11.1
Nondurable goods	725	664	8.3	7.5	7.5	5.1	9.3	10.7
Food and kindred products	210	167	11.7	8.9	10.9	6.2	13.3	14.7
Textile mill products	62	87	7.7	10.3	5.7	10.2	9.7	10.5
Apparel and other textile products		133	9.2	10.4	11.5	4.0	8.7	11.6
Paper and allied products		36	4.8	5.6	3.9	5.3	7.9	6.5
Printing and publishing		75	5.7	4.4	5.1	3.4	6.5	5.8
Chemicals and allied products	74	55	6.2	4.5	5.8	3.1	7.1	7.7
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	79	57	10.3	7.5	8.9	4.5	12.9	13.3
Other nondurable goods industries	54	54	9.6	10.5	8.9	6.4	9.7	16.3
Transportation and public utilities	369	296	6.5	4.9	6.5	5.4	6.4	3.6
Transportation	290	225	7.4	5.4	7.4	6.0	7.4	3.
Communications and other public utilities	79	71	3.2	2.7	2.8	2.6	3.9	2.8
Wholesale and retail trade	2,020	1,668	9.4	7.7	8.2	6.2	10.8	9.3
Wholesale trade	294	189	6.7	4.7	6.6	3.6	6.9	7.5
Retail trade	1,726	1,478	10.2	8.4	8.8	7.1	11.3	9.5
Firance, insurance, and real estate	256	204	4.2	3.3	3.0	3.2	4.9	3.4
Service industries	1.669	1.421	7.9	6.6	8.6	6.5	7.5	6.6
Professional services	653	568	5.5	4.7	5.0	4.0	5.7	5.0
Other service industries	1,016	853	11.0	9.0	11.4	8.5	10.7	9.5
Agricultural wage and salary workers	271	221	14.7	12.5	13.4	10.7	20.1	20.2
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers	996	913	3.7	3.4	3.8	3.0	3.6	3.8
No previous work experience	1,044	995	_	-	_	_	l –	_

A-14. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, and race

Reason for unemployment	To unem	tal oloyed	Me 20 ye and	ears			20 years		20 years		Both s 16 to yea	19	W	nite	Bla	ick
	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984				
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED																
Total unemployed	9,383	7,989	4,339	3,382	3,417	3,226	1,627	1,381	6,994	5,889	2,080	1,84				
lob losers	4,971	3,876	3,172	2,376	1,441	1,244	358	255	3,790	2,949	1,156	92				
On layoff	1,098	927	696	570	345	307	57	50	925	822	150	8				
Other job losers	3,873	2,949	2,476	1,806	1,096	937	301	205	2,865	2,127	1,006	839				
lob leavers	935	894	372	321	433	436	130	136	770	716	22	3:				
Reentrants	2,432	2,230	641	579	1,354	1,291	437	360	1,756	1,618	589	54				
New entrants	1,045	989	155	106	188	254	702	629	679	606	314	340				
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION					15											
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
lob losers	53.0	48.5	73.1	70.2	42.2	38.6	22.0	18.4	54.2	50.1	55.6	50.				
On layoff	11.7	11.6	16.0	16.8	10.1	9.5	3.5	3.6	13.2	14.0	7.2	4.				
Other job losers	41.3	36.9	57.1	53.4	32.1	29.1	18.5	14.8	41.0	36.1	48.4	45.				
lob leavers	10.0	11.2	8.6	9.5	12.7	13.5	8.0	9.9	11.0	12.2	1.1	1.				
Reentrants	25.9	27.9	14.8	17.1	39.6	40.0	26.8	26.1	25.1	27.5	28.3	29.				
New entrants	11.1	12.4	3.6	3.1	5.5	7.9	43.1	45.5	9.7	10.3	15.1	18.				
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE																
lob losers	4.5	3.4	5.4	3.9	3.2	2.7	4.7	3.4	3.8	3.0	10.0	7.				
lob leavers	.8	.8	.6	.5	1.0	.9	1.7	1.8	.8	.7	.2					
Reentrants	2.2	2.0	1.1	1.0	3.0	2.8	5.7	4.8	1.8	1.6	5.1	4.				
New entrants	.9	.9	.3	.2	.4	-5	9.2	8.4	.7	.6	2.7	2				

A-15. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

				October 1984			
	Total une	employed		Durati	on of unemplo	yment	
Reason, sex, and age					1	5 weeks and o	/er
	Thousands of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks
Total, 16 years and over	7,989	100.0	42.8	28.6	28.6	12.1	16.5
lob losers	3,876	100.0	37.4	27.7	35.0	13.0	22.0
On layoff	927	100.0	56.6	22.4	21.0	8.8	12.3
Other job losers	2.949	100.0	31.3	29.3	39.4	14.3	25.1
ob leavers	894	100.0	47.1	32.3	20.6	9.6	10.9
Reentrants	2.230	100.0	48.6	29.6	21.8	10.3	11.5
New entrants	989	100.0	47.2	26.9	25.8	14.5	11.3
	0.000	100.0	20.0		05.0		
Men, 20 years and over	3,382	100.0	36.6	27.5	35.9	12.7	23.3
ob losers	2,376	100.0	35.0	25.6	39.5	13.2	26.3
On layoff	570	100.0	55.7	20.3	24.0	8.5	15.5
Other job losers	1,806	100.0	28.4	27.2	44.3	14.6	29.7
ob leavers	321	100.0	38.6	37.2	24.3	11.6	12.7
Reentrants	579	100.0	41.1	30.3	28.5	11.0	17.6
New entrants	106	100.0	41.5	25.6	32.9	13.5	19.4
Women, 20 years and over	3,226	100.0	45.7	28.7	25.6	11.6	14.0
lob losers	1,244	100.0	38.4	29.6	32.0	14.1	18.0
On layoff	307	100.0	55.5	25.6	18.9	107	8.2
Other job losers	937	100.0	32.8	30.9	36.3	15.2	21.1
lob leavers	436	100.0	46.3	33.0	20.7	9.7	11.1
Reentrants	1,291	100.0	51.4	27.1	21.5	10.5	11.0
New entrants	254	100.0	51.8	25.2	23.0	8.4	14.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,381	100.0	51.4	31.2	17.4	11.6	5.9
Job losers	25 5	100.0	54.5	37.7	7.8	5.5	2.3
On layoff	50	100.0	()	(¹)	(¹)	(')	(')
Other job losers	205	100.0	49.6	40.5	9.9	7.0	2.9
lob leavers	136	100.0	70.1	18.7	11.2	5.0	6.2
Reentrants	360	100.0	50.9	37.2	12.0	8.6	3.4
New entrants	629	100.0	46.4	27.9	25.8	17.2	8.6

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-16. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

		Tot	al		_	Full-time	workers	
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent di	stribution	Thousands	of persons	Percent distribution	
	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984
Total, 16 years and over	9,383	7,989	100.0	100.0	7,685	6,429	100.0	100.0
_ess than 5 weeks	3,477	3,421	37.1	42.8	2,525	2,545	32.9	39.6
5 to 14 weeks	2,600	2,286	27.7	28.6	2,080	1,847	27.1	28.7
5 to 10 weeks	1,931	1,736	20.6	21.7	1,510	1,375	19.6	21.4
11 to 14 weeks	669	551	7.1	6.9	570	472	7.4	7.3
5 weeks and over	3,306	2,282	35.2	28.6	3,080	2,036	40.1	31.7
15 to 26 weeks	1,200	963	12.8	12.1	1,077	816	14.0	12.7
27 weeks and over	2,106	1,319	22.4	16.5	2,004	1,221	26.1	19.0
27 to 51 weeks	712	462	7.6	5.8	683	428	8.9	6.7
52 weeks and over	1,393	857	14.8	10.7	1,321	793	17.2	12.3
verage (mean) duration, in weeks	19.8	16.3	-	-	22.2	18.1	-	-
Median duration, in weeks	8.5	6.5	- !	_	10.2	7.5	-	_

A-17. Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		We	eks	Pe		unemploy roup	yed
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	15 w	ployed reeks over
			(October 19	984			Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984
Total, 16 years and over	7,989	3,421	2,286	963	1,319	16.3	6.5	37.1	42.8	35.2	28.6
16 to 19 years	1,381	710	431	160	81	9.3	4.9	48.3	51.4	17.6	17.4
20 to 24 years	1,698	776	519	170	232	14.3	5.8	41.4	45.7	30.7	23.7
25 to 34 years	2,164	941	615	241	367	16.8	6.8	35.0	43.5	38.5	28.1
35 to 44 years	1.304	533	369	147	256	18.0	7.6	30.1	40.9	42.9	30.9
15 to 54 years	789	257	204	128	201	21.9	10.2	29.1	32.5	46.8	41.7
55 to 64 years	546	162	132	102	150	25.2	12.0	30.6	29.7	48.9	46.2
65 years and over	106	43	17	14	33	23.9	10.0	25.1	40.1	35.6	43.8
Men, 16 years and over	4,127	1,595	1,185	513	835	19.5	7.6	32.6	38.6	40.4	32.7
16 to 19 years	745	358	255	85	47	9.5	5.3	47.0	48.0	18.4	17.7
20 to 24 years	859	370	266	90	133	16.2	6.4	37.1	43.1	34.2	26.0
	1,099	427	297	131	245	21.2	8.6	29.7	38.8	46.1	34.1
25 to 34 years											
35 to 44 years	654	237	181	74	162	22.3	9.0	24.9	36.3	48.6	36.0
15 to 54 years	401	117	100	63	120	25.5	12.1	23.8	29.2	52.5	45.8
55 to 64 years	313	67	78	64	103	30.6	17.0	26.4	21.4	54.6	53.5
65 years and over	56	19	7	5	25	(1)	(')	(¹)	(')	(')	(')
Women, 16 years and over	3,862	1,826	1,102	449	485	13.0	5.6	42.6	47.3	28.7	24.2
16 to 19 years	636	352	176	75	34	8.9	4.5	49.8	55.3	16.7	17.1
20 to 24 years	838	406	253	80	99	12.4	5.3	46.8	48.4	26.1	21.4
25 to 34 years	1,065	514	318	111	123	12.3	5.4	41.4	48.2	29.4	21.9
35 to 44 years	650	296	187	72	94	13.7	6.2	36.8	45.5	35.7	25.7
45 to 54 years	388	140	104	65	80	18.2	8.9	36.0	36.0	39.4	37.3
55 to 64 years	234	95	53	38	47	17.9	7.0	37.6	40.8	39.5	36.4
65 years and over	50	24	10	8	8	O	(')	(')	(')	(¹)	(')
White, 16 years and over	5.889	2.635	1,633	724	898	15.5	6.2	38.4	44.7	34.4	27.5
Men	3,088	1,223	875	401	589	18.7	7.4	33.3	39.6	39.9	32.1
Vomen	2,801	1,412	758	323	308	12.0	5.0	45.2	50.4	27.1	22.5
Black, 16 years and over	1.849	670	573	208	398	19.6	6.9	31.3	36.2	39.3	32.8
Men	910	319	267	93	231	23.2	7.7	28.5	35.0	44.9	35.6
Women	939	352	306	115	167	16.2	6.4	33.9	37.4	34.1	30.0
Mon. 16 years and over:							1				
Men, 16 years and over:	1,663	591	446	223	404	22.2	9.0	28.2	35.5	49.3	37.7
Married, spouse present	449	143	115	63		25.2					
Widowed, divorced, or separatedSingle (never married)	2,014	861	623	228	128 303	16.0	11.4 6.4	28.6 37.5	31.9 42.7	46.5 31.4	42.4 26.4
Woman 16 years and over											
Women, 16 years and over:	1 640	787	464	199	193	12.4	5.5	40.0	47.0	20.1	200
Married, spouse present	1,643							43.9	47.9	30.1	23.9
Widowed, divorced, or separated	800	366	205	88	142	16.0	6.3	36.1	45.7	34.5	28.7
Single (never married)	1,418	674	432	163	150	12.0	5.4	44.7	47.5	24.0	22.0

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-18. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	persons		We	eks	Percent of unemployed in group			
Occupation and industry	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	15 w	ployed eeks over
			(October 1	984			Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984
OCCUPATION											
Managerial and professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative support Service occupations Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers Farming, forestry, and fishing	655 1,666 1,419 841 2,040 305	229 720 649 344 801 158	226 526 424 231 517 91	90 170 157 99 278 18	110 249 188 167 443 38	16.3 14.5 14.0 18.9 20.5 12.7	8.3 6.3 5.9 7.3 7.9 4.8	28.5 39.5 41.0 32.3 33.8 42.7	35.0 43.2 45.7 40.9 39.3 51.6	42.5 31.1 29.8 41.4 43.3 24.3	30.5 25.2 24.4 31.7 35.4 18.6
Agriculture	1,550 882 667 355 1,674 1,988	118 257 642 334 308 123 746 814	75 203 370 197 173 101 475 645	7 64 193 118 76 46 193 257	21 139 344 234 110 86 259 272	9.7 18.4 20.9 24.6 15.9 22.5 15.1 14.5	4.7 6.8 7.5 9.2 5.9 8.9 6.3 6.8	40.0 37.1 29.3 25.3 36.1 30.4 42.6 38.5	53.3 38.8 41.5 37.9 46.2 34.6 44.6 40.9	25.0 32.3 49.0 55.8 37.4 44.8 30.8 32.5	12.7 30.6 34.7 39.8 27.9 37.1 27.0 26.7
Public administration	267 995	127 473	73 266	144	111	15.0 13.4	5.7 5.5	30.8 42.2	47.7 47.5	25.2 26.6	25.1 25.7

¹ Includes wage and salary workers only.

A-19. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, age, race, and jobsearch methods used

					October 198	4			
	Thousands	of persons		Methods us	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers		
Sex, age, and race	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number o methods used
Total, 16 years and over	7,989	6,942	23.1	6.0	75.1	36.1	18.4	5.3	1.64
6 to 19 years	1,381	1,309	13.4	3.7	81.7	25.5	15.8	4.4	1.45
0 to 24 years		1,525	25.4	6.3	76.9	37.2	16.5	4.7	1.67
5 to 34 years		1,830	23.1	6.5	72.7	40.2	19.8	5.4	1.68
5 to 44 years	1,304	1,086	31.3	6.8	74.8	38.6	19.3	4.7	1.76
5 to 54 years	789	651	25.8	5.8	72.2	39.2	20.0	6.0	1.69
5 to 64 years	546	448	22.1	8.0	67.2	37.3	21.2	9.2	1.65
5 years and over		93	14.0	1.1	61.3	25.8	19.4	6.5	1.28
Men, 16 years and over	4,127	3,465	25.9	6.5	76.5	34.0	20.8	6.4	1.70
6 to 19 years	745	698	14.5	3.9	82.8	23.6	17.6	4.7	1.47
0 to 24 years	859	768	26.4	6.4	77.1	36.3	20.2	4.4	1.71
5 to 34 years	1,099	873	24.6	7.3	75.3	37.5	21.8	7.4	1.74
5 to 44 years		504	39.3	8.1	77.2	37.9	23.6	5.4	1,91
5 to 54 years	401	311	36.0	7.7	68.8	40.2	23.2	9.6	1.86
5 to 64 years	313	262	21.4	6.9	72.1	31.3	22.5	11.1	1.65
5 years and over	56	49	(')	(')	(')	O	(')	(')	(¹)
Women, 16 years and over	3,862	3,477	20.3	5.5	73.7	38.1	15.9	4.1	1.58
6 to 19 years	636	611	11.9	3.6	80.4	27.7	13.7	4,1	1.41
0 to 24 years	638	757	24.3	6.2	76.8	38.2	12.8	4.9	1.63
5 to 34 years	1,065	957	21.6	5.6	70.3	42.7	18.1	3.6	1.62
5 to 44 years	650	582	24.4	5.7	72.7	39.2	15.6	4.3	1.62
5 to 54 years	388	340	16.8	4.1	75.3	38.5	17.1	2.6	1.54
5 to 64 years	234	186	22.6	9.7	60.8	45.7	19.9	5.9	1.65
5 years and over	50	44	(')	(')	(¹)	(¹)	(')	(')	(')
White, 16 years and over	5,889	4,965	22.9	6.0	75.2	38.5	17.7	5.6	1.66
fen	3,088	2,502	25.7	6.2	77.7	35.7	20.5	7.2	1.73
Vomen	2,801	2,463	20.1	5.7	72.6	41.4	14.9	4.1	1.59
Black, 16 years and over	1,849	1,750	23.9	5.8	74.7	30.0	20.3	4.2	1.59
fen	910	853	27.4	6.6	72.5	29.3	21.9	4.0	1.62
Vomen	939	896	20.6	5.1	76.8	30.7	18.9	4.5	1.57

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

30 days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

A-20. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, reason for unemployment, and jobsearch methods used

					October 198	4					
	Thousands	of persons		Methods used as a percent of total jobseekers							
Sex and reason	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used		
Total, 16 years and over	7,989	6,942	23.1	6.0	75.1	36.1	18.4	5.3	1.64		
Job losers1	3,876	2,985	30.9	6.8	76.6	37.3	21.1	4.8	1.78		
Job leavers	894	889	22.0	6.4	74.5	43.0	18.4	4.5	1.69		
Reentrants	2,230	2,086	16.3	5.0	71.7	34.1	14.5	7.3	1.49		
New entrants	989	982	14.7	5.1	78.1	30.0	18.1	3.1	1.49		
Men, 16 years and over	4,127	3,465	25.9	6.5	76.5	34.0	20.8	6.4	1.70		
Job losers1		1,950	32.5	6.9	77.1	34.2	21.9	5.8	1.78		
Job leavers	377	376	22.9	7.4	75.8	38.8	23.4	6.6	1.75		
Reentrants	783	714	15.5	4.9	72.5	33.8	15.7	10.2	1.53		
New entrants	429	425	15.3	6.4	81.2	28.9	22.1	2.8	1.57		
Women, 16 years and over	3,862	3,477	20.3	5.5	73.7	38.1	15.9	4.1	1.58		
Job losers ¹		1,035	27.9	6.5	75.9	43.2	19.6	2.8	1.76		
Job leavers		513	21.2	5.7	73.5	46.0	15.0	2.9	1.64		
Reentrants		1,372	16.8	5.1	71.2	34.3	13.8	5.8	1.47		
New entrants	560	557	14.2	4.1	75.8	31.1	15.1	3.2	1.43		

¹ Data on the number of jobseekers and the jobsearch methods used

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

exclude persons on layoff.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

³⁰ days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

A-21. Employed civilians in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age and sex

(In thousands)

	To	otal	Me	en	Women		
Industry and age	Oct.	Oct.	Oct.	Oct.	Oct.	Oct.	
	1983	1984	1983	1984	1983	1984	
All industries	102,659	106,262	57,693	59,716	44,966	46,546	
6 to 19 years	5,991	6,093	3,113	3,106	2,878	2,987	
16 to 17 years	2,128	2,282	1,087	1,153	1,042	1,129	
18 to 19 years	3,863	3,811	2,027	1,953	1,836	1.858	
20 to 24 years	13,858	14,280	7,299	7,588	6,559	6,692	
25 to 54 years	68,248	71,546	38,675	40,558	29,572	30,988	
25 to 34 years	29,508	31,119	16,651	17,626	12.857	13,494	
35 to 44 years	22,661	24,136	12,795	13,567	9,866	10,569	
45 to 54 years	16,079	16,291	9,229	9.365	6.849	6,926	
55 to 84 years	11,486	11,367	6,766	6,704	4,719	4,663	
	6,955	6.860	4,124	4.061	2.832	2,799	
55 to 59 years	4,530	4,507	2,643		_,	_, _	
60 to 64 years				2,643	1,887	1,864	
35 years and over	3,076	2,975	1,840	1,760	1,237	1,21	
Agriculture	3,407	3,268	2,726	2,640	681	628	
6 to 19 years	261	238	216	196	45	42	
16 to 17 years	119	108	101	81	18	27	
18 to 19 years	142	130	115	116	27	14	
20 to 24 years	470	415	399	357	71	59	
25 to 54 years	1,814	1.831	1,416	1,443	398	388	
25 to 34 years	757	738	607	626	149	112	
35 to 44 years	583	566	454	418	129	147	
45 to 54 years	474	527	354	398	119	129	
55 to 64 years	550	504	422	404	128	99	
55 to 59 years	302	271	226	210	76	61	
60 to 64 years	248	232	196	194	51	38	
65 years and over	313	280	274	240	39	40	
None with the line direction	00.050	102.004	E4 067	E7 077	44 005	45.040	
Nonagricultural industries	99,252	102,994	54,967	57,077	44,285 2.833	45,918 2.945	
16 to 19 years	5,730	5,855	2,898	2,909	•	-,-	
16 to 17 years	2,009	2,173	986	1,072	1,023	1,10	
18 to 19 years	3,721	3,681	1,912	1,837	1,809	1,844	
20 to 24 years	13,388	13,865	6,900	7,232	6,488	6,63	
25 to 54 years	66,434	69,715	37,260	39,115	29,174	30,600	
25 to 34 years	28,752	30,381	16,044	17,000	12,708	13,38	
35 to 44 years	22,078	23,570	12,341	13,149	9,737	10,42	
45 to 54 years	15,605	15,764	8,875	8,968	6,730	6,797	
55 to 64 years	10,936	10,864	8,344	6,299	4,592	4,564	
55 to 59 years	6,653	6,589	3,897	3,851	2,756	2,738	
60 to 64 years	4,282	4,275	2,447	2,449	1,836	1,820	
35 years and over	2,764	2,695	1,566	1,520	1,198	1,17	

A-22. Employed civilians by occupation, sex, and age

(In thousands)

	То	tal		М	en		Women			
Occupation		ears over	16 y and		20 y and			ears over		ears over
	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984
Total	102,659	106,262	57,693	59,716	54,580	56,610	44,966	46,546	42,088	43,559
Managerial and professional specialty	23,863	25,219	13,986	14,719	13,909	14,633	9,877	10,500	9,787	10,410
Executive, administrative, and managerial	10,841		7,263	7,645	7,239	7,619	3,579	4,012	3,554	3,977
Officials and administrators, public administration Other executive, administrative, and managerial	526 7,395		348 5,231	326 5,540	348 5,211	326 5,519	178 2,164	167 2,407	178	167 2,382
Management-related occupations			1,683	1,779	1,679	1,774	1,237	1,438	2,146 1,230	
Professional specialty	13,022	1 '	6,724	7,074	6,671	7,014	6,298	6,488	6,233	
Engineers	1,595		1,505	1,500	1,506	1,498	90	111	90	1
Mathematical and computer scientists	ı		330 260	325 298	324 261	324 298	101 57	148 75	101 57	148 76
Natural scientists Health diagnosing occupations	f .	1 :	600	705	600	705	90	80	88	
Health assessment and treating occupations			254	247	254	247	1,646	1,667	1,646	1
Teachers, college and university			439	456	436	454	278	240	1	
Teachers, except college and university	3,473 641	1 ' '	1,027 530	1,058 544	1,018 527	1,041	2,446	2,532	2,405	
Lawyers and judges Other professional specialty occupations	1	678 3,441	1,778	1,941	1,745	544 1,902	112 1,479	134 1,499	112 1,461	134 1,477
Technical, sales, and administrative support		, ,	11,338	11,524	10,793	11,009	20,462	21,200	19,013	
Technicians and related support		3,214	1,636	1,670	1,622	1,643	1,478	1,544	1,455	
Health technologists and technicians Engineering and science technicians			166 857	207 848	164 848	203 833	937 185	963 214	925 179	957 203
Technicians, except health, engineering, and science			613	616	610	606	355	368	350	
Sales occupations		12,747	6,356	6,501	5,987	6,171	5,728	6,246	4,947	5,380
Supervisors and proprietors	3,129		2,217	2,289	2,196	2,277	912	1,015	896	
Sales representatives, finance and business services	1,875 1,397	1 '	1,175 1,187	1,211 1,248	1,167 1,173	1,200 1,232	700 210	767 256	688 205	
Sales workers, retail and personal services	5,641		1,755	1,742	1,433	1,450	3,885	4,172	3,141	3,353
Sales-related occupations			21	12	18	12	21	35	18	
Administrative support, including clerical	16,602		3,346	3,353	3,184	3,195	13,256	13,410	12,611	12,800
Supervisors Computer equipment operators	730 621	653 672	322 230	312 194	322 225	313 194	409 391	341 478	408 374	341 461
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	4.898		230 81	148	74	143	4,817	4,677	4,599	
Financial records processing	2,397		246	212	239	208	2,152	2,240		2,190
Mail and message distributing Other administrative support, including clerical	836 7,120		551 1,916	578 1,908	535 1,788	547 1,790	285 5,203	223 5,451	273 4,862	217 5,142
Service occupations		14,214	5,498	5,600	4,615	4,780	8,535	8,614	7,493	7,534
Private household		991	57	39	36	31	974	952	783	781
Protective service			1,416 4,025	1,516 4,046	1,392 3,187	1,478 3,270	208 7,353	228 7,433	196 6,514	208 6,546
Food service	4,963		1,845	1,853	1,224	1,266	3,118	3,115	2,524	2,487
Health service	1,752	1,690	172	145	161	141	1,580	1,545	1,469	1,436
Cleaning and building service Personal service	2,706 1,958		1,630 378	1,707 340	1,460 342	1,550 314	1,076 1,580	1,104 1,668	1,009 1,512	1,051 1,572
Precision production, craft, and repair			11,675	12,166	11,343		1,069	1,139	1,026	1,109
Mechanics and repairers	4,196	i ' !	4,081 4,474	4,276 4,689	3,973	4,154	116	147 95	112 80	144 92
Other precision production, craft, and repair	4,554 3,994		3,121	3,201	4,324 3,046	4,518 3,107	81 873	897	834	873
Operators, fabricators, and laborers			12,118	12,696	11,121	11,668	4,437	4,556	4,227	4,315
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	8,072	8,121 6,809	4,673 3,826	4,815 3,987	4,493 3,696	4,595	3,399	3,306	3,307	3,169
Manufacturing industries Durable goods	6,736 3,649		2,492	2,647	2,413	3,844 2,558	2,910 1,157	2,822 1,186	2,836 1,131	2,719 1,135
Nondurable goods	3,087	2,977	1,334	1,341	1,283	1,286	1,754	1,636	1,705	1,584
Nonmanufacturing industries	1,337	1,311	847	827	798	751	489	484	470	450
Transportation and material moving occupations	4,368 3,090	4,680 3,354	4,035 2,815	4,265 3,004	3,926 2,740	4,133 2,892	333 275	415 350	314 262	402 336
Other transportation and material moving occupations	1,278	1,326	1,220	1,261	1,185	1,241	58	65	262 52	65
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,115	4,452	3,410	3,617	2,703	2,940	705	835	606	744
Construction laborers Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	634 3,481	696 3,756	630 2,781	670 2,946	554 2,148	624 2,316	5 700	26 809	5 601	25 719
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,661	3,548	3,077	3,011	2,798	2,741	584	536	542	486
Farm operators and managers	1,464	1,421	1,262	1,247	1,247	1,228	203	174	202	172
		2,127	1,815	1,764	1,551	1,514	382	363	339	313

A-23. Employed civilians by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	То	tal	Me	en	Won	nen
Occupation and race	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984
TOTAL		<i>"</i>				
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	102,659 100.0	106,262 100.0	57,693 100.0	59,716 100.0	44,966 100.0	46,546 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	23.2 10.6	23.7 11.0	24.2 12.6	24.6 12.8	22.0 8.0	22.6 8.6
Executive, administrative, and managerial	12.7	12.8	11.7	11.8	14.0	13.9
echnical, sales, and administrative support	31.0	30.8	19.7	19.3	45.5	45.
Technicians and related support	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.8	3.3	3.
Sales occupations	11.8	12.0	11.0	10.9	12.7	13.4
Administrative support, including clerical	16.2	15.8	5.8	5.6	29.5	28.
Service occupations	13.7	13.4	9.5	9.4	19.0	18.
Private household	1.0	.9	.1	.1	2.2	2.0
Protective service	1.6	1.6	2.5	2.5	.5	
Service, except private household and protective	11.1	10.8	7.0	6.8	16.4	16.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	12.4 16.1	12.5 16.2	20.2 21.0	20.4 21.3	2.4 9.9	2.4
Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7.9	7.6	8.1	21.3 8.1	9.9 7.6	9.8 7.1
Transportation and material moving occupations	4.3	4.4	7.0	7.1	.7.6	,, ,
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.0	4.2	5.9	6.1	1.6	1.8
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3.6	3.3	5.3	5.0	1.3	1.3
White						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	90,532 100.0	92,925 100.0	51,368 100.0	52,827 100.0	39,164 100.0	40,098 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	24.3	24.7	25.5	25.8	22.7	23.
Executive, administrative, and managenal	11.2	11.6	13.3	13.5	8.3	9.
Professional specialty	13.1	13.1	12.1	12.3	14.4	14.
Technical, sales, and administrative support	31.7	31.4	20.1	19.7	46.9	46.
Technicians and related support	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.8	3.2	3.
Sales occupations	12.4	12.6	11.7	11.6	13.4	14.
Administrative support, including clerical	16.3	15.7	5.6	5.3	30.3	29. 17.
Service occupations	12.3 .8	12.1	8.5 .1	8.3 (')	17.4 1.7	17.
Protective service	1.5	1.6	2.3	2.4	.4	
Service, except private household and protective	10.1	9.8	6.1	5.8	15.3	15.
Precision production, craft, and repair	12.8	12.9	20.7	20.8	2.3	2.
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	15.2	15.5	19.8	20.3	9.2	9.
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7.3	7.2	7.7	7.7	7.0	6.
Transportation and material moving occupations	4.1	4.3	6.6	6.9	.8	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3.7	4.0	5.5	5.7	1.5	1.
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3.7	3.5	5.4	5.1	1.4	1.
Black						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	9,502 100.0	10,353 100.0	4,871 100.0	5,249 100.0	4,631 100.0	5,104 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	13.1	14.1	10.9	12.8	15.5	15.
Executive, administrative, and managenal	5.1	5.6	5.4	6.4	4.8	4.
Professional specialty	8.0	8.6	5.5	6.5	10.7	10.
Technical, sales, and administrative support	25.0	26.0	14.8	14.7	35.8	37.
Technicians and related support	3.0 5.0	2.6 6.5	1.9	2.0	4.1	3.2
Sales occupations Administrative support, including clerical	5.9 16.1	16.9	4.5 8.3	4.3 8.4	7.4 24.4	8. 25.
Service occupations	25.1	24.3	18.6	18.9	32.0	29.1 29.1
Private household	3.3	2.9	.3	.2	6.5	5.0
Protective service	2.7	2.4	4.2	3.9	1.0	٠.
Service, except private household and protective	19.2	19.0	14.1	14.7	24.5	23.
Precision production, craft, and repair	9.4	9.9	16.2	16.8	2.1	2.
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	24.9	23.2	34.9	32.2	14.4	13.
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	12.1	11.1	12.6	11.3	11.5	11.5
Transportation and material moving occupations	6.2	6.0	11.4	10.9	.7	1.
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.7	6.0	10.9	10.1	2.2	1.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2.4	2.5	4.6	4.5	.2	

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

A-24. Employed civilians by age, sex, and class of worker

(In thousands)

				(October 1984				
			Nonagricultura	I industries	3			Agriculture	
Age and sex		Wage and s	alary workers		Self	Llamaid	W	C-16	Llanai
	Total	Private household workers	Government	Other	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers	Wage and salary workers	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family worker
Total, 16 years and over	94,818	1,227	16,142	77,449	7,853	324	1,545	1,529	193
6 to 19 years	5,735	235	300	5,200	96	23	184	29	25
16 to 17 years	2,133	171	82	1,880	30	10	76	16	16
18 to 19 years	3,602	64	217	3,320	66	13	108	13	9
0 to 24 years	13,476	122	1,306	12,047	376	13	302	103	10
5 to 34 years	28,358	183	4,474	23,701	1,949	74	436	274	28
5 to 44 years	21,431	211	4,498	16,723	2,043	96	259	274	33
5 to 54 years	14,143	165	3,052	10,926	1,560	61	173	311	44
5 to 64 years	9,607	175	2,114	7,318	1,213	44	123	346	34
55 to 59 years	5,848	91	1,347	4,410	711	30	73	170	28
60 to 64 years	3,759	84	767	2,908	502	14	51	176	6
5 years and over	2,067	135	398	1,534	616	12	68	193	19
Men, 16 years and over	51,877	175	8,013	43,689	5,157	43	1,271	1,321	47
6 to 19 years	2,826	57	117	2,652	68	16	146	28	23
16 to 17 years	1,042	41	20	981	22	8	50	15	15
18 to 19 years	1,783	16	97	1,671	46	8	95	13	١
0 to 24 years	6,998	30	637	6,331	227	7	261	85	11
5 to 34 years	15,746	25	2,171	13,550	1,250	4	372	249	5
5 to 44 years	11,820	27	2,228	9,564	1,328	2	205	213	-
5 to 54 years	7,934	13	1,589	6,332	1,028	6	130	267	-
5 to 64 years	5,465	11	1,068	4,386	829	5	94	308	3
55 to 59 years	3,374	6	701	2,668	475	2	54	153	3
60 to 64 years	2,091	5	367	1,718	354	4	40	155	_
55 years and over	1,089	12	204	873	428	3	64	170	6
Women, 16 years and over	42,941	1,051	8,129	33,761	2,696	281	274	208	146
6 to 19 years	2,909	178	182	2,549	29	7	39	1	2
16 to 17 years	1,091	130	62	899	8	2	26	1	1
18 to 19 years	1,818	48	120	1,650	20	5	13	-	1
0 to 24 years	6,478	93	669	5,716	149	7	42	17	-
5 to 34 years	12,612	158	2,303	10,151	698	71	64	25	24
5 to 44 years	9,612	183	2,270	7,158	716	94	54	60	33
5 to 54 years	6,209	152	1,463	4,594	533	55	42	43	44
5 to 64 years	4,142	164	1,046	2,932	384	39	29	38	32
55 to 59 years	2,474	85	647	1,742	236	28	18	17	26
60 to 64 years	1,668	79	399	1,190	147	11	11	21	6
5 years and over	978	123	194	661	188	10	4	23	13

A-25. Employed civilians by industry and occupation

(In thousands)

							October	1984					
	profes		professional adminis			I, sales, and nistrative occupa			Preci-				
	Total em- ployed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- gerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service ¹	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing
Agriculture	3,268	34	52	14	13	103	-	15	42	12	48	10	2,925
Mining	955	169	116	41	6	121	l -	10	287	31	147	28	-
Construction	6,962	745	134	43	54	436	-	23	4,062	119	534	800	13
Manufacturing	21,149	2,216	1,586	739	733	2,514	-	403	4,007	6,809	929	1,112	101
Durable goods	12,809	1,381	1,119	555	288	1,415	ļ -	227	2,814	3,833	529	557	92
Nondurable goods	8,339	835	468	184	445	1,099	-	175	1,193	2,977	400	555	9
Transportation and public]]		ļ	Ì	1	1		Į	1	ĺ	i
utilities	7,528		436	217	249	1,990	-	238	1,335	106	1,705	450	14
Wholesale and retail trade	22,169	1,745	382	116	9,375	2,192	i -	4,082	1,445	273	847	1,675	37
Wholesale trade	4,190	386	73	38	1,726	766	i -	70	261	124	446	287	14
Retail trade	17,979	1,359	308	78	7,649	1,427	-	4,013	1,184	149	401	1,388	23
Finance, insurance, and	ĺ		Ì		1	ì							
real estate	6,749	1,611	148	120	1,625		j -	278	101	7	17	20	48
Services	32,630	3,316	10,042	1,700	672		991	6,956	1.782	741	409	308	370
Private households	1,235	-	8	6	¦ -	5	991	77	8	3	5	j 27	104
Other service industries		3,316	10,033	1,694	672		-	6,878	1,774	738	403	281	266
Professional services	21,491	1,911	9,067	1,408	129		ļ -	4,005	377	199	236	68	77
Public administration	4,852	1,033	669	225	21	1,287	-	1,219	246	21	44	47	41

¹ Includes protective service, not shown separately.

A-26. Employed civilians with a job but not at work by reason, sex, and pay status

(In thousands)

	A indus		Nonagricultural industries								
Reason not working and sex			To	tal	Wage and salary workers ¹						
neason not working and sex	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct.	0-4	Paid ab	sences	Unpaid a	bsences			
		1004	1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984	Oct. 1983	Oct. 1984			
Total, 16 years and over	4,370 2,123 1,223	4,769 2,205 1,443	4,241 2,081 1,190	4,638 2,179 1,400	2,206 1,571 420	2,396 1,607 507	1,531 346	1,704 362			
Bad weatherIndustrial dispute	54 69	97 42	37 69	56 42	(²) (²)	(²) (²)	638 (²) (²)	777 (²) (°)			
All other reasons	901	983	865	961	215	282	`547	` 56 5			
Men, 16 years and over	2,373 1,224	2,514 1,296	2,272 1,192	2,403 1,283	1,314 979	1,402 1,040	678 134	728 133			
Illness	683 466	711 507	659 421	671 448	255 81	264 98	333 211	366 229			
Women, 16 years and over	1,997	2,254	1,969	2,235	892	994	854	976			
VacationIllness	899 540	909 731	889 530	896 728	592 166	568 244	212 305	229 411			
All other reasons ³	558	614	551	611	134	183	336	335			

Excludes private household workers.
 Pay status not available separately for bad weather and industrial dispute; these categories are included in all other reasons.

³ Includes bad weather and industrial dispute, not shown separately. NOTE: Estimates for "all other reasons" by pay status may be biased because of high response variance; data should be used with caution.

A-27. Persons at work by hours of work and type of industry

			Octobe	er 1984		
Hours of work	•	Thousands of p	ersons		Percent distrib	ution
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultura industries
Total, 16 years and over	101,493	3,136	98,357	100.0	100.0	100.0
to 34 hours	27,234	881	26,353	26.8	28.1	26.8
1 to 4 hours	878	37	841	.9	1.2	.9
5 to 14 hours	4,397	208	4,189	4.3	6.6	4.3
15 to 29 hours	12,566	428	12,138	12.4	13.6	12.3
30 to 34 hours	9,393	208	9,185	9.3	6.6	9.3
5 hours and over	74,259	2,256	72,004	73.2	71.9	73.2
35 to 39 hours	6,508	135	6,373	6.4	4.3	6.5
40 hours	39,872	600	39,271	39.3	19.1	39.9
41 hours and over	27,879	1,521	26,360	27.5	48.5	26.8
41 to 48 hours	10,314	272	10,043	10.2	8.7	10.2
49 to 59 hours	9,924	412	9,513	9.8	13.1	9.7
60 hours and over	7,641	837	6,804	7.5	26.7	6.9
verage hours, total at work	38.7	44.5	38.5	_	_	_
Average hours, workers on full-time schedules	43.2	51.5	42.9	_		_

A-28. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by reason for working less than 35 hours, type of industry, and usual status

			Octobe	r 1984			
		All industries	·	Nonagricultural industries			
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	
Total, 16 years and over	27,234	9,450	17,784	26,353	9,140	17,213	
Economic reasons	5,415	1,601	3,814	5,211	1,508	3,703	
Slack work	2,482	1,285	1,197	2,331	1,203	1,128	
Material shortages or repairs to plant and equipment	57	57	-	53	53	-	
New job started during week	174	174	-	171	171	_	
Job terminated during week	85	85	-	81	81	-	
Could find only part-time work	2,618	-	2,618	2,575	-	2,575	
Other reasons	21,819	7,849	13,970	21,143	7,633	13,510	
Does not want, or unavailable for, full-time work	11,712	-	11,712	11,350	-	11,350	
Vacation	1,113	1,113	-	1,098	1,098	-	
Illness	1,532	1,360	172	1,502	1,343	159	
Bad weather	430	430	-	303	303	-	
Industrial dispute	15	15	-	15	15	-	
Legal or religious holiday	3,598	3,598	_	3,589	3,589	-	
Full time for this job	1,549	-	1,549	1,524	-	1,524	
All other reasons	1,871	1,334	537	1,762	1,285	477	
verage hours:							
Economic reasons	21.8	24.1	20.8	21.8	24.2	20.8	
Other reasons	22.2	28.1	18.9	22.3	28.3	18.9	
Norked 30 to 34 hours:							
Economic reasons	1,691	708	983	1,639	677	962	
Other reasons	7,702	5,292	2,410	7,546	5,204	2,342	

A-29. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and full- or part-time status

				(October 19	84			
Indicator	Total	On part	0-		On full-time	e schedule	es	Average	Average
Industry	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
Total, 16 years and over	98,357	5,211	13,510	79,636	53,276	10,043	16,317	38.5	42.9
Wage and salary workers	90,668	4,625	12,049	73,994	50,673	9,470	13,851	38.4	42.5
Mining	872	26	7	839	201	127	249	45.2	46.1
Construction	5,426	351	223	4,852	3,359	579	914	39.6	42.0
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	19,814 12,037 7,777	620 220 401	605 275 329	18,589 11,542 7,047	12,620 7,790 4,829	2,848 1,811 1,037	3,121 1,941 1,181	41.3 41.8 40.5	42.6 42.6 42.5
Transportation and public utilities	6,748 19,252 5,886	174 1,555 102	313 4,541 549	6,261 13,156 5,235	4,184 8,082 3,935	809 2,011 534	1,268 3,063 766	41.5 36.4 38.6	43.1 43.8 40.9
Service industries	28,052 1,178 26,874 4,616	1,719 277 1,442 78	5,524 505 5,019 287	20,809 396 20,413 4,251	14,702 272 14,430 3,325	2,259 41 2,218 303	3,848 83 3,765 623	36.3 24.6 36.8 38.9	42.3 44.5 42.3 40.5
Self-employed workers	7,365 324	571 13	1,313 148	5,481 163	2,508 97	557 16	2,416 50	40.2 34.1	47.7 46.2

A-30. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by sex, age, race, marital status, and full- or part-time status

				Octobe	er 1984			
		On part		On	full-time sched	dules	Average	Average
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	98,357	5,211	13,510	79,636	53,276	26,360	38.5	42.9
16 to 19 years	5,659	545	3,176	1,938	1,510	428	25.1	40.8
16 to 17 years	2,095	85	1,836	174	152	22	17.0	38.1
18 to 19 years	3,563	459	1,340	1,764	1,358	406	29.8	41.1
20 years and over	92,698	4,666	10,335	77,697	51,765	25,932	39.3	42.9
20 to 24 years	13,483	1,158	2,196	10,129	7,225	2,904	36.6	42.0
25 years and over	79,215	3,509	8,139	67,567	44,538	23,029	39.8	43.1
25 to 44 years	51,762	2,311	4,518	44,933	29,242	15,691	40.2	43.3
45 to 64 years	24,984	1,100	2,407	21,477	14,495	6,982	39.8	42.9
65 years and over	2,468	99	1,213	1,156	801	355	28.7	41.7
Men, 16 years and over	54,674	2,251	4,062	48,361	28,935	19,426	41.5	44.4
16 to 19 years	2,829	238	1,495	1,096	809	287	26.5	41.6
16 to 17 years	1,036	43	868	125	104	21	18.0	39.4
18 to 19 years	1,793	195	628	970	703	267	31.5	41.9
20 years and over	51,845	2,013	2,567	47,265	28,127	19,138	42.3	44.4
20 to 24 years	7,034	556	912	5,566	3,540	2,026	38.5	43.4
25 years and over	44,811	1,456	1,654	41,701	24,588	17,113	42.9	44.6
25 to 44 years	29,088	991	658	27,439	15,784	11,655	43.5	44.8
45 to 64 years	14,321	424	388	13,509	8,312	5,197	42.9	44.1
65 years and over	1,402	40	608	754	495	259	30.6	42.2
Women, 16 years and over	43,683	2,959	9,449	31,275	24,343	6,932	34.7	40.6
16 to 19 years	2,830	307	1,681	842	702	140	23.6	39.9
16 to 17 years	1,059	44	968	47	45	2	16.0	(')
18 to 19 years	1,770	263	712	795	655	140	28.2	40.2
20 years and over	40,853	2,652	7,768	30,433	23,642	6,791	35.5	40.6
20 to 24 years	6,449	601	1,283	4,565	3,687	878	34.6	40.2
25 years and over	34,404	2,052	6,485	25,867	19,951	5,916	35.7	40.7
25 to 44 years	22,675	1,320	3,860	17,495	13,459	4,036	36.1	40.7
45 to 64 years	10,664	673	2,019	7,972	6,188	1,784	35.6	40.7
65 years and over	1,066	58	605	403	307	96	26.1	40.8
RACE]					
White, 16 years and over	85,827	4,215	12,263	69,349	45,116	24,233	38.6	43.1
Men	48,258	1,800	3,638	42,820	24,843	17,977	41.7	44.6
Women	37,569	2,415	8,625	26,529	20,271	6,258	34.5	40.7
Black, 16 years and over	9,744	844	919	7,981	6,447	1,534	37.5	41.1
Men	4,887	377	285	4,225	3,166	1,059	39.5	42.3
Women	4,857	466	634	3,757	3,282	475	35.5	39.8
MARITAL STATUS							,	
Men, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	35,998	928	1,176	33,894	19,613	14,281	43.3	44.7
Widowed, divorced, or separated Single (never married)	5,069 13,606	291 1,033	220 2,666	4,558 9,907	2,693 6,626	1,865 3,281	42.2 36.4	44.7
Women, 16 years and over:	,					,		
	24,529	1 400	5,540	17,491	13,733	3,758	247	40.4
Married, spouse present		1,498			1		34.7	40.4
Widowed, divorced, or separated	8,309 10.845	597	1,017	6,695	5,034 5,577	1,661	37.1	
Single (never married)	10,845	864	2,892	7,089	5,577	1,512	33.0	40.7

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-31. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and full- or part-time status

				0	ctober 19	84			
			_	C	On full-tim	e schedule	s	,	Average
Occupation and sex	Total at work	On part time for economic reasons	On volun- tary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	Average hours, total at work	hours, workers on full- time sched- ules
Total, 16 years and over	98,097	5,147	13,440	79,510	53,154	10,020	16,336	38.5	42.9
Managerial and professional specialty Executive, administrative, and managerial Professional specialty	. 11,120 . 12,981	450 134 316	2,295 600 1,695	21,356 10,385 10,970	12,559 5,745 6,815	2,584 1,285 1,298	6,213 3,355 2,858	41.5 43.4 39.9	44.4 45.0 43.8
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support Sales occupations	3,071	1,375 89 770	5,436 346 2,539	24,458 2,636 8,880	17,409 1,955 4,928	2,850 305 1,242	4,199 377 2,710	37.2 38.6 38.3	42.0 41.5 45.1
Administrative support, including clerical	. 13,557	516 1,565 210	2,551 3,921 433	12,942 8,072 308	10,526 5,998 218	1,304 809 28	1,112 1,264 62	36.1 32.9 24.1	39.9 42.2 43.5
Protective serviceService, except private household and protective	. 1,639 . 10,968	45 1,310 623	169 3,319 474	1,425 6,339 11,569	853 4,928	212 569 1,637	361 842 2,276	41.8 32.3	45.5 41.4 43.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	. 16,505 . 7,806	1,134 468	1,316 300	14,056 7,038	7,655 9,533 5,123	2,140 1,093	2,384 822	39.4 39.8	42.6 41.6
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	. 4,286	251 415	277 739	3,885 3,133	2,077 2,332	647 399	1,160 402	42.3 35.5	45.4 41.4
Men, 16 years and over		2,184	3,970	48,174	28,765	6,671	12,738	41.6	44.4
Managerial and professional specialty	. 7,316	200 84 116	674 243 431	13,256 6,989 6,267	6,890 3,409 3,482	1,666 876 790	4,700 2,704 1,995	44.3 45.3 43.2	46.0 46.4 45.4
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support	. 11,078	281 27	986 109	9,811 1,475	5,416 1,020	1,417 181	2,979 274	42.1 40.2	45.1 42.2
Sales occupations Administrative support, including clerical Service occupations	. 3,188	176 78 425	602 276 1,053	5,501 2,835 3,883	2,480 1,916 2,734	844 391 413	2,177 527 736	43.8 39.7 36.8	47.3 42.4 43.3
Private household Protective service Service, except private household and protective	., 1,416	9 43 374	18 94 941	13 1,279 2,591	745 1,980	198 211	336 400	(') 43.3 34.6	(') 45.9 42.1
Precision production, craft, and repair	. 12,174	566 713 205	358 898 124	10,661 10,563 4,327	6,954 6,770 2,957	1,521 1,655 704	2,186 2,138 666	41.4 40.3 41.1	43.1 43.4 42.5
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,029	192 316	183 591	3,655 2,581	1,918 1,896	614 337	1,123 349	43.3 35.8	45.6 41.6
Women, 16 years and over	43,769	2,963	9,470	31,336	24,389	3,349	3,598	34.7	40.6
Managerial and professional specialty	! 3,803	251 51 200	1,620 357 1,264	8,100 3,396 4,704	5,669 2,336 3,333	918 409 509	1,513 651 862	37.6 39.8 36.2	41.8 42.2 41.6
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support	20,190 1,460	1,094 62 594	4,449 237 1,937	14,647 1,161 3,378	11,993 934 2,449	1,433 123 397	1,220 103 532	34.5 36.8 32.3	39.8 40.5 41.4
Sales occupations Administrative support, including clerical Service occupations	12,820 8,196	438 1,140	2,275 2,868	10,107 4,189	8,610 3,264	912 396	585 529	35.2 30.4	39.2 41.2
Private household Protective service Service, except private household and protective	223 7,062	937	415 75 2,378	295 146 3,748	209 107 2,948	24 14 358	62 25 442	24.2 32.6 31.1	43.7 41.4 40.9
Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	4,332	1	116 417 176	908 3,493 2,711	701 2,762 2,166	117 485 390	90 246 156	38.1 36.6 37.8	41.4 40.2 40.1
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers			94 147	230 552	160 436	33 63	38 53	32.1 34.3	41.2 40.5

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-32. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employees of status and some		1983						19	84				
Employment status and sex	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Маг.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
TOTAL						_							
Noninstitutional population!	176,474	176,636	176,809	177,219	177,363	177,510	177,662	177,813	177,974	178,138	178,295	178,483	178,66
Labor force ¹	113,561	113,720	113,824	113,901	114,377	114,598	114,938	115,493	115,567	115,636	115,206	115,419	115,722
Percent of population ²	64.3	64.4	64.4	64.3	64.5	64.6	64.7	65.0	64.9	64.9	64.6	64.7	64.8
Total employed	103,665	104,291	104,629	104,876	105,576	105,826	106,095	106,978	107,438	107,093	106,681	106,959	107,29
Employment-population ratio ³		59.0	59.2	59.2	59.5	59.6	59.7	60.2	60.4	60.1	59.8	59.9	60.
Resident Armed Forces	1,695	1,685	1,688	1,686	1,684	1,686	1,693	1,690	1,690	1,698	1,712	1,720	1,70
Civilian employed	101,970	102,606	102,941	103,190	103,892	104,140	104,402	105,288	105,748	105,395	104,969	105,239	105,586
Agriculture		3,257	3,356	3,271	3,395	3,281	3,393	3,389	3,403	3,345	3,224	3,315	3,114
Nonagricultural industries		99,349	99,585	99,918	100,496	100.859	101,009	101,899	102.344	102.050	101,744	101.923	102.472
Unemployed		9,429	9,195	9,026	8,801	8,772	8,843	8,514	8,130	8,543	8,526	8,460	8,43
Unemployment rate4		8.3	8.1	7.9	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.4	7.0		7.4	7.3	
Not in labor force	62,913	62,916	62,985	63,318	62,986	62,912	62,724	62,320	62,407	62,503	63,089	63,064	62,939
Men													
Noninstitutional population ¹	84,344	84,423	84,506	84.745	84,811	84,880	84,953	85,024	85,101	85,179	85,257	85,352	85,439
Labor force ¹		64,846	64.838	64,930	65,093	65,156	65,212	65,307	65,452	65,362	65,244	65,614	65,603
Percent of population ²	76.7	76.8	76.7	76.6	76.8	76.8	76.8	76.8	76.9	76.7	76.5	76.9	76.8
Total employed	58,950	59,389	59,580	59.781	60.147	60,290	60,293	60,629	60,923	60,607	60,661	60.912	61.023
Employment-population ratio ³	69.9	70.3	70.5	70.5	70.9	71.0	71.0	71.3	71.6	71.2	71.2	71.4	71.4
Resident Armed Forces		1,534	1,537	1,542	1,540	1,542	1,548	1,545	1.545	1.551	1.563	1.571	1,55
Civilian employed		57.855	58.043	58,239	58.607	58,748	58.745	59,084	59,378	59,056	59.098	59,341	59,466
Unemployed	. ,	5,457	5,258	5,149	4,946	4,867	4,919	4,678		4.756	4,583	4,702	4,580
Unemployment rate ⁴		8.4	8.1	7.9	7.6	7.5		7.2	6.9	7.3	7.0	7.2	7.0
Not in labor force	19,635	19,577	19,668	19,815		19,724		19,717	19,649		20,013	19,738	19,836
Women													
Noninstitutional population ¹	92,129	92,214	92,302	92,474	92,552	92,630	92,709	92,789	92,873	92,958	93.039	93,132	93.222
Labor force		48.874	48,986	48,971	49,283	49,442	49,725				49,963	49.804	50,119
Percent of population ²	53.0	53.0	53.1	53.0	53.2	53.4	53.6	54.1	54.0	54.1	53.7	53.5	53.8
Total employed'		44,902	45,049	45,094	45,429	45,536	45,802	46,350	46,515	46.486	46.020	46.047	46,268
Employment-population ratio ³		48.7	48.8	48,8	45,429	49.2	49,802	50.0	50.1	50.0	49.5	49.4	49,200
Resident Armed Forces		151	151	144	144	144	145	145	145	147	149	149	148
Civilian employed	1	44,751	44,898	44,950	45,285	45,392		46,205			45,871	45,898	46,120
Unemployed		3,972	3,937	3,876	3,855	3,905	3,924	3,836		3,787	3,943	3,758	3.852
Unemployment rate ⁴						,	3,924 7.9	7.6	7.2	7.5		,	, ,
Not in labor force	1	8.1 43.340	8.0	7.9 43.503	7.8	7.9					7.9 43.076	7.5	7.7
INOT ILL ISDOL TOLCE	43,277	43,340	43,316	43,503	43,269	43,188	42,984	42,003	42,758	42,685	43,076	43,328	43,103

¹ Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United

Armed Forces).

NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-32 through A-41 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-33. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		1983						19	84				
sex, and age	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
TOTAL				-									
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	174,779	174,951	175,121	175,533	175,679	175,824	175,969	176,123	176,284	176,440	176,583	176,763	176,956
Civilian labor force	111,866		112,136	112,215	112,693		113,245	113,803	113,877	113,938	113,494	113,699	114,017
Percent of population		64.0	64.0	63.9	64.1	64.2	64.4	64.6	64.6	64.6	64.3	64.3	64.4
Employed				103,190			104,402	105,288	105,748	105,395	104,969	105,239	105,586
Employment-population ratio ²		58.6	58.8	58.8	59.1	59.2	59.3	59.8	60.0	59.7	59.4	59.5	59.7
Unemployed		9,429	9,195		8,801	8,772	8,843	8,514	8,130	-,	8,526	8,460	
Unemployment rate	8.8	8.4	8.2	8.0	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.5	7.1	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.4
Men, 20 years and over		i i										:	!
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	75,216	75,327	75,433	75,692	75,786	75,880	75,973	76,073	76,176	76,269	76,350	76,451	76,565
Civilian labor force	58,949	59,053	59,050	59,299	59,394	59,388	59,480	59,546	59,726	59,694	59,752	59,898	59,971
Percent of population		78.4	78.3	78.3	78.4	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.4	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3
Employed	54,140	54,457	54,658	54,999	55,266	55,368	55,385	55,685	55,970	55,789	55,899	56,022	56,213
Employment-population ratio ²	72.0	72.3	72.5	72.7	72.9	73.0	72.9	73.2	73.5	73.1	73.2	73.3	73.4
Agriculture	2,376	2,336	2,374	2,356	2,409	2,364	2,453	2,451	2,469	2,455	2,392	2,403	2,316
Nonagricultural industries	51,764	52,121	52,284	52,643	52,857	53,004	52,932	53,234	53,501	53,334	53,507	53,620	53,898
Unemployed	4,809	4,596	4,392	4,300	4,128	4,020	4,095	3,861	3,755	3,906	3,853	3,875	3,758
Unemployment rate	8.2	7.8	7.4	7.3	7.0	6.8	6.9	6.5	6.3	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.3
Not in labor force	16,267	16,274	16,383	16,393	16,392	16,492	16,493	16,527	16,450	16,575	16,598	16,553	16,594
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	84,443	84,553	84,666	84,860	84,962	85,064	85,168	85,272	85,380	85,488	85,581	85,688	85,793
Civilian labor force	44,936	44,953	45,024	44,981	45,258	45,459	45,703	46,222	46,101	46,261	46,082	45,859	46,220
Percent of population		53.2	53.2	53.0	53.3	53.4	53.7	54.2	54.0	54.1	53.8	53.5	53.9
Employed	41,570	41,738	41,843	41,798	42,138	42,315	42,517	43,098	43,146	43,088	42,819	42,807	43,016
Employment-population ratio ²		49.4	49.4	49.3	49.6	49.7	49.9	50.5	50.5		50.0	50.0	50.1
Agriculture		638	653		640	574	619		623		563	595	554
Nonagricultural industries		41,100			41,498	41,741	41,898		42,523				, -,
Unemployed		3,215			3,120	3,144	3,186		2,955		3,264	3,053	
Unemployment rate		7.2			6.9	6.9	7.0	6.8	6.4		7.1	6.7	6.9
Not in labor force	39,507	39,600	39,642	39,879	39,704	39,605	39,465	39,050	39,279	39,227	39,499	39,829	39,573
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹		15,072	15,022		14,931	14,880	14,828	14,778	14,728		14,653		
Civilian labor force		8,029			8,041	8,065			8,050				
Percent of population				53.0	53.9	54.2	54.4	54.4	54.7	54.4	52.3		
Employed			6,440		6,488	6,457	6,500		6,631	6,518	6,251	6,410	
Employment-population ratio ²		42.5			43.5	43.4	43.8		45.0		42.7	43.8	
Agriculture		283	1	1	346	343		327	311	317	269		
Nonagricultural industries					6,142	6,114					5,982		
Unemployed					1,553	1,608					1,409		
Unemployment rate				19.4	19.3	19.9		19.0	17.6		18.4 6,993	19.3 6,682	
Not in labor force	. 7,139	7,043	6,960	7,046	6,890	6,815	6,766	6,744	6,678	6,701	0,993	0,082	0,//2

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
 Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

population.

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, age, and		1983		L			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19	84				
Hispanic origin	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	151,175 97,339		151,484 97,724	151,939 97,813	152,079 98,167	152,285 98,424	152,178 98,495		152,295 98,770	152,286 98,710			
Percent of population		64.5	64.5	64.4	64.6	64.6	64.7	64.9	64.9	64.8	64.4	64.5	
Employed		90,430	90,779	91,044	91,544	91,845	91,933	92,505	92,697	92,430		92,074	1
Employment-population ratio ²	1	59.8	59.9	59.9	60.2	60.3	60.4	60.8	60.9	60.7	60.3	60.4	
Unemployed	7,488		6,945	6,768	6,623	6,580	6,562	6,348	6,072	6,280	I		
Unemployment rate	7.7	7.3	7.1	6.9	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.4	6.1	6.4	6.4	6.4	
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	51,902	52,021	52,063	52,270	52,335	52,398	52,406	52,357	52,548	52,366	52,371	52,516	52,463
Percent of population	78.9	78.9	78.9	78.8	78.8	78.8	78.8	78.7	78.9	78.6	78.6	78.7	78.6
Employed	48,128	48,414	48,589	48,964	49,149	49,343	49,329	49,440	49,744	49,470	49,471	49,600	49,615
Employment-population ratio ²	73.1	73.5	73.6	73.8	74.0	74.2	74.2	74.3	74.7	74.3	74.2	74.4	74.3
Unemployed	3,774	3,607	3,474	3,306	3,186	3,055	3,077	2,917	2,804	2,896	2,900	2,916	2,848
Unemployment rate	7.3	6.9	6.7	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.9	5.6	5.3	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.4
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	38,438	38,489	38,556	38,505	38,726	38,873	39,032	39,439	39,226	39,396	39,137	38,944	39,253
Percent of population	52.7	52.7	52.8	52.6	52.8	52.9	53.1	53.7	53.3	53.5	53.1	52.8	53.2
Employed	36,016	36,177	36,292	36,180	36,465	36,570	36,688	37,150	37,042	37,074	36,784	36,694	36,928
Employment-population ratio ²	49.4	49.6	49.7	49.4	49.7	49.8	49.9	50.5	50.4	50.4	49.9	49.8	50.0
Unemployed	2,422	2,312	2,264	2,325	2,261	2,303	2,344	2,289	2,184	2,321	2,352	2,250	2,325
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.8	5.9	6.0		5.6	5.9	6.0	5.8	5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years				:									
Civilian labor force	6,999	7,049	7,105	7,038	7,106	7,153	7,057	7,057	6,996	6,948	6,649	6,928	6,804
Percent of population	56.2	56.7	57.2	56.9	57.7	58.3	57.7	58.0	57.7	57.5	55.1	57.4	56. 5
Employed		5,839	5,898	5,900	5,930	5,932	5,916	5,915	5,911	5,886	5,595	5,780	5,706
Employment-population ratio ²	45.8	47.0	47.5	47.7	48.1	48.3	48.4	48.6	48.7	48.7	46.4	47.9	47.4
Unemployed	1,292		1,207	1,138	1,176	1,221	1,141	1,142	1,085	1,062	1,054	1,148	1,098
Unemployment rate		17.2	17.0	16.2	16.5	17.1	16.2	16.2	15.5	15.3	15.9	16.6	16.1
Men	19.8	17.6	17.5	17.8	16.4	17.3	16.6	16.8	16.5	17.8	16.2	17.3	17.0
Women	16.9	16.6	16.5	14.5	16.7	16.8	15.7	15.5	14.5	12.6	15.5	15.8	15.2
BLACK									į				
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	19,026		19,086	19,196	19,222	19,248	19,274	19,302	19,330	19,360	19,386	19,416	19,449
Civilian labor force			11,650	11,660	11,881	11,867	11,934	12,008	11,962	12,076	12,176	12,079	12,185
Percent of population		61.0	61.0	60.7	61.8	61.7	61.9	62.2	61.9	62.4	62.8	62.2	62.7
Employed	9,449		9,582	9,707	9,958	9,896	9,923	10,105	10,168	10,041	10,226	10,259	10,314
Employment-population ratio ²	49.7	50.2	50.2	50.6	51.8	51.4	51.5	52.4	52.6	51.9	52.8	52.8 1,820	53.0 1,872
Unemployed Unemployment rate	2,116 18.3	2,060 17.7	2,068 17.8	1,953 16.7	1,923 16.2	1,972 16.6	2,011 16.8	1,903 15.8	1,795 15.0	2,035 16.9	1,950 16.0	15.1	15.4
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	5,501	5,568	5,565	5,621	5,677	5,660	5,607	5,673	5,646	5,700	5,735	5,684	5,728
Percent of population	74.2		74.7	74.8	75.4	75.0	74.2	74.9	74.4	74.9	75.3	74.4	74.8
Employed	4,607		4,722	4,789	4,877	4,789	4,712	4,872	4,811	4,802	4,922	4,919	4,962
Employment-population ratio ²	62.1	63.2	63.4	63.7	64.8	63.5	62.4	64.3	63.4	63.1	64.6	64.4	64.8
Unemployed	894		843	833	800	871	894	801	835	897	813	765	765
Unemployment rate	16.3	15.6	15.1	14.8	14.1	15.4	16.0	14.1	14.8	15.7	14.2	13.5	13.4
Women, 20 years and over								İ				i	
Civilian labor force	5,277	5,270	5,303	5,277	5,408	5,425	5,469	5,547	5,496	5,522	5,604	5,538	5,584
Percent of population	56.1	55.9	56.2	55.6	56.9	57.0	57.3	58.0	57.4	57.5	58.3	57.5	57. 8
	4,438	4,448	4,461	4,522	4,630	4,690	4,737	4,793	4,818	4,746	4,816	4,840	4,828
Employed	1, 100												
Employed Employment-population ratio ²	47.2	47.2	47.3	47.7	48.7	49.2	49.6	50.1	50.3	49.5	50.1	50.2	50.0
					48.7 777 14.4	49.2 735 13.5	49.6 731 13.4	50.1 754 13.6	50.3 679 12.4	49.5 776 14.0	50.1 788 14.1	50.2 698 12.6	50.0 75 5 13.5

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		1983						19	84				
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											•		
Civilian labor force Percent of population Employed Employment-population ratio ² Unemployed Unemployment rate Men Women HISPANIC ORIGIN	404 18.3 383	785 35.6 414 18.8 371 47.3 44.9 50.0	782 35.6 399 18.2 383 49.0 46.4 51.9	47.1	796 36.4 450 20.6 346 43.5 46.7 39.9	783 35.9 417 19.1 366 46.7 44.4 49.6	859 39.5 474 21.8 385 44.8 42.8 47.1	787 36.3 440 20.3 347 44.1 40.9 48.2	820 37.9 539 24.9 281 34.3 35.3 33.1	854 39.6 492 22.8 362 42.4 42.6 42.1	837 38.9 488 22.7 349 41.7 40.6 42.9	857 39.9 500 23.3 357 41.7 39.9 43.7	874 40.8 523 24.4 351 40.2 45.1 34.6
Civilian noninstitutional population' Civilian labor force Percent of population Employed Employment-population ratio ² Unemployed Unemployment rate	6,165 63.3 5,398 55.4	9,677 6,232 64.4 5,463 56.5 769 12.3	9,735 6,267 64.4 5,540 56.9 727 11.6	57.6 708	9,906 6,292 63.5 5,652 57.1 639 10.2	10,080 6,484 64.3 5,751 57.1 733 11.3	10,072 6,378 63.3 5,643 56.0 735 11.5	10,026 6,332 63.2 5,666 56.5 666 10.5	9,824 6,298 64.1 5,669 57.7 629 10.0	9,738 6,293 64.6 5,626 57.8 667 10.6	9,785 6,271 64.1 5,600 57.2 672 10.7	9,713 6,328 65.2 5,650 58.2 678 10.7	9,794 6,339 64.7 5,649 57.7 689 10.9

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-35. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

0-1		1983						19	84				
Category	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
CHARACTERISTIC									-				
Total	101.970	102.606	102.941	103.190	103.892	104.140	104.402	105.288	105.748	105,395	104 969	105 239	105 586
Married men, spouse present	38,240	38,388	38.494	38,682	38,911	38,927	39,062				39.029	39.034	39.023
Married women, spouse present	24,953	25,057	25,140	24,947	25,212	25,239	25,457	25,722	25,786		25,764	25,641	25.891
Women who maintain families	5,172	5,236	5,254	5,293	5,346	5,444	5,491	5,668	5,688	5,662	5,507	5,412	5,344
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER													
Agriculture:													
Wage and salary workers	1,505	1,481	1,512	1,443	1,560	1,515	1,661	1,610	1,604	1.513	1.425	1.569	1.481
Self-employed workers	1,527	1,556	1,572	1,613	1,609	1,580		1,537	1,570		1.568	1,569	1.479
Unpaid family workers	227	224	265	233	232	198		246	212		208	187	173
Nonagricultural industries:													
Wage and salary workers	90,617	91,094	91,422	91,641	92,379	92,819	92,931	93,928	94,040	93,841	93,554	94,122	94,369
Government	15,578	15,585	15,481	15,535	15,822	15,813	15,784	15,761	15,685	15,604	15,782	15,959	16,046
Private industries	75,039	75,509	75,941	76,106	76,557	77,006	77,147	78,167	78,355	78,236	77,772	78,163	78,323
Private households	1,278	1,216	1,241	1,197	1,219	1,155	1,296	1,347	1,329	1,239	1,181	1,185	1,209
Other industries	73,761	74,293	74,700	74,909	75,339	75,851	75,851	76,820	77,026	76,997	76,591	76,979	77,114
Self-employed workers	7,695	7,800	7,734	7,936	7,849	7,755	7,834	7,707	7,828	7,717	7,829	7,721	7,775
Unpaid family workers	405	474	450	364	330	326	338	311	348	306	324	314	312
PERSONS AT WORK	<u> </u>												
Nonagricultural industries	93,273	93,834	94,173	94,707	95,067	94,982	96,918	96,523	96,500	96,848	96,921	96,448	96,577
Full-time schedules		75,398	75,802	76,237	76,715	77,004	78,276	78,280	78,496	78,659	78,799	78,291	78,459
Part time for economic reasons	5,724	5,848	5,712	5,943	5,808	5,463	5,593	5,353	5,491	5,300	5,324	5,496	5,479
Usually work full time		1,719	1,672	1,771	1,611	1,472	1,530	1,549	1,654	1,589	1,749	1,675	
Usually work part time	1 -	4,129	4,040	4,172	4,197	3,991	4,063	3,804	3,837	3,711	3,576	3,821	3,873
Part time for noneconomic reasons	12,502	12,588	12,659	12,527	12,545	12,515	13,049	12,889	12,514	12,889	12,797	12,662	12,638

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey

period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
 Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

A-36. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

One and and		1983						19	84				
Sex and age	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Total, 16 years and over	101,970	102,606	102,941	103,190	103,892	104,140	104,402	105,288	105,748	105,395	104,969	105,239	105,586
6 to 24 years	20,085	20,338	20,377	20,401	20,628	20,616	20,639	20,873	21,127	20,760	20,221	20,541	20.625
16 to 19 years	6,260	6,411	6,440	6,392	6,488	6,457	6,500	6,505	6,631	6,518	6,251	6,410	6,356
16 to 17 years	2,257	2,332	2,355	2,321	2,342	2,376	2,379	2,493	2,453	2,429	2,321	2,477	2,410
18 to 19 years	4,012	4,064	4,092	4,114	4,153	4,082	4,125	4,024	4,176	4.079	3.860	3.941	3,964
20 to 24 years	13,825	13,927	13,937	14,008	14,140	14,159	14,139	14,368	14,496	14,241	13.970	14,131	14,268
5 years and over	81,892	82,268	82,551	82,765	83,294	83,493	83,729	84,440	84,648	84,604	84,815	84,697	84,923
25 to 54 years	67,537	67,913	68,179	68,534	68,964	69,279	69,516		70,485		70,655	70,462	70.810
55 years and over	14,364	14,364	14,347	14,239	14,293	14,212	14,274	14,260	14,179	14,223	14,195	14,265	
Men, 16 years and over	57,407	57,855	58,043	58,239	58,607	58,748	58,745	59,084	59,378	59,056	59,098	59,341	59,466
6 to 24 years	10,569	10,789	10,770	10,700	10,864	10,965	10,947	11,084	11,145	10,787	10,648	10,863	10,858
16 to 19 years	3,267	3,398	3,385	3,240	3,342	3,380	3,361	3,399	3,408		3.199	3.319	
16 to 17 years	1,165	1,223	1,224	1,222	1,223	1,256	1,220	1,297	1,246		1,160	1,321	1.236
18 to 19 years	2,102	2,155	2,151	2,050	2,120	2,126	2,144	2,105	2,153	2,058	1,998	2,008	2,025
20 to 24 years	7,302	7,391	7,385	7,460	7,523	7,586	7,586	7,686	7.737	7,520	7,449	7,545	
5 years and over	46,834	47,073	47,266	47,531	47,745	47,777	47,798	48,044	48,260	48,213	48,466	48,526	
25 to 54 years	38,334	38,550	38,757	39.049	39,271	39,418	39,431	39,622	39,909	39,866	40,053	40,090	, ,
55 years and over	8,499	8,541	8,470	8,495	8,473	8,373	8,387	8,366	8,379	8,369	8,403	8,439	, .
Women, 16 years and over	44,563	44,751	44,898	44,950	45,285	45,392	45,657	46,205	46,370	46,339	45,871	45,898	46,120
6 to 24 years	9,516	9,549	9,607	9,700	9,763	9,651	9,692	9.789	9.982	9,973	9,573	9,677	9,767
16 to 19 years	2.993	3,013	3,055	3,152	3,147	3.078	3,139	3,107	3,223	3,252	3,052	3,091	3,103
16 to 17 years	1,092	1,109	1,131	1,099	1,119	1,120	1,159	1,196	1.207	1,229	1,161	1.156	1,174
18 to 19 years	1,910	1,909	1,941	2,064	2,033	1,956	1.981	1,919	2,023	2.021	1,862	1,933	1,939
20 to 24 years	6,523	6,536	6,552	6,548	6.617	6.573	6,553	6.682	6.759	6,721	6.520	6,586	6,664
5 years and over	35,058	35,195	35,285	35,234	35,549	35,716	35,931	36,396	36,387	36,391	36,350	36,171	36,362
25 to 54 years	29,203	29,363	29,422	29,485	29,694	29.861	30,085	30,517	30,577	30,543	30,602	30,372	30,594
55 years and over	5,865	5,823	5,877	5,744	5.820	5,839	5,887	5,893	5,801	5,853	5.792	5,825	5,784

A-37. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

		1983						198	34				
Sex an d age	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Total, 16 years and over	9,896	9,429	9,195	9,026	8,801	8,772	8,843	8,514	8,130	8,543	8,526	8,460	8,43
16 to 24 years	3,899	3,692	3,564	3,537	3,410	3,467	3,522	3,402	3,156	3,276	3,287	3,359	3,243
16 to 19 years	1,721	1,618	1,622	1,543	1,553	1,608	1,562	1,529	1,419	1,464	1,409	1,532	1,470
16 to 17 years	712	653	700	649	663	712	683	632	602	626	631	669	60
18 to 19 years	1,020	972	947	878	881	904	876	896	813	817	775	862	87
20 to 24 years	2,178	2,074	1,942	1,994	1,857	1,859	1,960	1,873	1,737	1,812	1,878	1,827	1,77
25 years and over	6,002	5,728	5,659	5,474	5,405	5,279	5,301	5,132	4,996	5,257	5,237	5,109	5,17
25 to 54 years	5,259	5,007	4,938	4,789	4,742	4,647	4,663	4,474	4,274	4,619	4,566	4,441	4,45
55 years and over	753	741	742	700	636	643	621	659	683	660	677	675	71
Men, 16 years and over	5,759	5,457	5,258	5,149	4,946	4,867	4,919	4,678	4,529	4,756	4,583	4,702	4,58
16 to 24 years	2,209	2,042	1,998	1,971	1,857	1,869	1,925	1,812	1,772	1,846	1,772	1,887	1,75
16 to 19 years	950	861	866	849	818	847	824	817	774	850	730	827	82
16 to 17 years	374	344	372	336	337	376	378	352	365	358	330	354	33
18 to 19 years	579	524	501	501	469	472	448	472	413	478	396	473	48
20 to 24 years	1,259	1,181	1,132	1,122	1,039	1,022	1,101	995	998	996	1,042	1,060	93
25 years and over	3,552	3,417	3,283	3,154	3,089	2,988	2,996	2,878	2,757	2,896	2,813	2,824	2,82
25 to 54 years	3,074	2,935	2,799	2,743	2,686	2,569	2,604	2,480	2,377	2,496	2,411	2,398	2,38
55 years and over	482	490	481	431	396	408	382	394	378	401	408	442	42
Women, 16 years and over	4,137	3,972	3,937	3,876	3,855	3,905	3,924	3,836	3,600	3,787	3,943	3,758	3,85
16 to 24 years	1,690	1,650	1,566	1,566	1,552	1,598	1,597	1,591	1,384	1,430	1,514	1,472	1,489
16 to 19 years	771	757	756	694	735	761	738	712	645	614	679	705	648
16 to 17 years	338	309	328	313	326	336	305	280	237	268	301	315	26
18 to 19 years	441	448	446	377	412	432	428	424	400	339	379	389	38
20 to 24 years	919	893	810	872	817	837	859	879	739	816	835	767	84
25 years and over	2,450	2,311	2,376	2,320	2,316	2,291	2,305	2,254	2,238	2,361	2,424	2,285	2,349
25 to 54 years	2,185	2,072	2,139	2,046	2,057	2,078	2,059	1,994	1,897	2,123	2,156	2,043	2,064
55 years and over	271	251	261	269	240	235	239	266	305	259	269	234	294

A-40. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

		1983						19	84				
Weeks of unemployment	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
DURATION		_	·										
Less than 5 weeks	3,504	3,328	3,382	3,233	3,359	3,386	3,438	3,238	3,174	3,462	3,555	3,286	3,431
5 to 14 weeks	2,725	2,616	2,504	2,556	2,484	2,539	2,493	2,433	2,294	2,490	2,333	2,539	2,399
15 weeks and over	3,655	3,527	3,369	3,201	2,984	2,873	2,855	2,851	2,619	2,689	2,606	2,600	2,530
15 to 26 weeks	1,372	1,337	1,284	1,166	1,173	1,114	1,111	1,186	1,008	1,100	1,113	1,085	1,099
27 weeks and over	2,283	2,190	2,085	2,035	1,810	1,759	1,744	1,664	1,611	1,589	1,493	1,515	1,431
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	20.1	20.2	19.6	20.5	18.8	18.8	18.5	18.4	18.6	18.1	17.3	17.1	16.5
Median duration, in weeks	9.5	9.4	9.0	9.2	8.3	8.3	8.1	8.7	7.2	7.6	7.5	7.6	7.2
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	35.5	35.1	36.5	36.0	38.1	38.5	39.1	33.0	39.2	40.1	41.9	39.0	41.0
5 to 14 weeks	27.6	27.6	27.1	28.4	28.1	28.9	28.4	28.6	28.4	28.8	27.5	30.1	28.7
15 weeks and over	37.0	37.2	36.4	35.6	33.8	32.7	32.5	33.5	32.4	31.1	30.7	30.9	30.3
15 to 26 weeks	13.9	14.1	13.9	13.0	13.3	12.7	12.6	13.9	12.5	12.7	13.1	12.9	13.2
27 weeks and over	23.1	23.1	22.5	22.6	20.5	20.0	19.8	19.5	19.9	18.4	17.6	18.0	17.1

A-41. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

B		1983						19	84				
Reasons for unemployment	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers	5,601	5,226	5,017	4,825	4,737	4,614	4,527	4,327	4,220	4,511	4,218	4,211	4,370
On layoff	1,392	1,321	1,283	1,238	1,272	1,254	1,108	1,192	1,166	1,164	1,152	1,109	1,176
Other job losers	4,209	3,905	3,734	3,588	3,465	3,360	3,419	3,134	3,055	3,346	3,066	3,102	3,193
Job leavers	866	868	855	809	772	756	781	804	800	865	835	845	818
Reentrants	2,322	2,250	2,246	2,192	2,153	2,208	2,308	2,178	1,968	2,091	2,322	2,298	2.136
New entrants	1,127	1,154	1,150	1,175	1,092	1,213	1,216	1,186	1,136	1,092	1,093	1,052	1,073
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION				i									
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	56.5	55.0	54.1	53.6	54.1	52.5	51.3	50.9	51.9	52.7	49.8	50.1	52.0
On layoff	14.0	13.9	13.8	13.7	14.5	14.3	12.5	14.0	14.4	13.6	13.6	13.2	14.0
Other job losers	42.4	41.1	40.3	39.9	39.6	38.2	38.7	36.9	37.6	39.1	36.2	36.9	38.0
Job leavers	8.7	9.1	9.2	9.0	8.8	8.6	8.8	9.5	9.8	10.1	9.9	10.1	9.7
Reentrants	23.4	23.7	24.2	24.4	24.6	25.1	26.1	25.6	24.2	24.4	27.4	27.3	25.4
New entrants	11.4	12.1	12.4	13.1	12.5	13.8	13.8	14.0	14.0	12.8	12.9	12.5	12.8
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Job losers	5.0	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.7	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.8
Job leavers	.8	.8	.8	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.8	.7	.7	.7
Reentrants	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.9
New entrants	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	.9	.9

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-38. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

Soy and are		1983						19	84				
Sex and age	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Total, 16 years and over	8.8	8.4	8.2	8.0	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.5	7.1	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.4
16 to 24 years	16.3	15.4	14.9	14.8	14.2	14,4	14.6	14.0	13.0	13.6	14.0	14.1	13.6
16 to 19 years	21.6	20.2	20.1	19.4	19.3	19.9	19.4	19.0	17.6	18.3	18.4	19.3	18.8
16 to 17 years	24.0	21.9	22.9	21.9	22.1	23.1	22.3	20.2	19.7	20.5	21.4	21.3	20.1
18 to 19 years	20.3	19.3	18.8	17.6	17.5	18.1	17.5	18.2	16.3	16.7	16.7	17.9	18.0
20 to 24 years	13.6	13.0	12.2	12.5	11.6	11.6	12.2	11.5	10.7	11.3	11.8	11.5	11.1
5 years and over	6.8	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.1	5.9	6.0	5.7	5.6	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.7
25 to 54 years	7.2	6.9	6.8	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.0	5.7	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.9
55 years and over	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.4	4.6	4.5	4.8
Men, 16 years and over	9.1	8.6	8.3	8.1	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.3	7.1	7.5	7.2	7.3	7.2
6 to 24 years	17.3	15.9	15.6	15.6	14.6	14.6	15.0	14.0	13.7	14.6	14.3	14.8	13.9
16 to 19 years	22.5	20.2	20.4	20.8	19.7	20.0	19.7	19.4	18.5	20.6	18.6	19.9	20.2
16 to 17 years	24.3	22.0	23.3	21.6	21.6	23.0	23.7	21.3	22.7	23.0	22.1	21.1	21.5
18 to 19 years	21.6	19.6	18.9	19.6	18.1	18.2	17.3	18.3	16.1	18.8	16.5	19.1	19.3
20 to 24 years	14.7	13.8	13.3	13.1	12.1	11.9	12.7	11.5	11.4	11.7	12.3	12.3	10.9
5 years and over	7.0	6.8	6.5	6.2	6.1	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.4	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.5
25 to 54 years	7,4	7.1	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.1	6.2	5.9	5.6	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.6
55 years and over	5.4	5.4	5.4	4.8	1.5	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.6	4.6	5.0	4.8
Women, 16 years and over	8.5	8.2	8.1	7.9	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.7	7.2	7.6	7.9	7.6	7.7
6 to 24 years	15.1	14.7	14.0	13.9	13.7	14.2	14.1	14.0	12.2	12.5	13.7	13.2	13.2
16 to 19 years	20.5	20.1	19.8	18.0	18.9	19.8	19.0	18.6	16.7	15.9	18.2	18.6	17.3
16 to 17 years	23.6	21.8	22.5	22.2	22.6	23.1	20.8	19.0	16.4	17.9	20.6	21.4	18.5
18 to 19 years	18.8	19.0	18.7	15.4	16.9	18.1	17.8	18.1	16.5	14.4	16.9	16.8	16.6
20 to 24 years	12.3	12.0	11.0	11.7	11.0	11.3	11.6	11.6	9.9	10.8	11.4	10.4	11.2
5 years and over	6.5	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.8	6.1	6.3	5.9	6.1
25 to 54 years	7.0	6.6	6.8	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.1	5.8	6.5	6.6	6.3	6.3
55 years and over	4.4	4.1	43	4.5	4.0	3.9	3.9	4.3	5.0	4.2	4.4	3.9	4.8

A-39. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

	ļ	1983						19	84				
Category	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
CHARACTERISTIC	{												
Total (all civilian workers)		8.4	8.2	8.0	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.5	7.1	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.4
Men, 20 years and over		7.8	7.4	7.3	7.0	6.8	6.9	6.5	6.3	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.3
Women, 20 years and over	7.5	7.2	7.1	7.1	6.9	6.9	7.0	6.8	6.4	6.9	7.1	6.7	6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	21.6	20.2	20.1	19.4	19.3	19.9	19.4	19.0	17.6	18.3	18.4	19.3	18.8
White		7.3	7.1	6.9	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.4	6.1	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4
Black and other	16.7	16.1	1€3	15.6	14.9	15.1	15.1	14.2	13.4	15.1	14.4	13.9	13.8
Black	18.3	17.7	17.8	16.7	16.2	16.6	16.8	15.8	15.0	16.9	16.0	15.1	15.4
Hispanic origin	12.4	12.3	11.6	11.2	10.2	11.3	11.5	10.5	10.0	10.6	10.7	10.7	10.9
Married men, spouse present	5.7	5.5	52	5.0	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.6	4.6
Married women, spouse present	6.3	6.0	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.6	5.9	6.0	5.8	5.8
Women who maintain families	11.4	10.5	10.9	10.7	11.0	11.0	10.5	9.8	9.6	9.6	10.5	10.0	10.5
Full-time workers	8.7	8.2	8.0	7.8	7.5	7.5	7.6	7.2	6.7	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1
Part-time workers	10.0	9.8	9.8	9.2	9.3	9.2	9.1	9.3	10.3	9.6	9.6	9.4	9.1
Unemployed 15 weeks and over1	3.3	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.2
Labor force time lost ²		9.7	9.4	9.2	8.9	8.8	8.9	8.5	8.3	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.6
INDUSTRY			! 										
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	9.0	8.6	8.3	7.9	7.8	7.6	7.7	7.2	7.0	7.4	7.5	7.4	7.3
Mining		12.8	12.4	10.9	12.2	11.2	10.3	8.9	7.1	7.5	10.3	8.6	10.9
Construction	15.8	15.6	16.3	15.0	15.1	13.3	14.3	14.8	14.8	14.7	14.0	13.8	13.5
Manufacturing		8.9	8.3	8.4	7.5	7.5	7.7	7.1	7.2	7.5	7.5	7.6	7.4
Durable goods		9.0	8.3	8.0	7.3	7.8	7.5	7.0	7.2	6.7	6.9	7.0	7.0
Nondurable goods		8.7	8.?	8.9	7.8	7.2	8.0	7.1	7.3	8.6	8.3	8.4	7.9
Transportation and public utilities		6.7	6.5	5.1	5.9	5.0	5.4	5.5	5.2	6.1	6.2	6.1	5.3
Wholesale and retail trade		9.1	8.8	8.4	8.3	8.3	8.7	7.9	7.2	7.8	7.8	8.2	7.9
Finance and service industries	6.9	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.1	5.5	5.4	5.9	6.1	5.6	5.7
Agricultural wage and salary workers	16.2	15.7	15.6	15.5	14.0	14.6	12.2	13.9	11.8	14.6	12.8	15.0	13.8

for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.
 Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time

B-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1933 to date

(In thousands)

ļ				Goods	-producing					Ser	vice-produc	ing			
Year and month	Total	Total private	Total	Mining	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total	Transpor- tation and public utilities	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Federal	State	Local
			<u> </u>	l	L		Anr	nual average	 es						
933	23,699	20,533	8,965	744	824	7,397	14,734	2,672	(¹)	(')	1,280	2,861	565	(')	(¹)
34	25,940	22,641	10,261	883	877	8,501	15,679	2,750	(¹)	(*)	1,304	3,045	652	(')	(1)
35	27,039	23,558	10,893	897	927	9,069	16,146	2,786	(1)	(1)	1,320	3,128	753	(1)	(¹)
36	29,068	25,400	11,933	946	1,160	9,827	17,135	2,973	(1)	(2)	1,373	3,312	826	()	(¹)
37	31,011	27,255	12,936	1,015	1,127	10,794	18,075	3,134	()	(2)	1,417	3,503	833	(1)	g g
38	29,194 30,603	25,311 26,608	11,401 12,297	891 854	1,070 1,165	9,440 10,278	17,793 18,306	2,863 2,936	(¹) 1,762	(¹) 4,664	1,410 1,447	3,458 3,502	829 905	(¹) (¹)	(t) (t)
40	32,361	28,159	13,221	925	1,311	10,985	19,140	3,038	1,835	4,914	1,485	3,665	996	(¹)	(1)
41	36,539	31,877	15,963	957	1,814	13,192	20,574	3,274	1,950	5,251	1,525	3,905	1,346	6	Ö
42	40,106	34,624	18,470	992	2,198	15,280	21,636	3,460	1,906	5,212	1,509	4,066	2,213	Ö	(i)
43	42,434	36,356	20,114	925	1,587	17,602	22,320	3,647	1,822	5,160	1,481	4,130	2,905	(i)	(i)
44	41,864	35,822	19,328	892	1,108	17,328	22,536	3,829	1,845	5,214	1,461	4,145	2,928	(')	(¹)
45	40,374	34,431	17,507	836	1,147	15,524	22,867	3,906	1,949	5,365	1,481	4,222	2,808	(1)	(1)
46	41,652	36,056	17,248	862	1,683	14,703	24,404	4,061	2,291	6,084	1,675	4,697	2,254	()	(1)
47	43,857 44,866	38,382	18,509	955 994	2,009 2,198	15,545 15,582	25,348 26,092	4,166 4,189	2,471 2,605	6,485 6,667	1,728	5,025	1,892 1,863	(1)	(')
48 49	44,866 43,754	39,216 37,897	18,774 17,565	930	2,198 2,194	15,582	26,092	4,189	2,605	6,662	1,800 1,828	5,181 5,240	1,863	(¹) (¹)	i ტ ტ
50	45,197	39,170	18,506	901	2,364	15,241	26,691	4,034	2,635	6,751	1,888	5,357	1,928		(1)
51	45,197 47,819	41,430	19,959	929	2,637	16,393	27,860	4,226	2,727	7,015	1,956	5,547	2,302	(†) (†)	8
52	48,793	42,185	20,198	898	2,668	16,632	28,595	4,248	2,812	7,013	2,035	5,699	2,420	8	8
53	50,202	43,556	21,074	866	2,659	17,549	29,128	4,290	2,854	7,393	2,111	5,835	2,305	8	8
54	48,990	42,238	19,751	791	2,646	16,314	29,239	4,084	2,867	7,368	2,200	5,969	2,188	(i)	Ö
55	50,641	43,727	20,513	792	2,839	16,882	30,128	4,141	2,926	7,610	2,298	6,240	2,187	1,168	3,55
56	52,369	45,091	21,104	822	3,039	17,243	31,266	4,244	3,018	7,840	2,389	6,497	2,209	1,250	3,81
57	52,853	45,239	20,964	828	2,962	17,174	31,889	4,241	3,028	7,858	2,438	6,708	2,217	1,328	4,07
58 59 ²	51,324 53,268	43,483 45,186	19,513 20,411	751 732	2,817 3,004	15,945 16,675	31,811 32,857	3,976 4,011	2,980 3,082	7,770 8,045	2,481 2,549	6,765 7,087	2,191 2,233	1,415 1,484	4,23 4,36
				7.52		10,073				1		ļ			
60	54,189	45,836	20,434	712	2,926	16,796	33,755	4,004	3,143	8,248	2,629	7,378	2,270	1,536	4,54
61 62	53,999 55,549	45,404 46,660	19,857 20,451	672 650	2,859 2,948	16,326 16,853	34,142 35,098	3,903 3,906	3,133 3,198	8,204 8,368	2,688 2,754	7,620	2,279 2,340	1,607 1,668	4,70 4,88
63	56,653	47,429	20,451	635	3,010	16,995	36,013	3,903	3,198	8,530	2,830	7,982 8,277	2,340	1,747	5,12
64	58,283	48,686	21,005	634	3,097	17,274	37,278	3,951	3,337	8,823	2,91	8,660	2,348	1,856	5,39
65	60,765	50,689	21,926	632	3,232	18,062	38,839	4,036	3,466	9,250	2,977	9,036	2.378	1,996	5,70
86	63,901	53,116	23,158	627	3,317	19,214	40,743	4,158	3,597	9,648	3,058	9,498	2,564	2,141	6,08
67	65,803	54,413	23,308	613	3,248	19,447	42,495	4,268	3,689	9,917	3,185	10,045	2,719	2,302	6,37
68	67,897	56,058	23,737	606	3,350	19,781	44,160	4,318	3,779	10,320	3,337	10,567	2,737	2,442	6,66
69	70,384	58,189	24,361	619	3,575	20,167	46,023	4,442	3,907	10,798	3,512	11,169	2,758	2,533	6,90
70	70,880	58,325	23,578	623	3,588	19,367	47,302	4,515	3.993	11,047	3,645	11,548	2,731	2,664	7,15
71	71,214	58,331	22,935	609	3,704	18,623	48,278	4,476	4,001	11,351	3,772	11,797	2,696	2,747	7,43
72	73,675	60,341	23,668	628	3,889	19,151	50,007	4,541	4,113	11,836	3,908	12,276	2,684	2,859	7,79
73	76,790	63,058	24,893	842	4,097	20,154	51,897	4,656	4,277	12,329	4,046	12.857	2,663	2,923	8,14
74 75	78,265 76,945	64,095 62,259	24,794 22,600	697 752	4,020 3,525	20,077 18,323	53,471 54,345	4,725 4,542	4,433 4,415	12,554 12,645	4,148 4,165	13,441 13,892	2,724 2,748	3,039	8,40 8.75
76	76,945 79,382	64,511	23,352	779	3,525	18,323	56,030	4,542	4,415	13,209	4,165	14,551	2,748	3,179 3,273	8,75 8,86
77	82,471	67,344	24,346	813	3,851	19,682	58,125	4,713	4,708	13,808	4,467	15,303	2,727	3,377	9,02
78	86,697	71,026	25,585	851	4,229	20,505	61,113	4,923	4,969	14,573	4,724	16,252	2,753	3,474	9,44
79	89,823	73,876	26,461	958	4,463	21,040	63,363	5,136	5,204	14,989	4,975	17,112	2,773	3,541	9,63
80	90,406	74,166	25,658	1,027	4,346,	20,285	64,748	5,146	5,275	15,035	5,160	17,890	2,866	3,610	9,76
81	91,156	75,126	25,497	1,139	4,188	20,170	65,659	5,165	5,358	15,189	5,298	18,619	2,772	3,640	9,61
82	89,566	73,729	23,813	1,128	3,905	18,781	65,753	5,082	5,278	15,179	5,341	19,036	2,739	3,640	9,45
83	90,138	74,288	23,394	957	3,940	18,497	66,744	4,958	5,259	15,545	5,467	19,665	2,752	3,660	9,43
Ì			· · ·		1					l					L
83:				1	1	M	On thiny class	a, seasonali	y aujusted						
Dctober	91,345	75,481	23,895	965	4,044	18,886	67,450	5,053	5,322	15,737	5,512	19,962	2,760	3,667	9,43
November	91,688	75,814	24,058	967	4,073	19,018	67,630	5,043	5,344	15,805	5,530	20,034	2,759	3,669	9,44
December	92,026	76,157	24,198	969	4,086	19,143	67,828	5,055	5,371	15,857	5,546	20,130	2,762	3,668	9,43
84:	92,391	76 500	24 202	975	1154	19,254	68,008	5,095	5,406	15,914	5.570	20,162	2.760	3 670	0.40
anuary	92,391 92,846	76,533 76,971	24,383	975 978	4,154 4,226	19,254	68,269	5,095	5,406 5,438	15,914	5,573 5,593	,	2,760 2,763	3,670	9,42
ebruary	92,846 93,058	76,971 77,185	24,577 24,595	978	4,226	19,373	68,463	5,105	5,438 5,457	16,030	5,593	20,278 20,378	2,763 2,770	3,682 3,686	9,43
Varch	93,058	77,165 77,546	24,595	984	4,151	19,466	68,689	5,112	5,457	16,030	5,640	20,378	2,770	3,693	9,41 9,43
May	93,786	77,864	24,760	995	4,246	19,530	68,935	5,144	5,473	16,166	5,662	20,449	2,771	3,699	9,43
lune	94,135	78,241	24,974	1,002	4,343	19,629	69,161	5,163	5,502	16,245	5,676	20,681	2,777	3,699	9,41
luly	94,350	78,422	25,059	1,007	4,356	19,696	69,291	5,175	5,528	16,283	5,676	20,701	2,779	3,697	9,45
August	94,523	78,566	25,098	1,017	4,356	19,725	69,425	5,202	5,544	16,295	5,679	20,748	2,785	3,714	9,45
September ^p	94,754	78,694	25,005	1,020	4,374	19,611	69,749	5,211	5,585	16,339	5,684	20,870	2,785	3,729	9,546

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1983) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1980) are subject to revision.

<sup>Not available.

Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 benchmark month.

Percentage of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 benchmark month.</sup>

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

(in thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984°
Total		91,485	92,049	94,500	95,306	95,940	-	-	_	_	•
Total private		75,901	76,081	79,401	79,593	79,740	61,510	61,649	64,339	64,513	64,650
Mining		956	965	1,028	1,024	1,016	679	686	736	735	729
Metal mining	10	54.9	57.6	56.0	55.4	_	40.2	41.6	40.3	39.6	-
Iron ores		7.7	10.4	10.7	10.6	-	5.3	7.0	7.8	7.6	-
Copper ores	102	19.5	19.3	16.1	15.8	- 1	13.8	13.5	11.1	10.9	-
Coal mining	11.12	197.6	197.5	209.5	209.2	_	159.5	159.3	170.1	170.3	_
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		194.8	194.7	206.9	206.6	-	157.1	156.9	167.9	168.0	-
Oil and gas extraction	12	591.8	597.4	641.8	639.6	642.2	393.7	400.1	433.1	432.4	
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids		260.7	258.6	260.0	255.7	042.2	120.6	119.8	119.5	116.6	-
Oil and gas field services		331.1	338.8	381.8	383.9	-	273.1	280.3	313.6	315.8	
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	112.0	112.0	120.2	119.8	_	85.7	85.4	92.7	92.6	_
Crushed and broken stone		37.0	36.7	39.3	39.3	_	29.5	29.0	31.6	31.7	_
Sand and gravel		35.4	35.5	39.1	39.0	-	_	_	-	-	_
Chemical and fertilizer minerals	147	20.6	20.9	21.7	21.8	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Construction		4,273	4,285	4,670	4,654	4,651	3,343	3,359	3,682	3,671	3,6 67
General building contractors	15	1,100,1	1,105.0	1,214.9	1,201.9	1,195.9	828.3	831.7	917.6	904.5	_
Residential building construction		539.4	534.3	588.0	578.0	-	396.1	390.8	430.8	420.9	-
Operative builders		60.3	61.4	65.5	64.8	_	34.0	35.0	35.9	34.8	-
Nonresidential building construction		500.4	509.3	561.4	559.1	-	3 98.2	405.9	450.9	448.8	-
Heavy construction contractors	16	869.3	870.8	865.9	863.6	_	712.7	716.6	718.0	717.4	_
Highway and street construction		285.4	282.9	302.9	300.4	_	245.1	242.4	260.3	257.7	_
Heavy construction, except highway		583.9	587.9	563.0	563.2	-	467.6	474.2	457.7	459.7	-
Special trade contractors	17	2,303.6	2,308.9	2,589.1	2,588.4	-	1,801.6	1,810.5	2,046.5	2,049.1	_
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		521.9		563.3	562.8	-	378.8	383.5	417.5	417.3	-
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		144.2	143.8	162.6	161.1	-	121.2	121.1	138.7	136.6	-
Electrical work	173	423.4	423.3	460.7	462.4	- :	324.2	324.1	352.1	354.9	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		357.7	357.8	409.2	417.3	-	304.9		349.0	357.1	-
Carpentering and flooring		128.9		141.0	137.5	-	98.2	99.6	107.9	104.4	-
Roofing and sheet metal work	176	179.2	181.7	203.3	204.1	-	144.3	147.1	166.3	167.2	-
Manufacturing		18,971	19,052	19,850	19,904	19,838	13 ,014	13,082	13,641	13,716	13,662
Durable goods		11,047	11,140	11,760	11,830	11,819	7,399	7,482	7,919	7,996	7,988
Lumber and wood products		706.1	702.8	736.7	730.9	724.5	593.3	1	620.3	614.5	607.3
Logging camps and logging contractors		91.2		90.8	90.3	- '	72.4	71.6	71.7	70.9	-
Sawmills and planing mills		206.5		214.7	212.0		183.8		190.8	188.0	
Sawmills and planing mills, general	2421	172.4	170.4	178.3			153.8		159.1	156.5	
Hardwood dimension and flooring		29.5		30.8 226.7			25.9 177.6		26.9 190.1		-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork	243	79.5		226.7 84.7	84.6	_	64.6		69.3	69.2	
Wood kitchen cabinets		54.0		60.9		-	43.4				
Hardwood veneer and plywood		23.8				-	20.9		22.0		
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	36.9		36.5			33.3			33.2	
Wood containers		39.4		42.6			33.4			35.7	
Wood buildings and mobile homes		77.3				_	60.9				
						r					
Mobile homes	2451	57.0	56.4	57.3	56.5	-	46.3	45.8	46.8	45.9	-

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry---Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p
Ourable goods—Continued											
Furniture and fixtures		461.1	467.1	483.5	485.9	491.0	368.1	373.4	385.6		393.
Household furniture		282.2		282.5		-	234.8	238.7	235.4		-
Wood household furniture		126.4		126.2	126.1	- '	109.6	111.1	109.5		-
Upholstered household furniture		88.2		89.6	89.8	-	71.8	73.3	73.2		-
Metal household furniture		25.2			25.3	-	20.0	21.3	19.0		
Mattresses and bedsprings		30.0		1	29.8	- ,	22.9	22.6	23.2		-
Office furniture		59.6		68.6	69.3	- '	46.3	46.8	52.7		-
Public building and related furniture		24.1		25.7	25.9	-	17.6	17.8	19.6	(1
Partitions and fixtures Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		62.0 33.2		69.2 37.5	69.6 37.5	<u>-</u>	46.5 22.9	47.0 23.1	51.6 26.3		-
Stone, clay, and glass products	22	599.0	599.9	621.4	622.0	620.9	462.1	463.0	480.2	481.1	480
Flat glass	32	16.3		15.8	16.0	- 020.9	12.9	12.9	12.5	1	400
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		106.8		98.8	99.8] -	90.5	90.1	84.1	1	_
Glass containers		58.0		52.1	51.4	_	51.1	50.4	46.2	1	1
Pressed and blown glass, nec		48.8	49.0	46.7	48.4	-	39.4	39.7	37.9		1 -
Products of purchased glass		46.7	47.6	50.2	50.4	-	31.5	32.5	35.2		_
Cement, hydraulic		26.2		26.8	26.5	_	20.6	20.5	21.1	20.7	_
Structural clay products		38.0	38.1	40.1	39.7	- '	29.2	29.5	31.2	1	_
Pottery and related products		40.5	40.8	42.0	42.3	-	31.9	32.4	33.4		_
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		199.0	198.3	214.7	213.4	-	155.5	154.3	168.1	167.1	_
Concrete block and brick	3271	18.3	18.2	20.0	19.7	-	12.7	12.4	13.7	13.4	_
Concrete products, nec		65.8	65.7	72.1	72.1	-	49.8	49.6	54.9	55.3	-
Ready-mixed concrete		97.1	96.5	104.0	103.1	-	78.6	78.0	84.8	83.9	-
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		114.6	1	1		-	81.4	82.1	85.6	86.8	-
Abrasive products		22.8	1		24.7	-	15.1	15.3	16.5		
Asbestos products		12.3	1	1	12.7 28.1	-	9.2	9.3	9.4 -	9.8	-
		0547	057.5	990.4	060.1	000.0	641.0	645.0	660.1	660.0	656
Primary metal industries		854.7 346.2	857.5 345.9	880.4 336.8	869.1 325.1	862.6 320.9	641.9 261.7	645.3 262.2	669,1 258,8	660.2 248.7	656
Blast furnaces and steel mills		279.6	279.4	267.4	255.7	320.9	212.4	212.8	206.9	196.7	_
Steel pipe and tubes		24.7	24.7	25.4	25.0	-	17.9	18.0	18.6	1	-
Iron and steel foundries		146.1	146.3		158.9	_	113.2	113.5	126.7		_
Gray iron foundries		94.1	94.6	102.1	99.9	_	75.2	75.8	83.0	81.4	I .
Malleable iron foundries		11.6		11.9	11.9		8.4	8.6	8.7	8.7	_
Steel foundries, nec		30.1		33.5		_	22.4	21.8	25.6		i
Primary nonferrous metals		52.0	52.6	53.8	53.3	_	38.0	38.6	39.3		1
Primary aluminum		27.3	27.9	29.2	28.8	_	20.9	21.5	22.5		_
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		186.1	186.5	190.7	192.7	-	132.1	132.1	134.8	136.9	-
Copper rolling and drawing	3351	25.9	26.0	26.6	26.8	-	19.2	19.3	19.7	19.9	-
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		30.5	30.7	31.0	30.9	-	23.8	23.8	23.0	22.9	_
Nonferrous wire drawing and irrsulating		79.7	80.2	81.4	82.9	-	56.1	56.6	58.1	59.6	-
Nonferrous foundries		81.7	82.7	90.8	91.4	-	65.7	66.7	73.3		-
Aluminum foundries	3361	49.1	49.8	56.1	56.2	-	40.5	41.1	46.2	46.2	-
Fabricated metal products		1,406.5			1,504.1	1,504.9	1,027.1	1,038.2		1,114.6	
Metal cans and shipping containers		62.4	60.9		60.7	-	52.7	51.3	52.5		
Metal cans	I	49.9	48.7	49.3		-	43.0	41.9	42.6	1	
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware		140.8				-	103.6	104.7	108.8	110.4	-
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades		44.2	44.3		46.9	_	32.1	32.5	34.3	34.5	-
Hardware, necPlumbing and heating, except electric		83.0 63.1	83.5 64.0		87.7 65.7		62.3 44.8	62.9 45.7	65.4 47.5	66.6 47.3	-
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		24.8	25.2			_	18.6	19.0	20.8	20.2	-
Heating equipment, except electric		29.1	29.4		29.7	-	19.6	19.9	19.7	20.0	-
Fabricated structural metal products		438.9	442.6		468.5	_	298.5	301.1	321.1	324.9	_
Fabricated structural metal		78.0				-	54.2	54.5	57.9	59.3	_
Metal doors, sash, and trim		86.7	87.1	93.5	93.4	-	64.2	64.6	69.0	69.1	-
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		104.8	105.6	106.5	107.2	- 1	60.2	60.7	63.3	63.9	-
Sheet metal work		109.1	110.3	117.9	119.5	-	79.4	80.3	87.3	88.6	_
	3446	27.3	27.3	27.6	27.9		18.9	18.9	19.8	19.9	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		,AII	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984
Durable goods—Continued											
Fabricated metal products—Continued		İ			j						j
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		86.4	87.9	95.6	96.5	-	64.8	66.1	73.2	74.5	-
Screw machine products		40.5	41.2	46.3	46.6		32.2	32.8	37.7	38.1	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		45.9	46.7	49.3	49.9	1	32.6	33.3	35.5	36.4	ļ -
Metal forgings and stampings		236.3	239.7	254.9	259.8	-	188.5	191.7	203.8	i	j -
Iron and steel forgings		31.0		33.6	34.4	-	23.3	23.9	25.7	26.5	-
Automotive stampings Metal stampings, nec		90.9	92.9	97.4 112.6	100.9	-	77.7 79.1	79.4 80.0	82.8 86.9	86.3 87.2	-
Metal services, nec		96.6		103.7	103.9	_	76.5	77.9		83.5	-
Plating and polishing		66.0	i	1	71.6	-	53.3	54.6	58.5	58.4	! [
Metal coating and allied services		30.6		31.8	32.3	l	23.2	•		25.1	_
Ordnance and accessories, nec		65.0			67.9		41.5	41.5	44.5	44.5	_
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		29.7	30.0	1	31.2	_	19.0	19.2	20.6	20.9	_
Misc. fabricated metal products		217.0	218.9	231.6		-	156.2	158.2	168.7	169.7	_
Valves and pipe fittings	3494	81.6	81.9	86.7	86.5	-	53.7	54.1	58.5	58.6	-
Misc. fabricated wire products	3496	53.8	54.7	56.0	56.7	! -	41.0	41.8	42.6	43.2	-
Machinery, except electrical		2,062.6		2,234.1		2,251.1	1,223.8	1,232.5	1,357.3	1,373.5	1,375
Engines and turbines		97.6				-	56.3	57.4		69.9	
Turbines and turbine generator sets		34.7			34.7	-	16.7	17.3	17.2	17.2	-
Internal combustion engines, nec		62.9		i	78.7	-	39.6	40.1	52.1	52.7	-
Farm and garden machinery	352	109.7	108.5 88.2	:	1	-	71.5	70.5		75.0	
Farm machinery and equipment Construction and related machinery		255.5	l .	1	91.9 282.1	<u>-</u>	57.4 148.8	56.1 150.3	60.2 173.2	59.6 176.1	-
Construction machinery		89.9		95.3	1	į.	50.0	50.4	58.6	59.6	_
Mining machinery		20.6		24.8	25.0	-	11.7	11.5	14.8	15.2	
Oil field machinery		68.2	1	1	77.5	i _	42.2	43.0	49.3	50.2	
Conveyors and conveying equipment		26.8	i	29.9		-	13.9	14.2	16.1	16.3	1
Industrial trucks and tractors		25.6			28.8		16.2	16.5	19.5	19.5	_
Metalworking machinery		281.9	284.8	311.4	316.6	_	196.3	199.6	221.1	226.3	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types		51.7	51.7	56.5	57.7	-	29.8	30.1	34.4	35.6	-
Machine tools, metal forming types	3542	17.4	17.6	19.1	19.5	-	10.2	10.4	11.7	12.1	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		122.3		133.8	136.4	-	94.7	96.3	105.0	107.0	1
Machine tool accessories		51.9		59.1	59.8	-	35.4	36.5	41.5	42.4	-
Power driven hand tools		22.7		25.1	25.4	-	16.5	16.7	17.3	17.8	-
Special industry machinery		161.3	,	169.1	171.4	-	94.8	95.9	101.0	103.1	-
Food products machinery Textile machinery		36.7		36.2 20.6		_	22.4 13.8	22.4 14.1	22.1 14.2	22.5 14.2	_
Printing trades machinery		32.9		33.8		_	18.8	18.9	19.4	20.6	_
General industrial machinery		256.5		1	282.3		159.8	160.4	180.0	181.8	I .
Pumps and pumping equipment		49.7	!		i	:	28.0	27.8	31.7	31.9	
Ball and roller bearings		44.8	,		50.8	_	33.3	33.8	37.1	38.0	
Air and gas compressors		23.0				i	11.8	11.9	13.4	13.5	
Blowers and fans		32.3	32.6	34.7	34.6	l -	19.8	19.7	21.7	21.6	-
Speed changers, drives, and gears		19.2			i	-	12.2	12.7	14.0	14.2	-
Power transmission equipment, nec		16.7			!	-	11.2	11.1	13.5	13.9	-
Office and computing machines		487.5					197.2	197.6	204.2	202.2	i
Electronic computing equipment		421.4				i	163.8	165.1	170.3	167.6	
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	166.4		183.7 129.3		-	114.9 81.9	115.9	129.0	130.1 93.7	-
Refrigeration and heating equipment	3500	116.9 246.2				<u>-</u>	184.2	82.6 184.9	92.6 206.0	209.0	_
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		35.7					28.5	27.2	31.1	31.9	
Machinery, except electrical, nec		210.5	!	1	!		155.7	157.7	174.9	177.1	
Electrical and electronic equipment	! 36	2,076.5	2,097.7	2,266.6	2,281.6	2,275.8	1,271.9	1,288.9	1,393.7	1,409.4	1,40
Electric distributing equipment		109.9					78.3	77.8	84.7	84.9	-
Transformers		48.7					34.0	33.4	38.4	38.3	-
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	¦3613	61.2					44.3		46.3	46.6	-
Electrical industrial apparatus		200.9				1	139.9	142.4		151.7	-
Motors and generators		100.2				¦ -	77.1	78.5		81.1	
Industrial controls		62.8				-	37.4	38.2	42.1	42.1	
Household appliances		148.3	1	1	:	-	116.1		118.4	124.8	
Household refrigerators and freezers		28.6	:	1	1		23.1		18.6	23.8	1
Household laundry equipment		19.6					15.2			16.3	
Electric housewares and fans	3034	44.0	44.2	45.4	45.7	-	33.7	34.0	35.5	35.7	-

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers1	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p
Purable goods—Continued											
Electrical and electronic equipment—Continued											
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		191.4	193.7	206.5	207.5	-	140.9	142.6	150.9	151.8	-
Electric lamps		28.2	28.3	29.5	29.4	-	24.5	24.6	25.5	25.4	-
Current-carrying wiring devices		79.7	80.7	88.7	88.6	- 1	53.7	54.2		59.0	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		17.6	17.5	17.7	18.1	- j	12.9	12.8	12.6	13.0	
Residential lighting fixtures		25.9 88.9	27.0 89.8	27.2 92.1	27.5 92.3	-	19.8 61.7	20.8 62.5	20.7 64.1	20.9 64.4	1
Radio and TV receiving equipment Radio and TV receiving sets		69.1	69.1	72.0	72.0	-	46.9	47.1	49.3	49.3	
Communication equipment		578.3	581.6	623.6		-	262.3	264.6	285.3	288.2	
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		141.5	143.2	154.4		_	89.8	91.2	99.3	100.0	!
Radio and TV communication equipment		436.8	438.4	469.2	471.5	- i	172.5	173.4	186.0	188.2	
Electronic components and accessories		605.3	614.7	705.2	706.6	-	361.6	368.2	426.1	427.2	-
Electronic tubes	3671-3	39.8	39.9	42.2		-	24.9	24.8	26.0	26.1	} -
Semiconductors and related devices	3674	239.6	242.3	281.4	284.1	-	102.8	104.0	122.6	124.6	-
Electronic components, nec		249.7	255.2	291.1	291.1	-	176.4	181.0	208.1	207.7	į.
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		153.5	156.7	159.9		i - i	111.1	113.9	114.0	l	1
Storage batteries Engine electrical equipment		30.6 59.5	31.6 61.5	31.0 64.6	:	_	24.4 46.7	25.3 48.4	24.0 50.2	24.6 51.4	1
		33.3	01.5	04.0		İ	40.7	10.4	30.2	31.4	_
Transportation equipment	37	1,800.3				, ,	1,139.1		1,216.8		1,250
Motor vehicles and equipment		801.9	824.4	861.4		879.5	611.9	633.4	657.1	680.7	-
Motor vehicles and car bodies Truck and bus bodies		371.2 35.5	383.9 35.7	384.2 41.6	i	_	272.7 27.2	285.1 27.5	280.0 32.7	292.8 33.2	1
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		355.7	364.1	385.3	1	_	281.0	289.1	304.4		
Truck trailers		25.5	26.2	34.0		_	19.6	20.0	26.8		
Aircraft and parts		576.2	577.5	594.9		_ :	276.7	278.4	279.5	!	
Aircraft		305.3	306.6	316.9		_	128.5	i	130.0		i
Aircraft engines and engine parts		139.7	139.4	141.3		_	72.9	72.8	72.0	76.5	
Aircraft equipment, nec		131.2	131.5	136.7	139.0	- 1	75.3	75.4	77.5	80.2	-
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	185.7	194.3	208.2	206.9	-	140.0	148.6	157.0	156.8	-
Ship building and repairing		142.6	150.5	158.6		-	104.6		116.5	116.4	!
Boat building and repairing		43.1	43.8	49.6		-	35.4	35.9	40.5	40.4	1
Railroad equipment		32.1	32.3	37.9	1	-	20.8	21.0	26.5	27.7	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		142.6	143.3	156.1	157.2	- 1	46.6	46.3	52.8	54.2	i
Guided missiles and space vehicles		110.6	111.1	120.6	1	- [35.2	34.8	40.1	41.2	
Miscellaneous transportation equipment Travel trailers and campers		47.4 21.1	47.4 20.8	49.0 21.0		_	32.5 16.6	32.5 16.5	33.2 16.5	33.8 16.6	
Instrumento and related as divide	00	700.0	700.0	700.0	700.1	700 5	205.4	206.7	404.0	405.0	400
Instruments and related products Engineering and scientific instruments		700.3 76.3	702.3 76.9	728.3 81.0		729.5 -	395.4 35.3	396.7 35.3	404.0 35.8	1	1
Measuring and controlling devices		235.1	236.8	254.6			138.6	140.1	146.0	146.3	
Environmental controls		43.8	44.4	46.5	,	_	28.6	29.1	29.6		1
Process control instruments		52.0	52.0	54.9		_	24.6	24.6	26.9	26.5	
Instruments to measure electricity		98.7	99.2	108.9	108.7	-	58.1	58.7	60.6	60.5	i -
Optical instruments and lenses	383	33.0	33.2	31.8	31.9	-	17.0	17.2	16.7	17.1	-
Medical instruments and supplies		172.9	172.6	175.9	174.9	-	105.7	105.2	105.5	105.5	
Surgical and medical instruments		86.4	85.6	84.8	83.8	-	50.6	49.9	47.8	47.6	
Surgical appliances and supplies		72.3	72.7	76.4		- 1	46.9	47.1	49.4	49.4	
Ophthalmic goods		39.3	39.8	41.2		- i	27.1		27.3		
Photographic equipment and supplies Watches, clocks, and watchcases		127.5 16.2	127.0 16.0	127.2 16.6		_	60.4 11.3	60.5 11.0	61.0 11.7	60.7 11.8	
		070.4	0000	000.0	007.5	400 5	070.4	000.7	000.0	000.5	000
Miscellaneous manufacturing Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		379.4 54.4	386.8 55.9	393.9 52.3		400.5	276.1 38.6	282.7 40.1	288.8 36.1	292.5 37.4	
Jewelry, precious metal		36.6	38.0	34.5		<u>-</u>	26.0		23.5	24.9	,
Musical instruments		17.7	17.8	17.7	17.9	[_]	14.0		13.9	14.0	
Toys and sporting goods		111.6	114.1	124.7	125.3	_	81.8	83.8	94.6	96.1	
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		59.3	60.5	66.2		-	42.2	43.1	49.5	50.5	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		52.3	53.6	58.5	58.9	-	39.6	40.7	45.1	45.6	-
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		32.4	32.6	33.8		-	22.5		23.1	23.0	
Costume jewelry and notions		38.1	40.1	37.3	37.9	- ;	29.3	31.4	28.4	28.9	
Costume jewelry		20.7	22.5	20.7	21.0	-	15.9	17.8	15.8	16.1	4
Miscellaneous manufactures		125.2	126.3	128.1		- !	89.9		92.7	93.1	
Signs and advertising displays	3993	47.1	48.0	51.6	53.0	- !	33.1	33.9	36.7	37.7	i -

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	ction wor	kers¹	
Industry	StC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p
iondurable goods		7,924	7,912	8,090	8,074	8,019	5,615	5,600	5,722	5,720	5,67
Food and kindred products		1,723.7	1,679.7	1,733.9	1,730.8	1,688.5	1,212.8	1,173.5	1,226.5	1,225.6	1,188
Meat products		353.3	355.4	360.5	359.6	-	295.3	297.8	303.4	302.6	-
Meat packing plants		146.5	147.7	145.5	146.4	-	119.3	120.9	120.5	121.5	-
Sausages and other prepared meats		72.7	72.5	73.1	71.2	-	54.1	53.9	54.0	52.0	-
Poultry dressing plants		116.5	117.3	124.3	124.1	-	106.3	107.2	113.3	113.1	-
Dairy products		166.5	164.9	167.4	164.2	-	96.5	95.1	98.0	95.4	-
Cheese, natural and processed		38.0	38.2	37.5	36.8	- 1	29.1	29.2	28.5	27.9	-
Fluid milk		89.7	89.2	89.4	88.7	-	41.8	41.4	43.2	42.7	-
Preserved fruits and vegetables		308.5	258.5	313.1	314.8	-	264.7	217.3	269.3	270.8	-
Canned specialties	2032	27.8 142.5	26.9 96.3	28.1 145.5	29.1 139.6	- 1	21.4	20.4 81.2	21.2 128.7	22.2 122.9	-
Canned fruits and vegetables			53.9		1	_	125.1				
Frozen fruits and vegetables		57.2 132.8	131.5	54.1 129.7	60.1 130.2		50.0 89.6	46.9 88.8	48.0 87.3	53.8 88.6	
Grain mill products Flour and other grain mill products	204	25.5	25.3	24.2	24.5	-	15.2	15.0	14.4	15.1	-
Prepared feeds, nec	2041	48.2	47.8	46.9	47.0		30.7	30.3	29.6	29.9	-
Bakery products	205	217.2	215.8	213.3	213.4	_	129.3	128.6	127.0	127.6	
Bread, cake, and related products		172.2	171.9	169.0	168.7	_	93.1	93.4	91.7	91.8	1
Cookies and crackers		45.0	43.9	44.3	44.7	_	36.2	35.2	35.3		
Sugar and confectionery products	206	104.0	114.7	101.2	105.9	_	80.8	90.6	77.9	82.4	
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	26.1	34.2	23.5		_	20.2	27.3	18.2	20.6	Į.
Confectionery products	2065	57.8	60.8	57.0	5	_	47.0	50.1	45.7	47.9	١.
Fats and oils	207	38.7	40.2	38.8	38.7		28.5	29.9	28.3	28.3	
Beverages	208	230.3		231.4			98.7	97.5	100.2	98.4	Ι.
Mait beverages		49.1	48.7	49.3	48.0		29.3	29.3	30.7	29.4	١.
Bottled and canned soft drinks		132.7	130.9	136.1	134.2	_	42.7	41.7	44.7	43.7	Ι.
Misc. food and kindred products		172.4	170.7	178.5		-	129.4	127.9	135.1	131.5	ļ .
Tobacco manufactures	21	72.5	72.9	68.3	72.9	73.4	56.3	56.6	51.9	56.8	ے ا
Cigarettes		46.3	46.4	45.0			34.6	34.6	33.4	33.5	5
Textile mill products	22	761.0	764.9	754.3	752.6	741.6	659.0	662.2	651.9	651.5	64
Weaving mills, cotton		125.7	126.2	121.3		_	112.4	112.6	108.4	109.7	
Weaving mills, synthetics	222	93.5	93.7	92.1	92.3	_	83.9	84.0	82.0	82.1	í
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		18.3	18.3	18.6		_	15.4	15.4	15.6	15.6	1
Narrow fabric mills		22.4	22.7	23.0		_ '	19.3	19.6	19.7	19.8	
Knitting mills		209.9	211.0	208.6		_	182.2	183.3	181.7	179.8	
Women's hosiery, except socks	2251	34.3	34.8	34.5		_	30.8	31.3	30.9	29.9	
Hosiery, nec	2252	35.9	35.6	35.5	35.0	- :	32.3	32.1	31.8	31.4	١.
Knit outerwear mills		64.0	64.3			_	55.2	55.5	54.6	54.5	
Knit underwear mills		30.7	31.0	30.5	30.4	-	26.0	26.4	26.2	26.2	
Circular knit fabric mills		25.2	25.6	25.3	25.2	-	21.3	21.6	21.7	21.6	
Textile finishing, except wool	226	64.3	64.7	63.6	63.2	-	53.8	54.1	53.3	53.2	
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	25.4	25.5	24.8	24.7	-	21.2	21.3	20.7	20.9	١.
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	23.8	24.0	23.4	23.4	-	19.8	20.0	19.5	19.5	
Floor covering mills	227	50.3	50.9	54.1		-	40.5	40.9	43.7	44.3	
Yarn and thread mills		114.7	114.7	111.3		-	102.4	102.6	98.7	98.2	
Yarn mills, except wool	2281	78.5	78.9	76.4		-	70.7	71.2	68.5	68.7	٠
Throwing and winding mills	2282	18.2		17.7		-	16.3	16.1	15.8	15.2	
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	61.9	62.7	61.7	61.6	-	49.1	49.7	48.8	48.8	
Apparel and other textile products		1,192.3				1,196.2					
Men's and boys' suits and coats		71.3				-	62.2	62.9	63.5	63.8	
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	335.0	I	1		-	286.9	288.9	300.1	296.8	i
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		96.8				!	83.4	84.0	87.7	87.4	1
Men's and boys' separate trousers		63.9				i -	55.5	55.8	59.8		
Men's and boys' work clothing	2328	102.1				-	86.4	87.1	88.2	86.5	
Women's and misses' outerwear		392.0	II .		1	-	331.9	335.4	324.3	320.8	
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		60.2					51.2	51.5	49.8		
Women's and misses' dresses		124.7				1	107.0	109.4	102.0	100.8	1
Women's and misses' suits and coats		61.1		60.2	1	-	51.3	50.6	49.9	49.2	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		146.0	148.6	147.0	144.9	-	122.4	123.9	122.6	121.4	1 .

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	ction wo	rkers1	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oc 198
Nondurable goods—Continued						-					<u> </u>
Apparel and other textile products-Continued	İ									ŀ	ļ
Women's and children's undergarments		87.0	88.1	88.3	87.4	- 1	73.5	74.5	73.9	73.5	į .
Women's and children's underwear		70.5	71.5	72.2	71.6	-	61.3	62.2	61.9	61.8	ļ.
Brassieres and allied garments	2342	16.5	16.6	16.1	15.8	-	12.2	12.3	12.0	11.7	i c
Children's outerwear		60.7	61.4	62.9	62.8	-	51.8	52.3	52.9	53.1	
Children's dresses and blouses		25.3	25.3	25.5	25.5	-	22.4	22.3	22.4	22.4	•
Misc. apparel and accessories		47.9	48.2	48.5	48.6	-	39.8	40.3	40.2	40.4	1
Misc. fabricated textile products		178.7	180.8	179.7		-	147.8	149.8	147.8		
Curtains and draperies		26.2	26.7 53.5	26.1 52.4			21.6	22.0	21.3	21.5 45.4	
House furnishings, nec Automotive and apparel trimmings		32.8	33.2	31.9	32.8	-	44.3 27.3	45.4 27.5	44.7 26.1	27.2	·
Paper and allied products	26	669.2	670.7	690.6	685.3	685.9	501.4	502.8	518.6	514.4	5
Paper and pulp mills		201.2	201.5	207.6	204.4	_	151.5	151.7	156.7	153.1	-
Paper mills, except building paper		175.3	175.3	181.4	178.3	_ ,	130.5	130.3	135.2	131.8	1
Paperboard mills		58.6	59.1	59.7	59.1	- '	45.1	45.3	45.8	45.4	ļ
Misc. converted paper products		215.2	215.9	226.3	223.8	-	156.1	156.5	164.5	162.9	j
Paper coating and glazing		55.9	55.8	58.8	58.4	-	36.2	36.0	38.2	37.6	ļ
Envelopes		24.8	25.1	25.5	25.7	-	19.3	19.4	19.7	19.9	1
Bags, except textile bags		47.8	48.1	49.1	49.4	1	37.1	37.6	38.3	38.7	:
Paperboard containers and boxes		194.2	194.2	197.0			148.7		151.6	153.0	
Folding paperboard boxes		41.5	41.5	41.3	41.6		32.5		32.4		
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes Sanitary food containers		99.8 23.3	100.3 22.8	102.6 23.4			74.6 18.9	75.1 18.8	76.9 19.4	77.2 19.1	
Printing and publishing	i	1,302.2	1,310.9	1,367.1	1,372.5	1,377.8	714.0	719.9	752.6	! 758.7	7
Newspapers	271	431.3	434.3	443.8	445.4	1,077.0	161.7	163.4	167.1	!	<i>'</i>
Periodicals		100.0	100.4	105.2	104.8	-	21.8	21.9	24.3	24.2	l
Books		94.5	94.7	101.1	100.7	ĺ <u>-</u>	45.5	45.3	48.8	48.1	
Book publishing		70.4	71.1	74.7	74.9	-	26.1	26.4	27.4	27.4	
Book printing		24.1	23.6	26.4	25.8	i - '	19.4	18.9	21.4	20.7	
Miscellaneous publishing	274	53.7	53.2	56.3	56.1	-	28.8	28.6	30.4	30.3	!
Commercial printing		440.4	444.5	469.7	474.0	-	323.1	326.4	343.4	348.1	ļ
Commercial printing, letterpress		151.7	152.5	163.0	163.2	i - '	113.0	113.6	120.8	121.6	
Commercial printing, lithographic		264.4	267.7	281.4	285.3	-	190.7	193.5	202.3	205.9	
Manifold business forms		47.8	48.1	48.4	48.7] -	33.0	33.3	33.4	33.8	
Blankbooks and bookbinding Printing trade services		66.1 44.6	66.6 45.0	70.7 46.0	70.7 46.4	<u>-</u>	53.5 33.2	54.0 33.5	57.2 33.5	57.4 34.1	
Chemicals and allied products	28	1.048.9	1,047.0	1,071.5	1,064.7	1,062.2	582.0	580.7	593.4	590.4	5
Industrial inorganic chemicals		154.2	154.1	158.0	158.0		77.5	77.6	79.8	79.9	
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		104.6	104.8	108.4	108.8	i - '	53.8	53.9	55.9	56.4	
Plastics materials and synthetics		176.9	176.4	178.1	175.6	-	115.1	114.6	117.5	115.7	
Plastics materials and resins	2821	74.7	74.8	78.1	76.8	-	43.4	43.4	46.3	45.4	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		72.0	71.6	70.0	69.2	-	50.5	50.2	49.3	48.6	
Drugs		200.3	200.0	201.6	199.2	-	97.5	97.7	91.9	90.6	
Pharmaceutical preparations		158.5	158.2	161.4	159.7	-	75.6	75.8	74.4		
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	204	146.7 43.6	144.9 43.4	151.5 43.9	151.6 43.7	¦	92.8 28.5	91.1 28.3	97.7 28.8	98.4 28.9	
Toilet preparations		65.4	63.7	69.3			43.7	42.1	47.7		
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		37.7	37.8	38.3		_	20.6	20.7	21.2		
Paints and allied products		60.7	60.6	63.2	62.2	_	29.9	29.7	31.3		
Industrial organic chemicals		161.4	161.4	164.4	163.9	-	82.6	82.7	83.4		
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		33.2	33.2	33.3	33.1	-	19.8	19.8	20.1		
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec .	2861,9	128.2	128.2	131.1	130.8	-	62.8	62.9	63.3	63.7	
Agricultural chemicals		58.2	58.7	60.1	59.8	-	34.7	35.1	37.0	36.7	
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	90.5	90.9	94.6	94.4	_ 	51.9	52.2	54.8	54.8	
Petroleum and coal products		196.2	194.7	190.5	188.1	187.3	118.6	117.5	112.4	112.0	
Petroleum refining		156.3	155.4	150.8	148.6	-	89.7	88.9	83.8	83.2	
Paving and roofing materials	250	28.7	28.1	28.2	28.1	_	21.9	21.6	21.4	21.6	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972	-	All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers1	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											i I
Rubber and misc. plastics products		744.7	752.3	804.3	808.6	810.1	580.3		626.0		
Tires and inner tubes		96.4	96.9	102.3	102.9	-	69.1				
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	17.2	16.3	17.1	16.8	-	14.4	13.6	14.7	14.5	-
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose and belting	303,4	21.2	21.7	23.7	23.7	_	14.8	15.3	15.8	16.0	_
Fabricated rubber products, nec		103.6	105.0	109.3	109.7	-	79.9	81.0	84.3	84.8	_
Miscellaneous plastics products	307	506.3	512.4	551.9	555.5	-	402.1	407.2	439.2	442.0	-
Leather and leather products	31	213.7	213.5	201.9	199.1	196.2	179.6	179.5	169.0	165.7	163.3
Leather tanning and finishing		19.5	19.3	17.3	17.2	-	16.3				-
Footwear, except rubber		129.2	128.3	120.5	117.5	-	110.6	1			-
Men's footwear, except athletic		52.8	52.2	50.5	49.0	-	43.0			39.7	-
Women's footwear, except athletic		48.2	48.1	45.3	44.3	-	42.9			38.8	-
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		12.7 29.4	12.8 29.8	12.3 28.6		-	9.3 24.3			9.0 23.0	_
Transportation and public utilities		5,095	5,098	5,220	5,263	5,285	4,201	4,203	4,306	4,341	4,361
Transportation		2,815	2,821	2,924	2,986	3,014	_		_	_	_
·]								
Railroad transportation		385.0 355.4	385.6 356.0	378.0 348.8	377.0 348.5	-	-	-	- -	-	-
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	263.9	269.4	218.6	271.6	-	245.3	250.3	199.7	250.6	_
Local and suburban transportation	411	78.5	78.9	80.7	81.4	-	72.3	72.6	73.7	74.4	-
Taxicabs		38.8	38.8	37.8	37.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intercity highway transportation		40.1	38.5	38.8	39.8	-	36.9	35.0	35.9	36.9	-
School buses	415	86.9	92.5	42.4	92.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	1,254.2				-	1,093.1		1,160.8		-
Trucking and trucking terminals	421,3	1,168.0				-	1,020.8				-
Public warehousing	422	86.2	92.2	88.0	89.8	-	72.3	78.1	73.6	74.9	_
Water transportation	44	198.8	196.2	231.0	231.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local water transportation	445	30.0	29.1	31.7	31.3	- 1	-	-	-	-	_
Water transportation services	446	101.3	99.3	130.0	130.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation by air	45	462.2	455.4	490.5	492.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Air transportation	451,2	407.3	399.9	428.9	429.5	-	-	- 1	-	- 1	-
Air transportation services	458	54.9	55.5	61.6	62.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	20.4	20.3	21.3	21.1	-	14.5	14.4	15.1	14.9	-
Transportation services	47	230.0	230.3	254.9	257.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Freight forwarding	471	53.4	54.8	62.8	64.7	-	-	-	-	-	_
Communication and public utilities		2,281	2,277	2,296	2,277	2,271	_				-
Communication	48	1,394.2		1,393.2	1,385.1	-	1,059.9	1,057.3		1,047.4	-
Telephone communication	481		1,012.5	985.6	978.7	-	756.2	754.5	732.2	725.4	-
Radio and television broadcasting	483	226.2	225.5	231.4 111.8	231.4 111.4	-	181.9	181.4	186.5	187.0	-
Radio broadcasting Television broadcasting	4832	111.1 115.1	110.8 114.7	119.6	120.0	-	_ [-	_	_	_
		900 7	0045	902.6	901 7	_	707.7	705.3	720.3	707.9	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services	491	886.7 432.9	884.5 431.7	902.6 445.9	891.7 442.0	-	341.5	339.7	349.1	707.9 344.5	_
Gas production and distribution	492	172.3	172.4	175.0	171.4	-	137.4	137.4	138.5	134.6	-
Combination utility services	493	204.0	203.1	200.5	198.4	-	161.3	160.9	162.4	159.9	-
Sanitary services	495	53.9	54.0	56.9	56.0	-	48.2	48.3	50.2	49.3	-
Wholesale trade		5,317	5,344	5,571	5,602	5,637	4,277	4,300	4,493	4,522	4,552
Durable goods	50	3,098	3,118	3,291	3,295	3,312	2,469	2,485	2,640	2,643	-
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment)501	404.1	404.1	421.8	422.1	- }	317.3	318.1	339.6	339.6	-
Automobiles and other motor vehicles	∣5012	96.6	96.4	103.1	103.8	-	-	-	-	- [-
Automotive parts and supplies	6040	273.7	273.5	284.6	284.0	-	- 1	-	-	_	

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	1972		Al	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p
Wholesale trade—Continued											
Durable goods—Continued		1	l]			
Furniture and home furnishings		113.4	1			1	93.5	94.4	100.4	101.4	-
Furniture		48.4 65.0	48.5 66.0	50.3 69.3		_	_	-	-	_	-
Home furnishings Lumber and construction materials		194.3					160.6	161.6	170.8	171.4	_
Lumber, plywood, and millwork	5031	86.8		95.6		*	100.0	- 101.0	- 170.8	1/1.4	_
Construction materials, nec		107.5	1	I	i	,	_	_	_	_	_
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		72.3	1	i			58.1	57.8	61.2	61.3	_
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	128.4	128.8	133.5	133.5	-	102.6	102.5	107.5	107.9	-
Electrical goods		443.7					352.5	356.4	373.8	375.3	-
Electrical apparatus and equipment		238.5				-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical appliances, TV and radios	5064	71.0	I .	72.9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electronic parts and equipment	5065	134.2			1	1	1047	100.5		- 4	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment Hardware	5072	236.6	238.7 80.4	250.5 83.7		_	191.7	193.5	203.2	202.4	_
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies		98.1	99.5				-	! -	-	-	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	1,321.0	1			1 -	1,040.4	1,045.3	1,121.8	1,120.3	_
Commercial machines and equipment	5081	447.6		490.1		1		-,,,,,,,,,,	-,	.,.20.0	_
Construction and mining machinery		73.8	i				-	-	_	-	-
Farm machinery and equipment	5083	136.4	135.8	141.3	139.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial machinery and equipment	5084	290.7	294.1	314.1	313.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial supplies		125.7	125.7	135.9		-	-	-	-	-	-
Professional equipment and supplies	5086	150.0				-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous durable goods		184.6				1	152.7	155.8	162.0	163.4	-
Scrap and waste materials	5093	86.0	87.0	93.5	93.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nondurable goods		2,219				2,325	1,808	1,815	1,853	1,879	-
Paper and paper products		163.5		174.0		-	133.1	134.5	141.6	140.9	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		153.9		154.5		j -	128.9	128.9	127.7	128.5	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		171.9		178.9			129.5	129.5	132.8	132.6	-
Groceries and related products		695.5		725.1 232.1			600.2	603.3	623.0	630.0	-
Groceries, general line Meats and meat products		220.8	I .	_		-		_		_	_
Fresh fruits and vegetables		92.4	1			1	_	_	_	_	_
Chemicals and allied products		122.7					85.6	86.6	89.2	88.4	-
Petroleum and petroleum products		210.2			206.8		155.3	152.7	155.3	154.4	_
Petroleum bulk stations and terminals	5171	83.4	81.0	83.6	82.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Petroleum products, nec		126.8			124.0		-	-	-	-	-
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		148.8		1			125.2	125.3	130.4	128.8	-
Beer and ale		92.5				-	-	- 1	-	-	-
Wines and distilled beverages		56.3				-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous nondurable goods		403.1			416.8		326.6	325.1	332.4	340.0	-
Farm supplies		150.3	148.9	154.6	158.2	-	_	_	-	-	-
Retail trade		15,804	15,802	16,409	16,486	16,543	14,187	14,177	14,694	14,749	14,79
Building materials and garden supplies		632.1	631.1	666.1		-	532.8	531.8	564.5		-
Lumber and other building materials Hardware stores		335.5 149.5					285.3 126.7		302.9 133.5	297.8 132.6	_
	ì			İ							
General merchandise stores			2,186.0			2,359.7	2,002.7			1 '	-
Department stores		1,807.4	.,	1,920.0		_		1,743.6		1 '	-
Variety stores Misc. general merchandise stores		211.0 121.3			213.9 128.5	-	194.1 105.7	198.2 107.1	192.7 110.9	193.9 111.6	-
Food stores	54	2 501 0	2,595.2	2 642 4	2,662.8	2.684.2	2 200 0	2,413.4	2 4E2 0	2,475.3	
Grocery stores			2,595.2			2,004.2	2,396.9	,			<u>-</u>
Meat markets and freezer provisioners		58.7			57.5	_	_,,,,,,,,,,	_,/	_, 100.0	2,100.1	_
Dairy products stores		38.5			39.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Retail bakeries	1	143.7	1	147.9	151.1	-	131.3	132.6	133.6	136.9	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	1,699.4	1,701.6	1,778.6	1,769.7	1,770.5	1,432.6	1,434.6	1,496.0	1.484.6	_
New and used car dealers		777.5	780.5	826.1	825.9	.,. , 5.5	640.4	643.7	681.4	680.5	-
Auto and home supply stores		278.3	l .		288.0	_	240.3	241.5	243.1	241.3	-
Gasoline service stations	EE 4	567.5	566.9	578.3	575.1	_	490.5	489.5	503.4	498.9	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p
Retail trade—Continued											
Apparel and accessory stores	56	950.5	958.4	970.0	966.5	-	802.4	811.1	816.5	811.8	-
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		113.3	114.9	111.3	110.6	-	94.9	96.2	92.4	91.8	-
Women's ready-to-wear stores		345.8	349.0	358.8	357.1	- 1	293.0	297.8	303.9	302.7	-
Family clothing stores		173.9	175.8	180.2	179.5	-	151.9	153.4	156.7	155.9	-
Shoe stores	566	207.3	206.4	208.2	205.8	-	168.4	168.0	170.3	166.4	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	612.9	622.9	660.2	664.9	-	511.9	522.3	550.0	555.2	_
Furniture and home furnishings stores		364.8	370.5	381.9	383.5	-	304.0	309.9	318.2	320.2	-
Furniture stores		234.5	237.8	246.0	245.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household appliance stores		79.9	81.9	81.8	81.7	-	68.4	70.3	68.5	69.0	-
Radio, television, and music stores		168.2	170.5	196.5	199.7	-	139.5	142.1	163.3	166.0	-
Radio and television stores		110.2	112.5	133.0	135.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Music stores	5733	58.0	58.0	63.5	64.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eating and drinking places	58	5,206.7	5,093.6	5,400.8	5,410.8	5,302.6	4,789.9	4,670.0	4,952.8	4,958.8	-
Miscellaneous retail	59			2,031.3		-	1,715.7			1,779.6	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	505.2		536.0	540.9	-	448.3	448.7	470.5	474.7	-
Liquor stores		125.0	127.3	120.4	121.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		646.8	659.8	654.7	675.0	-	552.4	566.6	560.2	578.8	-
Sporting goods and bicycle shops	5941	111.9	114.3	112.2	117.5	-	-	-	-	_	-
Book stores	5942	64.9	64.5	60.6	69.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stationery stores	5943	63.9	64.4	67.7	68.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jewelry stores	5944	139.8	143.6	135.0	139.9	-	_	-	-	-	-
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	5947	114.8	113.5	120.8	117.5	-	-	-	. –	-	-
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods		62.1	64.4	66.5	68.4	-	-	-	-	_	-
Nonstore retailers		255.2	262.6	252.1	261.1	i - I	234.0	241.3	228.1	235.7	ì -
Mail order houses	5961	124.8	130.1	119.1	125.2	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Merchandising machine operators	5962	79.8	80.3	82.8	83.5	1 - 1	-	-	-	-	-
Fuel and ice dealers	598	99.1	101.6	102.7	104.5	_	81.3	83.7	85.0	86.5	-
Retail stores, nec	599	283.5	286.6	292.0	293.0	-	236.6	239.7	241.2	241.3	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate ³		5,522	5,508	5,760	5,707	5,709	4,108	4,097	4,297	4,238	4,24
Finance		2,768	2,770	2,881	2,863	2,872	-	_	-	-	_
Banking	60	1,666.2	1,664.2	1,702.8	1,687.8		1,239.9	1,236.8	1,266.0	1,248.5	_
Commercial and stock savings banks		1,511.4				_	1,119.9				_
State banks, Federal Reserve		333.0		340.8	338.3	_	-		_		_
State banks, not Federal Reserve	6023.4	379.9		390.5	386.0	_	_	_	ĺ _	_	_
Mutual savings banks		74.9	75.4	78.5	77.5	1		_		_] _
_		1	1	7 0.0		1					!
Credit agencies other than banks		642.1	644.3	692.4	690.8		489.3	490.7	528.8	525.6	-
Savings and loan associations	612	298.7	300.2	318.4	317.5		230.5	231.2	245.6	243.9	-
Federal savings and loan associations	6122	172.6	r	183.5	182.6		-	-	-	-	-
State associations, insured		117.3		125.4	125.4	1	-		-		-
Personal credit institutions		201.1	201.5	213.0	212.4	-	153.6	154.2	164.3	163.5	-
Business credit institutions Mortgage bankers and brokers	615 616	36.3 82.8		39.6 97.2	39.7 97.2		1 1		_	_	-
	1	1			0400]		<u> </u>
Security, commodity brokers, and services Security brokers and dealers	621	321.6 263.0	1	343.7 280.3	343.0 280.1	[_		-	-	_
, i			1								
Holding and other investment offices	0/	137.7	139.0	142.4	141.2		-	_	_	-	-
Insurance		1,722	1,722	1,768	1,763	1,768	-	-	_	-	-
Insurance carriers	63	1,233.7	1,234.7	1,251.6	1,247.2	-	830.1	830.5	849.9	846.8	-
Life insurance	631	540.2		537.7	535.5		321.9	322.3	327.1	325.9	-
Medical service and health insurance		146.2		155.7	156.2		116.8	117.2	124.8	125.4	-
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		469.6		474.6	472.6	-	329.2	328.4	331.6	330.0	-
Title insurance		43.2	1	46.1	45.4		-	-	-	-	-

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p
Finance, insurance, and real estate—Continued											
Real estate, and combined real estate, insurance, etc	-	1,033	1,016	1,111	1,081	1,069	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate		1,017.4	1,000.2	1,094.6	1,064.7	_	-	-	-	_	_
Real estate operators and lessors		492.8		519.0		-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate agents and managers		372.5	366.9	407.2		-	-	-	-	-	ļ -
Subdividers and developers	. 655	127.9	124.1	140.6	134.9	-	_	-	-	-	-
Combined real estate, insurance, etc	. 66	15.1	15.3	16.2	16.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services		19,963	20,027	20,893	20,953	21,061	17,701	17,745	18,490	18,541	18,64
Hotels and other lodging places	. 70	1,211.2	1,181.8	1,398.6	1,313.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts	. 701	1,170.3	1,150.4	1,317.1	1,269.9	-	1,065.6	1,044.2	1,194.7	1,151.1	-
Personal services	. 72	944.3	954.0	977.3	991.7	-	_	_	-	_	-
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	. 721	350.7	352.2	358.0			311.2	313.2	319.2	322.2	-
Photographic studios, portrait	. 722	53.4	57.1	54.4	58.6	1	_		_		-
Beauty shops Funeral service and crematories		301.5 72.4	302.7 72.4	318.5 72.8	322.6 73.1	-	278.2	279.0 -	289.2	291.7	-
							0.46= -	0.00= -			
Business services	. /3	3,665.2				4,157.5			3,590.6	1 '	
AdvertisingAdvertising agencies	. 731	172.5 130.8	172.6 131.0	177.5 135.6	177.2 135.1	-	130.1	130.7	134.5	133.6	-
Credit reporting and collection		75.9		80.1	80.1	_	_	_	_	-	_
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic		148.0		157.2		_	_	_	_	_	_
Services to buildings		570.0	1	621.9		-	519.3	520.9	567.3	569.9	-
Personnel supply services	. 736	691.4	708.2	860.9	869.7		-	-	-	_	_
Employment agencies	. 7361	141.6		169.2	173.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Temporary help supply services		518.6		655.2		-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer and data processing services		425.2		482.3		_	356.7	363.8	404.1	401.8	_
Computer programming and software Data processing services		142.8 220.3	143.8 226.4	159.0 252.7	159.8 252.3	-	-	-	- -	-	_
Miscellaneous business services	739	1,574.3	1,589.2	1,717.7	1,713.8	-	_	_	_	i _	_
Research development laboratories, nec		173.7		185.4	1 '	_	_	_	_	_	_
Management and public relations		408.8		455.4	1	_	_	l –	_	-	_
Detective and protective services	. 7393	370.8		392.2	395.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment rental and leasing	. 7394	135.2	135.6	148.0	147.8	-	-	-	-	_	_
Photofinishing laboratories	. 7395	80.8	80.5	81.3	81.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auto repair, services, and garages		629.4	630.3	687.9		-	530.5	532.5	580.4	584.9	-
Automotive rentals, without drivers		128.0		136.1	136.4	-	- -			<u>-</u>	-
Automotive repair shops	753	389.1	389.7	425.8	426.9	-	323.8	325.3	354.5	355.3	-
Miscellaneous repair services		291.8		308.0	ſ	-	243.4	242.8	257.6	260.3	-
Electrical repair shops	. 762	86.9	87.0	86.8	86.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motion pictures	. 78	225.1	218.2	230.9	223.8	-	195.0	187.4	199.3	192.4	_
Motion picture production and services	. 781	103.0	104.3	101.9	104.0	-	87.2	87.4	84.6	86.8	_
Motion picture theaters		111.4	103.1	118.8	109.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amusement and recreation services	. 79	890.5	798.4	967.2	892.3	-	813.5	722.5	880.6	805.8	-
Health services	. 80	1 '	6,012.3			6,108.4			-,	5,448.9	-
Offices of physicians		877.0		917.6		-	735.9	1	769.5		-
Offices of dentists		412.8		435.8		-	364.9		386.0		-
Nursing and personal care facilities		1,124.2 719.6		1,146.6 737.3	1,162.5 744.0	<u>-</u>	1,017.8	1,017.8	1,038.1	1,051.7	-
Skilled nursing care facilities Nursing and personal care, nec		404.6	l .	409.3	1				_	_	_
Hospitals	1		3,035.3		2,974.9	_	2.783.3	2,779.6	2,700.7	2,717.0	_
General medical and surgical hospitals		2,873.3		2,788.7		_	_,, 55.5	_,,,,,	_,,,,,,,,		-
Psychiatric hospitals		48.1	48.1	50.4	49.8	_	-	-	_	_	-
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric	. 8069	115.8	1	118.5	117.8	-	_	-	_	_	_
Medical and dental laboratories	. 807	110.0		109.3	109.1	- '	_	_	-	_	-
Outpatient care facilities	1000	179.4	181.9	193.1	192.9	l -	1	İ	I	İ	l

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Oct. 1984 ^p
Services—Continued											
Legal services	. 81	606.4	611.5	664.1	653.4	-	510.7	513.8	565.1	5 53 .6	-
Educational services	. 82	1,184.5	1,299.7		1,187.8	_	_	-	-	-	-
Elementary and secondary schools	. 821	330.2	342.0	290.2	342.7	-	-	- [-	-	-
Colleges and universities		736.9	835.0	601.3	723.7	-	-		-] -	-
Correspondence and vocational schools	824	53.8	56.4	57.5	57.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social services	83	1,236.5	1,250.5	1,296.1	1,320.3	-	_	_	_	-	_
Individual and family services	. 832	262.1	268.0	305.6	305.3	_	- 1	-	-	_	_
Job training and related services		196.9	197.2	210.8	205.6	_	_	_	-	_	-
Residential care		252.2	253.0	264.9	265.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Museums, botanical and zoological gardens	84	39.2	38.9	44.1	43.1	_	-	-	-	-	-
Membership organizations	86	1,500.4	1,505.5	1,505.9	1,494.4	_	_	_	_	_	_
Business associations	. 861	83.8	84.0	87.0	86.8	-	-	_	-	-	-
Labor organizations	863	134.5	135.5	130.7	138.2	-	_	-	-	-	-
Civic and social associations	864	313.2	319.1	347.9	319.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous services	89	1.068.8	1.070.6	1.152.5	1.146.5	_	878.0	879.2	950.9	943.8	_
Engineering and architectural services		578.9	579.3	634.6	632.7		484.9	484.1	537.1	534.6	
Noncommercial research organizations		108.5	108.2	112.8	108.5	_	_	_	_	_	_
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		360.6	362.4	383.9	384.3	-	284.7	287.2	302.3	301.7	-
Government		15,584	15,968	15,099	15,713	16,200	-	-	-	-	-
Federal Government ⁴		2,745	2,742	2,818	2,757	2,755	-	-	-	-	-
Executive, by agency ⁴		2,689.3	2,686.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Department of Defense		940.0	944.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Postal Service		660.1	665.8	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
Other executive agencies		1,089.2	1,076.2	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Legislative		39.1	39.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Judicial		16.4	16.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal government, by industry:					į						
Manufacturing activities		135.5	135.4	136.9	136.1	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shipbuilding and repairing	3731	82.8	82.6	82.6	81.9	- '	-	_ '	-	-	-
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal	į.			1		•					i
Service		40.7	40.0	38.2	38.1	-	-	-	-	_	-
Services		410.2	405.9	413.1	409.9	-	-	-	-	_	-
Hospitals	806	237.3	237.5	240.4	240.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
State government		3,600	3,747	3,513	3,658	3,820	_	_	-	_	-
Hospitals	806	466.5		470.0	469.6	-	_	-	-	-	-
Education	82	1,398.0	1,570.4	1,238.1	1,421.1	-	_	-	-	-	-
General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions		1 124 2	1,117.9	1 175 6	1 154 2	_	_		_		_
regisiative, and judicial functions	"				ļ		-	-	_	_	_
Local government]	9,238					-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and public utilities		493.6		507.8			-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals	806	644.6				l .	-	-	-	-	-
Education	82	4,933.6	5,260.2	4,227.4	5,009.2	-	-	-	-	ļ -	-
General administration, including executive,											
legislative, and judicial functions		2,855.2	2,799.8	3,061.6	2,876.9	-	-	-	-	-	-

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

the National Security Agency.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

Beginning in January 1978, data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.
 Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from the

nonsupervisory count for all series in this division.

4 Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and

Data not available.

⁼ preliminary.

B-3. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(in thousands)

Industry	July 1983	Aug. 1983	June 1984	July 1984	Aug. 1984
Total	39,243	39,097	41,940	41,247	41,407
Total private	32,238	32,153	34,104	34,042	34,260
Goods-producing	6,451	6,586	6,968	6,899	7,022
Mining	118	118	121	123	124
Construction	397	399	428	433	439
Manufacturing	5,936	6,069	6,419	6,343	6,459
Durable goods	2,788	2,814	3.098	3.073	3,106
Lumber and wood products	99	100	109	108	110
Furniture and fixtures	132	134	145	142	144
Stone, clay, and glass products	112	113	119	117	119
Primary metal industries	97	98	107	105	
	296		I		107
Fabricated metal products		302	327	324	328
Machinery, except electrical	446	449	493	492	492
Electrical and electronic equipment	850	852	972	965	976
Transportation equipment	296	295	336	336	337
Instruments and related products	293	297	313	311	313
Miscellaneous manufacturing	168	173	178	173	182
Nondurable goods	3,148	3,255	3,321	3,270	3,350
Food and kindred products	514	545	497	527	550
Tobacco manufactures	21	24	21	21	24
Textile mill products	349	360	363	354	359
Apparel and other textile products	910	949	988	932	968
Paper and allied products	153	156	163	163	164
Printing and publishing	528	530	566	566	568
Chemicals and allied products	276	276	285	286	288
Petroleum and coal products	30	30	30	31	30
Rubber and misc. plastics products	251	260	283	276	281
Leather and leather products	116	126	124	115	120
ervice-producing	32,792	32,511	34,972	34,348	34,385
Transportation and public utilities	1,327	1,022	1,410	1,396	1,403
Wholesale trade	1,447	1,459	1,546	1,551	1,559
Retail trade	7,898	7,955	8,348	8,352	8,419
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3,314	3,320	3,440	3,460	3,468
Services	11,801	11,811	12,392	12,384	12,389
Government	- 7,005	6,944	7,836	7,205	7,147
Federal	969	963	983	988	983
State	1,465	1,473	1,605	1,551	1,559
Local	4,571	4,508	5,248	4,666	4,605

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-4. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Industry		1983						1	984				
mousty	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept. ^P	Oct. ^P
Total	91,345	91,688	92,026	92,391	92,846	93,058	93,449	93,786	94,135	94,350	94.523	94,754	95.19
Total private	75.481	75.814	76.157	76.533	76.971	77.185	77.546	77.864	78.241	78,422	78.566		
Goods-producing		ļ	}	} :	ĺ	1			}	25,059			
		1	ļ		1			24,651	24,974	25,059	25,098	25,005	25,07
Mining Oil and gas extraction			969 607	975 608	978 607	978 607		995	1 '		1 '		1 '
On and gas extraction	600	003	607	000	607	607	612	619	623	629	636	642	645
Construction		, -							1 '				
General building contractors	1,053	1,064 !	1,077	1,100	1,111	1,099 	1,110	1,126	1,135	1,133	1,132	1,140	1,140
Manufacturing	18,886	19,018	19,143	19,254	19,373 	19,466	19,530	19,570	19,629	19,696	19,725	19,611	19,667
Durable goods													
Lumber and wood products		i	1	!	706	712		711	712			703	711
Furniture and fixtures	1	1			480	483		482				481	486
Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries					604 877	606 877	604 879	605 887	605 884			603 862	60°
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	1				348			347	345			324	32
Fabricated metal products		:		t .			1		,			1,485	1,494
Machinery, except electrical			1 '		2,151	2,166						2,241	2,256
Electrical and electronic equipment					2,175							2,263	2,264
Transportation equipment		1 '				1 '						1,940	1,943
Motor venicles and equipment					865	863		848			894	864	865
Instruments and related products			707		715	718	719	722		727	726	725	729
Miscellaneous manufacturing		1		4	387	388	1	385	!			387	389
Nondurable goods	7,815	7,848	7,877	7,911	7,933	7,953	7,979	7,972		7,994	7,967	7,921	7,919
Food and kindred products						1,638	1,648	1,643	1,644	1,655	1,642	1,631	1,631
Tobacco manufactures		1	:	1	65	_66	67	67	67	66	65	68	68
Textile mill products					767	769	766	762	759		751	744	735
Apparel and other textile products							1,226	1,217	1,209			1,180	1,176
Paper and allied products		i	675		680	680	680	681	685	687	686	681	685
Printing and publishing		1,317			1,333	1,339		1,356	1,362 1,062	1,368 1,064	1,371 1,067	1,375	1,378 1,063
Chemicals and allied products				1,053 191	1,054 190	1,054 190	1,057 189	1,057 188	1,002	1,004	187	1,003	185
Petroleum and coal productsRubber and misc. plastics products		,	191 766	774	784	790	1 '	795	797	801	800	798	805
Leather and leather products					210	209	208	206	204	205	198	195	193
Service-producing	67,450	67,630	67,828	68,008	68,269	68,463	68,689	68,935	69,161	69,291	69,425	69,749	70,124
Transportation and public utilities	5.053	5,043	5,055	5,095	5,105	5,112	5,129	5,144	5,163	5,175	5,202	5,211	5,238
Transportation	1 -1	, -,				2,839			2,883		2,924	2,936	2,967
Communication and public utilities				_,	2,276	2,273	2,267	2,273	2,280		2,278	2,275	2,271
Wholesale trade			5,371		-,		5,473	5,492	5,502	5,528	5,544	5,585	5,612
Durable goods			3,147		3,193	3,205	3,215	3,235	3,249	3,268	3,278	3,292	3,305
Nondurable goods	2,209				2,245	2,252	2,258	2,257	2,253	2,260	2,266	2,293	2,307
Retail trade		15,805				16,030		16,166		16,283		16,339	16,477
General merchandise stores		2,195	2,189		2,211	2,230	2,251	2,273	2,295	2,301	2,303	2,315	2,353
Food stores		2,594	2,600		2,626	2,626	2,635	2,630	2,641	2,648	2,640	2,650	2,676
Automotive dealers and service stations Eating and drinking places		1,703 5,082	1,710 5,095		1,740 5,121	1,748 5,136	1,743 5,154	1,751 5,183	1,751 5,199	1,762 5,211	1,758 5,238	1,754 5,253	1,763 5,276
Finance, insurance, and real estate	į .	5,530	5,546	5,573	5,593	5,613	5,640	5,662	5,676	5,676	5,679	5.684	5,712
Finance			2,789	2,797	2,812	2,831	1	2,863	2,858	2,854	2,850	2,857	2,869
Insurance	· .'		1,730		1,741	1,742	1,742	1,746	1,752	1,759	1,763	1,765	1,772
Real estate	1,018	1,025			1,040	1,041	1,047	1,053	1,066	1,063	1,066	1,062	1,071
Services			20,130			20,378	20,449	20,549	20,681	20,701	20,748	20,870	20,998
Business services		3,703	3,758	3,798	3,845 6,040	3,875 6,052	3,912	3,979	4,014	4,035 6,079	4,069 6,034	4,084 6,086	4,112 6,102
	Ι .			-	·		·			15,928		16,060	16,087
Government	2,760		2,762		2,763	2,770	2,771	2,785	2,777	2,779	2,785	2,785	2,772
FCUCIAI												3,729	3,738
State	3,667	3,669	3,668	3,670	3,682	3,686	3,693	3,699	3,699	3,037	3,714	3,723	0,7,00

° = preliminary.
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

B-5. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

In division			1983						19	84			
Industry	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Total	39,781	40,237	40,373	40,531	40,712	40,858	41,074	41,210	41,390	41,584	41,735	41,966	42,094
Total private	32,086	32,538	32,684	32,824	32,997	33,140	33,333	33,463	33,618	33,793	33,948	34,081	34,176
Goods-producing	6,518	6,566	6,626	6,677	6,723	6,773	6,820	6,854	6,886	6,904	6,919	6,943	6,947
Mining	116	116	117	116	116	117	117	117	117	119	120	121	122
Construction	390	396	397	400	402	404	407	409	413	418	423	424	429
Manufacturing	6,012	6,054	6,112	6,161	6,205	6,252	6,296	6,328	6,356	6,367	6,376	6,398	6,390
Durable goods	2,820	2,851	2,887	2,920	2,947	2,973	3,003	3,031	3,043	3,057	3,075	3,089	3,108
Lumber and wood products	98	100	101	102	103	105	105	106	107	106	107	107	107
Furniture and fixtures		136	137	139	140	142	143	144	144	144	146	146	145
Stone, clay, and glass products		113	114	114	115	116	117	118	117	117	117	116	117
Primary metal industries		99	101	102	103	103	103	104	105	105	105	105	106
Fabricated metal products		305	309	312	315	317	320	322	321	325	324	328	328
Machinery, except electrical		452 875	456 888	463 901	466 910	468 921	473 932	476 946	481 952	485 957	492 965	494 970	496 977
Electrical and electronic equipment Transportation equipment		303	308	310	315	319	324	327	327	330	332	335	341
Instruments and related products		299	300	303	304	306	308	310	327	311	311	313	312
Miscellaneous manufacturing		169	172	174	176	176		178	179		176	175	
Nondurable goods		3,203	3,225	3,241	3,258	3,279	3,293	3,297	3,313	3,310	3,301	3,309	3,288
Food and kindred products		497	496	501	502	505	506	504	508	506	505	514	504
Tobacco manufactures		23	23	22	23 363	23 366	23 366	23 367	24 365	24	23	24	23 356
Textile mill products		358 948	361 959	361 965	969	974	979	982	989	364 983	361 973	. 360 968	964
Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products		155	156	156	157	157	158	157	158	159	162	162	162
Printing and publishing	533	535	538	540	543	547	549	552	557	562	566	568	570
Chemicals and allied products		275	275	275	276	278	279	279	281	281	282	284	285
Petroleum and coal products		30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	29
Rubber and misc. plastics products		259	263	267	271	275	278	280	278	279	278	278	278
Leather and leather products	123	123	124	124	124	124	125	123	123	122	121	121	117
Service-producing	33,263	33,671	33,747	33,854	33,989	34,085	34,254	34,356	34,504	34,680	34,816	35,023	35,147
Transportation and public utilities	1,031	1,357	1,355	1,356	1,362	1,373	1,378	1,380	1,385	1,388	1,400	1,409	1,416
Wholesale trade	1,461	1,468	1,474	1,485	1,496	1,508	1,519	1,532	1,534	1,542	1,544	1,556	1,561
Retail trade	7,939	7,951	7,987	8,024	8,048	8,084	8,121	8,154	8,204	8,265	8,323	8,360	8,394
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3,297	3,309	3,318	3,327	3,340	3,358	3,367	3,374	3,387	3,403	3,419	3,429	3,444
Services	11,840	11,887	11,924	11,955	12,028	12,044	12,128	12,169	12,222	12,291	12,343	12,384	12,414
Government	7.695	7.699	7.689	7.707	7.715	7,718	7,741	7,747	7,772	7,791	7.787	7.885	7.918
Federal	947	960	960	960	962	962	964	967	964	968	962	962	967
State	1.584	1.586	1.595	1,603	1,609	1,620	1,629	1,636	1,650	1,660	1.670	1.668	1.676
Local	5,164	5,153	5,134	5,144	5,144	5,136	5,148	5,144	5,158	5,163	5,155	5,255	
]		.,	-,		.,	-,	,	.,	-,	.,	-,	•

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all

seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-6. Production or nonsupervisory workers ¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

		1983						19	84				
Industry	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept. ^p	Oct. ^p
Total private	61,074	61,371	61,665	61,948	62,327	62,443	62,800	63,060	63,363	63,494	63,616	63,700	64,037
Goods-producing	16,735	16,881	16,996	17,155	17,318	17,297	17,446	17,507	17,600	17,654	17,671	17,582	17,641
Mining	685	686	690	694	696	698	707	714	720	720	729	730	728
Construction	3,122	3,147	3,161	3,227	3,296	3,211	3,296	3,328	3,388	3,393	3,384	3,402	3,408
Manufacturing	12,928	13,048	13,145	13,234	13,326	13,388	13,443	13,465	13,492	13,541	13,558	13,450	13,505
Durable goods	7,421	7,511	7,585	7,643	7,718	7,769	7,799	7,826	7,860	7,899	7,945	7,876	7,925
Lumber and wood products	578	583	587	589	592	599	599	596	597	594	592	589	595
Furniture and fixtures	368	373	376	380	384	387	387	385	387	388	386	383	388
Stone, clay, and glass products	450	453	454	455	462	463	464	465	466	466	464	463	467
Primary metal industries	651	657	665	661	666	666	668	676	674	669	668	653	662
Fabricated metal products	1.028	1,037	1.049	1.056	1,062	1.069	1,074	1.083	1.091	1,101	1.103		1.104
Machinery, except electrical	1.236	1,261	1.273	1.286	1,300	1,314	1,329	1,342	1,356	1,370	1,379	1,368	1.379
Electrical and electronic equipment	1.281	1,300	1.313	1.327	1,346	1,364	1,371	1,377	1,379	1,390	1,401	1,395	1.393
Transportation equipment	1,160	1,173	1,192	1.208	1,221	1,221	1,221	1,217	1,224	1,233	1,265	, , ,	1,246
Instruments and related products	397	399	398	401	403	404	403	404	405	406	403	403	408
Miscellaneous manufacturing	272	275	278	280	282	282	283	281	281	282	284	283	283
Nondurable goods	5,507	5,537	5,560	5, 59 1	5,608	5,619	5.644	5,639	5.632	5,642	5,613	5,574	5,580
Food and kindred products	1,119	1,124	1,126	1,134	1.133	1.133	1,143	1,142	1,142	1,152	1,140	1,131	1,133
Tobacco manufactures	51	50	50	49	49	50	50	50	50	50	49	52	52
Textile mill products	656	658	660	666	665	666	665	661	658	652	649	643	635
Apparel and other textile products	1.004	1.012	1.018	1.023	1.028	1,031	1,039	1,033	1,021	1,018	1,013	998	995
Paper and allied products	501	503	506	508	511	512	512	512	515	516	516		515
Printing and publishing		725	727	732	734	737	744	746	752	757	757	759	760
Chemicals and allied products	583	584	586	587	588	588	589	588	590	591	592		591
Petroleum and coal products	115	114	113	112	112	111	111	111	110		110		112
Rubber and misc. plastics products	582	591	598	604	612	616	616	621	623	624	622	619	627
Leather and leather products	176	176	176	176	176	175	175	173	171	172	165		160
Service-producing	44,339	44,490	44,669	44,7 9 3	45,009	45,146	45,354	45,5 5 3	45,763	45,840	45,945	46,118	46,396
Transportation and public utilities	4,158	4,151	4,161	4,189	4,198	4,207	4,228	4,236	4,253	4,265	4,293	4,290	4,314
Wholesale trade	4,274	4,292	4,316	4,349	4,375	4,395	4,406	4,425	4,430	4,458	4,466	4,500	4,525
Retail trade	14,112	14,174	14,221	14,264	14,317	14,341	14,434	14,493	14,558	14,586	14,592	14,617	14,723
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,107	4,122	4,135	4,149	4,161	4,165	4,175	4,195	4,217	4,217	4,233	4,225	4,248
Services	17,688	17,751	17,836	17,842	17,958	18,038	18,111	18,204	18,305	18,314	18,361	18,486	18,586

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

 $^{\rm P}=$ preliminary. NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

B-7. Indexes of diffusion: Percent of industries in which employment increased, seasonally adjusted

Time span	Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Over	1982	27.6	47.6	35.7	30.8	41.6	33.0	34.6	32.4	37.3	28.9	32.4	45.7
1-month	1983	54.3	46.5	60.8	68.9	69.5	6 4.6	74.3	68.6	69.5	75.4	69.7	73.8
span	1984	71.1	73.2	67.0	63.8	64.1	63.0	62.4	57.6	P 40.3	^p 65.4		
Over	1982	25.1	27.8	28.4	27.3	27.6	28.6	23.5	24.1	26.5	25.9	27.8	41.6
3-month	1983	46.8	57.3	64.1	75.1	75.7	77.8	74.1	81.6	80.8	78.9	79.5	77.6
span	1984	82.4	80.5	76.5	71.1	68.4	68.9	63.5	P 55.7	^p 54.9	1		
Over	1982	19.5	22.2	21.9	24.6	20.3	21.4	20.8	18.9	23.2	27.3	29.5	35.4
6-month	1983	50.8	63.0	69.2	75.1	80.0	82.4	84.1	82.4	84.6	85.9	86.8	83.8
span	1984	81.9	82.7	79.7	75.4	69.2	^p 62.7	^p 61.4	32.7				00.0
Over	1982	21.6	21.4	17.6	18.1	16.2	18.1	21.1	21.1	25.1	31.6	34.1	40.3
12-month	1983	49.5	54.3	61.9	71.1	77.3	79.5	83.8	88.1	86.8	87.3	85.4	87.3
span	1984	86.5	81.9	p 78.9	^p 75.4								37.0

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Based on the number of employees, seasonally adjusted for 1, 3, and 6 month spans, on the payrolls of 185 private nonagricultural industries. Data for the 12-month span are unadjusted. $^{\rm p}=$ preliminary. NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment

rising. (Half of the unchanged components are counted as rising.)
Data are centered within the spans. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		С	onstruction	
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	. Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
Nabama	1,326.5	1,352.8	1,347.0	12.9	14.3	14.4	62.7	66.6	67.
Birmingham	337.1	341.2	343.1	7.0	7.4	7.4	20.0	21.1	20.
Huntsville	136.0	140.4	141.5	()	()	(')	5.0	4.9	4.9
Mobile	144.5	149.2	148.3	Ö	Ö	Ö	9.6	10.6	11.
Montgomery	108.0	110.3	110.3	Ö	Ö	Ö	6.3	6.8	6.
Tuscaloosa	49.7	50.6	52.0	1.9	2.5	2.6	2.1	2.1	2.
Naska	227.1	236.1	234.1	8.5	8.2	8.1	26.2	24.7	24.
Arizona	1,079.0	1,115.8	1,151.2	14.2	13.4	13.1	81.2	91.6	92.
Phoenix	696.3	729.7	752.7	.6	.7	.7	56.5	63.2	63.
Tucson	199.5	204.5	209.6	3.5	3.3	3.1	16.0	19.0	19.
Arkansas	760.3	773.7	787.4	5.3	5.8	5.8	30.9	34.2	34.
Fayetteville-Springdale	70.1	70.2	72.0	(')	()	(')	2.6	2.7	2.
Fort Smith	70.4	70.5	71.6	1.2	1.3	1.3	2.8	2.8	2.
Little Rock-North Little Rock	185.7	186.1	188.8	_ ()	0	Q	9.0	9.5	9.
Pine Bluff	30.2	29.0	30.0	(')	(')	(1)	1.2	1.2	1,
alifornia	10,036.3	10,351.2	10,456.0	47.8	48.7	48.2	389.2	423.2	426
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove	864.9	898.3	905.2	3.6	3.7	3.8	34.0	41.6	42
Bakersfield	140.2	140.8	143.0	14.4	15.1	14.9	7.1	6.5	6
Fresno	179.1	182.3	186.9	1.1	1.4	1.3	9.3	10.5	10
Los Angeles-Long Beach	3,561.1	3,657.9	3,677.1	12.7	12.3	11.9	99.8	106.9	107
Modesto	90.3	91.5	90.8	.1	.1	.1	4.6	5.4	5
Oxnard-Simi Valley-Ventura	164.7	163.4	165.3	3.5	3.3	3.3	6.4	6.4	6
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	436.5	443.2	453.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	22.4	25.7	26
Sacramento	422.1	426.0	433.6	.8	.8	.8	19.5	21.0	21
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	91.7	93.1	94.8	.4	.4	.4	3.2	3.3	3
San Diego	686.1	707.9	718.9	.5	.5	.5	33.4	39.8	39
San Francisco-Oakland	1,557.3	1,576.0	1,592.8	4.6	4.7	4.7	62.0	64.3	66
San Jose	722.6	746.1	750.0	.1	.1	.1	25.6	28.0	28.
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	123.9	125.4	126.7	1.5	1.4	1.4	4.5	5.2	5
Santa Rosa	98.7	99.2	101.4	.7	.6	.6	5.0	5.4	5
Stockton	125.1	124.7	126.8	.1	.1	.1	6.3	6.4	6
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	102.0	104.3	105.9	.4	.4	.4	4.8	6.0	5
Colorado Denver-Boulder	1,337.9 865.7	1,363.7 881.1	1,366.0 882.4	37.1 25.8	37.6 25.3	37.0 24.8	87.3 51.9	90.0 52.3	89 51
Connecticut	1,459.6	1.478.2	1,478.2	1.6	1.6	1.6	57.9	61.3	61
Bridgeport	1,459.6	168.2	170.2	(1)	(f)	(2)	5.3	5.5	5
Hartford	406.2	406.2	414.6	.2	.2	.2	12.9	13.8	13
New Britain	59.2	58.6	60.6	(1)	(²)	6	2.5	2.8	2
New Haven-West Haven	192.9	202.2	204.3	.2	` .3	`′ .з	6.8	7.1	7
Stamford	113.7	114.7	115.6	.7	.7	.6	4.8	5.0	5
Waterbury	86.8	88.0	88.9	(1)	(²)	r	3.2	3.3	3
Delaware	269.8	276.7	275.6	.1	.1	.1	16.8	18.0	17
Wilmington	235.9	239.3	240.0	.2	.2	.2	19.4	19.9	19
District of Columbia Washington SMSA	596.2 1,654.9	612.0 1,718.8	599.3 1,704.3	.1 1.1	.1 1.2	.1 1.2	11.0 80.1	10.7 88.9	10. 88.
Florida	3,919.9	4,094.6	4,144.0	10.0	9.9	10.0	275.6	311.8	312
Daytona Beach	86.7	88.9	89.4	(2)	()	(2)	5.0	5.9	5
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood	370.7	377.1	380.9	8	Ö	ŏ	26.6	30.9	31
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		81.1	81.8	l 8	ŏ '	ŏ	8.8	9.3	9
Gainesville		73.7	73.5	lĕ	()	Ö	4.7	4.6	4
Jacksonville	315.9	321.2	327.6	Ö	l Ö	Ö	19.9	20.9	20
Lakeland-Winter Haven	114.7	113.2	115.4	4.6	4.6	4.7	6.6	6.8	€
Melbourne-Titusville-Cocoa	118.5	126.4	127.0	(')	(')	()	7.2	8.1	
Miami	735.1	736.2	745.9	(')	l (t)	(¹)	38.2	40.1	40
Orlando	341.8	353.1	358.8	(')	(')	()	23.3	24.0	24
Pensacola	106.5	107.5	110.6	Ö	(')	(f)	7.4	8.0	8
Sarasota	80.4	82.1	81.8	Ö	(')	(h)	7.6	7.7	7
Tallahassee	77.9	79.4	79.4	Ö	(*)	O	3.9	4.3	4
			i		Ö	l À	43.0	46.2	46
Tampa-St. Petersburg	609.5	616.5	626.2	(')	8	0 0	43.0	40.2	,

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry---Continued

(In thousands)

0	Ma	anufacturing	9		sportation a ablic utilities		Wholesa	le and reta	il trade
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°
labama	345.5	351.1	345.8	70.7	72.5	72.0	273.7	284.9	285
Birmingham	48.8	50.4	50.0	29.2	29.8	29.8	80.7	82.1	8
Huntsville	43.9	46.7	46.9	2.8	2.7	2.7	23.8	26.8	26
Mobile	25.4	25.7	25.2	9.5	9.6	9.2	36.9	39.0	39
	- 1		16.1	4.3	4.4		24.5	25.7	2
Montgomery Tuscaloosa	15.9 7.9	16.1 8.3	8.2	1.6	1.6	4.4 1.6	10.4	10.5	10
laska	15.3	19.0	15.3	19.8	20.6	20.3	44.4	46.3	4
rizona	160.1	171.2	173.3	56.7	59.4	59.5	257.0	269.1	27
Phoenix	114.8	123.5	125.1	36.5	38.6	38.6	173.6	183.6	18
Tucson	27.0	29.4	29.4	8.7	9.1	9.2	42.9	43.5	4
rkansas	205.3	213.2	213.2	44.2	46.2	46.6	166.6	174.8	17
Fayetteville-Springdale	19.7	20.6	20.4	4.6	5.2	5.2	16.6	17.1	1
Fort Smith	23.2	23.4	23.8	3.5	3.7	3.7	15.2	15.2	1
Little Rock-North Little Rock	26.2	26.7	26.6	13.4	13.6	13.7	44.4	45.1	4
Pine Bluff	5.7	5.5	5.4	3.1	3.3	3.3	6.0	6.1	•
alifornia	1.971.0	2,050.2	2.044.9	548.1	532.7	534.5	2,357.4	2,502.7	2,52
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove	212.5	221.6	222.2	29.9	29.5	29.4	219.9	230.4	23
Bakersfield	9.6	9.3	9.4	8.0	7.9	7.9	35.6	36.8	
resno	22.7	23.7	24.3	10.3	9.9	10.0	46.2	47.8	
os Angeles-Long Beach			881.7		194.8	192.4	817.7	855.9	86
	852.5	877.9	1	198.9		1		21.9	
Modesto	23.7	25.6	23.8	4.1	3.7	3.8	21.7		
Oxnard-Simi Valley-Ventura	25.5	24.6	24.7	6.8	7.0	7.0	40.9	41.7	
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontano	58.7	57.6	58.0	25.7	25.5	25.8	111.4	116.9	1
Sacramento	30.2	32.6	32.0	21.6	20.8	20.9	100.0	101.8	1
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	9.4	9.3	9.8	4.5	4.5	4.5	24.7	25.3	
San Diego	108.5	111.8	111.7	30.1	29.2	29.3	161.7	171.4	1
San Francisco-Oakland	181.4	185.3	183.6	127.8	128.6	128.7	366.2	374.2	3
San Jose	266.0	281.0	280.3	21.8	20.2	20.5	135.3	141.2	1
ianta Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	21.2	21.4	21.3	5.4	5.3	5.3	29.8	30.1	
Santa Rosa	16.3	17.7	17.7	5.1	4.6	4.7	24.2	24.6	
stockton //allejo-Fairfield-Napa //	23.7 10.7	25.0 11.0	25.1 11.1	8.6 4.1	8.3 4.2	8.1 4.2	28.6 23.0	28.6 24.3	
olorado	182.7	191,7	190.0	86.1	85.9	85.5	329.3	338.6	3
Denver-Boulder	124.9	131.6	130.0	63.4	63.4	63.2	208.6	213.8	2
onnecticut	404.0	403.4	403.4	63.6	62.6	62.6	317.9	321.8	3
Bridgeport	58.1	58.9	59.2	6.9	6.7	6.8	37.5	37.0	
lartford	86.4	85.6	89.0	14.6	13.9	14.6	86.1	85.4	
lew Britain	23.9	23.1	24.1	2.9	3.0	3.1	10.9	11.1	
lew Haven-West Haven	37.6	39.6	39.5	16.0	16.1	16.1	44.0	48.2	
Stamford	30.8	30.8	31.1	4.5	4.3	4.3	24.8	25.4	
Vaterbury	29.0	29.7	30.1	3.3	3.3	3.4	16.8	17.0	
Vilmington	69.0 60.1	68.9 59.3	69.3 60.2	12.1 11.9	10.9 10.7	11.3 10.8	60.0 48.2	61.9 48.3	
i				Ī	i		j		
vashington SMSA	14.1 65.4	14.5 70.2	14.5 70.9	26.0 77.5	25.4 80.1	25.4 80.2	60.0 316.6	59.7 324.8	3
orida	472.1	498.7	503.1	231.0	230.2	230.2	1,048.0	1,107.4	1,1
Daytona Beach	10.1	10.8	10.7	3.2	3.2	3.2	24.2	24.8	
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood	42.3	44.4	44.8	18.6	18.3	17.4	107.2	109.6	1
ort Myers-Cape Coral	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.5	22.7	24.1	
ainesville	4.6	4.8	4.9	1.6	1.6	1.6	15.0	14.8	
acksonville	32.4	34.1	34.1	25.6	25.6	25.9	82.3	86.0	
akeland-Winter Haven	19.6	19.3	19.6	5.4	5.4	5.4	29.2	29.1	
Melbourne-Titusville-Cocoa	26.0	28.6	28.7	5.1	5.1	5.0	26.2	29.6	
Miami	90.5	92.8	92.5	68.6	67.7	67.6	189.6	188.6	1
Orlando	41.0	42.4	42.5	16.4	16.6	16.7	93.9	97.2	
Pensacola	12.7	13.0	12.9	6.2	6.0	6.0	26.0	28.3	
Sarasota	6.3	6.5	6.4	3.2	3.2	3.3	23.9	24.7	
fallahassee	3.1	3.2	3.2	2.7	2.7	2.7	17.5	18.2	
Tampa-St. Petersburg	79.7	81.1	81.4	34.4	33.6	33.5	162.2	165.1	1
ampa-on recibudy		34.2	34.7	9.9	10.1	10.3	60.3	63.4	1
Vest Palm Beach-Boca Raton	30.8								

61

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

0.1	1	ice, insurar d real estat			Services		G	iovernment	:
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
Alabama	59.8	62.1	62.1	219.7	218.5	218.0	281.5	282.8	281.
Birmingham		24.6	24.4	73.3	74.6	74.1	54.3	51.2	54.
Huntsville	3.7	3.7	3.7	20.4	20.6	20.7	36.4	35.0	36.
Mobile	7.1.	7.1	7.1	31.6	31.3	31.3	24.4	25.9	25
Montgomery	6.3	6.4	6.5	21.7	21.5	21.7	29.0	29.4	29
Tuscaloosa	1.6	1.7	1.6	6.8	6.7	6.9	17.4	17.2	18.
Alaska	10.9	11.5	11.4	40.6	43.0	43.6	61.4	62.8	66.
Arizona	66.1	69.6		237.0	256.2	259.6	206.7	185.3	210
Phoenix		54.5	54.3	158.6	173.3	176.5	104.2	92.3	107
Tucson	9.5	9.8	9.8	45.7	48.4	48.9	46.2	42.0	46
Arkansas		35.9	35.6	132.5	134.5	135.2	141.3	129.1	142
Fayetteville-Springdale		2.5	2.6	10.5	10.1	10.4	13.6	12.0	13
Fort Smith		2.7	2.7	12.6	12.6	12.6	9.3	8.8	9
Little Rock-North Little Rock		13.7	13.7	40.6	41.5	41.5	38.5	36.0	38
Pine Bluff	1.4	1.4	1.5	5.8	5.6	5.5	7.0	5.9	7
California		681.6	682.3	2,381.7	2,476.5	2,487.1	1,678.7	1,635.6	1,709
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove		66.4		203.1	214.5	214.9	97.4	90.6	95
Bakersfield		5.7	5.7	27.1	28.1	28.1	32.7	31.4	33
Fresno		12.6	12.7	38.5	40.1	40.8	39.0	36.3	39
Los Angeles-Long Beach	1	245.0	244.7	892.7	931.1	930.2	448.1	434.0	448.
Modesto		3.7	3.7	17.7	17.5	17.6	14.7	13.6	14.
Oxnard-Simi Valley-Ventura		10.5	10.5	34.3	34.4	34.5	36.6	35.5	37.
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario		19.8	19.8	98.6	99.6	101.6	98.9	96.9	103.
Sacramento	1	24.1		83.0	84.6	85.1	143.2	140.3	145.
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	4.5	4.5	4.5	21.4	22.2	22.2	23.6	23.6	24.
San Diego	45.9	47.6	47.5	165.8	175.1	176.6	140.2	132.5	140.
San Francisco-Oakland	152.9	154.2	153.9	387.5	396.7	401 8	274.9	268.0	274.
San Jose	29.5	29.5	29.7	169.9	176.2	176.0	74.4	69.9	73.
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	6.4	6.4	6.4	31.9	32.3	32.6	23.2	23.3	24.
Santa Rosa	6.3	6.5	6.5	21.7	22.3	22.4	19.4	17.5	19.
Stockton	6.1	6.2	6.2 [†]	24.7	23.9	24.6	27.0	26.2	27.
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	3.7;	3.7	3.7	20.9	21.6	21.9	34.4	33.1	34.
Colorado	86.3	89.2	88.2	290.0	302.3	296.8	239.1	228.4	240
Denver-Boulder		64.2	' i	194.1	203.1	199.7	135.0	127.4	135
Connecticut	119.1	122.9	122.9	318.6	328.0	328.0	176.9	176.6	176
Bridgeport	. 8.3.	8.3	8.3	36.9	37.2	37.3	15.5	14.6	15
Hartford	68.8	72.1	71.7	84.8	85.7	86.5	52.4	49.5	52
New Britain	. 1.9	2.0	2.0	11.2	11.1	11.3	5.9	5.5	6.
New Haven-West Haven	1	12.6	12.6	52.5	55.8	55.8	24.0	22.5	24
Stamford	1 .	9.1 4.0		28.8 19.3	30.1 19.6	29.7 19.4	10.4 11.3	9.3 11.1	10. 11.
<u>.</u>			į į	i					 :
Wilmington	1	17.1 15.7	:		56.0 50.1	55.7 49.6	42.2 34.4	43.8 35.1	42 35
District of Columbia	. 34.3	35.0	34.8	192.0	192.0	194.4	258.7	274.6	259
Washington SMSA		98.4					530.8	549.2	
Florida	290.0	310.5	311.7	964.5	1,008.3	1,009.2	628.7	617.8	653
Daytona Beach		5.8		23.6	23.7	23.2		14.7	16
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood	1	34.7	34.8	92.3	91.5	92.0	: ,	47.7	51.
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		6.8		18.7	19.8		_ ,	12.3	
Gainesville	1	3.0	1	14.6	14.5	14.5	i .	30.4	,
Jacksonville	i i	29.6			76.2	76.9		48.8	53
Lakeland-Winter Haven	1	7.4			25.9	,	:	14.7	15
Melbourne-Titusville-Cocoa		4.5			31.1	31.1	19.5	19.4	20
Miami		62.5	62.3	191.4	193.4	195.3	96.1	91.1	98
Orlando	.: 22.0 ¹	23.6	23.6	99.8	105.6	t	,	43.7	48
Pensacola	. 4.3	4.5		i	24.2	;	25.9	23.5	:
Sarasota		7.4	7.4	21.7	22.3		10.6	10.3	
Tallahassee	. 3.8	3.6	3.6	15.2	15.4	15.3	31.7	32.0	
Tampa-St. Petersburg	. 46.3	48.4	48.2	159.9	163.0	165.1	84.0	79.1	86
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	. 19.9	20.7	20.7	59.6	62.4	63.2	31.6	30.2	33

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

_		Total			Mining	Į	C	onstruction	
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°
Georgia	2,309.2	2,428.8	2,450.8	7.5	8.0	8.0	116.4	142.6	142.6
Albany	44.5	45.7	45.8	(')	(¹)	C)	2.0	1.8	1.7
Athens	53.6	54.7	53.9	(2)	(*)	(2)	1.8	1.9	1.8
Atlanta	1,071.2	1,139.2	1,149.1	(i)	Ö	Č)	54.0	61.7	63.0
Augusta	125.6	127.2	127.7	Ö	- ŏ	Č)	6.6	6.9	6.6
Columbus	81.7	86.2	85.9	6 1	- ŏ l	- ŏ -	4.7	5.2	5.3
Macon	102.1	103.1	104.2	ŏ	- 6 l	ŏ	4.6	4.7	4.8
Savannah	90.6	91.4	92.6	_ ŏ	- 8	Ö	4.8	5.8	5.0
Hawali	393.4	405.8	396.0	(²)	(²)	(*)	17.9	16.0	15.
Honolulu	319.1	330.2	322.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	14.6	13.1	12.
Idaho	329.9 79.6	324.7 83.6	331.8 83.5	4.6 (²)	4.2 (°)	4.1 (²)	15.2 5.3	14.2 5.7	14.0 5.5
	4,536.5	4,588.4	4,586.0	24.3	25.5	25.3	159.1	156.9	156.
Bloomington-Normal	50.2	4,566.4				(*)	1.3	1.2	1.30.
Bloomington-Normal	74.7	69.3	52.0 75.0	(*) (*)	0 0	8	1.8	1.9	1.
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul						4.0	119.4	122.5	122.
Chicago-Gary	3,247.8	3,274.2	3,261.3	3.3	4.0		108.8	111.6	111.
Chicago SMSA	3,030.4	3,064.7	3,053.4	3.2	3.9	3.9	I		
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	147.5	148.4	146.3	(*)	(2)	(*)	6.1	6.0	6.0
Decatur	52.3	52.2	52.7	9	(2)	()	2.4	2.1	2.:
Kankakee	31.5	31.3	31.3	9	(3)	9	1.3	1.2	1.3
Peoria	129.1	132.9	132.9	(2)	O I	(2)	7.1	7.6	7.
Rockford Springfield	111.6 88.5	115.1 94.0	113.4 88.4	ტ ტ	ල ල	ල ල	3.3 3.5	3.6 3.2	3.0 3.1
Indiana	2,044.7	2,072.3	2,098.6	9.8	10.1	10.1	76.0	80.4	79.
Anderson	46.2	46.2	47.5	(2)	(²)	6	1.1	1.2	1.3
Elkhart	81.4	88.2	88.1	(2)	(2)	8	2.2	2.3	2.
				2.7	2.7	2.7	6.3	6.8	6.0
Evansville	123.5	125.4	125.5			(3) 2.1	5.9	6.5	6.
Fort Wayne	159.8	164.0	165.6	(2)	(2)	8	10.6	10.9	10.0
Gary-Hammond-East Chicago	217.4	209.5	207.9	(2)	(2)	(2)	21.6	23.1	23.0
Indianapolis	513.8	531.9	532.9	(2)	(2)	(2)			
Lafayette-West Lafayette	58.2	54.1	59.6	(2)	(2)	(2)	1.4	1.6	1.0
Muncie	46.3	43.9	46.1	(²)	(2)	(2)	1.4	1.6	1.
South Bend Terre Haute	108.9 60.1	112.5 59.4	115.1 62.0	(²) 1.2	(²) 1.3	(²) 1.3	4.2 2.9	4.9 2.8	4. 2.
lowa	1,036.7	1,025.9	1,040.8	2.0	2.3	2.3	42.5	47.2	46.
Cedar Rapids	75.2	74.8	74.2	.1	.1	.1	2.9	2.8	2.
Des Moines	172.1	173.2	173.9		(²)	(²)	7.0	7.2	7.
Dubuque	38.6	38.6	39.1	(†) (†)	(2)	(4)	1.1	1.2	1.
Sioux City	46.3	46.2	47.0	(2)	(g)	8	1.9	1.9	1.4
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	57.7	54.2	55.3	ი რ	ලි	()	2.3	2.5	2.
Kansas	924.6	930.0	942.7	17.3	17.9	17.6	42.1	43.8	43.
Lawrence	27.8	26.0	27.9	(2)	(²)	(2)	.9	.9	
Topeka Wichita	82.4 194.1	84.9 198.1	85.5 203.7	.2 3.3	.3 3.1	.3 3.0	2.9 9.0	3.0 9.5	2.9 9.1
			1,196.9	41.3	43.9	44.2	50.6	60.3	58.
Kentucky Lexington-Fayette	1,163.6 148.7	1,185.6 147.5	1,196.9		(')	(')	6.8	9.5	9.
Louisville	366.0		376.2	() ()		8	15.7	20.3	19.
Owensboro	31.3	375.1 31.6	31.9	1.0	(') 1.1	1.1	1.6	2.1	2.
Louisiana	1,569.7	1,571.7	1,582.1	78.2	77.9	78.5	116.3	113.3	114.
Alexandria	54.9	54.6	54.9	(')	(')	(')	3.7	3.6	3.
Baton Rouge	208.0	210.1	213.3	.9	.9	.9	20.6	20.8	20.
Lafayette	86.6	88.4	89.2	15.3	16.4	17.0	5.2	5.1	5.0
Lake Charles	61.8	58.4	57.7	2.4	2.3	2.1	6.3	4.3	4.
Monroe	50.8	51.3	50.9	.5	.5	.4	3.1	2.3	2.
New Orleans	501.9 150.3	506.8 149.7	506.9 152.2	18.2 6.0	18.5 6.6	18.5 6.4	31.2 10.2	28.3 9.8	28. 9.
							ŀ	l	
Maine	434.4	452.2	442.8	.2	.2	.2	18.9	19.0	19.
Lewiston-Auburn	34.5 97.7	34.5 103.0	34.2 103.2	(†) (†)	(°) (°)	(1)	1.4 4.4	1.6 4.5	1.5 4.6
Marviand	1,708.9	1,746.5	1,742.2	1.6	1.41	1.41	99.7	110.5	110.
Maryland Baltimore SMSA	1,708.9 937.4	1,746.5 954.1	1,742.2 953.4	1.6 .1	1.4	1.4	99.7 47.0	110.5 51.9	110.5 52.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Ma	anufacturing	3		sportation aublic utilities		Wholesa	le and reta	il trade
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
Reorgia	520.1	539.4	538.9	150.5	155.2	155.8	556.3	603.2	611.
Albany	10.3	11.1	11.0	2.4	2.3	2.3	10.4	11.0	11.
Athens	14.7	14.6	14.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	10.9	10.8	11.
Atlanta	148.7	155.6	156.5	93.1	96.2	96.8	301.8	325.0	330.
Augusta	33.5	33.7	33.8	4.2	4.3	4.3	24.2	25.0	24.
Columbus	20.7	21.8	22.0	3.1	3.1	3.0	16.9	18.6	18.
Macon	16.8	16.7	16.8	4.4	4.2	4.3	21.3	22.0	22.
Savannah	16.4	16.8	16.6	10.3	10.2	10.4	21.3	21.7	21.
lawaii	1 - 1	22.7	21.4	30.6	31.1	31.0	105.5	108.9	107
Honolulu		16.4	15.4	25.4	26.0	25.8	85.6	88.7	88
daho		54.2 10.6	56.2 10.6	19.8 5.4	19.2 5.3	19.4 5.4	82.1 20.3	82.9 21.3	83 21
llinois	970.2	992.3	995.5	265.4	270.4	272.4	1,088.1	1,114.6	1,116
Bloomington-Normal		5.5	5.6	3.2	3.1	3.1	12.1	12.9	1,110
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	· i	6.9	6.9	2.5	2.4	2.4	18.4	18.0	18
	1		i				I	:	792
Chicago SAASA		711.1	708.8	192.3	194.3	195.7	784.1	792.0	
Chicago SMSA		647.8	648.7	179.6	181.1	182.4	737.7	744.5	745
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline		36.6	34.3	6.9	7.0	7.0	38.9	38.9	38
Decatur		18.3	18.3	4.1	4.0	4.0	11.1	11.3	11
Kankakee		6.1	6.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	7.2	7.2	7
Peoria		35.9	36.0	6.7	6.7	6.7	30.9	31.4	31
Rockford Springfield		45.3 5.8	45.1 5.8	4.3 4.2	4.3 4.2	4.3 4.1	24.5 19.3	24.8 21.3	24 19
ndiana	591,3	609.9	610.9	102.1	103.8	104.0	465.4	479.1	480
Anderson		19.1	19.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	9.8	9.8	g
Elkhart	1	49.2	48.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	14.9	16.3	16
Evansville		33.5	33.5	6.9	7.1	7.0	30.9	31.5	31
Fort Wayne		48.8	49.2	9.9	10.6	10.6	39.6	40.1	40
Gary-Hammond-East Chicago		63.3	60.1	12.7	13.2	13.3	46.4	47.5	47
Indianapolis			110.5	30.5	31.8	31.8	130.0	135.3	135
	1	110.1		-			1	_	11
Lafayette-West Lafayette		11.3	11.4	1.7	1.8	1.8	11.8	11.5	11
Muncie		11.4	11.6	1.9	1.9	1.9	11.3	11.0	29
South Bend Terre Haute		30.5 12.5	31.0 12.7	4.7 3.4	4.9 3.3	4.9 3.3	27.6 15.7	29.2 16.5	16
owa	206.2	207.9	207.8	50.1;	49.8	49.8	262.6	261.4	261
Cedar Rapids	20.8	20.7	20.3	3.8	3.8	3.7	17.9	18.0	17
Des Moines	. 20.9	21.8	21.9	10.5	10.1	10.1	44.5	45.0	44
Dubuque	. 11.5	11.9	11.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	8.7	8.6	8
Sioux City		9.2 15.6	9.5 15.2	3.4i 1.9i	3.3 1.8	3.3 1.8	12.1 12.7	12.3 12.6	12 12
							Ì	İ	228
Cansas		176.8 4.2	179.4) 4.2	62.3 1.3	63.6 1.3	63.8 1.3	226.2 6.0	228.4 5.9	220
Topeka		9.6	9.6	7.6	7.9	7.8	18.0	19.1	19
Wichita		53.3	56.0	10.1	10.5	10.5	45.9	48.5	48
Centucky		253.8	254.1	64.0		64.8	266.0	277.6	277
Lexington-Fayette		28.6	28.8	7.4	7.3	7.3	33.7	32.6	33
Louisville Owensboro		84.5 6.5	86.9 6.6	21.2 2.4	21.2 2.3	21.3 2.3	88.0 7.5	90.5 7.6	90
ouisiana		183.3	183.0	117.6	117.2	116.5	373.0	375.2	37-
Alexandria		5.6	1	2.5	2.6	2.6	12.5	12.7	1:
Baton Rouge	1	22.1	22.0	10.2	9.5	9.6	49.0	51.4	5
Lafayette		3.9	3.9	6.6	6.8	6.7	23.3	24.3	2
Lake Charles		9.2	9.0	4.5	4.7	4.7	14.7	13.8	1:
Monroe	1 ,	7.0	7.1	2.7		2.7	14.4	■ 14.3	1.
New Orleans		39.7	39.8	47.0		46.1	129.7	132.0	13
Shreveport		26.3	26.2	9.5	9.3	9.3	34.4	34.0	3
Maine	4 1	112.9	109.2	18.8	19.2	18.8	99.3	109.1	10
Lewiston-Auburn		11.5	11.1	1.3	1.1	1.1	8.1	8.1	
Portland	16.5	17.3	17.2	5.8	5.8	5.7	27.2	29.4	2
Maryland	: 215.0	214.8	215,2	87.3	89.3	90.1	421.4	434.4	43
Baltimore SMSA	143.0	139.9	139.9	57.6	58.3	58.9	221.6	227.2	22

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		nce, insurai d real estat			Services		G	iovernment	
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
Georgia	122.7	130.3	129.7	402.8	431.8	434.9	432.9	418.4	429.
Albany	2.1	2.2	2.1	6.3	6.2	6.2	11.0	11.1	11.
Athens	1.7	1.7	1.7	7.2	7.9	7.9	15.8	16.1	15.
Atlanta	76.3	78.3	78.0	233.8	257.5	257.8	163.6	164.9	166
Augusta	4.6	4.8	4.8	19.9	20.2	20.4	32.6	32.2	32.
Columbus	5.4	5.8	5.8	11.7	12.2	12.0	19.2	19.5	19.
Macon	6.4	6.4	6.4	18.2	18.6	18.5	30.4	30.4	31.
Savannah	4.1	4.3	4.3	17.6	17.9	18.0	16.1	14.7	16
lawaii	31.3	31.1	30.8	102.8	105.5	105.3	83.8	90.5	84
Honolulu	27.0	27.0	26.7	80.5	83.0	83.0	70.2	76.0	70.
daho	23.3 7.8	23.8 8.2	23.7 8.2	61.0 16.3	62.8 17.2	62.5 16.9	69.4 15.3	63.4 15.3	68. 15.
				}					
Bloomington Normal	320.2	325.3	321.4	1,014.5	1,047.3	1,027.6	694.7	656.1	670.
Bloomington-Normal	8.6	8.8	8.7	8.9	9.3	9.2	11.0	8.5	11.
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	2.4	2.5	2.4	12.2	12.3	12.5	30.3	25.3	30.
Chicago-Gary	247.0	251.8	249.6	781.7	799.2	788.2	406.4	399.4	400
Chicago SMSA	238.5	243.8	241.6	743.6	761.1	749.3	375.6	370.9	370
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	7.2	7.4	7.2	26.3	25.6	26.2	26.4	26.9	26
Decatur	2.8	2.8	2.8	9.1	8.9	9.0	5.2	4.8	5
Kankakee	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.1	6.7	6.7	7.3	7.5	7
Peoria	6.5	6.5	6.5	26.9	28.4	28.6	16.3	16.4	16
Rockford	4.1	4.3	4.3	20.2	20.8	21.0	12.2	12.0	10
Springfield	7.5	7.4	7.4	18.8	20.9	18.5	29.4	31.2	30
ndiana	101.7	104.1	102.7	365.9	374.2	377.0	332.6	310.7	333
Anderson	1.6	1.6	1.6	8.3	8.0	8.2	5.6	5.3	5
Elkhart	2.1	2.2	2.1	10.2	10.6	10.9	5.0	4.9	5
Evansville	4.5	4.6	4.6	26.8	27.5	27.5	11.9	11.7	12
Fort Wayne	10.5	10.8	10.7	30.3	30.5	31.1	17.9	16.6	17
Gary-Hammond-East Chicago	8.5	8.0	8.0	38.1	38.1	38.9	30.8	28.5	29
Indianapolis	39.4	41.2	40.7	102.7	107.7	108.1	81.6	81.9	82
Lafayette-West Lafayette	2.6	2.7	2.6	9.6	9.7	9.8	20.3	15.4	20
Muncie	1.5	1.5	1.5	8.6	8.7	8.6	10.4	7.8	9
South Bend Terre Haute	5.3 2.1	5.4 2.1	5.3 2.1	27.2 10.6	26.4 10.5	27.9 11.1	11.6 11.8	11.2 10.4	11 11
						208.7		191.0	203
Owa	59.9	61.9	61.3	210.6	204.4		203.0	9.9	203
Cedar Rapids	4.3	4.4	4.4	15.4	15.2	15.3	9.9		
Des Moines	22.1	23.0	22.8	41.2	40.1	40.8	26.0	26.0	26
Dubuque	1.3	1.4	1.3	10.6	10.7	10.8	3.6	3.1	3
Sioux City	2.5 2.2	2.6 2.3	2.5 2.2	12.0 11.0	11.5 10.5	11.7 10.6	5.7 10.8	5.5 9.0	5 10
Kansas	49.3	49.7	49.6	174.5	175.3	175.5	184.4	174.5	185
Lawrence	.9	.9	.9	4.1	4.0	4.2	10.5	8.8	10
Topeka	5.8	5.9	5.9	17.8	17.9	18.0	21.2	21.2	21
Wichita	10.0	10.0	9.8	40.5	40.0	40.4	25.2	23.2	25
Centucky	53.2	54.4	53.9	225.8	231.5	230.7	217.8	199.7	212
Lexington-Fayette	7.5	7.3	7.2	34.6	33.2	34.1	31.2	29.0	28
Louisville	24.4	25.6	25.5	80.3	81.4	80.6	53.0	51.6	52
Owensboro	1.3	1.3	1.2	6.5	6.4	6.4	4.8	4.3	4
ouisiana	83.4	83.8	83.4	305.9	309.1	312.8	315.0	311.9	319
Alexandria	2.9	2.9	2.9	11.8	11.8	11.9	15.8	15.4	15
Baton Rouge	12.2	12.7	12.7	38.2	40.2	40.6	54.4	52.5	54
Lafayette	3.8	3.8	3.8	18.4	18.6	18.8	10.4	9.5	9
Lake Charles	2.9	3.0	3.0	11.0	10.5	10.5	10.3	10.6	10
Monroe	4.0	4.1	4.1	10.2	10.3	10.4	8.9	10.0	' ' '
New Orleans	31.8	31.4 8.1	30.8 8.0	122.2 32.6	124.9 32.9	125.6 33.0	81.4	85.7	85
Shreveport	8.1			}			25.5	22.7	25
Maine	18.1 1.6	19.2 1.8	19.2 1.8	87.4 7.2	95.2 7.5	89.7 7.5	80.0 3.1	77.4 2.9	81
Portland	8.5	9.1	9.0	22.8	24.7	24.4	12.5	12.2	13
Maryland	97.4	99.5	98.2	400.9	417.3	414.5	385.6	379.3	377
Baltimore SMSA	59.7	60.5	59.8	212.2	220.2	218.4	196.2	196.0	194
Baltimore City	39.7	40.0	39.6	112.3	118.6	117.0	80.0	82.6	7

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		С	onstruction	
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
Massachusetts	2,707.1	2,737.9	2,757.8	1.2	1.2	1.2	88.7	94.8	93.8
Boston	1,508.4	1,527.8	1,542.3	.5	.5	.5	47.6	47.4	46.
Brockton	57.5	57.9	58.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.3	2.8	2.0
Fall River	56.0	55.9	56.6	(²)	(6)	(2)	1.8	2.0	2.0
Fitchburg-Leominster	41.5	41.8	42.8	(²)	6	(²)	1.3	1.5	1.
Lawrence-Haverhill	114.7	115.0	115.9	(^)	(2)	(²)	3.3	3.7	3.
Lowell	86.1	87.8	89.7	(²)	(1)	(²)	2.6	2.2	2.
New Bedford	65.9	68.7	68.9	(²)	()	(²)	2.3	2.8	2.
Pittsfield	52.0	53.6	53.0	.1	(*)	(1)	1.8	2.1	2.
Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke	234.4 157.2	225.9 153.2	233.0 157.2	.1 .6	.1 .6	.2 .6	6.5 4.4	6.8 4.0	6. 4.
Michigan	3,240.9	3,272.0	3,341.0	9.1	9.3	9.1	95.0	105.1	105.
Ann Arbor	138.0	134.7	141.4	()	(() (Ć)	4.0	3.4	3.
Battle Creek	59.9	61.4	63.4	()	Q	()	1.7	2.0	2.
Bay City	32.5	33.1	33.0	Ď	Q	Ö	1.0	1.1	1.
Benton Harbor	55.5	58.4	57.8	(1)	Ö	(¹)	2.3	2.6	2.
Detroit	1,562.5 180.4	1,592.9	1,620.1 188.9	8. (')	(')	ا8.	41.3 4.2	48.6 4.2	49. 4.
Grand Rapids	267.2	179.4 271.8	274.6	8	8	(†) (†)	10.3	10.9	4. 10.
Jackson	46.3	47.0	48.0	8	8	9	1.2	1.3	10.
Kalamazoo-Portage	106.9	107.3	109.8	8	8	Ö	3.9	4.1	4.
Lansing-East Lansing	188.2	188.9	192.2	ĕ	6	Ö	4.4	6.2	6.
Muskegon-Norton Shores-Muskegon Heights	55.5	59.0	58.7	lĕ	l ŏ l	Ö	2.1	2.3	2.
Saginaw	79.0	83.3	84.7	Ö	Ö	Ö	2.2	2.7	2.
Minnesota	1,749.6	1,840.1	1,862.4	7.6		9.4	71.2	85.2	85.
Duluth-Superior	52.9	51.8	53.4	()	l ()	()	1.5	1.8	1.
Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,091.1	1,144.1	1,154.2	(¹)	()	(1)	41.8	48.0	48.
RochesterSt. Cloud	51.7 57.7	53.0 55.2	52.8 58.9	(*) (')	(°)	(³) (¹)	1.8 3.2	1.9 3.4	1.: 3.:
Mississippi	799.2	792.8	812.2 149.4	8.8 1.6	9.1 1.7	9.1 1.7	34.6 6.1	33.6 7.5	33.: 7.:
	146.2	147.1							
Missouri	1,944.8	1,955.6	1,977.3	I .		6.0	81.0	83.0	81.
Kansas City	615.3	627.9	633.8	.5		.6	24.4	27.1	27.
St. Joseph	36.4	36.7	36.4	1 ''	(²)	(1)	1.4	1.9	1.
St. Louis	999.0 91.7	1,017.8	1,026.2 93.7	3.4		3.9	47.4 3.4	52.7 3.8	53. 3.
Springfield	273.1	91.4 274.0		7.0	6.5	.1 6.4	14.9	13.5	13.
			277.5						
Nebraska	617.3	627.0	633.9	1.7		1.7	24.1	23.7	23. 3.
LincolnOmaha	96.9 266.8	96.5 273.5	99.1 275.7	(1)	(1)	(°) .2	3.1 10.3	3.4 10.6	10.
Nevada	417.0	420.7	423.9	6.2	6.6	6.5	21.6	21.1	20.
Las Vegas	234.2	233.7	236.5			.3	12.9	12.8	12.
Reno	115.5	117.6	118.0	.7	.8	.8	5.8	5.6	5.
New Hampshire	420.7	439.8	436.1	1 -	.4	.5	26.6	22.5	22.
Manchester Nashua	79.6 73.6	83.5 77.2	83.4 77.6	, ,	(²) .2	(²) .2	3.7 3.1	4.4 3.3	4. 3.
New Jersey	3,190.7	3,314.9	3,302.5		1.9	2.0	121.2	138.5	137.
Atlantic City	109.8	121.3	117.5		(²)	(²)	4.5	5.1	5.
Camden	360.2	364.9	365.9		l _	.1	13.9	14.7	14.
Hackensack	409.5	417.9	418.8		(2)	(2)	15.4	15.4	15.
Jersey City	221.2	224.1	222.0		(²)	(2)	4.9	5.3	5.
Long Branch-Asbury Park	175.4	190.8	187.3		(2)	(2)	7.7	9.7	9.
New Brunswick-Perth Amboy-Sayreville	295.7 960.2	303.7	302.9 988.1		(²)	(1)	9.8	10.8 35.3	10. 34.
Newark Paterson-Clifton-Passaic	189.5	993.7 194.3	193.5	1 -	()	.6 (²)	31.5	7.9	7
Trenton	166.1	169.8			8	8	3.2	4.0	4
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	52.1	50.7	51.1		(n)	୯	1.7	1.7	1
New Mexico	486.6	498.5	1			1 .		38.2	37
Albuquerque	203.6	211.1	212.9		Q O	()	14.4	16.1	16
Las Cruces	34.1	33.6	36.5	i (¹)	(')	(')	2.4	3.0	2

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	Ma	anufacturing	9		sportation a ablic utilities		Wholesa	le and reta	il trade
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sepi. 1984°
Massachusetts	632.5	644.4	645.9	122.0	120.1	124.0	616.9	633.0	638.
Boston	286.7	292.6	294.1	72.9	72.3	74.3	336.2	337.3	341.
Brockton	11.2	10.8	10.6	3.9	4.1	4.3	16.1	16.8	16.
Fall River	20.0	19.6	19.7	1.8	2.1	2.0	12.7	12.7	12.
Fitchburg-Leominster	16.5	16.2	16.1	1.7	1.4	1.6	8.6	9.6	9.
Lawrence-Haverhill	42.5	43.7	43.9	5.0	4.5	4.8	23.3	22.7	22.
Lowell	34.8	37.4	37.6	3.1	2.8	3.2	17.6	17.7	18.
New Bedford	25.1	26.3	26.6	2.2	2.3	2.3	13.4	13.9	13.
Pittsfield	15.6	16.0	15.9	1.3	1.1	1.2	12.4	13.1	13.
Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke	56.0	54.8	55.1	9.4	9.3	9.8	51.1	49.7	51.
Worcester	39.8	38.8	38.9	7.1	6.4	6.5	37.5	37.4	38.
Michigan	914.1	928.9	961.4	138.0	137.9	138.4	698.0	721.5	727.
Ann Arbor	34.8	35.2	36.4	2.8	3.2	3.2	20.7	19.8	20.
Battle Creek	17.5	18.8	18.3	2.0	2.1	2.1	10.5	10.6	10.
Bay City	8.1	7.8	8.0	1.6	1.5	1.5	8.7	8.7	8.
Benton Harbor	18.9	19.7	19.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	10.8	11.5	11.
Detroit	426.2	438.3	453.6	72.4	71.0	70.8	354.7	369.0	372.
Flint	67.2	65.8	72.8	5.1	4.8	4.9	41.3	43.3	43.
Grand Rapids	87.8	91.6	92.9	10.5	10.7	10.7	65.8	65.7	66.
Jackson	11.3	11.8	12.2	5.0	4.8	4.7	9.6	9.7	9.
Kalamazoo-Portage	31.1	32.5	32.3	3.7	3.6	3.6	22.5	23.6	23.
Lansing-East Lansing	40.6	38.2	40.4	5.4	5.1	5.1	35.6	36.9	37.
Muskegon-Norton Shores-Muskegon Heights	17.9	19.8	19.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	11.2	11.7	11.
Saginaw	26.0	26.1	27.4	4.6	4.4	4.4	17.2	18.1	18.
Minnesota	359.3	384.1	383.3	95.1	96.0	98.4	437.8	468.4	471.
Duluth-Superior	4.7	4.6	4.6	5.5	5.3	5.1	14.4	14.7	14.
Minneapolis-St. Paul	238.0	254.6	254.6	62.6	65.4	66.8	265.3	279.1	281.
Rochester	10.2	11.4	11.2	2.0	2.1	2.1	10.7	10.5	10.
St. Cloud	10.4	10.3	10.3	3.5	3.5	3.5	16.4	17.0	17.
Mississippi	209.7	211.1	210.9	38.7	38.6	38.7	165.9	170.6	172.
Jackson	16.5	16.3	16.4	9.7	9.9	9.9	35.5	36.5	36.
Missouri	408.6	419.4	421.4	132.3	135.7	137.2	460.7	466.8	467.
Kansas City	111.4	116.7	117.2	50.2	49.8	50.5	158.9	160.8	160
St. Joseph	8.8	8.7	8.5	2.0	1.9	1.9	8.9	8.6	8
St. Louis	217.2	224.2	224.1	71.5	71.8	72.9	231.2	238.7	239
Springfield	18.8	20.1	19.8	6.1	5.9	6.0	25.7	26.2	26
Montana	21,3	21.5	21.0	20.5	20.3	20.1	71.7	72.5	71.
Nebraska	86.5	91.2	91.0	43.4	42.4	42.3	158.0	160.9	161.
Lincoln	11.8	12.2	12.4	6.2	6.3	6.4	21.3	20.8	21.
Omaha	35.1	36.6	36.8	22.5	22.2	22.1	66.9	68.0	67
Nevada	19.4	20.5	20.3	24.7	24.7	24.6	82.5	83.9	84
Las Vegas	7.4	7.8	7.7	14.0	14.0	13.9	46.9	47.3	47.
Reno	7.6	7.9	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.0	25.0	25.9	26
New Hampshire	115.8	123.7	123.6	15.8	15.5	16.0	97.5	103.1	102
Manchester	16.7	17.5	17.6	5.1	5.2	5.2	20.9	22.2	22
Nashua	34.2	36.9	36.7	2.0	1.9	2.1	14.2	14.6	14
New Jersey	724.0	739.6	743.9	206.6	208.3	211.7	743.3	785.5	784
Atlantic City	8.0	7.9	8.0	4.7	4.6	4.7	21.6	23.9	22
Camden	70.9	72.0	71.5	16.1	16.6	16.5	95.3	96.7	98
Hackensack	103.1	102.1	102.5	21.4	21.3	21.4	125.0	129.1	131
Jersey City	60.3	59.8	59.7	26.5	26.1	26.3	47.1	47.6	48
Long Branch-Asbury Park	23.8	23.5	23.8	7.2	7.3	7.5	45.5	49.7	48
New Brunswick-Perth Amboy-Sayreville	81.3	83.3	83.3	24.2	23.9	23.9	71.7	72.8	73
Newark	223.6	225.8	226.6	79.3	81.3	81.6	195.3	202.8	204
Paterson-Clifton-Passaic	64.4	64.6	64.7	7.1	6.9	6.8	40.9	42.1	42
Trenton	31.0	31.2	31.6	5.4	4.8	5.0	26.6	28.8	29
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	15.9	14.3	14.7	2.6	2.7	2.7	9.3	9.5	9.
New Mexico	35.3	35.6	35.8	29.6	28.3	28.9	113.2	119.3	118
Albuquerque	18.8	19.7	19.8	1 1	11.4	11.7	51.1	53.5	53
Las Cruces	3.7	3.4	4.0	1.4	1.2	1.2	6.5	7.5	. 7.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Finance, insurance, and real estate				Services		Government		
	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
Massachusetts	172.8	177.1	175.4	713.6	714.3	723.3	359.4	353.0	355.6
Boston	120.6	123.0	122.4	466.3	475.7	483.2	177.6	179.0	179.0
Brockton	2.2	2.1	2.1	10.9	11.2	11.1	10.9	10.1	10.4
Fall River	2.9	2.9	3.0	10.8	10.9	10.8	6.2	5.7	6.2
Fitchburg-Leominster	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.9	6.8	6.8	5.3	5.1	5.7
Lawrence-Haverhill	4.4	4.5	4.4	20.8	21.0	20.9	15.4	14.9	15.3
Lowell	2.5	2.6	2.6	14.0	14.4	14.9	11.5	10.7	11.2
New Bedford	2.2	2.3	2.3	11.4	11.8	11.6	9.3	9.3	9.5
Pittsfield	2.3	2.4	2.3	12.0	12.8	12.1	6.5	6.0	6.3
Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke	14.6	14.6	14.3	51.6	49.4	51.2	45.1	41.2	44.4
Worcester	9.9	10.0	9.7	35.4	34.7	36.8	22.5	21.3	22.1
Michigan	152.1	158.9	157.0	664.1	670. 9	674.4	570.6	539.4	567.6
Ann Arbor	4.3	4.5	4.5	25.0	26.7	26.6	46.5	41.8	46.8
Battle Creek	4.1	4.1	4.1	12.0	11.7	12.1	12.2	12.2	14.1
Bay City	1.4	1.5	1.4	6.3	6.9	6.9	5.5	5.6	5.4
Benton Harbor	1.9	2.0	2.0	11.5	12.2	12.1	7.8	8.0	8.0
Detroit	88.9	90.5	89.8	360.6	365.3	366.7	217.5	209.5	216.2
Flint	5.9	6.0	6.0	29.5	29.4	29.5	27.2	25.9	27.
Grand Rapids	11.0	11.2	11.0	53.5	53.0	53.8	28.4	28.7	28.
Jackson	1.6	1.6	1.6	9.4	9.7	9.8	8.0	8.1	8.0
Kalamazoo-Portage	4.0	4.1	4.1	21.7	22.6	22.0	20.0	16.9	19.0
Lansing-East Lansing	9.8	9.8	9.7	31.1	32.3	32.7	61.3	60.5	60.4
Muskegon-Norton Shores-Muskegon Heights	1.5	1.5	1.5	10.3	10.7	10.4	9.6	10.1	10.
Saginaw	3.7	3.6	3.5	14.5	16.0	16.0	10.7	12.4	12.0
Minnesota	101.9	107.0	108.9	401.1	421.3	424.9	275.6	26 8.6	282.
Duluth-Superior	2.1	2.2	2.2	13.5	13.6	13.9	11.1	9.5	11.0
Minneapolis-St. Paul	76.2	79.4	79.4	263.5	274.6	278.3	143.6	143.1	145.4
Rochester	1.6	1.6	1.5	20.4	20.7	20.5	5.1	4.8	5.
St. Cloud	2.0	2.1	2.1	11.2	11.1	11.3	10.9	7.8	10.9
Mississippi	33.9 11.6	34.6 11.8	34.5 11.8	124.9 30.8	124.4 30.9	127.6 31.5	182.6 34.6	170.7 32.5	185.9 34.0
Address of the Control of the Contro	440.4	440.7	100.0	440.4	400.0	440.6	200.0	240.7	335.
Missouri	110.4	110.7	109.8	416.4	420.3	418.6	328.8 84.4	313.7 82.1	88.
Kansas CitySt. Joseph	47.2 2.0	49.5	49.2	138.3	141.3 7.8	139.9 7.7	5.6	5.6	5.0
St. Louis	59.3	2.2 60.2	2.2 59.7	7.7 234.0	236.5	236.5	135.0	129.8	136.
Springfield	3.8	3.8	3.8	22.2	21.6	22.3	11.6	9.9	11.
Montana	13.0	13.1	12.9	58.8	61.7	61.1	65.9	65.0	71.
Nebraska	41.8	43.4	43.2	127.8	130.5	132.2	134.0	133.2	138.
Lincoln	7.0	7.3	7.3	19.1	19.1	19.7	28.3	27.4	28.
Omaha	24.1	25.4	25.3	65.6	67.3	68.8	42.1	43.2	43.
Nevada	19.2	19.1	19.0	185.4	188.1	188.4	58.0	56.7	59.
Las Vegas	11.0	11.1	11.2	114.5	114.1	115.1	27.2	26.2	28.
Reno	6.4	6.0	5.9	45.5	47.3	47.1	16.5	16.1	16.
New Hampshire	21.9	23.5	23.3	88.3	99.7	93.4	54.4	51.4	54.
Manchester	6.3	6.6	6.5	18.5	19.2	19.2	8.4	8.3	8.
Nashua	2.3	2.6	2.6	12.3	12.9	12.7	5.3	4.8	5.
New Jersey	174.0	180.5	178.6	704.3	736.3	725.9	515.2	524.3	518.
Atlantic City	5.0	5.0	5.1	49.2	57.4	55.2	16.9	17.4	17.
Camden	18.5	18.9	18.8	77.1	77.2	76.5	68.3	68.7	69.
Hackensack	20.1	21.1	20.8	83.9	86.6	86.1	40.6	42.3	41.
Jersey City	8.2	8.7	8.7	34.5	33.2	33.3	39.6	43.4	40.
Long Branch-Asbury Park	8.4	8.7	8.4	47.3	53.1	51.2	35.5	38.8	38.
New Brunswick-Perth Amboy-Sayreville	14.2	14.7	14.6	48.8	50.7	50.1	45.6	47.5	47.
Newark	68.7	71.3	70.8	220.9	231.1	230.0	140.3	145.5	139.
Paterson-Clifton-Passaic	9.5	9.1	9.0	35.9	37.7	37.5	24.6	26.0	25.
Trenton	8.0	8.1	8.1	44.6	46.7	47.5	47.3	46.2	46.
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	2.7	2.7	2.7	9.4	9.3	9.2	10.4	10.5	10.
New Mexico	23.7	24.7	24.5	100.9	106.5	104.5	128.5	124.5	130.
Albuquerque	12.0	12.5 1.4	12.5	50.6	53.7	53.5	44.4	44.2	46.
Las Cruces	1.3		1.4	4.4	4.7	4.7	14.4	12.4] 14.

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Total			Mining			Construction		
	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
New York	7,319.4	7,467.2	7,486.1	7.4	7.8	7.8	246.8	260.6	259.9
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	340.3	350.6	348.7	(')	C) i	(')	12.3	13.7	13.6
Binghamton		120.4	121.1	Ö	Ö	(1)	4.5	5.5	5.3
Buffalo	467.5	469.0	467.7	(')	(')	(')	16.6	16.4	16.4
Elmira	. 34.0	35.1	34.5	(*)	(1)	(¹)	1.2	1.2	1.3
Glens Falls	39.6	43.3	40.5	(')	(')	(¹)	1.1	1.3	1.2
Monroe County	339.4	341.5	343.3	(')	(1)	(')	10.4	11.5	11.4
Nassau-Suffolk	981.7	1,020.4	1,015.9	(')	(i)	(')	42.9	46.5	46.3
Newburgh-Middletown	. 83.1	84.7	84.0	(')	(')	(')	2.7	3.0	3.0
New York-Northeastern New Jersey	6,867.6	7,023.3	(²)	2.5	2.4	(²)	223.4	237.9	(²)
New York and Nassau-Suffolk	4,791.5	4,890.0	4,918.5	2.2	2.3	2.3	154.6	163.1	164.4
New York SMSA	3,809.8	3,869.7	3,902.6	2.0	2.1	2.1	111.8	116.6	118.1
New York City	3,346.9	3,395.6	3,433.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	89.3	93.5	94.8
Poughkeepsie		109.4	108.7	()	c) i	(')	4.0	4.2	4.
Rochester		423.3	425.5	l Ö l	Ö	Ö	12.7	14.4	14.4
Rockland County		88.5	87.2	löl	Ö	Ö	3.2	3.4	3.5
Syracuse		268.2	270.0	િ છેં	Č)	Č)	14.6	15.6	15.2
Utica-Rome		116.4	115.8	8	Ö	Ö	3.2	3.8	3.9
Westchester County		371.4	368.1	ŏ	Ö	Ö	18.5	19.1	19.
North Carolina	2,447.2	2,462.9	2,515.1	4.4	4.6	4.5	118.2	126.3	125.8
Asheville		72.3	72.0	() ()	(')	(')	2.8	2.9	2.8
Charlotte-Gastonia		352.6	357.4	l ŏ l	Ö	ŏ	18.1	19.2	19.0
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		397.2	404.6	8	Ö	Ö	18.2	19.6	19.8
Raleigh-Durham		302.2	308.2	&	Ö	Ö	17.1	18.8	18.5
North DakotaFargo-Moorhead		251.4 61.1	255.2 63.5	6.9 (²)	8.4 (²)	8.2 (²)	20.9 3.4	17.6 3.3	17.2 3.3
		4 470 0	4 000 0				4446	445.0	445.0
Ohio		4,176.3	4,229.3	27.5	28.1	28.1	144.6	145.0	145.0
Akron	1	250.2	255.8	(1)	(2)	(2)	8.0	8.2	8.1
Canton		148.0	149.3	(1)	(2)	(2)	4.9	5.4	5.4
Cincinnati		588.2	590.9	(2)	(2)	(1)	22.6	22.1	21.9
Cleveland		831.4	833.6	(2)	(j (j	(2)	27.9	25.8	25.6
Columbus		513.8	518.4	(2)	2	(2)	17.1	17.6	17.
Dayton		343.6	350.1	()	Ö	(²)	10.3	10.3	10.2
Toledo Youngstown-Warren		287.7 180.5	295.5 184.4	(f)	(²) (³)	(†) (†)	10.4 5.4	10.4 5.5	10.8 5.5
•					.,	••			
Oklahoma Enid		1,179.1 25.8	1,188.3	74.0 2.2	74.3 2.0	73.6 2.0	53.3 1.4	48.4 1.2	47.4
Lawton		31.9	26.1			(¹)	1.4	1.1	1.1
Oklahoma City			32.4	(')	(') 23.9	23.6	19.8	19.1	18.9
Tulsa		433.1 308.3	441.4 309.1	22.8 22.6	23.9	23.6	15.0	15.1	15.
0	204.0	007.0	10110		0.0		00.0	01.0	04.
Oregon		997.3	1,011.3	1.8	2.3	2.3	30.6	31.6	31.2 3.4
Eugene-Springfield		93.3	94.6	.3	.3	.3	3.1	3.4	
Medford	521.4	(°) 532.0	(²) 536.7	(1)	(²) .7	(²)	17.1	(²) 19.0	(²) 19.4
Salem		87.9	87.5		./ .1	.1	2.6	2.6	2.5
Pennsylvania	4,563.9	4,625.7	4,636.3	40.4	39.4	40.1	184.0	190.3	190.6
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton		4,625.7 256.7	255.9	40.4	39.4 .7	40.1 .6	8.0	8.3	7.8
Altoona		47.9	48.0		.2	.2	1.9	1.7	1.8
Delaware Valley		1,601.4	1,601.4	1.1	1.1	1.1	62.3	64.5	66.4
Erie	1 ' 1	106.2	107.9	.2	.3	.3	3.0	3.2	3.2
Harrisburg		232.5	230.8	.1	.1	.1	8.0	8.6	8.3
Johnstown		75.9	76.2	6.1	6.3	6.4	2.4	2.7	2.7
Lancaster	1 1	156.6	157.8	1	.4	.4	6.5	6.8	6.8
Northeast Pennsylvariia		238.0	236.5	.8	.7	.8	10.0	8.6	8.7
Philadelphia SMSA		1,965.9	1.967.4	1.1	1.2	1.2	76.2	79.2	81.0
Philadelphia City		762.4	755.2	(*) '''	(²) '.²	(*)	18.3	19.2	19.5
Pittsburgh		858.0	860.0	6.7	6.6	6.6	40.7	43.7	43.7
Reading		140.0	142.9	.2	.2	.2	4.7	5.6	5.5
Sharon		40.2	40.7	.4	.5	.2 .5	.9	1.0	1.
State College		46.8	40.7	.4			1.9		
Williamsport		46.6 45.6	49.7 45.4	.2	.3 .2	.3 .2		1.6 1.2	1.6
	. 43.4	40.0					1.1		1.2
York	. 151.3	154.9	155.8	.4	.4	.4	5.7	6.3	6.0

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Manufacturing			Transportation and public utilities			Wholesale and retail trade		
	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
New York	1,315.6	1,328.5	1,332,2	420.5	404.2	410.2	1,503.5	1,545.1	1,554.
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	51.6	50.9	50.9	15.3	15.5	15.8	70.5	74.3	74.
Binghamton	41.3	42.6	42.3	4.4	4.5	4.4	21.8	22.8	22.
Buffalo	104.6	102.0	102.4	25.2	24.7	25.3	110.8	111.4	111.
Elmira	8.2	8.4	8.1	1.4	1.4	1.4	8.7	9.1	9.
Glens Falls	9.8	9.8	9.7	1.3	1.4	1.4	8.6	9.9	9.
Monroe County	126.2	126.6	126.5	10.3	10.0	10.0	65.4	66.0	66.
Nassau-Suffolk	169.3	171.9	172.3	44.2	41.1	44.0	261.9	275.0	276.
Newburgh-Middletown	14.3	14.5	14.7	5.4	5.1	5.2	20.1	20.6	20.
New York-Northeastern New Jersey	1,223.9	1,228.6	_ 1	468.7	458.2		1,458.8	1,502.5	(²)
New York and Nassau-Suffolk	691.2	693.9	(°) 697.9	310.1	298.9	(°) 304.6	978.9	1,008.2	1,016
New York SMSA	521.9	522.1	525.6	265.9	257.7	260.7	717.0	733.2	739
New York City	437.7	437.4	441.3	241.4	234.3	237.2	607.1	621.2	627
							I		_
Poughkeepsie	33.4	35.1	34.7	3.3	3.3	3.3	17.5	18.1	18
Rochester	147.0	148.0	148.5	13.0	12.7	12.7	83.7	84.7	84
Rockland County	15.6	15.6	15.7	3.6	3.5	3.6	19.2	19.6	19
Syracuse	56.8	57.5	57.9	15.0	15.1	15.0	59.2	60.0	60
Utica-Rome	26.5	28.9	28.5	4.2	4.2	4.3	23.1	24.0	23
Westchester County	67.3	67.6	67.3	20.4	19.3	19.3	87.1	88.7	89
lorth Carolina	804.1	813.9	815.2	121.5	123.8	124.0	514.7	534.7	536
Ashevilie	20.9	20.8	20.8	3.5	3.6	3.6	15.7	16.0	16
Charlotte-Gastonia	90.2	93.8	93.3	32.0	32.4	32.6	85.3	86.5	86
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	144.6 49.0	148.3 52.3	148.4 52.5	21.5 14.5	21.9 14.9	22.1 14.7	81.5 57.7	84.7 59.9	84 60
North Dakota	15.5	15.3	15.9	16.6	16.3	16.5	66.4	66.8	66
Fargo-Moorhead	4.8	4.8	4.9	3.8	3.6	3.7	18.8	19.0	19
Ohio	1,094.3	1,120.1	1,126.5	201.0	200.7	201.1	936.0	944.0	947
Akron	66.0	67.4	68.0	12.7	12.6	12.7	57.9	58.0	58
Canton	44.6	45.7	46.0	6.0	5.9	5.9	33.6	34.1	34
Cincinnati	141.4	146.0	143.3	31.7	31.1	31.1	140.7	141.6	142
Cleveland	209.9	208.9	210.2	42.0	41.9	42.0	194.0	192.6	193
Columbus	85.3	88.7	89.4	23.0	23.7	23.8	122.7	126.4	126
Dayton	88.6	91.6	92.7	12.9	13.0	13.1	72.6	73.4	74
Toledo	72.7	75.7	77.1	17.7	17.8	17.9	64.2	64.6	64
Youngstown-Warren	55.2	54.5	55.2	7.7	7.5	7.6	42.2	42.0	42
Oklahoma	167.3	177.6	177.1	66.4	66.4	65.8	288.1	293.5	294
Enid	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.8	2.7	2.7	7.6	7.6	7
Lawton	3.4	3.5	3.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	8.5	8.4	8
Oklahoma City	50.4	53.9	54.4	23.0	23.4	23.1	109.0	113.1	114 72
Tulsa	53.1	55.9	55.9	22.3	22.6	22.7	71.2	73.1	
Dregon	198.6	208.5	207.9	56.5	55.6	56.0	249.6	254.3	255
Eugene-Springfield	19.2	19.6	19.7	4.4	4.1	4.2	23.9	24.2	24
Medford	8.2	8.9	9.0	(1)	(1)	(²)	(*)	(*)	(2)
Portland	95.8	103.8	102.4	34.5	34.8	35.0	139.7	143.1	143
Salem	16.6	17.8	16.2	2.7	2.6	2.6	19.3	19.1	19
Pennsylvania	1,106.2	1,119.4	1,116.7	246.4	243.4	250.2	1,005.8	1,016.0	1,019
Alientown-Bethlehem-Easton	87.8	90.1	88.8	13.5	13.9	13.8	51.1	52.5	50
Altoona	11.1	11.5	11.4	5.2	5.1	5.1	10.8	11.3	11
Delaware Valley	319.3	321.4	321.3	79.4	80.4	82.0	343.6	349.4	353
Erie	34.4	35.3	35.9	4.4	4.3	4.3	21.9	22.8	22
Harnsburg	41.6	43.4	42.7	16.3	16.0	16.0	47.6	48.9	48
Johnstown	12.6	12.7	12.3	4.8	4.4	4.9	15.4	15.8	18
Lancaster	56.8	58.2	57.8	6.1	6.3	6.2	36.0	37.3	37
Northeast Pennsylvania	62.4	63.7	63.5	12.8	12.6	12.8	51.8	52.4	5
Philadelphia SMSA	390.3	393.3	392.9	95.4	97.0	98.5	441.0	446.0	45
Philadelphia City	109.7	109.3	109.3	48.6	48.9	48.7	143.5	144.5	14
Pittsburgh	164.8	157.8	155.9	52.7	53.2	53.4	206.9	208.4	20
Reading	50.7	51.8	52.7	5.7	5.4	5.7	29.0	30.3	30
Sharon		11.1	11.3	2.1	2.1	2.1	9.4	9.6	
State College	7.4	7.7	7.9	1.2	1.3	1.3	9.2	8.8	
Williamsport	13.8	15.1	15.6	2.0	2.0	2.0	9.6	9.7	
	. 10.0	13.1	, ,,,,	ر 2.0	۷.5	٠.٠	3.0	3.7	i '
York	57.0	59.5	59.3	7.2	7.3	7.4	34.9	36.4	j 30

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

State and area	Finance, insurance, and real estate			Services			Government		
	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
New York	693.2	713.5	709.3	1,881.8	1,912.9	1,950.5	1,250.6	1,294.7	1,261.
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	17.0	17.5	17.3	79.8	82.9	81.1	93.8	95.7	95.
Binghamton	3.9	4.0	3.9	20.8	21.3	21.5	20.7	19.7	20.
Buffalo	22.8	23.5	23.5	107.9	106.9	109.3	79.5	84.0	79.
Elmira	1.1	1.2	1.1	7.2	7.5	7.3	6.2	6.4	6.
Glens Falls	1.9	1.9	1.9	8.9	11.2	9.4	8.0	7.8	8.
Monroe County	15.3	15.8	15.4	75.5	75,2	77.2	36.3	36.4	36
Nassau-Suffolk	58.0	59.6	59.5	243.3	258.5	254.7	162.2	167.7	162
Newburgh-Middletown	3.2	3.4	3.3	17.3	18.6	17.6	20.1	19.5	19
New York-Northeastern New Jersey	702.7	722.9	(²)	1,752.5	1,785.9	(²)	1,035.1	1,084.9	(²)
New York and Nassau-Suffolk	582.0	597.7	595.4	1,328.0	1,344.7	1,379.4	744.5	781.2	758
New York SMSA	524.0	538.1	535.9	1,084.9	1,086.4	1,124.9	582.3	613.5	595
New York City	498.2	511.7	509.9	963.6	956.5	999.3	507.9	539.2	522
Poughkeepsie	3.2	3.5	3.4	21.3	22.0	22.0	22.8	23.2	23
Rochester	17.0	17.6	17.2	88.4	88.9	91.0	56.3	57.1	57
Rockland County	3.5	3.5	3.5	21.3	22.8	21.6	20.7	20.0	19
Syracuse	17.5	18.0	17 7	57.7	55.9	58.6	45.3	46.1	45
Utica-Rome	6.0	6.2	6.2	21.8	21.5	21.9	26.4	27.7	27
Westchester County	21.8	22.4	22.1	96.7	103.2	100.6	50.5	51.1	50
North Carolina	101.6	104.9	104.1	368.8	380.5	380.5	413.9	374.2	424
Asheville	2.3	2.5	2.6	15.1	16.3	14.9	12.0	10.2	11
Charlotte-Gastonia	23.5	23.9	23.7	60.8	61.4	62.6	37.4	35.4	39
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	19.0	19.4	19.1	63.6	63.8	63.2	48.1	39.5	47
Raleigh-Durham	16.3	17.3	17.4	63.8	64.2	65.5	77.3	74.8	79.
North DakotaFargo-Moorhead	11.9 3.9	12.2 4.1	12.1 4.0	56.2 15.3	56.9 15.7	57.4 15.8	59.6 12.7	57.9 10.6	61 12
Ohio	211.8	215.7	215.0	891.3	905.5	911.8	650.4	617.2	654
Akron	9.4	9.7	9.5	54.1	57.4	55.9	42.6	36.1	42
Canton	6.5	6.7	6.8	31.1	31.8	32.0	18.0	17.1	17.
Cincinnati	32.9	33.8	33.9	132.4	138.1	138.1	78.8	75.0	79
Cleveland	49.3	48.4	48.1	197.7	200.7	202.1	112.9	111.9	110
Columbus	44.1	45.9	45.5	113.4	116.3	116.6	98.7	94.6	`98
Dayton	14.0	14.3	14.3	77.2	77.7	79.5	64.9	63.0	66
Toledo	10.7	11.0	11.0	64.8	66.4	66.6	46.2	41.2	47
Youngstown-Warren	7.2	7.4	7.4	40.3	40.7	41.4	23.5	22.3	24
Oklahoma	62.6	64.7	64.2	221.4	223.7	224.1	242.4	230.5	242
Enid	1.3	1.3	1.3	5.5	5.5	5.5	4.0	3.5	3
Lawton	1.4	1.4	1.3	5.9	5.8	6.0	10.0	10.2	10
Oklahoma City	27.6	28.3	28.1	82.4	84.7	86.3	92.7	86.7	92
Tulsa	16.5	17.3	17.3	67.6	67.4	66.7	36.4	34.0	35
Oregon	66.0	67.3	67.5	196.7	201.5	203.1	184.4	176.2	187
Eugene-Springfield	4.6	4.5	4.5	19.0	19.1	19.2	18.8	18.1	18
Medford	(²)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(²)	(*)	(²)	(²)	(*)
Portland	43.8 5.2	43.6 5.3	43.5 5.3	112.5 15.2	114.1 15.2	114.1 15.5	77.3 25.6	72.9 25.2	78 25
Pennsylvania		256.8	253.5		1,105.8		654.5	654.6	657.
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	243.2	10.3	10.1	1,083.4 51.2	53.6	1,108.3 53.8	28.3	27.3	27
Altoona	9.8 1.5		1.5	9.1	9.3	9.4	7.2	7.3	7
Delaware Valley	109.2	1.5 117.0	115.8	439.7	9.3 444.6	9.4 448.5	214.5	223.0	212
Erie	4.7	4.8	4.8	24.2	23.9	24.2	11.9	11.6	12
Harrisburg	13.0	14.0	13.9	45.4	46.2	45.6	55.3	55.3	55
Johnstown	3.8	4.2	4.1	17.1	17.2	17.2	12.9	12.6	12
Lancaster	5.7	5.8	5.8	28.5	28.6	29.1	13.6	13.2	14.
Northeast Pennsylvania	9.9	10.4	10.4	51.6	54.6	52.9	33.9	35.0	34.
Philadelphia SMSA	127.6	135.9	134.6	515.4	521.8	525.0	282.9	291.5	282
Philadelphia City	63.4	65.2	64.7	228.1	227.5	231.5	135.0	147.8	135
Pittsburgh	48.5	50.5	50.0	233.9	232.6	236.1	103.7	105.2	106
Reading	6.4	6.7	6.6	25.6	26.0	26.0	15.5	14.0	15
Sharon		1.4	1.3	9.8	9.8	9.8	4.8	4.7	5
State College	1.4	1.5	1.5	6.9	7.5	7.5	19.1	18.1	20
Williamsport	2.1	2.2	2.2	8.8	9.1	8.9	5.8	6.1	5
	,			0.0	0.1	0.0	5.0	Ų. I	, ,

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction)
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
Rhode Island	399.7	404.4	408.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	12.5	13.6	13.6
Providence-Warwick-Pawtucket	401.7	404.8	408.6	.2	.2	.3	12.1	13.2	13.2
South Carolina	1,201,7	1,234.5	1,252.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	71.3	72.7	71.7
Charleston-North Charleston	154.3	160.0	161.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	10.2	10.7	10.5
Columbia	190.4	192.0	195.6	(²)	(²)		12.4	12.1	12.0
Greenville-Spartanburg	264.5	262.7	268.0	(1)	(²)	(²) (²)	16.7	16.7	16.2
South Dakota	239.1 57.3	240.5 59.9	241.3 60.8	2.7 (²)	2.8 (²)	2.7 (²)	9.9 2.6	10.1 2.9	9.8 2.8
Tennessee	1,750.4	1,817.7	1,832.0	8.2	7.7	7.7	74.2	83.0	82.7
Chattanooga	165.7	169.2	171.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.1	7.0	7.2
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	145.8	152.5	153.1	.3	.2	.3	7.1	9.2	9.1 9.7
Knoxville Memphis	202.7 355.4	203.9 359.2	203.7 363.7	1.3 .1	1.3	1.3 .1	9.0 14.4	9.9 14.8	14.8
Nashville-Davidson	379.7	392.7	396.8	(')	(')	(')	19.0	22.8	22.9
									400
Texas	6,209.5	6,342.8	6,367.0 57.8	258.1	273.1 4.0	271.9 3.9	425.3	409.2 3.2	403.4 3.2
	58.3	57.2 79.1	79.9	4.2			3.2 4.2	3.2 4.0	4.0
Amarillo	78.6 285.8	295.9	305.3	(f)	()	() ()	17.4	21.0	21.1
Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange	140.4	141.2	141.0	8	8	Θ	9.8	9.3	9.4
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	63.2	62.3	62.9	8	8	8	3.5	3.2	3.3
Bryan-College Station	45.7	45.3	47.5	1.1	1.1	1.1	3.0	3.4	3.4
Corpus Christi	128.1	129.3	130.5	7.2	7.4	7.6	9.7	9.7	9.5
Dallas-Fort Worth	1.602.9	1,658.3	1,673.4	28.6	28.2	28.1	98.9	105.4	104.8
El Paso	164.3	166.6	168.2	(')	(')	(')	8.9	9.5	9.3
Galveston-Texas City	68.4	68.0	70.6	6	[6]	(4.3	4.5	4.4
Houston	1,500.0	1,521.8	1,528.1	`´97.2	100.6	`100.1	138.0	126.8	125.9
Killeen-Temple	60.9	64.1	63.5	(')	(')	(')	3.7	4.1	4.0
Laredo	29.5	30.5	30.3	Ö	(')	(ť)	1.4	1.2	1.1
Longview-Marshall	67.9	67.2	67.5	(')	Ö	Ö	4.9	4.8	4.7
Lubbock	91.8	90.0	91.8	Ö	Ö	(j)	4.4	4.3	4.2
McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg	76.1	76.0	77.1	1.4	1.5	1.5	5.2	5.1	5.0
Midland	51.7	57.6	59.5	12.1	13.1	13.6	3.7	3.6	3.6
Odessa	55.5	60.4	60.1	8.9	8.7	8.8	4.1	4.7	4.5
San Arigelo	37.3	37.4	38.3	.9	.8	.8	2.4	2.5	2.4
San Aritonio	440.0	455.9	460.8	3.4	3.6	3.7	31.3	33.4	32.8
Sherman-Denison	34.4	35.1	35.2	.2	.2	.2	1.3	1.3	1.3
Texarkana	46.3	47.7	48.2	.1	.1	.1 2.9	2.0	2.2 2.4	2.2 2.5
Tyler Waco	57.4 75.0	58.2 76.8	58.7 78.3	3.0	2.9 (¹)	(¹)	2.6 3.9	4.4	4.3
Wichita Falls	53.0	53.3	53.9	(') 3.2	3.2	3.3	2.1	2.0	2.0
Mala	580.7	F00.7	606.0	444	10.7	106	20.5	36.5	36.7
Utah Salt Lake City-Ogden	410.4	599.7 427.5	606.3 430.5	14.4 6.4	12.7 4.4	12.6 4.5	33.5 22.3	24.8	25.0
Vermont	209.5	210.6	213.4	.6	.6	.6	12.9	13.9	13.6
Burlington	63.2	63.9	65.5				3.9	4.4	4.5
Springfield	13.3	13.7	13.6	(²) (²)	(²) (°)	(°) (°)	1.4	1.6	1.5
Virginia	2,229.5	2,291.6	2,321.9	18.1	19.0	18.5	120.8	135.3	134.6
Bristol	26.7	27.8	28.1	.1	.1	.1	.9	1.4	1.4
Charlottesville	58.2	55.9	58.4	.1	.1	.1	3.0	3.2	3.2
Danville	41.2	39.6	41.1	.1	.1	.1	1.4	1.7	1.7
Lynchburg	70.1	71.0	71.7	.1	.1	.1	2.7	2.9	2.6
Newport News-Hampton	160.0	170.0	170.2	.1	.1	.1	7.4	8.6	8.4
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth	307.0	319.8	323.5	.1	.1	.1	20.5	22.6	22.
Northern Virginia	511.7	541.2	542.1	.6	.6	.6	30.0	35.1	35.
Petersburg-Colonial Heights-Hopewell	41.0	39.8	40.8		.1	.1	1.8	1.9	1.5
Richmond	336.8 103.3	340.6 107.2	344.3 107.3		.4 .1	.4	16.8 5.6	17.7 6.1	17.
)		ŀ
Washington	1,607.8 773.9	1,647.1 804.3	1,667.0 808.4		2.8 .4	2.7 .4	78.1 37.0	81.3 38.8	82. 39.
Jeans-Everen	113.9	604.3	000.4	, .4	.4	լ .4	37.0	JO.0	, J y .

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Out of the	Ma	anufacturin	g		sportation aublic utilities		Wholesa	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
Rhode Island	118.1	121.5	121.7	13.7	13.2	13.8	84.2	85.0	84.9
Providence-Warwick-Pawtucket	127.7	129.9	130.3	13.8	13.4	13.9	84.1	84.6	84.4
South Carolina	368.1	374.2	374.0	54.8	57.2	56.8	243.8	255.9	255.1
Charleston-North Charleston	19.0	20.3	20.2	8.1	8.8	8.8	36.8	39.1	39.0
Columbia	26.0	26.9	27.1	9.4	8.7	8.8	39.7	41.5	41.6
Greenville-Spartanburg	98.6	99.2	99.3	9.7	9.5	9.5	54.2	55.3	55.9
South DakotaSioux Falls	26.8 8.3	28.6 8.9	28.3 9.2	12.5 4.4	12.2 4.8	12.4 4.7	63.1 15.5	66.1 16.8	65.6 16.5
_	}			i		İ			
Tennessee	481.5 43.8	500.0 44.6	498.0 44.6	84.8 7.4	92.1 7.3	92.5 7.3	398.0 37.3	412.9 38.2	414.9 38.3
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	52.7	54.4	54.7	5.9	5.6	7.5 5.6	28.7	29.2	28.9
Knoxville	48.7	51.0	50.9	7.5	7.1	7.1	46.5	47.8	47.6
Memphis	51.5	52.4	52.2	27.3	29.9	30.0	98.5	100.0	100.2
Nashville-Davidson	82.5	87.8	87.7	20.3	19.3	19.3	89.8	89.8	90.0
Texas	963.8	992.4	998.5	373.6	385.2	384.7	1,566.6	1.602.3	1,605.3
Abilene	6.5	5.9	5.9	3.2	3.1	3.1	15.0	15.2	15.2
Amarillo	9.6	9.6	9.7	6.6	6.7	6.6	23.3	24.4	24.2
Austin	33.7	36.1	36.4	8.1	8.1	8.1	64.0	68.3	68.7
Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange	31.8	31.6	31.0	11.9	11.9	11.7	32.9	34.3	34.0
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	11.0	11.0	10.8	3.2	3.3	3.2	17.4	17.3	17.3
Bryan-College Station	3.1	3.1	3.2	1.7	1.9	1.8	10.1	10.2	10.5
Corpus Christi	14.4	14.8	14.8	7.4	7.4	7.3	32.1	33.0	33.2
Dallas-Fort Worth	309.2	318.7	323.2	97.3	101.0	100.9	431.9	447.5	447.6
El Paso	36.6	38.8	38.7	9.8	9.8	9.6	39.6	40.9	41.1
Galveston-Texas City	10.5	10.0	9.9	6.2	5.8	5.9	12.7	12.6	12.4
Houston	198.8	199.1	198.9	105.6	107.3	107.6	361.4	372.2	373.
Killeen-Temple	8.4	9.0	8.7	3.0	3.3	3.1	14.4	15.3	15.3
Laredo	1.7	1.8	1.7	3.2	3.2	3.2	8.9	9.2	9.2
Longview-Marshall	14.8	14.8	14.8	3.7	3.6	3.6	17.2	17.2	17.3
Lubbock	11.1	9.3	9.3	4.7	4.6	4.7	26.1	27.0	26.9
McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg	9.6	9.8	9.8	2.6	2.6	2.6	23.3	24.1	23.1
Midland	3.6	3.8	4.1	2.8	3.0	3.0	12.1	14.1	14.
Odessa San Angelo	6.0 5.6	5.8 5.5	5.8	3.0	3.1 3.7	2.9 3.8	15.7 9.0	18.7 9.5	18.8 9.6
San Antonio	49.5	5.5 51.4	5.5 51.7	3.8 18.3	19.0	18.8	112.9	120.5	120.8
Sherman-Denison	11.3	12.0	12.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	7.0	7.2	7.3
Texarkana	8.6	9.5	9.2	2.1	1.9	1.9	10.9	11.1	11.2
Tyler	11.8	12.3	12.5	2.8	2.9	2.9	14.5	14.9	14.0
Waco	15.9	16.6	16.2	3.2	3.3	3.4	18.7	19.8	20.
Wichita Falls	9.0	9.9	9.7	2.8	2.9	2.9	13.2	13.6	13.
Utah	88.9	96.0	96.0	37.0	36.8	36.6	135.7	143.0	143.
Salt Lake City-Ogden	60.6	65.1	65.3	29.1	28.3	28.2	100.4	106.3	107.0
Vermont	48.0	48.7	48.5	9.0	9.2	9.3	44.3	45.5	45.
Burlington	15.6	16.1	16.0	2.6	2.6	2.6	13.4	13.6	13.9
Springfield	4.0	4.1	4.0	.6	.6	.6	2.4	2.4	2.4
Virginia	407.7	413.3	416.2	121.2	126.9	126.4	483.1	509.9	511.
Bristol	8.7	9.7	9.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	6.5	6.5	6.9
Charlottesville	10.5	10.3	10.3	1.9	1.9	1.9	9.8	9.9	9.3
Danville	19.9	18.4	19.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.5	7.6	7.0
Lynchburg	27.0	27.8	27.8	2.9	3.1	3.1	12.3	12.5	12.0
Newport News-Hampton	38.8	40.2	40.3	4.7	5.0	4.9	32.4	35.6	35.
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth	25.8	28.5	28.6	20.2	20.2	20.1	76.5	82.5	82.0
Northern Virginia	25.2	28.2	28.3	36.2	37.6	37.5	116.6	123.3	123.
Petersburg-Colonial Heights-Hopewell	7.8	7.0	7.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	8.2	8.4	8.4
Richmond	55.5 19.8	56.4 20.4	56.9 20.4	19.4 8.2	20.3 8.4	20.3 8.3	81.3 26.4	83.4 28.4	83.8 28.9
ļ									
Washington	281.1 147.0	291.1 154.8	292.6 155.2	90.7 53.5	93.5 55.3	93.7 55.5	406.8 195.3	415.6 202.7	419.2 202.8
COLING-LTOIGH	147.0	134.0	100.2	99.5	55.3	99.5	195.3	202.7	202.0

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chata and an		nce, insurai d real esta	· .		Services		G	iovernment	!
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
Rhode Island	21.4	21.9	21.9	93.8	94.0	95.5	55.9	55.1	57.
Providence-Warwick-Pawtucket	20.8	21.3	21.0	90.1	90.3	91.6	52.9	51.9	53.
South Carolina	52.2	54,2	53.3	180.2	193.1	193.1	229.6	225.4	246.
Charleston-North Charleston	7.5	8.0	7.8	27.0	27.8	27.8	45.6	45.2	47.
Columbia	15.1	15.3	15.0	32.0	32.1	33.1	55.5	55.1	57.
Greenville-Spartanburg	10.6	10.8	10.8	39.2	39.5	40.8	35.3	31.4	35.
South Dakota	12.7	13.2	13.0	54.7	55.9	55.0	56.6	51.5	55.
Sioux Falls	4.8	5.3	5.4	15.0	15.3	15.6	6.6	5.9	6.
Tennessee	81.8	84.4	83.8	327.0	348.2	349.5	294.9	289.4	302.
Chattanooga	9.8	10.2	10.4	29.3	29.7	30.1	30.8	31.0	32.
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	4.7	4.8	4.8	22.4	24.8	25.1	24.0	24.3	24.
Knoxville	8.5	8.3	8.2	37.7	37.0	37.1	43.5	41.5	41.8
Memphis	20.7	21.4	21.3	81.8	82.1	82.5	61.1	58.5	62.
Nashville-Davidson	26.8	28.9	28.8	80.9	85.4	87.7	60.4	58.5	60.
Texas	395.3	406.1	405.7	1,192.2	1,229.3	1,235.0	1,034.6	1,045.2	1,062.
Abilene	3.2	3.3	3.3	13.5	13.5	13.5	9.5	9.0	9.
Amarillo	4.3	4.6	4.6	16.7	16.7	16.6	13.9	13.1	14.
Austin	18.3	19.3	19.4	58.8	62.5	63.2	85.5	80.6	88.
Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange	5.6	5.6	5.6	28.7	30.0	29.5	19.7	18.5	19.
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	3.1	3.1	3.1	11.1	11.4	11.3	13.9	13.0	13.
Bryan-College Station	1.9 6.6	1.9 ¹ 6.7	1.9 6.7	6.5	6.8 24.2	6.9 24.2	18.3	16.9 26.1	18. 27.
Corpus Christi Dallas-Fort Worth	129.5	139.8	139.2	24.2 320.8	339.6	339.9	26.5 186.7	178.1	189.
El Paso	7.7	8.1	7.9	28.0	28.1	28.0	33.7	31.4	33.
Galveston-Texas City	4.5	4.5	4.5	11.4	12.3	12.1	18.8	18.3	21.
Houston	105.4	111.0	110.6	314.9	332.1	333.5	178.7	172.7	178.
Killeen-Temple	2.3	2.6	2.6	11.2	11.4	11.5	17.9	18.4	18.
Laredo	1.4	1,4	1.4	5.8	6.4	6.4	7.1	7.3	7.
Longview-Marshall	L L	2.8	2.8	16.1	15.9	15.7	8.3	8.1	8.
Lubbock	5.2	5.4	5.4	19.3	19.7	20.1	21.0	19.7	21.
McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg	3.2	3.3	3.3	11.1	11.5	11.5	19.7	18.1	19.
Midland	3.6	4.1	4.1	8.5	10.2	10.6	5.3	5.7	6.
Odessa	2.4	2.4	2.3	8.2	9.5	9.5	7.2	7.5	7.
San Angelo	1.6	1.7	1.7	7.4	7.5	7.7	6.6	6.2	6.
San Antonio	31.6	33.5	33.5	94.9	100.0	100.2	98.1	94.5	99.
Sherman-Denison	1.3	1.3	1.3	6.4	6.2	6.1	4.8	4.8 12.4	4. 13.
Texarkana	1.7 3.2	1.7 3.2	1.7 3.2	8.3 11.5	8.8 11.8	8.8 11.8	12.6 8.0	7.8	8.
Waco	4.5	4.8	4.7	17.1	17.0	17.8	11.7	10.9	11.
Wichita Falls	2.5	2.5	2.4	9.3	9.2	9.4	10.9	10.0	10.
Utah	28.5	29.9	30.1	115.0	118.1	120.1	127.8	126.7	130.
Salt Lake City-Ogden	23.4	24.6	24.7	78.2	82.7	82.4	90.3	91.3	93.
Vermont	8.9	9.5	9.3	50.0	50.4	50.5	35.8	32.8	35.
Burlington	2.7	2.7	2.7	14.9	15.1	15.9	10.1	9.4	9.
Springfield	.4	.4	.4	2.8	3.1	3.1	1.7	1.5	1.
Virginia	111.1	118.2	116.6	465.5	481.6	480.3	502.0	487.5	517.
Bristol		.9	.9	3.5	3.5	3.6	5.0	4.5	4.
Charlottesville		3.1	3.1	9.2	9.5	9.5	21.1	18.0	20.
Danville		1.3	1.2	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.0	4.4	4.
Lynchburg		3.3		12.5	12.4	12.6	9.3	9.0	9.
Newport News-Hampton		5.5	5.4	33.5	36.4	35.7	38.3	38.7	39.
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth		16.7	16.5	67.6	72.6		80.6	76.6	81. 126.
Northern Virginia		33.1 1.2	32.6 1.2	149.6 6.9	158.1	158.2 7.1	122.5 13.9	125.2 12.8	126.
Petersburg-Colonial Heights-Hopewell					7.1 66.9	66.4	71.2	67.3	70.
Richmond	27.6 6.2	28.3 6.6	28.2 6.5	64.7 22.2	66.8 23.3	23.1	14.7	14.0	14.
Washington	93.5	95.0	94.9	335.0	348.1	350.8	319.7	319.7	330.
	58.3	59.5	1	164.5	173.5		117.9	119.3	,

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total	į		Mining		C	Construction	
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
West Virginia	587.2	595.6	592.1	49.3	51.4	50.3	24.5	24.1	25.6
Charleston	104.9	105.4	105.3	4.3	3.1	3.1	5.3	5.1	5.3
Huntington-Ashland	93.0	93.6	93.1	.7	.7	.7	4.7	4.5	4.8
Parkersburg-Marietta	57.0	57.4	57.5	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.6	2.7	2.9
Wheeling	58.7	57.9	57.6	3.3	3.1	3.1	2.2	2.1	2.2
Wisconsin	1,876.4	1,929.6	1,949.6	2.7	2.9	2.8	61.5	64.3	65.0
Appleton-Oshkosh	126.6	130.8	132.2	(¹)	(')	(')	5.1	5.9	6.1
Eau Claire	49.5	48.9	50.3	Ö	č	ĕ	1.5	1.3	1.3
Green Bay	81.5	83.6	84.0	(i)	8		3.3	2.9	3.1
Janesville-Beloit	51.2	51.6	52.8	(')	Ö	Ċ	1.3	1.4	1.5
Kenosha	43.5	42.0	42.3	(*)	- ŏ	(i)	1.6	1.0	1.0
La Crosse	45.8	45.7	47.4	Č)	Ö	Ö	1.5	1.3	1.3
Madison	175.2	178.1	179.0	Ö	ં છું /	Ö	7.0	7.4	7.1
Milwaukee	613.0	633.9	639.9	Ö	Ö	Ö	16.1	17.4	17.9
Racine	63.9	65.4	65.5	Ö	Ö	Ö	1.2	1.5	1.3
Sheboygan	41.9	44.6	44.4	(i)	Ö	Ö	1.6	2.6	2.5
Wausau	41.7	42.1	42.3	(1)	(')	(')	1.4	1.4	1.4
Wyoming	211.4	212.6	213.0	29.0	27.6	26.9	18.1	23.5	23.3
Puerto Rico	641.4	653.3	664.4	.7	.7	.7	25.3	28.2	28.2
Caguas	25.3	24.5	25.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Mayaguez	36.6	36.8	37.1	(*)	(r)	Ò	(2)	<u>8</u>	Ö
Ponce	42.7	42.8	43.9	(²)	(*)	(j) (j)	`´ 1.8	`´ 1.8	`′ 1.9
San Juari	330.9	337.9	342.2	(*)	(ð	(*)	17.9	21.0	21.0
Virgin Islands	34.4	35.1	33.5	(*)	(2)	(²)	2.3	2.3	2.0

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

Chate and area	Ma	anufacturing			sportation aublic utilities		Wholesa	le and reta	il trade
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p
West Virginia	90.8	91.6	91.7	39.6	39.5	39.3	127.5	127.7	126.9
Charleston	13.9	13.5	13.6	9.0	9.0	9.0	25.9	26.7	2 6 .8
Huntington-Ashland	19.3	20.0	20.1	8.1	8.3	8.2	23.3	23.1	23.0
Parkersburg-Marietta	14.7	15.5	15.4	2.1	2.1	2.1	13.4	13.6	13.5
Wheeling	8.6	8.6	8.5	3.6	3.5	3.5	14.9	14.7	14.6
Wisconsin	497.4	523.4	519.2	87.1	83.5	87.3	432.6	454.5	455.1
Appleton-Oshkosh	46.6	48.6	48.0	4.6	4.6	4.7	26.5	27.8	28.2
Eau Claire	9.2	9.3	9.2	2.7	2.7	2.7	13.6	14.1	14.4
Green Bay	21.9	23.5	22.8	5.9	6.0	6.1	22.0	22.9	22.7
Janesville-Beloit	18.8	19.0	19.1	2.1	2.1	2.3	11.9	12.6	12.5
Kenosha	17.4	18.0	17.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	8.0	8.1	8.0
La Crosse	10.1	10.7	10.8	2.1	2.2	2.2	12.4	12.5	12.9
Madison	19.5	20.5	19.2	5.9	5.9	6.0	39.2	39.7	40.4
Milwaukee	158.0	169.6	169.8	32.8	30.9	32.4	139.2	142.8	143.4
Racine	24.5	25.1	25.0	2.3	2.1	2.3	13.6	14.1	14.2
Sheboygan	17.7	19.3	19.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	7.7	7.9	7.8
Wausau	11.3	11.8	11.8	2.1	2.0	2.1	10.2	10.3	10.2
Wyoming	8.5	8.9	9.0	16.5	16.6	16.3	45.4	46.3	45.6
Puerto Rico	144.2	148.4	148.2	16.4	14.7	14.7	103.9	103.3	102.9
Caguas	8.2	7.8	8.0	(2)	(²)	(²)	5.3	5.2	5.2
Mayaguez	13.6	14.0	14.0	(²)	(2)	(2)	5.0	5.4	5.3
Ponce	8.7	9.4	9.5	(2)	(2)	Ò	7.0	6.9	6.9
San Juan	32.1	32.0	32.2	12.5	`′11.5	`11.5	66.1	65.6	65.2
Virgin Islands	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.2	6.8	6.8	6.7

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chata and was		nce, insurar d real estat			Services		Government			
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	
West Virginia	22.2	22.0	21.9	107.1	104.2	105.7	126.2	135.2	130.7	
Charleston	5.2	5.4	5.4	21.4	21.4	21.5	20.1	21.2	20.6	
Huntington-Ashland	3.5	3.5	3.5	15.3	15.4	15.2	18.0	18.3	17.7	
Parkersburg-Marietta	2.1	2.1	2.1	11.4	10.6	10.7	9.6	9.7	9.7	
Wheeling	2.7	2.6	2.6	14.5	14.1	14.3	8.8	9.2	8.8	
Wisconsin	97.5	100.8	100.0	390.1	409.5	409.0	307.4	290.8	311.2	
Appleton-Oshkosh	6.1	6.5	6.4	22.6	22.8	22.8	15.1	14.5	16.0	
Eau Claire	1.8	1.8	1.8	10.3	10.8	10.7	10.4	8.9	10.2	
Green Bay	2.6	2.7	2.7	16.3	16.2	16.4	9.5	9.3	10.2	
Janesville-Beloit	1.4	1.4	1.4	9.4	9.3	9.4	6.2	5.8	6.6	
Kenosha	1.0	1.0	1.0	8.2	7.6	7.9	6.2	5.2	5.4	
La Crosse	1.4	1.4	1.3	11.9	12.3	12.4	6.4	5.3	6.6	
Madison	13.2	13.6	13.3	34.9	36.4	36.5	55.5	54.8	56.4	
Milwaukee	41.7	42.5	42.3	149.9	156.4	157.9	75.4	74.4	76.2	
Racine	2.1	2.2	2.2	12.3	12.7	12.5	7.8	7.8	8.0	
Sheboygan	1.8	1.8	1.8	8.7	6.8	6.7	5.1	4.9	5.1	
Wausau	3.9	3.9	3.8	6.9	7.2	6.9	6.0	5.6	6.1	
Wyoming	7.6	7.7	7.6	34.4	34.9	33.2	51.9	47.1	51.1	
Puerto Rico	28.3	28.9	28.6	85.4	86.3	88.5	237.2	242.7	252.5	
Caguas	(²)	(°)	(²)	(2)	(²)	(1)	8.4	8.0	8.€	
Mayaguez	ტ ტ	(6)	6	Ö	Ó	Ö	12.9	12.3	12.6	
Ponce	<u></u> 6	<u>ල</u> ්	<u>0</u>	`´ 7.0	6.7	`´ 6.9	15.2	14.9	15.6	
San Juan	21.7	`′21.8	`´21.5	58.4	59.0	60.3	121.9	126.8	130.2	
Virgin islands	1.4	1.4	1.3	5.4	5.4	5.3	13.8	14.8	13.6	

P = preliminary. NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and Area data have been adjusted to March 1983 benchmarks except Wisconsin.

Combined with services.
 Not available.
 Combined with construction.
 Less than 50 employees.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1963 to date

V	·	Total private		1	Mining			Construction	l
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				Aı	nual averag	es			·
1963	38.8	\$2.28	\$88.46	41.6	\$2.75	\$114.40	37.3	\$3.41	\$127.19
1964	38.7	2.36	91.33	41.9	2.81	117.74	37.2	3.55	132.06
965	38.8	2.46	95,45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
966	38.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
967	38.0	2.68	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95
968	37.8	2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49
969	37.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
303	37.7	3.04	114.01	45.0	3.00	134.00	37.3	7.73	101.54
970	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
971	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
972	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
973	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89
974	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25
975	36.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.95	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.08
976	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73
977	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.65
978	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69
979	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
980	35.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
981	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26
982	34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.82
983	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.27	478.98	37.2	11.92	443.42
			l	Monthly data	a, not seasor	nally adjusted	 1		L
1983:			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Ţ	
October	35.3	\$8.16	\$288.05	43.2	\$11.33	\$489.46	37.3	\$12.06	\$449.84
November	35.1	8.16	286.42	42.9	11.40	489.06	36.3	11.91	432.33
December	35.5	8.16	289.68	43.4	11.41	495.19	36.8	12.02	442.34
984:					1				,
January	35.0	8.26	289.10	43.3	11.54	499.68	36.3	12.08	438.50
February	35.0	8.24	288.40	42.9	11.49	492.92	37.0	11.99	443.63
March	35.0	8.24	288.40	42.8	11.60	496.48	36.7	11.97	439.30
April	35.3	8.29	292.64	43.0	11.62	499.66	37.5	11.95	448.13
May	35.2	8.28	291.46	43.2	11.56	499.39	38.2	11.99	458.02
June	35.5	8.29	294.30	43.7	11.57	505.61	38.6	11.94	460.88
July	35.6	8.32	296.19	43.0	11.57	497.51	38.6	11.97	462.04
	35.5	8.30	294.65	43.5	11.57	503.30	38.5	12.01	462.39
August September ^p	35.5 35.5	8.43		43.5	11.65	511.44	38.5	12.01	468.16
	35.5 35.1	1	299.27		1	l			1
October	35.1	8.42	295.54	43.6	11.58	504.89	37.9	12.15	460.49

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1963 to date—Continued

		Manufa	acturing		Transp	oortation and utilities	public	W	/holesale tra	de
Year and month	Week!y hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
					.Annual	averages				
963	40.5	\$2.45	\$2.37	\$99.23	(²)	(²)	(²)	40.6	\$2.45	\$99.47
964	40.7	2.53	2.43	102.97	4 1.1	\$2.89	\$118.78	40.7	2.52	102.56
965	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	3.03	125.14	40.8	2.61	106.49
966	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41,2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.11
967	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.88	116.06
968	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.05	122.31
									1	
969	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.85
970	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.44	137.26
971	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.5	3.65	144.18
972	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.69
973	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.3	4.08	160.34
974	40.0	4.42	4.25	176.80	40.2	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.39	170.33
975	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.7	4.73	183.05
976	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	6.45	256.71	38.7	5.03	194.66
977	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	209.13
				1	40.0					
978	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27		7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.14
979	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.93
980	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.5	6.96	267.96
981	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.56	291.06
982	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.09	309.85
983	40.1	8.83	8.51	354.08	39.0	10.80	421.20	38.5	8.54	328.79
		l —————	1	Month	y data, not	seasonally a	djusted	I	L	<u> </u>
983:		[<u> </u>							[
October	40.7	\$8.90	\$8.54	\$362.23	39.5	\$10.94	\$432.13	38.7	\$8.69	\$336.30
November	40.8	8.97	8.61	365.98	39.3	11.01	432.69	38.7	8.68	335.92
December	41.2	9.04	8.67	372.45	39.7	11.00	436.70	38.9	8.74	339.99
984:										
January	40.6	9.08	8.72	368.65	39.2	11.08	434.34	38.4	8.82	338.69
February	40.7	9.06	8.70	368.74	39.0	11.01	429.39	38.2	8.79	335.78
March	40.7	9.09	8.73	369.96	39.0	11.02	429.78	38.3	8.79	336.66
April	40.9	9.11	8.75	372.60	39.3	11.07	435.05	38.5	8.89	342.27
May	40.6	9.11	8.76	369.87	39.2	11.03	432.38	38.6	8.86	342.00
June	40.8	9.14	8.77	372.91	39.8	11.07	440.59	38.7	8.90	344.43
July	40.3	9.18	8.82	369.95	40.0	11.18	447.20	38.8	8.97	348.04
August	40.4	9.14	8.77	369.26	39.7	11.17	443.45	38.8	8.95	347.26
	40.4	9.22	8.84	375.25	39.9	11.25	448.88	38.8	9.03	350.36
September						1	1		1	347.53
October	40.5	9.23	8.86	373.82	39.2	11.23	440.22	38.7	8.98	347.53

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1963 to date-Continued

Year and		Retail trade			ance, insura Ind real esta			Services	
month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				Aı	nnual averag	es			
1963	37.3	\$1.68	\$62.66	37.5	\$2.25	\$84.38	(²)	(²)	(²)
1964	37.0	1.75	64.75	37.3	2.30	85.79	36.1	\$1.94	\$70.03
1965	36.6	1.82	66.61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	2.05	73.60
1966	35.9	1.91	68.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
1967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	80.38
1968	34.7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	83.97
1969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
1970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
1971	33.7	2.60	87.62	36.6	3.22	117.85	33.9	3.04	103.06
1972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	3.36	122.98	33.9	3.27	110.85
1973	33,1	2.91	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
1974	32.7	3.14	102.68	36.5	3.77	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
1975	32.4	3.36	108.86	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
1976	32.1	3.57	114.60	36.4	4.27	155.43	33.3	4.31	143.52
1977	31.6	3.85	121.66	36.4	4.54	165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
1978	31.0	4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4.99	163.67
1979	30.6	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
1979	30.0	4.55	136.02	30.2	3.27	190.77	32.7	3.30	175.27
1980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	190.71
1981	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	6.31	229.05	32.6	6.41	208.97
1982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44	32.6	6.92	225.59
1983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7	7.30	238.71
		·	 	Monthly data	a, not seasor	nally adjusted	<u> </u>	1	L
1983:		1			<u> </u>	·		T	[
October	29.9	\$5.79	\$173.12	36.4	\$7.45	\$271.18	32.7	\$7.43	\$242.96
November	29.8	5.82	173.44	36.1	7.39	266.78	32.6	7.44	242.54
December	30.8	5.78	178.02	36.2	7.43	268.97	32.6	7.47	243.52
1984:						1		1	
January	29.4	5.89	173.17	36.5	7.55	275.58	32.6	7.57	246.78
February	29.4	5.89	173.17	36.4	7.54	274.46	32.6	7.55	246.13
March	29.6	5.89	174.34	36.3	7.54	273.70	32.6	7.54	245.80
April	29.8	5.90	175.82	36.5	7.62	278.13	32.7	7.60	248.52
May	30.0	5.88	176.40	36.3	7.55	274.07	32.6	7.55	246.13
June	30.4	5.88	178.75	36.3	7.58	275.15	32.9	7.53	247.74
July	30.7	5.87	180.21	36.7	7.60	278.92	33.1	7.56	250.24
August	30.6	5.84	178.70	36.4	7.57	275.55	33.0	7.53	248.49
September	30.0	5.90	177.00	36.6	7.77	284.38	32.8	7.71	252.89
October	29.7	5.90	177.00	36.3	7.73	280.60	32.5	7.72	250.90
	20.1	3.30	173.23	30.3	1.73	200.00	32.3	1.72	230.90

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

Not available.

 P = preliminary.
 NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984
Total private		35.3	35.3	35.5	35.5	35.1	-	_	_	-	-
Mining		43.1	43.2	43.5	43.9	43.6	-	-	-	-	-
Metal mining	10	39.2	39.2	40.0	41.1	_	_	_	_	_	_
Iron ores		38.0	38.4	39.0	39.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Copper ores		39.1	39.0	40.3	43.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
								1		1	ĺ
Coal mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining		40.7 40.7	40.6 40.6	41.5 41.6	41.3 41.3	-	-	-	_	-	-
Ditarinious coar and lighte thining	'2	40.7	40.0	41.0	41.5	_	-	i -	-	-	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	44.0	44.3	44.1	44.7	l - i	_		-	-	_
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids .		42.6	42.3	41.8	42.6	 -	-	ļ -	-	-	-
Oil and gas field services	138	44.6	45.1	45.0	45.5		-	-	-	-	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	45.1	44.5	45.8	46.2		_	_	_	_	_
Crushed and broken stone	142	45.6	44.8	46.9	47.7		-	_	_	-	-
											İ
Construction		37.9	37.3	38.5	38.5	37.9	~	-	-	-	-
General building contractors	15	37.1	36.7	37.7	37,7	_	_	_		_	_
Residential building construction		36.4	36.0	37.2	37.1	_	ļ <u> </u>	-	-	_	_
Operative builders		40.6	39.5	38.4	38.8	-	_	l -	-	_	-
Nonresidential building construction		37.5	37.2	38.0	38.1	-	-	_	-	-	-
	1	44.0	40.0	40.7	40.0			l		l	
Heavy construction contractors		41.3 42.9	40.2 41.1	42.7 45.1	43.2 45.1	_	_	-	-	_	-
Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway		40.5	39.8	41.3	42.1	-	-	-	_	i -	-
ricary conduction, except inglinary minimum.	. •=	10.0			i					-	
Special trade contractors	17	37.0	36.4	37.4	37.3] -	-	-	-	-	-
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		38.1	38.0	38.4	38.2] -	-	-	-	-	-
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		36.1	35.0	36.1	35.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical work		38.2 35.5	38.3 i 34.4	39.1 35.5	38.9 35.8	_	_	-	_	-	_
Carpentering and flooring		34.9	34.8	34.8	35.1	_	_	-	-	_] _
Roofing and sheet metal work		34.6	32.7	35.6	35.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing		40.8	40.7	40.4	40.7	40.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.6	3
Durable goods		41.3	41.3	41.0	41.4	41.2	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.7	3
Lumber and wood products	24	40.7	40.6	40.0	40.4	39.7	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.4	_
Logging camps and logging contractors		40.5	40.5	39.4	41.2	-	4.0	3.7	3.6	4.2	_
Sawmills and planing mills		41.2	41.3	40.6	41.0	-	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.7	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general	2421	41.3	41.5	40.7	41.3	-	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.0	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring		40.6	40.5	40.0	39.9	-	3.6	3.6	2.8	2.5	-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		40.9 41.6	40.5 40.6	40.3 39.8	40.6 40.7	-	3.7 3.5	3.4 2.6	3.4 2.8	3.4	-
Wood kitchen cabinets		40.9	39.8	40.9	40.6	-	3.5	3.2	3.7	3.6]
Hardwood veneer and plywood		41.1	40.9	39.7	39.3	_	3.9	3.8	3.0	2.9	-
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	40.0	41.1	40.8	40.9	-	3.8	4.4	4.2	4.2	
Wood containers		39.3	39.2	38.0	38.3	-	2.4	2.4	2.0	2.2	
Wood buildings and mobile homes		40.0	39.3	38.9	38.4	-	2.9	2.3	2.5	2.4	-
Mobile homes		40.2 40.7	39.2 40.6	38.9 40.4	38.6 40.8	_	3.1 2.7	2.3 2.9	2.4 2.8	2.3 3.0	
·											1
Furniture and fixtures	25	40.2	40.4	39.6	40.2	40.1	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.8	•
Household furniture Wood household furniture		39.7 39.8	40.0 40.1	38.8 39.1	39.5 39.6	1 -	2.5 2.5	2.5 2.6	2.1	2.3	
Uphoistered household furniture		39.2	39.3	38.0	39.0	1 _	1.8	2.0	1.3	1.8	-
Metal household furniture		40.8	41.6	38.7	40.5	-	3.4	3.1	1.9	2.7	-
Mattresses and bedsprings	2515	39.5	39.3	39.0	39.3	-	3.1	2.0	2.1	2.2	-
Office furniture		40.9	42.0	41.8	42.5	-	3.5	3.4	3.9	4.3	-
Public building and related furniture	. 253	40.4	41.1	40.1	39.7	-	3.1	3.4	3.3	2.6	1 -
Partitions and fixtures Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	259	41.2 41.0	40.9 41.0	40.4 41.3	41.0 41.0	_	4.3 2.4	3.7 2.3	3.1 2.8	3.6	-
Stone, clay, and glass products	1	1		!	i	40.0	_		5.1	1	
Stone, clay, and class products	32	42.4	42.1	42.2	42.3	42.0	4.9	4.7 5.2	1	5.1 5.4	1
Flat glass	1321	45.3	44.2	45.0	44.3		6.0	1 2.7	6.0	77.44	_

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972	L	Average	heurly e	earnings		L	Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p
Total private		\$8.12	\$8.16	\$8.30	\$8.43	\$8.42	\$286.64	\$288.05	\$294.65	\$299.27	\$295.5
Mining		11.33	11.33	11.57	11.65	11.58	488.32	489.46	503.30	511.44	504.89
Metal mining	10	12.62	12.67	13.10	13.23	_	494.70	496.66	524.00	543.75	_
Iron ores		11.95	11.97	13.03	13.03	-	454.10	459.65	508.17	508.17	_
Copper ores	102	13.09	13.22	13.69	13.80	-	511.82	515.58	551.71	596.16	-
Coal mining	11 12	13.95	14.02	14.90	15.12	_	567.77	569.21	618.35	624.46	
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		14.00	14.06	14.95	15.17		569.80	570.84	621.92	626.52	-
Oil and gas extraction	13	10.65	10.61	10.58	10.61	i -	468.60	470.02	466.58	474.27	_
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids .		12.41	12.47	12.62	12.75	-	528.67	527.48	527.52	543.15	j -
Oil and gas field services	138	9.90	9.87	9.86	9.87	-	441.54	445.14	443.70	449.09	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	9.46	9.50	9.87	10.04	_	426.65	422.75	452.05	463.85	_
Crushed and broken stone	142	8.87	8.88	9.42	9.55	-	404.47	397.82	441.80	455.54	-
Construction	.}	12.04	12.06	12.01	12.16	12.15	456.32	449.84	462.39	468.16	460.49
General building contractors	15	10.84	10.76	10.84	10.99	_	402.16	394.89	408.67	414.32	İ _
Residential building construction		10.08	9.94	10.05		_	366.91	357.84	373.86	379.53	-
Operative builders		9.04	8.91	9.03	9.12	_	367.02	351.95	346.75	353.86	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	11.73	11.69	11.72	11.83	-	439.88	434.87	445.36	450.72	-
Heavy construction contractors	16	12.06	12.08	11.80	11.91	_	498.08	485.62	503.86	514.51	_
Highway and street construction		10.92	10.97	11.12	11.13	_	468.47	450.87	501.51	501.96	i -
Heavy construction, except highway	162	12.70	12.66	12.22	12.38	-	514.35	503.87	504.69	521.20	-
Special trade contractors	17	12.58	12.65	12.62	12.78	ļ <u>-</u>	465.46	460.46	471.99	476.69	_
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		12.65		12.66	ı		481.97	480.70	486.14	489.34	-
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		11.60		11.51			418.76	407.75	415.51	416.16	-
Electrical work		14.16	14.11	14.17			540.91	540.41	554.05	558.22	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentering and flooring		12.22	12.37 11.68	12.57 11.87	12.75 11.89	- ì -	433.81	425.53 406.46	446.24 413.08	456.45 417.34	-
Roofing and sheet metal work		11.05	11.19	11.15	i	-	382.33	365.91	396.94	394.52	_
Aanufacturing		8.89	8.90	9.14	9.22	9.23	362.71	362.23	369.26	375.25	373.8
Durable goods		9.46	9.47	9.68	! 9.77	9.77	390.70	391.11	396.88	404.48	402.5
Lumber and wood products	24	7.87	7.86	8.05	8.14	8.08	320.31	319.12	322.00	328.86	320.7
Logging camps and logging contractors		10.42	- :	10.90		- 0.00	422.01	422.82	429.46	460.20	520.71
Sawmills and planing mills		8.27	8.26	8.38	8.45		340.72	341.14	340.23	346.45	_
Sawmills and planing mills, general		8.74	8.72	8.81	8.87	-	360.96	361.88	358.57	366.33	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring		5.60	5.60	5.83	5.87		227.36	226.80	233.20	234.21	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		7.66	7.65	7.82	7.88		313.29	309.83	315.15	319.93	-
Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets		7.91 6.93	7.81 6.92	8.00 7.14	-	-	329.06 283.44	317.09 275.42	318.40 292.03	328.45 289.88	-
Hardwood veneer and plywood		6.17	6.19	6.33	6.33	- -	253.59	253.17	251.30	248.77	_
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	9.45	9.55	9.74	9.88	_	378.00	392.51	397.39	404.09	_
Wood containers	244	5.62	5.49	5.66	5.76	-	220.87	215.21	215.08	220.61	-
Wood buildings and mobile homes	245	6.80	6.80	7.08	7.14	~	272.00	267.24	275.41	274.18	-
Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products		6.85	6.85 6.59	7.15 6.87	7.18 6.84	-	275.37 269.43	268.52 267.55	278.14 277.55	277.15 279.07	<u> </u>
Furniture and fixtures	!	6.74	6.71	6.90	!	6.92		 271.08	273.24	279.39	277.4
Household furniture		6.16	6.17	6.33		-	244.55	246.80	245.60	252.01	
Wood household furniture		5.62	5.64	5.79	5.83	-	223.68	226.16	226.39	230.87	-
Upholstered household furniture	2512	6.57	6.62	6.81	6.91	-	257.54	260.17	258.78	269.49	-
Metal household furniture		6.56	6.39	6.73		-	267.65	265.82	260.45	271.35	-
Mattresses and bedsprings		7.07	6.98	6.96	7.03	-	279.27	274.31	271.44	276.28	-
Office furniture		7.47	7.26	7.64		-	305.52	304.92	319.35	327.25	; -
Public building and related furniture		7.35 8.27	7.42 ¹ 8.24	7.45 8.17	7.44 8.24	-	296.94	304.96	298.75	295.37	-
Partitions and fixtures Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		7.40	i	7.33		-	340.72 303.40	337.02 301.35	330.07 302.73	337.84 302.58	_
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	9.42	9.38 _i	9.62	9.63	9.63	399.41	394.90	405.96	407.35	404.4
Flat glass		12.98	12.72	13.02		- 9.63	587.99	562.22	585.90	572.80	404.41 -
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		10.17	10.10	10.58			415.95	416.12	430.61	428.49	I

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct
Purable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products—Continued											
Glass containers	3221	40.9	41.1	40.9	40.9	-	4.7	4.9	5.0	5.0	-
Pressed and blown glass, nec		40.8	41.4	40.5	40.0	_	3.6	3.5	3.9	3.2	-
Products of purchased glass		41.6	41.7	41.6	41.7	-	3.9	4.3	4.2	3.7	
Cement, hydraulic		42.9	42.1	40.4	39.8	-	3.8	3.0	2.9	2.7	
Structural clay products		42.9	42.3	41.7	42.2	-	4.2	4.0	3.8	4.1	
Pottery and related products		39.2	39.1	39.0	39.4	-	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.8	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		43.9	43.3	44.1	44.4	-	6.6	6.4	7.1	7.3	
Concrete block and brick Concrete products, nec		45.5 43.6	45.0 43.0	44.2 43.5	45.4 43.9	_	7.3 5.8	7.2 5.3	7.0 6.5	7.0 6.7	
Ready-mixed concrete		43.4	42.4	44.2	44.2	_	6.8	6.6	7.6	7.7	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		42.4	42.1	41.8	42.0	[_	4.2	3.8	4.1	4.5	ĺ.
Abrasive products		41.7	41.2	40.4	40.5	_	3.0	2.7	2.8	2.8	١.
Asbestos products		43.9	44.3	42.4	44.2	-	4.9	4.9	3.6	4.8	
Primary metal industries	. 33	41.4	41.2	40.8	41.5	41.1	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.9	-
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		40.8	40.1	39.3	40.1	39.3	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.9	
Blast furnaces and steel mills	3312	40.6	39.7	38.6	39.6	-	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.7	.
Steel pipe and tubes		40.9	41.0	41.1	42.2	-	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.7	
Iron and steel foundries		41.0	41.1	41.1	41.5	-	3.6	3.5	3.9	3.8	
Gray iron foundries		41.6	41.8	41.0	41.4	-	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.1	
Malleable iron foundries		41.4	40.7	40.9	40.6	-	4.1	3.2	3.1	2.7	
Steel foundries, nec		38.5	39.0	41.1	40.7	-	1.8	1.9	3.2	3.1	
Primary nonferrous metals		41.4	41.7	41.8	41.6	-	3.6	3.4	3.6	3.3	
Primary aluminum		41.1	41.4	42.4	42.3	-	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.6	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		43.0	42.9	42.7	43.4	-	5.2	5.1	5.8	5.9	
Copper rolling and drawing		43.6	43.9	43.3	43.6	-	4.8	5.2 5.9	5.2 6.5	5.4 6.1	,
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		41.9	42.7	41.6	42.0	-	6.4	1	6.0	6.3	•
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		43.2	42.7	42.8	43.7	_	5.0 3.8	5.0 3.8	3.8	3.9	
Nonferrous foundries	1	41.5	41.8 42.3	41.5 41.6	42.1	-	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	
Aluminum foundries	3301	41.9	42.3	41.0	41.5	_	4.0	7.0	4.0	4.0	_
Fabricated metal products	34	41.3	41.3	41.0	41.4	41.4	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.8	
Metal cans and shipping containers		42.7	42.2	44.0	43.5	_	5.7	4.9	6.4	5.9	
Metal cans		42.7	42.3	44.2	43.4	-	6.0	5.1	6.6	5.8	
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware		41.5	41.3	40.3	40.8	- '	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.4	
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades .		40.7	40.5	39.9	40.1	-	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.5	
Hardware, nec		41.8	41.7	40.4	41.0	-	3.9	3.8	3.5	3.8	-
Plumbing and heating, except electric		40.6	40.3	39.1	39.3	-	2.8	2.4	2.0	1.9	
Plumbing fittings and brass goods	3432	40.4	40.0	38.6	38.9	-	2.9	2.5	1.5	1.3	
Heating equipment, except electric	3433	40.2	40.0	40.0	39.8	-	2.3	1.7	2.4	2.3	
Fabricated structural metal products		40.8	40.6	41.0	41.2	-	3.2	3.0	3.4	3.6	•
Fabricated structural metal	3441	41.1	41.1	41.6	41.4 40.5	-	3.3	3.4 2.8	4.4 2.7	4.1 2.9	
Metal doors, sash, and trim	3442	40.4	40.3 40.6	40.6 41.3	40.5	_	3.3	2.8	3.2	4.1	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	3443	41.4	40.6	40.1	40.4		3.0	3.2	3.3	3.3	
Sheet metal workArchitectural metal work	2446	41.5	41.9	40.1	40.2	_	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.6	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	3440	41.8	42.3	42.5	42.7	_	3.8	4.0	4.5	4.9	٠.
Screw machine products, botts, etc	3451	40.7	40.9	41.8	42.0	_ '	3.2	3.4	3.9	4.4	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	3452	42.9	43.6	43.2	43.4	- 1	4.3	4.6	5.1	5.5	
Metal forgings and stampings	346	42.6	42.7	41.4	42.1	-	4.7	4.7	4.0	4.5	-
Iron and steel forgings	3462	41.5	41.3	41.8	42.1	-	3.6	3.6	4.1	4.2	
Automotive stampings	3465	44.8	45.3	42.3	43.9	-	6.2	6.6	4.5	5.6	-
Metal stampings, nec	3469	40.9	40.7	40.5	40.4	-	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.5	-
Metal services, nec	347	40.5	40.5	40.4	40.9	-	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.7	-
Plating and polishing	3471	40.5	40.3	40.1	40.7	-	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.5	
Metal coating and allied services	3479	40.5	41.1	41.1	41.4	-	3.8	4.1	4.1	4.3	•
Ordnance and accessories, nec	.∤348	40.8	41.1	40.2	40.8	-	2.3	2.6	2.6	2.7	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec	3483	40.2	40.3	39.7	39.9	-	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	•
Misc. fabricated metal products	349	40.8	40.8	40.6	41.0	-	2.9	2.8	2.8	3.0	•
Valves and pipe fittings	3494	40.3	40.6	40.9	41.4	-	2.7	2.7	3.0	3.3	•
Misc. fabricated wire products	ł	40.8	40.6	39.8	39.8	-	3.0	2.8	2.2	2.6	
Machinery, except electrical	35	41.1	41.0	41.5	42.0	41.7	3.2	3.1	3.5	3.9	
Engines and turbines	. 351	39.7	39.6	41.5	41.5	-	3.2	3.3	4.1	3.8	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets	3511	38.8	39.0	39.9	41.1	-	3.0	3.1	3.6	4.6	-
Internal combustion engines, nec	3519	40.1	39.8	42.0	41.6	-	3.3	3.4	4.2	3.5	-
Farm and garden machinery	.∣352	40.1	40.1	39.1	40.1	-	2.3	2.3	1.9	2.1	
Farm machinery and equipment	3523	40.2	40.4	39.7	40.3	-	2.6	2.6	2.1	2.2	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

1972	<u></u>			earnings	1		,	weekly e		
SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984
				İ					!	
	\$10.65	\$10.56			-		1 '			-
	9.55	9.53	9.93	9.98	-	389.64	394.54	402.17	399.20	-
	1							l	!	-
			- !	-			1		i	-
				,						-
	1 1			1					;	_
	1								1	_
	1 1			:						(_
					_		•	1		i -
1	9.24	9.23	9.55	9.59	_	391.78	388.58	399.19	402.78	; -
3291	8.74	8.69	9.07	9.07	-	364.46	358.03	366.43	367.34	1 -
3292	9.18	9.18	9.74	9.78	-	403.00	406.67	412.98	432.28	-
	11.34	11.28	11.34			469.48	464.74	462.67	471.44	\$465
	1						1			507.
	5						1	i	i	! -
	1									-
										-
									1	1 -
	1									i -
	i l				_		•			! -
	14.00	14.14	13.89	13.87	_		585.40			-
	10.76	10.82	10.90	10.94	-	462.68	464.18	465.43	474.80	-
3351	9.60	9.70	9.97	9.95	-	418.56	425.83	431.70	433.82	-
3353	14.19	14.19	13.83	13.82	-	594.56	605.91	575.33	580.44	-
	10.10	10.16	10.47	10.58	-	436.32	433.83	448.12	462.35	! -
	8.86	8.89			-				380.58	-
3361	9.09	9.11	9.17	9.23	-	380.87	385.35	381.47	386.74	-
34	9.18	9.18	9.30	9.40	9.35	379.13	379.13	381.30	389.16	387.
	12.29	12.18	12.73	12.68	-	524.78	514.00	560.12	551.58	-
	12.92	12.79	13.43	13.44	-	551.68	541.02	593.61	583.30	-
					-					! -
										-
							1		1	-
									;	-
	1	l i	i l						,	i -
										[-
	1		-		_				1	Í _
	6.87	6.92	7.08	7.22	_	277.55	278.88	287.45	292.41	-
	10.08	9.95	9.80	9.93	_ !	417.31	403.97	404.74	419.05	-
	9.00	8.91	9.13	9.26	-	360.00	357.29	366.11	374.10	i -
	8.93	9.02	8.88	8.83	- 1	370.60	377.94	358.75	354.97	i -
	8.58	8.60	8.78		-			373.15	380.46	-
							, ,		1	: -
3452										-
										! -
										_
							l i			-
					-					: _
	7.23	7.25	7.38	7.40	- {	292.82	292.18	295.94	301.18	; _
3479	7.64	7.65	7.82	7.83	-	309.42	314.42	321.40	324.16	i -
348	9.73	9.83	9.95	9.91	-	396.98	404.01	399.99	404.33	-
	9.25	9.27	9.49	9.47	-	371.85	373.58	376.75	377.85	-
	8.58	8.58	8.72	8.77	-	350.06	350.06	354.03	359.57	i -
	1		9.36 7.90	9.43 7.91	-	369.15 311.30	f :			- -
1			į		10.00					
					!		. ,			417.
						1	, .			-
					ļ.				511.28	-
2510	1 1204	1990								
3519 352	12.04 9.68	12.29 9.69	13.04 9.81	13.08 9.79	-	482.80 388.17	489.14 388.57	547.68 383.57	544.13 392.58	! -
	Code . 3221 . 3229 . 323 . 324 . 325 . 327 . 3271 . 3272 . 3273 . 329 . 3291 . 3292 . 33 . 3317 . 332 . 3321 . 3312 . 3317 . 332 . 3321 . 3322 . 3325 . 333 . 3334 . 3357 . 336 . 3361 . 34 . 341 . 3411 . 342 . 3423 . 3429 . 343 . 3444 . 3441 . 3444 . 3441 . 3444	Code Sept. 1983 3221 \$10.65. 3229 9.55. 323 8.17. 324 13.48 325 7.40. 326 7.93 3271 7.76. 3272 8.18. 3273 10.31. 329 9.24. 3291 8.74. 3299 9.24. 3321 10.27. 3312 13.28. 3317 10.45. 332 10.02. 3321 10.27. 3322 10.74. 3325 9.51. 333 13.46. 3334 14.00. 335 10.76. 3351 12.79 3352 10.76. 336. 3.86. 3361 9.09 34 9.18 341 12.29 341 12.92 342 342 343 8.22 3432 7.96. 3433 8.16. 344 8.79 3441 9.33 3442 6.87 3441 9.33 3442 6.87 3443 10.08 3444 8.79 3441 9.33 3442 6.87 3444 9.00 3446 8.93 345 345 345 345 345 345 345 345 345 34	Code Sept. 1983 Uct. 1983 . 3221 \$10.65 \$10.56 . 3229 9.55 9.53 . 323 8.17 8.33 . 324 13.48 13.28 . 325 7.40 7.40 . 326 7.93 7.71 . 3272 8.18 8.13 . 3273 10.31 10.34 . 329 9.24 9.23 . 3291 8.74 8.69 . 3292 9.18 9.18 . 331 12.79 12.68 . 3312 13.28 13.17 . 3321 10.27 10.24 . 3321 10.27 10.22 . 3321 10.27 10.22 . 3321 10.27 10.22 . 3321 10.27 10.74 . 3325 9.51 9.32 . 3331 14.00 14.14 . 3351 10.76 10.82 . 3351 9.60 9.70	Code Sept. 1983 UCt. 1983 Aug. 1984 . 3221 \$10.65 \$10.56 \$11.10 . 3229 9.55 9.53 9.93 . 323 8.17 8.33 8.18 . 324 13.48 13.28 13.29 . 326 7.93 7.91 8.04 . 327 9.29 9.27 9.52 . 3271 7.76 7.78 8.20 . 3273 10.31 10.34 10.51 . 329 9.24 9.23 9.55 . 3291 8.74 8.69 9.07 . 3292 9.18 9.18 9.74 . 331 12.79 12.68 12.90 . 3312 13.28 13.17 13.45 . 3321 10.27 10.22 10.32 . 3321 10.27 10.22 10.32 . 3321 10.27 10.22 10.32 . 3331 13.46 13.55 13.51 . 3333 <td< td=""><td>Code Sept. 1983 Oct. 1983 1984 1984° 3221 \$10.65 \$10.56 \$11.10 \$11.08 3229 9.55 9.53 9.93 9.98 323 8.17 8.33 8.18 8.10 324 13.48 13.28 13.29 13.44 325 7.40 7.40 7.74 7.76 326 7.93 7.91 8.04 8.11 327 9.29 9.27 9.52 9.54 3271 7.76 7.78 8.20 8.12 3272 8.18 8.13 8.39 8.44 3229 9.24 9.23 9.55 9.59 3291 8.74 8.69 9.07 9.07 331 12.79 12.68 12.90 13.01 3311 12.79 12.68 12.90 13.01 3321 10.21 10.22 10.32 10.01 3321 10.27 10.22</td><td> Code</td><td> Code 1983 1984 </td><td> Sept. Oct. Aug. Sept. Oct. 1983 1983 1984 1984 1984 1984 1984 1983 1983 1984 1984 1984 1983 1983 1984 1984 1983 1983 1984 1984 1983 1983 1984 1984 1983 1983 1984 1983 1983 1984 1983 1983 1984 1983 1983 1984 1983 1983 1983 1983 1983 1984 1983 1984 1983</td><td> Code 1983 1983 1984 1984 1984 1984 1983 1983 1984 1984 1984 1984 1984 1983 1984 </td><td> Code Sept. Oct. Aug. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Aug. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Aug. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Aug. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Aug. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Sept. </td></td<>	Code Sept. 1983 Oct. 1983 1984 1984° 3221 \$10.65 \$10.56 \$11.10 \$11.08 3229 9.55 9.53 9.93 9.98 323 8.17 8.33 8.18 8.10 324 13.48 13.28 13.29 13.44 325 7.40 7.40 7.74 7.76 326 7.93 7.91 8.04 8.11 327 9.29 9.27 9.52 9.54 3271 7.76 7.78 8.20 8.12 3272 8.18 8.13 8.39 8.44 3229 9.24 9.23 9.55 9.59 3291 8.74 8.69 9.07 9.07 331 12.79 12.68 12.90 13.01 3311 12.79 12.68 12.90 13.01 3321 10.21 10.22 10.32 10.01 3321 10.27 10.22	Code	Code 1983 1984	Sept. Oct. Aug. Sept. Oct. 1983 1983 1984 1984 1984 1984 1984 1983 1983 1984 1984 1984 1983 1983 1984 1984 1983 1983 1984 1984 1983 1983 1984 1984 1983 1983 1984 1983 1983 1984 1983 1983 1984 1983 1983 1984 1983 1983 1983 1983 1983 1984 1983 1984 1983	Code 1983 1983 1984 1984 1984 1984 1983 1983 1984 1984 1984 1984 1984 1983 1984	Code Sept. Oct. Aug. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Aug. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Aug. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Aug. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Aug. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Sept. Oct. Sept.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oc 198
Purable goods—Continued											
Machinery, except electrical—Continued			ĺ								
Construction and related machinery	353	40.4	40.1	41.3	42.1	_	2.6	2.3	2.9	3.5	١.
Construction machinery		40.7	40.1	41.6	42.1	_	2.3	1.9	2.5	3.1	
Mining machinery		39.8	39.0	40.4	41.6	-	2.1	1.5	2.8	3.2	
Oil field machinery		40.4	40.6	41.7	42.7	_ '	2.8	2.8	3.2	3.7	İ
Conveyors and conveying equipment	3535	40.3	39.2	40.5	41.7	-	2.6	2.4	3.7	5.1	ļ
Industrial trucks and tractors	3537	40.5	40.2	40.8	41.2	-	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.3	ļ
Metalworking machinery	354	41.1	41.4	42.4	43.1	-	3.7	3.8	4.6	5.1	1
Machine tools, metal cutting types	3541	39.7	40.1	42.4	42.6	-	1.9	2.1	4.0	3.8	1
Machine tools, metal forming types	3542	38.4	39.7	41.9	42.6	-	3.0	3.8	3.9	4.3	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	42.0	42.3	43.3	44.1	-	4.6	4.8	5.5	6.1	ļ
Machine tool accessories	3545	40.8	41.0	41.6	42.4	-	3.1	3.3	3.8	4.6	1
Power driven hand tools		40.5	40.9	41.2	42.1	-	3.2	3.1	4.1	4.9	ĺ
Special industry machinery		41.3	41.0	41.2	42.2	-	3.3	3.3	3.3	4.0	
Food products machinery		41.1	40.6	41.6	41.9	-	3.0	2.7	2.9	3.2	ļ
Textile machinery		40.4	41.8	41.0	41.5	-	2.6	3.5	2.5	3.0	İ
Printing trades machinery		42.0	40.8	41.0	43.3	-	3.5	3.1	3.4	4.4	i
General industrial machinery		41.1	41.2	41.5	41.8	-	3.2	3.1	3.6	3.8	1
Pumps and pumping equipment		41.1	40.6	40.9	40.8	-	2.9	2.7	3.2	3.3	
Ball and roller bearings		42.9	43.0	43.4	44.1	-	4.4	4.0	4.8	5.1	Į
Air and gas compressors		40.5	40.7	40.4	40.7	-	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.9	
Blowers and fans		40.6	40.3	40.4	40.9	-	3.0	2.6	2.8	3.1	
Speed changers, drives, and gears		40.7	40.6	41.2	41.3	-	3.0	2.9	4.4	4.2	1
Power transmission equipment, nec		40.1	41.4	40.6	41.7	-	2.7	3.4	3.1	4.3	İ
Office and computing machines		42.4	42.1	41.8	42.3	i -	3.4	3.3	2.9	3.5	1
Electronic computing equipment		42.6	42.2	41.7	42.2	-	3.6	3.4	2.9	3.5	İ
Refrigeration and service machinery		41.2	41.1	41.1	41.5	i -	3.4	3.0	3.7	4.0	
Refrigeration and heating equipment		41.2	41.1	41.4	42.0	-	3.6	3.1	4.0	4.2	i
Misc. machinery, except electrical		40.6	40.9	41.5	41.5	-	3.1	3.2	3.8	3.9	ļ
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		41.3	42.1	42.1	41.2	-	3.5	3.9	3.8	3.3	
Machinery, except electrical, nec	3599	40.4	40.7	41.4	41.5	-	3.0	3.1	3.8	4.0	
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	41.1	41.1	40.7	41.1	40.9	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.2	
Electric distributing equipment		40.5	40.5	40.6	41.0	-	2.8	2.3	2.8	3.0	ĺ
Transformers		40.8	41.3	41.4	41.7	_	3.1	2.8	3.2	3.1	1
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	3613	40.2	39.8	40.0	40.5	-	2.6	2.0	2.6	2.9	i
Electrical industrial apparatus		41.0	40.4	40.7	41.5	۱ -	3.1	2.8	3.0	3.4	
Motors and generators	3621	42.0	41.0	40.7	42.1	-	3.6	3.2	3.1	3.9	1
Industrial controls	3622	40.1	40.2	40.3	40.5	-	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.7	1
Household appliances	363	41.4	41.1	39.8	40.3	-	3.5	2.9	2.2	2.1	
Household refrigerators and freezers		44.9	41.2	41.9	43.3	-	6.4	1.9	2.4	2.2	
Household laundry equipment	3633	40.2	40.3	39.3	39.5	-	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	
Electric housewares and fans		40.9	40.9	39.1	40.0	-	3.7	3.6	2.3	3.5	
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		40.9	40.8	40.4	40.3	-	3.2	3.2	2.8	2.7	
Electric lamps		41.1	40.7	41.2	41.5	-	2.5	2.4	2.7	2.7	-
Current-carrying wiring devices		40.7	40.7	40.6	40.2	-	3.2	3.6	3.2	2.9	ļ
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		40.3	40.8	41.1	40.8	-	2.6	2.3	2.5	2.7	
Residential lighting fixtures		40.3	40.5	38.0	38.3	-	2.9	2.5	1.7	1.4	ļ
Radio and TV receiving equipment		40.1	40.6	39.8	41.3	-	3.1	2.9	3.1	3.7	
Radio and TV receiving sets		40.5	41.0	39.4	40.8	-	3.4	3.1	2.6	3.1	1
Communication equipment		41.2	41.1	41.0	41.5	-	2.8	2.7	2.6	3.1	1
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		42.2	41.8	40.7	41.5	-	3.4	2.9 2.6	2.7 2.5	3.5	ļ
Radio and TV communication equipment		40.7	40.7	41.1	1	-	2.4	1	1		-
Electronic components and accessories		41.0	41.1	40.9	41.1	-	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5	1
Electronic tubes		41.1	41.3	41.2	42.3	-	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.6 4.2	1
Semiconductors and related devices		41.7	41.8	41.7	41.5	<u> </u>	3.7	3.8	4.2		1
Electronic components, nec	36/9	41.0	41.1	40.7	41.1	i -	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		41.6	42.6	41.1	41.4	-	3.5	4.3	3.4	4.0	
Storage batteries		42.0	44.9	41.3	42.2		4.5	4.7	3.1	3.8	
Engine electrical equipment	3094	41.9	42.7	41.0	41.6	1 -	4.5	4.5	J 3.6	3.0	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings		l	Average	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Oct. 1984
Durable goods—Continued											
Machinery, except electrical—Continued	ŀ	ļ	}								
Construction and related machinery	353	\$10.40	\$10.40		\$10.64	-	\$420.16		\$435.30	\$447.94	-
Construction machinery	3531	11.18	11.16	11.40	11.52	-	455.03	447.52	474.24	484.99	-
Mining machinery	3532	10.99	11.00	11.17	11.31	-	437.40	429.00	451.27	470.50	-
Oil field machinery	3533	10.54	10.59	10.51	10.53	-	425.82	429.95	438.27	449.63	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment	3535	9.08	9.05	9.85	9.99	-	365.92	354.76	398.93	416.58	<u> </u>
Industrial trucks and tractors	3537	9.13	9.10	9.02	9.15	-	369.77	365.82	368.02	376.98	-
Metalworking machinery	354	9.84	9.87	10.10		-	404.42	408.62	428.24	439.19	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types	3541	9.93	9.88	10.25	10.22	-	394.22	396.19	434.60	435.37	-
Machine tools, metal forming types	3542	10.61	10.71	10.54	10.63	-	407.42	425.19	441.63	452.84	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	10.43	10.48	10.72	10.89	-	438.06	443.30	464.18	480.25	-
Machine tool accessories		8.97	9.03	9.14	9.24	-	365.98	370.23	380.22	391.78	-
Power driven hand tools	3546	7.77	7.77	8.17	8.03	-	314.69	317.79	336.60	338.06	-
Special industry machinery	355	9.39	9.45	9.65	9.83	-	387.81	387.45	397.58	414.83	_
Food products machinery	3551	9.83	9.88	10.15	10.18	-	404.01	401.13	422.24	426.54	_
Textile machinery		7.38	7.47	7.62	7.69	-	298.15	312.25	312.42	319.14	_
Printing trades machinery	3555	9.56	9.73	9.76		-	401.52	396.98	400.16	442.53	-
General industrial machinery	356	9.52	9.51	9.74	9.82	-	391.27	391.81	404.21	410.48	-
Pumps and pumping equipment		9.92	9.99	10.35	10.43	-	407.71	405.59	423.32	425.54	_
Ball and roller bearings	3562	9.49		9.98	10.06	-	407.12	405.92	433.13	443.65	-
Air and gas compressors	3563	9.86	9.95	9.66	9.75	-	399.33	404.97	390.26	396.83	-
Blowers and fans		8.74	8.68	8.84	8.87	-	354.84	349.80	357.14	362.78	_
Speed changers, drives, and gears	3500	10.07	10.07	10.51	10.49	- '	409.85	408.84	433.01	433.24	-
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	9.47	9.43	9.88	9.99		379.75	390.40	401.13	416.58	-
Office and computing machines		8.65	8.72	8.94	9.07	-	366.76	367.11	373.69	383.66	-
Electronic computing equipment		8.64	8.71	8.89	1	-	368.06	367.56 383.05	370.71	379.38	-
Refrigeration and service machinery		9.36	9.32	9.63	9.81	-	385.63		395.79	407.12	_
Refrigeration and heating equipment		9.68	9.64	9.92	10.10	- '	398.82	396.20	410.69	424.20	-
Misc. machinery, except electrical		9.57	9.57	9.69	9.73	-	388.54 452.24	391.41 468.99	402.14 487.94	403.80	-
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves Machinery, except electrical, nec		10.95 9.31	11.14 9.29	11.59 9.35	1	-	376.12	378.10	387.09	481.22 389.27	-
Floatrian and electronic equipment	26	9.72	0.71	9.00	0.00	6 0.00	358.80	257.00	366.30	272 10	6271
Electrical and electronic equipment	061	8.73	8.71		9.08	\$9.09		357.98		373.19	\$371.
Electric distributing equipment		8.43	8.39	8.78		- '	341.42	339.80	356.47	359.16	-
Transformers		8.35	8.40	8.72	8.73	-	340.68	346.92	361.01	364.04	_
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		8.49	8.38	8.83	8.78		341.30	333.52	353.20	355.59	_
Electrical industrial apparatus		8.84	8.87	9.14 9.13	9.25 9.26	l	362.44 372.12	358.35 364.08	372.00 371.59	383.88 389.85	_
Motors and generatorsIndustrial controls		8.86 8.61	8.88	8.94	9.00	-	345.26	348.53	360.28	364.50	
			8.67		1	-	1		1	1	_
Household appliances Household refrigerators and freezers		8.62 9.91	8.63 9.91	8.86 10.36		-	356.87 444.96	354.69 408.29	352.63 434.08	360.28 442.96	_
Household laundry equipment	3633	10.10	10.05	10.36	10.23	_	406.02	405.02	416.97	421.86	- -
Electric housewares and fans		6.61	6.68	6.76	6.84	_	270.35	273.21	264.32	273.60	_
Electric housewares and rans Electric lighting and wiring equipment		8.15	8.15	8.39	8.50	_	333.34	332.52	338.96	342.55	_
Electric lamps		9.31	9.34	9.61	9.80	_	382.64	380.14	395.93	406.70	_
Current-carrying wiring devices		7.61	7.67	7.85	7.89	_	309.73	312.17	318.71	317.18	_
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		8.44	8.39	8.77	8.86	_	340.13	342.31	360.45	361.49	_
Residential lighting fixtures		6.33	6.17	6.54		_	255.10	249.89	248.52	253.55	_
Radio and TV receiving equipment		8.43	8.32	8.85	8.94		338.04		352.23	369.22	_
Radio and TV receiving sets		8.76	8.67	9.01	9.21	_	354.78	355.47	354.99	375.77	_
Communication equipment	366	10.39	10.32	10.83		_	428.07	424.15	444.03	455.67	_
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	3661	10.32	10.13	10.77	11.01	-	435.50	423.43	438.34	456.92	_
Radio and TV communication equipment	3662	10.42	10.43	10.86	10.96	-	424.09	424.50	446.35	454.84	_
Electronic components and accessories	367	7.58	7.58	7.82	7.83	_	310.78	311.54	319.84	321.81	_
Electronic tubes	3671-3	9.76	9.78	10.02		-	401.14	403.91	412.82	425.54	_
Semiconductors and related devices	3674	8.73	8.75	9.23	9.17	-	364.04	365.75	384.89	380.56	_
Electronic components, nec	3679	7.01	7.00	7.15	7.18	_	287.41	287.70	291.01	295.10	_
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	369	9.62	9.61	9.82	9.95	-	400.19	409.39	403.60	411.93	_
Storage batteries	3691	10.17	10.22	10.53	10.83	-	427.14	458.88	434.89	457.03	_
Engine electrical equipment	3604	10.27	10.17	10.38	10.46	_	430.31	434.26	425.58	435.14	_

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct 1984
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	37	42.8	42.6	41.6	42.2	42.3	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.5	-
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	44.4	44.1	42.3	43.1	43.4	5.9	5.7	4.9	5.2	-
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	45.0	44.4	41.2	42.6	-	6.5	6.3	4.7	5.0	-
Truck and bus bodies		40.7	40.2	41.0	40.6	-	2.8	2.9	3.6	3.2	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		44.5	44.4	43.7	44.3	-	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.8	-
Truck trailers		41.3	40.9	39.9	40.6	-	3.8	3.3	2.7	2.9	-
Aircraft and parts		41.3	41.4	41.6	41.9	-	3.5	3.5	4.0	4.5	-
Aircraft		40.5	40.7	-	-	-	2.6	2.6	-	-	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts		42.1	42.0	41.7	42.1	-	4.6	4.6	4.9	5.3	-
Aircraft equipment, nec		41.8	42.1	42.2	42.7	-	3.9	3.8	4.8	5.2	-
Ship and boat building and repairing		40.1	40.1	39.7	39.4	-	2.8	2.5	3.1	3.0	-
Ship building and repairing	3731	40.4	40.2	39.7	39.6	-	3.1	2.7	3.5	3.5	-
Boat building and repairing	3732	39.2	39.5	39.5	38.9	-	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.7	
Railroad equipment		39.7	37.8	40.8	41.8	-	2.5	1.1	3.1	3.7	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		42.0	41.8	41.7	42.2	-	4.1	3.7	3.0	3.1	
Guided missiles and space vehicles		42.3	42.0	42.0	42.5	-	4.6	4.0	3.0	3.1	
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		40.2	40.4	39.6	39.8	-	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.8	1
Travel trailers and campers	3792	38.8	39.8	37.7	37.4	-	2.3	2.5	1.9	1.3	
Instruments and related products	38	40.9	40.6	41.0	41.6	41.2	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.6	
Engineering and scientific instruments	381	41.4	41.3	41.1	41.2	i -	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.8	
Measuring and controlling devices		41.1	40.6	41.4	42.7	-	2.0	2.0	2.4	2.7	
Environmental controls		40.7	41.0	41.1	41.9	-	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.8	
Process control instruments		39.5	39.4	41.6	42.6	-	1.3	1.4	2.9	3.6	
Instruments to measure electricity		42.3	41.1	41.3	43.1	-	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.0	
Optical instruments and lenses		43.7	42.9	43.3	43.7	-	3.2	2.9	3.5	3.6	}
Medical instruments and supplies		40.1	40.1	39.5	39.6	-	2.6	2.3	2.1	2.0	
Surgical and medical instruments		40.4	39.8	39.6	39.2	-	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.0	
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	39.8	40.4	39.4	40.0	-	2.8	2.5	2.0	2.1	
Ophthalmic goods		40.1	39.5	40.1	40.0	-	2.3	1.4	1.9	2.1	
Photographic equipment and supplies		41.4	41.3	42.4	42.9	-	2.5	2.3	2.6	3.3	
Watches, clocks, and watchcases	367	40.0	39.6	41.2	41.4	-	3.2	2.8	2.8	2.4	'
Miscellaneous manufacturing		39.4	39.8	39.1	39.6	39.5	2.3	2.6	2.1	2.3	
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		38.6	39.3	37.6	38.7	-	1.8	2.7	1.4	1.8	!
Jewelry, precious metal		37.5	38.8	37.0	38.0	-	1.5	3.0	1.3	1.6	İ
Musical instruments		39.6	40.5	39.9	40.1	-	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.9	
Toys and sporting goods		39.7	40.3	39.3	39.2	-	2.3	2.7	2.5	2.2	
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	3942,4	39.6	40.0	38.7	39.4	-	2.5	3.0	2.1	1.9	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3949	39.8	40.6	40.0	39.1	-	2.0	2.4	2.9	2.5	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies	395	39.9	40.7	40.6	40.3	-	2.1	2.6	2.6	2.3	
Costume jewelry and notions	396	38.0	37.5	37.2	38.2	-	2.8	2.6	1.8	2.1	1
Costume jewelry		36.6	35.6	35.2	37.2	-	3.0	2.7	1.5	2.0	
Miscellaneous manufactures		39.7 40.5	40.0 40.5	39.4 39.8	40.6	-	2.4 2.9	2.6 2.8	2.2 2.4	2.6 3.0	
Signs and advertising displays	3993	40.5	40.5	39.6	41.1	_	2.9	2.6	2.4	3.0	
londurable goods		40.1	39.9	39.6	39.7	39.5	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.4	
Food and kindred products	20	40.4	39.8	40.1 39.9	40.3 40.7	39.8	4.5 3.9	3.9 3.9	4.4 3.6	4.6 4.3	
Meat products	201	39.9	39.6			_			4.0		
Meat packing plants		41 3	41.3 40.0	40.6 40.6	42.3 40.7	_	4.8 3.8	4.9 3.7	3.9	5.2 4.3	ĺ
Sausages and other prepared meats Poultry dressing plants	2016	38.2	38.0	39.1	39.1	-	2.9	2.9	3.9	3.4	
Dairy products	202	41.9	40.5	40.9	41.6	-	4.5	3.7	4.1	4.5	1
Cheese, natural and processed	2022	40.1	39.6	39.4	40.4	-	3.6	3.4	3.1	4.5	
Fluid milk		42.7	41.6	41.5	42.1	-	5.0	4.1	4.6	5.0	1
Preserved fruits and vegetables		41.0	39.2	39.8	39.5	-	6.1	4.4	5.8	5.6	
Canned specialties		46.2	43.6	42.0	44.4	_	9.5	7.0	6.1	8.6	1
Canned fruits and vegetables		41.4	39.1	40.1	39.0	-	7.0	4.6	6.9	6.5	1
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2037	39.9	37.9	39.9	40.6	_	5.6	4.0	5.7	5.2	
Grain mill products	204	44.2	43.5	43.5	44.0	-	6.4	5.8	6.0	6.2	
Flour and other grain mill products	2041	48.2	47.0	44.8	46.8	_	8.5	7.2	6.3	7.6	
Prepared feeds, nec	2048	43.5	43.6	43.0	43.1	_	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	
Bakery products	205	38.1	38.3	38.6	38.7	-	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.2	1
Bread, cake, and related products	2051	37.7	37.7	37.9	37.8	_	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.4	1
Cookies and crackers		39.0	39.8	40.5	40.9	_	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.7	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly (arnings	
Industry .	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Oct. 1984 ^p
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment		\$11.80	\$11.87	\$12.13	\$12.26	\$12.35	\$505.04	\$505.66	\$504.61	\$517.37	\$522.4
Motor vehicles and equipment		12.31	12.38	12.59	12.70	12.90		545.96	532.56	547.37	559.86
Motor vehicles and car bodies		13.59	13.64	14.07	14.08	-	611.55	605.62	579.68	599.81	-
Truck and bus bodies		9.33	9.38	9.84	10.05	i -	379.73	377.08	403.44	408.03	i -
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		11.75	11.82	12.11	12.22	-	522.88	524.81	529.21	541.35	-
Truck trailers		8.70	8.75	8.82	8.78	-	359.31	357.88	351.92	356.47	-
Aircraft and parts	1	11.90	11.99	12.39	12.54	-	491.47	496.39	515.42	525.43	-
Aircraft		12.64	12.76			i -	511.92	519.33	-	-	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts		11.77	11.84	12.47	12.47	-	495.52	497.28	520.00	524.99	-
Aircraft equipment, nec		10.81	10.84	11.40	11.46	-	451.86	456.36	481.08	489.34	-
Ship and boat building and repairing		9.80	9.93	10.33	10.32	-	392.98	398.19	410.10	406.61	<u> </u>
Ship building and repairing		10.54	10.68	11.21	11.18	-	425.82	429.34	445.04	442.73	-
Boat building and repairing		7.55	7.57	7.80	7.81	-	295.96	299.02	308.10	303.81	-
Railroad equipment		12.46	12.15	12.30	12.51	-	494.66	459.27	501.84	520.42	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		11.70	11.83	11.85	12.01	-	491.40	494.49	494.15	506.82	-
Guided missiles and space vehicles		11.94	12.12	12.05	12.22	-	505.06	509.04	506.10	519.35	-
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		9.53	9.63	9.65	9.76	-	383.11	389.05	382.14	388.45	<u> </u>
Travel trailers and campers	3792	8.38	8.50	8.47	8.59	-	325.14	338.30	319.32	321.27	-
Instruments and related products	38	8.54	8.54	8.85	8.89	8.84	349.29	346.72	362.85	369.82	364.21
Engineering and scientific instruments	381	9.08	9.08	9.46	9.62	-	375.91	375.00	388.81	396.34	-
Measuring and controlling devices		8.53	8.51	8.75	8.78	-	350.58	345.51	362.25	374.91	_
Environmental controls		8.01	7.98	8.19	8.18	-	326.01	327.18	336.61	342.74	-
Process control instruments	3823	8.61	8.61	8.82	8.86	_	340.10	339.23	366.91	377.44	-
Instruments to measure electricity		8.82	8.81	9.12	9.15	-	373.09	362.09	376.66	394.37	-
Optical instruments and lenses		9.26	9.32	10.17	9.97	_	404.66	399.83	440.36	435.69	-
Medical instruments and supplies		7.45	7.49	7.71	7.76	_	298.75	300.35	304.55	307.30	_
Surgical and medical instruments		7.41	7.55	7.78	7.92	_	299.36	300.49	308.09	310.46	_
Surgical appliances and supplies		7.51	7.45	7.67	7.63	_	298.90	300.98	302.20	305.20	_
Ophthalmic goods		6.45	6.41	6.58	6.69	_	258.65	253.20	263.86	267.60	_
Photographic equipment and supplies		11.18	11.12	11.56	11.61	_	462.85	459.26	490.14	498.07	_
Watches, clocks, and watchcases		6.38	6.39	6.58	6.50	-	255.20	253.04	271.10	269.10	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39	6.83	6.84	6.97	7.02	7.09	269.10	272.23	272.53	277.99	280.06
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		7.33	7.45	7.56	7.58	-	282.94	292.79	284.26	293.35	
Jewelry, precious metal		7.30	7.44	7.63	7.65	-	273.75	288.67	282.31	290.70	_
Musical instruments		6.59	6.65	6.83	6.76	-	260.96	269.33	272.52	271.08	_
Toys and sporting goods		6.24	6.20	6.31	6.40	_	247.73	249.86	247.98	250.88	_
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		5.90	5.86	6.01	6.03	~	233.64	234.40	232.59	237.58	_
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		6.60	6.56	6.63	6.80	_	262.68	266.34	265.20	265.88	_
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		7.11	7.13	7.31	7.41	_	283.69	290.19	296.79	298.62	_
Costume jewelry and notions	306	5.80	5.66	5.75	5.73	-	220.40	212.25	213.90	218.89	_
Costume jewelry	3061	5.38	5.17	5.39	5.39	_	196.91	184.05	189.73	200.51	_
Miscellaneous manufactures	1	7.45	7.49	7.71	7.75	_	295.77	299.60	303.77	314.65	_
Signs and advertising displays		8.12	8.23	8.20	8.20	-	328.86	333.32	326.36	337.02	-
Nondurable goods	}	8.11	8.12	8.37	8.43	8.44	325.21	323.99	331.45	334.67	333.38
Food and kindred products		8.17	8.16	8.36	8.36		330.07	324.77	335.24	336.91	332.33
Meat products		7.32	7.27	7.23	7.25	- 1	292.07	287.89	288.48	295.08	-
Meat packing plants		8.45	8.34	8.16	8.22	_	348.99	344.44	331.30	347.71	_
Sausages and other prepared meats	2013	9.02	8.95	9.02	8.86	~	364.41	358.00	366.21	360.60	_
Poultry dressing plants	2016	5.33	5.35	5.55	5.59	-	203.61	203.30	217.01	218.57	_
Dairy products	202	8.60	8.66	8.73	8.85	- !	360.34	350.73	357.06	368.16	-
Cheese, natural and processed	2022	8.23	8.21	8.29	8.44	- 1	330.02	325.12	326.63	340.98	_
Fluid milk		8.88	8.87	8.99	9.10	-	379.18	368.99	373.09	383.11	_
Preserved fruits and vegetables	203	7.30	7.28	7.57	7.47	_	299.30	285.38	301.29	295.07	_
Canned specialties	2032	8.65	8.51	9.01	9.09	- {	399.63	371.04	378.42	403.60	_
Canned fruits and vegetables		7.16	7.11	7.60	7.32	- 1	296.42	278.00	304.76	285.48	-
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2037	7.06	7.00	7.06	7.01	-	281.69	265.30	281.69	284.61	_
Groip mill products	204	9.78	9.73	10.25	10.25		432.28	423.26	445.88	451.00	_
Grain mill products	204	9.76	9.73	10.25	10.25	-	480.55	467.65	452.03	475.02	_
Flour and other grain mill products	2041		7.44	7.73	7.82		321.90	324.38	332.39	337.04	_
Prepared feeds, nec	2040	7.40				-		347.00		369.59	_
Bakery products	205	9.06	9.06	9.46	9.55		345.19		365.16		-
Bread, cake, and related products		9.10	9.11	9.45	9.58	-	343.07	343.45	358.16	362.12	-
Cookies and crackers	2052	8.96	8.95	9.47	9.48	- 1	349.44	356.21	383.54	387.73	-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972	L	Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued	Ĭ									İ	
Sugar and confectionery products	206	40.4	41.2	40.3	40.3	-	3.3	3.9	3.1	3.7	-
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	41.7	42.9	42.2	41.0	- :	5.8	6.5	4.9	5.5	
Confectionery products		39.7	40.3	39.1	39.6	- '	2.1	2.7	2.4	3.0	
Fats and oils	207	43.3	42.5	42.4	43.1	ì - 1	5.5	5.2	5.0	5.2	
Beverages	208	40.9	40.0	40.7	40.6	-	4.3	3.5	4.1	4.0	
Mait beverages	2082	41.7	41.8	42.8	42.4	_	5.2	5.1	5.6	4.9	
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	40.6	38.7	40.2	39.6	-	3.8	2.5	3.7	3.4	İ
Misc. food and kindred products	209	37.7	37.5	38.2	38.9	-	3.4	3.1	4.7	4.5	
Tobacco manufactures		38.4	38.4	39.2	39.7	40.0	1.2	.8	.9	1.1	
Cigarettes	211	37.7	36.7	39.3	39.0	-	.9	.1	.4	.9	'
Textile mill products		41.5	41.1	39.7	39.4	39.2	4.1	4.0	3.1	3.0	
Weaving mills, cotton		41.8	41.7	39.8	40.2	-	4.4	4.5	3.3	3.4	
Weaving mills, synthetics		41.4	41.7	40.6	40.4	-	4.0	4.1	3.5	3.3	
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		41.1	41.0	42.0	42.3	-	4.1	3.8	4.2	4.3	1
Narrow fabric mills		41.0	39.8	39.3	39.2	- '	2.9	2.4	2.2	2.0	ì
Knitting mills		39.8	39.4	37.9	37.0	-	3.3	3.2	2.3	1.9	
Women's hosiery, except socks		40.9	39.4	36.2	34.9	1 -	3.9	3.3	1.4	1.2	1
Hosiery, nec		38.6	38.1	38.5	37.0	-	2.3	2.1	2.2	1.7	1
Knit outerwear mills		38.8	38.4	37.4	36.5	-	3.2	2.9	2.2	1.8	1
Knit underwear mills		38.2	38.0	36.9	36.6		1.6	1.7	1.7	1.4	
Circular knit fabric mills	2257	43.0	43.5	39.9	39.5	-	5.0	5.6	3.2	2.7	
Textile finishing, except wool	226	. 42.1	41.6	40.4	41.1	-	4.4	4.3	3.9	4.1	
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	42.5	42.2	39.9	41.2	-	4.4	4.4	4.1	4.0	!
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	41.1	40.4	40.9	41.4	-	4.2	4.1	4.5	4.7	
Floor covering mills		43.5	42.2	41.8	41.0	-	5.7	4.9	4.3	3.9	
Yarn and thread mills	228	42.0	41.6	39.0	38.6	_	4.4	4.1	2.9	2.7	}
Yarn mills, except wool	2281	42.9	42.4	39.4	38.8	_	5.0	4.6	3.1	3.0	ĺ
Throwing and winding mills		38.6	38.0	36.8	37.2	_	3.1	2.7	2.5	2.3	
Miscellaneous textile goods		43.5	43.2	42.5	42.6	-	4.5	4.7	3.9	3.8	
Apparel and other textile products	23	36.8	36.8	36.3	36.1	36.3	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.3	İ .
Men's and boys' suits and coats		36.9	36.9	36.6	36.7	-	.9	.9	1.3	1.1	
Men's and boys' furnishings		37.9	37.7	37.2	36.6	-	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	!
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		36.9	37.2	37.3	37.1	-	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.1	İ
Men's and boys' separate trousers		36.9	36.8	36.6	35.8) <u>-</u>	1.2	1.1	1.1	9.	;
Men's and boys' work clothing		39.5	39.2	37.2	36.9	-	1.6	1.3	1.1	1.0	1
Women's and misses' outerwear		34.6	34.5	34.2	33.7	_	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.0	1
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		35.0	34.8	33.9	33.5	-	1.1	1.3	.8	.9	1
Women's and misses' dresses		33.0	32.8	32.9	32.8	-	.8	.9	.9	.7	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		34.6	34.1	35.4	34.8	-	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.3	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		35.7	36.1	35.0	34.2	_	1.4	1.6	1.1	1.2	
Women's and children's undergarments	234	37.6	38.0	37.2	36.7	-	1.9	2.2	1.6	1.7	ĺ
Women's and children's underwear		37.9	38.2	37.3	36.7	_	2.0	2.3	1.6	1.7	ĺ
Brassieres and allied garments		36.1	37.2	36.5	36.9	l -	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.5	
Children's outerwear	236	35.6	36.2	35.9	36.1	_	.7	.8	.9	1.1	-
Children's dresses and blouses		84.1	35.0	34.6	34.9	_	.6	.8	.8	1.0	
Misc. apparel and accessories		36.6	37.2	37.4	37.7	-	1.6	1.9	1.4	1.7	
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	39.8	40.1	38.5	39.1	-	2.8	2.9	2.4	2.6	1
Curtains and draperies	2391	39.7	38.5	37.4	37.7	-	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.4	1
House furnishings, nec	2392	40.4	41.2	38.5	39.0	-	3.4	4.0	2.3	2.9	i
Automotive and apparel trimmings		41.5	42.0	42.0	41.8	-	4.2	4.4	4.9	4.5	
Paper and allied products	26	43.5	43.3	43.0	43.4	43.0	5.4	5.1	4.9	5.3	
Paper and pulp mills		45.3	45.1	44.7	45.2	-	7.3	7.0	6.6	6.9	-
Paper mills, except building paper	262	45.2	45.2	44.9	45.3	_	7.1	6.9	6.7	6.9	
Paperboard mills	263	44.6	43.6	44.1	44.2	-	7.7	7.0	7.5	7.6	1
Misc. converted paper products		41.9	41.7	41.6	41.9	-	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.5	
Paper coating and glazing		43.1	42.1	42.5	42.2	_	3.6	3.2	3.0	3.0	1
Envelopes		40.1	40.6	41.5	41.8	_	3.0	3.2	3.0	3.7	
Bags, except textile bags		42.4	42.5	42.1	42.3	_	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.1	
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	43.0	42.9	42.2	42.9	_	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.9	
Folding paperboard boxes		41.8	42.0	42.8	42.7	-	3.9	3.8	4.3	4.3	1
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	44.9	44.5	42.8	44.2	_	6.1	5.7	5.0	6.0	1
Conitant food containers	2654		1	:						1	1
Sanitary food containers	2654	42.6	42.2	42.1	41.6	-	4.3	3.8	4.7	4.5	İ

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly 6	arnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued		}			ı					}	
Sugar and confectionery products	206	\$8.03	\$7.76	\$8.49	\$8.45	-	\$324.41	\$319.71	\$342.15		-
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	9.72	8.67	10.29	10.01	-	405.32	371.94	434.24	410.41	-
Confectionery products	2065	6.87	6.80	7.28	7.31	- !	272.74	274.04	284.65	289.48	-
Fats and oils	207	9.09	8.87	9.00	8.96	- '	393.60	376.98	381.60	386.18	-
Beverages	208	10.54	10.63	11.09	11.15	i - :	431.09	425.20	451.36	452.69	-
Malt beverages	2082	14.18	14.34	15.27	15.22	- 1	591.31	599.41	653.56	645.33	-
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	8.01	7.92	8.32	8.44	- :	325.21	306.50	334.46	334.22	-
Misc. food and kindred products	209	7.48	7.46	7.50	7.52	-	282.00	279.75	286.50	292.53	-
Tobacco manufactures	21	9.90	9.65	10.75	10.36	\$10.29	380.16	370.56	421.40	411.29	\$411
Cigarettes		12.68	12.51	13.40	13.63	-	478.04	459.12	526.62	531.57	-
Textile mill products	22	6.23	6.24	6.46	6.49	6.49	258.55	256.46	256.46	255.71	254.
Weaving mills, cotton	221	6.46	6.49	6.71	6.76	_ !	270.03	270.63	267.06	271.75	-
Weaving mills, synthetics		6.67	6.67	6.95		i _ '	276.14	278.14	282.17	281.99	-
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		6.67	6.58	6.83	6.82	- 1	274.14	269.78	286.86	288.49	_
Narrow fabric mills		5.94	5.90	6.14	6.15	- :	243.54	234.82	241.30	241.08	_
Knitting mills		5.72	5.73	5.92	5.92	l - 1	227.66	225.76	224.37	219.04	_
Women's hosiery, except socks		5.63	5.59	5.76		- 1	230.27	220.25	208.51	202.77	_
Hosiery, nec	2252	5.42	5.41	5.61	5.62	-	209.21	206.12	215.99	207.94	_
Knit outerwear mills	2253	5.58	5.65	5.82	5.79	_ :	216.50	216.96	217.67	211.34	-
Knit underwear mills		5.31	5.37	5.55	5.52	_ '	202.84	204.06	204.80	202.03	_
Circular knit fabric mills	2257	6.42	6.40	6.54	6.52] _	276.06	278.40	260.95	257.54	_
		6.62	6.60	6.88	6.91	-	278.70	274.56	277.95	284.00	[
Textile finishing, except wool		6.62	6.62	6.94	7.00	_	281.35	279.36	276.91	288.40	[
Finishing plants, cotton	2201			7.34	1		286.47				[
Finishing plants, synthetics		6.97	6.89		7.31	-		278.36	300.21	302.63	I
Floor covering mills		6.41	6.35	6.63	,] -	278.84	267.97	277.13	270.19	-
Yarn and thread mills		5.86	5.84	6.04	6.07	-	246.12	242.94	235.56	234.30	-
Yarn mills, except wool		5.86	5.84	6.05	6.06	-	251.39	247.62	238.37	235.13	-
Throwing and winding mills		5.69	5.66	5.91	6.05	-	219.63	215.08	217.49	225.06	-
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	6.96	7.02	7.14	7.20	-	302.76	303.26	303.45	306.72	j -
Apparel and other textile products		5.39	5.40	5.53	5.61	5.59	198.35	198.72	200.74	202.52	202.
Men's and boys' suits and coats		6.27	6.26	6.56		-	231.36	230.99	240.10	242.95	-
Men's and boys' furnishings		4.94	4.93	5.05	5.09	-	187.23	185.86	187.86	186.29	-
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		4.77	4.75	4.85		- 1	176.01	176.70	180.91	181.42	-
Men's and boys' separate trousers		5.03	5.05	5.16		-	185.61	185.84	188.86	186.88	_
Men's and boys' work clothing		4.89	4.88	5.07	5.10	-	193.16	191.30	188.60	188.19	-
Women's and misses' outerwear		5.37	5.39	5.51	5.58	-	185.80	185.96	188.44	188.05	-
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		4.93	4.95	5.09	5.13	-	172.55	172.26	172.55	171.86	-
Women's and misses' dresses		5.54	5.61	5.79	5.76	-	182.82	184.01	190.49	188.93	j -
Women's and misses' suits and coats		6.13	6.18	6.18	6.29	-	212.10	210.74	218.77	218.89	(-
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		5.10	5.10	5.19	5.32		182.07	184.11	181.65	181.94	-
Women's and children's undergarments		4.93	4.94	5.04	5.18	-	185.37	187.72	187.49	190.11	-
Women's and children's underwear		4.84	4.84	4.94	5.10	1	183.44	184.89	184.26	187.17	-
Brassieres and allied garments		5.43	5.43	5.58		-	196.02	202.00	203.67	207.01	-
Children's outerwear		4.81	4.82	4.92		-	171.24	174.48	176.63	180.50	-
Children's dresses and blouses		4.79	4.81	4.81	4.93	-	163.34	168.35	166.43		-
Misc. apparel and accessories		5.34	5.33	5.37	5.44	-	195.44	198.28	200.84	205.09	-
Misc. fabricated textile products		6.29	6.31	6.48		- '	250.34	253.03	249.48	256.89	-
Curtains and draperies		4.92	5.12	5.20		- :	195.32	197.12	194.48	200.56	-
House furnishings, nec		5.35	5.48	5.61	5.66	-	216.14	225.78	215.99	220.74	-
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	10.08	9.91	10.21	10.38	-	418.32	416.22	428.82	433.88	_
Paper and allied products	26	10.11	10.11	10.50	10.54	10.56	439.79	437.76	451.50	457.44	454.
Paper and pulp mills		12.00	12.02	12.56	12.68	-	543.60	542.10	561.43	573.14	-
Paper mills, except building paper	262	11.95	11.97	12.61	12.71	-	540.14	541.04	566.19	575.76	-
Paperboard mills	263	12.34	12.34	13.14	13.20	-	550.36	538.02	579.47	583.44	-
Misc. converted paper products		8.86	8.85	9.09	9.13		371.23	369.05	378.14	382.55	-
Paper coating and glazing	2641	10.17	10.02	10.38	10.48	- '	438.33	421.84	441.15	442.26	-
Envelopes	2642	8.09	8.20	8.21	8.35	- !	324.41	332.92	340.72	349.03	-
Bags, except textile bags	2643	8.25	8.31	8.62	8.70	-	349.80	353.18	362.90	368.01	-
Paperboard containers and boxes		8.67	8.66	8.93	8.94	- 1	372.81	371.51	376.85	383.53	_
Folding paperboard boxes	2651	8.87	8.82	9.25	9.18	-	370.77	370.44	395.90	391.99	-
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	9.03	9.02	9.27	9.30	- 1	405.45	401.39	396.76	411.06	_
Sanitary food containers		8.27	8.33	8.62	8.68	_	352.30	351.53	362.90	361.09	_

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct
Nondurable goods—Continued	T										
Printing and publishing	27	38.0	38.0	37.9	38.1	37.9	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.2	-
Newspapers	. 271	34.1	34.1	34.3	34.2	-	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9] -
Periodicals		36.6	36.9	38.4	37.9	- '	2.1	2.3	2.9	2.7	-
Books		39.8	39.3	39.1	39.0	- '	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.4	-
Book publishing		37.5	37.1	37.5	36.9	-	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.6	-
Book printing		42.9	42.5	41.2	41.9	-	6.0	5.7	5.2	5.7	-
Miscellaneous publishing Commercial printing		35.1 39.5	35.1 39.4	35.6 39.3	36.0 39.5	_	1.7 3.7	1.5 3.5	1.9 3.4	3.9	-
Commercial printing		39.0	38.9	38.9	38.9	_	3.4	3.0	3.4	3.3	
Commercial printing, lithographic		39.7	39.6	39.3	39.5	_	3.9	3.7	3.5	4.1	-
Manifold business forms		41.7	41.8	41.0	41.0	_	` 4.0	4.0	3.1	3.5	1 -
Blankbooks and bookbinding		39.0	38.9	39.0	39.8	_	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.9	1 .
Printing trade services		39.0	38.8	39.2	38.9	_	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.8	
Chemicals and allied products	28	41.9	41.7	41.7	41.9	41.8	3,5	! 3.4	3.4	3.6	
Industrial inorganic chemicals		42.0	41.5	41.9	42.1	-	3.4	3.1	3.3	3.5	.
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		42.3	41.7	41.9	42.3	-	3.6	3.2	3.3	3.5	
Plastics materials and synthetics	. 282	42.5	42.3	41.9	41.7	-	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.5	
Plastics materials and resins		43.1	43.3	43.3	42.8	-	4.6	4.9	4.9	4.5	} .
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		42.7	42.2	41.5	41.2	-	2.9	3.1	2.7	2.8	.
Drugs		40.9	40.8	40.8	40.6	-	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.7	
Pharmaceutical preparations		40.4	40.3	40.5	40.5	-	2.8	2.8	2.5	2.6	1
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		41.6	41.3	41.4	42.4	-	3.7	3.3	3.1	3.8	1 .
Soap and other detergents		44.1	43.7	44.4	45.8	-	5.4	5.1	5.1	6.3	1 .
Toilet preparations		40.4	40.1	39.6	40.4	-	2.9	2.4	1.9	2.4	1
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		40.6	40.5 40.9	41.5	42.2	-	2.8	2.5	3.1	3.4	
Paints and allied productsIndustrial organic chemicals		41.3 42.9	42.4	41.3 42.7	41.3 42.9		3.2	2.6 3.8	3.0 4.2	3.2 4.2	
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		41.2	40.4	42.4	42.6	-	3.6	3.4	5.0	4.5	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec		43.4	43.0	42.8	43.0	_	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.1]
Agricultural chemicals		41.9	42.6	42.0	42.1	-	4.3	4.6	4.1	4.2	
Miscellaneous chemical products		42.0	41.8	41.4	42.0	-	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.6	} -
Petroleum and coal products	. 29	44.3	43.8	43.9	44.2	43.6	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.7	
Petroleum refining		44.6	44.1	43.5	43.9	-	3.6	3.9	3.5	4.0	
Paving and roofing materials	. 295	44.4	43.4	46.5	46.6	-	7.6	6.5	8.0	8.1	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	. 30	41.9	41.9	41.4	41.6	41.4	4.1	4.1	3.7	3.8	.
Tires and inner tubes		44.4	44.5	44.5	43.6	-	5.6	6.1	5.7	4.6	
Rubber and plastics footwear	. 302	37.0	38.3	39.4	37.3	i -	1.3	1.5	2.1	2.3	
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	1						ļ				
and belting		42.4	41.8	41.4	41.9	-	4.2	3.5	3.8	3.9	'
Fabricated rubber products, nec		41.2	41.4	41.3	41.8	-	3.5	3.6	3.2	3.5	'
Miscellaneous plastics products	. 307	41.7	41.6	41.0	41.4	-	4.1	4.0	3.6	3.8	
Leather and leather products	. 31	37.6	37.2	36.4	36.5	36.0	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.4	
Leather tanning and finishing	.)311	40.5	39.7	38.9	39.4	-	3.6	3.1	2.6	2.5	.
Footwear, except rubber	. 314	36.9	36.5	36.0	35.7	-	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.0	} .
Men's footwear, except athletic	. 3143	37.5	37.2	36.7	36.4	-	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.0	} .
Women's footwear, except athletic		36.8	36.2	35.2	34.6	-	1.4	1.0	1.2	.9	
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		38.6 39.0	38.7 38.3	37.3 36.2	38.6 36.7	-	2.4	3.3 2.2	2.1 1.2	2.6	
ransportation and public utilities		39.4	39.5	39.7	39.9	39.2	_	-	-	-	
Railroad transportation:	!			}							
Class I railroads ²	. 4011	43.3	41.9	42.9	44.9	-	-	-	-	-	
Local and interurban passenger transit	. 41	33.7	33.9	36.4	34.0	-	-	-	-	-	.
Local and suburban transportation	. 411	37.9	37.8	38.5	37.8	-	-	- '	-) -	
Intercity highway transportation		37.2	37.9	39.4	39.0	-	-	- '	-	-	
Trucking and warehousing	. 42	39.1	39.1	39.1	39.4	-	-	_	-	-	
Trucking and trucking terminals	. 421,3	39.1	39.0	39.1	39.3	-	-	-	! -	-	1
Public warehousing	. 422	38.8	40.8	39.2	40.3	-	-	-	-	1 -	
Pipe lines, except natural gas	. 46	41.7	40.8	40.5	40.8	_	_	_	j _	-	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Printing and publishing		\$9.23	\$9.23	\$9.42	\$9.51	\$9.50	\$350.74	\$350.74	\$357.02	\$362.33	\$360.0
Newspapers		9.28	9.36	9.44	9.47	-	316.45	319.18	323.79	323.87	-
Periodicals	1	9.68	9.75	10.05	10.10	-	354.29	359.78	385.92	382.79	-
Books		8.73	8.74	8.60	8.73	-	347.45	343.48	336.26	340.47	-
Book publishing		8.15	8.18	8.20	8.28	- :	305.63	303.48	307 50	305.53	-
Book printing Miscellaneous publishing		9.42 8.26	9.43 8.39	9.06 8.51	9.26 8.56	_	404.12 289.93	400.78 294.49	373.27 302.96	387.99 308.16	_
Commercial printing		9.55	9.49	9.73	9.84	_	377.23	373.91	382.39	388.68	1 -
Commercial printing, letterpress		9.08	9.01	9.18	9.22	_	354.12	350.49	357.10	358.66	_
Commercial printing, lithographic		9.70	9.65	9.99	10.10	_	385.09	382.14	392.61	398.95	۱ ـ
Manifold business forms	276	9.33	9.36	9.53	9.57	_	389.06	391.25	390.73	392.37	1 -
Blankbooks and bookbinding		7.22	7.21	7.32	7.49	-	281.58	280.47	285.48	298.10	1 -
Printing trade services		10.93	10.85	11.54	11.66	-	426.27	420.98	452.37	453.57	-
Chemicals and allied products		10.70	10.79	11.13	11.24	11.27	448.33	449.94	464.12	470.96	471.09
Industrial inorganic chemicals		11.86	11.90	12.42	12.56	-	498.12	493.85	520.40	528.78	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		11.89	11.97	12.43	12.58	-	502.95	499.15	520.82	532.13	-
Plastics materials and synthetics		10.69	10.77	11.21	11.34	-	454.33	455.57	469.70	472.88	-
Plastics materials and resins	2821	11.64	11.76	12.21	12.21	-	501.68	509.21	528.69	522.59	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		10.19	10.22	10.71	11.03	-	435.11	431.28	444.47	454.44	-
Pharmaceutical preparations		9.82	9.95 9.54	10.19 10.03		ľ	401.64 383.40	405.96 384.46	415.75 406.22	417.37	_
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	2034	9.49	9.74	9.78	9.99		399.36	402.26	404.89	409.05 423.58	_
Soap and other detergents	2841	12.41	12.60	12.80	13.16		547.28	550.62	568.32	602.73]
Toilet preparations	2844	7.83	7.92	7.90		_	316.33	317.59	312.84	325.22] _
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	2842.3	9.10	9.18	9.43		-	369.46	371.79	391.35	403.01	l _
Paints and allied products		9.36	9.42	9.73		_	386.57	385.28	401.85	406.81	l -
Industrial organic chemicals		12.91	13.02	13.48	13.52	_	553.84	552.05	575.60	580.01	_
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		12.61	12.43	13.03	1	-	519.53	502.17	552.47	550.39	! -
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec		13.00	13.20	13.62	13.71	_	564.20	567.60	582.94	589.53	_
Agricultural chemicals	287	10.67	10.67	11.04	11.07	-	447.07	454.54	463.68	466.05	-
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	9.77	9.77	10.14	10.20	-	410.34	408.39	419.80	428.40	-
Petroleum and coal products		13.38	13.38	13.32	13.53	13.43		586.04	584.75	598.03	585.55
Petroleum refirring Paving and roofing materials		14.52 9.86	14.52 9.86	14.50 10.09	14.73 10.25	-	647.59 437.78	640.33 427.92	630.75 469.19	646.65 477.65	_
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	8.05	8.08	8.28	8.29	8.31	337.30	338.55	342.79	344.86	344.03
Tires and inner tubes		12.55	12.69	13.05	12.91		557.22	564.71	580.73	562.88	_
Rubber and plastics footwear		5.19	5.24	5.39	5.49	-	192.03	200.69	212.37	204.78	_
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	1				1				1		
and belting	303,4	8.23	8.29	8.20	8.22	-	348.95	346.52	339.48	344.42	-
Fabricated rubber products, nec	306	7.84	7.82	8.03	8.09	-	323.01	323.75	331.64	338.16	-
Miscellaneous plastics products	307	7.35	7.37	7.57	7.62	-	306.50	306.59	310.37	315.47	-
Leather and leather products		5.57	5.56	5.67	5.73	5.76		206.83	206.39	209.15	207.36
Leather tanning and finishing		7.47	7.39	7.48	7.44	-	302.54	293.38	290.97	293.14	-
Footwear, except rubber		5.30	5.31	5.38	5.43	- :	195.57	193.82	193.68	193.85	-
Men's footwear, except athletic	3143	5.52	5.48	5.67	5.74	-	207.00	203.86	208.09	208.94	-
Women's footwear, except athletic		5.19	5.22	5.19	5.20		190.99	188.96	182.69	179.92	-
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		6.22 5.24	6.31 5.19	6.31 5.56	6.52 5.63	-	240.09 204.36	244.20 198.78	235.36 201.27	251.67 206.62	_
ransportation and public utilities		10.88	10.94	11.17	11.25	11.23	428.67	432.13	443.45	448.88	440.22
Railroad transportation:											
Class I railroads ²	4011	13.13	12.99	13.18	13.40	-	568.53	544.28	565.42	601.66	-
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	7.63	7.52	7.78	7.64	-	257.13	254.93	283.19	259.76	i –
Local and suburban transportation		8.04	8.08	7.91	7.90	-	304.72	305.42	304.54	298.62	i -
Intercity highway transportation	413	11.98	11.80	11.62	11.67	-	445.66	447.22	457.83	455.13	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	10.39	10.42	10.36	10.45	-	406.25	407.42	405.08	411.73	_
Trucking and trucking terminals		10.60	10.67	10.52	10.63	_	414.46	416.13	411.33	417.76	-
Public warehousing		7.49	7.19	7.90	7.90	-	290.61	293.35	309.68	318.37	-
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	14.11	14.27	14.35	14.78	-	588.39	582.22	581.18	603.02	_

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct 1984
Fransportation and public utilities—Continued											
Communication	48	39.9	39.9	40.1	40.3	_	_	_	-	} _	_
Telephone communication	. 481	40.5	40.6	40.8	40.8	-	_	_	- 1	-	_
Radio and television broadcasting	483	37.7	37.5	37.3	37.6	-	_	-	-	-	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	41.5	41.6	41.4	41.8	_ '	_	_	_	_	_
Electric services		41.7	41.7	41.6	42.3	_	_	_	_	_	_
Gas production and distribution		40.9	40.9	41.2	41.3	_	_	_]	1	-
Combination utility services		41.8	42.4	41.7	41.8] _	_	_	_	-	-
Sanitary services		41.3	41.2	41.0	41.5	_	_	_	_	-	-
Wholesale trade		38.7	38.7	38.8	38.8	38.7	_	_	_	_	_
Durchte goods	50	00.4	00.4	00.4	00.0						
Durable goods		39.1	39.1	39.4	39.3	j -	-	-	-	-	-
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		39.1	39.0	39.3	39.1	-	-	-	-	-	1 -
Furniture and home furnishings		37.6	37.7	37.8	37.9	-	-	-	i -	-	-
Lumber and construction materials		39.5	39.4	39.2	39.4	i -	-	-	-	-	-
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		38.0	37.9	38.9	38.5	-	_	_	-	-	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		40.2	40.4	40.6	40.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical goods		38.9	38.9	39.5	39.5	 -	-	-	-	-	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		38.9	39.0	38.7	38.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		39.4	39.5	39.7	39.7	-	-	~	-	-	-
Miscellaneous durable goods	509	37.7	37.9	38.1	38.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nondurable goods	51	38.1	38.1	37.9	38.0	_	_	_	-	_	-
Paper and paper products	. 511	37.3	37.3	37.5	37.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	. 512	38.0	37.4	37.7	37.8	-	_	_	_	-	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		37.0	37.0	36.5	36.4	-	_	_	_	-	-
Groceries and related products	514	38.7	38.6	38.5	38.6	-	-	_	i _	_	1 -
Chemicals and allied products		39.5	39.0	39.2	39.5	j _	-	_	-	_	_
Petroleum and petroleum products		39.4	39.2	39.1	39.5	l -	_	_	_	-	_
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		36.0	35.6	36.6	36.1	-	_	-	_	-	-
Miscellaneous nondurable goods		37.2	37.5	37.3	37.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail trade		29.9	29.9	30.6	30.0	29.7	-	-	-	-	-
Building materials and garden supplies	52	36.1	35.9	37.3	36.9	_	_	-	-	_	_
Lumber and other building materials	521	36.9	36.7	39.3	38.9	-	-	_	- 1	-	_
Hardware stores		34.0	33.7	33.7	33.1	-	-	-	_	-	-
General merchandise stores	53	29.6	29.3	29.7	29.3	_	_	_	_	_	_
Department stores		29.6	29.3	29.6	29.3	i -	-	_	- 1	_	_
Variety stores		29.9	29.4	30.0	28.7	_	_	_	-	_	-
Misc. general merchandise stores		30.3	30.5	31.8	30.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food stores	54	30.8	30.5	31.4	30.8] _	_	_	_	_	.
Grocery stores		31.0	30.6	31.5	31.0	i <u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	
Retail bakeries		28.7	28.6	29.1	28.8	-		-	-	-	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	36.8	36.8	37.5	37.2	_	_	_	_	_	_
New and used car dealers		37.9	38.0	38.1	38.0	l -	_	_	-	-	-
Auto and home supply stores		39.2	38.8	40.5	40.0	-	-	-	_	-	-
Gasoline service stations	554	34.3	34.3	35.3	34.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Apparel and accessory stores	56	27.8	27.9	28.8	28.1	-	-	_	_	-	-
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings	561	30.3	30.8	31.4	30.9	-	_	-	-	_	-
Women's ready-to-wear stores		27.0	27.0	27.3	27.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Family clothing stores		27.4	28.1	29.3	28.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shoe stores		27.8	27.7	29.3	27.6	-	-	-	-	_	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	34.5	34.5	34.4	34.1	_	_	_	_	_	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores		34.2	34.2	34.3	33.9	-	_	_	-	ļ <u>-</u>	-
Household appliance stores		34.1	34.0	35.1	34.8	-	_	_	-	-	-
Radio, television, and music stores		35.1	35.2	34.4	34.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eating and drinking places ³	50	26.4	26.7	27.2	26.4	_	_	_	_		İ

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Communication		\$10.91	\$11.10	\$11.50		-	\$435.31	\$442.89	\$461.15		-
Telephone communication		11.55	11.77	12.28	12.30		467.78	477.86	501.02	501.84	-
Radio and television broadcasting	483	9.10	9.20	9.66	9.70	-	343.07	345.00	360.32	364.72	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	11.64	11.77	12.16	12.38	_	483.06	489.63	503.42	517.48	-
Electric services	491	11.74	11.79	12.30	12.53	-	489.56	491.64	511.68	530.02	-
Gas production and distribution		10.53	10.77	10.94	11.26	-	430.68	440.49	450.73	465.04	! –
Combination utility services	493	13.47	13.65	14.12	14.24	-	563.05	578.76	588.80	595.23	-
Sanitary services	495	8.95	9.12	9.29	9.45	-	369.64	375.74	380.89	392.18	-
Wholesale trade		8.62	8.69	8.95	9.03	\$8.98	333.59	336.30	347.26	350.36	\$347.5
Durable goods	50	8.60	8.68	8.97	9.06	_	336.26	339.39	353.42	356.06	} _
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment	501	7.87	7.93	8.15	8.20	-	307.72	309.27	320.30	320.62	l -
Furniture and home furnishings	502	7.54	7.59	7.95	8.02	-	283.50	286.14	300.51	303.96	-
Lumber and construction materials	503	8.31	8.42	8.39	8.56	-	328.25	331.75	328.89	337.26	¦ -
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		8.96	8.97	9.82	9.85	-	340.48	339.96	382.00	379.23	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		9.16	9.27	9.62	9.72	-	368.23	374.51	390.57	394.63	-
Electrical goods	506	9.18	9.28	9.35	9.43	-	357.10	360.99	369.33	372.49	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	507	8.07	8.20	8.44	8.58	-	313.92	319.80	326.63	331.19	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	8.95	9.02	9.46	9.57	-	352.63	356.29	375.56	379.93	i -
Miscellaneous durable goods	509	7.43	7.48	7.49	7.47	-	280.11	283.49	285.37	286.10	<u> </u>
Nondurable goods	51	8.65	8.70	8.91	8.98	-	329.57	331.47	337.69	341.24	_
Paper and paper products	511	9.46	9.60	9.62	9.82	- .	352.86	358.08	360.75	370.21	-
Drugs, proprietanes, and sundries	512	9.39	9.66	9.63	9.94	-	356.82	361.28	363.05	375.73	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	513	8.17	8.24	8.60	8.77	-	302.29	304.88	313.90	319.23	-
Groceries and related products		8.78	8.80	9.09	9.16	-	339.79	339.68	349.97	353.58	-
Chemicals and allied products	516	10.00	10.01	10.30	10.52	-	395.00	390.39	403.76	415.54	-
Petroleum and petroleum products		10.18	10.15	9.87	9.89	-	401.09	397.88	385.92	390.66	-
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages Miscellaneous nondurable goods		10.27 6.93	10.28 7.05	10.85 7.21	10.70 7.29		369.72 257.80	365.97 264.38	397.11 268.93	386.27 271.19	-
Retail trade	0.0	5.78	5.79	5.84	5.90	5.90	172.82	173.12	178.70	177.00	175.23
i		3.70	3.79	3.64	3.90	3.30	172.02	173.12	170.70	177.00	175.25
Building materials and garden supplies	52	6.26	6.32	6.47	6.53	-	225.99	226.89	241.33	240.96	-
Lumber and other building materials	521	6.54	6.54	6.74	6.79	-	241.33	240.02	264.88	264.13	-
Hardware stores	525	5.54	5.54	5. 5 8	5.69	-	188.36	186.70	188.05	188.34	-
General merchandise stores	53	5.67	5.67	5.57	5.63	_	167.83	166.13	165.43	164.96	-
Department stores		5.89	5.89	5.76	5.82	-	174.34	172.58	170.50	170.53	-
Variety stores		4.37	4.35	4.50	4.47	-	130.66	127.89	135.00	128.29	-
Misc. general merchandise stores	539	4.53	4.52	4.50	4.57	-	137.26	137.86	143.10	141.21	-
Food stores		7.62	7.62	7.64	7.73	-	234.70	232.41	239.90	238.08	-
Grocery stores	541	7.89	7.91	7.90	8.00	-	244.59	242.05	248.85	248.00	, –
Retail bakeries	546	5.18	5.16	5.23	5.27	-	148.67	147.58	152.19	151.78	-
Automotive dealers and service stations		6.82	6.82	7.08		-	250.98	250.98		265.98	-
New and used car dealers		8.12	8.14	8.55	8.59	-	307.75	309.32	325.76	326.42	-
Auto and home supply stores		6.22	6.09	6.44	6.51	-	243.82	236.29	260.82	260.40	-
Gasoline service stations	554	5.19	5.20	5.26	5.28	-	178.02	178.36	185.68	183.22	-
Apparel and accessory stores		5.03	5.05	5.09	5.17	-	139.83	140.90	146.59	145.28	_
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings	561	5.76	5.77	5.71	5.86	-	174.53	177.72	179.29	181.07	-
Women's ready-to-wear stores	562	4.74	4.76	4.90	4.96	-	127.98	128.52	133.77	134.91	-
Family clothing stores		5.00	4.99	4.92	5.00	-	137.00	140.22	144.16	142.00	' -
Shoe stores	566	5.06	5.15	5.19	5.21	-	140.67	142.66	152.07	143.80	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores		6.66	6.73	7.04	7.04	-	229.77	232.19	242.18	240.06	-
the contract of the contract o	571	6.53	6.55	6.93	6.96	-	223.33	224.01	237.70	235.94	_
Furniture and home furnishings stores				!			044 77	200 00	050 07	040.00	
Household appliance stores		7.09	7.04	7.19	7.18	-	241.77	239.36	252.37	249.86	_
		7.09 6.75	7.04 6.96	7.19 7.19	7.18 7.12	-	236.93	244.99	252.37	249.86	-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct 1984
Retail trade—Continued											
Miscellaneous retail		30.8	30.8	31.8	31.5	-	-	_	-	-	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	28.4	28.4	30.6	30.2	-	-	-	i -	-	-
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	29.7	29.8	30.6	29.8	-	-	-	-	-	1 -
Nonstore retailers	596	33.9	34.1	34.6	34.8	_	_	_	_	-	-
Fuel and ice dealers		37.5	37.7	37.9	38.1] _	_	_	_	-
Retail stores, nec		32.1	32.4	32.2	32.1	- i	-	-	-	-	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate ⁴		36.1	36.4	36.4	36.6	36.3	-	-	-	-	-
Banking	60	36.1	36.6	36.5	36.7	_	-	_	_	_	_
Commercial and stock savings banks	602	36.1	36.5	36.5	36.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit agencies other than banks	61	36.9	37.3	37.1	37.8	_	_	-	_	_	.
Savings and loan associations		36.0	36.8	36.5	37.4	_	-	-	l -	-	-
Personal credit institutions		37.5	37.7	37.2	37.4	-	_	-	-	-	-
Insurance carriers	63	37.0	37.3	37.2	37.2	_	_	_	_	_	.
Life insurance		36.8	37.1	37.0	36.9	<u>-</u>		-	1 -	_	
Medical service and health insurance		37.1	37.1	37.5	37.4	_	_	_	-	_	1 '
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		36.9	37.4	37.5	37.4	_	_	_	_	_	
•		32.7	32.7	33.0	32.8	32.5	_			_	
ervices		32.7	32.7	33.0	32.6	32.5	-	_	_	-	
Hotels and other lodging places:	i	!				İ				ľ	
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts ³	701	31.0	31.6	31.7	31.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Personal services:	i i		,		İ						
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	33.7	34.3	33.8	34.0	-	-	-	-	-	1 .
Beauty shops ³		29.1	29.1	29.2	29.6	-	-	-	-	-	}
Business services	73	33.2	33.4	33.8	33.6		_	_	_	_	1.
Advertising		36.4	36.4	36.1	36.1	i _	_	l _	_	l _	1 .
						-	_	_	_	-	1
Services to buildings		27.7	27.9	29.0	28.8	l.	_	_	-	-	1 '
Computer and data processing services		38.3	38.3	38.2	38.6	-	_	-	-	-	1
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	37.8	37.5	38.3	38.0	-	-	-	-	-	
Automotive repair shops	753	39.0	38.9	39.6	39.3	-	-	-	-	-	'
Miscellaneous repair services	76	38.5	38.3	39.2	38.5	-	-	-	-	-	
Motion pictures	78	28.7	29.6	30.4	29.4	_	_	_	_	_	.
Motion picture production and services		38.7	39.7	39.9	39.3	-	-	-	-	-	
Amusement and recreation services	79	29.4	29.5	31.7	29.9	-	_	-	_	-	
Health services	80	32.6	32.5	32.5	32.6	_	-	_	_	_	1 .
Offices of physicians		31.0	31.2	30.6	30.7	-	_	_	-	-	1 .
Offices of dentists		27.9	27.9	28.9	28.4	i -	_	_	l –	-	
Nursing and personal care facilities		31.5	31.4	31.3	31.8	_	-	-	-	_	1 .
Hospitals	806	34.3	34.0	34.1	34.2	-	-	-	-	-	
Legal services	81	34.6	34.8	34.6	34.5	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous services	89	38.7	38.7	38.9	38.7	_	l _	_	_	_	
Engineering and architectural services		39.6	39.7	39.9	39.6	-	_	1 -			
		38.2	39.7	37.8	37.6	-	I -	1 -	l -	I -	1
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		38.2	38.1	37.8	37.0		-	_	_	-	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly (arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Oct. 1984°	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1984 ^p
Retail trade—Continued											
Miscellaneous retail		\$5.73	\$5.72	\$5.78	\$5.82		\$176.48			\$183.33	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	5.53	5.50	5.32	5.40	-	157.05	156.20	162.79	163.08	-
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	5.38	5.34	5.52	5.54	-	159.79	159.13	168.91	165.09	-
Nonstore retailers	596	6.13	6.11	6.25	6.21	¦ -	207.81	208.35	216.25	216.11	-
Fuel and ice dealers	598	7.68	7.86	8.01	8.10	-	288.00	296.32	303.58	308.61	-
Retail stores, nec	599	5.91	5.92	6.18	6.23	-	189.71	191.81	199.00	199.98	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate ⁴		7.33	7.45	7.57	7.77	\$7.73	264.61	271.18	275.55	284.38	\$280.6
Banking	60	6.30	6.42	6.52	6.65	_	227.43	234.97	237.98	244.06	_
Commercial and stock savings banks		6.18	6.28	6.37	6.52	-	223.10	229.22	232.51	239.28	-
Credit agencies other than banks	61	6.47	6.59	6.84	6.95	_	238.74	245.81	253.76	262.71	-
Savings and loan associations	612	5.90	5.98	6.25	6.35	-	212.40	220.06	228.13	237.49	_
Personal credit institutions		6.49	6.62	6.56			243.38	249.57	244.03	252.82	-
Insurance carriers	63	8.23	8.23	8.47	8.54	_	304.51	306.98	315.08	317.69	_
Life insurance		8.22	8.18	8.32			302.50	303.48	307.84	306.64	_
		1 1				!	294.95	298.45	313.13		-
Medical service and health insurance		7.95	7.98	8.35		-				315.28	-
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	8.25	8.31	8.58	8.71	-	304.43	309 13	317.46	325.75	_
Services		7.37	7.43	7.53	7.71	7.72	241.00	242.96	248.49	252.89	250.90
Hotels and other lodging places:	į				ļ			<u> </u>			
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts ³	701	5.30	5.35	5.28	5.45	-	164.30	169.06	167.38	171.68	-
Personal services:											
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	5.44	5.47	5.61	5.65	j _	183.33	187.62	189.62	192.10	_
Beauty shops ³		5.35	5.35	5.72		1	155.69	155.69	167.02	168.42	-
Business services	72	7.64	7.68	7.83	8.00	_	253.65	256.51	264.65	268.80	
		9.77	10.02	10.34	10.86	-	355.63	364.73	373.27	392.05	_
Advertising					;		i				1
Services to buildings		5.95	6.02	6.13		-	164.82	167.96	177.77	178.27	-
Computer and data processing services	737	10.21	10.28	10.54	10.66	-	391.04	393.72	402.63	411.48	-
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	6.98	6.97	7.12	7.17	-	263.84	261.38	272.70	272.46	-
Automotive repair shops	753	7.58	7.51	7.67	7.74	-	295.62	292.14	303.73	304.18	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	8.26	8.33	8.62	8.69	-	318.01	319.04	337.90	334.57	-
Motion pictures	78	11.22	11.39	11.36	12.04	-	322.01	337.14	345.34	353.98	_
Motion picture production and services		15.16	15.01	16.46	16.57	-	586.69	595.90	656.75	651.20	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	6.71	6.80	6.35	6.91	-	197.27	200.60	201.30	206.61	-
Health services	80	7.49	7.51	7.75	7.83	_	244.17	244.08	251.88	255.26	_
Offices of physicians		7.30	7.35	7.54	7.72	_	226.30	229.32	230.72	237.00	-
Offices of dentists		7.22	7.19	7.39		_	201.44	200.60	213.57	211.30	_
Nursing and personal care facilities		5.26	5.27	5.39		-	165.69	165.48	168.71	172.36	_
Hospitals		8.26	8.28	8.59			283.32	281.52	292.92	296.86	-
Legal services	81	9.23	9.47	9.74	10.05	-	319.36	329.56	337.00	346.73	-
Miscellaneous services	89	10.77	10.95	11.06	11.32	_	416.80	423.77	430.23	438.08	_
Engineering and architectural services		11.54	11.74	11.80		_	456.98	466.08	470.82	477.58	_
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		9.12	9.26	9.35		_	348.38	352.81	353.43	360.58	_
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		3.12	3.20	3.55	9.55		J40.J0	002.01	000.40	300.00	-

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

division.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

² Beginning in January 1978, data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

Money payments only; tips, not included.

⁴ Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from all series in this

⁻ Data not available.

C-3. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime' of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

Industry	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ⁶	Oct. 1984 ^p
Manufacturing	\$8.52	\$8.54	\$8.77	\$8.84	\$8.86
Durable goods	9.07	9.09	9.28	9.35	9.36
Lumber and wood products	7.55	7.55	7.72	7.81	(²)
Furniture and fixtures	6.51	6.48	6.68	6.72	(²)
Stone, clay, and glass products	8.91	8.89	9.07	9.08	(²)
Primary metal industries	10.86	10.81	10 83	10.86	(²)
Fabricated metal products	8.80	8.81	8.92	8.99	(²)
Machinery, except electrical	9.27	9.30	9.52	9.57	(²)
Electrical and electronic equipment	8.41	8.40	8.68	8.75	(²)
Transportation equipment	11.19	11.27	11.54	11.63	(²)
Instruments and related products	8.30	8.31	8.60	8.62	(²)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	6.64	6.62	6.78	6.82	(²)
Nondurable goods	7.77	7.79	8.04	8.09	\$8.11
Food and kindred products	7.74	7.78	7.92	7.91	(²)
Tobacco manufactures	9.74	9.55	10.63	10.22	(²)
Textile mill products	5.94	5.95	6.22	6.25	(²)
Apparel and other textile products	5.29	5.29	5.43	5.51	(²)
Paper and allied products	9.52	9.54	9.93	9.93	(²)
Printing and publishing	8.87	8.88	9.07	9.12	(2)
Chemicals and allied products	10.27	10.37	10.69	10.78	(²)
Petroleum and coal products	12.76	12.74	12.70	12.84	(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	7.67	7.71	7.92	7.93	(²)
Leather and leather products	5.45	5.44	5.57	5.62	(²)

¹ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

Not available.

p == preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

C-4. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers'on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1977) dollars.

;		Average	hourly e	arnings		_	Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Oct. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Oct. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Oct. 1984°
Total private:						,				•
Current dollars	\$8.12 4.90	\$8.16 4.92	\$8.30 4.85	\$8.43 4.90		\$286.64 172.99	\$288.05 173.52	\$294.65 172.31	\$299.27 173.99	\$295.54 (²)
Mining:										
Current dollars	11.33	11.33	11.57	11.65	\$11.58	488.32	489.46	503.30	511.44	\$504.89
Constant (1977) dollars	6.84	6.83	6.76	6.77	(²)	294.70	294.86	294.33	297.35	(²)
Construction:										
Current dollars	12.04	12.06	12.01	12.16	\$12.15	456.32	449.84	462.39	468.16	\$460.49
Constant (1977) dollars	7.27	7.27	7.02	7.07	. (²)	275.39	270.99	270.40	272.19	(°)
Manufacturing:									ς,	
Current dollars	8.89	8.90	9.14	9.22	\$9.23	362.71	362.23	369.26	375.25	\$373.82
Constant (1977) dollars	5.37	5.36	5.34	5.36	(²)	218.90	218.21	215.94	218.17	(°)
Transportation and public utilities:										•
Current dollars	10.88	10.94	11.17	11.25		428.67	432.13	443.45	448.88	\$440.22
Constant (1977) dollars	6.57	6.59	6.53	6.54	· (²)	258.70	260.32	259.33	260.98	(²)
Wholesale trade:										
Current dollars		8.69	8.95	9.03	\$8.98	333.59	336.30	347.26	350.36	\$347.53
Constant (1977) dollars	5.20	5.23	5.23	5.25	(²)	201.32	202.59	203.08	203.70	(²)
Retail trade:										
Current dollars	5.78	5.79	5.84	5.90	\$5.90	172.82	173.12	178.70	177.00	\$175.23
Constant (1977) dollars	3.49	3.49	3.41	3.43	(²)	104.30	104.29	104.50	102.91	(°)
Finance, insurance, and real estate:										
Current dollars	7.33	7.45	7.57	7.77	\$7.73	264.61	271.18	275.55	284.38	\$280.60
Constant (1977) dollars	4.42	4.49	4.43	4.52	· (²)	159.69	163.36	161.14	165.34	(²)
Services:										
Current dollars	7.37	7.43	7.53	7.71	\$7.72	241.00	242.96	248.49	252.89	\$250.90
Constant (1977) dollars	4.45	4.48	4.40	4.48	. (²)	145.44	146.36	145.32	147.03	(²)

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

Not available. = preliminary.

C-5. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

		1983				-		19	84				
Industry	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept. ^p	Oct. ^p
Total private	35.2	35.2	35.2	35.4	35.3	35.3	35.4	35.3	35.3	35.2	35.2	35.3	35.1
Mining	(°)	(3)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(°)	(²)	(²)	(2)	(²)
Construction	(²)	(²)	(²)	(1)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(1)	(²)	(°)
Manufacturing	40.6	40.6	40.6	40.9	40.9	40.7	41.1	40.6	40.6	40.5	40.5	40.6	40.5
Overtime hours	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3
Durable goods	41.2	41.3	41.3	41.6	41.7	41.4	41.8	41.3	41.2	41.2	41.2	41.5	41.3
Overtime hours	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.7	4.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.5
Lumber and wood products	40.5	40.0	40.0	40.6	40.4	40.1	40.4	39.6	39.4	39.3	39.4	40.2	39.6
Furniture and fixtures	39.8	39.8	40.1	40.0	39.9	39.6	39.7	39.7	39.1	39.8	39.1	40.0	39.5
Stone, clay, and glass products	41.8	41.8	41.9	42.1	42.5	41.9	42.3	42.1	41.8	41.9	41.7	41.9	41.7
Primary metal industries	41.6	41.7	41.8	41.9	42.0	41.8	42.2	42.1	41.7	41.5	41.0	41.3	41.5
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	40.8	40.8	41.2	41.0	41.3	41.2	41.0	41.6	41.1	39.9	39.6	39.8	40.0
Fabricated metal products	41.2	41.4	41.4	41.6	41.8	41.3	41.8	41.4	41.3	41.3	41.1	41.5	41.4
Machinery, except electrical	41.2	41.3	41.5	41.8	41.9	41.9	42.3	41.9	42.0	41.8	42.0	42.0	41.9
Electrical and electronic equipment	41.1	41.1	41.0	41.2	41.2	41.0	41.3	41.0	40.8	40.8	40.9	41.1	40.9
Transportation equipment	42.5	42.6	42.4	43.2	43.1	42.9	43.5	42.4	42.3	42.2	42.4	42.7	42.3
Motor vehicles and equipment	44.1	44.1	43.9	44.8	44.3	44.4	44.8	42.9	43.1	42.4	43.3	43.8	43.4
Instruments and related products	40.7	40.7	40.8	41.3	41.2	41.1	41.4	40.7	41.3	41.3	41.1	41.5	41.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(°)
Nondurable goods	39.7	39.8	39.7	39.9	39.9	39.8	40.2	39.6	39.6	39.4	39.5	39.4	39.4
Overtime hours	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0
Food and kindred products	39.6	39.6	39.5	39.7	39.7	39.8	40.1	39.7	39.8	39.5	39.7	39.7	39.6
Tobacco manufactures	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(2)	(²)	(2)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(²)
Textile mill products	40.8	40.6	40.7	40.6	40.8	40.6	41.2	40.0	40.0	39.8	39.4	39.2	38.9
Apparel and other textile products	36.6	36.7	36.6	36.6	36.9	36.7	37.4	36.5	36.4	35.8	36.0	36.0	36.1
Paper and allied products	43.2	43.1	43.1	43.2	43.2	43.0	43.2	43.1	42.9	43.3	43.1	43.1	42.9
Printing and publishing	37.9	37.9	37.7	37.9	37.9	37.9	38.2	38.0	37.7	37.7	37.8	37.9	37.9
Chemicals and allied products	41.7	41.9	41.9	42.1	42.1	42.0	42.0	41.8	41.9	41.9	42.0	41.7	41.8
Petroleum and coal products	43.6	43.7	44.6	44.8	44.5	44.7	43.7	43.5	43.1	43.2	43.9	43.1	43.4
Rubber and misc. plastics products	(²)	(2)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(2)	(²)	(2)	(²)	(2)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Leather and leather products	37.3	37.2	37.1	37.3	37.2	36.7	37.5	36.5	36.7	37.0	36.0	36.6	36.1
Transportation and public utilities	39.4	39.2	39.4	39.5	39.3	39.2	39.5	39.4	39.6	39.8	39.4	39.8	39.1
Wholesale trade	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.5	38.5	38.7	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.7	38.8	38.6
Retail trade	30.0	30.0	30.3	30.1	30.0	30.1	30.0	30.1	30.2	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.8
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(²)	(²)	(ª)	(*)	(²)	(*)	(²)	(1)	(²)	(°)	(²)	(°)	(²)
Services	32.8	32.7	32.6	32.8	32.7	32.8	32.8	32.7	32.7	32.7	32.6	32.8	32.6

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.
² These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers ¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

		1983						19	84				
Industry	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept. ^p	Oct.º
Total private	108.3	108.7	109.4	110.3	110.9	110.9	112.0	112.0	112.7	112.6	112.7	113.3	113.2
Goods-producing	94.6	95.6	96.2	97.9	99.2	98.1	100.1	99.5	99.9	99.9	100.1	100.0	99.8
Mining	109.6	109.7	110.4	111.5	112.1	111.7	114.7	115.5	117.1	116.2	118.0	118.9	117.5
Construction	104.1	105.5	105.7	110.3	114.1	107.7	112.6	113.7	116.4	115.3	115.6	117.2	115.8
Manufacturing	92.1	93.0	93.7	94.9	95.7	95.7	97.0	96.0	96.0	96.1	96.2	95.8	95.9
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures	89.9 95.3 98.3	91.0 95.0 99.6	92.0 95.6 101.2	93.4 97.4 102.0	94.4 97.4 102.8	94.5 97.8 102.8	95.8 98.6 103.1	95.0 96.1 102.5	95.1 95.8 101.5	95.5 95.1 103.6	96.0 95.0 101.3	95.9 96.4 102.8	96.0 96.0 102.8
Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries	85.5 71.2 62.2	86.1 72.0 62.9	86.5 73.0 63.5	87.1 72.8 62.3 89.5	89.3 73.5 62.6 90.4	88.2 73.2 62.4 89.9	89.2 74.1 62.3	89.0 74.8 63.7	88.6 73.9 62.7	88.8 73.0 60.4	88.0 72.0 58.1	88.2 70.9 56.6	88.5 72.2 57.5
Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic equipment Transportation equipment	86.3 86.3 105.6 89.9	87.5 88.2 107.2 91.1	88.5 89.5 108.0 92.1	91.1 109.6 95.1	90.4 92.3 111.2 95.9	93.3 112.2 95.5	91.5 95.2 113.6 96.8	91.3 95.3 113.2 94.1	91.8 96.5 112.8 94.4	92.6 97.0 113.7 94.9	92.4 98.1 114.9 97.8	92.7 97.3 115.0 96.7	93.1 97.9 114.3 96.1
Motor vehicles and equipment		85.6 106.4 83.3	88.8 106.4 84.6	93.0 108.5 85.0	92.3 108.8 86.5	91.8 108.8 85.8	91.8 109.3 86.5	86.3 107.7 85.3	87.4 109.6 84.8	86.7 109.9 85.4	93.1 108.5 85.5	89.4 109.6 86.1	88.8 110.4 85.2
Nondurable goodsFood and kindred products	95.3 95.5	95.9 95.9	96.2 95.8	97.0 97.0	97.5 96.9	97.4 97.1	98.8 98.7	97.4 97.7	97.2 97.9	96.9 98.0	96.5 97.5	95.7 96.7	95.7 96.6
Tobacco manufactures	88.1 83.7 91.5	90.6 83.5 92.5	87.1 84.0 92.8	87.6 84.5 93.2	86.1 84.8 94.4	87.6 84.5 94.2	93.4 85.7 96.7	92.0 82.7 93.9	92.0 82.3 92.5	88.7 81.1 90.7	88.6 79.9 90.8	92.3 78.8 89.4	93.7 77.2 89.4
Paper and allied products Printing and publishing	97.4 111.9 94.6	97.6 112.7 95.2	98.2 112.4	98.8 113.8	99.4 114.1	99.1 114.6	99.6 116.6	99.3 116.6	99.5 116.3	100.6 117.1	100.1 117.4	99.1 118.0	99.5 118.2
Chemicals and allied products	89.4 106.2 81.4	95.2 88.8 108.4 81.2	95.5 89.8 109.4 81.0	96.1 89.4 111.0 81.4	96.3 88.8 112.5 81.2	96.1 88.4 112.2 79.7	96.2 86.5 113.8 81.4	95.6 86.1 113.1 78.3	96.1 84.5 113.5 77.8	96.3 84.7 113.4 78.9	96.7 86.1 112.7 73.7	95.5 84.5 112.5 73.5	96.1 86.6 113.1 71.6
Service-producing	115.9	116.0	116.7	117.2	117,4	117.9	118.6	119.0	119.7	119.7	119.7	120.7	120.6
Transportation and public utilities	102.4	101.7	102.4	103.4	103.1	103.1	104.4	104.3	105.2	106.1	105.7	106.7	105.4
Wholesale trade	109.7	110.1	110.7	111.6	112.0	112.5	113.3	113.5	113.7	114.4	114.9	116.1	116.1
Retail trade	107.8	108.3	109.7	109.3	109.4	109.9	110.3	111.1	111.9	111.0	111.1	111.3	111.7
Finance, insurance, and reat estate	120.8	120.6	121.0	122.0	122.1	122.2	123.1	123.1	124.0	124.7	124.2	125.3	124.6
Services	128.3	128.4	128.6	129.4	129.9	130.9	131.4	131.7	132.4	132.5	132.4	134.1	134.0

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services. $^{\rm p}$ = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

C-7. The Hourly Earnings index and average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers 1 on private nonagricultural payrolls, seasonally adjusted

to do at		1983						19	84				
Industry	Oct. 、	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.º	Oct. ^p
					Hou	rly Earnir	ngs Index	²(1977=	100)				
Total private (in current dollars)	157.1	157.2	157.8	158.4	158.5	159.1	159.9	159.6	160.3	160.8	160.6	161.7	161.6
Mining	(3)	(3)	(³)	(2)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(³)
Construction	145.5	145.2	145.6	146.3	146.2	146.3	146.6	147.0	147.1	146.6	146.6	146.9	146.5
Manufacturing	158.7	159.4	159.7	160.3	160.7	161.2	161.6	162.0	162.3	162.9	163.3	163.4	163.8
Transportation and public utilities	158.5	158.7	159.1	159.9	159.8	160.9	161.3	160.9	162.1	162.6	161.9	162.9	162.9
Wholesale trade	(°)	(3)	(*)	(°)	(°)	(°)	(*)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(3)
Retail trade	151.9	152.3	152.7	152.7	152.9	153.2	153.7	153.4	153.8	154.0	153.6	154.3	154.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(°)	(°)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(*)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Services	158.7	158.5	159.4	159.8	159.8	160.8	162.3	161.4	162.5	163.4	162.8	165.1	164.7
Total private (in constant dollars)4	94.7	94.6	94.9	94.8	94.8	95.1	95.4	94.9	95.2	95.2	94.1	94.3	(⁵)
				h	·	Average	hourly e	arnings	•	'	·	1	
Total private	\$8.13	\$8,14	\$8.17	\$8.21	\$8.23	\$8.25	\$8.31	\$8.29	\$8.33	\$8.35	\$8.34	\$8.41	\$8.40
Mining	(³)	(3)	(3)	(°)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(*)	(°)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Construction		\$11.93	\$11.96	\$11.97	\$11.95	\$11.97	\$12.03	\$12.07	\$12.07	\$12.04	\$12.05	\$12.06	\$12.03
Manufacturing	8.93	8.97	8.99	9.03	9.06	9.09	9.11	9.12	9.15	9.17	9.20	9.21	9.26
Transportation and public utilities	10.91	10.93	10.96	11.02	10.99	11.08	11.11	11.09	11.16	11.22	11.16	11.21	11.20
Wholesale trade	8.70	8.70	8.74	8.76	8.76	8.82	8.88	8.85	8.94	8.98	8.97	9.03	8.99
Retail trade	5.80	5.82	5.83	5.84	5.84	5.87	5.89	5.87	5.89	5.89	5.88	5.91	5.91
Finance, insurance, and real estate Services	7.46 7.41	7.39 7.41	7.47	7.49 7.48	7.47 7.50	7.54 7.52	7.62 7.60	7.53 7.56	7.61 7.59	7.64 7.64	7.57 7.62	7.79 7.71	7.53 7.70
											L		L
		Average weekly earnings										,	
							i i						
Total private:													
In current dollars	286.18 172.61	286.53 172.40	287.58 172.93					292.64 173.98	294.05 174.61	1	293.57 171.98	296.87 173.10	294.84 (⁵)

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.

² Excludes the effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to

underlying wage rate movements: Fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing

and interindustry employment shifts.

These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

Not available.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	arnings	Average weekly earnings			
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	
Alabama	41.6	41.2	41.0	\$7.59	\$8.03	\$8.04	\$315.74	\$330.84	\$329.64	
Birmingham	41.6	41.9	42.1	8.01	8.31	8.27	333.22	348.19	348.17	
Mobile	42.8	42.3	42.3	9.64	9.85	9.79	412.59	416.66	414.12	
Alaska	32.9	48.1	()	13.49	10.54	(')	443.82	506.97	(')	
Arizona	40.8		40.7	9.04		9.01	368.83	369.05	366.71	
	Ì	40.6		{	9.09				1	
Arkansas	40.9	40.5	40.7	7.06	7.40	7.44	288.75	299.70	302.81	
Fayetteville-Springdale	40.4	41.5	41.3	6.48	6.71	6.69	261.79	278.47	276.30	
Fort Smith	41.3	40.6	41.9	7.30	7.69	7.72	301.49	312.21	323.47	
Little Rock-North Little Rock	41.7	40.6	40.9	7.98	8.41	8.45	332.77	341.45	345.61	
Pine Bluff	41.6	40.7	41.9	9.20	9.48	9.55	382.72	385.84	400.15	
California	40.3	40.2	40.2	9.60	9.81	9.87	386.88	394.36	396.77	
Colorado	40.5	40.7	40.8	9.06	9.32	9.29	366.93	379.32	379.03	
Denver-Boulder	40.7	40.7	40.7	9.38	9.71	9.66	381.77	393.26	393.16	
					•					
Connecticut	41.8	41.8	41.8	8.88	9.18	9.18	371.18	383.72	383.72	
Bridgeport	42.4	39.9	41.0	9.35	9.63	9.71	396.44	384.24	398.11	
Hartford	41.6	41.8	42.7	9.55	9.77	9.91	397.28	408.39	423.16	
New Britain	41.7	42.0	43.1	9.23	9.54	9.75	384.89	400.68	420.22	
New Haven-West Haven	40.7	40.7	41.4	8.66	9.02	9.08	352.46	367.11	375.91	
Stamford	39.7	43.0	44.2	8.68	8.86	8.95	344.60	380.98	395.59	
Waterbury	44.2	42.8	(')	7.61	7.83	(')	336.36	335.12	(')	
Delaware	42.6	40.2	41.6	9.14	9.04	9.00	389.36	363.41	374.40	
Wilmington	42.8	39.6	41.9	10.53	10.72	10.44	450.68	424.51	437.44	
**************************************	42.0	33.0	41.3	10.55	10.72	10.44	450.00	1 424.01	107	
District of Columbia: Washington SMSA	39.4	38.4	40.6	9.73	10.05	10.43	383.36	385.92	423.46	
-				}				İ	İ	
Florida	40.6	40.8	41.2	7.42	7.71	7.74	301.25	314.57	318.89	
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood	42.0	42.2	42.1	6.99	7.44	7.44	293.58	313.97	313.22	
Jacksonville	40.4	40.8	42.0	8.05	8.40	8.51	325.22	342.72	357.42	
Lakeland-Winter Haven	40.3	40.1	41.4	7.46	7.88	7.82	300.64	315.99	323.75	
Miami	38.5	39.5	39.4	6.21	6.26	6.31	239.09	247.27	248.61	
Orlando	42.8	42.9	41.9	7.66	7.99	7.93	327.85	342.77	332.27	
Pensacola	41.9	42.3	41.9	8.98	9.07	9.04	376.26	383.66	378.78	
Tampa-St. Petersburg	41.5	41.5	41.2	7.37	7.66	7.69	305.86	317.89	316.83	
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	40.1	39.1	39.6	7.71	7.61	7.56	309.17	297.55	299.38	
Georgia	41.7	41.4	40.8	7.14	7.56	7.65	297.74	312.98	312.12	
Atlanta	40.5	40.5	40.2	8.60	8.93	9.07	348.30	361.67	364.61	
Savannah	45.4	44.9	45.1	9.36	9.97	10.03	424.94	447.65	452.35	
Hawaii	39.2	38.5	37.1	8.23	7.83	8.22	322.62	301.46	304.96	
Honolulu	39.6	38.0	37.9	8.28	7.87	8.27	327.89	299.06	313.43	
Idaho	39.1	38.0	37.9	9.29	9.70	9.62	363.24	368.60	364.60	
Illinois	41.4	40.8	41.4	9.84	10.08	10.16	407.38	411.26	420.62	
Bloomington-Normal	40.7	40.3	40.0	9.29	9.92	9.99	378.10	399.78	399.60	
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	37.8	37.9	39.3	9.41	9.28	9.40	355.70	351.71	369.42	
Chicago SMSA	41.2	41.1	41.6	9.66	9.92	9.96	397.99	407.71	414.34	
	39.5	38.9	39.2	12.13	12.29	12.35	479.14	478.08	484.12	
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	40.8	40.0	40.3	12.13	12.84	12.97	513.26	513.60	522.69	
Decatur	- 1				9.81	10.04	339.69	387.50	387.54	
Kankakee	39.0	39.5	38.6	8.71						
Peoria	39.5	42.1	42.1	11.96	12.60	12.55	472.42	530.46	528.36	
Rockford	43 .5	41.4	42.7	9.98	10.23	10.51	434.13	423.52	448.78	
Springfield	42.9	41.5	42.8	11.05	11.39	11.61	474.05	472.69	496.9	
Indiana	42.0	41.2	41.8	10.13	10.42	10.44	425.46	429.30	436.39	
Gary-Hammond-East Chicago	420	40.3	(')	12.90	13.22	(')	541.80	532.77	(')	
Indianapolis	41.4	42.0	(')	10.06	10.73	(')	416.48	450.66	(')	
mulanapons			1 ''			1 ''	!	i i	1 ''	

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

1	Avera	age weekly	hours	Avera	ge hourly ea	arnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°
lowa	40.3	39.8	40.8	\$10,18	\$10.27	\$10.21	\$410.25	\$408.75	\$416.5
Cedar Rapids	42.0	40.3	42.0	10.58	11.00	10.99	444.36	443.30	461.5
Des Moines	39.5	41.2	41.6	11.88	12.75	12.42	469.26	525.30	516.6
Dubuque	41.5	42.2	42.1	10.72	10.61	10.85	444.88	447.74	456.79
				1			l .	1	343.3
Sioux City	38.4	37.8	40.2	8.41	8.41	8.54	322.94	317.90	1
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	38.5	38.4	38.0	13.01	12.90	12.33	500.89	495.36	468.5
(ansas	39.7	40.8	39.8	9.33	9.40	9.38	370.40	383.52	373.3
Topeka	41.4	41.4	39.7	9.67	9.81	10.09	400.34	406.13	400.5
Wichita	40.1	42.2	43.3	10.11	9.70	9.56	405.41	409.34	413.9
Centucky	39.8	38.6	39.0	8.82	9.20	9.38	351.04	355.12	365.8
Lexington-Fayette	40.5	38.2	39.2	9.45	9.78	9.88	382.73	373.60	387.3
Louisville	40.9	39.7	40.2	10.19	10.29	10.55	416.77	408.51	424.1
ouisiana	40.3	41.1	41.5	9.90	10.11	10.08	398.97	415.52	418.3
			1	1	1				1
Baton Rouge	42.1	42.0	42.8	11.48	11.68	11.51	483.31	490.56	492.6
New Orleans	39.3	40.8	40.8	9.16	9.35	9.19	359.99	381.48	374.9
Shreveport	39.2	41.2	40.0	9.78	9.76	9.71	383.38	402.11	388.4
Maine	40.5	39.9	40.2	7.67	8.07	8.20	310.64	321.99	329.6
Lewiston-Auburn	39.4	37.6	37.2	6.21	6.55	6.69	244.67	246.28	248.8
Portland	38.8	38.3	38.3	7.69	7.92	8.06	298.37	303.34	308.7
Maryland	41.6	40.8	41.2	8.94	9.38	9.45	371.90	382.70	i 389.3
Baltimore	41.4	41.1	41.6	9.49	9.87	9.90	392.89	405.66	411.8
Massachusetts	40.7	39.8	40.3	8.12	8.47	8.58	330.48	337.11	345.7
Boston	40.0	39.6	40.4	8.76	9.28	9.34	350.40	367.49	377.3
Brockton	39.2	39.5	39.1	6.54	6.51	6.63	256.37	257.15	259.2
Fall River	37.6	38.3	37.3	6.65	6.74	6.75	250.04	258.14	251.7
Lawrence-Haverhill	40.3	40.8	40.9	8.26	8.48	8.65	332.88	345.98	353.7
Lowell	40.4	39.2	39.7	7.53	8.04	8.05	304.21	315.17	319.5
New Bedford	39.1	40.1	39.4	7.36	7.50	7.61	287.78	300.75	299.8
Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke	41.5	41.3	41.9	8.18	8.59	8.55	339.47	354.77	358.2
Worcester	40.3	3 9 .3	39.6	8.41	8.75	8.83	338.92	343.88	349.6
Michigan	43.5	42.4	43.1	11.75	12.22	12.28	511.00	517.81	529.8
Ann Arbor	44.2	44.9	44.5	12.18	13.07	13.10	538.37	586.58	582.4
		1	1	12.16	I .	1	,	521.42	517.6
Battle Creek	41.8	41.5	41.0		12.57	12.62	511.49		1
Bay City	42.4	42.6	41.9	10.39	10.53	10.61	440.19	448.97	445.2
Detroit	43.8	43.2	44.0	12.42	12.90	12.94	543.70	557.17	568.9
Flint	46.2	42.4	43.6	13.42	14.19	14.18	620.14	601.99	618.7
Grand Rapids	41.8	40.8	41.6	10.14	10.35	10.46	423.65	422.80	435.4
Jackson	41.7	42.1	44.0	9.71	10.05	9.93	404.40	422.93	436.7
Kalamazoo-Portage	42.3	41.1	41.0	10.98	11.48	11.49	464.89	472.10	471.1
Lansing-East Lansing	46.7	42.8	44.8	13.61	13.70	13.73	635.30	586.82	614,8
Muskegon-Norton Shores-Muskegon Heights	39.5	41.0	40.9	10.42	10.71	10.80	411.21	439.46	441.7
Saginaw	43.2	42.2	43.9	13.86	14.28	14.36	599.23	602.05	631.2
Minnesota	40.1	40.0	40.2	9.52	9.49	9.57	381.75	379.60	384.7
Duluth-Superior	37.3	38.6	39.0	10.27	10.49	10.62	383.07	404.91	414.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul	40.6	40.1	40.7	10.19	10.22	10.30	413.71	409.82	419.2
St. Cloud	36.3	40.2	40.7	8.58	9.02	8.99	311.45	362.60	365.8
Mississippi	40.8	40.6	40.8	6.77	6.93	7.02	276.22	281.36	286.4
Jackson	41.3	41.5	41.7	7.63	8.08	8.35	315.12	335.32	348.2
Missouri	40.8	39.6	40.3	9.03	9.35	9.44	368.42	370.26	380.4
Kansas City	41.2	40.1	41.2	10.05	10.59	10.60	414.06	424.66	436.7
St. Joseph	39.2	40.8	39.4	8.34	8.67	8.59	326.93	353.74	338.4
St. Louis	40.5	39.4	40.3	10.25	10.96	10.91	415.13	431.82	439.6
Springfield	40.4	39.0	41.8	8.22	8.27	8.22	332.09	322.53	343.6
Montana	39.7	39.0	40.2	10.50	10.70	10.67	416.85	417.30	428.9
Nebraska	40.7	40.2	41.4	8.71	8.92	9.08	354.50	358.58	375.9
	41.8	41.0	41.6	9.17	9.44	9.56	383.31	387.04	397.7
Lincoln	71.0	1 -1.0		,		,	1 000.0.	1 307.04	00

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	ırnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°
Nevada	40.0	38.9	39.6	\$9.13	\$9.13	\$9.24	\$365.20	\$355.16	\$365.90
Las Vegas	40.7	38.6	39.7	11.11	11.43	11.53	452.18	441.20	457.74
New Hampshire	40.7	40.7	41.1	7.47	7.83	7.86	304.03	318.68	323.05
Manchester	39.8	39.8	40.8	7.18	7.52	7.68	285.76	299.30	313.34
Nashua	41.1	41.1	40.9	8.85	9.27	9.27	363.74	381.00	379.14
New Jersey	41.2	41.1	41.4	9.15	9.33	9.38	376.98	383.46	388.33
Atlantic City	38.6	39.0	39.2	7.98	8.18	8.24	308.03	319.02	323.0
Camden	39.4	40.0	40.1	9.15	9.49	9.50	360.51	379.60	380.9
Hackensack	40.7	40.8	41.2	8.13	8.54	8.59	330.89	348.43	353.91
Jersey City	40.5	39.9	40.2	8.67	8.71	8.78	351.14	347.53	352.96
New Brunswick-Perth Amboy-Sayreville	42.0	41.6	41.7	9.81	10.10	10.17	412.02	420.16	424.09
Newark	41.4	41.0	41.2	9.29	9.62	9.65	384.61	394.42	397.58
Paterson-Clifton-Passaic	41.5	42.3	42.3	8.95	9.40	9.60	371.43	397.62	406.08
Trenton	41.6	42.4	42 4	9.15	9.93	10.02	380.64	421.03	424.85
New Mexico	38.8 37.9	40.2 40.5	39.9 39.5	7.87 7.62	8.04 7.87	8.03 7.81	305.36 288.80	323.21 318.74	320.40 308.50
	j					1			
New York	39.7	39.6	39.9	8.90	9.17	9.24	353.33	363.13	368.68
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	40.9	40.2	41.0	9.24	9.62	9.64	377.92	386.72	395.24
Binghamton	40.3	40.7	41.0	7.98	7.96	8.18	321.59	323.97	335.38
Buffalo	41.2	41.1	41.4	11,32	11.53	11.56	466.38	473.88	478.58
Elmira	40.6	39.3	39.8	9.12	8.88	8.92	370.27	348.98	355.02
Glens Falls	40.0	38.7	39.3	8.87	9.34	9.33	354.80	361.46	366.6
Monroe County	42.5	42.7	43.2	11.65	11.87	11.96	495.13	506.85	516.6
Nassau-Suffolk	40.1	40.1	40.5	8.81	9.07	9.14	353.28	363.71	370.17
Newburgh-Middletown	39.5	39.0	39.6	6.53	7.13	7.15	257.94	278.07	283.14
New York-Northeastern New Jersey	39.6	39.3	(')	8.71	8.89	(1)	344.67	349.38	(¹)
New York and Nassau-Suffolk	37.8	37.9	38.1	8.24	8.48	8.60	311.47	321.39	327.60
New York SMSA	37.0	37.2	37.3	8.05	8.27	8.40	297.85	307.64	313.3
New York City	36.7	36.8	36.9	7.94	8.15	8.31	291.40	299.92	306.6
Poughkeepsie	42.9	43.0	43.9	8.68	8.54	8.55	372.37	367.22	375.3
Rochester	42.4	42.0	42.6	10.77	11.01	11.02	456.65	462.42	469.4
Rockland County	40.3	40.6	40.5	9.03	9.67	9.49	363.91	392.60	384.3
Syracuse	41.2	41.1	40.2	9.76	10.39	10.49	402.11	427.03	421.70
Utica-Rome	40.3	39.8	40.4	8.41	8.27	8.36	338.92	329.15	337.74
Westchester County	38.7	39.7	40.3	8.71	8.83	8.80	337.08	350.55	354.64
North Carolina	41.0	39.8	39.4	6.70	7.02	7.07	274.70	279.40	278.50
Asheville	40.6	40.7	41.2	6.65	7.03	7.03	269.99	286.12	289.6
Charlotte-Gastonia	42.3	40.5	40.6	6.63	7.08	7.09	280,45	286.74	287.8
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	39.4	39.3	39.2	7.38	7.70	7.77	290.77	302.61	304.5
Raleigh-Durham	41.5	41.3	41.3	7.93	8.13	8.13	329.10	335.77	335.7
North Dakota	38.0	38.7	39.4	7.73	7.89	7.90	293.74	305.34	311.20
Fargo-Moorhead	38.8	38.6	38.7	8.06	8.36	8.31	312.73	322.70	321.6
Ohio	42.1	41.7	42.3	10.64	10.92	10.99	447.94	455.36	464.8
Akron	43.5	43.3	43.2	10.61	10.82	10.82	461.54	468.51	467.4
Canton	40.8	40.1	49.5	10.84	10.80	10.76	442.27	433.08	435.7
Cincinnati	41.3	41.7	42.4	10.10	10.57	10.53	417.13	440.77	446.4
Cleveland	41.7	41.5	41.9	10.57	10.81	10.91	440.77	448.62	457.1
Columbus	40.8	40.9	40.8	10.06	10.29	10.39	410.45	420.86	423.9
Dayton	43.0	42.5	43.0	10.80	11.18	11.22	464.40	475.15	482.4
Toledo	43.9	43.3	43.9	11.40	11.66	11.75	500.46	504.88	515.8
Youngstown-Warren	42.4	42.3	43.7	12.40	12.67	12.88	525.76	535.94	562.8
Oklahoma	41.0	41.0	40.9	9.26	9.68	9.83	379.66	396.88	402.0
Oklahoma City	40.9	40.7	40.6	9.76	10.04	10.23	399.18	408.63	415.3
Tulsa	41.4	40.6	40.7	10.11	10.33	10.53	418.55	419.40	428.5
Oregon	39.1	38.9	40.4	10.12	10.41	10.34	395.69	404.95	417.7
Eugene-Springfield	38.5	38.5	39.8	10.37	10.59	10.61	399.25	407.72	422.2
Medford	38.9	40.9	41.3	9.71	9.82	9.90	377.72	401.64	408.8
Portland	40.3	39.3	40.5	10.43	10.78	10.67	420.33	423.65	432.1
. 010000									

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Averaç	ge hourly ea	ırnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984°
Pennsylvania	39.9	39.9	40.0	\$9.00	\$9.31	\$9.40	\$359.10	\$371.47	\$376.00
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	38.8	39.2	39.6	9.35	9.94	10.07	362.78	389.65	398.77
Altoona	39.4	39.5	38.9	7.73	8.02	8.21	304.56	316.79	319.37
Delaware Valley	39.6	40.1	40.3	9.39	9.69	9.78	371.84	388.57	394.13
Erie	42.1	41.4	42.4	9.69	9.83	10.08	407.95	406.96	427.39
Harrisburg	40.8	39.5	39.6	8.67	9.05	8.98	353.74	357.48	355.6
Johnstown	37.5	35.9	37.4	8.30	8.06	8.18	311.25	289.35	305.93
Lancaster	40.1	39.6	40.1	8.32	8.76	8.79	333.63	346.90	352.48
Northeast Pennsylvania	37.9	37.1	37.0	7.46	7.76	7.78	282.73	287.90	287.86
Philadelphia SMSA	39.7	40.1	40.3	9.44	9.65	9.73	374.77	386.97	392.12
Pittsburgh	40.4	40.3	40.8	10.85	10.99	11.05	438.34	442.90	450.84
Reading	40.8	39.5	40.6	8.90	9.39	9.49	363.12	370.91	385.29
Williamsport	39.9	38.8	40.2	7.87	7.93	8.10	314.01	307.68	325.62
York	41.5	41.4	41.5	8.22	8.64	8.74	341.13	357.70	362.71
Rhode Island	39.7	38.5	49.3	6.96	7.13	7.15	276.31	274.51	288.15
Providence-Warwick-Pawtucket	39.8	38.3	39.9	6.89	7.01	7.04	274.22	268.48	280.90
South Carolina	41.2	40.4	40.8	7.08	7.31	7.31	291.70	295.32	298.25
Charleston-North Charleston	43.2	42.7	43.0	8.60	8.65	8.95	371.52	369.36	384.85
Columbia	40.7	40.7	40.5	6.94	7.14	7.26	282.46	290.60	294.03
Greenville-Spartanburg	41.1	40.1	40.2	6.73	7.16	7.12	276.60	287.12	286.22
South Dakota	41.8	42.7	42.8	7.32	7.04	7.14	305.98	300.61	305.59
Sioux Falls	46.5	49.5	46.6	7.72	6.91	6.91	358.98	342.05	322.0
Tennessee	41.1	40.9	40.9	7.60	7.80	7.88	312.36	319.02	322.29
Chattanooga	41.7	41.6	41.2	7.24	7.45	7.46	301.91	309.92	307.35
Knoxville	41.0	40.3	40.4	9.00	9.21	9.23	369.00	371.16	372.89
Memphis	41.8	40.4	40.0	8.00	8.16	8.27	334.40	329.66	330.80
Nashville-Davidson	41.6	41.6	42.0	8.46	9.18	9.06	351.94	381.89	380.52
Texas	41.8	41.8	41.9	8.98	9.12	9.17	375.36	381.22	384.22
Dallas-Fort Worth	41.6	41.9	41.8	8.86	8.84	9.00	368.58	370.40	376.20
Houston	42.6	43.4	44.3	10.81	11.01	10.92	460.51	477.83	483.76
San Antonio	41.8	41.3	41.4	6.61	6.74	6.76	276.30	278.36	279.86
Utah	39.2	39.4	39.9	8.77	8.84	9.10	343.78	348.30	363.09
Salt Lake City-Ogden	40.3	39.6	40.1	8.54	8.89	8.99	344.16	352.04	360.50
Vermont	41.1	40.8	41.2	7.77	8.15	8.17	319.35	332.52	336.60
Burlington	43.1	42.6	42.9	8.77	8.81	8.95	377.99	375.31	383.90
Springfield	40.1	43.1	41.6	8.02	8.22	8.33	321.60	354.28	346.5
Virginia	40.8	40.3	40.3	7.82	8.16	8.14	319.06	328.85	328.04
Bristol	39.4	36.5	40.0	6.53	6.84	7.01	257.28	263.34	280.40
Charlottesville	39.2	38.1	38.6	6.71	6.94	6.98	263.03	264.41	269.43
Danville	42.0	40.6	39.1	7.26	7.70	7.33	304.92	312.62	286.60
Lynchburg	40.4	40.9	39.3	7.34	7.69	7.74	296.54	314.52	304.18
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth	42.0	42.0	42.7	8.19	8.51	8.62	343.98	357.42	368.0
Northern Virginia	40.8	39.4	40.4	8.63	8.73	8.93	352.10	343.96	360.7
Petersburg-Colonial Heights-Hopewell	41.3	41.9	42.4	10.47	10.41	10.34	432.41	436.18	438.4
Richmond	40.1	41.4	41.2	10.30	10.33	10.44	413.03	427.66	430.1
Roanoke	41.1	40.7	41.7	6.94	7.40	7.41	285.23	301.18	309.0
Washington	(')	(¹)	(1)	(1)	O	(')	(')	O	(t)
West Virginia	39.6	40.6	40.3	9.94	9.95	9.93	393.62	403.97	400.1
Charleston	43.0	43.1	43.2	11.31	12.19	12.26	486.33	525.39	529.6
Huntington-Ashland	38.8	38.7	39.0	10.98	11.26	11.22	426.02	435.76	437.5
Parkersburg-Marietta	41.5	42.0	41.7	10.84	10.95	11.02	449.86	459.90	459.5
Wheeling	39.3	40.5	40.2	11.66	11.65	11.42	458.24	471.83	459.0

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS **NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ige weekly l	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	ırnings	Average weekly earnings			
State and area	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	
Wisconsin	41.6	41.0	41.2	\$9.67	\$9.83	\$9.91	\$402.27	\$403.03	\$408.29	
Appleton-Oshkosh	43.0	42.2	42,7	9.45	9.61	9.74	406.35	405.54	415.90	
Eau Claire	40.9	42.0	41.0	9.39	10.40	9.97	384.05	436.80	408.77	
Green Bay	42.3	40.5	40.9	10.09	10.44	10.43	426.81	422.82	426.59	
Janesville-Beloit	42.2	38.9	40.8	11.88	11.31	11.68	501.34	439.96	476.54	
Kenosha	42.6	40.6	40.4	12.08	11,77	11.88	514.61	477.86	479.95	
La Crosse	39.1	38.3	38.9	8.70	8.83	8.79	340.17	338.19	341.93	
Madison	41.2	43.4	43.7	9.21	9.63	8.95	379.45	417.94	391.11	
Milwaukee	41.0	40.9	41,4	10.79	11.20	11.28	442.39	458.08	466.99	
Racine	41.1	39.6	39.5	10.22	10.73	10.80	420.04	424.91	426.60	
Sheboygan	40.4	39.5	38.8	9.31	9.41	9.50	376.12	371.69	368.60	
Wausau	42.4	42.2	41.6	9.28	9.38	9.44	393.47	395.84	392.70	
Wyoming	37.5	40.7	43.2	9.03	9.04	8.99	338.63	367.93	388.37	
Puerto Rico	39.4	39.0	39.1	4.90	4.98	5.06	193.06	194.22	197.85	
Virgin Islands	41.7	43.2	42.4	10.36	9.09	8.92	432.01	392.69	378.21	
						1	l .	1		

Not available.
 P = preliminary.
 NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

publication. All State and Area data have been adjusted to March 1983 benchmarks except Gary-Hammond-East Chicago and Indianapolis, Indiana; New York-Northeastern New Jersey, New York; and Wisconsin.

C-9. Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments by major industry, seasonally adjusted

	Million	s of hours (annual	rate)¹	Percent change					
Industry	Aug. 1984'	Sept. 1984'	Oct. 1984 ^p	Oct. 1983 to Oct. 1984 ^p	Aug. 1984 to Sept. 1984'	Sept. 1984 to Oct. 1984 ^p			
Total	177,487	178,672	178,356	4.2	0.7	-0.2			
Private sector	145,607	146,454	146,196	4.5	.6	2			
Mining	2,271	2,298	2,275	6.5	1.2	-1.0			
Construction	8,577	8,645	8,544	10.3	.8	-1.2			
Manufacturing	41,263	41,064	41,098	3.9	5	.1			
Durable goods	24,913	24,814	24,868	6.1	4	.2			
Nondurable goods	16,350	16,250	16,230	.7	6	1			
Transportation and public utilities	10,678	10,807	10,709	3.1	1.2	9			
Wholesale trade	11,156	11,263	11,258	5.5	1.0	.0			
Retail trade	25,294	25,375	25,504	4.0	.3	.5			
Finance, insurance, and real estate	10,771	10,912	10,805	3.5	1.3	-1.0			
Services	35,597	36,090	36,003	4.6	1.4	2			
Government	31,880	32,218	32,160	3.0	1,1	2			

¹ Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52.

P = preliminary.

' = revised.

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees-production workers,

nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers—and are based largely on establishment data. See *BLS Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 2134-1, chapter 13, Productivity Measures: Business Economy and Major Sectors. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

PRODUCTIVITY DATA **SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-10. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

Item	Annual average		Quarterly index										
	1982	1983	1982				1983			1984			
			1	11	III	IV	!	11	111	IV	ı	11'	IIIP
Business sector									Į.				
Output per hour of all persons		103.7	100.9	100.3	100.9	101.6	102.2	103.6	104.3	104.7	105.7	107.0	107.5
Output	106.3	111.0	107.1	106.4	106.1	105.8	106.9	110.1	112.5	114.7	117.8	121.0	121.8
lours		107.1	106.1	106.1	105.1	104.1	104.7	106.2	107.9	109.5	111.4	113.0	113.3
Compensation per hour	II.	161.7	151.4	153.9	156.7	158.4	160.2	161.0	161.8	164.2	166.7	167.5	169.3
Real compensation per hour		98.4	96.9	97.2	97.3	98.0	99.0	98.5	98.0	98.4	98.6	98.2	98.4
Jnit labor costs		156.0	150.0	153.4	155.3	155.9	156.8	155.4	155.1	156.8	157.7	156.5	157.6
Init nonlabor payments		145.5	138.0	137.0	135.8	136.5	139.8	144.6	147.9	149.1	151.6	157.2	158.7
mplicit price deflator	147.9	152.4	145.9	147.9	148.7	149.3	151.0	151.7	152.7	154.2	155.6	156.7	157.9
Nonfarm business sector							}		Ì				İ
Output per hour of all persons	100.0	103.4	99.8	99.4	100.3	100.5	101.6	103.6	104.1	104.4	105.2	106.6	106.6
Output		111.2	106.4	106.0	106.0	105.2	106.7	110.4	112.7	115.2	118.0	121.0	121.5
tours	1	107.5	106.7	106.7	105.7	104.7	105.1	106.5	108.2	110.3	112.3	113.6	114.0
Compensation per hour		162.0	151.0	153.2	156.0	157.9	160.1	161.5	162.4	164.0	166.5	168.0	169.5
Real compensation per hour	II.	98.6	96.7	96.8	96.9	97.7	99.0	98.8	98.3	98.2	98.5	98.5	98.5
Jnit labor costs	4	156.6	151.4	154.2	155.6	157.1	157.6	155.9	155.9	157.1	158.3	157.6	159.1
Jnit nonlabor payments	,	147.0	136.9	137.5	136.8	136.4	140.6	146.4	149.4	151.4	152.2	156.8	158.1
implicit price deflator	t	153.4	146.5	148.6	149.3	150.2	151.9	152.7	153.8	155.2	156.3	157.3	158.7
•	140.0	150.4	140.5	140.0	143.5	100.2	101.0	IOL.	100.0	100.2	100.0	107.0	100.7
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons	107.1	111.6	105.5	106.3	108.8	107.8	109.1	110.8	113.4	113.1	114.2	115.3	117.6
Output	99.3	104.4	100.6	100.0	99.7	96.7	98.4	102.4	107.2	109.6	113.0	115.4	117.5
Hours	92.7	93.5	95.4	94.1	91.7	89.6	90.2	92.4	94.6	96.9	98.9	100.1	99.9
Compensation per hour	158.0	163.4	154.3	157.2	159.8	161.0	162.7	163.0	163.5	164.6	167.1	168.3	169.9
Real compensation per hour	99.2	99.4	98.8	99.4	99.2	99.6	100.6	99.7	99.0	98.6	98.9	98.7	98.7
Unit labor costs	147.6	146.4	146.2	148.0	146.9	149.3	149.1	147.0	144.1	145.5	146.4	146.0	144.5
Durable goods													
Output per hour of all persons	105.6	111.5	103.6	104.7	107.6	106.6	108.5	110.8	113.5	113.1	115.1	116.0	118,1
Output		102.6	99.3	98.3	97.4	93.2	95.6	100.1	105.7	109.0	113.9	116.5	119.1
Hours		92.0	95.9	93.9	90.5	87.4	88.1	90.4	93.2	96.4	98.9	100.4	100.8
Compensation per hour		162.5	153.7	156.8	159.7	160.7	162.2	162.2	162.5	163.4	165.8	167.0	168.1
Real compensation per hour		98.9	98.5	99.1	99.2	99.4	100.3	99.2	98.4	97.8	98.1	97.9	97.7
Unit labor costs	149.3	145.8	148.4	149.7	148.4	150.7	149.5	146.5	143.2	144,4	144.0	144.0	142.3
	140.0	140.0	1,0.7	140.1				, , , , , ,					
Nondurable goods									440.0	4400	4400		
Output per hour of all persons		111.9	108.5	108.5	110.4	109.6	110.0	110.9	113.3	113.2	112.8	114.3	116.7
Output		107.1	102.6	102.5	103.1	101.9	102.6	105.7	109.5	110.5	111.7	113.8	115.0
Hours	1	95.7	94.6	94.4	93.4	93.0	93.3	95.3	96.6	97.6	99.0	99.5	98.6
Compensation per hour	159.0	165.6	154.9	158.0	160.5	162.7	164.5	165.1	165.7	167.1	169.5	170.6	172.6
Real compensation per hour	99.8	100.7	99.2	99.9	99.7	100.7	101.7	101.0	100.3	100.1	100.3	100.0	100.3
Unit labor costs	145.6	148.0	142.8	145.6	145.4	148.5	149.6	148.8	146.2	147.6	150.2	149.2	147.9
Nonfinancial corporations		!		i 1	. !		ļ				ļ		
Output per all-employee hour Output	102.6 107.7	106.1 112.6	102.2 108.7	102.1 108.0	103.3 107.9	103.2 106.4	104.0 107.5	105.8 111.4	107.2 114.7	107.2 117.0	108.1 120.2	108.9 123.1	(¹) (¹)
Hours		106.2	106.4	105.8	104.5	103.1	103.4	105.2	106.9	109.2	111.2	113.1	8
Compensation per hour	,	161.0	151.1	153.5	156.2	157.7	159.2	160.6	161.8	162.6	164.8	165.8	(5)
Real compensation per hour	1	97.9	96.7	97.0	97.0	97.5	98.4	98.2	98.0	97.4	97.5	97.2	(')
	1 :	1	151.5	154.0	154.7	157.0	156.7	155.2	154.4	154.7	155.0	155.0	8
Fotal unit costs	,	155.2		150.3	151.3	152.9	153.1	155.2	150.9	154.7	152.5	152.3	()
Unit labor costs	150.6	151.8	147.9				1			163.3	,		(¹)
Unit nonlabor costs		164.9	161.6	164.3	164.4	168.8	167.0	165.1	164.4		162.0	162.8	(')
Unit profits		117.2	89.4	86.8	86.6	75.6	92.5	111.8	126.6	135.9	143.2	151.1	(')
Implicit price deflator	146.3	150.9	144.3	146.3	146.9	147.7	149.4	150.2	151.2	152.6	153.6 j	154.6	(')

Not available.
preliminary.

' =revised. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

C-11. Percent changes from the preceding quarter and year in productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted annual rates

					F	ercent ch	nange fro	m				
Item			Previous	quarter		•		Same	e quarter,	previou	s year	
	II 1983	III 1983	IV 1983	l 1984	II 1984'	III 1984°	II 1983	III 1983	IV 1983	1 1984	II 1984'	III 1984°
Business sector				:								
Output per hour of all persons	5.9	2.8	1.4	4.0	4.9	1.7	3.3	3.4	3.1	3.5	3.3	3.0
Output	1	9.3	7.8	11.4	11.2	2.7	3.4	6.1	8.4	10.2	9.9	8.2
Hours	1	6.4	6.2	7.2	6.0	1.0	1	2.6	5.2	6.5	6.4	5.1
Compensation per hour		2.0	6.1	6.2	1.9	4.5	4.6	3.3	3.7	4.1	4.0	4.7
Real compensation per hour	2.1	-2.1	1.6	1.2	-1.8	.9	1.3	.7	.3	4	3	.5
Unit labor costs	3.5	8	4.6	2.1	-2.9	2.7	1.3	1	.6	.6	.7	1.6
Unit nonlabor payments	14.5	9.5	3.1	7.0	15.4	3.9	5.5	8.9	9.2	8.4	8.7	7.3
Implicit price deflator	1.9	2.5	4.1	3.7	2.9	3.1	2.6	2.7	3.3	3.0	3.3	3.5
Nonfarm business sector												
Output per hour of all persons	8.1	2.1	1.0	2.9	5.5	.0	4.3	3.9	3.9	3.5	2.9	2.3
Output	14.3	8.7	9.1	10.3	10.6	1.6	4.1	6.3	9.5	10.6	9.7	7.8
Hours		6.5	8.0	7.2	4.8	1.6	2	2.3	5.4	6.9	6.6	5.4
Compensation per hour		2.2	4.1	6.1	3.7	3.7	5.4	4.1	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.4
Real compensation per hour		-1.9	3	1.0	.0	.1	2.0	1.5	.6	5	3	.2
Unit labor costs	4.2	.1	3.0	3.1	-1.7	3.7	1.1	.2	.0	.4	1.1	2.0
Unit nonlabor payments		8.4	5.3	2.3	12.5	3.3	6.5	9.2	10.9	8.3	7.1	5.8
Implicit price deflator	2.2	2.7	3.7	2.8	2.8	3.6	2.8	3.0	3.3	2.9	3.0	3.2
Manufacturing												
Output per hour of all persons		9.7	-1.0	3.7	4.0	8.0	4.3	4.3	4.9	4.7	4.1	3.7
Output		20.5	9.1	12.9	8.9	7.4	2.4	7.6	13.4	14.8	12.7	9.6
Hours	I	9.8	10.2	8.8	4.6	5	-1.8	3.1	8.1	9.7	8.3	5.7
Compensation per hour		1.3	2.9	6.2	2.9	3.7	3.6	2.3	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9
Real compensation per hour		-2.8 -7.7	-1.5 3.9	1.1 2.3	8 -1.1	-4.0	.3 6	3 -1.9	-1.0 -2.6	-1.7 -1.9	-1.0 7	3
Durable goods					}							
Output per hour of all persons	8.7	10.2	-1.2	7.2	3.1	7.7	5.7	5.5	6.1	6.1	4.7	4.1
Output		24.2	13.2	18.9	9.5	9.4	1.8	8.5	17.0	19.2	16.3	12.7
Hours		12.8	14.6	10.9	6.2	1.6	-3.7	2.9	10.3	12.3	11.1	8.2
Compensation per hour		.8	2.1	6.1	2.8	2.7	3.4	1.8	1.7	2.2	2.9	3.4
Real compensation per hour	4.1	-3.2	-2.3	1.1	8	8	.1	8	-1.6	-2.2	-1.3	7
Unit labor costs	7.9	-8.5	3.3	-1.0	2	-4.6	-2.2	-3.5	-4.2	-3.7	-1.7	7
Nondurable goods												}
Output per hour of all persons		9.0	6	-1.3	5.5 ⁻	8.4	2.2	2.7	3.3	2.6	3.1	2.9
Output		15.3	3.4	4.4	8.0	4.4	3.1	6.2	8.4	8.8	7.7	5.0
Hours		5.8	4.0	5.8	2.4	-3.7	.9	3.5	4.9	6.1	4.5	2.0
Compensation per hour		1.4	3.4	5.8	2.7	4.8	4.5	3.2	2.7	3.0	3.3	4.2
Real compensation per hour Unit labor costs		-2.6 -7.0	-1.0 4.0	.8 7.2	-1.0 -2.6	1.2 -3.3	1.1 2.2	.6 .6	6 6	-1.4 .4	9 .2	1.2
Nonfinancial corporations												
Output per all-employee hour		5.3	2	3.6	2.8	(')	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.0	2.9	O
Output		12.4	8.4	11.6	9.8	(')	3.1	6.3	10.0	11.8	10.5	(')
Hours		6.7	8.6	7.7	6.8	(')	6	2.4	5.9	7.5	7.5	(')
Compensation per hour		3.1	2.0	5.7	2.4	(¹)	4.6	3.6	3.1	3.6	3.3	0
Real compensation per hour		-1.0	-2.4	.7	-1.3	()	1.3	1.0	2	9	-1.0	(')
Total unit costs		-2.0	.8	.6	.2	()	.8	2	-1.5	-1.1	1	(0)
Unit labor costs		-2.1	2.1	2.0	4	()	.9	2	8	4	.4	(')
Unit nonlabor costs		-1.7	-2.6	-3.2	2.0	(')	.5	.0	-3.2	-3.0	-1.4	(')
Unit profits		64.8	32.6	23.4	23.8	()	28.7	46.3	79.8	54.8	35.2	()
Implicit price deflator	2.3	2.8	3.6	2.7	2.6	(')	2.7	3.0	3.3	2.8	2.9	(')

Not available.
p = preliminary.

erevised.

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

						Ottemp	nployed			
State and area	Civ	ilian labor for	rce		Number			Percent of labor force		
	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept 1984	
						1				
Nabama	1,760.2	1,786.7	1,788.5	210.9	196.8	195.7	12.0	11.0	10.	
Birmingham	390.4	392.1	391.1	46.5	38.3	37.0	11.9	9.8	9.	
Huntsville	161.9	168.1	168.6	14.2	14.0	13.1	8.8	8.3	7.	
Mobile	196.9	200.6	200.3	28.4	24.3	25.4	14.4	12.1	12.	
Montgomery	129.5	132.0	131.2	13.1	11.5	11.0	10.1	8.7	8.	
Tuscaloosa	55.9	57.7	58.2	6.1	5.9	5.3	10.9	10.2	9.	
to also										
laska	239.9	253.8	248.6	19.2	21.5	20.7	8.0	8.5	8.	
rizona	1,374.2	1,379.2	1,421.5	108.4	62.3	57.0	7.9	4.5	4.	
Phoenix	853.7	875.0	903.5	52.7	29.4	27.5	6.2	3.4	3.	
Tucson	255.3	254.6	260.5	19.4	10.2	9.3	7.6	4.0	3.	
ırkansas	1.042.9	1,062.5	1,059,1	87.6	88.8	82.5	8.4	8.4	7.	
Fayetteville-Springdale	85.2	86.7	87.3	4.9	4.6	4.3	5.8	5.3	4.	
Fort Smith	91.8	93.4	93.5	8.1	7.4	7.3	8.9	7.9	7.	
Little Rock-North Little Rock	201.0 38.6	203.8 38.2	203.7 38.5	14.8 3.5	13.0 3.7	12.8 3.4	7.4 9.2	6.4 9.6	6.	
alifornia ¹	12,373.8	12,819.8	12,677.8	1,027.1	965.9	954.9	8.3	7.5	7	
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove	1,213.7	1,294.4	1,262.8	87.1	55.1	56.4	5.5	4.3	4	
Bakersfield	213.6	223.8	221.1	24.2	22.6	26.4	11.3	10.1	11.	
Fresno	337.2	333.5	349.6	29.8	31.7	32.4	8.8	9.5	9.	
Los Angeles-Long Beach	3,837.0	3,883.0	3,880.0	362.0	339.0	312.0	9.4	8.7	8.	
Modesto	142.4	148.3	143.8	17.0	16.8	17.3	12.0	11.3	12.	
Oxnard-Simi Valley-Ventura	266.9	275.0	269.4	24.7	24.8	24.8	9.3	9.0	9.	
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontano	628.2	658.7	652.2	61.6	59.9	61.6	9.8	9.1	9.	
Sacramento	524.9	550.0	539.4	41.7	39.4	40.7	7.9	7.2	7.	
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	148.3	155.2	152.6	12.4	12.4	12.0	8.4	8.0	7	
San Diego		901.8	888.1	60.0	53.5	55.4	7.0	5.9	6.	
San Francisco-Oakland	1,737.7	1,813.8	1,769.6	118.7	109.0	108.3	6.8	6.0	6.	
San Jose	847.7	897.8	873.7	50.6	40.1	41.8	6.0	4.5	4.	
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		168.8	165.1	9.9	9.2	9.4	6.1	5.4	5	
Santa Rosa	150.1	155.5	155.9	9.9	9.7	9.6	6.8	6.2	6.	
Stockton	188.7	187.9	191.8	19.6	18.1	19.1	10.4	9.6	10.	
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	140.8	148.4	146.0	12.0	11.4	11.4	8.5	7.7	7.	
Colorado	1,690.6	1,741.7	1,737.4	91.8	83.0	82.6	5.4	4.8	4.	
Denver-Boulder	1,008.3	1,037.8	1,036.7	47.6	42.9	43.4	4.7	4.1	4.	
Connecticut	1,613.4	1,672.1	1,678.4	81.3	70.9	71.8	5.0	4.2	4.	
Bridgeport	190.9	194.0	194.9	11.2	9.8	9.7	5.8	5.0	5.	
Hartford	388.7	398.4	402.3	18.6	15.9	16.0	4.8	4.0	4	
New Britain	69.2	70.0	71.9	4.0	3.5	3.5	5.8	5.1	4	
New Haven-West Haven		214.5	214.7	11.7	9.5	9.3	5.8	4.4	4	
Stamford		129.4	129.2	4.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	2.7	2	
Waterbury		108.0	107.9	6.1	5.5	5.4	5.8	5.1	5	
Pelaware	298.4	309.5	304.1	20.9	17.3	16.6	7.0	5.6	5	
Wilmington	262.2	266.3	264.6	19.6	16.5	15.7	7.5	6.2	5	
Sistrict of Columbia	323.1	335.3	323.0	36.2	28.8	27.8	11.2	8.6	8	
Washington SMSA	1,794.9	1,872.9	1,858.1	84.0	75.1	75.7	4.7	4.0	4	
florida ¹	5,101.1	5,166.0	5,184.2	415.4	319.8	319.1	8.1	6.2	6	
Daytona Beach	126.6	129.0	128.6	8.4	5.8	8.7	6.6	4.5	5	
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood	534.3	543.0	541.0	34.0	25.7	25.5	6.4	4.7	4	
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		114.3	114.2	7.2	5.4	5.3	6.5	4.8	4	
Gainesville		89.3	88.9	3.6	2.4	3.2	4.2	2.7	3	
Jacksonville		388.4	387.3	28.5	21.3	20.6	7.4	5.5	5	
Lakeland-Winter Haven		149.6	148.5	27.0	21.9	19.9	17.5	14.7	13	
Melbourne-Titusville Cocoa		150.8	150.3	10.1	7.0	7.1	7.1	4.6	4	
Miami		884.9	883.7	82.8	66.1	64.3	9.3	7.5	1 7	
Orlando		458.5	459.5	29.5	22.2	24.3	6.6	4.9	5	
Pensacola		140.3	144.2	9.4	7.3	8.8	6:7	5.2	ě	
								3.7	4	
Sarasota		95.1	94.1	5.2	3.6	4.3	5.6			
Tallahassee		97.1	96.1	4.1	3.5	3.6	4.3	3.7	3	
Tampa-St. Petersburg		808.2	810.7	55.5	39.3	38.7	6.9	4.9	1 4	
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton	.] 310.5	323.0	324.8	29.1	24.0	21.2	9.4	7.4	(

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	<u>~</u> .	Cam lab 1				Unemp			
State and area	Civi	lian labor for	ce		Number			Percent of labor force	-
	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sep 1984
	0.700.0	0.000.0	0.044.4	400 F	460.4	100.4	6.0	5.9	5.
ieorgia	2,733.6	2,826.2	2,814.4	186.5	168.1	162.4	6.8	(8
Albany	53.5	54.0	53.5	5.2	4.5	4.5	9.8	8.3	
Athens	65.4	66.1	64.1	3.8	3.7	3.4	5.8	5.7	5
Atlanta	1,137.7	1,188.0	1,182.4	66.5	57.4	53.2	5.8	4.8	4
Augusta	137.2	135.6	134.8	12.3	8.9	9.2	9.0	6.6	. 6
Columbus	89.1	93.0	91.8	7.2	6.8	6.7	8.1	7.4	1 7
Macon	110.4	110.0	109.6	8.3	7.7	7.4	7.5	7.0	
Savannah	99.5	98.7	99.0	8.1	7.2	7.3	8.2	7.3	1
Od valuation	į		ļ	Ì	İ				i
awaii	461.0 350.7	480.0 366.2	466.2 355.7	28.4 19.9	29.5 21.1	30.9 21.9	6.2 5.7	6.1 5.8	
laho	467.5	469.3	464.6	36.7	31.1	25.8	7.9	6.6	,
Boise City	97.3	100.0	98.4	6.4	4.4	4.1	6.5	4.4	
ilnois¹	5,559.3	5,557.6	5,559.1	546.1	476.7	466.3	9.8	8.6	
Bloomington-Normal	64.0	63.3	65.4	4.0	3.8	3.6	6.2	6.1	ĺ
	86.8	82.0	87.3	4.6	4.4	4.3	5.3	5.3	
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul									į
Chicago	3,437.8	3,450.2	3,452.7	314.6	278.9	276.5	9.2	8.1	
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	187.1	180.8	180.6	22.8	16.8	19.4	12.2	9.3	1
Decatur	62.2	60.1	60.2	7.5	5.4 j	5.8	12.1	9.0	
Kankakee	41.2	40.2	39.8	5.7	4.8	4.6	13.8	11.9	1
Peoria	169.1	165.8	163.8	24.1	16.0	15.3	14.2	9.7	[
Rockford	137.8	137.7	136.9	15.3	11.6	11.7	11.1	8.4	1
Springfield	104.3	110.2	103.0	7.0	6.7	6.5	6.7	6.1	!
i	j	ļ	:	į					İ
diana	2,574.8	2,655.1	2,660.5	230.6	193.0	187.7	9.0	7.3	
Anderson	55.7	56.9	57.3	5.0 j	4.1	3.7	8.9	7.3	i
Elkhart	78.9	88.3	87.1	4.8	5.2	4.9	6.1	5.9	
Evansville	148.0	153.4	151.7	12.9	11.5	11.3	8.7	7.5	i
Fort Wayne	183.4	188.0	187.5	17.6	11.6	11.2	9.6	6.2	
Gary-Hammond-East Chicago	268.0	267.1	265.8	35.2	34.4	37.1	13.1	12.9	1
Indianapolis	604.6	632.2	625.3	49.5	36.0	34.4	8.2	5.7	į
Lafayette-West Lafayette	64.6	62.1	67.0	3.8	2.9	2.9	5.9	4.6	1
						4.1	9.9	8.0	Ì
Muncie	54.8	53.1	54.7	5.4	4.3				
South Bend	140.0	148.2	149.6	10.2	8.8	8.6	7.3	5.9	
Terre Haute	80.5	81.1	82.4	8.3	6.8	5.9	10.3	8.4	į
owa	1,423.5	1,399.9 j	1,396.6	87.3	83.3	80.5	6.1	5.9	ļ
Cedar Rapids	83.3	81.5	80.7	5.6	5.1	5.3	6.7	6.2	ļ
Des Moines	184.5	182.1	181.2	10.8	8.8	8.3	5.9	4.8	
Dubuque	i	41.7	41.7	3.9	3.1	3.0	9.0	7.4	1
Sioux City	54.3	53.5	53.2	3.5	3.5	3.1	6.5	6.6	
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	65.2	60.9	61.9	6.6	5.8	6.2	10.1	9.5	¦ 1
·	1 100 0	1 212 0	1 207 6	61.0	610	56.1	5.1	5.1	İ
ansas	1,192.3	1,212.0	1,207.6	61.3	61.9	56.1		4.0	
Lawrence	34.7	33.3	34.4	1.5	1.3	1.2	4.2		-
Topeka	93.9	97.6	96.3	5.8	5.4	5.3	6.2	5.6	j
Wichita	222.9	232.7	229.8	15.1	13.8	12.4	6.8	′ 5.9 i	!
entucky		1,730.0	1,725.3	165.1	150.6	146.0	9.7	8.7	
Lexington-Fayette	188.8	188.6	188.1	8.8	8.6	8.2	4.6	4.6	i
Louisville Owensboro	422.9 44.8	435.5 46.4	432.1 47.3	38.3 3.4	35.7 4.2	34.2 4.7	9.1 7.6	8.2 9.0	1
ļ	44.0	į	41.0	3.4		į		1	'
ouisiana	1,931.8	1,969.7	1,983.6	214.4	185.2	185.6	11.1	9.4	
Alexandria	78.9	79.7	79.9	8.1	7.5	7.4	10.2	9.4	1
Baton Rouge		251.3	253.0	22.5	21.1	21.0	9.3	8.4	
Lafayette		97.9	98.2	8.1	5.8	5.9	8.5	5.9	1 .
Lake Charles		75.5	75.2	11.6	10.1	10.1	14.6	13.4	1
Monroe	59.5	60.7	59.8	6.3	5.6	5.5	10.6	9.2	İ
New Orleans	528.3	545.3	542.6	52.8	48.4	49.2	10.0	8.9	
Shreveport	173.5	172.3	174.4	18.1	12.8	12.9	10.4	7.4	
laine	562.5	580.2	568.6	38.9	29.6	27.6	6.9	5.1	
Lewiston-Auburn		40.2	39.3	2.9	2.6	2.4	7.4	6.5	
Portland	98.6	105.7	103.8	5.2	3.4	3.3	5.3	3.2	
farviand	2,205.4	2,255.5	2,244.3	127.3	118.6	120.2	5.8	5.3	
									1
Baltimore	1,073.6	1,092.4	1,090.7	72.0	68.4	70.3	6.7	6.3	1

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	: Civi	lian labor for	rce			-		Percent of	
State and area					Number		labor force		
	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sep 1984
lancark control	20054	20220	2017.5	044.7	4400	407.5	7.0	ļ <u>1</u>	١.
assachusetts¹		3,097.6	3,047.5	211.7	146.9	137.5	7.0	4.7	4
Boston		1,504.1	1,476.6	89.3	64.0	60.3	6.2	4.3	4
Brockton		83.3	81.2	6.8	4.8	4.4	8.4	5.7	5
Fall River	79.2	79.2	78.0	7.4	5.2	4.8	9.3	6.5	6
Fitchburg-Leominster	50.9	51.8	51.5	4.0	2.9	2.4	7.8	5.5	4
Lawrence-Haverhill		151.1	147.6	11.7	9.2	7.9	7.9	6.1	i 5
Lowell		144.3	143.0	8.3	5.5	5.2	6.0	3.8	! 3
New Bedford		90.7	88.3	8.2	5.8	5.7	9.6	6.4	. 6
Pittsfield		69.8	67.2	5.7	4.1	3.8	8.6	5.9	1
					;				
Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke		286.4	286.0	23.6	14.4	13.2	8.1	5.0	4
Worcester	195.1	189.9	188.7	14.2	9.8	8.8	7.3	5.2	4
ichigan¹	4,310.3	4,417.6	4,327.6	528.7	455.6	426.0	12.3	10.3	
Ann Arbor	150.2	149.0	(²)	12.3	10.0	(²)	8.2	6.7	(
Battle Creek		82.1	(²)	10.2	7.3	(²)	12.6	8.9	1 6
Bay City		55.5	(²)	7.4	76	(²)	14.1	13.6	(
Benton Harbor		72.7	(²)	9.3	6.8	(²)	13.2	9.4	1 6
								,	1 6
Detroit		2,008.2	(²)	251.6	210.7	(²)	12.8	10.5	
Flint		222.0	(²)	32.8	27.3	(²)	14.7	12.3	9
Grand Rapids		342.3	(²)	34.3	27.7	(²)	10.2	8.1	(
Jackson	65.1	65.5	(²) i	9.3	7.4	(²)	14.3	11.4	(
Kalamazoo-Portage		143.5 İ	(²)	13.8	10.6	(²)	9.8	7.4	1 6
Lansing-East Lansing		255.7	(²)	22.3	27.0	(²)	9.1	10.6	6
Muskegon-Norton Shores-Muskegon Heights		78.7	(2)	11,2	7.8	(2)	14.6	9.8	i è
Saginaw		103.9	(²)	11.8	10.5	(2)	11.9	10.1	(2
linnesota	2,183.3	2.263.4	2,250.7	139.9	128.2	122.4	6.4	5.7	
Duluth-Superior		103.2	105.9	18.8	11.8	13.6	17.2	11.5	12
									"
Minneapolis-St.Paul		1,228.8	1,226.6	63.7	55.4	53.7	5.4	4.5	
Rochester		60.9	60.0	2.7	2.5	2.4	4.5	4.1	()
St. Cloud	77.8	81.2	80.8	5.7	6.3	5.7	7.3	7.7	1
lississippi	1,071.9	1,085.1	1,105.0	117.1	121.4	117.9	10.9	11.2	10
Jackson	159.8	165.0	165.4	11.7	11.6	11.0	7.3	7.0	1 (
lissouri	2,363.1	2,376.1	2,373.8	194,1	152.4	140.0	8.2	6.4	,
				46.0	37.5	32.1	6.7	5.4	! .
Kansas City		698.4	689.8						
St. Joseph		45.9	45.3	4.2	3.5	3.6	9.1	7.7	1
St. Louis	1,148.9	1,162.4	1,151.9	106.2	87.4	81.7	9.2	7.5	1
Springfield	114.7	114.2	116.6	7.4	5.4	5.4	6.5	4.7	
Iontana	394.6	418.5	407.4	26.9	29.6	25.1	6.8	7.1	
ebraska	790.1	791.5	782.2	34.7	26.8	28.4	4.4	3.4	ì
Lincoln		107.3	108.9	3.6	2.7	2.8	3.3	2.5)
Omaha		292.0	292.2	14.0	12.3	13.0	4.8	4.2	Ì
	1			!				!	1
levada		499.6	501.9	41.4	38.0	38.7	8.4	7.6	i
Las VegasReno		278.3 135.7	281.9 135.5	25.5 8.7	25.0 7.1	25.6 7.1	9.3 6.5	9.0 5.2	
		135.7	133.3	0.7	7.1			i	
lew Hampshire		536.4	528.8	17.6	16.2	14.9	3.4	3.0	İ
Manchester		92.3 94.1	91.8 94.1	3.0 2.6	2.5 1.9	2.5 1.9	3.5 2.9	2.7 2.0	
	İ			}			i i	1	
lew Jersey ¹		3,828.6	3,750.7	280.3	233.0	218.5	7.7	6.1	
Atlantic City		139.1	133.6	10.6	8.5	8.7	8.4	6.1	
Jersey City		241.4	236.5	29.1	24.3	23.2	12.3	10.1	!
Long Branch-Asbury Park		278.8	270.1	17.4	14.3	13.4	7.0	5.1	!
New Brunswick-Perth Amboy-Sayreville	335.4	353.0	346.8	23.5	21.6	19.2	7.0	6.1	
Newark	974.5	1,019.4	999.5	72.5	61.2	56.7	7.4	6.0	-
Paterson-Clifton-Passaic		224.2	220.4	21.9	18.2	17.1	10.2	8.1	i
Trenton		165.6	165.8	11.1	8.3	8.3	6.9	5.0	1
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton		56.6	55.3	7.4	7.0	6.4	13.3	12.3	† 1
lew Mexico	615.1	624.6	631.2	56.5	45.7	47.0	9.2	7.3	İ
Albuquerque		242.2	245.3	18.8	15.5	16.0	8.1	6.4	İ
Las Cruces		43.6	46.3	3.8	3.6	3.4	9.1	8.3	

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

ļ	Civil	lian labor for	ce !			 i	nployed			
State and area					Number			Percent of labor force		
	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sep 1984	
lew York ¹	8,135.6	8,236.8	8,014.0	671.7 (618.3	536.0	8.3	7.5	6	
	376.3	387.2	381.7	25.1	21.0	19.1	6.7	5.4	5	
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	139.8		142.4	9.7	8.0	7.6	6.9	5.6	5	
Binghamton		143.5						8.9	Ē	
Buffalo	530.4	528.6	516.8	55.6	47.2	41.9	10.5			
Elmira	36.5	37.5	36.9	3.0	2.7	2.9	8.1	7.1]	
Glens-Falls	47.3	51.2	47.6	3.3	3.0 į	2.9	7.1	5.9	(
Nassau-Suffolk	1,398.0	1,444.2	1,415.8	87.5	77.5	69.9	6.3	5.4	4	
New York	3,727.3	3,744.6	3,598.2	349.0	343.6	286.7	9.4	9.2	į t	
New York City	3,111.0	3,098.0	2,969.0	316.0	311.0	261.0	10.1	10.1	1	
Newburgh-Middletown	110.2	112.6	109.9	7.5	6.6	6.1	6.8	5.8	1 :	
Poughkeepsie		119.4	117.8	6.6	5.1	4.5	5.7	4.3	i :	
Rochester	471.8	473.1	469.3	35.8	25.5	23.4	7.6	5.4	,	
Syracuse	304.9	307.8	305.1	20.0	17.6	16.0	6.6	5.7		
	133.3	138.0	136.0	9.8	8.7	7.8	7.3	6.3	}	
Utica-Rome	133.3	136.0	130.0	9.0	0.7 j	7.5	7.3	0.5	ì	
orth Carolina	2,956.3	3,077.3	3,073.5	217.6	187.8	193.6	7.4	6.1	١.	
Asheville	87.2	90.9	88.8	5.6	5.5	5.3	6.5	6.1] .	
Chariotte-Gastonia	375.3	391.2	391.9	23.9	19.3	19.4	6.4	4.9	1	
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	443.8	457.3	459.5	29.3	23.9	24.6	6.6	5.2		
Raleigh-Durham	323.7	342.0	343.9	13.2	11.4	11.5	4.1	3.3		
Ť	i	į	į		{	i		10	Ì	
Faryo-Moorehead	328.3 73.5	349.7 74.2	331.6 74.2	12.7 2.4	14.6 2.4	13.1	3.9 3.2	4.0 3.2		
Phio ¹	5,107.8	5,215.3	5.158.9	566.6	482.1	451.4	11.1	9.2	İ	
			' '			27.3	11.1	9.6	1	
Akron	305.0	311.4	309.2	33.7	29.9				1	
Canton	186.5	189.0	186.2	24.3	18.6	17.3	13.1	9.9		
Cincinnati	685.3	708.2	700.8	66.4	58.8	57.9	9.7	8.3		
Cleveland	925.3	937.6	920.2	99.4	84.3	78.6	10.7	9.0		
Columbus	577.6	601.6	594.4	49.0	43.1	40.7	8.5	7.2	j	
Dayton	389.2	399.6	399.0	35.7 j	30.3	28.9	9.2	7.6	i	
Toledo	374.6	381.4	(²)	42.9	36.1	(²)	11.5	9.5	! (
Youngstown-Warren	226.6	226.1	223.7	33.6	27.9	24.8	14.8	12.3	1	
thinks are	4 554 0	1 500 1	1.590.2	128.6	108.0	104.5	8.3	6.8		
kiehoma		1,592.1					7.2	6.0	i	
Enid	33.0	31.9	32.0	2.4	1.9	1.9				
Lawton	39.7	40.4	41.0	2.5	2.3	2.4	6.3	5.7	}	
Oklahoma City	482.9 371.8	503.7 378.9	502.0 376.9	30.6 33.3	31.3 25.8	26.0 26.3	6.3 8.9	6.2 6.8	1	
· ·		i	1					i	}	
Pregon		1,332.7	1,333.2	117.3	106.7	99.3 9.7	8.7 9.2	8.0 8.0		
Eugene-Springfield	131.7	130.1	130.2	12.1	10.4					
Medford	66.8	65.6	67.9	5.7	5.6	4.9	8.5	8.5		
Portland		658.7	657.2	58.8	48.6	45.3	8.9	7.4	Ì	
Salem	131.2	130.4	1 <i>2</i> 8.3	9.5	8.4	7.7	7.3	6.4		
ennsylvania¹	5.529.9	5,582.6	5.497.4	550.6	538.0	479.4	10.0	9.6	1	
Alientown-Bethlehem-Easton		316.0	312.6	29.4	29.4	28.7	9.5	9.3		
Altoona		56.7	55.9	6.8	5.7	5.2	12.0	10.1		
Erie	125.4	125.5	125.0	14.8	12.3	10.9	11.8	9.8		
	244.0	250.0		13.4	13.9	12.5	5.5	5.6	Ì	
Harrisburg			245.5) 1	
Johnstown	103.1	103.0	100.0	15.9	14.4	12.0	15.4	14.0	1 1	
Lancaster		192.9	192.7	9.3	9.9	9.3	4.9	5.1	Ι.	
Northeast Pennsylvania	291.6		294.7	30.3	36.5	31.5	10.4	12.1	i 1	
Philadelphia	2,242.9	2,287.6	2,254.0	174.1	171.4	154.4	7.8	7.5		
Pittsburgh	1,028.4	1,020.0	1,004.1	130.6	122.6	109.6	12.7	12.0	1	
Reading	162.1	164.4	165.2	12.3	12.3	11.5	7.6	7.5	İ.	
Sharon	52.0	51.6	51.0	7.8	6.5	5.6	15.0	12.5	1	
State College		52.8	48.8	4.6	4.4	4.1	8.6	8.2	!	
Williamsport		53.7	52.8	6.3	5.8	5.2	12.0	10.8		
York	183.8	185.2	183.2	16.4	15.4	12.7	8.9	8.3	į	
thode Island Providence-Warwick-Pawtucket		494.0 477.7	498.2 481.7	31.5 32.6	24.9 25.5	22.5 23.2	6.6 7.0	5.0 5.3		
outh Carolina	1,479.5	1,493.5	1,478.7	124.8	98.0	94.9	8.4	6.6		
Charleston-North Charleston		1,493.5	1,478.7	14.0	96.0	94.9	7.9	5.1		
Columbia		205.6	205.4	12.0	8.9	8.9	5.9	4.3		
Greenville-Spartanburg		286.5	287.0	21.8	15.9	15.7	7.6	5.6		
	ļ	1	,		l			1		
Sinus Falla		348.1	343.4	14.2		12.2	4.1	3.5	i	
Sioux Falls	66.7	67.3	67.3	; 2.3	2.0	2.0	3.5	j 2.9	1	

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA **NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	6		Ì	Unemployed							
State and area	Civ	ilian labor for	rce	·	Number			Percent of labor force			
	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sept. 1984 ^p	Sept. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sep 1984		
enneasee	2,199.7	2,215.8	2,231.9	208.0	194.5	185.7	9.5	8.8	8.:		
Chattanooga		197.5	200.1	17.1	14.7	14.1	8.7	7.4	7.		
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol		212.1	213.3	18.2	17.6	16.2	9.0	8.3	7.		
Knoxville		230.7	230.2	20.9	18.0	16.7	9.0	7,8	7.		
Memphis		411.2	415.3	37.5	30.2	28.6	8.6	7.3	6.		
Nashville-Davidson		465.9	470.9	31.2	27.2	25.3	6.9	5.8	5.		
exas¹	7,720,2	8,072.2	8,074.8	662.3	450.2	470.0	8.6	5.6	5		
Abilene		79.1	78.9	4.5	3.0	3.1	5.8	3.9	3		
Amarillo		104.5	104.2	5,5	4.4	4.7	5,6	4.3	4		
Austin		354.8	361.5	15.3	11.9	12.3	4.7	3.4	3		
Beaumont-Port Arthur	182.1	183.1	182.0	27.5	18.8	19.4	15.1	10.3	10		
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito	93.9	94.7	94.3	15.3	12.0	12.6	16.3	12.7	13		
Bryan-College Station		57.2	58.9	2.8	2.1	2.1	5.1	3.6	3		
Corpus Christi	169.0	170.5	170.0	21.7	13.4	13.6	12.8	7.8	8		
Dallas-Fort Worth		1,953.7	1,956.0	99.9	68.9	74.6	5.5	3.5	3		
El Paso		204.8	206.8	25.3	20.0	20.8	12.7	9.8	10		
Galveston-Texas City		94.1	95.8	12.2	8.6	8.8	13.1	9.1	. 6		
Houston		1,824.2	1,817.9	180.5	112.2	115.7	10.2	6.1	6		
Killeen-Temple		80.2	79.3	5.4	4.0	4.2	7.3	4.9	!		
Laredo		39.4	38.8	10.7	6.0	6.0	26.1	15.3	18		
Longview-Marshall	81.8	81.6	81.1	10.1	6.1	6.3	12.3	7.4	1		
Lubbock	115.1	115.6	116.9	8.3	5.7	5.8	7.2	4.9	1 :		
Mcallen-Pharr-Edinburg		117.5	120.0	29.2	23.3	25.8	24.5	19.8	2		
Midland		75.8	76.5	4.3	2.7	2.7	6.5	3.6	:		
Odessa		80.2	79.5	7.2	3.4	3.5	9.7	4.3	! .		
San Angelo		52.3	53.1	2.8	2.0	2.3	5.6	3.8			
San Antonio	509.6	546.8	547.3	34.2	25.9	27.2	6.7	4.7	!		
Sherman-Denison		42.1	41.8	3.1	1.9	2.1	7.6	4.5	!		
Texarkana		54.9	54.7	5.1	4.1	4.2	9.7	7.5	1		
Tyler		81.0	80.5	5.1	3.9	3.6	6.5	4.8	1 .		
Waco		96.9	97.6	5.0	4.0	4.5	5.5	4.1	1		
Wichita Falls	68.4	70.8	71.4	4.7	3.1	3.6	6.9	4.3	!		
ah	703.3	713.7	727.1	54.3	41.7	40.5	7.7	5.8			
Salt Lake City-Odgen	457.9	468.5	473.7	34.1	25.9	24.7	7.5	5.5	} :		
ermont	267.7	274.1	276.9	13.3	11.2	9.8	5.0	4.1	3		
Burlington	71.5	7 3.7	75.4	2.9	2.3	2.0	4.1	3.2	:		
irginia		2,839.1	2,861.9	130.3	125.7	133.7	4.8	4.4	.		
Danville		56.2	57.9	3.6	3.9	4.0	6.3	6.9	(
Lynchburg		78.6	79.5	3.8	3.6	3.9	4.9	4.5			
Newport News-Hampton		192.5	193.6	7.3	7.9	8.9	4.1	4.1	.		
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth		379.8	384.1	17.7	16.5	17.6	4.9	4.4	i		
Petersburg-Colonial Heights-Hopewell		54.2	55.5	4.1	3.9	4.0	7.4	7.1			
Richmond		362.3 118.4	363.9 119.0	13.6 5.8	13.0 4.5	12.5 5.0	3.9 5.1	3.6 3.8			
, rodiloko		110.4	113.0	5.0	4.5	3.0	5.1	3.0	}		
/ashington		2,044.2 904.7	2,041.0 902.2	193.6 79.3	167.5 61.0	162.9 62.1	9.3 8.8	6.2 6.7			
est Virginia	757.4	773.0	765.1	117.6	105.2	100.0	15.5	13.6	1		
Charleston		124.6	124.0	13.8	15.0	14.5	11.5	12.0	1		
Huntington-Ashland		120.7	118.4	20.1	15.4	14.4	16.5	12.8	1		
Parkersburg-Marietta		75.9	74.3	9.7	8.6	7.4	13.1	11.4	1		
Wheeling		80.3	78.6	12.6	10.6	10.1	15.7	13.2	i		
isconsin	2,418.2	2,429.2	2,421.4	190.5	162.9	156.2	7.9	6.7			
Appleton-Oshkosh		157.5	157.9	11.5	9.9	10.0	7.5	6.3	ĺ		
Eau Claire		60.0	61.1	4.5	4.3	4.4	7.4	7.2	1		
Green Bay		97.2	96.8	7.1	6.1	6.1	7.4	6.3			
Janesville-Beloit	71.2	71.0	71.7	6.5	5.0	4.9	9.1	7.1	}		
Kenosha	60.5	58.7	58.6	4.7	3.9	3.9	7.7	6.7			
La Crosse	50.0	49.7	51.0	3.5	2.9	2.9	7.0	5.8			
Madison		196.0	195.7	10.7	9.5	10.1	5.6	4.6	l		
Milwaukee		704.9	702.7	59.2	47.0	44.0	8.5	6.7			
Racine	83.5	84.9	84.0	7.6	6.3	6.1	9.1	7.4	1		
Sheboygan		56.2	55.2	3.9	3.4	3.2	7.4	6.1	İ		
Wausau	55.0	55.9	55.0	4.7	4.5	4.1	8.5	8.1	İ		
	1	ŧ	1	1	l	l .	Į.	i			

<sup>Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey. See the Explanatory Notes for State and Area Labor Force Data.

Not available.

Pepreliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Estimates for 1983 have been</sup>

benchmarked to 1983 Current Population Survey annual averages. Except in the 10 States and 2 areas designated by footnote 1, estimates for 1984 are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

Explanatory Notes

Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 60,000 households, representing 629 areas in 1,148 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The establishment survey is designed to provide industry information on nonagriculutral wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitian areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are currently based on payroll reports from a sample of over 200,000 establishments employing over 35 million nonagricultural wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full- or part-time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th day of the month.

RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definitions and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on levels and trends of the two series are as follows.

Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers) self-employed persons, unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises, and members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States. Civilian employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The housheold survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week-that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

For a comprehensive discussion of the differences between household and establishment survey employment data, see Gloria P. Green's article "Comparing Employment Estimates From Household and Payroll Surveys," *Monthly Labor Review*, December 1969.

Hours of work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

Earnings

The household survey measures median earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and honsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the household survey earnings series, see *Technical Description of the Quarterly Data on Weekly Earnings from the Current Population Survey*, BLS Bulletin 2113.

COMPARABILITY OF THE HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religous organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). Beginning in January 1978, coverage was extended to include domestic workers whose employers paid \$1,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, agricultural employees whose employers engaged 10 or more workers in 20 weeks or paid a total of \$20,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, and almost all State and local government employees.

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the Economics and Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of impact on differences in level and trend of the two series.

COMPARABILITY OF THE PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP), published by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonagricultural wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, certain activities, such as interstate railroads, parochial schools, and churches are not covered by unemployment insurance whereas these are included in this BLS establishment statistics.

Household Data (A tables)

COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other characteristics of the employed, the unemployed, and persons not in the labor force, and related data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, BLS Report 463. Historical national data are published in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey: A Databook, BIS Bulletin 2096.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted with a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. Separate statistics are also collected for 14- and 15-year-olds. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 14 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations, and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this report. Data on the members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States, who are included as part of the categories "noninstitutional population," "labor force," and "total employment," are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Each month about 60,000 occupied units are eligible for interview. About 2,500 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of between 4 or 5 percent. In addition to the 60,000 occupied units, there are 11,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not to be enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from I month to the next and one-half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those used since 1967 are as follows:

Employed persons are (a) all civilians who, during the survey week, did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labormanagement disputes, or personal reasons, whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States are also included in the employed total.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons are all civilians who had no employment during the survey week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and (a) had made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the prior 4 weeks, or (b) were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off, or (c) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Measurements of mean and median duration are computed from a distribution of single weeks of unemployment.

Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into four major groups. (1) Job losers are persons whose employment ended involuntarily who immediately began looking for work, and persons on layoff. (2) Job leavers are persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work. (3) Reentrants are persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer but were out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work. (4) New entrants are persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or

longer. Each of these four categories of the unemployed may be expressed as an unemployment rate or proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers.

Jobseekers are all unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week. Jobseekers do not include those persons unemployed because they (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or (b) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work, including going to a public or private employment agency or to an employer directly, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or utilizing some other method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point.

The civilian labor force comprises all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "labor force" also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The overall unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force, including members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The unemployment rate for all civilian workers represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, etc.

Participation rates represent the proportion of the population that is in the labor force. The labor force participation rate, is the ratio of the labor force, including the resident Armed Forces, to the noninstitutional population. The civilian labor force participation rate is the ratio of the civilian labor force to the civilian noninstitutional population. Civilian labor force participation rates are usually published for sex-age groups, often cross-classified by other demographic characteristics such as race and educational attainment.

Employment-population ratios represent the proportion of the noninstitutional population that is employed. The total employment-population ratio is total employment, including the resident Armed Forces, as a percent of the noninstitutional population. The civilian employment-population ratio is the percentage of all employed civilians in the civilian noninstitutional population.

Not in the labor force includes all persons who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as engaged in own home housework, in school, unable to work because of long-

term physical or mental illness, retired, and other. The "other" group includes individuals reported as too old or temporarily unable to work, the voluntarily idle, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season and who were not reported as looking for work, and persons who did not look for work because they believed that no jobs were available in the area or that no jobs were available for which they could qualify—discouraged workers. Persons doing only incidental, unpaid family work (less than 15 hours in the specified week) are also classified as not in labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work, desire for a job at the time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are published on a quarterly basis. As of January 1970, the detailed questions for persons not in the labor force are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for 3 previous months and would not be in for the subsequent month. Between 1967 and 1969 these questions were asked in those households entering the sample for the first time and those returning for the second 4 months of interviewing, i.e., the "incoming" groups.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their last full-time job lasting 2 weeks or more. The classifications of occupations and industries used in data derived from the CPS are defined as in the 1980 census. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies wage and salary workers, subdivided into private and government workers; self-employed workers; and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

The distribution of employment by hours worked relates to persons at work during the survey week. Atwork data differ from data on total employment because the latter include persons in the zero-hours-worked category, with a job but not at work. Included in this latter group are persons who were on vacation, ill, involved in a labor dispute, or otherwise absent from their jobs for voluntary, noneconomic reasons.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more in the survey week are designated as working full time. Persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working part time. Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or other reasons). Economic reasons include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of a job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. Other reasons include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home, housework, school, no desire for full-time work, and full-time worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1 to 34 hours for noneconomic reasons and usually work full time.

The full-time labor force consists of persons working on full-time schedules, persons involuntarily working part time (part time for economic reasons), and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The part-time labor force consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Persons with a job but not at work during the survey week are classified according to whether they usually work full or part time.

Labor force time lost is a measure of aggregate hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available aggregate hours. It is computed by assuming that: (1) Unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) those looking for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers during the survey week, and (3) persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

White, black, and other are terms used to describe the race of workers. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. All tables in this publication which contain racial data, with the exception of A-5 and its annual counterpart, present data for the black population group. Because of their relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican living on the mainland, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic orgin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings data are provided from responses to the question "How much does...USUAL-LY earn per week at this job before deductions?" Included are any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding the incorporated self-employed) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$10 interval within which each median falls.

The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used to deflate the earnings series.

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status are terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were reported as members of the same household even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent, includes persons who are separated because of marital discord, as well as persons who are living apart because either the husband or the wife was employed and living away from home, serving in the Armed Forces, or had a different place of residence for any reason.

A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters.

A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in

families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family refers to a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family even though they may include a related subfamily, that is, a married couple or a parent-child group related by birth or marriage to the householder and sharing the living quarters. The count of families used in this publication excludes unrelated subfamilies such as lodgers, guests, or resident employees living in a household but not related to the householder. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other persons maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

Change in lower age limit

The lower age limit for official statistics on the labor force, employment, and unemployment was raised from 14 to 16 years of age in January 1967. Insofar as possible, historical series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the population 16 years and over. For a detailed discussion of this and other definitional changes introduced at that time, including estimates of their effect on the various series, see "New Definitions for Employment and Unemployment," Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force, February 1967.

Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the changes introduced in 1967, there are several other periods of noncomparability in the labor force data: (1) Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and men; other categories were relatively unaffected. (2) Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force-four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected. (3) Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged. (4)

Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; and unemployment levels and rates wers essentially unchanged. (5) A subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced in March 1973. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals. resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.

In addition, beginning in January 1974, the methodology used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an inflation-deflation approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year-old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation", in the February 1974 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Effective in July 1975, as a result of the immigration of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000–30,000 men and 46,000 women. The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, and all of the changes were in the other population.

Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race

determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.

Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio estimation method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures exist only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Change in the Estimation Procedure for the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of *Employment and Earnings*

Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. The new procedure is described in the Estimating Methods section. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure are derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in total population and estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 that are described above, and data users should make allowances for them in making certain data comparisons.

Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment methodology was updated to account for results obtained from the 1980 census. The new procedure is described in the Estimating Methods section. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of Employment and Earnings. There are only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of level for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.

Changes in the occupational and industrial classification system

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the

monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisons of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. These systems differ from those developed for the 1970 census which were used in the CPS from January 1971 through December 1982.

The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved from the Standard Occupational Classification system (SOC). While the CPS occupational data are now comparable with other data sources, the new system is so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers". Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administratiors, except farm."

The industrial classification used in the 1980 census is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification system (SIC), as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had much less of an adverse effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation", and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration."

Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Changes in the sample design

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. Most of these changes were made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates.

One major change made after every decennial census is to change the sample design to make use of the recently collected census materials. Also, the number of

sample areas and the number of sample persons are increased occasionally. In 1953, the current rotation plan was introduced in which a sample unit is interviewed for 4 months, leaves the sample for 8 months, and then returns to the sample for another 4 months. When Alaska and Hawaii achieved statehood, three more sample areas were added to account for the population in these States. After the 1960 census, selection of a major portion of the sample from census address lists was begun, though a portion of the sample is still collected using area sampling. Following the 1970 census, the ultimate sampling unit was changed from a noncontiguous cluster of six housing units to a usually contiguous cluster of four housing units. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia and designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States, was incorporated into the design. A coverage improvement sample, composed of approximately 450 sample household units which represent 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units, was included in computing the estimates beginning in October 1978 in order to provide coverage of mobile homes and new construction units that previously had no chance for selection in the CPS sample. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added to the existing sample. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. Beginning in January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to SMSA's, which were redefined in 1973.

Beginning in April 1984, households sleected based on the 1980 census sample design are being introduced into the survey, but they are located in those 1970 design sample areas that will continue into the 1980 sampling frame. Hence, there is no change in the number of sample areas at this time. (See pp. 7-10 of the May 1984 issue for an overview of the introduction of the new sample.)

Table A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use during the different data col-

lection periods. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in The Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey, Report 463 Bureau of Labor Statistics.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person. The basic weight, which is the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample, is a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. In States supplemented in the 1978 and 1980 expansions, almost all sample persons within the sample area have the same basic weight, but the weight may differ across sample areas. The basic weight is the same for almost all sample persons in unsupplemented States. The basic weights are then adjusted for noninterview, and the ratio estimation procedure is applied.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This adjustment is made separately by combinations of sample areas within each State and the District of Columbia, and, within these, for six groups—two race categories (white, and black and other) within three residential categories. For sample areas which are Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, (SMSA's), these residence categories are the central cities, the urban, and the rural balance of the SMSA's. For other sample areas, the residence categories are urban, rural nonfarm, and rural farm. The proportion of sample households not interviewed

Table A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to date

-	Number of sample	Househo	olds eligible	Households visited bu
Time period	areas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	not eligible
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954	68	21,000	500-1,000	3,0003,500
Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956	230	21,000	500—1,000	3,000-3,500
May 1956 to Dec. 1959	' 330	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963	² 333	33,500	1,500	6,000
Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966	357	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1967 to July 1971	449	48,000	2,000	8,500
Aug. 1971 to July 1972	449	45,000	2,000	8.000
Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977	461	45,000	2,000	8,000
Jan. 1978 to Dec. 1979	614	53,500	2,500	10,000
Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981	629	62,200	2.800	12,000
May 1981 to present	629	57,800	2,500	11,000

¹ Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia.

² Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacations, etc.

2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole, in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and residence. Since these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:

a. First-stage ratio estimate. In the CPS, a portion of the 629 sample areas is chosen to represent other areas not in the sample; the remainder of the sample areas represent only themselves. The first-stage ratio estimation procedure was designed to reduce the portion of the variance resulting from requiring sample areas to represent nonsample areas. Therefore, this procedure is not applied to sample areas which represent only themselves. The procedure is performed at two geographic levels: First, by the four census regions (Northeast, North Central, South, and West), and second, for each of the 46 States which contains nonsample areas. Effective with January 1983 data, the procedure corrects for the differences that existed at the time of the 1980 census between the distribution by race and residence of the population in the sample areas and the known race-residence distribution in the portions of the census region or State represented by these areas. The regional adjustment is performed by metropolitannonmetropolitan residence and race, while the State adjustment is done by race only. Prior to January 1983, the State adjustment was also done by urban-rural status. At both the regional and the State levels, the race-residence categories were changed from white/nonwhite to black/nonblack. The residence categories at the State level of the estimation procedure were dropped because definitional differences between the 1970 census and the 1980 census made it impossible to continue using the same categories.

b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this stage, the sample proportions of persons in specific categories are adjusted to the distribution of independent current estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population in the same categories. The second-stage ratio adjustment which is performed to further reduce variability of the estimates and to correct to some extent for CPS undercoverage relative to the decennial census, is carried out in two steps. In the first step, the sample estimates are adjusted within each State and the District of Columbia to an independent control for the population 16 years and over for the State. The second step is applied to all sample persons and is a weighting to nationwide in-

dependent population estimates within 68 age-sex-race groups. The entire second-stage adjustment procedure is iterated six times, each time beginning at the weights developed the previous time. This ensures that the sample estimates of the population for both State and national age-sex-race categories will be virtually equal to the independent population control totals. This second-stage adjustment procedure incorporates changes instituted in January 1982. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

The controls by State for the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over are an arithmetic extrapolation of the trend in the growth of this segment of the population from the April 1, 1980, census through the latest available July 1 estimate, adjusted as a last step to a current estimate of the U.S. population of this group. State estimates by age for July 1 are published annually in *Current Population Reports*, Series P-25. For a description of the methodology used in developing the State total, use Report 640 of that series. A description of the age estimates methodology are available on request from the Chief of the Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census; Washington, D.C. 20233.

Beginning with the January 1982 estimates, the independent national controls used for the age-sex-race groups in the final step of the second-stage ratio adjustment are prepared by carrying forward the April 1, 1980, total population by age, race, and sex, taking account of the subsequent aging of the population, fertility, mortality, and net immigration, and then subtracting the estimate for the institutional population and Armed Forces. The April 1, 1980, total population was computed by adding together the resident population, consistent with that published for the 1980 census in Advance Reports, Series PHC80-V, and the Armed Forces overseas, as compiled from Department of Defense reports.

Data on births and deaths between April 1, 1980, and the estimate date are based on tabulations of vital statistics for the resident population made by the National Center for Health Statistics and data on deaths of military personnel overseas from the Department of Defense. Estimates of net civilian immigration are based on data provided by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Puerto Rico Planning Board. The civilian noninstitutional population is derived by subtracting the Armed Forces and the institutional population for the estimate date from the total including Armed Forces overseas. The institutional population is computed by applying institutional proportions derived from the 1980 census to the total population, including Armed Forces overseas for the estimate date. All computations described above are performed in cells defined by single year of age, race, and sex. The independent national control totals are then obtained by collapsing these cells into broader age groups for the population 16 years and older.

3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75 percent), as well as the sample results for the current month. Almost all estimates of month-to-month change are improved by this procedure, and most estimates of levels are also improved, but to a lesser extent.

Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided primarily indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, inability to recall information, errors made in collection such as in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data, and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey have been studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject

to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the *Current Population Survey Reinterview Program*, *January 1961 through December 1966*. Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in the "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates from Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, Journal of the American Statistical Association, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the decennial census, undercoverage is about 5 percent. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, and race. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women, and larger for black, and other races combined than for whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in "An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey," by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive and up-to-date discussion of various sources of error, and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and an estimate

and its estimated error were calculated from each sample, then:

- 1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the average of all possible samples.
- 3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a large number of estimates and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. First, the standard errors in this volume reflect the sample design and estimation procedures in effect prior to the expansions for State estimates. Thus, these standard errors may slightly overstate the standard errors applicable to the present design. Second, instead of computing an individual standard error for each estimate, generalized sets of standard errors were computed for various types of characteristics. This generalization yields more stable estimates of the standard errors. Consequently, the sets of standard errors provided give an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error of an estimate rather than the precise standard error.

Tables B and C show approximate standard errors for major employment status characteristics for monthly estimates and for changes for consecutive months. These standard errors are applicable to the level of the estimates in recent months.

Tables D through H provide generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for estimated totals, unemployment rates, and percentages. Table I contains factors for use with table H for computing standard errors, as described below, for monthly level and month-to-month change for percentages. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the tables may be approximated by linear interpolation. The standard error for estimated changes from one month to the next is more closely related to the monthly level for the characteristic than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the generalized standard errors for month-to-month change as given in the tables of standard errors, it is necessary to obtain the monthly estimate for the characteristic. It should be noted that the tables of standard errors for month-to-month change apply only to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. Estimates of change for nonconsecutive months are subject to higher standard errors. Table J contains factors for use with tables D, F, H, and I to compute approximate standard

errors for levels, labor force participation rates, and percentages as pertaining to the year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. Note that standard errors for changes in quarterly and yearly estimates apply only to consecutive quarters and years. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors must be adjusted due to the differences in the sample size. For years prior to 1956, the standard errors should be multiplied by 1.50, and for the 1956-66 period, they should be multiplied by 1.22. Table K provides generalized standard errors for quarterly estimates of persons and families for use with the CPS earnings data.

Standard errors for estimated totals. Tables D and E provide generalized standard errors for monthly totals and for month-to-month change. The figures given in these tables are to be used for the characteristics as indicated.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month the number of persons working a specific number of hours was 12,000,000, an increase of 400,000 over the

Table B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(In thousands)

	Standard	error of
Employment status, sex, age, and race	Monthly level	Month-to- month change (con- secutive months only)
Total, 16 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	252	193
Employed	270	205
Unemployed	137	138
Men, 20 years and over:		!
Civilian labor force	152	131
Employed	167	146
Unemployed	96	96
Women, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	190	143
Employed .	190	147
Unemployed	83	86
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:		!
Civilian labor force	83	90
Employed	86	97
Unemployed	^l 58	64
Black, 16 years and over:		Į
Civilian labor force	87	66
Employed	95	71
Unemployed	66	69
Men, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	50	44
Employed	57	51
Unemployed	45	48
Women, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	67	47
Employed	67	49
Unemployed	43	46
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:	{	
Civilian labor force	32	37
Employed	27	31
Unemployed .	30	32

Table C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

	Standard	error of		Standard	error of—
Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive month change	Characteristic	Monthly level 0.38 52 68 80 88 14 1.47 71 2.8 3.5 44 43 2.8 2.2 2.5	Consecutive month change
Total (all civilian workers)	0.12	0.12	Occupation—Continued		1
Men. 20 years and over	.16	.16	•		1
Women, 20 years and over	.18	.19 i	Precision production, craft, and repair	0.38	0.42
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		.78	Machine operators, assemblers, and	I	1
White workers	i .	.13 i	inspectors	,	i .59
Black workers	!	: .58	Transportation and material moving	.68	.78
		.17	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and		1
Married men, spouse present			laborers	.80	.93
Married women, spouse present		.23	Farming, forestry, and fishing	.88	1.01
Full-time workers		.13	l	1	
Part-time workers	.34	.42	Industry	!	1
Unemployed 15 weeks and over	.07	.09		ļ	!
	1	<u>'</u>	Nonagricultural private wage and salary	ł	
Occupation	!	!	workers	1	.15
Occupation	1	! :	Mining	1.47	1.68
	į	!	Construction	.71	.81
Executive, administrative, and managerial	.25	.28	Manufacturing	.28	.31
Professional specialty		.23	Durable goods	.35	.39
Technicians and related support		55	Nondurable goods	.44	.50
Sales	1	.35	Transportation, communications, and		
Administrative support, including clerical	.26	.29	public utilities	43	.48
Private household		1.45	Wholesale and retail trade		.31
Protective service	.80	.90	Finance and services		.24
	.60	50	Government workers		i .28
Service, except private household and	!				1.50
protective	.41	.46	Agricultural wage and salary workers	1.29	1.50

previous month. Linear interpolation in the second column of table D shows that the standard error on an estimate of 12,000,000 is about 159,000. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 11,841,000 to 12,159,000. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Recall that the standard error of a month-to-month change is primarily dependent on the size of the monthly estimate. Thus, using linear interpolation in the first column of table E, the standard error on a month-to-month change of 400,000, when the monthly level is approximately 12,000,000, is about 118,000.

Standard errors for rates and percentages. The reliability of an estimated unemployment rate or an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the rate or percentage and the total upon which the rate or percentage is based. Estimated rates and percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerator of the rates or percentages; this is particularly true for percentages of 50 percent or more. As a general rule, percentages are not published when the monthly base is less than 75,000, the quarterly average base is less than 60,000, or the annual average base is less than 35,000.

Tables F and G show generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for unemployment rates. Generalized standard errors for estimated monthly percentages and estimated month-tomonth change in percentages can be obtained through the use of the standard errors in table H and the factors in table I. First obtain the standard error from table H for the specific percentage and base. The generalized standard error is then calculated by multiplying the standard error from table H by the appropriate factor from table I. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the factor indicated by the numerator of the percentage.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month 3.6 percent of a total of 90,771,000 employed persons are employed in agriculture. The standard error on an estimate of 3.6 percent with a base of 90,771,000 is obtained from table H (0.09 percent). The appropriate factor from table I for the numerator of the percentage, agricultural employment, is 1.26. The generalized standard error on the estimated 3.6 percent is then approximately $0.09 \times 1.26 = 0.1$ percentage point.

Standard errors for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. The approximate standard errors of levels, rates, and percentages involving year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages may be obtained by using table J in conjunction with the other tables. Standard errors for estimates of change are more closely related to the level of the estimate than to the size of the specific change. Thus, to obtain the standard error of an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, or an estimate of a change in level, rate, or percentage, it is first necessary to find the appropriate estimate of level. For an estimate

of an average level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of this estimate. For an estimate of change in level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of the average of the two estimates affecting the change. Then, after computing the standard error by treating these estimates as monthly estimates and using the procedures above, multiply this result by a suitable factor from table J to obtain the approximate standard error for the average or change.

Illustration. Suppose that one is interested in the year-to-year change of a monthly unemployment rate. Assume that for a certain month the unemployment rate is 6.9 percent, based on a total of 95,676,000 in the civilian labor force, and that a year prior to this the unemployment rate was 6.1 percent, based on a total of 94,254,000 in the civilian labor force for the month. First the standard error on the average of the two estimates, 6.5 percent with a base of 94,965,000, is obtained from table F (0.12 percentage point). The appropriate factor, then, from table J is 1.40. The approximate standard error on the change of 0.8 percent is then given by $0.12 \times 1.40 = 0.17$ percentage point.

The approximate standard error of levels involving year-to-year change of quarterly estimates pertaining to CPS earnings data for persons and families may be obtained by using table K in conjunction with the following formula:

Where x is the estimate for one quarter and Y is the estimate for another quarter. The coefficient, P, is a measure of the correlation between the estimates X and Y resulting from the presence of some of the same respondents in the sample for each estimate. For consecutive year-to-year changes of quarterly estimates, the values of P are .30 for persons (total, white, and black) and .35 for families (total, white, and black). The respective values for estimates of Hispanics are .45 and .55.

Illustration. Assume that in a given quarter the number of women employed as full-time wage and salary workers was 27,000,000 and in the same quarter a year later, their number had increased to 29,000,000. Using linear interpolation in the eighth column of table K, the standard error of an estimate of 27,000,000 is 216,000; for 29,000,000 it is 221,000. Using the above formula, the standard error of the 2,000,000, year-to-year change is:

$$\sqrt{(216,000)^2 + (221,000)^2 - 2(.30)(216,000)(221,000)}$$
, or about 259,000.

Table D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly level

(In thousands)

				(Characteristic	1			
		Labor force	data other ti	nan unemploy	ment and agr	icultural empl	oyment data	Unemployment	
Estimated monthly level	Agricultural employment	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white men only, or women only	Black men only, or women only	Total or white	Black
50	14	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	11
100	19	15	15	15	15	14	14	15	16
500	43	34	34	33	29	32	31	33	35
1,000	61	48	47	46	33	45	42	47	49
2,000	85	68	64	63	-	63	55	66	67
4,000	120	95	84	80	_	87	66	93	88
6,000	146	116	94	86	_	105	58	113	99
8,000	_	133	97	83	ļ <u>-</u>	120	23	129	-
10,000	_	147	94	70	_	132	- !	143	_
15.000	_	177	50	_	-	155	-	172	-
20,000	_	201	! _	i -	_	170	_	195	_
30,000	_	236	; <u> </u>	-	_	188	-	-	-
40,000	_ '	261	-	-	-	189	- 1	_	_
50,000	_	278	· -	_	-	175	-	-	-
60,000		288	¦ -	-	-	141	_	_	_
70,000		293	_	-		61	_	_	_
80,000	_ '	293	_	-	-	_	1	_	_
100,000	_	273	_	i -	_	_	-		_
120,000	-	231	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

¹ When determining the standard error of an estimate for a group which is a subset of the age, sex, or race groups listed, use the standard error for the next larger group, e.g., when determining the standard error

on the estimated number of employed persons age 20 to 54 years, use the column for total employed.

Table E. Standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change

(In thousands)

				Charac	cteristic1						
E-th-old control to the	Labor force da		unemployment a ment data	nd agricultural		Unemployment					
00	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white	Both sexes 16 to 19 years, or part-time labor force ²	Black	Black, 16 to 19 years			
50	8	8	13	13	12	13	12	12			
100	11	11	18	18	16	18	17	18			
		25	39	34	37	40	38	35			
		35	54	36	51	54	52	37			
2.000		47	72	-	72	70	69	_			
		62	88	_	99	78	85	-			
		70	88	_	118	60	87	_			
		73	71	-	132		-	_			
		71	· -	_	143	! - [-	_			
15.000		42	- [-	160	-	_	-			
	148	-	i - 1	_	165	l -	-	-			
	174	_	1 - 1	_	-	-	_	_			
40,000		-	-	_	_	-	-	_			
50.000	1	-	<u>-</u>	_	-	- 1	_	_			
60,000		-	- (_	-	-	-	_			
70,000		-	_	_	_	-	_	_			
80,000		_	- 1	-	_	-	_	-			
100,000	193	_	1 - 1	-	-	j <u> </u>	_	_			
120,000	153	_	_	_	_	-	_	_			
120,000	155	_	-	_	-	-	=	-			

reentering the labor force, persons who left their last job, and persons by duration of unemployment.

Table F. Standard errors for unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate (In	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)											
thousands)	1	2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50		
50	2.09	2.94	4.57	6.28	7.46	8.34	9.01	9.05	9.87	10.21		
100	1.48	2.08	3.23	4.44	5.28	5.90	6.37	6.73	6.98	7.22		
500	.66	.93	1.45	1.99	2.36	2.64	2.85	3.01	3.12	3.27		
1,000	.47	.66	1.02	1.40	1.67	1.87	2.01	2.13	2.21	2.28		
2,000	.33	.46	.72	.99	1.18	1.32	1.42	1.50	1.56	1.61		
4,000	.23	.33	.51	.70	.83	.93	1.01	1.06	1.10	1.14		
3,000	.19	.27	.42	.57	.68	.76	.82	.87	.90	.93		
10,000	.15	.21	.32	.44	.53	.59	.64	.67	.70	.72		
20,000	.10	.15	.23	.31	.37	.42	.45	.47	.49	.51		
50,000	.06	.08	.13	.18	.21	.24	.26	.27	.27	.29		
100,000	.05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.20	.21	.22	.22		

Table G. Standard errors for month-to-month change in unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate (In		Monthly unemployment rate (percent)								
thousands)	1	2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50
50	2.32	3.28	5.14	7.18	8.69	9.90	10.93	11.81	12.58	14.4
	1.64	2.32	3.64	5.08	6.14	7.00	7.12	8.35	8.89	10.17
00	.73	1.04	1.63	2.27	2.74	3.13	3.45	3.73	3.97	4.5
,000	.52	.73	1.15	1.60	1.94	2,21	2.44	2.63	2.80	3.1
,000	.37	.52	.81	1.13	1.37	1.56	1.72	1.85	1.97	2.2
,000	.26	.37	.57	.80	.96	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.38	1.5
,000	.21	.30	.47	.65	.78	.89	.98	1.05	1.11	_
0,000	.16	.23	.36	.50	.60	.68	.75	.80	-	_
0,000	.12	.16	.25	.35	.42	.47	.51	.54	_	_
0,000	.07	.09	.14	.19	.22	.23	.24		_	_
00.000	.05	.07	.11	.14	.15	.15	-	_	_	

See footnote 1, table D.
Part-time labor force for unemployment also includes persons

Table H. Standard errors for estimated percentages and month-to-month change in percentages for labor force data

Monthly base of percentages	Percentage of monthly level									
(in thousands)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	20 or 80	25 or 75	30 or 70	35 or 65	50
50	2.14	3.01	4.69	6.46	7.68	8.61	9.32	9.86	10.27	10.76
100	1.51	2.13	3.32	4.57	5.43	6.09	6.59	6.97	7.26	7.61
500	.68	.95	1.48	2.04	2.43	2.72	2.95	3.12	3.25	3.40
1,000	.48	.67	1.05	1.44	1.72	1.92	2.08	2.21	2.30	2.41
2,000	.34	.48	.74	1.02	1.22	1.36	1.47	1.56	1.62	1.70
4,000	.24	.34	.52	.72	.86	.96	1.04	1.10	1.15	1.20
6,000	.20	.28	.43	.59	.70	.79	.85	.90	.94	.98
10,000	.15	.21	.33	.46	.54	.61	.66	.70	• .73	.76
20,000	.11	.15	.23	.32	.38	.43	.47	.49	.51	.54
40,000	.08	.11	.17	.23	.27	.30	.33	.35	.36	.38
60,000	.06	.09	.14	.19	.22	.25	.27	.28	.30	.31
80,000	.05	.08	.12	.16	.19	.22	.23	.25	.26	.27
100,000	.05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.21	.22	.23	.24
160,000	.04	.05	.08	.11	.13	.15	.16	.17	.18	.19

NOTE: The standard errors in this table must be multiplied by the factors in table I to obtain the approximate standard error for a specific characteristic.

Table I. Factors to be used with Table H to compute approximate standard errors for percentages and month-to-month change in percentages

	Fac	ctor		Factor		
Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	
Agricultural employment:			Unemployment:			
Total or full-time labor force	1.26	1.05	Part-time labor force, duration of			
Part-time labor force	1.26	1.50	unemployment, left fast job,			
Labor force data other than agricultural			reentening labor force	1.01	1.21	
employment and unemployment data:		}	All other unemployment characteristics:			
Total	1.00	.74	Total or white:			
Men only	.93	.84	Total	.97	1.08	
Women only	.86	.75	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.97	1.21	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1.00	1.18	Black:			
Part-time labor force	1.00	1.18	Total	1.04	1.13	
			Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1.04	1.24	

Table J. Factors to be used with Tables, D, F, H, and I to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages and change in yearly averages,

	Factor							
Characteristic	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearty averages			
Agricultural employment:								
Total or men	1.30	0.89	0.80	0.72	0.70			
Women or teenagers (16 to 19 years) Part time	1.30	.83	.80	.58	.70			
Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment data:	1.40	.74	.80	.46	.70			
Total or whiteBlack or teenagers	1.30	.88	.88	.67	.70			
(16 to 19 years)	1.30	.82	.88	.57	.70			
Part time	1.40	.74	.88	.46	.60			
Unemployment:								
Total	1.40 1.40	.76 .69	.88 .88	.50 .39	.65 .54			

Table K. Standard errors for estimates of quarterly level, to be used with CPS earnings data

(In thousands)

					Characteristic	;			
		Total			Men				nen
Estimated quarterly level	Part-time	Total or full-time workers		Part-time	Total or full-time workers			Total, full-time, or part-time workers	
	workers	Total or white	Black	workers	Total	White	Black	Total or white	Black
)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
O	11	12	12	11	12	12	12	11	11
5	13	15	15	13	15	15	15	13	13
00	15	17	17	15	17	17	17	15	15
50	19	21	21	19	21	21	21	19	19
00	22	24	24	22	24	24	24	22	21
50	24	27	27	24	27	27	27	24	24
00	26	30	30	26	30	30	29	26	26
00	34	38	38	34	38	38	37	34	33
50	42	47	46	42	47	47	45	42	41
000	48	54	53	48	54	54	50	48	48
500	59	66	63	59	66	66	59	59	56
000	68	76	72	68	76	76	65	68	63
500	76	85	79	75	84	84	69	75	69
000	83	93	85	82	92	92	71	82	74
000	107	119	100	105	117	116	64	105	85
500	130	145	107	127	140	138	-	127	_
),000	149	165	102	144	157	155	_	145	_
5,000	180	198	- !	187	183	179	_	173	_
),000	205	224	- 1	192	199	193	_	195	_
5,000	226	244	-	207	209	199	-	211	_
,000	224	261	-	219	212	198	-	224	_
0,000	273	286	-	236	201	174	-	242	_
),000	296	301	- 1	-	_	-	~	-	_
5,000	331	304	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
00,000	343	255	_	_	_	_ !	_	1 _	_

Establishment Data (Tables B-1 through C-8)

COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, and earnings in nonagricultural establishments, by industry and geographic location. Historical statistics are published in *Employment*, Hours, and Earnings, United States, 1909-84, and Employment Hours and Earnings, States and Areas, 1939-82 and their annual supplements.

Federal-State cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements, responding establishments report employment, hours, and earnings data to State agencies. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the reported data to prepare State and area series and also send the reported data to the BLS (Washington Office) for use in preparing the national series. This avoids a duplicate reporting burden on establishments, and together with the use of similar estimating techniques at the national and State levels, promotes increased comparability between estimates.

Shuttle schedules

Form BLS 790—Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours is the name of the data collection schedule. The collection agency returns the schedule to the respondent each month so that the next month's data can be entered on the space alotted for that month. This "shuttle" procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures that have been reported for previous months.

Form BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the total number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments and, for most industries, employment, payroll, and hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month.

CONCEPTS

Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation and for States and areas are classified in accordance with the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SICM), Office of Management and Budget. The BLS tabulates and estimates statistics which distinguish between private and public establishments, thus maintaining continuity with previously published statistics for the private and government sector.

Industry employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency are also excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing' and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's

own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operation.

Construction workers include the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. "Fringe benefits" (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours cover the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours covers hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average hourly and weekly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average weekly earnings estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-term trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, parttime work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Table L. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size, or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)
	Month	ly data
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample estab- lishments which reported for both months.	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees	All-employees estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees. ²	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.
Average weekly hours	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. ²	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours	Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers.²	Average, weighted by production worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.
Average hourly earnings	Total production or nonsupervisory worker payrol divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours.2	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	Annual av	erage data
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate hours (production or non- supervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or non- supervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average weekly overtime hours	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate hours.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

¹ The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

² The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly earnings are modified by

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, ovetime premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours.

Railroads hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Real earnings, or earnings in constant dollars, are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

Average hourly earnings excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings excluding overtime premium pay are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. Prior to January 1956, these data were based on the application of adjustment factors to average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Review, May 1950, pp. 537-40). Both methods eliminate only the earnings due to overtime paid for at 1½ times the straight-time rates. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1977. For basic industries, the hour aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hour aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Indexes of diffusion of changes in number of employers on nonagricultural payrolls. These indexes measure the percent of industries which posted increases in employment over the specified time span. The indexes are calculated from 185 seasonally adjusted employment series (two-digit nonmanufacturing industries and three-digit manufacturing industries) covering all nonagricultural payroll employment in the private sector. A more detailed discussion of these indexes appears in "Introduction of Diffusion Indexes," in the December 1974 issue of Employment and Earnings.

ESTIMATING METHODS

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the establishment statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique which is a form of ratio estimation; (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks; and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

The "link relative" technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a "link relative." The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these "link relatives." In addition, bias correction factors are applied to selected employment estimates each month. The size of the bias correction factors is determined from past benchmark comparisons. Beginning with data for April 1983, these factors are modified by changes in the sample link relatives for the most recent quarter. Other features of the general procedures are described in table L.

Size and regional stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified production or nonsupervisory worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods in table L, may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

Benchmark adjustments

Employment estimates are compared periodically with benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) for the various nonagricultural industries and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1983 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary sources of benchmark information are employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by States agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations cover about 98 percent of employees on nonagricultural payrolls in the United States. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates for the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necesary, the monthly series of estimates between benchmark periods are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment; the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level. A comparision of the actual amounts of revisions made at the time of the March 1983 benchmark adjustment is shown in table M.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are subject to revision. Revised data are published as soon as possible after each benchmark revision.

THE SAMPLE

Design

The sampling plan used in the Current Employment Statistics program is known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This design is an optimum allocation design among strata since the sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost

Table M. Comparison of nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates for March 1983

Total	88,172,000	(')
Construction 3,4 Manufacturing 17,9 Transportation and public utilities 4,9 Wholesale trade 5,1 Retail trade 14,9 Finance, insurance, and real estate 5,3 Services 19,2	145,000 996,000 169,000 3,453,000 156,000 18,166,000 123,000 4,913,000 56,000 5,145,000 114,610,000 14,610,000 19,279,000 16,051,000 16,051,000	-1.2 .2 .2 1.1 (')

Less than 0.05 percent.

considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in relatively few establishments, a large percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments and also for a substantial number of the small ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to design samples for these industries with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than do establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS Current Employment Statistics program, with its emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after the reference period, and, at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail.

Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table N shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Reliability of the employment estimates

Although the relatively large size of the BLS establishment sample assures a high degree of accuracy, the estimates derived from it may differ from the figures that would be obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures. As discussed under the previous section, a "link relative" technique is used to estimate employment. This requires the use of the previous month's estimate as

Table N. Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1983'

	Number	Employees		
Industry	of estab- lishments in sample	Number reported	Percent of total	
Total	195,100	35,141,000	40	
Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and public	19,100	324,000 667,000 9,951,000	19	
utilities: Railroad transportation (ICC) Other transportation and	30	341,000	93	
public utilities:	16,800	2,353,000 820,000	52 16	
Retail trade	30,800	2,660,000		
real estate	13,400 33,100	2,040,000 4,291,000	38 22	
Federal ² State	4,800 3,700	2,731,000 3,051,000	100 81	
Local	12,900	5,912,000	61	

^{&#}x27; Since a few establishments do not report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

the base in computing the current month's estimate. Thus, small sampling and response errors may cumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the estimates are usually adjusted annually to new benchmarks. In addition to taking account of sampling and response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks). In fact, at the more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjustments. Another cause of differences arises from improvements in the quality of the benchmark data. Table O presents the average percent revisions of the five most recent benchmarks for major industry divisions. Detailed descriptions of individual benchmark revisions are available from the Bureau upon request.

The hours and earnings estimates for basic estimating cells are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. The hours and earnings estimates, however, are subject to sampling errors which may be expressed as relative errors of the estimates. (A relative error is a standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate.) Relative errors for major industries are presented in table O and for individual industries with the specified number of employees in table P. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the hours and earnings estimates from the sample would differ by a

smaller percentage than the relative error from the averages that would have been obtained from a complete census.

One measure of the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-mean-square error (RMSE). The measure is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in estimates:

$$RMSE = \sqrt{(Standard Deviation)^2 + (Bias)^2}$$

If the bias is small, the chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the samle would differ from its benchmark by less than the root-mean-square error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the root-mean-square error.

Approximations of the root-mean-square errors (based on the most recent benchmark revisions) of differences between final estimates and benchmarks are presented in table P.

For the two most recent months, estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary and are so footnoted in the tables. These figures are based on less than the total sample and are revised when all the reports in the sample have been received. Table Q presents root-mean-square errors of the amounts of revisions that may be expected between the preliminary and final levels of employment and preliminary and final month-to-month changes. Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings.

STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, and earnings data

Table O. Average benchmark revision in employment estimates and relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings by industry

(In	norcont'
(III)	percent

	Average bench-	Relative errors ²		
Industry	mark revi- sion in estimates of employ- ment ¹	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	
Total	0.2	-	_	
Total private		0.1	0.2	
Mining		1.0	1.3	
Construction		.2	.5	
Manufacturing	.5	.1	.2	
Durable goods		.1	.3	
Nondurable goods	.4	.1	.2	
Transportation and public utilities,	.4	.7	.6	
Wholesale trade	.3	.2	.4	
Retail trade		.2	.4	
Finance, insurance, and real estate.	.2	.2	.4	
Services	.4	.4	.6	
Government ^a	.7	-	-	

¹The average percent revision in employment for the 1979-83 benchmarks.

National estimates of Federal employment by agency are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 4,800 reports covering about 64 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

² Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

³ Estimates for government are based on a total count for Federal Government provided by the Office of Personnel Management and a sample of State and local government reports.

Table **P. Rect**-mean-square errors of differences between benchmarks and estimates of employment and average relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings

	Root- mean-	Relative errors ² (in percent)		
Size of employment estimate	square error of employ- ment esti- mates ¹	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	
50,000	2,100	2.2	4.0	
	3,900	1.3	2.3	
	5,600	1.1	2.0	
	14,000	.9	1.6	
1,000,000	15,000	.8	1.2	
2,000,000	26,000	.5	.9	

¹ Assuming 12-month intervals between benchmark revisions.

are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with BLS. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of

Table Q. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

	Root-mean-se	quare error of-
Industry	Monthly level	Month-to-month change
Total nonagricultural		
employment	114,600	105.000
Goods-producing	39,600	34,300
Mining	5,500	5,100
Construction	22,000	18,200
Manufacturing Durable two-digit	29,000	28,500
industries Nondurable two-digit	5,400	5,200
industries	3,900	3,900
Service-producing	93,600	91,500
Transportation and public	13,400	
utilities		14,000
Wholesale trade	9,000	8,300
Retail trade	42,600	30,100
real estate	9.300	8,200
Services	34,500	28,000
Government	71,300	62,800

NOTE: Data at the division level are based on differences from January 1978 through December 1983. Two-digit industry data are based on differences from January 1982 through December 1983

differing industrial and geographic stratification.

For the States and the areas shown in the B and C sections of this periodical, all the annual average data for the detailed industry statistics currently published by each cooperating State agency are presented in a summary volume published annually by the BLS.

Productivity Data (Tables C-9 through C-11)

COLLECTION

Productivity data are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from establishment data and from estimates of compensation and gross national product supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Federal Reserve Board.

CONCEPTS

Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments refer to hours paid for all employees—production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers.

Output is the constant-dollar market value of final goods and services produced in a given period. Indexes of output per hour of all persons measure changes in the volume of goods and services produced per paid hour of labor input.

Compensation per hour includes wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. The data also in-

clude an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplementary payments for the self-employed, except for nonfinancial corporations, in which there are no self-employed.

Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour adjusted to elimate the effect of changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Unit labor costs measure the labor compensation cost required to produce one unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation per hour by output per hour.

Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from the current-dollar gross national product and dividing by output. In these tables, unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustments per unit of output.

The *implicit price deflator* is derived by dividing the current-dollar estimate of gross product by the

Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

constant-dollar estimate, making the deflator, in effect, a price index for gross product of the sector reported.

NOTES ON THE DATA

For the business sector and the nonfarm business sector, these indexes relate to the gross domestic product less household and institutions, owner-occupied housing, and statistical discrepancy. For the nonfinancial corporate sector, the indexes refer to the gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.

Manufacturing output data are supplied by the

Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Federal Reserve Board. Quarterly measures have been adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to annual estimates of output (gross product originating) from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Compensation and hours data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Historical statistics for most productivity measures appear in *Trends in Multifactor Productivity*, 1948-81, BLS Bulletin 2178. Additional information may be obtained from the Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523-9261).

State and Area Labor Force Data (D table)

FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which are derived from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis of determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act and the Public Works and Economic Development Act.

Annual average data for the States and areas shown in table D are published in *Employment and Earnings* (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

Labor force and unemployment estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The report "Employment and Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available on microfiche only on a subscription basis.

ESTIMATING METHODS

The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates in 10 large States: New York, California, Illinois, Ohio, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Texas, Massachusetts, and Florida; and two areas: Los Angeles—Long Beach metropolitan area and New York City, are sufficiently reliable to be used directly from the CPS. For a description of the CPS concepts see "Household Data," above.

Monthly labor force and unemployment estimates in the remaining 40 States, District of Columbia, and 253 labor market areas are prepared in several stages. The civilian labor force is the sum of the employment and unemployment levels, which are estimated in accordance with the BLS Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

- 1. Preliminary estimate—employment: The total civilian employment estimate is based on data from the survey of establishments which produces an estimate of payroll employment. This place-of-work estimate must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed for the several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships which existed at the time of the 1970 decennial census. These factors are applied to the payroll employment estimates for the current period to obtained adjusted employment estimates, to which are added estimates for employment not cover by UI.
- 2. Preliminary estimate—unemployment: In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three building block categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State unemployment insurance (UI) laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation. This is referred to below as the UI- based estimate.

An estimate for those previously employed in covered industries is derived from a count of current employment insurance claimants, plus estimates of claimants whose benefits have been exhausted, those persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons (because they quit, were discharged for cause,

etc., but would otherwise have been eligible), and person who either filed claims late or not at all.

The estimate of those previously employed in industries not covered by UI is derived by applying to the employment estimate for each noncovered industry or class of worker subgroup in the State, the ratio of covered unemployment to covered employment weighted by factors reflecting national historical relationships.

For the third category, new entrants and reentrants into the labor force, a composite estimate is developed from equations that relate the total entrants into the labor force to the experienced unemployed and the experienced labor force. For each month, the estimate of entrants into the labor force is a function of: (a) the month of the year; (b) the level of the experienced unemployed; (c) the level of the experienced labor force; and (d) the proportion of the working age population that is considered "youth." The composite estimate of total entrants is defined as:

U = A (X + E) + BX, where

U = total entrant unemployment

E = total civilian employment

X = total experienced unemployment

A,B = synthetic factors incorporating seasonal variation and an assumed relationship between the proportion of youths in the working population and the historical relationship of entrants to the experienced unemployed (B factor) or the experienced labor force (A factor).

3. Correction factors for employment and unemployment are then applied at the State level of the UI-based estimates obtained above for each of the 40 States and the District of Columbia. These correction factors are based on the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based estimates for the 6-month period ending in the current month (e.g. a 6-month moving average).

- 4. Substate adjustment for additivity. Independent estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State (obtained directly from the CPS in the I0 large States or by the UI-based method in the remaining States), and labor market areas (LMA's) within the State). The total of the geographic areas in the LMA's exhausts the geographic boundaries of the State. A proportional adjustment is applied to all sub-state LMA estimates to ensure that the sub-state estimates of employment and unemployment add to the independent State totals. In California and New York, which also have sub-state areas taken directly from the CPS, the additivity adjustment for the reamining areas is applied to the State total minus the direct CPS area.
- 5. Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year monthly estimates prepared by the State employment security agencies using UI-based estimating procedures are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLS to the annual average CPS estimates for the 40 States and the District of Columbia for which monthly CPS estimates are not available. This adjustment is necessary because the State-prepared estimates are not as reliable as the CPS annual averages due to differences in the State UI laws, the structual limitations of the UI-based estimating method, and errors in the UI data.

The benchmarked estimates are produced in three stages. First, the monthly UI-based estimates are adjusted by the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based annual averages. Second, the difference between the ratio of annual averages for two consecutive years is wedged into the monthly estimates in order to minimize the disturbance to the original series. Finally, the third stage estimates are forced into agreement with CPS annual averages. In the 10 States which use CPS estimates monthly, no benchmark correction is required, as the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal CPS annual averages.

Seasonal Adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating

changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published regularly in *Employment and Earnings*.

The seasonal adjustment program used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving

average method. It provides for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in *The X-11 Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program*, Technical Paper No. 15, Bureau of the Census (1967).

Beginning in January 1980, BLS introduced two major modifications in the seasonal adjustment methodology for data from the household survey. First, the data are being seasonally adjusted with a new procedure called X-11 ARIMA, which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the existing standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method, by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue NO. 12-564E, February 1980. The X-11 procedure was originally developed at the Bureau of the Census and had been used by the BLS to seasonally adjusted labor force series since 1973. Tests have shown that use of the X-11 ARIMA procedure, which places more emphasis on recent data, provides better seasonal adjustments than does the X-11 method alone.

The second change is that seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the first 6 months of the year rather than for the entire year. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* a set of seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components-agricultural employment. nonagricultural employment, and unemployment-data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is the sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components, plus the resident Armed Forces total (not adjusted for seasonality), and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components; the total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components; and the overall unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

Revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December

1983, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment rate for the first 6 months of 1984, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment methodology are published in the January 1984 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Revised seasonally adjusted data covering the 1979-83 revision period for a broad range of labor force series appear in the February 1984 issue of this publication. Many additional series, which are either components or aggregates of the series presented, are published in *Supplement to Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey: A Databook*, Volume II, Bulletin 2096-1, May 1984.

Beginning in July 1980, the BLS also uses the X-11 ARIMA methodology in seasonally adjusting the establishment data, which previously had been computed using the BLS Seasonal Factor Method. All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors used in calculating the current year's estimates are based on actual data through March 1984 and projected data through March 1985. The ARIMA model options for projecting the data series for 1 year ahead have been used in seasonally adjusting the establishment series since June 1981.

Seasonal adjustment factors are directly applied to the component levels. Seasonally adjusted totals for most of these series are then obtained by taking a weighted average of the seasonally adjusted data for the component series. Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours.

Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1977 base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, wholesale trade, retail trade, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods industries, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1977 base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series

Beginning in June 1983, seasonal adjustment factors

for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjusted data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. In earlier years the number of these workers was substantial, and at times varied greatly from year to year, based on administrative decisions of the Postal Service. Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the unadjusted data upon which the seasonal adjustment factors were based. In the past several years, the number of these workers has decreased to the point where their

presence has no impact on seasonal adjustment. Temporary census takers for the 1980 decennial census are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment.

The revised seasonally adjusted series for the establishment data reflect experience through March 1984. Seasonal adjustment factors to be used for current adjustment appear in the June 1984 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.