



EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics August 1988





#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Ann McLaughlin, Secretary

#### BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

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Employment and Earnings is prepared in the Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics in collaboration with the Office of Publications. The data are collected by the Bureau of the Census (Department of Commerce) and State employment security agencies, in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics. A brief description of the cooperative statistical programs of the BLS with these agencies is presented in the Explanatory Notes. The State agencies are listed on the inside back

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#### Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in *Employment and Earnings*, special features appear in most of the issues as shown below.

#### Household data

Annual averages Jan.
Union affiliation Jan.

Revised seasonally adjusted series Jan., Feb.

Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data, persons not in labor force, persons of Hispanic origin,
Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans, family relationship data, weekly earnings data, and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan and poverty-nonpoverty area data

Jan., Apr., July, Oct.

#### Establishment data

National annual averages:

Industry divisions (preliminary) Jan.

Industry detail (final) Mar.

Women employees (final) Mar.

National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and new

seasonal adjustment factors

June

Revised historical national data Supplement<sup>1</sup>

State and area annual averages May

Area definitions May

#### State and area labor force data

Annual averages May

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The latest supplement was published in July 1987.

# **Employment and Earnings**

Vol. 35 No. 8 August 1988

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Rosalie K. Epstein

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# **Employment and Unemployment Developments, July 1988**

Payroll employment continued to increase in July and unemployment was little changed. Both the overall and the civilian worker jobless rates were 5.4 percent.

Nonagricultural payroll employment, as measured by the survey of business establishments, rose by 285,000 in July, seasonally adjusted. By contrast, total civilian employment, as measured by the household survey, was about unchanged, after increasing by an unusually large amount in June.

#### Unemployment

The number of unemployed persons in July totaled 6.6 million, seasonally adjusted, and the unemployment rate for civilian workers was 5.4 percent. Both figures were little changed from June. Since July of last year, the number of unemployed persons has fallen by 630,000, and the jobless rate has declined six-tenths of a percentage point.

A large part of the over-the-year improvement in unemployment occurred among adult men. Their jobless rate for July (4.5 percent) and that for adult women (5.1 percent) were essentially unchanged, while the rate for teenagers rose by 1.6 percentage points to 15.2 percent, near its May level. The rates for whites (4.7 percent) and blacks (11.4 percent)—including black teenagers (31.1 percent)—were little changed from June. The rate for Hispanics fell to 8.0 percent. (See tables A-33 and A-34.)

#### Civilian employment and the labor force

Civilian employment was essentially unchanged at 115.1 million in July, following large swings in recent months. The employment-population ratio held at a high of 62.3 percent. The civilian labor force edged upward by 210,000 in July to 121.7 million. This was 1.8 million above the July 1987 level. (See table A-33.)

#### Industry payroll employment

Employment in nonagricultural establishments rose by 285,000 in July. This increase, coupled with a substantial upward revision of the preliminary June estimates, brought the number of payroll jobs to 106.3 million, seasonally adjusted. Strong gains occurred in manufacturing and several industries in the service-producing sector. (See table B-4.)

Manufacturing continued to display vigorous employment growth, as the number of factory jobs rose by 70,000 to reach

19.6 million. As in the previous month, most of this increase was in durable goods manufacturing, especially machinery. Elsewhere in the goods sector, employment in construction rose very slightly in July, after increasing by 70,000 in June. While jobs in general building contracting have shown little strength this summer, there have been strong gains in the special trades (plumbing, electrical, masonry, etc.).

Employment in the service-producing sector rose by about 200,000 in July. Retail trade gained 80,000 jobs, equaling June's strong growth; recent increases have been widespread throughout the industry, except for general merchandise stores. Employment in the fast-growing services division was up by a relatively modest 65,000 in July but has gained about 360,000 jobs since April. Wholesale trade continued to exhibit strong job growth with an increase of 25,000, entirely in durable goods distribution.

#### Weekly hours

The average workweek for production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls rose by 0.2 hour to 34.9 hours in July, seasonally adjusted. While the factory workweek and overtime were unchanged at 41.1 and 3.9 hours, respectively, they remained very high by historical standards. (See table C-5.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls, at 126.3 (1977=100), rose by 0.7 percent, seasonally adjusted. The index for manufacturing rose by 0.6 percent to 96.7. (See table C-6.)

#### Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly earnings of private production or nonsupervisory workers rose 0.4 percent in July to \$9.32, seasonally adjusted, and average weekly earnings rose by 1.0 percent, reflecting the increases in hourly earnings and in the length of the workweek. Prior to seasonal adjustment, average hourly earnings rose by 2 cents to \$9.25, and average weekly earnings increased by \$1.63 to \$324.68. (See tables C-1 and C-7.)

#### The Hourly Earnings Index

The Hourly Earnings Index (HEI) was 178.9 (1977=100) in July, seasonally adjusted, an increase of 0.5 percent from

June. For the 12 months ended in July, the increase was 3.6 percent. In dollars of constant purchasing power, the HEI decreased 0.5 percent during the 12-month period ending in June. The HEI is computed so as to exclude the effects of two types of changes unrelated to underlying wage rate movements—fluctuations in manufacturing overtime and interindustry employment shifts. (See table C-7.)

Beginning in 1989, the Hourly Earnings Index will no longer appear in this publication. For further information, see "Employment Cost Index Series to Replace Hourly Earnings Index," *Monthly Labor Review*, July 1988, pp. 32–34. ECI data are currently published quarterly in a news release, in the *Monthly Labor Review*, and in *Current Wage Developments*.

	Scheduled F	Release Dates	
Employment and u following dates:	nemployment data	are scheduled for init	ial release on the
Reference month	Release date	Reference month	Release date
August	September 2	November	December 2
September	October 7	December	January 6
October	November 4	January	February 3

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL**

#### A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1954 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

			,			Labor	<del></del>				
Year	Noninsti-					Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not in
and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilia	1		Percent	labor force
			population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force	
					Α	nnual ave	rages		•		
954	110,463	65,785	59.6	62,251	2,142	60,109	6,205	53,904	3,532	5.4	44,67
955	111,747	67,087	60.0	64,234	2,064	62,170	6,450	55,722	2,852	4.3	44,66
956	112,919	68,517	60.7	65,764	1,965	63,799	6,283	57,514	2,750	4.0	44,40
957	114,213	68,877	60.3	66,019	1,948	64,071	5,947	58,123	2,859	4.2	45,33
958	115,574	69,486	60.1	64,883	1,847	63,036	5,586	57,450	4,602	6.6	46,0
959	117,117	70,157	59.9	66,418	1,788	64,630	5,565	59,065	3,740	5.3	46,96
960¹	119,106	71,489	60.0	67,639	1,861	65,778	5,458	60,318	3,852	5.4	47,6°
961	120,671	72,359	60.0	67,646	1,900	65,746	5,200	60,546	4,714	6.5	48,3
9621	122,214	72,675	59.5	68,763	2,061	66,702	4,944	61,759	3,911	5.4	49,5
963	124,422	73,839	59.3	69,768	2,006	67,762	4,687	63,076	4,070	5.5	50,58
964	126,503	75,109	59.4	71,323	2,018	69,305	4,523	64,782	3,786	5.0	51,3
965	128,459	76,401	59.5	73,034	1,946	71,088	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.4	52,0
966	130,180	77,892	59.8	75,017	2,122	72,895	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.7	52,2
967	132,092	79,565	60.2	76,590	2,218	74,372	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.7	52,5
968	134,281	80,990	60.3	78,173	2,253	75,920	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.5	53,2
969	136,573	82,972	60.8	80,140	2,238	77,902	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.4	53,6
070		000					0.400	77.045			
970	139,203	84,889	61.0	80,796	2,118	78,678	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.8	54,3
971	142,189	86,355	60.7	81,340	1,973	79,367	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.8	55,8
972¹	145,939	88,847	60.9	83,966	1,813	82,153	3,484	78,669	4,882	5.5	57,0
973'	148,870	91,203	61.3	86,838	1,774	85,064	3,470	81,594	4,365	4.8	57,6
974	151,841	93,670	61.7	88,515	1,721	86,794	3,515	83,279	5,156	5.5	58,1
975	154,831	95,453	61.6	87,524	1,678	85,846	3,408	82,438	7,929	8.3	59,3
976	157,818	97,826	62.0	90,420	1,668	88,752	3,331	85,421	7,406	7.6	59,9
977	160,689	100,665	62.6	93,673	1,656	92,017	3,283	88,734	6,991	6.9	60,0
978¹ 979	163,541 166,460	103,882	63.5 64.0	97,679 100,421	1,631 1,597	96,048 98,824	3,387 3,347	92,661 95,477	6,202 6,137	6.0 5.8	59,6 59,9
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	700,400	100,000	04.0	100,421	1,007	00,024	0,047	1	0,107	0.0	00,0
980	169,349	108,544	64.1	100,907	1,604	99,303	3,364	95,938	7,637	7.0	60,8
981	171,775	110,315	64.2	102,042	1,645	100,397	3,368	97,030	8,273	7.5	61,4
982	173,939	111,872	64.3	101,194	1,668	99,526	3,401	96,125	10,678	9.5	62,0
983	175,891	113,226	64.4	102,510	1,676	100,834	3,383	97,450	10,717	9.5	62,6
984	178,080	115,241	64.7	106,702	1,697	105,005	3,321	101,685	8,539	7.4	62,8
985	179,912	117,167	65.1	108,856	1,706	107,150	3,179	103,971	8,312	7.1	62,7
986 <sup>1</sup>	182,293 184,490	119,540	65.6 65.9	111,303	1,706 1,737	109,597	3,163 3,208	106,434 109,232	8,237 7,425	6.9 6.1	62,7 62,8
	104,430	121,002	05.5	114,177	1,737	112,440	3,200	109,232	7,425	J., 1	02,0
			<del>"</del>	Γ"	Monthly o	lata, seasc	nally adjuste	d²			
1987:				I			I	•			
July	184,605	121,610	65.9	114,359	1,720	112,639	3,212	109,42 <b>7</b>	7,251	6.0	62,9
August	184,738	122,042	66.1	114,786	1,736	113,050	3,143	109,907	7,256	5.9	62,6
September		121,706		114,615	1,743	112,872	3,184	109,688	7,091	5.8	63,1
October	185,052	122,128	66.0	114,951	1,741	113,210	3,249	109,961	7,177	5.9	62,9
November		122,349		115,259	1,755	113,504	3,172	110,332	7,090	5.8	62,8
December	185,370	122,472		115,494	1,750	113,744	3,215	110,529	6,978	5.7	62,8
1988:											
January	185,571	122,924	66.2	115,878	1,749	114,129	3,293	110,836	7,046	5.7	62,6
February		123,084		116,145	1,736	114,409	3,228	111,182	6,938	5.6	62.6
March		122,639		115,839		114,103	3,204	110,899	6,801	5.5	63,2
April		123,055		116,445		114,713	3,228	111,485	6,610	5.4	62,9
May		122,692		115,909	1,714	114,195	3,035	111,160	6,783	5.5	63,3
June		123,157		116,703		115,018	3,085	111,933	6,455	5.2	63,0
July		123,357		116,732		115,059	3,046	112,014	6,625	5.4	63,0
~~·;	100,402	120,007	00.2	110,702	1,073	110,000	0,040	112,017	0,020	0.7	1 30,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

<sup>2</sup> The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for

seasonal variation.

NOTE: Revisions of seasonally adjusted monthly and quarterly data (shown in tables A-1 through A-3 and A-32 through A-53) for the most recent 5-year period are made at the end of each calendar year.

#### A-2. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1977 to date

						Labor 1	torce		· parente		
Say year	Noninsti-					Empl	loyed		Unem	ployed	Not
Sex, year, and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civiliar	l		Percent of	labo forc
			population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force	
			-			Annual aver	ages				
MEN											
)77	76,756	59,959	78.1	56,291	1,563	54,728	2,671	52,057	3,667	6.1	16,7
0781	78,107	61,151	78.3	58,010	1,531	56,479	2,718	53,761	3,142	5.1	16,9
)79	79,509	62,215	78.2	59,096	1,489	57,607	2,686	54,921	3,120	5.0	17,2
980	80,877	62,932	77.8	58,665	1,479	57,186	2,709	54,477	4,267	6.8	17,9
81	82,023	63,486	77.4	58,909	1,512	57,397	2,700	54,697	4,577	7.2	18,5
82	83,052	63,979	77.0	57,800	1,529	56,271	2,736	53,534	6,179	9.7	19,0
83	84,064	64,580	76.8	58,320	1,533	56,787	2,704	54,083	6,260	9.7	19,4
B4	85,156	65,386	76.8	60,642	1,551	59,091	2,668	56,423	4,744	7.3	19,7
85	86,025	65,967	76.7	61,447	1,556	59,891	2,535	57,356	4,521	6.9	20,0
86¹	87,349	66,973	76.7	62,443	1,551	60,892	2,511	58,381	4,530	6.8	20,3
87	88,476	67,784	76.6	63,684	1,577	62,107	2,543	59,564	4,101	6.1	20,6
					Monthly	data, seasor	nally adjusted <sup>2</sup>				
87:					1						
uly	88,534	67,671	76.4	63,711	1,561	62,150	2,547	59,603	3,960	5.9	20,8
lugust	88,598	67,937	76.7	63,916	1,575	62,341	2,489	59,852	4,021	5.9	20,6
eptember	88,683	67,776	76.4	63,949	1,581	62,368	2,547	59,821	3,827	5.6	20.9
October	88,756	67,947	76.6	64,048	1,580	62,468	2,569	59,899	3,899	5.7	20,8
lovember	88,849	68,019	76.6	64,174	1,593	62,581	2,491	60,090	3,845	5.7	20,8
ecember	88,924	68,030	76.5	64,245	1,589	62,656	2,523	60,133	3,785	5.6	20,
88:									1		
anuary	89,033	68,243	76.6	64,396	1,588	62,808	2,593	60,216	3,847	5.6	20,7
ebruary	89,099	68,343	76.7	64,636	1,577	63,059	2,510	60,548	3,707	5.4	20,
March	89,168	68,148	76.4	64,332	1,573	62,759	2,474	60,285	3,816	5.6	21,0
pril	89,225	68,445	76.7	64,892	1,569	63,323	2,467	60,856	3,553	5.2	20,7
/lay	89,287	68,318	76.5	64,583	1,553	63,030	2,391	60,639	3,736	5.5	20,9
une	89,367	68,429	76.6	64,934	1,523	63,411	2,422	60,988	3,495	5.1	20,
uly	89,445	68,521	76.6	65,002	1,512	63,490	2,471	61,019	3,519	5.1	20,
						Annual aver	rages				
<b>WOMEN</b> 977	83,932	40,705	48.5	37,381	92	37,289	612	36,677	3,324	8.2	43,2
78¹	85,434							38,900	3,324	7.2	42,
79	86,951	42,731 44,343	50.0 51.0	39,669 41,325	100 108	39,569 41,217	669 661	40,556	3,061	6.8	42,
BO	88,472	45,611	51.6	42,241	124	42,117	656	41,461	3,370	7.4	42,
81	89,751	46,829	52.2	43,133	133	43,000	667	42,333	3,696	7.9	42,
82	90,887	47,894	52.7	43,395	139	43,256	665	42,591	4,499	9.4	42,
83	91,827	48,646	53.0	44,190	143	44,047	680	43,367	4,457	9.2	43,
84	92,924	49,855	53.7	46,061	146	45,915	653	45,262	3,794	7.6	43,
85	93,886	51,200	54.5	47,409	150	47,259	644	46,615	3,791	7.4	42,
36¹	94,944	52,568	55.4	48,861	155	48,706	652	48,054	3,707	7.1	42,
	96,013	53,818	56.1	50,494	160	50,334	666	49,668	3,324	6.2	42,
					Monthly	data, seasor	nally adjusted <sup>2</sup>				
87:									1		
uly	96,071	53,939	56.1	50,648	159	50,489	665	49,824	3,291	6.1	42,
ugust	96,140	54,105	56.3	50,870	161	50,709	654	50,055	3,235	6.0	42,0
eptember	96,221	53,930	56.0	50,666	162	50,504	637	49,867	3,264	6.1	42,
ctober	96,295	54,181	56.3	50,903	161	50,742	680	50,062	3,278	6.1	42,
ovember	96,376 96,446	54,330 54,442	56.4 56.4	51,085 51,249	162 161	50,923 51,088	681 692	50,242 50,396	3,245 3,193	6.0 5.9	42, 42,
	55,770	54,442	30.4	01,248	'01	31,000	032	50,580	3,133	3.5	72,
38: anuary	96,538	54,681	56.6	51,482	161	51,321	700	50,621	3,200	5.9	41,
ebruary	96,606	54,740	56.7	51,509	159	51,350	717	50,633	3,231	5.9	41,
larch	96,679	54,491	56.4	51,507	163	51,344	730	50,614	2,985	5,5	42,
pril	96,739	54,610	56.5	51,553	163	51,390	761	50,629	3,057	5.6	42,
lay	96,801	54,374	56.2	51,327	161	51,166	645	50,521	3,047	5.6	42,
une	96,880	54,728	56.5	51,769	162	51,607	662	50,944	2,960	5.4	42,
			56.6	,	161	51,569	575	50,994	_,,		,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL**

#### A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1954 to date

Year	Civilian noninsti-		Civilian la	bor force		Un	employment rat	es
and month	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Unemployed	Total	Men	Womer
				Annual	averages			
954	108,321	63,643	58.8	60,109	3,532	5.5	5.3	6.0
955	109,683	65,023	59.3	62,170	2,852	4.4	4.2	4.9
956	110,954	66,552	60.0	63,799	2,750	4.1	3.8	4.8
957	112,265	66,929	59.6	64,071	2,859	4.3	4.1	4.7
58								6.8
	113,727	67,639	59.5	63,036	4,602	6.8	6.8	
59	115,329	68,369	59.3	64,630	3,740	5.5	5.2	5.9
60¹	117,245	69,628	59.4	65,778	3,852	5.5	5.4	5.9
61	118,771	70,459	59.3	65,746	4,714	6.7	6.4	7.2
621	120,153	70,614	58.8	66,702	3,911	5.5	5.2	6.2
63	122,416	71,833	58.7	67,762	4,070	5.7	5.2	6.5
64	124,485	73,091	58.7	69,305	3,786	5.2	4.6	6.2
65	126,513	74,455	58.9	71,088	3,366	4.5	4.0	5.5
66	128,058	75,770	59.2	72,895		3.8	3.2	4.8
					2,875			
67	129,874	77,347	59.6	74,372	2,975	3.8	3.1	5.2
68	132,028	78,737	59.6	75,920	2,817	3.6	2.9	4.8
69	134,335	80,734	60.1	77,902	2,832	3.5	2.8	4.7
70	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	4,093	4.9	4.4	5.9
71	140,216	84,382	60.2	79,367	5,016	5.9	5.3	6.9
72¹	144,126	87,034	60.4	82,153	4,882	5.6	5.0	6.6
73¹	147,096	89.429	60.8	85,064	4,365	4.9	4.2	6.0
		,	1					
74	150,120	91,949	61.3	86,794	5,156	5.6	4.9	6.7
75	153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	7,929	8.5	7.9	9.3
76	156,150	96,158	61.6	88,752	7,406	7.7	7.1	8.6
77	159,033	99,009	62.3	92,017	6,991	7.1	6.3	8.2
78¹	161,910	102,251	63.2	96,048	6,202	6.1	5.3	7.2
79	164,863	104,962	63.7	98,824	6,137	5.8	5.1	6.8
980	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	7,637	7.1	6.9	7.4
81	170,130	108,670	63.9	100,397	8,273	7.6	7.4	7.9
82		110,204	ſ			9.7	9.9	9,4
	172,271		64.0	99,526	10,678			
83	174,215	111,550	64.0	100,834	10,717	9.6	9.9	9.2
84	176,383	113,544	64.4	105,005	8,539	7.5	7.4	7.6
85 <sub></sub>	178,206	115,461	64.8	107,150	8,312	7.2	7.0	7.4
86'	180,587	117,834	65.3	109,597	8,237	7.0	6.9	7.1
87	182,753	119,865	65.6	112,440	7,425	6.2	6.2	6.2
		<u> </u>	ħ	√onthly data, se	easonally adjusted	2	1	
987:		1		1				
July	182,885	119,890	65.6	112,639	7,251	6.0	6.0	6.1
August		120,306	65.7	113,050	7,256	6.0	6.1	6.0
September	183,161	119,963	65.5	112,872	7,091	5.9	5.8	6.1
October	183,311	120,387	65.7	113,210	7,177	6.0	5.9	6.1
November	183,470	120,594	65.7	113,504	7,090	5.9	5.8	6.0
December	183,620	120,722	65.7	113,744	6,978	5.8	5.7	5.9
88:								
January	183,822	121,175	65.9	114,129	7,046	5.8	5.8	5.9
	,	1 '		114,409			5.6	5.9
ebruary		121,348	66.0	'	6,938	5.7		1
March		120,903	65.7	114,103	6,801	5.6	5.7	5.5
April	,	121,323	65.9	114,713	6,610	5.4	5.3	5.6
Иау	184,374	120,978	65.6	114,195	6,783	5.6	5.6	5.6
June	184,562	121,472	65.8	115,018	6,455	5.3	5.2	5.4
July	184,729	121,684	65.9	115,059	6,625	5.4	5.3	5.7
		1	1	1,	-,		1	1

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the

Explanatory Notes.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

#### A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

		<u> </u>			July	1988	•				
			Civi	lian labor force				Not	in labor for	ce	
Age, sex, and race	Civilian				Unem	ployed					
, g, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reason
TOTAL											
C years and over	104 700	100 000	67.1	117.000	6 000		60.041	20.410	2.165	0.105	27.12
S years and over	184,729 14,533	123,888 10,143	67.1 69.8	117,066 8,661	6,823 1,482	5.5 14.6	60,841 4,391	28,418 583	2,165 859	3,135 37	27,12
16 to 17 years	7,298	4,421	60.6	3,672	749	16.9	2,876	254	487	18	2,11
18 to 19 years	7,236	5,721	79.1	4,988	733	12.8	1,514	329	372	19	79
20 to 24 years	18,441	15,204	82.4	13,926	1,278	8.4	3,237	1,515	634	98	99
25 to 54 years	101,515	83,707	82.5	80,072	3,634	4.3	17,808	12,288	628	1,237	3,65
25 to 34 years	42,656	35,443	83.1	33,590	1,853	5.2	7,213	5,145	412 265	344 174	1,3
25 to 29 years	21,290 21,366	17,775 17,667	83.5 82.7	16,711 16,879	1,065 789	6.0 4.5	3,514 3,698	2,404 2,741	148	174	64
35 to 44 years	34,784	29,220	84.0	28,080	1,140	3.9	5,564	3,922	168	370	1.10
35 to 39 years	18,860	15,726	83.4	15,065	662	4.2	3,134	2,269	102	191	5
40 to 44 years	15,924	13,494	84.7	13,016	478	3.5	2,430	1,656	67	179	50
45 to 54 years	24,074	19,043	79.1	18,402	641	3.4	5,030	3,221	47	523	1,23
45 to 49 years	12,976	10,583	81.6	10,212	372	3.5	2,391	1,622	30	224	5
50 to 54 years	11,098	8,460	76.2	8,190	270 330	3.2	2,638	1,600	17 35	300 738	4,4
55 to 64 years 55 to 59 years	21,642 10,861	11,599 7,070	53.6 65.1	11,269 6,874	197	2.8 2.8	10,043 3,790	4,852 2,113	23	352	1,30
60 to 64 years	10,782	4,529	42.0	4,396	133	2.9	6,253	2,739	12	385	3,1
65 years and over	28,599	3,235	11.3	3,137	98	3.0	25,363	9,180	10	1,025	15,14
65 to 69 years	9,807	1,967	20.1	1,905	62	3.2	7,839	2,955	4	243	4,63
70 to 74 years	7,690	801	10.4	777	24	3.0	6,889	2,513	4	169	4,20
75 years and over	11,102	468	4.2	455	13	2.8	10,634	3,712	2	614	6,30
Men											
years and over	87,933	68,693	78.1	65,164	3.529	5.1	19,240	534	960	1,790	15,95
16 to 19 years	7,325	5,373	73.4	4,541	832	15.5	1,951	70	397	19	1,46
16 to 17 years	3,726	2,380	63.9	1,963	416	17.5	1,346	44	247	9	1,04
18 to 19 years	3,599	2,993	83.2	2,578	416	13.9	606	26	150	10	41
20 to 24 years	8,924	8,028	90.0	7,397	632	7.9	896	37	304	49	50
25 to 54 years	49,639 20,967	46,513 19,842	93.7 94.6	44,691 18,905	1,822 936	3.9 4.7	3,126 1,125	192 74	242 174	830 237	1,86
25 to 34 years	10,455	9,841	94.1	9,308	533	5.4	614	38	123	115	33
30 to 34 years	10,512	10,000	95.1	9,597	404	4.0	511	36	52	123	30
35 to 44 years	17,013	16,110	94.7	15,541	569	3.5	902	50	57	264	50
35 to 39 years	9,246	8,772	94.9	8,446	327	3.7	473	33	38	145	25
40 to 44 years	7,767	7,338	94.5	7,096	242	3.3	429	17	20	119	27
45 to 49 years	11,659	10,561	90.6	10,244	317	3,0	1,098	68	10	329	69
45 to 49 years50 to 54 years	6,287 5,372	5,860 4,701	93.2 87.5	5,677 4,567	183 134	3.1 2.9	426 671	34 34	4 6	136 193	43
55 to 64 years	10,191	6,785	66.6	6,596	189	2.8	3,406	67	13	467	2.8
55 to 59 years	5,177	4,121	79.6	4,013	108	2.6	1,055	32	9	234	78
60 to 64 years	5,015	2,664	53.1	2,583	81	3.0	2,351	35	4	233	2,07
65 years and over	11,855	1,993	16.8	1,939	54	2.7	9,862	168	4	425	9,20
65 to 69 years	4,449	1,161	26.1	1,131	30	2.6	3,288	53	2	135	3,09
70 to 74 years75 years and over	3,321 4,085	487 346	14.7 8.5	469 339	17	3.5 2.1	2,834 3,739	54 61	1 1	88 202	2,69
	4,003	340	0.5	333	,	2.1	5,755	"		202	0,4
Women											
3 years and over	96,796	55,195	57.0	51,902	3,294	6.0	41,601	27,883	1,205	1,345	11,10
16 to 19 years	7,209	4,769	66.2	4,119	850	13.6	2,439	512	462	18	1,44
16 to 17 years	3,572 3,637	2,042 2,728	57.2 75.0	1,709 2,410	333 317	16.3 11.6	1,530 909	210 303	240 221	9	1,0
18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years	9,517	7,176	75.0	6,530	646	9.0	2,341	1,478	330	48	46
25 to 54 years	51,876	37,194	71.7	35,381	1,813	4.9	14,682	12,096	386	407	1,79
25 to 34 years	21,689	15,602	71.9	14,684	917	5.9	6,087	5,071	238	106	67
25 to 29 years	10,835	7,934	73.2	7,403	532	6.7	2,900	2,366	142	59	3:
30 to 34 years	10,854	7,667	70.6	7,282	385	5.0	3,187	2,705	96	48	3:
35 to 44 years		13,110	73.8	12,539	571	4.4	4,662	3,872	111	106	5
35 to 39 years	9,614	6,954	72.3	6,619	335	4.8	2,681	2,233	64	46	3
40 to 44 years	8,157 12,415	6,156 8,482	75.5 68.3	5,920 8,158	236 324	3.8 3.8	2,001 3,933	1,639 3,153	47 36	60 194	5
45 to 49 years		4,723	70.6	4,535	189	4.0	1,965	1,588	26	88	2
50 to 54 years		3,759	65.6	3,623	136	3.6	1,967	1,566	11	107	2
55 to 64 years	11,451	4,814	42.0	4,673	141	2.9	6,637	4,785	22	271	1,5
55 to 59 years		2,949	51.9	2,861	88	3.0	2,735	2,081	14	118	5.
60 to 64 years	5,767	1,865	32.3	1,813	52	2.8	3,902	2,704	7	153	1,0
65 years and over	16,744	1,242	7.4	1,198	44	3.6	15,502	9,012	6	601	5,86
65 to 69 years		806	15.0	774	32	4.0	4,551	2,902	2	108	1,5
70 to 74 years75 years and over	4,369 7,017	314 122	7.2 1.7	308 116	7 6	2.2 4.8	4,055 6,895	2,459	3 1	81 412	1,51
, o jears and over	1,017	122	1.7	110	0	4.0	0,053	3,651	' '	412	2,83

#### A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-		Civil	ian labor force	,			Not	in labor for	ce	
Age, sex, and race											
Age, sex, and race	noninsti-				Unemp	loyed					
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
WHITE											
6 years and over	158,279	106,381	67.2	101,432	4,949	4.7	51,898	24,760	1,432	2,418	23,288
16 to 19 years		8,617	72.6	7,579	1,038	12.0	3,244	407	560	32	2,246
16 to 17 years		3,771	63.9	3,240	530	14.1	2,133	173	311	14	1,634
18 to 19 years		4,846	81.3	4,339	508	10.5	1,112	234	248	18	612
20 to 24 years		12,897	84.6	12,018	879	6.8	2,353	1,198	415	51	690
25 to 54 years		71,661 30,081	82.9 83.8	68,991 28,765	2,889 1,318	3.7 4.4	14,788 5,827	10,528 4,324	431 272	936 255	2,872 976
25 to 34 years		15,072	84.3	14,334	737	4.9	2,801	2,010	180	123	48
30 to 34 years		15,009	83.2	14,431	579	3.9	3,026	2,315	92	132	480
35 to 44 years		25,077	84.1	24,255	822	3.3	4,746	3,469	118	294	86
35 to 39 years	16,033	13,403	83.6	12,935	488	5.5	2,630	2,020	68	144	42
40 to 44 years		11,674	84.7	11,320	354	3.0	2,116	1,501	51	151	43
45 to 49 years		16,502	79.7 82.2	15,971 8,866	531 309	3.2 3.4	4,195 1,983	2,735 1,364	41 25	387 167	1,03
45 to 49 years50 to 54 years		9,174 7,327	76.8	7,105	222	4.2	2,213	1,364	16	219	60
55 to 64 years		10,294	54.2	10,015	279	2.7	8,696	4,274	20	570	3,83
55 to 59 years		6,208	65.9	6,052	155	2.5	3,216	1,831	13	264	1,10
60 to 64 years	9,567	4,086	42.7	3,963	124	3.0	5,481	2,443	7	306	2,72
65 years and over		2,913	11.3	2,829	84	2.9	22,836	8,354	7	829	13,64
65 to 69 years		1,784	20.3	1,733 678	51 19	2.9 2.7	6,984	2,642 2,298	2 3	199 134	4,139 3,800
70 to 74 years75 years and over		698 432	10.0 4.3	418	13	3.0	6,237 9,615	3,413	1	496	5,705
	10,047	402	1.5	110	"	0.0	3,010	0,410	,		0,
Men											
6 years and over		59,725	78.7	57,125	2,800	4.4	16,186	388	607	1,387	13,80
16 to 19 years		4,529	75.7	3,943	586	12.9	1,454	47	248	16	1,144
16 to 17 years		2,016	86.8 84.8	1,726 2,217	291 295	14.4 11.7	1,004 450	28 19	148	7 8	823
18 to 19 years		2,512 6,872	92.1	6,419	454	6.6	593	19	198	23	354
25 to 54 years		40,430	94.5	39,077	1,353	3.3	2,343	139	157	651	1,390
25 to 34 years		17,099	95.6	16,426	673	3.9	789	45	117	174	45
25 to 29 years		8,461	95.3	8,089	371	4.4	415	23	81	82	22
30 to 34 years		8,638	95.9	8,337	302	3.5	373	23	36	92	22
35 to 39 years		14,066	95.4 95.7	13,648	418 226	3.0 3.0	682 344	44 28	34 21	210 112	39 18
35 to 39 years40 to 44 years		7,613 6,453	95.0	7,387 8,261	192	3.0	338	16	13	99	21
45 to 54 years		9,264	91.4	9,003	261	2.8	873	49	6	267	55
45 to 49 years		5,147	93.9	4,996	151	2.9	334	24	1	105	20
50 to 54 years		4,117	88.4	4,007	110	2.7	539	26	5	161	34
55 to 64 years		6,058	67.3	5,899	159	2.6	2,941	56	2	368	2,51
55 to 59 years		3,643 2,415	80.6 53.9	3,558 2,341	85 74	2.3 3.0	878 2,063	25 32	2	180 188	67 1.84
65 years and over		1,836	17.2	1,786	50	2.7	8,855	127	2	331	8.39
65 to 69 years		1,085	27.1	1,058	27	2.5	2,916	38	_	107	2,77
70 to 74 years		433	14.4	419	15	3.5	2,564	37	1	71	2,45
75 years and over	3,693	318	8.6	310	7	2.3	3,375	52	1	153	3,16
Women										]	
16 years and over	82,367	46,656	56.6	44,307	2,348	5.0	35,712	24,372	826	1,030	9,48
16 to 19 years		4,088	69.6	3,636	452	11.1	1,790	360	312	16	1,10
16 to 17 years		1,754	60.9	1,515	239	13.6	1,128	145	165	7	81
18 to 19 years		2,334	77.9	2,121	213	9.1	661	215	146 217	9 28	29
20 to 24 years		6,025 31,231	77.4 71.5	5,599 29,914	1,316	7.1 4.2	1,760 12,425	1,179 10,389	274	285	1,47
25 to 34 years		12,982	72.0	12,339	643	5.0	5,039	4,279	155	82	52
25 to 29 years		6,611	73.5	6,245	366	5.5	2,386	1,987	99	41	25
30 to 34 years		6,371	70.6	6,094	277	4.3	2,653	2,292	56	40	26
35 to 44 years		11,011	73.0	10,607	404	3.7	4,064	3,424	85	84	47
35 to 39 years		5,790	71.7	5,548	242	4.2	2,286	1,963	47	32	24
40 to 44 years		5,221	74.6	5,059	162 270	3.1	1,778	1,461 2,686	38 35	52 120	48
45 to 54 years		7,238 4,027	68.5 70.9	6,968 3,870	158	3.7	3,323 1,649	1,338	24	62	22
50 to 54 years		3,210	65.7	3,098	112	3.5	1,674	1,348	11	58	25
55 to 64 years		4,236	42.4	4,116	120	2.8	5,755	4,218	18	202	1,31
55 to 59 years		2,564	52.3	2,494	70	2.7	2,338	1,807	11	84	43
60 to 64 years	5,089	1,672	32.8	1,621	50	3.0	3,417	2,411	7	119	88
65 years and over		1,077	7.1	1,042	34	3.2	13,981	8,227	5	498	5,25
65 to 69 years		699	14.7	675	24	3.4	4,068	2,604	2 2	92 63	1,36
70 to 74 years 75 years and over		263 114	6.7 1.8	259 108	4 6	1.5 5.2	3,673 6,240	2,261 3,361	1 2	343	2,53

#### A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

					July '	1988					
			Civi	lian labor force				Not	in labor for	ce	
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-		_		Unemp	oloyed			•		i
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
BLACK											
16 years and over	20,715	13,700	66.1	12,031	1,669	12.2	7,015	2,777	465	652	3,123
16 to 19 years		1,254	57.4	846	409	32.6	929	163	220	5	541
16 to 17 years	1,137	539	47.4	344	194	36.1	599	74	129	4	391
18 to 19 years		716	68.4	502	214	29.9	331	89	91	2	149
20 to 24 years		1,842	72.9	1,467	375	20.3	685	261	137	46	241 588
25 to 34 years		9,312 4,254	81.1 81.1	8,474 3,758	839 497	9.0 11.7	2,178 989	1,227 565	101 76	263 84	264
25 to 29 years		2,147	80.3	1,848	300	14.0	526	291	50	49	138
30 to 34 years		2,107	82.0	1,910	197	9.3	462	274	26	35	126
35 to 44 years	3,719	3,153	84.8	2,898	254	8.1	567	314	22	64	168
35 to 39 years		1,791	84.3	1,629	162	9.0	335	181	14	40	99
40 to 44 years		1,362	85.4	1,269	93	6.8	232	132	8	24	68
45 to 54 years		1,905 1,045	75.4 77.7	1,817 1,002	88 43	4.6 4.1	622 300	348 186	3	115 48	156
50 to 54 years		1,043	72.8	816	44	5.1	322	162	2	67	92
55 to 64 years		1,025	48.6	990	l 35	3.4	1,086	442	4	149	491
55 to 59 years		664	60.4	638	26	3.9	436	205	3	72	156
60 to 64 years		361	35.7	352	9	2.5	650	238		77	335
65 years and over		266	11.1	255	11	4.3	2,138	684	3	189	1,262
65 to 69 years 70 years and over		150 116	17.0 7.6	140 114	9 2	6.0	731 1,407	251 434	2	43 146	436 826
	1,020	,,,	/.0	'''		1.7	1,407	104	,	140	020
Men										l	
16 years and over		6,840	73.5	6,029	812	11.9	2,464	128	200	361	1,778
16 to 19 years		679	62.9	460	219	32.3	399	22	103	3	270
16 to 17 years		300	52.3	192	108	35.9	273	15	66	2	190 80
18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years		379 927	75.1 80.5	267 757	111	29.4 18.4	126 225	7 19	37 55	2 26	125
25 to 54 years		4,548	88.3	4,149	401	8.8	605	46	37	160	362
25 to 34 years		2,117	89.2	1,872	245	11.6	256	28	23	60	145
25 to 29 years		1,062	87.8	912	150	14.1	148	15	20	33	81
30 to 34 years		1,055	90.7	960	95	9.0	108	12	3	28	64
35 to 44 years		1,492	90.0	1,378	115	7.7	165	3	12	43	108
35 to 39 years		853 639	90.0 90.1	767 610	86 29	10.1 4.5	95 70	2	9	27 16	56 51
45 to 54 years		940	83.7	698	. 41	4.4	183	15	2	57	109
45 to 49 years		522	87.3	501	21	4.1	76	9	_	29	38
50 to 54 years	525	418	79.6	398	20	4.8	107	6	2	28	71
55 to 64 years		564	59.3	543	20	3.6	388	6	3	82	298
55 to 59 years		361	72.5	347	14	3.8	137	2	3	38	95
60 to 64 years65 years and over		203 122	44.7 12.6	196 121	7	3.3 .7	250 848	5 35	2	44 90	203 723
65 to 69 years		56	14.5	. 55		(')	329	10	. 2	28	289
70 years and over		66	11.3	66	,	ζí	520	25	_	62	433
Women					ŀ						
16 years and over	11,410	6,860	60.1	6,002	857	12.5	4,551	2,650	264	290	1,346
16 to 19 years		576	52.1	386	189	32.9	530	141	117	2	271
16 to 17 years		239	42.3	152	87	36.4	325	59	63	2	201
18 to 19 years		337	62.2	235	103	30.4	205	82	54		69
20 to 24 years		915	66.6	710	204	22.3	460	242	82	20	116
25 to 34 years		4,764 2,137	75.2 74.5	4,325 1,886	438   252	9.2 11.8	1,573 733	1,181 537	64 53	103 24	226 119
25 to 34 years		1,085	74.1	936	150	13.8	378	276	30	16	57
30 to 34 years		1,052	74.8	950	102	9.7	354	262	23	7	62
35 to 44 years	2,062	1,660	80.5	1,521	140	8.4	402	311	10	21	60
35 to 39 years	. 1,177	938	79.6	862	76	8.1	240	179	5	13	43
40 to 44 years		723	81.7	659	64	8.8	162	132	5	8	17
45 to 49 years		966	68.8	919	47	4.9	439	333	1	58	47
45 to 49 years50 to 54 years		523 442	70.0   67.3	501 418	22 24	4.3 5.5	224 215	177 156	1	19	27 21
55 to 64 years		461	39.8	418	, 14	3.1	698	436	1	67	193
55 to 59 years		303	50.4	291	12	4.0	299	203	i	34	61
60 to 64 years		158	28.4	156	2	1.4	399	233	,	33	132
65 years and over	. 1,433	144	10.1	134	11	7.4	1,289	649	1	99	539
65 to 69 years70 years and over	. 496	94	18.9	85	8	9.0	402	241		15	147
	. 937	50	5.4	48	2	. (')	887	409	1	84	393

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

#### A-5. Employment status of the black-and-other civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex

					July 1988				
				(	Divilian labor force				
Age and sex	Civilian				Employed		Unem	ployed	Not.ir
Age allu sex	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Agriculture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	labor
TOTAL							-	10/00	
6 years and eyes	00.454	17.500	60.0	45.000	000	45 405	4.074	10.7	9.04
6 years and over	26,451 2,672	17,508 1,526	66.2 57.1	15,633 1,081	228 16	15,405 1,065	1,874 444	10.7 29.1	8,94 1,14
16 to 17 years	1,395	651	46.7	432	12	420	219	33.6	74
18 to 19 years	1,277	875	68.5	650	5	645	225	25.8	40
20 to 24 years	3,191	2,307	72.3	1,909	28	1,880	398	17.3	88
25 to 54 years	15,087	12,046	79.8	11,081	134	10,947	967	8.0	3,04
25 to 34 years	6,748	5,363	79.5	4,825	68	4,757	538	10.0	1,38
25 to 29 years	3,417	2,704	79.1	2,377	36	2,341	327	12.1	71
30 to 34 years	3,330	1,433	43.0	2,448	33	2,416	210	14.7	6
35 to 44 years	4,961	4,143	83.5	3,825	38	3,787	317	7.7	8
35 to 39 years	2,827	2,323	82.2	2,129	22	2,107	194	8.4	5
40 to 44 years	2,134	1,820	85.3	1,696	16	1,680	124	6.8	3
45 to 54 years	3,376	2,541	75.3	2,431	28	2,403	111	4.3	8
45 to 49 years	1,818	1,409	77.5	1,346	7	1,339	63	4.5	4
50 to 54 years	1,559	1,132	72.6	1,085	21	1,064	48	4.2	4
55 to 64 years	2,652	1,305	49.2	1,254	32	1,222	51	3.9	1,3
55 to 59 years	1,437	863	60.0	821	19	802	42	4.8	5
60 to 64 years	1,215	443	36.4	433	13	420	10	2.2	7
65 years and over	2,850	323	11.3	308	17 4	292	15 10	4.5 5.5	2,5. . 8:
65 to 69 years	1,038 755	182 104	17.5 13.8	172	9	168 90	10 4	3.8	6
70 to 74 years	1,057	37	3.5	37	4	34	4		1,0
/5 years and over	1,057	J .	3.5	3′	*	34	1	()	1,0
Men .				İ					
6 years and over	12,022	8,968	74.6	8,039	199	7,840	929	10.4	3,0
16 to 19 years	1,341	844	63.0	599	17	582	246	29.1	4
16 to 17 years	705	363	51.5	238	12	226	126	34.5	3
18 to 19 years	636	481	75.6	361	5	356	120	25.0	1
20 to 24 years	1,459	1,156	79.2	978	18	959	178	15.4	3
25 to 54 years	6,866	6,083	88.6	5,613	118	5,496	470	7.7	7
25 to 34 years	3,079	2,743	89.1	2,479	61	2,419	263	9.6	3
25 to 29 years	1,579	1,380	87.4	1,219	30	1,189	161	11.7	1
30 to 34 years	1,500	1,362	90.8	1,260	31	1,230	102	7.5	1 1.
35 to 44 years	2,265	2,044	90.3	1,893	31	1,862	151	7.4	. 2
35 to 39 years	1,289	1,159	90.0	1,058	18	1,041	101	8.7	1
40 to 44 years	976 1,522	885	90.6	835	13 26	822	50	5.6	! . 2
	806	1,296 713	85.2 88.5	1,241 681	26 5	1,215 676	56 32	4.3 4.5	
45 to 49 years	716	583	81.5	560	21	539	24	4.0	۱ 1
55 to 64 years	1,192	727	61.0	697	31	666	31	4.2	4
55 to 59 years	656	478	72.9	455	18	437	23	4.9	1
60 to 64 years	536	249	46.4	242	13	229	7	3.0	2
65 years and over	1,164	157	13.5	153	16	137	4	2.8	1.0
65 to 69 years	448	75	16.8	73	3	70	2	2.9	3
70 to 74 years	323	54	16.7	52	9	42	2	(1)	2
75 years and over	393	28	7.1	28	4	25	-	(1)	3
Women							1	l .	
6 years and over	14,429	8,540	59.2	7,594	29	7,566	945	11.1	5,8
16 to 19 years	1,331	681	51.2	483	-	484	198	29.1	6
16 to 17 years	690	288	41.7	194		194	93	32.5	. 4
18 to 19 years	641	394	61.4	289	-	289	105	26.6	2
20 to 24 years	1,732	1,151	66.5	931	10	921	220	19.1	5
25 to 54 years	8,221	5,963	72.5	5,468	16	5,451	497	8.3	2,2
25 to 34 years	3,669	2,620	71.4	2,345	7	2,338	274	10.5	1,0
25 to 29 years	1,838	1,324	72.0	1,158	6	1,152	166	12.5	. 5
30 to 34 years	1,830	1,296	70.8	1,188	2	1,186	108	8.4	5
35 to 44 years	2,697	2,099	77.8	1,932	7	1,925	167	7.9	5
35 to 39 years	1,538	1,164	75.7	1,071	4	1,066	93	8.0	3
40 to 44 years	1,158	935	80.7	861	3 2	858	74	7.9	2
45 to 54 years	1,855	1,245	67.1	1,190		1,188	55	4.4	6
45 to 49 years	1,012	696	68.8	665	1 2	663	31	4.4	3
50 to 54 years	843	549	65.1	525	- ^	525	24	4.4	2
55 to 64 years	1,460	578	39.6	558	2	556	21	3.6	8
55 to 59 years	782 679	385 193	49.2 28.5	366 191	2	364 191	18	4.8 1.1	3
60 to 64 years 65 years and over .	1,686	166			- ,		10	6.2	1,5
06.1.00	1,686 590	107	9.8 18.1	156 99	1	154 98	8	6.2 7.4	1,5
70 4- 74	432	50	11.6	48	ı	48	) 2	(¹) .4	1 3
75 years and over	664	. 9	1.4	. 9		9	-	(¹)	ě
	004	, 5	, 1.4	, 3	i e	1 3	1		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

#### A-6. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

Employment status and		otal	Men, 20 y		Women, 20 ov	years and er	Both sexes	,
race	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988
TOTAL								
Divilian noninstitutional population	182,885	184,729	79,625	80,608	88,632	89,588	14,628	14,533
Civilian labor force	. 122,105	123,888	62,645	63,320	49,564	50,426	9,896	10,143
Percent of population		67.1	78.7	78.6	55.9	56.3	67.6	69.8
Employed		117,066	59,458	60,622	46,811	47.783	8,383	8,661
Agriculture		3,541	2,556	2,454	749	650	448	438
Nonagricultural industries		113,524	56,902	58,168	46,062	47,133	7,934	8,223
Unemployed		6,823	3,187	2,697	2,753	2,643	1,513	1,482
Unemployment rate		5.5	5.1	4.3	5.6	5.2	15.3	14.6
Not in labor force		60,841	16,979	17,289	39,067	39,162	4,732	4,391
White	1				I			
Civilian noninstitutional population	157,058	158,279	69,212	69,928	75.878	76,489	11.968	11,861
Civilian labor force		106,381	54,625	55,196	41,927	42,568	8,436	8,617
Percent of population		67.2	78.9	78.9	55.3	55.7	70.5	72.6
Employed	99,609	101,432	52,250	53,182	39,975	40,671	7,384	7,579
Agriculture		3,313	2,335	2,272	700	621	412	421
Nonagricultural industries		98,119	49,915	50,910	39,275	40,050	6,972	7,158
Unemployed		4,949	2,375	2,014	1,951	1,897	1,051	1,038
Unemployment rate		4.7	4.3	3.6	4.7	4.5	12.5	12.0
Not in labor force		51,898	14,587	14,732	33,951	33,922	3,533	3,244
Black					I			
Civilian noninstitutional population	20,373	20,715	8,072	8,227	10,133	10,304	2,168	2,184
Civilian labor force	13,468	13,700	6,159	6,161	6,104	6,284	1,205	1,254
Percent of population		66.1	76.3	74.9	60.2	61.0	55.6	57.4
Employed		12,031	5,463	5,569	5,388	5,616	794	846
Agriculture		165	166	130	32	22	30	13
Nonagricultural industries		11,866	5,297	5,439	5,355	5,594	764	833
Unemployed		1.669	696	592	716	668	411	409
Unemployment rate		12.2	11.3	9.6	11.7	10.6	34.1	32.6
Not in labor force		7,015	1,912	2,065	4,030	4,020	963	929

# A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

					July 1	988				
					Civ	ilian labor fo	orce			
Employment status, years of school	Civilian				Employed			Unemp	loyed	
completed, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time¹	Part time <sup>1</sup>	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percent of labor force
TOTAL ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	3,862	2,329	60.3	2,116	904	1,212	213	59	153	9.1
16 to 19 years	1,895	1,013 1,315	53.5 66.9	868 1,248	265 640	603 608	145 67	24 36	122 31	14.3 5.1
High school		520	45.8	427	121	306	93	13	80	17.8
College	1	1,809 847	66.3 54.1	1,689 790	783 307	906 482	120 57	47 25	73 32	6.6
Part-time students	1,163	962	82.8	899	476	423	63	22	41	6.5
Men, 16 to 24 years	1,907	1,163	61.0	1,046	514	532	117	29	89	10.1
16 to 19 years		496	54.2	404	147 367	257	91 26	16 13	76 13	18.5
20 to 24 years	. 993	668	67.2	642	367	274	26			
High school		291	47.9	227	83	145	64	9	56	22.0
CollegeFull-time students		872 405	67.1 54.1	819 389	432 174	387 215	53 17	20 7	33 10	6.1 4.1
Part-time students		466	84.8	430	258	172	36	13	23	7.8
Women, 16 to 24 years	1,954	1,166	59.6	1,070	390	680	95	31	65	8.2
16 to 19 years	. 981	518 648	52.8 66.5	464 606	118 272	346 334	54 42	8 23	46 18	10.4 6.4
				'						
High school		229 937	43.4 65.6	200 870	38 351	161 519	29 67	4 26	24 40	12.5
Full-time students		441	54.1	401	133	268	40	18	23	9.1
Part-time students	613	496	80.9	469	218	251	27	9	18	5.4
White	1		ı							
Total, 16 to 24 years		1,876	65.1	1,736	755	981	140	47	94 72	7.5 10.8
16 to 19 years		794 1,082	58.0 71.6	708 1,028	222 534	486 494	86 54	14 32	22	5.0
Men Women		934 942	65.8 64.6	855 881	426 329	429 551	78 62	23 24	55 38	8.4 6.6
High school	756	396	52.4	343	99	244	53	2	51	13.3
College		1,480	69.7	1,393	656	737	87	45	43	5.9
Full-time students		699	58.4	649	255	395	50	26	24	7.
Part-time students	927	781	84.3	744	402	342	38	18	19	4.8
Black					1					
Total, 16 to 24 years		324 188	46.7 44.8	256 133	104	153 94	68 55	14 10	53 44	20.9
20 to 24 years		136	49.7	123	64	59	13	4	9	9.3
Men		163	49.7	128	62	67	34	7	27	21.
Women	366	161	44.1	128	42	86	33	7	26	20.0
High school		114	36.7	76	22	54	38	11	27	33.4
College		210 94	54.9 40.5	180	82 25	99	29	3	26	14.0
Full-time students Part-time students		115	77.6	95	56	38	21	4	17	18.0
Hispanic origin	1			1			1	1		
Total, 16 to 24 years	331	194	58.6	178	78	100	16	10	6	8.
16 to 19 years	178	76	42.8	73	33	40 60	3 13	13	6	3.1
20 to 24 years	153	118	76.9	105	45	60	13			
Men	172 159	100 94	58.0 59.1	89 89	51 27	38 62	11 5	5 5	- 6	10. 5.
High school	142	64	44.9	62	36	25	2	_	5	(²)
College	189	130	68.8	116		75 42	14	12	1	10. (²)
Full-time students	97	54	55.9	46	5	42	8	8	-	i (-)

See footnotes at end of table.

#### A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	1				July 1	088				
						rilian labor f	oree			
Employment status, years of school	Civilian				Employed	Inan iabor i		Unem	ployed	
completed, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time <sup>t</sup>	Part time <sup>1</sup>	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percent of labor force
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	. 29,113	23,018	79.1	20,471	14,853	5,618	2,547	1,898	. 649	11.1
16 to 19 years 20 to 24 years	. 12,639	9,129 13,889	72.2 84.3	7,793 12,678	4,039 10,815	3,754 1,864	1,337 1,210	829 1,069	508 141	14.6 8.7
Less than 4 years of high school	9,966	6,437	64.6	5,230	2,758	2,472	1,207	796	411	18.8
4 years of high school		9,433	83.6	8,497	6,654	1,843	936	761	175	9.9
1 to 3 years of college		5,376 1,772	90.2 92.9	5,077 1,667	3,979 1,462	1,098 206	299 105	245 97	55 8	5.6 5.9
Men, 16 to 24 years	. 14,342	12.239	85.3	10,892	8,311	2,581	1,347	1,043	304	11.0
16 to 19 years		4,878	76.1	4,137	2,304	1,834	740	475	266	15.2
20 to 24 years	. 7,931	7,361	92.8	6,755	6,008	747	606	568	38	8.2
Less than 4 years of high school		3,947	74.0	3,215	1,911	1,304	732	517	215	18.5
4 years of high school		4,895	91.9	4,455	3,765	690	440	371	69	9.0 5.2
1 to 3 years of college		2,558 839	91.2 95.8	2,424 798	1,927 708	497 90	134 40	118 37	16	4.8
Women, 16 to 24 years	. 14,771	10,780	73.0	9,579	6,542	3,037	1,201	856	345	11.1
16 to 19 years	. 6,228	4,252	68.3	3,655	1,735	1,920	596	354	242	14.0
20 to 24 years	. 8,543	6,528	76.4	5,924	4,807	1,117	604	502	103	9.3
Less than 4 years of high school		2,490	53.7 76.2	2,015	847	1,168	475 496	279 390	196 105	19.1 10.9
4 years of high school		4,538 2,818	89.3	4,043 2,653	2,890 2,052	1,153 601	496 165	126	39	5.9
4 years of college or more		934	90.5	869	754	115	65	60	4	6.9
White									ļ 1	
Total, 16 to 24 years		19,638	81.0 74.6	17,861	13,053 3,596	4,808 3,275	1,777 952	1,298 571	479 381	9.0 12.2
20 to 24 years		7,823 11,815	86.0	6,871 10,990	9,456	1,534	825	727	98	7.0
Men	. 12,028	10,468	87.0	9,506	7,313	2,194	961	726	235	9.2
Women		9,170	75.1	8,355	5,740	2,615	816	572	244	8.9
Less than 4 years of high school		5,366	67.1	4,505	2,394	2,112	860	554	306	16.0
4 years of high school		8,032	85.2	7,416	5,841	1,576	615	489	126 40	7.7 4.5
1 to 3 years of college4 years of college or more		4,630 1,611	91.0 93.4	4,423 1,517	3,475 1,344	948 173	207 94	167 87	7	5.9
Black										
Total, 16 to 24 years		2,773	69.0	2,057	1,431	626	716	561	154	25.8
16 to 19 years	1,764 2,253	1,067 1,706	60.5 75.7	713 1,344	339 1,092	374 252	354 362	238 324	116 38	33.2 21.2
Men	1,903	1,443	75.9	1,088	797	291	355	293	62	24.6
Women		1,329	62.9	969	634	334	361	268	93	27.1
Less than 4 years of high school	1,672	904	54.1	581	287	294	323	226	97	35.7
4 years of high school	1,575	1,200	76.2	897	689	208	303	258	45	25.3
1 to 3 years of college		578 90	85.4 97.0	492 87	380 75	112 12	87 3	74 3	12	15.0 3.6
Hispanic origin										
Total, 16 to 24 years	3,035	2,150	70.8	1,848	1,407	441	302	232	70	14.1
16 to 19 years	1,175	726	61.8	580	313	268	146	90	56	20.1
20 to 24 years	1,860	1,424	76.5	1,267	1,094	173	157	142	15	11.0
Men Women		1,274 877	83.6 58.0	1,091 756	866 540	225 216	182 120	144 88	38 32	14.3 13.7
Less than 4 years of high school4 years of high school		972 803	62.0 78.7	788 714	560 574	229 139	184 89	138 67	46 23	18.9 11.1
1 to 3 years of college	389	320	82.3	295	227	68	25	24	1	7.9
4 years of college or more	57	55	(²)	· 51	46	5	4	4	1	(²)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Employed persons with a job but not at work and persons at work part time are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time.
<sup>2</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.
NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and

college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### A-8. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi noninsti popul	tutional	Civilian labor force										
Veteran status			To	tal	Emple	oyed		Unemp	oloyed				
and age	July 1987	July 1988	July	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	Number		Percent of labor force				
	1987		1987				July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988			
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS													
Otal, 30 years and over	7,843 6,210 915 2,589 2,706 1,633	7,905 5,910 685 2,142 3,083 1,995	7,260 5,956 871 2,484 2,601 1,304	7,281 5,653 646 2,034 2,973 1,628	6,877 5,623 786 2,348 2,489 1,254	7,044 5,455 621 1,957 2,877 1,589	383 333 85 136 112 50	237 198 25 77 96 39	5.3 5.6 9.8 5.5 4.3 3.8	3.3 3.5 3.9 3.8 3.2 2.4			
NONVETERANS													
otal, 30 to 44 years	19,510 8,869 6,231 4,410	20,450 9,159 6,810 4,481	18,474 8,494 5,882 4,098	19,358 8,735 6,451 4,172	17,665 8,103 5,643 3,919	18,630 8,385 6,210 4,035	809 391 239 179	728 350 241 137	4.4 4.6 4.1 4.4	3.8 4.0 3.7 3.3			

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data

are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population.

#### A-9. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex, age, and race

(In thousands)

					ıly 1988			
			Emple	oyed			Unem	ployed
Source and soon		Full time			Part time			
Sex, age, and race	Total	Full-time schedules <sup>1</sup>	Part time for economic reasons, usually work full time	Total	Voluntary <sup>1</sup>	Part time for economic reasons, usually work part time	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
TOTAL								
Total, 18 years and over	98,233	96,344	1,889	18,833	14,581	4,252	5,582	1,241
16 to 19 years	4,303	4,107	198	4,357	2,852	1,505	852	630
18 to 17 years	1,232	1,174	56	2,440	1,867	773	308	443
18 to 19 years	3,072	2,933	139	1,917	1,185	732	547	186
20 years and over	93,929	92,237	1,692	14,476	11,729	2,747	4,729	611
20 to 24 years	11,454	11,139	315	2,472	1,696	776	1,105	172
25 years and over	82,474	81,097	1,377	12,003	10,032	1,971	3,624	439
25 to 54 years	71,534	70,319	1,215	8,538	6,920	1,618	3,303	331
55 years and over	10,942	10,779	163	3,486	3,113	353	321	108
Men, 16 years and over	58,849	57,806	1,043	6,315	4,334	1,981	3,041	488
16 to 19 years	2,451	2,349	102	2,091	1,304	787	491	341
20 years and over	58,398	55,457	941	4,224	3,030	1,194	2,550	147
20 to 24 years	6,375	6,202	173	1,022	824	398	581	51
25 years and over	50,023	49,256	767	3,202	2,406	796	1,969	96
25 to 54 years	42,999	42,330	669	1,693	1,060	633	1,765	58
55 years and over	7,025	6,928	99	1,510	1,347	163	205	39
Women, 16 years and over	39,384	38,538	846	12,518	10,247	2,271	2,541	752
16 to 19 years	1,854	1,759	95	2,266	1,548	718	362	288
20 years and over	37,531	36,780	751	10,251	8,698	1,553	2,179	464
20 to 24 years	5,079	4,937	142	1,451	1,073	378	525	121
25 years and over	32,452	31,842	610	8,800	7,626	1,174	1,655	343
25 to 54 years	28,536	27,990	546	6,845	5,860	985	1,539	273
55 years and over	3,916	3,852	64	1,955	1,766	189	115	69
White								
Men, 16 years and over	51,735	50,862	873	5,391	3,789	1,602	2,233	368
16 to 19 years	2,168	2,080	88	1,776	1,138	636	342	244
20 years and over	49,567	48,782	785	3,615	2,651	964	1,891	124
20 to 24 years	5,571	5,423	148	848	521	327	407	46
25 years and over	43,996	43,359	637	2,767	2,130	637	1,483	77
25 to 54 years55 years and over	37,692 6,303	37,143 6,215	549 88	1,384 1,382	885 1,245	499 137	1,309 175	33
Women, 16 years and over	33,279	32,582	697	11,028	9,183	1,845	1,788	560
16 to 19 years	1,650	1,574	76	1,986	1,345	641	243	209
20 years and over	31,629	31,008	621	9,042	7,838	1,204	1,545	352
20 to 24 years	4,419	4,320	99	1,180	891	289	352	74
25 years and over	27,209	26,687	522	7,862	6,947	915	1,192	279
25 to 54 years	23,796	23,331	465	6,117	5,345	772	1,094	222
55 years and over	3,413	3,356	57	1,745	1,602	143	98	56
Black								
Men, 16 years and over	5,338	5,193	145	691	378	313	707	105
16 to 19 years	217	206	11	243	122	121	134	85
20 years and over	5,120	4,987	133	448	256	192	572	20
20 to 24 years	642	620	22	115	59	56	166	4
25 years and over	4,479	4,367	112	334	198	136	406	17
25 to 54 years55 years and over	3,918 560	3,813 554	105	229 104	117 81	112 23	388 18	13
Women, 16 years and over	4,842	4,723	119	1,160 225	811 163	349 62	686 114	171
16 to 19 years	161 4 681		106	935	648	287	572	96
20 years and over	4,681 515	4,575	32	195	127	68	161	43
20 to 24 years	515 4 164	483	73		521	218	412	52
25 to 54 years	4,164 3,773	4,091 3,706	67	739 550	373	177	399	40
25 to 54 years55 years and over	3,773	3,706	6	189	148	41	13	12
55 years wild over	001	303	1	100	'70		10	'-

Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according

to whether they usually work full or part time.

#### A-10. Employment status of persons in families by family relationship

(Numbers in thousands)

					July 198	3				
		Civilia	n labor forc	e			Not	in labor fo	orce	
Family relationship		Ī		Unem	ployed					
	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
Total, 16 years and over'	101,016	67.8	95,318	5,698	5.6	47,923	23,127	1,877	2,258	20,661
Husbands	40,053	78.5	38,954	1,099	2.7	10,988	172	125	835	9,856
With employed wife	25,128	92.4	24,524	604	2.4	2,074	58	63	280	1,673
With unemployed wife	1,036	90.4	938	98	9.5	110	6	4	16	84
With wife not in labor force	13,889	61.2	13,493	397	2.9	8,804	108	58	539	8,099
Wives	28,348	55.5	27,202	1,146	4.0	22,693	18,164	228	337	3,964
With employed husband	25,462	65.4	24,524	938	3.7	13,493	11,811	170	121	1,391
With unemployed husband	702	63.9	604	98	13.9	397	330	16	9	41
With husband not in labor force	2,184	19.9	2,074	110	5.1	8,804	6,023	43	207	2,531
Relatives in married-couple families	16,034	74.9	14,440	1,594	9.9	5,362	831	920	342	3,269
16 to 19 years	6,892	72.0	6,070	822	11.9	2,676	186	525	19	1,945
20 to 24 years	5,609	85.9	5,155	455	8.1	921	143	334	31	414
25 years and over	3,532	66.7	3,215	317	9.0	1,765	502	61	292	910
Women who maintain families	6,572	62.3	6,019	553	8.4	3,982	2,721	107	212	942
Relatives in families maintained by women	5,856	64.4	4,911	945	16.1	3,240	811	401	338	1,690
16 to 19 years	1,837	61.5	1,426	412	22.4	1,149	167	245	16	720
20 to 24 years	1,620	76.9	1,340	280	17.3	488	133	110	42	202
25 years and over	2,398	59.9	2,145	253	10.6	1,603	511	46	280	768
Men who maintain families	2,217	75.9	2,087	130	5.9	703	47	9	86	562
Relatives in families maintained by men	1,936	67.0	1,705	232	12.0	955	381	87	108	378
16 to 19 years	451	73.1	349	102	22.6	166	24	44	1	97
20 to 24 years	491	81.6	440	51	10.5	110	27	28	6	50
25 years and over	995	59.4	916	79	7.9	679	330	15	101	231

Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in families where the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces, and persons in unrelated subfamilies.

NOTE: Estimates shown in this table for husbands, wives, and women

who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

A-11. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		Me	en			Wor	men	
Marital status, race, and age	Thousa pers		•	loyment les	Thousa pers		Unempl rat	oyment es
	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988
Total, 16 years and over	3,963	3,529	5.8	5.1	3,490	3,294	6.4	6.0
Married, spouse present	1,513	1,192	3.6	2.8	1,285	1,252	4.4	4.3
Widowed, divorced, or separated	445	400	6.8	5.8	735	703	7.2	6.7
Single (never married)	2,005	1,937	10.4	9.7	1,471	1,339	9.8	8.8
White, 16 years and over	2,906	2,600	4.9	4.4	2,472	2,348	5.4	5.0
Married, spouse present	1,229	975	3.3	2.6	1,074	1,024	4.2	3.9
Widowed, divorced, or separated	311	296	5.7	5.2	502	504	6.2	5.9
Single (never married)	1,365	1,329	8.5	8.0	896	820	7.4	6.7
Black, 16 years and over	912	812	13.4	11.9	911	857	13.6	12.5
Married, spouse present	220	. 162 <sup>l</sup>	6.8	5.1	172	181	7.3	7.4
Widowed, divorced, or separated	125	96	13.0	9.9	209	183	11.4	9.9
Single (never married)	567	554	21.6	20.5	529	492	21.5	19.1
Total, 25 years and over	2,411	2,065	4.4	3.7	2,036	1,998	4.8	4.6
Married, spouse present	1,406	1,107	3.5	2.8	1,045	1,043	3.9	3.8
Widowed, divorced, or separated	411	369	6.5	5.6	649	629	6.7	6.2
Single (never married)	595	589	7.5	6.9	343	326	6.0	5.4
White, 25 years and over	1,808	1,561	3.8	3.2	1,446	1,471	4.1	4,0
Married, spouse present	1,132	899	3.2	2.5	870	853	3.7	3.6
Widowed, divorced, or separated	294	267	5.7	4.8	432	444	5.6	5.5
Single (never married)	382	395	5.9	5.7	143	174	3.3	3.8
Black, 25 years and over	515	422	9.9	, J 8.1	521	463	10.1	8.6
Married, spouse present	210	154	6.8	5.1	136	150	6.2	6.6
Widowed, divorced, or separated	110	94	11.8	9.9	195	171	10.9	9.5
Single (never married)	194	174	16.4	14.0	190	142	16.0	10.9

#### A-12. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

	Thousa pers			(	Jnemploy	ment rates	S	
Occupation	То	tal	То	tal	м	en	Wor	men
	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988
Total, 16 years and over	7,453	6,823	6.1	5.5	5.8	5.1	6.4	6.0
Managerial and professional specialty	698	677	2.5	2.3	2.1	1.9	2.9	2.7
Executive, administrative, and managerial	310	316	2.2	2.1	1.8	1.9	2.8	2.5
Professional specialty	388	361	2.7	2.4	2.5	1.9	2.9	2.9
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,589	1,537	4.3	4.1	3.4	3.4	4.8	4.5
Technicians and related support	67	89	1.9	2.4	2.3	2.0	1.4	2.8
Sales occupations	681	626	4.8	4.3	2.9	2.9	6.6	5.8
Administrative support, including clerical	840	822	4.4	4.3	4.8	5.1	4.3	4.1
Service occupations	1,250	1,173	7.5	7.0	7.3	6.7	7.7	7.1
Private household	62	60	5.8	5.7	(')	(')	6.0	5.8
Protective service	85	79	4.2	3.7	4.0	3.5	5.2	4.7
Service, except private household and protective	1,103	1,034	8.2	7.6	8.6	7.9	8.0	7.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	788	676	5.4	4.6	5.3	4.5	6.1	5.4
Mechanics and repairers	208	141	4.4	3.0	4.3	2.9	9.0	4.8
Construction trades	387	338	6.9	5.9	6.9	5.9	5.0	5.9
Other precision production, craft, and repair	194	198	4.5	4.6	4.1	4.3	5.7	5.5
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1,760	1,445	8.9	7.3	8.6	6.7	9.7	8.9
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		640	8.5	7.2	8.0	6.0	9.3	9.0
Transportation and material moving occupations	335	277	6.6	5.4	6.4	5.1	8.0	7.8
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	651	527	11.4	9.0	11.3	9.0	12.0	8.9
Construction laborers	161	124	15.7	11.4	15.8	11.0	(')	(1)
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	490	403	10.5	8.5	10.1	8.5	11.9	8.3
Farming, forestry, and fishing	258	255	5.6	6.0	5.6	5.1	5.8	10.4
No previous work experience	1,090	1,014				1		ł
16 to 19 years		757						
20 to 24 years	192	150						1
25 years and over	109	107		1	1			

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

#### A-13. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

		ands of sons		1	Jnemploy	ment rate	s	
Industry	То	otal	To	otal	М	en	Wo	men
	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988
Total, 16 years and over	7,453	6,823	6.1	5.5	5.8	5.1	6.4	6.0
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	5,368	4,886	5.9	5.2	5.8	5.0	6.0	5.5
Mining	71	43	7.9	5.3	8.2	5.7	6.3	3.0
Construction		523	8.5	8.1	9.1	8.2	2.9	6.5
Manufacturing	1,273	1,131	5.8	5.0	5.2	4.5	7.0	6.1
Durable goods	778	653	5.9	4.9	5.9	4.7	6.1	5.4
Lumber and wood products		72	6.0	9.7	6.0	9.6	5.9	10.7
Funiture and fixtures		35	6.3	4.3	4.7	2.9	9.7	7.6
Stone, clay, and glass products	_	28	5.8	4.4	7.0	2.9	1.4	9.4
Primary metal industries		37	8.5	4.3	8.6	4.6	8.0	2.2
		73	6.5	5.4	7.2	6.3	4.2	2.5
Fabricated metal products					1			
Machinery, except electrical		117	5.2	4.2	4.8	3.4	6.5	6.9
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies		99	4.0	4.8	4.0	5.0	4.1	4.5
Transportation equipment		147	7.8	5.3	7.2	4.8	10.1	7.1
Automobiles		91	11.7	7.1	10.2	6.5	16.8	9.6
Other transportation equipment		56	4.4	3.8	4.6	3.3	4.1	5.3
Professional and photographic equipment		23	2.0	3.1	2.1	4.7	1.9	.9
Other durable goods industries	. 39	23	6.9	4.5	5.9	4.1	8.1	4.6
Nondurable goods	496	478	5.5	5.2	3.8	4.0	7.8	6.8
Food and kindred products	130	140	7.2	7.4	5.4	5.6	10.5	10.9
Textile mill products		32	4.6	4.3	3.2	3.7	6.1	4.9
Apparel and other textile products		97	10.1	7.1	2.5	5.1	12.2	7.8
Paper and allied products		24	2.6	3.1	1.9	1.4	4.6	7.7
Printing and publishing		77	3.2	4.0	3.5	3.8	2.9	4.2
Chemicals and allied products		36	3.2	2.8	2.9	2.3	4.1	4.1
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products		52	6.2	5.9	4.8	5.6	8.2	6.6
Other nondurable goods industries		20	7.5	4.7	6.8	3.9	9.9	5.6
Transportation and public utilities	284	233	4.5	3.6	 , 4.2	3.3	5.0	4.4
Transportation		174	5.7	4.7	5.6	4.1	6.1	6.4
Communications and other public utilities		59	2.8	2.1	2.1	1.9	4.1	2.4
Wholesale and retail trade		1,414	6.7	6.0	5.7	5.3	7.7	6.8
Wholesale trade		171	4.1	3.9	4.0	3.2	4.4	5.7
Retail trade		1,243	7.3	6.5	6.3	6.0	8.1	6.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate		235	3.1	3.2	3.6	2.9	2.8	3.3
Service industries		1.307	5.6	5.1	6.1	5.1	5.4	5.0
Professional services		505	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.1	4.0	3.8
Other service industries		802	7.7	6.7	8.0	6.5	7.4	6.9
Agricultural wage and salary workers	197	182	9.1	8.9	8.7	7.8	10.4	13.6
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers		740	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.1	3.3	3.4
No previous work experience		1.014					-	]
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#### A-14. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, and race

Reason for unemployment	To		Me 20 ye and	ears	Won 20 ye and	ears	Both s 16 to yea	19	Wh	iite	Bla	ck
, ,	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED			•						_			
Total unemployed Job losers On layoff Other job losers Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	7,453 3,385 839 2,546 1,068 1,911 1,089	6,823 2,957 781 2,176 975 1,880 1,011	3,187 2,138 512 1,626 443 482 125	2,697 1,727 440 1,287 397 487 86	2,753 1,046 290 756 450 1,081 176	2,643 1,021 288 733 393 1,059 170	1,513 201 38 163 175 348 789	1,482 209 52 157 184 334 755	5,378 2,506 651 1,855 851 1,317 704	4,949 2,231 653 1,578 807 1,284 626	1,823 790 167 623 173 529 331	1,669 651 114 537 145 532 340
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION			,									
Total unemployed Job losers On layoff Other job losers Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	100.0 45.5 11.3 34.2 14.3 25.6 14.6	100.0 43.3 11.4 31.9 14.3 27.5 14.8	100.0 67.1 16.1 51.0 13.9 15.1 3.9	100.0 64.0 16.3 47.7 14.7 18.0 3.2	100.0 38.0 10.5 27.5 16.3 39.3 6.4	100.0 38.6 10.9 27.7 14.9 40.1 6.4		100.0 14.0 3.5 10.5 12.4 22.5 50.9	100.0 46.6 12.1 34.5 15.8 24.5 13.1	100.0 45.1 13.2 31.9 16.3 25.9 12.7	100.0 43.3 9.1 34.2 9.5 29.0 18.1	100.0 39.0 6.8 32.2 8.7 31.9 20.4
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE			l					,				
Job losers	2.8 .9 1.6 .9	2.4 .8 1.5	3.4 .7 .8 .2	2.7 .6 .8	2.1 .9 2.2 .4	2.1 .8 2.1 .3	2.0 1.8 3.5 8.0	1.8 3.3	2.4 .8 1.3 .7	2.1 .8 1.2 .6	5.9 1.3 3.9 2.5	4.8 1.1 3.9 2.5

A-15. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

				July 1988			
	Total une	mployed		Durati	on of unemplo	yment	
Reason, sex, and age	_				1	5 weeks and o	ver
	Thousands of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over
Total, 16 years and over	6,823	100.0	46.4	32.0	21.6	10.0	11.5
Job losers	2,957	100.0	37.7	30.4	31.9	14.1	17.8
On layoff	781	100.0	53.8	29.2	17.0	11.3	5.7
Other job losers	2,176	100.0	31,9	30.8	37.3	15.1	22.2
Job leavers	975	100.0	55.3	30.5	14.2	6.9	7.3
Reentrants	1,880	100.0	52.0	31.6	16.4	8.3	8.1
			1		8.2	4.3	3.8
New entrants	1,011	100.0	52.6	39.2	6.2	4.3	3.6
Men, 20 years and over	2,697	100.0	35.6	32.6	31.8	13.8	18.0
lob losers	1,727	100.0	31.8	31.0	37.3	15.5	21.7
On layoff	440	100.0	54.1	28.5	17.4	12.0	5.4
Other job losers	1,287	100.0	24.1	31.8	44.0	16.7	27.4
lob leavers	397	100.0	49.1	34.6	16.3	6.5	9.8
Reentrants	487	100.0	38.9	33.9	27.3	14.4	12.9
New entrants	86	100.0	32.2	49.2	18.6	8.9	9.7
Women, 20 years and over	2,643	100.0	49.6	29.9	20.5	10.1	10.4
Job losers	1.021	100.0	41.1	31.0	27.9	14.3	13.6
On layoff	288	100.0	50.2	30.4	19.4	12.0	7.4
Other job losers	733	100.0	37.6	31.2	31.2	15.1	16.0
	393	100.0	53.8	28.5	17.7	9.6	8.0
Job leavers	***						
Reentrants	1,059	100.0	55.4	29.2	15.4	7.3	8.1
New entrants	170	100.0	54.2	31.1	14.7	4.4	10.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,482	100.0	60.2	34.8	5.0	3.0	1.9
Job losers	209	100.0	69.9	22.2	7.9	1.8	6.1
On layoff	52	100.0	(')	(')	(')	(')	(1)
Other job losers	157	100.0	69.8	19.8	10.3	2.1	8.2
lob leavers	184	100.0	71.8	25.9	2.2	2.0	.2
Reentrants	334	100.0	60.5	36.1	3.4	2.7	.7
New entrants	755	100.0	54.6	39.9	5.5	3.8	1.7

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-16. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

		Tot	al		Full-time workers						
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent di	stribution	Thousands	of persons	Percent distribution				
	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 19 <b>8</b> 8			
Total, 16 years and over	7,453	6,823	100.0	100.0	6,262	5,582	100.0	100.0			
Less than 5 weeks	3,415	3,164	45.8	46.4	2,695	2,387	43.0	42.8			
5 to 14 weeks	2,276	2,186	30.5	32.0	1,913	1,791	30.5	32.1			
5 to 10 weeks	1,797	1,771	24.1	26.0	1,483	1,422	23.7	25.5			
11 to 14 weeks	479	415	6.4	6.1	429	369	6.9	6.6			
15 weeks and over	1,762	1,473	23.6	21.6	1,655	1,404	26.4	25.2			
15 to 26 weeks	787	685	10.6	10.0	737	643	11.8	11.5			
27 weeks and over	975	788	13.1	11.5	918	762	14.7	13.7			
27 to 51 weeks	466	339	6.3	5.0	438	328	7.0	5.9			
52 weeks and over	510	450	6.8	6.6	480	434	7.7	7.8			
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	13.4	12.7			14.5	14.2					
Median duration, in weeks	5.9	5.6			6.6	6.3	j				

A-17. Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		│ <b>We</b> │	eks	Pe		unemployed group	
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	pioyed than eeks	15 w	ployed eeks over
			,	July 198	8			July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988
Total, 16 years and over	6,823	3,164	2,186	685	788	12.7	5.6	45.8	46.4	23.6	21.6
16 to 19 years	1,482	893	516	45	28	5.9	4.2	57.0	60.2	5.7	5.0
20 to 24 years	1,278	658	385	123	111	10.0	4.9	52.0	51.5	17.6	18.3
25 to 34 years	1,853	803	594	225	232	13.5	6.3	42.2	43.3	28.6	24.6
35 to 44 years	1,140	421	379	144	196	16.3	7.7	40.5	36.9	29.2	29.8
45 to 54 years	641	251	182	83	125	17.6	7.1	36.4	39.2	38.7	32.4
55 to 64 years	330	85	99	56	90	27.1	12.5	29.0	25.9	46.0	44.2
65 years and over	98	52	31	8	6	10.5	4.7	(')	53.3	(')	14.9
Men, 18 years and over	3,529	1,451	1,167	399	512	15.1	6.5	40.9	41.1	29.1	25.8
16 to 19 years	832	490	288	28	26	6.6	4.2	54.1	59.0	8.0	6.5
20 to 24 years	632	278	232	70	51	10.6	5.9	45.5	44.1	22.2	19.2
25 to 34 years	936	348	296	130	162	16.8	7.9	38.5	37.2	32.9	31.1
	569	180	190	78	121	19.2	9.0	35.0	31.6	38.0	35.0
35 to 44 years	317	100	82	52	84	24.0	11.7	29.3	31.4	44.8	42.8
45 to 54 years											1
55 to 64 years	189 54	29 25	58 21	37	65 3	33.0 (')	17.4	23.9 (¹)	15.2 (¹)	54.0 (¹)	54.0
Women, 16 years and over	3,294	1,713	1,019	286	277	10.1	4.8	51.4	52.0	17.4	17.1
16 to 19 years	650	402	228	17	2	5.2	4.0	60.0	61.9	3.2	3.0
20 to 24 years	646	380	153	54	60	9.4	4.3	59.0	58.8	12.5	17.5
25 to 34 years	917	455	297	95	70	10.1	5.1	46.3	49.6	23.9	18.0
35 to 44 years	571	241	189	66	75	13.5	6.4	47.0	42.2	19.0	24.7
		152	101	31				45.4	46.7	31.0	22.3
45 to 54 years	324		40	_	41	11.3	5.6				31.1
55 to 64 years	141	57	1	19	25	19.2	7.1	37.4	40.2	32.9	
65 years and over	44	27	10	4	3	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')
White, 16 years and over	4,949	2,304	1,646	491	508	12.0	5.6	46.9	46.6	23.6	20.2
Women	2,600 2,348	1,086 1,218	891 755	289 202	335 173	14.3 9.5	6.4 4.8	41.7 53.1	41.7 51.9	29.7 16.3	24.0 16.0
Black, 16 years and over	1,669	752	487	180	249	14.7	6.0	42.5	45.1	23.9	25.7
Men	812	312	246	104	149	17.6	7.2	37.8	38.5	28.4	31.2
Women	857	440	242	75	100	11.9	4.9	47.1	51.4	19.5	20.4
Men, 16 years and over:											
Married, spouse present	1,192	377	399	174	241	19.8	9.3	34.1	31.7	39.0	34.8
Widowed, divorced, or separated	400	162	96	59	84	18.3	8.6	37.4	40.4	36.5	35.6
Single (never married)	1,937	912	672	167	187	11.5	5.4	46.8	47.1	20.0	18.2
Women, 16 years and over:					I						
Married, spouse present	1,252	644	392	117	98	10.2	4.9	51.4	51.5	16.7	17.2
Widowed, divorced, or separated	703	320	220	85	77	12.2	5.8	44.7	45.6	28.9	23.1
Single (never married)	1,339	748	406	83	102	8.9	4.5	54.7	55.9	12.3	13.8

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

# A-18. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		We	Percent of unemployed in group				
Occupation and industry	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	15 w	ployed reeks over
	July 1988								July 1988	July 1987	July 1988
OCCUPATION	•										
Managerial and professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative support Service occupations Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers Farming, forestry, and fishing INDUSTRY	677 1,537 1,173 676 1,445 255	268 672 628 263 645 129	244 499 322 234 391 81	88 183 85 84 174 23	77 183 137 94 235 21	13.6 13.4 11.8 14.5 15.5 9.5	7.1 6.2 4.7 7.6 6.1 4.9	37.9 48.6 48.6 40.3 41.6 57.3	39.6 43.7 53.5 38.9 44.6 50.7	31.2 19.7 22.9 33.1 30.3 16.0	24.3 23.8 19.0 26.4 28.3 17.4
Agriculture Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade Finance and service industries Public administration	182 539 1,134 656 478 265 1,423 1,871 193	106 245 483 266 217 72 714 857 83	50 156 304 179 126 105 446 603 62	8 65 132 69 63 53 104 218	17 73 214 141 73 35 158 193 28	8.3 14.1 16.2 18.0 13.8 16.5 12.0 12.4 14.1	4.3 6.2 6.6 7.2 5.9 8.6 5.0 5.9 6.0	62.8 40.0 37.4 36.3 39.0 43.4 50.5 46.6 36.7	58.4 45.4 42.6 40.6 45.3 27.4 50.2 45.8 43.2	12.9 31.7 33.4 35.6 29.9 30.2 22.8 20.8 36.2	13.9 25.6 30.6 32.1 28.4 33.0 18.4 22.0 24.8
No previous work experience	1,014	533	399	44	39	7.7	4.8	52.2	52.6	9.1	8.1

Includes wage and salary workers only.

A-19. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, age, race, and jobsearch methods used

					July 1988				
	Thousands	of persons		Methods us	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers		<b>A</b>
Sex, age, and race	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used
Total, 16 years and over	6,823	5,885	22.0	7.3	74.6	34.1	18.3	4.7	1.61
16 to 19 years	1,482	1,405	10.7	2.6	81.3	26.8	18.3	3.3	1.43
20 to 24 years	1,278	1,127	23.2	8.9	70.8	36.4	18.7	4.7	1.63
25 to 34 years	1,853	1,581	23.8	6.5	75.2	37.8	17.1	4.6	1.65
35 to 44 years	1,140	923	27.8	9.6	71.8	33.2	21.0	4.8	1.68
45 to 54 years	641	501	31.5	14.8	74.3	36.5	15.0	8.6	1.81
55 to 64 years	330	272	27.9	9.2	62.9	44.5	21.0	4.8	1.70
65 years and over	98	76	21.1	5.3	72.4	15.8	18.4	6.6	1.39
Men, 16 years and over	3,529	2,972	23.7	6.8	76.0	31.2	21.8	4.9	1.64
16 to 19 years	832	780	11.3	2.6	83.3	19.7	20.6	2.9	1.41
20 to 24 years	632	533	23.5	7.5	76.0	32.6	22.5	4.7	1.67
25 to 34 years	936	781	23.4	7.0	74.9	32.8	20.1	5.0	1.63
35 to 44 years	569	429	34.5	10.0	73.7	34.5	24.7	5.6	1.83
45 to 54 years	317	262	36.6	10.3	74.8	42.0	21.0	10.3	1.95
55 to 64 years	189	152	36.2	9.9	52.6	51.3	25.7	3.9	1.80
65 years and over	54	37	(¹)	(')	(†)	(¹)	(1)	(')	(')
Women, 16 years and over	3,294	2,913	20.3	7.9	73.2	37.0	14.8	4.5	1.58
16 to 19 years	650	626	10.1	2.7	78.6	35.5	15.3	3.8	1.46
20 to 24 years	646	595	22.9	9.9	66.1	39.7	15.5	4.7	1.59
25 to 34 years	917	799	24.3	5.9	75.5	42.8	14.1	4.1	1.67
35 to 44 years	571	494	22.1	9.3	70.2	32.0	17.8	4.0	1.55
45 to 54 years	324	239	25.5	19.7	73.6	30.5	8.4	6.7	1.64
55 to 64 years	141	120	17.5	8.3	75.8	35.8	14.2	5.8	1.57
65 years and over	44	39	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(1)
White, 16 years and over	4,949	4,163	21.5	8.3	73.4	36.9	18.4	4.7	1.63
Men	2,600	2,147	23.6	7.5	75.2	33.8	22.5	4.7	1.67
Women	2,348	2,016	19.3	9.2	71.5	40.2	14.1	4.6	1.59
Black, 16 years and over		1,539	23.6	4.4	78.0	26.5	17.7	4.6	1.55
Men	812	729	25. <b>5</b>	4.4	79.6	23.2	19.1	4.5	1.56
Women	857	810	21.9	4.4	76.7	29.6	16.5	4.6	1.54

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

30 days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

# A-20. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, reason for unemployment, and jobsearch methods used

!					July 1988						
	Thousands	of persons		Methods used as a percent of total jobseekers							
Sex and reason	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used		
Total, 16 years and over	6,823	5,885	22.0	7.3	74.6	34.1	18.3	4.7	1.61		
Job losers¹		2,168	28.9	6.9	75.2	36.9	21.1	4.8	1.74		
		947	20.8	9.5	74.1	40.0	15.7	3.9	1.64		
Job leavers	1,880	1,767	19.5	8.9	70.9	32.4	17.6	5.8	1.55		
Reentrants	1,011	1,002	12.7	3.5	80.3	25.4	16.1	3.5	1.42		
Men, 16 years and over	3,529	2,972	23.7	6.8	76.0	31.2	21.8	4.9	1.64		
Job losers <sup>1</sup>		1,384	29.3	5.4	76.8	33.7	22.5	4.4	1.72		
Job leavers		474	21.9	10.3	79.5	34.4	17.3	4.0	1.68		
Reentrants		617	22.0	9.6	65.8	32.7	27.2	6.6	1.64		
New entrants		497	11.9	3.6	82.9	19.3	17.5	5.2	1.40		
Women, 16 years and over	3,294	2,913	20.3	7.9	73.2	37.0	14.8	4.5	1.58		
Job losers <sup>1</sup>	1 1	784	28.2	9.4	72.3	42.5	18.8	5.5	1.77		
Job leavers		473	19.7	8.7	68.7	45.9	14.2	3.8	1.61		
Reentrants		1,150	18.2	8.4	73.4	32.3	12.3	5.3	1.50		
New entrants	1 '	505	13.5	3.4	78.0	31.3	14.7	1.8	1.43		

Data on the number of jobseekers and the jobsearch methods used

30 days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

exclude persons on layoff.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

A-21. Employed civilians in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age and sex

(In thousands)

	To	otal	M	en	Won	nen
Industry and age	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988
All industries	114,652	117,066	63,814	65,164	50,839	51,902
16 to 19 years	8,383	8,661	4,356	4,541	4,027	4,119
16 to 17 years	3,737	3.672	1,990	1,963	1.747	1,709
18 to 19 years	4,646	4,988	2,365	2,578	2,280	2,410
20 to 24 years	14,226	13,926	7,563	7.397	6,663	6,530
25 to 54 years	77,607	80,072	43,363	44,691	34,243	35,381
25 to 34 years	33,224	33,590	18,690	18,905	14,534	14,684
35 to 44 years	26,997	28,080	14,923	15,541	12,074	12,539
45 to 54 years	17,386	18,402	9,751	10,244	7,634	8,158
55 to 64 years	11,327	11,269	6,659	6,596	4,668	4,673
55 to 59 years	6,915	6,874	4,053	4,013	2,863	2,861
60 to 64 years	4,412	4,396	2,607	2,583	1,805	1,813
65 years and over .	3,109	3,137	1,872	1,939	1,237	1,198
Jo years and over	3,109	3,137	1,072	1,555	1,207	1,130
Agriculture	3,754	3,541	2,915	2,827	839	714
16 to 19 years	448	438	359	373	90	64
16 to 17 years	264	236	211	205	54	31
18 to 19 years	184	202	148	168	36	33
20 to 24 years	441	394	362	336	79	58
25 to 54 years	1,993	1,935	1,502	1,475	493	460
25 to 34 years	889	849	693	683	196	166
35 to 44 years	619	637	467	472	153	166
45 to 54 years	485	448	342	320	143	128
55 to 64 years	535	428	414	345	121	84
55 to 59 years	292	236	222	186	69	50
60 to 64 years	243	192	191	159	52	34
65 years and over	336	347	279	298	57	48
Nonagricultural industries	110,898	113,524	60,899	62,336	49,999	51,188
Nonagricultural industries	7,934				3,937	4,055
16 to 17 years	7,934 3,473	8,223 3,437	3,997 1,780	4,168 1,759	1,693	1,678
16 to 17 years	,			, , ,	2.244	2,377
18 to 19 years	4,462 13,785	4,786	2,217 7,201	2,410 7,061	6.584	6,472
20 to 24 years		13,532	l '		33,750	34,922
25 to 54 years	75,613	78,137	41,863	43,216		
25 to 34 years	32,335	32,741	17,997	18,222	14,338	14,519
35 to 44 years	26,377	27,443	14,456	15,070	11,922	12,373
45 to 54 years	16,900	17,954	9,409	9,924	7,491	8,030
55 to 64 years	10,792	10,841	6,245	6,251	4,547	4,590
55 to 59 years	6,624	6,638	3,830	3,827	2,794	2,810
60 to 64 years	4,169	4,203	2,415	2,424	1,753	1,779
35 years and over	2,773	2,790	1,593	1,641	1,181	1,150

#### A-22. Employed civilians by occupation, sex, and age

(In thousands)

	То	tal		Me	en		Women				
Occupation		ears over	16 y and		20 yeand		16 y		20 yeand		
	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	
Total	114,652	117,066	63,814	65,164	59,458	60,622	50,839	51,902	46,811	47,78	
Managerial and professional specialty			15,529	16,181	15,379	16,023	12,163	12,824	12,002	12,67	
Executive, administrative, and managerial		,	8,563	8,837	8,506	8,768	5,132	5,704	5,083	5,65	
Officials and administrators, public administration  Other executive, administrative, and managerial		555 10,134	358 6,274	328 6,602	356 6,222	329 6,540	216 3,178	227 3,532	216 3,141	220 3,48	
Management-related occupations		3,851	1,931	1,907	1,928	1,899	1,738	1,944	1,725	1,93	
Professional specialty		14,465	6,966	7,344	6,873	7,255	7,031	7,121	6,919	7,02	
Engineers			1,625	1,723	1,622	1,717	119	127	118	12	
Mathematical and computer scientists		1	430	517	428	514	218	276	217	27	
Natural scientists			301	315	299	315	112	96	112	9	
Health diagnosing occupations		797	675	651	675	651	131	146	131	14	
Health assessment and treating occupations  Teachers, college and university		, ,	273 302	349 347	273 303	344 345	1,876 209	1,861 247	1,876 209	1,85 24	
Teachers, except college and university			752	752	728	724	2,295	2,282	2,260	2,23	
Lawyers and judges			574	594	573	593	145	126	143	12	
Other professional specialty occupations		1	2,034	2,096	1,973	2,053	1,926	1,960	1,854	1,91	
Technical, sales, and administrative support				12,632	11,760	11,876		23,248	20,813	21,15	
Technicians and related support			1,804	1,960	1,765	1,917	1,721	1,699	1,693	1,67	
Health technologists and technicians				ł	178	225	1,030	1,022	1,021	1,01	
Engineering and science technicians  Technicians, except health, engineering, and science		,	973 649	930 805	954 633	903 790	221 470	243 435	213 459	23	
Sales occupations					6,605	6,605	6.599	6,856	5,510	5,71	
Supervisors and proprietors	.,	1 '			2,413	2,326	1,149	1,311	1,137	1,27	
Sales representatives, finance and business services			1,426		1,413	1,396	986	984	937	95	
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	. 1,534	1,580	1,252	1,273	1,244	1,262	283	307	275	29	
Sales workers, retail and personal services		6,195	1,868		1,512	1,601	4,144	4,210	3,127	3,15	
Sales-related occupations		65	23	1	22	20	38	45	35		
Administrative support, including clerical		18,295	3,681	3,602	3,390	3,354	14,500	14,693	13,610	13,77	
Supervisors			309 366	1	308 353	365 284	380 604	463 549	378 585	46 50	
Computer equipment operators  Secretaries, stenographers, and typists					89	284 87	4,871	4,822	4,576	4,56	
Financial records processing			234			211	2,213	2,244	2,166	2,19	
Mail and message distributing			641	564	603	524	332	328	319	30	
Other administrative support, including clerical	. 8,128	8,341	2,028	2,054	1,811	1,883	6,100	6,287	5,586	5,73	
Service occupations Private household	1		6,025		4,942 26	5,121 32	9,305 961	9,405 953	7,842 693	7,91 71	
Protective service		1	1,667	39 1,672	1,595	1,588	305	356	249	27	
Service, except private household and protective			4,314		3,321	3,502		8,096	6,899	6,92	
Food service					1,268	1,287	3,251	3,262	2,484	2,46	
Health service		1,987	171	192	161	179	1,734	1,795	1,657	1,69	
Cleaning and building service  Personal service			1,729 456		1,536 355	1,643 393	1,264 1,790	1,348 1,690	1,166 1,592	1,24 1,51	
Precision production, craft, and repair					12,285				1,165		
Mechanics and repairers						4,376		1,233		1	
Construction trades								129	119	12	
Other precision production, craft, and repair	. 4,163					3,096	926	987	903	95	
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		1 '	1 '	,	1 .			4,563	4,357	4,28	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors			4,852			4,703		3,269	3,295	3,14	
Manufacturing industries  Durable goods		1 *	,			3,932 2,550		2,814 1,152		2,72	
Nondurable goods				1	1,331	1,382		1,152	1,668	1,60	
Nonmanufacturing industries						771	482	455	456	42	
Transportation and material moving occupations				1		4,298	348	395	329	38	
Motor vehicle operators	. 3,465	1 '	3,167			3,123	298	354	280	34	
Other transportation and material moving occupations		1	1			1,175	1	40	49	:	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		4 '				3,308	1	899	1	!	
Construction laborers Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		1				738 2,571		857	30 702	1	
Farming, forestry, and fishing	. 4,328							627	632	5	
Farm operators and managers					1	1,129			1		
		2,619	2,442		1		501			3	

# A-23. Employed civilians by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	To	tal	M	en	Wor	nen
Occupation and race	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988
TOTAL						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	114,652 100.0	117,066 100.0	63,814 100.0	65,164 100.0	50,839 100.0	51,902 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	24.2	24.8	24.3	24.8	23.9	24.7
Executive, administrative, and managerial  Professional specialty	11.9 12.2	12.4 12.4	13.4 10.9	13.6 11.3	10.1 13.8	11.0 13.7
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support	30.8	30.6	19.6	19.4	44.9	44.8
Technicians and related support	3.1	3.1	2.8	3.0	3.4	3.3
Sales occupations	11.9	11.9	11.0	10.8	13.0	13.2
Administrative support, including clerical	15.9	15.6	5.8	5.5	28.5	28.3
ervice occupations	13.4	13.4	9.4	9.6	18.3	18.1
Private household	.9 1.7	.8 1.7	.1 2.6	.1 2.6	1.9 .6	1.8 7.
Service, except private household and protective	1.7 10.8	10.8	6.8	6.9	15.8	15.6
recision production, craft, and repair	12.1	12.1	19.9	19.8	2.4	2.4
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	15.8	15.7	21.1	21.3	9.1	8.8
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7.2	7.0	7.6	7.6	6.8	6.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	4.2	4.2	6.9	6.9	.7	3.
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.4	4.5	6.6	6.8	1.7	1.7
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3.8	3.4	5.6	5.1	1.4	1.2
White						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	99,609 100.0	101,432 100.0	56,089 100.0	57,125 100.0	43,521 100.0	44,307 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	25.1	25.8	25.4	25.8	24.9	25.7
Executive, administrative, and managerial	12.6	13.1	14.2	14.3	10.6	11.5
Professional specialty	12.5	12.7	11.2	11.5	14.3	14.2
echnical, sales, and administrative support	31.2	31.0	19.9	19.6	45.9	45.7
Technicians and related support	3.0	3.0	2.8	3.0	3.3	3.
Sales occupations	12.5	12.5	11.6 5.4	11.5 5.2	13.5 29.0	13.8 28.8
Administrative support, including clerical	15.7 12.2	15.5 12.2	8.5	8.6	17.0	16.8
Private household	.7	.7	.1	.1	1.6	1.6
Protective service	1.6	1.6	2.4	2.4	.5	
Service, except private household and protective	9.9	9.8	6.0	6.1	14.9	14.6
Precision production, craft, and repair	12.6	12.5	20.5	20.4	2.3	2.3
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	14.9	15.0	20.0	20.3	8.4	8.2
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6.8	6.6	7.3	7.3	6.1	5.8
Transportation and material moving occupations	4.0	4.0	6.5	6.6	.7	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.2 4.0	4.4 3.6	6.1 5.8	6.4 5.3	1.6 1.6	1.7 1.3
Black						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	11,645 100.0	12,031 100.0	5,884 100.0	6,029 100.0	5,761 100.0	6,002 100.0
			ĺ		1	
Managerial and professional specialty	14.9	15.9	13.3	13.8 7.0	16.5 6.5	18.1 7.8
Executive, administrative, and managerial	6.6 8.3	7.4 8.5	6.7 6.6	6.8	10.0	10.
Froiessional specialty	27.0	27.0	15.5	16.4	38.7	37.6
Technicians and related support	2.9	3.1	2.1	2.9	3.6	3.3
Sales occupations	6.9	6.8	4.8	5.1	9.0	8.4
Administrative support, including clerical	17.3	17.1	8.6	8.3	26.1	25.8
Service occupations	22.8	23.0	17.6	17.9	28.2	28.1
Private household	2.1	2.0	.1	.1	4.1	3.9
Protective service	2.9	2.8	4.7	4.2	1.2	1.2
Service, except private household and protective	17.8	18.2	12.9	13.6	22.8	22.9
Precision production, craft, and repair	9.2 23.6	8.9	16.1	15.4 32.8	2.2 13.8	2.4 13.2
Derators, fabricators, and laborers	10.5	23.1	33.2 10.3	11.0	10.7	9.9
Transportation and material moving occupations	6.2	6.1	11.4	11.0	.9	1.
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		6.5	11.4	10.8	2.2	2.2
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2.5	2.2	4.3	3.8	.6	
J1;3;			""			•

#### A-24. Employed civilians by age, sex, and class of worker

(In thousands)

					July 1988			, <u></u>	
	_		Nonagricultura	al industries				Agriculture	_ · · · · ·
Age and sex		Wage and s	alary workers		Self-	Unpaid	Wago and	Self-	Unpaid
	Total	Private household workers	Government	Other	employed workers	family workers	Wage and salary workers	employed workers	family worker
Total, 16 years and over	104,659	1,251	16,433	86,975	8,605	259	1,853	1,482	207
6 to 19 years	8,146	315	592	7,239	73	4	341	47	49
16 to 17 years	3,406	222	257	2,927	30	1	179	30	27
18 to 19 years	4,740	93	335	4,312	43	4	162	18	22
0 to 24 years	13,186	138	1,126	11,922	317	30	309	72	13
5 to 34 years	30,672	196	4,114	26,362	2,011	58	541	269	38
5 to 44 years	24,836	187	4,865	19,784	2,538	69	326	285	26
5 to 54 years	16,120	179	3,435	12,507	1,782	52	155	270	24
5 to 64 years	9,487	140	1,943	7,404	1,318	36	114	282	33
55 to 59 years	5,862	78	1,258	4,526	753	22	57	159	19
60 to 64 years	3,625	62	685	2,878	565	14	56	122	13
5 years and over	2,211	97	359	1,756	568	11	67	256	24
Men, 16 years and over	56,599	189	8,041	48,369	5,695	43	1,495	1,253	79
6 to 19 years	4,124	72	316	3,736	41	3	291	45	37
16 to 17 years	1,741	58	138	1,545	17	1	157	29	18
18 to 19 years	2,383	14	178	2,191	24	3	134	15	19
0 to 24 years	6,792	30	534	6,228	248	20	260	65	10
25 to 34 years	16,945	31	2,010	14,903	1,269	9	432	240	10
35 to 44 years	13,400	25	2,322	11,053	1,667	2	234	235	' 2
5 to 54 years	8,750	8	1,708	7,034	1,172	2	120	199	2
5 to 64 years	5,367	16	981	4,371	882	2	98	240	7
55 to 59 years	3,341	10	620	2,711	485	1	50	132	, 4
60 to 64 years	2,026	6	361	1,659	397	1	47	108	3
65 years and over	1,221	6	171	1,044	415	5	60	228	11
Women, 16 years and over	48,060	1,063	8,392	38,606	2,911	217	357	229	128
6 to 19 years	4,022	243	276	3,503	32	1	49	3	12
16 to 17 years	1,665	164	119	1,382	13	-	22	-	9
18 to 19 years	2,357	79	157	2,121	19	1	28	2	3
0 to 24 years	6,394	107	592	5,694	69	9	48	7	3
5 to 34 years	13,728	164	2,104	11,459	742	49	109	29	28
5 to 44 years	11,436	162	2,543	8,732	870	67	92	49	24
5 to 54 years	7,370	171	1,726	5,473	610	50	35	71	22
55 to 64 years	4,120	124	962	3,033	436	34	16	41	26
55 to 59 years	2,521	68	638	1,815	268	22	7	28	16
60 to 64 years	1,599	57	324	1,218	168	13	9	14	10
55 years and over	991	91	188	712	153	6	7	27	13

#### A-25. Employed civilians by industry and occupation

(In thousands)

							July 1	988					
		Managei profess spec	sional	Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations		Preci-		s, s, ers		
Industry Total employed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- genal	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service <sup>1</sup>	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing	
Agriculture	3,541	88	67	21	10	102		11	41	10	54	25	3,113
Mining	794	91	100	35	15	92		7	270	29	118	31	6
Construction	8,132	1,031	156	54	87	477		24	4,521	79	568	1,108	27
Manufacturing	21,927	2,586	1,894	714	777	2,427		362	4,222	6,920	727	1,198	100
Durable goods		1,578	1,263	466	332	1,385		218	2,909	3,787	379	545	85
Nondurable goods	8,980	1,007	631	248	446	1,042		143	1,313	3,133	348	653	15
Transportation and public			(			-			1		1		!
utilities	8,201	954	488	252	371	2,115		231	1,244	126	1,868	531	21
Wholesale and retail trade	24,152	2,075	425	145	9,872	2,412		4,435	1,472	293	1,087	1,907	30
Wholesale trade	4,594	525	99	61	1,736	806		25	262	132	540	399	8
Retail trade	19,558	1,549	326	84	8,135	1,606		4,409	1,210	161	547	1,509	22
Finance, insurance, and			[ [								1	ļ	
real estate	8,015	2,063	178	169	1,845	3,169	-	290	178	18	8	27	71
Services	36,845	4,510	10,435	2,022	919	5,992	992	7,937	1,936	718	407	436	541
Private households	1,271	1	4	14	2	16	992	71	10	5	7	38	112
Other service industries	35,574	4,509	10,431	2,009	917	5,975	_	7,866	1,927	713	400	398	430
Professional services	22,680	2,460	9,022	1,646	120	4,227		4,149	431	203	212	102	108
Public administration	5,458	1,143	721	248	31	1,509		1,348	252	17	63	58	68

Includes protective service, not shown separately.

# A-26. Employed civilians with a job but not at work by reason, sex, and pay status

(In thousands)

	A indus		Nonagricultural industries								
			То	tal	Wage and salary workers'						
Reason not working and sex	July	July		1.1.	Paid ab	sences	Unpaid a	bsences			
	1987	1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987	July 1988	July 1987  3,839 2,549 650 (²) (²) 640  1,271 702 344 226 2,567	July 1988			
Total, 16 years and over	11,125	11,661	10,956	11,510	6,381	6,896		3,891			
/acation	8,802	9,021	8,720	8,949	5,701	6,056		2,475			
lness	1,237	1,336	1,196	1,312	444	523		691			
Bad weather	31	42	15	22	(²)	(²)	(2)	(²)			
ndustrial dispute	42	49	42	46	(²)	(²)	9	(²)			
All other reasons	1,013	1,212	983	1,181	236	316	640	726			
Men, 16 years and over	4,846	5,139	4,725	5,021	3,075	3,414	1,271	1,224			
/acation	3,712	3,845	3,652	3,797	2,715	2,981	702	609			
liness	693	717	661	697	265	296	344	349			
All other reasons <sup>3</sup>	442	578	412	527	96	137	226	266			
Women, 16 years and over	6,279	6,522	6,230	6,489	3,306	3,484	2,567	2,666			
/acation	5,091	5,177	5,069	5,152	2,986	3,076	1,847	1,86			
liness	545	619	534	615	180	228	306	34			
All other reasons <sup>3</sup>	644	726	627	722	140	180	414	460			

Excludes private household workers.

Pay status not available separately for bad weather and industrial dispute; these categories are included in all other reasons.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes bad weather and industrial dispute, not shown separately. NOTE: Estimates for "all other reasons" by pay status may be biased because of high response variance; data should be used with caution.

A-27. Persons at work by hours of work and type of industry

	July 1988										
Hours of work		Thousands of p	ersons	Percent distribution							
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries					
Total, 16 years and over	105,405	3,391	102,014	100.0	100.0	100.0					
1 to 34 hours	23,554	909	22,647	22.3	26.8	22.2					
1 to 4 hours	687	41	647	7	1.2	.6					
5 to 14 hours	3,501	207	3,295	3.3	6.1	3.2					
15 to 29 hours	11,883	399	11,484	11.3	11.8	11.3					
30 to 34 hours	7,483	262	7,221	7.1	7.7	7.1					
35 hours and over	81,850	2,483	79,367	77.7	73.2	77.8					
35 to 39 hours	7,005	182	6.823	6.6	5.4	77.8 6.7					
40 hours	43,456	695	42,761	41.2	20.5	41.9					
41 hours and over	31,389	1,606	29,783	29.8	47.3	29.2					
41 to 48 hours	10,965	272	10,693	10.4	8.0	10.5					
49 to 59 hours	11,663	477	11.186	11.1	14.1	11.0					
60 hours and over	8,761	857	7,904	8.3	25.3	7.7					
Average hours, total at work	39.9	44.9	39.7								
Average hours, workers on full-time schedules	43.8	51.8	43.6								

# A-28. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by reason for working less than 35 hours, type of industry, and usual status

			July	1988	_	
		All industries		Nona	Usually work full time  6,645  1,779  1,416  56  209  98  -  4,867  -  2,157  972  179  5  60  -  1,492  24.4  25.4	ustries
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	work	Usually work part time
Total, 16 years and over	23,554	6,945	16,609	22,647	6,645	16,001
conomic reasons	6,141	1,889	4,252	5,869	1,779	4,090
Slack work	2,450	1,507	943	2,292	1,416	876
Material shortages or repairs to plant and equipment	56	56	_	5 <del>6</del>	56	-
New job started during week	226	226	Į.	209	209	1
Job terminated during week	100	100	-	98	98	-
Could find only part-time work	3,309	-	3,309	3,214	-	3,214
ther reasons	17,412	5,055	12,357	16,778	4,867	11,911
Does not want, or unavailable for, full-time work	9,804	-	9,804	9,475	-	9,475
Vacation	2,181	2,181	-	2,157	2,157	-
Illness	1,144	999	145	1,106	972	134
Bad weather	266	266	-	179	179	_
Industrial dispute	5	5	1	5	5	Į.
Legal or religious holiday	60	60	_	60	60	-
Full time for this job	1,731	_	1,731	1,689	-	1,689
All other reasons	2,223	1,545	678	2,105	1,492	613
verage hours:						
Economic reasons	22.1	24.3	21.1	22.2		21.2
Other reasons	22.1	25.3	20.8	22.1	25.4	20.8
Vorked 30 to 34 hours:						
Economic reasons	1,986	867	1,119	1,902		1,086
Other reasons	5,497	2,398	3,099	5,319	2,322	2,997

# A-29. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and full- or part-time status

					July 1988	3			
In this American	<b>T</b> - 4 - 1	On part	0		On full-time	e schedule	s	Average	Average
Industry	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
Total, 16 years and over	102,014	5,869	11,911	84,234	54,451	10,693	19,090	39.7	43.6
Wage and salary workers	93,809	5,228	10,557	78,024	51,768	10,087	16,169	39.5	43.2
Mining	701	10	11	680	409	80	191	44.2	44.9
Construction	6,238	400	248	5,590	3,718	680	1,192	41.1	43.4
Manufacturing  Durable goods  Nondurable goods	19,276 11,381 7,895	515 228 287	512 194 318	18,249 10,959 7,290	11,726 6,928 4,799	2,736 1,741 995	3,787 2,290 1,496	42.3 42.6 41.9	43.4 43.3 43.4
Transportation and public utilities	7,118 20,737 6,862	259 2,041 151	354 4,001 592	6,505 14,695 6,119	4,162 8,913 4,316	885 2,191 678	1,458 3,591 1,125	42.3 37.7 40.0	44.1 44.0 42.3
Service industries Private households All other industries Public administration	27,873 1,195 26,678 5,005	1,769 267 1,502 82	4,637 458 4,179 203	21,467 470 20,997 4,720	15,006 312 14,694 3,519	2,408 43 2,365 430	4,053 115 3,938 771	37.4 26.9 37.9 40.9	42.6 45.2 42.5 42.1
Self-employed workers	7,945 259	632 10	1,269 84	6,044 165	2,613 69	587 19	2,844 77	41.5 38.8	48.6 47.0

A-30. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by sex, age, race, marital status, and full- or part-time status

Sex, age, race, and marital status	July 1988							
		On part time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	On full-time schedules			Average	Average
	Total at work			Total	40 hours or less	41 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
TOTAL	_					}		
Total, 16 years and over	102,014	5,869	11,911	84,234	54,451	29,783	39.7	43.6
16 to 19 years	7,874	1,637	2,480	3,757	2,938	819	30.6	40.9
16 to 17 years	3,268	801	1,443	1,024	856	168	26.3	40.1
18 to 19 years	4,606	837	1,037	2,732	2,082	650	33.7	41.2
20 years and over	94,140	4,232	9,430	80,478	51,513	28,965	40.4	43.7
20 to 24 years	12,820	1,026	1,544	10,250	7,194	3,056	38.4	42.4
25 years and over	81,320	3,206	7,887	70,227	44,319	25,908	40.8	43.9
25 to 44 years	53,819	2,139	4,242	47,438	29,240	18,198	41.4	44.1
45 to 64 years	24,986	958	2,484	21,546	14,207	7,339	40.4	43.5
65 years and over	2,514	112	1,161	1,241	871	370	29.9	42.3
Men, 16 years and over	57,315	2,803	3,521	50,991	29,573	21,418	42.4	45.0
16 to 19 years	4,015	827	1,111	2,077	1,576	501	31.8	41.5
16 to 17 years	1,891	443	681	567	474	93	26.9	40.4
18 to 19 years	2,324	385	430	1,509	1,100	409	35.3	42.0
20 years and over	53,300	1,977	2,410	48,913	27,997	20,916	43.2	45.1
20 to 24 years	6,752	515	562	5, <b>675</b>	3,664	2,011	40.2	43.5
25 years and over	46,547	1,460	1,849	43,238	24,333	18,905	43.7	45.4
25 to 44 years	30,571	1,014	634	28,923	15,656	13,267	44.5	45.7
45 to 64 years	14,473	382	583	13,508	8,142	5,366	43.2	44.8
65 years and over	1,503	65	632	806	534	272	31.5	42.9
Women, 16 years and over	44,699	3,066	8,389	33,244	24,878	8,366	36.2	41.4
16 to 19 years	3,859	810	1,369	1,680	1,363	317	29.5	40.1
16 to 17 years	1,577	358	762	457	381	76	25.7	39.8
18 to 19 years	2,282	453	607	1,222	980	242	32.1	40.3
20 years and over	40,840	2,256	7,020	31,564	23,516	8,048	36.8	41.4
20 to 24 years	6,068	510	983	4,575	3,529	1,046	36.4	41.0
25 years and over	34,773	1,746	6,037	26,990	19,987	7,003	36.9	41.6
25 to 44 years	23,249	1,125	3,608	18,516	13,585	4,931	37.4	41.6
45 to 64 years	10,513	574	1,901	8,038	6,066	1,972	36.6	41.5
65 years and over	1,011	47	528	436	338	98	27.4	41.1
RACE				 				
White, 16 years and over	88,190	4,789	10,585	72,816	45,793	27,023	39.8	43.8
Men	50,130	2,289	3,083	44,758	25,159	19,599	42.7	45.2
Women	38,060	2,500	7,501	28,059	20,634	7,425	36.1	41.5
Black, 16 years and over	10,548	892	959	8,697	6,733	1,964	38.4	41.9
Men	5,352	431	293	4,628	3,349	1,279	40.2	43.0
Women	5,196	460	667	4,069	3,384	685	36.4	40.7
MARITAL STATUS								
Men, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present		932	1,331	33,161	18,173	14,988	44.0	45.6
Widowed, divorced, or separated	5,599	260	235	5,104	2,949	2,155	43.1	45.2
Single (never married)	16,292	1,611	1,955	12,726	8,451	4,275	38.7	43.4
Women, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	23,220	1,136	4,977	17,107	13,083	4,024	35.7	41.1
Widowed, divorced, or separated	8,642	539	1,055	7,048	5,035	2,013	38.0	42.0
Single (never married)	12,837	1,391	2,357	9,089	6,760	2,329	35.7	41.5

## A-31. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

					July 1988				
		ļ	_	(	On full-time	e schedule	s	į	Average
Occupation and sex	Total at work	On part time for economic reasons	On volun- tary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	Average hours, total at work	hours, workers on full- time sched- ules
Total, 16 years and over¹	101,608	5,782	11,855	83,971	54,226	10,672	19,074	39.7	43.6
Managerial and professional specialty	1 '	519	2,002	22,236	12,420	2,780	7,037	42.6	45.1
Executive, administrative, and managerial		182	647	12,624	6,517	1,612	4,494	44.7	46.2
Professional specialty		337	1,356	9,613	5,902	1,167	2,543 4,874	40.0	43.6 42.5
Technical, sales, and administrative support		1,588	4,935	26,475	18,337	3,264		38.4	
Technicians and related support		52	279	3,080	2,130	410	540 3,128	40.5	42.5 45.3
Sales occupations		934	2,303	9,699	5,313	1,259		39.4	40.6
Administrative support, including clerical		603	2,354	13,696	10,894	1,595	1,206	37.1	I
Service occupations		1,789	3,335	9,131	6,568	969	1,594 87	34.8	42.7 44.2
Private household		180 58	379 140	387	259 941	229	444	27.3 42.8	44.2
Protective service  Service, except private household and protective			2,817	1,613 7,131	5.368	700	1,063	34.2	42.0
Precision production, craft, and repair		1,552 608	428	12,005	7,438	1,699	2.868	42.3	44.0
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		1,277	1,153	14,123	9,462	1,959	2,702	40.3	43.3
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		340	264	6,581	4,664	1,000	917	40.7	42.2
Transportation and material moving occupations		264	228	3,917	2,119	515	1,283	43.6	46.3
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	1 '	673	661	3,625	2,679	445	501	36.9	42.2
Men, 16 years and over <sup>1</sup>	56,830	2,720	3,445	50,664	29,316	6,666	14,681	42.5	45.0
Managerial and professional specialty	14,597	224	606	13,768	6,753	1,637	5,378	45.2	46.7
Executive, administrative, and managerial		90	238	7,891	3,527	943	3,421	46.6	47.6
Professional specialty	1 '	134	367	5,877	3,226	694	1,957	43.4	45.4
Technical, sales, and administrative support		426	821	10,578	5,900	1,444	3,234	42.7	45.2
Technicians and related support	1,837	31	64	1,742	1,085	237	419	42.5	43.8
Sales occupations	6,651	270	533	5,848	2,706	759	2,383	44.2	47.2
Administrative support, including clerical	3,337	125	224	2,988	2,109	448	431	39.9	42.0
Service occupations	5,819	590	922	4,306	2,931	482	893	38.0	43.8
Private household		5	15	19	15	I -	4	(²)	(²)
Protective service		35	106	1,369	774	210	386	43.6	46.0
Service, except private household and protective		551	801	2,918	2,142	272	504	36.1	42.8
Precision production, craft, and repair		525	323	11,120	6,801	1,582	2,737	42.6	44.1
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1 '	955	773	10,893	6,931	1,523	2,439	41.1	44.1
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		156	100	4,075	2,683	645	747	42.0	43.2
Transportation and material moving occupations		225	176	3,723	1,987	492	1,245	44.1	46.5
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		573	497	3,095	2,261	386	447	37.3	42.4
Women, 16 years and over <sup>1</sup>	44,779	3,062	8,410	33,307	24,910	4,005	4,392	36.2	41.4
Managerial and professional specialty	10,161	296	1,397	8,469	5,667	1,143	1,659	38.8	42.5
Executive, administrative, and managerial		92	408	4,733	2,990	670	1,074	41.7	43.7
Professional specialty		204	989	3,736	2,677	474	585	35.7	40.8
Technical, sales, and administrative support		1,162	4,114	15,897	12,437	1,820	1,640	35.9	40.8
Technicians and related support		21	215	1,338	1,045	173	120	38.1	40.9
Sales occupations		663	1,770	3,851	2,606	500	744	34.3	42.4
Administrative support, including clerical		478	2,129	10,708	8,786	1,148	775	36.5	40.2
Service occupations		1,199	2,413	4,825	3,637	488	700	32.6	41.8
Private household		175	364	368	244	41 19	83 58	27.2 39.0	44.3 43.2
Protective service		1 002	33	244	167		559	39.0	43.2
Service, except private household and protective		1,002	2,017 105	4,213 885	3,226 638	428 117	131	38.5	41.5
Precision production, craft, and repair		83 323	380	3,231	2,531	437	263	37.7	40.8
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		184	164	2,506	1,980	355	171	38.6	40.6
Transportation and material moving occupations		39	52	194	133	23	38	35.9	42.7
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		100	164	530	418	58	54	35.1	41.2
. and ord, equipment electrons, helpers, and laborers		100	104	300	7,3		57	) 50.1	,

Excludes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>circ}$  Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

#### A-32. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and any			19	87						1988			
Employment status and sex	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
TOTAL											·		
Noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	184,605	184,738	184,904	185,052	185,225	185,370	185,571	185,705	185,847	185,964	186,088	186,247	186,40
Labor force <sup>1</sup>	121,610	122,042	121,706	122,128	122,349	122,472	122,924	123,084	122,639	123,055	122,692	123,157	123,35
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>	65.9	66.1	65.8	66.0	66.1	66.1	66.2	66.3	66.0		65.9	66.1	66
Total employed <sup>1</sup>	114,359	114,786	114,615	114,951	115,259	115,494	115,878	116,145	115,839	116,445	115,909	116,703	116,73
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>	61.9	62.1	62.0	62.1	62.2	62.3	62.4	62.5	62.3	62.6	62.3	62.7	62
Resident Armed Forces	1,720	1,736	1,743	1,741	1,755	1,750	1,749	1,736	1,736	1,732	1,714	1,685	1,67
Civilian employed	112,639	113,050	112,872	113,210	113,504	113,744	114,129	114,409	114,103	114,713	114,195	115,018	115,0
Agriculture	3,212		3,184	3,249	3,172	3,215	3,293	3,228	3,204	3,228	3,035	3,085	3,04
Nonagricultural industries									110,899		111,160	111,933	112,01
Unemployed	7,251	7,256	7.091	7,177	7,090	6,978	7,046	6,938	6,801	6,610	6,783	6,455	6,62
Unemployment rate4	6.0		5.8	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.5	5.2	5
Not in labor force	62,995	62,696	63,198	62,924	62,876	62,898	62,647	62,621		62,909	63,396	63,090	63,04
Men												i	
Noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	88.534	88,598	88.683	88,756	88,849	88,924	89.033	89.099	89,168	89,225	89,287	89,367	89.44
Labor force	67,671	67,937	67,776	67,947	68,019	68,030		68,343	68,148				68.52
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>	76.4		76.4	76.6	76.6	76.5		76.7	76.4	76.7	76.5		,
Total employed		63,916	63,949	64,048	64,174	64,245		64,636	64,332				
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>	72.0							72.5	72.1	72.7			72
		1,575	72.1	72.2	72.2	72.2	72.3		1,573	1,569	72.3 1,553	72.7	
Resident Armed Forces			1,581	1,580	1,593	1,589	1,588	1,577				1,523	
Civilian employed			62,368	62,468	62,581	62,656					63,030	63,411	63,49
Unemployed			3,827	3,899	3,845	3,785	3,847	3,707	3,816		3,736	3,495	, ,
Unemployment rate4			5.6	5.7	5.7	5.6			5.6		5.5		20.0
Not in labor force	20,863	20,661	20,907	20,809	20,830	20,894	20,790	20,756	21,020	20,780	20,969	20,938	20,92
Women											:		
Noninstitutional population1	96,071	96,140	96,221	96,295	96,376	96,446	96,538	96,606	96,679	96,739	96,801	96,880	96,98
Labor force1		54,105	53,930	54,181	54,330	54,442	54,681	54,740	54,491	54,610	54,374	54,728	54,83
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>		56.3	56.0	56.3	56.4	56.4	56.6		56.4			56.5	56
Total employed1	50,648	50,870	50,666	50,903	51,085	51,249	51,482	51,509	51,507	51,553	51,327	51,769	51.7
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>		52.9	52.7	52.9	53.0	53.1	53.3	53.3	53.3			53.4	
Resident Armed Forces			162	161	162		161	159	163			162	
Civilian employed			50,504	50,742				51,350					
Unemployed		3,235	3,264	3,278		3,193	1 .	3,231	2,985		1 '	2,960	
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>	6.1		6.1	6.1					5.5		-,-		
Not in labor force				42.114	1			41.866					

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

2 Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

3 Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

4 Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

Armed Forces).

NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-32 through A-41 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

## A-33. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,			19	87						1988	_		
sex, and age	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population	182,885	183,002	183,161	183,311	183,470	183,620	183,822	183,969	184,111	184,232	184,374	184,562	184,729
Civilian labor force	119,890	120,306	119,963	120,387	120,594	120,722	121,175	121,348	120,903	121,323	120,978	121,472	121,684
Percent of population	65.6	65.7	65.5	65.7	65.7	65.7	65.9	66.0	65.7	65.9	65.6	65.8	65.9
Employed	112,639	113,050	112,872	113,210	113,504	113,744	114,129	114,409	114,103	114,713	114,195	115,018	115,059
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	61.6	61.8	61.6	61.8	61.9	61.9	62.1	62.2	62.0	62.3	61.9	62.3	62.3
Unemployed	7,251	7,256	7,091	7,177	7,090	6,978	7,046	6,938	6,801	6,610	6,783	6,455	6,625
Unemployment rate	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.6	5.3	5.4
Men, 20 years and over						•· E:							
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	79,625	79,668	79,740	79,807	79,885	80,002	80,120	80,203	80,260	80,326	80,402	80,526	
Civilian labor force		. ,	62,085	62,211	62,299	62,248	( '	62,696		62,791	62,662		62,769
Percent of population		77.9	77.9	78.0	78.0	77.8	77.9	78.2	77.9	78.2	77.9	77.8	
Employed	58,783	58,825	58,967	59,037	59,164	59,185	59,287	59,625	59,407	59,883	59,590	59,797	59,954
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		73.8	73.9	74.0	74.1	74.0	1	74.3	74.0	74.5	74.1	74.3	
Agriculture		2,289	2,345	2,343	2,297	2,298	2,323	2,280	2,253	2,255	2,181	2,208	i '
Nonagricultural industries			56,622	56,694		56,887	56,964		57,154		57,409	57,588	
Unemployed		3,258	3,118	3,174	3,135	3,063		3,071	3,089		3,072	2,870	
Unemployment rate		5.2	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.1	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.9	4.6	
Not in labor force	17,519	17,585	17,655	17,596	17,586	17,754	17,680	17,507	17,763	17,535	17,740	17,859	17,839
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>		88,685	88,785	88,843	88,923	89,010			89,261	89,307	89,382		
Civilian labor force		49,969	49,922	50,095		50,361						50,642	
Percent of population		56.3	56.2	56.4	56.5	56.6		56.8	56.6	56.7	56.4	56.6	1
Employed			47,251	47,480	1 '	47,750		48,005	48,132		'	, ,	
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		53.3	53.2	53.4	53.6	53.6	,	53.8	53.9		53.7	53.8	
Agriculture		609	600	636	636	643		654	656	692	587	616	
Nonagricultural industries			46,651	46,844	46,998	'		47,351	47,476			47,553	1 '
Unemployed		2,661	2,671	2,615	2,620	2,611	2,581	2,635	2,411	2,442	2,481	2,473	
Unemployment rate		5.3 38,716	5.4 38,863	5.2 38,748		5.2 38,649		5.2 38,538	4.8 38.719	1		4.9 38,860	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years			,		55,555	,				,	,		
•	14.000	44.040	44007		44.000	44.000	44.500	44500	44 504	44.500	14 500	14 504	14 500
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>			14,637	14,661	14,663	14,609	, ,	, ,	14,591	14,598	, ,	, ,	, .
Civilian labor force		8,254	7,956	.,	8,041	8,113	,	8,011 54.9	7,865 53.9	7,919 54.2	7,875 54.0	56.2	
Percent of population		56.3 6,917	54.4 6.654	55.1 6.693	54.8 6.706	55.5 6.809		6,779	6,564			7,051	6,907
Employed Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		47.2	45.5	45.7	45.7	46.6	, ,	46.5	45.0		45.5		
Agriculture		245	45.5 239	45.7 270		274		293	295			260	
Nonagricultural industries		6.672	6,415	6.423	6.467	6,535		6,486	6,269	6,380		6,791	6.650
Unemployed		1,337	1,302	1,388		1,304	1,312	1,232	1,301	1,259	1,230	1,112	
Unemployment rate		16.2	1,302	17.2	16.6	16.1	16.0	1,232	16.5	15.9	15.6	13.6	
Not in labor force			6,681	6,580		6.496		6.577	6.726		6.715		6.392
7.00 III IGDOF 10100	0,730	0,095	0,001	0,560	0,022	0,430	0,415	0,577	0,720	0,078	0,713	0,071	0,002

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

population.

## HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,			19	87						1988			
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
WHITE									•				
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>							157,676 104,252						
Percent of population		65.9	65.7	65.9	65.9	66.0	66.1	66.3	66.0	66.2	65.9	66.2	
Employed	97,917			98,317	98,492	98,779			99,274			99,932	1
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	62.3		62.4	62.5	62.6	62.7	62.8	63.0	62.9	63.2	62.8	63.2	
Unemployed	5,331	5,335	5,288	5,352	5,239	5,128	5,208	5,056	4,897	4,824	4,913	4,759	4,878
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.1	4.9			4.7	4.6	4.7	4.5	4.7
Men, 20 years and over						! 							
Civilian labor force	54,198	54,183	54,213	54,375	54,381	54,368	54,455	54,650	54,522	54,699	54,618	54,662	54,732
Percent of population		78.2	78.2	78.4	78.3	78.2	78.3	78.5	78.2	78.5	78.3	78.2	1
Employed				51,864	51,969	52,046			52,245		52,314	52,491	1
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		74.7	74.7	74.8	74.9	74.9	74.8	75.2	75.0		75.0	75.1	75.2
Unemployed		2,468	2,410	2,511	2,412	2,322		2,260	2,277	2,161	2,304	2,171	2,129
Unemployment rate	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.6	4.4	4.3			4.2	4.0	4.2	4.0	3.9
Women, 20 years and over										1			}
Civilian labor force	42,241	42,332	42,308	42,379	42,464	42,569	42,710	42,915	42,841	42,986	42,827	42,921	42,887
Percent of population		55.8	55.7	55.7	55.8	55.9		56.3	56.2			56.2	
Employed					40,606				41,183			41,183	
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		53.3		53.3	53.4	53.5		53.8	54.0		53.8	53.9	1
Unemployed		1,883	1,899	1,841	1,858		1,813		1,658		1,723	1,738	
Unemployment rate	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.4			3.9			4.0	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years							,	I					
Civilian labor force	6,809	7,001	6,836	6,915	6,886	6,970	7,087	6,965	6,807	6,889	6,764	7,108	6,983
Percent of population		58.5	57.2	57.9	57.7	58.6			57.2		57.0	59.9	58.9
Employed	5,904	6,017	5,857	5,915	5,917	6,021	1	6,100	5,845	5,916	5,879	6,258	6,081
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	49.3	50.3	49.0	49.5	49.6				49.1	1 '		52.7	
Unemployed	905	984	979	1,000	969	949			962	973	885	850	902
Unemployment rate		14.1	14.3	14.5	14.1	13.6			14.1	1	1	12.0	
Men	13.5	15.2		15.1	14.8	14.9		1	15.7	L		12.8	
Women	13.1	12.9	J.	1		1		1	12.4	t .		11.1	1
BLACK													
Civilian noninstitutional population1													
Civilian labor force				13,152		1 '			13,098			12,989	
Percent of population		64.5		64.3	64.4	64.4			63.6			62.8	
Employed				11,556									
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>				56.5		56.6					L .	55.5	1
Unemployed Unemployment rate	1,658 12.7	1,637 12.4	1,607 12.3	1,596 12.1	1,604 12.2	1,610			1,678 12.8		1,617 12.4	1,500 11.5	1 '
Men, 20 years and over	.5.,						,	,2.0					
Civilian labor force	6,061	6,054	6,032	6,023	6,045	6,043	6 1 1 5	6,166	6,127	   6,163	6,107	6,064	6,070
Percent of population		74.9											
Employed				5,431	1								
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	1 -,												
Unemployed		647										1	
Unemployment rate			1										
Women, 20 years and over				ł					Ì				
Civilian labor force													
	60.4	60.3	59.7	60.7	60.9	61.0	61.1	59.9	59.9	59.4	59.0	59.0	61.2
Percent of population	00.4	00.0											
Percent of population Employed	5,417		1	5,495	5,537	5,544			5,465	5,407	5,414	5,421	5,650
Percent of population Employed Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	5,417 53.5	5,430 53.5	5,357 52.7	54.0	54.3	54.3	54.3	53.7	53.3	52.7	52.7	52.7	54.8
Percent of population Employed	5,417 53.5 699	5,430 53.5 692	5,357 52.7 710	54.0 682	54.3 670	54.3 680	54.3 694	53.7 636	53.3 671	52.7 686	52.7 645	52.7 652	54.8 657

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,			19	87						1988			
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
<b>BLACK—Continued</b>													
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										,			
Civilian labor force	862	974	929	952	941	948	863	870	834	822	903	852	917
Percent of population	39.8	44.9	42.8	43.8	43.3	43.7	39.8	40.0	38.3	37.7	41.4	39.0	42.0
Employed	580	676	643	630	622	631	561	537	526	564	589	610	632
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	26.8	31.2	29.6	29.0	28.6	29.1	25.8	24.7	24.2	25.9	27.0	28.0	28.9
Unemployed	282	298	286	322	319	317	302	333	308	258	314	242	285
Unemployment rate	32.7	30.6	30.8	33.8	33.9	33.4	35.0	38.3	36.9	31.4	34.8	28.4	31.1
Men	32.4	33.7	31.5	32.5	32.2	33.5	35.1	42.0	39.0	27.6	33.3	30.4	30.4
Women	33.1	27.1	30.0	35.2	35.8	33.4	34.9	34.7	35.0	35.5	36.6	25.9	31.8
HISPANIC ORIGIN		ļ										'	
Civilian noninstitutional population1	12,887	12.925	12,965	13,003	13.043	13,082	13,115	13,153	13,192	13,230	13,268	13,306	13,344
Civilian labor force	8,447	8,549	8,581	8,654	8,763	8,772	8.879	9,017	8,803	8,828	8,859	9,027	8,984
Percent of population	65.5	66.1	66.2	66.6	67.2	67.1	67.7	88.6	66.7	66.7	66.8	87.8	67.3
Employed	7,762	7,856	7,877	7.935	7,978	8,058	8,238	8,268	8,079	8,010	8,058	8,219	8.264
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	60.2	60.8	60.8	61.0	61.2	61.6	62.8	62.9	61.2	60.5	60.7	61.8	61.9
Unemployed	685	693	704	719	785	714	642	749	724	818	801	809	720
Unemployment rate	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.3	9.0	8.1	7.2	8.3	8.2	9.3	9.0	9.0	8.0

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

## A-35. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

Cottoner	İ		19	87						1988			
Category	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
CHARACTERISTIC	1 1		'	l						 			I
Total	112,639	113,050	112,872	113,210	113,504	113,744	114,129	114,409	114,103			115,018	115,05
Married men, spouse present		40,308	40,404	40,556		40,711	40,404	40,475	40,481		40,267	40,485	40,53
Married women, spouse present		28,189	28,069			28,249	28,441	28,707	28,805			28,713	28,65
Women who maintain families	6,033	6,107	6,151	6,178	6,237	6,227	6,168	6,157	6,160	6,055	5,957	6,085	6,14
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER				 		 	'	i I	i :	! !	! !		
	! 	1					l	i				!	
Agriculture:	4 005	4.504	4.604	1 705	4 505	1 500	1 666	1,677	1 6 4 0	1,678	1,526	1,562	1,53
Wage and salary workers		1,591 1,393	1,624 1,415	1,705 1,430	1,595 1,407	1,599 1,450	1,666 1,454	1,677	1,648 1,423	1,878	1,346	1,359	1,53
Unpaid family workers		1,393	1,415	1,430	1,407	1,450	1,454	114	1423	1,365	159	1,339	1,34
Nonagricultural industries:	155	155	135	140	133	130	, ,,,,	''-	172	133	133	107	'`
Wage and salary workers	100 825	101 241	101 282	101 522	101 943	101 997	102 507	102 683	102 279	102 538	101,927	103.000	103 13
Government		16.794	16,928		17,118	17.064	17,197	16,948			16,887	17,064	16.95
Private industries		84,447	84,354								85,040	85,935	
Private households		1,175	1,100	1,222	1,286	1,200	1,147	1,170	1,175		1,156	1,150	1,12
Other industries	82,737	83,272	83,254	83,267	83,539	83,733	84,163	84,565	84,196	84,431	83,884	84,786	85,05
Self-employed workers		8,214	8,204	8,274	8,222	8,280	8,150	8,312	8,366	8,637	8,917	8,577	8,52
Unpaid family workers	266	248	297	242	235	248	237	228	248	281	307	301	25
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME				l	I	•	1						1
All industries:	ļ.		}	I			ı	! [			i	1	1
Part time for economic reasons	5,428	5,283	5,261	5,353	5,534	5,262	5,367	5,566	5,343	5,194	4,844	5,317	5,38
Slack work	2,429	2,468	2,213	2,377	2,408	2,284	2,396					2,364	2,49
Could only find part-time work	2,683	2,526	2,683	2,655	2,696	2,638	2,640	2,598	2,535		2,315	2,637	2,58
Voluntary part time	14,437	14,573	14,415	14,488	14,523	14,711	14,571	14,572	14,603	15,016	14,790	14,507	15,07
Nonagricultural industries:				[ 	!								j
Part time for economic reasons					5,241	5,004	5,145						
Slack work		2,265	2,034			2,111	2,260		2,325		2,120		
Could only find part-time work		2,463	2,603			2,552	2,566		2,475		2,236		
Voluntary part time	13,953	14,099	13,987	14,011	14,064	14,222	14,096	14,123	14,141	14,592	14,338	14,083	14,66

<sup>1</sup> Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey

period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

## HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## A-36. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Carried and			19	87						1988			
Sex and age	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total, 16 years and over	112,639	113,050	112,872	113,210	113,504	113,744	114,129	114,409	114,103	114,713	114,195	115,018	115,059
16 to 24 years	20,184	20,475	20,116	20,096	20,065	20,112	20,312	20,271	19,916	19,990	19,773	20,404	20,159
16 to 19 years	6,650	6,917	6,654	6,693	6,706	6,809	6,865	6,779	6,564	6,660	6,645	7,051	6,907
16 to 17 years	2,760	2,849	2,754	2,768	2,734	2,826	2,776	2,752	2,657	2,682	2,649	2,820	2,691
18 to 19 years	3,875	3,996	3,911	3,936	3,985	3,994	4,061	4,045	3,906	3,967	3,995	4,227	4,210
20 to 24 years	13,534	13,558	13,462	13,403	13,359	13,303	13,447	13,491	13,353	13,330	13,128	13,353	13,253
25 years and over	92,551	92,606	92,735	93,071	93,424	93,625	93,778	94,118	94,239	94,686		94,592	95,016
25 to 54 years	78,015	78,202	78,307	78,477	78,731	78,916	79,170	79,351	79,588	79,946	79,920	80,088	80,481
55 years and over	14,497	14,498	14,491	14,641	14,663	14,716	14,581	14,673	14,566	14,712	14,438	14,542	14,469
Men, 16 years and over	62,150	62,341	62,368	62,468	62,581	62,656	62,808	63,059	62,759	63,323	63,030	63,411	63,490
16 to 24 years	10,441	10,586	10,448	10,403	10,370	10,369	10,456	10,444	10,349	10,427	10,351	10,591	10,446
16 to 19 years	3,367	3,516	3,401	3,431	3,417	3,471	3,521	3,434	3,352	3,440	3,439	3,614	3,537
16 to 17 years	1,417	1,410	1,391	1,409	1,390	1,451	1,444	1,406	1,376	1,397	1,369	1,418	1,388
18 to 19 years	1,938	2,046	2,021	2.034	2.040	2,035	2.053	2.046	1.982	2.042	2.068	2,184	2,150
20 to 24 years	7,074	7,070	7.047	6,972	6.953	6.898	6,935	7.010	6,998	6.987	6,912	6,977	6,910
25 years and over	51,733	51,781	51,900	52,047	52,210	52,299	52,338		52,469	52,862	52,654	52,793	
25 to 54 years	43,203	43,289	43,408	43,488	43,592	43,690			43,975	44,336	44,175	44,278	44,541
55 years and over	8,524	8,503	8,514	8,580		8,629	8,470		8,467	8,530			
Women, 16 years and over	50,489	50,709	50,504	50,742	50,923	51,088	51,321	51,350	51,344	51,390	51,166	51,607	51,569
16 to 24 years	9.743	9,889	9.668	9,693	9,695	9,743	9,857	9,826	9,567	9,563	9,422	9,814	9,713
16 to 19 years	3,283	3,401	3,253	3,262	3,289	3,338	3,344	3,345		3,220	3,206	3,438	
16 to 17 years	1,343	1,439	1,363	1.359	1,344	1,375	1,332	1,346	1,281	1,285	1,280	1,402	
18 to 19 years	1,937	1,950		1,902	1,945	1,959		1,999		1,925	1,927	2,043	
20 to 24 years		6,488		6.431	6,406				6,355		6,216	6,376	
25 years and over		40,825		41,024	41,214							41,798	
25 to 54 years												35,809	
55 years and over	5,973	5,995		6,061	6,058	6,087						5,999	

## A-37. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

2			19	87						1988			
Sex and age	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July
Total, 16 years and over	7,251	7,256	7,091	7,177	7,090	6,978	7,046	6,938	6,801	6,610	6,783	6,455	6,625
16 to 24 years	2,701	2,736	2,692	2,689	2,641	2,547	2,659	2,525	2,637	2,532	2,519	2,341	2,468
16 to 19 years	1,248	1,337	1,302	1,388	1,335	1,304	1,312	1,232	1,301	1,259	1,230	1,112	1,234
16 to 17 years	586	638	618	710	649	613	638	580	568	580	509	512	569
18 to 19 years	624	688	701	679	691	688	689	655	732	658	720	627	630
20 to 24 years	1,453	1,399	1,390	1,301	1,306	1,243	1,347	1,293	1,336	1,273	1,289	1,229	1,234
25 years and over	4,538	4,544	4,445	4,482	4,442	4,412	4,393	4,416	4,161	4,082	4,251	4,077	4,150
25 to 54 years	4,078	4,050	3,931	3,993	3,909	3,939	3,896	3,926	3,730	3,625	3,744	3,654	3,691
55 years and over	462	483	499	474	513	488	527	499	441	446	520	442	461
Men, 16 years and over	3,960	4,021	3,827	3,899	3,845	3,785	3,847	3,707	3,816	3,553	3,736	3,495	3,519
16 to 24 years	1,415	1,518	1,435	1,432	1,414	1,378	1,456	1,333	1,423	1,315	1,354	1,247	1,334
16 to 19 years	637	763	709	725	710	722	693	636	727	644	664	625	704
16 to 17 years	292	363	341	372	356	347	348	285	313	291	275	290	302
18 to 19 years	307	387	382	354	355	367	360	354	414	352	388	360	370
20 to 24 years	778	755	726	707	704	656	763	697	696	671	690	622	630
25 years and over	2,535	2,528	2,427	2,462	2,419	2,390	2,391	2,390	2.385	2,243	2,363	2,235	2,174
25 to 54 years	2,238	2,215	2,139	2,182	2,109	2,112	2,070	2,095	2,089	1,951	2,051	1,940	1,906
55 years and over	300	302	283		313	282	351	305	299	276	323	279	275
Women, 16 years and over	3,291	3,235	3,264	3,278	3,245	3,193	3,200	3,231	2,985	3,057	3,047	2,960	3,106
16 to 24 years	1.286	1,218	1,257	1,257	1,227	1,169	1,203	1,192	1,214	1,217	1,166	1,094	1,134
16 to 19 years	611	574	593	663	625	582	619	596	574	615	566	487	530
16 to 17 years	294	275	277	338	293	266	290	295	255	289	234	222	267
18 to 19 years	317	301	319	325	336	321	329	301	318	30€	332	267	260
20 to 24 years	675	644	664		602	587	584	596	640	602	600	607	604
25 years and over	2.003	2,016	2,018	2,020	2,023	2.022	2.002	2.026	1,776	1,838	1,888	1,842	1,976
25 to 54 years	1,840	1,835	1,792	1,811	1,800	1,827	1,826	1,831	1,641	1,674	1.693	1,714	1,785
55 years and over	162	181	216		200	206	175	194	142	170	197	163	186

A-38. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

Co. and co.			19	87						1988			
Sex and age	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	řeb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total, 16 years and over	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.6	5.3	5.4
16 to 24 years	11.8	11.8	11.8	11.8	11.6	11.2	11.6	11.1	11.7	11.2	11.3	10.3	10.9
16 to 19 years	15.8	16.2	16.4	17.2	16.6	16.1	16.0	15.4	16.5	15.9	15.6	13.6	15.2
16 to 17 years	17.5	18.3	18.3	20.4	19.2	17.8	18.7	17.4	17.6	17.8	16.1	15.4	17.5
18 to 19 years	13.9	14.7	15.2	14.7	14.8	14.7	14.5	13.9	15.8	14.2	15.3	12.9	13.0
20 to 24 years	9.7	9.4	9.4	8.8	8.9	8.5	9.1	8.7	9.1	8.7	8.9	8.4	8.5
25 years and over	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.1	4.2
25 to 54 years	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.5	4.4	4.4
55 years and over	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.4	3.2	3.5	3.3	2.9	2.9	3.5	2.9	3.1
Men, 16 years and over	6.0	6.1	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.6	5.7	5.3	5.6	5.2	5.3
16 to 24 years	11.9	12.5	12.1	12.1	12.0	11,7	12.2	11.3	12.1	11.2	11.6	10.5	11.3
16 to 19 years	15.9	17.8	17,3	17.4	17.2	17.2	16.4	15.6	17.8	15.8	16.2	14.7	16.6
16 to 17 years	17.1	20.5	19.7	20.9	20.4	19.3	19.4	16.9	18.5	17.2	16.7	17.0	17.9
18 to 19 years	13.7	15.9	15.9	14.8	14.8	15.3	14.9	14.7	17.3	14.7	15.6	14.2	14.7
20 to 24 years	9.9	9.6	9.3	9.2	9.2	8.7	9.9	9.0	9.1	8.8	9.1	8.2	8.4
25 years and over	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.1	4.3	4.1	3.9
25 to 54 years	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.4	4.2	4.1
55 years and over	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.5	3.2	4.0	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.7	3.2	3.1
Women, 16 years and over	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.4	5.7
16 to 24 years	11.7	11.0	11.5	11.5	11.2	10.7	10.9	10.8	11.3	11.3	11.0	10.0	10.5
16 to 19 years	15.7	14.4	15.4	16.9	16.0	14.8	15.6	15.1	15.2	16.0	15.0	12.4	13.6
16 to 17 years	18.0	16.0	16.9	19.9	17.9	16.2	17.9	18.0	16.6	18.4	15.5	13.7	17.0
18 to 19 years	14.1	13.4	14.4	14.6	14.7	14.1	14.1	13.1	14.2	13.7	14.7	11.6	11.2
20 to 24 years	9.5	9.0	9.4	8.5	8.6	8.4	8.2	8.4	9.1	8.7	6.8	8.7	8.7
25 years and over	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.5
25 to 54 years	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.7
55 years and over	2.6	2.9	3.5	3.1	3.2	3.3	2.8	3.1	2.3	2.7	3.2	2.6	3.0

#### A-39. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

0.1			19	87						1988			
Category	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
CHARACTERISTIC			Ţ					]					
Total (all civilian workers)	. 6.0	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.6	5.3	5.4
Men, 20 years and over	. 5.4	5.2	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.1	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.9	4.6	4.5
Women, 20 years and over	. 5.4	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.2	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.9	5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	. 15.8	16.2	16.4	17.2	16.6	16.1	16.0	15.4	16.5	15.9	15.6	13.6	15.2
White	. 5.2	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.1	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.5	4.7
Black and other	. 11.4	11.3	10.9	10.8	11.0	10.9	10.9	11.3	11.5	10.7	11.3	10.3	10.0
Black		12.4	12.3	12.1	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.6	12.8	12.2	12.4	11.5	11.4
Hispanic origin	. 8.1	8.1	8.2	8.3	9.0	8.1	7.2	8.3	8.2	9.3	9.0	9.0	8.0
Married men, spouse present	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.0	3.3	3.1	3.0
Married women, spouse present		4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.9	3.7	4.1
Women who maintain families	. 9.3	9.0	8.8	8.9	8.5	8.4	8.9	8.3	7.5	8.7	8.4	7.8	8.6
Full-time workers		5.6	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.1	5.2	4.9	5.0
Part-time workers		8.2	8.4	8.3	8.2	8.0	8.3	7.9	7.7	7.4	7.7	7.8	8.1
Unemployed 15 weeks and over		1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3
Labor force time lost <sup>2</sup>	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.2	6.4	6.3	6.4
INDUSTRY	Ì	[				!		1	i 1	:	1		1
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers		6.0	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.3	5.7	5.4	5.4
Goods-producing industries		6.9	7.0	7.0	6.5	6.4	7.1	6.9	6.5	6.5	6.6	6.0	6.3
Mining		8.6	7.4	8.3	7.0	8.0	7.7	7.8	7.9	8.4	10.4	6.7	5.3
Construction	. 10.8	11.3	11.9	11.2	10.6	10.6	12.2	11.0	10.7	10.6	10.5	10.2	10.2
Manufacturing		5.6	5.6	5.7	5.3	5.1	5.6	5.6	5.2	5.3	5.4	4.8	5.2
Durable goods		5.5	5.4	5.2	4.8	4.8	5.5	5.9	5.2	4.8	4.9	4.4	5.0
Nondurable goods		5.8	5.9	6.5	5.9	5.6	5.8	5.3	5.3	6.0	6.0	5.4	5.6
Service-producing industries		5.6	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.1	5.2	4.7	5.2	5.1	5.0
Transportation and public utilities		4.4	4.1	4.4	4.5	4.6	3.6	3.6	4.2	3.8	4.4	4.1	3.5
Wholesale and retail trade		7.0	6.4	6.5	6.8	6.2	6.1	6.4	6.8	5.9	6.3	5.9	6.2
Finance and service industries		4.7	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.6	4.6	4.5
Government workers		3.7	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.9	2.8	3.1
Agricultural wage and salary workers	. 10.9	10.6	8.6	10.6	11.1	10.9	11.5	10.2	11.0	10.6	13.9	9.7	10.8

for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.
<sup>2</sup> Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time

## HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## A-40. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

			198	87						1988			
Weeks of unemployment	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
DURATION													
Less than 5 weeks	3,186	3,203	3,220	3,223	3,218	3,229	3,089	3,084	3,009	3,125	3,075	3,066	2,965
5 to 14 weeks	2,144	2,142	1,949	2,093	2,029	1,968	2,263	2,145	2,101	1,956	2,110	1,890	2,078
15 weeks and over	1,920	1,896	1,904	1,801	1,834	1,791	1,733	1,740	1,722	1,540	1,609	1,512	1,629
15 to 26 weeks	945	834	917	844	899	892	839	841	887	725	784	727	838
27 weeks and over	975	1,062	987	957	935	899	894	899	835	816	825	785	791
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	14.2	14.3	14.2	14.1	14.0	14.2	14.4	14.4	13.7	13.4	13.8	12.9	13.6
Median duration, in weeks	6.6	6.4	5.8	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.4	6.4	6.6	5.6	5.9	6.0	6.3
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION						1							
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	43.9	44.2	45.5	45.3	45.4	46.2	43.6	44.3	44.0	47.2	45.3	47.4	44.4
5 to 14 weeks	29.6	29.6	27.6	29.4	28.7	28.2	31.9	30.8	30.8	29.5	31.1	29.2	31.1
15 weeks and over	26.5	26.2	26.9	25.3	25.9	25.6	24.5	25.0	25.2	23.3	23.7	23.4	24.4
15 to 26 weeks	13.0	11.5	13.0	11.9	12.7	12.8	11.8	12.1	13.0	10.9	11.5	11.2	12.6
27 weeks and over	13.4	14.7	14.0	13.4	13.2	12.9	12.6	12.9	12.2	12.3	12.1	12.1	11.9

## A-41. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Baaran (			19	87						1988			
Reasons for unemployment	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers	3,529	3,389	3,313	3,388	3,307	3,200	3,209	3,207	3,139	2,916	3,236	3,059	3,087
On layoff	916	874	820	944	878	856	888	884	899	821	793	863	852
Other job losers	2,613	2,515	2,493	2,444	2,429	2,344	2,320	2,323	2,240	2,095	2,443	2,196	2,235
Job leavers	989	992	981	960	926	946	1.082	961	1.075	993	926	944	904
Reentrants	1,930	1,969	1,908	1,845	1,974	1,945	1,917	1,951	1,756	1,784	1,789	1,723	1,901
New entrants	844	855	882	914	855	909	885	864	887	915	807	777	77€
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	48.4	47.0	46.8	47.7	46.8	45.7	45.2	45.9	45.8	44.1	47.9	47.0	46.3
On layoff	12.6	12.1	11.6	13.3	12.4	12.2	12.5	12.7	13.1	12.4	11.7	13.3	12.8
Other job losers	35.8	34.9	35.2	34.4	34.4	33.5	32.7	33.3	32.7	31.7	36.2	33.8	33.5
Job leavers	13.6	13.8	13.8	13.5	13.1	13.5	15.3	13.8	15.7	15.0	13.7	14.5	13.6
Reentrants	26.5	27.3	26.9	26.0	28.0	27.8	27.0	27.9	25.6	27.0	26.5	26.5	28.5
New entrants	11.6	11.9	12.5	12.9	12.1	13.0	12.5	12.4	12.9	13.8	11.9	11.9	11.6
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Job losers	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.5	2.9
Job leavers	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.9	.8	.9	.8	.8	.8	- :
Reentrants	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.0
New entrants	.7	.7	.7	.8	.7	.8	.7	.7	.7	.8	''-	6	"3

## B-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1936 to date

				Goods	-producing					Ser	vice-produc	ing			
Year and month	Total	Total private	Total	Mining	Construc-	Manufac- turing	Total	Transpor- tation and public	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real	Services	Federal	Sovernmer State	Loca
***				<u> </u>				utilities			estate				
							Ann	ual average	es						
936	29,068	25,400	11,933	946	1,160	9,827	17,135	2,973	(')	(¹)	1,373	3,312	( <sup>†</sup> )	(¹)	(¹)
937	31,011	27,255	12,936	1,015	1,127	10,794	18,075	3,134	(1)	(')	1,417	3,503	(¹)	(2)	()
938 939	29,194 30,603	25,311 26,608	11,401 12,297	891 854	1,070 1,165	9,440 10,278	17,793 18,306	2,863 2,936	(¹) 1,762	(¹) 4,664	1,410 1,447	3,458 3,502	(¹) 905	(¹) (¹)	(1)
940	32,361	28,159	13,221	925	1,311	10,985	19,140	3,038	1,835	4,914	1,485	3,665	996	(¹)	(¹)
941	36,539	31,877	15,963	957	1,814	13,192	20,574	3,274	1,960	5,251	1,525	3,905	1,340	(')	()
942 943	40,106 42,434	34,624 36,356	18,470 20,114	992 925	2,198 1,587	15,280 17,602	21,636 22,320	3,460 3,647	1,906 1,822	5,212 5,160	1,509 1,481	4,066 4,130	2,213 2,905	(') (')	(¹) (²)
944	41,864	35,822	19,328	892	1,108	17,328	22,536	3,829	1,845	5,100	1,461	4,145	2,928	8	(6)
45	40,374	34,431	17,507	836	1,147	15,524	22,867	3,906	1,949	5,365	1,481	4,222	2,808	(1)	(¹)
946	41,652	36,056	17,248	862	1,683	14,703	24,404	4,061	2,291	6,084	1,675	4,697	2,254	(¹)	(¹)
47	43,857	38,382	18,509	955	2,009	15,545	25,348	4,166	2,471	6,485	1,728	5,025	1,892	(1)	(')
948	44,866 43,754	39,216 37,897	18,774 17,565	994 930	2,198 2,194	15,582 14,441	26,092 26,189	4,189 4,001	2,605 2,602	6,667 6,662	1,800 1,828	5,181 5,240	1,863 1,908	(1) (1)	(¹) (¹)
													·		
950 951	45,197 47,819	39,170 41,430	18,506 19,959	901 929	2,364 2,637	15,241 16,393	26,691 27,860	4,034 4,226	2,635 2,727	6,751 7,015	1,888 1,956	5,357 5,547	1,928 2,302	(¹) (¹)	l (¹)   (¹)
52	48,793	42,185	20,198	898	2,668	16,632	28,595	4,248	2,812	7,192	2,035	5,699	2,420	8	6
53	50,202	43,556	21,074	866	2,659	17,549	29,128	4,290	2,854	7,393	2,111	5,835	2,305	(1)	(i)
54	48,990	42,238	19,751	791	2,646	16,314	29,239	4,084	2,867	7,368	2,200	5,969	2,188	(1)	(')
55	50,641	43,727	20,513	792 622	2,839 3,039	16,882 17,243	30,128	4,141 4,244	2,926 3,018	7,610 7,840	2,298 2,389	6,240	2,187 2,209	1,168 1,250	3,55 3,81
56 57	52,369 52,653	45,091 45,239	21,104 20,964	828	2,962	17,243	31,266 31,889	4,244	3,028	7,858	2,389	6,497 6,706	2,209	1,250	4,07
958	51,324	43,483	19,513	751	2,817	15,945	31,611	3,976	2,980	7,770	2,481	6,765	2,191	1,415	4,23
959²	53,268	45,186	20,411	732	3,004	16,875	32,857	4,011	3,082	8,045	2,549	7,087	2,233	1,484	4,36
60	54,189	45,836	20,434	712	2,926	16,796	33,755	4,004	3,143	8,248	2,629	7,378	2,270	1,536	4,54
61	53,999	45,404	19,857	672	2,859	16,326	34,142	3,903	3,133	8,204	2,686	7,620	2,279	1,607	4,70
62 63	55,549 5 <b>6</b> ,653	46,660 47,429	20,451 20,640	650 635	2,948 3,010	16,653 16,995	35,098 36,013	3,906 3,903	3,198 3,248	8,368 8,530	2,754 2,830	7,982 8,277	2,340 2,358	1,668 1,747	4,88 5,12
64	58,283	48,686	21,005	634	3,070	17,274	37,278	3,951	3,337	8,823	2,830	8,660	2,338	1,856	5,12
65	60,765	50,689	21,926	632	3,232	18,062	38,839	4,036	3,466	9,250	2,977	9,036	2,378	1,996	5,70
66	63,901	53,116	23,158	627	3,317	19,214	40,743	4,158	3,597	9,648	3,058	9,498	2,564	2,141	6,08
67	65,803	54,413	23,308	613	3,248	19,447	42,495	4,268	3,689	9,917	3,185	10,045	2,719	2,302	6,37
68 69	67,897 70,384	56,058 58,189	23,737 24,361	606 619	3,350 3,575	19,781 20,167	44,160 46,023	4,318 4,442	3,779 3,907	10,320 10,798	3,337 3,512	10,567 11,169	2,737 2,758	2,442 2,533	6,66 6,90
70	70,880	58,325	23,578	623	3,588	19,367	47,302	4,515	3,993	11,047	3,645	11,548	2,731	2,664	7,15
71	71,214	58,331	22,935	609	3,704	18,623	48,278	4,476	4,001	11,351	3,772	11,797	2,696	2,747	7,43
72	73,675	60,341	23,668	628	3,889	19,151	50,007	4,541	4,113	11,836	3,908	12,276	2,684	2,859	7,79
73	76,790	63,058	24,893	642	4,097	20,154	51,897	4,656	4,277	12,329	4,046	12,857	2,663	2,923	8,14
74 75	78,265 76,945	64,095 62,259	24,794 22,600	697 752	4,020 3,525	20,077 18,323	53,471 54,345	4,725 4,542	4,433 4,415	12,554 12,645	4,148 4,165	13,441 13,892	2,724 2,748	3,039 3,179	8,40 8,75
76	79,382	64,511	23,352	779	3,576	18,997	56,030	4,582	4,546	13,209	4,271	14,551	2,733	3,273	8,86
77	82,471	67,344	24,346	813	3,851	19,682	58,125	4,713	4,708	13,808	4,467	15,303	2,727	3,377	9,02
78	86,697	71,026	25,585	851	4,229	20,505	61,113	4,923	4,969	14,573	4,724	16,252	2,753	3,474	9,44
79	<b>8</b> 9,823	73,876	26,461	958	4,463	21,040	63,363	5,136	5,204	14,989	4,975	17,112	2,773	3,541	9,63
80	90,406	74,166	25,658	1,027	4,346	20,285	64,748	5,146	5,275	15,035	5,160	17,890	2,866	3,610	9,76
81 82	91,156 89,566	75,126 73,729	25,497 23,813	1,139 1,128	4,188 3,905	20,170 18,781	65,659 65,753	5,165 5,082	5,358 5,278	15,189 15,179	5,298 5,341	18,619 19,036	2,772 2,739	3,640 3,640	9,61 9,45
83	90,200	74,330	23,334	952	3,948	18,434	66,866	4,954	5,268	15,613	5,468	19,694	2,774	3,662	9,43
84	94,496	78,472	24,727	966	4,383	19,378	69,769	5,159	5,555	16,545	5,689	20,797	2,807	3,734	9,48
85	97,519	81,125	24,859	927	4,673	19,260	72,660	5,238	5,717	17,356	5,955	22,000	2,875	3,832	9,68
36 37	99,525 102,310	82,832 85,295	24,558 24,784	777 721	4,816 4,998	18,965 19,065	74,967 77,525	5,255 5,385	5,753 5,872	17,930 18,509	6,283 6,549	23,053 24,196	2,899 2,943	3,893 3,963	9,90 10,10
					<u> </u>		·								
			1			Mo	onthly data	, seasonally	y adjusted		<del></del>				
87: July	102,430	85,421	24,788	722	4,997	19,069	77,642	5,373	5,874	18,543	6,570	24,273	2,941	3,965	10,10
lugust	102,672	85,656	24,851	728	5,012	19,111	77,821	5,394	5,892	18,569	6,581	24,369	2,943	3,971	10,10
	102,906	85,851	24,902	734	5,012	19,156	78,004	5,427	5,914	18,605	6,588	24,415	2,962	3,973	10,12
	103,371 103,678	86,241 66,520	25,025	740 736	5,060	19,225	78,346	5,448	5,935	18,705	6,604	24,524	2,966	3,985	10,17
	103,678	86,794	25,123 25,201	735	5,090 5,118	19,297 19,348	78,555 78,800	5,466 5,481	5,958 5,984	18,761 18,784	6,608 6,619	24,604 24,725	2,974 2,980	3,988 4,001	10,19 10,22
88:			İ								ľ	}			
	104,262	87,044	25,180	728	5,083	19,369	79,082	5,499	6,010	18,927	6,633	24,795	2,973	4,006	10,23
	104,729 105,020	87,475 87,700	25,271	731	5,150	19,390	79,458	5,513	6,035	19,045	6,636	24,975	2,972	4,014	10,26
	105,020	87,700 87,973	25,330 25,435	733 737	5,192 5,238	19,405 19,460	79,690 79,846	5,530 5,543	6,061 6,089	19,050 19,093	6,651 6,650	25,078 25,163	2,970 2,963	4,031 4,041	10,319
May		88,139	25,466	739	5,237	19,490	80,023	5,556	6,115	19,130	6,656	25,216	2,957	4,050	10,34
	106,021 106,304	88,661 88,929	25,590 25,672	740 740	5,305	19,545	80,431	5,578	6,145	19,213	6,676	25,459	2,951	4,030	10,37

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1987) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1984) are subject to revision.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Not available.  $^2$  Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 benchmark month.  $_{\rm P}$  = preliminary.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

(in thousands)

	1972		Al	l employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers <sup>1</sup>	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°
Total		102,910	102,212	105,956	106,882	106,098					
Total private		85,861	86,057	88,268	89,459	89,607	69,593	69,706	71,379	72,421	72,512
Mining		721	727	735	742	744	514	520	531	537	538
Metal mining		44.0					33.3	33.5	37.6	38.2	
Iron ores		6.7 13.3	1	, ,	7.3 14.1		5.0 10.6	4.9 10.7	5.7 11.4	5.9 10.9	
Coal mining		162.3					132.2	131.4	124.7	125.4	
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	12	160.2	159.1	151.2	152.4		130.5	129.6	123.0	123.7	
Oil and gas extraction	13	400.5	406.7	418.2	421.4	422.6	260.5	265.7	280.9	284.1	
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids		204.3					101.0	101.6	100.6	101.4	
Oil and gas field services	138	196.2	201.1	218.6	221.0	ĺ	159.5	164.1	180.3	182.7	
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	113.9	114.8	114.4	116.7		88.0	88.9	87.8	89.7	
Crushed and broken stone		41.3					33.0	33.6			
Sand and gravel		36.3					_	-	_	_	İ
Chemical and fertilizer minerals	147	16.6	16.8	17.1	17.2						1
Construction		5,176	5,288	5,289	5,507	5,628	4,064	4,168	4,137	4,339	4,450
General building contractors	15	1,358.6	1,392.9	1,388.9	1,452.3	1,464.5	996.3	1,029.2	1,013.4	1,074.2	
Residential building construction		721.9	738.5	752.4	789.8	- '	515.6	532.2	537.6	573.6	
Operative builders		57.8	58.1	52.8		I .	29.6	29.4	24.8	26.3	
Nonresidential building construction	154	578.9	596.3	583.7	607.6		451.1	467.6	451.0	474.3	
Heavy construction contractors	16	821.2	829.8	808.5	834.5	į	694.1	702.0	683.0	706.9	
Highway and street construction		312.1					265.3	273.4	255.2	272.0	
Heavy construction, except highway	162	509.1	509.2	504.3	512.7	1	428.8	428.6	427.8	434.9	
Special trade contractors	17	2,996.3	3,064.9	3,091.2	3,220.4		2,373.2	2,437.2	2,440.7	2,557.9	
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		643.5	655.0	653.1	674.4	4	477.3	487.4	481.7	499.4	
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		184.4				1	156.5	163.2			
Electrical work		527.3					406.7	421.0			
Masonry, stonework, and plastering  Carpentering and flooring		496.6 192.3	1				425.2 149.6		441.2 146.0		
Roofing and sheet metal work		213.2	1	t .	1	1	171.2	180.1	166.1	173.8	
Manufacturing		19,091	18,982	19,446	19,651	19,524	13,024	12,893	13,271	13,425	13,289
Durable goods		11,234	11,127	11,476	11,581	11,505	7,472	7,352	7,655	7,730	7,654
	1	750.0	750.	7500	775 0	774.	604	607.4	600.0	640.0	645 ^
Lumber and wood products  Logging camps and logging contractors		753.9 87.0		l .			631.4 72.4	637.4 76.5	630.6 70.2		
Sawmills and planing mills		203.1	f	1			179.4	180.1	180.6		i
Sawmills and planing mills, general	2421	165.7					146.3	147.6			
Hardwood dimension and flooring	2426	33.8				4	29.8			30.2	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	243	266.9					221.2		218.7	224.1	
Millwork		103.9	1				84.9				
Wood kitchen cabinets  Hardwood veneer and plywood		71.2					57.3 21.0			57.1 21.7	
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	38.3					34.9		34.9		
Wood containers		43.2				ł.	36.9	36.5			
Wood buildings and mobile homes		71.3					53.8				
Mobile homes		47.2	1		50.5	1	38.1	39.0	39.4	41.3	
Miscellaneous wood products	249	82.4	81.6	84.4	85.8	1	67.7	67.1	68.9	70.1	1

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers1	·
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°
Durable goods—Continued											
Furniture and fixtures		514.8	510.0	534.4	535.8	529.0	411.4	406.9	425.6	427.3	421.
Household furniture		305.5	300.2	317.9		-	258.1	253.3	268.5	267.0	-
Wood household furniture		137.8	135.7	144.3			120.6	118.6	125.9	125.8	
Upholstered household furniture		98.4	97.5				82.0	81.5	84.8	86.1	
Metal household furniture		26.5	23.6				21.7	18.9	23.1	20.9	l
Mattresses and bedsprings		28.6	28.1	29.8			21.8	21.3	22.8	23.2	
Office furniture		66.9	66.4	67.1	68.0		50.3	50.0	50.4	51.3	1
Public building and related furniture  Partitions and fixtures		28.4 74.8	28.8 75.6				21.7 54.0	22.0	23.3 55.6	23.8 56.2	1
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		39.2	39.0	l .			27.3	54.4 27.2	27.8	29.0	 
Stone, clay, and glass products	. 32	592.4	589.2	591.3	599.8	598.1	459.8	456.1	461.2	469.0	466.
Flat glass		15.2	15.2	14.6	1	_	11.9	11.9	11.4	11.8	_
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		88.3	86.2	86.0	87.0		75.9	73.9	74.3	75.3	
Glass containers	. 3221	45.7	45.2	43.7	44.5		41.1	40.7	39.6	40.5	
Pressed and blown glass, nec		42.6	41.0	42.3			34.8	33.2	34.7	34.8	
Products of purchased glass		50.5	50.5	51.5			35.7	35.6	38.3	39.1	
Cement, hydraulic		21.4	21.4	20.3	1		16.7	16.7	15.6	15.9	
Structural clay products		38.3	37.9	38.8			30.1	29.6	30.6	30.8	{
Pottery and related products		36.5	36.1	37.8	38.5		29.2	28.7	30.3	31.0	{
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		218.0	218.7	216.2	219.4		170.2	170.6	167.7	170.2	
Concrete block and brick		20.5	20.7	20.6	,		13.8	14.0	13.6		j
Concrete products, nec		72.1 105.8	71.7	72.8	73.9 105.5	·	55.4	55.0	55.4	56.2	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		111.3	106.7 110.8	103.9 112.7	114.2		86.0 80.0	86.6 79.6	84.1 82.4	85.4 84.3	
Abrasive products		21.8	21.5	21.8	22.1		14.7	14.6	15.0	15.4	ļ
Asbestos products		8.9	8.7	8.7	8.9		6.9	6.7	6.5	6.7	j
Mineral wool		25.1	25.0	24.1	24.4		-	-	-	-	
Primary metal industries	. 33	750.8	741.5	778.4	785.8	779.3	564.7	555.5	595.7	602.5	595.
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	331	272.3	272.3	281.0	283.0	283.3	206.0	205.8	217.7	220.0	220
Blast furnaces and steel mills		206.3	206.7	212.1	213.1	-	157.2	157.6	165.7	166.9	-
Steel pipe and tubes		23.4	23.4	25.1	25.5		17.0	16.9	19.0	19.4	(
Iron and steel foundries		130.1	128.2	138.1	140.2		102.4	100.2	110.8		}
Gray iron foundries		80.9	78.7	84.6	85.6		65.8	63.4	69.3	70.4	
Malleable iron foundries		8.8	8.7	9.2	9.4		6.3	6.1	6.9	7.1	
Steel foundries, nec		26.6 39.3	27.0 39.8	30.3 41.4	30.9 41.6		19.8 27.8	20.2 28.2	23.6 30.6	24.1 30.8	
Primary aluminum		20.8	21.1	22.2	22.3	1	14.7	14.9	16.7	16.8	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		181.0	178.5	184.6	186.0		128.9	126.6	132.5	133.6	
Copper rolling and drawing		23.4	23.1	24.5	24.6		18.2	17.9	18.8	18.8	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		28.3	28.2	27.8	27.7		20.7	20.5	19.4	19.3	
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		77.5	75.7	80.0	81.0	'	54.1	52.5	57.6	58.6	
Nonferrous foundries		85.9	81.1	88.9	90.1	1	68.8	64.2	71.3	72.4	
Aluminum foundries	3361	53.2	50.0	54.7	55.6		43.3	40.2	44.6	45.4	
Fabricated metal products		1,406.6	1,387.9			1,447.4		1,025.8	1,078.5		1,078.
Metal cans and shipping containers		56.5	56.3	55.3	55.4	-	48.4	48.1	47.1	47.5	-
Metal cans Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware		45.7	45.5	44.2	44.4		39.8	39.5	38.1	38.5	
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades		133.2 45.4	130.2 44.9	134.9 46.8	134.5 46.5		98.1 33.3	95.1 32.8	100.2 34.2	99.8 33.9	
Hardware, nec		76.9	74.7	77.0	76.9		57.5	55.3	58.4	58.3	
Plumbing and heating, except electric		60.3	59.9	62.1	63.4	j	43.2	42.6	44.3	45.8	
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		24.7	24.7	25.9	26.3		18.0	17.9	18.8	19.2	
Heating equipment, except electric	3433	24.6	24.3	24.3	25.0		16.7	16.4	16.4	17.2	
Fabricated structural metal products	344	428.1	428.3	435.9	443.3		304.8	305.9	313.1	319.4	
Fabricated structural metal		77.5	77.1	78.2	79.2		55.2	55.0	56.1	57.1	
Metal doors, sash, and trim		93.1	94.2	92.9	96.0		69.7	70.7	68.4	71.2	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		85.5	84.6	90.2	91.6		54.5	53.7	60.2	61.3	
Sheet metal work		109.5	109.6	112.5	113.2	ļ	82.0	82.5	84.9	85.3	
Architectural metal work	13446	30.4	30.4	30.5	31.2	l	22.1	22.3	22.7	23.2	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers'	т -
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988
Ourable goods—Continued											
Fabricated metal products—Continued			)		)						
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		92.3	1	97.4	98.1		70.5	68.8	74.6		
Screw machine products		46.1	45.5	<b>56</b> .3	50.7		37.5	37.0	41.2	41.9	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		46.2		47.1	47.4	i	33.0	31.8	33.4	33.8	
Metal forgings and stampings		232.5		235.8	238.3		185.0	176.1	187.5	190.0	
Iron and steel forgings		29.7	29.0	30.2	30.5		22.8	22.1	23.2	23.5	
Automotive stampings		96.9	i .	96.2	ł .		82.4	76.2	81.8	82.4	ļ
Metal stampings, nec		94.8	93.2	98.0	,	Ì	71.8	70.0	74.1	75.6	
Metal services, nec		112.0	1	117.7	118.9		89.3	87.9	94.6	95.6	
Plating and polishing		72.7 39.3	71.1 39.2	76.3 41.4	77.1 41.8	ļ	58.4 30.9	57.0 30.9	61.7 32.9	62.4 33.2	ļ
Metal coating and allied services Ordnance and accessories, nec		77.7	76.3	78.6	78.7		49.1	47.5	49.2	49.1	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		43.7	42.0	43.2			26.2	24.3	24.2	24.0	
Misc. fabricated metal products		214.0		230.1	231.4		155.8	153.8	167.9	168.4	
Valves and pipe fittings	3494	78.7	78.6	86.1	86.8		53.0	52.5	58.5	58.6	
Misc. fabricated wire products	3496	52.0	1	55.4	55.4		39.6	39.1	42.7	42.6	
Machinery, except electrical	35	2,022.8	2,011.9	2,125.1	2,145.9	2,150.1	1,199.0	1,185.5	1,273.0	1,282.2	1,28
Engines and turbines	351	87.9	87.3	86.7	87.5	-	55.9	55.2	57.8	58.3	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets	3511	25.7	24.6	22.2	22.3		13.9	12.7	12.7	13.0	
Internal combustion engines, nec	3519	62.2	62.7	64.5	65.2	1	42.0	42.5	45.1	45.3	ĺ
Farm and garden machinery	352	94.1	92.3	106.0	104.8		63.1	61.3	75.3	74.2	
Farm machinery and equipment		69.2	1	75.3	76.2		44.3	44.4	51.2	51.9	
Construction and related machinery		212.4	212.5	231.6	235.5		126.8	126.2	141.9	143.4	
Construction machinery		78.1	78.7	83.2	85.8		46.8	47.2	52.3	52.6	
Mining machinery		17.1	17.0	18.2	1	ļ	10.3	10.3	11.1	11.2	
Oil field machinery	3533	36.8	36.4	44.4	44.4		21.8	21.4	27.0	26.9	
Conveyors and conveying equipment		32.5	32.5	33.3	1		17.0	16.9	17.7	18.1	
Industrial trucks and tractors		24.5		26.6			17.2	16.9	18.3	18.6	
Metalworking machinery		288.2	1	297.0			206.2	203.0	212.4	214.4	
Machine tools, metal cutting types		45.1	44.8	45.9	46.1		28.2	27.9	29.0	29.2	
Machine tools, metal forming types	3542	17.0	16.6	17.3	17.5		10.6	10.3	11.1	11.2	İ
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	136.9	135.0	140.7	141.0	ļ	104.9	103.2	107.6	107.9 39.7	
Machine tool accessories  Power driven hand tools		51.4	51.1 20.2	54.9 20.5	55.7 20.6		36.5 15.2	36.1 14.8	38.9 14.9	15.0	
Special industry machinery		161.4	160.8	171.1	172.3		95.9	95.2	102.6	103.7	
Food products machinery		37.6		40.2	40.3		22.7	22.7	24.3	24.4	
Textile machinery		19.8	1	21.0	21.1	i	13.4	12.8	14.0	14.1	
Printing trades machinery		26.5	1	28.5		i	15.4	15.7	17.1	17.5	
General industrial machinery		247.3		255.4	258.0	1	158.0	156.0	165.1	166.6	
Pumps and pumping equipment		43.6	1	45.2			25.0	25.0	26.4	26.6	
Ball and roller bearings		41.6	40.9	42.4	42.9	į .	31.9	31.3	33.0	33.3	
Air and gas compressors		20.8	20.5	20.8	21.2	)	11.&	11.5	12.2	12.4	
Blowers and fans		29.7	29.7	30.4	30.4		19.2	19.1	19.6	19.5	
Speed changers, drives, and gears		19.4	1	20.1	20.2	1	13.4	13.0	14.0		
Power transmission equipment, nec		15.7	16.1	17.4	17.7	ſ	10.3	10.4	11.8	11.9	1
Office and computing machines		483.8		507.2		}	161.8	162.2	167.9	168.8	1
Electronic computing equipment		430.8		452.9		l	136.4	137.1	141.3	142.5	ĺ
Refrigeration and service machinery		177.2	175.1	182.1	183.1	ĺ	126.9	124.6	131.5		
Refrigeration and heating equipment		126.4	125.0	130.5			92.8	91.3	96.7	97.4	}
Misc. machinery, except electrical		270.5		288.0	1	}	204.4	201.8	218.5	220.6	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves  Machinery, except electrical, nec		31.4 239.1	30.2 238.5	32.2 255.8			25.5 178.9	24.1 177.7	25.7 192.8	25.8 194.8	
					1	2 1 1 5 4		1,204.4			1,24
Electrical and electronic equipment		2,071.9	2,064.3 106.9			2,115.1			1,239.2 78.1	1,250.7 78.5	1,24
Electric distributing equipment  Transformers		48.4	1	108.9 49.6		-	77.7 35.3	77.2 35.3	35.7	35.6	
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		59.0		59.3	i .		42.4	41.9	42.4	42.9	
Electrical industrial apparatus		181.2		186.0			123.8	122.9	129.4	131.2	
Motors and generators		86.8	1	89.3	1		66.1	65.7	69.9	70.9	
Industrial controls		60.1	59.8	61.4	j.		34.3	33.8	35.8	36.3	
Household appliances		135.6	1	134.3	135.9		107.3	106.8	107.1	108.8	}
Household refrigerators and freezers		28.8	1	29.5	1	1	23.4	23.4	23.9	24.5	1
Household laundry equipment		22.6	1	22.6	1		17.8	17.7	18.3	1	
Electric housewares and fans		34.9		35.3		I	26.8	26.3	27.7	28.1	

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	ees			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988°
Durable goodsContinued											
Electrical and electronic equipment—Continued											
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		191.2	188.1	192.3			139.0		139.7	140.3	
Electric lamps		25.4	25.6	25.6	1		21.8	1	21.9		
Current-carrying wiring devices		76.8	75.1	75.7	75.8		51.1	49.6	50.1	50.0	ĺ
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	3644	15.2	14.6	15.5			11.2	10.5	11.4		ļ
Residential lighting fixtures	3645	26.0	25.6	26.7	(	ļ	19.5		20.0	l .	
Radio and TV receiving equipment		80.6	79.0	80.3	81.4	ĺ	54.4	52.8	55.1	55.5	
Radio and TV receiving sets		60.6	58.9	60.4	61.1	ľ	39.9	38.2	40.0	40.1	
Communication equipment		605.4	605.1	598.5	600.2		254.0		251.7	252.6	
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		117.1	116.8	117.8	118.2		67.9	67.3	70.0	70.6	
Radio and TV communication equipment		488.3	488.3	480.7	482.0	į	186.1	186.0	181.7	182.0	
Electronic components and accessories		623.0	624.3	655.7	664.9		354.2		372.2		
Electronic tubes		38.4	37.7	38.4	39.2		24.4	23.8	24.9	25.0	
Semiconductors and related devices		245.5	246.7	261.5	265.7		94.5	94.8	102.9	ı	
Electronic components, nec		267.5	268.1	278.8	281.7	1	181.5	181.2	187.5	188.9	
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		147.5	146.3	150.6		}	102.3	101.7	105.9	3	}
Storage batteries Engine electrical equipment		26.8 65.0	26.3 64.7	28.5 66.6	29.1 67.1		20.9 48.9	20.4 48.9	21.4 50.9	22.1 51.3	
Erigine electrical equipment	3094	05.0	04.7	00.0	67.1		46.9	40.9	50.9	51.3	
Transportation equipment	37	2,052.5	2,006.6	2,048.1	2,050.5	2,023.0	1,298.4	1,242.7	1,282.8	1,282.2	1,249.
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	875.4	826.0	853.1	856.6	838.6	682.9	633.0	664.9	667.6	647.
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	389.5	350.3	360.6	359.8		294.7	254.9	270.8	269.7	
Truck and bus bodies	3713	43.9	43.9	43.5	44.0		34.8	34.7	33.9	34.5	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	392.7	382.4	397.1	399.9		315.1	304.6	319.3	321.5	
Truck trailers	3715	31.2	31.6	32.3	32.8	ĺ	24.2	24.7	25.4	26.0	1
Aircraft and parts	372	697.0	702.4	695.6	698.6		348.1	346.7	339.2	340.6	
Aircraft	3721	351.7	359.3	365.8	368.6		156.3	157.9	160.6	162.2	
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	157.3	156.5	150.4	150.1		80.4	78.7	74.0	73.9	
Aircraft equipment, nec	3728	188.0	186.6	179.4	179.9		111.4	110.1	104.6	104.5	
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	185.8	184.3	199.9	196.5		138.5	137.1	152.2	148.5	
Ship building and repairing	3731	122.8	122.1	131.3	128.4		87.3	86.8	96.0	92.8	
Boat building and repairing		63.0	62.2	68.6	68.1		51.2	50.3	56.2		
Railroad equipment		26.6	26.7	30.5	31.0	· '	18.0	1	22.2	22.6	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		203.1	204.1	204.7	205.0		66.8	65.0	60.4	60.5	
Guided missiles and space vehicles		153.1	154.9	152.9	ì		48.1	47.7	42.6		
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		52.5	51.5	52.0	51.9		35.5	34.6	35.3		
Travel trailers and campers	3/92	20.4	19.9	20.6	20.6		15.9	15.4	16.2	16.2	
Instruments and related products	38	696.9	694.4	707.6	714.5	712.4	378.8	375.4	390.6	395.2	393.
Engineering and scientific instruments	381	83.2	82.8	85.4	86.0	-	37.6	37.3	39.7	40.0	-
Measuring and controlling devices	382	238.4	236.9	235.0	235.9		133.0	131.8	133.3	134.3	
Environmental controls		41.4	40.8	41.5	41.3		26.7	26.0	<b>2</b> 7.3	27.2	
Process control instruments	3823	52.9	52.9	52.6	53.5		27.5	27.4	28.1	29.0	
Instruments to measure electricity		103.1	102.3	100.9	101.0		51.4	50.6	50.7	50.8	
Optical instruments and lenses		33.7	33.7	34.3	34.8		16.6	16.7	17.3	17.7	
Medical instruments and supplies		185.6	185.5	196.9	199.9		111.1	110.0	120.1	121.9	J
Surgical and medical instruments		92.8	92.0	96.3	97.6		53.3	52.3	56.0		
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	79.0	79.6	86.0	87.3		50.0	49.8	55.8	56.6	
Ophthalmic goods	385	37,3	36.6	38.4	38.8		25.5	25.0	26.3	26.6	
Photographic equipment and supplies Watches, clocks, and watchcases		107.3	107.7 11.2	107.0 10.6	108.4 10.7		46.7 8.3	46.6 8.0	46.1 7.8	46.8 7.9	
Watches, Clocks, and Watchcases	307	11.4	11.2	10.6	10.7		0.3	8.0	7.0	7.9	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39	371.0	361.2	381.1	385.1	376.4	271.2	262.6	278.2	281.3	273.
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	391	53.5	50.5	55.0	55.4	-	37.1	34.8	38.2	39.0	_
Jewelry, precious metal		37.6	35.0	38.8	39.1		25.9	23.9	26.9	27.4	
Musical instruments		12.2	11.8	12.5	12.5		10.1	9.7	10.5	10.4	
Toys and sporting goods	394	97.0	95.4	104.5	105.6		73.1	71.5	78.9	79.1	
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	3942,4	44.2	43.1	46.5	47.0		32.7	31.7	34.1	34.2	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3949	52.8	52.3	58.0	58.6		40.4	39.8	44.8	44.9	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		33.2	32.4	33.8	34.1		23.1	22.6	23.8	24.3	
Costume jewelry and notions		41.5	38.7	39.2	39.8		32.6	29.7	30.1	30.8	
Costume jewelry		22.1	19.6	20.4	20.8		17.3	14.9	15.7	16.0	
Miscellaneous manufactures		133.6	132.4	136.1	137.7		95.2	94.3	96.7	97.7	
Signs and advertising displays	3993	57.7	57.6	59.5	60.0		39.6	39.9	40.9	41.3	

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°
londurable goods		7,857	7,855	7,970	8,070	8,019	5,552	5,541	5,616	5,695	5,63
Food and kindred products		1,624.2	1,667.4	1,603.3	1,650.9	1,684.6	1,146.8	1,166.8	1,125.8	1,168.1	1,197
Meat products	201	382.7	387.2	391.4	397.3	-	323.6	327.5	330.8	336.7	_
Meat packing plants		133.3	134.2	140.9	142.1		111.2	112.2	118.0	118.9	
Sausages and other prepared meats		79.8	80.5	79.3	80.5		58.8	59.0	58.1	59.4	ļ
Poultry dressing plants	2016	148.4	151.3	151.7	154.0		134.4	137.0	137.4	140.0	
Dairy products		166.3	167.2	164.6	169.5		102.6	103.0	99.7	103.6	
Cheese, natural and processed		42.5	42.7	42.4	43.9		32.6	32.8	32.3	33.7	
Fluid milk		81.4	81.8	80.9	82.1		41.3	41.3	40.0	41.0	
Preserved fruits and vegetables		242.1 22.5	273.7 23.7	222.9 23.1	241.6 23.3		198.3 15.4	229.2 16.5	178.7 16.1	196.7 16.3	
Canned specialties  Canned fruits and vegetables		77.2	102.1	67.9	75.6		63.4	87.2	53.8	61.1	l
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2037	53.4	54.4	45.1	50.1		46.9	48.5	39.2	44.3	
Grain mill products	204	125.3	124.7	130.0	132.1		85.8	85.4	89.8	91.5	
Flour and other grain mill products		22.7	22.7	23.5	24.0		15.2	15.2	16.0		I .
Prepared feeds, nec	2048	42.2	42.0	43.8	44.4		26.6	26.5	27.4	28.0	
Bakery products	205	208.9	210.1	205.5	207.8		126.9	128.1	124.6	126.7	
Bread, cake, and related products		164.1	164.3	160.7	162.2		90.7	91.2	90.1	91.6	
Cookies and crackers	2052	44.8	45.8	1	45.6		36.2	36.9	34.5	35.1	
Sugar and confectionery products	206	86.9	85.3	88.9	91.3		67.1	65.6	69.0	71.0	
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	18.5	17.1	19.6	19.4		14.0	12.8	15.0	14.8	l
Confectionery products	2065	48.8	48.3	50.7	52.4		39.8	39.4	41.6	43.1	
Fats and oils	207	33.6	33.5	34.1	34.0	· '	23.6	23.6	25.2	25.0	}
Beverages	208	207.8	208.9	199.1	202.8		90.6	90.6	84.0	86.2	
Malt beverages	2082	41.0	41.3	40.0	39.9	· '	26.0	26.1	24.5	24.3	ì
Bottled and canned soft drinks		122.7	123.4	1	120.8		41.0	41.1	39.3	41.0	
Misc. food and kindred products	209	170.6	176.8	166.8	174.5		128.1	133.8	124.0	130.7	
Tobacco manufactures	21	51.4	51.4	49.2	49.7	49.5	37.9	38.2	36.2	36.6	36
Cigarettes		40.0	40.4		38.5	-	29.7	30.3	28.2	29.0	-
Textile mill products	22	727.7	717.1	728.6	730.6	715.8	631.9	622.6	631.6	633.4	619
Weaving mills, cotton		100.2	100.2		99.6		90.5	90.6	91.2	90.3	-
Weaving mills, synthetics		87.1	86.8	)	92.5	1	77.5	77.4	81.1	81.9	
Weaving and finishing mills, wool	223	18.5	16.4	1	19.6		15.2	13.3	16.0	1	
Narrow fabric mills	224	23.2	22.3	24.7	24.7		20.1	19.2	21.1	21.1	
Knitting mills		216.2	213.2	208.9	209.7	Ì	189.9	187.1	184.7	185.2	
Women's hosiery, except socks	2251	36.1	35.7	33.4	33.6		32.3	31.9	30.6	30.9	l
Hosiery, nec		35.7	35.6	35.2	35.3		32.0	32.0	31.7	31.8	
Knit outerwear mills		73.0				1	65.0	63.9	62.4		
Knit underwear mills		26.3					22.3	21.6	21.7	21.7	
Circular knit fabric mills		26.0	25.8	1	25.7	1	22.7	22.5	22.4		1
Textile finishing, except wool	226	60.4	-	E .	1		50.6			48.7	1
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	24.0			24.1		20.3	19.4	19.9		
Finishing plants, synthetics		22.5		1	21.1		18.2	17.7	17.1		1
Floor covering mills		57.8	57.7	1		1	46.7	46.8			
Yarn and thread mills  Yarn mills, except wool		111.1 81.8	109.3 81.1	1			99.6 74.2	98.1 73.5	99.6 74.7		1
Throwing and winding mills		15.5					13.8	13.7	13.2		1
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	53.2			54.9		41.8	40.9			
	- 1		]		1					İ	1
Apparel and other textile products	23	1,109.0					932.9	906.2	_		1
Men's and boys' suits and coats		58.4					49.8				
Men's and boys' furnishings		308.4	1			4	266.3				
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		87.0	1	I .		1	74.7				
Men's and boys' separate trousers		49.1					42.9				
Men's and boys' work clothing		95.2			1	1	83.3				
Women's and misses' outerwear		358.3					299.8				
Women's and misses' blouses and waists Women's and misses' dresses		46.9 84.4					38.9		) .	1	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		43.0					71.1 35.5			I .	
		. 43.0	42.0	1 41.2	42.2	1	, 35.5	34./	, 55.0	, 34.3	1

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es	,		Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Apparel and other textile products—Continued											ĺ
Women's and children's undergarments		73.2	71.8	71.1	71.2		60.1	58.6	58.7	59.0	
Women's and children's underwear	2341	59.6	58.7	57.9	58.2		50.6	49.6	49.6	50.0	
Brassieres and allied garments	2342	13.6	13.1	13.2	13.0		9.5	9.0	9.1	9.0	ļ
Children's outerwear		60.1	59.3	56.2	57.1		50.4	49.5	47.3		ĺ
Children's dresses and blouses		25.1	25.1	23.6	23.7		22.0	22.0	20.5	20.7	
Misc. apparel and accessories		42.3	40.7	42.4	42.7		35.5	34.0	35.2	35.3	İ
Misc. fabricated textile products	239	190.0	1	1	193.9		156.5	152.8	159.4	159.9	
Curtains and draperies	2391	25.4	25.1	25.1	25.2		20.6	20.4	20.6	20.6	
House furnishings, nec  Automotive and apparel trimmings		51.4 39.9	51.8 37.8	53.2 39.5	53.2 39.4		43.6 33.6	43.8 31.5	45.1 32.6	45.2 32.8	
Paper and allied products	26	683.5	679.1	687.0	697.0	691.5	519.6	515.6	519.3	528.1	523
Paper and pulp mills	261 2 6	192.5	ļ.	191.9	195.7	- 031.5	146.4	144.9	145.9	149.7	32
Paper mills, except building paper	262	168.6		168.1	171.9		127.6	126.5	127.2	130.8	
Paperboard mills	263	54.6		53.4	54.3		41.0	40.9	40.5	41.2	
Misc. converted paper products		233.0	!	234.0	237.1		173.8	172.8	171.5	174.1	
Paper coating and glazing	2641	59.1	58.9	58.4	59.0	j l	38.2	38.2	36.0	,	
Envelopes	2642	27.0		27.2	27.5		20.9	20.3	20.8	21.0	
Bags, except textile bags	2643	51.8	51.7	53.0	53.5		41.0	40.8	41.4	41.9	
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	203.4	201.7	207.7	209.9		158.4	157.0	161.4	163.1	
Folding paperboard boxes		45.0	44.0	45.6	46.0		35.7	34.7	36.3	36.6	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		110.1	109.5	112.3	113.4		83.6	83.3	84.5	85.4	
Sanitary food containers	2654	22.8	23.0	23.5	24.0		19.7	19.8	20.1	20.5	
Printing and publishing		1,506.6			1,565.6	1,564.6	840.8	837.7	873.9	875.9	87
Newspapers		469.2	1	476.1	479.5		171.6	170.3	171.7	172.0	-
Periodicals		120.6		126.5	127.0	1	45.0	45.3	46.1	45.7	
Books		111.9		113.4	114.1		60.3	58.6	61.6	61.6	
Book publishing		83.2 28.7		84.6 28.8	85.1		37.8	36.4	38.4	38.2	
Book printing Miscellaneous publishing		78.3	28.3 78.5	81.6	29.0 82.6		22.5 42.4	22.2 42.0	23.2 42.4	23.4 42.6	
Commercial printing		526.9		551.7	552.5		380.0	380.4	402.9	,	
Commercial printing, letterpress		163.3		170.5	170.4	]	117.3	117.1	121.8	122.0	
Commercial printing, lithographic		336.0		351.1	352.5	ł	240.7	241.4	257.0	257.4	1
Manifold business forms		49.4	49.2	51.1	51.5		34.2	33.9	35.1	35.2	l
Blankbooks and bookbinding		73.3	73.2	77.9	78.8	l	58.8	58.8	61.9	62.7	i
Printing trade services		53.1	53.1	55.4	55.8		39.8	39.7	40.8	41.1	
Chemicals and allied products	28	1,020.7	1,031.6	1,057.9	1,072.1	1,077.1	573.5	578.7	595.3	604.2	604
Industrial inorganic chemicals		130.0	129.7	132.5	133.9		67.5	67.0	67.2	67.6	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		86.4	86.0	89.1	89.8		48.4	47.8	48.4	48.7	
Plastics materials and synthetics		158.0			171.1		104.0	110.3	110.8	112.3	
Plastics materials and resins	2821	76.4	76.7	77.7	79.4		45.2	45.2	45.9	46.8	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		54.3 215.8	64.0 216.7	63.6 226.5	64.4 230.7	}	38.7	45.0 99.5	44.9	45.6	
Pharmaceutical preparations		171.1	171.3	180.3	183.1		99.7 77.4	77.0	102.1 79.6	103.3 79.9	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		154.0		161.9	165.0	1	98.7	98.1	104.3	107.6	
Soap and other detergents	2841	44.2		44.7	45.4		27.9	28.1	27.7	28.2	ĺ
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	2842.3	41.0		43.0	43.1		22.9	22.9	24.8	25.0	1
Toilet preparations		68.8		74.2	76.5		47.9	47.1	51.8	54.4	
Paints and allied products		63.2		61.9	62.8		31.4	31.6	30.3	31.3	
Industrial organic chemicals	286	151.1	151.7	154.8	156.4		84.7	85.4	89.5	90.6	
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	28.8	28.9	29.6	30.0		18.7	18.7	18.3	18.6	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, ne		122.3	122.8	125.2	126.4	j	66.0	66.7	71.2	72.0	
Agricultural chemicals		51.8	50.9	53.7	53.3		32.4	31.7	34.6	34.3	l
Miscellaneous chemical products		96.8	97.2	98.0	98.9		55.1	55.1	56.5	57.2	
Petroleum and coal products	29	167.8	168.1	167.2	169.4	170.7	110.4	110.4	108.9	110.5	112
Petroleum refining		127.3	127.8	127.4	128.6	- ,	81.3	81.7	81.1	82.2	-
Paving and roofing materials	295	28.2	27.9	27.1	27.6	1	22.0	21.6	20.7	21.2	l

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	ction wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Rubber and misc. plastics products		821.2	812.6	870.1	879.8	871.7	636.7	627.5	676.2	684.6	677.2
Tires and inner tubes		85.6	85.8	86.1	87.3	-	61.4	61.2	61.7	62.5	-
Rubber and plastics footwearReclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	302	10.9	10.9	13.1	12.7		8.9	8.9	10.9	10.5	
and belting	303.4	22.2	22.1	24.0	24.6		15.8	15.8	17.8	18.3	
Fabricated rubber products, nec	306	103.4	101.8	108.5	109.3		78.9	77.4	83.3	84.2	
Miscellaneous plastics products	307	599.1	592.0	638.4	645.9		471.7	464.2	502.5	509.1	
Leather and leather products	31	144.4	139.9	146.3	147.9	137.4	121.5	117.4	120.8	122.0	112.7
Leather tanning and finishing	311	14.5	13.7	14.3	14.5	-	12.0	11.3	11.9	12.0	-
Footwear, except rubber		85.9	83.7	86.7	88.1		74.1	72.4	74.1	74.9	
Men's footwear, except athletic		36.9	36.8	38.5	39.2		30.0	30.2	31.1	31.5	
Women's footwear, except athletic		31.8	30.4	29.7	30.4		28.1	26.8	26.3	26.8	
Luggage  Handbags and personal leather goods		10.5 15.8	10.3 15.4	11.5 15.9	11.7 15.5		7.6 13.2	7.2 12.7	7.9 12.2	8.2 12.0	
Transportation and public utilities		5,398	5,377	5,559	5,611	5,593	4,481	4,456	4,611	4,656	4,640
Transportation	)	3,175	3,134	3,315	3,348	]	.,	,	.,		
Railroad transportation	40	'		303.1		.,					
Class   railroads <sup>2</sup>		313.8 275.9	314.5 276.2	262.1	306.3 264.4						
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	294.7	243.9	321.0	306.6		272.7	221.4	296.3	282.2	1
Local and suburban transportation	411	109.1	108.2	114.5	115.5		99.5	98.7	104.4	105.3	ĺ
Taxicabs		33.7	33.2	33.3	32.6		-		<u>-</u>	-	
Intercity highway transportation		31.3 98.0	31.5 49.3	31.2 117.1		!	28.4 -	28.6 -	28.3 -	28.0 -	
Trucking and warehousing	42	1,459.6	1,468.5	1,521.7	1,550.2		1,270.4	1 278 8	1,323.6	1,351.5	
Trucking and trucking terminals	421.3	1,356.0	1,364.7				1,183.9				
Public warehousing	422	103.6	103.8	110.0			86.5		91.8		
Water transportation	44	183.9	180.6	180.6	188.1	}					
Local water transportation		28.2	28.6	26.7	28.4	}					}
Water transportation services	446	101.5	98.4	101.1	106.6		}				
Transportation by air	45	602.9	607.6	643.8	648.7		}				
Air transportation	451,2	530.5	534.1	564.9	569.4		}				
Air transportation services	458	72.4	73.5	78.9	79.3						
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	18.5	18.7	16.1	16.7		13.5	13.7	11.1	11.6	
Transportation services	47	301.2	300.5	328.4	331.5	ŀ					
Freight forwarding	471	63.3	63.1	67.2	68.0						ĺ
Communication and public utilities		2,223	2,243	2,244	2,263	2,271	-	_	_	_	
Communication	48	1,290.4	1,303.7	1,310.5	1,316.9	i -	980.3	990.1	990.0	994.2	[
Telephone communication		903.3	916.5	907.6	912.5		667.7	678.6	666.8	668.8	
Radio and television broadcasting		236.6	234.0	244.4			194.9	192.3	200.8	201.8	
Radio broadcasting Television broadcasting		116.5	116.0 118.0	116.6 127.8		t .	-	_	-	_	
•						1					
Electric, gas, and sanitary services		933.0 449.3	938.8 450.6	933.4 445.7	946.3 450.1	f	741.2 343.9	745.5 344.6	738.7 340.4	751.1 344.1	
Gas production and distribution		167.8	168.9	166.2		1	133.4	134.2	131.3	134.7	[
Combination utility services		206.3	207.6	202.2			170.1	171.5	165.9	168.5	1
Sanitary services		82.4	84,1	91.7	93.8		71.8	72.9	79.3	81.5	1
Wholesale trade		5,889	5,908	6,110	6,178	6,204	4,724	4,739	4,919	4,984	5,004
Durable goods		3,450	3,467	3,635		3,700		2,751	2,901	2,940	1
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		436.9	438.6	449.8		-	350.1	352.1	360.6	365.5	
Automobiles and other motor vehicles		111.9	113.0	118.4			-	-	[ -	-	
Automotive parts and supplies	5013	294.5	295.0	300.6	304.7		ĺ		1	1	

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	1972		Al	employe	es	,		Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>9</sup>	July 1988°
Wholesale trade—Continued											
Durable goods—Continued	500			4.00		1					
Furniture and home furnishings		141.7		1			114.5	115.6	115.3	116.8	
Furniture  Home furnishings		62.7 79.0	63.0 80.0		65.4 79.5		_	_	_	-	ĺ
Lumber and construction materials		236.8	f		274.3		195.7	199.1	218.4	225.0	}
Lumber, plywood, and millwork	5031	108.0		1	124.7		- 135.7	-	- 210.4		
Construction materials, nec	5039	128.8	1	1	149.6		_	_	l <u>-</u>	_	l I
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods	504	84.9			89.2		70.5	69.9	72.3	73.4	
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	134.5	135.0		145.9		105.4		114.1	115.8	
Electrical goods	506	494.2	496.5	517.5	523.0		376.2	377.4	396.4	402.4	ļ
Electrical apparatus and equipment	5063	271.5	273.1	286.5	290.1		-	-	-	-	
Electrical appliances, TV and radios	5064	67.8	1	1	68.9						'
Electronic parts and equipment		154.9			164.0		-		-	· -	I
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		264.7	267.1	1			213.6	215.5	218.3	221.2	
Hardware		91.4	91.8		93.9		-	-	-	-	
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies		108.5	109.5	t	112.2		1 150 4	1 157 1	1 205 1	1 246 0	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies  Commercial machines and equipment		1,458.2 542.6			1,556.5 577.7		1,153.1	1,157.1	1,235.1	1,246.9	
Construction and mining machinery		78.3	79.4		82.0		-	-	_	-	
Farm machinery and equipment		116.8	117.2	1	1	1		l		1	
Industrial machinery and equipment	5084	302.8		321.9				1			
Industrial supplies	5085	128.9	1	136.3	137.3	1	I	l			
Professional equipment and supplies		177.2	175.8				_	l <u>-</u>	-	_	
Miscellaneous durable goods		198.3	1		213.5	i .	158.7	158.8	170.6	173.0	
Scrap and waste materials		89.2	89.6	97.5	99.5		-	-	-	- 1	
Nondurable goods	51	2,439	2,441	2,475	2,502	2,504	1,986	1,988	2,018	2,044	
Paper and paper products	511	202.3	203.8		212.3	_	165.1	166.2	170.1	171.7	
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		166.2	167.5	172.6	174.4		138.5	139.7	144.8	146.6	
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	513	200.1	199.6	199.8	202.5	ļ	150.1	150.5	153.2	155.7	
Groceries and related products		797.0		793.0	807.2		675.1	674.1	670.6	686.1	
Groceries, general line		251.3	251.2		255.5		-	-	-	-	
Meats and meat products		65.6			64.6	1	İ				
Fresh fruits and vegetables		103.2	i		105.5			-	-		
Chemicals and allied products		130.8	130.8		134.1		95.7	96.2	97.8	100.1	
Petroleum and petroleum products  Petroleum bulk stations and terminals		198.6 83.6	ı	202.6 86.4	204.3 87.7		154.7	155.8	158.2	159.8	
Petroleum products, nec		115.0	115.5		116.6		_	_	_	_	
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		153.4	154.3	,	157.3		126.6	127.1	126.9	129.7	
Beer and ale		97.0			100.0		-	-	-	-	
Wines and distilled beverages		56.4	56.3		57.3		-	_		_	
Miscellaneous nondurable goods		465.6	465.9	486.5	486.3	ĺ	377.9	377.6	396.0	394.5	
Farm supplies	5191	153.6	153.1	165.4	163.2		-	-	-	-	
Retail trade		18,629	18,636	19,130	19,367	19,391	16,572	16,570	16,949	17,169	17,18
Building materials and garden supplies	52	770.6	768.4	790.9	799.5		642.2	641.3	657.0	666.4	
Lumber and other building materials	521	425.1	426.7	423.3	433.8		360.6	363.3	356.2	366.7	
Hardware stores	525	158.7	158.9	165.3	167.8		132.5	132.1	136.9	139.8	
	53	2,358.3		2,462.6		2,488.2	2,211.3	2,228.8			
Department stores		1,965.3		2,049.7	,	-	1,859.7	'	1,911.9		
Variety stores Misc. general merchandise stores		236.6 156.4	235.7 157.4	242.7 170.2	242.6 173.1		215.8 135.8	215.3 136.9	221.3 147.6	221.7 150.4	
-											
Food stores			2,973.8		3,089.0	3,112.5	_,	2,740.0	-,	-,-	
Grocery stores		2,613.3			2,725.4	_	2,419.2	2,425.9	2,478.3	2,520.3	
Meat markets and freezer provisioners		58.0	57.7	58.6	58.5			-	-	-	
Dairy products stores		29.8 172.6	30.1 171.1	24.4 178.2	26.0 179.2		157.2	155.2	- 161.4	- 161.9	
Automotive dealers and service stations				2.076.4		2,117.6					
		982.2	984.0	_,	1,014.8	2,117.0	817.2	819.0	1,735.5 833.8	840.9	
ivew and used car dealers	عره ب					l					
New and used car dealers  Auto and home supply stores	553	320.9	324.6	328.3	333.2		260.1	263.6	266.5	270.2	

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers'	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°
Retail trade—Continued											
Apparel and accessory stores		1,100.9	1,094.2	1,084.2	1,094.7		931.6	925.1	915.4	925.8	
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings	561	106.2	105.9	104.1	104.2		87.1	87.1	84.8	85.0	
Women's ready-to-wear stores		386.7	381.7	381.1	383.0	į į	329.4	323.2	321.2	323.5	
Family clothing stores	565	256.7	256.4	250.8	257.8		222.9	222.7	217.4	224.3	
Shoe stores	566	218.4	220.1	217.6	217.4		178.2	180.6	181.4	181.1	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	792.8	795.0	817.7	818.4		657.9	658.2	669.3	670.3	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	444.7	445.8	455.6	457.4		367.0	367.2	370.1	372.5	
Furniture stores		275.7	275.4	283.0	284.0		_	-	-	-	
Household appliance stores		87.6	87.0	92.0	91.7		74.4	73.8	78.6	78.1	
Radio, television, and music stores		260.5	262.2	270.1	269.3		216.5	217.2	220.6	219.7	
Radio and television stores		190.3	191.3	193.2	192.6		-	-	_	-	1
Music stores	5733	70.2	70.9	76.9	76.7						
Eating and drinking places	58	6,311.6	6,296.7	6,450.2	6,566.5	6,550.4	5,754.0	5,734.6	5,876.5	5,990.4	
Miscellaneous retail		2,303.1			2,416.5		1,939.1		2,020.9		
Drug stores and proprietary stores		579.5	577.1	590.3	591.4		494.0	492.4	502.7	503.8	
Liquor stores		122.8	124.0	123.5	125.6		-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	756.8	759.1	785.6	797.5		631.2	634.3	655.1	664.3	
Sporting goods and bicycle shops	5941	129.3	130.7	138.0	139.9		-	-	-	-	
Book stores		73.4	71.5	78.0	75.9						
Stationery stores		75.1	74.8	76.8	77.3						i
Jewelry stores		146.4	146.1	151.9	151.8						
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops		157.9	160.6	160.3	171.5					Ì	
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods	5949	61.3	60.0	60.6	60.5		-	-	_	-	ļ
Nonstore retailers	596	272.0	270.2	276.9	276.0		244.8	242.7	246.9	246.6	
Mail order houses	5961	126.0	126.8	126.9	126.5		-	_	-	-	
Merchandising machine operators	5962	86.8	86.4	90.2	90.4	1	-	-	-	-	\ 
Fuel and ice dealers		105.2	104.4	110.3	110.6		87.1	86.3	91.7	91.7	
Retail stores, nec	599	381.9	375.8	430.7	424.5		312.6	306.0	350.4	341.7	
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>3</sup>		6,616	6,660	6,657	6,740	6,771	4,874	4,904	4,828	4,897	4,93
Finance		3,301	3,321	3,292	3,325	3,335					
Banking	60	1,744.3	1,751.7	1,726.3	1,746.5		1 259 0	1 266 7	1,235.5	1 251 4	
Commercial and stock savings banks		1,573.9			1,570.4	ł	1,132.1		1,107.6		ļ
State banks, Federal Reserve		344.2	346.6	341.9	346.9		1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1,107.0		
State banks, not Federal Reserve		375.3	375.9	373.2	377.9						}
Mutual savings banks		85.6	85.7	84.7	86.6	1					
Credit agencies other than banks	61	903.2	902.9	891.5	897.3		678.0	676.6	662.2	668.0	
Savings and loan associations		398.8	399.8	393.5	394.7		305.0	305.8	298.3	299.5	l
Federal savings and loan associations	6122	221.5	221.9	222.0	222.6	1	_	-	-	_	
State associations, insured		172.2	172.9	166.8	167.3		_	_	-	_	
Personal credit institutions		238.0	238.3	245.6	248.8		183.7	183.8	189.7	193.0	
Business credit institutions	615	55.5	56.1	63.5	64.8		_	_	-	_	ļ
Mortgage bankers and brokers		185.8	183.7	166.0	166.1						
Security, commodity brokers, and services	62	448.6	457.1	459.8	463.6						
Security brokers and dealers	621	352.0	358.0	355.4	357.7						
Holding and other investment offices	67	205.0	209.1	214.2	217.6						
Insurance		2,025	2,034	2,067	2,078	2,081					
Insurance carriers	. 63	1,420.3	1,428.0	1,446.8	1,453.5		962.9	967.8	964.7	971.7	
Life insurance	631	582.4	584.7	593.1	594.1		360.5	362.2	355.8	359.7	1
Medical service and health insurance	. 632	198.4	199.1	201.7	203.0		159.7	160.4	163.4	163.9	1
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	529.2	534.0	548.7	552.5		357.3	360.4	367.5	369.3	1
Title insurance		63.4	62.9	56.5	56.8		-	-	-	-	
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	. 64	604.4	606.0	620.6	624.1						

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		Al	employe	es	,		Produ	ction wo	rkers'	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988
Finance, insurance, and real estate—Continued  Real estate, and combined real estate, insurance, etc		1,290	1,305	1,298	1,337	1,355		<u> </u>			
Real estate	65	1,279.1	1,294.7	1,287.4	1,327.0		i	1			
Real estate operators and lessors		543.0		542.9	559.7	1	1	İ		(	
Real estate agents and managers		536.4	1		ı					!	
Subdividers and developers		164.8	1		169.1						
Combined real estate, insurance, etc	. 66	10.4	10.3	10.2	10.0						
Services		24,341	24,479	25,342	25,663	25,752	21,340	21,456	22,133	22,414	22,47
Hotels and other lodging places	. 70	1,556.1	1,602.3	1 569 3	1,681.2			_	_	_ !	
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts			1,527.4		1,616.1		1,338.5	1,369.6	1,358.0	1,447.8	
Personal services	72	1,132.8	1,127.5	1,192.7	1,195.7		_	-	_	_	
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services		407.5			419.1	1	362.8	361.8	369.4	373.3	
Photographic studios, portrait		52.6	52.2	54.2	55.3	}	-	-	-	-	
Beauty shops		353.9	353.1	359.4	358.6	1	318.9	317.5	320.5	319.5	
Funeral service and crematories	726	77.7	77.6	77.6	78.9		-	-	-	-	}
Business services		5,188.8	5,214.8	5,432.2	5,504.7	5,530.0	4,443.2	4,464.7	4,643.9	4,707.5	
Advertising		211.0	212.0		213.9	} -	157.7	158.4	158.4	158.9	
Advertising agencies		155.6	1	,	157.8	ļ		-	i -	-	
Credit reporting and collection		100.0	J	J	96.1					[	
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic		208.3			234.6		-	-	-	-	
Services to buildings		721.4	719.3	1	725.8		651.9	650.7	651.6	657.3	
Personnel supply services		1,198.3					-	-	-	-	
Employment agencies		182.3		1	189.6						}
Temporary help supply services		940.7		1 .			-		-		
Computer and data processing services		644.9	l .		725.4		506.0	512.1	557.3	567.7	
Computer programming and software		241.0	l .	1	280.4		-	-	-	-	
Data processing services	7374	297.9	301.2	320.6	326.5						
Miscellaneous business services		2,095.7	2,097.7		2,186.7						
Research development laboratories, nec		196.6	197.1	198.2	201.6				ļ		
Management and public relations		587.6	(	1	617.9	}		]			
Detective and protective services		454.6	,	,	467.1			1		i	
Equipment rental and leasing		248.7	,	255.8	262.1					[	
Photofinishing laboratories	7395	81.1	81.7	78.2	79.7						
Auto repair, services, and garages		804.2	i	1	837.5		670.9	670.7	686.5	693.3	
Automotive rentals, without drivers		165.2	1	168.9	169.7						
Automotive repair shops	753	478.0	481.6	497.1	504.5		394.4	397.8	410.1	416.5	
Miscellaneous repair services		319.0 102.8	322.4 103.9	337.1 109.6	340.9 111.9		264.9	268.5	277.8	279.1	
·			ļ							ļ	
Motion pictures		234.8	ſ	1	246.2		196.7	J	191.3		
Motion picture production and services  Motion picture theaters		107.2 114.0	107.7 114.3	106.9 109.3	113.7 116.2		84.2	84.8	81.7	87.5 -	
Amusement and recreation services	79	1,021.5	1,053.1	963.7	1,054.0		912.9	942.5	818.1	900.0	
Health services	80	6,831.3	6,870.9	7,146.0	7,235.2	7,287.8	6,077.9	6,114.4	6,348.5	6,429.4	
Offices of physicians		1,046.7					864.4	870.2	920.8	935.4	
Offices of dentists		472.6	471.3		494.6		416.1	415.3	430.0	432.7	
Nursing and personal care facilities	805	1,292.4		1,313.3			1,167.7	1,173.7		1 1	
Skilled nursing care facilities	8051	866.4	869.9		889.3		-	-		-	
Nursing and personal care, nec	8059	426.0	428.0	434.0	439.9		_	-	-	-	
Hospitals		3,153.2		3,302.5			2,876.3	2,898.1	3,016.7	3,053.0	
General medical and surgical hospitals		2,940.5		3,077.3			-	-	-	-	
Psychiatric hospitals	8063	75.6	76.0		82.5						
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric		137.1	139.8	143.3	145.4						
Medical and dental laboratories		135.1	135.5	146.1	148.0						
Outpatient care facilities		265.1	266.7	282.8	288.0						

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		AII	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers1	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	<b>May</b> 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	<b>May</b> 1988	June 1988°	July 1988
Services—Continued											
Legal services	∤81	812.7	815.9	810.2	844.4		684.1	686.3	677.7	709.0	
Educational services	82	1,296.9	1,224.1	1,504.0	1,355.7						
Elementary and secondary schools	821	358.1	323.7	385.9	367.5						
Colleges and universities		776.8	735.2		813.2						]
Correspondence and vocational schools	824	76.5	74.1	80.3	80.1					1	
Social services	83	1,468.1	1,494.3	1,594.1	1,579.3					1	
Individual and family services	832	299.0		305.8	307.4						
Job training and related services		227.0		232.8	242.0	,					1
Residential care	836	351.4	352.9	369.4	377.0				!		
Museums, botanical and zoological gardens	84	50.2	50.9	51.2	52.0						
Membership organizations	86	1,602.1	1,630.6	1,601.0	1,625.1					1	
Business associations		93.7	93.5	92.8	95.5					i	-
Labor organizations		134.8		135.5							l
Civic and social associations	864	380.1	413.3	378.0	397.1						ļ
Miscellaneous services	89	1,324.2	1,333.0	1,377.6	1,394.8		1,078.2	1,083.5	1,110.2	1,126.4	}
Engineering and architectural services		724.9			766.2		611.1	616.2	624.7	640.6	
Noncommercial research organizations		122.7	125.1	125.7	128.4		-	-	-	-	1
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	893	448.0	451.0	474.9	471.7		347.4	347.9	364.4	362.2	
Government		17,051	16,156	17,688	17,423	16,491					
Federal Government <sup>4</sup>		2,976	2,983	2,969	2,986	2,988		:			
Executive, by agency <sup>4</sup>		2,917.5	2,923.3	2,909.9							
Department of Defense		993.6	1 '	966.9						İ	ĺ
Postal Service <sup>5</sup>		816.3									
Other executive agencies		1,107.6									ļ
Legislative		39.2 19.6	39.5 19.7	38.1 20.7						l	
Judicial		19.0	19.7	20.7	ļ				!		
Federal government, by industry:	1	1015	105.0	404.0	1010					1	
Manufacturing activitiesShipbuilding and repairing		124.5 75.7	125.9 76.4	121.6 73.9							1
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal	3/31	/5./	70.4	/ /3.9	74.0					i	
Service	}	42.9	42.9	43.3	42.8	)					
Services		432.7	435.2	1	1						
Hospitals		252.8				1				Ì	
State government		3,832	3,752	4,107	3,913	3,830				{	
Hospitals		439.9	442.0			-				1	
Education		1,439.9	1,326.5	1,681.9	1,455.1					1	
General administration, including executive,				}							
legislative, and judicial functions		1,408.1	1,428.5	1,431.4	1,458.0					}	
Local government		10,243	9,421	10,612	10,524	9,673				ĺ	
Transportation and public utilities		491.6								į	1
Hospitals	806	611.3				1					1
Education	82	5,641.2	4,625.5	6,044.8	5,769.1						ĺ
General administration, including executive,	1										
legislative, and judicial functions		3,147.7	3,303.0	3,101.5	3,255.5						l

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1987 forward are subject to revision. Data for Federal Government by industry have been revised to reflect corrected March 1987 benchmark levels.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from the

nonsupervisory count for all series in this division.

<sup>4</sup> Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and

the National Security Agency.
5 Includes rural mail carriers.

Data not available.

<sup>=</sup> preliminary.

## B-3. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988	May 1988
Total	47,069	47,304	48,704	48,985	49,245
Total private	38,181	38,429	39,531	39,822	40,068
Goods-producing	6,796	6,823	6,991	7,021	7,057
Mining	95	95	96	97	97
Construction	516	523	542	553	564
Manufacturing	6,185	6,205	6,353	6,371	6,396
Durable goods	2,975	2,981	3,060	3,073	3,084
Lumber and wood products	115	117	120	121	123
Furniture and fixtures	160	161	166	167	167
Stone, clay, and glass products	113	114	115	116	117
Primary metal industries	101	101	105	106	106
Fabricated metal products	317	318	325	327	330
	448	448	470	473	475
Machinery, except electrical	860	861			
Electrical and electronic equipment			881	882	883
Transportation equipment	396	396	393	395	396
Instruments and related products	299	300	308	308	309
Miscellaneous manufacturing	166	167	176	177	177
Nondurable goods	3,210	3,224	3,293	3,298	3,312
Food and kindred products	486	492	498	499	504
Tobacco manufactures	16	17	17	16	16
Textile mill products	349	350	351	350	351
Apparel and other textile products	875	877	881	879	880
Paper and allied products	162	163	165		
			1	166	167
Printing and publishing	642	643	670	674	673
Chemicals and allied products	289	291	304	306	307
Petroleum and coal products	24	24	24	24	25
Rubber and misc. plastics products	282	282	298	300	303
Leather and leather products	84	85	86	85	86
ervice-producing	40,273	40,481	41,713	41,964	42,188
Transportation and public utilities	1,525	1,537	1,594	1,604	1,615
Wholesale trade	1,711	1,717	1,802	1,806	1,819
Retail trade	9,583	9,708	9,840	9,968	10,120
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,058	4,077	4,130	4,137	4,147
Services	14,508	14,567	15,174	15,286	15,310
Government	0.000	0.075	0.470	0.400	A 4
Government	8,888	8,875	9,173	9,163	9,177
Federal	1,043	1,050	1,057	1,057	1,059
State	1,962	1,936	2,023	2,029	2,001
Local	5,883	5,889	6,093	6,077	6,117

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1987 forward are subject to revision.

## **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-4. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Industry		,	19	87	·					1988	,	,	
	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total	102,430	102,672	102,906	103,371	103,678	104,001	104,262	104,729	105,020	105,281	105,489	106,021	106,304
Total private	85,421	85,656	85,851	86,241	86,520	86,794	87,044	87,475	87,700	87,973	88,139	88,661	88,929
Goods-producing	24,788	24,851	. 24,902	25,025	25,123	25,201	25,180	25,271	25,330	25,435	25,466	25,590	25,672
States	722	700	704	740	700	705	700	701	700	707	700	740	7.0
Mining Oil and gas extraction		728 412	734 417	740 421	736 418	735 417	728 414	731 415	733 419	737 421	739 425	740 425	740 423
Oil and gas extraction	400	412	717	421	410	417		413	413	421	425	425	423
Construction	4,997	5,012	5,012	5,060	5,090	5,118	5,083	5,150	5,192	5,238	5,237	5,305	5,319
General building contractors	1,320	1,326	1,328	1,340	1,348	1,352	1,365	1,377	1,383	1,400	1,394	1,411	1,389
Manufacturing	19,069	19,111	19,156	19,225	19,297	19,348	19,369	19,390	19,405	19,460	19,490	19,545	19,613
Durable goods	11,190	11,246	11,269	11,315	11,355	11,390	11,393	11,404	11,411	11,459	11,477	11,514	11,573
Lumber and wood products	740	739	744	744	750	754	754	756	755	758	757	758	755
Furniture and fixtures		524	526	529	531	533	536	535	534	535	537	537	543
Stone, clay, and glass products		580	580	583	585	588	583	584	585	587	585	587	588
Primary metal industries		755	761	766	768	769	768	770	772	773	776	781	790
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		274	276	278	279	279	279	280	281	281	281	282	283
Fabricated metal products	1,404	1,405	1,412	1,421	1,429	1,433	1,435	1,438	1,439	1,444	1,448	1,456	1,463
Machinery, except electrical  Electrical and electronic equipment	2,020	2,031 2,081	2,039	2,049 2,094	2,062 2,100	2,074	2,085 2,112	2,091 2,112	2,099 2,115	2,111	2,121	2,135 2,120	2,159
Transportation equipment	2,075	2,063	2,065	2,052	2,100	2,110	2,036	2,112	2,025	2,045	2,113	2,120	2,120
Motor vehicles and equipment		874	860	859	854	851	839	837	835	848	851	849	856
Instruments and related products		696	696	700	704	704	704	705	705	706	709	712	713
Miscellaneous manufacturing	370	372	374	377	379	379	380	382	382	383	381	382	386
Nondurable goods	7,879	7,865	7,887	7,910	7,942	7,958	7,976	7,986	7,994	8,001	8,013	8,031	8,040
Nondurable goodsFood and kindred products	1,629	1,625	1,627	1,630	1,636	1,638	1,647	1,649	1,647	1,648	1,643	1,648	1,64
Tobacco manufactures		54	53	52	54	54	55	54	54	54	52	53	5:
Textile mill products	730	728	730	731	733	733	732	732	729	727	728	727	72
Apparel and other textile products		1,098	1,104	1,106	1,110	1,106	1,105	1,104	1,106	1,100	1,100	1,096	1.08
Paper and allied products		680	682	682	683	684	685	686	687	687	689	691	69
Printing and publishing	1,510	1,514	1,518	1,522	1,528	1,532	1,538	1,544	1,548	1,554	1,559	1,564	1,56
Chemicals and allied products		1,029	1,032	1,036	1,041	1,047	1,047	1,049	1,052	1,056	1,060	1,066	1,07
Petroleum and coal products		165	166	167	167	167	166	165	164	165	166	166	16
Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products		827 145	830 145	839 145	845 145	851 146	854 147	856 147	860 147	864 146	870 146	874 146	88
Service-producing	77,642	77,821	78,004	78,346	78,555	78,800	79,082	79,458	79,690	79,846	80,023	80,431	80,63
-	,	1		1		1	1			,			1
Transportation and public utilities	5,373	5,394 3,171	5,427 3,201	5,448	5,466 3,231	5,481 3,244	5,499 3,261	5,513 3,272	5,530 3,285	5,543 3,298	5,556 3,308	5,578	5,59
Transportation  Communication and public utilities	2,222	2,223	2,226	3,214 2,234	2,235	2,237	2,238	2,241	2,245	2,245	2,248	3,328 2,250	2,25
Wholesale trade	5,874	5.892	5,914	5,935	5,958	5,984	6,010	6,035	6,061	6,089	6,115	6,145	6,16
Durable goods	3,450	3,463	3,478	3,498	3,514	3,536	3,555	3,573	3,591	3,610	3,635	3,658	3,68
Nondurable goods		2,429	2,436	2,437	2,444	2,448	2,455	2,462	2,470	2,479	2,480	2,487	2,48
Retail trade	18,543	18,569	18,605	18,705	18,761	18,784	18,927	19,045	19.050	19.093	19,130	19,213	19,29
General merchandise stores		2,449	2,457	2,489	2,495	2,494	2,526	2,561	2,543	2,546	2,541	2,546	2.54
Food stores	2,962	2,961	2,958	2,971	2,979	2,988	3,014	3,029	3,044	3,049	3,053	3,080	3,10
Automotive dealers and service stations		2,010	2,015	2,026	2,026	2,033	2,038	2,047	2,055	2,064	2,070	2,076	2,09
Eating and drinking places	6,128	6,143	6,152	6,191	6,216	6,232	6,260	6,291	6,319	6,326	6,336	6,357	6,37
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,570	6,581	6,588	6,604	6,608	6,619	6,633	6,636	6,651	6,650	6,656	6,676	6,67
Finance	3,288	3,289	3,292	3,295	3,299	3,301	3,308	3,305	3,306	3,302	3,299	3,305	3,30
Insurance	2,024	2,029	2,032	2,043	2,042	2,049	2,052	2,053	2,060	2,065	2,067	2,072	2,07
Real estate	1,258	1,263	1,264	1,266	1,267	1,269	1,273	1,278	1,285	1,283	1,290	1,299	1,30
Services	24,273	24,369	24,415	24,524	24,604	24,725	24,795	24,975	25,078	25,163	25,216	25,459	25,52
Business services	1 .	5,212	5,233	5,282	5,287	5,306	5,321	5,385	5,405	5,420	5,443	5,477	5,49
Health services	6,836	6,875	6,894	6,928	6,962	6,995	7,019	7,056	7,088	7,126	7,153	7,206	7,25
Government	17,009	17,016	17,055	17,130	17,158	17,207	17,218	17,254	17,320	17,308	17,350	17,360	17,37
Federal		2,943	2,962	2,966	2,974	2,980	2,973	2,972	2,970	2,963	2,957	2,951	2,94
State		3,971	3,973	3,985	3,988	4,001	4,006	4,014	4,031	4,041	4,050	4,030	4,04
Local	10,103	10,102	10,120	10,179	10,196	10,226	10,239	10,268	10,319	10,304	10,343	10,379	10,37

P = preliminary.
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987

benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to revision.

## B-5. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

In the state				19	87						1988		
Industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Total	47,076	47,254	47,458	47,582	47,700	47,941	48,072	48,240	48,396	48,615	48,772	48,865	48,999
Total private	38,443	38,581	38,776	38,893	38,985	39,170	39,295	39,425	39,573	39,767	39,881	39,969	40,075
Goods-producing	6,846	6,859	6,909	6,905	6,931	6,963	6,990	7,007	7,022	7,028	7,040	7,058	7,082
Mining	95	95	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	97	97
Construction	525	528	531	533	536	538	542	543	546	549	552	558	566
Manufacturing	6,226	6,236	6,282	6,276	6,299	6,329	6,352	6,368	6,380	6,383	6,392	6,403	6,419
Durable goods		2,987	2,997	3,011	3,024	3,038	3,045	3,056	3,059	3,062	3,067	3,077	3,085
Lumber and wood products	1	117	119	118	119	120	120	121	122	122	122	123	123
Furniture and fixtures		162	165	164	165	166	166	166	167	166	166	166	167
Stone, clay, and glass products		114	114	114	114	115	115	116	116	116	116	117	118
Primary metal industries		101	101	103	103	104	104	105	104	105	104	105	106
Fabricated metal products	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	325	326	327	329
Machinery, except electrical		447	450	454	456	458	460	463	466	467	469	471	473
Electrical and electronic equipment	863	863	867	870	873	877	878	881	882	882	885	886	885
Transportation equipment		396	391	396	398	398	398	399	396	393	393	396	397
Instruments and related products		300	301	301	303	304	306	306	306	308	308	308	309
Miscellaneous manufacturing		169	170	171	172	174	175	175	175	178	178	178	178
Nondurable goods	3,244	3,249	3,285	3,265	3,275	3,291	3,307	3,312	3,321	3,321	3,325	3,326	3,334
Food and kindred products	1	514	520	514	515	518	521	521	528	528	526	528	526
Tobacco manufactures		18	17	16	17	17	17	18	18	18	17	17	17
Textile mill products		351	354	353	353	353	354	354	353	353	352	350	351
Apparel and other textile products		876	892	876	880	883	886	883	881	879	880	875	877
Paper and allied products	164	163	163	164	165	165	166	167	167	167	167	167	167
Printing and publishing		645	647	650	651	654	658	660	664	666	669	672	673
Chemicals and allied products	292	291	295	296	297	299	301	303	303	304	305	307	309
Petroleum and coal products	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	282	282	285	286	287	291	293	296	296	296	298	300	303
Leather and leather products	85	85	88	86	86	87	87	86	87	86	87	86	86
Service-producing	40,230	40,395	40,549	40,677	40,769	40,978	41,082	41,233	41,374	41,587	41,732	41,807	41,917
Transportation and public utilities	1,532	1,540	1,542	1,551	1,559	1,568	1,572	1,576	1,580	1,588	1,599	1,602	1,610
Wholesale trade	1,724	1,731	1,739	1,749	1,756	1,762	1,774	1,785	1,795	1,802	1,813	1,813	1,826
Retail trade	9,751	9,789	9,827	9,856	9,876	9,925	9,955	9,972	10,056	10,127	10,123	10,130	10,161
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,076	4,088	4,101	4,105	4,108	4,120	4,126	4,131	4,139	4,139	4,147	4,141	4,147
Services	14,514	14,574	14,658	14,727	14,755	14,832	14,878	14,954	14,981	15,083	15,159	15,225	15,249
Government	8.633	8,673	0 600	0 600	0.715	0 774	0 777	0.015	0 000	0 040	0.004	0.000	0.004
Government			8,682	8,689	8,715	8,771	8,777	8,815	8,823	8,848	8,891	8,896	8,924
Federal		1,045	1,045	1,049	1,056	1,057	1,060	1,062	1,060	1,061	1,061	1,057	1,054
State	1,908	1,913	1,925	1,929	1,927	1,935	1,937	1,945	1,947	1,952	1,960	1,968	1,971
Local	5.680	5,715	5,712	5,711	5,732	5,779	5,780	5.808	5,816	5.835	5,870	5,871	5,899

This series is not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to revision.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-6. Production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

lando saba .			19	B7						1988			_
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total private	69,155	69,343	69,463	69,766	69,988	70,234	70,405	70,787	70,961	71,170	71,260	71,710	71,932
Goods-producing	17,417	17,468	17,506	17,601	17,678	17,743	17,698	17,798	17,839	17,909	17,925	18,024	18,099
Mining	517	522	528	534	531	530	524	527	529	533	535	535	534
Construction	3,894	3,908	3,903	3,949	3,972	3,998	3,949	4,022	4,059	4,096	4,088	4,148	4,159
Manufacturing	13,006	13,038	13,075	13,118	13,175	13,215	13,225	13,249	13,251	13,280	13,302	13,341	13,406
Durable goods  Lumber and wood products  Furniture and fixtures  Stone, clay, and glass products  Primary metal industries  Blast furnaces and basic steel products  Machinery, except electrical  Electrical and electronic equipment  Transportation equipment  Motor vehicles and equipment  Instruments and related products  Miscellaneous manufacturing  Nondurable goods  Food and kindred products  Tobacco manufactures  Textile mill products  Apparel and other textile products  Printing and publishing  Chemicals and allied products  Petroleum and coal products	619 420 448 565 206 1,040 1,197 1,221 1,274 652 378 270 5,574 1,153 42 635 939 516 6842 576	7,483 617 419 448 571 207 1,043 1,207 1,224 1,305 684 378 271 5,555 1,149 922 516 846 579 108	7,499 621 420 449 577 2100 1,050 1,213 1,225 1,292 670 380 272 5,576 1,151 39 634 927 520 849 927 520	7,532 621 424 451 580 212 1,055 1,221 1,233 1,290 669 383 274 5,586 1,153 39 634 929 518 851 581	7,564 627 425 453 584 213 1,063 1,235 1,285 665 277 5,611 1,159 40 636 932 518 856 585 510	7,590 630 427 457 584 213 1,068 1,238 1,241 1,283 661 385 277 5,625 1,161 636 930 519 858 589 109	7,582 629 428 453 583 214 1,068 1,244 1,240 1,273 651 387 277 5,643 1,169 42 636 929 520 863 589 109	7,599 631 427 454 586 216 1,071 1,250 1,241 1,271 649 388 280 5,650 1,172 41 636 928 521 867 587 598 108	7,598 631 426 455 588 217 1,071 1,256 1,242 1,261 648 388 280 5,653 1,168 41 634 930 521 870 591	7,632 633 427 457 591 219 1,073 1,262 1,244 1,276 658 389 280 5,648 1,169 40 632 926 520 671 591	7,649 632 429 455 594 218 1,079 1,269 1,244 1,278 600 391 278 5,653 1,164 399 5,21 872 5,65 925 521 872 510 872	7,677 633 429 457 600 219 1,085 1,275 1,249 1,277 660 393 279 5,664 1,169 40 630 922 522 875 591 108	7,740 627 435 458 607 220 1,094 1,295 1,263 1,282 667 396 282 5,666 1,163 400 632 913 523 875 601 110
Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	639 124	641 121	644 121	650 121	655 121	661 121	664 122	666 122	669 121	670 120	676 120	679 120	690 119
Service-producing	51,738	51,875	51,957	52,165	52,310	52,491	52,707	52,989	53,122	53,261	53,335	53,686	53,833
Transportation and public utilities	4,460	4,477	4,502	4,517	4,533	4,545	4,560	4,574	4,587	4,600	4,611	4,624	4,645
Wholesale trade	4,706	4,720	4,736	4,752	4,777	4,802	4,825	4,848	4,881	4,902	4,924	4,954	4,969
Retail trade	16,486	16,508	16,520	16,610	16,651	16,671	16,795	16,902	16,897	16,949	16,949	17,033	17,097
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,819	4,822	4,821	4,822	4,818	4,824	4,831	4,827	4,825	4,823	4,828	4,839	4,845
Services	21,267	21,348	21,378	21,464	21,531	21,649	21,696	21,838	21,932	21,987	22,023	22,236	22,27

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to revision.

F — preliminary

B-7. Indexes of diffusion: Percent of industries in which employment' increased, seasonally adjusted

Time span	Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Over 1-month span	1986 1987 1988	57.0 50.8 61.6	47.3 59.2 61.6	49.5 61.1 62.2	50.8 62.4 63.8	51.9 62.4 58.1	46.8 61.6 P 69.7	51.9 70.8 9 63.8	54.1 62.2	51.4 68.1	53.0 67.3	58.9 67.8	58.9 68.4
Over 3-month span	1986 1987 1988	50.0 57.6 71.6	47.6 57.0 66.8	45.7 65.1 67.0	46.2 69.2 66.8	46.2 68.1 71.6	46.2 71.9 9 70.8	48.1 73.8	51.9 76.8	50.5 74.1	55.9 76.5	59.7 78.1	59.2 73.0
Over 6-month span	1986 1987 1988	48.1 64.6 73.5	47.3 64.3 70.3	43.8 63.0 70.5	42.7 70.3 P 73.8	43.2 72.4	47.0 77.3	46.5 78.4	50.0 79.7	55.9 82.7	53.2 77.8	55.9 77.0	58.4 76.5
Over 12-month span	1986 1987 1988	42.2 63.8 P 78.6	41.6 67.3	43.8 69.5	44.9 73.5	45.7 76.8	48.6 76.8	46.8 78.9	48.6 78.9	51.6 79.7	53.8 78.4	56.5 77.8	57.8 ° 81.9

Based on the number of employees, seasonally adjusted for 1, 3, and 6 month spans, on the payrolls of 185 private nonagricultural industries. Data for the 12-month span are unadjusted.

<sup>p</sup> = preliminary.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment

rising. (Half of the unchanged components are counted as rising.) Data are centered within the spans. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to revision.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	)
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Alabama	1,506.6	1,527.2	1,542.2	11.3	11.3	11.4	76.4	74.9	76.6
Birmingham	391.6	403.8	408.5	5.7	5.8	5.8	24.0	26.1	27.0
Huntsville	123.5	127.4	128.4	.1	.1	.1	5.5	5.5	5.7
Mobile	162.2	163.2	163.7	.5	.5	.6	9.4	9.4	9.2
Montgomery	1	126.7	127.3	.2	.2	.2	7.8	8.3	8.7
Tuscaloosa	1 -	59.7	58.3	2.4	2.5	2.5	3.1	3.1	3.2
Alaska	219.1	209.6	216.4	9.0	9.1	9.1	11.9	9.3	10.4
Arizona	1,370.3	1,420.2	1,394.5	11.5	12.0	12.1	105.2	94.6	96.0
Phoenix	906.4	934.9	921.6	.7	.6	.6	70.7	63.4	64.6
Tucson	l .	250.3	243.4	1.6	1.8	1.8	20.1	18.5	18.5
Arkansas	837.7	860.7	861.9	4.1	4.2	4.3	36.2	34.7	35.4
Fayetteville-Springdale	47.1	50.0	49.2	(')	(¹)	(¹)	2.1	1.9	1.9
Fort Smith		78.7	78.7	9.	1.0	1.0	3.2	2.8	2.8
				1 1					
Little Rock-North Little Rock		235.5	236.4	.4	.4	.4	11.1	11.4	11.8
Pine Bluff	32.5	32.8	32.9	(1)	(')	(¹)	1.7	1.6	1.6
California		12,050.1	12,121.0	40.3	41.4	41.6	589.0	626.1	639.8
Anaheim-Santa Ana		1,111.2	1,120.5	1.8	1.4	1.3	63.7	64.6	65.6
Bakersfield		160.7	160.2	12.6	13.5	13.7	9.6	9.0	9.1
Fresno	203.0	209.7	208.1	.6	.7	.7	13.1	12.6	12.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach	4,015.1	4,090.5	4,100.2	9.4	9.7	9.4	147.9	155.1	156.9
Modesto		108.0	109.9	(1)	(¹)	(')	6.9	6.8	6.9
Oakland		830.5	835.8	3.2	`´ 3.3	`´ 3.3	48.1	50.8	51.8
Oxnard-Ventura		211.9	214.0	2.6	2.8	2.8	12.6	13.1	13.4
Riverside-San Bernardino		637.3	637.6	1.2	1.3	1.3	52.0	54.8	55.2
	1								
Sacramento		574.3	578.0	8.	.8	.8	33.7	35.5	36.8
San Diego		901.4	905.7	8.	.8	.8	56.6	59.0	60.3
San Francisco	930.0	947.0	950.7	1.0	.9	.9	34.6	34.7	35.5
San Jose		799.1	803.7	.2	.2	.2	32.4	32.0	32.1
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	146.6	148.7	148.7	1.2	1.3	1.3	6.1	6.5	6.5
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	125.8	129.1	130.4	.7	.7	.8	8.6	8.8	9.1
Stockton	142.7	144.5	144.2	.1	.1	.1	8.5	8.1	8.4
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	125.6	130.4	132.1	.3	.3	.3	9.0	9.9	10.3
Colorado	1,405.4	1,394.3	1,399.2	21.4	20.4	20.8	71.2	61.8	62.6
Boulder-Longmont	103.9	105.8	104.7	.3	.3	.3	3.7	3.2	3.2
Denver	798.2	793.1	795.8	14.1	13.5	13.6	39.1	35.7	35.8
Connecticut	1,663.3	1,670.9	1,686.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	80.9	80.3	83.2
Bridgeport-Milford	200.0	201.6	202.0	(')	(')	(')	9.0	9.6	9.8
Hartford	478.6	487.5	491.3	3 (8.	.3	.4	20.5	21.3	21.9
New Haven-Meriden		256.7	258.6	.3	.4	.4	13.2	13.5	13.9
Stamford	127.8	129.1	130.9	.6	.5	.5	5.6	5.7	5.8
Waterbury	88.0	87.6	89.5	(1)	(1)	(¹)	4.5	4.5	4.9
Delaware	326.0	332.0	338.3	.1	.1	.1	20.5	21.6	22.2
Wilmington		282.0	284.7	.2	.1	.1	17.0	17.3	17.9
District of Columbia	658.5	668.2	673.4	.1	.1	.1	15.4	15.6	15.9
Washington MSA		2,139.3	2,151.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	134.3	135.4	137.2
Florida	4,841.3	5,093.8	5,082.3	8.7	8.8	8.8	342.1	349.0	350.1
Daytona Beach		117.3	117,8	(')	(¹)	(')	8.3	8.3	8.4
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	464.4	485.1	486.6	ا4. `` ا	.4	`´ .a	35.8	35.4	35.6
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		115.1	115.0	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	12.0	12.7	12.8
Jacksonville		414.1	415.6	.4	.4	` ' 4	28.1	27.6	27.6
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		149.2	149.9	(')	(')	(¹)	9.0	8.3	8.3
Miami-Hialeah					(')		42.3	40.8	41.1
		838.0	836.4	.9		.9			
Orlando		498.9	502.0	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	33.9	35.3	35.8
Pensacola		126.7	126.6	.3	.3	3	9.3	9.3	9.2
Sarasota		109.5	109.1	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	10.4	10.5	10.6
Tallahassee	107.7	112.8	111.0	િંછી	(1)	(†)	5.8	6.0	6.0
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		819.9	817.4	.7	`´ .6	`´ .6	59.6	59.2	59.2
		343.3	339.6	(') ''	(')	(¹)	27.6	28.2	27.9
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	320.6								

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	M	/lanufacturin	•		nsportation a aublic utilities		Wholes	sale and reta	il trade
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Nabama	369.7	373.8	377.9	73.3	72.8	73.2	333.5	337.0	339.
Birmingham	54.8	56.7	56.8	27.8	28.1	28.2	98.2	100.3	100.
Huntsville	30.9	31.8	32.0	2.9	3.0	2.9	23.3	23.9	24.
Mobile	26.3	26.0	26.5	9.4	9.4	9.3	44.0	44.0	44.
Montgomery	19.0	19.2	19.4	5.0	5.0	5.0	28.3	28.5	29.
Tuscaloosa	9.5	9.9	9.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	12.0	12.3	12.
Naska	15.4	13.9	16.6	19.3	17.6	18.7	43.4	41.2	43.
Arizona	187.0	188.8	189.3	71.9	73.4	73.3	337.8	346.2	344.
Phoenix	135.3	138.2	138.4	48.9	50.4	50.3	230.1	233.8	232.
Tucson	31.3	30.3	30.2	9.5	9.6	9.5	54.6	57.0	56.
\rkansas	219.6	225.3	228.5	50.7	51.2	51.7	191.0	194.7	196
Fayetteville-Springdale	11.7	12.3	12.3	4.4	5.1	5.2	10.9	11.6	11.
Fort Smith	26.4	27.3	27.8	3.8	4.1	4.1	15.9	15.8	16.
Little Rock-North Little Rock	32.3	33.2	33.7	16.5	16.9	16.9	55.6	56.4	56.
Pine Bluff	6.3	6.4	6.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	7.0	6.9	7.
California	2,103.5	2,134.7	2,145.5	582.6	579.9	583.4	2,748.6	2,857.9	2,884.
Anaheim-Santa Ana	248.6	253.9	256.1	34.8	34.5	34.6	270.0	278.2	280
Bakersfield	11.1	11.1	11.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	37.6	38.3	38
Fresno	20.9	23.1	23.3	10.9	11.2	11.3	53.2	53.4	52
Los Angeles-Long Beach	906.5	910.2	911.6	205.8	209.0	208.8	912.6	927.1	928
			- 1						
Modesto	22.7	23.3	24.6	4.3	4.3	4.4	26.5	28.4	28
Oakland	103.6	104.3	106.0	56.3	56.1	56.8	200.3	202.0	204
Oxnard-Ventura	29.1	30.1	30.7	10.7	9.9	10.1	50.7	52.7	53
Riverside-San Bernardino	80.9	84.7	85.5	31.1	31.8	31.9	151.5	160.3	160
Sacramento	40.8	42.5	43.1	24.6	25.9	26.1	132.8	138.4	139
San Diego	122.5	123.4	123.2	33.6	34.4	34.6	203.9	217.5	218
San Francisco	79.1	79.9	79.9	77.0	76.1	76.4	209.3	211.8	213
San Jose	259.1	262.9	265.6	21.4	21.7	21.6	149.4	153.5	154
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	22.5	22.5	22.5	5.2	5.0	5.0	35.1	35.8	36
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	18.3	18.6	18.7	6.3	6.2	6.1	32.2	34.0	34
		23.2	23.3	8.6	8.4	8.5	33.2		
Stockton	22.4 12.1	12.1	12.4	4.6	4.5	4.6	29.7	33.6 31.3	33 32
Nataunda	104.7	105.1	100.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	054.4	040.0	050
Colorado	184.7	185.1	186.8	83.2	82.3	82.3	351.1	349.6	352
Boulder-Longmont	28.2 95.3	28.2 95.3	28.5 95.9	2.3 59.9	2.3 59.7	2.3	23.0	22.8	23
Denver	95.3	95.5	95.9	39.9	39.7	59.9	199.5	199.0	200
Connecticut	388.2	377.4	378.1	73.1	73.2	74.1	370.8	380.8	385
Bridgeport-Milford	59.0	57.2	55.3	8.7	9.5	9.6	45.3	46.7	47
Hartford	92.0	92.8	93.2	18.0	18.3	18.3	101.1	103.1	103
New Haven-Meriden	46.8	46.0	46.3	18.3	18.5	18.6	57.7	59.0	59
Stamford	24.0	23.9	24.2	5.3	5.4	5.5	30.8	31.1	31
Waterbury	25.0	23.5	23.9	3.2	3.2	3.3	17.2	17.3	17
Delaware	70.2	68.2	69.4	13.6	14.1	14.4	72.4	72.6	73
Wilmington	59.9	57.6	58.1	14.5	14.9	15.2	58.0	59.9	59
istrict of Columbia	16.0	16.4	16.4	24.8	24.8	25.1	63.4	64.4	65
Washington MSA	85.8	87.3	88.0	101.4	104.1	106.2	414.8	426.7	428
lorida	530.0	541.1	539.8	256.3	262.1	262.5	1,308.6	1,388.8	1,386
Daytona Beach	11.7	11.9	11.8	3.4	3.6	3.6	32.7	35.3	35
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	45.4	46.6	46.8	22.5	23.4	23.4	138.4	145.4	145
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	5.4	5.5	5.6	4.8	5.0	5.1	31.2	34.6	34
Jacksonville	38.0	39.6	39.7	28.5	28.4	28.7	106.0	111.1	111
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	27.8	29.7	29.9	5.8	6.0	6.0	32.8	34.8	34
	95.9	96.5	95.9						
Miami-Hialeah				68.9	68.0	68.2	220.9	223.0	221
Orlando	54.3	54.7	54.7	24.5	26.1	26.1	124.7	130.6	131
Pensacola	11.5	11.4	11.3	6.3	6.0	6.2	32.8	33.7	33
Sarasota	8.8	9.3	9.3	3.5	3.6	3.6	30.2	32.5	32
	4.6	4.7	4.8	3.2	3.2	3.1	23.2	23.2	23
Tallahassee									
Tallahassee	92.0	94.4	94.4	36.4	39.2	39.2	221.0	229.3	228

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Cinta and area		nce, insurar Id real estat			Services		(	Government	
State and area	June 1987	<b>M</b> ay 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	<b>M</b> ay 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Alabama	. 71.3	70.2	70.9	276.6	282.3	283.0	294.5	304.9	309.8
Birmingham		29.2	29.6	93.9	95.7	96.5	57,9	61.9	63.8
Huntsville		3.7	3.8	28.0	29.6	30.0	29.2	29.8	29.9
Mobile		7.9	7.8	36.8	37.1	37.2	27.6	28.9	28.9
Montgomery		7.7	7.7	25.9	26.2	25.4	32.1	31.6	31.8
Tuscaloosa	1 1	2.1	2.1	8.0	8.3	8.1	17.5	19.6	18.3
Alaska	. 11.4	10.7	10.9	44.1	41.1	43.5	64.6	66.7	64.2
Arizona	. 95.6	93.3	93.0	344.3	359.5	358.1	217.0	252.4	228.4
Phoenix		74.0	73.9	231.5	242.6	241.7	113.2	131.9	119.7
Tucson		12.5	12.4	64.3	67.1	66.4	48.6	53.5	47.7
Arkansas	. 38.3	37.9	38.3	156.0	160.5	162.4	141.8	152.2	144.8
Fayetteville-Springdale		1.5	1.5	7.0	7.5	7.4	9.5	10.1	9.4
Fort Smith		2.6	2.7	17.9	16.9	16.8	7.1	8.2	7.5
Little Rock-North Little Rock		16.1	16.2	53.2	54.5	55.3	44.6	46.6	45.4
Pine Bluff		1.5	1.5	6.3	6.3	6.4	7.2	7.7	7.5
California	804.7	816.9	821.5	2,902.8	3,001.9	3,010.5	1,915.8	1,991.3	1,994.7
Anaheim-Santa Ana		90.1	90.7	266.4	268.0	272.0	116.9	120.5	120.1
Bakersfield	. 6.3	6.2	6.3	32.4	33.2	32.9	40.9	41.3	40.7
Fresno	. 13.6	12.6	12.7	46.5	48.4	48.4	44.2	47.7	46.2
Los Angeles-Long Beach	. 285.7	291.5	292.6	1,039.0	1,071.4	1,071.8	508.2	516.5	520.2
Modesto		4.6	4.5	21.1	22.1	22.3	17.5	18.5	18.6
Oakland		56.4	56.4	187.0	192.3	193.3	159.6	165.3	164.1
Oxnard-Ventura	. 10.4	10.9	11.0	48.0	51.0	51.0	40.5	41.4	41.6
Riverside-San Bernardino		27.3	27.5	142.3	149.1	148.7	122,4	128.0	126.9
Sacramento		34.3	34.5	117.0	124.5	125.6	166.3	172.4	171.7
San Diego	. 61.0	62.5	62.6	227.3	239.2	240.3	158.6	164.6	165.3
San Francisco		113.4	113.9	280.9	292.0	293.2	135.1	138.2	137.6
San Jose	. 34.9	34.5	34.8	198.1	205.0	205.7	88.5	89.3	89.2
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	. 8.8	8.7	8.7	39.9	40.6	40.6	27.8	28.3	28.1
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	. 8.5	8.5	8.6	28.5	29.0	29.6	22.7	23.3	23.2
Stockton	. 8.8	8.5	8.5	29.7	30.5	29.7	31.4	32.1	31.8
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	. 4.6	4.4	4.4	27.8	30.2	30.2	37.5	37.7	37.9
Colorado		96.7	96.9	334.5	329.0	334.5	260.1	269.4	262.6
Boulder-Longmont		4.1	4.1	21.4	21.8	21.9	20.9	23.1	21.4
Denver	. 67.6	66.1	66.4	198.7	197.0	198.5	124.0	126.8	125.0
Connecticut	. 151.5	152.0	153.5	393.2	398.1	402.6	203.9	207.4	208.3
Bridgeport-Milford		12.3	12.6	46.2	45.8	46.6	20.0	20.5	21.0
Hartford		79.7	80.4	107.9	110.4	111.4	61.3	61.6	61.8
New Haven-Meriden		15.6	15.9	68.7	71.2	71.6	31.7	32.5	32.2
Stamford	. 13.1	13.4	13.6	37.5	38.4	39.1	10.9	10.7	10.8
Waterbury	. 4.5	4.4	4.5	20.8	21.7	22.3	12.8	13.0	13.1
Delaware		28.1	28.7	74.8	79.4	80.9	47.4	47.9	48.8
Wilmington	. 24.0	25.0	25.4	65.8	69.1	70.2	37.4	38.1	38.4
District of Columbia	. 37.5	37.8	38.0	231.1	242.1	243.1	270.3	267.0	269.9
Washington MSA		128.9	130.6	670.8	692.0	698.9	563.1	563.7	561.4
Florida	362.7	369.2	370.7	1,306.8	1,392.2	1,393.4	726.1	782.6	770.6
Daytona Beach		6.6	6.6	31.3	31.9	32.6	18.2	19.7	19.8
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	. 39.9	41.4	41.8	123.9	131.1	131.7	58.1	61.4	62.0
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		8.2	8.3	29.4	32.5	32.4	15.3	16.5	16.7
Jacksonville		39.3	39.4	99.7	108.1	108.7	56.8	59.6	59.3
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		5.7	5.9	41.5	43.3	44.0	20.9	21.3	20.8
Miami-Hialeah		67.9	68.2	223.6	227.4	226.8	107.4	113.5	113.5
Orlando		35.8	36.1	154.7	159.3	161.4	54.0	57.0	56.6
Pensacola		5.7	5.7	31.1	31.4	31.5	28.6	28.9	29.0
Sarasota		8.7	8.8	30.3	32.3	32.2	12.2	12.6	12.5
Tallahassee		5.0	5.0	21.8	22.7	22.8	43.9	47.7	45.7
		66.7	67.1	219.7	225.5	225.9	99.9	105.0	103.0
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater									

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	construction	1
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
eorgia	2,779.8	2,792.8	2,800.9	8.4	8.4	8.5	152.1	148.8	150
Athens	62.0	83.3	63.4	.2	.2	.2	2.5	2.3	2
Atlanta	1,377.0	1,385.0	1,391.1	1.4	1.4	1.4	73.3	70.5	71
Augusta	156.9	158.0	157.8	.5	.5	.5	9.5	9.7	g
Columbus	92.8	92.7	92.7		.1	.1	5.4	5.3	5
Macon-Warner Robins	118.3	118.8	118.5	.1	.1		5.1	4.7	4
Savannah	103.5	101.7	102.3	(')	(¹)	() ''	6.8	8.3	8
	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			`'	``	`'	55	5.0	
awaii	459.8	467.9	469.0	(°)	()	()	21.6	20.5	20
Honolulu	387.4	373.2	374.4	(')	(1)	(')	17.0	16.2	18
iaho	337.3	343.2	346.8	2.7	3.1	3.1	14.2	13.5	14
Boise City	87.5	89.2	69.8	(2)	(²)	(²)	4.5	4.3	4
linois	4,912.3	5,006.9	5,036.0	24.4	24.3	24.3	194.8	206.4	215
Aurora-Eigin	135.4	140.3	142.8	(')	(¹)	(¹)	6.6	6.8	7
Bloomington-Normal	54.7	56.3	56.0	(')	(¹)	(¹)	1.8	1.7	1
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	82.9	66.8	83.3	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.5	2.3	
Chicago	3,038.1	3,063.7	3,109.6	2.5	2.5	` 2.5	122.4	127.3	129
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	156.6	155.8	156.6	(')	(¹)	(')	4.7	4.6	
Decatur	50.4	50.0	50.7	6	6	~ ~	2.0	1.8	
Joliet	96.4		96.4	8	Ö	8	5.2	5.2	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		97.3							
Lake County	187.5	194.6	197.6	( () [	()	()	9.0	9.5	!
Peoria	132.9	136.0	137.7	()	(1)	()	5.3	5.4	
Rockford	124.0	126.3	128.2	(')	(¹)	(¹)	4.7	4.4	
Springfield	98.3	98.4	98.9	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	3.1	3.2	;
diana	2,317.4	2,402.6	2,404.3	8.9	6.4	6.3	103.8	111.0	11
Anderson	46.5	48.6	48.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.4	1.4	
Bloomington	48.4	53.3	51.4	(2)	(²)	(2)	2.2	2.4	
Elkhart-Goshen	99.2	103.7	104.6	(2)	(²)	(2)	2.9	2.9	
Evansville	126.9	128.5	129.6	2.3					
					2.1	2.1	7.7	7.3	
Fort Wayne	166.3	195.5	196.3	(2)	(²)	(²)	9.6	10.8	1
Sary-Hammond	222.2	228.7	229.4	(2)	(²)	(²)	12.0	12.7	1
Indianapolis	608.2	630.0	630.2	.8	.6	.8	31.2	33.1	3.
Lafayette	61.0	63.4	63.1	(²) ]	(²)	(²)	2.6	3.1	:
Muncie	46.7	53.0	50.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.1	2.1	
South Bend-Mishawaka	110.1	115.5	113.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	5.2	5.7	1
Terre Haute	52.2	53.9	53.3	.3	.3	.3	2.0	2.3	;
wa	1,115.4	1,149,2	1,146.0	2.5	2.4	2.4	38.6	35.7	3
Cedar Rapids	86.5	90.2	91.3	.2	.1	-:-	3.3	2.8	
Des Moines	206.9	216.5	218.9	(')	(b) ''		7.8	7.8	i
						(1)			
Dubuque	41.7	44.1	42.8	()	(2)	(')	1.4	1.4	
Sioux City	50.3	52.6	53.3	()	(')	(1)	2.0	1.7	
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	59.7	63.5	62.4	(¹)	(1)	(1)	2.0	2.0	1
ansas	1,002.9	1,023.4	1,025.1	11.3	11.7	11.3	47.1	42.7	44
TopekaWichita	86.7 228.4	89.2 231.1	90.0 233.1	(¹) 2.3	(¹) 2.4	(¹) 2.4	3.7 10.4	3.5 9.7	10
THE STATE OF THE S	220.4	201.1	200.1		2.4	2.4	10.4	3.7	,
entucky	1,313.7	1,358.9	1,362.1	38.9	36.7	36.3	60.1	64.3	6
Lexington-Fayette	174.9	180.2	181.6	.8	.6	.6]	10.6	9.6	,
Louisville	438.0	456.0	459.3	.6	.4	.4	22.1	24.7	2
Owensboro	32.8	34.4	33.8	.9	.8	.8	2.1	2.3	
puisiana	1,482.5	1,498.3	1,501.9	54.6	54.8	55.0	81.2	82.6	8:
Alexandria	46.1	45.7	45.7	.2	.2	.2	2.5	2.4	- T
Baton Rouge	209.2	214.0	210.9	.8	.8	.8	19.1	21.2	2
Houma-Thibodaux	52.6	53.6	53.5	.0 5.8	6.2				۷.
						6.1	1.5	1.6	
_afayette	80.6	82.2	82.3	10.2	10.3	10.7	3.1	2.9	
Monroe	54.7	53.5	54.7	3	3	4	3.0	2.7	_
New Orleans	508.1 132.1	513.1 133.5	516.0 133.9	14.6 3.4	15.0 3.0	14.9 3.0	21.9 6.8	22.2 7.6	2
.,				0.4	5.5	5.0	0.3		
aine	511.3	520.6	534.7	.1	.1	.1	33.7	34.6	3
ewiston-Auburn	39.6	40.6	41.3 128.7	(1)	(0)	(')	2.3	2.4	
Portland	124.1	128.0				(1)	9.6	9.4	1

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and	M	lanufacturing	]		nsportation a ublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Georgia	571.7	569.8	569.8	175.4	176.5	177.3	695.9	693.2	694.
Athens	15.1	15.2	15.3	1.8	1.8	1.8	12.8	13.0	13.
Atlanta	188.8	187.8	187.1	115.3	118.8	119.5	379.7	377.4	378.
Augusta	35.5	36.6	36.4	5.3	5.1	5.2	34.4	33.4	33.
Columbus	20.1	20.1	20.1	3.8	3.5	3.6	20.5	20.0	20.
Macon-Warner Robins	18.3	18.1	18.2	4.9	4.9	4.8	26.9	26.9	26.
Savannah	17.2	16.7	16.6	9.5	8.8	8.8	25.4	25.0	25.
lawaii	22.1	21.8	22.2	37.1	36.7	36.8	123.7	124.7	125.
Honolulu	16.7	16.4	16.6	30.4	30.3	30.4	96.7	97.9	98.
daho	55.3 10.9	56.4 12.3	58.1 12.5	17.8 5.2	18.0 5.1	18.2 5.2	86.3 22.9	84.8 22.9	86. 23.
Boise City									
Ilinois	930.5 36.1	945.5 37.4	948.9 38.1	295.5 2.9	300.0 3.0	302.9 3.2	1,225.6 39.3	1,253.9 39.1	1,261 39
Bloomington-Normal	5.1	5.6	6.1	2.6	2.6	2.6	12.7	12.8	12
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	7.9	8.1	8.1	2.4	2.3	2.3	19.2	19.1	19
Chicago	552.5	551.4	555.1	193.4	192.4	194.0	760.7	780.4	787
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	34.0	32.8	32.9	8.3	8.3	8.3	42.3	42.5	42.
Decatur	13.5	13.1	13.4	4.9	4.8	4.8	11.1	11.3	11.
	19.3	19.9	19.9	8.4	4.8 8.2	8.2	22.8	22.8	22.
Joliet	41.8		44.4				50.5		53.
Lake County		44.3		6.8	7.2	7.3		52.3	
Peoria	30.7	33.9	34.2	6.8	6.6	6.7	33.1	32.8	33.
Rockford	41.1 4.0	43.8 3.9	44.6 3.9	4.3 4.8	4.4 4.9	4.3 4.9	29.0 22.0	28.8 22.0	28. 22.
ndiana	619.4	630.8	635.9	120.7	129.0	130.2	555.2	569.4	574
	17.1		16.6				_		11
Anderson	8.7	16.7 9.2	9.5	1.5 1.7	1.6 1.8	1.6 1.8	11.4 11.2	11.5 12.0	
Elkhart-Goshen	54.0	56.6	57.3	2.9	2.9	2.9	18.5	18.9	11 19
	30.5	30.5	30.9	6.6	6.7	6.7	33.0	-	34
Evansville	51.0	51.7	52.2	12.1	12.5	12.7	46.4	34.2 49.1	49.
	55.6	56.5	56.8	15.1	15.0	15.0	53.1	54.4	55
Gary-Hammond						39.0			
Indianapolis	107.6 12.0	105.8   12.2	105.9	37.2 2.0	38.6 2.0	2.0	157.0	164.2	165
Lafayette	10.8	10.7	12.3			2.5	12.9	13.0	12
Muncie	24.1	23.8	10.7 23.9	2.3 4.9	2.5		12.8 29.5	13.1	13 30
South Bend-Mishawaka  Terre Haute	10.5	10.0	10.1	2.8	5.1 2.8	5.1 3.0	14.6	30.5 15.1	15
owa	215.5	224.1	226.9	53.6	54.4	54.8	284.4	291.0	292
Cedar Rapids	22.2	23.6	23.8	5.5	6.4	6.6	21.0	21.9	232
Des Moines	23.7	26.1	26.3	12.1	12.6	12.7	53.8	56.7	57.
Dubuque	12.5	13.0	13.0	1.7	1.8	1.8	9.7	9.7	9.
Sioux City	9.0	10.5	10.6	3.2	3.2	3.2	13.1	13.9	14
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	13.5	14.9	15.0	1.7	1.7	1.8	14.6	15.2	15.
(ansas	176.5	179.6	181.4	62.0	61.2	61.7	252.7	256.9	259
Topeka	9.1	9.2	9.3	6.7	6.5	6.5	19.6	20.7	20
Wichita	59.8	59.6	60.3	10.8	10.7	10.8	53.3	53.6	54.
Kentucky	261.0	270.4	272.7	68.0	68.2	68.5	314.7	328.9	330.
Lexington-Fayette	27.9	30.1	30.3	7.6	7.8	8.0	41.8	43.8	44
Louisville	86.6 5.9	87.8 5.9	88.1 5.9	27.6 2.2	29.7 2.1	30.0 2.2	108.6 8.3	114.2 8.5	116 8
Ouisiana Alexandria	164.2 3.5	168.1 3.4	168.2 3.5	104.3 2.2	104.0 2.2	104.2 2.2	363.7 11.2	361.8 11.1	363 11
Baton Rouge	18.6	18.6	18.7	10.3	10.4	10.5	50.7	51.2	51
Houma-Thibodaux	4.5	4.2	4.5	5.5	6.1	6.1	13.7	13.8	13
Lafayette	6.0	5.9	6.2	5.7	5.6	5.6	22.0	22.6	22
Monroe	7.0	7.2	7.1	3.0	2.6	2.6	14.5	13.9	14
New Orleans	42.3	43.8	43.8	43.0	43.6	43.9	135.0	133.8	134
Shreveport	18.0	43.8 17.1	43.8 17.3	8.4	8.0	43.9 8.0	32.4	32.2	32
Maine	104.1	105.8	108.6	21.0	20.9	21.5	128.3	130.9	135
Lewiston-Auburn	10.3	103.6	100.0	1.5	1.4	1.5	9.7	9.8	10
	15.4	16.5	16.4	6.0	6.0	6.0	36.6	35.9	37

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Shaha and asses		nce, insurar id real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
ìeorgia	156.8	156.3	157.2	541.0	550.1	555.6	478.5	489.7	487.
Athens	1.9	2.0	1.9	9.7	9.7	9.8	18.0	19.3	19.
Atlanta	99.1	99.2	99.9	323.5	327.4	331.3	195.9	202.6	202.
Augusta	6.4	6.1	6.2	32.1	32.6	32.7	33.3	33.9	33.
Columbus	6.2	6.2	6.1	16.1	16.8	16.8	20.7	20.7	20.
Macon-Warner Robins	7.4	7.7	7.7	22.1	22.8	22.5	33.4	33.5	33.
Savannah	4.5	4.4	4.3	24.0	24.2	24.6	16.1	16.3	16.
lousii	34.0	34.5	34.6	125.9	129.4	130.3	95.2	100.3	98.
Honolulu	28.6	28.8	29.0	97.8	99.4	100.5	80.2	84.2	82.
daho	19.4	19.0	19.1	68.3	70.6	71.4	73.3	77.9	75.
Boise City	7.6	7.5	7.6	19.5	19.3	19.6	16.9	17.8	17.
linois	362.2	363.6	366.2	1,161.4	1,182.7	1,199.4	717.9	728.5	717.
Aurora-Elgin	6.5	6.6	6.7	29.9	31.7	_32.2	15.0	15.6	15.
Bloomington-Normal	9.4	9.6	9.6	12.0	11.8	12.0	11.1	12.2	11.
	3.4	3.3	3.4	16.3	16.2	16.5			31
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul							31.2	35.5	
Chicago	259.6	262.1	265.7	784.6	804.3	812.2	362.4	363.3	362
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	8.0	8.2	8.2	31.4	31.7	32.4	27.9	27.7	27
Decatur	2.7	2.7	2.7	10.6	10.6	10.9	5.6	5.7	5
Joliet	3.8	3.8	3.8	20.4	20.1	20.3	16.2	17.0	15
Lake County	6.9	6.7	6.8	42.8	43.7	44.8	29.1	30.3	30
Peoria	7.0	7.0	7.0	34.5	33.9	35.0	15.5	16.4	16
Rockford	5.3	5.2	5.3	27.4	27.0	27.7	12.2	12.7	12
Springfield	8.1	8.0	8.1	24.1	23.7	24.1	32.1	32.6	32
ndiana	117.7	119.5	121.8	455.2	477.3	478.9	336.5	357.5	338
Anderson	1.7	1.6	1.7	9.4	9.8	9.6	6.1	6.0	6
Bloomington	1.8	1.9	1.9	8.0	8.4	8.5	14.9	17.6	15
	2.5	2.7	2.7	12.9	13.9	13.7	5.6	6.0	5
Elkhart-Goshen									
Evansville	5.2	5.4	5.4	29.4	30.2	30.3	12.3	12.2	12
Fort Wayne	12.3	12.1	12.3	37.9	41.0	40.9	17.0	18.2	17
Gary-Hammond	8.4	8.5	8.5	47.9	49.8	49.6	30.2	31.9	30
Indianapolis	46.5	48.3	49.3	137.1	146.6	146.1	88.8	92.7	89
Lafayette	3.1	3.2	3.2	11.3	11.5	11.6	17.0	18.4	17
Muncie	1.7	1.7	1.7	10.5	11.0	11.1	8.6	11.9	9
South Bend-Mishawaka	6.4	6.5	6.5	29.5	32.2	30.9	10.4	11.7	10
Terre Haute	2.0	2.1	2.1	10.8	11.2	10.9	9.3	10.2	9
owa	65.3	66.2	67.1	246.0	254.5	250.6	209.5	220.9	216
Cedar Rapids	4.9	4.9	4.9	19.1	19.8	20.2	10.3	10.7	10
Des Moines	27.0	28.9	29.4	52.3	54.5	54.7	30.0	29.7	29
Dubuque	1.4	1.5	1.5	11.5	12.8	11.5	3.4	3.8	3
	2.6		,						
Sioux City	3.1	2.6 2.8	2.6 2.8	13.9 13.6	14.3 14.2	14.4 13.8	6.5 11.1	6.4 12.6	6 11
ansas	57.2	57.3	57.8	202.2	208.5	209.2	193.9	205.5	199
Topeka	6.3	6.6	6.8	20.6	21.0	21.3	20.6	21.6	21
Wichita	11.6	11.3	11.4	52.8	55.8	56.0	27.4	28.0	27.
entucky	61.7	61.8	62.9	275.4	285.5	288.2	233.9	243.1	237
Lexington-Fayette	9.2	9.2	9.3	40.4	42.1	42.4	36.6	37.0	37
Louisville	29.2	29.5	30.2	104.1	107.6	108.4	59.2	62.1	60
Owensboro	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.4	8.0	7.9	4.5	5.3	4
	95.0	949	946	310.5	220.0	327.6	200.2	2124	214
Duisiana	85.8 2.6	84.8 2.6	84.6 2.6	319.5	328.8	327.6	309.2	313.4 12.5	316
Alexandria				11.2	11.3	11.3	12.7		12
Baton Rouge	13.7	13.4	13.7	43.5	43.8	44.4	52.5	54.6	50
Houma-Thibodaux	2.4	2.2	2.2	8.6	8.9	8.9	10.6	10.6	10
Lafayette	3.8	3.6	3.6	17.9	18.6	18.6	11.9	12.7	12
Monroe	4.7	4.5	4.6	11.6	11.5	11.6	10.6	10.8	11
New Orleans	34.4 7.4	34.0 7.2	34.0 7.2	131.5 32.1	136.0 33.3	135.4 33.1	85.4 23.6	84.7 25.1	8° 29
aine	25.2 2.2	25.3 2.3	25.6 2.5	110.4 9.8	112.3 10.2	116.9 10.4	88.5 3.8	90.7 3.9	90
Portland									
Ponjano	12.3	12.8	12.8	29.3	30.3	31.2	14.9	15.1	14

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	onstruction	1
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988
aryland	2.050.7	2 000 2	2.043.8	1.0	1.8		155.7	151.0	
	_,	2,039.2   1,091.2		1.9		1.9	155.7 75.3	151.0	15
Baltimore MSA	1,098.6		1,095.8	.3	.3	.3		74.1	7
Baltimore City	458.2	459.3	459.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	19.8	19.4	1
Suburban Maryland-D.C	721.7	724.8	721.2	.6	.6	.6	64.9	61.9	6
assachusetts	3,091.2	3,124.4	3,154.4	1.9	1.9	2.0	143.7	151.2	15
Boston	1,727.8	1,752.0	1,756.3	.9	1.0	1.1	72.4	74.1	7
Brockton	72.9	74.0	75.1	(')	(')	(r)	3.8	4.3	
all River	58.2	55.9	56.4	l (¹) [	(¹)	(')	2.6	2.7	
itchburg-Leominster	40.6	40.8	41.1	(5)	(i)	(¹)	2.7	2.8	
awrence-Haverhill		166,0	167.5	65	Ö	(i)	8.7	8.4	
owell	106.4	107.9	108.1	.2	`' <b>₁</b>	.1	5.9	6.2	
ew Bedford	67.5	68.7	69.7	(')		(¹)	3.2	3.5	
pringfield		244.2	244.9	.2	-1	.1	10.4	10.4	
/orcester	200.6	206.6	207.7	.1	.2	.2	10.2	10.5	
chigan	3,732.3	3,766.0	3,776.7	10.3	10.1	10.5	125.6	131.2	1
nn Arbor	159.2	169.5	167.4	(1)	(¹)	(')	5.8	6.4	
attle Creek	57.2	57.9	58.2	l Ö l	(1)	Ö	1.9	2.1	
enton Harbor	63.3	64.9	64.9	6	- 6 l	Ö	1.6	1.4	
etroit	1,875.9	1,672.6	1,882.2	8. ``	° .9	.9	60.8	61.6	
int	174.0	166.3	169.0	()	<u>()</u>	(')	4.6	4.5	
rand Rapids	312.1	322.9	323.6	()	(9)	(¹)	15.1	14.6	
alamazoo	101.7	105.0	105.2	(')	(1)	(¹)	3.2	3.1	
ansing-East Lansing	204.0	208.5	205.7	l (') i	(¹)	(')	5.2	5.4	
uskegon	56.4	57.0	57.0	(1)	(1)	(')	2.1	2.1	
aginaw-Bay City-Midland	152.4	156.8	156.7	[ Ö ]	(6)	(1)	6.1	6.8	
nnesota	1,982.0	2,026.5	2,043.0	6.8	7.1	7.5	88.4	80.8	
uluth	89.6	90.0		4.2				3.1	
			90.4		4.6	4.7	4.6		
linneapolis-St. Paul		1,320.7	1,326.5		()	(¹)	57.4	54.2	
ochester	57.7	58.1	59.3	(2)	(²)	(²)	2.0	2.0	
t. Cloud	67.9	73.1	71.8	(2)	(²)	(²)	4.1	3.9	
sissippi	860.5	666.0	884.3	6.1	6.4	6.3	34.9	34.0	
ackson	175.7	181.9	162.0	.9	1.2	1.1	8.8	8.5	
ssouri	2.196.9	2,229.9	2,232.6	5.7	5.5	5.7	102.2	100.9	١ ,
ansas City	734.8	739.6	742.3	.5	.5	.5	37.9	36.4	
touisoringfield	1,130.2 105.5	1,141.9 113.0	1,146.8 110.5	3.5 .1	3.5 .1	3.5 .1	58.5 5.0	57.3 5.6	
								0.0	
ntana	279.6	275.5	278.4	5.9	5.9	6.2	9.6	9.1	
bra <b>s</b> ka	661.7	676.7	675.3	1.8	1.8	1.8	25.5	24.4	
ncoln	108.8	113.6	111.9	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	4.3	4.3	
maha	302.0	307.2	308.7	.2	.2	.2	12.8	12.2	
/ada	504.5	527.7	532.1	8.0	10.1	10.6	30.9	33.0	
as Vegas	285.7	300.4	301.9	.3	.3	.3	19.2	20.1	
eno	132.6	138.2	138.8	.9	1.0	1.1	7.1	7.8	
w Hampshire	519.1	530.3	538.6	.7	.7	.8	38.8	39.6	
ashua	93.8	96.2	97.1	.1	.1	.o 1.	5.2	5.7	
ortsmouth-Dover-Rochester,NH-ME		114.1	117.0	:i	.1	.1	6.2	6.3	
w Jersey	3,638.5	3,672.1	3,720.0	2.4	2.5	2.5	173.0	182.9	
tlantic City		165.7	177.0	(1)	(¹)	(1)	10.5	10.9	
ergen-Passaic		685.3	691.8	.1	.1	.1	32.4	32.9	
amden	425.4	437.7	442.3	.1	.1	.1	25.0	27.7	
ersey City		245.5	247.4	l (b	(¹)	(¹)	7.0	7.9	l
iddlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		532.7	536.4	l `´ .6	.7	.7	23.8	24.4	
onmouth-Ocean		335.0	345.0	(1)	(¹)	(')	22.0	24.7	
ewark	964.0	972.3	976.1	.7	.7	.7	39.2	42.5	
renton		200.2	201.7	(0)	(¹)	(t) .'	5.3	5.4	

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Manufacturing			Transportation and public utilities			Wholesale and retail trade		
	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	Jun 1988
	207.6	204.1	200.0	04.0	20.0	200	500.7	500.0	
aryland			206.6	94.2	92.3	92.6	523.7	522.8	52
Baltimore MSA	131.6	130.0	131.0	53.8	53.2	53.5	270.2	269.6	27
Baltimore City	44.4	44.1	44.4	28.1	27.9	27.8	98.5	98.8	ç
Suburban Maryland-D.C	34.7	35.7	35.8	26.9	26.7	27.2	191.1	194.2	19
assachusetts	602.6	583.6	586.2	131.8	130.8	132.9	730.8	730.7	74
Boston	283.2	275.3	277.0	76.6	76.1	76.7	387.9	386.5	3
Brockton	11.6	11.5	11.6	5.1	5.0	5.1	22.0	22.9	
all River	17.0	15.6	15.7	2.0	1.9	2.0	14.1	15.2	
itchburg-Leominster	11.9	11.5	11.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	10.1	10.3	
awrence-Haverhill	51.2	50.0	49.9	7.0	6.7	6.7	36.6	37.9	
owell	36.3	36.2	36.1	3.8	3.4	3.4	22.3	22.9	
ew Bedford	19.6	18.9	18.9	2.9	3.0	3.2	16.4	16.9	
pringfield	51.0	51.5	51.5	9.7	9.9	10.1	56.5	57.4	
/orcester	46.3	45.9	46.4	8.8	8.4	8.6	47.8	48.4	
	274.7	005.7	244.0	.5. 6	4500	455.4	2000		
higan	974.7	935.7	944.0	151.6	153.0	155.1	862.2	875.9	8
nn Arbor	39.8	39.0	39.1	4.1	4.4	4.5	28.4	30.2	
attle Creek	15.2	15.4	15.5	1.9	1.8	1.8	11.4	11.9	
enton Harbor	21.4	21.0	21.1	2.3	2.3	2.5	13.3	13.8	
etroit	473.6	445.1	447.3	84.6	87.7	88.5	441.0	449.3	
int	59.1	49.0	48.8	4.7	4.5	4.5	44.9	46.7	
rand Rapids	96.1	97.9	99.2	11.2	11.3	11.3	80.6	83.4	
alamazoo	29.9	30.2	30.4	3.2	3.4	3.4	23.1	23.8	
ansing-East Lansing	36.1	32.9	33.7	6.0	5.7	5.7	41.3	43.2	
	17.6	17.5	17.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	12.6	12.7	
uskegonaginaw-Bay City-Midland	43.8	42.9	43.6	6.9	7.0	7.1	36.3	36.9	
					4				
nesota	378.7	383.6	391.1	100.1	101.7	101.0	494.7	502.5	
uluth	7.6	7.7	7.9	5.9	6.1	6.0	22.4	22.0	
linneapolis-St. Paul	254.1	259.9	262.0	69.2	71.2	70.5	316.6	321.1	3
chester	10.7 12.0	10.8 12.3	11.4 12.6	1.7 3.4	1.7 3.5	1.7 3.6	11.7	11.4 22.3	
. Cloud	12.0	12.3	12.0	3.4	3.5	3.6	21.2	22.3	
sissippi	228.9	233.4	235.1	42.3	43.0	43.3	186.8	190.3	•
ackson	20.4	21.1	21.3	12.6	13.1	13.1	42.4	43.0	
souri	425.2	419.5	422.1	143.5	144.3	144.0	543.3	551.8	
ansas City	109.6	109.4	109.4	56.4	56.1	55.7	192.1	191.8	
Louis	222.5	219.4	221.3	73.1	74.7	75.0	277.6	277.8	2
pringfield	19.9	21.4	21.4	6.8	7.2	7.2	30.2	31.8	
ntana	21.2	20.6	20.5	19.9	19.0	19.2	74.4	72.8	
braska	88.6	91.6	93.0	42.7	43.8	43.8	171.2	171.8	1
nçoln	13.4	13.6	13.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	25.4	25.0	
maha	34.0	35.1	35.9	22.8	23.8	23.9	77.6	77.6	
	00.4	04.4	045	07.0		20.0	100.4	100.0	
/ada	23.4	24.1	24.5	27.9	28.3	28.9	102.4	106.6	•
eno	8.7 8.5	8.8 8.2	8.9 8.2	15.7 9.1	16.1 9.2	16.4 9.4	60.1 29.6	63.6 30.6	
					ļ		1		
w Hampshire	118.2 36.5	120.5	121.6	17.6	17.5	18.0	131.1	134.0	
ashuaortsmouth-Dover-Rochester,NH-ME	20.9	37.2 20.8	37.3 21.2	2.2 3.1	2.1 3.1	2.2 3.2	21.1 30.2	21.7 30.6	
·					1				
v Jersey	683.0	669.1	673.9	239.4	243.8	245.2	872.3	873.6	ε
llantic City	8.2	8.3	8.3	6.3	6.1	6.2	41.3	36.4	
ergen-Passaic	162.0	161.3	162.1	28.9	28.7	28.7	192.7	194.7	1
amden	72.1	71.5	71.9	18.4	19.2	19.2	114.5	118.3	1
ersey City	50.8	48.2	49.1	31.2	30.4	30.6	58.9	61.2	
iddlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	114.0	115.8	116.5	43.0	44.4	44.7	124.9	127.9	1
onmouth-Ocean	30.6	30.3	30.0	16.4	16.6	16.8	92.6	89.9	
ewark	183.3	178.2	178.9	81.8	80.9	80.6	197.1	198.2	1
renton	31.2	30.9	31.2	6.6	6.7	6.8	31.5	32.1	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Finance, insurance, and real estate				Services		Government		
	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Sandard	126.0	126.9	128.2	548.8	544.0	550.1	392.7	396.3	387
Maryland									
Baltimore MSA	75.8	74.2	75.4	288.2	286.8	288.8	203.4	203.0	201
Baltimore City	44.1	43.9	44.7	139.0	140.1	139.2	84.3	85.0	84
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	41.6	42.7	43.0	212.8	210.4	212.7	149.0	152.4	146
assachusetts	220.9	227.8	231.3	852.6	888.7	889.0	406.9	409.7	410
Boston	152.1	155.4	157.8	548.8	573.0	566.6	205.9	210.6	21
Brockton	3.2	3.2	3.2	15.1	15.4	15.7	12.1	11.7	11
Fall River	3.1	3.2	3.2	10.4	10.7	10.8	7.0	6.6	
Fitchburg-Leominster	1.8	1.9	1.9	7.9	8.4	8.6	4.6	4.3	
Lawrence-Haverhill	6.5	6.5	6.7	33.9	35.1	35.8	20.8	21.4	2
Lowell	4.4	4.3	4.3	20.1	20.8	20.8	13.4	14.0	1
	2.6	2.7	2.7			13.5	9.9		i
New Bedford				12.9	13.3			10.4	
Springfield	16.3	16.8	16.9	56.8	59.8	59.0	38.9	38.3	3
Worcester	14.0	14.9	15.3	49.1	52.6	52.1	24.5	25.7	2
ichigan	182.1	185.1	187.8	823.1	838.3	842.1	602.7	636.8	61
Ann Arbor	4.7	4.6	4.7	32.5	34.7	34.9	43.7	49.9	. 4
Battle Creek	3.6	3.2	3.3	11.7	11.9	11.9	11.4	11.6	1
Benton Harbor	2.6	2.7	2.7	13.8	14.9	14.4	8.1	8.7	
Detroit	106.9	108.3	109.7	468.0	471.3	474.8	240.3	248.4	24
Flint	5.9	5.9	5.9	30.6	31.4	32.0	24.3	26.2	2
	13.8	14.0	14.0	64.5	69.3	68.2	30.4	32.2	. 3
Grand Rapids									
Kalamazoo	4.6	5.0	4.9	23.2	23.5	23.7	14.4	16.1	1
Lansing-East Lansing	11.5	12.2	12.3	37.1	39.5	39.7	66.6	69.3	€
Muskegon	1.4	1.3	1.4	11.6	11.8	12.0	8.6	9.2	_
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	6.1	6.2	6.3	32.7	34.4	34.6	20.4	22.4	2
innesota	120.7	123.6	124.8	476.7	495.3	497.5	315.9	331.8	32
Duluth	3.1	3.2	3.3	20.8	21.1	21.5	21.2	22.2	2
Minneapolis-St. Paul	93.9	96.4	96.8	324.8	334.4	337.2	175.0	182.9	17
Rochester	1.6	1.6	1.7	24.0	24.5	24.7	6,0	6.1	
St. Cloud	2.3	2.4	2.4	13.8	15.0	14.3	11.2	13.8	1
Indicalant	38.8	39.1	39.4	138.7	140.7	144.8	183.9	199.0	18
Jackson	14.4	14.4	14.5	38.2	142.7 40.3	39.9	38.0	40.4	3
				- [					
issouri	136.4	136.0	137.2	508.5	516.2	518.7	332.1	355.7	34
Kansas City	58.6	58.4	58.6	169.9	173.1	174.2	109.8	113.9	11
St. Louis	75.0	74.0	74.5	282.9	29 t.7	293.0	137.1	143.5	14
Springfield	4.9	4.8	4.8	26.3	28.1	27.4	12.3	14.0	
ontana	13.4	12.5	12.6	65.2	65.3	65.9	70.0	70.3	7
ebraska	48.5	48.0	48.3	149.6	151.4	150.6	133.8	143.9	14
Lincoln	8.1	8.7	8.8	22.9	23.8	23.5	28.8	32.3	3
Omaha	29.3	28.6	28.8	80.8	83.4	83.7	44.5	46.3	4
avada.	23.7	24.8	25.1	224.9	232.7	235.2	63.3	68.1	e
evada					141.7		31.9	34.6	
Las Vegas	14.3 7.0	15.2 7.0	15.4 7.1	135.5 55.0	57.0	143.4 56.9	15.4	17.4	3
ew Hampshire	32.0 4.0	33.8 4.1	34.3 4.2	115.1 18.0	117.3 18.1	121.4 16.8	65.6 6.7	66.9 7.2	6
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester,NH-ME	6.6	6.7	6.8	20.7	21.7	22.8	24.0	24.8	2
ew Jersey	229.3	234.4	238.5	891.7	908.7	923.5	547.4	557.1	55
Atlantic City	7.3	7.2	7.5	75.7	72.0	75.6	24.8	24.7	1
Bergen-Passaic	36.5	39.8	40.5	152.7	156.8	160.1	68.5	69.0	-
Camden	24.7	25.8	26.5	99.9	102.6	103.6	70.7	72.5	
Jersey City	12.6	13.2	13.3	41.4	43.0	43.1	40.0	41.6	1
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	36.0	36.3	36.7	106.0	110.9	112.t	71,4	72.3	7
Monmouth-Ocean	18.1	16.3	18.7	92.0	93.3	96.8	61.8	61.7	
Newark	77.7	79.3	80.4	249.2	256.1	258.7	135.0	136.4	13
Trenton	9.4	9.6	9.6	56.2	59.0	59.0	55.2	56.5	

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

State and area	Total				Mining		Construction		
	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	<b>May</b> 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	<b>May</b> 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
	500.0	540.0	540.5	44.0	45.0	45.5	20.0	20.5	04
New Mexico	530.8	540.0	542.5	14.9	15.3	15.5	32.9	30.5	31.2
Albuquerque	231.8	236.4	237.0	.2	.2	.2	16.3	15.4	15.7
Las Cruces	39.1 54.8	41.3 55.2	39.7 57.0	.1 .1	.1 .1	.1 .1	2.2 2.7	2.2 2.5	2.3 2.6
New York	8.124.9	8,215.2	8,272,0	6.3	6.2	6.3	343.3	346.2	359.5
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	406.6	413.8	415.3	.4	.4	.4	20.3	20.2	21.
Binghamton	121.6	123.1	124.0	(2)	(1)	(')	5.4	5.1	5.4
Buffalo	439.8	447.1	449.1	.4	.4	.4	17.8	17.7	18.8
Elmira		40.7	40.7	(')	(¹)	(1)	1.6	1.6	1.8
Nassau~Suffolk		1,154,8	1,168.7	. `′ .2	`′ .2	او ''	62.0	63.3	65.4
New York PMSA		4,152.3	4,169.7	1.3	1.2	1.3	155.9	158.9	161.4
New York City	3,602.7	3,618.4	3,631.1	.7	.7	.7	121.1	124.1	126.
Niagara Falls	81.4	82.9	83.0	(b) "	(b)	_ ტ	3.3	3.4	3.3
Orange County	102.5	105.7	106.5	- 6	8	- 6 l	5.7	6.4	6.0
Poughkeepsie	116.5	121.2	121.7	0	8	% ·	6.8	6.8	6.0
Rochester	463.7	473.2	473.4	.8	٠,	.6	18.9	19.7	20.0
	98.8	99.6	100.2	(²) .8	(²) .°	(²)	5.5		5.6
Rockland County								5.6	
Syracuse	300.1	306.0	307.1	.3	.2	.3	15.5	17.2	18.0
Utica-Rome Westchester County	121.8 412.9	125.2 415.1	126.6 419.0	.2 .3	.2 .3	.2 .3	4.3 27.7	4.2 27.3	4. <del>6</del> 27.8
North Carolina	2,872.4	2,941.5	2,962.1	4.9	4.9	5.0	162.8	168.7	171.5
Asheville	78.8	78.7	81.0	.1]	.1]	.1	4.3	4.5	4.5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	578.5	601.6	603.4	.4	.4	.4	34.7	38.2	39.2
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	466.4	471.0	472.6	.3	.3	.3	24.8	25.2	25.7
Raleigh-Durham	380.9	388.0	391.0	.4	.4	.4	22.0	22.3	22.6
North Dakota	255.4	257.4	258.5	4.0	4.3	4.4	12.8	10.2	11.3
Bismarck	37.2	37.2	37.5	.2	.2	.2	1.8	1.6	1.7
Fargo-Moorhead	70.5	74.2	73.0	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	4.0	3.7	4.1
Grand Forks	29.3	30.8	29.7	Ö	Ö	Ö	1.9	1.5	1.7
Ohio	4,611.6	4,704.6	4,726.6	21.1	19.9	20.3	184.4	191.0	200.4
Akron	262.1	273.1	289.7	.5	.5	.6	9.4	9.5	9.9
Cincinnati	680.2	698.7	702.2	.4	.6	.6	30.2	32.3	33.4
Cleveland	899.0	910.1	917.6	1.0	.9	.9	29.8	29.4	30.8
Columbus	660.2	680.8	685.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	28.0	29.3	30.5
Dayton-Springfield	428.7	437.3	440.0	.4	.4	.4	17.0	17.9	18.8
Toledo	278.5	290.1	288.8	.3	.3	.3	10.7	12.1	12.7
Youngstown-Warren	190.8	196.1	197.5	.7	.6	.6	8.0	8.3	8.9
Oklahoma	1,114.3	1,103.3	1,108.2	45.3	43.1	43.2	35.1	32.4	33.4
Enid	22.2	21.9	21.9	1.1	1.0	.9	.7	.7	.;
Lawton	34.0	33.9	33.8	.2	.2	.2	1.3	1.2	1.2
Oklahoma City	404.2	400.2	398.8	11.1	11.0	11.0	13.0	12.5	12.9
Tulsa	290.8	288.8	290.6	15.4	14.7	15.0	10.6	9.7	9.8
Oregon	1,109.2	1,134.3	1,148.3	1.5	1.3	1.4	36.0	37.5	38.6
Eugene-Springfield	106.6	108.4	110.0	.2	.1	.2	3.3	3.2	3.4
Portland	557.4	573.5	579.0	.5	.5	.5	19.9	20.0	21.0
Salem	96.6	97.0	99.2	.1	.1	.1	3.3	3.3	3.5
Pennsylvania	4,944.9	5,038.1	5,068.6	31.1	29.8	30.0	229.7	236.0	248.4
Allentown-Bethlehem	273.0	277.8	279.1	.6	29.6 .6	.6	13.4	14.3	246.4 14.9
Altoona	51.7	52.1	52.7	(2)			2.8	2.6	2.7
Beaver County	51.7 51.5	51.9	52.7 52.4	(2)	(²) (²)	(²) (²)	3.8	4.4	4.5
	110.4	112.5		.3	(-)	(-) 3		3.5	4.5 3.6
Erie	296.2	302.0	112.4 303.6	.3	.3		3.5	13.2	
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle					,	.3	12.6		13.5
Johnstown	78.5	80.1	80.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.0	2.8	3.1
Lancaster	179.7	186.3	188.2	.4	.4	.4	10.8	11.4	11.8
Philadelphia PMSA	2,151.7	2,179.7	2,189.4	1.1	1.1	1.1	105.1	111.1	115.5
Philadelphia City	770.7	776.4	775.0	(2)	(²)	(²)	18.1	17.2	17.8
Pittsburgh	864.5	887.3	879.3	5.5	5.4	5.5	46.6	41.3	44.3

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Manufacturing			Transportation and public utilities			Wholesale and retail trade		
	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Nam Maria	38.4	39.8	40.4	28.1	28.9	28.7	100.4	130.9	133.0
New Mexico	20.0	20.4	20.4	12.1	12.4	12.3	129.4 59.9	61.4	
Albuquerque				1					62.0
Las Cruces	4.0 1.7	3.9 1.7	3.9 1.8	1.3 1.2	1.3 1.3	1.1 1.3	8.0 10.7	8.8 11.0	8.7 11.4
								. 700 0	
New York	1,224.3	1,218.9	1,224.5 48.1	409.1	407.4 16.7	411.2	1,715.7	1,709.8 88.3	1,728.1 88.4
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	49.6	47.9	38.6	16.7		16.7	85.4	27.1	
Binghamton	38.0	38.2		4.5	4.6	4.6	26.3		27.
Buffalo	77.6	77.1	77.1	22.0	21.7	22.0	109.7	111.9	112.0
Elmira	7.9	8.7	8.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	10.6	10.8	10.8
Nassau-Suffolk	177.7	173.9	174.0	49.0	49.9	50.2	310.4	308.3	314.
New York PMSA	460.8	458.8	461.2	241.4	240.2	241.1	765.7	761.0	765.
New York City	380.8	376.2	377.6	215.6	214.2	215.1	640.2	636.0	639.2
Niagara Falls	24.3	23.9	23.8	3.8	3.9	4.0	18.9	19.5	19.
Orange County	14.8	15.0	15.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	27.2	28.6	28.
Poughkeepsie	30.0	29.9	30.4	3.3	3.3	3.4	21.9	24.7	24.
Rochester	132.3	132.8	133.7	14.6	14.6	14.8	100.6	101.3	102.
Rockland County	15.1	14.5	14.7	4.1	4.1	4.1	23.3	23.6	23.0
Syracuse	53.2	52.1	53.0	18.2	18.1	18.2	71.2	73.0	73.
Utica-Rome	24.2	24.4	24.7	4.4	4.6	4.6	27.0	27.4	28.0
Westchester County	63.1	<del>6</del> 6.2	67.0	21.1	21.2	21.3	97.8	97.0	97.6
North Carolina	857.4	859.7	864.0	141.7	147.2	148.5	640.8	663.7	668.0
Asheville	19.1	18.9	19.4	3.7	3.7	3.8	18.4	18.9	19.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	153.8	155.3	155.5	48.7	49.8	50.2	138.1	144.9	145.
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	153.7	151.0	151.7	27.3	27.8	27.7	104.0	105.3	105.7
Raleigh-Durham	58.0	57.4	58.4	17.2	16.6	16.6	81.1	83.3	83.5
North Dakota	15.8	15.8	16.0	16.2	16.7	16.8	68.5	69.0	69.4
Bismarck	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.6	2.7	2.7	9.9	9.8	9.9
Fargo-MoorheadGrand Forks	5.0 1.7	4.9 1.8	5.0 1.8	4.4 1.5	4.8 1.5	4.9 1.5	21.1 8.2	21.7 8.5	21.3 8.3
<b>O</b> Lia	1,097.6	1 000 7	4 404 0	000 5	209.3	040.0	4 404 0	4 400 0	4404
Ohio	66.3	1,099.7	1,104.9	208.5		210.6	1,101.9	1,126.2 66.3	1,134.
Akron		66.8	67.2	12.9	12.8	12.9	65.6		67.0 175.9
Cincinnati	144.7 201.1	143.2	143.2 203.3	35.5	36.4	36.6	170.0	174.7 220.2	222.
Cleveland		202.2		41.4	40.8	41.1	216.0		
Columbus	103.2	102.3	103.0	27.8	28.4	28.5	166.1	173.5	174.0
Dayton-Springfield	104.2	103.2	103.4	15.6	15.6	15.7	97.2	100.1	
Toledo Youngstown-Warren	62.0 49.2	62.2 50.3	63.1 50.6	13.9 7.7	13.8 7.7	13.8 7.7	69.0 48.7	72.1 50.6	72.1 51.1
				,	,.,	, , ,			
Oklahoma	154.4	156.0	157.9	63.4	61.3	61.6	271.0	264.8	267.
Enid	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.3	2.2 1.2	2.2	6.5 8.4	6.4	6.5
Lawton	3.5 47.2	3.4 47.1	3.5 47.4	1.5 20.1	19.0	1.2 19.2	101.0	8.6 99.7	8.0 99.4
Oklahoma City	46.8	47.1	48.3	23.3	24.0	24.1	70.6	69.7	69.7
Oregon	208.2	208.0	211.1	58.4	58.9	59.7	277.6	287.7	292.7
Eugene-Springfield	19.8	19.9	20.3	4.2	4.3	4.4	26.9	27.0	27.1
Portland	93.8	97.9	98.5	34.4	35.1	35.4	145.2	149.7	151.9
Salem	14.5	12.7	14.4	2.9	2.9	3.0	21.7	22.0	22.3
Pennsylvania	1,050.7	1,049.5	1,059.4	248.5	247.8	246.7	1,126.6	1,142.3	1,149.3
Allentown-Bethlehem	77.0	76.2	76.6	14.2	13.9	13.9	59.7	61.1	61.
Altoona	11.4	11.5	11.4	4.5	4.6	4.6	12.8	13.2	13.0
Beaver County	10.0	9.6	9.6	5.2	5.2	5.1	11.3	10.9	11.2
Erie	34.5	34.5	34.7	4.0	3.7	3.7	23.6	23.7	24.0
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	52.2	52.0	52.6	18.2	18.3	18.4	66.8	68.0	68.2
Johnstown	13.3	13.5	13.3	4.9	5.2	4.9	16.6	16.7	17.0
Lancaster	60.7	59.7	60.3	7.1	7.1	7.2	43.0	44.9	45.3
Philadelphia PMSA	376.2	371.5	373.9	99.5	97.5	97.7	495.3	502.1	502.8
Philadelphia City	96.1	94.4	94.7	45.1	45.1	45.1	148.3	151.4	151.7
Pittsburgh	125.3	125.1	126.9	45.9	44.2	44.4	216.8	215.4	219.3
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# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

Out.		nce, insurar Id real estat			Services		1	Government	
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
New Mexico	27.4	27.6	27.8	124.5	125.6	127.9	135.2	141.4	138.
Albuquerque	15.0	15.1	15.1	63.9	65.1	85.2	44.4	46.4	45.
Las Cruces	1.7	1.7	1.7	8.2	6.6	8.6	15.6	18.7	15.
Santa Fe	2.0	2.0	2.0	14.8	14.5	15.5	21.6	22.1	22.
New York	795.9	795.2	803.0	2,210,5	2,285.4	2.294.3	1.419.6	1,446.0	1,445.
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	22.9	23.1	23.4	100.9	103.9	104.3	110.3	113.3	112.
	4.1	4.1	4.1	22.3	22.5	22.9	20.9	21.5	21.
Binghamton	25.9	27.6	27.8	112.3			74.3	75.2	
Buffalo					115.5	115.8			75.
Elmira	1.4	1.4	1.4	9.5	10.2	10.3	6.5	6.5	6.
Nassau-Suffolk	75.8	77.7	78.8	290.7	296,1	299.8	183.7	185.4	186.
New York PMSA	585.1	578.6	579.8	1,255.0	1,262.7	1,268.2	667.8	672.7	671.
New York City	551.4	542.0	544.9	1,108.0	1,136.3	1,139.9	584.9	589.0	587.
Niagara Falls	1.9	1.9	1.9	16.1	17.2	17.0	13.0	12.9	13.
Orange County	4.1	4.0	4.1	22.3	22.8	22.8	22.5	22.9	23.
Poughkeepsie	4.7	4.6	4.9	25.4	26.6	26.1	24.5	25.3	25.
Rochester	2211	22.0	22.2	109.4	115.7	113.7	65.0	66.5	66.
Rockland County	5.1	5.4	5.5	24.4	24.7	25.0	21.3	21.7	21.
Syracuse	19.4	19.4	19.6	70.5	74.1	72.6	51.8	51.9	52.
Utica-Rome	6.7	7.0	7.1	26.1	27.4	27.2	28.6	30.0	30.
Westchester County	27.8	28.4	26.6	117.4	116.4	117.9	57.7	58.2	58.
North Carolina	128.5	131.2	133.6	488.2	510.2	515.5	448.1	455.9	456.
Asheville	2.8	2.5	2.5	18.8	16.1	19.6	11.6	12.0	12.
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	36.6	36.9	37.1	104.5	111.7	112.7	61.6	64.4	63.
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	22.9	23.4	23.6	61.5	83.9	84.4	51.9	54.1	53.
	23.1	23.4	23.8	93.5	98.2	99.0	85.6	86.3	86.
Raleigh-Durham	23.1	23.5	23.0	83.5	96.2	99.0	85.6	80.3	86.
North Dakota	12.7	12.3	12.5	61.0	63.2	63.6	64.6	65.9	64.
Bismarck	1.7	1.6	1.6	10.3	10.7	10.7	8.7	6.6	8.7
Fargo-Moorhead	4.5 1.2	4.6 1.2	4.6 1.2	18.3 6.7	19.9 6.9	19.1 6.9	13.2 8.1	14.6 9.4	13.0 8.3
		l				ĺ			
Ohlo	244.7 10.5	250.1 10.8	252.2 10.9	1,065.9 58.9	1,098.0 61.3	1,108.8 62.4	687.5 38.0	710.5 45.0	695. 38.
Cincinnati	40.6	41.8	42.3	172.1	179.9	182.4	86.8	89.9	88.
	54.7			236.3					
Cleveland		56.0	56.6		242.9	244.9	118.5	117.7	117.9
Columbus	57.1	56.8	59.3	155.2	164.0	165.0	122.0	123.6	124.
Dayton-Springfield	18.2	18.2	18.4	104.3	107.4	108.5	71.8	74.5	73.0
Toledo Youngstown-Warren	11.4 8.3	11.2 8.4	11.3 8.5	71.4 44.5	74.4 45.3	74.9 45.9	39.7 23.9	44.0 24.9	40. 24.
Tourigstown - Trainen	6.5	0.4	6.5	44.5	45.5	45.9	23.9	24.5	24.
Oklahoma	60.2	56.7	57.2	235.4	236.3	241.2	249.5	252.7	246.
Enid	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.5	5.4	5.5	3.5	3.6	3.
Lawton	1.6	1.5	1.5	5.8	5.8	5.9	11.7	12.0	11.
Oklahoma City	25.2	23.8	24.0	90.2	90.1	90.3	96.4	97.0	94.0
Tulsa	17.6	17.1	17.3	70.2	69.7	70.9	36.3	36.0	35.4
Oregon	72.5	73.4	74.2	242.9	251.7	253.7	212.1	215.8	216.9
Eugene-Springfield	4.9	4.9	4.9	24.1	25.1	25.6	23.2	23.9	24.
Portland	47.6	48.3	48.7	136.7	141.4	142.0	79.3	80.6	81.0
Salem	5.5	5.7	5.7	18.8	20.0	20.0	29.8	30.3	30.
Pennsylvania	295.3	295.9	299.4	1,280.3	1,334.4	1,341.3	682.7	702.4	696.
Altentown-Bethlehem	11.5	11.8	11.8	66.5	69.4	69.8	30.1	30.5	30.6
Altoona	1.7	1.8	1.8	11.2	11.0	11.3	7.3	7.4	7.0
Beaver County	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.3	11.8	11.9	8.1	8.2	8.3
Erie	5.4	5.4	5.4	26.1	27.5	27.8	13.0	13.9	12.9
	17.3								
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		17.7	18.0	63.4	64.9	66.0	65.4	67.6	66.0
Johnstown	4.8	4.8	4.8	19.4	20.5	20.4	12.8	12.9	13.5
Lancaster	6.7	7.1	7.2	36.2	39.2	38.3	14.8	16.5	15.
Philadelphia PMSA	165.2	163.3	165.6	608.9	629.1	627.6	300.4	304.0	305.
Philadelphia City	73.4	73.1	73.7	247.2	251.9	248.7	142.5	143.3	143.
Pittsburgh	54.6	53.7	54.1	264.7	276.0	277.1	105.1	106.2	107.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining			Construction	)
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Pennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	147.1	153.1	153.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.8	7.1	7.
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	291.0	296.2	297.5	0.7	0.6	0.6	12.8	12.7	13.
York	50.3 168.4	52.7 176.8	53.2 176.8	(²) .4	(²) .5	(²) .5	2.0 9.8	2.0 11.0	2. 11.
Rhode Island	455.7	459.6	460.3	.1	.1	.1	20.4	20.2	20.
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	134.4	134.5	135.0	.1	.1	.1	5.1	5.0	5.
Providence	319.2	325.0	325.4	.1	.1	.1	15.1	15.0	15.
outh Carolina	1,406.2	1,448.7	1,452.4	1.7	1.6	1.7	88.5	90.3	91.
Charleston	189.6	193.7	194.5	(')	(1)	(')	13.6	13.6	14.
Columbia	227.6	234.7	234.6	(')	(')	(¹)	14.0	14.4	14.
Greenville-Spartanburg	310.6	316.0	317.1	(¹)	(¹)	(†)	22.1	22.4	22.
South Dakota	261.3	262.6	266.0	2.7	2.6	2.6	11.2	10.6	11.
Rapid City	35.9	35.9	37.4	.3	.3	.3	2.4	2.3	2.
Sioux Falls	65.3	66.4	67.5	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	3.1	3.2	3.
ennessee	2,020.4	2,063.9	2,067.7	6.8	6.6	6.6	98.2	100.7	101
Chattanooga	185.4	192.9	193.4	.8	.8	.8	8.2	9.4	9
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	158.6	164.6	162.7	.3	.3	.3	6.6	6.7	6
Knoxville	252.7	249.8	251.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	11.8	10.5	10
Memphis	424.0	432.3	435.9	.1	.1	.1	20.1	20.1	20
Nashville	469.5	461.3	461.1	.7	.6	.6	29.6	26.3	27.
'exas	6,483.8	6,587.3	6,592.3	180.2	180.7	181.7	344.7	322.7	327
Abilene	47.7	49.5	49.3	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2
Amarillo	77.2	78.7	78.9	1.4	1.2	1.2	3.5	3.8	4
Austin	349.1	352.0	343.6	.8	.7	.7	16.9	15.1	15
Beaumont-Port Arthur	127.8	129.4	129.2	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.1	7.9	8
Brazoria	56.6	58.2	58.4	1.8	1.8	1.7	5.6	6.2	6 2
Brownsville-Harlingen	65.8	67.2	67.8	.1	.1	.1	2.3	2.2	
Bryan-College Station	45.3 123.1	48.0 125.2	45.7 124.6	.6 4.3	.6 3.9	.6 3.9	1.8 6.5	2.2 6.3	2 6
Dallas	1.332.5	1,332.5	1,333.2	18.8	18.2	18.3	64.1	51.6	51
El Paso	185.9	189.2	189.3	.1	.1	.1	9.7	9.2	9
Ft. Worth-Arlington	512.6	516.5	517.1	3.7	3.6	3.6	25.1	19.7	19
Galveston-Texas City	72.0	71.0	72.1	.6	.6	.6	3.7	2.9	2
Houston	1,387.6	1,406.5	1,415.6	61.5	63.3	64.2	83.2	83.3	84
Killeen-Temple	69.9	70.7	71.3	.1	.1	.1	3.5	3.5	3
Laredo	35.3	36.8	36.4	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.4	1.3	1
Longview-Marshall	64.0	65.7	66.1	3.5	3.6	3.7	2.9	3.4	3
Lubbock	89.7	92.8	91.9	.4	.4	.4	3.4	3.3	3
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	87.0	90.0	89.5	.9	.9	.9	3.9	4.1	4
Midland	42.7	44.7	44.9	9.3	9.8	9.8	1.2	1.2	1
Odessa	42.1	43.4	43.5	5.9	6.0	6.1	2.0	2.1	2
San Angelo	36.0	36.3	36.5	.4	.4	.4	1.6	1.6	1
San Antonio	500.6	510.8	508.4	2.6	2.6	2.6	29.3	26.7	26
Sherman-Denison	37.2	38.2	38.2	.1	.1	.1	1.7	1.7	1
Texarkana	45.4	45.0	45.1	.1	.1	.1	1.9	1.9	1
Tyler	61.7	61.7	61.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.3	2
Victoria	26.9	27.7	27.6	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.9	1.8	1
Waco	76.2 50.2	78.5 50.7	77.3 50.9	1.9	.1 2.0	.1 1.9	3.5 1.8	3.7 2.1	3
Jtah	642.2	649.8	653.2	8.1	8.1	7.9	28.2	23.7	24
Provo-Orem	72.8 448.0	77.2 453.9	78.3 456.3	(¹) 2.6	(¹) 2.8	(¹) 2.5	2.8 19.3	2.7 17.1	2. 17.
	246.0								18
/ermont	246.0 33.7	248.0 34.4	249.2 35.3	.6 .2	.7 .2	.8 .2	17.8 2.3	17.3 2.4	18
Barre-Montpelier									

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Out order	M	fanufacturing	9		nsportation a ublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Pennsylvania-Continued	,		-						
Reading	47.2	48.4	49.0	6.6	7.1	7.1	32.8	33.6	33.
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	72.3	71.2	71.3	15.4	15.8	16.0	66.1	67.7	67.:
Williamsport	16.5	16.6	16.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	11.5	12.3	12.
York	57.4	60.5	60.7	7.4	8.0	8.0	41,3	42.2	42.
Rhode Island	117.1	115.4	115.9	16.3	16.0	16.4	104.6	104.7	106.
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	54.2	53.4	53.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	32.7	33.1	33.
Providence	74.2	72.0	72.3	12.2	12.4	12.7	70.0	71.1	7.2.
outh Carolina	376.1	377.8	379.5	58.9	60.6	61.0	316.4	330.1	334.
Charleston	19.7	20.3	20.6	10.1	10.1	10.1	47.4	47,2	47.
	29.2	29.8	30.1	10.3	10.3	10.6	50.1	51.6	51.
Columbia	100.7	101.5	101.7	11.2	11.7	11.8	71.2	72.9	73.
Greenville-Spartanburg	100.7	101.5	101.7	11.2	11.7	11.0	/ 1.2	12.5	73.
South Dakota	27.9	30.2	30.3	12.1	12.5	12.5	68.8	68.7	69.
Rapid City	3.2	3.1	3.1	1.7	1.9	1.9	10.5	10.3	10.
Sioux Falls	7.5	8.5	8.7	4.6	4.6	4.7	17.6	17.8	17.
ennessee	497.3	498.9	502.0	104.1	106.4	108.1	478.3	485.3	486.
Chattanooga	44.1	46.4	46.7	8.7	8.3	8.4	43.6	44.9	45.
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	53.3	54.1	54.8	6.0	6.1	6.2	35.6	35.7	36.
Knoxville	50.9	49.8	50.4	9.7	10.1	10.2	64.3	64.0	64.
Memphis	52.6	53.6	53.9	38.9	40.1	40.2	117.1	120.6	120.
Nashville	90.7	86.6	86.7	23.0	24.3	24.6	115.5	111.3	110.
exas	922.9	944.2	949.8	383.8	387.0	389.8	1,641.2	1,654.2	1,669.
Abilene	4.5	4.7	4.7	2.5	2.4	2.4	13.3	13.7	13.
Amarillo	9.9	10.0	10.0	5.7	5.9	5.9	22.2	22.7	23.
Austin	39.4	39.2	39.3	10.7	10.8	10.7	79.4	77.5	77.
Beaumont-Port Arthur	25.1	25.5	25.6	9.8	9.5	9.6	31.7	31.4	31.
Brazoria	15.4	15.7	15.7	2.3	2.3	2.3	11.0	11.0	11.
Brownsville-Harlingen	9.9	10.4	10.5	3.1	3.1	3.1	17.4	17.4	17.
Bryan-College Station	3.0	3.1	3.2	1.6	1.7	1.6	9.6	9.6	9.
Corpus Christi	11.3	11.1	11.1	6.9	6.9	6.9	31.8	32.4	32.
Dallas	222.5	221.9	222.8	89.4	91.6	92.2	345.6	348.5	350.
El Paso	36.1	37.7	37.7	10.2	10.7	10.8	46.5	47.1	47.
Ft. Worth-Arlington	110.3	117.6	119.0	30.0	31.1	31.0	138.6	133.8	133.
	8.6	8.5	8.6	5.3	4.5	4.5	14.7	14.7	15.
Galveston-Texas City	144.7	150.3	151.1	98.1	99.0	99.4	350.3	354.7	358.
Houston	8.2	8.1	8.5	2.7	2.7	- 1	16.0		
						2.8		16.4	16.
Laredo	1.8	1.6	1.7	4.4	4.9 3.1	5.0	10.1	10.6	10. 16.
Longview-Marshall	15.7 7.2	15.9 7.4	16.2 7.5	3.2 4.8	5.0	3.2 5.0	16.5 26.6	16.8 27.7	27.
Lubbock	12.1	11.6	12.2	2.8	2.7	2.7	26.6	26.9	27. 26.
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.7	10.0		
Midland	3.7							10.2	10.
Odessa		3.8	3.8	2.0	2.1	2.1	12.4	12.6	12.
San Angelo	5.5	5.6	5.5	3.1	3.1	3.1	9.4	9.3	9.
San Antonio	46.9	47.1	47.2	18.2	18.1	18,3	130.4	132.5	133.
Sherman-Denison	11.1	11.3	11.3	2.0	2.0	2.0	8.3	8.3	В.
Texarkana	7.3	7.0	7.2	1.8	1.7	1.8	10.6	10.6	10.
Tyler	10.7	10.5	10.5	2.9	2.7	2.7	16.6	16.5	16.
Victoria	2.9	3.1	3.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.6	7.8	7.
Waco	14.8 8.5	14.9 8.1	14.9 8.1	3.3 2.6	3.3	3.3 2.6	18.9 12.2	19.1 12.2	19. 12.
	i	}		1		ł	į		
Itah	91.8	95.9	96.7	37.6	38.5	38.7	152.9	151.6	153.
Provo-Orem	10.2 61.8	12.8 62.9	12.9 63.4	2.7 28.8	3.0 29.6	3.0 29.7	15.7 111.5	16.4 111.7	16. 112.
. •	ì	j		ļ	i		}	ļ	
Parre-Montpelier	49.4 4.6	49.3 4.6	50.2 4.7	10.2	10.6	10.8	56.7 7.1	58.0 7.3	58. 7.
Burlington	16.5	16.7	17.2	3.0	3.0	3.0	17.3	18.1	18.
g	10.5	10.7	17.2	3.0	5.0	5.0	17.5	10.1	16

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	June	Mess							
	1987	May 1988	June 1988	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988
									<del></del>
Reading	7.5	8.1	8.2	29.9	31.2	31.6	16.3	17.6	16
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	12.9	12.9	13.1	70.3	73.7	74.6	40.5	41.6	40
Williamsport	2.3	2.4 5.2	2.4 5.3	9.6 29.7	10.4 31.0	10.8 30.9	6.5 17.7	7.1 18.4	18
	25.7	26.0	26.2	112.9		1	58.6	59.4	58
hode Island	3.7	3.6	3.7	24.8	117.8 25.4	115.4 25.0	10.3	10.3	10
Providence	21.5	21.7	21.8	82.2	87.6	85.7	43.9	45.1	44
outh Carolina	65.7	66.3	67.7	246.3	258.2	260.4	252.6	263.8	25
Charleston	8.7	8.8	9.1	40.1	40.5	40.6	49.9	53.1	5
Columbia	18.3	18.9	19.3	43.7	44.6	44.6	61.6	64.7	63
Greenville-Spartanburg	11.9	12.0	12.1	53.1	55.6	55.9	40.1	39.6	39
outh Dakota	14.6	14.4	14.7	62.7	63.0	63.8	61.4	60.8	61
Rapid City	1.8	1.7	1.7	9.2	9.3	10.0	6.8	7.0	
Sioux Falls	6.2	6.3	6.5	17.9	18.5	18.6	8.3	7.4	
ennessee	103.0	102.5	103.4	413.9	424.1	424.7	318.7	339.4	33
Chattanooga	12,1	11.6	11.6	36.9	37.3	37.4	31.0	34.2	3
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	5.3	5.5	5.5	27.9	31.5	29.5	23.6	24.7	2
Knoxville	9.7	9.7	9.6	53.0	51.7	52.1	51.3	52.1	5
Memphis	24.4 33.3	24.9 33.3	25.1 33.4	98.9 115.2	99.8 111.0	101.8 111.6	71.9 61.4	73.1 67.9	7 6
exas	444.3	439.5	441.2	1,437.8	1,481.3	1,490.1	1,128.9	1,177.7	1,14
Abilene	2.6	2.6	2.6	12.5	13.1	12.6	8.2	8.9	1,14
Amarillo	4.5	4.4	4.4	16.7	16.4	16.8	13.3	14.3	1
Austin		24.7	24.7	84.6	83.8	83.5	92.0	100.2	g
Beaumont-Port Arthur	5.3	5.3	5.3	27.9	27.9	28.2	19.4	20.4	1
Brazoria	2.1	2.0	2.0	7.8	8.1	8.1	10.6	11.1	1
Brownsville-Harlingen	3.5	3.5	3.5	14.1	13.9	15.0	15.5	16.6	1
Bryan-College Station	1.8	1.6	1.7	8.2(	8.7	8.6	18.7	20.5	1
Corpus Christi	6.9	7.0	7.0	27.7	29.5	29.1	27.7	28.1	2
Dalles	134.1	128.7	128.6	310.8	320.5	323.2	147.2	151.5	14
El Paso	9.7	9.6	9.6	35.2	35.6	36.2	38.5	39.2	3
Ft. Worth-Arlington	28.2	26.8	26.8	112.4	115.1	116.9	64.3	68.8	6
Galveston-Texas City		4.2	4.2	14.2	14.8	15.2	20.6	20.8	2
Houston		96.7	97.4	360.7	369.8	372.7	185.9	189.4	18
Killeen-Temple		2.9	2.9	15.3	15.6	15.7	21.1	21.4	2
Laredo	1.6	1.7	1.7	5.9	6.1	6.0	8.2	8.7	
Lubbook		2.7 5.5	2.7 5.5	11.3 21.5	11.7 22.2	11.6 22.2	8.1 20.2	8.5 21.3	1
Lubbock	3.6	3.8	3.8	14.0	14.5	14.5	23.1	25.5	2
Midland	2.5	2.5	2.5	8.6	6.8	9.0	6.1	7.2	-
Odessa	1.6	1.7	1.7	6.9	7.3	7.3	7.6	7.8	
San Angelo	1.8	1.8	1.8	7.7	7.7	8.0	6.5	6.8	
San Antonio	40.1	40.1	40.3	120.3	126.1	125.8	112.8	117.6	11
Sherman-Denison	1.7	1.7	1.8	8.1	8.8	8.6	4.2	4.3	
Texarkana	1.9	1.8	1.9	9.4	9.6	9.6	12.4	12.3	1
Tyler	3.7	3.6	3.6	14.7	14.9	14.8	9.0	9.2	
Victoria	1.5	1.6	1.6	5.7	5.8	5.8	4.4	4.7	ì
Waco	4.7	4.7	4,7	19.0	20.3	19.7	11.9	12.4	1
Wichita Falls	2.3	2.3	2.4	11.4	11.5	11.5	9.5	9.9	1
itah	33.9	33.9	34.2	147.0	152.5	155.4	142.6	145.6	14
Provo-Orem	2.4	2.3 27.9	2.3 28.3	25.0 101.8	26.0 107.1	26.6 108.6	14.0 94.3	14.0 94.8	9
• •		12.2	12.5	60.3	59.4	60.2	38.9	40.5	3
Parre-Montpelier	12.1	2.9	2.9	7.3	59.4 7.7	8,0	8.3	8.4	3
Burlington	3.6	3.7	3.7	16.2	19.3	20.0	10.7	12.1	1

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Virginia	2.711.8	2,787.5	2,817.1	15.7	15.0	15.2	187.7	195.5	200.
Bristol	31.4	33.3	33.5	15.7	.1	.1	1.0	195.5	200.
Charlottesville	64.7	67.3	65.9	.1	.1	.1	3.8	3.7	3.
Danville		41.2	41.4	1 .1		1	1.7	2.0	2.
Lynchburg		72.9	73.7	1 .1	.1	.1	3.5	3.5	3.
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News		572.0	581.0	'i	1	1	40.4	39.4	39.
Northern Virginia		746.7	756.8	.5	.5	.5	54.0	57.8	59.
Richmond-Petersburg		449.7	452.4	.5	.6	.6	29.4	30.7	31.8
Roanoke	1	119.4	120.5	.1	.2	.2	7.8	7.6	7.9
Washington	1,864.3	1,921.9	1,941.7	3.0	3.3	3.4	89.8	97.1	101.
Seattle	935.0	975.8	986.7	.6	.7	.7	47.1	51.4	53.0
West Virginia		616.5	606.4	35.9	33.7	34.0	25.5	25.4	26.6
Charleston		107.6	107.3	2.3	2.0	2.0	4.4	4.3	4.5
Huntington-Ashland		104.1	104.1	1.3	1.4	1.4	4.5	4.4	4.7
Parkersburg-Marietta		60.6	60.8	.6	.6	.6	3.0	3.0	3.1
Wheeling	58.4	59. <b>6</b>	59.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2
Wisconsin		2,145.2	2,181.1	2.3	2.4	2.5	70.4	72.1	75.4
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah		149.4	151.7	(0)	(1)	(¹)	5.9	6.2	6.8
Eau Claire		58.5	58.4	(0)	(1)	(')	1.5	1.6	1.7
Green Bay		97.3	99.6	0	()	(j)	3.3	3.4	3.5
Janesville-Beloit		56.8	56.8	(2)	(2)	(')	1.3	1.1	1.2
Kenosha	40.8	42.1	41.9	(2)	()	(')	1.3	.7(	.7
La Crosse		54.3	54.3	()	(')	(')	1.5	1.7	2.0
Madison	197.7	204.8	205.1	( O	(¹)	(')	7.3	7.6	7.7
Milwaukee	700.4	715.4	724.3	( <u>0</u>	(1)	()	21.7	21.6	22.5
Wausau	70.0 45.8	71.2 47.5	72.3 48.0	()	(1)	(¹) (¹)	1.8 1.3	1.7 1.4	1.8 1.6
Wyoming	186.2	178.2	183.7	17.4	17.6	17.7	11.8	8.8	9.6
							į	1	
Puerto Rico	788.1	776.9	809.5	.8	8	.8	35.0	37.0	37.€
Caguas	50.2	52.6	55.0	(')	(2)	()	()	() [	(¹)
Mayaguez	54.9	55.5	55.7	(1)	(')	(')	(')	(¹) _ [	(¹)
Ponce	51.0	48.7	50.1	.1	.2	.2	2.8	3.5	3.5
San Juan	487.9	464.0	475.8	.4	.4	.4	26.2	27.1	27.4
/irgin Islands	38.7	40.3	40.1	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	1.5	1.9	1.8

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

State and area		lanufacturing	)		nsportation a ublic utilities		Wholesale and retail trade			
State and area	June 1 <b>9</b> 87	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	
Virginia	431.1	425.3	429.1	143.4	144.9	146.8	614.2	638.6	648.	
Bristol	10.3	11.4	11.4	1.1	1.1	1.1	7.8	8.2	8.	
Charlottesville	8.7	8.6	8.7	2.2	2.3	2.3	13.1	14.1	14.	
Danville	16.9	16.7	16.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	8.4	9.1	9.	
Lynchburg	24.0	23.2	23.4	3.0	2.8	2.9	14.3	15.4	15.	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	67.9	69.8	70.7	26.5	25.9	26.5	137.2	140.4	143	
Northern Virginia	35.1	35.2	35.7	49.8	52.7	54.0	160.2	168.1	169	
Richmond-Petersburg	62.2	62.1	62.2	23.1	23.6	23.7	103.9	109.3	110	
Roanoke	19.7	19.2	19.5	9.0	8.6	8.7	34.7	32.0	32.	
/ashington	317.2	331.2	334.3	99.5	102.1	104.0	459.9	468.8	478	
Seattle	181.8	192.4	194.8	59.7	60.3	61.1	227.8	235.5	239	
est Virginia	87.1	85.0	86.7	37.0	36.5	37.0	139.3	142.7	144	
Charleston	11.2	10.8	10.8	8.3	8.5	8.5	28.0	28.3	26	
Huntington-Ashland	19.3	19.1	19.3	8.0	7.7	7.7	26.6	26.8	27	
Parkersburg-Marietta	13.9	13.9	14.5	2.1	2.2	2.2	14.6	14.7	14	
Wheeling	7.1	7.1	7.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	15.9	16.1	16	
/isconsin	531.5	541.3	555.6	95.3	97.2	98.4	500.9	512.6	523	
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	51.5	52.3	54.4	5.2	5.4	5.3	30.8	32.1	32	
Eau Claire	10.4	10.8	11.1	3.5	3.8	3.7	15.7	16.8	16	
Green Bay	24.9	24.8	26.2	6.4	6.3	6.3	24.9	25.5	2€	
Janesville-Beloit	17.7	17.9	17.8	2.3	2.5	2.5	13.6	14.0	14	
Kenosha	13.0	14.5	14.3	1.5	1.3	1.3	9.1	9.2	9	
La Crosse	10.7	11.2	11.2	2.5	2.7	2.7	14.0	14.5	14	
Madison	22.7	22.9	23.4	7.1	7.4	7.4	43.9	45.7	45	
Milwaukee	168.5	174.0	175.9	35.0	35.6	35.6	161.5	165.5	168	
Racine	24.2	24.7	24.9	2.3	2.3	2.3	16.7	17.2	17	
Wausau	13.1	13.5	14.0	2.8	3.0	2.9	11.3	11.6	11	
/yoming	7.7	8.0	8.2	12.8	12.6	12.8	41.3	39.0	40	
uerto Rico	146.0	154.3	151.1	16.2	15.5	15.4	134.7	140.4	140	
Caguas	15.1	15.0	14.7	(1)	(¹)	(')	9.1	9.8	9	
Mayaguez	17.5	20.1	18.2	Ö	Ö	(i)	7.7	7.9	7	
Ponce	8.6	9.1	8.8	(i)	Ö	Ö	8.0	8.2	e	
San Juan	64.3	66.2	66.1	12.5	12.8	12.7	93.5	99.5	99	
irgin Islands	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.6	2.6	2.6	9.1	9.4	ç	

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		ance, insurar nd real estat			Services		Government			
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	
Virginia	146.5	148,4	150.9	640.2	674.8	686.9	533.0	545.0	539.2	
Bristol	1.2	1.3	1.4	4.7	5.1	5.0	5.3	5,2	5.0	
Charlottesville	3.6	3.6	3.6	12.0	12.0	12.2	21.2	22.9	20.9	
Danville	1.3	1.3	1.3	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.2	5.3	5.3	
Lynchburg	3.8	4.0	4.1	14.4	14.2	14.1	9.4	9.7	9.9	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	27.3	27.7	28.5	133.6	140.6	144.1	128.5	128.1	128.3	
Northern Virginia	46.3	48.6	49.5	227.0	239.5	243.2	143.7	144.3	145.4	
Richmond-Petersburg	36.9	35.9	36.5	93.9	96.3	96.7	89.6	91.2	90.8	
Roanoke	8.1	8.6	8.6	27.9	27.6	28.2	15.5	15.6	15.3	
Washington	108.0	108.1	108.9	420.3	445.5	446.2	366.6	365.8	365.7	
Seattle	68.3	68.3	68.7	217.1	234.5	236.4	132.6	132.7	132.9	
West Virginia	24.3	24.3	24.5	125.8	126.3	124.8	128.2	142.6	128.5	
Charleston	6.1	6.0	6.0	25.6	25.0	25.5	21.4	22.7	21.5	
Huntington-Ashland	4.0	3.8	3.9	20.5	21.6	-21.8	19.2	19.3	18.3	
Parkersburg-Marietta	2.3	2.3	2.3	13.6	13.6	13.5	9.8	10.3	10.0	
Wheeling	2.7	2.7	2.7	15.6	15.8	15.6	9.7	10.4	9.8	
Wisconsin	113.7	114.0	115.4	460.3	468.1	476.6	331.1	337.5	333.6	
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	7.1	7.6	7.6	27.8	28.2	28.6	16.9	17.3	16.4	
Eau Claire	2.0	2.0	2.0	11.9	12.2	12.4	9.5	11.3	10.7	
Green Bay	3.4	3.5	3.6	20.5	22.4	22.6	11.2	11.4	11.2	
Janesville-Beloit	1.7	1.7	1.7	11.8	12.6	12.7	6.5	6.9	6.8	
Kenosha	1.3	1.4	1.4	8.1	8.5	8.4	6.5	6.5	6.4	
La Crosse	1.5	1.5	1.5	13.7	14.3	14.4	6.6	8.4	8.0	
Madison	17.6	18.2	18.4	42.8	44.2	44.6	56.1	58.6	57.6	
Milwaukee	49.2	48.7	49.3	180.1	185.9	188.7	84.0	83.8	83.8	
Racine	2.3	2.3	2.3 3.5	14.0 8.0	14.8 8.3	14.9	8.6	8.2	8.6	
Wausau	3.4	3.4	3.5	0.0	8.3	8.3	5.8	6.3	6.1	
Wyoming	7.5	7.2	7.2	35.1	32.0	35.7	52.6	53.0	51.7	
Puerto Rico	35.0	36.3	36.3	107.8	114.5	112.6	312.6	278.1	315.8	
Caguas	(')	(¹)	(¹)	(')	(¹)	(¹)	17.5	17.5	20.4	
Mayaguez	(9)	(¹)	(')	(6)	(1)	(i)	20.7	18.2	20.3	
Ponce	(f)	(1)	(')	9.2	9.3	9.1	19.5	15.4	17.3	
San Juan	28.7	29.4	29.3	77.3	81.6	80.5	184.9	147.0	160.0	
Virgin Islands	1.7	1.7	1.7	9.0	9.5	9.2	12.6	12.9	13.2	

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1987 benchmarks except Colorado. Data for Colorado have been adjusted to December 1986 benchmarks.

Not available.
 Combined with construction.
 = preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

V	•	Total private	I		Mining			Construction	)
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				A	nnual averag	es			•
1964	38.7	\$2.36	\$91.33	41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06
1965	38.8	2.46	95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
1966	38.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
1967	38.0	2.68	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95
1968	37.8	2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49
1969	37.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
1970	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
1971	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
1972	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
1973	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89
1974	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25
1975	36.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.95	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.08
1976	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73
1977	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8,10	295.65
1978	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69
1979	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
1980	35.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
1981	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26
1982	34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.82
1983	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.28	479.40	37.1	11.94	442.97
1984	35.2	8.32	292.86	43.3	11.63	503.58	37.8	12.13	458.51
1985	34.9	8.57	299.09	43.4	11.98	519.93	37.7	12.32	464.46
1986	34.8	8.76	304.85	42.2	12.46	525.81	37.4	12.48	466.75
1987	34.8	8.98	312.50	42.4	12.52	530.85	37.8	12.69	479.68
				Monthly data	a, not seasor	ally adjusted	 1		
1987:	<del></del>				1	,,		<u> </u>	
July	35.0	\$8.90	\$311.50	42.0	\$12.41	\$521.22	38.6	\$12.60	\$486.36
August	35.2	8.94	314.69	42.7	12.40	529.48	38.6	12.68	489.45
September	34.7	9.05	314.04	42.3	12.50	528.75	36.5	12.79	466.84
October	34.9	9.08	316.89	42.9	12.42	532.82	38.8	12.82	497.42
November	34.8	9.13	317,72	42.6	12.54	534.20	37.1	12.83	475.99
December	34.8	9.13	317.72	43.1	12.60	543.06	37.6	12.81	481.66
1988:					i '				
January	34.4	9.18	315.79	42.1	12.77	537.62	35.9	12.99	466.34
February	34.5	9.17	316.37	41.8	12.71	531.28	36.1	12.82	462.80
March	34.4	9.18	315.79	41.9	12.59	527.52	37.4	12.87	481.34
April	34.7	9.23	320.28	42.8	12.60	539.28	37.9	12.88	488.15
May	34.6	9.26	320.40	42.2	12.54	529.19	38.2	12.87	491.63
June	35.0	9.23	323.05	42.6	12.55	534.63	38.7	12.87	498.07
July <sup>o</sup>	35.1	9.25	324.68	42.2	12.61	532.14	38.5	12.94	498.19

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

		Manufa	acturing		Transp	ortation and utilities	public	W	/holesale tra	de
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekiy hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earning:
					Annual a	averages	·			
964	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	41.1	\$2.89	\$118.78	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.56
965	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	3.03	125.14	40.8	2.61	106.49
966	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.1
967	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.88	116.00
968	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.05	122.3
969	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.8
970	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.44	137.20
971	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.5	3.65	144.18
972	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.6
973	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.3	4.08	160.3
974	40.0	4.42	4.25	176.80	40.2	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.39	170.3
975	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.7	3	183.0
							256.71		4.73	,
976	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	6.45		38.7	5.03	194.6
977	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	209.1
978	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.1
979	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.93
980	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.5	6.96	267.9
981	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.56	291.0
982	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.09	309.8
983	40.1	8.83	8.52	354.08	39.0	10.79	420.81	38.5	8.55	329.1
984	40.7	9.19	8.82	374.03	39.4	11.12	438.13	38.5	8.89	342.2
985	40.5	9.54	9.16	386.37	39.5	11.40	450.30	38.4	9.16	351.7
986	40.7	9.73	9.34	396.01	39.2	11.70	458.64	38.3	9.35	358.1
987	41.0	9.91	9.48	406.31	39.2	12.03	471.58	38.1	9.59	365.3
		<b>L</b>	1	Month	y data, not	seasonally a	djusted	L	<del></del>	l
1987:		Τ		[		T			T -	F
July	40.6	\$9.87	\$9.45	\$400.72	39.6	\$12.00	\$475.20	38.2	\$9.56	\$365.19
August	40.9	9.86	9.42	403.27	39.7	12.06	478.78	38.3	9.60	367.6
September	40.8	9.99	9.53	407.59	39.2	12.11	474.71	38.0	9.64	366.3
October	41.3	9.95	9.48	410.94	39.4	12.12	477.53	38.3	9.65	369.6
November	41.4	10.01	9.54	414.41	39.3	12.21	477.33	38.2		371.3
									9.72	
December988:	41.8	10.07	9.59	420.93	39.2	12.24	479.81	38.2	9.73	371.6
January	41.0	10.07	9.62	412.87	39.0	12.16	474.24	37.9	9.78	370.6
February	40.7	10.05	9.63	409.04	38.9	12.23	475.75	37.9	9.78	370.6
March	40.9	10.07	9.64	411.86	38.6	12.19	470.53	37.9	9.78	370.6
April	41.0	10.12	9.68	414.92	39.2	12.27	480.98	38.2	9.88	377.4
May	40.9	10.14	9.70	414.73	39.2	12.28	481.38	38.0	9.87	375.0
June <sup>p</sup>	41.2	10.16	9.70	418.59	39.5	12.29	485.46	38.2	9.85	376.2
July <sup>p</sup>	40.7	10.18	9.73	414.33	39.7	12.31	488.71	38.3	9.94	380.7
July	40.7	10.18	9.73	414.33	39.7	12.31	400./1	30.3	9.94	38

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS**

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date-Continued

Year and		Retail trade			ance, insurai nd real esta			Services	
month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				A	nnual averag	es		•	
1964	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.75	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.79	36.1	\$1.94	\$70.03
1965	36.6	1.82	66.61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	2.05	73.60
1966	35.9	1.91	68.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
1967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	80.38
1968	34.7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	83.97
1969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
1970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
1971	33.7	2.60	87.62	36.6	3.22	117.85	33.9	3.04	103.06
1972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	3.36	122.98	33.9	3.27	110.85
1973	33.1	2.91	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
1974	32.7	3.14	102.68	36.5	3.77	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
1975	32.4	3.36	108.86	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
1976	32.1	3.57	114.60	36.4	4.27	155.43	33.3	4.31	143.52
1977	31.6	3.85	121.66	36.4	4.54	165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
1978	31.0	4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4.99	163.67
1979	30.6	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
1980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	190.71
1981	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	6.31	229.05	32.6	6.41	208.97
1982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44	32.6	6.92	225.59
1983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7	7.31	239.04
1984	29.8	5.85	174.33	36.5	7.63	278.50	32.6	7.59	247.43
1985	29.4	5.94	174.64	36.4	7.94	289.02	32.5	7.90	256.75
1986	29.2	6.03	176.08	36.4	8.36	304.30	32.5	8.18	265.85
1987	29.2	6.11	178.41	36.3	8.73	316.90	32.5	8.48	275.60
			ı	Monthly data	, not seasor	nally adjusted	t		
1987:		1							
July	30.0	\$6.07	\$182.10	36.2	\$8.63	\$312.41	32.8	\$8.34	\$273.55
August	30.2	6.07	183.31	36.4	8.74	318.14	32.9	8.40	276.36
September	29.5	6.20	182.90	36.0	8.73	314.28	32.4	8.54	276.70
October	29.1	6.16	179.26	36.2	8.76	317.11	32.5	8.61	279.83
November	29.0	6.18	179.22	36.3	8.89	322.71	32.5	8.71	283.08
December	29.3	6.19	181.37	36.0	8.81	317.16	32.4	8.73	282.85
1988:			{						
January	28.3	6.24	176.59	36.2	8.96	324.35	32.4	8.81	285.44
February	28.5	6.23	177.56	36.4	9.02	328.33	32.6	8.81	287.21
March	28.6	6.24	178.46	35.8	8.97	321.13	32.3	8.80	284.24
April	28.9	6.26	180.91	36.2	9.03	326.89	32.6	8.82	287.53
May	28.9	6.28	181.49	35.8	9.09	325.42	32.4	8.84	286.42
June <sup>p</sup>	29.4	6.26	184.04	35.9	8.96	321.66	32.7	8.78	287.11
July <sup>p</sup>	30.0	6.28	188.40	36.2	9.00	325.80	33.0	8.80	290.40

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1987 forward are subject to revision.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988
Total private		35.0	35.0	34.6	35.0	35.1					
Mining		42.3	42.0	42.2	42.6	42.2					
Metal mining	10	41.9	42.0	42.2	42.5				ł		1
Iron ores		41.4	40.0	40.2	41.4				1		}
Copper ores		42.6	43.6	43.7	43.1						
Coal mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining		42.8 42.8		41.5 41.5	42.1 42.1						
Oil and gas extraction	13	40.7	42.1	41.2	41.3			l			
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids .		40.6	42.5	40.2	41.5					İ	i
Oil and gas field services	138	40.8	41.8	41.8	41.2						
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	46.5	46.3	46.5	47.1						
Crushed and broken stone		48.2	48.6	47.7	48.4						
Construction		38.1	20.6	20.2	29.7	38.5	ļ		1		1
			38.6	38.2	38.7	30.3			1		1
General building contractors		37.5	37.8	37.5	37.9						
Residential building construction		37.1	37.1	36.7	37.0				1		
Operative builders  Nonresidential building construction		38.0 38.0	38.0 38.5	39.1 38.4	38.5 39.0				1	İ	1
Tronicolatinal contains contaction		00.0	30.0	00.4	00.0	1	}	I		}	
Heavy construction contractors		41.7	42.8	42.6	43.3		1				
Highway and street construction		42.7	44.9	43.9	45.0	ĺ	1	ĺ			
Heavy construction, except highway	162	41.0	41.5	41.9	42.3			1			
Special trade contractors	17	37.4	37.8	37.3	37.7			)			
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		38.2	38.7	38.5	38.9			Ì			
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		36.2	36.4	35.9	36.7	i			Ì		i
Electrical work		38.9 35.6	39.2 35.8	38.7 35.4	38.7 35.5				]		
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		36.1	36.1	35.4	35.5						
Roofing and sheet metal work		34.1	35.2	34.1	35.7			1			
Manufacturing		41.1	40.6	40.9	41.2	40.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.9	3.
Durable goods		41.7	41.0	41.7	41.9	41.2	3.8	3.6	4.0	4.1	3.
Lumber and wood products	24	41.3	40.4	40.5	40.9	40.2	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.9	
Logging camps and logging contractors		40.7	39.6	40.5	41.0	-	4.3	4.0	4.7	4.0	ì
Sawmills and planing mills		42.4	41.2	41.4	41.6		4.8	4.5	4.4	4.4	]
Sawmills and planing mills, general		42.5	41.4	41.9	42.0		4.9	4.7	4.6	4.6	1
Hardwood dimension and flooring Millwork, plywood, and structural members		42.1 41.6	41.0 40.5	39.7 40.0	40.2 40.6		4.3	3.7	3.2	3.5 3.8	
Millwork		42.5	41.2	40.5	41.0		4.1	3.6	2.8	3.4	
Wood kitchen cabinets		40.8	40.0	39.0	39.8		3.5	3.3	2.8	3.4	
Hardwood veneer and plywood		41.2	39.8	41.0	41.0	Ì	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.8	
Softwood veneer and plywood		41.6	40.0	40.8	41.5		4.7	4.3	4.7	5.0	ļ
Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes		39.1 39.9	38.9 40.3	39.4 39.8	39.5 40.5		3.3	3.1	3.6	3.5	
Mobile homes		39.4	40.1	39.4	40.0		3.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	
Miscellaneous wood products		40.6	39.9	40.3	40.6		3.4	3.0	3.1	3.3	
Furniture and fixtures	25	40.0	39.3	39.1	39.3	38.7	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.6	
Household furniture		39.5	38.9	38.6	39.1	-	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.3	
Wood household furniture		40.1	39.3	39.3	39.2		2.7	2.3	2.5	2.4	
Upholstered household furniture		38.4	37.9	36.8	38.0	}	2.0	1.7	1.3	1.8	
Metal household furniture  Mattresses and bedsprings		41.2 38.7	40.3 39.2	40.4 39.5	40.5 40.6		3.3	3.0	3.1	2.7 3.6	
Office furniture		40.8	39.3	40.0	39.5	-	2.7 3.0	2.5	2.2	2.4	
Public building and related furniture		40.5	41.2	40.4	41.5	-	3.4	3.8	3.9	4.5	
Partitions and fixtures	254	41.1	40.0	40.3	39.7		3.3	3.3	2.9	3.0	
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	259	40.4	39.5	38.0	39.3		2.5	2.6	2.1	2.7	
Stone, clay, and glass products		42.5	42.6	42.8	42.8	42.5	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.3	
Flat glass	321	46.7	44.3	46.5	47.2	-	6.0	5.0	8.2	7.9	
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	41.3	40.9	41.7	40.9		4.8	5.0	4.4	4.4	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	<b>May</b> 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988°
Total private		\$8.91	\$8.90	\$9.26	\$9.23	\$9.25	<b>\$</b> 311.85	\$311.50	\$320.40	\$323.05	\$324.68
Mining		12.52	12.41	12.54	12.55	12.61	529.60	521.22	529.19	534.63	532.14
Metal mining	10	12.91	12.92	12.99	13.18		540.93	542.64	548.18	560.15	
iron ores		14.20	14.84	13.41	14.55		587.88	593.60	539.08	602.37	
Copper ores	102	11.37	11.25	11.56	11.68		484.36	490.50	505.17	503.41	
Coat mining	14.40	45.05	1	45.75	45.00		600.00	614.00	CEO CO	665.40	
Coal mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining		15.65 15.71		15.75 15.80	15.80 15.85		669.82 672.39	614.26 618.19	653.63 655.70	665.18 667.29	
Oil and gas sytraction	12	11.52	11.50	11.62	11.58		468.86	484.15	478.74	478.25	
Oil and gas extraction		13.98	14.03	14.39	14.32		567.59	596.28	578.48	594.28	
Oil and gas field services		9.97	9.91	10.14	10.06		406.78	414.24	423.85	414.47	
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	10.64	10.60	10.89	10.94		494.76	490.78	506.39	515.27	
Crushed and broken stone		10.07	10.04	10.33			485.37	487.94	492.74	503.84	
Construction		12.66	12.60	12.87	12.87	12.94	482.35	486.36	491.63	498.07	498.19
General building contractors	15	11,61	11.59	12.09	12.00		435.38	438.10	453.38	454.80	
Residential building construction		10.88	10.77	11.44			403.65	399.57	419.85	418.84	
Operative builders		10.28	10.22	11.04	11.04		390.64	388.36	431.66	425.04	
Nonresidential building construction	154	12.52	12.57	12.87	12.85		475.76	483.95	494.21	501.15	
Heavy construction contractors	16	12.21	12.11	12.31	12.39		509.16	518.31	524.41	536.49	
Highway and street construction	161	12.12	12.09	12.24	12.47		517.52	542.84	537.34	561.15	
Heavy construction, except highway	162	12.28	12.12	12.36	12.34		503.48	502.98	517.88	521.98	
Special trade contractors	17	13.24	13.18	13.37	13.38		495.18	498.20	498.70	504.43	
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	171	13.45	13.39	13.70	13.66		513.79	518.19	527.45	531.37	
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		12.52	12.56	12.63	12.55		453.22	457.18	453.42	460.59	
Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering		14.69 13.56	14.70 13.44	14.68 13.67	14.70 13.65	1	571.44 482.74	576.24 481.15	568.12 483.92	568.89 484.58	
Carpentering and flooring		12.46	12.41	12.77	12.79		449.81	448.00	458.44	456.60	
Roofing and sheet metal work		11.58	11.58	11.90	11.83		394.88	407.62	405.79	422.33	
Manufacturing		9.87	9.87	10.14	10.16	10.18	405.66	400.72	414.73	418.59	414.33
Durable goods		10.40	10.38	10.67	10.70	10.70	433.68	425.58	444.94	448.33	440.84
Lumber and wood products	24	8.43	8.45	8.54	8.59	8.64	348.16	341.38	345.87	351.33	347.33
Logging camps and logging contractors		10.78	10.79	10.64	10.74	-	438.75	427.28	430.92	440.34	-
Sawmills and planing mills		8.59	8.60	8.68	8.70		364.22	354.32	359.35	361.92	
Sawmills and planing mills, general		8.95	8.95	9.00	9.02		380.38	370.53	377.10	378.84	
Hardwood dimension and flooring Millwork, plywood, and structural members		6.77 8.33	6.78 8.35	7.00 8.59	7.02 8.61		285.02 346.53	277.98 338.18	277.90 \ 343.60	282.20 349.57	
Millwork		8.63	8.65	8.84	8.80	·	366.78	356.38	358.02	360.80	
Wood kitchen cabinets	2434	7.66	7.61	7.95	8.04		312.53	304.40	310.05	319.99	
Hardwood veneer and plywood	2435	6.85	6.89	7.02	6.99		282.22	274.22	287.82	286.59	
Softwood veneer and plywood		9.77 6.20	9.77	10.12 6.39	10.19 6.33		406.43 242.42	390.80	412.90 251.77	422.89 250.04	
Wood buildings and mobile homes		7.92	6.21 7.97	8.08	8.09	į	316.01	241.57 321.19	321.58	327.65	
Mobile homes		8.01	8.04	8.22	8.22		315.59	322.40	323.87	328.80	
Miscellaneous wood products	249	7.38	7.32	7.37	7.39		299.63	292.07	297.01	300.03	
Furniture and fixtures		7.66	7.66	7.87	7.89	7.94	306.40	301.04	307.72	310.08	307.28
Household furniture		7.04	7.05	7.24	7.29	-	278.08	274.25	279.46	285.04	-
Wood household furniture Upholstered household furniture		6.50 7.75	6.53 7.69	6.80 7.90	6.79 7.92		260.65 297.60	256.63 291.45	267.24 290.72	266.17 300.96	
Metal household furniture		7.75	7.09	7.12	7.92		290.46	290.56	287.65	298.49	
Mattresses and bedsprings		7.60	7.63	7.74	7.78	1	294.12	299.10	305.73	315.87	
Office furniture		8.70	8.66	8.94	9.01	1	354.96	340.34	357.60	355.90	
Public building and related furniture		8.12	8.06	8.34	8.39		328.86	332.07	336.94	348.19	
Partitions and fixtures Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		9.12 8.17	9.18 8.09	9.40 8.25	9.31 8.14		374.83 330.07	367.20 319.56	378.82 313.50	369.61 319.90	
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	10.28	10.30	10.45	10.47	10.55	436.90	438.78	447.26	448.12	448.38
Flat glass		14.34	14.05	14.92	14.87	-	669.68	622.42	693.78	701.86	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		11.43	11.62	11.66	11.73		472.06	475.26	486.22	479.76	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972	L	Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	Jul 1988
Durable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products-Continued		}	}								
Glass containers	3221	41.5	40.6	42.1	40.5		5.9	5.9	5.5	5.3	
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	41.0	41.2	41.2	41.3		3.6	3.8	3.2	3.3	1
Products of purchased glass	323	41.3	41.3	41.8	41.9		3.6	3.5	3.4	3.5	
Cement, hydraulic		41.8	42.0	42.8	42.3		3.3	3.3	3.5	3.2	
Structural clay products		42.0	42.0	42.0	41.9		4.2	4.3	4.2	4.4	1
Pottery and related products		40.2	39.3	39.8	40.0		2.7	2.9	3.1	2.9	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	44.0	44.7	44.3	44.6		7.0	7.3	7.1	7.3	
Concrete block and brick		46.4	45.3	45.6	46.3		8.8	8.5	7.6	8.0	
Concrete products, nec		43.4	43.7	43.5	43.4		6.2	6.2	6.2	6.3	
Ready-mixed concrete	3273	43.4	45.0	44.2	44.7		6.9	7.7	7.5	7.9	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	329	41.9	41.6	42.5	42.5		4.6	4.3	4.8	4.7	
Abrasive products		43.4	42.7	43.5	43.8		3.8	3.5	3.6	3.8	
Asbestos products		42.7	40.3	43.1	42.6		5.1	4.1	4.7	3.8	
Primary metal industries		43.1	42.8	43.5	43.7	43.0	4.8	4.9	5.4	5.6	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		43.4	43.7	43.9	44.5	43.7	4.9	5.2	5.6	6.0	
Blast furnaces and steel mills		43.5	44.2	44.2	44.7	-	4.9	5.4	5.8	6.1	
Steel pipe and tubes		43.1	41.7	42.9	44.1		5.5	4.7	5.8	6.5	İ
Iron and steel foundries		43.0	42.2	43.8	43.6		5.0	4.6	5.8	5.8	
Gray iron foundries		43.1	42.3	44.2	43.9		5.4	4.8	6.3	6.2	
Malleable iron foundries		43.2	41.4	42.1	42.9		4.5	3.4	4.3	4.6	
Steel foundries, nec		42.1	41.9	43.8	43.4		4.3	4.4	5.6	5.7	1
Primary nonferrous metals		43.4	43.3	43.2	43.4		4.5	4.4	4.5	4.6	]
Primary aluminum		44.2	44.0	43.8	43.8		4.8	4.7	4.7	4.9	}
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		43.3	42.9	43.5	43.7		5.6	5.6	5.8	6.2	
Copper rolling and drawing		43.2	41.6	42.8	43.5		5.5	5.9	5.3	6.8	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		43.8	44.3	45.0	45.3		7.2	7.4	7.7	7.7	1
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	42.5	42.7	43.5	43.3		4.7	4.9	5.5	5.7	1
Nonferrous foundries	336	41.6	40.5	42.1	42.1		3.3	3.1	3.9	4.1	1
Aluminum foundries	3361	42.2	41.3	42.9	42.8		3.6	3.4	4.2	4.6	
Fabricated metal products	34	41.7	40.8	41.7	42.1	40.9	3.8	3.5	4.0	4.2	
Metal cans and shipping containers		44.5	44.4	43.9	45.0	-	6.2	6.3	5.2	5.9	
Metal cans		44.5	44.7	44.0	45.2		6.2	6.4	5.3	6.0	
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware	1	41.1	40.3	41.5	41.9		3.0	3.0	3.4	3.6	İ
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades		42.0	40.1	40.9	41,4		3.2	2.7	2.8	3.0	}
Hardware, nec		40.4	40.2	41.5	41.8		2.9	3.1	3.6	3.8	
Plumbing and heating, except electric		42.0	40.4	40.2	40.8		4.0	3.0	3.1	3.5	
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		42.5	40.4	40.6	40.8		3.8	2.3	3.1	3.2	
Heating equipment, except electric		40.9	39.9	39.4	40.5		3.1	2.9	2.7	3.3	1
Fabricated structural metal products		41.1	40.6	40.8	41.2		3.5	3.4	3.4	3.8	}
Fabricated structural metal		41.5	41.2	41.8	42.3		3.7	3.7	4.3	4.9	
Metal doors, sash, and trim		40.8	40.4	40.4	40.7		3.6	3.3	2.9	3.3	1
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		42.1	41.3	42.2	42.9		3.6	3.4	3.9	4.3	[
Sheet metal work		40.0	39.5	39.5	39.8		3.1	3.1	2.9	2.9	1
Architectural metal work		41.3	40.5	40.5	40.5		3.9	3.5	3.4	3.5	1
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		42.7	41.6	43.1	43.0		4.8	4.2	5.3	5.2	1
Screw machine products		41.2	40.7	42.2	42.0		3.6	3.3	4.6	4.4	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		44.3	42.7	44.2	44.3		6.1	5.3	6.1	6.2	1
Metal forgings and stampings		42.4	40.5	43.3	43.6		4.5	3.6	5.4	5.5	
Iron and steel forgings		42.1	40.9	43.4	43.5		4.0	3.5	4.7	5.1	
Automotive stampings		43.8	41.0	45.8	46.2		5.3	3.5	7.0	7.2	
Metal stampings, nec		40.8	39.7	40.6	41.0		3.7	3.6	3.9	3.8	
Metal services, nec		41.3	40.8	40.9	41.1		3.7	3.4	3.5	3.8	1
Plating and polishing		40.9	40.4	40.8	41.1		3.6	3.5	3.5	3.8	
Metal coating and allied services		41.9	41.5	41.0	41.2		3.9	3.2	3.6	3.8	
Ordnance and accessories, nec		41.5	40.6	41.4	41.5		3.0	2.6	3.3	3.3	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec	1	40.1	39.4	40.7	40.4		2.4	2.1	2.6	2.5	
Misc. fabricated metal products		41.3	40.5	41.6	42.0		3.5	3.3	3.6	3.7	
Valves and pipe fittings		41.7	40.7	42.1	42.6		3.6	3.5	3.8	4.0	
Misc. fabricated wire products		41.0	40.7	40.7	41.5		3.2	3.3	3.3	3.6	
Misc. labilicated wife products		42.4	41.8	42.4	42.5	42.2	4.0	3.8	4.2	4.3	
	35			, <b></b> ,,	,,	,				1	1
Machinery, except electrical		1 1		44 2	442		49	3.5	40	1 4/	
Machinery, except electrical	351	42.4	42.9	44.2 42.7	44.2 44.0	-	4.9 3.6	3.5	4.9 4.7	4.7	1
Machinery, except electrical Engines and turbines Turbines and turbine generator sets	351 3511	42.4 39.3	42.9 38.7	42.7	44.0	-	3.6	3.3	4.7	5.2	
Machinery, except electrical	351 3511 3519	42.4	42.9			-		1		1	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988
Durable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products-Continued	l										
Glass containers		\$11.99	\$12.14	\$12.08			\$497.59	\$492.88	\$508.57	\$495.72	Ì
Pressed and blown glass, nec		10.77	10.99	11.16	11.14	}	441.57	452.79	459.79	460.08	Ì
Products of purchased glass  Cement, hydraulic		8.87 13.15	8.83 13.24	9.11 13.13	9.13 13.02		366.33 549.67	364.68 556.08	380.80 561.96	382.55 550.75	
Structural clay products		8.49	8.52	8.86	8.86		356.58	357.84	372.12	371.23	
Pottery and related products		8.77	8.88	9.40	,		352.55	348.98	374.12	373.20	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		10.11	10.10	10.18	10.24		444.84	451.47	450.97	456.70	
Concrete block and brick		8.93	9.04	9.31	9.36		414.35	409.51	424.54	433.37	
Concrete products, nec		8.90	8.96	9.05	9.18		386.26	391.55	393.68	398.41	
Ready-mixed concrete		11.05	10.95	11.02	1		479.57	492.75	487.08	493.49	
Misc, nonmetallic mineral products  Abrasive products		10.43 9.68	10.40 9.73	10.54 10.03	10.57 9.94		437.02 420.11	432.64 415.47	447.95 436.31	449.23 435.37	
Asbestos products		10.33	10.59	10.65	10.48		441.09	426.78	459.02	446.45	
Primary metal industries	33	11.91	11.93	12.13	12.16	\$12.19	513.32	510.60	527.66	531.39	\$524
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		13.75	13.63	13.96	13.97	14.00	596.75	595.63	612.84	621.67	611.
Blast furnaces and steel mills	1	14.45	14.25	14.70	ı	•	628.58	629.85	649.74	657.54	-
Steel pipe and tubes  Iron and steel foundries		11.12 10.70	10.93 10.70	10.94 10.97	11.09 11.02		479.27 460.10	455.78 451.54	469.33 480.49	489.07 480.47	
Gray iron foundries		11.11	11.15	11.50			478.84	471.65	508.30	508.36	
Malleable iron foundries		11.82	11.65	11.83	11.68		510.62	482.31	498.04	501.07	
Steel foundries, nec		10.06	10.04	10.23	10.23	j )	423.53	420.68	448.07	443.98	
Primary nonferrous metals	333	12.88	13.02	13.09	13.12	]	558.99	563.77	565.49	569.41	
Primary aluminum		13.34	13.42	13.53	13.58		589.63	590.48	592.61	594.80	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		11.38	11.43	11.64	11.71		492.75	490.35	506.34	511.73	
Copper rolling and drawing  Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		10.56 13.87	10.62 13.70	10.77 13.95	10.96 13.99		456.19 607.51	441.79 606.91	460.96 627.75	476.76 633.75	j
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		11.31	11.44	11.88	11.99		480.68	488.49	516.78	519.17	ļ
Nonferrous foundries		9.46	9.48	9.59	9.63		393.54	383.94	403.74	405.42	
Aluminum foundries		9.71	9.70	9.77	9.83		409.76	400.61	419.13	420.72	
Fabricated metal products		9.98	9.93	10.23	10.27	10.19	416.17	405.14	426.59	432.37	416.
Metal cans and shipping containers	4	13.28	13.30	13.41	13.48	-	590.96	590.52	588.70	606.60	
Metal cans	1	14.04	14.04	14.27	14.31		624.78	627.59	627.88	646.81	
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware  Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades		9.82 9.18	9.70 9.03	10.18 9.30	10.24 9.27		403.60 385.56	390.91 362.10	422.47 380.37	429.06 383.78	
Hardware, nec		10.11	9.97	10.60	10.72		408.44	400.79	439.90	448.10	
Plumbing and heating, except electric		9.21	9.17	9.26	9.32		386.82	370.47	372.25	380.26	
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		8.69	8.58	8.87	8.92		369.33	346.63	360.12	363.94	
Heating equipment, except electric		9.16	9.20	9.04	9.09		374.64	367.08	356.18	368.15	
Fabricated structural metal products		9.27	9.26	9.50	9.51	)	381.00	375.96	387.60	391.81	
Fabricated structural metal		9.88 7.64	9.92 7.59	10.19 8.03	10.16 8.05		410.02 311.71	408.70 306.64	425.94 324.41	429.77 327.64	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		10.25	10.11	10.25	10.27		431.53	417.54	432.55	440.58	
Sheet metal work		9.66	9.81	9.86	9.87		386.40	387.50	389.47	392.83	ŀ
Architectural metal work	3446	8.99	8.90	8.89	8.97		371.29	360.45	360.05	363.29	Ì
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		9.75	9.71	10.00	9.98		416.33	403.94	431.00	429.14	1
Screw machine products		9.05	9.05	9.29	9.27		372.86	368.34	392.04	389.34	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers  Metal forgings and stampings		11.78	10.45 11.67	10.83 12.30	10.82 12.34		465.15 499.47	446.22 472.64	478.69 532.59	479.33 538.02	
Iron and steel forgings		12.48	12.49	12.88	12.94		525.41	510.84	558.99	562.89	
Automotive stampings		13.65	13.53	14.47	14.53	1	597.87	554.73	662.73	671.29	
Metal stampings, nec		9.26	9.33	9.42	9.43	}	377.81	370.40	382.45	386.63	
Metal services, nec		7.98	8.06	8.19	8.26		329.57	328.85	334.97	339.49	
Plating and polishing		7.96	8.08	8.19	8.25	' i	325.56	326.43	334.15	339.08	
Metal coating and allied services  Ordnance and accessories, nec		8.02 10.97	8.02 10.98	8.18 11.27	8.27 11.33		336.04 455.26	332.83 445.79	335.38 466.58	340.72 470.20	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		10.51	10.43	10.88	10.96		421.45	410.94	442.82	442.78	
Misc. fabricated metal products		9.29	9.29	9.43	9.46		383.68	376.25	392.29	397.32	
Valves and pipe fittings	3494	9.96	9.93	10.23	10.28	ļ	415.33	404.15	430.68	437.93	
Misc. fabricated wire products		8.39	8.33	8.38	8.40		343.99	339.86	341.07	348.60	
Machinery, except electrical		10.68	10.67	10.90	10.93	10.94	452.83	446.01	462.16	464.53	461.
Engines and turbines		13.31	13.32	13.63	13.69	- [	564.34	571.43	602.45	605.10	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets		12.96 13.41	12.77 13.46	13.87 13.56	13.76 13.67	!	509.33	494.20	592.25	605.44	
Farm and garden machinery		9.92	9.91	9.88	9.96		581.99 415.65	594.93 413.25	604.78 421.88	604.21 421.31	
and garden manifest in	3523	10.60	10.54	10.61	10.60		450.50	453.22	463.66	461.10	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988
Purable goods—Continued				-							
Machinery, except electrical—Continued					(		,				
Construction and related machinery	353	42.6	42.1	43.3	43.3	1	3.8	3.4	4.3	4.3	
Construction machinery	3531	43.7	42.6	44.0	44.5		3.6	3.1	3.9	4.1	
Mining machinery	3532	42.6	42.2	41.6	41.1		4.6	4.0	3.9	3.7	
Oil field machinery		42.6	43.7	45.3	44.2	}	5.0	4.9	6.6	6.3	
Conveyors and conveying equipment		42.4	42.0	42.5	42.9		3.8	3.7	4.4	4.5	
Industrial trucks and tractors		39.7	39.6	40.9	41.2		2.8	2.6	2.8	3.5	
Metalworking machinery		42.6	41.9	42.9	43.2		4.5	4.3	4.9	4.9	
Machine tools, metal cutting types		42.4	41.1	42.4	42.8		3.7	3.6	4.1	4.3	,
Machine tools, metal forming types		42.0	41.3	43.8	44.1	ļ	4.6	4.3	5.2	5.3	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		43.1	42.4	43.3	43.7	ļ	5.1	5.0	5.6	5.7	
Machine tool accessories		41.6	41.1	41.7	42.2		3.8	3.7	4.5	4.3	
Power driven hand tools		42.1	41.9	43.0	42.4		3.5	3.2	3.8	3.3	
Special industry machinery		42.2	41.3	42.2	42.4		4.2	3.9	4.5	4.8	1
Food products machinery		42.3	41.5	42.3	41.9		3.7	3.3	4.1	4.1	
Textile machinery		43.7 39.9	41.9 39.7	42.2 40.4	42.6 40.5	ļ	4.6 4.0	4.0 4.2	3.6 4.8	3.8	
Printing trades machinery		1 1			1			3		5.1	ì
General industrial machinery		42.4	41.6 41.4	42.9 43.5	42.8 43.6	1	3.9	3.8	4.5	4.7	ì
Pumps and pumping equipment		43.2 43.5	43.3	43.5 44.4	43.6		4.0 5.2	3.4 4.8	4.3	4.6 6.2	ì
Ball and roller bearings Air and gas compressors		41.8	41.1	42.8	41.5	1	3.0	3.0	6.1 4.8	4.8	1
Blowers and fans		41.8	41.1	41.2	41.9	1	3.0	3.6	2.8	3.1	ì
Speed changers, drives, and gears		41.0	41.1	43.7	42.9	İ	3.4	3.8	5.4	5.6	
Power transmission equipment, nec		43.6	41.7	41.5	41.8	Ì	4.6	4.3	4.6	5.1	}
Office and computing machines		43.0	41.9	41.1	41.2	1	3.6	3.2	2.8	3.2	1
Electronic computing equipment		42.9	41.5	41.3	41.3	l	3.6	3.2	2.7	3.2	
Refrigeration and service machinery		42.3	41.9	41.9	42.3	l	3.8	3.9	3.7	4.0	
Refrigeration and heating equipment		42.8	42.6	42.6	42.8	4	3.9	4.4	4.1	4.2	
Misc. machinery, except electrical		41.7	41.4	41.7	42.1		4.0	3.8	4.4	4.4	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		42.2	40.5	42.8	43.1		4.5	3.4	5.1	5.2	
Machinery, except electrical, nec		41.6	41.5	41.6	42.0		3.9	3.8	4.3	4.4	
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	41.0	40.3	40.7	41.1	40.2	3.0	2.7	3.0	3.3	
Electric distributing equipment		41.5	40.5	41.8	42.3	-	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.6	
Transformers	3612	42.5	40.8	41.3	42.4	1	3.1	2.8	3.1	3.4	
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	3613	40.5	40.2	42.1	42.1	•	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.7	
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	41.3	40.8	41.6	42.6	}	3.3	3.0	3.7	4.4	
Motors and generators		41.2	40.9	41.5	42.6	j	3.5	3.4	4.2	5.1	
Industrial controls		40.7	39.9	41.0	41.9		2.6	1.7	2.3	2.8	
Household appliances		40.3	39.3	39.3	39.8	{	3.0	2.5	2.4	3.0	
Household refrigerators and freezers		40.0	39.2	40.5	39.5	ĺ	3.3	3.2	3.7	4.9	
Household laundry equipment		40.2	41.3	40.1	40.1	1	3.2	3.7	1.9	2.0	1
Electric housewares and fans		40.3	38.6	39.1	39.6		2.6	1.9	2.6	3.0	1
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		40.0	39.3	40.0	40.5		2.6	2.2	2.8	3.2	1
Electric lamps  Current-carrying wiring devices		40.0 39.8	39.4	40.3	40.9	1	2.7	2.4	2.9	3.7	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		40.6	39.5 39.5	39.5 40.4	40.0 40.8	1	2.6 2.6	2.5 1.5	2.7 2.3	3.0 2.6	
Residential lighting fixtures		39.0	37.4	38.4	38.7	1	1.4	1.1	1.8	1.7	
Radio and TV receiving equipment	365	41.2	40.2	41.3	41.3	1	2.2	2.1	3.4	3.3	
Radio and TV receiving sets	1000	41.1	39.8	41.2	40.9		1.7	1.5	2.8	2.8	
Communication equipment		41.1	40.9	40.8	40.9		2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		41.6	41.7	42.5	42.7		2.6	2.4	3.2	2.9	
Radio and TV communication equipment		40.9	40.6	40.2	40.2		2.6	2.5	2.2	2.4	
Electronic components and accessories		41.0	40.5	40.3	40.5		3.3	3.2	3.2	3.3	
Electronic tubes		41.7	40.0	41.3	41.6		2.9	2.1	3.8	3.3	
Semiconductors and related devices		40.8	40.8	40.2	40.1	1	3.5	4.0	3.4	3.4	-
Electronic components, nec		41.4	40.7	40.5	40.7	j	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.4	
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		41.9	40.6	41.9	42.6	1	3.6	2.6	3.8	4.2	
Storage batteries		41.6	40.3	41.2	41.9	1	3.5	2.8	2.7	3.4	
Engine electrical equipment		43.4	41.2	42.8	43.6	1	4.6	2.9	5.0	5.3	[

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly 6	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988⁰	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988
Purable goods—Continued											
Machinery, except electrical—Continued											
Construction and related machinery	353	\$11.00	\$10.96	\$11.06	\$11.09		\$468.60	\$461.42		\$480.20	
Construction machinery		12.19	12.16	12.31	12.37		532.70	518.02	541.64	550.47	
Mining machinery		11.39	11.61	11.38	11.40		485.21	489.94	473.41	468.54	
Oil field machinery		11.12	10.78	10.87	10.78		473.71	471.09	492.41	476.48	Í
Conveyors and conveying equipment		9.56	9.65	9.82	1		405.34	405.30	417.35	427.71	İ
Industrial trucks and tractors		9.74	9.63	9.78	9.83		386.68	381.35	400.00	405.00	
Metalworking machinery		11.07	11.04	11.30	11.29		471.58	462.58	484.77	487.73	
Machine tools, metal cutting types		11.15	11.11	11.20	11.28		472.76	456.62	474.88	482.78	
Machine tools, metal forming types		11.41	11.47	11.81	11.73		479.22	473.71	517.28	517.29	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	11.82	11.78	12.08	12.06		509.44	499.47	523.06	527.02	l
Machine tool accessories		9.95	9.91	10.15	10.10		413.92	407.30	423.26	426.22	ł
Power driven hand tools		8.44	8.40	8.81	8.94		355.32	351.96	378.83	379.06	1
Special industry machinery		10.59	10.64	11.02	11.10		446.90	439.43	465.04	470.64	
Food products machinery		10.59	10.57	11.04	11.08		447.96	438.66	466.99	464.25	
Textile machinery		8.80	8.80	9.09	9.10		384.56	368.72	383.60	387.66	
Printing trades machinery		11.22	11.53	12.03	12.09		447.68	457.74	486.01	489.65	
General industrial machinery		10.37	10.33	10.58	10.60		439.69	429.73	453.88	453.68	
Pumps and pumping equipment		11.04	11.02	11.15	11.24		476.93	456.23	485.03	490.06	
Ball and roller bearings		11.10	10.83	11.15	11.17		482.85	468.94	495.06	492.60	1
Air and gas compressors		10.27	10.25	10.44	10.57		429.29	421.28	446.83	438.66	ļ
Blowers and fans		9.09	9.14	9.39	9.39		379.96	375.65	386.87	393.44	ļ
Speed changers, drives, and gears		10.13	10.24	10.52	10.61		415.33	420.86	459.72	455.17	
Power transmission equipment, nec		10.54	10.52	10.59	10.55		459.54	438.68	439.49	440.99	İ
Office and computing machines		10.25	10.29	10.64	10.68		440.75	431.15	437.30	440.02	l
Electronic computing equipment	3573	10.25	10.28	10.66	10.67		439.73	426.62	440.26	440.67	
Refrigeration and service machinery		10.40	10.35	10.63	10.66		439.92	433.67	445.40	450.92	
Refrigeration and heating equipment		10.66	10.60	10.85	10.88		456.25	451.56	462.21	465.66	
Misc. machinery, except electrical		10.38	10.35	10.56	10.57		432.85	428.49	440.35	445.00	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		12.73 10.04	12.69 10.04	12.75 10.26	12.82 10.27		537.21 417.66	513.95 416.66	545.70 426.82	552.54 431.34	
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	9.83	9.86	10.12	10.15	\$10.20	403.03	397.36	411.88	417.17	\$410
Electric distributing equipment		9.09	9.19	9.41	9.40	-	377.24	372.20	393.34	397.62	_
Transformers		8.92	9.02	9.21	9.19		379.10	368.02	380.37	389.66	ļ
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		9.24	9.33	9.57	9.58		374.22	375.07	402.90	403.32	
Electrical industrial apparatus		9.80	9.84	10.07	10.08		404.74	401.47	418.91	429.41	
Motors and generators		9.68	9.70	10.06	10.08		398.82	396.73	417.49	429.41	
Industrial controls		9.70	9.83	9.96	9.93		394.79	392.22	408.36	416.07	
Household appliances		9.75	9.90	10.14	10.12		392.93	389.07	398.50	402.78	
Household refrigerators and freezers		11.18	11.33	11.63	11.82		447.20	444.14	471.02	466.89	1
Household laundry equipment		11.63	11,81	11.81	11.80		467.53	487.75	473.58	473.18	
Electric housewares and fans		7.27	7.27	7,37	7.37		292.98	280.62	288.17	291.85	
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		9.08	9.09	9.51	9.53		363.20	357.24	380.40	385.97	
Electric lamps		10.21	10.46	10.65	10.64		408.40	412.12	429.20	435.18	
Current-carrying wiring devices		8.63	8.65	9.15	9.19		343.47	341.68	361.43	367.60	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		9.21	9.21	9.25	9.25		373.93	363.80	373.70	377.40	
Residential lighting fixtures	3645	6.83	6.85	7.05	7.08		266.37	256.19	270.72	274.00	
Radio and TV receiving equipment	365	9.13	9.11	9.64	9.40		376.16	366.22	398.13	388.22	
Radio and TV receiving sets	3651	9.44	9.43	10.04	9.88		387.98	375.31	413.65	404.09	
Communication equipment	366	11.67	11.77	12.03	12.10		479.64	481.39	490.82	494.89	
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		11.25	11.31	11.54	11.72		468.00	471.63	490.45	500.44	
Radio and TV communication equipment		11.82	11.95	12.23	12.26		483.44	485.17	491.65	492.85	
Electronic components and accessories		8.87	8.91	9.08	9.16		363.67	360.86	365.92	370.98	
Electronic tubes	3671-3	11.12	11.23	11.30	11.37		463.70	449.20	466.69	472.99	
Semiconductors and related devices		10.56	10.68	11.05	11.22		430.85	435.74	444.21	449.92	1
Electronic components, nec	3679	8.10	8.08	8.16	8.21		335.34	328.86	330.48	334.15	i
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	369	10.58	10.29	10.80	10.83		443.30	417.77	452.52	461.36	
Storage batteries		11.20	11.05	11.02	11.05		465.92	445.32	454.02	463.00	
Engine electrical equipment	3694	11.25	10.69	11.61	11.66		488.25	440.43	496.91	508.38	l

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	37	41.9	41.0	43.0	43.0	41.8	4.1	3.7	4.8	4.9	-
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	42.0	40.9	44.3	44.3	42.1	4.0	3.5	5.7	5.8	1
Motor vehicles and car bodies		41.2	40.3	44.3	44.3	-	3.4	3.1	5.6	5.9	
Truck and bus bodies		42.1	42.7	43.2	43.1		4.1	4.6	4.9	4.1	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	42.9	41.3	44.6	44.7		4.6	3.8	6.1	6.2	
Truck trailers	3715	41.5	40.5	40.3	41.6		3.7	3.5	2.7	3.8	
Aircraft and parts	372	42.5	41.6	42.1	41.9		4.9	4.7	4.3	4.4	
Aircraft		42.3	41.5	41.6	41.2		4.8	4.4	3.9	3.8	i
Aircraft engines and engine parts		42.3	41.5	41.7	41.9		4.6	4.4	4.1	4.4	l
Aircraft equipment, nec		42.8	41.9	43.0	43.1		5.4	5.4	5.1	5.2	
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	40.5	39.9	40.6	40.6	}	2.8	2.5	3.2	3.0	1
Ship building and repairing	3731	40.2	40.1	40.9	40.9	}	2.6	2.6	3.2	3.1	
Boat building and repairing	3732	40.9	39.7	39.9	40.1	)	3.2	2.5	3.1	2.8	
Railroad equipment	374	41.7	40.1	42.2	42.7	Ì	1.9	2.4	3.7	4.0	Į.
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	376	42.1	41.4	42.8	42.6	1	4.0	3.6	4.1	4.1	ļ
Guided missiles and space vehicles	3761	42.1	41.2	42.7	42.4	•	4.0	3.6	4.2	4.2	l
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		39.8	39.4	39.7	40.0	1	3.5	3.8	2.7	2.9	
Travel trailers and campers		37.5	38.4	38.8	38.7		1.6	2.4	1.7	2.0	
Instruments and related products		41.5	40.8	41.2	41.5	40.9	2.9	2.5	2.9	3.1	
Engineering and scientific instruments	381	41.2	41.3	41.3	41.3	-	3.1	3.0	2.8	2.7	1
Measuring and controlling devices	382	41.4	40.6	41.3	41.6	l	2.6	2.2	2.6	2.8	1
Environmental controls	3822	39.6	39.5	39.4	39.5	ĺ	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.1	
Process control instruments	3823	42.9	41.1	43.8	44.0		3.2	2.8	3.7	3.8	1
Instruments to measure electricity	3825	40.8	39.8	40.5	40.8	l	2.1	1.9	2.2	2.6	
Optical instruments and lenses		42.0	41.2	42.6	43.5	1	2.9	2.5	3.0	3.6	
Medical instruments and supplies		40.7	40.2	41.0	41.0	1	2.9	2.6	2.9	3.0	ļ
Surgical and medical instruments		41.1	40.4	41.1	41.2	ļ	3.1	2.5	2.9	3.0	
Surgical appliances and supplies		40.3	40.1	40.7	40.4		2.7	2.5	2.9	2.8	1
Ophthalmic goods		40.7	40.1	40.2	39.8		2.4	2.6	2.9	2.7	
Photographic equipment and supplies		44.4	42.8	41.9	43.2		3.7	3.1	3.9	4.3	1
Watches, clocks, and watchcases		42.0	41.5	38.8	40.6		3.0	2.3	1.2	2.2	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39	39.4	38.8	39.0	39.4	38.8	2.5	2.2	2.3	2.5	}
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		38.3	37.2	37.6	37.3	-	1.8	1.4	1.7	1.8	İ
Jewelry, precious metal	3911	37.7	36.3	36.5	36.0	}	1,4	1.0	1.3	1.4	
Musical instruments		41.6	41.2	40.6	40.0	}	3.4	2.4	2.7	2.3	
Toys and sporting goods		39.2	38.6	38.9	39.4		2.1	2.0	2.3	2.2	]
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		38.4	37.8	37.4	37.9	ł	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.1	]
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3949	39.8	39.2	40.1	40.5		2.5	2.5	3.1	3.1	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		40.8	40.6	40.2	40.7	1	2.6	2.2	2.6	3.3	1
Costume jewelry and notions		37.6	36.0	38.1	39.0	}	3.3	2.4	1.8	2.6	i
Costume jewelry		35.3	34.1	37.3	37.4	ì	2.7	2.0	1.5	2.2	
Miscellaneous manufactures		40.0	39.8	39.5	40.0		2.7	2.7	2.6	2.8	
Signs and advertising displays		40.0	39.4	39.6	40.0		2.6	2.3	2.7	2.8	
Nondurable goods		40.3	40.0	39.9	40.2	40.0	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.6	3
Food and kindred products		40.1	40.0	40.1	40.4	40.5	4.0	4.2	3.9	4.3	-
Meat products		39.8	39.6	39.8	40.4	-	3.7	3.6	4.0	4.4	
Meat packing plants		40.7	40.9	41.4	41.1	1	4.2	4.1	4.9	5.1	1
Sausages and other prepared meats		41.0	40.9	41.0	41.5	l	3.9	4.0	4.8	5.1	1
Poultry dressing plants		38.8	38.4	38.1	39.5	l	3.4	3.1	3.0	3.5	
Dairy products		42.1	41.6	41.1	41.4	1	4.9	4.8	4.1	4.5	
Cheese, natural and processed		40.2	39.5	39.6	40.1	Į.	4.0	4.0	3.6	3.6	}
Fluid milk		43.1	42.3	41.9	42.1	l	5.3	5.2	4.4	4.7	
Preserved fruits and vegetables		38.4	38.2	39.2	38.8	1	3.6	4.6	3.1	3.7	
Canned specialties		38.8	39.9	39.4	40.0		2.9	5.0	4.3	4.2	
Canned fruits and vegetables		36.5	36.8	40.5	39.2		3.8	4.9	3.7	4.2	1
Frozen fruits and vegetables		38.6	37.7	37.0	37.9		3.8	4.5	2.3	3.6	1
Grain mill products		44.1	44.5	43.9	44.2		5.8	6.3	5.5	5.8	
Flour and other grain mill products		46.5	44.5 47.0	45.7	46.1		6.5	6.7	5.8	II .	
							1	1		6.5	
Prepared feeds, nec		43.9	44.2	42.6	43.2		6.1	6.6	5.4	5.9	
Bakery products		40.0	39.5	40.5	40.2		3.8	3.9	4.1	4.1	
Bread, cake, and related products		39.1	39.1	39.5	39.3		4.0	4.2	4.4	4.3	}
Cookies and crackers	2052	42.3	40.5	43.0	42.4	1	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.6	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°
Durable goods—Continued	1										
Transportation equipment		\$12.87	\$12.82	\$13.31	\$13.38	\$13.30	\$539.25	\$525.62	\$572.33	\$575.34	\$555.94
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	13.47	13.35	14.10	14.17	13.94	565.74	546.02	624.63	627.73	586.87
Motor vehicles and car bodies		15.19	15.26	16.12	16.22	-	625.83	614.98	714.12	718.55	-
Truck and bus bodies		11.36	11.53	11.87	11.77		478.26	492.33	512.78	507.29	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3/14	12.65	12.56	13.25	13.33	İ	542.69	518.73	590.95	595.85	
Truck trailers		9.40	9.35	9.25	9.27		390.10	378.68	372.78	385.63	ļ
Aircraft and parts		13.10	13.15	13.46			556.75	547.04	566.67	566.91	]
Aircraft engines and engine parts		(²) \$13.16	(²) \$13.26	(²) \$13.64	(²) \$13.75		\$556.67	\$550.29	\$568.79	\$576.13	
Aircraft equipment, nec		12.20	12.33	12.48	12.53		522.16	516.63	536.64	540.04	
Ship and boat building and repairing		10.29	10.32	10.39	10.35		416.75	411.77	421.83	420.21	ļ
Ship building and repairing		11.64	11.61	11.57	11.56		467.93	465.56	473.21	472.80	
Boat building and repairing	3732	8.02	8.07	8.30			328.02	320.38	331.17	332.43	
Railroad equipment		11.90	11.80	11.88	11.96		496.23	473.18	501.34	510.69	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		12.46	12.64	13.01	13.09		524.57	523.30	556.83	557.63	
Guided missiles and space vehicles		(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)		_	_	_		
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		\$10.60		\$10.26			\$421.88	\$416.46	\$407.32	\$412.40	
Travel trailers and campers		8.78	8.65	8.64	8.73		329.25	332.16	335.23	337.85	
Instruments and related products	38	9.66	9.71	9.87	9.90	10.04	400.89	396.17	406.64	410.85	410.64
Engineering and scientific instruments		10.62	10.68	10.85	10.95	-	437.54	441.08	448.11	452.24	<u>-</u> -
Measuring and controlling devices	. 382	9.53	9.56	9.66	9.67		394.54	388.14	398.96	402.27	j
Environmental controls	3822	8.82	8.83	9.04	9.24		349.27	348.79	356.18	364.98	
Process control instruments		9.40	9.45	9.38	9.31		403.26	388.40	410.84	409.64	{
Instruments to measure electricity		9.85	9.80	9.88	9.81		401.88	390.04	400.14	400.25	
Optical instruments and lenses		10.43	10.61	10.56	10.78		438.06	437.13	449.86	468.93	<b>!</b>
Medical instruments and supplies		8.66	8.64	8.86	8.84		352.46	347.33	363.26	362.44	1
Surgical and medical instruments		8.77	8.81	9.14	9.12		360.45	355.92	375.65	375.74	-
Surgical appliances and supplies		8.53	8.45	8.52	8.52		343.76	338.85	346.76	344.21	ļ
Ophthalmic goods	385	7.35	7.45	7.48	7.46		299.15	298.75	300.70	296.91	
Photographic equipment and supplies Watches, clocks, and watchcases		12.76 7.13	12.95 7.23	13.69 7.30	13.63 7.28		566.54 299.46	554.26 300.05	573.61 283.24	588.82 295.57	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39	7.75	7.72	7.94	7.93	8.00	305.35	299.54	309.66	312.44	310.40
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		8.27	8.24	8.61	8.59	-	316.74	306.53	323.74	320.41	-
Jewelry, precious metal		8.36	8.31	8.75	8.73	l (	315.17	301.65	319.38	314.28	
Musical instruments		7.44	7.55	7.92	7.95		309.50	311.06	321.55	318.00	
Toys and sporting goods		7.20	7.11	7.21	7.13		282.24	274.45	280.47	280.92	
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		7.07	6.86	6.99	6.92		271.49	259.31	261.43	262.27	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		7.30	7.31	7.37	7.28		290.54	286.55	295.54	294.84	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		7.73	7.62	7.83	7.82		315.38	309.37	314.77	318.27	
Costume jewelry and notions	. 396	6.29	6.38	6.65	6.73		236.50	229.68	253.37	262.47	
Costume jewelry		5.66	5.80	6.13	6.23		199.80	197.78	228.65	233.00	
Miscellaneous manufactures		8.49	8.42	8.69	8.72		339.60	335.12	343.26	348.80	
Signs and advertising displays	3993	8.86	8.78	9.08	9.07	ļ	354.40	345.93	359.57	362.80	ļ
Nondurable goods		9.13	9.18	9.38	9.39	9.46	367.94	367.20	374.26	377.48	378.40
Food and kindred products	. 20	8.92	8.88	9.15	9.12	9.14		355.20	366.92	368.45	370.17
Meat products	201	7.43	7.41	7.64	7.63		295.71	293.44	304.07	308.25	_
Meat packing plants		8.31	8.35	8.53	8.53		338.22	341.52	353.14	350.58	ĺ
Sausages and other prepared meats		8.97	8.90	9.07	9.08	Ì	367.77	364.01 233.47	371.87	376.82 250.04	
Poultry dressing plants		6.14	6.08 9.58	6.34 9.81	6.33 9.79		238.23 401.63		241.55		
Dairy products	2022	9.54 8.85	9.01	9.25	9.79		355.77	398.53 355.90	403.19 366.30	405.31 368.52	
Fluid milk		10.10	10.11	10.20	10.23		435.31	427.65	427.38	430.68	
Preserved fruits and vegetables		8.20	8.11	8.57	8.42		314.88	309.80	335.94	326.70	
Canned specialties		10.35	10.27	10.59	10.59		401.58	409.77	417.25	423.60	
Canned fruits and vegetables		8.23	8.06	8.60	8.46		300.40	296.61	348.30	331.63	
Frozen fruits and vegetables		7.52	7.36	7.82	7.47		290.27	277.47	289.34	283.11	
Grain mill products		10.80	10.92	11.11	11.15		476.28	485.94	487.73	492.83	
Flour and other grain mill products		10.38	10.59	10.75	10.75		482.67	497.73	491.28	495.58	
Prepared feeds, nec		8.31	8.38	8.63	8.59	ĺ	364.81	370.40	367.64	371.09	
Bakery products		10.03	9.97	10.18	10.30		401.20	393.82	412.29	414.06	
Bread, cake, and related products	. 2051	9.97	9.94	10.17	10.28		389.83	388.65	401.72	404.00	
Cookies and crackers	0050	10.17	10.03	10.20	10.32		430.19	406.22	438.60	437.57	

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	Jul 198
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued		i i								Ì	]
Sugar and confectionery products	206	39.3	39.1	39.2	40.0		2.4	2.4	2.3	2.9	Į
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	40.7	40.9	40.4	40.3		4.1	4.4	3.2	4.2	ļ
Confectionery products	2065	37.9	37.5	38.1	39.3		1.7	1.8	1.9	2.3	Ì
Fats and oils		41.4	41.7	42.4	43.0		5.2	5.1	4.9	5.0	
Beverages	208	41.6	41.4	41.0	41.6		4.5	4.3	4.3	4.8	ł
Malt beverages		42.7	43.3	43.2	43.6		5.4	5.3	6.5	6.8	ļ
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	42.1	41,5	40.7	41.4		4.8	4.5	3.9	4.8	
Misc. food and kindred products	209	38.5	39.1	37.6	38.5		3.8	4.3	3.3	4.0	
Tobacco manufactures		41.2 42.2	37.3 36.9	39.5 39.5	39.8 40.0	39.0	5.2 6.2	2.7 2.8	2.5 2.8	2.9 3.1	
Textile mill products	22	42.4	41.6	40.7	40.9	40.4	4.7	4.4	3.6	3.8	
Weaving mills, cotton		43.7	42.8	40.0	40.1	-	6.3	6.1	3.9	3.9	
Weaving mills, synthetics		42.7	42.3	41.3	41.9	l	5.0	4.7	3.9	4.4	
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		43.3	41.2	41.3	41.2		2.3	1.9	2.7	3.4	
Narrow fabric mills		41.3	40.3	40.9	41.5		3.6	3.5	3.0	3.3	1
Knitting mills		40.6	39.9	39.5	40.0		3.7	3.3	2.8	3.1	l
Women's hosiery, except socks		39.3	38.8	38.2	37.7		3.2	3.4	2.2	2.0	Ì
Hosiery, nec		40.0	39.1	38.7	39.6		3.0	3.0	2.2	2.6	
Knit outerwear mills		39.9	40.0	39.2	40.1		3.3	2.9	2.6	3.0	
Knit underwear mills		40.3	38.4	38.6	39.9		2.9	2.4	1.6	2.5	
Circular knit fabric mills	2257	42.9	42.0	41.1	40.7		5.8	4.9	4.4	4.1	i
Textile finishing, except wool		42.9	41.7	41.7	41.5	1	5.5	4.4	4.3	4.3	
Finishing plants, cotton		42.7	42.8	41.7	41.5		4.9	4.5	4.2	3.9	i
Finishing plants, synthetics		43.3	40.6	42.2	42.1		5.8	3.8	4.7	5.0	İ
Floor covering mills		44.1	43.3	42.1	42.9		4.1	3.9	3.4	4.5	
Yarn and thread mills	. 228	43.0	42.5	40.5	40.3		5.4	5.2	4.2	4.0	
Yarn mills, except wool	. 2281	43.9	43.3	40.7	40.5		5.9	5.7	4.3	4.1	
Throwing and winding mills		38.5	37.4	39.0	38.7		3.7	3.0	3.5	2.9	
Miscellaneous textile goods		42.9	42.4	43.1	43.1		4.6	4.1	4.6	4.6	
Apparel and other textile products	23	37.3	36.9	36.8	37.3	36.9	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.8	
Men's and boys' suits and coats	. 231	36.2	36.1	36.7	37.3	} -	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.4	
Men's and boys' furnishings	. 232	37.9	37.4	36.6	37.5		1.7	1.5	1.4	1.6	
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear	. 2321	38.2	37.7	37.0	37.7	1	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.4	
Men's and boys' separate trousers	2327	37.1	36.8	36.6	37.1	ļ	1.3	.8	1.5	1.8	
Men's and boys' work clothing	2328	37.6	37.1	35.3	36.6		1.8	1.7	1.3	1.6	
Women's and misses' outerwear	. 233	35.7	35.6	35.8	35.8		1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1
Women's and misses' blouses and waists	. 2331	36.0	35.3	35.7	36.9		1.3	1.0	1.1	1.6	ļ
Women's and misses' dresses	. 2335	35.6	35.7	35.6	35.1		1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	Ì
Women's and misses' suits and coats		36.0	36.3	36.3	37.0		2.0	2.0	1.8	1.9	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		35.7	35.5	35.7	35.5		1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	
Women's and children's undergarments		37.9	37.2	37.1	37.8	1	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.5	
Women's and children's underwear		38.4	37.9	37.2	38.3		1.4	1.2	1.1	1.6	
Brassieres and allied garments		35.1	33.4	36.6	35.3		1.3	1.1	2.5	1.2	
Children's outerwear		38.2	37.8	36.8	37.8		2.0	2.0	1.4	1.8	
Children's dresses and blouses		36.8	36.1	35.4	36.4	1	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.3	
Misc. apparel and accessories		39.0	38.1	38.4	38.3		2.2	1.8	2.2	1.8	
Misc. fabricated textile products		39.0	38.1	38.6	39.1	1	2.8	2.4	2.4	2.8	
Curtains and draperies		38.5	37.6	36.1	36.4	1	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.5	
House furnishings, nec		39.3 39.4	38.5 38.8	37.6 41.3	38.0 42.6		2.7 4.2	3.1 3.2	1.6 4.8	2.1 6.1	
.,						40.0					
Paper and allied products	261 26	43.3	43.2	43.1	43.0	43.0	5.1	5.2	4.9	4.9	
Paper and pulp mills		45.3	45.6	45.4	44.9	_	6.3	6.7	6.4	6.1	
Paper mills, except building paper		45.6	45.8	45.6	45.1	1	6.5	6.9	6.5	6.3	
Paperboard mills		44.0	43.6	45.1	44.3	]	7.8	7.3	8.4 3.6	7.4 3.7	1
		41.9	42.2	41.5	41.5	1	3.8	4.0			
Paper coating and glazing		44.4	44.2 41.7	43.2	42.9		4.6	4.5	3.8 2.7	3.9 2.6	1
Envelopes		41.1		41.0	40.8	{	2.8	3.1		1	1
Bags, except textile bags		41.8	42.0	41.1	41.1		4.0	4.4	4.1	4.1	
Paperboard containers and boxes		42.8	42.0	42.2	42.6	İ	4.6	4.5	4.2	4.3	1
Folding paperboard boxes		42.8	41.6	41.4	42.0		4.5	4.2	3.9	4.2	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		43.2	42.5	42.6	43.0		4.9	4.8	4.4	4.6	
Sanitary food containers	. 2054	42.7	42.0	43.6	43.6	Į.	4.4	4.7	4.9	4.6	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly 6	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued		(						-			
Sugar and confectionery products	. 206	\$9.37	\$9.40	\$9.51	\$9.44		\$368.24	\$367.54	\$372.79	\$377.60	ļ
Cane and beet sugar	. 2061-3	11.08	11.04	10.97	11.16	1	450.96	451.54	443.19	449.75	
Confectionery products		8.13	8.26	8.40	8.29		308.13	309.75	320.04	325.80	)
Fats and oils		9.51	9.53	9.29	9.35		393.71	397.40	393.90	402.05	
Beverages		11.90	11.87	12.06	12.07		495.04	491.42	494.46	502.11	l
Malt beverages		16.78	16.56	16.76	17.09		716.51	717.05	724.03	745.12	[
Bottled and canned soft drinks		9.44	9.47	9.59	9.61		397.42	393.01	390.31	397.85	İ
Misc. food and kindred products	. 209	8.17	8.21	8.57	8.52		314.55	321.01	322.23	328.02	
Tobacco manufactures		15.85 17.90	15.17 17.26	15.24 17.52	15.78 17.97	\$16.14 -	653.02 755.38	565.84 636.89	601.98 692.04	628.04 718.80	\$629.4
Textile mill products	22	7.13	7.13	7.31	7.33	7.30	302.31	296.61	297.52	299.80	294.9
Weaving mills, cotton		7.13	7.13	7.63	7.33 7.65	7.30	302.31	321.86	305.20	306.77	254.9
Weaving mills, synthetics		7.70	7.70	7.92	7.05	_	328.79	325.71	327.10	334.36	-
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		7.69	7.57	7.95	8.04		332.98	311.88	328.34	331.25	İ
Narrow fabric mills		6.69	6.73	6.72	6.77	[	276.30	271.22	274.85	280.96	ĺ
Knitting mills		6.50	6.52	6.61	6.60		263.90	260.15	261.10	264.00	
Women's hosiery, except socks		6.38	6.48	6.50	6.47		250.73	251.42	248.30	243.92	ł
Hosiery, nec	2252	6.16	6.19	6.35	6.37		246.40	242.03	245.75	252.25	1
		6.16	6.19	6.33	6.29		255.76	258.00	245.75	252.25	}
Knit outerwear mills		1 1									Į
Knit underwear mills		6.14	6.13	6.39	6.41	}	247.44	235.39	246.65	255.76	
Circular knit fabric mills		7.17	7.13	7.44	7.43		307.59	299.46	305.78	302.40	
Textile finishing, except wool		7.52	7.40	7.72	7.77		322.61	308.58	321.92	322.46	ļ
Finishing plants, cotton		7.52	7.43	7.73	7.77		321.10	318.00	322.34	322.46	[
Finishing plants, synthetics		7.78	7.60	7.99	8.08		336.87	308.56	337.18	340.17	ĺ
Floor covering mills		7.41	7.42	7.63	7.65		326.78	321.29	321.22	328.19	
Yarn and thread mills		6.75	6.78	7.02	6.98		290.25	288.15	284.31	281.29	
Yarn mills, except wool		6.73	6.76	6.99	6.97	1	295.45	292.71	284.49	282.29	
Throwing and winding mills		6.91 8.09	6.92 8.05	7.26 8.26	7.13 8.30	Ì	266.04 347.06	258.81 341.32	283.14 356.01	275.93 357.73	{
•	Į				ļ						
Apparel and other textile products		5.89	5.87	6.05	6.08	6.02	219.70	216.60	222.64	226.78	222.1
Men's and boys' suits and coats		6.65	6.62	6.78	6.81	~	240.73	238.98	248.83	254.01	-
Men's and boys' furnishings		5.45	5.43	5.55	5.55	ļ	206.56	203.08	203.13	208.13	
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		5.20	5.21	5.44	5.40		198.64	196.42	201.28	203.58	
Men's and boys' separate trousers		5.36	5.28	5.38	5.42	ļ	198.86	194.30	196.91	201.08	
Men's and boys' work clothing		5.56	5.56	5.58	5.59	[	209.06	206.28	196.97	204.59	1
Women's and misses' outerwear		5.67	5.71	5.85	5.88		202.42	203.28	209.43	210.50	
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		5.00	5.05	5.11	5.12	ľ	180.00	178.27	182.43	188.93	1
Women's and misses' dresses		6.04	6.10	6.16	6.20		215.02	217.77	219.30	217.62	1
Women's and misses' suits and coats		6.53	6.57	6.51	6.61		235.08	238.49	236.31	244.57	}
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	1	5.48	5.50	5.74	5.76		195.64	195.25	204.92	204.48	
Women's and children's undergarments		5.47	5.49	5.66	5.66	l	207.31	204.23	209.99	213.95	
Women's and children's underwear		5.31	5.33	5.49	5.52	1	203.90	202.01	204.23	211.42	
Brassieres and allied garments		6.43	6.47	6.62	6.48	j	225.69	216.10	242.29	228.74	
Children's outerwear		5.28	5.27	5.37	5.42	}	201.70	199.21	197.62	204.88	
Children's dresses and blouses		5.11	5.12	5.35	5.41		188.05	184.83	189.39	196.92	
Misc. apparel and accessories		5.67	5.64	5.89	5.90		221.13	214.88	226.18	225.97	Í
Misc. fabricated textile products		7.10	6.98	7.31	7.41		276.90	265.94	282.17	289.73	1
Curtains and draperies		5.82	5.73	5.97	6.10		224.07	215.45	215.52	222.04	
House furnishings, nec Automotive and apparel trimmings	2392 2396	6.10 10.64	6.08 10.47	6.16 11.17	6.23 11.43	}	239.73 419.22	234.08 406.24	231.62 461.32	236.74 486.92	
	ł		1	1	1						
Paper and allied products Paper and pulp mills	261 2 6	11.42	11.49	11.64	11.63	11.74	494.49 631.03	496.37	501.68	500.09	504.8
		13.93	14.08	14.25	14.32	-		642.05	646.95	642.97	-
Paper mills, except building paper		14.00	14.16	14.31	14.39		638.40	648.53	652.54	648.99	l
Paperboard mills		14.45	14.36	14.62	14.34	Į	635.80	626.10	659.36	635.26	
Misc. converted paper products		9.91	9.97	10.11	10.06	)	415.23	420.73	419.57	417.49	
Paper coating and glazing		10.93	11.00	11.29	11.23		485.29	486.20	487.73	481.77	
Envelopes	2642	9.14	9.25	9.63	9.51		375.65	385.73	394.83	388.01	
Bags, except textile bags	2643	9.24	9.29	9.36	9.32		386.23	390.18	384.70	383.05	
Paperboard containers and boxes		9.78	9.80	9.90	9.96		418.58	411.60	417.78	424.30	
Folding paperboard boxes		10.20	10.19	10.30	10.32	-	436.56	423.90	426.42	433.44	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	9.98	10.01	10.03	10.14	1	431.14	425.43	427.28	436.02	
Sanitary food containers	12654	9.23	9.32	9.72	9.69		394.12	391.44	423.79	422.48	

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	,
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988
Nondurable goods—Continued			_								
Printing and publishing	27	37.6	37.9	37.5	37.6	37.8	2.7	2.9	2.8	2.6	1
Newspapers		33.4	33.4	33.2	33.6		1.5	1,4	1.3	1.4	}
Periodicals		38.0	38.1	37.9	37.7		2.9	2.8	3.1	3.0	
Books		37.9	38.8	39.5	38.6		3.3	3.5	3.7	2.8	]
Book publishing		37.9	38.4	38.7	38.1		2.9	3.1	3.2	2.2	1
Book printing		37.8	39.4	40.8	39.3		3.9	4.2	4.7	3.8	
Miscellaneous publishing		36.5	36.5	35.7	35.7		2.2	2.2	1.9	1.7	
Commercial printing		39.0	39.4	38.7	38.7		3.1	3.4	3.2	2.9	
Commercial printing, letterpress		39.0	39.2	38.7	38.8		2.8	2.8	2.9	2.7	
Commercial printing, lithographic		38.9	39.3	38.5	38.5		3.1	3.5	3.3	2.9	
Manifold business forms		41.8	41.8	41.3	42.1		3.6	4.2	3.8	4.6	
Blankbooks and bookbinding		38.6	38.4	38.7	38.7		2.4	2.4	2.8	2.7	
Printing trade services		38.0	38.6	38.4	38.9		3.3	4.0	3.7	4.2	
Chemicals and allied products	28	42.2	41.9	42.0	42.4	42.0	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.2	
						42.0				1	
Industrial inorganic chemicals		42.2	42.1	42.6	43.1	-	3.8	4.1	4.0	4.3	
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		42.7	42.7	42.6	43.3		3.8	4.1	3.9	4.3	
Plastics materials and synthetics		42.7	42.5	43.1	43.5		4.3	4.3	4.7	4.9	İ
Plastics materials and resins		43.5	43.0	43.4	44.0		4.4	4.4	4.9	5.1	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		42.1	42.5	42.8	43.1		4.0	4.0	4.4	4.6	
Drugs		41.8	41.1	40.8	41.2		3.1	2.7	2.9	2.9	
Pharmaceutical preparations		41.8	40.9	40.7	41.0		3.1	2.7	2.9	3.0	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		41.2	41.0	39.9	40.3		3.3	3.5	3.1	3.6	
Soap and other detergents	2841	43.6	44.5	43.8	44.0		5.1	5.9	4.7	4.8	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	2842,3	41.7	41.7	41.0	42.0		3.3	3.4	3.0	3.6	
Toilet preparations		39.5	38.6	37.2	37.6		2.2	2.1	2.3	2.9	
Paints and allied products		42.0	42.2	42.2	42.4		4.0	4.3	4.0	4.3	
Industrial organic chemicals		43.7	43.7	43.7	43.7		5.1	5.3	5.1	5.2	ĺ
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		43.2	42.8	41.7	42.3		5.6	5.7	4.4	5.4	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec.	2861,9	43.8	43.9	44.2	44.1		4.9	5.2	5.3	5.1	
Agricultural chemicals	287	42.7	42.0	43.4	44.0		4.3	3.8	5.2	5.6	
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	41.4	41.0	42.0	42.0	ļ	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.7	
Petroleum and coal products	29	43.6	44.9	44.1	45.0	45.2	4.8	5.2	5.3	5.9	
Petroleum refining		43.2	44.7	43.8	44.9	_	4.0	4.4	4.8	5.4	i
Paving and roofing materials		46.0	47.2	46.6	46.8	)	8.5	9.1	8.6	9.0	
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	41.8	41.0	41.6	41.7	41.3	4.1	3.9	4.1	4.2	
Tires and inner tubes		43.7	44.2	45.2	44.7	71.0	5.4	6.2	6.1	6.2	
Rubber and plastics footwear		43.0	41.8	39.7	39.3		3.3	3.1	1.6	1.4	1
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	302	45.0	41.0	33.1	35.3		0.5	3.1	1.0	1.4	
and belting	303.4	42.3	41.7	43.9	44.2		3.5	4.1	4.2	4.1	
Fabricated rubber products, nec		41.7	40.5	41.6	41.9		3.7	3.3	3.7	4.0	
Miscellaneous plastics products		41.5	40.6	41.1	41.3		4.0	3.7	4.0	4.1	
Lasthan and Lasthan and Jak		20.5	00.7	07.0	07.0				4.0		
Leather and leather products		39.5	38.7	37.6	37.9	37.7	2.6	2.3	1.9	2.1	1
Leather tanning and finishing		42.1	40.8	41.2	41.3	-	4.3	3.1	4.0	4.1	
Footwear, except rubber	314	39.7	39.2	37.3	37.8		2.7	2.4	1.6	1.9	
Men's footwear, except athletic		39.3	38.9	37.4	37.3		2.1	2.0	.9	1.1	
Women's footwear, except athletic		40.2	39.9	37.1	38.2		3.4	3.3	2.1	2.8	
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		40.0 37.0	38.2 36.1	39.7 35.6	39.9 36.3		2.2 2.3	2.6 2.1	2.8 2.0	3.5 1.5	1
ransportation and public utilities		39.2	39.6	39.2	39.5	39.7		_,,			
·											
Railroad transportation: Class I railroads³	4011	43.6	44.1	45.0	45.2					1	ĺ
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	33.9	36.3	34.3	34.5					1	
Local and suburban transportation	411	38.1	38.6	38.4	38.7						1
Intercity highway transportation		38.6	39.9	39.4	40.8						I
	}				000			) i			
Trucking and warehousing	42	38.8	38.8	38.0	38.8	1					
Trucking and trucking terminals		38.8	38.7	38.0	38.8	ļ	ļ		: 		
Public warehousing	422	38.7	39.1	38.3	38.7				l I		
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	41.1	43.4	40.9	41.9	ĺ					

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly 6	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Printing and publishing	27	\$10.19	\$10.24	\$10.43	\$10.44	\$10.47	\$383.14	\$388.10	\$391.13	\$392.54	\$395.7
Newspapers	271	10.21	10.26	10.45	10.47	-	341.01	342.68	346.94	351.79	-
Periodicals		10.59	10.59	10.83	10.85		402.42	403.48	410.46	409.05	i
Books		9.34	9.39	9.30	9.31		353.99	364.33	367.35	359.37	
Book publishing	2731	8.92	8.93	8.95	8.96		338.07	342.91	346.37	341.38	
Book printing		10.05	10.12	9.85	9.86		379.89	398.73	401.88	387.50	
Miscellaneous publishing	274	9.29	9.37	9.75	9.83		339.09	342.01	348.08	350.93	
Commercial printing	275	10.43	10.49	10.72	10.69		406.77	413.31	414.86	413.70	
Commercial printing, letterpress		10.07	10.06	10.32	10.35		392.73	394.35	399.38	401.58	
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	10.56	10.62	10.85	10.77		410.78	417.37	417.73	414.65	
Manifold business forms		10.70	10.81	10.92	11.16		447.26	451.86	451.00	469.84	
Blankbooks and bookbinding		8.09	8.08	8.32	8.28		312.27	310.27	321.98	320.44	
Printing trade services		12.43	12.52	12.82	12.82		472.34	483.27	492.29	498.70	
Chemicals and allied products	20	12.28	12.37	12.59	12.60	12.71	518.22	518.30	528.78	534.24	533.82
					13.82	- 12.71					533.62
Industrial inorganic chemicals		13.49	13.60	13.73		_	569.28	572.56	584.90	595.64	_
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		13.59	13.73	13.75	13.86		580.29	586.27	585.75	600.14	
Plastics materials and synthetics		12.57	12.58	12.99	13.01		536.74	534.65	559.87	565.94	
Plastics materials and resins		13.50	13.51	13.84	13.76		587.25	580.93	600.66	605.44	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	2824	11.99	12.02	12.45	12.49		504.78	510.85	532.86	538.32	
Drugs		11.58	11.59	12.00	11.96		484.04	476.35	489.60	492.75	
Pharmaceutical preparations		11.23	11.31	11.67	11.73		469.41	462.58	474.97	480.93	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		10.77	10.88	11.02	10.94		443.72	446.08	439.70	440.88	
Soap and other detergents		13.92	13.96	14.41	14.23		606.91	621.22	631.16	626.12	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		9.96	10.07	10.26	10.38		415.33	419.92	420.66	435.96	
Toilet preparations	2844	9.15	9.19	9.29	9.24	(	361.43	354.73	345.59	347.42	
Paints and allied products	285	10.77	10.81	11.21	11.17		452.34	456.18	473.06	473.61	
Industrial organic chemicals	286	14.83	14.93	14.99	15.03		648.07	652.44	655.06	656.81	1
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	14.72	14.69	14.80	15.00		635.90	628.73	617.16	634.50	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec .	2861,9	14.86	14.99	15.04	15.04		650.87	658.06	664.77	663.26	l
Agricultural chemicals		11.72	11.93	11.89	12.19		500.44	501.06	516.03	536.36	
Miscellaneous chemical products		11.22	11.38	11.39	11.49		464.51	466.58	478.38	482.58	1
Detroloum and coal products	20	4444	4454	14.00	15.04	15.04	600.50	654.50	650.41	676 90	600.05
Petroleum and coal products		14.44	14.51	14.93	15.04	15.24		651.50	658.41	676.80	688.85
Petroleum refining Paving and roofing materials		15.65 11.40	15.69 11.38	16.14 11.59	16.26 11.59	-	676.08 524.40	701.34 537.14	706.93 540.09	730.07 542.41	_
-		11.40	11.00	11.00	11.00		324.40	307.14	340.00	342.41	
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	8.89	8.96	9.04	9.06	9.10	371.60	367.36	376.06	377.80	375.83
Tires and inner tubes		14.03	14.39	14.20	14.24	-	613.11	636.04	641.84	636.53	-
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	6.07	6.04	6.29	6.35		261.01	252.47	249.71	249.56	
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose		i l									ł
and belting	303,4	8.96	8.96	9.19	9.18		379.01	373.63	403.44	405.76	ļ
Fabricated rubber products, nec	306	8.61	8.69	8.77	8.79		359.04	351.95	364.83	368.30	
Miscellaneous plastics products		8.29	8.29	8.44	8.47		344.04	336.57	346.88	349.81	
I author and looth or mandrate	0.4	0.00	5.00	0.07	0.07	0.00	040.50	004.04	005.75	007.00	000.00
Leather and leather products		6.09	5.99	6.27	6.27	6.26	240.56	231.81	235.75	237.63	236.00
Leather tanning and finishing		8.11	8.05	8.49	8.42	-	341.43	328.44	349.79	347.75	1 -
Footwear, except rubber		5.71	5.70	5.94	5.96		226.69	223.44	221.56	225.29	
Men's footwear, except athletic		6.09	6.17	6.25	6.28	-	239.34	240.01	233.75	234.24	
Women's footwear, except athletic		5.39	5.34	5.67	5.69		216.68	213.07	210.36	217.36	
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		6.39 5.93	6.21 5.82	6.27 6.10	6.33 6.01	}	255.60 219.41	237.22 210.10	248.92 217.16	252.57 218.16	
ransportation and public utilities		11.94	12.00	12.28	12.29	12.31	468.05	475.20	481.38	485.46	488.71
· ·		11.54	12.00	12.20	12.29	12.31	400.03	475.20	401.30	465.40	400.71
Railroad transportation: Class I railroads <sup>3</sup>	4011	14.14	14.11	15.11	15.11		616.50	622.25	679.95	682.97	
Local and intervenes are seen to the				2.2	اء. ؞		070.00	000 00	007.00	004.5=	
Local and interurban passenger transit		8.21	8.52	8.37	8.46		278.32	309.28	287.09	291.87	ĺ
Local and suburban transportation		8.81	9.10	8.94	8.99	-	335.66	351.26	343.30	347.91	
Intercity highway transportation	413	11.52	11.52	11.16	11.31		444.67	459.65	439.70	461.45	
Trucking and warehousing	42	10.77	10.72	10.97	10.93	1	417.88	415.94	416.86	424.08	
Trucking and trucking terminals		10.93	10.89	11.13	11.08		424.08	421.44	422.94	429.90	
Public warehousing		8.52	8.44	8.85	8.80	1	329.72	330.00	338.96	340.56	
	46				15.57		626.36	649.70	650.31	652.38	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Averag	e overtin	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988
Transportation and public utilities—Continued								-			
Communication	48	39.8	40.4	39.6	39.8	!					
Telephone communication	481	41.1	42.0	41.1	41.4					}	1
Radio and television broadcasting	483	36.3	35.9	35.6	35.9						1
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	41.5	41.5	41.2	41.6			1			1
Electric services		41.2	41.3	41.3	41.4	Į			Į.	l	Į.
Gas production and distribution	492	40.4	40.5	40.4	41.1				1		1
Combination utility services		42.4	42.5	41.2	42.2					1	
Sanitary services		43.4	43.1	42.7	42.4						
Wholesale trade		38.3	38.2	38.0	38.2	38.3					
Durable goods	50	38.8	38.6	38.4	38.6				ĺ	1	
		38.3		38.0	38.2			t			ļ
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment			38.5		37.4				Į.	į	
Furniture and home furnishings		37.2	36.8	37.1					ĺ		1
Lumber and construction materials		39.4	39.5	39.5	39.9						
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		36.2	36.4	35.4	35.7				l	]	
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		40.7	40.4	40.2	40.3					1	
Electrical goods		38.6	38.3	38.0	37.9	1			}	1	
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		38.6	38.6	38.1	38.7						
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	39.2	38.9	38.7	38.9					į.	1
Miscellaneous durable goods	509	37.8	37.7	37.6	37.9						1
Nondurable goods	51	37.6	37.6	37.4	37.5	}		}			1
Paper and paper products		36.9	36.9	36.7	37.0	ĺ					
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		37.1	37.6	36.6	36.9	\ 			İ		
		36.6	36.5	36.5	36.7						
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		1			l				1		
Groceries and related products		38.1	38.2	37.7	38.0	ł					
Chemicals and allied products		39.3	39.2	39.7	40.0				1		
Petroleum and petroleum products		39.2	39.1	38.4	38.5						
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		36.1 37.1	36.3 37.0	35.8 37.4	36.2 37.0						
Retail trade		29.6	30.0	28.9	29.4	30.0					t .
Duilding motorials and mardon symplics	50	07.0	07.4	20.0	36.9						
Building materials and garden supplies		37.2	37.4	36.6		1	i		1		
Lumber and other building materials		38.9	39.3	38.4	38.9						
Hardware stores	525	33.6	33.8	32.8	33.4						
General merchandise stores	53	28.6	29.1	27.3	27.9						
Department stores	531	28.3	28.8	27.0	27.6	Ì		1			1
Variety stores	533	29.5	30.1	28.9	29.3					i	ĺ
Misc. general merchandise stores	539	31.2	31.7	28.8	29.8					1	
Food stores	54	30.6	31.0	29.9	30.8			l			
Grocery stores		30.9	31.2	30.0	30.9						
Retail bakeries		27.7	28.1	28.2	28.9			1			
Automotive dealers and considerations	EE	26.7	26.0	26.2	26.0						
Automotive dealers and service stations		36.7	36.9	36.3	36.8			1		1	
New and used car dealers		37.5	37.4	37.2	37.5			1			
Auto and home supply stores		39.5 34.2	39.6 34.7	38.3 34.1	38.9 34.8						
Apparal and accompany starre	EG	07.0	07.0	06.4	07.						
Apparel and accessory stores		27.0	27.8	26.4	27.1						1
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		30.2	30.6	28.3	29.2		ļ	1	1	1	1
Women's ready-to-wear stores		25.7	26.4	24.7	25.3		ì			1	
Family clothing stores		27.0 28.1	27.7 29.1	26.3 27.8	27.2 28.8			1		-	
				33							
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	33.0	33.3	32.6	32.9				1	1	1
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	33.1	33.4	33.2	33.4				1	1	
Household appliance stores		34.1	34.4	33.3	33.8				1	1	1
Radio, television, and music stores		32.5	32.9	31.3	31.8						
Eating and drinking places4	1	26.2	26.7	25.7	26.1						

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Communication	. 48	\$12.35	\$12.42	\$12.60	\$12.67		\$491.53	\$501.77	\$498.96	\$504.27	
Telephone communication		13.07	13.16	13.30	13.32		537.18	552.72	546.63	551.45	
Radio and television broadcasting		10.82	10.72	11.31	11.62		392.77	384.85	402.64	417.16	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	. 49	13.65	13.67	14.23	14.09		566.48	567.31	586.28	586.14	
Electric services		13.78	13.81	14.40	14,22		567.74	570.35	594.72	588,71	
Gas production and distribution		12.84	12.90	13,32	13.15		518.74	522.45	538.13	540.47	
Combination utility services		15.99	15.93	16.67	16.57		677.98	677.03	686.80	699.25	
Sanitary services		9.99	10.10	10.82	10.77	i	433.57	435.31	462.01	456.65	
Wholesale trade		9.54	9.56	9.87	9.85	\$9.94	365.38	365.19	375.06	376.27	\$380.70
Durable goods	50	0.60	0.70	10.00	10.06		375.97	374.42	387.46	388.32	
		9.69	9.70	10.09							İ
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		8.70	8.65	9.11	9.08		333.21	333.03	346.18	346.86	
Furniture and home furnishings		8.90	8.93	9.46	9.41		331.08	328.62	350.97	351.93	
Lumber and construction materials		9.13	9.23	9.57	9.64	İ	359.72	364.59	378.02	384.64	
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		9.71	9.73	9.84	9.59		351.50	354.17	348.34	342.36	
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		10.37	10.36	10.60	10.63		422.06	418.54	426.12	428.39	
Electrical goods		9.97	9.98	10.50	10.43		384.84	382.23	399.00	395.30	
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		9.20	9.22	9.54	9.47		355.12	355.89	363.47	366.49	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		10.33	10.35	10.74	10.71	·	404.94	402.62	415.64	416.62	
Miscellaneous durable goods	. 509	7.81	7.80	7.92	7.95		295.22	294.06	297.79	301.31	
Nondurable goods	. 51	9.34	9.36	9.54	9.53		351.18	351.94	356.80	357.38	
Paper and paper products		9.97	9.98	10.33	10.22		367.89	368.26	379.11	378.14	
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		10.87	10.79	11,12	11.03		403.28	405.70	406.99	407.01	
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		9.11	9.14	9.48	9,45		333.43	333.61	346.02	346.82	
Groceries and related products		9.46	9.50	9.70	9.67		360.43	362.90	365.69	367.46	
Chemicals and allied products		12.02	12.10	12.13	12.15		472.39	474.32	481.56	486.00	
Petroleum and petroleum products		9.56	9.49	9.67	9.65		374.75	371.06	371.33	371.53	)
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		11.03	11.02	11.15	11.06		398.18	400.03	399.17	400.37	
Miscellaneous nondurable goods		7.69	7.66	7.78	7.79		285.30	283.42	290.97	288.23	
Retail trade		6.08	6.07	6.28	6.26	6.28	179.97	182.10	181.49	184.04	188.40
Building materials and garden supplies	52	6.93	6.97	7.29	7.31		257.80	260.68	266.81	269.74	
Lumber and other building materials	521	7.29	7.30	7.73	7.69		283.58	286.89	296.83	299.14	
Hardware stores		5.90	5.94	6.18	6.18	j	198.24	200.77	202.70	206.41	
General merchandise stores	53	6.45	6.42	6.52	6.52		184.47	186.82	178.00	181.91	
Department stores		6.77	6.73	6.81	6.82		191.59	193.82	183.87	188.23	j
Variety stores		4.82	4.82	4.96	4.92		142.19	145.08	143.34	144.16	
Misc. general merchandise stores		4.95	4.91	5.31	5.27		154.44	155.65	152.93	157.05	
Food stores	5.4	6.90	6.89	7.00	6.94		211.14	213.59	209.30	213.75	j
Grocery stores		7.03	7.03	7.11	7.05		217.23	219.34	213.30	217.85	
Retail bakeries		5.61	5.57	5.98	5.99		155.40	156.52	168.64	173.11	ĺ
Automotive dealers and service stations	. 55	7.85	7.87	8.29	8.27		288.10	290.40	300.93	304.34	
New and used car dealers		9.64	9.67	10.19	10.20				379.07		
Auto and have supply stores	. 551,2					.	361.50	361.66		382.50	
Auto and home supply stores		6.67 5.49	6.68 5.54	7.04 5.76	7.01 5.75		263.47 187.76	264.53 192.24	269.63 196.42	272.69 200.10	
Apparel and accessory stores	56	5.58	5.53	5.78	5.79	}	150.66	152 72	152.59	156.91	
		6.71	6.54	7.12	7.06	)		153.73			
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		1		l l			202.64	200.12	201.50	206.15	
Women's ready-to-wear stores	. 502	5.19	5.13	5.45	5.45	\	133.38	135.43	134.62	137.89	
Family clothing stores		5.60 5.58	5.53 5.58	5.58 5.92	5.66 5.92		151.20 156.80	153.18 162.38	146.75 164.58	153.95 170.50	
	}			j		ſ	ļ				
Furniture and home furnishings stores		7.44	7.50	7.78	7.83		245.52	249.75	253.63	257.61	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	. 571	7.57	7.64	7.89	7.94	İ	250.57	255.18	261.95	265.20	
Household appliance stores		7.39	7.51	7.73	7.88		252.00	258.34	257.41	266.34	
Radio, television, and music stores	. 573	7.23	7.27	7.60	7.61		234.98	239.18	237.88	242.00	
Eating and drinking places <sup>4</sup>	58	4.39	4.39	4.53	4.52		115.02	117.21	116.42	117.97	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours	,		Average	e overtin	ne hours	<b></b>
Industry	SIC Code	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988
Retail trade—Continued											
Miscellaneous retail	59	30.5	30.7	29.8	30.1	Í			ľ	ĺ	
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	28.6	28.9	27.3	27.7				1	İ	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	29.0	29.5	28.2	29.0				l	ļ	1
Nonstore retailers		33.1	33.0	31.9	32.0						1
Fuel and ice dealers		37.9	37.8	37.7	38.1			ł	ì		
Retail stores, nec		32.1	31.8	32.4	31.9			}	İ		
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>5</sup>	}	36.4	36.2	35.8	35.9	36.2					
Banking	60	36.2	36.2	35.4	35.7						
Commercial and stock savings banks		36.2	36.2	35.3	35.6						
Credit agencies other than banks	61	37.0	36.4	36.1	36.3						
Savings and loan associations		36.5	35.9	35.7	35.8			1	1	1	)
Personal credit institutions		36.5	36.6	35.7 36.1	36.5				}	1	1
Personal credit institutions	014	30.7	30.0	30.1	36.5				}		
Insurance carriers		37.4	37.1	37.1	37.1				}		1
Life insurance	631	36.9	36.8	36.6	36.6			ļ		1	
Medical service and health insurance	632	37.8	37.6	37.5	37.6						
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	37.4	36.9	37.2	37.1						
Services		32.7	32.8	32.4	32.7	33.0					
Hotels and other lodging places:		}					1			)	)
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts <sup>4</sup>	701	31.0	31.1	31.4	31.5						
Personal services:		}							l		
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	34.4	34.2	34.5	34.3						
Beauty shops <sup>4</sup>		29.7	29.5	30.1	30.1						l
	_				_				ĺ	ļ	[
Business services		33.8	33.6	33.7	34.1					İ	l
Advertising	731	36.7	36.8	36.4	36.7			İ			İ
Services to buildings	734	29.2	28.7	29.2	29.2						
Computer and data processing services	737	37.7	37.6	37.7	37.6						
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	36.8	37.1	36.4	36.7	1		į	1		
Automotive repair shops		38.3	38.6	37.5	38.1			1		1	İ
Miscellaneous repair services	76	38.0	38,1	38.0	38.3	i i					
Motion pictures	78	29.1	30.5	27.8	28.5	ļ			}		1
Motion picture production and services		37.3	39.0	36.7	36.7						
Amusement and recreation services	79	29.0	30.5	27.9	28.6						
Health services	80	32.4	32.6	32.2	32.4			1	}		
Offices of physicians		30.8	30.8	31.0	31.1			1			
Offices of dentists		28.1	28.3	28.0	28.4			1		(	
Nursing and personal care facilities		31.6	32.0	31.5	31.6	!		1		1	1
Hospitals		34.3	34.4	33.8	34.1	]		]			
Legal services	81	34.9	34.7	34.3	34.8						
Missellancous convices	90	20.5	20.0	07.6	20.0			j			1
Miscellaneous services  Engineering and architectural services		38.5 39.7	38.3 39.5	37.6 38.9	38.0 39.4	1		1			
		39.7	39.5 36.8	36.9	39.4	1		1	1		
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping											

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly 6	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°
Retail trade—Continued											
Miscellaneous retail	. 59	\$6.30	\$6.31	\$6.54	\$6.54		\$192.15	\$193.72	\$194.89	\$196.85	
Drug stores and proprietary stores		5.84	5.90	6.22	6.22		167.02	170.51	169.81	172.29	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		5.87	5.84	6.17	6.12		170.23	172.28	173.99	177.48	
Nonstore retailers		7.21	7.28	7.39	7.45		238.65	240.24	235.74	238.40	
Fuel and ice dealers	. 598	8.87	8.88	9.08	9.01		336.17	335.66	342.32	343.28	
Retail stores, nec		6.50	6.53	6.57	6.66		208.65	207.65	212.87	212.45	
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>5</sup>		8.63	8.63	9.09	8.96	\$9.00	314.13	312.41	325.42	321.66	\$325.80
Banking	. 60	7.45	7.42	7.87	7.79		269.69	268.60	278.60	278.10	
Commercial and stock savings banks	. 602	7.23	7.19	7.59	7.52		261.73	260.28	267.93	267.71	
Credit agencies other than banks	61	7.89	7.91	8.24	8.16		291.93	287.92	297.46	296.21	
Savings and loan associations		7.37	7.42	7.70	7.64		269.01	266.38	274.89	273.51	
Personal credit institutions		7.41	7.44	7.74	7.68		271.95	272.30	279.41	280.32	
Insurance carriers	. 63	9.41	9.53	10.14	10.10		351.93	353.56	376.19	374,71	
Life insurance		8.72	8.88	9.60	9.53		321.77	326.78	351.36	348.80	
Medical service and health insurance		9.38	9.48	9.89	9.78		354.56	356.45	370.88	367.73	
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	1	9.88	9.95	10.65	10.63		369.51	367.16	396.18	394.37	
Services		8.37	8.34	8.84	8.78	8.80	273.70	273.55	286.42	287.11	290.40
Hotels and other lodging places:									,		
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts4	701	6.10	6.01	6.42	6.36		189.10	186.91	201.59	200.34	
Personal services:			1								
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	6.17	6.18	6.31	6.31		212.25	211.36	217.70	216.43	
Beauty shops <sup>4</sup>		6.54	6.44	6.81	6.92		194.24	189.98	204.98	208.29	
Business services	73	8.69	8.71	9.08	9.05		293.72	292.66	306.00	308.61	
Advertising		11.79	11.69	12.46	12.21		432.69	430.19	453.54	448.11	
Services to buildings		6.71	6.74	6.84	6.94		195.93	193.44	199.73	202.65	
Computer and data processing services		12.13	12.12	12.71	12.70		457.30	455.71	479.17	477.52	
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	7.79	7.78	8.10	8.12		286.67	288.64	294.84	298.00	
Automotive repair shops		8.39	8.40	8.76	8.77		321.34	324.24	328.50	334.14	
Miscellaneous repair services	76	9.06	9.16	9.58	9.51		346.09	351.74	364.04	364.23	
Motion pictures	. 78	10.95	10.73	11.44	11.26		318.65	327.27	318.03	320.91	
Motion picture production and services		15.52	15.15	15.75	15.87		578.90	590.85	578.03	582.43	
Amusement and recreation services	. 79	6.48	6.23	7.44	6.82		187.92	190.02	207.58	195.05	
Health services	80	8.61	8.68	9.15	9.16		278.96	282.97	294.63	296.78	
Offices of physicians		8.32	8.39	8.78	8.72		256.26	258.41	272.18	271.19	
Offices of dentists		8.42	8.41	8.90	8.86		236.60	238.00	249.20	251.62	
Nursing and personal care facilities		5.96	6.01	6.24	6.28		188.34	192.32	196.56	198.45	
Hospitals		9.73	9.82	10.40	10.42		333.74	337.81	351.52	355.32	
Legal services	81	11.88	11.89	12.71	12.61		414.61	412.58	435.95	438.83	
Miscellaneous services	89	11.95	11.99	12.57	12.41		460.08	459.22	472.63	471.58	
Engineering and architectural services		12.79	12.80	13.32	13.10		507.76	505.60	518.15	516.14	
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		10.24	10.36	10.91	10.77		378.88	381.25	393.85	392.03	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See table C-2a for average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing.

<sup>3</sup> Data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

Money payments only; tips, not included.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from all series in this division.

Data not available.
 preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1987 forward are subject to revision.

# A Note on Average Hourly Earnings in Aircraft (SIC 3721) and Guided Missiles and Space Vehicles (SIC 3761) Manufacturing

For many years, the Bureau of Labor Statistics' average hourly earnings series for production workers in aircraft manufacturing (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles manufacturing (SIC 3761) have been used to escalate labor costs in contracts between aerospace companies and their customers. Although the Bureau's series by definition take account of traditional wage rate changes, they do not capture "lump-sum payments to workers in lieu of general wage increases" which were negotiated in aerospace manufacturers' collective bargaining agreements beginning in late 1983.

Because of special circumstances in the aerospace industry, BLS has calculated average hourly earnings series for SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 which include lump-sum payments. These series, beginning in October 1983, the effective date of the first aerospace bargain-

ing agreement using lump-sum payments, were published in the June 1988 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Current and year earlier data are presented in table C-2a along with the average hourly earnings series produced as part of the Current Employment Statistics program. An explanation of the methodology used to derive these series appears in the Explanatory Notes of this publication.

Lump-sum payments are but one of several recent changes in the way that employees are compensated. The changes are widespread and they differ by industry. Because of these developments, the Bureau is conducting a broad-based review of all concepts and definitions used in its earnings and wage programs to determine the proper treatment of lump-sum payments and other new compensation practices.

C-2a. Average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided misslies and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing

		Aircraft (S	SIC 3721)		Guided m	issiles and sp	ace vehicles (	SIC 3761)
Series	May 1987	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988	May 1987	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988°
Average hourly earnings, excluding lump-sum payments	\$13.72	\$13.71	\$14.04	\$14.10	\$12.76	\$12.83	\$13.40	\$13.51
Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum payments	14.37	14.37	14.50	14.56	13.06	13.13	13.67	13.79

p = preliminary.

NOTE: Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum payments for guided missiles and space vehicles have been revised to incorporate

corrected data from respondents as follows: December 1987, \$13.75; January 1988, \$13.56; February 1988, \$13.62; March 1988, \$13.65; and April 1988, \$13.65.

# C-3. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime, of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

Industry	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°
Manufacturing	\$9.44	\$9.45	\$9.70	\$9.70	\$9.73
Durable goods  Lumber and wood products  Furniture and fixtures  Stone, clay, and glass products  Primary metal industries  Fabricated metal products  Machinery, except electrical  Electrical and electronic equipment  Transportation equipment  Instruments and related products	8.03 7.41 9.69 11.28 9.54 10.20 9.48 12.28	9.95 8.07 7.42 9.70 11.29 9.52 10.21 9.54 12.26 9.41	10.19 8.16 7.63 9.84 11.42 9.76 10.39 9.76 12.61 9.54	10.19 8.20 7.64 9.86 11.43 9.78 10.40 9.76 12.66 9.54	10.22 (?) (?) (?) (?) (?) (?) (?)
Miscellaneous manufacturing  Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	8.50 14.91 6.76 5.74 10.79 9.84 11.74 13.69	7.51 8.78 8.44 14.65 6.78 5.74 10.84 9.87 11.82 13.71 8.56 5.82	7.71 8.99 8.73 14.77 7.00 5.92 11.01 10.06 12.02 14.08 8.61 6.11	7.69  8.99 8.67 15.23 7.00 5.94 11.01 10.08 12.01 14.11 8.62 6.10	(f) \$9.05 (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f)

Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

Not available.

preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1987 forward are

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

#### C-4. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers'on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1977) dollars.

		Average	e hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	June 1987	July 1987	<b>M</b> ay 1988	June 1988°	July 1988°	June 1987	July 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>9</sup>	July 1988°
Total private:										
Current dollars	\$8.91	\$8.90	\$9.26	\$9.23	\$9.25	\$311.85	\$311.50	\$320.40	\$323.05	\$324.68
Constant (1977) dollars	4.83	4.81	4.85	4.82	(²)	169.02	168.47	167.92	168.61	(²)
Mining:										
Current dollars	12.52	12.41	12.54	12.55	\$12.61	529.60	521.22	529.19	534.63	\$532.1
Constant (1977) dollars	6.79	6.71	6.57	6.55	(²)	287.05	281.89	277.35	279.03	(²)
Construction:					}					
Current dollars	12.66	12.60	12.87	12.87	\$12.94	482.35	486.36	491.63	498.07	\$498.1
Constant (1977) dollars	6.86	6.81	6.75	6.72	(²)	261.44	263.04	257.67	259.95	(²)
Manufacturing:					1					
Current dollars	9.87	9.87	10.14	10.16	\$10.18	405.66	400.72	414.73	418.59	\$414.33
Constant (1977) dollars	5.35	5.34	5.31	5.30	(²)	219.87	216.72	217.36	218.47	(²)
Transportation and public utilities:										
Current dollars	11.94	12.00	12.28	12.29	\$12.31	468.05	475.20	481.38	485.46	\$488.7
Constant (1977) dollars	6.47	6.49	6.44	6.41	(²)	253.69	257.00	252.30	253.37	(²)
Wholesale trade:		1		ļ	}	1				
Current dollars	9.54	9.56	9.87	9.85	\$9.94	365.38	365.19	375.06	376.27	\$380.70
Constant (1977) dollars	5.17	5.17	5.17	5.14	(²)	198.04	197.51	196.57	196.38	(²)
Retail trade:				}	1					
Current dollars	6.08	6.07	6.28	6.26	\$6.28	179.97	182.10	181.49	184.04	\$188.40
Constant (1977) dollars	3.30	3.28	3.29	3.27	(²)	97.54	98.49	95.12	96.05	(²)
Finance, insurance, and real estate:			}					}		
Current dollars	8.63	8.63	9.09	8.96	\$9.00	314.13	312.41	325.42	321.66	\$325.80
Constant (1977) dollars	4.68	4.67	4.76	4.68	(²)	170.26	168.96	170.56	167.88	(²)
Services:										
Current dollars	8.37	8.34	8.84	8.78	\$8.80	273.70	273.55	286.42	287.11	\$290.4
Constant (1977) dollars	4.54	4.51	4.63	4.58	(²)	148.35	147.94	150.12	149.85	(²)

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

Not available.

preliminary.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced all unadjusted data from April 1987 forward are subject to

C-5. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

			19	87						1988		·	
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July⁵
Total private	34.8	34.8	34.6	34.9	34.8	34.6	34.7	34.8	34.6	34.9	34.7	34.7	34.9
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Construction	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Manufacturing	41.0	41.0	40.6	41.2	41.2	41.0	41.1	41.0	40.9	41.2	41.0	41.1	41.1
Overtime hours	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9
Durable goods	41.6	41.5	41.0	41.8	41.8	41.5	41.6	41.5	41.5	42.0	41.8	41.8	41.7
Overtime hours	3.8	3.9	3.7	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0
Lumber and wood products	40.6	40.5	39.6	40.4	40.7	40.4	40.2	40.3	40.1	40.6	40.1	40.2	40.4
Furniture and fixtures	40.0	40.0	39.5	40.1	40.2	39.8	39.6	39.5	39.3	39.5	39.5	39.3	39.4
Stone, clay, and glass products	42.3	42.2	42.0	42.5	42.4	42.5	42.0	42.3	42.3	42.5	42.3	42.4	42.2
Primary metal industries	43.2	43.3	43.2	43.6	43.5	43.4	43.4	43.1	43.3	43.5	43.6	43.6	43.4
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	43.7	43.7	44.6	43.9	43.8	44.0	44.0	43.8	43.7	43.8	43.9	44.3	43.7
Fabricated metal products	41.5	41.5	40.9	41.9	42.1	41.7	41.8	41.6	41.6	42.0	41.9	42.0	41.6
Machinery, except electrical	42.5	42.3	41.7	42.6	42.7	42.6	42.7	42.6	42.5	42.8	42.6	42.4	42.9
Electrical and electronic equipment	40.9	40.9	40.4	41.0	41.0	40.9	41.1	40.9	40.9	41.2	41.0	41.1	40.8
Transportation equipment	41.8	41.8	41.4	42.4	42.3	41.5	42.0	42.0	42.1	43.0	43.0	43.0	42.7
Motor vehicles and equipment	41.8	41.9	41.5	42.8	42.9	41.4	42.1	42.3	42.3	44.1	44.0	44.3	43.0
Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing	41.5 39.5	41.6 39.7	41.0 38.9	41.9 39.5	41.4 39.2	41.2 39.2	41.8 39.1	41.3 39.3	41.4 39.2	41.8 39.4	41.4 39.2	41.4 39.4	41.6 39.5
Nondurable goods	40.3	40.3	40.1	40.4	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.2	40.1	40.3	40.0	40.1	40.3
Overtime hours	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.8
Food and kindred products	40.1	40.2	40.2	40.4	40.4	40.5	40.6	40.3	40.1	40.1	40.1	40.4	40.6
Tobacco manufactures	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Textile mill products	42.3	42.0	41.4	41.8	41.6	41.5	41.5	41.6	41.2	41.6	40.8	40.6	41.1
Apparel and other textile products	37.2	37.2	36.4	37.3	37.1	37.1	36.8	37.0	37.0	37.4	36.8	37.0	37.2
Paper and allied products	43.5	43.4	43.7	43.6	43.5	43.3	43.4	43.3	43.2	43.3	43.3	43.1	43.3
Printing and publishing	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.0	38.0	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.2	37.7	38.0	38.0
Chemicals and allied products	42.2	42.4	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.4	42.5	42.1	42.0	42.4	42.3
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	41.6	41.6	41.3	41.8	41.8	41.6	41.7	41.6	41.7	42.0	41.7	41.6	41.9
Leather and leather products	38.4	38.9	37.8	38.8	38.3	38.0	38.0	37.8	37.9	37.3	37.3	36.9	37.4
Transportation and public utilities	39.3	39.3	39.1	39.3	39.2	39.1	39.5	39.1	38.8	39.5	39.4	39.3	39.4
Wholesale trade	38.1	38.2	38.0	38.2	38.2	38.0	38.1	. 38.2	38.1	38.3	38.0	38.0	38.2
Retail trade	29.3	29.4	29.5	29.2	29.2	28.8	29.0	29.1	29.0	29.2	29.0	29.1	29.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Services	32.5	32.5	32.5	32.6	32.6	32.5	32.6	32.7	32.4	32.7	32.5	32.5	32.7

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the

seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to revision.

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

A. A			19	87						1988			
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total private	121.1	121.6	121.1	122.5	122.8	122.5	123.0	123.9	123.6	125.1	124.4	125.4	1 <b>26</b> .3
Goods-producing	99.3	99.6	98.0	101.0	101.2	101.3	100.5	101.1	101.6	102.7	102.1	103.2	103.4
Mining	81.9	82.9	82.7	85.0	84.1	84.0	81.7	82.5	83.2	85.9	84.4	85.2	85.2
Construction	133.0	133.9	127.0	136.7	136.4	137.7	132.1	136.0	139.1	141.1	139.3	144.0	142.1
Manufacturing	93.6	93.8	93.2	94.8	95.1	95.0	95.2	95.2	95.2	96.1	95.7	96.1	96.7
Durable goods	90.7	91.3	90.3	92.5	92.9	92.5	92.7	92.7	92.7	94.0	93.9	94.2	94.9
Lumber and wood products	102.4	101.8	100.2	102.2	103.9	103.7	103.0	103.6	103.1	104.7	103.2	103.6	103.2
Furniture and fixtures	112.7	112.4	111.3	114.1	114.6	114.0	113.7	113.2	112.3	113.2	113.7	113.1	115.0
Stone, clay, and glass products	86.1	85.9	85.7	87.1	87.3	88.3	86.5	87.3	87.5	88.3	87.5	88.1	86.1
Primary metal industries	64.1	65.0	65.5	66.5	66.8	66.6	66.5	66.4	66.9	67.6	68.1	68.7	69.2
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	51.3	51.8	54.0	53.9	54.1	54.1	53.9	53.9	54.1	54.8	54.6	55.4	54.9
Fabricated metal products	87.9	88.2	87.5	90.1	91.2	90.7	90.9	90.8	90.8	91.8	92.1	92.8	92.7
Machinery, except electrical	86.2	86.5	85.7	88.1	89.0	89.3	90.0	90.2	90.4	91.5	91.6	91.6	94.1
Electrical and electronic equipment	100.2	100.4	99.3	101.4	101.5	101.8	102.2	101.8	101.9	102.8	102.3	103.0	103.3
Transportation equipment	97.1	99.4	97.5	99.7	99.1	97.1	97.5	97.3	96.8	100.0	100.2	100.1	99.8
Motor vehicles and equipment	83.3	88.5	85.7	88.9	88.7	84.6	84.7	85.7	84.8	89.8	89.9	90.5	88.7
Instruments and related products	102.8	103.0	102.1	105.2	104.4	103.9	106.0	105.0	105.2	106.5	106.1	106.6	107.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing	82.2	82.9	81.5	83.4	83.6	83.6	83.4	84.8	84.5	85.0	83.9	84.7	85.8
Nondurable goods	97.8	97.5	97.3	98.3	98.5	98.7	99.0	99.0	98.8	99.1	98.4	98.9	99.5
Food and kindred products	99.6	99.5	99.7	100.3	100.9	101.3	102.2	101.7	100.9	101.0	100.5	101.7	101.7
Tobacco manufactures	75.5	73.2	70.9	71.7	73.8	76.4	77.2	75.8	74.8	73.8	71.0	71.4	75.3
Textile mill products	84.0	83.0	82.1	82.9	82.7	82.5	82.5	82.7	81.7	82.2	80.6	80.0	81.2
Apparel and other textile products	87.0	85.4	84.0	86.3	86.1	85.9	85.1	85.5	85.7	86.2	84.7	84.9	84.6
Paper and allied products	101.0	100.8	102.3	101.7	101.4	101.2	101.6	101.5	101.3	101.4	101.5	101.3	101.9
Printing and publishing	131.6	132.2	132.7	133.0	133.4	133.7	134.9	135.5	136.0	136.5	134.9	136.4	136.4
Chemicals and allied products	94.5	95.5	96.2	96.2	96.7	97.4	97.4	97.1	97.9	97.1	97.4	98.8	98.9
Petroleum and coal products	85.9	83.7	84.7	85.1	85.3	86.3	86.3	84.5	83.5	84.9	85.3	86.6	86.0
Rubber and misc. plastics products	116.1	116.5	116.2	118.7	119.6	120.1	120.9	121.0	121.8	122.9	123.1	123.4	126.3
Leather and leather products	59.1	58.4	56.7	58.2	57.5	57.0	57.5	57.2	56.9	55.5	55.5	54.9	55.2
Service-producing	133.2	133.8	133.9	134.3	134.7	134.2	135.5	136.4	135.8	137.4	136.8	137.8	139.0
Transportation and public utilities	109.5	109.9	110.0	110.9	111.0	111.0	112.6	111.8	111.2	113.5	113.5	113.6	114.4
Wholesale trade	119.2	119.8	119.6	120.7	121.3	121.3	122.2	123.1	123.6	124.8	124.4	125.1	126.2
Retail trade	123.0	123.6	124.1	123.5	123.8	122.2	124.0	125.2	124.8	126.0	125.1	126.2	127.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	141.4	141.8	140.6	141.1	141.3	139.6	141.3	141.6	139.6	141.1	140.1	140.4	142.1
Services	152.9	153.5	153.7	154.8	155.3	155.6	156.5	158.0	157.2	159.0	158.3	159.9	161.1

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

p = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to revision.

C-7. The Hourly Earnings Index and average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls, seasonally adjusted

1. i			19	87						1988			
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July⁵
					Hou	rly Earnir	ngs Index	c²(1977=	100)				
Total private (in current dollars)	173.2	174.1	174.6	174.9	175.6	175.7	176.6	176.7	177,0	178.0	178.7	178.6	179.5
Mining	(³)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(³)
Construction	154.9	155.1	154.8	155.2	156.5	155.4	157.6	156.8	157.5	157.8	157.5	158.0	159.2
Manufacturing	174.5	175.3	176.3	176.1	176.4	176.6	176.8	177.0	177.3	177.9	178.4	178.8	179.0
Transportation and public utilities	176.2	177.0	176.8	177.5	177.6	178.2	178.3	179.1	179.4	180.6	181.6	181.3	181.9
Wholesale trade	(³)	(³)	(°)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(°)	(3)	(³)
Retail trade	161.1	161.5	162.3	162.1	162.4	162.7	163.4	163.4	163.8	164.8	165.4	165.7	166.8
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(³)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(3)	(³)	(3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	(3)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(³)
Services	180.9	182.4	182.5	183.9	184.9	185.2	186.5	186.3	186.9	188.3	189.9	189.3	191.1
Total private (in constant dollars)4	93.7	93.8	93.7	93.5	93.8	93.7	93.8	93.7	93.5	93.6	93.6	93.2	( <sup>5</sup> )
		·	L			Average	hourly e	earnings	<u> </u>				
Total private	\$8.96	\$9.01	\$9.02	\$9.07	\$9.10	\$9.11	\$9.14	\$9.13	\$9.16	\$9.23	\$9.27	\$9.28	\$9.32
Mining	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(°)	(³)
Construction	\$12.71	\$12.72	\$12.70	\$12.72	\$12.81	\$12.74	\$12.91	\$12.82	\$12.90	\$12.93	\$12.91	\$12.95	\$13.06
Manufacturing	9.88	9.94	10.00	9.99	10.00	10.01	10.02	10.03	10.05	10.11	10.15	10.18	10.19
Transportation and public utilities	12.03	12.09	12.07	12.12	12.13	12.16	12.14	12.19	12.21	12.29	12.35	12.35	12.35
Wholesale trade	9.59	9.65	9.64	9.70	9.71	9.69	9.75	9.72	9.76	9.88	9.88	9.86	9.98
Retail trade	6.12	6.13	6.18	6.16	6.17	6.19	6.20	6.20	6.22	6.25	6.28	6.29	6.33
Finance, insurance, and real estate	8.70	8.79	8.76	8.82	8.89	8.84	8.92	8.91	8.90	8.99	9.08	8.98	9.07
Services	8.46	8.53	8.55	8.60	8.65	8.67	8.72	8.72	8.75	8.81	8.88	8.86	8.93
		L	l	l	L	Average	weekiy	earnings	1	l	L	<u> </u>	
	<del> </del>										{		
Total private:			1								}		
In current dollars	311.81	313.55	312.09	316.54	316.68	315.21	317.16	317.72	316.94	322.13	321.67	322.02	325.2
In constant (1977) dollars <sup>4</sup>	168.64	168.85			169.08					169.36			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series. Data for 1987 and earlier years have been revised based on recomputed seasonal adjustment factors for the CPI-W.

Not available.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to revision. Beginning in 1989, publication of the Hourly Earnings Index series shown in this table will be discontinued.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes the effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to underlying wage rate movements: Fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.
<sup>4</sup> The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical

<sup>=</sup> preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

	Avera	age weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	arnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988°	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Alabama	41.8	41.0	41.4	\$8.72	\$8.95	\$8.94	\$362.75	\$386.95	\$370.1
Birmingham	40.8	40.8	41.4	8.95	9,15	9,15	365.16	373.32	378.8
Mobile	41.5	40.7	40.6	10.08	10.63	10.65	418.32	432.64	432.3
Naska	42.3	36.3	45.3	11.56	12.63	11.33	488.99	458.47	513.2
Arizona	40.9	41.4	41.4	9.89	9.77	9.82	404.50	404.48	406.5
rkansas		41.2	40.9	7.87	8.13	8.08	327.39	334.96	330.4
Fayetteville-Springdale		41.2	41.9	6.98	7.24	7.22	276.41	298.29	302.5
Fort Smith		40.8	40.3	8.45	8.73	8.65	352.37	356.18	348.6
Little Rock-North Little Rock		40.7	40.9	8.51	8.50	8.51	353.17	345.95	348.0
Pine Bluff	44.4	43.4	43.5	10.58	10.70	10.45	469.75	464.38	454.5
alifornia	40.5	(¹)	(')	10.78	(¹)	(')	436.59	(¹)	(')
olorado	40.0	41.1	40.8	10.17	10.28	10.29	406.80	422.51	419.8
Denver	39.7	41.2	41.3	10.51	10.56	10.70	417.25	435.07	441.9
Connecticut	42.3	41.7	41.7	10.44	10.78	10.79	441.61	449.53	449.9
Bridgeport-Milford	42.2	42.2	41.8	10.77	11.17	11.10	454.49	471.37	463.9
Hartford	42.1	42.6	42.5	10.69	11.20	11.21	450.05	477.12	476.4
New Haven-Meriden	40.7	40.5	40.8	10.10	10.23	10.29	411.07	414.32	419.8
Stamford	1	40.6	40.4	11.43	12.00	12.10	464.06	487.20	488.8
Waterbury		43.0	43.3	8.99	9.17	9.62	384.77	394.31	416.5
olasiana.	40.8	39.6	40.3	10.50	10.74	10.72	428.40	425.30	432.0
Delaware	41.8	40.2			13.30	13.37			
Wilmington	41.6	40.2	40.6	12.17	13.30	13.37	508.71	534.66	542.8
Natrict of Columbia: Washington MSA	39.3	39.5	39.8	10.55	11.22	11.18	414.62	443.19	444.9
ilorida	41.1	40.9	41.1	8.10	8.27	8.35	332.91	338.24	343.1
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		41.3	41.6	8.03	8.28	8.34	342.08	341.96	346.9
Jacksonville		40.3	41.6	8.58	9.13	9.06	348.35	367.94	376.9
Miami-Hialeah		39.7	40.2	7.17	7.16	7.20	283.22	284.25	289.4
Orlando		40.9	40.7	8.55	8.74	8.90	352.26	357.47	362.2
Pensacola		42.6	43.0	10.41	10.78	10.73	445.55	459.23	461.3
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	. 39.8	41.0	41.6	7.60	7.92	8.03	302.48	324.72	334.0
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	41.2	40.7	40.2	8.98	9.09	9.22	369.98	369.96	370.€
ieorgia	42.3	41.1	41.4	8.47	8.65	8,62	358.28	355.52	356.8
Atlanta	42.0	41.2	41.1	10.01	10.27	10.38	420.42	423.12	426.6
Savannah		48.4	48.8	11.01	11.23	11.20	508.66	543.53	546.5
ławaii	38.2	39.2	39.3	9.29	9.81	9.85	354.88	384.55	387.1
Honolulu	. 38.4	39.3	39.5	9.40	9.85	9.99	360.96	387.11	394.6
daho	. 38.9	37.8	37.7	10.38	9.62	9.69	403.78	363.64	365.3
Ilinois		41.7	41.7	10.86	11.07	11.09	453.95	461.62	462.4
Aurora-Elgin		41.7	42.1	10.37	10.62	10.67	435.54	442.85	449.2
Bloomington-Normal	. 42.6	39.6	43.1	10.81	11.45	11.42	460.51	453.42	492.2
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul		39.2	39.4	9.31	8.95	8.88	383.57	350.84	349.8
Chicago	. 41.6	42.4	42.5	10.57	10.82	10.82	439.71	458.77	459.8
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline		40.0	39.0	12.84	12.64	12.61	521.30	505.60	491.
Decatur		41.2	42.1	13.99	14.10	14.25	574.99	580.92	599.
Joliet		41.3	41.4	11.77	11.83	11.66	493.16	488.58	482.
Lake County		40.7	41.2	10.83	11.34	11.38	426.70	461.54	468.
Peoria		46.0	47.1	13.19	13.56	13.70	579.04	623.76	645.2
Rockford		42.9	43.0	11.09	11.61	11.54	462.45	498.07	496.2
Springfield	1	41.6	42.8	11.09	11.49	11.73	490.57	498.07	502.0
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ndiana	. 41.9	41.9	42.2	11.02	11.43	11.37	461.74	478.92	479.8

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Aver	age weekly	hours	Averaç	ge hourly ea	arnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Tama	41.1	41.5	41.0	\$10.63	<b>\$</b> 10.59	\$10.60	\$436.89	\$439.49	£406.70
lowa	1	40.0	41.2 39.8	12.04			479.19		\$436.72
Cedar Rapids	39.8				11.92	12.17		476.80	484.37
Des Moines	40.4	41.8	42.5	11.52	11.97	11.86	465.41	500.35	504.05
Dubuque	42.6	41.2	40.3	12.58	11.84	11.96	535.91	487.81	481.99
Sioux City	39.9	33.2	33.4	8.03	8.08	8.34	320.40	268.26	278.56
Kansas	41.3	40.5	41.2	9.84	10.12	10.14	406.39	409.86	417.77
Topeka	41.5	44.2	43.2	10.97	11.30	11.22	455.26	499.46	484.70
Wichita	41.0	40.5	41.2	10.87	10.54	10.60	445.67	426.87	436.72
Kentucky	40.5	40.6	40.8	10.06	10.15	10.21	407.43	412.09	416.57
Lexington-Fayette	40.0	39.6	39.5	10.45	10.13	10.21	418.00	406.69	407.25
Louisville	41.7	42.0	42.2	11.51	11.72	11.85	479.97	492.24	500.07
COUISTING	71.7	42.0	72.2	11.51	11.72	11.03	473.37	752.27	300.07
Louisiana	41.5	42.0	42.6	10.85	10.91	11.07	450.28	458.22	471.58
Baton Rouge	43.2	42.0	42.1	12.19	12.67	12.85	526.61	532.14	540.99
New Orleans	39.8	40.4	40.7	10.50	10.32	10.56	417.90	416.93	429.79
Shreveport	40.1	41.3	42.3	11.79	11.52	11.99	472.78	475.78	507.18
Maine	41.7	40.9	40.2	8.73	9.04	9.03	364.04	369.74	363.01
Lewiston-Auburn	41.9	41.5	39.9	7.32	7.97	7.97	306.71	330.76	318.00
Portland	39.1	41.1	41.2	9.14	9.59	9.37	357.37	394.15	386.04
86	40.0		44.5		40.40	40.44	101.00		
Maryland Baltimore MSA	40.8 41.5	41.2 42.0	41.5 42.0	9.91 10.74	10.48 11.12	10.41 11.11	404.33 445.71	431.78 467.04	432.02 466,62
Massachusetts	41,5	40.8	41.5	9.68	10.12	10,23	401.72	412.90	424.55
	40.8	41.4	41.7	10.64	10.12	10.23	434.11	452.92	454.53
Boston	42.3	42.7	42.9	9.16	9.67	9.78	387.47	412.91	419.56
Springfield	41.2	40.1	40.5	9.78	10.26	10.41	402.94	411.43	421.61
						_		1	
Michigan	41.9	43.6	43.8	12.94	13.47	13.51	542.19	587.29	591.74
Ann Arbor	44.2	46.5	46.6	13.94	14.75	14.87	616.15	685.88	692.94
Battle Creek	43.4	42.0	42.0	13,74	14.12	14.39	596.32	593.04	604.38
Detroit	43.2	44.8	45.2	13.84	14.42	14.49	597.89	646.02	654.95
Flint	41.3	43.4	43.8	15.06	16.64	16.53	621.98	722.18	724.01
Grand Rapids	39.8	41.3	41.6	11.08	11.32	11.33	440.98	467.52	471.33
Kalamazoo	42.8	42.6	43.4	11.94	12.35	12.40	511.03	526.11	538.16
Lansing-East Lansing	42.7	44.5	43.6	14.06	15,12	15.50	600.36	672.84	675.80
Muskegon	40.5	41.0	40.8	11.88	12.03	12.07	481.14	493.23	492.46
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	43.1	44.3	44.1	14.40	15.21	15.26	620.64	673.80	672.97
Minnesota	41.1	40.1	40.8	10.34	10.58	10.57	424.97	424.26	431,26
Duluth	40.4	39.1	43.0	10.84	10.84	10.91	437.94	423.84	469.13
Minneapolis-St. Paul	41.1	40.3	41.3	11.17	11.21	11.33	459.09	451.76	467.93
St. Cloud	38.6	38.7	40.3	9.45	9.71	10.03	364.77	375.78	404.21
									}
Mississippi	40.2 40.4	40.0 40.4	40.7 40.5	7.56 8.60	7.83 8.88	7.83 8.94	303.91 347.44	313.20 358.75	318.68 362.07
								}	
Missouri	40.7 40.7	40.8 40.9	41.0 41.3	10.00 11.02	10.11	10.13	407.00	412.49	415.33
Kansas City					11.43	11.41	448.51	467.49	471.23
St. Louis	41.1 40.0	41.2 39.7	41.2 40.9	11.68 8.64	11.73 8.48	11.78 8.57	480.05 345.60	483.28 336.66	485.34 350.51
	Í	ļ					i		1
Montana	39.2	39.1	38.6	10.72	10.69	10.88	420.22	417.98	419.97
Nebraska	40.0	40.7	40.4	9.22	9.50	9.54	368.80	386.65	385.42
Lincoln	39.8	40.4	39.1	9.56	9.95	9.74	380.49	401.98	380.83
Omaha	40.2	41.6	40.6	9.88	10.21	10.31	397.18	424.74	418.59
Nevada	40.8	39.6	38.9	9.73	10.00	10.06	396.98	396.00	391.33
Las Vegas	40.8	39.8	39.9	11.89	12.35	12.56	485.11	491.53	501.14
New Hampshire	41.1	40.5	40.9	9.35	9.54	9.59	384.29	386.37	392.23
Nashua	41.9	40.6	40.0	11.16	11.62	11.76	467.60	471.77	470.40

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	age weekly	hours	Averag	ge hourly ea	arnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>
New Jersey	41.1	41.0	41.1	\$10.38	\$10.82	\$10.86	\$426.62	\$443.62	\$446.35
New Mexico	39.7	40.8	39.5	8.63	8.92	9.02	342.61	363.94	356.29
Albuquerque	39.6	41.1	40.6	9.04	9.24	9.31	357.98	379.76	377.99
New York	40.2	39.8	39.9	9.99	10.36	10.40	401.60	412.33	414.96
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	40.3	40.7	40.6	10.44	10.82	10.93	420.73	440.37	443.76
Binghamton	40.6	40.0	40.5	9.08	9.51	9.63	368.65	380.40	390.02
Buffalo	41.3	42.9	43.4	11.85	12.31	12.40	489.41	528.10	538.16
Elmira	42.9	41.7	41.5	9.48	9.90	9.77	406.69	412.83	405.46
Nassau-Suffolk	40.7	39.4	39.5	10.74	10.99	11.03	437.12	433.01	435.69
New York PMSA	37.9	37.1	37.0	9.41	9.75	9.76	356.64	361.73	361.12
New York City		36.9	36.7	9.33	9.48	9.49	350.81	349.81	348.28
		42.4	42.2	12.76	13.33	13.36	520.61	565.19	563.79
Niagara Falls		39.1	39.3	7.92	8.09	8.22	303.34	316.32	323.05
Orange County			41.0		9.91			405.32	407.54
Poughkeepsie		40.9		9.31		9.94	395.68		
Rochester		42.5	42.6	11.70	12.37	12.37	492.57	525.73	526.96
Rockland County	1	35.3	35.2	10.13	11.30	11.19	398.11	398.89	393.89
Syracuse		42.2	41.9	11.05	11.78	11.93	459.68	497.12	499.87
Utica-Rome		41.1	41.1	9.72	9.69	9.59	403.38	398.26	394.15
Westchester County	40.5	39.8	40.5	9.73	11.45	11.39	394.07	455.71	461.30
North Carolina	41.4	40.3	40.4	7.83	8.09	8.10	324.16	326.03	327.24
Asheville		41.4	41.3	7.82	8.15	8.15	330.79	337.41	336.60
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		40.3	40.4	8.02	8.34	8.33	342.45	336.10	336.53
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	41.2	39.8	40.4	8.77	8.89	8.98	361.32	353.82	362.79
Raleigh-Durham	42.0	41.3	41.5	8.97	9.10	9.20	376.74	375.83	381,80
North Dakota	38.3	38.9	39.6	8.41	8.50	8.49	322.10	330.65	336.20
Fargo-Moorhead	37.0	38.1	39.9	8.42	8.49	8.40	311.54	323.47	335.16
Ohio	42.6	43.0	43.3	11.70	12.01	12.03	498.42	516.43	520.90
Akron	43.1	43.3	43.8	11.33	11.66	11.63	488.32	504.88	509.39
Cincinnati		42.1	42.0	10.90	11.06	11.10	466.52	465.63	466.20
Cleveland		43.4	43.6	11.52	11.83	11.86	494.21	513.42	517.10
Columbus		41.4	41.5	11.40	11.60	11.56	473.10	480.24	479.74
Dayton-Springfield		43.7	43.8	11.90	12.61	12.70	502.18	551.06	556.20
Toledo		42.4	42.7	12.66	13.04	13.06	529.19	552.90	557.6
Youngstown-Warren		43.7	42.7	13.24	13.58	13.67	566.67	593.45	583.7
Oklahoma	41.0	41.1	41.0	10.16	10.33	10.33	416.56	424.56	423.53
Oklahoma City	1	41.0	41.9	11.21	11.68	11.52	461.85	476.88	482.69
Tulsa	,	41.1	40.6	10.52	10.78	10.79	427.11	443.06	438.07
Oregon	39.6	38.6	39.3	10.51	10.75	10.69	416.20	414.95	420.12
Eugene-Springfield	1	39.5	40.1	10.51	10.75	10.75	425.58	419.10	431.08
Portland		39.0	39.1	10.72	10.95	10.75	420.68	427.05	421.50
		37.0	38.1	9.07	9.39	8.84	365.52	347.43	336.80
Salem	40.3	37.0	36.1	9.07	9.39	0.04	300.02	347.43	330.80

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

State and area   June   1987	May 1988  40.8 40.1 40.1 42.4 42.7 39.1 39.6 39.9 40.6 38.5 41.2 42.6 40.9 41.2 41.2 42.2 45.2	June 1988° 41.2 39.8 41.3 42.4 42.5 39.9 40.2 40.7 41.9 41.2 38.9 42.1 42.6 39.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4	June 1987 \$9.94 10.50 8.56 11.09 10.21 9.32 8.43 9.65 10.82 11.19 10.06 8.68 8.47 9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 7.67 8.13 7.67 8.13	May 1988 \$10.20 10.26 8.62 10.72 10.37 9.49 8.34 9.97 11.22 11.23 10.63 8.88 8.78 9.75 8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	June 1988° \$10.23 10.33 8.79 10.71 10.44 9.52 8.30 10.08 11.25 11.24 10.69 8.91 8.89 9.77 8.50 8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24 7.86	June 1987 \$409.53 416.85 351.82 466.89 427.80 372.80 333.83 391.79 444.70 469.98 411.45 341.49 358.28 404.89 327.64 338.97 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	May 1988  \$418.16 411.43 345.66 454.53 442.80 371.06 330.26 397.80 452.17 470.54 431.58 341.88 361.74 415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96 339.08	June 1988° \$421.48 411.13 363.03 454.10 443.70 379.85 333.66 407.23 457.88 470.96 440.43 346.60 374.27 416.20 336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44 341.14
Allenfown-Bethlehem       39.7         Altona       41.1         Beaver County       42.1         Erie       41.9         Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle       40.0         Johnstown       39.6         Philadelphia PMSA       41.1         Pittsburgh       42.0         Reading       40.9         Scranton-Wilkes-Barre       39.4         Williamsport       42.3         York       42.8         Phede leiend       40.3         Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro       40.4         Providence       40.3         South Carolina       41.9         Charleston       42.1         Columbia       41.5         Greenville-Spartanburg       42.0         South Dakota       42.2         Sioux Falls       46.1         Tennessee       41.7         Chattanooga       42.6         Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol       43.3         Knoxville       40.4         Memphis       44.9         Nashville       42.8         Texes       41.2         Dallas       71.         Ft. Worth-Arington       41.3	40.1 40.1 42.4 42.7 39.1 39.6 40.3 41.9 40.6 38.5 41.2 42.6 39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 41.2 41.2	39.8 41.3 42.4 42.5 39.9 40.2 40.4 40.7 41.9 38.9 42.1 42.6 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4	10.50 8.56 11.09 10.21 9.32 8.43 9.65 10.82 11.19 10.06 8.68 8.47 9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	10.26 8.62 10.72 10.37 9.49 8.34 9.97 11.22 11.23 10.63 8.88 8.78 9.75 8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	10.33 8.79 10.71 10.44 9.52 8.30 10.08 11.25 11.24 10.69 8.91 8.89 9.77 8.50 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	416.85 351.82 466.89 427.80 372.80 333.83 391.79 444.70 469.98 411.45 341.99 358.28 404.89 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	411.43 345.66 454.53 442.80 371.06 330.26 397.80 452.17 470.54 431.58 341.88 361.74 415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83	411.13 363.03 454.10 443.70 379.85 333.66 407.23 457.88 470.96 440.43 346.60 374.27 416.20 336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 374.62 375.56
Altoona	40.1 42.4 42.7 39.1 39.6 39.9 40.3 41.9 40.6 38.5 41.2 42.6 39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 42.6	41.3 42.4 42.5 39.9 40.2 40.4 40.7 41.9 41.2 38.9 42.1 42.6 39.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4	8.56 11.09 10.21 9.32 8.43 9.65 10.82 11.19 10.06 8.68 8.47 9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	8.62 10.72 10.37 9.49 8.34 9.97 11.22 11.23 10.63 8.88 8.78 9.75 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	8.79 10.71 10.44 9.52 8.30 10.08 11.25 11.24 10.69 8.91 8.89 9.77 8.50 8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	351.82 466.89 427.80 372.80 333.83 391.79 444.70 469.98 411.45 341.99 358.28 404.89 327.64 309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	345.66 454.53 442.80 371.06 330.26 397.80 452.17 470.54 431.58 361.74 415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	363.03 454.10 443.70 379.85 333.66 407.23 457.88 470.96 440.43 346.60 374.27 416.20 336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
Beaver County	42.4 42.7 39.1 39.6 39.9 40.3 41.9 40.6 38.5 41.2 42.6 39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 42.6 41.2 41.2 41.2	42.4 42.5 39.9 40.2 40.4 40.7 41.9 41.2 38.9 42.1 42.6 39.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4	11.09 10.21 9.32 8.43 9.65 10.82 11.19 10.06 8.68 8.47 9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	10.72 10.37 9.49 8.34 9.97 11.23 10.63 8.88 8.78 9.75 8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	10.71 10.44 9.52 8.30 10.08 11.25 11.24 10.69 8.91 8.89 9.77 8.50 8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.34	466.89 427.80 372.80 333.83 391.79 444.70 469.98 411.45 341.99 358.28 404.89 327.64 309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02	454.53 442.80 371.06 330.26 397.80 452.17 470.54 431.58 341.88 361.74 415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	454.10 443.70 379.85 333.66 407.23 457.88 470.96 440.43 346.60 374.27 416.20 336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
Erie         41,9           Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle         40,0           Johnstown         39,6           Lancaster         40,6           Philadelphia PMSA         41,1           Pittsburgh         42,0           Reading         40,9           Scranton-Wilkes-Barre         39,4           Williamsport         42,8           York         42,8           Rheds lebend         40,3           Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro         40,4           Providence         40,3           South Carolina         41,9           Charleston         42,1           Columbia         41,5           Greenville-Spartanburg         42,0           South Dakota         42,2           South Falls         46,1           Tennessee         41,7           Chattanooga         42,6           Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol         43,3           Knoxville         40,4           Memphis         44,9           Nashville         42,8           Texas         41,2           Dallas         41,3           Ft. Worth-Arlington         41,3           Houston	42.7 39.1 39.6 39.9 40.3 41.9 40.6 38.5 41.2 42.6 39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 40.9 41.2	42.5 39.9 40.2 40.4 40.7 41.2 38.9 42.1 42.6 39.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4	10.21 9.32 8.43 9.65 10.82 11.19 10.06 8.68 8.47 9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	10.37 9.49 8.34 9.97 11.22 11.23 10.63 8.88 8.78 9.75 8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	10.44 9.52 8.30 10.08 11.25 11.24 10.69 8.91 8.99 9.77 8.50 8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	427.80 372.80 333.83 391.79 444.70 469.98 411.45 341.99 358.28 404.89 327.64 309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	442.80 371.06 330.26 397.80 452.17 470.54 431.58 341.88 361.74 415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	443.70 379.85 333.66 407.23 457.88 470.96 440.43 346.60 374.27 416.20 336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	39.1 39.6 39.9 40.3 41.9 40.6 38.5 41.2 42.6 39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 41.2 41.2 41.2	39.9 40.2 40.4 40.7 41.9 41.2 38.9 42.1 42.6 39.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4	9.32 8.43 9.65 10.82 11.19 10.06 8.68 8.47 9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	9.49 8.34 9.97 11.22 11.23 10.63 8.88 8.78 9.75 8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	9.52 8.30 10.08 11.25 11.24 10.69 9.77 8.99 9.77 8.50 8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	372.80 333.83 391.79 444.70 469.98 411.45 341.99 358.28 404.89 327.64 309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	371.06 330.26 397.80 452.17 470.54 431.58 341.88 361.74 415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	379.85 333.66 407.23 457.88 470.96 440.43 346.60 374.27 416.20 336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
Johnstown	39.6 39.9 40.3 41.9 40.6 38.5 41.2 42.6 39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 40.9 41.2 41.2	40.2 40.4 40.7 41.9 41.2 38.9 42.1 42.6 39.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4	8.43 9.65 10.82 11.19 10.06 8.68 8.47 9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	8.34 9.97 11.22 11.23 10.63 8.88 8.78 9.75 8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	8.30 10.08 11.25 11.24 10.69 8.91 8.99 9.77 8.50 8.88 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	333.83 391.79 444.70 469.98 411.45 341.99 358.28 404.89 327.64 309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	330.26 397.80 452.17 470.54 431.58 341.88 361.74 415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	333.66 407.23 457.88 470.96 440.43 346.60 374.27 416.20 336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
Lancaster	39.9 40.3 41.9 40.6 38.5 41.2 42.6 39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 40.9 41.2 41.2	40.4 40.7 41.9 41.2 38.9 42.1 42.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4 42.5	9.65 10.82 11.19 10.06 8.68 8.47 9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	9.97 11.22 11.23 10.63 8.88 8.78 9.75 8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	10.08 11.25 11.24 10.69 8.91 8.89 9.77 8.50 8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	391.79 444.70 469.98 411.45 341.99 358.28 404.89 327.64 309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	397.80 452.17 470.54 431.58 341.88 361.74 415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	407.23 457.88 470.96 440.43 346.60 374.27 416.20 336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
Philadelphia PMSA	40.3 41.9 40.6 38.5 41.2 42.6 39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 40.9 41.2 41.2	40.7 41.9 41.2 38.9 42.1 42.6 39.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4	10.82 11.19 10.06 8.68 8.47 9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	11.22 11.23 10.63 8.88 8.78 9.75 8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	11.25 11.24 10.69 8.91 8.89 9.77 8.50 8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	444.70 469.98 411.45 341.99 358.28 404.89 327.64 309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	452.17 470.54 431.58 341.88 361.74 415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	457.88 470.96 440.43 346.60 374.27 416.20 336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
Pittsburgh       42.0         Reading       39.4         Scranton-Wilkes-Barre       39.4         Williamsport       42.3         York       42.8         Phede leland       40.3         Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro       40.4         Providence       40.3         South Carolina       41.9         Charleston       42.1         Columbia       41.5         Greenville-Spartanburg       42.0         South Dakote       42.2         Sioux Falls       46.1         Tennessee       41.7         Chattanooga       42.6         Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol       43.3         Knoxville       40.4         Memphis       44.9         Nashville       42.8         Texas       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	41.9 40.6 38.5 41.2 42.6 39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 40.9 41.2 41.2	41.9 41.2 38.9 42.1 42.6 39.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4	11.19 10.06 8.68 8.47 9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	11.23 10.63 8.88 8.78 9.75 8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	11.24 10.69 8.91 8.89 9.77 8.50 8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	469.98 411.45 341.99 358.28 404.89 327.64 309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	470.54 431.58 341.88 361.74 415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	470.96 440.43 346.60 374.27 416.20 336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
Reading	40.6 38.5 41.2 42.6 39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 40.9 41.2 41.2	41.2 38.9 42.1 42.6 39.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4	10.06 8.68 8.47 9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	10.63 8.88 8.78 9.75 8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	10.69 8.91 8.89 9.77 8.50 8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	411.45 341.99 358.28 404.89 327.64 309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	431.58 341.88 361.74 415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	440.43 346.60 374.27 416.20 336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre   39.4	38.5 41.2 42.6 39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 40.9 41.2 41.2 42.2	38.9 42.1 42.6 39.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4	8.68 8.47 9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	8.88 8.78 9.75 8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	8.91 8.89 9.77 8.50 8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	341.99 358.28 404.89 327.64 309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	341.88 361.74 415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	346.60 374.27 416.20 336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
Williamsport       42.3         York       42.8         Phede Island       40.3         Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro       40.4         Providence       40.3         South Carolina       41.9         Charleston       42.1         Columbia       41.5         Greenville-Spartanburg       42.0         South Dakote       42.2         Sioux Falls       46.1         Tennessee       41.7         Chattanooga       42.6         Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol       43.3         Knoxville       40.4         Memphis       44.9         Nashville       42.8         Texas       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	41.2 42.6 39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 40.9 41.2 41.2 42.2	42.1 42.6 39.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4	8.47 9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	8.78 9.75 8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	8.89 9.77 8.50 8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	358.28 404.89 327.64 309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	361.74 415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	374.27 416.20 336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
York         42.8           Rhode letend         40.3           Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro         40.4           Providence         40.3           South Carolina         41.9           Charleston         42.1           Columbia         41.5           Greenville-Spartanburg         42.0           South Dakota         42.2           Sioux Falls         46.1           Tennessee         41.7           Chattanoga         42.6           Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol         43.3           Knoxville         40.4           Memphis         44.9           Nashville         42.8           Texas         41.2           Dallas         41.3           Houston         43.3           San Antonio         39.6           Utah         38.9           Salt Lake City-Ogden         39.8           Vermont         40.8	42.6 39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 40.9 41.2 41.2 42.2	42.6 39.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4 42.5	9.46 8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	9.75 8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	9.77 8.50 8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	327.64 309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	415.35 336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
Pawfucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	39.7 40.0 39.6 41.2 40.9 41.2 41.2	39.6 40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4	8.13 7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	8.47 8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	8.50 8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	327.64 309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	336.26 321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	336.60 323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro         40.4           Providence         40.3           South Carolina         41.9           Charleston         42.1           Columbia         41.5           Greenville-Spartanburg         42.0           South Dakota         42.2           Sioux Falls         46.1           Tennessee         41.7           Chattanooga         42.6           Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol         43.3           Knoxville         40.4           Memphis         44.9           Nashville         42.8           Texas         41.2           Dallas         11.2           Texas         41.3           Houston         43.3           San Antonio         39.6           Utah         38.9           Salt Lake City-Ogden         39.8           Vermont         40.8	40.0 39.6 41.2 40.9 41.2 41.2	40.0 39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4 42.5	7.67 8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	8.04 8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	8.08 8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	309.87 327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	321.60 333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	323.20 334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
Providence	39.6 41.2 40.9 41.2 41.2	39.6 41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4 42.5	8.13 8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	8.43 8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	8.44 8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	327.64 338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	333.83 341.14 372.60 341.96	334.22 343.62 375.56 344.44
South Carolina         41.9           Charleston         42.1           Columbia         41.5           Greenville-Spartanburg         42.0           South Dakots         42.2           Sioux Falls         46.1           Tennessee         41.7           Chattanooga         42.6           Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol         43.3           Knoxviile         40.4           Memphis         44.9           Nashviile         42.8           Texas         41.2           Dallas         41.3           Ft. Worth-Arlington         41.3           Houston         43.3           San Antonio         39.6           Utah         38.9           Salt Lake City-Ogden         39.8           Vermont         40.8	41.2 40.9 41.2 41.2	41.4 41.0 41.3 41.4 42.5	8.09 9.06 7.88 7.98	8.28 9.11 8.30 8.23	8.30 9.16 8.34 8.24	338.97 381.43 327.02 335.16	341.14 372.60 341.96	343.62 375.56 344.44
Charleston       42.1         Columbia       41.5         Greenville-Spartanburg       42.0         South Dakota       42.2         Sioux Falls       46.1         Tennessee       41.7         Chattanooga       42.6         Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol       43.3         Knoxville       40.4         Memphis       44.9         Nashville       42.8         Texas       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	40.9 41.2 41.2	41.0 41.3 41.4 42.5	9.06 7.88 7.98	9.11 8.30 8.23	9.16 8.34 8.24	381.43 327.02 335.16	372.60 341.96	375.56 344.44
Columbia       41.5         Greenville-Spartanburg       42.0         South Dakots       42.2         Sioux Falls       46.1         Tennessee       41.7         Chattanooga       42.6         Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol       43.3         Knoxville       40.4         Memphis       44.9         Nashville       42.8         Texas       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	41.2 41.2 42.2	41.3 41.4 42.5	7.88 7.98	8.30 8.23	8.34 8.24	327.02 335.16	341.96	344.44
Greenville-Spartanburg       42.0         South Dakota       42.2         Sioux Falls       46.1         Tennessee       41.7         Chattanooga       42.6         Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol       43.3         Knoxville       44.9         Memphis       44.9         Nashville       42.8         Texas       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	41.2 42.2	41.4 42.5	7.98	8.23	8.24	335.16		
South Dakota       42.2         Sioux Falls       46.1         Tennessee       41.7         Chattanooga       42.6         Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol       43.3         Knoxville       40.4         Memphis       44.9         Nashville       42.8         Texas       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	42.2	42.5			ł		339.08	341.14
Sioux Falls       46.1         Tennessee       41.7         Chattanooga       42.6         Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol       43.3         Knoxville       44.9         Memphis       44.9         Nashville       42.8         Texas       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8			7.93	8.02	7.86	334.65		
Tennessee       41.7         Chattanooga       42.6         Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol       43.3         Knoxville       40.4         Memphis       44.9         Nashville       42.8         Texas       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	45.2	45.0		V			338.44	334.05
Chattanooga       42.6         Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol       43.3         Knoxville       40.4         Memphis       44.9         Nashville       42.8         Texas       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	-10.2		7.95	8.19	7.98	366.50	370.19	359.10
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol       43.3         Knoxville       40.4         Memphis       44.9         Nashville       42.8         Texas       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	41.6	42.0	8.71	8.90	8.90	363.21	370.24	373.80
Knoxville       40.4         Memphis       44.9         Nashville       42.8         Texas       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	40.0	40.3	7.89	8.19	8.29	336,11	327.60	334.09
Knoxville       40.4         Memphis       44.9         Nashville       42.8         Texas       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	42.5	42.4	9.10	9.38	9.46	394.03	398.65	401.10
Nashville       42.8         Texas       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       36.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	42.1	42.4	9.06	9.09	9.03	366.02	382.69	382.87
Texase       41.2         Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	42.0	41.8	9.08	8.97	8.92	407.69	376.74	372.86
Dallas       41.3         Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	41.2	41.7	10.09	10.20	10.27	431.85	420.24	428.26
Ft. Worth-Arlington       41.3         Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	41.3	41.9	9.80	9.93	9.93	403.76	410.11	416.07
Houston       43.3         San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	41.2	41.4	9.75	9.69	9.76	402.68	399.23	404.06
San Antonio       39.6         Utah       38.9         Salt Lake City-Ogden       39.8         Vermont       40.8	41.8	42.6	9.70	10.53	10.63	400.61	440.15	452.84
Utah         38.9           Salt Lake City-Ogden         39.8           Vermont         40.8	43.6	43.5	11.24	11.17	11.24	486.69	487.01	488.94
Salt Lake City-Ogden 39.8  Vermont 40.8	41.1	40.4	7.61	7.56	7.56	301.36	310.72	305.42
Vermont	39.7	40.2	9.95	9.96	9.94	387.06	395.41	399.59
	40.1	41.2	9.97	10.00	9.88	396.81	401.00	407.06
	40.4	41.4	9.09	9.23	9.34	370.87	372.89	386.68
		40.0	9.92	9.45	10.11	405.73	392.17	404.40
Virginia	41.5	41.1	9.16	9.41	9.38	377.39	383.93	385.52
Bristol 41.2	1	42.4	7.75	7.88	7.80	319.30	339.63	330.72
Charlottesville	41.5		7.50	7.75	7.71	307.50	320.08	319.19
Danville	41.5 40.8	41.4		8.62	8.61	361.05	362.90	363.34
Lynchburg	41.5 40.8 43.1	41.4 42.2	8.15		8.92	356.14	347.77	368.40
Northern Virginia 40.0	41.5 40.8 43.1 41.3		8.15 8.52	8.76	0.92			416.73
Richmond-Petersburg 41.6	41.5 40.8 43.1 41.3 42.1	42.2		8.76 10.54	10.55	391.60	424.76	
Roanoke	41.5 40.8 43.1 41.3 42.1 39.7	42.2 41.3	8.52			391.60 501.70		506.52
Washington 40.6	41.5 40.8 43.1 41.3 42.1 39.7 40.3	42.2 41.3 39.5	8.52 9.79	10.54	10.55		424.76	506.52 368.80

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avere	ige weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	ırnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	<b>May</b> 1988	June 1988°
West Virginia	40.5	41.0	40.9	<b>\$</b> 10.57	\$10.88	\$10.78	\$428.09	\$446.08	\$440.90
Charleston	42.0	44.3	43.1	13.27	13.23	13.43	557.34	586.09	578.83
Huntington-Ashland	39.3	41.1	41.3	12.04	12.09	12.19	473.17	496.90	503.45
Parkersburg-Marietta	43.3	42.2	41.2	12.29	12.75	12.85	532.16	538.05	529.42
Wheeling	41.4	42.3	42.4	12.17	11.79	12.02	503.84	498.72	509.65
Wisconsin	41.2	41.4	41.5	10.46	10.69	10.57	430.95	442.57	438.66
Appleton-Oshkosh	42.4	42.8	42.5	10.78	11.17	11.09	457.07	478.08	471.33
Eau Claire	41.8	39.8	40.6	10.78	10.69	10.54	450.60	425.46	427.92
Green Bay	41.7	41.4	43.6	11.19	11.57	11.35	466.62	479.00	494.86
Janesville-Beloit	38.6	42.2	42.1	12.26	12.83	12.82	473.24	541.43	539.72
Kenosha	40.5	41.9	39.4	12.29	12.96	12.77	497.75	543.02	503.14
La Crosse	39.3	39.1	39.5	9.29	9.08	9.01	365.10	355.03	355.90
Madison	40.6	40.4	40.5	9.82	9.99	10.34	398.69	403.60	418.77
Milwaukee	41.1	41.0	41.3	11.59	11.65	11.48	476.35	477.65	474.12
Racine	40.7	40.7	40.1	11.17	10.91	10.99	454.62	444.04	440.70
Wausau	43.3	42.8	41.9	9.88	10.04	10.09	427.80	429.71	422.77
Wyoming	39.9	37.3	37.0	9.90	10.07	9.84	395.01	375.61	364.08
Puerto Rico	38.9	38.7	38.9	5.54	5.49	5.52	215.51	212.46	214.73
Virgin Islands	42.8	40.4	40.5	9.40	9.44	9.31	402.32	381.38	377.05

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Not available.

publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1987 benchmarks, except Colorado. Data for Colorado have been adjusted to December 1986 benchmarks.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>text{P}}=\text{preliminary}.$  NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

C-9. Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments by major industry, seasonally adjusted

	Millions	s of hours (annual	rate)1		Percent change	
Industry	May 1988′	June 1988'	July 1988°	July 1987 to July 1988	May 1988 to June 1988'	June 1988 to July 1988
Total	196,092	197,137	198,254	4.0	0.5	0.6
Private sector	161,160	162,443	163,474	4.3	.8	.6
Mining	1,626	1,645	1,628	2.5	1.2	-1.0
Construction	10,256	10,559	10,423	6.2	3.0	-1.3
Manufacturing	41,492	41,657	41,826	3.1	.4	.4
Durable goods	24,748	24,855	24,930	3.8	.4	.3
Nondurable goods	16,744	16,802	16,896	2.1	.3	.6
Transportation and public utilities	11,368	11,447	11,495	4.4	.7	.4
Wholesale trade	12,061	12,156	12,246	5.3	.8	.7
Retail trade	28,806	28,991	29,404	4.1	.6	1.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	12,399	12,480	12,611	1.8	.7	1.1
Services	43,152	43,508	43,839	5.7	.8	.8
Government	34,932	34,693	34,780	2.5	7	.2

 $<sup>\</sup>dot{}$  Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52.

=revised. NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees—production workers,

nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers—and are based largely on establishment data. See *BLS Handbook of Methods, BLS* Bulletin 2285, chapter 10, Productivity Measures: Business Sector and Major Subsectors. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

preliminary.

### PRODUCTIVITY DATA **SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

### C-10. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

	Annual	average					Qu	arterly in	dex				
ltem	40001	4007	1985		19	86			19	87		19	88
	1986′	1987	IV'	łr _	ll'	III'	IV'	ľ	II <sup>r</sup>	111'	IV'	ľ	11º
Business sector													
Output per hour of all persons		111.0	108.5	110.5	110.4	110.0	109.8	109.9	110.6	111.7	111.8	112.8	112.2
Output		133.3	125.9	128.4	128.2	128.5	129.3	130.5	132.2	134.3	136.2	138.0	139.2
Hours		120.1	116.1	116.2	116.1	116.8	117.8	118.8	119.5	120.3	121.8	122.3	124.1
Compensation per hour		190.4	178.8	180.4	182.0	184.0	186.2	187.3	189.0	191.1	194.0	195.8	198.0
Real compensation per hour	. 101.2	101.5	99.4	100.0	101.2	101.7	102.2	101.5	101.2	101.4	102.0	102.1	102.0
Unit labor costs	166.3	171.5	164.8	163.3	164.9	167.3	169.6	170.5	170.8	171.1	173.5	173.5	176.5
Unit nonlabor payments	165.0	168.7	161.6	164.5	165.2	166.6	163.7	165.6	168.7	171.5	168.9	170.0	169.2
Implicit price deflator	165.8	170.5	163.7	163.7	165.0	167.0	167.5	168.7	170.1	171.2 -	171.9	172.3	173.9
Nonfarm business sector													
Output per hour of all persons		109.0	106.5	108.6	108.4	108.0	107.8	107.8	108.6	109.6	109.9	110.8	110.3
Output		133.0	125.5	128.1	127.8	128.1	128.8	130.1	131.9	134.1	136.0	137.9	139.5
Hours		122.1	117.9	117.9	117.9	118.6	119.5	120.7	121.5	122.3	123.8	124.4	126.4
Compensation per hour		189.4	177.9	179.8	181.2	183.1	185.4	186.4	187.9	190.0	192.9	194.6	196.6
Real compensation per hour	100.8	101.0	99.0	99.6	100.7	101.2	101.8	101.0	100.6	100.8	101.4	101.5	101.3
Unit labor costs	168.6	173.8	167.1	165.5	167.1	169.5	172.1	172.9	173.0	173.3	175.6	175.7	178.2
Unit nonlabor payments	166.4	170.2	162.7	166.1	166.6	168.1	164.9	167.2	169.8	173.0	170.9	171.6	171.4
Implicit price deflator	167.8	172.5	165.5	165.7	167.0	169.0	169.5	170.9	171.9	173.2	174.0	174.2	175.8
Manufacturing				,									
Output per hour of all persons	127.7	132.0	125.3	126.6	127.2	128.0	128.8	130.0	131.7	132.8	133.2	134.3	135.4
Output		130.1	123.3	124.2	124.1	124.8	125.9	127.2	128.7	131.1	133.5	135.0	136.8
Hours		98.6	98.4	98.1	97.6	97.4	97.7	97.8	97.7	98.8	100.2	100.6	101.0
Compensation per hour		186.9	179.4	181.1	182.0	183.6	185.3	185.9	186.3	187.2	188.2	190.7	192.1
Real compensation per hour	1	99.7	99.8	100.3	101.2	101.5	101.7	100.8	99.7	99.3	99.0	99.4	99.0
Unit labor costs	1	141.7	143.2	143.0	143.2	143.4	143.8	143.1	141.4	141.0	141.3	142.1	141.9
Durable goods													ļ ļ
Output per hour of all persons	133.5	138.5	130.4	132.2	132.6	133.9	135.1	136.6	138.1	139.1	140.0	141.3	142.7
Output per riodi or air persons		136.0	129.5	130.5	130.0	130.7	131.8	133.3	134.2	136.5	139.9	141.3	143.9
		1			1		97.6	l .	1				100.9
Hours	1	98.2	99.3	98.7	98.0	97.6		97.6	97.2	98.2	99.9	100.0	
Compensation per hour		185.2	178.6	180.3	180.8	182.2	184.2	184.9	184.4	185.3	186.2	189.5	190.1
Real compensation per hour		98.8	99.3	99.9	100.5	100.7	101.2	100.2	98.8	98.3	97.9	98.8	98.0
Unit labor costs	136.3	133.7	136.9	136.4	136.3	136.0	136.4	135.3	133.5	133.2	133.0	134.1	133.3
Nondurable goods													
Output per hour of all persons		122.3	117.6	118.1	118.9	119.2	119.6	120.1	122.4	123.5	123.2	123.9	124.7
Output		121.4	114.1	114.7	115.4	115.9	117.0	118.0	120.5	123.1	124.0	125.6	126.2
Hours		99.3	97.0	97.1	97.0	97.2	97.9	98.2	98.4	99.7	100.7	101.4	101.3
Compensation per hour		190.1	180.5	182.1	184.0	186.0	187.2	188.0	189.7	190.8	191.9	193.2	195.7
Real compensation per hour		101.4	100.4	100.9	102.3	102.8	102.8	101.9	101.6	101.2	100.9	100.8	100.9
Unit labor costs	155.4	155.4	153.5	154.3	154.7	156.0	156.5	156.4	155.0	154.5	155.8	156.0	157.0
Nonfinancial corporations						,							
Output per all-employee hour		111.3 134.6	108.0 126.7	109.5 128.8	109.3 128.3	109.6 128.9	110.3 130.4	110.1	110.9	112.2	112.2 137.7	113.3 140.1	(²)
Output		120.9	117.3	117.6	117.3	117.6	118.1	131.3 119.3	133.3 120.2	136.1 121.3	122.8	123.6	(²) (²)
Compensation per hour		185.5		177.1	1	l.				186.1		189.9	(2)
			175.3		178.5	180.2	182.2	182.9	184.3		188.5		(²)
Real compensation per hour		98.9	97.5	98.1	99.2	99.6	100.1	99.1	98.7	98.7	99.1	99.0	(²)
Total unit costs		170.6	165.8	165.5	166.7	168.4	168.8	169.9	170.3	170.2	172.0	171.5	(²)
Unit labor costs		166.6	162.3	161.7	163.3	164.3	165.1	166.2	166.1	165.9	168.1	167.5	(2)
Unit nonlabor costs		182.5	176.3	176.7	176.9	180.3	179.6	180.8	182.6	183.0	183.6	183.4	(2)
Unit profits		130.8	132.4	133.7	132.7	133.6	129.7	128.5	129.8	136.4	128.3	132.5	(2)
Implicit price deflator	. 163.2	165.8	161.8	161.7	162.6	164.2	164.1	164.9	165.4	166.1	166.7	166.9	(²)

All of the productivity and cost measures incorporate revised output and compensation measures reported by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the U.S. Department of Commerce; revised seasonal factors for employment and average weekly hours; and revised data for employees of nonagricultural establishments.

= revised.

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

Not available.

<sup>=</sup>preliminary.

C-11. Percent changes from the preceding quarter and year in productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted annual rates

					P	ercent cl	nange fro	m				
Item			Previou	s quarter				Same	e quarter	, previou	s year	
	l 1987'	II 1987'	III 1987'	IV 1987'	1 1988'	II 1988°	1 1987	 1987	III 1987	IV 1987	i 1988′	II 1988°
Business sector					}		:					
Output per hour of all persons		2.7	3.9	0.6	3.5	-2.2	-0.6	0.2	1.5	1.9	2.7	1.4
Output	1	5.3	6.6	5.7	5.5	3.5	1.6	3.1	4.5	5.3	5.8	5.3
Hours	1	2.5	2.6	5.1	1.9	5.9	2.2	2.9	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.9
Compensation per hour		3.6	4.6	6.2	3.7	4.7	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.5	4.8
Real compensation per hour		-1.2	8.	2.4	.3	1	1.5	.0	3	2	.5	.8
Unit labor costs		.8	.7	5.6	.2	7.0	4.4	3.6	2.3	2.3	1.8	3.3
Unit nonlabor payments		7.9	6.7	-5.8	2.5	-1.8	.7	2.1	2.9	3.2	2.7	.3
Implicit price deflator	3.0	3.2	2.8	1.4	1.0	3.9	3.1	3.1	2.5	2.6	2.1	2.3
Nonfarm business sector												
Output per hour of all persons		3.2	3.7	.9	3.4	-1.7	8	.2	1.5	1.9	2.8	1.6
Output	4.0	5.7	6.8	5.9	5.6	4.7	1.6	3.2	4.7	5.6	6.0	5.7
Hours	4.0	2.5	2.9	4.9	2.1	6.5	2.4	3.0	3.2	3.6	3.1	4.1
Compensation per hour	2.1	3.4	4.5	6.4	3.5	4.1	3.7	3.7	3.7	4.1	4.4	4.6
Real compensation per hour	-3.2	-1.4	.6	2.6	.1	6	1.4	1	4	4	.5	.7
Unit labor costs	2.1	.2	.7	5.4	.1	5.9	4.5	3.5	2.2	2.1	1.6	3.0
Unit nonlabor payments	5.7	6.5	7.7	-4.8	1.6	3	.6	1.9	2.9	3.6	2.6	1.0
Implicit price deflator		2.3	3.1	1.8	.6	3.8	3.1	3.0	2.5	2.6	1.9	2.3
Manufacturing												
Output per hour of all persons	3.6	5.5	3.2	1.3	3.2	3.5	2.7	3.6	3.7	3.4	3.3	2.8
Output		4.9	7.8	7.5	4.6	5.4	2.4	3.7	5.1	6.0	6.2	6.3
Hours	1	6	4.4	6.1	1.3	1.8	3	.1	1.4	2.6	2.8	3.4
Compensation per hour		0	2.1	2.1	5.4	2.9	2.7	2.3	2.0	1.6	2.6	3.1
Real compensation per hour		-4.0	-1.7	-1.5	2.0	-1.8	.4	-1.4	-2.1	-2.7	-1.3	7
Unit labor costs		-4.6	-1.1	.8	2.2	6	.0	-1.2	-1.7	-1.8	7	.3
Durable goods												
•			0.0			20				0.7		
Output per hour of all persons		4.4	2.9	2.6	3.8	3.8	3.3	4.1	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.3
Output		2.8	7.0	10.2	4.3	7.4	2.1	3.3	4.5	6.1	6.0	7.2
Hours	Į.	-1.5	4.0	7.3	4	3.5	-1.2	8	.6	2.3	2.5	3.8
Compensation per hour		-1.0	2.0	1.9	7.1	1.4	2.6	2.0	1.7	1.1	2.5	3.1
Real compensation per hour		-5.6	-1.7	-1.7	3.6	-3.2	.3	-1.7	-2.4	-3.2	-1.4	8
Unit labor costs	-3.2	-5.1	9	7	3.2	-2.3	8	-2.0	-2.1	-2.5	9	2
Nondurable goods			}									
Output per hour of all persons	1.9	7.6	3.8	-1.1	2.3	2.6	1.8	2.9	3.6	3.0	3.1	1,9
Output	3.4	8.5	9.0	3.1	5.1	2.1	2.9	4.4	6.2	6.0	6.4	4.8
Hours		.8	5.1	4.2	2.7	5	1.1	1.5	2.5	2.9	3.2	2.9
Compensation per hour		3.8	2.4	2.2	2.9	5.2	3.2	3.1	2.6	2.5	2.8	3.2
Real compensation per hour	-3.6	-1.0	-1.4	-1.4	5	.4	.9	7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.1	7
Unit labor costs	2	-3.6	-1.3	3.4	.6	2.5	1.4	.2	-1.0	5	3	1.3
Nonfinancial corporations												
Output per all-employee hour	-1.0	3,1	4.7	1	4.3	(²)	.5	1.5	2.3	1.6	3.0	(²)
Output		6.1	8.8	4.7	7.2	(²)	2.0	3.9	5.6	5.6	6.7	(²)
Hours		2.9	4.0	4.8	2.8	(²)	1.5	2.4	3.2	3.9	3.6	(²)
Compensation per hour		2.9	4.1	5.2	3.0	(2)	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.8	(²)
Real compensation per hour		-1.8	.3	1.5	4	Ö	1.0	6	9	-1.0	1	(2)
Total unit costs		1.0	2	4.2	-1.0	(2)	2.6	2.1	1.1	1.9	1.0	) (2)
Unit labor costs		2	6	5.3	-1.2	(4)	2.8	1.7	.9	1.8	.8	(2)
Unit nonlabor costs		4.1	8	1.3	3	(2)	2.3	3.2	1.5	2.2	1.5	( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )
Unit profits		3.9	21.9	-21.5	13.8	8	-3.8	-2.2	2.0	-1.1	3.1	(²)
Implicit price deflator		1.2	1.7	1.5	.3	(2)	2.0	1.7	1.2	1.6	1.2	(²)
biicit biice deliatoi	2.0	٠.٤	1.7	1.5		1	2.0	'''	1.2	1.0	1.2	()

All of the productivity and cost measures incorporate revised output and compensation measures reported by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the U.S. Department of Commerce; revised seasonal factors for employment and average weekly hours; and revised data for employees of nonagricultural establishments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Not available.

<sup>=</sup>preliminary.

<sup>=</sup> revised.

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

## STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi	ilian labor fo	rce T	0					
State and area	Civ	man labor lo			Number			Percent of labor force	,
	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	Jur 198
N. B. anna			4.075.4			400.0			
abama		1,862.1	1,875.1	142.8	126.4	128.2	7.5	6.8	6
Birmingham		441.1	445.9	29.0	24.8	25.2	6.4	5.6	5
Huntsville		131.6	133.5	6.5	6.3	6.9	5.0	4.8	5
Mobile		206.5	206.7	19.2	17.8	17.7	8.9	8.6	1
Montgomery	. 139.9	134.9	135.0	9.0	8.6	8.3	6.4	6.4	
fuscaloosa	. 68.7	68.9	67.7	4.2	3.6	3.7	6.2	5.3	
aska	. 262.2	246.2	249.8	28.9	23.2	21.7	11.0	9.4	
izona	1,609.1	1,633.1	1.623.3	106.2	94.4	98.8	6.6	5.8	
Phoenix		1,015.6	1,010.5	53.2	46.9	48.5	5.3	4.6	Ì
Tucson		311.3	306.2	15.3	14.7	14.7	5.0	4.7	}
	1 404 0	1 100 6	1 100 0	07.7		07.6	0.0		1
kansas		1,138.6	1,128.2	87.7	88.0	87.6	8.0	7.7	}
Fayetteville-Springdale		61.8	60.4	2.3	2.5	2.7	4.0	4.0	
Fort Smith		95.6	95.3	5.5	5.6	5.8	5.9	5.9	
Little Rock-North Little Rock		267.4 37.7	266.6 37.6	19.2 3.3	17.5 3.1	17.6 i	7.4 8.9	6.6 8.1	
			1	J					
lifornia¹	. 13,808.4	14,066.4	14,175.7	749.5	814.9	770.6	5.4	5.8	ĺ
Anaheim-Santa Ana	. 1,299.4	1,335.5	1,348.7	41.8	44.8	43.7	3.2	3.4	ļ
Bakersfield	. 229.0	237.4	236.1	21.7	25.8	22.7	9.5	10.9	1
Fresno	. 299.6	313.1	314.0	27.4	38.3	32.2	9.1	12.2	1
Los Angeles-Long Beach		4,109.3	4,129.1	239.0	213.1	208.5	5.7	5.2	'
Modesto		163.6	163.0	18.7	24.4	21.6	12.3	14.9	1
Oakland		1,058.2	1,073.7	51.1	55.1	52.3	4.9	5.2	'
Oxnard-Ventura		354.0	358.0	17.3	18.7	18.3	5.1	5.3	
Riverside-San Bernardino		969.7	978.8	48.8	59.9	59.2	5.3	6.2	İ
Sacramento		713.5	721.1	35.3	42.1	39.1	5.2	5.9	
									Ì
San Diego		1,113.5	1,126.9	46.3	53.0	50.9	4.4	4.8	
San Francisco		888.7	900.3	33.4	34.9	34.3	3.8	3.9	
San Jose		825.4	833.2	36.7	37.3	35.4	4.6	4.5	
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		183.0	184.3	7.7	8.5	7.5	4.3	4.6	
Santa Rosa-Petaluma		196.4	199.6	8.6	10.2	9.7	4.5	5.2	
StocktonVallejo-Fairfield-Napa		202.9 193.5	199.5 197.2	17.8   10.0	21.6 11.7	20.6 11.1	9.2 5.4	10.6 6.0	1
olorado	1,726.0	1,692.5	1,690.0	131.0	109.0	104.8	7.6	6.4	
Boulder-Longmont		1,092.5	129.0	7.7	5.9	6.1	7.6 5.9	4.5	
Denver		883.8	882.7	64.3	51.9	51.5	7.1	5.9	
onnecticut		1,723.9 226.6	1,761.8 231.7	58.0 9.1	42.2 6.9	53.0 8.3	3.3 3.9	2.4 3.1	
Hartford									
		419.4	427.4	13.0	9.3	12.2	3.0	2.2	ĺ
New Haven-Meriden		268.0	274.3	8.9	6.3	8.0	3.2	2.3	
Stamford		116.8 98.8	119.4 102.1	2.9 4.5	2.0 2.9	2.7 3.7	2.4 4.3	1.7 3.0	
			1	i					
elaware		346.4 299.8	353.0 303.1	10.3 10.8	10.2 10.1	10.6 10.5	3.0 3.7	2.9 3.4	
istrict of Columbia	. 334.1	336.9	344.0	21.0	16.5	18.0	6.3	4.9	
Washington		2,202.1	2,234.1	70.0	60.4	65.5	3.3	2.7	
orida¹	5,884.1	6,103.9	6,142.2	312.6	288.2	295.2	5.3	4.7	
Daytona Beach		154.0	155.7	6.1	6.6	6.5	4.2	4.3	
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		645.7	652.8	24.9	26.1	25.5	4.1	4.0	
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		142.1	141.8	5.1	4.8	4.4	3.9	3.4	
Jacksonville	. 446.9	468.2	474.7	25.5	23.7	24.2	5.7	5.1	
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	. 175.7	182.5	184.6	9.2	8.8	8.1	5.3	4.8	
Miami-Hialeah		926.3	930.7	51.5	48.0	46.7	5.6	5.2	
Orlando		579.5	587.9	26.6	26.3	28.1	4.7	4.5	1
Pensacola		152.6	154.2	8.7	8.8	8.9	5.8	5.8	
Sarasota		123.2	123.9	4.4	3.5	4.1	3.8	2.9	
Tallahassee		127.9	127.6	5.5	5.1	4.5	4.4	4.0	
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	. 960.5	991.9	996.6	47.2	43.2	45.0	4.9	4.4	1

### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	<b>~</b> .	97 4-2				Unemp	лоуеа		
State and area	Civi	ilian labor fo	rce		Number			Percent of labor force	
	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	Ju 198
	0.404.4	0.140.7	0.447.4	177.3	191,2	199.3	5.7	6.1	
Athens	3,101.1 72.5	3,143.7 73.7	3,147.1 73.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	4.3	4.3	6
Atlanta	1,461.9	1,488.0	1,494.1	72.5	79.5	83.8	5.0	5.3	-
	181.2	182.3	181.9	10.9	12.1	12.4	6.0	6.6	``
Augusta	101.7	101.2	100.7	6.3	7.0	7.0	6.2	6.9	
Columbus		1	,	8.0					
Macon-Warner Robins	130.8 112.6	131.1 112.7	129.7 113.1	7.0	8.0 8.2	7.7 8.3	6.1 6.2	6.1 7.3	!
	504.0	500.0	500.0	00.0	45.5	46.0	4.0		١.
Honolulu	521.9 389.7	522.2 389.8	523.3 390.7	22.3 14.9	15.5 10.3	16.2 10.6	4.3 3.8	3.0 2.7	
aho	481.5 103.4	475.6 105.5	485.9	34.6 5.7	29.6	27.4 4.3	7.2 5.5	6.2 4.1	
Boise City	103.4	105.5	104.7	3.7	4.4	4.3	5.5	4.1	'
inois¹	5,853.1	5,731.0	5,808.2	454.4	394.6	403.6 9.3	7.8 6.2	6.9	
Aurora-Elgin	176.7	175.5	179.1	11.0	8.7	3.0	6.2	5.0	
Bloomington-Normal	65.1	66.4	65.4	3.1	3.6		4.7	5.4	ļ
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	86.3	88.1	85.8	4.1	3.5	3.7	4.7	4.0	İ
Chicago	3,222.8	3,159.0	3,217.8	228.8	205.3	210.2	7.1	6.5	
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	183.4	179.9	181.7	14.0	12.5	13.0	7.6	6.9	
Decatur	59.1	57.0	57.5	5.7	5.1	4.8	9.6	9.0	ł
Joliet	198.4	192.3	193.0	17.5	14.7	14.6	8.8	7.6	j
Lake County	272.0	270.7	278.4	13.3	11.5	12.5	4.9	4.3	
Peoria	154.8	152.0	154.5	13.3	10.4	10.8	8.6	6.8	
Rockford	152.1 110.0	144.4 107.3	145.8 108.4	16.7 5.8	10.6 5.2	10.8 5.5	11.0 5.3	7.3 4.9	
Springfield	110.0	107.3	100.4	5.6	5.2	5.5	5.3	4.9	
diana	2,744.4	2,793.0	2,820.3	170.5	125.7	128.7	6.2	4.5	
Anderson	59.1	58.4	58.2	3.7	3.0	3.1	6.3	5.1	
Bloomington	54.8	60.1	58.8	2.1	2.0	1.8	3.9	3.3	1
Elkhart-Goshen	93.0	96.7	98.7	4.2	3.1	3.3	4.6	3.2	1
Evansville	142.5	142.3	143.5	10.0	8.2	7.7	7.0	5.7	
Fort Wayne	194.2	200.0	202.4	9.9	8.0	7.9	5.1	4.0	
Gary-Hammond	254.6	251.8	255.0	23.4	13.9	14.3	9.2	5.5	
Indianapolis	653.8	669.4	677.3	33.0	25.8	28.1	5.0	3.9	
Lafayette	62.9	64.9	65.1	2.3	2.1	1.9	3.7	3.3	
Muncie	57.2	60.3	59.1	3.5	2.9	2.9	6.1	4.9	
South Bend-Mishawaka	125.6	129.5	129.2	7.1	5.6	6.0	5.7	4.3	ĺ
Terre Haute	58.0	59.0	58.6	3.8	3.3	3.0	6.5	5.5	}
wa	1,459.3	1,484.6	1,499.6	76.8	59.5	59.9	5.3	4.0	ļ
Cedar Rapids	92.9	96.0	97.7	4.9	3.2	3.3	5.3	3.3	1
Des Moines	223.4	229.5	233.3	10.0	7.5	7.6	4.5	3.3	1
Dubuque	43.4	45.8	45.0	2.4	2.1	2.1	5.5	4.7	ł
Sioux City	64.7	60.9	62.2	5.9	3.0	3.0	9.2	4.9	}
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	67.4	69.8	68.5	5.3	3.9	3.5	7.9	5.6	Ì
ansas	1,293.1	1,302.6	1,307.4	61.9	52.9	56.7	4.8	4.1	
Topeka	90.8	94.1	94.8	4.0	3.5	3.8	4.4	3.8	
Wichita	254.1	256.7	258.3	12.2	11.3	12.2	4.8	4.4	
entucky	1,685.5	1,717.8	1,711.4	146.3	134.5	133.1	8.7	7.8	-
Lexington-Fayette	179.5	188.7	189.0	8.8	8.6	9.1	4.9	4.6	
Louisville	491.8 43.9	515.7 44.9	513.8 44.1	35.2 4.9	30.6 3.7	30.6	7.2 11.2	5.9 8.3	ļ
			- 1		}	{			
Duisiana Alexandria	1,989.9 63.1	1,907.7 60.1	1,925.2 60.6	250.6 6.4	202.4	202.1 5.6	12.6 10.2	10.6 9.7	1
Baton Rouge	266.9	261.3	261.8	29.0	23.1	24.1	10.2	8.8	
Houma-Thibodaux	75.3	70.2	70.2	12.2	8.0	7.3	16.2	11.4	1
Lafayette	102.0	96.1	96.7	13.7	9.2	9.1	13.4	9.6	<u>'</u>
Monroe	72.0	67.6	69.3	7.6	6.8	6.9	10.5	10.1	1
New Orleans	612.8	590.5	599.4	64.6	56.0	55.8	10.5	9.5	ļ '
Shreveport	170.1	165.9	167.3	19.0	16.7	16.5	11.2	10.1	
aine	603.6	507.0	607.1	24.0	22 E	22.2	41	20	
Lewiston-Auburn	603.8 42.4	587.8 41.0	607.1 42.1	24.9	22.5 1.6	22.2 1.9	4.1 5.5	3.8 4.0	
Portland	126.6	123.7	126.5	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.2	2.1	
	,20.0	.20.7	, 20.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	٠.د		(

### STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	0		-			Unemp	ioyeu		
State and area	Civi	lian labor for	ce		Number			Percent of labor force	
	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>9</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988
taryland	2,427,7	2,436.5	2.459.0	102.8	100.1	108.5	4.2	4.1	4.
Baltimore	1,172.7	1,170.1	1,184.8	54.0	52.6	59.1	4.6	4.5	5.0
lassachusetts¹	3,147.8	3.105.8	3,216.7	97.3	83.8	110.2	3.1	2.7	3.
Boston	1,553.2	1,540.2	1,583.4	42.0	36.2	47.6	2.7	2.3	3.
Brockton	98.1	97.6	101.9	3.5	3.1	4.3	3.6	3.2	4.
Fall River	76.3	74.6	77.1	3.6	3.2	4.0	4.7	4.3	5.
Fitchburg-Leominster	47.1	45.1	46.8	1.9	1.4	2.1	4.1	3.1	4.
Lawrence-Haverhill	187.7	184.3	189.2	8.4	6.2	7.7	4.5	3.4	4.
Lowell	151.9	149.0	153.0	5.2	4.2	5.9	3.4	2.8	3.
New Bedford	85.5	85.4	88.7	3.9	3.4	4.2	4.6	4.0	4.
Springfield	255.1	253.1	261.0	8.5	6.7	8.7	3.3	2.6	3.
Worcester	217.1	218.9	224.8	6.1	5.6	7.2	2.8	2.5	3.
tichigan¹	4,577.3	4,507.2	4,593.8	408.6	295.1	326.4	8.9	6.5	7.
Ann Arbor	154.8	161.5	162.1	7.9	5.5	5.9	5.1	3.4	3.
Battle Creek	65.0	63.8	85.4	5.4	3.9	4.7	8.4	8.2	7.
Benton Harbor	77.6	78.1	79.5	6.5	4.6	5.0	8.4	5.9	6.
Detroit	2,219.4	2,166.6	2,208.2	199.5	145.6	161.5	9.0	6.7	7.
Flint	203.0	197.6	203.4	25.8	26.0	29.7	12.7	13.2	14.
Grand Rapids	349.4	351.4	357.8	24.3	15.4	18.6	7.0	4.4	5.
Kalamazoo	112.9	113.9	115.6	6.8	4.6	5.1	6.1	4.0	4.
Lansing-East Lansing	240.9	239.2	240.7	17.0	11.3	13.2	7.1	4.7	5.
Muskegon	69.1 186.0	67.1 184.3	68.4 188.8	7.7 18.1	5.2 11.7	5.9 12.6	11.2 9.8	7.7 6.3	8. 6.
	100.0	104.5	100.0	10.1	11.7	}	3.0	0.5	
finnesota	2,284.6 108.5	2,342.0 107.1	2,373.9 108.8	119.0 9.8	75.6 5.7	80.5 5.8	5.2 9.0	3.2 5.4	3.
Duluth				59.9	38.7	41.5		2.8	
Minneapolis-St.Paul	1,353.7	1,389.0	1,402.5			1	4.4		3.
Rochester	57.8 89.7	59.2 96.7	80.7 96.1	2.2 5.2	1.4 3.2	1.5 3.7	3.8 5.8	2.3 3.3	3.
Hississippi	1,167.5	1,156.1	1,149.4	123.2	81.3	90.1	10.6	7.0	7.
Jackson	201.6	203.8	204.1	15.3	10.2	11.3	7.8	5.0	5.
Hissouri	2,598.3	2,584.6	2,612.8	158.1	119.2	133.5	6.1	4.6	5.
Kansas City	840.5	835.3	841.5	48.6	35.9	39.7	5.8	4.3	4.
St. Louis	1,282.2	1,265.4	1,281.3	90.8	71.9	79.5	7.1	5.7	6.
Springfield	119.8	123.6	121.3	5.7	4.2	4.4	4.7	3.4	3.
Nontana	413.0	407.4	411.4	29.1	27.6	26.3	7.0	6.8	6.
lebraska	810.3	808.2	823.5	40.0	26.8	27.3	4.9	3.3	3.
Lincoln	119.5   323.8	122.3 321.5	121.1 327.2	3.8 17.7	4,1 11.5	3.2   12.7	3.2 5.5	3.4	3
	585.4	579.8	582.8	35.1		31.6	6.2	5.4	5.
Vevada	327.0	337,4	339.0	21.7	31.1 19.5	20.5	6.8	5.4	6.
Reno	138.7	141.9	141.7	7.5	6.6	6.2	5.4	4.7	4
New Hampshire	600.4	598.8	609.2	15.8	12,4	12.1	2.8	2.1	2
Nashua	98.6	99.4	100.3	3.0	2.4	2.6	3.0	2.4	2
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	134.7	134.2	137.1	3.1	2.0	2.0	2.3	1.5	1
lew Jersey¹	4,042.2	3,985.5	4,024.4	167.3	148.6	146.8	4.1	3.8	3
Atlantic City	186.4	171.2	181.4	9.2	9.0	6.2	4.9	5.3	4
Bergen-Passaic	731.9	720.6	730.3	26.1	22.8	22.7	3.6	3.2	3.
Jersey City	289.9	267.6	269.1	17.9	18.3	17.0	8.6	6.6	6.
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	561.9	559.2	565.3	16.9	14.9	14.7	3.0	2.7	2
Monmouth-Ocean	490.7	479.3	495.6	16.3	15.0	15.4	3.3	3,1	3
Newark	976.1 173.7	956.8 172.1	966.0 174.3	42.9 6.0	37.2 4.5	37.0 4.7	4.4 3.5	3.9 2.6	3 2
	į		}						
Albuquerque	689.4 261.7	690.9	693.4 266.7	64.8 18.0	55.4 15.6	60.2	9.4 6.9	6.0 5.9	6
Albuquerque Las Cruces	261.7 54.6	265.9 56.8	56.4	4.5	15.6	17.7 5.1	8.3	7.2	9
Santa Fe	67.5	66.9	69.3	4.1	4.1 3.6	3.7	6.0	5.5	5
Gaina i G	67.5	00.8	00.3	<b>-7.1</b> }	3.0	3.7	0.0	, 0.0	1 5

### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civ	ilian labor fo				Unemp			
State and area	CIV	ilian labor fo	rce		Number			Percent of labor force	
	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	June 1988 <sup>p</sup>	June 1987	May 1988	Jui 198
ew York¹	8,540.3	8,269.8	8,555.6	391.3	340.4	289.3	4.6	4.1	3
	423.9	407.0	421.8	14.5	14.4	11.9	3.4	3.5	2
Albany-Schenectady-Troy				4.7		3.7	3.4	3.6	2
Binghamton	127.6	122.8	127.7		4.4	-	-		_
Buffalo	451.4	433.1	447.8	21.1	21.1	17.6	4.7	4.9	3
Elmira	42.0	41.8	42.7	1.5	1.6	1.4	3.5	3.8	:
Nassau~Suffolk	1,463.5	1,387.7	1,454.4	44.6	42.1	38.8	3.0	3.0	:
New York	3,873.5	3,797.5	3,900.2	210.6	164.7	140.8	5.4	4.3	1
New York City	3,182.0	3,142.5	3,214.4	191.0	147.1	125.0	6.0	4.7	
Orange County	133.2	129.2	135.1	4.5	4.3	3.9	3.4	3.3	ł
Poughkeepsie	127.5	125.1	130.1	3.3	3.3	2.6	2.6	2.7	
Rochester	500.7	480.4	496.4	20.3	17.7	15.0	4.0	3.7	i
Syracuse	1 1	308.7	319.6	17.3	16.2	13.4	5.4	5.3	
Itica-Rome	136.9	132.1	138.2	5.9	5.9	4.7	4.3	4.5	
rth Carolina¹	3,296.3	3,291.4	3,343.5	160.6	109.4	116.4	4.9	3.3	
Asheville	88.0	86.9	89.7	4.0	2.8	2.6	4.6	3.3	ļ
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	630.5	641.7	649.6	26.7	18.7	20.5	4.2	2.9	
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	513.0	515.1	521.6	21.4	14.5	15.8	4.2	2.8	
Raleigh-Durham	395.0	394.9	400.1	13.8	9.8	10.6	3.5	2.5	
rth Dakota	337.4	329.6	336.5	15.9	12.3	13.2	4.7	3.7	
Bismarck	45.9	44.3	45.5	2.2	1.8	1.9	4.7	4.1	
argo-Moorhead	85.1	87.3	86.9	2.9	1.9	2.2	3.4	2.2	
Grand Forks	36.1	37.3	36.7	1.3	1.2	1.3	3.6	3.3	
io¹	5,307.0	5,242.8	5,324.5	385.3	301.6	322.9	7.3	5.8	
Akron	318.1	319.5	319.4	23.1	18.5	19.0	7.3	5.8	
Cincinnati	750.4	753.8	763.0	48.6	39.5	42.7	6.5	5.2	
Dieveland	935.9	923.0	937.7	60.4	50.5	53.4	6.5	5.5	
Columbus	699.6	701.6	712.2	40.4	32.9	34.9	5.8	4.7	
	464.9	459.9	467.7	28.4	21.9	24.3	6.1	4.8	
Dayton-Springfield									
Toledo	309.9	309.8	311.0	24.4	16.9	17.6 15.5	7.9 9.7	5.5 6.8	
/oungstown-Warren	224.1	219.5	223.0	21.7	14.8	15.5	9.7	0.8	
fahoma	1,594.4 31.1	1,527.5 29.7	1,527.7 29.9	122.2	94.2 1.6	92.5	7.7 7.1	6.2 5.3	
			I					5.3	
awton	50.5	50.3	50.3	2.6	2.7	2.6	5.2		
Oklahoma City	516.4 356.3	499.6 339.4	502.3 342.5	32.1 30.7	25.2 23.7	24.6 23.5	6.2 8.6	5.0 7.0	
egon	1,414.7	1,432.0	1,460.1	78.1	84.0	84.5	5.5	5.9	
ugene-Springfield	140.4	143.1	145.1	7.3	7.8	8.2	5.2	5.4	ŀ
Portland	637.7	652.9	664.6	32.1	31.8	32.4	5.0	4.9	
Salem	131.9	131.5	137.2	7.1	8.1	8.0	5.4	6.2	
nnsylvania¹	5,719.4	5,634.7	5,786.1	354.5	279.5	325.3	6.2	5.0	
Allentown-Bethlehem	321.7	317.0	326.1	18.0	13.0	17.0	5.6	4.1	
Ntoona	59.7	59.1	61.0	4.3	4.0	4.7	7.3	6.8	
Beaver County	63.4	62.0	63.9	6.4	5.5	6.0	10.1	8.9	
rie	128.7	125.9	128.5	10.1	7.7	8.8	7.9	6.1	
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	316.2	314.8	321.6	14.9	12.2	13.1	4.7	3.9	
ohnstown	94.7								
		93.0	96.2	8.1	6.5	7.7	8.6	7.0	
ancaster	214.3	215.6	219.7	10.3	7.5	9.1	4.8	3.5	
Philadelphia	2,407.8	2,375.4	2,424.0	123.4	99.4	114.0	5.1	4.2	
Pittsburgh	961.6	936.1	967.6	67.3	51.4	59.5	7.0	5.5	
Reading	171.2	173.3	176.8	9.7	8.3	8.7	5.7	4.8	
cranton-Wilkes-Barre	350.1	345.1	355.0	24.9	19.4	23.3	7.1	5.6	
Villiamsport	58.4	59.2	60.9	3.2	2.8	3.1	5.5	4.8	
ork	209.0	214.1	217.0	10.9	9.2	9.6	5.2	4.3	}
ode Island	525.3	524.7	527.4	20.2	14.4	16.3	3.9	2.7	
awtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	169.9 339.2	167.7 342.7	168.1 344.0	7.3 12.8	5.4 9.2	6.3 10.6	4.3 3.8	3.2 2.7	
uth Carolina	1,661.9	1,671.7	1,674.9	94.5	76.8	78.2	5.7	4.6	
Charleston	226.0	229.0	231.3	11.0	9.2	9.6	4.9	4.0	ı
Columbia	231.6	237.8	238.8	9.6	7.9	7.9	4.9	3.3	
Greenville-Spartanburg	329.2	327.7	329.7	14.8	11.3	11.7	4.1	3.4	
uth Dakota	366.5	368.3	378.9	14.4	11.0	13.3	3.9	3.0	
apid City	40.9	41.0	42.9	1.5	11.0	13.3	3.9	2.9	}
	73.8	73.7	74.8	2.2	2.3	2.4	3.0	3.1	

#### STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA **NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area   Stat		Circ	ilian labor fo	,ca				yed		
### Interessee    2,559,9   2,376,8   2,864,6   153,4   120,5   127,3   8.5   5.1	State and area		man labor lo			Number			Percent of labor force	
Chattaincoga										Jun 1988
Chattaincoga	ennesses	2.353.9	2.379.6	2.364.6	153.4	120.5	127.3	8.5	5.1	5.
Knowled						11.4	1			5.
Memphis IAM		218.0	222.0	219.2	15.2	11.1	11.7	7.1	5.0	5.
Mamphis IAM	Knoxville	287.0	283.1	282.1	17.8	13.4	13.9	6.2	4.7	4.
			454.9	452.3	25.8	20.7	21.9	5.7	4.6	4.
Ablene	Nashville	521.4	517.6	514.0	22.4	20.6	22.5	4.3	4.0	4.
Amaralio	)×26 <sup>1</sup>	8,352.4	8,333.8	8,598.7	803.2	804.6	685.8	9.6	7.3	В.
Austin	Abilene	54.2	54.6	55.7	5.3	3.6	3.9	9.8	8.8	7.
Besumon-Port Arthur	Amarillo	101.2	101.3	104.9	7.4	5.8	6.3	7.3	5.7	6.
Brazonia	Austin	428.0	432.2	436.5	32.5	28.5	29.9	7.6	6.1	6
Brownwide-Hartingen	Beaumont-Port Arthur	185.1	181.4	165.9	23.8	16.9	18.7	14.4	10.5	11
Bryan-College Station	Brazoria	82.0	82.4	85.1	9.1	6.8	7.7	11.2	8.2	9
Corpus     184.0   183.8   167.1   23.0   16.2   17.8   14.0   9.9   10.0   18.0   18.0   14.0   9.9   10.0   18	Brownsville-Harlingen	97.9	98.1	102.4	15.1	12.8	14.8	15.4	13.0	14
Corpus     184.0   183.8   167.1   23.0   16.2   17.8   14.0   9.9   10.0   18.0   18.0   14.0   9.9   10.0   18	Bryan-College Station	55.8							4.5	5.
Dallas				167.1	23.0	16.2			9.9	10
Gent North-Arington   G83.1   G84.1   T05.8   55.6   43.7   49.5   61.4   G84.1   G8	Dallas					84.6		7.3		6
Calvestor			238.1		28.5	24.6		12.2	10.3	11
Houston	Fort Worth-Arlington									7
Skilsen-Temple										٤
Laredo	Houston									7
Book   79.4   82.3   9.9   6.8   7.6   12.2   8.6   6.1								8.8		
Liubbook	Laredo				7.6	5.9	6.6	16.5		13
MAGNIGH-Edinburg-Mission		80.8	79.4	82.3				12.2	8.6	
Midland								7.2		6
Display	McAllen-Edinburg-Mission							17.3		15
San Angelo										•
San Antonio   612.4   628.6   647.3   55.4   49.2   56.4   9.0   7.8   8   58   7.4   7.5   7.										} €
Sherman										6
Texarkana										€
Tyler	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									€
Victoria									1	∣ €
Waco         93.0         93.7         95.9         8.3         6.6         7.7         9.0         7.1           wichita Falls         58.4         58.5         60.1         5.2         3.6         7.7         9.0         7.1           tah         767.7         749.1         746.6         50.0         36.4         35.3         8.5         4.9           Provo-Orem         98.9         95.7         97.0         7.0         4.1         3.9         7.1         4.2           Sall Late City-Odgen         503.5         495.5         493.5         30.2         22.3         22.1         6.0         4.5           serion         7.0         4.1         3.9         7.1         4.2         4.2           selfington         7.1         7.7         7.8         1.8         1.4         1.5         2.4         1.9           guringle         6.5.1         6.9         6.3         2.1         1.5         1.8         3.2         4.1         1.9           riginia         8.0         6.1         6.9         6.3         2.1         1.5         1.8         3.2         2.2         1.9         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0										<b>}</b> €
Wichita Falls									l l	7
Test										E
Provo-Orem         98.9         95.7         97.0         7.0         4.1         3.9         7.1         4.2           samont         503.5         495.5         493.5         30.2         22.3         22.1         6.0         4.5           symont         300.0         295.0         299.8         9.8         7.8         7.6         3.3         2.7           glinigon         74.1         76.7         77.8         1.8         1.4         1.5         2.4         1.9           riginia         3,030.0         3,117.7         3,170.7         129.3         112.2         120.6         4.3         3.6           Charlotiesvilie         65.1         68.9         68.3         2.1         1.5         1.8         3.2         2.2         2.2           Lynchburg         71.9         73.0         74.6         3.7         3.4         3.9         5.2         4.6           Norlok-Virginia Beach-Newort News         608.1         624.0         638.2         29.9         25.7         28.3         4.9         4.1           Richmond-Petersburg         432.9         447.1         452.0         16.6         14.7         15.0         3.8         3.3	THO I GIVE THE TAIL THE THE TAIL THE TAIL THE TAIL THE TAIL THE TA	30.4	30.5	00.1	J.2	0.0	0.,	0.0	0.1	
Salt Lake City-Odgen										4
Second   S							,			4
Burlington   74.1   76.7   77.8   1.8   1.4   1.5   2.4   1.9	Salt Lake City-Odgen	503.5	495.5	493.5	30.2	22.3	22.1	6.0	4.5	4
Burlington	ermont	300.0	295.0	299.8	9.8	7.8	7.6	3.3	2.7	2
Charlottesville         65.1         68.9         68.3         2.1         1.5         1.8         3.2         2.2           Darville         50.8         52.9         53.8         3.2         3.4         3.7         6.3         6.5           Lynchburg         71.9         73.0         74.6         3.7         3.4         3.9         5.2         4.6           Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News         608.1         624.0         636.2         29.9         25.7         28.3         4.9         4.1           Richmond-Petersburg         432.9         447.1         452.0         16.6         14.7         15.0         3.8         3.3           Roanoke         121.2         120.7         122.7         4.6         4.6         4.8         3.8         3.8           sashington         2,305.1         2,348.0         2,358.8         165.8         138.5         138.9         7.2         5.9           Seattle         999.8         1,051.8         1,043.7         61.2         50.2         50.4         6.1         4.8           est Virginia         755.2         751.9         736.0         77.6         66.5         65.0         10.3         8.8		74.1	76.7	77.8	1.8	1,4	1.5	2.4	1.9	1
Charlottesville         65.1         68.9         68.3         2.1         1.5         1.8         3.2         2.2           Darville         50.8         52.9         53.8         3.2         3.4         3.7         6.3         6.5           Lynchburg         71.9         73.0         74.6         3.7         3.4         3.9         5.2         4.6           Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News         608.1         624.0         636.2         29.9         25.7         28.3         4.9         4.1           Richmond-Petersburg         432.9         447.1         452.0         16.6         14.7         15.0         3.8         3.3           Roanoke         121.2         120.7         122.7         4.6         4.6         4.8         3.8         3.8           sashington         2,305.1         2,348.0         2,358.8         165.8         138.5         138.9         7.2         5.9           Seattle         999.8         1,051.8         1,043.7         61.2         50.2         50.4         6.1         4.8           est Virginia         755.2         751.9         736.0         77.6         66.5         65.0         10.3         8.8	-etal-	0.000.0	04477	0.470.7	400.0	4400	400.0	4.0		١,
Darwille										3
Lynchburg										ĺ
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News         608.1 kd2.0 kd										
Richmond-Petersburg										
Roanoke   121.2   120.7   122.7   4.6   4.6   4.8   3.8									f .	3
Seattle										
Seattle		0.0054	00400	0.050.0	405.0	400 5	4000	7.0		١.
Parkerston		_,								
Charleston         118.0         116.3         115.2         10.7         8.8         8.8         9.1         7.5           Huntington-Ashland         128.1         128.1         128.1         125.1         13.4         9.9         9.9         10.4         7.9           Parkersburg-Marietta         72.6         70.9         71.5         6.3         4.6         4.8         8.7         6.5           Wheeling         72.6         71.4         70.8         6.7         5.6         5.4         9.2         7.8           Isconsin         2,531.3         2,526.7         2,582.8         146.7         102.7         102.8         5.8         4.1           Appieton-Oshkosh-Neenah         166.3         167.9         171.8         9.0         6.4         5.9         5.4         3.8           Eau Claire         70.6         74.1         74.8         4.0         2.9         2.9         5.7         3.9           Green Bay         107.0         106.8         109.7         6.2         4.4         4.1         5.8         4.1           Janesville-Beloit         72.3         72.7         73.3         5.3         3.3         3.2         7.4         4.5 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
Huntington-Ashland         128.1         128.1         128.1         125.1         13.4         9.9         9.9         10.4         7.9           Parkersburg-Marietta         72.6         70.9         71.5         6.3         4.6         4.6         8.7         6.5           Wheeling         72.6         71.4         70.8         6.7         5.6         5.4         9.2         7.8           Isconsin         2,531.3         2,526.7         2,582.8         146.7         102.7         102.8         5.8         4.1           Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah         166.3         167.9         171.8         9.0         6.4         5.9         5.4         3.8           Eau Claire         70.6         74.1         74.8         4.0         2.9         2.9         5.7         3.9           Green Bay         107.0         106.8         109.7         6.2         4.4         4.1         5.8         4.1           Janesville-Beloit         72.3         72.7         73.3         5.3         3.3         3.2         7.4         4.5           Kenosha         55.5         54.9         55.6         4.1         2.3         2.7         7.4         4.1										
Parkersburg-Marietta         72.6         70.9         71.5         6.3         4.6         4.6         8.7         6.5           Wheeling         72.6         71.4         70.8         6.7         5.6         5.4         9.2         7.8           //sconsin         2,531.3         2,526.7         2,582.8         148.7         102.7         102.8         5.8         4.1           Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah         166.3         167.9         171.8         9.0         6.4         5.9         5.4         3.8           Eau Claire         70.6         74.1         74.8         4.0         2.9         2.9         5.7         3.9           Green Bay         107.0         106.8         109.7         6.2         4.4         4.1         5.8         4.1           Janesville-Beloit         72.3         72.7         73.3         5.3         3.3         3.2         7.4         4.5           Kenosha         55.5         54.9         55.6         4.1         2.3         2.7         7.4         4.1           La Crosse         52.8         56.1         56.7         2.7         1.8         2.0         5.1         3.2           Macison										1 3
Wheeling         72.6         71.4         70.8         6.7         5.6         5.4         9.2         7.8           Isconsin         2,531.3         2,526.7         2,582.8         146.7         102.7         102.8         5.8         4.1           Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah         166.3         167.9         171.8         9.0         6.4         5.9         5.4         3.8           Eau Claire         70.6         74.1         74.8         4.0         2.9         2.9         5.7         3.9           Green Bay         107.0         106.8         109.7         6.2         4.4         4.1         5.8         4.1           Janesville-Beloit         72.3         72.7         73.3         5.3         3.3         3.2         7.4         4.5           Kenosha         55.5         54.9         55.6         4.1         2.3         2.7         7.4         4.1           La Crosse         52.8         56.1         56.7         2.7         1.8         2.0         5.1         3.2           Madison         214.0         219.8         222.0         7.7         5.6         5.7         3.8         2.5           Milwaukee         74									1	7
Seconsin										9
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah         166.3         167.9         171.8         9.0         6.4         5.9         5.4         3.8           Eau Claire         70.6         74.1         74.8         4.0         2.9         2.9         5.7         3.9           Green Bay         107.0         106.8         109.7         6.2         4.4         4.1         5.8         4.1           Janesville-Beloit         72.3         72.7         73.3         5.3         3.3         3.2         7.4         4.5           Kenosha         55.5         54.9         55.6         4.1         2.3         2.7         7.4         4.1           La Crosse         52.8         56.1         56.7         2.7         1.8         2.0         5.1         3.2           Madison         214.0         219.8         222.0         7.7         5.6         5.7         3.8         2.5           Milwaukee         746.4         751.3         767.7         41.5         28.2         28.9         5.6         3.7           Racine         87.2         88.5         88.9         6.0         3.7         3.9         6.9         4.3           Wausau         59.4	AAlleeling	72.6	71.4	70.8	6.7	5.6	5.4	9.2	7.8	7
Eau Claire     70.6     74.1     74.8     4.0     2.9     2.9     5.7     3.9       Green Bay     107.0     108.8     109.7     6.2     4.4     4.1     5.8     4.1       Janesville-Bloit     72.3     72.7     73.3     5.3     3.3     3.2     7.4     4.5       Kenosha     55.5     54.9     55.6     4.1     2.3     2.7     7.4     4.1       La Crosse     52.8     56.1     56.7     2.7     1.8     2.0     5.1     3.2       Madison     214.0     219.8     222.0     7.7     5.6     5.7     3.8     2.5       Milwaukee     746.4     751.3     767.7     41.5     28.2     28.9     5.6     3.7       Racine     87.2     88.5     88.9     6.0     3.7     3.9     6.9     4.3       Wausau     59.4     60.2     61.7     3.5     2.6     2.7     6.0     4.3		2,531.3	2,526.7	2,582.8	146.7	102.7	102.8	5.8	4.1	۷
Eau Claire     70.6     74.1     74.8     4.0     2.9     2.9     5.7     3.9       Green Bay     107.0     108.8     109.7     6.2     4.4     4.1     5.8     4.1       Janesville-Beloit     72.3     72.7     73.3     5.3     3.3     3.2     7.4     4.5       Kenosha     55.5     54.9     55.6     4.1     2.3     2.7     7.4     4.1       La Crosse     52.8     56.1     56.7     2.7     1.8     2.0     5.1     3.2       Madison     214.0     219.8     222.0     7.7     5.6     5.7     3.8     2.5       Milwaukee     746.4     751.3     767.7     41.5     28.2     28.9     5.6     3.7       Racine     87.2     88.5     88.9     6.0     3.7     3.9     6.9     4.3       Wausau     59.4     60.2     61.7     3.5     2.6     2.7     6.0     4.3	Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	166.3	167.9	171.8	9.0	6.4	5.9	5.4	3.8	:
Janesville-Beloit     72.3     72.7     73.3     5.3     3.3     3.2     7.4     4.5       Kenosha     55.5     54.9     55.6     4.1     2.3     2.7     7.4     4.1       La Crosse     52.8     56.1     56.7     2.7     1.8     2.0     5.1     3.2       Madison     214.0     219.8     222.0     7.7     5.6     5.7     3.8     2.5       Milwaukee     746.4     751.3     767.7     41.5     28.2     28.9     5.6     3.7       Racine     87.2     88.5     88.9     6.0     3.7     3.9     6.9     4.3       Wausau     59.4     60.2     61.7     3.5     2.6     2.7     6.0     4.3	Eau Claire	70.6	74.1	74.8	4.0	2.9	2.9	5.7	3.9	3
Janesville-Beloit     72.3     72.7     73.3     5.3     3.3     3.2     7.4     4.5       Kenosha     55.5     54.9     55.6     4.1     2.3     2.7     7.4     4.1       La Crosse     52.8     56.1     56.7     2.7     1.8     2.0     5.1     3.2       Madison     214.0     219.8     222.0     7.7     5.6     5.7     3.8     2.5       Milwaukee     746.4     751.3     767.7     41.5     28.2     28.9     5.6     3.7       Racine     87.2     88.5     88.9     6.0     3.7     3.9     6.9     4.3       Wausau     59.4     60.2     61.7     3.5     2.6     2.7     6.0     4.3	Green Bay	107.0	106.8	109.7					4.1	3
Kenosha     55.5     54.9     55.6     4.1     2.3     2.7     7.4     4.1       La Crosse     52.8     56.1     56.7     2.7     1.8     2.0     5.1     3.2       Madison     214.0     219.8     222.0     7.7     5.6     5.7     3.8     2.5       Milwaukee     746.4     751.3     767.7     41.5     28.2     28.9     5.6     3.7       Racine     87.2     88.5     88.9     6.0     3.7     3.9     6.9     4.3       Wausau     59.4     60.2     61.7     3.5     2.6     2.7     6.0     4.3		72.3	72.7	73.3	5.3	3.3	3.2	7.4	4.5	4
La Crosse     52.8     56.1     56.7     2.7     1.8     2.0     5.1     3.2       Madison     214.0     219.8     222.0     7.7     5.6     5.7     3.8     2.5       Milwaukee     746.4     751.3     767.7     41.5     28.2     28.9     5.6     3.7       Racine     87.2     88.5     88.9     6.0     3.7     3.9     6.9     4.3       Wausau     59.4     60.2     61.7     3.5     2.6     2.7     6.0     4.3						2.3	2.7		4.1	4
Madison     214.0     219.8     222.0     7.7     5.6     5.7     3.8     2.5       Milwaukee     746.4     751.3     767.7     41.5     28.2     28.9     5.6     3.7       Racine     87.2     88.5     88.9     6.0     3.7     3.9     6.9     4.3       Wausau     59.4     60.2     61.7     3.5     2.6     2.7     6.0     4.3	La Crosse		56.1						3.2	1 3
Racine	Madison		219.8	222.0	7.7	5.6	5.7	3.8	2.5	2
Wausau	Milwaukee	746.4	751.3	767.7	41.5	28.2	28.9	5.6	3.7	3
	Racine	87.2	88.5	88.9	6.0	3.7	3.9	6.9	4.3	4
9540 9990 9990 405 405	Wausau	59.4	60.2	61.7	3.5	2.6	2.7	6.0	4.3	4
	yoming	254.9	233.6	238.8	19.5	13.1	11.5	7.7	5.6	

<sup>Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey. See the Explanatory Notes for State and Area Labor Force Data.

Not available.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Estimates for 1987 have been</sup> 

benchmarked to 1987 Current Population Survey annual averages. Except in the 11 States designated by footnote 1, estimates for 1988 are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication.

### **Explanatory Notes**

### Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of over about 55,800 households, representing 729 areas in 1,973 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The establishment survey is designed to provide industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are currently based on payroll reports from a sample of over 300,000 establishments employing over 38 million nonagricultural wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full or part time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th day of the month.

### RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definitions and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two series are as follows.

### **Employment**

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises, and members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States. Civilian employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

For a comprehensive discussion of the differences between household and establishment survey employment data, see Gloria P. Green's article, "Comparing Employment Estimates From Household and Payroll Surveys," *Monthly Labor Review*, December 1969.

### Hours of work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by

employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

### **Earnings**

The household survey measures median earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the household survey earnings series, see *Technical Description of the Quarterly Data on Weekly Earnings from the Current Population Survey*, BLS Bulletin 2113.

## COMPARABILITY OF HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). Beginning in January 1978, coverage was extended to include domestic workers whose employers paid \$1,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, agricultural employees whose employers engaged 10 or more workers in 20 weeks or paid a total of \$20,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, and almost all State and local government employees.

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the Economics and Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

### COMPARABILITY OF PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP), published by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonagricultural wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, certain activities, such as interstate railroads, parochial schools, and churches, are not covered by unemployment insurance whereas these are included in the BLS establishment statistics.

# Household Data (A tables)

### **COLLECTION AND COVERAGE**

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other characteristics of the employed, the unemployed, and persons not in the labor force, and related data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, BLS Report 463. Historical national data are published in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey: A Databook, BLS Bulletin 2096.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted through a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 16 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations, and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this publication. Data on the members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States, who are included as part of the categories "noninstitutional population," "labor force," and "total employment." are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Each month about 55,800 occupied units are eligible for interview. About 2,600 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of between 4 and 5 percent. In addition to the 55,800 occupied units, there are 11,500 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

### **CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS**

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those used since 1967 are as follows:

Employed persons are (a) all civilians who, during the survey week, did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who

were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor- management disputes, or personal reasons, whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States are also included in the employed total.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons are all civilians who had no employment during the survey week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the prior 4 weeks. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off or were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days need not be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Measurements of mean and median duration are computed from a distribution of single weeks of unemployment.

Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into four major groups. (1) Job losers are persons whose employment ended involuntarily who immediately began looking for work, and persons on layoff. (2) Job leavers are persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work. (3) Reentrants are persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer but were out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work. (4) New entrants are persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer. Each of these four categories of the unemployed may be expressed as an unemployment rate or proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers.

Jobseekers are all unemployed persons who made

specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week. Jobseekers do not include those persons unemployed because they (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or (b) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work, including going to a public or private employment agency or to an employer directly, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or utilizing some other method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point.

The civilian labor force comprises all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The labor force also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The overall unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force, including members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The unemployment rate for all civilian workers represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, etc.

Participation rates represent the proportion of the population that is in the labor force. The labor force participation rate is the ratio of the labor force, including the resident Armed Forces, to the noninstitutional population. The civilian labor force participation rate is the ratio of the civilian labor force to the civilian noninstitutional population. Civilian labor force participation rates are usually published for sexage groups, often cross-classified by other demographic characteristics such as race and educational attainment.

Employment-population ratios represent the proportion of the noninstitutional population that is employed. The total employment-population ratio is total employment, including the resident Armed Forces, as a percent of the noninstitutional population. The civilian employment-population ratio is the percentage of all employed civilians in the civilian noninstitutional population.

Not in the labor force includes all persons who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as engaged in own home housework, in school, unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness, retired, and other. The "other" group includes individuals reported as too old or temporarily unable to work, the voluntarily idle, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season and who were not reported as looking for work, and persons who did not look for work because they believed that no jobs were available in the area or that no jobs were available for which they could qualify—discouraged workers. Persons doing only incidental, unpaid family work (less than 15 hours in the specified week) are also classified as not in labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work, desire for a job at the time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are published on a quarterly basis. As of January 1970, the detailed questions for persons not in the labor force are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for 3 previous months and would not be in for the subsequent month. Between 1967 and 1969, these questions were asked in those households entering the sample for the first time and those returning for the second 4 months of interviewing, i.e., the "incoming" groups.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their last full-time job lasting 2 weeks or more. The classifications of occupations and industries used in data derived from the CPS are defined as in the 1980 census. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies wage and salary workers subdivided into private and government workers; self-employed workers; and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more during the survey week are designated as working full time. Persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working part time. Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or noneconomic reasons). Economic reasons include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of a job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. Noneconomic reasons include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home or school, no desire for full-time work, and fulltime worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1 to 34 hours for noneconomic reasons and usually work full time.

Data on employment "at work" differ from data on total employment because they exclude persons in the zero-hours-

worked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute.

Employed persons are also categorized into full- and parttime groupings based primarily on their usual status. In this context, full-time workers are those who (a) worked 35 hours or more during the survey week, (b) worked 1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons, but usually work full time, and (c) were with a job but not at work and usually work full time. Similarly, part-time workers are those who (a) voluntarily worked 1 to 34 hours during the survey week, (b) worked 1 to 34 hours for economic reasons, but usually work part time, i.e., persons who could only find part-time work; and (c) were with a job but not at work and usually work part time.

Unemployment rates for full- and part-time workers are calculated using the concepts of the full- and part-time labor force which are based on the type of job—full or part-time—that persons—whether working or unemployed—report that they want. The "full-time labor force" includes all persons working part time but who desire full-time work, that is, working part time for economic reasons. Thus, this category consists of persons on full-time schedules; all persons involuntarily working part time regardless of their usual status; and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The "part-time labor force" consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according to whether they usually work on full-time or voluntary part-time schedules.

Labor force time lost is a measure of aggregate hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available aggregate hours. It is computed by assuming that; (1) unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) those looking for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers during the survey week, and (3) persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

White, black, and other are terms used to describe the race of workers. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. All tables in this publication which contain racial data, with the exception of A-5 and its annual counterpart, present data for the black population group. Because of their relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican living on the mainland, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings data are provided from responses to the question "How much does...USUALLY earn per week at this job before deductions?" Included are any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding the incorporated self-employed) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$50 centered interval within which each median falls.

Data expressed in constant dollars are deflated by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status are terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were reported as members of the same household even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent, includes persons who are separated because of marital discord, as well as persons who are living apart because either the husband or the wife was employed and living away from home, serving in the Armed Forces, or had a different place of residence for any reason.

A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters.

A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family refers to a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family even though they may include a related subfamily, that is, a married couple or a parent-child group related by birth or marriage to the householder and sharing the living quarters. The

count of families used in this publication excludes unrelated subfamilies such as lodgers, guests, or resident employees living in a household but not related to the householder. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other persons maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

Poverty areas are defined as those census tracts in tracted areas, and Minor Civil Division's (MCD's) in untracted areas, in which 20 percent or more of the noninstitutional residents were poor according to the 1980 decennial census. Persons were classified as poor or nonpoor by comparing money income to a series of poverty income thresholds which vary by family size and number of children. While poverty areas have a substantial concentration of low-income residents, many poor persons live outside these areas, and conversely, the areas include many people who are not poor.

The metropolitan areas classification consists of the total of all Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) as defined by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) as of June 30, 1983. These definitions differ from those used in the 1980 decennial census. A detailed discussion of the MSA definitions as well as changes in terminology can be found in "The New Metropolitan Area Definitions" section of the 1980 Census of Population Supplementary Report on Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PC-S1-18. Nonmetropolitan areas consist of the total territory outside MSA's.

The urban population, as defined for the 1980 census, comprises all persons living in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more inhabitants outside urbanized areas. More specifically, the urban population consists of all persons living in (1) places of 2,500 or more inhabitants incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding those persons living in the rural portions of extended cities; and (2) other territories, incorporated and unincorporated, included in urbanized areas. The population not classified as urban constitutes the rural population.

### HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

### Change in lower age limit

The lower age limit for official statistics on the labor force, employment, and unemployment was raised from 14 to 16 years of age in January 1967. Insofar as possible, historical series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the population 16 years and over. For a detailed discussion of this and other definitional changes introduced at that time, including estimates of their effect on the various series, see "New Definitions for Employment and Unemployment," Employment and Earnings and Monthly

Report on the Labor Force, February 1967.

### Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the changes introduced in 1967, there are several other periods of noncomparability in the labor force data: (1)Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and men; other categories were relatively unaffected. (2) Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force. Four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected. (3) Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged. (4) Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; and unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. (5) A subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced in March 1973. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.

In addition, beginning in January 1974, the methodology used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an inflation-deflation approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year-old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation", in the February 1974 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Effective in July 1975, as a result of the immigration of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000—30,000 men and 46,000 women. The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, and all of the changes were in the other population.

Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor

force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.

Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio estimation method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure were derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in total population and estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 that are described above, and data users should make allowances for them in making certain data comparisons.

Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment methodology was updated to account for results obtained from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.

Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure—the noninterview adjustment, the first and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite

estimator—were revised. These procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin. Major estimates were revised back to January 1980.

Beginning in January 1986, the population controls used in the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology were revised to reflect an explicit estimate of the number of undocumented immigrants (largely Hispanic) since 1980 and an improved estimate of the number of emigrants among legal foreign-born residents for the same time period. As a result, the total civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by nearly 400,000; civilian employment was increased by about 350,000. The Hispanic-origin civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by about 425,000 and 305,000, respectively, and civilian employment by 270,000. Overall and subgroup unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected. Because of the magnitude of the adjustments for Hispanics, data have been revised back to January 1980 to the extent possible. An explanation of the changes and their effect on estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of this publication.

## Changes in the occupational and industrial classification system

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisions of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of Employment and Earnings.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. These systems differ from those developed for the 1970 census, which were used in the CPS from January 1971 through December 1982.

The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved

from the Standard Occuptional Classification system (SOC). While the CPS occupational data are now comparable with other data sources, the new system is so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers". Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification system (SIC), as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had a much less adverse effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation", and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration."

Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

### Changes in the sample design

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. Most of these changes were made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates.

One major change made after every decennial census is to change the sample design to make use of the recently collected census materials. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are increased occasionally. In 1953, the current rotation plan was introduced, in which a sample unit is interviewed for 4 months, leaves the sample for 8 months, and then returns to the sample for another 4 months. When Alaska and Hawaii achieved statehood, three more sample areas were added to account for the population in these States. After the 1960 census, selection of a major portion of the sample from census address lists was begun, though a portion of the sample is still collected using area sampling. Following the 1970 census, the ultimate sampling unit was changed from a noncontiguous cluster of six housing units to a usually contiguous cluster of four housing units. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia and designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States, was incorporated into the design. In October 1978, a coverage improvement sample, composed of approximately 450 sample household units which represented 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units, was included in computing the estimates in order to provide coverage of mobile homes and new construction units that previously had no chance for selection in the CPS sample selected from the 1970 census frame. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added to the existing sample. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. Beginning in January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to SMSA's, which were redefined in 1973.

Beginning in 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was selected based on 1980 census information rather than 1970 census information. The selection of new sample areas provided an opportunity to improve the efficiency of the sample design. Sample areas chosen to replace incoming sample areas account for only 10 percent of the national estimate. The new CPS sample has resulted in increased reliability for State estimates with a slightly reduced sample size. Sample households are chosen from 729 sample areas, which represent 1,973 geographic areas in the United States. This current number of sample areas is not completely comparable to the old number of sample areas since many of the sample areas have been redefined. (See pp. 7-10 of the May 1984 issue of Employment and Earnings, for an overview of these new definitions and the introduction of the new sample.) A sample reduction of about 4,000 households was implemented in April 1988.

Table A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use during the different data collection periods. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in the Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Beginning in 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State have the same probability of selection. These estimates are then adjusted for noninterviews, and the ratio estimation procedure is applied.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately by combinations of similar sample areas that are not necessarily contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within

Table A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to date

Time period	1	Number of sample	Househo	Households visited bu	
Time penou		areas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	not eligible
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954 .		68	21,000	500-1,000	3,000–3,500
Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956 .	, ,	230	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
May 1956 to Dec. 1959 .		1330	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963 .		2333	33,500	1,500	6,000
Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966 .		357	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1967 to July 1971.		449	48,000	2,000	8,500
Aug. 1971 to July 1972 .		449	45,000	2,000	8,000
Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977 .		461	45,000	2,000	8,000
Jan. 1978 to Dec. 1979 .		614	53,500	2,500	10,000
Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981		629	62,200	2,800	12,000
May 1981 to Dec. 1984 .		629	57,800	2,500	11,000
Jan. 1985 to Mar. 1988 .		729	57,000	2,500	11,000
Apr. 1988 to present.		729	53,200	2,600	11,500

Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia

each combination of sample areas there is a further breakdown by residence. MSA sample areas are categorized by "central city" and "balance of the MSA". Residence categories of non-MSA areas are "urban" and "rural". The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.

- 2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and residence. Since these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
- a. First-stage ratio estimate. In the CPS, a portion of the 729 sample areas is chosen to represent other areas not in the sample; the remainder of the sample areas represent only themselves. The first-stage ratio estimation procedure was designed to reduce the portion of the variance resulting from requiring sample areas to represent nonsample areas. Therefore, this procedure is not applied to sample areas which represent only themselves. The adjustment is made at the State level for each of the 43 States which contain nonsample areas by race cells of black and non-black. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each cell at the time of the 1980 census between the race distribution of the population in sample areas and the known race distribution of the State.
- b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this stage, the sample proportions of persons in specific categories are adjusted to the distribution of independent current estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population in the same categories. The second-stage ratio adjustment, which is performed to

further reduce variability of the estimates and to correct to some extent for CPS undercoverage relative to the decennial census, is carried out in three steps. In the first step, the sample estimates are adjusted within each State and the District of Columbia to an independent control for the population 16 years and over. The second step involves an adjustment by Hispanic origin to a national estimate for eight age-sex categories by Hispanic and non-Hispanic. In the third step, a national adjustment is made by the race categories of white, black, and other races to independent estimates by age and sex. The white and black categories contain 32 age-sex groups each; the other races category has 6 age-sex cells. The entire second-stage adjustment procedure is iterated six times, each time beginning at the weights developed the previous time. This ensures that the sample estimates of the population for both State and national age-sex-race-origin categories will be virtually equal to the independent population control totals. This second-stage adjustment procedure incorporates changes instituted in January 1985. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of Employment and Earnings.

The controls by State for the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over are an arithmetic extrapolation of the trend in the growth of this segment of the population using the two most recent July 1 estimates, adjusted as a last step to a current estimate of the U.S. population of this group. State estimates by age for July 1 are published annually in *Current Population Reports*, Series P-25. For a description of the methodology used in developing the State total, see Report 957 of that series. A description of the age estimates methodology is available in Report 1010 of that series.

Prior to January 1985, there was no separate control for Hispanics in the second-stage ratio procedure. These Hispanic controls are prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census count for Hispanics by adding estimated Hispanic births and immigrants and subtracting estimated Hispanic deaths

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

and emigrants to yield an estimate of the Hispanic population by age and sex.

During the period from January 1982 to December 1984, the "inflation-deflation" method was temporarily discontinued in the preparation of the independent national controls used for the age-sex-race groups in the third step of the second-stage ratio estimation procedure. These controls were prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census data after taking account of subsequent aging of the population, births, deaths, and net migration and then subtracting the estimate for the institutional population and Armed Forces. Beginning in January 1985, the "inflation-deflation" method of deriving independent population controls was reintroduced into the CPS estimation procedure. With the "inflation-deflation" method, the independent controls are prepared by inflating the 1980 census counts to include estimated undercounts by age, sex and race, aging this population forward to each subsequent month and later age by adding births and net migration, and subtracting deaths. These post-censal population estimates are then deflated to census level to reflect the pattern of net undercount in the most recent census by age, sex, and race. Because an estimate of undercount is first added and then subtracted, the size of each race-sex group is unaffected by the "inflation-deflation" method. Similarly, the final estimate is affected only by the age structure of the undercount, but not the level. This feature of the method is important since the exact amount of undercount in the 1980 census remains unknown.

Data on births and deaths between April 1, 1980, and the estimate date are based on tabulations of vital statistics for the resident population made by the National Center for Health Statistics and data on deaths of military personnel overseas from the Department of Defense. Estimates of net civilian immigration are based on data provided by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Puerto Rico Planning Board. The civilian noninstitutional population is derived by subtracting the Armed Forces and the institutional population for the estimate date from the total including Armed Forces overseas. The institutional population is computed by applying institutional proportions derived from the 1980 census to the total population, including Armed Forces overseas for the estimate date. All computations described above are performed in cells defined by single year of age, race, and sex. The independent national control totals are then obtained by collapsing these cells into broader age groups for the population 16 years and older.

Beginning in January 1986, two changes were introduced into the estimation of the independent population controls. For the first time, an explicit allowance for net undocumented immigration since April 1, 1980 (the census date) was added to the estimated level of legal immigration. In addition, an increase in the estimate of emigration of legal foreign-born residents has been incorporated into the postcensal population estimates since 1980. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75 percent), as well as the sample results for the current month. Also included is an additional term which is an estimate of the net difference between incoming and continuing parts of the current month's sample. Almost all estimates of month-to-month change are improved by this procedure, and most estimates of level are also improved, but to a lesser extent.

### Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

### Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided primarily indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, inability to recall information, errors made in collection such as in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data, and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey have been studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the *Current Population Survey Reinterview Program*,

January 1961 Through December 1966, Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates From Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, Journal of the American Statistical Association, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the decennial census, undercoverage is about 6 percent. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women, and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races combined than for whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race-Hispanic origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-Hispanic origin group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980 census.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in "An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey," by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive discussion of various sources of error and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated error were calculated from each sample, then:

- 1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
  - 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6

standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the average of all possible samples.

3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a large number of estimates and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations are required. First, the standard errors in this volume reflect the sample design and estimation procedures in effect prior to the expansions for State estimates. Thus, these standard errors may slightly overstate the standard errors applicable to the present design. Second, instead of computing an individual standard error for each estimate, generalized sets of standard errors are computed for various types of characteristics. This generalization yields more stable estimates of the standard errors. Consequently, the sets of standard errors provided give an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error of an estimate rather than the precise standard error.

Tables B and C show approximate standard errors for major employment status characteristics for monthly estimates and for changes for consecutive months. These standard errors are applicable to the level of the estimates in recent months.

Tables D through H provide generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for estimated totals, unemployment rates, and percentages. Table I contains factors for use with table H for computing standard errors, as described below, for monthly level and month-to-month change for percentages. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the table may be approximated by linear interpolation. The standard error for estimated changes from one month to the next is more closely related to the monthly level for the characteristic than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the generalized standard errors for month-tomonth change as given in the tables of standard errors, it is necessary to obtain the monthly estimate for the characteristic. It should be noted that the tables of standard errors for month-to-month change apply only to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. Estimates of change for nonconsecutive months are subject to higher standard errors. Table J contains factors for use with tables D, F, H, and I to compute approximate standard errors for levels, labor force participation rates, and percentages as pertaining to the yearto-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. Note that standard errors for changes in quarterly and yearly estimates apply only to consecutive quarters and years. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors must be adjusted due to the differences in the sample size. For years prior to 1956, the standard errors should be multiplied by 1.50, and for the 1956-66 period they should be multiplied by 1.22. Table K provides generalized standard

Table B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(in thousands)

	Standard	error of-
Employment status, sex, age, and race	Monthly level	Month-to- month change (consecutive months only
Total, 16 years and over:		
Civilian labor force .	275	212
Employed	293	224
Unemployed	136	140
Men, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	173	151
Employed	186	163
Unemployed	93	95
Women, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force .	211	155
Employed	212	160
Unemployed	83	87
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:		
Civilian labor force	88	94
Employed	92	102
Unemployed	59	66
Black, 16 years and over:	ļ	
Civilian labor force	94	73
Employed	104	79
Unemployed	68	71
Men, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	59	51
Employed	64	57
Unemployed	44	47
Women, 20 years and over:		1
Civilian labor force .	76	50
Employed	76	54
Unemployed	45	48
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:		1
Civilian labor force	36	40
Employed	33	38
Unemployed	30	33

errors for quarterly estimates of persons and families for use with the CPS earnings data.

Standard errors for estimated totals. Tables D and E provide generalized standard errors for monthly totals and for month-to-month change. The figures given in these tables are to be used for the characteristics as indicated.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month the number of persons working a specific number of hours was 12,000,000, an increase of 400,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the second column of table D shows that the standard error on an estimate of 12,000,000 is about 174,000. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 11,826,000 to 12,174,000. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Recall that the standard error of a month-to-month change is primarily dependent on the size of the monthly estimate. Thus, using linear interpolation in the first column of table E, the standard error on a month-to-month change of 400,000, when the monthly level is approximately 12,000,000, is about 129,000.

Standard errors for rates and percentages. The reliability of an estimated unemployment rate or an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the rate or percentage and the total upon which the rate or percentage is based. Estimated rates and percentages are relatively more

Table C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

	Standard	d error of-		Standard	error of-
Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Total (all civilian workers)	0.11	0.12	Occupation—Continued		
Men, 20 years and over	.15	.15	Precision production, craft, and repair	0.32	0.36
Women, 20 years and over.	.16	.17	Machine operators, assemblers, and	}	0.00
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years.	.67	.81	inspectors	.49	.55
White workers	.11	.12	Transportation and material moving	.59	.66
Black workers	.51	.54	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and	}	
Married men, spouse present	.15	.17	laborers	.72	.82
Married women, spouse present	.19	.21	Farming, forestry, and fishing.	.68	.76
Full-time workers .	.12	.12			}
Part-time workers	.34	.42	Industry		ļ
Unemployed 15 weeks and over	.06	.07	1		}
			Nonagricultural private wage and salary	ļ	1
		)	workers	.12	.13
Occupation	ţ		Mining	1.63	1.86
·	}		Construction	.65	.75
Executive, administrative, and managerial	.22	.24	Manufacturing	.26	.29
Professional specialty	.19	.21	Durable goods	.33	.37
Technicians and related support	.47	.52	Nondurable goods	.42	.47
Sales	.29	.33	Transportation, communications, and	}	
Administrative support, including clerical	23	.26	public utilities	.42	.48
Private household .	1.18	1.33	Wholesale and retail trade.	.27	.30
Protective service	.76	.85	Finance and services.	.20	.22
Service, except private household and	t	1	Government workers	.23	.25
protective.	39	.43	Agricultural wage and salary workers	1.16	1.32

reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerator of the rates or percentages; this is particularly true for percentages of 50 percent or more. As a general rule, percentages are not published when the monthly base is less than 75,000, the quarterly average base is less than 60,000, or the annual average base is less than 35,000.

Tables F and G show generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for unemployment rates. Generalized standard errors for estimated monthly percentages and estimated month-to-month change in percentage can be obtained through the use of the standard errors in table H and the factors in table I. First, obtain the standard error from table H for the specific percentage and base. The generalized standard error is then calculated by multiplying the standard error from table H by the appropriate factor from table I. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the factor indicated by the numerator of the percentage.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month 2.9 percent of a total of 112,440,000 employed persons are employed in agriculture. The standard error on an estimate of 2.9 percent with a base of 112,440,000 is obtained from table H (0.08 percent). The appropriate factor from table I for the numerator of the percentage, agricultural employment, is 1.26. The generalized standard error on the estimated 2.9 percent is then approximately  $0.08 \times 1.26 = 0.10$  percentage point.

Standard errors for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. The approximate standard errors of levels, rates, and percentages involving year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages may be obtained by using table J in conjunction with the other tables. Standard errors for estimates of change are more closely related to the level of the estimate than to the size of the specific change. Thus, to obtain the standard error of an estimate of an average level. rate, or percentage, or an estimate of a change in level, rate, or percentage, it is first necessary to find the appropriate estimate of level. For an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of this estimate. For an estimate of change in level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of the average of the two estimates affecting the change. Then, after computing the standard error by treating these estimates as monthly estimates and using the procedures above, multiply this result by a suitable factor from table J to obtain the approximate standard error for the average or change.

Illustration. Suppose that one is interested in the year-to-year change of a monthly unemployment rate. Assume that for a certain month the unemployment rate is 6.2 percent, based on a total of 119,865,000 in the civilian labor force, and that

Table D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly level

(in thousands)

				(	Characteristi	C <sup>1</sup>				
Estimated monthly level		Unemp	loyment	Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment						
	Agricultural employment	Total or white	Black	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white men only, or women only	Black men only, or women only	
6,000 . 8,000	15 21 47 66 93 131 159 182 202	11 16 36 51 72 101 123 141 156 188 213	12 17 38 53 73 97 110 116	12 17 37 52 74 104 126 145 161 193 219 259 286 306 319 326 327 314 274	12 17 37 51 70 92 104 109 108 74	12 17 36 50 68 86 92 88 72	12 16 32 35	11 15 34 49 68 95 115 132 145 172 191 215 225 222 206 172 107	10 14 31 43 58 73 76 69 47	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> When determining the standard error of an estimate for a group which is a subset of the age, sex, or race groups listed, use the standard error for the next larger group, e.g., when determining the standard error

of the estimated number of employed persons age 20 to 54 years, use the column for total employed.

(in thousands)

				Charac	eteristic <sup>1</sup>					
Estimated monthly level		Unempl	oyment		Labor force da	Labor force data other than unemployment and agricultural employment				
	Total or white Both sexes 16 to 19 years, or part-time labor force <sup>2</sup> Black		Black	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years		
50	13 18 40 56 78 108 129 144 157 177 184	14 20 45 63 89 124 150	13 19 41 57 76 95 99 89 58	14 20 38 41	9 12 27 39 55 77 93 107 119 143 163 192 213 228 238 244 245 237 212	9 12 27 38 52 68 78 82 81 59	14 20 43 59 80 100 104 94 .65	14 19 37 39 -		

See footnote 1, table D.

the labor force, persons who left their last job, and persons by duration of unemployment.

a year prior to this the unemployment rate was 7.0 percent, based on a total of 117,834,000 in the civilian labor force for the month. First, the standard error on the average of the two estimates, 6.6 percent with a base of 118,850,000, is obtained from table F (0.11 percentage point). The appropriate factor, then, from table J is 1.40. The approximate standard error on the change of 0.8 percent is then given by  $0.11 \times 1.40 = 0.15$  percentage point.

The approximate standard error of levels involving year-to-year change of quarterly estimates pertaining to CPS earnings data for persons and families may be obtained by using table K in conjunction with the following formula:

$$\sqrt{\begin{pmatrix} Stand-\\ ard\\ error\\ x \end{pmatrix}} + \begin{pmatrix} Stand-\\ ard\\ error\\ y \end{pmatrix} - 2(P) \begin{pmatrix} Stand-\\ ard\\ error\\ x \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} Stand-\\ ard\\ error\\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

X is the estimate for one quarter and Y is the estimate for another quarter. The coefficient, P, is a measure of the corre-

lation between the estimates X and Y resulting from the presence of some of the same respondents in the sample for each estimate. For consecutive year-to-year changes of quarterly estimates, the values of P are 0.30 for persons (total, white, and black) and 0.35 for families (total, white, and black). The respective values for estimates of Hispanics are 0.45 and 0.55.

Illustration. Assume that in a given quarter the number of women employed as full-time wage and salary workers was 27,000,000 and in the same quarter a year later, their number had increased to 29,000,000. Using linear interpolation in the eighth column of table K, the standard error of an estimate of 27,000,000 is 216,000; for 29,000,000 it is 221,000. Using the above formula, the standard error of the 2,000,000 year-to-year change is:

$$(216,000)^2$$
 +  $(221,000)^2$  -2(.30)  $(216,000)$   $(221,000)$ ,

or about 259,000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Part-time labor force for unemployment also includes persons reentering

Table F. Standard errors for unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)											
(in thousands)		2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50		
50	2.28	3.20	4.98	6.85	8.13	9.09	9.82	10.36	10.75	11.12		
100 .	. 1.61	2.26	3.52	4.84	5.75	6.43	6.94	7.33	7.60	7.87		
500	72	1.01	1.58	2.16	2.57	2.88	3.11	3.28	3.40	3.52		
1,000 .	51	.72	1.11	1.53	1.82	2.03	2.20	2.32	2.40	2.49		
2,000 .	36	.51	.79	1.08	1.29	1.44	1.55	1.64	1.70	1.76		
4,000 .	25	.36	.56	.77	.91	1.02	1.10	1.16	1.20	1.24		
6,000 .	. 1 .21	.29	.45	.62	.74	.83	.90	.95	.98	1.02		
10,000 .	. 16	.23	.35	.48	.58	.64	.69	.73	.76	.79		
20,000 .	. 11	.16	.25	.34	.41	.45	.49	.52	.54	.56		
60,000 .	07	.09	.14	.20	.24	.26	.28	.30	.31	.32		
100,000 .	05	.07	.11	.15	.18	.20	.22	.23	.24	.25		
120,000 .	.05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.20	.21	.22	.23		
140,000 .	04	.06	.09	.13	.15	.17	.19	.20	.21	.21		

Table G. Standard errors for month-to-month change in unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate		Monthly unemployment rate (percent)											
(in thousands)		2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50			
50	. 2.53	3.57	5.60	7.83	9.47	10.79	11.91	12.87	13.71	15.67			
100 .	. 1.79	2.52	3.96	5.53	6.69	7.63	8.42	9.10	9.69	11.08			
500	.80	1.13	1.77	2.47	2.99	3.41	3.76	4.06	4.33	4.94			
1,000 .	57	.80	1.25	1.75	2.11	2.41	2.65	2.87	3.05	3.48			
2,000 .	. \ .40	.56	.88	1.23	1.49	1.70	1.87	2.02	2.15	2.44			
4,000 .	28	.40	.63	.87	1.05	1.20	1.32	1.42	1.51	1.70			
6,000 .	. 23	.33	.51	.71	.86	.97	1.07	1.15	1.22	1.37			
10,000 .	18	.25	.39	.55	.66	.75	.82	.88	.93	1.03			
20,000	13	.18	.28	.38	.46	.51	.56	.60	.62	1			
60,000 .	07	.10	.16	.21	.24	.27	.28	-	} -				
100,000 .	06	.08	.12	.15	.17	.18	-	1	i	1			
120,000	05	.07	,11	.14	.15		1	1					
140,000	05	.07	.10	1			1	1					

Table H. Standard errors for estimated percentages and month-to-month change in percentages for labor force data

Monthly base of percentages				Pe	ercentage of	monthly le	vel	Percentage of monthly level												
(in thousands)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	20 or 80	25 or 75	30 or 70	35 or 65	50										
50	2.34	3.29	5.12	7.05	8.39	9.40	10.18	10.77	11.21	11.75										
100 .	1.65	2.33	3.62	4.99	5.94	6.65	7.20	7.62	7.93	8.31										
500	.74	1.04	1.62	2.23	2.65	2.97	3.22	3.41	3.55	3.72										
1,000 .	.52	.74	1.15	1.58	1.88	2.10	2.28	2.41	2.51	2.63										
2,000 .	.37	.52	.81	1.12	1.33	1.49	1.61	1.70	1.77	1.86										
4,000	.26	.37	.57	.79	.94	1.05	1.14	1.20	1.25	1.31										
6,000 .	.21	.30	.47	.64	.77	.86	.93	.98	1.02	1.07										
10,000	.17	.23	.36	.50	.59	.66	.72	.76	.79	.83										
20,000 .	.12	.16	.26	.35	.42	.47	.51	.54	.56	.59										
40,000 .	.08	.12	.18	.25	.30	.33	.36	.38	.40	.42										
60,000 .	.07	.10	.15	.20	.24	.27	.29	.31	.32	.34										
80,000	.06	.08	.13	.18	.21	.24	.25	.27	.28	.29										
100,000	.05	.07	.11	.16	.19	.21	.23	.24	.25	.26										
120,000 .	.05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.21	.22	.23	.24										
140,000	.04	.06	.10	.13	.16	.18	.19	.20	.21	.22										
160,000	.04	.06	.09	.12	.15	.17	.18	.19	.20	.21										

NOTE: The standard errors in this table must be multiplied by the factors in table I to obtain the approximate standard error for a specific characteristic.

Table I. Factors to be used with table H to compute approximate standard errors for percentages and month-to-month change in percentages

	Fa	ctor		Fa	ctor
Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change
Agricultural employment: Total or full-time labor force . Part-time labor force . Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment: Total	1.26 1.26	1.05 1.50	Unemployment: Part-time labor force, duration of unemployment, left last job, reentering labor force	1.01	1.21
Men only	93	.84	Total	.97	1.08
Women only	. 86	.75	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years .	.97	1.21
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years . Part-time labor force .	1.00	1.18	Black: Total	1.04 1.04	1.13 1.24

Table J. Factors to be used with tables D, F, H, and I to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and change in yearly averages

			Factor		
Characteristic	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages
Agricultural employment:					
Total or men	1.30 1.30 1.40	0.89 .83 .74	0.80 .80 .80	0.72 .58 .46	0.70 .70 .70
Total or white	1.30 1.30 1.40	.88 .82 .74	.88 .88 .88	.67 .57 .46	.70 .70 .60
Unemployment:					
Total Part time .	1.40	.76 .69	.88 .88	.50 .39	.65 .54

Table K. Standard errors for estimates of quarterly levels, to be used with CPS earnings data

(In thousands)

	Characteristic											
		Total			М	en		Wor	men			
Estimated quarterly level	Part time	Total or full-	time workers	Part-time	Total	or full-time wo	Total, ful part-time					
	Part-time workers	Total or white	Black	workers	Total	White	Black	Total or white	Black			
10 .	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5			
50	11	12	12	11	12	12	12	11	11			
75	13	15	15	13	15	15	15	13	13			
100 .	15	17	17	15	17	17	17	15	15			
150	19	21	21	19	21	21	21	19	19			
200	22	24	24	22	24	24	24	22	21			
250	24	27	27	24	27	27	27	24	24			
300	26	30	30	26	30	30	29	26	26			
500	34	38	38	34	38	38	37	34	33			
750	42	47	46	42	47	47	45	42	41			
1,000	48	54	53	48	54 66	54 66	50 59	48 59	46 56			
1,500	59	66 76	63 72	59 68	76	76	65	68	63			
2,000	68 76	85	72 79	75	76 84	84	69	75	69			
2.000	83	93	85	82	92	92	71	82	74			
5,000 .	107	119	100	105	117	116	64	105	85			
7,500	130	145	107	127	140	138	64	127	88			
10,000 .	149	165	102	144	157	155	04	145				
15.000	180	198	102	187	183	179		173				
20,000 .	205	224		192	199	193		195				
25,000 .	226	244		207	209	199		211				
30,000 .	224	261		219	212	198		224				
40,000 .	273	286		233	201	174		242				
50,000 .	296	301	1	-	160	100		249				
75,000	331	304	1		160			_				
100,000	343	255										

# Establishment Data (Tables B-1 through C-8)

#### COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment and hours and earnings in nonagricultural establishments, by industry and geographic location. Historical statistics are published in *Employment*, *Hours*, and *Earnings*, *United States*, 1909-84, and *Employment*, *Hours*, and *Earnings*, *States and Areas*, 1939-82 and their supplements.

### Federal-State cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements, responding establishments report employment, hours, and earnings data to State agencies. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the reported data to prepare State and area series and also send the reported data to the BLS (Washington Office) for use in preparing the national series. This avoids a duplicate reporting burden on establishments, and, together with the use of similar estimating techniques at the national and State levels, promotes increased comparability between estimates.

### Shuttle schedules

Form BLS 790—Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours is the name of the data collection schedule. The collection agency returns the schedule to the respondent each month so that the next month's data can be entered on the space allotted for that month. This "shuttle" procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures that have been reported for previous months.

Form BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the total number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments and, for most industries, employment, payroll, and hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month.

### **CONCEPTS**

#### Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the 134

industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation and for States and areas are classified in accordance with the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SICM), Office of Management and Budget. The BLS tabulates and estimates statistics which distinguish between private and public establishments, thus maintaining continuity with previously published statistics for the private and government sector.

### **Industry employment**

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency also are excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

Indexes of diffusion of changes in number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls. These indexes measure the percent of industries which posted increases in employment over the specified time span. The indexes are calculated from 185 seasonally adjusted employment series (two-digit non-manufacturing industries and three-digit manufacturing industries) covering all nonagricultural payroll employment in the private sector. A more detailed discussion of these indexes appears in "Introduction of Diffusion Indexes," in the December 1974 issue of Employment and Earnings.

### Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storing, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Construction workers include the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacation, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. "Fringe benefits" (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours cover the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours cover hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which included the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is differ-

ent from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1977. For basic industries, the hours aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hours aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, overtime premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as work stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours.

Average hourly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum wage payments. These series are compiled only for aircraft

(SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing. The same concepts and estimation methods apply to these series as apply to the average hourly earnings series described above; the one difference between the series is definitional. The payroll data used to calculate this series include lump-sum payments made to production workers in lieu of general wage rate increases; such payments are excluded from the definition of gross payrolls used to calculate the other average hourly earnings series.

For each sample establishment in SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 covered by a lump-sum agreement, the reported payroll data are adjusted to include a prorated portion of the lump-sum payment. Such payments are generally made once a year and cover the following 12-month period. In order to spread the payment across this time period, a prorated portion of the payment is added to the payroll each month. This prorated portion is adjusted by an exit rate to reduce the lump-sum amount to account for persons who received the payment but left before the payment allocation period expired.

Average hourly earnings excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime premium pay, are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Railroad hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Average weekly earnings. These estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as the proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-time trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Real earnings, or earnings in constant dollars, are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the establishment statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique, which is a form of ratio estimation; (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks; and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

### The "link relative" technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current-month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a "link relative." The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these link relatives. In addition, bias correction factors are applied to selected employment estimates each month. The size of the bias correction factors is determined from past benchmark comparisons. Beginning with data for April 1983, these factors are modified by changes in the sample link relatives for the most recent quarter. Other features of the general procedures are described in table L.

### Size and regional stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified production or non-supervisory worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings for aggregation into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods in table L, may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

#### Benchmark adjustments

Employment estimates are compared periodically with benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) for the various nonagricultural industries, and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1986 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary sources of benchmark information are employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations cover about 98 percent of employees on nonagricultural payrolls in the United States. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained

Table L. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size, or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)
	Month	ly data
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months.1	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees.	All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees. <sup>2</sup>	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.
Average weekly hours .	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. <sup>2</sup>	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours .	Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers. <sup>2</sup>	Average, weighted by production worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.
Average hourly earnings .	Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. <sup>2</sup>	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Average weekly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	Annual av	erage data
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers .	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Average weekly hours .	Annual total of aggregate hours (production or non- supervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or non- supervisory workers divided by annual sum of employ- ment for these workers.
Average weekly overtime hours	<ul> <li>Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employ- ment.</li> </ul>	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average hourly earnings .	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate hours.
Average weekly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

2 The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly

a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly earnings are modified by

from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commmission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates for the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necessary, the monthly series of estimates between benchmark periods are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment; the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level. A comparison of the actual amounts of revisions made at the time of the March 1987 benchmark adjustment is shown in table M.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are subject to revision. Revised data are published as soon as possible after each benchmark revision.

### THE SAMPLE

### Design

The sampling plan used in the establishment survey is known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This design is an optimum allocation design among strata since the sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in relatively few establishments, a larger percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments, with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is

Table M. Comparison of nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates for March 1987

Industry	Benchmark	Estimate	Percent differ- ence	
Total.		100,427	100,462	(1)
Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade		696 4,531 18,810 5,274 5,763 17,902	718 4,599 18,897 5,275 5,725 17,737	-3.2 -1.5 5 (1) .7
Finance, insurance, and real estate . Services Government .		6,443 23,754 17,254	6,478 23,723 17,310	5 .1 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Less than 0.05 percent.

in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments and also for a substantial number of the small ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to design samples for these industries with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than do establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS establishment survey program, with its emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after the reference period, and, at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail.

### Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table N shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Table N. Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1987<sup>1</sup>

	Number of estab-	Emp	oloyees
Industry	lishments in sample	Number reported	Percent of total
Total	246,256	37,530,000	37
Mining Construction . Manufacturing Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services	3,434 22,567 49,214 11,820 21,802 44,982 17,699 54,782	265,000 808,000 9,522,000 2,377,000 956,000 3,509,000 2,140,000 5,495,000	51 45
Government: Federal <sup>2</sup> State Local	(²) 4,795 15,161	2,916,000 3,298,000 6,244,000	100 81 61

Counts reflect reports used in final estimates. Since not all establishments report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates are based on a smaller sample than employment estimates.
 Total Federal employment counts for use in national estimates are provided

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Total Federal employment counts for use in national estimates are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 4,600 reports covering about 55 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

### Reliability

Although the relatively large size of the BLS establishment sample assures a high degree of accuracy, the estimates derived from it may differ from the figures that would be obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures. As discussed under the previous section, a link relative technique is used to estimate employment. This requires the use of the previous month's estimate as the base in computing the current month's estimate. Thus, small sampling and response errors may accumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the estimates are usually adjusted annually to new benchmarks. In addition to taking account of sampling and response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks). In fact, at the more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjustments. Another cause of differences arises from improvements in the quality of the benchmark data. Table O presents the average percent revisions of the five most recent benchmarks for major industry divisions. Detailed descriptions of individual benchmark revisions are available from the Bureau upon request.

The hours and earnings estimates for basic estimating cells are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. The hours and earnings estimates, however, are subject to sampling errors, which may be expressed as

Table O. Average benchmark revision in employment estimates and relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings by industry

		Average benchmark	Relative error <sup>2</sup>		
Industry	revision in estimates of employ- ment <sup>1</sup>		Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	
Total		0.2			
Total private . Mining Construction Manufacturing		.2 2.9 1.4 .8	0.1 1.0 .2 .1	0.2 1.3 .5 .2	

.8 .9 .8 .3

.8

.9 .3 .1

.2

.2

.2

.4

.6

.4

.4

4

.6

Transportation and public utilities

Finance, insurance, and real estate

relative errors of the estimate. (A relative error is a standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate.) Relative errors for major industries are presented in table O and for individual industries with the specified number of employees in table P. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the hours and earnings estimates from the sample would differ by a smaller percentage than the relative error from the averages that would have been obtained from a complete census.

One measure of the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-mean-square error (RMSE). The measure is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in estimates:

RMSE = 
$$\sqrt{\text{(standard deviation)}^2 + (bias)^2}$$

If the bias is small, the chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the sample would differ from its benchmark by less than the root-mean-square error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the root-mean-square error.

Approximations of the root-mean-square errors (based on the most recent benchmark revisions) of differences between final estimates and benchmarks are presented in table P.

For the two most recent months, estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary and are so footnoted in the tables. These figures are based on less than the total sample and are revised when all the reports in the sample have been received. Table Q presents root-mean-square errors of the amounts of revisions that may be expected between the preliminary and final levels of employment and preliminary and final month-to-month changes. Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings.

### STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, and earnings data are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with BLS. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas.

Table P. Root-mean-square errors of differences between benchmarks and estimates of employment and average relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings

Size of employment estimate	Root- mean- square error of employ- ment estimates <sup>1</sup>	Relative error² (in percent)  Average weekly hourly hours earnings	
100,000 . 200,000 . 500,000 .	2,100 3,900 5,600 14,000 15,000 26,000	2.2 1.3 1.1 .9 .8	4.0 2.3 2.0 1.6 1.2

<sup>·</sup> Assuming 12-month intervals between benchmark revisions.

(In percent)

Durable goods ... Nondurable goods

Wholesale trade

Retail trade

Services . . Government<sup>3</sup>

The average percent revision in employment for the 1983-87 benchmarks

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Estimates for government are based on a total count for Federal Government provided by the Office of Personnel Management and a sample of State and local government reports.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Relative errors relate to 1982 data

Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same

establishment reports used by BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification.

Table Q. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

	Root-mean-square error of			Root-mean-square error of—-	
Industry	Monthly level	Month-to-month change	Industry	Monthly level	Month-to-month change
Total	89,600	89,100	Nondurable goods—Continued		
Total private .	62,700	60,000	Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics	2,700 1,200	2,900 1,100
Goods-producing industries.	22.400	20.800	products	1,600 1,800	1,700 1,700
acous producing industries :	22,400	20,000	Edulier and loalier products :	1,000	1,700
Mining	4,700 4,000	4,400 3,400	Service-producing industries	86,300	85,700
on and gas on assess	.,,,,,	1	Transportation and public utilities	15,500	13,900
Construction	14,800	15,700	Transportation	17,800	17,300
General building contractors	5,000	5,200	Communication and public		1
			utilities	6,800	6,400
Manufacturing	19,200	19,300	<u> </u>		1
			Wholesale trade.	9,400	8,200
Durable goods	14,400	12,700	Durable goods	6,100	5,500
Lumber and wood products	2,300	2,100	Nondurable goods	5,400	4,600
Furniture and fixtures	1,700	1,700			
Stone, clay, and glass products	1,600	1,600	Retail trade	40,700	36,100
Primary metal industries	4,700	4,700	General merchandise stores	23,900	21,400
Blast furnaces and basic			Food stores	6,900	6,200
steel products	3,600	3,400	Automotive dealers and service	0.000	
Fabricated metal products	2,500	2,300	stations	3,300	3,200
Machinery, except electrical	6,000	7,300	Eating and drinking places	10,900	10,300
Electrical and electronic equipment	5,100 8,100	5,100 7,400	Finance, insurance, and real estate	8.400	7.500
Transportation equipment	7,000	7,400	Finance	4.000	3.900
Instruments and related products	2,000	2,200	Insurance	3.800	3,100
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1,900	1,800	Real estate	4,800	3,800
Nondurable goods	8,900	8,500	Services	34,700	31,700
Food and kindred products	5,600	5,700	Business services	11,000	10,500
Tobacco manufactures .	1,600	1,500	Health services.	10,300	10,100
Textile mill products	1,800	1,700			
Apparel and other textile			Government	62,800	54,500
products	4,700	4,100	Federal	16,900	11,700
Paper and allied products	1,600	1,400	State	22,600	20,600
Printing and publishing	2,200	2,100	Local .	34,900	32,400

NOTE: Data are based on differences from December 1982 through December 1987.

# Productivity Data (Tables C-9 through C-11)

#### COLLECTION

Productivity data are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from establishment data and from estimates of compensation and gross national product supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Federal Reserve Board.

### **CONCEPTS**

Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments refer to hours paid for all employees—production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers.

Output is the constant-dollar market value of final goods and services produced in a given period. Indexes of output per hour of all persons measure changes in the volume of goods and services produced per paid hour of labor input.

Compensation per hour includes wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. The data also include an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplementary payments for the self-employed, except for nonfinancial corporations, in which there are no self-employed.

Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour adjusted to eliminate the effect of changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Unit labor costs measure the labor compensation cost required to produce one unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation per hour by output per hour.

Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are com-

puted by subtracting compensation of all persons from the current-dollar gross national product and dividing by output. In these tables, unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

*Unit profits* include corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustments per unit of output.

The *implicit price deflator* is derived by dividing the current-dollar estimate of gross product by the constant-dollar estimate, making the deflator, in effect, a price index for gross product of the sector reported.

### NOTES ON THE DATA

For the business sector and the nonfarm business sector, these indexes relate to the gross domestic product less households and institutions, owner-occupied housing, and the statistical discrepancy. For the nonfinancial corporate sector, the indexes refer to the gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.

Manufacturing output data are supplied by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Federal Reserve Board. Quarterly measures have been adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to annual estimates of output (gross product originating) from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Compensation and hours data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Historical statistics for most productivity measures appear in *Trends in Multifactor Productivity*, 1948-81, BLS Bulletin 2178. Additional information may be obtained from the Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523-9261).

# State and Area Labor Force Data (D table)

### FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which are derived from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis of determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act and the Public Works and Economic Development Act.

Annual average data for the States and areas shown in table D are published in *Employment and Earnings* (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are

published in the BLS bulletin, Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment.

Labor force and unemployment estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The report "Employment and Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available on microfiche only on a subscription basis.

### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates in 11 large States: New York, California, Illinois, Ohio, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Texas, Massachusetts, North Carolina, and Florida are sufficiently reliable to be used directly from the CPS. For a description of the CPS concepts, see "Household Data," above.

Monthly labor force and unemployment estimates in the remaining 39 States, the District of Columbia, and over 2,600 labor market areas are prepared in several stages. The civilian labor force is the sum of the employment and unemployment levels, which are estimated in accordance with the BLS Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

- 1. Preliminary estimate—employment: The total civilian employment estimate is based on data from the survey of establishments which produces an estimate of payroll employment. This place-of-work estimate must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed for the several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships which existed at the time of the 1980 decennial census. These factors are applied to the payroll employment estimates for the current period to obtain adjusted employment estimates to which are added estimates for employment not covered by unemployment insurance (UI).
- 2. Preliminary estimate—unemployment: In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State UI laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation. This is referred to below as the UI-based estimate.

An estimate for those previously employed in covered industries is derived from a count of current employment insurance claimants, plus estimates of claimants whose benefits have been exhausted, those persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons (because they quit, were discharged for cause, etc., but would otherwise have been eligible), and persons who either filed claims late or not at all.

The estimate of those previously employed in industries not covered by UI is derived by applying to the employment estimate for each noncovered industry or class of worker subgroup in the State, the ratio of covered unemployment to covered employment weighted by factors reflecting national historical relationships.

For the third category, new entrants and reentrants into the labor force, a composite estimate is developed from equations that relate the total entrants into the labor force to the experienced unemployed and the experienced labor force. For each month, the estimate of entrants into the labor force is a function of: (a) the month of the year; (b) the level of the experienced unemployed; (c) the level of the experienced labor force; and (d) the proportion of the working age population that is considered "youth."

- 3. Monthly reconciliation with the CPS. Each month correction factors for employment and unemployment are applied at the State level to the UI-based estimates obtained above for each of the 39 States and the District of Columbia. These correction factors are based on the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based estimates for the 6-month period ending in the current month (e.g., a 6-month moving average). The adjustment is necessary because the State-prepared estimates are not as reliable as the CPS data due to differences in the State UI laws, the structural limitations of the UI-based estimating method, and errors in the UI data.
- 4. Substate adjustment for additivity. Independent estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State (obtained directly from the CPS in the 11 large States or by the UI-based method in the remaining States), and labor market areas (LMA's) within the State. The total of the geographic areas in the LMA's exhausts the geographic boundaries of the State. A proportional adjustment is applied to all substate LMA estimates to ensure that the sub-State estimates of employment and unemployment add to the independent State totals.
- 5. Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year, monthly estimates prepared by the State employment security agencies using UI-based estimating procedures are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLS to the annual average CPS estimates for the 39 States and the District of Columbia for which monthly CPS estimates are not used directly. This adjustment is made because the State-prepared monthly estimates are not as reliable as the CPS annual averages due to the limitations of the 6-month moving averge adjustment procedure. Revisions to the inputs used in the UI-based estimates are also made at the time of the annual benchmark.

The State wide benchmarked estimates are produced in three stages. First the monthly UI-based estimates are adjusted by the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based annual averages. Second, the difference between the ratio of annual averages for two consecutive years is wedged into the monthly estimates in order to minimize the disturbance to the original series. Finally, the third-stage estimates are forced into agreement with CPS annual averages. In the 11 States for which CPS estimates are used monthly, no benchmark correction is required, as the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal CPS annual averages.

### Seasonal Adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published regularly in Employment and Earnings.

The seasonal adjustment program used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving-average method. It provides for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in *The X-11 Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program*, Technical Paper No. 15, Bureau of the Census (1967).

Beginning in January 1980, BLS introduced two major modifications in the seasonal adjustment methodology for data from the household survey. First, the data are being seasonally adjusted with a procedure called X-11 ARIMA, which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the existing standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in *The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method*, by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983. The X-11 procedure was originally developed at the Bureau of the Census and had been used by the BLS to seasonally adjust labor force series since 1973. Tests have shown that use of the X-11 ARIMA procedure, which places more emphasis on recent data, provides better seasonal adjustments than does the X-11 method alone.

The second change is that seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the first 6 months of the year rather than for the entire year. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* a set of seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components-agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment—data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is the sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components, plus the resident Armed Forces total (not adjusted for seasonality), and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components; the total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components; and the overall unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

Revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment rate for the first 6 months of the following year, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment methodology are published in each January issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Revised seasonally adjusted data covering the revision period for a broader range of labor force series are published in the February issue of this publication.

Beginning in July 1980, the BLS also uses the X-11 ARIMA methodology in seasonally adjusting the establishment data, which previously had been computed using the BLS Seasonal Factor Method. All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors used in calculating the current year's estimates are based on actual data through March 1988 and projected data through March 1989. The ARIMA model options for projecting the data series for 1 year ahead have been used in seasonally adjusting the establishment series since June 1981.

Seasonal adjustment factors are directly applied to the component levels. Seasonally adjusted totals for most of these series are then obtained by taking a weighted average of the seasonally adjusted data for the component series. Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours.

Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production

or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1977 base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, wholesale trade, retail trade, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods industries, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1977 base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series, however.

Beginning in June 1983, seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjust-

ed data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. In earlier years the number of these workers was substantial, and at times varied greatly from year to year, based on administrative decisions of the Postal Service. Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the unadjusted data upon which the seasonal adjustment factors were based. In the past several years, the number of these workers has decreased to the point where their presence has no impact on seasonal adjustment. Temporary census takers for the 1980 decennial census are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment.

The revised seasonally adjusted series for the establishment data reflect experience through March 1988. Seasonal adjustment factors to be used for current adjustment appear in the June 1988 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

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