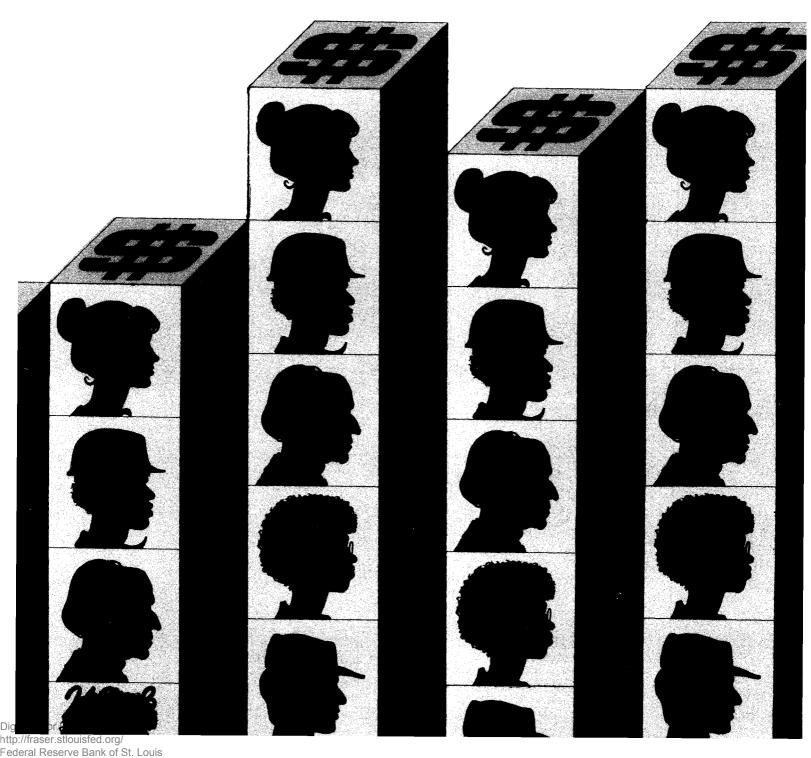




EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics July 1985





# **U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

William E. Brock, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS Janet L. Norwood, Commissioner

Employment and Earnings is prepared by the Division of Data Development and Users' Services and the Division of Monthly Industry Employment Statistics in collaboration with the Division of Special Publications. The data are collected by the Bureau of the Census (Department of Commerce) and State employment security agencies, in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics. A brief description of the cooperative statistical programs of the BLS with these agencies is presented in the Explanatory Notes. The State agencies are listed on the inside back cover.

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# Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in *Employment and Earnings* special features appear in most of the issues as shown below:

#### Household data

Annual averages Jan.
Union affiliation Jan.

Revised seasonally adjusted series Jan., Feb.

Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data, persons not in labor force, persons of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans, family relationship data Jan., Apr., July, Oct.

#### Establishment data

National annual averages:

Industry divisions (preliminary)

Jan.

Industry detail (final)

Mar.

Women employees (final) Mar.

National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and new seasonal factors

June<sup>1</sup>

Revised historical national data Supplement<sup>2</sup>

State and area annual averages May

Area definitions May

#### State and area labor force data

Annual averages May

<sup>1</sup> Issue varies. Latest revised data introduced June 1985.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Month of publication varies. The latest supplement was published in June 1985.

# **Employment and Earnings**

Vol. 32 No. 7 July 1985

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Rosalie K. Epstein

#### **Editors' note**

Because of problems associated with the calculation of medians, publication of earnings data which usually appear in tables A-71 through A-75 has been temporarily suspended.

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# **Employment and Unemployment Developments, June 1985**

Nonfarm payroll employment was about unchanged in June, and unemployment remained at the level that has prevailed since February. The overall unemployment rate was 7.2 percent and the civilian worker rate was 7.3 percent.

The number of nonagricultural wage and salary jobs—as measured by the survey of establishments,—totaled 97.5 million after seasonal adjustment, about the same as in the previous month. Civilian employment—as measured by the household survey—rose by less than seasonally expected and, after seasonal adjustment, declined by 590,000 to 106.4 million.

#### Unemployment

For the fifth month in a row, the level of unemployment totaled 8.4 million and the civilian worker unemployment rate was 7.3 percent. There were changes, however, among some labor force groups, most of which reversed movements that had occurred in the previous month. For example, the jobless rate for men 25 to 54 years rose, after declining the month before; conversely, the unemployment rate for youth 16 to 24 years of age, which had risen in May, dropped back in June. The unemployment rate for adult women was little changed over the month; it has held stable over the first half of the year. (See tables A-33 and A-38.)

The jobless rate for white workers rose to 6.5 percent, while the Hispanic rate held at 10.6 percent. The rate for black workers, which is often quite volatile, registered an unusually large decline to 14.0 percent. (See table A-34.)

Consistent with the decline in youth unemployment was a reduction in the unemployed who were new or reentrants to the labor force. In contrast, the number of unemployed job losers increased to 4.1 million in June, after falling in the previous month. These measures returned to the levels that prevailed earlier in the year. The median duration of unemployment inched up in June, after falling for several months. (See tables A-40 and A-41.)

Part-time employment for economic reasons declined in June on a seasonally adjusted basis, following an increase in May. This group includes both persons whose hours have been cut back due to slack work and those who have opted to work part time because they were unable to find full-time jobs. (See table A-35.)

#### Civilian employment and the labor force

Civilian employment and the labor force rose by less from May to June than in recent years, and, after seasonal adjustment, there was a decline of 590,000 in both series.

Adult men and teenagers registered employment declines on a seasonally adjusted basis. The overall employment-population ratio, which had reached a record high of 60.3 percent in March, dropped back to 59.7 percent in June, about the same level as during the last half of 1984.

The over-the-month decline in the labor force was concentrated among teenagers. Labor force participation among teenagers this June was more than 2 percentage points below the level of a year ago. The labor force grew by 1.2 million over the year, with increases among adult men and women. (See table A-33.)

#### Discouraged workers

The number of discouraged workers—those who want to work but are not looking for jobs because they feel they cannot find work—edged down to 1.1 million in the second quarter, the lowest level in nearly 4 years. Seven out of 10 discouraged workers cited job market factors, while the rest listed personal factors, as their reasons for being discouraged. (See table A-53.)

#### **Industry payroll employment**

Total nonagricultural payroll employment was virtually unchanged in June at 97.5 million, after seasonal adjustment. Job growth continued in the service-producing sector, though at a slower pace, and there was a further decline in manufacturing. Job expansion occurred in slightly less than half of the industries in the BLS index of diffusion. (See tables B-4 and B-7.)

The services industry again showed employment growth, gaining 85,000 jobs in June. At 21.9 million, employment in services was 1.2 million higher than a year earlier and has risen at a rapid pace throughout the recovery. Moderate increases in employment took place in wholesale trade and in finance, insurance, and real estate.

Manufacturing employment fell by 45,000 in June, bringing the decrease since the end of last year to 220,000. The largest over-the-month declines were in electrical and electronic equipment (20,000) and

machinery (15,000), both of which have been losing jobs in recent months after showing strong gains earlier in the recovery period. The number of construction jobs was about unchanged in June, following steady growth which continued into 1985, adding close to 200,000 jobs in the first 5 months of the year.

#### Weekly hours

The average workweek of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls edged up a tenth of an hour in June, seasonally adjusted. Both weekly hours in manufacturing and factory overtime also increased a tenth of an hour. (See table C-5.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls rose 0.3 percent in June to 116.5 (1977 = 100). The manufacturing index was unchanged at 93.5 and has declined by 2.1 percent since December. (See table C-6.)

#### Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly earnings increased by 0.2 percent in June and average weekly earnings increased by 0.5 percent, seasonally adjusted. Prior to seasonal adjustment, average hourly earnings rose by one cent to \$8.55, and average weekly earnings were up \$2.92 to \$302.67. Over the past year, hourly earnings have risen by 25 cents and weekly earnings by \$8.02. (See tables C-1 and C-7.)

#### The Hourly Earnings Index

The Hourly Earnings Index (HEI) was 165.4 (1977 = 100) in June, seasonally adjusted, an increase of 0.3 percent from May. For the 12 months ended in June, the increase (before seasonal adjustment) was 3.1 percent. The HEI excludes the effects of two types of changes unrelated to underlying wage rate movements—fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts. In dollars of constant purchasing power, the HEI decreased 0.9 percent during the 12-month period ended in May. (See table C-7.)

# New Seasonal Adjustment Factors for Household Data Series

\*Robert J. McIntire

Semiannually, the Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes the factors to be used during the following 6 months for seasonal adjustment of the major labor force series. Table 1 presents these seasonal adjustment factors for the 12 major labor force components for July-December 1985. The factors which were used for these components during the first 6 months of 1985 were published in the January 1985 issue of Employment and Earnings. The 12 seasonally adjusted series which result from the application of these factors are used in the computation of the seasonally adjusted figures for the national unemployment level and for the overall and civilian employment and labor force levels and unemployment rates. The overall measures include the resident Armed Forces in the employed segment of the labor force, but seasonal factors are not calculated for the resident Armed Forces data since they are considered to have no seasonal component.

The new seasonal factors have been extrapolated using the X-11 ARIMA program with data through June 1985 for each series. The ARIMA models used were the same as those used at the beginning of the year for the extrapolation of the factors for January through June; they were identified in the January issue of this publication. The historical seasonally adjusted data, including the first 6 months of 1985, will not be revised until the beginning of 1986. More detailed information on the adjustment method, the procedures for aggregation, and the revision of historical data is included in the January 1985 issue in the article entitled "Revision of Seasonally Adjusted Labor Force Series."

Data for any of the several hundred seasonally adjusted labor force series and the July-December 1985 factors for any of the other independently adjusted series (there are about 175 in addition to the 12 major components) may be obtained from BLS upon request. Requests for data or inquiries concerning seasonal adjustment methodology or the availability of machine-readable files of labor force data should be addressed to the Division of Data Development and Users' Services, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, D.C. 20212.

Table 1. Current seasonal adjustment factors for the 12 major civilian labor force components, July-December 1985

Procedure and series	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov	Dec.
Multiplicative Adjustment (Divide factor into original value)						
Agricultural employment: Men, 20 years and over Women, 20 years and over Men, 16 to 19 years Women, 16 to 19 years	1.103 1.208 1.698 2.205	1.085 1.141 1.490 1.709	1.062 1.105 1.027 1.050	1.049 1.017 .878 .835	1.002 .928 .803 .777	0.923 .864 .662 .549
Nonagricultural employment: Men, 20 years and over Women, 20 years and over .	1.010 .985	1.011 .986	1.006 1.003	1.006 1.010	1.003 1.013	.999 1.010
Unemployment:  Men, 20 years and over  Women, 20 years and over	.948 1.036	.929 1.052	.908 1.026	.908 1.017	.953 .972	1.015 .943
Additive Adjustment (Subtract factor from original value)						
Nonagricultural employment: Men, 16 to 19 years Women, 16 to 19 years	838 679	559 489	-176 -159	-168 -125	-191 -102	~167 ~26
Unemployment: Men, 16 to 19 years	156 158	-41 55	-63 23	-62 -27	-23 -44	-14 -120

<sup>\*</sup>Robert J. McIntire is an economist and Chief of the Data Services Group in the Division of Data Development and Users' Services, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

# HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

#### A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

						Labor	force				
Year	Noninsti-					Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not in
and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilia	า		Percent	labor force
monut	population	Number	population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	of labor force	10100
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A	nnual ave	rages		<u></u>		
1951	106.764	64,160	60.1	62,104	2,143	59,961	6,726	53,235	2,055	3.2	42,604
1952	107,617	64,524	60.0	62,636	2,386	60,250	6,500	53,749	1,883	2.9	43,093
1953¹	109,287	65,246	59.7	63,410	2,231	61,179	6,260	54,919	1,834	2.8	44,041
1954	110,463	65,785	59.6	62,251	2,142	60,109	6,205	53,904	3,532	5.4	44,678
1955	111,747	67,087	60.0	64,234	2,064	62,170	6,450	55,722	2,852	4.3	44,660
1956	112,919	68,517	60.7	65,764	1,965	63,799	6,283	57,514	2,750	4.0	44,402
1957	114,213	68,877	60.3	66,019	1,948	64,071	5,947	58,123	2,859	4.2	45,336
1958	115,574	69,486	60.1	64,883	1,847	63,036	5,586	57,450	4,602	6.6	46,088
1959	117,117	70,157	59.9	66,418	1,788	64,630	5,565	59,065	3,740	5.3	46,960
19601	119,106	71,489	60.0	67,639	1,861	65,778	5,458	60,318	3,852	5.4	47,617
1961	120,671	72,359	60.0	67,646	1,900	65,746	5,200	60,546	4,714	6.5	48,312
1962¹	122,214	72,675	59.5	68,763	2,061	66,702	4,944	61,759	3,911	5.4	49,539
1963	124,422	73,839	59.3	69,768	2,006	67,762	4,687	63,076	4,070	5.5	50,583
1964	126,503	75,109	59.4	71,323	2,018	69,305	4,523	64,782	3,786	5.0	51,394
1965	128,459	76,401	59.5	73,034	1,946	71,088	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.4	52,058
1966	130,180	77,892	59.8	75,017	2,122	72,895	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.7	52,288
1967	132,092	79,565	60.2	76,590	2,218	74,372	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.7	52,527
1968	134,281	80,990	60.3	78,173	2,253	75,920	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.5	53,291
1969	136,573	82,972	60.8	80,140	2,238	77,902	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.4	53,602
1970	139,203	84,889	61.0	80,796	2,118	78,678	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.8	54,315
1971	142,189	86,355	60.7	81,340	1,973	79,367	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.8	55,834
1972 <sup>1</sup>	145,939	88,847	60.9	83,966	1,813	82,153	3,484	78,669	4,882	5.5	57,091
1974	148,870 151,841	91,203	61.3	86,838	1,774	85,064	3,470	81,594	4,365 5,156	4.8 5.5	57,667 58,171
1975	151,841	93,670 95,453	61.7 61.6	88,515 87,524	1,721 1,678	86,794 85,846	3,515 3,408	83,279 82,438	7,929	8.3	59,377
1976		97,826	62.0	90,420	1,668	88,752	3,331	85,421	7,406	7.6	59,991
1977		100,665	62.6	93,673	1,656	92,017	3,283	88,734	6,991	6.9	60,025
1978¹	163,541	103,882	63.5	97,679	1,631	96,048	3,387	92,661	6,202	6.0	59,659
1979	166,460	106,559	64.0	100,421	1,597	98,824	3,347	95,477	6,137	5.8	59,900
1980	169,349	108,544	64.1	100,907	1,604	99,303	3,364	95,938	7,637	7.0	60,806
1981	171,775	110,315	64.2	102,042	1,645	100,397	3,368	97,030	8,273	7.5	61,460
1982	173,939	111,872	64.3	101,194	1,668	99,526	3,401	96,125	10,678	9.5	62,067
1983	175,891	113,226	64.4	102,510	1,676	100,834	3,383	97,450	10,717	9.5	62,665
1984	178,080	115,241	64.7	106,702	1,697	105,005	3,321	101,685	8,539	7.4	62,839
					Monthly d	ata, seasc	onally adjuste	ed²		<del></del>	
1984:									-		
June	177,974	115,309	64.8	107,081	1,690	105,391	3,368	102,023	8,228	7.1	62,665
July		115,566	64.9	107,075	1,698	105,377	3,333	102,044	8,491	7.3	62,572
August		115,341	64.7	106,860	1,712	105,148	3,264	101,884	8,481	7.4	62,954
September	178,483	115,484	64.7	107,114	1,720	105,394	3,319	102,075	8,370	7.2	62,999
October		115,721	64.8	107,354	1,705	105,649	3,169	102,480	8,367	7.2	62,940
November		115,773	64.7	107,631	1,699	105,932	3,334	102,598	8,142	7.0	63,061
December	179,004	116,162	64.9	107,971	1,698	106,273	3,385	102,888	8,191	7.1	62,842
1985:											
January		116,572		108,088	1,697	106,391	3,320	103,071	8,484	7.3	62,509
February		116,787	65.2	108,388	1,703	106,685	3,340	103,345	8,399	7.2	62,432
March		117,215		108,820	1,701	107,119	3,362	103,757	8,396	7.2	62,153
April		117,073		108,647	1,702	106,945	3,428	103,517	8,426	7.2	62,428
May		117,078		108,665		106,960	3,312	103,648	8,413		62,571
June	179,798	116,485	64.8	108,072	1,702	106,370	3,138	103,232	8,413	7.2	63,313

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes

NOTE: Revisions of seasonally adjusted monthly and quarterly data (shown in tables A-1 through A-3 and A-32 through A-53 of this publication) for the most recent 5-year period are made at the beginning of each calendar year.

Explanatory Notes.

<sup>2</sup> The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

# A-2. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1974 to date

						Labor			<del></del>		
Say year	Noninsti-					Empl	loyed		Unem	ployed	Not i
Sex, year, and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilian			Percent of	labor force
			population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force	
						Annual ave	rages				_
MEN	70 400	57.007	70.0	54.000	4.050	50.004	0040	F0.40F	0.744	4.7	45.00
974	72,466	57,397	79.2	54,682	1,658	53,024	2,919	50,105	2,714	4.7	15,06
975	73,891	57,899	78.4	53,457	1,600	51,857	2,824	49,032	4,442	7.7	15,99
976	75,341	58,756	78.0	54,720	1,582	53,138	2,744	50,394	4,036	6.9	16,50
977	76,756	59,959	78.1	56,291	1,563	54,728	2,671	52,057	3,667	6.1	16,79
978¹	78,107	61,151	78.3	58,010	1,531	56,479	2,718	53,761	3,142	5.1	16,9
979	79,509	62,215	78.2	59,096	1,489	57,607	2,686	54,921	3,120	5.0	17,2
980	80,877	62,932	77.8	58,665	1,479	57,186	2,709	54,477	4,267	6.8	17,9
981	82,023	63,486	77.4	58,909	1,512	57,397	2,700	54,697	4,577	7.2	18,5
982	83,052	63,979	77.0	57,800	1,529	56,271	2,736	53,534	6,179	9.7	19,0
983	84,064	64,580	76.8	58,320	1,533	56,787	2,704	54,083	6,260	9.7	19,48
984	85,156	65,386	76.8	60,642	1,551	59,091	2,668	56,423	4,744	7.3	19,7
		.l	L		Monthly o	lata, seasor	nally adjusted <sup>2</sup>				
984:											
June	85,101	65,348	76.8	60,758	1,545	59,213	2,691	56,522	4,590	7.0	19,7
July	85,179	65,412	76.8	60,687	1,545	59,213 59,136	2,690	56,446	4,725	7.0	19,7
August	85,257	65,357	76.7	60,766	1,563	59,203	2,636	56,567	4,723	7.0	19,9
September	85,352	65,589	76.8	60,959	1,571	59,388	2,669	56,719	4,630	7.1	19.7
October	85,439	65,558	76.7	61,018	1,557	59,461	2,551	56,910	4,540	6.9	19.8
November	85,523	65,657	76.8	61,155	1,552	59,603	2,701	56,902	4,502	6.9	19,8
December	85,607	65,814	76.9	61,252	1,552	59,702	2,701	56,955	4,562	6.9	19,7
985:											
January	85,629	65,822	76.9	61,213	1,549	59,664	2,683	56,981	4,609	7.0	19,80
February	85,692	65,818	76.8	61,226	1,554	59,672	2,674	56,998	4,592	7.0	19,8
March	85,764	65,923	76.9	61,427	1,553	59,874	2,644	57,231	4,495	6.8	19,8
April	85,827	65,986	76.9	61,405	1,553	59,852	2,703	57,149	4,582	6.9	19,84
May	85,898	66,032	76.9	61,553	1,556	59,997	2,669	57,328	4,479	6.8	19,80
June	85,970	65,608	76.3	60,959	1,552	59,407	2,529	56,878	4,649	7.1	20,36
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	l			Annual aver	rages				
WOMEN	70.075	00.074	45.7	00.000		22.700	500	00.470	0.444	6.7	40.10
974	79,375	36,274	45.7	33,832	63	33,769	596	33,173	2,441	6.7	43,10
975	80,938	37,553	46.4	34,067	78	33,989	584	33,404	3,486	9.3	43,3
976	82,476	39,069	47.4	35,701	86	35,615	588	35,027	3,369	8.6	43,40
977	83,932	40,705	48.5	37,381	92	37,289	612	36,677	3,324	8.2	43,2
9781	85,434	42,731	50.0	39,669	100	39,569	669	38,900	3,061	7.2	42,7
979	86,951	44,343	51.0	41,325	108	41,217	661	40,556	3,018	6.8	42,6
980	88,472	45,611	51.6	42,241	124	42,117	656	41,461	3,370	7.4	42,8
981	89,751	46,829	52.2	43,133	133	43,000	667	42,333	3,696	7.9	42,9
982	90,887	47,894	52.7	43,395	139	43,256	665	42,591	4,499	9.4	42,9
983	91,827	48,646	53.0	44,190	143	44,047	680	43,367	4,457	9.2	43,1
984	92,924	49,855	53.7	46,061	146	45,915	653	45,262	3,794	7.6	43,0
					Monthly o	lata, seasor	nally adjusted <sup>2</sup>		.h		
984:		1			ļ		<b>[</b>				
June	92,873	49,961	53.8	46,323	145	46,178	677	45,501	3,638	7.3	42,9
July	92,958	50,154	54.0	46,388	147	46,241	643	45,598	3,766	7.5	42,8
August	93,039	49,984	53.7	46,094	149	45,945	628	45,317	3,890	7.8	43,0
September	93,132	49,895	53.6	46,155	149	46,006	650	45,356	3,740	7.5	43,2
October	93,222	50,163	53.8	46,336	148	46,188	618	45,570	3,827	7.6	43,0
November	93,311 93,397	50,116 50,348	53.7 53.9	46,476 46,719	147 148	46,329 46,571	633 638	45,696 45,933	3,640 3,629	7.3 7.2	43,1 43,0
985:	1		- 3.0			1 - 1					,•
January	93,452	50,750	54.3	46,875	148	46,727	637	46,090	3,875	7.6	42,7
February	93,527	50,970	54.5	47,162	149	47,013	666	46,347	3,807	7.5	42,5
March	93,603	51,293	54.8	47,102	148	47,013	718	46,526	3,900	7.6	42,3
April	93,674	51,086	54.5	47,242	149	47,244	725	46,368	3,844	7.5	42,5
	93,751	51,047	54.5 54.4	47,242	149	46,964	644	46,320	3,934	7.7	42,7
	30,731	01,077	, 54.4	71,113	150	46,963	608	46,355	3,764	7.4	42,9
May											

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

#### A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951 to date

Year	Civilian		Civilian ta	bor force		Un	employment rat	es
and month	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Unemployed	Total	Men	Women
			1	Annuai	averages			
951	104,621	62,017	59.2	59,961	2,055	3.3	2.8	4.4
952		62,138	59.0	60,250	1,883	3.0	2.8	3.6
953¹		63,015	58.9	61,179	1,834	2.9	2.8	3.3
954		63,643	58.8	60,109	3,532	5.5	5.3	6.0
955	109,683	65,023	59.3	62,170	2,852	4.4	4.2	4.9
956	110,954	66,552	60.0	63,799	2,750	4.1	3.8	4.8
957		66,929	59.6	64,071	2,859	4.3	4.1	4.7
958		67,639	59.5	63,036	4,602	6.8	6.8	6.8
959	115,329	68,369	59.3	64,630	3,740	5.5	5.2	5.9
960¹	117,245	69,628	59.4	65,778	3,852	5.5	5.4	5.9
961	118,771	70,459	59.3	65,746	4,714	6.7	6.4	7.2
962¹	120,153	70,614	58.8	66,702	3,911	5.5	5.2	6.2
963		71,833	58.7	67,762	4,070	5.7	5.2	6.5
964		73,091	58.7	69,305	3,786	5.2	4.6	6.2
965		74,455	58.9	71,088	3,366	4.5	4.0	5.5
966		75,770	59.2	72,895	2,875	3.8	3.2	4.8
967	129,874	77,347	59.6	74,372	2,975	3.8	3.1	5.2
968		78,737	59.6	75,920	2,817	3.6	2.9	4.8
969	134,335	80,734	60.1	77,902	2,832	3.5	2.8	4.7
970	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	4,093	4.9	4.4	5.9
971	140,216	84,382	60.2	79,367	5,016	5.9	5.3	6.9
972¹	144,126	87,034	60.4	82,153	4,882	5.6	5.0	6.6
973¹	147,096	89,429	60.8	85,064	4,365	4.9	4.2	6.0
974	150,120	91,949	61.3	86,794	5,156	5.6	4.9	6.7
975	153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	7,929	8.5	7.9	9.3
976	156,150	96,158	61.6	88,752	7,406	7.7	7.1	8.6
977	159,033	99,009	62.3	92,017	6,991	7.1	6.3	8.2
9781	161,910	102,251	63.2	96,048	6,202	6.1	5.3	7.2
979		104,962	63.7	98,824	6,137	5.8	5.1	6.8
980	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	7,637	7.1	6.9	7.4
981	170,130	108,670	63.9	100,397	8,273	7.6	7.4	7.9
982	. 172,271	110,204	64.0	99,526	10,678	9.7	9.9	9.4
983	174,215	111,550	64.0	100,834	10,717	9.6	9.9	9.2
984	176,383	113,544	64.4	105,005	8,539	7.5	7.4	7.6
			Me	onthly data, se	easonally adjusts	d <sup>2</sup>		
1984:								
June	. 176,284	113,619	64.5	105,391	8,228	7.2	7.2	7.3
July		113,868	64.5	105,377	8,491	7.5	7.4	7.5
August		113,629	64.3	105,148	8,481	7.5	7.2	7.8
September		113,764	64.4	105,394	8,370	7.4	7.2	7.5
October		114,016	64.4	105,649	8,367	7.3	7.1	7.7
November		114,074	64.4	105,932	8,142	7.1	7.0	7.3
December		114,464	64.6	106,273	8,191	7.2	7.1	7.2
1985:								
January	. 177,384	114,875	64.8	106,391	8,484	7.4	7.2	7.7
February		115,084	64.8	106,685	8,399	7.3	7.1	7.5
March	. 177,667	115,514	65.0	107,119	8,396	7.3	7.0	7.6
April		115,371	64.9	106,945	8,426	7.3	7.1	7.5
May	. 177,944	115,373	64.8	106,960	8,413	7.3	6.9	7.7
June	. 178,096	114,783	64.5	106,370	8,413	7.3	7.3	7.4

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the

Explanatory Notes.

<sup>2</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

# A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

		•			June	1985 					
			Civi	lian labor force				Not	in labor for	ce	,
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-		Percent	[	Unem	oloyed			Going	Unable	
	tutional population	Total	of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	to school	to work	Other reasons
TOTAL											
6 years and over	178,096	116,572	65.5	107,819	8,753	7.5	61,524	31,077	4,172	2,518	23,75
16 to 19 years		9,041	62.4	7,144	1,898	21.0	5,442	694	2,488	26	2,23
16 to 17 years	7,207	3,792	52.6	2,811	981	25.9	3,415	253	1,690	11	1,46
18 to 19 years		5,249	72.1	4,333	917	17.5	2,027	441	798	15	1,00
20 to 24 years		16,233	80.6 81.0	14,389 72,061	1,844 4,393	11.4 5.7	3,912 17,928	1,855 13,237	973 690	83 805	3.19
25 to 54 years		76,454 33,397	82.1	31,112	2,285	6.8	7,279	5,424	493	196	1,16
25 to 29 years		17,215	82.1	15,976	1,239	7.2	3,744	2,670	319	94	66
30 to 34 years		16,181	82.1	15,137	1,045	6.5	3,535	2,754	174	101	50
35 to 44 years	31,299	25,857	82.6	24,489	1,368	5.3	5,442	4,121	141	257	92
35 to 39 years		14,230	82.6	13,415	815	5.7	3,008	2,310	94	123	47
40 to 44 years		11,628 17,200	82.7 76.8	11,073 16,460	553 741	4.8 4.3	2,435 5,206	1,807 3,693	46 55	134 352	1,10
45 to 54 years45 to 49 years		9,183	76.8 79.6	8,755	428	4.3	2,359	1,745	30	144	44
50 to 54 years		8,017	73.8	7,704	313	3.9	2,846	1,947	26	209	66
55 to 64 years		11,977	54.1	11,448	530	4.4	10,173	5,414	13	648	4,09
55 to 59 years	11,293	7,182	63.6	6,858	324	4.5	4,111	2,471	13	316	1,31
60 to 64 years		4,795	44.2	4,589	206	4.3	6,062	2,943		332	2,78
65 years and over		2,866	10.6 18.4	2,778 1,659	88 59	3.1 3.4	24,069 7,603	9,877 3,228	8 8	956 224	13,22
65 to 69 years		1,718 1,149	6.5	1,119	30	2.6	16,467	6,649	1	731	9,08
Men	,,,,,,,,,,	1,,		1 .,,,,,		]	,	-,			
	84.410	SE ENE	77.6	60,816	4,709	7.2	18.893	445	1,979	1,436	15,03
6 years and over 16 to 19 years		65,525 4,869	77.6 66.9	3,868	1,001	20.6	2,414	445	1,193	20	1,16
16 to 17 years		2,080	56.4	1,532	548	26.4	1,605	22	831	7	74
18 to 19 years		2,788	77.5	2,336	453	16.2	809	18	362	14	41
20 to 24 years		8,662	88.6	7,673	989	11.4	1,113	34	476	60	54
25 to 54 years		43,157	94.0	40,807	2,350	5.4	2,757	149 38	303 241	585 138	1,72
25 to 34 years		18,843 9,616	94.9 94.1	17,630 8,969	1,213 647	6.4 6.7	1,018 603	15	171	69	34
30 to 34 years		9,227	95.7	8,662	566	6.1	415	24	70	69	25
35 to 44 years		14,454	95.0	13,726	728	5.0	756	60	39	185	47
35 to 39 years		7,981	95.3	7,549	432	5.4	395	28	24	86	25
40 to 44 years		6,474	94.7	6,177	296	4.6	361	32 51	15 23	99	64
45 to 54 years45 to 49 years		9,860 5,222	90.9 93.3	9,451 4,984	410 238	4.2 4.5	982 378	21	12	261 103	24
50 to 54 years		4,638	88.5	4,466	172	3.7	604	30	11	159	40
55 to 64 years		7,121	68.5	6,804	317	4.5	3,277	62	4	397	2,81
55 to 59 years		4,270	79.9	4,081	189	4.4	1,077	32	3	205	83
60 to 64 years		2,851	56.4	2,723	128	4.5	2,200	30	1	192	1,97
65 years and over		1,716	15.5	1,665 980	51 31	3.0 3.1	9,331 3,164	159 49	3 4	374 122	8,79 2,98
65 to 69 years 70 years and over		1,012 705	24.2 10.3	685	20	2.8	6,168	110	7	251	5,80
Women					•	}			ļ		İ
6 years and over	93.678	51.047	54.5	47,003	4.044	7.9	42,631	30,633	2,193	1,082	8,72
16 to 19 years	,	4,173	58.0	3,276	897	21.5	3,028	654	1,295	6	1,07
16 to 17 years		1,712	48.6	1,279	433	25.3	1,810	231	859	5	7
18 to 19 years		2,461	66.9	1,997	464	18.9	1,218	423	436	1	3
20 to 24 years		7,572	73.0	6,717	855	11.3	2,798	1,821	497	23	1,4
25 to 54 years		33,297 14,554	68.7 69.9	31,254 13,482	2,043 1,072	6.1 7.4	15,171 6,261	13,088 5,385	387 253	220 57	56
25 to 29 years		7,599	70.8	7,007	592	7.8	3,141	2,655	148	25	3
30 to 34 years		6,954	69.0	6,475	479	6.9	3,120	2,730	104	32	2
35 to 44 years	16,089	11,403	70.9	10,763	640	5.6	4,686	4,061	102	72	4:
35 to 39 years		6,249	70.5	5,866	383	6.1	2,613	2,286	70	37	2
40 to 44 years		5,154	71.3	4,896	257 331	5.0 4.5	2,074	1,775 3,641	31 33	35 91	2:
45 to 54 years		7,340 3,961	63.5 66.7	7,009 3,771	190	4.5	4,224 1,981	1,724	18	41	1
50 to 54 years		3,379	60.1	3,238	141	4.8	2,242	1,724	15	50	2
55 to 64 years		4,857	41.3	4,644	213	4.4	6,896	5,352	9	251	1,2
55 to 59 years		2,912	49.0	2,777	135	4.6	3,034	2,438	10	111	4
60 to 64 years	5,806	1,944	33.5	1,867	78	4.0	3,861	2,914	_	140	80
65 years and over		1,150	7.2	1,113	37	3.2	14,738	9,718	5	582	4,4
65 to 69 years		706	13.7	679	28	3.9 2.2	4,439 10,299	3,179 6,539	1 1	102 480	1,15 3,2
70 years and over	10,742	444	4.1	434	10	2.2	10,299	0,559	1	-00	1 3,21

# A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

					June	1985					
			Civi	ian labor force				Not	in labor for	ce	
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-				Unemp	oloyed				·	
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
WHITE											
16 years and over	153,597	100,833	65.6	94,261	6,573	6.5	52,764	27,285	2,992	1,967	20,519
16 to 19 years	11,889	7,804	65.6	6,425	1,379	17.7	4,085	524	1,810	1,367	1,734
16 to 17 years		3,299	55.9	2,559	740	22.4	2,607	194	1,241	3	1,169
18 to 19 years	5,983	4,505	75.3	3,866	639	14.2	1,478	330	569	15	565
20 to 24 years		13,911	82.3	12,581	1,330	9.6	2,989	1,478	696	53	762
25 to 54 years		65,873 28,501	81.5 82.8	62,517 26,807	3,355 1,693	5.1 5.9	14,997 5,928	11,425 4,587	470 333	615 161	2,486 846
25 to 29 years		14,628	82.8	13,720	908	6.2	3,035	2,268	216	82	470
30 to 34 years		13,872	82.7	13,087	785	5.7	2,893	2,319	117	80	375
35 to 44 years		22,401	82.8	21,318	1,084	4.8	4,651	3,621	95	200	735
35 to 39 years		12,271	82.6	11,634	637	7.9	2,579	2,046	66	109	378
40 to 44 years	12,202	10,130	83.0	9,683	447	4.4	2,072	1,597	30	92	357
45 to 54 years		14,970	77.2	14,392	578	3.9	4,418	3,217	42	255	905
45 to 49 years50 to 54 years	9,962 9,426	7,948 7,022	79.8 74.5	7,624 6,768	324 254	4.1 4.6	2,014 2,404	1,527 1,731	21 20	110 145	364 541
55 to 64 years	19,633	10,687	54.4	10,252	435	4.1	8,946	4,844	10	517	3.574
55 to 59 years	9,927	6,384	64.3	6,118	266	4.2	3,543	2,185	9	249	1,101
60 to 64 years	9,706	4,303	44.3	4,134	170	3.9	5,402	2,659	2	268	2,474
65 years and over	24,307	2,560	10.5	2,486	74	2.9	21,747	9,014	6	763	11,964
65 to 69 years70 years and over	8,333 15,975	1,527 1,034	18.3 6.5	1,480 1,007	48 27	3.1 2.6	6,806	2,911	5 1	163 600	3,728 8,236
	15,975	1,034	0.5	1,007	"	2.6	14,941	6,103	'	600	0,230
Men	}										
16 years and over	73,334	57,454	78.3	53,852	3,601	6.3	15,881	334	1,402	1,117	13,028
16 to 19 years	5,985	4,196	70.1	3,474	723	17.2	1,788	24	853	13	898
16 to 17 years		1,804	59.8	1,388	416	23.0	1,214	15	596	- 40	603
18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years	2,967 8,272	2,392 7,457	80.6 90.1	2,085 6,717	307 740	12.8 9.9	574 815	9 17	257 356	13 37	295 405
25 to 54 years		37,802	94.9	35,967	1,834	4.9	2,019	99	186	444	1,289
25 to 34 years		16,333	95.9	15,395	938	5.7	696	20	151	116	409
25 to 29 years	8,728	8,304	95.1	7,793	511	6.2	423	7	113	60	244
30 to 34 years		8,029	96.7	7,602	427	5.3	273	13	38	57	164
35 to 44 years		12,746	95.7	12,170	576	4.5	567	44	21	143	360
35 to 39 years40 to 44 years		7,014 5,732	95.9 95.5	6, <b>66</b> 9 5,501	345 231	4.9 4.0	299 268	21 22	15	75 68	189
45 to 54 years		8,722	92.0	8,402	320	3.7	757	36	14	186	520
45 to 49 years		4,592	93.9	4,410	182	4.0	297	16	5	78	198
50 to 54 years		4,130	90.0	3,992	138	3.3	459	20	9	108	322
55 to 64 years		6,433	69.4	6,168	265	4.1	2,835	50	4	321	2,461
55 to 59 years		3,840	81.2	3,688	152	4.0	888	27	2	164	696
60 to 64 years65 years and over		2,593 1,566	57.1 15.7	2,479 1,527	113 40	4.4 2.5	1,947 8,422	22 145	2 2	158 300	1,765 7,975
65 to 69 years		909	24.2	888	22	2.5	2,848	45	3	100	2,700
70 years and over		657	10.5	639	18	2.7	5,575	100		200	5,275
Women										į	
16 years and over	80,263	43,380	54.0	40,409	2,971	6.8	36,883	26,951	1,590	851	7,491
16 to 19 years		3,608	61.1	2,951	656	18.2	2,297	501	956	4	836
16 to 17 years		1,495	51.8	1,171	325	21.7	1,393	179	645	2	566
18 to 19 years		2,112	70.0	1,781	332	15.7	904	322	311	2	269
20 to 24 years		6,454	74.8	5,864	590	9.1	2,174	1,462	340	17	356
25 to 54 years		28,071 12,167	68.4 69.9	26,550 11,412	1,521 755	5.4 6.2	12,978 5,232	11,326 4,567	284 182	171 45	1,197
25 to 29 years		6,324	70.8	5,927	397	6.3	2,612	2,261	103	22	226
30 to 34 years		5,843	69.0	5,485	358	6.1	2,620	2,306	79	23	211
35 to 44 years	13,739	9,655	70.3	9,147	508	5.3	4,084	3,577	75	57	375
35 to 39 years		5,257	69.8	4,965	292	5.6	2,280	2,006	51	34	189
40 to 44 years	6,202	4,398	70.9	4,182	216	4.9	1,804	1,571	24	24	186
45 to 49 years		6,248	63.0	5,990	258	4.1	3,662	3,181	27	69	384
45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years		3,356 2,892	66.2 59.8	3,214 2,776	142 116	4.2 4.0	1,717 1,945	1,504 1,677	16	32	166
55 to 64 years		4,254	41.0	4,084	170	4.0	6,110	4,794	6	196	1,114
55 to 59 years	5,198	2,543	48.9	2,430	113	4.5	2,655	2,158	7	85	405
60 to 64 years	5,166	1,711	33.1	1,654	56	3.3	3,455	2,636		111	709
65 years and over	14,319	994	6.9	960	35	3.5	13,325	8,869	3	463	3,989
65 to 69 years	. 4,576 9,743	618 377	13.5 3.9	592 368	26 9	4.2 2.3	3,958 9,366	2,866 6,003	2	63 400	1,028
70 years and over											

# A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

					June	1985					
			Civi	lian labor force	) 			Not	in labor for	rce	
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-		Percent		Unemp	oloyed			Going	Unable	
	tutional population	Total	of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	to work	Other reasons
BLACK											
16 years and over	19,646	12,544	63.8	10,641	1,903	15.2	7,103	3,017	869	507	2,713
16 to 19 years	2,160	1,045	48.4	574	472	45.1	1,115	148	548	7	412
16 to 17 years		409	37.6	198	212	51.7	673	50	376	6	240
18 to 19 years		636 1,907	59.0 71.9	376 1,450	260 458	40.9 24.0	442 747	98 321	172 194	30	17 <sup>-</sup> 200
20 to 24 years		8,288	78.8	7,406	882	10.6	2,230	1,345	123	175	589
25 to 34 years		3,862	79.3	3,358	504	13.0	1,006	616	92	34	26
25 to 29 years		2,044	79.2	1,754	291	14.2	537	295	68	12	16
30 to 34 years		1,818	79.5	1,605	213	11.7	469	321	24	21	10
35 to 44 years		2,674	81.5	2,440	234	8.7	607	371	28	54	15
35 to 39 years		1,489 1,185	82.5 80.2	1,349	140 94	9.4 7.9	315 292	200 170	18 10	14 39	8
45 to 54 years	2,369	1,753	74.0	1,608	145	8.3	617	358	3	87	16
45 to 49 years	1,227	974	79.4	884	90	9.2	254	156	3	30	6
50 to 54 years		779	68.2	723	56	7.2	363	202		58	10
55 to 64 years		1,033	50.2	955	78	7.6	1,026	460	3	118	44
55 to 59 years	1,094	618	56.5	570	48	7.7	476	225	3	62	18
60 to 64 years		415	43.0	385	30	7.3	550	235		57	25
65 years and over65 to 69 years	2,255 816	270 164	12.0 20.1	257 153	13 11	4.9 6.7	1,985 653	743 261	1	177 56	1,06
70 years and over		106	7.4	104	3	2.8	1,332	481		121	730
Men	,,,,,,,,,						,,,,,,	,			}
6 years and over	8,782 1,059	6,331 560	72.1 52.8	5,370 308	960 251	15.2 44.9	2,453 500	92 14	393 268	295 7	1,678
16 to 19 years		229	42.3	115	115	50.0	313	5	187	6	11:
18 to 19 years	517	330	63.9	194	137	41.3	187	8	81	1	9
20 to 24 years	1,205	981	81.4	762	220	22.4	225	16	72	24	114
25 to 54 years		4,117	87.7	3,684	433	10.5	576	39	53	127	36
25 to 34 years		1,936	88.9	1,707	229	11.8	242	16	42	22	160
25 to 29 years		1,020 916	88.2 89.7	904 804	117 112	11.4 12.2	137 105	8 8	31 11	9	89
30 to 34 years		1,305	89.5	1,180	125	9.6	153	12	9	40	93
35 to 39 years		726	90.9	659	67	9.2	73	4	3	11	5
40 to 44 years	659	579	87.8	521	58	10.1	80	8	6	28	30
45 to 54 years		877	82.8	797	79	9.1	182	11	2	65	10
45 to 49 years		486	88.6	440	46	9.4	63	3	2	21	30
50 to 54 years55 to 64 years		391 544	76.6 58.9	357 499	34 45	8.6	120 379	8		45 69	29
55 to 59 years	495	329	66.3	298	31	8.3 9.3	167	11 5		38	12
60 to 64 years		215	50.3	201	14	6.7	212	7		32	17
65 years and over		128	14.2	117	11	9.0	772	12		68	69
65 to 69 years		86	24.7	76	10	11.4	261	3		20	23
70 years and over	554	42	7.7	41	2	(1)	511	8		48	45
Women											
6 years and over	10,864	6,213	57.2	5,271	943	15.2	4,650	2,926	477	211	1,03
16 to 19 years	1,101	486	44.1	265	221	45.4	615	134	280	-	20
16 to 17 years		180	33.3	83	97	53.8	360	45	189	-	12
18 to 19 years		306 926	54.6	182	124	40.4	255	90 305	91	6	8
20 to 24 years 25 to 54 years	1,449 5,823	4,171	63.9 71.6	688 3,722	238 449	25.7 10.8	522 1,654	1,306	122 70	48	22
25 to 34 years	2,690	1,926	71.8	1,651	275	14.3	764	600	50	12	10
25 to 29 years	1,424	1,024	71.9	850	174	17.0	400	287	37	3	7
30 to 34 years		902	71.2	801	101	11.2	364	313	13	8	3
35 to 44 years		1,369	75.1	1,260	109	7.9	454	359	19	14	6
35 to 39 years		763 606	75.9	690 570	73	9.5	242	196	15	3 11	3
40 to 44 years	818 1,310	606 876	74.1 66.8	570 811	36 65	5.9 7.5	212 434	162 347	1 1	22	6
45 to 49 years	679	488	71.9	444	44	9.0	191	153		9	2
50 to 54 years		388	61.4	366	22	5.6	243	194	'	13	3
55 to 64 years	1,136	489	43.0	456	33	6.8	647	449	3	49	14
55 to 59 years	598	289	48.3	272	17	6.0	309	220	3	24	6
60 to 64 years		200	37.2	184	16	8.0	338	228		25	8
65 years and over		142	10.5	140	2	1.3	1,213	731	1	109	37
65 to 69 years	470 885	78 64	16.5	77	1	.7	392	258	1 ,	36	9
70 years and over	883	64	7.3	63	1	(') {	821	473	I	73	27

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

## A-5. Employment status of the black-and-other civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex

					June 1985				
				,	Civilian labor force		,		
Age and sex	Civilian noninsti-				Employed		Unem	ployed	Not in
·	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Agriculture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	labor force
TOTAL	<del> </del>						†		
16 years and ayer	24,498	15,739	64.0	13,558	268	13,290	2,180	13.9	8,760
16 years and over	2,594	1,237	64.2 47.7	718	16	703	519	41.9	1,357
16 to 17 years	1,301	492	37.9	252	7	245	241	48.9	808
18 to 19 years	1,293	745	57.6	467	9	458	278	37.4	548
20 to 24 years	3,245	2,322	71.6	1,808	29	1,779	514	22.1	922
25 to 54 years	13,513	10,583	78.3	9,544	172	9,371	1,039	9.8	2,930
25 to 34 years	6,247 3,294	4,896 2,587	78.4 78.5	4,305 2,255	68 36	4,236 2,219	592 331	12.1 12.8	1,351 708
25 to 29 years	2,953	1,267	76.5 42.9	2,255	32	2,219	261	20.6	642
35 to 44 years	4,247	3,456	81.4	3,171	63	3,108	285	8.2	792
35 to 39 years	2,388	1,959	82.0	1,781	28	1,753	178	9.1	429
40 to 44 years	1,859	1,496	80.5	1,390	34	1,356	106	7.1	362
45 to 54 years	3,019	2,231	73.9	2,068	42	2,026	163	7.3	788
45 to 49 years	1,581	1,236	78.2	1,131	27	1,104 922	103	8.3	345 443
50 to 54 years	1,438 2,518	995 1,291	69.2 51.3	936 1,196	14 36	1,160	58 95	5.8 7.3	1,228
55 to 64 years	1,366	798	51.3 58.4	740	23	716	58	7.3	568
60 to 64 years	1,152	492	42.7	456	12	444	36	7.4	659
65 years and over	2,628	306	11.6	292	15	277	14	4.6	2,323
65 to 69 years	987	190	19.3	180	7	173	11	5.8	797
70 years and over	1,641	115	7.0	112	8	104	11	9.6	1,525
Men					,				
16 years and over	11,084	8,071	72.8	6,964	218	6,746	1,107	13.7	3,012
16 to 19 years	1,298	672	51.8	394	14	380	278	41.4	626
16 to 17 years	667	276	41.4	144	5	138	133	48.0	391
18 to 19 years	631	396	62.8	250	9	242	146	36.8	235
20 to 24 years	1,503	1,205	80.2 87.9	955	24 140	931	249 517	20.7 9.7	298 737
25 to 54 years	6,094 2,832	5,357 2,510	88.6	4,840 2,235	54	4,699 2,181	275	10.9	322
25 to 29 years	1,491	1,312	87.9	1,175	26	1,149	136	10.4	180
30 to 34 years	1,341	1,198	89.4	1,060	28	1,032	139	11.6	142
35 to 44 years	1,898	1,708	90.0	1,556	52	1,503	153	8.9	189
35 to 39 years	1,063	967	91.0	880	21	859	87	9.0	96
40 to 44 years	834	741	88.8	676	31	645	65	8.8	93
45 to 54 years	1,364 711	1,139 630	83.4	1,049 574	34 21	1,015 553	90 55	7.9 8.8	226 81
45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years	654	509	88.6 77.8	474	12	462	34	6.7	145
55 to 64 years	1,130	688	60.9	636	28	608	52	7.5	442
55 to 59 years	618	429	69.5	393	17	376	36	8.5	189
60 to 64 years	512	258	50.5	243	11	232	15	5.9	253
65 years and over	1,059	150	14.2	139	11	127	11	7.6	909
65 to 69 years 70 years and over	418 641	102 48	24.5 7.5	93 46	5 6	88 40	10 2	9.5	316 593
Women									
16 years and over	13,415	7,667	57.2	6,594	51	6,544	1,073	14.0	5,748
16 to 19 years	1,296	565	43.6	324	2	322	241	42.6	731
16 to 17 years	634	216	34.1	108	2	106	108	50.0	417
18 to 19 years	662	349	52.6	216	_	216	133	38.0	314
20 to 24 years	1,742	1,118	64.2	853	5	848	265	23.7	624
25 to 54 years	7,419	5,226	70.4	4,704	32	4,672	522	10.0	2,193
25 to 34 years	3,415	2,387	69.9 70.7	2,070	14 10	2,056	317 195	13.3 15.3	1,029 528
25 to 29 years	1,803 1,612	1,275	69.0	1,080 990	1 4	1,070 986	122	10.9	500
35 to 44 years	2,350	1,747	74.4	1,615	10	1,605	132	7.6	602
35 to 39 years	1,325	992	74.9	901	7	894	91	9.1	333
40 to 44 years	1,025	755	73.7	714	3	711	41	5.5	269
45 to 54 years	1,654	1,092	66.0	1,019	8	1,011	73	6.7	562
45 to 49 years	870	606	69.6	557	6	551	48	8.0	264
50 to 54 years	784	486	62.0	462	2	460	24	5.0	298
55 to 59 years	1,388 748	603	43.4	560	8	552	43	7.1 6.0	786
55 to 59 years60 to 64 years	748 640	369 234	49.3 36,5	347 213	2	341 211	22	9.0	406
65 years and over	1,569	156	9.9	153	4	149	3	1.7	1,413
65 to 69 years	569	88	15.5	87	2	85	1	1.7	481
70 years and over	1,000	67	6.7	66	2	64	1	(')	932

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

## A-6. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

Employment status and	To	otal	Men, 20 y		Women, 20	•	Both sexes	•
race	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	176,284	178,096	76,176	77,135	85,380	86,477	14,728	14,483
Civilian labor force		116,572	60,224	60,656	45,649	46,874	9,520	9,041
Percent of population		65.5	79.1	78.6	53.5	54.2	64.6	62.4
Employed		107,819	56,585	56.948	42.678	43,727	7,548	7,144
Agriculture	1 '	3,634	2,657	2,465	750	688	473	480
Nonagricultural industries		104,185	53,929	54,483	41,928	43,039	7,075	6,663
Unemployed		8,753	3,639	3,708	2,970	3,148	1,972	1,898
Unemployment rate		7.5	6.0	6.1	6.5	6.7	20.7	21.0
Not in labor force		61,524	15,951	16,479	39,732	39,603	5,208	5,442
White								
Civilian noninstitutional population	152,295	153.597	66,631	67.350	73,536	74.359	12,128	11.889
Civilian labor force		100,833	52,990	53,257	38,847	39,772	8,253	7,804
Percent of population		65.6	79.5	79.1	52.8	53.5	68.0	65.6
Employed		94,261	50,291	50,378	36,672	37,457	6,809	6,425
Agriculture		3,366	2,445	2.262	722	639	455	465
Nonagricultural industries		90,895	47,846	48,117	35,950	36,818	6,354	5.960
Unemployed		6,573	2,700	2,879	2,175	2,315	1,444	1.379
Unemployment rate		6.5	5.1	5.4	5.6	5.8	17.5	17.7
Not in labor force		52,764	13,641	14,092	34,689	34,587	3,875	4,085
Black								
Civilian noninstitutional population	19,330	19,646	7,589	7,723	9,580	9,763	2,161	2,160
Civilian labor force		12,544	5,703	5,771	5,485	5,728	1,042	1,045
Percent of population		63.8	75.1	74.7	57.3	58.7	48.2	48.4
Employed		10,641	4,864	5,062	4,779	5,005	579	574
Agriculture		208	152	158	20	35	15	14
Nonagricultural industries		10,433	4,712	4.903	4.759	4,971	564	559
Unemployed		1,903	839	709	706	722	464	472
Unemployment rate	16.4	15.2	14.7	12.3	12.9	12.6	44.5	45.1
Not in labor force		7,103	1,886	1,953	4,095	4,035	1,119	1,115

# A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

					June 1	1985				
					Civ	ilian labor fo	orce			
Employment status, years of school	Civilian				Employed			Unemp	oloyed	
completed, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time <sup>1</sup>	Part time <sup>1</sup>	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percent of labor force
TOTAL ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	6,461	3,095	47.9	2,574	730	1,844	522	263	259	16.9
16 to 19 years	4,253 2,209	1,828 1,267	43.0 57.4	1,450 1,124	241 489	1,209 635	378 143	181 82	197 62	20.7
High school	3,477	1,376	39.6	1,064	140	924	312	140	171	22.7
College	2,984	1,720	57.6	1,510	590	920	210	123	87	12.2
Full-time students	2,196 788	1,061 659	48.3 83.8	907 603	269 321	638 282	154 56	88 35	66	14.5
						İ	į	_	Ì	
Men, 16 to 24 years	3,188	1,589	49.8	1,295	398	896	294 225	165 115	129 109	18.5 22.9
16 to 19 years20 to 24 years	2,141 1,047	982 607	45.9 57.9	758 537	161 238	597 299	70	50	20	11.5
High school	1,804	768	42.8	579	92	488	189	93	95	24.6
High school	1,384	821	59.3	715	307	409	106	72	34	12.9
Full-time students	1,047	540	51.5	458	164	294	82	59	23	15.2
Part-time students	337	282	83.6	258	143	115	24	13	11	8.5
Women, 16 to 24 years	3,273	1,506	46.0	1,279	331	948	227	98	129	15.1
16 to 19 years	2,112 1,162	845 661	40.0 56.9	692 587	80 251	612 336	153 74	66 32	87 42	18.1
High school	1,673	608	36.3	484	48	436	123	47	76	20.3
College		898	56.1	794	283	511	104	51	53	11.6
Full-time students  Part-time students		521 377	45.3 83.7	449 345	105 178	344 167	72 32	29 22	43	13.8
White	1		33.7							
Total, 16 to 24 years	5,041	2,625	52.1	2,248	654	1,594	377	191	185	14.3
16 to 19 years	1 '	1,553	47.2	1,276	219	1,057	277	133	144	17.8
20 to 24 years		1,072	61.2	972	435	537	99	58	41	9.3
Men	2,498	1,349	54.0	1,132	357	775	216	125	91	16.0
Women	2,543	1,276	50.2	1,116	297	819	160	66	94	12.5
High school		1,163	43.8	937	126	811	225	103	122	19.4
College		1,462	61.3	1,311	528	783	151	88	63 43	10.3
Full-time students Part-time students		884 578	52.2 83.8	777 534	244 284	533 250	107 44	64 24	20	7.6
Black							1			
Total, 16 to 24 years	1,063	328	30.8	201	48	153	127	68	59	38.7
16 to 19 years	. 765	212	27.7	126	17	109	86	44	42	40.7
20 to 24 years	. 298	116	38.9	75	31	44	41	24	17	35.0
Men Women		173 155	34.1 27.9	105 96	26 22	79 74	68 59	38 30	30 29	39. 38.
High school	672	174	25.9	96	10	86	78	34	44	44.
College		154	39.4	105	38	67	49	34	15	31.9
Full-time students		106	32.0	67	18	49	39	23	16	37.0
Part-time students	. 59	48	(2)	38	20	18	10	10	_	(2)
Hispanic origin			_							
Total, 16 to 24 years		222 137	32.4 26.0	170 95	33	136 86	52 42	25 19	28 23	23.0
16 to 19 years		85	53.8	75	24	50	10	6	4	12.
Men		138 84	41.4 23.9	97 72	20	77 59	41 12	17 8	24	29.
	į.							-		}
High school		116	23.7 54.0	76 94	5 28	71 66	41 12	18	22 5	34.
Full-time students	143	63	44.3	54	7	47	9	6	3	(²)
Part-time students	52	42	(²)	40	21	18	3	1	2	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

#### A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					June	1985				
					Civ	vilian labor f	orce			
Employment status, years of school	Civilian noninsti-				Employed			Unem	ployed	
completed, race, and Hispanic origin	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Fuli time¹	Part time <sup>1</sup>	Total	Looking for fulf-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percen of labor force
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	28,166	22,179	78.7	18,959	14,411	4,548	3,220	2,622	598	14.5
16 to 19 years	10,230	7,213 14,966	70.5 83.4	5,694 13,265	3,152 11,259	2,542 2,006	1,520 1,700	1,085 1,537	434 164	21.1 11.4
Less than 4 years of high school	9,213	5,913	64.2	4,448	2,605	1,843	1,464	1,089	376	24.8
4 years of high school	18,954	16,266	85.8	14,511	11,806	2,705	1,755	1,533	222	10.8
1 to 3 years of college	5,548	4,909	88.5	4,483	3,568	916	426	367	59	8.7
4 years of college or more	1,853	1,709	92.2	1,576	1,407	169	132	129	3	7.7
Men, 16 to 24 years	13,870	11,941	86.1	10,246	8,160	2,085	1,696	1,445	251	14.2
16 to 19 years		3,886	75.6	3,110	1,866	1,244	776	577	200	20.0
20 to 24 years	8,728	8,055	92.3	7,135	6,294	841	919	868	51	11.4
Less than 4 years of high school		3,674	75.7	2,825	1,846	979	850	667	183	23.1
4 years of high school		8,267	91.7	7,421	6,315	1,106	846	778	68	10.2
1 to 3 years of college 4 years of college or more		2,481 720	91.1 92.5	2,272 658	1,881 597	390 61	209 62	188 58	21	8.4 8.6
•	}					}				
Women, 16 to 24 years		10,238	71.6	8,714	6,251	2,463	1,524	1,177	347	14.9
16 to 19 years20 to 24 years	5,089 9,208	3,327 6,911	65.4 75.1	2,584 6,130	1,286 4,965	1,298 1,165	743 781	509 669	235 112	22.3
Less than 4 years of high school	4,357	2,239	51.4	1,624	759	864	615	422	193	27.5
4 years of high school		8,000	80.5	7,090	5,491	1,599	909	755	154	11.4
1 to 3 years of college		2,429	86.0	2,212	1,686	525	217	179	38	8.9
4 years of college or more	1,075	989	92.0	918	810	108	71	71	-	7.2
White										
Total, 16 to 24 years		19,090	80.4	16,758	12,781	3,976	2,332	1,847	485	12.2
16 to 19 years		6,251 12,839	72.7 84.8	5,149 11,608	2,852 9,930	2,297 1,679	1,102 1,230	745 1,103	357 128	17.6
									}	{
Men		10,305 8,785	87.6 73.3	9,058 7,699	7,281 5,501	1,778 2,199	1,246 1,086	1,050 797	196 289	12.1
Less than 4 years of high school	7,537	4,990	66.2	3,934	2,295	1,639	1,056	743	312	21.2
4 years of high school		14,100	87.0	12,823	10,486	2,337	1,277	1,104	173	9.
1 to 3 years of coilege		4,280	89.7	3,967	3,161	806	313	270	43	7.3
4 years of college or more	1,702	1,574	92.5	1,462	1,305	157	112	108	4	7.
Black										
Total, 16 to 24 years		2,625	70.0	1,822	1,334	488	803	705	98	30.6
16 to 19 years		834 1,791	59.8 76.0	448 1,374	247 1,087	201 287	386 417	317 388	69 29	46.0 23.0
•							Ì			
Women	1,759 1,992	1,368 1,257	77.8 63.1	965 857	714 620	251 237	403 399	358 347	46 52	29.5 31.5
Less than 4 years of high school	1,440	795	55.2	426	258	169	369	313	56	46.
4 years of high school		1,829	79.2	1,396	1,076	320	434	391	42	23.
1 to 3 years of college		502	81.1	404	315	89	98	87	11	19.
4 years of college or more	101	93	92.5	76	65	11	18	18	-	18.8
Hispanic origin										
Total, 16 to 24 years		1,661	71.9 62.2	1,426 342	1,166 220	259 122	235 100	197 74	38 26	14.2 22.6
16 to 19 years		442 1,219	76.2	1,084	947	137	135	123	12	11.
	{		60.0				400		40	1.
Women	1,170 1,141	1,015 646	86.8 56.6	889 537	756 410	133 127	126 109	114 83	12 26	12.4
Less than 4 years of high school	1,157	718	62.1	572	444	127	147	118	29	20.4
4 years of high school	1,154	943	81.7	854	722	132	89	79	9	9.
1 to 3 years of college		255	90.7	233	201	32	22	19	3	8.
4 years of college or more	63	56	(²)	51	44	6	5	5	-	(²)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Employed persons with a job but not at work and persons at work part time are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time.
<sup>2</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.
NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and

college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### A-8. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age, not seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi noninsti popul	tutional				Civilian la	bor force					
Veteran status			То	Total		Employed		Unemployed				
and age	June 1984	June 1985	June	June	June	June	Num	nber		ent of force		
			1984	1985	1984	1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985		
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS												
Total, 30 years and over	7,429 6,433 1,747 3,280 1,406	7,645 6,514 1,386 3,373 1,755	6,966 6,209 1,684 3,169 1,356	7,187 6,292 1,329 3,268 1,695	6,610 5,882 1,576 3,006 1,300	6,806 5,939 1,240 3,071 1,628	356 327 108 163 56	381 353 89 197 67	5.1 5.3 6.4 5.1 4.1	5.3 5.6 6.7 6.0 4.0		
45 years and over	996	1,131	757	895	728	867	29	28	3.8	3.1		
Total, 30 to 44 years	16,203 7,370 4,742 4,091	17,189 7,966 4,925 4,298	15,371 6,983 4,503 3,885	16,285 7,617 4,638 4,030	14,571 6,612 4,235 3,724	15,410 7,168 4,406 3,836	800 371 268 161	875 449 232 194	5.2 5.3 6.0 4.1	5.9 5.0 4.8		

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population. Data

for 25- to 29-year-old veterans are no longer shown in this table because the group is rapidly disppearing (into the 30-34 age category) and the numbers remaining for some labor force categories are not large enough to warrant their continued publication.

## A-9. Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex, age, and race

					June 1985	<del>,</del>			
		Full	-time labor	force			Part-time	labor force	•
Sex, age, and race		Emplo	yed	(loc	mployed oking for me work)		Employed on	(loo	mployed king for ime work)
	Total	Full-time schedules <sup>1</sup>	Part time for economic reasons	Number	Percent of full-time labor force	Total	voluntary part time <sup>1</sup>	Number	Percent of part-time labor force
TOTAL									
Total, 16 years and over	101,937	88,502	6,119	7,316	7.2	14,635	13,198	1,437	9.8
16 to 19 years	5,799	3,188	1,345	1,267	21.8	3,242	2,611	631	19.5
16 to 17 years	1,874	756	588	530	28.3	1,918	1,467	451	23.5
18 to 19 years	3,925	2,432	757	737	18.8	1,324	1,144	180	13.6
20 years and over	96,138	85,314	4,774	6,050	6.3	11,393	10,587	806	7.1
20 to 24 years	14,344	11,450	1,276	1,618	11.3	1,889	1,664	225	11.9
25 years and over	81,794	73,865	3,498	4,431	5.4	9,504	8,923	580	6.1
25 to 54 years	69,925	63,079	2,886	3,961	5.7	6,529	6,096	432	6.6
55 years and over	11,868	10,786	613	470	4.0	2,975	2,827	148	5.0
Men, 16 years and over	61,142	54,107	2,856	4,179	6.8	4,383	3,853	530	12.1
6 to 19 years	3,310	1,886	732	692	20.9	1,559	1,250	309	19.8
0 years and over	57,832	52,222	2,123	3,487	6.0	2,824	2,603	221	7.8
20 to 24 years	7,962	6,357	687	918	11.5	699	628	71	10.2
25 years and over	49,870	45,864	1,436	2,568	5.1	2,125	1,975	150	7.1
25 to 54 years	42,254	38,821	1,164	2,268	5.4	904	822	82	9.1
55 years and over	7,615	7,043	272	300	3.9	1,221	1,153	68	5.6
Women, 16 years and over	40,795	34,394	3,263	3,138	7.7	10,252	9,345	907	8.8
6 to 19 years	2,490	1,302	612	575	23.1	1,683	1,361	322	19.1
0 years and over	38,306	33,092	2,651	2,563	6.7	8,569	7,984	585	6.8
20 to 24 years	6,382	5,092	589	701	11.0	1,190	1,036	154	13.0
25 years and over	31,925	28,000	2,062	1,862	5.8	7,379	6,948	430	5.8
25 to 54 years55 years and over	27,672 4,253	24,257 3,743	1,721 341	1,692 170	6.1 4.0	5,625 1,754	5,275 1,674	350 80	6.2 4.6
White	,,	0,7 10				,,,,,	,,,,,,		
Men, 16 years and over	53,620	48,133	2,292	3,195	6.0	3,833	3,427	406	10.6
l6 to 19 years	2,839	1,722	630	487	17.2	1,357	1,122	235	17.3
0 years and over	50,781	46,411	1,662	2,708	5.3	2,476	2,305	171	6.9
20 to 24 years	6,875	5,662	525	688	10.0	582	530	52	9.0
25 years and over	43,905	40,749	1,137	2,020	4.6	1,894	1,776	118	6.2
25 to 54 years	37,044	34,349	924	1,771	4.8	757	694	63	8.3
55 years and over	6,861	6,400	212	249	3.6	1,138	1,082	56	4.9
Women, 16 years and over	34,162	29,247	2,682	2,234	6.5	9,217	8,480	738	8.0
6 to 19 years	2,122	1,177	554	390	18.4	1,486	1,220	266	17.9
0 years and over	32,041	28,070	2,128	1,843	5.8	7,731	7,259	472	6.1
20 to 24 years	5,421	4,471	477	473	8.7	1,033	916	117	11.3
25 years and over	26,619	23,600	1,650	1,371	5.2	6,699	6,344	355	5.3
25 to 54 years55 years and over	22,909 3,710	20,292 3,308	1,381 269	1,237 133	5.4 3.6	5,160 1,538	4,877 1,467	283 71	5.5 4.6
Black		_,					,		
Men, 16 years and over	5,940	4,597	486	857	14.4	391	287	104	26.6
6 to 19 years	410	126	93	191	46.6	150	89	61	40.4
0 years and over	5,530	4,471	394	666	12.0	240	197	43	18.0
20 to 24 years	903	561	138	205	22.6	78	63	15	19.4
25 years and over	4,627	3,909	255	463	10.0	163	135	28	17.2
25 to 54 years	4,027	3,403	206	418	10.4 7.5	91 72	75 60	16 12	17.6 (²)
55 years and over	600	506	49	45		72			
Women, 16 years and over	5,416 330	4,113 106	504 54	799 170	14.8 51.7	797 15 <del>6</del>	654 106	143 50	18.0 32.1
16 to 19 years	5,087	4,007	451	629	12.4	641	548	93	14.5
20 to 24 years	5,087 810	503	100	207	25.6	116	85	31	26.9
20 to 24 years25 years and over	4,277	3,504	351	403	9.4	525	464	61	11.6
25 to 54 years	3,838	3,504	292	396	10.3	333	280	53	15.9

 $<sup>\</sup>dot{}$  Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

#### A-10. Employment status of persons in families by family relationship

(Numbers in thousands)

					June 198	35				
		Civili	an labor for	ce			Not	in labor t	orce	
Family relaionship			,	Unem	ployed					
anny rodonomp	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other
Total, 16 years and over'	96,004	66.0	88,625	7,379	7.7	49,531	25,421	3,808	1,865	18,437
Husbands	39,223	78.5	37,644	1,579	4.0	10,736	151	141	783	9,661
With employed wife		91.5	21.872	835	3.7	2,109	60	81	278	1,690
With unemployed wife		92.0	1,122	167	13.0	113	2	2	11	98
With wife not in labor force		64.1	14,650	578	3.8	8,514	90	58	493	7,873
Wives	26,217	52.5	24,816	1,401	5.3	23,742	20,174	235	273	3,060
With employed husband	22,994	61.1	21,872	1,122	4.9	14,650	13,240	198	71	1,142
With unemployed husband	1,002	63.4	835	167	16.7	578	506	10	5	57
With husband not in labor force	2,222	20.7	2,109	113	5.1	8,514	6,428	28	197	1,861
Relatives in married-couple families	15,102	70.3	12,881	2,221	14.7	6,382	942	2,240	335	2,864
16 to 19 years	6,195	64.4	5,057	1,138	18.4	3,420	251	1,611	15	1,543
20 to 24 years	5,823	83.0	5,093	730	12.5	1,192	148	542	33	469
25 years and over	3,084	63.5	2,731	353	11.4	1,770	543	87	287	852
Women who maintain families	6,272	61.8	5,650	621	9.9	3,873	2,918	113	128	715
Relatives in families maintained by women	5,839	63.4	4,618	1,220	20.9	3,376	836	884	247	1,410
16 to 19 years	1,650	54.9	1,113	537	32.5	1,358	138	686	3	531
20 to 24 years	1,837	76.9	1,505	333	18.1	552	162	156	25	210
25 years and over	2,350	61.6	2,000	350	14.9	1,466	536	42	219	669
Men who maintain families	1,830	76.8	1,714	115	6.3	553	43	25	63	423
Relatives in families maintained by men		63.6	1,300	221	14.5	869	357	170	36	306
16 to 19 years		57.9	228	85	27.1	227	42	117	-	67
20 to 24 years	448	82.1	381	68	15.1	97	33	40	6	19
25 years and over		58.2	691	68	9.0	545	282	13	30	220

¹ Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown.

NOTE: Estimates shown in this table for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

A-11. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		Me	en			Wor	nen	
Marital status, race, and age	Thousa pers	ands of sons	Unempl rat		Thousa pers		Unempl rat	
	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985
Total, 16 years and over	4,664	4,709	7.1	7.2	3,917	4,044	7.8	7.9
Married, spouse present	1,719	1,734	4.2	4.2	1,461	1,540	5.5	5.7
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	504	576	8.5	9.1	764	787	7.9	7.8
Single (never married)	2,441	2,399	13.3	13.1	1,692	1,718	12.3	12.4
White, 16 years and over	3,444	3,601	6.0	6.3	2,875	2,971	6.7	6.8
Married, spouse present	1,408	1,447	3.8	3.9	1,220	1,313	5.1	5.4
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	362	416	7.4	8.0	519	549	6.7	6.9
Single (never married)	1,674	1,738	10.8	11.3	1,136	1,109	10.1	9.9
Black, 16 years and over	1,079	960	17.2	15.2	930	943	15.6	15.2
Married, spouse present	261	224	8.8	7.6	201	176	9.3	8.2
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	138	142	14.8	14.7	217	207	12.6	11.5
Single (never married)	681	595	29.0	24.8	512	559	24.6	24.6
Total, 25 years and over	2,636	2,719	5.2	5.2	2,142	2,293	5.6	5.8
Married, spouse present	1,538	1,568	4.0	4.0	1,151	1,233	4.8	5.0
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	481	540	8.5	9.0	667	701	7.3	7.4
Single (never married)	617	610	9.2	8.5	325	359	6.6	6.9
White, 25 years and over	2,004	2,139	4.4	4.7	1,587	1,725	4.9	5.2
Married, spouse present	1,256	1,310	3.6	3.7	952	1,046	4.5	4.8
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	347	392	7.5	7.9	454	481	6.2	6.4
Single (never married)	401	438	7.2	7.5	181	199	4.8	5.0
Black, 25 years and over	565	489	12.2	10.2	493	484	10.8	10.1
Married, spouse present	243	202	8.6	7.2	165	141	8.3	7.1
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	131	132	14.5	14.2	190	194	11.5	11.2
Single (never married)	191	155	20.7	15.0	138	148	14.5	13.7

# A-12. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

	Thouse pers			ι	Jnemploy	ment rates	s	
Occupation	То	tal	То	tal	M	en	Wor	nen
	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985
Total, 16 years and over	8,582	8,753	7.4	7.5	7.1	7.2	7.8	7.9
Managerial and professional specialty	598	691	2.4	2.7	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.0
Executive, administrative, and managerial	284	336	2.4	2.7	2.2	2.4	2.9	3.3
Professional specialty	314	355	2.4	2.6	2.0	2.4	2.8	2.8
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support	1,704	1,750	4.9	5.0	3.9	4.3	5.5	5.4
Technicians and related support	112	149	3.3	4.4	2.7	4.5	4.0	4.4
Sales occupations	703	689	5.2	5.1	3.7	3.7	6.7	6.6
Administrative support, including clerical	889	912	5.0	5.1	4.9	5.3	5.1	5.0
Service occupations	1,333	1,441	8.4	9.1	8.4	8.9	8.4	9.2
Private household	88	80	7.9	7.3	(')	(')	7.8	7.1
Protective service	95	83	5.4	4.6	5.5	4.4	4.7	5.6
Service, except private household and protective	1,149	1,278	8.9	9.9	9.3	10.4	8.6	9.6
Precision production, craft, and repair	987	995	7.0	6.8	7.0	6.5	6.5	9.9
Mechanics and repairers	229	206	5.0	4.4	5.1	4.5	2.5	1.0
Construction trades	506	512	9.7	9.5	9.6	9.3	15.3	20.0
Other precision production, craft, and repair	252	277	5.7	6.1	5.6	5.1	6.4	10.0
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	2,011	2,042	10.5	10.7	9.7	10.0	12.9	12.5
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		979	9.7	11.0	7.3	9.8	13.0	12.9
Transportation and material moving occupations		376	7.7	7.5	7.8	7.5	6.7	7.3
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		687	14.3	13.0	14.2	13.0	15.1	13.1
Construction laborers	183	154	19.1	17.4	19.1	17.7	(')	(')
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	589	533	13.3	12.1	12.9	11.9	14.9	13.2
Farming, forestry, and fishing	278	291	5.9	6.6	5.5	6.0	7.7	9.1
No previous work experience	1,614	1,502	_	-	-		-	
16 to 19 years	1,188	1,091	-			-		
20 to 24 years	298	254	-		-		1	-
25 years and over		157	-	-	-	-	-	1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

# A-13. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

	Thousa pers			;	Unemploy	ment rate	s	
Industry	То	tal	Тс	otal	М	en	Wo	men
	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985
Total, 16 years and over	. 8,582	8,753	7.4	7.5	7.1	7.2	7.8	7.9
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	. 5,836	6,195	6.8	7.1	6.7	7.0	7.1	7.3
Mining	. 74	108	6.9	10.1	7.7	10.2	2.9	9.7
Construction		702	12.6	11.7	12.8	11.9	10.1	9.5
Manufacturing	. 1,563	1,675	7.1	7.5	5.9	6.5	9.4	9.3
Durable goods		1,050	7.0	7.8	6.4	7.2	8.6	9.4
Lumber and wood products		82	8.3	11.3	7.8	8.8	11.4	24.3
Funiture and fixtures		73	9.0	11.9	7.9	11.2	12.2	13.8
Stone, clay, and glass products		69	8.5	10.8	9.0	10.0	7.2	13.3
					9.7	4	9.4	12.6
Primary metal industries		110	9.7	11.8		11.7	9.4	5.7
Fabricated metal products		112	9.3	8.0	9.3	8.6		-
Machinery, except electrical		182	5.5	6.3	5.5	6.2	5.5	6.8
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies		191	5.2	7.6	3.2	5.6	7.8	10.5
Transportation equipment		164	6.2	6.3	5.5	5.6	9.3	8.6
Automobiles		96	6.5	7.2	6.0	6.7	8.6	9.0
Other transportation equipment		68	5.9	5.3	4.9	4.4	10.0	8.3
Professional and photographic equipment		29	4.5	3.9	3.2	2.8	6.5	5.5
Other durable goods industries	. 62	39	11.9	8.1	7.2	7.3	17.1	9.1
Nondurable goods	. 636	625	7.2	7.0	5.0	5.3	10.3	9.3
Food and kindred products	. 183	181	9.9	9.5	7.4	8.2	15.7	12.2
Textile mill products	. 62	58	8.0	7.2	6.4	5.4	9.7	9.1
Apparel and other textile products	. 137	129	10.0	9.7	5.5	7.2	11.2	10.4
Paper and allied products	. 38	22	5.5	3.3	4.8	2.7	7.6	5.3
Printing and publishing		89	4.4	5.3	3.9	3.7	5.1	7.3
Chemicals and allied products		46	4.2	3.8	2.0	3.3	8.7	4.7
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products		71	6.1	8.9	3.3	5.4	10.4	14.3
Other nondurable goods industries		28	8.9	6.0	6.3	5.4	13.2	7.6
Transportation and public utilities	. 292	294	4.8	4.8	5.3	5.1	3.5	4.3
Transportation	. 198	225	4.9	5.4	5.2	5.8	4.1	4.0
Communications and other public utilities		69	3.5	2.6	4.1	2.1	2.3	3.6
Wholesale and retail trade	. 1,617	1,722	7.4	7.7	6.4	6.9	8.4	8.7
Wholesale trade		226	4.7	5.3	3.8	4.7	6.8	6.7
Retail trade		1,496	8.0	8.3	7.4	7.6	8.6	9.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate		250	3.2	3.9	2.7	4.0	3.5	3.9
Service industries		1,443	6.2	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.2	6.3
Professional services		575	4.1	4.7	3.5	4.3	4.4	4.9
Other service industries		868	8.8	8.4	8.5	8.1	9.1	8.6
Agricultural wage and salary workers	. 198	190	9.5	9.3	9.0	8.3	11.0	13.1
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers	. 933	867	3.5	3.3	3.6	3.2	3.5	3.4
No previous work experience		1,502	_	_	-	-	-	_

# A-14. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, and race

Reason for unemployment	To		Me 20 ye and	ears	Won 20 ye and	ears	Both s 16 to yea	19	Wh	nite	Bla	ick
	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									70-			
Total unemployed	8,582 3,963	8,753 3,818	3,639 2,480	3,708 2,380	2,970 1,302	3,148 1,230	1,972 182	1,898 208	6,319 3,007	6,573 2,939	2,009 860	1,903 778
On layoff	1,026 2,937 745	990 2,828 918	593 1,887 314	580 1,800 405	391 911 309	372 858 395	41 141 122	39 169 118	888 2,119 597	837 2,102 757	122 735 126	131 647 133
Reentrants	2,259 1,614	2,518 1,500	646 199	782 140	1,133 227	1,252 271	481 1,188	483 1,089	1,643 1,071	1,869 1,008	552 471	557 434
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION												
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0 47.6	100.0	100.0 42.8	100.0 40.9
Job losers On layoff	46.2 12.0	43.6 11.3	68.1 16.3	64.2 15.6	43.8 13.2	39.1 11.8	9.2 2.1	10.9 2.0	14.1	44.7 12.7	6.1	6.9 34.0
Other job losers	34.2 8.7	32.3 10.5	51.8 8.6	48.6 10.9	30.6 10.4	27.3 12.5	7.1 6.2	8.9 6.2	33.5 9.4	32.0 11.5	36.6 6.3 27.5	7.0 29.3
Reentrants	26.3 18.8	28.8 17.1	17.7 5.5	21.1 3.8	38.1 7.6	39.8 8.6	24.4 60.2	25.5 57.4	26.0 17.0	28.4 15.3	23.5	22.8
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE												
Job losers	3.4 .6	3.2 .8	4.1 .5	4.0 .7	2.9 .7	2.6 .8	1.9 1.3	2.3 1.3	3.0 .6	2.9 .8	7.0 1.0	6.2 1.1
Reentrants	2.0 1.4	2.2 1.3	1.1 .3	1.3 .2	2.5 .5	2.7 .6	5.1 12.5	5.3 12.0	1.6 1.1	1.9 1.0	4.5 3.9	4.4 3.5

A-15. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

	_			June 1985			
	Total une	mployed		Durati	on of unemplo	pyment	
Reason, sex, and age					1	5 weeks and o	ver
	Thousands of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks
Total, 16 years and over	8,753	100.0	48.9	24.9	26.2	11.6	14.6
Job losers	3,818	100.0	36.1	25.9	38.0	16.5	21.5
On layoff	990	100.0	51.5	23.7	24.8	14.3	10.5
Other job losers	2.828	100.0	30.7	26.7	42.6	17.3	25.3
lob leavers	918	100.0	51.4	26.0	22.5	10.2	12.3
Reentrants	2,518	100.0	56.7	25.5	22.5 17.8	8.4	9.4
New entrants	1,500	100.0	67.0				
vew entiants	1,500	100.0	67.0	20.5	12.5	5.1	7.4
Men, 20 years and over	3,708	100.0	37.1	25.9	37.0	15.3	21.6
ob losers	2.380	100.0	32.2	25.7	42.1	17.6	24.4
On layoff	580	100.0	47.2	23.8	29.0	17.0	12.1
Other job losers	1,800	100.0	27.4	26.3	46.2	17.9	28.4
ob leavers	405	100.0	42.3	26.3	31.4	16.6	14.8
Reentrants	782	100.0	48.2	28.2	23.6	8.4	15.1
lew entrants	140	100.0	42.5	16.3	41.2	11.5	29.7
Women, 20 years and over	3,148	100.0	48.4	26.6	25.0	11.7	13.2
ob losers	1,230	100.0	38.6	26.8	34.6	15.5	19.0
On layoff	372	100.0	55.1	24.0	20.9	11.7	9.2
Other job losers	858	100.0	31.4	28.1	40.5	17.2	23.3
ob leavers	395	100.0	54.4	26.5	19.1	6.4	12.7
Reentrants	1,252	100.0	54.6	26.3	19.1	10.4	8.8
lew entrants	271	100.0	55.7	27.3	16.9	8.4	8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,898	100.0	72.8	19.9	7.2	3.9	3.3
ob losers	208	100.0	65.4	22.7	11.9	9.3	2.6
On layoff	39	100.0	()	()	(')	()	(')
Other job losers	169	100.0	61.6	23.3	15.1	11.7	3.4
ob leavers	118	100.0	72.8	23.6	3.6	1.0	2.6
Reentrants	483	100.0	75.8	19.0	5.2	3.5	1.7
lew entrants	1.089	100.0	72.9	19.4	7.7	3.4	4.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-16. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

		Tot	ai			Full-time	workers	
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent di	stribution	Thousands	of persons	Percent distribution	
, , , , , ,	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985
Total, 16 years and over	8,582	8,753	100.0	100.0	7,155	7,316	100.0	100.0
ess than 5 weeks	4,005	4,281	46.7	48.9	3,037	3,369	42.4	46.0
5 to 14 weeks	1,973	2,178	23.0	24.9	1,687	1,829	23.6	25.0
5 to 10 weeks	1,450	1,665	16.9	19.0	1,218	1,391	17.0	19.0
11 to 14 weeks	523	514	6.1	5.9	469	438	6.6	6.0
15 weeks and over	2,603	2,294	30.3	26.2	2,431	2,118	34.0	29.0
15 to 26 weeks	1,018	1,013	11.9	11.6	939	923	13.1	12.6
27 weeks and over	1,585	1,281	18.5	14.6	1,492	1,195	20.9	16.3
27 to 51 weeks	551	462	6.4	5.3	514	430	7.2	5.9
52 weeks and over	1,034	819	12.0	9.4	978	765	13.7	10.5
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	17.3	14.8			19.1	16.1		
Median duration, in weeks	5.9	5.2	İ		7.4	5.9		

A-17. Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		We	eks	Pe	rcent of i	unemploy roup	/ed
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks		ployed eeks over
				June 198	5			June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985
Total, 16 years and over	8,753	4,281	2,178	1,013	1,281	14.8	5.2	46.7	48.9	30.3	26.2
16 to 19 years	1,898	1,382	378	74	63	5.8	3.4	70.3	72.8	9.5	7.2
20 to 24 years	1,844	925	524	190	204	12.6	5.0	48.9	50.2	26.6	21.4
25 to 34 years	2,285	995	581	310	399	17.2	6.9	37.9	43.6	36.4	31.0
35 to 44 years	1,368	524	372	183	289	18.9	8.3	36.0	38.3	41.9	34.5
45 to 54 years	741	248	184	142	167	20.7	10.1	33.0	33.4	44.0	41.8
55 to 64 years	530	173	109	104	144	25.0	12.9	32.9	32.6	47.4	46.7
65 years and over	88	35	29	9	16	18.1	6.5	37.0	39.2	46.7	28.1
Men, 16 years and over	4,709	2,095	1,170	621	822	17.3	6.3	43.4	44.5	34.5	30.6
	1.001	720	209	52	21	5.5	3.5	69.0	71.9	11.1	7.3
16 to 19 years	989	435	300	119	135	14.6	6.0	47.4	44.0	29.4	25.7
20 to 24 years						1	l .		5	1	37.9
25 to 34 years	1,213	462	291	193	267	20.8	8.7	37.1	38.1	39.7	
35 to 44 years	728	257	183	97	192	22.8	10.2	28.9	35.3	49.6	39.6
45 to 54 years	410	114	98	90	107	24.3	13.9	24.3	27.9	50.4	48.2
55 to 64 years	317 51	92 16	71 19	65 6	89 11	26.6 (¹)	14.1 (¹)	28.4 (')	29.0 (¹)	52.1 (¹)	48.6
						''	()	\ '		(/	
Women, 16 years and over	4,044	2,186	1,007	392	459	11.9	4.6	50.5	54.1	25.4	21.0
16 to 19 years	897	663	169	23	42	6.1	3.4	71.6	73.9	7.7	7.2
20 to 24 years	855	491	224	71	69	10.2	4.4	50.7	57.4	23.2	16.3
25 to 34 years	1,072	533	290	117	132	13.0	5.1	39.0	49.8	32.3	23.2
35 to 44 years	640	267	190	87	97	14.5	6.8	45.2	41.7	31.8	28.7
45 to 54 years	331	133	86	52	60	16.1	7.8	42.0	40.3	37.5	33.8
55 to 64 years	213	81	38	39	55	22.6	11.1	39.2	38.0	40.8	44.0
65 years and over	37	19	10	4	5	(1)	(')	(')	(')	(')	()
N/6:1 40	0.530		1 010	700	0.40			47.4	40.4	000	
White, 16 years and over	6,573	3,248	1,616	763	946	14.7	5.1	47.1	49.4	30.3	26.0
Men Women	3,601 2,971	1,629	877 739	470 293	626 321	17.2 11.6	6.1 4.6	42.9 52.1	45.2 54.5	35.2 24.4	30.4
		i i									
Black, 16 years and over	1,903	879	495	232	297	15.4	4.8	45.2	46.2	31.3	27.8
Men	960	400	251	137	173	17.8	5.7	44.6	41.6	33.6	32.3
Women	943	480	244	95	124	13.0	3.9	45.8	50.9	28.6	23.2
Men, 16 years and over:											
Married, spouse present	1,734	603	447	269	415	21.6	9.8	30.9	34.8	46.5	39.5
Widowed, divorced, or separated	576	194	155	101	126	22.3	9.5	35.6	33.7	40.8	39.3
Single (never married)	2,399	1,298	569	251	281	12.9	4.6	53.9	54.1	24.8	22.2
Women, 16 years and over:											
Married, spouse present	1,540	761	405	200	174	11.9	5.1	46.3	49.4	28.4	24.3
Widowed, divorced, or separated	787	347	208	91	141	17.2	7.4	38.1	44.1	37.8	29.4
Single (never married)	1,718	1,078	395	101	144	9.4	4.0	59.8	62.7	17.1	14.3
	',' '8	1,078	353	'01	174	3.7	1 7.0	33.0	52.7	''''	1 .4.5

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-18. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

-		Thous	ands of p	ersons		We	eks	Perc	ent of in g	unempl roup	oyed
Occupation and industry	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	15 w	ployed veeks over
		•		June 198	35		•	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985
OCCUPATION											
Managerial and professional specialty	995	318 781 734 413 819 186	189 516 348 237 518 54	85 241 146 147 298 16	99 212 213 197 407 35	15.6 13.5 14.6 18.6 18.6 12.2	5.8 6.1 4.9 7.0 7.2 3.9	43.2 44.6 47.8 36.4 37.6 51.7	46.1 44.6 51.0 41.6 40.1 64.1	37.0 28.7 28.8 42.3 37.9 31.1	26.6 25.9 24.9 34.6 34.5 17.4
Agriculture	1,729	118 323 628 351 277 122 832 990 119	34 175 434 258 176 70 508 513 64	13 93 269 186 84 69 182 244	25 129 348 259 89 60 207 310 30	13.3 16.5 19.5 21.9 15.3 19.9 13.0 15.2 14.9	4.0 6.3 8.5 10.3 6.5 10.2 5.4 5.4	52.1 37.9 33.5 30.4 38.0 33.9 45.2 48.5 40.2	62.1 44.9 37.4 33.3 44.3 37.8 48.1 48.2 47.6	27.3 37.6 45.3 49.8 38.8 41.2 28.3 27.6 34.1	19.7 30.9 36.8 42.2 27.7 40.3 22.5 26.9 26.6
No previous work experience	1,502	1,007	308	76	111	8.7	3.7	66.2	67.0	13.9	12.5

includes wage and salary workers only.

A-19. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, age, race, and jobsearch methods used

					June 1985				
	Thousands	of persons		Methods us	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers		Augraga
Sex, age, and race	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used
Total, 16 years and over	8,753	7,514	25.0	5.4	76.8	33.1	18.2	4.9	1.63
16 to 19 years	1.898	1.782	17.9	2.7	80.0	25.3	15.5	4.5	1.46
20 to 24 years		1,605	27.4	5.4	76.9	33.6	18.0	3.9	1.65
25 to 34 years		1,919	28.3	5.8	78.0	36.6	19.4	3.6	1.72
35 to 44 years		1,148	26.1	7.5	75.2	38.2	17.7	7.1	1.72
45 to 54 years		595	27.2	5.9	74.8	32.3	17.6	8.4	1.66
55 to 64 years		393	26.0	8.4	63.1	37.7	25.7	4.8	1.66
65 years and over		72	20.0 (¹)	(')	(')	(')	23.7 (')	(')	(')
os years and over	00	12	()	1 0	()	()	17	()	''
Men, 16 years and over	4,709	3,968	26.2	5.2	78.3	30.7	21.3	6.1	1.68
16 to 19 years	1,001	938	19.1	2.8	80.7	22.0	17.9	5.5	1.48
20 to 24 years	989	837	27.4	4.9	79.0	31.3	20.0	4.4	1.67
25 to 34 years	1,213	994	33.1	6.7	81.4	35.1	23.5	3.6	1.84
35 to 44 years		590	27.1	7.6	74.1	37.8	20.5	10.2	1.77
45 to 54 years		328	26.5	4.0	78.7	28.4	23.2	11.3	1.72
55 to 64 years		239	20.9	6.3	64.4	32.2	25.9	6.7	1.56
65 years and over		42	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')
Women, 16 years and over	4,044	3,546	23.7	5.5	75.0	35.8	14.8	3.5	1.58
16 to 19 years	897	844	16.6	2.6	79.4	29.0	12.9	3.4	1.44
20 to 24 years	855	768	27.5	5.9	74.7	35.9	15.9	3.4	1.63
25 to 34 years		925	23.4	4.9	74.4	38.2	14.9	3.5	1.59
35 to 44 years	1 -	558	25.1	7.2	76.3	38.7	14.7	3.9	1.66
45 to 54 years		267	28.5	8.2	70.0	37.5	10.5	4.9	1.60
55 to 64 years	1	154	33.8	12.3	61.0	45.5	25.3	1.9	1.80
65 years and over	1	30	(')	(')	(')	(')	(¹)	(')	(')
White, 16 years and over	6,573	5,518	23.4	5.3	77.3	33.8	18.2	5.1	1.63
Men		2,975	25.1	4.8	79.3	31.1	20.9	6.5	1.68
Women		2,543	21.4	5.8	75.0	36.9	15.2	3.5	1.58
Black, 16 years and over	1,903	1,750	30.9	5.7	75.5	31.4	17.9	3.6	1.65
Men	1 '	862	29.8	7.1	75.9	29.4	21.9	4.1	1.68
Women		888	31.9	4.3	75.2	33.3	14.2	3.2	1.62
TOTAL	343	000	31.5	5	13.2	33.3	17.2	5.2	1.02

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

30 days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

A-20. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, reason for unemployment, and jobsearch methods used

	June 1985													
	Thousands	of persons		Methods u	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers							
Sex and reason	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used					
Total, 16 years and over	8,753	7,514	25.0	5.4	76.8	33.1	18.2	4.9	1.63					
Job losers <sup>1</sup>		2,818	31.2	5.7	79.0	36.9	21.8	5.5	1.80					
Job leavers	918	904	22.8	8.4	78.0	37.7	17.8	3.9	1.69					
Reentrants	2,518	2,357	21.0	4.8	73.9	30.7	16.1	5.1	1.52					
New entrants	1,500	1,435	21.0	3.7	76.4	26.8	15.0	3.8	1.47					
Men, 16 years and over		3,968	26.2	5.2	78.3	30.7	21.3	6.1	1.68					
Job losers <sup>1</sup>	2,495	1,874	31.5	5.1	79.0	35.0	24.4	6.5	1.81					
Job leavers	465	446	22.6	8.7	79.8	38.8	21.1	4.0	1.75					
Reentrants	1,046	979	21.3	4.8	75.6	24.7	17.9	7.7	1.52					
New entrants	702	670	20.7	3.9	79.6	22.4	17.8	3.9	1.48					
Women, 16 years and over	4,044	3,546	23.7	5.5	75.0	35.8	14.8	3.5	1.58					
Job losers1		944	30.5	7.0	79.0	40.7	16.7	3.7	1.78					
Job leavers	453	458	22.9	7.9	76.2	36.9	14.6	3.7	1,62					
Reentrants		1,378	20.7	4.8	72.6	35.1	14.7	3.3	1.51					
New entrants	797	765	21.3	3.5	73.6	30.6	12.5	3.8	1.45					

Data on the number of jobseekers and the jobsearch methods used exclude persons on layoff.

30 days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

exclude persons on layoff.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

# A-21. Employed civilians in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age and sex

#### (In thousands)

	To	otal	Me	en	Won	nen
Industry and age	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985
All industries	106,812	107,819	60,593	60,816	46,219	47,003
16 to 19 years	7,548	7,144	4,007	3,868	3,541	3,276
16 to 17 years	2,866	2,811	1,549	1,532	1,317	1,279
18 to 19 years	4,682	4,333	2,458	2.336	2,224	1,997
20 to 24 years	14,906	14,389	8,113	7.673	6,793	6,717
25 to 54 years	70,234	72,061	40.086	40.807	30,147	31,254
25 to 34 years	30,421	31,112	17,299	17,630	13,122	13,482
35 to 44 years	23,507	24,489	13,336	13,726	10,171	10,763
45 to 54 years	16,305	16,460	9,452	9,451	6,854	7,009
55 to 64 years	11,373	11,448	6,709	6,804	4,664	4,644
55 to 59 years	6,860	6,858	4,061	4,081	2,800	2,777
60 to 64 years	4,513	4,589	2,648	2,723	1,865	1,867
65 years and over	2,752	2,778	1,678	1,665	1,074	1,113
Agriculture	3,879	3,634	3,025	2,865	855	769
16 to 19 years	473	480	368	400	105	80
16 to 17 years	250	245	192	212	58	32
18 to 19 years	223	236	176	188	47	48
20 to 24 years	510	460	427	387	83	7:
25 to 54 years	2,062	1,951	1,531	1,479	531	47
25 to 34 years	855	791	663	606	193	186
35 to 44 years	667	654	495	487	172	167
45 to 54 years	540	505	374	386	166	119
55 to 64 years	538	465	441	371	97	94
55 to 59 years	287	249	229	182	58	6
60 to 64 years	251	216	212	189	39	27
65 years and over	297	278	258	228	39	50
Nonagricultural industries	102,932	104,185	57.568	57.951	45,364	46,234
16 to 19 years	7,075	6,663	3,639	3,468	3,436	3,19
16 to 17 years	2,616	2,566	1,357	1,320	1,259	1,246
18 to 19 years	4,459	4,097	2,282	2,148	2,177	1,949
20 to 24 years	14,395	13,929	7,686	7,286	6,709	6,644
25 to 54 years	68,171	70,110	38,555	39,328	29,616	30,78
25 to 34 years	29,566	30,321	16,636	17,024	12,930	13,296
35 to 44 years	22,840	23,835	12,841	13,239	9,999	10,596
45 to 54 years	15.765	15.955	9.078	9.065	6,687	6,890
55 to 64 years	10,835	10.982	6,268	6,433	4,568	4,549
55 to 59 years	6.574	6,609	3,832	3,899	2.742	2,710
60 to 64 years	4,262	4,374	2,436	2,534	1,826	1.84
65 years and over	2,455	2,500	1,420	1,437	1,035	1,06

# A-22. Employed civilians by occupation, sex, and age

(in thousands)

	То	tal		Me	en			Wor	men	
Occupation		ears over	16 yeand		20 yeand		16 yeand		20 y	
	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985
Total	. 106,812	107,819	60,593	60,816	56,585	56,948	46,219	47,003	42,678	43,727
Managerial and professional specialty	. 24,589	25,346	14,525	14,545	14,429	14,440	10,064	10,801	9,920	10,695
Executive, administrative, and managerial		12,136	7,724	7,782	7,690	7,734	3,814	4,354	3,760	4,314
Officials and administrators, public administration		511	304	330	301	330	217	182	217	179
Other executive, administrative, and managerial		8,397 3,227	5,556 1,864	5,739 1,713	5,527 1,862	5,695 1,709	2,227 1,369	2,658 1,514	2,186 1,357	2,629 1,506
Professional specialty		13,210	6,801	6,763	6,738	6,707	6,251	6,447	6,160	6,38
Engineers		1,761	1,636	1,668	1,636	1,658	100	93	97	9:
Mathematical and computer scientists		617	335	397	335	396	183	220	181	220
Natural scientists			301	283	295	283	83	91	83	9
Health diagnosing occupations		1 3	680 280	592 286	678 280	592 284	109 1,675	109 1,696	109 1,672	1.69
Health assessment and treating occupations  Teachers, college and university			309	351	309	348	1,075	1,030	1,072	17.
Teachers, except college and university		3,233	823	879	817	868	2,233	2,354	2,201	2,33
Lawyers and judges	715	657	599	526	599	526	115	131	115	13
Other professional specialty occupations		3,361	1,836	1,783	1,790	1,751	1,557	1,578	1,508	1,53
Technical, sales, and administrative support			11,630	, ,	10,998	11,111	21,245	21,419		19,814
Technicians and related support  Health technologists and technicians			1,706 198	1,697 162	1,664 196	1,637 162	1,544 915	1,513 919	1,519 905	1,49
Engineering and science technicians			865	919	847	876	252	234	241	22
Technicians, except health, engineering, and science	1 '		643	616	622	599	377	360	373	35
Sales occupations			6,669	6,609	6,291	6,220	6,179	6,192	5,269	5,28
Supervisors and proprietors			2,234	2,279	2,216	2,244	980	1,090	963	1,07
Sales representatives, finance and business services		1 .	1,270	1,207	1,266	1,203	842	897 261	817 223	86° 25
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail			1,319 1,830	1,232 1,875	1,309 1,484	1,218 1,539	227 4,084	3,903	3,224	3,05
Sales-related occupations			1,000	1,075	1,404	15	46	41	43	30
Administrative support, including clerical			3,256	3,438	3,043	3,254	13,522	13,714	12,809	13,03
Supervisors			267	338	268	338	353	324	353	32
Computer equipment operators		1	253	274	244	268	453	440	426	41
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists		1 '	83 238	108 250	82 232	92 249	4,720 2,249	4,806 2,287	4,455 2,190	4,58 2,23
Mail and message distributing			528	526	486	492	2,243	2,207	2,130	2,23
Other administrative support, including clerical			1,888	1,943	1,732	1,815	5,465	5,564	5,124	5,20
Service occupations			5,721	5,660	4,706	4,721	8,785	8,763	7,475	7,51
Private household Protective service		, ,	15 1,428	32 1,487	1,380	20	1,020 239	986 243	812 192	77 18
Service, except private household and protective		1 '	4,278	4,141	3,320	1,430 3,271	7,526	7,533	6,470	6.54
Food service			1,869	1,929	1,208	1,308	3,336	3,178	2,556	2,50
Health service	1,719		155	179		166		1,589	1,468	1,49
Cleaning and building service Personal service			1,837 416	1,663 370	1,610 358	1,478 319		1,204 1,563	1,042	1,11 1,43
Precision production, craft, and repair		1				12,111	1,151	1,095	1	1,05
Mechanics and repairers	4,365			4,376		4,242		1,033		1,03
Construction trades	4,692		1 .	4,772		4,539		93		
Other precision production, craft, and repair	4,136	4,243	3,193	3,388	3,124	3,330	942	855	909	82
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	17,191					11,714		4,228		4,02
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors  Manufacturing industries			4,903 4,109	1 '	l - '	4,560 3,778	3,180 2,779	3,126 2,710		3,01 2,63
Durable goods		1 '			3,931			1,044		1,01
Nondurable goods		1 '				1,354		1,665	1 -	1,61
Nonmanufacturing industries	1,195	1,250	794	833	732	783	401	417	378	37
Transportation and material moving occupations	4,491	1 '				4,145	350	343	:	32
Motor vehicle operators		1 '				2,997	277	305		29
Other transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers			1,273 3,927		1,245 3,030	1,148 3,008	73 690	38 759		68 68
Construction laborers				1 '	640	598	1	33		
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		1			1	2,410		726	1	65
Farming, forestry, and fishing	4,458	1 7				2,851	753	697	1	62
Farm operators and managers						1,198	T .	215		
Other farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	2,894	2,717	2,362	2,235	1,825	1,652	532	482	425	41

# A-23. Employed civilians by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	To	tal	Me	en	Woп	nen
Occupation and race	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985
TOTAL						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	106,812 100.0	107,819 100.0	60,593 100.0	60,816 100.0	46,219 100.0	47,003 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	23.0	23.5	24.0	23.9	21.8	23.0
Executive, administrative, and managerial	10.8	11.3	12.7	12.8	8.3	9.3
Professional specialty	12.2 30.8	12.3 30.8	11.2 19.2	11.1 19.3	13.5 46.0	13.7 45.6
Technical, sales, and administrative support	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.8	3.3	3.2
Sales occupations	12.0	11.9	11.0	10.9	13.4	13.2
Administrative support, including clerical	15.7	15.9	5.4	5.7	29.3	29.2
ervice occupations	13.6	13.4	9.4	9.3	19.0	18.6
Private household	1.0	.9	(1)	.1	2.2	2.1
Protective service	1.6	1.6	2.4	2.4	.5	.5
Service, except private household and protective	11.1	10.8	7.1	6.8	16.3	16.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	12.4	12.6	19.9	20.6	2.5	2.3
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	16.1	15.9	21.4	21.2	9.1	9.0
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7.6	7.3	8.1	7.8	6.9	6.7
Transportation and material moving occupations	4.2	4.3	6.8	7.0	.8	.7
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.3 4.2	4.3 3.8	6.5 6.1	6.3 5.7	1.5 1.6	1.6 1.5
White						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	93,772 100.0	94,261 100.0	53,897 100.0	53,852 100.0	39,875 100.0	40,409 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	23.9	24.6	25.0	25.1	22.5	23.9
Executive, administrative, and managerial	11.4	11.9	13.4	13.5	8.6	9.7
Professional specialty	12.6	12.6	11.5	11.5	14.0	14.2
echnical, sales, and administrative support	31.5	31.2	19.7	19.6	47.3	46.7
Technicians and related support	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.8	3.3	3.1 13.8
Sales occupations	12.7 15.6	12.5 15.8	11.7 5.1	11.5 5.3	14.1 29.9	29.8
Administrative support, including clerical	12.2	12.0	8.4	8.2	17.3	17.0
Private household	.7	.8	(')	,1	1.7	1.7
Protective service	1.5	1.5	2.2	2.3	.5	.5
Service, except private household and protective	10.0	9.7	6.2	5.9	15.2	14.9
Precision production, craft, and repair	12.8	13.1	20.5	21.2	2.5	2.3
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	15.3	15.2	20.2	20.2	8.6	8.
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7.2	7.0	7.7	7.6	6.4	6.
Transportation and material moving occupations	4.1	4.2	6.5	6.8	.7	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.1 4.3	4.0 4.0	6.0 6.1	5.8 5.8	1.5 1.8	1.9 1.6
Black						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	10,222 100.0	10,641 100.0	5,180 100.0	5,370 100.0	5,042 100.0	5,271 100.0
	14.0	13.5	12.3	11.1	15.7	16.0
Managerial and professional specialty  Executive, administrative, and managerial	6.0	5.8	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.
Professional specialty	8.0	7.7	6.3	5.2	9.7	10.3
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support	25.0	26.8	13.4	15.9	37.0	37.8
Technicians and related support	2.4	3.0	1.4	2.2	3.5	3.8
Sales occupations	5.9	6.9	4.1	5.1	7.8	8.
Administrative support, including clerical	16.7	16.9	7.9	8.6	25.8	25.4
Service occupations	25.3	24.6	18.8	18.6	32.1	30.
Private household	3.2	2.7	-	.1	6.4	5.
Protective service	2.4	2.3	3.9	3.9	.9	24
Service, except private household and protective	19.8	19.6	14.9	14.7	24.8	24.
Precision production, craft, and repair	8.8	9.4	15.0	16.3	2.5 12.2	2. 12.
Degrators, fabricators, and laborers	23.6	22.8 9.8	34.7	32.9 10.5	9.8	9.0
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	10.8 6.1	9.8 5.9	11.8 11.0	10.5	1.0	9.
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.7	7.1	11.9	11.6	1.3	2.0
					1	
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3.2	3.0	5.8	5.1	.5	!

Less than 0.05 percent.

# A-24. Employed civilians by age, sex, and class of worker

(In thousands)

					June 1985		- <del></del>		
			Nonagricultura	al industries	3			Agriculture	
Age and sex		Wage and s	alary workers		0.014	l lamaid	Wood and	C-16	Hanoid
	Total	Private household workers	Government	Other	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers	Wage and salary workers		Unpaid family workers
Total, 16 years and over	96,153	1,318	15,572	79,263	7,725	307	1,845	1,572	217
16 to 19 years	6,553	318	419	5,817	89	21	368	51	62
16 to 17 years		222	145	2,133	54	11	172	37	35
18 to 19 years	1	96	273	3,684	35	10	196	13	27
20 to 24 years		118	1,139	12,297	339	36	343	84	33
25 to 34 years	,	197	4,220	23,923	1,919	62	466	299	27
35 to 44 years	1 .	189	4,331	17,093	2,146	75	306		41
45 to 54 years	1 -	175	3,163	11,061	1,490	65	181		18
55 to 64 years		205	1,992	7,503	1,244	38	119		19
55 to 59 years		110	1,223	4,570	685	20	66		13
60 to 64 years		95	770	2,933	558	18	53		6
65 years and over	1 '	115	308	1,569	498	10	62		17
Men, 16 years and over	52,729	221	7,559	44,949	5,175	46	1,460	1.326	79
16 to 19 years		102	215	3,071	69	12	304		46
16 to 17 years		67	71	1,130	45	7	147	36	29
18 to 19 years		35	144	1,941	24	5	157	13	17
20 to 24 years		25	500	6,513	229	18	289	74	24
25 to 34 years		23	1,980	13,773	1,248	-	357		4
35 to 44 years		13	2,105	9,741	1,379	1	231		
45 to 54 years		12	1,596	6,467	982	8	135		_
55 to 64 years		26	1,012	4,480	913	2	97		1
55 to 59 years	1 '	11	628	2,764	497		49		_'
60 to 64 years		15	384	1,716	417	2	47		1
65 years and over		19	153	904	356	4	46	1	4
Women, 16 years and over	43,424	1,098	8,013	34,314	2,549	261	385	246	138
16 to 19 years		216	204	2,746	20	9	63	_	16
16 to 17 years		155	75	1,003	9	5	25	1	6
18 to 19 years		61	129	1,743	11	5	38	· - '	9
20 to 24 years		92	639	5,784	110	18	54	10	9
25 to 34 years		174	2,241	10,149	671	61	109	1	23
35 to 44 years		176	2,226	7,352	768	74	75		41
45 to 54 years	1 7	164	1,567	4,594	509	57	45		18
55 to 64 years		179	981	3,023	330	36	22		19
55 to 59 years		99	595	1.806	189	20	16		13
60 to 64 years		80	386	1,217	142	16	6		6
65 years and over		96	155	664	142	6	16	21	12

#### A-25. Employed civilians by industry and occupation

(In thousands)

							June 1	985					
		Manager profess speci	sional		ical, sal ministra suppor			rvice pations	Preci-		Operators fabricator and labore	S,	
Industry	Total em- ployed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- gerial	Profes- sional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service <sup>1</sup>	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing
Agriculture	3,634	59	61	25	11	98		11	30	5	53	15	3,266
Mining	992	147	115	50	14	119		5	331	24	164	22	<b>-</b>
Construction	7,215	869	146	73	73	417		23	4,175	92	493	836	17
Manufacturing		2,298	1,708	709	716	2,581		475	4,127	6,637	834	1,097	98
		1,465	1,212	502	272	1,487		265	2,968	3,575	438	537	80
Nondurable goods	8,478	1,009	527	231	510	1,289		210	1,159	3,062	396	560	18
Transportation and public												1	
utilities	7,548	762	431	233	332	1,973		247	1,314	125	1,681	433	18
Wholesale and retail trade	22,540	1,769	406	69	9,233	2,362		4,267	1,464	232	929	1,777	31
Wholesale trade	4,397	437	72	30	1,656	884		27	284	116	494	392	5
Retail trade	18,144	1,332	334	38	7,577	1,478		4,240	1,180	117	435	1,385	26
Finance, insurance, and								ļ					
real estate	6,897	1,610	175	88	1,700	2,789	-	286	116	18	11	20	84
Services		3,531	9,495	1,717	681	5,417	1,018		1,808	719	411	341	563
Private households	1,319	1	6	10	-	9	1,018		6	1	3	18	164
Other service industries	31,378	3,529	9,489	1,706	682	5,408	-	6,916	1,802	718	407	322	399
Professional services	20,569	1,937	8,441	1,406	122	3,889		3,824	388	145	204	86	126
Public administration	5,016	1,091	673	246	41	1,396		1,094	264	35	50	59	66

Includes protective service, not shown separately.

# A-26. Employed civilians with a job but not at work by reason, sex, and pay status

(In thousands)

	A indus		Nonagricultural industries									
December 201			To	tal	V	Vage and sal	ary workers¹					
Reason not working and sex	June	June			Paid ab	sences	Unpaid a	bsences				
	1984	1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985	June 1984	June 1985				
Total, 16 years and over	7,208	7,082	7,072	6,976	3,816	3,890	2,647	2,510				
Vacation	4,990	4,718	4,938	4,682	3,175	3,142	1,454	1,240				
Illness	1,232	1,252	1,184	1,229	431	482	671	646				
Bad weather	19	54	9	32	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)				
Industrial dispute	44	53	44	53	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)				
All other reasons	922	1,005	897	981	210	266	522	624				
Men, 16 years and over	3,183	3,266	3,072	3,188	1,897	1,961	870	942				
Vacation	2,074	2,069	2,036	2,046	1,564	1,565	343	344				
Illness	693	658	645	638	245	271	351	320				
All other reasons <sup>3</sup>	417	540	390	504	87	126	176	278				
Women, 16 years and over	4,025	3,816	4,000	3,788	1,918	1,927	1,778	1,568				
Vacation	2,917	2,649	2,902	2,636	1,611	1,577	1,111	896				
Illness	539	594	539	591	185	211	320	327				
All other reasons <sup>3</sup>	569	572	560	562	122	139	347	345				

Excludes private household workers.
 Pay status not available separately for bad weather and industrial dispute; these categories are included in all other reasons.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes bad weather and industrial dispute, not shown separately. NOTE: Estimates for "all other reasons" by pay status may be biased because of high response variance; data should be used with caution.

#### A-27. Persons at work by hours of work and type of industry

			June	1985					
Hours of work	1	Thousands of p	ersons	Percent distribution					
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultura industries			
Total, 16 years and over	100,737	3,528	97,208	100.0	100.0	100.0			
1 to 34 hours	23,032	984	22,048	22.9	27.9	22.7			
1 to 4 hours	753	43	710	.7	1.2	.7			
5 to 14 hours	3,774	188	3,586	3.7	5.3	3.7			
15 to 29 hours	11,530	477	11,053	11.4	13.5	11.4			
30 to 34 hours	6,975	276	6,699	6.9	7.8	6.9			
95 hours and over	77,704	2,545	75,159	77.1	72.1	77.3			
35 to 39 hours	7,218	146	7,072	7.2	4.1	7.3			
40 hours	42,032	635	41,397	41.7	18.0	42.6			
41 hours and over	28,454	1,764	26,690	28.2	50.0	27.5			
41 to 48 hours	10,518	242	10,276	10.4	6.9	10.6			
49 to 59 hours	9,984	417	9,567	9.9	11.8	9.8			
60 hours and over	7,952	1,105	6,847	7.9	31.3	7.0			
Average hours, total at work	39.5	46.7	39.2	_	_				
Average hours, workers on full-time schedules	43.5	54.3	43.1	-	_	-			

# A-28. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by reason for working less than 35 hours, type of industry, and usual status

			June	1985		_
Decree (second in the OS have		All industries		Nona	Usually work full time  6,707  1,749 1,345 63 222 118 - 4,959 - 1,755 1,131 336 13 113 - 1,611  24.5 25.8	ustries
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	work	Usually work part time
Total, 16 years and over	23,032	7,020	16,012	22,048	6,707	15,341
Economic reasons	6,119	1,857	4,262	5,793	1,749	4,044
Slack work	2,434	1,436	998	2,250	1,345	905
Material shortages or repairs to plant and equipment	66	66	-	63		-
New job started during week	235	235	_	222	222	-
Job terminated during week	119	119	_	118	118	-
Could find only part-time work	3,263	-	3,263	3,138	-	3,138
Other reasons	16,913	5,163	11,750	16,256	4,959	11,297
Does not want, or unavailable for, full-time work	9,473	-	9,473	9,146	-	9,146
Vacation	1,782	1,782	-	1,755	1,755	-
Illness	1,276	1,159	117	1,231	1,131	100
Bad weather	430	430	_	336	336	_
Industrial dispute	13	13	-	13	13	-
Legal or religious holiday	114	114	-	113	113	-
Full time for this job	1,548	_	1,548	1,507	_	1,507
All other reasons	2,277	1,665	612	2,154	1,611	543
Average hours:						1
Economic reasons	22.0	24.4	21.0	22.1	24.5	21.1
Other reasons	21.5	25.8	19.7	21.6	25.8	19.8
Worked 30 to 34 hours:						
Economic reasons	1,895	840	1,055	1,800	799	1,001
Other reasons	5,080	2,628	2,452	4,899	2,540	2,359

# A-29. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and full- or part-time status

					June 198	5			
Indicate.	Tatal	On part	0-		On full-tim	e schedule	s	Average	Average
Industry	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
Total, 16 years and over	97,208	5,793	11,297	80,118	53,428	10,276	16,414	39.2	43.1
Wage and salary workers	89,693	5,244	10,027	74,422	50,838	9,736	13,848	39.0	42.8
Mining	877	19	13	845	439	137	269	45.9	46.8
Construction	5,616	384	263	4,969	3,402	582	985	40.0	42.6
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	19,877 12,050 7,827	654 240 415	525 227 298	18,698 11,583 7,114	12,555 7,591 4,963	2,936 1,912 1,024	3,207 2,080 1,127	41.7 42.4 40.7	42.9 43.1 42.4
Transportation and public utilities	6,663 19,569 5,968	216 1,964 150	294 3,790 495	6,153 13,815 5,323	4,116 8,436 3,871	796 2,137 580	1,241 3,242 872	41.7 37.3 39.7	43.4 43.9 41.9
Service industries Private households All other industries Public administration	26,364 1,262 25,102 4,759	1,795 298 1,497 62	4,420 543 3,877 228	20,149 421 19,728 4,469	14,624 295 14,329 3,393	2,153 39 2,114 415	3,372 87 3,285 661	36.7 23.9 37.3 40.9	41.9 43.6 41.9 42.1
Self-employed workers	7,211 305	526 24	1,146 124	5,539 157	2,502 89	531 9	2,506 59	41.2 33.8	48.3 45.3

# HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-30. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by sex, age, race, marital status, and full- or part-time status

				June	1985			
	T.A.1	On part		On t	full-time sched	dules	Average	Average
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
TOTAL				,				
Total, 16 years and over	97,208	5,793	11,297	80,118	53,428	26,690	39.2	43.1
16 to 19 years	6,388	1,253	2,302	2,833	2,185	648	28.5	40.7
16 to 17 years	2,454	535	1,281	638	497	141	23.0	39.8
18 to 19 years	3,935	719	1,021	2,195	1,689	506	31.9	40.9
20 years and over	90,820	4,540	8,995	77,285	51,242	26.043	39.9	43.2
20 to 24 years	13,293	1,219	1,486	10,588	7,499	3,089	38.2	42.2
25 years and over	77,527	3,321	7,509	66,697	43.742	22,955	40.2	43.4
	50,454	2,192	4,024	44,238	28,543	15,695	40.8	43.5
25 to 44 years	,		1 ' 1					
45 to 64 years65 years and over	24,809 2,264	1,028 102	2,442 1,044	21,339 1,118	14,401 796	6,938 322	40.0 29.7	43.1 42.9
Men, 16 years and over	54,762	2,601	3,227	48,934	29,156	19,778	42.1	44.6
16 to 19 years	3,338	651	1,075	1,612	1,204	408	29.6	41.1
	1,269	272	626				24.0	40.4
16 to 17 years		1		371	290	81		
18 to 19 years	2,069	379	448	1,242	916	326	33.0	41.3
20 years and over	51,424	1,950	2,153	47,321	27,951	19,370	42.9	44.7
20 to 24 years	7,012	641	557	5,814	3,698	2,116	40.0	43.5
25 years and over	44,412	1,309	1,596	41,507	24,254	17,253	43.3	44.9
25 to 44 years	28,654	859	523	27,272	15,547	11,725	44.0	45.1
45 to 64 years	14,440	408	537	13,495	8,217	5,278	43.0	44.5
65 years and over	1,318	43	536	739	488	251	31.9	43.8
Women, 16 years and over	42,446	3,192	8,070	31,184	24,271	6,913	35.4	40.8
16 to 19 years	3,050	603	1,227	1,220	980	240	27.3	40.0
16 to 17 years	1,185	262	654	269	210	59	22.0	39.1
18 to 19 years	1,865	341	573	951	771	180	30.7	40.3
20 years and over	39,396	2,590	6,843	29,963	23,290	6,673	36.1	40.9
20 to 24 years	6,281	578	929	4,774	3,802	972	36.2	40.6
25 years and over	33,115	2,010	5,913	25,192	19,490	5,702	36.1	41.0
25 to 44 years	21,799	1,333	3,501	16,965	12,994	3,971	36.5	41.0
45 to 64 years	10,369	619	1,904	7,846	6,184	1,662	36.0	40.9
65 years and over	946	58	508	380	310	70	26.6	41.2
RACE								
White, 16 years and over	84,804	4,698	10,184	69,922	45,391	24,531	39.3	43.4
Men	48,382	2,073	2,849	43,460	25,128	18,332	42.4	44.9
Women	36,422	2,624	7,335	26,463	20,264	6,199	35.3	40.9
Black, 16 years and over	9,690	948	800	7,942	6,404	1,538	37.7	41.3
Men	4,896	455	247	4,194	3,161	1,033	39.5	42.4
Women	4,794	493	553	3,748	3,243	505	35.9	40.0
MARITAL STATUS								
Men, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	35,160	870	1,142	33,148	18,914	14,234	43.7	45.1
Widowed, divorced, or separated	5,245	255	193	4,797	2,881	1,916	42.7	44.7
Single (never married)	14,357	1,475	1,893	10,989	7,398	3,591	37.8	43.1
Women, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	22,646	1,232	4,925	16,489	13,069	3,420	35.0	40.6
Widowed, divorced, or separated	8,526	699	1,072	6,755	5,056	1,699	37.3	41.4
Single (never married)	11,274	1,260	2,073	7,941	6,147	1,794	34.8	40.9
J (	,=. ,	,,200	_,	',0 ''		1	1	

# A-31. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and full- or part-time status

			,	,	June 198	5			
			0-	(	On full-tim	e schedule	s		Average
Occupation and sex	Total at work	On part time for economic reasons	On volun- tary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	Average hours, total at work	hours, workers on full- time sched- ules
Total, 16 years and over	96,733	5,709	11,190	79,834	53,161	10,248	16,424	39.2	43.2
Managerial and professional specialty  Executive, administrative, and managerial  Professional specialty  Technical, sales, and administrative support	11,566 11,458	422 125 297 1,485	1,826 555 1,270 4,800	20,776 10,886 9,890 24,983	12,288 5,854 6,433 17,638	2,489 1,387 1,102 3,022	6,000 3,645 2,355 4,322	42.1 44.4 39.8 38.0	44.5 45.8 43.0 42.3
Technicians and related support Sales occupations Administrative support, including clerical	3,038 12,110 16,120	69 839 577	298 2,143 2,359	2,671 9,129 13,184	1,937 4,944 10,758	365 1,237 1,420	369 2,948 1,005	39.3 39.3 36.7	41.7 45.4 40.3 42.1
Service occupations Private household Protective service Service, except private household and protective	966 1,622 10,888	1,887 215 69 1,604	3,156 423 128 2,605	8,432 328 1,425 6,679	6,284 226 892 5,166	890 34 197 658	1,258 67 335 856	33.8 24.6 42.1 33.4	43.7 45.0 41.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	16,045 7,476	626 1,289 480 282	455 953 229 204	11,840 13,802 6,767 3,745	7,711 9,240 4,897 1,901	1,812 2,036 1,007 591	2,318 2,526 864 1,253	41.6 40.2 40.2 43.9	43.3 43.1 42.0 46.9
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers  Men, 16 years and over	4,338	528 2,510	520 3,100	3,290 48,604	2,443 28,863	439 6,837	409 12,904	36.5 42.2	41.3
Managerial and professional specialty		199	516	12,973	6,708	1,601	4,664	44.8	46.3
Executive, administrative, and managerial Professional specialty	7,471	82 117	205 310	7,183 5,790	3,393 3,315	911 690	2,879 1,785	46.3 43.1	47.3 44.9
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support Sales occupations	11,170 1,610	311 21 185	817 68 530	10,042 1,520 5,610	5,622 1,012 2,510	1,454 225 794	2,966 283 2,305	42.6 41.6 44.4	45.2 42.8 47.5
Administrative support, including clerical Service occupations Private household	3,236 5,390	105 576	219 775 8	2,912 4,039 15	2,100 2,808 13	435 467	377 764	39.7 37.7 (')	41.8 43.4 (¹)
Protective service Service, except private household and protective Precision production, craft, and repair	3,962 11,905	50 516 567	92 676 341	1,254 2,771 10,997	761 2,033 7,078	181 286 1,699	311 452 2,220	43.1 36.0 41.9	45.5 42.5 43.5
Operators, fabricators, and laborers  Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors  Transportation and material moving occupations  Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,495 3,937	857 174 237 446	652 99 140 413	10,553 4,223 3,561 2,769	6,646 2,842 1,791 2,013	1,616 668 558 390	2,291 713 1,212 366	41.1 41.6 44.6 36.7	43.9 42.8 47.0 41.6
Women, 16 years and over	, ,	3,199	8,090	31,230	24,299	3,411	3,520	35.4	40.9
Managerial and professional specialty	4,096	222 43 180	1,310 350 960	7,803 3,703 4,100	5,579 2,461 3,118	888 476 412	1,336 766 570	38.0 40.9 35.8	41.6 43.0 40.3
Technical, sales, and administrative support	20,099 1,428 5,787	1,174 48 654	3,984 230 1,613	14,941 1,150 3,519	12,016 925 2,434	1,568 140 443	1,357 86 643	35.4 36.8 33.7	40.5 40.2 42.1
Administrative support, including clerical	8,085 933	472 1,312 204 20	2,140 2,381 415 36	10,272 4,393 313 171	8,658 3,477 213 131	985 423 34 16	628 494 66 23	36.0 31.3 24.5 36.5	39.9 40.8 43.8 41.5
Service, except private household and protective Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers	6,926 1,016	1,088 59 432	1,929 114 301	3,909 843 3,250	3,132 632 2,594	372 113 420	404 98 235	32.0 38.2 37.4	40.6 41.6 40.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	2,980 294	306 45 81	130 65 107	2,544 184 521	2,055 110 429	339 33 49	151 42 43	38.1 34.7 35.3	40.5 44.7 40.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

#### A-32. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Frankriment status and ann				1984						19	85		
Employment status and sex	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
TOTAL													
Noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	177,974	178,138	178,295	178,483	178,661	178,834	179,004	179,081	179,219	179,368	179,501	179,649	179,798
Labor force'	115,309	115,566	115,341	115,484	115,721	115,773	116,162	116,572	116,787	117,215	117,073	117,078	116,485
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>		64.9	64.7	64.7	64.8	64.7	64.9	65.1	65.2	65.3	65.2	65.2	64.8
Total employed1	107,081	107,075	106,860	107,114	107,354	107,631	107,971	108,088	108,388	108,820	108,647	108,665	108,072
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>	60.2	60.1	59.9	60.0	60.1	60.2	60.3	60.4	60.5	60.7	60.5	60.5	60.1
Resident Armed Forces		1.698	1.712	1.720	1.705	1.699	1.698	1.697	1.703	1,701	1,702	1.705	1,702
Civilian employed		105.377	105,148	105.394	105,649	105,932	106.273	106,391	106,685	107,119	106,945	106,960	106,370
Agriculture		3,333	3,264	3,319	3,169	3,334	3,385	3,320	3,340	3,362	3,428	3,312	3,138
Nonagricultural industries			101,884		102,480		102,888	103,071		103,757	103,517		, ,
Unemployed		8,491	8,481	8,370	8,367	8,142	8,191	8,484	8,399	8,396	8,426	8.413	8,413
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>		7.3	7.4	7.2	7.2	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2
Not in labor force			62,954		62,940		62,842	62,509		62,153			63,313
Not in labor loice	02,003	02,372	02,334	02,333	02,540	00,001	02,042	02,303	02,402	02,133	02,420	02,571	00,510
Men													
Noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	85,101	85,179	85,257	85,352	85,439	85,523	85,607	85,629	85,692	85,764	85,827	85,898	85,970
Labor force <sup>1</sup>	65,348	65,412	65,357	65,589	65,558	65,657	65,814	65,822	65.818	65,923	65,986	66,032	65,608
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>	76.8	76.8	76.7	76.8	76.7	76.8	76.9	76.9	76.8	76.9	76.9	76.9	76.3
Total employed <sup>1</sup>	60,758	60,687	60,766	60,959	61,018	61,155	61,252	61,213	61,226	61,427	61,405	61,553	60.959
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>	71.4	71.2	71.3	71.4	71.4	71.5			71.4	71.6	71.5	71.7	70.9
Resident Armed Forces		1.551	1.563	1.571	1.557	1.552			1,554	1.553		1.556	1.552
Civilian employed				59,388	59,461	59,603	.,		59,672	59,874	,	59,997	59,407
Unemployed			4,591	4,630	4,540	4,502			4,592	4,495	4,582	4,479	
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>			7.0	7.1	6.9	6.9		7.0	7.0	6.8	6.9	6.8	
Not in labor force	19,753		19,900		19,881	19,866			19,874		19,841	19,866	
Women													
Noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	92.873	92,958	93.039	93,132	93,222	93,311	93,397	93,452	93.527	93.603	93,674	93,751	93.828
Labor force <sup>1</sup>		50,154		49.895	50,163	50,116		50,750	50,970		51,086	51,047	50,877
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>	53.8			53.6	53.8	53.7	53.9	54.3	54.5		54.5	54.4	54.2
Total employed			46.094	46.155	46,336	46,476		46,875	47,162	47,392	47,242	47,113	
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>			1 '	49.6	40,336	49.8	1 '		50.4	1 '		50.3	
Resident Armed Forces			149.5		148	147		-	149		149	149	1
Civilian employed					46.188	46,329		46,727	47.013				
					3.827	,			3,807	3,900		3,934	
Unemployed		3,766				3,640							
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>			7.8		7.6								
Not in labor force	42,912	42,804	43,055	43,237	43,059	43,195	43,049	42,702	42,557	42,310	42,568	42,704	42,931

<sup>1</sup> Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

Armed Forces).

NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-32 through A-41 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

<sup>2</sup> Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.
3 Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.
4 Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

A-33. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,	1			1984						19	85		
sex, and age	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
TOTAL	1												
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>													
Civilian labor force	113,619	113,868	113,629	113,764	114,016	114,074	114,464	114,875	115,084	115,514	115,371	115,373	114,783
Percent of population		64.5	64.3	64.4	64.4	64.4	64.6	64.8	64.8	65.0	64.9	64.8	64.5
Employed								106,391	106,685	107,119	106,945		
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		59.7	59.5		59.7	59.8		60.0	60.1	60.3		60.1	59.7
Unemployed		8,491	8,481	8,370	8,367	8,142		8,484	8,399	8,396	8,426		8,413
Unemployment rate	7.2	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3
Men, 20 years and over	! !												
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>		76,269			76,565	76,663		76,760	76,829	76,904	76,988		77,135
Civilian labor force		59,730	59,771	59,892	59,913	59,994			60,061	60,152		60,214	60,100
Percent of population		78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3		78.2	78.2	78.2	78.2	78.1	77.9
Employed		55,846		56,075	56,182	56,269		56,234	56,287	56,421	56,370		56,209
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		73.2	73.3	73.3	73.4	73.4	73.4	73.3	73.3	73.4	73.2	73.4	72.9
Agriculture		2,444	2,406	2,414	2,334	2,434	,	2,417	2,362	2,326	2,390	2,370	2,266
Nonagricultural industries		53,402			53,848	53,835		53,817	53,926	54,095			53,944
Unemployed		3,884	3,836		3,731	3,725		3,798	3,774	3,731	3,807	3,651	3,891
Unemployment rate		6.5	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.2	6.3	6.1	6.5
Not in labor force	16,508	16,539	16,579	16,559	16,652	16,669	16,622	16,727	16,768	16,752	16,811	16,854	17,035
Women, 20 years and over							}			ĺ	<u> </u>		
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	85,380	85,488		85,688	,	85,897			86,086	86,181	86,274	86,380	86,477
Civilian labor force	45,958	46,131	46,092		46,264	46,279			46,894	47,193		47,077	47,180
Percent of population		54.0	53.9	53.6	53.9	53.9			54.5	54.8	54.7	54.5₁	
Employed	42,986	43,001	42,878	42,906	43,091	43,252		43,610			43,958	43,846	
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		50.3	50.1	50.1	50.2	50.4	50.6		50.8	51.1	51.0	50.8	50.9
Agriculture		580	573	590	569	580		592	614	659	651	597	558
Nonagricultural industries		42,421	42,305	_,		42,672			-, -		, ,	43,249	43,474
Unemployed		3,130			3,173	3,027	2,952		3,126			3,231	3,148
Unemployment rate		6.8	7.0	6.6	6.9	6.5	1	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.7
Not in labor force	39,422	39,357	39,489	39,738	39,529	39,618	39,532	39,244	39,192	38,988	39,119	39,303	39,297
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										:			
Civilian noninstitutional population'		14,683	, ,	, ,	14,598	14,575		14,610	, ,				14,483
Civilian labor force		8,007	7,766		7,839	7,801	7,870		8,129			8,082	7,502
Percent of population		54.5	53.0		53.7	53.5		55.2	55.7	56.0		55.8	51.8
Employed	6,544	6,530	6,335	6,413	6,376	6,411	6,390	6,547	6,630	6,684		6,551	6,128
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	44.4	44.5	43.2		43.7	44.0	1	44.8	45.4	45.8	1	45.2	42.3
Agriculture		309	285	315	266	320		311	364	377	387	345 6,206	313 5,815
Nonagricultural industries		6,221	6,050		6,110	6,091	6,094	6,236	6,266	6,307	6,230		
Unemployed Unemployment rate	1,449 18.1	1,477 18.4	1,431	1,509	1,463	1,390	1,480 18.8	1,525	1,499 18.4	1,485 18.2		1,531 18.9	1,374 18.3
Not in labor force	6.735	6.676	18.4 6.887	19.0 6.702	18.7 6.759	17.8 6.774	6.687	6.538	6,471	6,413	1	1	6.981
	0,755	0,076	0,007	0,702	0,739	, 5,,,,4	0,007	0,336	0,471	0,413	0,433	0,714	5,551

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
 Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

population.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, age, and				1984						19	B5		
Hispanic origin	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	152,295 98,690	152,286 98,627	152,402 98,223	152,471 98,426	152,605 98,631	152,659 98,630	152,734 99,005	153,103 99,496		153,296 100,035	153,388 99,805	153,489 99,768	153,597 99,441
Percent of population	64.8	64.8	64.4	64.6	64.6	64.6	64.8	65.0	65.1	65.3	65.1	65.0	64.7
Employed	92,516	92,389	91,951	92,177	92,407	92,587	92,884	93,124	93,552	93,785	93,544	93,539	92,990
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	60.7	60.7	60.3	60.5	60.6	60.6	60.8	60.8	61.1	61.2	61.0	60.9	60.5
Unemployed	6,174	6,238	6,272	6,249	6,224	6,043	6,121	6,372	6,159	6,250	6,262	6,230	6,451
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.5
Men, 20 years and over							!						
Civilian labor force	52,524	52,393	52,392	52,494	52,508	52,586	52,695	52,727	52,750	52,823	52,866	52,853	52,798
Percent of population		78.6	78.6	78.7	78.6	78.7	78.8	78.6	78.6	78.6	78.6	78.5	78.4
Employed	49,662	49,509	49,497	49,604	49,667	49,745	49,840	49,808	49,907	49,995	49,970	50,098	49,732
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	74.5	74.3	74.3	74.4	74.4	74.5	74.5	74.3	74.4	74.4	74.3	74.4	73.8
Unemployed		2,884	2,895	2,890	2,841	2,841	2,855	2,918	2,843	2,828	2,896	2,756	3,066
Unemployment rate	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.8
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	39,172	39,282	39,130	39,014	39,271	39,237	39,434	39,789	39,925	40,158	40,024	39,961	40,102
Percent of population		53.4	53.1	52.9	53.2	53.2	53.4	53.7	53.9	54.1	53.9	53.8	53.9
Employed			36,827	36,784	36,979	37,063			37,681		37,686	37,609	37,759
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		50.3	50.0	49.9	50.1	50.2	50.4	50.6	50.8	51.0	50.8	50.6	50.8
Unemployed	2,204	2,295	2,303	2,230	2,292	2,174	2,175	2,348	2,244	2,360	2,338	2,352	2,343
Unemployment rate	5.6	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.9	5.6	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	6,994	6,952	6,701	6,918	6,852	6,807	6,876	6,981	7,036	7,054	6,915	6,954	6,541
Percent of population	57.7	57.5	55.5	57.4	56.9	56.6	57.3	58.2	58.8	59.1	58.0	58.5	55.0
Employed	5,886	5,893	5,627	5,789	5,761	5,779	5,785	5,876	5,964	5,992	5,888	5,832	5,499
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	48.5	48.7	46.6	48.0	47.8	48.1	48.2	49.0	49.8	50.2	49.4	49.0	
Unemployed		1,059	1,074	1,129	1,091	1,028	1,091	1,105	1,072	1,062	1,027	1,122	
Unemployment rate		15.2	16.0	16.3	15.9	15.1	15.9	15.8	15.2		14.9	16.1	15.9
Men		17.4	16.7	17.0	16.6	16.2		15.9		1	15.3	16.8	
Women	15.1	12.9	15.4	15.5	15.2	13.9	15.5	15.8	13.4	14.9	14.3	15.3	15.1
BLACK													
Civilian noninstitutional population1				19,416	19,449	19,481					19,594	19,620	
Civilian labor force			1 '	12,082	12,208						12,403	12,370	
Percent of population			62.6		62.8	63.0		63.1	63.0		63.3	63.0	
Employed								1					
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>			52.7	52.8	53.2				52.7		53.6	53.2	
Unemployed Unemployment rate		2,004 16.6	1,920 15.8	1,822 15.1	1,868 15.3	1,850 15.1	1,844 15.0	1 '	1 .		1,894 15.3	1,932 15.6	
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	5,654	5,709	5,718	5,697	5,739	5,729	5,762	5,699	5,735	5,683	5,713	5,731	5,725
Percent of population							1 '						
Employed				1	4,970		1					4,954	
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>				64.5								64.2	
Unemployed	826			770									1
Unemployment rate	. 14.6	II .	1	13.5			1	12.7	14.4	13.3	13.6	13.6	12.2
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	. 5,474	5,525	5,589	5,538	5,601	5,704	5,703	5,709	5,671	5,684	5,767	5,716	5,714
Percent of population			1			1 '						58.6	58.5
Employed						1		4,977	4,881	4,953	5,008	4,934	5,010
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	. 50.0										51.5		
Unemployed		762	771	697	750								
Unemployment rate		13.8	13.8	12.6	13.4	13.5	12.7	12.8	13.9	12.9	13.2	13.7	12.3
			L	1		1	L					l	L

See footnotes at end of table.

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,				1984						19	85		
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Маг.	Apr.	Мау	June
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force Percent of population Employed Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup> Unemployed Unemployed Unemployment rate Men	831 38.5 523 24.2 308 37.1 38.2	849 39.4 490 22.7 359 42.3	835 38.8 490 22.8 345 41.3 40.5	847 39.5 492 22.9 355 41.9 41.0	868 40.5 519 24.2 349 40.2 43.8	843 39.4 496 23.2 347 41.2 42.0	841 39.4 487 22.8 354 42.1 43.8	907 41.7 525 24.1 382 42.1 45.3	904 41.6 514 23.7 390 43.1 41.1	913 42.1 530 24.4 383 41.9 40.9	923 42.6 563 26.0 360 39.0 38.5	923 42.7 550 25.5 373 40.4 38.4	830 38.4 514 23.8 316 38.1 40.7
WomenHISPANIC ORIGIN	35.8	42.2	42.2	43.0	36.2	40.2	40.1	38.5	45.3	43.1	39.5	42.5	35.2
Civilian noninstitutional population¹  Civilian labor force  Percent of population  Employed  Employed  Unemployed  Unemployment rate	11,148 7,267 65.2 6,519 58.5 748 10.3	11,180 7,264 65.0 6,503 58.2 761 10.5	11,209 7,299 65.1 6,521 58.2 778 10.7	11,240 7,353 65.4 6,573 58.5 780 10.6	11,270 7,384 65.5 6,574 58.3 810 11.0	11,301 7,394 65.4 6,636 58.7 758 10.3	11,332 7,472 65.9 6,698 59.1 774 10.4	11,363 7,255 63.8 6,487 57.1 768 10.6	11,394 7,330 64.3 6,621 58.1 709 9.7	11,425 7,365 64.5 6,615 57.9 750 10.2	11,457 7,336 64.0 6,577 57.4 759 10.3	11,485 7,330 63.8 6,546 57.0 784 10.7	11,514 7,416 64.4 6,629 57.6 787 10.6

<sup>1</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### A-35. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Ontro				1984						19	85		
Category	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total	105.391	105.377	105.148	105.394	105.649	105.932	106.273	106.391	106.685	107.119	106.945	106,960	106,370
Married men, spouse present		39,123	39.073	39,071	39,054	39,337	39,443		39,357	39,531	39,434		38,897
Married women, spouse present		25,719			25,897	25,995	26,122				26,058	1 1	26,130
Women who maintain families		5,626			5,378	5,396	5,396		5,525	5,631	5,622	5,683	5,696
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER							ļ						
Agriculture:													
Wage and salary workers	1,578	1,519	1,453	1,565	1,511	1,593	1,733	1,596	1,611	1,610	1,705	1,611	1.538
Self-employed workers	1,566	1,513	1,562	1,555	1,487	1,555	1,485	1,531	1,503	1,502	1,491		1,446
Unpaid family workers	211	220	209	1,555	187	204	212	227	242	263	231	196	154
Nonagricultural industries:			203	133	107	204	212		272		201	.00	
Wage and salary workers	93,845	93,768	93,680	94,140	94,415	94,442	94,725	95,068	95,348	95,756	95,617	95,772	95,229
Government	15,713	15.639	15.758	15,881	15,997	15.785	15,858	15.738	16.009	16.004	15.968	15,905	15,988
Private industries	78,132	78,129	77,922	78,259	78,418	78,657	78,867	79,330	79,339	79,752		79,866	79.242
Private households	1,297	1,238	1,199	1,198	1.213	1.228	1,257	1,374	1,304	1,210		1.259	1,204
Other industries		76,891	76,723	77,061	77,205	77,429	77,610	77,956	78,035	78,542		78,607	78,038
Self-employed workers	7,815	7,744	7.807	7,752	7,782	7,731	7,786	7,783	7,673	7,809		7,665	7,694
Unpaid family workers	347	318	321	318	314	357	357	343	340	320	1 '	283	292
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME											ļ		
All industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	5,831	5,759	5,582	5,690	5,710	5,623	5,814	5,628	5,335	5,664	5,664	5,912	5,533
Slack work	2,326	2,373	2,371	2,461	2,514	2,449	2,596	2,431	2,212	2,599	2,580	2,658	2,543
Could only find part-time work	2.984	2.832	2.743	2,943	2.879	2.855	2.873	2,848	2,835	2,744	2,755	2,888	2,706
Voluntary part time	13,090	13,248	13,210	13,144	13,126	13,142	13,239	13,355	13,647	13,624	13,278	12,905	13,398
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	5,549	5,482	5,384	5,449	5,483	5,413	5,596	5,389	5,077	5,400	5,374		5,257
Slack work	2,160	2,214	2,254	2,306	2,364	2,319	2,473	2,287	2,040	2,405	2,390	2,457	2,341
Could only find part-time work	2,911	2,756	2,675	2,847	2,821	2,782	2,793	2,749	2,751	2,649	2,668	2,803	2,646
Voluntary part time	12,621	12,786	12,747	12,669	12,679	12,670	12,778	12.861	13,157	13,137	12,834	12,483	12,970

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

# HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# A-36. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Sex and age			_	1984						19	85		
Sex and age	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
Total, 16 years and over	105,391	105,377	105,148	105,394	105,649	105,932	106,273	106,391	106,685	107,119	106,945	106,960	106,370
6 to 24 years	20,982	20,797	20,349	20,584	20,647	20,721	20.673	20,716	20,705	20.685	20.678	20.521	20,069
16 to 19 years	6,544	6,530	6,335	6,413	6,376	6,411	6.390		6.630	6.684	6.617	6.551	6.128
16 to 17 years	2,434	2,429	2.336	2,480	2.418	2,415	2.432	2,513	2.584	2,596	2,527	2,532	2,377
18 to 19 years	4,124	4.080	3,923	3,964	3,972	3,968	3,970	4,038	4.041	4,097	4,080	4,027	3,768
20 to 24 years	14,438	14,267	14,014	14,171	14,271	14,310	14,283	14,169	14,074	14.001	14,061	13,969	13,940
5 years and over			84,783		84,995	85,203	85.562	85.664	85.910	86,487	86.301	86,413	86,424
25 to 54 years			70,567	70,563	70,859	71,006	71,294	71.508	71,634	71,978	72,023	72,038	
55 years and over	14,206		14,202	14,255	14,142	14,191	14,252		14,239	14,492		14,274	14,312
Men, 16 years and over	59,213	59,136	59,203	59,388	59,461	59,603	59,702	59,664	59,672	59,874	59,852	59,997	59,407
6 to 24 years	11,063	10,853	10,738	10,870	10,882	10,955	10,898	10,870	10,749	10.785	10,889	10.789	10,482
16 to 19 years	3,352	3,290	3,268	3,313	3,279	3.334	3.330		3,385	3,454	3,481	3,434	3,198
16 to 17 years		1,211	1,167	1,319	1,249	1,258	1,286	1,317	1,329	1.327	1,369	1,342	1,222
18 to 19 years	2,112	2,065	2,040	2,025	2.039	2,058	2,052	2.104	2,045		2,107	2,105	1.987
20 to 24 years	7.711	7,563	7,470	7,557	7,603	7,621	7,568	7,440	7.364	7,332	7,408	7,355	, ,
5 years and over	48,211	48,288	48,447	48,513	48,564	48,644	48,770		48,862		49.027	49.198	
25 to 54 years	39.863	39.893	40,035	40,109	40,226	40,300	40,384	40,357	40,455		40,565	, , ,	
55 years and over	8,390		8,394	8,430	8,362	8,341	8,365		8,401	8,579			
Women, 16 years and over	46,178	46,241	45,945	46,006	46,188	46,329	46,571	46,727	47,013	47,244	47,093	46,964	46,963
6 to 24 years	9.919	9.944	9,611	9.714	9,765	9.766	9,775	9.846	9.956	9.899	9.789	9.732	9.586
16 to 19 years		3,240	3.067	3,100	3.097	3,077	3,060	3,117	3,246	3.230	3.135	3.118	2.931
16 to 17 years		1.218	1,169	1,161	1,169	1,157	1,146	1,196	1.255	1,269	1,158	1,190	1.155
18 to 19 years		2.015	1,883	1,939	1,933	1.910	1,918	1,934	1,996	1.985	1,973	1.922	1.781
20 to 24 years	6,727	6,704	6,544	6,614	6,668	6.689	6,715	6.729	6.710			6.614	6.656
5 years and over	36,288		36,336			36,559	36,792	36,874	37,048		1 '		
25 to 54 years	30,489		30,532		30,633	30,706	30,910		31,179				
55 years and over	5,816	5,844	5,808	5,825	5,780	5,850	5,887	5,802	5,839	5,913	5,856	5,865	

# A-37. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

•				1984						19	85		
Sex and age	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
Total, 16 years and over	8,228	8,491	8,481	8,370	8,367	8,142	8,191	8,484	8,399	8,396	8,426	8,413	8,413
16 to 24 years	3,199	3,285	3,284	3,336	3,225	3,147	3,230	3,251	3,281	3,236	3,161	3,394	3,138
16 to 19 years	1,449	1,477	1,431	1,509	1,463	1,390	1,480	1,525	1,499	1,485	1,422	1,531	1,374
16 to 17 years	613	635	630	656	613	604	646	675	648	685	660	678	639
18 to 19 years	832	816	784	852	858	802	854	848	851	811	767	845	729
20 to 24 years	1,750	1,808	1,853	1,827	1,762	1,757	1,750	1,726	1,782	1,751	1,739	1,863	1,764
25 years and over	5,069	5,202	5,155	5,070	5,109	4,998	4,965	5,233	5,116	5,149	5,263	5,044	5,321
25 to 54 years	4,342	4,576	4,513	4,421	4,422	4,350	4,354	4,606	4,519	4,543	4,642	4,402	4,640
55 years and over	666	663	672	667	701	649	615	631	580	599	599	639	635
Men, 16 years and over	4,590	4,725	4,591	4,630	4,540	4,502	4,562	4,609	4,592	4,495	4,582	4,479	4,649
16 to 24 years	1,784	1,838	1,788	1,861	1,742	1,735	1,789	1,745	1,806	1,734	1,716	1,878	1,746
16 to 19 years	783	841	755	813	809	777	803	811	818	764	775	828	758
16 to 17 years		354	333	350	338	320	318	354	346	378	374	382	386
18 to 19 years		469	406	466	476	462	490	461	466	392	406	444	381
20 to 24 years		997	1.033	1.048	933	958	986	934	988	970	941	1,050	988
25 years and over	2,806	2,863	2,810	2,805	2,794	2,777	2.785	2.853	2,775	2,750	2,865	2,608	2,902
25 to 54 years	2,405	2,477	2,404	2,393	2,381	2,372	2,393	2,484	2,418	2,401	2,516	2,245	2,505
55 years and over		404	408	426	411	409	388		352	339	344	356	397
Women, 16 years and over	3,638	3,766	3,890	3,740	3,827	3,640	3,629	3,875	3,807	3,900	3,844	3,934	3,764
16 to 24 years	1,415	1,447	1,496	1,475	1,483	1,412	1,441	1,506	1,475	1,502	1,445	1,516	1,392
16 to 19 years	666	636	676	696	654	613	677	714	681	721	647	703	616
16 to 17 years		281	297	306	275	284	328	321	302	307	286	296	253
18 to 19 years		347	378	386	382	340	364	387	385	419	361	401	348
20 to 24 years		811	820	779	829	799	764	792	794	781	798	813	776
25 years and over		2,339	2,345	2,265	2,315	2,221	2.180	2,380	2,341	2,399	2,398	2,436	2,419
25 to 54 years	I -/- I	2,099	2,109		2,041	1,978		1 '	2,100	2,142	2,126	2,157	2,136
55 years and over		259	264		290	240	227		229	260		283	237

A-38. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

				1984						19	85		
Sex and age	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June
Total, 16 years and over	7.2	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3
16 to 24 years	13.2	13.6	13.9	13.9	13.5	13.2	13.5	13.6	13.7	13.5	13.3	14.2	13.5
16 to 19 years	18.1	18.4	18.4	19.0	18.7	17.8	18.8	18.9	18.4	18.2	17.7	18.9	18.3
16 to 17 years	20.1	20.7	21.2	20.9	20.2	20.0	21.0	21.2	20.0	20.9	20.7	21.1	21.2
18 to 19 years	16.8	16.7	16.7	17.7	17.8	16.8	17.7	17.4	17.4	16.5	15.8	17.3	16.2
20 to 24 years	10.8	11.2	11.7	11.4	11.0	10.9	10.9	10.9	11.2	11.1	11.0	11.8	11.2
25 years and over	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.8	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.5	5.8
25 to 54 years	5.8	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.8	6.1	5.9	5.9	6.1	5.8	6.0
55 years and over	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.4	4.1	4.2	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.3	4.2
Men, 16 years and over	7.2	7.4	7.2	7.2	7,1	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.1	6.9	7.3
16 to 24 years	13.9	14.5	14.3	14.6	13.8	13.7	14.1	13.8	14.4	13.9	13.6	14.8	14.3
16 to 19 years	18.9	20.4	18.8	19.7	19.8	18.9	19.4	19.1	19.5	18.1	18.2	19.4	19.2
16 to 17 years	22.4	22.6	22.2	21.0	21.3	20.3	19.8	21.2	20.7	22.2	21.5	22.2	24.0
18 to 19 years	17.0	18.5	16.6	18.7	18.9	18.3	19.3	18.0	18.6	15.7	16.2	17.4	16.1
20 to 24 years	11.5	11.6	12.1	12.2	10.9	11.2	11.5	11.2	11.8	11.7	11.3	12.5	11.9
25 years and over	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.0	5.6
25 to 54 years	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.2	5.8
55 years and over	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.4	4.3	4.0	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.5
Women, 16 years and over	7.3	7.5	7.8	7.5	7.7	7.3	7.2	7.7	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.7	7.4
16 to 24 years	12.5	12.7	13.5	13.2	13.2	12.6	12.8	13.3	12.9	13.2	12.9	13.5	12.7
16 to 19 years	17.3	16.4	18.1	18.3	17.4	16.6	18.1	18.6	17.3	18.2	17.1	18.4	17.4
16 to 17 years	17.6	18.7	20.3	20.9	19.0	19.7	22.3	21.2	19.4	19.5	19.8	19.9	18.0
18 to 19 years	16.5	14.7	16.7	16.6	16.5	15.1	16.0	16.7	16.2	17.4	15.5	17.3	16.3
20 to 24 years	10.0	10.8	11.1	10.5	11.1	10.7	10.2	10.5	10.6	10.5	10.7	10.9	10.4
25 years and over	5.9	6.0	6.1	5.9	6.0	5.7	5.6	6.1	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.1
25 to 54 years	6.0	6.4	6.5	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.3
55 years and over	4.5	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.8	3.9	3.7	4.2	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.6	3.9

# A-39. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

0.1				1984						19	85		
Category	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total (all civilian workers)	7.2	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3
Men, 20 years and over	6.4	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.2	6.3	6.1	6.5
Women, 20 years and over		6.8	7.0	6.6	6.9	6.5	6.4	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		18.4	18.4	19.0	18.7	17.8	18.8	18.9	18.4	18.2	17.7	18.9	18.3
White	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.5
Black and other	13.7	14.8	14.3	13.8	13.8	13.7	13.6	13.7	14.6	13.9	13.9	14.1	12.8
Black	15.2	16.6	15.8	15.1	15.3	15.1	15.0	14.9	16.3	15.2	15.3	15.6	14.0
Hispanic origin	10.3	10.5	10.7	10.6	11.0	10.3	10.4	10.6	9.7	10.2	10.3	10.7	10.6
Married men, spouse present	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.4	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.6
Married women, spouse present	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.4	5.4	5.7	5.4	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.9
Women who maintain families	9.8	9.8	10.3	10.1	10.4	10.8	9.6	10.0	11.0	10.2	10.8	10.9	9.8
Full-time workers	6.7	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.1	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.8
Part-time workers		9.6	9.6	9.3	9.1	8.6	8.8	9.3	8.7	9.6	9.7	10.3	9.9
Unemployed 15 weeks and over	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	2.0
Labor force time lost <sup>2</sup>	8.4	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.4	8.2	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.3	8.2
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	7.0	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.2	7.4
Mining	7.5	7.7	10.2	8.6	10.5	11.7	10.7	10.1	10.9	11.0	10.9	7.3	11.1
Construction	14.6	14.6	14.1	13.9	13.7	14.2	13.7	13.4	13.4	13.3	13.3	10.2	13.7
Manufacturing		7.5	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.6	7.5	7.7	8.0	7.8	7.7
Durable goods		6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.4	7.8	7.8	8.0
Nondurable goods		8.5	8.1	8.1	7.8	7.4	7.2	8.1	8.2	8.1	8.3	7.7	7.4
Transportation and public utilities		5.9	5.9	5.9	5.3	5.2	5.0	4.9	5.5	4.6	5.4	5.2	5.3
Wholesale and retail trade	7.3	7.8	7.7	8.0	7.9	7.6	7.5	7.7	7.7	7.5	7.3	7.9	7.7
Finance and service industries	5.5	5.9	6.0	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.7	6.2	5.8
Agricultural wage and salary workers	12.3	14.3	13.1	14.7	13.7	11.2	12.2	15.5	13.6	12.2	13.1	11.5	12.1

for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.
 Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time

# HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# A-40. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Weeks of unemployment				1984						19	85		
——————————————————————————————————————	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
DURATION													
Less than 5 weeks	3,229	3,409	3.513	3,313	3,395	3,352	3,282	3,662	3,524	3,590	3.558	3,659	3,458
5 to 14 weeks	2,303	2,449	2,406	2,533	2,406	2,324	2,516	2.552	2,469	2,478	2,525	2,635	2,547
15 weeks and over	2,630	2,672	2,621	2,605	2,527	2,428	2,374	2.243	2,416	2,400	2,377	2,247	2,317
15 to 26 weeks	1,012	1,088	1,116	1,106	1,092	990	972	941	1,076	1,065	1,022	1,040	1,011
27 weeks and over	1,618	1,584	1,505	1,499	1,435	1,438	1,402	1,302	1,340	1,335	1,354	1,207	1,306
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	18.1	18.0	17.6	17.3	16.7	17.4	17.3	15.3	15.9	15.9	16.1	14.9	15.4
Median duration, in weeks	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.3	7.3	7.4	6.7	7.2	7.1	6.7	6.2	6.6
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	39.6	40.0	41.1	39.2	40.8	41.4	40.2	43.3	41.9	42.4	42.1	42.8	41.5
5 to 14 weeks	28.2	28.7	28.2	30.0	28.9	28.7	30.8	30.2	29.4				
15 weeks and over	32.2	31.3	30.7	30.8	30.3	30.0	29.1	26.5	28.7	29.3 28.3	29.8 28.1	30.8 26.3	30.6
15 to 26 weeks	12.4	12.8	13.1	13.1	13.1	12.2	11.9	11.1	12.8				27.8
27 weeks and over	19.8	18.6	17.6	17.7	17.2	17.7	17.2	15.4	15.9	12.6 15.8	12.1 16.0	12.2 14.1	12.2 15.7

# A-41. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

				1984						19	85		
Reasons for unemployment	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers	4,271	4,475	4,227	4,188	4,261	4,141	4,176	4,313	4,251	4,158	4,228	3,935	4,128
On layoff	1,162	1,165	1,146	1,110	1,151	1,068	1,070	1,229	1,240	1,163	1,208	1,059	1,124
Other job losers	3,109	3,310	3,081	3,078	3,110	3,073	3,106	3,084	3,011	2,995	3,019	2,876	3,004
Job leavers	809	850	833	841	829	869	858	884	865	848	838	868	1,001
Reentrants	1,989	2,111	2,294	2,254	2,150	2,161	2,218	2,244	2,233	2,341	2,312	2,428	2,219
New entrants	1,134	1,092	1,088	1,057	1,060	1,024	1,011	1,049	1,035	1,090	1,072	1,159	1,017
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION			1										ĺ
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	52.1	52.5	50.1	50.2	51.3	50.5	50.5	50.8	50.7	49.3	50.0	46.9	49.3
On layoff	14.2	13.7	13.6	13.3	13.9	13.0	12.9	14.5	14.8	13.8	14.3	12.6	13.4
Other job losers	37.9	38.8	36.5	36.9	37.5	37.5	37.6	36.3	35.9	35.5	35.7	34.3	35.9
Job leavers	9.9	10.0	9.9	10.1	10.0	10.6	10.4	10.4	10.3	10.0	9.9	10.3	12.0
Reentrants	24.2	24.8	27.2	27.0	25.9	26.4	26.8	26.4	26.6	27.7	27.4	28.9	26.5
New entrants	13.8	12.8	12.9	12.7	12.8	12.5	12.2	12.4	12.3	12.9	12.7	13.8	12.2
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE							j						
Job losers	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.4	3.6
Job leavers	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.8	.7	.8	.8	.7	.7	.8	9.
Reentrants	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9
New entrants	1.0	1.0	1.0	.9	.9	.9	.9	.9	.9	.9	.9	1.0	.9

A-42. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and sex		1982			19	83			19	84		19	85
Employment status and sex	II.	111	IV	ŀ	11	m	IV	1	II	101	IV	1	H
TOTAL				-									
Noninstitutional population1	173,686												
Labor force <sup>1</sup>	111,784	112,194	112,556	112,391	112,841	113,732	113,790	114,335	115,205	115,464	115,885	116,858	116,87
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>	64.4	64.4	64.4	64.2	64.3	64.6	64.4	64.5	64.8	64.8		65.2	65.
Total employed'	101,368												
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>		58.1	57.7	57.6	57.8	58.6	59.0	59.5	60.0			60.5	60.
Resident Armed Forces	1,666	1,678	1,664	1,665	1,669	1,680	1,689	1,685	1,691	1,710	1,701	1,700	1,70
Civilian employed	99,702	99,531	99,121	99,227	99,889	101,582				105,306	105,951	106,732	
Agriculture	3,377	3,393	3,457	3,412	3,397	3,426	3,287	3,321	3,371	3,305		3,341	3,29
Nonagricultural industries		96,139	95,663	95,815	96,493	98,156	99,304	100,447		102,001		103,391	
Unemployed	10,416	10,984	11,772	11,500	11,282	10,470	9,509	8,882	8,529	8,447	8,233	8,426	8,41
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>	9.3	9.8	10.5	10.2	10.0	9.2	8.4	7.8	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.2	
Not in labor force	61,902	62,006	62,154	62,779	62,785	62,397	62,850	63,029	62,611	62,841	62,948	62,364	62,77
Men				1			i						
Noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	82,926	83,167	83,435	83,720	83,934	84,178	84,424	84,812	85,026	85,263	85,523	85,695	85,89
Labor force <sup>1</sup>	63,969	64,047	64,293	64,062	64,448	64,854	64,813	65,066	65,284	65,453	65,676	65,854	65,87
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>	77.1	77.0	77.1	76.5	76.8	77.0	76.8	76.7	76.8	76.8	76.8	76.8	76.
Total employed1	57,978	57,637	57,381	57,354	57,828	58,723	59,333	60,073	60,542	60,804	61,142	61,289	61,30
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>	69.9	69.3	68.8	68.5	68.9	69.8	70.3	70.8	71.2	71.3	71.5	71.5	71
Resident Armed Forces	1.527	1,538	1,523	1,529	1,528	1,536	1,538	1,541	1,546	1,562	1,553	1,552	1,55
Civilian employed		56,099	55,858	55,825	56,301	57,187	57,795	58,531	58,996	59,242	59,589	59,737	59,75
Unemployed	5,991	6,410	6,912	6,708	6,620	6,131	5,480	4,993	4,742	4,649	4,535	4,565	4,57
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>		10.0	10.8	10.5	10.3	9.5	8.5	7.7	7.3	7.1	6.9	6.9	6.
Not in labor force	18,957	19,120	19,142	19,658	19,485	19,324	19,611	19,746	19,742	19,810	19,847	19,841	20,02
Women													
Noninstitutional population1	90,759	91,033	91,274	91,450	91,693	91,952	92,215	92,552	92,790	93,043	93,311	93.527	93.75
Labor force <sup>1</sup>	47,814	48,147	48,264	48,329	48,393		48,976					51,004	51,00
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>	52.7	52.9	52.9	52.8	52.8	53.2	53.1	53.2	53.8			54.5	54.
Total employed <sup>1</sup>	43,390	43,572	43,404	43,537	43,730		44.947	45,381	46,134				1
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>	47.8	47.9	47.6	47.6	47.7	48.4	48.7	49.0	49.7				
Resident Armed Forces		140	141	136	142	144	151	144	145		1	148	14
Civilian employed			43,263		43,589								47,00
Unemployed		4,574	4,860		4,662	4,339	4,029	3,888	3,787	3,799		3,861	3,84
Unemployment rate4	9.3	9.5	10.1	9.9	9.6	8.9	8.2	7.9	7.6	-,		7.6	7.
Not in labor force	42,945	42.886	43.010	,									

Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

Armed Forces).

NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-42 through A-51 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

<sup>2</sup> Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.
3 Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.
4 Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

# A-43. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		1982			19	83			19	84		19	85
sex, and age	11	111	IV	_	11	111	IV	ı	II	ŧII	IV	Ι	11
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	172,020	172,522	173,046	173,505	173,957	174,449	174,950	175,679	176,125	176,595	177,133	177,522	177,946
Civilian labor force	110,118	110,516	110,892	110,726	111,172	112,052	112,100	112,650	113,514				
Percent of population		64.1	64.1	63.8	63.9	64.2	64.1	64.1	64.5	64.4	64.5	64.9	64.7
Employed		99,531	99,121	99,227		101,582				105,306			
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	58.0	57.7	57.3	57.2	57.4	58.2	58.6		59.6	59.6	59.8	60.1	60.0
Unemployed			11,772	11,500	11,282	, ,	9,509	8,882	8,529	8,447	8,233	8,426	8,417
Unemployment rate	9.5	9.9	10.6	10.4	10.1	9.3	8.5	7.9	7.5	7.4	7.2	7.3	7.3
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	73,492		74,105	74,434	74,712							76,831	77,064
Civilian labor force	57,957	58,125	58,356	58,198	58,626		59,048	59,352	59,571	59,798		60,082	60,164
Percent of population		78.8	78.7	78.2	78.5	78.6	78.4	78.3	78.3	78.3		78.2	78.1
Employed	53,054		52,570	52,550	53,048	53,867	54,457	55,199	55,637	55,952		56,314	56,381
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		71.6	70.9	70.6	71.0	71.8	72.3	72.8	73.1			73.3	73.2
Agriculture		2,423	2,444	2,426	2,443			2,383	2,446		2,421	2,368	2,342
Nonagricultural industries			50,127	50,124	50,605	,		,		53,531	53,854	53,946	54,039
Unemployed		5,315	5,786	5,648	5,578			4,153	3,934	3,846		3,768	3,783
Unemployment rate		9.1	9.9	9.7	9.5			7.0	6.6			6.3	6.3
Not in labor force	15,535	15,650	15,749	16,236	16,086	16,041	16,277	16,434	16,503	16,558	16,647	16,749	16,900
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>		83,037	83,346		83,900							86,094	1 '
Civilian labor force		43,937	44,100	44,277	44,371					1 '			
Percent of population		52.9	52.9	53.0	52.9					I .		54.5	i
Employed		40,273	40,141	40,332	40,584	,		1 1	42,838			43,797	43,945
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		48.5	48.2	48.2	48.4		49.4	49.6				50.9	1
Agriculture		598	602	630	613		633	612		1		622	602
Nonagricultural industries			39,539		39,971		1 '					,	
Unemployed		1 1	3,959	3,945	3,787		1 '			3,129		3,155	3,192 6.8
Unemployment rate Not in labor force			9.0 39,246	8.9 39,317	8.5 39,529		1		6.7 39,349	6.8 39,528		1	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	15,825	15,709	15,595	15,477	15,345	15,205	15,071	14,931	14,778	14,653	14,577	14,597	14.506
Civilian labor force			8,436		8,175	1 '							
Percent of population			54.1	53.3	53.3	1 '		1 '		1 '	1 .		1 '
Employed			6.409		6,258						+		
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>			41.1	41.0	40.8								
Agriculture			412		341				317	303	294	351	349
Nonagricultural industries	6,237	6,076	5,997	5,988	5,917	6,047	6,083	6,125	6,194	6,123	6,098	6,270	
Unemployed		2,006	2,027	1,907	1,917	1,839	1,647	1,570	1,508	1,472	1,444	1,503	
Unemployment rate	22.8		24.0	23.1	23.4								1
Not in labor force	7.277	7,256	7,159	7.226	7,170	6.980	7.053	6.909	6.759	6,755	6,740	6.474	6.631

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
 Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

population.

A-44. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		1982			19	83			19	84		19	85
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	II	111	١٧	I	11	III	IV	I	П	III	IV	ı	, II
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population1			149,927										
Civilian labor force	96,214			96,231	96,688		97,620	98,096	98,619				
Percent of population		64.4	64.4	64.1	64.2	64.5	64.5	64.5	64.8	64.6	64.7	65.1	64.9
Employed		87,869	87,460	87,422	88,126	89,526	90,467	91,437	92,233	92,172			93,357
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	59.0	58.7	58.3	58.2	<b>58</b> .5	59.3	59.8	60.1	60.6	60.5	60.7	61.0	1
Unemployed	8,055	8,488	9,107	8,809	8,562	7,898	7,153	6,659	6,387	6,253	6,129	6,260	6,314
Unemployment rate	8.4	8.8	9.4	9.2	8.9	8.1	7.3	6.8	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.3	6.3
Men, 20 years and over								'					
Civilian labor force	51,239	51,318	51,418	51,215	51,654	51,889	52,004	52,292	52,433	52,426	52,596	52,767	52,839
Percent of population		79.2	79.2	78.6	78.8	79.0	78.9	78.7	78.8	78.6	78.7	78.6	
Employed		47,116		46,798	47,305	47,913	1	49,102	49,448	1	49,751	į .	
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		72.7	72.2	71.8	72.2	72.9	73.5	73.9	74.3	74.3	74.5		
Unemployed	3,862	4,203	I .	4,417	4,349	3,976		3,190	2,985	2,890	2,846	1	
Unemployment rate		8.2		8.6	8.4	7.7	6.9	6.1		5.5	5.4		
Women, 20 years and over				·									
Civilian labor force	37,381	37,608	37,732	37,730	37,857	38,320	38,546	38,721	39,163	39,142	39,314	39,957	40,029
		52.4	52.4	52.2	52.3	52.7	52.8	52.8	53.3	53.1	53.3	1 '	
Percent of population				34.830				36.426					
Employed				- ,	35,096	35,769		,					
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		48.6		48.2	48.4	49.2	49.6	49.6	50.2	50.1	50.3	50.8	
Unemployed	2,667	2,748	, ,	2,900	2,761	2,551	2,357	2,295	2,271	2,276			
Unemployment rate	7.1	7.3	7.9	7.7	7.3	6.7	6.1	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.6	5.8	5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force		7,432		7,286	7,178	7,214	7,070	7,082	7,023	6,857	6,845		
Percent of population	57.8	57.1	57.4	56.8	56.5	57.5	56.9	57.5	57.7	56.8	56.9		57.2
Employed	6,067	5,894	5,836	5,794	5,725	5,844	5,836	5,909	5,893	5,770	5,775	5,944	5,740
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	46.2	45.3	45.2	45.2	45.1	46.6	46.9	48.0	48.4	47.8	48.0	49.7	48.2
Unemployed	1,527	1,538	1,581	1,492	1,452	1,371	1,233	1,174	1,130	1,087	1,070	1,080	1,064
Unemployment rate	20.1	20.7		20.5	20.2	19.0		16.6	16.1	15.9	15.6	15.4	15.6
Men					20.8	19.9		17.3		17.0			16.3
Women	18.5		1	18.9	19.6				1	1	l .		1
BLACK										:		ĺ	
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	18,541	18,628	18,719	18,796	18,881	18,968	19,057	19,222	19,303	19,387	19,481	19,543	19,620
Civilian labor force		11,363	11.509	11,578	11.651	11,715	11,632	11,816	11,942	12,102	12,263	12,302	12,347
Percent of population		61.0	61.5	61.6	61.7	61.8	61.0	61.5	61.9	62.4	63.0	62.9	62.9
Employed				9,219	9,261	9,460		9,842	10,035	10,187	10,409	10,396	10,499
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	49.4				49.0	49.9	50.2	51.2	52.0	52.5	53.4	53.2	53.5
Unemployed			2,354	2,359	2,390	2,255		1,973		1,915	1,854	1,906	1,848
Unemployment rate	18.4	19.1		20.4	20.5	19.3	17.8	16.7	16.0	15.8	15.1	15.5	15.0
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	5,337	5,372	5,468	5,462	5,526	5,581	5,548	5,649	5,638	5,708	5,743	5,706	5,72
Percent of population				74.9	75.3	75.6	, ,	75.0					
Employed			,	4,398	4,457	4,589		4,805					
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>					60.8	62.1	62.9	63.8				1 '	
Unemployed				1	1,068			844					1
Unemployment rate			1 .		19.3		I	14.9		1			
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force					5,288	5,322		5,376			5,669		
Percent of population	56.0	56.3	56.5	57.4	56.8	56.8	56.2	56.5	57.4	57.7	58.6	58.6	
Employed		4,361	4,349	4,392	4,384	4,466	4,472	4,609	4,756	4,807	4,920	4,937	4,98
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>					47.1	47.7							
Unemployed			1	1	904								
Unemployment rate						1	1			1	_	1	1
Unembiovinent rare													

See footnotes at end of table.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA **SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

# A-44. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		1982			198	33			19	84		198	85
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	H	III	IV	ı	II	Ш	IV	ı	II	111	IV	I	II
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	786	824	832	796	837	813	786	791	820	844	851	908	892
Percent of population	34.8	36.7	37.1	35.4	37.5	36.6	35.7	36.2	37.8	39.2	39.8	41.8	41.3
Employed	393	421	429	429	420	405	411	428	477	491	501	523	542
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	17.4	18.8	19.1	19.1	18.8	18.2	18.7	19.6	22.0	22.8	23.4	24.1	25.1
Unemployed	393	403	403	367	417	408	375	363	343	353	350	385	350
Unemployment rate	50.0	48.9	48.4	46.1	49.8	50.2	47.7	45.9	41.9	41.8	41.1	42.4	39.2
Men	51.7	48.8	50.9	46.8	51.5	51.9	44.6	45.6	40.9	41.3	43.2	42.5	39.2
Women	47.9	48.9	45.6	45.2	48.0	48.3	51.2	46.2	43.0	42.5	38.8	42.3	39.3
HISPANIC ORIGIN													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	10,376	10,470	10,563	10.657	10,750	10,841	10,933	11,026	11,118	11,209	11,301	11,394	11,485
Civilian labor force	6,640	6,619	6,719	6,730		6,939	6,995	7,079	7,183	7,305	7,417	7,317	7,361
Percent of population	64.0	63.2	63.6	63.2	63.7	64.0	64.0	64.2	64.6	65.2	65.6		64.1
Employed	5,747	5,661	5,685	5,693	5,872	6,050	6,149	6,299	6,405	6,532	6,636	6,574	6,584
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	55.4	54.1	53.8	53.4	54.6	55.8	56.2	57.1	57.6	58.3	58.7	57.7	57.3
Unemployed	893	958	1,033	1,037	978	889	846	780	778	773	781	742	777
Unemployment rate	13.4	14.5	15.4	15.4	14.3	12.8	12.1	11.0	10.8	10.6	10.5	10.1	10.5

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
<sup>2</sup> Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

#### A-45. Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Full- and part-time status,		1982			19	83			19	84		19	85
sex and age	II	111	IV	ı	II	111	IV	ı	H	III	IV	1	11
FULL TIME			****				·	-					
Total:													
Civilian labor force	94,106	94,503	95,087	94,993	95,501	96,049	96,256	96,832	97,529	97,749	98,335	98,840	99,05
Employed <sup>1</sup>	85,359	85,220	85,010	85,172	85,982	87,177	88,283	89,447	90,541	90,791	91,498	91,927	92,26
Unemployed		9,283	10,077	9,821	9,520	8,872	7,973	7,385	6,988	6,958	6,837	6,913	6,79
Unemployment rate		9.8	10.6	10.3	10.0	9.2	8.3	7.6	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.0	6.
Men, 20 years and over:						1					İ		
Civilian labor force	54,948	55,043	55,346	55,048	55,589	55,841	55,924	56,251	56,524	56,724	56,844	56,886	57,09
Employed <sup>1</sup>	50,311	49.998	49.807	49.685	50,308	51.005	51,583	52,346	52,856	53,114	53,347	53,344	53,57
Unemployed		5,045	5,539	5,362	5,280	4,835	4,341	3,905	3,668	3,610	3,498	3,542	3,51
Unemployment rate		9.2	10.0	9.7	9.5	8.7	7.8	6.9	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.
Women, 20 years and over:													
Civilian labor force		35,117	35,321	35,613	35,632	36,004	36,162	36,483	36,965	37,107	37,446	37,880	38,06
Employed <sup>1</sup>	31,850	32,055	31,961	32,282	32,474	33,032	33,458	33,857	34,429	34,545	34,946	35,315	35,49
Unemployed		3,062	3,360	3,331	3,158	2,972	2,705	2,626	2,537	2,562	2,500	2,566	2,57
Unemployment rate		8.7	9.5	9.4	8.9	8.3	7.5	7.2	6.9	6.9	6.7	6.8	6.
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:													
Civilian labor force	4,336	4,344	4,420	4,332	4,281	4,204	4,169	4,098	4,040	3,918	4,045	4,073	3,89
Employed <sup>1</sup>	3,198	3,167	3,242	3,205	3,200	3,140	3,242	3,244	3,256	3,132	3,205	3,268	3.18
Unemployed		1,176	1,178	1,128	1,081	1,064	927	854	783	786	839	805	710
Unemployment rate		27.1	26.7	26.0	25.3	25.3	22.2	20.8	19.4	20.1	20.8	19.8	18.
PART TIME													
Total:													
Civilian labor force	16,014	16,020	15,848	15,717	15,645	16,008	15,891	15,846	15,952	15,954	15,883	16,326	16,090
Employed¹	14,370	14,299	14,118	14,053	13,919	14,389	14,336	14,363	14,430	14,441	14,480	14,826	14,49
Unemployed		1,722	1,730	1.663	1,726	1,619	1,556	1,483	1,522	1,513	1,403	1,501	1.60
Unemployment rate		10.7	10.9	10.6	11.0	10.1	9.8	9.4	9.5	9.5	8.8	9.2	10.
Men, 20 years and over:													
Civilian labor force		3,099	3,030	3,103	3,055	3,146	3,130	3,085	3,074	3,053	3,163	3,170	3,10
Employed <sup>1</sup>	2,777	2,827	2,756	2,823	2,778	2,870	2,866	2,837	2,815	2,816	2,917	2,944	2,84
Unemployed		271	275	280	· 276	276	264	248	259	237	245	226	26
Unemployment rate		8.8	9.1	9.0	9.0	8.8	8.4	8.0	8.4	7.8	7.8	7.1	8.
Women, 20 years and over:	1												
Civilian labor force	8,756	8,833	8,776	8,693	8,699	8,857	8,867	8,830	8,921	8,942	8,891	9,117	9,03
Employed <sup>1</sup>	8,177	8,212	8,176	8,081	8,083	8,293	8,302	8,302	8,378	8,360	8,343	8,532	8,41
Unemployed	579	621	601	612	616	564	565	528	542	582	547	585	61
Unemployment rate		7.0	6.8	7.0	7.1	6.4	6.4	6.0	6.1	6.5	6.2	6.4	6.
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:													
Civilian labor force		4,089	4,041	3,921	3,891	4,005	3,894	3,930	3,957	3,959	3,830	4,039	3,96
Employed <sup>1</sup>		3,259	3,187	3,150	3,057	3,226	3,168	3,223	3,237	3,265	3,220	3,350	3,23
Unemployed	814	830	855	772	834	779	726	707	720	694	610	689	72
Unemployment rate	19.2	20.3	21.1	19.7	21.4	19.5	18.7	18.0	18.2	17.5	15.9	17.1	18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Persons on part-time schedules for economic reasons are included in the full-time employed category; unemployed persons are allocated by

whether seeking full- or part-time work.

A-46. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

Catagoni		1982			19	83			19	84		19	85
Category	11	111	IV	ı	11	III	IV	ı	II	111	IV	1	11
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total	99,702	99,531	99,121	99,227	99 889	101 582	102 591	103 768	104 985	105,306	105 951	106 732	106.75
Married men, spouse present	38,249	38.058	37,676	37,491	37,662	38,289	38,416						
Married women, spouse present	24,131	24,152	24,046	24,201	24,335		25,038						
Women who maintain families	5,069	5,153	5,059	5,065	4,964	5,078	5,257	5,383			5,390		, ,
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER													
Agriculture:													
Wage and salary workers	1,463	1.523	1,600	1.602	1,573	1,619	1,510	1,512	1,595	1,512	1,612	1,606	1,61
Self-employed workers		1,615	1,625	1,574	1,587	1,543	1,559	1,595	1,553	1,558	1,509		
Unpaid family workers	259	250	231	247	235	242	234	225	222	208	201	244	
Nonagricultural industries:											,		'*
Wage and salary workers	88,654	88,448	87.935	87.980	88.668	90,164	91,107	92,311	93,511	93.863	94,527	95.390	95.53
Government	15,514	15.545	15,495	15,453	15,519	15,593	15.590			15,759	15,880		
Private industries		72,904	72,440	72,527	73,149	74,571	75,517	76,611	77,770		78.647	79,474	
Private households		1,207	1,208	1,223	1,234	1,282	1,244	1,205	1,301	1,212	1,233		
Other industries		71,697	71,232	71,304	71,915	73,289							
Self-employed workers		7,353	7,343	7,413	7,488	7,644	7,753	7.819	7,791	7,768	7,766		
Unpaid family workers		398	371	359	354	362	428		337	319	343	334	
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME									!				
All industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	6,067	6,343	6,735	6,569	6,259	6,217	6,017	5,834	5,738	5,677	5,716	5,542	5,70
Slack work	3,335	3,397	3,470	3,142	2,856	2,756							
Could only find part-time work	2,443	2,679	2,926	3,111	3,104	3,054	3,170	3,088	3,037	2,839	2,869	2,809	2,78
Voluntary part time	13,120	13,029	12,833	12,778	12,672	13,098	13,100	13,080	13,222	13,201	13,169	13,542	13,19
Nonagricultural industries:				'									
Part time for economic reasons	5,761	6,006	6,387	6,313	5,985	5,930	5,762	5,627	5,482	5,438	5,497	5,289	5,41
Slack work	3,120	3,170	3,261	3,002	2,690		2,412						
Could only find part-time work		2,581	2,807	2,990	3,012	2,947	3,063		2,947		2,799		2,70
Voluntary part time	12,637	12,514	12,341	12,290	12,208	12,551	12,603				12,709		

<sup>1</sup> Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such

reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

# A-47. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Say and an		1982			19	83			19	84		19	85
Sex and age	=	Ш	I۷	ŀ	11	Ш	IV	1	=	111	IV	1	II
Total, 16 years and over	99,702	99,531	99,121	99,227	99,889	101,582	102,591	103,768	104,985	105,306	105,951	106,732	106,758
16 to 24 years	20,354	20,075	19,947	19,864	19,844	20,245	20,282	20,553	20,799	20,577	20,680	20,702	20,422
16 to 19 years	6,597	6,448	6,409	6,344	6,258	6,386	6,371	6,452	6,510	6,426	6,392	6,620	6,432
16 to 17 years	2,547	2,412	2,401	2,364	2,284	2,318	2,316	2,352	2,426	2,415	2,422	2,564	2,479
18 to 19 years	4,059	4,043	3,994	3,978	3,982	4,069	4,058	4,110	4,090	3,989	3,970	4,059	3,958
20 to 24 years	13,757	13,627	13,538	13,519	13,586	13,860	13,912	14,101	14,288	14,151	14,288	14,081	13,990
25 years and over	79,371	79,465	79,157	79,353	80,068	81,338	82,291	83,202	84,212	84,737	85,253	86,021	86,379
25 to 54 years	64,956	65,066	64,909	65,156	65,924	67,069	67,940	68,957	69,965	70,507	71,053	71,707	72,076
55 years and over	14,408	14,402	14,252	14,188	14,146			14,248	14,248	14,224	14,195	14,318	14,307
Men, 16 years and over	56,451	56,099	55,858	55,825	56,301	57,187	57,795	58,531	58,996	59,242	59,589	59,737	59,752
16 to 24 years	10,619	10,443	10,392	10,349	10,410	10,641	10,706	10,851	10,999	10,820	10,912	10,801	10,720
16 to 19 years	3,396	3,289	3,287	3,275	3,253	3,320	3,338	3,332	3,359	3,290	3,314	3,423	3,371
16 to 17 years	1,350	1,232	1,242	1,243	1,189	1,213	1,208	1,230	1,247	1,232	1,264	1,324	1,311
18 to 19 years	2,054	2,069	2,036	2,027	2,071	2,112	2,134	2.103	2.115	2.043	2,050	2,087	2,066
20 to 24 years	7,223	7,154	7,104	7,074	7,157	7,321	7,368		7,640	7,530	7,597	7,379	7,349
25 years and over	45,863	45,657	45,446		45,924	46,539						48,923	49,077
25 to 54 years	37,237	37,107	36,978	37,038	37,514	38,060			39,651	40,012	40,303	40,449	40,638
55 years and over	8,632	8,550			8,419	8,479		8,440					
Women, 16 years and over	43,252	43,432	43,263	43,401	43,589	44,395	44,796	45,237	45,989	46,064	46,363	46,995	47,007
16 to 24 years	9,735	9,632	9.555	9,514	9,434	9,604	9,576	9,702	9,800	9,756	9,769	9,900	9,702
16 to 19 years	3,201	3,159	3,122	3,069	3,005	3,066		3,120	3,152			3,198	3,061
16 to 17 years	1,197	1,180	1,159	1,120	1,095	1,104	1,109	1.122	1,179				1,168
18 to 19 years	2,004	1,974	1,958	1,951	1,911	1,957	1,924	2.007	1,976				
20 to 24 years	6,534	6,473	6,433	6,445	6,429	6,539		6.582	6,648		6,691		1 '
25 years and over	33,508	33,807	33,711	33,888	34,143	34,799		35.535			36,594		
25 to 54 years	27,719	27,959	27,931	28,118	28,410			1 1			1 '		
55 years and over	5,776	5,852	5,784	5,767	5,727	5,796		5,808					

# A-48. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Sex and age		1982			19	83			19	84		19	85
	11	111	IV	1	И	111	IV	ı	II	111	IV	1	11
Total, 16 years and over	10,416	10,984	11,772	11,500	11,282	10,470	9,509	8,882	8,529	8,447	8,233	8,426	8,417
16 to 24 years	4,298	4,433	4.618	4,449	4,352	4.091	3,714	3,472	3,366	3,302	3,201	3,256	3,231
16 to 19 years	1,951	2,006	2.027	1,907	1,917	1.839	1,647	1.570	1,508	1,472	1,444	1,503	1,442
16 to 17 years	816	841	869	773	798	749	689	677	643	640	621	669	659
18 to 19 years	1.135	1,153	1,167	1.137	1.118	1.074	971	895	864	817	838	837	780
20 to 24 years	2,347	2,427	2,592	2,543	2,435	2,252	2.067	1.902	1.858	1,829	1,756	1.753	1.789
25 years and over	6,135	6,544	7,148	7.048	6,954	6,375	5.789	5,404	5,182	5,142	5,024	5,166	5,209
25 to 54 years	5,355	5,792	6,311	6,220	6,094	5,637	5,067	4,727	4,493	4,503	4,375	4,556	4,561
55 years and over	750	787	834	824	824	774	731	669	659	667	655	603	624
Men, 16 years and over	5,991	6,410	6,912	6,708	6,620	6,131	5,480	4,993	4,742	4,649	4,535	4,565	4,570
16 to 24 years	2,458	2,527	2.660	2,537	2,494	2,350	2,080	1,902	1,844	1,829	1,755	1,762	1,780
16 to 19 years	1.088	1.095	1.126	1.060	1.042	1,021	889	840	808	803	796	798	787
16 to 17 years	461	469	495	425	429	413	365	358	361	346	325	359	381
18 to 19 years	631	618	633	636	618	597	528	482	451	447	476	440	410
20 to 24 years	1,370	1,432	1,534	1,477	1,452	1.329	1.192	1.062	1.036	1,026	959	964	993
25 years and over	3,536	3,885	4,259	4,161	4,127	3,787	3,406	3,079	2,900	2,826	2,785	2,793	2,792
25 to 54 years	3,071	3,428	3,725	3,632	3,580	3,319	2,940	2,656	2,493	2,425	2,382	2,434	2,422
55 years and over	451	477	531	523	535	487	468	416	398	413	403	356	366
Women, 16 years and over	4,425	4,574	4,860	4,792	4,662	4,339	4,029	3,888	3,787	3,799	3,699	3,861	3,847
16 to 24 years	1,839	1,906	1.958	1,913	1,857	1,742	1,634	1,570	1,522	1,473	1,445	1,494	1,451
16 to 19 years	863	911	901	847	875	819	759	730	700	669	648	705	655
16 to 17 years	355	372	374	348	369	336	324	319	282	295	296	310	278
18 to 19 years	504	535	534	501	500	477	443	413	412	370	362	397	370
20 to 24 years	977	995	1.058	1.066	982	923	875	840	822	803	797	789	796
25 years and over	2,599	2.658	2.889	2,887	2,827	2.589	2,382	2,325	2,282	2,316	2,239	2,373	2,417
25 to 54 years	2,283	2,364	2,586	2,588	2,514	2,318	2,127	2,071	1,999	2,079	1.993	2,121	2,139
55 years and over	299	309	302	301	290	288	263	253	261	255	252	247	258

# A-49. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

		1982			19	83	Ì		19	84		19	85
Sex and age	II	Ш	IV	ı	11	111	IV	ł	H	Ш	IV	ı	11
Total, 16 years and over	9.5	9.9	10.6	10.4	10.1	9.3	8.5	7.9	7.5	7.4	7.2	7.3	7.3
16 to 24 years	17.4	18.1	18.8	18.3	18.0	16.8	15.5	14.5	13.9	13.8	13.4	13.6	13.7
16 to 19 years	22.8	23.7	24.0	23.1	23.4	22.4	20.5	19.6	18.8	18.6	18.4	18.5	18.3
16 to 17 years	24.3	25.8	26.6	24.6	25.9	24.4	22.9	22.4	20.9	21.0	20.4	20.7	21.0
18 to 19 years	21.9	22.2	22.6	22.2	21.9	20.9	19.3	17.9	17.4	17.0	17.4	17.1	16.5
20 to 24 years	14.6	15.1	16.1	15.8	15.2	14.0	12.9	11.9	11.5	11.4	10.9	11.1	11.3
25 years and over	7.2	7.6	8.3	8.2	8.0	7.3	6.6	6.1	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.7
25 to 54 years	7.6	8.2	8.9	8.7	8.5	7.8	6.9	6.4	6.0	6.0	5.8	6.0	6.0
55 years and over	4.9	5.2	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.1	4.8	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.0	4.2
Men, 16 years and over	9.6	10.3	11.0	10.7	10.5	9.7	8.7	7.9	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.1	7.1
16 to 24 years	18.8	19.5	20.4	19.7	19.3	18.1	16.3	14.9	14.4	14.5	13.9	14.0	14.
16 to 19 years	24.3	25.0	25.5	24.4	24.3	23.5	21.0	20.1	19.4	19.6	19.4	18.9	18.
16 to 17 years	25.5	27.6	28.5	25.5	26.5	25.4	23.2	22.6	22.5	21.9	20.5	21.3	22.
18 to 19 years	23.5	23.0	23.7	23.9	23.0	22.0	19.8	18.6	17.6	17.9	18.8	17.4	16.
20 to 24 years	15.9	16.7	17.8	17.3	16.9	15.4	13.9	12.4	11.9	12.0	11.2	11.6	11.
25 years and over	7.2	7.8	8.6	8.4	8.2	7.5	6.7	6.1	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.
25 to 54 years	7.6	8.5	9.2	8.9	8.7	8.0	7.1	6.3	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.
55 years and over	5.0	5.3	5.9	5.8	6.0	5.4	5.2	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.6	4.0	4.
Women, 16 years and over	9.3	9.5	10.1	9.9	9.7	8.9	8.3	7.9	7.6	7.6	7.4	7.6	7.0
16 to 24 years	15.9	16.5	17.0	16.7	16.4	15.4	14.6	13.9	13.4	13.1	12.9	13.1	13.0
16 to 19 years	21.2	22.4	22.4	21.6	22.6	21.1	20.0	19.0	18.2	17.6	17.4	18.1	17.0
16 to 17 years	22.9	24.0	24.4	23.7	25.2	23.3	22.6	22.1	19.3	19.9	20.3	20.0	19.
18 to 19 years	20.1	21.3	21.4	20.4	20.8	19.6	18.7	17.1	17.3	16.0	15.9	16.8	16.
20 to 24 years	13.0	13.3	14.1	14.2	13.3	12.4	11.8	11.3	11.0	10.8	10.6	10.5	10.
25 years and over	7.2	7.3	7.9	7.9	7.6	6.9	6.3	6.1	5.9	6.0	5.8	6.0	6.
25 to 54 years	7.6	7.8	8.5	8.4	8.1	7.4	6.8	6.5	6.2	6.4	6.1	6.4	6.
55 years and over	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.

# A-50. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

Catanan		1982			19	83			19	84		19	85
Category	11	III	IV	ı	11	III	IV	ı	11	ш	IV	-	11
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total (all civilian workers)	9.5	9.9	10.6	10.4	10.1	9.3	8.5	7.9	7.5	7.4	7.2	7.3	7.3
Men, 20 years and over	8.5	9.1	9.9	9.7	9.5	8.7	7.8	7.0	6.6	6.4	6.2	6.3	6.3
Women, 20 years and over	8.2	8.3	9.0	8.9	8.5	7.8	7.3	7.0	6.7	6.8	6.6	6.7	6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	22.8	23.7	24.0	23.1	23.4	22.4	20.5	19.6	18.8	18.6	18.4	18.5	18.3
White	8.4	8.8	9.4	9.2	8.9	8.1	7.3	6.8	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.3	6.3
Black and other	17.0	17.6	18.7	18.6	18.7	17.5	16.3	15.3	14.4	14.3	13.7	14.0	13.6
Black	18.4	19.1	20.5	20.4	20.5	19.3	17.8	16.7	16.0	15.8	15.1	15.5	15.0
Hispanic origin	13.4	14.5	15.4	15.4	14.3	12.8	12.1	11.0	10.8	10.6	10.5	10.1	10.5
Married men, spouse present	6.2	6.9	7.5	7.2	6.9	6.1	5.5	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.3
Married women, spouse present	7.4	7.3	8.1	7.7	7.6	6.8	6.2	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.5	5.7	5.8
Women who maintain families	11.8	12.2	12.4	13.1	12.9	12.0	10.8	10.8	10.1	10.1	10.3	10.4	10.5
Full-time workers	9.3	9.8	10.6	10.3	10.0	9.2	8.3	7.6	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.0	6.9
Part-time workers	10.3	10.7	10.9	10.6	11.0	10.1	9.8	9.4	9.5	9.5	8.8	9.2	10.0
Unemployed 15 weeks and over1	3.0	3.4	4.0	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.1	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0
Labor force time lost <sup>2</sup>	10.6	11.2	12.1	11.8	11.4	10.6	9.7	9.0	8.6	8.5	8.3	8.2	8.2
INDUSTRY								,	ļ				
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	9.9	10.4	11.2	10.8	10.4	9.6	8.6	7.8	7.4	7.4	7.2	7.2	7.3
Mining	11.8	16.5	18.2	18.5	19.8	16.2	12.4	11.3	8.7	8.9	11.0	10.7	9.7
Construction	19.1	20.8	22.1	20.2	19.4	17.9	15.9	14.6	14.6	14.2	13.9	13.4	12.4
Manufacturing	11.8	12.8	14.2	13.1	12.2	10.6	8.9	7.8	7.4	7.4	7.2	7.6	7.8
Durable goods		13.9	16.1	14.5	13.2	11.3	9.1	7.7	7.2	6.9	7.0	7.3	7.9
Nondurable goods	10.7	11.2	11.4	11.0	10.7	9.6	8.5	8.0	7.6	8.2	7.5	8.1	7.8
Transportation and public utilities	6.8	6.8	7.9	8.1	7.7	7.2	6.7	5.5	5.5	5.9	5.2	5.0	5.3
Wholesale and retail trade	10.1	10.1	10.6	10.9	10.3	9.7	9.2	8.3	8.0	7.8	7.6	7.6	7.6
Finance and service industries	6.9	6.9	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.2	6.7	6.3	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.9
Agricultural wage and salary workers	15.9	14.5	14.8	15.9	17.1	15.5	15.7	14.6	12.9	14.1	12.3	13.8	12.3

Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force. Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time

for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

#### A-51. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

		1982			19	83			19	84		19	85
Weeks of unemployment	II	111	IV	1	11	m	IV	ı	II	111	IV	1	!!
DURATION													
Less than 5 weeks	3,835	3,924	3,901	3,639	3,616	3,605	3,391	3,345	3,304	3,412	3,343	3,592	3,558
5 to 14 weeks	3,327	3,383	3,462	3,208	3,032	2,869	2,625	2,508	2,409	2,463	2,415	2,500	2,569
15 weeks and over	3,265	3,731	4,443	4,628	4,454	4,117	3,510	3,032	2,768	2,633	2,443	2,353	2,314
15 to 26 weeks	1,623	1,827	2,053	1,932	1,673	1,587	1,328	1,163	1,096	1,103	1,018	1,027	1,025
27 weeks and over	1,642	1,904	2,390	2,696	2,781	2,531	2,182	1,870	1,673	1,529	1,425	1,326	1,289
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	15.0	16.1	17.6	19.2	20.1	20.6	20.0	19.3	18.4	17.6	1,7.1	15.7	15.5
Median duration, in weeks	8.6	9.0	10.1	10.5	11.2	9.7	9.3	8.6	8.0	7.6	7.3	7.0	6.5
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION						i							
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	36.8	35.5	33.0	31.7	32.6	34.0	35.6	37.6	39.0	40.1	40.8	42.5	42.2
5 to 14 weeks	31.9	30.6	29.3	28.0	27.3	27.1	27.6	28.2	28.4	28.9	29.5	29.6	30.4
15 weeks and over	31.3	33.8	37.6	40.3	40.1	38.9	36.9	34.1	32.6	30.9	29.8	27.9	27.4
15 to 26 weeks	15.6	16.6	17.4	16.8	15.1	15.0	13.9	13.1	12.9	13.0	12.4	12.2	12.1
27 weeks and over	15.8	17.2	20.2	23.5	25.0	23.9	22.9	21.0	19.7	18.0	17.4	15.7	15.3

# A-52. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

Beened for unemployees		1982			19	83			19	84		19	85
Reasons for unemployment	11	III	IV	ı	11	111	IV	I	H	III	IV	ı	11
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers	6,022	6,547	7,250	6,848	6,721	6,083	5,254	4,730	4,392	4,297	4,193	4,241	4,097
On layoff	2,018	2,286	2,432	2,087	1,924	1,634	1,339	1,259	1,155	1,140	1,096	1,211	1,130
Other job losers	4,004	4,261	4,818	4,761	4,797	4,449	3,915	3,471	3,236	3,156	3,096	3,030	2,966
Job leavers	877	811	792	859	815	795	851	791	804	841	852	866	902
Reentrants	2,393	2,442	2,491	2,515	2,450	2,410	2,264	2,193	2,158	2,220	2,176	2,273	2,319
New entrants	1,102	1,264	1,282	1,190	1,294	1,225	1,154	1,162	1,167	1,079	1,032	1,058	1,083
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION			!										}
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	57.9	59.2	61.4	60.0	59.6	57.9	55.2	53.3	51.5	50.9	50.8	50.3	48.8
On layoff	19.4	20.7	20.6	18.3	17.1	15.5	14.1	14.2	13.6	13.5	13.3	14.3	13.5
Other job losers	38.5	38.5	40.8	41.7	42.5	42.3	41.1	39.1	38.0	37.4	37.5	35.9	35.3
lob leavers	8.4	7.3	6.7	7.5	7.2	7.6	8.9	8.9	9.4	10.0	10.3	10.3	10.7
Reentrants	23.0	22.1	21.1	22.0	21.7	22.9	23.8	24.7	25.3	26.3	26.4	26.9	27.6
New entrants	10.6	11.4	10.9	10.4	11.5	11.7	12.1	13.1	13.7	12.8	12.5	12.5	12.9
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE								i					
Job losers	5.5	5.9	6.5	6.2	6.0	5.4	4.7	4.2	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.6
lob leavers	.8	.7	.7	.8	.7	.7	.8	.7	.7	.7	.7	.8	3.
Reentrants	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0
New entrants	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	. 9	.9	.9	

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-53. Persons not in the labor force by reason, sex, and race, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Reason, sex, and race		1982			19	83			198	B4 		19	B5
Treason, sex, and race	=	Ш	IV	I	#	111	IV	ı	11	111	IV	ı	
TOTAL													
otal not in labor force	61,902	62,006	62,154	62,779	62,785	62,397	62,850	63,029	62,611	62,841	62,948	62,364	62,77
Do not want a job now Current activity:	55,774	55,429	55,357	55,996	56,051	55,681	56,565	56,809	56,534	57,103	56,799	56,842	57,02
Going to school	6,887	6,314	6,467	6,562	6,470	6,361	6,584	6,646	6,456	6,893	6.393	6,262	6,21
III, disabled	3,989	4,056	4,023	3,970	4,003	3,826	3,856	4,088	4,072	4,033	3,786	4,129	3,83
Keeping house		28,294		28,275	28,362	28,296	28,501	28,384	27,960	27,972	27,910	27,342	27,34
Retired		12,534	12,559	12,963	12,978	12,959	13,178	13,446	13.662	13,687	14,313	14,312	14,6
Other activity		4,230	4,195	4,225	4,238	4,239	4,446	4,244	4,384	4,518	4,397	4,798	4,9
Want a job now	6,585	6,569	6,893	6,513	6,506	6,709	6,276	6,242	5,956	5,936	6,140	5,877	5,7
Reason not looking:	4 740	4 747	4.050	4 000	4 500	4 770	4.504	4 555	4 600	4.500	4 400	4 470	
School attendance		1,717	1,852	1,669	1,500 697	1,776	1,534 833	1,555	1,608 803	1,509	1,483 847	1,470 746	1,4 7
III health, disability Home responsibilities		753 1,366	730 1,386	696 1,383	1,454	829 1,432	1,381	732 1,499	1,209	815 1,416	1,382	1,253	1,2
Think cannot get a job		1,639	1,813	1,779	1,710	1,612	1,447	1,350	1,205	1,211	1,302	1,253	1,1
Job-market factors	1,083	1,240	1,390	1,411	1,306	1,204	1,044	939	928	885	935	858	8
Personal factors	411	399	423	368	404	408	404	411	348	326	368	395	3
Other reasons <sup>1</sup>	1,126	1,093	1,112	986	1,144	1,060	1,080	1,107	1,060	985	1,126	1,155	1,1
Men													
otal not in labor force		19,120		19,658	19,485	19,324	19,611	19,746	19,742	·	19,847	19,841	20,0
Do not want a job now	17,028	17,002	16,891	17,188	17,239	16,962	17,485	17,686	17,646	17,827	17,761	18,124	18,0
Want a job now	2,148	2,262	2,338	2,227	2,176	2,378	2,143	2,047	2,037	1,951	2,020	1,899	2,0
School attendance	907	911	998	882	773	1,041	820	816	798	760	734	692	7
Ill health, disability	338	331	291	300	313	371	373	352	356	387	402	344	3
Think cannot get a job	570	612	665	711	675	613	600	496	504	464	502	496	5
Other reasons <sup>1</sup>	333	408	384	334	416	353	351	384	379	340	382	367	4
<b>Women</b> Total not in labor force	42,945	42,886	43,010	43,121	43,300	43,074	43,239	43,283	42,869	43,032	43,102	42,523	42,7
Do not want a job now	38,746	38,426	38,466	38,808	38,813	38,719	39,080	39,123	38,888	39,276	39,038	38,718	39,0
Want a job now	4,437	4,307	4,555	4,286	4,329	4,331	4,133	4,195	3,919	3,985	4,120	3,978	3,7
Reason not looking: School attendance	040	000	054	707	707	705	745	739	810	749	748	778	7
III health, disability		806 422		787 396	727 385	735 458	715 461	380	447	428	445	402	4
Home responsibilities	1,466	1,366		1,383	1,454	1,432		1,499	1				l .
Think cannot get a job		1,027	1,148	1,068	1,035	999	847	854	771	747	801	758	, ïe
Other reasons		686		652	729	707	729	723	681	645	744	787	E
White  Total not in labor force	53.095	50,000	E0 000	E4 000	53,978	50 570	F0 707	E4 00E	E0 64E	53,961	50.011	50 440	E2 6
		,	,		,	,	'	,	'	'			
Do not want a job now												1	
Want a job now Reason not looking:	4,689	4,803	4,920	4,750	4,806	4,727	4,549	4,474	4,221	4,271	4,388	4,387	4,2
School attendance	1,198	1,259	1,304	1,223	1,106	1,144	1,101	1,089	1,108	1.057	1,053	1,058	1,0
III health, disability		537		500	514	615		555	553			548	1,5
Home responsibilities				1,041	1,051	1,047	1,019				1	967	9
Think cannot get a job	979			1,195	1,239			889				863	7
Other reasons <sup>1</sup>	912	, ,		791	896			•		1		951	9
Black	7.040	7.005	7.010	7.040	7 000	7.050	7 405	7 400	7.004	7.005	7.040	7.044	] _,
Total not in labor force					7,230					7,285		7,241	7,2
Do not want a job now			5,548	5,647	5,692	5,530	5,947	5,885	5,813	5,809	5,723	5,940	5,8
Want a job nowReason not looking:	1,675	1,616	1,730	1,569	1,508	1,698	1,531	1,572	1,504	1,474	1,547	1,328	1,3
School attendance				413	328	477	409	409	420	355	374	380	3
Ill health, disability	220				167	210		164					1
Home responsibilities		1			349								
Think cannot get a job					433	F	1	E .	1		į.		
Other reasons <sup>1</sup>	191	175	199	165	230	170	174	249	177	189	163	166	1

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Includes small number of men not looking for work because of

<sup>&</sup>quot;home responsibilities."

A-54. Persons not in the labor force by reason, sex, and age

(in thousands)

	То	tal				Ą	ge			
Reason and sex	H	II	16 to		20 to	-	25 to yea		60 y and	
	1984	1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	1I 1984	íl 1985	II 1984	II 1985
TOTAL						,				
Total not in labor force	62,527	62,684	6,592	6,466	4,593	4,419	21,893	21,741	29,449	30,058
Do not want a job now	56,212	56,614	4,816	4,747	3,355	3,333	19,078	19,039	28,961	29,498
Going to school	5,840	5,589	3,699	3,536	1,332	1,326	785	716	23	13
III, disabled	4,206	3,961	41	26	97	95	1,970	1,887	2,096	1,953
Keeping house	28,164	27,527	359	386	1,501	1,373	13,558	13,461	12,748	12,307
Retired	13,725	14,775	_	_	-	- 1,516	336	378	13,389	14,398
Other activity	4,276	4,761	717	799	425	539	2,429	2,597	705	827
Want a job now	6,316	6,069	1,778	1,716	1,238	1,087	2,812	2,701	488	561
Reason for not looking:	2 121	1,905	1,334	1 202	504	374	282	223	_	
School attendance  III health, disability	2,121 790	777	1,334	1,303 11	61	56	521	531	184	5 179
				61	239		849	825		
Home responsibilities	1,177	1,212	63	(		288		583	27	38 205
Think cannot get a job	1,226	1,108	162	156	245	163	666	446	152	
Job-market factors	918	794	131	110	197	120	525		66	117
Personal factors Other reasons¹	307 1,003	313 1,065	31 195	46 185	48 189	42 206	142 494	136 539	86 125	88 134
Men										
Total not in labor force	19,541	19,818	3,114	2,995	1,418	1,421	3,816	3,877	11,193	11,525
Do not want a job nowCurrent activity:	17,248	17,581	2,234	2,128	953	1,042	3,075	3,141	10,983	11,276
Going to school	2,925	2,742	1,892	1,706	662	721	360	314	9	4
III, disabled	2,198	2,055	31	1,700	41	54	1,109	1,063	1,016	932
Keeping house	352	396	7	32	12	14	121	1,003	212	224
Retired	9,494	9,844	_ ′	32	12	17	284	301	9,209	9,543
Other activity	2,280	2,543	304	381	238	253	1,201	1,336	537	573
Want a job now	2,292	2,237	880	868	465	379	740	736	209	249
Reason for not looking:		j				i	1			
School attendance	1,068	957	692	680	257	204	119	68	_	3
III health, disability	350	334	9	7	22	18	244	246	75	62
Think cannot get a job	500	514	90	86	119	82	232	235	59	110
Other reasons <sup>1</sup>		431	89	95	67	75	145	187	75	74
Women										
Total not in labor force	42,986	42,866	3,479	3,471	3,175	2,998	18,077	17,864	18,255	18,533
Do not want a job now	38,963	39,033	2,579	2,621	2,402	2,290	16,006	15,899	17,977	18,222
Current activity:	0.045	0.047	4 007	1 000	000	205	405	400		_
Going to school		2,847	1,807	1,830	669	605	425	403	14	1 000
III, disabled		1,906	10	16	56	41	864	824	1,080	1,023
Keeping house	27,813	27,131	350	356	1,489	1,358	13,437	13,336	12,535	12,083
Retired Other activity	4,232 1,997	4,931 2,218	412	419	188	286	52 1,228	77 1,259	4,180 168	4,854 254
Want a job now	4,023	3,833	899	850	773	707	2,071	1,964	278	312
Reason not looking: School attendance	1,053	948	642	623	248	170	162	154	_	2
III health, disability	440	443	15	5	39	38	275	285	109	116
Home responsibilities	1,177	1,212	63	61	239	288	849	825	27	38
Think cannot get a job	726	594	73	71	126	80	434	347	93	96
Other reasons	628	635	106	90	121	131	351	353	49	60
30.00 1000010	020	555	100	30	121		) 331	033	73	30

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Includes small number of men not looking for work because of "home responsibilities."

NOTE: Detail in tables A-54 and A-55 may not add to not-in-labor-

force totals because of differences in the weighting patterns used in aggregating these data.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED **QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

A-55. Persons not in the labor force by reason, race, Hispanic origin, age, and sex

(In thousands)

	То	tal			Ag	je				Se	ex	
Reason, race, and Hispanic origin	11	II	16 to	-	25 to yea		60 ye		Me	en	Wor	nen
	1984	1985	II 1984	li 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	li 1984	II 1985
WHITE												
Total not in labor force	53,528	53,725	8,487	8,367	18,485	18,297	26,556	27,061	16,442	16,661	37,086	37,065
Do not want a job now	49,040	49,336	6,365	6,386	16,498	16,338	26,175	26,609	14,748	15,042	34,292	34,292
Going to school	4,460	4,326	3,842	3,799	598	515	20	11	2,259	2,128	2,201	2,198
III, disabled		3,180	112	98	1,524	1,492	1,738	1,589	1,800	1,661	1,576	1,519
Keeping house		24,634	1,521	1,468	12,118	11,930		11.237	295	305	25,036	24,329
Retired		13,369	1,521	1,400	305	345	,	13,025	8,619	8,946	3,786	4,423
				4 004			12,100			,		
Other activity	3,468	3,825	890	1,021	1,953	2,056	625	747	1,775	2,002	1,693	1,823
Want a job nowReason for not looking:	4,488	4,389	2,124	1,979	1,987	1,960	380	450	1,693	1,618	2,795	2,773
	1,541	1,354	1,341	1,202	198	148		5	785	708	756	646
School attendance	1 '	545	57	39	367	376	126	130	263	244	284	301
III health, disability	1	905		237	597					244	805	
Home responsibilities			185			635	24	33	-			905
Think cannot get a job Other reasons¹		727 859	233 308	195 306	444 381	377 424	112 118	154 128	344 301	332 334	446 504	395 526
	803	033	300	300	301	424	110	120	301	334	304	320
BLACK												
Total not in labor force	7,362	7,273	2,215	2,049	2,651	2,680	2,498	2,544	2,529	2,562	4,834	4,711
Do not want a job now	5,770	5,828	1,407	1,326	1,967	2,047	2,393	2,457	2,011	2,055	3,758	3,773
Going to school	989	917	876	797	111	120	1		441	430	549	487
III, disabled		682	24	21	394	352		311	352	337	397	345
		2,262	293	256	1,038	(		1	49	84	2,172	2,178
Keeping house		1,182		250	1,036	30		917	l .	747		435
Retired Other activity		785	214	252	400	ı	1	1,152 77	į.			328
Want a job now	1,592	1,444	805	724	684	635	103	87	517	506	1,075	938
Reason for not looking:								1				
School attendance	502	480	448	415	<b>5</b> 5	65	-	-	242	211	260	269
III health, disability		219	25	25	138	146	56	47	74	82	146	137
Home responsibilities		277	101	105	216				_	_	320	277
Think cannot get a job	1	315	161	110	179					143		172
Other reasons <sup>1</sup>				69	96				64	1		83
HISPANIC ORIGIN							i i					
Total not in labor force	3,918	4,109	1,135	1,198	1,909	1,932	873	979	1,0. 9	1,096	2,878	3,012
Do not want a job now	(2)	3,553	(²)	904	(²)	1,687	(²)	964	(²)	895	(²)	2,657
Current activity:			.2.		.2.							
Going to school		549		500	(²)	51	1 10	-	(²)	254	1 1-1	295
III, disabled		261		28	(²)	151		81	1 1/	131		129
Keeping house		2,009		295	( <sub>s</sub> )	1,312	1 '-'	401	1 1./	38		1,971
Retired	\ \.'	446	1 '-'	-	(²)	11	1 1	436		287		159
Other activity	(²)	288	(²)	81	(²)	162	(²)	46	(²)	185	(²)	103
Want a job now	(²)	551	(²)	295	(²)	246	(²)	16	(²)	201	(²)	354
Reason for not looking:	121	107	(2)	454	/25		/25	-	/25		125	1
School attendance		167	1 12	151	(2)	16			(2)	69	1 '-'	98
Ill health, disability		59		9	(²)	49		1		32		27
Home responsibilities		132		63	(²)	69		-	(²)		(²)	132
Think cannot get a job		114		32		70	1 1.7	12		50		65
Other reasons1	(²)	79	(²)	40	(²)	42	? (²)	3	(²)	50	(²)	33

Includes small number of men not looking for work because of "home responsibilities."

force data by reason are not available for 1984.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised not-in-labor-

A-56. Persons not in the labor force who desire work but think they cannot get jobs by reason, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(In thousands)

				2nd Qua	rter 1985			
Reason and sex			A	ge		Race	and Hispanio	origin
	Total	16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	25 to 59 years	60 years and over	White	Black	Hispanic origin¹
TOTAL								,
Personal factors:								
Employers think too young or old	108	19	2	19	68	82	19	8
Lacks education or training	121	20	17	71	12	83	21	19
Other personal handicap	84	7	23	46	8	55	28	9
Job-market factors:								
Could not find work	487	81	89	257	59	291	175	58
Thinks no job available	307	29	31	189	58	217	73	21
Men				L.			ľ	!
Personal factors:				!				1
Employers think too young or old	62	12	2	8	39	48	11	8
Lacks education or training	46	15	11	17	3	27	6	9
Other personal handicap	35	3	7	24	2	24	11	5
Job-market factors:			<b>i</b>					
Could not find work	231	41	45	113	32	130	86	18
Thinks no job available	140	15	17	73	34	104	30	10
Women					] 			
Personal factors:							i	
Employers think too young or old	46	7	_	10	29	34	8	_
Lacks education or training	75	5	8	54	9	56	15	10
Other personal handicap	50	5	16	24	6	31	17	4
Job-market factors:								1
Could not find work	256	40	45	144	27	161	89	40
Thinks no job available	167	15	13	115	24	113	43	11

Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-57. Work-seeking intentions of persons not in the labor force and work history of those who intend to seek work within the next 12 months by sex, age, and race

(In thousands)

	To	tal			Ag	e				Ra	ce	
Work-seeking intentions, work history, and sex	11	11	16 to	1	25 to yea	1	60 ye	- (	Wh	ite	Bla	ick
	1984	1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	ll 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985
TOTAL												
Do not intend to seek work	53,507	53,836	6,337	6,203	18,193	18,061	28,977	29,570	46.661	46,870	5,511	5,624
Intend to seek work in the next 12 months	9,018	8.847	4,848	4,681	3,700	3,679	471	488	6,866	6,854	1.851	1,649
Never worked	2,119	1.953	1.953	1,804	163	146	4	3	1,415	1,291	625	533
Last worked over 5 years ago	1,121	1,141	72	82	933	928	117	131	835	815	265	290
Last worked 1 to 5 years ago	2,195	1,964	684	584	1,315	1,207	196	174	1.621	1.534	479	370
Worked during previous 12 months	3,584	3,789	2,140	2,212	1,289	1,397	154	180	2,995	3,216	483	455
Men												
Do not intend to seek work	16,231	16,678	2,340	2,377	2,922	3,016	10,969	11,286	13,922	14,283	1,858	1,964
Intend to seek work in the next 12 months	3,309	3,140	2,191	2,038	895	861	224	240	2,520	2,377	671	598
Never worked	986	883	946	842	41	38	-	3	662	584	289	235
Last worked over 5 years ago	189	212	18	25	135	154	36	33	140	117	46	74
Last worked 1 to 5 years ago	717	564	254	166	360	303	102	94	507	435	168	104
Worked during previous 12 months	1,418	1,481	973	1,005	358	366	86	109	1,211	1,242	168	185
Women	Ì											
Do not intend to seek work	37.276	37,159	3.996	3,828	15,272	15,047	18,008	18,285	32,739	32,587	3,653	3.660
Intend to seek work in the next 12 months		5,707	2,657	2,641	2,805	2,817	247	248		4,477	1,181	1.05
Never worked	1	1,070		961	123	110		-	753	707	336	298
Last worked over 5 years ago		929		57	797	774	81	97	695	698	219	216
Last worked 1 to 5 years ago		1,400		418	955	904		79		1,099	311	260
Worked during previous 12 months	2,165	2,308	1,167	1,207	931	1.030	68	71	1.784	1,974	315	270
			',	,,,		.,		· ·	.,	.,.,.		1 -

A-58. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	T	otal	W	hite	Bla	ack	Hispanio	origin <sup>1</sup>
Employment status, sex, and age	II 1984	II 1985	 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	176,125	177,946	152,234	153,491	19,303	19,620	11,118	11,485
Civilian labor force		115,262	98,706	99,766	11,940	12,347	7,201	7,377
Percent of population	64.5	64.8	64.8	65.0	61.9	62.9	64.8	64.2
Employed		106,958	92,434	93,574	10,020	10,486	6,443	6,622
Agriculture		3,446	3,271	3,187	184	195	402	342
Nonagricultural industries	101,645	103,511	89,163	90,387	9,836	10,291	6,041	6,280
Unemployed		8,305	6,272	6,192	1,920	1,861	758	755
Unemployment rate		7.2	6.4	6.2	16.1	15.1	10.5	10.2
Not in labor force	62,527	62,684	53,528	53,725	7,362	7,273	3,918	4,109
Men, 16 years and over			i					
Civilian noninstitutional population	83,480	84,345	72,688	73,282	8,633	8,770	5,449	5,632
Civilian labor force	63,939	64,527	56,246	56,621	6,103	6,208	4,410	4,536
Percent of population		76.5	77.4	77.3	70.7	70.8	80.9	80.5
Employed		60,019	52,727	53,208	5,071	5,260	3773	4,087
Agriculture		2,740	2,579	2,521	160	169	340	292
Nonagricultural industries		57,279	50,148	50,687	4,911	5,091	3,608	3,795
Unemployed		4,508	3,520	3,413	1,032	948	462	449
Unemployment rate	7.3 19,541	7.0 19,818	6.3	6.0 16,661	16.9 2,528	15.3 2,562	10.5 1,039	9.9 1,096
	19,541	13,010	16,442	10,001	2,520	2,302	1,033	1,030
Men, 20 years and over			ı	1				:
Civilian noninstitutional population		77,064	66,559	67,296	7,574	7,711	4,829	5,011
Civilian labor force		60,240	52,494	52,904	5,650	5,733	4,073	4,222
Percent of population		78.2	78.9	78.6	74.6	74.3	84.3	84.3
Employed		56,536	49,588	50,082	4,807	4,974	3,696	3,840
Agriculture	2,513	2,407	2,300	2,205	146	155	308	264
Nonagricultural industries		54,129	47,288	47,877	4,660	4,819	3,387	3,576 381
Unemployed		3,705 6.2	2,906 5.5	2,822 5.3	844 14.9	758 13.2	377 9.3	9.0
Not in labor force	16,427	16,823	14,065	14,392	1,923	1,978	756	789
Women, 16 years and over								
Civilian naminatity tional namedation	00.045	00.000	70.540	20.040	10.074	10.050	E 000	E 0E2
Civilian noninstitutional population		93,602	79,546	80,210	10,671	10,850	5,669	5,853 2,841
Civilian labor force  Percent of population		50,736 54.2	42,460 53.4	43,145 53.8	5,837 54.7	6,139 56.6	2,791 49.2	48.5
Employed		46,939	39,707	40,366	4,949	5,226	2,495	2,535
Agriculture		706	692	666	24	26	62	51
Nonagricultural industries		46,232	39,016	39,700	4,925	5,200	2,434	2,485
Unemployed		3,797	2,752	2,779	888	913	296	306
Unemployment rate		7.5	6.5	6.4	15.2	14.9	10.6	10.8
Not in labor force	42,986	42,866	37,086	37,065	4,834	4,711	2,878	3,012
Women, 20 years and over								ļ
Civilian noninstitutional population	85,273	86,377	73,504	74,294	9,561	9,747	5,051	5,235
Civilian labor force	45,766	46,962	39,029	39,899	5,462	5,713	2,540	2,631
Percent of population		54.4	53.1	53.7	57.1	58.6	50.3	50.3
Employed		43,902	36,848	37,646	4,744	4,976	2,303	2,369
Agriculture		646	626	608	23	24	49	42
Nonagricultural industries		43,256	36,222	37,039	4,722	4,952	2,254	2,327
Unemployed		3,080	2,180	2,252	717	737	260	262
Unemployment rate		6.6	5.6	5.6	13.1	12.9	10.5	10.0
Not in labor force	39,507	39,395	34,475	34,395	4,100	4,035	2,511	2,604
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years								
Civilian noninstitutional population		14,506	12,171	11,902	2,168	2,162	1,238	1,240
Civilian labor force	8,186	8,040	7,183	6,963	828	902	588	524
Percent of population		55.4	59.0	58.5	38.2	41.7	47.5	42.3
Employed		6,520	5,998	5,845	469	536	444	412
Agriculture		393	344	374	16	16	45	36
Nonagricultural industries		6,127	5,653	5,471	453	519	399	376
Unemployed		1,520	1,185	1,118	359	366	144	112
Unemployment rate	19.4	18.9	16.5	16.1	43.4	40.6	24.5	21.3

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA **NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED** QUARTERLY AVERAGES

#### A-59. Employment status of civilians of Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin by sex and age

(Numbers in thousands)

	Total Hispa	nic origin'	Mexicar	origin	Puerto Ric	an origin	Cuban	origin
Employment status, sex, and age	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985
TOTAL	!							
Divilian noninstitutional population	11,118	11,485	6,636	6,656	1,602	1,671	784	825
Civilian labor force		7,377	4,437	4,436	836	870	533	550
Percent of population		64.2	66.9	66.6	52.2	52.1	68.0	66.7
Employed		6,622	3,981	3,991	732	753	482	502
Agriculture	1 1	342	366	304	5	9	10	8
Nonagricultural industries	6,041	6,280	3,614	3,687	727	744	473	494
Unemployed	758	755	456	445	104	117	50	4
Unemployment rate	10.5	10.2	10.3	10.0	12.4	13.4	9.5	8.6
Not in labor force	3,918	4,109	2,200	2,220	766	801	251	27
Men, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	5,449	5,632	3,417	3,419	706	730	367	417
Civilian labor force		4,536	2,824	2,834	506	513	298	32
Percent of population	1	80.5	82.6	82.9	71.7	70.3	81.2	77.
Employed		4,087	2,535	2,553	438	447	263	29
Agriculture		292	310	256	404	407	9	200
Nonagricultural industries	_ '	3,795	2,226	2,297	434	437	254	29
Unemployed		449	289	281	69	66	35	2
Unemployment rate Not in labor force		9.9 1,096	10.2 593	9.9 585	13.5 200	12.9 2 <b>1</b> 7	11.8 69	8.
Men, 20 years and over		·						
Civilian noninstitutional population	4,829	5,011	3,024	3,024	606	646	337	39
Civilian labor force		4,222	2,600	2,617	471	481	279	31
Percent of population	1 .	84.3	86.0	86.5	77.7	74.5	82.8	80.
Employed	!	3,840	2,363	2,377	416	426	250	28
Agriculture	1 '	264	280	229	3	9	9	
Nonagricultural industries	i	3,576	2,083	2,148	413	418	240	28
Unemployed		381	236	240	55	54	30	2.
Unemployment rate	9.3	9.0	9.1	9.2	11.7	11.3	10.7	7.8
Not in labor force	756	789	424	407	134	166	58	70
Women, 16 years and over	i				1			ļ
Civilian noninstitutional population	5,669	5,853	3,220	3,237	896	941	417	40
Civilian labor force		2,841	1,013	1,602	330	357	235	22
Percent of population	49.2	48.5	50.1	49.5	36.8	37.9	56.4	55.
Employed		2,535	1,445	1,438	294	306	220	20
Agriculture		51	57	49	1	-	1	-
Nonagricultural industries		2,485	1,389	1,389	293	306	219	20
Unemployed		306	167	164	35	50	15	2
Unemployment rate		10.8	10.4	10.2	10.7	14	6.5	9.
Not in labor force	2,878	3,012	1,607	1,635	567	584	182	18
Women, 20 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population		5,235	2,852	2,860	788	836	384	38
Civilian labor force		2,631	1,463	1,465	296	329	216	21
Percent of population		50.3	51.3	51.2	37.6	39.4	56.3	55.
Employed	1 '	2,369	1,332	1,329	271	285	205	19
Agriculture		42	46	40	1		1	1
Nonagricultural industries		2,327	1,285	1,289	270	285	204	19
Unemployed		262	131	136	24	44	11 5.3	1
Unemployment rate  Not in labor force	1 .	10.0 2,604	9.0 1,389	9.3 1,396	8.2 492	13.3 507	168	8. 17
	2,511	2,004	1,505	1,590	432	307	100	''
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years								1
Civilian noninstitutional population		1,240	760	771	209	189	62	5
Civilian labor force		524	374	354	69	60	37	2
Percent of population		42.3	49.2	45.9	33.0	31.7	59.7	(²)
Employed		412	285	285	45	42	28	1
Agriculture	1	36	40	35	1 .1	1	-	
Nonagricultural industries		376	245	250	44	41	28	1
Unemployed Unemployment rate		112 21.3	88 23.6	69 19.6	35.1	19 31.2	9 (²)	, (2)
	24.5	- /13	. / th	. 14h	: 35	417	. 1-1	1

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

<sup>2</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

NOTE: Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

A-60. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, race, and Hispanic origin

(In thousands)

	To	otal	Wr	nite	Bla	ick	Hispanio	origin¹
Category	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	1) 1985	li 1984	II 1985
CHARACTERISTIC								
Total (all civilian workers)			92,434	93,574	10,020	10,486		6,622
Men			52,727 39,707	53,208 40,366	5,071 4,949	5,260 5,226		4,087 2,535
World	45,921	40,939	39,707	40,300	4,545	5,226	2,495	2,555
OCCUPATION		}						
Managerial and professional specialty			22,695	23,481	1,434	1,507	744	855
Executive, administrative, and managerial			10,550	11,192	605	653	371	429
Professional specialty	13,416	13,588	12,144	12,289	829	854	373	426
Technical, sales, and administrative support			29,100	29,290	2,537	2,779		1,590
Technicians and related support	3,162		2,802	2,718	244	299	147	133
Sales occupations			11,699	11,659	597	680	555	519
Administrative support, including clerical	16,686	17,171	14,599	14,912	1,695	1,800	913	938
Service occupations	14,255	14,306	11,301	11,236	2,494	2,570	1,149	1,128
Private household	1,019	987	675	679	312	287	103	92
Protective service	1,605	1,677	1,333	1,393	237	245	80	101
Service, except private household and protective	11,631	11,642	9,293	9,165	1,946	2,038	965	934
Precision production, craft, and repair	12,985	13,358	11,821	12,106	906	949	914	981
Mechanics and repairers	4,354	4,450	3,959	4,010	313	338	281	287
Construction trades	4,527	4,711	4,185	4,340	280	301	300	315
Other precision production, craft, and repair		4,196	3,677	3,756	313	310	332	379
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	16,757	16,814	13,981	14,011	2,371	2,405	1,573	1,674
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors			6,638	6,513	1,067	1,048		907
Transportation and material moving occupations	4,448	4,620	3,752	3,919	645	635	287	309
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,345	4,408	3,591	3,579	658	723	424	458
Construction laborers	676	668	554	540	115	116	78	88
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		3,741	3,037	3,039	543	606	346	369
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,913	3,806	3,537	3,449	279	276	449	394
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER								
Agriculture:			}					
Wage and salary workers	1,701	1,724	1,508	1,531	156	159	371	302
Self-employed workers			1,522	1,455	28	34		40
Unpaid family workers	243		241	201		2		1
Nonagricultural industries:		}			ŀ	_		
Wage and salary workers	93,460	95,482	81,545	82,916	9,512	9,958	5,706	5,936
Government		15,990	13,042	13,235	2,319	2,283	765	837
Private industries			68,503	69,681	7,193	7,675		5,098
Private households	1,316		900	857	377	352		112
Other industries			67,603	68,824	6,815	7,323		
Self-employed workers			7,296	7,201	316	330		
Unpaid family workers	347	301	322	271	8	3	14	12
FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS?								
Full-time schedules	84,956	86,745	74,565	75,841	8,151	8,529	5,316	
Part time for economic reasons	5,689			4,558	918	933	477	492
Part time for noneconomic reasons	14,534	14,576	13,241	13,175	950	1,024	649	644

Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

<sup>2</sup> Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed

according to whether they usually work full or part time.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-61. Employed civilians of Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin by selected social and economic categories

(In thousands)

Cotogon	Total H orig		Mexica	n origin		Rican gin	Cuban	origin
Category	II 1984	ll 1985	II 1984	li 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985
CHARACTERISTIC								
Total (all civilian workers)	6,443	6,622	3,981	3,991	732	753	482	502
Men	3773	4,087	2,535	2,553	438	447	263	298
Women	2,495	2,535	1,445	1,438	294	306	220	204
OCCUPATION								
Managerial and professional specialty	744	855	323	405	104	118	99	84
Executive, administrative, and managerial		429	188	222	52	56	38	38
Professional specialty	373	426	135	183	52	61	61	46
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,615	1,590	912	893	212	205	140	135
Technicians and related support		133	93	73	16	17	7	10
Sales occupations		519	328	289	51	48	55	51
Administrative support, including clerical	913	938	491	531	145	139	78	74
Service occupations	1,149	1,128	685	656	150	140	56	64
Private household		92	52	36	4	3	2	1
Protective service	80	101	45	56	13	23	7	5
Service, except private household and protective	965	934	588	564	133	114	47	59
Precision production, craft, and repair		981	621	646	75	86	69	95
Mechanics and repairers		287	186	194	31	31	25	23
Construction trades	1	315	225	221	19	18	20	28
Other precision production, craft, and repair	332	379	210	232	25	37	25	44
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1,573	1,674	1,028	1,043	182	194	113	118
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	862	907	544	528	116	110	64	71
Transportation and material moving occupations		309	185	203	34	32	21	21
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		458	298	312	33	51	28	27
Construction laborers		88	69	74	1	3	2	4
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	346	369	229	238	31	49	26	22
Farming, forestry, and fishing	449	394	412	348	9	11	6	5
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER						•		
Agriculture:				ļ			•	
Wage and salary workers		302	344	273	5	9	9	5
Self-employed workers	30	40	22	31	-	,	1	3
Unpaid family workers	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Nonagricultural industries:								
Wage and salary workers	5,706	5,936	3,409	3,490	706	724	437	443
Government	765	837	485	538	104	132	38	37
Private industries	4,941	5,098	2,924	2,952	602	592 4	399	406
Private households Other industries		112	2,857	53 2,899	596	588	396	405
Self-employed workers		4,987 332	194	187	21	19	396	51
Unpaid family workers	14	12	10	10	- '	1	1	- "
FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS <sup>2</sup>					!			
Full-time schedules	5,316	5,486	3,256	3,274	624	647	402	433
Part time for economic reasons	477	492	359	345	41	38	18	18
Part time for noneconomic reasons		644	365	371	68	68	62	51

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

NOTE: Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

<sup>2</sup> Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time.

A-62. Employed civilians by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(In thousands)

	Tot	tal	Wh	nite	Bla	ck	Hispanic	origin <sup>1</sup>
Sex and age	ll 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985
Total, 16 years and over	105,179	106,958	92,434	93,574	10,020	10,486	6,443	6,622
16 to 19 years	6,599	6,520	5,998	5,845	469	536	444	412
16 to 17 years	2,443	2,495	2,259	2,275	131	169	137	155
18 to 19 years	4,157	4,025	3,738	3,570	337	366	307	257
20 to 24 years	14,300	13,995	12,563	12,238	1,410	1,394	1,102	1,134
25 years and over	84,279	86,444	73,873	75,491	8,141	8,557	4,897	5,075
25 to 54 years	70,027	72,138	61,039	62,662	6,984	7,357	4,322	4,50
55 years and over	14,252	14,306	12,836	12,827	1,157	1,199	575	574
Men, 16 years and over	59,257	60,019	52,727	53,208	5,071	5,260	3773	4,087
16 to 19 years	3,468	3,484	3,139	3,126	264	286	252	246
16 to 17 years	1,293	1,357	1,190	1,239	79	94	70	99
18 to 19 years	2,174	2,127	1,948	1,887	186	192	181	147
20 to 24 years	7,697	7,403	6,771	6,494	752	719	694	700
25 years and over	48,092	49,133	42,817	43,588	4,054	4,256	3,002	3,14
25 to 54 years	39,701	40,685	35,146	35,890	3,480	3,654	2,662	2,782
55 years and over	8,391	8,448	7,672	7,697	575	601	341	359
Women, 16 years and over	45,921	46,939	39,707	40,366	4,949	5,226	2,495	2,535
16 to 19 years	3,132	3,036	2.859	2,719	205	250	192	166
16 to 17 years	1,149	1,138	1,069	1,036	53	76	67	56
18 to 19 years	1,982	1,898	1,790	1,683	152	174	126	110
20 to 24 years	6,603	6,592	5,792	5,744	658	675	408	435
25 years and over	36,187	37,311	31,056		4.087	4.301	1.894	1,934
25 to 54 years	30,326	31,454	25,893	26,772	3,504	3,703	1,661	1,719
55 years and over	5,861	5,857	5,164	5,130	582	598	233	215

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### A-63. Unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Civilian workers)

	То	tal	Wi	nite	Bla	ıck	Hispanic origin <sup>1</sup>		
Sex and age	II 1984	II 1985	ll 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	
Total, 16 years and over	7.4	7.2	6.4	6.2	16.1	15.1	10.5	10.2	
16 to 19 years	19.4	18.9	16.5	16.1	43.4	40.6	24.5	21.3	
16 to 17 years	22.8	22.9	20.0	20.0	51.7	46.8	31.9	24.1	
18 to 19 years	17.2	16.2	14.3	13.3	39.3	37.3	20.6	19.5	
0 to 24 years	11.4	11.2	9.3	9.3	26.0	25.2	11.8	12.0	
25 years and over	5.6	5.5	4.9	4.8	11.6	10.7	8.7	8.8	
25 to 54 years	5.8	5.7	5.0	5.0	12.5	11.2	8.6	9.0	
55 years and over	4.4	4.1	4.2	3.8	5.7	7.4	9.5	6.8	
Men, 16 years and over	7.3	7.0	6.3	6.0	16.9	15.3	10.5	9.9	
6 to 19 years	19.2	18.7	16.4	15.9	41.6	39.9	25.2	21.5	
16 to 17 years	23.0	23.1	20.1	20.4	49.4	44.8	34.1	23.9	
18 to 19 years	16.8	15.7	13.9	12.7	37.5	37.2	21.1	19.7	
0 to 24 years	11.6	11.6	9.5	9.7	26.5	25.4	11.5	11.3	
5 years and over	5.6	5.3	4.9	4.6	12.4	10.8	8.7	8.5	
25 to 54 years	5.8	5.5	5.0	4.8	13.2	11.2	8.4	8.8	
55 years and over	4.5	4.1	4.3	3.7	7.0	8.4	11.4	6.0	
Women, 16 years and over	7.5	7.5	6.5	6.4	15.2	14.9	10.6	10.8	
16 to 19 years	19.6	19.1	16.7	16.2	45.5	41.4	23.4	21.0	
16 to 17 years	22.6	22.6	19.8	19.6	54.8	49.0	29.3	24.3	
18 to 19 years	17.7	16.8	14.7	14.0	41.3	37.3	19.9	19.2	
20 to 24 years	11.1	10.8	9.1	8.8	25.5	25.1	12.2	13.0	
25 years and over	5.6	5.8	4.9	5.0	10.7	10.6	8.7	9.2	
25 to 54 years	5.9	6.0	5.1	5.3	11.7	11.3	9.0	9.4	
55 years and over	4.2	4.2	4.2	3.9	4.4	6.4	6.0	8.2	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have

been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

A-64. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	То	tal	WI	nite	Bla	ick	Hispanic origin <sup>1</sup>	
Weeks of unemployment	II 1984	II 1985	il 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985
DURATION								
Total, 16 years and over	8,420	8,305	6.272	6,192	1,920	1,861	758	755
Less than 5 weeks	3,345	3,599	2,533	2,734	716	752	329	330
5 to 14 weeks	2,052	2,185	1.522	1.617	468	504	198	209
15 weeks and over	3,022	2.521	2,218	1.841	735	606	231	215
15 to 26 weeks	1,256	1,161	949	862	279	266	108	120
27 weeks and over	1,767	1,360	1,268	978	456	340	122	95
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	19.2	16.2	18.8	15.8	20.9	17.4	15.1	14.0
Median duration, in weeks	8.4	6.6	8.1	6.4	8.5	6.5	6.8	6.7
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
notal unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	39.7	43.3	40.4	44.2	37.3	40.4	43.4	43.8
5 to 14 weeks	24.4	26.3	24.3	26.1	24.4	27.1	26.1	27.7
15 weeks and over	35.9	30.4	35.4	29.7	38.3	32.6	30.5	28.5
15 to 26 weeks	14.9	14.0	15.1	13.9	14.5	14.3	14.2	15.9
27 weeks and over	21.0	16.4	20.2	15.8	23.8	18.3	16.1	12.6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

# A-65. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	To	tal	Wh	ite	Bla	ck	Hispanic origin <sup>1</sup>		
Reasons for unemployment	II	ll	II	II	II	II	II	II	
	1984	1985	1984	1985	1984	1985	1984	1985	
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED							ì		
Total, 16 years and over Job losers On layoff Other job losers Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	8,420	8,305	6,272	6,192	1,920	1,861	758	755	
	4,227	3,936	3,267	2,996	868	825	419	393	
	1,060	1,037	914	865	129	150	83	77	
	3,167	2,899	2,353	2,131	737	674	335	316	
	741	829	612	684	109	122	46	74	
	2,169	2,338	1,542	1,716	557	553	165	184	
	1,283	1,201	851	796	385	362	128	105	
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
	50.2	47.4	52.1	48.4	45.2	44.3	55.4	52.1	
	12.6	12.5	14.6	14.0	6.7	8.1	11.0	10.2	
	37.6	34.9	37.5	34.4	38.4	36.2	44.3	41.9	
	8.8	10.0	9.8	11.0	5.7	6.6	6.1	9.8	
	25.8	28.2	24.6	27.7	29.0	29.7	21.8	24.3	
	15.2	14.5	13.6	12.9	20.1	19.4	16.9	13.9	
Job losers Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.0	7.3	6.7	5.8	5.3	
	.7	.7	.6	.7	.9	1.0	.6	1.0	
	1.9	2.0	1.6	1.7	4.7	4.5	2.3	2.5	
	1.1	1.0	.9	.8	3.2	2.9	1.8	1.4	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### A-66. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi noninsti popul	tutional	Civilian labor force									
Votesen status and an			То	tal	Empl	oyed		Unemp	oloyed			
Veteran status and age	II 1984	II 1985	=	li	н	И	Number		Percent of labor force			
			1984	1985	1984	1985	li 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985		
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS												
Total, 30 years and over	7,412 6,422	7,629 6,513	6,946 6,183	7,157 6,280	6,575 5,841	6,774 5,923	372 343	383 357	5.4 5.5	5.4 5.7		
30 to 34 years35 to 39 years	1,783 3,260	1,410 3,378	1,696 3,153	1,354 3,258	1,586 2,975	1,256 3,060	109 177	98 198	6.4 5.6	7.2 6.1		
40 to 44 years45 years and over	1,379 990	1,725 1,116	1,335 763	1,668 878	1,279 734	1,607 851	56 29	61 27	4.2 3.8	3.7 3.0		
NONVETERANS												
otal, 30 to 44 years	16,117 7,320 4,721 4,076	17,114 7,917 4,898 4,299	15,281 6,939 4,479 3,864	16,220 7,557 4,623 4,040	14,431 6,535 4,204 3,692	15,375 7,126 4,405 3,844	851 404 275 172	845 431 218 196	5.6 5.8 6.1 4.5	5.2 5.7 4.7 4.9		

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population. Data for

25- to 29-year-old veterans are no longer shown in this table because the group is rapidly disappearing (into the 30-34 age category) and the numbers remaining for some labor force categories are not large enough to warrant their continued publication.

# A-67. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

			Vete	rans		,			Nonve	terans		
Employment status and age	Wh	ite	Bla	ıck	Hispani	c origin	Wh	ite	Black		Hispani	c origin
	li 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985	II 1984	II 1985
TOTAL, 30 to 44 years												
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployment rate	5,719 5,532 5,265 267 4.8	5,812 5,619 5,338 281 5.0	605 559 487 72 12.9	595 563 503 62 11.0	0 0	288 271 250 21 7.7	13,810 13,237 12,608 631 4.8	14,722 14,120 13,481 640 4.5	1,681 1,481 1,291 189 12.8	1,761 1,527 1,364 162 10.6	0 0	1,423 1,321 1,202 119 9.0
30 to 34 years							) 'i			]  -		
Civilian noninstitutional population	1,559 1,490 1,406 84 5.6	1,213 1,172 1,099 73 6.2	197 182 157 24 13.2	173 160 139 21 13.1	0000	76 68 59 9 13.2	6,282 6,032 5,735 299 5.0	6,846 6,620 6,287 333 5.0	767 671 581 90 13.4	796 691 615 76 11.0	0000	617 581 521 60 10.3
35 to 39 years							,					
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployment rate	2,918 2,838 2,701 138 4.9	3,029 2,927 2,771 156 5.3	289 263 225 39 14.8	296 283 249 34 12.0	0 0 0	149 144 133 11 7.6	4,033 3,857 3,659 198 5.1	4,191 3,991 3,833 159 4.0	482 430 363 66 15.3	495 436 393 43 9.9	0 0 0 0 0	473 437 404 33 7.6
40 to 44 years							1			1		
Civilian noninstitutional population Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Unemployment rate	1,204 1,158 45	1,570 1,520 1,468 52 3.4	119 114 105 9 7.9	126 120 115 7 5.8	0 0 0 0	63 59 58 1 (²)	3,495 3,348 3,214 134 4.0	3,509 3,361 148	380 347 33	470 400 356 43 10.8	0 0 0 0	333 303 277 26 8.6

Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised data are not available for 1984.

the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population. Data for 25- to 29-year-old veterans are no longer shown in this table because the group is rapidly disppearing (into the 30-34 age category) and the numbers remaining for some labor force categories are not large enough to warrant their continued publication. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces; published data are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to

# HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED **QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

#### A-68. Unemployment in families by type of family, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members

(Numbers in thousands)

			II 1984					li 1985		
			With unen	nployment:				With unen	nployment:	
Type of family, race, and Hispanic origin			Perc	ent of fam	ilies:			Perc	ent of fam	ilies:
Type of family, face, and mispaine origin	Total families	families	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time	Total families	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time
TOTAL										
Total families	49,541 23,985 10,053 6,147 2,223	6,364 3,809 4,537 2,760 1,489 921 338	29.6 30.8 20.9 19.2 53.1 61.7 42.9	70.4 69.2 79.1 80.8 46.9 38.3 57.1	61.2 59.8 70.0 71.0 37.0 29.5 49.1	62,299 31,052 49,743 23,880 10,169 6,208 2,388	6,256 3,764 4,388 2,676 1,562 965 306	29.4 30.6 20.6 18.9 51.0 59.3 44.1	70.6 69.4 79.4 81.1 49.0 40.7 55.9	62.1 60.4 71.2 72.4 39.1 30.4 49.0
With children under 18 years of age  White	866	128	58.6	41.4	37.5	964	122	60.7	39.3	36.1
Total families	26,073 44,991 21,385 6,885 4,001 1,770	4,855 2,873 3,797 2,290 836 498 222 86	26.9 27.2 21.2 19.4 49.0 58.6 40.5 54.1	73.1 72.8 78.8 80.6 51.0 41.4 59.5 45.9	63.7 62.9 69.6 70.7 40.8 31.4 51.4 41.2	53,981 26,067 45,073 21,211 7,002 4,091 1,906 765	4,746 2,819 3,669 2,211 875 530 201 78	26.2 26.5 20.4 18.6 47.0 54.7 40.8 57.7	73.8 73.5 79.6 81.4 53.0 45.3 59.2 42.3	65.3 64.4 71.4 72.7 42.9 33.8 51.7 37.2
Black  Total families With children under 18 years of age Married-couple families With children under 18 years of age Families maintained by women With children under 18 years of age Families maintained by men With children under 18 years of age With children under 18 years of age	3,387 1,828 2,933 2,001 387	1,344 826 617 383 621 406 106 37	39.4 43.0 18.8 17.2 58.7 65.2 46.7 (¹)	60.6 57.0 81.2 82.8 41.3 34.8 53.3 (')	51.6 49.2 72.8 73.6 31.8 27.7 45.7 (¹)	6,744 3,981 3,435 1,849 2,909 1,962 401 170	1,320 812 582 363 647 412 91 37	40.6 44.3 20.6 17.9 57.1 65.3 51.6 (')	59.4 55.7 79.4 82.1 42.9 34.7 48.4 (¹)	51.0 47.3 71.4 73.0 33.7 25.7 42.9 (¹)
Hispanic origin  Total families	(2) (2) (3) (4) (7) (7) (7) (8)	(°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°)	(h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h) (h)	(°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°)	(°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°) (°)	3,978 2,638 2,770 1,854 959 693 250 91	568 391 385 280 146 100 36	35.4 37.3 26.2 26.1 56.2 65.0 (')	64.6 62.7 73.8 73.9 43.8 35.0 (')	54.9 53.2 64.4 64.6 33.6 24.0 (')

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.
 Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised data are not available for 1984.

A-69. Unemployed persons by family relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members

			II 184			1 19	l <b>8</b> 5	
		Perc	ent of unemple	oyed:		Perc	ent of unemple	oyed:
Family relationship, race, and Hispanic origin	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time
TOTAL								
Total unemployed in families¹ Husbands	7,076 1,697	32.0 41.6	68.0 58.4	58.7 44.2	6,929 1,561	31.8 42.6	68.2 57.4	59.7 44.1
With children under 18 years of age  Wives  With children under 18 years of age	1,043 1,343 851	44.0 17.5 15.0	56.0 82.5 85.0	39.9 74.7 77.2	966 1,386 865	46.4 18.3 14.6	53.6 81.7 85.4	38.6 75.5 78.7
Relatives in married-couple families	1,978	11.8	88.2	82.2	1,882	11.2	88.8	83.5
Women who maintain families  With children under 18 years of age  Relatives in families maintained by women  Men who maintain families  With children under 18 years of age	602 503 1,082 149 74	83.9 91.0 37.6 72.4 92.8	16.1 9.0 62.4 27.6 7.2	9.7 4.4 50.5 21.4 4.5	645 538 1,121 139 75	81.4 89.0 35.4 68.3 91.0	18.6 11.0 64.6 31.7 9.0	11.3 5.1 53.7 25.3 7.1
Relatives in families maintained by men	225	31.1	68.9	61.0	195	29.8	70.2	63.0
Total unemployed in families¹ Husbands With children under 18 years of age Wives With children under 18 years of age Relatives in married-couple families Women who maintain families With children under 18 years of age Relatives in families maintained by women Men who maintain families With children under 18 years of age Relatives in families maintained by men  Black  Total unemployed in families¹ Husbands With children under 18 years of age Wives Wives With children under 18 years of age Relatives in married-couple families  Women who maintain families With children under 18 years of age Relatives in families maintained by women Men who maintain families With children under 18 years of age Relatives in families maintained by women Men who maintain families With children under 18 years of age	5,260 1,431 866 1,138 709 1,557 331 262 564 98 49 141 1,625 217 143 169 115 366 257 230 497 44 22	29.4 42.8 45.2 17.2 14.4 11.5 79.6 89.2 33.5 68.2 (?) 27.3 40.7 33.0 34.3 21.2 20.5 13.5 90.0 93.3 42.5 (?)	70.6 57.2 54.8 82.8 85.6 88.5 20.4 10.8 66.5 31.8 (²) 72.7 59.3 67.0 65.7 78.8 79.5 86.5	61.2 42.8 38.3 75.0 77.9 82.6 13.1 4.6 54.6 25.1 (²) 64.3 50.5 54.5 51.3 71.2 70.9 79.9 5.4 4.1 45.6 (²)	5,151 1,311 794 1,183 737 1,504 349 282 595 88 45 121 1,575 195 126 165 101 324 279 240 501 42 23	28.6 42.5 46.5 18.2 14.8 10.4 75.1 84.8 32.1 67.2 (²) 26.8 42.0 39.5 41.9 20.3 14.3 14.1 89.6 94 39.7 (²)	71.4 57.5 53.5 81.8 85.2 89.6 24.9 15.2 67.9 32.8 (²) 73.2 58.0 60.5 58.1 79.7 85.7 85.9	62.8 43.4 37.7 76.2 79.3 84.4 15.5 7.3 57.4 26.2 (²) 65.9 49.8 51.2 46.6 69.4 74.6 80.5 5.9 2.2 49.0 (²)
Relatives in families maintained by men  Hispanic origin	75	35.4	64.6	56.9	68	37.3	62.7	54.9
Total unemployed in families¹	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(A) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B	(%) (%) (%) (%) (%)	(3) (3) (4) (6) (6) (7)	629 166 125 112 80 155	36.8 51.0 52.3 16.0 14.4 14.0	63.2 49.0 47.7 84.0 85.6 86.0	53.9 40.6 40.6 73.8 74.3 77.4
Women who maintain families With children under 18 years of age Relatives in families maintained by women Men who maintain families With children under 18 years of age Relatives in families maintained by men	(3)	ලා ලා ලා ලා ලා ල	ල ල ල ල ල ල ල ල	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	66 55 91 19 8 20	82.1 (²) 36.2 (²) (²) (²)	17.9 (²) 63.8 (²) (²) (²)	14.2 (²) 48.8 (²) (²) (²)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces and persons in unrelated subfamilies. Estimates for husbando or wire is in the Armeo Forces and persons in unrelated subfamilies. Estimates for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.
 Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised data are not available for 1984.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

#### A-70. Employed civilians by family relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members

Family relationship, race, and Hispanic origin   Total   With no employed person in family   With at employed person in family   With at employed person in family   With at employed person in family   With no			li 198				19 19		
Total employed in families	oyed:	ent of employ	Perc		ed:	ent of employ	Per		
Total employed in families*	With at least one person in family employed full time	least one employed person in	employed person in	Total	least one person in family employed	least one employed person in	employed person in	Total	Family relationship, race, and Hispanic origin
Husbands				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					TOTAL
With children under 18 years of age	64.4				63.9	75.4		86,927	Total employed in families <sup>1</sup>
Wives	49.0	1							
With children under 18 years of age	43.6								
Relatives in married-couple families	85.7								
With children under 18 years of age	90.9 89.5								
With children under 18 years of age	24.9	37.9	62.1	5 640	23.6	36.9	63.1	5 522	Women who maintain families
Relatives in families maintained by women	11.1								
Men who maintain families	65.3								
With children under 18 years of age	34.7								
White   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in families   Telephoped in familian families   Telephoped in familian familian   Telephoped in familian familian   Telephoped in familian familian   Telephoped in familian	8.2	19.1	80.9	795	11.6	24.3	75.7	699	With children under 18 years of age
Total employed in families   Total employed	75.2	81.8	18.2	1,262	74.9	81.8	18.2	1,212	Relatives in families maintained by men
Husbands									White
Husbands	64.6	76.1	23.9	77.016	64.2	76.0	24.0	76,674	Total employed in families1
With children under 18 years of age         19,662 Wives         37.2 By 11, 86.0 By 11, 87.0 By	47.9								
With children under 18 years of age	41.9	63.6	36.4	19,598	40.9	62.8	37.2	19,662	
Relatives in married-couple families	86.2	91.0	9.0	22,452	86.0	91.1	8.9	22,157	
Women who maintain families	91.4								
With children under 18 years of age       2,630       76,7       23,3       9,6       2,632       75,5       24,5         Relatives in tamilies maintained by women       1,263       52,7       47,3       34,0       1,408       53,3       46,7         With children under 18 years of age       578       75,9       24,1       10,4       654       80,0       20,0         Black         Black         Interval of a proper state of a proper	89.7	93.4	6.6	10,701	90.0	94.0	6.0	11,030	Relatives in married-couple families
Relatives in families maintained by women	26.2								
Men who maintain famililes         1,263         52.7         47.3         34.0         1,408         53.3         46.7           With children under 18 years of age         578         75.9         24.1         10.4         654         80.0         20.0           Black           Black           Folial employed in families maintained by men         7,989         30.8         69.2         59.5         8,252         29.8         70.2           Husbands         2,402         28.2         71.8         60.2         2,441         26.3         73.7           With children under 18 years of age         1,541         28.6         71.4         58.8         1,579         25.9         74.1           Wives         1,919         15.2         84.8         78.3         1,938         13.8         86.2           With children under 18 years of age         1,164         10.6         89.4         83.8         1,185         8.7         91.3           Relatives in married-couple families         1,395         70.9         29.1         18.8         1,435         70.4         29.6           Women who maintain families         1,395         70.9         29.1         18.8         1,435	11.3 65.9								
With children under 18 years of age         578 pg         75.9 pg         24.1 pg         10.4 pg         654 pg         80.0 pg         20.0 pg           Black         Black           Black           Fotal employed in families	34.7								
Relatives in families maintained by men   978   17.5   82.5   76.0   1,005   17.8   82.2	8.1								
Total employed in families	75.5	1	1						
Husbands									Black
With children under 18 years of age       1,541       28.6       71.4       58.8       1,579       25.9       74.1         Wives       1,919       15.2       84.8       78.3       1,938       13.8       86.2         With children under 18 years of age       1,164       10.6       89.4       83.8       1,185       8.7       91.3         Relatives in married-couple families       869       8.2       91.8       84.4       980       8.4       91.6         Women who maintain families       1,395       70.9       29.1       18.8       1,435       70.4       29.6         With children under 18 years of age       985       83.4       16.6       9.0       999       82.8       17.2         Relatives in families maintained by women       972       25.6       74.4       61.9       1,019       25.6       74.4         Men who maintain families       241       59.0       41.0       30.6       251       61.6       38.4         With children under 18 years of age       107       77.8       22.2       13.4       122       88.2       11.7         Relatives in families maintained by men       190       22.9       77.1       69.7       189       22.0       <	61.3	70.2	29.8	8,252	59.5	69.2	30.8	7,989	Fotal employed in families <sup>1</sup>
Wives       1,919       15.2       84.8       78.3       1,938       13.8       86.2         With children under 18 years of age       1,164       10.6       89.4       83.8       1,185       8.7       91.3         Relatives in married-couple families       869       8.2       91.8       84.4       980       8.4       91.6         Women who maintain families       1,395       70.9       29.1       18.8       1,435       70.4       29.6         With children under 18 years of age       985       83.4       16.6       9.0       999       82.8       17.2         Relatives in families maintained by women       972       25.6       74.4       61.9       1,019       25.6       74.4         Men who maintain families       241       59.0       41.0       30.6       251       61.6       38.4         With children under 18 years of age       107       77.8       22.2       13.4       122       88.2       11.7         Relatives in families maintained by men       190       22.9       77.1       69.7       189       22.0       78.0         Hispanic origin         Fotal employed in families¹       (²)       (²)       (²)	62.1	73.7	26.3	2,441	60.2	71.8	28.2	2,402	Husbands
With children under 18 years of age       1,164       10.6       89.4       83.8       1,185       8.7       91.3         Relatives in married-couple families       869       8.2       91.8       84.4       980       8.4       91.6         Women who maintain families       1,395       70.9       29.1       18.8       1,435       70.4       29.6         With children under 18 years of age       985       83.4       16.6       9.0       999       82.8       17.2         Relatives in families maintained by women       972       25.6       74.4       61.9       1,019       25.6       74.4         Men who maintain families       241       59.0       41.0       30.6       251       61.6       38.4         With children under 18 years of age       107       77.8       22.2       13.4       122       88.3       11.7         Relatives in families maintained by men       190       22.9       77.1       69.7       189       22.0       78.0         Hispanic origin         Total employed in families*       (2)       (2)       (2)       (2)       (3)       5,383       28.7       71.3         Husbands       (2)       (2) <t< td=""><td>62.</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	62.		1						
Relatives in married-couple families	79.								
Women who maintain families         1,395         70.9         29.1         18.8         1,435         70.4         29.6           With children under 18 years of age         985         83.4         16.6         9.0         999         82.8         17.2           Relatives in families maintained by women         972         25.6         74.4         61.9         1,019         25.6         74.4           Men who maintain families         241         59.0         41.0         30.6         251         61.6         38.4           With children under 18 years of age         107         77.8         22.2         13.4         122         88 °         11.7           Relatives in families maintained by men         190         22.9         77.1         69.7         189         22.0         78.0           Hispanic origin           Fotal employed in families¹         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         5,383         28.7         71.3           Husbands         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)         (²)	86. 86.								
With children under 18 years of age     985     83.4     16.6     9.0     999     82.8     17.2       Relatives in families maintained by women     972     25.6     74.4     61.9     1,019     25.6     74.4       Men who maintain families     241     59.0     41.0     30.6     251     61.6     38.4       With children under 18 years of age     107     77.8     22.2     13.4     122     88.9     11.7       Relatives in families maintained by men     190     22.9     77.1     69.7     189     22.0     78.0       Hispanic origin       Fotal employed in families'     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     5,383     28.7     71.3       Husbands     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     2.198     41.8     58.2       With children under 18 years of age     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     1,597     44.3     55.7	20.					ĺ			·
Relatives in families maintained by women   972   25.6   74.4   61.9   1,019   25.6   74.4	10.								
Men who maintain families     241     59.0     41.0     30.6     251     61.6     38.4       With children under 18 years of age     107     77.8     22.2     13.4     122     88 °     11.7       Relatives in families maintained by men     190     22.9     77.1     69.7     189     22.0     78.0       Hispanic origin       Total employed in families¹     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     5,383     28.7     71.3       Husbands     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     2.198     41.8     58.2       With children under 18 years of age     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     1,597     44.3     55.7	62.								
Relatives in families maintained by men	33.								
Hispanic origin  Total employed in families¹	6.	11.7	88 <sup>2</sup>	122	13.4	22.2	77.8	107	With children under 18 years of age
Total employed in families¹	71.2	78.0	22.0	189	69.7	77.1	22.9	190	Relatives in families maintained by men
Husbands     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     2,198     41.8     58.2       With children under 18 years of age     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     (²)     1,597     44.3     55.7									Hispanic origin
With children under 18 years of age	62.3								
viui ciniciei didei to years of age	46.5								Mith phildren under 19 years of and
WIVES   161   161   161   170	43.6 84.8	90.2	9.8	1,597	(²)	(2)	(2)	(²) (²)	With children under 18 years of age
With children under 18 years of age (2) (2) (2) (2) 855 8.4 91.6	86.5	}							
Relatives in married-couple families	89.3								
Women who maintain families	24.								
With children under 18 years of age     (2)     (2)     (2)     (2)     265     74.5     25.5	14.								
Relatives in families maintained by women	63.	1							
Men who maintain familles	41.								
With children under 18 years of age	12. 79.		ſ						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces and persons in unrelated subfamilies. Estimates for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised data are not available for 1984. NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### B-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1934 to date

(In thousands)

				Goods	-producing					Ser	vice-produc	ing			
Year and month	Total	Total private	Total	Mining	Construc-	Manufac- turing	Total	Transpor- tation and	Whole- sale	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and	Services		overnmen	t
						turing		public utilities	trade	wade	real estate		Federal	State	Loc
							Anr	nual average	∍s						
34	25,940	22,641	10,261	883	877	8,501	15,679	2,750	(¹)	(¹)	1,304	3,045	652	(')	(1
935	27,039	23,558	10,893	897	927	9,069	16,146	2,786	(1)	(')	1,320	3,128	753	(1)	(1)
936 937	29,068 31,011	25,400 27,255	11,933 12,936	946 1,015	1,160 1,127	9,827 10,794	17,135 18,075	2,973 3,134	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	1,373	3,312 3,503	826 833	(¹) (¹)	(¹)
38	29,194	25,311	11,401	891	1,070	9,440	17,793	2,863	8	Ö	1,410	3,458	829	6	è
39	30,603	26,608	12,297	854	1,165	10,278	18,306	2,936	Ö	(*)	1,447	3,502	905	(')	ľ¹
940	32,361	28,159	13,221	925	1,311	10,985	19,140	3,038	1,835	4,914	1,485	3,665	996	()	C.
941	36,539	31,877	15,963	957 992	1,814 2,198	13,192	20,574	3,274 3,460	1,960 1,906	5,251 5,212	1,525 1,509	3,905 4,066	1,340 2,213	(¹)	(1
942 943	40,106 42,434	34,624 36,356	18,470 20,114	992	1,587	15,280 17,602	21,636 22,320	3,460	1,822	5,160	1,309	4,130	2,213	(¹)   (¹)	(¹ ('
944	41,864	35,822	19,328	892	1,108	17,328	22,536	3,829	1,845	5,214	1,461	4,145	2,928	Ö	Ò
945	40,374	34,431	17,507	836	1,147	15,524	22,867	3,906	1,949	5,365	1,481	4,222	2,808	(1)	(1
946	41,652	36,056	17,248	862	1,683	14,703	24,404	4,061	2,291	6,084	1,675	4,697	2,254	(')	C
947 948	43,857 44,866	38,382 39,216	18,509 18,774	955 994	2,009 2,198	15,545 15,582	25,348 26,092	4,166 4,189	2,471 2,605	6,485 6,667	1,728 1,800	5,025 5,181	1,892 1,863	(1)	(¹
949	43,754	37,897	17,565	930	2,194	14,441	26,189	4,001	2,602	6,662	1,828	5,240	1,908	(¹) (¹)	(1
950	45,197	39,170	18,506	901	2,364	15,241	26,691	4,034	2,635	6,751	1,888	5,357	1,928	(')	C.
951	47,819	41,430	19,959	929	2,637	16,393	27,860	4,226	2,727	7,015	1,956	5,547	2,302	(')	(1
952	48,793	42,185	20,198	898	2,668	16,632	28,595	4,248	2,812	7,192	2,035	5,699	2,420	(¹)	l (
953 954	50,202 48,990	43,556 42,238	21,074 19,751	866 791	2,659 2,646	17,549 16,314	29,128	4,290 4,084	2,854 2,867	7,393 7,368	2,111 2,200	5,835 5,969	2,305 2,188	(¹) (¹)	(¹ (¹
955	50,641	43,727	20,513	792	2,839	16,882	30,128	4,141	2,926	7,610	2,298	6,240	2,187	$\ddot{\circ}$	ď
956	52,369	45,091	21,104	822	3,039	17,243	31,266	4,244	3,018	7,840	2,389	6,497	2,209	1,250	3,8
957	52,853	45,239	20,964	828	2,962	17,174	31,889	4,241	3,028	7,858	2,438	6,708	2,217	1,328	4,0
958959 <sup>2</sup>	51,324 53,268	43,483 45,186	19,513 20,411	751 732	2,817 3,004	15,945 16,675	31,811 32,857	3,976 4,011	2,980 3,082	7,770 8,045	2,481 2,549	6,765 7,087	2,191 2,233	1,415 1,484	4,3 4,3
960	54,189	45,836	20,434	712	2,926	16,796	33,755	4,004	3,143	8,248	2,629	7,378	2,270	1,536	4.
961	53,999	45,404	19,857	672	2,859	16,326	34,142	3,903	3,133	8,204	2,688	7,620	2,279	1,607	4,
962	55,549	46,660	20,451	650	2,948	16,853	35,098	3,906	3,198	8,368	2,754	7,982	2,340	1,668	4,8
963 964	56,653 58,283	47,429 48,686	20,640	635 634	3,010 3,097	16,995 17,274	36,013 37,278	3,903 3,951	3,248 3,337	8,530 8,823	2,830 2,911	8,277 8,660	2,358 2,348	1,747 1,856	5, 5,
965		50,689	21,926	632	3,232	18,062	38,839	4,036	3,466	9,250	2,977	9,036	2,348	1,996	5,
966		53,116	23,158	627	3,317	19,214	40,743	4,158	3,597	9,648	3,058	9,498	2,564	2,141	6,0
967		54,413	23,308	613	3,248	19,447	42,495	4,268	3,689	9,917	3,185	10,045	2,719	2,302	6,
968		56,058	23,737	606	3,350	19,781	44,160	4,318	3,779	10,320	3,337	10,567	2,737	2,442	6,0
1969	70,384	58,189	24,361	619	3,575	20,167	46,023	4,442	3,907	10,798	3,512	11,169	2,758	2,533	6,9
970		58,325	23,578	623	3,588	19,367	47,302	4,515	3,993	11,047	3,645	11,548	2,731	2,664	7,
971		58,331	22,935	609	3,704	18,623	48,278	4,476	4,001	11,351	3,772	11,797	2,696	2,747	7,
972		60,341 63,058	23,668	628 642	3,889 4,097	19,151 20,154	50,007 51,897	4,541 4,656	4,113 4,277	11,836	3,908 4,046	12,276 12,857	2,684 2,663	2,859 2,923	7, 8,
974		64,095	24,794	697	4,020	20,077	53,471	4,725	4,433	12,554	4,148	13,441	2,724	3,039	8,
1975	76,945	62,259	22,600	752	3,525	18,323	54,345	4,542	4,415	12,645	4,165	13,892	2,748	3,179	8,
1976		64,511	23,352	779	3,576	18,997	56,030	4,582	4,546	13,209	4,271	14,551	2,733	3,273	8,
1977 1978		67,344 71,026	24,346	813 851	3,851 4,229	19,682 20,505	58,125 61,113	4,713 4,923	4,708 4,969	13,808 14,573	4,467 4,724	15,303 16,252	2,727 2,753	3,377	9,
1979	89,823	73,876	25,585 26,461	958	4,229	21,040	63,363	5,136	5,204	14,989	4,724	17,112	2,753	3,474 3,541	9, 9,
980	90,406	74,166	25,658	1,027	4,346	20,285	64,748	5,146	5,275	15,035	5,160	17,890	2,866	3,610	9,
1981		75,126	25,497	1,139	4,188	20,170	65,659	5,165	5,358	15,189	5,298	18,619	2,772	3,640	9,
1982	89,566	73,729	23,813	1,128	3,905	18,781	65,753	5,082	5,278	15,179	5,341	19,036	2,739	3,640	9,
983	90,196	74,330 78,477	23,334	952 974	3,948 4,345	18,434 19,412	66,862 69,731	4,954 5,171	5,268 5,550	15,613 16,584	5,468 5,682	19,694 20,761	2,774 2,807	3,662 3,712	9,
		L		L	<u> </u>	L			<u> </u>	L	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		L
984:		T		Т		<b>N</b>	lonthly dat	ta, seasona	lly adjusted	<u> </u>		т	1	T	
June		78,384	24,767	978	4,344	19,445	69,550	5,164	5,532	16,534	5,680	20,707	2,802	3,712	9,
July	94,615	78,655	24,842	979	4,354	19,509	69,773	5,174	5,557	16,623	5,693	20,766	2,805	3,712	9,
August		78,885	24,889	984	4,366	19,539	70,004	5,194	5,573	16,673	5,707	20,849	2,812	3,723	9,
September October		79,154 79,460	24,851 24,918	985 979	4,386 4,403	19,480 19,536	70,387 70,655	5,210 5,223	5,610 5,636	16,750 16,859	5,719 5,737	21,014	2,827 2,823	3,733	9,
November		79,764	24,955	978	4,424	19,553	70,927	5,229	5,647	16,994	5,755	21,184	2,831	3,732	9
December		80,010	25,045	973	4,469	19,603	71,047	5,246	5,665	17,026	5,776		2,836	3,722	9
January	96,419	80,319	25,112	974	4,534	19,604	71,307	5,259	5,686	17,090	5,790	21,382	2,836	3,730	9
February		80,480	25,062	976	4,525	19,561	71,529	5,272	5,697	17,160	5,809	21,480	2,834	3,733	9
March		80,767	25,056	977	4,553	19,526	71,854	5,269	5,714	17,249	5,835	21,644	2,850	3,744	9.
April May <sup>p</sup>		80,962 81,203	25,090 25,063	982 981	4,641 4,655	19,467 19,427	72,030 72,323	5,278 5,305	5,733 5,744	17,280	5,858 5,890	21,723	2,859 2,848	3,749 3,751	9
June <sup>p</sup>		81,326	25,003	976		19,427	72,459	5,305	5,766	17,393	5,909		2,846	3,731	9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Not available.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1984) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1981) are subject to revision.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Not available.  $^2$  Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 benchmark month.  $_{\rm P}$  = preliminary,

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

(In thousands)

	1972	L	Ali	employe	es		Production workers <sup>1</sup>					
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	June 1985°	
Total		94,356	95,182	96,909	97,752	98,376						
Total private		78,091	79,134	80,434	81,242	82,118	63,298	64,201	65,058	65,806	66,554	
Mining		968	988	969	976	987	688	704	687	695	702	
Metal mining		57.7	58.2	50.1	50.0		42.4	42.9	37.0	37.1		
Iron ores		12.4	12.6	10.3	10.4		9.2	9.5	7.8	7.9	ĺ	
Copper ores	102	17.4	17.1	13.7	13.6	l	12.3	12.2	9.8	9.8	ŀ	
Coal mining	11 12	201.5	203.9	196.9	197.1		163.7	166.0	161.0	161.5		
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		198.7	201.2	190.9	194.3		161.3	163.7	158.6	159.1		
Dittimious coar and agrice maining		130.7	201.2	134.1	134.5		101.5	103.7	130.0	135.1	-	
Oil and gas extraction	13	598.2	611.7	611.0	613.7	620.6	397.0	407.3	404.5	408.4		
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids	131,2	262.7	267.1	261.8	261.6	_	121.0	123.0	120.1	120.4		
Oil and gas field services	138	335.5	344.6	349.2	352.1	1	276.0	284.3	284.4	288.0		
No. and the mineral second field		1110	4440	440.0	445.5		05.0	07.0			}	
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels		111.0	114.0	110.8	115.5		85.2	87.9	84.1	88.4		
Crushed and broken stone		36.3 34.7	37.6	36.5	38.3		29.0	30.2	29.3	31.1		
Sand and gravel		20.8	36.0 20.8	35.1 20.4	37.4 20.5		_	-	_	-		
Chemical and fertilizer minerals		20.0	20.0	20.4	20.5				[		ĺ	
Construction		4,323	4,526	4,451	4,674	4,849	3,360	3,549	3,459	3,667	3,829	
General building contractors	15	1,149.8	1,213.4	1,177.6	1,230.1	1,279.6	853.6	911.6	870.6	921.6		
Residential building construction		578.4	616.0		612.8	_	416.1	450.9	421.5	448.6		
Operative builders	153	59.1	60.8	61.5	62.5		32.4	33.9	32.5	34.0		
Nonresidential building construction	154	512.3	536.6	531.0	554.8		405.1	426.8	416.6	439.0		
Heavy construction contractors	16	779.5	826.1	762.4	820.2		636.6	682.4	623.5	677.1		
Highway and street construction		258.2	į.				217.2	243.2	204.0			
Heavy construction, except highway		521.3	1	1	528.4		419.4	439.2	419.5	f		
Special trade contractors	17	2,394.1	2 486 2	2,510.5	2,623.3		1,869.8	1,954.5	1,964.9	2.068.5		
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	171	550.2				ł	403.3	418.1	417.9		1	
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		151.0	l .	1			124.7	133.7	i	,	1	
Electrical work		433.7	I.				330.1	340.2	,	1		
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		373.2		1		ļ	317.5	1				
Carpentering and flooring		142.0	146.8	154.5	159.8		106.6	111.3		II .	)	
Roofing and sheet metal work	176	176.4	185.8	180.8	188.5	}	141.2	150.2	145.4	152.3		
Manufacturing		19,370	19,585	19,375	19,409	19,524	13,309	13,461	13,182	13,212	13,31	
Durable goods		11,499	11,629	11,586	11,605	11,637	7,758	7,846	7,723	7,741	7,76	
Lumber and wood products	24	709.6	731.2	683.3	697.0	715.6	595.1	615.3	568.8	581.0	597.	
Logging camps and logging contractors	241	85.7		i .			65.9	1	1	1		
Sawmills and planing mills		204.7					182.0	1	1	1		
Sawmills and planing mills, general		168.3					150.1	i	139.4			
Hardwood dimension and flooring	2426	32.0					28.1					
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	243	221.3					185.3					
Millwork		82.0					66.6		1			
Wood kitchen cabinets		56.5			1	1	46.3					
Hardwood veneer and plywood	2435	25.0			1	1	22.1	1				
Softwood veneer and plywood	2436	37.8				1	34.4	i	1	1		
Wood containers		42.2					35.9					
Wood buildings and mobile homes		77.2	1	1	I.	i .	60.1	1				
Mobile homes		55.9					45.3	1				
Miscellaneous wood products		78.5					65.9	1				

See footnotes at end of table.

# B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	tion wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°
Ourable goods—Continued											
Furniture and fixtures		483.8	487.1	497.3	491.8	492.8	387.0	390.0	397.0	391.6	393
Household furniture		295.5	295.1	297.0	291.2	-	247.2	247.0	249.0	243.1	-
Wood household furniture		131.7	131.9	131.4	130.5		114.3	114.6	114.6	113.4	
Upholstered household furniture		91.5 29.6	91.9 28.2	95.1 28.9	92.1 27.7		74.9 24.2	75.3 22.8	78.2 23.6	75.2 22.4	
Mattresses and bedsprings		29.3	29.6	28.4	28.4		22.3	22.8	21.5	21.6	
Office furniture		62.2	63.2	68.1	68.2		47.8	48.6	52.2	52.0	
Public building and related furniture	1	25.9	26.1	27.9	27.9		19.6	19.8	21.3	21.4	
Partitions and fixtures		65.4	67.4	66.6	66.6		48.6	50.2	48.8	49.0	
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	259	34.8	35.3	37.7	37.9		23.8	24.4	25.7	26.1	
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	599.8	609.5	593.7	603.2	612.5	461.0	470.7	454.2	464.7	473
Flat glass		15.7	15.9	15.1	14.9	-	12.4	12.7	12.0	11.6	
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		100.3	101.3	92.4	93.5		85.2	86.1	77.8	79.2	
Glass containers		52.5	53.7	47.1	48.4		46.3	47.4	41.7	42.9	
Pressed and blown glass, nec Products of purchased glass		47.8 47.8	47.6 48.4	45.3 50.5	45.1 50.6		38.9 32.9	38.7 33.6	36.1 35.0	36.3 35.5	
Cement, hydraulic		24.6	25.0	23.9	24.2		19.2	19.6	18.7	18.9	
Structural clay products		38.9	39.6	37.6	38.1		30.2	30.8	28.8	29.4	
Pottery and related products		39.3	39.7	38.7	38.0		31.0	31.4	30.6	30.1	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		202.6	207.9	206.7	215.0		157.0	162.4	160.6	168.9	
Concrete block and brick		18.3	18.7	18.1	18.6		12.6	13.0	12.3	12.7	
Concrete products, nec		67.1	68.5	70.2	71.8		50.0	51.6	53.2	55.2	
Ready-mixed concrete		97.7	101.0	98.6	104.7		79.0	82.2	79.5	85.4	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		119.2	120.1	117.3	117.4	1	84.0	84.9	81.5	81.9	
Abrasive products		22.6 12.3	22.8 12.5	22.4	22.2		15.0 9.3	15.3	14.5	14.3	
Asbestos products		27.8	27.8	12.0 26.9	11.8 27.0		-	9.7	9.1 -	9.0	
Primary metal industries	33	875.7	878.6	829.6	827.1	826.0	668.2	669.7	628.2	625.5	622
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		347.5	348.7	310.4	310.9	308.7	269.2	269.4	237.4	237.5	23
Blast furnaces and steel mills		277.5	277.7	244.4	245.6	-	216.5	216.0	188.3	189.2	
Steel pipe and tubes		25.1	25.5	23.6	23.3		18.6	18.8	17.4	17.1	
Iron and steel foundries		150.2	151.4	146.3	145.8		119.2	120.4	115.6	115.0	
Gray iron foundries		96.2	96.6	92.6	1		78.8	79.0	75.5	74.6	İ
Malleable iron foundries		10.9	11.0	10.6	1		8.1	8.2	7.8	7.9	
Steel foundries, nec		31.1	31.6	29.2			23.5	24.2	21.9	21.9	
Primary nonferrous metals Primary aluminum		52.7 28.1	52.6 28.0	47.9 25.0			38.8 21.9	38.4 21.6	34.5 18.8	34.0 18.6	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		193.6	192.5	193.6			137.5	136.5	137.7	136.2	
Copper rolling and drawing		27.8	28.1	26.3	1		20.6	20.8	19.8	19.8	}
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		32.1	30.4	31.8			24.6	22.9	23.0		
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	. 3357	81.8	81.7	81.2	79.8	ļ	58.0	58.2	59.0	57.8	
Nonferrous foundries		86.8	87.7	86.9		1	69.7	70.6	70.0		1
Aluminum foundries	. 3361	53.4	54.0	53.4	53.2		43.8	44.4	43.7	43.7	
Fabricated metal products	34	1,455.5	1 '	1,473.0			1,073.0		,		, ,
Metal cans and shipping containers	1	57.9	58.8	55.5	1	-	49.1	49.6	47.2		1
Metal cans		46.7 148.0	149.7	44.5	l .		40.3 110.8	40.6	38.6 108.9	1	5
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware  Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades .		48.7	148.7 49.1	146.8 47 <i>.</i> 7	1	t .	36.1	111.3 36.5		I	
Hardware, nec		86.3	1	86.6			65.9	ľ	65.5		
Plumbing and heating, except electric		63.6		61.4	1		45.3	45.9	43.4		
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		25.7	25.9	24.2			19.5		17.9		
Heating equipment, except electric		27.9		27.8			18.3		18.4		
Fabricated structural metal products		429.3	1	443.5			292.4	1	307.1	311.7	
Fabricated structural metal		77.6	1	81.2	1	1	53.7	1	57.4		
Metal doors, sash, and trim		83.4	85.9	85.3	1		60.6	1		1	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		99.1	100.1 112.3	101.3 112.7		F	57.3 80.3				
Architectural metal work		27.8	1	29.1			20.0	1	1		
A TOURIS COURSE IN CIGAL WOLD		21.0	20.3	2 <del>3</del> .1	25.0	1	20.0	20.3	20.7	20.0	1

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972	Ĺ	All	employe	es			Produc	tion wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985⁵	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	June 1985
Durable goods—Continued											
Fabricated metal products—Continued	1	1									
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	345	96.4	97.5	99.1	98.8		73.5	74.4	76.0	75.8	
Screw machine products		46.0	46.5	47.5	47.1		37.2	37.6	38.6	38.3	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers  Metal forgings and stampings		50.4 250.0	51.0 251.2	51.6 250.9	51.7 250.8		36.3 201.0	36.8 202.2	37.4 201.7	37.5 201.2	
Iron and steel forgings		35.0	35.4	33.5	33.0		27.1	27.4	25.9	25.3	
Automotive stampings		99.1	99.0	102.0	103.2	_	85.0	85.1	87.6	88.6	
Metal stampings, nec		105.4	106.2	104.8	103.9		81.0	81.8	80.4	79.4	
Metal services, nec		106.9	108.1	109.3	108.7	İ	86.0	87.1	87.5	86.9	
Plating and polishing		74.0	74.8	75.1	74.6		60.7	61.4	61.2	60.6	
Metal coating and allied services		32.9	33.3	34.2	34.1		25.3	25.7	26.3	26.3	Ì
Ordnance and accessories, nec		75.4	76.6	78.7	79.1	(	49.0	49.8	51.3	51.5	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		40.3	40.7	43.4	43.7		26.1	26.3	28.4	28.6	i
Misc. fabricated metal products	349	228.0	230.4	227.8	227.5		165.9		165.1	164.9	
Valves and pipe fittings		86.9 53.3	87.8 53.8	87.3 51.2	87.6 51.3	L I	58.6 40.7	59.5 41.2	59.1 38.8	59.3 39.0	
·	1										
Machinery, except electrical	35	2,189.6			2,204.8		1,326.8			1,328.1	1,32
Engines and turbines  Turbines and turbine generator sets		114.2 35.4	113.8 35.4	110.7 35.5	109.3 35.2		71.3 17.8	70.5 17.8	68.9 18.6	68.4 18.3	-
Internal combustion engines, nec		78.8	78.4	75.2	74.1	,	53.5	J	50.3	50.1	
Farm and garden machinery		113.7	112.0	113.0	111.5	1	77.2	1	76.7	76.0	
Farm machinery and equipment		90.6	89.3	85.3	84.3	1	60.1	1	55.3		
Construction and related machinery		257.3	259.5	255.1	256.1		157.6	1	158.3	159.0	1
Construction machinery		92.4	93.0	87.2	89.0		55.8	I .	53.7	55.0	
Mining machinery	3532	21.5	21.7	21.9	22.0	1	12.8	12.9	13.6	13.7	-
Oil field machinery		64.7	64.9	65.6	65.2		41.6		42.2		
Conveyors and conveying equipment		28.2	29.3	29.3	29.1	1	14.8	L	15.7	15.6	1
Industrial trucks and tractors		26.6	1	25.7	25.3		17.9		17.1		
Metalworking machinery		303.5 55.6	306.0	314.2	313.9 56.7		215.2		224.0 35.3		1
Machine tools, metal cutting types  Machine tools, metal forming types		18.7	56.2 18.9	56.8 19.8	19.7	1	33.5 11.4		12.1	1	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	133.0	134.0	138.4	138.9	1	104.3	1	107.8	1	
Machine tool accessories	3545	54.5	55.1	57.0	57.3	1	38.0	1	40.2		
Power driven hand tools		24.1	24.1	24.0			16.8		17.1		
Special industry machinery	355	166.7	168.7	169.5	168.5	i	99.6	101.0	101.3	100.7	
Food products machinery	3551	39.3	39.2	38.5	38.5	;[	24.2	24.1	23.7	23.9	ıļ .
Textile machinery		20.4	20.4	18.5	t		14.1	1	12.3		
Printing trades machinery		30.0	1	31.2			17.6		18.1		
General industrial machinery		272.0		277.1	276.7		172.7		178.0		
Pumps and pumping equipment  Ball and roller bearings		52.1 48.4	53.0 49.0	52.3 48.3			30.0 36.7		30.7 36.4		
Air and gas compressors		25.3	1	ı	1	I .	13.4	1	15.1		
Blowers and fans		32.9	1	ı			20.3				
Speed changers, drives, and gears		20.6	1	21.4			13.9				
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	17.5	17.7	18.2	18.1	1	12.0	12.2	12.7	12.6	s
Office and computing machines		522.4					209.3		189.0		
Electronic computing equipment		457.6		454.5			174.7		158.7		
Refrigeration and service machinery		170.4		177.5			120.2		123.8		
Refrigeration and heating equipment		120.4	)	123.9			87.0				
Misc. machinery, except electrical		269.4 35.2		278.9 34.7	1		203.7	1	1		
Machinery, except electrical, nec		234.2	1	1	1	ì	175.4	1		1	t
									1		
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	2,194.0	1 '			2,208.2				1 /	
Electric distributing equipment  Transformers		114.9			1	1	83.0	1			
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		52.8 62.1	į.		1	1	38.0 45.0	1			
Electrical industrial apparatus		207.9		1		1	148.0	1		1	
Motors and generators		104.6	1				81.5	1			
Industrial controls		65.1	1			1	40.1	1	1		
Household appliances		152.7		i		1	121.1	1	1	1	
Household refrigerators and freezers		34.3					28.3		1		
Household laundry equipment		19.9	1				15.1	15.5	16.4		
Electric housewares and fans	3634	39.4	39.9	37.1	37.3	3	30.2	30.8	28.5	28.7	7

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	ction wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985⁰	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	June 1985
Ourable goods—Continued											
Electrical and electronic equipment—Continued											
Electric lighting and wiring equipment	364	199.3	201.2	199.8	197.2		146.1	147.3	145.0	142.5	ľ
Electric lamps		28.1	28.4	28.7	28.5		24.4	24.6	24.8	24.5	-
Current-carrying wiring devices		84.9	86.0	83.0	82.2		56.8	57.3	55.1	54.2	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	3644	17.3	17.5	17.7	17.7	-	12.5	12.7	12.6	12.7	-
Residential lighting fixtures	3645	26.2	26.3	26.4	24.7	- 1	19.8	19.9	19.9	18.4	-
Radio and TV receiving equipment		89.9	91.6 72.8	82.5 65.6	84.7 67.9	-	62.4 48.6	63.9 50.1	55.1	57.4 45.5	-
Radio and TV receiving sets  Communication equipment		71.2 607.5	614.3	652.5	654.3	-	278.2	280.4	42.9 295.7	296.8	
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		144.1	143.6	144.9	143.9	_	92.8	92.5	94.1	93.5	1
Radio and TV communication equipment		463.4	470.7	507.6	510.4	1	185.4	187.9	201.6	203.3	
Electronic components and accessories		665.7	682.5	672.0	666.7	-	402.4	410.0	383.8		•
Electronic tubes		40.7	41.0	42.6	42.6	1 1	25.0	25.2	26.4	26.2	
Semiconductors and related devices		267.7	277.2	281.8	281.6		117.6	120.3	111.7	111.2	1
Electronic components, nec	3679	272.1	276.8	271.5	267.7	-	193.4	196.5	189.5	185.9	_
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	369	156.1	155.7	151.2	150.9	-	111.6	110.6	106.7	106.5	
Storage batteries	3691	27.1	27.6	26.6	26.9		21.1	21.5	20.7	20.9	-
Engine electrical equipment	3694	64.9	65.0	64.9	64.5	-	51.3	50.7	50.0	49.5	-
Transportation equipment	37	1,898.8	1,911.1	1,982.1	1,993.9	1,993.7	1,218.9	1,222.7	1,265.2	1.275.5	1,270
Motor vehicles and equipment		857.6	864.0	873.8	883.2	881.6	662.7	666.2			
Motor vehicles and car bodies		386.5	390.0	404.4	410.3	´ -	286.0	287.9	306.5	312.0	-
Truck and bus bodies		35.9	36.3	37.1	37.8		28.2	28.7	29.1	29.6	1
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		387.2	390.4	386.2	389.3		309.7	311.8	308.9		
Truck trailers	3715	32.3	33.0	29.4	29.4		25.7	26.2	22.7		
Aircraft and parts		589.4	594.1	633.4	636.1		284.5	285.6			
Aircraft		304.8	307.1	328.9	331.0	1 1	128.2	128.9	1		
Aircraft engines and engine parts		138.7	139.9	147.0	146.8	1	73.0	73.0	74.1		
Aircraft equipment, nec		145.9	147.1	157.5	158.3	1	83.3	83.7	90.3	1	Į.
Ship and boat building and repairing	3/3	196.3	195.2	199.0	196.3	i	148.5	147.9	1	1	
Ship building and repairing	3/31	147.9 48.4	146.6	1	147.1	1	108.3	107.7	110.1	108.9	(
Boat building and repairingRailroad equipment		35.3	48.6 35.9		49.2 34.2	1	40.2 24.2	40.2 24.7	40.6 23.9		
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		151.7	154.6		174.7		50.4	51.2	1	1	1
Guided missiles and space vehicles		117.4	119.7	133.4	135.1		38.0	38.7			
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		52.3		54.5	54.3	ŀ	36.5	35.4	t	1	1
Travel trailers and campers		22.7	22.1	22.7	22.3	1	18.2	17.4	18.5		į.
Instruments and related products	38	711.1	718.2	723.7	722.6	726.5	397.9	401.2	395.5	395.1	396
Engineering and scientific instruments		79.0	1	ı	82.3	1	35.9	36.0	ł	•	,
Measuring and controlling devices		247.7					143.2	145.0	1		
Environmental controls		45.5	1			4	29.2	29.4	28.2		
Process control instruments		55.3	l .		1	1	26.7	27.4	28.8		
Instruments to measure electricity		106.4	108.4	1			60.6	61.2		I .	
Optical instruments and lenses	383	34.6					18.6	18.7			
Medical instruments and supplies		173.7	172.8				105.3	104.7			
Surgical and medical instruments		85.6					49.2	48.5			
Surgical appliances and supplies		73.8	ı				47.8				1
Ophthalmic goods		39.2					26.0	25.9			
Photographic equipment and supplies Watches, clocks, and watchcases		122.4	1	1	1	1	58.7 10.2	60.6 10.3			
·											
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39	381.2					277.4	280.2			
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		54.2		1			37.3	36.9			
Jewelry, precious metal  Musical instruments		35.9 16.9	l .				24.7 13.3	24.3 12.8			
Toys and sporting goods		110.1	I .		1		82.5	83.7			
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		53.8		1			39.0	40.6			
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		56.3	4		1		43.5	43.1			
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		32.3					22.1	22.5			
Costume jewelry and notions	396	39.2	1	1	1		29.7	30.9			
		21.7					16.3	17.5			
Costume iewelry											
Costume jewelry		128.5	1	1	1	1	92.5	93.4	1		5

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	ction wor	kers1	,
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985
londurable goods		7,871	7,956	7,789	7,804	7,887	5,551	5,615	5,459	5,471	5,5
Food and kindred products		1,575.7	1,612.9	1,569.4	1,590.7		1,083.0	1,116.4	1,082.0	1,099.8	
Meat products	201	352.4	356.7	358.8	363.7	_	295.3	299.4	300.3	305.6	-
Meat packing plants		145.4	146.7	145.5	146.6		119.7	121.1	119.8	121.3	
Sausages and other prepared meats	2013	72.5	72.9	70.8	72.3		53.7	54.1	51.2	52.8	
Poultry dressing plants	2016	115.8	118.2	123.6	125.7		105.3	107.4	112.6	114.6	
Dairy products	202	164.4	168.4	160.7	163.0		96.2	99.7	94.5	96.5	
Cheese, natural and processed	2022	38.7	39.8	37.7	38.2		29.7	30.6	29.3	29.8	
Fluid milk		87.6	88.8	87.1	87.6		41.5	42.7	41.6	42.0	
Preserved fruits and vegetables		209.7	223.5	208.8	216.9		170.3	182.5	168.0	174.8	
Canned specialties	2032	24.1	24.7	24.6	23.8		17.9	18.3	16.9	16.1	
Canned fruits and vegetables		68.3	77.0	65.9	68.5		54.1	61.5	51.9	54.2	
Frozen fruits and vegetables		46.2	47.6	45.7	49.0		40.4	41.9	39.6	42.5	1
Grain mill products		129.4	130.8	126.4	125.8		86.6	88.1	85.4	85.2	
Flour and other grain mill products		24.7	24.8	23.7	23.5		14.7	14.9	14.6		
Prepared feeds, nec		47.4	48.4	45.7	45.8		29.9	30.9	28.8	1	
Bakery products		212.7	213.6	207.2	207.0		126.8	128.4	124.8	123.5	
Bread, cake, and related products		166.9	167.1	161.9	164.1		89.9	91.2	88.1	89.5	
Cookies and crackers		45.8	46.5	45.3	42.9		36.9	37.2	36.7	34.0	1
Sugar and confectionery products		92.2	94.0	91.7	92.2		69.6	71.5	69.4	69.6	
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	22.4	22.0	21.6	21.9		17.0	16.9	16.6	16.6	
Confectionery products		50.1	51.9	50.3	50.5		39.4	41.2	39.8		
Fats and oils		35.1	35.6	36.8	36.1		25.9	26.2	27.0		
Beverages		214.7	218.7	211.9	215.0		90.6	93.2	89.3	91.4	
Malt beverages		41.6	42.0	39.8	39.8		25.6	26.1	25.4	25.7	
Bottled and canned soft drinks		129.2	132.5	128.7	132.0		42.0	43.6	41.6		i
Misc. food and kindred products	209	165.1	171.6	167.1	171.0		121.7	127.4	123.3	126.9	1
Tobacco manufactures	21	60.5	61.0	61.7	61.0	62.1	44.6	45.4	45.5	44.8	, i
Cigarettes	211	44.5	45.2	45.4	45.3	-	32.7	33.5	33.4	33.3	1
Textile mill products	22	756.1	755.9	707.6	702.1	702.7	654.9	654.4	610.6	606.0	6
Weaving mills, cotton		120.4	117.9	110.9	107.5	- 1	108.0	105.5	99.4	96.4	,
Weaving mills, synthetics		100.5	99.9	91.6	91.6	,	89.6	88.9	81.2	81.3	ıl 💮
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		18.3	18.3	17.0	17.1		15.5	15.3	14.3	14.4	.
Narrow fabric mills		23.9	23.8	22.9		1	20.4	20.3	19.6	1	ıl .
Knitting mills		207.4	209.0	194.4			180.6	182.3	169.1	169.8	j.
Women's hosiery, except socks		33.8	33.5	32.7			30.4	30.2	29.2	28.9	)
Hosiery, nec	2252	35.2	35.4	33.3	33.3		31.7	31.8	30.0	30.0	)
Knit outerwear mills	2253	67.1	68.3	60.9	61.7		57.6	59.0	52.9	53.9	)
Knit underwear mills	2254	28.0	28.2	25.8	25.9		24.2	24.3	21.8	21.7	, l
Circular knit fabric mills	2257	24.8	24.9	24.3	24.4		21.2	21.3	20.7	20.8	3
Textile finishing, except wool	226	68.8	69.4	64.4	63.3		57.9	58.5	53.9	53.0	ון
Finishing plants, cotton		26.6	26.8	24.2	23.7		22.3	22.5	20.2	19.9	•
Finishing plants, synthetics		23.7	23.8	23.0	22.5	1	19.9	20.0	19.0	18.6	5
Floor covering mills		53.0	53.4	53.3	53.6	i	42.5				)
Yarn and thread mills		107.7			1		95.9	1	1		
Yarn mills, except wool	l l	73.9					66.5				
Throwing and winding mills  Miscellaneous textile goods		17.1 56.1					15.2 44.5				
Wiscenarieous textile goods		30.1	30.3	32.0	J2.1		44.5	44.5	41.0	40.7	}
Apparel and other textile products		1,217.8				1 '		1 -	!		
Men's and boys' suits and coats		72.4	i	I .		1	63.4		1	i	
Men's and boys' furnishings		344.7					296.9	1			
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		98.8		1	1		85.8	1	1	1	
Men's and boys' separate trousers		66.2	1	1	1		57.5		T		
Men's and boys' work clothing		102.4					87.1		i		
Women's and misses' outerwear		398.7	1	1	1	1	337.0		1		
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		60.2	!				51.6	1			
Women's and misses' dresses		123.0	1				104.3			i	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		55.0				1	45.1		1	1	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	12339	160.5	157.6	157.0	154.9	)	136.0	131.8	131.4	l  130.1	11

# B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	tion wor	kers1	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Арг. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	Jur 198
londurable goods—Continued											
Apparel and other textile products—Continued		i					İ				
Women's and children's undergarments		86.5	86.6	81.8	80.9		73.1	73.1	68.6	67.9	
Women's and children's underwear		69.7	69.5	66.5	65.9		60.3	60.1	57.0	56.6	
Brassieres and allied garments		16.8	17.1	15.3	15.0		12.8	13.0	11.6	11.3	1
Children's outerwear		64.6	65.7	60.1	61.8		55.0	55.9	50.5	51.8	
Children's dresses and blouses		27.4	27.9	25.5	26.3		24.3	24.7	22.3	23.0	ļ
Misc. apparel and accessories		46.5	47.2	43.8	43.9	l	38.7	39.1	36.4	36.4	
Misc. fabricated textile products		185.0	185.0	180.6	178.8	-	153.2	153.2	148.8	147.1	1
Curtains and draperies	I	26.8	26.6	25.8	25.8		21.8	21.7	21.2	20.9	
House furnishings, nec		51.5	51.5	50.5	48.6		44.1	43.9	43.2	41.4	
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	37.5	37.4	36.4	36.4		30.9	30.8	30.1	30.2	
Paper and allied products		679.0	689.7	678.3	680.1	690.4	510.4	519.5	511.3	513.1	5
Paper and pulp mills		200.6	203.9	201.0	201.1	-	151.7	154.2	151.6	i	
Paper mills, except building paper		175.8	178.5	175.9	176.1	į	131.5	133.4	131.3	131.8	
Paperboard mills		57.3	58.2	56.5	56.3		44.0	44.7	43.3		
Misc. converted paper products		225.0	228.7	227.4	228.5		163.8	167.2	167.3		
Paper coating and glazing		57.6	59.0	58.6	58.8		37.3	38.4	37.3		
Envelopes		25.8	26.1	26.3	26.4	l l	20.0	20.3	20.4		
Bags, except textile bags		50.1	50.6	50.1	49.9		38.8	39.2	39.1	39.0	
Paperboard containers and boxes		196.1	198.9	193.4	194.2		150.9	153.4	149.1	149.8	1
Folding paperboard boxes		42.8	42.9	40.9	41.0		33.6	33.8	32.2		
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes Sanitary food containers		100.7	102.5 25.0	100.4 24.2	100.4 24.7	1	75.5 20.1	77.0 20.7	75.6 19.9	1	1
Drinting and publishing	27	1 205 5	1 272 7	1 410 0	1 415 1	1 420 7	750.7	756.0	701.0	701.0	١,
Printing and publishing	2/	1,365.5	, ,				752.7	756.0	781.0		1
Newspapers Periodicals		436.9	440.8 106.8	449.6 107.8			164.4	165.7	170.6		1
	I	106.0	100.8				23.8	24.0	26.4	26.2	
BooksBook publishing		103.7 76.6	76.3	107.3 81.3	l .		51.9 29.8	49.6 28.9	53.2 32.2		
Book printing		27.1	25.6	26.0	1	1	22.1	1 1	21.0	1	1
Miscellaneous publishing		64.9	65.7	70.3			34.1	1 -	38.8		
Commercial printing		466.4	468.7	485.5	1		343.0		353.1	1	1
Commercial printing, letterpress	2751	156.8	158.1	161.5	l .	1	117.0		118.8		
Commercial printing, lithographic		284.5	285.6	296.9			205.6		212.8	1	
Manifold business forms		47.5	47.6	48.0			32.8		33.2		
Blankbooks and bookbinding		68.2	69.6	68.9	1	1	54.5		55.5	1	
Printing trade services		48.3	48.4	50.3			35.5		37.4	1	
Chemicals and allied products	28	1,045.7	1,057.0	1,046.7	1,043.1	1,048.9	582.3	588.8	577.7	575.6	5
Industrial inorganic chemicals		141.7	143.2	143.5			72.3		72.0	1	
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		93.1	93.8	93.9			48.9	1	49.1		;
Plastics materials and synthetics	282	177.1	179.1	170.6	166.9		117,1	118.8	113.7	111.0	)
Plastics materials and resins	2821	74.9	76.4	73.7	73.7		44.5	45.5	44.0	44.2	!
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	2824	69.9	70.2	65.7	63.1		49.2	49.6	46.6	44.8	3
Drugs		205.7	207.2	204.5	204.6		97.5	97.4	93.8	93.5	5
Pharmaceutical preparations		165.5	167.2	165.7			77.9		75.9		
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		142.5	145.8	146.1		1	89.9		91.6		
Soap and other detergents		40.3	40.8	41.5			26.0		25.7		
Toilet preparations		64.5		66.5			43.3		44.9		
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		37.7		38.1		1	20.6		21.0	1	
Paints and allied products		61.9		62.5			30.6		30.2		
Industrial organic chemicals		163.6		165.1			82.5	i.	83.6		
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		31.8		31.3	1		18.7		19.5		1
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec		131.8		133.8			63.8		64.1		1
Agricultural chemicals Miscellaneous chemical products		62.7 90.5					39.6 52.8	i	39.9 52.9		
Petroleum and coal products	29	189.9	191.7	180.7	181.8	184.1	112.0	113.0	108.4	110.1	.
Petroleum refining	. 1-	151.3					84.1	1	81.7	1	
Paving and roofing materials		27.6			1		21.0	II .			
i aring and rooming materials	233	27.0	20.0	20.7	20.4	1	21.0	21.9	20.2	. 21./	1

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es 			Produc	tion wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°
Nondurable goods—Continued	İ										
Rubber and misc. plastics products		783.0	792.2	794.0	794.3	799.6	611.5	619.3	615.6	615.7	621.
Tires and inner tubes		94.4 17.6	94.9 17.7	94.7 14.3	94.2 14.3	-	66.2 15.1	67.0 15.2	67.0 12.0	66.8 12.0	-
Rubber and plastics footwear Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	302	17.0	17.7	14.3	14.3		13.1	15.2	12.0	12.0	
and belting	303,4	21.5	21.6	20.6	20.4		15.0	15.0	13.6	13.6	
Fabricated rubber products, nec	306	110.8	111.2	109.0	108.8		85.5	85.8	83.5	83.3	
Miscellaneous plastics products	307	538.7	546.8	555.4	556.6	-	429.7	436.3	439.5	440.0	
Leather and leather products	31	197.9	199.1	174.3	175.6	176.9	165.7	166.8	143.5	145.4	146.
Leather tanning and finishing		17.4	17.3	15.8	15.8	- }	14.6	14.5	12.9	12.9	-
Footwear, except rubber		120.6	120.8	103.6	105.7	-	102.8	103.1	87.1	89.7	
Men's footwear, except athletic		49.1	49.0	43.2	43.2 39.9		40.1	40.0	34.7	34.9 35.1	l
Women's footwear, except athletic Luggage		45.5 14.1	45.8 14.3	38.3 12.9	12.8		39.9 10.6	40.2 10.7	33.3 9.6	9.5	[
Handbags and personal leather goods		24.9	25.5	22.8	22.3		20.5	21.0	18.4	18.0	
Transportation and public utilities		5,148	5,209	5,243	5,307	5,366	4,252	4,308	4,334	4,394	4,45
Transportation		2,914	2,953	3,013	3,069	3,098	i I				1
Railroad transportation	40	375.1	376.7	353.8	356.0						
Class I railroads <sup>2</sup>		347.5	349.6	328.8	331.2	1					
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	280.4	269.8	278.7	290.3		260.9	250.4	257.7	268.7	
Local and suburban transportation	411	85.8	86.4	88.9	90.8		78.7	79.3	81.8	83.2	1
Taxicabs		38.7	38.3	38.8	39.1		-	_	_	-	
Intercity highway transportation		37.0	39.0	35.0			34.2	36.0	32.1	33.7	
School buses	415	97.0	84.7	94.0	100.9		-	-	_	-	
Trucking and warehousing	42	1,306.2					1,135.5				i
Trucking and trucking terminals  Public warehousing		1,218.4	1,245.8 88.9	1,255.2 94.8	1,269.8 95.3		1,062.7 72.8	1,091.0 73.8	1,095.4 79.2	1,107.6 79.6	
•	1	07.0	00.5	34.0	00.0		72.0	75.0	75.2	/ 7.0	
Water transportation	44	194.7	198.5	204.2		1					
Local water transportation		27.9	28.9	28.6	1					İ	
Water transportation services	446	104.2	105.9	108.5	124.6	i					
Transportation by air		485.9	495.0	524.8							
Air transportation		428.8	436.9	1	468.2						
Air transportation services	458	57.1	58.1	60.7	61.6						
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	19.1	19.4	18.5	18.6		13.4	13.8	13.2	13.3	
Transportation services	47	252.7	258.4	283.1	286.1	1	}	}		l	,
Freight forwarding	471	58.3	58.7	66.8	67.5	•					
Communication and public utilities	)	2,234	2,256	2,230	2,238	2,268	_	_	_	_	
Communication	48	1,340.7	1,348.3	1,326.3	1,328.4	· -	1,017.9	1,023.4	1,009.7	1,011.6	i
Telephone communication		955.5					714.1	715.3	689.5		
Radio and television broadcasting		231.6				1	186.9	188.1	189.4	190.0	7
Radio broadcasting Television broadcasting		110.6 121.0	1		1		-	-	-	_	
·							7400	707.0	700 4	704 -	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services		892.8 438.3	1		1	1	713.2 343.6	1	720.1 350.5	724.7 352.2	1
Gas production and distribution		171.2		L .	1		135.8		132.4	1	1
Combination utility services		199.1		1	1		161.2	1	162.1	1	
Sanitary services		58.8	60.6	61.8	62.8	3	51.8	53.6	54.2	55.0	
Wholesale trade		5,508	5,562	5,707	5,737	5,798	4,432	4,479	4,603	4,632	4,68
Durable goods	50	3,252	3,287	3,381	3,401	3,437	2,601	2,632	2,708	2,726	5
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment	501	422.5			1 .		337.9			1 .	
Automobiles and other motor vehicles		104.7	1	1			-	-	-	-	
Automotive parts and supplies		284.7	288.2	288.7	290.0						

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	tion wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°
Wholesale trade—Continued											
Durable goods—Continued						j		- 1			
Furniture and home furnishings		123.1	124.1	129.0	129.1		102.7	103.7	108.3	108.7	
Furniture		51.7	52.5	55.4	55.4		-	-	-	-	
Home furnishings		71.4	71.6	73.6	73.7		-	-			
Lumber and construction materials		201.7	204.4	207.2	209.2		167.3	169.6	171.4	173.9	
Lumber, plywood, and millwork	5031	91.4	92.7	93.9	95.3		-	-	-	-	ı
Construction materials, necSporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		110.3 73.6	111.7 74.5	113.3 73.6	113.9 74.1	-	- 61.1	62.1	- 61.8	- 62.0	_
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		137.3	138.4	139.8	141.7	-	111.1	111.6	112.8	114.4	_
Electrical goods		472.4	478.2	496.0	496.9		373.6	379.0	390.5	389.4	
Electrical apparatus and equipment		259.4	264.0	275.6	276.7		-	-	-	-	
Electrical appliances, TV and radios		67.6	67.5	67.5	67.8						
Electronic parts and equipment	5065	145.4	146.7	152.9	152.4		-	-	_	-	
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		247.8	251.6	256.1	258.3		201.0	204.0	206.9	208.4	
Hardware		84.1	85.3	86.4	86.9		-	-	-	-	
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies	5074	101.5	102.3	105.0	105.6		-	-	4 454 0	-	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	1,381.1		•			1,086.6	1,098.1	1,151.6	1,159.9	
Commercial machines and equipment		481.8	485.1	515.4	515.0 83.4		-	- ,	-	-	
Construction and mining machinery		75.5	76.6	81.2							
Farm machinery and equipmentIndustrial machinery and equipment		135.6 302.6	137.5 307.5	134.5 324.0	136.3 325.3						
Industrial supplies		127.9	129.7	135.8	136.7						ļ
Professional equipment and supplies		158.1	159.1	162.6	163.5		_	_	_	_	
Miscellaneous durable goods		192.7	193.7	191.4	194.3		159.7	161.5	156.7	159.5	
Scrap and waste materials		94.3	95.5	94.7	95.0		-	-	-	-	
Nondurable goods	51	2,256	2,275	2,326	2,336	2,361	1,831	1,847	1,895	1,906	
Paper and paper products	511	172.5	175.3	181.7	182.2		140.2	142.4	147.7	148.2	
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		160.1	159.7	159.1	159.4		133.0	132.7	132.2	132.6	
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		182.5	183.6	184.0	184.1		134.9	135.9	138.2	139.0	
Groceries and related products		699.2	710.2	731.1	734.6		602.3	611.8	627,7	630.3	ĺ
Groceries, general line		222.5	225.0	233.8	235.6		-	-	-	-	
Meats and méat products		65.3	65.8	65.0	66.0		1			ĺ	
Fresh fruits and vegetables		86.6	89.6	88.3	87.5		-	-	-	-	
Chemicals and allied products		129.9	131.8	132.0	132.5		89.9	91.7	94.3	94.9	
Petroleum and petroleum products		207.5	207.4	207.3	208.6		154.1	154.2	155.6	156.9	
Petroleum bulk stations and terminals		87.2 120.3	87.7	86.6	86.9		-	-	-	-	
Petroleum products, nec Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	5172	151.1	119.7 154.6	120.7 154.5	121.7 156.9		- 125.9	129.2	128.1	130.4	]
Beer and ale	5181	93.8	96.9	95.6	1		125.9	129.2	120.1	130,4	
Wines and distilled beverages		57.3	57.7	58.9	59.1		-	_	_	_	
Miscellaneous nondurable goods		415.7	419.2	429.0	432.8		337.0	340.0	348.5	353.1	
Farm supplies		154.6		159.2	162.5		-	-	-	-	
Retail trade		16,420	16,645	17,090	17,358	17,557	14,704	14,9:3	15,229	15,485	15,66
Building materials and garden supplies	52	671.4	686.0	670.7	690.6		570.8	584.0	566.3	585.4	
Lumber and other building materials	521	345.8		343.6	I .		295.3		292.0		
Hardware stores		155.1	158.0	1	161.3		131.5	134.1	133.6		
General merchandise stores	53	2.185.9	22140	2.261.5	2 291 7	2,296.9	2,044.7	2,071.5	2 117 0	2,146.4	
Department stores		1,841.7			1,933.7		1,739.2	1 '			1
Variety stores		211.5	1 '	215.0	1 '		192.1	194.4	196.5		1
Misc. general merchandise stores		132.7	1				113.4		118.3	1	1
Food stores	54	2,602.8	2,629.4	2,766.5	2,805.5	2,830.0	2,420.1	2,444.1	2,555.9	2,593.8	
Grocery stores		2,271.3	, .		2,460.4					2,286.2	
Meat markets and freezer provisioners		58.0		62.3		1	-,		-,_50		
Dairy products stores		37.3	1	35.3	1	1	-	-	-	-	
Retail bakeries		150.5	II .	161.7		ì	137.2	138.6	145.8	146.5	
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	1,789.8	1,808.6	1,872.4	1,891.5	1,911.9	1,506.7	1,522.0	1,566.7	1.584.6	
New and used car dealers		836.4			1 1	1 '	693.0	1		1 '	1
Auto and home supply stores		295.1				1	248.6	1			
Gasoline service stations		572.3					495.9	1		1	1

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	tion wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985
Retail trade—Continued											
Apparel and accessory stores	. 56	986.7	996.7	1,003.0	1,005.1		830.0	838.5	845.6	848.1	
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings	561	113.8	115.5	109.2	109.0		95.0	96.4	91.2	91.2	
Women's ready-to-wear stores	. 562	358.8	362.8	368.7	372.9		303.5	307.3	313.6	318.7	
Family clothing stores	. 565	193.5	197.5	196.6	199.0		167.8	171.9	169.9	172.0	
Shoe stores	. 566	207.1	207.0	206.7	202.0		167.8	168.1	167.9	164.0	ļ i
Furniture and home furnishings stores	. 57	660.0	668.5	712.6	718.4	_	550.9	557.7	596.8	600.9	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores		386.4	390.2	402.5	406.0	-	3 <b>2</b> 2.6	325.4	334.9	338.3	
Furniture stores	. 5712	248.8	248.9	258.2	259.0		- 1	-	-	-	
Household appliance stores	. 572	80.6	82.5	85.8	86.2		68.6	70.1	73.5	73.4	
Radio, television, and music stores	. 573	193.0	195.8	224.3	226.2		159.7	162.2	188.4	189.2	
Radio and television stores	. 5732	132.8	135.1	156.5	158.7		_	-	_	-	i
Music stores	. 5733	60.2	60.7	67.8	67.5						
Eating and drinking places	. 58	5,449.0	5,575.0	5,636.7	5,767.0	5,891.8	4,993.0	5,115.5	5,121.6	5,247.7	
Miscellaneous retail	. 59	2,073.9	2,066.6	2,166.7	2,188.3		1,787.3	1,779.9	1,859.4	1,877.8	
Drug stores and proprietary stores		518.7	525.0	558.4	559.8		455.5	462.2	490.0	490.4	
Liquor stores		128.2	130.5	124.6	125.2		-	- '	-	-	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	. 594	654.8	658.2	695.0	699.0		558.8	562.3	590.6	593.0	
Sporting goods and bicycle shops	. 5941	104.9	106.0	116.3	115.1		-	-	_	_	
Book stores		63.6	60.5	68.8	68.2						ļ
Stationery stores		68.1	68.2	75.1	75.3						
Jewelry stores	. 5944	139.3	139.9	142.9	145.0						
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops		121.7	126.4	119.8	121.3						
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods		64.9	63.4	74.3		:	_	_	_	_	
Nonstore retailers		249.8	247.5	255.4	253.6	l .	227.4	224.9	229.9	228.2	
Mail order houses		119.7	119.2	123.2	121.4	l .					ļ
Merchandising machine operators		80.3	79.9	82.5	82.4		_	_	_	_	
Fuel and ice dealers		101.6	101.5	108.8	106.7	ı	84.2	84.0	90.5	88.8	:
Retail stores, nec		349.0	331.5	349.1	367.1	1	293.5	1	290.7	l .	
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>3</sup>		5,652	5,738	5,833	5,886	5,971	4,206	4,281	4,321	4,365	4,4
Finance		2,838	2,869	2,932	2,952	2,988					
Banking	60	1,668.0	1,686.0	1,696.3	1,704.3		1 239 8	1,254.7	1 244 4	1 250 0	
Commercial and stock savings banks			1,528.1		1 .			1,130.3			
State banks, Federal Reserve		330.7					1,110.0	1,130.3	1,120.5	1,120.5	
State banks, not Federal Reserve		374.5	379.7	383.4							
Mutual savings banks		77.0		77.2	1		:		ĺ		}
-				,,,_	77.5						1
Credit agencies other than banks		690.2	ı	739.7	1	II.	525.6				1
Savings and loan associations		322.8	326.6	341.9	344.2	2	248.7	252.0	261.7	263.6	3
Federal savings and loan associations		185.2		194.6			-	-	-	-	l
State associations, insured		129.2	130.9	138.3	139.3	3	-	-	-	-	1
Personal credit institutions	614	202.4	204.4	212.9			155.3	157.0	165.1	167.3	3
Business credit institutions  Mortgage bankers and brokers	1	40.8 100.8	41.8 103.3	47.5 113.1	48.7 115.2	L .	-	-	-	-	
		100.8	103.3	1 13.1	113.2			İ	1		
Security, commodity brokers, and services		339.2	1	1	1						
Security brokers and dealers	621	273.3	275.8	279.5	282.6	6					
Holding and other investment offices	67	140.4	140.9	148.1	148.3	3					
Insurance		1,741	1,753	1,795	1,806	1,818					
Insurance carriers	63	1,228.8	1,236.1	1,249.9	1,257.4	1	831.4	837.0	857.1	862.2	2
Life insurance	631	530.4			1 '	1	320.1	321.6	330.3	333.4	ı
Medical service and health insurance	632	151.4			165.5	5	121.1	123.1	133.2	134.1	1
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		465.8					325.7		1	1	
Title insurance		47.9	I .		1	1	-	-	-	-	
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	64	512.6	516.6	544.9	548.5	5					

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	ction wor	kers'	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°	<b>May</b> 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	June 1985°
Finance, insurance, and real estate—Continued		4.070	1.110	1 100	4.400	1.105				·	
Real estate, and combined real estate, insurance, etc	1	1,073	1,116	1,106	1,128	1,165					
Real estate	65	1,058.1	1,100.5	1,091.1	1,112.9			ļ			
Real estate operators and lessors	651	488.2	506.6	498.8	502.9	ļ		ļ			
Real estate agents and managers		409.4	427.5	432.8	440.4	- i			Į	-	-
Subdividers and developers	.  000	136.3	141.3	134.7	144.6	-	-		ĺ		
Combined real estate, insurance, etc	. 66	14.9	15.1	15.3	15.3						
Services		20,702	20,881	21,766	21,895	22,066	18,347	18,506	19,243	19,356	19,48
Hotels and other lodging places	. 70	1,267.9	1,327.3	1,341.3	1,382.0		_	_	-	_	
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts		1,226.7	1,276.4	1,306.3	1,342.0		1,114.5	1,159.9	1,177.5	1,212.3	
Personal services	. 72	1,002.9	1,008.8	1,148.3	1,108.0		_	_	-	_	
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	. 721	365.6	369.6	378.1	382.5		326.4	330.1	337.3	341.8	
Photographic studios, portrait		49.7	49.4	52.3	52.7		_	-	_	-	
Beauty shops Funeral service and crematories		320.4 73.1	325.2 73.4	348.8 75.4	353.0 76.1		292.4	297.1	314.8	318.6	
Funeral service and crematories	. //20	/3.1	73.4	/5.4	76.1		_	_	_	_	
Business services		4,007.6					3,495.3		3,806.6	3,853.9	
Advertising		181.9	183.7	191.4	192.8		138.0	139.2	145.2	145.8	
Advertising agencies	. 7311	136.0	137.1	143.3	144.4		-	-	-	-	ì
Credit reporting and collection	. 732	79.4 162.0	80.4 162.0	86.5 176.9	87.9 175.9	I				_	
Services to buildings		606.0	613.7	657.3			552.4	560.9	599.3	605.3	
Personnel supply services		815.6	828.1	895.3			-	-	-	-	
Employment agencies		157.3	157.0	180.1	186.0				'	Ì	
Temporary help supply services	. 7362	621.3	633.6	676.7	696.0		-	-	-	-	
Computer and data processing services		460.7	468.9	528.8	1		385.5	392.7	443.5	447.8	
Computer programming and software  Data processing services		158.1	162.1 228.2	183.6 261.6			-	-	-	-	
		1,693.3	1,724.7	1,818.6	1,831.6	}					
Miscellaneous business services  Research development laboratories, nec		189.2		202.8	1 '	1		ļ			
Management and public relations	7392	446.7	460.9	494.8							
Detective and protective services	. 7393	383.8	1	412.4	1		ļ				
Equipment rental and leasing	. 7394	156.6	159.5	162.6	164.8				Ì		
Photofinishing laboratories		74.5	77.8	79.4	80.7	}					
Auto repair, services, and garages		677.9		722.2		1	573.3	589.1	609.1	611.0	
Automotive rentals, without drivers		137.4	1	138.8			-	-	<u>-</u>	-	
Automotive repair shops	753	421.0	429.4	450.2	454.0		350.9	359.4	373.8	378.0	
Miscellaneous repair services		311.1 98.0	315.8 98.3	331.7 98.3			260.6	<b>26</b> 5.0	278.7	278.7	
·		1		)					407.0		
Motion pictures		222.6 98.5			1	1	191.6	198.4 80.1	187.8 84.6		1
Motion picture production and services  Motion picture theaters		112.5					81.7	- 80.1	- 04.0	76.4 -	
Amusement and recreation services	79	833.6	895.9	820.4	878.8		754.4	815.3	726.0	780.4	
Health services	80	6,091.3	6,124.5	6,205.8	6,229.1	6,285.3	5,456.2	5,486.6	5,536.0	5,554.7	
Offices of physicians	801	900.3	910.5	954.6	959.2	-	755.3		793.0		
Offices of dentists		422.2		1		1	373.9	1	)	l .	
Nursing and personal care facilities		1,142.2					1,033.1	1,048.3	1,065.7	1,075.8	
Skilled nursing care facilities		736.1					-	-	_	_	
Nursing and personal care, nec		3,002,9			424.1 2,958.8		2 742 4	2 740 5	2 701 6	2,699.3	1
General medical and surgical hospitals			2,820.3		2,936.6		2,743.4	2,740.5	2,701.0	2,039.3	
Psychiatric hospitals		51.6		1 ' _	1 -		-	-	-	_	
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric	8069	124.6	1	1	ı	I.					
Medical and dental laboratories		113.5			1		1			1	
Outpatient care facilities	000	187.7	190.1	206.0	208.3	d	1	1	1	!	1

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985
Services—Continued											
Legal services	81	634.5	660.7	685.2	691.6		538.5	562.0	582.3	587.9	
Educational services	82	1,275.9	1,140.9	1,351.3	1,299.7						ļ
Elementary and secondary schools	821	359.2	344.4	367.3	369.6					1	i
Colleges and universities	822	787.8	670.4	848.9	795.3				_	-	_
Correspondence and vocational schools	824	60.6	58.4	62.7	62.7		-	-	-	-	
Social services	83	1.243.9	1,224.4	1,324.3	1,334.8						
Individual and family services		239.7	242.6	271.5	273.6						
Job training and related services		191.1	192.0	203.5	205.3						ł
Residential care		266.8	269.8	280.0	282.9						
Museums, botanical and zoological gardens	84	43.1	44.9	44.7	45.4						
Membership organizations	86	1,504.8	1,517.1	1,505.1	1,512.4						
Business associations		86.0	86.8	87.6	87.7						
Labor organizations		135.1	137.9	138.1	140.1						1
Civic and social associations		325.3									
Miscellaneous services	00	1 100 0	4 464 6	4 000 6	4 000 0		000.0	000.1		1 010 5	
		1,139.0					938.2	960.1	,	1,018.5	
Engineering and architectural services		624.8	643.3	679.8			524.8	542.5	573.7	583.9	
Noncommercial research organizations		109.7	112.5	ı			-	-			
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	893	381.7	382.7	421.4	406.1		302.8	304.4	335.7	320.8	ή
Government		16,265	16,048	16,475	16,510	16,258					
Federal Government <sup>4</sup>		2,812	2,846	2,853	2,854	2,889					
Executive, by agency <sup>4</sup>		2,755.8	2,787.9	2,797.0				İ			
Department of Defense		965.5	978.2	977.7							
Postal Service <sup>5</sup>		700.8	704.8	730.1		-					
Other executive agencies		1,089.5	1,104.9	1,089.2					1		
Legislative		39.7	41.1	38.7	İ						
Judicial		16.8	16.9	17.3							
Federal government, by industry:											
Manufacturing activities		136.1	136.6	136.4	136.8		İ				1
Shipbuilding and repairing		83.0	83.0	82.5	82.2				Ì		
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal											
Service		39.9	39.8	39.7	40.0			Ì			
Services	i	403.0	1					Ì			1
Hospitals		238.7									
State government		3,760	3,615	3.843	3.804	3,652					
Hospitals		459.5									
Education		1,522.8									
General administration, including executive,		1,522.0	1,540.7	1,576.7	1,524.0		1		i		1
legislative, and judicial functions		1,180.1	1,199.8	1,199.9	1,208.2						
Local government		9.693	9,587	9,779	9.852	9,717					
Transportation and public utilities		490.4									
Hospitals		625.8		1	i	1					
Education			5,175.6			1	1				1
General administration, including executive,		0,401.0	5,775.0	7 5,575.4	0,070.2						
legislative, and judicial functions		2,835.0	2,967.3	2.846 6	2.888 6	<u>.</u>					
g.c.aro, and jaciolal landions		2,000.0	2,007.0	_,0,0,0					1		

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1984 forward are subject to revision.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

Beginning in January 1978, data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from the

nonsupervisory count for all series in this division.

Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to

<sup>5</sup> Includes rural mail carriers.

Data not available.

<sup>=</sup> preliminary.

#### B-3. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	Mar. 1984	Apr. 1984	Feb. 1985	<b>Ma</b> r. 1985	Apr. 1985
Total	41,313	41,653	43,000	43,313	43,579
Total private	33,292	33,612	34,794	35,049	35,312
Goods-producing	6,757	6,794	6,842	6,856	6,860
Mining	115	116	124	125	125
Construction	413	413	433	438	450
Manufacturing	6,229	6,265	6,285	6,293	6,285
Durable goods	2,988	3.008	3,063	3,071	3,061
Lumber and wood products	102	104	103	104	106
Furniture and fixtures	146	147	153	153	153
Stone, clay, and glass products	114	114	114	115	115
Primary metal industries	103	104	105	106	106
Fabricated metal products	321	321	327	328	327
	478	482	492	491	486
Machinery, except electrical	925	934			
Electrical and electronic equipment		1	944	942	933
Transportation equipment	322	323	349	352	354
Instruments and related products	303	304	309	310	310
Miscellaneous manufacturing	173	175	168	171	171
Nondurable goods	3,241	3,257	3,222	3,222	3,224
Food and kindred products	467	469	478	479	478
Tobacco manufactures	22	21	23	22	21
Textile mill products	360	361	337	334	336
Apparel and other textile products	979	983	944	942	938
Paper and allied products	158	159	160	162	163
Printing and publishing	560	565	587	592	595
Chemicals and allied products	278	279	285	285	286
Petroleum and coal products	30	30	29	29	29
Rubber and misc. plastics products	271	274	275	276	276
Leather and leather products	116	117	104	103	103
Service-producing	34,556	34,859	36,158	36,457	36,719
Transportation and public utilities	1,362	1,369	1,433	1,435	1,453
Wholesale trade	1,532	1,537	1,607	1,619	1,627
Retail trade	8,070	8,228	8,598	8,649	8,779
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3,373	3,387	3,522	3,553	3,572
Services	12,198	12,297	12,792	12,937	13,021
Government	8,021	8,041	8,206	8,264	8,267
Federal	964	967	981	990	997
State	1,702	1,709	1,761	1,776	1,777
Local	5,355	5,365	5,464	5,498	5,493

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1984 forward are subject to revision.

# B-4. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Industry				1984						19	985		
industry	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May⁰	June
Total	94,317	94,615	94,893	95,238	95,573	95,882	96,092	96,419	96,591	96,910	97,120	97,386	97,46
Total private	78,384	78,655	78,885	79,154	79,460	79,764	80,010	80,319	80,480	80,767	80,962	81,203	81,32
Goods-producing	24,767	24,842	24,889	24,851	24,918	24,955	25,045	25,112	25,062	25,056	25,090	25,063	25,00
Mining	978	979	984	985	979	978	973	974	976	977	982	981	97
Oil and gas extraction		613	618	622	623	626	1	621	620	618	623	623	
Construction		4,354 1,162	4,366 1,163		4,403 1,171	4,424 1,179			4,525 1,214		4,641 1,233	4,655 1,234	1 -
Manufacturing				·		·					19,467	19,427	
Durable goods			11,638				11,701		11,675		11,608	11,590	11,54
Lumber and wood products		708	1	705	708	709		709	704		694	696	
Furniture and fixtures		489	489	486	491	495		499	498	1	497	494	
Stone, clay, and glass products	1	1	595	596	597	598	1	602			600	598	1
Primary metal industries			1	852	851	848		1				819	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		l .		324	320		1		1	1	1	305	
Fabricated metal products					1,483							1,478	
Machinery, except electrical		_,		2,225	2,233	, .	1 .					2,205	1 '
Electrical and electronic equipment		, ,		2,241	2,247	2,250						2,216	
Transportation equipment	1 '		1,934	1,927	1,935							1,982	1 '
Motor vehicles and equipment			880	866	869				876			874	_
Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing		716 384	1	718 385	720 387	722 386			725 381			1	
Nondurable goods	7,907	7,920	7,901	7,869	7,884	7,887	7,902	7,902	7,886	7,875	7,859	7,837	7.8
Food and kindred products		1 -	1 '	1,610		1 '		1 '					
Tobacco manufactures	1 '			66	66	1	1 '		66				
Textile mill products			1	738	730							701	
Apparel and other textile products				1	1								
Paper and allied products				680	683	682	683	683			681	681	ί (ε
Printing and publishing	. 1,372	1,379	1,382	1,387	1,392	1,397	1,397	1,403	1,406	1,407	1,411	1,415	1,4
Chemicals and allied products	. 1,048	1,050	1,051	1,050	1,051	1,052	1,054	1,052	1,052	1,052	1,049	1,043	1,0
Petroleum and coal products	. 189	188	188	187	188	187	186	185	184	183	182	181	1
Rubber and misc. plastics products		1	1	1	1	1					795	1	
Leather and leather products	. 194	194	189	186	184	182	181	179	177	176	174	174	1
Service-producing	. 69,550	69,773	70,004	70,387	70,655	70,927	71,047	71,307	71,529	71,854	72,030	72,323	72,4
Transportation and public utilities	. 5,164	5,174	5,194	5,210	5,223	5,229	5,246	5,259	5,272	5,269	5,278	5,305	5,3
Transportation Communication and public utilities						1 .			1 '	1 '			
Wholesale trade	'						1				'		
Durable goods													
Nondurable goods	1 .												
Retail trade	16,534	16,623	16,673	16,750	16,859	   16,994	17,026	17,090	17,160	17,249	17,280	17,393	17,4
General merchandise stores													
Food stores	_,-		1 '		1							1 .	
Automotive dealers and service stations  Eating and drinking places	1 '	1 '											1 .
Finance, insurance, and real estate	5,680	5,693	5,707	5,719	5,737	5,755	5,776	5,790	5,809	5,835	5,858	5,890	5,9
Finance		1 '		1 .				1 '		1 '		1	
Insurance	1 '			1 .	1 .				1	1 '		1	
Real estate	1 '	1 '		1 '						1	1 '		, .
Services											21,723		
Business services	4,058	4,102	2 4,152	4,183	4,205	4,234	4,259	4,295		4,377	4,402		
Health services	6,096	6,11	6,070	6,117	6,125	6,139	6,15	6,169	6,186	6,204	6,218	6,242	2 6,
Government	1 '	15,960								1	16,158		,
Federal	1 .								1 .				
State										1 '			
Local	9,419	9,440	3 9,470	3  9,524	I 9,563	9,555	5  9,524	4  9,534	I∣ 9,544	4  9,549	9,550	0 9,584	4  9,

P = preliminary.
 NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from
 March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision.

B-5. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

1					1984						19	35	
Industry	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
Total	41,565	41,727	41,865	42,100	42,263	42,449	42,631	42,832	42,919	43,089	43,220	43,390	43,493
Total private	33,775	33,916	34,056	34,218	34,354	34,503	34,672	34,869	34,975	35,118	35,234	35,388	35,477
Goods-producing	6,836	6,853	6,868	6,891	6,899	6,883	6,901	6,911	6,932	- 6,937	6,917	6,909	6,902
Mining	116	118	118	119	120	121	122	123	123	125	125	126	126
Construction	417	421	423	423	429	432	436	436	436	440	442	445	455
Manufacturing	6,303	6,314	6,327	6,349	6,350	6,330	6,343	6,352	6,373	6,372	6,350	6,338	6,321
Durable goods	3,015	3,030	3,045	3,059	3,076	3,071	3,082	3,088	3,097	3,098	3,085	3,080	3,064
Lumber and wood products	105	105	106	106	106	105	106	106	106	106	106	106	106
Furniture and fixtures		146	147	148	147	147	148	151	151	152	152	152	151
Stone, clay, and glass products		116	116	115	115	116	116	116	117	117	116	117	116
Primary metal industries		104	104	104	105	104	105	105	105	106	106	106	105
Fabricated metal products		324	325	327	327	327	329	330	332	331	329	328	327
Machinery, except electrical		486	490	493	494	493	496	494	494	494	493	491	487
Electrical and electronic equipment		941	948	953	962	959	958	958	958	958	949	944	934
Transportation equipment		327	329	332	337 307	337 308	340 309	343	348	350 310	351	352	356 311
Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing		306 175	306 174	307 174	176	175	175	310 175	311 175	174	310 173	311 173	171
Nondurable goods	3,288 499	3,284 498	3,282 499	3,290 505	3,274 498	3,259 497	3,261 499	3,264 500	3,276 507	3,274 508	3,265 508	3,258 509	3,257 508
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures		23	23	23	22	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Textile mill products		360	358	357	354	351	348	346	345	344	340	337	336
Apparel and other textile products	1	975	966	964	960	949	947	946	949	948	943	938	936
Paper and allied products		160	162	163	162	161	162	163	163		163	163	164
Printing and publishing		567	572	574	576	579	581	583	584		589	591	594
Chemicals and allied products		280	281	283	284	284	285	286	288	287	286	286	287
Petroleum and coal products	30	30	30	30	30	29	29	29	30	29	29	29	29
Rubber and misc. plastics products		275	276	276	276	276	277	279	279	279	279	278	276
Leather and leather products	117	116	115	115	112	110	110	109	108	106	105	104	104
Service-producing	34,729	34,874	34,997	35,209	35,364	35,566	35,730	35,921	35,987	36,152	36,303	36,481	36,591
Transportation and public utilities	1,375	1,379	1,388	1,397	1,403	1,410	1,413	1,419	1,422	1,431	1,439	1,444	1,459
Wholesale trade	1,546	1,553	1,557	1,569	1,574	1,591	1,597	1,604	1,609	1,614	1,619	1,627	1,637
Retail trade	8,372	8,419	8,482	8,542	8,589	8,642	8,712	8,799	8,794	8,840	8,878	8,907	8,931
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3,394	3,408	3,423	3,435	3,450	3,461	3,476	3,491	3,510	3,527	3,540	3,564	3,579
Services	12,252	12,304	12,338	12,384	12,439	12,516	12,573	12,645	12,708	12,769	12,841	12,937	12,969
Government	7,790	7,811	7,809	7,882	7,909	7,946	7,959	7,963	7,944	7,971	7,986	8,002	8,016
Federal		972		970	974	981	984	987	990			996	
State	I _	1,667	1,676		1,683	1,687	1,683						, ,
Local	5,164	5,172	5,163	5,235	5,252	5,278	5,292	5,291	5,269	5,277			5,292

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all

seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# B-6. Production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

L. barker				1984						198	35		
Industry	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May⁵	June
Total private	63,509	63,730	63,901	64,096	64,375	64,629	64,830	65,058	65,177	65,376	65,571	65,728	65,81
Goods-producing	17,414	17,470	17,484	17,448	17,497	17,509	17,585	17,638	17,578	17,574	17,597	17,556	17,52
Mining	697	696	700	700	695	694	691	690	692	691	699	700	69
Construction	3,376	3,383	3,388	3,407	3,422	3,439	3,485	3,549	3,539	3,574	3,649	3,645	3,64
Manufacturing	13,341	13,391	13,396	13,341	13,380	13,376	13,409	13,399	13,347	13,309	13,249	13,211	13,19
Durable goods	7,763	7,802	7,832	7,806	7,835	7,832	7,855	7,843	7,806	7,776	7,730	7,712	7,6
Lumber and wood products	594	592	591	588	593	594	597	595	589	585	579	578	5
Furniture and fixtures		392	391	389	393	397	399	400	399	400	397	394	3
Stone, clay, and glass products		459	457	457	458	459	462	463	461	462	460	461	4
Primary metal industries	660	657	656	647	647	644	640	640	636	630	621	618	6
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	263	261	254	248	245	244	242	242	240	237	238	234	2
Fabricated metal products	1,080	1,089	1,092	1,091	1,096	1,099	1,102	1,099	1,097	1,094	1,093	1,092	1,0
Machinery, except electrical	1,335	1,348	1,353	1,352	1,359	1,354	1,353	1,346	1,340	1,335	1,325	1,325	1,0
Electrical and electronic equipment	1,357	1,366	1,372	1,373	1,376	1,374	1,371	1,366	1,357	1,345	1,322	1,315	1,3
Transportation equipment	1,212	1,221	1,241	1,230	1,232	1,230	1,251	1,257	1,251	1,251	1,264	1,262	1,2
Motor vehicles and equipment	656	659	683	665	669	672	687	691	677	671	682	679	. 6
Instruments and related products	398	399	398	399	399	400	400	399	400	399	397	395	3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	278	279	281	280	282	281	280	278	276	275	272	272	2
Nondurable goods		5,589	5,564	5,535	5,545	5,544	5,554	5,556	5,541	5,533	5,519	5,499	5,5
Food and kindred products	1,126	1,132	1,124	1,119	1,123	1,126	1,135	1,138	1,138	1,143	1,138	1,140	1,1
Tobacco manufactures	49	49	49	50	50	50	50	51	50	49	50	49	1
Textile mill products	650	648	643	637	630	626	623	622	614	610	611	605	€
Apparel and other textile products	1,016	1,015	1,010	999	998	996	1,000	998	992	986	983	971	9
Paper and allied products	514	514	514	510	513	513	514	515	514	515	513	515	5
Printing and publishing	757	762	762	764	768	770	768	773	775	777	778	780	7
Chemicals and allied products	582	583	583	582	582	581	581	580	580	579	578	574	
Petroleum and coal products	111	111	111	111	112	112	111	111	111	110	109	109	1
Rubber and misc. plastics products	611	612	611	609	616	619	622	620	621	619	615	612	. 6
Leather and leather products	162	163	157	154	153	151	150	148	146	145	144	144	1
Service-producing	46,095	46,260	46,417	46,648	46,878	47,120	47,245	47,420	47,599	47,802	47,974	48,172	48,2
Transportation and public utilities	4,266	4,273	4,293	4,303	4,316	4,324	4,337	4,344	4,355	4,358	4,365	4,390	4,4
Wholesale trade	4,455	4,477	4,490	4,520	4,542	4,553	4,570	4,589	4,596	4,610	4,631	4,641	4,0
Retail trade	14,815	14,888	14,929	14,989	15,090	15,217	15,233	15,278	15,337	15,391	15,430	15,516	15,
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,227	4,234	4,245	4,245	4,259	4,270	4,284	4,298	4,309	4,328	4,343	4,365	4,
Services	. 18,332	18,388	18,460	18,591	18,671	18,756	18,821	18,911	19,002	19,115	19,205	19,260	19.

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision.

P = preliminary.

B-7. Indexes of diffusion: Percent of industries in which employment' increased, seasonally adjusted

Time span	Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Over 1-month span	1983 1984 1985	52.2 67.3 57.6	45.9 72.7 50.3	59.7 66.8 55.9	70.0 67.3 44.6	68.9 60.5 50.3	63.0 64.3 9 48.4	72.7 65.7	69.5 58.1	73.2 48.4	74.1 66.5	66.8 55.1	68.9 63.5
Over 3-month span	1983 1984 1985	46.2 78.1 58.6	53.2 75.9 54.1	63.0 77.6 46.8	73.5 68.9 P 45.4	71.9 69.7 9 46.2	73.8 67.0	72.7 65.4	80.3 60.3	80.8 60.0	78.6 56.5	74.6 67.0	74.3 60.0
Over 6-month span	1983 1984 1985	50.0 79.2 52.2	62.4 77.8 P 48.1	65.7 77.3 P 44.6	67.8 75.4	74.3 69.2	78.4 64.9	79.7 63.2	79.5 64.1	78.9 67.0	79.2 59.7	79.7 57.6	78.4 60.3
Over 12-month span	1983 1984 1985	48.6 81.9	55.1 78.4	61.4 76.8	68.6 75.1	72.4 72.7	75.1 73.0	77.0 70.0	79.7 65.7	78.4 63.5	80.8 60.5	81.6 P 55.4	81.1 P 51.6

Based on the number of employees, seasonally adjusted for 1, 3, and 6 month spans, on the payrolls of 185 private nonagricultural industries. Data for the 12-month span are unadjusted.  $^{\rm p}=$  preliminary.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment

rising. (Half of the unchanged components are counted as rising.) Data are centered within the spans. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision.

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		Co	onstructio	n
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°
Nabama	1,385.8	1.399.6	1,400.8	14.3	15.0	15.1	64.2	67.3	66.
Birmingham	354.0	360.0	360.1	7.6	7.8	7.9	18.8	20.2	20.
Huntsville	104.0	109.2	109.5	.1	.1	.1	4.0	4.0	4.
Mobile	150.4	155.7	155.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	9.8	12.0	12.
Montgomery	113.5	115.3	115.5	.1	.1	.1	6.7	6.8	7.
Tuscaloosa	52.6	53.8	53.6	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.3	2.5	2.
\laska	226.7	225.2	230.7	9.0	9.6	9.6	20.6	16.6	18.
Arizona	1,180.1	1,262.7	1,263.3	13.6	12.2	12.2	95.0	109.2	110
Phoenix Tucson	766.7 215.2	829.3 229.3	828.7 229.2	.6 3.7	.6 2.5	.6 2.5	65.7 17.6	76.7 20.3	77 20
					Ì	Ì			
ArkansasFayetteville-Springdale		793.1 42.8	797.1 42.9	5.5 (')	5.5 (')	5.6 (¹)	33.4 1.7	35.7 1.8	36 1
Fort Smith		66.2	66.4	1.1	1.2	1.3	3.0	2.8	2
Little Rock-North Little Rock		215.9	216.5	.4	.4	.4	10.8	11.1	11
Pine Bluff	31.0	31.3	31.3	(')	()	(')	1.3	1.3	1
California	10,536.2	10,803.7	10,845.3	49.7	49.8	49.5	440.4	459.9	467
Anaheim-Santa Ana	950.3	994.0	995.9	4.1	4.3	4.3	43.3	48.2	49
Bakersfield	147.9	152.5	152.8	15.1	15.4	15.5	8.1	8.3	8
Fresno		190.0	190.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	10.4	11.1	10
Los Angeles-Long Beach		3,816.3	3,827.2	12.5	12.1	12.2	108.5	116.9	118
Modesto		89.1	89.0	.1	.1	.1	5.0	5.1	5
Oakland		757.3	762.1	2.0	1.9	1.9	41.3	43.1	44
Oxnard-Ventura		179.8	182.0	3.3	3.3	3.3	8.3	8.4	8
Riverside-San Bernardino	478.6	501.0	503.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	32.5	36.2	37
Sacramento		481.4	484.1	.8	.8	.8	23.2	24.6	25
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	1	97.8	98.6	.3	.3	.3	3.4	3.7	3
San Diego	730.8	764.0	768.4	.6	.7	.7	40.9	45.2	4€
San Francisco	903.9	913.6	916.7	2.5	2.7	2.7	29.8	31.5	32
San Jose		797.8	800.5	.2	.2	.2	29.7	32.1	33
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		137.2	137.8	1.5	1.4	1.4	6.1	6.4	•
Santa Rosa-Petaluma		110.1	111.0	.6	.7	.7	6.5	6.4	•
Stockton		127.3 111.6	128.8 112.3	.1	.1 .4	.1 .3	6.8 5.9	6.9 6.1	1
							ļ	' 	89
Colorado	1,381.8 899.9	1,406.3 912.4	1,408.6 918.4	36.3 24.5	35.0 23.5	34.9 23.5	89.4 56.1	87.3 55.7	56
Connecticut	1,523.5	1,556.6	1,563.2	1.5	1.2	1.2	60.8	61.8	6
Bridgeport-Milford		188.2	188.8		(')	(')	6.1	6.0	~
Hartford	1	429.0	432.0	`′ .2	`´ .2	`´ .2	14.5	14,1	14
New Britain		61.7	62.1	(')	(')	(¹)	2.7	2.5	1 :
New Haven-Meriden	233.2	238.3	239.2		`` .3	`` .3	10.0	10.8	1
Stamford	116.7	119.7	120.5		.7	.7	4.5	4.5	.
Waterbury	83.8	85.2	85.7	()	()	(')	3.2	3.2	;
Delaware		288.0 251.3	290.7 253.4	.1	.1 .2	.1 .2	17.6 19.3	16.8 18.2	17 19
•		!		1					
District of Columbia Washington MSA		618.7 1,851.5	622.0 1,869.5	1 1	.1 1.0	1.0	10.9 92.6	11.3 102.9	105
Fiorida		4,426.2	4,415.1	10.2	10.5	10.6	313.5	330.0	327
Daytona Beach		97.2	97.6	1 ''	(¹)	(')	6.3	7.0	:
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	1	416.1	414.0		.4	.4	32.6	32.0	3
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		93.4	93.0		()	()	10.1	10.8	10
Gainesville		83.7	83.3	1 ''	(')	(')	4.6	4.7	4
Jacksonville			355.2	1	.6	.6	24.8	27.0	2
Lakeland-Winter Haven		131.8	130.8		5.0	5.1	8.7	8.8	
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		129.5	1	1 ''	()	(')	8.1	8.4	_
Miami-Hialeah					.9	.9	38.2	38.1	3
Orlando		392.8			()	()	30.5	28.9	1
Pensacola		118.1	117.7	.5	.4	.5	8.8	8.9	
Sarasota		88.3			()	()	9.3	9.0	1
Tallahassee		95.5	95.0		(')	(')	4.6	4.9	1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach		1	1	1 .	(') .7	(')	57.0	58.4 24.8	1
	. 264.1	280.1	277.0			. (')	24.4		

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

Alabama	Chale and area	Ma	anufacturin	g		sportation iblic utilitie		Wholesa	le and reta	ail trade
Brimingham	State and area									May 1985°
Bimmigham	Alabama	363.1	352.2	351.8	72.3	72.5	72.4	287.7	293.4	294.
Mobise		53.9		54.9		29.8	29.8	85.0	85.3	85.
Montgomery	Huntsville	29.6	30.9	30.9	2.3	2.3	2.3	18.6	21.6	21.
Rock	Mobile	25.2	25.3	25.2	9.4	9.5	9.4	39.6	41.4	41.
Alaska	_ ,	1							- 1	26.
Artizona   170.5   181.0   181.4   59.5   62.6   62.5   283.5   303.8   Phoenix   123.7   131.8   131.9   38.4   41.0   41.2   192.2   206.9   Tucson   226   30.8   31.0   8.9   8.9   8.9   41.5   51.7   50.1   Aftareas   214.9   207.5   211.4   45.0   45.2   45.6   172.0   178.6   Fayytteville-pringdale   4   9.4   9.4   9.5   2.3   3.2   2.3   3.4   41.6   14.6   Fort Smith   22.5   22.3   23.3   3.4   3.4   14.6   14.6   Fort Smith   22.5   22.3   3.3   3.4   3.4   14.6   Fort Smith   22.5   22.3   3.3   3.4   3.4   14.6   Fort Smith   23.1   23.2   23.2   14.1   14.2   14.3   Fine Blaff   5.8   5.7   5.8   3.4   3.3   3.2   62.   6.3   California   2,036.8   2,045.2   2,047.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,049.5   2,049.0   Smith   2,0		8.2	8.1	8.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	10.7	11.2	11.
Phoenis	Alaska	10.8	9.4	11.6	19.4	18.4	19.2	44.3	44.5	45.
Tucson	Arizona		181.0		59.5		I			303.
Arkanase	Phoenix	123.7	131.8	131.9	38.4	41.0	41.2	192.2	206.9	205
Fayetteville-Springdale	Tucson	28.6	30.8	31.0	8.9	8.9	8.9	47.1	50.1	50.
Fort Smith	Arkansas	214.9	207.8	210.4	45.0	45.2	45.6	173.0	176.6	178.
Little Rock-Horth Little Rock   34.1   33.2   33.2   14.1   14.2   14.3   50.5   51.1	Fayetteville-Springdale	9.4	9.4	9.5	3.3	3.2	3.2	9.9	10.4	10.
Pine Bluff			22.3		3.3		-	-	i	14.
California   2,038,8   2,049,5   2,047,0   544,7   550,8   552,4   2,474,8   2,587,8   2,4									i	51.
Anaheim-Santa Ana	Pine Bluff	5.8	5.7	5.8	3.4	3.3	3.2	6.2	6.3	6.
Bakersfeid   10,5   10,8   10,7   7,6   7,9   7,9   38,5   39,3   39,3   Los Angeles-Long Beach   886,1   907,0   904,5   186,1   180,1   189,1   189,0   853,7   873,8   40,6   44,4   44,4   44,2   22,1   22,9   0akland   103,5   104,1   104,6   45,3   46,7   47,2   183,2   190,6   190,4   190										2,611.
Fresno										249.
Los Angeles-Long Beach   886.1 907.0 904.5 196.1 198.1 198.0 953.7 873.8					1					39.
Modesto					- 1	- 1			1	47.
Oakland         103.5         104.1         104.6         45.3         46.7         47.2         183.2         190.6           Coxnard-Ventura         26.7         27.0         27.4         6.9         7.3         7.5         4.40         44.9           Riverside-San Bernardino         60.1         61.8         62.2         27.6         28.3         23.0         230         12.5         115.9           Salinas-Seaside-Monterey         8.8         9.0         9.4         4.5         4.8         4.8         26.0         26.6           San Diego         115.9         115.9         118.3         118.4         30.4         31.0         30.9         171.1         182.5           San Diego         20.3         22.3         12.5         148.0         25.0         26.8           San Jase         20.3         22.3         22.3         22.3         12.5         148.0           San Jase         20.4         21.0         21.0         15.5         15.5         5.5         30.9         31.6           Saria Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc         22.4         22.3         23.8         5.5         5.5         30.9         31.6         24.0         21.0         21.0			1		1					879.
Description					1				,	22.
Riverside-San Bernardino			1		1			1		192.
Sacramento   324   326   329   232   230   230   1125   1169   266   2					1					45.
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey       8.8       9.0       9.4       4.5       4.8       4.8       26.0       26.6       8.8       30.0       11.1       118.4       30.4       31.0       30.9       17.1       182.5       San Francisco       86.9       84.7       84.7       85.0       83.9       83.5       200.0       205.0       27.2       27.2       27.2       27.2       27.2       27.2       27.2       28.0       25.0       28.0       29.1       29.0							١.	,		129.
San Diego       115.9       118.3       118.4       30.4       30.9       171.1       182.5         San Francisco       86.9       84.7       85.0       83.9       83.5       200.0       205.0         San Jose       283.5       289.4       288.3       22.0       22.3       22.3       12.5       148.0         Santa Rosa-Petaluma       17.5       18.2       18.0       5.1       5.1       5.5       5.5       30.9       31.6         Stockton       20.4       21.0       21.3       8.1       7.9       8.1       29.0       29.7         Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa       10.2       9.8       9.9       4.3       4.4       4.25.6       26.8         Colorado       190.8       190.1       190.3       85.2       86.2       86.3       336.7       342.7         Denver-Boulder       131.6       130.2       130.5       62.6       64.1       64.2       216.8       220.5         Connecticut       417.7       424.0       419.6       66.5       68.3       68.8       329.8       337.5         Bridgeport-Milford       69.3       63.7       64.8       64.4       7.2       7.2       40.6 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>118. 26.</td></th<>					1	-			_	118. 26.
San Francisco         869         44.7         84.7         85.0         83.9         83.5         200.0         205.0           San Jose         283.5         289.4         288.3         22.0         22.3         12.3         142.5         148.0           Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc         24.2         23.3         23.6         5.4         5.5         5.5         30.9         31.6           Santa Rabrar-Santa Maria-Lompoc         17.5         18.2         18.0         5.1         5.1         5.2         27.3         27.8           Stockton         20.4         21.0         21.3         8.1         7.9         8.1         29.0         29.7           Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa         10.2         9.8         9.9         4.3         4.4         4.4         25.6         26.8           Colorado         190.8         190.1         190.3         85.2         86.2         86.3         336.7         342.7           Deriver-Boulder         417.7         424.0         419.6         66.5         66.8         68.8         39.9         39.5           Eridgeport-Millord         63.7         64.8         64.4         7.2         7.2         7.2         40.6					1		· ·			26. 183.
San Jose         283.5         289.4         288.3         22.0         22.3         142.5         148.0           Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc         17.5         18.2         18.0         5.1         5.5         5.5         30.9         31.6           Santa Rosa-Petaluma         17.5         18.2         18.0         5.1         5.1         5.2         27.3         27.8           Stockton         20.4         21.0         21.0         8.1         7.9         8.1         29.0         29.7           Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa         10.2         9.8         9.9         4.3         4.4         4.4         25.6         26.8           Colorado         190.8         190.1         190.3         85.2         86.2         86.3         336.7         342.7           Denver-Boulder         131.6         130.2         130.5         62.6         64.1         64.2         216.8         220.5           Connecticut         417.7         424.0         419.6         66.5         68.3         68.8         329.8         337.5           Bridgeport-Milford         92.3         93.3         94.2         15.6         15.9         16.0         99.9         90.5					1					206.
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc         24.2         23.3         23.6         5.4         5.5         5.5         30.9         31.6         37.8         Stockton         20.4         21.0         21.3         8.1         7.9         8.1         29.0         29.7         29.7         Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa         10.2         9.8         9.9         4.3         4.4         4.4         25.6         26.8         20.7         29.7         Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa         10.2         9.8         9.9         4.3         4.4         4.4         25.6         26.8         26.8         20.0         29.7         Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa         10.2         9.8         9.9         4.3         4.4         4.4         25.6         26.8         26.3         336.7         342.7         20.0 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>148.</td></t<>					1					148.
Santa Rosa-Petaluma         17.5         18.2         18.0         5.1         5.1         5.2         27.3         27.8           Stockton         20.4         21.0         21.3         8.1         7.9         8.1         29.0         29.7           Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa         10.2         9.8         9.9         4.3         4.4         4.4         25.6         26.8           Colorado         190.8         190.1         190.3         85.2         86.2         86.3         336.7         342.7           Denver-Boulder         131.6         130.2         130.5         62.6         64.1         64.2         216.8         220.5           Connecticut         417.7         424.0         419.6         66.5         68.3         68.8         329.8         337.5           Bridgeport-Milford         63.7         64.8         64.4         7.2         7.2         7.2         40.6         41.4           Hartford         92.3         33.3         94.2         15.8         15.9         16.0         89.9         90.5           New Britain         23.9         23.8         23.5         3.1         3.2         3.2         11.4         11.4         41.4 <td></td> <td>1 1</td> <td></td> <td>I</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>31.</td>		1 1		I						31.
Stockton					- 1				. !	28.
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa   10.2   9.8   9.9   4.3   4.4   4.4   25.6   26.8										30.
Denver-Boulder				1				- 1	I	27.
Denver-Boulder	Colorado	190.8	190.1	190.3	85.2	86.2	86.3	336.7	342.7	342
Bridgeport-Milford         63.7         64.8         64.4         7.2         7.2         40.6         41.4           Hartford         92.3         93.3         94.2         15.8         15.9         16.0         89.9         90.5           New Britain         23.9         23.8         23.5         3.1         3.2         3.2         11.4         11.4           New Britain         49.7         49.8         49.5         17.7         18.3         18.4         51.7         54.5         54.6         29.1         29.0         3.1         3.2         3.2         16.1         16.7         16.7         16.7         16.7         16.7         16.7         16.7         16.7         16.7         16.7         16.7         16.7         14.2         14.2         14.4         14.4         14.4         14.4         14.4         14.4         14.4         14.4         14.4         14.4         14.4         14.4         14.4         14.4 </td <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>t t</td> <td>,</td> <td>64.2</td> <td>216.8</td> <td>220.5</td> <td>221</td>		1			t t	,	64.2	216.8	220.5	221
Bridgeport-Milford         63.7         64.8         64.4         7.2         7.2         40.6         41.4           Hartford         92.3         93.3         94.2         15.8         15.9         16.0         89.9         90.5           New Britain         23.9         23.8         23.5         3.1         3.2         3.2         11.4         11.4           New Britain         49.7         49.8         49.5         17.7         18.3         18.4         51.7         54.5         54.3         16.1         16.7         16.1         16.7         54.5         54.3         16.1         16.7         16.7         14.2         44.6         4.5         4.6         26.8         28.3         34.1         12.3         12.4         12.3         62.0         64.8         26.3         61.5         11.9<	Connecticut	417.7	424.0	419.6	66.5	68.3	68.8	329.8	337.5	341.
Hartford					1			40.6	41.4	41.
New Haven-Meriden	Hartford	92.3	93.3	94.2	15.8	15.9	16.0	89.9	90.5	91.
Stamford         30.2         30.6         29.1         29.0         3.1         3.2         3.2         16.1         16.7           Delaware         69.8         70.5         69.3         12.3         12.4         12.3         62.0         64.8           Wilmington         62.5         62.3         61.5         11.9         12.1         12.0         50.9         52.1           District of Columbia         14.4         14.4         14.4         26.1         26.8         26.9         62.5         63.9           Washington MSA         76.4         77.8         78.1         82.5         87.9         88.6         357.2         368.9           Florida         500.9         516.2         515.9         242.0         249.9         250.5         1,105.9         1,170.2         1,           Daytona Beach         10.5         10.7         10.8         3.3         3.4         3.5         27.1         28.1           Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach         43.7         44.0         43.8         21.5         20.3         20.3         118.5         122.4           Fort Myers-Cape Coral         4.2         4.4         4.4         4.1         4.4         4.4<	New Britain	23.9	23.8	23.5	3.1	3.2	3.2	11.4	11.4	11.
Waterbury       28.6       29.1       29.0       3.1       3.2       3.2       16.1       16.7         Delaware       69.8       70.5       69.3       12.3       12.4       12.3       62.0       64.8         Wilmington       62.5       62.3       61.5       11.9       12.1       12.0       50.9       52.1         District of Columbia       14.4       14.4       14.4       26.1       26.8       26.9       62.5       63.9         Washington MSA       76.4       77.8       78.1       82.5       87.9       88.6       357.2       368.9         Florida       500.9       516.2       515.9       242.0       249.9       250.5       1,105.9       1,170.2       1,         Daytona Beach       10.5       10.7       10.8       3.3       3.4       3.5       27.1       28.1         Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach       43.7       44.0       43.8       21.5       20.3       20.3       118.5       122.4         Gainesville       56.       52.2       5.2       1.7       1.7       17.7       17.7       17.7       17.5       17.5       17.5       17.7       17.7       17.5       17.5	New Haven-Meriden	49.7	49.8	49.5	17.7	18.3	18.4	51.7	54.5	54
Delaware										28. 16.
Wilmington       62.5       62.3       61.5       11.9       12.1       12.0       50.9       52.1         District of Columbia       14.4       14.4       14.4       14.4       26.1       26.8       26.9       62.5       63.9         Washington MSA       76.4       77.8       78.1       82.5       87.9       88.6       357.2       368.9         Florida       500.9       516.2       515.9       242.0       249.9       250.5       1,105.9       1,170.2       1,         Port Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach       10.5       10.7       10.8       3.3       3.4       3.5       27.1       28.1         Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach       43.7       44.0       43.8       21.5       20.3       20.3       118.5       122.4         Fort Myers-Cape Coral       4.2       4.4       4.2       5	wateroury	20.0	29.1	29.0	3.1	3.2	3.2	10.1	10.7	10.
District of Columbia		1 3		1				1		66. 52.
Washington MSA       76.4       77.8       78.1       82.5       87.9       88.6       357.2       368.9         Florida       500.9       516.2       515.9       242.0       249.9       250.5       1,105.9       1,170.2       1,         Daytona Beach       10.5       10.7       10.8       3.3       3.4       3.5       27.1       28.1         Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach       43.7       44.0       43.8       21.5       20.3       20.3       118.5       122.4         Fort Myers-Cape Coral       4.2       4.4       4.4       4.1       4.4       4.4       25.0       28.9         Gainesville       5.6       5.2       5.2       1.7       1.7       1.7       17.7       17.5         Jacksonville       35.8       37.0       37.2       27.0       27.8       27.9       91.7       93.7         Lakeland-Winter Haven       21.9       23.0       23.1       6.0       5.8       5.8       32.7       34.7         Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay       25.7       26.2       26.6       5.2       5.4       5.4       27.6       28.5         Miami-Hialeah       97.8       97.5       97.0	District of Columbia	14.4	14.4	14.4	26.1	26.8	26.9	62.5	63.9	65.
Daytona Beach         10.5         10.7         10.8         3.3         3.4         3.5         27.1         28.1           Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach         43.7         44.0         43.8         21.5         20.3         20.3         118.5         122.4           Fort Myers-Cape Coral         4.2         4.4         4.4         4.1         4.4         4.4         25.0         28.9           Gainesville         5.6         5.2         5.2         1.7         1.7         17.7         17.7         17.5           Jacksonville         35.8         37.0         37.2         27.0         27.8         27.9         91.7         93.7           Lakeland-Winter Haven         21.9         23.0         23.1         6.0         5.8         5.8         32.7         34.7           Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay         25.7         26.2         26.6         5.2         5.4         5.4         27.6         28.5           Miami-Hialeah         97.8         97.5         97.0         70.5         71.1         71.1         198.0         201.1           Orlando         44.8         46.8         47.2         19.7         20.4         20.3         103.7	Washington MSA	76.4	77.8	78.1	82.5	87.9	88.6	357.2	368.9	374
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach         43.7         44.0         43.8         21.5         20.3         20.3         118.5         122.4           Fort Myers-Cape Coral         4.2         4.4         4.4         4.1         4.4         4.4         25.0         28.9           Gainesville         5.6         5.2         5.2         1.7         1.7         17.7         17.7         17.5           Jacksonville         35.8         37.0         37.2         27.0         27.8         27.9         91.7         93.7           Lakeland-Winter Haven         21.9         23.0         23.1         6.0         5.8         5.8         32.7         34.7           Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay         25.7         26.2         26.6         5.2         5.4         5.4         27.6         28.5           Miami-Hialeah         97.8         97.5         97.0         70.5         71.1         71.1         198.0         201.1           Orlando         44.8         46.8         47.2         19.7         20.4         20.3         103.7         108.5           Pensacola         12.5         12.4         12.2         6.2         6.3         6.3         27.2 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>516.2</td><td>515.9</td><td>242.0</td><td>249.9</td><td></td><td>1,105.9</td><td>1,170.2</td><td>1,162</td></td<>			516.2	515.9	242.0	249.9		1,105.9	1,170.2	1,162
Fort Myers-Cape Coral			10.7					I		28
Gainesville     5.6     5.2     5.2     1.7     1.7     1.7     17.7     17.5       Jacksonville     35.8     37.0     37.2     27.0     27.8     27.9     91.7     93.7       Lakeland-Winter Haven     21.9     23.0     23.1     6.0     5.8     58.     32.7     34.7       Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay     25.7     26.2     26.6     5.2     5.4     5.4     27.6     28.5       Miami-Hialeah     97.8     97.5     97.0     70.5     71.1     71.1     198.0     201.1       Orlando     44.8     46.8     47.2     19.7     20.4     20.3     103.7     108.5       Pensacola     12.5     12.4     12.2     6.2     6.3     6.3     27.2     28.2       Sarasota     7.2     6.9     6.9     3.4     3.4     3.4     24.0     26.1       Tallahasse     3.8     3.8     3.8     2.8     2.9     2.9     19.2     19.2       Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater     87.7     88.8     88.7     35.9     36.0     36.3     187.2     196.1							1	1		120
Jacksonville     35.8     37.0     37.2     27.0     27.8     27.9     91.7     93.7       Lakeland-Winter Haven     21.9     23.0     23.1     6.0     5.8     5.8     32.7     34.7       Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay     25.7     26.2     26.6     5.2     5.4     5.4     27.6     28.5       Miami-Hialeah     97.8     97.5     97.0     70.5     71.1     71.1     198.0     201.1       Orlando     44.8     46.8     47.2     19.7     20.4     20.3     103.7     108.5       Pensacola     12.5     12.4     12.2     6.2     6.3     6.3     3.7     22.2     28.2       Sarasota     7.2     6.9     6.9     3.4     3.4     3.4     26.0     26.1       Tallahassee     3.8     3.8     3.8     3.8     2.8     2.9     2.9     19.2     19.2       Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater     87.7     88.8     88.7     35.9     36.0     36.3     187.2     196.1										28
Lakeland-Winter Haven       21.9       23.0       23.1       6.0       5.8       5.8       32.7       34.7         Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay       25.7       26.2       26.6       5.2       5.4       5.4       27.6       28.5         Miami-Hialeah       97.8       97.5       97.0       70.5       71.1       71.1       198.0       201.1         Orlando       44.8       46.8       47.2       19.7       20.4       20.3       103.7       108.5         Pensacola       12.5       12.4       12.2       6.2       6.3       6.3       27.2       82.2         Sarasota       7.2       6.9       6.9       3.4       3.4       3.4       26.0       26.1         Tallahassee       3.8       3.8       3.8       2.8       2.9       2.9       19.2       19.2         Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater       87.7       88.8       88.7       35.9       36.0       36.3       187.2       196.1										17
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay     25.7     26.2     26.6     5.2     5.4     5.4     27.6     28.5       Miami-Hialeah     97.8     97.5     97.0     70.5     71.1     71.1     198.0     201.1       Orlando     44.8     46.8     47.2     19.7     20.4     20.3     103.7     108.5       Pensacola     12.5     12.4     12.2     6.2     6.3     6.3     27.2     28.2       Sarasota     7.2     6.9     6.9     3.4     3.4     3.4     26.0     26.1       Tallahassee     3.8     3.8     3.8     2.8     2.9     2.9     19.2     19.2       Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater     87.7     88.8     88.7     35.9     36.0     36.3     187.2     196.1		1			1			i		94
Miami-Hialeah     97.8     97.5     97.0     70.5     71.1     71.1     198.0     201.1       Orlando     44.8     46.8     47.2     19.7     20.4     20.3     103.7     108.5       Pensacola     12.5     12.4     12.2     6.2     6.3     6.3     27.2     28.2       Sarasota     7.2     6.9     6.9     3.4     3.4     3.4     3.4     2.2     2.6     1       Tallahassee     3.8     3.8     3.8     2.8     2.9     2.9     19.2     19.2       Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater     87.7     88.8     88.7     35.9     36.0     36.3     187.2     196.1			1						-	33
Orlando     44.8     46.8     47.2     19.7     20.4     20.3     103.7     108.5       Pensacola     12.5     12.4     12.2     6.2     6.3     6.3     27.2     28.2       Sarasota     7.2     6.9     6.9     3.4     3.4     3.4     26.0     26.1       Tallahassee     3.8     3.8     3.8     2.8     2.9     2.9     19.2     19.2       Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater     87.7     88.8     88.7     35.9     36.0     36.3     187.2     196.1					4					28 201
Pensacola     12.5     12.4     12.2     6.2     6.3     6.3     27.2     28.2       Sarasota     7.2     6.9     6.9     3.4     3.4     3.4     26.0     26.1       Tallahassee     3.8     3.8     3.8     2.8     2.9     2.9     19.2     19.2       Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater     87.7     88.8     88.7     35.9     36.0     36.3     187.2     196.1		1 1			5					110
Sarasota     7.2     6.9     6.9     3.4     3.4     26.0     26.1       Tallahassee     3.8     3.8     3.8     2.8     2.9     2.9     19.2     19.2       Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater     87.7     88.8     88.7     35.9     36.0     36.3     187.2     196.1										28
Tallahassee     3.8     3.8     3.8     2.8     2.9     2.9     19.2     19.2       Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater     87.7     88.8     88.7     35.9     36.0     36.3     187.2     196.1								1		25
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater										19
										194
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach				I	I					ı

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chale and area		nce, insura d real esta			Services		G	overnmen	t 
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°
ilabama	62.2	64.7	65.2	228.3	232.3	233.6	293.7	302.2	301.
Birmingham	24.6	25.4	25.6	76.8	77.8	77.8	57.8	59.2	58.
Huntsville	2.9	3.0	3.0	18.5	19.1	19.2	28.0	28.2	28.
Mobile	7.4	7.4	7.3	31.2	31.5	31.6	26.8	27.6	27.
Montgomery	6.6	6.6	6.6	22.2	22.7	22.7	30.5	31.1	31
Tuscaloosa	1.6	1.7	1.7	7.1	7.3	7.0	18.3	18.4	18
Naska	12.4	12.8	12.9	43.0	44.1	44.3	67.2	69.8	69
rizona	71.5	75.4	75.9	273.9	295.8	296.1	212.6	222.7	221
Phoenix	55.7	58.8	59.3	184.7	202.0	201.3	105.7	111.5	111
Tucson	10.1	10.6	10.6	50.4	54.6	54.7	48.8	51.5	50
Arkansas	35.6	37.3	37.6	135.6	138.1	137.3	142.6	146.9	145
Fayetteville-Springdale	1.5	1.5	1.6	5.9	6.0	5.9	10.5	10.5	10
Fort Smith	2.4	2.5	2.6	12.5	12.3	12.3	7.0	7.1	7
Little Rock-North Little Rock	14.8	15.1	15.1	45.6	45.8	45.9	44.7	45.0	44
Pine Bluff	1.5	1.6	1.6	5.7	5.6	5.6	7.1	7.5	7
California	691.2	703.3	705.1	2,520.4	2,628.1	2,630.6	1,776.2	1,774.5	1,781
Anaheim-Santa Ana	70.1	73.4	73.6	227.8	241.3	241.1	108.2	110.8	111
Bakersfield	5.7	5.7	5.7	27.8	28.7	28.9	34.6	36.4	36
Fresno	13.0	12.8	12.9	41.3	43.2	43.1	41.9	44.0	43
Los Angeles-Long Beach	249.6	253.2	254.8	935.9	978.7	980.8	475.6	476.5	478
Modesto	3.9	3.9	3.9	18.2	18.7	18.8	15.2	15.7	15
Oakland	42.8	44.4	44.6	161.0	170.2	170.3	154.4	156.3	157
Oxnard-Ventura	10.9	11.2	11.2	36.6	37.7	37.9	38.5	40.0	40
Riverside-San Bernardino	21.0	21.3	21.4	107.5	114.0	113.9	106.5	109.7	110
Sacramento	26.2	27.1	27.3	93.1	98.6	98.0	153.0	157.8	158
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	4.7	4.8	4.8	21.9	23.0	23.1	25.2	25.6	25
San Diego	48.1	49.1	49.2	179.3	191.0	192.1	144.5	146.2	147
San Francisco	111.4	110.7	111.0	253.0	260.4	261.4	135.3	134.7	135
San Jose	30.7	31.7	31.8	189.4	193.8	195.1	80.2	80.3	80
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	7.0	7.1	7.1	34.4	36.1	36.2	25.2	25.8	25
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	7.1	7.4	7.3	22.8	23.5	23.7	20.4	21.0	21
Stockton	6.9	6.5	6.2	25.8	26.5	26.7	27.8	28.7	28
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	3.9	4.0	4.0	23.1	24.2	24.4	35.4	35.9	36
Colorado	92.6	95.6	95.5	302.7	312.1	310.9	248.0	257.3	258
Denver-Boulder	66.7	67.5	67.9	203.6	207.8	211.0	137.9	143.1	143
Connecticut	122.3	125.4	125.9	336.4	348.5	352.0	188.5	189.9	18
Bridgeport-Milford	8.8	8.8	8.9	42.0	41.9	42.3	18.1	18.1	18
Hartford	68.4	63.7	63.6	91.8	96.1	96.6	54.6	55.2	55
New Britain	2.3	3.0	3.0	11.2	11.2	11.3	6.2	6.6	(
New Haven-Meriden	13.6	13.8	13.9	60.7	61.4	61.9	29.5	29.4	29
Stamford	9.3 3.8	9.5 3.9	9.6 3.9	30.5 18.8	31.3 18.9	31.8 19.2	10.1 10.2	10.3 10.2	10
				1			,		
Delaware	16.9 15.6	18.6 17.0	18.9 17.1	58.2 52.1	60.2 53.8	61.4 54.9	44.1 35.3	44.6 35.7	3
District of Columbia	34.9 102.7	35.6 106.7	35.8 107.6	203.4 536.8	209.5 559.5	209.3 562.2	256.7 542.1	257.1 546.8	259 552
	1	100.7	107.0	330.0	333.3	302.2		040.0	
Florida	297.1	311.4	312.0	1,064.0	1,145.2	1,144.5	658.0	692.8	692
Daytona Beach	5.7	6.3	6.3	25.7	26.2	26.4	15.8	15.5	15
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	33.2	33.6	1	108.0	111.8	111.4	50.5	51.6	5
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	6.7	7.1	7.1	21.6	23.7	23.6	13.4	13.9	1:
Gainesville	3.3	3.3	1	17.5	18.3	17.9	30.6	32.9	3:
Jacksonville	30.9	31.7		79.3	81.8	82.4	51.8	53.7	5
Lakeland-Winter Haven	7.5	7.9		28.8	28.6	28.4	17.4	17.9	1
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	4.6	4.9		35.2	36.3	36.2	19.3	19.7	1
Miami-Hialeah	61.2	62.0		203.5	210.8	210.8	98.5	102.3	10
Oriando	24.5	25.6		114.7	113.7	114.4	46.6	48.9	4
Pensacola	4.8	5.2	5.3	27.1	29.0	29.0	26.0	27.7	2
Sarasota		7.3		24.2	24.3	24.6	10.9	11.2	1
Tallahassee		4.4	4.5	17.7	18.0	18.0	38.0	42.0	4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		55.2		180.9	188.3	186.5	88.3	93.0	9
- Lampa ou roto obdig otour water			,						

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	onstructio	n
State and area	<b>M</b> ay 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°
Georgia	2,432.9	2,578.8	2,589.6	7.8	7.9	7.9	128.9	144.2	146.8
Albany		48.5	48.5	.1	(')	(¹)	2.6	2.3	2.3
Athens		58.4	58.4	(¹)	.1	.1	1.8	1.6	1.7
Atlanta	1,180.1	1,265.7	1,274.4	1.1	1.2	1.2	62.0	73.4	74.7
Augusta		138.8	138.4	.4	.5	.5	8.0	7.1	7.0
Columbus	86.8	88.0	87.7	.1	.1	.1	4.8	5.4	5.4
Macon-Warner Robins		109.4	109.4	.2	.2	.2	4.7	4.2	4.3
Savannah		94.6	94.8	(1)	(1)	(')	5.3	6.1	6.1
lawaii		420.5	421.6	Ö	()	(¹)	17.2	18.0	18.5
Honòlulu	339.0	340.5	341.2	(¹)	(')	(')	14.4	15.2	15.7
taho		328.3 84.2	332.7 85.0	4.1 (¹)	3.5 (¹)	3.7 (¹)	12.9 5.3	13.4 5.3	14.5 5.4
•									
linois		4,665.7	4,701.6	24.6	24.6	25.4	149.4	152.3	164.2
Aurora-Elgin		121.5	124.1	<u> </u>	()	()	3.7	3.8	4.3
Bloomington-Normal		51.6	51.4	()	(t)	(1)	1.3	1.0	1.3
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul		76.7	76.7	(')	(')	(')	1.6	1.6	1.7
Chicago		2,799.1	2,818.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	91.1	90.0	95.9
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	1	144.7	145.9	()	()	()	4.6	4.5	4.8
Decatur		48.7	49.1	(')	(')	(¹)	1.6	1.5	1.6
Joliet	90.0	91.5	92.3	(')	(1)	(')	3.8	3.8	4.2
Kankakee	31.0	30.8	30.8	(')	(1)	(')	1,1	1.1	1.2
Lake County	164.8	169.0	171.7	(1)	(1)	(¹)	5.5	5.1	5.9
Peoria	127.8	125.8	126.7	(')	(')	(')	5.0	5.0	5.6
Rockford	113.3	112.9	114.5	(')	(¹)	(1)	3.3	3.1	3.5
Springfield	85.4	86.3	87.0	(†)	(¹)	(1)	2.2	2.2	2.4
ndiana		2,183.6	2,209.3	10.3	10.2	10.5	78.0	86.7	94.6
Anderson		47.7	47.9	()	()	(¹)	1.1	1.2	1.2
Elkhart-Goshen		90.0	90.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.2	2.2	2.4
Evansville		121.4	122.3	2.9	2.7	2.8	6.2	6.3	6.5
Fort Wayne	158.5	160.9	162.3	(1)	(¹)	(')	5.8	6.3	6.9
Gary-Hammond	220.1	212.7	214.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	9.5	10.1	10.7
Indianapolis	538.3	546.1	554.2	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	22.5	24.1	25.7
Lafayette	58.0	60.3	60.1	(1)	(¹)	(')	1.7	1.6	1.8
Muncie	47.2	47.9	48.4	(¹)	(')	(')	1.3	1.4	1.6
South Bend-Mishawaka Terre Haute		104.5 52.9	105.4 52.2	(¹) .4	(¹) .4	(¹) .4	4.1 1.9	4.0 1.9	4.3 2.2
owa		1,062.0	1,071.1	2.1	1.9	2.0	37.0	34.4	38.2
Cedar Rapids		77.5	78.2	.2	.1	.2	2.4	2.5	2.5
Des Moines		187.5	188.9		(')	(¹)	6.3	6.5	6.8
Dubuque		39.9	40.5	(')	$\Theta$	8	1.2	1.2	1.3
Iowa City		49.3	48.7	8	8	8	1.7	1.6	1.5
Sioux City		47.5	48.4	8	- 8 ·	8	1.6	1.4	1.8
Waterloo-Cedar Falls		60.0	60.2	8	8	(5)	2.2	2.0	2.5
(ansas	967.2	981.2	990.2	17.6	17.0	17.1	43.4	41.8	43.6
Lawrence		29.3	29.6	(')	(¹)	(¹)	1.0	1.2	1.2
Topeka	1	83.6	83.7	l Ö İ	ď)	Ö	3.0	2.6	2.7
Wichita	1	203.9	205.4	`´3.4	`´3.1	`´3.1	9.3	9.2	9.5
Centucky	1,214.4	1,238.4	1,241.4	45.0	45.4	45.5	49.0	51.9	53.5
Lexington-Fayette	156.0	157.7	156.9	.8	.9	.9	7.9	8.9	9.0
Louisville	396.9	402.2	406.0	.6	.7	.7	17.8	18.9	19.8
Owensboro	32.0	31.8	32.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.7	1.8	1.8
ouisiana	1,604.8	1,587.4	1,590.1	80.7	79.2	79.2	121.9	108.1	110.1
Alexandria	44.9	46.0	45.9	.3	.3	.3	2.9	3.0	3.1
Baton Rouge	214.2	216.2	215.8	1.1	1.2	1.1	21.9	23.1	23.3
Houma-Thibodaux	61.9	62.1	63.0	7.6	8.2	8.4	3.3	3.2	3.2
Lafayette		97.1	96.8	16.8	16.5	16.2	5.5	5.4	5.2
Lake Charles	61.0	58.7	58.5	2.2	2.3	2.4	4.3	3.3	3.4
Monroe	54.3	53.8	54.0	.7	.7	.7	3.4	2.9	3.0
New Orleans	549.3	532.7	535.2	19.7	20.5	20.6	37.6	31.2	31.7
Shreveport		144.7	145.8	5.3	4.8	4.6	9.0	9.8	10.0
faine		443.3	450.0	.2	.2	.2	20.5	18.6	21.6
Lewiston-Auburn	36.6	36.2	36.4	(1)	(1)	(')	1.5	1.4	1.5
201101011 / 122211				(')	(')	(1)	5.3	5.4	5.9

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

<u>.</u>	Ma	anufacturin	9		sportation blic utilitie		Wholesa	le and reta	ail trade
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985
eorgia	544.5	544.7	541.9	153.8	160.8	161.4	593.0	657.3	663
Albany	10.1	10.7	10.6	2.6	2.4	2.4	11.1	11.2	1.
Athens	15.5	15.2	15.3	1.6	1.6	1.6	12.1	12.1	12
Atlanta	173.9	177.4	177.6	99.0	104.4	104.9	332.2	356.6	359
Augusta	35.0	35.8	36.1	4.4	4.3	4.4	27.4	28.6	28
Columbus	21.9	21.0	20.6	3.2	3.4	3.4	18.4	19.0	19
Macon-Warner Robins	19.5	18.5	18.4	4.4	4.4	4.5	22.7	23.3	2
Savannah	16.0	16.0	16.1	10.2	9.8	10.0	21.9	22.6	2
awaii	21.6	20.8	21.0	32.3	32.5	32.2	111.1	112.0	11
Honolulu	15.8	14.9	15.1	26.6	26.9	26.7	89.3	89.0	8
laho	53.4 10.2	51.9 10.2	52.7 10.3	18.8 5.2	18.0 5.2	18.2 5.2	82.4 21.3	84.1 21.8	8
•		į	l						
linois Aurora-Elgin	985.6 38.1	953.3 34.4	951.8 35.6	272.4 3.3	273.7 3.2	274.7 3.2	1,137.6 33.6	1,150.9 32.6	1,16
Bloomington-Normal	5.7	5.0	5.0	3.3	3.1	3.1	12.3	12.4	1
	6.9	7.1	7.2	2.5	2.4	2.4	17.8	18.3	1
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	595.2	584.6	584.2	167.3	172.5	173.2	665.2	682.0	68
Chicago	34.5		32.6	8.0	7.9	8.1	38.7	38.2	(
Dagetur		32.6			- 1	I	i	1	
Decatur	15.6	14.9	15.2	3.8	3.8	3.8	10.5	11.0 21.8	. :
Joliet	20.0	20.6	20.5	8.7	8.8	8.8	20.2		
Kankakee	5.4	5.4	5.4	1.2	1.1	1.1	7.6	7.5	
Lake County	40.6	40.7	40.8	5.2	5.1	5.2	42.0	40.8	
Peoria	34.9	31.2	31.1	6.7	6.5	6.5	31.5	30.8	
RockfordSpringfield	44.2 4.9	44.3 4.5	44.7 4.4	4.3 4.0	4.2 4.2	4.2 4.2	24.5 17.5	24.4 17.6	
-	605.0	!	600.7	105.6	107.0	106.2	402.0	507.7	5
diana	625.8	619.2	622.7	105.6	107.0	106.2	492.0		5
Anderson	19.3	19.1	19.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	10.2	10.2	
Elkhart-Goshen	49.7	49.2	49.4	2.8	2.8	2.8	16.3	16.8	
Evansville	33.1	31.5	31.7	6.4	6.6	6.6	29.8	30.8	
Fort Wayne	45.4	45.8	45.9	10.3	10.6	10.7	38.7	39.2	
Gary-Hammond	68.7	61.0	61.3	13.2	13.4	13.5	49.2	49.4	
Indianapolis	111.2	108.8	108.8	30.9	31.8	31.9	136.5	139.7	1
Lafayette	11.3	11.3	11.3	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.9	12.4	
Muncie	11.2	11.3	11.3	1.9	2.0	2.0	11.4	11.7	
South Bend-Mishawaka	24.8	25.6	25.5	4.3	4.4	4.4	26.3	27.4	
Terre Haute	10.5	10.7	10.8	2.7	2.6	2.4	14.0	14.6	
owa	211.9	206.9	207.1	50.9	50.3	50.8	272.0	267.3	2
Cedar Rapids	21.2	21.1	21.2	3.7	3.6	3.6	19.2	18.8	
Des Moines	23.5	23.0		11.2	11.0	11.4	48.9	49.2	j
Dubuque	12.0	11.9	12.1	1.8	1.7	1.7	8.7	8.9	[
lowa City		4.0		1.0	1.1	1.1	8.6	8.8	1
Sioux City Waterloo-Cedar Falls	9.5 17.2	9.7 14.3	9.9 14.0	3.4 2.1	3.2 2.1	3.3 2.0	12.5 14.2	12.1 13.9	
ansasLawrence	176.7 4.2	177.0 4.2		64.5 1.3	64.0 1.2	64.5 1.2	238.1 5.9	244.9 6.1	2
Topeka	9.9	9.8		7.4	7.5	7.5	18.7	19.5	
Wichita	53.6	56.5	56.4	10.0	10.3	10.4	47.3	48.4	}
entucky		254.7	254.7	65.1	67.7	68.4		292.5	2
Lexington-Fayette		29.0		7.4	7.5	L.		36.9	
Louisville  Owensboro		86.7 6.0	86.7 6.2	23.7 2.3	23.5 2.3	1		100.6 7.9	1
		}							
ouisiana		179.1		118.1	116.3	1		380.0	3
Alexandria		3.6			2.3	2.3	1		1
Baton Rouge	L.			1	10.8				
Houma-Thibodaux		6.7				1	1	1	1
Lafayette		5.5	1		7.1	7.1	26.1	1	
Lake Charles		9.6	1		1 -		1	1	1
Monroe		ł.	1	2.7	2.7	2.8		1	
New Orleans	1	46.5 22.4	1	1	45.7 8.5	45.9 8.5	1	1	1
·									
laine	1	104.5 10.5			19.2 1.4	19.6 1.4		1	1
Lewiston-Auburn	. 11.7								

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		ice, insurai 1 real estai	- 1		Services		G	overnment	t
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 19 <sup>P</sup> 5 <sup>P</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Georgia	127.4	134,4	134.4	433.4	478.3	482.5	444.2	451.3	451.3
Albany	2.2	2.3	2.3	6.8	7.1	7.2	11.5	12.5	12.4
Athens	1.7	1.8	1.8	7.9	8.3	8.1	17.7	17.7	17.
Atlanta	80.8	85.8	85.9	258.9	287.8	291.7	172.2	179.1	179.0
Augusta	4.9	5.3	5.3	21.8	23.2	22.9	32.9	34.0	34.0
Columbus	5.7	6.0	6.1	13.3	13.0	12.9	19.5	20.0	20.2
Macon-Warner Robins	6.6	6.7	6.7	18.8	19.1	19.0	32.2	33.0	33.0
Savannah	4.2	4.0	4.0	18.8	19.1	19.1	16.6	17.0	17.0
ławaii	31.9	32.2	32.3	110.0	110.5	110.1	93.3	94.5	94.9
Honolulu	27.2	27.5	27.6	86.4	86.5	86.2	79.3	80.5	80.7
daho	23.7 8.2	23.5 8.1	23.7 8.1	60.8 16.8	63.0 17.1	62.8 17.4	69.3 15.7	70.8 16.4	71.2 16.9
•			l	ĺ				728.5	731.
Ninois	317.1	319.7	320.5	1,042.6	1,062.7	1,073.2	708.0	14.8	15.0
Aurora-Elgin	6.6	6.5	6.5	24.0	26.1	26.3	15.3	- 1	10.0
Bloomington-Normal	8.5	8.6	8.6	9.4	9.9	10.0	9.0	11.6	10.0 32.0
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	2.4	2.5	2.5	12.3	12.7	12.6	31.4	32.1	_
Chicago	228.1	231.9	232.7	686.3	689.1	694.8	345.8	346.9	347.
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	7.1	7.3	7.2	26.8	26.9	27.1	27.1	27.3	27. 5.
Decatur	2.7	2.7	2.7	9.1	9.1	9.1	5.6	5.6	
Joliet	3.6	3.6	3.6	17.5	17.2	17.3	15.9	15.4	15.
Kankakee	1.4	1.5	1.5	7.0	7.3	7.2	7.3	6.9	6.
Lake County	6.8	7.0	6.9	35.5	40.2	41.4	28.5	29.4	29.
Peoria	6.3	6.5	6.5	27.9	29.6	29.4	15.2	16.2	16.
Rockford	4.4 7.6	4.4 7.7	4.6 7.7	20.7 19.2	20.8 19.3	21.0 19.3	11.8 29.9	11.7 30.7	11. 31.
ndiana	103.3	104.8	105.9	390.2	405.5	411.2	335.3	342.6	339.
Anderson	1.6	1.6	1.6	8.7	8.8	8.7	5.7	5.6	5.
Elkhart-Goshen	2.1	2.2	2.2	11.1	11.6	11.7	5.2	5.2	5.
	4.6	4.6	4.6	26.4	27.2	27.6	11.1	11.7	11.
Evansville	10.5	10.8	10.8	31.0	31.4	31.6	16.7	16.7	16.
Fort Wayne	8.3	7.6	7.6	41.3	41.5	41.7	29.8	29.6	29.
Indianapolis	39.5	39.7	40.2	112.3	116.0	119.2	84.5	85.1	85.
Lafayette	2.6	2.7	2.7	9.9	10.0	10.1	18.7	20.3	19.
Muncie	1.5	1.6	1.6	8.9	9.0	9.1	11.0	10.9	10.
South Bend-Mishawaka	4.8	5.0	5.0	26.6	27.2	27.4	10.8	10.9	11.
Terre Haute	1.7	1.7	1.7	10.1	10.6	10.6	9.4	10.4	9.
owa	61.3	62.5	62.6	227.3	226.3	228.0	210.5	212.4	213.
Cedar Rapids	4.7	4.7	4.8	16.3	16.5	16.6	10.4	10.2	10.
Des Moines	23.3	23.9	24.0	44.6	44.8	45.0	29.0	29.1	29.
Dubuque	1.4	1.5	1.5	11.2	11.2	11.3	3.6	3.6	3.
lowa City	1.2	1.3	1.3	6.6	6.9	6.9	24.0	25.5	25.
Sioux City	2.6	2.6	2.6	12.3	12.0	12.2	6.5	6.5	6.
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	3.1	3.1	3.0	13.2	12.8	12.8	12.1	11.8	11,
(ansas	51.5	52.3	52.7	183.6	190.6	192.3	191.8	193.6	195.
Lawrence	.9	.9	.9	4.4	4.7	4.8	10.6	11.0	10. 19.
Topeka Wichita	5.8 10.1	5.7 10.0	5.7 10.2	17.9 40.4	18.6 41.0	18.5 41.3	19.6 25.1	19.9 25.4	25.
Centucky	54.7	56.8	57.5	235.4	240.8	237.5	228.9	228.6	229
Lexington-Fayette	7.7	8.1	8.2	34.2	36.7	35.8	33.6	29.7	29
Louisville	25.6	25.7	26.1	86.9	88.9	90.1	56.4	57.2	57
Owensboro	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.6	6.7	6.6	4.9	4.8	4
ouisiana	83.1	83.7	83.9	315.0	313.4	313.9	322.4	327.6	327
Alexandria	2.5	2.5	2.5	9.8	9.9	9.7	12.8	12.9	12
Baton Rouge	12.9	13.3	13.3	39.6	40.1	40.2	54.9	54.5	
Houma-Thibodaux	2.5	2.3	2.3	9.2	9.0	9.1	10.6	11.0	1
Lafayette		4.1	4.1	19.7	19.6	19.6	13.3	13.1	13
Lake Charles		2.7	2.8	11.4	10.9	10.7	11.0	11.2	11
Monroe	3.8	4.2	4.3	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.8	9.6	9
New Orleans	33.0	32.0	31.8	132.4	128.6	128.2	88.8	87.0	
Shreveport	1 1	7.7	7.7	31.1	31.2	32.3	25.0	25.6	25
Maine	19.5	20.4	20.5	89.2	92.1	93.3	83.9	87.1	85
Lewiston-Auburn		1.8	1.8	8.6	9.1	8.9	3.5	3.6	3
Portland	8.8	9.2	9.3	22.8	23.6	24.1	13.3	14.8	14

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		Co	onstructio	n
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Maryland	1,800.8	1,861.4	1.885.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	113.6	128.4	132.
Baltimore MSA		982.6	990.4	.2	.2	.2	53.5	53.8	54.
Baltimore City	. 437.7	435.6	437.9	(')	(')	(¹)	17.5	17.3	17.:
Suburban Maryland-D.C.		639.3	645.6	.4	.5	.5	46.6	52.1	53.
Massachusetts	2,849.8	2,952.3	2,983.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	94.6	99.2	105.
Boston	1,615.3	1,706.5	1,724.0	.5	.5	.5	50.6	54.6	57.
Brockton	65.4	68.2	69.3	(1)	(')	(¹)	2.5	3.0	3.
Fall River		55.0	55.5	Ö	Ö	Ö	1.7	1.7	1.
Fitchburg-Leominster		39.1	39.7	Ö	Ö	Ö	1.5	1.6	1.
Lawrence-Haverhill		153.5	155.1	Ö	Ö	- ŏ -	6.1	8.1	8.
Lowell		104.2	105.1	6	- 6 l	- 6 l	3.6	4.0	4.
New Bedford		67.9	69.1	- 6 I	- i	- 6 l	2.1	2.0	2.
Pittsfield		39.9	40.7	.1	- 8 l	8	1.4	1.4	1.
Springfield		230.5	233.9				6.2	6.3	6.
Worcester		182.5	184.1	.1	.2 .1	.2 .1	5.8	6.3	6.
		Ì					ł		
Aln Arbor		3,403.9 149.8	3,455.4 145.2	9.8 .2	9.3 (¹)	9.6 (¹)	91.8 4.0	80.9 3.5	91. 4.
Battle Creek		53.2	53.7	(')			1.5	1.6	1.
		1			()	()	,		,
Benton Harbor		58.2	59.0	.1	(')	()	1.2	1.2	1.
Detroit		1,698.4	1,724.0	.8	.7	.7	42.9	43.4	48.
Flint		165.7	169.2	(')	()	()	3.7	4.1	4.
Grand Rapids		279.4	285.3	.4	() j	()	9.7	8.9	9.
Jackson		46.6	47.5	.4	(')	(')	1.2	1.1	1.
Kalamazoo	. 92.9	95.4	94.7	.1	(')	(')	2.9	2.7	3.
Lansing-East Lansing	178.3	187.5	190.7	.5	(1)	(')	4.4	3.4	4.
Muskegon	. 53.1	53.7	53.9	.1	(1)	(1)	1.6	1.5	1.0
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	142.7	144.9	147.1	.2	Ö	Ö	6.8	4.9	5.4
Minnesota	1,829.3	1,864.4	1,893.5	10.7	9.8	10.0	67.5	65.7	74.
Duluth		84.6	86.0	6.4	6.1	6.1	2.6	2.1	2.
Minneapolis-St. Paul	1	1,199.9	1,214.2	(')	(')	(')	42.0	43.1	47.
Rochester		55.1	56.0	8	8		1.6	1.7	2.
St. Cloud		60.9	61.8	8	8	(¹) (²)	2.8	2.7	3.
Alississippi		844.0	845.3	8.9	9.0	9.0	37.8	38.8	40.
Jackson	. 160.6	165.6	166.1	1.7	1.8	1.8	7.9	8.2	8.8
Nissouri		2,040.3	2,056.0	6.0	6.3	6.4	82.9	79.3	82.
Kansas City	. 668.9	672.8	677.5	.7	.7	.7	26.2	27.6	28.
St. Joseph	. 35.6	35.4	35.3	(')	(¹)	(')	1.2	1.6	1.
St. Louis	. 1,044.0	1,054.7	1,063.2	3.5	3.6	3.6	48.3	48.6	50.
Springfield	. 95.0	95.4	95.6	.1	.1	.1	3.3	3.5	3.0
Montana	. 283.0	282.1	286.4	7.4	7.0	7.1	12.8	12.3	13.
Nebraska	631.0	641.2	648.5	1.7	1.5	1.6	24.1	22.9	24.
Lincoln		101.5	102.7	()	(')	()	3.5	3.7	3.
Omaha		280.3	283.9	.3	.3	.3	10.5	11.0	11.
Novada	407.0	4446	440.0	6.5	60	6.0	20.0	04.0	25
Nevada Las Vegas	1	444.6	448.2	6.5	6.8	6.8	22.8	24.8	25.
Reno		251.1 122.7	252.4 123.8	.4 .7	.4 .8	.4 .8	14.2 5.5	15.2 6.1	15. 6.
New Hampshire	433.2	460.4	463.6	.4	.5	.6	22.8	28.6	28.
Manchester		78.1	78.3	O.	(')	(')	3.7	4.1	4.
Nashua		83.4	83.6		.1	.2	3.2	3.5	3.
New Jersey	3,344.2	3,406.6	3,437.3	2.3	2.2	2.3	133.1	147.3	152.
Atlantic City			1 '		(')				l .
		147.8	154.1	()		(')	8.1	7.6	7.
Bergen-Passaic		638.6		(')	.1	.1	23.8	24.7	25.
Camden		385.3	387.3	.1	.1	.1	16.5	16.9	17.
Jersey City		224.8	226.9	(')	(')	(')	5.3	5.8	6.
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		465.1	468.2	()	.7	.6	17.9	20.3	21.
14	. 283.3	288.7	294.1	(')	(')	(')	15.4	17.9	18.
Monmouth-Ocean									1
Newark		933.9	938.2	.7	.7	.7	31.6	32.9	33.
		933.9 172.1	938.2 173.0	.7 (¹)	.7 (¹)	.7 (')	31.6 3.7	32.9 4.1	33.

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Ma	anufacturin	g		sportation blic utilities		Wholesa	le and reta	ail trade
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>
laryland	218.0	214.1	214.3	90.2	92.4	92.7	448.0	462.0	473
Baltimore MSA	142.1	138.3	137.9	58.7	57.5	57.4	233.8	236.0	240
Baltimore City	54.1	54.2	54.0	33.6	32.7	32.5	92.2	90.9	92
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	33.8	32.3	32.3	18.2	19.9	20.2	165.1	170.8	173
lassachusetts	672.8	686.6	687.1	122.8	125.6	127.1	651.8	687.6	700
Boston	323.3	341.8	342.8	74.7	77.4	77.6	357.1	380.0	385
Brockton	12.8	12.9	13.1	4.3	4.3	4.4	18.4	19.4	19
Fall River	19.5	20.0	19.9	1.6	1.7	1.7	12.2	12.7	12
Fitchburg-Leominster	14.1	13.6	13.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	8.8	9.2	
Lawrence-Haverhill	52.9	56.6	56.8	5.6	6.0	6.1	29.8	30.7	3
Lowell	40.3	43.6	43.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	20.1	20.6	2
New Bedford	24.7	25.2	25.4	2.3	2.3	2.4	14.4	15.1	1
	1						9.4	10.1	1
Pittsfield	11.7	12.3	12.4	.9	.8	.9			
Springfield	55.8 47.5	55.6 49.9	56.0 49.6	8.6 7.9	9.0 7.6	9.0 7.8	50.5 40.5	54.0 42.7	5 4
		}		İ					
ichigan	938.7 36.8	950.6 37.8	958.1 35.3	140.2 3.5	138.0 3.6	139.8 3.7	740.9 21.6	766.2 22.1	78 2
Battle Creek	14.6	14.4	14.4	1.9	1.9	2.0	9.1	9.2	_
Benton Harbor	19.3	19.8	20.0	L	2.5	2.5	11.4	11.3	1
				2.4		1	1	400.7	40
Detroit	455.9	458.0	464.6	75.7	73.8	74.5	386.0		
Flint	65.6	62.0	63.1	4.8	4.1	4.3	38.4	40.1	4
Grand Rapids	94.6	96.1	96.9	10.7	10.9	10.9	67.8	67.7	e
Jackson	11.8	12.4	12.5	4.8	4.2	4.2	9.7	9.8	_
Kalamazoo	28.3	28.9	29.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	20.4	20.5	2
_ansing-East Lansing	30.5	38.1	38.3	5.2	5.4	5.3	34.5	34.9	3
Muskegon Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	18.6 45.5	19.5 45.9	19.4 46.4	2.8 7.2	2.7 7.0	2.8 7.1	10.8 30.6	10.8 32.8	1
Sagillaw-Bay City-Iviidialid	45.5	45.9	40.4	7.2	7.0	7.1	30.0	32.0	٠
innesota	370.1	375.0	376.4	97.4	98.5	99.7	457.3	469.6	47
Ouluth	6.5	6.4	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.3	21.5	20.7	2
Minneapolis-St. Paul	254.4	259.3	258.9	65.9	68.2	68.6	286.2	296.0	29
RochesterSt. Cloud	10.6 10.9	11.0 10.2	11.1 10.3	1.9 3.8	1.9 3.9	1.9 3.9	11.0 16.9	11.8 18.0	1
	}								
Jackson	219.0 19.6	220.4 19.9	218.7 19.8	38.8 10.2	39.5 10.1	39.8 10.2	174.3 39.5	182.9 42.3	18 4
lissouri	433.1	432.2	433.2	134.2	134.0	134.7	481.4	482.7	48
Kansas City	119.2	120.9	121.4	51.6	51.5	51.8	171.4	168.5	16
St. Joseph	8.8	8.3	8.4	2.0	1.8	1.8	8.4	8.4	
St. Louis	227.2	226.6	227.0	74.1	73.6	74.5	243.4	248.4	25
Springfield	19.6	19.0	19.0	6.1	6.0	5.9	26.2	26.0	2
ontana	22.2	21.5	21.6	20.7	19.6	20.1	75.9	76.8	
	00.4	00.4	20.0	40.7	40.4	40.4	161.7	160.7	1.6
ebraska	89.4	88.1	88.3	42.7	42.4	42.4	161.7	162.7	16
Lincoln Omaha	12.3 36.4	12.7 35.3	12.8 35.7	6.3 22.8	6.1 22.9	6.2 23.0	21.8 70.1	21.3 70.3	7
		į	1	į					
evada	20.7	21.2	21.4	25.2	25.0	25.5	84.8	88.8	8
Las Vegas	7.5 8.0	7.6 8.3	7.7 8.2	14.5 7.9	14.0 8.1	14.3 8.1	48.6 25.5	51.1 26.2	2
	}	İ	1						
ew Hampshire	122.6	122.7	121.3	15.1	15.2	15.3	102.6	114.5	11
Manchester Nashua	15.6 36.3	15.7 37.2	15.6 37.0	4.8 2.1	4.7 2.3	4.7 2.3	20.0 16.0	20.3 17.2	1
ew Jersey	729.3	723.0	725.2	216.1	217.6	217.6	796.3	811.4	82
Atlantic City	8.2	8.4	8.6	6.0	6.0	6.2	36.6	33.4	
Bergen-Passaic	171.4	171.6	172.0	30.2	30.1	30.1	176.5	179.7	18
Camden	73.8	75.2	75.3	17.1	16.6	16.5	100.0	101.9	10
Jersey City	58.8	55.4	56.1	27.8	28.3	28.6	50.0	52.0	. !
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	114.9	113.2	113.2	34.1	34.3	34.7	108.8	112.0	1
Monmouth-Ocean	32.1	33.4	32.9	13.6	13.7	13.7	76.6	77.5	8
Newark	202.6	203.2	202.7	78.9	79.9	80.4	188.1	194.2	19
Trenton	33.4	32.7	32.5	5.6	5.3	5.4	28.2	28.3	:
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	14.6	13.7	13.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	9.9	10.2	i .

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and see		ice, insura I real esta			Services		G	iovernmen	t 
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°
faryland	103.3	108.8	109.6	436.8	463.5	468.5	389.3	390.6	392
Baltimore MSA	62.5	64.2	64.5	228.5	232.0	234.6	202.1	200.6	201
Baltimore City	40.6	42.0	42.0	117.2	117.1	118.1	82.5	81.4	81
Suburban Maryland~D.C.	33.4	34.8	35.0	168.7	176.9	177.4	151.2	152.0	153
Massachusetts	177.3	185.5	187.5	753.9	795.7	800.5	375.5	371.0	373
Boston	122.2	131.6	132.2	494.6	527.0	533.0	192.3	193.6	195
Brockton	2.6	2.5	2.6	13.0	14.0	14.2	11.8	12.1	12
Fall River	2.7	2.7	2.7	9.5	9.6	9.7	6.7	6.6	•
Fitchburg-Leominster	1.3	1.4	1.4	6.9	7.1	7.3	4.5	4.7	
Lawrence-Haverhill	5.3	5.5	5.6	26.6	28.9	29.2	18.4	17.7	1
Lowell	2.9	3.4	3.4	15.8	16.7	16.9	12.5	12.6	1.
New Bedford	2.3	2.4	2.4	10.8	11.2	11.4	9.7	9.7	
Pittsfield	2.1	2.1	2.1	8.3	8.2	8.4	4.8	4.9	
Springfield	13.8	14.3	14.5	51.2	53.3	54.1	37.1	37.8	3
Worcester	10.8	11.4	11.6	41.6	42.4	42.6	22.8	22.1	2
ichigan	153.4	155.5	157.7	695.9	721.4	731.8	571.9	582.0	58
Ann Arbor	4.1	4.1	4.1	27.4	29.7	30.3	43.7	48.8	4
Battle Creek	3.5	3.6	3.7	10.7	10.9	11.0	11.4	11.4	1
Benton Harbor	2.0	2.1	2.2	12.7	12.9	13.1	8.2	8.2	
Detroit	89.2	92.1	93.3	381.9	400.5	403.8	226.0	229.1	23
Flint	5.6	5.8	5.9	27.6	27.5	27.7	22.9	22.1	2
Grand Rapids	11.1	11.0	11.1	57.6	55.9	58.3	29.0	28.4	- 2
Jackson	1.6	1.6	1.6	9.3	9.1	9.4	8.3	8.3	
Kalamazoo	3.8	3.8	3.8	20.6	20.6	20.8	13.9	16.0	1
Lansing-East Lansing	9.6	9.8	9.9	30.2	32.6	32.8	63.4	62.8	•
Muskegon	1.4	1.4	1.4	9.8	9.9	9.7	8.0	7.7	,
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	5.5	5.6	5.7	27.7	28.3	28.8	19.1	20.1	2
innesota	105.9	108.5	109.5	419.7	435.3	440.7	300.7	301.9	30
Duluth	2.9	3.0	3.0	21.7	20.4	20.7	19.4	19.5	1
Minneapolis-St. Paul	80.2	81.1	81.8	280.3	291.3	295.5	159.0	159.8	16
RochesterSt. Cloud	1.6 2.1	1.6 2.1	1.6 2.1	22.0 11.5	21.9 11.7	22.1 11.8	5.1 11.9	5.1 12.2	1
ississippi	34.1	34.7	34.9	106.7	100 0	100.0	184.1	189.8	18
Jackson	12.2	12.7	12.7	126.7 32.9	128.8 33.7	129.3 33.7	36.5	36.9	3
ilssouri	114.2	115.0	115.4	437.9	444.0	448.6	337.5	346.8	34
Kansas City	49.1	49.7	49.8	147.4	149.4	151.3	103.3	104.5	10
St. Joseph	1.9	2.1	2.1	7.5	7.0	7.1	5.6	6.1	
St. Louis	62.0	63.1	63.5	247.2	251.2	252.7	138.3	139.6	14
Springfield	4.3	4.4	4.4	22.6	23.4	23.1	12.8	13.0	1
ontana	13.4	13.3	13.4	59.6	61.4	61.6	71.0	70.1	1
ebraska	43.1	44.2	44.4	135.8	141.6	143.4	132.5	137.9	13
Lincoln	7.2	7.6	7.6	19.9	20.6	20.7	28.5	29.6	
Omaha	25.3	25.9	26.1	70.0	71.6	72.7	42.5	43.0	4
evada	19.9	20.9	21.0	187.3	195.7	197.2	60.1	61.4	
Las Vegas	11.5	12.2	12.3	115.4	121.0	121.3	28.9	29.6	2
Reno	6.5	6.7	6.8	47.5	49.5	50.1	16.9	17.0	1
lew Hampshire	23.1	25.4	25.6	88.4	93.4	95.4	58.2	6C.1	•
Manchester	6.4 2.5	6.8° 2.7	6.8 2.8	17.9 13.3	18.8 14.7	18.8 14.7	7.4 5.6	7.7 5.7	
•									(
ew Jersey	182.1	189.2	190.5	758.4	778.0	787.0	526.7	537.9	5
Atlantic City	6.5	6.8	7.0	62.2	60.7	61.6	23.4	24.8	1
Bergen-Passaic	30.9	32.4	32.6	128.2	131.8	132.8	67.4	68.2	
Camden	18.7	19.4	19.4	84.3	85.1	85.6	68.8	70.1	9
Jersey City	8.4	8.2	8.7	36.8	35.5	35.6	39.1	39.6	
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	25.1	25.7	25.9	86.6	90.7	92.1	69.8	68.2	1
Monmouth-Ocean	13.3	13.4	13.5	74.8	73.4	75.3	57.5	59.4	
Newark	66.6	68.8	68.7	222.0	222.7	224.1	133.7	131.5	1:
Trenton	8.2	8.3	8.3	46.2	45.2	45.3	48.4	48.2	'
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	2.7	2.7	2.6	9.0	8.8	8.5	11.0	11.2	}

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		Co	onstructio	n
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>
New Mexico	502.3	513.8	517.3	21.5	20.3	20.2	37.3	37.0	38.0
Albuquerque	206.1	215.7	217.1	.3	2	.2	15.2	16.5	17.0
Las Cruces	35.9	37.2	36.9	(¹)	(1)	()	2.6	2.6	2.7
New York	7,567.0	7,636.8	7,697.9	6.9	6.7	7.0	251.8	252.3	264.8
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	370.3	376.1	379.6	.3	.3	.3	13.0	12.8	14.0
Binghamton	115.3	116.1	118.0	(')	(1)	(¹)	4.3	4.5	5.
Buffalo	404.1	402.6	408.5	.6	.6	.6	12.9	12.2	13.
Elmira	34.6	33.8	34.0	()	<u>0</u>	()	.9	1.0	1.
Glens Falls	40.4	40.2	41.3	(')	(')		1.4	1.2 9.9	1. 10.
Monroe County	352.9	354.3	358.6 1.064.6	.3 .2	.3 .2	.3 .2	10.2 45.4	45.8	46.
Nassau-Suffolk	1,033.1 3,918.5	1,051.5 3,964.2	3,975.2	1.6	1.6	1.6	117.1	120.7	122.
New York City	3,434.6	3,475.0	3,481.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	93.5	96.6	97.
Niagara Falls	77.0	76.0	77.6	(')	(')	(')	2.5	2.3	2.
Orange County	87.1	89.0	90.0	- g	8	8	2.9	3.2	3.
Poughkeepsie	110.3	111.9	112.5	8	8	8	4.8	5.0	5.
Rochester	433.7	437.6	443.3	.7	.8	.8	12.8	12.6	13.
Rockland County	90.3	92.6	93.4	()	(')	()	3.4	3.7	3.
Syracuse	276.4	279.0	278.1	.4	`′ .2	`′ .2	15.1	13.7	14.
Utica-Rome	116.2	115.8	117.3	.1	.2	.2	3.1	2.9	3.
Westchester County	379.2	382.1	385.7	.1	.1	.1	19.4	19.6	20.
lorth Carolina	2,560.4	2.615.4	2,618.4	4.6	4.6	4.7	131.3	143.5	145.
Asheville	71.8	72.7	73.4	.1	.1.	.1	2.9	3.3	3.
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	496.7	490.9	490.7	.3	.3	.2	25.6	25.5	25.
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	423.5	428.7	428.5	.3	.3	.3	19.1	19.7	19.
Raleigh-Durham	321.3	340.9	337.7	.3	.3	.3	19.9	22.6	23.
loub Delege	054.7	050.6	0547	7.1	6.0	7.0	14.0	9.9	11.
North Dakota	254.7 35.9	250.6 36.1	254.7 36.1	7.1 .2	6.8 .2	.2	1.9	1.3	1.
Fargo-Moorhead	66.1	67.0	68.0	(¹)	(')	(')	3.1	2.7	3.
Grand Forks	27.3	28.2	29.0	Ö	(')	(')	1.2	1.0	1.4
Ohjo	4,262.5	4,320.2	4,367.9	27.8	26.7	27.2	141.9	139.9	150.
Akron	253.9	256.1	260.0	(¹)	(')	(')	7.5	8.3	9.
Canton	149.5	151.3	153.1	Ö	ď)	(′)	4.9	5.2	5.
Cincinnati	600.1	618.5	625.8	(5)	Č)	(i)	21.6	21.7	22.
Cleveland	852.7	852.2	860.5	(i)	(')	(')	27.2	26.5	27.
Columbus	575.0	594.1	600.0	(')	(')	(')	18.9	20.4	21.
Dayton-Springfield	389.2	403.0	406.1	(')	(¹)	(')	11.8	13.7	14.
Toledo	256.1	260.3	263.0	(')	(')	(j)	7.5	7.3	7.
Youngstown-Warren	184.6	183.2	184.8	(')	(')	(¹)	5.4	5.5	5.
Oklahoma	1,188.0	1,188.9	1,193.8	74.4	73.5	72.7	52.1	46.8	48.
Enid	25.9	25.5	25.5	2.2	1.9	1.9	1.3	1.1	1.
Lawton	33.5	34.2	34.8	.3	.3	.3	1.3	1.0	1.
Oklahoma City	438.0	443.1	444.8	20.3	20.1	19.9	20.0 15.0	19.2 14.7	19. 15.
Tulsa	298.5	300.7	301.0	21.4	20.9	20.6	13.0	17.7	15.
Oregon	1,004.2	1,015.2	1,024.6	1.7	1.3	1.5	28.6	29.4	31.
Eugene-Springfield	96.8	96.7	98.0	.3	.3	.3	2.6	2.8	3.
Portland	505.3 83.5	512.4 85.4	515.1 (¹)	.5 (¹)	.5 (')	.5 (¹)	15.0 2.5	16.1 2.7	16. (¹)
	00.5	00.4	( )	(	( )				
Pennsylvania	4,658.2	4,689.0	4,728.7	39.5	38.3	38.3	174.5	181.7	193.
Alterna	261.8	262.8	265.9	.4	.4	.4	8.7 1.9	9.0	i
Altoona	47.8	47.5	48.9	.1	(')	(') (')	1.9 2.7	1.9 2.8	
Beaver County	57.0	55.8	56.3	(')	(')	()	61.8	62.5	
Delaware Valley	1,608.7	1,622.8	1,623.8 109.9	1.0	1,1 .3	1.1	2.8	2.5	1
Erie  Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	108.0 268.5	109.3 272.1	274.9	.2 .1	.s 1,	.3	9.2	9.9	1
Johnstown	75.6	76.2	77.1	6.0	5.4	5.3	2.3	2.7	3
Lancaster	161.8	163.8	165.0	.4	.4	.4	7.1	7.9	
Philadelphia PMSA	1,988.5	2,008.5	2,009.7	1.1	1.2	1.2	78.3	79.4	
Philadelphia City	751.1	754.5	753.4	(')	(')	(')	17.1	16.2	
Pittsburgh	839.5	834.2	841.4	7.4	7.2	7.1	37.8	36.7	
	000.0	JUT.Z	371.4	1 7.7	,	, · · ·	J		, 50

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Charles and the second	Ma	nufacturinç	9		sportation blic utilitie		Wholesa	le and reta	il trade
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°
lew Mexico	36.7	36.5	36.8	30.1	30.1	30.3	117.3	119.0	121.
Albuquerque	18.7	19.0	19.0	12.2	12.0	12.1	52.6	54.3	5 <b>5</b> .:
Las Cruces	3.4	3.3	3.2	1.4	1.4	1.4	7.3	7.5	7.:
lew York	1,326.2	1,315.9	1,314.1	418.5	413.6	415.6	1,564.6	1,573.9	1,596.
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	54.5	53.5	53.7	16.8	16.2	16.3	78.4	81.2	82.
Binghamton	40.5	39.4	39.6	4.1	4.2	4.2	21.2	21.5	21.
Buffalo	80.1	79.1	79.3	21.8	20.5	20.8	97.4	97.6	98.
Elmira	8.3	7.3	7.2	1.4	1.4	1.4	8.9	9.0	9.
Glens Falls	10.3	9.8	9.8	1.3	1.3	1.3	8.8	8.7	9.
Monroe County	126.6	125.9	126.3	10.5	10.4	10.4	68.6	68.8	70.
Nassau-Suffolk	177.5	180.5	180.5	45.5	45.9	46.4	274.2	281.6	286.
New York PMSA	518.8	515.5	512.3	261.0	258.5	258.8	741.7	742.9	748.
			424.8	236.5	235.1	235.2	626.8	626.7	630
New York City	433.2	427.8		_ 1	3.8	4.0	16.5	16.5	16
Niagara Falls	24.8	24.9	24.8	3.8	1			· ·	22
Orange County	15.0	15.4	15.4	5.6	5.5	5.6	21.2	21.7	
Poughkeepsie	34.0	34.3	34.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	18.3	19.3	19
Rochester	147.0	146.6	147.2	13.1	13.1	13.0	87.0	87.6	89
Rockland County	15.9	15.8	15.7	4.1	4.1	4.1	20.7	21.5	21
Syracuse	58.2	58.2	57.8	15.5	15.4	15.5	61.0	62.1	62
Utica-Rome	27.2	26.3	26.4	4.4	4.3	4.4	24.1	24.1	24
Westchester County	68.4	70.5	70.3	19.8	18.7	18.9	90.6	91.0	91
lorth Carolina	833.8	814.0	810.3	126.7	129.7	130.0	543.5	564.0	567
lorth Carolina	,						16.3	16.9	17
Asheville	20.5	19.4	19.4	3.4	3.3	3.3		115.5	116
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	150.0	145.1	143.7	41.4	41.8	41.7	115.7 89.6	92.2	93
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	154.2 55.4	152.6 57.6	152.6 57.8	23.1 15.6	23.3 16.0	23.2 16.1	64.7	67.3	67
Training II-Durina III	33.4	37.0	37.0	13.0	10.0		04.7	01.0	0,
lorth Dakota	15.3	15.3	15.4	16.5	16.5	16.7	68.4	68.3	69
Bismarck	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	9.6	9.5	9
Fargo-Moorhead	4.8	4.8	4.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	19.8	20.4	20
Grand Forks	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.8	8.4	8
	4 407 4	4 400 7	4 404 0	000 0	000.0	200.4	076.0	1 000 0	1,015
Ohio	1,127.1	1,120.7	1,121.0	206.3	206.9	209.1	976.2	1,000.0 60.8	61
Akron	67.9	67.2	67.3	13.2	13.6	13.6	59.4		
Canton	46.1	46.3	46.7	6.3	6.1	6.1	35.2	36.2	36
Cincinnati	144.8	145.3	145.4	32.1	32.5	32.6	148.8	154.1	155
Cleveland	213.6	210.6	210.9	42.6	42.2	43.0	201.3	202.3	205
Columbus	104.3	105.2	105.2	26.2	27.3	27.6	139.5	145.0	147
Dayton-Springfield	102.8	105.8	105.9	15.1	15.6	15.9	84.1	87.6	88
Toledo	64.3	64.8	64.9	14.4	14.2	14.3	62.0	63.9	65
Youngstown-Warren	56.1	53.7	53.1	7.9	7.6	7.7	43.4	44.4	4!
Oklahoma	173.6	170.4	171.2	64.8	62.9	62.8	288.3	289.9	292
Enid	2.1	1.9	1,1,2	2.5	2.5	2.5	7.4	7.5	
	3.5	3.5	3.6	1.3	1.3	1.3	8.1	8.2	
Lawton	53.3	52.9	52.9	22.6	21.4	21.8	111.7	114.6	1 .
Oklahoma City	51.2	52.9	51.9	20.5	20.5	20.6		71.9	1
		00	5.,,5			]			
Oregon	197.1	192.1	194.0	56.4	54.2	54.3	250.5	256.8	259
Eugene-Springfield		18.4	18.6	4.2	4.1	4.1	24.3	24.7	2
Portland		91.3	92.1	33.7	33.5	33.5	134.9	137.6	138
Salem	l l	10.9	1 . :	2.5		(')	19.1	18.9	(')
							}	!	
ennsylvania	1,128.4	1,090.9	1,089.0	247.1	247.1	248.5	1,025.3	1,038.3	1 '
Allentown-Bethlehem	91.5	88.1	87.6	14.2	13.9	1	1	55.2	1
Altoona	11.5	10.7	11.1	5.1	4.9	5.0		12.1	1
Beaver County	18.0	16.3	16.3	5.5	5.2	5.2	11.3	11.9	1:
Delaware Valley		321.7	319.0	79.1	78.2	78.6	352.7	357.8	358
Erie		36.5		I		1	22.5	23.9	2.
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		51.9	52.1	18.3			1	59.9	1
Johnstown	1	12.4	12.4	5.0	5.1	5.1	15.9	16.2	1
Lançaster		56.8	t		7.0	I	1	39.4	l .
Philadelphia PMSA		396.8	1	96.2		I	452.8	459.6	1
Philadelphia City		105.6		1	i .	I	1	l .	1
Pittsburgh					E .			(	1

#### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		ice, insurar I real estat			Services		G	overnmen	t
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>
New Mexico	24.4	25.5	25.6	105.6	110.7	111.2	129.4	134.7	133
Albuquerque	12.4	13.2	13.4	52.9	55.6	55.4	41.8	44.9	44
Las Cruces	1.4	1.5	1.5	4.5	5.0	4.9	15.3	15.9	15
łew York	700.7	710.0	712.7	1,967.3	2,021.2	2,034.5	1,330.8	1,343.3	1,352
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	18.2	18.7	18.9	85.2	87.5	88.5	104.1	105.8	105
Binghamton	3.6	3.6	3.7	21.3	22.1	22.4	20.3	20.7	20
Buffalo	21.8	22.5	22.6	98.3	100.0	101.6	71.2	70.1	71
Elmira	1.1	1.1	1.1	7.7	7.7	7.7	6.2	6.3	6
Glens Falls	1.9	1.8	1.9	8.2	8.3	8.8	8.3	8.9	ε
Monroe County	17.0	17.3	17.4	80.2	82.1	83.5	39.4	39.6	40
Nassau-Suffolk	60.0	61.9	62.1	255.1	259.3	265.6	175.3	176.3	177
New York PMSA	525.9	532.6	533.7	1,135.1	1,167.8	1,169.6	617.4	624.5	628
New York City	499.0	505.3	506.4	1,005.6	1,036.6	1,037.0	538.7	545.5	548
Niagara Falls	1.9	1.9	1.9	15.2	14.9	15.1	12.1	11.6	12
Orange County	3.3	3,4	3.4	18.3	18.3	18.6	20.8	21.3	2
Poughkeepsie	3.3	3.4	3.5	22.4	22.7	22.8	24.0	23.6	2
Rochester	18.6	19.0	19.2	93.7	96.0	97.6	60.7	61.9	6
Rockland County	3.5	3.5	3.6	21.7	22.7	22.9	20.8	21.1	2
Syracuse	18.0	18.3	18.4	60.6	63.4	61.1	47.6	47.7	4
Utica-Rome	6.1	6.0	6.1	23.1	23.4	23.3	28.2	28.6	2
Westchester County	22.9	23.3	23.2	104.0	104.7	105.8	54.2	54.3	5
			400.0			400.0	400.0	400.0	40
orth Carolina	104.3	107.9	108.2	395.3	417.8	420.6	420.9	433.9	43
Asheville	2.4	2.6	2.6	15.1	15.3	15.9	11.1	11.8	1
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	26.5	26.2	26.2	81.2	81.6	81.8	56.0	54.9	5.
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	19.7	19.7	19.4	67.3	68.8	68.7	50.2	52.1	5
Raleigh-Durham	17.1	18.0	18.1	69.1	75.0	73.6	79.2	84.1	8
orth Dakota	12.1	12.4	12.5	57.5	58.0	58.0	63.8	63.4	6
Bismarck	1.7	1.7	1.7	9.7	10.3	10.1	7.9	8.3	
Fargo-Moorhead	4.0	4.3	4.4	17.0	17.6	17.6	13.5	13.3	1:
Grand Forks	1.1	1.1	1.1	5.9	5.9	6.0	8.7	8.9	!
)hio	210.4	216.6	217.9	906.6	935.8	951.1	666.3	673.6	67
Akron	9.2	9.4	9.5	53.7	53.5	55.0	42.2	42.7	4
Canton	6.3	6.5	6.5	31.5	32.0	32.2	17.9	17.8	1
Cincinnati	33.4	36.1	36.2	137.9	144.9	149.1	81.1	83.4	8
Cleveland	48.2	49.0	49.2	203.7	205.4	208.1	114.9	115.1	11
Columbus	46.3	48.5	49.0	126.7	132.6	134.5	112.0	113.9	11
Dayton-Springfield	16.0	16.3	16.4	87.1	91.8	92.0	72.0	71.9	7
Toledo	9.8	10.4	10.5	57.4	58.1	58.3	40.5	41.5	4
Youngstown-Warren	7.2	7.3	7.3	40.3	40.7	41.5	23.6	23.5	2
klahoma	64.2	65.0	65.9	221.9	223.6	224.3	248.7	256.8	25
Enid	1.3	1.3	1.3	5.3	5.6	5.6	3.8	3.7	
Lawton	1.6	1.6	1.7	5.7	6.1	6.1	11.7	12.2	1
Oklahoma City	27.6	28.3	28.6	85.2	86.7	86.9 68.3	97.3 34.0	99.9 34.7	9
Tuisa	17.1	17.6	17.5	67.8	68.3	00.3	34.0	34.7	3
regon	64.4	67.8	68.1	205.8	210.9	211.2	199.7	202.7	20
Eugene-Springfield	4.7	4.4	4.5	19.7	20.2	20.3	21.6	21.8	2
Portland	41.2	41.7	41.8	113.4	113.4	116.9	75.3	74.9	7
Salem	5.2	5.3	(¹)	15.7	16.4	(¹)	27.3	28.6	(')
	050.7	959.0	004.0	4 400 0	4.450.4	4 404 5	604.0	600.7	60
ennsylvania	252.7	258.6	261.6 10.7	1,108.9 54.2	1,153.4 57.1	1,161.5 58.3	681.8 28.8	680.7 28.6	68
Altegra	10.5	10.5		9.3	9.3	9.6	7.0	7.0	\$
Altoona	1.5	1.5	1.6		10.5	10.6	7.0 7.4	7.0 7.2	1
Beaver County	1.9	1.9	1.9	10.2			226.0	219.7	22
Delaware Valley	116.1	118.4	119.0	449.0	463.4	462.6	12.9	12.8	1
Erie	5.0	5.1	5.1	23.7	23.9	23.7			l 6
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	14.5	15.1	15.3	51.5	53.0	54.0	63.7	64.8	į.
Johnstown	4.0	4.1	4.4	17.1	17.8	17.9	12.3	12.5	1
Lancaster	5.6	5.8	5.8	30.4	31.5	31.4	14.9	15.0	1
Philadelphia PMSA	134.7	138.4	137.8	533.3	548.5	548.3	294.9	289.8	29
Philadelphia City	66.2	66.5	66.8	228.9	238.7	235.9	139.1	136.8	13
Pittsburgh	48.9	50.0	50.5	231.7	238.1	238.9	107.9	108.3	10

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	onstructio	n
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°
Pennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	141.9	143.9	145.3	0.2	(')	(1)	4.7	5.6	6.
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	270.6	270.5	273.1	.9	0.9	0.9	9.5	8.7	9.
Sharon	40.2	39.5	40.0	.4	.4	.4	1.0	.9	1.
State College	47.2	51.0	49.5	.4	.3	.3	1.7	1.8	2.
Williamsport	44.7	44.4	45.4	(¹)	(¹)	(')	1.1	1.1	1.
York	157.6	160.5	162.2	.4	.4	.4	6.9	6.8	6.
Rhode Island	413.9	414.2	417.6	.1	.1	.1	13.3	12.5	13
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	121.3	121.7	122.3	.1	.1	.1	3.5	3.5	3
Providence	289.9	288.4	290.2	.1	.1	.1	10.1	9.7	10
outh Carolina	1,266.6	1,325.1	1,331.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	81.8	85.4	87
Charleston	166.9	172.7	174.4	(b)"/	()	()	11.8	12.7	12
Columbia	198.5	200.4	200.6	6	6	- 6	14.1	12.0	12
Greenville-Spartanburg	276.0	278.8	277.6	8	В	- 공	18.1	18.2	18
couth Dekote	249.7	240.4	240.0		0.4	0.5	9.0		^
Sioux Falls	248.7 60.9	242.4 60.8	248.9 62.6	2.6 (¹)	2.4 (¹)	2.5 (¹)	8.8 2.7	8.1 2.7	9.
								4	
ennessee	1,810.8	1,847.4	1,854.9	8.1	7.5	7.4	77.0	76.0	77
Chattanooga	170.3	177.1	178.4	1.1	, 1.2	1.2	6.6	7.6	8
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	147.8	149.4	149.7	.2	.2	.2	5.7	7.1	7
Knoxville	229.8	228.4	229.1	2.0	1.8	1.8	10.2	9.2	. 9
Memphis	373.2	381.8	381.7	.2	.1	.2	15.5	16.2	16
Nashville	405.1	419.9	421.5	.6	.5	.5	22.6	22.4	23
exas	6,438.6	6,561.5	6,580.4	268.0	268.5	267.0	435.3	436.0	437
Abilene	52.2	53.8	53.9	4.0	3.9	3.9	2.8	2.9	3
Amarillo	80.8	80.5	81.0	1.9	1.7	1.6	4.7	5.0	5
Austin	324.6	349.6	351.3	1.0	1.1	1.1	24.5	29.4	29
Beaumont-Port Arthur	143.8	138.9	138.5	3.0	2.9	2.9	9.4	8.7	8
Brazoria	60.0	59.1	58.9	2.4	2.3	2.3	7.0	6.0	5
Brownsville-Harlingen	64.0	65.0	64.9	.1	.1	.1	3.4	3.5	3
Bryan-College Station	47.4	50.3	49.8	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.8	3.0	2
Corpus Christi	133.3	135.2	135.0	7.8	7.4	7.2	10.9	12.0	12
Dallas	1,214.5	1,236.2	1,237.6	23.3	23.6	23.7	76.9	80.4	80
El Paso	171.7	173.4	175.0	.4	.4	.4	9.2	9.1	9
Ft. Worth-Arlington	465.9	482.0	485.6	4.4	4.6	4.6	28.4	29.6	30
Galveston-Texas City	71.0	73.6	74.9	1.1	1.1	1.2	4.4	3.8	4
Houston	1,459.7	1,482.1	1,488.4	95.1	97.7	97.2	118.9	109.2	109
Killeen-Temple	63.3	65.3	65.5	.1	.1	.1	3.7	3.8	
Laredo	31.2	33.0	33.0	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.2	1.4	1
Longview-Marshall	66.8	66.2	66.4	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.1	4.4	1 4
Lubbock	90.4	93.4	93.6	.6	.5	.5	4.2	4.9	!
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	79.0	81.5	81.0	1.5	1.9	1.8	4.4	4.3	4
Midland	51.0	52.3	52.2	12.8	11.9	11.9	2.8	2.9	2
Odessa		53.9	53.5	8.8	8.2 .9	8.1	3.5	4.1	3
San Angelo	37.5	38.5	38.6	.8		.9	2.5	2.6	2
San Antonio	459.0	472.5	476.1	3.4	3.5	3.5	34.3	35.9	36
Sherman-Denison	36.7	37.0	37.2	.3	.3	.3	1.1	1.2	1
	43.3	46.0	46.3	1	.1	.1	2.0	1.7	
Tyler	61.1	61.4	61.9	3.5	3.6	3.5	2.9	2.9	3
Victoria	29.1	29.6	30.1	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.5	3.0	3
Waco	76.4 51.7	78.0 51.6	77.7 51.9	3.3	.2 3.2	.2 3.2	4.1 1.9	4.1 2.2	2
Jtah	597.8	620.4	622.4	13.5	10.0	9.7	33.7	33.8	35
Provo-Orem	65.6 414.7	71.3 427.5	68.7 431.6	.1 5.4	.1 2.4	.2 2.3	3.3 22.0	3.2 22.7	24
our care ony-oguen	414./	427.5	431.0	5.4	2.4	2.3	22.0	22.1	24
/ermont	211.4	217.9	219.9	.6	.5	.5	11.8	11.0	15
Burlington	64.3	67.7	68.6	1 1.1	()	$\Omega$	3.4	3.3	;
Springfield	13.3	13.5	13.8	(')	(')	(')	1.2	1.2	

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

State and sees	Ma	nufacturin	g		sportation blic utilitie		Wholesa	le and reta	ail trade
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°
Pennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	52.7	50.8	50.9	6.0	6.0	6.0	28.5	30.1	30.0
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	76.5	73.8	73.5	14.2	14.3	14.3	58.4	59.3	60.6
Sharon	10.8	10.1	10.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	9.5	9.7	9.9
State College	8.2	8.0	8.0	1.2	1.3	1.3	8.8	9.5	9.
Williamsport	15.1	14.4	14.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	9.6	9.6	9.
York	59.6	58.6	59.3	6.7	7.5	7.5	36.0	37.8	38.
Rhode Island	120.6	117.9	118.0	13.4	13.5	13.7	87.2	88.7	90.
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	56.1	54.7	54.8	3.3	3.5	3.5	25.4	25.6	25.
Providence	75.3	74.2	74.2	10.1	9.8	9.9	59.1	59.8	60.
South Carolina	378.5	372.3	368.8	55.6	55.9	56.3	259.6	280.0	284.
Charleston	20.0	19.9	20.1	8.7	9.0	9.0	40.2	42.3	42.
Columbia	27.8	28.5	28.2	8.9	9.1	9.1	41.3	41.8	42.
Greenville-Spartanburg	101.0	100.0	99.1	9.5	9.7	9.7	58.9	59.9	59.
South Dakota	28.7	26.1	26.2	12.1	12.3	12.5	65.5	64.5	66.
Sioux Falls	8.9	8.0	8.1	4.5	4.8	4.8	17.3	16.5	17.
Tennessee	499.2	489.1	487.0	87.5	90.0	90.8	410.3	441.2	441.
Chattanooga	43.9	43.9	44.0	7.3	7.1	7.2	38.3	39.7	39.
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	53.2	53.2	53.4	6.6	6.0	6.0	30.1	30.4	30.
Knoxville	50.6	50.0	49.9	8.4	8.8	8.8	52.8	55.4	55.
Memphis	53.8	52.2	52.4	29.8	31.7	31.5	102.0	104.2	104.
Nashville	86.3	85.9	86.0	21.6	25.5	25.5	97.0	100.8	101.
Texas	995.8	996.6	994.5	372.1	370.8	374.0	1,612.3	1,622.8	1,630.
Abilene	5.5	5.8	5.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	13.7	14.5	14.
Amarillo	10.4	9.7	9.8	6.6	6.3	6.4	23.9	24.1	24.:
Austin	39.1	41.7	41.9	8.9	9.5	9.5	70.6	74.3	74.
Beaumont-Port Arthur	31.7	28.8	28.6	11.7	11.8	11.7	33.8	33.6	33.
Brazoria	17.4	17.0	16.8	2.6	2.4	2.5	11.2	10.9	11.
Brownsville-Harlingen	10.8	10.0	10.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	17.7	18.4	18.
Bryan-College Station	3.2	3.4	3.3	1.6	1.6	1.6	10.0	10.7	10.
Corpus Christi	13.6	13.8	13.6	7.8	7.4	7.5	33.5	34.3	34.
Dallas	222.2	220.8	220.8	75.5	76.4	76.8	320.9	324.5	324.
El Paso	37.4	39.1	39.6	9.8	9.4	9.6	40.6	41.1	41.
Ft. Worth-Arlington	106.6	109.6	110.2	23.9	23.8	24.0	129.0	130.2	131.
Galveston-Texas City	10.1	10.2	10.4	6.1	5.9	6.0	14.4	13.9	14.
Houston	175.8	174.1	174.2	100.5	102.2	102.9	366.5	366.8	369.
Killeen-Temple	8.7	8.4	8.7	3.0	3.2	3.2	15.3	16.1	16.
Laredo	2.0	1.9	1.9	3.3	3.6	3.6	9.1	10.0	10.
Longview-Marshall	15.0	14.9	15.0	3.3	3.3	3.3	16.3	16.4	16.
Lubbock	9.1	8.8	9.0	4.7	5.0	5.0	26.1	27.1	27.
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	10.8	10.8	10.6	2.7	2.7	2.8	24.1	25.1	24.
Midland	3.6	3.2	3.1	2.3	2.5	2.5	12.1	12.5	12.
Odessa	4.9	4.6	4.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	14.9	16.3	16.
San Angelo	5.6	5.5	5.5	3.8	3.8	3.7	9.2	9.7	10.
San Antonio	51.7		51.5	18.0	18.0	18.3	118.5	123.7	125.
Sherman-Denison	12.0	51.4 11.9	11.9	2.1	2.1	2.1	8.0	8.1	8.
Texarkana						1.9	10.4	11.8	11.
Tyler	7.0	7.5	7.5	1.7	1.9	2.8	15.7	15.8	15.
Victoria	12.4 3.0	12.7 2.9	12.6 2.9	2.9 1.5	2.8 1.5	1.5	8.0	8.1	8.
Waco					1		19.0		19.
Wichita Falls	16.2 9.2	15.8 9.0	15.6 9.0	3.4 2.6	3.7 2.5	3.6 2.6	12.3	19.4 12.4	12.
Utah	93.9	95.7	96.1	36.3	36.5	36.7	138.9	145.5	147.
Provo-Orem	12.5	12.4	12.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	13.8	145.5	147.
Salt Lake City-Ogden	63.0	64.9	65.4	28.5	28.3	2.3 28.5	101.8	106.0	107.
Vermont	48.7	48.7	49.1	9.0	9.4	9.4	45.9	47.8	48.
	16.1	16.6	16.9	2.6	2.5	2.6	14.3	15.2	46. 15.
Burlington	, , , ,					,			

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chata and area		nce, insura d real esta			Services			overnmen	<u> </u>
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°
Pennsylvania-Continued									
Reading		7.1	7.1	26.6	27.6	27.9	16.6	16.5	16.
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	10.9	11.5	11.6	58.5	60.7	60.9	41.7	41.3	41.
Sharon	1.3	1.3	1.3	9.7	9.9	10.0	5.3	5.1	5
State College	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.3	7.7	7.8	18.1	20.9	18
Williamsport	2.2	2.2	2.2	8.4	8.9	9.0	6.1	6.0	6
York	4.2	4.4	4.5	25.9	27.2	27.7	17.9	17.8	18
Rhode Island	22.4	23.8	23.9	99.1	99.7	100.7	57.8	58.0	57
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	3.2	3.3	3.4	20.2	21.3	21.3	9.7	9.7	9
Providence	18.8	19.1	19.1	73.2	72.6	73.3	43.2	43.1	43
South Carolina	54.2	56.8	57.4	194.5	218.9	221.3	240.7	254.0	254
Charleston	7.8	8.2	8.4	30.6	31.8	32.2	47.7	48.7	49
Columbia		15.9	16.2	34.1	35.2	35.4	56.5	57.6	57
Greenville-Spartanburg		11.3	11.3	42.1	43.8	43.6	35.1	35.6	35
South Dakota	13.0	13.5	13.6	59.2	57.8	59.4	58.8	57.8	59
Sioux Falls		6.0	6.0	15.5	15.7	15.9	7.1	7.1	7
Tennessee	85.8	87.1	90.3	341.9	358.9	363.2	300.9	297.6	297
Chattanooga	9.9	10.6	10.9	32.0	32.5	33.2	31.3	34.5	34
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	4.8	4.9	5.0	23.1	23.5	23.5	24.1	24.1	23
Knoxville	9.2	9.3	9.4	48.8	48.5	49.1	47.8	45.4	45
Memphis	21.4	21.6	21.8	86.8	89.3	90.1	63.7	66.5	65
Nashville	28.3	29.8	29.7	87.5	92.4	92.2	61.3	62.6	62
Texas	413.6	424.5	426.3	1,255.8	1,300.5	1,305.4	1,085.7	1,141.8	1,145
Abilene	2.8	2.7	2.7	12.4	13.0	12.9	8.1	8.1	8
Amarillo	4.3	4.4	4.4	15.4	15.5	15.4	13.6	13.8	14
Austin	21.8	24.5	24.5	69.7	77.6	78.5	89.0	91.5	91
Beaumont-Port Arthur	5.7	5.6	5.6	28.4	27.5	27.5	20.1	20.0	19
Brazoria	2.2	2.3	2.4	7.6	7.5	7.5	9.6	10.7	10
Brownsville-Harlingen	3.2	3.4	3.4	11.8	12.1	11.9	13.8	14.3	14
Bryan-College Station	1.9	2.0	2.0	7.2	7.6	7.4	19.3	20.6	20
Corpus Christi		6.3	6.3	26.0	26.9	26.9	27.1	27.1	27
Dallas		116.8	117.2	253.5	259.6	260.8	129.8	134.1	134
El Paso	8.3	8.5	8.5	30.1	29.9	30.2	35.9	35.9	35
Ft. Worth-Arlington	25.0	26.5	26.7	90.9	96.0	97.3	57.7	61.7	61
Galveston-Texas City		4.8	4.8	11.2	12.9	13.3	18.9	21.0	21
Houston		114.5	115.4	321.7	335.5	336.7	173.9	182.1	182
Killeen-Temple		2.9	2.9	11.4	12.0	11.7	18.6	18.8	18
Laredo		1.6	1.6	5.0	5.1	5.1	7.5	7.6	7
Longview-Marshall		3.1	3.1	11.1	10.7	10.6	8.2	8.6	
Lubbock		5.8	5.8	19.3	20.0	19.8	20.9	21.3	21
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission		3.6	3.6	11.8	12.4	12.4	20.2	20.7	20
Midland		3.5	3.5	8.1	8.9	8.9	5.8	6.9	
Odessa		2.1	2.1	7.6	8.2	8.2	7.2	7.8	
San Angelo	1.6	1.8	1.8	7.4	7.6	7.5	6.6	6.6	
San Antonio	33.5	35.0	35.3	99.5	102.3	102.9	100.1	102.7	103
Sherman-Denison		1.4	1.4	7.0	7.1	7.2	4.9	4.9	
Texarkana		1.6	1.7	8.2	8.6	8.6	12.2	12.8	13
Tyler		3.4	3.5	12.4	12.1	12.2	8.0	8.1	1
Victoria		1.7	1.7	5.4	5.4	5.5	4.2	4.2	4
Waco Wichita Falls		5.0 2.5	5.0 2.5	17.2 9.6	18.1 9.6	17.8 9.6	11.6 10.4	11.7 10.2	11
Utah		30.8	31.1	117.7	129.8	126.8	134.1	138.3	139
Provo-Orem		2.2 24.8	2.2 25.1	19.3 82.0	23.4 88.0	20.4 88.4	12.3 87.9	13.2 90.5	10 90
Vermont Burlington		9.8 2.8	9.9 2.8	49.3 14.8	52.5 15.9	51.8 16.2	36.8 10.3	38.2 11.4	31
Springfield	1	.4	.3	2.9	3.2		1.8	1.7	'.

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

		Total		 	Mining		C	onstructio	n
State and area	<b>M</b> ay 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°
Virginia	2,327.3	2.396.0	2,416,9	18.8	17.3	17.6	130.9	143.5	149.3
Bristol	27.9	29.0	29.1	.1	.1	.1	1.0	1.1	1.0
Charlottesville	60.7	61.6	62.1		.1	.1	3.0	3.3	3.3
Danville	39.5	40.0	40.0	.1	.1	.1	1.5	1.5	1.6
Lynchburg	69.4	69.8	70.1		.1	.1	2.6	2.6	2.8
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	483.0	496.7	501.8	.1	.1	.1	29.9	31.7	32.2
Northern Virginia	563.2	599.3	607.0	.5	.4	.4	35.2	39.6	40.7
Richmond-Petersburg	381.5	388.4	389.6	.3	.3	.3	20.3	23.2	23.7
Roanoke	105.6	109.9	111.0	.1	.1	.1	5.6	5.9	6.2
Washington	1,643.1	1,671.8	1,682.7	2.6	2.6	2.7	75.7	76.8	78.8
Seattle	804.0	825.3	827.9	.5	.4	.5	37.4	38.7	39.5
West Virginia	597.6	589.3	594.6	50.3	45.3	45.3	21.6	21.7	24.4
Charleston	107.2	105.8	107.0	3.7	2.7	2.7	4.3	4.4	4.9
Huntington-Ashland	98.9	97.6	98.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.5	3.2	3.6
Parkersburg-Marietta	56.7	56.3	56.8	1.1	1.2	1.2	2.4	2.2	2.5
Wheeling	58.9	57.3	58.0	3.1	2.5	2.6	2.0	2.0	2.3
Wisconsin	1,934.1	1,962.1	1,994.0	1.9	1.7	2.2	56.9	54.1	61.8
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	128.6	132.2	134.1	(')	(')	(')	4.9	5.5	6.1
Eau Claire	49.9	50.4	51.2	(')	(¹)	(')	1.3	1.0	1.2
Green Bay	84.7	86.3	87.3	(')	(')	(1)	3.6	3.3	3.7
Janesville-Beloit	52.6	52.7	53.1	(')	(')	(¹)	1.3	1.3	1.3
Kenosha	41.4	39.5	39.8	(')	(¹)	(1)	1.0	.9	1.1
La Crosse	46.8	47.6	48.1	(')	(¹)	(1)	1.2	1.2	1.3
Madison	178.2	184.3	186.8	(')	(¹)	(¹)	5.7	6.0	6.7
Milwaukee	652.6	661.3	667.0	(')	(')	(1)	17.3	18.0	19.6
Racine	66.4	66.7	67.4	(')	(')	(')	1.8	1.7	1.8
Sheboygan	43.4	43.1	43.3	(')	(')	(')	1.3	1.2	1.3
Wausau	41.8	41.9	42.0	Ö	(')	(')	1.0	1.0	).
Wyoming	198.4	(')	(¹)	26.2	(')	(')	13.2	(')	(')
Puerto Rico	684.0	678.3	682.8	.7	.6	.6		24.1	23.8
Caguas	41.4	40.5	40.8	() ()	(¹)	(¹)	()	(')	(')
Mayaguez	49.1	47.5	47.8	(')	(')	(¹)	(')	(')	(')
Ponce	42.1	41.0	40.9	.1	.1	.1	1.5	1.5	1.5
San Juan	425.8	416.5	420.1	.4	.3	.3	20.2	18.2	18.1
Virgin Islands	36.2	36.6	36.3	()	(')	(t)	2.1	2.0	1.9

#### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Ma	anufacturir	g		sportation iblic utilitie		Wholesa	le and reta	ail trade
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°
Virginia	418.9	418.5	417.1	127.0	129.5	130.1	510.0	529.1	538.
Bristol	9.6	10.1	10.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	6.5	6.7	6.
Charlottesville	10.3	9.1	9.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	10.9	10.9	10.
Danville	18.3	17.2	17.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.3	8.1	8.
Lynchburg	26.0	25.7	25.7	3.0	3.2	3.2	12.8	12.9	13.
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	66.7	67.3	67.6	25.1	24.9	25.4	114.0	119.7	121.
Northern Virginia	28.2	31.1	31.4	38.2	41.1	41.6	129.6	134.2	136
Richmond-Petersburg	63.2	63.9	63.5	21.5	21.2	21.2	90.1	91.5	92
Roanoke	20.6	20.7	20.6	8.1	8.1	8.1	26.7	28.4	28.
Washington	284.8	287.8	288.1	89.8	89.9	91.0	400.4	409.7	414.
Seattle	151.5	160.2	160.2	53.7	54.5	54.4	198.5	202.6	203
Vest Virginia	91.5	89.0	88.7	39.8	37.9	38.2	131.5	133.1	134
Charleston	13.3	13.6	13.6	9.1	8.8	8.8	27.6	27.5	27
Huntington-Ashland	21.1	20.6	20.2	8.4	7.8	7.8	25.0	25.0	25
Parkersburg-Marietta	14.7	14.1	14.0	2.2	2.1	2.1	13.5	13.7	13
Wheeling	8.2	8.0	8.0	3.4	3.2	3.2	15.0	14.8	14
Visconsin	511.4	507.7	509.4	90.4	90.2	92.1	451.6	461.9	473
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	46.2	46.3	46.6	4.6	4.7	4.7	27.4	29.5	29
Eau Claire	9.1	9.0	9.0	2.7	2.6	2.6	14.1	14.8	15
Green Bay	22.0	22.5	22.6	6.0	5.9	6.1	23.0	23.4	23
Janesville-Beloit	18.7	18.6	18.7	2.2	2.3	2.2	12.5	12.4	12
Kenosha	16.1	14.4	14.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	8.3	8.4	8
La Crosse	10.6	10.5	10.4	2.0	2.0	2.1	12.4	12.6	13
Madison	19.6	20.6	21.0	6.1	6.2	6.3	38.4	39.8	40
Milwaukee	174.4	169.8	170.2	33.5	33.2	33.4	145.7	149.4	150
Racine	25.5	25.4	25.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	14.6	14.8	15
Sheboygan	18.6	18.4	18.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	8.3	8.3	8
Wausau	11.0	11.5	11.4	2.2	2.1	2.1	10.6	10.5	10
Yyoming	7.7	(¹)	(1)	16.0	(¹)	(¹)	44.2	(¹)	(¹)
uerto Rico	152.1	147.3	149.0	16.6	15.4	15.9	116.1	112.2	114
Caguas	14.0	13.9	13.8	(')	(1)	(')	7.8	7.4	7
Mayaguez	19.7	18.7	18.9	(5)	(1)	(')	6.4	5.9	6
Ponce	8.7	8.5	8.4	(')	(')	(')	6.7	6.2	6
San Juan	67.7	67.2	68.4	13.0	`11.9	12.4	81.6	76.7	78
irgin Islands	2.1	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	7.9	8.0	8

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chata and orga		nce, insura d real esta			Services		G	iovernmen	t
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985⁰	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985⁰
Virginia	116.9	119.3	120.5	495.5	515.7	518.2	509.4	523.1	526.0
Bristol	1.0	1.1	1.1	3.6	3.9	4.0	5.0	4.9	4.8
Charlottesville	3.1	3.5	3.6	9.8	10.3	10.3	21.7	22.4	22.4
Danville	1.0	1.1	1.1	5.2	5.6	5.6	5.1	5.3	5.3
Lynchburg	3.2	3.1	3.1	12.7	12.8	12.8	9.1	9.4	9.3
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	21.3	21.3	21.4	104.0	107.6	109.0	121.9	124.0	124.5
Northern Virginia	34.5	36.3	36.9	164.7	173.0	175.5	132.4	143.5	144.2
Richmond-Petersburg	29.1	29.7	29.7	71.4	72.2	72.5	85.7	86.4	86.7
Roanoke	6.4	6.4	6.4	23.9	25.6	26.0	14.3	14.6	15.0
Washington	94.6	95.6	96.3	350.2	364.2	365.5	345.0	345.2	346.3
Seattle	59.6	61.1	61.5	175.8	183.7	184.2	127.0	124.1	124.0
West Virginia	23.3	23.7	23.8	107.4	108.5	108.9	132.2	130.2	131.1
Charleston	5.5	5.7	5.7	22.0	22.4	22.3	21.6	20.7	21.1
Huntington-Ashland	3.9	3.9	3.9	16.3	16.3	16.6	19.7	19.8	20.0
Parkersburg-Marietta	2.1	2.1	2.2	11.3	11.4	11.6	9.4	9.5	9.4
Wheeling	2.9	3.0	3.0	14.6	14.7	14.7	9.7	9.2	9.5
Wisconsin	101.3	105.5	106.3	400.1	413.6	418.8	320.5	327.4	330.2
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	6.3	6.5	6.6	23.0	23.2	23.5	16.1	16.3	16.5
Eau Claire	1.8	1.9	1.9	10.4	10.9	11.0	10.4	10.2	10.3
Green Bay	2.8	2.9	2.9	17.1	17.8	18.0	10.2	10.4	10.5
Janesville-Beloit	1.4	1.6	1.6	9.8	10.1	10.2	6.5	6.4	6.5
Kenosha	.9	.9	.9	7.3	7.1	7.1	6.3	6.3	6.2
La Crosse	1.4	1.4	1.4	11.8	12.4	12.5	7.4	7.4	7.5
Madison	13.9	15.2	15.3	36.6	38.1	38.8	57.7	58.3	58.2
Milwaukee	43.9	44.9	45.2	156.8	165.0	165.9	80.7	80.7	81.5
Racine	2.2	2.3	2.3	12.0	12.4	12.5	8.1	8.0	8.2
Sheboygan	1.8	1.9	1.9	6.8	6.7	6.8	5.4	5.4	5.4
Wausau	3.8	3.7	3.7	7.2	7.1	7.3	5.9	5.9	5.8
Wyoming	7.9	(¹)	(')	32.0	(¹)	(')	51.2	(¹)	(')
Puerto Rico	28.8	29.6	29.8	91.3	92.6	92.5	252.0	256.5	256.3
Caguas		(¹)	(')	(')	(1)	(¹)	15.0	14.6	14.6
Mayaguez		(')	(')	(')	(¹)	(')	15.4	15.4	15.4
Ponce	(')	(')	(')	7.5	7.1	7.1	14.8	14.8	14.6
San Juan	`23.5	23.7	23.8	67.7	68.5	68.4	151.8	150.0	150.0
Virgin Islands	1.8	1.8	1.8	6.3	6.4	6.3	13.6	13.6	13.€

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Not available.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1984 benchmarks.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

ekly urs	Hourly					Construction			
	earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	
			A	nnual averag	es				
,7	\$2.36	\$91.33	41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06	
.8	2.46	95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38	
.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26	
.0	2.68	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95	
.8	2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49	
.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54	
1.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45	
.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67	
.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19	
.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89	
.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25	
5.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.9 <b>5</b>	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.08	
5.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73	
6.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.65	
.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69	
.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99	
.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78	
5.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26	
.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.82	
6.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.28	479.40	37.1	11.94	442.97	
5.3	8.33	294.05	43.3	11.63	503.58	37.7	12.12	456.92	
	·	1	Monthly data	a, not seasor	nally adjusted	<u> </u>	-L		
5.5	\$8.30	\$294.65	43.7	\$11.62	\$507.79	38.6	\$12.03	\$464.36	
.6	8.32	296.19	43.0	11.63	500.09	38.5	12.06	464.31	
5.5	8.30	294.65	43.5	11.62	505.47	38.4	12.10	464.64	
5.4	8.43	298.42	44.0	11.72	515.68	38.5	12.24	471.24	
5.1	8.40	294.84	43.2	11.58	500.26	38.0	12.23	464.74	
5.1	8.43	295.89	43.5	11.63	505.91	37.3	12.10	451.33	
5.5	8.46	300.33	44.1	11.70	515.97	37.6	12.26	460.98	
1.7	8.50	294.95	42.9	11.86	508.79	36.4	12.30	447.72	
1.6			43.2		l			451.28	
5.0				1	l		1	460.69	
					3	ř.	1	461.54	
	t t			1	l	1	1	465.96	
								464.44	
	.6	6.6 8.52 6.0 8.52 6.9 8.54 6.1 8.54	8.6     8.52     294.79       8.52     298.20       9     8.54     298.05       1     8.54     299.75	8.6     8.52     294.79     43.2       8.52     298.20     43.6       8.54     298.05     43.3       8.54     299.75     43.4	8.6     8.52     294.79     43.2     11.90       8.52     298.20     43.6     11.91       8.54     298.05     43.3     11.93       8.54     299.75     43.4     11.87	8.6     8.52     294.79     43.2     11.90     514.08       8.5     298.20     43.6     11.91     519.28       8.9     8.54     298.05     43.3     11.93     516.57       8.5     299.75     43.4     11.87     515.16	6.6     8.52     294.79     43.2     11.90     514.08     36.6       i.0     8.52     298.20     43.6     11.91     519.28     37.7       i.9     8.54     298.05     43.3     11.93     516.57     37.8       i.1     8.54     299.75     43.4     11.87     515.16     38.1	6.6     8.52     294.79     43.2     11.90     514.08     36.6     12.33       6.0     8.52     298.20     43.6     11.91     519.28     37.7     12.22       8.9     8.54     298.05     43.3     11.93     516.57     37.8     12.21       6.1     8.54     299.75     43.4     11.87     515.16     38.1     12.23	

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

		Manufa	ecturing		Transp	oortation and utilities	public	W	/holesale trad	de
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekl earning
					Annual	averages				
964	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	(²)	(²)	(²)	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.5
65	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	\$3.03	\$125.14	40.8	2.61	106.4
66	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.1
67	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.88	116.0
68	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.05	122.3
069	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.8
70	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.44	137.2
71	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.5	3.65	144.
72	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.0
73	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.3	4.08	160.
74	40.0	4.42	4.25	176.80	40.2	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.39	170.
75	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.7	4.73	183.
76	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	1	256.71	38.7	5.03	194.
			1			6.45	1		1	
977	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	209.
978	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.
979	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.9
980	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.5	6.96	267.
81	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.56	291.
82	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.09	309.
983	40.1	8.83	8.52	354.08	39.0	10.79	420.81	38.5	8. <b>5</b> 5	329.
984	40.7	9.18	8.81	373.63	39.4	11,11	437.73	38.6	8.96	345.
		<del>1</del>		Month	ly data, not	seasonally a	djusted		1	
984:						T			T	
June	40.8	\$9.15	\$8.78	\$373.32	39.8	\$11.03	\$438.99	38.7	\$8.91	\$344.
July	40.3	9.19	8.83	370.36	40.0	11.14	445.60	38.8	8.98	348.
August	40.4	9.15	8.78	369.66	39.7	11.13	441.86	38.8	8.96	347.
September	40.7	9.24	8.85	376.07	39.9	11.22	447.68	38.8	9.06	351.
October	40.5	9.24	8.87	374.22	39.2	11.18	438.26	38.7	9.00	348.
November	40.7	9.31	8.93	378.92	39.5	11.25	444.38	38.7	9.08	351.
December	41.2	9.40	9.00	387.28	39.5	11.28	445.56	38.9	9.19	357.
985:	40.0	0.40	0.07	200.00	20.0	11.00	400.04	20.4	0.40	054
January	40.3	9.43	9.07	380.03	38.9	11.26	438.01	38.4	9.16	351.
February	39.7	9.43	9.07	374.37	39.1	11.27	440.66	38.2	9.22	352.
March	40.4	9.45	9.09	381.78	39.3	11.24	441.73	38.5	9.19	353
April	40.1	9.48	9.13	380.15	39.2	11.27	441.78	38.4	9.24	354.
May <sup>p</sup>	40.3	9.48	9.13	382.04	39.2	11.24	440.61	38.8	9.24	358
June <sup>p</sup>	40.6	9.50	9.14	385.70	39.8	11.28	448.94	39.0	9.27	361

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

Year and		Retail trade			ance, insurar nd real estat	,		Services	
month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				Aı	nnual averag	es		•	
1964	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.75	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.79	(²)	(²)	(²)
1965	36.6	1.82	66.61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	\$2.05	\$73.60
966	35.9	1.91	68.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	80.38
968	34.7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	83.97
969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
971	33.7	2.60	87.62	36.6	3.22	117.85	33.9	3.04	103.06
972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	3.36	122.98	33.9	3.27	110.85
1973	33.4	2.73	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
		3.14	102.68	36.5	3.33	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
1974		3.14	102.66	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
1975				36.4	4.00				
1976		3.57	114.60	1	1	155.43	33.3	4.31	143.52
1977		3.85	121.66	36.4	4.54	165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
1978		4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4.99	163.67
1979	30.6	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
1980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	190.71
1981	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	6.31	229.05	32.6	6.41	208.97
1982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44	32.6	6.92	225.59
1983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7	7.31	239.04
1984	30.0	5.88	176.40	36.5	7.62	278.13	32.8	7.64	250.59
			<del>ا ۔ </del>	Monthly data	a, not seasor	nally adjusted	<u></u>	.L	L
1984:					<u> </u>	T	<u> </u>	T	
June	30.4	\$5.87	\$178.45	36.3	\$7.58	\$275.15	32.9	\$7.56	\$248.72
July		5.86	179.90	36.7	7.60	278.92	33.2	7.59	251.99
August	1	5.82	178.09	36.4	7.57	275.55	33.0	7.56	249.48
September	1	5.88	176.40	36.6	7.76	284.02	32.8	7.72	253.22
October		5.88	174.64	36.5	7.67	279.96	32.7	7.71	252.12
November		5.93	176.12	36.4	7.71	280.64	32.7	7.77	254.08
December	1	5.89	179.65	36.7	7.78	285.53	32.9	7.84	257.94
1985:	1					======			
January	29.1	5.97	173.73	36.4	7,77	282.83	32.5	7.84	254.80
February		5.99	174.31	36.4	7.87	286.47	32.6	7.87	256.56
March		5.97	175.52	36.4	7.87	286.47	32.6	7.87	256.50
April	1	5.96	175.22	36.4	7.85	285.74	32.6	7.89	257.2
May <sup>p</sup>		5.97	177.91	36.3	7.84	284.59	32.7	7.88	257.68
June <sup>p</sup>		5.94	179.39	36.7	7.91	290.30	33.1	7.89	261.16
	. JU.E	3.34	1,5.55	30.,	7.51	200.00	00.1	7.00	201.1

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark lev∋ls. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1984 forward are subject to revision.

Not available.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985
Total private		35.2	35.5	34.9	35.1	35.4					
Mining		43.2	43.7	43.3	43.4	43.1					
Metal mining	10	40.8	40.5	41.0	40.7					:	
Iron ores		39.4	39.6	39.8	40.7	_					
Copper ores		42.4	41.1	43.8	42.4	_	-	ļ <u>-</u>	-		
										-	
Coal mining		41.1	41.5	41.0	41.1	-					İ
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	12	41.2	41.5	41.0	41.1	-					
Oil and gas extraction	13	43.9	44.5	44.2	44.2	E		1		}	
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids		41.4	42.2	42.0	41.7						
Oil and gas field services	138	45.0	45.5	45.2	45.2						
Managatallia minagata ayant fyala		44.7	45.5	440	45.0			ļ			
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels  Crushed and broken stone	142	44.7 45.8	45.5 46.2	44.8 46.3	45.3 47.4						
Ordanod and broken stone		10.0	40.2	40.0	77.4			ļ			
Construction		38.1	38.6	37.8	38.1	38.1					
On and building an absence	4.5	67.6					1				
General building contractors		37.3 36.9	37.6 37.2	37.4 37.1	37.6 37.3				1		
Operative builders	1	39.3	39.0	39.4	39.4						
Nonresidential building construction		37.6	38.1	37.5	37.7						
·											
Heavy construction contractors		41.5	42.8	41.5	41.7						
Highway and street construction  Heavy construction, except highway		42.2 41.2	44.5 41.8	41.7	41.8			İ	1		
Heavy construction, except highway	. 102	41.2	41.0	41.4	41.6		Ì				İ
Special trade contractors	. 17	37.3	37.5	36.9	37.2						
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		38.2	38.6	37.8	38.3						1
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		35.7	35.8	34.5	35.2						
Electrical work		39.1	38.8	38.3	38.6				ĺ		
Masonry, stonework, and plastering  Carpentering and flooring		35.3 35.3	35.7 35.3	35.5 35.4	35.8 35.2						
Roofing and sheet metal work		35.1	35.5	33.9	34.1						
Manufacturing		40.7	40.8	40.1	40.3	40.6	3.3	3.4	3.1	3.0	3.
Durable goods		41.4	41.5	40.9	41.0	41.4	3.5	3.6	3.3		
•	ļ					·		}	}	ŀ	1
Lumber and wood products		40.1	40.3	39.5	40.0	40.8	3.2	3.3	2.9	1	
Logging camps and logging contractors  Sawmills and planing mills		39.1 40.8	39.5 41.1	39.2 40.1	38.8 40.8	-	3.3	3.4	3.1		
Sawmills and planing mills, general		41.1	41.1	40.1	41.1	1	4.0	3.9	3.4		
Hardwood dimension and flooring		39.9	40.6	39.5	1		3.0		2.4		1
Millwork, plywood, and structural members	. 243	40.4	40.6	39.8			3.1	3.4	2.8		
Millwork	. 2431	39.8	40.4	39.7			2.2	2.9	2.3		
Wood kitchen cabinets Hardwood veneer and plywood		40.7 40.2	41.0	39.1 40.2	39.6 40.6		3.3	3.6	2.1 3.0		1
Softwood veneer and plywood		40.2	40.4	40.2	41.1		3.3	3.5	4.0		1
Wood containers		38.4	39.1	37.8	38.6		2.2	2.2	2.1	_	1
Wood buildings and mobile homes	. 245	38.6	38.3	37.5	38.4		2.5	2.5	1.6		
Mobile homes	1	38.7	38.4	37.9	38.6		2.3	2.3	1.5		i
Miscellaneous wood products	249	40.8	40.7	39.6	40.0		2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	1
Furniture and fixtures	25	39.5	39.6	39.1	38.6	39.1	2.3	2.4	2.1	2.0	
Household furniture	251	38.9	38.8	38.8	1	-	2.0	1	2.0	1	
Wood household furniture		39.4	39.5	39.0		-	2.2	1			
Upholstered household furniture  Metal household furniture		37.7 40.4	37.8 39.3	38.3 39.3	1		1.2		1.6	1	
Mattresses and bedsprings		36.9	37.3	37.8	ſ		2.6 1.2		2.9		1
Office furniture		41.0	41.5	39.8			3.2	1		1	1
Public building and related furniture	253	39.9	40.3	40.0	1	1	3.1	1	ì	1	- 1
Partitions and fixtures		40.2	40.6	39.2	1	1	3.2			1	1
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	259	40.7	41.2	40.2	40.2		1.8	2.5	2.5	2.3	
Stone, clay, and glass products		42.4	42.5	42.0		1	1	1		,	
Flat glass		44.5	44.0	43.1		1	5.7	1		1	
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	41.1	41.0	41.4	40.9		4.2	4.4	4.5	4.2	: 1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	r
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Total private		\$8.28	\$8.30	\$8.54	\$8.54	\$8.55	\$291.46	\$294.65	\$298.05	\$299.75	\$302.6
Mining		11.61	11.62	11.93	11.87	11.92	501.55	507.79	516.57	515.16	513.75
Metal mining	10	13.02	12.99	13.43	13.24		531.22	526.10	550.63	538.87	
Iron ores	1 .	12.80	12.77	13.36			504.32	505.69	531.73	511.20	
Copper ores		13.56	13.57	13.71	13.58		574.94	557.73	600.50	575.79	
						Į.					ļ
Coal mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining		14.63 14.68	14.91 14.96	15.35 15.41	15.24 15.30		601.29 604.82	618.77 620.84	629.35 631.81	626.36 628.83	
Oil and gas extraction	13	10.71	10.64	10.94	10.91		470.17	473.48	483.55	482.22	
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids		12.71	12.61	13.27	13.16		526.19	532.14	557.34	548.77	
Oil and gas field services	138	9.90	9.84	10.02	10.05		445.50	447.72	452.90	454.26	1
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	9.73	9.84	10.04	10.05		434.93	447.72	449.79	455.27	l
Crushed and broken stone		9.18	9.35	9.41	9.53		420.44	431.97	435.68	451.72	
Construction		12.08	12.03	12.21	12.23	12.19	460.25	464.36	461.54	465.96	464.44
			46 ==				105				
General building contractors		10.82	10.79	11.18			403.59	405.70	418.13	419.99	
Residential building construction  Operative builders		9.00	10.13 8.90	10.69 9.36	l.		373.43 353.70	376.84 347.10	396.60 368.78	396.50 363.66	
Nonresidential building construction		11.68	11.63	11.81	11.87		439.17	443.10	442.88	447.50	
Tromosido indi banding donordouon		'	''	, , , , ,			100.11		2.00		
Heavy construction contractors		11.80	11.83	11.82	1		489.70	506.32	490.53	500.40	
Highway and street construction		10.74	10.91	10.72	1		453.23	485.50	447.02	465.23	
Heavy construction, except highway	162	12.36	12.38	12.35	12.50		509.23	517.48	511.29	520.00	
Special trade contractors	17	12.77	12.69	12.81	12.79		476.32	475.88	472.69	475.79	
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		12.70	12.67	13.02	1		485.14	489.06	492.16	500.20	
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		11.60	11.58	11.94		j	414.12	414.56	411.93	419.94	
Electrical work  Masonry, stonework, and plastering		14.28	14.23 12.63	14.35 12.98			558.35 448.66	552.12 450.89	549.61 460.79	552.37 465.76	
Carpentering and flooring		11.61	11.65	11.96	1		409.83	411.25	423.38	421.34	
Roofing and sheet metal work		11.15	11.23	11.20	1		391.37	398.67	379.68	383.28	
Manufacturing		9.12	9.15	9.48	9.48	9.50	371.18	373.32	380.15	382.04	385.70
Durable goods		9.68	9.72	10.03	10.05	10.08	400.75	403.38	410.23	412.05	417.31
Lumber and wood products	24	7.95	8.08	8.04	8.12	8.27	318.80	325.62	317.58	324.80	337.42
Logging camps and logging contractors		10.54	10.80	10.54	1		412.11	426.60	413.17	419.04	337.42
Sawmills and planing mills		8.40	8.51	8.37		II .	342.72	349.76	335.64	344.76	İ
Sawmills and planing mills, general		8.87	9.00	8.83	I .	i	364.56	370.80	355.85	364.56	
Hardwood dimension and flooring		5.80		6.08			231.42	237.92	240.16	245.30	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		7.71	7.83	7.99			311.48	317.90	318.00	326.02	
Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets	. 2431	7.90 7.01	7.99 7.13	8.23 7.20			314.42 285.31	322.80 292.33	326.73 281.52	337.82 289.87	
Hardwood veneer and plywood		6.27	6.27	6.58			252.05	253.31	264.52	267.96	1
Softwood veneer and plywood		9.53	9.80	9.79	I .		389.78	398.86	396.50	401.55	
Wood containers	. 244	5.70	5.73	5.83	5.77	1	218.88	224.04	220.37	222.72	
Wood buildings and mobile homes		7.12	7.01	7.22	1	1	274.83	268.48	270.75	278.40	
Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products		7.22 6.81	7.10 6.83	7.22 7.04	1	1	279.41 277.85	272.64 277.98	273.64 278.78	281.78 284.00	
Furniture and fixtures	25	6.78	6.82	7.08	7.11	7.17	267.81	270.07	276.83	274.45	280.35
Household furniture		6.24	I	6.49	1		242.74	244.05	251.81	247.38	
Wood household furniture		5.73	5.76	5.98			225.76	227.52	233.22	231.94	1
Upholstered household furniture		6.74	6.79	7.02	1	1	254.10	256.66	268.87	258.26	}
Metal household furniture		6.31	6.46	6.69	1		254.92	253.88	262.92	266.06	
Mattresses and bedsprings		7.04	7.08	7.12			259.78	264.08	269.14	272.88	
Office furniture Public building and related furniture		7.43 7.53	I	7.98 7.59	1		304.63	307.93 301.44	317.60 303.60	317.20 297.44	
Partitions and fixtures		8.28		8.56	f .		332.86	334.54	335.55	338.84	
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		7.22		7.56		1	293.85	302.41	303.91	304.31	
Stone, clay, and glass products		9.54	9.58	9.80	9.79	9.83	404.50	407.15	411.60	414.12	417.78
Flat glass	. 321	12.95		13.72			576.28	568.48	591.33	581.90	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	. 322	10.43	10.51	10.89	10.75	i	428.67	430.91	450.85	439.68	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Jur 198
Ourable goods—Continued			Ì								
Stone, clay, and glass products—Continued		1 1	İ								
Glass containers	3221	41.2	41.1	41.5	41.2		4.8	5.0	5.1	5.0	Į.
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	40.9	40.9	41.2	40.6		3.4	3.6	3.8	3.2	
Products of purchased glass	323	40.9	40.9	40.2	41.2		3.6	3.5	2.9	3.4	
Cement, hydraulic	324	41.7	42.1	41.1	41.1		2.7	3.2	3.5	2.9	1
Structural clay products	325	42.4	42.3	42.2	42.1	-	3.8	4.1	3.9	3.9	}
Pottery and related products	326	39.0	39.3	39.3	40.0	- 1	2,1	2.3	2.7	2.4	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	44.1	44.4	43.8	44.5	-	7.0	7.1	6.6	7.0	
Concrete block and brick		44.6	45.1	46.3	46.2		7.1	7.6	7.3	7.2	
Concrete products, nec	3272	43.2	43.1	43.7	44.0		5.6	5.7	5.8	6.3	1
Ready-mixed concrete		44.1	44.9	42.6	43.7		7.6	7.9	6.6	7.2	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		42.3	42.2	41.2	41.1		4.3	4.2	3.7	3.5	
Abrasive products		42.4	41.8	39.0	40.1		3.1	3.0	2.3	1.9	
Asbestos products		43.6	43.6	42.0	41.8		4.9	5.0	3.6	3.2	
Primary metal industries	. 33	41.9	41.9	41.3	41.2	41.9	4.0	4.1	3.6	3.4	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	331	41.3	41.2	41.1	40.7	42.3	3.4	3.4	2.9	2.8	Ĺ
Blast furnaces and steel mills		41.0	40.9	41.0	40.4	-	3.4	3.4	2.8	2.8	
Steel pipe and tubes		42.4	42.3	41.7	42.7		3.9	3.5	3.9	4.1	
Iron and steel foundries	. 332	41.6	41.8	40.4	40.4		3.9	4.0	3.6	3.4	
Gray iron foundries	. 3321	41.5	41.6	40.6	40.6	Ì	4.2	4.2	4.1	3.9	
Malleable iron foundries	3322	40.1	41.4	38.5	38.1		2.3	3.3	2.5	2.0	
Steel foundries, nec	3325	41.3	41.3	40.1	39.8		3.0	3.5	2.3	2.2	1
Primary nonferrous metals	. 333	42.3	42.0	41.8	42.6		3.5	3.5	3.4	3.3	
Primary aluminum	. 3334	42.4	42.6	41.6	43.5		3.9	3.7	3.3	3.5	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	. 335	43.1	43.2	42.2	42.0		5.3	5.5	4.9	4.6	
Copper rolling and drawing		44.7	43.9	41.6	41.1		5.7	5.4	3.8	3.3	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		42.9	43.0	41.6	41.9		6.0	6.4	5.3	5.4	
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	. 3357	42.7	42.8	42.3	42.2		5.0	5.3	5.3	4.9	
Nonferrous foundries		41.9	42.3	41.6	41.6		3.9	4.1	3.6	3.4	
Aluminum foundries	. 3361	42.2	42.6	41.8	41.9		4.2	4.4	3.9	3.8	
Fabricated metal products	. 34	41.5	41.6	41.0	41.1	41.4	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.2	
Metal cans and shipping containers		42.9	44.0	42.4	42.6	-	4.9	5.5	5.2	5.1	
Metal cans		42.7	44.0	42.7	43.0		4.9	5.5	5.4	5.3	1
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware	i	40.9	40.7	40.4	40.0		3.0	2.8	3.0	2.4	1
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades .		40.5	40.5	39.6	39.5	Ì	2.0	2.2	1.8	1.6	İ
Hardware, nec	1	40.9	40.5	40.7	39.9		3.5	3.0	3.8	2.9	
Plumbing and heating, except electric		40.1	40.2	39.1	39.1		2.3	2.4	1.5	1.7	
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		40.9	41.0	39.8	39.6		2.9	2.6	1.8		1
Heating equipment, except electric		39.0	39.1	37.8	38.3	Ī	1.5	1.9	.9	1.2	
Fabricated structural metal products		40.8	41.3	40.6	41.0		2.9	3.2	2.8	3.1	
Fabricated structural metal	. 3441	41.5	41.7	41.8	42.2		3.5	3.6	3.6	3.8	
Metal doors, sash, and trim		40.2	40.8	40.4			2.4	2.8	2.4	2.7	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		41.5	41.8	40.6	1		3.0	3.3	2.9	3.2	
Sheet metal work		40.2	40.5	40.1	40.1	1	3.0	3.2	2.6		
Architectural metal work		40.4	41.9	39.0	39.9		2.2	3.2	2.2	2.4	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		43.0	42.7	42.3	42.0		4.8	4.6	4.3	4.2	1
Screw machine products		42.2	42.2	41.9			4.4	4.3	3.9		
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		43.9	43.2	42.7	1		5.3	4.9	4.8	5.1	
Metal forgings and stampings		42.9	42.7	42.4			4.8	4.7	4.6	4.2	:
Iron and steel forgings		42.5	42.2	42.0	1		4.4	4.2	3.8	3.4	
Automotive stampings		45.0	44.9	44.8			6.3	6.3	6.6		- 1
Metal stampings, nec		40.9	40.5	39.9	1		3.3	3.4	2.7		- 1
Metal services, nec		40.8	40.9	40.4	1		3.4	3.5	3.4		- 1
Plating and polishing		40.7	40.7	39.5	1		3.2	3.2	2.9		
Metal coating and allied services	1	41.0	41.5	42.6	1		3.8	4.2	4.7		- 1
Ordnance and accessories, nec		40.8	41.1	40.9			2.3	1	2.4		1
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		39.8	40.7	40.1			1.4	1.8	1.8		
Misc. fabricated metal products		41.1	41.2	40.1			3.0	3.0	2.4		
Valves and pipe fittings		41.3	41.5	39.9			3.1		2.5	1	- 1
Misc. fabricated wire products		40.6	41.1	40.1		1	3.0	1	2.3	1	
Machinery, except electrical	35	41.8	42.0	41.1	41.2	41.8	3.6	3.7	3.1	3.1	
Engines and turbines		41.6	41.8	40.4			3.8	1	3.4		- 1
Turbines and turbine generator sets		39.9	39.6	40.1	1	1	2.9	1	3.5	1	- 1
Internal combustion engines, nec		42.2	42.6	40.1	1		4.1		3.4		- 1
		1		41.1		1	2.8	1	2.6	4	- 1
Farm and garden machinery	352	41.0	40.7								

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985
Ourable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products—Continued	:					i					
Glass containers	3221	\$11.01	\$11.05	\$11.45	\$11.30		\$453.61	\$454.16	\$475.18	\$465.56	
Pressed and blown glass, nec		9.74	9.85	10.23	10.10		398.37	402.87	421.48	410.06	
Products of purchased glass	323	7.92	7.95	8.38	8.53		323.93	325.16	336.88	351.44	i
Cement, hydraulic	324	13.45	13.46	13.16	13.09		560.87	566.67	540.88	538.00	
Structural clay products	325	7.72	7.76	7.96	7.95		327.33	328.25	335.91	334.70	1
Pottery and related products	326	8.12	8.18	8.58	8.60		316.68	321.47	337.19	344.00	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	9.48	9.48	9.55	9.58		418.07	420.91	418.29	426.31	
Concrete block and brick	3271	7.98	8.05	8.12	8.19		355.91	363.06	375.96	378.38	
Concrete products, nec		8.33	8.32	8.44	8.50		359.86	358.59	368.83	374.00	
Ready-mixed concrete		10.48	10.45	10.55	10.53		462.17	469.21	449.43	460.16	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		9.38	9.47	9.89	9.91		396.77	399.63	407.47	407.30	i
Abrasive products		9.01	9.03	9.25	9.40		382.02	377.45	360.75	376.94	
Asbestos products	3292	9.77	9.66	9.89	9.87		425.97	421.18	415.38	412.57	
Primary metal industries		11.53	11.50	11.64	11.63		483.11	481.85	480.73	479.16	\$491
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		13.09	13.02	13.32	13.30	13.39	540.62	536.42	547.45	541.31	566.
Blast furnaces and steel mills		13.64	13.56	13.91	13.91	-	559.24	554.60	570.31	561.96	-
Steel pipe and tubes		10.66	10.55	11.01	10.82		451.98	446.27	459.12	462.01	
Iron and steel foundries	1	10.14	10.13	10.42	10.51		421.82	423.43	420.97	424.60	
Gray iron foundries		10.45	10.41	10.85	10.96		433.68	433.06	440.51	444.98	
Malleable iron foundries		10.73	10.84	11.03	11.11		430.27	448.78	424.66	423.29	
Steel foundries, nec		9.56	9.67	9.65	9.73		394.83	399.37	386.97	387.25	i
Primary nonferrous metals		13.36	13.39	13.62	13.58		565.13	562.38	569.32	578.51	!
Primary aluminum		13.95	13.93	14.02	13.98		591.48	593.42	583.23	608.13	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		10.97	11.04	10 96	10.94		472.81	476.93	462.51	459.48	
Copper rolling and drawing		10.01	9.98	9.83	9.83		447.45	438.12	408.93	404.01	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		14.05	14.43	13.62	1		602.75	620.49	566.59	566.49	
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		10.38	10.45	10.74	10.69		443.23	447.26	454.30	451.12	
Nonferrous foundries	1	9.11	9.11	9.36	1	}	381.71	385.35	389.38	385.63	
Aluminum foundries	3361	9.38	9.35	9.58	9.48		395.84	398.31	400.44	397.21	
Fabricated metal products	34	9.35	9.35	9.64	9.62	9.65		388.96	395.24	395.38	399.
Metal cans and shipping containers		12.35	12.54	13.04	13.02		529.82	551.76	552.90	554.65	-
Metal cans		12.93	13.16	13.78	13.78	1	552.11	579.04	588.41	592.54	
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware		9.28	1	9.75	9.71		379.55	375.25	393.90	388.40	
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades . Hardware, nec		8.51 9.70	8.50 9.61	8.74 10.29	8.71 10.23		344.66 396.73	344.25 389.21	346.10 418.80	344.05 408.18	
Plumbing and heating, except electric	i	8.32		8.53	8.54		333.63	336.88	333.52	333.91	
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		8.08	8,01	8.27	8.23		330.47	328.41	329.15	325.91	
Heating equipment, except electric		8.23	8.36	8.45	8.55		320.97	326.88	319.41	327.47	
Fabricated structural metal products		8.85		8.98	8.97		361.08	365.92	364.59	367.77	
Fabricated structural metal	1	9.41	9.51	9.27	9.32		390.52	396.57	387.49	393.30	
Metal doors, sash, and trim		7.08	7.08	7.28	7.37		284.62	288.86	294.11	301.43	1
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		9.91	9.94	10.07	9.98		411.27	415.49	408.84	411.18	
Sheet metal work	3444	9.01	9.03	9.36	9.31		362.20	365.72	375.34	373.33	
Architectural metal work	1	9.02	_	8.86	1		364.41	377.52	345.54	352.32	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		8.76		9.05	1		376.68	372.77	382.82	380.10	
Screw machine products		8.09	1	8.42	1		341.40	339.29	352.80	348.16	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		9.41	9.43	9.69	1	1	413.10	407.38	413.76	412.91	1
Metal forgings and stampings		10.91		11.47		1	468.04	465.86	486.33	485.06	
Iron and steel forgings		12.01	i	12.31		1	510.43	499.65	517.02	511.98	
Automotive stampings		12.73	1	13.57	13.54	i	572.85	574.72	607.94	597.11	
Metal stampings, nec		8.38		8.58			342.74	338.99	342.34	349.16	
Metal services, nec		7.48	1	7.72			305.18	307.16	311.89	314.65	
Plating and polishing		7.33	7.35	7.56	7.61		298.33	299.15	298.62	302.12	į
Metal coating and allied services	1	7.84	7.88	1	1		321.44	327.02	344.21	344.11	-
Ordnance and accessories, nec		9.87	1		1		402.70	402.37	411.86	419.09	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		9.54	1	I			379.69	380.95	395.39	404.06	
Misc. fabricated metal products		8.76			1		360.04	359.68	354.89	356.17	
Valves and pipe fittings		9.31			1		384.50	385.95	378.25	381.64	
Misc. fabricated wire products		7.89	1			1	320.33	325.51	319.20	320.40	
Machinery, except electrical	35	9.90	9.93	10.17	10.21	10.22	413.82	417.06	417.99	420.65	427
Engines and turbines		12.68	1		1		527.49	535.88	526.01	527.88	
Turbines and turbine generator sets		11.97			1	1	477.60	473.22	499.65	495.85	
Internal combustion engines, nec		12.90	1		1	1	544.38	557.63	535.82	538.74	
Farm and garden machinery		9.61	1		1		394.01	394.38	397.85	400.16	
		, 0.01	0.00	0.00		4	1 00 7.01	, 557.55	, 007.00	700.10	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985⁵	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Jur 198
urable goods—Continued											
Machinery, except electrical—Continued			1							İ	}
Construction and related machinery	353	41.2	41.8	41.2	41.3		3.0	3.2	2.6	2.4	
Construction machinery		41.4	42.4	40.7	40.9		2.6	2.8	2.2	1.9	
Mining machinery	3532	40.6	40.2	40.9	40.4		3.0	3.1	2.3	2.6	,
Oil field machinery		41.9	41.6	42.3	42.1		3.6	3.3	3.1	2.8	
Conveyors and conveying equipment	3535	40.5	41.9	40.5	41.5		2.9	4.1	2.9	2.8	ł
Industrial trucks and tractors		41.3	41.4	40.4	40.4		3.7	3.8	2.7	2.5	l
Metalworking machinery		42.6	43.0	42.1	41.9		4.6	4.7	4.5	4.2	
Machine tools, metal cutting types		42.3	42.3	42.0	42.2		3.5	3.5	3.6	3.7	
Machine tools, metal forming types		41.5	42.5	41.8	41.4		3.6	4.4	3.8	3.1	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		43.3	43.8	43.1	42.9		5.4	5.5	5.6	5.2	
Machine tool accessories		42.5	42.7	41.8	41.3		4.3	4.3	3.7	3.5	
Power driven hand tools		40.1	40.8	38.1	38.0		3.1	3.8	2.4	2.2	
Special industry machinery		41.6	41.9	41.3	41.5		3.3	3.6	3.3	3.4	
Food products machinery  Textile machinery		41.6 40.9	41.7 41.6	41.5 40.4	41.4 40.2		2.6 2.7	2.7 2.9	2.8 2.1	2.8	1
Printing trades machinery		40.9	41.6	40.4	41.6		3.5	3.3	3.4	3.4	
General industrial machinery		41.8	41.8	40.9	41.1		3.6	3.6	2.9	2.8	-
Pumps and pumping equipment		41.6	41.6	40.5	40.1	Ì	3.4	3.6	2.4	2.1	1
Ball and roller bearings		44.3	43.7	42.9	42.7		4.9	4.8	4.4	4.0	
Air and gas compressors		40.8	41.0	40.1	41.3		2.8	2.7	2.7	3.0	
Blowers and fans		40.6	41.0	40.0	40.1		2.4	2.5	1.6	1.7	
Speed changers, drives, and gears		40.6	40.1	40.9	40.5	ĺ	3.4	3.6	3.2	2.8	1
Power transmission equipment, nec		41.3	41.5	40.1	40.6		3.9	3.9	2.7	2.7	
Office and computing machines		41.9	42.1	40.1	40.6		2.8	2.9	1.5	2.0	İ
Electronic computing equipment		42.0	42.2	40.0	40.6		2.8	3.0	1.4	1.9	
Refrigeration and service machinery		41.7	42.3	40.7	40.8		3.9	4.2	3.2	3.2	1
Refrigeration and heating equipment		42.0	42.4	40.9	41.3		4.0	4.5	3.4	3.5	
Misc. machinery, except electrical		41.6	41.7	41.3	41.4		3.9	4.0	3.8	3.8	1
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves	3592	41.9	42.1	41.0	41.0		3.7	4.1	3.9	3.9	
Machinery, except electrical, nec	3599	41.6	41.6	41.3	41.4		3.9	4.0	3.7	3.7	
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	40.9	41.0	40.0	40.1	40.4	2.9	3.0	2.4	2.3	
Electric distributing equipment	361	40.9	41.2	40.0	40.6	-	2.5	2.9	2.8	2.5	
Transformers		41.4	42.0	40.6	41.3		2.8	3.3	3.2	2.5	
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		40.4	40.6	39.5	40.0		2.3	2.6	2.4		
Electrical industrial apparatus		41.3	41.1	40.1	40.4		3.2	3.1	2.7	2.5	
Motors and generators		41.8	41.5	40.8	41.0		3.5	3.4	3.3		- 1
Industrial controls		40.5	40.2	38.1	39.2		2.9	2.5	1.5		
Household appliances		39.9	40.0	38.9	39.2		2.2	2.4	1.9		
Household refrigerators and freezers		40.7	40.0	39.3	39.3		2.4	2.2	1.8		
Household laundry equipment		39.5	39.6	38.4	40.1		2.4	1.2	.8	1	
Electric housewares and fans  Electric lighting and wiring equipment		40.1 41.0	40.2 40.9	39.0 39.7	38.7 39.8		3.2	2.4	1.8	1	
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		42.2	41.4	41.4	40.8	]	3.2	2.8	2.5		
Current-carrying wiring devices		41.7	41.3	39.0	39.4		3.9	3.5	1.8		
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		39.9	40.5	40.1	40.6	1	1.8	2.5	1.7		
Residential lighting fixtures		39.0	39.1	36.9	1		1.8	1.7	.6		
Radio and TV receiving equipment		41.0	40.9	39.6	1		3.0	2.7	2.7		
Radio and TV receiving sets		41.0	41.5	39.9	1		3.1	3.0	2.7		
Communication equipment		40.8	41.1	41.0			2.4	1	2.5		
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		40.6	41.2	41.1			2.7	3.2	3.0		
Radio and TV communication equipment		41.0	41.1	40.9			2.3		2.2		- 1
Electronic components and accessories		41.0	41.3	39.7	!		3.4		2.2		
Electronic tubes		42.3	43.2	42.6	i		2.8	2.8	1.8		- 1
Semiconductors and related devices		41.4	41.9	38.7			4.2		2.2		
Electronic components, nec		41.0	41.0	40.2	E .		3.4		2.4	1	- 1
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		40.5	41.0	40.0	1		2.7	3.1	2.6	1	
Storage batteries		38.8	40.2	38.9	1		.9	3	1.8		
Engine electrical equipment		41.0	41.5	41.3			3.5		3.8	1	- 1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly 6	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985
Durable goods—Continued											
Machinery, except electrical—Continued							1				
Construction and related machinery	. 353	\$10.74	\$10.73	\$10.74	\$10.81		\$442.49	\$448.51	\$442.49	\$446.45	
Construction machinery	. 3531	11.51	11.48	11.68	11.70		476.51	486.75	475.38	478.53	
Mining machinery		11.44	11.50	11.25	11.42		464.46	462.30	460.13	461.37	
Oil field machinery		11.07	11.01	10.97	11.05		463.83	458.02	464.03	465.21	}
Conveyors and conveying equipment		9.34	9.56	9.72	9.63		378.27	400.56	393.66	399.65	
Industrial trucks and tractors		9.18	9.25	9.11	9.29		379.13	382.95	368.04	375.32	}
Metalworking machinery		10.07	10.10	10.45	10.49		428.98	434.30	439.95	439.53	Ì
Machine tools, metal cutting types		10.12	10.14	10.47	10.55		428.08	428.92	439.74	445.21	}
Machine tools, metal forming types		10.49	10.65	10.79	10.76		435.34	452.63	451.02	445.46	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		10.65	10.65	11.12	11.15		461.15	466.47	479.27	478.34	ĺ
Machine tool accessories		9.24	9.28	9.39	9.41		392.70	396.26	392.50	388.63	
Power driven hand tools		8.06	7.98	8.35	8.33		323.21	325.58	318.14	316.54	ļ
Special industry machinery		9.64	9.70	10.06	ł .		401.02	406.43	415.48	419.15	1
Food products machinery		10.17	10.16	10.35	10.40		423.07	423.67	429.53	430.56	1
Textile machinery		7.58	7.62 9.76	7.89	7.91		310.02	316.99	318.76	317.98	}
Printing trades machinery		9.65	,	10.49	10.43		409.16	406.99	431.14	433.89	1
General industrial machinery		9.74	9.73	10.01	10.01		407.13	406.71	409.41	411.41	}
Pumps and pumping equipment		10.28	10.31	10.56	10.57		427.65	428.90	427.68	423.86	1
Ball and roller bearings		9.99	9.95	10.36	10.32	1	442.56	434.82	444.44	440.66	
Air and gas compressors		8.75	9.83 8.82	10.22 8.76	10.38 8.72	}	395.35	403.03	409.82	428.69	1
Blowers and fans		1	(			ł	355.25	361.62	350.40	349.67	ĺ
Speed changers, drives, and gears		10.23	10.26 9.81	10.48 10.05	10.47		415.34 409.28	411.43	428.63 403.01	424.04 409.65	
Power transmission equipment, nec		8.86	8.93	9.19	9.29		371.23	375.95	368.52	377.17	
Office and computing machines		8.83	8.91	9.19	9.29		371.23	376.00	364.40	377.17	İ
Electronic computing equipment  Refrigeration and service machinery		9.69	9.68	9.94	9.91		404.07	409.46	404.56	404.33	
		9.98	9.97	10.25	10.23		419.16	422.73	419.23	422.50	ļ
Refrigeration and heating equipment  Misc. machinery, except electrical		9.69	9.71	9.91	9.95		403.10	404.91	409.28	411.93	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		11.64	11.66	12.43	12.45		487.72	490.89	509.63	510.45	İ
Machinery, except electrical, nec		9.38	9.39	9.52	9.57		390.21	390.62	393.18	396.20	}
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	8.94	8.97	9.40	9.41	\$9.47	365.65	367.77	376.00	377.34	\$382
Electric distributing equipment		8.58	8.62	8.82	8.76	45.47	350.92	355.14	352.80	355.66	Ψ002
Transformers		8.52	8.60	8.84	8.68		352.73	361.20	358.90	358.48	1
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		8.63	8.65	8.79	8.84		348.65	351.19	347.21	353.60	
Electrical industrial apparatus		9.02	9.00	9.52	9.50		372.53	369.90	381.75	383.80	
Motors and generators		9.01	9.04	9.51	9.49	}	376.62	375.16	388.01	389.09	}
Industrial controls		8.81	8.73	9.23	9.21		356.81	350.95	351.66	361.03	{
Household appliances		8.96		9.22	9.22		357.50	356.40	358.66	361.42	}
Household refrigerators and freezers		10.20	10.22	10.36		1	415.14	408.80	407.15	405.97	
Household laundry equipment	1	10.55	10.54	10.79		1	416.73	417.38	414.34	435.89	
Electric housewares and fans		6.81	6.73	7.17			273.08	270.55	279.63	277.09	
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		8.39		8.64		1	343.99	343.97	343.01	345.07	
Electric lamps		9.50	9.51	9.92	9.86		400.90	393.71	410.69	402.29	1
Current-carrying wiring devices		7.83		7.95			326.51	326.27	310.05	314.81	-
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		8.65		8.92			345.14	353.97	357.69	364.59	{
Residential lighting fixtures	3645	6.56		6.45	6.64	1	255.84	256.89	238.01	243.02	
Radio and TV receiving equipment	365	8.74	8.69	9.31	9.33	1	358.34	355.42	368.68	361.07	1
Radio and TV receiving sets	3651	9.08					372.28	371.01	383.44	372.66	
Communication equipment		10.69	1	11.20	1	4	436.15	440.18	459.20	456.14	}
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		10.55			1	1	428.33	436.72	448.40	431.61	1
Radio and TV communication equipment		10.76		11.34			441.16	442.65	463.81	466.99	
Electronic components and accessories		7.77					318.57	322.97	324.35	326.76	
Electronic tubes		10.00					423.00	432.00	443.89	439.95	1
Semiconductors and related devices		8.97					371.36	382.97	369.59	376.89	
Electronic components, nec		7.18	1			(	294.38	294.79	300.29	300.75	
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		9.80	1	1	1	1	396.90	407.95	410.40	410.62	
Storage batteries		10.21					396.15	411.25	407.28	418.00	1
Engine electrical equipment	3694	10.61	10.82	11.04	11.03	j	435.01	449.03	455.95	453.33	(

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972	}	Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985⁰	June 1985
Ourable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	37	42.7	42.8	42.6	42.8	42.9	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.5	1
Motor vehicles and equipment		43.8	44.0	43.8	44.0	43.6	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.3	
Motor vehicles and car bodies		44.2	44.0	44.7	45.2	-	6.0	6.2	6.7	5.9	
Truck and bus bodies		40.0	40.6	40.6	41.5	}	2.8	3.1	3.4	4.4	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	44.0	44.5	43.5	43.4	- {	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.3	
Truck trailers		42.6	42.0	39.4	39.9	}	4.1	4.2	2.1	2.0	1
Aircraft and parts	372	41.6	41.7	41.9	42.0		3.4	3.8	4.2	4.0	1
Aircraft	3721	-	- }	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	İ
Aircraft engines and engine parts		41.4	41.5	41.9	41.3		4.3	4.7	5.1	4.4	1
Aircraft equipment, nec		42.3	42.4	42.5	42.6		3.8	4.2	4.7	4.5	1
Ship and boat building and repairing		41.4	40.9	40.7	40.5		3.5	3.2	3.0	3.0	
Ship building and repairing		41.2	40.7	40.5	40.2		3.6	3.3	2.9	2.9	
Boat building and repairing		41.8	41.4	41.4	41.4		3.4	2.7	3.1	3.2	
Railroad equipment		41.6	41.0	39.7	40.2		2.7	2.9	2.2	2.2	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		41.8	42.0	41.3	41.7		3.3	3.5	4.0	4.3	
Guided missiles and space vehicles		42.2	42.4	41.3	41.7	}	3.5	3.8	4.3	4.6	
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		40.3	40.1	40.4	41.1		2.8	2.8	3.3	2.9	
Travel trailers and campers	. 3792	38.9	37.6	38.3	39.2	}	2.3	1.8	2.3	2.1	
Instruments and related products		40.8	41.3	40.5	40.8	41.0	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.2	
Engineering and scientific instruments		40.8	41.3	41.6	42.0	-	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.7	1.
Measuring and controlling devices		41.1	41.4	39.9	40.1		2.3	2.5	1.7	1.7	1,
Environmental controls		40.7	41.0	39.0	39.1	}	1.9	2.0	1.2	1.2	}
Process control instruments		42.0	42.2	40.4	41.1		3.1	3.0	2.3	2.4	
Instruments to measure electricity		41.1	40.9	40.0	40.0		2.0	2.1	1.5	1.5	
Optical instruments and lenses		43.1	43.4	40.9	41.1	Į	3.7	3.6	2.3	2.6	
Medical instruments and supplies		39.7	40.2	39.8	40.3		2.1	2.3	2.3	2.2	
Surgical and medical instruments		39.4	39.6	40.0	41.0		2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	
Surgical appliances and supplies		40.0	40.8	39.8	39.8		2.1	2.4	2.4	2.2	- 1
Ophthalmic goods		39.9	40.1	39.5	40.1	}	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	
Photographic equipment and supplies		41.5 40.4	42.8 41.0	42.5 40.5	42.7 39.7		2.4 2.4	3.0	3.1 2.3	3.1	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	20	39.3	39.2	38.9	39.1	39.2	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.8	
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		37.5	37.5	38.5	38.4	39.2	1.3	1.0	1.8	1.8	ł
Jewelry, precious metal		37.0	37.1	37.5	37.4	} _	1.4	1.0	1.5	1.5	
		38.8	39.1	38.8	38.7	1	1.2	1.2	1.5	.8	
Musical instruments  Toys and sporting goods		40.1	39.8	38.9	38.9		2.2	2.5	1.5	1.4	- 1
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		38.7	38.6	38.4	38.6		1.6	1.9	1.2	1.1	1
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		41.4	41.0	39.3	39.2		2.7	3.0	1.7	1.6	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies	395	41.0	40.7	40.6	40.9	1	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.6	1
Costume jewelry and notions	396	37.3	37.2	37.2	38.4		1.9	1.7	1.4	1.9	
Costume jewelry		36.3	35.6	36.0	1	1	1.5	1.2	.6	1.6	
Miscellaneous manufactures		39.6	39.6	39.4	39.3		2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	
Signs and advertising displays		40.0	39.6	39.9		ı	2.9	2.6	2.1	2.2	
Nondurable goods		39.6	39.8	38.9	39.3	39.6	3.0	3.2	2.8	2.8	
Food and kindred products		39.6	40.0	39.2	1		3.4	3.8	3.2	1	
Meat products		39.4	39.9	38.3		-	3.3	3.6	2.6	3.6	
Meat packing plants		41.0	41.1	39.8			4.1	4.2	3.1		.
Sausages and other prepared meats		39.3	40.3	38.5			3.1	3.7	2.6	1	
Poultry dressing plants		37.9	38.6	36.5	37.5	}	2.6	3.1	1.8	2.1	
Dairy products		40.8	41.7	41.2	41.9		4.0	4.5	4.0	4.6	; }
Cheese, natural and processed		39.5	40.4	39.7	39.9		3.3	3.6	3.7	3.6	•
Fluid milk		41.8	42.3	42.0	42.7	1	4.5	5.0	4.4	4.9	)
Preserved fruits and vegetables		38.7	38.7	37.9	38.2		2.9	3.7	2.7	2.5	•
Canned specialties		41.2	41.0	37.7	38.8		4.2	4.6	3.0	3.2	?
Canned fruits and vegetables	2033	38.3	38.6	38.4	38.6		2.7	3.8	2.9	2.6	•
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2037	38.3	37.8	37.7	38.6	1	3.0	4.0	3.6		
Grain mill products		42.4	42.8	42.7	1	1	4.9	5.1	4.8	1	- 1
Flour and other grain mill products	2041	44.1	44.6	45.5	45.2		5.5	5.8	5.9	4.9	)
Prepared feeds, nec		42.4		42.3			5.0		5.0	1	
Bakery products		38.7	38.7	38.6	39.0		3.1	3.3	2.8	3.0	)
Bread, cake, and related products	2051	38.1	38.2	38.1	38.4		3.4		3.1		
Cookies and crackers	2052	40.2	39.9	39.6	40.4	1	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1	ı İ

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly 6	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment		\$12.06	\$12.17	\$12.63	\$12.63	\$12.64	\$514.96	\$520.88	\$538.04	\$540.56	\$542.2
Motor vehicles and equipment		12.56	12.72	13.40	13.39	13.35	550.13	559.68	586.92	589.16	582.06
Motor vehicles and car bodies		13.94	14.16	14.75	14.74	-	616.15	623.04	659.33	666.25	-
Truck and bus bodies		9.71	9.74	10.43	10.71		388.40	395.44	423.46	444.47	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	12.02	12.14	12.80	12.74		528.88	540.23	556.80	552.92	
Truck trailers		8.88	8.98	9.28	9.29	-	378.29	377.16	365.63	370.67	
Aircraft and parts		12.25	12.30	12.51	12.48	-	509.60	512.91	524.17	524.16	
Aircraft		-	-,	-	-	-		•	-	-	
Aircraft engines and engine parts		\$12.18	\$12.31	\$12.77	\$12.64		\$504.25	\$510.87	\$535.06	\$522.03	
Aircraft equipment, nec		11.22	11.27	11.51	11.52		474.61	477.85	489.18	490.75	
Ship and boat building and repairing		10.16	10.16	10.34	10.36		420.62	415.54	420.84	419.58	
Ship building and repairing	3731	11.09	11.07	11.22	11.23		456.91	450.55	454.41	451.45	
Boat building and repairing	3732	7.70	7.77	8.02	8.08		321.86	321.68	332.03	334.51	
Railroad equipment	374	12.22	12.21	12.56	12.47		508.35	500.61	498.63	501.29	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	376	11.88	11.86	11.90	11.92		496.58	498.12	491.47	497.06	i
Guided missiles and space vehicles	3761	12.08	12.07	12.10	12.10		509.78	511.77	499.73	504.57	
Miscellaneous transportation equipment	379	9.59	9.70	9.95	9.85		386.48	388.97	401.98	404.84	
Travel trailers and campers	3792	8.52	8.56	8.57	8.32		331.43	321.86	328.23	326.14	
Instruments and related products	38	8.75	8.82	9.11	9.12	9.13	357.00	364.27	368.96	372.10	374.3
Engineering and scientific instruments		9.31	9.33	9.78	9.85	_	379.85	385.33	406.85	413.70	-
Measuring and controlling devices		8.73	8.74	8.91	8.93		358.80	361.84	355.51	358.09	
Environmental controls		8.25	8.27	8.61	8.62	ļ	335.78	339.07	335.79	337.04	1
Process control instruments		8.79	8.75	8.97	8.95		369.18	369.25	362.39	367.85	
Instruments to measure electricity		9.04	9.03	9.10			371.54	369.33	364.00	364.80	
Optical instruments and lenses		9.88	9.84	10.26		İ	425.83	427.06	419.63	419.63	İ
Medical instruments and supplies		7.69	7.74	8.03	l .		305.29	311.15	319.59	323.61	
Surgical and medical instruments	2941	7.76	7.83	8.18	l .	ŀ	305.74	310.07	327.20	335.79	{
		7.65	7.67	7.92			306.00	312.94	315.22	314.42	
Surgical appliances and supplies			1		6.89	i	1				1
Ophthalmic goods		6.45	6.63	6.87	E .		257.36	265.86	271.37	276.29	
Photographic equipment and supplies Watches, clocks, and watchcases		11.27 6.53	11.37 6.59	11.95 6.89			467.71 263.81	486.64 270.19	507.88 279.05	509.84 271.15	
A discollance us manufacturing	20	7.04	7.02	7.22	7 20	7 20	276.67	075 50	200.06	204 65	205 7
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39		7.03		7.28	7.29	276.67	275.58	280.86	284.65	285.7
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		7.49		7.70	7.74	] -	280.88	283.13	296.45	297.22	_
Jewelry, precious metal		7.52		7.72	7.76		278.24	279.73	289.50	290.22	[
Musical instruments		6.86	6.85	6.86	6.84	1	266.17	267.84	266.17	264.71	
Toys and sporting goods		6.48	6.50	6.66	1	1	259.85	258.70	259.07	261.80	1
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		6.18		6.44	6.50	İ	239.17	238.93	247.30	250.90	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3949	6.73	6.77	6.85		Ì	278.62	277.57	269.21	271.26	1
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		7.30	7.27	7.63			299.30	295.89	309.78	315.34	
Costume jewelry and notions		5.81	5.74	5.89		i	216.71	213.53	219.11	229.25	
Costume jewelry		5.31	5.21	5.42			192.75	185.48	195.12	209.81	
Miscellaneous manufactures		7.70	7.68	7.85			304.92	304.13	309.29	313.22	1
Signs and advertising displays	3993	8.30	8.20	8.36	8.47		332.00	<b>324.7</b> 2	333.56	339.65	
Nondurable goods		8.30		8.67	8.64	8.65		331.53	337.26	339.55	342.54
Food and kindred products		8.41	8.42	i	1			336.80	336.73	343.60	341.5
Meat products		7.25		7.17	7.27		285.65	291.27	274.61	290.80	-
Meat packing plants		8.20		,	1		336.20	337.02	320.39	341.43	
Sausages and other prepared meats	2013	8.89	E .				349.38	366.33	332.64	358.43	
Poultry dressing plants		5.47	5.54	5.69			207.31	213.84	207.69	213.75	}
Dairy products		8.68		9.07	9.09		354.14	362.37	373.68	380.87	
Cheese, natural and processed		8.35		1			329.83	337.34	340.63	343.94	
Fluid milk	2026	8.83		9.38	1		369.09	374.78	393.96	401.38	
Preserved fruits and vegetables		7.72	1	8.10			298.76	297.60	306.99	304.84	
Canned specialties	2032	9.10	i	ı		J	374.92	375.15	361.92	368.99	
Canned fruits and vegetables	2033	7.90	7.84	8.22	8.11	1	302.57	302.62	315.65	313.05	ļ
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2037	7.20	7.17	7.67	7.39	1	275.76	271.03	289.16	285.25	
Grain mill products		10.02	1	10.27	1	j .	424.85	432.71	438.53	446.34	
Flour and other grain mill products		9.97	10.00	10.13			439.68	446.00	460.92	452.45	
Prepared feeds, nec	2048	7.49		7.95			317.58	318.43	336.29	340.75	
Delega and dete	205	9.34	1	9.65	II .		361.46	362.62	372.49	375.57	
Dakery Droducts				, 5.55		1					1
Bakery products  Bread, cake, and related products		9.32	9.40	9.63	9.64		355.09	359.08	366.90	370.18	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	Jur 198
Nondurable goods—Continued											<u> </u>
Food and kindred products—Continued	Ì				ļ			}			
Sugar and confectionery products	206	39.9	40.3	39.2	39.2		2.4	2.7	2.8	2.4	
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	41.9	42.0	42.3	42.5		3.7	3.8	5.7	4.3	
Confectionery products		38.9	39.5	37.5	37.4		1.8	2.2	1.8	1.9	
Fats and oils		43.2	43.1	42.3	42.7		5.1	5.1	4.6	5.0	
Beverages	208	40.3	41.5	40.9	41.7	-	3.5	4.5	4.0	4.4	1
Malt beverages	2082	42.9	43.6	43.0	44.6	-	5.3	5.9	5.8	6.0	
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	39.6	41.4	40.2	41.0		3.3	4.8	3.7	4.5	
Misc. food and kindred products	209	38.2	38.3	38.0	38.9		3.6	3.8	3.5	3.9	
Tobacco manufactures	21	39.6	40.6	34.9	37.2	37.3	1.3	2.4	.8	.7	
Cigarettes	211	39.9	41.0	33.8	36.8	-	1.4	2.7	.7	.5	
Textile mill products	22	40.1	40.4	38.4	39.0	39.7	3.4	3.5	2.8	2.8	
Weaving mills, cotton	221	39.5	40.4	38.9	38.0	-	3.6	3.8	3.9	3.2	ĺ
Weaving mills, synthetics		40.7	40.8	37.4	38.4		3.8	3.4	2.2	2.6	!
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		41.9	41.7	40.9	40.8		3.8	4.2	3.3	3.2	-
Narrow fabric mills		40.8	40.7	39.5	38.6		2.6	2.5	2.1	1.6	1
Knitting mills		38.5	38.9	36.6	38.3		2.4	2.7	1.8	2.1	ì
Women's hosiery, except socks	2251	37.9	38.5	36.4	38.7	1	2.1	2.2	1.8	2.2	
Hosiery, nec	2252	37.0	38.8	34.7	35.9	1	1.6	2.4	.9	1.3	į.
Knit outerwear mills	2253	37.8	37.8	36.0	38.3		2.3	2.5	1.7	2.2	
Knit underwear mills		38.3	38.4	34.9	36.5	I	1.7	1.7	1.0	.9	
Circular knit fabric mills		40.5	41.2	39.8	40.9	İ	3.2	4.1	3.3	3.7	1
Textile finishing, except wool	226	41.4	41.5	39.9	40.4		3.8	4.0	3.9	3.8	
Finishing plants, cotton		41.3	41.4	40.9	40.6		3.4	3.9	4.1	4.0	
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	40.9	40.8	37.4	40.2		4.1	4.0	3.7	4.0	Į
Floor covering mills	227	41.6	42.5	40.0	41.0		4.6	4.9	3.4	3.4	
Yarn and thread mills		40.2	39.9	38.3	39.2		3.4	3.3	3.0	3.0	
Yarn mills, except wool	2281	40.7	40.4	38.1	39.7		3.8	3.6	3.0	3.3	1
Throwing and winding mills		37.6	37.4	38.2	37.2		2.5	2.7	3.3	2.5	Ì
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	42.6	42.8	41.1	41.4		4.1	4.3	3.3	3.0	
Apparel and other textile products		36.5	36.8	35.4	36.2	36.6	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.2	
Men's and boys' suits and coats		36.6	36.4	34.1	34.0	-	1.0	1.1	.5	.6	1
Men's and boys' furnishings		37.5	38.1	35.6	36.9		1.3	1.5	.9	1.2	1
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		37.2	38.1	34.8	36.6		1.2	1.4	.6	1.1	ì
Men's and boys' separate trousers		37.3	37.8	33.8	35.6		1.3	1.5	1.0	1.0	
Men's and boys' work clothing		37.7	38.1	37.2	37.5		1.2	1.5	1.2	1.5	ļ
Women's and misses' outerwear		34.5	34.6	34.1	34.6		1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	1
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		34.7	35.1	33.9	34.6		1.0	1.1	.8	1.0	
Women's and misses' dresses		32.8	32.5	32.9	33.1	1	.9	.8	.9	.9	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		34.1	35.5	33.1	34.1		1.2	1.2	.6	.8	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		35.8	35 8	35.3	1		1.6	1.4	1.2	1	1
Women's and children's undergarments  Women's and children's underwear		36.9 36.9	37.1 37.2	34.9 34.6	36.2	1	1.3	1.3	.8	1.1	
Brassieres and allied garments		37.2	36.7	34.6		1	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.1	1
Children's outerwear		36.4	37.3	34.6			.9	1.5	1.4	1.4	
Children's dresses and blouses		36.4	36.6	33.6			1.0	1.5	.7	1.2	
Misc. apparel and accessories		37.7	37.5	36.9			1.3	1.3	1.0	1	- 1
Misc. fabricated textile products		38.7	39.0	38.5			2.4	2.4	2.1		- 1
Curtains and draperies		37.7	37.7	36.7	1		1.6	1.3	.4		- 1
House furnishings, nec		37.9	37.9	37.1		1	2.1	2.0	2.0		•
Automotive and apparel trimmings		41.1	42.3	41.2		1	3.9	4.9	4.2	1	1
Paper and allied products	26	42.9	43.1	42.8	42.8	43.0	4.8	4.9	4.6	4.4	
Paper and pulp mills		45.0	45.0	45.4	1	1	6.7		6.6		
Paper mills, except building paper		44.9	45.2	45.6			6.5		6.6	1	
Paperboard mills		44.3	44.4	44.3	-		7.6		7.3	1	1
Misc. converted paper products		41.1	41.4	41.4		1	2.9		2.9		
Paper coating and glazing		41.7	42.1	42.6	I .		2.9	1	2.6	i	
Envelopes		41.0	41.0	41.4	_	1	2.7		3.0		
Bags, except textile bags		41.9	42.2	41.3			3.5		3.2		,
Paperboard containers and boxes		42.2	42.5	41.3	1	1	4.0	1	3.7		
Folding paperboard boxes		42.5	43.0	41.6		1	4.1	4.4	3.5		
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		42.8	43.0	41.7			4.5		4.0	1	
Sanitary food containers	<b>I</b>	42.6	1	42.0		1	4.3	1	4.3		

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985 <sup>6</sup>	<b>M</b> ay 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued											
Sugar and confectionery products		\$8.46	\$8.50	\$8.85	\$8.89		\$337.55	\$342.55	\$346.92	\$348.49	
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	9.88	10.01	10.35	10.34		413.97	420.42	437.81	439.45	
Confectionery products	2065	7.37	7.42	7.65	7.71		286.69	293.09	286.88	288.35	
Fats and oils	207	9.01	9.00	8.90	8.86		389.23	387.90	376.47	378.32	!
Beverages		10.83	10.84	11.18	11.22		436.45	449.86	457.26	467.87	
Malt beverages	2082	15.11	15.09	15.65	15.72		648.22	657.92	672.95	701.11	}
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	8.26	8.44	8.56	8.64		327.10	349.42	344.11	354.24	
Misc. food and kindred products	209	7.71	7.60	7.66	7.66		294.52	291.08	291.08	297.97	
Tobacco manufactures		11.65	12.00	12.16	12.68	\$12.88	461.34	487.20	424.38	471.70	\$480.4
Cigarettes	211	13.52	13.86	14.34	14.67	-	539.45	568.26	484.69	539.86	-
Textile mill products	22	6.43	6.44	6.70	6.69	6.69	257.84	260.18	257.28	260.91	265.5
Weaving mills, cotton		6.73	6.76	7.06	7.00	-	265.84	273.10	274.63	266.00	-
Weaving mills, synthetics	222	6.93	6.91	7.15	7.12		282.05	281.93	267.41	273.41	
Weaving and finishing mills, wool	223	6.80	6.84	6.99	7.01		284.92	285.23	285.89	286.01	
Narrow fabric mills	224	6.03	6.08	6.29	6.36	ĺ	246.02	247.46	248.46	245.50	
Knitting mills	225	5.86	5.87	6.13	6.19	1	225.61	228.34	224.36	237.08	
Women's hosiery, except socks		5.65	5.64	5.91	6.02		214.14	217.14	215.12	232.97	
Hosiery, nec		5.56	5.61	5.78	5.81		205.72	217.67	200.57	208.58	
Knit outerwear mills		5.78	5.77	6.09	6.22		218.48	218.11	219.24	238.23	
Knit underwear mills	2254	5.55	5.52	5.70	5.67		212.57	211.97	198.93	206.96	
Circular knit fabric mills	2257	6.47	6.54	6.82	6.83		262.04	269.45	271.44	279.35	
Textile finishing, except wool	226	6.74	6.77	7.08	7.09		279.04	280.96	282.49	286.44	i
Finishing plants, cotton		6.84	6.85	7.12	7.11		282.49	283.59	291.21	288.67	ļ
Finishing plants, synthetics		7.20	7.32	7.60			294.48	298.66	284.24	304.31	ļ
Floor covering mills		6.58	6.59	6.94	6.86	ł	273.73	280.08	277.60	281.26	İ
Yarn and thread mills		6.05	6.04	6.24	6.21		243.21	241.00	238.99	243.43	i
Yarn mills, except wool		6.06	6.03	6.22		(	246.64	243.61	236.98	246.14	ì
Throwing and winding mills		5.90	5.91	6.22	6.16		221.84	221.03	237.60	229.15	
Miscellaneous textile goods		7.11	7.18	7.48	1		302.89	307.30	307.43	308.02	
Apparel and other textile products	23	5.50	5.53	5.74	5.69	5.70	200.75	203.50	203.20	205.98	208.6
Men's and boys' suits and coats		6.37	6.59	6.75			233.14	239.88	230.18	226.44	
Men's and boys' furnishings		5.06	5.06	5.28			189.75	192.79	187.97	193.73	
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		4.87	4.85	5.05			181.16	184.79	175.74	184.10	
Men's and boys' separate trousers		5.18	5.14	5.39			193.21	194.29	182.18	188.68	
Men's and boys' work clothing		5.07	5.09	5.30	1	1	191.14	193.93	197.16	198.00	
Women's and misses' outerwear		5.43	5.43	5.61	5.58		187.34	187.88	191.30	193.07	
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		5.01	5.00	5.10		1	173.85	175.50	172.89	176.11	
Women's and misses' dresses		5.66	5.68	5.90		1	185.65	184.60	194.11	189.99	ì
Women's and misses' suits and coats	<b>I</b>	6.11	6.10	6.40	1		208.35	216.55	211.84	221.31	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		5.20	5.18	5.37			186.16	185.44	189.56	191.53	
Women's and children's undergarments		5.03	4.99	5.34			185.61	185.13	186.37	191.86	
Women's and children's underwear		4.91	4.88	5.23			181.18	181.54	180.96	187.36	
Brassieres and allied garments		5.61	5.51	5.83			208.69	202.22	212.80	214.54	1
Children's outerwear		4.91	4.96	5.06	1		178.72		175.08	185.13	
Children's dresses and blouses	1	4.89	4.91	4.93	1	1	176.72	179.71	165.65	177.63	1
Misc. apparel and accessories		5.33	5.32	5.52			200.94	199.50	203.69	203.31	
Misc. fabricated textile products		6.57	6.63	6.86			254.26	258.57	264.11	261.42	1
Curtains and draperies		5.22	5.18	5.33			196.79	195.29	195.61	193.20	İ
House furnishings, nec		5.58	5.61	5.88			211.48	212.62	218.15	221.51	1
Automotive and apparel trimmings		10.20	10.41	10.61	L .		419.22	440.34	437.13	423.96	
Paper and allied products	26	10.30	10.38	10.72	10.74	10.75	441.87	447.38	458.82	459.67	462.2
Paper and pulp mills		12.20	12.39	12.86	1		549.00	557.55	583.84	582.75	702.2
Paper mills, except building paper		12.21	12.41	12.92			548.23	560.93	589.15	588.56	
Paperboard mills		12.80	12.41	13.47	1	I	567.04	572.32	596.72	597.08	1
		9.00	9.01	9.25				E .			
Misc. converted paper products		1					369.90	373.01	382.95	384.38	1
Paper coating and glazing		10.36	10.37	10.62	1		432.01	436.58	452.41	449.86	
Envelopes		8.27	8.27	8.51			339.07	339.07	352.31	350.61	l
Bags, except textile bags		8.48	8.46	8.74			355.31	357.01	360.96	365.71	
Paperboard containers and boxes		8.88	8.94	9.13			374.74	379.95	377.07	379.81	
Folding paperboard boxes		9.20		9.36			391.00	396.89	389.38	393.54	1
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		9.15	9.23	9.42	1	i	391.62	396.89	392.81	396.68	
Sanitary food containers	2654	8.63	8.62	8.86	8.84	1	367.64	374.11	372.12	376.58	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	Jun-
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Printing and publishing	27	37.8	37.6	37.5	37.3	37.4	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.3	
Newspapers	271	34.2	33.9	33.5	33.5	- 1	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.6	İ
Periodicals	272	37.5	37.2	37.8	37.4		2.4	2.2	2.6	1.9	
Books		39.9	38.6	39.5	39.3		3.2	2.3	2.5	2.7	
Book publishing		37.9	36.6	39.5	38.7		1.9	1.2	2.6	2.5	
Book printing		42.7	41.3	39.4	40.2		5.0	3.9	2.4	3.0	
Miscellaneous publishing  Commercial printing		36.7 38.8	36.8 38.6	37.1 38.7	35.5 38.3	_	1.7 3.1	1.7 2.9	2.2 2.9	2.3 2.6	
Commercial printing		38.5	38.5	38.6	37.7	_	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.0	
Commercial printing, letterpress		38.9	38.5	38.5	38.4		3.2	2.9	3.0	2.8	
Manifold business forms		41.2	41.4	40.1	40.2		3.0	3.5	3.0	2.8	
Blankbooks and bookbinding		39.2	39.5	38.1	38.3		2.1	2.3	2.0	1.8	
Printing trade services		38.9	39.1	38.3	39.2		3.9	3.5	3.2	3.4	
Chemicals and allied products		41.8	42.0	41.9	41.9	42.1	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3	
Industrial inorganic chemicals		42.3	42.3	41.9	41.8	-	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.4	
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		42.5	42.4	42.0	41.6		3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	
Plastics materials and synthetics		42.2	42.3	42.3	42.6		3.5	3.7	3.4	3.8	
Plastics materials and resins  Organic fibers, noncellulosic		43.3 41.8	43.6 41.7	43.5 42.1	43.3 43.3		4.8 2.7	5.1 2.4	4.5 2.9	4.3 3.8	
Drugs		40.1	40.7	40.8	40.7		2.7	2.4	2.9	2.4	
Pharmaceutical preparations		40.2	40.5	40.9	40.7		2.3	2.6	2.5	2.3	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		40.8	41.1	40.6	40.5		2.4	2.8	2.5	2.2	
Soap and other detergents		43.8	43.7	43.7	42.9		4.3	4.8	4.2	3.6	1
Toilet preparations		39.1	39.4	38.6	38.8		1.4	1.6	1.6	1.4	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		40.6	41.6	41.0	41.1		2.2	2.9	2.2	2.2	
Paints and allied products	285	41.9	42.2	41.7	41.7		3.1	3.3	3.7	3.7	
Industrial organic chemicals		43.3	43.2	43.5	43.3		4.0	4.1	3.8	3.8	
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	42.9	42.5	43.4	43.6		4.0	4.5	4.3	4.3	-
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec.		43.4	43.4	43.5	43.2		4.0	4.0	3.7	3.6	1
Agricultural chemicals	287 289	42.7 41.5	43.2 41.6	43.3 41.7	43.3 42.0		5.1 3.2	4.6 3.1	4.8 3.5	4.9 3.1	
Petroleum and coal products	20	43.6	43.6	42.0	41.6	41.9	4.2	4.4	4.1	4.0	
Petroleum refining		43.6	43.2	41.8	41.3		3.8	3.6	3.9	3.7	
Paving and roofing materials		44.7	45.8	43.2	43.1		6.2	7.7	5.3	5.7	
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	41.7	41.9	40.9	40.8	41.1	3.7	3.8	3.4	3.2	
	301	44.7	45.0	42.8	41.5	-	4.6	5.2	3.6	3.3	
Rubber and plastics footwearReclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	302	40.0	40.0	33.8	34.5		3.1	2.9	1.0	1.1	
and belting		42.4	43.0	40.7	41.8		3.9	3.7	2.5	2.9	
Fabricated rubber products, nec		41.6	41.7	41.0	40.8		3.3	3.4	3.1	2.8	t
Miscellaneous plastics products	307	41.3	41.5	40.7	40.8		3.7	3.8	3.5	3.3	
Leather and leather products		36.9	37.7	36.9	37.2	37.7	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.4	
Leather tanning and finishing		39.9	40.5	41.2	41.3	-	3.0	3.4	3.4	1	i i
Footwear, except rubber		36.4	37.2	36.4	36.8		1.0	1.4	1.2	3	
Men's footwear, except athletic		36.4	37.2	35.9	35.8		1.0	1.1	1.0	1	
Women's footwear, except athletic Luggage		36.3 38.1	37.4	36.5	37.3 38.4		1.1	1.8	1.4	1	i
Handbags and personal leather goods		36.6	38.7 37.1	38.3 36.0	35.9		2.6 1.2	2.8 1.3	1.4		
ransportation and public utilities		39.2	39.8	39.2	39.2	39.8					
Railroad transportation:											
Class I railroads <sup>2</sup>	. 4011	42.8	44.4	42.8	42.5						
Local and interurban passenger transit	. 41	34.3	34.2	33.5	34.5					1	1
Local and suburban transportation		38.1	38.4	38.7	38.2	ł.	1				
Intercity highway transportation		38.3	38.5	38.5	38.1						
Trucking and warehousing	. 42	38.8	39.4	38.1	38.6				ļ	1	
Trucking and trucking terminals	. 421.3	38.9	39.5	38.1	38.6	1				-	-
Public warehousing		38.2	38.9	38.1	37.7	1					i
Pipe lines, except natural gas	. 46	38.9	40.3	40.4	41.2						

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Printing and publishing		\$9.33	\$9.31	\$9.60	\$9.60	\$9.61	\$352.67	\$350.06		\$358.08	\$359.4
Newspapers		9.47	9.44	9.75	9.77	-	323.87	320.02	326.63	327.30	-
Periodicals		9.96	9.96	10.05	10.11		373.50	370.51	379.89	378.11	
Books		8.36	8.50	8.38	8.41		333.56	328.10	331.01	330.51	
Book publishing		8.04	8.23	7.90	8.02		304.72	301.22	312.05	310.37	
Book printing		8.74	8.84	9.11	8.99		373.20	365.09	358.93	361.40	
Miscellaneous publishing		8.40	8.41	8.65	8.80	-	308.28	309.49	320.92	312.40	
Commercial printing		9.58	9.55	9.92	9.90		371.70	368.63	383.90	379.17	
Commercial printing, letterpress		9.16	9.04	9.42	9.42	-	352.66	348.04	363.61	355.13	
Commercial printing, lithographic		9.75	9.77	10.15	10.08		379.28	376.15	390.78	387.07	
Manifold business forms		9.44	9.57	9.85	9.85	-	388.93	396.20	394.99	395.97	İ
Blankbooks and bookbinding		7.45	7.42	7.68	7.62		292.04	293.09	292.61	291.85	
Printing trade services	. 279	11.33	11.22	11.52	11.33		440.74	438.70	441.22	444.14	
Chemicals and allied products	. 28	10.99	11.00	11.48	11.46	11.51	459.38	462.00	481.01	480.17	484.57
Industrial inorganic chemicals	. 281	12.16	12.21	12.64	12.73	-	514.37	516.48	529.62	532.11	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		12.14	12.22	12.64	12.78		515.95	518.13	530.88	531.65	
Plastics materials and synthetics		10.96	11.04	11.64	11.59		462.51	466.99	492.37	493.73	
Plastics materials and resins		11.96	11.95	12.55	12.59		517.87	521.02	545.93	545.15	1
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		10.54	10.64	11.37	11.14		440.57	443.69	478.68	482.36	
Drugs		10.24	10.22	10.66	10.69		410.62	415.95	434.93	435.08	
Pharmaceutical preparations	. 2834	9.92	9.95	10.30	10.39		398.78	402.98	421.27	423.91	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	. 284	9.85	9.84	10.18	10.17		401.88	404.42	413.31	411.89	
Soap and other detergents		12.71	12.86	13.03	13.06		556.70	561.98	569.41	560.27	
Toilet preparations		8.18	8.06	8.63	8.58	ļ	319.84	317.56	333.12	332.90	1
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		9.34	9.42	9.60	9.66		379.20	391.87	393.60	397.03	
Paints and allied products		9.68	9.75	10.09	10.03		405.59	411.45	420.75	418.25	
Industrial organic chemicals		13.42	1	13.97	13.87		581.09	578.88	607.70	600.57	
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		12.72	12.81	13.33	13.28		545.69	544.43	578.52	579.01	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec		13.62		14.17	14.05		591.11	588.94	616.40	606.96	
Agricultural chemicals		10.40		10.59	10.64		444.08	452.74	458.55	460.71	
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	9.93	9.97	10.53	10.47		412.10	414.75	439.10	439.74	
Petroleum and coal products	29	13.31	13.32	14.18	14.02	14.03	580.32	580.75	595.56	583.23	587.86
Petroleum refining		14.48	1	15.51	15.33		631.33	627.70	648.32	633.13	-
Paving and roofing materials		9.89		10.30	10.45	-	442.08	458.00	444.96	450.40	
Bubbas and miss, planting graduate	20	0.00	0.24	0.40	0.46	0.40	240.77	245 26	246.00	045 17	248.04
Rubber and misc. plastics products		8.22		8.48	8.46	8.49	1	345.26	346.83	345.17	348.94
Tires and inner tubes		12.87	12.89	12.90	12.95	-	575.29	580.05	552.12	537.43	-
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	5.27	5.30	5.41	5.47	-	210.80	212.00	182.86	188.72	
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose and belting	202.4	8.36	8.37	8.28	8.35		354.46	359.91	337.00	349.03	
Fabricated rubber products, nec		8.04	8.09	8.34		1	334.46	337.35	341.94	337.82	
Miscellaneous plastics products		7.58	i	7.87	7.87	]	313.05	315.40	320.31	321.10	
, ,									1		
Leather and leather products		5.68		5.84			1	213.76	215.50	217.25	219.79
Leather tanning and finishing		7.46					297.65	302.13	318.06	318.01	_
Footwear, except rubber	314	5.40			5.52		196.56 207.48	200.51	201.66	203.14	
Men's footwear, except athletic	3143	5.70			5.92		1	211.67	212.89	211.94	1
Women's footwear, except athletic	1	5.20					188.76	194.85	191.99	197.32	i
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		6.28 5.55	{		II .		239.27	239.94 206.65	250.10 198.72	246.91 205.71	
Transportation and public utilities		10.99			11.24	11.28		438.99	441.78	440.61	448.9
·		}									
Railroad transportation:  Class I railroads <sup>2</sup>	4011	13.18	13.31	13.62	13.48		564.10	590.96	582.94	572.90	
Local and interrubes passes to a six	144	7.50	7 70	7.00	7.50		050.00	260.01	055.04	250.44	
Local and interurban passenger transit		7.53	j .	J	1	1	258.28	263.34	255.61	259.44	
Local and suburban transportation		8.18	1		1	1	311.66	310.27	311.15	307.13	
Intercity highway transportation	413	11.48	11.80	11.25	11.17		439.68	454.30	433.13	425.58	
Trucking and warehousing	42	10.51	10.45	10.49	10.51		407.79	411.73	399.67	405.69	
Trucking and trucking terminals		10.68	10.61	10.66	10.67	1	415.45	419.10	406.15	411.86	
Public warehousing		7.89	1	1	1	1	301.40	308.48	309.75	308.01	
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	14.77	14.71	15.18	15.11		574.55	592.81	613.27	622.53	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtin	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985
Fransportation and public utilities—Continued											
Communication	48	39.7	40.1	39.7	39.8						
Telephone communication		40.1	40.7	40.5	40.6			Į.			
Radio and television broadcasting		37.2	37.4	36.9	37.1						
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	41.3	41.6	41.6	41.5						
Electric services		41.6	41.8	41.7	41.4						1
Gas production and distribution		40.8	41.1	40.6	40.4			-			l
Combination utility services		41.2	42.0	42.4	42.4			İ			!
Sanitary services		42.1	42.0	41.3	42.0						
Wholesale trade		38.6	38.7	38.4	38.8	39.0					
Directly and	50	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0				ļ		İ
Durable goods		39.2	39.3	39.0	39.2	,		İ			
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		39.2	39.4	38.4	38.4				l		
Furniture and home furnishings		37.7	37.8	37.0	37.1			-			
Lumber and construction materials		39.2	39.5	39.4	40.1						
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		38.4	38.5	37.8	37.9						
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		40.5	40.9	40.2	40.3						1
Electrical goods		38.8	38.8	38.9	39.1			İ			
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		38.8	38.6	38.4	39.0						
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		39.5	39.8	39.6	39.7						
Miscellaneous durable goods	509	38.2	38.2	37.8	37.9						
Nondurable goods	51	37.8	37.9	37.6	38.1						
Paper and paper products		36.8	37.2	37.8	38.2						
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		37.3	37.3	37.1	37.5		]				
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		36.4	36.3	35.6	35.4				ļ.		
		38.3	38.7	38.0	38.8			}		İ	ĺ
Groceries and related products		39.0	39.0	39.0	1						
Chemicals and allied products		39.3			39.9 39.4	ļ			i		
Petroleum and petroleum products			39.1	39.6		i					
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		36.1 38.0	36.6 37.4	36.1 37.3	36.1 38.3						
Retail trade		30.0	30.4	29.4	29.8	30.2					
Building materials and garden supplies	52	36.4	37.0	36.2	36.7						
Lumber and other building materials	52	38.2	39.1	38.2	38.6						
Hardware stores		32.8	33.5	32.9	33.5						
Canada a santantia atau	50	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.0			ĺ			
General merchandise stores		29.3	29.9	28.6	29.2						
Department stores		29.3	29.9	28.5	29.2						İ
Variety stores Misc. general merchandise stores		29.0 30.1	29.6 30.7	29.3 29.4	29.7 29.5						
•											
Food stores		30.6	31.4	29.8	30.2						
Grocery stores Retail bakeries		30.7 28.5	31.6 28.7	29.9 28.2	30.4 28.5						
Automotive dealers and service stations		37.1	37.4	37.1	37.2			1			
New and used car dealers		38.0	38.3	37.9	38.0				1		
Auto and home supply stores		40.2	40.4	40.4	40.2		İ				
Gasoline service stations	554	34.3	34.7	34.4	34.7						
Apparel and accessory stores	56	27.8	28.5	27.5	27.7						
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		30.3	31.2	30.5	30.9				1		
Women's ready-to-wear stores		27.0	27.6	26.8	26.8					1	
Family clothing stores		28.2	28.8	27.4	27.6					1	
Shoe stores		27.2	28.6	26.6	26.9						
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	34.0	34.4	33.7	34.3						
Furniture and home furnishings stores		34.1	34.4	33.8	34.2				1	1	
Household appliance stores		34.5	35.0	34.3	35.3	}	1			1	
Radio, television, and music stores		33.6		33.3							
	58			1	1		1	1			

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Communication	48	\$11.08	\$11.11	\$11.52	\$11.51		\$439.88			\$458.10	
Telephone communication	. 481	11.67	11.72	12.22	12.22		467.97	477.00	494.91	496.13	
Radio and television broadcasting	483	9.67	9.60	10.11	10.04	-	359.72	359.04	373.06	372.48	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	12.05	12.05	12.67	12.71		497.67	501.28	527.07	527.47	•
Electric services	491	12.14	12.17	12.78	12.87		505.02	508.71	532.93	532.82	
Gas production and distribution	. 492	11.08	10.90	11.60	11.58		452.06	447.99	470.96	467.83	
Combination utility services		13.99	14.07	14.76	14.80		576.39	590.94	625.82	627.52	
Sanitary services	495	9.16	9.20	9.33	9.28		385.64	386.40	385.33	389.76	
Wholesale trade		8.88	8.91	9.24	9.24	\$9.27	342.77	344.82	354.82	358.51	\$361.5
Durable goods	50	8.85	8.89	9.30	9.32		346.92	349.38	362.70	365.34	
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		8.12	8.09	8.42	8.47		318.30	318.75	323.33	325.25	
Furniture and home furnishings		7.87	7.93	8.22	8.25		296.70	299.75	304.14	306.08	
Lumber and construction materials		8.48	8.47	8.67	8.68		332.42	334.57	341.60	348.07	
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		9.44	9.72	10.00	9.95	ŀ	362.50	374.22	378.00	377.11	}
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		9.61	9.62	9.92	9.97		389.21	393.46	398.78	401.79	
Electrical goods		9.17	9.18	9.74	9.89	•	355.80	356.18	378.89	386.70	
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		8.38	8.43	8.70	8.72		325.14	325.40	334.08	340.08	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		9.27	9.35	9.83	9.80		366.17	372.13	389.27	389.06	
Miscellaneous durable goods	509	7.49	7.48	7.57	7.52		286.12	285.74	286.15	285.01	
Nondurable goods	51	8.92	8.95	9.15	9.14	ļ	337.18	339.21	344.04	348.23	
Paper and paper products		9.65	9.51	9.89	9.87		355.12	353.77	373.84	377.03	
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		9.63	9.81	9.95	9.86	ì	359.20	365.91	369.15	369.75	
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		8.63	8.60	8.98	8.94		314.13	312.18	319.69	316.48	
Groceries and related products		9.13	9.12	9.38	9.43		349.68	352.94	356.44	365.88	
Chemicals and allied products		10.29	10.45	11.24	11.03		401.31	407.55	438.36	440.10	Ì
		9.99	9.98	9.89	9.75		392.61	390.22	391.64	384.15	
Petroleum and petroleum products		10.71	10.76	10.87	10.98		386.63	393.82	392.41	396.38	
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		7.25	7.26	7.41	7.41		275.50	271.52	276.39	283.80	
Retail trade		5.87	5.87	5.96	5.97	5.94	176.10	178.45	175.22	177.91	179.39
Building materials and garden supplies	52	6.43	6.43	6.57	6.60	}	234.05	237.91	237.83	242.22	
Lumber and other building materials	521	6.73	6.70				257.09	261.97	263.20	267.88	[
Hardware stores		5.57	5.59	1	1		182.70	187.27	188.52	189.95	
General merchandise stores	53	5.73	5.67	5.85	5.92	]	167.89	169.53	167.31	172.86	
Department stores		5.94	5.88				174.04	175,81	172.71	179.29	
Variety stores	533	4.50	4.45	4.62			130.50	131.72	135.37	137.51	
Misc. general merchandise stores	539	4.60	4.54	4.73			138.46	139.38	139.06	140.42	
Food stores	54	7.66	7.63	7.43	7.42		234.40	239.58	221.41	224.08	1
Grocery stores		7.94	7.91	7.66			243.76	249.96	229.03	232.26	
Retail bakeries		5.27	5.35	5.30			150.20	153.55	149.46	150.77	
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	7.15	7.22	7.35	7.37	1	265.27	270.03	272.69	274.16	
New and used car dealers		8.61	8.77	8.94	8.99		327.18	335.89	338.83	341.62	
Auto and home supply stores		6.45			6.46		259.29	260.98	258.96	259.69	
Gasoline service stations		5.26		)	į.		180.42	181.83	183.01	183.56	
Apparel and accessory stores	56	5.13	5.12	5.30	5.32		142.61	145.92	145.75	147.36	
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		5.87	1				177.86	181.58	193.37	194.36	
Women's ready-to-wear stores		4.93			1	i	133.11	135.79	135.34	135.61	
Family clothing stores		4.96					139.87	143.42	140.84	143.80	
Shoe stores		5.21	5.19				141.71	148.43	140.71	143.38	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	6.87	6.90	7.29	7.31		233.58	237.36	245.67	250.73	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	6.82			7.29	1	232.56	234.95	245.73	249.32	
Household appliance stores		7.05	1				243.23	246.40	247.65	254.51	1
Radio, television, and music stores		6.89	1		1	1	231.50	238.70	245.09	252.34	
Eating and drinking places <sup>3</sup>			4.32	1			114.22	115.34		114.06	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours			Averag	e overtim	ne hours	<del></del>
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985
Retail trade—Continued											
Miscellaneous retail	∣59	31.3	31.4	30.6	31.1			l			1
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	29.4	30.4	29.6	29.9				ļ	}	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		29.5	30.0	28.5	28.9				1	1	}
Nonstore retailers		33.6	33.7	33.2	33.4					1	
Fuel and ice dealers		37.4	37.7	38.1	37.4			}	į		
Retail stores, nec		34.1	32.7	32.3	33.7			}			
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>4</sup>		36.3	36.3	36.4	36.3	36.7					
Banking	60	36.4	36.4	36.5	36.2						
Commercial and stock savings banks	602	36.3	36.4	36.5	36.2						
Credit agencies other than banks	61	36.9	36.8	37.3	37.2						
Savings and loan associations		36.3	36.5	37.0	36.9		ł	}			
Personal credit institutions		36.8	36.8	37.4	37.4						
Insurance carriers	63	37.2	37.2	37.2	37.2						
Life insurance	631	37.0	37.0	37.0	36.8		1		1	}	
Medical service and health insurance		37.8	37.8	38.1	38.3	,			1		
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		36.9	37.0	37.0	36.9			Ì		1	
Services		32.7	32.9	32.6	32.7	33.1					
Hotels and other lodging places:	İ										1
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts <sup>3</sup>	701	30.9	31.4	30.3	30.7		ļ				
Personal services:				!		ļ					
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	34.5	34.1	34.1	34.6	1				İ	ì
Beauty shops <sup>3</sup>	723	29.6	29.6	30.5	30.7	1					ł
Business services	73	33.5	33.7	33.6	33.8						
Advertising	731	35.9	36.0	35.9	36.0	ļ	1	1		1	ì
Services to buildings		28.9	29.2	28.7	29.1	ļ					
Computer and data processing services		38.6	38.6	38.3	38.3					}	
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	38.3	38.4	37.5	37.8				Ì		
Automotive repair shops		39.5	39.5	38.9	39.1	}			ļ		
Miscellaneous repair services	76	38.5	38.9	38.1	38.9						
Motion pictures	78	28.5	29.7	29.2	27.9						
Motion picture production and services	781	39.0	38.8	37.1	37.0						
Amusement and recreation services	79	29.7	31.2	28.7	28.7						
Health services	80	32.3	32.5	32.4	32.4						
Offices of physicians	801	30.7	30.8	30.4	30.7	1	1	1			1
Offices of dentists	802	28.6	28.6	28.4	28.5	1	1				
Nursing and personal care facilities		31.0	31.2	31.3	31.0	1	1	l			
Hospitals		33.9	34.1	34.2		}					
Legal services	81	34.5	34.6	34.4	34.3						
Miscellaneous services	89	38.7	38.8	39.9	39.2						
Engineering and architectural services		40.0	40.1	40.0	40.3			1			
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		37.1	37.3	41.0	-			1			1
Accounting, additing, and bookkeeping		37.1	37.3	41.0	30.0	ļ		1	1		i

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985⁰	June 1985°	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°
Retail trade—Continued											
Miscellaneous retail	59	\$5.81	\$5.81	\$5.97	\$5.97		\$181.85	\$182.43	\$182.68	\$185.67	
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	5.38	5.34	5.45	5.39		158.17	162.34	161.32	161.16	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	5.53	5.53	5.68	5.70		163.14	165.90	161.88	164.73	
Nonstore retailers	596	6.32	6.35	6.49	6.52		212.35	214.00	215.47	217.77	
Fuel and ice dealers	598	8.05	8.07	8.40	8.33		301.07	304.24	320.04	311.54	
Retail stores, nec	599	6.04	6.13	6.32	6.37		205.96	200.45	204.14	214.67	
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>4</sup>		7.55	7.58	7.85	7.84	\$7.91	274.07	275.15	285.74	284.59	\$290.30
Banking	60	6.48	6.53	6.75	6.75		235.87	237.69	246.38	244.35	
Commercial and stock savings banks	602	6.33	6.38	6.60	6.61		229.78	232.23	240.90	239.28	
Credit agencies other than banks	61	6.79	6.85	7.09	7.11		250.55	252.08	264.46	264.49	
Savings and loan associations		6.14	6.18	6.51	6.53		222.88	225.57	240.87	240.96	
Personal credit institutions		6.59	6.65	6.88	1		242.51	244.72	257.31	255.82	
Insurance carriers	63	8.49	8.46	8.55	8.57		315.83	314.71	318.06	318.80	
Life insurance		8.50	8.42	8.03	1	ļ	314.50	311.54	297.11	296.24	
Medical service and health insurance		8.19	8.18	8.61	8.66	Ì	309.58	309.20	328.04	331.68	
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		8.53	8.54	8.91	8.92	j	314.76	315.98	329.67	329.15	
Services		7.58	7.56	7.89	7.88	7.89	247.87	248.72	257.21	257.68	261.16
Hotels and other lodging places:									ĺ		
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts <sup>3</sup>	701	5.43	5.40	5.73	5.77		167.79	169.56	173.62	177.14	
Personal services:	ļ		·								
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	5.59	5.60	5.77	5.78		192.86	190.96	196.76	199.99	ļ
Beauty shops <sup>3</sup>	723	5.64	5.75	5.94	6.13		166.94	170.20	181.17	188.19	
Business services	73	7.90	7.91	8.16	8.19		264.65	266.57	274.18	276.82	)
Advertising		10.52	10.46	10.65			377.67	376.56	382.34	381.96	1
Services to buildings		6.17	6.16	6.26	I .		178.31	179.87	179.66	185.66	
Computer and data processing services	1	10.75	10.75	10.90	1		414.95	414.95	417.47	418.24	
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	7.13	7.12	7.38	7.44		273.08	273.41	276.75	281.23	
Automotive repair shops		7.71	7.73	8.00	1	i .	304.55	305.34	311.20	315.93	1
Miscellaneous repair services	76	8.90	8.74	8.81	8.80		342.65	339.99	335.66	342.32	
Motion pictures	78	10,91	10.20	11.72	10.86	_	310.94	302.94	342.22	302.99	_
Motion picture production and services		15.00	14.89	16.56	1	l .	585.00	577.73	614.38	565.36	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	6.72	6.52	7.36	7.14		199.58	203.42	211.23	204.92	
Health services	80	7.68	7.70	8.03	8.02	_	248.06	250.25	260.17	259.85	_
Offices of physicians		7.48	7.53	7.92			229.64	231.92	240.77	241.92	
Offices of dentists		7.35	1	7.68	1		210.21	211.93	218.11	219.17	
Nursing and personal care facilities		5.38	1	5.55	1		166.78	167.54	173.72	171.74	
Hospitals		8.48	1	8.93	1		287.47	290.19	305.41	304.17	
Legal services	81	9.64	9.80	10.30	10.25		332.58	339.08	354.32	351.58	
Miscellaneous services	89	11.07	11.04	11.39	11.54		428.41	428.35	454.46	452.37	
Engineering and architectural services		11.85			1		474.00	471.18	498.40		1
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		9.33	1	9.36			346.14	349.13	383.76		
··· g, ··· ·· g, ···· <del></del>	1				L			]			

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

division.

 $^{\rm p}=$  preliminary. NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1984 forward are subject to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Beginning in January 1978, data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

Money payments only; tips, not included.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from all series in this

<sup>-</sup> Data not available.

### C-3. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime' of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

Industry	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Manufacturing	\$8.77	\$8.78	\$9.13	\$9.13	\$9.14
Durable goods	9.29	9.31	9.64	9.67	9.68
Lumber and wood products	7.65	7.76	7.76	7.81	(²)
Furniture and fixtures	6.59	6.62	6.89	6.93	(²)
Stone, clay, and glass products	9.02	9.05	9.28	9.26	(²)
Primary metal industries	11.01	10.97	11.16	11.16	(†) (†) (†)
Fabricated metal products	8.98	8.97	9.27	9.26	(²)
Machinery, except electrical	9.50	9.51	9.80	9.84	(²)
Electrical and electronic equipment	8.63	8.65	9.13	9.15	(²)
Transportation equipment	11.46	11.54	11.96	11.99	(²)
Instruments and related products	8.51	8.56	8.87	8.88	(²)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	6.86	6.85	7.05	7.12	(²)
Nondurable goods	8.00	8.01	8.37	8.34	\$8.34
Food and kindred products	8.06	8.03	8.25	8.22	(²)
Tobacco manufactures	11.47	11.66	12.02	12.57	(²)
Textile mill products	6.17	6.17	6.47	6.46	(²)
Apparel and other textile products	5.40	5.42	5.66	5.60	(²)
Paper and allied products	9.76	9.83	10.18	10.21	(²)
Printing and publishing	9.01	9.01	9.29	9.31	(²)
Chemicals and allied products	10.58	10.58	11.04	11.03	(²) (²)
Petroleum and coal products	12.70	12.68	13.52	13.37	(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	7.87	7.88	8.14	8.14	(²)
Leather and leather products	5.58	5.55	5.74	5.73	(²)

<sup>1</sup> Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1984 forward are subject to revision.

#### C-4. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers'on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1977) dollars.

		Average	e hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	June 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	June 1985°
Total private:										
Current dollars	\$8.28	\$8.30	\$8.54	\$8.54	\$8.55	\$291.46	\$294.65	\$298.05	\$299.75	\$302.6
Constant (1977) dollars	4.92	4.92	4.89	4.88	(²)	173.18	174.66	170.80	171.19	(²)
Mining:					1					
Current dollars	11.61	11.62	11.93	11.87	\$11.92	501.55	507.79	516.57	515.16	\$513.7
Constant (1977) dollars	6.90	6.89	6.82	6.78	(²)	298.01	301.00	296.03	294.21	(²)
Construction:										
Current dollars	12.08	12.03	12.21	12.23	\$12.19	460.25	464.36	461.54	465.96	\$464.4
Constant (1977) dollars	7.18	7.13	6.99	6.98	(²)	273.47	275.26	264.49	266.11	(²)
Manufacturing:						'				
Current dollars	9.12	9.15	9.48	9.48	\$9.50	371.18	373.32	380.15	382.04	\$385.7
Constant (1977) dollars	5.42	5.42	5.43	5.41	(²)	220.55	221.29	217.85	218.18	(²)
Transportation and public utilities:										
Current dollars	10.99	11.03	11.27	11.24	\$11.28	430.81	438.99	441.78	440.61	\$448.9
Constant (1977) dollars	6.53	6.54	6.47	6.42	(²)	<b>25</b> 5. <b>98</b>	260.22	253.17	251.63	(²)
Wholesale trade:						1				
Current dollars	8.88	8.91	9.24	9.24	\$9.27	342.77	344.82	354.82	358.51	\$361.5
Constant (1977) dollars	5.27	5.28	5.29	5.28	(²)	203.67	204.40	203.34	204.75	(²)
Retail trade:							ļ			ļ
Current dollars	5.87	5.87	5.96	5.97	\$5.94	176.10	178.45	175.22	177.91	\$179.3
Constant (1977) dollars	3.49	3.48	3.41	3.41	(²)	104.63	105.78	100.41	101.60	(°)
Finance, insurance, and real estate:				į						
Current dollars	7.55	7.58	7.85	7.84	\$7.91	274.07	275.15	285.74	284.59	\$290.3
Constant (1977) dollars	4.48	4.49	4.52	4.48	(²)	162.85	163.10	163.75	162.53	(²)
Services:										
Current dollars	7.58	7.56	7.89	7.88	\$7.89	247.87	248.72	257.21	257.68	\$261.1
Constant (1977) dollars		4.48	4.51	4.50	(²)	147.28	147.43	147.40	147.16	(²)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

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NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced all unadjusted data from April 1984 forward are subject to revision.

Not available.

p = preliminary

Not available.

<sup>=</sup> preliminary.

C-5. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

1.1				1984						19	85		
Industry	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May⁵	June
Total private	35.3	35.3	35.2	35.3	35.2	35.2	35.2	35.1	35.1	35.2	35.0	35.1	35.2
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Construction	37.8	37.5	37.6	37.9	37.7	38.0	37.8	37.7	37.8	38.1	38.0	37.6	37.2
Manufacturing	40.6	40.5	40.5	40.6	40.5	40.5	40.6	40.6	40.1	40.4	40.2	40.3	40.4
Overtime hours	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.1	3.2
Durable goods	41.3	41.3	41.3	41.4	41.3	41.2	41.3	41.3	40.7	41.1	40.9	41.0	41.2
Overtime hours	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.2	3.3
Lumber and wood products	39.6	39.5	39.6	40.1	39.7	39.6	39.8	39.7	38.9	39.6	39.5	39.7	40.1
Furniture and fixtures	39.3	39.8	39.3	39.8	39.6	39.7	39.6	40.4	39.5	39.5	39.3	38.8	38.8
Stone, clay, and glass products	41.9	41.9	41.8	41.9	41.9	41.8	41.8	41.7	41.6	42.0	42.0	42.0	41.9
Primary metal industries	41.7	41.5	41.2	41.3	41.3	41.5	41.2	41.0	40.9	41.1	41.0	41.2	41.7
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	40.9	40.1	39.8	40.1	40.1	40.9	39.8	39.9	40.5	40.5	40.2	40.6	41.9
Fabricated metal products	41.3	41.3	41.2	41.4	41.3	41.1	41.4	41.4	40.9	41.1	41.1	41.1	41.2
Machinery, except electrical	42.0	41.9	42.0	42.0	41.9	41.8	41.7	41.7	41.1	41.6	41.2	41.4	41.8
Electrical and electronic equipment	40.9	40.9	41.0	41.1	40.9	40.9	41.0	40.8	40.2	40.7	40.2	40.3	40.3
Transportation equipment	42.5	42.3	42.6	42.8	42.6	42.4	42.8	43.1	41.9	42.5	42.3	42.7	42.6
Motor vehicles and equipment	43.4	42.9	43.5	43.7	43.5	43.5	44.0	44.3	42.4	43.2	43.3	43.6	43.0
Instruments and related products	41.3	41.3	41.2	41.5	41.3	41.4	41.8	41.2	40.7	41.0	40.7	40.9	41.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39.3	39.3	39.2	39.4	39.3	39.3	39.3	39.2	39.0	39.1	39.0	39.2	39.3
Nondurable goods	39.6	39.5	39.5	39.5	39.4	39.5	39.6	39.5	39.3	39.4	39.1	39.4	39.3
Overtime hours	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.0
Food and kindred products		39.7	39.7	39.7	39.7	39.7	40.1	39.8	39.7	39.8	39.6	40.1	39.7
Tobacco manufactures	39.4	38.3	38.9	38.3	38.7	39.0	38.8	38.3	39.2	38.9	35.4	37.1	36.2
Textile mill products	40.0	39.8	39.5	39.3	38.8	39.1	39.2	39.2	38.8	39.1	38.8	38.9	39.2
Apparel and other textile products	36.4	36.1	36.1	36.1	36.0	36.1	36.3	36.2	35.9	36.1	35.6	36.2	36.2
Paper and allied products	43.0	43.2	43.0	43.1	43.0	43.1	43.1	43.0	42.9	42.9	43.0	43.0	42.9
Printing and publishing	37.8	37.8	37.8	37.9	37.8	37.8	37.7	37.8	37.7	37.6	37.6	37.4	37.6
Chemicals and allied products	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.8	41.7	41.8	41.9	42.0	41.9	42.1	41.9	41.9	42.0
Petroleum and coal products	43.4	43.5	43.9	43.4	43.6	43.4	43.0	43.2	43.1	43.3	42.0	41.6	41.8
Rubber and misc. plastics products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Leather and leather products	36.7	36.9	36.2	36.5	36.6	36.6	36.9	36.8	36.4	37.1	37.0	36.9	36.7
Transportation and public utilities	39.6	39.7	39.4	39.8	39.2	39.4	39.3	39.3	39.4	39.5	39.4	39.4	39.6
Wholesale trade	38.6	38.6	38.7	38.7	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.7	38.6	38.8	38.9
Retail trade	30.1	30.0	29.9	29.9	29.8	29.9	29.9	29.8	29.8	29.8	29.7	29.9	29.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Services	32.8	32.8	32.7	32.8	32.8	32.8	32.9	32.7	32.8	32.8	32.7	32.8	32.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

<sup>2</sup> These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.  $\sp ^{\rm p} =$  preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### C-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

				1984						19	85		
Industry	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May <sup>o</sup>	June
Total private	112.8	113.1	113.2	113.9	113.9	114.5	115.0	115.0	115.1	115.7	115.6	116.2	116.5
Goods-producing	98.9	98.9	99.1	99.2	99.1	99.3	99.9	100.0	98.8	99.6	99.1	99.0	98.7
Mining	113.1	112.4	113.3	114.1	111.7	112.6	112.1	110.9	112.2	112.6	113.6	113.5	111.0
Construction	115.7	115.0	115.5	117.0	116.9	118.4	119.4	121.3	121.2	123.4	125.7	124.2	122.7
Manufacturing	95.0	95.2	95.2	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.5	95.3	93.9	94.3	93.3	93.5	93.5
Durable goods	94.1	94.5	94.9	95.0	95.0	94.8	95.4	95.2	93.3	93.9	92.8	92.9	92.9
Lumber and wood products	95.8	95.2	95.3	96.0	95.9	95.8	96.8	96.2	93.3	94.4	93.2	93.5	94.1
Furniture and fixtures	103.1	104.7	103.1	103.9	104.4	105.7	106.0	108.4	105.7	106.0	104.7	102.6	102.6
Stone, clay, and glass products	87.2	87.4	86.8	87.0	87.2	87.2	87.8	87.8	87.2	88.2	87.8	88.0	87.6
Primary metal industries	72.3	71.6	71.0	70.2	70.2	70.2	69.3	69.0	68.4	68.0	66.9	66.9	67.3
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	61.4	59.8	57.7	56.8	56.1	57.0	55.0	55.1	55.5	54.8	54.6	54.2	54.8
Fabricated metal products	90.9	91.6	91.7	92.0	92.2	92.0	92.9	92.7	91.4	91.6	91.5	91.4	91.4
Machinery, except electrical	95.0	95.7	96.3	96.2	96.5	95.9	95.6	95.1	93.3	94.1	92.5	92.9	93.1
Electrical and electronic equipment	111.3	112.0	112.8	113.2	112.9	112.7	112.7	111.8	109.4	109.8	106.6	106.3	105.6
Transportation equipment	93.9	94.2	96.4	96.0	95.7	95.1	97.6	98.8	95.6	96.9	97.5	98.2	97.8
Motor vehicles and equipment	88.5	87.9	92.4	90.4	90.5	90.9	94.0	95.2	89.3	90.2	91.4	91.6	89.9
Instruments and related products	107.7	108.0	107.4	108.5	108.0	108.5	109.6	107.7	106.7	107.2	105.9	105.9	105.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	84.2	84.5	84.8	85.0	85.4	85.1	84.8	83.9	82.9	82.8	81.7	82.1	82.6
Nondurable goods	96.3	96.2	95.7	95.1	95.1	95.3	95.7	95.6	94.7	95.0	94.1	94.2	94.4
Food and kindred products	96.5	96.8	96.1	95.7	96.0	96.3	98.0	97.6	97.3	98.0	97.1	98.5	98.6
Tobacco manufactures	89.5	87.0	88.3	88.7	89.7	90.4	89.9	90.5	90.8	88.3	82.0	84.2	83.9
Textile mill products	81.3	80.6	79.4	78.3	76.4	76.5	76.4	76.2	74.5	74.6	74.1	73.6	73.9
Apparel and other textile products	92.1	91.2	90.8	89.8	89.4	89.5	90.4	89.9	88.7	88.6	87.1	87.5	87.1
Paper and allied products		100.0	99.5	98.9	99.3	99.5	99.7	99.7	99.3	99.5	99.3	99.7	99.6
Printing and publishing		118.2	118.2	118.8	119.1	119.4	118.8	119.9	119.9	119.8	120.0	119.7	120.5
Chemicals and allied products		95.0	95.0	94.6	94.4	94.5	94.7	94.7	94.5	94.8	94.2	93.5	93.9
Petroleum and coal products	85.9	86.1	86.9	85.9	87.0	86.6	85.1	85.5	85.3	84.9	81.6	80.8	81.2
Rubber and misc. plastics products	111.3	111.2	111.0	110.4	111.6	112.5	112.7	112.4	110.4	111.1	109.6	109.0	109.3
Leather and leather products	73.7	74.6	70.5	69.7	69.5	68.5	68.6	67.5	65.9	66.7	66.1	65.9	65.1
Service-producing	120.6	121.0	121.0	122.0	122.1	122.9	123.4	123.3	124.0	124.6	124.7	125.7	126.4
Transportation and public utilities	105.6	106.0	105.7	107.0	105.7	106.5	106.5	106.7	107.2	107.6	107.5	108.1	109.0
Wholesale trade	114.3	114.9	115.5	116.3	116.5	116.8	117.3	117.7	117.9	118.6	118.8	119.7	120.4
Retail trade	113.5	113.7	113.7	114.1	114.5	115.8	116.0	115.9	116.4	116.8	116.7	118.1	118.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	124.3	125.2	124.9	125.9	125.6	126.0	126.7	126.1	126.8	127.7	127.8	128.0	130.1
Services	133.0	133.4	133.5	134.9	135.5	136.1	137.0	136.8	137.9	138.7	138.9	139.7	140.4

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision.

p = preliminary.

C-7. The Hourly Earnings Index and average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls, seasonally adjusted

lando esta c				1984						19	85		
Industry	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May⁵	June
					Hou	rly Earnir	ngs Index	²(1977=	100)				,
Total private (in current dollars)	160.5	161.0	160.8	161.7	161.6	162.3	163.4	163.0	164.0	164.4	164.8	165.0	165.4
Mining	(°)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Construction	148.1	147.9	147.7	147.9	147.7	147.6	148.9	149.2	150.8	149.9	150.4	150.6	150.8
Manufacturing	162.5	163.1	163.5	163.7	164.1	164.7	165.4	166.3	166.9	167.4	167.9	168.5	168.6
Transportation and public utilities	161.9	162.4	161.6	162.3	162.8	162.9	164.1	163.5	164.2	165.4	165.0	165.1	165.6
Wholesale trade	(³)	( <sup>3</sup> )	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	( <sup>3</sup> )	(³)	(3)	(3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	(³)
Retail trade	153.9	154.2	153.7	154.0	154.0	155.2	155.6	154.5	155.4	155,5	155.6	155.9	156.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(³)	( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> )	(³)	(3)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	(3)	(³)
Services	162.7	163.6	163.1	164.8	164.1	164.9	166.7	164.9	166.2	167.2	167.8	167.8	169.0
Total private (in constant dollars)4	95.2	95.2	94.2	94.3	94.1	94.5	94.9	94.5	94.7	94.5	94.4	94.3	( <sup>5</sup> )
					l	Average	hourly e	earnings			1	L	J
Total private	\$8.32	\$8.35	\$8.35	\$8.40	\$8.38	\$8.42	\$8.47	\$8.44	\$8.49	c\$8.52	\$8.54	\$8.55	\$8.57
Mining	(³)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Construction	\$12.14	\$12.13	\$12.14	\$12.15	\$12.14	\$12.16	\$12.20	\$12.20	\$12.27	\$12.22	\$12.26	\$12.29	\$12.30
Manufacturing	9.16	9.19	9.22	9.24	9.28	9.31	9.35	9.38	9.41	9.43	9.48	9.49	9.51
Transportation and public utilities	11.11	11.16	11.13	11.18	11.16	11.18	11.23	11.21	11.25	11.27	11.30	11.31	11.36
Wholesale trade	8.94	8.98	8.98	9.05	9.01	9.09	9.19	9.09	9.20	9.23	9.22	9.24	9.31
Retail trade	5.87	5.88	5.87	5.89	5.90	5.93	5.93	5.92	5.94	5.95	5.94	5.96	5.94
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7.61	7.63	7.61	7.78	7.68	7.72	7.81	7.70	7.81	7.86	7.85	7.82	-
Services	7.62	7.67	7.66	7.72	7.70	7.74	7.81	7.74	7.81	7.86	7.88	7.89	7.95
		1		h	L	Average	weekly	earnings		·		L	
Total private:													l
In current dollars	293.70	294.76	293.92	296.52	294.98	296.38	298.14	296.24	298.00	¢299.90	298.90	300.11	301.6
In constant (1977) dollars <sup>4</sup>	174.30			172.80			173.14	171.73		C172.46		171.59	( <sup>5</sup> )

<sup>-</sup> Data not available.

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excludes the effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to underlying wage rate movements: Fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts.

<sup>3</sup> These series are not published.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Not available.

p = preliminary.corrected.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1984 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1981 forward are subject to revision.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

	Averag	je weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly e	earnings
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°
Nabama	40.8	40.8	40.9	\$7.87	\$8.51	\$8.40	\$321.10	\$347.21	\$343.5
Birmingham	41.3	40.8	40.3	8.25	8.75	8.78	340.72	357.00	353.8
Mobile	41.5	42.6	40.8	9.72	10.06	9.98	403.38	428.56	407.1
Naska	34.9	37.5	43.4	13.53	13.55	11.63	472.20	508.13	504.7
Arizona Phoenix	40.3 (¹)	40.2 (¹)	40.1 (¹)	8.90 (¹)	9.51 (¹)	9.61 (¹)	358.67 (¹)	382.30 (¹)	385.3
Tucson	8	Ö	8	8	Ö	$\Theta$	ŏ	8	8
Arkansas	40.3	39.7	39.9	7.23	7.45	7.48	291.37	295.77	298.4
Fayetteville-Springdale	40.3	40.0	38.2	6.32	6.54	6.54	254.70	261.60	249.8
Fort Smith	39.8	39.0	38.7	7.62	7.76	7.76	303.28	302.64	300.3
Little Rock-North Little Rock	40.7	39.9	40.3	7.97	8.27	8.12	324.38	329.97	327.2
Pine Bluff	42.0	42.0	42.3	9.01	9.16	9.42	378.42	384.72	398.4
California	40.3	39.8	40.0	9.71	10.05	10.05	391.31	399.99	402.0
Colorado	41.3	41.1	40.9	9.15	9.48	9.51	377.90	389.63	388.9
Denver-Boulder	41.1	41.4	41.2	9.60	9.89	9.89	394.56	409.45	407.4
Connecticut	42.4	41.8	41.6	9.17	9.48	9.50	388.81	396.26	395.2
Bridgeport-Milford	41.9	41.4	41.3	9.61	10.06	10.04	402.66	416.48	414.6
Hartford	42.5	42.1	41.8	9.78	9.88	9.83	415.65	415.95	410.8
New Britain	42.2	42.0	41.0	9.43	9.60	9.64	397.95	403.20	395.
New Haven-Meriden	40.8	40.8	41.0	9.03	9.12	9.15	368.42	372.10	375.
Stamford	41.8	42.3	41.9	9.11	9.37	9.47	380.80	396.35	396.
Waterbury	43.9	41.6	42.5	7.77	7.94	7.98	341.10	330.30	339.
Delaware	42.1	41.2	42.4	9.28	9.86	10.07	390.69	406.23	426.9
Wilmington	43.3	41.5	42.1	10.63	11.36	11.58	460.28	471.44	487.5
District of Columbia:									
Washington MSA	37.7	38.0	37.8	10.02	10.65	10.60	377.75	404.70	400.6
iorida	40.8	40.9	40.8	7.58	7.79	7.77	309.26	318.61	317.0
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	41.0	41.2	41.6	7.25	7.63	7.69	297.25	314.36	319.
Jacksonville	41.5	41.2	40.9	8.18	8.18	8.05	339.47	337.02	329.
Lakeland-Winter Haven	40.5	40.2	39.3	7.58	7.74	7.70	306.99	311.15	302.0
Miami-Hialeah	39.1	39.8	38.9	6.43	6.77	6.76	251.41	269.45	262.
Orlando	41.8	42.1	41.6	7.93	8.13	8.20	331.47	342.27	341.
Pensacola	42.7	42.9	42.4	8.97	9.52	9.37	383.02	408.41	397.
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	41.7	41.4	41.2	7.54	7.72	7.65	314.42	319.61	315.
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	41.4	40.3	40.6	7.76	8.17	8.32	321.26	329.25	337.
Georgia	40.9	40.2	40.3	7.46	7.91	7.89	305.11	317.98	317.
Atlanta	41.0	40.6	40.1	8.55	9.25	9.22	350.55	375.55	369.
Savannah	45.9	44.4	43.7	9.75	9.69	9.93	447.53	430.24	433.
ławali	38.1	37.4	36.6	8.48	8.44	8.57	323.09	315.66	1
Honolulu	37.7	38.5	37.3	8.36	8.51	8.56	315.17	327.64	319.
daho	38.2	36.2	37.6	9.00	9.22	9.36	343.80	333.76	351.
llinois	40.9	40.3	40.1	10.04	10.33	10.32	410.64	416.30	413.
Aurora-Elgin	38.8	40.0	39.3	9.93	9.76	9.94	385.28	390.40	390.
Bloomington-Normal	38.9	38.6	38.9	9.81	10.70	10.35	381.61	413.02	402.
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul		40.0	39.8	9.08	9.03	8.93	315.98	361.20	355.
Chicago	41.3	41.1	41.1	9.81	10.14	10.14	405.15	416.75	416.
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	39.2	39.0	39.6	12.25	12.25	12.28	480.20	477.75	486
Decatur	36.6	39.7	39.4	12.74	13.04	12.20	466.28	517.69	508
Joliet				1					459
	41.5	39.7	39.8	11.30	11.44	11.54	468.95	454.17	
Kankakee	35.4	39.3	39.3	9.08	10.11	10.11	321.43	397.32	397
Lake County	39.9	39.7	40.4	9.35	9.99	9.91	373.07	396.60	400
Peoria	38.1	40.3	40.5	12.41	12.54	12.50	472.82	505.36	506
									1 400
Rockford Springfield	40.8	42.1	41.0	9.91	10.70	10.65	404.33	450.47	436

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Averaç	e weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly e	arnings
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985°	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985
ndiana	41.4	41.1	41.0	\$10.42	\$10.70	\$10.62	\$431.39	\$439.77	\$435.4
Gary-Hammond	41.4	42.7	42.1	13.49	13.96	14.02	558.49	596.09	590.2
Indianapolis	41.2	40.6	40.8	10.57	11.07	11.14	435.48	449.44	454.5
wa	40.1	39.6	40.0	10.27	10.30	10.26	411.83	407.88	410.
Cedar Rapids	41.7	40.1	40.6	10.83	11.25	11.27	451.61	451.13	457.
Des Moines	40.5	40.0	38.8	12.13	11.53	11.43	491.27	461.20	443.
Dubuque	40.0	40.3	39.9	10.90	11.48	11.56	436.00	462.64	461.
Sioux City	38.3	38.2	41.5	8.69	8.25	8.29	332.83	315.15	344.
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(¹)	(')	(')
ansas	40.5	39.3	39.6	9.42	9.48	9.48	381.51	372.56	375.
Topeka	41.3	40.9	42.3	9.53	10.14	10.51	393.59	414.73	444.
Wichita	40.8	38.3	38.1	10.08	10.14	10.31	411.26	384.92	385.
entucky	38.9	38.5	38.7	9.29	9.56	9.54	361.38	368.06	369.
Lexington-Fayette	39.5	37.3	38.3	9.83	10.36	10.09	388.26	386.43	386.
Louisville	41.4	40.4	40.4	10.44	10.67	10.67	432.22	431.07	431.
ouisiana	41.8	41.0	40.9	10.00	10.45	10.53	418.00	428.45	430.
Baton Rouge	43.2	43.1	43.7	12.04	12.23	11.94	520.13	527.11	521.
New Orleans	42.5	40.5	40.1	10.33	10.63	10.85	439.03	430.52	435
Shreveport	42.2	40.1	39.0	10.05	10.34	9.96	424.11	414.63	388
aine	40.3	39.6	40.1	7.92	8.35	8.29	319.18	330.66	332
Lewiston-Auburn	38.3	37.9	39.5	6.51	6.86	6.77	249.33	259.99	267
Portland	39.4	37.3	38.6	7.86	8.56	8.63	309.68	319.29	333
aryland	40.8	40.0	40.3	9.36	9.89	9.76	381.89	395.60	393
Baltimore MSA	41.1	40.6	41.1	9.83	10.18	10.14	404.01	413.31	416
lassachusetts	40.5	39.6	39.9	8.46	8.92	8.95	342.63	353.23	357
Boston	40.6	39.3	39.6	9.12	9.61	9.68	370.27	377.67	383
Brockton	39.7	38.0	38.5	6.59	7.02	7.02	261.62	266.76	270
Fall River	37.0	35.6	36.7	6.75	6.94	6.92	249.75	247.06	253
Lawrence-Haverhill	40.5	40.3	39.9	8.47	8.68	8.68	343.04	349.80	346
Lowell	39.0	41.7	41.0	7.83	8.22	8.29	305.37	342.77	339
New Bedford	38.7	39.2	39.3	7.50	7.80	7.80	290.25	305.76	306
Springfield	41.5	40.8	41.2	8.44	8.82	8.86	350.26	359.86	365
Worcester	40.4	40.7	40.8	8.53	8.89	8.93	344.61	361.82	364
lichigan	43.2	43.3	43.1	12.03	12.65	12.61	519.70	547.74	543.
Ann Arbor	44.4	44.6	44.8	12.75	13.38	13.19	566.10	596.75	590
Battle Creek	41.3	40.7	41.1	12.49	12.93	13.29	515.84	526.25	546
Detroit	44.5	44.0	43.7	12.78	13.37	13.32	568.71	588.28	582
Flint	45.3	47.3	47.0	13.99	14.88	14.89	633.75	703.82	699
Grand Rapids	42.1	40.4	40.7	10.18	10.72	10.58	428.58	433.09	430
Jackson	42.4	38.9	40.4	9.80	10.07	10.14	415.52	391.72	409
Kalamazoo	42.3	42.3	41.5	11.34	11.81	11.70	479.68	499.56	485
Lansing-East Lansing	42.3	45.4	42.8	13.13	14.62	14.32	555.40	663.75	612
Muskegon	40.8	40.4	40.5	10.77	11.13	10.96	439.42	449.65	443
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	43.5	44.1	44.0	14,17	13.80	13.83	616.39	608.58	608
linnesota	40.2	39.8	39.6	9.73	10.04	10.05	391.15	399.59	397
Duluth	39.2	37.6	37.6	9.94	10.23	10.18	389.65	384.65	382
Minneapolis-St. Paul	40.4	40.0	40.0	10.38	10.69	10.71	419.35	427.60	428
St. Cloud	37.9	39.7	38.6	8.68	9.25	9.02	328.97	367.23	348
ississippi	40.3	39.8	40.4	6.89	7.19	7.22	277.67	286.16	291
Jackson	40.8	40.3	41.2	7.80	8.16	8.21	318.24	328.85	338
issouri	40.9	39.9	40.0	9.24	9.52	9.56	377.92	379.85	382
Kansas City	41.8	40.8	41.7	10.67	10.74	10.91	446.01	438.19	454
St. Joseph	41.7	40.0	39.8	7.99	8.59	8.76	333.18	343.60	348
St. Louis	41.6	39.9	40.1	10.62	10.96	10.99	441.79	437.30	440
Springfield	39.4	39.7	38.8	8.25	8.63	8.62	325.05	342.61	334
'						40.00	,		
Aontana	38.5	38.5	39.4	10.82	10.87	10.62	416.57	418.50	418

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

İ	Averag	ge weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly e	arnings
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Nebraska	40.7	39.5	40.6	\$9.00	\$8.99	\$8.94	\$366.30	\$355.11	\$362.9
Lincoln	41.4	39.1	39.1	9.43	9.51	9.14	390.40	371.84	357.3
Omaha	40.1	40.4	40.5	9.38	9.66	9.75	376.14	390.26	394.8
lavada	00.7	40.5	40.0	0.00	0.10	0.10	000.40	000.00	271
les Vogs	39.7 39.3	40.5 40.4	40.8 40.1	9.08 11.13	9.12 11.05	9.10 10.98	360.48 437.41	369.36 446.42	371.2 440.3
Las Vegas	39.3	40.4	40.1	11.13	11.05	10.96	437.41	440.42	440.5
New Hampshire	41.0	40.5	40.4	7.76	8.25	8.30	318.16	334.13	335.3
Manchester	39.7	39.8	39.4	7.47	7.98	8.01	296.56	317.60	315.
Nashua	41.2	40.6	40.5	9.23	9.87	9.95	380.28	400.72	402.9
low lareau	41.0	41.0	40.8	9.44	9.85	9.81	387.04	403.85	400.
New Jersey	36.4	38.3	38.1	8.48	9.65 8.45	8.46	308.67	323.64	322.
Bergen-Passaic	40.8	42.0	42.0	8.78	9.41	9.39	358.22	395.22	394.
Camden	40.1	40.4	40.3	9.51	9.80	9.84	381.35	395.92	396.
Jersey City	39.9	39.8	39.7	8.81	8.87	8.90	351.52	353.03	353.
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	42.3	42.4	42.2	10.09	10.63	10.66	426.81	450.71	449.
Newark	41.8	41.8	41.5	9.23	9.68	9.63	385.81	404.62	399.
Trenton	40.2	38.2	38.3	9.04	9.74	9.82	363.41	372.07	376.
New Mexico	40.2	40.4	40.6	7.70	7.95	8.34	309.54	321.18	338.
Albuquerque	40.8	40.2	40.3	7.10	8.22	8.59	289.68	330.44	346.
									ļ
New York	39.8	39.3	39.4	9.13	9.59	9.59	363.37	376.89	377.
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		38.3	39.0	9.29	9.48	9.47	377.17	363.08	369.
Binghamton Buffalo	41.1 41.6	38.8 41.7	39.7 42.0	8.20 11.22	8.43 11.90	8.66 11.83	337.02 466.75	327.08 496.23	343. 496.
Elmira	40.5	40.2	39.5	8.89	8.97	8.99	360.05	360.59	355
Glens Falls	39.5	41.4	39.5	9.20	9.59	9.65	363.40	397.03	381
Monroe County	42.0	42.3	42.4	11.82	12.48	12.56	496.44	527.90	532
Nassau-Suffolk	40.5	40.3	40.2	9.05	9.43	9.44	366.53	380.03	379.
New York PMSA	37.3	36.9	37.1	8.27	8.73	8.77	308.47	322.14	325.
New York City	36.9	36.6	36.7	8.16	8.58	8.60	301.10	314.03	315.
Niagara Falls  Orange County	42.8 39.6	42.1 37.1	42.2 37.4	11.72 6.92	12.50 7.05	12.52 7.12	501.62	526.25 261.56	528. 266.
Poughkeepsie		40.7	42.4	8.54	8.35	8.65	369.78	339.85	366
Rochester	41.6	41.8	41.9	11.06	11.73	11.69	460.10	490.31	489
Rockland County		41.3	40.8	9.46	9.26	9.63	381.24	382.44	392
Syracuse		40.4	40.4	10.30	10.88	10.79	425.39	439.55	435.
Utica-Rome	41.1	40.3	40.8	8.15	8.69	8.64	334.97	350.21	352
Westchester County	39.4	38.3	39.2	8.79	9.84	9.92	346.33	376.87	300.
North Carolina	40.0	38.6	38.9	6.95	7.22	7.24	278.00	278.69	281.
Asheville	41.0	40.3	40.8	6.95	7.25	7.33	284.95	292.18	299
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		38.8	38.8	7.01	7.30	7.36	281.80	283.24	285
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		38.2	38.7	7.61	7.83	7.88	299.07	299.11	304. 333.
Raleigh-Durham	40.7	40.2	40.6	8.07	8.18	8.22	328.45	328.84	333.
North Dakota	38.1	38.9	39.1	7.91	8.06	8.00	301.37	313.53	312.
Fargo-Moorhead	36.7	37.0	37.4	8.35	8.24	8.42	306.45	304.88	314.
Ohio	40.0	400	40.4	40.00	44.04	44.05	450.04	476.00	477
Ohio Akron		42.0 43.3	42.1 43.2	10.92 10.74	11.34	11.35	458.64 465.04	476.28 479.76	477.
Canton		39.4	39.9	10.74	10.84	10.84	444.69	427.10	432
Cincinnati	1	41.2	41.4	10.50	10.69	10.61	435.75	440.43	439
Cleveland		41.8	42.0	10.84	11.12	11.18	455.28	464.82	469
Columbus	40.1	40.9	40.6	10.46	10.80	10.75	419.45	441.72	436.
Dayton-Springfield		43.2	43.2	11.08	11.84	11.85	467.58	511.49	511
Toledo	43.5	41.9	42.3	11.54	12.12	12.20	501.99	507.83	516 579
Youngstown-Warren	43.1	42.3	43.6	12.80	13.04	13.28	551.68	551.59	5/9
Oklahoma	41.3	41.8	41.7	9.55	9.86	9.72	394.42	412.15	405
Oklahoma City		41.7	40.2	9.82	10.78	10.42	398.69	449.53	418
Tulsa		39.8	40.0	10.11	10.58	10.48	414.51	421.08	419
Oregon		38.3	38.8	10.47	10.50	10.50	411.47	402.15	407
Eugene-Springfield		39.7	(')	10.53	10.62	()	419.09	421.61	(')
Portland		38.0 37.1	(¹) 37.5	10.47 9.22	10.30 9.55	(') 9.66	414.61 342.06	391.40 354.31	362
Odieiii	. J 37.1	37.1	37.5	9.22	9.55	9.00	342.00	334.31	302

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Average	e hourly e	arnings	Average weekly earnings			
State and area	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	<b>M</b> ay 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	
Pennsylvania	40.2	39.4	39.7	\$9.25	\$9.56	\$9.56	\$371.85	\$376.66	\$379.5	
Allentown-Bethlehem		38.8	39.0	9.70	10.15	10.17	379.27	393.82	396.6	
Altoona	40.3	39.2	39.3	8.00	8.28	8.15	322.40	324.58	320.3	
Beaver County		39.3	38.9	11,52	11.60	11.60	483.84	455.88	451.2	
Delaware Valley	1	39.6	40.1	9.58	9.99	10.02	383.20	395.60	401.8	
		_	1		9.97	10.02	415.94	408.77	415.0	
Erie	42.4	41.0	41.5	9.81				I	356.0	
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	_	39.1	39.3	8.93	9.12	9.06	356.31	356.59		
Johnstown		35.5	35.9	8.46	8.13	8.08	322.33	288.62	290.0	
Lancaster	1	39.3	39.3	8.61	9.14	9.16	340.96	359.20	359.9	
Philadelphia PMSA	40.1	40.0	40.1	9.58	9.96	9.99	384.16	398.40	400.6	
Pittsburgh	41.1	40.0	40.1	10.88	11.08	11.12	447.17	443.20	445.9	
Reading	40.8	40.2	40.2	9.40	9.81	9.70	383.52	394.36	389.9	
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	38.1	36.9	37.7	7.65	8.11	8.12	291.47	299.26	306.1	
Williamsport		38.2	39.0	8.04	8.39	8.60	315.97	320.50	335.4	
York	42.0	40.5	40.8	8.58	8.93	8.88	360.36	361.67	362.3	
thode Island	41.6	41.7	41.5	7.20	7.46	7.50	299.52	311.08	311.2	
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	40.6	40.1	40.0	6.69	7.08	7.11	271.61	283.91	284.4	
Providence	40.8	41.4	41.6	7.36	7.61	7.64	300.29	315.05	317.8	
outh Carolina	40.6	38.8	39.6	7.21	7.64	7.60	293.73	296.43	300.9	
Charleston	42.0	44.1	43.2	8.69	9.28	9.17	364.98	409.25	396.1	
Columbia	1	39.8	39.5	7.14	7.42	7.44	287.74	295.32	293.8	
Greenville-Spartanburg	40.5	39.3	39.5	7.07	7.48	7.37	286.34	293.96	291.1	
outh Dakota Sioux Falls	43.1 45.7	42.3 46.3	43.7 49.1	7.06 6.76	7.48 7.40	7.41 7.28	304.29 308.93	316.40 342.62	323.8 357.4	
ennessee	5	40.8	41.4	7.87	8.13	7.95	319.52	331.70	329.1	
Chattanooga		40.6	39.9	7.34	7.52	7.41	307.55	305.31	295.6	
Knoxville	40.0	40.4	40.2	8.77	7.88	7.89	350.80	318.35	317.	
Memphis	41.0	41.8	41.4	8.19	8.55	8.64	335.79	357.39	357.	
Nashville	40.0	39.3	40.4	8.86	9.05	9.26	354.40	355.66	374.	
exas	41.6	40.6	40.8	8.97	9.28	9.26	373.15	376.77	377.8	
Dallas	40.9	40.5	40.7	8.54	8.95	8.96	349.29	362.48	364.6	
Ft. Worth-Arlington	42.2	41.8	41.8	8.84	9.32	9.41	373.05	389.58	393.3	
Houston	42.6	42.8	42.3	10.81	11.05	11.03	460.51	472.94	466.5	
San Antonio	41.9	39.3	40.0	6.66	6.96	6.97	279.05	273.53	278.	
tah	39.6	40.1	40.3	8.92	9.30	9.35	353.23	372.93	376.	
Salt Lake City-Ogden	40.9	39.4	39.6	8.75	9.06	9.18	357.88	356.96	363.	
ermont		40.0	40.0	7.90	8.33	8.39	317.58	333.20	335.	
Springfield		41.1 40.8	42.9 40.9	8.76 8.10	8.84 8.20	9.16 8.31	367.92 337.77	363.32 334.56	392.9 339.8	
irqinia		39.6	40.1	8.03	8.53	8.50	323.61	337.79	340.	
_ •		37.6	40.1	6.82	7.29	7.14	273.48	274.10	290.	
Bristol						1	290.80	274.10	281.	
	40.9	38.7	39.6	7.11	7.08	7.11				
Danville		38.5	39.4	7.30	7.73	7.58	291.27	297.61	298.	
Lynchburg	39.4	39.1	37.8	7.75	8.07	7.97	305.35	315.54	301.	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	(')	(')	(')	(') _	(')	(')	(')	(')	()	
Northern Virginia		39.4	39.6	8.67	8.66	8.83	345.07	341.20	349.	
Richmond-Petersburg	40.2	40.2	40.4	10.56	11.01	11.02	424.51	442.60	445.	
Roanoke		40.6	41.3	7.32	7.69	7.56	289.14	312.21	312.	
/ashington	(t)	(')	(')	(')	(b)	(')	()	(')	(')	

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolis in States and selected areas—Continued

	Averaç	je weekly	hours	Average	e hourly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly e	arnings
State and area	May	Apr.	May	May	Apr.	May	May	Apr.	May
	1984	1985	1985°	1984	1985	1985°	1984	1985	1985°
West Virginia	40.7	40.6	40.3	\$9.90	\$10.20	\$10.12	\$402.93	\$414.12	\$407.84
Charleston Huntington-Ashland		42.3 39.0	42.1 39.6	12.06 11.18	12.51 11.38	12.48	519.79 451.67	529.17 443.82	525.41 454.21
Parkersburg-Marietta	42.9	42.2	41.8	11.24	11.40	11.47	482.20	481.08	479.45
	40.4	40.6	41.1	11.71	11.30	11.63	473.08	458.78	477.99
Wisconsin	41.0	40.1	41.1	10.05	10.22	10.33	412.05	409.82	424.56
	42.0	41.9	42.4	9.77	10.06	10.07	410.34	421.51	426.97
Eau Claire	41.4	42.1	41.5	9.80	10.27	10.44	405.72	432.37	433.26
Green Bay	41.3	40.3	41.1	10.66		11.25	440.26	443.30	462.38
Janesville-Beloit	42.9	39.6	42.2	11.92	11.87	12.43	511.37	470.05	524.55
Kenosha	40.2	29.8	40.9	11.55	12.16	12.63	464.31	362.37	516.57
La Crosse	38.3	38.6	37.9	8.86	9.15	9.31	339.34	353.19	352.85
	40.0	40.6	40.7	9.59	9.33	9.58	383.60	378.80	389.91
MilwaukeeRacine	41.2	40.4	40.9	11.10	11.47	11.50	457.32	463.39	470.35
	40.0	39.2	38.9	10.45	10.65	10.66	418.00	417.48	414.67
Sheboygan	40.6	39.2	39.2	9.60	9.71	9.79	389.76	380.63	383.77
Wausau	41.8	41.7	42.3	9.25	9.35	9.48	386.65	389.90	401.00
Wyoming	39.1	(')	(')	8.90	(')	(')	347.99	(c)	(')
Puerto Rico	38.0	38.1	37.6	4.94	5.18	5.09	187.72	197.36	191.38
Virgin Islands	43.2	40.8	41.1	9.51	9.48	\$9.41	410.83	386.78	\$386.75

<sup>1</sup> Not available.

p = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of

this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1984 benchmarks.

C-9. Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments by major industry, seasonally adjusted

	Million	s of hours (annua	rate)¹		Percent change	
Industry	Apr. 1985'	<b>M</b> ay 1985'	June 1985 <sup>p</sup>	June 1984 to June 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1985 to May 1985'	May 1985 to June 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Total	181,273	182,170	182,736	3.0	0.5	0.3
Private sector	149,695	150,287	150,817	3.3	.4	.4
Mining	2,225	2,223	2,186	-1.9	1	-1.7
Construction	9,211	9,112	9,037	5.2	-1.1	8
Manufacturing	40,692	40,718	40,694	8	.1	1
Durable goods	24,592	24,580	24,560	3	1	1
Nondurable goods	16,100	16,138	16,135	-1.5	.2	.0
Transportation and public utilities	10,853	10,867	10,971	3.0	.1	1.0
Wholesale trade	11,507	11,602	11,663	5.0	.8	.5
Retail trade	26,677	26,983	27,114	4.6	1.1	.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	11,101	11,123	11,287	4.8	.2	1.5
Services	37,427	37,659	37,864	6.0	.6	.5
Government	31,579	31,883	31,919	1.4	1.0	.1

<sup>1</sup> Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52.

p = preliminary.

= revised.

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees-production workers,

nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers—and are based largely on establishment data. See *BLS Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 2134-1, chapter 13, Productivity Measures: Business Economy and Major Sectors. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

# PRODUCTIVITY DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-10. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

	Annual	average					Qu	arterly inc	dex				
Item	4000	4004	19	82		19	83			19	84		1985
	1983	1984	111	IV	1	11	111	IV	_	=	111	IV	1
Business sector		:											
Output per hour of all persons	103.7	107.0	100.9	101.6	102.2	103.6	104.3	104.7	105.7	107.0	107.2	108.0	107.1
Dutput	111.0	120.8	106.1	105.8	106.9	110.1	112.5	114.7	117.8	121.0	121.5	123.0	123.1
lours	107.1	112.9	105.1	104.1	104.7	106.2	107.9	109.5	111.4	113.0	113.4	113.9	114.
Compensation per hour	161.7	168.6	15 <del>6</del> .7	158.4	160.2	161.0	161.8	164.2	166.7	167.5	169.3	171.1	173.
leal compensation per hour	98.4	98.4	97.3	98.0	99.0	98.5	97.9	98.4	98.6	98.2	98.3	98.5	99.
nit labor costs	156.0	157.6	155.3	155.9	156.8	155.4	155.1	156.8	157.7	156.5	158.0	158.4	161.
nit nonlabor payments	145.5	157.0	135.8	136.5	139.8	144.6	147.9	149.1	151.6	157.2	158.5	160.2	159.
mplicit price deflator	152.4	157.4	148.7	149.3	151.0	151.7	152.7	154.2	155.6	156.7	158.1	159.0	161.
Nonfarm business sector						;							
Output per hour of all persons	103.4	106.2	100.3	100.5	101.6	103.6	104.1	104.4	105.2	106.6	106.3	106.9	106.
Output	111.2	120.7	106.0	105.2	106.7	110.4	112.7	115.2	118.0	121.0	121.3	122.7	122.
ours	107.5	113.6	105.7	104.7	105.1	106.5	108.2	110.3	112.3	113.6	114.1	114.8	115.
compensation per hour	162.0	168.7	156.0	157.9	160.1	161.5	162.4	164.0	166.5	168.0	169.5	171.0	173.
leal compensation per hour	98.6	98.4	96.8	97.7	99.0	98.8	98.3	98.3	98.4	98.4	98.4	98.5	99.
nit labor costs	156.6	158.8	155.6	157.1	157.6	155.9	155.9	157.1	158.3	157.6	159.5	160.0	163.
Init nonlabor payments	147.0	156.9	136.8	136.4	140.6	146.4	149.4	151.4	152.2	156.8	158.0	160.3	160.
nplicit price deflator	153.4	158.2	149.3	150.2	151.9	152.7	153.8	155.2	156.3	157.3	159.0	160.1	162.
Manufacturing			i										
Output per hour of all persons	111.6	115.6	108.8	107.9	109.2	110.9	113.4	113.0	114.0	115.0	117.0	116.3	116.
Output	104.4	115.3	99.7	96.7	98.5	102.4	107.2	109.5	112.8	115.1	117.0	116.5	116.8
ours	93.5	99.8	91.7	89.6	90.2	92.4	94.6	96.9	98.9	100.1	100.0	100.2	100.2
ompensation per hour	163.4	169.4	159.8	161.0	162.7	163.0	163.5	164.6	167.1	168.3	169.9	172.1	174.
eal compensation per hour	99.4	98.8	99.2	99.6	100.6	99.6	98.9	98.6	98.8	98.6	98.7	99.1	99.0
nit labor costs	146.4	146.5	146.9	149.3	149.0	147.0	144.1	145.7	146.6	146.4	145.2	147.9	149.
Durable goods													
Output per hour of all persons	111.5	116.9	107.6	106.6	108.5	110.8	113.5	113.1	115.2	116.1	118.3	117.8	118.0
Output	102.6	117.4	97.4	93.2	95.6	100.1	105.7	109.0	114.0	116.6	119.5	119.5	120.
lours	92.0	100.4	90.5	87.4	88.1	90.4	93.2	96.4	98.9	100.4	101.0	101.5	101.
Compensation per hour	162.5	167.7	159.7	160.7	162.2	162.2	162.5	163.4	165.8	167.0	168.1	170.1	173.0
leaf compensation per hour	98.9	97.9	99.1	99.4	100.2	99.2	98.4	97.9	98.1	97.8	97.6	97.9	98.8
nit labor costs	145.8	143.5	148.4	150.7	149.5	146.5	143.2	144.4	143.9	143.8	142.0	144.4	146.0
Nondurable goods													
Output per hour of all persons	111.9	113.6	110.4	109.7	110.2	111.1	113.3	112.9	112.1	113.3	114.9	114.1	113.4
Output	107.1	112.3	103.1	102.0	102.8	105.8	109.5	110.2	111.0	112.8	113.3	112.1	111.9
lours	95.7	98.9	93.4	93.0	93.3	95.3	96.6	97.6	99.0	99.5	98.6	98.2	98.
Compensation per hour	165.6	171.9	160.5	162.7	164.5	165.1	165.7	167.1	169.5	170.6	172.7	175.1	176.6
Real compensation per hour	100.7	100.3	99.6	100.7	101.7	101.0	100.3	100.1	100.2	100.0	100.3	100.8	100.8
Init labor costs	148.0	151.4	145.4	148.4	149.3	148.6	146.2	148.0	151.1	150.6	150.4	153.4	155.
Nonfinancial corporations	:												
Output per all-employee hour	106.1	108.5	103.3	103.2	104.0	105.8	107.2	107.2	108.1	108.9	108.2	108.8	108.
Output	112.6	122.8	107.9	106.4	107.5	111.4	114.7	117.0	120.2	123.1	123.1	124.7	124.
lours	106.2	113.2	104.5	103.1	103.4	105.2	106.9	109.2	111.2	113.1	113.8	114.6	115.
compensation per hour	161.0	166.6	156.2	157.7	159.2	160.6	161.8	162.6	164.8	165.8	167.1	168.7	170.
leal compensation per hour	97.9	97.2	97.0	97.5	98.4	98.2	97.9	97.4	97.5	97.2	97.1	97.1	97.
otal unit costs		156.4	154.7	157.0	156.7	155.2	154.4	154.7	155.0	155.0	157.5	158.0	160.
Unit labor costs	151.8	153.6	151.3	152.9	153.1	151.7	150.9	151.7	152.5	152.3	154.5	155.0	157.
Unit nonlabor costs	164.9	164.3	164.4	168.8	167.0	165.1	164.4	163.3	162.0	162.8	165.9	166.4	168.
Jnit profits	117.2	147.6	86.6	75.6	92.5	111.8	126.6	135.9	143.2	151.1	145.3	150.7	150.
mplicit price deflator	150.9	155.4	146.9	147.7	149.4	150.2	151.2	152.6	153.6	154.6	156.1	157.1	159.

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

C-11. Percent changes from the preceding quarter and year in productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted annual rates

					P	ercent ch	nange fro	m				
Item			Previous	s quarter				Same	e quarter	, previou	s year	
	IV 1983	I 1984	II 1984	III 1984	IV 1984	l 1985	IV 1983	1 1984	II 1984	III 1984	IV 1984	l 1985
Business sector												
Output per hour of all persons		4.0 11.4	4.9 11.2	0.6 1.8	3.1 5.0	-3.5 .1	3.1 8.4	3.5 10.2	3.3 9.9	2.7 8.0	3.2 7.3	1.2
Hours	1	7.2	6.0	1.2	1.8	3.7	5.2	6.5	6.4	5.1	4.0	3.2
Compensation per hour	i	6.2	1.9	4.4	4.4	5.2	3.7	4.1	4.0	4.6	4.2	3.9
Real compensation per hour		.8	-1.8	.7	.8	1.8	.4	4	3	.4	.1	.4
Unit labor costs		2.1	-2.9	3.7	1.2	9.0	.6	.6	.7	1.9	1.0	2.7
Unit nonlabor payments		7.0	15.4	3.4	4.3	-1.6	9.2	8.4	8.7	7.1	7.4	5.2
Implicit price deflator		3.7	2.9	3.6	2.2	5.3	3.3	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.1	3.5
•		0.7	2.3	0.0	2.2	3.5	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.,	0.5
Nonfarm business sector												
Output per hour of all persons		2.9 10.3	5.5 10.6	-1.1 .7	2.2 4.7	-2.5 .8	3.9 9.5	3.5 10.6	2.9 9.7	2.1 7.6	2.4 6.5	1.0 4.1
Hours	1	7.2	4.8	1.8	2.4	3.3	5.4	6.9	6.6	5.4	4.0	3.1
Compensation per hour		6.1	3.7	3.6	3.7	5.4	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.4	4.3	4.1
Real compensation per hour	1	.7	.0	1	.1	2.1	.6	5	3	.2	.2	.5
Unit labor costs		3.1	-1.7	4.7	1.4	8.1	.0	3	1.1	2.3	1.9	3.1
Unit nonlabor payments		2.3	12.5	3.1	5.9	1.6	10.9	8.3	7.1	5.7	5.9	5.7
Implicit price deflator		2.8	2.8	4.2	2.9	5.9	3.3	2.9	3.0	3.4	3.2	3.9
Manufacturing												
Output per hour of all persons		3.5	3.6	7.1	-2.2	.6	4.8	4.4	3.7	3.1	2.9	2.2
Output	8.7	12.6	8.4	6.8	~1.5	.9	13.2	14.5	12.4	9.1	6.4	3.6
Hours		8.8	4.6	2	.7	.2	8.1	9.7	8.3	5.8	3.4	1.3
Compensation per hour		6.2	2.9	3.7	5.2	5.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.5	4.4
Real compensation per hour Unit labor costs	1	.8 2.6	8 6	.1 -3.1	1.6 7.6	2.4 5.1	-1.0 -2.4	-1.7 -1.6	-1.0 4	3 .8	1.5	.8 2.1
Durable goods												
Output per hour of all persons	1.2	7.7	3.1	7.9	-1.9	2.7	6.1	6.2	4.8	4.3	4.1	2.9
Output		19.5	9.5	10.2	.2	2.0	17.0	19.3	16.5	13.0	9.6	5.4
Hours	1	10.9	6.2	2.1	2.1	7	10.3	12.3	11.1	8.4	5.3	2.4
Compensation per hour	1	6.1	2.8	2.6	4.9	7.2	1.7	2.2	2.9	3.4	4.1	4.4
Real compensation per hour	1	.8	9	-1.0	1.3	3.8	-1.5	-2.2	-1.4	8	.0	.8
Unit labor costs		-1.5	3	-4.8	6.9	4.4	-4.2	-3.8	-1.8	9	.0	1.5
Nondurable goods												
Output per hour of all persons	1.6	-2.7	4.3	5.7	~2.7	-2.5	2.9	1.8	2.0	1.4	1.1	1.1
Output	2.3	3.0	6.8	1.8	-4.1	9	8.0	7.9	6.6	3.4	1.8	.8
Hours	4.0	5.8	2.4	-3.7	-1.5	1.7	4.9	6.1	4.5	2.1	.7	3
Compensation per hour	3.4	5.8	2.7	5.1	5.5	3.5	2.7	3.0	3.3	4.3	4.8	4.2
Real compensation per hour Unit labor costs		.5 8.7	-1.0 -1.5	1.4 6	1.9 8.4	.2 6.2	6 3	-1.4 1.2	-1.0 1.3	.1 2.9	.7 3.6	.6 3.0
Nonfinancial corporations			,,,,		0	0.2						
Output per all-employee hour	2	3.6	2.8	-2.5	2.5	-2.8	3.9	4.0	2.9	.9	1.6	.0
Output		11.6	9.8	.2	5.2	.3	10.0	11.8	10.5	7.4	6.6	3.8
Hours		7.7	6.8	2.8	2.6	3.2	5.9	7.5	7.5	6.4	5.0	3.8
Compensation per hour		5.7	2.4	3.2	3.7	4.0	3.1	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.8	3.3
Real compensation per hour		.4	-1.3	4	.2	.7	~.1	9	-1.0	9	3	2
Total unit costs		.6	.2	6.5	1.2	6.6	-1.5	~1,1	1	2.0	2.1	3.6
Unit labor costs		2.0	4	5.9	1.2	7.0	~.8	4	.4	2.4	2.2	3.4
Unit nonlabor costs		-3.2	2.0	8.0	1.1	5.5	-3.2	-3.0	-1.4	.9	1.9	4.1
Unit profits		23.4	23.8	-14.5	16.0	-1.3	79.8	54.8	35.2	14.7	10.9	4.9
Implicit price deflator	3.6	2.7	2.6	3.9	2.7	5.7	3.3	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.0	3.7

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

# STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

			į	···		Unemployed					
State and area	Civi	lian labor for	ce		Number			Percent of labor force	•		
	May 1984	Apr. 1985	<b>May</b> 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985		
tabaana.	4 004 7	4 000 0		****	4040	450.4	40.5	0.4			
labama	1,804.7	1,808.3	1,801.1	188.8	164.8	156.4	10.5	9.1	8.		
Birmingham		406.3	403.3	40.4	31.8	29.7	9.9	7.8	7.		
Huntsville	,	122.8	122.7	8.0	7.1	6.9	6.8	5.8	5		
Mobile		203.2	200.8	24.0	19.6	17.7	12.0	9.6	8		
Montgomery		135.3	135.5	11.0	9.8	9.9	8.2	7.3	7		
Tuscaloosa	59.2	59.3	59.2	5.9	4.3	4.6	10.0	7.3	7		
laska	247.6	253.7	255.3	25.7	25.5	23.5	10.4	10.0	9		
rizona	1,428.0	1,474.4	1,457.4	68.0	84.2	86.8	4.8	5.7	€		
Phoenix	900.5	938.1	924.9	33.0	41.2	41.7	3.7	4.4	4		
Tucson	260.9	268.6	263.9	10.7	13.9	13.0	4.1	5.2	4		
rkansas	1,056.5	1,023.0	1,043.7	90.4	81.2	74.3	8.6	7.9	7		
Fayetteville-Springdale	50.1	48.6	49.7	2.6	1.9	1.8	5.1	4.0	3		
Fort Smith		81.3	82.0	6.8	6.2	5.4	8.2	7.6	6		
Little Rock-North Little Rock		227.5	231.1	16.5	13.3	12.8	7.2	5.9	5		
Pine Bluff	39.1	37.7	38.4	3.7	3.0	2.8	9.5	7.8	7		
California¹		12,705.3	12,617.3	892.2	921.2	837.3	7.2	7.3	$\epsilon$		
Anaheim-Santa Ana		1,324.7	1,322.6	53.0	49.1	46.8	4.2	3.7	;		
Bakersfield		216.4	217.5	24.5	25.5	21.4	11.3	11.8	9		
Fresno		293.1	293.0	36.0	41.0	34.7	12.3	14.0	11		
Los Angeles-Long Beach!	3,729.0	3,914.0	3,817.0	265.0	296.0	268.0	7.1	7.6	7		
Modesto	137.3	135.6	136.8	24.0	23.6	22.1	17.5	17.4	16		
Oakland	909.9	932.7	933.4	60.6	57.0	54.6	6.7	6.1			
Oxnard-Ventura	269.2	274.1	275.5	18.8	17.1	16.2	7.0	6.2			
Riverside-San Bernardino	659.7	676.3	678.0	53.8	48.0	46.4	8.2	7.1	•		
Sacramento	566.7	580.6	579.8	44.0	41.7	37.5	7.8	7.2			
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	147.7	149.8	150.4	12.5	16.2	11.7	8.4	10.8			
San Diego	863.5	894.1	894.8	50.9	46.5	44.6	5.9	5.2			
San Francisco		849.2	848.3	43.0	38.7	37.8	5.1	4.6	4		
San Jose		891.5	891.8	41.6	43.5	42.8	4.8	4.9	4		
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	167.2	170.0	169.1	8.7	9.2	7.8	5.2	5.4			
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	155.2	157.9	156.7	10.0	9.9	8.8	6.5	6.3			
StocktonVallejo-Fairfield-Napa		178.0 144.1	182.1 145.0	22.0 9.2	24.0 11.2	20.6 9.9	12.2 6.5	13.5 7.8	11		
Colorado		1,697.8 1,023.0	1,706.4 1,032.3	97.6 47.7	98.9 49.0	94.8 48.4	5.7 4.6	5.8 4.8	1		
Connecticut	1,665.3	1,690.3	1,703.1	74.1	78.6	81.2	4.5	4.7			
Bridgeport-Milford		218.2	220.7	11.4	11.5	13.1	5.3	5.3	! 6		
Hartford	406.9	409.0	412.8	17.0	17.8	18.0	4.2	4.3			
New Britain	70.8	72.0	72.5	3.7	3.7	3.8	5.2	5.1			
New Haven-Meriden	248.3	253.7	254.6	12.2	12.7	12.5	4.9	5.0	, 4		
Stamford	128.0	131.2	131.9	3.7	4.0	3.8	2.9	3.1	1 :		
Waterbury	99.3	102.0	102.9	5.0	6.2	6.5	5.0	6.1	•		
Delaware		309.2	310.8	16.6	16.5	14.4	5	5.3	.		
Wilmington	271.4	273.1	272.9	15.0	15.2	12.9	5.ა	5.5	'		
District of Columbia		321.3 1,988.1	321.4 2,004.9	28.0 78.0	25.6 72.8	25.6 76.9	8.8 4.0	8.0 3.7	3		
Florida¹	5,052.9	5,224.9	5,219.1	305.8	320.5	256.0	6.1	6.1	.		
Daytona Beach		128.7	129.5	6.1	6.4	4.9	4.8	5.0	į		
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		546.9	545.3	26.2	28.0	22.1	4.9	5.1			
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	111.0	120.0	119.7	5.9	5.9	4.7	5.3	4.9	1		
Gainesville		94.2	94.2	3.6	3.3	2.4	3.9	3.5	İ		
Jacksonville	374.6	385.3	389.8	20.7	18.9	16.8	5.5	4.9	İ		
Lakeland-Winter Haven		154.4	151.9	16.6	17.1	13.2	11.2	11.1			
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		142.0	142.6	7.4	7.4	6.1	5.3	5.2			
Miami-Hialeah		862.7	852.6	63.8	66.8	50.0	7.6	7.7			
Orlando		463.5	467.4	23.1	24.2	19.0	5.1	5.2			
Pensacola		141.2	141.4	7.4	8.2	7.2	5.5	5.8			
Sarasota		93.6	93.8	3.4	4.3	3.5	3.6	4.6			
Tallahassee	109.0	110.0	110.3	4.8	4.6	3.9	4.4	4.2			
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	830.2	858.5	859.3	42.7	44.4	37.4	5.1	5.2	ļ		
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach		338.4	335.2	19.6	20.6	17.1	6.2	6.1	i		

### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi	lian labor foi	rce			Unemp			
State and area	Civi				Number			Percent of labor force	·
	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985₽	May 1984	Apr. 1985	Ma 198
in	2.720.8	2 052 2	2,854.0	161.8	169.5	180.3	5.0	£0	
eorgia		2,852.2 54.2	54.0	4.4	4.2	4.4	5.9 8.2	5.9 7.7	6
Athens		67.3	66.8	3.5	3.8	3.7	5.2	5.7	
Atlanta		1,272,7	1,279.1	60.8	57.8	65.5	5.0	4.5	
		145.7	144.3	9.8	10.1	9.7	7.0	7.0	6
Augusta Columbus		92.8	92.2	6.7	7.3	7.6	7.3	7.9	
Macon-Warner Robins		113.0	113.4	7.4	8.2	9.4	6.6	7.2	İ
Savannah	, ,	97.9	97.5	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.2	
ıwaii		476.9	483.9	26.1	22.6	24.2	5.5	4.7	
Honolulu	364.8	363.8	368.9	18.3	15.6	16.8	5.0	4.3	
aho		472.8 104.2	480.1 105.5	31.8 5.1	42.3 6.5	36.4 6.0	6.8 5.0	8.9 6.3	
nois¹		5,649.6	5,763.6	490.0	526.2	541.1	8.8	9.3	
Aurora-Elgin		162.8	163.2	12.1	15.3	13.9	7.4	9.4	
Bloomington-Normal	1	62.5	63.6	3.8	4.3	4.2	6.4	6.8	
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul		82.4	83.7	4.9	4.5	4.2	6.0	5.4	
Chicago		3.087.2	3,154.7	248.1	254.3	274.6	8.1	8.2	
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline		175.1	176.0	18.6	19.8	18.5	10.6	11.3	
Decatur		59.3	60.1	5.6	6.5	6.6	9.6	10.9	
Joliet		183.8	187.8	15.2	15.9	16.4	8.6	8.7	1
Kankakee		42.4	43.4	4.8	4.9	5.2	11.2	11.6	
Lake County		238.4	243.7	13.5	14.6	14.9	5.9	6.1	
Peoria	l l	154.7	157.2	17.5	18.2	18.4	11.2	11.8	.
Rockford		138.1	141.5	12.3	14.2	14.5	9.0	10.3	
Springfield		100.8	102.5	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.7	6.5	
Jiana		2,697.0	2,750.0	218.5	224.9	208.6	8.3	8.3	
Anderson		56.9	57.8	4.2	4.3	4.2	7.4	7.6	
Elkhart-Goshen		86.9	89.1	4.0	4.8	5.1	4.7	5.5	
Evansville		138.9	141.1	10.3	11.3	11.1	7.5	8.2	
Fort Wayne		178.8	181.9	12.5	12.7	11.8	7.2	7.1	
Gary-Hammond		265.6	267.1	34.4	36.5	32.8	12.9	13.7	
Indianapolis		633.4	649.8	42.6	41.0	40.1	6.9	6.5	
Lafayette		66.7	67.0	3.1	3.4	2.8	4.9	5.0	1
Muncie		56.3	57.1	4.4	5.0	4.6	8.1	8.9	
South Bend-Mishawaka Terre Haute		129.7 64.6	132.2 64.7	8.4 5.7	9.0 5.2	8.8 5.0	6.7 9.2	6.9 8.1	
wa	1,449.5	1,444.9	1,449.0	98.4	121.9	105.9	6.8	8.4	
Cedar Rapids	84.9	85.4	84.9	6.2	6.7	5.9	7.3	7.8	1
Des Moines	197.7	200.8	200.3	11.3	12.8	12.1	5.7	6.4	
Dubuque	42.9	44.1	43.9	3.5	4.6	3.9	8.2	10.5	
lowa City	49.9	51.9	50.8	1.5	1.8	1.5	3.0	3.5	
Sioux City		55.9 72.0	56.0 71.6	3.7 7.9	5.3 10.2	4.7 9.7	6.7 10.8	9.5 14.2	
ansas		1,238.9	1,262.4	61.6	53.9	54.1	5.1	4.4	
Lawrence		36.8	37.6	1.6	1.1	1.3	4.6	3.1	
Topeka		86.7	87.7	4.5	3.6	3.6	5.3	4.2	
Wichita		233.8	237.5	13.1	11.4	11.5	5.8	4.9	
entucky Lexington-Fayette		1,683.9 188.1	1,681.5 187.1	160.4 8.5	129.3 6.7	126.9 7.3	9.3 4.4	7.7 3.6	
Louisville		454.8	457.6	40.4	33.8	33.3	8.7	7.4	
Owensboro		44.3	44.2	4.0	3.9	3.7	8.7	8.9	
buisiana		1,932.2	1,944.2	193.6	219.6	215.7	9.9	11.4	
Alexandria		62.9	63.3	4.9	5.7	5.5	7.9	9.1	
Baton Rouge		251.3	252.3	20.2	23.8	24.5	8.0	9.5	1
Houma-Thibodaux Lafayette		84.6	85.6	9.2	9.4	9.1	10.7	11.1	ļ
Lake Charles		109.4	109.3	9.2	9.4	9.4	8.2	8.6	
Monroe		75.2 61.7	74.9 61.9	11.3 6.1	11.6 5.8	10.9 5.8	14.4 9.5	15.4 9.4	İ
New Orleans		569.2	3	53.3	5.8 66.3			_	
Shreveport		161.1	572.5 162.2	12.0	13.1	65.6 12.6	9.1 7.4	11.6 8.2	
aine		555.3	561.9	32.0	36.0	30.2	5.9	6.5	
Lewiston-Auburn		43.0 106.9	42.8 107.7	2.6 3.6	3.2 3.7	2.6 3.1	6.1 3.6	7.4 3.4	
aryland	2,240.3	2,243.6	2,255.1	116.7	106.8	98.9	5.2	4.8	
Baltimore		1,087.6	1,091.5	67.8	60.7	57.4	6.2	5.6	4

## STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

			L			Unemp	pioyea				
State and area	Civili	ian labor for	ce		Number			Percent of labor force			
	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985		
•	2 224 2		0.074.0	440.7	440.0	405.4					
lassachusetts <sup>1</sup>	3,021.6	3,047.2	3,071.9	119.7	112.9	105.4	4.0	3.7	3.4		
Boston	1,480.7	1,512.3	1,522.3	51.6	47.8	45.2	3.5	3.2	3.		
Brockton	88.1	88.9	89.7	4.1	3.7	3.4	4.6	4.2	3.		
Fall River	73.1	70.6	70.7	4.4	4.6	4.0	6.1	6.5	5.		
Fitchburg-Leominster	44.6	43.9	44.3	2.0	1.9	1.8	4.6	4.3	4.		
Lawrence-Haverhill	193.0	189.9	192.1	10.1	9.1	9.5	5.2	4.8	5.		
Lowell	151.5	156.8	157.4	4.6	5.4	6.5	3.0	3.5	4		
New Bedford	81.4	79.1	79.4	4.8	5.3	4.5	5.9	6.7	5		
Pittsfield	47.5	47.3	47.7	2.1	1.9	1.5	4.3	3.9	3		
Springfield	266.5	266.3	268.3	11.3	10.6	9.2	4.2	4.0	3		
Worcester	202.9	203.5	203.5	7.7	7.1	6.4	3.8	3.5	3.		
lichigan <sup>1</sup>	4,413.5	4,350.1	4,363.1	498.6	448.3	428.6	11.3	10.3	9		
Ann Arbor	152.3	(²)	(²)	10.0	(²)	( <sup>2</sup> )	6.6	(²)	(²)		
Battle Creek	63.6	(²)	(²)	6.8	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	10.6	(²)	( <sup>2</sup> )		
Benton Harbor	72.5	(²)	(²)	9.2	(²)	(²)	12.7	(²)	(2		
Detroit	2,081.8	(2)	(2)	226.6	(2)	(2)	10.9	(²)	(2		
Flint	197.7	(²)	(²)	25.5	(²)	(²)	12.9	(²)	(2		
Grand Rapids	348.3		(²)	30.3		(²)	8.7	(²)	(2		
•		(²)			(²)						
Jackson	65.0	(²)	(²)	8.0	(²)	(²)	12.4	(²)	(2		
Kalamazoo	112.1	(²)	(²)	8.6	(²)	(²)	7.7	(²)	(2		
Lansing-East Lansing	236.4	(²)	(²)	34.1	(²)	(²)	14.4	(²)	(2		
Muskegon	68.3	(²)	(²)	8.3	(²)	(²)	12.2	(²)	(²		
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	183.9	(²)	(²)	21.9	(²)	(²)	11.9	(²)	(2)		
linnesota	2,234.9	2,218.2	2,232.8	130.4	126.5	106.8	5.8	5.7	4		
Duluth	110.0	101.4	101.1	11.1	9.6	8.0	10.1	9.5	8		
Minneapolis-St.Paul	1,256.7	1.260.6	1,265.3	56.5	53.1	48.2	4.5	4.2	3		
Rochester	59.0	61.6	62.1	2.5	2.4	2.2	4.3	4.0	3		
St. Cloud	80.3	81.1	81.2	5.5	6.3	5.2	6.8	7.7	6		
#!!!	1 000 5	4 004 0	1 100 0	440.0	400.0	100.6	+0.5				
Jackson	1,080.5 175.0	1,091.8 181.9	1,102.9 183.7	113.3 12.2	106.8 11.6	102.6 11.6	10.5 7.0	9.8 6.4	9 6		
Aissouri	2,387.1	2,422.8	2,456,1	160.0	164.9	157.8	6.7	6.8	6		
Kansas City	726.0	750.0	757.6	39.0	35.2	33.7	5.4	4.7	4		
St. Joseph	42.6	42.2	42.4	3.2	2.9	2.9	7.5	6.8	e		
St. Louis	1,170.9	1,185.3	1,201.3	91.5	92.9	93.6	7.8	7.8	7		
Springfield	1,170.9	117.9	119.3	5.7	6.2	6.7	4.9	5.3	s s		
Aontana	411.2	414.8	417.0	27.8	32.0	26.6	6.8	7.7			
Laboration .	200.0	242.0		20.0	40.5	20.0	4.0		ļ ,		
Vebraska	808.2	816.8	823.0	32.3	40.5	38.9	4.0	5.0	4		
Lincoln	112.6	114.2	114.7	3.3	3.7	3.6	3.0	3.3	1 3		
Omaha	303.2	305.8	308.5	14.8	16.5	17.2	4.9	5.4	5		
levada	501.0	501.1	502.9	37.3	41.1	37.5	7.4	8.2	;		
Las Vegas	285.6	282.1	282.7	22.7	24.5	22.9	8.0	8.7	1		
Reno	133.2	135.7	136.3	7.8	8.9	7.9	5.8	6.5	}		
lew Hampshire	514.8	525.9	526.3	26.3	28.2	23.6	5.1	5.4			
Manchester	84.0	85.7	85.6	3.1	3.3	2.7	3.7	3.8	3		
Nashua	90.6	94.0	94.2	2.8	3.8	3.6	3.1	4.1			
łew Jersey¹	3.913.9	3,851.0	3.840.8	244.9	229.1	191.1	6.3	5.9	,		
Atlantic City		178.5	180.9	16.7	16.1	11.9	9.0	9.0	1		
						33.6	5.6	5.4			
Bergen-Passaic		741.3	738.6	41.7	39.9			1			
Jersey City		243.5	240.7	28.7	27.1	22.4	11.4	11.1			
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		553.5	553.3	26.9	22.9	19.3	4.8	4.1			
Monmouth-Ocean		428.0	432.3	22.7	20.1	16.9	5.2	4.7	:		
Newark	957.2	943.3	937.7	60.9	58.5	49.6	6.4	6.2	1 :		
Trenton		165.7	165.8	7.9	7.8	6.9	4.6	4.7	.		
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton		55.2	53.6	7.8	6.6	5.1	13.4	12.0	,		
New Mexico	626.2	641.6	640.7	44.0	52.5	52.3	7.0	8.2	,		
		244.1	242.6	13.3	14.8	14.9	5.7	6.1			
Albuquerque	.  231.0	244.1	242.0	13.5	14.0	14.5	3.7	0.1			

### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi	lian labor for	rce				nployed			
State and area	Civi	nan labor loi	ce		Number			Percent of labor force		
	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	Ma 198	
au Vanti	7,000.4	0.114.2	9 122 1	509.1	539.1	556 E	6.4	6.6		
ew York¹		8,114.3	8,132.1		19.3	556.5	6.4	4.8		
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		398.5	401.2	21.6		21.6	5.4			
Binghamton		124.1	126.2	6.0	6.8	7.8	4.8	5.5		
Buffalo		422.3	429.2	35.1	29.1	33.3	8.1	6.9		
Elmira	. 35.8	34.9	35.6	2.7	2.8	3.6	7.6	8.0	11	
Giens Falls		45.4	46.8	3.0	3.1	3.3	6.5	6.7	1 '	
Nassau-Suffolk	1 1	1,395.1	1,416.6	64.6	52.5	66.2	4.6	3.8		
New York		3,784.8	3,740.7	252.3	308.7	289.6	7.0	8.2		
			3,103.0	227.0	286.0	262.0	7.6	9.1		
New York City <sup>1</sup>		3,155.0		· ·				1	1	
Orange County		110.7	111.9	6.1	5.7	6.3	5.5	5.1	ł	
Poughkeepsie		115.1	115.4	5.0	3.9	4.4	4.3	3.4	ļ	
Rochester	469.4	463.9	470.7	26.3	22.5	25.9	5.6	4.8		
Syracuse	. 304.4	303.5	303.4	16.3	15.7	18.8	5.4	5.2		
Utica-Rome	130.0	130.3	133.0	8.8	9.0	10.9	6.7	6.9		
orth Carolina¹		3,027.5	3,088.6	197.2	157.4	167.1	6.5	5.2		
Asheville		83.5	85.3	5.3	4.3	4.3	6.4	5.1		
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		554.1	568.9	29.8	25.1	33.2	5.3	4.5		
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		474.9	481.5	25.7	19.6	19.8	5.4	4.1		
Raleigh-Durham		376.6	378.5	12.8	9.4	10.4	3.6	2.5		
orth Dakota		336.3	346.4	16.4	21.6	17.7	4.8	6.4		
Bismarck		42.8	43.4	2.7	3.1	2.7	6.3	7.3	1	
Fargo-Moorhead	i i	80.0	80.6	3.0	3.6	2.9	3.8	4.6	ĺ	
Grand Forks		31.6	32.5	1.3	1.4	1.1	4.4	4.3		
hio¹	5,087.4	5,110.3	5,065.7	493.4	453.6	381.6	9.7	8.9		
Akron	301.0	300.7	298.0	30.9	27.2	22.7	10.3	9.1		
Canton		186.6	184.0	20.8	21.1	17.7	11.3	11.3		
Cincinnati	3	697.9	696.5	60.0	48.2	43.7	8.7	6.9		
		908.9	900.2	88.4	76.7	65.9	9.6	8.4		
Cleveland	I									
Columbus		670.1	664.8	53.7	44.1	36.8	8.1	6.6		
Dayton-Springfield		448.3	444.4	36.8	30.8	26.5	8.4	6.9	ì	
Toledo	289.2	293.0	288.7	26.0	25.5	20.2	9.0	8.7		
Youngstown-Warren	218.0	215.4	211.7	25.8	24.4	20.4	11.8	11.3	1	
klahoma		1,549.0	1,560.0	108.4	109.0	105.6	7.0	7.0		
Enid		30.8	31.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	6.3	6.8		
Lawton		41.5	42.1	2.2	2.1	2.0	5.3	5.0	1	
Oklahoma City	495.0	498.1	500.1	26.7	29.4	28.0	5.4	5.9	i	
Tulsa	360.1	356.8	357.8	26.7	24.2	23.7	7.4	6.8		
regon		1,318.4	1,308.4	126.8	140.1	125.6	9.5	10.6		
Eugene-Springfield	131.5	129.9	129.6	12.1	14.6	13.2	9.2	11.2	1	
Portland	617.0	608.7	605.4	49.7	49.8	47.7	8.1	8.2		
Salem	122.2	120.2	119.4	11.9	11.8	10.9	9.7	9.8		
ennsylvania¹	. 5,429,8	5,447.6	5,500.1	473.4	447.2	460.1	8,7	8.2		
Allentown-Bethlehem	309.0	313.5	315.1	25.1	25.7	24.8	8.1	8.2	ì	
Altoona	56.1	55.2	56.5	6.9	5.8	5.6	12.^	10.6		
Beaver County		77.9	78.9	10.0	9,9	10.2	12.7	12.7	1 1	
Erie		123.2	124.4	11.8	11.3	11.6	9.7	9.2	'	
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		309.0	312.8	16.4	16.1	16.6	5.4	5.2	1	
		99.9	99.8	13.4	13.0	12.1	13.5	13.0	Ι.	
Johnstown								1	1	
Lancaster		193.7	196.1	8.4	8.4	8.9	4.4	4.3	i	
Philadelphia		2,233.5	2,248.2	150.0	133.7	143.1	6.7	6.0	1	
Pittsburgh		947.4	954.2	103.7	93.2	92.2	10.8	9.8	1	
Reading	160.5	165.0	167.6	11.6	12.5	13.2	7.2	7.6	1	
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	336.1	336.9	340.4	34.0	32.7	32.9	10.1	9.7		
Sharon		48.3	49.3	5.9	5.0	5.4	11.9	10.4	1	
State College		55.4	54.2	3.7	4.3	4.0	7.3	7.7		
Williamsport		51.3	52.2	5.7	5.9	5.6	11.2	11,4	1	
York		185.7	187.7	14.2	14.4	14.0	7.8	7.7		
hode Island	492.2	491.2	493.9	23.8	26.4	24.5	4.8	5.4		
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro		135.7	135.9	B.1	8.7	8.2	5.9	6.4		
Providence		329.1	330.1	15.8	17.2	15.8	4.8	5.2		
outh Carolina	1,462.7	1,560.6	1,562.0	98.2	95.7	88.7	6.7	6.1		
Charleston	.,	196.7	200.0	10.2	7.6	7.4	5.6	3.9		
Columbia	1	213.9	214.9	9.4	6.9	6.4	4.7	3.2	1	
Greenville-Spartanburg		305.2	305.9	17.0	15.9	15.6	6.0	5.2		
	1	1	1	ı		1		1	1	
outh Dakota	353.5	348.2	356.2	13.7	17.6	18.0	3.9	5.1	-	

#### STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA **NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	C:		H			- 1	nployed			
State and area	CIVIII	ian labor for	ce		Number			Percent of labor force		
	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	May 1984	Apr. 1985	May 1985 <sup>p</sup>	
ennessee	2,224.6	2,247.9	2,242.5	179.3	178.3	168.4	8.1	7.9	7.5	
Chattanooga	198.6	203.1	203.4	15.2	13.5	13.1	7.7	6.7	6.5	
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	208.4	206.1	205.5	16.8	15.8	15.0	8.1	7.7	7.3	
Knoxville	265.5	260.4	259.4	23.2	19.9	18.8	8.7	7.7	7.2	
Memphis LMA	423.7 477.9	429.4 490.0	428.0 489.7	30.0 25.7	26.3 22.4	25.7 21.3	7.1 5.4	6.1 4.6	6.0 4.3	
		7.914.7	7,876.9	438.0						
exas¹	7,850.5 63.6	63.9	63.5	2.6	499.2	516.9 2.9	5.6 4.1	6.3 4.5	6.0 4.0	
Amarillo	102.3	100.7	100.5	4.4	5.2	5.4	4.3	5.1	5.	
Austin	374.3	396.6	395.2	12.0	13.8	14.8	3.2	3.5	3.	
Beaumont-Port Arthur	179.8	174.1	172.7	19.0	21.0	22.0	10.5	12.1	12.	
Brazoria	85.0	83.2	82.9	5.0	6.1	6.6	5.8	7.4	7.	
Brownsville-Harlingen	92.5	93.0	92.4	11.5	12.8	12.9	12.5	13.8	13.	
Bryan-College Station	57.4	59.3	59.2	2.1	2.2	2.6	3.6	3.7	4.	
Corpus Christi	170.6	171.3	169.6	13.4	13.8	14.2	7.9	8.0	8.	
Dallas	1,292.3	1,299.8	1,292.9	43.8	51.0	56.9	3.4	3.9	4.	
El Paso	200.9	203.7	203.6	17.2	21.7	22.4	8.6	10.6	11.	
Fort Worth-Arlington	597.6	612.9	610.4	21.8	26.6	27.7	3.6	4.3	4.	
Galveston-Texas City	93.6	97.0	97.5	8.3	9.9	10.1	8.9	10.2	10.	
Houston	1,667.9	1,673.1	1,665.4	107.5	117.7	122.1	6.4	7.0	7.	
Killeen-Temple	76.7	78.3	78.4	3.5	4.8	5.0	4.6	6.2	6	
Laredo	39.2	40.1	39.0	6.7	6.1	5.4	17.1	15.2	13	
Longview-Marshall	78.5	77.3	76.8	6.2	7.1	7.3	7.9	9.2	9.	
Lubbock	112.2	113.2	112.0	5.9	5.8	6.1	5.3	5.1	5	
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	117.0	121.6	119.5	21.1	24.4	21.7	18.0	20.1	18.	
Midland	64.5	64.8	64.0	2.4	2.8	2.9	3.8	4.4	4.	
Odessa	67.5	68.9	67.5	3.6	3.9	3.8	5.3	5.6	5.	
San Angelo	50.4	50.4	50.6	1.8	2.2	2.4	3.7	4.4	4.	
San Antonio	527.4	534.8	535.4	24.3	26.6	29.1	4.6	5.0	5.	
Sherman-Denison	42.4	43.0	43.0	2.0	3.0	3.3	4.8	6.9	7.	
Texarkana	49.0	51.4	51.4	3.6	4.2	4.3	7.4	8.2	8.	
Tyler	81.0	81.7	81.2	3.3	4.1	4.5	4.1	5.1	5	
Victoria	38.3	38.2	38.2	2.2	2.2	2.4	5.6	5.8	6.	
Waco	92.1 62.7	92.9 61.6	92.3 61.4	3.8 2.6	4.6 3.1	4.9 3.2	4.1 4.2	4.9 5.0	5.	
Itah	719.4	730.9	730.7	45.1	48.0	44.2	6.3	6.6	6.	
Provo-Orem	87.7	94.1	90.0	5.7	7.3	6.1	6.5	7.7	6	
Salt Lake City-Odgen	461.4	467.3	469.8	26.1	26.9	25.8	5.6	5.8	5.	
/ermont	266.8	271.4	271.1	14.6	15.5	12.7	5.5	5.7	4.	
Burlington	71.6	74.1	74.8	2.7	2.7	2.4	3.7	3.6	3.	
/irginia	2,846.9	2,861.1	2,883.8	137.4	137.9	146.6	4.8	4.8	5.	
Charlottesville	71.2	71.8	72.5	2.5	3.4	3.8	3.5	4.7	5.	
Danville	54.5	54.7	54.7	3.9	4.7	4.6	7.1	8.5	8	
Lynchburg		74.4	74.5	3.2	4.3	4.3	4.3	5.8	5	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	558.9	564.6	569.6	23.9	24.3	25.4	4.3	4.3	4	
Richmond-Petersburg	403.1 116.0	401.7 117.4	403.8 118.7	18.2 5.5	16.7	18.0 5.1	4.f 4.8	4.1 4.1	4	
		2,102.2	2,125.5	189.1	183.6	175.2	9.1	8.7	8	
Washington		945.6	948.8	70.2	66.5	64.2	7.7	7.0	6	
West Virginia		751.7	752.0	111.2	93.8	87.3	14.5	12.5	11	
Charleston		122.3	123.5	14.9	12.0	11.7	12.0	9.8	9	
Huntington-Ashland		120.1	120.6	18.1	12.7	12.1	14.3	10.6	10	
Parkersburg-Marietta		72.3	71.9	9.3	7.7	7.0	12.6	10.7	9	
Wheeling	79.5	77.4	76.6	11.1	10.2	8.5	13.9	13.1	11	
Wisconsin Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah		2,366.0	2,378.7	163.2	162.6 10.4	147.7	6.9	6.9 6.8	6	
··		153.7 59.6	154.8 60.1	10.3	4.4	9.4	6.8 7.2	7.4	6	
Eau Claire		96.2	96.7	6.1	5.8	5.2	6.4	6.0	5	
	l.	69.3	69.7	4.9	4.5	5.2 4.4	7.0	6.5	6	
Janesville-Beloit Kenosha		54.3	54.1	4.9	4.5	4.4	7.0	9.1	8	
La Crosse	1	49.8	50.4	3.1	2.9	3.0	6.2	5.9	9	
Madison		193.8	195.6	8.8	8.2	7.5	4.7	4.2		
Milwaukee		703.8	707.7	45.2	41.7	40.1	6.4	5.9	5	
Racine		84.3	84.9	6.1	7.1	6.9	7.3	8.4	8	
Sheboygan		52.4	52.7	3.1	3.2	3.3	5.8	6.0		
Wausau		53.4	53.3	4.7	4.4	4.0	8.6	8.2		
	256.4	1		1	1	1		1		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey. Official estimates for North Carolina prior to 1985 are not derived from the Current Population Survey. See the Explanatory Notes for State and Area Labor Force Data.

Not available.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Estimates for 1984 have been benchmarked to 1984 Current Population Survey annual averages. Except in the 11 States and 2 areas designated by footnote 1, estimates for 1985 are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication.

p = preliminary.

### **Explanatory Notes**

### Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers for a sample of about 59,500 households, representing 729 areas in 1,973 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The establishment survey is designed to provide industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are currently based on payroll reports from a sample of over 200,000 establishments employing over 35 million nonagricultural wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full- or part-time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th day of the month.

## RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other

because of differences in definitions and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two series are as follows.

### **Employment**

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises, and members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States. Civilian employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once and are classified according the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

For a comprehensive discussion of the differences between household and establishment survey employment data, see Gloria P. Green's article "Comparing Employment Estimates From Household and Payroll Surveys," *Monthly Labor Review*, December 1969.

### Hours of work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

### **Earnings**

The household survey measures median earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the household survey earnings series, see *Technical Description of the Quarterly Data on Weekly Earnings from the Current Population Survey*, BLS Bulletin 2113.

## COMPARABILITY OF THE HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). Beginning in January 1978, coverage was extended to include domestic workers whose employers paid \$1,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, agricultural employees whose employers engaged 10 or more workers in 20 weeks or paid a total of \$20,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, and almost all State and local government employees.

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the Economics and Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

### COMPARABILITY OF THE PAYROLL EMPLOY-MENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP), published by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonagricultural wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, certain activities, such as interstate railroads, parochial schools, and churches are not covered by unemployment insurance whereas these are included in the BLS establishment statistics.

# Household Data (A tables)

### **COLLECTION AND COVERAGE**

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other characteristics of the employed, the unemployed, and persons not in the labor force, and related data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, BLS Report 463. Historical national data are published in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey: A Databook, BLS Bulletin 2096.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted with a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. Separate statistics are also collected for 14- and 15-year-olds. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 14 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations, and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this report. Data on the members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States, who are included as part of the categories "noninstitutional population," "labor force," and "total employment." are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Each month about 59,500 occupied units are eligible for interview. About 2,500 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of between 4 or 5 percent. In addition to the 59,500 occupied units, there are 11,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not to be enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from 1 month to the next and one half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

### **CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS**

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those used since 1967 are as follows:

Employed persons are (a) all civilians who, during the survey week, did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labormanagement disputes, or personal reasons, whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States are also included in the employed total.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons are all civilians who had no employment during the survey week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and (a) had made specific efforts to find employment someting during the prior 4 weeks, or (b) were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off, or (c) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Measurements of mean and median duration are computed from a distribution of single weeks of unemployment.

Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into four major groups. (1) Job losers are persons whose employment ended involuntarily who immediately began looking for work, and persons on layoff. (2) Job leavers are persons who quit or otherwise terminated

their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work. (3) Reentrants are persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer but were out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work. (4) New entrants are persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer. Each of these four categories of the unemployed may be expressed as an unemployment rate or proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers.

Jobseekers are all unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week. Jobseekers do not include those persons unemployed because they (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or (b) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work, including going to a public or private employment agency or to an employer directly, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or utilizing some other method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point.

The civilian labor force comprises all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The labor force also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The overall unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force, including members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The unemployment rate for all civilian workers represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, etc.

Participation rates represent the proportion of the population that is in the labor force. The labor force participation rate is the ratio of the labor force, including the resident Armed Forces, to the noninstitutional population. The civilian labor force participation rate is the ratio of the civilian labor force to the civilian noninstitutional population. Civilian labor force participation rates are usually published for sex-age groups, often cross-classified by other demographic characteristics such as race and educational attainment.

Employment-population ratios represent the proportion of the noninstitutional population that is employed. The total employment-population ratio is total employment, including the resident Armed Forces,

as a percent of the noninstitutional population. The civilian employment-population ratio is the percentage of all employed civilians in the civilian noninstitutional population.

Not in the labor force includes all persons who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as engaged in own home housework, in school, unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness, retired, and other. The "other" group includes individuals reported as too old or temporarily unable to work, the voluntarily idle, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season and who were not reported as looking for work, and persons who did not look for work because they believed that no jobs were available in the area or that no jobs were available for which they could qualify—discouraged workers. Persons doing only incidental, unpaid family work (less than 15 hours in the specified week) are also classified as not in labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work, desire for a job at the time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are published on a quarterly basis. As of January 1970, the detailed questions for persons not in the labor force are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for 3 previous months and would not be in for the subsequent month. Between 1967 and 1969 these questions were asked in those households entering the sample for the first time and those returning for the second 4 months of interviewing, i.e., the "incoming" groups.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their last full-time job lasting 2 weeks or more. The classifications of occupations and industries used in data derived from the CPS are defined as in the 1980 census. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies wage and salary workers subdivided into private and government workers; self-employed workers; and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to

whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

The distribution of employment by hours worked relates to persons at work during the survey week. At work data differ from data on total employment because the latter include persons in the zero-hours-worked category, with a job but not at work. Included in this latter group are persons who were on vacation, ill, involved in a labor dispute, or otherwise absent from their jobs for voluntary, noneconomic reasons.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more in the survey week are designated as working full time. Persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working part time. Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or other reasons). Economic reasons include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of a job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. Other reasons include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home, housework, school, no desire for full-time work, and full-time worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1 to 34 hours for noneconomic reasons and usually work full time.

The full-time labor force consists of persons working on full-time schedules, persons involuntarily working part time (part time for economic reasons), and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The part-time labor force consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Persons with a job but not at work during the survey week are classified according to whether they usually work full or part time.

Labor force time lost is a measure of aggregate hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available aggregate hours. It is computed by assuming that; (1) unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) those working for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers during the survey week, and (3) persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

White, black, and other are terms used to describe the race of workers. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. All tables in this publication which contain racial data, with the exception of A-5 and its annual counterpart, present data for the black population group. Because of their relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican living on the mainland, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings data are provided from responses to the question "How much does ... USUAL-LY earn per week at this job before deductions?" Included are any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding the incorporated self-employed) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$10 interval within which each median falls.

The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used to deflate the earnings series.

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status are terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were reported as members of the same household even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent, includes persons who are separated because of marital discord, as well as persons who are living apart because either the husband or the wife was employed and living away from home, serving in the Armed Forces, or had a different place of residence for any reason.

A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters.

A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family refers to a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family even though they may include a related subfamily, that is, a married couple or a parent-child group related by birth or marriage to the householder and sharing the living quarters. The count of families used in this publication excludes unrelated subfamilies such as lodgers, guests, or resident employees living in a household but not related to the householder. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other persons maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

#### HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

#### Change in lower age limit

The lower age limit for official statistics on the labor force, employment, and unemployment was raised from 14 to 16 years of age in January 1967. Insofar as possible, historical series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the population 16 years and over. For a detailed discussion of this and other definitional changes introduced at that time, including estimates of their effect on the various series, see "New Definitions for Employment and Unemployment," Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force, February 1967.

#### Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the changes introduced in 1967, there are several other periods of noncomparability in the labor force data: (1) Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and

men; other categories were relatively unaffected. (2) Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force, four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected. (3) Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged. (4) Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; and unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. (5) A subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced in March 1973. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.

In addition, beginning in January 1974, the methodology used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an inflation-deflation approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year-old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation", in the February 1974 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Effective in July 1975, as a result of the immigration of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000—30,000 men and 46,000 women. The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, and all of the changes were in the other population.

Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.

Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio estimation method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure are derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in total population and estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 that are described above, and data users should make allowances for them in making certain data comparisons.

Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment methodology was updated to account for results obtained from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.

Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure—the noninterview adjust.

ment, the first and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite estimator—were revised. The new procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin, which have been revised, to the extent possible, back to January 1980.

## Changes in the occupational and industrial classification system

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisons of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of Employment and Earnings.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. These systems differ from those developed for the 1970 census which were used in the CPS from January 1971 through December 1982.

The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved from the Standard Occupational Classification system (SOC). While the CPS occupational data are now comparable with other data sources, the new system is so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers". Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification system (SIC), as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had much less of an adverse

effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation", and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration."

Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

#### Changes in the sample design

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. Most of these changes were made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates.

One major change made after every decennial census is to change the sample design to make use of the recently collected census materials. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are increased occasionally. In 1953, the current rotation plan was introduced in which a sample unit is interviewed for 4 months, leaves the sample for 8 months, and then returns to the sample for another 4 months. When Alaska and Hawaii achieved statehood, three more sample areas were added to account for the population in these States. After the 1960 census, selection of a major portion of the sample from census address lists was begun, though a portion of the sample is still collected using area sampling. Following the 1970 census, the ultimate sampling unit was changed from a noncontiguous cluster of six housing units to a usually contiguous cluster of four housing units. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia and designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States, was incorporated into the design. In October 1978 a coverage improvement sample, composed of approximately 450 sample household units which represented 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units, was included in computing the estimates in order to provide coverage of mobile homes and new construction units that previously had no chance for selection in the CPS sample selected from the 1970 census frame. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added to the existing sample. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. Beginning in January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to SMSA's, which were redefined in 1973.

Beginning in 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was

selected based on 1980 census information rather than 1970 census information. The selection of new sample areas provided an opportunity to improve the efficiency of the sample design. Sample areas chosen to replace incoming sample areas account for only 10 percent of the national estimate. The new CPS sample has resulted in increased reliability for State estimates with a slightly reduced sample size. The reliability of national estimates is unaffected. Sample households are chosen from 729 sample areas, which represent 1,973 geographic areas in the United States. This current number of sample areas is not completely comparable to the old number of sample areas since many of the sample areas have been redefined. (See pp. 7-10 of the May 1984 issue of Employment and Earnings, for an overview of these new definitions and the introduction of the new sample.)

Table A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use during the different data collection periods. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in the Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Beginning in 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State will have the same probability of selection. These estimates are then adjusted for noninterviews, and the ratio estimation procedure is applied.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately by combinations of similar sample areas that are not necessarily contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within each combination of sample areas there is a further breakdown by residence. MSA sample areas are categorized by central city and the balance of the MSA. Residence categories of non-MSA areas are urban and rural. The proportion of sample households not inter-

Table A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to date

Time period	Number of sample	Househo	Households visited but	
Time period	areas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	not eligible
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954 .	68	21,000	500-1,000	3,000–3,500
Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956	230	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
May 1956 to Dec. 1959 .	. 1330	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963	2333	33,500	1,500	6,000
Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966.	357	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1967 to July 1971 .	449	48,000	2,000	8,500
Aug. 1971 to July 1972	449	45,000	2,000	8,000
Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977	461	45,000	2,000	8,000
Jan. 1978 to Dec. 1979	614	53,500	2,500	10,000
Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981	629	62,200	2,800	12,000
May 1981 to Dec. 1984	629	57,800	2,500	11,000
Jan. 1985 to present	729	57,000	2,500	11,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia.

<sup>2</sup> Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

viewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.

- 2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole, in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and residence. Since these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
- a. First-stage ratio estimate. In the CPS, a portion of the 729 sample areas is chosen to represent other areas not in the sample; the remainder of the sample areas represent only themselves. The first-stage ratio estimation procedure was designed to reduce the portion of the variance resulting from requiring sample areas to represent nonsample areas. Therefore, this procedure is not applied to sample areas which represent only themselves. The adjustment is made at the State level for each of the 43 States which contains nonsample areas by race cells of black and non-black. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each cell at the time of the 1980 census between the race distribution of the population in sample areas and the known race distribution of the State.
- b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this stage, the sample proportions of persons in specific categories are adjusted to the distribution of independent current estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population in the same categories. The second-stage ratio adjustment which is performed to further reduce variability of the estimates and to correct to some extent for CPS undercoverage relative to the decennial census, is carried out in three steps. In the first step, the sample estimates are adjusted within each State and the District of Columbia

to an independent control for the population 16 years and over for the State. The second step involves an adjustment by Hispanic origin to a national estimate for 8 age-sex categories by Hispanic and non-Hispanic. In the third step, a national adjustment is made by the race categories of white, black, and other races to independent estimates by age and sex. The white and black categories contain 32 age-sex groups each while the other races category has 6 age-sex cells. The entire second-stage adjustment procedure is iterated six times, each time beginning at the weights developed the previous time. This ensures that the sample estimates of the population for both State and national age-sex-raceorigin categories will be virtually equal to the independent population control totals. This second-stage adjustment procedure incorporates changes instituted in January 1985. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of Employment and Earnings.

The controls by State for the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over are an arithmetic extrapolation of the trend in the growth of this segment of the population from the April 1, 1980, census through the latest available July 1 estimate, adjusted as a last step to a current estimate of the U.S. population of this group. State estimates by age for July 1 are published annually in *Current Population Reports*, Series P-25. For a description of the methodology used in developing the State total, use Report 640 of that series. A description of the age estimates methodology is available on request from the Chief of the Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Prior to January 1985, there was no separate control for Hispanics in the second-stage ratio procedure. These Hispanic controls are prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census count for Hispanics by adding estimated Hispanic births and immigrants and subtracting estimated Hispanic deaths and emigrants to yield an

estimate of the Hispanic population by age and sex.

During the period from January 1982 to December 1984, the "inflation-deflation" method was temporarily discontinued in the preparation of the independent national controls used for the age-sex-race groups in the third step of the second-stage ratio estimation procedure. These controls were prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census data after taking account of subsequent aging of the population, births, deaths, and net migration and then subtracting the estimate for the institutional population and Armed Forces. Beginning in January 1985, the "inflation-deflation" method of deriving independent population controls was reintroduced into the CPS estimation procedure. With the "inflation-deflation" method, the independent controls are prepared by inflating the 1980 census counts to include estimated undercounts by age, sex and race, aging this population forward to each subsequent month and later age by adding births and net migration, and subtracting deaths. These post-censal population estimates are then deflated to census level to reflect the pattern of net undercount in the most recent census by age, sex, and race. Because an estimate of undercount is first added and then subtracted, the size of each race-sex group is unaffected by the "inflation-deflation" method. Similarly, the final estimate is affected only by the age structure of the undercount, but not the level. This feature of the method is important since the exact amount of undercount in the 1980 census remains unknown.

Data on births and deaths between April 1, 1980, and the estimate date are based on tabulations of vital statistics for the resident population made by the National Center for Health Statistics and data on deaths of military personnel overseas from the Department of Defense. Estimates of net civilian immigration are based on data provided by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Puerto Rico Planning Board. The civilian noninstitutional population is derived by subtracting the Armed Forces and the institutional population for the estimate date from the total including Armed Forces overseas. The institutional population is computed by applying institutional proportions derived from the 1980 census to the total population, including Armed Forces overseas for the estimate date. All computations described above are performed in cells defined by single year of age, race, and sex. The independent national control totals are then obtained by collapsing these cells into broader age groups for the population 16 years and older.

3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75)

percent), as well as the sample results for the current month. Also included is an additional term which is an estimate of the net difference between incoming and continuing parts of the current month's sample. Almost all estimates of month-to-month change are improved by this procedure, and most estimates of level are also improved, but to a lesser extent.

#### **Rounding of estimates**

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

#### Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided primarily indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, inability to recall information, errors made in collection such as in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data, and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey have been studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the Current Population Survey Reinterview Program, January 1961 through December 1966.

Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in the "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates from Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, Journal of the American Statistical Association, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the decennial census, undercoverage is about 6 percent. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women, and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races combined than for whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race-origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-origin group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980 census.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in "An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey," by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive and up-to-date discussion of various sources of error, and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated error were calculated from each sample, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from

one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard error above the estimate would include the average of all possible samples.
- 3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a large number of estimates and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations are required. First, the standard errors in this volume reflect the sample design and estimation procedures in effect prior to the expansions for State estimates. Thus, these standard errors may slightly overstate the standard errors applicable to the present design. Second, instead of computing an individual standard error for each estimate, generalized sets of standard errors are computed for various types of characteristics. This generalization yields more stable estimates of the standard errors. Consequently, the sets of standard errors provided give an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error of an estimate rather than the precise standard error.

Tables B and C show approximate standard errors for major employment status characteristics for monthly estimates and for changes for consecutive months. These standard errors are applicable to the level of the estimates in recent months.

Tables D through H provide generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for estimated totals, unemployment rates, and percentages. Table I contains factors for use with table H for computing standard errors, as described below, for monthly level and month-to-month change for percentages. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the table may be approximated by linear interpolation. The standard error for estimated changes from one month to the next is more closely related to the monthly level for the characteristic than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the generalized standard errors for month-to-month change as given in the tables of standard errors, it is necessary to obtain the monthly estimate for the characteristic. It should be noted that the tables of standard errors for month-to-month change apply only to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. Estimates of change for nonconsecutive months are subject to higher standard errors. Table J contains factors for use with tables D, F, H, and I to compute approximate standard errors for levels, labor force participation rates, and percentages as pertaining to the year-to-year change of

Table B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(In thousands)

		Standard	d error of—
Employment status, sex, age, and race		Monthly level	Month-to- month change (con- secutive months only)
Total, 16 years and over:			
Civilian labor force		252	193
Employed		270	205
Unemployed		137	138
Men, 20 years and over:			1
Civilian labor force		152	131
Employed		167	146
Unemployed		96	96
Women, 20 years and over:	-		
Civilian labor force		190	143
Employed		190	147
Unemployed		83	86
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:			
Civilian labor force		83	90
Employed		86	97
Unemployed		58	64
Black, 16 years and over:			
Civilian labor force		87	66
Employed		95	71
Unemployed		66	69
Men. 20 years and over:			
Civilian labor force		50	44
Employed		57	51
Unemployed		45	48
Women, 20 years and over:			
Civilian labor force		67	47
Employed	. ]	67	49
Unemployed		43	46
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:			
Civilian labor force		32	37
Employed		27	31
Unemployed	]	30	32

monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. Note that standard errors for changes in quarterly and yearly estimates apply only to consecutive quarters and years. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors must be adjusted due to the differences in the sample size. For years prior to 1956, the standard errors should be multiplied by 1.50, and for the 1956-66 period, they should be multiplied by 1.22. Table K provides generalized standard errors for quarterly estimates of persons and families for use with the CPS earnings data.

Standard errors for estimated totals. Tables D and E provide generalized standard errors for monthly totals and for month-to-month change. The figures given in these tables are to be used for the characteristics as indicated.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month the number of persons working a specific number of hours was 12,000,000, an increase of 400,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the second column of table D shows that the standard error on an estimate of 12,000,000 is about 159,000. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 11,841,000 to 12,159,000. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Recall that the standard error of a month-to-month change is

Table C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

	Standard	error of—		Standard	error of—
Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive month change
Total (all civilian workers)	0.12	0.12	Occupation—Continued		
Men, 20 years and over	16	.16			
Women, 20 years and over	18	.19	Precision production, craft, and repair	0.38	0.42
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	66	.78	Machine operators, assemblers, and		
White workers	12	.13	inspectors		.59
Black workers	55	.58	Transportation and material moving	.68	.78
Married men, spouse present	.16	.17	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and		
Married women, spouse present	.22	.23	laborers		.93
Full-time workers	.13	.13	Farming, forestry, and fishing	88	1.01
Part-time workers	.34	.42	landorata.		
Unemployed 15 weeks and over	.07	.09	Industry		1
Offernployed 15 weeks and over :		.00	Nonagricultural private wage and salary	-	1
		l	workers	.14	.15
Occupation			Mining	1.47	1.68
			Construction	71	.81
Executive, administrative, and managerial.		.28	Manufacturing	.28	.31
Professional specialty	.20	.23	Durable goods	.35	.39
Technicians and related support	.49	.55	Nondurable goods	.44	.50
Sales	.31	.35	Transportation, communications, and		.50
A displication of the control of the	00	.29	nublic utilities	.43	.48
Poblicate has a shorted	4.00	1.45	Wholesale and retail trade	.28	.31
Protective service	. 1.28	.90	Finance and services	.20	.31
		.90	Government workers	.25	.28
Service, except private household and	41	.46		1.29	1.50
protective .		.46	Agricultural wage and salary workers.	1.29	1.50

Table D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly level

(In thousands)

					Characteristic	1				
		Labor force	Labor force data other than unemployment and agricultural employment data							
Estimated monthly level	Agricultural employment	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white men only, or women only	Black men only, or women only	Total or white	Black	
50	14	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	11	
100	19	15	15	15	15	14	14	15	16	
500	43	34	34	33	29	32	31	33	35	
1,000	61	48	47	46	33	45	42	47	49	
2,000	85	68	64	63	_	63	55	66	67	
4,000	120	95	84	80		87	66	93	88	
6,000	146	116	94	86		105	58	113	99	
8,000	_	133	97	83	_	120	23	129	_	
10,000	-	147	94	70	_	132	_	143	-	
15,000	-	177	50	-		155		172		
20,000	-	201	-	-	-	170	-	195	_	
30,000	_	236	_		_	188		-		
40,000		261				189				
50,000		278	,			175	_		_	
60,000	-	288	-	-		141	-		-	
70,000	-	293	-	-		61	-		-	
80,000	-	293	-			_				
100,000	-	273	-	_		-			-	
120,000	-	231	-			-	-		-	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> When determining the standard error of an estimate for a group which is a subset of the age, sex, or race groups listed, use the standard error for the next larger group, e.g., when determining the standard error

on the estimated number of employed persons age 20 to 54 years, use the column for total employed.

primarily dependent on the size of the monthly estimate. Thus, using linear interpolation in the first column of table E, the standard error on a month-to-month change of 400,000, when the monthly level is approximately 12,000,000, is about 118,000.

Standard errors for rates and percentages. The reliability of an estimated unemployment rate or an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the rate or percentage and the total upon which the rate or percentage is based. Estimated rates and percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerator of the rates or percentages; this is particularly true for percentages of 50 percent or more. As a general rule, percentages are not published when the monthly base is less than 75,000, the quarterly average base is less than 60,000, or the annual average base is less than 35,000.

Tables F and G show generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for unemployment rates. Generalized standard errors for estimated monthly percentages and estimated month-to-month change in percentage can be obtained through the use of the standard errors in table H and the factors in table I. First obtain the standard error from table H for the specific percentage and base. The generalized standard error is then calculated by multiplying the standard error from table H by the appropriate factor

from table I. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the factor indicated by the numerator of the percentage.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month 3.6 percent of a total of 90,771,000 employed persons are employed in agriculture. The standard error on an estimate of 3.6 percent with a base of 90,771,000 is obtained from table H (0.09 percent). The appropriate factor from table I for the numerator of the percentage, agricultural employment, is 1.26. The generalized standard error on the estimated 3.6 percent is then approximately 0.09 x 1.26 = 0.1 percentage point.

Standard errors for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. The approximate standard errors of levels, rates, and percentages involving year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages may be obtained by using table J in conjunction with the other tables. Standard errors for estimates of change are more closely related to the level of the estimate than to the size of the specific change. Thus, to obtain the standard error of an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, or an estimate of a change in level, rate, or percentage, it is first necessary to find the appropriate estimate of level. For an estimate

of an average level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of this estimate. For an estimate of change in level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of the average of the two estimates affecting the change. Then, after computing the standard error by treating these estimates as monthly estimates and using the procedures above, multiply this result by a suitable factor from table J to obtain the approximate standard error for the average or change.

Illustration. Suppose that one is interested in the year-to-year change of a monthly unemployment rate. Assume that for a certain month the unemployment rate is 6.9 percent, based on a total of 95,676,000 in the civilian labor force, and that a year prior to this the unemployment rate was 6.1 percent, based on a total of 94,254,000 in the civilian labor force for the month. First the standard error on the average of the two estimates, 6.5 percent with a base of 94,965,000, is obtained from table F (0.12 percentage point). The appropriate factor, then, from table J is 1.40. The approximate standard error on the change of 0.8 percent is then given by  $0.12 \times 1.40 = 0.17$  percentage point.

The approximate standard error of levels involving year-to-year change of quarterly estimates pertaining to CPS earnings data for persons and families may be obtained by using table K in conjunction with the following formula:

Where X is the estimate for one quarter and Y is the estimate for another quarter. The coefficient, P, is a measure of the correlation between the estimates X and Y resulting from the presence of some of the same respondents in the sample for each estimate. For consecutive year-to-year changes of quarterly estimates, the values of P are .30 for persons (total, white, and black) and .35 for families (total, white, and black). The respective values for estimates of Hispanics are .45 and .55.

Illustration. Assume that in a given quarter the number of women employed as full-time wage and salary workers was 27,000,000 and in the same quarter a year later, their number had increased to 29,000,000. Using linear interpolation in the eighth column of table K, the standard error of an estimate of 27,000,000 is 216,000; for 29,000,000 it is 221,000. Using the above formula, the standard error of the 2,000,000, year-to-year change is:

 $\sqrt{(216,000)^2 + (221,000)^2 - 2(.30)(216,000)(221,000)}$ , or about 259,000.

Table E. Standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change

(In thousands)

				Charac	cteristic¹			
Faling should associately a local	Labor force da		unemployment ar ment data	nd agricultural		Unempk	oyment	
Estimated monthly level	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white	Both sexes 16 to 19 years, or part-time labor force <sup>2</sup>	Black	Black, 16 to 19 years
50	8	8	13	13	12	13	12	12
100	11	11	18	18	16	18	17	18
500	25	25	39	34	37	40	38	35
1,000	36	35	54	36	51	54	52	37
2,000	50	47	72	-	72	70	69	-
4,000		62	88	_	99	78	85	-
6,000		70	68		118	60	87	
8,000	98	73	71	-	132	- [	-	1 -
10,000	109	71	-	_	143	1	-	1
15,000	131	42	_		160	]	-	
20.000	148	-	- 1		165	- 1	-	-
30,000	174	-			-	1		1 -
40,000	191	-	-		_	_	-	
50,000	203	-		_	_	-	-	-
60,000	210	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70,000	212	-	-	-	_	1		-
80,000	211	-	- 1	-	_	- 1	_	_
100,000	193	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
120,000	153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>1</sup> See footnote 1, table D.

reentering the labor force, persons who left their last job, and persons by duration of unemployment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Part-time labor force for unemployment also includes persons

Table F. Standard errors for unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate (in	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)									
thousands)	1	2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50
50	2.09	2.94	4.57	6.28	7.46	8.34	9.01	9.05	9.87	10.21
100	1.48	2.08	3.23	4.44	5.28	5.90	6.37	6.73	6.98	7.22
500	.66	.93	1.45	1.99	2.36	2.64	2.85	3.01	3.12	3.27
1,000	.47	.66	1.02	1.40	1.67	1.87	2.01	2.13	2.21	2.28
2,000	.33	.46	.72	.99	1.18	1.32	1.42	1.50	1.56	1.61
4,000	.23	.33	.51	.70	.83	.93	1.01	1.06	1.10	1.14
6,000	.19	.27	.42	.57	.68	.76	.82	.87	.90	.93
10,000	.15	.21	.32	.44	.53	.59	.64	.67	.70	.72
20,000	.10	.15	.23	.31	.37	.42	.45	.47	.49	.51
60,000	.06	.08	.13	.18	.21	.24	.26	.27	.27	.29
100,000	.05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.20	.21	.22	.22

Table G. Standard errors for month-to-month change in unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate (In thousands)	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)									
	1	2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50
50	2.32	3.28	5.14	7.18	8.69	9.90	10.93	11.81	12.58	14.48
100	1.64	2.32	3.64	5.08	6.14	7.00	7.12	8.35	8.89	10.17
500	.73	1.04	1.63	2.27	2.74	3.13	3.45	3.73	3.97	4.53
1,000	.52	.73	1.15	1.60	1.94	2.21	2.44	2.63	2.80	<b>3</b> ,19
2,000	.37	.52	.81	1.13	1.37	1.56	1.72	1.85	1.97	2.24
1,000	.26	.37	.57	.80	.96	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.38	1.56
5,000	.21	.30	.47	.65	.78	.89	.98	1.05	1,11	_
0,000	.16	.23	.36	.50	.60	.68	.75	.80	_	
20,000	.12	.16	.25	.35	.42	.47	.51	.54	!	
60,000	.07	.09	.14	.19	.22	.23	.24	_		
100,000	.05	.07	.11	.14	.15	.15	_	- 1		

Table H. Standard errors for estimated percentages and month-to-month change in percentages for labor force data

Monthly base of percentages	Percentage of monthly level									
(In thousands)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	20 or 80	25 or 75	30 or 70	35 or 65	50
50	2.14	3.01	4.69	6.46	7.68	8.61	9.32	9.86	10.27	10.70
100	1.51	2.13	3.32	4.57	5.43	6.09	6.59	6.97	7.26	7.6
500		.95	1.48	2.04	2.43	2.72	2.95	3.12	3.25	3.40
1,000		.67	1.05	1.44	1.72	1.92	2.08	2.21	2.30	2.4
2,000	.34	.48	.74	1.02	1.22	1.36	1.47	1.56	1.62	1.70
4,000		.34	.52	.72	.86	.96	1.04	1.10	1.15	1.20
6,000		.28	.43	.59	.70	.79	.85	.90	.94	.98
10,000		.21	.33	.46	.54	.61	.66	.70	.73	.70
20,000		.15	.23	.32	.38	.43	.47	.49	.51	.54
40,000		.11	.17	.23	.27	.30	.33	.35	.36	.38
60,000		.09	.14	.19	.22	.25	.27	.28	.30	.3
80,000		.08	.12	.16	.19	.22	.23	.25	.26	.2
100,000		.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.21	.22	.23	.24
160,000		.05	.08	.11	.13	.15	.16	.17	.18	.19

NOTE: The standard errors in this table must be multiplied by the factors in table I to obtain the approximate standard error for a specific characteristic.

Table I. Factors to be used with Table H to compute approximate standard errors for percentages and month-to-month change in percentages

	Fa	ctor		Factor		
Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	
Agricultural employment:	1		Unemployment:			
Total or full-time labor force	1.26	1.05	Part-time labor force, duration of			
Part-time labor force	1.26	1.50	unemployment, left last job,			
Labor force data other than agricultural			reentering labor force	1.01	1.21	
employment and unemployment data:		ļ	All other unemployment characteristics:			
Total	1.00	.74	Total or white:	•		
Men only	.93	.84	Total	.97	1.08	
Women only	.86	.75	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.97	1.21	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1.00	1.18	Black:			
Part-time labor force	1.00	1.18	Total	1.04	1.13	
			Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1.04	1.24	

Table J. Factors to be used with Tables, D, F, H, and I to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages and change in yearly averages,

			Factor		
Characteristic	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages
Agricultural employment:					
Total or men	1.30 1.30	0.89 .83	0.80 .80	0.72 .58	0.70 .70
Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment data:	1.40	.74	.80	.46	.70
Total or whiteBlack or teenagers	1.30	.88	.88	.67	.70
(16 to 19 years)	1.30 1.40	.82 .74	.88 .88	.57 .46	.70 .60
Unemployment:					
Total Part time	1.40 1.40	.76 .69	.88 .88	.50 .39	.65 .54

Table K. Standard errors for estimates of quarterly level, to be used with CPS earnings data

(In thousands)

					Characteristic	3			
		Total			М	en		Woi	men
Estimated quarterly level	Total or full-time workers			Part-time	Total	or full-time w	Total, full-time, or part-time workers		
	workers	Total or white	Black	workers	Total	White	Black	Total or white	Black
10	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
50	11	12	12	11	12	12	12	11	11
75	13	15	15	13	15	15	15	13	13
100	15	17	17	15	17	17	17	15	15
150	19	21	21	19	21	21	21	19	19
200	22	24	24	22	24	24	24	22	21
250	24	27	27	24	27	27	27	24	24
300	26	30	30	26	30	30	29	26	26
500	34	38	38	34	38	38	37	34	33
750	42	47	46	42	47	47	45	42	41
1,000	48	54	53	48	54	54	50	48	46
1,500	59	66	63	59	66	66	59	59	56
2,000	68	76	72	68	76	76	65	68	63
2,500	76	85	79	75	84	84	69	75	69
3,000	83	93	85	82	92	92	71	82	74
5,000	107	119	100	105	117	116	64	105	85
7,500	130	145	107	127	140	138	_	127	_
10,000	149	165	102	144	157	155	_	145	_
15,000	180	198	-	187	183	179		173	
20,000	205	224	- 1	192	199	193	-	195	
25,000	226	244	-	207	209	199	_	211	-
30,000	224	261	_	219	212	198	_	224	_
40,000	273	286	-	236	201	174	-	242	
50,000	296	301	1	-	_	<b> </b>			_
75,000	331	304	_	_	_	-	_	_	
100,000	343	255	] _	_	_	_		_	
,						ļ		[	

# Establishment Data (Tables B-1 through C-8)

#### COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, and earnings in nonagricultural establishments, by industry and geographic location. Historical statistics are published in *Employment*, Hours, and Earnings, United States, 1909-84, and Employment Hours and Earnings, States and Areas, 1939-82 and their annual supplements.

#### Federal-State cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements, responding establishments report employment, hours, and earnings data to State agencies. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the reported data to prepare State and area series and also send the reported data to the BLS (Washington Office) for use in preparing the national series. This avoids a duplicate reporting burden on establishments, and together with the use of similar estimating techniques at the national and State levels, promotes increased comparability between estimates.

#### Shuttle schedules

Form BLS 790—Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours is the name of the data collection schedule. The collection agency returns the schedule to the respondent each month so that the next month's data can be entered on the space alotted for that month. This "shuttle" procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures that have been reported for previous months.

Form BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the total number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments and, for most industries, employment, payroll, and hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month.

#### **CONCEPTS**

#### Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation and for States and areas are classified in accordance with the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SICM), Office of Management and Budget. The BLS tabulates and estimates statistics which distinguish between private and public establishments, thus maintaining continuity with previously published statistics for the private and government sector.

#### **Industry** employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency are also excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

#### Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing' and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's

own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operation.

Construction workers include the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. "Fringe benefits" (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours cover the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours covers hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average hourly and weekly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average weekly earnings estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-term trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, parttime work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Table L. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size, or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)
	Month	ly data
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months.	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees	All-employees estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees. <sup>2</sup>	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.
Average weekly hours	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers.²	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours ,	Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers.²	Average, weighted by production worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.
Average hourly earnings	Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. <sup>2</sup>	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	Annual av	erage data
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Average weekly hours .	Annual total of aggregate hours (production or non- supervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or non- supervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average weekly overtime hours	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly earnings are modified by

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, ovetime premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours.

Railroads hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Real earnings, or earnings in constant dollars, are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

Average hourly earnings excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings excluding overtime premium pay are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. Prior to January 1956, these data were based on the application of adjustment factors to average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Review, May 1950, pp. 537-40). Both methods eliminate only the earnings due to overtime paid for at 1½ times the straight-time rates. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1977. For basic industries, the hour aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hour aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Indexes of diffusion of changes in number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls. These indexes measure the percent of industries which posted increases in employment over the specified time span. The indexes are calculated from 185 seasonally adjusted employment series (two-digit nonmanufacturing industries and three-digit manufacturing industries) covering all nonagricultural payroll employment in the private sector. A more detailed discussion of these indexes appears in "Introduction of Diffusion Indexes," in the December 1974 issue of Employment and Earnings.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the establishment statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique which is a form of ratio estimation; (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks; and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

### The "link relative" technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a "link relative." The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these "link relatives." In addition, bias correction factors are applied to selected employment estimates each month. The size of the bias correction factors is determined from past benchmark comparisons. Beginning with data for April 1983, these factors are modified by changes in the sample link relatives for the most recent quarter. Other features of the general procedures are described in table L.

#### Size and regional stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified production or nonsupervisory worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods in table L, may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

#### Benchmark adjustments

Employment estimates are compared periodically with benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) for the various nonagricultural industries and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1984 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary sources of benchmark information are employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by States agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations cover about 98 percent of employees on nonagricultural payrolls in the United States. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates for the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necesary, the monthly series of estimates between benchmark periods are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment; the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level. A comparision of the actual amounts of revisions made at the time of the March 1984 benchmark adjustment is shown in table M.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are subject to revision. Revised data are published as soon as possible after each benchmark revision.

#### THE SAMPLE

#### Design

The sampling plan used in the Current Employment Statistics program is known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This design is an optimum allocation design among strata since the sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost

Table M. Comparison of nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates for March 1984

Industry	Benchmark	Estimate	Percent differ- ence
Total	92,587,000	92,234,000	0.4
Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade .	952,000 3,914,000 19,151,000 5,063,000 5,447,000	967,000 3,794,000 19,323,000 5,055,000 5,421,000	-1.6 3.1 9
Retail trade	15,891,000 5,588,000 20,365,000 16,216,000	15,629,000 5,565,000 20,276,000 16,204,000	1.6 .4 .4 .1

considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in relatively few establishments, a large percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments and also for a substantial number of the small ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to design samples for these industries with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than do establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS Current Employment Statistics program, with its emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after the reference period, and, at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail.

#### Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table N shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

#### Reliability of the employment estimates

Although the relatively large size of the BLS establishment sample assures a high degree of accuracy, the estimates derived from it may differ from the figures that would be obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures. As discussed under the previous section, a "link relative" technique is used to estimate employment. This requires the use of the previous month's estimate as

Table N. Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1984<sup>1</sup>

Industry	Number of estab-	Employees	
madon,	lishments	Number	Percent of
	in sample	reported	total
Total	221,700	36,946,000	40
Mining	3,400	376,000	39
Construction	21,500	827,000	21
Manufacturing	50,600	10,571,000	5 <b>5</b>
Transportation and public utilities	10,500	2,377,000	47
Wholesale trade	19,200	909,000	17
Retail trade	35,900	2,875,000	18
Finance, insurance and	1		
real estate	15,900	2,101,000	38
Services	41,900	4,838,000	24
Government:			
Federal <sup>2</sup> .	5,100	2,779,000	100
State	4,000	3,121,000	82
Local .	13,700	6,172,000	64

¹ Since a few establishments do not report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

the base in computing the current month's estimate. Thus, small sampling and response errors may cumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the estimates are usually adjusted annually to new benchmarks. In addition to taking account of sampling and response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks). In fact, at the more detailed industry levels. particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjustments. Another cause of differences arises from improvements in the quality of the benchmark data. Table O presents the average percent revisions of the five most recent benchmarks for major industry divisions. Detailed descriptions of individual benchmark revisions are available from the Bureau upon request.

The hours and earnings estimates for basic estimating cells are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. The hours and earnings estimates, however, are subject to sampling errors which may be expressed as relative errors of the estimates. (A relative error is a standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate.) Relative errors for major industries are presented in table O and for individual industries with the specified number of employees in table P. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the hours and earnings estimates from the sample would differ by a

smaller percentage than the relative error from the averages that would have been obtained from a complete census.

One measure of the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-meansquare error (RMSE). The measure is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in estimates:

$$RMSE = \sqrt{(Standard Deviation)^2 + (Bias)^2}$$

If the bias is small, the chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the samle would differ from its benchmark by less than the root-mean-square error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the root-mean-square error.

Approximations of the root-mean-square errors (based on the most recent benchmark revisions) of differences between final estimates and benchmarks are presented in table P.

For the two most recent months, estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary and are so footnoted in the tables. These figures are based on less than the total sample and are revised when all the reports in the sample have been received. Table Q presents root-mean-square errors of the amounts of revisions that may be expected between the preliminary and final levels of employment and preliminary and final month-to-month changes. Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings.

#### STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, and earnings data

Table O. Average benchmark revision in employment estimates and relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings by industry

(In percent)

Industry	Average bench- mark revi- sion in estimates of employ- ment <sup>1</sup>	Relative errors²	
		Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
Total	.3 2.4 1.6 .6 .6 .5 .2	0.1 1.0 .2 .1 .1 .1 .7 .2	0.2 1.3 .5 .2 .3 .2 .6
Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate. Services Government <sup>3</sup>	.2	.2 .2 .4 -	.4 .6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The average percent revision in employment for the 1980-84 benchmarks.

National estimates of Federal employment by agency are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 5,100 reports covering about 64 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Estimates for government are based on a total count for Federal Government provided by the Office of Personnel Management and a sample of State and local government reports.

Table P. Root-mean-square errors of differences between benchmarks and estimates of employment and average relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings

Size of employment estimate	Root- mean- square error of employ- ment esti- mates¹	Relative errors <sup>2</sup> (in percent)	
		Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
50,000	3,900 5,600 14,000	2.2 1.3 1.1 .9 .8	4.0 2.3 2.0 1.6 1.2

Assuming 12-month intervals between benchmark revisions.

are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with BLS. The area statistics relate to metropolitan

areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification.

For the States and the areas shown in the B and C sections of this periodical, all the annual average data for the detailed industry statistics currently published by each cooperating State agency are presented in a summary volume published annually by the BLS.

Table Q. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

Industry  Monthly level		square error		Root mean square error of-	
		Month-to-month change	Industry	Monthly level	Month-to-month change
Total .	117,300	109,000	Nondurable goods—Continued		
1		ļ li	Chemicals and allied products	2,700	2,500
Total private <sup>1</sup>	65,400	58,600	Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics	1,600	1,500
Goods-producing.	38,900	34,000	products	2.600	2,500
			Leather and leather products	2,700	2,600
Mining	5,400	5,200			1
Oil and gas extraction <sup>1</sup>	4,800	4,500	Service-producing industries	100,300	95,800
Construction	21,300	17,400			
General building contractors'	8,400	5,500	Transportation and public utilities	15,100	15,200
-			Transportation1	19,700	19,500
Manufacturing .	32,100	29,200	Communication and public utilities!	5,000	4,800
Durable goods	23,300	21,100	dunies	3,000	4,000
Lumber and wood products	3,900	3,400	Wholesale trade <sup>1</sup>	8,200	8.000
Furniture and fixtures	3,000	2.300	Durable goods'	5,300	5,000
Stone, clay, and glass products	2,600	2,400	Nondurable goods <sup>1</sup>	5,000	4,800
Primary metal industries	6,400	6,300	140 IIdal able goods	3,000	4,000
Blast furnaces and basic	, i	l 'i	Detail tradel	20.000	21.100
steel products1	5,500	5,300	Retail trade¹	30,900	31,100 18.600
Fabricated metal products	4,700	4,000	General merchandise stores  Food stores	19,000 6.800	5,800
Machinery, except electrical	8,700	7,900	Automotive dealers and service	0,000	5,600
Electrical and electronic		}		3,200	2.700
equipment	6,200	6,400	stations <sup>1</sup>	20,900	18,800
Transportation equipment.	12,600	11,100	Eating and drinking places	20,900	10,000
Motor vehicles and	,	} '		0.400	0.000
equipment <sup>1</sup>	10.200	10,100	Finance, insurance, and real estate	9,400	8,300
Instruments and related	- ,	1	Finance <sup>1</sup>	4,300	3,500
products	2,200	2,200	Insurance <sup>1</sup>	2,900	2,200
Miscellaneous manufacturing.	2,000	2,000	Real estate <sup>1</sup> .	5,500	4,500
Nondurable goods	13,300	13,300	Services	34,600	28,200
Food and kindred products	8,800	8,800	Business services <sup>1</sup>	13,400	11,300
Tobacco manufactures	1,500	1,400	Health services¹	11,300	10,800
Textile mill products	2,700	2,700			
Apparel and other textile	*	1	Government	69,900	64,600
products	6,400	6,100	Federal	17,600	16,200
Paper and allied products	2,100	1,800	State <sup>1</sup>	26,000	25,000
Printing and publishing	2,200	2,400	Local'	41,800	39,100

¹ Data are based on differences from January 1981 through December 1984; all other data reflect differences from January 1979 through December 1984.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

# Productivity Data (Tables C-9 through C-11)

#### COLLECTION

Productivity data are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from establishment data and from estimates of compensation and gross national product supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Federal Reserve Board.

#### **CONCEPTS**

Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments refer to hours paid for all employees—production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers.

Output is the constant-dollar market value of final goods and services produced in a given period. Indexes of output per hour of all persons measure changes in the volume of goods and services produced per paid hour of labor input.

Compensation per hour includes wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. The data also include an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplementary payments for the self-employed, except for nonfinancial corporations, in which there are no self-employed.

Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour adjusted to elimate the effect of changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Unit labor costs measure the labor compensation cost required to produce one unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation per hour by output per hour.

Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output.

They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from the current-dollar gross national product and dividing by output. In these tables, unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

*Unit profits* include corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustments per unit of output.

The *implicit price deflator* is derived by dividing the current-dollar estimate of gross product by the constant-dollar estimate, making the deflator, in effect, a price index for gross product of the sector reported.

#### **NOTES ON THE DATA**

For the business sector and the nonfarm business sector, these indexes relate to the gross domestic product less household and institutions, owner-occupied housing, and statistical discrepancy. For the nonfinancial corporate sector, the indexes refer to the gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.

Manufacturing output data are supplied by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Federal Reserve Board. Quarterly measures have been adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to annual estimates of output (gross product originating) from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Compensation and hours data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Historical statistics for most productivity measures appear in *Trends in Multifactor Productivity*, 1948-81, BLS Bulletin 2178. Additional information may be obtained from the Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523-9261).

# State and Area Labor Force Data (D table)

#### FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which are derived from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis of determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act and the Public Works and Economic Development Act.

Annual average data for the States and areas shown in table D are published in Employment and Earnings

(usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment.

Labor force and unemployment estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The report "Employment and Unemployment in States and Local

Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available on microfiche only on a subscription basis.

#### STIMATING METHODS

The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates 11 large States: New York, California, Illinois, Ohio, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Texas, Massachutts, North Carolina, and Florida; and two areas: Los angeles—Long Beach metropolitan area and New York City, are sufficiently reliable to be used directly from the CPS. For a description of the CPS concepts see Household Data," above.

Monthly labor force and unemployment estimates in the remaining 39 States, District of Columbia, and 253 abor market areas are prepared in several stages. The ivilian labor force is the sum of the employment and memployment levels, which are estimated in accordance with the BLS Manual for Developing Local Area Inemployment Statistics.

Preliminary estimate—employment: The total ivilian employment estimate is based on data from the arrvey of establishments which produces an estimate of payroll employment. This place-of-work estimate must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the PS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed for the several ategories of employment on the basis of employment relationships which existed at the time of the 1970 decennial census. These factors are applied to the payroll employment estimates for the current period to obtained adjusted employment estimates, to which are added estimates for employment not cover by UI.

Preliminary estimate—unemployment: In the curent month, the estimate of unemployment is an agregate of the estimates for each of three building block ategories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in adustries covered by State unemployment insurance (UI) laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation. This is referred to below as the UI- based estimate.

An estimate for those previously employed in covered industries is derived from a count of current employment insurance claimants, plus estimates of claimants whose benefits have been exhausted, those persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons (because they quit, were discharged for cause, i.e., but would otherwise have been eligible), and person who either filed claims late or not at all.

The estimate of those previously employed in industries not covered by UI is derived by applying to the employment estimate for each noncovered industry or ass of worker subgroup in the State, the ratio of

covered unemployment to covered employment weighted by factors reflecting national historical relationships.

For the third category, new entrants and reentrants into the labor force, a composite estimate is developed from equations that relate the total entrants into the labor force to the experienced unemployed and the experienced labor force. For each month, the estimate of entrants into the labor force is a function of: (a) the month of the year; (b) the level of the experienced unemployed; (c) the level of the experienced labor force; and (d) the proportion of the working age population that is considered "youth." The composite estimate of total entrants is defined as:

U = A(X + F) + BX, where

U = total entrant unemployment

E = 101al civilian employment

X = total experienced unemployment

A,B = synthetic factors incorporating

seasonal variation and an assumed relationship between the proportion of youths in the working population and the historical relationship of entrants to the experienced unemployed (B factor) or the experienced labor force (A factor).

- 3. Correction factors for employment and unemployment are then applied at the State level of the UI-based estimates obtained above for each of the 39 States and the District of Columbia. These correction factors are based on the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based estimates for the 6-month period ending in the current month (e.g., a 6-month moving average).
- 4. Substate adjustment for additivity. Independent estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State (obtained directly from the CPS in the 11 large States or by the U1-based method in the remaining States), and labor market areas (LMA's) within the State). The total of the geographic areas in the LMA's exhausts the geographic boundaries of the State. A proportional adjustment is applied to all sub-state LMA estimates to ensure that the sub-state estimates of employment and unemployment add to the independent State totals. In California and New York, which also have sub-state areas taken directly from the CPS, the additivity adjustment for the reamining areas is applied to the State total minus the direct CPS area.
- 5. Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year monthly estimates prepared by the State employment security agencies using UI-based estimating procedures are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLS to the annual average CPS estimates for the 39 States and the District of Columbia for which monthly CPS estimates are not

available. This adjustment is necessary because the State-prepared estimates are not as reliable as the CPS annual averages due to differences in the State UI laws, the structual limitations of the UI-based estimating method, and errors in the UI data.

The benchmarked estimates are produced in three stages. First, the monthly UI-based estimates are adjusted by the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based annual averages. Second, the difference between the ratio of

annual averages for two consecutive years is wedged into the monthly estimates in order to minimize the disturbance to the original series. Finally, the third stage estimates are forced into agreement with CPS annual averages. In the 11 States which use CPS estimates monthly, no benchmark correction is required, as the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal CPS annual averages.

### Seasonal Adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published regularly in Employment and Earnings.

The seasonal adjustment program used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving average method. It provides for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in *The X-11 Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program*, Technical Paper No. 15, Bureau of the Census (1967).

Beginning in January 1980, BLS introduced two major modifications in the seasonal adjustment methodology for data from the household survey. First, the data are being seasonally adjusted with a new procedure called X-11 ARIMA, which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the existing standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in *The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method*, by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue NO. 12-564E, February 1980. The X-11 procedure was originally developed at the Bureau of the

Census and had been used by the BLS to seasonally adjusted labor force series since 1973. Tests have shown that use of the X-11 ARIMA procedure, which places more emphasis on recent data, provides better seasonal adjustments than does the X-11 method alone.

The second change is that seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the first 6 months of the year rather than for the entire year. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* a set of seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components-agricultural employment. nonagricultural employment, and unemployment-data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is the sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components, plus the resident Armed Forces total (not adjusted for seasonality), and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components; the total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components; and the overall unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

Revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December 1984, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment rate for the first 6 months of 1985, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment methodology are published in the January 1985 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Revised seasonally adjusted data covering the 1980-84 revision period for a broader range of labor force series are published in the February 1985 issue of this publication.

Beginning in July 1980, the BLS also uses the X-11 ARIMA methodology in seasonally adjusting the establishment data, which previously had been computed using the BLS Seasonal Factor Method. All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors used in calculating the current year's estimates are based on actual data through March 1985 and projected data through March 1986. The ARIMA model options for projecting the data series for 1 year ahead have been used in seasonally adjusting the establishment series since June 1981.

Seasonal adjustment factors are directly applied to the component levels. Seasonally adjusted totals for most of these series are then obtained by taking a weighted average of the seasonally adjusted data for the component series. Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours.

Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsuper-

visory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1977 base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, wholesale trade, retail trade, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods industries, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1977 base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series

Beginning in June 1983, seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjusted data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. In earlier years the number of these workers was substantial, and at times varied greatly from year to year, based on administrative decisions of the Postal Service. Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the unadjusted data upon which the seasonal adjustment factors were based. In the past several years, the number of these workers has decreased to the point where their presence has no impact on seasonal adjustment. Temporary census takers for the 1980 decennial census are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment.

The revised seasonally adjusted series for the establishment data reflect experience through March 1985. Seasonal adjustment factors to be used for current adjustment appear in the June 1985 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

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