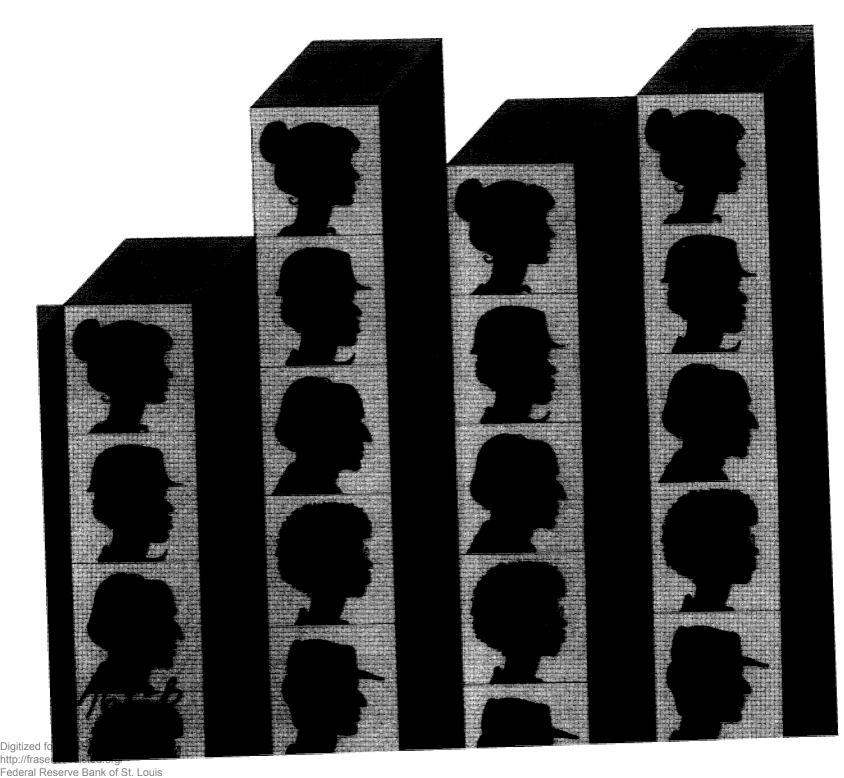




EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

September 1985





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

William E. Brock, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS
Janet L. Norwood, Commissioner

Employment and Earnings is prepared by the Division of Data Development and Users' Services and the Division of Monthly Industry Employment Statistics in collaboration with the Division of Special Publications. The data are collected by the Bureau of the Census (Department of Commerce) and State employment security agencies, in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics. A brief description of the cooperative statistical programs of the BLS with these agencies is presented in the Explanatory Notes. The State agencies are listed on the inside back cover.

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Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in *Employment and Earnings* special features appear in most of the issues as shown below:

Household data

Annual averages Jan.
Union affiliation Jan.
Revised seasonally adjusted series Jan., Feb.

Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data, persons not in labor force, persons of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans, family relationship data

Jan., Apr., July, Oct.

Establishment data

National annual averages:

Industry divisions (preliminary)

Jan.

Industry detail (final) Mar.

Women employees (final) Mar.

National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and

new seasonal factors

June¹

Revised historical national data Supplement²

State and area annual averages May

Area definitions May

State and area labor force data

Annual averages May

¹ Issue varies. Latest revised data introduced June 1985.

² Month of publication varies. The latest supplement was published in June 1985.

Employment and Earnings

Vol. 32 No. 9 September 1985

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Rosalie K. Epstein

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Employment and Unemployment Developments, August 1985

Employment rose in August and unemployment declined. The overall unemployment rate fell from 7.2 to 6.9 percent, and the rate for civilian workers dropped from 7.3 to 7.0 percent. Both measures had been unchanged since February.

Civilian employment—as measured by the monthly survey of households—rose by 310,000 in August to 107.2 million. The number of nonagricultural payroll jobs—as measured by the monthly survey of establishments—was up by 290,000 to 98.0 million.

Unemployment

The number of unemployed persons decreased by about 325,000 to 8.1 million in August, and the civilian worker unemployment rate fell to 7.0 percent, the lowest level since April 1980. (See table A-33.)

Jobless rates declined for teenagers (to 17.3 percent) and adult men (to 6.0 percent) in August; most of the latter improvement took place among 20-24 year-olds. The rate for adult women, at 6.7 percent, has shown little change since January. Whites, blacks, and Hispanics all shared in the August decline. The rate for black teenagers, which is quite volatile, dipped to 34.4 percent in August. (See tables A-33 and A-34.)

The over-the-month decline in unemployment took place among persons who had lost their last job and those who were new entrants to the labor force. Following an increase in the prior month, short-term joblessness (less than 5 weeks) declined in August. Both measures of average duration of unemployment (the mean and median) changed little over the month. (See tables A-40 and A-41.)

The civilian labor force and employment

The civilian labor force was 115.3 million in August, after seasonal adjustment, unchanged from July. Over the past year, the labor force has increased by 1.6 million, with adult women accounting for 1.2 million of the gain and adult men for 500,000.

Civilian employment rose by 310,000 in August to 107.2 million. Following declines in the April-June period, employment advanced in both July and August, returning to about the March level. This increase brought the employment-population ratio to 60.1 percent, close to the highest on record (60.3 percent in March).

Industry payroll employment

The number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls rose by 290,000 in August, after allowing for normal seasonal movements. Job growth took place in nearly 60 percent of the industries in the BLS index of diffusion. (See tables B-4 and B-7.)

Continued strong growth in service-producing employment was paced by the services industry, which rose by 150,000 over the month. Increases also occurred in wholesale and retail trade and finance, insurance, and real estate. A small employment decline in the transportation portion of the transportation and public utilities industry resulted from a since-settled labor dispute.

In the goods-producing sector, construction employment continued to rise, mining declined slightly, and factory jobs held about steady. Within manufacturing, there was a strong job gain in the transportation equipment industry (35,000), especially in motor vehicles and aircraft. In autos, however, the more scattered timing in production of 1986 model cars reduced the extent of usual August plant shutdowns for retooling, resulting in a seasonally adjusted employment increase. Elsewhere in durable goods, movements were generally small except for the steel industry, where there was a decline due to a strike. Among nondurable goods industries, there were small gains in rubber and printing and publishing, while a drop in apparel employment reversed an increase in the prior month.

Weekly hours

The average workweek of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls was 35.1 hours in August, squarely in the middle of the 35.0-35.2 band it has fluctuated within since last fall. The manufacturing workweek rose 0.2 hour, and factory overtime edged up 0.1 hour. (See table C-5.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls rose 0.7 percent in August to 116.7 (1977 = 100), seasonally adjusted, as both employment and hours rose. With a 0.8-percent rise, the manufacturing index was slightly higher than the levels prevailing in the summer, though still below those recorded throughout 1984 and early this year. (See table C-6.)

Hourly and weekly earnings

After adjustment for seasonality, average hourly

earnings in August rose 0.4 percent, and average weekly earnings were up 0.6 percent. On an unadjusted basis, hourly earnings were unchanged over the month, and weekly earnings rose by 86 cents. Over the past year, hourly earnings have risen 24 cents, while weekly earnings have gone up \$7.67. (See tables C-1 and C-7.)

The Hourly Earnings Index

The Hourly Earnings Index (HEI) was 165.5

(1977 = 100) in August, seasonally adjusted, essentially unchanged from July. For the 12 months ended in August, the increase was 2.9 percent. The HEI excludes the effects of two types of changes unrelated to underlying wage rate movements—fluctuations in manufacturing overtime and interindustry employment shifts. In dollars of constant purchasing power, the HEI decreased 1.0 percent during the 12-month period ended in July. (See table C-7.)

	Scheduled I	Release Dates										
Employment and unemployment data are scheduled for initial release of the following dates:												
Reference month	Release date	Reference month	Release date									
September	October 4	December	January 8									
October	November 4	January	February 7									
November	December 6	February	March 7									
ŧ]										

HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

						Labor 1	orce				
Year	Noninsti-					Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not in
and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilia	1		Percent of	labor force
			population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force	
		.			A	nnual ave	rages		J		
	106,764	64,160	60.1	62,104	2,143	59,961	6,726	53,235	2,055	3.2	42,604
1952	107,617	64,524	60.0	62,636	2,386	60,250	6,500	53,749	1,883	2.9	43,093
1953¹	109,287	65,246	59.7	63,410	2,231	61,179	6,260	54,919	1,834	2.8	44,04
954	110,463	65,785	59.6	62,251	2,142	60,109	6,205	53,904	3,532	5.4	44,67
1955	111,747	67,087	60.0	64,234	2,064	62,170	6,450	55,722	2,852	4.3	44,66
1956	112,919	68,517	60.7	65,764	1,965	63,799	6,283	57,514	2,750	4.0	44,40
1957 1958	114,213 115,574	68,877 69,486	80.3 60.1	66,019 64,883	1,948 1,847	64,071 63,036	5,947 5,586	58,123 57,450	2,859 4,602	4.2 6.6	45,33
1959	117,117	70,157	59.9	66,418	1,788	64,630	5,565	59,065	3,740	5.3	46,96
1960¹	119,106	71.489	60.0	67,639	1,861	65,778	5,458	60,318	3,852	5.4	47,61
1961	120,671	72,359	60.0	67,646	1,900	65,746	5,200	60,546	4,714	6.5	48,31
1962'	122,214	72,675	59.5	68,763	2,061	66,702	4,944	61,759	3,911	5.4	49,53
1963	124,422	73,839	59.3	89,768	2,006	67,762	4,687	63,076	4,070	5.5	50,58
1964	126,503	75,109	59.4	71,323	2,018	69,305	4,523	64,782	3,786	5.0	51,39
1965	128,459	76,401	59.5	73,034	1,946	71,088	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.4	52,05
1966	130,180	77,892	59.8	75,017	2,122	72,895	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.7	52,28
1967	132,092	79,565	60.2	76,590	2,218	74,372	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.7	52,52
1968		80,990	60.3	78,173	2,253	75,920	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.5	53,29
1969	136,573	82,972	60.8	80,140	2,238	77,902	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.4	53,60
1970		84,889	61.0	80,796	2,118	78,678	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.8	54,31
1971		86,355	60.7	81,340	1,973	79,367	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.8	55,83
1972¹		88,847	60.9	83,966	1,813	82,153	3,484	78,669	4,882	5.5	57,09
1973¹		91,203	61.3	86,838	1,774	85,064	3,470	81,594	4,365	4.8	57,66
1974	1 .	93,670	61.7	88,515	1,721	86,794	3,515	83,279	5,156	5.5	58,17
1975		95,453	61.6	87,524	1,678	85,846	3,408	82,438	7,929	8.3	59,37
1976 1977		97,826	62.0 62.6	90,420	1,668	88,752 92,017	3,331	85,421	7,406	7.6 6.9	59,99
1978¹		100,883	63.5	97,679	1,656 1,631	96,048	3,283 3,387	88,734 92,661	6,991 6,202	6.0	59,65
1979		105,552	1	100,421	1,597	98,824	3,347	95,477	6,137	5.8	59,90
1980	169,349	108,544	64,1	100,907	1,604	99,303	3,364	95,938	7,637	7.0	60,80
1981		110,315	64.2	102,042	1,645	100,397	3,368	97,030	8,273	7.5	61,46
1982		111,872	1	101,194	1,668	99,526	3,401	96,125	10,678	9.5	62,06
1983	175,891	113,226	64.4	102,510	1,676	100,834	3,383	97,450	10,717	9.5	62,66
1984	178,080	115,241	64.7	106,702	1,697	105,005	3,321	101,685	8,539	7.4	62,83
					Monthly d	ata, seasc	onally adjust	ed²			
1984:		1									
August	178,295	115,341	64.7	106,860	1,712	105,148	3,264	101,884	8,481	7.4	62,95
September		115,484		107,114		105,394	3,319	102,075	8,370	7.2	62,99
October	178,661	115,721	1	107,354		105,649	3,169	102,480	8,367	7.2	62,94
November December		115,773 116,162		107,631		105,932 106,273	3,334 3,385	102,598 102,888	8,142 8,191	7.0 7.1	63,06
	1,75,004	1.0,102	54.5	107,571	1,050	100,270	0,303	102,000	3,191	/'	02,04
1985:		1	1				1				
January		116,572	- h	108,088		106,391	3,320	103,071	8,484	7.3	62,50
February		116,787		108,388		106,685	3,340	103,345	8,399	7.2	62,43
March		117,215	1	108,820		107,119	3,362	103,757	8,396	7.2	62,15
April		117,073		108,647		106,945	3,428	103,517	8,426	7.2	62,42
May June		117,076		108,665		106,960	3,312	103,648	8,413	7.2	62,57
July		117,018		108,072		106,370	3,138	103,232 103,737	8,413 8,451	7.2	63,31
	., 113,30/	, , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, 55.0	100,000	1,704	100,002	1 3,120	100,737	1 0,431	1.2	1 02,34

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

NOTE: Revisions of seasonally adjusted monthly and quarterly data (shown in tables A-1 through A-3 and A-32 through A-53 of this publication) for the most recent 5-year period are made at the beginning of each calendar year.

Explanatory Notes.

² The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-2. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1974 to date

						Labor 1					
C	Noninsti-					Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not i
Sex, year, and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilian			Percent	labo force
			population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force	
						Annual aver	ages				
MEN	70.466	57.007	70.0	E4 600	1.050	50.004	2.010	EO 10E	2.714	4.7	15,00
974	72,466 73,891	57,397 57,899	79.2 78.4	54,682 53,457	1,658 1,600	53,024 51,857	2,919 2,824	50,105 49,032	2,714 4,442	4.7 7.7	15,0
175		58,756	78.0	54,720	1,582	53,138	2,744	50,394	4,036	6.9	16,5
		59,959	78.1	56,291	1,563	54,728	2,671	52,057	3,667	6.1	16,79
777			78.3			56,479	2,718		3,142	5.1	16,9
78¹ 79		61,151 62,215	78.2	58,010 59,096	1,531 1,489	57,607	2,718	53,761 54,921	3,142	5.0	17,2
							. 700				
80		62,932	77.8	58,665	1,479	57,186	2,709	54,477	4,267	6.8	17,9
81		63,486	77.4	58,909	1,512	57,397	2,700	54,697	4,577	7.2	18,5
82		63,979	77.0	57,800	1,529	56,271	2,736	53,534	6,179	9.7	19,0
83		64,580	76.8	58,320	1,533	56,787	2,704	54,083	6,260	9.7	19,4
84	85,156	85,386	76.8	60,642	1,551	59,091	2,668	56,423	4,744	7.3	19,7
			.	l	Monthly o	iata, seasor	nally adjusted ²		<u></u>		
84:											
\ugust	85,257	65,357	76.7	60,766	1,563	59,203	2,636	56,567	4,591	7.0	19.9
September		65,589	76.8	60,959	1,571	59,388	2,669	56,719	4,630	7.1	19,7
October		65,558	76.7	61,018	1,557	59,461	2,551	56,910	4,540	6.9	19,8
lovember		65,657	78.8	61,155	1,552	59,603	2,701	56,902	4,502	6.9	19,8
December		65,814	76.9	61,252	1,552	59,702	2,747	56,955	4,562	6.9	19,7
85:			ļ								
anuary	85,629	65.822	76.9	61,213	1,549	59,664	2,683	58,981	4,609	7.0	19,8
ebruary		65,818	76.8	81,226	1,554	59,672	2,674	56,998	4,592	7.0	19,8
March		65,923	76.9	61,427	1,553	59,874	2,644	57,231	4,495	6.8	19,8
\pril		65,986	76.9	61,405	1,553	59,852	2,703	57,149	4,582	6.9	19.8
Aay		66,032	76.9	61,553	1,556	59,997	2,669	57,328	4,479	6.8	19,8
•		85,608	76.3	60,959	1,552	59,407	2,529	56,878	4,649	7.1	20,3
lune											
luly August		65,900 65,901	76.6 76.5	61,256 61,507	1,554 1,574	59,702 59,933	2,484 2,484	57,219 57,449	4,644	7.0 6.7	20,1
		1			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>		5.11.		1	
WOMEN		T				Annual ave	rages		1	Ţ	
74	79,375	36,274	45.7	33,832	63	33,769	596	33,173	2,441	6.7	43,1
75		37,553	46.4	34,067	78	33,989	584	33,404	3,486	9.3	43,3
76		39,069	47.4	35,701	86	35,615	588	35,027	3,369	8.6	43,4
77		40,705	48.5	37,381	92	37,289	612	36,677	3,324	8.2	43,2
78¹		42,731	50.0	39,669	100	39,569	669	38,900	3,061	7.2	42.7
79		44,343	51.0	41,325	108	41,217	661	40,556	3,018	6.8	42,6
	, 55,551	11,010	0	}		,		, ,,,,,,,	0,0.0	0.0	1
80	88,472	45,611	51.6	42,241	124	42,117	656	41,461	3,370	7.4	42.8
81		46,829	52.2	43,133	133	43,000	667	42,333	3,696	7.9	42,9
82		47,894	52.7	43,395	139	43,256	665	42,591	4,499	9,4	42,9
83		48,646	53.0	44,190	143	44,047	680	43,387	4,457	9.2	43,
84		49,855	53.7	46,061	146	45,915	653	45,262	3,794	7.6	43,
				<u> </u>	Monthly (data, seasoi	nally adjusted ²	<u> </u>	J	L	I
184 :											
August	93,039	49,984	53.7	46,094	149	45,945	628	45,317	3,890	7.8	43,0
September		49,895	53.6	46,155	149	46,006	650	45,356	3,740	7.5	43.2
October		50,163	53.8	46,336	148	46,188	618	45,570	3,827	7.6	43,0
lovember		50,116	53.7	46,476	147	46,329	633	45,696	3,640	7.3	43,
ecember		50,348	53.9	46,719	148	46,571	638	45,933	3,629	7.2	43,
85:			1	-							
anuary		50,750	54.3	46,875	148	46,727	637	46,090	3,875	7.6	42,
ebruary		50,970	54.5	47,162	149	47,013	666	46,347	3,807	7.5	42,
March		51,293	54.8	47,392	148	47,244	718	46,526	3,900	7.6	42,
pril		51,086	54.5	47,242	149	47,093	725	46,368	3,844	7.5	42,
Aay		51,047	54.4	47,113	149	46,964	644	46,320	3,934	7.7	42,
une		50,877	54.2	47,113	150	46,963	608	46,355	3,764	7.4	42,
uly	1 .	51,117	54.4	47,310	150	47,160	642	46,518	3,807	7.4	42,
lugust			54.4	47,310	152	47,100	608			7.4	
AUMMOL		51,123	J	77,351	102	77,238	1 000	46,631	3,732	1 7.3	42,

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

² The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951 to date

Year	Civilian noninsti-		Civilian la	bor force		Une	employment rate	es
and month	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Unemployed	Total	Men	Women
				Annuai	averages			
951	104,621	62,017	59.2	59,961	2,055	3.3	2.8	4.4
952		62,138	59.0	60,250	1,883	3.0	2.8	3.6
53¹		63,015	58.9	61,179	1,834	2.9	2.8	3.3
54		63,643	58.8	60,109	3,532	5.5	5.3	6.0
55		65,023	59.3	62,170	2.852	4.4	4.2	4.9
56		66,552	60.0	63,799	2,750	4.1	3.8	4.8
57	,	66,929	59.6	64,071	2,859	4.3	4.1	4.7
			1			1		
58 59		67,639 68,369	59.5 59.3	63,036 64,630	4,602 3,740	6.8 5.5	6.8 5.2	6.8 5.9
oe	115,329	00,309	39.3	04,030	3,740	5.5	5.2	J. J
601		69,628	59.4	65,778	3,852	5.5	5.4	5.9
§1		70,459	59.3	65,746	4,714	6.7	6.4	7.2
52¹		70,614	58.8	66,702	3,911	5.5	5.2	6.2
33	122,416	71,833	58.7	67,762	4,070	5.7	5.2	6.5
64	124,485	73,091	58.7	69,305	3,786	5.2	4.6	6.2
35	126,513	74,455	58.9	71,088	3,366	4.5	4.0	5.5
36	128,058	75,770	59.2	72,895	2,875	3.8	3.2	4.8
37		77,347	59.6	74,372	2,975	3.8	3.1	5.2
58		78,737	59.6	75,920	2,817	3.6	2.9	4.8
39		80,734	60.1	77,902	2,832	3.5	2.8	4.7
70	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	4,093	4.9	4.4	5.9
71		84,382	60.2	79,367	5,016	5.9	5.3	6.9
72¹		87,034	60.4	82.153	4,882	5.6	5.0	6.6
73¹		89,429	60.8	85,064	4,365	4.9	4.2	6.0
			1					
74		91,949	61.3	86,794	5,156	5.6	4.9	6.7
75	1 '	93,775	61.2	85,846	7,929	8.5	7.9	9.3
76		96,158	61.6	88,752	7,406	7.7	7.1	8.€
77 _.		99,009	62.3	92,017	6,991	7.1	6.3	8.2
78¹		102,251	63.2	96,048	6,202	6.1	5.3	7.2
79	164,863	104,962	63.7	98,824	6,137	5.8	5.1	6.8
80	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	7,637	7.1	6.9	7.4
81	170,130	108,670	63.9	100,397	8,273	7.6	7.4	7.9
82	172,271	110,204	64.0	99,526	10,678	9.7	9.9	9.4
83	174,215	111,550	64.0	100,834	10,717	9.6	9.9	9.2
84	176,383	113,544	64.4	105,005	8,539	7.5	7.4	7.6
		<u> </u>	.i	anthiv data es	easonally adjuste			
					T			I
984:					1			
August		113,629	64.3	105,148	8,481	7.5	7.2	7.8
September	176,763	113,764	64.4	105,394	8,370	7.4	7.2	7.5
October	176,956	114,016	64.4	105,649	8,367	7.3	7.1	7.7
November	177,135	114,074	64.4	105,932	8,142	7.1	7.0	7.3
December	177,306	114,464	64.6	106,273	8,191	7.2	7.1	7.2
85:								
January		114,875	64.8	106,391	8,484	7.4	7.2	7.7
ebruary		115,084	64.8	106,685	8,399	7.3	7.1	7.5
Vlarch		115,514	65.0	107,119	8,396	7.3	7.0	7.6
April	, , , ,	115,371	64.9	106,945	8,426	7.3	7.1	7.5
Лау		115,373	64.8	106,960	8,413	7.3	6.9	7.7
June		114,783	64.5	106,370	8,413	7.3	7.3	7.4
July August		115,314	64.7	106,862	8,451	7.3	7.2	7.5
	178,405	115,299	64.6	107,172	8,127	7.0	6.8	7.3

^{&#}x27; Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the

Explanatory Notes.

² The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

											
			Civi	ian labor force	•			Not	in labor for	сө	
	Civilian				Unemp	oloyed				-	
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
TOTAL	 										
16 years and ayer	178,405	116.679	65.4	108,628	8,051	6.9	61,726	30,629	1,539	2,494	27,065
16 years and over		8,940	61.9	7,590	1,350	15.1	5,508	732	527	21	4,227
16 to 17 years		3,793	52.4	3,196	596	15.7	3,443	303	226	3	2,911
18 to 19 years		5,147	71.4	4,394	753	14.6	2,065	429	301	18	1,316
20 to 24 years	20,045	16,186	80.7	14,487	1,699	10.5	3,859	1,765	540	58	1,497
25 to 54 years		76,746	81.0	72,341	4,403	5.7	17,967	13,021	465	665	3,616
25 to 34 years		33,544	82.2	31,222	2,322	6.9	7,274	5,355	332	183	1,403
25 to 29 years		17,254	82.2 82.2	15,948	1,306	7.6 6.2	3,743 3,532	2,681 2,674	213 118	99 84	748 655
30 to 34 years		16,289 25,963	82.5	15,273 24,634	1,330	5.1	5,507	4,017	103	285	1,102
35 to 39 years		14,301	82.5	13,520	781	5.5	3,044	2,261	70	133	583
40 to 44 years		11,663	82.6	11,113	550	4.7	2,483	1,759	34	151	520
45 to 54 years		17,238	76.9	16,486	752	4.4	5,186	3,649	29	397	1,111
45 to 49 years		9,219	79.6	8,786	432	4.7	2,364	1,725	16	161	483
50 to 54 years	10,841	8,019	74.0	7,699	319	4.0	2,822	1,924	13	237	648
55 to 64 years		11,977	54.1	11,469	508	4.2	10,167	5,323	6	602	4,237
55 to 59 years		7,233	64.2	6,913	321	4.4	4,038	2,424	4	292	1,319
60 to 64 years		4,744	43.6	4,556	188	4.0	6,129	2,899	2	310	2,918
65 years and over		2,831	10.5	2,741	90 46	3.2 2.7	24,226	9,788	1 2	948	13,486
70 years and over		1,714 1,117	18.3 6.3	1,668 1,073	45	4.0	7,633 16,592	3,136 6,653		219 730	4,277 9,210
•	17,703	1,117	0.5	1,070	1	1.0	10,552	0,000		750	5,210
Men				}							
6 years and over		65,501	77.5	61,403	4,098	6.3	19,057	453	744	1,420	16,439
16 to 19 years		4,742	65.4	3,987	754	15.9	2,510	43	243	17	2,207
16 to 17 years		2,056	55.8	1,698	359	17.4	1,632	30	116	- 40	1,486
18 to 19 years		2,685 8,596	75.4 88.4	2,290 7,744	396 851	14.7 9.9	878 1,125	14 28	127 274	16 33	721 790
20 to 24 years25 to 54 years		43,348	94.1	41,164	2,183	5.0	2,727	141	226	607	1,754
25 to 34 years		18,915	95.0	17,757	1,157	6.1	1,004	42	161	138	663
25 to 29 years		9,681	94.5	9,026	655	6.8	569	18	114	64	352
30 to 34 years	1 '	9,233	95.5	8,731	502	5.4	436	24	47	54	311
35 to 44 years	15,318	14,574	95.1	13,957	617	4.2	744	44	44	201	455
35 to 39 years		8,074	95.6	7,709	365	4.5	375	21	30	93	23
40 to 44 years	1	6,500	94.6	6,247	253	3.9	369	23	14	107	225
45 to 54 years		9,860	91.0	9,451	409	4.1	979	54	20	268	836
45 to 49 years		5,242	93.3	5,018	223	4.3	375	21	12	105	23
50 to 54 years		4,618 7,076	88.4 68.1	4,432 6,805	185 270	4.0 3.8	604 3,322	33 77	8 2	164 404	2,83
55 to 64 years55 to 59 years		4,269	80.0	4,103	167	3.9	1,070	39	٠ '	199	83
60 to 64 years		2,806	55.5	2,703	104	3.7	2,252	38	2	205	2.00
65 years and over		1,740	15.7	1,701	39	2.2	9,373	164	-	359	8,849
65 to 69 years		1,054	25.1	1,028	25	2.4	3,136	45		126	2,96
70 years and over	6,923	687	9.9	673	14	2.0	6,237	119	-	234	5,884
Women								[
6 years and over	93,847	51,178	54.5	47,225	3,953	7.7	42,669	30,175	795	1,074	10,626
16 to 19 years		4,198	58.3	3,603	595	14.2	2,997	689	284	4	2,02
16 to 17 years		1,736	49.0	1,499	238	13.7	1,810	273	110	2	1,42
18 to 19 years		2,462	67.5	2,104	358	14.5	1,187	416	174	2	599
20 to 24 years		7,590	73.5	6,742	848	11.2	2,734	1,737	266	25	706
25 to 54 years		33,397	68.7	31,177	2,220	6.6	15,240	12,880	239	258	1,862
25 to 34 years		14,630	70.0	13,465	1,165	8.0	6,270	5,313	171	45	740
25 to 29 years		7,573 7,056	70.5 69.5	6,922	651 514	8.6 7.3	3,174	2,663	99	15	390
30 to 34 years		11,390	70.5	6,542 10,677	713	6.3	3,096 4,763	2,650 3,973	60	30 84	34 64
35 to 39 years		6,227	70.0	5,811	416	6.7	2,669	2,237	40	40	35
40 to 44 years		5,163	71.1	4,866	297	5.7	2,094	1,736	20	44	299
45 to 54 years		7,378	63.7	7,035	343	4.6	4,207	3,595	9	129	47
45 to 49 years	5,966	3,977	66.7	3,768	209	5.3	1,989	1,704	4	56	220
50 to 54 years	5,619	3,401	60.5	3,267	134	3.9	2,218	1,891	5	73	24
55 to 64 years		4,902	41.7	4,664	238	4.9	6,845	5,245	4	197	1,39
55 to 59 years		2,964	50.0	2,810	154	5.2	2,968	2,385	3	93	480
60 to 64 years		1,937	33.3	1,853	84	4.3	3,877	2,861	1	105	911
65 years and over		1,091	6.8	1,039	51	4.7	14,853	9,624	1	589	4,638
65 to 69 years 70 years and over		660 430	12.8	640	21	3.1	4,497	3,091	2	93	1,312
	1 10,700	, 430	4.0	400	31	7.1	10,355	6,534	1	496	3,32

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

	ļ				vogusi	1985					
			Civil	ian labor force				Not	in labor for	ce	
Ann now and rang	Civilian				Unemp	loyed					
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
WHITE			, .								
6 years and over	153,819	100,866	85.6	94,864	8,002	6.0	52, 9 53	26,836	1,087	1,971	23,058
18 to 19 years		7,688	64.8	6,718	971	12.6	4,174	522	368	17	3,267
16 to 17 years		3,284	55.5	2,841	443	13.5	2,633	220	167	2	2,244
18 to 19 years	5,945	4,404	74.1	3,877	527	12.0	1,540	302	201	14	1,023
20 to 24 years		13,897	82.7	12,890	1,208	8.7	2,918	1,406	401	46	1,063
25 to 54 years		66,089	81.5	82,744	3,345	5.1	15,035	11,224	312	643	2,85
25 to 34 years		28,591	82.9 82.9	26,894	1,897 920	5.9 8.3	5,912 3,031	4,519	224 138	128 69	1,04° 55
25 to 29 years		14,648 13,943	82.9	13,727 13,166	776	5.6	2,881	2,270 2,249	86	60	48
35 to 44 years	I	22,480	82.6	21,441	1,038	4.6	4,737	3,522	89	221	92
35 to 39 years		12,315	82.3	11,715	599	7.5	2,648	2,035	44	109	49
40 to 44 years		10.165	83.0	9,726	438	4.3	2,089	1,531	25	113	43
45 to 54 years		15,019	77.4	14,409	610	4.1	4,385	3,185	20	293	88
45 to 49 years		7,995	80.0	7,650	345	4.3	2,001	1,512	13	123	36
50 to 54 years	9,410	7,025	74.7	6,759	285	4.9	2,385	1,723	6	170	52
55 to 64 years		10,649	54.3	10,243	407	3.8	8,967	4,741	5	494	3,72
55 to 59 years		6,403	64.6	6,154	249	3.9	3,505	2,142	4	231	1,12
60 to 64 years		4,246	43.7	4,089	157	3.7	5,463	2,599	1	263	2,60
85 years and over		2,541	10.4	2,470	72	2.8	21,861	8,942	1	772	12,14
65 to 69 years		1,537 1,004	18.4 6.3	1,499 971	39	2.5 3.3	6,823 15,038	2,833	2	164 607	3,82
70 years and over	16,042	1,004	0.3	9/1	33	3.3	15,036	6,109		607	8,32
Men											
6 years and over	73,436	57,369	78.1	54,246	3,123	5.4	16,067	331	513	1,135	14,08
16 to 19 years		4,061	68.0	3,510	551	13.6	1,910	28	170	12	1,70
18 to 17 years		1,786	59.0	1,508	278	15.6	1,238	19	81	-	1,13
18 to 19 years		2,275	77.2	2,002	273	12.0	872	9	89	12	56
20 to 24 years		7,411	90.1	6,781	629	8.5	815	20	210	26	55
25 to 54 years		37,940	95.0	36,245	1,695	4.5	2,006	90	131	456	1,32
25 to 34 years		16,380	96.0	15,503	877	5.4	684	23	97	96	46
25 to 29 years		8,351	95.8 96.4	7,868	482 395	5.8 4.9	383 302	8 15	69 28	60 36	24
30 to 34 years		8,029 12,832	95.8	7,634 12,342	490	3.8	563	27	28	154	22 35
35 to 39 years		7,087	96.2	6,799	288	4.1	282	12	14	74	18
40 to 44 years		5,745	95.3	5,543	201	3.5	281	15	9	81	17
45 to 54 years	1 '	8,729	92.0	8,401	328	3.8	759	40	11	206	50
45 to 49 years		4,622	94.2	4,446	176	3.8	284	16	9	79	16
50 to 54 years		4,107	89.6	3,955	152	3.7	475	24	2	127	32
55 to 64 years	9,263	6,376	68.8	6,160	216	3.4	2,887	57	2	334	2,49
55 to 59 years		3,833	81.2	3,703	130	3.4	889	33	1	155	70
60 to 64 years		2,543	56.0	2,457	86	3.4	1,998	25	1	179	1,79
65 years and over		1,581	15.8	1,550	32	2.0	8,449	135	1	308	8,00
85 to 69 years70 years and over		956 625	25.4 10.0	936 614	21 11	2.2 1.8	2,815 5,634	38 97		102 205	2,67 5,33
Women	0,200	525	10.0	"	''		0,004	,			0,50
	90.394	43 408	54.1	40.610	2.070	66	26 896	26 505	E74	936	9.07
16 to 19 years	5 004	43,498	54.1 61.6	40,619	2,879	6.6	36,886	26,505	574	836	8,97
16 to 17 years		1,498	51.8	1,333	165	11.6	1,395	200	198	2	1,56
18 to 19 years	2,998	2,129	71.0	1,875	254	11.9	868	293	112	2	46
20 to 24 years		6,487	75.5	5,908	578	8.9	2,102	1,386	191	21	50
25 to 54 years		28,149	68.4	26,499	1,650	5.9	13,029	11,134	181	187	1,52
25 to 34 years	17,439	12,211	70.0	11,391	820	6.7	5,228	4,496	127	33	57
25 to 29 years	8,945	6,297	70.4	5,859	438	7.0	2,648	2,262	69	9	30
30 to 34 years	8,493	5,914	69.6	5,532	381	6.4	2,579	2,234	58	24	26
35 to 44 years		9,648	69.8	9,099	549	5.7	4,174	3,494	46	67	56
35 to 39 years		5,228	68.8	4,916	311	6.0	2,366	1,991	30	35	30
40 to 44 years		4,420	71.0	4,183	237	5.4	1,808	1,503	16	32	25
45 to 54 years		6,291	63.4	8,009	282	4.5	3,627	3,144	8	87	36
45 to 49 years		3,373	66.3	3,204	169	5.0	1,717	1,483	4	44	18
50 to 54 years		2,918	60.4 41.3	2,804 4,083	113 191	3.9	1,910	1,661	4	160	1 20
55 to 64 years		4,274 2,571	41.3	2,451	120	4.5	6,080 2,615	4,684 2,110	3 3	160 75	1,23
60 to 64 years		1,703	33.0	1,632	71	4.7	3,465	2,110	3	85	80
65 years and over		960	6.7	920	40	4.2	13,412	8,807	1	464	4,14
65 to 69 years		581	12.7	563	18	3.1	4,008	2,795	2	62	1,14
70 years and over		379	3.9	357	22	5.8	9,404	8,012	1 -	402	

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

					August	1985					
			Civi	ian labor force)			Not	in labor for	се	
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti- tutional		Percent		Unemp	Percent	Ì	Keeping	Going	Unable	Other
	population	Total	of population	Employed	Number	of labor force	Total	house	to school	to work	reasons
BLACK											
16 years and over	19,700	12,593	63.9	10,788	1,805	14.3	7,107	3,048	291	481	3,287
16 to 19 years		1,053	48.9	712	341	32.4	1,100	187	119	4	790
16 to 17 years		424	39.2	294	130	30.7	658	71	41		546
18 to 19 years		629	58.7	418	211	33.5	442	116	78	4	244
20 to 24 years		1,879	70.9	1,441	438	23.3	770	303	112	12	343
25 to 54 years		8,340	78.9	7,421	919	11.0	2,229	1,364	59	205	601
25 to 34 years		3,865	79.1	3,324	541	14.0	1,022	637	47 41	52	286
25 to 29 years		2,040 1,825	78.9 79.3	1,708 1,615	333 208	16,3 11,4	546 476	323 315	7	30 21	153 134
30 to 34 years		2,726	82.4	2,463	263	9.7	580	378	11	55	136
35 to 39 years		1,542	84.6	1,381	161	10.4	280	187	5	21	68
40 to 44 years		1,184	79.8	1,082	102	8.6	300	192	5	34	68
45 to 54 years		1,749	73.6	1,635	115	6.6	626	349	1	98	179
45 to 49 years		958	77.7	894	65	6.8	276	167	1	34	74
50 to 54 years		791	69.2	741	51	6.4	351	182		64	105
55 to 64 years		1,066	51.6	976	90	8.4	998	477	1	94	426
55 to 59 years		660	60.3	596	64	9.8	435	223	. '	50	162
60 to 64 years		406	41.9	380	26	6.3	562	254	1	43	264
65 years and over		254	11.2	238	17	6.5	2,010	717		166	1,127
65 to 69 years		147 107	17.9 7.4	142 96	5	3.4 10.3	671	242 476	_	52	378 749
70 years and over	1,446	107	7.4	90	''	10.3	1,339	4/6	_	115	/49
Men											
16 years and over	8,806	6,392	72.6	5,542	850	13.3	2,413	110	131	259	1,912
16 to 19 years		580	54.9	398	182	31.4	477	12	56	4	404
16 to 17 years		227	41.9	160	67	29.5	315	8	26		280
18 to 19 years		353	68.6	238	115	32.6	161	4	29	4	124
20 to 24 years		958	79.6	763	196	20.4	245	8	49	7	181
25 to 54 years		4,163	88.2	3,743	421	10.1	554	45	26	140	343
25 to 39 years		1,955 1,026	89.4 88.6	1,716 881	239 146	12.2 14.2	231 133	17 10	20 18	42 24	152
25 to 29 years		929	90.4	835	93	10.0	99	8	3	18	70
35 to 44 years		1,334	90.8	1,219	115	8.6	135	15	5	38	77
35 to 39 years		745	92.3	679	66	8.8	62	7	1	16	39
40 to 44 years		589	89.0	540	49	8.3	73	9	4	22	38
45 to 54 years		874	82.4	808	66	7.6	187	13	1	60	114
45 to 49 years		473	85.9	441	33	6.9	78	4	1	24	49
50 to 54 years	511	401	78.5	367	34	8.5	110	9		36	65
55 to 64 years		557	60.2	510	47	8.5	368	18		60	290
55 to 59 years		343	69.2	312	32	9.2	153	5	į	36	112
60 to 64 years		214	49.8	198	16	7.3	215	13	-	24	178
65 years and over		134	14.8	129	5	3.8	770	27	1	48	694
65 to 69 years 70 years and over		77 57	22.2 10.2	75 54	2 3	3.2 (¹)	270 499	5 23	-	22 27	244 450
Women											
16 years and over	10,894	6,201	56.9	5,246	955	15.4	4,694	2,937	160	221	1,375
16 to 19 years		473	43.1	314	159	33.6	624	175	63	- 221	386
16 to 17 years		197	36.4	134	63	32.1	343	63	15		266
18 to 19 years		277	49.6	181	96	34.7	281	112	49		120
20 to 24 years		921	63.7	679	243	26.3	525	295	63	5	162
25 to 54 years	5,851	4,177	71.4	3,678	498	11.9	1,675	1,319	33	65	258
25 to 34 years		1,910	70.7	1,608	302	15.8	790	620	27	10	134
25 to 29 years		1,014	71.1	827	187	18.4	413	313	23	6	7
30 to 34 years		896	70.4	780	115	12.9	377	307	4	3	6-
35 to 44 years		1,392	75.8 79.5	1,244	149	10.7	445	363	6	17	5
35 to 39 years		797 595	78.5 72.4	702 542	95 53	12.0 8.9	218	180 183	4	5	30
40 to 44 years		875	66.6	827	48	5.5	227 439	336	1	12 38	65
45 to 54 years		485	71.0	453	32	6.5	198	163		10	2
50 to 54 years		390	61.8	374	17	4.3	241	173		28	4
55 to 64 years		508	44.7	466	43	8.4	629	459	1	34	13
55 to 59 years		317	52.9	284	33	10.3	282	218	1 '	14	5
60 to 64 years	ſ	192	35.6	182	10	5.3	347	241	1	19	86
65 years and over		120	8.8	109	11	9.5	1,241	690	1 '	118	433
65 to 69 years		70	14.9	67	3	(')	401	237	=	30	134

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-5. Employment status of the black-and-other civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex

TOTAL 8 years and over 18 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 59 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 69 years 60 to 64 years 60 to 64 years 61 to 69 years 70 years and over 62 to 69 years 63 to 69 years 64 to 19 years 65 to 69 years 65 to 69 years 65 to 69 years 65 to 69 years 70 years and over 65 to 69 years 65 to 69 years 70 years and over 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 40 to 44 years 40 to 44 years 40 to 44 years	Civilian noninstitutional population 24,586 2,585 1,318 1,267 3,231 13,589 6,316 3,319 2,997 4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 9,98 1,666	15,813 1,252 509 743 2,288 10,855 4,954 2,607 1,273 3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498 290	Percent of population 64.3 48.4 38.8 58.6 70.8 78.4 78.5 42.5 81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5 52.5	13,764 872 356 517 1,797 9,597 4,328 2,221 2,106 3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	Employed Agriculture 295 45 18 27 26 175 87 31 37 63 37 27	Nonagri- cultural industries 13,468 827 338 489 1,771 9,423 4,261 2,192 2,070 3,129 1,769	2,049 379 153 226 491 1,058 625 385 240	Percent of labor force 13.0 30.3 30.1 30.5 21.5 9.9 12.6	Not in labor force 8,773 1,334 809 525 943 2,932 1,362
TOTAL 8 years and over 18 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 59 years 50 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 64 years 57 years 60 to 84 years 60 to 84 years 65 to 69 years 70 years and over Men 16 years and over 16 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 59 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 49 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years	24,586 2,585 1,318 1,287 3,231 13,589 6,316 3,319 2,997 4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,384 1,184 2,654 988	15,813 1,252 509 743 2,288 10,855 4,954 2,607 1,273 3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	64.3 48.4 38.8 58.6 70.8 78.4 78.5 42.5 81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	13,764 872 356 517 1,797 9,597 4,328 2,221 2,106 3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	Agriculture 295 45 18 27 26 175 87 31 37 63	13,468 827 338 489 1,771 9,423 4,261 2,192 2,070 3,129	2,049 379 153 226 491 1,058 625 385	Percent of labor force 13.0 30.3 30.1 30.5 21.5 9.9	8,773 1,334 809 525 943 2,932
8 years and over 18 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 54 years 60 to 64 years 55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 to 69 years 16 to 17 years and over 16 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 25 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 30 years 10 to 19 years 11 to 19 years 12 to 19 years 13 to 19 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 44 years	24,586 2,585 1,318 1,287 3,231 13,589 6,316 3,319 2,997 4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	15,813 1,252 509 743 2,288 10,855 4,954 2,607 1,273 3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	64.3 48.4 38.8 58.6 70.8 78.4 78.5 42.5 81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	13,764 872 356 517 1,797 9,597 4,328 2,221 2,106 3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	295 45 18 27 26 175 87 31 37 63	13,468 827 338 489 1,771 9,423 4,261 2,192 2,070 3,129	2,049 379 153 226 491 1,058 625 385	of labor force 13.0 30.3 30.1 30.5 21.5 9.9	8,773 1,334 809 525 943 2,932
8 years and over 18 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 54 years 60 to 64 years 55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 to 69 years 16 to 17 years and over 16 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 25 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 30 years 10 to 19 years 11 to 19 years 12 to 19 years 13 to 19 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 44 years	2,585 1,318 1,267 3,231 13,589 6,316 3,319 2,997 4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,384 1,184 2,654 988	1,252 509 743 2,288 10,855 4,954 2,607 1,273 3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	48.4 38.8 58.6 70.8 78.4 78.5 42.5 81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	872 356 517 1,797 9,597 4,328 2,221 2,106 3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	45 18 27 26 175 87 31 37 63	827 338 489 1,771 9,423 4,261 2,192 2,070 3,129	379 153 226 491 1,058 625 385	30.3 30.1 30.5 21.5 9.9	1,334 809 525 943 2,932
18 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 54 years 55 to 54 years 45 to 49 years 55 to 54 years 57 to 59 years 58 to 69 years 59 to 69 years 59 to 69 years 50 to 64 years 50 to 64 years 50 to 64 years 50 to 64 years 50 to 69 years 70 years and over 60 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 44 years	2,585 1,318 1,267 3,231 13,589 6,316 3,319 2,997 4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,384 1,184 2,654 988	1,252 509 743 2,288 10,855 4,954 2,607 1,273 3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	48.4 38.8 58.6 70.8 78.4 78.5 42.5 81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	872 356 517 1,797 9,597 4,328 2,221 2,106 3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	45 18 27 26 175 87 31 37 63	827 338 489 1,771 9,423 4,261 2,192 2,070 3,129	379 153 226 491 1,058 625 385	30.3 30.1 30.5 21.5 9.9	1,334 809 525 943 2,932
18 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 54 years 55 to 54 years 45 to 49 years 55 to 54 years 57 to 59 years 58 to 69 years 59 to 69 years 59 to 69 years 50 to 64 years 50 to 64 years 50 to 64 years 50 to 64 years 50 to 69 years 70 years and over 60 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 44 years	2,585 1,318 1,267 3,231 13,589 6,316 3,319 2,997 4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,384 1,184 2,654 988	1,252 509 743 2,288 10,855 4,954 2,607 1,273 3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	48.4 38.8 58.6 70.8 78.4 78.5 42.5 81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	872 356 517 1,797 9,597 4,328 2,221 2,106 3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	45 18 27 26 175 87 31 37 63	827 338 489 1,771 9,423 4,261 2,192 2,070 3,129	379 153 226 491 1,058 625 385	30.3 30.1 30.5 21.5 9.9	1,334 809 525 943 2,932
16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 30 to 34 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 50 to 54 years 50 to 54 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 to 69 years 70 years and over 61 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 39 years 31 to 19 years 31 to 19 years 32 to 39 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years	1,318 1,267 3,231 13,589 6,316 3,319 2,997 4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	509 743 2,288 10,855 4,954 2,607 1,273 3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	38.8 58.6 70.8 78.4 78.4 78.5 42.5 81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	356 517 1,797 9,597 4,328 2,221 2,106 3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	18 27 26 175 87 31 37 63	338 489 1,771 9,423 4,261 2,192 2,070 3,129	153 226 491 1,058 625 385	30.1 30.5 21.5 9.9	809 525 943 2,932
18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 50 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 69 years 60 to 64 years 65 to 69 years 70 years and over Men	1,287 3,231 13,589 6,316 3,319 2,997 4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	743 2,288 10,855 4,954 2,607 1,273 3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	58.6 70.8 78.4 78.4 78.5 42.5 81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	517 1,797 9,597 4,328 2,221 2,106 3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	27 26 175 87 31 37 63 37	489 1,771 9,423 4,261 2,192 2,070 3,129	226 491 1,058 625 385	30.5 21.5 9.9	525 943 2,932
20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 32 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 54 years 55 to 54 years 55 to 55 years 60 to 64 years 60 to 64 years 70 years and over Men 16 years and over 16 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 59 years 36 to 69 years 70 years and over 20 to 24 years 25 to 59 years 31 to 19 years 25 to 29 years 35 to 34 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 59 years	3,231 13,589 6,316 3,319 2,997 4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,384 1,164 2,654 988	2,288 10,855 4,954 2,607 1,273 3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	70.8 78.4 78.5 42.5 81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	1,797 9,597 4,328 2,221 2,106 3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	26 175 87 31 37 63 37	1,771 9,423 4,261 2,192 2,070 3,129	491 1,058 625 385	21.5 9.9	943 2,932
25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 45 to 54 years 50 to 54 years 55 to 54 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 to 69 years 70 years and over Men 16 years and over 16 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 44 years	13,589 6,316 3,319 2,997 4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	10,855 4,954 2,607 1,273 3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	78.4 78.5 42.5 81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	9,597 4,328 2,221 2,106 3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	175 87 31 37 63 37	9,423 4,261 2,192 2,070 3,129	1,058 625 385	9.9	2,932
25 to 34 years 25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 45 to 39 years 45 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 54 years 55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 to 69 years 70 years and over Men 6 years and over 16 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 44 years	6,316 3,319 2,997 4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	4,954 2,607 1,273 3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	78.4 78.5 42.5 81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	4,328 2,221 2,106 3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	87 31 37 63 37	4,261 2,192 2,070 3,129	625 385		
25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 69 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 years and over Men 6 years and over 16 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 64 years	3,319 2,997 4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	2,607 1,273 3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	78.5 42.5 81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	2,221 2,106 3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	31 37 63 37	2,192 2,070 3,129	385		
30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 50 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 64 years 66 years and over 65 years and over Men 6 years and over 16 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years	2,997 4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	1,273 3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	42.5 81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	2,106 3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	37 63 37	2,070 3,129		14.8	712
35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 45 to 39 years 45 to 54 years 45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years 55 to 69 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 to 69 years 70 years and over Men 16 years and over 16 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	4,254 2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	3,484 1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	81.9 83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	3,192 1,806 1,387 2,077	63 37	3,129		18.9	651
35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 years and over Men 6 years and over 16 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years	2,382 1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	1,986 1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	83.4 80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	1,806 1,387 2,077	37		292	8.4	770
40 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 to 69 years 70 years and over Men 16 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 39 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years	1,872 3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	1,498 2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	80.0 73.5 77.1 69.5	1,387 2,077		,,,,	180	9.1	396
45 to 54 years 45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 to 69 years 70 years and over Men 16 years and over 16 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years	3,018 1,587 1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	2,218 1,224 994 1,328 830 498	73.5 77.1 69.5	2,077		1,359	111	7.4	374
45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 years and over Men 6 years and over 16 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years	1,587 1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	1,224 994 1,328 830 498	77.1 69.5		45	2,032	141	6.4	80
50 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 64 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 to 69 years 70 years and over 16 to 19 years 16 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1,431 2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	994 1,328 830 498	69.5	1,137	31	1,105	87	7.1	363
55 to 64 years	2,527 1,364 1,164 2,654 988	1,328 830 498		941	13	927	54	5.4	43
55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 years and over Men 16 years and over 16 to 19 years 16 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 54 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years	1,364 1,164 2,654 988	830 498		1,226	34	1,192	102	7.7	1,20
60 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 to 69 years 70 years and over Men 16 years and over 16 to 19 years 16 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 29 years 35 to 44 years	1,164 2,654 988		60.9	759	20	739	72	8.6	53-
65 years and over 65 to 69 years 70 years and over Men 6 years and over 16 to 19 years 16 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 36 to 39 years 40 to 44 years	2,654 988		42.8	467	14	453	30	6.1	66
65 to 69 years 70 years and over Men 16 years and over 16 to 19 years 16 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 49 years	988		10.9	271	14	257	19	6.4	2.36
70 years and over Men 16 years and over 16 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 49 years 40 to 44 years	1,666	176	17.8	169	10	159	8	4.5	810
16 years and over		113	6.8	102	4	98	25	22.1	1,55
16 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 30 to 39 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 49 years 40 to 44 years				<u> </u>					
16 to 19 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 30 to 39 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 49 years 40 to 44 years	11,122	8,132	73.1	7,158	243	6,915	975	12.0	2.99
16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 49 years 40 to 44 years	1,281	681	53.2	478	38	440	203	29.9	80
18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years	664	271	40.8	190	10	180	81	29.7	39
20 to 24 years	816	410	66.6	288	28	260	123	29.9	20
25 to 54 years	1,495	1,185	79.3	963	23	940	222	18.7	31
25 to 29 years	6,129	5,407	88.2	4,919	138	4,783	486	9.0	72
25 to 29 years	2,855	2,535	88.8	2,255	58	2,198	280	11.0	32
35 to 44 years	1,517	1,331	87.7	1,158	25	1,134	172	13.0	16
35 to 39 years40 to 44 years	1,338	1,204	90.0	1,096	34	1,063	108	6.9	13
40 to 44 years	1,923	1,742	90.6	1,814	44	1,570	128	7.3	18
	1,080	987	91.4	911	21	890	76	7.7	9
45 to 54 years	844	755	89.5	704	24	680	51	6.8	8
	1,351	1,131	83.7	1,050	34	1,017	81	7.1	22
45 to 49 years	711	620	87.2	573	21	551	47	7.6	9
50 to 54 years	640	511	79.9	478	12	465	34	8.6	12
55 to 64 years	1,135	700	61.7	646	32	614	54	7.8	43
55 to 59 years	617	437	70.7	400	18	381	37	8.5	18
60 to 64 years	517	263	50.9	246	14	233	17	6.5	25
65 years and over	1,083	159	14.7	152	14	138	7	4.6	92
65 to 69 years	419 664	97 82	23.3 9.3	93 59	10 4	83 55	5 3	4.8	32 60
70 years and over	004	02	9.3	59	4	55	"	(1)	60
Women									
16 years and over	13,464	7,680	57.0	8,606	52	6,554	1,074	14.0	5,76
16 to 19 years	1,305	570	43.7	394	7	387	176	30.8	73
16 to 17 years	654	238	36.4	185	7	158	73	30.5	41
18 to 19 years	651 1 736	332	51.1	229	-4	229	103	31.1	31
20 to 24 years	1,736 7,480	1,103	83.6	834	1	830	289	24.4	63
25 to 34 years	7,480 3.481	5,248	70.3	4,678	39	4,640	570	10.9	2,21
25 to 34 years	3,481 1,802	2,419	69.9 70.8	2,073	9 6	2,065	345	14.3	1,04
25 to 29 years		1,276		1,063		1,058	213	16.7	52
30 to 34 years	1,659 2,331	1,143	66.9	1,010	3	1,007	132	11.6	5
35 to 39 years	2,331 1,302	1,742	74.7 76.7	1,578 895	19 16	1,559	164	9.4	58
40 to 44 years	1,028	743	72.2	683	3	679 679	104	10.4	30 28
45 to 54 years	1,668	1,087	85.2	1,027			60	8.0	
45 to 49 years	878	604	68.9	564	11	1,016	81	5.6	56
	791	483		1	10	554	40	6.7	27
50 to 54 years	1,393	828	61.1 45.1	463 580	1	462	20	4.2	30
55 to 59 years	746				2	578	47	7.6	76
55 to 59 years	746 647	393 234	52.7	359	1	358	34	8.7	35
65 years and over	1,571	131	36.2 8.3	221 119	1	221	13	5.6	41
65 to 69 years	589	79	13.9	76	_	119 76	11	8.7	1,44
70 years and over		51	5.1	43		43	3 8	3.7 (¹)	9

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-6. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

Employment status and	То	otal	Men, 20 y ov		Women, 20 ov	•	Both sexes	•
race	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	176,583	178,405	76,350	77,306	85,581	86,652	14,653	14,448
Civilian labor force		116.679	60,270	60,759	45,783	46,980	9.024	8,940
Percent of population	1	65.4	78.9	78.6	53.5	54.2	61.6	61.9
Employed	106,694	108.628	56,710	57,416	42,405	43,622	7,579	7,590
Agriculture		3,512	2,614	2,422	657	652	442	438
Nonagricultural industries		105,116	54,096	54,994	41,748	42,970	7,137	7,152
Unemployed		8.051	3,560	3,344	3,378	3,358	1,445	1,350
Unemployment rate	,	6.9	5.9	5,5	7.4	7.1	16.0	15.1
Not in labor force	61,507	61,726	16,080	16,547	39,798	39,672	5,629	5,508
White			:					
Civilian noninstitutional population	152,402	153,819	66,662	67,465	73,671	74,492	12,069	11.862
Civilian labor force		100,866	52,849	53,308	38,794	39,870	7,773	7,688
Percent of population	65.2	65.6	79.3	79.0	52.7	53.5	64.4	64.8
Employed		94,864	50,213	50,736	36,343	37,410	6,743	6,718
Agriculture		3,217	2,394	2,217	615	607	405	393
Nonagricultural industries		91,648	47,818	48,519	35,728	38.804	6,338	6.325
Unemployed		6.002	2,636	2,572	2,451	2,460	1,030	971
Unemployment rate		6.0	5.0	4.8	6.3	6.2	13.2	12.6
Not in labor force	52,988	52,953	13,813	14,157	34,877	34,622	4,297	4,174
Black								ı
Civilian noninstitutional population	19,386	19,700	7,620	7,749	9,615	9,797	2,151	2,154
Civilian labor force		12,593	5,769	5,812	5,643	5,727	1,053	1.053
Percent of population		63.9	75.7	75.0	58.7	58.5	49.0	48.9
Employed		10,788	4,976	5,144	4.826	4,932	655	712
Agriculture		240	165	167	34	30	35	43
Nonagricultural industries		10,548	4,811	4,977	4.792	4,902	620	669
Unemployed		1,805	793	668	817	796	398	341
Unemployment rate		14.3	13.7	11.5	14.5	13.9	37.8	32.4
Not in labor force	1	7,107	1,851	1,937	3,972	4,070	1,098	1,100

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

					August	1985				
					Civ	ilian labor f	orce			
Employment status, years of school	Civilian				Employed			Unemp	loyed	
completed, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time ¹	Part time¹	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percent of labor force
TOTAL ENROLLED								• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Total, 16 to 24 years	2,837	1,365	51.8	1,222	568	654	142	52	90	10.4
16 to 19 years		546 819	44.9 57.7	474 748	162 406	311 342	72 70	20 32	52 38	13.2
•					_	Ì				
High school		241 1,124	40.4 55.1	188 1,035	43 526	145 509	53 89	20 32	34 57	22.1
Full-time students		732	47.7	652	293	359	80	32 25	55	7.9
Part-time students		391	77.7	383	233	150	9	7	2	2.3
Men, 16 to 24 years	1,363	710	52.1	639	329	309	72	33	38	10.1
16 to 19 years	1	254	42.6	220	84	136	34	15	19	13.4
20 to 24 years		457	59.6	419	245	174	38	19	19	8.3
High school		138	43.6	105	24	81	33	15	18	24.1
College		573	54.7	534	305	229	39	18	20	6.7
Full-time students Part-time students		395 177	48.3 78.0	365 169	190 115	175 54	31 8	13 5	18	7.8
Women, 16 to 24 years	. 1,274	654	51.3	583	239	344	71	19	52	10.8
16 to 19 years	. 622	292 362	47.0 55.5	254 330	79 161	175 169	38 32	6 13	33 19	13.1
High school	280	103	36.8	83	19	64	20	4	16	19.4
College		551	55.4	501	221	280	51	14	36	9.2
Full-time students		337	46.9	287	103	184	50	13	37	14.7
Part-time students	276	214	77.5	213	118	96	1	2	-	.5
Total, 16 to 24 years	2.078	1,155	55.6	1,066	508	559	89	33	56	7.7
16 to 19 years	945	459	48.5	413	146	267	46	12	34	10.0
20 to 24 years	1,133	696	61.5	653	362	292	43	21	22	6.2
Men Women		601 554	54.8 56.4	551 516	295 213	256 303	50 38	23 10	27 29	8.4 6.9
High school	429	177	41.2	144	31	113	32	11	21	18.4
College		978	59.3	922	477	445	56	21	35	5.8
Full-time students		630	51.7	577	268	309	53	18	35	8.5
Part-time students	430	348	80.9	345	209	136	3	4	-	9.
Total, 16 to 24 years	429	162	37.8	113	43	70	49	18	31	30.3
16 to 19 years		72	33.5	47	11	37	24	7	17	(²)
20 to 24 years		90	42.0	65	32	33	25	10	15	27.5
MenWornen		84 78	43.2 33.3	65 48	24 19	40 30	19 30	9 9	11 21	22.9 38.1
High school	138	58	42.4	38	10	28	21	8	12	(2)
College	291	104	35.6	75	33	42	28	9	19	27.4
Full-time students		85	33.9	63	25	38	22	6	17	26.3
Part-time students	40	19	(2)	13	8	4	6	4	2	(2)
Hispanic origin										
Total, 16 to 24 years		96 38	43.6	70	28	41	26	10	16	27.5
20 to 24 years		58	31.8 57.7	25 44	24	21 20	13 14	7 4	10	(²) (²)
Men		54 42	47.6 39.2	40 29	17	23 18	14 12	3 8	11 5	(²) 29.
				}			ł	1	1	
High school College		16	(²) 53.7	63	26	37	10 17	5 5	5	(2)
Full-time students		57	54.7	40	17	23	17	5	11 12	20.1 (²)
Part-time students		23	(²)	23	9	15	1 ''			1 '

See footnotes at end of table.

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					August	1985				
					Civ	rilian labor f	orce			
Employment status, years of school	Civilian				Employed			Unem	ployed	
completed, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time ¹	Part time ¹	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percent of labor force
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	31,856	23,761	74.6	20,855	15,253	5,601	2,907	2,212	694	12.2
18 to 19 years		8,394 15,367	63.4 82.5	7,117 13,738	3,659 11,595	3,458 2,144	1,278 1,629	771 1,441	507 188	15,2 10.6
Less than 4 years of high school		6,281	57.8	5,033	2,663	2,369	1,248	807	441	19.9
4 years of high school		17,480	83.3	15,822	12,590	3,232	1,658	1,405	253	9.5
1 to 3 years of college		5,268 1,980	83.3 91.0	4,927 1,837	3,758 1,641	1,169 196	339 143	247 139	92	8.4
	1	·				2 400	4 504	4047	0.7	}
Men, 16 to 24 years		12,827 4,488	80.9 67.4	11,093 3,768	8,594 2,090	2,499 1,678	1,534 720	1,217 452	317 269	12.1
20 to 24 years		8,139	90.9	7,326	6,504	821	813	765	48	10.0
Less than 4 years of high school	5,738	3,845	67.0	3,090	1,850	1,240	755	516	239	19.6
4 years of high school		8,782	89.0	8,003	6,744	1,259	779	701	78	8.9
1 to 3 years of college	. 3,003	2,592	86.3	2,449	1,962	487	143	119	24	5.5
4 years of college or more	. 944	880	93.2	823	756	67	56	56	-	6.4
Women, 16 to 24 years	. 16,246	11,134	68.5	9,762	6,660	3,102	1,373	995	378	12.3
18 to 19 years20 to 24 years		3,906 7,228	59.4 74.7	3,349 6,413	1,569 5,090	1,780 1,322	557 816	319 676	238 140	14.3 11.3
Less than 4 years of high school	5,130	2,438	47.5	1,943	814	1,129	493	291	203	20.2
4 years of high school		8,698	78.2	7,819	5,846	1,973	880	705	175	10.1
1 to 3 years of college		2,674	80.6	2,478	1,796	681	196	127	69	7.3
4 years of college or more	1,231	1,100	89.4	1,013	885	129	87	83	4	7.9
White										
Total, 16 to 24 years		20,431 7,230	76.8 66.2	18,341 6,305	13,508 3,287	4,833 3,018	2,090 925	1,563 548	527 377	10.2
20 to 24 years		13,201	84.2	12,036	10,221	1,816	1,165	1,015	150	8.8
Men	13,100	10,870	83.0	9.740	7,622	2,119	1,130	888	242	10.4
Women		9,560	70.8	8,601	5,886	2,714	960	675	284	10.0
Less than 4 years of high school		5,300	60.7	4,375	2,340	2,035	925	590	335	17.4
4 years of high school		15,131	84.7 84.4	13,966	11,168 3,372	2,798	1,165 223	973	192	7.7
1 to 3 years of college		4,621 1,803	91.6	4,398 1,677	1,497	1,026 180	126	155 122	68	7.0
Black										}
Total, 16 to 24 years	4,375	2,771	63.3	2,041	1,410	631	730	585	145	26.4
16 to 19 years		982 1,789	50.6 73.5	685 1,376	302 1,108	363 268	317 413	204 381	113 32	32.3 23.1
,		1		l					1	
Women	2,065 2,309	1,454 1,317	70.4 57.0	1,096 945	778 632	318 313	358 372	294 292	65 80	24.6 28.2
Less than 4 years of high school		842	46.5	556	265	291	286	196	90	34.0
4 years of high school	. 2,562	1,929	75.3	1,485	1,145	340	444	390	54	23.0
1 to 3 years of college		500 104	77.0 85.8	398 95	296 81	102	102 9	79 9	23	20.4 8.6
Hispanic origin										
Total, 16 to 24 years	2,717	1,804	66.4	1,519	1,175	344	286	204	82	15,6
16 to 19 years		598	53.6	462	268	194	136	85	51	22.8
20 to 24 years		1,206	75.3	1,057	907	149	149	119	31	12.4
Men		1,087	79.4	928	745	183	159	122	36	14.6
Women	1,348	718	53.2	591	430	161	127	82	45	17.7
Less than 4 years of high school		784	56.2	641	456	185	142	94	48	18.2
4 years of high school		1,021	77.1	878	719	158	143	110	33	14.0
1 to 3 years of college	. 311	256	82.1	230	167	63	25	14	11	9.8

¹ Employed persons with a job but not at work and persons at work part time are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time.
² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.
NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and

college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-8. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age, not seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civil noninsti popul	tutional	Civilian labor force										
Veteran status			Tol	tal	Empl	oyed		Unemp	loyed				
and age	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985		Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Number		Percent of labor force				
							Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985			
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS													
Total, 30 years and over	7,470	7,677	7,038	7,198	6,662	6,870	376	328	5.3	4.6			
30 to 44 years	6,459	6,516	6,238	6,283	5,899	5,986	339	297	5.4	4.7			
30 to 34 years	1,675	1,337	1,622	1,274	1,519	1,198	103	76	6.4	6.0			
35 to 39 years	3,322	3,364	3,216	3,266	3,042	3,119	174	147	5.4	4.5			
40 to 44 years	1,462	1,815	1,400	1,743	1,338	1,669	62	74	4.4	4.2			
45 years and over	1,011	1,161	800	915	763	884	37	31	4.6	3.4			
NONVETERANS													
Total, 30 to 44 years	16,363	17,347	15,537	16,450	14,758	15,672	779	778	5.0	4.7			
30 to 34 years	7,468	8,028	7,145	7,672	6,789	7,263	356	409	5.0	5.3			
35 to 39 years	4,779	5,005	4,521	4,733	4,276	4,519	245	214	5.4	4.5			
40 to 44 years	4,116	4,314	3,871	4,045	3,693	3,890	178	155	4.6	3.8			

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population. Data

for 25- to 29-year-old veterans are no longer shown in this table because the group is rapidly disppearing (into the 30-34 age category) and the numbers remaining for some labor force categories are not large enough to warrant their continued publication.

A-9. Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex, age, and race

					August 1985	i			
		Full	-time labor	force			Part-time	labor force	1
Sex, age, and race		Emplo	yed	(loc	mployed king for me work)		Employed on	(loo	mployed king for me work)
	Total	Full-time schedules¹	Part time for economic reasons	Number	Percent of full-time labor force	Total	voluntary part time ¹	Number	Percent of part-time labor force
TOTAL									
Total, 16 years and over	102,328	89,476	6,187	6,664	6.5	14,351	12,964	1,387	9.7
16 to 19 years	5,961	3,643	1,527	791	13.3	2,979	2,420	559	18.8
16 to 17 years	1,934	1,011	731	193	10.0	1,859	1,455	404	21.7
18 to 19 years	4,027	2,632	796	598	14.9	1,120	965	155	13.9
20 years and over	96,367	85,833	4,660	5,873	6.1	11,372	10,544	828	7.3
20 to 24 years	14,368	11,693	1,201	1,473	10.3	1,818	1,592	226	12.4
25 years and over	81,999	74,140	3,459	4,400	5.4	9,555	8,952	602	6.3
25 to 54 years	70,112	63,279	2,881	3,952	5.6	6,634	6,181	452	6.8
55 years and over	11,887	10,861	578	448	3.8	2,921	2,771	150	5.1
Men, 16 years and over		54,719	3,002	3,592	5.9	4,189	3,682	506	12.1
16 to 19 years	3,315	2,076	773	466	14.1	1,427	1,139	288	20.2
20 years and over		52,643	2,229	3,125	5.4	2,762	2,543	218	7.9
20 to 24 years		6,566	607	784	9.9	638	571	67	10.5
25 years and over	50,040	46,077	1,622	2,341	4.7	2,124	1,973	151	7.1
25 to 54 years55 years and over	42,450 7,589	39,013 7,063	1,331	2,107 235	5.0 3.1	897 1,227	821 1,153	77 75	8.6 6.1
Women, 16 years and over	41,015	34,757	3,185	3,073	7.5	10,163	9,282	881	8.7
16 to 19 years	2,646	1,567	754	325	12.3	1,552	1,281	271	17.4
20 years and over	38,369	33,190	2,431	2,748	7.2	8,611	8,001	610	7.1
20 to 24 years	6,410	5,127	594	689	10.7	1,180	1,021	159	13.5
25 years and over	31,959	28,063	1,837	2,058	6.4	7,430	6,981	451	6.1
25 to 54 years	27,662	24,265	1,551	1,845	6.7	5,736	5,361	375	6.5
55 years and over		3,798	286	214	5.0	1,694	1,619	75	4.4
White									
Men, 16 years and over	53,731	48,562	2,443	2,726	5.1	3,638	3,241	397	10.9
16 to 19 years		1,878	636	334	11.7	1,213	996	217	17.9
20 years and over	50,884	46,684	1,807	2,392	4.7	2,424	2,245	180	7.4
20 to 24 years		5,811	490	577	8.4	533	480	53	9.9
25 years and over	44,006	40,874	1,316	1,816	4.1	1,892	1,765	127	6.7
25 to 54 years		34,456	1,075	1,631	4.4	778	714	64	8.2
55 years and over	6,843	6,417	241	185	2.7	1,114	1,051	63	5.7
Women, 16 years and over		29,546	2,596	2,197	6.4	9,159	8,476	682	7.4
16 to 19 years20 years and over		1,415 28,131	1,947	226 1,971	9.9 6.1	1,337	1,144	194 489	14.5
	1		501	1	1	7,821 1,015	7,332	1	6.2
20 to 24 years25 years and over		4,512 23,620	1,446	1,511	8.4 5.7	6,806	896 6,437	119 370	11.7 5.4
25 to 54 years		20,288	1,202	1,334	5.8	5,325	5,009	316	5.9
55 years and over		3,332	244	177	4.7	1,481	1,427	54	3.6
Black									
Men, 16 years and over		4,711	483	756	12.7	441	347	94	21.3
16 to 19 years		163	118	120	30.0	179	117	62	34.5
20 years and over		4,548	366	636	11.5	262	230	32	12.2
20 to 24 years		593	111	182	20.6	72	58	13	(²)
25 years and over		3,956	254	453	9.7	191	171	19	9.9
25 to 54 years55 years and over		3,451 505	211	411	10.1 7.1	90	81 90	10	10.0 9.9
Women, 16 years and over		4,130	511	788	14.5	772	605	166	21.5
16 to 19 years		119	87	92	30.8	176	109	68	38.3
20 years and over	1	4,011	424	697	13.6	596	497	99	16.6
20 to 24 years		501	86	209	26.3	126	92	34	26.8
25 years and over		3,510	337	464	10.7	470	404	65	13.8
25 to 54 years		3,135	305	453	11.6	283	238	45	15.9
55 years and over	442	375	32	11	2.5	187	166	20	10.7

 $[\]dot{}$ Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-10. Employment status of persons in families by family relationship

(Numbers in thousands)

					August 19	85				
		Civili	an labor for	се			Not	in labor 1	force	
Family relaionship				Unem	ployed	loyed				
,	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
Total, 16 years and over!	95,977	65.9	89,279	6,698	7.0	49,625	24,995	1,290	1,824	21,516
Husbands	39.376	78.6	37,981	1,395	3.5	10,700	127	107	785	9.681
With employed wife		92.0	22,246	736	3.2	1,986	30	43	287	1,627
With unemployed wife		92.3	1,240	147	10.6	116	1	1	20	93
With wife not in labor force	15,007	63.6	14,495	512	3.4	8,598	97	62	478	7,961
Wives	26,472	52.9	24,968	1,504	5.7	23,605	19,741	127	267	3,470
With employed husband		61.8	22,246	1,240	5.3	14,495	12,937	90	77	1,392
With unemployed husband		63.3	736	147	16.7	512	451	3	7	50
With husband not in labor force		19.6	1,986	116	5.5	8,598	6,353	34	182	2,028
Relatives in married-couple families	14,814	69.4	13,181	1,633	11.0	6,530	933	690	277	4,631
16 to 19 years	6,062	63.2	5,350	712	11.7	3,526	247	326	11	2,942
20 to 24 years	5,621	82.2	5,026	595	10.6	1,214	160	307	28	719
25 years and over	3,131	63.6	2,805	326	10.4	1,790	526	57	238	970
Women who maintain families	6,251	61.3	5,547	704	11.3	3,939	2,896	58	135	850
Relatives in families maintained by women	5,704	62.8	4,590	1,115	19.5	3,380	869	252	239	2,020
16 to 19 years	. 1,634	56.2	1,216	418	25.6	1,274	180	134	8	951
20 to 24 years	. 1,741	75.9	1,394	347	19.9	554	124	89	18	322
25 years and over	2,330	60.0	1,980	350	15.0	1,552	565	29	213	747
Men who maintain families	1,822	76.9	1,677	144	7.9	546	48	5	54	439
Relatives in families maintained by men		62.5	1,334	203	13.2	924	381	51	67	425
16 to 19 years		57.7	254	59	19.0	230	42	28	-	160
20 to 24 years	. 485	81.4	434	51	10.5	111	35	20	1	54
25 years and over	. 739	55.9	646	93	12.6	583	304	3	66	211

¹ Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces and persons in unrelated subfamilies.

NOTE: Estimates shown in this table for husbands, wives, and women

who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

A-11. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		Me	en		Women						
Marital status, race, and age	Thousa pers			loyment les	Thousa pers		Unempl rat	•			
	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985			
Total, 16 years and over	4,273	4,098	6.6	6.3	4,110	3,953	8.2	7.7			
Married, spouse present	1,674	1,541	4.1	3.8	1,734	1,639	6.4	6.0			
Widowed, divorced, or separated	464	501	7.9	8.1	848	894	8.7	8.9			
Single (never marned)	2,135	2,056	11.9	11.2	1,528	1,421	11.3	10.4			
White, 16 years and over	3,145	3,123	5.5	5.4	2,972	2,879	7.0	6.6			
Married, spouse present	1,389	1,281	3.8	3.5	1,422	1,382	5.9	5.7			
Widowed, divorced, or separated	347	383	7.1	7.4	575	610	7.5	7.7			
Single (never married)	1,408	1,459	9.4	9.5	975	887	8.9	7.9			
Black, 16 years and over	991	850	15.7	13.3	1,018	955	16.5	15.4			
Married, spouse present	220	205	7.3	6.8	251	209	11.5	9.2			
Widowed, divorced, or separated	105	112	12.5	12.2	252	261	14.0	14.4			
Single (never married)	666	533	27.3	21.6	514	485	23.8	22.9			
Total, 25 years and over	2,571	2,493	5.0	4.8	2,499	2,510	6.5	6.4			
Married, spouse present	1,504	1,379	3.9	3.6	1,389	1,340	5.8	5.4			
Widowed, divorced, or separated	435	465	7.7	7.8	735	794	8.0	8.3			
Single (never married)	632	649	9.1	8.7	375	377	7.7	7.3			
White, 25 years and over	1.998	1.943	4.4	4.2	1.851	1,881	5.7	5.6			
Married, spouse present	1,262	1,150	3.6	3.3	1,144	1,139	5.3	5.2			
Widowed, divorced, or separated	326	360	6.9	7.3	496	545	6.8	7.2			
Single (never married)	410	434	7.2	7.2	209	197	5.7	5.0			
Black, 25 years and over	481	473	10.3	9.7	570	553	12.2	11.5			
Married, spouse present	188	182	6.6	6.4	194	161	9.9	7.8			
Widowed, divorced, or separated	97	99	12.0	11.2	224	231	12.9	13.2			
Single (never married)	196	191	19.3	17.2	153	161	15.7	16.1			

A-12. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

	Thousa pers			ŧ	Inemployr	nent rates	3	
Occupation	То	tal	То	tal	Me	∍n	Wor	nen
	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985
Total, 16 years and over	8,382	8,051	7.3	6.9	6.6	6.3	8.2	7.7
Managerial and professional specialty	792	755	3.1	2.9	2.5	2.2	4.1	3.8
Executive, administrative, and managerial	312	350	2.6	2.8	2.2	2.2	3.2	3.8
Professional specialty	480	405	3.7	3.0	2.7	2.2	4.7	3.9
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,716	1,684	5.0	4.8	3.3	3.0	5.8	5.8
Technicians and related support	83	109	2.6	3.1	1.6	2.4	3.5	3.9
Sales occupations	704	666	5.2	5.0	3.5	3.1	6.9	6.9
Administrative support, including clerical	929	909	5.2	5.0	3.9	3.0	5.6	5.5
Service occupations	1,457	1,316	9.3	8.2	9.1	8.5	9.4	8.1
Private household	92	53	8.5	4.8	(¹)	(')	8.0	4.6
Protective service	130	76	6.9	4.1	6.3	3.7	10.3	6.1
Service, except private household and protective	1,235	1,187	9.7	9.1	10.0	10.1	9.5	8.6
Precision production, craft, and repair		916	6.0	6.2	5.8	5.8	8.2	10.1
Mechanics and repairers		186	4.0	3.8	3.9	3.7	8.1	8.0
Construction trades	453	452	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.2	11.9	8.3
Other precision production, craft, and repair	228	279	5.2	6.3	4.5	5.0	7.8	10.7
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	2,025	2,006	10.5	10.4	9.7	9.5	12.8	13.2
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	907	971	10.1	10.9	8.7	9.4	12.1	13.0
Transportation and material moving occupations		382	8.3	7.8	7.4	7.6	18.2	11.1
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		653	13.4	12.1	13.4	11.5	13.8	15.2
Construction laborers	. 157	157	17.7	15.2	16.7	14.9	(')	(')
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	557	496	12.6	11.3	12.6	10.5	12.6	14.8
Farming, forestry, and fishing	260	264	5.8	6.2	5.5	5.9	7.7	7.4
No previous work experience	1,218	1,045	-	-	-	_	-	_
16 to 19 years		654	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 years		243	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 years and over	. 148	147	-	-	-	-	-	-

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-13. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

	Thousa pers				Jnemploy	ment rates	5	
Industry	То	tal	То	otal	М	en	Wor	nen
	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985
Total, 16 years and over	8,382	8,051	7.3	6.9	6.6	6.3	8.2	7.7
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	5,997	5,894	7.0	6.8	6.6	6.2	7.5	7.4
Mining	107	82	9.5	7.4	10.5	7.1	5.4	8.9
Construction	642	634	10.9	10.1	10.7	10.3	13.4	8.2
Manufacturia	4 574	4.640	7.0			6.4		400
Manufacturing		1,649	7.0	7.5	6.1	6.1	9.0	10.2
Durable goods		1,009	6.6	7.7	6.3	6.6	7.5	10.5
Lumber and wood products		81	7.5	11.4	5.7	10.5	17.9	17.7
Funiture and fixtures		60	8.7	10.1	6.7	8.0	13.6	14.7
Stone, clay, and glass products		34	8.9	5.6	8.1	4.7	11.1	8.5
Primary metal industries		97	9.2	10.7	9.7	10.9	6.3	8.4
Fabricated metal products		93	9.7	6.8	10.5	5.9	6.5	9.8
Machinery, except electrical	145	178	5.0	6.5	5.0	6.1	5.3	7.9
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies		231	5.5	9.4	4.4	7.6	6.8	11.9
Transportation equipment	153	141	6.1	5.3	6.1	4.7	6.4	7.9
Automobiles	111	100	8.7	7.5	8.3	6.5	10.4	11.9
Other transportation equipment	42	42	3.4	3.2	3.7	2.9	2.6	3.8
Professional and photographic equipment	23	44	3.3	6.4	2.4	4.3	4.9	9.4
Other durable goods industries	42	51	8.5	11.6	5.8	7.9	12.1	16.0
Nondurable goods	680	640	7.6	7.2	5.6	5.1	10.4	10.0
Food and kindred products	164	140	8.3	7.2	5.9	5.9	13.5	9.9
Textile mill products	80	62	10.1	8.5	10.1	7.0	10.0	10.1
Apparel and other textile products		148	11.9	11.6	7.0	4.7	13.1	13.3
Paper and allied products		22	5.4	3.0	4.2	2.8	8.9	3.8
Printing and publishing		115	4.2	6.7	3.1	3.7	5.9	10.4
Chemicals and allied products		60	3.1	4.7	3.3	4.0	2.8	6.4
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products		65	9.8	8.2	8.6	8.6	12.2	7.3
Other nondurable goods industries		28	11.9	6.4	8.5	5.2	17.4	8.1
Transportation and public utilities	374	281	6.1	4.5	6.3	4.5	5.7	4.8
Transportation		219	6.7	5.2	7.0	5.2	5.7	5.1
Communications and other public utilities		62	3.5	2.3	3.0	1.8	4.3	3.4
Wholesale and retail trade	1,597	1,601	7.3	7.3	5.9	6.2	8.8	8.4
Wholesale trade		177	4.4	4.1	4.0	4.0	5.6	4.5
Retail trade	i	1,424	7.9	8.0	6.5	6.9	9.1	8.9
Finance, insurarice, and real estate		207	3.7	3.1	3.4	2.7	4.0	3.4
Service industries		1,441	6.7	6.3	6.6	5.8	6.8	6.6
Professional services	622	612	5.1	4.9	4.2	3.7	5.5	5.4
Other service industries	_	829	8.8	7.8	8.4	7.2	9.2	8.4
Agricultural wage and salary workers		214	10.1	11.0	9.2	10.4	13.6	13.1
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers		898	3.7	3.4	3.0	2.9	4.7	4.0
No previous work experience	1,218	1,045	_	-	-	-	-	-

A-14. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, and race

Reason for unemployment	Total unemployed		Men, 20 years and over		Women, 20 years and over		Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		White		Black	
	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED												
Total unemployed	8,382	8,051	3,560	3,344	3,378	3,358	1,445	1,350	6,117	6,002	2,009	1,805
Job losers	3,986	3,906	2,390	2,253	1,365	1,356	231	297	2,996	2,959	877	851
On layoff	1,047	996	606	598	402	340	40	59	866	822	151	153
Other job losers	2,939	2,908	1,784	1,655	963	1,016	191	238	2,130	2,137	724	698
Job leavers	901	940	305	384	472	469	123	87	738	773	129	132
Reentrants	2,283	2.162	696	597	1,280	1.251	307	314	1.622	1,578	594	516
New entrants	1,211	1,043	169	109	260	281	783	652	762	692	409	306
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION		'										
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	47.6	46.5	67.1	67.4	40.4	40.4	16.0	22.0	49.0	49.3	43.7	47.2
On layoff	12.5	12.4	17.0	17.9	11.9	10.1	2.7	4.4	14.2	13.7	7.5	8.5
Other job losers	35.1	36.1	50.1	49.5	28.5	30.3	13.3	17.6	34.8	35.6	36.0	38.7
Job leavers	10.7	11.7	8.6	11.5	14.0	14.0	8.5	6.4	12.1	12.9	6.4	7.3
Reentrants	27.2	26.9	19.6	17.9	37.9	37.3	21.3	23.2	26.5	26.3	29.6	28.6
New entrants	14.5	13.0	4.7	3.3	7.7	8.4	54.2	48.3	12.5	11.5	20.4	17.0
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE												
Job losers	3.5	3.4	4.0	3.7	3.0	2.9	2.5	3.4	3.0	2.9	7.0	6.8
Job leavers	.8	.8	.5	.6	1.0		1.4	1.0	.7	.8	1.0	1.0
Reentrants	2.0	1.9	1.2	1.0	2.8		3.4	3.5	1.6	1.6	4.8	4.1
New entrants	1.1	.9	.3	.2	.6		8.7	7.3	.8		3.3	2.4

A-15. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

				August 1985						
	Total une	mployed		Durati	on of unemplo	on of unemployment				
Reason, sex, and age					15 weeks and over					
	Thousands of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over			
Total, 16 years and over	8,051	100.0	41.5	33.6	24.9	10.1	14.8			
lob losers	3,906	100.0	36.3	31.0	32.7	12.9	19.8			
On layoff	998	100.0	49.1	29.0	21.9	10.4	11.5			
Other job losers	2,908	100.0	32.0	31.6	36.4	13.8	22.6			
ob leavers	940	100.0	51.2	30.7	18.2	8.2	10.0			
Reentrants	2.162	100.0	47.2	33.7	19.1	7.9	11.2			
New entrants	1,043	100.0	40.4	45.7	13.9	5.8	8.0			
Men, 20 years and over	3,344	100.0	34.0	30.6	35.4	12.3	23.1			
ob losers	2,253	100.0	32.0	30.0	38.0	12.9	25.2			
On layoff	598	100.0	47.3	27.1	25.6	11.6	14.0			
Other job losers	1,655	100.0	26.5	31.0	42.6	13.3	29.2			
ob leavers	384	100.0	47.0	30.0	23.1	8.1	15.0			
leentrants	597	100.0	36.8	30.7	32.5	12.1	20.4			
lew entrants	109	100.0	14.2	46.5	39.3	15.6	23.7			
Women, 20 years and over	3,358	100.0	48.3	32.4	21.3	10.3	11.0			
ob losers	1,356	100.0	38.1	33.2	28.7	14.9	13.8			
On layoff	340	100.0	48.1	34.1	17.8	9.3	8.5			
Other job losers	1,016	100.0	34.7	32.9	32.4	16.7	15.6			
ob leavers	469	100.0	51.4	32.0	16.6	9.4	7.2			
Reentrants	1,251	100.0	52.8	31.5	15.7	6.4	9.3			
lew entrants	281	100.0	48.3	33.2	18.4	6.8	11.7			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,350	100.0	48.2	43.8	8.0	4.3	3.7			
ob losers	297	100.0	61.5	28.1	10.3	4.2	6.2			
On layoff	59	100.0	(1)	(')	(')	(2)	()			
Other job losers	238	100.0	58.7	30.7	10.6	4.1	6.6			
ob leavers	87	100.0	68.3	26.8	4.9	1.7	3.2			
leentrants	314	100.0	44.4	48.3	7.4	6.0	1.4			
New entrants	652	100.0	41.4	51.0	7.6	3.8	3.8			

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-16. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

		Tot	al		Full-time workers						
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent di	stribution	Thousands	of persons	Percent distribution				
	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985			
Total, 16 years and over	8,382	8,051	100.0	100.0	6,933	6,664	100.0	100.0			
Less than 5 weeks	3,466	3,342	41.4	41.5	2,646	2,524	38.2	37.9			
5 to 14 weeks	2,599	2,704	31.0	33.6	2,119	2,271	30.6	34.1			
5 to 10 weeks	1,845	2,036	22.0	25.3	1,505	1,699	21.7	25.5			
11 to 14 weeks	754	668	9.0	8.3	614	572	8.9	8.6			
15 weeks and over	2,317	2,006	27.6	24.9	2,168	1,870	31.3	28.1			
15 to 26 weeks	834	813	9.9	10.1	769	746	11.1	11.2			
27 weeks and over	1,483	1,193	17.7	14.8	1,400	1,124	20.2	16.9			
27 to 51 weeks	549	501	6.5	6.2	524	470	7.6	7.1			
52 weeks and over	934	692	11.1	8.6	876	654	12.6	9.8			
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	16.9	15.0	_		18.6	16.5		_			
Median duration, in weeks	7.2	7.1	-	_	8.2	7.9	-	-			

A-17. Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		We	eks	Pe		unemploy roup	red	
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	Unem 15 w and	eeks	
				August 19	85			Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	
Total, 16 years and over	8,051	3,342	2,704	813	1,193	15.0	7.1	41.4	41.5	27.6	24.9	
16 to 19 years	1.350	651	591	58	50	7.7	5.4	46.0	48.2	11.4	8.0	
20 to 24 years	1.699	760	578	161	200	12.8	6.1	42.6	44.7	23.6	21.3	
25 to 34 years	2,322	978	753	240	352	15.0	7.0	42.0	42.1	30.9	25.5	
35 to 44 years	1,330	523	372	157	279	18.9	8.2	38.7	39.3	34.2	32.7	
15 to 54 years	752	229	251	99	173	21.0	10.1	37.5	30.4	37.4	36.2	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	508	155	143	87	122	21.0	10.1	34.3	30.4	40.1	41.3	
55 to 64 years		155	1		_							
35 years and over	90	46	16	12	17	22.3	4.9	41.2	50.7	29.2	31.5	
Men, 16 years and over	4,096	1.486	1,361	446	805	18.1	8.2	36.7	36.3	32.6	30.5	
6 to 19 years	754	350	336	35	33	8.2	5.7	43.0	46.4	13.2	9.0	
20 to 24 years	851	316	309	94	133	15.4	7.4	38.3	37.1	27.3	26.6	
25 to 34 years	1,157	420	356	131	251	18.7	6.3	35.9	36.3	37.8	32.9	
35 to 44 years	617	196	153	79	190	25.4	11.8	32.8	31.8	40.8	43.5	
5 to 54 years	409	113	133	52	112	23.2	10.8	33.1	27.5	42.5	40.0	
• 1							1				,	
55 to 64 years	270 39	76 16	65 9	48	81 7	27.1 (¹)	12.2	31.9 (')	28.0 (')	45.3 (')	47.8	
Women, 16 years and over	3,953	1,855	1,343	367	388	11.8	5.9	46.2	46.9	22.5	19.1	
16 to 19 years	595	301	255	22	16	7.2	4.9	49.0	50.5	9.6	6.7	
20 to 24 years	848	444	268	68	67	10.2	4.8	47.5	52.4	19.5	15.9	
	1,165	558	397	109	101	11.2	5.6	48.1	47.9			
25 to 34 years	,	1		1	1		1		1	24.0	18.0	
35 to 44 years	713	326	219	78	89	13.3	6.2	44.8	45.8	27.4	23.4	
45 to 54 years	343	116	118	47	61	18.4	9.3	41.2	33.9	33.1	31.	
55 to 64 years	238	79	78	39	42	16.1	9.2	37.8	33.4	32.3	33.	
65 years and over	51	30	7	4	10	(1)	(c)	(')	(1)	(')	(1)	
White, 16 years and over	8,002	2,557	1,969	603	873	15.0	6.8	43.0	42.6	26.7	24.6	
Men	3,123	1,189	1,011	335	589	18.0	7.7	37.8	38.1	32.2	29.6	
Women	2,879	1,368	959	268	284	11.7	5.7	48.4	47.5	21.0	19.2	
Black, 16 years and over	1,805	687	650	181	287	15.4	7.0	35.7	38.1	31.3	25.	
Men	850	253	303	93	200	19.4	8.6	31.8	29.8	35.4	34.	
Women	955	434	347	87	87	11.9	5.4	39.4	45.4	27.3	18.3	
Men, 16 years and over:				1								
Married, spouse present	1,541	476	461	195	409	22.2	10.4	35.1	30.9	39.3	39.	
Widowed, divorced, or separated	501	171	136	84	110	21.6	10.3	38.0	34.1	32.4	38.8	
Single (never married)	2,056	839	764	167	286	14.2	6.7	37.7	40.8	27.4	22.0	
Women, 16 years and over:				1	}							
Married, spouse present	1.639	816	515	155	152	11.2	5.0	47.7	49.8	23.4	18.	
Widowed, divorced, or separated	894	380	290	98	127	14.8	6.8	44.5	42.5	28.2	25.0	
											15.	
Single (never married)	1,421	659	538	118	109	10.7	6.1	45.4	46.4	18.3		

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-18. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		We	Percent of unemployed in group				
Occupation and industry	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	15 w	ployed reeks over
	August 1985								Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985
OCCUPATION											
Managerial and professional specialty	1,684 1,316 916	282 780 594 355 760 121	275 536 416 247 625 103	85 158 122 146 229 7	113 210 184 168 392 33	14.9 12.9 13.9 17.7 18.3 12.4	7.2 6.1 6.0 8.4 8.2 5.9	37.3 44.2 43.3 42.8 37.5 51.0	37.3 46.3 45.1 38.8 37.9 45.7	26.6 26.1 27.3 33.7 34.5 25.6	26.2 21.9 23.3 34.3 30.9 15.4
Agriculture	662 1,659 1,017 642 324 1,605 2,017	89 288 604 355 249 131 715 884 95	84 207 465 276 189 101 537 670 100	8 68 245 138 107 36 141 202 24	32 100 345 248 97 56 212 261 45	14.1 15.6 19.2 21.2 16.1 16.4 13.1 13.7 16.9	6.7 6.8 9.1 9.7 8.1 7.7 6.3 6.4 8.2	56.4 44.7 35.6 33.3 38.6 34.8 44.3 41.1 44.6	41.8 43.4 36.4 35.0 38.8 40.4 44.6 43.8 35.9	22.0 32.1 38.1 40.5 35.0 35.5 24.9 27.3 15.9	18.7 25.4 35.6 37.9 31.8 28.6 22.0 23.0 26.3

¹ includes wage and salary workers only.

A-19. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, age, race, and jobsearch methods used

					August 198	5			
	Thousands	of persons		Methods us	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers		A
Sex, age, and race	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used
Total, 16 years and over	8,051	6,823	24.9	5.8	75.3	37.4	17.3	4.4	1.65
16 to 19 years	1,350	1,272	17.3	4.8	80.5	29.7	15.8	1.2	1.49
20 to 24 years		1,480	27.9	4.1	75.7	35.9	17.2	4.9	1.66
25 to 34 years		1,949	28.5	7.3	74.3	40.0	19.4	4.3	1.74
35 to 44 years		1,080	22.6	6.2	75.5	41.9	14.6	5.7	1.66
45 to 54 years	752	588	27.7	6.5	70.2	41.0	15.5	7.3	1.68
55 to 64 years		383	24.8	6.5	71.5	40.2	21.9	4.2	1.69
65 years and over		71	(')	O	(')	(')	(')	(t)	(')
Men, 16 years and over	4,098	3,368	26.6	5.0	76.6	35.3	19.4	4.7	1.68
16 to 19 years	754	698	15.5	2.4	85.0	27.9	18.1	.3	1.49
20 to 24 years	851	710	30.8	2.4	77.3	35.2	17.6	4.1	1.67
25 to 34 years	1,157	938	32.3	7.6	73.7	37.7	22.0	5.2	1.78
35 to 44 years	617	475	26.7	6.7	76.2	43.6	18.7	6.7	1.79
45 to 54 years	409	299	30.8	7.4	70.2	36.1	16.7	10.0	1.71
55 to 64 years	270	218	21.6	3.7	71.6	33.0	21.6	6.4	1.58
65 years and over	39	32	(')	(')	(')	(1)	(')	(')	(')
Women, 16 years and over	3,953	3,454	23.2	6.7	74.1	39.5	15.3	4.0	1.63
16 to 19 years	595	574	19.5	7.7	75.1	31.9	13.1	2.3	1.49
20 to 24 years	848	771	25.3	5.7	74.2	36.6	16.7	5.6	1.64
25 to 34 years		1,011	24.9	7.1	75.0	42.0	16.9	3.4	1.69
35 to 44 years	713	605	19.3	6.0	74.9	40.5	11.4	5.1	1.57
45 to 54 years		290	24.5	5.5	70.0	45.9	14.1	4.5	1.64
55 to 64 years	238	165	29.1	10.3	70.9	49.7	22.4	1.8	1.84
65 years and over	. 51	39	(1)	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')
White, 16 years and over		4,970	23.8	5.9	75.2	39.8	17.4	4.6	1.67
Men	3,123	2,505	25.4	4.8	75.8	37.3	19.7	5.2	1.68
Women	2,879	2,465	22.2	7.1	74.6	42.3	15.1	3.9	1.65
Black, 16 years and over	1,805	1,635	28.6	6.1	74.7	30.9	16.7	4.0	1.61
Men	. 850	751	31.3	5.7	77.9	30.1	18.0	3.5	1.66
Women	. 955	884	26.4	6.4	71.9	31.6	15.6	4.6	1.57

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

A-20. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, reason for unemployment, and jobsearch methods used

					August 1989	5					
	Thousands	of persons		Methods used as a percent of total jobseekers							
Sex and reason	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used		
Total, 16 years and over	8,051	6,823	24.9	5.8	75.3	37.4	17.3	4.4	1.65		
Job losers1		2,878	29.4	6.6	76.4	40.0	19.4	4.6	1.76		
Job leavers	940	903	25.5	7.2	74.2	42.0	16.4	3.0	1.68		
Reentrants	2,162	2,010	21.9	5.1	73.1	36.5	16.3	5.3	1.58		
New entrants	1,043	1,032	17.8	4.0	77.4	28.2	14.4	3.2	1.45		
Men, 16 years and over	4,098	3,368	26.6	5.0	76.6	35.3	19.4	4.7	1.68		
Job losers ¹	2,453	1,794	30.2	5.7	75.5	36.5	20.8	5.6	1.74		
Job leavers	433	417	24.5	5.8	79.1	40.8	16.8	2.4	1.69		
Reentrants	745	689	25.7	4.2	73.0	36.1	19.3	5.7	1.64		
New entrants	467	468	16.5	2.4	83.5	24.6	16.5	1.9	1.45		
Women, 16 years and over	3,953	3,454	23.2	6.7	74.1	39.5	15.3	4.0	1.63		
Job losers1	1,453	1,084	28.1	7.9	77.9	45.8	17.0	2.9	1.80		
Job leavers	. 508	486	26.3	8.4	70.0	42.8	16.0	3.5	1.67		
Reentrants	. 1,417	1,321	20.1	5.6	73.1	36.6	14.8	5.1	1.55		
New entrants	. 576	564	18.8	5.3	72.3	31.2	12.8	4.3	1.45		

¹ Data on the number of jobseekers and the jobsearch methods used exclude persons on layoff.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because

³⁰ days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

³⁰ days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

A-21. Employed civilians in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age and sex

(In thousands)

	To	otal	Me	en	Won	men	
Industry and age	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	
All industries	106,694	108,628	60,673	61,403	46,021	47,225	
16 to 19 years	7,579	7,590	3.963	3,987	3.616	3,603	
16 to 17 years	3.043	3,196	1,596	1,698	1,446	1,499	
18 to 19 years	4,537	4,394	2,366	2,290	2,170	2,104	
20 to 24 years	14,649	14,487	7,914	7,744	6,735	6,742	
25 to 54 years	70,355	72,341	40,379	41,164	29,977	31,177	
25 to 34 years	30,648	31,222	17,539	17,757	13,109	13,465	
35 to 44 years	23,461	24,634	13,364	13,957	10,097	10,677	
45 to 54 years	16,248	16,486	9,475	9,451	6,772	7,035	
55 to 64 years	11,341	11,469	6,732	6,805	4,608	4,664	
55 to 59 years	6.873	6,913	4,098	4,103	2.774	2,810	
60 to 64 years	4,468	4,556	2,634	2,703	1,834	1,853	
55 years and over	2,770	2,741	1,686	1,701	1,084	1,039	
Agriculture	3.713	3,512	2,962	2,797	750	715	
16 to 19 years	442	438	348	375	93	63	
16 to 17 years	237	236	180	205	56	31	
18 to 19 years	205	202	168	170	37	32	
20 to 24 years	467	458	368	379	98	79	
25 to 54 years	1.965	1.887	1,531	1.431	434	455	
25 to 34 years	828	793	690	615	138	177	
35 to 44 years	609	606	451	448	158	157	
45 to 54 years	527	488	389	368	138	121	
55 to 64 years	547	460	459	370	88	90	
55 to 59 years	290	238	236	181	54	57	
60 to 64 years	257	222	222	190	34	32	
65 years and over	293	269	256	241	37	28	
Nonagricultural industries	102,982	105,116	57.711	58,606	45,271	46,510	
16 to 19 years	7,137	7,152	3,614	3,612	3,523	3,540	
16 to 17 years	2,806	2,960	1,416	1,493	1,390	1,467	
18 to 19 years	4,331	4,192	2.198	2.119	2,133	2,072	
20 to 24 years	14,182	14.029	7,545	7,365	6,637	6,663	
25 to 54 years	68,391	70,455	38,848	39,733	29,543	30,722	
25 to 34 years	29,819	30,429	16,849	17,142	12,971	13,287	
35 to 44 years	22,851	24,028	12,913	13,508	9,939	10,520	
45 to 54 years	15,720	15,998	9.087	9.083	6,634	6,915	
55 to 64 years	10,794	11,009	6,274	6,435	4,520	4,574	
55 to 59 years	6,583	6,675	3,862	3,922	2,721	2,75	
60 to 64 years	4,211	4,334	2,412	2,513	1,800	1,82	
65 years and over	2,477	2,472	1,429	1,460	1,048	1,02	

A-22. Employed civilians by occupation, sex, and age

(in thousands)

	To	tal		Me	en		Women			
Occupation		ears over	16 ye	1	20 ye and e		16 ye	1	20 ye and c	
	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985
Total	106,694	108,628	60,673	61,403	56,710	57,416	46,021	47,225	42,405	43,622
Aanagerial and professional specialty	24,460	25,349	14,458	14,682	14,362	14,586	10,001	10,666	9,878	10,535
Executive, administrative, and managerial		1 '	7,759	7,842	7,703	7,811	4,030	4,376	3,976	4,334
Officials and administrators, public administration		518	289	280	287	280	187	238	187	237
Other executive, administrative, and managerial		8,354 3,345	5,660 1,810	5,704 1,857	5,610 1,806	5,675 1,855	2,377 1,467	2,650 1,488	2,339 1,449	2,610 1,480
Professional specialty		13,131	6,700	6,841	6,659	6,775	5,971	6,290	5,902	6,20
Engineers		1,688	1,546	1,578	1,545	1,575	121	110	120	10
Mathematical and computer scientists	1	1	325	426	323	423	183	200	183	20
Natural scientists	1		311	313	309	313	87	74	87	7
Health diagnosing occupations Health assessment and treating occupations	830 1,926		718 259	603 273	718 257	602 270	112 1,667	114 1,732	113 1,662	11 1,72
Teachers, college and university			325	337	323	338	1,007	1,732	1,002	19
Teachers, except college and university			795	825	791	816	2,057	2,161	2,034	2,13
Lawyers and judges	721	668	584	546	583	547	137	122	137	12
Other professional specialty occupations	3,245	3,525	1,836	1,940	1,808	1,891	1,409	1,585	1,371	1,53
Technical, sales, and administrative support			1 '	11,862		11,276	21,306	, ,	19,508	19,85
Technicians and related support			1,593	1,825	1,561	1,793	1,582	1,599		1,57
Health technologists and technicians Engineering and science technicians			177 794	200 928	174 779	198 903	960 215	997 253	955 203	99 24
Technicians, except health, engineering, and science	1,030		622	697	607	692		349		34
Sales occupations	12,891		6,640	1	6,251	6,193	1		5,254	5,19
Supervisors and proprietors	3,243		2,251	2,359	2,230	2,327	992	1,023	966	99
Sales representatives, finance and business services			1,304	1,239		1,232		1	717	90
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail			1,216		1,215	1,161	257	290	254	20
Sales workers, retail and personal services		1 '	1,854 14	1,752 16		1,458 15	4,222	3,871 44	3,292 26	2,97
Administrative support, including clerical			3,385	1		3,290				13,0
Supervisors	1 '	, ,	, .		310		332			38
Computer equipment operators			-		258	264	442	532	417	49
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists			97			136			1 .	4,7
Financial records processing Mail and message distributing				246 519	1	1				2,1
Other administrative support, including clerical	1	1								5,1
Service occupations			5,673			4,828				7,50
Private household					1	29				71
Protective service Service, except private household and protective						1,467 3,332			1	6,5
Food service		1	1,903							2,4
Health service	. 1,795		157	183					, ,	1,5
Cleaning and building service Personal service		1 '	1,703 381			1,517 343				1,0 1,4
Precision production, craft, and repair		13,909	12,488	12,706	12,047	12,239	1,153	1,204	1,110	
Mechanics and repairers	4,477	1 '								
Construction trades Other precision production, craft, and repair		1 '						1		1 8
Operators, fabricators, and laborers				l		1		4,224	3,996	3,9
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors						,				3,9
Manufacturing industries	. 6,824	1 -	1 '	1 '						2,6
Durable goods			1	1			1 -			1,0
Nondurable goods										1,6
Nonmanufacturing industries Transportation and material moving occupations			1			1	1	1		2
Motor vehicle operators			1 '	1 '			1		1	2
Other transportation and material moving occupations	1,293									-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers				4,032	3,006	3,101	718	4	1	1
Construction laborers Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers						1	1		1	l .
Farming, forestry, and fishing	4,18	5 4,035								5
Farm operators and managers	1,570		1 '	1		1				
Other farming, forestry, and fishing occupations									1	

A-23. Employed civilians by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	To	tal	Me	∍n	Won	nen
Occupation and race	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985
TOTAL						<u> </u>
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	106,694 100.0	108,628 100.0	60,673 100.0	61,403 100.0	46,021 100.0	47,225 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	22.9	23.3	23.8	23.9	21.7	22.6
Executive, administrative, and managerial	11.0	11.2	12.8	12.8	8.8	9.3
Professional specialty	11.9	12.1	11.0	11.1	13.0	13.3
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support	30.9	30.8	19.1	19.3	46.3	45.7
Technicians and related support	3.0	3.2	2.6	3.0	3.4	3.4
Sales occupations	12.1 15.8	11.7	10.9	10.6	13.6 29.3	13.0
Administrative support, including clerical	13.4	16.0 13.5	5.6 9.4	5.7 9.4	18.7	29.3 18.8
Private household	.9	1.0	.1	.1	2.1	2.
Protective service	1.6	1.7	2.5	2.5	.6	
Service, except private household and protective	10.8	10.9	6.8	6.9	16.1	16.
Precision production, craft, and repair	12.8	12.8	20.6	20.7	2.5	2.5
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	16.1	15.9	21.3	21.2	9.3	8.9
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7.6	7.3	8.0	7.7	7.1	6.8
Transportation and material moving occupations	4.2	4.2	6.9	6.9	.7	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.3 3.9	4.4 3.7	6.4 5.8	6.6 5.5	1.6 1.4	1.5 1.4
	0.3	0.7	3.0	3.5	1.7	1.4
White	00 000	04.004	50.700	54.046	00.570	40.044
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	93,299 100.0	94,864 100.0	53,729 100.0	54,246 100.0	39,570 100.0	40,619 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	23.8	24.3	24.9	24.9	22.4	23.4
Executive, administrative, and managerial	11.7	11.8	13.5	13.3	9.2	9.
Professional specialty	12.2	12.5	11.4	11.6	13.2	13.7
Technical, sales, and administrative support	31.5	31.3	19.6	19.7	47.7	46.9
Technicians and related support	3.0	3.1	2.7	3.0	3.4	3.3
Sales occupations	12.7	12.3	11.6	11.3	14.3	13.
Administrative support, including clerical	15.8 12.1	15.9	5.3 8.3	5.4 8.4	30.0 17.1	29.9 17.4
Private household	.7	12.2 .8	.1	.1	1.7	17.4
Protective service	1.6	1.6	2.3	2.3	.6	
Service, except private household and protective	9.7	9.9	5.9	5.9	14.9	15.
Precision production, craft, and repair	13.2	13.3	21.1	21.5	2.5	2.
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	15.4	15.1	20.2	20.1	8.8	8.3
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7.2	6.9	7.7	7.4	6.6	6.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	4.0	4.0	6.6	6.6	.6).
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.1	4.1 3.8	6.0 5.9	6.1 5.5	1.5 1.5	1.4 1.5
Black			0.0			
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	10,456	10,788	5,323	5,542	5,133	5,240
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	13.8	14.1	12.0	12.6	15.7	15.
Executive, administrative, and managerial	5.8	6.7	6.2	7.3	5.4	6.0
Professional specialty [echnical, sales, and administrative support	8.0	7.4	5.8	5.3	10.3	9.
Technicians and related support	25.6 2.8	25.9 3.0	13.9 1.8	15.1 2.3	37.6 3.8	37.3 3.7
Sales occupations	6.2	6.2	4.1	4.6	8.4	8.0
Administrative support, including clerical	16.6	16.7	8.0	8.2	25.4	25.0
Service occupations	24.2	23.8	18.2	18.4	30.4	29.
Private household	2.7	2.6	.1	.2	5.4	5.2
Protective service	2.3	2.4	3.9	3.9	.8	
Service, except private household and protective	19.2	18.8	14.3	14.4	24.3	23.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	9.9	9.1	16.9	15.0	2.6	2.9
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	23.1	23.6	33.1	33.0	12.7	13.0
Transportation and material moving occupations	10.5 6.1	10.8	11.1 11.0	11.1 10.5	9.9 1.0	10.
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.6	7.1				.e 2.e
						1.0
Farming, forestry, and fishing	6.6 3.4	7.1 3.5	11.1 5.8	11.4 5.9	1.9 .9	

A-24. Employed civilians by age, sex, and class of worker

(In thousands)

					August 1985				
			Nonagricultura	al industries				Agriculture	
Age and sex		Wage and s	alary workers		Self-	Unneid	Wage and	Self-	Lloosia
	Total	Private household workers	Government	Other	employed workers	Unpaid family workers	Wage and salary workers	employed workers	Unpaid family worker
Total, 16 years and over		1,395	15,437	79,994	7,991	298	1,728	1,567	216
6 to 19 years	6,999	345	447	6,206	123	30	321	71	46
16 to 17 years	. 2,880	240	196	2,444	57	23	160	49	27
18 to 19 years	4,119	105	251	3,762	66	7	161	22	19
0 to 24 years	13,687	153	1,239	12,296	316	25	333	95	31
5 to 34 years	28,458	191	4,169	24,098	1,922	50	462	292	39
5 to 44 years		175	4,346	17,166	2,267	74	295	279	32
5 to 54 years		215	2,966	11,184	1,564	69	162	299	27
5 to 64 years		216	1,957	7,527	1,269	40	109	319	32
55 to 59 years	1	99	1,239	4,596	724	17	64	154	20
60 to 64 years	1 '	116	719	2,931	544	23	45	165	12
5 years and over		100	314	1,518	529	10	48	211	10
Men, 16 years and over	53,243	247	7,660	45,336	5,321	42	1,378	1,349	70
6 to 19 years	. 3,517	106	232	3,179	81	14	269	68	38
16 to 17 years	. 1,442	77	98	1,267	39	11	134	49	22
18 to 19 years	2,075	29	134	1,912	42	3	135	19	16
0 to 24 years		31	592	6.515	214	13	276	83	20
5 to 34 years		40	1,991	13.855	1,254	1	361	252	3
5 to 44 years		21	2,143	9,865	1,474	4	218	227	4
5 to 54 years		11	1,547	6,491	1,028	5	118	249	
55 to 64 years	,	18	974	4,538	904	1	93	277	_
55 to 59 years		4	612	2,781	526		53	127	_
60 to 64 years		14	362	1,757	379	1	40	150	_
55 years and over		20	180	892	364	4	42	193	5
Women, 16 years and over	43,584	1,148	7,778	34,658	2,670	256	350	218	146
6 to 19 years		239	215	3,027	42	16	52	3	8
16 to 17 years		163	98	1,177	18	12	26	_	1 5
18 to 19 years		77	118	1,850	24	5	26	3	2
0 to 24 years		122	646	5,781	102	12	56	12	11
5 to 34 years		152	2,178	10,242	667	49	101	40	36
5 to 44 years		154	2,202	7,300	793	69	77	52	28
15 to 54 years		203	1,418	4,693	536	64	43	50	28
55 to 64 years		198	983	2,989	364	39	16	42	32
55 to 59 years		95	627	1,815	199	17	10	27	20
60 to 64 years		102	357	1,174	166	22	5	15	12
65 years and over	1 '	80	134	626	165	6	5	18	1 4

A-25. Employed civilians by industry and occupation

(In thousands)

							August	1985					
	Managerial and professional specialty				Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations					
em ploye	Total em- ployed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- gerial	Profes- sional specialty	Techni- cians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service ¹	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing
Agriculture	3,512	56	58	21	17	87		3	55	8	42	12	3,152
Mining	1,037	149	106	58	14	124		15	312	21	200	38	1
Construction	7,552	839	134	65	113	443	-	25	4,270	98	565	977	24
Manufacturing	20,954	2,162	1,664	785	696	2,560		377	4,082	6,661	805	1,057	105
Durable goods	12,550	1,339	1,190	573	279	1,461		215	2,914	3,552	438	494	95
Nondurable goods	8,404	823	475	212	418	1,098	-	162	1,168	3,109	366	563	10
Transportation and public		'				ł						ļ	
utilities	7,616	817	477	232	297	1,961		227	1,378	114	1,600	490	22
Wholesale and retail trade	22,546	1,894	376	84	9,121	2,310	-	4,383	1,481	288	834	1,741	35
Wholesale trade		471	56	47	1,719	831		62	317	138	437	349	13
Retail trade	18,105	1,422	320	37	7,401	1,479		4,321	1,164	150	396	1,392	22
Finance, insurance, and						j				l	ļ		
real estate		1,662	131	112	1,702	3,023	-	275	119	20	10	26	74
Services	33,179	3,557	9,530	1,838	697	5,358	1,059	7,172	1,931	724	412	376	525
Private households	1,399	2	10	15	3	8	1,059	109	16	-	2	19	157
Other service industries		3,556	9,519	1,823	694	5,350	-	7,063	1,914	724	410	358	368
Professional services		1,997	8,303	1,508	116			3,912	402	196	170	74	121
Public administration	5,077	1,082	654	231	41	1,464		1,121	280	22	50	36	97

¹ Includes protective service, not shown separately.

A-26. Employed civilians with a job but not at work by reason, sex, and pay status

(In thousands)

	A indus	1	Nonagricultural industries							
			То	tal	Wage and salary workers'					
Reason not working and sex	Aug.	Aug.			Paid ab	sences	Unpaid absences			
	1984	1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985	Aug. 1984	Aug. 1985		
Total, 16 years and over	10,936	11,156	10,774	10,982	6,041	6,229	3,906	3,919		
Vacation	8,699	8,812	8,607	8,718	5,375	5,481	2,720	2,722		
Illness	1,246	1,302	1,212	1,274	467	527	645	634		
Bad weather	20	32	14	19	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)		
Industrial dispute	83	59	83	59	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)		
All other reasons	889	950	858	913	199	222	540	563		
Men, 16 years and over	4,985	5,077	4,855	4,941	3,174	3,257	1,245	1,272		
Vacation	3,896	3,937	3,827	3,867	2,815	2,867	749	749		
Illness	674	700	645	680	275	290	319	340		
All other reasons ³	415	439	384	394	84	99	177	184		
Women, 16 years and over	5,951	6,079	5,919	6,041	2,867	2,973	2,660	2,647		
Vacation	4,803	4,875	4,780	4,850	2,560	2,613	1,971	1,973		
Illness	572	602	567	594	192	237	326	294		
All other reasons ³	577	603	571	597	115	123	363	380		

¹ Excludes private household workers.

² Pay status not available separately for bad weather and industrial dispute; these categories are included in all other reasons.

³ Includes bad weather and industrial dispute, not shown separately. NOTE: Estimates for "all other reasons" by pay status may be biased because of high response variance; data should be used with caution.

A-27. Persons at work by hours of work and type of industry

	August 1985										
Hours of work	1	Thousands of po	ersons	Percent distribution							
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries					
Total, 16 years and over	97,472	3,338	94,134	100.0	100.0	100.0					
1 to 34 hours	22,419	1,035	21,385	23.0	31.0	22.7					
1 to 4 hours	720	49	671	.7	1.5	.7					
5 to 14 hours	3,431	225	3,206	3.5	6.7	3.4					
15 to 29 hours	11,176	481	10,695	11.5	14.4	11.4					
30 to 34 hours	7,092	280	6,813	7.3	8.4	7.2					
35 hours and over	75,052	2.304	72,749	77.0	69.0	77.3					
35 to 39 hours	6,641	175	6,467	6.8	5.2	6.9					
40 hours	40,696	627	40,069	41.8	18.8	42.6					
41 hours and over	27,715	1,502	26,213	28.4	45.0	27.8					
41 to 48 hours	10,117	189	9,928	10.4	5.7	10.5					
49 to 59 hours	9,726	425	9,301	10.0	12.7	9.9					
60 hours and over	7,872	888	6,984	8.1	26.6	7.4					
Average hours, total at work	39.6	44.3	39.4	_	_	_					
Average hours, workers on full-time schedules	43.5	52.5	43.2	_	_	l					

A-28. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by reason for working less than 35 hours, type of industry, and usual status

			Augus	t 1985			
2		All industries		Nonagricultural industries			
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	
Total, 16 years and over	22,419	7,310	15,109	21,385	6,982	14,403	
Economic reasons	6,187 2,404	1,775 1,350	4,412 1,054	5,840 2,226	1,665 1,251	4,175 975	
Slack work	_,	1,350	1,054	51	51	9/3	
New job started during week	244	244	_	239	239	_	
Job terminated during week	126	126	_	124	124	_	
Could find only part-time work	3,358	-	3,358	3,200	-	3,200	
Other reasons	16,232	5,535	10,697	15,545	5,317	10,228	
Does not want, or unavailable for, full-time work	8,314	-	8,314	7,953	-	7,953	
Vacation	2,323	2,323	-	2,280	2,280	-	
lliness	1,235	1,106	129	1,218	1,092	126	
Bad weather	1	423	} -	321	321	-	
Industrial dispute		13	-	13	13	1 -	
Legal or religious holiday		159	-	159	159	i -	
Full time for this job		-	1,588	1,549	-	1,549	
All other reasons	2,176	1,510	666	2,051	1,452	599	
Average hours:							
Economic reasons	21.8	23.8	21.0	22.0	23.9	21.2	
Other reasons	21.9	25.5	20.1	22.0	25.5	20.2	
Worked 30 to 34 hours:							
Economic reasons	1,880	749	1,131	1,790	707	1,083	
Other reasons	5,212	2,741	2,471	5,023	2,642	2,381	

A-29. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and full- or part-time status

					August 198	35			
		On part			On full-time	e schedule	s	Average	Average
Industry	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
Total, 16 years and over	94,134	5,840	10,228	78,066	51, 85 3	9,928	16,285	39.4	43.2
Wage and salary workers	86,583	5,254	9,073	72,256	49,244	9,376	13,636	39.2	42.8
Mining	946	34	18	894	472	142	280	44.5	46.0
Construction	5,828	398	245	5,185	3,460	615	1,110	40.4	42.8
Manufacturing Durable goods	18,885 11,251 7,634	586 223 364	524 202 323	17,775 10,826 6,947	12,040 7,291 4,747	2,719 1,667 1,052	3,016 1,868 1,148	41.5 42.0 40.6	42.6 42.8 42.4
Transportation and public utilities	6,502 19,245 6,002	246 1,960 122	269 3,469 453	5,987 13,816 5,427	3,974 8,565 3,910	756 2,073 666	1,257 3,178 851	41.8 37.5 39.8	43.6 43.7 41.8
Service industries Private households All other industries Public administration	24,548 1,305 23,243 4,628	1,834 309 1,525 73	3,881 522 3,359 212	18,833 474 18,359 4,343	13,518 325 13,193 3,308	2,007 46 1,961 397	3,308 103 3,205 638	37.1 25.3 37.8 40.8	42.1 44.0 42.1 42.0
Self-employed workersUnpaid family workers		583 5	1,048 107	5,621 187	2,496 112	532 20	2,593 55	41.7 37.1	48.6 46.0

A-30. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by sex, age, race, marital status, and full- or part-time status

Sex, age, race, and marital status		August 1985							
		On part	On voluntary part time	On full-time schedules			Average	Average	
	Total at work	time for economic reasons		Total	40 hours or less	41 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules	
TOTAL									
Total, 16 years and over	94,134	5,840	10,228	78,066	51,853	26,213	39.4	43.2	
16 to 19 years	6,774	1,424	2,037	3,313	2,609	704	30.4	40.8	
16 to 17 years		671	1,199	892	718	174	25.7	39.8	
18 to 19 years		753	839	2,420	1,890	530	33.6	41.1	
20 years and over		4,416	8,191	74,753	49,244	25,509	40.1	43.3	
20 to 24 years		1,146	1,328	10,716	7,592	3,124	38.5	42.2	
25 years and over		3,269	6,863	64,038	41,654	22,384	40.4	43.5	
25 to 44 years	48,606	2,222	3,656	42,728	27,322	15,406	40.9	43.6	
45 to 64 years	23,402	959	2,236	20,207	13,584	6,623	40.2	43.3	
65 years and over	2,162	88	970	1,104	749	355	30.2	43.0	
Men, 16 years and over		2,729	2,884	48,052	28,667	19,385	42.1	44.6	
16 to 19 years		683	917	1,820	1,365	455	31.4	41.4	
16 to 17 years		313	577	507	393	114	26.6	40.5	
18 to 19 years	1 '	370	341	1,312	971	341	34.8	41.7	
20 years and over		2,046	1,967	46,232	27,302	18,930	42.9	44.7	
20 to 24 years		560	495	6,002	3,917	2,085	40.2	43.2	
25 years and over		1,486	1,472	40,230	23,383	16,847	43.3	44.9	
25 to 44 years		1,034	469	26,596	15,066	11,530	43.9	45.2	
45 to 64 years		414	464	12,911	7,855	5,056	43.1	44.6	
65 years and over	1,300	38	539	723	462	261	31.9	43.9	
Women, 16 years and over		3,111	7,344	30,014	23,186	6,828	35.7	40.9	
16 to 19 years	1	741	1,120	1,493	1,244	249	29.3	40.0	
16 to 17 years		357	622	386	326	60	24.8	38.9	
18 to 19 years		384	498	1,107	918	189	32.3	40.5	
20 years and over		2,370	6,224	28,521	21,942	6,579	36.3	41.0	
20 to 24 years		586	834	4,713	3,672	1,041	36.6	40.8	
25 years and over		1,783	5,390	23,809	18,271	5,538	36.2	41.0	
25 to 44 years		1,189	3,188	16,130	12,253	3,877	36.7	41.1	
45 to 64 years		546	1,773	7,295	5,728	1,567	36.0	40.9	
65 years and over	862	50	430	382	287	95	27.7	41.1	
RACE				ļ				İ	
White, 16 years and over	82,095	4,749	9,254	68,092	44,061	24,031	39.5	43.4	
Men		2,213	2,517	42,548	24,617	17,931	42.4	44.8	
Women	34,817	2,536	6,737	25,544	19,443	6,101	35.6	41.0	
Black, 16 years and over	9,303	942	721	7,640	6,077	1,563	37.9	41.6	
Men		445	279	4,160	3,102	1,058	39.5	42.7	
Women	4,419	497	442	3,480	2,975	505	36.2	40.2	
MARITAL STATUS									
Men, 16 years and over:									
Married, spouse present		1,082	1,192	33,475	18,650	14,825	43.9	45.5	
Widowed, divorced, or separated	5,000	256	165	4,579	2,747	1,832	42.9	44.9	
Single (never married)	15,359	1,647	1,768	11,944	7,986	3,958	38.4	43.4	
Women, 16 years and over:									
Married, spouse present	21,289	1,151	4,580	15,558	12,240	3,318	35.2	40.6	
Widowed, divorced, or separated	8,031	614	904	6,513	4,815	1,698	37.8	41.6	
Single (never married)	11,149	1,347	1,859	7,943	6,132	1,811	35.4	41.0	

A-31. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

		v		A	ugust 198	35			
					On full-time	e schedule	s		Average
Occupation and sex	Total at work	On part time for economic reasons	On volun- tary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	Average hours, total at work	hours, workers on full- time sched- ules
Total, 16 years and over	93,637	5,736	10,145	77,756	51,573	9,921	16,263	39.4	43.2
Managerial and professional specialty		462 145 317	1,584 499 1,085	19,102 10,549 8,553	11,121 5,768 5,353	2,355 1,355 1,000	5,626 3,425 2,200	42.2 44.2 40.1	44.6 45.6 43.5
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support	3,112	1,494 84	4,340 274	24,724 2,754	17,398 2,025	3,036 344	4,290 385	38.3 39.6	42.3 41.7
Sales occupations		840 569 1,813	2,061 2,005 2,924	8,868 13,103 8,536	4,791 10,582 6,343	1,258 1,435 816	2,819 1,086 1,377	39.4 37.1 34.6	45.4 40.4 42.4
Private household	984 1,647	208 81	410 117	366 1,449	250 856	39 212	76 381	25.8 43.1	43.7 45.8
Service, except private household and protective		1,524 666 1,301	2,398 416 880	6,721 11,782 13,612	5,236 7,618 9,093	565 1,738 1,975	920 2,426 2,544	34.2 41.5 40.3	41.6 43.3 43.2
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	7,324 4,064 4,404	437 283 580	250 171 460	6,637 3,610 3,364	4,809 1,834 2,449	968 550 456	860 1,226 459	40.3 43.9 37.0	42.0 46.7 41.8
Men, 16 years and over	53,123	2,631	2,767	47,725	28,376	6,587	12,762	42.3	44.6
Managerial and professional specialty Executive, administrative, and managerial Professional specialty	7,200	200 73	470 172	12,315 6,954	6,445 3,397	1,533 896	4,338 2,661	44.6 45.8	46.0 46.8
Technical, sales, and administrative support	10,988 1,661	126 352 32	298 681 39	5,361 9,955 1,589	3,047 5,560 1,092	637 1,418 210	1,677 2,976 288	43.0 43.0 41.8	44.9 45.2 42.7
Sales occupations	6,135 3,193 5,363	204 116 565	466 176 716	5,465 2,900 4,083	2,412 2,056 2,812	806 403 457	2,247 441 813	44.7 40.3 38.5	47.6 42.2 43.9
Private household	1,399	14 66	15 82	18 1,250	725	182	3 344	(') 43.8	(¹) 46.3
Service, except private household and protective	11,761	485 602 912	618 294 607	2,815 10,865 10,507	2,076 6,937 6,622	272 1,615 1,564	2,313 2,321	36.8 41.8 41.2	42.8 43.5 44.0
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3,879	170 258 483	93 149 364	4,139 3,471 2,897	2,814 1,731 2,076	635 532 397	1,208 423	41.8 44.2 37.3	
Women, 16 years and over		3,105	7,378	30,031	23,196	3,334	3,501	35.7	40.9
Managerial and professional specialty		262 71	1,114 327	6,787 3,595	4,677 2,371	822 459	1,288 765	38.5 41.1	42.2 43.3
Professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative support	4,170 19,570	191 1,142	787 3,659	3,192 14,769	2,306 11,837	363 1,618	523 1,314	36.0 35.6	41.0 40.3
Technicians and related support		52 636 453	235 1,595 1,828	1,164 3,402 10,202	933 2,379 8,525	134 451 1,032	97 572 645	37.1 33.6 36.3	
Service occupations	7,910 937	1,248 195	2,209 395	4,453 348	3,530 239	359 36	564 73	32.0 25.7	41.
Protective service Service, except private household and protective Precision production, craft, and repair	6,725	15 1,039 64	1,780 123	199 3,906 917	132 3,160 681	30 293 124	37 453 112	38.9 32.6 38.2	40.7
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	3,768 2,922	389 267	274 157	3,105 2,498	2,471 1,995	411 333	223 170	37.5 38.0	40.5 40.4
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers			21 96	139 467	103 373	18 59	18 35	37.0 35.4	

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-32. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

			1984			ı			19	85			
Employment status and sex	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
TOTAL													
Noninstitutional population ¹	178,295	178,483	178,661	178,834	179,004	179,081	179,219	179,368	179,501	179,649	179,798	179,967	180,13
Labor force ¹	115,341	115,484	115,721	115,773	116,162	116,572	116,787	117,215	117,073	117,078	116,485	117,018	117,02
Percent of population ²	64.7	64.7	64.8	64.7	64.9	65.1	65.2	65.3	65.2	65.2	64.8	65.0	65.
Total employed1	106,860	107,114	107,354	107,631	107,971	108,088	108,388	108,820	108,647	108,665	108,072	108,566	108,89
Employment-population ratio ³	59.9	60.0	60.1	60.2	60.3	60.4	60.5	60.7	60.5	60.5	60.1	60.3	60.
Resident Armed Forces	1.712	1.720	1,705	1.699	1,698	1,697	1.703	1,701	1,702	1,705	1,702	1,704	1,72
Civilian employed	105,148	105,394	105.649	105.932	106.273	106,391	106,685	107,119	106.945	106,960	106.370	106.862	107.17
Agriculture	3.264	3,319	3.169	3,334	3,385	3,320	3,340	3.362	3,428	3,312	3,138	3,126	3.09
Nonagricultural industries					102,888				103.517	103,648			,
Unemployed	8,481	8,370	8,367	8,142	8,191	8,484	8,399	8,396	8,426	8,413	8.413	8,451	8,12
Unemployment rate ⁴		7.2	7.2	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.2		7.2		7.2		
Not in labor force	62,954	62,999	62,940	63,061	62,842	62,509					63,313		1
	02,007	0.0,000	00,010	00,00	,	02,000			00,120		00,010	02,010	
Men	·							Ì					
Noninstitutional population ¹	85,257	85,352	85,439	85,523	85,607	85,629	85,692	85,764	85,827	85,898	85,970	86,052	86,13
Labor force ¹	65,357	65,589	65,558	65,657	65,814	65,822	65,818	65,923	65,986	66,032	65,608	65,900	65,90
Percent of population ²	76.7	76.8	76.7	76.8	76.9	76.9	76.8	76.9	76.9	76.9	76.3	76.6	76
Total employed1		60,959	61,018	61,155	61,252	61,213	61,226	61,427	61,405	61,553	80,959	61,256	61,50
Employment-population ratio ³	71.3	71.4	71.4	71.5	71.6	71.5	71.4	71.6	71.5	71.7	70.9	71.2	71
Resident Armed Forces		1.571	1.557	1.552	1,550	1.549	1.554	1.553	1,553	1.556	1.552	1.554	1.57
Civilian employed		59,388	59,461	59,603	59,702	59,664	59,672	59,874	59,852		59,407	59,702	59,93
Unemployed		4,630	4,540		4,562	4,609							
Unemployment rate4		7.1	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.8	6.9	6.8	7.1	7.0	
Not in labor force	19,900								19,841	19,866			
Women													
Noninstitutional population ¹	93,039	93,132	93,222	93,311	93,397	93,452	93,527	93,603	93,674	93,751	93,828	93,915	93.98
Labor force			50,163									51,117	
Percent of population ²		53.6	53.8		53.9	54.3				, ,			, ,
Total employed1	46,094												1
Employment-population ratio ³			49.7	1 .	, ,		1 '	1 '					, , , ,
Resident Armed Forces		1	148				1	1					
Civilian employed						46,727							
Unemployed										1 '			
Unemployment rate ⁴					1						7.4		
Not in labor force			43.059									42,798	
140t III 18001 10106	40,000	43,237	43,008	43,183	43,048	42,702	42,007	42,310	42,000	42,704	42,501	42,790	42,0

¹ Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

2 Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

3 Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

4 Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

Armed Forces).

NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-32 through A-41 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

A-33. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,			1984						19	85			
sex, and age	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	176,583	176,763	176,956	177,135	177,306	177,384	177,516	177,667	177,799	177,944	178,096	178,263	178,405
Civilian labor force	113,629	113,764	114,016	114,074	114,464	114,875	115,084	115,514	115,371	115,373	114,783	115,314	115,299
Percent of population		64.4	64.4	64.4	64.6	64.8	64.8	65.0	64.9	64.8	64.5	64.7	64.6
Employed										106,960			
Employment-population ratio ²		59.6	59.7	59.8	59.9	60.0	60.1	60.3	60.1	60.1	59.7	59.9	60.1
Unemployed		8,370	8,367	8,142	8,191	8,484	8,399	8,396	8,426		8,413		8,127
Unemployment rate	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.0
Men, 20 years and over				:									
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹			76,565		76,753	76,760	76,829	76,904	76,988		77,135	77,243	77,306
Civilian labor force		59,892	59,913		60,131	60,033		60,152	60,177		60,100	60,143	60,227
Percent of population		78.3	78.3	1	78.3	78.2		78.2	78.2		77.9	77.9	
Employed			56,182	1 .		56,234		56,421	56,370		56,209		
Employment-population ratio ²		73.3	73.4		73.4	73.3		73.4	73.2	73.4	72.9	73.0	
Agriculture		2,414	2,334	2,434	2,494	2,417	2,362	2,326	2,390	2,370	2,266	2,231	2,232
Nonagricultural industries			53,848						53,980		53,944	1	
Unemployed			3,731	3,725		3,798		3,731	3,807	3,651	3,891	3,767	
Unemployment rate		6.4	6.2		6.3	6.3		6.2	6.3		6.5	6.3	
Not in labor force	16,579	16,559	16,652	16,669	16,622	16,727	16,768	16,752	16,811	16,854	17,035	17,100	17,079
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	85,581	85,688	85,793	85,897	85,995	86,015	86,086	86,181	86,274	86,380	86,477	86,575	86,652
Civilian labor force	46,092	45,950	46,264	46,279	46,463	46,771	46,894	47,193	47,155	47,077	47,180	47,184	47,344
Percent of population	53.9	53.6	53.9	53.9	54.0	54.4			54.7	54.5	54.6	54.5	54.6
Employed	42,878	42,906	43,091	43,252	43,511	43,610	43,768	44,014	43,958	43,846	44,032	44,059	44,152
Employment-population ratio ²		50.1	50.2		50.6	50.7	50.8		51.0		50.9	50.9	
Agriculture		590	569		595	592		1	651		558	596	
Nonagricultural industries	1 -				1-,			,		1	43,474	,	
Unemployed		3,044	3,173	1	2,952	3,161					3,148	-,	
Unemployment rate			6.9			6.8	1	6.7	6.8		6.7	6.6	
Not in labor force	39,489	39,738	39,529	39,618	39,532	39,244	39,192	38,988	39,119	39,303	39,297	39,391	39,308
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years						i.							
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	14,653	14,624	14,598	14,575	14,557	14,610	14,600	14,582	14,538	14,496	14,483	14,445	14,44
Civilian labor force					7,870			8,169	8,039	8,082	7,502	7,986	7,72
Percent of population						55.2		56.0		1	51.8		
Employed					6,390	6,547			6,617		6,128		
Employment-population ratio ²							1		45.5		42.3		
Agriculture								377	387		313		
Nonagricultural industries						1			6,230				
Unemployed			1			, ,	1 .			, , , ,	1,374		
Unemployment rate					1		1		h		18.3		
Not in labor force	6,887	6,702	6,759	6,774	6,687	6,538	6,471	6,413	6,499	6,414	6,981	6,459	6,720

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
 Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

population.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Percent of population	Employment status,			1984						19	85			
Civilian noninstitutional population 152,402 152,401 152,605 152,605 152,734 153,102 153,191 153,295 153,381 153,485 153,487 153,797 153,707 Civilian labor force 99,223 98,426 98,631 98,630 98,605 99,405 99,405 99,711 100,035 99,805 99,788		Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Civilian labor force 99,225 99,426 98,631 98,630 99,005 99,496 99,711 100,035 98,056 97,65 96,16 65.0 64.7 64.6	WHITE													!
Percent of population	· · ·													
Employed		1 ' 1			' '		65.0				,		64.9	64.8
Employment-population ratio			92,177	92,407	92,587	92,884	93,124	93,552	93,785	93,544	93,539	92,990	93,374	93,599
Unemployment rate 6,272 6,249 6,224 6,043 6,121 6,372 6,159 6,250 6,250 6,262 6,30 6,451 6,56			60.5	60.6	60.6	60.8	60.8	61.1	61.2	61.0	60.9	60.5	60.7	60.8
Mem, 20 years and over	Unemployed	6,272											6,362	6,136
Civilian labor force	Unemployment rate	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.5	6.4	6.2
Percent of population	Men, 20 years and over													
Employed	Civilian labor force	52,392	52,494	52,508	52,586	52,695	52,727	52,750	52,823	52,866	52,853	52,798	52,754	52,846
Employed micropoulation ratio'		78.6	78.7	78.6	78.7	78.8	78.6	78.6	78.6	78.6			78.2	78.3
Employment-population ratio			49,604	49,667	49,745	49,840	49,808	49,907	49,995	49,970	50,098	49,732	49,810	50,03€
Unemployed			74.4	74.4	74.5	74.5	74.3	74.4	74.4	74.3	74.4	73.8	73.9	74.2
Civilian labor force			2,890	2,841	2,841	2,855	2,918	2,843	2,828	2,896	2,756	3,066	2,944	2,811
Civilian labor force			5.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.8	5.6	5.3
Percent of population	Women, 20 years and over													
Percent of population	Civilian labor force	39,130	39.014	39,271	39.237	39,434	39.789	39.925	40.158	40.024	39.961	40.102	40.130	40,253
Employed														
Employment-population ratio* 50.0 49.9 50.1 50.2 50.4 50.6 50.8 51.0 50.8 2,338 2,332 2,333 2,239 2,230 2,292 2,174 2,175 2,348 2,244 2,360 2,338 2,332 2,333 2,233								1	4)				37,941
Unemployed					. ,									
Civilian labor force								1	-					
Civilian labor force 6,701 6,918 6,852 6,807 6,876 6,981 7,036 7,054 6,915 6,954 6,541 6,855 Percent of population 55.5 57.4 56.9 56.6 57.3 58.2 58.8 59.1 58.0 58.5 55.0 57. Employed 5,627 5,789 5,761 5,779 5,785 5,876 5,964 5,992 5,888 5,832 5,499 5,73 Employment-population ratio' 46.6 48.0 47.8 46.1 48.2 49.0 49.8 50.2 49.4 49.0 44.3 46.3 48. Unemployed 1,074 1,129 1,091 1,028 1,091 1,105 1,072 1,062 1,027 1,122 1,042 1,111 Unemployment rate 16.0 16.3 15.9 15.1 15.9 15.8 15.2 15.1 14.9 16.1 15.9 16.8 Men 16.7 17.0 16.6 16.2 16.2 16.2 15.9 17.0 15.2 15.3 16.8 16.7 17. Women 15.4 15.5 15.2 13.9 15.5 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15. ELACK Civilian labor force 12.142 12,082 12,208 12,276 12,306 12,315 12,309 12,280 12,403 12,370 12,269 12,34 Percent of population 6.2.6 62.2 10,260 10,340 10,426 10,462 10,475 10,301 10,412 10,508 10,438 10,551 10,48 Employed 1,920 1,822 1,868 1,850 1,844 1,840 2,008 1,869 1,894 1,932 1,718 1,85 Unemployed 1,920 1,822 1,868 1,850 1,844 1,840 2,008 1,869 1,894 1,932 1,718 1,85 Unemployed 4,914 4,927 4,970 4,996 4,996 4,973 4,907 4,929 4,937 4,929 4,937 4,954 5,027 5,00 Employed 804 4,914 4,927 4,970 4,996 4,996 4,973 4,907 4,909 4,9														
Percent of population	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years				E								!	
Percent of population	Civilian labor force	6,701	6,918	6,852	6,807	6,876	6.981	7.036	7.054	6.915	6.954	6.541	6,852	6,635
Employed			57.4	56.9	56.6	57.3	58.2					1 '	1 '	
Employment-population ratio*											1	1	1	1
Unemployed			48.0	47.8	48.1	48.2	49.0							1 '
Unemployment rate			1,129	1.091	1.028	1.091	1.105	1.072	1				t .	ŧ.
Men 16.7 17.0 16.6 16.2 16.2 15.9 17.0 15.2 15.3 16.8 16.7 17. 15.4 15.5 15.5 15.5 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.5 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.5 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.5 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.5 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.5 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.5 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.1 15.5 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.1 15.5 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.1 15.5 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.1 15.3 15.1 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.3 15.1 15.3 15.1 15.3 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.3 15.1 15.3 15.1 15.3 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.3 15.1 15.3 15.1 15.3 15.8 13.4 14.9 14.3 14.9 14.3 15.3 15.1 15.3 15.1 15.3 12.30 12.280 12.340 1									1 '					
Black Section Sectio	• •	1			1			1			1	1		1
Civilian Industributional population 19,386 19,416 19,449 19,481 19,513 19,518 19,542 19,569 19,594 19,620 19,646 19,67 Civilian Industributional population 62,6 62,2 62,8 63,0 63,1 63,1 63,0 62,8 63,3 63,0 62,5 62,2 Employed 10,222 10,260 10,340 10,426 10,462 10,475 10,301 10,412 10,508 10,438 10,551 10,49 Employment-population ratio ² 52,7 52,8 53,2 53,5 53,5 53,6 53,7 52,7 53,2 53,6 53,2 53,5 53,2 53,5 53,2 53,5 53,2 53,5 53,2 53,5 53,2 53,5 Unemployed 15,80 15,1 15,0 15,0 14,9 16,3 15,2 15,3 15,6 14,0 15,0 Men, 20 years and over Civilian labor force 5,718 5,697 7,739 5,729 5,762 5,699 5,735 5,683 5,713 5,731 5,725 5,74 Percent of population 75,0 74,6 75,0 74,7 74,9 74,4 74,8 73,9 74,2 74,3 74,1 74,970 Employed 4,914 4,927 4,970 4,988 4,983 4,973 4,907 4,929 4,937 4,954 5,027 5,01 Unemployed 804 770 769 731 764 726 828 754 776 777 699 72 Unemployent rate 14,1 13,5 13,4 12,8 13,3 12,7 14,4 13,3 13,6 13,6 13,6 12,2 12,00 Civilian labor force 5,589 5,538 5,601 5,704 5,703 5,709 5,671 5,684 5,767 5,716 5,714 5,68 Employed 4,818 4,841 4,851 4,932 4,977 4,977 4,881 4,953 5,008 4,934 5,010 4,934 5,010 4,935 Civilian labor force 5,589 5,538 5,601 5,704 5,703 5,709 5,671 5,684 5,767 5,716 5,714 5,685 5,855 5													1	1
Civilian labor force	BLACK								ļ					-
Percent of population														
Employed				1 '			,							
Employment-population ratio ² 52.7 52.8 53.2 53.5 53.6 53.7 52.7 53.2 53.6 53.2 53.7 53.2 1,800												1		
Unemployed											1 '	.,		
Description													1	1
Civilian labor force 5,718 5,697 5,739 5,729 5,762 5,699 5,735 5,683 5,713 5,731 5,725 5,74 Percent of population 75.0 74.6 75.0 74.7 74.9 74.4 74.8 73.9 74.2 74.3 74.1 74.1 74.1 74.2 74.9 74.9 74.998 4,998 4,973 4,907 4,994 4,998 4,973 4,907 4,994 4,998 4,973 4,907 4,994 4,998 4,973 4,907 4,995 5,027 5,01 64.1 64.1 64.1 64.2 65.1 64.0 64.9 64.0 64.1 64.1 64.2 65.1 64.0 64.1 64.1 64.2 65.1 64.0 64.1 64.1 64.2 65.1 64.1 64.2 65.1 64.1 64.1 64.2 65.1 64.1 64.1 64.1 64.1 64.1 64.1 64.1 64.1 64.1 64.1 64.1<														
Percent of population 75.0 74.6 75.0 74.7 74.9 74.4 74.8 73.9 74.2 74.3 74.1 74.2 Employed 4,914 4,927 4,970 4,998 4,998 4,993 4,907 4,929 4,937 4,954 5,027 5,01 Employed 64.5 64.5 64.9 65.1 65.0 64.9 64.0 64.1 64.1 64.1 64.2 65.1 65.0 64.9 776 776 777 699 72 Unemployment rate 14.1 13.5 13.4 12.8 13.3 12.7 14.4 13.3 13.6 13.6 12.2 12.2 Women, 20 years and over Civilian labor force 5,589 5,538 5,601 5,704 5,703 5,709 5,671 5,684 5,767 5,716 5,714 5,689 Percent of population 58.1 57.5 58.0 59.0 58.9 59.0 58.5 58.5 <td>Men, 20 years and over</td> <td></td>	Men, 20 years and over													
Percent of population 75.0 74.6 75.0 74.7 74.9 74.4 74.8 73.9 74.2 74.3 74.1 74.2 Employed 4,914 4,927 4,970 4,998 4,998 4,973 4,992 4,937 4,954 5,027 5,01 Employed 64.5 64.5 64.9 65.1 65.0 64.9 64.0 64.1 64.1 64.2 65.1 65.0 Unemployed 804 770 769 731 764 726 828 754 776 777 699 72 Unemployment rate 14.1 13.5 13.4 12.8 13.3 12.7 14.4 13.3 13.6 13.6 12.2 12. Women, 20 years and over Civilian labor force 5,589 5,538 5,601 5,704 5,703 5,709 5,671 5,684 5,767 5,716 5,714 5,68 Percent of population 58.1 57.5	Civilian labor force	5 715	5 607	5 720	5 720	5 762	5 600	5 725	5 692	5 712	5 721	5 725	5 745	5,753
Employed 4,914 4,927 4,970 4,998 4,998 4,973 4,907 4,929 4,937 4,954 5,027 5,017 Employment-population ratio² 64.5 64.5 64.9 65.1 65.0 64.9 64.0 64.1 64.1 64.2 65.1 64.2 Unemployed 804 770 769 731 764 726 828 754 776 777 699 72 Unemployment rate 14.1 13.5 13.4 12.8 13.3 12.7 14.4 13.3 13.6 13.6 12.2 12. Women, 20 years and over Civilian labor force 5,589 5,538 5,601 5,704 5,703 5,709 5,671 5,684 5,767 5,716 5,714 5,68 Percent of population 58.1 57.5 58.0 59.0 58.9 59.0 58.5 58.5 59.3 58.6 58.5 58.5 Employed 4,818 4,841 4,851 4,932 4,977 4,977 4,981 4,953							1 '							
Employment-population ratio² 64.5 64.5 64.9 65.1 65.0 64.9 64.0 64.1 64.1 64.1 64.2 65.1 64.9 Unemployed 804 770 769 731 764 726 828 754 776 777 699 72 Unemployment rate 14.1 13.5 13.4 12.8 13.3 12.7 14.4 13.3 13.6 13.6 12.2 12. Women, 20 years and over Civilian labor force 5,589 5,538 5,601 5,704 5,703 5,709 5,671 5,684 5,767 5,716 5,714 5,688 Percent of population 58.1 57.5 58.0 59.0 58.9 59.0 58.5 58.5 59.3 58.6 58.5 58.5 Employed 4,818 4,841 4,851 4,932 4,977 4,977 4,981 4,953 5,008 4,934 5,010 4,932													L	
Unemployed							1 '					, ,		
Women, 20 years and over 14.1 13.5 13.4 12.8 13.3 12.7 14.4 13.3 13.6 13.6 13.6 12.2 12.2 Civilian labor force 5,589 5,589 5,589 5,601 5,704 5,703 5,709 5,671 5,684 5,767 5,716 5,714 5,688 Percent of population 58.1 57.5 58.0 59.0 58.9 59.0 58.5 58.5 58.5 58.5 58.5 58.5 58.5 Employed 4,818 4,841 4,851 4,932 4,977 4,977 4,981 4,953 5,008 4,934 5,010 4,938				1	1	I .	-							
Civilian labor force 5,589 5,538 5,601 5,704 5,703 5,709 5,671 5,684 5,767 5,716 5,714 5,688 Percent of population 58.1 57.5 58.0 59.0 58.9 59.0 58.5 58.5 59.3 58.6 58.5 Employed 4,818 4,841 4,851 4,932 4,977 4,977 4,981 4,953 5,008 4,934 5,010 4,938			1	1							l.		1	1
Percent of population	Women, 20 years and over													
Percent of population	Civilian labor force	5.589	5.538	5.601	5.704	5.703	5.709	5.671	5 684	5 767	5 7 16	5 714	5,687	5,678
Employed														
				l .		1		-		1		1		1
Employment-population ratio ²	Employment-population ratio ²					1 '								
	Unemployed	771							Tr.					
	Unemployment rate	13 8		1										

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,			1984						19	85			
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	835	847	868	843	841	907	904	913	923	923	830	915	830
Percent of population	38.8	39.5	40.5	39.4	39.4	41.7	41.6	42.1	42.6	42.7	38.4	42.4	38.8
Employed	490	492	519	496	487	525	514	530	563	550	514	537	548
Employment-population ratio ²	22.8	22.9	24.2	23.2	22.8	24.1	23.7	24.4	26.0	25.5	23.8	24.9	
Unemployed	345	355	349	347	354	382	390	383	360	373	316	378	288
Unemployment rate	41.3	41.9	40.2	41.2	42.1	42.1	43.1	41.9	39.0	40.4	38.1	41.3	34.4
Men	40.5	41.0	43.8	42.0	43.8	45.3	41.1	40.9	38.5	38.4	40.7	43.3	34.1
Women	42.2	43.0	36.2	40.2	40.1	38.5	45.3	43.1	39.5	42.5	35.2	39.0	34.9
HISPANIC ORIGIN													
Civilian noninstitutional population1	11,209	11,240	11,270	11,301	11,332	11,363	11,394	11,425	11,457	11,485	11,514	11,544	11,573
Civilian labor force	7,299	7,353	7,384	7,394	7,472	7,255	7,330	7,365	7,336	7,330	7,416	7,470	7,547
Percent of population	65.1	65.4	65.5	65.4	85.9	63.8	64.3	64.5	64.0	63.8	64.4	64.7	65.2
Employed	6,521	6,573	6,574	6,636	6,698	6,487	6,621	6,615	6,577	6,546	6,629	6,634	6,771
Employment-population ratio ²	58.2	58.5	58.3	58.7	59.1	57.1	58.1	57.9	57.4	57.0	57.6	57.5	58.5
Unemployed	778	780	810	758	774	768	709	750	759	784	787	836	776
Unemployment rate	10.7	10.6	11.0	10.3	10.4	10.6	9.7	10.2	10.3	10.7	10.6	11.2	10.3

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-35. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Onto a seri			1984						19	85			
Category	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
CHARACTERISTIC													İ
Total	105,148	105,394	105,649	105,932	106,273	106,391	106,685	107,119	106,945	106,960	106,370	106,862	107,17
Married men, spouse present	39,073	39,071	39,054	39,337	39,443	39,441	39,357	39,531	39,434	39,244	38,897	39,060	39,10
Married women, spouse present	25,772	25,715	25,897	25,995	26,122	25,912	26,108	26,195	26,058	25,951	26,130	26,295	26,36
Women who maintain families		5,429	5,378	5,396	5,396	5,584	5,525	5,631	5,622	5,683	5,696	5,624	5,62
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER													
Agriculture:			!									1	
Wage and salary workers	1,453	1,565	1,511	1,593	1,733	1,596	1,611	1,610	1,705	1,611	1,538	1,461	1,42
Self-employed workers		1,555	1,487	1,555		1,531	1,503	1,502		1,507	1,446		1,44
Unpaid family workers		195	187	204	212	227	242	263	231	196	154	168	
Nonagricultural industries:										100			
Wage and salary workers	93,680	94,140	94,415	94,442	94,725	95,068	95,348	95,756	95,617	95,772	95,229	95,456	95,71
Government		15,881	15,997	15,785	15,858	15,738	16,009		15.968	15,905	15.988	15.843	16.08
Private industries		78,259	78,418		78,867	79,330	79,339			79,866		79,613	
Private households		1,198	1,213	1,228	1,257	1,374	1,304	1,210		1,259	1,204	1,258	
Other industries		77,061	77,205	77,429	77,610	77,956				78,607	78,038	78,355	
Self-employed workers		7,752	7,782		7,786	7,783	7,673		7,696	7,665	7,694	7,692	
Unpaid family workers		318	314	357	357	343	340		304	283	292	264	30:
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME													
All industries:									•				
Part time for economic reasons	5,582	5,690	5,710	5,623	5,814	5,628	5,335	5,664	5,664	5,912	5,533	5,624	5,71
Slack work	2,371	2,461	2,514	2,449	2,596	2,431	2,212	2,599	2,580	2,658	2,543	2,404	2.50
Could only find part-time work	2,743	2,943	2,879	2,855	2,873	2,848	2,835	2,744	2,755	2,888	2,706	2,752	
Voluntary part time	13,210	13,144	13,126	13,142	13,239	13,355	13,647	13,624	13,278	12,905	13,398	13,791	13,69
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	5,384	5,449	5,483	5,413	5,596	5,389	5,077	5,400	5,374	5,617	5,257	5,350	5,44
Slack work	2,254	2,306	2,364	2,319	2,473	2,287	2,040	2,405	2,390	2,457	2,341	2,242	2,35
Could only find part-time work		2,847	2,821	2,782	2,793	2,749	2,751	2,649	2,668		2,646	2,668	2,76
Voluntary part time		12,669	12,679	12,670	12,778	12,661	13,157	13,137	12,834	12,483	12,970		13,26

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey

period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

² Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-36. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

			1984						19	85			
Sex and age	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Total, 16 years and over	105,148	105,394	105,649	105,932	106,273	106,391	106,685	107,119	106,945	106,960	106,370	106,862	107,172
16 to 24 years	20,349	20,584	20,647	20,721	20,673	20,716	20,705	20,685	20,678	20,521	20,069	20,283	20,263
16 to 19 years	6,335	6,413	6,376	6,411	6,390	6,547	6,630	6,684	6,617	6,551	6,128	6,427	6,39
16 to 17 years	2,336	2,480	2,418	2,415	2,432	2,513	2,584	2,596	2,527	2,532	2,377	2,494	2,50
18 to 19 years	3,923	3,964	3,972	3,968	3,970	4,038	4,041	4,097	4,080	4,027	3,768	3,888	3,78
20 to 24 years	14,014	14,171	14,271	14,310	14,283	14,169	14,074	14,001	14,061	13,969	13,940	13,856	13,87
25 years and over		84,802	84,995	85,203	85,562	85,664	85,910	86,487	86,301	86,413	86,424	86,594	86,90
25 to 54 years	70,567	70,563	70,859	71,006	71,294	71,508	71,634	71,978	72,023	72,038	72,166	72,427	72,57
55 years and over	14,202	14,255	14,142	14,191	14,252	14,221	14,239	14,492	14,334	14,274	14,312	14,172	14,29
Men, 16 years and over	59,203	59,388	59,461	59,603	59,702	59,664	59,672	59,874	59,852	59,997	59,407	59,702	59,93
16 to 24 years	10,738	10,870	10,882	10,955	10,898	10,870	10,749	10,785	10,889	10,789	10,482	10,580	10,61
16 to 19 years		3,313	3,279	3,334	3,330	3,430	3,385	3,454	3,481	3,434	3,198	3,327	3,30
16 to 17 years	1,167	1,319	1,249	1,258	1,286	1,317	1,329	1,327	1,369	1,342	1,222	1,288	1,27
18 to 19 years		2,025	2,039	2,058	2,052	2,104	2,045	2,112	2,107	2,105	1,987	2,019	1,96
20 to 24 years		7,557	7,603	7,621	7,568	7,440	7,364	7,332	7,408	7,355	7,285	7,253	7,31
25 years and over	48,447	48,513	48,564	48,644	48,770	48,790	48,862	49,118	49,027	49,198	49,005	49,120	49,34
25 to 54 years	40,035	40,109	40,226	40,300	40,384	40,357	40,455	40,534	40,565	40,776	40,572	40,763	40,82
55 years and over		8,430	8,362	8,341	8,365	8,419	8,401	8,579	8,478	8,409	8,472	8,340	8,47
Women, 16 years and over	45,945	46,006	46,188	46,329	46,571	46,727	47,013	47,244	47,093	46,964	46,963	47,160	47,23
16 to 24 years	9,611	9,714	9,765	9,766	9,775	9,846	9,956	9,899	9,789	9,732	9,586	9,703	9,64
16 to 19 years		3,100	3,097	3,077	3,060	3,117	3,246	3,230	3,135	3,118	2,931	3,101	3,08
16 to 17 years	1 '		1,169	1,157	1,146	1,196	1,255			1,190			
18 to 19 years		1,939	1,933	1,910	1,918	1,934	1,996	1,985	1,973	1,922	1,781	1,869	1,81
20 to 24 years		6,614	6,668	6,689	6,715	6,729	6,710	6,669	6,653	6,614	6,656	6,602	6,56
25 years and over	. 36,336	36,289	36,431	36,559	36,792	36,874	37,048	37,370	37,274	37,215	37,418	37,474	37,5
25 to 54 years	. 30,532				30,910	31,150	31,179	31,443	31,458	31,262			
55 years and over					5,887	5,802							

A-37. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

0			1984						198	85			
Sex and age	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Total, 16 years and over	8,481	8,370	8,367	8,142	8,191	8,484	8,399	8,396	8,426	8,413	8,413	8,451	8,127
16 to 24 years	3,284	3,336	3,225	3,147	3,230	3,251	3,281	3,236	3,161	3,394	3,138	3,301	2,998
16 to 19 years	1,431	1,509	1,463	1,390	1,480	1,525	1,499	1,485	1,422	1,531	1,374	1,559	1,335
16 to 17 years	630	656	613	604	646	675	648	685	660	678	639	705	573
18 to 19 years	784	852	858	802	854	848	851	811	767	845	729	831	743
20 to 24 years	1,853	1,827	1,762	1,757	1,750	1,726	1,782	1,751	1,739	1,863	1,764	1,742	1,663
25 years and over	5,155	5,070	5,109	4,998	4,965	5,233	5,116	5,149	5,263	5,044	5,321	5,158	5,098
25 to 54 years	4,513	4,421	4,422	4,350	4,354	4,606	4,519	4,543	4,642	4,402	4.640	4,522	4,492
55 years and over	672	667	701	649	615	631	580	599	599	639	635	668	618
Men, 16 years and over	4,591	4,630	4,540	4,502	4,562	4,609	4,592	4,495	4,582	4,479	4,649	4,644	4,395
16 to 24 years	1,788	1,861	1,742	1,735	1,789	1,745	1,806	1,734	1,716	1,878	1,746	1,835	1,669
16 to 19 years	755	813	809	777	803	811	818	764	775	828	758	877	795
16 to 17 years	333	350	338	320	318	354	346	378	374	382	386	381	360
18 to 19 years		466	476	462	490	461	466	392	406	444	381	479	416
20 to 24 years		1,048	933	958	986	934	988	970	941	1.050		958	874
25 years and over		2,805	2,794	2.777	2,785	2,853	2,775	2.750	2.865	2,608	2,902	2,801	2,728
25 to 54 years		2,393	2,381	2,372	2,393	2,484	2,418	_,	2,516	2,245	2,505	2,412	2,396
55 years and over		426	411	409	388	377	352	339	344	356	397	403	330
Women, 16 years and over	3,890	3,740	3,827	3,640	3,629	3,875	3,807	3,900	3,844	3,934	3,764	3,807	3,732
16 to 24 years	1,496	1,475	1,483	1,412	1,441	1.506	1,475	1,502	1,445	1,516	1,392	1,467	1,330
16 to 19 years		696	654	613	677	714	681	721	647	703		682	540
16 to 17 years		306	275	284	328	321	302	307	286	296	,	324	213
18 to 19 years		386	382	340	364	387	385	419	361	401	348	352	32
20 to 24 years		779	829	799	764	792	794	781	798			785	79
25 years and over		2.265	2,315	2,221	2.180			2,399	2,398			2.357	2.37
25 to 54 years		2.028	2.041	1,978	1,961	2,122		2,142	2,126		_, -,	2,110	_,_,
55 years and over		241	290	240	227	254	229	260	255			2,110	

A-38. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

Say and and			1984						19	85			
Sex and age	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Total, 16 years and over	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.0
16 to 24 years	13.9	13.9	13.5	13.2	13.5	13.6	13.7	13.5	13.3	14.2	13.5	14.0	12.9
16 to 19 years	18.4	19.0	18.7	17.8	18.8	18.9	18.4	18.2	17.7	18.9	18.3	19.5	17.3
16 to 17 years	21.2	20.9	20.2	20.0	21.0	21.2	20.0	20.9	20.7	21.1	21.2	22.0	18.6
18 to 19 years	16.7	17.7	17.8	16.8	17.7	17.4	17.4	16.5	15.8	17.3	16.2	17.6	16.4
20 to 24 years	11.7	11.4	11.0	10.9	10.9	10.9	11.2	11.1	11.0	11.8	11.2	11.2	10.7
25 years and over	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.8	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.5	5.8	5.6	5.5
25 to 54 years	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.8	6.1	5.9	5.9	6.1	5.8	6.0	5.9	5.8
55 years and over	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.4	4.1	4.2	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.3	4.2	4.5	4.1
Men, 16 years and over	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.1	6.9	7.3	7.2	6.8
16 to 24 years	14.3	14.6	13.8	13.7	14.1	13.8	14.4	13.9	13.6	14.8	14.3	14.8	13.6
16 to 19 years	18.8	19.7	19.8	18.9	19.4	19.1	19.5	18.1	18.2	19.4	19.2	20.9	19.4
16 to 17 years	22.2	21.0	21.3	20.3	19.8	21.2	20.7	22.2	21.5	22.2	24.0	22.8	22.0
18 to 19 years	16.6	18.7	18.9	18.3	19.3	18.0	18.6	15.7	16.2	17.4	16.1	19.2	17.4
20 to 24 years	12.1	12.2	10.9	11.2	11.5	11.2	11.8	11.7	11.3	12.5	11.9	11.7	10.7
25 years and over	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.0	5.6	5.4	5.2
25 to 54 years	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.2	5.8	5.6	5.5
55 years and over	4.6	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.4	4.3	4.0	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.5	4.6	3.8
Women, 16 years and over	7.8	7.5	7.7	7.3	7.2	7.7	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.7	7.4	7.5	7.3
16 to 24 years	13.5	13.2	13.2	12.6	12.8	13.3	12.9	13.2	12.9	13.5	12.7	13.1	12.1
16 to 19 years	18.1	18.3	17.4	16.6	18.1	18.6	17.3	18.2	17.1	18.4	17.4	18.0	14.9
16 to 17 years	20.3	20.9	19.0	19.7	22.3	21.2	19.4	19.5	19.8	19.9	18.0	21.2	14.8
18 to 19 years	16.7	16.6	16.5	15.1	16.0	16.7	16.2	17.4	15.5	17.3	16.3	15.8	15.2
20 to 24 years	11.1	10.5	11.1	10.7	10.2	10.5	10.6	10.5	10.7	10.9	10.4	10.6	10.7
25 years and over	6.1	5.9	6.0	5.7	5.6	6.1	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.1	5.9	5.9
25 to 54 years	6.5	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.3	6.2	6.2
55 years and over	4.3	4.0	4.8	3.9	3.7	4.2	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.6	3.9	4.4	4.7

A-39. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

			1984						19	85			
Category	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total (all civilian workers)	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.0
Men, 20 years and over	. 6.4	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.2	6.3	6.1	6.5	6.3	6.0
Women, 20 years and over	. 7.0	6.6	6.9	6.5	6.4	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.7	6.6	6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	. 18.4	19.0	18.7	17.8	18.8	18.9	18.4	18.2	17.7	18.9	18.3	19.5	17.3
White	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.5	6.4	6.2
Black and other	. 14.3	13.8	13.8	13.7	13.6	13.7	14.6	13.9	13.9	14.1	12.8	13.5	12.7
Black	. 15.8	15.1	15.3	15.1	15.0	14.9	16.3	15.2	15.3	15.6	14.0	15.0	14.0
Hispanic origin	. 10.7	10.6	,11.0	10.3	10.4	10.6	9.7	10.2	10.3	10.7	10.6	11.2	10.3
Married men, spouse present		4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.4	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.6	4.4	4.1
Married women, spouse present		5.7	5.7	5.4	5.4	5.7	5.4	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.4
Women who maintain families	. 10.3	10.1	10.4	10.8	9.6	10.0	11.0	10.2	10.8	10.9	9.8	10.2	11.1
Full-time workers		7.1	7.1	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.1.	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.8	7.0	6.7
Part-time workers		9.3	9.1	8.6	8.8	9.3	8.7	9.6	9.7	10.3	9.9	9.5	9.0
Unemployed 15 weeks and over'		2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0
Labor force time lost ²	. 8.5	8.5	8.4	8.2	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.3	8.2	8.3	8.1
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	. 7.4	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.2	7.4	7.3	7.1
Mining	. 10.2	8.6	10.5	11.7	10.7	10.1	10.9	11.0	10.9	7.3	11.1	9.8	8.3
Construction		13.9	13.7	14.2	13.7	13.4	13.4	13.3	13.3	10.2	13.7	13.4	13.1
Manufacturing		7.4	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.6	7.5	7.7	8.0	7.8	7.7	8.0	7.8
Durable goods		6.9	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.4	7.8	7.8	8.0	8.0	7.9
Nondurable goods		8.1	7.8	7.4	7.2	8.1	8.2	8.1	8.3	7.7	7.4	8.0	7.7
Transportation and public utilities		5.9	5.3	5.2	5.0	4.9	5.5	4.6	5.4	5.2	5.3	5.8	4.3
Wholesale and retail trade		8.0	7.9	7.6	7.5	7.7	7.7	7.5	7.3	7.9	7.7	7.5	7.7
Finance and service industries	. 6.0	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.7	6.2	5.8	5.6	5.5
Agricultural wage and salary workers	. 13.1	14.7	13.7	11.2	12.2	15.5	13.6	12.2	13.1	11.5	12.1	14.3	14.3

for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.
 Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-40. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

			1984						19	85			
Weeks of unemployment	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
DURATION	Ü												
Less than 5 weeks	3,513	3,313	3,395	3,352	3,282	3,662	3,524	3,590	3,558	3,659	3,458	3,578	3,372
5 to 14 weeks	2,406	2,533	2,406	2,324	2,516	2,552	2,469	2,478	2,525	2,635	2,547	2,508	2,497
15 weeks and over	2,621	2,605	2,527	2,428	2,374	2,243	2,416	2,400	2,377	2,247	2,317	2,348	2,264
15 to 26 weeks	1,116	1,106	1,092	990	972	941	1,076	1,065	1,022	1,040	1,011	1,094	1,050
27 weeks and over	1,505	1,499	1,435	1,438	1,402	1,302	1,340	1,335	1,354	1,207	1,306	1,254	1,214
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	17.6	17.3	16.7	17.4	17.3	15.3	15.9	15.9	16.1	14.9	15.4	15.4	15.6
Median duration, in weeks	7.6	7.6	7.3	7.3	7.4	6.7	7.2	7.1	6.7	6.2	6.6	7.2	7.5
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	41.1	39.2	40.8	41.4	40.2	43.3	41.9	42.4	42.1	42.8	41.5	42.4	41.5
5 to 14 weeks	28.2	30.0	28.9	28.7	30.8	30.2	29.4	29.3	29.8	30.8	30.6	29.7	30.7
15 weeks and over	30.7	30.8	30.3	30.0	29.1	26.5	28.7	28.3	28.1	26.3	27.8	27.8	27.8
15 to 26 weeks	13.1	13.1	13.1	12.2	11.9	11.1	12.8	12.6	12.1	12.2	12.2	13.0	12.9
27 weeks and over	17.6	17.7	17.2	17.7	17.2	15.4	15.9	15.8	16.0	14.1	15.7	14.9	14.9

A-41. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

December of the complete of			1984						19	85			
Reasons for unemployment	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers	4,227	4,188	4,261	4,141	4,176	4.313	4.251	4.158	4.228	3.935	4.128	4,333	4,160
On layoff	1,146	1,110	1,151	1,068	1,070	1,229	1.240	1,163	1.208	1,059	1,124	1,130	1,099
Other job losers	3,081	3,078	3,110	3,073	3,106	3.084	3.011	2,995	3,019	2,876	3.004	3.203	3,061
Job leavers		841	829	869	858	884	865	848	838	868	1.001	902	865
Reentrants	2,294	2,254	2,150	2,161	2,218	2,244	2,233	2,341	2,312	2,428	2,219	2,143	2,162
New entrants	1,088	1,057	1,060	1,024	1,011	1,049	1,035	1,090	1,072	1,159	1,017	1,097	920
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	50.1	50.2	51.3	50.5	50.5	50.8	50.7	49.3	50.0	46.9	49.3	51.1	51.3
On layoff	13.6	13.3	13.9	13.0	12.9	14.5	14.8	13.8	14.3	12.6	13.4	13.3	13.6
Other job losers		36.9	37.5	37.5	37.6	36.3	35.9	35.5	35.7	34.3	35.9	37.8	37.8
Job leavers	9.9	10.1	10.0	10.6	10.4	10.4	10.3	10.0	9.9	10.3	12.0	10.6	10.7
Reentrants		27.0	25.9	26.4	26.8	26.4	26.6	27.7	27.4	28.9	26.5	25.3	26.7
New entrants	12.9	12.7	12.8	12.5	12.2	12.4	12.3	12.9	12.7	13.8	12.2	12.9	11.3
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE					!								
Job losers	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.6
Job leavers		.7	.7	.8	.7	.8	.8	.7	.7	.8	.9	.8	8.
Reentrants		2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9
New entrants	1.0	.9	.9	9.	9.	.9	9	.9	.9	1.0	9	1.0	.8

B-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1934 to date

(In thousands)

				Goods	-producing					Ser	vice-produc	ing			
Year and month	Total	Total private	Total	Mining	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total	Transpor- tation and public utilities	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Federal	Governmen State	Local
		1		<u> </u>			Anr	ual average	es		1			l	
934	25,940	22,641	10,261	883	877	8,501	15,679	2,750	(¹)	(¹)	1,304	3,045	652	(')	(1)
935	27,039	23,558	10,893	897	927	9,069	16,146	2,786	(1)	(')	1,320	3,128	753	(')	(1)
936	29,068 31,011	25,400 27,255	11,933	946 1,015	1,160 1,127	9,827 10,794	17,135 18,075	2,973 3,134	(¹) (¹)	(1)	1,373 1,417	3,312 3,503	826 833	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)
938	29,194	25,311	11,401	891	1,070	9,440	17,793	2,863	ίή	(6)	1,410	3,458	829	(6)	Ö
939	30,603	26,608	12,297	854	1,165	10,278	18,306	2,936	(1)	(')	1,447	3,502	905	(¹)	(1)
940	32,361	28,159	13,221	925	1,311	10,985	19,140	3,038	1,835	4,914	1,485	3,665	996	O	(')
941 942	36,539 40,106	31,877 34,624	15,963 18,470	957 992	1,814 2,198	13,192 15,280	20,574 21,636	3,274 3,460	1,960 1,906	5,251 5,212	1,525 1,509	3,905 4,066	1,340 2,213	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)
943	42,434	36,356	20,114	925	1,587	17,602	22,320	3,647	1,822	5,160	1,481	4,130	2,213	6	(')
944	41,864	35,822	19,328	892	1,108	17,328	22,536	3,829	1,845	5,214	1,461	4,145	2,928	(1)	(1)
945	40,374	34,431	17,507	836	1,147	15,524	22,867	3,906	1,949	5,365	1,481	4,222	2,808	(¹)	(')
946	41,652	36,056	17,248	862	1,683	14,703	24,404	4,061	2,291	6,084	1,675	4,697	2,254	(')	(1)
947	43,857 44,866	38,382 39,216	18,509 18,774	955 994	2,009 2,198	15,545 15,582	25,348 26,092	4,166 4,189	2,471 2,605	6,485 6,667	1,728 1,800	5,025 5,181	1,892 1,863	(¹) (¹)	(')
949	43,754	37,897	17,565	930	2,194	14,441	26,189	4,001	2,602	6,662	1,828	5,240	1,908	(4)	8
950	45,197	39,170	18,506	901	2,364	15,241	26,691	4,034	2,635	6,751	1,888	5,357	1,928	(1)	(¹)
951	47,819	41,430	19,959	929	2,637	16,393	27,860	4,226	2,727	7,015	1,956	5,547	2,302	(')	(')
952	48,793	42,185	20,198	898	2,668	16,632	28,595	4,248	2,812	7,192	2,035	5,699	2,420	(¹)	(1)
953 954	50,202 48,990	43,556 42,238	21,074 19,751	866 791	2,659 2,646	17,549 16,314	29,128 29,239	4,290 4,084	2,854 2,867	7,393 7,368	2,111 2,200	5,835 5,969	2,305 2,188	(¹) (¹)	(') (')
955	50,641	43,727	20,513	792	2,839	16,882	30,128	4,141	2,926	7,610	2,298	6,240	2,187	(1)	B
56	52,369	45,091	21,104	822	3,039	17,243	31,266	4,244	3,018	7,840	2,389	6,497	2,209	1,250	3,819
957	52,853	45,239	20,964	828	2,962	17,174	31,889	4,241	3,028	7,858	2,438	6,708	2,217	1,328	4,07
958 959 ²	51,324 53,268	43,483 45,186	19,513 20,411	751 732	2,817 3,004	15,945 16,675	31,811 32,857	3,976 4,011	2,980 3,082	7,770 8,045	2,481 2,549	6,765 7,087	2,191 2,233	1,415 1,484	4,232 4,366
60	54,189	45,836	20,434	712	2,926	16,796	33,755	4,004	3,143	8,248	2,629	7,378	2,270	1,536	4,547
61	53,999	45,404	19,857	672	2,859	16,326	34,142	3,903	3,133	8,204	2,688	7,620	2,279	1,607	4,708
62	55,549	46,660	20,451	650	2,948	16,853	35,098	3,906	3,198	8,368	2,754	7,982	2,340	1,668	4,881
63 64	56,653 58,283	47,429 48,686	20,640 21,005	635 634	3,010 3,097	16,995	36,013	3,903 3,951	3,248 3,337	8,530 8,823	2,830 2,911	8,277 8,660	2,358 2,348	1,747 1,856	5,12° 5,392
64 65	60,765	50,689	21,005	632	3,232	17,274 18,062	37,278 38,839	4,036	3,466	9,250	2,977	9,036	2,346	1,996	5,700
66	63,901	53,116	23,158	627	3,317	19,214	40,743	4,158	3,597	9,648	3,058	9,498	2,564	2,141	6,08
67	65,803	54,413	23,308	613	3,248	19,447	42,495	4,268	3,689	9,917	3,185	10,045	2,719	2,302	6,37
68	67,897	56,058	23,737	606	3,350	19,781	44,160	4,318	3,779	10,320	3,337	10,567	2,737	2,442	6,660
69	70,384	58,189	24,361	619	3,575	20,167	46,023	4,442	3,907	10,798	3,512	11,169	2,758	2,533	6,904
70	70,880	58,325	23,578	623	3,588	19,367	47,302	4,515	3,993	11,047	3,645	11,548	2,731	2,664	7,150
71	71,214	58,331	22,935	609	3,704	18,623	48,278	4,476	4,001	11,351	3,772	11,797	2,696	2,747	7,43
72	73,675 76,790	60,341 63,058	23,668 24,893	628 642	3,889 4,097	19,151 20,154	50,007 51,897	4,541 4,656	4,113 4,277	11,836 12,329	3,908 4,046	12,276 12,857	2,684 2,663	2,859 2,923	7,790 8,146
74	78,265	64,095	24,794	697	4,020	20,077	53,471	4,725	4,433	12,554	4,148	13,441	2,724	3,039	8,40
75	76,945	62,259	22,600	752	3,525	18,323	54,345	4,542	4,415	12,645	4,165	13,892	2,748	3,179	8,758
76	79,382	64,511	23,352	779	3,576	18,997	56,030	4,582	4,546	13,209	4,271	14,551	2,733	3,273	8,865
77 78	82,471 86,697	67,344 71,026	24,346 25,585	813 851	3,851 4,229	19,682 20,505	58,125 61,113	4,713 4,923	4,708 4,969	13,808 14,573	4,467 4,724	15,303 16,252	2,727 2,753	3,377 3,474	9,023 9,440
79	89,823	73,876	26,461	958	4,463	21,040	63,363	5,136	5,204	14,989	4,975	17,112	2,773	3,541	9,63
80	90,406	74,166	25,658	1,027	4,346	20,285	64,748	5,146	5,275	15,035	5,160	17,890	2,866	3,610	9,76
81	91,156	75,126	25,497	1,139	4,188	20,170	65,659	5,165	5,358	15,189	5,298	18,619	2,772	3,640	9,619
82	89,566	73,729	23,813	1,128	3,905	18,781	65,753	5,082	5,278	15,179	5,341	19,036	2,739	3,640	9,458
33 34	90,196 94,461	74,330 78,477	23,334 24,730	952 974	3,948 4,345	18,434 19,412	66,862 69,731	4,954 5,171	5,268 5,550	15,613 16,584	5,468 5,682	19,694 20,761	2,774 2,807	3,662 3,712	9,434 9,46
	i						mathly 4-1								
84:						Mo	onthly data	, seasonally	adjusted		1				
lugust	94,893	78,885	24,889	984	4,366	19,539	70,004	5,194	5,573	16,673	5,707	20,849	2,812	3,723	9,473
September October	95,238 95,573	79,154	24,851	985 979	4,386 4,403	19,480	70,387	5,210	5,610	16,750	5,719	21,014	2,827	3,733	9,524
lovember	95,882	79,460 79,764	24,918 24,955	979	4,403	19,536 19,553	70,655 70,927	5,223 5,229	5,636 5,647	16,859 16,994	5,737 5,755	21,087 21,184	2,823 2,831	3,727 3,732	9,560 9,550
ecember	96,092	80,010	25,045	973	4,469	19,603	71,047	5,246	5,665	17,026	5,776	21,252	2,836	3,722	9,52
85: anuary	96,419	80,319	25,112	974	4,534	19,604	71,307	5,259	5,686	17,090	5,790	21 222	2 226	3 720	9,53
ebruary	96,591	80,480	25,062	974	4,534	19,561	71,529	5,259	5,697	17,090	5,809	21,382 21,480	2,836 2,834	3,730 3,733	9,53
March	96,910	80,767	25,056	977	4,553	19,526	71,854	5,269	5,714	17,249	5,835	21,644	2,850	3,744	9,549
pril	97,120	80,962	25,090	982	4,641	19,467	72,030	5,278	5,733	17,280	5,858	21,723	2,859	3,749	9,550
May	97,421	81,208	25,066	982	4,658	19,426	72,355	5,301	5,748	17,392	5,888	21,813	2,873	3,759	9,581
					4,638		72,463	5,295	5,768	17,425	5,906	21,856	2,872	3,765	9,57€
uneuly ^p	97,473 97,722	81,260 81,373	25,010 24,978	974 970	4,653	19,398 19,355	72,744	5,306	5,776	17,464	5,934	21,915	2,876	3,803	9,670

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1984) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1981) are subject to revision.

Not available.
 Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959. benchmark month.

p = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

(In thousands)

	1972		Al	employe	ees			Produ	ction wo	rkers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°
Total		94,510	94,808	98,377	97,663	97,949					
Total private		79,287	79,691	82,047	82,075	82,520	64,282	64,614	66,511	66,466	66,879
Mining		993	1,000	985	985	976	706	712	702	701	695
Metal mining	10	57.1	54.8	49.7	48.1		42.1	39.6	36.8	34.9	
Iron ores	101	12.7	10.9	10.3	8.6		9.5	8.0	7.9	6.1	
Copper ores	102	15.7	15.2	13.4	13.3		11.2	10.5	9.6	9.6	
Coal mining	11 12	204.2	204.7	197.3	196.1		166.2	166.2	161.9	160 5	
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		204.2	202.0		4		166.3 163.9	166.2 163.8	159.5	160.5 158.1	
bituminous coal and lighte mining	12	201.5	202.0	194.5	193.3		103.9	103.0	139.3	156.1	
Oil and gas extraction	13	617.2	624.3	620.7	623.1	616.0	409.1	416.3	412.7	415.3	
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids	131,2	267.4	266.3	266.3	267.5	-	122.9	122.5	123.4	124.6	
Oil and gas field services	138	349.8	358.0	354.4	355.6		286.2	293.8	289.3	290.7	
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	114.7	115.7	117.5	117.7		88.6	89.5	90.4	90.3	
Crushed and broken stone	1/2	37.9	1	1	39.2		30.6		31.9	32.0	
Sand and gravel		36.6	t	í	38.7		30.0	30.0	31.9	32.0	
Chemical and fertilizer minerals		20.8		1	20.3		_	_	_	_	
Construction		4,627	4,677	4,837	4,946	5,015	3,641	3,682	3,821	3,918	3,980
											_,
General building contractors		1,243.9			1 '	1,320.9	939.6	939.4	962.1	996.0	
Residential building construction		628.9	625.9	1	657.0	-	463.2	456.5	469.1	486.8	
Operative builders		61.1	61.3		65.5		33.2	33.3	34.8	35.9	
Nonresidential building construction	154	553.9	559.9	575.9	592.4	i	443.2	449.6	458.2	473.3	
Heavy construction contractors	16	828.9	834.9	842.9	845.9		684.7	691.2	703.0	705.6	
Highway and street construction		290.6	1				248.4	253.5	260.0	268.3	
Heavy construction, except highway		538.3		539.3	533.7		436.3		443.0	437.3	
Special trade contractors	17	2,554.3	2 594 8	2,717.1	2 785 0		20167	2,051.4	2,155.6	2,216.8	
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		582.1	587.0		622.5		431.5	435.8	446.8	461.3	
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		169.4	172.5		184.9		143.5	146.8	149.3	155.5	
Electrical work		456.7	461.1	478.5	491.2		349.6	ì	367.2	378.9	
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		399.7	404.2	441.8	456.6		341.4	344.6	379.8	393.7	
Carpentering and flooring	175	149.2	152.5	165.2	166.4		113.8	116.7	126.8	126.9	
Roofing and sheet metal work	176	195.4	199.8	193.6	204.0		159.2	163.5	156.9	167.2	
Manufacturing		19,465	19,666	19,537	19,319	19,516	13,316	13,488	13,291	13,076	13,271
Durable goods		11,570	11,643	11,651	11,500	11,562	7,764	7,818	7,754	7,604	7,659
Lumber and wood products	24	728.9	734.6	715.4	716.1	727.1	612.9	617.6	597.7	603.5	613.2
Logging camps and logging contractors		96.0		84.5	85.6	-	75.9	78.4	64.5	69.6	
Sawmills and planing mills		207.8	208.6		201.6		184.7	185.3	179.3	178.5	!
Sawmills and planing mills, general		171.4	171.5		166.2		153.0	153.1	147.7	147.6	
Hardwood dimension and flooring		31.7			30.6		27.8	28.2	27.5	26.8	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		225.1			229.6		189.1	189.9	190.7	192.3	
Millwork	2431	84.4			89.2		69.1	69.2	71.4	72.9	
Wood kitchen cabinets	2434	58.1	58.6	59.6	59.7		47.8	48.2	48.7	48.7	
Hardwood veneer and plywood	2435	24.9	24.9	23.4	22.8		22.0	22.1	20.6	20.1	
Softwood veneer and plywood		36.8	37.4	36.4	36.5		33.4	33.9	33.5	33.6	
Wood containers		43.2			43.9		36.7	36.8	37.5	37.3	
Wood buildings and mobile homes	245	79.6			78.1		62.2	61.3	60.1	61.2	
Mobile homes		57.1	56.3	56.1	56.2		46.3	45.9	45.3	45.9	
Miscellaneous wood products	249	77.2	78.7	78.5	77.3		64.3	65.9	65.6	64.6	

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	1972		All	employe	ees	1		Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985 ^p	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985 ^p	Aug. 1985°
Ourable goods—Continued											
Furniture and fixtures		476.9	486.4	494.0	481.9	493.6	380.5	388.9	393.5	381.6	392.
Household furniture		283.5	289.3	291.4	280.0	-	236.7	241.6	243.4	232.7	-
Wood household furniture		126.0	131.0	1	124.1	1	109.2	113.8	112.0	107.5	
Upholstered household furniture		90.4	91.9	93.8	89.9		74.1	75.2	76.9	73.4	
Metal household furniture		24.5	23.5	1	25.1		19.3	18.4	21.9	20.0	
Mattresses and bedsprings		29.5	29.7 65.5	28.6 69.3	27.8 68.0		22.9 48.6	23.1 50.4	21.7 53.0	21.0	
Office furniture Public building and related furniture		63.4 26.3	26.3	27.9	28.1		19.9	20.1	21.3	51.7 21.5	
Partitions and fixtures		68.4	68.8	67.2	67.9		51.0	51.2	49.4	49.9	
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		35.3	36.5	38.2	37.9		24.3	25.6	26.4	25.8	
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	609.8	611.7	612.3	611.9	613.9	470.4	472.4	471.7	470.4	471
Flat glass	321	15.7	15.8	15.2	15.0	-	12.5	12.5	11.9	11.7	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	99.5	98.6	93.9	91.7		84.4	84.1	79.7	77.6	
Glass containers		52.9	53.0	49.8	50.4		46.7	47.1	44.3	44.9	
Pressed and blown glass, nec		46.6	45.6	44.1	41.3		37.7	37.0	35.4	32.7	
Products of purchased glass		48.4	49.3	51.3	51.6		33.4	34.4	35.8	35.9	
Cement, hydraulic		25.1	25.1	24.6	24.4		19.7	19.7	19.3	19.2	
Structural clay products		39.0	39.1	39.3	39.4		30.3	30.4	30.4	30.5	ļ
Pottery and related products		38.9	40.4	38.3	37.6		30.6	32.1	30.0	29.5	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		211.5	212.2	220.1	223.6 19.4		165.5	165.9	172.8	175.4	
Concrete block and brick Concrete products, nec		19.0 70.0	19.0 70.7	19.1 73.7	75.3		13.1 53.2	12.9 53.8	13.1 56.7	13.4 58.0	
Ready-mixed concrete		102.7	103.0	107.1	108.4		83.6	83.9	87.2	88.0	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		120.3	119.6	118.1	117.4		85.0	84.1	82.7	81.9	
Abrasive products		22.8	22.8	22.3	21.8		15.3	15.2	14.4	14.0	
Asbestos products		12.6	12.0	11.8	11.5		9.7	9.2	9.0	8.7	
Mineral wool		27.9	27.7	27.6	27.9		-	-	-	-	
Primary metal industries	33	863.0	864.4	826.0	803.9	798.3	654.3	656.3	624.5	605.5	600
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		342.8	333.9	310.2	304.6	295.0	264.5	256.5	237.1	232.8	223
Blast furnaces and steel mills		272.9	264.4	243.9	240.2	-	212.1	204.6	188.0	185.6	~
Steel pipe and tubes		25.2	25.1	23.8	23.9		18.6	18.4	17.5	17.6	
Iron and steel foundries		147.9	151.9	146.7	140.4		116.6	120.2	115.8	110.0	
Gray iron foundries		94.2	96.5	92.1	87.9		76.6	78.5	75.2	71.0	
Malleable iron foundries Steel foundries, nec		10.4 30.7	10.8 31.9	10.8 29.6	9.9 28.6		7.6 23.1	7.9 24.3	7.9 22.1	7.1 21.3	
Primary nonferrous metals		52.4	51.9	46.6	46.2		38.3	38.1	33.3	33.2	
Primary aluminum		28.1	27.7	24.5	24.3		21.7	21.4	18.3	18.2	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		190.2	193.3	191.1	185.4		133.2	136.7	135.3	130.2	
Copper rolling and drawing		26.6	27.6	26.0	25.2		19.2	20.4	19.6	19.1	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		31.0	31.8	31.6	30.8		23.1	23.7	22.7	21.6	
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	80.5	81.8	79.0	75.2		56.6	58.3	57.0	53.8	
Nonferrous foundries		85.1	88.0	87.1	84.3		68.1	70.6	70.1	67.7	
Aluminum foundries	3361	52.5	54.6	53.6	51.7		42.9	44.7	43.9	42.1	
Fabricated metal products		1,463.9	1,480.1	1,481.1		'		1,093.2	1,096.1	1,071.6	'
Metal cans and shipping containers		58.4	58.5	56.2	56.1	-	49.7	49.6	48.0	47.9	-
Metal cans		46.9	46.9	44.8	45.0		40.6	40.5	39.0	39.2	
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware		145.4	147.7	145.5	141.4		107.4	109.5 36.0	107.8 34.5	104.2 33.7	
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades Hardware, nec		47.3 85.0	48.8 85.6	47.2 85.6	46.2 83.5		34.7 64.3	64.8	64.8	62.8	
Plumbing and heating, except electric		63.4	64.1	62.7	62.3		45.4	46.1	44.9	44.3	
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		25.2	25.1	24.0	23.8		19.1	19.1	17.7	17.3	
Heating equipment, except electric		28.8	29.5	29.2	29.2		19.2	19.8	19.9	20.0	
Fabricated structural metal products		442.0	445.9	452.5	451.2		304.2	308.6	316.9	316.3	
Fabricated structural metal		80.8	81.5	81.5	81.2	l i	56.9	57.6	58.1	57.9	
Metal doors, sash, and trim	3442	86.8	87.7	90.1	90.2		63.7	64.7	66.9	67.3	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		99.5	100.7	100.9	100.5		58.2	59.8	62.7	62.5	
Sheet metal work		113.3	114.0	114.3	114.2		83.6	84.3	84.5	84.2	
Architectural metal work	3446	28.4	28.2	29.7	29.2		20.3	20.3	21.4	21.2	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug 1985
Durable goods—Continued											
Fabricated metal products—Continued			ŀ								
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		95.6	96.9	98.5	95.8		72.9		75.4	73.0	
Screw machine products		46.0	46.3	46.7	45.3		37.2	37.6	37.9	36.5]
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		49.6	50.6	51.8	50.5	l.	35.7	36.4	37.5	36.5	
Metal forgings and stampings		247.3	249.4	248.7	241.5		198.3		199.5	192.5	
Iron and steel forgings		35.1	34.6	32.2			27.0		24.7	23.6	}
Automotive stampings		97.9	97.0	102.3	100.0		83.8	1	87.9	85.5	
Metal stampings, nec		103.9	107.1	103.6	100.2		79.7	1	79.2	76.0	ĺ
Metal services, nec		106.0	108.4 74.9	108.8 74.0	103.9 69.9		84.5	1	87.0	82.6	
Plating and polishing Metal coating and allied services		33.7	33.5	34.8	34.0		58.5 26.0		60.0 27.0	56.3 26.3	
Ordnance and accessories, nec		77.0	77.3	80.9	80.7		50.2	1	52.2	52.5	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		41.2	41.6	44.8	44.8	l	26.8	1	28.8	29.2	
Misc. fabricated metal products		228.8	231.9	227.3	221.4		166.2		164.4	158.3	
Valves and pipe fittings		88.1	88.2	87.7	86.2		59.5		59.2	57.8	
Misc. fabricated wire products		52.3	52.5	51.5	49.7		39.9	1	39.0	37.2	
Machinery, except electrical		2,213.5	2,216.5	2,199.5	2,170.3	2,167.4	1,336.9	1,336.6	1,321.6	1,293.8	1,292
Engines and turbines		114.3	113.8	109.0	107.3	-	70.6	69.9	67.7	66.0	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets		35.6	35.5	35.3	35.2		17.8	17.6	18.1	18.0	
Internal combustion engines, nec		78.7	78.3	73.7	72.1	1	52.8		49.6	48.0	
Farm and garden machinery		108.6		108.3	100.4		72.1		73.7	66.4	
Farm machinery and equipment		88.3	87.8	82.6	81.0		57.6		54.1	53.0	
Construction and related machinery		259.7	260.1	255.0	252.5		160.1	160.9	158.0	155.4	
Construction machinery		93.0	92.2	87.6	87.1		56.9		53.7	53.4	
Mining machinery		21.8	22.3	22.2	22.1		12.9	, ,	13.9	13.9	
Oil field machinery		64.9	65.0	65.2	64.5		42.0		41.6	40.9	
Conveyors and conveying equipment	1	29.4	29.4	29.3	29.2	ļ	15.8	,	15.9	15.5	
Industrial trucks and tractors		27.2	27.2	25.3	24.9		18.4	18.5	16.8	16.3	
Metalworking machinery Machine tools, metal cutting types		305.3 56.9	306.9 56.4	313.7 56.7	308.8 56.5		215.8 34.8	217.6 34.3	223.1 35.9	219.0 35.4	
Machine tools, metal forming types		18.7	18.9	19.8	19.6		11.4	11.6	12.1	12.0	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		133.2	133.2	138.9	135.9		104.2	104.4	107.6	105.0	
Machine tool accessories		54.8	55.3	57.3	56.2		38.1	38.7	40.1	39.3	
Power driven hand tools		23.9	25.5	23.0	22.7		16.0	17.6	16.3	16.0	
Special industry machinery		167.7	168.5	168.4	165.4		100.2	100.3	100.6	98.1	
Food products machinery		38.6	38.6	38.5	37.9	ļ	23.8	23.6	23.6	23.0	
Textile machinery		19.8	19.6	18.3	17.9		13.5	13.4	12.3	11.9	
Printing trades machinery	3555	30.6	30.1	31.4	31.0		18.1	17.4	18.1	17.8	
General industrial machinery	356	276.0	277.0	276.4	273.6	ļ	174.9	176.1	177.4	174.3	
Pumps and pumping equipment		53.1	53.4	52.8	52.5		30.6	31.2	31.2	30.7	
Ball and roller bearings		48.5	48.4	48.6	47.9		36.2	36.0	36.7	36.1	
Air and gas compressors		25.8	26.6	26.5	25.9		14.0	14.5	15.4	14.9	
Blowers and fans		33.2	32.9	31.8	31.9		20.5	20.5	19.8	19.7	
Speed changers, drives, and gears		21.2	21.1	21.3	20.9		14.4	14.3	14.9	14.5	
Power transmission equipment, nec Office and computing machines		17.4 534.3	17.8 536.1	17.8 510.1	18.0		11.8	12.2	12.3	12.4	
Electronic computing equipment		469.3	470.9	450.1	506.6 448.2		213.2 178.9	211.9 178.1	184.1 154.3	180.1 151.3	
Refrigeration and service machinery		173.4	174.0	176.7	175.5		122.0	122.1	123.5	121.9	
Refrigeration and heating equipment		122 2	122.2	123.7	122.4		87.8	87.4	88.2	86.6	
Misc. machinery, except electrical		274.2	273.4	281.9	280.2		208.0	207.7	213.5	212.6	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		35.6	35.1	34.5	34.2		28.9	28.6	27.9	27.7	
Machinery, except electrical, nec		238.6	238.3	247.4	246.0	,	179.1	179.1	185.6	184.9	
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	2,220.5	2,239.7	2,216.1	2,191.9	2,198.3	1,354.4	1,368.8	1,309.3	1,284.1	1,287
Electric distributing equipment	361	115.8	118.6	115.1	114.2	-	83.4	86.2	82.1	81.4	-
Transformers		53.4	55.0	54.3	53.4		38.5	40.0	38.8	37.9	
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		62.4	63.6	60.8	60.8		44.9	46.2	43.3	43.5	
Electrical industrial apparatus		206.5	204.9	198.6	196.6		146.4	144.7	139.3	137.6	
Motors and generators		102.4	100.6	99.2	98.8		79.1	77.5	76.8	76.5	
Industrial controls		65.7	65.8	62.8	61.5		40.6	40.6	37.5	36.5	
Household appliances		147.8	146.7	144.6	142.0		116.4	115.3	113.4	110.4	
Household refrigerators and freezers		31.0	26.3	29.4	29.9		24.8	20.2	23.0	23.4	
Household laundry equipment		21.8	22.0	21.9	21.8		16.8	17.1	17.0	16.9	
Electric housewares and fans	3634	37.9	40.4	37.1	36.1	i i	29.1	31.5	28.6	27.2	

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	1972		. All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985 ^p	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985
Durable goods—Continued											
Electrical and electronic equipment—Continued											
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	364	199.9	203.1	196.9	192.2		145.7	148.2	142.5	137.3	
Electric lamps	3641	28.3	28.8	28.1	28.2		24.3	24.9	24.5	24.2	
Current-carrying wiring devices		85.7	86.6	81.9	78.6		56.9	57.5	53.9	50.5	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		17.0	17.5	17.9	17.1		12.3	12.4	12.9		
Residential lighting fixtures		26.0	26.8	24.6	24.9		19.7	20.4	18.1	18.3	
Radio and TV receiving equipment		91.7 72.8	92.4 73.2	84.8 67.9	84.4 67.3		63.8	64.3	57.5	57.7 45.5	
Radio and TV receiving sets Communication equipment		621.5	625.2	662.7	664.3		49.9 283.3	50.1 284.0	45.5 296.2	295.2	ł
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		145.6	146.5	144.2	141.3		94.3	94.2	92.6	90.6	
Radio and TV communication equipment		475.9	478.7	518.5	523.0		189.0	189.8	203.6	204.6	
Electronic components and accessories		684.9	693.2	663.1	651.2		407.9	415.8	372.6	362.0	
Electronic tubes		41.3	41.5	42.4	42.1		25.2	25.6	25.9	25.1	
Semiconductors and related devices		279.7	282.4	280.5	277.3		119.5	123.1	108.4	105.8	
Electronic components, nec	3679	276.9	282.1	266.0	260.5		196.3	200.2	183.7	179.1	
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	369	152.4	155.6	150.3	147.0		107.5	110.3	105.7	102.5	
Storage batteries		26.4	28.2	26.5	26.2		20.2	21.8	20.6	20.3	
Engine electrical equipment	3694	64.4	64.5	64.4	63.5		49.9	50.1	49.2	48.2	
Transportation equipment	37	1,900.1	1,900.2	2,000.2	1,977.7	1,990.7	1,204.3	1,201.2	1,270.5	1,240.8	1,250
Motor vehicles and equipment		853.0	854.7	884.8	862.7	867.4	653.0	651.8	687.8	663.6	669
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	386.6	386.1	409.8	401.3	_	283.2	281.5	309.5	300.3	-
Truck and bus bodies		36.7	37.2	37.9	37.2		29.1	29.3	29.4	28.7	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	I	382.7	384.6	391.7	382.6		303.2	303.9	313.5	302.9	
Truck trailers		33.0	32.9	29.4	28.3		26.1	25.9	22.9	21.7	
Aircraft and parts		597.4	589.1	643.2	646.6		285.1	277.7	305.6	304.8	
Aircraft		309.8	305.2	336.0	339.3		129.0	125.2	139.8	140.2	
Aircraft engines and engine parts		140.5	137.3	147.4	147.3		72.5	70.0	74.2	73.4	
Aircraft equipment, nec		147.1 195.8	146.6	159.8	160.0		83.6	82.5 147.8	91.6	91.2 141.7	
Ship and boat building and repairing		148.3	196.3 149.6	193.1 144.9	190.2 142.9		148.1 108.9	109.6	144.7 105.6	103.4	
Boat building and repairing		47.5	46.7	48.2	47.3		39.2	38.2	39.1	38.3	
Railroad equipment		36.4	37.2	34.8	34.1		25.1	26.0	24.1	23.6	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		152.6	158.9	175.7	176.2		48.7	53.8	61.4	61.1	ļ
Guided missiles and space vehicles		117.2	122.9	135.4	135.6		36.0	40.9	46.1	45.5	1
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		50.9	50.4	53.9	53.5		34.2	34.0	36.4	35.9	1
Travel trailers and campers	3792	21.3	20.5	22.1	21.5		16.7	16.1	17.4	17.0	
Instruments and related products	38	717.2	719.3	728.3	725.9	727.6	398.2	397.6	396.8	391.3	392
Engineering and scientific instruments		80.2	80.1	83.3	83.6	-	36.2	35.8	36.7	36.1	-
Measuring and controlling devices		251.6	252.8	258.8	258.5		144.2	144.1	144.1	142.7	
Environmental controls		45.2	45.0	44.9	44.5		28.8	28.5	28.4	28.5	
Process control instruments		56.5	56.9	57.8	57.6		27.6	27.9	29.7	29.2	
Instruments to measure electricity		109.0	109.7	113.2	113.6		60.9	60.9	59.1	58.5	!
Optical instruments and lenses		34.6	34.7	35.0	34.6		18.3	18.3	18.1	17.6	
Medical instruments and supplies Surgical and medical instruments		172.1	172.2	171.2	169.9		103.3	102.9	102.2	100.5 46.1	
Surgical appliances and supplies		84.4 73.3	83.9 74.0	83.7 72.8	84.1 71.2		47.8 47.2	47.3 47.5	46.2 47.5	46.1	
Ophthalmic goods		39.7	39.8	40.4	40.0		26.0	26.1	27.1	26.6	
Photographic equipment and supplies		125.0	125.1	125.7	126.6		60.3	60.1	58.5	58.7	
Watches, clocks, and watchcases		14.0	14.6	13.9	12.7		9.9	10.3	10.1	9.1	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39	376.4	390.1	377.8	365.7	381.3	273.2	285.1	272.1	261.3	277
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		51.7	54.4	54.6	52.3	-	35.1	37.5	36.9	34.5	
Jewelry, precious metal		33.6	35.8	36.0	34.3	_	22.6	24.5	24.1	22.4	
Musical instruments		16.9	17.0	15.4	14.9		13.3	13.3	11.8	11.5	
Toys and sporting goods		110.6	115.0	109.9	105.9		82.8	86.5	81.3	77.5	-
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	3942,4	55.5	60.3	54.8	52.5		40.6	44.7	39.2	37.1	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		55.1	54.7	55.1	53.4		42.2	41.8	42.1	40.4	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		32.4	32.4	32.1	31.5		22.1	22.2	21.8	21.0	
Costume jewelry and notions		37.4	41.4	39.1	34.5		28.2	31.6	29.8	26.4	
Costume jewelry		20.5	23.4	21.4	18.3		15.5	17.8	16.3	14.2	
Miscellaneous manufactures	1	127.4	129.9	126.7	126.6		91.7	94.0	90.5	90.4	
Signs and advertising displays	3993	51.4	52.5	52.3	52.1		36.6	37.4	36.7	36.5	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°
Nondurable goods		7,895	8,023	7,886	7,819	7,954	5,552	5,670	5,537	5,472	5,61
Food and kindred products		1,662.0		1,639.4	1,669.3	1,724.0	1,163.1		1,145.1	1,174.0	1,227.
Meat products		360.0	361.3	369.7	371.6	-	303.2	304.1	311.2	312.9	- 1
Meat packing plants	2011	146.9	145.8	148.2	148.1		121.9	120.8	122.7	122.8	1
Sausages and other prepared meats	2013	73.6	73.7	74.0	74.9		54.7	54.5	54.3	54.9	
Poultry dressing plants		120.6	122.7	128.1	129.5		109.9	111.8	116.9	118.3	
Dairy products		168.4	167.3	167.6	168.4		99.5	98.1	100.2	100.8	
Cheese, natural and processedFluid milk		39.9 88.8	39.0	39.7	40.0		30.5	29.6	30.9		
	Tr.	266.6	88.8 306.8	89.1 240.5	89.6 263.8		42.9 223.7	42.9 264.0	43.1 198.5	43.3 221.3	1
Preserved fruits and vegetables Canned specialties		25.2	27.1	240.3	24.2		18.7	204.0	17.4	16.7	
Canned fruits and vegetables		111.5	144.9		100.3		94.5	128.3	63.7	84.7	
Frozen fruits and vegetables		52.0	53.7	56.0	59.0		46.1	47.6	49.7	53.0	
Grain mill products		129.6	130.6	,	126.2		87.3	88.0	86.5	85.9	
Flour and other grain mill products		24.4	24.5	23.8	23.8		14.6		15.0		
Prepared feeds, nec		47.9	47.7	46.0	45.7		30.4	30.3	29.4	29.2	
Bakery products		213.6	211.3	208.0	209.1		128.2	126.2	124.8	125.7	
Bread, cake, and related products		166.9	165.6	164.1	164.3		90.9	89.9	89.7	89.4	
Cookies and crackers		46.7	45.7	43.9	44.8		37.3	36.3	35.1	36.3	
Sugar and confectionery products	206	94.1	98.5	93.9	94.4		71.6	75.6	71.4	71.9	ĺ
Cane and beet sugar		21.4	22.6	21.5	21.8		16.4	17.5	16.2	16.7	
Confectionery products		52.2	54.9	52.0	52.1		41.5	43.9	41.6	41.5	
Fats and oils		35.2	35.1	35.7	35.6		25.6	25.6	25.9	25.9	ļ
Beverages		219.0	219.8	220.9	221.6		93.3	93.9	94.9	95.2	
Malt beverages		42.5	42.2	1	42.2		26.6	26.3	27.3	27.4	
Bottled and canned soft drinks		133.6	132.5	135.1	135.7		44.2	43.5	44.8	45.0	1
Misc. food and kindred products	209	175.5	176.4	175.9	178.6		130.7	132.2	131.7	134.4	
Tobacco manufactures	21	60.8	66.0	61.8	60.7	65.5	44.8	50.2	45.5	44.6	49
Cigarettes	211	45.2	45.2	46.0	46.0	-	33.3	33.5	33.8	34.1	-
Textile mill products	22	735.5	747.6	703.2	684.4	698.3	635.3	646.2	607.0	589.8	604
Weaving mills, cotton		117.9	118.8	106.8	104.8	_	105.3	106.2	95.9		_
Weaving mills, synthetics		97.9	99.7	90.9	88.8		86.8	88.8	80.6	1	1
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		17.2	17.8	16.8	15.9		14.4	14.9	14.2	13.3	
Narrow fabric mills	224	21.8	23.5	22.2	20.1		18.6	20.1	18.8	16.7	
Knitting mills	225	205.8	205.8	197.7	195.0		179.4	179.1	172.5	170.0	
Women's hosiery, except socks		33.1	33.3	32.9	32.4		29.8	29.8	29.5	29.1	l
Hosiery, nec		35.1	35.0	g .	33.1		31.6	31.4	29.9	29.5	
Knit outerwear mills		67.0	67.1	62.9	61.9		57.7	57.8	55.5	54.3	
Knit underwear mills		27.2	27.4	26.2	26.0		23.4	23.5	22.0	21.8	
Circular knit fabric mills		25.2	24.9	24.6	24.4		21.6	21.3	21.0	20.9	ļ
Textile finishing, except wool		67.3	67.7	63.0	60.8		56.5	56.7	52.6	50.8	1
Finishing plants, cotton		25.7 23.2	26.0	23.4	23.0		21.5	21.8	19.6	19.3	
Finishing plants, synthetics Floor covering mills		53.1	23.4 54.3	22.6 53.9	21.9 53.8		19.4 42.6	19.4 43.8	18.5 43.4	17.9 43.5	
Yarn and thread mills		101.6	105.5	1	95.2		90.0	93.6	88.3	84.0	
Yarn mills, except wool		70.5	72.4	1	65.5		63.1	65.0	61.8	58.8	
Throwing and winding mills		16.2	16.9		15.2		14.5	15.1	13.9		
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	52.9	54.5		50.0		41.7	43.0	40.7	38.9	
Apparel and other textile products	23	1,161.4	1,202.7	1 162 4	1,120.9	1,146.5	078.2	1,015.7	979.9	941.9	966
Men's and boys' suits and coats		70.3	71.8		67.4	', '=0.5	61.7	63.0	59.7	1	300
Men's and boys' furnishings		328.1	343.7			-	280.8	295.9	289.2		-
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		96.1		1	1	1	83.5	85.9	80.6	1	
Men's and boys' separate trousers		65.7		1	l .		57.2		56.7	54.7	_
Men's and boys' work clothing		92.2		1		-	76.8	85.5	89.4	84.4	
Women's and misses' outerwear		371.2		1	354.5		310.8		309.2		
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		59.3					50.4		49.2		ł
Women's and misses' dresses		109.8			101.5		92.4	Į.	92.1		
Women's and misses' suits and coats	2337	55.6			ì		45.9	1	43.9	I .	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	2330	146.5	152.0	150.1	143.4	_	122.1	126.8	124.0	117.3	1

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		Al	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers1	т
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug 1985
londurable goods—Continued											
Apparel and other textile products—Continued			ĺ			i l	ĺ				1
Women's and children's undergarments	234	82.7	86.1	81.9	78.5		69.1	71.9	68.8	65.5	1
Women's and children's underwear	2341	66.6	69.8	66.7	64.3		57.3	59.8	57.3		
Brassieres and allied garments	2342	16.1	16.3				11.8	12.1	11.5		İ
Children's outerwear		64.7	63.9			1	55.1	53.9	53.4		
Children's dresses and blouses		27.4	27.1		I	1	24.3	23.9	23.3	1	
Misc. apparel and accessories		44.8	47.0				36.6	38.9	36.2	34.6	
Misc. fabricated textile products		179.2	184.0		173.5		147.1	151.3	146.5	142.3	
Curtains and draperies		25.6	26.2		1	1	20.7	21.5	20.4	18.7	
House furnishings, nec		50.5 36.6	52.9 35.7				42.8 30.1	45.1 29.1	41.3 29.7	40.7 28.7	
.,		606.2	600.3	690.7	605 1	607.6	E1E 7	E176	E00 1	E17.4	E2
Paper and allied products		686.2	689.3 203.3	689.7 202.7	685.1 201.2	687.6	515.7 154.1	517.6 153.4	522.1 154.3	517.4 153.2	52
Paper mills, except building paper		178.8	178.2	1		-	133.4	132.8	134.1	132.8	-
Paperboard mills		58.0	58.0		56.2		44.4	44.5	43.5	43.0	ĺ
Misc. converted paper products		227.8	230.7	233.0	J	{ }	166.3	167.7	171.3	170.5	
Paper coating and glazing		58.7	59.2]	38.1	38.4	38.1	37.5	
Envelopes		25.2	25.7	26.8	26.2		19.4	19.9	20.3	19.8	
Bags, except textile bags		50.1	50.6		49.6		39.1	39.4	39.2	38.9	
Paperboard containers and boxes		196.3	197.3		194.9		150.9	152.0	153.0	150.7	
Folding paperboard boxes		41.7	41.9	1	41.0		32.5	32.9	32.8	32.2	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		101.7	101.7	101.5	100.6	ĺ	76.3	76.2	76.8	76.0	
Sanitary food containers		25.0	24.8	25.3	25.3		20.8	20.6	21.2	21.1	
Printing and publishing	27	1,373.6	1,378.4	1,420.3	1,418.7	1,424.3	754.6	758.2	782.3	779.3	78
Newspapers	271	441.0	441.6	454.0	453.7	-	165.3	165.8	171.0	169.6	-
Periodicals		107.2	108.0	108.6	109.5		24.1	24.9	26.4	26.9	
Books	273	102.0	101.6	105.7	105.0	Ì	49.1	48.7	52.9	52.7	
Book publishing		75.9	76.0	79.9	79.1	[27.9	27.9	32.3	32.0	
Book printing		26.1	25.6	25.8	25.9		21.2	20.8	20.6	20.7	
Miscellaneous publishing	(65.7	66.0	71.8	71.9		35.7	35.7	38.7	39.0	
Commercial printing		466.3	469.9	486.6	485.0		341.2	343.8	353.5	352.0	
Commercial printing, letterpress		157.3	158.4	160.7	160.0		117.2	117.7	117.5	117.1	
Commercial printing, lithographic		284.3	286.5	300.1	299.4		204.1	206.1	215.7	214.6	
Manifold business forms		47.5	47.3	48.0	47.5		32.8	32.7	33.2	33.1	
Blankbooks and bookbinding Printing trade services		71.0 47.8	70.9 47.8	70.2 50.7	70.3 50.8		57.7 34.9	57.5 34.9	56.7 37.7	56.7 37.5	
Chemicals and allied products	28	1,056.9	1,058.0	1,051.1	1,048.1	1,047.0	585.6	585.6	581.2	575.8	58
Industrial inorganic chemicals		143.5	143.3	143.8	143.6	1,047.0	72.8	72.5	72.5	72.0	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		93.9	94.0	93.9	93.8		49.0	49.0	49.2	48.9	
Plastics materials and synthetics		179.2	179.0	168.7	168.1		118.5	118.5	112.2	111.9	
Plastics materials and resins		76.7	76.9	74.8	74.5		45.4	45.6	44.9	44.8	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		69.8	69.5	63.7	63.3	1	49.1	48.9	45.1	44.7	
Drugs		207.9	206.6	206.3	206.5	- 1	96.4	94.0	95.1	93.8	
Pharmaceutical preparations		167.8	167.2	167.0	167.3	- 1	78.5	77.1	76.2	75.4	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		146.5	148.7	149.2	149.1		93.7	95.8	95.0	94.5	
Soap and other detergents		40.9	41.5	41.9	41.5		26.9	27.2	26.7	26.2	
Toilet preparations		67.8	69.8	69.0	69.0		45.9	48.0	47.1	47.1	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		37.8	37.4	38.3	38.6		20.9	20.6	21.2	21.2	
Paints and allied products		63.0	63.1	64.2	64.4		31.1	31.3	31.4	31.2	
Industrial organic chemicals		164.6 31.3	165.0	165.3 31.3	164.3 30.8	1	82.7	83.4	83.3	83.0	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec		133.3	31.7 133.3	134.0	133.5		18.8 63.9	19.1 64.3	20.0 63.3	19.9 63.1	
Agricultural chemicals		60.2	59.8	60.6	59.5		37.0	36.5	37.9	36.3	
Miscellaneous chemical products		92.0	92.5	93.0	92.6		53.4	53.6	53.8	53.1	
Petroleum and coal products	29	192.3	191.8	182.5	182.2	182.1	113.4	113.5	109.9	110.5	11
Petroleum refining		152.1	151.7	142.8	142.2	_	84.1	84.3	81.3	81.9	
	1	•		28.8	29.1		22.3	22.2		22.2	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	ction wor	kers'	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Rubber and misc. plastics products		781.4	790.0	798.3	781.8	799.2	607.0	614.6	616.6	599.4	615.1
Tires and inner tubes		95.7	94.5	92.5	87.2	-	67.6	66.5	63.9	58.4	-
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	17.1	16.7	14.1	13.8		14.8	14.3	11.9	11.1	
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	202.4	21.2	24.0	20.0	20.4		141	126	12.0	125	
and beltingFabricated rubber products, nec		21.3 108.6	21.0 109.7	20.8 109.7	20.4 107.4		14.1 83.1	13.6 84.4	13.8 83.7	13.5 81.8	
Miscellaneous plastics products		538.7	548.1	561.2	553.0		427.4	435.8	443.3	434.6	
Miscellatieous plastics products	307	330.7	340.1	301.2	333.0		427.4	433.0	440.0	434.0	İ
Leather and leather products	31	185.1	192.4	177.4	168.0	179.5	154.2	160.9	147.5	139.2	150.
Leather tanning and finishing		16.1	16.4	16.0	15.0	_	13.4	13.6	13.3	12.1	-
Footwear, except rubber	314	111.6	115.8	106.8	100.3		94.9	98.7	91.1	85.5	l
Men's footwear, except athletic		45.9	48.2	42.9	39.4		37.3	39.4	35.0	32.0	
Women's footwear, except athletic		41.7	42.9	40.9	38.8		36.4	37.6	36.1	34.3	
Luggage		13.3	14.2	12.6	12.7		9.7	10.6	9.3	9.4	
Handbags and personal leather goods	317	24.3	25.5	22.5	21.7		19.9	21.0	18.0	17.6	
ransportation and public utilities		5,192	5,216	5,342	5,323	5,311	4,288	4,313	4,426	4,406	4,39
Transportation		2,929	2,956	3,086	3,063	3,048			i		
Railroad transportation	40	376.4	376.0	355.0	354.0						
Class I railroads ²		349.5	348.9	330.5	329.5						
Local and interurban passenger transit		225.1	225.7	277.1	228.3		205.6	206.3	256.4	208.7]
Local and suburban transportation		85.5	84.7	91.2	90.4		77.7	77.6	83.7	82.8)
Taxicabs		38.2 38.5	38.5 38.3	38.5 37.9	37.9 37.0		35.7	- 35.4	34.8	33.9	ĺ
Intercity highway transportation School buses		43.0	44.2	86.7	41.3		-	-	-	-	
Trucking and warehousing		1,338.0	1,353.7	1,389.3				1,182.3			
Trucking and trucking terminals Public warehousing		1,248.0 90.0	1,260.9 92.8	1,293.5 95.8	1,302.5 96.0		1,093.0 74.9	1,104.5 77.8	79.8	1,137.2 80.5	
Water transportation	44	205.4	212.9	223.6	228.9						
Local water transportation		29.8	30.3	30.4	30.7			,			
Water transportation services		111.0	117.7	124.3	128.1						
Transportation by air	45	503.6	505.8	532.9	544.3						
Air transportation		444.1	446.0	470.8	481.7						
Air transportation services		59.5	59.8	62.1	62.6						
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	19.6	19.3	19.3	19.5		13.9	13.7	13.8	14.0	:
Transportation services	47	260.4	262.5	289.1	289.1						
Freight forwarding	471	59.1	60.3	68.2	69.1	1					
Communication and public utilities		2,263	2,260	2,256	2,260	2,263	-	-	-	-	
Communication				1,332.6		-		1,024.2			
Telephone communication	481	955.8	952.7	923.1	918.3		714.6	712.2	688.3	683.5	
Radio and television broadcasting		233.3	233.2	237.7	237.2		187.7	187.9	193.4	193.1	
Radio broadcasting Television broadcasting		112.1 121.2	111.5 121.7	112.7 125.0	112.7 124.5		-	-	-	_	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	015.0	042.4	022.0	020.6		721 0	700 F	720 E	7447	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services		915.3 449.5	913.4 449.3	923.8 455.2	930.6 458.3		731.8 351.6	729.5 351.8	738.5 355.1	744.7 358.8	
		176.6	176.0	l	175.4		140.5	139.3	138.0	138.1	
Gas production and distribution		202.5	201.6	l			164.5	163.4	166.8	168.0	}
Gas production and distribution	1.00	60.9	60.5	ľ	66.0		53.9	53.4	56.7	57.8	
Gas production and distribution Combination utility services Sanitary services	495	00.5			1	l	}	i	'	1	1
Combination utility services		5,583	5,596	5,800	5,804	5,827	4,501	4,510	4,685	4,688	4,71
Combination utility services		5,583			ļ						4,71
Combination utility services	50	5,583 3,299	3,309	3,434	3,439	5,827 3,455	2,646	2,654	2,754	2,758	
Combination utility services	50 501	5,583		3,434 436.2	3,439 436.2						

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		A	ll employ	ees	,		Produ	iction wo	rkers'	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug 1985
Wholesale trade—Continued											
Durable goods—Continued			l								
Furniture and home furnishings		121.8					101.6	104.4	109.2		ĺ
Furniture		50.9		1		1	_	-	-	-	
Home furnishings Lumber and construction materials		70.9 206.1	1			1	171.5	170.3	178.1	179.8	
Lumber, plywood, and millwork		93.5	1				171.5	170.3	- 170.1	175.0	
Construction materials, nec		112.6	1	į.			_	_	_	_	}
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		74.5		1		1	62.3	61.3	64.0	64.4	
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	138.5	139.1	142.7	142.0)	111.6	112.1	114.8	114.4	
Electrical goods		478.4					379.8	380.5	390.8	389.0	
Electrical apparatus and equipment		263.9	1	1	1		-	-	-	-	
Electrical appliances, TV and radios		66.4				1					
Electronic parts and equipment		148.1	1	1	4	1		- 005.4	- 0117	040.5	
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment Hardware		252.3 85.4	1				205.0	205.4	211.7	212.5	
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies		102.5		106.7		1	_	-	-		
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		1,407.8	l .	1	1		1.111.2	1,115.4	1.173.5	1,179.8	
Commercial machines and equipment		491.1	494.2	1 '			-,	',' 5.4	-,,,,,	-,.,,,,	
Construction and mining machinery		77.2)	,		J			1	į į	
Farm machinery and equipment		137.6	1	3	1	1			[
Industrial machinery and equipment	5084	310.7	310.5	328.6	328.3			1			
Industrial supplies		130.7									
Professional equipment and supplies		159.9	1	1	II .	1	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous durable goods		190.5		1			158.7	159.7	159.1	157.5	
Scrap and waste materials	5093	93.1	93.7	94.7	93.8		-	-	_	-	
Nondurable goods	51	2,284	2,287	2,366	2,365	2,372	1,855	1,856	1,931	1,930	
Paper and paper products		176.7	177.1		1	II .	143.6		150.0		
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		157.9		160.3		1	131.0	129.7	133.3		
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		182.8					135.1	137.6	140.4	140.2	
Groceries and related products		717.2	715.8			1	618.2	614.9	647.8	644.8	
Groceries, general line		226.5	227.6			1	_	_	_	-	
Meats and meat products Fresh fruits and vegetables		65.3 94.4	65.0 85.5	96.0	1	1					
Chemicals and allied products		131.3	132.0	133.9			91.4	91.9	96.1	94.9	
Petroleum and petroleum products		207.1	206.5	210.8	1	l	154.3	154.0	158.4	159.5	
Petroleum bulk stations and terminals		87.5	87.5	88.3			-	-	-	_	
Petroleum products, nec	5172	119.6	119.0	122.5	122.3	l	-	-	_	-	
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	518	157.2	155.8	161.0	162.8		131.8	130.3	133.9	135.9	
Beer and ale		98.9	98.1	100.8	101.9		-	-	-		
Wines and distilled beverages		58.3	57.7	60.2		ļ	-		-		
Miscellaneous nondurable goods		416.8	416.8	432.2	433.5		338.0	338.7	351.2	353.1	
Farm supplies	5191	156.5	153.8	160.8	163.4		_	-	-	-	
letail trade		16,710	16,781	17,547	17,569	17,634	14,966	15,025	15,677	15,675	15,72
Building materials and garden supplies	52	682.8	678.1	698.8	694.6		580.6	575.1	592.7	589.3	
Lumber and other building materials	521	357.0	355.2	362.7	364.9	ļ	305.7	304.3	310.3		
Hardware stores	525	157.9	156.7	163.6	162.8		134.1	132.9	138.3	137.5	
General merchandise stores	53	2,231.3	2,239.0	2,301.8	2,310.1	2,309.7	2,087.9	2,092.3	2,163.9	2,168.0	
Department stores	531	1,883.2			1,952.4	-		1,776.3	,		
Variety stores		212.9	214.3	218.0	216.9	l	193.7	195.1	198.1	196.4	
Misc. general merchandise stores	539	135.2	139.2	140.6	140.8		117.3	120.9	121.8	121.9	
Food stores						2,842.0			2,621.1	2,631.0	
Grocery stores		2,318.9		2,484.5	,	-	2,166.1	2,170.9	2,312.3	2,325.8	
Meat markets and freezer provisioners		57.4	57.4	62.9	63.6		-	-	-	-	
Dairy products stores		39.8 152.0	38.3 151.0	37.8 164.5	37.0 162.0		137.6	- 136.5	- 148.0	- 145.1	
Automotive dealers and service stations		1,828.2	1,835.6	,		1,918.8			1,606.8	1,611.2	
New and used car dealers	1 '	853.3	858.5	899.0	902.2	-	706.4	711.1	744.0	747.6	
Auto and home supply stores		302.7	302.1	304.5	304.6		253.7	253.8	247.3	247.4	
Gasoline service stations		584.0	589.7	617.6	619.6		506.3	513.3	540.4	541.9	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985
Retail trade—Continued		1									
Apparel and accessory stores	56	991.1	996.0	1,019.5	1,011.0		834.0	838.9	862.3	853.0	
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		113.5	109.2	109.2	107.6		94.7	90.6	91.4	90.0	
Women's ready-to-wear stores		364.2	367.5	378.4	381.4		308.2	311.3	323.0	324.7	
Family clothing stores		199.3	197.8	203.1	198.7		173.4	172.2	176.1	171.9	
Shoe stores		201.3	207.0	204.5	200.7		163.9	169.2	166.1	163.0	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	670.2	676.1	725.4	726.4		559.6	563.5	608.2	610.3	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	390.1	391.1	412.5	410.9		325.9	326.0	344.1	343.5	
Furniture stores	5712	248.5	249.7	262.2	261.3		-	-	-	-	
Household appliance stores		83.3	84.2	85.7	85.8		71.0	70.6	73.3	73.4	
Radio, television, and music stores	573	196.8	200.8	227.2	229.7		162.7	166.9	190.8	193.4	
Radio and television stores	5732	136.0	138.5	159.2	160.6		-	_	_	_	
Music stores		60.8	62.3	68.0	69.1						
Eating and drinking places	58	5,601.7	5,635.2	5,880.0	5,893.9	5,920.1	5,137.3	5,167.4	5,353.9	5,353.9	
Miscellaneous retail	59	2.055.0	2.066.0	2,178.2	2.174.3	:	1.766.8	1,777.0	1,867.8	1,858.4	
Drug stores and proprietary stores		525.3	528.9	561.4	560.4		461.6	464.2	492.2	489.2	
Liquor stores		129.0	1	126.0	126.5	}	-		-	50.2	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		658.0	664.6	705.4	705.0	į	562.3	568.6	598.3	595.0	
Sporting goods and bicycle shops		107.9	112.8	116.4	117.7			500.6		393.0	
Book stores		58.6	59.3	64.8	64.9	1	_] -	-] -	
				('		}					
Stationery stores		68.0	68.6	75.8	75.9						
Jewelry stores		138.7	138.7	145.3	143.6						
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	5947	128.0	126.3	126.6	128.4	1		}			
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods		63.3	63.9	76.2	73.5					-	
Nonstore retailers		245.4	249.5	252.4	254.4		221.9	225.6	228.0	229.4	
Mail order houses	5961	117.9	121.4	120.1	119.9	l :	-	-	_	-	
Merchandising machine operators	5962	79.1	80.2	82.4	81.0		-	-	-	-	
Fuel and ice dealers	598	100.8	100.9	105.7	105.7		83.5	83.7	87.8	87.5	
Retail stores, nec	599	324.1	323.4	350.4	345.2	!	268.2	267.7	290.6	285.3	
Finance, insurance, and real estate ³		5,771	5,777	5,968	6,017	6,045	4,309	4,311	4,438	4,478	4,49
Finance		2,882	2,886	2,986	3,012	3,029					
Banking	60	1,692.7	1.694.7	1,723.9	1,736.1		1.260.6	1,259.7	1.268.2	1.276.9	
Commercial and stock savings banks		1,534.1					1,135.2		1,144.5		
State banks, Federal Reserve		335.3	335.2	339.4	341.4		-,	-,			
State banks, not Federal Reserve		380.7	381.7	390.8							
Mutual savings banks		77.8	77.5	78.8	80.1			,			
Credit agencies other than banks	61	704.2	707.8	756.1	763.3		536.5	540.3	575.4	581.5	
Savings and loan associations	612	328.7	329.9	!			253.1	254.4	266.2	268.4	
Federal savings and loan associations		188.2	188.5	198.2	199.6	[-	254.4	-	-	
State associations, insured		131.9	ı	140.0	1	1	_	_	_	_	
Personal credit institutions		204.4	205.5		218.8	1	157.3	158.5	168.9	170.4	
Business credit institutions		43.0				1	-	130.3	100.3	170.4	
Mortgage bankers and brokers	1	104.2				1	_	_	_	_	
Security, commodity brokers, and services	62	344.0	342.4	355.1	361.5						
Security brokers and dealers		277.1	1	1	291.3						
Holding and other investment offices	67	141.3	141.4	150.5	151.4						
Insurance		1,764	1,764	1,819	1,827	1,832					
Insurance carriers	63	1,238.9	1,237.1	1,265.6	1,270.0		840.6	839.4	867.1	870.8	
Life insurance	1.	533.5		540.9	542.9	b.	323.0	1	1		
Medical service and health insurance		154.0		166.8	167.9	1	123.9	123.8			
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		469.5	i .	475.2	476.0	1	328.3	328.3	332.8		
Title insurance		47.8	1	1	476.0	1	-	-	-		
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	64	525.0	526. 5	553.5	557.1]			İ		

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		Al	l employe	ees			Produ	iction wo	rkers'	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985 ^p	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985
Finance, insurance, and real estate—Continued											
Real estate, and combined real estate, insurance, etc		1,125	1,127	1,163	1,178	1,184					
Real estate	. 65	1,110.2	1,111.4	1,147.9	1,162.5	;					
Real estate operators and lessors		514.7								ļ	
Real estate agents and managers		429.5	1	1	l .	t .					
Subdividers and developers	. 655	140.5	139.9	147.1	146.9	1					
Combined real estate, insurance, etc	66	15.1	15.1	15.5	15.5						
Services		20,946	20,978	22,031	22,112	22,196	18,555	18,573	19,471	19,524	19,60
Hotels and other lodging places	70	1,380.2	1.403.7	1,427.0	1,489.7		_	_	_	_	
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts	701			1,376.2		1	1,176.5	1,192.2	1,242.9	1,276.0	
Personal services	70	1,003.6	1 002 4	1,111.8	1,107.0						
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services		367.3	1 '	1 '	384.5		327.9	325.2	343.8	343.4	
Photographic studios, portrait		48.4	51.0		1	1	327.9	323.2	343.0	343.4	
Beauty shops		326.4	326.5			1	296.3		316.9	316.1	
Funeral service and crematories		73.1	72.8		1		290.3	290.4	310.9	- 310.1	
Pusiness services	70	4 107 7	4 107 0	4,454.8	4 476 0	4,532.0	2 607 9	2 660 7	2 000 7	2 007 4	
Business services	721	4,127.7 184.2	4,197.0 183.5	1 '	1 '	f '	140.0	1 '	3,890.7 146.5		
Advertising agencies		137.4	136.7		i	1	140.0	139.1	146.5	145.8	
Credit reporting and collection		80.5	80.7		90.2	1	_	i -	_	-	
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic		163.0	1		178.9					1 1	
Services to buildings		613.8	1		662.3		560.4	565.6	609.0	604.6	
Personnel supply services		849.2	873.8		922.9		500.4	365.6	- 609.0	004.6	
Employment agencies		161.6	1	1	L		-	_	-	_	
Temporary help supply services		649.7	669.8	1	1	1	_	_	_	_	
Computer and data processing services		478.0	481.3		552.1		401.8	403.5	453.1	459.4	
Computer programming and software		164.5	166.0		194.7		401.0	400.0	430.1	455.4	
Data processing services		234.2	235.4						_		
Miscellaneous business services	739	1,750.7	1,785.4	1,853.3	1,868.2						
Research development laboratories, nec		195.4	197.6		210.1						
Management and public relations		464.4	472.4		515.7	l				1	
Detective and protective services		402.4	411.9	L .	425.9						
Equipment rental and leasing		160.1	162.3	166.1	165.6						
Photofinishing laboratories	7395	79.2	80.3	80.8	81.2						
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	692.8	699.1	732.2	738.3		584.2	589.6	616.1	623.9	
Automotive rentals, without drivers	751	142.5	141.5	143.5	146.2		-	-	-	-	
Automotive repair shops	753	431.0	438.8	456.6	460.7		358.1	365.4	380.5	384.2	
Miscellaneous repair services	76	317.6	320.3	335.4	336.9		266.6	268.6	281.7	282.3	
Electrical repair shops	762	98.6	98.8	98.2	98.5		-	-	-	-	
Motion pictures	78	234.0	232.7	219.8	227.6		202.8	200.8	188.2	195.1	
Motion picture production and services	781	98.5	100.2	93.0	96.9	ļ	82.0	83.1	75.5	79.0	
Motion picture theaters	783	123.9	121.0	114.9	119.1		-	-	-	-	
Amusement and recreation services	79	915.5	913.3	958.4	986.0		834.8	831.4	855.6	882.8	
Health services	80	6,143.5	6,092.0	6,273.9	6,288.9	6,313.3	5,505.2	5,453.6	5,602.1	5,612.1	
Offices of physicians	801	916.3	919.2	966.0	972.9	-	769.8	770.5	803.5	806.6	
Offices of dentists		425.7	428.6	443.3	442.7		376.5	379.5	392.5	391.4	
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	1,158.4	1,140.3	1,207.7	1,211.7		1,049.5	1,032.8	1,091.4	1,095.8	
Skilled nursing care facilities		746.0	737.9	777.4	780.0		-	-	_	-	
Nursing and personal care, nec		412.4	402.4	430.3	431.7		-	-	-	-	
Hospitals			2,963.1				2,747.0	2,705.7	2,711.6	2,713.0	
General medical and surgical hospitals		2,827.4	,	2,786.8			-	- 1	-	-	
Psychiatric hospitals		52.7	52.4	55.2	55.5						
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric		125.9	125.5	128.0	128.5						
Medical and dental laboratories	1	113.8	113.3	112.7	113.8						
Outpatient care facilities	RUR	191.9	193.0	212.5	215.1	1					

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		Ali	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985 ^p	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985⁵	Aug. 1985°
Services—Continued											
Legal services	81	665.1	666.9	717.5	717.5		566.5	567.4	611.6	612.5	
Educational services	82	1,045.2	1,036.8	1,154.4	1,063.3						
Elementary and secondary schools	821	302.2)
Colleges and universities	822	618.0	612.4	675.0	621.8						1
Correspondence and vocational schools	824	57.2	58.4	61.0	59.4						
Social services	83	1,222.3	1,224.6	1,311.8	1,315.9					ļ	
Individual and family services	832	249.0	250.1	275.3	280.5					[
Job training and related services	833	197.1	196.9	209.3	219.2		ĺ			ĺ	(
Residential care	836	269.6	270.0	286.8	289.0						
Museums, botanical and zoological gardens	84	45.0	44.7	46.9	47.2						
Membership organizations	86	1,517.3	,	1,518.5	,						
Business associations		86.3					ì]
Labor organizations		131.0	1	1							İ
Civic and social associations	864	359.3	350.1	344.9	369.6						1
Miscellaneous services	89	1,170.7					965.4	972.4	1,035.3	1,045.2	
Engineering and architectural services	891	650.1	656.0	707.8	715.7		548.9	555.3	598.2	606.6	
Noncommercial research organizations	892	114.3	113.7	115.9	119.0		-	-	-	_	
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	893	383.3	385.6	407.0	412.0		302.0	303.5	321.5	321.3	
Government		15,223	15,117	16,330	15,588	15,429					
Federal Government ⁴		2,857	2,843	2,915	2,928	2,919					
Executive, by agency4		2,799.3	2,785.8	2,856.9			}				1
Department of Defense		983.8		1,001.0	1						
Postal Service ⁵		708.0			1						1
Other executive agencies		1,107.5			}						ł
Legislative		41.2	40.5	40.7	ļ						}
Judicial		16.9	17.1	17.7	ĺ						1
Federal government, by industry:				1							
Manufacturing activities		136.9	136.7	137.0	137.6					(
Shipbuilding and repairing	3731	83.1	82.9	81.8	81.6					į	
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal		Í	1		1					{	
Service		40.1	39.7	40.7	39.8						
Services		414.4)	
Hospitals	806	241.5	240.4	245.4	247.7					}	
State government		3,522		3,667	3,609	3,619					}
Hospitals		462.6				-				[}
Education	82	1,219.3	1,224.9	1,350.7	1,261.1					}	}
General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions		1,217.4	1,214.7	1,226.4	1,249.5						
Local government		8,844	8,747	9,748	9,051	8,891					
Transportation and public utilities		498.3				-				1	1
Hospitals		624.0								}	
Education				5,315.2						1	
General administration, including executive,			1	-	ļ ·					1	
legislative, and judicial functions]	3.077.0	3.047.9	3,010.5	3.196.8					1	

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

Beginning in January 1978, data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from the

nonsupervisory count for all series in this division.

Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to

Includes rural mail carriers.

Data not available.

⁼ preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1984 forward are subject to revision.

B-3. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985	June 1985
Total	41,918	42,048	43,579	43,876	43,917
Total private	33,876	34,200	35,312	35,588	35,842
Goods-producing	6,838	6,919	6,860	6,865	6,926
Mining	117	119	125	126	127
Construction	418	428	450	458	469
Manufacturing	6,303	6,372	6,285	6,281	6,330
Durable goods	3.031	3,067	3,061	3.054	3.065
Lumber and wood products	106	108	106	107	109
Furniture and fixtures	145	146	153	151	151
Stone, clay, and glass products	115	117	115	115	116
Primary metal industries	104	105	106	105	106
Fabricated metal products	325	327	327	328	328
Machinery, except electrical	487	493	486	483	481
Electrical and electronic equipment	942	955	933	930	929
Transportation equipment	327	332	354	356	362
Instruments and related products	306	308	310	310	312
Miscellaneous manufacturing	174	176	171	171	173
Nondurable goods	3,272	3,305	3,224	3,227	3,265
Food and kindred products	476	490	478	486	505
Tobacco manufactures	21	21	21	21	21
Textile mill products	361	360	336	334	335
Apparel and other textile products	983	983	938	933	934
Paper and allied products	161	164	163	165	168
Printing and publishing	568	573	595	597	600
Chemicals and allied products	279	284	286	285	289
Petroleum and coal products	30	30	29	29	29
Rubber and misc. plastics products	277	280	276	276	277
Leather and leather products	117	118	103	104	105
ervice-producing	35,080	35,129	36,719	37,011	36,991
Transportation and public utilities	1,380	1,397	1,453	1,469	1,478
Wholesale trade	1,547	1,557	1,627	1,634	1,654
Retail trade	8,367	8,499	8,779	8,951	9,047
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3,404	3,446	3,572	3,596	3,637
Services	12,340	12,382	13,021	13,073	13,100
Government	8,042	7,848	8,267	8,288	8,075
Federal	976	989	997	1,009	1,024
State	1,691	1,615	1,777	1,759	1,686
Local	5,375	5,244	5,493	5,520	5,365

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1984 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA **EMPLOYMENT** SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-4. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Industry			1984						1:	985	·····		
	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July⁵	Aug.
Total	94,893	95,238	95,573	95,882	96,092	96,419	96,591	96,910	97,120	97,421	97,473	97,722	98,0
Total private	78,885	79,154	79,460	79,764	80,010	80,319	80,480	80,767	80,962	81,208	81,260	81,373	81,6
Goods-producing	24,889	24,851	24,918	24,955	25,045	25,112	25,062	25,056	25,090	25,066	25,010	24,978	25,0
Mining	984	985	979	978	973	974	976	977	982	982	974	970	9
Oil and gas extraction			623	626	624	621	620	618	623	624	619	619	
Construction	4,366	4,386	4,403	4,424	4,469	4,534	4,525	4,553	4,641	4,658	4,638	4,653	4.6
General building contractors	1 .		1,171	1,179	1,190			1,223	1,233	1,234	1 1	1,228	
Manufacturing	19,539	19,480	19,536	19,553	19,603	19,604	19,561	19,526	19,467	19,426	19,398	19,355	19,3
Durable goods				11,666			11,675					11,514	
Lumber and wood products	1	705	708	709	711	709	704	701	694	697	694	695	1
Furniture and fixtures	1	486 596	491 597	495 598	497 601	499 602	498 600	499 601	497 600	493 599	494 598	494 599	;
Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries			851	848	844	844	840	832	823	819	815	805	1
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	1	324	320	318	316	315	313	311	306	305		301	
Fabricated metal products	1	1,476	1,483	1,486	1,489	1,486	i	1,480		1,477	1,472	1,465	i
Machinery, except electrical	2,232	2,225	2,233	2,232	2,232	2,228		2,220	2,207	2,203		2,177	
Electrical and electronic equipment		2,223	2,233	2,250	2,252	2,252	2,248	2,243	2,207	2,203		2,177	1 1
Transportation equipment		1,927	1,935	1,940	1,965	1,974	1,972	1,969	1,982	1,981		1,988	2.
Motor vehicles and equipment		866		873	888	891	876	867	876	873	875	867	-,
Instruments and related products		718	720	722	723	723	725	727	726	723	725	725	1
Miscellaneous manufacturing		385	387	386	386	385	381	379	377	378	376	372	1
Nondurable goods		7,869	7,884	7,887	7,902	7,902	7,886	7,875	7,859	7,840	7,838	7,841	7,
Food and kindred products	1,617	1,610	1,617	1,620	1,630	1,633	1,633	1,638	1,630	1,634	1,644	1,632	1,
Tobacco manufactures	64	66	66	65	66	67	66	66	66	66	66	65	
Textile mill products	744	738	730	726	722	720	712	706	707	701	699	696	
Apparel and other textile products	1,196	1,181	1,181	1,180	1,184	1,182	1,175	1,167	1,164	1,153	1,142	1,159	1,
Paper and allied products	684	680	683	682	683	683	682	682	681	682	684	683	
Printing and publishing	1,382	1,387	1,392	1,397	1,397	1,403	1,406	1,407	1,411	1,414	1,419	1,424	1,
Chemicals and allied products	1,051	1,050	1,051	1,052	1,054	1,052	1,052	1,052	1,049	1,044	1,042	1,041	1,
Petroleum and coal products		187	188	187	186	185	184	183	182	181	180	178	
Rubber and misc. plastics products	786	784	792	796	799	798	799	798	795	791	789	787	
Leather and leather products	189	186	184	182	181	179	177	176	174	174	173	176	
ervice-producing	70,004	70,387	70,655	70,927	71,047	71,307	71,529	71,854	72,030	72,355	72,463	72,744	72
Transportation and public utilities	5,194	5,210	5,223	5,229	5,246	5,259	5,272	5,269	5,278	5,301	5,295	5,306	5,
Transportation		2,970	2,983			3,015			3,037	3,057	3,052	3,066	3,
Communication and public utilities	2,241	2,240	2,240	2,236	2,237	2,244	2,243	2,241	2,241	2,244	2,243	2,240	2.
Wholesale trade	1 '		5,636		5,665	5,686		5,714	5,733	1 '	5,768	5,776	
Durable goods Nondurable goods		3,311 2,299	3,321 2,315			3,358 2,328		3,377 2,337	3,388 2,345		3,414 2,354	3,425 2,351	
Retail trade	16,673	16,750	16.859	16,994	17,026	17,090	17,160	17,249	17,280	17,392	17,425	17,464	17.
General merchandise stores				2,357	2,323	2,341	2,343	2,349	2,348	2,371	2,361	2,357	2
Food stores	2,661	2,679	2,706	2,728	2,745	2,753	2,773	2,790	2,794	2,823	2,831	2,842	2,
Automotive dealers and service stations	.,	1 '	1 '			1,855			1,884		1,895	1,894	
Eating and drinking places	5,454	5,472	5,493	5,512	5,535	5,559	5,588	5,615	5,642	5,660	5,692	5,728	5,
Finance, insurance, and real estate		5,719 2,874	1 .	5,755 2,891	5,776 2,902				5,858 2,941	5,888 2,956	5,906 2,968	5,934 2,985	5,
Insurance			1 .		1,780			1,792			1,814	1,818	1 .
Real estate				1	1,094	1,097	1 1	1,110				1,131	1,
Services		21,014					21,480		1 '	21,813	21,856	21,915	22,
Business services	1 '							1		1 '		4,446 6,258	1 .
			'	1	}			1		İ	1		
Government		, ,	16,113	16,118 2,831	, ,		16,111	16,143 2,850	1	16,213 2,873		16,349 2,876	
	_, _, _, _		1	1		1				1 '			1
State	. 3,723	3,733	3,727	3,732	3,722	3,730	3,733	3,744	3,749	3,759	3,765	3,803	3

 $^{\rm p}=$ preliminary. NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision.

B-5. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

1.1.4				1984						19	985		
Industry	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
Total	41,865	42,100	42,263	42,449	42,631	42,832	42,919	43,089	43,220	43,390	43,493	43,681	43,720
Total private	34,056	34,218	34,354	34,503	34,672	34,869	34,975	35,118	35,234	35,388	35,477	35,628	35,686
Goods-producing	6,868	6,891	6,899	6,883	6,901	6,911	6,932	6,937	6,917	6,909	6,902	6,879	6,875
Mining	118	119	120	121	122	123	123	125	125	126	126	127	126
Construction	423	423	429	432	436	436	436	440	442	445	455	461	464
Manufacturing	6,327	6,349	6,350	6,330	6,343	6,352	6,373	6,372	6,350	6,338	6,321	6,291	6,285
Durable goods		3,059	3,076	3,071	3,082	3,088	3,097	3,098	3,085	3,080		3,050	3,042
Lumber and wood products		106	106	105	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	106	107
Furniture and fixtures	1	148	147	147	148	151	151	152	152	152	151	151	151
Stone, clay, and glass products		115	115	116	116	116	117	117	116	117	116	115	115
Primary metal industries		104	105	104	105	105	105	106	106	106	105	104	104
Fabricated metal products		327	327	327	329	330	332	331	329	328	327	327	326
Machinery, except electrical		493	494	493	496	494	494	494	493	491	487	482	478
Electrical and electronic equipment	948	953	962	959	958	958	958	958	949	944	934	928	922
Transportation equipment		332	337	337	340	343	348	350	351	352	356	356	359
Instruments and related products	306	307	307	308	309	310	311	310	310	311	311	310	309
Miscellaneous manufacturing	174	174	176	175	175	175	175	174	173	173	171	171	171
Nondurable goods		3,290	3,274	3,259	3,261	3,264	3,276	3,274	3,265	3,258	3,257	3,241	3,243
Food and kindred products		505	498	497	499	500	507	508	508	509	508	508	514
Tobacco manufactures		23	22	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Textile mill products		357	354	351	348	346	345	344	340	337	336	334	333
Apparel and other textile products		964	960	949	947	946	949	948	943	938	936	924	918
Paper and allied products		163	162	161	162	163	163	163	163	163	164	164	166
Printing and publishing	572	574	576	579	581	583	584	587	589	591	594	596	599
Chemicals and allied products	281	283	284	284	285	286	288	287	286	286	287	286	286
Petroleum and coal products	30	30	30	29	29	29	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
Rubber and misc. plastics products	276	276	276	276	277	279	279	279	279	278	276	274	273
Leather and leather products		115	112	110	110	109	108	106	105	104	104	103	102
Service-producing	34,997	35,209	35,364	35,566	35,730	35,921	35,987	36,152	36,303	36,481	36,591	36,802	36,845
Transportation and public utilities	1,388	1,397	1,403	1,410	1,413	1,419	1,422	1,431	1,439	1,444	1,459	1,469	1,468
Wholesale trade	1,557	1,569	1,574	1,591	1,597	1,604	1,609	1,614	1,619	1,627	1,637	1,641	1,654
Retail trade	8,482	8,542	8,589	8,642	8,712	8,799	8,794	8,840	8,878	8,907	8,931	9,005	9,029
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3,423	3,435	3,450	3,461	3,476	3,491	3,510	3,527	3,540	3,564	3,579	3,600	3,612
Services	12,338	12,384	12,439	12,516	12,573	12,645	12,708	12,769	12,841	12,937	12,969	13,034	13,048
Government	7.809	7.882	7.909	7.946	7,959	7,963	7044	7.074	7.006	9 000	9.046	9 050	9.004
Federal	970	970	974	981	7,959 984	987	7,944 990	7,971 992	7,986	8,002	8,016	8,053	8,034
State	1,676	1,677							992	996	1,000	1,005	1,004
Local	5,163	5.235	1,683 5,252	1,687 5,278	1,683 5,292	1,685 5,291	1,685 5,269	1,702 5,277	1,710 5,284	1,719 5,287	1,724	1,735	1,749
LOVE:	0,103	0,200]	3,232	3,2/0	0,292	ં,∠∀	o,∠o9)	5,277	0,204	3,28/	5,292	5,313	5,281

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all

seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA **EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

B-6. Production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted.

(In thousands)

Indiana.			1984						19	85			
Industry	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July⁰	Aug. ^p
Total private	63,901	64,096	64,375	64,629	64,830	65,058	65,177	65,376	65,571	65,735	65,766	65,860	66,127
Goods-producing	17,484	17,448	17,497	17,509	17,585	17,638	17,578	17,574	17,597	17,555	17,495	17,471	17,521
Mining	700	700	695	694	691	690	692	691	699	701	694	691	683
Construction	3,388	3,407	3,422	3,439	3,485	3,549	3,539	3,574	3,649	3,651	3,632	3,638	3,661
Manufacturing	13,396	13,341	13,380	13,376	13,409	13,399	13,347	13,309	13,249	13,203	13,169	13,142	13,177
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures	7,832 591 391	7,806 588 389	7,835 593 393	7,832 594 397	7,855 597 399	7,843 595 400	7,806 589 399	7,776 585 400	7,730 579 397	7,704 580 393	7,671 576 394	7,637 583 393	7,671 586 395
Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products	457 656 254	457 647 248	458 647 245	459 644 244	462 640 242	463 640 242	461 636 240	462 630 237	460 621 238	460 618 234	459 615 231	458 608 230	457 600 233
Fabricated metal products	1,092 1,353 1,372	1,091 1,352 1,373	1,096 1,359 1,376	1,099 1,354 1,374	1,102 1,353 1,371	1,099 1,346 1,366	1,097 1,340 1,357	1,094 1,335 1,345	1,093 1,325 1,322	1,091 1,323 1,313	1,086 1,314 1,303	1,081 1,304 1,294	1,079 1,308 1,290
Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing	1,241 683 398 281	1,230 665 399 280	1,232 669 399 282	1,230 672 400 281	1,251 687 400 280	1,257 691 399 278	1,251 677 400 276	1,251 671 399 275	1,264 682 397 272	1,260 678 394 272	1,260 678 394 270	1,257 670 392 267	1,290 699 393 273
Nondurable goodsFood and kindred products	5,564 1,124	5,535 1,119	5,545 1,123	5,544 1,126	5,554 1,135	5,556 1,138	5,541 1,138	5,533 1,143	5,519 1,138	5,499 1,141	5,498 1,153	5,505 1,142	5,506 1,143
Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products	643 1,010	50 637 999	50 630 998	50 626 996	50 623 1,000	51 622 998	50 614 992	49 610 986	50 611 983	49 605 970	49 603 962	49 602 977	48 600 961
Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products	762	510 764 582	513 768 582	513 770 581	514 768 581	515 773 580	514 775 580	515 777 579	513 778 578	516 780 575	516 782 575	516 786 574	518 789 581
Petroleum and coal products		111 609 154	112 616 153	112 619 151	111 622 150	111 620 148	111 621 146	110 619 145	109 615 144	108 611 144	108 607 143	108 604 147	108 611 147
Service-producing	46,417	46,648	46,878	47,120	47,245	47,420	47,599	47,802	47,974	48,180	48,271	48,389	48,606
Transportation and public utilities	4,293	4,303	4,316	4,324	4,337	4,344	4,355	4,358	4,365	4,385	4,382	4,393	4,376
Wholesale trade	4,490	4,520	4,542	4,553	4,570	4,589	4,596	4,610	4,631	4,644	4,662	4,665	4,689
Retail trade	14,929	14,989	15,090	15,217	15,233	15,278	15,337	15,391	15,430	15,521	15,568	15,582	15,635
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,245	4,245	4,259	4,270	4,284	4,298	4,309	4,328	4,343	4,364	4,381	4,399	4,423
Services	18,460	18,591	18,671	18,756	18,821	18,911	19,002	19,115	19,205	19,266	19,278	19,350	19,483

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March

1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision. Corrected seasonal adjustment factors for production workers in blast furnaces and basic steel products for August and November 1985 are 100.9 and 97.5 respectively. The corrected factor for motor vehicles and equipment in September 1985 is 101.5.

B-7. Indexes of diffusion: Percent of industries in which employment' increased, seasonally adjusted

Time span	Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Over 1-month span	1983 1984 1985	52.2 67.3 57.6	45.9 72.7 50.3	59.7 66.8 55.9	70.0 67.3 44.6	68.9 60.5 50.3	63.0 64.3 47.0	72.7 65.7 ° 51.4	69.5 58.1 ° 59.7	73.2 48.4	74.1 66.5	66.8 55.1	68.9 63.5
Over 3-month span	1983 1984 1985	46.2 78.1 58.6	53.2 75.9 54.1	63.0 77.6 46.8	73.5 68.9 45.9	71.9 69.7 44.1	73.8 67.0 ° 48.9	72.7 65.4 9 50.8	80.3 60.3	80.8 60.0	78.6 56.5	74.6 67.0	74.3 60.0
Over 6-month span	1983 1984 1985	50.0 79.2 52.2	62.4 77.8 49.5	65.7 77.3 44.3	67.8 75.4 P 43.5	74.3 69.2 ° 45.9	78.4 64.9	79.7 63.2	79.5 64.1	78.9 67.0	79.2 59.7	79.7 57.6	78.4 60.3
Over 12-month span	1983 1984 1985	48.6 81.9 P 49.7	55.1 78.4 ° 50.0	61.4 76.8	68.6 75.1	72.4 72.7	75.1 73.0	77.0 70.0	79.7 65.7	78.4 63.5	80.8 60.5	81.6 56.2	81.1 51.9

Based on the number of employees, seasonally adjusted for 1, 3, and 6 month spans, on the payrolls of 185 private nonagricultural industries. Data for the 12-month span are unadjusted.

p = preliminary.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment

rising. (Half of the unchanged components are counted as rising.) Data are centered within the spans. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		Co	onstructio	n
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985⁰	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
Mabama	1,391.6	1,398.0	1,404.5	14.6	15.3	15.4	67.4	67.1	69.
Birmingham	357.7	358.7	362.2	7.7	7.9	7.8	19.8	20.9	21.
Huntsville	105.7	109.8	110.2	.1	.1	.1	4.6	4.3	4.
Mobile	153.6	156.3	157.8	1.1	1.0	1.0	10.3	12.1	12.
Montgomery		115.5	115.2	.1	.1	.1	6.9	7.1	7.
Tuscaloosa	51.4	52.3	52.9	2.5	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.8	2.
llaska	241.2	237.5	247.2	9.0	9.4	9.8	23.8	21.2	22.
urizona		1 -	1,237.1	13.6	11.3	11.2	98.1	111.1	110.
Phoenix	1		814.4 223.3	.6 3.7	.6 2.5	.6 2.5	67.1 18.4	77.4 21.3	76. 21.
arkansas	779.6	794.0	789.4	5.7	5.6	5.6	37.8	37.7	38
Fayetteville-Springdale		1	41.6	(')	(')	(')	1.8	1,9	2
Fort Smith	1	1	67.1	1.2	`′1.3	1.3	3.3	3.0	3
Little Rock-North Little Rock	l l	1	214.5		.4	.4	12.2	11.4	11
Pine Bluff	30.2	31.4	31.0	()	(1)	(')	1.3	1.5	1.
California	1 '	1 .	10,807.9		49.3	49.5	459.9	473.7	477.
Anaheim-Santa Ana	I		991.1	4.2	4.3	4.3	45.8	49.9	49
Bakersfield		1	1	15.4	15.5	15.8	8.2	8.4	[8
Fresno				1.3	1.0	1.0	11.0	11.3	11
Los Angeles-Long Beach	1		3,821.5	12.4	12.1	12.1	111.7	120.4	119
Modesto		1		1	.1	.1	5.4	5.6	5
Oakland			1	1	1.9	1.9	41.4	44.5	44
Oxnard-Ventura		1	1	3.3	3.3	3.3	8.5	9.1	9
Riverside-San Bernardino		1	1	i	1.3	1.3	33.5	37.4	38
Sacramento			1		.9	.8	24.7	26.6	27
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey			1		.3	.3	3.5	3.7	3
San Diego		1		3	.7	.7	43.3	46.9	47
San Francisco			1	1 '	2.7	2.7	30.4	32.8	33
San Jose	I			1 '	.2	.2	30.8	33.3	33
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		1	1	1.4	1.4	1.4	6.1	6.5	6
Santa Rosa-Petaluma					.7	.8	7.2	6.9	7
StocktonVallejo-Fairfield-Napa		1			.1 .3	.1 ,4	7.0 6.4	7.3 6.2	6
Colorado	1,385.2	1,420.1	1,408.9	36.6	34.9	34.5	93.0	91.8	92
Denver-Boulder	901.2	922.2	915.1	24.5	23.2	22.9	56.7	57.9	58
Connecticut	1		1 '		1.3		65.7	68.0	
Bridgeport-Milford			1	1 ,,	(')	(')	6.6	6.4	II .
Hartford	I	1	1		.2		15.3	15.2	
New Britain	1		i	1 ,	(')	(')	2.9	2.9	
New Haven-Meriden					.3	.3	1	11.5	
Stamford	117.4 83.4		1		.7 (')) .6 (')	4.8 3.5	4.8 3.5	
Delaware	283.	293.9	294.9	.1	.1	.1	18.1	18.2	16
Wilmington	246.:	2 254.4	254.0	.2	.2	.2	19.7	19.4	19
District of Columbia	I		1		1.0	1		l	1
Florida		4 '	4,377.8			10.4	326.2	331.8	334
Daytona Beach		B 97.3	96.7	7 (')	(')	(')	6.7	6.9	1
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach			1		.4	.4	34.0	32.9	3:
Fort Myers-Cape Coral			i		(')	()	10.3	1	I .
Gainesville				1	(')	(')	4.6	1	1
Jacksonville			1			.6	1		1
Lakeland-Winter Haven		1		1 .				1	ł
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay			1	1 ,,	(')	(')	8.5		1
Miami-Hialeah			1			1 .	1		1
Orlando			i .		(')	(')	31.4		
Pensacola			1			1 -			1
Sarasota		1		1 7.7	()	(')	9.6		
Tallahassee			1	1	(')	(')	4.6		
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach		1	1		1 .		1		
	260.	5 276.3	3 272.7	7 (1)	(')	(')	25.1	24.4	1 2

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chata and area	Ma	arlufacturin	g		sportation ublic utilitie	l l	Wholesa	ale and reta	ail trade
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
Alabama	358.8	353.8	349.7	72.7	73.8	73.4	292.1	294.6	294.
Birmingham	54.0	55.0	54.5	29.7	30.1	30.0	86.0	85.8	86.
Huntsville	30.0	31.2	31.0	2.4	2.3	2.4	19.6	21.9	22.
Mobile	25.5	25.4	25.5	9.5	9.7	9.5	40.8	41.9	42.
Montgomery Tuscaloosa	17.8 8.3	17.4 8.2	17.3 8.3	4.6 1.9	4.8 1.9	4.7 1.9	25.7 10.7	26.0 11.1	26.0 11.
Alaska	20.1	14.2	22.1	19.9	20.2	20.4	46.9	46.8	47.
Automo	172.0		. 1			60.5	202.2	201.0	200
ArizonaPhoenix	173.9 126.3	182.8 132.5	182.6 132.0	60.8 39.3	63.1 41.8	63.5 42.1	282.3) 191.4	301.2 204.7	299. 203.
Tucson	29.5	31.5	31.7	9.0	8.9	8.9	46.7	49.8	49.
Arkansas	215.3	211.8	211.5	45.7	46.0	46.4	176.3	179.9	180.
Fayetteville-Springdale	9.4	9.5	9.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	10.0	10.3	10.
Fort Smith	22.1	22.9	23.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	14.9	14.7	14.
Little Rock-North Little Rock	34.2	32.9	32.7	14.3	14.1	14.3	51.2	51.8	52.
Pine Bluff	5.9	5.8	5.8	3.4	3.3	3.2	6.3	6.6	6.0
California	2,074.7	2,048.4	2,057.1	557.6	551.9	558.4	2,521.4	2,637.8	2,645.
Anaheim-Santa Ana	234.2 10.4	234.8 10.8	233.4 10.8	31.9	33.0	33.0	240.9	252.5	254.
BakersfieldFresno	22.1	21.6	22.1	7.8 10.3	7.8 9.9	7.9 10.0	39.4 48.3	40.4 47.9	40.9 47.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach	899.7	904.2	900.7	201.4	197.9	203.2	868.2	886.4	890.6
Modesto	22.9	18.9	22.0	4.6	4.5	4.5	22.9	23.0	23.2
Oakland	105.4	105.0	105.4	46.0	47.9	48.6	185.7	194.1	193.6
Oxnard-Ventura	27.1	27.2	26.2	7.2	7.5	7.4	44.8	46.4	46.
Riverside-San Bernardino	60.9	62.5	62.2	28.3	28.7	28.7	123.1	129.9	130.
Sacramento	35.1	33.1	34.6	23.9	23.1	23.3	115.0	119.2	120.
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	8.9	9.0	9.3	4.7	4.8	4.9	26.5	27.3	27.4
San Diego	112.7	119.1	119.8	30.7	31.0	31.1	173.8	184.9	186.3
San Francisco	86.1	85.0	85.9	86.6	81.2	84.5	199.9	207.7	209.0
San Jose	291.4	287.0	287.8	22.4	22.6	22.6	144.1	150.1	150.
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	24.7	23.7	23.7	5.5	5.5	5.4	31.1	31.8	31.9
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	18.0	17.7	17.6	5.1	5.2	5.1	27.6	28.6	28.
StocktonVallejo-Fairfield-Napa	24.5 11.4	21.0 10.4	23.7 10.7	8.3 4.4	8.1 4.5	8.6 4.5	30.1 26.3	30.8 27.4	31. 27.
Colorado	194.8	191.9	193.5	87.0	86.9	89.3	341.2	346.8	347.
Denver-Boulder	134.7	131.2	131.9	64.4	64.6	67.0	218.4	222.6	222.
Connecticut	414.6	420.3	408.8	65.3	69.4	67.2	337.5	345.2	345.
Bridgeport-Milford	64.5	63.9	62.6	7.3	7.2	7,1	41.5	41.8	41.0
Hartford	92.0	94.2	93.4	15.4	16.2	15.7	90.4	92.3	91.
New Britain	22.9	23.2	22.2	3.1	3.2	3.1	11.3	11.7	11.5
New Haven-Meriden	49.3 29.9	49.6 29.6	48.0 28.9	18.0 4.6	18.4 4.7	18.0 4.7	53.2 27.4	55.6 29.0	55.5 28.5
Waterbury	28.0	29.1	27.2	3.0	3.2	3.0	16.3	17.2	17.
Delaware Wilmington	69.1 60.8	70.1 61.5	70.4 61.4	11.4 11.5	12.4 12.1	11.6 11.5	65.3 51.3	67.7 53.2	68. 53.
•		1							
District of Columbia Washington MSA	14.6 77.5	14.5 78.6	14.6 79.0	26.3 84.3	27.1 90.1	26.9 90.1	63.8 362.3	65.3 377.5	65. 378.
Florida	499.1	516.0	512.9	242.7	250.7	251.0	1,106.9	1,166.7	1,164.
Daytona Beach	10.6	10.7	10.7	3.3	3.5	3.5	27.2	28.0	28.
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	43.8	43.9	43.6	21.6	20.3	20.3	117.1	119.5	119.
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.5	4.5	24.4	27.9	27.0
Gainesville	5.6	5.2	5.1	1.7	1.7	1.7	17.8	17.2	17.
Jacksonville Lakeland-Winter Haven	36.0	37.0	36.6	27.0	27.8	27.9	92.9	94.8	95.
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	21.2 26.3	22.4 26.1	21.9 25.8	5.7 5.3	5.8 5.4	5.6 5.4	32.2 27.7	33.2	32.9
Miami-Hialeah	96.4	96.4	25.6 96.1	70.9	71.2	71.3	195.5	29.2 200.9	29.: 197.:
Orlando	45.3	46.5	46.4	19.9	20.4	20.3	104.2	110.5	111.
Pensacola	12.4	12.1	12.1	6.4	6.4	6.4	28.2	28.7	28.0
Sarasota	7.1	6.9	6.9	3.4	3.4	3.4	25.4	25.6	25.4
Tallahassee	3.8	3.8	3.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	19.2	19.2	19.
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	88.2	89.5	89.5	35.9	36.3	36.3	185.3	193.7	193.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chalo and non-	1	nce, insura d real esta	' 1		Services		G	iovernmen	t
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
Nabama	63.5	65.7	66.1	228.6	232.6	233.9	293.9	295.1	301.
Birmingham		25.8	26.1	77.4	78.1	77.9	57.9	55.1	58.
Huntsville		3.0	3.0	19.1	19.1	19.3	27.0	27.9	27.
Mobile	7.5	7.3	7.4	31.4	31.7	32.0	27.5	27.2	28.
Montgomery	1 1	6.7 1.7	6.7 1.7	22.2 6.9	22.6 7.0	22.6 7.0	29.5 16.9	30.8 16.8	30. 17.
Naska		13.5	13.6	45.0	45.3	45.9	63.7	66.9	65.
Arizona	1	76.5	76.9	275.4	296.2	296.1	180.3	204.9	197.
Phoenix	1 1	59.8	60.2	183.5	199.7	197.9	89.7	104.7	102
Tucson		10.7	10.8	50.8	55.6	57.1	39.3	45.0	41
Arkansas	36.4	38.1	38.3	135.3	137.2	137.2	127.1	137.7	131
Fayetteville-Springdale		1.6	1.6	5.8	5.9	5.8	9.1	9.6	9
Fort Smith		2.6	2.6	12.6	12.5	12.5	6.2	6.5	6
Little Rock-North Little Rock		15.2	15.3	45.8	46.2	46.2	40.7	43.0	42.
Pine Bluff	1.5	1.6	1.6	5.6	5.6	5.5	6.2	7.0	6.
California		708.3		2,546.4	2,641.6	2,640.7	1,655.6	1,779.3	1,665
Anaheim-Santa Ana		73.7		232.3	243.2	243.8	95.4	111.0	98
Bakersfield	1	5.8	1	28.3	28.9	28.8	32.5	36.7	34
Fresno	1	12.9	1	41.7	42.8	42.7	38.9	42.9	39
Los Angeles-Long Beach		255.9		940.7	984.0	981.5	453.8	479.5	455
Modesto		3.9	1	18.6	18.8	18.8	13.7	15.7	14
Oakland		45.0		162.6	172.4	172.1	148.8	156.6	149
Oxnard-Ventura	h .	11.3		36.6	38.1	38.2	36.9	40.7	40
Riverside-San Bernardino		21.4	1	106.5	112.6	112.3	99.2	109.1	103
Sacramento		27.4 4.8	ì	94.7	99.1	99.3	143.3	158.4	149
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey		49.2	4.8 49.4	22.8 183.2	23.4 193.4	23.8 194.8	24.1 132.8	25.6 146.8	24 136
San Diego		111.6	1	254.2	262.7	260.2	129.2	134.0	129
San Jose	I	31.9		188.4	193.3	191.0	74.2	80.1	76
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	1	7.1	•	34.9	36.0	35.8	23.6	25.7	24
Santa Rosa-Petaluma		7.3	i	l 1	24.1	24.0	17.3	21.2	18
Stockton		6.2	1	1	26.2	26.0	26.6	28.9	27
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa		4.1	I .	22.8	24.5	23.9	33.8	36.1	34
Colorado		96.6	97.4	307.3	318.0	318.1	230.4	253.2	236
Denver-Boulder	68.0	68.5	68.7	206.0	213.5	213.2	128.5	140.6	130
Connecticut		127.7		342.2	355.2	356.8	178.1	189.1	181
Bridgeport-Milford	I	9.1		1	42.4	42.5	16.1	18.0	15
Hartford	I	64.2	1	92.2	97.1	97.4	50.6	55.4	52
New Britain	I	3.0	1	11.1	11.4	11.3	5.7	6.3	5
New Haven-MeridenStamford	I	14.2	1	61.3 31.3	62.2 32.3	62.0 32.5	29.4 9.1	29.1 10.4	i
Waterbury	3.9	1	1			19.6		10.4	t .
Delaware	17.9	19.3	19.4	58.8	62.5	62.4	43.1	43.7	44
Wilmington	16.2	17.5	17.7	52.0	56.1	55.8	34.5	34.5	35
District of Columbia		36.3 110.0	1	1	209.0 570.1	209.1 574.2	275.6 549.2		1
Florida		314.9	1	1	1,144.9	1,143.1	609.5		
Daytona Beach		1	1	1	26.4	26.7			1
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	I	1		1	l .	110.2	1		48
Fort Myers-Cape Coral				1		23.3	1	14.1	12
Gainesville		1	1	I .	18.5		ļ	1	30
Jacksonville			ı.		82.9		1	1	49
Lakeland-Winter Haven		1	1		28.0		16.8	{	16
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay			1		1	}	I	I	1
Miami-Hialeah Orlando		1	1		1		I	_	1
			1		1	l .	I		1
Pensacola		5.3			ì		I	1	1
		i	1		1	F			i
Tallahassee Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		1	1			1	1		1
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach		1			1				1
vvest raini deach-doca naton-Deiray Beach	21.1	21.5	5 21.4	70.5	76.1	75.4	30.5	35.5	il 3:

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		Co	onstructio	n
State and area	July	June	July	July	June	July	July	June	July
	1984	1985	1985°	1984	1985	1985°	1984	1985	1985°
Georgia	2,459.4	2,608.5	2,600.7	7.8	8.0	7.9	137.7	152.0	156.1
Albany	46.8	47.8	47.0	.1	()	()	2.6	2.3	2.5
Atlanta	56.6	58.5	56.8 1,288.5	()	.1 1.2	.1	1.9 65.3	1.8 77.8	1.8 80.6
Atlanta	1,200.4 134.6	1,284.3 137.8	138.7	1.2	.5	1.2	7.7	7.1	7.4
Augusta Columbus	88.1	88.3	87.7	.1	.1	.1	5.0	5.5	5.5
Macon-Warner Robins	109.1	109.3	109.7	.2	.2	.2	4.9	4.6	4.7
Savannah	91.5	94.8	93.4	(')	(')	(')	5.7	6.3	6.3
Hawaii	416.2	419.7	421.3	(')	(')	()	17.2	18.5	18.8
Honolulu	337.2	339.4	340.4	(')	()	(¹)	14.2	15.7	15.8
daho	325.1	337.8	333.9	4.2	3.8	3.9	13.9	15.8	17.2
Boise City	83.5	85.4	84.8	(')	(')	(,)	5.6	5.5	5.7
Minois	4,662.2	4,707.1	4,711.0	25.6	26.2	26.6	165.6	175.4	182.9
Aurora-Elgin	124.4	126.3	124.9		<u> </u>	(')	4.2	4.5	4.6
Bloomington-Normal	47.7	49.3	48.8	(')	()	(')	1.4	1.4	1.4
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	71.0	72.9	72.7	(')	(')	(')	1.9	1.8	1.9
Chicago	2,779.2	2,835.0	2,835.4	2.2	2.3	2.3	97.3	99.9	100.7
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	146.9	145.4	145.4	()	()	()	4.9	4.9	5.0
Decatur	48.7	48.8	49.2	()	(<u>)</u>	()	1.7	1.7	1.8
Joliet	87.6	93.0	90.7	() {	()	()	4.5	4.4	4.5
Kankakee	30.7	31.3	31.6	()	(')	()	1.3	1.2	1.3
Lake County	168.2	175.0	175.0	(')	()	()	6.3	6.5	6.9
Peoria	129.6	127.1	126.4	(')	(')	(')	5.4	5.7	5.9
Rockford	114.1	116.1	115.3	(')	(')	(')	3.4	3.5	3.7
Springfield	86.9	88.0	87.3	(')	(')	(¹)	2.6	2.7	2.6
ndiana	2,148.0	2,210.6	2,205.7	10.8	10.6	10.8	89.9	100.3	106.2
Anderson	47.2	47.6	47.1	()	()	()	1.3	1.4	1.4
Elkhart-Goshen	89.6	91.0	90.2	(')	(')	(')	2.4	2.5	2.€
Evansville	121.0	123.0	124.0	3.0	2.8	2.8	6.9	6.7	7.1
Fort Wayne	160.4	163.3	163.8	(')	(')	(')	6.7	7.4	7.7
Gary-Hammond	218.7	213.4	214.9	(')	(')	(')	10.9	10.6	11.5
Indianapolis	542.4	555.7	554.8	(')	(')	(1)	24.8	27.0	27.8
Lafayette	55.4	56.1	56.4	(')	(')	(')	1.7	1.9	1.8
Muncie	44.5	45.8	46.1	(')	(')	(')	1.6	1.7	1.8
South Bend-Mishawaka Terre Haute	100.4 50.2	103.0 51.8	102.6 51.5	(¹) .4	(¹) .4	(¹) .4	4.6 2.1	4.6 2.3	4.8 2.4
							1		
Owa	1,053.4	1,065.6	1,050.7	2.3	2.1	2.2	43.3	40.6	41.8
Cedar Rapids	75.9	77.8	76.6	.2	.1	.1	2.7	2.8	2.9
Des Moines	186.2	190.0	188.6	[<u>()</u> [()	$\left(\begin{array}{c}0\\0\end{array}\right)$	7.1	7.3	7.8
Dubuque	38.8	39.8	39.4	()	(')	(')	1.4	1.4	1.5
lowa City	44.9	45.5	46.5		(')		2.0	1.6	1.7
Sioux City	47.4. 62.5	49.0 58.9	48.3 58.2	(')	(') (')	(') (')	1.9 2.6	2.1 2.7	2.2 2.9
(ansas	955.9	988.4	975.1	18.2	17.0	17.1	46.0	46.0	46.8
Lawrence	25.4	26.7	26.4	(')	(')	()	1.1	1.2	1.3
Topeka	81.9	84.5	83.8	8	6	8	3.2	2.8	3.
Wichita	199.9	204.9	203.6	3.5	3.0	3.1	9.8	10.2	10.4
Kentucky	1,200.3	1,259.0	1,247.6	46.9	48.0	45.1	54.1	56.1	58. ⁻
Lexington-Fayette	156.1	158.7	158.0		1.0	.9	9.2	9.8	10.0
Louisville	405.4	407.8	409.5	.7	.7	.7	19.6	19.5	20.0
Owensboro	32.0	31.5	31.5	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.9	1.7	1.7
_ouisiana	1,602.1	1,593.3	1,575.4	81.2	79.0	79.5	123.5	112.4	110.
Alexandria	44.4	45.2	44.8	1	.3	.3	3.0	3.1	3.
Baton Rouge	215.1	215.8	215.6	1	1.3	1.3	23.1	24.1	23.4
Houma-Thibodaux	61.5	62.6	61.9		8.5	8.4	3.2	3.2	3.
Lafayette	98.2	96.0	96.6		16.0	16.2	5.3	5.3	5.3
Lake Charles	60.7	58.6	58.8		2.3	2.3	4.1	3.5	3.
Monroe	54.0	55.1	54.5	1	.7	.8	3.1	3.3	3.
New Orleans	550.8	534.2	534.8	1	20.3	20.1	36.7	31.4	31.
Shreveport	143.0	144.8	143.3	1	4.7	4.6	9.4	10.0	10.0
Maine	459.3	463.5	462.6	.2	.2	.2	22.5	23.3	24 '
********* ****************************	_		1				22.5		24.
Lewiston-Auburn Portland	34.9	37.1	36.1	(')	(')	(')	1.7	1.6	1.5

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chata and area	Ma	anufacturin	g		sportation Iblic utilitie		Wholesa	le and reta	ail trade
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
eorgia	547.4	543.6	540.0	155.7	162.2	162.6	610.3	671.0	675
Albany	10.6	10.5	10.6	2.6	2.3	2.4	11.1	11.4	11
Athens	15.4	15.3	14.9	1.6	1.6	1.6	12.1	12.4	12
Atlanta	174.5	175.3	175.7	100.6	106.0	106.1	338.6	364.1	366
Augusta	35.3	36.3	36.3	4.3	4.4	4.4	27.8	28.2	28
Columbus	21.9	20.7	20.6	3.3	3.5	3.5	19.0	19.0	19
Macon-Warner Robins	19.6	18.6	18.9	4.5	4.5	4.6	22.7	23.4	23
Savannah	15.9	16.2	16.2	9.8	10.0	10.0	22.3	22.5	22
awaii	23.5 17.1	21.7 15.6	21.9 15.8	32.0 26.5	32.3 26.7	32.4 26.9	111.5 89.4	113.3 89.8	114 90
laho	55.4	54.5	52.8	19.0	18.6	18.5	82.7	86.7	86
Boise City	10.5	10.3	10.3	5.2	5.3	5.2	21.5	22.4	22
inois	985.9	959.4	946.9	273.6	272.7	276.8	1,144.9	1,167.3	1,16
Aurora-Elgin	37.6	35.8	35.5	3.3	3.2	3.3	34.1	33.9	3:
Bloomington-Normal	5.1	5.0	5.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	12.3	12.6	1:
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	7.0	7.3	7.2	2.4	2.4	2.4	17.7	18.2	1
Chicago	593.8	585.3	577.5	170.2	169.4	173.3	665.7	693.3	68
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	34.7	32.4	31.9	8.1	8.1	8.1	38.8	38.6	3
Decatur	15.7	14.9	15.0	3.8	3.8	3.9	10.4	10.9	1
Joliet	20.3	20.8	20.7	8.7	8.9	8.8	20.3	21.9	2
(ankakee	5.4	5.3	5.4	1.1	1.1	1.1	7.6	7.6	•
ake County	40.9	40.9	41.1	5.1	5.2	5.1	42.2	42.1	
Peoria	34.8	30.9	30.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	31.6	31.6	1 3
Rockford	44.6	45.4	44.9	4.4	4.2	4.2	24.7	25.0	
Springfield	5.0	4.6	4.3	4.0	4.1	4.1	17.7	17.6	
diana	625.0	625.7	618.4	107.1	109.4	109.6	502.8	521.8	1
Anderson	18.8	18.9	18.6	1.2	1.2	1.2	10.3	10.4	1 1
Elkhart-Goshen	49.7	49.5	49.0	2.8	2.9	2.9	16.6	17.3	1
Evansville	31.8	32.2	32.5	6.4	6.7	6.7	30.4	31.0	3
Fort Wayne	46.1	46.0	45.9	10.6	10.9	11.0	38.6	40.3	1
Gary-Hammond	66.5	61.4	60.4	13.4	13.6	13.6	49.8	50.5	
ndianapolis	112.2	108.8	107.9	31.8	32.5	32.7	138.6	143.4	14
Lafayette	11.5	11.3	11.4	1.9	1.8	1.8	11.5	12.3	
Muncie	11.3	11.3	11.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	11.2	11.9	
South Bend-Mishawaka Terre Haute	24.1 10.5	24.9 10.7	24.1 10.4	4.4 2.7	4.5 2.5	4.5 2.7	26.9 14.3	28.1 14.7	
ıwa	211.2	208.2	206.0	51.3	51.5	51.4	271.7	269.2	26
Cedar Rapids	21.3	21.3	21.0	3.7	3.7	3.7	19.1	18.8	1 1
Des Moines	23.7	22.7	22.5	11.3	11.6	11.8	49.1	49.5	1 .
Dubuque	12.2	12.3	12.2	1.8	1.7	1.7	8.7	9.0	
lowa City	3.9	3.9	F.	.9	1.2	1.1	8.5	8.6	
Sioux City Waterloo-Cedar Falls	8.9 16.9	10.2 13.7	10.2 13.7	3.4 2.1	3.3 2.1	3.3 2.1	12.5 14.2	12.3 14.0	
AnsasLawrence	179.0 4.3	178.5 4.4	177.9 4.4	64.5 1.3	64.4 1.2		239.4 5.7	248.6 5.9	į.
Topeka	9.6	1	T .	7.6	7.6	l .	18.6	19.8	1
Wichita	55.0	56.7	I .	Į.	10.3		48.3	49.3	
entucky	261.6	256.4	256.6	65.7	69.0	69.7	281.1	298.5	2
Lexington-Fayette	28.9	28.9	29.1	7.5	7.5	7.5	35.2	36.0	:
Louisville	90.9 6.5	86.2		23.4	23.4	1	98.9	103.2	
		6.2		2.3	2.2		8.0	8.0	
ouisiana	183.3 3.5	180.7 3.6		1	116.2 2.3	1	385.4 11.2	381.6 11.4	3
Baton Rouge	22.0	1		10.6	ſ		52.2	53.3	1
Houma-Thibodaux	5.6	1	1	7.3	6.8	1	15.3		1
Lafayette		1	3	1	7.1	1	26.3	14.6	l
Lake Charles	9.9	1	1	_		7.1	t .	25.5	1
Monroe	6.9				3.0	1	,	14.4	1
New Orleans	48.9		1		(1	í	15.8	
Shreveport	23.1	47.6 22.1	1	1	l		143.3 34.6	141.5 35.0	1
laine	107.4	107.7	99.0	20.0	20.0	20.2	111.6	110.8	1
Lewiston-Auburn	10.2	11.2	9.9	1.4	1.4		8.3	8.7	1
Portland	16.1	16.7	15.6	5.8	5.8	5.9	30.5	30.3	ı

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Cardo and area		nce, insura d real esta			Services		G	iovernmen	t
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
Georgia	130.9	135.7	136.9	445.9	485.4	487.2	423.8	450.6	434.
Albany	2.2	2.3	2.4	6.9	7.1	7.1	10.8	11.8	10.
Athens	1.7	1.8	1.8	7.9	8.2	8.2	15.9	17.3	15.
Atlanta	82.7	86.6	87.9	267.9	294.5	295.3	169.7	178.7	175.
Augusta	5.0	5.4	5.5	22.1	22.8	22.9	32.0	33.1	33.
Columbus	5.8	6.2	6.2	13.6	13.1	13.0	19.3	20.2	19.
Macon-Warner Robins	6.6	6.8	6.9	19.1	18.7	18.6	31.6	32.6	32.
Savannah	4.1	4.0	4,1	18.8	19.0	19.1	14.9	16.6	15.
ławaii	32.0	32.1	32.2	109.2	109.0	108.7	90.8	92.8	93.
Honolulu	27.3	27.5	27.6	86.0	85.7	85.3	76.7	78.4	78.
Jaho	23.7	23.7	23.8	62.4	64.6	64.5	63.8	70.1	66.
Boise City	8.2	8.2	8.1	17.2	17.6	17.5	15.3	16.1	15.
linois	321.8 6.7	327.3	327.3	1,071.1	1,084.2	1,102.9	673.7	694.6	681.
Aurora-Elgin	I	6.6	6.5	24.8	27.4	27.8	13.6	14.8	13.
Bloomington-Normal	8.6	8.7	8.7	9.7	10.3	10.3	7.4	8.2	7.
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	2.4	2.5	2.5	12.5	12.9	12.9	27.1	27.8	27.
Chicago	231.1	236.4	237.3	688.1	700.1	712.8	330.8	348.3	345
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	7.3	7.4	7.4	25.9	26.5	27.0	27.1	27.5	26
Decatur	2.8	2.7	2.7	8.9	9.3	9.3	5.3	5.4	5
Joliet	3.4	3.7	3.7	16.6	18.1	17.5	13.5	14.9	13
Kankakee	1.4	1.5	1.5	6.7	7.7	7.7	7.2	6.9	6
Lake County	7.0	7.0	7.2	37.7	42.7	43.4	28.3	29.9	28
Peoria	6.5	6.6	6.5	29.1	29.9	30.1	15.2	15.8	15
Rockford	4.5	4.7	4.7	20.9	21.4	21.6	11.5	11.9	11.
Springfield	7.7	7.8	7.8	19.5	19.8	19.8	30.2	31.3	30.
ndiana	105.9	107.6	108.4	395.5	415.0	413.0	311.0	320.2	318.
Anderson	1.6	1.6	1.7	8.3	8.4	8.3	5.7	5.7	5.
Elkhart-Goshen	2.2	2.3	2.3	11.1	11.6	11.5	4.8	4.9	4.
Evansville	4.6	4.7	4.7	27.0	27.2	27.7	10.9	11.7	11.
Fort Wayne	10.8	11.0	11.0	31.2	31.5	31.5	16.3	16.1	16.
Gary-Hammond	8.3	7.8	7.8	41.3	41.2	41.0	28.4	28.2	29.
Indianapolis	40.8	40.9	41,4	111.6	118.6	118.2	81.7	83.6	82.
Lafayette	2.8	2.8	2.8	10.0	10.3	10.2	15.9	15.6	16.
Muncie	1.5	1.6	1.6	8.7	9.3	9.3	8.2	8.0	8.
South Bend-Mishawaka Terre Haute	5.0 1.7	5.1 1.7	5.1 1.8	25.4 9.9	26.1 10.4	26.1 10.3	10.0 8.6	9.7 9.1	10. 8.
owa	62.5	63.4	63.4	220.6	224.6	222.7	190.6	205.8	194.
Cedar Rapids	4.7	4.8	4.8	15.7	16.5	16.1	8.5	9.7	9.
Des Moines	24.0	24.4		43.7	45.3	44.9	27.3	29.1	27.
Dubuque	1.4	1.5	1.5	10.3	10.7	10.5	3.1	3.2	3
lowa City	1.3	1.3	1.3	6.4	6.6	6.5	21.8	22.3	23.
Sioux City	2.6	2.6	2.6	12.1	12.1	11.9	6.0	6.4	5
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	3.1	3.1	3.1	12.7	12.4	12.3	10.7	11.0	10
(ansas	52.2	53.2	53.3	184.9	193.3	193.5	171.7	187.4	175
Lawrence	.9	.9	1.0	4.3	4.6	4.6	7.8	8.5	8
Topeka	5.9	5.8	5.9	18.3	18.6	18.7	18.6	20.0	19
Wichita	10.2	10.3	10.3	40.5	41.5	41.7	22.6	23.6	1
Centucky	55.9	57.7	58.7	231.3	246.9	240.9	203.7	226.4	220
Lexington-Fayette	7.7	8.4	8.4	34.2	34.8	34.7	32.6	32.3	31
Louisville	25.7	26.2	26.1	87.7	91.6	90.9	58.3	57.0	59
Owensboro	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.6	6.6	6.6	4.3	4.4	4.
ouisiana	83.7	84.3	84.3	312.2	316.7	314.0	313.6	322.4	314
Alexandria	2.5	2.5	2.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	12.1	12.5	12
Baton Rouge	13.4	13.6	13.7	40.1	40.6	40.6	52.6	51.0	51
Houma-Thibodaux	2.5	2.3	2.3	9.4	9.2	9.1	10.3	10.8	10
Lafayette	4.1	4.0	4.0	19.6	19.3	19.3	12.6	12.9	13
Lake Charles	2.8	2.8	2.7	11.0	19.3	10.8	11.1		11
Monroe	4.0	4.3	4.3	10.6	10.7	10.6	10.7	11.2 10.2	9
New Orleans	33.4								1
Shreveport	8.1	31.9 8.0	32.1 7.9	130.2 31.4	126.2 32.6	125.8 32.5	91.5 22.1	89.5 24.0	91 22
laine	20.0	20.0	21.0	00.0					1
faineLewiston-Auburn	20.0 1.8	20.8 1.8	21.0 1.8	98.8 8.3	96.3 8.9	103.2 9.2	78.9 3.2	84.4 3.5	80
Portland	8.9	9.4	1						1
Lewiston-Auburn		1.8	1			i i	i		

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		Co	onstruction	n
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
Maryland	1,820.7	1,902.6	1,906.9	1.7	1.6	1.6	120.9	137.8	138.6
Baltimore MSA	986.0	994.6	997.1	.2	.2	.2	54.9	56.2	56.6
Baltimore City	442.3	438.5	442.1	(')	(')	(')	18.6	17.7	17.8
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	622.1	653.7	654.5	.4	.5	.6	49.5	54.4	54.2
Massachusetts	2,854.9	3,013.3	2,979.6	1.2	1.2	1.2	104.8	113.2	116.8
Boston	1,612.7	1,738.0	1,722.1	.5	.6	.6	55.1	60.8	62.5
Brockton	64.1	70.1	68.7	(')	(')	(') {	2.7	3.3	3.4
Fall River	52.5	56.1	54.0	(')	(')	(')	1.8	1.9	2.0
Fitchburg-Leominster	37.4	39.7	37.7	(')	(')	(')	1.6	1.8	1.8
Lawrence-Haverhill	144.8	158.1	156.2	(')	(')	(1)	7.0	9.6	9.7
Lowell	97.0	105.6	103.4	(')	(')	(')	4.1	4.9	5.3
New Bedford	65.6	70.5	68.6	Ö	Ö	Ö	2.2	2.3	2.4
Pittsfield	39.6	41.6	41.8	Ö	- Ö	(i)	1.5	1.7	1.7
Springfield	221.5	235.5	232.4	.2	`′ .2	`´ .2	6.9	7.4	7.5
Worcester	171.9	184.3	180.7	.2	.1	.1	6.6	7.2	7.
Michigan	3,331.4	3.463.9	3,433.9	9.8	9.9	9.6	99.9	97.8	102.6
Ann Arbor	138.8	142.6	143.6	.2	(')	(')	4.2	4.3	5.3
Battle Creek	52.9	53.6	53.8	(')	6	8	1.7	1.9	2.0
	57.6	58.3	58.7	.1	8	8	1.4	1.4	1.4
Benton Harbor				l i				í	
Detroit	1,664.1	1,733.7	1,716.5	.8	.7	.7	47.8	51.4	52.9
Flint	166.4	169.2	167.3	(')	(')	()	4.0	4.6	4.
Grand Rapids	280.2	284.5	284.0	.4	()	()	10.7	10.5	10.9
Jackson	46.9	47.3	47.1	.4	(')	(')	1.3	1.3	1.4
Kalamazoo	93.4	94.5	95.0	.1	(')	(')	3.2	3.3	3.9
Lansing-East Lansing	174.3	187.2	182.9	.4	(')	(')	4.6	4.8	4.1
Muskegon	53.9	54.8	55.0	.1	(')	(')	1.8	1.7	1.8
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	145.0	147.4	146.3	.2	(')	(')	7.2	5.9	6.0
Minnesota	1,828.2	1,903.1	1,881.7	11.1	10.3	8.4	78.7	80.5	83.0
Duluth	87.4	87.6	82.6	6.5	6.0	4.0	3.4	3.0	2.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,172.6	1,225.3	1,217.7	(')	(1)	(')	50.0	50.5	53.
Rochester	55.5	56.8	56.6	Ö	(')	Ö	2.0	2.3	2.
St. Cloud	57.2	60.7	59.6		Ö	8	3.2	3.4	3.0
Mississippi	816.7 159.7	841.3 165.5		9.2 1.8	9.1 1.8	9.0 1.8	39.9 8.4	41.2 9.2	41. 9.
							20.5		
Missouri	2,008.1	2,051.8	1 .		6.5	6.6	88.5	84.8	87.
Kansas City	667.0	681.1	677.6		.8	.8	28.5	29.8	30.
St. Joseph	35.7	34.7	34.6	1 ''	(')	(')	1.6	1.7	1.0
St. Louis	1,047.2 94.2	1,065.7 94.2	1,062.0 94.0	1	3.6 .1	3.6 .1	52.8 3.7	49.9 3.7	51.0 3.1
Montone	282.3	288.1	280.6	8.0	7.3	7.6	14.6	13.9	14.
Montana	202.3	200.1	200.0	0.0	,.3	7.0	14.0	13.9	14,
Nebraska	628.9	646.1	637.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	27.1	25.0	25.
Lincoln	97.3	100.7	99.4	(')	(')	(')	3.9	4.0	4.
Omaha	279.1	285.0	282.2	.3	.3	.3	12.2	12.2	12.
Nevada	430.5	449.3	449.6	6.8	7.0	7.1	23.5	25.8	26.
Las Vegas	239.5	251.4	250.6	.4	.4	.4	14.1	15.3	15.
Reno	119.9	124.4	124.8	.8	.8	.8	6.0	6.6	6.
New Hampshire	444.9	477.6	477.4	.4	.7	.7	25.4	32.1	34.
Manchester	75.7	79.1			(')	(')	4.2	4.6	4.
Nashua	80.5	85.2			.2		3.5	3.8	4.
New Jersey	3,399.4	3,500.6	3,496.3	2.3	2.4	2.3	142.2	157.7	157.
Atlantic City	1 '	169.9	.,	1 .	(')	(')	7.8	1	t .
Bergen-Passaic	631.0	649.3	1	1 1.7	.1	1 .	24.8	1	1
Camden	l.	392.6			.1	1 .1	17.3	18.5	1
Jersey City	l.	227.3			() ''	(')	5.4		1
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	1	472.1			.6		1		
Monmouth-Ocean		306.1				(')	16.3	1	I .
Newark	925.2	946.5	l .	, ,,	(')		1	1	1
Trenton	1		1					i	1
	170.8 51.8	174.4 51.4	4	1 1.1	(¹) .3	(')	4.4 2.1	4.3	
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton									

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Manufacturing			Transportation and public utilities			Wholesale and retail trade		
	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985
aryland	218.6	214.4	212.2	91.4	93.4	91.3	454.8	477.7	478
Baltimore MSA	141.2	137.8	135.9	59.1	58.1	56.5	233.1	240.9	24
Baltimore City	52.5	53.8	52.5	33.7	32.7	32.2	91.2	92.3	9
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	33.7	32.4	32.0	18.4	20.3	20.1	167.9	174.4	17:
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
assachusetts	667.2	683.9	665.3	121.7	130.4	126.4	666.5	716.9	71
Boston	325.6	347.9	345.4	74.9	78.9	77.6	359.9	391.5	38
Brockton	11.9	13.0	12.2	4.1	4.5	4.3	18.9	20.0	2
Fall River	18.3	20.0	18.5	1.7	1.8	1.6	12.5	13.2	1
Fitchburg-Leominster	13.6	13.5	12.4	1.6	1.5	1.4	8.4	9.4	
_awrence-Haverhill	52.9	57.3	56.9	5.7	6.2	5.9	30.2	31.8	3
_owell	40.3	43.4	42.6	3.0	3.2	2.9	19.3	21.1	2
New Bedford	23.5	25.8	24.3	2.4	2.6	2.6	14.7	15.9	
	- 1					L		ı	
Pittsfield	11.6	12.4	12.1	.9	.8	.8	9.7	10.7	
Springfield	54.6	56.4	55.2	8.4	9.1	8.8	51.3	55.5	
Vorcester	47.1	50.2	49.2	7.4	7.8	7.2	40.9	43.1	•
chigan	941.4	961.5	943.6	136.7	140.6	141.5	749.8	794.5	7
nn Arbor	36.3	35.6	35.7	3.5	3.7	3.8	21.7	22.3	•
attle Creek	14.9	14.5	14.3	2.0	2.0		9.2		
			- 1			2.0		9.5	
Benton Harbor	19.5	19.7	19.8∫	2.5	2.4	2.4	11.8	11.9	
Detroit	460.0	463.4	456.3	72.8	75.0	75.5	388.5	409.8	4
lint	64.6	63.2	62.6	4.9	4.3	4.2	38.6	41.2	
Grand Rapids	94.4	97.9	96.8	10.7	10.9	11.0	67.8	69.0	
ackson	11.8	12.5	12.2	4.8	4.2	4.1	9.9	10.0	
(alamazoo	28.4	29.3	29.4	2.9	2.8	2.9	20.8	21.2	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	32.1	38.9	38.0	5.3	5.3				
ansing-East Lansing	1	1			- 1	5.3	35.0	35.9	
/uskegon Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	18.3 45.2	19.4 46.6	18.8 45.7	2.9 7.2	2.8 7.0	2.8 7.0	11.1) 31.8	11.2 33.3	
baginaw-bay oky-ividiand	75.2	40.0	43.7		7.0	7.0	31.0	33.3	
nnesota	379.8	381.1	381.5	96.6	99.0	98.9	467.7	481.0	4
Duluth	6.2	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.8	6.1	21.8	21.4	
/linneapolis-St. Paul	258.5	260.4	259.7	66.0	68.1	67.9	293.1	302.2	3
Rochester	11.5	11.7	11.7	1.9	2.0	1.9	11.6	12.4	
St. Cloud	10.7	10.4	10.3	3.6	4.0	4.0	16.9	18.2	
includes!	210.5	001.0	040.0	20.0	00.0	20.0	170.0	405.0	
ississippi Jackson	219.5 20.0	221.0 19.8	218.2 19.7	39.3 10.3	39.9 10.2	39.9 10.2	176.6) 40.0	185.6 42.6	1
issouri	425.5	435.0	429.2	132.4	134.5	134.2	483.2	489.7	4
Cansas City	120.0	121.1	118.2	51.4	51.8	51.7	172.3	170.4	1
St. Joseph	8.9	8.5	8.5	2.0	1.8	1.8	8.4	8.3	
		,	L.	1		1	- 1	1	
St. Louis	228.2 20.3	229.9 18.9	229.8 18.9	74.0 6.1	74.5 6.0	73.6 5.9	246.5 26.3	253.1 26.5	2
pringricio	20.5	10.3	10.5	0.1	0.0	3.5	20.5	20.5	
ontana	23.4	22.1	22.3	20.8	19.9	19.9	77.8	77.7	
braska	90.2	88.9	87.0	43.1	42.9	42.9	161.4	164.3	1
incoln	12.1	13.0	12.9	6.3	6.2	6.1	21.4	21.6	
Omaha	36.6	35.6	35.1	23.0	23.1	23.1	70.1	71.4	
			[
evada	21.3	21.7	21.5	25.2	25.5	25.6	86.8	90.2	1
as Vegas	7.6	7.7	7.6	14.2	14.4	14.4	49.4	51.7	
Reno	8.2	8.3	8.2	7.9	8.2	8.3	25.9	26.4	
ew Hampshire	120.2	122.6	118.0	14.7	15.6	15.2	109.5	120.7	1
Vanchester	15.7	15.8	15.4	4.7	4.8	4.8	20.0	20.5	
lashua	37.5	37.5	36.6	2.1	2.3	2.2	16.1	17.7	
w Jersey	730.7	731.0	702 8	215 1	220.0	216 7	919.0	040.0	
	1	ľ	723.8	215.1	220.3	216.7	818.2	843.9	8
Atlantic City	7.8	8.3	8.1	6.1	6.3	6.2	47.2	45.0	
Bergen-Passaic	170.6	172.5	169.9	30.4	30.3	29.6	176.8	184.1	1
Camden	74.3	75.8	75.7	17.0	16.6	17.0	99.7	104.3	1
Jersey City	59.4	56.5	54.9	27.3	28.9	28.9	50.4	52.4	
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	115.3	113.8	112.4	33.8	34.6	34.4	107.6	114.1	1
Monmouth-Ocean	32.6	33.7	33.6	13.1	14.0	13.6	80.1	85.6	'
Newark	203.2	205.1		79.2	79.6				1
		,	202.3			78.6	186.0	197.3	1
Trenton	33.7	32.7	33.0	5.4	5.6	5.5	28.1	28.9	
	15.1	14.0	13.8	2.0	2.1	2.0	10.2	10.5	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Finance, insurance, and real estate				Services		Government		
	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
laryland	106.2	111.8	113.0	448.8	475.4	477.7	378.3	390.5	394
Baltimore MSA	63.8	65.6	66.3	233.3	235.6	235.8	200.4	200.2	205
Baltimore City	41.0	42.9	43.2	118.8	117.2	117.7	86.5	81.9	87
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	34.6	35.7	36.0	172.3	182.0	184.3	145.3	154.0	153
flassachusetts	181.0	192.3	195.8	751.5	796.3	795.5	361.0	379.1	363
Boston	124.7	134.9	135.6	487.6	526.7	523.4	184.4	196.7	188
Brockton	2.6	2.7	2.7	12.7	14.4	14.1	11.2	12.2	11
Fall River	2.8	2.8	2.9	9.7	9.8	10.0	5.7	6.6	
Fitchburg-Leominster	1.4	1.5	1.5	7.0	7.5	7.4	3.8	4.5	
Lawrence-Haverhill	5.4 3.1	5.7 3.6	5.9 3.7	27.3 15.7	30.1 17.1	29.7 16.9	16.3	17.4 12.2	19 11
Lowell	2.4	2.5	2.5	1	11.6	11.8	11.4 9.1		
New Bedford	2.4	2.5	2.3	11.3 9.4	8.8	9.7	4.3	9.8 5.0	
Springfield	14.5	14.8	15.1	49.5	53.2	52.6	36.3	38.9	3
Worcester	11.1	11.8	12.0	38.0	41.9	41.4	20.6	22.2	20
Alchigan	156.2	160.0	161.3	699.9	735.9	738.9	537.6	563.7	549
Ann Arbor	4.1	4.1	4.2	27.9	30.5	30.8	40.9	41.9	4
Battle Creek	3.6	3.8	3.9	10.4	10.6	10.6	11.0	11.3	1
Benton Harbor	2.1	2.2	2.2	12.6	12.5	12.8	7.7	8.0	
Detroit	91.0	94.7	95.0	383.4	407.6	409.3	220.5	231.2	22
Flint	5.7	6.0	6.0	27.4	28.0	27.7	21.1	22.0	2
Grand Rapids	11.2	11.2	11.2	55.8	56.5	56.8	29.1	28.1	2
Jackson	1.6	1.6	1.7	9.2	9.2	9.2	7.9	8.3	
Kalamazoo	3.7	3.8	3.9	21.2	21.0	21.3	13.1	13.0	1
Lansing-East Lansing	9.6	10.0	10.1	30.8	32.8	32.9	56.3	58.9	٤
MuskegonSaginaw-Bay City-Midland	1.4 5.5	1.4 5.8	1.4 5.9	10.3 28.7	10.2 29.1	10.5 29.0	8.0 19.2	7.9 19.5	1
Saginaw-Day Ony-Wildiand		3.0	3.3	20.7	25.1	29.0	13.2	13.3	
linnesota	107.4 2.9	110.6 3.0	111.6 3.0	415.7 22.2	441.4 20.8	442.1 20.1	271.2 17.8	299.1 20.0	27
Minneapolis-St. Paul	81.1	82.7	83.5	276.6	298.6	300.3	146.3	161.7	15
Rochester	1.5	1.6	1.6	22.2	21.5	22.0	4.6	5.2	'`
St. Cloud	2.1	2.1	2.1	11.3	11.7	11.6	9.2	10.7	
Mississippi Jackson	34.5 12.3	35.2 12.8	35.3 12.8	123.1 32.6	127.1 33.3	126.9 33.3	174.6 34.4	182.4 35.8	18
Slaggeri	115.6	1160	117.0	442.4	440.4	450.4	210.7	225.0	2.
Alasouri	115.6 50.3	116.9 50.6	117.3 50.8	443.4 150.0	449.4 152.1	450.4 153.1	313.7 93.8	335.0 104.5	31
St. Joseph	1.9	2.1	2.1	7.5	7.0	7.0	5.4	5.3	'`
St. Louis	63.3	64.6	65.1	249.1	253.6	255.3	129.6	136.5	1:
Springfield	4.3	4.4	4.4	22.3	23.0	22.9	11.1	11.6	
Aontana	13.5	13.5	13.5	61.6	62.6	63.0	62.6	71.1	•
lebraska	43.6	44.8	45.0	135.7	144.0	142.9	126.1	134.5	12
Lincoln	7.3	7.6	7.6	19.6	20.4	20.2	26.7	28.0] :
Omaha	25.6	26.3	26.4	70.5	73.4	72.6	40.8	42.8	
evada	20.2	21.1	21.1	190.6	198.4	199.7	56.1	59.6	ļ
Las Vegas	11.6 6.6	12.4 6.8	12.4 6.7	116.0 48.5	120.8 51.0	121.2 51.2	26.2 16.0	28.7 16.3	
			0.7	40.0	31.0	31.2	10.0	10.0	
lew Hampshire	23.9	26.0	26.2	96.4	99.9	103.2	54.4	60.0	:
Manchester	6.6 2.6	6.8 2.9	6.9 2.9	17.7 13.9	18.8 15.1	18.6 15.0	6.8 4.7	7.7 5.7	ļ
lew Jersey	187.4	194.0	194.5	781.9	805.4	814.3	521.5	545.9	
Atlantic City	6.8	7.3	7.5	69.8	68.8	72.3	25.1	25.7	
Bergen-Passaic	32.0	33.5	33.5	128.5	134.0	132.9	68.0	69.3	
Camden	19.5	19.8	19.8	85.5	86.8	87.4	68.6	70.7	
Jersey City Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	8.5 25.4	8.3	8.9	35.7	35.1	34.8	42.1	39.6	
Monmouth-Ocean	25.4 13.9	26.3 13.9	26.6	89.5 78.5	93.0	95.0	68.6	67.9	1
Newark	68.7	69.5	14.0	78.5	78.9	81.7	57.6	60.3	1
Trenton	8.5	8.4	69.7	224.0 44.5	225.6	225.2	130.5	134.2	1
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	2.7	2.7	8.4	1	45.1	44.5	46.3	49.4	1
Thoras Thinting - Diageton	2.1	2.7	2.7	8.8	8.4	8.5	11.0	11.2	}

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		Total			Mining	1	Construction		
	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985
ew Mexico	502.1	518.1	513.4	21.2	20.3	20.1	38.7	38.4	38
Albuquerque		217.9	217.4	.3	.2	.2	15.7	17.5	17
Las Cruces	31.8	36.2	33.9	(')	(¹)	(')	2.8	2.8	2
ew York		7,750.1	7,728.9	7.1	7.3	7.3	269.4	278.2	284
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		380.9	376.2	3	.3	3	14.6	14.9	15
Binghamton	I	118.2	115.6	(')	(')	(')	5.0	5.3	!
Buffalo	L L	412.3	407.7	.5	.7	.7	14.5	15.0	1:
Elmira		34.1 43.8	33.8 45.6	(') (')	(¹) (¹)	(') (')	1.1 1.6	1.4 1.5	
Monroe County		360.7	358.1	.4	.3	.4	11.4	11.3	1
Nassau-Suffolk	1	1,078.3	1,072.0	.2	.2	.2	47.7	48.5	4
New York PMSA		3,984.8	3,982.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	121.0	125.9	12
New York City		3,483.7	3,483.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	95.4	99.8	10
Niagara Falls		78.0	78.0	(¹)	(')	(')	3.5	3.0	}
Orange County	88.4	91.0	90.0	(')	(')	(1)	3.3	3.5	1
Poughkeepsie	112.7	113.7	114.0	(')	(1)	(')	5.1	5.5	
Rochester		446.2	442.7	.8	.8	.8	14.6	14.4	1
Rockland County		94.5	94.5	(')	(')	(')	3.6	3.8	
Syracuse		279.5	277.7	.4	.2	.2	16.5	14.8	1
Utica-Rome		118.1	118.4	.1	.2	.2	3.8	3.8	
Westchester County	384.2	391.6	389.7	.1	.1	.1	20.9	21.3	2
orth Carolina	2,528.5	2,636.2	2,582.0	4.7	4.7	4.8	138.3	150.0	15
Asheville	73.5	75.4	75.3	.1	.1	.1	3.0	3.4	
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	488.0	489.8	483.2	.3	.3	.3	26.2	25.8	2
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	417.0	431.2	421.5	.4	.3	.3	19.8	20.6	2
Raleigh-Durham	318.9	340.7	336.7	.3	.3	.3	21.5	23.6	2
orth Dakota	253.5	254.9	253.1	7.8	7.2	7.2	16.1	12.9	1
Bismarck	35.7	36.6	36.2	.2	.2	.2	2.1	1.8	
Fargo-Moorhead	63.7	66.9	66.6	(1)	(')	(')	3.9	3.8	
Grand Forks	26.3	27.8	27.8	Ö	(¹)	(')	1.6	1.6	
hio	4,260.2	4,392.3	4,358.5	28.6	27.4	27.8	158.3	158.7	16
Akron	251.2	256.8	256.8	(')	(')	(')	9.1	10.0	1
Canton		153.1	152.5	(')	(')	(')	5.7	5.8	ŀ
Cincinnati		631.0	629.0	(')	(')	(')	23.5	23.8	1
Cleveland		869.1	870.2	()	(')	()	29.4	29.1	
Columbus		605.3	599.2	(')	()	()	20.8	22.4	i .
Dayton-Springfield			404.9	()	(')	(')	13.7	15.2	1
ToledoYoungstown-Warren		260.9 184.9	258.5 183.6	(1)	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	8.3 6.4	8.3 6.3	
•	,				,,			Ì	1
klahoma		1,192.9 25.4	1,180.4 25.3	75.0 2.2	72.9 1.8	73.1 1.8	53.0 1.3	48.9 1.1	'
Lawton			33.8	.3	.3	.3	1.4	1.0	
Oklahoma City	1		438.4			19.8	20.5	20.2	
Tulsa			303.5	21.3	20.7	20.7	15.3		
regon	999.9	1,036.8	1,016.7	1.8	1.5	1.6	33.2	33.4	
Eugene-Springfield			96.2	.3	.3	.4	3.2		1
Portland	1	520.5	511.9	.6	.5	.5	17.5	17.1	1
Salem	84.3	87.5	88.2	.1	(')	(')	2.8	3.0	1
ennsylvania		4,757.8	4,733.1	40.7	38.9	38.4	192.6	203.0	20
Allentown-Bethlehem		1	266.9	.4	.4	.4	9.8		1 1
Altoona			49.7	1	()	(<u>)</u>	2.2		1
Beaver County	ľ	1	54.6	(')	(')	(')	2.6	1	1
Delaware Valley		1,631.9	1,626.6	1.0	1.1	1.1	65.7		1
Erie		1	110.7	.2	.3	.3	3.4	3.1	1
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		_	275.1	.1	.1	.1	10.4	1	1
Johnstown		1	78.7 164.4	6.1	5.2	5.1	3.0 7.6	l .	1
Philadelphia PMSA		1	I	.4 1.2	.5 1.2	.5 1.2	7.6 83.0		1
Philadelphia City				(')	(¹)	(')	17.6		
		104.0	/ / // // // /			i ()	17.0	, 10.U	4

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

State and area	Manufacturing				sportation Iblic utilitie		Wholesale and retail trade		
	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
New Mexico	36.6	37.0	36.7	29.2	29.1	29.0	119.6	123.3	123.
Albuquerque	19.3	19.2	19.3	11.8	11.8	11.8	53.2	56.6	56.
Las Cruces	3.5	3.2	3.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	7.2	7.8	7.
Many Vaul	1 224 0	1 224 6	1 202 2	414.0	410.7	407.6	1 570 0	1 620 0	1 600
New York	1,324.0 54.6	1,324.6 53.2	1,302.3 51.7	414.2 16.6	418.7 16.4	407.6 16.0	1,579.0 79.1	1,620.0 82.8	1,609. 82.
•	41.2	40.1	39.8	4.3	4.3	4.3	21.5	22.3	22.
Binghamton	79.2	79.7	78.6	21.2	21.1	20.5	97.4	100.1	98.
Elmira	8.3	6.9	6.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	9.2	9.3	9.
Glens Falls	10.3	9.9	9.8	1.4	1.4	1.4	10.3	9.8	10
Monroe County	128.4	128.5	128.7	10.4	10.6	10.3	69.3	71.0	70
Nassau-Suffolk	178.0	181.9	180.9	42.9	46.8	44.0	279.0	290.7	289
New York PMSA	509.6	513.0	499.3	259.7	259.8	255.4	740.0	755.3	747
New York City	422.8	425.2	411.9	235.6	236.4	232.7	624.4	636.0	629
Niagara Falls	25.1	24.9	24.6	3.9	4.1	4.1	16.9	17.3	17
Orange County	15.4	15.3	15.1	5.2	5.6	5.3	21.7	22.6	22
Poughkeepsie	35.2	34.8	34.8	3.3	3.3	3.3	18.8	20.0	19
Rochester	150.0	150.0	150.6	13.1	13.3	13.1	88.1	90.8	90
Rockland County	16.1	15.8	15.8	4.0	4.2	4.0	21.1	22.2	22
Syracuse	58.7 27.3	58.5 26.5	57.8 26.2	15.7 4.4	15.7	15.6	62.0 24.5	63.8	63 25
Utica-Rome Westchester County	69.3	70.4	70.2	19.6	4.4 18.7	4.3 18.1	90.8	25.3 93.4	25 92
Westerlester County	00.0	, 0.4	70.2	10.0	10.7	10.1	00.0	30.4	32
North Carolina	827.7	815.0	805.2	127.2	129.7	129.9	552.7	571.2	575
Asheville	20.6	19.5	19.3	3.5	3.4	3.4	16.6	17.2	17
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		144.0	141.9	41.3	42.3	42.3	115.8	115.6	116
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	154.5	152.4	151.2	23.0	23.4	23.2	90.4	94.1	93
Raleigh-Durham	56.4	58.7	58.7	15.9	16.2	16.3	64.5	67.8	67
Mouth Bolont	45.5	45.7	450	40.4	40.7	40.0	20.7	00.5	
North Dakota	15.5 2.1	15.7 2.0	15.8 2.0	16.4 2.9	16.7 2.9	16.6 2.9	68.7	69.5 9.7	69
BismarckFargo-Moorhead	1 - 1	4.8	4.9	3.9	4.0	4.0	9.7 19.7	20.7	9 20
Grand Forks		1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.7	8.4	8
Ohio	1,131.3	1,121.1	1,112.5	207.6	210.2	210.2	986.2	1,027.6	1,026
Akron	68.6	66.8	66.1	13.2	13.7	13.6	60.3	62.3	62
Canton	46.7	46.6	46.3	6.2	6.2	6.2	35.4	37.3	37
Cincinnati	145.5	146.7	147.0	32.4	32.9	32.9	149.4	156.8	156
Cleveland	213.3	211.4	209.6	42.7	43.1	43.0	202.6	207.2	206
Columbus	104.6	104.4	104.2	26.7	27.7	27.4	139.6	147.9	147
Dayton-Springfield		105.9	105.7	15.2	16.1	16.2	84.8	89.6	89
Toledo		64.6	64.7	14.4	14.3	14.3	62.4	65.6	65
Youngstown-Warren	55.9	53.1	52.5	7.7	7.7	7.6	44.0	45.7	45
Oklahoma	175.5	172.0	169.9	65.3	63.7	63.1	289.2	294.0	292
Enid	1 1	1.9	1.9	2.6	2.6	2.6	7.5	7.8	7
Lawton	1	3.4	3.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	8.1	8.4	8
Oklahoma City	54.4	53.2	51.9	22.6	21.9	21.9	112.9	115.9	115
Tulsa	51.8	51.7	52.3	20.7	20.7	20.9	72.3	73.0	72
Oregon	202.0	199.1	202.4	56.8	55.0	55.0	254.7	262.5	262
Eugene-Springfield)	18.9	19.4	4.2	4.1	4.0	24.6	25.5	25
Portland		93.5	93.0	34.1	33.8	33.8	137.0	139.7	139
Salem	14.1	12.5	16.0	2.4	2.5	2.5	19.2	19.5	19
Pennsylvania	1,122.7	1,093.4	1,075.3	242.6	248.5	243.2	1,035.4	1,064.1	1,062
Allentown-Bethlehem		87.9	87.1	14.1	14.1	14.1	54.0	57.0	57
Altoona		11.3	11.2	5.0	5.0	4.9	11.7	12.4	12
Beaver County		16.0	15.3	5.1	5.2	5.0	11.6	12.0	12
Delaware Valley		320.9	318.4	78.7	79.5	79.3	353.9	361.8	358
Erie		36.7	36.3	4.5	4.3	4.3	23.4	24.8	2
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	1	52.0	51.5	18.0	17.6	1	58.1	60.9	6
Johnstown			12.6	4.6	5.0	1	16.2	16.7	16
Lancaster		57.0	56.9	6.9	7.0	I	1	40.5	40
Philadelphia PMSA		396.7	394.1	95.7	96.1	96.3	453.5	466.1	462
Philadelphia City		104.5	103.7	46.2	I	t .			1
Pittsburgh	. 148.4	138.8	136.7	48.3	48.0	1 46.1	208.8	214.6	216

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

.		ice, insura d real esta			Services		G	iovernmen	t
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
New Mexico	24.8	26.1	25.9	110.4	114.4	115.3	121.6	129.5	124.
Albuquerque	12.6	13.5	13.4	54.1	56.3	55.9	41.3	42.8	42.
Las Cruces	1.4	1.6	1.5	4.7	4.9	4.9	11.0	14.6	12.
New York	711.4	720.0	726.1	1,982.1	2,024.0	2,056.1	1,309.9	1,357.3	1.335.
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	18.7	19.3	19.3	86.6	88.5	89.7	101.0	105.5	101.
Binghamton	3.7	3.7	3.7	21.9	21.8	22.1	18.2	20.7	18.
Buffalo	22.5	22.8	23.0	96.7	101.3	99.3	73.0	71.5	71.
Elmira	1.1	1.1	1.1	7.9	7.6	7.9	6.2	6.4	6.
Glens Falls	1.9	1.9	1.9	11.0	10.4	11.7	7.7	8.9	8.
Monroe County	17.9	17.7	18.0	78.3	81.1	81.2	37.2	40.1	37
Nassau-Suffolk	61.2	62.7	63.0	262.1	267.9	274.2	171.1	179.5	170
New York PMSA	532.4	538.1	542.5	1,139.1	1,159.5	1,172.0	624.3	631.7	637
New York City	504.8	510.4	514.6	1,004.9	1,024.7	1,035.6	546.7	549.8	557
Niagara Falls	1.9	1.9	1.9	14.6	14.6	14.4	12.7	12.1	12
Orange County	3.5	3.5	3.6	19.2	18.7	19.4	20.0	21.6	20.
Poughkeepsie	3.5	3.6	3.6	22.6	22.2	22.7	23.9	24.0	23.
Rochester	19.7	19.5	19.7	92.1	95.0	95.0	57.5	62.4	58.
Rockland County	3.6	3.6	3.7	23.0	22.9	23.4	21.1	21.8	21.
Syracuse	18.2	18.6	18.7	58.8	59.2	59.6	46.8	48.7	46.
Utica-Rome	6.1	6.1	6.1	22.4	23.2	23.2	28.2	28.6	28.
Westchester County	23.5	23.6	23.6	107.0	107.9	108.7	53.0	56.3	54.
North Carolina	106.5	110.7	111.0	404.9	422.9	424.0	366.5	431.9	379.
Asheville	2.4	2.6	2.8	17.3	17.5	18.3	10.0	11.8	10
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	26.7	26.7	26.8	79.5	80.9	80.5	49.6	54.2	49.
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	19.9	19.8	20.1	68.1	68.7	69.5	40.9	51.9	42.
Raleigh-Durham	17.2	18.5	18.7	69.2	74.6	73.9	73.9	81.1	77.
North Dakota Bismarck	12.3 1,7	12.5 1.7	12.5 1.7	57.6 9.5	58.2 10.0	58.0 9.9	59.1 7.5	62.2 8.3	60. 7.
Fargo-Moorhead	4.1	4.3	4.4	16.3	16.8	16.8	10.9	12.5	11.
Grand Forks	1.1	1.1	1.1	5.9	5.9	5.9	7.5	7.8	7.
Ohio	214.0	221.1	222.1	918.2	964.1	964.1	616.0	662.0	629.
Akron	9.3	9.6	9.7	54.0	56.3	56.9	36.1	37.5	36
Canton	6.3	6.5	6.5	31.9	32.4	32.5	16.7	17.2	16
Cincinnati	34.9	36.9	37.3	141.3	151.6	152.4	75.1	81.8	77.
Cleveland	49.1	50.0	50.4	202.8	210.2	210.3	115.9	116.7	118
Columbus	47.3	49.5	50.2	129.5	137.4	139.2	102.1	114.8	106
Dayton-Springfield	16.3	16.6	16.8	89.3	93.3	93.2	67.6	69.5	1
Toledo	9.9	10.7	10.7	57.4	58.7	58.8	34.4	38.5	
Youngstown-Warren	7.2	7.5	7.5	40.3	41.8	41.9	20.8	22.2	
Oblahama	05.5	66.4	00.4	000.0	005.0	000.0	000.5	0.40.4	040
Oklahoma	65.5 1.3	66.4 1.3	66.4	223.2 5.4	225.9 5.5	223.9 5.4	238.5 3.4	249.1 3.4	242
Lawton	1 1	1.7	1.7	6.0	6.2	6.2	11.3	12.5	5
Oklahoma City	28.3	28.8	[I	85.5	88.3		91.4	97.3	
Tulsa	17.3	17.6		67.6	68.8	68.8	28.6		
Oregon	66.7	68.8	69.6	206.5	211.3	211.0	170 0	205.0	170
Eugene-Springfield	1 :	4.5	1	19.8	20.6	20.4	178.2	205.2	
Portland		42.2	1	113.0	117.8	116.9	18.3 69.1	22.2 75.9	
Salem	1 1	5.3		15.6	16.1	16.2			1
								i	ļ
Pennsylvania		265.5		1,110.1	1,171.2	1,178.0		673.2	4
Altentown-Bethlehem	t I	10.8 1.6		54.7 9.5	59.1 9.7	59.2 9.7	27.0 7.3	29.2 7.3	
Beaver County		2.0		9.5	10.2	10.2	6.8	7.3 8.0	
Delaware Valley	l I	120.3	1	446.2	460.2	457.9]	221.9	i .
Erie		5.2		24.0		24.2	10.9	12.0	1
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		15.6		53.5		55.9		63.9	1
Johnstown	1	4.5	1	17.5	18.1	18.4		13.4	ł.
Lancaster		6.1	6.1	30.3	31.6	31.7		13.7	1
Philadelphia PMSA	1	140.0	1	531.7	547.2	545.4		292.6	1
Philadelphia City	1	67.1	67.2	222.2		230.3		139.2	L
Pittsburgh		50.9		232.4		I		l	1
· ····	, ,,,,,		31.0	202,4		200.1	107.2	, ,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining	Ì	C	onstructio	n
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
Pennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	140.2	145.3	142.0	0.2	(1)	(')	5.4	6.3	6.6
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	270.5	276.0	274.8	.9	0.9	0.9	10.7	10.1	10.5
Sharon	39.8	40.1	39.5	.4	.4	.4	1.1	1.1	1,1
State College	46.5	48.0	48.8	.4	.3	.3	2.2	2.4	2.4
Williamsport	45.3	46.1	45.7	(')	(')	(')	1.3	1.3	1.4
York	157.9	162.8	161.4	.4	`´ .4	`` .4	7.2	7.5	8.0
Rhode Island	409.9	420.6	412.6	.1	.1	.1	14.2	13.9	14.
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	119.3 286.3	123.0 292.8	121.2 286.0	.1 .1	.1 .1	.1 .1	3.6 10.8	3.7 10.6	3.8 10.3
South Carolina	1,277.0	1,336.8	1,326.4	1.8	1.8	1.8	84.0	89.9	90.
Charleston	166.1	176.2	174.7	(')	(1)	(')	12.0	13.0	13.
Columbia	195.6	197.2	195.2	- 6 H	Ċ	ö	13.2	12.3	12.
Greenville-Spartanburg	275.1	276.9	273.5	Č)	(ť)	Ö	19.2	18.8	18.
South Dakota	246.9	251.1	246.6	2.7	2.4	2.4	10.6	10.5	10.9
Sioux Falls	60.2	63.4	63.5	(')	(,)	(')	3.5	3.8	4.0
Tennessee	1,817.8	1,862.9	1,864.6	8.1	7.5	7.5	82.8	78.7	80.4
Chattanooga	173.0	179.3	180.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	7.8	7.8	7.5
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	149.0	150.8	150.2	.2	.2	.2	6.1	7.7	7.
Knoxville	228.7	229.3	227.8	2.0	1.8	1.7	11.0	9.8	9.
Memphis		383.8	384.0	.2	.2	.2	16.6	16.4	17.
Nashville		420.8	420.0	.6	.5	.5	24.2	24.4	24.
exas	6,440.7	6,603.2	6,599.5	271.4	269.0	269.0	437.4	446.4	447.
Abilene	51.6	53.2	52.8	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Amarillo	80.0	81.0	80.5	1.9	1.6	1.6	4.9	5.2	5.
Austin	321.9	342.2	340.7	1.1	1.1	1.1	26.1	29.4	29.
Beaumont-Port Arthur	144.5	137.8	137.3	3.0	2.8	2.8	9.9	9.2	9.
Brazoria	59.9	59.3	58.8	2.4	2.2	2.1	7.2	6.2	6.
Brownsville-Harlingen	1 1	64.6	63.7	.1	.1	.1	3.4	3.6	3
Bryan-College Station	1 1	46.8	47.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	3.2	2.8	2
Corpus Christi		136.0	135.6	7.8	7.5	7.4	10.5	12.5	12
Dallas	4	1,242.8	1,244.5	23.4	23.9	24.0	79.5	81.8	83
El Paso		175.2	173.2	.4	.4	.4	9.3	9.4	9
Ft. Worth-Arlington		487.1	485.9	4.7	4.6	4.6	28.9	30.4	31
Galveston-Texas City		74.3	72.9	1.0	1.2				4.
Houston	1,456.5	1,495.9	1,493.1	96.0	98.0	1.1 97.9	4.4 118.0	4.0 110.9	110
Killeen-Temple	64.6	1,495.9	1,493.1						110
		33.1		.1	.1 1	1 .1	3.8	3.9	
Languigw-Merchell			33.0	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.3	1.4	1.
Longview-Marshall		66.0	65.8	4.7	5.0	4.9	5.0	4.4	4
Lubbock McAllen-Edinburg-Mission		91.4	92.1 77.1	.6 1.6	.5	.5	4.5	5.1	5
		80.7			1.8	1.8	4.5	4.5	4
Midland		52.3	52.1	13.0	11.9	11.8	2.7	2.8	
Odessa	53.4	53.8	54.1	8.8	8.2	8.4	3.7	3.9	1 -
San Angelo		38.5	38.2		.9	.9	2.6	2.7	2
San Antonio	1	473.8	473.2	3.4	3.5	3.5	35.4	37.2	1
Sherman-Denison	36.8	37.1	37.0	.3	.3		1.2	1.4	1
Texarkana	I	46.2	46.6	.1	.1	.1	2.3	1.8	II .
Tyler		62.4	62.1	3.4	3.3	3.4	2.9	3.4	3
Victoria		29.8	29.9	3.1	2.9	1 .	2.5	3.0	II .
Waco		77.4 51.8	76.5 51.2	.2 3.4	.2 3.2		4.4 1.9	4.3 2.2	II .
				ļ					
Jtah	I .	624.0	621.0	1	9.7	I		37.7	II .
Provo-Orem		70.8 432.1	70.4 431.2	1	.2 2.3		3.7 24.8	3.7 25.1	II .
			•						
/ermont		220.9 68.0	220.7 67.4	(¹)) .6 (')		13.6 3.9	14.0	1
Burlington	64.3	00.0	07.4			(')	J. 37	3.9	4.

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Share and a sec	Ma	anufacturin	9		sportation iblic utilitie		Wholesale and retail trade			
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	
Pennsylvania-Continued										
Reading	51.8	50.8	49.2	5.6	6.0	5.8	29.1	30.9	30.	
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	75.0	75.2	73.3	14.1	14.5	14.2	59.0	61.1	60.	
Sharon	11.0	10.2	10.3	2.0	2.1	2.0	9.5	9.9	10.	
State College	7.8	7.9	8.0	1.2	1.3	1.3	8.7	9.4	9	
Williamsport	15.1	15.2	15.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	9.7	9.9	9.	
York	60.0	59.0	58.2	7.1	7.5	7.3	36.1	38.4	38	
				1		}				
Rhode Island	116.4	118.7	114.7	14.1	14.1	14.0	89.6	92.0	91	
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	55.1	55.1	54.0	3.1	3.5	3.4	25.3	26.3	26	
Providence	73.9	74.8	71.5	10.2	10.3	10.2	59.4	62.1	61.	
Cough Coughing	378.9	270 5	269.7	56.0	57.0	EG 7	266.8	289.0	294	
Charleston	20.0	370.5 20.2	368.7 19.8	8.6	9.4	56.7 9.4	41.3	43.5	2 94 43	
_		,			9.2	9.2	41.9	I		
Columbia	27.8 101.0	28.2	28.2	9.0 9.7	9.2		(42.4	42. 60.	
Greenville-Spartanburg	101.0	99.0	98.2	9.7	9.9	9.9	59.6	59.7	60	
South Dakota	28.8	26.2	26.2	12.0	12.4	12.4	66.6	67.2	67.	
Sioux Falls	9.1	8.2	8.3	4.7	4.8	4.8	16.8	16.7	16	
Fennessee	502.1	490.7	485.3	90.1	91.8	91.5	. 421.1	446.9	453	
	1	1		1			3			
Chattanooga	43.6	44.5	43.9	7.3	7.3	7.3	39.1	40.1	40.	
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	54.3	53.9	52.9	6.3	6.0	6.0	31.0	30.4	31	
Knoxville	51.0	49.4	49.2	8.6	8.9	8.9	53.6	56.2	56	
Memphis	54.2	52.3	52.6	30.8	31.4	31.4	103.6	104.9	105	
Nashville	86.2	86.3	85.3	21.5	25.6	25.4	98.7	101.7	102	
Fexas	1,002.4	1,002.0	1,000.7	373.2	377.8	378.4	1,618.6	1,647.6	1,650	
Abilene	5.5	5.8	5.8	3.0	2.8	2.9	13.8	14.6	14	
Amarillo	10.5	9.9	9.7	6.6	6.3	6.3	23.9	24.7	24	
Austin	40.3	42.0	42.0	9.1	9.5	9.5	71.9	74.9	75	
Beaumont-Port Arthur	31.6	28.0	27.5	12.0	11.7	11.5	34.5	33.6	34	
Brazoria	17.4	16.7	16.6	2.7	2.5	2.5	11.2	11.2	11	
Brownsville-Harlingen	10.9	10.3	10.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	17.9	18.2	18	
Bryan-College Station	3.2	3.5	3.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	9.8	10.9	11	
Corpus Christi	14.0	13.6	13.5	7.6	7.7	7.7	33.8	34.4	34	
Dallas	224.1	223.3	223.1	75.8	77.0	77.4	323.7	327.5	328	
El Paso	37.6	39.5	39.3	10.0	9.6	9.7	40.6	41.6	41	
Ft. Worth-Arlington	108.8	110.4	110.4	23.8	24.2	24.3	130.7	132.5	133	
Galveston-Texas City	10.3	9.9	10.4	6.1	6.0	5.8	14.4	14.3	14	
Houston	176.3	174.5	175.2	100.4	103.8	104.5	368.5	371.1	371	
Killeen-Temple	8.9		8.8	3.3		1				
		8.6	1		3.1	3.1	15.9	16.3	16	
Laredo	1.9	1.9	1.9	3.3	3.7	3.7	9.6	10.1	10	
Longview-Marshall	15.3	15.1	15.0	3.5	3.3	3.3	16.4	16.2	16	
Lubbock	8.9	8.7	8.6	4.6	5.0	5.1	26.3	27.3	27	
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	10.3	11.2	10.7	2.6	2.8	2.8	23.7	25.2	23	
Midland	3.6	3.4	3.3	2.6	2.5	2.5	12.3	12.6	12	
Odessa	5.0	4.6	4.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	15.6	16.1	16	
San Angelo	5.4	5.4	5.3	3.8	3.8	3.8	9.4	10.0	9	
San Antonio	51.8	50.9	50.5	18.4	18.3	18.3	120.5	125.3	127	
Sherman-Denison	12.4	12.0	11.9	2.1	2.1	2.1	7.9	8.1	8	
Texarkana	7.4	7.5	7.7	1.9	1.8	1.9	10.7	12.0	11	
Tyler	10.4	12.7	12.5	3.1	3.0	3.0	15.8	16.1	16	
Victoria	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	1.5	1.5	8.0	8.3	8	
Waco	16.4 9.4	15.7 9.2	15.8 9.1	3.6 2.6	3.7 2.6	3.7 2.6	18.9 12.4	19.5	19 12	
THOUSE CONTRACT CONTRACT	5.4	3.2	3.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	12.4	12.6	'2	
Utah	95.2	96.2	96.3	36.7	36.9	36.9	141.5	147.6	147	
Provo-Orem	12.4	12.3	12.1	2.3	2.4	2.3	14.0	14.8	14	
Salt Lake City-Ogden	63.8	65.0	65.0	28.8	28.6		103.5	107.6	1	
Marmont	40.4	40.5	40.4		0.5	0.0	47.0	40.5		
Vermont		49.5 17.2	48.4 17.1	9.3 2.7	9.5 2.7	9.2 2.6	47.6 14.4	48.5 15.3	48	
Springfield	4.2	1	3.9	2. <i>1</i> .6	.7	2.6	2.4		(
Opinignett	4.2) 4 .1	3.9		.,	ا ا	2.4	2.4	2	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and sees		ice, insura d real esta	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Services		G	overnmen	l
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
ennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	6.8	7.3	7.3	27.1	28.2	27.7	14.2	15.6	14.
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	11.2	12.0	12.0	60.6	62.7	64.1	39.0	39.5	39.
Sharon	1.3	1.3	1.4	9.7	10.1	9.5	4.8	5.0	4.
State College	1.6	1.6	1.6	7.6	8.0	8.0	17.0	17.1	17
Williamsport	2.3	2.2	2.2	8.7	9.2	9.4	6.0	6.1	5
York	4.4	4.6	4.6	25.4	28.0	27.6	17.3	17.4	17
									, , ,
thode Island	22.8	24.0	24.0	97.0	100.1	98.6	55.7	57.7	55
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	3.4	3.5	3.5	19.9	21.0	21.0	8.8	9.8	9
Providence	18.7	19.2	19.2	71.6	72.9	71.9	41.6	42.8	40
touth Occupies	56.5	50.7	50.0	204.7	0045	200.0	201.0	245.4	000
Charleston	56.5 7.9	58.7 9.4	59.2 9.4	201.7 30.1	224.5 31.7	226.0 31.8	231.3 46.3	245.4 48.9	228 47
						,			
Columbia	16.0	16.7	16.7	34.3	35.3	34.9	53.1	52.8	51
Greenville-Spartanburg	11.3	11.3	11.3	42.6	43.2	43.3	31.4	34.7	31
outh Dakota	13.2	13.8	13.7	59.8	59.7	59.4	53.1	58.9	54
Sioux Falls	5.1	6.1	6.1	15.0	16.0	16.1	6.1	7.8	7
annessa	87.9	91.4	92.3	346.1	364.4	366.6	279.7	291.5	287
ennessee				1			- 1		
Chattanooga	10.0	11.0	11.1	32.1	33.3	33.4	32.0	34.1	35
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	4.9	5.0	4.9	23.2	23.6	23.3	23.0	24.0	24
Knoxville	9.2	9.3	9.4	48.8	49.4	49.4	44.5	44.5	4:
Memphis	21.6	22.1	22.0	88.1	91.1	91.5	60.2	65.4	64
Nashville	28.9	30.0	30.4	86.5	91.9	91.4	57.8	60.4	60
exas	418.0	428.7	429.1	1,265.0	1.321.0	1,322.0	1,054.7	1,110.7	1,102
Abilene	2.7	2.7	2.7	12.0	12.4	12.4	7.5	7.9	1,10
Amarillo	4.3	4.5	4.5	15.6	15.9	16.0	12.3	12.9	[
Austin	22.6	24.7	25.0	71.8	79.0	79.7	79.0	81.6	1
Beaumont-Port Arthur	5.7	5.6	5.6	29.0	27.9	28.1	18.8		18
	2.3					1		19.0	1
Brazoria		2.4	2.4	7.6	7.6	7.8	9.1	10.5	1
Brownsville-Harlingen	3.2	3.4	3.4	11.7	12.0	11.9	12.4	13.7	1:
Bryan-College Station	1.9	2.0	2.0	7.3	7.5	7.6	17.2	17.1	1
Corpus Christi	6.7	6.3	6.3	25.9	27.3	27.5	26.3	26.7	2
Dallas	114.5	118.4	118.9	254.2	260.4	261.3	121.4	130.5	12
El Paso	8.3	8.6	8.7	30.3	30.7	31.1	33.1	35.4	3
Ft. Worth-Arlington	25.7	27.1	27.2	92.0	98.1	97.9	55.0	59.8	5
Galveston-Texas City	5.0	4.8	5.1	11.9	13.4	13.5	17.6	20.7	1
Houston	109.5	117.4	117.8	322.6	341.8	342.0	165.2	178.4	17
Killeen-Temple	2.6	3.0		11.5	11.7	12.0	18.5	19.0	1
Laredo	1.5	1.6) _	4.9	5.0	5.1	7.2	7.6	
Longview-Marshall	1 1	3.0	3.1	11.2	10.7	11.0	8.0	8.3	1
	5.5	5.8	1		1				
Lubbock	,		5.8	19.3	19.6	19.8	18.8	19.4	2
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	3.5	3.6		11.9	12.2	12.0	17.6	19.4	1
Midland	3.6	3.5	3.5	8.3	9.1	9.0	5.5	6.5	1
Odessa	2.2	2.1	2.1	7.8	8.3	8.2	7.7	8.0	l
San Angelo	1.6	1.8	1.8	7.8	7.6	7.6	6.2	6.3	(
San Antonio	34.1	35.9	36.2	99.7	102.2	102.5	95.8	100.5	9
Sherman-Denison	1.3	1.4	1.4	6.8		7.2	4.8	4.7	_
Texarkana	1.7	1.7	1.7	8.5	I	8.7	11.8	12.5	1
Tyler		3.5		ł .	I	12.5	7.6	7.9	
Victoria	1.6	1.7	ľ	r .		5.4	4.0	4.0	1
Waco		5.0			l .	17.3	11.1		1
Wichita Falls		2.5	1		1		9.7	11.8 10.0	1
Itah	30.1	31.2	1				126.3	135.4)
Provo-Orem		2.2 25.1	,		1	22.3 90.6	11.8 83.3	13.3 88.5	1
	}			55.5	55.0	30.0	00.0	55.5	"
/ermont		10.1	10.1	53.0	1	55.4	33.1	36.6	
Burlington	2.8	2.8	2.8	15.0	15.8	16.2	9.2	10.3	1
Springfield	.3	.3	.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	1.6	1.7	ļ

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	onstructio	n
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
Virginia	2,332.5	2,448.7	2,414,9	19.4	17.8	17.8	141.6	153.8	157.0
Bristol	1 ' (29.3	28.8	.1	.1	.1	1.2	1.1	1.1
Charlottesville	1 1	63.2	58.1	.1	.1	.1	3.3	3.4	3.5
Danville		40.2	39.2	.1	.1	.1	1.5	1.7	1.
Lynchburg	1	70.1	68.9	.1	.1	.1	2.8	2.8	2.
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News		509.1	505.1	.1	.1	.1	31.8	32.6	33.
Northern Virginia	1 1	618.7	619.5	.6	.4	.4	37.8	42.6	44.
Richmond-Petersburg		393.8	390.9	.4	.4	.4	21.7	24.6	25.
Roanoke		112.6	112.5	.1	.1	.1	5.9	6.5	6.7
Washington	1,639.9	1,704.0	1,682.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	81.8	83.2	86.7
Seattle	. 810.7	835.3	834.6	.5	.5	.5	40.2	40.4	41.8
West Virginia	. 604.2	593.9	595.4	51.7	45.2	45.1	24.4	25.1	25.0
Charleston	. 108.7	107.1	108.1	3.8	2.6	2.6	5.1	5.1	5.
Huntington-Ashland	. 99.9	97.9	97.9	1.1	1.0	1.0	3.7	3.9	4.
Parkersburg-Marietta	. 56.5	57.2	56.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.7	2.5	2.6
Wheeling		57.8	57.9	3.2	2.5	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.4
Wisconsin	. 1,949.7	2,014.5	1,990.8	2.1	2.1	2.2	64.4	64.7	67.
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	. 130.1	136.0	135.3	(')	(1)	(')	5.7	6.5	6.
Eau Claire	. 49.5	50.4	50.6	()	(1)	(')	1.4	1.4	1.
Green Bay	86.1	88.4	87.3	(')	(')	(')	3.9	3.8	3.
Janesville-Beloit	52.7	53.2	51.8	(')	(')	(1)	1.6	1.3	1.
Kenosha	40.0	38.5	37.5	(')	(1)	(')	1.2	1.0	
La Crosse	45.5	47.1	46.4	(')	(')	Ö	1.2	1.3	1.3
Madison	177.2	188.2	186.5		(1)	(')	6.2	7.1	7.
Milwaukee	655.9	672.3	661.5		(1)	Ö	19.8	20.1	20.
Racine	. 67.4	67.9	66.9		(1)	Ö	1.9	1.7	2.0
Sheboygan		43.9	43.9		(')	(i)	1.4	1.2	1.3
Wausau	_	42.0	41.8		Ö	Ö	1.3	1.0	l .
Wyoming	205.0	208.8	206.5	27.3	26.1	26.5	14.9	12.7	13.
Puerto Rico	675.5	676.1	(')	.7	.6	()	27.7	23.8	(')
Caguas		40.7	l (j)	(1)	(1)	Ö	(')	(¹)	l či
Mayaguez		47.4	l Ö	l (i)	(j)	l ő l	(i)	ď	l (i)
Ponce	1	40.5	Ö	.1	.1	Ö	1.5	` 1.6	
San Juan		415.8		.4	.3		21.2	18.3	
Virgin Islands	37.0	36.0	36.6	()	(')	()	2.1	2.1	2.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

State and area	Ma	anufacturin	g		sportation iblic utilitie		Wholesale and retail trade			
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	
Virginia	420.8	419.0	417.8	129.5	132.0	132.4	519.7	542.7	543.8	
Bristol	9.5	10.2	9.9	1.1	1.2	1.2	6.7	6.9	6.9	
Charlottesville	10.3	9.6	8.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	10.8	11.0	11.	
Danville	18.2	17.3	17.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.5	8.2	8.	
Lynchburg	26.2	25.3	25.2	3.1	3.2	3.2	12.5	13.4	13.	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News		68.2	68.1	24.6	25.7	25.4	120.3	123.0	124.	
Northern Virginia	29.3	31.8	32.2	39.5	42.8	43.2	130.5	137.7	139.	
Richmond-Petersburg	64.0	63.4	63.0	21.4	21.4	21.3	91.1	92.9	92.	
Roanoke	21.0	20.6	20.7	8.5	8.2	8.3	27.3	28.8	29.0	
Washington	286.9	290.7	292.5	92.1	91.6	93.1	408.1	422.2	422.0	
Seattle	155.0	160.6	163.0	54.9	54.4	56.0	203.8	206.4	206.	
West Virginia	91.1	89.8	88.2	40.5	38.5	38.7	132.6	135.0	135.	
Charleston	13.2	13.8	13.8	9.1	8.8	8.8	28.0	28.0	27.	
Huntington-Ashland		20.1	19.8	8.6	8.0	8.0	25.2	25.5	25.	
Parkersburg-Marietta		14.3	13.8	2.2	2.1	2.1	13.7	13.9	13.	
Wheeling		8.0	8.1	3.5	3.2	3.3	15.0	14.9	14.	
Wisconsin	527.5	522.0	521.9	87.2	91.6	88.7	460.2	478.6	478.	
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	47.5	48.3	47.9	4.4	4.6	4.4	27.9	30.0	30.	
Eau Claire	9.5	9.1	9.3	2.7	2.6	2.6	14.1	14.6	14.	
Green Bay	23.7	23.6	24.2	6.1	6.2	6.1	23.2	23.6	23.	
Janesville-Beloit	19.2	19.0	18.7	2.1	2.3	2.1	12.7	12.9	12.	
Kenosha	16.1	14.1	13.2	1.4	1.5	1.4	8.4	8.7	8.	
La Crosse	11.0	10.5	10.7	2.0	2.1	2.1	12.1	12.8	13.	
Madison	20.6	22.0	22.3	5.9	6.3	6.2	38.3	40.4	39.	
Milwaukee	174.1	170.9	167.8	32.4	33.6	32.5	146.8	152.0	152.	
Racine	25.8	25.3	24.9	2.1	2.2	2.2	14.9	15.4	15.	
Sheboygan	1	18.9	18.6	1.3	1.3	1.2	8.6	8.6	8.	
Wausau	11.4	11.9	12.0	2,1	2.1	2.0	10.7	10.6	10.	
Wyoming	8.5	8.4	8.4	16.3	15.4	15.4	46.8	43.9	44.	
Puerto Rico	149.7	148.5	()	15.8	15.3	(')	111.6	113.3	(°)	
Caguas	13.3	13.6		()	(')	(1)	7.5	7.8	(i)	
Mayaguez	19.5	19.2		6	(¹)	ď	6.1	6.0		
Ponce	8.2	8.1	ľ	6	(')	Ö	6.3	6.3	Ö	
San Juan	65.6	68.7	Ö	12.2	`11.3	Ö	78.8	77.9	(5)	
Virgin Islands	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.2	7.8	7.9	7.	

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

Clabs and area		nce, insura d real esta			Services		G	iovernmen	t
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
Virginia	120.9	123.2	125.1	504.2	529.8	530.7	476.4	530.5	490.4
Bristol	1.1	1.1	1.1	3.6	4.0	4.1	4.5	4.8	4.4
Charlottesville	3.3	3.7	3.8	10.1	10.8	10.9	18.8	22.6	17.7
Danville	1.1	1.1	1.1	5.2	5.6	5.7	4.3	5.2	4.3
Lynchburg	3.2	3.1	3.1	12.6	12.8	12.5	8.2	9.3	8.4
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	21.9	21.9	22.1	107.8	111.8	112.8	115.4	125.8	119.1
Northern Virginia	36.1	38.0	38.9	169.0	178.9	181.0	127.2	146.5	140.6
Richmond-Petersburg	29.7	30.3	31.1	73.0	74.0	74.7	80.0	86.8	82.2
Roanoke	6.5	6.6	6.6	24.5	26.4	26.5	13.8	15.3	14.6
Washington	95.8	97.2	97.8	351.8	368.3	367.6	320.6	348.0	320.4
Seattle	60.4	62.2	62.5	176.6	185.4	185.5	119.3	125.4	118.6
West Virginia	23.5	23.9	23.9	108.0	107.5	106.6	132.5	128.9	132.0
Charleston	5.6	5.9	5.8	22.4	22.3	22.3	21.5	20.7	21.7
Huntington-Ashland	4.0	3.9	3.8	16.6	16.5	16.6	19.5	19.1	19.3
Parkersburg-Marietta	2.1	2.2	2.2	11.0	11.6	11,1	9.0	9.3	9.2
Wheeling	2.9	3.0	3.0	14.5	14.3	14.3	9.5	9.5	9.5
Wisconsin	104.2	107.9	108.6	412.4	424.5	425.9	291.8	322.9	297.8
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	6.3	6.7	6.7	23.2	23.9	23.9	14.9	16.0	15.1
Eau Claire	1.9	1.9	1.9	10.9	11.2	11.4	9.0	9.6	9.1
Green Bay	2.9	2.9	2.9	16.9	17.6	17.3	9.4	10.7	9.3
Janesville-Beloit	1.5	1.6	1.6	9.7	10.0	9.9	5.9	6.1	5.5
Kenosha	.9	.9	.9	7.0	6.9	7.0	5.1	5.3	5.3
La Crosse	1.4	1.4	1.4	11.9	12.4	12.4	5.8	6.6	5.8
Madison	14.3	15.6	15.9	1	38.9	38.5	55.1	57.7	56.0
Milwaukee	44.6	45.7	45.7	161.5	167.6	167.2	76.3	82.1	75.3
Racine	2.3	2.3	2.4	12.4	12.5	12.3	7.9	8.3	7.8
Sheboygan	1.8	1.9	1.9	6.9	6.9	7.1	5.1	5.1	5.0
Wausau	3.8	3.7	3.4	7.2	7.2	7.2	5.0	5.4	5.1
Wyoming	8.0	8.1	8.1	35.8	40.8	41.4	47.4	53.4	49.2
Puerto Rico	29.4	30.4	(')	86.4	88.3	(')	254.3	256.0	()
Caguas	(')	(')	l ö	(')	(')	Ö	15.0	14.6	
Mayaguez	(i)	Ö	l či	6	Č)	Ö	15.4	15.3	
Ponce	Ö	ľ	(6)	7.6	7.0	Ö	15.0	14.6	
San Juan	23.4	24.4		65.9	64.9	Ö	150.0	150.2	
Virgin Islands	1.7	1.8	1.8	6.0	6.4	6.3	14.9	13.3	14.2

publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1984 benchmarks.

¹ Not available.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

V	•	Total private	1		Mining			Construction	1
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				А	nnual averag	es			
1964	38.7	\$2.36	\$91.33	41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06
1965	38.8	2.46	95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
1966	38.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
1967	38.0	2.68	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95
1968	37.8	2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49
1969	37.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
1970	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
1971	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
1972	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
1973	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89
1974	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25
1975	36.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.95	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.08
1976	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73
1977	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.65
1978	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69
1979	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
1980	35.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
1981	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26
1982	34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.82
1983	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.28	479.40	37.1	11.94	442.97
1984	35.3	8.33	294.05	43.3	11.63	503.58	37.7	12.12	456.92
			Λ	Nonthly data	, not season	ally adjusted		<u>L </u>	
1984:									
August	35.5	\$8.30	\$294.65	43.5	\$11.62	\$505.47	38.4	\$12.10	\$464.64
September	35.4	8.43	298.42	44.0	11.72	515.68	38.5	12.24	471.24
October	35.1	8.40	294.84	43.2	11.58	500.26	38.0	12.23	464.74
November	35.1	8.43	295.89	43.5	11.63	505.91	37.3	12.10	451.33
December	35.5	8.46	300.33	44.1	11.70	515.97	37.6	12.26	460.98
1985:						ļ		; j	
January	34.7	8.50	294.95	42.9	11.86	508.79	36.4	12.30	447.72
February	34.6	8.52	294.79	43.2	11.90	514.08	36.6	12.33	451.28
March	35.0	8.52	298.20	43.6	11.91	519.28	37.7	12.22	460.69
April	34.9	8.54	298.05	43.3	11.93	516.57	37.8	12.21	461.54
May	35.0	8.53	298.55	43.5	11.86	515.91	38.1	12.19	464.44
June	35.4	8.56	303.02	43.7	11.99	523.96	38.1	12.12	461.77
July ^p	35.3	8.54	301.46	42.8	11.87	508.04	38.6	12.16	469.38
August ^e	35.4	8.54	302.32	42.7	11.90	508.13	38.3	12.23	468.41

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

		Manufa	acturing		Transı	portation and utilities	public	W	/holesale tra	de
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earning
					Annual	averages	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	
964	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	(²)	(²)	(²)	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.50
065	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	\$3.03	\$125.14	40.8	2.61	106.4
66	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.1
67	40.6	2.82	2.71	114,49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.88	116.0
68	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.05	122.3
069	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.8
		l		i		İ			1	
970	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.44	137.2
071	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.5	3.65	144.1
972	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.6
973	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.3	4.08	160.3
074	40.0	4.42	4.25	176.80	40.2	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.39	170.3
975	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.7	4.73	183.0
76	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	6.45	256.71	38.7	5.03	194.6
977	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	209.1
978	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.1
979	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.9
9/9	40.2	0.70	6.43	209.34	39.5	0.10	325.56	30.0	6.39	247.9
980	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.5	6.96	267.9
981	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.56	291.0
982	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.09	309.8
983	40.1	8.83	8.52	354.08	39.0	10.79	420.81	38.5	8.55	329.1
984	40.7	9.18	8.81	373.63	39.4	11.11	437.73	38.6	8.96	345.8
		I	L	Monthi	y data, not	seasonally a	djusted			L <u>-</u>
984:]
August	40.4	\$9.15	\$8.78	\$369.66	39.7	\$11.13	\$441.86	38.8	\$8.96	\$347.6
September	40.7	9.24	8.85	376.07	39.9	11.22	447.68	38.8	9.06	351.5
October	40.5	9.24	8.87	374.22	39.2	11.18	438.26	38.7	9.00	348.3
November	40.7	9.31	8.93	378.92	39.5	11.25	444.38	38.7	9.08	351.4
December	41.2	9.40	9.00	387.28	39.5	11.28	445.56	38.9	9.19	357.4
985:						1				
January	40.3	9.43	9.07	380.03	38.9	11.26	438.01	38.4	9.16	351.7
February	39.7	9.43	9.07	374.37	39.1	11.27	440.66	38.2	9.22	352.2
March	40.4	9.45	9.09	381.78	39.3	11.24	441.73	38.5	9.19	353.8
April	40.4	9.48	9.13	380.15	39.2	11.27	441.78	38.4	9.24	354.8
	40.1	9.48				,				
May			9.13	382.04	39.3	11.24	441.73	38.7	9.24	357.5
June	40.6	9.50	9.13	385.70	39.7	11.32	449.40	38.9	9.28	360.9
July ^o	40.1	9.52	9.17	381.75	39.7	11.38	451.79	38.8	9.26	359.2
August ^o	40.4	9.50	9.12	383.80	40.0	11.38	455.20	38.7	9.23	357.2

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

Year and		Retail trade			ance, insurai ind real esta			Services	
month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly
				Aı	nnual averag	es			
1964	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.75	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.79	(²)	(²)	(²)
1965	36.6	1.82	66.61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	\$2.05	\$73.60
1966	35. 9	1.91	68.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
1967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	80.38
1968	34.7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	83.97
1969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
1970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
1971	33.7	2.60	87.62	36.6	3.22	117.85	33.9	3.04	103.06
1972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	3.36	122.98	33.9	3.27	110.85
1973	33.1	2.91	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
1974	32.7	3.14	102.68	36.5	3.77	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
1975	32.4	3.36	108.86	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
1976	32.1	3.57	114.60	36.4	4.27	155.43	33.3	4.31	143.52
1977	31.6	3.85	121.66	36.4	4.54	165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
1978	31.0	4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4.99	163.67
1979	30.6	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
1980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	190.71
1981	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	6.31	229.05	32.6	6.41	208.97
1982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44	32.6	6.92	225.59
1983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7	7.31	239.04
1984	30.0	5.88	176.40	36.5	7.62	278.13	32.8	7.64	250.59
				Nonthly data	, not seasor	ally adjusted		L	
1984:									
August	30.6	\$5.82	\$178.09	36.4	\$7.57	\$275.55	33.0	\$7.56	\$249.48
September	30.0	5.88	176.40	36.6	7.76	284.02	32.8	7.72	253.22
October	29.7	5.88	174.64	36.5	7.67	279.96	32.7	7.71	252.12
November	29.7	5.93	176.12	36.4	7.71	280.64	32.7	7.77	254.08
December	30.5	5.89	179.65	36.7	7.78	285.53	32.9	7.84	257.94
1985:									
January	29.1	5.97	173.73	36.4	7.77	282.83	32.5	7.84	254.80
February	29.1	5.99	174.31	36.4	7.87	286.47	32.6	7.87	256.56
March	29.4	5.97	175.52	36.4	7.87	286.47	32.6	7.87	256.56
April	29.4	5.96	175.22	36.4	7.85	285.74	32.6	7.89	257.21
Mav	29.8	5.97	177.91	36.3	7.83	284.23	32.7	c 7.88	¢ 257.68
June	30.2	5.94	179.39	36.7	7.95	291.77	33.0	7.91	261.03
July ^p	30.4	5.94	180.58	36.4	7.87	286.47	33.0	7.86	259.38

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

Not available.

P = preliminary.
C = corrected.
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1984 forward are subject to revision.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

	1972		Averaç	ge weekly	hours		Average overtime hours					
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985 ^p	Aug. 1985 ^p	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug 1985	
Total private		35.6	35.5	35.4	35.3	35.4						
Mining		43.0	43.5	43.7	42.8	42.7						
Metal mining	10	40.0	40.0	41.4	41.5							
Iron ores		39.6	39.0	41.5	42.4							
Copper ores	102	39.7	40.3	42.0	42.0						i	
Continue	11.10		44.5	40.5			ı					
Coal mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining	1 '		41.5 41.6	42.5 42.6								
Diaming	'-			42.0		· '						
Oil and gas extraction		44.3	44.1	44.1	44.1							
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids		41.9	41.8	42.5	42.0	i '						
Oil and gas field services	138	45.3	45.1	44.8	45.0		!	ļ			ļ	
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	45.6	45.8	45.2	45.8							
Crushed and broken stone		46.6	46.9	47.0	47.4		' 					
Construction		38.5	38.4	38.1	38.6	38.3						
General building contractors	15	37.5	37.6	37.1	37.7							
Residential building construction	152	37.1	37.2	36.5	37.2							
Operative builders	153	38.7	38.7	39.0	40.1			ļ		ļ		
Nonresidential building construction	154	37.8	38.0	37.5	38.0				İ		İ	
Heavy construction contractors	16	42.9	42.6	42.3	43.2	1						
Highway and street construction		44.9	45.0	42.8	45.1							
Heavy construction, except highway		41.8	41.2	42.0	41.9							
Occasion and the second												
Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		37.5 38.4	37.4 38.4	37.1 38.4	37.6 38.7							
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		35.6	35.9	35.1	36.1						ļ	
Electrical work		39.2	39.1	39.0	39.1					İ		
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		35.6	35.6	35.5	35.9	İ						
Carpentering and flooring		34.5	34.9	35.1	35.3							
Roofing and sheet metal work	176	35.7	35.5	33.6	35.8							
Manufacturing		40.3	40.4	40.6	40.1	40.4	3.2	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.	
Durable goods		40.9	41.0	41.4	40.6	40.9	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.	
Lumber and wood products	24	39.5	40.0	40.8	39.6	40.0	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.4		
Logging camps and logging contractors		38.8	39.4	40.5	38.6	-	3.5	3.6	3.4	2.9	}	
Sawmills and planing mills		39.9	40.7	41.5	39.9		3.7	4.0	4.1	4.0		
Sawmills and planing mills, general		40.0	40.9	41.9	40.1		3.9	4.3	4.4	4.4		
Hardwood dimension and flooring		39.8	40.0	40.3	39.1		2.9	2.8	2.9	2.2		
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		39.8	40.3	41.3	40.1		3.1	3.4	3.7	3.6		
Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets		39.3 40.3	39.8 40.9	41.6 40.3	40.3 39.7		2.3 3.4	2.8 3.7	3.9 2.8	2.7		
Hardwood veneer and plywood		39.4	39.7	40.9	39.7		3.0	3.0	2.9	3.1		
Softwood veneer and plywood		39.6	40.8	42.3	40.6		3.9	4.2	5.2	4.6		
Wood containers		38.2	38.0	38.7	38.2		1.9	2.0	2.6	2.5		
Wood buildings and mobile homes		38.1	38.9	39.2	39.0		2.3	2.6	2.5	2.4		
Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products		38.2 40.3	38.9 40.4	39.1 40.6	38.9 40.1		2.0 2.8	2.4 2.8	2.3 3.2	2.2		
·		.5.5)	5.7		
Furniture and fixtures		39.2	39.6	39.2	38.4	39.7	2.1	2.6	2.1	2.0		
Household furniture		38.4	38.8	38.4	37.4	-	1.6	2.1	1.8	1.4		
Wood household furniture		38.9	39.2	38.5	37.5		2.0	2.5	1.8	1.3		
Metal household furniture		37.0 39.0	38.0 38.7	37.2 40.2	36.0 40.0		.9 1.6	1.3 1.9	1.2 2.6	.8 2.7		
Mattresses and bedsprings		38.1	39.0	39.1	39.2		1.8	2.1	2.0	2.8		
Office furniture		40.8	41.9	40.3	40.0		3.3	3.9	2.7	3.0		
Public building and related furniture		40.6	40.1	39.9	39.9		3.0	3.3	2.6	2.5		
Partitions and fixtures		40.2	40.4	40.6	39.9		3.2	3.1	3.0	3.3		
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		40.0	41.3	41.3	39.6		1.7	2.8	2.5	2.4		
Stone, clay, and glass products		42.2	42.2	42.5	42.3	42.2	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.2		
Flat glass		44.5	45.0	45.0	44.9	-	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.4		
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	. 322	40.7	40.7	41.1	41.0		4.2	4.5	4.2	4.4	1	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings		Average weekly earnings					
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	
Total private		\$8.32	\$8.30	\$8.56	\$8.54	\$8.54	\$296.19	\$294.65	\$303.02	\$301.46	\$302.32	
Mining		11.63	11.62	11.99	11.87	11.90	500.09	505.47	523.96	508.04	508.13	
Metal mining	10	13.06	13.15	13.23	13.42		522.40	526.00	547.72	556.93		
Iron ores		12.96	13.03	12.40	12.71		513.22	508.17	514.60	538.90		
Copper ores		13.75	13.69	13.49	13.80		545.88	551.71	566.58	579.60	}	
Coal mining	11.12]	14.91	15.30			591.07	618.77	650.25	581.39		
Bituminous coal and lignite mining			14.96	15.36			594.55	622.34	654.34	584.04		
			10.05									
Oil and gas extraction		10.66	10.65	11.05	10.99		472.24	469.67	487.31	484.66		
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids Oil and gas field services		12.68 9.85	12.61 9.89	13.26 10.16	13.15 10.12		531.29 446.21	527.10 446.04	563,55 455,17	552.30 455.40		
Ÿ	ì	"										
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	. 14	9.86	9.89	10.10	10.11		449.62	452.96	456.52	463.04		
Crushed and broken stone	142	9.43	9.42	9.57	9.60		439.44	441.80	449.79	455.04		
Construction		12.06	12.10	12.12	12.16	12.23	464.31	464.64	461.77	469.38	468.41	
General building contractors	15	10.86	10.90	10.97	11.09	ì	407.25	409.84	406.99	418.09		
Residential building construction		10.21	10.18	10.32	10.41	1	378.79	378.70	376.68	387.25		
Operative builders		8.93	9.05	9.12	9.10		345.59	350.24	355.68	364.91		
Nonresidential building construction	154	11.69	11.75	11.77	11.92		441.88	446.50	441.38	452.96		
Heavy construction contractors	16	11.88	11.88	11.98	11.96		509.65	506.09	506.75	516.67		
Highway and street construction		11.06	11.16	11.22	11.45		496.59	502.20	480.22	516.40		
Heavy construction, except highway	162	12.38	12.34	12.43	12.30		517.48	508.41	522.06	515.37		
Special trade contractors	17	12.70	12.73	12.69	12.72		476.25	476.10	470.80	478.27		
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		12.74	12.76	12.94	12.91	1	489.22	489.98	496.90	499.62		
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		11.70	11.79	11.81	12.01		416.52	423.26	414.53	433.56		
Electrical work		14.28 12.62	14.28 12.69	14.24 12.94	14.23 12.93		559.78 449.27	558.35 451.76	555.36 459.37	556.39 464.19		
Carpentering and flooring		11.66	11.95	11.90	11.90		402.27	417.06	417.69	420.07		
Roofing and sheet metal work	176	11.25	11.26	11.32	11.31		401.63	399.73	380.35	404.90		
Manufacturing		9.19	9.15	9.50	9.52	9.50	370.36	369.66	385.70	381.75	383.80	
Durable goods		9.73	9.70	10.08	10.10	10.09	397.96	397.70	417.31	410.06	412.68	
Lumber and wood products	24	8.07	8.10	8.24	8.17	8.27	318.77	324.00	336.19	323.53	330.80	
Logging camps and logging contractors		10.85	10.90	10.92	10.68	-	420.98	429.46	442.26	412.25	-	
Sawmills and planing mills		8.45	8.43	8.64	8.56	į	337.16	343.10	358.56	341.54		
Sawmills and planing mills, general Hardwood dimension and flooring		8.91 5.90	8.90 5.83	9.08 6.21	8.97 6.30	1	356.40 234.82	364.01	380.45	359.70		
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		7.78	7.83	8.09	8.03	1	309.64	233.20 315.55	250.26 334.12	246.33 322.00		
Millwork	2431	8.01	8.00	8.37	8.24	ł	314.79	318.40	348.19	332.07		
Wood kitchen cabinets		6.96	7.14	7.24	7.14		280.49	292.03	291.77	283.46		
Hardwood veneer and plywood Softwood veneer and plywood		6.32	6.34	6.63	6.73	1	249.01	251.70	271.17	267.18		
Wood containers		9.73 5.63	9.74 5.66	9.96 5.80	9.86 5.78		385.31 215.07	397.39 215.08	421.31 224.46	400.32 220.80		
Wood buildings and mobile homes		7.06	7.07	7.27	7.25		268.99	275.02	284.98	282.75		
Mobile homes	1 1	7.15	7.15	7.36	7.32	,	273.13	278.14	287.78	284.75		
Miscellaneous wood products	249	6.90	6.89	7.16	7.11	1	278.07	278.36	290.70	285.11		
Furniture and fixtures		6.87	6.88	7.18	7.20	7.22	269.30	272.45	281.46	276.48	286.63	
Household furniture		6.30	6.33	6.57	6.55	-	241.92	245.60	252.29	244.97	-	
Wood household furniture Upholstered household furniture		5.77	5.80	6.04	6.03		224.45	227.36	232.54	226.13		
Metal household furniture		6.76 6.64	6.81 6.73	7.09 6.87	7.01 6.99		250.12 258.96	258.78 260.45	263.75 276.17	252.36 279.60		
Mattresses and bedsprings	2515	7.00	6.96	7.26	7.16		266.70	271.44	283.87	280.67		
Office furniture	252	7.56	7.62	8.09	8.06	-	308.45	319.28	326.03	322.40		
Public building and related furniture		7.53	7.45	7.70	7.76	,	305.72	298.75	307.23	309.62		
Partitions and fixtures Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		8.26 7.27	8.20 7.30	8.65 7.56	8.76 7.55		332.05 290.80	331.28 301.49	351.19 312.23	349.52 298.98		
wie may a minimum	j	1			ł				1	j		
Change alone and alone											447 70	
Stone, clay, and glass products		9.64 13.14	9.63 13.02	9.84 13.48	9.88 13.86	9.90	406.81 584.73	406.39 585.90	418.20 606.60	417.92 622.31	417.78	

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C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Au 198
urable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products—Continued					!						
Glass containers	3221	41.2	40.9	41.4	41.3		5.1	5.0	5.1	5.4	
Pressed and blown glass, nec		40.0	40.5	40.7	40.5	,	3.1	3.9	3.1	3.0	
Products of purchased glass		41.3	41.6	41.0	40.6		3.6	4.2	3.3	3.3	
Cement, hydraulic		41.3	40.4	41.3	41.0		3.0	2.9	3.3	3.3	İ
Structural clay products		42.2	41.7	41.9	40.9		4.2	3.8	3.8	3.9	1
Pottery and related products	326	38.8	39.0	39.4	38.3		2.0	2.3	2.2	2.2	1
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		44.3	44.1	44.7	45.0		7.2	7.2	7.2	7.7	
Concrete block and brick		44.4	44.2	46.4	45.6		7.4	7.2	7.7	7.8	1
Concrete products, nec	3272	43.3	43.5	43.8	44.2		6.3	6.5	6.6	6.8	1
Ready-mixed concrete		44,7	44.2	44.3	44.9		7.8	7.6	7.4	8.1	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	329	41.6	41.8	41.5	40.7		4.1	4.1	3.7	3.8	
Abrasive products		41.3	40.4	40.6	39.4		3.1	2.8	2.2	2.0	
Asbestos products	3292	41.9	42.4	42.8	41.7		3.4	3.6	3.8	4.1	j
Primary metal industries		41.3	40.8	41.8	41.2	41.4	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.6	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	331	40.3	39.3	41.6	41.6	41.6	3.1	2.7	3.1	3.4	
Blast furnaces and steel mills		39.9	38.6	41.3	41.6	-	3.0	2.6	3.0	3.5	
Steel pipe and tubes		41.6	41.1	43.5	41.5		3.9	3.1	4.6	3.6	
Iron and steel foundries		41.1	41.1	41.0	40.2		3.6	3.9	3.8	3.2	
Gray iron foundries	3321	40.9	41.0	41.4	40.5	l i	3.8	4.2	4.4	3.9	İ
Malleable iron foundries	3322	40.5	40.9	38.4	38.0	ļį	2.9	3.1	1.9	1.4	}
Steel foundries, nec	3325	40.7	41.1	40.0	38.9		3.0	3.2	2.4	1.8	
Primary nonferrous metals	333	42.2	41.8	41.9	41.4	1	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.5	Ì
Primary aluminum		42.8	42.4	41.9	41.8		3.9	3.7	3.7	3.7	1
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	42.9	42.7	42.8	41.9	l 1	5.6	5.8	5.1	4.8	
Copper rolling and drawing	3351	43.7	43.3	42.4	41.6		4.9	5.2	4.0	3.9	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	3353	42.0	41.6	41.6	41.4		5.8	6.5	5.2	5.4	
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	42.9	42.7	42.7	41.6		6.0	6.0	5.3	4.7	}
Nonferrous foundries	336	41.5	41.6	42.0	40.7		3.8	3.9	3.5	3.3	
Aluminum foundries	3361	42.1	41.8	42.7	41.0		4.1	4.1	4.1	3.9	
Fabricated metal products	34	40.8	41.0	41.5	40.8	41.0	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.3	
Metal cans and shipping containers	341	44.1	44.0	44.6	44.6	-	6.0	6.4	6.0	6.1	1
Metal cans	3411	44.1	44.2	44.9	45.0		5.8	6.6	6.3	6.3	1
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware	342	40.0	40.4	40.3	40.1		2.8	3.1	2.6	2.9	
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades		39.3	40.0	39.9	39.1		2.0	2.4	1.5	1.6	
Hardware, nec		40.2	40.4	40.1	40.5		3.2	3.6	3.0	3.7	1
Plumbing and heating, except electric		38.5	39.0	40.0	38.5		1.6	2.0	2.2	1.7	1
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		39.4	38.6	41.0	40.0	-	1.9	1.5	2.3	1.9	
Heating equipment, except electric		38.2	40.0	38.9	36.8		1.3	2.4	2.0	1.4	1
Fabricated structural metal products		40.8	41.0	41.3	40.8	}	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	
Fabricated structural metal		41.5	41.6	42.5	42.9		3.8	4.4	4.2	4.3	
Metal doors, sash, and trim		40.5	40.6	41.2	40.6		3.1	2.7	3.0	3.2	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		40.9	41.3	42.0	40.7		2.8	3.2	3.5	3.2	}
Sheet metal work		39.8	40.1	40.2	39.7		3.1	3.4	2.9	2.9	1
Architectural metal work	1	41.4	40.4	39.8	38.7		2.8	2.7	2.6	3.0	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		42.2	42.5	42.4	41.4	1	4.3	4.5	4.3	3.9	1
Screw machine products	į.	41.8	41.8	41.6	41.2		4.1	3.9	3.6	3.3	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	Į.	42.7	43.2	43.1	41.6		4.5	5.1	5.0	4.4	
Metal forgings and stampings		41.2	41.5	42.7	41.5		4.0	4.0	4.4	3.8	
Iron and steel forgings		40.5	41.8	42.1	41.1		3.3	4.1	3.8	3.1	-
Automotive stampings		42.3	42.4	44.7	43.1		5.0	4.5	6.1	5.2	1
Metal stampings, nec	1	40.2	40.5	40.8	39.8		3.1	3.4	2.8	2.5	1
Metal services, nec		40.5	40.4	41.0	40.2	1	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.1	1
Plating and polishing		40.3	40.1	40.1	39.7		3.3	3.3	2.9	2.9	1
Metal coating and allied services		40.9	41.1	43.0	41.2	'	3.8	4.1	4.7	3.7	
Ordnance and accessories, nec		40.3	40.1	41.4	40.8		2.4	2.5	2.9	2.9	[
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec	1	39.3	39.7	41.0	40.1		1.4	1.7	2.6	2.1	-
Misc. fabricated metal products		40.2	40.6	40.7	39.6		2.5	2.8	2.7	2.3	
Valves and pipe fittings Misc. fabricated wire products		40.3 40.3	40.9 39.8	40.6 40.7	39.5 39.7		2.7 2.4	3.0 2.3	2.8 2.5	2.5	
·					i	44.0					
Machinery, except electrical		41.4	41.5	41.6	40.8	41.0	3.5	3.5	3.3	2.9	
Engines and turbines		43.2	41.5	40.7	41.7	1 -	3.9	4.0	3.2	2.8	
Turbines and turbine generator sets		39.8	39.9	39.2	38.9	1	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.4	1
inierial compusion endines, nec	. JD19	44.3	42.0	41.2	42.8	1	4.0	4.2 1.9	3.1	2.6 2.3	
Farm and garden machinery	252	39.5	39.1	40.3	38.8		2.1		2.4		

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug 1985
Durable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products—Continued											i
Glass containers	3221	\$11.10	\$11.10	\$11.28	\$11.31		\$457.32	\$453.99	\$466.99	\$467.10	
Pressed and blown glass, nec		9.86	9.93	10.29	10.26		394.40	402.17	418.80	415.53	
Products of purchased glass		8.08	8.19	8.42	8.46		333.70	340.70	345.22	343.48	
Cement, hydraulic		13.47	13.29	13.28	13.20		556.31	536.92	548.46	541.20	
Structural clay products		7.78	7.73	7.96	7.96		328.32	322.34	333.52	325.56	ĺ
Pottery and related products		8.18	8.05	8.69	8.72		317.38	313.95	342.39	333.98	İ
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	9.58	9.54	9.62	9.66		424.39	420.71	430.01	434.70	
Concrete block and brick		8.10	8.16	8.27	8.23		359.64	360.67	383.73	375.29	
Concrete products, nec		8.44	8.39	8.45	8.50		365.45	364.97	370.11	375.70	
Ready-mixed concrete		10.55	10.53	10.59	10.66		471.59	465.43	469.14	478.63	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		9.50	9.55	9.99	10.02		395.20	399.19	414.59	407.81]
Abrasive products		9.16	9.08	9.21	9.31		378.31	366.83	373.93	366.81	
Asbestos products		9.57	9.74	9.95	10.14		400.98	412.98	425.86	422.84	
Primary metal industries		11.49	11.38	11.65	11.79	\$11.61	474.54	464.30	486.97	485.75	\$480
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		13.03	12.90	13.29	13.51	13.29	525.11	506.97	552.86	562.02	552.8
Blast furnaces and steel mills		13.58	13.45	13.87	14.14	-	541.84	519.17	572.83	588.22	-
Steel pipe and tubes		10.61	10.60	10.99	10.73		441.38	435.66	478.07	445.30	
Iron and steel foundries		10.06	10.07	10.61	10.50		413.47	413.88	435.01	422.10	
Gray iron foundries		10.38	10.41	11.10	10.95		424.54	426.81	459.54	443.48	
Malleable iron foundries	3322	10.87	10.74	11.08	10.91		440.24	439.27	425.47	414.58	
Steel foundries, nec		9.48	9.44	9.77	9.79		385.84	387.98	390.80	380.83	
Primary nonferrous metals	333	13.34	13.50	13.66	13.82		562.95	564.30	572.35	572.15	
Primary aluminum	3334	13.84	13.89	14.08	14.22		592.35	588.94	589.95	594.40	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	11.02	10.93	10.98	11.10		472.76	466.71	469.94	465.09	
Copper rolling and drawing	3351	9.89	9.97	9.90	9.80		432.19	431.70	419.76	407.68	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	3353	14.01	13.83	13.70	14.05		588.42	575.33	569.92	581.67	
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	10.65	10.53	10.78	10.96		456.89	449.63	460.31	455.94	
Nonferrous foundries	336	9.13	9.12	9.18	9.26		378.90	379.39	385.56	376.88	
Aluminum foundries	3361	9.34	9.37	9.33	9.45		393.21	391.67	398.39	387.45	
Fabricated metal products	34	9.35	9.33	9.65	9.67	9.64	381.48	382.53	400.48	394.54	395.
Metal cans and shipping containers	341	12.60	12.75	13.08	13.13	-	555.66	561.00	583.37	585.60	í –
Metal cans	3411	13.23	13.43	13.85	13.85		583.44	593.61	621.87	623.25	
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware	342	9.30	9.31	9.67	9.83		372.00	376.12	389.70	394.18	
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades	3423,5	8.50	8.54	8.72	8.77		334.05	341.60	347.93	342.91	
Hardware, nec	3429	9.69	9.74	10.17	10.35		389.54	393.50	407.82	419.18	
Plumbing and heating, except electric	343	8.33	8.41	8.58	8.61		320.71	327.99	343.20	331.49	ĺ
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		7.99	8.02	8.18	8.24	ŀ	314.81	309.57	335.38	329.60	
Heating equipment, except electric	3433	8.27	8.41	8.58	8.42		315.91	336.40	333.76	309.86	
Fabricated structural metal products	344	8.85	8.83	8.97	8.98		361.08	362.03	370.46	366.38	
Fabricated structural metal		9.49	9.44	9.38	9.42		393.84	392.70	398.65	404.12	ļ
Metal doors, sash, and trim		7.13	7.08	7.32	7.29		288.77	287.45	301.58	295.97	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		9.83	9.80	10.08	10.07	ļ	402.05	404.74	423.36	409.85)
Sheet metal work		9.09	9.12	9.32	9.38	1	361.78	365.71	374.66	372.39	
Architectural metal work	1 -	8.89	8.88	8.47	8.43		368.05	358.75	337.11	326.24	ł
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		8.77	8.83	9.08	9.08		370.09	375.28	384.99	375.91	
Screw machine products	1	8.10	8.13	8.55	8.56		338.58	339.83	355.68	352.67	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		9.46	9.52	9.59	9.59	ļ	403.94	411.26	413.33	398.94	
Metal forgings and stampings		10.85	10.71	11.49	11.45		447.02	444.47	490.62	475.18	
Iron and steel forgings		11.77	11.85	12.28	12.15		476.69	495.33	516.99	499.37	
Automotive stampings	3465	12.74	12.57	13.55	13.51	J	538.90	532.97	605.69	582.28	
Metal stampings, nec		8.40	8.33	8.67	8.70		337.68	337.37	353.74	346.26	[
Metal services, nec	347	7.57	7.51	7.75	7.76		306.59	303.40	317.75	311.95	
Plating and polishing		7.45	7.38	7.58	7.62		300.24	295.94	303.96	302.51	Ì
Metal coating and allied services		7.83	7.82	8.10	8.04		320.25	321.40	348.30	331.25	
Ordnance and accessories, nec	1	9.94	9.89	10.24	10.30		400.58	396.59	423.94	420.24	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		9.55	9.49	10.04	9.99		375.32	376.75	411.64	400.60	-
Misc. fabricated metal products		8.71	8.75	8.89	8.91		350.14	355.25	361.82	352.84	
Valves and pipe fittings		9.33	9.37	9.48	9.50		376.00	383.23	384.89	375.25	
Misc. fabricated wire products	1	7.97	7.92	8.03	8.14	ĺ	321.19	315.22	326.82	323.16	
Machinery, except electrical		9.96	9.93	10.28	10.32	10.31	412.34	412.10	427.65	421.06	422.
Engines and turbines		13.06	12.88	12.99	13.05	-	564.19	534.52	528.69	544.19	_
Turbines and turbine generator sets		12.22	12.39	12.43	12.57		486.36	494.36	487.26	488.97	
Internal combustion engines, nec		13.31	13.04	13.19	13.22		589.63	547.68	543.43	565.82	
Farm and garden machinery		9.74	9.80	10.02	10.20		384.73	383.18	403.81	395.76	
Farm machinery and equipment		10.25	10.18	10.02	10.20		404.88	404.15	442.09	420.74	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Au 198
urable goods—Continued											
Machinery, except electrical—Continued		1 1					ļ			İ	
Construction and related machinery	353	40.4	41.3	42.2	41.1		2.7	2.9	2.9	2.5	
Construction machinery		40.6	41.7	41.9	40.7		2.1	2.5	2.3	1.9	
Mining machinery	3532	38.8	40.4	41.2	40.4		2.3	2.8	2.9	2.4	
Oil field machinery	3533	40.1	41.7	42.9	42.0	İ	2.8	3.2	3.4	3.4	
Conveyors and conveying equipment		41.5	40.5	42.0	41.1		4.6	3.7	3.6	3.2	
Industrial trucks and tractors		40.2	40.6	41.2	39.8		3.4	3.3	2.8	2.2	
Metalworking machinery		42.3	42.5	42.5	41.8		4.5	4.6	4.4	4.1	
Machine tools, metal cutting types		42.2	42.4	42.5	42.3		3.7	4.0	4.0	3.8	
Machine tools, metal forming types		41.7	41.9	42.0	41.5	ļ	4.2	3.9	4.0	4.7	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		42.9	43.4	43.1	42.6		5.2	5.5	5.3	4.9	Ì
Machine tool accessories		41.5	41.7	42.2	40.9		3.9	3.9	3.7	3.2	
Power driven hand tools		41.1	41.2	39.5	39.1		4.1	4.1	2.3	2.2	1
Special industry machinery		41.2	41.2	41.8	40.5		3.3	3.3	3.5	3.0	
Food products machinery		41.3	41.6	42.0	40.6	1	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.5	}
Textile machinery		40.8 41.5	41.0 41.1	41.1	41.0		2.1	2.5	2.4	2.4	1
Printing trades machinery		41.5	41.1	41.5 41.3	40.2 40.4		3.4	3.3 3.6	3.6 3.0	3.0 2.8	1
General industrial machinery Pumps and pumping equipment		40.5	40.9	40.2	39.3		3.4	3.0	2.2	2.6	
Ball and roller bearings		42.2	43.4	40.2	42.1		4.1	3.2 4.8	4.2	3.9	}
Air and gas compressors		39.4	40.3	41.6	40.1		2.6	2.8	3.4	3.9	
Blowers and fans		41.2	40.3	40.7	40.1		2.6	2.8	2.1	1.8	
Speed changers, drives, and gears		40.0	41.3	40.7	39.6		3.7	4.4	2.8	2.7	
Power transmission equipment, nec		40.4	40.6	40.4	40.2	İ	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.4	
Office and computing machines		41.2	41.8	41.4	40.7		2.7	2.9	2.5	1.6	
Electronic computing equipment		41.3	41.7	41.4	40.8		2.9	2.9	2.4	1.5	
Refrigeration and service machinery		41.8	41.1	41.4	40.3		4.2	3.8	3.2	3.3	
Refrigeration and heating equipment		42.5	41.4	41.9	41.1		4.6	4.0	3.6	3.9	-
Misc. machinery, except electrical	I	41.3	41.6	41.4	40.5		3.8	3.9	3.9	3.4	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		40.1	42.1	41.7	39.4		3.5	3.8	4.1	3.5	
Machinery, except electrical, nec		41.5	41.5	41.4	40.7		3.9	3.9	3.8	3.4	
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	40.4	40.7	40.7	39.8	40.2	2.8	3.0	2.5	2.3	
Electric distributing equipment		40.2	40.6	40.9	40.1	-	2.6	2.9	2.8	2.7	
Transformers		41.0	41.4	41.8	40.8		2.9	3.2	3.1	2.8	Ì
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		39.6	40.0	40.1	39.5		2.3	2.6	2.5	2.5	
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	40.9	40.7	40.4	40.2		3.1	3.0	2.5	2.7	
Motors and generators	3621	41.4	40.7	40.8	41.0		3.4	3.1	3.0	3.3	
Industrial controls	3622	39.1	40.3	39.3	38.1		2.2	2.6	1.7	1.5	1
Household appliances	363	39.4	39.9	39.8	39.6		2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2	
Household refrigerators and freezers		39.5	41.9	40.6	41.4		2.2	2.4	2.6	3.5	l
Household laundry equipment		40.3	39.3	39.6	39.4		2.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	
Electric housewares and fans		38.0	39.1	39.0	37.9		2.2	2.3	1.7	1.5	
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		39.9	40.4	40.0	39.0		2.6	2.8	2.4	2.0	
Electric lamps		40.4	41.2	39.4	38.7		2.3	2.7	2.0	1.7	1
Current-carrying wiring devices		40.3	40.7	40.0	39.0		2.9	3.2	2.4	1.9	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		39.7	41.1	41.1	40.1		2.2	2.6	1.9	1.7	ļ
Residential lighting fixtures		38.0	38.0	37.7	37.6		1.3	1.7	.8	.7	
Radio and TV receiving equipment		39.2	39.8	39.6	37.8		2.3	3.1	2.7	2.8	1
Radio and TV receiving sets		39.4	39.3	39.5	37.5		2.4	2.6	2.7	2.9	
Communication equipment Telephone and telegraph apparatus		40.6	41.0	41.2	40.4		2.5	2.6	2.5	2.2	l
		40.1 40.9	40.7 41.1	40.7 41.4	39.4 40.8		2.3 2.5	2.7 2.5	2.4 2.5	1.9 2.3	1
Radio and TV communication equipment		40.9	41.1	41.4			,	3.4	2.5	2.3	
Electronic components and accessories Electronic tubes		41.0	40.9 41.2	41.1 41.8	39.7 40.1		3.5 2.3	2.3	2.6	1	1
Semiconductors and related devices		41.1	41.2	41.8	40.1		4.4	4.2	2.1	1.4 2.2	
Electronic components, nec		40.8	40.7	40.9	39.7		3.5	3.5	2.8	2.2	1
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		40.8	40.7	40.9	39.7		2.7	3.5	2.9	2.4	
Storage batteries		39.2	41.3	41.7	40.1		1.6	3.4	2.0	2.3	
Engine electrical equipment		40.3	41.2	41.7	40.1	l	3.2	3.9	3.7	2.4	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	e hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°
Durable goods—Continued											
Machinery, except electrical—Continued				ĺ	l		1				
Construction and related machinery	353	\$10.66	\$10.60	\$10.92	\$10.94		\$430.66	\$437.78	\$460.82	\$449.63	ļ
Construction machinery	3531	11.53	11.53	11.88	11.90		468.12	480.80	497.77	484.33	ļ
Mining machinery		11.73	11.17	11.40	11.56	}	455.12	451.27	469.68	467.02	
Oil field machinery	3533	10.59	10.54	11.15	11.17		424.66	439.52	478.34	469.14	
Conveyors and conveying equipment	3535	9.81	9.85	9.85	9.67		407.12	398.93	413.70	397.44	
Industrial trucks and tractors		9.08	9.08	9.35	9.18		365.02	368.65	385.22	365.36	
Metalworking machinery		10.13	10.13		10.51		428.50	430.53	447.10	439.32	
Machine tools, metal cutting types		10.24	10.25	10.56	10.54		432.13	434.60	448.80	445.84	
Machine tools, metal forming types		10.62	10.54	10.96	11.09		442.85	441.63	460.32	460.24	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		10.67	10.75	11.20	11.20		457.74	466.55	482.72	477.12	
Machine tool accessories		9.28	9.18	9.44	9.46		385.12	382.81	398.37	386.91	
Power driven hand tools		8.14	8.17	8.29	8.25		334.55	336.60	327.46	322.58	
Special industry machinery		9.74	9.68	10.17	10.13		401.29	398.82	425.11	410.27	l
Food products machinery		10.13	10.15	10.45	10.43		418.37	422.24	438.90	423.46	1
Textile machinery		7.67	7.64	7.98	8.04		312.94	313.24	327.98	329.64	}
Printing trades machinery		9.93	. 9.70	10.42	10.41		412.10	398.67	432.43	418.48	}
General industrial machinery		9.73	9.76	10.05	10.09		399.90	405.04	415.07	407.64	J
Pumps and pumping equipment		10.30	10.37	10.61	10.73		417.15	424.13	426.52	421.69	ĺ
Ball and roller bearings	3562	10.00	9.98	10.29	10.30		422.00	433.13	441.44	433.63	
Air and gas compressors		9.89	9.87	10.44	10.68		389.67	397.76	434.30	428.27	
Blowers and fans		8.77	8.84	8.80	8.73		361.32	357.14	358.16	352.69	
Speed changers, drives, and gears		10.28	10.36	10.41	10.42		411.20	427.87	420.56	412.63	
Power transmission equipment, nec		9.77	9.84	10.12	10.04		394.71	399.50	408.85	403.61	
Office and computing machines		8.97	8.94	9.42	9.52		369.56	373.69	389.99	387.46 388.01	
Electronic computing equipment		8.94	8.89	9.38	9.51		369.22	370.71	388.33		
Refrigeration and service machinery		9.78	9.65	10.02	10.05		408.80	396.62	414.83	405.02	
Refrigeration and heating equipment		10.12	9.95	10.36	10.45		430.10	411.93	434.08	429.50	
Misc. machinery, except electrical		9.66	9.68	9.95	9.91		398.96	402.69	411.93	401.36	ļ
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		11.69 9.35	11.61 9.37	12.41 9.57	12.40 9.55		468.77 388.03	488.78 388.86	517.50 396.20	488.56 388.69	
Floridad and along the control of	00	0.00	0.05	0.40	0.47	20.50	000.00	000.04	205.00	070.04	
Electrical and electronic equipment		9.00	9.05	9.46	9.47	\$9.52		368.34	385.02	376.91	\$382.7
Electric distributing equipment		8.74	8.84	8.78	8.73	-	351.35	358.90	359.10	350.07	-
Transformers		8.73	8.84	8.72	8.68		357.93	365.98	364.50	354.14	
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		8.75	8.83	8.85	8.77		346.50	353.20	354.89	346.42	
Electrical industrial apparatus		9.12	9.14	9.51	9.50		373.01	372.00	384.20	381.90	
Motors and generators		9.12	9.13	9.48	9.46		377.57	371.59	386.78	387.86	ĺ
Industrial controls		8.94	8.95	9.18	9.25		349.55	360.69	360.77	352.43	i
Household appliances		9.06	8.97	9.23	9.33		356.96	357.90	367.35	369.47	
Household refrigerators and freezers Household laundry equipment		10.25 10.50	10.36 10.61	10.33 10.83	10.37 10.84		404.88 423.15	434.08 416.97	419.40 · 428.87	429.32 427.10	l
Electric housewares and fans		6.84	6.76	7.05	7.00		259.92	264.32	274.95	265.30	l
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		8.39	8.41	8.69	8.78		334.76	339.76	347.60	342.42	1
Electric lamps		9.54	9.61	9.90	9.93		385.42	395.93	390.06	384.29	
Current-carrying wiring devices		7.86	7.91	8.01	8.05		316.76	321.94	320.40	313.95	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		8.83	8.79	8.98	9.40		350.55	361.27	369.08	376.94	_
Residential lighting fixtures		6.53	6.54	6.67	6.71		248.14	248.52	251.46	252.30	_
Radio and TV receiving equipment	365	8.72	8.87	9.33	9.54		341.82	353.03	369.47	360.61)
Radio and TV receiving sets		9.00	9.02	9.67	9.91		354.60	354.49	381.97	371.63	}
Communication equipment		10.67	10.83	11.22	11.18		433.20	444.03	462.26	451.67	
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		10.43	10.77	10.69	10.64		418.24	438.34	435.08	419.22	_
Radio and TV communication equipment		10.79	10.86	11.45	11.41		441.31	446.35	474.03	465.53	[
Electronic components and accessories		7.84	7.87	8.34	8.28		321.44	321.88	342.77	328.72	
Electronic tubes		9.97	10.02	10.55	10.41		409.77	412.82	440.99	417.44	
Semiconductors and related devices		9.15	9.23	9.79	9.59		386.13	384.89	413.14	385.52	-
Electronic components, nec		7.20	7.21	7.60	7.62		293.76	293.45	310.84	302.51	1
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		9.98	9.97	10.29	10.25		400.20	410.76	422.92	406.93	}
Storage batteries		10.31	10.53	10.45	10.54		404.15	434.89	435.77	422.65	1
Engine electrical equipment		10.66	10.66	11.08	10.88		429.60	439.19	462.04	435.20	I

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug 1985
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	37	41.9	41.7	42.6	42.0	42.2	4.2	4.3	4.7	4.3	1
Motor vehicles and equipment		42.6	42.3	43.3	42.9	43.0	4.8	5.0	5.2	4.9	1
Motor vehicles and car bodies		42.4	41.2	43.0	43.1	- 1	4.7	4.7	5.2	5.2	
Truck and bus bodies	3713	41.2	41.0	41.9	42.0		3.4	3.6	4.4	4.3	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	43.2	43.7	44.0	43.0		5.2	5.6	5.6	5.0	
Truck trailers	3715	40.7	39.9	40.1	40.5		3.3	2.7	2.6	2.4	1
Aircraft and parts	372	41.6	41.6	42.3	41.3		3.9	4.0	4.5	4.1	1
Aircraft		-	-	-	-		_	-	-	-	1
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	42.2	41.7	41.9	41.6		5.4	4.9	5.0	5.3	1
Aircraft equipment, nec		41.7	42.2	43.4	42.1		4.2	4.8	5.2	4.9	1
Ship and boat building and repairing		40.3	39.7	40.9	40.2		3.2	3.1	3.5	3.1	1
Ship building and repairing		40.4	39.7	40.6	40.4		3.4	3.5	3.5	3.2	1
Boat building and repairing		40.3	39.6	41.6	39.7		2.5	1.8	3.5	2.6	1
Railroad equipment		42.8	40.8	41.6	41.2		3.7	3.1	2.7	2.5	ļ
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		40.7	41.7	42.5	41.8		2.8	3.0	4.4	4.0	ł
Guided missiles and space vehicles		41.0	42.0	42.8	41.9		2.9	3.0	4.8	4.4	l
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		40.6	39.7	40.4	41.0		3.0	2.9	2.6	3.2	1
Travel trailers and campers	3792	38.0	37.7	38.4	38.7		1.9	1.9	1.7	1.8	
Instruments and related products		40.9	41.0	41.1	40.2	40.6	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.1	
Engineering and scientific instruments	381	41.0	41.0	41.9	40.9	_	2.4	2.3	2.8	2.5	!
Measuring and controlling devices	382	41.2	41.5	40.9	39.7		2.3	2.4	1.9	1.6	}
Environmental controls	3822	40.3	41.2	39.9	39.2		2.0	2.5	1.8	1.3	
Process control instruments		40.5	41.6	41.2	40.4		2.6	2.9	2.6	2.2	l -
Instruments to measure electricity	3825	41.7	41.3	40.8	38.9		2.0	2.0	1.5	1.3	ļ
Optical instruments and lenses		43.2	43.3	41.3	40.4		3.4	3.5	2.7	2.1	
Medical instruments and supplies		39.3	39.5	40.5	39.7		2.1	2.1	2.6	2.4	-
Surgical and medical instruments	3841	38.5	39.6	41.2	39.5	[2.0	2.1	2.7	2.3	1
Surgical appliances and supplies		40.0	39.4	39.9	39.9]	2.2	2.0	2.4	2.5	1
Ophthalmic goods		40.0	40.2	39.8	40.2		1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	-
Photographic equipment and supplies Watches, clocks, and watchcases		42.6 39.8	42.4 41.2	43.0 39.8	42.1 38.1		2.6 2.6	2.6 2.8	3.1 2.2	2.9	
		}	71.2	00.0	30.1		2.0	2.0		"."	
Miscellaneous manufacturing		38.9	39.1	39.3	38.6	39.4	1.9	2.1	1.9	1.6	1
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		36.8	37.7	38.3	37.6	- 1	.6	1.4	1.7	.8	
Jewelry, precious metal		36.0	37.0	37.2	37.0		.5	1.3	1.3	.4	-
Musical instruments		. 39.6	39.9	40.0	38.7		.8	1.5	1.6	1.0	
Toys and sporting goods		39.3	39.4	39.0	38.3	1	2.2	2.5	1.4	1.4	
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		38.1	38.8	38.8	37.9	}	1.6	2.1	1.2	.8	1
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		40.4	40.1	39.2	38.7		2.7	2.9	1.5	1.9	1
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		40.6	40.6	41.1	39.8		2.9	2.6	2.8	2.3	1
Costume jewelry and notions		37.3	37.1	38.8	37.3		1.5	1.8	2.3	1.8	1
Costume jewelry		36.1	35.2	38.1	37.0		1.4	1.5	1.9	1.9	
Miscellaneous manufactures		39.3	39.4	39.7	39.3		2.1	2.2	2.2	2.0	
Signs and advertising displays	3993	39.3	39.8	40.1	39.6		2.5	2.4	2.3	2.1	
Nondurable goods		39.4	39.6	39.6	39.3	39.7	3.1	3.3	3.0	3.0	3
Food and kindred products		39.7	40.1	39.8	40.1	40.3	3.9	4.4	3.7	4.1	-
Meat products		39.9	39.9	39.7	40.0	-	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	
Meat packing plants		40.7	40.6	41.2	41.2		4.0	4.0	4.3	4.1	
Sausages and other prepared meats		40.2	40.6	40.9	40.6		3.8	3.9	4.1	4.0	
Poultry dressing plants	2016	39.1	39.1	37.7	38.6	į į	3.2	3.2	2.6	3.1	
Dairy products		41.7	40.9	42.5	42.3		4.4	4.1	4.7	4.7	1
Cheese, natural and processed		40.7	39.5	40.5	40.1		3.4	3.0	3.8	3.4	
Fluid milk		42.5	41.5	43.2	43.2		5.0	4.6	5.2	5.4	1
Preserved fruits and vegetables		37.6	39.8	37.7	38.3		4.1	5.8	3.1	4.6	1
Canned specialties		40.3	42.0	38.9	39.4		4.9	6.1	3.5	3.6	
Canned fruits and vegetables		37.3	40.1	36.1	37.8		4.4	6.9	3.1	5.4	1
Frozen fruits and vegetables		36.6	39.9	37.9	38.4		3.8	5.7	3.5	4.5	-
Grain mill products		42.7	43.4	43.4	43.6		5.3	6.0	5.3	5.8	
Flour and other grain mill products		44.0	44.8	44.7	44.0		5.3	6.3	5.3	5.7	
Prepared feeds, nec		43.1	43.0	43.2	44.1		6.0	6.1	5.9	6.6	
Bakery products		38.5	38.7	38.7	38.9	Ì	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.3	1
Bread, cake, and related products		38.1	37.9	38.1	38.6	(3.3	3.2	3.3	3.6	
Cookies and crackers	12052	39.6	40.5	40.3	39.7	1 1	2.0	2.5	2.4	2.5	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985 ^p
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment		\$12.16	\$12.16	\$12.66	\$12.63	\$12.70	\$509.50				
Motor vehicles and equipment		12.66	12.64	13.39	13.37	13.39	539.32	534.67	579.79	573.57	575.77
Motor vehicles and car bodies		14.11	14.07	14.77	14.74	- [598.26	579.68	635.11	635.29	-
Truck and bus bodies	. 3713	9.78	9.84	10.65	10.73		402.94	403.44	446.24	450.66	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		12.12	12.14	12.79	12.71		523.58	530.52	562.76	546.53	ļ
Truck trailers		8.90	8.82	9.39	9.23		362.23	351.92	376.54	373.82	
Aircraft and parts		12.34	12.37	12.55	12.48		513.34	514.59	530.87	515.42	
Aircraft		12.44	10.47	10.75	12.00				- 534.23		[
Aircraft engines and engine parts Aircraft equipment, nec		12.44	12.47 11.45	12.75 11.59	12.83 11.52		524.97	520.00		533.73 484.99	
Ship and boat building and repairing		10.25	10.27	10.42	10.45		471.21 413.08	483.19 407.72	503.01 426.18	420.09	
Ship building and repairing		11.15	11.13	11.29	11.30		450.46	441.86	458.37	456.52	
Boat building and repairing	3732	7.76	7.80	8.15	8.11		312.73	308.88	339.04	321.97	ļ
Railroad equipment	374	12.47	12.30	12.42	12.41		533.72	501.84	516.67	511.29	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		11.83	11.85	11.94	11.99		481.48	494.15	507.45	501.18	
Guided missiles and space vehicles		12.05	12.05	12.16	12.20	1	494.05	506.10	520.45	511.18	
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		9.64	9.65	9.97	9.95		391.38	383.11	402.79	407.95	
Travel trailers and campers		8.41	8.47	8.69	8.41		319.58	319.32	333.70	325.47	
Instruments and related products	. 38	8.88	8.89	9.15	9.21	9.25	363.19	364.49	376.07	370.24	375.55
Engineering and scientific instruments		9.41	9.42	9.89	10.06	-	385.81	386.22	414.39	411.45	_
Measuring and controlling devices		8.76	8.80	9.00	8.93		360.91	365.20	368.10	354.52	
Environmental controls		8.09	8.26	8.69	8.60		326.03	340.31	346.73	337.12	
Process control instruments		8.72	8.82	9.03	9.07		353.16	366.91	372.04	366.43	
Instruments to measure electricity		9.16	9.19	9.22	9.10		381.97	379.55	376.18	353.99	
Optical instruments and lenses		10.03	10.17	10.24	10.30		433.30	440.36	422.91	416.12	
Medical instruments and supplies		7.79	7.75	8.09	8.19	ĺ	306.15	306.13	327.65	325.14	
Surgical and medical instruments		7.84	7.78	8.29	8.38	ĺ	301.84	308.09	341.55	331.01	
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	7.76	7.75	7.91	8.06		310.40	305.35	315.61	321.59	
Ophthalmic goods	. 385	6.57	6.60	6.97	6.89		262.80	265.32	277.41	276.98	
Photographic equipment and supplies		11.47	11.54	11.79	12.00		488.62	489.30	506.97	505.20	
Watches, clocks, and watchcases	387	6.64	6.58	6.85	6.91		264.27	271.10	272.63	263.27	
Miscellaneous manufacturing		7.07	7.01	7.28	7.30	7.29	275.02	274.09	286.10	281.78	287.23
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		7.57	7.59	7.72	7.72	-	278.58	286.14	295.68	290.27	-
Jewelry, precious metal		7.48	7.62	7.77	7.79	- 1	269.28	281.94	289.04	288.23	
Musical instruments		6.78	6.83	6.84	6.93	1	268.49	272.52	273.60	268.19	
Toys and sporting goods		6.45	6.39	6.73	6.68 6.39		253.49	251.77	262.47	255.84	
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		6.12 6.75	6.06 6.74	6.49 6.95	6.94		233.17 272.70	235.13 270.27	251.81 272.44	242.18 268.58	
Sporting and athletic goods, necPens, pencils, office, and art supplies		7.41	7.32	7.75	7.74		300.85	297.19	318.53	308.05	
Costume jewelry and notions		5.87	5.74	5.95	6.02		218.95	212.95	230.86	224.55	
Costume jewelry and notions		5.40	5.39	5.54	5.60		194.94	189.73	211.07	207.20	
Miscellaneous manufactures		7.75	7.72	7.97	7.95		304.58	304.17	316.41	312.44	
Signs and advertising displays		8.14	8.18	8.49	8.40		319.90	325.56	340.45	332.64	
• • •		8.41	8.37	8.65	8.70	9.67	221.25		242.54		344.20
Nondurable goods Food and kindred products		8.39	8.33	8.55	8.55	8.67 8.51	331.35 333.08	331.45 334.03	342.54 340.29	341.91 342.86	342.95
Meat products	201	7.26	7.25	7.26	7.26	0.51	289.67	289.28	288.22	290.40	342.93
Meat packing plants	2011	8.16	8.17	8.10	8.14	-	332.11	331.70	333.72	335.37	
Sausages and other prepared meats		9.05	9.04	8.83	8.81	İ	363.81	367.02	361.15	357.69	
Poultry dressing plants		5.55	5.55	5.75	5.75		217.01	217.01	216.78	221.95	
Dairy products		8.73	8.70	9.10	9.21		364.04	355.83	386.75	389.58	
Cheese, natural and processed		8.34	8.31	8.58	8.60		339.44	328.25	347.49	344.86	
Fluid milk		8.89	8.92	9.48	9.63	1	377.83	370.18	409.54	416.02	
Preserved fruits and vegetables		7.68	7.55	7.80	7.79		288.77	300.49	294.06	298.36	
Canned specialties		9.12	9.01	9.69	9.87	Ì	367.54	378.42	376.94	388.88	
Canned fruits and vegetables		7.86	7.59	7.85	7.53		293.18	304.36	283.39	284.63	
Frozen fruits and vegetables		7.04	7.06	7.23	7.17		257.66	281.69	274.02	275.33	
Grain mill products	204	10.07	10.21	10.38	10.39		429.99	443.11	450.49	453.00	
Flour and other grain mill products	2041	9.86	10.09	9.96	9.85		433.84	452.03	445.21	433.40	
Prepared feeds, nec		7.53	7.69	7.82	7.91		324.54	330.67	337.82	348.83	
Bakery products	205	9.44	9.46	9.72	9.73	1	363.44	366.10	376.16	378.50	
Bread, cake, and related products	2051	9.47	9.45	9.71	9.74		360.81	358.16	369.95	375.96	
Cookies and crackers		9.35	9.47	9.75	9.71	1	370.26	383.54	392.93	385.49	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972	L	Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug 198
londurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued											1
Sugar and confectionery products	206	39.4	40.3	40,1	40.0		2.5	3.2	2.8	2.8	}
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	42.4	42.2	42.8	42.9		4.9	5.0	4.8	5.3	}
Confectionery products	2065	37.8	39.1	38.7	38.6		1.7	2.4	2.4	2.2	}
Fats and oils		42.0	42.5	43,1	43.4		4.7	5.0	5.2	5.2	
Beverages		41.0	40.7	41.4	41.6		4.3	4.0	4.4	4.6	}
Malt beverages	2082	43.7	42.8	43.1	43,1	ł l	6.2	5.6	5.9	6.0	ł
Bottled and canned soft drinks		40.8	40.2	40.9	41,5	ł	4.2	3.7	4.3	4.7	
Misc. food and kindred products		38.8	38.4	38.0	38.5		4.5	4.6	3.5	3.9	
Tobacco manufactures		37.5	39.2	37.7	34.1	38.0	1.2	.8	1.1	.9	
Cigarettes	211	37.9	39.3	37.7	33.1	-	1.1	.4	1.1	.8	}
Textile mill products		39.3	39.7	39.9	38.7	39.9	2.9	3.1	3.2	2.8	1
Weaving mills, cotton		39.6	39.8	38.7	37.3	-	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.0	1
Weaving mills, synthetics		40.4	40.6	38.9	38.7	į į	3.1	3.5	2.8	2.7	ļ
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		40.2	42.0	40.6	37.3		3.8	4.2	2.9	2.1	
Narrow fabric mills	224	39.2	39.3	39.6	38.9		1.6	2.2	1.9	1.7	1
Knitting mills	225	38.2	37.9	39.3	37.9		2.4	2.3	2.8	2.4	1
Women's hosiery, except socks		37.1	36.2	40.2	38.5		1.7	1.4	3.4	2.5	l
Hosiery, nec		38.5	38.5	37.4	37.2	}	2.4	2.2	1.9	1.8	l
Knit outerwear mills		37.3	37.4	38.5	37.9	_	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.6	ł
Knit underwear mills		38.2	36.9	38.7	36.7	_	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.1	l
Circular knit fabric mills		39.7	39.9	41.4	37.7)	3.2	3.2	4.2	3.5	l
Textile finishing, except wool		38.7	40.4	41.1	38.9		3.2	3.8	4.2	3.2	ĺ
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	38.3	39.9	41.8	40.0	_	3.2	4.1	4.5	3.9	ĺ
Finishing plants, synthetics		37.3	40.9	40.5	37.0	-	3.2	4.5	4.5	2.8	}
		40.2	41.8	42.3	40.9	į	3.8	4.3	4.1	3.9	l
Floor covering mills		39.2	39.0		39.5	Í					t
Yarn and thread mills	,	39.7	39.0	40.3 40.6		ĺ	2.8	2.9	3.3 3.7	2.8	ĺ
Yarn mills, except wool		1 1	1		39.9	-	3.1	3.1		1	
Throwing and winding mills Miscellaneous textile goods		36.6 41.5	36.8 42.5	38.1 42.2	38.1 40.8		2.3 3.5	2.5 3.9	2.4 3.8	2.4	
•	į									1	
Apparel and other textile products		36.0	36.3	36.7	36.2	36.3	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.1	
Men's and boys' suits and coats		36.9	36.6	33.9	34.6	- 1	1.1	1.3	.7	.6	Į
Men's and boys' furnishings		36.7	37.2	37.7	37.1		1.0	1.1	1,4	1.0	ļ
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		36.6	37.3	37.2	36.6		.8	1.0	1.3	.8	ĺ
Men's and boys' separate trousers		36.7	36.6	36.6	37.0		.9	1.1	1.0	.8	
Men's and boys' work clothing		37.4	37.2	38.7	37.8		1.2	1.1	1.8	1.3	
Women's and misses' outerwear		34.2	34.2	35.0	34.8		.9	1.0	1.2	1.0	
Women's and misses' blouses and waists	2331	35.1	33.9	35.4	35.2		.7	.8	1.2	1.0	1
Women's and misses' dresses	2335	32.5	32.9	33.6	33.5		.7	.9	.9	.8	ĺ
Women's and misses' suits and coats	2337	34.8	35.4	34.8	34.3)	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.0	[
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	2339	34.9	35.0	35.9	35.7		1.2	1.1	1.4	1.1	
Women's and children's undergarments	234	35.9	37.2	37.3	36.7	ĺ	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.2	
Women's and children's underwear	2341	35.9	37.3	37.5	36.8		1.1	1.6	1.6	1.3	
Brassieres and allied garments		35.9	36.5	36.0	36.0		1.4	1.6	1.2	.5	
Children's outerwear	236	36.3	35.9	37.5	36.7		.8	.9	1.6	1.1	
Children's dresses and blouses		35.6	34.7	35.8	36.0		.9	.9	1.3	1.1	
Misc. apparel and accessories	238	38.3	37.5	37.1	36.4]	.7	1.4	1.1	.8	
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	37.6	38.7	38.8	37.9		1.7	2.5	2.1	1.8	
Curtains and draperies		35.7	37.4	37.6	35.9		.7	1.5	.6	.3	1
House furnishings, nec	2392	37.1	38.6	37.6	37.4) !	1.6	2.3	1.7	1.6	
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	40.0	42.2	40.8	40.2		2.6	5.1	4.2	3.6	
Paper and allied products	26	43.1	42.9	43.0	42.7	42.9	5.2	4.9	4.6	4.8	
Paper and pulp mills		45.2	44.7	44.7	44.7	_	7.2	6.6	6.1	6.6	
Paper mills, except building paper		45.4	44.9	44.8	45.0		7.3	6.7	6.1	6.7	
Paperboard mills		44.9	44.1	43.5	43.8		8.5	7.5	6.5	7.1	
Misc. converted paper products		41.6	41.6	42.0	41.6		3.2	3.2	3.1	3.2	
Paper coating and glazing	1.	42.2	42.5	43.3	42.7		3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Envelopes		40.3	41.5	40.9	40.6		3.0	3.0	2.8	2.7	
Bags, except textile bags		42.3	42.2	42.4	42.2		3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	
Paperboard containers and boxes		42.3	42.2	42.3	41.7		4.4	4.4	4.1	4.2	
Folding paperboard boxes		43.0	42.2	41.8	41.7		4.4	4.4		3.8	
								,	3.8	1	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		42.6	42.8	42.9	42.2		4.8	5.0	4.2	4.3	l
Sanitary food containers	2004	42.5	42.1	44.0	43.2	1	5.1	4.7	5.6	6.0	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly 6	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985₽	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued			ļ								
Sugar and confectionery products		\$8.61	\$8.53	\$8.83	\$8.87		\$339.23		\$354.08	\$354.80	
Cane and beet sugar		10.25	10.34	10.39	10.51		434.60	436.35	444.69	450.88	
Confectionery products	2065	7.45	7.29	7.69	7.70		281.61	285.04	297.60	297.22	-
Fats and oils		9.05	9.08	8.90	8.96		380.10	385.90	383.59	388.86	l
Beverages		10.85	10.91	11.16	11.26		444.85	444.04	462.02	468.42	
Malt beverages		15.14	15.27	15.43	15.61		661.62	653.56	665.03	672.79	
Bottled and canned soft drinks Misc. food and kindred products		8.36 7.58	8.30 7.54	8.71 7.61	8.81 7.55		341.09 294.10	333.66 289.54	356.24 289.18	365.62 290.68	
		1	ļ								
Tobacco manufactures Cigarettes		11.77 13.53	10.92 13.40	12.83 14.83	12.92 14.97	\$12.45 -	441.38 512.79	428.06 526.62	483.69 559.09	440.57 495.51	\$473.1 -
Textile mill products	22	6.44	6.47	6.69	6.69	6.74	253.09	256.86	266.93	258.90	268.9
Weaving mills, cotton		6.70	6.71	6.99	6.97	-	265.32	267.06	270.51	259.98	
Weaving mills, synthetics		6.95	6.95	7.11	7.13		280.78	282.17	276.58	275.93	
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		6.88	6.83	7.08	7.09		276.58	286.86	287.45	264.46	1
Narrow fabric mills		6.10	6.14	6.40	6.44		239.12	241.30	253.44	250.52	
Knitting mills		5.88	5.92	6.13	6.13		224.62	224.37	240.91	232.33	
Women's hosiery, except socks		5.65	5.76	6.07	6.04		209.62	208.51	244.01	232.54	
Hosiery, nec	2252	5.64	5.61	5.81	5.79		217.14	215.99	217.29	215.39	ĺ
Knit outerwear mills	2253	5.79	5.82	5.96	6.07		215.97	217.67	229.46	230.05	
Knit underwear mills		5.51	5.55	5.62	5.66		210.48	204.80	217.49	207.72	
Circular knit fabric mills	2257	6.54	6.54	6.94	6.84		259.64	260.95	287.32	257.87	
Textile finishing, except wool	226	6.74	6.85	7.13	7.09		260.84	276.74	293.04	275.80	
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	6.84	6.94	7.14	7.09		261.97	276.91	298.45	283.60	
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	7.27	7.34	7.66	7.63		271.17	300.21	310.23	282.31	
Floor covering mills		6.65	6.64	6.93	6.99		267.33	277.55	293.14	285.89	Ì
Yarn and thread mills	1	6.03	6.04	6.23	6.27		236.38	235.56	251.07	247.67	
Yarn mills, except wool		6.04	6.05	6.22	6.25		239.79	238.37	252.53	249.38	
Throwing and winding mills		5.86 7.19	5.91 7.19	6.20 7.55	6.24 7.55		214.48 298.39	217.49 305.58	236.22 318.61	237.74 308.04	
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	7.19	7.19	7.55	7.55		290.39	303.36	310.01	300.04	
Apparel and other textile products		5.53	5.55	5.70	5.69	5.69		201.47	209.19	205.98	206.5
Men's and boys' suits and coats		6.63	6.59	6.65	6.70	-	244.65	241.19	225.44	231.82	-
Men's and boys' furnishings		5.04	5.05	5.25	5.24		184.97	187.86	197.93	194.40	
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		4.87	4.85	5.04	4.99		178.24	180.91	187.49	182.63	
Men's and boys' separate trousers		5.12	5.16	5.23	5.28		187.90	188.86	191.42	195.36	[
Men's and boys' work clothing		5.02	5.07	5.27	5.30		187.75	188.60	203.95	200.34	ì
Women's and misses' outerwear		5.46	5.50	5.60	5.58		186.73	188.10	196.00	194.18	
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		5.01	5.09	5.10	5.10		175.85	172.55	180.54	179.52	
Women's and misses' dresses		5.72	5.78	5.75	5.81		185.90	190.16	193.20	194.64	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		6.19	6.19	6.50 5.37	6.60 5.26	.	215.41	219.13	226.20	226.38 187.78	Ì
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		5.19 5.04	5.19 5.05	5.29	5.28	ĺ	181.13 180.94	181.65 187.86	192.78 197.32	193.78	
Women's and children's undergarments Women's and children's underwear		4.92	4.94	5.18	5.18		176.63	184.26	194.25	193.76	_
Brassieres and allied garments		5.63	5.58	5.89	5.81		202.12	203.67	212.04	209.16	
Children's outerwear		4.94	4.92	5.01	4.99	į	179.32	176.63	187.88	183.13	
Children's dresses and blouses		4.86	4.81	4.90	4.86	į	173.02	166.91	175.42	174.96	ļ
Misc. apparel and accessories		5.26	5.37	5.47	5.43		201.46	201.38	202.94	197.65	
Misc. fabricated textile products		6.57	6.60	6.87	6.84		247.03	255.42	266.56	259.24	
Curtains and draperies		5.21	5.20	5.36	5.39		186.00	194.48	201.54	193.50	
House furnishings, nec	2392	5.62	5.61	5.85	5.86	1	208.50	216.55	219.96	219.16	
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	10.15	10.41	10.87	10.76		406.00	439.30	443.50	432.55	
Paper and allied products	26	10.52	10.47	10.79	10.89	10.93	453.41	449.16	463.97	465.00	468.9
Paper and pulp mills	261,2,6	12.56	12.53	13.11	13.19	-	567.71	560.09	586.02	589.59	(-
Paper mills, except building paper	262	12.63	12.61	13.19	13.35		573.40	566.19	590.91	600.75	1
Paperboard mills		13.25	13.14	13.50	13.73	l	594.93	579.47	587.25	601.37	
Misc. converted paper products		9.10	9.08	9.25	9.33		378.56	377.73	388.50	388.13	
Paper coating and glazing		10.33	10.38	10.64	10.62	}	435.93	441.15	460.71	453.47	
Envelopes		8.31	8.21	8.53	8.63		334.89	340.72	348.88	350.38	
Bags, except textile bags		8.65	8.63	8.88	8.86		365.90	364.19	376.51	373.89	
Paperboard containers and boxes		8.97	8.94	9.23	9.30	1	379.43	377.27	390.43	387.81	
Folding paperboard boxes		9.19	9.25	9.57	9.67		395.17	395.90	400.03	401.31	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		9.30	9.29	9.53	9.60	ļ	396.18	397.61	408.84	405.12	
Sanitary food containers	2654	8.58	8.62	8.91	8.82		364.65	362.90	392.04	381.02	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Au 198
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Printing and publishing	27	37.6	37.9	37.3	37.3	38.2	2.6	2.9	2.3	2.4	1
Newspapers	271	33.9	34.3	33.7	33.6	-	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.4	1
Periodicals	272	37.8	38.4	37.5	37.8		2.2	2.9	2.2	2.4	İ
Books	273	38.3	39.1	38.1	37.8		2.5	3.3	2.2	2.5	
Book publishing	2731	36.6	37.5	38.1	37.8		1.5	1.9	1.8	2.1	İ
Book printing	2732	40.6	41.2	38.1	37.8		3.8	5.2	2.9	3.1	İ
Miscellaneous publishing		36.0	35.7	36.4	36.3		1.4	2.0	2.0	2.1	1
Commercial printing	275	38.8	39.3	38.2	38.4		3.0	3.4	2.5	2.7	
Commercial printing, letterpress	2751	38.7	39.0	38.0	38.1	i i	2.9	3.1	2.1	2.2	i
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	38.8	39.3	38.1	38.4		2.9	3.5	2.7	2.8	1
Manifold business forms	276	41.0	41.0	41.0	40.8)	3.3	3.1	3.5	3.8	
Blankbooks and bookbinding	278	39.5	39.0	38.7	38.8		2.5	2.3	1.8	2.0	
Printing trade services	279	38.9	39.2	38.9	38.8		3.8	4.1	3.5	3.7	
Chemicals and allied products	28	41.7	41.7	42.1	41.7	41.7	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	
Industrial inorganic chemicals		42.0	41.9	41.9	41.4	-	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		42.3	41.8	42.0	41.3		3.4	3.3	3.2	3.1	
Plastics materials and synthetics		42.0	41.9	42.4	42.2		3.5	3.7	3.8	3.9	
Plastics materials and resins		43.1	43.3	43.7	42.9		4.4	4.9	4.9	4.6	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		41.6	41.5	42.4	42.7]	2.7	2.7	3.3	3.8	
Drugs		40.1	40.8	41.6	40.8		2.5	2.6	2.7	2.6	i
Pharmaceutical preparations		39.8	40.5	41.6	40.5		2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		41.4	41.4	41.3	41.0]]	2.7	3.0	2.9	2.6	
Soap and other detergents		44.3	44.4	44.2	44.2)	4.8	5.0	4.8	4.3	
Toilet preparations		39.9	39.6	38.9	38.8]	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.8	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		40.8	41.5	43.0	41.8	ì	2.5	3.1	2.9	2.4	
Paints and allied products		41.9	41.3	42.8	42.1	ì	3.4	3.0	4.4	3.7	
Industrial organic chemicals		43.0	42.7	43.1	43.0	ĺ	4.1	4.2	3.9	4.3	ļ
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		41.7	42.4	43.1	43.0	i i	4.0	5.0	4.7	4.2	į
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec.		43.4	42.8	43.1	43.0		4.1	3.9	3.6	4.3	
Agricultural chemicals		42.4	42.0	42.1	42.5	(4.5	4.1	3.8	3.8	
Miscellaneous chemical products		41.2	41.4	42.2	41.4		2.9	3.2	3.2	3.2	
Petroleum and coal products	20	43.8	40.0	40.7	40.0	40.7	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	
		43.4	43.9 43.5	42.7 42.3	42.8 42.4	42.7	4.5 3.7	3.5	3.9	3.8	ļ
Petroleum refining Paving and roofing materials		46.1	46.4	44.8	44.7	_	8.0	8.0	6.6	6.8	
	(
Rubber and misc. plastics products		41.2	41.4	41.2	40.6	40.5	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.4	
Tires and inner tubes		44.0	44.5	41.5	41.9	-	5.2	5.7	3.3	4.0	1
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	41.0	39.4	38.2	38.4		1.9	2.1	.9	.5	
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose											
and belting		38.3	41.8	42.8	42.5		3.2	3.8	3.9	3.7	ļ
Fabricated rubber products, nec		40.7	41.4	41.1	40.0		2.8	3.2	3.0	2.9	
Miscellaneous plastics products	307	41.0	41.0	41.2	40.6		3.6	3.6	3.8	3.5	
Leather and leather products		37.3	36.4	38.0	37.4	37.6	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.5	
Leather tanning and finishing		39.1	38.8	41.9	39.6	-	2.1	2.6	3.7	2.9	
Footwear, except rubber		36.8	36.0	37.5	37.4		1.1	1.1	1.5	1.5	-
Men's footwear, except athletic		37.2	36.7	36.4	36.5		.8	1.1	1.1	.8	į
Women's footwear, except athletic		36.5	35.2	38.2	38.4		1.6	1.2	1.9	2.1	ļ
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		37.4 37.4	37.3 36.2	39.9 37.1	36.6 36.5		2.1	2.1 1.2	1.5 .9	1.5	1
ensportation and public utilities		40.0	39.7	39.7	39.7	40.0	1.3	1.2	.9	.8	
•		40.0	39.7	39.7	39.7	40.0				ļ	
lailroad transportation: Class I railroads ²	4011	44.5	42.9	45.6	45.7						
ocal and interurban passenger transit	41	36.6	36.3	34.3	36.1						
Local and suburban transportation		39.1	38.5	34.3	38.5					1	
Intercity highway transportation	1	39.1	39.0	38.0	38.5						ļ
			ļ							1	
rucking and warehousing		39.1	39.1	38.9	38.2						1
Trucking and trucking terminals		39.2	39.1	39.0	38.3					İ	
Public warehousing	422	39.0	39.1	38.1	37.9						
ipe lines, except natural gas	46	40.4	40.5	42.0	40.9						

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Printing and publishing		\$9.38	\$9.44	\$9.61	\$9.66	\$9.61	\$352.69		1 -	\$360.32	\$367.10
Newspapers		9.47	9.48	9.71	9.73	-	321.03	325.16	327.23	326.93	'
Periodicals		10.02	10.05	10.07	10.12		378.76	385.92	377.63	382.54	
Books		8.51	8.59	8.60	8.61		325.93	335.87	327.66	325.46	
Book publishing		8.12 8.97	8.20 9.06	8.14 9.33	8.03 9.50	'	297.19 364.18	307.50 373.27	310.13 355.47	303.53 359.10	İ
Book printing Miscellaneous publishing		8.43	8.56	8.79	8.86		303.48	305.59	319.96	321.62	
Commercial printing		9.68	9.75	9.91	9.99		375.58	383.18	378.56	383.62	
Commercial printing, letterpress		9.10	9.21	9.38	9.44		352.17	359.19	356.44	359.66	
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	9.93	9.99	10.12	10.21		385.28	392.61	385.57	392.06	
Manifold business forms	276	9.58	9.53	9.98	10.05		392.78	390.73	409.18	410.04	
Blankbooks and bookbinding		7.30	7.32	7.57	7.59		288.35	285.48	292.96	294.49	
Printing trade services	279	11.51	11.51	11.45	11.47		447.74	451.19	445.41	445.04	
Chemicals and allied products	28	11.09	11.09	11.52	11.49	11.54	462.45	462.45	484.99	479.13	481.22
Industrial inorganic chemicals	281	12.39	12.39	12.72	12.81	-	520.38	519.14	532.97	530.33	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	2819	12.41	12.40	12.80	12.81		524.94	518.32	537.60	529.05	
Plastics materials and synthetics		11.08	11.16	11.77	11.86		465.36	467.60	499.05	500.49	
Plastics materials and resins		12.05	12.20	12.73	12.81		519.36	528.26	556.30	549.55	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		10.68	10.71	11.39	11.43		444.29	444.47	482.94	488.06	
Drugs Pharmaceutical preparations		10.23 10.02	10.19 10.04	10.71 10.47	10.74 10.59		410.22 398.80	415.75 406.62	445.54 435.55	438.19 428.90	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		9.78	9.74	10.47	10.59		404.89	403.24	422.50	415.33	
Soap and other detergents		12.84	12.80	13.27	13.27		568.81	568.32	586.53	586.53	
Toilet preparations		7.97	7.90	8.55	8.38		318.00	312.84	332.60	325.14	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		9.39	9.51	9.69	9.65		383.11	394.67	416.67	403.37	
Paints and allied products		9.71	9.75	10.08	9.93		406.85	402.68	431.42	418.05	
Industrial organic chemicals	286	13.54	13.49	13.93	13.40		582.22	576.02	600.38	576.20	
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		12.99	13.03	13.27	13.40		541.68	552.47	571.94	576.20	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec		13.69	13.62	14.14	13.40		594.15	582.94	609.43	576.20	
Agricultural chemicals		10.95	11.04 10.14	10.94 10.50	11.13 10.67		464.28 416.53	463.68 419.80	460.57 443.10	473.03 441.74	
Miscellaneous chemical products	209	10.11	10.14	10.50	10.67		410.53	419.00	443.10	441.74	
Petroleum and coal products		13.25	13.30	13.97	13.99	13.90	580.35	583.87	596.52	598.77	593.53
Petroleum refining		14.44 10.07	14.50 10.06	15.28 10.51	15.28 10.54	-	626.70 464.23	630.75 466.78	646.34 470.85	647.87 471.14	_
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	8.31	8.29	8.50	8.55	8.49	342.37	343.21	350.20	347.13	343.85
Tires and inner tubes		12.97	13.05	13.13	13.29	-	570.68	580.73	544.90	556.85	-
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	5.37	5.39	5.56	5.71		220.17	212.37	212.39	219.26	
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose											
and belting		8.39	8.34	8.37	8.41		321.34	348.61	358.24	357.43	
Fabricated rubber products, nec		8.13	8.13	8.32	8.44		330.89	336.58	341.95	337.60	
Miscellaneous plastics products	307	7.65	7.62	7.94	7.98		313.65	312.42	327.13	323.99	
Leather and leather products		5.71	5.68	5.83	5.82	5.83	212.98	206.75	221.54	217.67	219.21
Leather tanning and finishing		7.44	7.45	7.75	7.70	-	290.90	289.06	324.73	304.92	-
Footwear, except rubber	314	5.45	5.38	5.51	5.51		200.56	193.68	206.63	206.07	
Men's footwear, except athletic		5.74 5.29	5.67 5.19	5.85	5.90		213.53	208.09	212.94 203.22	215.35 202.37	
Women's footwear, except athletic Luggage		6.30	6.31	5.32 6.49	5.27 6.38		193.09 235.62	182.69 235.36	258.95	233.51	•
Handbags and personal leather goods		5.55	5.56	5.66	5.78		207.57	201.27	209.99	210.97	
ransportation and public utilities		11.14	11.13	11.32	11.38	11.38	445.60	441.86	449.40	451.79	455.20
Railroad transportation:				İ	ĺ					i	
Class I railroads ²	4011	13.29	13.18	13.71	13.71		591.41	565.42	625.18	626.55	
Local and interurban passenger transit		7.84	7.76	7.67	7.85		286.94	281.69	263.08	283.39	
Local and suburban transportation	411	8.01	7.94	8.05	8.06		313.19	305.69	305.90	310.31	
Intercity highway transportation	413	11.82	11.58	11.18	11.48		463.34	451.62	433.78	444.28	
Trucking and warehousing	42	10.41	10.37	10.49	10.45	ŀ	407.03	405.47	408.06	399.19	
Trucking and trucking terminals		10.58	10.54	10.65	10.61		414.74	412.11	415.35	406.36	i
Public warehousing		8.03	7.93	8.23	8.19		313.17	310.06	313.56	310.40	
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	14.62	14.35	15.02	14.93		590.65	581.18	630.84	610.64	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Communication	48	40.5	40.1	40.3	40.5						1
Telephone communication	481	41.2	40.8	41.2	41.5						1
Radio and television broadcasting	483	37.6	37.3	37.1	37.2						
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	41.4	41.4	41.7	41.6				_		
Electric services	491	41.7	41.6	41.9	41.8				ļ		l
Gas production and distribution		40.7	41.2	40.6	40.3				1	1	1
Combination utility services		41.6	41.7	42.4	42.0			ļ	_	_	ļ
Sanitary services		41.5	41.2	42.5	42.4				1	ł	1
		!							1	1	
Wholesale trade		38.8	38.8	38.9	38.8	38.7		}	}		
Durable goods	50	39.3	39.4	39.4	39.3						
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		39.3	39.3	38.9	38.6				ļ	_	
Furniture and home furnishings		37.7	37.8	37.5	37.4						1
Lumber and construction materials		39.1	39.2	40.0	40.1				-		1
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		38.6	38.9	37.9	37.5						1
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		40.4	40.6	40.9	39.8)
Electrical goods		39.4	39.6	39.2	39.2						-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		38.6	38.7	39.3	39.3				ļ		_
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		39.8	39.7	39.9	39.8				Į.	l	
Miscellaneous durable goods		38.2	38.2	38.2	37.4				}	!	
Name de caracter	F.4	00.0	07.0	00.0	00.0						l
Nondurable goods		38.0	37.9	38.0	38.2						-
Paper and paper products		37.8	37.5	38.7	38.0					-	1
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		37.6	37.8	37.7	38.0						ì
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		36.3	36.5	36.0	35.8					-	-
Groceries and related products		38.6	38.5	38.8	39.0						
Chemicals and allied products		39.5	39.2	39.3	39.3						
Petroleum and petroleum products		39.3	39.1	39.0	39.1					ţ	
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages Miscellaneous nondurable goods		36.4 37.4	36.6 37.3	36.4 37.7	36.6 38.3						
Retail trade		30.7	30.6	30.2	30.4	30.4					
	ľ	00.7	30.0	50.2	50.4	50.4			ł		
Building materials and garden supplies	52	37.3	37.2	37.2	37.4				}	}	
Lumber and other building materials	521	39.3	39.2	39.2	39.5						
Hardware stores	525	34.0	33.7	33.9	34.1				}	}	
General merchandise stores	53	30.1	29.7	29.6	30.0				}	}	_
Department stores		30.1	29.6	29.5	29.9				[
Variety stores		29.9	29.9	30.0	30.6						
Misc. general merchandise stores		31.6	31.8	30.5	31.2						
Food stores	E4	31.6	31.4	31.1	31.3						}
Grocery stores	54	31.8	31.5				j				
Retail bakeries	1	28.8	29.2	31.3 29.4	31.4 29.5						1
			1								1
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	37.5	37.5	37.3	37.3						1
New and used car dealers		38.1	38.1	38.0	37.7						ł
Auto and home supply stores		40.6	40.5	40.6	40.8						[
Gasoline service stations	554	35.1	35.3	34.8	35.2				-		1
Apparel and accessory stores	56	28.8	28.8	28.3	28.5	ļ	1			_	
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		30.9	31.4	31.7	32.2)					1
Women's ready-to-wear stores		28.1	27.3	27.4	27.5						1
Family clothing stores		29.2	29.3	28.2	28.3					_	j
Shoe stores		28.3	29.3	28.2	28.3						
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	246	24 5	240	240	j	-				
Furniture and home furnishings stores		34.6	34.5	34.8	34.9						į
Furniture and home furnishings stores		34.4	34.4	34.6	34.5					-	l
Household appliance stores		34.3	35.0	35.9	35.7						ĺ
Dadia talanisias and more!t			34.4	34.6	35.1	1		i i	1		ſ
Radio, television, and music stores	5/3	35.1	34.4	34.0	33.1						}

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Communication	48	\$11.22	\$11.45	\$11.59	\$11.60		\$454.41	\$459.15	\$467.08	\$469.80	J
Telephone communication	481	11.83	12.18	12.29	12.31		487.40	496.94	506.35	510.87	
Radio and television broadcasting	483	9.72	9.66	10.15	10.26		365.47	360.32	376.57	381.67	l
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	12.15	12.14	12.74	12.74		503.01	502.60	531.26	529.98	
Electric services	491	12.29	12.30	12.90	12.90		512.49	511.68	540.51	539.22	
Gas production and distribution		11.06	10.93	11.56	11.58		450.14	450.32	469.34	466.67	
Combination utility services		14.10	14.11	14.92	14.91		586.56	588.39	632.61	626.22	
Sanitary services		9.30	9.36	9.28	9.37		385.95	385.63	394.40	397.29	
Wholesale trade		8.98	8.96	9.28	9.26	\$9.23	348.42	347.65	360.99	359.29	\$357.20
Durable goods	50	8.97	8.99	9.37	9.31		352.52	354.21	369.18	365.88	
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		8.15	8.17	8.47	8.46		320.30	321.08	329.48	326.56	
Furniture and home furnishings		7.93	7.95	8.25	8.10		298.96	300.51	309.38	302.94	
Lumber and construction materials		8.53	8.41	8.68	8.68		333.52	329.67	347.20	348.07	
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		9.75	9.82	9.73	10.13		376.35	382.00	368.77	379.88	
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		9.67	9.64	10.05	9.95		390.67	391.38	411.05	396.01	
Electrical goods		9.34	9.38	9.90	9.78		368.00	371.45	388.08	383.38	
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		8.46	8.46	8.74	8.79		326.56	327.40	343.48	345.45	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		9.43	9.47	9.93	9.82		375.31	375.96	396.21	390.84	
Miscellaneous durable goods		7.54	7.48	7.49	7.46		288.03	285.74	286.12	279.00	
Nondurable goods	51	9.01	8.92	9.15	9.18		342.38	338.07	347.70	350.68	
Paper and paper products		9.69	9.66	9.71	9.77		366.28	362.25	375.78	371.26	
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		9.75	9.62	9.99	9.79		366.60	363.64	376.62	372.02	
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		8.57	8.59	8.81	8.77		311.09	313.54	317.16	313.97	
Groceries and related products		9.21	9.12	9.41	9.51		355.51	351.12	365.11	370.89	
Chemicals and allied products		10.45	10.30	11.14	11.18		412.78	403.76	437.80	439.37	
Petroleum and petroleum products		9.97	9.84	9.87	9.77		391.82	384.74	384.93	382.01	
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		10.88	10.84	10.95	11.05	i	396.03	396.74	398.58	404.43	
Miscellaneous nondurable goods		7.31	7.22	7.46	7.46		273.39	269.31	281.24	285.72	
Retail trade		5.86	5.82	5.94	5.94	5.92	179.90	178.09	179.39	180.58	179.97
Building materials and garden supplies	52	6.44	6.47	6.62	6.63	ļ	240.21	240.68	246.26	247.96	
Lumber and other building materials		6.71	6.75	6.94	6.90		263.70	264.60	272.05	272.55	
Hardware stores		5.59	5.59	5.70	5.73		190.06	188.38	193.23	195.39	
General merchandise stores	53	5.62	5.56	5.92	6.00	İ	169.16	165.13	175.23	180.00	
Department stores		5.83	5.76	6.14	6.24	1	175.48	170.50	181.13	186.58	
Variety stores		4.47	4.48	4.62	4.63		133.65	133.95	138.60	141.68	
Misc. general merchandise stores		4.51	4.51	4.77	4.74		142.52	143.42	145.49	147.89	
Food stores	54	7.61	7.60	7.33	7.30		240.48	238.64	227.96	228.49	
Grocery stores	541	7.87	7.86	7.55	7.51		250.27	247.59	236.32	235.81	
Retail bakeries		5.34	5.27	5.33	5.31		153.79	153.88	156.70	156.65	
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	7.21	7.14	7.39	7.32		270.38	267.75	275.65	273.04	
New and used car dealers	551.2	8.76	8.63	9.03	8.95	}	333.76	328.80	343.14	337.42	
Auto and home supply stores		6.52	6.46	6.50	6.45	i	264.71	261.63	263.90	263.16	
Gasoline service stations		5.23	5.26	5.30	5.27	ĺ	183.57	185.68	184.44	185.50	
Apparel and accessory stores	56	5.11	5.08	5.26	5.23		147.17	146.30	148.86	149.06	
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		5.82	5.71	6.32	6.23		179.84	179.29	200.34	200.61	
Women's ready-to-wear stores		4.90	4.91	4.96	4.97		137.69	134.04	135.90	136.68	
Family clothing stores		5.01	4.92	5.23	5.10		146.29	144.16	147.49	144.33	
Shoe stores		5.16	5.19	5.28	5.26		146.03	152.07	148.90	148.86	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	7.08	7.07	7.23	7.31		244.97	243.92	251.60	255.12	
Furniture and home furnishings stores		6.96	6.97	7.26	7.25		239.42	239.77	251.20	250.12	
Household appliance stores		7.17	7.21	7.12	7.23	1	245.93	252.35	255.61	258.11	
Radio, television, and music stores		7.26	7.20	7.21	7.44		254.83	247.68	249.47	261.14	
									ł		

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Avera	je weekly	hours			Averag	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug 1985
Retail trade—Continued											
Miscellaneous retail	. 59	31.9	31.8	31.3	31.4						İ
Drug stores and proprietary stores	. 591	31.0	30.6	30.5	30.9	1			}		i
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	. 594	30.6	30.6	29.5	29.7	į .					ļ
Nonstore retailers		34.1	34.5	32.9	33.0						
Fuel and ice dealers		37.9	37.9	37.9	38.2	,		i		1	İ
Retail stores, nec		32.6	32.3	33.0	32.8						
Finance, insurance, and real estate ⁴		36.7	36.4	36.7	36.4	36.4					
Donking	60	27.0	36.5	26.7	36.4						1
Banking Commercial and stock savings banks	602	37.0 37.0	36.5	36.7 36.8	36.4						
•									1		
Credit agencies other than banks	. 61	37.4	37.1	37.7	37.1				1	1	ļ
Savings and loan associations	. 612	37.0	36.5	37.4	36.8]		i
Personal credit institutions	614	37.0	37.2	37.6	37.1				}		
Insurance carriers	63	37.2	37.2	37.4	37.2				1		
Life insurance		36.8	37.0	37.1	36.8			1	1		
Medical service and health insurance		37.2	37.6	38.3	37.9					ļ	
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		37.1	37.0	37.2	37.1	j j				İ	ĺ
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	. 633	37.1	37.0	37.2	37.1	İ				Í	
Services		33.2	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.1					
Hotels and other lodging places:								}			
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts ³	701	31.9	31.7	30.9	30.8			ļ			
Personal services:		<u> </u>	į							}	
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	34.0	33.9	34.4	34.1						
			29.2	30.9	30.0)]		Ì	
Beauty shops ³	123	29.0	29.2	30.9	30.0			}		İ	
Business services	73	33.7	33.9	34.0	33.9	ļ		į			
Advertising		36.0	36.2	35.9	36.2	l i					
Services to buildings		28.8	29.0	29.1	29.0	}		}			
Computer and data processing services		38.5	38.3	38.3	38.1						
Auto repair, services, and garages		38.1	38.4	38.0	37.9						Į
Automotive repair shops	/53	39.0	39.6	39.2	38.8						
Miscellaneous repair services	76	38.9	39.2	38.8	38.8	,					
Motion pictures	78	30.2	30.3	29.0	30.3	i					
Motion picture production and services	781	39.6	39.9	38.2	39.2				ļ		
Amusement and recreation services	79	32.0	31.6	30.0	30.9						
Health services	80	32.8	32.5	32.6	32.7						
Offices of physicians		30.6	30.6	30.8	30.7						
Offices of dentists		29.0	29.0	28.6	28.9				1		
Nursing and personal care facilities		32.2	31.3	31.5	31.8				1		
Hospitals		34.4	34.1	34.5	34.5					1	
Legal services	81	35.0	34.6	34.9	34.7						
_											-
Miscellaneous services		38.8	39.0	39.0	38.9				ļ		
Engineering and architectural services	891	39.8	39.9	40.3	39.8				ł		
	893	37.5	37.8	37.6	37.7			1	1	1	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry						T					
	SIC Code	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°
Retail trade—Continued											
Miscellaneous retail	. 59	\$5.82	\$5.78	\$5.95	\$5.95		\$185.66	\$183.80	\$186.24	\$186.83	
Drug stores and proprietary stores	. 591	5.37	5.32	5.39	5.36		166.47	162.79	164.40	165.62	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	. 594	5.53	5.52	5.71	5.69		169.22	168.91	168.45	168.99	
Nonstore retailers	596	6.33	6.23	6.60	6.63		215.85	214.94	217.14	218.79	l
Fuel and ice dealers	. 598	8.07	8.03	8.30	8.33		305.85	304.34	314.57	318.21	
Retail stores, nec	599	6.26	6.21	6.31	6.31		204.08	200.58	208.23	206.97	
inance, insurance, and real estate ⁴		7.60	7.57	7.95	7.87	\$7.87	278.92	275.55	291.77	286.47	\$286.47
Banking	60	6.55	6.52	6.80	6.79		242.35	237.98	249.56	247.16	
Commercial and stock savings banks	602	6.40	6.36	6.66	6.64		236.80	232.14	245.09	241.70	
Credit agencies other than banks	61	6.93	6.85	7.24	7.20		259.18	254.14	272.95	267.12	
Savings and loan associations	612	6.26	6.24	6.66	6.62		231.62	227.76	249.08	243.62	
Personal credit institutions		6.74	6.56	6.97	7.00		249.38	244.03	262.07	259.70	
Insurance carriers	63	8.52	8.46	8.62	8.58		316.94	314.71	322.39	319.18	
Life insurance		8.38	8.28	8.09	8.07		308.38	306.36	300.14	296.98	}
Medical service and health insurance		8.44	8.35	8.77	8.76		313.97	313.96	335.89	332.00	
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		8.62	8.58	8.96	8.88		319.80	317.46	333.31	329.45	
ervices		7.59	7.56	7.91	7.86	7.86	251.99	249.48	261.03	259.38	260.17
Hotels and other lodging places:											
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts ³	701	5.33	5.30	5.78	5.72		170.03	168.01	178.60	176.18	
Personal services:											
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	5.62	5.62	5.82	5.83		191.08	190.52	200.21	198.80	
Beauty shops ³		5.80	5.73	6.09	6.20		168.20	167.32	188.18	186.00	
Business services	73	7.95	7.87	8.26	8.26		267.92	266.79	280.84	280.01	
Advertising		10.70	10.39	10.79	10.58		385.20	376.12	387.36	383.00	
Services to buildings		6.20	6.14	6.36	6.42		178.56	178.06	185.08	186.18	
Computer and data processing services		10.70	10.68	11.22	11.22		411.95	409.04	429.73	427.48	
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	7.12	7.15	7.44	7.42		271.27	274.56	282.72	281.22	
Automotive repair shops		7.72	7.67	8.10	8.05		301.08	303.73	317.52	312.34	
Miscellaneous repair services	76	8.65	8.68	8.74	8.79		336.49	340.26	339.11	341.05	
Motion pictures	78	10.35	11.16	10.62	10.54		312.57	338.15	307.98	319.36	
Motion picture production and services		15.15	16.30	15.45	15.47		599.94	650.37	590.19	606.42	
Amusement and recreation services	79	6.46	6.42	6.74	6.42		206.72	202.87	202.20	198.38	
Health services	80	7.78	7.75	8.07	8.11		255.18	251.88	263.08	265.20	
Offices of physicians	801	7.61	7.54	7.98	7.92		232.87	230.72	245.78	243.14	
Offices of dentists	802	7.42	7.40	7.86	7.85		215.18	214.60	224.80	226.87	
Nursing and personal care facilities		5.42	5.39	5.58	5.63	J	174.52	168.71	175.77	179.03	
Hospitals	806	8.61	8.59	8.96	9.04		296.18	292.92	309.12	311.88	
Legal services	81	9.98	9.78	10.70	10.49		349.30	338.39	373.43	364.00	
Miscellaneous services	89	11.15	11.08	11.65	11.51		432.62	432.12	454.35	447.74	
Engineering and architectural services		11.79	11.82	12.40	12.28		469.24	471.62	499.72	488.74	
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	893	9.62	9.35	9.88	9.73		360.75	353.43	371.49	366.82	

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1984 forward are subject to revision. Corrected May 1985 data for average hourly and weekly earnings in the services industry are \$7.88 and \$257.66, respectively; for amusement and recreation services, \$7.19 and \$205.63, respectively.

² Beginning in January 1978, data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

³ Money payments only; tips, not included.

Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from all series in this division.

⁻ Data not available.

p = preliminary.

C-3. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime' of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

Industry	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°
Manufacturing	\$8.83	\$8.78	\$9.13	\$9.17	\$9.12
Durable goods	9.34	9.30	9.68	9.71	9.68
Lumber and wood products	7.75	7.77	7.90	7.84	(²)
Furniture and fixtures	6.68	6.67	6.99	7.02	(2)
Stone, clay, and glass products	9.10	9.08	9.30	9.30	(²)
Primary metal industries	10.98	10.88	11.15	11.29	(²)
Fabricated metal products	8.99	8.95	9.26	9.29	(²) (²)
Machinery, except electrical	9.56	9.52	9.89	9.96	(²) (²)
Electrical and electronic equipment	8.69	8.73	9.18	9.21	(²)
Transportation equipment	11.58	11.56	12.00	12.01	(²)
Instruments and related products	8.63	8.64	8.89	8.97	(²)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	6.90	6.82	7.11	7.15	(²)
Nondurable goods	8.09	8.04	8.34	8.38	\$8.33
Food and kindred products	7.99	7.90	8.17	8.13	(²)
Tobacco manufactures	11.59	10.81	12.65	12.75	(²)
Textile mill products	6.21	6.22	6.43	6.46	(2)
Apparel and other textile products	5.45	5.45	5.60	5.61	(²) (²) (²)
Paper and allied products	9.92	9.90	10.24	10.31	(2)
Printing and publishing	9.07	9.09	9.32	9.36	(*)
Chemicals and allied products	10.67	10.66	11.08	11.04	(²)
Petroleum and coal products	12.60	12.67	13.29	13.31	(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	7.96	7.93	8.15	8.21	(²)
Leather and leather products	5.61	5.57	5.71	5.71	(²)

¹ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1984 forward are subject to revision.

C-4. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1977) dollars.

		Average	e hourly e	arnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985 ^p	July 1984	Aug. 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	Aug. 1985°
Total private:							-			
Current dollars Constant (1977) dollars	\$8.32 4.91	\$8.30 4.85	\$8.56 4.87	\$8.54 4.86	\$8.54 (²)	\$296.19 174.85	\$294.65 172.31	\$303.02 172.56	\$301.46 171.48	\$302.32 (²)
, ,	4.51	4.00	4.07	4.00	()	174.05	172.01	172.50	171.40	
Mining:										
Current dollars	11.63	11.62	11.99	11.87	\$11.90	500.09	505.47	523.96	508.04	\$508.13
Constant (1977) dollars	6.86	6.80	6.83	6.75	(²)	295.21	295.60	298.38	288.99	(°)
Construction:										
Current dollars	12.06	12.10	12.12	12.16	\$12.23	464.31	464.64	461.77	469.38	\$468.41
Constant (1977) dollars	7.12	7.07	6.90	6.92	(²)	274.09	271.72	262.97	267.00	(²)
Manufacturing:										
Current dollars	9.19	9.15	9.50	9.52	\$9.50	370.36	369.66	385.70	381.75	\$383.80
Constant (1977) dollars	5.42	5.35	5.41	5.42	(²)	218.63	216.18	219.65	217.15	(²)
Transportation and public utilities:						' 				
Current dollars	11.14	11.13	11.32	11.38	\$11.38	445.60	441.86	449.40	451.79	\$455.20
Constant (1977) dollars	6.58	6.51	6.45	6.47	(²)	263.05	258.40	255.92	256.99	(²)
Wholesale trade:										
Current dollars	8.98	8.96	9.28	9.26	\$9.23	348.42	347.65	360.99	359.29	\$357.20
Constant (1977) dollars	5.30	5.24	5.29	5.27	(²)	205.68	203.30	205.58	204.37	(²)
Retail trade:							,			
Current dollars	5.86	5.82	5.94	5.94	\$5.92	179.90	178.09	179.39	180.58	\$179.97
Constant (1977) dollars	3.46	3.41	3.38	3.38	(²)	106.20	104.15	102.16	102.72	(²)
Finance, insurance, and real estate:								:	ļ	
Current dollars	7.60	7.57	7.95	7.87	\$7.87	278.92	275.55	291.77	286.47	\$286.47
Constant (1977) dollars	4.49	4.43	4.53	4.48	(²)	164.65	161.14	166.16	162.95	(²)
Services:					ļ				ļ	
Current dollars	7.59	7.56	7.91	7.86	\$7.86	251.99	249.48	261.03	259.38	\$260.17
Constant (1977) dollars	4.48	4.42	4.51	4.47	(²)	148.75	145.89	148.65	147.54	(²)
	7. 10		"	1	\ \'	, .5., 0	, .5.00	1.0.00	1	''

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced all unadjusted data from April 1984 forward are subject to revision. Corrected May 1985 data for the services industry are as follows: average hourly and weekly earnings in current dollars, \$7.88 and \$257.68, respectively; average weekly earnings in constant dollars, \$147.16.

Not available.

⁼ preliminary

² Not available.

² = preliminary.
NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series.

C-5. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

			1984						19	985			
Industry	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. ^p
Total private	35.2	35.3	35.2	35.2	35.2	35.1	35.1	35.2	35.0	35.1	35.1	35.0	35.1
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Construction	37.6	37.9	37.7	38.0	37.8	37.7	37.8	38.1	38.0	37.6	37.2	37.6	37.5
Manufacturing	40.5	40.6	40.5	40.5	40.6	40.6	40.1	40.4	40.2	40.4	40.4	40.3	40.5
Overtime hours		3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3
Durable goods	41.3	41.4	41.3	41.2	41.3	41.3	40.7	41.1	40.9	41.1	41.2	41.0	41.2
Overtime hours	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.5
Lumber and wood products		40.1	39.7	39.6	39.8	39.7	38.9	39.6	39.5	39.8	40.1	39.6	39.6
Furniture and fixtures	39.3	39.8	39.6	39.7	39.6	40.4	39.5	39.5	39.3	38.9	38.9	38.9	39.4
Stone, clay, and glass products	41.8	41.9	41.9	41.8	41.8	41.7	41.6	42.0	42.0	42.1	41.9	42.0	41.8
Primary metal industries	41.2	41.3	41.3	41.5	41.2	41.0	40.9	41.1	41.0	41.2	41.6	41.4	41.8
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	39.8	40.1	40.1	40.9	39.8	39.9	40.5	40.5	40.2	40.7	41.2	41.4	42.2
Fabricated metal products	41.2	41.4	41.3	41.1	41.4	41.4	40.9	41.1	41.1	41.1	41.3	41.3	41.2
Machinery, except electrical	42.0	42.0	41.9	41.8	41.7	41.7	41.1	41.6	41.2	41.4	41.6	41.3	41.5
Electrical and electronic equipment	41.0	41.1	40.9	40.9	41.0	40.8	40.2	40.7	40.2	40.4	40.6	40.3	40.5
Transportation equipment	42.6	42.8	42.6	42.4	42.8	43.1	41.9	42.5	42.3	42.6	42.3	42.5	43.1
Motor vehicles and equipment	43.5	43.7	43.5	43.5	44.0	44.3	42.4	43.2	43.3	43.5	42.7	43.3	44.3
Instruments and related products	41.2	41.5	41.3	41.4	41.8	41.2	40.7	41.0	40.7	40.9	41.1	40.6	40.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39.2	39.4	39.3	39.3	39.3	39.2	39.0	39.1	39.0	39.3	39.4	39.0	39.5
Nondurable goods	39.5	39.5	39.4	39.5	39.6	39.5	39.3	39.4	39.1	39.4	39.4	39.4	39.5
Overtime hours	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.1
Food and kindred products	39.7	39.7	39.7	39.7	40.1	39.8	39.7	39.8	39.6	40.1	39.6	40.1	39.9
Tobacco manufactures	38.9	38.3	38.7	39.0	38.8	38.3	39.2	38.9	35.4	37.0	36.6	34.8	37.7
Textile mill products	39.5	39.3	38.8	39.1	39.2	39.2	38.8	39.1	38.8	38.9	39.4	39.2	39.7
Apparel and other textile products	36.1	36.1	36.0	36.1	36.3	36.2	35.9	36.1	35.6	36.2	36.3	36.3	36.2
Paper and allied products	43.0	43.1	43.0	43.1	43.1	43.0	42.9	42.9	43.0	43.0	42.9	42.7	43.0
Printing and publishing	37.8	37.9	37.8	37.8	37.7	37.8	37.7	37.6	37.6	37.4	37.5	37.5	38.1
Chemicals and allied products	41.9	41.8	41.7	41.8	41.9	42.0	41.9	42.1	41.9	41.9	42.0	41.9	41.9
Petroleum and coal products	43.9	43.4	43.6	43.4	43.0	43.2	43.1	43.3	42.0	41.7	42.6	42.5	42.7
Rubber and misc. plastics products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Leather and leather products	36.2	36.5	36.6	36.6	36.9	36.8	36.4	37.1	37.0	37.1	37.0	36.9	37.5
Transportation and public utilities	39.4	39.8	39.2	39.4	39.3	39.3	39.4	39.5	39.4	39.5	39.5	39.4	39.7
Wholesale trade	38.7	38.7	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.7	38.6	38.7	38.8	38.6	38.5
Retail trade	29.9	29.9	29.8	29.9	29.9	29.8	29.8	29.8	29.7	29.9	29.9	29.7	29.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(₅)	(²)	(²)
Services	32.7	32.8	32.8	32.8	32.9	32.7	32.8	32.8	32.7	32.8	32.8	32.6	32.8

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

insurance, and real estate; and services.

These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers ¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

			1984						19	85			,
Industry	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug. ^p
Total private	113.2	113.9	113.9	114.5	115.0	115.0	115.1	115.7	115.6	116.2	116.3	115.9	116.7
Goods-producing	99.1	99.2	99.1	99.3	99.9	100.0	98.8	99.6	99.1	99.1	98.6	98.5	99.0
Mining	113.3	114.1	111.7	112.6	112.1	110.9	112.2	112.6	113.6	114.0	112.6	111.0	108.5
Construction	115.5	117.0	116.9	118.4	119.4	121.3	121.2	123.4	125.7	124.4	122.4	124.0	124.4
Manufacturing	95.2	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.5	95.3	93.9	94.3	93.3	93.4	93.4	93.0	93.7
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	94.9 95.3 103.1 86.8 71.0 57.7 96.3 112.8 96.4 92.4 107.4 84.8 95.7 96.1 88.3 79.4 90.8 99.5 111.0 86.9 111.0 70.5	95.0 96.0 103.9 87.0 70.2 56.8 92.0 96.2 113.2 96.0 95.1 95.7 88.7 78.3 89.8 94.6 85.9 110.4 69.7	95.0 95.9 104.4 87.2 70.2 56.1 92.2 96.5 112.9 95.7 90.5 108.0 85.4 95.1 95.1 96.0 89.7 76.4 89.4 99.3 119.1 94.4 87.0 111.6 69.5	94.8 95.8 105.7 87.2 70.2 57.0.2 95.9 112.7 95.1 90.9 108.5 85.1 95.3 90.4 76.5 89.5 119.4 94.5 86.6 112.5 68.5	95.4 96.8 106.0 87.8 69.3 55.0 92.9 95.6 112.7 97.6 84.8 95.7 98.0 89.9 76.4 90.4 99.7 118.8 94.7 85.1 112.7	95.2 96.2 108.4 87.8 69.0 55.1 111.8 98.2 107.7 83.9 95.6 90.5 76.2 89.9 99.7 119.9 94.7 85.5 112.4 67.5	93.3 93.3 105.7 87.2 68.4 55.5 91.4 93.3 109.4 95.3 106.7 82.9 94.7 97.3 90.8 74.5 88.7 94.5 94.5 85.3 110.4	93.9 94.4 106.0 88.2 68.0 54.8 91.6 94.1 109.8 96.9 90.2 107.2 82.8 95.0 98.0 88.3 74.6 88.6 99.5 119.8 94.8 84.9 111.1 66.7	92.8 93.2 104.7 87.8 66.9 54.6 91.5 92.5 106.6 97.5 91.4 105.9 81.7 94.1 87.1 97.1 87.1 94.2 94.2 81.6 109.6 109.6	92.9 94.0 102.6 88.0 66.9 54.4 91.3 92.8 106.4 97.8 91.3 105.6 82.3 94.3 98.6 84.0 73.6 87.4 99.9 91.9 73.7 80.3 106.1	92.7 94.1 102.8 87.4 67.2 54.3 91.4 92.6 106.1 81.9 94.3 88.4 83.1 74.3 86.9 99.6 120.3 93.9 82.0 108.7 65.6	92.0 94.0 102.6 87.4 66.1 54.4 90.9 91.2 104.6 97.4 89.8 104.3 80.2 94.5 98.6 79.0 73.8 88.3 99.2 120.9 93.5 81.8 106.3	92.9 94.5 104.4 86.8 65.9 90.6 92.0 104.8 101.4 95.8 105.1 83.1 94.8 98.2 83.9 74.5 86.6 100.3 123.3 94.7 82.2 108.6 68.4
Service-producing	121.0	122.0	122.1	122.9	123.4	123.3	124.0	124.6	124.7	125.7	126.1	125.6	126.6
Transportation and public utilities	105.7	107.0	105.7	106.5	106.5	106.7	107.2	107.6	107.5	108.2	108.2	108.2	108.6
Wholesale trade	115.5	116.3	116.5	116.8	117.3	117.7	117.9	118.6	118.8	119.5	120.2	119.7	120.0
Retail trade	113.7	114.1	114.5	115.8	116.0	115.9	116.4	116.8	116.7	118.2	118.5	117.8	118.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate	124.9	125.9	125.6	126.0	126.7	126.1	126.8	127.7	127.8	128.0	130.3	129.0	130.1
Services	133.5	134.9	135.5	136.1	137.0	136.8	137.9	138.7	138.9	139.8	139.9	139.5	141.4

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

p = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision.

C-7. The Hourly Earnings Index and average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls, seasonally adjusted

to divide:			1984						19	985			
Industry	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. ^p
					Hou	ırly Earnii	ngs Inde	c²(1977 =	100)				,
Total private (in current dollars)	160.8	161.7	161.6	162.3	163.4	163.0	164.0	164.4	164.8	164.9	165.7	165.5	165.5
Mining	(3)	(3)	l e	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(°)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Construction		147.9	147.7	147.6	148.9	149.2	150.8	149.9	150.4	150.0	149.3	149.2	148.5
Manufacturing	163.5	163.7	164.1	164.7	165.4	166.3	166.9	167.4	167.9	168.4	168.6	168.9	169.3
Transportation and public utilities		162.3	162.8	162.9	164.1	163.5	164.2	165.4	165.0	165.0	166.6	166.4	165.1
Wholesale trade		(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(³)
Retail trade		154.0	154.0	155.2	155.6	154.5	155.4	155.5	155.6	155.9	155.9	156.0	156.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate		(³)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Services	163.1	164.8	164.1	164.9	166.7	164.9	166.2	167.2	167.8	167.6	169.8	169.1	169.4
Total private (in constant dollars)4	94.2	94.3	94.1	94.5	94.9	94.5	94.7	94.5	94.4	94.3	94.5	94.3	(⁵)
	,	J	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	Average	e hourly e	earnings	L		L		
Total private	\$8.35	\$8.40	\$8.38	\$8.42	\$8.47	\$8.44	\$8.49	\$8.52	\$8.54	c \$8.55	\$8.59	\$8.57	\$8.60
Mining	(°)	(3)	(³)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(3)
Construction	\$12.14	\$12.15	\$12.14	\$12.16	\$12.20	\$12.20	\$12.27	\$12.22	\$12.26	\$12.25	\$12.23	\$12.23	\$12.27
Manufacturing	9.22	9.24	9.28	9.31	9.35	9.38	9.41	9.43	9.48	9.49	9.51	9.52	9.58
Transportation and public utilities	11.13	11.18	11.16	11.18	11.23	11.21	11.25	11.27	11.30	11.31	11.40	11.39	11.39
Wholesale trade	8.98	9.05	9.01	9.09	9.19	9.09	9.20	9.23	9.22	9.24	9.32	9.26	9.25
Retail trade	5.87	5.89	5.90	5.93	5.93	5.92	5.94	5.95	5.94	5.96	5.94	5.96	5.97
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7.61	7.78	7.68	7.72	7.81	7.70	7.81	7.86	7.85	7.81	7.98	7.90	7.92
Services	7.66	7.72	7.70	7.74	7.81	7.74	7.81	7.86	7.88	¢ 7.89	7.97	7.94	7.96
		I	1	<u> </u>	1	Average	weekly	earnings	L	L	I	L	l
	-												
Total private:	200.00	200.52	00400	000.00	200 4 4	200.5:	200.55	000.00	000.55	-000 (;	201.51	000.57	004.55
In current dollars	293.92 172.19		294.98 171.80	296.38 172.62	298.14 173.14	296.24 171.73	298.00 172.15	299.90 172.46		C300.11 C171.59	301.51 172.00	299.95 171.01	301.86 (°)

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

c = corrected.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision.

² Excludes the effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to underlying wage rate movements: Fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts.

These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

Not available.

⁼ preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

	Averag	ge weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly e	arnings
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985
labama	40.7	40.9	40.8	\$8.04	\$8.48	\$8.54	\$327.23	\$346.83	\$348.
Birmingham		41.1	39.6	8.34	8.73	8.69	341.94	358.80	344.
Mobile	,	40.7	41.3	9.90	10.43	10.73	409.86	424.50	443.
laska	44.3	37.8	38.7	9.91	11.67	10.46	439.01	441.13	404.
laska	44.3	37.0	36.7	9.91	11.07	10.46	439.01	441.13	404.
rizona		40.3	40.1	9.27	9.68	9.72	384.71	390.10	389
Phoenix		()	()	()	(')	()	()	(')	(')
Tucson	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')
rkansas		40.8	39.7	7.31	7.57	7.55	295.32	308.86	299
Fayetteville-Springdale		38.7	39.1	6.22	6.50	6.66	260.00	251.55	260
Fort Smith	39.6	40.6	39.7	7.66	7.99	7.94	303.34	324.39	315
Little Rock-North Little Rock	40.8	40.8	40.1	7.98	8.28	8.22	325.58	337.82	329
Pine Bluff	39.0	42.5	40.2	9.36	9.56	9.84	365.04	406.30	395
alifornia	39.9	40.3	39.7	9.80	10.11	10.14	391.02	407.43	402
olorado	40.6	41.1	40.8	9.30	9.48	9.47	377.58	389.63	386
Denver-Boulder		41.4	41.1	9.68	9.87	9.86	391.07	408.62	405
onnecticut	42.3	41.8	41.5	9.22	9.51	9.55	309.01	397.52	396
Bridgeport-Milford		41.0	40.6	9.66	10.02	10.07	1	i .	408
7 1		1	1	1			396.06	410.82	
Hartford		42.0	41.5	9.81	9.85	9.86	414.96	413.70	409
New Britain	1	42.1	41.9	9.55	9.88	9.72	400.14	415.95	407
New Haven-Meriden		40.8	40.5	8.98	9.07	9.10	369.08	370.06	368
Stamford		41.5	40.9	9.00	9.42	9.66	380.70	390.93	395
Waterbury	42.6	43.3	42.4	7.79	7.91	7.96	331.85	342.50	337
elaware		40.8	40.7	8.89	9.68	10.02	371.60	394.94	407
Wilmington	40.7	40.3	40.8	10.42	11.23	11.67	424.09	452.57	476
vistrict of Columbia: Washington MSA	37.7	38.5	37.8	10.04	10.58	10.84	378.58	407.33	409
lorida		41.2	41.0	7.57	7.85	7.83	311.88	323.42	321
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		42.0	41.0	7.40	7.72	7.72	304.14	324.24	316
Jacksonville		41.1	41.0	8.12	8.21	8.38	332.11	337.43	343
Lakeland-Winter Haven		39.5	41.5	7.62	7.78	7.92	308.61	307.31	328
Miami-Hialeah	39.4	39.3	38.7	6.35	6.89	6.93	250.19	270.78	268
Orlando	42.2	42.1	41.2	8.01	8.42	8.50	338.02	354.48	350
Pensacola	41.3	41.9	41.4	9.00	9.44	9.23	371.70	395.54	382
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	41.7	41.4	40.8	7.65	-7.70	7.72	319.01	318.78	314
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	39.9	41.6	39.5	7.68	8.14	8.34	306.43	338.62	329
àeorgia	40.7	41.1	40.7	7.54	7.87	7.99	306.88	323.46	32
Atlanta	40.2	41.2	41.2	8.47	9.28	9.35	340.49	382.34	38
Savannah	44.9	42.1	42.9	9.82	10.05	10.14	440.92	423.11	43
lawaii	38.9	37.1	36.9	8.15	8.65	8.53	317.04	320.92	31-
Honolulu	37.8	37.2	37.2	8.21	8.72	8.65	310.34	324.38	32
daho	35.7	38.2	37.8	9.79	9.47	9.62	349.50	361.75	36
llinois	40.4	40.7	40.7	10.07	10.40	10.45	406.83	423.28	42
Aurora-Elgin		39.5	39.4	10.15	10.11	10.16	374.54	399.35	1
Bloomington-Normal		39.0	38.0	10.14	10.18	10.16	370.11	397.02	,
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	32.7	39.8	39.6	9.15	8.85	8.87	299.21	352.23	
Chicago		41.3	41.1	9.65	10.15	10.16	386.00	419.20	
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline		38.4	38.2	12.42	12.38	12.58	480.65	475.39	- 1
Decatur		39.7				1	1		- 1
			39.7	12.71	13.30	13.17	441.04	528.01	52
Joliet		41.0	40.8	11.02	11.51	11.67	455.13	471.91	1
Kankakee		38.9	39.1	10.08	10.65	10.61	353.81	414.29	
Lake County		40.0	40.8	9.50	9.98	9.94	391.40	399.20	
Peoria		41.3		12.39	12.59	12.52	i	519.97	i i
Rockford		41.6	1		10.80	10.85		449.28	
Springfield	36.9	43.2	42.7	11.17	11.96	11.78	412.17	516.67	50

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Averag	je weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly e	arnings
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985
ndiana	41.3	41.4	41.0	\$10.40	\$10.65	\$10.72	\$429.52	\$440.91	\$439.5
Gary-Hammond	1 1	42.1	42.5	13.29	13.97	14.01	539.57	588.14	595.4
Indianapolis	1	41.5	40.4	10.70	11.25	11.27	451.54	466.88	455.3
mulanapons	72.2	71.5	40.4	10.70		11.2	751.54	400.00	700.0
owa	39.5	40.1	39.3	10.27	10.33	10.40	405.67	414.23	408.7
Cedar Rapids	_ '	40.4	38.8	11.03	11.49	11.43	446.72	464.20	443.4
•	1	39.1	39.6	12.18	11.43	11.72	471.37	446.91	464.
Des Moines			38.9	11.09					459.
Dubuque	1	39.6		1	11.71	11.81	458.02	463.72	
Sioux City Waterloo-Cedar Falls		40.6 (¹)	40.4 (¹)	8.61 (¹)	8.23 (¹)	8.27 (¹)	331.49 (¹)	334.14	334. (¹)
ansas	40.0	39.7	39.1	9.38	9.33	9.39	375.20	370.40	367.
Topeka		40.0	38.8	9.66	10.47	10.40	387.37	418.80	403.
Wichita		38.7	38.7	9.93	9.80	9.88	416.07	379.26	382.
YYICHIId						}		}	ļ
entucky		39.1	38.4	9.30	9.55	9.57	356.19	373.41	367.
Lexington-Fayette	1	39.6	38.3	9.86	10.16	10.07	383.55	402.34	385.
Louisville	40.5	40.7	40.4	10.48	10.66	10.67	424.44	433.86	431.
ouisiana	1	41.5	40.6	10.12	10.25	10.38	417.96	425.38	421.
Baton Rouge		41.8	41.7	12.03	12.12	12.22	530.52	506.62	509.
New Orleans		40.6	40.2	10.18	10.49	10.53	428.58	425.89	423.
Shreveport	39.8	39.8	36.9	9.91	10.30	10.10	394.42	409.94	372.
laine		40.2	40.3	8.16	8.31	8.18	323.95	334.06	329.
Lewiston-Auburn	38.5	40.1	39.8	6.80	6.67	6.81	261.80	267.47	271.
Portland	39.6	39.1	38.2	8.34	8.87	8.73	330.26	346.82	333.
laryland	40.9	40.2	40.4	9.50	9.71	9.88	388.55	390.34	399.
Baltimore MSA	41.1	40.9	41.2	9.95	10.04	10.28	408.95	410.64	423.
Massachusetts	39.5	40.4	40.2	8.53	9.00	9.06	336.94	363.60	364.
Boston	39.9	40.0	39.7	9.25	9.63	9.62	369.08	385.20	381.
Brockton	1	38.8	38.0	6.49	7.05	7.09	253.11	273.54	269.
Fall River	t t	37.9	38.7	6.78	6.79	6.89	241.37	257.34	266.
Lawrence-Haverhill	J.	40.5	40.5	8.54	8.82	8.86	336.48	357.21	358.
Lowell	1	42.3	41.7	7.85	8.22	8.21	300.66	347.71	342.
New Bedford	1	39.5	38.6	7.42	7.80	7.74	298.28	308.10	298.
Springfield		42.2	41.6	8.49	8.92	9.03	348.09	376.42	375.
Worcester	1	40.8	40.7	8.66	8.97	8.95	342.94	365.98	364.
Michigan	42.2	43.0	42.7	12.19	12.66	12.62	514.42	544.38	538.
Ann Arbor		45.0	43.3	13.13	13.28	13.09	581.66	597.60	566.
Battle Creek	1	41.8	41.5	12.44	13.27	13.51	526.21	554.69	560.
Detroit)	44.2	43.0	12.85	13.44	13.37	547.41	594.05	574
Flint	j	45.3	46.4	14.17	14.97	14.46	626.31	678.14	670.
Grand Rapids	j.	40.0	39.9	10.47	10.75	10.79	430.32	430.00	430
Jackson		42.5	41.1	9.88	10.21	9.98	404.09	433.92	410
Kalamazoo		43.0	42.8	11.64	11.76	12.57	481.90	505.68	538.
Lansing-East Lansing		39.0	41.4	13.77	13.94	14.74	597.62	543.66	610.
Muskegon	1	40.5	39.3	10.82	11.06	11.19	438.21	447.93	439
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland		44.6	44.7	14.48	14.11	14.14	631.33	629.31	632
Ainnesota	39.9	39.7	39.7	9.63	10.08	10.04	384.24	400.18	398.
Duluth	1	39.3	35.9	9.94	10.10	10.07	368.77	396.93	361
Minneapolis-St. Paul		39.6	39.5	10.35	10.84	10.84	411.93	429.26	428.
St. Cloud		39.4	39.0	9.08	9.47	9.51	354.12	373.12	370
Nonlantani	00.0							001.5	
lississippi		40.6 41.1	39.4 40.6	6.87 7.79	7.18 8.14	7.14 8.17	274.11 313.16	291.51 334.55	281 331
Aissouri	39.7	40.4	(1)	0.20	9.55	(1)	368.81	j	//
Kansas City			(¹) 40.9	9.29	ì	(¹) 10.75	1	385.82	(')
		41.9		10.55	10.90	10.75	429.39	456.71	439.
St. Joseph		39.8	42.6	7.88	8.62	8.69	308.90	343.07	370.
Springfield		40.4 39.3	(¹) 38.2	10.74 8.30	11.03 8.75	(¹) 8.87	426.38 321.21	445.61 343.88	(') 338.
								}	
Montana	38.4	39.5	37.9	10.91	10.93	10.79	418.94	431.74	408

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Averaç	ge weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly e	arnings
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
lebraska	40.8	41.2	39.8	\$8.98	\$8.95	\$9.13	\$366.38	\$368.74	\$363.3
Lincoln	42.4	40.6	38.5	9.34	9.42	9.74	396.02	382.45	374.9
Omaha		41.8	40.5	9.42	9.67	9.90	378.68	404.21	400.9
				0.40	0.00	0.00	057.00	070.07	070.4
levada		40.8	40.3	9.13	9.09	9.26	357.90	370.87	373.1
Las Vegas	38.3	39.8	40.4	11.37	10.81	10.74	435.47	430.24	433.9
lew Hampshire	40.7	40.5	39.9	7.89	8.40	8.48	321.12	340.20	338.3
Manchester		39.7	39.5	7.66	8.09	8.25	301.04	321.17	325.8
Nashua	1	41.0	38.9	9.34	10.06	10.17	375.47	412.46	395.6
law laraau	40.8	41.1	40.7	0.50	9.83	9.86	207.60	404.01	401.0
ew Jersey Atlantic City		41.1 38.4	38.6	9.50 8.57	9.63 8.56	8.45	387.60 311.09	404.01 328.70	401.3 326.1
Bergen-Passaic	1	41.9	41.6	8.89	9.50	9.60	360.04	398.05	399.3
Camden	1 : -	40.4	40.2	9.62	9.95	9.93	386.72	401.98	399.
Jersey City		39.8	39.7	8.78	8.97	8.98	340.66	357.01	356.5
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		42.7	42.2	10.21	10.76	10.82	435.97	459.45	456.6
Newark	1	41.8	41.6	9.26	9.68	9.67	381.51	404.62	402.2
Trenton		38.3	39.1	9.15	9.84	9.94	359.60	376.87	388.6
lew Mexico	40.2	40.6	39.1	8.16	8.20	8.76	328.03	332.92	342.5
Albuquerque	l	40.7	37.5	7.90	8.53	8.08	313.63	347.17	303.0
Laur Marit	00.5	00.0	00.5	0.00	0.00	0.74	004.40	000.00	000
lew York	I	39.8	39.5	9.22	9.62	9.71	364.19	382.88	383.
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		39.8	39.5	9.61	9.73	9.80	391.12 336.20	387.25	
Binghamton		40.6 42.3	39.7 42.0	8.20 11.39	8.55 12.09	8.44 12.21	1	347.13 511.41	335.0 512.0
Elmira		39.3	39.5	9.01	9.00	9.12	464.71 360.40	353.70	360.
Glens Falls		39.4	39.9	9.37	9.55	9.72	361.68	376.27	387.
Monroe County	I	42.4	41.9	11.92	12.35	12.60	500.64	523.64	527.
Nassau-Suffolk		40.3	40.0	9.08	9.46	9.52	364.11	381.24	380.
New York PMSA		37.4	37.1	8.32	8.80	8.90	307.01	329.12	330.
New York City	1	37.0	36.7	8.21	8.60	8.73	299.67	318.20	320.
Niagara Falls		42.6	42.0	11.79	12.70	12.63	494.00	541.02	530.
Orange County	1	38.2	37.6	7.04	7.13	7.16	275.26	272.37	269.
Poughkeepsie	1	43.1	41.6	8.52	8.76	8.56	357.84	377.56	356.
Rochester	l l	42.1	41.6	11,11	11.57	11.71	458.84	487.10	487.
Rockland County		41.0	40.9	9.72	9.89	9.52	386.86	405.49	389.
Syracuse	41.1	40.8	40.9	10.49	10.87	10.91	431.14	443.50	446.
Utica-Rome	41.5	41.3	40.9	8.50	8.48	8.66	352.75	350.22	354.
Westchester County	39.3	39.1	39.5	8.87	9.98	10.06	348.59	390.22	397.
North Carolina	39.5	39.5	38.8	7.01	7.26	7.24	276.90	286.77	280.
Asheville	40.6	41.0	40.5	7.09	7.29	7.26	287.85	298.89	294.
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	39.9	39.1	38.5	7.08	7.35	7.42	282.49	287.39	285.
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	l l	39.0	38.0	7.65	7.96	7.85	299.12	310.44	298.
Raleigh-Durham	40.8	41.2	40.3	8.09	8.26	8.27	330.07	340.31	333.
North Dakota	j.	39.0	38.5	7.94	7.97	8.06	304.10		310.
Fargo-Moorhead	37.5	37.5	37.5	8.36	8.34	8.42	313.50	312.75	315.
Ohio	1	42.3	41.7	10.90	11.37	11.34	454.53	1	
Akron	I	43.5	43.0	10.68	11.07	11.01	463.51	1	
Canton	I	39.7	39.5	10.81	10.95	10.93	436.72		1
Cincinnati	1	41.1	41.0	10.50	10.57	10.50	430.50		1
Cleveland	1	42.2		10.69	11.19	11.08	439.36		1
Columbus		41.1	40.7	10.40	10.77	10.77	416.00		
Dayton-Springfield		44.6	44.4	11.27	12.18	12.14	482.36	1	
Toledo Youngstown-Warren		42.5 42.8	1	11.53 13.05	12.18	12.32 13.30	488.87 574.20	1	
•									ļ
Oklahoma Oklahoma City		41.1	1	9.95	9.85	9.73	408.95		
Tulsa		4		10.27	10.39 10.54	10.16 10.47	427.23		
Oregon		1	1	10.57	10.64	10.49	409.06	1	1
Eugene-Springfield	1	1	1	10.82	10.95		414.41		
Portland				10.53	10.45	10.44	410.67		
Salem	38.4	37.4	34.9	8.85	9.31	8.52	339.84	348.19	297

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

State and area	June 1985 40.0 39.5 40.7 40.0 39.8 41.9 39.6 38.2 39.8 39.9 40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9 40.9	July 1985° 40.0 39.8 40.2 42.2 39.7 42.6 38.9 37.8 39.4 40.0 40.5 40.8 38.3	July 1984 \$9.27 9.92 8.07 11.40 9.66 9.91 9.03 8.36 8.73 9.66	\$9.56 10.27 8.19 11.73 9.97 10.08 9.06 8.22	July 1985° \$9.58 10.33 8.18 11.83 10.00 10.14	July 1984 \$371.73 392.83 317.96	June 1985 \$382.40	July 1985°
Allentown-Bethlehem 39.6 Altoona 39.4 Beaver County 40.5 Delaware Valley 39.9 Erie 43.1 Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle 39.2 Johnstown 36.5 Lancaster 39.4 Philadelphia PMSA 40.1 Pittsburgh 40.9 Reading 40.2 Scranton-Wilkes-Barre 38.1 Williamsport 40.3 York 40.8 Rhode Island 39.9 Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro 40.0 Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas	39.5 40.7 40.0 39.8 41.9 39.6 38.2 39.8 39.9 40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9	39.8 40.2 42.2 39.7 42.6 38.9 37.8 40.0 40.5 40.8 38.3	9.92 8.07 11.40 9.66 9.91 9.03 8.36 8.73	10.27 8.19 11.73 9.97 10.08 9.06	10.33 8.18 11.83 10.00	392.83 317.96	\$382.40	
Altoona Beaver County Beaver County Delaware Valley A0.5 Delaware Valley A0.5 Delaware Valley A3.9 Erie A3.1 Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle Johnstown A6.5 Lancaster A9.4 Philadelphia PMSA A0.1 Pittsburgh Aeading A0.2 Scranton-Wilkes-Barre Williamsport York A0.8 Rhode Island Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro Providence A0.4 South Carolina Columbia Greenville-Spartanburg A0.2 South Dakota Sioux Falls A7.0 Tennessee A0.4 Charlasooga A1.7 Knoxville A0.3 Memphis A2.7 Nashville A0.1 Texas A1.4 Dallas Ft. Worth-Arlington A1.1 Houston Sait Lake City-Ogden Bristol Bristol Cyriginia Bristol Cyriginia Bristol Cyriginia Bristol Charlottesville A0.3 Bristol Charlottesville A0.3 Bristol Charlottesville A0.3 Bristol Charlottesville A0.3 Bristol Charlottesville A0.3 Bristol Charlottesville A0.3 Bristol Charlottesville A0.3 Bristol Charlottesville A0.3 Bristol Charlottesville A0.3 Bristol Charlottesville A0.3 Bristol Charlottesville A0.3 Bristol Charlottesville A0.8 Boanville A0.9 Boanville A0.9 Boa	40.7 40.0 39.8 41.9 39.6 38.2 39.8 39.9 40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9	40.2 42.2 39.7 42.6 38.9 37.8 39.4 40.0 40.5 40.8 38.3	8.07 11.40 9.66 9.91 9.03 8.36 8.73	8.19 11.73 9.97 10.08 9.06	8.18 11.83 10.00	317.96		\$383.20
Beaver County	40.0 39.8 41.9 39.6 38.2 39.8 39.9 40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9	42.2 39.7 42.6 38.9 37.8 39.4 40.0 40.5 40.8 38.3	9.66 9.91 9.03 8.36 8.73	11.73 9.97 10.08 9.06	11.83 10.00		405.67	411.13
Beaver County	39.8 41.9 39.6 38.2 39.8 39.9 40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9	39.7 42.6 38.9 37.8 39.4 40.0 40.5 40.8 38.3	9.66 9.91 9.03 8.36 8.73	9.97 10.08 9.06	10.00		333.33	328.84
Delaware Valley 39.9 Erie 43.1 Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle 39.2 Johnstown 36.5 Lancaster 39.4 Philadelphia PMSA 40.1 Pittsburgh 40.9 Reading 40.2 Scranton-Wilkes-Barre 38.1 Williamsport 40.3 York 40.8 Rhode Island 39.9 Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro 40.4 Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.2 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 40.0 <td>39.8 41.9 39.6 38.2 39.8 39.9 40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9</td> <td>39.7 42.6 38.9 37.8 39.4 40.0 40.5 40.8 38.3</td> <td>9.66 9.91 9.03 8.36 8.73</td> <td>9.97 10.08 9.06</td> <td>10.00</td> <td>461.70</td> <td>469.20</td> <td>499.23</td>	39.8 41.9 39.6 38.2 39.8 39.9 40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9	39.7 42.6 38.9 37.8 39.4 40.0 40.5 40.8 38.3	9.66 9.91 9.03 8.36 8.73	9.97 10.08 9.06	10.00	461.70	469.20	499.23
Erie 43.1 Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle 39.2 Johnstown 36.5 Lancaster 39.4 Philadelphia PMSA 40.1 Pittsburgh 40.9 Reading 40.2 Scranton-Wilkes-Barre 38.1 Williamsport 40.3 York 40.8 Rhode Island 39.9 Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro 40.0 Providence 40.4 Charleston 40.1 Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont	41.9 39.6 38.2 39.8 39.9 40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9	42.6 38.9 37.8 39.4 40.0 40.5 40.8 38.3	9.91 9.03 8.36 8.73	10.08 9.06		385.43	396.81	397.00
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle 39.2 Johnstown 36.5 Lancaster 39.4 Philadelphia PMSA 40.1 Pittsburgh 40.9 Reading 40.2 Scranton-Wilkes-Barre 38.1 Williamsport 40.8 Rhode Island 39.9 Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro 40.0 Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 40.8 Burville 40.3 Bristol 40.4 40.4 40.8 40.8 40.2 40.4 40.8 40.8 40.8 40.2 40.2 40.4 40.8 40.8 40.2 40.4 40.5 40.6 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.8 40.8 40.8 40.8 40.8 40.8 40.8 40.8 40.8	39.6 38.2 39.8 39.9 40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9	38.9 37.8 39.4 40.0 40.5 40.8 38.3	9.03 8.36 8.73	9.06		427.12	422.35	431.96
Johnstown 36.5 Lancaster 39.4 Philadelphia PMSA 40.1 Pittsburgh 40.9 Reading 40.2 Scranton-Wilkes-Barre 38.1 Williamsport 40.3 York 40.8 Rhode Island 39.9 Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro 40.0 Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 <td>38.2 39.8 39.9 40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9</td> <td>37.8 39.4 40.0 40.5 40.8 38.3</td> <td>8.36 8.73</td> <td></td> <td>9.09</td> <td>353.98</td> <td>358.78</td> <td>353.60</td>	38.2 39.8 39.9 40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9	37.8 39.4 40.0 40.5 40.8 38.3	8.36 8.73		9.09	353.98	358.78	353.60
Lancaster 39.4 Philadelphia PMSA 40.1 Pittsburgh 40.9 Reading 40.2 Scranton-Wilkes-Barre 38.1 Williamsport 40.3 York 40.8 Rhode Island 39.9 Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro 40.0 Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Golumbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattannooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol	39.8 39.9 40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9	39.4 40.0 40.5 40.8 38.3	8.73		8.07	305.14	314.00	
Philadelphia PMSA 40.1 Pittsburgh 40.9 Reading 40.2 Scranton-Wilkes-Barre 38.1 Williamsport 40.3 York 40.8 Rhode Island 39.9 Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro 40.0 Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 40.7 Springfield 40.7 Virginia	39.9 40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9	40.0 40.5 40.8 38.3						305.05
Pittsburgh 40.9 Reading 40.2 Scranton-Wilkes-Barre 38.1 Williamsport 40.3 York 40.8 Rhode Island 39.9 Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro 40.0 Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Golumbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virgina 40.3 Bristol 40.1 <td>40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9</td> <td>40.5 40.8 38.3</td> <td>9 66 1</td> <td>9.17</td> <td>9.16</td> <td>343.96</td> <td>364.97</td> <td>360.90</td>	40.9 40.1 38.1 39.9	40.5 40.8 38.3	9 66 1	9.17	9.16	343.96	364.97	360.90
Reading	40.1 38.1 39.9	40.8 38.3		9.97	10.00	387.37	397.80	400.00
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre 38.1 Williamsport 40.3 York 40.8 Rhode Island 39.9 Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro 40.0 Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 40.8 <tr< td=""><td>38.1 39.9</td><td>38.3</td><td>10.76</td><td>11.01</td><td>11.03</td><td>440.08</td><td>450.31</td><td>446.72</td></tr<>	38.1 39.9	38.3	10.76	11.01	11.03	440.08	450.31	446.72
Williamsport 40.3 York 40.8 Rhode Island 39.9 Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro 40.0 Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 40.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	39.9		9.34	9.85	9.88	375.47	394.99	403.10
York 40.8 Rhode Island 39.9 Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro 40.0 Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 40.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6			7.78	8.08	8.24	296.42	307.85	315.59
York 40.8 Rhode Island 39.9 Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro 40.0 Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 40.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	40.9	39.5	7.81	8.60	8.58	314.74	343.14	338.91
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro 40.0 Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	I	40.7	8.62	8.88	8.88	351.70	363.19	361.42
Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 40.8 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	41.1	40.2	7.25	7.50	7.53	289.28	308.25	302.71
Providence 40.4 South Carolina 40.2 Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 40.8 Danville 39.6	40.5	39.8	6.64	7.19	7.21	265.60	291.20	286.96
Charleston 41.3 Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	40.9	39.9	7.33	7.63	7.67	296.13	312.07	306.03
Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 40.8 Danville 39.6	40.6	39.7	7.28	7.64	7.65	292.66	310.18	303.70
Columbia 40.1 Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 40.8 Danville 39.6	43.9	43.3	8.74	9.25	9.39	360.96	406.08	406.59
Greenville-Spartanburg 40.2 South Dakota 42.1 Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 40.8 Danville 39.6	40.3	39.2	7.13	7.51	7.55	285.91	302.65	295.96
Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	41.2	40.3	7.11	7.39	7.39	285.82	304.47	297.82
Sioux Falls 47.0 Tennessee 40.4 Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	43.2	42.2	7.14	7.35	7.45	300.59	317.52	314.39
Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	48.5	47.6	6.78	7.29	7.42	318.66	353.57	353.19
Chattanooga 41.7 Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	41.4	40.3	7.87	8.14	8.22	317.95	337.00	331.27
Knoxville 40.3 Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	41.8	40.8	7.39	7.40	7.44	308.16	309.32	303.55
Memphis 42.7 Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	41.9	40.7	8.76	8.78	8.96	353.90	367.88	364.67
Nashville 40.1 Texas 41.4 Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	42.6	41.8	8.22	8.73	8.75	350.99	371.90	365.75
Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	39.4	39.8	8.85	9.60	9.15	354.88	378.24	364.17
Dallas 41.2 Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	41.2	40.6	9.02	9.34	9.40	373.43	384.81	381.64
Ft. Worth-Arlington 41.1 Houston 42.6 San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	41.4	41.1	8.67	9.12	9.11	357.20	377.57	374.42
Houston	41.5	40.8	8.83	9.45	9.44	362.91	392.18	385.15
San Antonio 40.0 Utah 39.4 Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	42.7	42.2	10.69	11.16	11.27	455.39	476.53	475.59
Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	40.2	39.8	6.65	7.07	7.11	266.00	284.21	282.98
Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.9 Vermont 40.0 Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	40.5	39.6	9.04	9.36	9.47	356.18	379.08	375.01
Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6		38.6	8.72	9.23	9.15	347.93	359.97	353.19
Burlington 41.9 Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	39.0	39.7	8.07	8.31	8.33	322.80	334.89	330.70
Springfield 40.7 Virginia 40.3 Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	40.3	41.2	8.88	9.30	9.26	372.07	388.74	381.51
Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	40.3	40.3	8.16	8.48	8.42	332.11	346.83	339.33
Bristol 41.1 Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	i	39.6	8.14	8.51	8.50	328.04	342.10	336.60
Charlottesville 40.8 Danville 39.6	40.3 41.8 40.9	40.8	7.00	6.98	7.25	287.70	289.67	295.80
Danville	40.3 41.8 40.9	38.8	7.04	7.11	7.06	287.23	280.85	273.93
	40.3 41.8 40.9 40.2 41.5		7.62	7.53	7.83	301.75	304.21	309.29
Lynchburg	40.3 41.8 40.9 40.2 41.5 39.5		7.75	8.04	8.15	316.98	310.34	323.56
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News(')	40.3 41.8 40.9 40.2 41.5 39.5 40.4	39.5	(')	(')				1
	40.3 41.8 40.9 40.2 41.5 39.5 40.4 38.6	39.5 39.7			(¹) 0 0 7	(1)	(')	(')
	40.3 41.8 40.9 40.2 41.5 39.5 40.4 38.6 (¹)	39.5 39.7 (¹)	8.64	8.85	8.87	349.92	341.61	333.51
Richmond-Petersburg	40.3 41.8 40.9 40.2 41.5 39.5 40.4 38.6 (¹)	39.5 39.7 (¹) 37.6	THE	11.02	10.85 7.49	418.26 303.62	440.80 260.23	409.05 307.09
Washington(')	40.3 41.8 40.9 40.2 41.5 39.5 40.4 38.6 (¹)	39.5 39.7 (¹)	10.67 7.46	7.11		1	(')	(')

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Averaç	je weekly	hours	Average	e hourly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly e	arnings
State and area	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°
West Virginia	39.3	40.4	39.3	\$10.05	\$10.36	\$10.59	\$394.97	\$418.54	\$416.19
Charleston	42.3	41.9	42.0	12.37	13.06	12.56	523.25	547.21	527.52
Huntington-Ashland	38.0	38.2	38.9	11.34	11.54	11.63	430.92	440.83	452.41
Parkersburg-Marietta	42.1	41.7	40.8	11.19	11.68	11.77	471.10	487.06	480.22
Wheeling	39.7	40.4	39.2	11.46	11.61	12.40	454.96	469.04	486.08
Wisconsin	40.8	41.3	40.9	9.93	10.25	10.18	405.14	423.33	416.36
Appleton-Oshkosh	42.8	42.9	43.3	9.68	9.99	9.99	414.30	428.57	432.57
Eau Claire	40.4	40.2	41.5	9.87	10.46	10.75	398.75	420.49	446.13
Green Bay	42.7	41.8	41.6	10.41	10.99	10.95	444.51	459.38	455.52
Janesville-Beloit	40.2	40.1	37.9	11.57	11.97	12.17	465.11	480.00	461.24
Kenosha	41.0	40.7	39.3	11.82	12.66	12.16	484.62	515.26	477.89
La Crosse	37.7	37.5	36.8	8.78	9.47	9.24	331.01	355.13	340.03
Madison	41.7	40.4	41.6	10.03	9.52	9.50	418.25	384.61	395.20
Milwaukee	40.8	41.1	40.9	11.24	11.55	11.58	458.59	474.71	473.62
Racine	39.2	39.8	38.8	10.57	10.59	10.47	414.34	421.48	406.24
Sheboygan	39.5	40.0	38.0	9.44	9.66	9.25	372.88	386.40	351.50
Wausau	42.4	44.0	42.5	9.39	9.53	9.61	398.14	419.32	408.43
Wyoming	40.1	39.5	38.8	8.94	9.69	9.55	358.49	382.76	370.54
Puerto Rico	38.0	37.9	(')	5.01	5.10	(')	190.38	193.29	(')
Virgin Islands	42.4	42.1	42.4	9.12	9.33	9.23	386,69	392.79	391.35

¹ Not available.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of

this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1984 benchmarks.

C-9. Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments by major industry, seasonally adjusted

 						
Industry	Millions of hours (annual rate)1			Percent change		
	June 1985′	July 1985'	Aug. 1985⁰	Aug. 1984 to Aug. 1985°	June 1985 to July 1985'	July 1985 to Aug. 1985⁰
Total	182,625	182,479	183,517	3.0	-0.1	0.6
Private sector	150,565	150,180	151,009	3.2	3	.6
Mining	2,211	2,166	2,149	-2.7	-2.0	8
Construction	9,015	9,095	9,124	6.5	.9	.3
Manufacturing	40,730	40,552	40,786	9	4	.6
Durable goods	24,585	24,411	24,630	-1.0	7	.9
Nondurable goods	16,146	16,141	16,157	8	.0	.1
Transportation and public utilities	10,907	10,898	10,916	2.3	1	.2
Wholesale trade	11,637	11,598	11,630	3.8	3	.3
Retail trade	27,098	26,958	27,035	4.5	5	.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate	11,275	11,233	11,320	4.8	4	.8
Services	37,692	37,680	38,048	6.3	.0	1.0
Government	32,060	32,298	32,509	1.9	.7	.7

^{&#}x27; Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52. $\ ^{\text{p}}$ =preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees-production workers,

nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers—and are based largely on establishment data. See *BLS Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 2134-1, chapter 13, Productivity Measures: Business Economy and Major Sectors. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

⁼ preliminary. = revised.

PRODUCTIVITY DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-10. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

	Annual a	average					Qua	arterly inc	iex				
Item	1983	1984	1982		19	33			19	34		19	85
	1903	1904	IV	ı	11	III	IV	ı	II	III	IV	ı	11'
Business sector													
Output per hour of all persons	103.7	107.0	101.6	102.2	103.6	104.3	104.7	105.7	107.0	107.2	108.0	106.9	107.3
Output	111.0	120.8	105.8	106.9	110.1	112.5	114.7	117.8	121.0	121.5	123.0	123.0	123.7
lours	107.1	112.9	104.1	104.7	106.2	107.9	109.5	111.4	113.0	113.4	113.9	115.0	115.3
Compensation per hour	161.7	168.6	158.4	160.2	161.0	161.8	164.2	166.7	167.5	169.3	171.1	173.1	174.5
Real compensation per hour	98.4	98.4	98.0	99.0	98.5	97.9	98.4	98.6	98.2	98.3	98.5	98.9	98.6
Unit labor costs	156.0	157.6	155.9	156.8	155.4	155.1	156.8	157.7	156.5	158.0	158.4	161.9	162.7
Jnit nonlabor payments	145.5	157.0	136.5	139.8	144.6	147.9	149.1	151.6	157.2	158.5	160.2	159.1	160.0
mplicit price deflator	152.4	157.4	149.3	151.0	151.7	152.7	154.2	155.6	156.7	158.1	159.0	160.9	161.7
Nonfarm business sector												!	
Output per hour of all persons	103.4	106.2	100.5	101.6	103.6	104.1	104.4	105.2	106.6	106.3	106.9	106.0	106.3
Output	111.2	120.7	105.2	106.7	110.4	112.7	115.2	118.0	121.0	121.3	122.7	122.8	123.
Hours	107.5	113.6	104.7	105.1	106.5	108.2	110.3	112.3	113.6	114.1	114.8	115.8	116.
Compensation per hour	1	168.7	157.9	160.1	161.5	162.4	164.0	166.5	168.0	169.5	171.0	173.1	174.
Real compensation per hour		98.4	97.7	99.0	98.8	98.3	98.3	98.4	98.4	98.4	98.5	98.9	98.
Unit labor costs		158.8	157.1	157.6	155.9	155.9	157.1	158.3	157.6	159.5	160.0	163.3	164.2
Unit nonlabor payments		156.9	136.4	140.6	146.4	149.4	151.4	152.2	156.8	158.0	160.3	160.3	161.
• •			1					156.3					
Implicit price deflator	153.4	158.2	150.2	151.9	152.7	153.8	155.2	150.3	157.3	159.0	160.1	162.3	163.4
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons		115.6	108.0	110.0	110.9	113.0	112.7	114.2	114.8	116.7	116.5	116.7	118.
Output		115.3	96.8	99.2	102.4	106.8	109.2	113.0	114.9	116.7	116.7	117.0	117.
Hours	1	99.8	89.6	90.2	92.4	94.6	96.9	98.9	100.1	100.0	100.2	100.3	99.
Compensation per hour		169.4	161.0	162.7	163.0	163.5	164.6	167.1	168.3	169.9	172.1	174.4	176.
Real compensation per hour	. 99.4	98.8	99.6	100.6	99.6	98.9	98.6	98.8	98.6	98.7	99.1	99.6	99.
Unit labor costs	146.4	146.5	149.2	147.9	147.0	144.7	146.1	146.3	146.6	145.5	147.7	149.5	148.
Durable goods													
Output per hour of all persons		116.9	106.8	109.3	110.5	113.0	113.0	115.3	116.1	118.3	117.7	118.2	120.2
Output	. 102.6	117.4	93.3	96.3	99.9	105.3	108.9	114.1	116.6	119.4	119.5	119.8	120.3
Hours	. 92.0	100.4	87.4	88.1	90.4	93.2	96.4	98.9	100.4	101.0	101.5	101.4	100.0
Compensation per hour	. 162.5	167.7	160.7	162.2	162.2	162.5	163.4	165.8	167.0	168.1	170.1	172.9	175.0
Real compensation per hour	. 98.9	97.9	99.4	100.2	99.2	98.4	97.9	98.1	97.8	97.6	97.9	98.7	98.
Unit labor costs		143.5	150.4	148.4	146.8	143.8	144.5	143.8	143.8	142.1	144.4	146.3	145.
Nondurable goods													
Output per hour of all persons		113.6	109.6	111.1	111.4	112.9	112.2	112.5	112.9	114.4	114.7	114.3	116.
Output		112.3	102.0	103.6	106.1	109.1	109.5	111.4	112.3	112.8	112.7	112.8	114.
Hours		98.9	93.0	93.3	95.3	96.6	97.6	99.0	99.5	98.6	98.2	98.7	97.
Compensation per hour	. 165.6	171.9	162.7	164.5	165.1	165.7	167.1	169.5	170.6	172.7	175.1	176.6	178.
Real compensation per hour	1	100.3	100.7	101.7	101.0	100.3	100.1	100.2	100.0	100.3	100.8	100.8	101.
Unit labor costs	. 148.0	151.4	148.4	148.1	148.2	146.8	149.0	150.6	151.2	151.1	152.7	154.5	153.
Nonfinancial corporations											:		
Output per all-employee hour		108.5	103.2	104.0	105.8	107.2	107.2	108.1	108.9	108.2	108.8	108.1	108.
Output	1	122.8	106.4	107.5	111.4	114.7	117.0	120.2	123.1	123.1	124.7	124.9	125.
Hours		113.2		103.4	105.2	106.9	109.2	111.2	113.1	113.8	114.6	115.5	116.
Compensation per hour		166.6	1	159.2	160.6	161.8	162.6	164.8	165.8	167.1	168.7	170.3	171
Real compensation per hour	97.9	97.2	97.5	98.4	98.2	97.9	97.4	97.5	97.2	97.1	97.1	97.3	97
Total unit costs	155.2	156.4	157.0	156.7	155.2	154.4	154.7	155.0	155.0	157.5	158.0	160.2	161.
Unit labor costs	151.8	153.6	152.9	153.1	151.7	150.9	151.7	152.5	152.3	154.5	155.0	157.5	158
Unit nonlabor costs		164.3	1	167.0	165.1	164.4	163.3	162.0	162.8	165.9	166.4	168.1	169
Unit profits		147.6		92.5	111.8	126.6	135.9	143.2	151.1	145.3	150.7	150.4	149
	150.9	155.4		149.4	150.2	151.2		153.6	154.6	156.1	157.1	159.1	160

Second quarter 1985 measures for the nonfinancial corporate sector are preliminary.

=revised. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

C-11. Percent changes from the preceding quarter and year in productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted annual rates

					P	ercent ch	nange fro	m				
Item			Previous	s quarter				Same	e quarter,	previous	s year	
	1 1984	II 1984	III 1984	IV 1984	l 1985	II 1985'	l 1984	II 1984	III 1984	IV 1984	l 1985	II 1985′
Business sector												
Output per hour of all persons	4.0	4.9	0.6	3.1	-3.9	1.3	3.5	3.3	2.7	3.2	1.1	0.3
Output		11.2	1.8	5.0	.0	2.4	10.2	9.9	8.0	7.3	4.4	2.3
Hours	1	6.0	1.2	1.8	4.1	1.1	6.5	6.4	5.1	4.0	3.2	2.0
Compensation per hour		1.9	4.4	4.4	4.8	3.3	4.1	4.0	4.6	4.2	3.8	4.2
Real compensation per hour		-1.8	.7	.8	1.4	9	4	3	.4	.1	.3	.5
Unit labor costs		-2.9	3.7	1.2	9.1	1.9	.6	.7	1.9	1.0	2.7	3.9
Unit nonlabor payments		15.4	3.4	4.3	-2.6	2.3	8.4	8.7	7.1	7.4	4.9	1.8
Implicit price deflator	1	2.9	3.6	2.2	5.0	2.0	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.1	3.4	3.2
Nonfarm business sector												
Output per hour of all persons	2.9	5.5	-1.1	2.2	-3.1	1.0	3.5	2.9	2.1	2.4	.8	3
Output		10.6	.7	4.7	.5	2.2	10.6	9.7	7.6	6.5	4.0	2.0
Hours		4.8	1.8	2.4	3.7	1.2	6.9	6.6	5.4	4.0	3.2	2.3
Compensation per hour		3.7	3.6	3.7	5.0	3.3	4.0	4.0	4.4	4.3	4.0	3.9
Real compensation per hour		.0	1	.1	1.7	8	5	3	.2	.2	.4	.2
Unit labor costs		-1.7	4.7	1.4	8.4	2.3	.4	1.1	2.3	1.9	3.1	4.2
Unit nonlabor payments	1	12.5	3.1	5.9	.1	3.6	8.3	7.1	5.7	5.9	5.3	3.2
Implicit price deflator	1 '	2.8	4.2	2.9	5.5	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.4	3.2	3.8	3.8
Manufacturing			-									
Output per hour of all persons	5.5	2.2	6.8	6	.4	7.5	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.4	2.1	3.5
Output	1	6.9	6.5	.0	.9	2.6	13.9	12.2	9.3	7.0	3.5	2.5
Hours		4.6	2	.7	.4	-4.5	9.7	8.3	5.8	3.4	1.4	9
Compensation per hour		2.9	3.7	5.2	5.6	4.8	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.5	4.4	4.8
Real compensation per hour		8	.1	1.6	2.2	.6	-1.7	-1.0	3	.4	.8	1.1
Unit labor costs	1	.7	-2.8	5.9	5.1	-2.5	-1.0	3	.6	1.0	2.2	1.3
Durable goods												
Output per hour of all persons	8.4	2.8	7.6	-1.8	1.5	7.1	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.2	2.5	3.5
Output	20.3	9.2	9.9	.3	1.2	1.5	18.5	16.7	13.4	9.7	5.0	3.1
Hours		6.2	2.1	2.1	4	-5.2	12.3	11.1	8.4	5.3	2.5	4
Compensation per hour	6.1	2.8	2.6	4.9	6.9	4.9	2.2	2.9	3.4	4.1	4.3	4.8
Real compensation per hour	8	9	-1.0	1.3	3.5	.7	-2.2	-1.4	8	.0	.7	1.1
Unit labor costs	2.2	.0	-4.6	6.8	5.3	-2.0	-3.1	-2.0	-1.2	1	1.8	1.3
Nondurable goods							[ļ		
Output per hour of all persons	1.3	1.2	5.4	1.1	-1.3	8.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	2.2	1.6	3.3
Output		3.6	1.5	4	.4	4.5	7.5	5.9	3.4	2.9	1.3	1.5
Hours		2.4	-3.7	-1.5	1.7	-3.6	6.1	4.5	2.1	.7	3	-1.8
Compensation per hour	5.8	2.7	5.1	5.5	3.5	4.8	3.0	3.3	4.3	4.8	4.2	4.7
Real compensation per hour	5	-1.0	1.4	1.9	.2	.6	-1.4	-1.0	.1	.7	.6	1.0
Unit labor costs	4.5	1.5	3	4.3	4.9	-3.3	1.7	2.0	2.9	2.5	2.6	1.4
Nonfinancial corporations'									1			
Output per all-employee hour		2.8	-2.5	2.5	-2.5	3	4.0	2.9	.9	1.6	.0	7
Output		9.8	.2	5.2	.6	1.8	11.8	10.5	7.4	6.6	3.9	1.9
Hours		6.8	2.8	2.6	3.3	2.1	7.5	7.5	6.4	5.0	3.9	2.7
Compensation per hour		2.4	3.2	3.7	3.9	2.9	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.8	3.3	3.5
Real compensation per hour		-1.3	4	.2	.6	-1.2	9	-1.0	9	3	2	2
Total unit costs		.2	6.5	1.2	5.9	3.5	-1.1	1	2.0	2.1	3.4	4.2
Unit labor costs		4	5.9	1.2	6.6	3.2	4	.4	2.4	2.2	3.3	4.2
Unit nonlabor costs		2.0	8.0	1.1	4.0	4.1	-3.0	-1.4	.9	1.9	3.8	4.3
Unit profits		23.8	-14.5	16.0	-1.0	-2.7	54.8	35.2	14.7	10.9	5.0	-1.2
Implicit price deflator	2.7	2.6	3.9	2.7	5.1	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.0	3.6	3.6

Second quarter 1985 measures for the nonfinancial corporate sector are preliminary.

= revised.
SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

	C	lian labar 4				Unemp			
State and area	Civi	lian labor for	ce	······································	Number			Percent of labor force	
	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985 ^p	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985 ^p	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985
Jahana	1 015 1	1 700 6	1 002 0	2116	166.0	166.0	11.7	0.2	9.
Nabama	1,815.1 409.8	1,799.6 401.7	1,802.9 405.0	211.6 42.6	30.3	166.8 30.4	10.4	9.2 7.5	7.
Birmingham	118.9	123.5	123.3	8.6	7.7	7.3	7.3	6.2	6.
Mobile	203.6	203.1	203.7	24.7	19.5	18.8	12.2	9.6	9
Montgomery	134.2	136.0	134.5	12.1	10.8	9.8	9.0	7.9	7
Tuscaloosa	1 1	57.9	58.1	5.7	4.6	4.3	9.8	7.9	7
13500050					1.0				
Maska	260.4	260.2	264.5	23.6	24.7	24.3	9.0	9.5	9
rizona	1,411.4	1,444.3	1,429.4	75.2	99.1	101.5	5.3	6.9	7
Phoenix	889.8	915.1	905.1	34.4	45.7	46.9	3.9	5.0	5
Tucson	253.8	259.8	256.6	10.9	14.2	13.8	4.3	5.5	5
ırkansas	1,046.9	1,061.6	1,079.7	92.5	82.8	94.5	8.8	7.8	8
Fayetteville-Springdale	48.2	50.0	50.4	2.6	2.1	2.5	5.3	4.2	5
Fort Smith		84.7	86.4	6.6	6.4	7.4	7.7	7.5	8
Little Rock-North Little Rock	231.0	235.2	238.3	17.1	14.8	16.3	7.4	6.3	6
Pine Bluff		39.6	39.8	3.9	3.3	3.5	10.2	8.4	8
California 1	12,709.8	12,762.7	12,876.8	1.064.5	963.8	993.2	8.4	7.6	,
Anaheim-Santa Ana		1,325.5	1,328.6	60.4	56.4	58.4	4.6	4.3	4
Bakersfield		225.4	223.9	24.8	24.7	23.3	11.1	11.0	10
Fresno		303.3	299.7	34.1	36.6	33.4	11.2	12.1	11
Los Angeles-Long Beach ¹	1	3,885.0	3,952.0	366.0	298.0	323.0	9.5	7.7	Ι Έ
Modesto	143.6	141.0	143.9	21.6	24.9	22.2	15.0	17.7	15
Oakland	1	942.2	946.8	69.9	66.0	65.8	7.5	7.0	1 '3
Oxnard-Ventura		278.6	279.4	26.5	20.1	24.2	9.5	7.2	ί έ
Riverside-San Bernardino		679.1	689.4	65.0	56.5	59.0	9.6	8.3	8
	1	585.5	588.5	48.4	43.8	42.5	8.3	7.5	3
Sacramento		152.6	154.5	13.7	13.6	13.5	8.9	8.9	'8
·		899.1	906.2	58.2	53.4	54.5	6.6	5.9	6
San Diego	1	850.4	857.9	51.5	44.9	45.0	5.9	5.3	
San Jose		891.4	900.2	45.9	52.6	54.7	5.5 5.1	5.9	6
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	1	168.8	170.0	10.0	8.9	9.7	5.8	5.9	1
Santa Rosa-Petaluma		159.5	157.6	11.3	10.9	10.7	7.1	6.9	ì
Stockton		186.4	185.1	22.3	25.1	23.5	11.8	13.5	12
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	•	146.9	147.6	13.1	11.8	11.9	8.9	8.0	ξ.
Colorado		1,738.9 1,044.3	1,732.1 1,037.7	90.6 46.3	95.1 49.3	93.9 49.1	5.3 4.5	5.5 4.7	5
	Į.	[1
Connecticut		1,732.2	1,733.3	77.7	90.5	98.3	4.6	5.2	5
Bridgeport-Milford		222.7	226.3	12.0	13.9	15.7	5.4	6.2	1
Hartford		420.0	421.8	17.1	20.2	21.2	4.2	4.8	
New Britain		73.2	72.0	4.2	4.1	4.9	5.9	5.6	
New Haven-Meriden		259.8	258.4	12.3	14.1	15.3	4.8	5.4	!
Stamford		134.4 105.2	134.2 104.3	3.6 6.2	4.7 6.9	4.7 8.2	2.8 6.0	3.5 6.6	
·		Į.	ļ						İ
Delaware		315.9 274.0	320.2 275.8	22.9 21.8	16.7 15.1	17.7 15.6	7.2 7.9	5.3 5.5	
								1	
District of Columbia Washington	1	325.6 2,041.4	342.8 2,064.7	31.0 85.8	27.6 83.5	30.3 85.3	9.4 4.3	8.5 4.1	1 8
Florida ¹		5,238.7	5,267.9	352.3	361.6	368.4	6.8	6.9	
Daytona Beach		130.9	131.0	5.9	8.1	6.4	4.6	6.2	-
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		546.5	538.1	29.2	29.3	29.9	5.3	5.4	:
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		119.0	118.8	6.2	6.4	6.2	5.4	5.4	1 :
Gainesville		93.0	94.0	3.8	3.7	3.8	4.1	4.0	1 .
Jacksonville		393.9	398.6	22.1	23.3	23.4	5.8	5.9	1 .
Lakeland-Winter Haven		155.0	157.4	23.5	21.6	25.1	15.2	14.0	1 1
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		144.0	146.6	7.8	8.2	8.2	5.4	5.7	1 :
Miami-Hialeah		868.3	872.3	71.2	75.0	70.6	8.2	8.6	1
Orlando		468.3	476.4	26.7	25.7	26.9	5.7	5.5	
Pensacola		142.7	143.1	8.3	9.2	10.1	5.9	6.5	
Sarasota		93.2	93.6	3.9	4.7	4.6	4.0	5.1	
Tallahassee		110.7	108.9	4.9	5.8	5.2	4.4	5.2	
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		854.4	866.0	44.9	49.4	49.0	5.3	5.8	
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	327.3	334.1	338.1	26.7	25.3	28.4	8.2	7.6	

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Cind	lian labor for				Unemp			
State and area	Civi	lian labor loi	ce		Number	Value		Percent of labor force	
	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985 ^p	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985°	July 1984	June 1985	Ju 198
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2776 5	2 991 2	2.976.0	179.8	204.0	210.5	6 5	7.1	7
Albani	2,776.5	2,881.2	2,876.0			210.5	6.5 9.2	7.1 9.5	10
Albany	54.4	53.8	53.3	5.0	5.1	5.5			
Athens	66.4	66.8	66.0	3.8	4.0	5.1	5.7	6.0	7
Atlanta	1,226.9	1,288.3	1,288.3	61.4	73.9	71.7	5.0	5.7	•
Augusta	140.8	145.0	145.9	10.2	10.5	10.8	7.2	7.3	1 7
Columbus	93.6	93.4	92.3	7.3	8.7	8.2	7.8	9.4	8
Macon-Warner Robins	113.9	113.2	113.4	7.9	9.9	9.9	6.9	8.8	
Savannah	96.1	97.9	96.3	7.1	8.2	8.0	7.4	8.4	8
awaii	478.5	487.7	487.1	26.4	28.0	27.1	5.5	5.7	,
Honolulu	363.0	369.8	369.1	18.6	18.9	18.3	5.1	5.1	!
taho	477.3 97.1	492.7 105.5	492.0 104.4	31.4 4.7	34.7 6.0	36.4 5.4	6.6 4.9	7.0 5.7	;
linois'	5,675.9	5,757.0	5,746.9	490.1	539.4	514.2	8.6	9.4	!
Aurora-Elgin	166.6	167.7	167.9	12.4	13.8	13.0	7.4	8.2	:
Bloomington-Normal	59.9	60.7	59.8	3.8	3.8	3.5	6.3	6.3	:
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	78.0	79.6	82.8	4.4	4.5	4.5	5.6	5.7	1 :
Chicago	3,109.0	3,152.6	3,148.0	249.7	274.1	263.4	8.0	8.7	
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	177.1	174.9	174.9	18.2	18.3	17.4	10.3	10.5	
•	59.5	59.9	59.8	6.1	6.4	6.3	10.3	10.5	10
Decatur					- 1				1
Joliet	184.2	188.0	185.0	16.9	16.5	15.9	9.2	8.8	1
Kankakee	42.9	43.8	44.2	5.3	5.6	5.3	12.5	12.8	1:
Lake County	238.8	247.7	246.5	13.2	15.5	14.2	5.5	6.2	:
Peoria	159.7	156.5	158.6	16.9	17.8	17.5	10.6	11.4	11
Rockford	138.1	142.0	141.2	11.9	14.4	13.8	8.6	10.1	9
Springfield	103.1	102.8	102.8	6.8	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.5	(
ndiana	2,656.1	2,794.4	2,787.0	222.9	225.4	202.6	8.4	8.1	;
Anderson	56.3	58.5	58.3	4.4	4.5	4.2	7.8	7.8	:
Elkhart-Goshen	87.4	90.9	90.4	6.1	5.5	5.0	7.0	6.1	!
Evansville	138.8	143.6	144.3	11.8	11.3	9.9	8.5	7.9	
Fort Wayne	176.8	185.8	187.4	12.2	12.3	11.9	6.9	6.6	(
Gary-Hammond	271.7	270.8	271.2	37.9	34.0	30.9	14.0	12.6	1
Indianapolis	628.7	664.4	661.8	43.1	44.1	37.0	6.8	6.6	'
. •								1	1
Lafayette	61.1	64.0	64.7	2.9	2.9	2.8	4.7	4.6	1
Muncie	52.4	55.5	55.5	4.6	4.7	4.1	8.8	8.5	:
South Bend-Mishawaka	124.7	132.5	132.2	9.6	9.4	9.2	7.7	7.1	(
Terre Haute	61.5	65.6	65.4	5.1	5.2	4.8	8.3	8.0	:
owa	1,445.8	1,461.4	1,445.5	93.6	108.8	107.3	6.5	7.4	:
Cedar Rapids	83.2	84.2	83.3	5.7	5.8	5.5	6.8	6.8	'
Des Moines	197.5	201.8	200.0	10.6	13.0	12.6	5.3	6.4	(
Dubuque	42.2	43.2	42.7	3.4	3.8	3.7	8.0	8.9	1 1
lowa City	48.9	48.7	48.8	1.4	1.5	1.5	3.0	3.1	
Sioux City	55.6	56.8	55.6	4.3	4.9	4.4	7.8	8.6	1 .
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	72.2	70.7	69.1	7.3	9.9	9.0	10.2	14.0	1:
(ansas	1,209.5	1,287.7	1,281.3	61.4	57.2	59.6	5.1	4.4	
Lawrence	32.3	35.4	35.2	1.6	1.5	1.5	4.9	4.3	
Topeka	84.2	89.7	90.0	4.6	3.8	4.1	5.4	4.2	
Wichita	227,1	242.4	243.4	13.3	12.4	13.7	5.9	5.1	
entucky	1,714.7	1,714.9	1,714.5	156.3	142.0	156.1	9.1	8.3	
Lexington-Fayette	193.0	191.1	189.7	9.2	8.1	8.6	4.8	4.2	
Louisville Owensboro	470.6 46.3	463.4 43.9	466.4 43.9	39.5 4.9	36.1 3.8	37.8 4.0	8.4 10.5	7.8 8.7	
ouisiana Alexandria	1,959.1 62.1	1,981.3 64.3	1,980.8 63.8	194.9 4.8	229.8 5.9	229.1 6.2	9.9 7.8	11.6 9.2	1
Baton Rouge	253.6	259.0	258.7	22.1	27.5	27.3	8.7	10.6	1
Houma-Thibodaux	84.9	86.9		8.4		9.3			
			85.8		9.5		9.9	11.0	1
Lafayette	112.9	111.5	111.8	9.0	10.3	10.2	7.9	9.3	
Lake Charles	78.6	75.6	75.8	11.0	11.1	10.8	14.0	14.7	1
Monroe	63.8	64.0	62.8	6.1	6.1	5.8	9.6	9.6	!
New Orleans	585.8	583.1	583.0	54.8	69.3	68.2	9.4	11.9	1
Shreveport	161.9	164.6	164.4	11.9	13.6	14.8	7.4	8.3	
laine	579.9	578.3	581.8	40.3	28.6	32.4	6.9	4.9	
Lewiston-Auburn	42.9	43.0	43.0	4.8	2.6	3.6	11.3	6.0	
Portland	107.2	109.7	109.5	4.4	3.1	3.8	4.1	2.8	
aryland	2,276.6	2,290.6	2,306.9	120.9	102.2	102.2	5.3	4.5	
Baltimore	1,107.6	1,103.0	1,113.1	68.0	58.8	58.3	6.1	5.3	

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	C::	: lab f				Unempl			
State and area	Civil	ian labor for	ce		Number			Percent of labor force	
- 9788	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985 ^p	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985 ^p	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985
Manage No.	2,000.2	2 120 1	2 127 1	104 5	123.4	134.2	4.0	2.0	4.0
Massachusetts'	3,099.2	3,139.1	3,127.1	134.5	52.9	57.3	4.3 3.8	3.9 3.4	4.3 3.7
Boston	1,516.9	1,545.5	1,542.3	57.3	1		-		
Brockton	89.4	91.6	91.7	4.8	4.1	4.7	5.4	4.4	5.1
Fall River	73.5	72.3	71.0	5.4	4.7	5.4	7.3	6.5	7.0
Fitchburg-Leominster	44.2	45.3	43.1	2.3	2.3	2.6	5.2	5.1	6.1
Lawrence-Haverhill	190.8	196.0	195.9	11.3	9.4	10.2	5.9	4.8	5.
Lowell	154.4	160.4	157.0	5.8	7.1	6.6	3.8	4.4	4.
New Bedford	83.8	82.2	81.4	5.8	5.4	6.1	6.9	6.6	7.
Pittsfield	49.5	49.0	49.7	2.3	1.7	2.1	4.5	3.6	4.
Springfield	272.8	273.6	271.3	12.6	11.1	11.8	4.6	4.1	4.
Worcester	203.4	205.8	204.0	8.9	7.7	8.8	4.4	3.7	4.
tichigon!	4,506.9	4,399.4	4,393.3	508.7	449.8	475.7	11.3	10.2	10.
Alchigan ¹	152.7				_ !		-		1 2
Ann Arbor		(²)	(2)	11.1	(2)	(2)	7.2	(²)	(²)
Battle Creek	64.4	(²)	(²)	6.6	(²)	(²)	10.2	(²)	(2)
Benton Harbor	73.6	(2)	(²)	9.1	(²)	(²)	12.4	(²)	(²)
Detroit	2,130.9	(2)	(2)	243.3	(²)	(²)	11.4	(²)	(²)
Flint	194.9	(²)	(²)	22.8	(²)	(²)	11.7	(²)	(²)
Grand Rapids	352.9	(²)	(²)	32.2	(²)	(²)	9.1	(²)	(2)
Jackson	65.7	(²)	(²)	8.1	(²)	(²)	12.4	(²)	(²)
Kalamazoo	115.7	(²)	(²)	8.8	(²)	(²)	7.6	(²)	(²)
Lansing-East Lansing	229.3	(2)	(²)	27.5	(²)	(2)	12.0	(²)	(2)
Muskegon	70.1	(²)	(²)	8.5	(2)	(2)	12.2	(²)	(2)
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	191.8	(²)	(²)	25.2	(2)	(²)	13.1	(²)	(2)
di nnesota	2,267.0	2,266.1	2,257.3	129.5	112.2	120.8	5.7	5.0	5.
Duluth	105.9	102.6	99.7	9.8	7.8	10.4	9.2	7.6	10.
Minneapolis-St.Paul	1,264.0	1,273.7	1,268.5	60.5	51.6	56.3	4.8	4.1	4
Rochester	59.8	62.2	62.5	2.4	2.2	2.2	4.0	3.6	3
St. Cloud	81.2	82.0	81.2	6.0	5.4	5.2	7.3	6.6	6
Mississippi	1,082.6	1,114.4	1,134.4	121.8	113.8	123.6	11.2	10.2	10
Jackson	1 '	187.6	189.6	13.8	12.7	13.5	7.8	6.8	7.
Missouri	2,392.4	2,499.7	2,497.0	167.7	167.0	158.5	7.0	6.7	6.
Kansas City	740.8	773.2	777.0	39.3	35.9	34.7	5.3	4.6	4
St. Joseph	1 1	42.4	42.9	3.3	2.9	3.0	7.7	6.9	6
and the second s					1		7.7	1	1
St. Louis	1,178.1	1,221.8	1,218.3	92.4	102.4	89.8		8.4	7
Springfield	117.5	119.2	119.7	5.9	6.4	5.6	5.1	5.4	4
Montana	420.5	426.8	418.9	29.4	29.2	28.2	7.0	6.8	6
Nebraska	820.6	829.3	825.2	32.8	42.4	41.8	4.0	5.1	5
Lincoln	110.8	112.8	111.7	3.3	3.9	3.8	3.0	3.4	3
Omaha	305.8	310.5	307.3	14.8	18.4	17.8	4.8	5.9	5
Nevada	498.4	508.1	511.3	38.5	40.3	42.0	7.7	7.9	8
	1		284.9	24.9	24.8	25.9	9.0	1	
Las Vegas Reno		284.2 137.8	139.2	7.2	8.4	8.9	9.0 5.4	8.7 6.1	9
						İ			1
New Hampshire		543.2	551.9	28.5	24.1	28.1	5.4	4.4	5
Manchester Nashua		86.4 96.6	88.1 96.5	3.7 3.3	2.8 4.2	3.7 4.3	4.2 3.5	3.2 4.4	4
Many January1	2 000 0	0.000.0	2.072.0	040-	0440				.
New Jersey ¹		3,900.9	3,970.9	246.7	214.3	237.7	6.3	5.5	6
Atlantic City		197.1	207.9	14.0	12.3	12.8	6.9	6.2	6
Bergen-Passaic		745.1	749.4	43.6	37.9	42.1	5.9	5.1	5
Jersey City		240.4	246.9	27.7	23.6	25.5	11.1	9.8	10
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		557.2	567.5	28.2	22.4	26.6	5.1	4.0	4
Monmouth-Ocean		449.3	461.0	23.0	19.4	21.4	5.2	4.3	4
Newark		946.3	963.1	62.5	56.2	62.7	6.6	5.9	6
Trenton		167.0	169.9	8.9	7.8	9.0	5.3	4.7	1 .
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	. 58.3	54.6	55.8	7.3	5.4	5.8	12.5	9.9	10
New Mexico	632.4	646.0	646.4	46.1	59.0	61.1	7.3	9.1	9
Albuquerque		244.3	244.8	14.4	17.0	17.7	6.1	7.0	7
Las Cruces		44.7	42.2	3.4	4.6	4.6	8.6	10.3	10

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	<u>~</u>	lian laber fo	roo			Unemp			
State and area	Civi	lian labor for	rce		Number			Percent of labor force	
	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985 ^p	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985 ^p	July 1984	June 1985	Ju 198
ew York'	8,341.3	8,289.2	8,478.2	680.1	548.9	516.0	8.2	6.6	6
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		409.3	417.5	23.8	23.1	22.2	5.8	5.6	5
Binghamton		129.0	131.0	6.5	8.9	8.6	5.1	6.9	ΙĞ
Buffalo		440.1	446.0	39.1	34.7	32.4	8.8	7.9	7
Elmira	_ 1	36.4	37.1	2.8	3.7	3.6	7.5	10.2	g
Glens Falls		50.4	53.7	3.0	3.6	3.2	5.8	7.1	5
			1,494.1	81.3	74.0	70.0	5.6	5.1	2
Nassau-Suffolk		1,457.8 3,780.8	3,856.8	391.5	264.0	249.5	10.3	7.0	Ē
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3,122.0		362.0	232.0	220.0	11.5	1	6
New York City¹		115.6	3,181.0 118.1	6.7	7.2	6.6	5.8	7.4 6.2	9
Orange County	, ,				,	1			
Poughkeepsie		118.2	122.8	5.7	4.6	4.4	4.7	3.9	
Rochester		479.9	492.3	28.1	27.7	25.1	5.8	5.8	1 3
Syracuse		309.2	316.9	18.0	19.6	18.2	5.7	6.3	
Utica-Rome	135.3	136.7	140.1	9.4	11.1	10.1	6.9	8.2	
orth Carolina ¹		3,115.0 87.2	3,145.9 88.5	212.0 5.7	170.2	177.2 4.0	6.9 6.6	5.5	!
Asheville		1			4.2			4.8	'
		566.4	565.8	32.9	31.8	30.9	5.9	5.6	
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		485.2	485.7	27.2	22.0	23.2	5.7	4.5	
Raleigh-Durham	360.8	382.3	384.7	13.4	10.9	10.5	3.7	2.8	
orth Dakota		349.4	361.8	16.4	18.6	18.9	4.6	5.3	
Bismarck		44.4	44.3	2.7	2.9	2.6	6.1	6.6	
Fargo-MoorheadGrand Forks		80.2 31.7	80.8 32.2	3.1 1.3	3.0 1.1	2.9 1.1	4.0 4.4	3.7 3.5	Ì
Nia1	5,295.7	5,156.6	5,248.8	447.4	440.2	487.7	8.4	8.5	
hio¹Akron	1 '	299.6	305.1						
_				26.8	26.1	27.4	8.6	8.7	.
Canton		185.8	189.9	17.2	19.1	21.3	9.1	10.3	1
Cincinnati		710.0	722.6	55.8	50.5	56.2	7.8	7.1	
Cleveland		920.7	942.1	78.9	77.1	84.5	8.2	8.4	
Columbus		678.0	688.0	48.2	43.3	49.1	7.0	6.4	
Dayton-Springfield		450.4	459.0	33.0	31.0	34.9	7.2	6.9	
Toledo		290.4	296.3	26.5	23.5	27.6	8.8	8.1	
Youngstown-Warren	223.6	215.2	218.1	22.5	23.3	24.6	10.1	10.8	1
klahoma		1,585.7	1,562.8	111.2	115.3	106.6	7.1	7.3	
Enid		31.4	31.1	1.9	2.2	1.9	6.1	6.9	
Lawton		42.9	42.1	2.4	2.3	2.0	5.8	5.4	
Oklahoma City		510.2 364.8	504.7 367.1	26.9 26.6	31.6 25.9	29.3 23.8	5.3 7.3	6.2 7.1	
regon	1,342.6	1,334.0	1,325.3	119.7	125.1	118.8	8.9	9.4	
Eugene-Springfield	128.1	130.4	127.8	11.6	12.1	11.4	9.1	9.3	
Portland	618.6	612.9	614.6	47.1	48.7	48.2	7.6	7.9	
Salem	124.1	125.9	122.7	9.9	10.8	9.6	8.0	8.6	
ennsylvania¹		5,685.0	5,738.1	539.9	517.3	450.3	9.5	9.1	
Allentown-Bethlehem		325.6	330.3	30.0	27.9	27.0	9.3	8.6	
Altoona		58.7	59.7	6.9	6.1	5.8	11.7	10.4	1
Beaver County		81.6	79.6	11.0	11.7	9.8	13.7	14.3	1
Erie		128.7	129.4	12.1	13.1	10.4	9.5	10.2	
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		321.6	326.5	19.0	19.6	17.7	6.0	6.1	
Johnstown		104.9	105.4	15.5	13.7	11.7	14.9	13.1	1
Lancaster		201.1	205.3	9.7	10.7	10.1	4.9	5.3	
Philadelphia		2,313.1	2,339.1	167.0	160.3	140.9	7.3	6.9	
Pittsburgh		989.6	997.1	118.8	103.6	90.2	11.8	10.5	
Reading		172.8	171.4	12.3	15.8	13.6	7.5	9.2	
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre		352.0	357.5	43.7	36.3	34.6	12.3	10.3	
Sharon		50.6	49.7	6.4	5.7	4.3	12.4	11.2	
State College		54.3	55.5	4.4	4.4	3.5	8.3	8.2	
WilliamsportYork		53.7 193.4	53.9 195.4	5.9 17.4	5.7 16.4	4.9 15.1	10.9 9.1	10.6 8.5	
	{								
hode Island		503.4	504.0	28.2	26.4	28.4	5.7	5.2	
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro Providence		138.0 335.8	139.1 333.5	9.9 18.6	9.1 17.3	10.6 18.1	7.2 5.6	6.6 5.2	
outh Carolina	1,503.1	1,596.0	1,593.5	110.5	96.6	106.1	7.4	6.1	
Charleston		205.6	204.2	10.5	8.4	9.2	7.4 5.8	4.1	
Columbia		216.5	213.7	10.3	7.6	7.5	5.1	3.5	
Greenville-Spartanburg		310.6	307.8	18.4	16.1	17.7	6.4	5.2	
outh Dakota	360.7	364.7	363.7	13.5	19.3	19.4	3.8	5.3	

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA **NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	C	lian labor for				Unemp	-		
State and area	CIVI	iian iabor ior	ce		Number			Percent of labor force	
	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985 ^p	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985P	July 1984	June 1985	July 1985
ennessee	2,251.3	2,264.4	2,288.8	197.3	181.4	198.0	8.8	8.0	8.:
Chattanooga		205.7	209.2	15.8	14.1	16.0	7.8	6.9	7.
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol		209.6	212.1	17.9	16.4	17.7	8.5	7.8	8.4
Knoxville		262.0	262.3	22.7	20.0	20.5	8.6	7.6	7.8
Memphis LMA		435.4	439.0	30.8	28.3	29.3	7.2	6.5	6.
Nashville	481.2	494.2	497.5	28.0	24.0	25.3	5.8	4.9	5.
'exas¹		8,055.0	8,163.7	509.9	624.0	624.8	6.3	7.7	7.
Abilene		64.1	64.9	3.0	3.6	3.8	4.7	5.6	5.
Amarillo		103.0	104.3	5.0	6.4	6.2	4.8	6.2	5.
Austin		395.8	400.2	13.7	20.4	20.2	3.6	5.2	5.
Beaumont-Port Arthur		176.4	179.9	22.4	25.4	26.5	11.9	14.4	14.
Brazoria		85.2	86.1	5.7	7.7	7.9	6.6	9.1	9.
Brownsville-Harlingen		94.6	94.8	13.8	14.8	14.1	14.5	15.7	14.
Bryan-College Station		56.8 173.9	59.3 176.6	2.4	3.0	3.3	4.1 8.9	5.2 9.4	5.0 9.
Corpus Christi	1	1,321.7	1,347.0	15.5 51.5	16.3 69.4	17.2 70.2	3.9	9.4 5.3	5.
Dallas		210.1	209.4	21.0	26.1	24.9	10.2	12.4	11.
El Paso		623.2	635.1	21.0 26.4	33.4	35.8	4.2	5.4	5.
Fort Worth-Arlington		99.5	99.5	9.8	11.6	11.9	10.1	11.7	11.
Houston		1,709.6	1,737.1	122.2	144.2	146.6	7.1	8.4	8.
Killeen-Temple		80.6	82.3	4.8	5.9	6.1	5.9	7.3	7.
Laredo		40.2	40.6	7.0	6.2	5.9	17.2	15.3	14.
Longview-Marshall		78.7	79.5	6.9	8.7	8.4	8.5	11.1	10.
Lubbock		114.9	115.0	6.5	10.1	7.6	5.7	8.8	6.
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission		122.8	117.5	24.8	24.2	24.8	21.0	19.7	21.
Midland		65.4	66.5	2.9	3.4	3.6	4.3	5.2	5.
Odessa		69.0	70.3	3.8	4.4	4.5	5.4	6.4	6.
San Angelo		51.8	52.4	2.3	3.2	3.1	4.4	6.1	5.
San Antonio		547.4	555.0	29.5	38.2	37.2	5.4	7.0	6.
Sherman-Denison		43.4	44.2	2.3	3.5	3.5	5.2	8.1	7.
Texarkana	51.0	52.9	53.6	3.9	5.0	4.7	7.7	9.5	8.
Tyler		82.4	83.1	4.4	5.5	5.5	5.2	6.6	6.
Victoria		39.2	39.4	2.4	3.0	3.0	6.1	7.6	7.
Waco		93.8 62.5	95.2 63.0	4.5 3.0	5.7 3.8	6.3 3.7	4.8 4.7	6.1 6.0	6. 5.
Jtah	726.3	741.9	746.4	44.3	44.5	42.6	6.1	6.0	5.
Provo-Orem		91.7	91.4	5.4	6.0	5.4	6.1	6.5	5.
Salt Lake City-Odgen		475.6	479.3	26.0	26.2	25.9	5.6	5.5	5.
/ermont	272.0	272.2	274.5	12.8	13.3	13.3	4.7	4.9	4.
Burlington	71.4	72.5	73.8	2.6	2.7	2.4	3.6	3.8	3.
Virginia		2,930.6	2,913.7	148.8	157.6	168.0	5.2	5.4	5.
Charlottesville		73.1	68.7	3.1	3.0	3.8	4.4	4.1	5.
Danville		55.5	54.9	4.5	4.9	5.2	8.3	8.8	9. 5.
Lynchburg		74.9	73.4	3.6	4.6	4.3	4.9	6.1	1
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News Richmond-Petersburg		581.2 409.2	575.9 405.8	28.0 19.2	28.8 19.2	27.2 18.2	4.9 4.8	5.0 4.7	4.
Roanoke		121.1	121.1	4.9	5.6	5.8	4.2	4.6	4
Washington		2,143.0	2,103.0	188.7	173.0	165.2	9.1	8.1	7.
Seattle		955.9	947.0	67.9	65.4	61.1	7.4	6.8	6
West Virginia		758.3	769.1	107.5	90.6	102.8	13.9	12.0	13
Charleston		124.2	125.7	14.6	12.0	12.6	11.6	9.7	10
Huntington-Ashland		122.5	123.9	17.2	13.5	15.3	13.4	11.0	12
Parkersburg-Marietta		73.5 77.5	73.3 78.3	8.2 10.0	7.8 9.2	8.4 9.7	11.1 12.4	10.6 11.9	11 12
•	ļ								
Wisconsin Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah		2,407.3 157.5	2,394.5 157.4	162.8 9.9	158.0 10.2	159.4 10.2	6.8 6.4	6.6 6.5	6
Appreton-Osnkosn-Neenan		59.5	157.4 59.9	4.2	4.3	4.5	7.1	7.3	7
Green Bay		98.6	97.3	5.9	6.1	5.5	6.0	6.1	5
Janesville-Beloit		69.9	68.4	4.8	4.6	4.6	6.8	6.5	6
Kenosha		53.1	52.7	3.8	4.8	5.6	7.0	9.0	10
La Crosse		49.2	48.7	3.0	2.9	2.8	6.2	5.8	5
Madison		197.6	196.3	9.3	8.3	8.1	4.9	4.2	4
Milwaukee		716.2	707.1	46.1	44.3	44.4	6.5	6.2	6
Racine		85.8	85.0	6.6	7.4	7.6	7.7	8.6	8
Sheboygan	55.2	53.2	53.7	3.3	3.3	3.2	5.9	6.1	6
Wausau	54.2	53.6	53.4	4.4	4.4	4.2	8.1	8.3	7
Wyoming	261.8	269.2	261.1	14.7	16.4	16.2	5.6	6.1	

Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey. Official estimates for North Carolina prior to 1985 are not derived from the Current Population Survey. See the Explanatory Notes for State and Area Labor Force Data.
 Not available.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Estimates for 1984 have been benchmarked to 1984 Current Population Survey annual averages. Except in the 11 States and 2 areas designated by footnote 1, estimates for 1985 are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. publication.

p = preliminary.

Explanatory Notes

Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers for a sample of about 59,500 households, representing 729 areas in 1,973 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The establishment survey is designed to provide industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are currently based on payroll reports from a sample of over 200,000 establishments employing over 35 million nonagricultural wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full- or part-time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th day of the month.

RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other

because of differences in definitions and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two series are as follows.

Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises, and members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States. Civilian employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once and are classified according the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

For a comprehensive discussion of the differences between household and establishment survey employment data, see Gloria P. Green's article "Comparing Employment Estimates From Household and Payroll Surveys," *Monthly Labor Review*, December 1969.

Hours of work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

Earnings

The household survey measures median earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the household survey earnings series, see *Technical Description of the Quarterly Data on Weekly Earnings from the Current Population Survey*, BLS Bulletin 2113.

COMPARABILITY OF THE HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). Beginning in January 1978, coverage was extended to include domestic workers whose employers paid \$1,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, agricultural employees whose employers engaged 10 or more workers in 20 weeks or paid a total of \$20,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, and almost all State and local government employees.

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the Economics and Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

COMPARABILITY OF THE PAYROLL EMPLOY-MENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP), published by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonagricultural wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, certain activities, such as interstate railroads, parochial schools, and churches are not covered by unemployment insurance whereas these are included in the BLS establishment statistics.

Household Data (A tables)

COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other characteristics of the employed, the unemployed, and persons not in the labor force, and related data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, BLS Report 463. Historical national data are published in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey: A Databook, BLS Bulletin 2096.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted with a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. Separate statistics are also collected for 14- and 15-year-olds. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 14 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations, and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this report. Data on the members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States, who are included as part of the categories "noninstitutional population," "labor force," and "total employment." are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Each month about 59,500 occupied units are eligible for interview. About 2,500 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of between 4 or 5 percent. In addition to the 59,500 occupied units, there are 11,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not to be enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from 1 month to the next and one half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those used since 1967 are as follows:

Employed persons are (a) all civilians who, during the survey week, did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labormanagement disputes, or personal reasons, whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States are also included in the employed total.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons are all civilians who had no employment during the survey week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and (a) had made specific efforts to find employment someting during the prior 4 weeks, or (b) were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off, or (c) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Measurements of mean and median duration are computed from a distribution of single weeks of unemployment.

Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into four major groups. (1) Job losers are persons whose employment ended involuntarily who immediately began looking for work, and persons on layoff. (2) Job leavers are persons who quit or otherwise terminated

their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work. (3) Reentrants are persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer but were out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work. (4) New entrants are persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer. Each of these four categories of the unemployed may be expressed as an unemployment rate or proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers.

Jobseekers are all unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week. Jobseekers do not include those persons unemployed because they (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or (b) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work, including going to a public or private employment agency or to an employer directly, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or utilizing some other method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point.

The civilian labor force comprises all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The labor force also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The overall unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force, including members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The unemployment rate for all civilian workers represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, etc.

Participation rates represent the proportion of the population that is in the labor force. The labor force participation rate is the ratio of the labor force, including the resident Armed Forces, to the noninstitutional population. The civilian labor force participation rate is the ratio of the civilian labor force to the civilian noninstitutional population. Civilian labor force participation rates are usually published for sex-age groups, often cross-classified by other demographic characteristics such as race and educational attainment.

Employment-population ratios represent the proportion of the noninstitutional population that is employed. The total employment-population ratio is total employment, including the resident Armed Forces,

as a percent of the noninstitutional population. The civilian employment-population ratio is the percentage of all employed civilians in the civilian noninstitutional population.

Not in the labor force includes all persons who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as engaged in own home housework, in school, unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness, retired, and other. The "other" group includes individuals reported as too old or temporarily unable to work, the voluntarily idle, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season and who were not reported as looking for work, and persons who did not look for work because they believed that no jobs were available in the area or that no jobs were available for which they could qualify—discouraged workers. Persons doing only incidental, unpaid family work (less than 15 hours in the specified week) are also classified as not in labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work, desire for a job at the time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are published on a quarterly basis. As of January 1970, the detailed questions for persons not in the labor force are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for 3 previous months and would not be in for the subsequent month. Between 1967 and 1969 these questions were asked in those households entering the sample for the first time and those returning for the second 4 months of interviewing, i.e., the "incoming" groups.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their last full-time job lasting 2 weeks or more. The classifications of occupations and industries used in data derived from the CPS are defined as in the 1980 census. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies wage and salary workers subdivided into private and government workers; self-employed workers; and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to

whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

The distribution of employment by hours worked relates to persons at work during the survey week. At work data differ from data on total employment because the latter include persons in the zero-hours-worked category, with a job but not at work. Included in this latter group are persons who were on vacation, ill, involved in a labor dispute, or otherwise absent from their jobs for voluntary, noneconomic reasons.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more in the survey week are designated as working full time. Persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working part time. Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or other reasons). Economic reasons include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of a job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. Other reasons include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home, housework, school, no desire for full-time work, and full-time worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1 to 34 hours for noneconomic reasons and usually work full time.

The full-time labor force consists of persons working on full-time schedules, persons involuntarily working part time (part time for economic reasons), and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The part-time labor force consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Persons with a job but not at work during the survey week are classified according to whether they usually work full or part time.

Labor force time lost is a measure of aggregate hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available aggregate hours. It is computed by assuming that; (1) unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) those working for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers during the survey week, and (3) persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

White, black, and other are terms used to describe the race of workers. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. All tables in this publication which contain racial data, with the exception of A-5 and its annual counterpart, present data for the black population group. Because of their relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican living on the mainland, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings data are provided from responses to the question "How much does ... USUAL-LY earn per week at this job before deductions?" Included are any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding the incorporated self-employed) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$10 interval within which each median falls.

The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used to deflate the earnings series.

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status are terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were reported as members of the same household even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent, includes persons who are separated because of marital discord, as well as persons who are living apart because either the husband or the wife was employed and living away from home, serving in the Armed Forces, or had a different place of residence for any reason.

A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters.

A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family refers to a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family even though they may include a related subfamily, that is, a married couple or a parent-child group related by birth or marriage to the householder and sharing the living quarters. The count of families used in this publication excludes unrelated subfamilies such as lodgers, guests, or resident employees living in a household but not related to the householder. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other persons maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

Change in lower age limit

The lower age limit for official statistics on the labor force, employment, and unemployment was raised from 14 to 16 years of age in January 1967. Insofar as possible, historical series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the population 16 years and over. For a detailed discussion of this and other definitional changes introduced at that time, including estimates of their effect on the various series, see "New Definitions for Employment and Unemployment," Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force, February 1967.

Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the changes introduced in 1967, there are several other periods of noncomparability in the labor force data: (1) Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and

men; other categories were relatively unaffected. (2) Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force, four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected. (3) Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged. (4) Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; and unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. (5) A subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced in March 1973. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.

In addition, beginning in January 1974, the methodology used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an inflation-deflation approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year-old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation", in the February 1974 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Effective in July 1975, as a result of the immigration of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000—30,000 men and 46,000 women. The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, and all of the changes were in the other population.

Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.

Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio estimation method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure are derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in total population and estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 that are described above, and data users should make allowances for them in making certain data comparisons.

Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment methodology was updated to account for results obtained from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.

Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure—the noninterview adjust-

ment, the first and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite estimator—were revised. The new procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin, which have been revised, to the extent possible, back to January 1980.

Changes in the occupational and industrial classification system

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisons of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of Employment and Earnings.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. These systems differ from those developed for the 1970 census which were used in the CPS from January 1971 through December 1982.

The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved from the Standard Occupational Classification system (SOC). While the CPS occupational data are now comparable with other data sources, the new system is so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers". Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification system (SIC), as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had much less of an adverse

effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation", and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration."

Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Changes in the sample design

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. Most of these changes were made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates.

One major change made after every decennial census is to change the sample design to make use of the recently collected census materials. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are increased occasionally. In 1953, the current rotation plan was introduced in which a sample unit is interviewed for 4 months, leaves the sample for 8 months, and then returns to the sample for another 4 months. When Alaska and Hawaii achieved statehood, three more sample areas were added to account for the population in these States. After the 1960 census, selection of a major portion of the sample from census address lists was begun, though a portion of the sample is still collected using area sampling. Following the 1970 census, the ultimate sampling unit was changed from a noncontiguous cluster of six housing units to a usually contiguous cluster of four housing units. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia and designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States, was incorporated into the design. In October 1978 a coverage improvement sample, composed of approximately 450 sample household units which represented 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units, was included in computing the estimates in order to provide coverage of mobile homes and new construction units that previously had no chance for selection in the CPS sample selected from the 1970 census frame. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added to the existing sample. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. Beginning in January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to SMSA's, which were redefined in 1973.

Beginning in 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was

selected based on 1980 census information rather than 1970 census information. The selection of new sample areas provided an opportunity to improve the efficiency of the sample design. Sample areas chosen to replace incoming sample areas account for only 10 percent of the national estimate. The new CPS sample has resulted in increased reliability for State estimates with a slightly reduced sample size. The reliability of national estimates is unaffected. Sample households are chosen from 729 sample areas, which represent 1,973 geographic areas in the United States. This current number of sample areas is not completely comparable to the old number of sample areas since many of the sample areas have been redefined. (See pp. 7-10 of the May 1984 issue of Employment and Earnings, for an overview of these new definitions and the introduction of the new sample.)

Table A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use during the different data collection periods. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in the Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Beginning in 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State will have the same probability of selection. These estimates are then adjusted for noninterviews, and the ratio estimation procedure is applied.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately by combinations of similar sample areas that are not necessarily contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within each combination of sample areas there is a further breakdown by residence. MSA sample areas are categorized by central city and the balance of the MSA. Residence categories of non-MSA areas are urban and rural. The proportion of sample households not inter-

Table A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to date

Time period	Number of sample	Number of sample Households eligible		
Time period	areas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	Households visited but not eligible
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954	68	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956	230	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
May 1956 to Dec. 1959	1330	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963	²333	33,500	1,500	6,000
Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966 .	357	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1967 to July 1971 .	449	48,000	2,000	8,500
Aug. 1971 to July 1972	449	45,000	2,000	8,000
Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977	461	45,000	2,000	8,000
Jan. 1978 to Dec. 1979 .	614	53,500	2,500	10,000
Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981	629	62,200	2,800	12,000
May 1981 to Dec. 1984	629	57,800	2,500	11,000
Jan. 1985 to present	729	57,000	2,500	11,000

¹ Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia.

viewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.

2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole, in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and residence. Since these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:

a. First-stage ratio estimate. In the CPS, a portion of the 729 sample areas is chosen to represent other areas not in the sample; the remainder of the sample areas represent only themselves. The first-stage ratio estimation procedure was designed to reduce the portion of the variance resulting from requiring sample areas to represent nonsample areas. Therefore, this procedure is not applied to sample areas which represent only themselves. The adjustment is made at the State level for each of the 43 States which contains nonsample areas by race cells of black and non-black. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each cell at the time of the 1980 census between the race distribution of the population in sample areas and the known race distribution of the State.

b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this stage, the sample proportions of persons in specific categories are adjusted to the distribution of independent current estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population in the same categories. The second-stage ratio adjustment which is performed to further reduce variability of the estimates and to correct to some extent for CPS undercoverage relative to the decennial census, is carried out in three steps. In the first step, the sample estimates are adjusted within each State and the District of Columbia

to an independent control for the population 16 years and over for the State. The second step involves an adjustment by Hispanic origin to a national estimate for 8 age-sex categories by Hispanic and non-Hispanic. In the third step, a national adjustment is made by the race categories of white, black, and other races to independent estimates by age and sex. The white and black categories contain 32 age-sex groups each while the other races category has 6 age-sex cells. The entire second-stage adjustment procedure is iterated six times, each time beginning at the weights developed the previous time. This ensures that the sample estimates of the population for both State and national age-sex-raceorigin categories will be virtually equal to the independent population control totals. This second-stage adjustment procedure incorporates changes instituted in January 1985. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of Employment and Earnings.

The controls by State for the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over are an arithmetic extrapolation of the trend in the growth of this segment of the population from the April 1, 1980, census through the latest available July 1 estimate, adjusted as a last step to a current estimate of the U.S. population of this group. State estimates by age for July 1 are published annually in *Current Population Reports*, Series P-25. For a description of the methodology used in developing the State total, use Report 640 of that series. A description of the age estimates methodology is available on request from the Chief of the Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Prior to January 1985, there was no separate control for Hispanics in the second-stage ratio procedure. These Hispanic controls are prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census count for Hispanics by adding estimated Hispanic births and immigrants and subtracting estimated Hispanic deaths and emigrants to yield an

² Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

estimate of the Hispanic population by age and sex.

During the period from January 1982 to December 1984, the "inflation-deflation" method was temporarily discontinued in the preparation of the independent national controls used for the age-sex-race groups in the third step of the second-stage ratio estimation procedure. These controls were prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census data after taking account of subsequent aging of the population, births, deaths, and net migration and then subtracting the estimate for the institutional population and Armed Forces. Beginning in January 1985, the "inflation-deflation" method of deriving independent population controls was reintroduced into the CPS estimation procedure. With the "inflation-deflation" method, the independent controls are prepared by inflating the 1980 census counts to include estimated undercounts by age, sex and race, aging this population forward to each subsequent month and later age by adding births and net migration, and subtracting deaths. These post-censal population estimates are then deflated to census level to reflect the pattern of net undercount in the most recent census by age, sex, and race. Because an estimate of undercount is first added and then subtracted, the size of each race-sex group is unaffected by the "inflation-deflation" method. Similarly, the final estimate is affected only by the age structure of the undercount, but not the level. This feature of the method is important since the exact amount of undercount in the 1980 census remains unknown.

Data on births and deaths between April 1, 1980, and the estimate date are based on tabulations of vital statistics for the resident population made by the National Center for Health Statistics and data on deaths of military personnel overseas from the Department of Defense. Estimates of net civilian immigration are based on data provided by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Puerto Rico Planning Board. The civilian noninstitutional population is derived by subtracting the Armed Forces and the institutional population for the estimate date from the total including Armed Forces overseas. The institutional population is computed by applying institutional proportions derived from the 1980 census to the total population, including Armed Forces overseas for the estimate date. All computations described above are performed in cells defined by single year of age, race, and sex. The independent national control totals are then obtained by collapsing these cells into broader age groups for the population 16 years and older.

3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75)

percent), as well as the sample results for the current month. Also included is an additional term which is an estimate of the net difference between incoming and continuing parts of the current month's sample. Almost all estimates of month-to-month change are improved by this procedure, and most estimates of level are also improved, but to a lesser extent.

Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided primarily indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, inability to recall information, errors made in collection such as in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data, and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey have been studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the Current Population Survey Reinterview Program, January 1961 through December 1966.

Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in the "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates from Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the decennial census, undercoverage is about 6 percent. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women, and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races combined than for whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race-origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-origin group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980 census.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in "An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey," by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive and up-to-date discussion of various sources of error, and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated error were calculated from each sample, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from

one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard error above the estimate would include the average of all possible samples.
- 3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a large number of estimates and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations are required. First, the standard errors in this volume reflect the sample design and estimation procedures in effect prior to the expansions for State estimates. Thus, these standard errors may slightly overstate the standard errors applicable to the present design. Second, instead of computing an individual standard error for each estimate, generalized sets of standard errors are computed for various types of characteristics. This generalization yields more stable estimates of the standard errors. Consequently, the sets of standard errors provided give an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error of an estimate rather than the precise standard error.

Tables B and C show approximate standard errors for major employment status characteristics for monthly estimates and for changes for consecutive months. These standard errors are applicable to the level of the estimates in recent months.

Tables D through H provide generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for estimated totals, unemployment rates, and percentages. Table I contains factors for use with table H for computing standard errors, as described below, for monthly level and month-to-month change for percentages. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the table may be approximated by linear interpolation. The standard error for estimated changes from one month to the next is more closely related to the monthly level for the characteristic than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the generalized standard errors for month-to-month change as given in the tables of standard errors, it is necessary to obtain the monthly estimate for the characteristic. It should be noted that the tables of standard errors for month-to-month change apply only to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. Estimates of change for nonconsecutive months are subject to higher standard errors. Table J contains factors for use with tables D, F, H, and I to compute approximate standard errors for levels, labor force participation rates, and percentages as pertaining to the year-to-year change of

Table B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(In thousands)

		Standard	d error of—
Employment status, sex, age, and race		Monthly level	Month-to- month change (con secutive months only
Total, 16 years and over:			
Civilian labor force		252	193
Employed		270	205
Unemployed		137	138
Men, 20 years and over:			
Civilian labor force		152	131
Employed		167	146
Unemployed		96	96
Women, 20 years and over:			
Civilian labor force		190	143
Employed		190	147
Unemployed		83	86
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:			
Civilian labor force		83	90
Employed		86	97
Unemployed		58	64
Black, 16 years and over:	. 1	•	
Civilian labor force		87	66
Employed	. 1	95	71
Unemployed		66	69
Men, 20 years and over:		•	
Civilian labor force	- 1	50	44
Employed		57	51
Unemployed		45	48
Women, 20 years and over:	. 1		
Civilian labor force		67	47
Employed	. 1	67	49
Unemployed	[]	43	46
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:			
Civilian labor force		32	37
Employed		27	31
Unemployed		30	32

monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. Note that standard errors for changes in quarterly and yearly estimates apply only to consecutive quarters and years. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors must be adjusted due to the differences in the sample size. For years prior to 1956, the standard errors should be multiplied by 1.50, and for the 1956-66 period, they should be multiplied by 1.22. Table K provides generalized standard errors for quarterly estimates of persons and families for use with the CPS earnings data.

Standard errors for estimated totals. Tables D and E provide generalized standard errors for monthly totals and for month-to-month change. The figures given in these tables are to be used for the characteristics as indicated.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month the number of persons working a specific number of hours was 12,000,000, an increase of 400,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the second column of table D shows that the standard error on an estimate of 12,000,000 is about 159,000. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 11,841,000 to 12,159,000. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Recall that the standard error of a month-to-month change is

Table C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

	Standard	error of—		Standard	error of—
Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive month change
Total (all civilian workers)	0.12	0.12	Occupation—Continued		
Men, 20 years and over	.16	.16	•		}
Women, 20 years and over	.18	.19	Precision production, craft, and repair	0.38	0.42
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.66	.78	Machine operators, assemblers, and		i
White workers	10	.13	inspectors	.52	.59
Black workers	.55	.58	Transportation and material moving	.68	.78
Married men, spouse present	16	.17	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and	İ	
Married women, spouse present	22	.23	laborers	.80	.93
Full-time workers	.13	.13	Farming, forestry, and fishing	.88	1.01
Part-time workers	.13	.13	1.4.4.	}	
Unemployed 15 weeks and over	.07	.09	Industry		
Offerniployed 15 weeks and over .		.09	Nonagricultural private wage and salary	1	ł
		1	workers.	.14	.15
Occupation	·	}	Mining	1.47	1.68
			Construction	.71	.81
Executive, administrative, and managerial.	.25	.28	Manufacturing	.28	31
Professional specialty	20	.23	Durable goods	.35	.39
Technicians and related support		.55	Nondurable goods	.33	.50
Sales	0.1	.35	Transportation, communications, and	.44	.50
	26	.35	oublic utilities	.43	.48
Administrative support, including clerical	1.28	1.45	Wholesale and retail trade	.28	.31
			Finance and considers	áa	.31
Protective service	.80	.90		.25	.24
Service, except private household and			Government workers		
protective	.41	.46	Agricultural wage and salary workers	1.29	1.50

Table D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly level

(In thousands)

				(Characteristic	1			
		Labor force	data other th	an unemploy	ment and agr	icultural empl	oyment data	Unempl	oyment
Estimated monthly level	Agricultural employment	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white men only, or women only	Black men only, or women only	Total or white	Black
50	14	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	11
100	19	15	15	15	15	14	14	15	16
500		34	34	33	29	32	31	33	35
1,000		48	47	46	33	45	42	47	49
2,000		68	64	63	-	63	55	66	67
4,000		95	84	80	_	87	66	93	88
6,000		116	94	86	-	105	58	113	99
8,000		133	97	83	_	120	23	129	-
10,000	-	147	94	70	_	132	- 1	143	-
15,000		177	50	_	 	155	- 1	172	_
20,000		201	-	-	_	170	_ [195	-
30,000		236	_	-	_	188	- 1	_	_
40,000	_	261	-	_	-	189	-	-	_
50,000	- [278	-	-	_	175	-	-	_
60,000	-	288	_	-	-	141	_	_	_
70,000	-	293	-	-	_	61	-	_	-
80,000	-	293	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
100,000		273	-	-	_	_	-	-	_
120,000	- 1	231	-	_	-	-	-	- 1	-
				L		ļ			

When determining the standard error of an estimate for a group which is a subset of the age, sex, or race groups listed, use the standard error for the next larger group, e.g., when determining the standard error

on the estimated number of employed persons age 20 to 54 years, use the column for total employed.

primarily dependent on the size of the monthly estimate. Thus, using linear interpolation in the first column of table E, the standard error on a month-to-month change of 400,000, when the monthly level is approximately 12,000,000, is about 118,000.

Standard errors for rates and percentages. The reliability of an estimated unemployment rate or an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the rate or percentage and the total upon which the rate or percentage is based. Estimated rates and percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerator of the rates or percentages; this is particularly true for percentages of 50 percent or more. As a general rule, percentages are not published when the monthly base is less than 75,000, the quarterly average base is less than 60,000, or the annual average base is less than 35,000.

Tables F and G show generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for unemployment rates. Generalized standard errors for estimated monthly percentages and estimated month-to-month change in percentage can be obtained through the use of the standard errors in table H and the factors in table I. First obtain the standard error from table H for the specific percentage and base. The generalized standard error is then calculated by multiplying the standard error from table H by the appropriate factor

from table I. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the factor indicated by the numerator of the percentage.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month 3.6 percent of a total of 90,771,000 employed persons are employed in agriculture. The standard error on an estimate of 3.6 percent with a base of 90,771,000 is obtained from table H (0.09 percent). The appropriate factor from table I for the numerator of the percentage, agricultural employment, is 1.26. The generalized standard error on the estimated 3.6 percent is then approximately 0.09 x 1.26 = 0.1 percentage point.

Standard errors for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. The approximate standard errors of levels, rates, and percentages involving year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages may be obtained by using table J in conjunction with the other tables. Standard errors for estimates of change are more closely related to the level of the estimate than to the size of the specific change. Thus, to obtain the standard error of an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, or an estimate of a change in level, rate, or percentage, it is first necessary to find the appropriate estimate of level. For an estimate

of an average level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of this estimate. For an estimate of change in level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of the average of the two estimates affecting the change. Then, after computing the standard error by treating these estimates as monthly estimates and using the procedures above, multiply this result by a suitable factor from table J to obtain the approximate standard error for the average or change.

Illustration. Suppose that one is interested in the year-to-year change of a monthly unemployment rate. Assume that for a certain month the unemployment rate is 6.9 percent, based on a total of 95,676,000 in the civilian labor force, and that a year prior to this the unemployment rate was 6.1 percent, based on a total of 94,254,000 in the civilian labor force for the month. First the standard error on the average of the two estimates, 6.5 percent with a base of 94,965,000, is obtained from table F (0.12 percentage point). The appropriate factor, then, from table J is 1.40. The approximate standard error on the change of 0.8 percent is then given by $0.12 \times 1.40 = 0.17 \text{ percentage point}$.

The approximate standard error of levels involving year-to-year change of quarterly estimates pertaining to CPS earnings data for persons and families may be obtained by using table K in conjunction with the following formula:

Where X is the estimate for one quarter and Y is the estimate for another quarter. The coefficient, P, is a measure of the correlation between the estimates X and Y resulting from the presence of some of the same respondents in the sample for each estimate. For consecutive year-to-year changes of quarterly estimates, the values of P are .30 for persons (total, white, and black) and .35 for families (total, white, and black). The respective values for estimates of Hispanics are .45 and .55.

Illustration. Assume that in a given quarter the number of women employed as full-time wage and salary workers was 27,000,000 and in the same quarter a year later, their number had increased to 29,000,000. Using linear interpolation in the eighth column of table K, the standard error of an estimate of 27,000,000 is 216,000; for 29,000,000 it is 221,000. Using the above formula, the standard error of the 2,000,000, year-to-year change is:

 $\sqrt{(216,000)^2 + (221,000)^2} - 2 (.30) (216,000) (221,000),$ or about 259,000.

Table E. Standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change

(In thousands)

		Characteristic ¹											
	Labor force da		unemployment a	nd agricultural		Unemplo	ymerit						
Estimated monthly level	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white	Both sexes 16 to 19 years, or part-time labor force ²	Black	Black, 16 to 19 years					
50	8	8	13	13	12	13	12	12					
100	11	11	18	18	16	18	17	18					
500	25	25	39	34	37	40	38	35					
1,000		35	54	36	51	54	52	37					
2,000		47	72	-	72	70	69	-					
4,000		62	88	-	99	78	85	l -					
6,000	86	70	88	-	118	60	87	-					
6,000	98	73	71	-	132	-	-	_					
10.000		71	-	-	143	_	-	-					
15,000	131	42		_	160	-	_	i -					
20,000		_	_	-	165	_	_	_					
30,000		_	-	-	_	- 1	_	_					
40.000		-	1 - 1	-	_	-	-	-					
50,000	203	-	1	-	_	1 - 1	_	_					
60,000		-	_	_	_	_	-	_					
70,000			- 1	_	-	-	-	_					
80.000		-		_	_	-	-	-					
100.000		-		_	-	- \	_	_					
120,000	153			-	-	-	-	-					

¹ See footnote 1, table D.

reentering the labor force, persons who left their last job, and persons by duration of unemployment.

² Part-time labor force for unemployment also includes persons

Table F. Standard errors for unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate (in	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)									
thousands)	1	2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50
50	2.09	2.94	4.57	6.28	7.46	8.34	9.01	9.05	9.87	10.21
00	1.48	2.08	3.23	4.44	5.28	5.90	6.37	6.73	6.98	7.22
600	.66	.93	1.45	1.99	2.36	2.64	2.85	3.01	3.12	3.27
,000	.47	.66	1.02	1.40	1.67	1.87	2.01	2.13	2.21	2.28
2,000	.33	.46	.72	.99	1.18	1.32	1.42	1.50	1.56	1.61
,000	.23	.33	.51	.70	.83	.93	1.01	1.06	1.10	1.14
5,000	.19	.27	.42	.57	.68	.76	.82	.87	.90	.93
0,000	.15	.21	.32	.44	.53	.59	.64	.67	.70	.72
0,000	.10	.15	.23	.31	.37	.42	.45	.47	.49	.51
0,000	.06	.08	.13	.18	.21	.24	.26	.27	.27	.29
00,000	.05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.20	.21	.22	.22

Table G. Standard errors for month-to-month change in unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate (In	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)									
thousands)	1	2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50
50	2.32	3.28	5.14	7.18	8.69	9.90	10.93	11.81	12.58	14.48
100	1.64	2.32	3.64	5.08	6.14	7.00	7.12	8.35	8.89	10.17
500	.73	1.04	1.63	2.27	2.74	3.13	3.45	3.73	3.97	4.53
1,000	.52	.73	1.15	1.60	1.94	2.21	2.44	2.63	2.80	3.19
2.000	.37	.52	.81	1.13	1.37	1.56	1.72	1.85	1.97	2.24
4,000	.26	.37	.57	.80	.96	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.38	1.56
5,000	.21	.30	.47	.65	.78	.89	.98	1.05	1.11	_
10,000	.16	.23	.36	.50	.60	.68	.75	.80	-	_
20,000	.12	.16	.25	.35	.42	.47	.51	.54	_	_
30,000	.07	.09	.14	.19	.22	.23	.24	_	-	_
100,000	.05	.07	.11	.14	.15	.15	_	_	_	_

Table H. Standard errors for estimated percentages and month-to-month change in percentages for labor force data

Monthly base of percentages	Percentage of monthly level									
(In thousands)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	20 or 80	25 or 75	30 or 70	35 or 65	50
50	2.14	3.01	4.69	6.46	7.68	8.61	9.32	9.86	10.27	10.76
100	1.51	2.13	3.32	4.57	5.43	6.09	6.59	6.97	7.26	7.6
500	.68	.95	1.48	2.04	2.43	2.72	2.95	3.12	3.25	3.40
1,000	.48	.67	1.05	1.44	1.72	1.92	2.08	2.21	2.30	2.4
2,000	.34	.48	.74	1.02	1.22	1.36	1.47	1.56	1.62	1.70
4,000	.24	.34	.52	.72	.86	.96	1.04	1.10	1.15	1.20
6,000	.20	.28	.43	.59	.70	.79	.85	.90	.94	.90
10,000	.15	.21	.33	.46	.54	.61	.66	.70	.73	.70
20,000	.11	.15	.23	.32	.38	.43	.47	.49	.51	.54
40,000	.08	.11	.17	.23	.27	.30	.33	.35	.36	.38
60,000	.06	.09	.14	.19	.22	.25	.27	.28	.30	.31
80,000	.05	.08	.12	.16	.19	.22	.23	.25	.26	.2
100,000	.05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.21	.22	.23	.2
160,000	.04	.05	.08	.11	.13	.15	.16	.17	.18	.19

NOTE: The standard errors in this table must be multiplied by the factors in table I to obtain the approximate standard error for a specific characteristic.

Table I. Factors to be used with Table H to compute approximate standard errors for percentages and month-to-month change in percentages

	Fa	ctor		Fa	ector	
Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	
Agricultural employment:	1		Unemployment:			
Total or full-time labor force	1.26	1.05	Part-time labor force, duration of			
Part-time labor force	1.26	1.50	unemployment, left last job,			
Labor force data other than agricultural	l		reentering labor force.	1.01	1.21	
employment and unemployment data:		1	All other unemployment characteristics:			
Total	1.00	.74	Total or white:			
Men only	.93	.84	Total	.97	1.08	
Women only	.86	.75	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.97	1.21	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1.00	1.18	Black:			
Part-time labor force	1.00	1.18	Total	1.04	1.13	
			Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1.04	1.24	

Table J. Factors to be used with Tables, D, F, H, and I to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages and change in yearly averages,

			Factor		
Characteristic	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages
Agricultural employment:					
Total or men	1.30 1.40 1.30 1.30 1.30 1.40	0.89 .83 .74 .88 .82 .74	.80 .80 .80 .88 .88	0.72 .58 .46 .67 .57 .46	0.70 .70 .70 .70 .70
Unemployment:					
Total Part time	1.40 1.40	.76 .69	.88 .88	.50 .39	.65 .54

Table K. Standard errors for estimates of quarterly level, to be used with CPS earnings data

(In thousands)

				(Characteristic	3			
		Total			М	en		Wor	men
Estimated quarterly level	/ level Tot	Total or full-	time workers	Part-time	Total or full-time workers			Total, full-time, or part-time workers	
1	workers	Total or white	Black	workers	Total	White	Black	Total or white	Black
o	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
)	11	12	12	11	12	12	12	11	11
5 <i></i>	13	15	15	13	15	15	15	13	13
00	15	17	17	15	17	17	17	15	15
50	19	21	21	19	21	21	21	19	19
00	22	24	24	22	24	24	24	22	21
50	24	27	27	24	27	27	27	24	24
00	26	30	30	26	30	30	29	26	26
00	34	38	38	34	38	38	37	34	33
50	42	47	46	42	47	47	45	42	41
000	48	54	53	48	54	54	50	48	46
500	59	66	63	59	66	66	59	59	56
000	68	76	72	68	76	76	65	68	63
500	76	85	79	75	84	84	69	75	69
000	83	93	85	82	92	92	71	82	74
000	107	119	100	105	117	116	64	105	85
500	130	145	107	127	140	138	l –	127	-
0,000	149	165	102	144	157	155	i -	145	_
5,000	180	198	- [187	183	179	-	173	_
0,000	205	224	_	192	199	193	-	195	_
5,000	226	244	-	207	209	199	_	211	-
0,000	224	261	- 1	219	212	198	i -	224	_
),000	273	286	_	236	201	174	-	242	_
0,000	296	301	- 1	-	_	-	-	-	_
5,000	331	304	- 1	-	-	_	-	~	_
00,000	343	255	- 1	_	-	_	_		-

Establishment Data (Tables B-1 through C-8)

COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, and earnings in nonagricultural establishments, by industry and geographic location. Historical statistics are published in *Employment*, Hours, and Earnings, United States, 1909-84, and Employment Hours and Earnings, States and Areas, 1939-82 and their annual supplements.

Federal-State cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements, responding establishments report employment, hours, and earnings data to State agencies. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the reported data to prepare State and area series and also send the reported data to the BLS (Washington Office) for use in preparing the national series. This avoids a duplicate reporting burden on establishments, and together with the use of similar estimating techniques at the national and State levels, promotes increased comparability between estimates.

Shuttle schedules

Form BLS 790—Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours is the name of the data collection schedule. The collection agency returns the schedule to the respondent each month so that the next month's data can be entered on the space alotted for that month. This "shuttle" procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures that have been reported for previous months.

Form BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the total number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments and, for most industries, employment, payroll, and hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month.

CONCEPTS

Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation and for States and areas are classified in accordance with the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SICM), Office of Management and Budget. The BLS tabulates and estimates statistics which distinguish between private and public establishments, thus maintaining continuity with previously published statistics for the private and government sector.

Industry employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency are also excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing' and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's

own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operation.

Construction workers include the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. "Fringe benefits" (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours cover the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours covers hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average hourly and weekly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average weekly earnings estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-term trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, partime work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Table L. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size, or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)
	Month	ly data
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample estab- lishments which reported for both months.'	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees	All-employees estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees. ²	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.
Average weekly hours	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. ²	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours	Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers.²	Average, weighted by production worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.
Average hourly earnings	Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. ²	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	Annual av	erage data
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate hours (production or non- supervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or non- supervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average weekly overtime hours	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate hours.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

^{&#}x27;The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adinterestimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly earnings are modified by

a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, ovetime premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours.

Railroads hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Real earnings, or earnings in constant dollars, are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

Average hourly earnings excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings excluding overtime premium pay are computed by dividing the total production worker payrolI for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. Prior to January 1956, these data were based on the application of adjustment factors to average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Review, May 1950, pp. 537-40). Both methods eliminate only the earnings due to overtime paid for at 1½ times the straight-time rates. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1977. For basic industries, the hour aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hour aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Indexes of diffusion of changes in number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls. These indexes measure the percent of industries which posted increases in employment over the specified time span. The indexes are calculated from 185 seasonally adjusted employment series (two-digit nonmanufacturing industries and three-digit manufacturing industries) covering all nonagricultural payroll employment in the private sector. A more detailed discussion of these indexes appears in "Introduction of Diffusion Indexes," in the December 1974 issue of Employment and Earnings.

ESTIMATING METHODS

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the establishment statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique which is a form of ratio estimation; (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks; and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

The "link relative" technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a "link relative." The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these "link relatives." In addition, bias correction factors are applied to selected employment estimates each month. The size of the bias correction factors is determined from past benchmark comparisons. Beginning with data for April 1983, these factors are modified by changes in the sample link relatives for the most recent quarter. Other features of the general procedures are described in table L.

Size and regional stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified production or nonsupervisory worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods in table L, may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

Benchmark adjustments

Employment estimates are compared periodically with benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) for the various nonagricultural industries and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1984 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary sources of benchmark information are employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by States agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations cover about 98 percent of employees on nonagricultural payrolls in the United States. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates for the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necesary, the monthly series of estimates between benchmark periods are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment; the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level. A comparision of the actual amounts of revisions made at the time of the March 1984 benchmark adjustment is shown in table M.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are subject to revision. Revised data are published as soon as possible after each benchmark revision.

THE SAMPLE

Design

The sampling plan used in the Current Employment Statistics program is known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This design is an optimum allocation design among strata since the sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost

Table M. Comparison of nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates for March 1984

Industry	Benchmark	Estimate	Percent differ- ence
Total .	92,587,000	92,234,000	0.4
Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government	. 19,151,000 . 5,063,000 . 5,447,000 . 15,891,000 . 5,588,000 . 20,365,000	967,000 3,794,000 19,323,000 5,055,000 5,421,000 15,629,000 5,565,000 20,276,000 16,204,000	-1.6 3.1 9 .2 .5 1.6 .4 .4
dovernment.	10,210,000	16,204,000	

considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in relatively few establishments, a large percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments and also for a substantial number of the small ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to design samples for these industries with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than do establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS Current Employment Statistics program, with its emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after the reference period, and, at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail.

Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table N shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Reliability of the employment estimates

Although the relatively large size of the BLS establishment sample assures a high degree of accuracy, the estimates derived from it may differ from the figures that would be obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures. As discussed under the previous section, a "link relative" technique is used to estimate employment. This requires the use of the previous month's estimate as

Table N. Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1984¹

Industry	Number of estab-	Employees			
madetry	lishments in sample	Number reported	Percent of total		
Total	221,700	36,946,000	40		
Mining	3,400	376,000	39		
Construction	21,500	827,000	21		
Manufacturing	50,600	10,571,000	55		
Transportation and public utilities	10,500	2,377,000	47		
Wholesale trade	19,200	909,000	17		
Retail trade	35,900	2,875,000	18		
Finance, insurance and			1		
real estate .	15,900	2,101,000	38		
Services	41,900	4,838,000	24		
Government:)			
Federal ² .	5,100	2,779,000	100		
State .	4,000	3,121,000	82		
		6.172.000	64		

¹ Since a few establishments do not report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

the base in computing the current month's estimate. Thus, small sampling and response errors may cumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the estimates are usually adjusted annually to new benchmarks. In addition to taking account of sampling and response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks). In fact, at the more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjustments. Another cause of differences arises from improvements in the quality of the benchmark data. Table O presents the average percent revisions of the five most recent benchmarks for major industry divisions. Detailed descriptions of individual benchmark revisions are available from the Bureau upon request.

The hours and earnings estimates for basic estimating cells are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. The hours and earnings estimates, however, are subject to sampling errors which may be expressed as relative errors of the estimates. (A relative error is a standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate.) Relative errors for major industries are presented in table O and for individual industries with the specified number of employees in table P. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the hours and earnings estimates from the sample would differ by a

smaller percentage than the relative error from the averages that would have been obtained from a complete census.

One measure of the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-mean-square error (RMSE). The measure is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in estimates:

RMSE =
$$\sqrt{\text{(Standard Deviation)}^2 + (\text{Bias})^2}$$

If the bias is small, the chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the samle would differ from its benchmark by less than the root-mean-square error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the root-mean-square error.

Approximations of the root-mean-square errors (based on the most recent benchmark revisions) of differences between final estimates and benchmarks are presented in table P.

For the two most recent months, estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary and are so footnoted in the tables. These figures are based on less than the total sample and are revised when all the reports in the sample have been received. Table Q presents root-mean-square errors of the amounts of revisions that may be expected between the preliminary and final levels of employment and preliminary and final month-to-month changes. Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings.

STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, and earnings data

Table O. Average benchmark revision in employment estimates and relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings by industry

(In	percer	ıť.

	Average bench-	Relative errors ²		
Industry	mark revi- sion in estimates of employ- ment ¹	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	
Total	0.2	_	_	
Total private		0.1	0.2	
Mining		1.0	1.3	
Construction		.2	.5	
Manufacturing	.6	.1	.2	
Durable goods	.6	.1	.3	
Nondurable goods	.5	.1	.2	
Transportation and public utilities,	.2	.7	.6	
Wholesale trade	.2	.2	.4	
Retail trade	1.4	.2	.4	
Finance, insurance, and real estate.	.2	.2	.4	
Services		.4	.6	
Government ³	.3	-		

¹The average percent revision in employment for the 1980-84 benchmarks.

National estimates of Federal employment by agency are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 5,100 reports covering about 64 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

² Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

³ Estimates for government are based on a total count for Federal Government provided by the Office of Personnel Management and a sample of State and local government reports.

Table P. Root-mean-square errors of differences between benchmarks and estimates of employment and average relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings

	Root- mean-	Relative errors ² (in percent)		
Size of employment estimate	square error of employ- ment esti- mates'	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	
50,000	2,100	2.2	4.0	
100,000	3,90 0	1.3	2.3	
200,000		1.1	2.0	
500,000	14,0 0 0	.9	1.6	
1,000,000	15,000	.8	1.2	
2,000,000	26,000	.5	.9	

Assuming 12-month intervals between benchmark revisions.

are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with BLS. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification.

For the States and the areas shown in the B and C sections of this periodical, all the annual average data for the detailed industry statistics currently published by each cooperating State agency are presented in a summary volume published annually by the BLS.

Table Q. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

	Root mean square error of-			Root mean square error of-	
Industry	Monthly level	Month-to-month change	Industry	Monthly level	Month-to-month change
Total	117,300	109,000	Nondurable goods—Continued		
			Chemicals and allied products	2,700	2,500
Total private	65,400	58,600	Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics	1,600	1,500
Goods-producing.	38,900	34,000	products	2,600	2,500
			Leather and leather products	2,700	2,600
Mining	5,400	5,200	•		
Oil and gas extraction1	4,800	4,500	Service-producing industries	100,300	95,800
Construction	21,300	17,400			
General building contractors1	8,400	5,500	Transportation and public utilities	15,100	15,200
			Transportation'	19,700	19,500
Manufacturing	32,100	29,200	Communication and public		
		04.400	utilities¹	5,000	4,800
Durable goods	23,300	21,100			
Lumber and wood products	3,900	3,400	Wholesale trade'	8,200	8,000
Furniture and fixtures	3,000	2,300	Durable goods ¹	5,300	5,000
Stone, clay, and glass products	2,600	2,400	Nondurable goods1	5,000	4,800
Primary metal industries	6,400	6,300			
Blast furnaces and basic			Retail trade ^t	30.900	31,100
steel products1	5,500	5,300	General merchandise stores	19,000	18,600
Fabricated metal products	4,700	4,000	Food stores'	6,800	5,800
Machinery, except electrical	8,700	7,900	Automotive dealers and service	-,	5,555
Electrical and electronic			stations1	3.200	2.700
equipment	6,200	6,400	Eating and drinking places1	20,900	18.800
Transportation equipment	12,600	11,100	zamig and amining process		19,555
Motor vehicles and			Finance, insurance, and real estate	9.400	8.300
equipment ¹	10,200	10,100	Finance ¹	4,300	3,500
Instruments and related			Insurance ¹	2,900	2.200
products	2,200	2,200	Real estate	5.500	4.500
Miscellaneous manufacturing.	2,000	2,000	rieal estate	3,300	4,500
Nondurable goods	13,300	13,300	Services	34,600	28,200
Food and kindred products	8,800	8,800	Business services¹	13,400	11,300
Tobacco manufactures	1,500	1,400	Health services1	11,300	10,800
Textile mill products	2,700	2,700			
Apparel and other textile	-,	-,	Government	69,900	64,600
products	6.400	6,100	Federal	17,600	16,200
Paper and allied products	2,100	1,800	State¹	26.000	25.000
Printing and publishing	2,200	2,400	Local	41,800	39,100

¹ Data are based on differences from January 1981 through December 1984; all other data reflect differences from January 1979 through December 1984.

Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

Productivity Data (Tables C-9 through C-11)

COLLECTION

Productivity data are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from establishment data and from estimates of compensation and gross national product supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Federal Reserve Board.

CONCEPTS

Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments refer to hours paid for all employees—production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers.

Output is the constant-dollar market value of final goods and services produced in a given period. Indexes of output per hour of all persons measure changes in the volume of goods and services produced per paid hour of labor input.

Compensation per hour includes wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. The data also include an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplementary payments for the self-employed, except for nonfinancial corporations, in which there are no self-employed.

Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour adjusted to elimate the effect of changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Unit labor costs measure the labor compensation cost required to produce one unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation per hour by output per hour.

Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output.

They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from the current-dollar gross national product and dividing by output. In these tables, unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustments per unit of output.

The *implicit price deflator* is derived by dividing the current-dollar estimate of gross product by the constant-dollar estimate, making the deflator, in effect, a price index for gross product of the sector reported.

NOTES ON THE DATA

For the business sector and the nonfarm business sector, these indexes relate to the gross domestic product less household and institutions, owner-occupied housing, and statistical discrepancy. For the nonfinancial corporate sector, the indexes refer to the gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.

Manufacturing output data are supplied by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Federal Reserve Board. Quarterly measures have been adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to annual estimates of output (gross product originating) from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Compensation and hours data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Historical statistics for most productivity measures appear in *Trends in Multifactor Productivity*, 1948-81, BLS Bulletin 2178. Additional information may be obtained from the Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523-9261).

State and Area Labor Force Data (D table)

FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which are derived from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis of determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act and the Public Works and Economic Development Act.

Annual average data for the States and areas shown in table D are published in Employment and Earnings

(usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment.

Labor force and unemployment estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The report "Employment and Unemployment in States and Local

Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available on microfiche only on a subscription basis.

ESTIMATING METHODS

The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates in 11 large States: New York, California, Illinois, Ohio, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Texas, Massachusetts, North Carolina, and Florida; and two areas: Los Angeles—Long Beach metropolitan area and New York City, are sufficiently reliable to be used directly from the CPS. For a description of the CPS concepts see "Household Data," above.

Monthly labor force and unemployment estimates in the remaining 39 States, District of Columbia, and 253 labor market areas are prepared in several stages. The civilian labor force is the sum of the employment and unemployment levels, which are estimated in accordance with the BLS Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

- 1. Preliminary estimate—employment: The total civilian employment estimate is based on data from the survey of establishments which produces an estimate of payroll employment. This place-of-work estimate must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed for the several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships which existed at the time of the 1970 decennial census. These factors are applied to the payroll employment estimates for the current period to obtained adjusted employment estimates, to which are added estimates for employment not cover by UI.
- 2. Preliminary estimate—unemployment: In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three building block categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State unemployment insurance (UI) laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation. This is referred to below as the UI- based estimate.

An estimate for those previously employed in covered industries is derived from a count of current employment insurance claimants, plus estimates of claimants whose benefits have been exhausted, those persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons (because they quit, were discharged for cause, etc., but would otherwise have been eligible), and person who either filed claims late or not at all.

The estimate of those previously employed in industries not covered by UI is derived by applying to the employment estimate for each noncovered industry or class of worker subgroup in the State, the ratio of covered unemployment to covered employment weighted by factors reflecting national historical relationships.

For the third category, new entrants and reentrants into the labor force, a composite estimate is developed from equations that relate the total entrants into the labor force to the experienced unemployed and the experienced labor force. For each month, the estimate of entrants into the labor force is a function of: (a) the month of the year; (b) the level of the experienced unemployed; (c) the level of the experienced labor force; and (d) the proportion of the working age population that is considered "youth." The composite estimate of total entrants is defined as:

U = A(X + E) + BX, where

U = total entrant unemployment

E = total civilian employment

X = total experienced unemployment

A,B = synthetic factors incorporating

seasonal variation and an assumed relationship between the proportion of youths in the working population and the historical relationship of entrants to the experienced unemployed (B factor) or the experienced labor force (A factor).

- 3. Correction factors for employment and unemployment are then applied at the State level of the UI-based estimates obtained above for each of the 39 States and the District of Columbia. These correction factors are based on the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based estimates for the 6-month period ending in the current month (e.g., a 6-month moving average).
- 4. Substate adjustment for additivity. Independent estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State (obtained directly from the CPS in the 11 large States or by the UI-based method in the remaining States), and labor market areas (LMA's) within the State). The total of the geographic areas in the LMA's exhausts the geographic boundaries of the State. A proportional adjustment is applied to all sub-state LMA estimates to ensure that the sub-state estimates of employment and unemployment add to the independent State totals. In California and New York, which also have sub-state areas taken directly from the CPS, the additivity adjustment for the reamining areas is applied to the State total minus the direct CPS area.
- 5. Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year monthly estimates prepared by the State employment security agencies using UI-based estimating procedures are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLS to the annual average CPS estimates for the 39 States and the District of Columbia for which monthly CPS estimates are not

available. This adjustment is necessary because the State-prepared estimates are not as reliable as the CPS annual averages due to differences in the State UI laws, the structual limitations of the UI-based estimating method, and errors in the UI data.

The benchmarked estimates are produced in three stages. First, the monthly UI-based estimates are adjusted by the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based annual averages. Second, the difference between the ratio of

annual averages for two consecutive years is wedged into the monthly estimates in order to minimize the disturbance to the original series. Finally, the third stage estimates are forced into agreement with CPS annual averages. In the 11 States which use CPS estimates monthly, no benchmark correction is required, as the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal CPS annual averages.

Seasonal Adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published regularly in Employment and Earnings.

The seasonal adjustment program used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving average method. It provides for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in *The X-11 Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program*, Technical Paper No. 15, Bureau of the Census (1967).

Beginning in January 1980, BLS introduced two major modifications in the seasonal adjustment methodology for data from the household survey. First, the data are being seasonally adjusted with a new procedure called X-11 ARIMA, which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the existing standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in *The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method*, by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue NO. 12-564E, February 1980. The X-11 procedure was originally developed at the Bureau of the

Census and had been used by the BLS to seasonally adjusted labor force series since 1973. Tests have shown that use of the X-11 ARIMA procedure, which places more emphasis on recent data, provides better seasonal adjustments than does the X-11 method alone.

The second change is that seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the first 6 months of the year rather than for the entire year. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* a set of seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components-agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment-data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is the sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components, plus the resident Armed Forces total (not adjusted for seasonality), and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components; the total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components; and the overall unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

Revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December 1984, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment rate for the first 6 months of 1985, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment methodology are published in the January 1985 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Revised seasonally adjusted data covering the 1980-84 revision period for a broader range of labor force series are published in the February 1985 issue of this publication.

Beginning in July 1980, the BLS also uses the X-11 ARIMA methodology in seasonally adjusting the establishment data, which previously had been computed using the BLS Seasonal Factor Method. All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors used in calculating the current year's estimates are based on actual data through March 1985 and projected data through March 1986. The ARIMA model options for projecting the data series for 1 year ahead have been used in seasonally adjusting the establishment series since June 1981.

Seasonal adjustment factors are directly applied to the component levels. Seasonally adjusted totals for most of these series are then obtained by taking a weighted average of the seasonally adjusted data for the component series. Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours.

Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsuper-

visory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1977 base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, wholesale trade, retail trade, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods industries, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1977 base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series

Beginning in June 1983, seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjusted data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. In earlier years the number of these workers was substantial, and at times varied greatly from year to year, based on administrative decisions of the Postal Service. Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the unadjusted data upon which the seasonal adjustment factors were based. In the past several years, the number of these workers has decreased to the point where their presence has no impact on seasonal adjustment. Temporary census takers for the 1980 decennial census are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment.

The revised seasonally adjusted series for the establishment data reflect experience through March 1985. Seasonal adjustment factors to be used for current adjustment appear in the June 1985 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

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