EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS
U.S. Department of Labor

Bureau of Labor Statistics


## U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

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## Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in Employment and Earnings special features appear in most of the issues as shown below:

## Household data

| Annual averages | Jan. |
| :--- | ---: |
| Revised seasonally adjusted series | Jan., Feb. |
| Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted <br> data, persons not in labor force, persons <br> of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans <br> and nonveterans, family relationship data, <br> weekly earnings data |  |
|  | Jan., Apr., |
| July, Oct. |  |

## Establishment data

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Industry divisions (preliminary) Jan.
Industry detail (final) Mar.

Women employees (final) Mar.
National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and June ${ }^{1}$ new seasonal factors

Revised historical national data Supplement ${ }^{2}$
State and area annual averages ..... May
Area definitions ..... May

## State and area labor force data

Annual averages May

[^0]
## Employment and Earnings

Vol. 31 No. 7 July 1984
Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Rosalie K. Epstein

## Editors' note

Publication of quarterly data for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas, as shown in table A-68 of the April 1984 issue of Employment and Earnings, is being discontinued during the phase-in of the 1980 census-based sample.

As indicated in the May issue, the phase-in, which began in April 1984, was expected to have little or no impact on national metropolitan-nonmetropolitan estimates. However, survey results based on the early stages of the phase-in reveal that there are estimation problems associated with the detail for central cities and suburbs within metropolitan areas and for the farm and nonfarm components of nonmetropolitan areas. Quarterly data for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan aggregates will be made available to users upon request.

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# Employment and Unemployment Developments, June 1984 

Employment rose in June and unemployment declined. The overall unemployment rate, which includes the resident Armed Forces in the labor force base, was 7.0 percent, and the rate for civilian workers was 7.1 percent. Both of these measures dropped four-tenths of a percentage point over the month; they have decreased by a full percentage point thus far in 1984.

Total civilian employment-as measured by the monthly survey of households-rose by 460,000 to 105.7 million, following an even larger increase in May. The number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls-as measured by the monthly survey of establishments--advanced by 300,000 . Strong growth was registered in construction, durable goods manufacturing, and the services industry.

## Unemployment

The civilian worker unemployment rate dropped by 0.4 percentage point to 7.1 percent in June. The number of unemployed persons was down by 385,000 , after seasonal adjustment, to 8.1 million; a large part of this decline occurred among reentrants to the labor force. The jobless rate has fallen by 3.6 percentage points from its late 1982 high to the lowest level since April 1980. The number of unemployed has declined by 3.8 million since November 1982. (See tables A-33 and A-41.)

Unemployment rates declined among most major worker groups in June. Decreases were largest for adult women and teenagers, whose rates dropped to 6.4 and 17.6 percent, respectively. The jobless rate for adult men edged down to 6.3 percent, continuing its sharp downward trend. The reduction among teenagers represented the first substantial change in their rate since November 1983. Unemployment rates for both whites and blacks were also lower in June. The rate for black teenagers, which tends to fluctuate quite widely, dropped sharply, to 34.3 percent. There was also a decrease in the unemployment rate for full-time workers. (See tables A-33, A-34, and A-39.)

The decline in unemployment over the month was concentrated among those unemployed from 5 to 26 weeks. The median duration of unemployment also dropped-from 8.7 to 7.2 weeks-while the mean duration was little changed at 18.6 weeks. (See table A-40.)

## Civilian labor force and employment

The civilian labor force typically swells in June with the summertime entrance of students and graduates. This June, the labor force increased by 2.1 million, with teenagers accounting for most of the gain. This was essentially in line with seasonal expectations, and thus, after seasonal adjustment, the labor force showed little change over the month. (See table A-33.)

Civilian employment continued to show strong growth in June, rising by 460,000 on a seasonally adjusted basis to 105.7 million. Adult men accounted for nearly two-thirds of this increase and teenagers for most of the remainder.

## Discouraged workers

At 1.3 million, the number of discouraged workers-persons who report that they want to work but are not looking for jobs because they believe they cannot find any-was about unchanged between the first and second quarters of 1984 but was down by more than half a million from the fourth quarter 1982 recession high. Almost 3 out of 4 discouraged workers reported job-market factors as their reason for not looking for jobs. (See table A-53.)

## Industry payroll employment

Nonfarm payroll employment rose by 300,000 in June to 94.0 million, seasonally adjusted, continuing the strong job gains evident since early 1983. Employment growth was widespread, as more than three-fifths of the 185 industries in the bi.S diffusion index registered over-the-month increases. Construction, durable goods manufacturing, and the services industry showed the largest employment gains. (See tables B-4 and B-7.)

Construction employment, which has rebounded strongly during the current recovery period, rose by 75,000 in June to 4.4 million, its highest level since the spring of 1980. Durable goods manufacturing recorded a 70,000 job gain, with most of the strength occurring in fabricated metals, machinery, electrical equipment, and transportation equipment. There was little change in nondurable goods employment for the second month in a row. While manufacturing has continued to grow, job gains in the last 3 months have been considerably less than the average growth earlier in the recovery.

The largest over-the-month increase occurred in services, where employment rose by 130,000 . Elsewhere in the service-producing sector, job gains also occurred in both wholesale and retail trade and in transportation and public utilities.

## Weeky hours

The average workweek of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls was unchanged in June at 35.3 hours, seasonally adjusted, and has fluctuated around this level since the beginning of the year. Weekly hours and overtime in manufacturing, at 40.6 and 3.3 hours, respectively, were also unchanged in June at levels close to the very high points that prevailed in the January-April period. (See table C-5.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls rose by 0.6 percent in June to $112.6(1977=100)$, reflecting the increase in employment. The manufacturing index increased 0.3 percent over the month to 96.3 but was still somewhat below the April level. (See table C-6.)

## Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly and weekly earnings both increased 0.4 percent in June, seasonally adjusted. Prior to seasonal adjustment, average hourly earnings rose 2 cents to $\$ 8.29$, and weekly earnings increased $\$ 3.19$ to $\$ 295.12$. Over the past year, hourly earnings rose by 31 cents, and weekly earnings were up by $\$ 14.22$. (See tables C-I and C-7.)

## Hourly Earnings Index

The Hourly Earnings Index (HEI) was 160.0 (1977 = 100) in June, seasonally adjusted, an increase of 0.3 percent from May. For the 12 months ended in June, the increase (before seasonal adjustment) was 3.2 percent. The hel excludes the effects of two types of changes unrelated to underlying wage rate movements--fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts. In dollars of constant purchasing power, the HEI increased 0.1 percent during the 12 -month percent ended in May. (See table C-7.)

# New Seasonal Adjustment Factors for Household Data Series 

*Robert J. McIntire

Since 1980, the Bureau of Labor Statistics has extrapolated and published the seasonal adjustment factors for the major labor force series on a semiannual rather than annual basis. Research had indicated that current seasonal adjustment would be improved during the last 6 months of each year if the 6 -month basis were used in place of the previous 12 -month basis. Table 1 presents the factors which will be used to seasonally adjust the 12 major labor force components for the last 6 months of 1984. The factors which were used for these components during the first 6 months of 1984 were published in the January 1984 issue of Employment and Earnings. The 12 seasonally adjusted series which result from the application of these factors are used in the computation of the seasonally adjusted figures for the national unemployment level and for the overall and civilian employment and labor force levels and unemployment rates. The overall measures include the resident Armed Forces in the employed segment of the labor force, but seasonal factors are not calculated for the resident Armed Forces data since they are considered to have no seasonal component.

The new seasonal factors have been extrapolated using the X-11 ARIMA program with data through June 1984 for each series. The ARIMA models used were the same as those used at the beginning of the year for the extrapolation of the factors for January through June; they were identified in the January issue of this publication. The historical seasonally adjusted data, including the first 6 months of 1984, will not be revised until the beginning of 1985. More detailed information on the adjustment method, the procedures for aggregation, and the revision of historical data is included in the February 1984 issue in the article entitled "Revision of Seasonally Adjusted Labor Force Series."
*Robert J. McIntire is an economist and Chief of the Data Services Group in the Division of Data Development and Users' Services, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Data for any of the several hundred seasonally adjusted labor force series and the July-December 1984 factors for any of the other independently adjusted series (there are about 175 in addition to the 12 major components) may be obtained from BLS upon request. Requests for data or inquiries concerning seasonal adjustment methodology or the availability of machinereadable files of labor force data should be addressed to the Division of Data Development and Users' Services, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, D.C. 20212.

Table 3. Current seasonal adjustment factors for the 12 major civilian labor force components, July-December 1984

| Procedure and series <br> Multiplicative Adjustment (Divide factor into original value) | July |  | Aug. | Sept | Oct. | Nov |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural employment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men, 20 years and over |  | 1.095 | 1.093 | 1.065 | 1.055 | 0.999 | 0.917 |
| Women. 20 years and over |  | 1.234 | 1.166 | 1.101 | 1.058 | . 939 | . 847 |
| Men, 16 to 19 years |  | 1.685 | 1.613 | 1.040 | 980 | . 749 | . 651 |
| Women, 161019 years |  | 1.952 | 1.740 | 1.049 : | 945 | . 742 ! | 619 |
| Nonagricultural employment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men, 20 years and over |  | 1.012 | 1.011 | 1.007 | 1.005 | 1.003 | . 998 |
| Women, 20 years and over |  | 983 | . 988 | 1.006 | : 1.012 | 1.014 | 1.010 |
| Unemployment: |  | $!$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men. 20 years and over |  | . 942 | . 924 | 890 | . 900 | . 947 | 1010 |
| Women, 20 years and over |  | 1.023 | 1035 | 1.027 | 1.007 : | . 981 | . 953 |
| Additive Adjustment (Subtract factor from original value) |  |  |  |  |  | ; |  |
| Nonagricuitural employment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men. 16 to 19 years |  | 882 : | 631 : | -168 | -144 | -180 | -171 |
| Women. 16 to 19 years |  | 687 | 524 | -136 | -114 | -78 | -10 |
| Unemployment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men, 16 to 19 years | ! | 144 | -17 | -79 | -77 | 4 | -16 |
| Women. 16 to 19 years |  | 180 : | 53 | 14 | -12. | -33 | -125 |

## A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951 to date

(Numbers in thousands)


[^1]A-2. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1973 to date

' Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical $\quad 2$ The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

## HOUSEHOLD DATA

 HISTORICAL
## A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951 to date



[^2]A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race
(Numbers in thousands)


A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)


A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)


1 Data not shown where base is less than $\mathbf{7 5 , 0 0 0}$.

## A-5. Employment status of the black-and-other civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex

(Numbers in thousands)


1 Data not shown where base is less than 75,000 .

## A-6. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status and race | Total |  | Men, 20 years and over |  | Women, 20 years and over |  | Both sexes, 16 to 19 years |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June 1983 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | June | June 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | June 1983 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 174,125 | 176,284 | 74,814 | 76,176 | 84,008 | 85,380 | 15,303 | 14,728 |
| Civilian labor force | 113,383 | 115,393 | 59,267 | 60,224 | 44,249 | 45,649 | 9,867 | 9,520 |
| Percent of population | 65.1 | 65.5 | 79.2 | 79.1 | 52.7 | 53.5 | 64.5 | 64.6 |
| Employed.... | 101,813 | 106,812 | 54,078 | 56,585 | 40,394 | 42,678 | 7,341 | 7,548 |
| Agriculture ............................................................. | 3,977 | 3,879 | 2.683 | 2,657 | 763 | 750 | 530 | 473 |
| Nonagricultural industries ........................................: | 97.836 | 102,932 | 51,395 | 53,929 | 39,631 | 41,928 | 6,811 | 7,075 |
| Unemployed | 11,570 | 8.582 | 5,188 | 3,639 | 3,855 | 2,970 | 2,527 | 1,972 |
| Unemployment rate | 10.2 | 7.4 | 8.8 | 6.0 | 8.7 | 6.5 | 25.6 | 20.7 |
| Not in labor force ......... | 60,742 | 60,891 | 15,548 | 15,951 | 39,759 | 39,732 | 5,436 | 5,208 |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 150,810 | 152,295 | 65,631 | 66,631 | 72,539 | 73,536 | 12,640 | 12,128 |
| Civilian labor force | 98,488 | 100,090 | 52,202 | 52,990 | 37,741 | 38,847 | 8,545 | 8,253 |
| Percent of population | 65.3 | 65.7 | 79.5 | 79.5 | 52.0 | 52.8 | 67.6 | 68.0 |
| Employed ................................................................. | 89,890 | 93,772 | 48,235 | 50,291 | 34,934 | 36,672 | 6,720 | 6,809 |
| Agriculture | 3,711 | 3,621 | 2,487 | 2,445 | 726 | 722 | 498 | 455 |
| Nonagricultural industries ........................................ | 86,179 | 90,151 | 45,748 | 47,846 | 34,209 | 35,950 | 6,222 | 6,354 |
| Unemployed | 8,598 | 6,319 | 3,967 | 2,700 | 2,806 | 2,175 | 1,825 | 1,444 |
| Unemployment rate | 8.7 | 6.3 | 7.6 | 5.1 | 7.4 | 5.6 | 21.4 | 17.5 |
| Not in labor force ........................................................ | 52,322 | 52,205 | 13,429 | 13,641 | 34,798 | 34,689 | 4,095 | 3,875 |
| Black |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 18,911 | 19,330 | 7,352 | 7,589 | 9,329 | 9,580 | 2,230 | 2,161 |
| Civilian labor force .......... | 11,988 | 12,230 | 5,614 | 5,703 | 5,284 | 5,485 | 1,090 | 1,042 |
| Percent of population | 63.4 | 63.3 | 76.4 | 75.1 | 56.6 | 57.3 | 48.9 | 48.2 |
| Employed | 9,389 | 10,222 | 4,558 | 4,864 | 4,353 | 4,779 | 478 | 579 |
| Agriculture | 198 | 187 | 145 | 152 | 25 | 20 | 28 | 15 |
| Nonagricultural industries ........................................; | 9,191 | 10,035 | 4,413 | 4,712 | 4,328 | 4,759 | 450 | 564 |
| Unemployed .............................................................i | 2,599 | 2,009 | 1,055 | 839 | 931 | 706 | 612 | 464 |
| Unemployment rate | 21.7 | 16.4 | 18.8 | 14.7 | 17.6 | 12.9 | 56.2 | 44.5 |
| Not in labor force. | 6,923 | 7,100 | 1,738 | 1,886 | 4,045 | 4,095 | 1,140 | 1,119 |

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 21 years of age by major activity, sex, and race (Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status and major activity | June 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  |  | White |  | Black |  |  |
|  | Both sexes | Men | Women | Both sexes | Men | Women | Both sexes | Men | Women |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ........................ | 22,746 | 11,297 | 11.449 | 18,803 | 9,385 | 9,418 | 3,276 | 1,578 | 1,698 |
| Civilian labor force ........................................... | 15,910 | 8,479 | 7,431 | 13,733 | 7,309 | 6,424 | 1,796 | 969 | 827 |
| Percent of population ...................................: | 69.9 | 75.0 | 64.9 | 73.0 | 77.9 | 68.2 | 54.8 | 61.5 | 48.7 |
| Employed | 13.107 | 7,030 | 6,077 | 11,708 | 6,277 | 5,431 | 1,106 | 610 | 496 |
| Agriculture | 700 | 564 | 137 | 676 | 543 | 133 | 18 | 16 | 2 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 12,406 | 6,466 | 5,940 | 11,032 | 5,734 | 5,298 | 1.088 | 594 | 494 |
| Unemployed ....................... | 2,803 | 1,449 | 1.354 | 2.025 | 1,032 | 993 | 690 | 359 | 331 |
| Looking for full-time work .............................. | 2,020 | 1,065 | 955 | 1,447 | 751 | 696 | 528 | 283 | 244 |
| Looking for part-time work ........................... | 783 | 384 | 399 | 578 | 282 | 297 | 162 | 76 | 87 |
| Percent of labor force .................................. | 17.6 | 17.1 | 18.2 | 14.7 | 14.1 | 15.5 | 38.4 | 37.0 | 40.0 |
| Not in labor force ............................................. | 6,836 | 2,819 | 4,018 | 5,070 | 2,076 | 2,994 | 1,480 | 608 | 872 |
| Major activity: Going to school |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ........................ ${ }^{\text {; }}$ | 4,015 | 1,972 | 2,042 | 2,977 | 1,484 | 1,493 | 834 | 382 | 452 |
| Civilian labor force ..........................................i | 1,250 | 632 | 618 | 1,042 | 524 | 518 | 163 | 82 | 81 |
| Percent of population | 31.1 | 32.1 | 30.3 | 35.0 | 35.3 | 34.7 | 19.5 | 21.6 | 17.8 |
| Employed ...................................................... | 916 | 451 | 465 | 837 | 412 | 424 | 49 | 24 | 25 |
| Agriculture ...................................................: | 22 | 8 | 14 | 25 | 11 | 14 | - | - | - |
| Nonagricultural industries ............................. | 894 | 443 | 451 | 812 | 401 | 410 | 51 | 26 | 25 |
| Unemployed ................................................. | 334 | 181 | 153 | 205 | 111 | 94 | 114 | 59 | 55 |
| Looking for full-time work ............................... | 119 | 65 | 54 | 72 | 37 | 34 | 45 | 26 | 19 |
| Looking for part-time work ...........................! | 215 | 116 | 99 | 133 | 74 | 59 | 69 | 32 | 37 |
| Percent of labor force ..................................: | 26.7 | 28.6 | 24.8 | 19.7 | 21.3 | 18.1 | 70.1 | 72.0 | 68.8 |
| Not in labor force ............................................ | 2,764 | 1,340 | 1,424 | 1,935 | 960 | 975 | 671 | 299 | 372 |
| Major activity: Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ........................ 1 | 18,732 | 9,325 | 9,407 | 15,826 | 7,901 | 7,925 | 2,442 | 1,196 | 1,246 |
| Civilian labor force ........................................... | 14,659 | 7.846 | 6,813 | 12,692 | 6,786 | 5,906 | 1.633 | 887 | 746 |
| Percent of population .................................. | 78.3 | 84.1 | 72.4 | 80.2 | 85.9 | 74.5 | 66.9 | 74.2 | 59.9 |
| Employed ...................................................... | 12,191 | 6.579 | 5,612 | 10,871 | 5,865 | 5,007 | 1.057 | 587 | 470 |
| Agriculture | 678 | 555 | 123 | 650 | 532 | 119 | 20 | 18 | 2 |
| Nonagricultural industries ............................. | 11,513 | 6.024 | 5,489 | 10.221 | 5,333 | 4,888 | 1,037 | 568 | 469 |
| Unemployed ................................................. | 2,469 | 1,268 | 1,201 | 1,820 | 921 | 899 | 576 | 301 | 276 |
| Looking for full-time work ............................. | 1,901 | 1.000 | 902 | 1,375 | 713 | 662 | 483 | 257 | 225 |
| Looking for part-time work ...........................' | 567 | 268 | 299 | 445 | 208 | 238 | 94 | 43 | 50 |
| Percent of labor force .................................. | 16.8 | 16.2 | 17.6 | 14.3 | 13.6 | 15.2 | 35.3 | 33.9 | 36.9 |
| Not in labor force ............................................! | 4,072 | 1,479 | 2,594 | 3,134 | 1,115 | 2,019 | 809 | 309 | 500 |

## A-8. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

| Veteran status and age | Civilian noninstitutional population |  | Civilian labor force |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | June1983 |  | Employed | June 1984 | Unemployed |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Number |  | Percent of labor force |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | June |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1983 |  | June | June | June | June |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 |
| VETERANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 25 years and over ............................. | 7.843 | 7,917 | 7,367 | 7.425 | 6.748 | 7,025 | 619 | 400 | 8.4 | 5.4 |
| 25 to 39 years ........................................ | 5,878 | 5.515 | 5,639 | 5,312 | 5,113 | 4,997 | 526 | 315 | 9.3 | 5.9 |
| 25 to 29 years ..................................... | 684 | 488 | 637 | 459 | 538 | 415 | 99 | 44 | 15.5 | 9.6 |
| 30 to 34 years ..................................... | 2,171 | 1,747 | 2,094 | 1,684 | 1,887 | 1.576 | 207 | 108 | 9.9 | 6.4 |
| 35 to 39 years .................................... | 3,023 | 3,280 | 2,908 | 3,169 | 2,688 | 3,006 | 220 | 163 | 7.6 | 5.1 |
| 40 years and over .................................. | 1,965 | 2,402 | 1,728 | 2,113 | 1,635 | 2,028 | 93 | 85 | 5.4 | 4.0 |
| NONVETERANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 25 to 39 years ................................... | 19,970 | 21,067 | 18,915 | 19,913 | 17.197 | 18,706 | 1,718 | 1,207 | 9.1 | 6.1 |
| 25 to 29 years ........................................ | 8,691 | 8,955 | 8,190 | 8,427 | 7.323 | 7.859 | 867 | 568 | 10.6 | 6.7 |
| 30 to 34 years ........................................ | 6,759 | 7,370 | 6,441 | 6,983 | 5,912 | 6,612 | 529 | 371 | 8.2 | 5.3 |
| 35 to 39 years ....................................... | 4,520 | 4,742 | 4,284 | 4,503 | 3,962 | 4,235 | 322 | 268 | 7.5 | 6.0 |

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data
are limited to those 25 to 39 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population.

## A-9. Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex, age, and race

(Numbers in thousands)


- Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed $\quad{ }^{2}$ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000 . proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.


## A-10. Employment status of persons in families by family relationship


' Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown.

NOTE: Because of new estimation techniques introduced in January

1984, these data are not comparable with those for earlier years.
Moreover, estimates for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

A-11. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

| Marital status, race, and age | Men |  |  |  | Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousands of persons |  | Unemployment rates |  |  | Thousands of persons |  |  |  | Unemployment rates |  |
|  | June | June | June | June |  | June |  | June |  | June | June |
|  | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 |  | 1983 |  | 1984 |  | 1983 | 1984 |
| Total, 16 years and over | 6,498 | 4,664 | 10.1 | 7.1 |  | 5,072 |  | 3,917 |  | 10.4 | 7.8 |
| Married, spouse present ..................................... | 2,508 | 1,719 | 6.2 | 4.2 |  | 1,947 |  | 1.461 |  | 7.5 | 5.5 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated ........................ | 722 | 504 | 12.3 | 8.5 |  | 987 |  | 764 |  | 10.6 | 7.9 |
| Single (never married) ........................................ | 3,268 | 2,441 | 18.1 | 13.3 |  | 2,138 |  | 1.692 |  | 15.7 | 12.3 |
| White, 16 years and over ............................ | 4,896 | 3,444 | 8.6 | 6.0 |  | 3,702 |  | 2,875 |  | 8.9 | 6.7 |
| Married, spouse present ..................................... | 2,081 | 1,408 | 5.7 | 3.8 |  | 1,606 |  | 1,220 |  | 7.0 | 5.1 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated ......................... | 516 | 362 | 10.7 | 7.4 |  | 688 |  | 519 |  | 9.1 | 6.7 |
| Single (never married) ........................................ | 2,299 | 1,674 | 15.1 | 10.8 |  | 1,409 |  | 1,136 |  | 12.6 | 10.1 |
| Black, 16 years and over | 1,379 | 1.079 | 22.2 | 17.2 |  | 1,220 |  | 930 |  | 21.1 | 15.6 |
| Married, spouse present ..................................... | 350 | 261 | 11.8 | 8.8 |  | 284 |  | 201 |  | 13.4 | 9.3 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated | 182 | 138 | 19.6 | 14.8 |  | 271 |  | 217 |  | 17.0 | 12.6 |
| Single (never married) ........................................ | 846 | 681 | 36.7 | 29.0 |  | 665 |  | 512 |  | 32.3 | 24.6 |
| Total, 25 years and over | 3,785 | 2,636 | 7.5 | 5.2 |  | 2,780 |  | 2,142 |  | 7.6 | 5.6 |
| Married, spouse present ..................................... | 2,256 | 1,538 | 5.9 | 4.0 |  | 1.585 |  | 1,151 |  | 6.8 | 4.8 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated ......................... | 676 | 481 | 12.1 | 8.5 |  | 856 |  | 667 |  | 9.7 | 7.3 |
| Single (never married) ......................................... | 852 | 617 | 13.3 | 9.2 |  | 339 |  | 325 |  | 7.2 | 6.6 |
| White, 25 years and over | 2,922 | 2,004 | 6.6 | 4.4 |  | 2,075 |  | 1,587 |  | 6.6 | 4.9 |
| Married, spouse present ...... | 1,853 | 1,256 | 5.4 | 3.6 |  | 1,309 |  | 952 |  | 6.4 | 4.5 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated | 474 | 347 | 10.4 | 7.5 |  | 589 |  | 454 |  | 8.3 | 6.2 |
| Single (never married) ......................................... | 595 | 401 | 11.1 | 7.2 |  | 177 | ! | 181 |  | 4.9 | 4.8 |
| Black, 25 years and over ............................. | 743 | 565 | 16.3 | 12.2 |  | 622 |  | 493 |  | 14.2 | 10.8 |
| Married, spouse present .....................................: | 336 | 243 | 11.9 | 8.6 | : | 228 |  | 165 | 1 | 11.7 | 8.3 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated ......................... | 179 | 131 | 19.7 | 14.5 |  | 243 |  | 190 | ! | 15.9 | 11.5 |
| Single (never married) ............................................ | 229 | 191 | 28.0 | 20.7 |  | 151 | , | 138 | ; | 16.5 | 14.5 |


' Data not shown where base is less than 75,000 .

A-13. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

| Industry | Thousands of |  | Unemployment rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | persons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | To |  | Tota |  | Men |  | Women |  |
|  | June | June | June | June | June | June | June | June |
|  | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 |
| Total, 16 years and over | 11,570 | 8,582 | 10.2 | 7.4 | 10.1 | 7.1 | 10.4 | 7.8 |
| Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers ...............................................i | 8,237 | 5,836 | 9.9 | 6.8 | 10.2 | 6.7 | 9.6 | 7.1 |
| Mining | 195 | 74 | 17.3 | 6.9 | 18.7 | 7.7 | 10.4 | 2.9 |
| Construction ............................................................................................. | 890 | 728 | 15.7 | 12.6 | 16.2 | 12.8 | 9.3 | 10.1 |
| Manufacturing ........................................................................................... 1 | 2,492 | 1,563 | 11.3 | 7.1 | 10.5 | 5.9 | 12.9 | 9.4 |
| Durable goods | 1,595 | 927 | 12.2 | 7.0 | 11.7 | 6.4 | 13.5 | 8.6 |
| Lumber and wood products ...................................................................\| | 111 | 62 | 15.3 | 8.3 | 14.6 | 7.8 | 20.4 | 11.4 |
| Funiture and fixtures | 62 | 56 | 11.1 | 9.0 | 9.3 | 7.9 | 14.9 | 12.2 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 53 | 55 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 9.0 | 7.7 | 7.2 |
| Primary metal industries | 195 | 91 | 19.3 | 9.7 | 19.5 | 9.7 | 18.0 | 9.4 |
| Fabricated metal products | 204 | 134 | 13.7 | 9.3 | 12.7 | 9.3 | 17.6 | 9.4 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 383 | 158 | 13.5 | 5.5 | 13.1 | 5.5 | 14.8 | 5.5 |
| Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies | 230 | 123 | 10.1 | 5.2 | 7.6 | 3.2 | 13.3 | 7.8 |
| Transportation equipment | 248 | 153 | 10.6 | 6.2 | 10.0 | 5.5 | 13.1 | 9.3 |
| Automobiles | 137 | 78 | 12.7 | 6.5 | 11.7 | 6.0 | 17.6 | 8.6 |
| Other transportation equipment | 111 | 74 | 8.8 | 5.9 | 8.5 | 4.9 | 10.2 | 10.0 |
| Protessional and photographic equipment | 43 | 33 | 5.9 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 3.2 | 6.9 | 6.5 |
| Other durable goods industries. | 65 | 62 | 12.7 | 11.9 | 12.6 | 7.2 | 12.8 | 17.1 |
| Nondurable goods | 898 | 636 | 10.0 | 7.2 | 8.3 | 5.0 | 12.3 | 10.3 |
| Food and kindred products | 212 | 183 | 11.2 | 9.9 | 9.2 | 7.4 | 15.1 | 15.7 |
| Textile mill products .... | 92 | 62 | 11.0 | 8.0 | 10.2 | 6.4 | 11.7 | 9.7 |
| Apparel and other textile products | 153 | 137 | 11.8 | 10.0 | 12.4 | 5.5 | 11.7 | 11.2 |
| Paper and allied products | 51 | 38 | 6.8 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 4.8 | 9.2 | 7.6 |
| Printing and publishing | 126 | 73 | 7.7 | 4.4 | 6.2 | 3.9 | 10.0 | 5.1 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 89 | 51 | 7.6 | 4.2 | 6.8 | 2.0 | 9.2 | 8.7 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products ............................................\| | 93 | 48 | 12.1 | 6.1 | 9.7 | 3.3 | 17.1 | 10.4 |
| Other nondurable goods industries .........................................................\| | 81 | 44 | 13.3 | 8.9 | 10.8 | 6.3 | 17.1 | 13.2 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 413 | 292 | 7.2 | 4.8 | 8.0 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 3.5 |
| Transportation ........................................................................................ | 315 | 198 | 8.1 | 4.9 | 8.9 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 4.1 |
| Communications and other public utilities | 99 | 94 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 2.3 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 2,232 | 1,617 | 10.4 | 7.4 | 9.3 | 6.4 | 11.6 | 8.4 |
| Wholesale trade | 363 | 197 | 8.3 | 4.7 | 7.8 | 3.8 | 9.6 | 6.8 |
| Retail trade ............................................................................................. 1 | 1,869 | 1,419 | 10.9 | 8.0 | 9.9 | 7.4 | 11.9 | 8.6 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 271 | 201 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 4.8 | 3.5 |
| Service industries | 1,744 | 1,361 | 8.3 | 6.2 | 9.0 | 6.3 | 7.9 | 6.2 |
| Professional services | 709 | 503 | 6.1 | 4.1 | 5.8 | 3.5 | 6.2 | 4.4 |
| Other service industries ..........................................................................\|| | 1,035 | 858 | 11.2 | 8.8 | 11.4 | 8.5 | 11.0 | 9.1 |
| Agricultural wage and salary workers | 295 | 198 | 13.4 | 9.5 | 11.9 | 9.0 | 18.7 | 11.0 |
| Government, self-employed, and unpaid famiy workers ...................................\| | 1,147 | 933 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 3.5 |
| No previous work experience .......................................................................j | 1,891 | 1,614 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

HOUSEHOLD DATA

## NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## A-14. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, and race

(Numbers in thousands)

| Reason for unemployment | Total unemployed |  | Men, 20 years and over |  | Women, 20 years and over |  | Both sexes, 16 to 19 years |  | White |  | Black |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | June 1983 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | June $1984$ |
| NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed | 11,570 | 8,582 | 5,188 | 3,639: | 3,855 | 2,970 | 2,527 | 1,972 | 8,598 | 6,319 | 2,599 | 2,009 |
| Job losers | 6.135 | 3,963 | 3,966 | 2,480 | 1,882 | 1,302 | 288 | 182 | 4,773 | 3,007 | 1,290 | 967 |
| On layoff | 1,625 | 1,026 | 1,038 | 593 | 537 | 391 | 50 | 41 | 1,372 | 888 | 236 | 122 |
| Other job losers | 4,510 | 2,937 | 2,928 | 1,887 | 1,345 | 911 | 238 | 141 | 3,401 | 2,119 | 1,055 | 845 |
| Job leavers | 748 | 745 | 289 | 314 | 345 | 309 | 114 | 122 | 605 | 597 | 27 | 18 |
| Reentrants | 2,799 | 2.259 | 757: | 646 | 1,368 | 1,133 | 674 | 481 | 1,955 | 1,643 | 747 | 552 |
| New entrants | 1,887 | 1,614 | 176: | 199 | 261 | 227 | 1,450 | 1,188 | 1,265 | 1,071 | 535 | 471 |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Job losers | 53.0 | 46.2 | 76.4 | 68.1 | 48.8 | 43.8 | 11.4 | 9.2 | 55.6 | 47.6 | 49.6 | 48.2 |
| On layoff | 14.0 | 12.0 | 20.0 | 16.3 | 13.9 | 13.2 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 16.0 | 14.1 | 9.1 | 6.1 |
| Other job losers | 39.0 | 34.2 | 56.4 | 51.8 | 34.9 | 30.6 | 9.4 | 7.1 | 39.6 | 33.5 | 40.6 | 42.1 |
| Job leavers. | 6.5 | 8.7 | 5.6 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 10.4! | 4.5 | 6.2 | 7.0 | 9.4 | 1.0 | . 9 |
| Reentrants | 24.2 | 26.3 | 14.6 | 17.7: | 35.5 | 38.1 | 26.7 | 24.4 | 22.7 | 26.0 | 28.7 | 27.5 |
| New entrants | 16.3 | 18.8 | 3.4 | 5.5 | 6.8 | 7.6 | 57.4 | 60.2 | 14.7 | 17.0 | 20.6 | 23.5 |
| UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Job losers. | 5.4 | 3.4 | 6.7 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 4.9 | 3.0 | 10.8 | 7.9 |
| Job leavers | . 7 | . 6 | . 5 | . 5 | . 8 | . 7 | 1.2 | 1.3 | . 6 | . 6 | . 2 | . 1 |
| Reentrants | 2.5 | 2.0 : | 1.3: | 1.1 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 6.8 | 5.1 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 6.2 | 4.5 |
| New entrants ...... | 1.7 | 1.4 | . 3 | . 3 | . 6 | . 5 | 14.7 | 12.5 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 4.5 | 3.9 |

## A-15. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

|  | Total un | ployed |  |  | unem | ent |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reason, sex, and age |  |  |  |  |  | weeks and |  |
|  | Thousands | Percent | Less than | 5 to 14 |  |  |  |
|  | of persons | Percent | 5 weeks | weeks | Total | 15 to 26 weeks | 27 weeks and over |
| Total, 16 years and over | 8,582 | 100.0 | 46.7 | 23.0 | 30.3 | 11.9 | 18.5 |
| Job losers | 3,963 | 100.0 | 32.1 | 24.2 | 43.7 | 17.3 | 26.3 |
| On layoff | 1.026 | 100.0 | 50.9 | 25.2 | 23.9 | 9.4 | 14.5 |
| Other job losers | 2,937 | 100.0 | 25.6 | 23.8 | 50.5 | 20.0 | 30.5 |
| Job leavers ........................................................ | 745 | 100.0 | 51.2 | 22.9 | 26.0 | 8.7 | 17.3 |
| Reentrants | 2,259 | 100.0 | 56.7 | 23.1 | 20.1 | 8.7 | 11.5 |
| New entrants ...................................................... | 1.614 | 100.0 | 66.2 | 19.9 | 13.9 | 4.4 | 9.5 |
| Men, 20 years and over .................................... | 3,639 | 100.0 | 36.2 | 22.7 | 41.1 | 14.0 | 27.0 |
| Job losers | 2,480 | 100.0 | 29.1 | 23.9 | 47.0 | 16.8 | 30.2 |
| On layoff | 593 | 100.0 | 46.8 | 26.3 | 26.9 | 10.5 | 16.4 |
| Other job losers | 1,887 | 100.0 | 23.6 | 23.1 | 53.3 | 18.8 | 34.5 |
| Job leavers ......................................................... | 314 | 100.0 | 45.3 | 23.1 | 31.7 | 9.3 | 22.4 |
| Reentrants ........................................................... | 646 | 100.0 | 52.1 | 21.0 | 26.8 | 8.9 | 17.9 |
| New entrants ....................................................... | 199 | 100.0 | 58.8 | 12.2 | 29.0 | 4.1 | 24.9 |
| Women, 20 years and over ................ | 2,970 | 100.0 | 43.8 | 25.2 | 31.0 | 14.4 | 16.6 |
| Job losers ............................................................ | 1,302 | 100.0 | 34.6 | 24.8 | 40.6 | 19.6 | 21.0 |
| On layoff ........................................................... | 391 | 100.0 | 54.4 | 24.0 | 21.6 | 9.3 | 12.3 |
| Other job losers .................................................. | 911 | 100.0 | 26.1 | 25.1 | 48.7 | 24.0 | 24.7 |
| Job leavers ......................................................... | 309 | 100.0 | 48.6 | 22.0 | 29.4 | 10.7 | 18.7 |
| Reentrants | 1,133 | 100.0 | 51.7 | 26.7 | 21.7 | 11.1 | 10.6 |
| New entrants ..................................................... | 227 | 100.0 | 51.0 | 24.2 | 24.8 | 5.6 | 19.2 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years ................................. | 1,972 | 100.0 | 70.3 | 20.3 | 9.5 | 4.1 | 5.4 |
| Job losers ........................................................... | 182 | 100.0 | 55.9 | 24.2 | 20.0 | 7.8 | 12.2 |
| On layoff ............................................................ | 41 | 100.0 | () | (') | (') | (') | (') |
| Other job losers .................................................. | 141 | 100.0 | 49.9 | 25.0 | 25.1 | 11.5 | 13.5 |
| Job leavers ......................................................... | 122 | 100.0 | 72.9 | 24.5 | 2.6 | 2.0 | . 6 |
| Reentrants ........................................................... | 481 | 100.0 | 74.8 | 17.6 | 7.6 | 2.6 | 5.0 |
| New entrants ....................................................... | 1,188 | 100.0 | 70.3 | 20.3 | 9.3 | 4.3 | 5.0 |

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000 .

A-16. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

| Duration of unemployment | Total |  |  |  | Full-time workers |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousands of persons |  | Percent distribution |  | Thousands of persons |  | Percent distribution |  |
|  | June | June | June | June | June | June | June | June |
|  | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 |
| Total, 16 years and over | 11,570 | 8,582 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 9,938 | 7,155 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks ........................................... | 4,587 | 4,005 | 39.6 | 46.7 | 3,522 | 3,037 | 35.4 | 42.4 |
| 5 to 14 weeks ................................................... | 2,536 | 1,973 | 21.9 | 23.0 | 2,198 | 1,687 | 22.1 | 23.6 |
| 5 to 10 weeks .................................................. | 1,802 | 1,450 | 15.6 | 16.9 | 1,551 | 1,218 | 15.6 | 17.0 |
| 11 to 14 weeks ................................................ | 735 | 523 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 647 | 469 | 6.5 | 6.6 |
| 15 weeks and over ............................................ | 4.447 | 2,603 | 38.4 | 30.3 | 4,218 | 2,431 | 42.4 | 34.0 |
| 15 to 26 weeks ................................................ | 1.605 | 1.018 | 13.9 | 11.9 | 1.499 | 939 | 15.1 | 13.1 |
| 27 weeks and over .......................................... | 2,842 | 1,585 | 24.6 | 18.5 | 2,719 | 1,492 | 27.4 | 20.9 |
| 27 to 51 weeks ............................................. | 1,256 | 551 | 10.9 | 6.4 | 1.205 | 514 | 12.1 | 7.2 |
| 52 weeks and over ....................................... | 1,586 | 1,034 | 13.7 | 12.0 | 1.514 | 978 | 15.2 | 13.7 |
| Average (mean) duration, in weeks ...................... | 19.8 | 17.3 | - | - | 21.6 | 19.1 | - | - |
| Median duration, in weeks .................................. | 8.8 | 5.9 | - | - | 10.6 | 7.4 | - | - |

A-17. Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment


Data not shown where base is less than 75,000 .

A-18. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

| Occupation and industry | Total | Thousands of persons |  |  |  | Weeks |  | Percent of unemployed in group |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Less <br> than 5 weeks | 5 to 14 weeks | 15 to 26 weeks | 27 <br> weeks <br> and <br> over | Average (mean) duration | Median duration | Unemp less 5 we | loyed than eks |  | loyed eeks over |
|  |  |  |  | June 1984 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manageriai and professional specialty ......... ....................... | 598 | 259 | 118 | 98 | 124 | 19.4 | 7.1 | 34.5 | 43.2 | 43.7 | 37.0 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support | 1,704 | 759 | 455 | 221 | 268 | 15.3 | 6.4 | 39.9 | 44.6 | 36.5 | 28.7 |
| Service occupations ......................................................... | 1,333 | 637 | 313 | 155 | 229 | 16.4 | 5.6 | 43.0 | 47.8 | 34.1 | 28.8 |
| Precision production, cratt, and repair ................................ | 987 | 360 | 210 | 162 | 255 | 22.2 | 10.0 | 27.8 | 36.4 | 48.8 | 42.3 |
| Operators, tabricators, and laborers .................................... | 2,011 | 755 | 493 | 280 | 483 | 21.7 | 9.2 | 27.6 | 37.6 | 53.2 | 37.9 |
| Farming, forestry, and fishing ............................................ | 278 | 144 | 48 | 29 | 58 | 16.9 | 4.8 | 52.8 | 51.7 | 26.3 | 31.1 |
| INDUSTRY ${ }^{\prime}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture | 198 | 103 | 41 | 22 | 31 | 14.2 | 4.8 | 58.2 | 52.1 | 18.2 | 27.3 |
| Construction | 767 | 290 | 188 | 122 | 165 | 19.1 | 8.9 | 29.9 | 37.9 | 47.7 | 37.6 |
| Manufacturing ................................................................... | 1,568 | 525 | 332 | 255 | 455 | 25.4 | 12.0 | 23.4 | 33.5 | 57.2 | 45.3 |
| Durable goods .............................................................. 1 | 932 | 283 | 185 | 164 | 300 | 28.5 | 14.8 | 20.1 | 30.4 | 62.0 | 49.8 |
| Nondurable goods ......................................................... | 636 | 242 | 147 | 91 | 156 | 20.7 | 9.4 | 29.1 | 38.0 | 48.6 | 38.8 |
| Transportation and public utilities ...................................... | 334 | 113 | 83 | 59 | 78 | 21.1 | 10.9 | 28.5 | 33.9 | 51.9 | 41.2 |
| Wholesale and retail trade ...............................................: | 1,623 | 734 | 430 | 192 | 268 | 15.8 | 6.1 | 42.2 | 45.2 | 36.4 | 28.3 |
| Finance and service industries ...........................................! | 1,980 | 960 | 471 | 236 | 312 | 15.5 | 5.5 | 41.4 | 48.5 | 35.0 | 27.6 |
| Public administration ........................................................: | 232 | 93 | 60 | 28 | 51 | 20.1 | 8.5 | 35.6 | 40.2 | 36.8 | 34.1 |
| No previous work experience ............................................ | 1,614 | 1,069 | 321 | 72 | 153 | 10.6 | 3.8 | 63.0 | 66.2 | 15.0 | 13.9 |

' Includes wage and salary workers only.

A-19. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, age, race, and jobsearch methods used

' Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.
NOTE: The jobseekers total is less than the total unemployed because persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within 30 days
are not actually seeking jobs. It should also be noted that the percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

A-20. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, reason for unemployment, and jobsearch methods used


[^3]30 days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

## A-21. Employed civilians in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age and sex

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## A-22. Employed civilians by occupation, sex, and age



## A-23. Employed civilians by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)


Less than 0.05 percent.

## A-24. Employed civilians by age, sex, and class of worker

(In thousands)


## HOUSEHOLD DATA

## NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## A-25. Employed civilians by industry and occupation

(in thousands)

' Includes protective service, not shown separately.

## A-26. Employed civilians with a job but not at work by reason, sex, and pay status

(In thousands)


[^4][^5]HOUSEHOLD DATA

A-27. Persons at work by hours of work and type of industry

| Hours of work | June 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousands of persons |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
|  | All industries | Agriculture | Nonagricultural industries | All industries | Agriculture | Nonagricultural industries |
| Total, 16 years and over .......................................... | 99.604 | 3,744 | 95,860 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1 to 34 hours ............................................................... | 22,881 | 990 | 21,892 | 23.0 | 26.4 | 22.8 |
| 1 to 4 hours ............................................................... | 747 | 57 | 691 | . 7 | 1.5 | . 7 |
| 5 to 14 hours ......................................... .................... | 3,835 | 237 | 3.598 | 3.9 | 6.3 | 3.8 |
| 15 to 29 hours .................................................... ....... | 11.467 | 448 | 11.019 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 11.5 |
| 30 to 34 hours ........................................................... | 6,832 | 248 | 6,584 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 6.9 |
| 35 hours and over ....................................................... | 76,722 | 2,754 | 73,969 | 77.0 | 73.6 | 77.2 |
| 35 to 39 hours ......................................................... | 7,067 | 169 | 6.898 | 7.1 | 4.5 | 7.2 |
| 40 hours ..................................................................... | 42,315 | 654 | 41,661 | 42.5 | 17.5 | 43.5 |
| 41 hours and over ..................................................... | 27,340 | 1,931 | 25.410 | 27.4 | 51.6 | 265 |
| 41 to 48 hours ......................................................... | 10,378 | 237 | 10,141 | 10.4 | 6.3 | 10.6 |
| 49 to 59 hours ....................................................... | 9,369 | 531 | 8,838 | 9.4 | 14.2 | 9.2 |
| 60 hours and over ................................................... | 7,593 | 1,163 | 6.431 | 7.6 | 31.1 | 6.7 |
| Average hours, total at work .......................................... | 39.3 | 46.3 | 39.0 | - | - | - |
| Average hours, workers on full-time schedules .............. | 43.4 | 54.2 | 43.0 | - | - | - |

A-28. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by reason for working less than 35 hours, type of industry, and usual status (Numbers in thousands)

| Reason for working less than 35 hours | June 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All industries |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |
|  | Total | Usually work full time | Usually work part time | Total | Usually work full time | Usually work part time |
| Total, 16 years and over | 22,881 | 6,784 | 16,098 | 21,892 | 6,506 | 15,386 |
| Economic reasons | 6,449 | 1,855 | 4,594 | 6,117 | 1,743 | 4.374 |
| Slack work | 2,233 | 1,236 | 997 | 2,084 | 1,160 | 924 |
| Material shortages or repairs to plant and equipment .............................. | 78 | 78 | - | 78 | 78 | - |
| New job started during week | 376 | 376 | - | 343 | 343 | - |
| Job terminated during week. | 166 | 166 | - | 164 | 164 | - |
| Could find only part-time work ............................................................... | 3,598 | - | 3,598 | 3,450 | - | 3,450 |
| Other reasons | 16.431 | 4,928 | 11,503 | 15,775 | 4,763 | 11,012 |
| Does not want, or unavailable for, full-time work | 9.290 | - | 9,290 | 8,942 | - | 8,942 |
| Vacation ............................................................................................... | 1,832 | 1,832 | - | 1,807 | 1,807 | - |
| IIIness ................ ................................................................................. | 1,373 | 1.264 | 114 | 1,344 | 1,243 | 101 |
| Bad weather | 246 | 246 | - | 158 | 158 | - |
| Industrial dispute ................................................................................. | 12 | 12 | - | 12 | 12 | - |
| Legal or religious holiday .................................................... ................. | 127 | 127 | - | 126 | 126 | - |
| Full time for this job ............................................................................. | 1,583 | - | 1.583 | 1,531 | - | 1,531 |
| All other reasons .................................................................................. | 1,965 | 1.448 | 517 | 1,855 | 1,416 | 439 |
| Average hours: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economic reasons ................................................................................ | 21.2 | 23.4 | 20.3 | 21.3 | 23.4 | 20.5 |
| Other reasons | 21.7 | 25.7 | 20.0 | 21.7 | 25.8 | 20.0 |
| Worked 30 to 34 hours: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economic reasons ................................................................................ | 1,874 | 753 | 1.121 | 1,795 | 707 | 1,088 |
| Other reasons | 4,958 | 2,484 | 2,474 | 4,789 | 2,412 | 2,377 |

A-29. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and full- or part-time status


A-30. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by sex, age, race, marital status, and full- or part-time status
(Numbers in thousands)


## HOUSEHOLD DATA

NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## A-31. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

| Occupation and sex | Total at work | On part time for economic reasons | On voluntary part time | On full-time schedules |  |  |  | Average hours, total at work | Average hours, workers on fulltime schedules |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | 40 hours or less | 41 to 48 hours | 49 <br> hours <br> more |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 years and over | 95.291 | 5,961 | 10,919 | 78.411 | 53,018 | 10,104 | 15,289 | 39.0 | 43.0 |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 22,127 | 478 | 1,787 | 19,862 | 12,011 | 2,429 | 5,423 | 41.7 | 44.2 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 11,031 | 158 | 463 | 10.410 | 5,838 | 1,377 | 3,195 | 43.9 | 45.3 |
| Professional specialty | 11.097 | 320 | 1,324 | 9,452 | 6,173 | 1,052 | 2,228 | 39.5 | 43.0 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support | 30,929 | 1,645 | 4,638 | 24,646 | 17,715 | 2,928 | 4,003 | 37.7 | 42.1 |
| Technicians and related support | 3.081 | 65 | 292 | 2,724 | 2,012 | 333 | 379 | 39.6 | 42.0 |
| Sales occupations | 12,124 | 949 | 2,135 | 9,039 | 5,061 | 1,249 | 2,729 | 38.7 | 45.0 |
| Administrative support, including clerical | 15,725 | 631 | 2,211 | 12,883 | 10,642 | 1,345 | 895 | 36.6 | 40.2 |
| Service occupations | 13,517 | 1,832 | 3,271 | 8,413 | 6,351 | 848 | 1,214 | 33.9 | 42.1 |
| Private household | 999 | 192 | 432 | 375 | 266 | 33 | 75 | 26.1 : | 43.8 |
| Protective service | 1,565 | 53 | 107 | 1,405 | 876 | 187 | 342 | 42.6 | 45.0 |
| Service, except private household and protective | 10,953 | 1.587 | 2,732 | 6,634 | 5,209 | 627 | 798 | 33.3 | 41.4 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 12,545 | 673 | 365 | 11,508 | 7,480 | 1,700 | 2,327 | 41.8 | 43.6 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers | 16,172 | 1,333 | 858 | 13,982 | 9,461 | 2,199 | 2,321 | 40.1 | 42.9 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors | 7.653 | 457 | 198 | 6,998 | 5,012 | 1.180 | 806 | 40.3 | 41.8 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations | 4,094 | 235 | 163 | 3,697 | 2,026 | 608 | 1,063 | 43.5 | 45.9 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers | 4,425 | 641 | 497 | 3,287 | 2,423 | 412 | 452 | 36.8 | 42.0 |
| Men, 16 years and over | 53,834 | 2.674 | 2,936 | 48,224 | 29,219 | 6,772 | 12,233 | 42.0 | 44.5 |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 13,603 | 211 | 544 | 12,849 | 6,959 | 1,541 | 4,349 | 44.4 | 45.9 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 7,419 | 77 | 197 | 7,146 | 3,667 | 882 | 2,597 | 45.5 | 46.5 |
| Professional specialty . | 6.184 | 134 | 347 | 5,703 | 3,292 | 659 | 1.752 | 43.1 | 45.1 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support | 11,115 | 378 | 737 | 9,999 | 5,656 | 1,466 | 2,878 | 42.6 | 45.1 |
| Technicians and related support | 1,638 | 36 | 48 | 1,554 | 1,054 | 207 | 293 | 42.2 | 43.3 |
| Sales occupations | 6,394 | 228 | 524 | 5,642 | 2,605 | 814 | 2,224 | 43.9 | 47.1 |
| Administrative support, including clerical | 3,083 | 114 | 166 | 2,803 | 1,997 | 445 | 360 | 40.0 | 42.1 |
| Service occupations | 5.416 | 536 | 807 | 4,073 | 2.956 | 442 | 676 | 37.4 | 43.0 |
| Private household | 14 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 4 | - | $-$ | (') | () |
| Protective service | 1,347 | 34 | 72 | 1,240 | 772 | 151 | 316 | 43.5 | 45.4 |
| Service, except private household and protective | 4,055 | 495 | 728 | 2,832 | 2,180 | 291 | 360 | 35.4 | 42.0 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 11,451 | 619 | 282 | 10,550 | 6,744 | 1,564 | 2,243 | 42.0 | 43.7 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers | 12,250 | 930 | 566 | 10.753 | 6,906 | 1.760 | 2,088 | 41.0 | 43.6 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors | 4.644 | 200 | 70 | 4,373 | 2,909 | 821 | 643 | 41.6 | 42.7 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations | 3,824 | 206 | 117 | 3,501 | 1,890 | 570 | 1,042 | 44.0 | 46.1 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers. and laborers | 3,782 | 525 | 378 | 2.879 | 2.107 | 369 | 403 | 37.2 | 42.0 |
| Women, 16 years and over | 41,457 | 3,288 | 7,983 | 30,186 | 23,798 | 3,332 | 3.056 | 35.2 | 40.6 |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 8,524 | 267 | 1,243 | 7,014 | 5,052 | 888 | 1,074 | 37.4 | 41.2 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 3,611 | 81 | 266 | 3,264 | 2,171 | 495 | 598 | 40.6 | 42.6 |
| Professional specialty | 4.913 | 186 | 977 | 3,750 | 2,881 | 393 | 475 | 35.0 | 39.9 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support | 19,814 | 1,267 | 3,901 | 14,647 | 12,059 | 1,462 | 1,126 | 35.0 | 40.1 |
| Technicians and related support | 1,443 | 28 | 245 | 1.170 | 958 | 127 | 85 | 36.7 | 40.3 |
| Sales occupations | 5,729 | 721 | 1.612 | 3,397 | 2,456 | 435 | 506 | 33.0 | 41.5 |
| Administrative support, including clerical ...................................... | 12,642 | 518 | 2.044 | 10.080 | 8,645 | 901 | 535 | 35.8 | 39.6 |
| Service occupations | 8,101 | 1,297 | 2,464 | 4,340 | 3,395 | 406 | 539 | 31.5 | 41.2 |
| Private household | 985 | 186 | 425 | 373 | 263 | 34 | 76 | 26.1 | 43.8 |
| Protective service | 218 | 19 | 35 | 165 | 104 | 36 | 25 | 37.2 | 42.0 |
| Service, except private household and protective | 6,898 | 1.092 | 2,004 | 3.802 | 3,029 | 336 | 437 | 32.1 | 41.0 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair. | 1,095 | 54 | 83 | 958 | 736 | 137 | 85 | 38.8 | 41.5 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers | 3,923 | 403 | 292 | 3,228 | 2,555 | 440 | 233 | 37.5 | 40.7 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors | 3,009 | 257 | 128 | 2,625 | 2,103 | 359 | 163 | 38.3 | 40.5 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations | 270 | 29 | 46 | 195 | 136 | 38 | 21 | 35.7 | 41.2 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers ... | 643 | 117 | 118 | 408 | 316 | 42 | 50 | 34.5 | 41.9 |

[^6]
# HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 

A-32. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status and sex | 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Labor force ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 113,573 | 113,489 | 799 | 113,924 | 113,561 | 113.720 | 113,824 | 113,901 | 114,377 | 114,598 | 114,938 | 115,493 | 115,567 |
| Percent | 64.6 | 64.5 | 64.6 | 64.6 | 64.3 | 64.4 | 64.4 | 64.3 | 64.5 | 64.6 | 64.7 | 65.0 | 64.9 |
| Total employed ${ }^{\prime}$ | 102,411 | 102,889 | 103,166 | 03,571 | 103,665 | -1,291 | 104,629 | 104,876 | 105,576 | 105,826 | 106,095. | 06,978. | 07,438 |
| Employment-population | 58.3 | 58.5 | 58.6 | 58.7 | 58.7 | 59.0 | 59.2 | 59.2 | 59.5 | 59.6 | 59.7 | 60.2 | 60.4 |
| Resident Armed Forces | 1,668 | 1,664 | 1,682 | 1,695 | 1,695 | 1,685 | 1,688 | 1,686 | 1,684 | 1,686 | 1,693 | 1,690 | 1.690 |
| Civilian employed | 100,743 | 101,225 | 01,484 | 01,876 | 01.970 | 02,606 | 02,94 1 | 103.190 | 103,892 | 104,140 | 04,402 | 5,288 | 05,748 |
| Agriculture | 3,479 | 3,499 | 3,449 | 3,308 | 3,240 | 3,257 | 3,356 | 3,271 | 3,395 | 3,281 | 3,393 | 3,389 | 3,403 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 97,264 | 97,726 | 98,035 | 98,568 | 98,730 | 99,349 | 99,585 | 99.918 | 100,496 | 100,859 | 101,009 | 101,899 | 102,344 |
| Unemployed | 11,162 | 10,600 | 10,633 | 10,353 | 9,896 | 9,429 | 9,195 | 9,026 | 8,801 | 8,772 | 8,843 | 8,514 | 8,130 |
| Unemployment rate ${ }^{4}$ | 9.8 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 8.7 | 8.3 | . 8.1 | 7.9 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 7.0 |
| Not in labor force | 62,220 | 62,481 | 62,323 | 62,373 | 62,913 | 62,916 | 62,985 | 63,318 | 62,986 | 62,912. | . 62,724 | 62,320 | 62,407 |


| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Noninstitutional population ${ }^{\prime}$ | 84,014 | 84,099 | 84,173 | 84,261 | 84,344 | 84,423 | 84,506 | 84,745 | 84,811 | 84,880 | 84,953 | 85,024 | 85,101 |
| Labor force' ................... | 64,778 | 64,840 | 64,807 | 64,877 | 64,709 | 64,846 | 64,838 | 64,930 | 65,093 | 65,156 | 65,212 | 65,307 | 65,452 |
| Percent of population ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 77.1 | 77.1 | 77.0 | 77.0 | 76.7 | 76.8 | 76.7 | 76.6 | 76.8 | 76.8 | 76.8 | 76.8 | 76.9 |
| Total employed' | 58,369 | 58,592 | 58,607 | 58,828 | 58,950 | 59,389 | 59,580 | 59,781 | 60,147 | 60,290 | 60,293 | 60,629 | 60,923 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{3}$ | 69.5 | 69.7 | 69.6 | 69.8 | 69.9 | 70.3 | 70.5 | 70.5 | 70.9 | 71.0 | 71.0 | 71.3 | 71.6 |
| Resident Armed Forces ............ | 1,525 | 1,521 | 1.538 | 1,549 | 1,543 | 1,534 | 1,537. | 1,542 | 1,540 | 1,542 | 1,548 | 1,545 | 1,545 |
| Civilian employed | 56,844 | 57,071 | 57,069 | 57,279 | 57,407 | 57,855 | 58,043 | 58,239 | 58,607 | 58,748: | 58,745 | 59,084 | 59,378 |
| Unemployed | 6,409 | 6,248 | 6,200 | 6,049 | 5,759 | 5,457 | 5,258 | 5,149 | 4,946 | 4,867 | 4,919 | 4,678 | 4,529 |
| Unemployment rate ${ }^{1}$ | 9.9 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.3 | 8.9 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 6.9 |
| Not in labor force | 19,236 | 19,259 | 19,366 | 19,384 | 19,635 | 19,577 | 19,668 | 19,815 | 19,718 | 19,724 | 19,741 | 19,717 | 19,649 |

## Women

| Noninstitutional population' | 91,779 | 871 | 91,949 | 92,036 | 92,129 | 92, | 92,302 | 92,474 | 92,552 | 92,630 | 92,709 | 92,789 | 2,873 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Labor force' | 48,795 | 48,649 | 48,992 | 49,047 | 48,852 | 48,874. | 48,986 | 48,971 | 49,283 | 49,442! | 49,725 | 50,186 | 50,115 |
| Percent of population ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 53.2 | 53.0 | 53.3 | 53.3 | 53.0 | 53.0 | 53.1 | 53.0 | 53.2. | 53.4. | 53.6 | 54.1 | 54.0 |
| Total employed' | 44,042 | 44,297 | 44,559 | 44,743. | 44.715 | 44,902 | 45,049 | 45,094 | 45,429 | 45,536 | 45,802 | 46,350 | 46,515 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{3}$ | 48.0 | 48.2 | 48.5 | 48.6 | 48.5 | 48.7 | 48.8 | 48.8 | 49.1 | 49.2 | 49.4 | 50.0 | 50.1 |
| Resident Armed Forces | 143 | 143 | 14 | 46 | 152 | 15 | 151 | 144 | 144 : | 14 | 14 | 14 | 145 |
| Civilian employed | 43,899 | 44,154 | 44,415 | 44,597, | 44,563 | 44,751 | 44,898 | 44,950 | 45,285 | 45,392 | 45,657 | 46,205 | 46,370 |
| Unemployed | 4,753. | 4,352 | 4.433 | 4,304 | 4,137 | 3,972 | 3,937 | 3,876 | 3,855. | 3,905 | 3,924 | 3,836 | 3,600 |
| Unemployment rate ${ }^{4}$ | 9.7 | 8.9 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 8.5 | 8.1 | 8.0, | 7.9 | 7.8 | $7.9{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 7.9 | 7.6: | 7.2 |
| Not in labor force | 42,984 | 43,222 | 42,957 | 42,989 | 43,277 | 43,340 | 43,316 | 43,503 | 43,269 | 43,188 | 42,984 | 42,603 | 42,758 |

[^7]Armed Forces).
NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-32 through A-41 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

## A-33. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

' The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
${ }^{2}$ Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted


See footnotes at end of table.

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)


BLACK-Continued
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years

| Civilian labor force | 869 | 825 | 834. | 809 | 787 | 785 | 782 | 762 | 796 | 783 | 859 | 787. | 820 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percent of population ...................... | 39.0 | 37.1 | 37.6 | 36.6 | 35.6 | 35.6 | 35.6 | 34.7 | 36.4 | 35.9 | 39.5 | 36.3 | 37.9 |
| Employed ......................................... | 436 | 426 | 405 | 396. | 404 | 414 | 399 | 397 | 450 | 417 | 474 | 440 | 539 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$............ | 19.6 | 19.1 | 18.3 | 17.9 | 18.3 | 18.8 | 18.2 | 18.1 | 20.6 | 19.1 | 21.8 | 20.3 | 24.9 |
| Unemployed | 433 | 399 | 429 | 413 | 383 | 371 | 383 | 365 | 346 | 366 | 385 | 347 | 281 |
| Unemployment rate | 49.8 | 48.4 | 51.4 | 51.1 | 48.7 | 47.3 | 49.0 | 47.9 | 43.5 | 46.7 | 44.8 | 44.1 | 34.3 |
| Men .... ......................................... | 50.7 | 48.3 | 53.7 | 52.7 | 45.6 | 44.9 | 46.4 | 47.1 | 46.7 | 44.4 | 42.8 | 40.9 | 35.3 |
| Women ......................................... | 48.7 | 48.4 | 48.8 | 49.2 | 52.2 | 50.0 | 51.9 | 48.8 | 39.9 - | 49.6 | 47.1 | 48.2 | 33.1 |
| HISPANIC ORIGIN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population' ............ | 9,738 | 9,640 | 9,690 | 9,700 | 9,745 | 9,677 | 9,735 | 9,778 | 9,906! | 10,080 | 10,072 | 10,026 | 9,824 |
| Civilian labor force ................................ | 6,202 | 6,090 | 6,145 | 6,202 | 6.165 | 6,232 | 6,267 | 6,336 | 6,292 | 6,484 | 6,378 | 6,332 | 6,298 |
| Percent of population ....................... | 63.7 | 63.2 | 63.4 | 63.9 | 63.3 | 64.4 | 64.4 | 64.8. | $63.5{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 64.3 | 63.3 | 63.2 | 64.1 |
| Employed ............ | 5,336 | 5,339 | 5,350 | 5,392 | 5,398 | 5,463 | 5,540: | 5,627 | 5,652' | 5,751 | 5,643 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 5,666: | 5,669 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$............ | 54.8 | 55.4 | 55.2 | 55.6 | 55.4 | 56.5 | 56.9 | 57.6 | 57.1. | 57.1 | 56.0 : | 56.5 | 57.7 |
| Unemployed ..................................... | 866 | 751 | 795 | 810 | 767 | 769 | 727 | 708 | 639 | 733 | 735 | 666 ! | 629 |
| Unemployment rate .............. | 14.0 | 12.3 | 12.9 | 13.1 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 11.6 | 11.2 | 10.2 | 11.3 | 11.5. | 10.5 | 10.0 |

; The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
? Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

## A-35. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

| Category | 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June |
| CHARACTERISTIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 100,743 | 101.225 | 101.484 | 101.876 | 101,970 | 102,606 | 102,941 | 103,190 | 103,892, | 104,140 | 04,402 | 105,288 | 105,748 |
| Married men, spouse present ................. | 37.911 | 38,254 | 38,281 | 38,232 | 38,240 | 38,388 | 38,494 | 38,682 | 38,911 | 38,927 | 39.062 | 39,159 | 39,072 |
| Married women, spouse present ............ | 24,416 | 24,618 | 24,905 | 24,921 | 24,953 | 25,057. | 25,140 | 24,947 | 25,212 | 25,239 | 25,457 | 25.722 | 25,786 |
| Women who maintain families ............... | 5,029 | 5,071 | 5,096 | 5,124 | 5.172 | 5,236 | 5,254 | 5,293 | 5,346 | 5,444 | 5,491 | 5,668 | 5,688 |
| MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers ................... | 1,624 | 1,631 1573 | 1.628 | 1,572 1,515 | 1,505 1,527 | 1,481 1,556 | 1,512 1,572 | 1,613 | 1,609 | 1,580 | 1,534: | 1,537: | 1,570 |
| Self-employed workers ........................ | 1,591 | 1,573 | 1.564 240 | 1,515 236 | 1,527 227 | 1,556 224 | 1,572 265 | 1,613 233 | 1.609 232 | 1,580. | 1,534 207 | 1,546: | 1,512 |
| Unpaid family workers ......................... | 252 | 251 | 240 | 236 | 227 | 224 | 265 | 233 | 232 | 198. | 207 | 246 | 212 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers ................... | 89,345 15,514 | 89,687 15,593 | 90,032 15,671 | 150,743 | 90,617 15,578 | 91,094 15,585 | 15,481 | 15,535 | 15,822 | 15,813 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 15,784 | 15,761. | 15,685 |
| Government .................................... | 15,514 | 15,593 | 15,671 74,361 | 15,560 75,183 | 15,578 75,039 | 75,509 | 75,941 | 76,106 | 76,557 | 77,006 | 77,147 | 78,167 | 78,355 |
| Private industries .............................. | 73,831 | 74,094 | 74,361 1,270 | 75,183 1,279 | 75,039 1,278 | 1,216 | 1,241 |  |  |  | 1,296 | 1,347 | 1,329 |
| Private households | 1,295 72536 | 1,276 72818 | 1,270 73,091 | 1,279 73,904 | 1,278 73,761 | 1,216 74,293 | 1,241 74,700 | 1,197 74,909 | 75,339 | 75,851 | 75,851 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 76,820 | 77,026 |
| Other industries | 72,536 | 72,818 7,595 | 73,091 7641 | 73,904 7656 | 73,761 7,695 | 74,293 7,800 | 74,700 7,734 | 74,909 7,936 | 75,339 7,849 | 75,851 7,755 | 75,851 | 76,820 7,707 | 7,828 |
| Self-employed workers ........................ | 7.510 | 7.595 | 7,641 375 | 7,656 380 | 7,695 405 | 7,800 474 | 7.734 450 | 7,936 364 | 7,849 330 | 7,755 326 | 7,834 338 | 7.707 311 | 7,828 348 |
| Unpaid family workers ......................... | 352 | 322 | 375 | 380 | 405 | 474 | 450 | 364 | 330 | 326 | 338 | 31 | 348 |
| PERSONS AT WORK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonagricultural industries | 90.913 | 92,126 | 91,953 | 93,322 | 93,273 | 93,834 | 94,173 | 94,707 | 95,067 | 94,982 | 96,918 | 96,523 | 96,500 |
| Full-time schedules | 73,071 | 73,844 | 73.499 | 74,666 | 75,047 | 75,398 | 75,802 | 76,237 | 76,715 | 77,004 | 78,276 | 78,280 | 78,496 |
| Part time for economic reasons .......... | 5,886 | 5,700 | 5,866 | 6,027 | 5,724 | 5,848 | 5,712 | 5.943 | 5,808 | 5,463 | 5,593 | 5,353 | 5,491 |
| Usually work full time ........................ | 1,777 | 1,781 | 1,742 | 1,771 | 1,617 | 1,719 | 1,672 | 1,771 | 1,611 | 1,472 | 1,530 | 1,549 | 1,654 |
| Usually work part time ....................... | 4.109 | 3,919 | 4,124 | 4,256 | 4,107 | 4,129 | 4,040 | 4,172 | 4,197 | 3,991 | 4,063 | 3,804 | 3,837 |
| Part time for noneconomic reasons .... | 11,956 | 12,582 | 12.588 | 12.629 | 12,502 | 12,588 | 12,659 | 12,527 | 12,545 | 12,515 | 13,049 | 12,889 | 12,514 |

[^8]
## A-36. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)


## A-37. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

| Sex and age | 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | Aug. | Sept. Oct. |  | Nov. | Dec. |  |  | - : |  | - ... |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Jan. |  | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June |
| Total, 16 years and over ..................... | 11,162! | 10,600 | 10,633' | 10,353 | 9,896 ${ }^{+}$ |  | 9,429 | 9,195 | 9,026 | 8,801 | 8,772' | 8,843 | 8,514 | 8,130 |
| 16 to 24 years .........................................' | 4,322! | 4,096 | 4,197 | 3,994 | 3.899 | 3,692 | 3,564 | 3,537 | 3,410 | 3,467 | 3,522 | 3,402 | 3,156 |
| 16 to 19 years ........................................................................ | 1,973 | 1,859 | 1,885.' | 1,776: | 1,721 | 1,618; | 1,622 | 1.543 | 1,553. | 1,608 | 1,562, | 1,529 | 1,419 |
| 16 to 17 years | 798! | 767 | 767. | 731 | 712 | 653 : | 700 | 649 | 663 ' | 712 | 683: | 632 | 602 |
| 18 to 19 years | 1,176 | 1,071 | 1,107 | 1,046! | 1,020 | $972{ }^{\prime}$ | 947. | 878: | 881'. | 904 | 876 | 896 | 813 |
| 20 to 24 years | 2,349. | 2,237 | 2,312 | 2,218 | 2,178 | 2,074; | 1,942 | 1,994 | 1,857. | 1,859 | 1,960 | 1,873 | 1.737 |
| 25 years and over | 6,871' | 6,486 | 6,424 | 6,3701 | 6,002 | 5,728. | 5,659' | 5,474 | 5,405 | 5,279 | 5,301'. | 5,132: | 4,996 |
| 25 to 54 years | 5,990, | 5,707: | 5,068; | 5,610' | 5,259 | $5.007{ }^{\prime}$ | 4,938. | 4,789 | 4,742: | 4,647 | 4,663 | 4,474 | 4,274 |
| 55 years and over ................................. | 825; | 798, | 765. | 785: | 753 | 741 | 742' | 700 | 636 | 643 | 621. | 659. | 683 |
| Men, 16 years and over .....................: | 6,409; | 6,248' | 6,200 | 6,049' | 5,759 | 5.457 | 5,258 | 5,149 | 4,946 | 4,867 | 4,919' | 4,678. | 4,529 |
| 16 to 24 years | 2,448' | 2,397! | 2,408 | 2,271: | 2,209 | 2,042. | 1,998 | 1,971. | 1,857. | 1,869 | 1,925 | 1,812; | 1,772 |
| 16 to 19 years | 1,057 | 1,031; | 1,050 | 984' | 950: | $861{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 866 | 849 | 818 | 847. | 824. | 817: | 774 |
| 16 to 17 years | 429! | 451: | 423 | 383' | 374; | 344 | 372; | 336 | 337, | 376' | 378: | 352. | 365 |
| 18 to 19 years | 635 | $568{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 619 | 605. | 579 | 524. | 501. | 501. | 469 : | 472. | 448: | 472. | 413 |
| 20 to 24 years | 1,391! | 1,366', | 1,358, | 1,287. | 1,259 | 1,181 | 1,132! | 1,122 | 1,039; | 1,022: | 1.101. | 9951 | 998 |
| 25 years and over | 3,962 | 3,826 | 3.791 | 3,794 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 3,552' | 3,417 | 3,283, | 3,154. | 3,089' | 2,988 | 2,996 | 2,8781 | 2,757 |
| 25 to 54 years ......................................i | 3,465 | 3,337 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 3,311 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 3,315. | 3,074 | 2,935 | 2,799: | 2,743 | 2,686 | 2,569 | 2,604 | 2,480 | 2,377 |
| 55 years and over ................................. | 492. | 489': | 482 | 507: | 482 | 490 | 481. | 431. | 396. | 408' | 382 | 394, | 378 |
| Women, 16 years and over ................. | 4,753 | 4,352 | 4,433' | 4,304 | 4,137 | 3,972 | 3,937. | 3,876 | 3,855 | 3,905 | 3,924 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 3,836 | 3,600 |
| 16 to 24 years ........................................ | 1,874! | 1,699: | 1,789 | 1,723. | 1,690; | 1,650 | 1,566 | 1,566 | 1,552' | 1,598. | 1,597 | 1,591 | 1,384 |
| 16 to 19 years .....................................; | 916: | 828. | 835 | 792 | 771. | 757 | 756 | 694 | 735. | 761. | 738 | 712' | 645 |
| 16 to 17 years .....................................' | 369: | $316{ }^{\prime}$ | 344. | 348' | 338. | 309 | 328. | 313. | 326. | 336. | 305 | 280 | 237 |
| 18 to 19 years ..................................... | 541 : | 503' | 488. | 441. | 441. | 448 | 446 : | 377. | 412 | 432, | 428 | $424{ }_{i}$ | 400 |
| 20 to 24 years | 958', | 871. | 954. | 931. | 919 | 893 | 810 | 872 | 817', | 837 | 859 | 879 | 739 |
| 25 years and over | 2,909 | 2,660 | 2,633 | 2,576 | 2,450 | 2,311 | 2,376 | 2,320 | 2,316 | 2,291: | 2,305 | 2,254 | 2,238 |
| 25 to 54 years | 2,525 | 2,370. | 2,357. | 2,295 | 2,185; | 2.072 | 2,139 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 2,046 | 2,057 | 2,078: | $2.059^{\text {i }}$ | 1,994! | 1.897 |
| 55 years and over ................................. | 333. | 3091 | 283. | 278 | 271 : | 251. | 261 | 269 | 240 | 235. | 239 | 266 | 305 |

## A-38. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonaliy adjusted

(Civilian workers)


## A-39. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)


[^9]for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force
hours.

## A-40. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

| Weeks of unemployment | 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | -- -- | -- - ${ }^{\text {T }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June |
| DURATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 weeks ................................. | 3,630 | 3,529 | 3,633 | 3.740 | 3.504 | 3,328 | 3,382 | 3,233 | 3,359 | 3,386 | 3.438 | 3,238 |  |
| 5 to 14 weeks ........................................: | 2,950 | 2,841 | 2,951 | 2,784 | 2,725 | 2,616 | 2,504 | 2,556 | 2,484 | 2.539 | 2.493 | 2433 |  |
| 15 weeks and over | 4,486 । | 4,398 | 4,078 | 3,889 | 3,655 | 3,527 | 3,369 | 3,201 | 2.984 | 2.873 | 2.855 | 2,851 | 2,619 |
| 15 to 26 weeks ...................................i | 1,593 | 1,794 | 1,597 | 1,383 | 1,372 | 1,337 | 1,284 | 1,166 | 1,173 | 1,114 | 1,111 | 1,186 | 1,008 |
| 27 weeks and over | 2,893 | 2,604 | 2,481 | 2,506 | 2,283 | 2,190 | 2,085 | 2,035 | 1,810 | 1,759 | 1,744 | 1,664 | 1,611 |
| Average (mean) duration, in weeks ........... | 21.4 ! | 21.3 | 19.9 | 20.2 | 20.1 | 20.2 | 19.6 | 20.5 | 18.8 | 18.8 | 18.5 | 18.4 | 18.6 |
| Median duration, in weeks ........................1 | 10.8 \| | 10.1 ! | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.5 | 9.4 | 9.0 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 8.7 | 7.2 |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed ...................................\| | 100.0 ! | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks ............................... | 32.8 | 32.8 | 34.1 | 35.9 | 35.5 | 35.1 | 36.5 | 36.0 | 38.1 | 38.5 | 39.1 | 38.0 | 39.2 |
| 5 to 14 weeks. | 26.7 | 26.4 ! | 27.7 | 26.7 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 27.1 | 28.4 | 28.1 | 28.9 | 28.4 | 28.6 | 28.4 |
| 15 weeks and over ............................... | 40.5 | 40.8 । | 38.2 | 37.3 | 37.0 | 37.2 | 36.4 | 35.6 | 33.8 | 32.7 | 32.5 | 33.5 | 32.4 |
| 15 to 26 weeks | 14.4 ! | 16.7 | 15.0 | 13.3 | 13.9 | 14.1 | 13.9 | 13.0 | 13.3 | 12.7 | 12.6 | 13.9 | 12.5 |
| 27 weeks and over .............................\| | 26.1 \| | 24.2 | 23.3 | 24.1 | 23.1 | 23.1 | 22.5 | 22.6 | 20.5 | 20.0 | 19.8 | 19.5 | 19.9 |

A-41. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Reasons for unemployment | 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June ' |  | Aug |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |  |  |
|  |  | July | Aug. | Sept. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | May | June |
| NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED | NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I | 1 | i | 1 | ' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Job losers ..............................................' | 6,525 | 6.235 | 6,133 | 5,938 | 5,601 | 5,226 | 5,017 | 4,825 | 4,737 | 4,614 | 4,527 | 4,327 | 4,220 |
| On layoff | 1,841 | 1,735 | 1,660 | 1,562 | 1,392 | 1,321 | 1,283 | 1,238 | 1,272 | 1,254 | 1,108 | 1,192 | 1,166 |
| Other job losers ...................................', | 4,684 : | 4.500 ! | 4,473 | 4,376 | 4,209 | 3,905 | 3,734 | 3,588 | 3,465 | 3,360 | 3,419 | 3,134 | 3,055 |
| Job leavers ........... | 799 । | 752 ' | 799 | 858 | 866 | 868 | 855 | 809 | 772 | 756 | 781 | 804 | 800 |
| Reentrants | 2,436 | 2.415 | 2,479 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 2,362 | 2,322 | 2,250 | 2,246 | 2,192 | 2,153 | 2,208 | 2,308 | 2,178 | 1,968 |
| New entrants | 1,412 | 1,229 , | 1,214 | 1,234 | 1.127 | 1.154 | 1,150 | 1,175 | 1,092 | 1,213 | 1,216 | 1,186 | 1,136 |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  | ! |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION | , | ! |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Job losers .............................................., | 58.4 | 58.6 | 57.7 | 57.1 | 56.5 | 55.0 | 54.1 | 53.6 | 54.1 | 52.5 | 51.3 | 50.9 | 51.9 |
| On layoff | 16.5 | 16.3 | 15.6 | 15.0 | 14.0 | 13.9 | 13.8 | 13.7 | 14.5 | 14.3 | 12.5 | 14.0 | 14.4 |
| Other job losers | 41.9 | 42.3 ' | 42.1 | 42.1 | 42.4 | 41.1 | 40.3 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 38.2 | 38.7 | 36.9 | 37.6 |
| Job leavers ............................................ : | 7.2 | 7.1 | 7.5 | 8.3 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 8.6 | 8.8 | 9.5 | 9.8 |
| Reentrants .............................................' | 21.8 | 22.7 | 23.3 | 22.7 | 23.4 | 23.7 | 24.2 | 24.4 | 24.6 | 25.1 | 26.1 | 25.6 | 24.2 |
| New entrants .........................................' | 12.6 | 11.6 | 11.4 | 11.9 | 11.4 | 12.1 | 12.4 | 13.1 | 12.5 | 13.8 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 14.0 |
| UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Job losers ..............................................' | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.7 |
| Job leavers .............................................' | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 |
| Reentrants .............................................' | 2.2 । | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 |
| New entrants .........................................i; | 1.3 ! | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 |

## HOUSEHOLD DATA <br> SEASONALLY ADJUSTED <br> QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-42. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

' Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.
? Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population
${ }^{3}$ Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.
d Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

Armed Forces).
NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-42 through A-51 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

A-43. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted


[^10]A-44. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)


[^11]A-44. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin | 11 | 1981 111 | IV | 1 | $1{ }^{198}$ | III | IV | 1 |  | III | IV | 198 <br> 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BLACK-Continued <br> Both sexes, 16 to 19 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 885 | 811 | 850 | 846 | 786 | 831 | 831 | 789 | 837. | 823 | 785 | 780 | 822 |
| Percent of population | 38.6 | 35.5 | 37.3 | 37.4 | 34.8 | 37.0 | 37.0 | 35.1, | 37.5i | 37.1 i | $35.6{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 35.7 : | 37.9 |
| Employed .......................................... | 540. | 471 | 475 | 466 | 397, | 425 | 425. | 424 | 426: | 409 | 406: | 421, | 484 |
| Employment-population ratio' | 23.5 | 20.6 | 20.9 | 20.6 | 17.6 | $18.9{ }^{\prime}$ | 18.9 ' | 18.9 | 19.1 | 18.4 | 18.4. | 19.3. | 22.3 |
| Unemployed ...................................... | 345 | 340 | 375 | 380 | 388 | 406 | 406 | 365 | 411 | 414 | 379 | 359: | 338 |
| Unemployment rate ..... .................... | 39.0 | 41.9 | 44.1 | 44.9 | 49.4 | 48.8 | $48.9{ }^{\circ}$ | 46.2 | 49.1 | 50.3 | 48.3 | 46.0 | 41.1 |
| Men .................................. ........... | 39.3 | 41.9 | 41.3 | 44.2 | 51.0 | 48.5 | 51.7 | 47.3 . | 50.5. | 51.51 | 45.6 | 46.0 ! | 39.7 |
| Women | 38.6 | 42.0 | 47.2 | 45.7 | 47.6 | 49.2: | $45.7{ }^{\text { }}$ | 45.0 | 47.6i | 48.8; | 51.4 | 46.0 | 42.6 |
| hispanic origin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population' ............ | 9,199 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 9,383 | 9,545 | 9,346 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 9,320! | 9,558: | 9,377' | 9,416 | 9,717: | 9,677, | 9,719: | 9,921 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 9,974 |
| Civilian labor force ................................: | 5,914 | 5,922 | 6,124 | 6,045 | 5,945 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 5,990 | 5,968 | 6,019, | 6,167; | 6,146, | 6,221. | 6,371 | 6,336 |
| Percent of population | 64.3 | 63.1 | 64.2 | 64.7 : | 63.8' | $62.7{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 63.6: | 63.9, | 63.5 i | 63.5i | 64.0 | 64.2 ! | 63.5 |
| Employed | 5,329: | 5,339 | 5,440. | 5,310 | 5,150 | 5,125 | 5,052 | 5,083 | 5,293; | 5,360: | 5,467 | 5,677! | 5,660 |
| Employment-population ratio' ............ | 57.9; | 56.9 | 57.0 | 56.8i | 55.31 | 53.61 | 53.9 ! | 54.0: | 54.5 ${ }^{\text {j }}$ | 55.4 \| | 56.3 | 57.2 ! | 56.7 |
| Unemployed ....................................... ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 585 | 583 | 684 | 7351 | $796{ }^{\text {i }}$ | $866!$ | 916 | 936. | 874, | 785 | $754{ }^{\prime}$ | 694 | 676 |
| Unemployment rate ......................... | 9.9 | 9.8 | 11.2 | 12.2: | 13.4 | 14.5 | 15.3 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 15.6. | $14.2 \mid$ | 12.8 i | 12.1, | 10.9 | 10.7 |

' The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups

## HOUSEHOLD DATA <br> SEASONALLY ADJUSTED <br> QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-45. Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex and age, seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Full- and part-time status, sex and age | 1981 |  |  | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 |
| full time |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 92,902 | 92,844 | 93,446 | 93,630 | 94,195 | 94,485 | 94,995 | 95,002 | 95,620 | 96,026 | 96,141 | 96,829 | 97,678 |
| Employed' | 86,335 | 86.288 | 85,952 | 85,582 | 85,442 | 85,186 | 84,930 | 85,195 | 86,096 | 87,127 | 88,182 | 89.457 | 90,685 |
| Unemployed | 6,567 | 6,556 | 7,494 | 8,048 | 8,753 | 9,299 | 10,064 | 9,807 | 9,524 | 8,899 | 7,959 | 7,372 | 6,993 |
| Unemployment rate ........................ | 7.1 | 7.1 | 8.0 | 8.6 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 10.6 | 10.3 | 10.0 | 9.3 | 8.3 | 7.6 | 7.2 |
| Men, 20 years and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force ............................... | 54,397 | 54,291 | 54,496 | 54,626 | 54,954 | 55,054 | 55,305 | 55.073 | 55,594 | 55,865 | 55,869 | 56,261 | 56,536 |
| Employed' | 51,132 | 51,048 | 50,665 | 50,413 | 50,330 | 49.989 | 49,758 | 49,723 | 50,333 | 50,999 | 51,523 | 52,370 | 52.883 |
| Unemployed | 3,265. | 3,243 | 3,831 | 4,213 | 4,624 | 5,065 | 5,547 | 5,350 | 5,261 | 4,867 | 4,346 | 3,891 | 3,652 |
| Unemployment rate ........................ | 6.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 7.7 | 8.4 | 9.2 | 10.0 | 9.7 | 9.5 | 8.7 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 6.5 |
| Women, 20 years and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force ............................... | 33,778 | 33,844 | 34,310 | 34,434 | 34,886 | 35,108 | 35,262 | 35,601 | 35,721 | 35,989 | 36.090 | 36,473 | 37,076 |
| Employed' | 31,475 | 31,487 | 31.712 | 31,716 | 31,898 | 32,041 | 31,932 | 32,271 | 32,541 | 33,007 | 33,417 | 33,846 | 34,520 |
| Unemployed ..................................... | 2,304 | 2,357 | 2,598 | 2,718 | 2,988 | 3,067 | 3,331 | 3,330 | 3,180 | 2,982 | 2,673 | 2,627 | 2,556 |
| Unemployment rate ........................ | 6.8. | 7.0 | 7.6 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 8.9 | 8.3 | 7.4 . | 7.2 | 6.9 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force .............................. | 4,727 | 4,709 | 4,640 | 4,570 | 4,355 | 4,322 | 4,428 | 4,328 | 4,305 | 4,171 | 4,183 | 4,095 | 4,067 |
| Employed' ....................................... | 3,729 | 3,753. | 3,575 | 3,454 | 3,215 | 3,156 | 3,241 | 3,201 | 3,221 | 3,121 | 3,243 | 3,241 | 3,282 |
| Unemployed ..................................... | 998. | 956 | 1,065 | 1,117 | 1,140 | 1,166 | 1,187 | 1,127 | 1,084 | 1,050 | 940 | 854 | 785 |
| Unemployment rate ........................ | 21.1 | 20.3 | 23.0 | 24.4 | 26.2 | 27.0 | 26.8 | 26.0 | 25.2 | 25.2 | 22.5 | 20.8 | 19.3 |
| PART TIME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 15,964, | 15,687 | 15,600 | 15,750 | 16,011 | 16,066 | 15.863 | 15,661 | 15,648 | 16,072 | 15,908 | 15,775 | 15,956 |
| Employed ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 14,491 | 14,189 | 14,089 | 14,163 | 14,366 | 14,337 | 14,122 | 14,020 | 13,917 | 14,441 | 14,342 | 14,319 | 14,427 |
| Unemployed ..................................... | 1,472 | 1,498 | 1,510 | 1,586 | 1.645 | 1.729 | 1.742 | 1,640 | 1.731 | 1.631 | 1.567 | 1.457 | 1,529 |
| Unemployment rate ........................ | 9.2 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 10.5 | 11.1 | 10.2 | 9.8 | 9.2 | 9.6 |
| Men, 20 years and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force ............................... | 2.874 | 2,876 | 2,886 | 2,966 | 3.026 | 3,080 | 3,050 | 3,102 | 3.053 | 3.120 | 3,158 | 3,085 | 3,071 |
| Employed' | 2,669 | 2,641 | 2,647 | 2,723 | 2,769 | 2,812 | 2,774 | 2,828 | 2,767 | 2,849 | 2,892 | 2,843 | 2,801 |
| Unemployed | 205. | 235 | 239 | 243 | 257 | 269 | 276 | 274 | 287 | 272 | 266 | 243 | 270 |
| Unemployment rate ........................ | 7.1. | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 8.8 | 9.4 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 7.9 | 8.8 |
| Women, 20 years and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force ............................... | 8,742 | 8,634 | 8,581 | 8,707 | 8,756 | 8,865 | 8,786 | 8,649 | 8,702 | 8,898 | 8,880 | 8,774 | 8,924 |
| Employed' ....................................... | 8,224 | 8,099 | 8,089 | 8,157 | 8.182 | 8,237 | 8,176 | 8,049 | 8,093 | 8,323 | 8,304 | 8,259 | 8.390 |
| Unemployed ..................................... | 518 | 536. | 493 | 550 | 574 | 628 | 610 | 600 | 609 | 575 | 575 | 515 | 534 |
| Unemployment rate ........................ | 5.9 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 6.0 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force ........... | 4,348 | 4,176 | 4,133 | 4.077 | 4,229 | 4,121 | 4,027 | 3,910 | 3,892 | 4,054 | 3,871 | 3,916 | 3,960 |
| Employed' ....................................... | 3,599 | 3,449 | 3,354 | 3,283 | 3,415 | 3,288 | 3,172 | 3,144 | 3,057 | 3,269 | 3.145 | 3,217 | 3,236 |
| Unemployed ..................................... | 749 | 727 | 779 | 794 | 814 | 832 | 856 | 766 | 835 | 785 | 726 | 699 | 724 |
| Unemployment rate ........................ | 17.2 | 17.4 | 18.8 | 19.5 | 19.3 | 20.2 | 21.2 | 19.6 | 21.5 | 19.4 | 18.7 | 17.8 | 18.3 |

' Persons on part-time schedules for economic reasons are included in whether seeking full- or part-time work.
the full-time employed category; unemployed persons are allocated by

A-46. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted
(In thousands)

| Category | 1981 |  |  | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11 | III | IV | I | 11 | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | 11 |
| CHARACTERISTIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 100,850 | 100,452 1 | 100,021 | 99.749 | 99,810 | 99,493 | 99.054 | 99,214 | 100,037 | 101,528 | 102,506 | 103,740 | 105,146 |
| Married men, spouse present | 39,096 | 38,819 | 38,547 | 38,329 | 38,287 | 38,032 | 37,642 | 37,511 | 37.710 | 38,256 | 38,374 | 38,840 | 39.098 |
| Married women, spouse present | 24,091 | 23,868 | 23,811 | 23,866 | 24,148 | 24,145 | 24,055 | 24,177 | 24,360 | 24,815 | 25,050 | 25,133 | 25,655 |
| Women who maintain tamilies ............... | 5,042 | 4,977 | 5,061 | 5,102 | 5,091 | 5.170 | 5,033 | 5,046 | 4,996 | 5,097 | 5,221 | 5,361 | 5,616 |
| MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers .................... | 1.510 | 1,460 | 1,440 | 1,423 | 1,477. | 1,517 | 1,592 | 1,597 | 1.597 | 1,610 | 1,499 | 1,506 | 1,625 |
| Self-employed workers ........................ | 1,645 | 1,632 | 1,628 | 1,646 | 1,658 | 1,622 | 1,619 | 1,578 | 1,581. | 1.551 | 1,552 | 1,601 | 1,547 |
| Unpaid family workers .......................... | 266 | 250 | 272 | 323 . | 259. | 250 | 233 | 242 | 235 | 242 | 239 | 221 | 222 |
| Nonagricultural industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers ................... | 89,999 | 89,649 | 89,152 | 88,801 | 88,733 | 88,442 | 87,879 | 87,953 | 88,773. | 90,154 | 91,044 | 92,280 | 93,633 |
| Government ..................................... | 15,800 | 15,532. | 15,487. | 15,536 | 15,518 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 15,558 | 15,460 | 15,472 | 15,523 | 15,608 | 15,548 | 15,723 | 15.743 |
| Private industries .............................. | 74,199 | 74,117 | 73,665 | 73,265 | 73,216 | 72,884 | 72,419 | 72,481 | 73,250: | 74,546 | 75,496 | 76,556 | 77.890 |
| Private households ............................... | 1,212 | 1,177 | 1,230 | 1,215 | 1,204 | 1,203' | 1,210 | 1.212 | 1,251 | 1,275 | 1,245 | 1,190 | 1,324 |
| Other industries .............................. | 72,988 | 72,940 | 72,435 | 72,050 | 72,012: | 71,681. | 71,209 | 71,269 | 71,999 | 73,271 | 74,251 | 75,366 | 76.566 |
| Self-employed workers ........................ | 7.077 | 7,108 | 7,118. | 7,080. | 7,280 | 7,342: | 7,336 | 7,433 | 7,487 | 7,631 | 7,743 | 7,847 | 7,790 |
| Unpaid family workers ......................... | 358 | 394 | 415 | 419 | 406 | 395 | 381 | 357 | 350 | 359 | 443 | 340 | 332 |
| PERSONS AT WORK' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonagricultural industries | 91,515 | 91,474 | 91,166 | 90,606 | 91.067 | 90,482 | 90,124 | 90,484 | 91,405. | 92,467 | 93,760 | 94,919 | 96,647 |
| Full-time schedules .............................. | 74,612 | 74,507. | 73,731 | 72,951 | 72,673' | 71,952' | 71,412 | 71,834 | 73,196. | 74,003 | 75.416 | 76,652 | 78,351 |
| Part time for economic reasons .......... | 4,193 | 4,508 | 5,076 | 5,322 | 5,744 | 5,983' | 6,385 | 6,403 | 5,976 | 5,864 | 5,761 | 5.738 | 5,479 |
| Usually work full time | 1,602 | 1,726 | 2,005 | 2,027 | 2,227 | 2,210' | 2,234 | 2,044 | 1,804 | 1,765 | 1,669 | 1,6i8 | 1,578 |
| Usually work part time ...................... | 2,591 | 2,782 | 3,071 | 3,295 | 3,517 | 3,773 ${ }^{\text {² }}$ | 4,151 | 4,359 | 4,172. | 4,100 | 4,092 | 4,120 | 3,901 |
| Part time for noneconomic reasons ..... | 12,710 | 12,459 | 12,360 | 12,333 | 12,650 | 12,547. | 12,327 | 12,247 | 12,234, | 12,600 | 12,583 | 12,529 | 12,817 |

' Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

## A-47. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

| Sex and age | 1981 |  |  | 1982 |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  |  | 1984 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11 | 111 | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | iv | 1 | 11 |
| Total, 16 years and over | 100.850 | 00,452 | 100,021 | 99,749 | 99,810 | 99,493 | 99,054 | 99,214 | 100,037 | 101,528 | 102,506 | 103,740 | 05,146 |
| 16 to 24 years | 21,504 | 21,313 | 20,913 | 20,585 | 20,404 | 20,045 | 19,932 | 19,859 | 19,911 | 20,201 | 20,267 | 20,548 | 20,880 |
| 16 to 19 years | 7,346 | 7.175 | 6,914 | 6,743 | 6,621 | 6,434 | 6,409 | 6,338 | 6,288 | 6,366 | 6,370 | 6.446 | 6,545 |
| 16 to 17 years | 2,901 | 2,855 | 2,735 | 2,657 | 2,557 | 2,407 | 2,399 | 2,358 | 2,298 | 2,311 | 2,315 | 2,346 | 2.442 |
| 18 to 19 years | 4,446 | 4,308 | 4.185. | 4,083 | 4.071 | 4.027 . | 3.992 | 3,984 | 3,999 | 4.047 | 4,056 | 4,116 | 4,108 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 14,158 | 14.139 | 13,999 | 13,842 | 13,784 | 13,611 | 13,523 | 13,520 | 13,622 | 13,835 | 13,896 | 14,102 | 14,334 |
| 25 years and over | 79,347 | 79,153 | 79,097 | 79,155 | 79,403 | 79,471 | 79,119 | 79,347 | 80,115 | 81,350 | 82,237 | 83,184 | 84,272 |
| 25 to 54 years | 64,727 | 64,740 | 64,772 | 64,852 | 65,003 | 65,080 | 64,863 | 65,132 | 65,989 | 67.092 | 67,876 | 68,926 | 70,046 |
| 55 years and over | 14.617 | 14,421 | 14,332 | 14,278 | 14,405 | 14,400 | 14.259 | 14,185 | 14,139 | 14,274 | 14,358 | 14,248 | 14,237 |
| Men, 16 years and over | 57,651 | 57,487 | 56,986 | 56,676 | 56,506 | 56,067 | 55,834 | 55.830 | 56,373 | 57,140 | 57,768 | 58,531 | 59,069 |
| 16 to 24 years ......................................... | 11,386 | 11,326 | 11,072. | 10,855 | 10,655 | 10,416 | 10,393 | 10,345 | 10,458 | 10,602 | 10,709 | 10,843 | 11.058 |
| 16 to 19 years .................................... | 3,864 | 3,778 | 3,676 | 3,540 | 3,415 | 3,275 | 3,297. | 3,267 | 3,278 | 3,301 | 3,350 | 3,321 | 3,389 |
| 16 to 17 years | 1.519 | 1,526 | 1,481 | 1,406 | 1,355 | 1,228 | 1,238 | 1,245 | 1,196 | 1,208 | 1,204 | 1,234 | 1,254 |
| 18 to 19 years | 2,349 | 2,253 | 2,193 | 2.126 | 2,067 | 2,058: | 2,037 | 2,025 | 2,088 | 2,097 | 2,136 | 2,099 | 2.134 |
| 20 to 24 years | 7,522 | 7.548 | 7,395 | 7,315 | 7,240 | 7,141. | 7,096. | 7,077 | 7,180 | 7,301 | 7.359 | 7,523 | 7.670 |
| 25 years and over | 46.275 | 46,161 | 45,905 | 45,814 | 45,862' | 45,654 | 45,437 | 45,482 | 45,922 | 46,536 | 47,058 | 47,684 | 48,034 |
| 25 to 54 years | 37,479 | 37,481 | 37,296 | 37,239 | 37,242 | 37,106 | 36,959 | 37,055 | 37,520 | 38,059 | 38,547 | 39,246 | 39,654 |
| 55 years and over ................................ | 8,799 | 8,678 | 8,601 | 8,575 | 8,626 | 8,552 | 8,471 | 8,424 | 8,408 | 8,483 | 8,503 | 8,447 | 8,377 |
| Women, 16 years and over | 43,199 | 42,965 | 43,036 | 43,072 | 43,304 | 43,426 | 43.220 | 43,384 | 43,664 | 44,389 | 44,737 | 45,209 | 46,077 |
| 16 to 24 years | 10,117 | 9,987 | 9,841 | 9,730 | 9,750 | 9,629 | 9,539 | 9.514 | 9,453 | 9,599 | 9,557 | 9,705 | 9,821 |
| 16 to 19 years | 3,482 | 3.397 | 3,237 | 3,203 | 3,206 | 3,158 | 3,112 | 3,071 | 3,010 | 3,065 | 3,020 | 3.125 | 3,157 |
| 16 to 17 years | 1,383 | 1,329 | 1,254 | 1,251 | 1,202 | 1,179 | 1,161 | 1,113 | 1,102 | 1.104 | 1,111 | 1,113 | 1,187 |
| 18 to 19 years .................................... | 2,097 | 2,055 | 1,993 | 1,957 | 2,004 | 1,970 | 1,955 | 1,959 | 1,911 | 1,951 | 1,920 | 2,018 | 1,974 |
| 20 to 24 years | 6,636 | 6,590 | 6,604 | 6,527 | 6,544 | 6,470 | 6,427 | 6,443 | 6.443 | 6,534 | 6,537 | 6,579 | 6,665 |
| 25 years and over | 33,072 | 32,991 | 33,193 | 33,341 | 33,541 | 33,817 | 33,682 | 33,865 | 34,193 | 34,815 | 35,179 | 35,500 | 36,238 |
| 25 to 54 years | 27,248 | 27,259 | 27,476 | 27,613 | 27,761 | 27,974 | 27,904 | 28,077 | 28,469 | 29,032 | 29,329 | 29,680 | 30,393 |
| 55 years and over..... | 5,818 | 5,743 | 5,731 | 5,702 | 5,779 | 5,849 | 5,788 | 5,761 | 5.731 | 5.792 | 5,855 | 5,801 | 5,860 |

A-48. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted
(in thousands)

| Sex and age | 1981 |  |  | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | 13 | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | II |
| Total, 16 years and over .................... | 8,019 | 8,057 | 8,988 | 9,665 | 10,382 | 11,024 | 11,775 | 11,486 | 11,240 | 10,529 | 9,507 | 8,866 | 8,496 |
| 16 to 24 years ........................................ | 3,724 | 3,622 | 3,930 | 4,148 | 4,290 | 4,435 | 4,624 | 4,449 | 4,344 | 4,096 | 3,718 | 3,471 | 3,360 |
| 16 to 19 years ...................................... | 1,739 | 1.688 | 1,838 | 1,922 | 1,946 | 2,005 | 2,032 | 1,907 | 1,912 | 1,840 | 1,654 | 1,568 | 1,503 |
| 16 to 17 years | 796 | 736 | 771. | 797 | 813 | 844 | 870 | 770 | 795 | 755 | 688 | 675 | 639 |
| 18 to 19 years | 946 | 943 | 1,076. | 1,122 | 1,133 | 1,152 | 1,175 | 1,132 | 1,116 | 1,075 | 980 | 888 | 862 |
| 20 to 24 years | 1,985 | 1,934 | 2,093. | 2,226 | 2,344 | 2,430 | 2,592 | 2,542 | 2,432 | 2,256 | 2,065 | 1,903 | 1,857 |
| 25 years and over | 4.300 | 4,427 | 5,057 | 5,518 | 6,104 | 6,582 | 7,155 | 7,031 | 6,908 | 6,427 | 5,796 | 5,386 | 5,143 |
| 25 to 54 years | 3,787 | 3,886 | 4,476 | 4,860 | 5,338 | 5,804 | 6,315 | 6,216 | 6,067 | 5,662 | 5,068 | 4,726 | 4,470 |
| 55 years and over | 502 | 545 | 584 | 657 | 748 | 793 | 848 | 813 | 816 | 783 | 745 | 660 | 654 |
| Men, 16 years and over ..................... | 4,412 | 4,392 | 5,050 | 5,522 | 5,958 | 6,434 | 6,927 | 6,704 | 6.578 | 6.166 | 5,491 | 4,987 | 4,709 |
| 16 to 24 years ........................................ | 2,106 | 2,002 | 2,222 | 2,361 | 2,450 | 2,533 | 2,665 | 2,534 | 2,485 | 2,359 | 2,083 | 1,899 | 1,836 |
| 16 to 19 years | 951 | 910 | 995. | 1,050 | 1,086 ${ }^{\text {] }}$ | 1,095: | 1,129 | 1,059 | 1,039 | 1,022 | 892 | 838 : | 805 |
| 16 to 17 years ....................................; | 449 | $400{ }^{\circ}$ | 418 ; | 443 | 463 | 473. | 495 | $418{ }^{\text {. }}$ | 432 | 419. | 363 | 350 | 365 |
| 18 to 19 years ...................................' | 507 : | 505. | 580': | 602 | 627 | 617 | 639 | 635 | 612 | 597' | 535 | 481 . | 444 |
| 20 to 24 years ......................................' | 1,155; | 1,092 | 1,227 | 1,311 | 1,364; | 1,438 | 1,536 | 1,475 | 1,445 | 1,337. | 1,191 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 1,061! | 1,031 |
| 25 years and over ...................................: | 2,313 | 2,387. | 2,828 | 3,159 | 3,518 | 3,898 | 4,269 | 4,160 | 4,100. | 3,804 | 3,417 | 3,077 | 2,877 |
| 25 to 54 years | 2,007 | 2,078 | 2,481. | 2,757 | 3.065 | 3,426. | 3,722 | 3,641 | 3,571 | 3,321 | 2,936 | 2,666 | 2,487 |
| 55 years and over ...............................; | 299' | 315 | 349 | 400 | 442 | 482 | 547 | 519 | 519 | 493. | 484 | 412 | 2,385 |
| Women, 16 years and over .................'. | 3,607 | 3,665 | 3,938. | 4.143 | 4,424. | 4,591. | 4,848 | 4.782 | 4,661 | 4,363 | 4.015 | 3,879 | 3,787 |
| 16 to 24 years | 1,619 | 1,620; | 1,709 | 1,787 | 1.840 | 1,902. | 1,959 | 1,914. | 1,860 | 1,737 | 1,635 | 1,572. | 1.524 |
| 16 to 19 years | 788 | 778. | 843: | 871 | 861 | 910 | 903 | 848 | 873. | 818. | 761 | 730. | 698 |
| 16 to 17 years ....................................' | 346. | 336: | 353 : | 354 | 350 | 371 | 375 | 353. | 363. | 336 | 325 | 325. | 274 |
| 18 to 19 years | 439, | 438 | 496. | 520 | 506. | 534 | 536 | 497 | 504. | 477 | 445 | 407. | 417 |
| 20 to 24 years | 831 | 842' | 866 | 915 | 979 | 992 : | 1,056 | 1,067 | 987. | 919. | 874 | 842' | 826 |
| 25 years and over | 1,987 | 2,040 | 2,229 | 2,369 | 2,586 | 2,684. | 2,886 | 2,871 | 2,809. | 2,623. | 2,379 | 2,309 | 2,266 |
| 25 to 54 years | 1,780 | 1,809 | 1,995 | 2,103 | 2,273. | 2,379 | 2,593 | 2,574 | 2,496 | 2,341 | 2,132 | 2,060 | 1,984 |
| 55 years and over ................................! | 204 | 229. | 235. | 257 | 306. | 311 | 301. | 294 | 297. | 290 | 261 | 248 | 270 |

A-49. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted
(Civilian workers)

| Sex and age | 1981 |  |  | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11 | 11 | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 |
| Total, 16 years and over | 7.4 | 7.4 | 8.2 | 8.8 | 9.4 | 10.0 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 9.4 | 8.5 | 7.9 | 7.5 |
| 16 to 24 years | 14.8 | 14.5 | 15.8 | 16.8 | 17.4 | 18.1 | 18.8 | 18.3 | 17.9 | 16.9 | 15.5 | 14.5 | 13.9 |
| 16 to 19 years | 19.1 | 19.0 | 21.0 | 22.2 | 22.7 | 23.8 | 24.1 | 23.1 | 23.3 | 22.4 | 20.6 | 19.6 | 18.7 |
| 16 to 17 years | 21.5 | 20.5 | 22.0 | 23.1 | 24.1 | 26.0 | 26.6 | 24.6 | 25.7 | 24.6 | 22.9 | 22.3 | 20.7 |
| 18 to 19 years | 17.5 | 18.0 | 20.5 | 21.6 | 21.8 | 22.2 | 22.7 | 22.1 | 21.8 | 21.0 | 19.5 | 17.7 | 17.3 |
| 20 to 24 years ....................................: | 12.3 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 13.9 | 14.5 | 15.1 | 16.1 | 15.8 | 15.1 | 14.0 | 12.9 | 11.9 | 11.5 |
| 25 years and over ................................... | 5.1 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 7.6 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 5.8 |
| 25 to 54 years ..................................... | 5.5 | 5.7 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 6.0 |
| 55 years and over ................................ | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 4.4 |
| Men, 16 years and over | 7.1 | 7.1 | 8.1 | 8.9 | 9.5 | 10.3 | 11.0 | 10.7 | 10.4 | 9.7 | 8.7 | 7.9 | 7.4 |
| 16 to 24 years | 15.6 | 15.0 | 16.7 | 17.9 | 18.7 | 19.6 | 20.4 | 19.7 | 19.2 | 18.2 | 16.3 | 14.9 | 14.2 |
| 16 to 19 years | 19.8 | 19.4 | 21.3 | 22.9 | 24.1 | 25.1 | 25.5 | 24.5 | 24.1 | 23.6 | 21.0 | 20.2 | 19.2 |
| 16 to 17 years | 22.8 | 20.8 | 22.0 | 24.0 | 25.5 | 27.8 | 28.6 | 25.1 | 26.5 | 25.8 | 23.2 | 22.1 | 22.5 |
| 18 to 19 years | 17.8 | 18.3 | 20.9 | 22.1 | 23.3 | 23.1 | 23.9 | 23.9 | 22.7 | 22.2 | 20.0 | 18.6 | 17.2 |
| 20 to 24 years | 13.3 | 12.6 | 14.2 | 15.2 | 15.9 | 16.8 | 17.8 | 17.2 | 16.8 | 15.5 | 13.9 | 12.4 | 11.9 |
| 25 years and over | 4.8 | 4.9 | 5.8 | 6.4 | 7.1 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 7.6 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 5.7 |
| 25 to 54 years.. | 5.1 | 5.3 | 6.2 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 9.1 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 8.0 | 7.1 | 6.4 | 5.9 |
| 55 years and over ................................ | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 4.6 | 4.4 |
| Women, 16 years and over | 7.7 | 7.9 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 9.3 | 9.6 | 10.1 | 9.9 | 9.6 | 8.9 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 7.6 |
| 16 to 24 years .......................................' | 13.8 | 14.0 | 14.8 | 15.5 | 15.9 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 16.8 | 16.4 | 15.3 | 14.6 | 13.9 | 13.4 |
| 16 to 19 years | 18.5 | 18.6 | 20.7 | 21.4 | 21.2 | 22.4 | 22.5 | 21.6 | 22.5 | 21.1 | 20.1 | 18.9 | 18.1 |
| 16 to 17 years | 20.0 | 20.2 | 22.0 | 22.0 | 22.6 | 23.9 | 24.4 | 24.1 | 24.8 | 23.3 | 22.6 | 22.6 | 18.8 |
| 18 to 19 years | 17.3 | 17.6 | 19.9 | 21.0 | 20.2 | 21.3 | 21.5 | 20.2 | 20.9 | 19.7 | 18.8 | 16.8 | 17.4 |
| 20 to 24 years | 11.1 | 11.3 | 11.6 | 12.3 | 13.0 | 13.3 | 14.1 | 14.2 | 13.3 | 12.3 | 11.8 | 11.3 | 11.0 |
| 25 years and over ...................................: | 5.7 | 5.8 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 5.9 |
| 25 to 54 years .................................... | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.8 | 7.1 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.1 |
| 55 years and over | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.4 |

A-50. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

| Category | 1981 |  |  | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  | 1984 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 111 | IV |  |  | 111 | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 |
| CHARACTERISTIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (all civilian workers) ......................................................., | 7.4 | 7.4 | 8.2 | 8.8 | 9.4 | 10.0 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 9.4 | 8.5 | 7.9 | 7.5 |
| Men, 20 years and over ...................................................... | 6.0 | 6.1 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 8.4 | 9.2 | 9.9 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 8.7 | 7.8 | 7.0 | 6.6 |
| Women, 20 years and over ................................................. 1 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 7.2 , | 7.6 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 8.5 | 7.9 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 6.7 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years | 19.1 | 19.0 | 21.0 | 22.2 | 22.7 | 23.8 | 24.1 | 23.1 | 23.3 | 22.4 | 20.6 | 19.6 | 18.7 |
| White ................ | 6.5 ' | 6.4 | 7.2 | 7.8 | 8.3 | 8.8 | 9.5 | 9.1 | 8.8 | 8.1 | 7.4 | 6.8 | 6.4 |
|  | 13.6 | 14.4 | 15.4 | 16.1 | 16.9 | 17.7 | 18.7 | 18.5 | 18.6 | 17.7 | 16.4 | 15.2 | 14.2 |
| Black ................ | 15.0 | 15.8 | 17.0 | 17.5 | 18.4 | 19.2 | 20.6 | 20.2 | 20.4 | 19.4 | 17.9 | 16.5 | 15.9 |
| Hispanic origin ..................................................................... ${ }^{\text {. }}$ ' | 9.9 ' | 9.8 | 11.2 | 12.2 | 13.4 | 14.5 | 15.3 | 15.6 | 14.2 | 12.8 | 12.1 | 10.9 | 10.7 |
| Married men, spouse present ..............................................i' | 4.0 ' | 4.1 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 6.2 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 4.6 |
| Married women, spouse present ...........................................! | 5.7 | 5.8 | 6.3 | 6.8 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 6.9 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 5.7 |
| Women who maintain families ............................................................... | 10.2 । | 10.7 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 11.7 | 12.1 | 12.5 | 13.2 | 12.7 | 11.9 | 11.0 | 10.9 | 10.0 |
| Full-time workers ................................................................' ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 7.11 | 7.1 | 8.0 | 8.6 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 10.6 | 10.3 | 10.0 | 9.3 | 8.3 | 7.6 | 7.2 |
| Part-time workers ...............................................................', | 9.2 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 10.5 | 11.1 | 10.2 | 9.8 | 9.2 | 9.6 |
| Unemployed 15 weeks and over' .........................................! | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.4 |
| Labor force time lost ${ }^{2}$.........................................................i | 8.2 | 8.3 | 9.3 | 10.0 | 10.6 | 11.3 | 12.1 | 11.8 | 11.4 | 10.6 | 9.7 | 9.0 | 8.6 |
| INDUSTRY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers ...................', | 7.4 | 7.5 | 8.4 | 9.1 | 9.9 | 10.4 | 11.3 | 10.8 | 10.3 | 9.6 | 8.6 | 7.8 | 7.3 |
| Mining .............................................................................i | 5.5 | 5.7 | 7.3 | 8.8 | 11.8 | 16.4 | 18.2 | 18.6 | 19.7 | 16.1 | 12.4 | 11.4 | 8.7 |
| Construction .....................................................................' | 15.4 । | 15.7 | 17.6 | 18.5 | 19.1 | 20.8 | 22.1 | 20.1 | 19.5 | 18.0 | 15.9 | 14.5 | 14.6 |
| Manufacturing | 7.6 | 7.6 | 9.4 | 10.5 | 11.7 | 12.9 | 14.2 | 13.0 | 12.1 | 10.7 | 8.9 | 7.8 | 7.3 |
| Durable goods | 7.4 | 7.3 | 9.5 | 11.0 | 12.5 | 14.0 | 16.1 | 14.5 | 13.2 | 11.3 | 9.2 | 7.7 | 7.2 |
| Nondurable goods | 8.0 | 8.0 | 9.2 | 9.9 | 10.6 | 11.4 | 11.4 | 10.9 | 10.5 | 9.8 | 8.6 | 8.0 | 7.5 |
| Transportation and public utilities ...................................... 1 | 5.3 | 4.6 , | 5.4 | 5.9 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 5.3 | 5.4 |
| Wholesale and retail trade ................................................: | 7.8 | 8.2 । | 8.7 ! | 9.3 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 10.7 | 10.9 | 10.2 | 9.7 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 7.9 |
| Finance and service industries ..........................................., | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.2 ' | 6.4 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 5.6 |
| Agricultural wage and salary workers | 10.8 | 11.9 | 13.9 | 14.1 | 15.7 | 14.5 | 15.0 | 16.0 | 16.7 | 15.5 | 15.8 | 14.7 | 12.7 |

' Unemployment as a percent of the civitian labor force.
2 Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time
for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

A-51. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Weeks of unemployment | 1981 |  |  | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  | 1984 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - - - - - - --- - |  |  | - ${ }^{1982}$ |  |  | - ${ }^{-1}$ |  |  |  | IV |  |  |
|  |  | III | IV |  | 11 | III | N | 1 | 11 | III |  | 1 | 11 |
| DURATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 weeks | 3,310 | 3,379 | 3,805 | 3,870 | 3,823 | 3,944 | 3,913 | 3,622 | 3.598 | 3,634 | 3,405 | 3.326 | 3,283 |
| 5 to 14 weeks | 2,484 | 2,465 | 2,815 | 3,108 | 3,330 ! | 3,373 | 3,454; | 3,224 | 3,034 | 2.859 | 2,615 | 2,527 | 2,407 |
| 15 weeks and over | 2,233 | 2,228 | 2,343 | 2,698 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 3,270 | 3,735 | 4,449 | 4,608 | 4,464 | 4,122 | 3,517 | 3,020 | 2,775 |
| 15 to 26 weeks .....................................! | 1,100 | 1,106 | 1,190 | 1,431 । | 1,632 | 1,831 | 2,053 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 1,914 | 1,686 | 1.591 | 1.331 | 1,151 | 1,102 |
| 27 weeks and over | 1,133 | 1,122 | 1,153 | 1,267 i | 1.638 | 1.905 | 2,396 | 2,693 | 2,778 | 2,530 | 2,186 | 1,868 | 1,673 |
| Average (mean) duration, in weeks ..........\| | 13.7 | 13.9 | 13.3 | 13.81 | 15.1 | 16.0 | 17.7 | 19.2 | 20.3 | 20.5 | 20.0 | 19.4 | 18.5 |
| Median duration, in weeks ....................... | 6.9 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 8.5 | 8.9 | $10.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 10.5 | 11.2 | 9.6 | 9.3 | 8.6 | 8.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed | 100.0 | 100.0 \| | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks ................................................... | 41.2 | 41.9 । | 42.5 | 40.0 , | 36.7 । | 35.7 | 33.1 | 31.6 | 32.4 | 34.2 | 35.7 | 37.5 | 38.8 |
| 5 to 14 weeks | 30.9 | 30.5 | 31.4 | 32.1 | 31.9 | 30.5 | 29.2 | 28.1 | 27.3 | 26.9 | 27.4 | 28.5 | 28.4 |
| 15 weeks and over ................................\| | 27.8 | 27.6 | 26.1 | 27.9 | 31.4 | 33.8 | 37.6 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 38.8 | 36.9 | 34.0 | 32.8 |
| 15 to 26 weeks ................................. ${ }^{\text {j }}$ | 13.7 | 13.7 | 13.3 | 14.8 | 15.7 | 16.6 | 17.4 | 16.7 | 15.2 | 15.0 | 14.0 | 13.0 | 13.0 |
| 27 weeks and over ............................\|| | 14.1 \| | 13.9 | 12.9 | 13.1 | 15.7 | 17.2 | 20.3 | 23.5 | 25.0 | 23.8 | 22.9 | 21.1 | 19.8 |

## A-52. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted



## UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE

 CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE| Job losers ............................................... | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 6.6 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 3.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Job leavers | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | . 8 | . 8 | . 7 | . 7 | . 8 | . 7 | . 7 | . 8 | . 7 | . 7 |
| Reentrants | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| New entrants | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |

## A-53. Persons not in the labor force by reason, sex, and race, seasonally adjusted

| Reason, sex, and race | 1981 |  |  | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11 | III | N | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force | 60,968 | 61,904 | 61,981 | 62.083 | 61,828 | 62,005 | 62,217 | 62,805 | 62,680 | 62,392 | 62,938 | 63.072 | 62,484 |
| Do not want a job now | 55,608 | 56,192 | 55,936 | 55,987 | 55,693 | 55.447 | 55,326 | 56,104 | 55,986 | 55.690 | 56,526 | 56,957 | 56,474 |
| Current activity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Going to school | 6,646 | 6,585 | 6,518 | 6,343 | 6,810 | 6,399 | 6,441 | 6,607 | 6,399 | 6,462 | 6,540 | 6.713 | 6,379 |
| III, disabled | 4,232 | 4,346 | 4,277 | 4,084 | 4.030 | 4,040 | 3,988 | 3,975 | 4,064 | 3,804 | 3,814 | 4,096 | 4,145 |
| Keeping house | 28,810 | 29,010 | 28,541 | 28.925 | 28.324 | 28,267 | 28,134 | 28,350 | 28.281 | 28,267 | 28,539 | 28.484 | 27.864 |
| Retired | 11,762 | 11,934 | 12,108 | 12,073 | 12.187 | 12,491 | 12,567 | 12.987 | 13,003 | 12,892 | 13.196 | 13.466 | 13,705 |
| Other activity | 4,159 | 4,318 | 4.492 | 4,562 | 4.343 | 4,251 | 4.196 | 4,185 | 4,239 | 4,265 | 4.437 | 4.198 | 4,381 |
| Want a job now | 5,686 | 5.667 | 6.002 | 6.187 | 6,610 | 6,594 | 6,929 | 6,452 | 6,540 | 6.756 | 6,335 | 6.182 | 6.017 |
| Reason not looking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School attendance | 1,559 | 1.501 | 1,564 | 1,636 | 1,734 | 1,746 | 1,851 | 1,641 | 1.518 | 1,832 | 1.538 | 1,526 | 1,633 |
| Ill health, disability ......................... | 734 | 691 | 840 | 771 | 788 | 760 | 761 | 656 | 701 | 841 | 868 | 686 | 816 |
| Home responsibilities | 1,258 | 1,184 | 1.401 | 1.359 | 1,450 | 1.371 | 1,390 | 1,390 | 1.436 | 1.442 | 1,384 | 1,503 | 1,192 |
| Think cannot get a job .................. | 1,050 | 1,110 | 1,171 | 1,337 | 1,504 | 1,641 | 1,813 | 1,765 | 1,726 | 1,610 | 1,457 | 1,339 | 1,295 |
| Job-market factors ...................... | 728 | 822 | 889 | 1.026 | 1,090 | 1,238 | 1,393 | 1,408 | 1,316 | 1,197 | 1,046 | 938 | 935 |
| Personal factors. | 322 | 288 | 282 | 311 | 414 | 404 | 420 | 357 | 411 | 413 | 411 | 401 | 359 |
| Other reasons' | 1,084 | 1,182 | 1,026 | 1,083 | 1,135 | 1,075 | 1,113 | 1,000 | 1,159 | 1,032 | 1,089 | 1,128 | 1,082 |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force | 18,312 | 18.763 | 18.882 | 18.953 | 18,935 | 19,129 | 19.151 | 19,657 | 19,455 | 19,337 | 19,626 | 19,752 | 19.702 |
| Do not want a job now | 16,624 | 16.931 | 16.870 | 16.815 | 16,985 | 17.024 | 16,880 | 17,227 | 17,187 | 16,968 | 17,473 | 17.753 | 17.591 |
| Want a job now | 1,862 | 1,813 | 2,000 | 2.085 | 2,162 | 2.276 | 2.361 | 2.187 | 2,203 | 2,409 | 2.173 | 2.013 | 2,068 |
| Reason not looking: 774 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School attendance ........................ | 774 | 710 | 788 | 884 | 908 | 931 | 1.001 | 869 | 775 | 1,079 | 826 | 806 | 798 |
| III health, disability | 334 | 311 | 413 | 325 | 338 | 334 | 299 | 289 | 308 | 379 | 380 | 337 | 354 |
| Think cannot get a job .................. | 411. | 396 | 435 | 503 | 572 | 610 | 683 | 695 | 683 | 607 | 620 | 486 | 515 |
| Other reasons' .............................. | 342 | 397 | 364 | 372 | 344 | 401 | 379 | 334 | 436 | 345 | 346 | 385 | 401 |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force | 42,656 | 43,141 | 43,099 | 43,130 | 42,893 | 42,876 | 43,065 | 43,148 | 43,226 | 43,056 | 43,311 | 43,320 | 42,781 |
| Do not want a job now | 38,985 | 39,261 | 39,067 | 39,172. | 38,707 | 38,423 | 38,446 | 38,877 | 38,799 | 38,723 | 39,053 | 39,204 | 38,883 |
| Want a job now | 3,824 | 3,854 | 4,002 | 4,102 | 4,448 | 4,318 | 4,568 | 4,265 | 4,338 | 4,347 | 4,162 | 4,168 | 3,949 |
| Reason not looking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School attendance | 785 | 791 | 776 | 752 | 826 | 815 | 850 | 772 | 743 | 753 | 711 | 720 | 835 |
| III health, disability ......................... | 400 | 380 | 427 | 446 | 450 | 426 | 463 | 367 | 393 | 462 | 488 | 349 | 462 |
| Home responsibilities ..................... | 1,258, | 1,184 | 1,401. | 1,359 | 1,450 | 1,371 | 1,390 | 1,390 | 1,436 | 1,442 | 1,384 | 1.503 | 1,192 |
| Think cannot get a job | 639 | 714 | 736 | 834 | 932 | 1,031 | 1.131 | 1,070 | 1,043 | 1,003 | 836 | 853 | 780 |
| Other reasons | 742 | 785. | 662 | 711 | 791 | 674 | 734 | 666 | 723 | 687 | 743 | 743 | 680 |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force ............................ | 52,442 | 53.253 | 53,340 | 53,349 | 53,072 | 53,232 | 53,406 | 53,970 | 53,947 | 53,574 | 53,786 | 53.966 | 53,528 |
| Do not want a job now ......................... | 48,366 | 49,004 | 48,861 | 48,932 | 48,473. | 48,519 | 48,477 | 49,114 | 49,132 | 48,849 | 49,099 | 49,702 | 49,333 |
| Want a job now | 4,091 | 4,118 | 4,384. | 4,471 | 4,661 | 4,801 | 4,960 | 4,734 | 4,775 | 4,734 | 4,605 | 4,447 | 4,202 |
| Reason not looking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School attendance ......................... | 1,044 | 998 | 1,151 | 1,190 | 1,195 | 1,254 | 1,305 | 1,215 | 1,109 | 1,144 | 1,105 | 1,082 | 1,108 |
| III health, disability | 512 | 499 | 559 | 539 | 547 | 549 | 503 | 486 | 510 | 634 | 615 | 534 | 556 |
| Home responsibilities ..................... | 964 | 870 | 1,052 | 1,000 | 1,015. | 1,040 | 1,044 | 1,053 | 1,003 | 1,061 | 1,039 | 1,100 | 826 |
| Think cannot get a job ................... | 699 | 751 | 801 | 877 | 982 | 1,083 | 1,252 | 1,194 | 1,245 | 1,076 | 974 | 884 | 830 |
| Other reasons' .............................. | 872 | 1.000 | 822 | 867 | 922 | 875 | 856 | 787 | 907 | 819 | 872 | 847 | 881 |
| Black |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force ........................... | 7,073 | 7,242 | 7,144. | 7,228 | 7,294 | 7,256 | 7,221 | 7,237 | 7,210 | 7,240 | 7,444 | 7,419 | 7.335 |
| Do not want a job now ........................ | 5,650 | 5,907 | 5,756 | 5,620 | 5,578 | 5,639 | 5,533 | 5,652 | 5,684 | 5,556 | 5,917 | 5.894 | 5,812 |
| Want a job now ................................... | 1,399 | 1,386 | 1,399 | 1,601 | 1,683 | 1,603 | 1,746 | 1,570 | 1,514 | 1,679 | 1,555 | 1.584 | 1,520 |
| Reason not looking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School attendance ........................ | 422 | 411 | 356 | 402 | 431 | 411 | 487 | 404 | 330 | 476 | 425 | 402 | 422 |
| III health, disability ......................... | 216 | 192 | 224 | 237 | 223 | 216 | 210 | 171 | 170 | 207 | 193 | 160 | 225 |
| Home responsibilities ..................... | 262 | 290 | 319 | 317 | 367 | 303 | 330 | 311 | 354 | 354 | 308 | 352 | 292 |
| Think cannot get a job .................. | 326 | 324 | 334 | 438 | 471 | 500 | 522 | 512 | 431 | 473 | 458 | 407 | 403 |
| Other reasons ${ }^{1}$ | 173 | 168 | 166 | 207 | 191 | 172 | 196 | 172 | 230 | 169 | 171 | 263 | 176 |

[^12]"home responsibilities."

A-54. Persons not in the labor force by reason, sex, and age
(In thousands)

' Includes small number of men not looking for work because of "home responsibilities."
NOTE: Detail in tables A-54 and A-55 may not add to not-in-labor-
force totals because of differences in the weighting patterns used in aggregating these data.

## A-55. Persons not in the labor force by reason, race, Hispanic origin, age, and sex

| Reason, race, and Hispanic origin | Total |  | Age |  |  |  |  |  | Sex |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | 16 to 24 years |  | 25 to 59 years |  | 60 years and over |  | Men |  | Women |  |
|  |  |  | 1 | 11 | 11 | 1 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
|  |  |  | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 |


| WHITE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total not in labor force | 53,957 | 53,528 | 9,134 | 8,487 | 18,951 | 18,485 | 25,871 | 26,556 | 16,357 | 16,442 | 37,599 | 37,086 |
| Do not want a job now | 48,837 | 49,040 | 6,801 | 6,365 | 16.647 | 16.498 | 25,389 | 26.175 | 14.512 | 14.748 | 34.325 | 34,292 |
| Current activity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Going to school | 4,576 | 4,460 | 3,989 | 3,842 | 565 | 598 | 24 | 20 | 2,333 | 2,259 | 2,243 | 2,201 |
| III, disabled | 3,381 | 3,376 | 96 | 112 | 1,585 | 1,524 | 1,698 | 1,738 | 1,822 | 1,800 | 1,559 | 1,576 |
| Keeping house | 25,748 | 25,331 | 1,659 | 1,521 | 12,415 | 12,118 | 11,674 | 11,692 | 222 | 295 | 25,526 | 25,036 |
| Retired | 11,731 | 12,405 | - | - | 320 | 305 | 11,411 | 12,100 | 8,315 | 8,619 | 3,416 | 3,786 |
| Other activity | 3,401 | 3,468 | 1,057 | 890 | 1,762 | 1,953 | 582 | 625 | 1,820 | 1,775 | 1,581 | 1.693 |
| Want a job now | 5,120 | 4,488 | 2,332 | 2,124 | 2,303 | 1,987 | 483 | 380 | 1,845 | 1,693 | 3,275 | 2,795 |
| Reason for not looking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School attendance | 1,597 | 1,541 | 1,381 | 1,341 | 202. | 198. | 12 | - | 836 | 785 | 761 | 756 |
| III health, disability | 506 | 547 | 42 | 57 | 374 | 367 | 90 | 126 | 214 | 263 | 292. | 284 |
| Home responsibilities | 975 | 805 | 258 | $185{ }^{\text {' }}$ | $693{ }^{\prime}$ | 597 | 24 | 24 | - | - | 9751 | 805 |
| Think cannot get a job | 1.187 | 790 | 358 | 233 | 635 | 444 | 195 | 112 | 494 | 344 | 693 | 446 |
| Other reasons' | 855 | 805 | 293 | 308 | 399 | 381 | 162 | 118 | 301 | 301 | 554 | 504 |
| BLACK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force | 7,238 | 7,362 | 2,231 | 2,215 | 2,587 | 2,651 | 2,420 | 2,498 | 2,434 | 2,529 | 4,804 | 4,834 |
| Do not want a job now | 5,650 | 5,770 | 1.441 | 1,407 | 1,888 | 1,967. | 2,320 | 2,393 | 1,874 | 2,011 | 3,777 | 3,758 |
| Current activity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Going to school | 1,002 | 989 | 917 | 876 | 84. | 111 | - | 1 | 463 | 441 | 540 | 549 |
| III, disabled | 679 | 750 | 26 | 24 | 379 | 394 | 275 | 332 | 307 | 352 | 372 | 397 |
| Keeping house | 2,226 | 2,221 | 263 | 293 | 1,028 | 1,038, | 934 | 889 | 40 | 49 | 2,186 | 2,172 |
| Retired | 1,089 | 1,133 | - | - | $2{ }^{\prime}$ | 24 | 1,067 | 1,108 | 716 | 739 | $373{ }^{1}$ | 393 |
| Other activity ............................................... | 654 | 677 | 235 | 214 | 375 | $40{ }^{\prime}$ | 44 | 63 | 348 | 430 | 306 | 247 |
| Want a job now | 1,588 | 1,592 | 791 | 805 | 699 | 684. | 100 | 103 : | 560 | 517 | 1,026 | 1,075 |
| Reason for not looking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School attendance ....................................... | 399 | 502 | 374 | 448 | 26 | $55^{\text { }}$ | - | - | 216. | 242 | 182 | 260 |
| III health, disability | 169 | 220 | 7 | 25 | 122. | 138 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 39 | 56 | 84 | 74 | 85. | 146 |
| Home responsibilities .................................... | 386 | 320 | 160 | 101 | 221 | 216 | 6 | 3. | - | - | 386 | 320 |
| Think cannot get a job | 413 | 379 | 134 | 161 | 242 | 179 | 37 | 38 | 153. | 137 | 259 | 242 |
| Other reasons' .............................................. | 221 | 171 | 117 | 70 | 88 | $96^{\text { }}$ | 18 | 6 | 107 | 64 | 114 | 107 |


| HISPANIC ORIGIN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total not in labor force ......................................... | 3.515 | 3,599 | 1.047 | 1,043 | 1,712 | 1,786 | 756 | 771 | 850 | 902 | 2,665 | 2,697 |
| Do not want a job now | 2,997 | 3,116 | 815 | 801 | 1,463 | 1,566 | 716 | 755 | 678 | 734 | 2,318 | 2,381 |
| Current activity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Going to school | 441 | 438 | 411 | 404 | 27 | 35. | 3 | - | 187 | 224 | 254 | 214 |
| III, disabled ................................................... | 266 | 251 | 4 | 15 | 190. | 169. | 70 | 67 | 130 | 142 | 135 | 108 |
| Keeping house | 1.711 | 1,831 | 277 | 289 | 1.112 | 1,219 | 321 | 326 | 13 | 23 | 1,698 | 1,808 |
| Retired | 307 | 349 | - | - : | 1 | 10 | 306 | 340 | 215 | 227 | 92 | 122 |
| Other activity ................................................ | 272 | 247. | 123 | 93 | 133 | 133. | 16 | 22 | 133 | 118 | 139 | 129 |
| Want a job now ................................................. | 517 | 482 | 232 | 241 | 248 | 222 | 38 | 16 | 172 | 168 | 347 | 315 |
| Reason for not looking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School attendance ........................................ | 143 | 125 | 113 | 107 | 30 | 18 | - | - | 83 | 56 | 60 | 69 |
| III health, disability | 43 | 34. | 7 | 5 | 32. | 23. | 5 | 6 | 18 | 16 | 26 | 19 |
| Home responsibilities .................................... | 127 | 128 | 46 | 47 | 78 | 78 | 3 | 2 | - | - | 127 | 128 |
| Think cannot get a job ................................. | 148 | 123 | 42 | 47 | 87 | 73 | 19 | 2 | 49 | 64: | 100 | 59 |
| Other reasons' ............................................. | 56 | 72 | 24 | 35 | 21. | 30 : | 11 | 6 | 22 | 32 | 34 | 40 |

[^13]sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

A-56. Persons not in the labor force who desire work but think they cannot get jobs by reason, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin
(In thousands)

| Reason and sex <br> TOTAL | 2nd Quarter 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Age |  |  |  | Race and Hispanic origin |  |  |
|  |  | 16 to 19 years | $\begin{gathered} 20 \text { to } 24 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \text { to } 59 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | 60 years and over | White | Black | Hispanic origin |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal factors: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employers think too young or old ................................. | 97 | 11 | - | 14 | 72 | 82 | 16 | 2 |
| Lacks education or training .......................................... | 131 | 8 | 31 | 86 | 6 | 77 | 45 | 18 |
| Other personal handicap ............................................. | 79 | 12 | 17 | 42 | 8 | 57 | 20 | 2 |
| Job-market factors: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Could not find work ..................................................... | 590 | 94 | 151 | 313 | 32 | 342 | 232 | 60 |
| Thinks no job available ................................................ | 328 | 37 | 46 | 212 | 34 | 230 | 67 | 40 |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal factors: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employers think too young or old .................................. | 35 | 9 | - | 4 | 22 | 33 | 2 | 2 |
| Lacks education or training .......................................... | 33 | 3 | 13 | 14 | 2 | 17 | 14 | 9 |
| Other personal handicap ............................................... | 36 | 3 | 9 | 22 | 3 | 30 | 6 | - |
| Job-market factors: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Could not find work .................................................... | 274 | 53 | 76 | 133 | 14 | 176 | 94 | 39 |
| Thinks no job available ................................................ | 121 | 22 | 20 | 60 | 19 | 87 | 22 | 14 |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal factors: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employers think too young or old ................................ | 62 | 2 | - | 10 | 50 | 49 | 14 | - |
| Lacks education or training .......................................... | 98 | 5 | 17 | 72 | 4 | 60 | 31 | 9 |
| Other personal handicap .............................................. | 42 | 9 | 7 | 21 | 5 | 27 | 14 | 2 |
| Job-market factors: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Could not find work ..................................................... | 316 | 42 | 74 | 180 | 18 | 166 | 138 | 21 |
| Thinks no job available ................................................ | 207 | 15 | 27 | 151 | 15 | 143 | 45 | 26 |

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

A-57. Work-seeking intentions of persons not in the labor force and work history of those who intend to seek work within the next 12 months by sex, age, and race
(In thousands)

| Work-seeking intentions, work history, and sex | Total |  |  |  | Age |  |  |  | Race |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \text { to } \\ & \text { yea } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 25 \text { to } \\ \text { yea } \end{array}$ | $59$ | 60 y and | ars | Wh |  |  |  |
|  | 1983 | $1984$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { II } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} 11 \\ 1983 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do not intend to seek work | 52,920 | 53,507 | 6,515 | 6,337 | 18,248 | 18,193 | 28,157 | 28,977 | 46,296 | 46,661! | 5,348 | 5,511 |
| Intend to seek work in the next 12 months | 9,847 | 9,018 | 5,298 | 4,848 | 3,9991 | 3,700 | 550 | 471' | 7.660 | 6,866 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 1,890 | 1,851 |
| Never worked ... | 2,127 | 2,119 | 1,977 | 1,953 | 129, | $163{ }^{\prime}$ | 22 | 4. | 1,462 | 1,415! | 592 | 625 |
| Last worked over 5 years ago ............................ | 1,191 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 1.121 | 126 | 72 | 924 | $933{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 140 | 117. | 888. | 835 | 274 | 265 |
| Last worked 1 to 5 years ago ............................! | 2,575i | 2,195 | 910 | 684 | 1,464 | 1,315 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 202 | 196 | 1,974 | 1,621 | 525 | 479 |
| Worked during previous 12 months ....................! | 3,953i | 3,584 | 2,285 | 2,140 | 1,482 | 1,289: | 186 | 154 | 3,337 | 2,995 | 499 | 483 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do not intend to seek work | 15,699 | 16,231 | 2,306 | 2,340 | 2,836 | 2,922 | 10,557 | 10,969 | 13,524 | 13,922! | 1,773 | 1,858 |
| Intend to seek work in the next 12 months ...........\| | 3,620 | 3,309 | 2,476 | 2,191 | 8791 | 895 | 265 | 224 | 2,833 | 2,520 | 661 | 671 |
| Never worked ................................................... | 958 | 986 | 924 | 946 | $32!$ | 41. | 2. | - ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 657 | 662 | 263 | 289 |
|  | 164 | 189 | 23 | 18 | 77 | 135 | 63 | 361 | 121 ! | ${ }^{140}{ }^{\text {j }}$ | 41 | 46 |
| Last worked 1 to 5 years ago | 831 | 717 | 369 | 254 | 365 | 360 | 95 | 102 , | 645 | 507 | 156 | 168 |
| Worked during previous 12 months ....................! | 1,667 | 1,418 | 1,157 | 973 | 4061 | 358 ! | $105^{\prime}$ | 86 | 1,411 | 1,211, | 201 | 168 |
|  | i |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Women | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |
| Do not intend to seek work | 37.221 | 37,276 | 4,209 | 3,996 | 15,414 | 15,272! | 17.600 | 18,008 | 32,772 | 32,739 | 3,575 | 3,653 |
| Intend to seek work in the next 12 months ..................................... | 6,227 | 5,709 | 2,821 | 2,657 | 3,120 | 2,805 | 164 | 247 | 4,827 | 4,346 | 1,229 | 1,181 |
| Never worked ...................................................! | 1,169 | 1,133 | 1,053 | 1,007 | 97 | 123 | 14 | 4 ! | $805{ }^{\text {: }}$ | 753 ! | 329 | 336 |
| Last worked over 5 years ago ...........................\| | 1,027 | 932 | 103 ! | 55 | $848{ }^{1}$ | 797 | $48^{\text {: }}$ | 81 | 767 | $695{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 233 | 219 |
| Last worked 1 to 5 years ago ............................. | 1,745! | 1,478 | 539 | 428 | 1,098! | 955 | $59^{\text {i }}$ | $95^{\prime}$ | 1,329 | 1,114 | 370 | 311 |
| Worked during previous 12 months .................... | 2,286 | 2,165 | 1,126 | 1,167 | 1,077! | $931{ }^{\text {i }}$ | $43^{\prime}$ | 68' | 1,926 | 1,784! | 297 | 315 |

HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES
A-58. Empioyment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin
(Numbers in thousands)


NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

A-59. Employment status of civilians of Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin by sex and age
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, sex, and age | Total Hispanic origin' |  | Mexican origin |  | Puerto Rican origin |  | Cuban origin |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11 | 1 | 11 | II | 1 | 11 | II |  |
|  | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 9,717 | 9,974 | 5,845 | 5,940 | 1,255 | 1.446 | 752 | 706 |
| Civilian labor force | 6,202 | 6,375 | 3.842 | 3.912 | 610 | 747 | 516 | 472 |
| Percent of population | 63.8 | 63.9 | 65.7 | 65.9 | 48.6 | 51.7 | 68.6 | 66.9 |
| Employed | 5,338 | 5,708 | 3,269 | 3,514 | 514 | 656 | 454 | 426 |
| Agriculture | 336 | 344 | 308 | 313 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 10 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 5,002 | 5,364 | 2,961 | 3,201 | 509 | 651 | 449 | 416 |
| Unemployed ............................................................. | 864 | 667 | 573 | 398 | 96 | 91 | 62 | 46 |
| Unemployment rate | 13.9 | 10.5 | 14.9 | 10.2 | 15.8 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 9.7 |
| Not in labor force ........................................................ | 3,515 | 3,599 | 2,003 | 2,027 | 645 | 699 | 236 | 234 |
| Men, 16 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 4,555 | 4,665 | 2,857 | 2,912 | 512 | 617 | 346 | 314 |
| Civilian labor force ...................................................... | 3.705 | 3,764 | 2,354 | 2,397 | 364 | 439 | 279 | 255 |
| Percent of population | 81.3 | 80.7 | 82.4 | 82.3 | 71.1 | 71.2 | 80.6 | 81.2 |
| Employed | 3,206 | 3,375 | 2,032 | 2,157 | 301 | 381 | 248 | 223 |
| Agriculture ............................................................. | 284 | 287 | 258 | 261 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 9 |
| Nonagricultural industries ........................................ | 2,923 | 3,089 | 1,774 | 1,896 | 297 | 377 | 243 | 214 |
| Unemployed ............................................................ | 499 | 388 | 342 | 240 | 63 | 59 | 31 | 33 |
| Unemployment rate | 13.5 | 10.3 | 14.4 | 10.0 | 17.3 | 13.3 | 11.1 | 12.8 |
| Not in labor force | 850 | 902 | 484 | 515 | 148 | 177 | 67 | 59 |
| Men, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ................................... | 3,957 | 4,096 | 2,462 | 2,551 | 438 | 523 | 309 | 289 |
| Civilian labor force ...................................................... | 3,370 | 3,457 | 2,132 | 2,194 | 339 | 407 | 254 | 239 |
| Percent of population ..............................................' | 85.2 | 84.4 | 86.6 | 86.0 | 77.4 | 77.8 | 82.2 | 82.7 |
| Employed | 2,970 | 3,144 | 1,855 | 1,999 | 292 | 360 | 229 | 211 |
| Agriculture ................................................................ | 243 | 258 | 220 | 234 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 9 |
| Nonagricultural industries ......................................... | 2,726 | 2,886 | 1,635 | 1,765 | 288 | 357 | 224 | 202 |
| Unemployed | 401 | 313 | 276 | 195 | 47 | 47 | 25 | 28 |
| Unemployment rate ................................................ | 11.9 | 9.0 | 13.0 | 8.9 | 13.9 | 11.5 | 9.9 | 11.8 |
| Not in labor force ........................................................ | 587 | 639 | 331 | 357 | 99 | 116 | 54 | 50 |
| Women, 16 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 5,162 | 5,309 | 2,987 | 3,028 | 743 | 829 | 406 | 391 |
| Civilian labor force | 2,497 | 2,612 | 1,468 | 1,515 | 246 | 308 | 237 | 217 |
| Percent of population .............................................. | 48.4 | 49.2 | 49.1 | 50.0 | 33.1 | 37.2 | 58.4 | 55.5 |
| Employed | 2,132 | 2,333 | 1.237 | 1,357 | 213 | 275 | 206 | 203 |
| Agricuiture | 52 | 57 | 50 | 53 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |
| Nonagricultural industries ........................................ | 2,080 | 2,275 | 1,187 | 1,304 | 212 | 274 | 206 | 202 |
| Unemployed ............................................................ | 365 | 279 | 231 | 158 | 33 | 33 | 31 | 13 |
| Unemployment rate ................................................ | 14.6 | 10.7 | 15.8 | 10.4 | 13.5 | 10.6 | 13.1 | 6.1 |
| Not in labor force ......................................................... | 2,665 | 2,697 | 1,519 | 1,512 | 497 | 522 | 169 | 175 |
| Women, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 4,575 | 4,759 | 2,634 | 2,696 | 647 | 736 | 374 | 362 |
| Civilian labor force | 2,278 | 2,387 | 1,327 | 1,379 | 226 | 278 | 223 | 200 |
| Percent of population | 49.8 | 50.2 | 50.4 | 51.1 | 34.9 | 37.8 | 59.6 | 55.2 |
| Employed | 1,978 | 2,162 | 1,145 | 1,254 | 200 | 254 | 190 | 191 |
| Agriculture | 48 | 45 | 47 | 43 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 1.930 | 2,116 | 1,098 | 1,211 | 199 | 253 | 190 | 189 |
| Unemployed | 299 | 226 | 182 | 124 | 26 | 24 | 32 | 10 |
| Unemployment rate | 13.1 | 9.5 | 13.7 | 9.0 | 11.5 | 8.7 | 14.6 | 4.9 |
| Not in labor force ........................................................ | 2,298 | 2,371 | 1,307 | 1.318 | 421 | 458 | 152 | 162 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 1,184 | 1.120 | 749 | 693 | 170 | 187 | 69 | 54 |
| Civilian labor force | 554 | 531 | 384 | 340 | 45 | 62 | 39 | 32 |
| Percent of population | 46.8 | 47.4 | 51.3 | 49.1 | 26.5 | 33.2 | 56.5 | () |
| Employed | 390 | 403 | 269 | 260 | 22 | 42 | 35 | 24 |
| Agriculture | 44 | 41 | 41 | 36 | - | 1 | - | - |
| Nonagricultural industries ........................................ | 346 | 362 | 228 | 225 | 22 | 41 | 35 | 24 |
| Unemployed | 164 | 128 | 115 | 79 | 23 | 20 | 4 | 8 |
| Unemployment rate | 29.6 | 24.2 | 30.0 | 23.3 | (') | 32.7 | () | ( $)$ |
| Not in labor force | 631 | 589 | 365 | 353 | 125 | 125 | 30 | 22 |

Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other
Data not shown where base is less than 60,000 . Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

A-60. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, race, and Hispanic origin


## MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER

| Agriculture: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wage and salary workers | 1,676 | 1,701 | 1,486 | 1,508 | 164 | 156 | 307 | 317 |
| Self-employed workers. | 1,621 | 1.589 | 1,564 | 1.522 | 31 | 28 | 25 | 26 |
| Unpaid family workers | 261 | 243 | 254 | 241 | 4 | - | 4 | 1 |
| Nonagricultural industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers | 88.608 | 93.460 | 77.595 | 81,545 | 8,757. | 9,512 | 4,705 | 5,056 |
| Government | 15,560 | 15,781 | 12,896 | 13,042: | 2,262 | 2,319 | 698 | 694 |
| Private industries | 73,048 | 77,679 | 64,699 | 68,503 | 6,495 | 7,193 | 4,007 | 4,361 |
| Private households | 1,245 | 1,316. | 917 | 900 | 295. | 377 | 96 | 110 |
| Other industries | 71,803 | 76,363 | 63,782 | 67,603. | 6,200 | 6,815 | 3,911 | 4,252 |
| Self-employed workers | 7,533 | 7,838 | 7.069 | 7,296, | 282 | 316 | 288 | 294 |
| Unpaid family workers | 367 | 347 | 338 | 322 | 5 | 8 | 9 | 14 |
| FULL-AND PART-TIME STATUS' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fuli-time schedules | 79,844 | 84,956 | 70,308 | 74,565 | 7,493 | 8,151 | 4,333 | 4.713 |
| Part time for economic reasons | 6.209 | 5.689 | 5.140 | 4.628 | 916 | 918 | 436 | 416 |
| Part time for noneconomic reasons | 14,012 | 14,534 | 12,859 | 13,241 | 834 | 950 | 569 | 580 |

[^14]
## A-61. Employed civilians of Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin by selected social and economic categories

(In thousands)

| Category | Total Hispanic origin' |  | Mexican origin |  | Puerto Rican origin |  | Cuban origin |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | II | II | II | $11$ | 11 | II | 11 |  |
|  | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 |
| CHARACTERISTIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (all civilian workers) | 5,338 | 5,708 | 3,269 | 3,514 | 514 | 656 | 454 | 426 |
| Men | 3,206 | 3,375 | 2,032 | 2,157 | 301 | 381 | 248 : | 223 |
| Women ........................................................................... | 2,132 | 2,333 | 1,237 | 1,357 | 213 | 275 | 206203 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managerial and proiessional specialty ........................................................ | 601284317 | 667 | 291 | 291 | 56 ! | 93 | 74: 89 |  |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial .................................................. |  | 327 | 154 i | 164 | 23 | 47 | 33 : 30 |  |
| Professional specialty ...............................................................................\| |  | 340 | 137 | 127 | 33 | 47 | 40 ; 59 |  |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support ................................................\|| | 1,353 | 1,472 | 748 | 830 | 153 | 191 | 137 , | 124 |
| Technicians and related support .......................................................................................................................................Sales occupations .......... | 87 | 130 | 43 ! | 80 | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 33 \end{array}$ | 15 | 11 | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 48 \end{array}$ |
|  | 425 | 492 | 250 | 290 |  | 43 | 45 |  |
| Administrative support, including clerical | 841 | 850 | 455 | 460 | 115 | 132 | 81, 70 |  |
| Service occupations .................................................................................... | 917 | 1,009 | 524 ! | 607 | 109 | 131 | 61. | 48 |
| Private household <br> Protective service | $\begin{aligned} & 82 \\ & 76 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 92 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 44 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | 4639 | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 17 \end{array}$ | 4 | $2 \quad 2$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | 6 | 5 |
| Service, except private household and protective ........................................\| | 758 | 848 | 449 | 521 | 91 ! | 115 | 52 | 40 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair <br> Mechanics and repairers <br> Construction trades | 743 | 800 | 507 \| | 538 | 65 | 68 | 54 ! 59 |  |
|  | 217248 | 245 | $\begin{aligned} & 133 \\ & 184 \end{aligned}$ | 160 | $\begin{aligned} & 28 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | 27 | 23 22 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 195 |  | 17 | 16 | 15 |
| Other precision production, craft, and repair | 278 | 296 | 191 | 183 | 19! | 23 | 16 | 22 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers ............................................................\| | 1,342 | 1,376 | 862 | 896 | 125 ! | 164 | 120 | 99 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving occupations | 711 | 765 | 436 | 482 | 7925 | 105 | 69 : | 5917 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 263 \\ & 368 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 246 \\ & 364 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 178 \\ & 247 \end{aligned}$ | 160 |  | 30 | 13 |  |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers |  |  |  | 254 | 21 | 29 | 38, 23 |  |
| Construction laborers | 78290 | $\begin{array}{r} 64 \\ 299 \end{array}$ | 67180 | 57 | 21 | 1 | 5 |  |
| Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers |  |  |  | 196 | 20 | 28 | 33 21 |  |
| Farming, forestry, and fishing ........................................................................ | 381 | 384 | 337 | 352 | 7 | 9 | 8 |  |
| MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture: ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers ......................................................................... | 30725 | 317 | 294 | 293 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 9 |
| Self-employed workers ............................................................................. |  | 26 | 11 | 19 | - | - | 4 | 1 |
| Unpaid family workers | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 |  | - | - | - |
| Nonagricultural industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers | 4,705 | 5,056 | 2,780 450 | 3.014 | 487 | 632 | 423 | 382 |
| Government ....................................................................................... | 698 | 694 | 450 | 438 | 80 | 95 | 33 | 34 |
| Private industries ....................................................................................) | 4,007 | 4,361 | 2,330 | 2,576 | 407 | 537 | 390 : | 348 |
| Private households | 96 | 110 | 53 | 58 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| Other industries ..... | 3.911 | 4,252 | 2,277 | 2,518 | 406 | 531 | 388 | 344 |
| Self-employed workers | 288 | 294 | 174 | 177 | 22 | 19 | 26 | 32 |
| Unpaid family workers ................................................................................ | 9 | 14 | 7 | 10 | - | - | - | 1 |
| FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-time schedules | 4,333 | 4,713 | 2,620 | 2,871 | 441 | 564 | 376 | 353 |
| Part time for economic reasons | 436 | 416 | 311 | 313 | 28 | 34 | 28 | 16 |
| Part time for noneconomic reasons | 569 | 580 | 338 | 330 | 45 | 57 | 50 | 57 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

[^15]
## A-62. Employed civilians by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

| Sex and age | Total |  | White |  | Black |  | Hispanic origin |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11 | 11 | II | 11 | 11 | II | 11 | 11 |
|  | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 |
| Total, 16 years and over | 100,065 | 105,179 | 88,307 | 92,434 | 9,244 | 10,020 | 5,338 | 5,708 |
| 16 to 19 years | 6,347 | 6,599 | 5,827 | 5,998 | 412 | 469 | 390 | 403 |
| 16 to 17 years | 2,302 | 2.443 | 2,145 | 2,259 | 119 | 131 | 121 | 124 |
| 18 to 19 years | 4,046 | 4.157 | 3,681 | 3,738 | 293 | 337 | 268 | 279 |
| 20 to 24 years | 13.594 | 14.300 | 12.030 | 12,563 | 1,274 | 1,410 | 854 | 940 |
| 25 years and over | 80,125 | 84,279 | 70,449 | 73,873 | 7.558 | 8,141 | 4,094 | 4,366 |
| 25 to 54 years | 65.967 | 70,027 | 57,686 | 61,039 | 6.419 | 6,984 | 3.613 | 3.885 |
| 55 years and over ....................................................... | 14,158 | 14.252 | 12,763 | 12,836 | 1,140 | 1,157 | 480 | 481 |
| Men, 16 years and over ............................................ | 56,555 | 59,257 | 50,515 | 52,727 | 4,684 | 5,071 | 3,206 | 3,375 |
| 16 to 19 years | 3,365 | 3,468 | 3,084 | 3,139 | 219 | 264 | 237 | 231 |
| 16 to 17 years | 1.237 | 1,293 | 1,156 | 1,190 | 62 | 79 | 72 | 64 |
| 18 to 19 years | 2,129 | 2,174 | 1,928 | 1,948 | 157. | $186!$ | 164 | 167 |
| 20 to 24 years.. | 7,211, | 7,697 | 6,377 | 6,771. | 687 | 752' | 499 | 560 |
| 25 years and over | 45,979 | 48,092. | 41,053 | 42,817. | 3,777 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 4,0541 | 2,471 | 2,585 |
| 25 to 54 years | 37,556 | 39,701 | 33,369 | 35,146. | 3,197 | 3,480' | 2,184 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 2,307 |
| 55 years and over ....................................................... | 8,423 | 8,391 | 7,685 | 7,672 | 581. | 575 | $287{ }^{\prime}$ | 277 |
| Women, 16 years and over ....................................... | 43,510 | 45,921 | 37,792 | 39,707 | 4,560 | 4,949, | 2,132 | 2,333 |
| 16 to 19 years .............................................................. | 2,982 | 3,132 | 2,743 | 2,859 | 193 | 205 | 153. | 171 |
| 16 to 17 years | 1,065 | 1,149 | 990 | 1,069 | 57. | 53 | 49 | 60 |
| 18 to 19 years ............................................................ | 1,917. | 1,982 | 1,753 | 1,790. | 136. | 152 | 104 | 112 |
| 20 to 24 years ............................................................... | 6.383 | 6.603 | 5,653 | 5.792 | 586 | 658. | 355 | 381 |
| 25 years and over ........................................................... | 34,145 | 36,187. | 29,396 | 31,056 | 3,781. | 4,087. | 1,623' | 1,781 |
| 25 to 54 years ............................................................ | 28.411 | 30,326 | 24.317 | 25,893 | 3,222 | 3.504 | 1,430! | 1,578 |
| 55 years and over ....................................................... | 5,734 | 5,861 | 5,078 | 5,164 | 559 | 582 | 194. | 203 |

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not
and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

## A-63. Unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Civilian workers)

| Sex and age | Total |  | White |  | Black |  | Hispanic origin |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
|  | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 |
| Total, 16 years and over | 10.0 | 7.4 | 8.7 | 6.4 | 20.6 | 16.1 | 13.9 | 10.5 |
| 16 to 19 years | 23.9 | 19.4 | 20.6 | 16.5 | 51.1 | 43.4 | 29.6 | 24.2 |
| 16 to 17 years | 27.6 | 22.8 | 24.5 | 20.0 | 57.0 | 51.7 | 35.2 | 31.0 |
| 18 to 19 years | 21.7 | 17.2 | 18.1 | 14.3 | 48.3 | 39.3 | 26.8 | 20.7 |
| 20 to 24 years | 15.1 | 11.4 | 12.6 | 9.3 | 32.6 | 26.0 | 17.6 | 11.4 |
| 25 years and over | 7.7 | 5.6 | 6.8 | 4.9 | 15.2 | 11.6 | 11.2 | 8.7 |
| 25 to 54 years | 8.2 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 5.0 | 16.1 | 12.5 | 11.5 | 8.5 |
| 55 years and over | 5.5 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 9.2 | 5.7 | 9.1 | 10.3 |
| Men, 16 years and over | 10.4 | 7.3 | 9.1 | 6.3 | 21.9 | 16.9 | 13.5 | 10.3 |
| 16 to 19 years | 23.9 | 19.2 | 20.4 | 16.4 | 51.8 | 41.6 | 29.3 | 24.6 |
| 16 to 17 years | 26.8 | 23.0 | 23.8 | 20.1 | 57.2 | 49.4 | 36.0 | 33.1 |
| 18 to 19 years | 22.2 | 16.8 | 18.2 | 13.9 | 49.3 | 37.5 | 25.9 | 20.7 |
| 20 to 24 years | 16.5 | 11.6 | 14.2 | 9.5 | 32.3 | 26.5 | 17.4 | 10.6 |
| 25 years and over | 8.1 | 5.6 | 7.2 | 4.9 | 16.5 | 12.4 | 10.7 | 8.7 |
| 25 to 54 years | 8.6 | 5.8 | 7.6 | 5.0 | 17.3 | 13.2 | 10.7 | 8.2 |
| 55 years and over ........................................................ | 6.0 | 4.5 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 11.6 | 7.0 | 10.6 | 12.3 |
| Women, 16 years and over ........................................ | 9.5 | 7.5 | 8.2 | 6.5 | 19.3 | 15.2 | 14.6 | 10.7 |
| 16 to 19 years | 23.9 | 19.6 | 20.8 | 16.7 | 50.4 | 45.5 | 30.1 | 23.6 |
| 16 to 17 years | 28.5 | 22.6 | 25.4 | 19.8 | 56.8 | 54.8 | 34.1 | 28.6 |
| 18 to 19 years | 21.1 | 17.7 | 17.9 | 14.7 | 47.1 | 41.3 | 28.0 | 20.7 |
| 20 to 24 years | 13.4 | 11.1 | 10.6 | 9.1 | 33.0 | 25.5 | 17.9 | 12.7 |
| 5 years and over ........................................................ | 7.2 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 4.9 | 13.8 | 10.7 | 12.0 | 8.8 |
| 25 to 54 years | 7.7 | 5.9 | 6.7 | 5.1 | 14.9 | 11.7 | 12.7 | 8.9 |
| 55 years and over | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 6.7 | 4.4 | 6.7 | 6.8 |

## A-64. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

|  | Total |  | White |  |  |  |  | Black |  |  |  | Hispanic origin |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weeks of unemployment | 11 | 11 |  | 11 | : | 11 |  | 11 |  | 11 |  | 11 | 11 |
|  | 1983 | 1984 |  | 1983 |  | 1984 |  | 1983 |  | 1984 |  | 1983 | 1984 |
| DURATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 years and over ........................................... | 11,123 | 8,420 |  | 8,403 |  | 6,272 |  | 2,399 |  | 1,920 |  | 1.727 | 1,334 |
| Less than 5 weeks ....................................................................................... | 3,691 | 3,345 |  | 2,740 |  | 2.533 |  | 838 |  | 716 |  | 321 | 293 |
| 5 to 14 weeks .............................................................. | 2,587 | 2,052 | : | 2,031 | : | 1,522 |  | 481 |  | 468 |  | 258 | 169 |
| 15 weeks and over ........................................................... | 4,846 | 3,022 |  | 3,631 |  | 2.218 |  | 1,079 |  | 735 |  | 284 | 205 |
| 15 to 26 weeks ............................................................................................. | 1,923 | 1,256 | 1 | 1,481 |  | 949 |  | 383 |  | 279 |  | 125 | 99 |
| 27 weeks and over ................................................................................................ | 2,923 | 1,767 | 1 | 2,150 |  | 1,268 |  | 697 |  | 456 | ' | 159 | 105 |
| Average (mean) duration, in weeks .................................. | 21.0 | 19.2 |  | 20.5 |  | 18.8 |  | 22.6 |  | 20.9 |  | 15.9 | 14.9 |
| Median duration, in weeks ................................................. | 11.4 | 8.4 |  | 11.4 | : | 8.1 |  | 10.6 |  | 8.5 |  | 8.8 | 6.7 |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  | ; |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed ..................................................... | 100.0 | 100.0 |  | 100.0 | $!$ | 100.0 |  | 100.0 |  | 100.0 |  | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks ........................................................... | 33.2 | 39.7 | , | 32.6 | 1 | 40.4 | 1 | 35.0 |  | 37.3 |  | 37.2 | 43.9 |
| 5 to 14 weeks .............................................................. | 23.3 | 24.4 | , | 24.2 | 1 | 24.3 | , | 20.0 | 1 | 24.4 |  | 29.9 | 25.3 |
| 15 weeks and over ....................................................... | 43.6 | 35.9 |  | 43.2 |  | 35.4 | , | 45.0 | 1 | 38.3 |  | 32.9 | 30.7 |
| 15 to 26 weeks ............................................................... | 17.3 | 14.9 |  | 17.6 | ! | 15.1 |  | 15.9 | 1 | 14.5 | ; | 14.5 | 14.8 |
| 27 weeks and over ................................................................................................ | 26.3 | 21.0 |  | 25.6 | ! | 20.2 | , | 29.1 |  | 23.8 |  | 18.4 | 15.8 |

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

A-65. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

## (Numbers in thousands)



NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

## HOUSEHOLD DATA

NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES
A-66. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age
(Numbers in thousands)

| Veteran status and age | Civilian noninstitutional population |  | Civilian labor force |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total |  | Employed |  | Unemployed |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | 11 | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | Number |  | Percent of labor force |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ |
| VETERANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 25 years and over | 7,840 | 7,919 | 7.342 | 7.426 | 6,679 | 7,002 | 663 | 424 | 9.0 | 5.7 |
| 25 to 39 years ........................................... | 5,911 | 5.549 | 5.646 | 5,326 | 5,094 | 4,987 | 552 | 339 | 9.8 | 6.4 |
| 25 to 29 years ......................................... | 701 | 506 | 651 | 478 | 554 | 426 | 97 | 52 | 14.9 | 10.9 |
| 30 to 34 years ........................................ | 2,207 | 1,783 | 2,102 | 1,696 | 1,882 | 1.586 | 220 | 109 | 10.5 | 6.4 |
| 35 to 39 years ........................................ | 3.002 | 3,260 | 2,894 | 3,153 | 2,658 | 2,975 | 236 | 177 | 8.1 | 5.6 |
| 40 years and over ...................................... | 1,929 | 2,370 | 1,696 | 2,099 | 1,585 | 2,014 | 111 | 85 | 6.5 | 4.0 |
| NONVETERANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 25 to 39 years ..................................... | 19,889 | 20,971 | 18,805 | 19,766 | 17,011 | 18,502 | 1,795 | 1,264 | 9.5 | 6.4 |
| 25 to 29 years ................................... | 8,669 | 8,930 | 8,149 | 8,349 | 7.217 | 7.764 | 931 | 585 | 11.4 | 7.0 |
| 30 to 34 years .................................... | 6.712 | 7.320 | 6,376 | 6,939 | 5,848 | 6,535 | 528 | 404 | 8.3 | 5.8 |
| 35 to 39 years ...................................... | 4,509 | 4,721 | 4,280 | 4,479 | 3,945 | 4,204 | 335 | 275 | 7.8 | 6.1 |

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data
are limited to those 25 to 39 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population.

A-67. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age, race, and Hispanic origin

| Employment status and age | Veterans |  |  |  |  |  | Nonveterans |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White |  | Black |  | Hispanic origin |  | White |  | Black |  | Hispanic origin |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ |
| TOTAL, 25 to 39 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ......................... | 5.237 | 4,909 | 588 | 554 | 227 | 208 | 17,217 | 18,045 | 2,039 | 2,195 | 1,446 | 1,521 |
| Civilian labor force .............................................. | 5.034 | 4,738 | 532 | 507 | 218 | 198 | 16,437 | 17,194 | 1,808 | 1,936 | 1,370 | 1,417 |
| Employed ........................................................ | 4,611 | 4.477 | 421 | 432 | 202 | 192 | 15,051 | 16,280 | 1.453 | 1,632 | 1,220 | 1.294 |
| Unemployed .................................................... | 424 | -53 | 111 | 74 | 16 | 6 | 1,387 | 915 | 353 | 303 | 150 | 123 |
| Unemployment rate ...................................... | 8.4 | 5.6 | 20.9 | 14.6 | 7.3 | 3.0 | 8.4 | 5.3 | 19.5 | 15.7 | 10.9 | 8.7 |
| 25 to 29 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ........................ | 593 | 432 | 89 | 68 | 38 | 29 | 7.540 | 7.728 | 894 | 946 | 630 | 606 |
| Civilian labor force ............................................... | 561 | 410 | 73 | 62 | 36 | 28 | 7,162 | 7.305 | 781 | 835 | 593 | 563 |
| Employed ...................................................... | 491 | 370 | 55 | 50 | 32 | 28 | 6,433 | 6,886 | 600 | 688 | 524 | 507 |
| Unemployed .................................................... | 70 | 41 | 18 | 11 | ${ }^{4}$ | - | 729 | 418 | 181 | 147 | 69 | 56 |
| Unemployment rate ....................................... | 12.5 | 10.0 | 24.7 | 17.7 | () | - | 10.2 | 5.7 | 23.2 | 17.6 | 11.6 | 9.9 |
| 30 to 34 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ......................... | 1,956 | 1,559 | 225 | 197 | 98 | 80 | 5,776 | 6,282 | 706 | 767 | 487 | 529 |
| Civilian labor force ............................................... | 1,867 | 1,490 | 209 | 182 | 96 | 74 | 5,537 | 6.032 | 638 | 571 | 464 | 495 |
| Employed | 1,695 | 1,406 | 167 | 157 | 91 | 71 | 5,135 | 5.735 | 531 | 581 | 419 | 459 |
| Unemployed ..................................................... | 173 | 84 | 41 | 24 | 5 | 3 | 402 | 299 | 106 | 90 | 45 | 36 |
| Unemployment rate ....................................... | 9.3 | 5.6 | 19.6 | 13.2 | 5.2 | 4.1 | 7.3 | 5.0 | 16.6 | 13.4 | 9.7 | 7.3 |
| 35 to 39 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ......................... | 2,688 | 2,918 | 274 | 289 | 91 | 99 | 3,901 | 4,033 | 439 | 482 | 329 | 386 |
| Civilian labor force .............................................. | 2,606 | 2.838 | 250 | 263 | 86 | 96 | 3,738 | 3.857 | 389 | 430 | 313 | 359 |
| Employed | 2,425 | 2,701 | 199 | 225 | 79 | 93 | 3.483 | 3.659 | 322 | 363 | 277 | 328 |
| Unemployed ..................................................... | 181 | 138 | 52 | 39 | 7 | 3 | 256 | 198 | 66 | 66 | 36 | 31 |
| Unemployment rate ....................................... | 6.9 | 4.9 | 20.8 | 14.8 | 8.1 | 3.1 | 6.8 | 5.1 | 17.0 | 15.3 | 11.5 | 8.6 |

- Data not shown where base is less than 60,000

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not
sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-68. Unemployment in families by type of family, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members
(Numbers in thousands)


## A-68. Unemployment in families by type of family, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members-Continued



## Hispanic origin

| Total families $\qquad$ With children under | 3,419 | 646 | 32.2 | 67.8 | 59.4 | 3,615 | 523 | 34.6 | 65.4 | 56.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 years of age Married-couple | 2,335 | 454 | 34.3 | 65.7 | 56.9 | 2,448 | 366 | 35.5 | 64.5 | 54.4 |
| families ............. ........... | 2,434 | 470 | 24.7 | 75.3 | 66.5 | 2,568 | 379 | 27.4 | 72.6 | 61.7 |
| With children under |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 years of age ........... | 1,679 | 341 | 26.4 | 73.6 | 64.8 | 1,735 | 266 | 25.2 | 74.8 | 62.8 |
| Families maintained by |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| women $\qquad$ With children under | 819 | 145 | 55.2 | 44.8 | 35.2 | 864 | 111 | 57.7 | 42.3 | 38.7 |
| 18 years of age ............ | 597 | 100 | 59.0 | 41.0 | 31.0 | 637 | 85 | 64.3 | 35.7 | 31.0 |
| Families maintained by men $\qquad$ | 166 | 31 | () | (') | (') | 183 | 33 | () | (') | (') |
| With children under |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 years of age ............. | 60 | 13 | (') | (') | () | 76 | 16 | (') | (') | () |

' Data not shown where base is less than 60,000. NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups

Because of the introduction of new estimation techniques beginning with data for January 1983, these data are not comparable with those previously published.

A-69. Unemployed persons by family relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members
(Numbers in thousands)

|  | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percent of unemployed: |  |  |  |  | Percent of unemployed: |  |  |
| Family relationship, race, and Hispanic ongin | Total | With no employed person in family | With at least one employed person in family | With at least one person in family employed full time | Total | With no employed person in family | With at least one employed person in family | With at least one person in family employed full time |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9,480 | 32.0 | 68.0 | 57.8 | 7.076 | 32.0 | 68.0 | 58.7 |
| Husbands | 2,566 | 42.3 | 57.7 | 42.8 | 1,697 | 41.6 | 58.4 | 44.2 |
| With children under 18 years of age | 1,634 | 45.4 | 54.6 | 37.9 | 1,043 | 44.0 | 56.0 | 39.9 |
| Wives ......................................................................................... | 1,724 | 22.3 | 77.7 | 70.3 | 1,343 | 17.5 | 82.5 | 74.7 |
| With children under 18 years of age .......................................... | 1,083 | 20.5 | 79.5 | 71.0 | 851 | 15.0 | 85.0 | 77.2 |
| Relatives in married-couple families ............................................. | 2,730 | 10.9 | 89.1 | 81.9 | 1,978 | 11.8 | 88.2 | 82.2 |
| Women who maintain families ...................................................... | 705 | 81.1 | 18.9 | 10.8 | 602 | 83.9 | 16.1 | 9.7 |
| With children under 18 years of age .......................................... | 593 | 86.2 | 13.8 | 6.1 | 503 | 91.0 | 9.0 | 4.4 |
| Relatives in families maintained by women ................................... | 1,321 | 37.8 | 62.2 | 49.8 | 1,082 | 37.6 | 62.4 | 50.5 |
| Men who maintain families | 166 | 73.2 | 26.8 | 16.5 | 149 | 72.4 | 27.6 | 21.4 |
| With children under 18 years of age | 90 | 86.9 | 13.1 | 5.9 | 74 | 92.8 | 7.2 | 4.5 |
| Relatives in families maintained by men ....................................... | 269 | 27.9 | 72.1 | 64.0 | 225 | 31.1 | 68.9 | 61.0 |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed in families' ......................................................... | 7,174 | 30.1 | 69.9 | 59.4 | 5,260 | 29.4 | 70.6 | 61.2 |
| Husbands ................................................................................... | 2,174 | 43.4 | 56.6 | 41.1 | 1.431 | 42.8 | 57.2 | 42.8 |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | 1,350 | 47.0 | 53.0 | 35.1 | 866 | 45.2 | 54.8 | 38.3 |
| Wives ......................................................................................... | 1.435 | 22.1 | 77.9 | 70.8 | 1.138 | 17.2 | 82.8 | 75.0 |
| With children under 18 years of age .......................................... | 884 | 196 | 80.4 | 72.2 | 709 | 14.4 | 85.6 | 77.9 |
| Relatives in married-couple families .............................................. | 2,164 | 10.4 | 89.6 | 82.1 | 1,557 | 11.5 | 88.5 | 82.6 |
| Women who maintain families | 391 | 77.3 | 22.7 | 14.1 | 331 | 79.6 | 20.4 | 13.1 |
| With children under 18 years of age | 325 | 83.4 | 16.6 | 8.1 | 262 | 89.2 | 10.8 | 4.6 |
| Relatives in families maintained by women ................................... | 716 | 33.8 | 66.2 | 54.0 | 564 | 33.5 | 66.5 | 54.6 |
|  | 118 | 75.7 | 24.3 | 14.3 | 98 | 68.2 | 31.8 | $25.1$ |
| With children under 18 years of age | 69 | 86.3 | 13.7 | 7.6 | 49 | () | (") | (") |
| Relatives in families maintained by men ....................................... | 176 | 23.6 | 76.4 | 68.8 | 141 | 27.3 | 72.7 | 64.3 |
| Black |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed in families' ........................................................ | 2,037 | 38.5 | 61.5 | 51.7 | 1,625 | 40.7 | 59.3 | 50.5 |
| Husbands ................................................................................... | 319 | 36.1 | 63.9 | 52.8 | 217 | 33.0 | 67.0 | 54.5 |
| With children under 18 years of age .......................................... | 225 | 36.4 | 63.6 | 53.0 | 143 | 34.3 | 65.7 | 51.3 |
| Wives | 242 | 23.3 | 76.7 | 66.6 | 169 | 21.2 | 78.8 | 71.2 |
| With children under 18 years of age .......................................... | 165 | 23.4 | 76.6 | 64.8 | 115 | 20.5 | 79.5 | 70.9 |
| Relatives in married-couple families ............................................. | 493 | 11.9 | 88.1 | 81.7 | 366 | 13.5 | 86.5 | 79.9 |
| Women who maintain families ....................................................... | 291 | 86.5 | 13.5 | 5.8 | 257 | 90.0 | 10.0 | 54 |
| With children under 18 years of age .......................................... | 250 | 90.2 | 9.8 | 2.9 | 230 | 93.3 | 6.7 | 4.1 |
| Relatives in families mantained by women ................................... | 571 | 42.5 | 57.5 | 44.7 | 497 | 42.5 | 57.5 | 45.6 |
| Men who maintain familes ......................................................... | 41 | (3) | (2) | (?) | 44 | (3) | (2) | (?) |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | 19 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | (3) | 22 | (2) | () | (3) |
| Relatives in families maintained by men ........................................ | 81 | 38.4 | 61.6 | 51.6 | 75 | 35.4 | 64.6 | 56.9 |
| Hispanic origin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed in families' ........................................................ | 766 | 33.8 | 66.2 | 58.2 | 593 | 35.4 | 64.6 | 56.3 |
| Husbands | 220 | $48 . \mathrm{C}$ | 52.0 | 41.7 | 167 | 54.7 | 45.3 | 33.3 |
| With children under 18 years of age | 161 | 51.7 | 48.3 | 38.0 | 111 | 56.9 | 43.1 | 27.6 |
| Wives ...................................................................................... | 151 | 19.2 | 80.8 | 73.9 | 123 | 16.2 | 83.8 | 71.7 |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | 112 | 16.0 | 84.0 | 75.8 | 81 | 16.5 | 83.5 | 71.1 |
| Relatives in married-couple famlies ............................................. | 203 | 10.8 | 89.2 | 80.3 | 144 | 8.9 | 91.1 | 86.0 |
| Women who maintain familes ..................................................... | 51 | (3) | (i) | (1) | 40 | (') | (3) | ( ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | 42 | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ ) | (') | (') | 35 | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ( ${ }^{\prime}$ | (2) |
| Relatives in famulies maintained by women ................................... | 107 | 45.0 | 55.0 | 46.5 | 88 | 46.2 | 53.8 | 48.5 |
| Men who maintan families | 14 | (2) | (3) | ( ${ }^{\text {( })}$ | 17 | (3) | () | (') |
| With children under 18 years of age .......................................... | 7 | (2) | (3) | (1) | 9 | ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) | (1) | (1) |
| Relatives in tamilies maintanned by men ........................................ | 21 | (2) | (1) | () | 14 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | (7) | (') |

${ }^{1}$ Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives. persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown.
' Data not shown where base is less than 60,000
NOTE: Detall for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are
included in both the white and black population groups. Because of the introduction of new estimation techniques beginning with data for January 1983, these data are not comparable with those previously published. Moreover, estimates for husbands. wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

A-70. Employed civilians by family relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of additional employed family members
(Numbers in thousands)


[^16]included in both the white and black population groups. Because of the introduction of new estimation techniques beginning with data for January 1983, these data are not comparable with those previously published. Moreover, estimates for husbands, wives. and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

A-71. Median weekly earnings of families by type of family, number of earners, race, and Hispanic origin


[^17]are not comparable with data for 1983 and prior years. Moreover, data on median weekly earnings are now derived using $\$ 10$ intervals rather than the $\$ 50$ intervals previously used. Data for 1983 and prior years have been recalculated and are not comparable with previously published data. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-72. Families with unemployed members and wage and salary workers by type of family and median weekly earnings

|  | Number of families (in thousands) |  | Median weekly earnings |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of family and relationship of unemployed members to wage and salary earners | 1 | । | 1 | 1 | Percent change over the year in: |  |
|  | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | Current dollars | Constant dollars |
| Married-couple families ' | 4.525 | 3,404 | \$332 | \$354 | 6.8 | 2.2 |
| Husband unemployed ........................................................... | 1.727 | 1,149 | 207 | 217 | 4.7 | . 2 |
| Wife only earner ................................................................ | 1,401 | 877 | 201 | 203 | 1.1 | -3.2 |
| Wife and other earner(s) ...................................................... | 191 | 166 | 371 | 408 | 10.1 | 5.4 |
| Other earner(s) only ........................................................... | 135 | 107 | 162 | 160 | -. 9 | -5.2 |
| Wife unemployed ................................................................. | 1,335 | 1,041 | 370 | 361 | -2.2 | -6.4 |
| Husband only earner .......................................................... | 1,118 | 897 | 353 | 342 | -3.2 | -7.3 |
| Husband and other earner(s) ............................................... | 189 | 123 | 553 | 579 | 4.9 | . 4 |
| Other earner(s) only .......................................................... | 28 | 21 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{\text {( })}$ | (') |
| Other member(s) unemployed ............................................... | 1,463 | 1,214 | \$543 | \$553 | 1.9 | -2.5 |
| Husband or wife earner ..................................................... | 617 | 510 | 425 | 406 | -4.5 | -8.6 |
| Both husband and wife earners ............................................ | 779 | 636 | 688 | 725 | 5.3 | . 8 |
| Other combinations of earners | 68 | 67 | (') | (') | (') | (') |
| Families maintained by women ' ............................................... | 757 | 736 | \$215 | S217 | . 9 | -3.5 |
| Householder unemployed | 125 | 132 | 143 | 193 | 34.8 | 29.0 |
| Other member(s) unemployed .............................................. | 632 | 604 | 237 | 232 | -1.8 | -6.0 |
| Families maintained by men ' .................................................. | 247 | 261 | 320 | 300 | -6.2 | -10.2 |

${ }^{1}$ Data exclude families in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the tamily is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.
${ }^{2}$ Data not shown where base is less than 100,000.
NOTE: Data on families for 1984 reflect revised editing and weighting
procedures and are not comparable with data for 1983 and prior years. Moreover, data on median weekly earnings are now derived using $\$ 10$ intervals rather than the $\$ 50$ intervals previously used. Data for 1983 and prior years have been recalculated and are not comparable with previously published data .

A-73. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics


## A-74. Median weekly earnings of part-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics



A-75. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and sex

| Occupation and sex | Number of workers (in thousands) |  | Median weekly earnings |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ 1,984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | Percent change over the year in: |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Current dollars | Constant doilars |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 17,264 | 18,246 | \$428 | \$455 | 6.4 | 1.8 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 8,065 | 8,729 | 452 | 484 | 7.0 | 2.4 |
| Professional specialty | 9,199 | 9,517 | 410 | 443 | 8.2 | 3.5 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support | 20,919 | 21,779 | 275 | 299 | 8.7 | 4.0 |
| Technicians and related support | 2,627 | 2,682 | 346 | 371 | 7.4 | 2.8 |
| Sales occupations | 5,986 | 6,451 | 303 | 323 | 6.7 | 2.1 |
| Administrative support, including clerical | 12,306 | 12,646 | 256 | 271 | 5.9 | 1.3 |
| Service occupations | 6,948 | 7,368 | 204 | 207 | 1.6 | -2.8 |
| Private household | 269 | 325 | 109 | 134 | 23.2 | 17.9 |
| Protective service | 1,398 | 1,436 | 346 | 358 | 3.4 | -1.0 |
| Service, except private household and protective ..........................' | 5,280 | 5,607 | 194 | 200 | 3.4 | -1.0 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 9,452 | 10,093 | 369 | 385 | 4.3 | -. 2 |
| Mechanics and repairers ... | 3,499 | 3,573 | 364 | 391 | 7.4 | 2.8 |
| Construction trades | 2,700 | 2,943 | 363 | 382 | 5.1 | . 6 |
| Other precision production, craft, and repair | 3,253 | 3,578 | 386 | 380 | -1.7 | -5.9 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers ................................................: | 12,442 | 13.557 | 275 | 281 | 2.4 | -2.0 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ............................; | 6,657 | 7,274 | 260 | 271 | 4.2 | -. 3 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations | 3,127 | 3,451 | 329 | 332 | 1.1 | -3.3 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers | 2,658 | 2,832 | 245 | 251 | 2.5 | -1.9 |
| Farming, forestry, and fishing ........................................................) | 1,004 | 1,020 | 204 | 207 | 1.8 | -2.5 |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 10,311 | 10,754 | 506 | 537 | 6.1 | 1.5 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 5,418 | 5,723 | 521 | 563 | 8.1 | 3.5 |
| Professional specialty .................................................................! | 4,893 | 5,031 | 503 | 508 | 1.0 | -3.3 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support .....................................' | 7,659 | 8,313 | 388 | 402 | 3.7 | -. 8 |
| Technicians and related support | 1,374 | 1,409 | 409 | 444 | 8.5 | 3.8 |
| Sales occupations | 3,631 | 4,017 | 394 | 402 | 2.1 | -2.3 |
| Administrative support, including clerical | 2,654 | 2,887 | 365 | 373 | 2.3 | -2.1 |
| Service occupations ......................................................................' | 3.515 | 3.517 | 254 | 266 | 4.9 | . 4 |
| Private household. | 12 | 11 | (') | () | (') | (') |
| Protective service ......................................................................; | 1,260 | 1,304 | \$354 | \$371 | 4.7 | . 2 |
| Service, except private household and protective .......................... | 2,243 | 2,202 | 209 | 227 | 8.9 | 4.2 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair ............................................) | 8,735 | 9,307 | 384 | 400 | 4.2 | -. 2 |
| Mechanics and repairers | 3,368 | 3,467 | 367 | 390 | 6.3 | 1.7 |
| Construction trades | 2,658 | 2,913 | 364 | 384 | 5.3 | . 8 |
| Other precision production, craft, and repair .................................. | 2,709 | 2,926 | 406 | 405 | -. 2 | -4.5 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers ................................................; | 9,136 | 9,970 | 306 | 308 | . 7 | -3.6 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors | 3,945 | 4,293 | 320 | 325 | 1.8 | -2.6 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations ...........................; | 2,975 | 3,276 | 343 | 342 | -. 1 | -4.4 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....................: | 2,215 | 2,401 | 251 | 259 | 3.5 | -1.0 |
| Farming, forestry, and fishing .........................................................' | 916 | 901 | 205 | 210 | 2.6 | -1.8 |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managerial and professional specialty . | 6,954 | 7,492 | 351 | 369 | 5.2 | . 7 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial .....................................!' | 2,647 | 3,006 | 324 | 353 | 9.1 | 4.4 |
| Professional specialty .................................................................: | 4,307 | 4,487 | 358 | 379 | 6.0 | 1.4 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support ...................................; | 13,260 | 13,466 | 246 | 257 | 4.5 | . 0 |
| Technicians and related support ..................................................: | 1,253 | 1.274 | 300 | 309 | 2.8 | -1.7 |
| Sales occupations ............ | 2,354 | 2,434 | 203 | 220 | 8.3 | 3.6 |
| Administrative support, including clerical .......................................', | 9,652 | 9,758 | 246 | 256 | 4.1 | -. 4 |
| Service occupations ......................................................................: | 3,433 | 3,851 | 174 | 176 | 1.5 | -2.8 |
| Private household .......................................................................': | 257 | 313 | 107 | 131 | 22.3 | 17.0 |
| Protective service ....................................................................... | 139 | 132 | 250 | 262 | 4.8 | . 3 |
| Service, except private household and protective ..........................: | 3.037 | 3,405 | 176 | 178 | 1.0 | -3.4 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair .............................................: | 717 | 787 | 257 | 253 | -1.6 | -5.8 |
| Mechanics and repairers ............................................................. | 131 | 105 | 283 | 401 | 41.4 | 35.3 |
| Construction trades ..................................................................... | 42 | 30 | (') | (') | ${ }^{1}$ ) | () |
| Other precision production, craft, and repair ................................... | 544 | 652 | \$255 | \$242 | -4.9 | -9.0 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers ................................................ | 3,307 | 3,587 | 206 | 208 | 1.1 | -3.2 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ...........................): | 2,712 | 2,981 | 205 | 208 | 1.8 | -2.6 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations ............................ | 152 | 176 | 251 | 241 | -3.9 | -8.0 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers ..................... : | 443 | 430 | 214 | 203 | -5.1 | -9.1 |
| Farming, forestry, and fishing ........................................................: | 88 | 119 | 162 | 181 | 11.5 | 6.7 |
| Data not shown where base is less than 100,000 . <br> NOTE: Data on median weekly earnings are now derived using $\$ 10$ |  | been reca hed data. | ulated | are no | parab | h previous |

## B-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1933 to date

(In thousands)

| Year and month | Total | Goods-producing |  |  |  |  | Service-producing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total private | Total | Mining | Construction | Manufac turing | Total | Transportation and public utilities | Wholesale trade | Retail trade | Finance. insurance. and real estate | Services | Government |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Federal | State | Local |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Annual averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933 | 23,699 | 20,533 | 8.965 | 744 | 824 | 7.397 | 14.734 | 2.672 | (') | (') | 1,280 | 2,861 | 565 | (') | () |
| 1934 | 25,940 | 22,641 | 10.261 | 883 | 877 | 8,501 | 15,679 | 2.750 | (') | (1) | 1,304 | 3.045 | 652 | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | () |
| 1935 | 27,039 | 23.558 | 10.893 | 897 | 927 | 9,069 | 16.146 | 2.786 | (') | (') | 1.320 | 3.128 | 753 | (1) | () |
| 1936 | 29.068 | 25.400 | 11,933 | 946 | 1,160 | 9.827 | 17.135 | 2,973 | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | (') | 1,373 | 3,312 | 826 | () | () |
| 1937 | 31.011 | 27,255 | 12,936 | 1.015 | 1.127 | 10.794 | 18,075 | 3,134 | () | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ) | 1.417 | 3,503 | 833 | () | (') |
| 1938 | 29.194 | 25,311 | 11,401 | 891 | 1.070 | 9.440 | 17,793 | 2,863 | (') | (') | 1,410 | 3.458 | 829 | (') | () |
| 1939 | 30.603 | 26,608 | 12.297 | 854 | 1.165 | 10,278 | 18,306 | 2,936 | 1,762 | 4.664 | 1,447 | 3.502 | 905 | (a) | (') |
| 1940 | 32,361 | 28,159 | 13,221 | 925 | 1.311 | 10.985 | 19.140 | 3,038 | 1.835 | 4.914 | 1,485 | 3.665 | 996 | (1) | (1) |
| 1941 | 36.539 | 31.877 | 15.963 | 957 | 1.814 | 13.192 | 20.574 | 3.274 | 1.960 | 5.251 | 1.525 | 3.905 | 1.340 | (') | () |
| 1942 | 40.106 | 34,624 | 18,470 | 992 | 2.198 | 15,280 | 21,636 | 3,460 | 1,906 | 5,212 | 1.509 | 4.066 | 2.213 | (') | ( ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1943 | 42,434 | 36,356 | 20,114 | 925 | 1.587 | 17,602 | 22,320 | 3,647 | 1,822 | 5,160 | 1,481 | 4,130 | 2.905 | (1) | (') |
| 1944 | 41,864 | 35,822 | 19.328 | 892 | 1,108 | 17,328 | 22,536 | 3,829 | 1,845 | 5,214 | 1,461 | 4.145 | 2,928 | (') | (') |
| 1945 | 40,374 | 34,431 | 17,507 | 836 | 1.147 | 15.524 | 22,867 | 3.906 | 1,949 | 5,365 | 1.481 | 4.222 | 2.808 | (1) | (1) |
| 1946 | 41,652 | 36,056 | 17.248 | 862 | 1.683 | 14.703 | 24,404 | 4,061 | 2,291 | 6.084 | 1,675 | 4.697 | 2.254 | (') | () |
| 1947 | 43,857 | 38.382 | 18.509 | 955 | 2.009 | 15.545 | 25,348 | 4,166 | 2.471 | 6.485 | 1,728 | 5.025 | 1.892 | (') | (') |
| 1948 | 44,866 | 39,216 | 18.774 | 994 | 2,198 | 15.582 | 26,092 | 4.189 | 2.605 | 6.667 | 1.800 | 5,181 | 1,863 | (i) | () |
| 1949 | 43.754 | 37,897 | 17,565 | 930 | 2,194 | 14,441 | 26,189 | 4,001 | 2,602 | 6.662 | 1,828 | 5,240 | 1,908 | (') | (1) |
| 1950 | 45,197 | 39,170 | 18,506 | 901 | 2,364 | 15,241 | 26,691 | 4,034 | 2,635 | 6.751 | 1.888 | 5,357 | 1,928 | (1) | (') |
| 1951 | 47,819 | 41,430 | 19,959 | 929 | 2,637 | 16,393 | 27,860 | 4,226 | 2.727 | 7.015 | 1,956 | 5.547 | 2.302 | (1) | (') |
| 1952 | 48,793 | 42,185 | 20,198 | 898 | 2.668 | 16,632 | 28,595 | 4,248 | 2.812 | 7,192 | 2,035 | 5.699 | 2.420 | (') | (') |
| 1953 | 50,202 | 43,556 | 21.074 | 866 | 2.659 | 17.549 | 29.128 | 4,290 | 2.854 | 7.393 | 2,111 | 5.835 | 2,305 | (') | (') |
| 1954 | 48,990 | 42,238 | 19.751 | 791 | 2,646 | 16.314 | 29.239 | 4,084 | 2,867 | 7.368 | 2,200 | 5.969 | 2,188 | () | () |
| 1955 | 50,641 | 43,727 | 20.513 | 792 | 2,839 | 16.882 | 30,128 | 4.141 | 2.926 | 7.610 | 2,298 | 6.240 | 2.187 | 1,168 | 3.558 |
| 1956 | 52.369 | 45,091 | 21,104 | 822 | 3.039 | 17,243 | 31.266 | 4.244 | 3.018 | 7.840 | 2,389 | 6.497 | 2,209 | 1,250 | 3,819 |
| 1957 | 52,853 | 45,239 | 20,964 | 828 | 2,962 | 17,174 | 31,889 | 4,241 | 3,028 | 7.858 | 2,438 | 6.708 | 2.217 | 1.328 | 4.071 |
| 1958 | 51,324 | 43,483 | 19.513 | 751 | 2,817 | 15,945 | 31.811 | 3.976 | 2,980 | 7.770 | 2.481 | 6.765 | 2,191 | 389 | 2.165 |
| 1959* | 53,268 | 45.186 | 20.411 | 732 | 3.004 | 16,675 | 32,857 | 4,011 | 3.082 | 8,045 | 2.549 | 7.087 | 2.233 | 420 | 2.250 |
| 1960 | 54.189 | 45,836 | 20,434 | 712 | 2,926 | 16,796 | 33,755 | 4,004 | 3,143 | 8.248 | 2,629 | 7.378 | 2,270 | 448 | 2,369 |
| 1961 | 53,999 | 45,404 | 19,857 | 672 | 2,859 | 16,326 | 34,142 | 3,903 | 3,133 | 8,204 | 2,688 | 7,620 | 2,279 | 474 | 2,468 |
| 1962 | 55,549 | 46,660 | 20,451 | 650 | 2,948 | 16,853 | 35.098 | 3,906 | 3,198 | 8,368 | 2,754 | 7,982 | 2.340 | 511 | 2,581 |
| 1963 | 56,653 | 47,429 | 20.640 | 635 | 3,010 | 16,995 | 36,013 | 3,903 | 3,248 | 8.530 | 2,830 | 8,277 | 2,358 | 557 | 2.737 |
| 1964 | 58.283 | 48,686 | 21,005 | 634 | 3.097 | 17,274 | 37,278 | 3.951 | 3.337 | 8,823 | 2,911 | 8.660 | 2,348 | 609 | 2.906 |
| 1965 | 60.765 | 50.689 | 21,926 | 632 | 3.232 | 18.062 | 38.839 | 4.036 | 3.466 | 9.250 | 2.977 | 9.036 | 2.378 | 679 | 3.102 |
| 1966 | 63.901 | 53.116 | 23,158 | 627 | 3.317 | 19,214 | 40,743 | 4,158 | 3,597 | 9,648 | 3.058 | 9,498 | 2,564 | 775 | 3,375 |
| 1967 | 65.803 | 54,413 | 23,308 | 613 | 3,248 | 19,447 | 42,495 | 4,268 | 3,689 | 9,917 | 3,185 | 10,045 | 2.719 | 873 | 3.572 |
| 1968 | 67,897 | 56,058 | 23,737 | 606 | 3.350 | 19,781 | 44.160 | 4,318 | 3,779 | 10,320 | 3,337 | 10.567 | 2.737 | 958 | 3,736 |
| 1969 | 70,384 | 58,189 | 24,361 | 619 | 3,575 | 20.167 | 46,023 | 4,442 | 3,907 | 10.798 | 3.512 | 11.169 | 2.758 | 1,042 | 3,874 |
| 1970 | 70,880 | 58.325 | 23.578 | 623 | 3,588 | 19.367 | 47,302 | 4,515 | 3,993 | 11.047 | 3,645 | 11.548 | 2.731 | 1.104 | 4.004 |
| 1971 | 71.214 | 58.331 | 22,935 | 609 | 3.704 | 18,623 | 48,278 | 4.476 | 4.001 | 11.351 | 3.772 | 11,797 | 2,696 | 1,149 | 4,188 |
| 1972 | 73,675 | 60,341 | 23,668 | 628 | 3,889 | 19,151 | 50,007 | 4.541 | 4,113 | 11,836 | 3,908 | 12,276 | 2,684 | 2,859 | 7,790 |
| 1973 | 76,790 | 63,058 | 24,893 | 642 | 4,097 | 20,154 | 51,897 | 4,656 | 4,277 | 12.329 | 4,046 | 12,857 | 2,663 | 2,923 | 8,146 |
| 1974 | 78,265 | 64,095 | 24,794 | 697 | 4,020 | 20,077 | 53,471 | 4,725 | 4,433 | 12,554 | 4,148 | 13.441 | 2.724 | 3,039 | 8,407 |
| 1975 | 76,945 | 62.259 | 22,600 | 752 | 3.525 | 18,323 | 54,345 | 4,542 | 4,415 | 12,645 | 4.165 | 13.892 | 2.748 | 3.179 | 8.758 |
| 1976 | 79,382 | 64,511 | 23,352 | 779 | 3.576 | 18,997 | 56,030 | 4.582 | 4,546 | 13,209 | 4,271 | 14.551 | 2.733 | 3.273 | 8,865 |
| 1978 | 86.697 | 71.026 | 25,585 | 851 | 4.229 | 20.505 | 61,113 | 4.923 | 4.969 | 14,573 | 4.724 | 16,252 | 2.753 | 3.474 | 9,446 |
| 1979 ................. .. | 89,823 | 73,876 | 26,461 | 958 | 4.463 | 21.040 | 63.363 | 5.136 | 5,204 | 14.989 | 4.975 | 17.112 | 2,773 | 3.541 | 9,633 |
| 1980 ...................... | 90.406 | 74.166 | 25.658 | 1.027 | 4.346 | 20.285 | 64.748 | 5,146 | 5,275 | 15,035 | 5.160 | 17,890 | 2.866 | 3,610 | 9.765 |
| 1981 | 91,156 | 75,126 | 25,497 | 1,139 | 4,188 | 20.170 | 65,659 | 5.165 | 5,358 | 15.189 | 5.298 | 18.619 | 2.772 | 3,640 | 9.619 |
| 1982 | 89,566 | 73,729 | 23,813 | 1,128 | 3,905 | 18,781 | 65,753 | 5,082 | 5,278 | 15,179 | 5,341 | 19,036 | 2,739 | 3,640 | 9.458 |
| 1983 ...................... | 90.138 | 74,288 | 23.394 | 957 | 3,940 | 18,497 | 66,744 | 4,958 | 5,259 | 15,545 | 5,467 | 19.665 | 2.752 | 3.660 | 9.439 |


| 1983: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June ..................... | 89.927 | 74.091 | 23.241 | 939 | 3.911 | 18,391 | 66,686 | 5,005 | 5.241 | 15.514 | 5.464 | 19.626 | 2.744 | 3.657 | 9.435 |
| July ...................... | 90,274 | 74,452 | 23,414 | 946 | 3.947 | 18.521 | 66,860 | 5,001 | 5.256 | 15.580 | 5,478 | 19.723 | 2.744 | 3.662 | 9.416 |
| August ................. | 89.918 | 74.110 | 23,532 | 950 | 3.985 | 18,597 | 66,386 | 4,369 | 5,277 | 15.626 | 5,498 | 19,808 | 2,747 | 3,668 | 9,393 |
| September | 91.018 | 75,083 | 23,669 | 952 | 4.019 | 18,698 | 67,349 | 5,046 | 5.301 | 15,671 | 5,503 | 19,893 | 2.774 | 3,672 | 9.489 |
| October | 91.345 | 75.481 | 23.895 | 965 | 4.044 | 18,886 | 67.450 | 5.053 | 5.322 | 15.737 | 5.512 | 19.962 | 2.760 | 3.667 | 9.437 |
| November | 91.688 | 75.814 | 24,058 | 967 | 4.073 | 19,018 | 67.630 | 5.043 | 5.344 | 15.805 | 5.530 | 20.034 | 2.759 | 3.669 | 9.446 |
| December ..... | 92,026 | 76,157 | 24.198 | 969 | 4.086 | 19,143 | 67,828 | 5.055 | 5.371 | 15.857 | 5.546 | 20.130 | 2.762 | 3.668 | 9.439 |
| 1984: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ................. | 92,391 | 76.533 | 24.383 | 975 | 4.154 | 19.254 | 68,008 | 5,095 | 5,406 | 15,914 | 5.573 | 20.162 | 2.760 | 3,670 | 9.428 |
| February ............... | 92,846 | 76,971 | 24,577 | 978 | 4.226 | 19.373 | 68,269 | 5,105 | 5,438 | 15.980 | 5.593 | 20,278 | 2,763 | 3,682 | 9.430 |
| March | 93,058 | 77.185 | 24.595 | 978 | 4. 151 | 19.466 | 68,463 | 5,112 | 5,457 | 16,030 | 5,613 | 20,378 | 2,770 | 3,686 | 9,417 |
| April | 93.449 | 77.546 | 24.760 | 984 | 4.246 | 19.530 | 68.689 | 5,129 | 5,473 | 16,095 | 5,640 | 20.449 | 2.771 | 3,693 | 9.439 |
| May ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 93.718 | 77.822 | 24.850 | 993 | 4.288 | 19.569 | 68.868 | 5,142 | 5,496 | 16,139 | 5.661 | 20.534 | 2.767 | 3.698 | 9.431 |
| June ${ }^{\text {b }}$.................... | 94.019 | 78,183 | 24,990 | 997 | 4,363 | 19,630 | 69,029 | 5.160 | 5,511 | 16.193 | 5.665 | 20,664 | 2.765 | 3.680 | 9,391 |

[^18]ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry
(In thousands)

| Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers' |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\rho} \end{gathered}$ | June $1984^{\circ}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Total | 89,921 ${ }^{1}$ | 90,738 | 93,229 | 94,094 | 94,886 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total private | 73,750 | 74,765 | 77,013 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 77,870 | 78,914 | 59,576 | 60,508 | 62,301 | 63,062 | 63,954 |
| Mining ........................................................................... 1 | 938 | 950 | 977 | 991: | 1,008. | 660 | 672 | 697. | 709 | 722 |
| Metal mining ................................................................. 10 | 57.5 | 57.9 | 58.5 | 59.2 | - | 41.8 | 42.4 | 42.7. | 43.2 | - |
| Iron ores ..................................................................... 101 | 11.0 | 11.0 | $11.8{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 11.9: | - | 7.2 | 7.5 | 8.7 | 8.8 | - |
| Copper ores ...............................................................'102 | 19.8 | 19.9 | 18.3' | 18.4. | - | 14.5 | 14.5 | 12.9 | 13.0 | - |
| Coal mining | 189.4 | 194.0 | $203.7{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 205 | - | 152.0 | 156.2 | 165.1 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 167.0' |  |
| Bituminous coal and lignite mining ................................ 12 | 186.5 | 191.1 | $201.0^{\prime}$ | 202.7 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | - : | 149.5 | 153.7, | 162.8 | 164.7 | - |
| Oil and gas extraction ................................................... 13 | 583.8 | 587.7 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 604.3' | 611.5; | 622.5; | 384.2 | 389.0 . | 404.6; | 410.6 | - |
| Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids ... ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ 131,2 | 262.5 | 266.1. | 255.8 | 257.0 | - | 121.9 | 124.4 | 117.4' | 118.3: | - |
| Oil and gas field services ........................................... 138 | 321.3 | 321.6 | 348.5 | 354.5, | - | 262.3 | 264.6 | 287.2' | 292.3 | - |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ................................. 14 | 107.5 | 110.1 | 110.5 | 115.2' | - | 81.81 | 84.2 | 84.3 | 88.2 ' | - |
| Crushed and broken stone ......................................... 142 | 35.8 | $36.7{ }^{1}$ | 35.5 | 37.6 | - | 28.4 ' | 29.3 | 28.1, | 30.0 | - |
| Sand and gravel ......................................................... 144 | 32.8 | 34.4' | 34.4, | 36.7' | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Chemical and fertilizer minerals ................................... 147 | 20.3 | 20.2, | 21.4 | 21.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Construction .............................................................. | 3,861 | 4,065'. | 4,059 | 4,301 | 4,537 | 2,957 | 3,145 | 3,115 | 3,346 | 3,563 |
| General building contractors .........................................'15 | 981.6 | 1,052.3' | $1,056.9{ }^{\prime}$ | 1,120.1 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 1,188.2 | 719.3' | 781.6 | 773.1 : | 833.5 | - |
| Residential building construction .................................1152 | 477.5, | 517.3 | 507.3' | 544.9 | - | 341.3: | 376.1; | 358.9 : | 393.4 | - |
| Operative builders ........................................................ 153 | 53.4, | 59.1 : | 61.3' | 62.8 | - | 29.0 | 33.1 , | 32.9 . | 34.6 | - |
| Nonresidential building construction ............................1154 | 450.7. | 475.9', | 488.3' | 512.4 | - | 349.0' | 372.4 | 381.3 | 405.5 | - |
| Heavy construction contractors ...................................... 16 | 794.1. | 835.2 | 752.41 | 808.1. | - | 637.0 | 678.2 | 606.0 | 661.2 | - |
| Highway and street construction ..................................'161 | 240.0; | 267.4 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 223.8 | 265.0 | - | 201.0. | 227.6 | 183.0 | 223.0 | - |
| Heavy construction, except highway ............................'162 | 554.1। | 567.8' | 528.6 | 543.1 | - | 436.0 | 450.6: | 423.0 . | 438.2 | - |
| Special trade contractors .............................................. 17 | ${ }^{\prime} 2,085.4{ }^{\text {' }} 2,177.7$ ' 2,249.4 $2,372.7{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |  |  |  | ' | '1,600.4i 1,685.5: 1,736.1: 1,851.0' |  |  |  | - |
| Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning ......................... 171 | 484.8 | 497.4' | 517.7 | 528.1, | , | 346.7' | 357.7 | 376.7 | 386.4 | - |
| Painting, paper hanging, and decorating ....................... 172 | 128.9: | 137.1. | 132.6 | 142.8 | - | 106.3' | 114.4 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 108.7: | 118.8 | - |
| Electrical work ............................................................ 173 | 388.9 | 399.8. | 418.4. | 428.2 | - | 290.8 | 300.6 | 315.9 . | $324.4{ }^{\prime}$ | - |
| Masonry, stonework, and plastering ............................'174 | 315.2, | 331.7: | 348.6 | 368.2 | - | 264.6: | 280.8 | 294.4 | 312.1 | - |
| Carpentering and flooring ............................................ 1175 | 115.5, | 121.4: | 127.0' | 131.0 | - | 86.4' | $91.8{ }^{\text {' }}$ | $94.1{ }^{\text {. }}$ | 97.7 | - |
| Roofing and sheet metal work .....................................'176 | 160.3. | 167.4. | 170.8 | 181.4 | - | 126.2: | $133.0{ }^{\circ}$ | 135.6 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 145.8' | - |
| Manufacturing | 18,270 | 18,513 ${ }^{\text {! }}$ | 19,432 | 19,552' | 19,768 | 12,396 | 12,595. | 13,368 | 13.455 | 13,630 |
| Durable goods | 10,640. | 10,770 | 11,533 | 11,621. | 11,762 | 7.046 | 7,152 | 7,794. | 7,861 | 7,969 |
| Lumber and wood products ......................................... 24 | 645.2 | 676.4 | 700.6 | 713.2 | $729.7{ }^{\prime}$ | 536.5 | 565.9 | 587.3: | 598.0 | 613.4 |
| Logging camps and logging contractors ..................... 241 | 76.8 : | 85.2 | 75.1 | 79.4 | - | 58.9 | 67.0 | 57.4 | 61.2 | - |
| Sawmills and planing mills ........................................:242 | 191.2 | 200.2 | 208.6 | 210.2 | - | 169.2 | 177.9 | 185.0 | 186.5 | - |
| Sawmills and planing mills, general .........................'2421 | 160.1. | 168.1 | 173.1 | 174.4, | - | 142.1 | 149.8 | 153.9 | 155.2 | - |
| Hardwood dimension and flooring ..........................., 2426 | 27.1 | 27.8 | 30.5 | 30.6 | - | 23.5 | 24.3 . | 26.8 | 26.8 | - |
| Millwork, plywood, and structural members ................ 243 | 195.1 | 202.8 | 219.7 | 221.5 | - | 161.1 | 168.0 | 183.9 | 185.1 | - |
| Millwork ............................................................... .'2431 | 72.2 | 75.0 | 81.4' | 81.9 | - | 57.9 | 60.4 | 66.1 | 66.4 | - |
| Wood kitchen cabinets ...........................................'2434 | 47.9 | 49.3 | 57.8 | 58.6 | - | $38.1{ }^{\prime}$ | 39.2 | 47.1 | 48.0 | - |
| Hardwood veneer and plywood ............................... ${ }^{12435}$ | 22.4 | 23.2 | 24.8 | 25.0 | - | 19.6 | 20.3 | 21.9 | 22.0 | - |
| Softwood veneer and plywood ................................:2436 | 36.9 | 38.0 | 37.3 | 37.3 | - | 33.0 | 34.2 | $33.9{ }^{\prime}$ | 33.9 | - |
| Wood containers ...................................................... 244 | 37.9 | 38.7 | 40.6 | 41.5 | - | 32.1 | 32.7 | 34.6 | 35.4 | - |
| Wood buildings and mobile homes ............................ 245 | 69.0 | 73.1 . | 73.3: | 77.3 : | - | 52.8 | 56.8 | 56.7 | 60.2 | - |
| Mobile homes ....................................................... 2451 | 50.8 | $53.4{ }^{\prime}$ | 54.6 | 57.0 | - | 40.4 | 43.2 | 44.2 | 46.2 | - |
| Miscellaneous wood products ................................... 249 | 75.2 | 76.4 | 83.3 | 83.3 | - | 62.4 | 63.5 | 69.7 | 69.6 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers' |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May <br> 1983 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | May | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures .................................................. 25 | 439.3 ' | 443.9 | 482.2 | 481.0. | 484.5 | 348.0 | 352.2 | 386.6 . | 384.4 | 386.8 |
| Household furniture ................................................. 251 | 275.3 ! | 277.1 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 292.7 | 289.1. | - ' | 227.8: | 229.4 | 245.6 | 241.8 | - |
| Wood household furniture ...................................... 2511 | 123.2, | 123.6 | 128.3', | 127.1. | - | 106.1 | 106.7 | 111.5 | 110.2 | - |
| Upholstered househoid furniture ............................. 2512 | 84.4 | 85.7 | 90.3 | 89.31 | - | 68.1 , | 69.1. | 74.3 | 73.2 | - |
| Metal household furniture ...................................... 2514 | 26.9 | 26.6 | 31.5 | 30.6: | - | 21.7 | 21.4 | 25.9 | 25.0 | - |
| Mattresses and bedsprings ..................................... 2515 | 28.8 | 29.2 | 29.81 | 29.2i | - | 21.9' | 22.1 . | 23.0. | 22.3 | - |
| Office furniture ......................................................... 252 | 53.0 | 54.4 | 64.6' | 64.9 | - | 40.4' | 41.7 | 50.0 | 49.8 | - |
| Public building and related furniture ........................... 253 | $23.1{ }^{1}$ | 23.2 | 24.9 | 25.2 | - | 16.9 | 17.0. | 18.7 | 19.1: | - |
| Partitions and fixtures ............................................... 254 | 57.0 | 58.0 | 64.91 | 66.0! | - | 41.9 | 42.7. | 48.2. | 49.2 | - |
| Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures ........................... 259 | 30.9 | 31.2 | 35.1 | 35.8 | - | 21.0. | 21.4 | 24.1 | 24.5 | - |
| Stone, clay, and glass products .................................... 32 | 570.4i | 583.6 | 597.61 | 608.7i | 621.1; | 433.5: | 445.9: | 457.8 | 467.9, | 479.2 |
| Flat glass ............................................................... 321 | 15.3 ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | 15.5 | 15.71 | 15.6 | - | 11.9! | 12.2 | 12.5 | 12.3' | - |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or blown ..................... 322 | 103.8, | 105.4 | 100.6 | 100.6\| | - | 86.8 | 88.7! | 85.3 | $85.4{ }^{1}$ | - |
| Glass containers ................................................... 3221 | 56.9, | 57.9i | 51.81 | 51.61 | - | 49.6 | 50.9 | 45.6' | 45.5' | - |
| Pressed and blown glass, nec ................................'3229 | 46.9 | 47.5 | 48.8! | 49.0' | - | 37.2. | 37.8 | 39.7 : | 39.9' | - |
| Products of purchased glass ..................................... 323 | 44.8: | 44.9 | 48.8 | 48.7 | - | 29.9 | 29.7. | 33.8 | 33.7 | - |
| Cement, hydraulic .................................................... 324 | 25.9; | 26.3: | 26.1 | $26.2{ }^{\prime}$ | - | 20.3' | 20.8 | $20.4{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 20.5 | - |
| Structural clay products ........................................... 325 | 35.31 | 36.2 | 38.7 | 39.7 | - : | 26.6 | 27.5' | $29.9{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 30.9 | - |
| Pottery and related products ..................................... 326 | 38.61 | 38.9 | 40.4! | 40.5: | - | 30.3' | 30.4 | 31.8 | 32.1 | - |
| Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products .................... 327 | 185.11 | 193.0 | 196.4 | 205.0 | - : | $141.7^{\text {I }}$ | 148.9; | 150.8 | 159.0 | - |
| Concrete block and brick ....................................... 3271 | 17.4 ' | 18.0 | 18.7 | 19.3', | - | $11.7{ }^{\text {, }}$ | 12.2 | 12.7 | 13.2 | - |
| Concrete products, nec .......................................... 3272 | 59.9 | 62.01 | 66.9 | 68.5: | - | 44.1, | 46.0 | 49.7 | 51.1 | - |
| Ready-mixed concrete ........................................... 3273 | 90.7 | 95.3' | 92.3 | 98.6' | - | $72.2{ }^{\prime}$ | 76.5; | 73.8 | 79.9 | - |
| Misc. nonmetallic mineral products ............................ 329 | 110.8, | 112.6 | 119.7 | 121.3 | - | 77.6 | 79.2 | 84.5 | 85.2 | - |
| Abrasive products .................................................. 3291 | 22.0 ! | 22.5. | 23.9! | 24.6: | - | 14.3 | 14.8 . | 16.1 | 16.2 | - |
| Asbestos products ................................................ 3292 | 11.7! | 12.1, | 12.4 | 12.4. | - | 8.6 | 8.9 | 9.4 | 9.4 | - |
| Mineral wool .................................................... ...... 3296 | 25.5 | 26.0, | 27.3 , | 27.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Primary metal industries ..............................................'33 | 831.9, | 838.0 | 886.4 ${ }^{\text {! }}$ | $891.4{ }^{\text { }}$ | 901.2' | 618.6 | 623.9 | 675.8 | 679.9 | 688.3 |
| Blast furnaces and basic steel products ....................'331 | 343.5 | 345.8' | 349.2, | 350.5 | 353.9, | 257.4 | 259.8 | 269.8 | 270.9 | - |
| Blast furnaces and steel mills .................................'3312 | 279.7 | 282.2 . | 280.3. | 280.3 | - . | 210.8 | 213.6 | 218.2 | 218.2 | - |
| Steel pipe and tubes .............................................3317 | 24.1: | 24.0 ! | 24.8 | 25.6. | - | 17.2 | 17.0 | 18.1 | 18.8. | - |
| Iron and steel foundries ............................................ 332 | 139.8' | 140.8' | 157.2: | 158.1 | - | 106.2 | 107.2 | 124.2 | 125.4 | - |
| Gray iron foundries ................................................'3321 | $90.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | $90.4{ }^{\prime}$ | 100.7: | 101.9' | - | 71.1 | 71.6 | 82.2 | 83.4 | - |
| Malleable iron foundries ......................................... 3322 | 10.4 | 10.5: | 12.4: | 12.0 | - | 7.5 | 7.5 | 9.2 | 8.9 | - |
| Steel foundries, nec ...............................................'3325 | 28.9 , | 29.8. | 32.2 ! | 32.4 | - | 20.5 | 21.4 | 24.3 | 24.4' | - |
| Primary nonferrous metals ........................................' 333 | 48.5 ! | 49.8'; | 54.6: | 54.6 | - | 34.8 | 35.9 | $40.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 40.3', | - |
| Primary aluminum ..................................................i3334 | 24.3 . | 25.2 | 29.8. | 29.6 | - | 18.2 | 18.9 | $23.2{ }^{\prime}$ | $23.1{ }^{1}$ | - |
| Nonferrous rolling and drawing .................................',335 | 183.0 | 182.9, | 189.5 | 191.1 | - | 129.5 | 128.9 | 134.6 | 135.5 | - |
| Copper rolling and drawing .....................................; 3351 | 25.1: | 25.2 | $25.4{ }^{\prime}$ | 26.9 | - | 18.3 | 18.4 | 18.7 | 19.8 | - |
| Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil ............................... 3353 | 30.1 . | 29.4 | 31.2 | 31.3 | - | 23.5 | 22.4 | $24.1{ }^{\prime}$ | 23.9 | - |
| Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating ................... 3357 | $78.7{ }^{\prime}$ | 79.2 : | 81.7' | 81.4 | - | 55.5 | 55.7 | 58.0 | 57.8 | - |
| Nonferrous foundries ................................................ 336 | 77.1 | 78.4 . | 88.8! | 89.6 | - | 61.6 | 62.7 | 71.6 | 72.2 | - |
| Aluminum foundries ...............................................:3361 | 46.0 . | 46.7 | 53.9. | 54.9 | - | 37.7 : | 38.4 | 44.3 | 45.21 | - |
| Fabricated metal products ..........................................'34 | ', 1,353.4' | 1,369.1. | 1,456.0 | 1,467.0 | 1,487.7 | 979.1, | 993.4 | 1,071.6 | 1,081.3 | 1,099.0 |
| Metal cans and shipping containers ........................... 341 | 62.4; | 62.4 : | 61.2' | 61.0 | - | 52.7 | $52.8{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 51.6, | 51.6 | - |
| Metal cans ...........................................................'3411 | 50.1 ; | 50.1 ' | 48.9! | 48.8 | - | 43.2 | 43.2 | 42.1 | 42.1 | - |
| Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware ............................. 342 | 136.0. | 137.7 | 146.4. | 146.5 | - | 99.8 | 101.6 | $109.4{ }^{\text { }}$ | 109.5 | - |
| Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades ..., 3423,5 | 42.8 | 43.3 | 45.7: | 46.2 | - | 31.2 | 31.5 | 33.8 | 34.2 | - |
| Hardware, nec ....................................................... 3429 | $79.8{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 80.8. | 87.0 | 86.7 | - | 59.5 | 60.8 | 66.4 | 66.1 | - |
| Plumbing and heating, except electric ........................ 343 | 58.9 | 60.3 | 64.4 | 65.0 | - | 41.4 | 42.3 | 45.9 | 46.3 | - |
| Plumbing fittings and brass goods ........................... 3432 | 24.0 | 24.4' | 27.7. | 27.8 | - | 18.4 | 18.6 | 21.1 | 21.1 | - |
| Heating equipment, except electric .......................... 3433 | 26.3 | 27.1 | 27.1. | 27.8 | - | 17.0 | 17.6 | 17.7 | 18.2 | - |
| Fabricated structural metal products ........................... 344 | 416.1 . | 424.5 | 441.5 | 447.6 | - : | 277.9 | 285.6 | 299.4 | 304.3 | - |
| Fabricated structural metal ..................................... 3441 | $75.1{ }^{\text {- }}$ | 75.4, | 77.1 | 78.1 | - | 51.2 | 51.6 | 53.1 | 53.9 | - |
| Metal doors, sash, and trim .................................... 3442 | 78.1 | 82.3 | 86.2 | 88.7 | - | 56.5 | 60.2 | 62.7 | 64.4 | - |
| Fabricated plate work (boiler shops) ........................ 3443 | 104.5. | 104.7 | 104.6 | 104.7 | - | 60.1 | 60.2 | $60.5{ }^{1}$ | 60.5 | - |
| Sheet metal work .................................................. 3444 | 101.3 | 103.3 | 113.0 | 113.7 | - | 72.1 | 74.1 | 82.7 | 83.4 | - |
| Architectural metal work ......................................... 3446 | 26.6 | 27.2 | 26.9 | 27.4 | - | 18.3 | 18.8 | 19.1 | 19.7 | - |

[^19]ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued
(in thousands)

|  | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers' |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry $\quad$ SIC | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\rho} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\triangleright} \end{gathered}$ |
| Durable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Screw machine products, bolts, etc ........................... 345 | 84.3 | 85.3 | $94.3{ }^{\prime}$ | 94.9 | - | $62.5{ }^{\prime}$ | 63.2 | 72.0 ; | 72.7 | - |
| Screw machine products ........................................ 3451 | 38.5 | $39.4{ }^{1}$ | 45.4 | 45.8 ${ }^{1}$ | - | $30.1^{1}$ | 30.8 ! | 36.7 ! | 37.3 | - |
| Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers .............................. 3452 | 45.8. | 45.9. | 48.91 | $49.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | - ! | 32.4\| | 32.4 | 35.31 | 35.4 | - |
| Metal forgings and stampings ................................... 346 | 224.4 | 225.6; | 253.9 | 255.1 | - | 177.2 | 178.3 ! | 203.9 | 204.9 | - |
| Iron and steel forgings ........................................... 3462 | 30.4 . | 30.3 ! | $33.7{ }_{1}^{1}$ | 33.9 | - | 22.71 | $22.7{ }^{\text {! }}$ | 26.01 | 26.2 | - |
| Automotive stampings ........................................... 3465 | 85.3 | 85.5 | 98.8 | 99.4 | - | 72.3 ! | 72.5 | 84.7 ! | 85.2; | - |
| Metal stampings, nec ............................................ 3469 | 97.9 | 99.51 | 110.3 ! | 110.7 | - | 74.0 | 75.41 | 84.9 | 85.2 | - |
| Metal services, nec ...................................................347 | 95.1 : | 96.0: | 102.1 ! | 102.3 | - | 75.3 | 76.71 | 82.1 | 82.3 | - |
| Plating and polishing ............................................. 3471 | 65.4 : | 66.2 , | 70.6 | 71.1 | - | 53.0 | 54.1 | 58.0 | 58.4 | - |
| Metal coating and allied services ............................ 3479 | 29.7 ; | 29.8 , | 31.5 | 31.2 | - | 22.31 | 22.6 | 24.1 | 23.9 | - |
| Ordnance and accessories, nec ................................ 348 | $64.4{ }^{\prime}$ | 64.6 : | 65.5 | 66.8 | - | 41.6 | 41.4 | 42.2 | 43.4 | - |
| Ammunition, except for small arms, nec .................. 3483 | 29.01 | 29.1; | 29.6 | 30.7 | - | 19.0 | 18.91 | 18.8 | 19.9 | - |
| Misc. fabricated metal products ................................. 349 | 211.8, | $212.7{ }^{\prime}$ | 226.7! | 227.8 | - | 150.7 | 151.5 | 165.1 | 166.3 ! | - |
| Valves and pipe fittings ..........................................'3494 | 83.2 , | $82.9{ }^{1}$ | $85.2 \mid$ | ${ }^{85.3}{ }^{\text {i }}$ | - | 54.0 | $54.0{ }^{1}$ | 57.6 | 57.6 ${ }^{\prime}$ | - |
| Misc. fabricated wire products ................................ 3496 | 50.1! | 50.7 | 56.5 | 56.8 | - | 37.7 | 38.01 | 43.2 | 43.5 | - |
| Machinery, except electrical ........................................ 35 | ! 2,017.8 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 2,026.9 | 2,193.8 | 2,207.0 | 2,226.2 | 1,183.9 | 1,190.3 | 1,335.6 | 1,344.7 | 1,361.4 |
| Engines and turbines ..............................................., 351 | 107.3: | 107.5 | 114.3 | 113.6 | - | 63.6 | 64.0 ! | 71.6\| | $70.7{ }^{\text {i }}$ | - |
| Turbines and turbine generator sets ......................., 3511 | 36.6 | 35.5 | 34.6 | 35.0 | - | 19.4 | 18.2 | 17.1 | 17.4! | - |
| Internal combustion engines, nec ............................ 3519 | 70.7 | 72.0 | 79.7 | 78.61 | - | 44.21 | 45.8 | 54.5 | 53.31 | - |
| Farm and garden machinery .....................................'352 | 109.2 ! | 108.3 | 119.8 | 118.8 | - | 71.7 | 70.7 | 81.6 | 80.41 | - |
| Farm machinery and equipment .............................. 3523 | $89.3{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 88.9 | 95.9, | 95.9 ! | - | 57.71 | 57.2 | 63.8 | 63.7 | - |
| Construction and related machinery .......................... 353 | 253.7 | 254.0 | 273.2 i | 276.1 | - | 142.9 | 144.3 | 166.9 | 169.5 ! | - |
| Construction machinery .......................................... ${ }^{1} 3531$ | 87.5 | 87.9 | 94.6 | 95.41 | - | 44.8 | 46.5! | 57.0 | 57.9 | - |
| Mining machinery ..................................................'3532 | 21.9 | 22.0 | 23.8 | 23.91 | - | 12.3 | 12.3 | 14.0 | 14.3 ! | - |
| Oil field machinery .................................................'3533 | 71.3 | 69.8 | 74.7 | 75.81 | - | 44.0 | 42.6 | 47.8 | 48.61 | - |
| Conveyors and conveying equipment ...................... 3535 | 25.4 | 25.8 | 28.2 | 28.71 | - | 13.0 | $13.2 \mid$ | 14.8 | 15.01 | - |
| Industrial trucks and tractors .................................. 3537 | 24.4 | 24.9 | 27.3 | 27.81 | - | 14.7 | 15.3 | $18.2{ }^{\prime}$ | 18.7 | - |
| Metalworking machinery ...........................................'354 | 273.2 | 274.1 | 306.1 ! | 308.2 | - | 187.7 ! | 188.7 | 216.91 | $219.0!$ | - |
| Machine tools, metal cutting types .......................... 3541 | 51.4 | 51.6 | 55.31 | 55.8 | - | 29.0 | 29.3 | $33.2 \mid$ | 33.71 |  |
| Machine tools, metal forming types ........................\|3542 | 17.0 | 16.9 | 18.6 | 18.9 | - | 9.9 | 9.8 ! | 11.3 | 11.5! | - |
| Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures ........................ 3544 | $117.1^{\prime}$ | 117.9 | 133.3 | 133.8 ! | - | 90.0 | 90.8 ! | 104.1 | 105.0 | - |
| Machine tool accessories ...................................... ${ }^{13545}$ | 50.3 | 50.3i | 57.9 | 58.3 | - | 33.8 | 33.9 | 40.5 | $40.8{ }^{\prime}$ | - |
| Power driven hand tools ........................................', 3546 | 20.9 | 21.3: | 23.4 | 23.7i | - | 15.0 | 15.3 | 16.6 | 16.8 | - |
| Special industry machinery ......................................., 355 | 158.8 | 159.4 ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | 165.8 | 167.21 | - | 93.0 | 93.21 | 99.0 | 100.2 | - |
| Food products machinery ....................................... 3551 | 36.4 | 36.3 | 36.7 | $36.7{ }^{\text {i }}$ | - | 22.3 | 22.3 | 22.7 | 22.8 \| | - |
| Textile machinery .................................................. 3552 | 20.2' | 20.41 | 21.2 | 21.4 | - | 13.5 | 13.7 | 14.6 | 14.8 | - |
| Printing trades machinery ...................................... 3555 | 32.9: | 33.01 | 33.4 | 33.91 | - | 18.8 | 18.9' | 19.2 | 19.7 | - |
| General industrial machinery ..................................... 356 | 249.9 | 250.6 | 273.91 | 276.1, | - | 152.7 | 154.1 | 174.5 | 176.4 | - |
| Pumps and pumping equipment ..................................... 3561 | 48.5 | 48.6 | 52.5, | 52.8: | - | 26.8 | 26.9 | 30.2 | 30.5 | - |
| Ball and roller bearings .......................................... 3562 | 42.8 | 43.2 | 49.2 i | 49.8 | - | 31.6 | 31.9 | 37.2 ! | 37.8 | - |
| Air and gas compressors ....................................... 3563 | 23.3 | 23.4 | $22.4{ }^{1}$ | 22.81 | - | 11.5 | 11.7 | 11.8 | 12.2 | - |
| Blowers and fans ..................................................'3564 | 31.9 | 31.6 | 34.61 | 34.7! | - | 19.4 | 19.3 | 21.31 | 21.4 | - |
| Speed changers, drives, and gears ......................... 3566 | 18.5 | 18.5: | 20.2 | 20.31 |  | 11.6 | 11.8 | 13.6 | 13.6 | - |
| Power transmission equipment, nec ......................... 3568 | 15.9 | 16.2! | $19.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 19.41 | , | 10.5 | 10.7 | 13.0 | 13.2 | - |
| Office and computing machines ................................357 | 471.3 | 478.6 | 497.81 | 500.2 ! | - | 189.1 | 191.5\| | 199.8 | 200.21 | - |
| Electronic computing equipment .............................. 3573 | 405.2 . | 412.3 | 432.3! | 434.8 | - | 155.6 | 157.91 | 165.2 | 165.71 | - |
| Refrigeration and service machinery .......................... 358 | 157.7. | 156.6. | 178.3! | 180.0 | - | 107.5 | 107.0 | 125.4 | 126.9 \| | - |
| Refrigeration and heating equipment ....................... 3585 | 109.8. | 108.8 | 126.2 | 127.5 | - | 76.1 \| | 75.71 | 90.9 | 91.9 | - |
| Misc. machinery, except electrical ............................. 359 | 236.7 | 237.8: | $264.6{ }_{\text {i }}$ | 266.8 | - | 175.7 | 176.8 | 199.9 | 201.4 | - |
| Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves ....................;3592 | 33.6 : | 33.4' | 37.61 | 38.3 | - | 26.9 | 26.6 | 30.1 | 30.9 | - |
| Machinery, except electrical, nec ............................ 3599 | 203.1 | $204.4{ }^{\prime}$ | 227.0 | 228.5 |  | 148.8 | 150.2 | 169.8 | 170.5 | - |
| Electrical and electronic equipment .............................. 36 | 1,984.1 | 2,017.2 | 2,205.8 | 2,224.9 | 2,257.2 | 1,203.0 | 1,222.5 | 1,369.7 | 1,382.0 | 1,403.1 |
| Electric distributing equipment ................................... 361 | 106.7 | 107.5' | 112.6, | 113.2, | - | 75.6 | 76.5 | 81.5 ! | 81.8 | - |
| Transformers ......................................................... 3612 | 47.3 | 47.9 | 50.51 | 50.9 | - | 32.81 | 33.5 | 36.4 | 36.71 | - |
| Switchgear and switchboard apparatus ................... 3613 | 59.4 | 59.6 | 62.11 | 62.3 |  | 42.81 | 43.0 | 45.1 | 45.1 | - |
| Electrical industrial apparatus ................................... 362 | 193.8 | 195.6 | 214.2 | 215.6 | - | 133.1 | 134.6 | 152.0 | 153.5 | - |
| Motors and generators .......................................... 3621 | 96.3 ' | 97.6 | 107.2, | 107.7: | - | 73.31 | 74.4 | 83.4 | 83.9! | - |
| Industrial controls .................................................. 3622 | 61.0 | 61.4 | 66.9 | 67.4 | - | 35.8 | 36.01 | 40.8 | 41.5 | - |
| Household appliances .............................................. 363 | 137.1 | 141.4 | 156.6 | 157.2 | - | 107.1 | 110.7 | 124.1 | 124.9 | - |
| Household refrigerators and freezers ....................... 3632 | 24.5 | 26.2 | 32.8 | 33.1 | - | 19.5 | $20.9{ }^{\text { }}$ | 27.1 | 27.5 | - |
| Household laundry equipment ................................. 3633 | 18.9 | 19.0 | 19.6 | 19.0' | - | 14.7 | 14.9 | 15.2 | 14.5 | - |
| Electric housewares and fans ................................ 3634 | 41.3 | 41.9 | 44.2 | 44.8: | - | 31.9 | 32.3 | 34.0 | 34.5 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA <br> EMPLOYMENT

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued
(in thousands)

| 1972 | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry $\begin{gathered}\text { SIC } \\ \text { Code }\end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\text {p }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\rho} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984^{\text {}} \end{aligned}$ |
| Durable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical and electronic equipment--Continued |  |  |  |  |  | ' |  |  | i |  |
| Electric lighting and wiring equipment ......................... 364 | 184.0 | 186.5 | 202.8 | 202.8 | - | 134.5: | 136.21 | 149.3 | 148.8' | - |
| Electric lamps ....................................................... 3641 | 27.4 | 27.5 | 28.5 | 28.6! | - 1 | 23.8 | 24.01 | 24.8 | 24.8 | - |
| Current-carrying wiring devices ............................... 3643 | 76.7 | 77.9 | 86.5 | 87.0 | - | 51.4 | 51.91 | 58.3 | 58.5 | - |
| Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices .........................'3644 | 16.8 | 17.1. | 17.5 | 17.6 | - | 12.0! | 12.3 | 12.5 | 12.7 | - |
| Residential lighting fixtures .....................................'3645 | 24.5 | 25.2' | 27.6 | 26.7: | - 1 | 18.4 | 19.0', | 21.1 | 20.1 | - |
| Radio and TV receiving equipment ............................ 365 | 85.8 | 85.7! | 88.7 | 90.8; | - | 59.8' | 59.4 | 61.8 | 63.4 | - |
| Radio and TV receiving sets ................................... 3651 | 65.9 i | 66.0 | 70.0 | 70.5 | - | 45.2 | 44.9 ! | 48.2 | 48.2: | - |
| Communication equipment ....................................... 366 | 565.3. | 573.6 | 600.4! | 604.9 | - | 258.8 | 261.1 | 277.1 | 279.7! | - |
| Telephone and telegraph apparatus ........................'3661 | 139.8: | 141.6' | 148.9 | 150.2 | - | 88.5 ! | 89.0 | 95.9' | 96.8 | - |
| Radio and TV communication equipment ................. 3662 | 425.5; | 432.0 | 451.5 | 454.7 | - 1 | 170.3 | 172.1 | 181.2 | 182.9 | - |
| Electronic components and accessories ....................'367 | 568.2 | 582.5 | 670.0 | 680.01 | - | 332.8 | 341.8! | 408.0 | 414.7 | - |
| Electronic tubes .....................................................3671-3 | $38.6{ }^{\text { }}$ | 39.3 | 41.1 | 41.4 | - | 24.7! | 25.0 | 25.3 | 25.31 | - |
| Semiconductors and related devices ....................... 3674 | 229.8; | 234.2 | 263.4 | 267.5 | - | 96.4 | 98.1 | 115.6 | 117.9 | - |
| Electronic components, nec ...................................'3679 | 230.5 | 237.3 | 277.8 | 281.9 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | - | 160.1 | 165.1 | 199.0 | 202.1 | - |
| Misc. electrical equipment and supplies ..................... 369 | 143.2! | 144.4 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 160.5 | 160.4 | - | 101.3 | 102.2 | 115.9 | 115.2 | - |
| Storage batteries ...................................................3691 | 26.6 | 27.3! | 30.2 | 29.8 | - | 20.6 | 21.3 | 23.7 | 23.2 | - |
| Engine electrical equipment .................................... 3694 | $56.0!$ | 56.5; | 64.7 | 65.0 | - | 43.2 | 43.7 | 51.2 | 51.3 | - |
| Transportation equipment ............................................ 37 | 1,739.9 | 1,747.7 | 1,906.9 | 1,921.8 | 1,937.6 | 1,090.8 | 1,098.7 | 1,226.1 | 1,237.1 | 244.4 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment ....................................371 | 744.1' | 753.6! | 856.2 | 863.9 | 873.9 | 558.0 | 569.0 | 659.9 | 667.6: | - |
| Motor vehicles and car bodies ................................ 3711 | 349.4 | 351.91 | 380.9 | 384.4 | - | 251.5 | 256.3 | 280.51 | 284.4 | - |
| Truck and bus bodies ............................................ 3713 | 33.1 | 33.81 | 39.81 | 40.2' | - | 25.2 | 25.7' | 31.2 | 31.6 | - |
| Motor vehicle parts and accessories ....................... 3714 | 330.1 | 334.31 | 385.1 | 387.81 | - | 257.3 | 261.0 | 307.5 | 310.0 | - |
| Truck trailers ........................................................ ${ }^{1} 3715$ | 20.4 | 22.0 | 32.4 | 33.3 | - | 15.1 | 16.6 | 25.6 | 26.5 | - |
| Aircraft and parts ..................................................... 372 | 578.9 | 575.7 | 592.6 | 595.2 | - | 284.7 | 280.1 | 285.3 | 286.6 | - |
| Aircraft ................................................................. 3721 | 307.1 i | 306.0 | 314.8 | 316.3' | - | 134.1 | 131.9 | 132.8 | 133.3 | - |
| Aircraft engines and engine parts ...........................'3724 | 142.4, | 139.6 | 142.2 | 142.7! | - | 76.6 | 73.9 | 74.7 | 75.0 | - |
| Aircraft equipment, nec .........................................'3728 | 129.4; | 130.1 | 135.6 | 136.2 | - | 74.0 | 74.3 | 77.8 | 78.3 | - |
| Ship and boat building and repairing ......................... 373 | 187.9 | 186.9 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 205.61 | 209.5 | - | 141.9 | 142.2 | 157.7 | 159.9 | - |
| Ship building and repairing ..................................... 13731 | 145.2 | 144.1i | 155.1 | 158.5 | - | 106.6 | 106.7 | 115.4 | 117.6 | - |
| Boat building and repairing .....................................'3732 | 42.71 | 42.8 | 50.5 | 51.0 | - | 35.3 | 35.5 | 42.3 | 42.31 | - |
| Railroad equipment ................................................... 374 | 29.0 | 29.8. | 36.0 | 36.4 | - | 17.8 | 18.8 | 24.6 | 25.0 | - |
| Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts ................'376 | 137.4 | 138.8: | 147.8 | 148.7! | - | 44.6' | 44.7 | 48.9 | 49.6 | - |
| Guided missiles and space vehicles ........................'3761 | 106.8 | 107.7: | 114.1 | 114.8 | - | 33.5 | 33.5 | 36.7 | 37.3 | - |
| Miscellaneous transportation equipment .................... 379 | 47.4 | 47.6' | 51.3 | 50.9 i | - | 32.7 | 32.6 | 36.6 | 35.6 | - |
| Travel trailers and campers .................................... 3792 | 20.5i' | 21.0, | 23.9 | 23.21 | - | 16.3 | 16.6 | 19.7 | 18.5 | - |
| Instruments and related products ................................. 38 | 688.2 | 692.5! | 717.2 | 720.9 | 728.7 | 385.9 | 388.6 | 402.3 | 404.1 | 408.4 |
| Engineering and scientific instruments ....................... 381 | 75.5 | 75.81 | 78.9 | 79.7 | - | 34.9 | 35.11 | 35.5 | 35.7 | - |
| Measuring and controlling devices ............................'382 | $231.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 232.0 | 248.4 | 250.6 | - | 135.8 | 136.2 | 144.5 | 145.6 | - |
| Environmental controls ..........................................;3822 | 41.6 | 41.8' | 47.0 | 47.4 | - | 27.3 | 27.3 | 30.2 ' | 30.4 | - |
| Process control instruments ................................... 33823 | 52.7 | 52.5 | 53.2 | 53.4 | - | 25.3 | 25.2 | 25.5 | 25.8 | - |
| Instruments to measure electricity ...........................'3825 | 97.2 ! | 97.91 | 104.9 | $106.2{ }^{\text {i }}$ | - | 56.4 | 56.8 | 60.0 | 60.51 | - |
| Optical instruments and lenses .................................. 383 | 32.5, | 32.7 ! | 31.5 | 31.4 | - | 16.2 | 16.2' | 16.9 | 17.0 | - |
| Medical instruments and supplies .............................'384 | 166.5 | 169.7i | 177.0 | 177.2 | - | 101.0 | 103.1; | 107.5 | 107.5 | - |
| Surgical and medical instruments ............................; 3841 | 83.0 | 85.0' | 86.4 | 86.5 | - | 48.1 | 49.4 | 49.7 | 49.6 | - |
| Surgical appliances and supplies ............................;3842 | 69.4 | $70.7{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 76.0 | 76.0 | - | 44.7 | 45.6 | 49.31 | 49.3 | - |
| Ophthalmic goods .................................................... 385 | 38.5 | 38.8 . | $40.7{ }^{\text { }}$ | 40.8 | - | 26.4 | 26.7 | 27.1 | $27.2^{\prime}$ | - |
| Photographic equipment and supplies ......................., 386 | 128.1 | 127.3: | 124.3 | 124.8 | - | 60.9 | 60.2 | 59.5 | 59.8 : | - |
| Watches, clocks, and watchcases ...........................;387 | $16.0{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 16.2! | 16.4 | 16.4 | - | 10.7 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 11.3 | - |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing .......................................39 | 369.9 | 375.0' | 386.3 | 385.5 | 388.5 | 266.2 | 270.7 ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | 281.4 | 281.1 | 284.9 |
| Jewelry, silvenware, and plated ware .........................; 391 | 52.3 | 52.6 | 52.9 | 52.1 ' | - | 36.91 | 37.0, | 36.3' | 35.9 | - |
| Jewelry, precious metal .........................................,3911 | 35.1 | $35.0{ }^{1}$ | 35.3 | 34.6 | - | 24.7 | 24.5 | 24.1 | 23.8 | - |
| Musical instruments ................................................. 393 | 16.4 | 16.6 | 17.9 | 17.71 | - | 12.7 | 12.9 | 14.1' | 13.8' | - |
| Toys and sporting goods .........................................'; 394 | 108.9 | 110.9 | 119.1 | 120.2 | - | 78.1 | 80.21 | 89.41 | 90.5 | - |
| Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles ..............i3942,4 | 57.6 | 59.5: | 58.6 | 59.8 | - | 39.1! | $41 .{ }^{\prime}$ | 42.3 | 43.5 ! | - |
| Sporting and athletic goods, nec ............................'3949 | 51.3 | 51.4: | 60.5 | 60.4: | - | 39.0 | $39.0{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 47.1 ! | 47.01 | - |
| Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies ........................'395 | 32.4! | 32.9 | 33.6 | 33.7 : | - | 22.3 | 23.0 ! | 23.0 | 23.1 | - |
| Costume jewelry and notions ..................................... 396 | 37.4 | 37.8 | $35.8{ }^{1}$ | 35.2 | - | 28.7' | 29.1 | 27.1 | 26.6 | - |
| Costume jewelry ..................................................., 3961 | 20.5 | 20.7 | 19.7 | 19.2 | - | 15.9 | 16.0 | 14.9 | 14.4 | - |
| Miscellaneous manufactures .................................... 399 | 122.5 | 124.2 | 127.0 | 126.6 | - | 87.5 | 88.5 | 91.5 | $91.2{ }^{\text {' }}$ | - |
| Signs and advertising displays ................................ 3993 | 46.2 | 47.2 | 49.9 | 49.8 | - | 32.4; | 33.2 | 35.3 | 35.3 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers' |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\triangleright} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984^{\text {P }} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Nondurable goods | 7,630 | 7,743 | 7,899 | 7,931. | 8,006 | 5,350 | 5,443 | 5,574 | 5,594 | 5,661 |
| Food and kindred products .........................................\|20 | - 1,575.6 | 1,618.2 | 1,583.8 | 1,599.6 | 1,631.3 | 1,075.2 | 1,112.5 | 1,083.4 | 1,097.8 | 1,127.6 |
| Meat products .........................................................201 | $340.7{ }^{\prime}$ | 342.2 | 348.7 | 351.2 | - | 283.8 | 284.9 | 291.2 | 294.2 | - |
| Meat packing plants .............................................. 2011 | 141.2 | 138.6 | 145.1 | 144.8: | - | 114.4 | 112.2' | 118.9 | 119.2 | - |
| Sausages and other prepared meats ...................... 2013 | 71.0 | 72.5 : | 71.6 | 71.9 | - | 52.7. | 53.9 | 53.2 | 53.2 | - |
| Poultry dressing plants ..........................................'2016 | 111.4 | 113.6: | $114.7{ }^{\prime}$ | 117.3 | - | 101.6 | 103.4 | 103.9 | 106.6 | - |
| Dairy products .........................................................' 202 | 164.2. | 168.0. | 162.1 | 164.2 | - | 94.0 | 97.3 | 93.8 | 95.7 | - |
| Cheese, natural and processed .............................. 2022 | 37.9 | 38.7 | 36.7 | 37.3 | - | 28.9 | 29.7 | 28.0 | 28.6 | - |
| Fluid milk ..............................................................'2026 | 88.6: | 90.0 | 87.71 | 88.2 | - | 40.7 | 41.8. | 41.5 | 41.7 | - |
| Preserved fruits and vegetables ................................',203 | 206.3, | 226.9 | 209.0' | 216.2 | - | 166.8 | 185.8 | 168.3' | 175.0 | - |
| Canned specialties .................................................2032 | 22.9: | 23.8. | 24.4' | 24.8 | - | 16.9 | $17.5{ }^{\prime}$ | 17.7. | 17.9 | - |
| Canned fruits and vegetables .................................:2033 | 69.3 | 75.7: | 66.1 ' | 69.4 | - | 54.0 | $59.5{ }^{\prime}$ | 51.5 | 55.0 | - |
| Frozen fruits and vegetabies ................................... 2037 | 44.7 | 52.1 : | $44.6{ }^{\prime}$ | 46.4 | - | 38.3 | 45.3 | 38.7 | 40.6 | - |
| Grain mill products ...................................................204 | 129.0 | 132.0' | 128.2 | 128.6 | - | 86.7 | 89.2 | 86.0 | 86.0 | - |
| Flour and other grain mill products ......................... 2041 | 24.9 | $25.3{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 24.4 | 24.5 | - | 15.0 | 15.1. | 14.6 | 14.7 | - |
| Prepared feeds, nec ............................................... 2048 | 47.8 | 48.5 ! | 46.5 | 46.6 | - | 30.3, | 31.1 | 29.1 | 29.1 | - |
| Bakery products ....................................................... 205 | 214.8! | 217.01 | 212.5 | 214.1 | - | 126.4. | 128.9. | 126.1 : | 127.1 | - |
| Bread, cake, and related products .......................... 2051 | 171.1, | 172.6 | 169.3 | 170.1, | - | 91.5' | 93.2 ! | 91.3 | 91.7 | - |
| Cookies and crackers ............................................ 2052 | 43.7 | 44.4 | 43.2 | 44.0 |  | 34.9 | 35.7 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | $34.8{ }^{\prime}$ | 35.4 | - |
| Sugar and confectionery products ............................. 206 | 94.6 | 96.0 | 95.0 | 94.8 | - | 72.3 | 73.7 | 71.4 | 71.4 | - |
| Cane and beet sugar ............................................. 2061-3 | 24.7 | 23.8 | 23.4 | 23.4 |  | 18.4 | $17.7{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 17.6 | 17.7 | - |
| Confectionery products .........................................:2065 | 50.8 | 52.4' | 52.5 | 52.0 | - | 41.0' | 42.5' | 41.2 | 40.7 | - |
| Fats and oils ...........................................................i207 | 39.2 | 38.8 | 39.6 | 39.0: | - | 29.1. | 28.7! | 29.2, | 28.9 | - |
| Beverages ............................................................... '208 | 225.2 | 228.5 | 224.3 | 225.7 | - | 96.6. | 98.0 : | 95.8 | 96.8 | - |
| Malt beverages ..................................................... 2082 | 49.7 | 48.9 | $48.4{ }^{\prime}$ | $48.4{ }^{\text { }}$ | - | 31.9: | 30.5 | 29.7 | 29.9 | - |
| Bottled and canned soft drinks ............................... 2086 | 130.5 ! | 133.3' | $130.6{ }^{\text { }}$ | 132.7 | - | 41.9 | 43.4 | $42.1{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 43.2 . | - |
| Misc. food and kindred products .......................................... 209 | 161.6 | 168.8 | 164.4' | 165.8. | - | 119.5 | 126.0 | 121.6 | 122.7 | - |
| Tobacco manufactures ............................................... 21 | : 64.2 | 64.4 | $62.4{ }^{\prime}$ | 61.9 : | 62.7 | $48.3{ }^{\circ}$ | 48.2 ' | 46.0 | 45.3 | 46.1 |
| Cigarettes ................................................................ 211 | 47.1. | 47.5 | 44.4 | 44.4 | - | $35.5{ }^{\text { }}$ | 35.7 : | 32.5 | 32.5: | - |
| Textile mill products .................................................... 22 | 736.4 | 746.0 | 765.6 | $763.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 763.8 | 634.2' | 643.7': | 663.4' | $660.6{ }^{\circ}$ | 662.7 |
| Weaving mills, cotton ............................................... 221 | 123.1. | 124.1 | 123.1 | 123.0: | - | 109.0 | 110.3 | 110.4 | 110.4 : | - |
| Weaving mills, synthetics .......................................... 222 | 89.6 | 91.3 | 92.7 | 92.9! | - | 80.0 | $81.7{ }^{\prime}$ | 82.6 | 82.8 | - |
| Weaving and finishing mills, wool .............................. 223 | $17.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 17.7 | 19.1 | 19.1 | - | 14.4 | 14.91 | 16.2 | 16.1. | - |
| Narrow fabric mills ................................................... 2224 | 22.2 | 22.5 | 23.5 : | $23.4{ }^{1}$ | - | 19.1 : | 19.4; | 20.1; | 20.0 | - |
| Knitting mills ........................................................... 2225 | 202.9 | 206.3 | 210.4 | 210.3 | - | 175.1, | 178.1. | 183.2 | 183.1 | - |
| Women's hosiery, except socks .............................. 2251 | 32.4. | 33.4 | 35.2 | $35.1{ }^{\prime}$ | - | 29.0 | 29.7. | 31.8. | 31.5 | - |
| Hosiery, nec .......................................................... 2252 | 34.4 | 35.2 | $35.7{ }^{\prime}$ | $35.7{ }^{\circ}$ | - | 31.1 | 31.9 | 32.1 . | 32.1 | - |
| Knit outerwear mills ............................................... 2253 | 62.3 | 62.8 : | 63.1 | 63.4 | - | 53.0 | 53.7 . | 54.3 | 54.5 | - |
| Knit underwear mills .............................................. 2254 | $29.7{ }^{\prime}$ | 30.2 | 31.2 | 31.2 | - | 25.2 | $25.6{ }^{\prime}$ | 26.8' | 26.9 | - |
| Circular knit fabric mills .......................................... 2257 | 25.2 | 25.2 | 25.5 | 25.2 . | - | 21.2 | 21.2! | 21.7 . | 21.5 | - |
| Textile finishing, except wool .................................... 226 | 63.5 | 63.7 ' | 65.4 | 64.6; | - | 52.9 | $53.1{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 55.2 | 54.4 | - |
| Finishing plants, cotton ......................................... 2261 | 25.5 | 25.5' | 25.7 | 25.2: | - | 21.2 | 21.1 | 21.6 | 21.1 | - |
| Finishing plants, synthetics .................................... 2262 | 23.5 | 23.5 | 24.0 | 23.8, | - | 19.5 | 19.6 | 20.2 | 20.0 | - |
| Floor covering mills .................................................'227 | 48.0 | 48.2 | 52.7 | 52.7 | - | 37.9 | 38.4 | 42.5 | 42.4 | - |
| Yarn and thread mills ............................................... 228 | 111.5 | 112.6 | 115.1 | 113.7. | - | 99.9 | 100.9 | 102.6: | 101.2 | - |
| Yarn mills, except wool .......................................... 2281 | 77.0 | 77.7 | 78.7 | 77.9 | - | 69.7 | 70.3 | 70.9: | 70.2 - | - |
| Throwing and winding mills ..................................... 2282 | 16.9 | 17.1. | 18.4 | 17.9 | - | 15.0 | $15.2{ }^{1}$ | 16.4 | 15.9 | - |
| Miscellaneous textile goods ..................................... 229 | $58.5{ }^{\prime}$ | 59.6 | 63.6 | 63.4 | - | 45.9 | $46.9{ }^{\prime}$ | 50.6 | 50.2 | - |
| Apparel and other textile products ............................... 23 | 1,153.5 | 1,172.8 | 1,220.6 | 1,221.4 | 1,228.5 | 975.9 | 993.3 | 1,035.8 | 1,035.9' | 1,037.7 |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats ............................... 231 | 70.1 | 71.0 | 72.7 | 72.7 | - | 61.1 | 62.0 | 63.5 | 63.6 | - |
| Men's and boys' furnishings ..................................... 232 | 322.8 | 328.2 | 346.9 | 349.5 | - | 276.1 | 281.1 | 298.6 | 301.0 | - |
| Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear ..................... 2321 | 92.6 | 94.5 | 99.2 | 100.8 | - | 79.7 | 81.5 | 86.0 | 87.7 | - |
| Nen's and boys' separate trousers ......................... 2327 | 63.2 | 63.8 | 67.3 | 67.9 | - | 54.9 | 55.5 | $58.4{ }^{\text { }}$ | 58.9 | - |
| den's and boys' work clothing ...............................:2328 | 97.2 | 99.3 | 105.4 | 105.5 | - | 82.3 | 84.2 | 89.7 | 89.8 | - |
| omen's and misses' outerwear ...............................!233 | 384.5 | 389.6 | 401.6 | 398.8 | - | 325.9 | 329.9 | 339.9 | 336.9 | - |
| Nomen's and misses' blouses and waists ................ 2331 | 59.6 | 60.9 | 59.4 | 58.9 | - | 50.5 | 51.6 | 50.9 | 50.4 | - |
| Nomen's and misses' dresses ............................... 2335 | 122.8 | 124.5 | 131.6 | 127.7 | - | 105.3 | 1070 | 112.6 | 108.2 | - |
| Nomen's and misses' suits and coats .................... 2337 | 56.2 | 60.5 | 55.0 | 57.6 | - | 48.0 | 51.1 | 45.3 | 47.1 | - |
| Nomen's and misses' outerwear, nec ..................... 2339 | 145.9 | 143.7 | 155.6 | 154.6 | - | $122.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 120.2 | 131.1 | 131.2 | - |

[^20]
## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

| Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers' |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | May $984^{\circ}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\text {p }} \end{array}$ |
| Nondurable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apparel and other textile products-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Women's and children's undergarments .................... 234 | 82.3 | 83.3. | 88.8 | 88.7 | - | 69.5 | 70.3. | 75.1 | 75.0 | - |
| Women's and children's underwear ......................... 2341 | 66.1 | 67.2 | 72.0 | 72.1 | - | 57.3 | 58.2 ' | 62.4 | 62.4 | - |
| Brassieres and allied garments ................................ 2342 | 16.2 | 16.1 | 16.8 | 16.6 | - | 12.2 | 12.1 | 12.7 | 12.6 | - |
| Children's outerwear .................................................. 236 | 58.1 | 60.2 | 62.6 | 63.8 | - | 49.2 | 51.2 | 53.0 | 54.0 | - |
| Children's dresses and blouses ............................... 2361 | 24.6 | 25.2 | 25.4, | $25.9{ }^{\prime}$ | - | 21.7 | 22.3 | $22.4{ }^{\prime}$ | 22.8 | - |
| Misc. apparel and accessories ................................. 238 | 45.8 | 47.2 | 47.7 | 47.9', | - | 37.81 | $39.1{ }^{\text {- }}$ | $39.8{ }^{\prime}$ | 40.1 | - |
| Misc. fabricated textile products ................................. ' 239 | 170.7 | 173.6 | 181.2, | 180.3 | - | 140.4 | 143.2 | 150.2 | 149.1 | - |
| Curtains and draperies ............................................ 2391 | 24.3 | 25.2! | 26.7, | 26.6 | - | 19.9. | 20.6 | 21.8 | 21.7 | - |
| House furnishings, nec ...................................... ..... 2392 | 49.3 | 49.4 | 51.8' | 50.8 | - | 41.3 | 41.6 | 44.1 . | 43.4 | - |
| Automotive and apparel trimmings .......................... 2396 | 31.0 | $31.9{ }^{\prime}$ | 33.4 | 33.5 | - | 25.7 . | 26.4 | 27.6 | 27.6 | - |
| Paper and allied products ............................................. 26 | 657.0 | 664.3 | 677.4 | 680.0 | 688.2 | 491.6 | 497.8 | 509.6. | 512.0 | 519.7 |
| Paper and puip mills .................................................. 261,2,6 | 198.1 | 199.3 | 203.4: | 204.5 | - | 149.3 | 150.2 | 154.1 | 154.9 | - |
| Paper mills, except building paper ............................... 262 | 172.7 | 173.4 | 177.5 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 178.6 | - | 128.7 | 129.1 | 133.0 | 134.0 | - |
| Paperboard mills ...................................................... 263 | 58.5 | 59.4; | 58.3 ${ }^{1}$ | 58.9' | - | 44.8' | 45.4 | 44.7. | 45.3 | - |
| Misc. converted paper products ................................. 264 | 211.9 | 214.3 | 220.5 | 220.7 ' | - | 154.4 | 156.5 | 160.8! | 160.9 | - |
| Paper coating and glazing ...................................... ' 2641 | 54.7. | 55.9' | 57.0 | $57.3{ }^{1}$ | - | 35.0' | 36.2 . | 37.0 i | $37.1{ }^{\text {' }}$ | - |
| Envelopes ............................................................... 2642 | 24.2 | 24.6 | 25.7' | 25.6 | - | 18.7 | 18.9, | 20.0 | 19.8 | - |
| Bags, except textile bags ........................................ 2643 | 46.7 | $46.9{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 48.4 | 48.5i | - | 36.1. | $36.4{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 37.8 ! | 37.7 | - |
| Paperboard containers and boxes .............................., 265 | 188.5, | 191.3 | 195.2! | 195.9 | - | 143.1. | $145.7{ }^{\circ}$ | 150.0 | 150.9 : | - |
| Folding paperboard boxes ...................................... 2651 | 40.0: | 40.8 | 42.0 | 42.2 . | - | 31.2 | 31.8 | 32.9. | 33.2 | - |
| Corrugated and solid fiber boxes .............................. 2653 | 97.2 | 98.7 | 101.7 | 101.6. | - | 71.8. | 73.2 | 76.3. | 76.2 | - |
| Sanitary food containers .......................................... 2654 | 23.3 | 23.6 | 22.9; | 23.0. | - | 18.8. | 19.2 | $18.8{ }^{\circ}$ | 19.0 | - |
| Printing and publishing ................................................ 27 | 1,286.8. | 1,294.1 | 1,349.5' | 1,352.2 | 1,359.9 | $705.3{ }^{\text { }}$ | 707.5 | 745.9 | 745.8 | 747.6 |
| Newspapers .............................................................. 271 | 424.6 | 428.5; | 438.2' | 438.6. | - | 159.4, | 160.3 | 165.3. | 165.3 | - |
| Periodicals ................................................................. 272 | 98.1 | 98.4 | 102.6' | 103.1 | - | 21.31 | 21.1. | 23.2 , | 23.0 | - |
| Books ....................................................................... 273 | 99.1 | 97.9 | 103.0' | 103.1 | - | 49.9 | 49.1 | 52.5' | 51.8 | - |
| Book publishing ....................................................... 2731 | 73.7 | 72.3 | 75.0 | 75.2 | - | 29.0 | 28.0 | 29.6 | 29.0 | - |
| Book printing ......................................................... 2732 | 25.4 | 25.6: | 28.0 | $27.9{ }^{\text {* }}$ | - | 20.9. | $21.1{ }^{\prime}$ | 22.9, | 22.8. | - |
| Miscellaneous publishing .......................................... 274 | 53.3 . | 53.5 | 55.7, | 55.1. | - | 29.0 | 28.9 | 29.9' | 28.9 | - |
| Commercial printing ................................................. 275 | 433.6 | 436.6 | 462.8 | 465.2 | - | 316.2. | 317.8 | 340.1 | 341.7 | - |
| Commercial printing, letterpress ............................... 2751 | 149.1. | 150.4 | 159.7 | 161.1. | - | 110.6 | 111.4. | 119.2 | 119.9 | - |
| Commercial printing, lithographic ............................. 2752 | 260.2 | 262.2 | 277.8; | 278.8 | - | 186.5 | 187.5 | 200.5. | 201.4 | - |
| Manifold business forms ............................................ 276 | 46.7 | 46.9. | 49.0 | 48.5 | - | 32.5 | 32.5 | 33.8 | 33.6 | - |
| Blankbooks and bookbinding ..................................... 278 | 63.9 . | $64.6{ }^{\circ}$ | $68.0{ }^{\circ}$ | $67.8{ }^{\text { }}$ | - | 51.5 | 52.3 | 54.1 | 54.1 | - |
| Printing trade services ................................................ 279 | 44.4 | 44.3 | 46.2 . | 46.6 | - | 32.9 | 32.7 | 34.1 | 34.4 | - |
| Chemicals and allied products ..................................... 28 | 1,046.0 | 1,053.6 | 1,055.5 | 1,057.7 | 1,065.1 | 580.2 | 584.9 | 589.2 | 588.1. | 596.2 |
| Industrial inorganic chemicais .................................... 281 | 155.3 | 155.8 | 155.7 | 156.1 | - | 79.6 | 79.5 | 79.1 | 79.3 | - |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec .......................... 2819 | 104.4 | 105.1. | 106.9 | 107.2 | - | 55.2 | 55.1 | 55.5 | 55.8 | - |
| Plastics materials and synthetics ................................ 282 | 176.6 | 177.7 | 175.8 . | 175.9 | - | 114.3 | 115.2 | 115.8 | 116.0 | - |
| Plastics materials and resins .................................. 2821 | 73.7 | 74.4 | 75.5 | 75.7 | - | 42.6 | 43.1 | 44.8 | 44.9 | - |
| Organic fibers, noncellulosic .................................... 2824 | 73.1 | 73.3 | 70.5 | 70.5 | - | 51.2 | 51.4 | 49.7 | 49.7 | - |
| Drugs $\qquad$ $283$ | 199.3 | 201.6 | 200.4 | 200.1 | - | 97.2 | 98.2 | 96.1 | 94.2 | - |
| Pharmaceutical preparations ................................... 2834 | 156.7 | 158.6 | 158.9 | 159.4 | - | 74.5 | 75.4 | 74.9 , | 74.8 | - |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods ................................ 284 | 140.8 | 144.0 | 145.5 | 145.1 | - | 87.5 | 90.1 | 92.2 | 92.3 | - |
| Soap and other detergents ...................................... 2841 | 42.7 | 43.3 | 42.6 | 42.6 | - | 27.4 | 27.9 | 27.2 | 27.6 | - |
| Toilet preparations ................................................. 2844 | 61.1 | 63.1 | 64.4 | 63.9 | - | 40.0 | 41.6 | 43.4 | 43.1 | - |
| Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations ....... 2842,3 | 37.0 | 37.6 | 38.5 | 38.6 | - | 20.1 | 20.6 | 21.6 | 21.6 | - |
| Paints and allied products ......................................... 285 | 59.2 | 60.4 | 61.3 | 61.9 | - | 28.8 | 29.9 | 30.1 | 30.6 | - |
| Industrial organic chemicals ...................................... 286 | 162.9 | 163.1 | 162.0 | 163.1 | - | 84.1 | 83.7 | 82.5 | 82.2 | - |
| Cyclic crudes and intermediates .............................. 2865 | 33.2 | 33.2 . | 32.8 | 33.4 | - | 20.2 | 20.1 | 19.8 | 19.6 | - |
| Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicais, nec ... 2861,9 | 129.7 | 129.9 | 129.2 | 129.7 | - | 63.9 | 63.6 | 62.7 | 62.6 | - |
| Agricultural chemicals ................................................ 287 | 63.1 | 61.5 | 62.6 | 63.0 | - | 38.6 | 37.5 | 39.4 | 39.6 | - |
| Miscellaneous chemical products ................ ............... 289 | 88.8 | 89.5 | 92.2 | 92.5 | - | 50.1 | 50.8 | 54.0 | 53.9 | - |
| Petroleum and coal products ....................................... 29 | 197.0 | 198.8 | 187.0 | 188.8 | 190.9 | 119.6 | 120.4 | 109.8 | 111.2 | 114.9 |
| Petroleum refining ................................................... 291 | 159.4 | 159.8 | 150.1 | 150.6 | - | 92.6 | 92.3 | 83.6 | 83.8 | - |
| Paving and roofing materials ...................................... 295 | 26.5 | 27.8 | 25.5 | 26.8 | - | 20.3 | 21.3 | 19.1 | 20.3 | - |

See foutnotes at end of table.

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued
(In thousands)

|  | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers' |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry SIC <br>  Code | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{l:} \text { June } \\ 1983 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | May 984 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984^{\text {P }} \end{aligned}$ | May <br> 1983 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | June $1984^{\circ}$ |
| Nondurable goods-Continued |  |  |  | ! |  | ! | 1 | ; |  |  |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products ............................. 30 | 705.7 | 719.5 | 790.51 | 798.3 | 806.0 | 546.4 | 558.1 ' | 617.5 | 623.7. | 631.9 |
| Tires and inner tubes ............................................... 301 | 95.1 i | 95.7 | 100.0 | 100.7 | - ! | 69.2 | 69.7' | 70.1! | 70.5. | - |
| Rubber and plastics footwear .................................... 302 | 17.6 | 17.7i | 17.7 | 18.2 | - | 14.9 | 15.1 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 15.1 | 15.6 | - |
| Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose and belting ..............................................................\|303,4 | $19.7!$ | 19.9 ! | 23.5' | 24.3 ' | - | 13.7 | 13.8, | 16.6 | 17.3 | - |
| Fabricated rubber products, nec ...............................\|306 | 98.3! | 100.0 | 109.7! | 110.1 | - | 75.3 | 76.5; | 85.0 | 85.3 | - |
| Miscellaneous plastics products ...............................,307 | 475.0 | 486.2 | 539.6: | 545.0 | - | 373.3: | $383.0{ }^{\circ}$ | 430.7: | 435.0 | - |
| Leather and leather products ....................................... 31 | 207.7: | 211.1 | 206.9'. | 207.5 | 210.0 | 173.1 | 176.3 | 173.3 | 174.0 | 176.6 |
| Leather tanning and finishing .................................... 311 | 19.2 | 19.3 ' | 18.4 | 18.5 |  | 16.0: | 16.1' | 15.3 | 15.5 | - |
| Footwear, except rubber .......................................... 314 | 129.0 | 130.2' | 124.7 ! | 125.5 | - | 110.0 ! | 110.8 ! | 106.3 | 107.1, | - |
| Men's footwear, except athletic .............................. 3143 | 51.4 | 52.4 | 51.4 ! | 51.5 | - 1 | 41.5 | 42.31 | 41.8 | 42.1 | - |
| Women's footwear, except athletic .........................\|3144 | 49.6 | 49.6 | 47.7 | 48.0 |  | 44.1 | 43.9 | 42.0 | 42.2 | - |
| Luggage .................................................................. 316 | 12.6 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 12.3 | - | 8.8 | 9.3 ! | 9.5 | 9.2 | - |
| Handbags and personal leather goods ...................... 317 | 25.6 | $26.8 i$ | 27.7 | 27.8 | - | 20.71 | 21.91 | 22.7 | 22.9 | - |
| Transportation and public utilities ................................... | 5,000 | 5,049 | 5,094 | 5,143 | 5,209 | 4,121 | 4,165 | 4,194 | 4,236' | 4,297 |
| Transportation .............................................................. | 2,733 | 2,765 | 2,836 | 2,875 | 2,914 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Railroad transportation ............................................... 40 | 384.4 | 386.0 | 373.6 | 379.9 | - | - |  | - |  | - |
| Class I railroads ${ }^{2}$...................................................\|4011 | 355.3 | 356.6 | 344.1 | $350.1{ }^{1}$ | - | - | - ! | - | - | - |
| Local and interurban passenger transit ........................ ${ }^{1} 11^{\text {a }}$ | 269.2 | 255.9 | 269.5 | $271.2{ }^{\text {i }}$ |  | 250.1 | 237.31 | 250.9 | 252.1 | - |
| Local and suburban transportation ............................ 411 | 79.1 | 78.4 | 81.1 | $81.5!$ |  | 72.5 | 71.9 | 74.5 | 74.71 | - |
| Taxicabs ................................................................. 412 | 39.5 | 38.8 | 38.3 | 38.0 |  | - ! |  | - 1 |  |  |
| Intercity highway transportation ................................ 1413 | 37.9 | 38.5 | 37.0 ! | 37.81 |  | 34.6 | 35.3! | 34.31 | 34.91 | - |
| School buses ........................................................ 413 | 92.8 | 80.3 | 92.7 | 93.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Trucking and warehousing ......................................... 42 | (1,187.2) | 1,218.1 | 1,258.7 1 | 1,275.9 | - | 1,029.7 | 1,059.8 | 1,094.5! | 1,108.3: | - |
| Trucking and trucking terminals .................................1421,3 | \|1,106.8 | 1,137.0 | 1,175.6 ${ }_{1}^{1}$ | 1,192.8i | - | 963.0 | 992.4 | 1,025.3 | 1,039.5: | - |
| Public warehousing .................................................. 422 | 80.4 | 81.1: | 83.1 | 83.1 |  | $66.7!$ | 67.4 | 69.2 | 68.8 | - |
| Water transportation ................................................... 44 | 193.0 | 197.8i | 202.6 | 209.61 | - i | - | - | , | 1 $-\quad 1$ | - |
| Local water transportation ......................................... 1445 | 28.3 | 29.4. | 28.8; | 29.9 ! | - | - | - | - | - ! | - |
| Water transportation services ................................... 1446 | 99.1 | 102.5. | 106.4. | 112.1', | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transportation by air ................................................... 45 | 450.3 | 454.6 | 468.0 | 472.3; | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Air transportation ......................................................... 4 451,2 | 398.0 | 401.6 ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ | 410.0 | 413.6 | - | - | - | - i |  | - |
| Air transportation services ........................................ 458 | 52.31 | 53.0, | 58.0 | 58.7; |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Pipe lines, except natural gas ...................................... 46 | 20.8! | $21.1{ }^{\text {! }}$ | 20.8 | 21.0, | - | 14.5 | 14.9 | 14.8! | 14.8 | - |
| Transportation services ...............................................\|47 | 228.0 | 231.4 | 242.5 | 245.4 | - 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Freight forwarding ..................................................... ${ }^{4} 471$ | 53.5 | $54.1{ }^{1}$ | 59.0 | 59.9 |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Communication and public utilities .................................\| | 2,267 | 2,284 | 2,258 | 2,268 ${ }^{1}$ | 2,295 | - | - | - |  | - |
| Communication ........................................................................ 148 | \|1,387.61 | 1,393.3 | 1,380.5 ${ }^{\text {! }}$ | 1,386.2 | 2,295 | 1,055.1 | 1,059.0 | 1,044.5 | 1,047.4 ${ }^{\prime}$ | - |
| Telephone communication ........................................\|481 | \| 1,020.71 | 1,022.0 | 986.4 | 989.1 | - 1 | 761.2 | 762.01 | 733.7 | 734.6 | - |
| Radio and television broadcasting ............................ 483 | 224.5 ! | 227.3' | 228.0 | 229.2 | - | 179.5 | 181.9 | 183.9 | 185.0 | - |
| Radio broadcasting ................................................ 4832 | 109.6 | 111.0 ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | 110.4 | 110.5 |  | - | I | - i | - ; | - |
| Television broadcasting ......................................... 4833 | 114.9 | 116.3, | 117.6 | 118.7 | - | - | - | - | - ! | - |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services .............................. 49 | 879.8 i | 890.4! | $877.2{ }^{1}$ | 881.8 | - | 710.11 | 719.8 ! | 699.2 | 703.51 | - |
| Electric services ...................................................... 491 | 430.81 | 435.5 | 432.4 | 434.9 | - | 341.9, | 346.01 | 338.5 | 340.4 | - |
| Gas production and distribution ................................. 492 | 173.0' | 175.7i | 169.4 | 170.4 | - | 138.3 | 140.9 | 134.1 | 135.1 | - |
| Combination utility services ........................................ 493 | 201.2 i | 203.1 | 197.5 | 198.1 | - | 164.5 | 166.3 | 159.3 | 160.3, | - |
| Sanitary services ...................................................\|495 | 51.0! | 51.5 | 54.6 | 54.7 | - | 45.7 | 46.3 | 48.31 | 48.3 | - |
| Wholesale trade ........................................................... 1 | 5,214! | 5,272 | 5,449 | 5,489 | 5,547 | 4,177! | 4,236: | 4,380 ! | 4,413 | 4,463 |
| Durable goods ............................................................. 50 | 3,034 | 3,063 | 3,209 | 3,237 | 3,274 | 2,404 | 2,435 | 2,562! | 2,586 ${ }^{\prime}$ | - |
| Motor vehicles and automotive equipment ...................... 501 | 395.9 | 401.4 | 412.7 | 415.5 | , | 306.3: | 312.3 | 329.2 | 332.0 | - |
| Automobiles and other motor vehicles ...................... 5012 | 95.1 | 96.3 | 100.9 | 101.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Automotive parts and supplies .................................. 5013 | 268.3 | 272.2 | 278.3 | 279.8 | - i | - | - | - | - | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)


See footnotes at end of table.

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolis by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)


See footnotes at end of table.

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payroils by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)


See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

## EMPLOYMENT

NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-2. Employees on nonagriculitural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

| Industry $: \mathrm{Sl}$ | All employees |  |  |  |  |  | Production workers' |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll} : & \text { May } \\ : 1983 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\text {® }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | June <br> 1983 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{array}$ |
| Services-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Legal services ..............................................................'81 | 587.5 | 611.3 | 631.2 | 632.3 | - | 495.7 | 516.4 | 533.9 | 535.9 | - |
| Educational services ..................................................... 82 | 1,255.4. | 1,117.2 | 1,303.7. | 1,249.1. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Elementary and secondary schools .............................i821 | 354.7 | 329.6 | 348.2 | 349.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Colleges and universities ............................................ 822 | 781.3 | 669.5: | 829.1 | 774.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Correspondence and vocational schools ...................... 824 | 54.8; | 52.8. | 59.4 | 60.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Social services ............................................................. 83 | : 1,216.1. | 1,218.0. | 1,295.3 | 1,309.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Individual and family services .....................................'832 | - 247.9 | 251.4 | 286.0' | 290.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Job training and related services ................................' 833 | 190.1 | 197.6 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 203.1. | 205.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Residential care .........................................................'836 | 247.3. | 250.3' | 258.9 | 261.1 | - . | - . | - | - | - | - |
| Museums, botanical and zoological gardens ....................; 84 | - 37.9 | 40.0' | 38.8 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 43.4 | - | - - | - | - | - | - |
| Membership organizations ............................................' 86 | . 1,513.0 | 1,519.2: | 1,503.1 | 1,506.4 | - ' | - | - | - | - | - |
| Business associations ................................................. 861 | 83.9. | 84.0 , | 86.8 | 86.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Labor organizations .................................................... 863 | 135.8' | 137.2 | 135.9 | 135.8 | - 1 | - | - | - | - | $\sim$ |
| Civic and social associations ......................................:864 | 313.4 : | 318.9 | 319.3 | 323.1: | - . | - : | - | - | - | - - |
| Miscellaneous services ................................................. 89 | 1,048.6 | 1,066.0 | 1.116 .9 | 1,113.5 ${ }^{\prime}$ | - | 859.4; | 875.8: | 919.4 | 917.0 | - |
| Engineering and architectural services .......................... 891 | 563.8 | 577.0 | 596.3' | 605.3' | - | 466.2 | 479.9' | 499.3' | 508.0 | - |
| Noncommercial research organizations ........................ 892 | 107.0 | 110.2 | 108.6 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 108.5 ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | - | - | , | - | - | - |
| Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping ..........................'893 | 356.8 | 357.6 | 391.1' | 378.7 | - . | $286.5{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 286.2 | 312.1 | 300.5 | - |
| Government ................................................................... : | 16,171 | 15,973 | 16,216 | 16,224 | 15,972 | - . | - | - | - | - |
| Federal Government ${ }^{4}$ | 2,756 | 2,789 | 2,765: | 2,770 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 2,809 | - | - - | - | - | - |
| Executive, by agency ${ }^{4}$................................................. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2,700.1 | 2,731.4 | 2,709.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Department of Defense ............................................. | 950.8 | 961.6 | 954.1 ${ }^{\prime}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Postal Service ......................................................... | - 658.9 | 660.1 | 673.3' | - | - : | - 1 | - . | - | - | - |
| Other executive agencies .........................................: | . 1,090.4: | 1,109.7' | 1,081.8 | - | - | - | - : | - | - | - |
| Legislative .................................................................', | : 39.5 | 41.0 | 38.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Judicial ..................................................................... ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | 16.1 | 16.2, | 16.7: | - ' | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Federal government, by industry: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing activities ............................................ | 136.9 | 137.4 | 136.0 | 136.2. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Shipbuilding and repairing ....................................... 3731 | $84.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 84.3 | 82.6 | 82.6 | - | - | - - | - | - | - |
| Transportation and public utilities, except Postal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service ............................................................... | 41.6 | 41.4 | 38.0' | $38.7{ }^{\prime}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Services ...................................................................' | 405.8. | 413.3 | 401.1: | 404.4 : | - | - | - . | - | - | - |
| Hospitals .................................................................. 806 | 236.3. | 237.7. | 238.3. | 238.5; | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| State government ; |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State government ........................................................... | 3,701 | 3,561. | 3,785. | 3,750 | 3,584 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hospitals ................................................................... 806 | 471.9 | 470.9 | 468.3. | 467.8. | - ! | - | - . | - | - | - |
| Education ................................................................... 82 | - 1,505.7 | 1,333.8. | 1,591.7 | 1,542.7. | - | - | - . | - | - | - |
| General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions | 1,125.8 | 1,144.7 | 1,133.1 | 1,144.3 | - | - | - . | - | - | - |
| Local government ........................................................ | 9,714. | 9,623 | 9,666 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 9,704 | 9,579 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transportation and public utilities ................................. | 488.2 | 494.7 | 495.0' | 497.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hospitals ................................................................... 806 | 644.6 | 650.5 | 632.6 | 631.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Education ................................................................... 82 | 5,459.9 | 5,187.6. | 5,444.8 | 5,436.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions | 2,819.8 | 2.959 .5 | 2.809 .3 | 2,848.7 | - . | - | - | - | - | - |

' Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.
${ }^{2}$ Beginning in January 1978, data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more
${ }^{3}$ Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from the nonsupervisory count for all series in this division
${ }^{4}$ Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to
civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency.

- Data not available.
-     - preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

## B-3. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolis by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)


NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are
introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA

EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-4. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)


Service-producing
$66,68666,86066,386 \cdot 67,34967,450!67,630 ' 67,828^{\prime} 68,00868,269 \cdot 68,463 \mid 68,689.68,86869,029$

| Transportation and public utilities | 5,005: | 5,001 | 4,369 ${ }^{\circ}$ | 5,046 | 5,053' | 5,043 | 5,055; | 5,095 | 5,105 | 5,112: | 5,129. | 5,142 | 5,160 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transportation | 2,735 | 2,751 | 2,751: | 2,768 | 2,776 | 2,763: | 2,776: | 2,816: | 2,828 | 2,839' | 2,862. | - 2,869 | 2,879 |
| Communication and public utilities | 2,270 | 2,250 | 1,618. | 2,278 | 2,277 | 2,280 | 2,279: | 2,279. | 2,276 | 2,273, | 2,267 | 2,273 | 2,281 |
| Wholesale trade | 5,241 | 5,256 | 5,277. | 5,301. | 5,322 | 5,344 | 5,371! | 5,406 | 5,438 | 5,457 | 5,473: | 5,496 | 5,511 |
| Durable goods | 3,046 | 3,057 | 3,072 | 3,096, | 3,113 | 3,128 | 3,147 | 3,168: | 3,193: | 3,205 | 3,215: | 3,237 | 3,254 |
| Nondurable goods | 2,195, | 2,199 | 2,205 | 2,205 | 2,209 | 2,216 | 2,224! | 2,238 | 2,245 | 2,252' | 2,258. | 2,259' | 2,257 |
| Retail tra | 15,514 | 15,580 | 15,626 | , 67 | ,737 | 5,805 | 5,85 | 5,914 | 15,980 | 6,030' | 16,095 | 16,139 | 6,193 |
| General merchandise stores | 2,152 | 2,164 | 2,169 | 2,171. | 2,179 | 2,195 | 2,189: | 2,210 | 2,211 | 2,230 | 2,251 | 2,266 | 2,268 |
| Food stores | 2,555 | 2,558 | 2,563 | 2,568 | 2,587 | 2,594 | 2,600. | 2,618' | 2,626 | 2,626 | 2,635 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 2,630 | 2,637 |
| Automotive dealers and service stations | 1,659 | 1,673 | 1,679. | 1,685: | 1,695 | 1,703 | 1,710, | 1,725: | 1,740 | 1,748 | 1,743; | 1,751 | 1,751 |
| Eating and drinking places | 5,002 | 5,025. | 5,043 | 5,058 | 5,071 | 5,082, | 5,095; | 5,111. | 5,121 | 5,136: | 5,154 | 5,160 | 5,185 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 5,464 | 5,478 | 5,498 | 5,503. | 5,512 | 5,530 | 5,546 | 5,573 | 5,593 | 5,613. | 5,640 | 5,661 | 5,665 |
| Finance | 2,745 | 2,749 | 2,749 | 2,763: | 2,769 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 2,777 | 2,789 | 2,797 | 2,812 | 2,831 | 2.851, | 2,863. | 2,858 |
| Insurance | 1,717 | 1,719 | 1,724 | 1,725 | 1,725 | 1,728 | 1,730 | 1,737 | 1,741 | 1,742 | 1,742 | 1,746 | 1,750 |
| Real estate | 1,002 | 1,010 | 1,025 | 1,015 | 1,018 | 1,025 | 1,027 | 1,039 | 1,040 | 1,041 | 1,047 | 1,052 | 1,057 |
| Services | 19,626. | 19,723 | 19,808 | 19,893 | 19,962 | 20,034 | 20,130 | 20,162 | 20,278 | 20,378 | 20,449 | 20,534 | 20,66 |
| Business services | 3,520 | 3.577 | 3,599 | 3,636 | 3,672' | 3,703 | 3,758 | 3,798 | 3,845 | 3,875 | 3,912 | 3,969 | 3,990 |
| Health services | 5,963 | 5,981 | 5,988 | 6,003 | 6,007 | 6,016 | 6,026 | 6,030 | 6,040 | 6,052 | 6,062 | 6,070 | 6.065 |
| Government | 15,836 | 15,822 | 15,808 | 15,935 | 15,864 | 15,874 | 15,869 | 15,858 | 15,875 | 15,873 | 15,903 | 15,896 | 5,836 |
| Federa | 2,744 | 2,744 | 2,747' | 2,774 | 2,760 | 2,759 | 2,762: | 2,760 | 2,763. | 2,770 | 2,771 | 2,767 | 2,765 |
| State | 3,657 | 3,662 | 3,668. | 3,672 | 3.667 | 3,669: | 3,668 | 3,670 | 3,682. | 3,686 | 3,693 | 3.698 | 3,680 |
| Local | 9.435 | 9,416 | 9,393: | 9,489 | 9,437: | 9,446 | 9,439 | 9,428 | 9,430. | 9,417. | 9,439 | 9,431 | 9,3 |

${ }^{\mathrm{P}}=$ preliminary
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are
introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

B-5. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolis by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted
(In thousands)


ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-6. Production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted
(In thousands)

| Industry | 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  | June ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. |  |  |
| Total private | 59,881 | 60,202! | 59,830 | 60,748: | 61,074 | 61,371 | 61,665 | 61,948 | 62,327 | 62,443 | 62,800 | 63,001 | 63,278 |
| Goods-producing | 16,162 | 16,315' | 16,421; | 16,532 | 16,735; | 16,881 | 16,996 | 17,155; | 17,318 | 17,297: | 17,446: | 17,503 | 17,632 |
| Mining .............................................................. | 665' | 670 | 673: | 674, | 685. | 686 | 690' | 694, | $696{ }^{\prime}$ | 698 | 707. | 713 | 715 |
| Construction | 3,003 | 3,033. | 3,069: | 3,099 | 3,122, | 3,147 | 3,161 | 3,227 | 3,296 | 3,211 | 3,296 | 3,329. | 3,403 |
| Manufacturing | 12,494 | 12,6:2 | 12,679 | 12,759, | 12,928 | 13,048 | 13,145: | 13,234. | 13,326 | 13,388 | 13,443: | 13,461 | 13,514 |
| Durable goods ............................................... | 7,078 | 7,165 | 7,224 | 7,289 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 7,421 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 7,511 | 7,585 | 7,643 | 7,718 | 7,769 | 7,799 | 7,827: | 7,882 |
| Lumber and wood products ............................', | 548 | 555! | $564!$ | 569! | 578 | 583 | 587! | 589 | 592, | 599 \| | 599, | 596' | 593 |
| Furniture and fixtures .....................................: | 353 | 361. | 361 ! | 363 | $368{ }^{\prime}$ | 373 | 376 | 3801 | 384 | 387 i | 387. | 386 : | 388 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products ......................' | 435 ${ }^{\text {¹ }}$ | 437, | 442 | 445 | 450 | 453; | 454 | $455{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 462 | 463! | 464': | 465 | 467 |
| Primary metal industries .................................! | 617 | 625 | 629 | 636 | 651, | 657, | 665 | $661{ }^{1}$ | 666 | 666 | 668 | 675' | 679 |
| Fabricated metal products ..............................' | 986 | $993{ }^{\text {1 }}$ | 1,006, | 1,011 | 1,028 | 1,037 | 1,049! | 1,056, | 1,062 | 1,069 | 1,074 | 1,081, | 1,090 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 1,184 | 1,201'. | 1,214! | 1,219 | 1,236 | 1,261, | 1,2731 | 1,286' | 1,300 | 1,314 | 1,329 | 1,339 | 1,355 |
| Electrical and electronic equipment .................i | 1,214 | 1,229 | 1,228' | 1,260 | 1,281 | 1,300 | 1,313' | 1,327 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 1,346 | 1,364 | 1,371 | 1,381 | 1,392 |
| Transportation equipment ...............................i | 1,087 | 1,109: | 1,122 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1,126 | 1,160 | 1,173. | 1,192 | 1,208 | 1,221 | 1,221i | 1,221! | 1,219, | 1,230 |
| Instruments and related products ....................' | 386 | 386, | 389 | 393 | 397 | 399' | 398 | 401: | 403, | 404 i | 403i | 404; | 406 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing .........................'; | 268 | 269' | 269 | 267 | 272, | 275; | 278, | 280 | 282 | 282; | $283{ }^{\prime}$ | 281; | 282 |
| Nondurable goods ........................................\| | 5,416, | 5,447 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 5,455 | 5,470 | 5,507! | 5,537, | 5,560 | 5,591 | 5,608, | 5,6191 | 5,644 | 5,634 | 5,632 |
| Food and kindred products ............................i | 1,122 | 1,123: | 1,117 | 1,118 | 1,119 | 1,124! | 1,126 | 1,134 | 1,133. | 1,133 | 1,143. | 1,141 | 1,138 |
| Tobacco manufactures ..................................i | 52 | 52 | $50!$ | 52 | 51 : | 50 | 501 | 49 | 49 | 50! | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Textile mill products .......................................' | 642 ! | 643 | 650 | 651 | 656 | 658 | 6601 | 666 | $665{ }^{\text { }}$ | 666 | 665 | 661 | 661 |
| Apparel and other textile products .................. 1 | 977 | 990 | 990 | $993{ }^{1}$ | 1,004, | 1,012 | 1,018i | 1,023 | 1,028 | 1,031 | 1,039 | 1,032 | 1,020 |
| Paper and allied products ...............................! | 493 | 495 : | 495 | 498 | $501{ }^{\prime}$ | 503 | 506 | 508 | 511 | 512' | 512 | 513 | 515 |
| Printing and publishing ...................................' | 709\| | 7111 | 714 | 715 | 720 | 725 | 727 | 732 | 734: | 737 | $744{ }^{\text { }}$ | 746 | 749 |
| Chemicals and allied products ........................................... | 579 | $580^{\circ}$ | 580 | 581. | 583' | 584 | 586, | 587 | 588, | 588 | 589' | 586 | 590 |
| Petroleum and coal products ..........................', | 1181 | 118: | 117 | 116; | 115 | 114' | 113 | $112^{\text {i }}$ | 112: | 111' | 111' | 111 | 113 |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products .................: | 552 | 562 | 568 | 571. | 582, | 591. | 598 | 604: | 612' | 616 | 616 | 621 | 624 |
| Leather and leather products ..........................! | 172 | 173 | 174 | 175' | 176. | 176: | 176 | 176 | 176 ' | $175{ }^{\prime}$ | 175 | 173 | 172 |
| Service-producing | 43,719 | 43,887 | 43,409 | 44,216, | 44,339 | 44,490 | 44,669 | 44,793; | 45,009 | 45,146 | 45,354 | 45,498 | 45,646 |
| Transportation and public utilities .....................! | 4,121 | 4,119' | 3,481, | 4,154 | 4,158 | 4,151! | 4,161 | 4,189 | 4,198! | 4,207! | 4,228 | 4,232, | 4,250 |
| Wholesale trade | 4,207 | 4,219, | 4,242: | 4,258; | 4,274', | 4,292 | 4,316 | 4,349 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 4,375! | 4,395 | 4.406 | 4,422. | 4,432 |
| Retail trade | 13,928 | 13,988 | 14,028 | 14,063 | 14,112; | 14,174 | 14,221. | 14,264: | 14,317': | 14,341 | 14.434 | 14,464 | 14,490 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate .................. | 4,059 | 4,075. | 4,098 | 4,097 | 4,107. | 4,122 | 4,135: | 4,149'; | 4,161; | 4,165 | 4,175; | 4,191: | 4,207 |
| Services ............................................................. | 17,404i | 17,486 | 17,560 | 17,644 | 17,688 | 17,751 | 17,836 | 17,842 | 17,958 | 18,038 | 18,111: | 18,189; | 18,267 |

[^21]NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

B-7. Indexes of diffusion: Percent of industries in which employment ${ }^{1}$ increased, seasonally adjusted

' Based on the number of employees, seasonally adjusted for 1 , 3 , and 6 month spans, on the payrolls of 185 private nonagricultural industries. Data for the $12-$ month span are unadjusted.

- = preliminary

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment
rising. (Half of the unchanged components are counted as rising.) Data are centered within the spans. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry
(In thousands)

| State and area | Total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Construction |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | . . . |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama | 1.320 .9 | 1,345.7 | 1,348.6. | $13.4{ }^{\prime}$ | 13.9 | 13.9 | 59.3 | 62.6 | 63.2 |
| Birminghar: | 336.0 | 341.9 | 342.4 | 7.6 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 19.3 | 19.9 | 20.3 |
| Huntsville | 131.5 | 137.1 | 138.0 | (') | () | (') | 4.1 | 4.5 | 4.7 |
| Mobile | 143.9 | 147.5 | 147.6 | (1) | (') | (') | 9.3 | 9.6 | 9.9 |
| Montgomery | 107.1 | 109.2 | 109.6 | (') | (') | (') | 5.8 | 6.4 | 6.6 |
| Tuscaloosa .......................................................... | 49.4 | 51.5 | 51.3 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Alaska | 214.1 | 211.2 | 219.3 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 20.2 | 17.0 | 19.4 |
| Arizona | 1,064.8 | 1,138.1 | 1,138.8 | 14.6 | 13.6 | 13.9 | 75.3 | 88.1 | 89.3 |
| Phoenix | 685.1 | 742.7 | 743.2 | . 6 | 7 | . 7 | 52.2 | 61.4 | 62.3 |
| Tucson ................................................................ | 198.0 | 209.5 | 209.7. | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 14.6 | 17.9 | 18.1 |
| Arkansas | 741.7 | 770.8 | 775.8 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 29.3 | 29.2 | 31.3 |
| Fayetteville-Springdale | 67.9 | 70.1 | 70.4 | (') | (') | (') | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 |
| Fort Smith | 69.3 | 71.0 | 70.8 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rock | 182.3 | 186.0 | 186.6 | () | () | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.7 |
| Pine Bluff .............................................................. | 29.8 | 30.0 . | 29.9 | (') | (') | (') | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| California | 9,891.2 | 10,241.4 | 10,301.3 | 47.1 | 47.1 | 47.7 | 351.4 | 386.0 | 397.6 |
| Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove | 862.3 | 892.0 | 900.0 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 32.9 | 38.0 | 39.3 |
| Bakersfield | 139.0 | 142.0 | 142.5 | 13.8 | 14.5 | 14.7 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| Fresno | 175.6 | 178.5 | 181.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 8.4 | 9.2 | 9.4 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach | 3,523.1 | 3,640.8 | 3,650.4 | 12.7 | 12.4 | 12.4 | 93.8 | 99.9 | 100.9 |
| Modesto | 83.0 | 83.8 | 84.3 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.6 |
| Oxnard-Simi Valley-Ventura | 163.9 | 165.5 | 166.1 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 6.4 |
| Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario | 440.2 | 449.0 | 450.4 . | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 21.6 | 22.2 | 23.3 |
| Sacramento | 412.7 | 425.2 | 427.1 | . ${ }^{\prime}$ | . 8 | . 8 | 15.9 | 18.6 | 19.6 |
| Salinas-Seaside-Monterey | 89.7 | 92.8 | 93.9. | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| San Diego ............................................................. | 674.0 | 700.5 | 707.1 | . 5 | . 5 | 5 | 29.7 | 35.6 | 36.8 |
| San Francisco-Oakland | 1,557.3 | 1,578.0 | 1,585.5 | 4.5: | 4.6 | 4.6 | 61.5 | 61.8 | 63.7 |
| San Jose | 710.0 | 733.9 | 737.8 | . 1 | .1: | . 1 | 22.4 | 26.5 | 27.3 |
| Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc | 123.6 | 126.1 | 127.1 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.9 |
| Santa Rosa .........................................................: | 95.8 | 98.1 | 99.3. | . 6 | 6 | . 6 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.6 |
| Stockton | 118.5 | 119.1 | 120.9. | . 1 . | .1. | . 1 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 6.2 |
| Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa | 101.8 | 103.9 | 104.6. | . 4 | . 5 | . 5 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 5.2 |
| Colorado | 1,3147 | 1,353.4 | 1,356.8 | 36.6 | 37.2 | 37.4. | 78.9 | 82.5 | 85.2 |
| Denver-Boulder ....................................................... | 856.0 | 874.5 | 879.2 | 26.2 | 25.3 | 25.3 | 48.5 | 50.2 | 51.8 |
| Connecticut | 1,444.6 | 1,474.6 | 1,486.1 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 52.3 | 52.8 | 55.9 |
| Bridgeport ............................................................ | 166.6 | 167.3 | 168.5: | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.7 |
| Hartord ................................................................: | 404.0 | 407.0 | 409.6 | . 2 | . 1 | . 2 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 12.6 |
| New Britain ..........................................................., | 59.7 | 59.5 | 59.9. | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.5 |
| New Haven-West Haven | 190.0 | 197.2 | 198.6 | . 3 | . ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | . 3 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.4 |
| Stamford | 113.0 | 113.5 | 114.3. | . 8 | . 7 | . 7 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.7 |
| Waterbury | 85.7 | 87.5 | 87.9 | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left.1^{2}\right)$ | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.9 |
| Delaware | 265.4 | 272.0 | 273.1 | . 1 | 1 | . 1 | 16.3 | 17.7 | 17.0 |
| Wilmington ............................................................ | 234.9 | 239.6 | 240.2 | . 2 | 2 | . 2 | 19.3 | 19.5 | 19.0 |
| District of Columbia ............................................. | 595.8 | 596.2 | 596.8 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 10.1 | 10.4 | 10.5 |
| Washington SMSA ............................................... | 1,640.6 | 1,677.1 | 1,687.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 73.4 | 81.1 | 83.0 |
| Florida .................................................................. | 3,875.4 | 4,129.0 | 4,123.1 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 257.7 | 298.9 | 302.3 |
| Daytona Beach | 86.2 | 90.8 | 90.9 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 4.8 | 5.6 | 5.8 |
| Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood | 368.8 | 384.5 | 383.7 | () | () | () | 257 | 28.2 | 28.5 |
| Fort Myers-Cape Coral ......................................... | 78.2 | 81.7 | 81.6 | () | () | (') | 8.4 | 9.1 | 9.1 |
| Gainesville | 71.6 | 73.2 | 73.1 | () | (') | (') | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.6 |
| Jacksonville | 313.4 | 322.9 | 323.8 | (') | (') | (') | 19.7 | 20.5 | 20.3 |
| Lakeland-Winter Haven ......................................... | 117.5 | 117.8 | 116.6 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.6 |
| Melbourne-Titusville-Cocoa | 116.0 | 124.5 | 124.6 | (') | () | (') | 6.6 | 7.8 | 7.9 |
| Miami | 734.0 | 752.8 | 750.4 | (') | (') | (') | 36.3 | 40.4 | 40.6 |
| Orlando | 341.2 | 359.5 | 361.1 | (') | (') | (') | 22.0 | 24.7 | 25.1 |
| Pensacola | 105.1 | 110.3 | 109.7 | (') | (') | (') | 7.8 | 8.3 | 8.2 |
| Sarasota | 81.6 | 84.2 | 83.3 | (') | (') | () | 7.3 | 8.4 | 8.3 |
| Tallahassee ......................................................... | 77.1 | 79.5 | 79.5 | () | ${ }^{(1)}$ | () | 3.4 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg .......................................... | 610.5 | 629.5 | 629.2 | (') | (') | () | 41.6 | 44.9 | 45.2 |
| West Paim Beach-Boca Raton .............................. | 235.2 | 250.6 | 248.4 | (') | (') | () | 20.0 | 20.3 | 20.4 |

See footnotes at end of table.

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued


See footnotes at end of table

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

See footnotes at end of table.

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)


B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(in thousands)

| State and area | Manufacturing |  |  | Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\triangleright} \end{gathered}$ | May $1983$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Georgia | 505.9 | 527.9 | 530.6 | 147.3 | 151.4 | 152.0 | 540.2 | 578.0 | 581.6 |
| Albany | 10.4 | 10.4 | 10.6 | 2.3 | $2.4{ }^{\text { }}$ | 2.3 | 10.2 | 11.0 | 11.1 |
| Athens | 13.9 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 10.6 | 10.8 | 10.8 |
| Atlanta | 146.0 | 151.7 | 153.2 | 92.3 | 94.7 | 94.9 | 294.0 | 315.0 | 317.2 |
| Augusta | 33.0 | 33.3 | 33.1 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 23.9 | 24.2 | 24.5 |
| Columbus | 19.9 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 16.7 | 17.7 | 17.6 |
| Macon | 16.4 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 21.0 | 21.7 | 21.8 |
| Savannah | 15.7 | 16.9 | 16.8 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 21.0 | 21.6 | 21.4 |
| Hawaii | 21.9 | 21.4 | 21.5 | 30.8 | 31.0 | 30.8 | 104.3 | 107.6 | 107.4 |
| Honolulu | 16.3 | 15.7 | 15.7 | 25.5 | 25.8 | 25.7 | 84.3 | 87.5 | 87.4 |
| Idaho | 50.8 | 50.8 | 52.0 | 19.1 | 18.5 | 18.9 | 78.8 | 81.5 | 82.5 |
| Boise City ........................................................... | 8.8 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 19.5 | 19.1 | 19.3 |
| Illinois | 948.4 | 985.2 | 988.2 | 264.1 | 266.9 | 269.2 | 1,083.0 | 1,090.1 | 1,101.8 |
| Bloomington-Normal | 5.3 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 11.9 | 12.9 ' | 13.0 |
| Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul | 6.9 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 18.21 | 17.8 | 17.9 |
| Chicago-Gary | 706.3 | 713.7 | 713.9 | 190.0 | 190.9 | 192.5 | 782.2 | 781.2 | 787.5 |
| Chicago SMSA | 635.7 | 646.4 | 646.9 | 177.3 | 178.1 . | 179.5 | 736.3 | 734.9 : | 740.8 |
| Davenport-Rock Island-Moline | 36.1 | 36.5 | 36.5 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 38.4 | 38.3 | 38.4 |
| Decatur | 17.1 | 18.1 | 18.2 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 10.8 | 11.3 | 11.3 |
| Kankakee | 5.7 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.2 |
| Peoria | 36.4 | 36.0 | 36.1 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 30.9 | 30.6 | 30.8 |
| Rockford | 40.9 | 43.9 | 44.3 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 24.2 | 24.5 | 24.6 |
| Springtield ........................................................... | 5.4 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 19.1 | 18.8 | 19.0 |
| Indiana | 572.9 | 607.7 | 611.3 | 101.0 | 101.1 | 102.3 | 463.7 | 459.4 | 467.0 |
| Anderson | 17.5 | 19.0 | 18.7 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.7 |
| Elkhart | 43.1 | 48.5 | 49.1 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 14.4 | 15.5 | 16.0 |
| Evansville | 28.8 | 34.7 | 34.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | $6.9{ }^{\text { }}$ | 30.4 | 30.5 | 30.6 |
| Fort Wayne | 46.3 | 47.0 | 47.3 | 9.8 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 38.9 : | 39.6 | 39.8 |
| Gary-Hammond-East Chicago | 70.6 | 67.3 | 67.0 | 12.7. | 12.8 ; | 13.0 ' | 45.9 | 46.3 | 46.7 |
| Indianapolis ................. | 105.4 | 108.7 | 109.9 | 30.0 | 30.6 | 31.0. | 128.3 | 130.8 | 132.9 |
| Lafayette-West Lafayette | 10.2 | 11.1 | 11.2 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 11.0 | 11.6 | 11.6 |
| Muncie | 10.3 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 11.3 | 17.0 | 11.2 |
| South Bend | 27.8 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 4.7 | 4.7 | $4.7{ }^{\circ}$ | 26.9 | 27.9 | 28.5 |
| Terre Haute | 12.3 | 12.6 | 12.8 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 15.0 | 15.9 | 16.0 |
| lowa | 200.6 | 207.3 | 207.0 | 50.3 | 49.4 | 49.5 | 261.5 | 260.0 | 261.6 |
| Cedar Rapids | 21.0 | 20.2 | 20.4 | 3.8 | $3.7{ }^{\prime}$ | 3.8 | 18.1 | 17.8 | 17.9 |
| Des Moines | 20.5 | 21.5 | 21.6 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 44.4 | 44.3 | 44.8 |
| Dubuque | 10.5 | 11.7 | 11.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 8.6 |
| Sioux City | 8.7 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 11.9 | 12.2 | 12.2 |
| Waterloo-Cedar Falls | 16.6 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 12.5 | 12.6 | 12.5 |
| Kansas | 163.7 | 174.5 | 176.1 | 61.3 | 63.3 | 64.0 | 224.0 | 225.5 | 227.3 |
| Lawrence | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 5.9 |
| Topeka | 9.2 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 17.8 | 18.6 | 18.9 |
| Wichita | 49.5 | 54.4 | 54.7 | 9.8 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 45.2 | 47.1 | 47.9 |
| Kentucky | 240.9 | 252.4 | 254.3 | 62.5 | 62.7 | 62.7 | 263.9 | 266.6 | 271.3 |
| Lexington-Fayette | 26.2 | 28.6 | 28.7 | 7.5 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 33.4 | 32.3 | 32.4 |
| Louisville ............ | 82.3 | 85.2 | 85.4 | 21.2 | 21.4 | 21.1 | 87.7 | 87.6 | 89.4 |
| Owensboro | 5.9 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.7 |
| Louisiana .......................... ..................................... | 178.3 | 178.8 | 179.7 | 118.1 | 114.3 | 114.6 | 367.4 | 372.5 | 374.4 |
| Alexandria . | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 12.3 | 12.4 | 12.5 |
| Baton Rouge | 22.1 | 22.1 | 22.2 | 10.1 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 47.6 | 50.9 | 50.7 |
| Lafayette ............................................................ | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 23.6 | 23.4 | 23.8 |
| Lake Charles . | 9.8 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 14.5 | 14.0 | 13.9 |
| Monroe | 7.1 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 14.0 | 14.3 | 14.1 |
| New Orleans | 40.9 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 47.2 | 46.9 | 46.4 | 128.2 | 129.9 | 130.8 |
| Shreveport ............................................................ | 22.4 | 25.7 | 25.6 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 33.9 | 33.9 | 34.0 |
| Maine .................................................................... | 107.4 | 108.0 | 108.4 | 18.1 | 17.6 | 17.7 | 92.6 | 94.5 | 97.9 |
| Lewiston-Auburn ................................................. | 19.1 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 8.0 |
| Portland | 15.9 | 16.8 | 17.2 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 26.1 | 27.2 | 27.8 |
| Maryland ............................................................... | 211.1 | 214.2 | 214.4 | 87.0 | 88.2 | 89.0 | 420.1 | 427.0 | 433.0 |
| Baltimore SMSA .................................................. | 140.5 | 141.2 | 140.6 | 57.9 | 57.8 | 58.5 | 222.7 | 223.9 | 227.6 |
| Baltimore City ...................................................... | 56.0 | 53.1 | 52.5 | 35.2 | 34.7 | 34.9 | 95.2 | 94.7 | 95.7 |

See footnotes at end of table

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| State and area | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Services |  | Government |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{array}$ | Apr. $1984$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\text {p }} \end{gathered}$ | May 1983 | Apr. $1984$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\text { }} \end{gathered}$ | May $1983$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | May $984^{p}$ |
| Georgia ...................................................................\| | 120.8! | 125.4 | 126.1 | 392.7 | 418.3 | 419.4 | $443.3{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 440.9 | 439.8 |
| Albany ...................................................................\| | 2.1 ! | 2.1 | 2.11 | 6.3 | 6.2 | $6.2{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 10.9 | 10.9 | 11.2 |
| Athens ...................................................................i | 1.7 | 1.7\| | 1.7 | 7.1 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 18.0 | 18.1/ | 18.1 |
| Atlanta ................................................................... ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 75.1 | 76.4 | 76.4 | 230.0 | 247.0 | 249.0, | 166.8 | 166.8, | 165.7 |
| Augusta .................................................................\| | 4.6! | 4.8 | 4.7 | 19.8 | 19.8 | 20.11 | 32.7 | 33.2 ! | 33.2 |
| Columbus ...............................................................\| | 5.41 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 12.0 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 19.4 | 19.5 | 19.6 |
| Macon ............................................................... | 6.31 | 6.4 | 6.41 | 18.1 | 18.5 | 18.4 | 30.11 | 31.1 | 31.0 |
| Savannah ............................................................... | 4.11 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 17.2 | 17.9 | 17.9 ${ }^{\text {j }}$ | 16.6! | $16.4{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 16.4 |
| Hawaii ................................................................... ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 31.8 ! | 30.8 ! | 30.8 | 103.4 | 105.5 | 105.9! | $92.8{ }^{1}$ | 92.5 | 92.7 |
|  | 27.5! | 26.7 | 26.6 | 80.8 | $82.7{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 83.1 | 78.91 | 78.6' | 78.7 |
| Idaho ..................................................................... ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 23.0 ! | 23.3 ! | 23.3 | 58.7 | 63.1 | 62.21 | 69.71 | 70.2! | 70.6 |
| Boise City ............................................................! | 7.71 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 15.4 | 16.0 | 16.2\| | 15.7i | 16.0 | 16.3 |
| Hlinois | 321.4 | 316.8 | 318.2 | 1,016.1 | 1,008.6 | 1.014.6i | 713.3 | 706.01 | 702.4 |
| Bloomington-Normal ..............................................\| | 8.6 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 8.91 | 9.1! | 11.31 | 9.1 |
| Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.41 | 11.8 | 12.1\| | 12.2 ! | 31.2 | 32.3! | 31.5 |
| Chicago-Gary ... | 247.91 | 246.7 | 247.11 | 780.2 ! | 781.7 | 786.6 | 415.4 i | 412.5 | 412.0 |
| Chicago SMSA | 239.3 | 238.1 | 238.8 | 741.8 | 743.4 | 748.11 | 384.71 | 382.2! | 381.7 |
| Davenport-Rock Island-Moline ...............................i | 7.2 | 7.21 | 7.2 | 26.4 ! | 26.5 | 26.51 | 26.8 | 27.91 | 27.9 |
| Decatur .................................................................. 1 | 2.71 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 8.91 | 9.01 | 9.01 | 5.3 | 5.31 | 5.2 |
| Kankakee ............................................................... | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 7.3 | 7.01 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.6 |
| Peoria ..................................................................\|| | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 27.2 | 27.5 | 27.6 | 16.1 ! | 16.2 | 16.2 |
| Rockford | 4.31 | 4.11 | 4.2 | 19.8 | 20.5 | 20.6 | 12.61 | 12.4 ! | 12.6 |
| Springlield ............................................................. | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 18.5 | 18.6 | 18.5 | $29.4{ }^{1}$ | 29.6 ! | 29.5 |
| Indiana .................................................................. | 100.6 | 100.2 ! | 101.3 | 365.6 | 367.9 ! | 372.31 | $334.3{ }^{1}$ | 336.3 | 334.9 |
| Anderson | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| Elkhart | $2.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 2.11 | 2.11 | $10.0{ }^{\text {j }}$ | 10.4 | 10.6 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.1 |
| Evansville | 4.4 | 4.51 | 4.61 | 26.9 | 26.8 ! | 26.9 ; | 12.31 | 12.2 | 12.4 |
| Fort Wayne | 10.6 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 30.2 ! | 30.4\| | 30.5 | 18.01 | 17.5 | 17.5 |
| Gary-Hammond-East Chicago ...............................! | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.3 | 38.4 | 38.3j | 38.5 | 30.7 ! | 30.3. | 30.3 |
| Indianapolis ...........................................................i | 38.8 | 39.5 | 40.1 | 103.3 | 106.6\| | 109.2 | 83.31 | 83.2 | 83.6 |
| Lafayette-West Lafayette .......................................\| | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 9.5 | 9.61 | 9.6 | 18.41 | 20.1 | 18.8 |
| Muncie ....................... | 1.5 | 1.51 | 1.5 | 8.4 | 8.61 | 8.7 ! | 10.9: | 11.1 | 10.9 |
| South Bend ........................................................... | 5.2 | 5.3 ! | 5.3 | 26.7 | 27.51 | 27.7 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 12.4 |
| Terre Haute .........................................................\| | 2.01 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 10.8 | 11.8 ! | 12.0 ! | 11.7 |
| lowa ..................................................................... | 59.31 | 60.5 | 60.9 | 211.3 | 210.5 | 209.7! | 209.6 | 209.9 | 210.9 |
| Cedar Rapids ......................................................... | 4.41 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 15.81 | 9.91 | 10.1 | 10.2 |
| Des Moines ...........................................................\| | 21.8 | 22.4 | 22.4 | 41.6 | 41.01 | 41.3 | 27.71 | 27.6 | 27.9 |
| Dubuque | 1.31 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| Sioux City | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.51 | 11.9 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 6.01 | 6.0 | 6.1 |
| Waterloo-Cedar Falis ............................................ i | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2\| | 11.0; | 10.6 | 10.5 | $10.8{ }^{\prime}$ | 10.7 | 10.7 |
| Kansas ...................................................................I | 49.4 | 49.4 | 49.6 | 174.4 | 175.41 | 175.9 | 190.8! | $193.6{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 194.2 |
| Lawrence ................................................................ 1 | . 8 | . 9 | .9\| | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 i | 10.7! | $10.6{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 10.5 |
| Topeka .................................................................\| | 5.8 | 5.9 ! | 5.91 | 18.0 | $17.7{ }^{\text {I }}$ | 17.7 | 21.4 | $21.9{ }^{\prime}$ | 21.7 |
| Wichita ................................................................ 1 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 40.1 | 40.11 | 40.1 | 25.0 | 25.8 : | 25.9 |
| Kentucky .............................................................. 1 |  | 52.9 | 53.8 ! |  | 229.6 | $229.9{ }^{\prime}$ | 227.7 | 221.7 ! | 222.2 |
| Lexington-Fayette ........................................................................ | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 34.1 | 35.0 i | 33.3 | 33.0 | 30.6; | 31.5 |
| Louisville ................................................................ | 23.9 | 24.7 | 25.11 | 81.6 | 81.01 | 81.7 | 54.8 | 53.31 | 52.9 |
| Owensboro ............................................................... | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 6.4 ! | 6.5: | 6.4 | $4.6{ }^{1}$ | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| Louisiana ................................................................! | 82.7! | 83.4 | 83.5 | 306.21 | $310.7{ }^{\text {l }}$ | 312.5 | 319.0 | 319.1 | 319.1 |
| Alexandria .............................................................., | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.91 | 11.61 | 11.8 | $11.8{ }^{\prime}$ | 15.7 | 15.9 | 15.8 |
| Baton Rouge | 12.3 i | 12.4 | 12.5 | $38.3{ }^{\prime}$ | 39.4 | 39.6 : | 53.2 | 54.0 | 54.0 |
| Lafayette ............................................................... 1 | 3.81 | 3.8 ! | 3.8 | 18.4 ! | 18.4 | 18.5 | 11.0 | 10.4 | 10.4 |
| Lake Charles ......................................................... | 2.9 | 3.0 ! | 3.0 | $10.9{ }^{\text {i }}$ | $10.9{ }^{\text {! }}$ | 10.8 | 10.7 | 10.4 1 | 10.5 |
| Monroe .................................................................i\| | 4.0 ! | 4.1. | 4.1 ! | 10.1 ! | 10.31 | 10.3 | 10.7 | 9.0 | 9.0 |
| New Orleans ......................................................... 1 | 32.0 ! | 31.5, | 31.5 | 123.1 | 124.9, | 127.1 | 84.4 ! | 84.3 | 84.3 |
| Shreveport ...........................................................! | $8.1{ }^{1}$ | 8.0 | 8.1 | 32.0 ! | 31.6 | 32.3 | 26.5 | 26.21 | 26.2 |
| Maine .................................................................. ${ }_{\text {i }}^{\text {i }}$ | 18.0। | 18.5 ! | 18.7 | $82.5{ }^{\text {! }}$ | 83.2 ! | 85.2' | $84.2{ }^{1}$ | 84.4 | 82.1 |
| Lewiston-Auburn .................................................... | 1.6 | 1.7 | $1.7!$ | 7.2 i | 7.4 | 7.3 | 3.3 | 3.1, | 3.2 |
| Portland ...............................................................! | 8.31 | 8.7, | 8.8! | 22.1 | 22.8 | 25.7 | 13.2' | $14.4{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 13.4 |
| Maryland ................................................................, | 96.9' | 97.01 | 97.71 | 400.2 | 408.6: | 410.7 | 396.2 | 396.2 | 396.5 |
| Baltimore SMSA ....................................................i | 59.3. | 59.2 | 59.51 | 214.3 | 217.2 | $217.6^{\circ}$ | 205.2 | 204.4 | 204.9 |
| Baltimore City ........................................................i | 39.8, | 39.4 | 39.6 | 114.5 | 117.4 | 117.1' | 79.8; | 80.3 | 80.3 |

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(in thousands)


See footnotes at end of table.
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B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| State and area | Manufacturing |  | 1 | Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | May | Apr. | May | May | Apr. | May | May | Apr. |  |
|  | 1983 | 1984 | $1984{ }^{\text {P }}$ | 1983 | 1984 | $1984{ }^{\text { }}$ | 1983 | 1984 | 1984 ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| Massachusetts | 20.6i | 636. | 638 | 120.3 | 21.9 | 122.6 | 600.4 | 614.9 | 626.0 |
| Boston .......... | 281.5 ! | 9, |  | 72.1 | 72. | 72. | 332. | 336.8 | 339.8 |
| Brockton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11.0; | 10.8 | 10.7) | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.2, | 15.9 . | 16.8 | 16.9 |
| Fall River | 19.6 | 19.7 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 19.4. | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.9, | 12.2' | 12.7 | 12.9 |
| Fitchburg-Leominster | 15.9! | 16.3i | 16.5 | 1.6 | 1.61 | 1.6 | 8.4' | 9.5 | 9.5 |
| Lawrence-Haverhill .................................................... ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 41.5 | 42.31 | 42.6 | 4.9 | 4.6', | 4.7! | 23.2 . | 22.5 | 22.8 |
| Lowell | 33.5: | 36.9 ! | 37.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 17.7. | 17.8' | 18.1 |
|  | 24.2 | 24.9.' | 26.1. | 2.3 : | 2.4; | 2.3', | 13.6 : | 13.0 | 13.3 |
| Pittsfieid | 15.5 | 15.6 | 15.8 | 1.4 | 1.2, | 1.3 | 11.8. | 12.3 | 12.6 |
|  | 54.5 | 55.3; | 55.4' | 9.2 | 9.4 | $9.4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | $49.9{ }^{\prime}$ | 49.5 | 50.1 |
| Worcester ........................................................................ | 40.0 | 39.91 | 39.7 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 6.7', | 36.9 ' | 37.4 | 38.0 |
| Michigan ...............................................................', | 869.9 | 928.8 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | $935.8{ }^{1}$ | 138.8 | 137.7 | 139.0 | 688.3 . | 701.3 | 713.0 |
| Ann Arbor ............................................................................................. | 30.5 | $35.2{ }^{\prime}$ | $35.5{ }^{\prime}$ | 3.0 | 3.1 , | 3.2 ' | 20.6 | 20.6 | 20.5 |
| Battle Creek ........................................................' | 16.9 | 17.3' | 17.7 | $2.0!$ | 1.9 | 2.0 | 9.5 | 10.3 : | 10.5 |
| Bay City <br> Benton Harbor $\qquad$ | 7.7 | $8.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 8 ? | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 8.6 | 8.3 | 8.5 |
|  | 18.2 | 19.0, | 1ع. ${ }^{\prime}$ | 2.2 | 2.3' | 2.3: | 10.6 | $10.7{ }^{\prime}$ | 11.0 |
| Detroit .................................................................. | 414.5 . | 440.31 | 440.6 | 72.0. | 71.0 | 71.5' | 349.9 | 363.3 | 368.0 |
| Flint | 65.7 | 69.71 | 70.5 | 5.4' | 4.9 | 5.0 | 40.1, | 42.0 | 42.7 |
| Grand Rapids ....................................................'; | $84.8{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 91.2 ! | 92.4 | 10.5, | 10.6; | 10.6' | 65.1 | 64.6 | 65.6 |
|  | 11.2' | 11.7 | 11.8 | 5.0 | 4.9 . | 4.91 | 9.4. | 9.6 | 9.5 |
| Jackson <br> Kalamazoo-Portage | 30.5 | 32.0 | 32.1 | 3.91 | 3.5: | 3.61 | 22.2 | 22.5 | 23.0 |
| Lansing-East Lansing ...................................................................... | 38.71 | 33.4! | 34.2' | 5.6! | 5.11 | 5.1', | 34.9' | 36.2 | 37.0 |
| Muskegon-Norton Shores-Muskegon Heights $\qquad$ Saginaw $\qquad$ | 16.8 | 18.9, | 19.2 | 2.8 | 2.8; | 2.8' | 11.1' | 11.2 | 11.4 |
|  | 24.5, | 26.7 | 26.71 | 4.5' | 4.6: | 4.6. | 17.3. | 16.7 | 17.0 |
| Minnesota ............................................................! | 341.0 | 357.7 ${ }_{\text {' }}$ | 363.4 | 93.8 | 95.3 ' | $96.7{ }^{\prime}$ | 428.5 | 442.2 | 452.7 |
| Duluth-Superior <br> Minneapolis-St. Paul | 4.6.' | 3.9 | 4.5 | $5.2{ }^{\prime}$ | 4.8 . | $5.0{ }^{\prime}$ | 14.2 . | 14.2 | 14.4 |
|  | 230.9 : | 245.1 | 247.8 | 61.6: | 65.5; | 66.0 | 261.4 | 269.3 | 273.8 |
| Rochester <br> St. Cloud | 10.0 ' | 10.4 | $10.4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1.9 | 2.1. | 2.0 ' | 10.4 | 10.1 | 10.2 |
|  | 10.5, | 10.8 | 10.7! | 3.5; | 3.4: | 3.4 | 15.8; | 16.5 | 16.6 |
| Mississippi <br> Jackson | 201.8 | 211.8; | 210.9' | 38.3: | $38.3{ }^{1}$ | 38.5 | 163.7 | 167.9 | 169.2 |
|  | $16.0{ }^{\circ}$ | 16.2 | 16.3' | 9.8 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 35.3' | 36.4 | 36.5 |
| Missouri ...............................................................: | 396.3; | 417.8 | 419.1 | 132.3. | 135.3 | 135.6 ' | 458.6 | 456.8 | 462.0 |
| Kansas City <br> St. Joseph | 108.7: | 115.2 | 115.5' | 50.3 | 49.7', | 50.1; | 157.2 | 158.8 | 159.8 |
|  | 8.71 | 8.7 | 8.7: | 2.1. | 2.0 | 2.0 | 8.8 | 8.6 | 8.6 |
| St. Louis ............................................................................ | 210.6 | 221.1. | 221.3 | 70.8. | 71.31 | 72.0 | 229.9 | 231.8: | 234.5 |
| Springfield .............................................................1 | 18.0 | 19.1 | 19.3: | 6.0, | 6.0 | 5.9 | 24.8 | 25.2 | 25.7 |
| Montana ................................................................! | 20.3 | 20.4 | 20.7: | 20.1 . | 20.2' | $20.2{ }^{\prime}$ | 70.6 | 69.9 | 69.7 |
| Nebraska ...............................................................; | $83.8{ }^{1}$ | $89.2{ }^{\prime}$ | $90.0{ }^{\prime}$ | 43.3 | 41.8 | 42.1 | 157.8 | 158.3 | 160.1 |
| Lincoln | 11.2 | 11.9 | $12.0{ }^{\circ}$ | 6.3 ' | $6.4{ }^{\prime}$ | 6.4 | 21.1 | 20.8 | 21.1 |
|  | 32.8 | 36.2 | 36.4 | $22.1{ }^{\prime}$ | 21.8 | 21.9 | 66.9 | 67.0 | 67.4 |
| Nevada ................................................................. | 19.1 | 20.1 . | 20.1 | 24.4. | 24.6, | 24.8 | 79.5 | 82.1 | 82.5 |
| Las Vegas <br> Reno | $7.1{ }^{\prime}$ | 7.8 | 7.8 | 13.8: | 13.8 | 14.1 | 45.9 | 46.7 | 47.0 |
|  | 7.4 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 23.7 | 25.4 | 25.5 |
| New Hampshire | 112.3 | 119.8: | 120.2 | 15.2 | 15.4, | 15.5 | 92.3 | 96.4 | 97.7 |
| Manchester Nashua | $16.5{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 17.2 | 17.2 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 20.8 | 21.6 | 21.9 |
|  | 32.8 | 35.3 | 35.6 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 13.9 | 14.5 | 14.7 |
| New Jersey ........................................................... | 706.4 | 728.1 | 730.5 | 202.0 | 207.5 | 208.7 | 724.7 | 753.0 | 765.0 |
| Atlantic City | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 19.7 | 19.6 | 20.6 |
| Camden | 69.3 | 71.0 | 71.5 | 16.1 | 16.5 | 16.2 | 94.1 | 96.4 | 97.9 |
| Hackensack | 101.4 | 101.9 | 102.3 | 21.3 | 21.6 | 21.7 | 124.5. | 128.2 | 129.3 |
| Jersey City | 57.4 | 58.3 | 59.5 | 26.1 | 26.1 | 26.1 | 46.2 | 46.8 | 46.9 |
| Long Branch-Asbury Park | $23.1{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 23.1 | 23.0 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 44.2 | 45.2 | 46.8 |
| New Brunswick-Perth Amboy-Sayreville ................. | 80.9 | 82.7 | 82.7 | 23.8 | 23.6 | 23.7 | 70.7 | 71.6 | 72.5 |
| Newark | 219.3 | 224.0 | 222.9 | 78.0 | 80.5 | 80.4 | 192.3 | 202.1 | 204.3 |
| Paterson-Clifton-Passaic | 63.6 | 64.7 | 65.3 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 41.4 |
| Trenton | 31.1 | 31.3 | 31.1 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 26.4 | 28.3 | 28.4 |
| Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton | 15.3 | 15.4 | 14.9 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 9.6 |
| New Mexico | 34.3 | 34.8 | 35.6 | 29.7 | 29.4 | 29.3 | 109.7 | 114.0 | 116.0 |
| Albuquerque | 18.4 | 19.3 | 19.4 | 12.1 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 49.3 | 51.0 | 52.0 |
| Las Cruces ........................................................ | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 6.1 | 7.0 | 6.9 |
|  | .. |  |  |  | - |  | . |  |  |

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

| State and area | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Services |  |  | Government |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\text {p }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. $1984$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Massachusetts ...................................................... | 170.0 | 171.31 | 172.8 i | 715.4 ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | 718.1! | 722.7 | 376.5 | 370.1 ! | 370.6 |
| Boston ................................................................. | 118.81 | 120.7 | 121.2 | 472.1 | 483.51 | 486.01 | 186.2 | 185.3 | 185.7 |
| Brockton .............................................................. ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 2.21 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 11.4 | 11.4 | 11.5! | 11.5, | 11.0 | 11.1 |
| Fall River ............................................................. | 2.8 ! | 2.9 | 2.9 | 10.0 | $10.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 10.2 | 6.8 | 6.6. | 6.6 |
| Fitchburg-Leominster | 1.2 ! | 1.2 | 1.2 | 6.71 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 5.3 | 5.7 | 5.8 |
| Lawrence-Haverhill ... | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 20.91 | 20.6 | 20.9 i | 17.0, | 16.7 : | 16.9 |
| Lowell .................................................................i | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.51 | 14.2 | 15.0 i | 15.2 | 11.9, | 12.3 | 12.1 |
| New Bedford .......................................................; | 2.2 | 2.21 | 2.2' | 11.2 | 11.3 | 11.5 | 9.6 | 10.0: | 10.0 |
| Pittsfield | 2.3 | 2.31 | 2.31 | 11.6 | 11.5. | 11.6 | 7.0 | 6.8. | 6.9 |
| Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke ..............................! | 14.2 | 13.71 | 13.8i | 51.5 | 50.9, | $51.1{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 47.2 | 47.5 | 47.5 |
| Worcester ............................................................; | 9.7 | $9.5!$ | 9.6 | 35.71 | 37.1: | 37.1 ' | 23.8 | 23.1: | 23.1 |
| Michigan ...............................................................' | 151.0 | 154.1। | $155.9{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 653.3 ! | 661.6! | 667.5 | 586.9 | 580.7 | 578.2 |
| Ann Arbor ............................................................................................ | 4.1 | 4.41 | 4.5 | 24.8 | 25.81 | 26.0 | 43.0: | 48.6 | 43.8 |
| Battle Creek ........................................................' | 4.0 | $4.0{ }^{1}$ | 4.0 ! | 11.7 | 12.01 | 12.1 | 12.4 | 12.5 | 12.6 |
| Bay City .............................................................. 1 | 1.3 | 1.4 | $1.5!$ | 6.21 | 6.61 | 6.7 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.3 |
| Benton Harbor .....................................................i | 1.9 | 1.9! | 2.01 | 12.0\| | 12.3 | 12.51 | $8.1{ }^{1}$ | 8.2 | 8.4 |
| Detroit .................................................................', | 87.5 | 88.2 | 89.01 | 355.41 | 362.2 | 362.21 | 220.4 | 217.4 | 217.7 |
| Flint ...... | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.91 | 28.9 \| | 29.8 | 29.7! | 27.6 | 28.4 | 28.3 |
| Grand Rapids | 10.8 | 11.0 | $11.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 54.1 i | 54.1 ! | 54.5 | 29.61 | 28.1 ! | 29.1 |
| Jackson .... | 1.6 ' | 1.61 | 1.61 | 9.5 | 9.51 | 9.71 | 8.2 | 8.3': | 8.5 |
| Kalamazoo-Portage .............................................i | 4.0 | 4.1 | $4.1{ }^{1}$ | 21.5! | 22.1 ' | 22.0 | 18.5 | 20.0 | 18.0 |
| Lansing-East Lansing ...........................................! | 9.7 | 9.61 | 9.7 ! | 29.9 | 31.6 | 31.7 | 67.2 | 66.8 | 68.3 |
| Muskegon-Norton Shores-Muskegon Heights .........' | 1.4 | 1.41 | 1.5 ! | 10.2 | 10.1: | 10.3 | 9.81 | 9.7. | 9.8 |
| Saginaw ............................................................ ${ }_{\text {i }}^{\text {i }}$ | 3.8 | 3.61 | 3.6 | $14.3{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 14.6; | 15.0 | 11.2' | 11.9 | 11.7 |
| Minnesota ............................................................. ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | $100.6{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 104.41 | 105.31 | 391.8! | 409.5: | $414.7{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 295.0 | 300.7 | 301.8 |
| Duluth-Superior .................................................. | 2.0 | 2.21 | 2.21 | 13.5 | 14.0 ! | 14.0 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 11.6 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul ............................................. | 74.9 | 77.71 | 78.1 | 255.4! | 271.7. | 273.3 | 154.2 | 156.9 ! | 157.5 |
| Rochester ............................................................ | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 20.4 | $20.4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 20.5' | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| St. Cloud ............................................................. | $2.0{ }^{\prime}$ | 2.1 | 2.1 | 10.5! | 11.1! | 11.3 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 11.2 |
| Mississippi ............................................................ | $33.6{ }^{1}$ | 34.31 | 34.4 | $125.5{ }^{\text {I }}$ | 127.9 | 128.2 | 182.1, | 183.6', | 182.6 |
| Jackson .............................................................. ', | $11.5{ }^{\prime}$ | 11.7 | 11.8i | 30.2! | 31.2, | 31.3 | 34.3, | 34.8 | 34.8 |
| Missouri | 110.7 | 109.5 ${ }_{\text {I }}$ | 109.71 | $414.2{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 413.5! | 416.0 | 333.2 i | $336.6{ }^{\prime}$ | 338.1 |
| Kansas City ......................................................... 1 | 46.6 | 48.1 | 48.4 | 136.1 ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | 137.7) | 138.5 | 91.5 | 90.31 | 90.5 |
| St. Joseph | $2.0{ }^{\circ}$ | 2.0 | 2.0 | 7.81 | 7.6 | 7.71 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| St. Louis | 60.0 | 59.6 | 59.6' | 232.0 | 235.4, | 236.9 | 139.1 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 138.5; | 139.4 |
| Springfield .......................................................): | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 20.7! | 22.3 | 20.9 | 12.4 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 11.9 | 12.0 |
| Montana | 13.0 : | $12.9{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 13.0: | $56.5!$ | 58.4 | 58.71 | 70.3' | 70.5 | 71.7 |
| Nebraska | 41.6 | 42.3 | 42.6, | 127.0, | 128.2 ' | 130.3 | 133.6, | 137.6 | 140.1 |
| Lincoln ................................................................i | 7.0. | 7.2 | 7.3: | 18.4, | 19.3 | 19.5. | 28.9 : | 28.4 | 28.6 |
| Omaha ................................................................! | 24.1 | 24.7 | 24.8 | 64.9 | $65.7{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 66.7 | 41.9; | 44.2' | 44.7 |
| Nevada .................................................................. | 18.4 | 19.31 | $19.2{ }^{1}$ | 176.41 | 179.4 | 183.0; | 59.11 | 59.7 | 60.3 |
| Las Vegas ........................................................... | 10.5 | $11.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | $11.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 109.9! | 108.6! | 111.6' | 27.8 | 28.6 | 28.8 |
| Reno ..................................................................: | 6.2 | $6.2{ }^{\prime}$ | 6.1 | 43.31 | 45.5 | 45.9 | 16.9, | 16.8 | 17.0 |
| New Hampshire .................................................... | 21.3 | 22.3. | 22.5 | 81.9 | 86.1 | 87.4 | $57.1{ }^{\prime}$ | 55.8 | 55.8 |
| Manchester .........................................................i | 6.2 | 6.41 | 6.4 | 18.2, | 18.9 | 18.9 : | $8.5{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 8.5 | 8.6 |
| Nashua ............................................................. | 2.2 | 2.4 i | 2.4. | 11.9; | 12.6 | 12.5 | 5.51 | 5.4; | 5.4 |
| New Jersey ......................................................... | 171.5 | 175.5 | $176.4{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 693.9, | 704.9 | 711.5 | 527.2 | 536.9 | 535.8 |
| Atlantic Clity ......................................................... | 4.9 | 5.01 | 4.9 | 46.8 । | $47.9{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 48.5 | 16.5 | 17.0: | 17.1 |
| Camden | 18.0 | 18.5, | 18.4 ; | 77.51 | 75.8' | 76.0 | 69.3 | 71.2 | 70.7 |
| Hackensack .......................................................... | 19.9 | 20.6; | 20.8 | 84.1 . | 86.7 | 87.0 | 44.4 : | 44.0 | 43.8 |
| Jersey City ...........................................................' | 8.3 | 8.7. | 8.7 i | 34.7 | 33.6 | 33.7 | 39.6 | 40.2 | 40.4 |
| Long Branch-Asbury Park ..................................... | 8.1 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 46.4 | 47.0 | 48.5 | $36.5{ }^{\prime}$ | 37.7 | 37.8 |
| New Brunswick-Perth Amboy-Sayreville ................. | 13.8 | 14.4 | 14.5 | $48.4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 49.8, | 49.4 | 48.3 | 49.5 | 48.5 |
| Newark ................................................................: | 68.6 | 68.9 | 68.8: | 219.5 | 226.1 | 227.2 | 142.3 | 145.3 | 145.4 |
| Paterson-Clifton-Passaic | 9.4 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 35.9 | $36.9{ }^{\prime}$ | 37.2 | 25.1 | 25.8 | 25.7 |
| Trenton .............................................................. | 7.9 | 7.8 \| | 7.9 | 44.5' | $47.0^{\prime}$ | 47.1 | 47.8 | 47.7 | 47.5 |
| Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton ................................... | 2.7 | 2.7. | $2.7{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 9.1 i | 9.3 | 9.3 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.8 |
| New Mexico .......................................................... | 23.1 | 23.91 | $24.2{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 98.6 | 102.7i | 103.6 | 128.6 | 132.2 | 130.1 |
| Albuquerque ........................................................ | 11.7 | 12.2 | 12.3 | 49.8' | 53.0 | 52.9 | 43.2 | 45.3 | 45.3 |
| Las Cruces .......................................................... | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 14.7. | 15.2 | 15.2 |

See footnotes at end of table.
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B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| State and area | Total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Construction |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\mathrm{p}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| New York | 7,295.4 | 7,417.3 | 7,476.8 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 228.2 | 225.7 | 241.4 |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy | 3413 | 346.5 | 349.2 | ${ }^{\prime}{ }^{1}$ (1) | (') | (') | 10.7 | 11.0 | 12.2 |
| Binghamton ................... | 117.1 | 118.7 | 120.0: | (') | (') | (') | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.6 |
| Buffalo | 463.9 | 463.2 | 468.3 | (') | (') | (') | 14.6 | 12.8 | 14.4 |
| Elmira | 33.4 | 34.2 | 34.3. | () | (') | (') | . 9 | . 8 | 1.0 |
| Glens Falls | 38.6 | 38.1 : | 39.1 . | (') | (') | (1) | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.0 |
| Monroe County | $340.9{ }^{\prime}$ | 342.2 | 344.8 | (') | (') | (') | 9.3 | 9.4 | 10.1 |
| Nassau-Suffolk | 980.2' | 1,002.3. | 1,015.7 | (') | (') | (') | 41.2 | 42.9 | 44.7 |
| Newburgh-Middletown | 82.5 | 83.1 . | 83.5: | (') | (') | (') | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.9 |
| New York-Northeastern New Jersey ......................: | 6,850.9 | 6,988.3 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 2.3 | 2.3 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | 215.2 | 220.2 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ |
| New York and Nassau-Suffolk ............................... | 4,789.2 | 4,881.8 | 4,909.1. | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 150.3 | 152.0 | 157.0 |
| New York SMSA | 3,809.0 | 3,879.4 | 3,893.3 | 2.0; | 2.1. | 2.1: | 109.1 | 109.1. | 112.3 |
| New York City | 3,346.9 | 3,415.2 | 3,424.2 | 1.7 | 1.8 | $1.8{ }^{\prime}$ | 88.2 | 88.7 | 90.8 |
| Poughkeepsie | 105.6 | 108.1 | 108.9: | (') | () | (') | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.2 |
| Rochester. | 417.6 | 421.7. | 424.7, | ( ${ }^{\prime}$ | (') | (') | 11.5 | 11.6 | 12.5 |
| Rockland County | 86.4 | 86.6 | 87.8 | (') | (') | (') | 2.9 | 2.9', | 3.1 |
| Syracuse ............. | 261.8 | 268.2 | 267.8 | (') | (') | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 13.2 | 13.1. | 13.6 |
| Utica-Rome | 112.0 | 113.0 | 114.8 | (') | (') | (') | 2.7: | 2.7'; | 3.4 |
| Westchester County ............................................. | 362.6 | 364.4 | 368.2' | (') | (') | (1) | 17.3 | 16.9, | 17.7 |
| North Carolina | 2,391.4 | 2,476.4 | 2,485.2 | 4.4 | 4.51 | 4.5 | 110.3 | 118.9. | 121.2 |
| Asheville | 71.2 | 70.8 | 71.1' | (') | (') | (') | 2.6 | 2.7' | 2.7 |
| Charlotte-Gastonia | 344.4 | 354.2' | 355.5 | (') | (1) | (') | 17.2 | 18.3: | 18.5 |
| Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point .................. | 389.3 | 401.8 | 402.8 . | (') | (1) | (') | 16.8 | 18.5 | 18.9 |
| Raleigh-Durham ................................................... | 290.4 | 303.6 | 300.4 . | (') | (') | (') | 16.4 | 16.5. | 17.0 |
| North Dakota | 251.4 | 248.5 | 253.0 | 6.5 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 17.8: | 13.1: | 15.1 |
| Fargo-Moorhead | 62.6 | 63.3 | 64.1 . | $\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 2.6 ' | 2.2' | 2.7 |
| Ohio | 4,088.7 | 4,162.8 | 4,197.9 | 25.6 | 27.4 | 27.8 | 126.4 ' | $123.6{ }^{\circ}$ | 131.8 |
| Akron | 246.0 | 249.7. | 253.1: | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 6.6 | 6.4 : | 7.0 |
| Canton ................................................................: | 143.8 | 146.8 | 147.7 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.7 |
| Cincinnati | 575.3: | 584.2 | 589.5 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 19.7 | 19.6: | 20.6 |
| Cleveland | 825.5' | 825.8! | 829.9' | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 24.5 | 23.6; | 25.1 |
| Columbus | 499.7: | 514.0: | 516.7: | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 15.0. | 15.0 | 15.9 |
| Dayton .................................................................. | 334.8 | 343.8 | 344.5; | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (') | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 8.91 | 8.6' | 9.1 |
| Toledo | 281.8 | 291.5; | 294.5; | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 9.9 . | 9.11 | 9.8 |
| Youngstown-Warren ............................................. | 178.7 | 181.0 | 182.4: | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | (2) | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 4.8' | 4.7! | 5.0 |
| Oklahoma | 1,170.2 | 1,176.8 | 1,183.8: | 76.4 | $72.5{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 73.0 | 51.4, | 46.8 | 47.1 |
| Enid | 26.6 | 26.4 | 26.1', | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| Lawton | 32.6 | 32.2' | 33.0 | (1) | (') | (') | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Oklahoma City ..................................................... | 423.2 | 434.6 | 435.6: | 22.6 | 23.8 | 23.7 | 19.0 | 18.5 | 18.4 |
| Tulsa ................................................................... | 302.3 | 305.7 | 307.7 | 22.8' | 22.8 | 22.9 | 14.5 | 14.5 | 14.9 |
| Oregon .................................................................: | 963.6: | 985.7 | 993.1: | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 25.3 | 23.9 | 25.3 |
| Eugene-Springfield ................................................ | 91.0 | 93.5 | 94.4 | 2; | . 2 | . 2 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.5 |
| Mediord ...............................................................: | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ( ${ }^{\text {) }}$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) |  | (') | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Portland ............................................................... | 519.3 | 528.9 | 530.7. | . 6 | . 6 | . 7 | 15.6 | 15.0 | 15.5 |
| Salem .................................................................... | 80.6 | 81.7 | 82.5 | . 1 | ( ${ }^{4}$ ) | (4) | 2.3 | 2.1. | 2.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,531.7 | 4,587.2 | 4,634.2 | 38.7 | 39.6 | 39.5 | 165.3 | 161.1 | 171.0 |
| Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton ................................ | 248.5 | 252.3 | 254.7 | 6 | 6. | . 6 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 7.5 |
| Altoona | 45.8 | 46.1 | 46.5 | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| Delaware Valley ................................................... | 1,561.9 | 1,598.4 | 1,603.9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 56.5 | 60.8 | 60.6 |
| Erie ..................................................................... | 103.8 | 106.1 | 106.6 | 2. | . 3 | . 3 | 2.6 | 2.7 ' | 2.7 |
| Harrisburg ............................................................ | 222.9 | 227.2 | 229.7 | . 1 | 1. | 1 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 7.4 |
| Johnstown ........................................................... | 72.7 | 74.2 | 75.2 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 2.1 |
| Lancaster | 152.6 | 156.8 | 156.9 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 6.4 |
| Northeast Pennsylvania ......................................... | 234.1 | 233.7 | 236.1 | . 8 | . 7 | . 7 | 10.7 | 6.8 | 7.5 |
| Philadelphia SMSA ................................................ | 1,919.5 | 1,961.2 | 1,968.9 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 69.0 | 74.1 | 74.5 |
| Philadelphia City .................................................. | 746.4 | 757.3 | 757.6 | (') | (') | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 16.6 | 17.7 | 17.7 |
| Pittsburgh ............................................................. | 862.9 | 854.8 | 861.6 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 39.3 | 36.8 | 39.5 |
| Reading ............................................................... | 134.5 | 141.0 | 142.0 | . 2 | 2 | . 2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.8 |
| Sharon ................................................................ | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.4 | . 4 | 4 | . 4 | 1.0 | . 7 | . 9 |
| State College | 47.1 | 48.4 | 48.8 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Williamsport ......................................................... | 43.6 | 44.9 | 45.4 | . 2 | . 1 | 2 | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.0 |
| York ................................................................... | 149.7 | 151.8 | 152.8 | 4 | 4 | . 4 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 5.6 |

See footnotes at end of table.

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| State and area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

8-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^22]
## ESTABLISHMENT DATA <br> STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT <br> NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| State and area | Total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Construction |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | May $1983$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ |
| Rhode Island | 395.7 | 401.8 | 404.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 11.5 | 12.3 | 12.9 |
| Providence-Warwick-Pawtucket ............................ | 397.6 | 403.6 | 405.5 | 2 | 3 | . 3 | 11.4 | 12.0 | 12.6 |
| South Carolina | 1,187.6 | 1,227.0 | 1.234.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 68.6 | 73.1 | 73.6 |
| Charleston-North Charleston ................................. | 154.5 | 159.3 | 160.8 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 9.9 | 10.6 | 10.6 |
| Columbia | 186.5 | 193.7 | 194.2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 10.9 | 13.0 | 12.9 |
| Greenville-Spartanburg ........................................ | 262.1 | 265.0 | 265.5 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 16.0 | 15.7 | 16.0 |
| South Dakota | 234.8 | 236.8 | 242.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 8.1 | 7.1 | 8.3 |
| Sioux Falls ............................................................ | 56.0 | 59.4 | 60.6 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.4 |
| Tennessee ............................................................ | 1,717.4 | 1,793.1 | 1,811.9 | 8.0 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 67.1 | 75.5 | 76.8 |
| Chattanooga | 165.0 | 165.9 | 166.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 6.1 |
| Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol .............................. | 142.0 | 151.0 | 149.7 | . 3 | . 2 | . 2 | 6.4 | 8.4 | 8.6 |
| Knoxville | 200.4 | 203.4 | 203.8 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 7.6 | 8.9 | 8.8 |
| Memphis | 352.5 | 358.4 | 359.1 | . ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | . 1 | . 1 | 13.0 | 13.8 | 13.9 |
| Nashville-Davidson ............................................... | 378.2 | 393.4 | 394.5 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | (') | (') | 18.4 | 21.9 . | 22.4 |
| Texas | 6,154.8 | 6,316.4 | 6,336.3 | 259.4 | 266.3 | 267.2 | 420.4 | 406.0 | 408.7 |
| Abilene | 57.8 | 57.9 | 57.8 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| Amarillo | 77.1 | 79.2 | 79.7 | (') | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ( ${ }^{\prime}$ | 3.8 | 3.8' | 4.0 |
| Austin | 283.6 | 298.7 | 299.4 | (') | (') | (') | 16.9 | 19.2 | 19.5 |
| Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange | 141.2 | 139.9 | 141.5 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (') | (') | 10.0 | 8.0 | 8.8 |
| Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito .......................... | 61.4 | 63.3 | 63.2 | () | (') | (') | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Bryan-College Station | 45.3 | 46.6 | 46.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Corpus Christi ...................................................... | 129.6 | 128.9 | 129.5 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 12.2 | 10.2 | 10.1 |
| Dallas-Fort Worth | 1,576.9 | 1,645.0 | 1,648.8 | 28.9 | 28.1 | 28.1 | 93.7 | 100.6 | 100.8 |
| El Paso | 164.7 | 166.9 | 168.2 | (') | (') | $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | 8.4 | $9.1{ }^{\prime}$ | 9.4 |
| Galveston-Texas City | 68.5 | 68.6 | 68.8 | (') | () | (') | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| Houston | 1,502.0 | 1,518.2 | 1.525.3 | 98.2 | 100.4 | 101.1 | 136.1 | 130.4 | 130.6 |
| Killeen-Temple | 59.6 | 62.5 | 63.1 | (') | () | () | 3.4 | 3.9 | 4.0 |
| Laredo | 29.5 | 30.3 | 30.7 | (') | (') | (') | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Longview-Marshall | 67.2 | 67.2 | 67.4 | (') | (') | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 4.9 | 4.7. | 4.7 |
| Lubbock | 91.7 | 91.6 | 91.2 | (') | (') | (') | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg | 77.9 | 78.0 | 78.0 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Midland | 50.3 | 55.3 | 56.8 | 12.1 | 12.5 | 12.7 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 3.5 |
| Odessa | 54.3 | 57.9 | 58.3 | 8.4 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 4.2 |
| San Angelo | 37.2 | 37.5 | 37.6 | . 9 | . 7 | . 7 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| San Antonio | 434.6 | 452.8 | 455.3 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 30.8 | 32.2 | 32.2 |
| Sherman-Denison | 34.4 | 34.5 | 34.7 | 2 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| Texarkana | 45.8 | 46.6 | 46.7 | . 1 | . 1 | 1 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| Tyler | 57.1 | 58.0 | 58.4 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| Waco | 73.2 | 75.9 | 77.2 | (') | (') | (') | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.2 |
| Wichita Falls ......................................................... | 52.0 | 53.5 | 53.9 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Utan | 558.2 | 590.2 | 592.5 | 13.0 | 13.6 | 13.6 | 27.4 | 31.0 | 32.6 |
| Salt Lake City-Ogden ........................................... | 397.5 | 419.5 | 422.5 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 17.7 | 21.1 | 22.2 |
| Vermont | 203.4 | 205.3 | 206.4 | . 7 | 7 | . 7 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 11.7 |
| Burlington | 62.4 | 63.9 | 63.8 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.8 |
| Springfield ............................................................ | 12.6 | 12.6 | 13.0 | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| Virginia ................................................................. | 2,192.5 | 2,265.0 | 2,287.8 | 17.2 | 18.8 | 19.1 | 111.8 | 121.7 | 126.5 |
| Bristol | 26.2 | 27.2 | 27.4 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 9 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Charlottesville | 58.2 | 58.4 | 58.9 | . 1 | 1 | 1 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Danville | 39.7 | 39.9 | 40.4 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Lynchburg | 69.3 | 71.1 | 72.3 | 1 | . 1 | 1 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 |
| Newport News-Hampton ....................................... | 158.0 | 164.8 | 167.2 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 8.3 |
| Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth ........................ | 301.3 | 312.9 | 317.9 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 18.9 | 21.0 | 22.0 |
| Northern Virginia ................................................... | 503.9 | 525.8 | 532.1 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | 27.3 | 30.5 | 32.0 |
| Petersburg-Colonial Heights-Hopewell ................... | 41.6 | 40.8 | 41.4 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Richmond ............................................... ............ | 332.5 | 338.7 | 340.6 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | 16.2 | 16.3 | 17.0 |
| Roanoke .............................................................. | 101.8 | 104.1 | 105.2 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.8 |
| Washington ........................................................... | 1,581.9 | 1,619.7 | 1,632.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 72.3 | 69.5 | 71.9 |
| Seattle-Everett ................................................... | 765.2 | 790.7 | 794.9 | . 4 | . 4 | 4 | 33.1 | 34.4 | 35.3 |

See footnotes at end of table.

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolis in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| State and area | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Services |  |  | Government |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{y} \end{gathered}$ |
| Rhode Island | 21.4 | 21.5 | 21.7 | 93.6 | 94.5 | 95.4 | 57.7 | 57.4 | 57.4 |
| Providence-Warwick-Pawtucket ............................. | 20.8 | 20.9 | 21.2 | 89.9 | 91.0 | 91.8 | 53.9 | 54.7 | 54.5 |
| South Carolina | 50.8 | 52.4 | 53.1 | 178.7 | 187.3 | 189.3 | 236.3 | 239.9 | 239.6 |
| Charleston-North Charleston | 7.3 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 28.3 | 46.3 | 48.0 | 47.6 |
| Columbia .............................. | 14.6 | 15.1 | 15.3 | 31.3 | 32.4 | 32.5 | 55.7 | 56.8 | 56.7 |
| Greenville-Spartanburg | 10.6 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 38.7 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 35.7 | 35.6 | 35.9 |
| South Dakota | 12.3 | 12.8 | 12.8 | 53.5 | 53.6 | 54.9 | 58.2 | 58.1 | 58.9 |
| Sioux Falls | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 14.7 | 15.7 | 15.8 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.9 |
| Tennessee | 80.7 | 81.7 | 82.6 | 321.2 | 337.6 | 346.3 | 305.2 | 306.3 | 305.9 |
| Chattanooga | 9.7 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 30.6 | 29.7 | 29.8 | 31.8 | 30.4 | 30.2 |
| Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol | 4.4 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 22.1 | 25.0 | 24.9 | 24.0 | 25.5 | 25.0 |
| Knoxville | 8.5 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 36.8 | 36.5 | 36.8 | 44.6 | 44.7 | 44.7 |
| Memphis ... | 20.2 | 21.3 | 21.3 | 80.2 | 81.9 | 82.3 | 64.4 | 62.7 | 62.3 |
| Nashville-Davidson | 26.6 | 28.0 | 28.2 | 82.8 | 87.1 | 86.9 | 61.9 | 62.1 | 61.8 |
| Texas .................................................................... | 390.0 | 402.3 | 403.8 | 1,171.6 | 1,215.8 | 1,219.7 | 1,048.5 | 1,077.9 | 1,080.0 |
| Abilene ................................................................. | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 13.2 | 13.7 | 13.7 | 9.4 | 9.7 | 9.7 |
| Amarillo ............................................................... | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 16.7 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 13.7 | 14.2 | 14.2 |
| Austin ................................................................... | 18.0 | 18.6 | 18.8 | 57.3 | 60.5 | 60.8 | 86.7 | 89.9 | 89.7 |
| Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange ...............................: | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 28.6 | 29.2 | 29.6 | 20.2 | 20.3 | 20.1 |
| Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 10.8 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 13.6 | 14.2 | 14.1 |
| Bryan-College Station | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 18.2 | 18.8 | 18.6 |
| Corpus Christi | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 23.8 | 23.7 | 24.0 | 26.6 | 26.8 | 26.8 |
| Dallas-Fort Worth | 126.2 | 135.8 | 136.2 | 316.1 | 334.1 | 334.6 | 186.6 | 191.4 | 191.6 |
| El Paso | 7.8 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 28.3 | 28.0 | 28.4 | 34.7 | 34.9 | 34.8 |
| Galveston-Texas City | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 19.1 | 20.2 | 20.4 |
| Houston ...............................................................: | 105.2 | 106.6 | 107.6 | 310.0 | 325.7 | 328.2 | 180.8 | 185.1 | 184.9 |
| Killeen-Temple | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 10.9 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 18.1 | 18.2 | 18.4 |
| Laredo | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 7.4 |
| Longview-Marshall | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 15.9 | 15.7 | 15.8 | 8.1 | 8.4 | 8.4 |
| Lubbock ................ | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 19.0 | 19.8 | 19.9 | 20.6 | 21.2 | 21.0 |
| McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg ......................................... | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 10.9 | 11.4 | 11.4 | 20.2 | 20.0 | 20.0 |
| Midland | 3.5 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 7.9 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| Odessa | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 7.8 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 6.9 | 7.2 | 7.3 |
| San Angelo | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 6.9 |
| San Antonio .......................................................... | 31.0 | 32.5 | $32.7{ }^{\circ}$ | 94.1 | 98.7 | 98.8 | 98.8 | 100.3 | 100.7 |
| Sherman-Denison ................................................' | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.9 |
| Texarkana ............................................................. | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 8.1 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 13.0 | 12.7 | 12.8 |
| Tyler .................................................................... | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 11.6 | 11.7 | 11.8 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.1 |
| Waco . | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 16.6 | 17.4 | 17.7 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 11.7 |
| Wichita Falls | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 9.1 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 10.8 | 10.9 | 10.8 |
| Utah | 27.8 | 29.2 | 29.6 | 108.4 | 117.6 | 114.6 | 131.2 | 132.8 | 133.6 |
| Salt Lake City-Ogden ............................................: | 22.9 | 24.0 | 24.4 | 75.6 | 80.0 | 79.8 | 92.8 | 94.1 | 94.4 |
| Vermont | 8.9 | 9.0 | 9.1 | 47.7 | 47.6 | 47.8 | 37.1 | 37.4 | 36.4 |
| Burlington ............................................................: | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 14.7 | 15.1 | 15.3 | 10.6 | 11.0 | 10.2 |
| Springtield ............................................................. | . 3 | . 4 | . 4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Virginia | 108.8 | 113.8 | 114.9 | 458.3 | 469.2 | 474.2 | 507.0 | 512.5 | 515.1 |
| Bristol ..................................................................; | . 9 | 1.0 | . 9 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Charlottesville ...................................................... | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 9.3 | 21.5 | 21.8 | 21.8 |
| Danville ................................................................ | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.2 |
| Lynchburg ............................................................ | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 12.6 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 9.6 | 9.8 | 10.2 |
| Newport News-Hampton ....................................... | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 32.8 | 34.2 | 35.1 | 38.7 | 39.2 | 39.6 |
| Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth ......................... | 15.4 | 16.0 | 16.4 | 66.1 | 68.8 | 70.0 | 81.3 | 82.4 | 82.7 |
| Northern Virginia .................................................... | 30.5 | 31.3 | 31.8 | 146.6 | 154.4 | 155.8 | 126.0 | 124.4 | 125.0 |
| Petersburg-Colonial Heights-Hopewell ...................: | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 14.6 | 14.3 | 14.5 |
| Richmond ............................................................. | 27.3 ' | 27.4 | 27.4 | 63.6 | 65.1 | 65.1 | 70.8 | 72.6 | 72.9 |
| Roanoke ............................................................... | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 22.6 | 22.5 | 22.7 | 14.8 | 14.7 | 14.7 |
| Washington ............................................................ | 92.1 | 93.5 | 93.7 | 326.9 | 337.3 | 339.5 | 332.8 | 339.7 | 340.7 |
| Seattle-Everett .................................................... | 57.5 | 58.3 | 58.4 | 160.7 | 170.3 | 170.7 | 120.5 | 125.3 | 126.0 |

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolis in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

## (In thousands)



See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolis in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| State and area | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Services |  |  | Government |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\triangleright} \end{gathered}$ | May <br> 1983 | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ |
| West Virginia | 22.2 | 21.9 | 21.9 | 105.8 | 106.3 | 106.4 | 126.2 | 132.6 | 133.8 |
| Charleston | 5.2 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 21.3 | 21.2 | 21.3 | 20.2 | 20.9' | 21.2 |
| Huntington-Ashland | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 15.3 | 15.11 | 15.3 | 18.4 | 18.5 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 18.4 |
| Parkersburg-Manietta | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 10.8 | 10.9 | 10.9 | $9.6{ }^{\prime}$ | 9.8 | 9.7 |
| Wheeling ............. | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 14.5 | 14.3! | 14.4i | 9.1: | 9.2 | 9.6 |
| Wisconsin | 96.8 | 97.7 | 98.3 | 385.0 | 390.8 | 394.9 | 321.7! | 322.9 | 323.4 |
| Appleton-Oshkosh | 5.91 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 22.6 | 22.6 | 22.8 | 16.7 | 16.5 | 16.4 |
| Eau Claire ............................................................ | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 10.3 | 10.3\| | 10.4 ! | 10.6 | 10.8 | 10.7 |
| Green Bay ........................................................... | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 15.8 | 16.1 | 16.1 | 9.7! | 10.1 : | 10.0 |
| Janesville-Beloit ................................................... | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 ! | 9.5 | 9.6! | 9.7! | 6.7 | 6.3 | 6.4 |
| Kenosha ... | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 6.1 : | 6.5: | 6.6 |
| La Crosse ............................................................ | 1.41 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 11.8 | 12.2! | 12.2 | 7.2: | 6.9 | 7.2 |
| Madison ...... | 13.3 | 13.0 | 13.1 | 34.8 | 35.8 | 35.9: | 56.4' | 57.9 | 58.0 |
| Milwaukee | 41.9 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 146.9 | 151.2 | 151.8! | 81.1: | 79.0; | 79.3 |
| Racine ... | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 12.2 ? | 12.1 | 12.0: | 8.1. | 8.1 | 8.1 |
| Sheboygan ...........................................................' | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 5.1 : | 5.3. | 5.3 |
| Wausau ............................................................... 1 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 6.5 |
| Wyoming .............................................................. | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 33.4 | 30.6 | 30.7 | 51.0 | 50.3' | 51.5 |
| Puerto Rico | 28.3 | 28.5 | 28.4 | 86.6 | 88.5 | 88.8 | 239.4 | 247.9 | 249.0 |
| Caguas |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 9.1 | 8.6 | 8.6 |
| Mayaguez | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | 12.5 | 12.5: | 12.5 |
| Ponce .... |  |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 7.2 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 16.1.' | 15.8: | 15.8 |
| San Juan | 21.7, | 21.6 | 21.7 | 58.6 | 60.4 | 61.0 | 123.0; | 127.0 | 127.7 |
| Virgin Islands ........................................................ | 1.5 | 1.4 | $1.4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 6.1 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 14.0 | 13.6; | 13.6 |

[^23][^24] benchmarks except Wisconsin.

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers ${ }^{1}$ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1963 to date


See footnotes at end of table.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA

 HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGSC-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1963 to date-Continued


See footnotes at end of table.

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1963 to date-Continued

| Year and month | Retail trade |  |  | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Services |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weekly hours | Hourly earnings | Weekly earnings | Weekly hours | Hourly earnings | Weekly earnings | Weekly hours | Hourly earnings | Weekly earnings |
|  | Annual averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1963 | 37.3 | \$1.68 | \$62.66 | 37.5 | \$2.25 | \$84.38 | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | (2) | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| 1964. | 37.0 | 1.75 | 64.75 | 37.3 | 2.30 | 85.79 | 36.1 | \$1.94 | \$70.03 |
| 1965 .............................' | 36.6 | 1.82 | 66.61 | 37.2 | 2.39 | 88.91 | 35.9 | 2.05 | 73.60 |
| 1966 ............................ | 35.9 | 1.91 | 68.57 | 37.3 | 2.47 | 92.13 | 35.5 | 2.17 | 77.04 |
| 1967 | 35.3 | 2.01 | 70.95 | 37.1 | 2.58 | 95.72 | 35.1 | 2.29 | 80.38 |
| 1968 ............................. | 34.7 | 2.16 | 74.95 | 37.0 | 2.75 | 101.75 | 34.7 | 2.42 | 83.97 |
| 1969 ............................ | 34.2 | 2.30 | 78.66 | 37.1 | 2.93 | 108.70 | 34.7 | 2.61 | 90.57 |
| 1970 ............................ | 33.8 | 2.44 | 82.47 | 36.7 | 3.07 | 112.67 | 34.4 | 2.81 | 96.66 |
| 1971 ............................ | 33.7 | 2.60 | 87.62 | 36.6 | 3.22 | 117.85 | 33.9 | 3.04 | 103.06 |
| 1972 ............................ i | 33.4 | 2.75 | 91.85 | 36.6 | 3.36 | 122.98 | 33.9 | 3.27 | 110.85 |
| 1973 ............................ | 33.1 | 2.91 | 96.32 | 36.6 | 3.53 | 129.20 | 33.8 | 3.47 | 117.29 |
| 1974 | 32.7 | 3.14 | 102.68 | 36.5 | 3.77 | 137.61 | 33.6 | 3.75 | 126.00 |
| 1975 | 32.4 | 3.36 | 108.86 | 36.5 | 4.06 | 148.19 | 33.5 | 4.02 | 134.67 |
| 1976 | 32.1 | 3.57 | 114.60 | 36.4 | 4.27 | 155.43 | 33.3 | 4.31 | 143.52 |
| 1977 | 31.6 | 3.85 | 121.66 | 36.4 | 4.54 | 165.26 | 33.0 | 4.65 | 153.45 |
| 1978 | 31.0 | 4.20 | 130.20 | 36.4 | 4.89 | 178.00 | 32.8 | 4.99 | 163.67 |
| 1979 ............................ 1 | 30.6 | 4.53 | 138.62 | 36.2 | 5.27 | 190.77 | 32.7 | 5.36 | 175.27 |
| 1980 | 30.2 | 4.88 | 147.38 | 36.2 | 5.79 | 209.60 | 32.6 | 5.85 | 190.71 |
| 1981 ............................ | 30.1 | 5.25 | 158.03 | 36.3 | 6.31 | 229.05 | 32.6 | 6.41 | 208.97 |
| 1982 ........................ | 29.9 | 5.48 | 163.85 | 36.2 | 6.78 | 245.44 | 32.6 | 6.92 | 225.59 |
| 1983 | 29.8 | 5.74 | 171.05 | 36.2 | 7.29 | 263.90 | 32.7 | 7.30 | 238.71 |
|  | Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June .......................... | 30.1 | \$5.73 | \$172.47 | 36.1 | \$7.25 | \$261.73 | 32.9 | \$7.24 | \$238.20 |
| July ...........................' | 30.6 | 5.73 | 175.34 | 36.3 | 7.29 | 264.63 | 33.1 | 7.24 | 239.64 |
| August ....................... | 30.5 | 5.73 | 174.77 | 36.1 | 7.24 | 261.36 | 33.0 | 7.24 | 238.92 |
| September .................. | 29.9 | 5.78 | 172.82 | 36.1 | 7.33 | 264.61 | 32.7 | 7.37 | 241.00 |
| October | 29.9 | 5.79 | 173.12 | 36.4 | 7.45 | 271.18 | 32.7 | 7.43 | 242.96 |
| November ................... | 29.8 | 5.82 | 173.44 | 36.1 | 7.39 | 266.78 | 32.6 | 7.44 | 242.54 |
| December ................... | 30.8 | 5.78 | 178.02 | 36.2 | 7.43 | 268.97 | 32.6 | 7.47 | 243.52 |
| 1984: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ......................\| | 29.4 | 5.89 | 173.17 | 36.5 | 7.55 | 275.58 | 32.6 | 7.57 | 246.78 |
| February .................... | 29.4 | 5.89 | 173.17 | 36.4 | 7.54 | 274.46 | 32.6 | 7.55 | 246.13 |
| March ......................... | 29.6 | 5.89 | 174.34 | 36.3 | 7.54 | 273.70 | 32.6 | 7.54 | 245.80 |
| April ........................... | 29.8 | 5.90 | 175.82 | 36.5 | 7.62 | 278.13 | 32.7 | 7.60 | 248.52 |
| May ${ }^{\text {a }}$......................... | 30.0 | 5.88 | 176.40 | 36.3 | 7.53 | 273.34 | 32.6 | 7.54 | 245.80 |
| June ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | 30.3 | 5.88 | 178.16 | 36.3 | 7.53 | 273.34 | 33.0 | 7.53 | 248.49 |

[^25][^26]NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry


See footnotes at end of table.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\text {D }} \end{gathered}$ |
| Total priva | \$7.98 | \$7.98 | \$8.29 | \$8.27 ${ }^{\prime}$ | \$8.29' | \$278.50 | \$280.90 | \$292.6 |  | 295.12 |
| Mining | 11.17 | 11.22' | 11.62 | 11.55' | 11.61', | 471.37 | 476.85 | 499.66 | 500.12 | 512.00 |
| Metal mining ..............................................................'10 | 12.44 | 12.55! | 12.91, | 12.91 | - | 488.89 | 496.98 | 522.86 | 529.31 | - |
| Iron ores ..................................................................101 | $12.18{ }^{\prime}$ | $12.40{ }^{\prime}$ | 12.53 | 12.81: | - | 465.28 | 482.36 | 491.18 | 504.71 | - |
| Copper ores ........................................................... 102 | 12.97 | 13.03 | 13.48 | 13.57 | - | 520.10 | 521.20 | 559.42 | 574.01 | - |
| Coal mining ................................................................11,12 | 13.42 | 13.65 | 14.63' | 14.59 | - | 532.77 | 540.54 | 598.37 | 599.65 | - |
| Bituminous coal and lignite mining ...............................12 | 13.47! | 13.69 | 14.67! | 14.64 | - | 534.76 | 543.49 | 600.00 | 601.70 | - |
| Oil and gas extraction ................................................ 13 | 10.66 | 10.63 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 10.75i | 10.67 | - | 462.64 | 462.41 | 471.93 | 470.55 | - |
| Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids .\|131,2 | 12.29 | 12.18 | 12.87! | 12.70 | - | 516.18 | 514.00 | 539.25 | 528.32 | - |
| Oil and gas field services $\qquad$ 1138 | 9.93 | 9.94 | 9.94 | 9.91 | - | 436.92 | 438.35 | 444.32 | 446.94 | - |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ...............................114 | $9.13{ }^{\prime}$ | 9.27 | 9.70 | 9.72' | - | 396.24 | 411.59 | 428.74 | 435.46 | - |
| Crushed and broken stone $\qquad$ 142 | 8.65; | 8.76। | 9.08 | 9.18 | - | 381.47 | 391.57 | 405.88 | 421.36 | - |
| Construction ................................................................ | 11.811 | 11.77 | 11.95 | 11.97 | 11.94, | 442.88 | 446.08 | 448.13 | 456.06 | 460.88 |
| General building contractors ........................................ 115 | 10.62 | 10.53 | 10.731 | 10.75 | - | 390.82 | 390.66 | 398.08 | 402.05 |  |
| Residential building construction .................................. 152 | 9.77 | 9.69 | 9.93 | 9.94 | - | 354.65 | 356.59 | 361.45 | 369.77 | - |
| Operative builders .................................................... 153 | 8.26 | 8.83 | 8.98! | 8.88 | - | 326.27 | 357.62 | 353.81 | 348.10 | - |
| Nonresidential building construction ............................, 154 | 11.65 | 11.53 | 11.62 | 11.68 | - | 429.89 | 428.92 | 435.75 | 439.17 | - |
| Heavy construction contractors ................................... 16 | 11.61 | 11.71 | 11.60 | 11.68 | - | 472.53 | 485.97 | 474.44 | 485.89 | - |
| Highway and street construction ................................, 161 | 10.10 | 10.51 | 10.29': | 10.71 | - | 419.15 | 450.88 | 421.89 | 450.89 | - |
| Heavy construction, except highway .......................... 162 | 12.33 | 12.35 | 12.16; | 12.18; | - | 496.90 | 503.88 | 497.34 | 503.03 | - |
| Special trade contractors ............................................. 17 | 12.44 | 12.37 | 12.64, | 12.64 ${ }^{\prime}$ | - | 454.06 | 456.45 | 462.62 | 470.21 | - |
| Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning ....................... 171 | 12.59 | 12.54 | 12.51' | 12.56 | - | 468.35 | 477.77 | 465.37 | 478.54 | - |
| Painting, paper hanging, and decorating ...................... 172 | 11.30 | 11.27 | 11.41.' | 11.30 | - | 396.63 | 402.34 | 401.63 | 405.67 | - |
| Electrical work ......................................................... 1173 | 13.90 | 14.00 | 14.07! | 14.20! | - | 530.98 | 525.00 | 543.10 | 553.80 |  |
| Masonry, stonework, and plastering ........................... 174 | 12.32: | 12.34 | 12.54 | 12.60 | - | 432.43 | 431.90 | 437.65 | 441.00 | - |
| Carpentering and flooring ......................................... 175 | 11.84 | 11.38i | 11.65' | 11.49: | - | 416.77 | 402.85 | 398.43 | 399.85 | - |
| Roofing and sheet metal work ................................... 176 | 10.92', | 10.80 | 11.04! | 11.03 | - | 365.82 | 378.00 | 367.63 | 387.15 |  |
| Manufacturing ............................................................ | 8.77 | 8.79 | 9.11 | 9.10: | 9.13 | 349.92 | 354.24 | 372.60 | 370.37 | 373.42 |
| Durable goods ............................................................. | 9.31: | 9.34 | 9.67 . | 9.66 | 9.69 | 376.12 | 381.07 | 402.27 | 399.92 | 403.10 |
| Lumber and wood products ......................................, 24 | 7.77: | 7.84 | 7.89' | 7.90 | 7.96 | 312.35 | 319.87 | 317.18 | 316.79 | 319.20 |
| Logging camps and logging contractors ................... 241 | 10.01' | 10.21 | 10.42 | 10.43 ' | - ' | 398.40 | 409.42 | 402.21 | 405.73 | - |
| Sawmills and planing mills ...................................... 242 | 8.20 ! | 8.31 | 8.35 | 8.35' | - | 333.74 | 345.70 | 343.19 | 340.68 | - |
| Sawmills and planing mills, general ....................... 2421 | 8.65 | 8.78 | 8.78', | 8.78' | - | 353.79 | 367.00 | 362.61 | 360.86 | - |
| Hardwood dimension and flooring .......................... 2426 | 5.54 | 5.51 | 5.801 | 5.78 | - | 220.49 | 225.36 | 232.00 | 230.04 | - |
| Millwork, plywood, and structural members ...............\|243 | 7.65 | 7.64 | 7.75' | 7.70' | - | 308.30 | 312.48 | 314.65 | 310.31 | - |
| Millwork .............................................................. 2431 | 7.77 | 7.79 | 7.901 | 7.90 |  | 311.58 | 319.39 | 318.37 | 313.63 | - |
| Wood kitchen cabinets ......................................... 2434 | 6.92 | 6.90 | 7.061 | 7.02 | - | 274.72 | 274.62 | 286.64 | 285.01 | - |
| Hardwood veneer and plywood .............................', 2435 | 6.14 | 6.11 | 6.29 ! | 6.28 | - | 243.76 | 250.51 | 255.37 | 253.71 | - |
| Softwood veneer and plywood .............................. 2436 | 9.33 | 9.41 | 9.64 , | 9.50 | - | 393.73 | 396.16 | 399.10 | 386.65 | - |
| Wood containers ...................................................'244 | 5.65 | 5.62 | $5.72{ }^{\prime}$ | 5.70 | - | 218.66 | 220.30 | 220.79 | 219.45 | - |
| Wood buildings and mobile homes ..........................'245 | 6.95 | 6.82 | 7.04 ! | 7.11 | - | 274.53 | 273.48 | 268.22 | 273.02 | - |
| Mobile homes ..................................................... 2451 | 6.99 | 6.84 ! | 7.09 | 7.20 | - | 281.00 | 276.34 | 273.67 | 277.20 | - |
| Miscellaneous wood products ..................................249 | 6.59 | 6.57 | 6.75 | 6.76 | - | 267.55 | 266.74 | 275.40 | 275.81 | - |
| Furniture and fixtures ................................................'25 | 6.52', | 6.60 | 6.76 | 6.79 | 6.84' | 254.28 | 263.34 | 267.02 | 267.53 | 270.86 |
| Household furniture ................................................'251 | 6.02 . | 6.05 | $6.23{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 6.23 | - | 234.18 | 240.19 | 243.59 | 241.72 | - |
| Wood household furniture ....................................'2511 | 5.53 | 5.55 | 5.71 | 5.70, | - | 214.56 | 219.78 | 224.97 | 224.01 | - |
| Upholstered household furniture ........................... 2512 | 6.42 | 6.48 | 6.77 ! | 6.75 | - | 246.53 | 255.96 | 260.65 | 254.48 | - |
| Metal household furniture .....................................!2514 | 6.28 | 6.24 | 6.27', | 6.31 , | - | 251.83 | 255.22 । | 253.94 | 254.29 | - |
| Mattresses and bedsprings ...................................'2515 | $6.88{ }^{1}$ | 6.94 | 6.96, | 7.04 | - | 269.01 | 276.21 | 256.82 | 259.78 | - |
| Orfice furniture ...................................................... 252 | 7.04 ${ }^{\text {! }}$ | 7.32 | 7.42 ' | 7.45 | - | 275.97 | 292.80 | 301.99 | 305.45 | - |
| Public building and related furniture .........................'253 | 7.171 | 7.27 | $7.46{ }^{\prime}$ | 7.54 | - | 285.37 | 291.53 | 298.40 | 300.09 | - |
| Partitions and fixtures .............................................'254 | 8.13 | 8.18 | $8.21{ }^{\text {! }}$ | 8.27 ' | - | 313.82 | 323.11 | 325.94 | 330.80 | - |
| Miscelianeous furniture and fixtures ......................... 259 | $7.111$ | 7.29 | 7.25' | 7.24' | - | 290.80 | 303.26 | 292.90 | 293.94 | - |
| Stone, clay, and glass products .................................. ${ }^{\text {, }} 3$ | 9.19 ! | 9.27 | 9.51, | 9.53 | 9.56 | 380.47 | 390.27 | 401.32 | 404.07 | 407.26 |
| Flat glass ..............................................................;321 | 12.00', | 12.30 | 12.99, | 12.95 | - | 506.40 | 544.89 | 580.65 | 578.87 | - |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or blown ...................;322 | 9.94 | 10.01 | 10.44! | 10.43: | - | 403.56 | 409.41 | 430.13 | 428.67 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA <br> HOURS AND EARNINGS <br> NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued




# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry $\quad \vdots \begin{gathered}197 \\ \text { SIC }\end{gathered}$ | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | June <br> 1983 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\rho} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984^{\text {p }} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\text { }} \end{gathered}$ |
| Durable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Glass containers .................................................. 3221 | \$10.38 | \$10.47 | \$11.04 | \$11.02 | - | \$424.54 | \$428.22 | \$459.26 | \$455.13 | - |
| Pressed and blown glass, nec ............................... 3229 | 9.34 ; | 9.40 : | 9.74 | 9.75 | - | 376.40 | 385.40 | 397.39 | 398.78 | - |
| Products of purcnased glass ..................................., 323 | 8.10': | 7.79 | 7.88 | 7.86 | - | 324.81 | 311.60 | 327.81 | 321.47 | - |
| Cement, hydraulic .................................................... 324 | 13.18. | 13.10: | 13.49 | 13.44 | - | 549.61 | 552.82 | 574.67 | 561.79 | - |
| Structural clay products ...........................................325 | 7.38 | 7.32 | 7.71 | 7.70 | - | 306.27 | 305.98 | 325.36 | 327.25 | - |
| Pottery and related products ...................................:326 | 7.79 : | 7.95 | 8.03 | 8.08 | - | 303.81 | 306.87 | 317.99 | 313.50 | - |
| Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products ................... 327 | 8.95 | 9.13. | 9.35 | 9.45 | - | 380.38 | 402.63 | 402.05 | 417.69 | - |
| Concrete block and brick ...................................... 3271 | 7.78 | 7.71 | 8.02 | 8.05 | - | 352.43 | 356.97 | 357.69 | 358.23 | - |
| Concrete products, nec ........................................ 3272 | 7.86 | 7.97 | 8.36 | 8.33 | - | 330.91 | 341.12 | 357.81 | 359.02 | - |
| Ready-mixed concrete ......................................... 3273 | 9.89 | 10.13 | 10.29 | 10.42 | - | 413.40 | 445.72 | 432.18 | 461.61 | - |
| Misc. nonmetallic mineral products ........................... 329 | 9.10 | 9.13 | 9.40 | 9.37 | - | 374.92 | 378.90 | 399.50 | 397.29 | - |
| Abrasive products ................................................. 3291 | 8.88 | 8.68 | 8.92 | 9.02 | - | 357.86 | 353.28 | 376.42 | 380.64 | - |
| Asbestos products ................................................ 3292 | 8.93 | 9.05 | 9.75 | 9.73 | - | 382.20 | 390.96 | 425.10 | 422.28 | - |
| Primary metal industries ............................................. 33 | 11.28 | 11.24 | 11.51, | 11.49 | \$11.51 | 451.20 | 455.22 | 488.02 | 482.58 | \$486.87 |
| Blast furnaces and basic steel products ................... 331 | 12.74 | 12.69 | 13.12 | 13.09 | 13.08 | 495.59 | 499.99 | 549.73 | 543.24 | 549.36 |
| Blast furnaces and steel mills ................................ 3312 | 13.24' | 13.19 | 13.65 | 13.63 | - | 509.74 | 515.73 | 567.84 | 561.56 | - |
| Steel pipe and tubes .............................................'3317 | 10.27: | 10.29 | 10.54 | 10.60 | - | 415.94 | 416.75 | 446.90 | 451.56 | - |
| Iron and steel foundries ........................................., 332 | $9.86{ }^{\prime}$ | 9.92 | 10.06' | 10.11 | - | 390.46 | 397.79 | 420.51 | 421.59 | - |
| Gray iron foundries ............................................... 3321 | 10.12' | 10.14: | 10.31 | 10.38 | - | 403.79 | 404.59 | 429.93 | 432.85 | - |
| Malleable iron foundries ........................................ 3322 | 10.50' | 10.55 | 10.77. | 10.76 | - | 412.65 | 425.17 | 437.26 | 439.01 | - |
| Steel foundries, nec .............................................,3325 | 9.37 | 9.61 . | 9.56 | 9.55 | - | 359.81 | 381.52 | 396.74 | 393.46 | - |
| Primary nonferrous metals ....................................... 333 | 13.61. | 1337. | 13.30 | 13.36 | - | 555.29 | 552.18 | 561.26 | 563.79 | - |
| Primary aluminum ................................................. 3334 | 14.43 | 13.92. | 13.79 | 13.94 | - | 587.30 | 570.72 | 583.32 | 591.06 | - |
| Nonferrous rolling and drawing ................................ 335 | 10.72 | 10.60. | 10.98 . | 10.94 | - | 451.31 | 449.44 | 482.02 | 473.70 | - |
| Copper rolling and drawing ..................................., 3351 | 9.34 | 9.39 : | 10.05 | 10.01 | - | 393.21 | 403.77 | 459.29 | 450.45 | - |
| Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil ............................. ; 3353 | 14.44' | $13.97{ }^{\prime}$ | 14.07. | 14.03 | - | 615.14 | 574.17 | 614.86 | 604.69 | - |
| Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating .................. 3357 | 9.81 | 9.88 | 10.36 : | 10.34 | - | 407.12 | 413.97 | 445.48 | 443.59 | - |
| Nonferrous foundries .............................................,336 | 8.79 | 8.76 | 9.04 . | 8.98 . | - | 358.63 | 359.16 | 381.49 | 374.47 | - |
| Aluminum foundries .............................................. 3361 | 8.98 | 8.93 | 9.27 | $9.18{ }^{\circ}$ | - | 369.08 | 370.60 | 394.90 | 384.64 | - |
| Fabricated metal producis ......................................... 34 | 9.06 | 9.08 | 9.34 | 9.33 | 9.34 | 365.12 | 369.56 | 387.61 | 386.26 | 390.41 |
| Metal cans and shipping containers .......................... 341 | 12.12: | 12.15 | 12.45 | 12.35 | - | 518.74 | 527.31 | 532.86 | 524.88 | - |
| Metal cans ........................................................... 3411 | 12.69 | 12.73 | 13.10 | 12.98 . | - | 543.13 | 553.76 | 560.68 | 549.05 | - |
| Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware ............................ 342 | 8.82' | 8.86 | 9.12 | 9.15 | - | 353.68 | 357.94 | 373.92 | 374.24 | - |
| Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades .. 3423,5 | 8.14 | $8.17{ }^{\circ}$ | 8.45 | 8.47 | - | 318.27 | 324.35 | 342.23 | 342.19 | - |
| Hardware, nec ...................................................... 3429 | 9.19 | 9.22 | 9.44 | 9.49 | - | 370.36 | 375.25 | 389.87 | 389.09 | - |
| Plumbing and heating, except electric ...................... 343 | 7.99 | $8.05{ }^{\text { }}$ | 8.33 | 8.28 | - | 316.40 | 325.22 | 337.37 | 331.20 | - |
| Plumbing fittings and brass goods ......................... 3432 | 7.64 | 7.66 | 8.08 | 8.06 | - | 303.31 | 307.93 | 331.28 | 328.85 | - |
| Heating equipment, except electric ......................... 3433 | 8.04 | 8.13 : | 8.30 | 8.23 | - | 312.76 | 325.20 | 329.51 | 318.50 | - |
| Fabricated structural metal products ........................ 344 | 8.69 | 8.72 | 8.82 | 8.83 | - | 344.12 | 351.42 | 356.33 | 359.38 | - |
| Fabricated structural metal .................................... 3441 | 9.07 | 9.26 | 9.35 | 9.41 | - | 360.08 | 376.88 | 381.48 | 388.63 | - |
| Metal doors, sash, and trim ................................... 3442 | 6.83 | 6.84 | 7.10 | 7.05 | - | 271.15 | 276.34 | 281.87 | 283.41 | - |
| Fabricated plate work (boiler shops) ....................... 3443 | 9.84 : | 9.92 . | 9.85 | 9.91 . | - | 389.66 | 398.78 | 405.82 | 410.27 | - |
| Sheet metal work .................................................3444 | 8.95 | 8.93 | 8.97. | 9.02 | - | 351.74 | 356.31 | 358.80 | 362.60 | - |
| Architectural metal work .......................................'3446 | 8.86 | 8.86 | 9.10 | 8.99 | - | 357.06 | 358.83 | 372.19 | 362.30 | - |
| Screw machine products, bolts, etc ......................... 345 | 8.45 | 8.46 | 8.72 | 8.70 | - | 340.54 | 344.32 | 376.70 | 373.23 | - |
| Screw machine products ....................................... 3451 | 7.73 | 7.77 | 8.03 | 8.02 | - | 305.34 | 311.58 | 341.28 | 337.64 | - |
| Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers .............................. 3452 | 9.10 | 9.10 | 9.42 | 9.40 | - | 373.10 | 375.83 | 413.54 | 411.72 | - |
| Metal forgings and stampings ................................. 346 | 10.41 | 10.44 | 10.88 | 10.86 | - | 437.22 | 438.48 | 470.02 | 465.89 | - |
| Iron and steel forgings .......................................... 3462 | 11.45 | 11.56 | 11.99 | 12.02 | - | 461.44 | 469.34 | 513.17 | 510.85 | - |
| Automotive stampings ........................................... 3465 | $12.13{ }^{\prime}$ | 12.20 | 12.80 | 12.72 | - | 541.00 | 535.58 | 583.68 | 573.67 | - |
| Metal stampings, nec ............................................ 3469 | 8.19 : | 8.18 | 8.34 | 8.37 | - | 327.60 | 328.84 | 341.94 | 341.50 | - |
| Metal services, nec ................................................. 347 | 7.17 | 7.23 | 7.49 | 7.49 | - | 286.80 | 289.20 | 308.59 | 306.34 | - |
| Plating and polishing ............................................. 3471 | 7.01 | 7.08 | 7.35 | 7.33 | - | 278.30 | 282.49 | 302.09 | 298.33 | - |
| Metal coating and allied services ............................ 3479 | 7.55 | 7.59 | 7.81 | 7.88 | - | 306.53 | 304.36 | 323.33 | 325.44 | - |
| Ordnance and accessories, nec ............................... 348 | 9.34 | 9.44 | 9.95 | 9.91 | - | 377.34 | 381.38 | 411.93 | 407.30 | - |
| Ammunition, except for small arms, nec ................. 3483 | 8.84 | 9.00 | 9.53 | 9.55 | - | 360.67 | 364.50 | 386.92 | 382.00 | - |
| Misc. fabricated metal products ............................... 349 | 8.46 | 8.47 | 8.76 | 8.73 | - | 334.17 | 338.80 | 360.91 | 358.80 | - |
| Valves and pipe fittings ........................................ 3494 | 8.97 | 9.04 | 9.29 | 9.3 : | - | 344.45 | 351.66 | 382.75 | 385.43 | - |
| Misc. fabricated wire products ............................... 3496 | 7.45 | 7.51 | 7.88 | 7.87 | - | 296.51 | 308.65 | 322.29 | 319.52 | - |
| Machinery, except electrical ...................................... 35 | 9.51 | 9.55 | 9.91 | 9.90 | 9.93 | 379.45 | 384.87 | 417.21 | 413.82 | 416.07 |
| Engines and turbines .............. ......... .... ........... 351 | 11.83 | 11.90 | 12.74 | 12.68 | - | 207. 24 | 165.9 | 5.42 .72 | 527.49 | - |
| Turbines and turbine generator sets ..................... 3511 | 11.23 | 11.39 | 11.97 | 12.03 | - | 434.60 | 425.95 | 489.30 | 45.20 | - |
| Internal combustion engines, nec .................. ........ 3519 | 12.09 | 12.09 | 12.97 | 12.88 | - | 481.18 | 481 1只 | CE1, ¢ | 5. 2.25 | - |
| Farm and garden machinery ................................... 352 | 9.44 | 9.55 | 9.62 | 9.65 | - | 375.71 | 382.95 | 367:3 | $3 \times 4.69$ | - |
| Farm machinery and equipment ............................. 3523 | 9.92 | 10.05 | 10.12 | 1011 | - | 394.82 | 101.00 | 0.14 .92 | +13,50 | - |

See footnotes at end ? 'able.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued


See footnotes at end of table.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Apr ; | May |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\text {p }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\text { }} \end{gathered}$ |
| Durable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Machinery, except electrical-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction and related machinery ......................... 353 | \$10.33 | \$10.37 | \$10.72 | \$10.74 | - | \$403.90 | \$413.76: | \$444.88 | \$442.49'. | - |
| Construction machinery ........................................'3531 | 11.05 | 11.15 | 11.38 | 11.46 | - | 436.48 | 454.92 | 473.41 | 472.15 | - |
| Mining machinery ................................................. 3532 | 10.87 | 10.98 | 11.23' | 11.39! | - | 418.50 | 426.02 | 468.29 | 465.85 | - |
| Oil field machinery ..............................................., 3533 | 10.59 | 10.62'. | 11.16. | 11.07, | - | 415.13 | 420.55 | 470.95 | 462.73 | - |
| Conveyors and conveying equipment ..................... 3535 | 8.87! | 8.80 | 9.29 | 9.37 | - | 343.27 | 347.60 | 370.67 | 379.49 | - |
| Industrial trucks and tractors ................................ 3537 | 8.91 | 9.02 | 9.12 | 9.12 | - | 340.36 | 351.78 | 378.48 | 376.66 | - |
| Metalworking machinery .......................................... 354 | 9.73' | 9.78 | 10.04: | 10.02; | - | 387.25 | 392.18 | 430.72 | 426.85 | - |
| Machine tools, metal cutting types ......................... 3541 | 9.94 | 9.89 | 10.18: | 10.10: | - | 376.73 | 376.81 | 431.63 | 427.23 | - |
| Machine tools, metal forming types ....................... 3542 | 10.34 | 10.47 | 10.56, | 10.50: | - | 383.61 | 384.25 | 443.52 | 436.80 | - |
| Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures ....................... 3544 | 10.29 | 10.37, | 10.62 | 10.59 | - | 421.89 | 428.28 | 463.03 | 457.49 | - |
| Machine tool accessories ...................................... 3545 | 8.82 | 8.88 | 9.16 | 9.23 | - | 345.74 | 352.54 | 389.30 | 393.20 | - |
| Power driven hand tools ........................................ 3546 | $7.70{ }^{1}$ | 7.73 | 8.03 | 8.06 | - | 299.53 | 307.65 | 326.82 | 324.01 | - |
| Special industry machinery ......................................'355 | 9.25; | 9.27' | 9.60: | $9.61{ }^{\text {' }}$ | - | 372.78 | 37636 | 400.32 | 398.82 | - |
| Food products machinery ....................................., 3551 | 9.73, | 9.66 | 10.03' | 10.18: | - | 393.09 | 392.20 | 415.24 | 421.45 | - |
| Textile machinery .................................................. 3552 | 7.22 | 7.29 i | 7.55' | 7.57' | - | 288.08 | 296.70 | 317.10 | 308.86 | - |
| Printing trades machinery ...................................... 3555 | 9.70 ! | 9.64' | 9.81 . | 9.71 ! | - | 393.82 | 388.49 | 417.91 | 411.70 | - |
| General industrial machinery ...................................'356 | 9.38 | 9.44 | 9.69; | 9.701 | - | 371.45 | 380.43 | 407.95 | 405.46 | - |
| Pumps and pumping equipment ............................. 3561 | 9.67 | 9.77 ' | 10.14 | 10.24: | - | 381.00 | 391.78 | 426.89 | 428.03 | - |
| Ball and roller bearings .........................................'3562 | 9.39 | 9.41' | 9.94; | 9.98 | - | 387.81 | 396.16 | 443.32 | 442.11 | - |
| Air and gas compressors .....................................,3563 | $9.96{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 9.99 | 9.53' | 9.47: | - | 394.42 | 396.60 | 387.87 | 388.27 | - |
| Blowers and fans .................................................. 3564 | $8.76{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 8.82 | 8.70 , | 8.75; | - | 348.65 | 355.45 | 351.48 | 356.13 | - |
| S;ieed changers, drives, and gears ........................ 3566 | 9.75 | 9.82 | 10.31, | 10.28, | - | 369.53 | 380.03 | 416.52 | 416.34 | - |
| Power transmission equipment, nec ....................... 3568 | 9.36: | 9.32 | 9.92; | 9.98 | - | 364.10 | 362.55 | 411.68 | 413.17 | - |
| Office und computing machines ...............................357 | 8.46 | 8.48 | 8.86 | 8.85' | - | 345.17 | 348.53 | 374.78 | 373.47 | - |
| Electronic computing equipment ...........................'3573 | 8.41 | 8.44' | $8.81{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 8.81 : | - | 344.81 | 348.57 | 372.66 | 372.66 | - |
| Retrigeration and service machinery ........................'358 | 9.15 | 9.18 | 9.67: | 9.68 , | - 1 | ! 366.92 | 371.79 | 405.17 | 401.72 |  |
| Refrigeration and heating equipment ......................'3585 | 9.46 | $9.46{ }^{\prime}$ | 9.97: | 9.95', | - | 385.97 | 387.86 | 420.73 | 415.91 | - |
| Misc. machinery, except electrical ............................ 359 | 9.45 . | 9.45' | 9.721 | 9.73 . | - | 374.22 | 378.00 | 408.24 | 404.77 | - |
| Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves ................... 3592 | 10.68 . | 10.88: | 11.68: | 11.59: | - | 440.02 | 454.78 | 497.57 | 484.46 | - |
| Machinery, except electrical, nec ...........................' 3599 | 9.21: | 9.18 | 9.37! | 9.39', | - | 361.95 | 363.53 | 391.67 | 389.69 | - |
| Electrical and electronic equipment ............................ 36 | 8.58 ; | $8.61{ }^{\prime}$ | 8.891 | 8.87! | \$8.89 | 344.06 | 349.57 | 364.49 | 361.90 | \$363.60 |
| Electric distributing equipment .................................. 361 | 8.21 | 8.27. | $8.47{ }^{\text {! }}$ | $8.50{ }^{\prime}$ | - | 323.47 | 327.49 | 346.42 | 346.80 | - |
| Transformers ......................................................'3612 | 8.06 | 8.10 | 8.37', | 8.38 | - | 320.79 | 323.19 | 344.01 | 346.93 | - |
| Switchgear and switchboard apparatus ..................'3613 | 8.33: | $8.41{ }^{1}$ | 8.55, | 8.60 | - | 324.87 | 330.51 | 348.84 | 345.72 | - |
| Electrical industrial apparatus ..................................;362 | 8.68 ; | 8.69 | 9.00 | 9.00 | - | 343.73 | 349.34 | 369.90 | 370.80 | - |
| Motors and generators ......................................... 3621 | 8.72 | 8.70, | 8.99; | 8.99 | - | - 354.03 | 356.70 | 374.88 | 375.78 | - |
| Industrial controls ................................................., 3622 | 8.41! | $8.48{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 8.77! | 8.77! | - | 326.31 | 334.11 | 350.80 | 354.31 | - |
| Household appliances ............................................ 363 | 8.39 | 8.46 ! | 8.88 | 8.86 | - | 326.37 | 334.17 | 357.86 | 349.97 | - |
| Household refrigerators and freezers .....................', 3632 | $9.41^{\prime}$ | $9.56{ }^{\prime}$ | 10.161 | 10.20 | - | 370.75 | 377.62 | 410.46 | 394.74 | - |
| Household laundry equipment ................................3633 | 10.00' | 10.10 | 10.52 | 10.55 | - | 391.00 | 396.93 | 418.70 | 416.73 | - |
| Electric housewares and fans ................................;3634 | 6.67: | 6.64; | 6.85,' | 6.83: | - | 257.46 | 262.28 | 274.69 | 272.52 | - |
| Electric lighting and wiring equipment .......................; 364 | 7.95 | 8.031 | 8.34 | 8.37: | - | 325.95 | 329.23 | 344.44 | 344.01 , | - |
| Electric lamps ...................................................... 3641 | 9.15' | 9.12' | 9.60 ! | 9.49: | - | 389.79 | 387.60 | 412.80 | 399.53 | - |
| Current-carrying wiring devices ............................. 3643 | 7.37. | 7.50, | 7.75 | $7.79{ }^{\prime}$ | - | 302.17 | 306.00 | 320.08 | 324.06 | - |
| Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices ........................, 3644 | 8.31. | 8.28 : | $8.63{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 8.61; | - | 330.74 | 327.89 | 348.65 | 342.68 | - |
| Residential lighting fixtures ....................................i3645 | 6.25 | 6.33 | $6.49{ }^{\prime}$ | 6.56 | - | 259.38 | 256.37 | 255.06 | 255.84 | - |
| Radio and TV receiving equipment ...........................;365 | 8.21 . | $8.24{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 8.79! | 8.69 | - | 325.94 | 327.95 | 348.96 | 349.34 | - |
| Radio and TV receiving sets .................................. 3651 | 8.53: | 8.53; | 9.07 | 9.06 | - | 341.20 | 343.76 | 368.24 | 366.02 | - |
| Communication equipment .......................................i366 | 10.22। | 10.23: | 10.64 | 10.68' | - | 412.89 | 416.36 | 436.24 | 436.81 | - |
| Telephone and telegraph apparatus .......................'3661 | 10.24 | 10.251 | 10.48: | 10.57, | - | 415.74 | 420.25 | 428.63 | 430.20 | - |
| Radio and TV communication equipment ............... 13662 | 10.21' | 10.23' | 10.72\| | 10.74' | - | 410.44 | 414.32 | 439.52 | 440.34 | - |
| Electronic components and accessories ..................'367 | 7.50 | 7.51, | 7.75 | 7.70' | - | 302.25 | 307.16 | 320.08 | 316.47 | - |
| Electronic tubes ...................................................i3671-3 | 9.54 | 9.59: | 10.08' | 10.02 | - | - 384.46 | 395.11 | 437.47 | 429.86 | - |
| Semiconductors and related devices ......................,3674 | 8.46 | 8.60 | 9.07: | 8.93 | - | - 344.32 | 356.90 | 379.13 | 369.70 | - |
| Electronic components, nec ..................................;3679 | 7.02' | 6.96' | 7.12! | 7.10! | - | 284.31 | 283.97 | 291.21 | 291.81 | - |
| Misc. electrical equipment and supplies ................... 369 | 9.31 | 9.41 . | 9.67' | 9.62 ' | - | 377.99 | 387.69 | 400.34 | 388.65 | - |
| Storage batteries .................................................. 3691 | 9.63 : | 9.64 | 10.14, | 10.20 I | - | 384.24 | 387.53 | 405.60 | 395.76 | - |
| Engine electrical equipment ..................................'3694 | 9.94' | 10.15' | 10.42 | 10.31 ! | - | 415.49 | 435.44 | 439.72 | 422.71 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry <br> 1972 <br> SIC | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\text {p }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\text {p }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. $1984$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\text { }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| Durable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation equipment .......................................... 37 | 41.9 | 42.3 | 43.4 | 42.7 | 43.1 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.9 | 4.5 | - |
| Motor vehicles and equipment ................................ 371 | 43.3 | 44.0 | 44.9 | 43.8 | 44.4 | 4.3 | 5.2 | 6.1 | 5.5 | - |
| Motor vehicles and car bodies ............................... 3711 | 43.3 | 44.3 | 46.0 | 44.3 | - | 4.2 | 5.5 | 7.1 | 6.1 | - |
| Truck and bus bodies ........................................... 3713 | 40.1 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 39.9 | - | 1.8 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2.7 | - |
| Motor vehicle parts and accessories ...................... 3714 | 43.8 | 44.2 | 44.6 | 44.0 | - | 4.8 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 5.5 | - |
| Truck trailers ....................................................... 3715 | 40.2 | 41.1 | 42.8 | 42.9 | - | 2.4 | 3.3 | 4.7 | 4.3 | - |
| Aircraft and parts ..................................................... 372 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 41.8 | 41.7 | - | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 3.4 | - |
| Aircraft ................................................................. 3721 | 40.5 | 40.5 | - | - | - | 2.1 | 2.4 | - | - | - |
| Aircraft engines and engine parts ........................... 3724 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 42.0 | 41.4 | - | 3.2 | 3.0 | 4.6 | 4.3 | - |
| Aircraft equipment, nec $\qquad$ '3728 | 42.5 | 42.2 | 42.1 | 42.4 | - | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.8 | - |
| Ship and boat building and repairing ........................ 373 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 41.5 | 41.3 | - | 2.4 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | - |
| Ship building and repairing ..................................... 3731 | 39.5 | 39.9 | 41.4 | - | - | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.5 | - | - |
| Boat building and repairing ................................... 3732 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 41.8 | 41.4 | - | 2.3 | 2.3 | 3.9 | 3.3 | - |
| Railroad equipment ................................................. 374 | 38.1 | 39.3 | 41.0 | 41.6 | - | 1.4 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 2.7 | - |
| Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts ............... 376 | 40.6 | 41.3 | 42.2 | 41.8 | - | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.3 | - |
| Guided missiles and space vehicles ....................... 3761 | 40.9 | 41.7 | 42.8 | 42.2 | - | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.5 | - |
| Miscellaneous transportation equipment .................... 379 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 40.7 | 40.3 | - | 2.7 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 2.8 | - |
| Travel trailers and campers ................................... 3792 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 38.8 | - | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.3 | - |
| Instruments and related products ............................... 38 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.3 | - |
| Engineering and scientific instruments ...................... 381 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 40.8 | - | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | - |
| Measuring and controlling devices ........................... 382 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 41.5 | 41.1 | - | 1.3 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 2.3 | - |
| Environmental controls ......................................... 3822 | 39.4 | 39.8 | 40.8 | 40.5 | - | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 1.8 | - |
| Process control instruments ................................... 3823 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 41.3 | 42.1 | - | 1.0 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 3.1 | - |
| Instruments to measure electricity ......................... 3825 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 42.4 | 40.9 | - | 1.2 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 2.0 | - |
| Optical instruments and lenses ................................ 383 | 41.9 | 42.7 | 43.6 | 43.1 | - | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 3.6 | - |
| Medical instruments and supplies ............................. 384 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 39.8 | - | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.1 | - |
| Surgical and medical instruments .......................... 3841 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 39.5 | 39.7 | - | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.1 | - |
| Surgical appliances and supplies ............................ 3842 | 39.6 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 39.9 | - | 1.9 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.1 | - |
| Ophthalmic goods .................................................. 385 | 39.8 | 39.0 | 39.7 | 39.7 | - | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.6 | - |
| Photographic equipment and supplies ...................... 386 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 42.4 | 42.2 | - | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 2.4 | - |
| Watches, clocks, and watchcases ............................ 387 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 41.2 | 40.6 | - | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.0 | - |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ..................................... 39 | 38.8 | 38.8 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 39.5 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 |  |
| Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware ......................... 391 | 37.6 | 37.2 | 37.8 | 37.5 | - | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | - |
| Jewelry, precious metal ........................................ 3911 | 37.0 | 36.6 | 37.0 | 37.0 | - | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | - |
| Musical instruments ................................................ 393 | 38.9 | 38.2 | 39.7 | 38.8 | - | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.2 | - |
| Toys and sporting goods ......................................... 394 | 38.9 | 39.0 | 40.0 | 40.1 | - | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.1 | - |
| Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles .............'3942,4 | 38.6 | 38.5 | 38.9 | 39.0 | - | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.6 | - |
| Sporting and athletic goods, nec ........................... 3949 | 39.2 | 39.4 | 41.1 | 41.0 | $\sim$ | 1.6 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 2.6 | - |
| Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies ....................... 395 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 41.0 | - | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | - |
| Costume jewelry and notions ................................... 396 | 36.1 | 37.1 | 37.3 | 37.4 | - | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.0 | - |
| Costume jewelry .................................................. 3961 | 33.7 | 34.6 | 35.7 | 36.3 | - | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.5 | - |
| Miscellaneous manufactures .................................... 399 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 40.1 | 39.6 | - | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 | - |
| Signs and advertising displays ................................ 3993 | 40.0 | 39.5 | 40.1 | 40.1 | - | 2.6 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 3.0 | - |
| Nondurable goods .................................................... | 39.3 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.2 |
| Food and kindred products ........................................ 20 | 39.3 | 39.8 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 40.1 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | - |
| Meat products ........................................................ 201 | 39.3 | 40.1 | 38.6 | 39.4 | - | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 3.3 | - |
| Meat packing plants ............................................. 2011 | 41.8 | 42.4 | 39.8 | 40.9 | - | 4.4 | 4.8 | 3.5 | 4.0 | - |
| Sausages and other prepared meats ..................... 2013 | 40.2 | 41.1 | 39.0 | 39.5 | - | 3.7 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 3.2 | - |
| Poultry dressing plants .......................................... 2016 | 36.5 | 37.4 | 37.2 | 38.1 | - | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 | - |
| Dairy products ........................................................ 202 | 40.9 | 41.6 | 40.8 | 41.0 | - | 3.8 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 3.9 | - |
| Cheese, natural and processed .............................. 2022 | 38.7 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.5 | - | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | - |
| Fluid milk .............................................................. 2026 | 41.8 | 42.3 | 41.8 | 42.2 | - | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.5 | - |
| Preserved fruits and vegetables ............................... 203 | 38.4 | 37.8 | 39.0 | 38.8 | - | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.0 | - |
| Canned specialties ............................................... 2032 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 40.2 | - | 3.3 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 4.2 | - |
| Canned fruits and vegetables ................................ 2033 | 39.0 | 37.6 | 38.6 | 38.0 | - | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.6 | - |
| Frozen fruits and vegetables ................................. 2037 | 38.1 | 37.5 | 39.6 | 38.8 | - | 2.7 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 3.6 | - |
| Grain mill products ................................................. 204 | 42.1 | 42.7 | 42.5 | 42.5 | - | 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.9 | - |
| Flour and other grain mill products ........................ 2041 | 45.6 | 46.1 | 44.7 | 44.4 | - | 6.2 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 5.6 | - |
| Prepared feeds, nec ............................................. 2048 | 42.5 | 43.4 | 42.4 | 42.5 | - | 5.1 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 4.9 | - |
| Bakery products ..................................................... 205 | 38.4 | 38.7 | 38.9 | 38.6 | - | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.1 | - |
| Bread, cake, and related products ......................... 2051 | 37.8 | 38.2 | 38.2 | 38.1 | - | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 | - |
| Cookies and crackers ........................................... 2052 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 40.5 | 40.0 | - | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | - |

See footnotes at end of table

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | 1972 | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SIC Code | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\text { }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\triangleright} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| Durable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation equipment | 37 | \$11.51 | \$11.62 | \$12.06. | \$12.04 | \$12.09 | \$482.27 | \$491.53 | \$523.40 | \$514.11 | \$521.08 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 371 | 11.97 | 12.12 | 12.56 | 12.53 | 12.64 | 518.30 | 533.28 | 563.94 | 548.81 | 561.22 |
| Motor vehicles and car bodies | . 3711 | 13.15 | 13.33 | 13.93 | 13.96 | - | 569.40 | 590.52 | 640.78 | 618.43 | - |
| Truck and bus bodies | . 3713 | 8.59 | 8.78 | 9.64 | 9.71 | - | 344.46 | 355.59 | 389.46 | 387.43 | - |
| Motor vehicle parts and accessories | 3714 | 11.47 | 11.59. | 12.07 | 12.00 | - | 502.39 | 512.28 | 538.32 | 528.00 | - |
| Truck trailers .................................. | . 3715 | 8.47 | 8.67 | 8.87 | 8.81 | - | 340.49 | 356.34 | 379.64 | 377.95 | - |
| Aircraft and parts | . 372 | 11.69 | 11.74 | 12.29 | 12.28 | - | 479.29 | 478.99 | 513.72 | 512.08 | - |
| Aircraft | . 3721 | 12.45 | 12.51 | - | - | - | 504.23 | 506.66 | - | - | - |
| Aircraft engines and engine parts | 3724 | 11.41 | 11.44 | 12.22 | 12.18. | - | 460.96 | 457.60 | 513.24 | 504.25 | - |
| Aircraft equipment, nec............... | 3728 | 10.63 | 10.70 | 11.10 | 11.17 | - | 451.78 | 451.54 | 467.31 | 473.61 | - |
| Ship and boat building and repairing | 373 | 9.82 | 9.87 | 10.20 | 10.18 | - | 388.87 | 393.81 | 423.30 | 420.43 | - |
| Ship building and repairing | 3731 | 10.57 | 10.62 | 11.16 | - | - | 417.52 | 423.74 | 462.02 | - | - |
| Boat building and repairing | 3732 | 7.59 | 7.61 | 7.64 | 7.64 | - | 302.84 | 301.36 | 319.35 | 316.30 | - |
| Railroad equipment | 374 | 11.54. | 11.74 | 12.16 | 12.20 | $\sim$ | 439.67 | 461.38 | 498.56 | 507.52 | - |
| Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts |  | 11.54 | 11.60: | 11.84 . | 11.89 | - | 468.52 | 479.08 | 499.65 | 497.00 | - |
| Guided missiles and space vehicles |  | 11.79 | 11.85 | 12.06 | 12.10: | - | 482.21 | 494.15 | 516.17 | 510.62 | - |
| Miscellaneous transportation equipment |  | 9.39 | 9.33 | 9.53 | 9.64 | - | 377.48 | 374.13 | 387.87 | 388.49 | - |
| Travel trailers and campers ................ | 3792 | 8.26 | 8.18 | 8.45 | 8.58 | - | 332.88 | 328.02 | 336.31 | 332.90 | - |
| Instruments and related products | 38 | 8.39 | 8.40 | 8.73 | 8.72 | 8.77 | 338.12 | 337.68 | 358.80 | 356.65 | 362.20 |
| Engineering and scientific instruments | 381 | 8.87 | 8.87 | 9.34 | 9.36 | - | 362.78 | 361.01 | 382.94 | 381.89 | - |
| Measuring and controlling devices | 382 | 8.34: | 8.37 . | 8.66 | 8.68 | - | 332.77 | 332.29 | 359.39 | 356.75 | - |
| Environmental controls ............... | 3822 | 7.80 | 7.85 | $8.17^{\circ}$ | 8.15 | - | 307.32 | 312.43 | 333.34 | 330.08 | - |
| Process control instruments | 3823 | 8.38 | 8.42 . | 8.86 : | 8.80 | - | 334.36 | 334.27 | 365.92 | 370.48 | - |
| instruments to measure electricity | 3825 | $8.69{ }^{\text { }}$ | 8.68 | 8.95 : | 8.99 | - | 350.21 | 347.20 | 379.48 | 367.69 | - |
| Optical instruments and lenses ....... | 383 | 9.05 | 9.08 | 9.80 | 9.87 | - | 379.20 | 387.72 | 427.28 | 425.40 | - |
| Medical instruments and supplies | 384 | 7.32 | 7.31 | 7.70 | 7.66 | - | 292.07 | 293.86 | 307.23 | 304.87 | - |
| Surgical and medical instruments | . 3841 | 7.36 | 7.34 | 7.82 | 7.76 | - | 296.61 | 296.54 | 308.89 | 308.07 | - |
| Surgical appliances and supplies | . 3842 | 7.26 | 7.29 | 7.61. | 7.58 | - | 287.50 | 292.33 | 305.92 | 302.44 | - |
| Ophthalmic goods ........................ | . 385 | 6.32 | 6.42 | 6.36 | 6.36 | - | 251.54 | 250.38 | 252.49 | 252.49 | - |
| Photographic equipment and supplies | 386 | 11.01. | 11.10 | 11.41 | 11.31 | - | 452.51 | 450.66 | 483.78 | 477.28 | - |
| Watches, clocks, and watchcases ...... | . 387 | 6.27 | 6.28 | 6.51 | 5.52 | - | 252.68 | 254.34 | 268.21 | 264.71 | - |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing |  | 6.80 | 6.79 | 6.97 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 263.84 | 263.45 | 275.32 | 275.10 | 276.50 |
| Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware |  | 7.26 | 7.22 | 7.55 | 7.47 | - | 272.98 | 268.58 | 285.39 | 280.13 | - |
| Jewelry, precious metal | $3911$ | 7.11. | 7.07 | 7.55 | 7.52 | - | 263.07 | 258.76 | 279.35 | 278.24 | - |
| Musical instruments ........ | . 393 | $6.72{ }^{\text { }}$ | 6.73 | 6.90 | 6.87 : | - | 261.41 | 257.09 | 273.93 | 266.56 | - |
| Toys and sporting goods | -394 | 6.32 : | 6.35 | 6.29 | 6.37 . | - | 245.85 | 247.65 | 251.60 | 255.44 | - |
| Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles | . 3942,4 | 6.10 | 6.13 | 6.12 | 6.10 | - | 235.46 | 236.01 | 238.07 | 237.90 | - |
| Sporting and athletic goods, nec ............ | ; 3949 | 6.55 | 6.58 | 6.43 | 6.60 | - | 256.76 | 259.25 | 264.27 | 270.60 | - |
| Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies | . 395 | 6.97 : | 6.99 ; | 7.36 | $7.33{ }^{\prime}$ | - | 281.59 | 281.70 | 297.34 | 300.53 | - |
| Costume jewelry and notions ............. |  | 5.66 | 5.66 | 5.83 | 5.86; | - | 204.33 | 209.99 | 217.46 | 219.16 | - |
| Costume jewelry ................ | . 3961 | 5.24 : | 5.19 | 5.26 | 5.33 | - | 176.59 | 179.57 | 187.78 | 193.48 | - |
| Miscellaneous manufactures | . 399 | 7.34 : | 7.32 | 7.63 | 7.70 | - | 290.66 | 289.87 | 305.96 | 304.92 | - |
| Signs and advertising displays | . 3993 | 8.07 . | 7.92 | $8.21{ }^{\text { }}$ | 8.34 | - | 322.80 | 312.84 | 329.22 | 334.43 | - |
| Nondurable goods |  | 8.04 | 8.05 | 8.29 | 8.29 | 8.32 | 315.97 | 319.59 | 329.94 | 328.28 | 331.37 |
| Food and kindred products .................... |  | 8.21 | 8.20 | 8.43 | $8.41{ }^{\text { }}$ | 8.42 | 322.65 | 326.36 | 332.99 | 333.88 | 337.64 |
| Meat products ............. | 201 | 7.43 | 7.45 | 7.25 | 7.22 | - | 292.00 | 298.75 | 279.85 | 284.47 | - |
| Meat packing plants | . 2011 | 8.55 | 8.57 | 8.20 | 8.19 | - | 357.39 | 363.37 | 326.36 | 334.97 | - |
| Sausages and other prepared meats | . 2013 | 9.19 | 9.24 | 8.90 : | 8.85 | - | 369.44 | 379.76 | 347.10 | 349.58 | - |
| Poultry dressing plants ...................... | 2016 | 5.27 | 5.35 | 5.48 | 5.46 | - | 192.36 | 200.09 | 203.86 | 208.03 | - |
| Dairy products .. | . 202 | 8.46 | 8.48 | 8.70 | $8.68{ }^{\circ}$ | - | 346.01 | 352.77 | 354.96 | 355.88 | - |
| Cheese, natural and processed | 2022 | 8.13 | 8.13 | 8.35 | 8.29 | - | 314.63 | 320.32 | 329.83 | 327.46 | - |
| Fluid milk ............................... | 2026 | 8.71 | 8.73 | 8.88 | 8.87 | - | 364.08 | 369.28 | 371.18 | 374.31 | - |
| Preserved truits and vegetables | 203 | 7.47 | 7.39 | 7.75 | 7.64 | - | 286.85 | 279.34 | 302.25 | 296.43 | - |
| Canned specialties | 2032 | 8.62 | 8.79. | 9.01 | 9.02 | - | 343.94 | 348.96 | 358.60 | 362.60 | - |
| Canned fruits and vegetables | 2033 | 7.61 | 7.45 | 7.91 | 7.84 | - | 296.79 | 280.12 | 305.33 | 297.92 | - |
| Frozen fruits and vegetables | 2037 | 6.89 | 6.80 | 7.32 | 7.19 | - | 262.51 | 255.00 | 289.87 | 278.97 | - |
| Grain mill products ................. | 204 | 9.45 | 9.54 | 10.06 | 10.06 | - | 397.85 | 407.36 | 427.55 | 427.55 | - |
| Flour and other grain mill products | 2041 | 9.55 | 9.55 | 10.18 | 9.99 | - | 435.48 | 440.26 | 455.05 | 443.56 | - |
| Prepared feeds, nec | 2048 | 7.43 | 7.32 | 7.53 | 7.52 | - | 315.78 | 317.69 | 319.27 | 319.60 | - |
| Bakery products.. | . 205 | 8.82 | 8.89 | 9.24 | 9.30 | - | 338.69 | 344.04 | 359.44 | 358.98 | - |
| Bread, cake, and related products | 2051 | 8.91 | 8.99 | 9.23 | 9.28 | - | 336.80 | 343.42 | 352.59 | 353.57 | - |
| Cookies and crackers | 2052 | 8.58 | 8.64 | 9.27 | 9.33 | - | 343.20 | 343.87 | 375.44 | 373.20 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued


See footnotes at end oi tabie

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA <br> HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | June 1983 | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | June 1983 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{array}$ |
| Nondurable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Printing and publishing .............................................. 27 | \$9.04 | \$9.05 | $\$ 9.29$ | \$9.29 | \$9.28 | \$337.19 | \$338.47 | \$353.02 | \$351.16 | \$349.86 |
| Newspapers .......................................................... 271 | 9.16 | 9.12 | 9.43 | 9.40 | - | 306.86 | 308.26 | 323.45 | 320.54 | - |
| Periodicals ............................................................. 272 | 9.53 | 9.45 | 9.94 | 9.98 : | - | 353.56 | 349.65 | 369.77 | 375.25 | - |
| Books ................................................................... 273 | 8.20 | 8.30 | 8.26 | 8.31 | - | 318.16 | 317.06 | 334.53 | 329.91 | - |
| Eook publishing ................................................... 2731 | 7.87 | 7.94 | 7.99 | 7.92 | - | 301.42 | 299.34 | 311.61 | 299.38 | - |
| Book printing ...................................................... 2732 | 8.65 | 8.77 | 8.57. | 8.75 | - | 340.81 | 341.15 | 364.23 | 369.25 | - |
| Miscellaneous publishing ......................................... 274 | 8.07 | 8.21 | 8.29 | 8.36 | - | 287.29 | 298.02 | 310.88 | 305.14 | - |
| Commercial printing ................................................ 275 | $9.34{ }^{\text { }}$ | 9.36 | 9.56 | $9.55{ }^{\prime}$ | - | 359.59 | 361.30 | 372.84 | 370.54 | - |
| Commercial printing, letterpress ............................ 2751 | 8.90 | 8.88 | 9.14 | 9.11 | - | 339.98 | 340.10 | 353.72 | 348.91 | - |
| Cornmercial print:ng, lithographic ........................... 2752 | 9.47 | 9.49 | 9.75 | 9.73 | - | 363.65 | 365.37 | 379.28 | 378.50 | - |
| Manifold business forms .......................................... 276 | 9.09 | 9.24 | 9.48 | 9.44 | - | 368.15 | 381.61 | 386.78 | 387.98 | - |
| Blankbooks and bookbinding ................................... 278 | 7.12 | 7.11 | 7.36 | $7.44{ }^{\prime}$ | - | 274.12 | 275.87 | 289.98 | 290.90 | - |
| Printing trade services ............................................. 279 | 10.88 | 10.67 . | 11.38 | 11.26 | - | 413.44 | 408.66 | 444.96 | 441.39 | - |
| Chemicals and allied products ................................... 28 | 10.50 | 10.52 | 10.97 | 10.99 | 11.03. | 435.75 | 440.79 | 460.74 | 460.48 | 465.47 |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals ..................................'281 | 11.54' | 11.54 | 12.22 | 12.21 | - | 475.45 | 481.22 | 516.91 | 516.48 | - |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec ........................,2819 | 11.65.' | 11.58 | 12.18 | 12.21 | - | 481.15 | 484.04 | 517.65 | 518.93 | - |
| Plastics materials and synthetics .............................: 282 | 10.51' | 10.56: | 10.96 | 10.98 . | - | 441.42 | 450.91 | 466.90 | 464.45 | - |
| Plastics materials and resins ................................. 2821 | 11.36 | 11.48: | 11.88 | 11.94 : | - | 483.94 | 493.64 | 515.59 | 518.20 | - |
| Organic fibers, noncellulosic ..................................'2824 | 10.10 | 10.12 | 10.55 | 10.51 : | - | 424.20 | 437.18 | 447.32 | 439.32 | - |
| Drugs ....................................................................'283 | 9.62 | $9.53{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 10.24 | 10.13 | - | 394.42 | 395.50 | 418.82 | 411.28 | - |
| Pharmaceutical preparations .................................. 2834 | $9.31{ }^{\text { }}$ | 9.27 . | 9.81 | 9.80 | - | 377.99 | 379.14 | 398.29 | 394.94 | - |
| Soap, cleaners. and toilet goods ............................. 284 | 9.66 | 9.68 | 9.84 | 9.90 | - | 392.20 | 398.82 | 401.47 | 403.92 | - |
| Soap and other detergents ................................... 2841 | 12.47 | 12.55 | 12.77 | 12.73 | - | 537.46 | 549.69 | 556.77 | 558.85 | - |
| Toilet preparations ................................................ 2844 | 7.86 | 7.89 | 8.10 | 8.16 | - | 308.90 | 315.60 | 316.71 | 316.61 | - |
| Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations .......2842,3 | 9.07 | 9.07 | 9.25 | 9.29 | - | 360.08 | 364.61 | 377.40 | 377.17 | - |
| Paints and allied products ....................................... 285 | 9.33 | 9.33 . | 9.68 | 9.66 | - | 383.46 | 390.93 | 408.50 | 405.72 | - |
| Industrial organic chemicals ..................................... 286 | 12.63' | 12.74. | 13.27 | 13.37 | - | 535.51 | 542.72 | 567.96 | 578.92 | - |
| Cyclic crudes and intermediates ............................. 2865 | $11.90^{\prime}$ | $11.91{ }^{\text { }}$ | 12.72 | 12.73 | - | 495.04 | 494.27 | 538.06 | 547.39 | - |
| Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec . '2861,9 | 12.86 | 12.99 | 13.44 | 13.57 | - | 549.12 | 558.57 | 576.58 | 588.94 | - |
| Agricuitural chemicals ............................................. 287 | 9.89 | 9.96 | 10.38 | 10.40 | - | 424.28 | 420.31 | 446.34 | 447.20 | - |
| Miscellaneous chemical products ............................ 289 | 9.48 | 9.60 | 9.92 | 9.91 | - | 388.68 | 398.40 | 416.64 | 411.27 | - |
| Petroleum and coal products ..................................... 29 | 13.18 | 13.19 | 13.44 | 13.28 | 13.28 | 575.97 | 580.36 | 590.02 | 580.34 | 589.63 |
| Petroleum refining .................................................... 291 | 14.23 | 14.27 | 14.57 | 14.43 | - | 627.54 | 626.45 | 642.54 | 630.59 | - |
| Paving and roofing materials ...................................'295 | 9.58 | 9.81 . | 9.86 | 9.90 | - | 411.94 | 442.43 | 430.88 | 442.53 | - |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products ............................ 30 | 7.94 | 7.93 | 8.25 | 8.22 | 8.27 | 326.33 | 327.51 | 347.33 | 342.77 | 346.51 |
| Tires and inner tubes .............................................. 301 | 12.17. | 12.20. | 13.04 | 12.88 | - | 516.01 | 506.30 | 594.62 | 578.31 | - |
| Rubber and plastics footwear ................................... 302 | 5.17 | 5.05 | 5.22 | 5.26 | - | 199.05 | 194.93 | 207.76 | 211.45 | - |
| Reclatmed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose and trelting ... ...........................................................303.4 | 8.15 | 8.19 | 8.21 | 8.26 | - | 313.78 | 335.79 | 351.39 | 347.75 | - |
| Fatw. $\because$ rubcer products, nec .............................. 306 | 7.58 | 7.66 | 7.91 | 7.96 | - | 306.23 | 313.29 | 329.85 | 330.34 | - |
| M . - ; plastics products ............................... 307 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.57 | 7.55 | - | 301.49 | 302.22 | 315.67 | 311.06 | - |
| Leatr: : and leather products ..................................... 31 | 5.52 | 5.50 | 5.68 | 5.68 | 5.67 | 204.79 | 207.90 | 210.16 | 209.59 | 212.06 |
| Leather tanning and finıshing .................................. 31311 | 7.51 | 7.48 | 7.37 | 7.48 | - | 305.66 | 305.93 | 297.01 | 299.20 | - |
| Footw ar, excepl rubber .........................................314 | 5.24 | 5.24 , | 5.43 | 5.39 ' | - | 192.31 | 196.50 | 197.11 | 196.20 | - |
| Men s footwear, except athletic .............................'3143 | 5.45 | 5.48 . | 5.70 | 5.71 | - | 202.20 | 209.34 | 208.62 | 207.27 | - |
| Women's footmear, except athletic ........................'3144 | $5.15{ }^{\prime}$ | 5.11 : | 5.27 | 5.19 | - | 188.49 | 191.11 | 190.25 | 188.92 | - |
| Luggage ........... ................................................... 316 | 6.06 | 6.03 | 6.31 | 6.30 | - | 230.89 | 236.38 | 242.30 | 236.88 | - |
| Handtugs and personal leather goods ..................... 317 | 5.20 | 5.14 | 5.41 | 5.54 | - | 195.52 | 193.26 | 201.25 | 202.76 | - |
| Transporiation and public utilities ............................... | 10.73 | 10.72 | 11.07 | 11.04 | 11.03 | 415.25 | 419.15 | 435.05 | 432.77 | 435.69 |
| Railroad transportation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class ! 'ailroads' .................................................... 4011 | 12.68 | 12.63 | 13.32 | 13.34 | - | 517.34 | 530.46 | 576.76 | 565.62 | - |
| Local :2ta | 7.33 | 7.55 | 7.56 | 7.50 | - | 249.22 | 253.68 | 252.50 | 255.75 | - |
| Loc.at:nd s.nurban transportation .............................. 411 | 7.93 | 8.04 | 8.24 | 8.12 | - | 304.51 | 310.34 | 310.65 | 309.37 | - |
| Inlo\% . nig way transportation ................................. 413 | 11.51 | 11.91 | 11.74 | 11.49 | - | 429.32 | 429.95 | 419.12 | 422.83 | - |
| iruckinic end warehousing ........................................... 42 | 10.43. | 10.35 | 10.52 | 10.47 | - | 399.47 | 403.65 | 409.23 | 406.24 | - |
| Truch $n$ and trucking terminals ................................. 421,3 | 10.62 | 10.53 | 10.70 | 10.64 | - | 406.75 | 411.72 | 416.23 | 413.90 | - |
| Puti. warehousing ................................................... 422 | 7.58 | 7.62 | 7.73 | 7.84 | - | 288.04 | 288.04 | 296.06 | 300.27 | - |
| Fron lines, except natural gas ...................................... 46 | 14.09 | 14.03 | 14.73 | 14.77 | - | 579.10 | 587.86 | 580.36 | 573.08 | - |

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued


# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

|   1972 <br> Industry SIC  <br> i Code  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Average <br> June <br> 1983 | hourly ea <br> Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { arnings } \\ \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | June $1984^{\text {P }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Average <br> June <br> 1983 | weekly e <br> Apr. <br> 1984 | arnings $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transportation and public utilities-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Communication .............. ............................................. 48 | \$10.66 | \$10.71 | \$11.11 | \$11.12 | - | \$416.81 | \$423.05 | \$438.85 | \$441.46 | - |
| Telephone communication ......................................... 481 | 11.23 | 11.32 | 11.74 | 11.73 ! | - | 443.59 | 451.67 | 468.43 | 472.72 |  |
| Radio and television broadcasting .............................. 483 | 8.84 | 8.88 | 9.60 | 9.69; | - | 330.62 | 332.11 | 360.00 | 358.53 | - |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services .............................. 49 | 11.41 | 11.38 | 12.07 | $12.07{ }^{\prime}$ | - i | 470.09 | 469.99 | 498.49 | 498.49 | - |
| Electric services ....................................................... 491 | 11.49! | 11.49 | 12.13, | 12.15 i | - | 475.69 | 477.98 | 503.40 | 505.44 |  |
| Gas production and distribution ................................. 492 | 10.39 | 10.27 | 11.09 | 11.07 i | - | 417.68 | 420.04 | 449.15 | 452.76 | - |
| Combination utility services ....................................... 493 | 13.12 | 13.12 | 14.02 | 14.01, | - | 545.79 | 540.54 | 586.04 | 577.21 | - |
| Sanitary services ...................................................... 495 | 8.78 | 8.98 | 8.97 | $9.04!$ | - | 369.64 | 376.26 | 371.36 | 378.78 | - |
| Wholesale trade | 8.49 | 8.49 | 8.89 | 8.85 | \$8.86 | 326.02 | 327.71 | 342.27 | 341.61 | \$342.88 |
| Durable goods ............................................................ 50 | 8.46 | 8.45 | 8.86 | 8.82 | - 1 | 328.25 | 329.55 | 346.43 | 344.86 | - |
| Motor vehicles and automotive equipment ................... 501 | $7.71{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 7.74\| | 8.14 | 8.081 | - | 296.06 | 301.09 | 316.65 | 316.74 | - |
| Furniture and home furnishings .................................. 502 | 7.51i | 7.54\| | 7.89 | 7.75 | - | 278.62 | 278.98 | 300.61 | 291.40 | - |
| Lumber and construction materials ............................\|503 | 8.19 | 8.18 | 8.53 | 8.48 | - | 321.05 | 323.11 | 333.52 | 333.26 |  |
| Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods ......................, 504 | 8.77 i | 8.75 | 9.49 | 9.50 | - | 335.89 | 334.25 | 364.42 | 366.70 | - |
| Metals and minerals, except petroleum ....................... 505 | 9.15 i | 9.12 | 9.61 ! | 9.57 | - | 363.26 | 366.62 | 388.24 | 388.54 | - |
| Electrical goods ........................................................ 506 | 9.21 | 9.09 | 9.19 \| | 9.12 | - | 358.27 | 353.60 | 356.57 | 352.94 | - |
| Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment ............... 507 | $7.95{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 7.96 | 8.38 | 8.29 | - | 306.08 | 308.85 | 323.47 | 319.99 |  |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies ........................... 508 | 8.71 | 8.75 | 9.25 | 9.25 | - | 342.30 | 344.75 | 364.45 | 365.38 | - |
| Miscellaneous durable goods .................................... 509 | 7.22 | 7.23 | 7.56 | 7.50 | - | 270.03 | $271.85{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 287.28 | 285.75 | - |
| Nondurable goods ...................................................... 51 | $8.55{ }^{1}$ | 8.55 | 8.93 ! | $8.91{ }^{1}$ | - | 323.19 | 324.90 | 336.66 | 336.80 | - |
| Paper and paper products ......................................... 511 | $9.19{ }^{\text {I }}$ | 9.11 | 9.621 | 9.59 | - | 342.79 | 337.07 | 358.83 | 353.87 | - |
| Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries .............................. 512 | 9.23 | 9.28 \| | 9.91 i | 9.67 | - | 341.51 | 349.86 | 369.64 | 360.69 | - |
| Apparel, piece goods, and notions ............................. 513 | 8.18 | 8.17 | 8.67 ! | 8.66 | - | 302.66 | 302.29 | 318.19 | 315.22 | - |
| Groceries and related products ................................. 514 | 8.64 | 8.64 | 9.06 | 9.11, | - | 331.78 | 334.37 | 346.09 | 348.00 |  |
| Chemicals and allied products ................................... 516 | 9.87 ! | 9.86 | 10.361 | 10.29 | - | 385.92 | 387.50 | 403.00 | 400.28 | - |
| Petroleum and petroleum products ............................ 1517 | 10.16 | 10.09 | 10.06 ; | 10.02 | - | 394.21 | 396.54 | 393.35 | 393.79 | - |
| Beer, wine, and distilled beverages ............................ 1518 | 10.35 | 10.42 ! | 10.65 | 10.66 | - | 369.50 | 376.16 | 383.40 | 383.76 | - |
| Miscellaneous nondurable goods ................................ 519 | 6.88 ! | 6.89 | 7.25 | 7.22 | - | 259.38 | 260.44 | 271.88 | 273.64 | - |
| Retail trade ................................................................\| | 5.72 | 5.73 ! | $5.90{ }_{\text {j }}$ | 5.88 | 5.88 | 169.88 | 172.47 | 175.82 | $176.40{ }^{\prime}$ | 178.16 |
| Building materials and garden supplies .........................!52 | 6.18, | 6.19 ! | $6.42{ }^{\text {! }}$ | 6.42 | - | 218.15 | 223.46 | 231.76 | 234.33 , | - |
| Lumber and other building materials ........................... 521 | 6.48 | 6.45 ! | 6.68 | $6.71{ }_{1}$ | - | 234.58 | 239.30 | 251.17 | 254.98 | - |
| Hardware stores .......................................................i5 525 | 5.49 | 5.46 j | 5.64 | 5.59 | - | 182.27 | 186.73 | 186.12 | 184.47 | - |
| General merchandise stores ........................................ 53 | $5.62{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 5.60 | 5.78 | 5.75 | - | 163.54 | 166.32 | 167.62 | 169.05 | - |
| Department stores ..................................................... 531 | 5.83 | 5.82 | $5.98{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 5.96 | - | 169.07 | 172.27 | 173.42 | 174.63 |  |
| Variety stores ........................................................... 533 | 4.37 | 4.38 | 4.47 \| | 4.50 | - | 128.48 | 132.28 | 130.52 | 131.85 | - |
| Misc. general merchandise stores .............................. 1539 | 4.58! | 4.52 | 4.61 i | 4.60 | - | 136.03 | 138.76 | 136.92 | 138.00 | - |
| Food stores ............................................................... 54 | 48 | 48 | 7.7 |  | - | 226.64 |  | 234.69 | 236.08 |  |
| Grocery stores .............................................................. 541 | 7.75 | 7.741 | 8.001 | 7.97 | - | 236.38 | 242.26 | 244.00 | 245.48 | - |
| Retail bakeries .......................................................... 546 | 5.13 | 5.17 | 5.231 | 5.23 | - | 142.61 | 145.79 | 147.49 | 148.53 | - |
| Automotive dealers and service stations .......................i 55 | 1 | 6.8 | 7.08 | 7.08 | - | 250.12 | 253.76 | 261.96 | 261.96 |  |
| New and used car dealers .........................................i551,2 | 8.04 | 8.21 | 8.501 | 8.50 | - | 304.72 | 312.80 | 323.85 | 323.00 | - |
| Auto and home supply stores .................................... 1553 | 6.111 | $6.18{ }^{\text {I }}$ | 6.331 | 6.42 | - | 241.35 | 244.11 | 253.20 ! | 258.08 | - |
| Gasoline service stations ...........................................i554 | ) 5.22, | 5.21 | 5.29। | 5.28 | - | 182.18 | 181.31 | 180.39 | 181.10 | - |
| Apparel and accessory stores ...................................... 56 | ; 5.05 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 5.031 | 5.13 | 5.13 | - | 139.89 | 143.36 | 143.13 | 143.13 |  |
| Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings ....................'561 | 5.81 | 5.75 ; | 5.84 | 5.84 | - | 176.62 | 177.68 | 177.54 | 176.95 | - |
| Women's ready-to-wear stores .................................. 562 | 14.74 | 4.70 | 4.87\| | 4.91 | - | 127.51 | 130.66 | 131.49 | 133.06 | - |
| Family clothing stores ................................................'565 | 14.98 | 4.95 i | 5.00 | 4.95 | - | 137.95 | 141.57 | 140.50 | 139.10 i | - |
| Shoe stores .............................................................. 566 | 5.22 | 5.24, | 5.21 | 5.20 | - | 146.16 | 148.82 | 141.19 | 140.92 | - |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores .................. ........ 57 | 6.65 | 6.59 | 6.80 | 6.84 | - | 227.43 | 226.70 | 231.20 | 233.24 | - |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores ........................'571 | 6.52 | 6.49 | 6.77 ! | 6.80 | - | 219.07 | 221.96 | 230.18 | 232.56 |  |
| Household appliance stores ......................................', 572 | 6.94 | 6.94 \| | 7.00 | 7.02 | - | 233.88 | 238.74 | 238.70 | 243.59 | - |
| Radio, television, and music stores .............................,573 | 6.78 | 6.61 | 6.79 | 6.85 | - | 242.05 | 231.35 | 229.50 | 230.85 | - |
| Eating and drinking places ${ }^{3}$......................................... 58 | 4.28 | 4.27! | 4.32 | $4.31{ }^{1}$ | - | 112.99 | 113.16 | 114.05 | 114.22 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | 1972 | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SIC Code | May | June <br> 1983 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{D} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Retail trade-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous retail | . 59 | 30.8 | 30.9 | 30.9 | 31.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drug stores and proprietary stores | . 591 | 28.2 | 28.8 | 29.1 | 29.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous shopping goods stores | . 594 | 29.6 | 29.9 | 29.3 | 29.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonstore retailers ........ | . 596 | 33.4 | 33.4 | 33.6 | 33.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Fuel and ice dealers | . 598 | 37.4 | 37.5 | 37.9 | 37.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Retail stores, nec .... | . 599 | 33.1 | 33.0 | 32.4 | 34.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ${ }^{4}$....... |  | 36.3 | 36.1 | 36.5 | 36.3 | 36.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Banking | . 60 | 36.5 | 36.3 | 36.7 | 36.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Commercial and stock savings banks ... | . 602 | 36.5 | 36.3 | 36.7 | 36.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Credit agencies other than banks | 61 | 37.3 | 36.9 | 37.3 | 36.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Savings and loan associations ............ | .. 612 | 36.6 | 36.2 | 37.0 | 36.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Personal credit institutions ............. | ... 614 | 37.7 | 37.5 | 37.2 | 36.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Insurance carriers .......................... | .. 63 | 37.2 | 37.1 | 37.3 | 37.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Life insurance ......... | ... 631 | 36.8 | 36.7 | 37.1 | 37.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Medical service and health insurance .. | 632 | 37.8 | 37.7 | 37.6 | 37.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Fire, marine, and casualty insurance ......... | .. 633 | 37.2 | 37.1 | 37.1 | 37.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Services |  | 32.6 | 32.9 | 32.7 | 32.6 | 33.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hotels and other lodging places: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels, motels, and tourist courts ${ }^{3}$.......... | 701 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 31.1 | 30.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Personal services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laundry, cleaning, and garment services | .. 721 | 34.2 | 34.0 | 34.1 | 34.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Beauty shops ${ }^{3}$........................................ | .. 723 | 28.9 | 28.7 | 29.1 | 29.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Business services .................................. | .. 73 | 33.3 | 33.4 | 33.6 | 33.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Advertising | .. 731 | 36.5 | 36.3 | 35.6 | 35.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Services to buildings ............................. |  | 28.2 | 28.1 | 29.2 | 29.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Computer and data processing services | . 737 | 38.6 | 38.5 | 39.0 | 39.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Auto repair, services, and garages | .. 75 | 37.6 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.3 | -. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Automotive repair shops .................... | .. 753 | 38.8 | 39.2 | 39.4 | 39.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous repair services ................. |  | 38.2 | 38.9 | 38.2 | 38.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Motion pictures ...................................... |  | 27.8 | 28.6 | 29.2 | 28.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Motion picture production and services | .. 781 | 38.7 | 38.7 | 39.0 | 39.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Amusement and recreation services ........... | .. 79 | 29.5 | 31.4 | 29.2 | 29.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Health services ...................................... | .. 80 | 32.6 | 32.7 | 32.5 | 32.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Offices of physicians ........................... | .. 801 | 31.6 | 31.3 | 30.8 | 30.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Offices of dentists ........... | .. 802 | 28.1 | 28.1 | 28.3 | 28.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nursing and personal care facilities ..... | .. 805 | 31.4 | 31.3 | 31.4 | 31.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hospitals ............................................ | .. 806 | 33.9 | 34.3 | 34.0 | 33.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Legal services ......................................... | .. 81 | 34.8 | 34.7 | 34.6 | 34.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous services ............................. | .. 89 | 38.4 | 38.6 | 39.7 | 38.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Engineering and architectural services | .. 891 | 39.5 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 39.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping ... | ... 893 | 37.7 | 37.8 | 40.7 | 37.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS

## C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued



[^27]division.

- Data not available.
${ }^{p}=$ preliminary.
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.


## ESTABLISHMENT DATA

## EARNINGS

not seasonally adjusted
C-3. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime' of production workers on manufacturing payrolls


[^28]NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision

C-4. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers'on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1977) dollars.

| Industry | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1984^{\mathrm{p}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1984^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| Total private: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current doliars | S7.98 | \$7.98 | 58.29 | \$8.27 | \$8.29 | \$278.50 | \$280.90 | \$292.64 | \$291.93 | \$295.12 |
| Constant (1977) dollars .................................... | 4.89 | 4.87 | 4.95 | 4.91 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 170.55 | 171.59 | 174.71 | 173.46 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ |
| Mining: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current doilars ................................................ | 11.17 | 11.22 | 11.62 | 11.55 | S11.61 | 471.37 | 476.85 | 499.66 | 500.12 | \$512.00 |
| Constant (1977) doliars .................................... | 6.84 | 6.85 | 6.94 | 6.86 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 288.65 | 291.30 | 298.30 | 297.16 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Construction: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 11.81 | 11.77 | 11.95 | 11.97 | \$11.94 | 442.88 | 446.08 | 448.13 | 456.06 | \$460.88 |
| Constant (1977) doliars ..................................... | 7.23 | 7.19 | 7.13 | 7.11 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 271.21 | 272.50 | 267.54 | 270.98 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 8.77 | 8.79 | 9.11 | 9.10 | \$9.13 | 349.92 | 354.24 | 372.60 | 370.37 | \$373.42 |
| Constant (19\%7) dollars .................................... | 5.37 | 5.37 | 5.44 | 5.41 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 214.28 | 216.40 | 222.45 | 220.07 | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| Transportatior: and public utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current doliars .................... | 10.73 | 10.72 | 11.07 | 11.04 | \$11.03 | 415.25 | 419.15 | 435.05 | 432.77 | \$435.69 |
| Constant ( $19 \% 7$ ) doliars .................................... | 6.57 | 6.55 | 6.61 | 6.56 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 254.29 | 256.05 | 259.73 | 257.14 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Wholesale trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dol'ais ........................... ........................ | 8.49 | 8.49 | 8.89 | 8.85 | \$8.86 | 326.02 | 327.71 | 342.27 | 341.61 | \$342.88 |
| Constant $1107 \%$ dollars ...................................... | 5.20 | 5.19 | 5.31 | 5.26 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 199.64 | 200.19 | 204.34 | 202.98 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ |
| Retail trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 5.72 | 5.73 | 5.90 | 5.88 | \$5.88 | 169.88 | 172.47 | 175.82 | 176.40 | 8178.9 |
| Constant (1977) dollars ..................................... | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.52 | 3.49 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | 104.03 | 105.36 | 104.79 | 104.81 | $\cdots$ |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars ......... | 7.29 | 7.25 | 7.62 | 7.53 | \$7.53 | 264.63 | 261.73 | 278.13 | 273.34 | S273.34 |
| Constant (1977) doilars ..................................... | 4.46 | 4.43 | 4.55 | 4.47 | (') | 162.05 | 159.88 | 166.05 | 162.41 | (') |
| Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 7.27 | 7.24 | 7.60 | 7.54 | \$7.53 | 237.00 | 238.20 | 248.52 | 245.80 | S248.49 |
| Constant (1977) doliars ....................................... | 4.45 | 4.42 | 4.54 | 4.48 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 145.13 | 145.51 | 148.37 | 146.05 | (') |

${ }^{1}$ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportat:en and public utifities: wholesale and retail trade: finance, rasurence gnc real estäte: and services.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Establishment suruny estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark isvels. When more recent benchmark data are $\therefore$ ssed dala from Apill $4.92^{\circ}$ forward are subject to

C-5. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

| Industry | 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | une ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Total private | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.2 | 35.2 | 35.2 | 35.2 | 35.4 | 35.3 | 35.3 | 35.4 | 35.3 | 35.3 |
| Mining | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ( ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Construction | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | (2) | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{\prime}$ | () | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left.(1)^{2}\right)$ | $(1)^{2}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Manufacturing | 40.1 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 40.6 |
| Overtime hours | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| Durable goods | 40.5 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 41.3 |
| Overtime hours | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Lumber and wood products | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 39.6 | 39.2 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 40.0 । | 39.8 | 39.8 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.1 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 41.5 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 42.5 | 41.9 | 42.3 | 42.1 | 41.9 |
| Primary metal industries | 40.4 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 41.2 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.8 ; | 41.9 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 42.1 |
| Blast furnaces and basic steel products | 39.3 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 41.2 , | 41.0 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 41.8 | 41.9 |
| Fabricated metal products | 40.4 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 41.4 ! | 41.6 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 41.8 | 41.4 | 41.5 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 40.3 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 42.3 | 41.9 | 41.9 |
| Electrical and electronic equipment ............: | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 40.9 | 40.7 |
| Transportation equipment | 41.8 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 43.3 | 42.5 | 42.6 | 42.4 | 43.2 | 43.1 | 42.9 | 43.5 | 42.4 | 42.6 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 43.2 | 42.9 | 43.1 | 45.1 | 44.1 | 44.1 | 43.9 | 44.8 | 44.3 | 44.4 | 44.8 | 43.0 | 43.4 |
| Instruments and related products | 40.1 i | 40.5 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 41.3 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ........ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | ( ${ }^{2}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Nondurable goods | 39.5 | 39.5 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 39.7 | 39.7 |
| Overtime hours | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 ; | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.2 |
| Food and kindred products | 39.7 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.9 |
| Tobacco manufactures | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | (') | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{( }\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Textile mill products | 40.7 , | 40.8 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 41.2 | 40.0 | 39.8 |
| Apparel and other textile products | 36.2 | 35.9 | 36.3 | 36.7 | 36.6 | 36.7 | 36.6 | 36.6 | 36.9 | 36.7 | 37.4 | 36.5 | 36.5 |
| Paper and allied products | 42.8 | 42.9 | 42.9 | 43.2 | 43.2 | 43.1 | 43.1 | 43.2 | 43.2 | 43.0 | 43.2 | 43.1 | 42.8 |
| Printing and publishing | 37.5 | 37.6 | 37.6 | 37.8 | 37.9 ' | 37.9 | 37.7 | 37.9 | 37.9 | 37.9 | 38.2 | 38.0 | 37.8 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 41.8 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.7 ! | 41.9 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 42.1 |
| Petroleum and coal products. | 43.6 | 43.8 | 43.5 | 43.2 | 43.6 | 43.7 | 44.6 | 44.8 | 44.5 | 44.7 | 43.7 | 43.6 | 44.0 |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products ........... : | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{3}$ ) | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | (2) | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | (2) |
| Leather and leather products .....................' | 36.8 | 37.2 | 37.1 | 37.8 | 37.3 | 37.2 | 37.1 | 37.3 | 37.2 | 36.7 | 37.5 | 36.5 | 36.4 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 38.9 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.2 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 39.2 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.3 |
| Wholesale trade | 38.5 | 38.4 | 38.5 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.5 | 38.5 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 38.6 |
| Retail trade | 29.9 | 29.8 | 29.8 | 29.8 | 30.0 i | 30.0 | 30.3 | 30.1 | 30.0 | 30.1 | 30.0 | 30.1 | 30.1 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ... | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ |
| Services | 32.7 | 32.7 | 32.6 | 32.7 ! | 32.8 | 32.7 | 32.6 | 32.8 | 32.7 | 32.8 | 32.8 | 32.7 | 32.8 |

1 Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.

These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular
components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. .- preliminary.
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA

HOURS
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
C-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

| Industry | 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | June ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Total private | 105.5 | 106.1 | 105.3 | 107.6 | 108.3 | 108.7 | 109.4 | 110.3 | 110.9 | 110.9 | 112.0 | 111.9 | 112.6 |
| Goods-producing | 90.6 | 91.6 | 92.4 ; | 93.9 | 94.6 | 95.6 | 96.2 | 97.9 | 99.2 | 98.1 | 100.1 | 99.4 | 100.3 |
| Mining | 105.1 | 105.7 | 106.7 | 107.8 | 109.6 : | 109.7 | 110.4 | 111.5 | 112.1 | 111.7 | 114.7 | 115.6 | 117.3 |
| Construction | 101.2 | 102.0 | 103.7 | 105.0 | 104.1 | 105.5 | 105.7 | 110.3 | 114.1 | 107.7 | 112.6 | 113.4 | 116.9 |
| Manufacturing ...........................................i | 87.9 | 88.9 | 89.5 | 91.1 | 92.1 | 93.0 | 93.7 | 94.9 | 95.7 | 95.7 | 97.0 | 96.0 | 96.3 |
| Durable goods | 84.2 | 85.8 | 86.5 , | 88.5 , | 89.9 | 91.0 | 92.0 | 93.4 | 94.4 | 94.5 | 95.8 | 95.0 | 95.6 |
| Lumber and wood products | 89.3 | 90.4 | 92.4 | 93.6 | 95.3 | 95.0 | 95.6 | 97.4 | 97.4 | 97.8 | 98.6 | 96.1 | 94.7 |
| Furniture and fixtures ............................. 1 | 93.6 | 96.2 | 96.2 | 97.4 | 98.3 | 99.6 | 101.2 | 102.0 | 102.8 | 102.8 | 103.1 | 102.6 | 101.8 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products ............... 1 | 82.1 | 82.6 | 83.8 | 85.0 : | 85.5 | 86.1 | 86.5 | 87.1 | 89.3 | 88.2 | 89.2 | 89.0 | 89.0 |
| Primary metal industries .........................! | 65.5 | 66.8 | 67.6 i | 68.9 i | 71.2 | 72.0 | 73.0 | 72.8 | 73.5 | 73.2 | 74.1 | 74.9 | 75.1 |
| Blast furnaces and basic steel products | 57.4 | 59.0 | 59.5 , | 60.6 । | 62.2 , | 62.9 | 63.5 | 62.3 . | 62.6 | 62.4 | 62.3 | 63.9 | 64.3 |
| Fabricated metal products ......................' | 81.1 | 82.3 | 83.6 | 85.3 , | 86.3 | 87.5 | 88.5 | 89.5 | 90.4 | 89.9 | 91.5 | 91.2 | 92.2 |
| Machinery, except electrical ....................' | 80.8 | 82.6 | 83.5 | 84.9 : | 86.3 | 88.2 | 89.5 | 91.1 | 92.3 | 93.3 | 95.2 | 95.0 ' | 96.2 |
| Electrical and electronic equipment .........! | 98.6 | 100.3 | 100.2 | 104.1 | 105.6 | 107.2 ' | 108.0 | 109.6 | 111.2 | 112.2 | 113.6 | 113.3 | 113.6 |
| Transportation equipment ........................! | 82.8 | 84.9 | 85.7 | 88.9 | 89.9 | 91.1 | 92.1 | 95.1 | 95.9 | 95.5 | 96.8 | 94.2 | 95.5 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment ............... | 74.3 | 75.9 | 78.9 | 82.9 ' | 84.2 | 85.6 | 88.8 | 93.0 | 92.3 | 91.8 | 91.8 | 86.5 | 88.2 |
| Instruments and related products ...........! | 101.4 | 102.4 | 103.0 | 105.1 | 105.9 | 106.4 | 106.4 | 108.5 | 108.8 | 108.8 | 109.3 | 108.3 | 109.9 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ................... | 80.1 | 81.0 | 80.8 | 80.8 | 82.6 | 83.3 | 84.6 | 85.0 | 86.5 | 85.8 | 86.5 | 85.3 | 85.8 |
| Nondurable goods .................................. | 93.2 | 93.6 | 94.0 | 95.0 | 95.3 | 95.9 | 96.2 | 97.0 | 97.5 | 97.4 | 98.8 | 97.4. | 97.3 |
| Food and kindred products .....................' | 95.9 | 95.3 , | 95.3 | 95.8 | 95.5 | 95.9 | 95.8 | 97.0 | 96.9 | 97.1 | 98.7 | 97.8 | 97.8 |
| Tobacco manufactures ...........................! | 90.8 | 90.4 । | 86.9 | 89.4 | 88.1 | 90.6 | 87.1 | 87.6 | 86.1 | 87.6 | 93.4 | 93.1 | 92.9 |
| Textile mill products ...............................! | 81.7 | 82.0 ! | 83.1 | 84.1 | 83.7 | 83.5 | 84.0 | 84.5 | 84.8 | 84.5 | 85.7 | 82.7 ; | 82.3 |
| Apparel and other textile products ...........', | 88.0 | 88.5 | 89.5 | 90.7 | 91.5 | 92.5 | 92.8 | 93.2 | 94.4 | 94.2 | 96.7 | 93.8 | 92.7 |
| Paper and allied products ...................... 1 | 95.0 | 95.6 | 95.6 | 96.8 | 97.4 | 97.6 | 98.2 | 98.8 | 99.4 | 99.1 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 99.2 |
| Printing and publishing ............................ | 109.1 | 109.7 | 110.1 | 110.9 | 111.9 | 112.7 | 112.4 | 113.8 | 114.1 | 114.6 | 116.6 | 116.3 | 116.1 |
| Chemicals and allied products .................i | 94.1 | 94.3 ' | 94.1 | 94.2 | 94.6 | 95.2 | 95.5 | 96.1 | 96.3 | 96.1 | 96.2 | 95.5 : | 96.6 |
| Petroleum and coal products ...................' | 91.7 | 92.1 | 90.7 | 89.3 ; | 89.4 | 88.8 | 89.8 | 89.4 | 88.8 | 88.4 | 86.5 | 86.3 | 88.6 |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products .........i | 99.1 | 101.4 | 102.4 | 104.5 | 106.2 | 108.4 | 109.4 | 111.0 | 112.5 | 112.2 | 113.8 | 113.1 | 113.6 |
| Leather and leather products ..................', | 78.5 | 79.3 I | 80.1 | 82.0 | 81.4 | 81.2 | 81.0 | 81.4 | 81.2 | 79.7 | 81.4 | 78.3 | 77.7 |
| Service-producing ......................................\| | 113.7 | 114.1 | 112.4 i | 115.1 | 115.9 | 116.0 | 116.7 | 117.2 | 117.4 | 117.9 | 118.6 | 118.8 | 119.4 |
| Transportation and public utilities .............' | 100.2 ! | 100.4 | 85.3 | 102.0 | 102.4 | 101.7 | 102.4 | 103.4 | 103.1 | 103.1 | 104.4 | 104.2 | 104.4 |
| Wholesale trade ........................................i | 107.7 | 107.7 | 108.6 | 109.2 | 109.7 | 110.1 | 110.7 | 111.6 | 112.0 | 112.5 | 113.3 | 113.5 | 113.7 |
| Retail trade ...............................................' | 106.0 | 106.1 | 106.4 : | 106.7 | 107.8 | 108.3 | 109.7 | 109.3 | 109.4 | 109.9 | 110.3 | 110.9 | 111.1 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ..........\| | 118.7 | 119.2 | 119.2 | 120.2 | 120.8 | 120.6 | 121.0 | 122.0 | 122.1 | 122.2 | 123.1 | 122.9 | 123.8 |
| Services ................................................... ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 125.9 । | 126.5 | 126.6 | 127.6 | 128.3 | 128.4 | 128.6 | 129.4 | 129.9 | 130.9 | 131.4 | 131.6 | 132.5 |

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.
${ }^{p}=$ preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

## C-7. The Hourly Earnings Index and average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers '

 on private nonagricultural payrolls, seasonally adjusted

Total private:



[^29]components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. ${ }^{4}$ The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.
${ }^{5}$ Not available.
${ }^{\rho}=$ preliminary.
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA

STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

| State and area | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\mathrm{p}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Alabama | 40.4 | 41.1 | 40.9 | \$7.56 | \$7.90 | \$7.87 | \$305.42 | \$324.69 | \$321.88 |
| Birmingham | 39.1 | 41.6 | 41.9 | 7.92 | 8.31 | 8.28 | 309.67 | 345.70 | 346.93 |
| Mobile ....... | 41.2 | 41.0 | 41.8 | 9.47 | 9.77 | 9.62 | 390.16 | 400.57 | 402.12 |
| Alaska | 36.6 | 35.3 | (') | 12.88 | 13.78 | () | 471.41 | 486.43 | (') |
| Arizona | 40.2 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 8.95 | 9.13 | 8.94 | 359.79 | 373.42 | 365.65 |
| Arkansas | 40.3 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 6.99 | 7.35 | 7.28 | 281.70 | 298.41 | 294.11 |
| Fayetteville-Springdale | 39.9 | 41.8 | 42.3 | 6.35 | 6.71 | 6.60 | 253.37 | 280.48 | 279.18 |
| Fort Smith | 41.4 | 40.2 | 39.8 | 7.25 | 7.50 | 7.42 | 300.15 | 301.50 | 295.32 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rock | 41.0 | 39.3 | 39.9 | 8.13 | 8.29 | 8.37 | 333.33 | 325.80 | 333.96 |
| Pine Bluff | 41.3 | 41.0 | 41.8 | 8.91 | 9.23 | 9.11 | 367.98 | 378.43 | 380.80 |
| California | 39.7 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 9.48 | 9.69 | 9.71 | 376.36 | 393.41 | 391.31 |
| Colorado | 39.6 | 40.5 | 40.5 | 8.93 | 9.30 | 9.30 | 353.63 | 376.65 | 376.65 |
| Denver-Boulder | 39.6 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 9.23 | 9.67 | 9.67 | 365.51 | 389.70 | 389.70 |
| Connecticut | 41.1 | 42.9 | 42.4 | 8.72 | 9.17 | 9.17 | 358.39 | 393.39 | 388.81 |
| Bridgeport | 41.3 | 42.8 | 41.9 | 9.17 | 9.59 | 9.61 | 378.72 | 410.45 | 402.66 |
| Hartiord | 41.0 | 42.7 | 42.5 | 9.32 | 9.76 | 9.78 | 382.12 | 416.75 | 415.65 |
| New Britain | 41.2 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 8.96 | 9.36 | 9.43 | 369.15 | 394.99 | 397.95 |
| New Haven-West Haven | 37.0 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 8.64 | 9.04 | 9.03 | 319.68 | 370.64 | 368.42 |
| Stamford | 39.1 | 41.3 | 41.8 | 8.49 | 9.11 | 9.11 | 331.96 | 376.24 | 380.80 |
| Waterbury ............................................................. | 42.4 | 43.7 | 43.9 | 7.45 | 7.78 | 7.77 | 315.88 | 339.99 | 341.10 |
| Delaware | 40.7 | 42.5 | 42.0 | 9.14 | 9.30 | 9.17 | 372.00 | 395.25 | 385.14 |
| Wilmington | 40.7 | 43.5 | 42.6 | 10.55 | 10.95 | 10.78 | 429.39 | 476.33 | 459.23 |
| District of Columbia: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washington SMSA ................................................ | 38.3 | 37.8 | 38.1 | 9.74 | 10.23 | 10.41 | 373.04 | 390.79 | 396.52 |
| Florida | 40.5 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 7.25 | 7.58 | 7.65 | 293.63 | 312.30 | 316.71 |
| Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood | 41.8 | 40.2 | 41.3 | 6.92 | 7.48 | 7.47 | 289.26 | 300.70 | 308.51 |
| Jacksonville ................... | 39.4 | 41.6 | 41.9 | 7.95 | 8.32 | 8.36 | 313.23 | 346.11 | 350.28 |
| Lakeland-Winter Haven | 39.7 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 7.32 | 7.79 | 7.76 | 290.60 | 313.16 | 312.73 |
| Miami | 38.5 | 38.3 | 38.7 | 6.11 | 6.28 | 6.34 | 235.24 | 240.52 | 245.36 |
| Orlando | 42.0 | 41.9 | 41.1 | 7.47 | 7.94 | 8.01 | 313.74 | 332.69 | 329.21 |
| Pensacola | 42.1 | 43.3 | 43.7 | 8.66 | 9.02 | 9.05 | 364.59 | 390.57 | 395.49 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg | 40.7 | 42.1 | 41.7 | 7.28 | 7.44 | 7.54 | 296.30 | 313.22 | 314.42 |
| West Palm Beach-Boca Raton | 42.6 | 40.3 | 39.4 | 7.58 | 7.63 | 7.67 | 322.91 | 307.49 | 302.20 |
| Georgia | 40.8 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 7.03 | 7.56 | 7.53 | 286.82 | 312.98 | 309.48 |
| Atlanta | 40.5 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 8.37 | 8.98 | 8.83 | 338.99 | 369.98 | 363.80 |
| Savannah | 44.1 | 45.4 | 45.7 | 9.22 | 9.64 | 9.77 | 406.60 | 437.66 | 446.49 |
| Hawaii | 38.8 | 38.3 | 38.3 | 8.26 | 8.49 | 8.53 | 320.49 | 325.17 | 326.70 |
| Honolutu | 38.5 | 38.1 | 37.9 | 8.24 | 8.44 | 8.41 | 317.24 | 321.56 | 318.74 |
| Idaho | 37.8 | 37.9 | 38.5 | 8.94 | 8.88 | 9.01 | 337.93 | 336.55 | 346.89 |
| Illinois | 40.1 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 9.67 | 10.02 | 10.03 | 387.77 | 414.83 | 410.23 |
| Bloomington-Normal | 41.7 | 40.3 | 41.1 | 8.87 | 9.68 | 9.81 | 369.88 | 390.10 | 403.19 |
| Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul | 35.8 | 40.5 | 39.8 | 9.08 | 9.47 | 9.35 | 325.06 | 383.54 | 372.13 |
| Chicago SMSA | 40.1 | 41.6 | 41.1 | 9.54 | 9.84 | 9.90 | 382.55 | 409.34 | 406.89 |
| Davenport-Rock Island-Moline .............................. | 38.9 | 39.5 | 39.2 | 12.14 | 12.44 | 12.51 | 472.25 | 491.38 | 490.39 |
| Decatur | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.7 | 11.95 | 12.97 | 12.87 | 480.39 | 518.80 | 523.81 |
| Kankakee | 38.2 | 40.0 | 39.0 | 8.34 | 8.88 | 9.04 | 318.59 | 355.20 | 352.56 |
| Peoria | 39.1 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 11.91 | 12.60 | 12.56 | 465.68 | 521.64 | 517.47 |
| Rockford | 41.0 | 43.5 | 42.1 | 9.47 | 10.34 | 10.24 | 388.27 | 449.79 | 431.10 |
| Springtield ............................................................. | 41.5 | 40.9 | 40.3 | 10.86 | 10.82 | 11.02 | 450.69 | 442.54 | 444.11 |
| Indiana ................................................................. | 40.6 | 41.9 | 41.5 | 9.99 | 10.46 | 10.43 | 405.59 | 438.27 | 432.84 |
| Gary-Hammond-East Chicago ............................... | 39.2 | 41.6 | (') | 12.74 | 13.56 | (') | 499.41 | 564.10 | (') |
| Indianapolis .......................................................... | 40.6 | 41.4 | (') | 9.93 | 10.53 | (') | 403.16 | 435.94 | (') |

See footnotes at end of table.

C-B. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolis in States and selected areas-Continued

|  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State and area | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\text {D }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| lowa | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.1 | \$10.03 | \$10.28 | \$10.29 | \$401.20 | \$41 1.20 | \$412.63 |
| Cedar Rapids | 40.5 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 10.29 | 10.94 | 10.80 | 416.75 | 455.10 | 449.28 |
| Des Moines | 39.3 | 41.9 | 40.6 | 11.04 | 12.29 | 12.25 | 433.87 | 514.95 | 497.35 |
| Dubuque | 39.4 | 42.4 | 40.0 | 10.44 | 10.69 | 10.90 | 411.34 | 453.26 | 436.00 |
| Sioux City | 39.2 | 36.9 | 39.3 | 9.24 | 8.14 | 8.26 | 362.21 | 300.37 | 324.62 |
| Waterloo-Cedar Falls ........................................... | 40.4 | 39.1 | 39.7 | 12.67 | 13.40 | 13.40 | 511.87 | 523.94 | 531.98 |
| Kansas | 38.7 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 9.24 | 9.48 | 9.54 | 357.59 | 380.15 | 384.46 |
| Topeka | 37.9 | 40.1 | 40.7 | 8.96 | 9.54 | 9.55 | 339.58 | 382.55 | 388.69 |
| Wichita | 39.7 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 10.13 | 10.16 | 10.20 | 402.16 | 418.59 | 416.16 |
| Kentucky | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.2 | 8.69 | 9.25 | 9.31 | 338.91 | 361.68 | 364.95 |
| Lexington-Fayette .......................................... | 39.7 | 39.1 | 39.5 | 9.26 | 9.85 | 9.86 | 367.62 | 385.14 | 389.47 |
| Louisville ..............................................................; | 39.0 | 40.5 | 41.0 | 10.02 | 10.39 | 10.43 | 390.78 | 420.80 | 427.63 |
| Louisiana | 39.8 | 42.2 | 41.6 | 9.80 | 10.09 | 10.16 | 36i., | 425.80 | 422.66 |
| Baton Rouge | 41.5 | 43.8 | 42.8 | 11.28 | 11.56 | 11.67 | 468.12 | 506.33 | 499.48 |
| New Orleans | 37.4 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 9.01 | 9.49 | 9.58 | 336.97 | 396.68 | 402.36 |
| Shreveport | 39.1 | 42.5 | 42.2 | 9.36 | 9.67 | 9.83 | 365.98 | 410.98 | 414.83 |
| Maine | 40.1 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 7.47 | 7.85 | 7.92 | 299.55 | 315.57 | 319.18 |
| Lewiston-Auburn | 40.3 | 38.2 | 38.3 | 6.10 | 6.47 | 6.51 | 245.83 | 247.15 | 249.33 |
| Portiand | 37.7 | 39.9 | 39.4 | 7.61 | 7.81 | 7.86 | 286.90 | 311.62 | 309.68 |
| Maryland | 39.8 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 8.93 | 9.30 | 9.31 | 355.41 | 382.23 | 377.06 |
| Baltimore | 40.4 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 9.35 | 9.79 | 9.79 | 377.74 | 405.31 | 400.41 |
| Massachusetts | 40.1 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 7.92 | 8.40 | 8.46 | 317.59 | 339.36 | 342.63 |
| Boston | 39.5 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 8.65 | 9.08 | 9.12 | 341.68 | 365.92 | 370.27 |
| Brockton | 37.6 | 39.2 | 39.7 | 6.48 | 6.52 | 6.59 | 243.65 | 255.58 | 261.62 |
| Fall Fiver | 37.0 | 37.1 | 37.0 | 6.16 | 6.78 | 6.75 | 227.92 | 251.54 | 249.75 |
| Lawrence-Haverhill | 39.8 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 7.92 | 8.43 | 8.47 | 315.22 | 338.89 | 343.04 |
| Lowell | 38.8 | 39.2 | 39.0 | 7.33 | 7.72 | 7.83 | 284.40 | 302.62 | 305.37 |
| New Bedford | 38.0 | 39.3 | 38.7 | 7.10 | 7.48 | 7.50 | 269.80 | 293.96 | 290.25 |
| Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke | 40.6 | 41.6 | 41.5 | 7.97 | 8.39 | 8.44 | 323.58 | 349.02 | 350.26 |
| Worcester | 39.1 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 8.23 | 8.56 | 8.61 | 321.79 | 343.26 | 346.12 |
| Michigan | 42.1 | 43.8 | 43.3 | 11.50 | 12.11 | 12.09 | 483.84 | 530.93 | 523.01 |
| Ann Arbor. | 42.0 | 45.5 | 44.3 | 11.81 | 12.86 | 12.67 | 495.34 | 585.43 | 561.38 |
| Battle Creek | 40.2 | 41.9 | 41.4 | 11.85 | 12.31 | 12.50 | 476.09 | 515.98 | 517.41 |
| Bay City | 41.3 | 41.0 | 40.5 | 10.30 | 10.55 | 10.66 | 425.25 | 432.16 | 431.70 |
| Detroit | 43.1 | 45.0 | 44.6 | 12.08 | 12.85 | 12.82 | 520.14 | 577.65 | 571.35 |
| Flint | 42.8 | 45.8 | 45.3 | 13.27 | 13.64 | 13.99 | 568.68 | 624.63 | 634.04 |
| Grand Rapids | 40.4 | 42.4 | 42.1 | 9.79 | 10.24 | 10.18 | 395.87 | 433.62 | 428.05 |
| Jackson ........ | 40.6 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 9.69 | 10.06 | 10.09 | 392.95 | 422.97 | 424.81 |
| Kalamazoo-Portage | 41.4 | 42.5 | 42.1 | 10.82 | 11.43 | 11.38 | 447.78 | 485.93 | 479.25 |
| Lansing-East Lansing | 42.3 | 44.2 | 42.3 | 12.89 | 13.32 | 13.14 | 545.65 | 588.48 | 555.70 |
| Muskegon-Norton Shores-Muskegon Heights ........: | 38.9 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 10.26 | 10.85 | 10.78 | 399.03 | 447.35 | 442.82 |
| Saginaw ............................................................... | 42.4 | 44.2 | 43.5 | 13.34 | 14.35 | 14.16 | 565.67 | 634.74 | 615.50 |
| Minnesota | 39.1 | 40.9 | 40.3 | 9.58 | 9.64 | 9.64 | 374.58 | 394.28 | 388.49 |
| Duluth-Superior | 36.9 | 37.6 | 37.5 | 9.90 | 10.66 | 10.85 | 365.31 | 400.82 | 406.88 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul . | 39.2 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 10.10 | 10.21 | 10.22 | 395.92 | 420.65 | 418.00 |
| St. Cloud ................................................................ | 36.9 | 38.1 | 37.2 | 8.25 | 8.46 | 8.62 | 304.43 | 322.33 | 320.66 |
| Mississippi | 39.8 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 6.63 | 6.95 | 6.89 | 263.87 | 282.17 | 277.67 |
| Jackson ............................................................... | 40.2 | 41.6 | 40.8 | 7.60 | 7.94 | 7.99 | 305.52 | 330.30 | 325.99 |
| Missouri ................................................................: | 39.8 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 8.88 | 9.22 | 9.22 | 353.42 | 378.02 | 376.18 |
| Kansas City | 41.0 | 41.3 | 41.9 | 9.89 | 10.50 | 10.64 | 405.49 | 433.65 | 445.82 |
| St. Joseph | 38.6 | 39.3 | 38.0 | 8.16 | 8.44 | 8.38 | 314.98 | 331.69 | 318.44 |
| St. Louis ............................................................... | 40.2 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 10.08 | 10.51 | 10.56 | 405.22 | 438.27 | 439.30 |
| Springtield ............................................................: | 39.8 | 40.0 | 39.5 | 8.12 | 8.23 | 8.23 | 323.18 | 329.20 | 325.09 |
| Montana ................................................................) | 39.5 | 39.9 | 38.3 | 10.55 | 10.68 | 10.73 | 416.73 | 426.13 | 410.96 |
| Nebraska ............................................................... | 39.8 | 40.0 | 40.8 | 8.75 | 8.91 | 8.96 | S.0. 25 | 356.40 | 365.57 |
| Lincoln ................................................................ | 37.5 | 40.9 | 41.2 | 8.75 | 9.37 | 9.42 | 323.:3 | 383.23 | 388.10 |
| Omaha ................................................................ | 39.2 | 39.7 | 40.0 | 9.11 | 9.30 | 9.34 | $5 \% 11$ | 369.21 | 373.60 |

[^30]ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas-Continued

| State and area | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Nevada | 38.1 | 40.1 | 39.5 | \$9.03 | \$8.99 | \$9.10 | \$344.04 | \$360.50 | \$359.45 |
| Las Vegas ............................................................ | 38.4 | 39.7 | 38.6 | 10.82 | 11.08 | 11.23 | 415.49 | 439.88 | 433.48 |
| New Hampshire ..................................................... | 40.0 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 7.29 | 7.71 | 7.71 | 291.60 | 316.88 | 314.57 |
| Manchester | 39.1 | 39.3 | 38.9 | 7.02 | 7.43 | 7.49 | 274.48 | 292.00 | 291.36 |
| Nashua | 40.7 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 8.55 | 9.22 | 9.14 | 347.99 | 384.47 | 379.31 |
| New Jersey | 40.5 | 41.6 | 41.5 | 9.15 | 9.43 | 9.44 | 370.58 | 392.29 | 391.76 |
| Atlantic City .......................................................... | 41.0 | 41.9 | 41.3 | 7.38 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 302.58 | 314.25 | 309.75 |
| Camden | 40.2 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 9.75 | 9.84 | 9.79 | 391.95 | 392.62 | 388.66 |
| Hackensack | 40.0 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 8.06 | 8.42 | 8.46 | 322.40 | 344.38 | 346.01 |
| Jersey City | 40.3 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 8.47 | 8.63 | 8.68 | 341.34 | 341.75 | 345.46 |
| New Brunswick-Perth Amboy-Sayreville | 40.6 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 10.27 | 10.38 | 10.34 | 416.96 | 424.54 | 420.84 |
| Newark ................................................ | 40.8 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 9.40 | 9.76 | 9.73 | 383.52 | 406.02 | 404.77 |
| Paterson-Clifton-Passaic | 41.1 | 41.5 | 41.7 | 8.85 | 9.22 | 9.22 | 363.74 | 382.63 | 384.47 |
| Trenton | 40.6 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 9.08 | 9.23 | 9.36 | 368.65 | 386.74 | 392.18 |
| New Mexico | 40.7 | 39.0 | 40.5 | 7.46 | 7.78 | 7.77 | 303.62 | 303.42 | 314.69 |
| Albuquerque | 41.6 | 38.6 | 42.3 | 7.35 | 7.51 | 7.36 | 305.76 | 289.89 | 311.33 |
| New York | 39.1 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 8.77 | 9.16 | 9.13 | 342.91 | 364.57 | 363.37 |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy | 39.7 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 9.02 | 9.35 | 9.37 | 358.09 | 380.55 | 380.42 |
| Binghamton | 40.5 | 41.5 | 41.1 | 7.85 | 8.18 | 8.10 | 317.93 | 339.47 | 332.91 |
| Buffalo . | 40.8 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 11.06 | 11.43 | 11.36 | 451.25 | 476.63 | 474.85 |
| Elmira | 39.9 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 8.80 | 9.08 | 8.89 | 351.12 | 368.65 | 360.05 |
| Glens Falls | 39.5 | 40.0 | 39.5 | 8.67 | 9.20 | 9.20 | 342.47 | 368.00 | 363.40 |
| Monroe County | 41.0 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 11.57 | 11.88 | 11.82 | 474.37 | 500.15 | 496.44 |
| Nassau-Suffolk | 40.1 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 8.61 | 9.05 | 9.05 | 345.26 | 365.62 | 366.53 |
| Newburgh-Middletown | 38.2 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 6.44 | 6.87 | 6.92 | 246.01 | 274.11 | 274.03 |
| New York-Northeastern New Jersey | 39.0 | () | ${ }^{\prime}$ ) | 8.56 | (') | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | 334.02 | (') | (') |
| New York and Nassau-Sutfolk | 37.7 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 8.10 | 8.49 | 8.47 | 305.37 | 323.47 | 322.71 |
| New York SMSA | 37.0 | 37.3 | 37.3 | 7.94 | 8.29 | 8.27 | 293.78 | 309.22 | 308.47 |
| New York City | 36.8 | 37.0 | 36.9 | 7.86 | 8.17 | 8.16 | 289.25 | 302.29 | 301.10 |
| Poughkeepsie | 42.3 | 43.1 | 43.3 | 8.64 | 8.63 | 8.54 | 365.47 | 371.95 | 369.78 |
| Rochester | 40.8 | 41.9 | 41.6 | 10.99 | 11.09 | 11.06 | 448.39 | 464.67 | 460.10 |
| Rockland County | 39.8 | 40.7 | 40.3 | 8.67 | 9.46 | 9.46 | 345.07 | 385.02 | 381.24 |
| Syracuse ............ | 40.1 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 9.48 | 10.33 | 10.30 | 380.15 | 426.63 | 425.39 |
| Utica-Rome . | 39.7 | 41.9 | 41.1 | 8.13 | 8.26 | 8.15 | 322.76 | 346.09 | 334.97 |
| Westchester County | 38.2 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 8.45 | 8.93 | 8.79 | 322.79 | 353.63 | 346.33 |
| North Carolina | 40.0 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 6.63 | 6.97 | 6.97 | 265.20 | 280.89 | 279.50 |
| Asheville | 39.9 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 6.51 | 6.90 | 6.88 | 259.75 | 280.83 | 282.08 |
| Charlotte-Gastonia | 41.4 | 42.0 | 41.6 | 6.67 | 6.95 | 6.96 | 276.14 | 291.90 | 289.54 |
| Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point | 39.1 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 7.23 | 7.59 | 7.66 | 282.69 | 299.81 | 301.04 |
| Raleigh-Durham ................................................... | 40.0 | 41.1 | 40.7 | 7.85 | 8.24 | 8.27 | 314.00 | 338.66 | 336.59 |
| North Dakota | 38.0 | 38.4 | 38.4 | 7.85 | 7.84 | 7.92 | 298.30 | 301.06 | 304.13 |
| Fargo-Moorhead .................................................. | 37.2 | 37.9 | 36.8 | 8.18 | 8.20 | 8.39 | 304.30 | 310.78 | 308.75 |
| Ohio | 41.1 | 42.5 | 42.1 | 10.51 | 10.95 | 10.92 | 431.96 | 465.38 | 459.73 |
| Akron | 42.6 | 43.8 | 43.2 | 10.35 | 10.76 | 10.83 | 440.91 | 471.29 | 467.86 |
| Canton | 38.9 | 40.5 | 41.0 | 10.53 | 10.90 | 10.99 | 409.62 | 441.45 | 450.59 |
| Cincinnati | 40.8 | 42.1 | 41.7 | 10.10 | 10.58 | 10.50 | 412.08 | 445.42 | 437.85 |
| Cleveland | 40.6 | 42.3 | 42.3 | 10.42 | 10.82 | 10.86 | 423.05 | 457.69 | 459.38 |
| Columbus | 40.3 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 9.90 | 10.22 | 10.30 | 398.97 | 413.91 | 416.12 |
| Dayton. | 41.1 | 43.0 | 42.6 | 10.47 | 11.12 | 11.05 | 430.32 | 478.16 | 470.73 |
| Toledo | 42.7 | 43.7 | 43.6 | 11.29 | 11.58 | 11.55 | 482.08 | 506.05 | 503.58 |
| Youngstown-Warren ............................................ | 42.4 | 43.5 | 43.3 | 12.45 | 12.88 | 12.86 | 527.88 | 560.28 | 556.84 |
| Oklahoma | 40.0 | 41.9 | 41.4 | 9.08 | 9.87 | 9.63 | 363.20 | 413.55 | 398.68 |
| Oklahoma City | 39.9 | 41.5 | 40.4 | 9.52 | 10.35 | 10.02 | 379.85 | 429.53 | 404.81 |
| Tulsa .............. | 39.3 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 9.88 | 10.37 | 9.82 | 388.28 | 426.21 | 403.60 |
| Oregon | 39.0 | 39.5 | 39.5 | 10.30 | 10.44 | 10.48 | 401.70 | 412.38 | 413.96 |
| Eugene-Springtield ............................................... | 40.4 | 39.6 | 40.4 | 10.63 | 10.73 | 10.46 | 429.45 | 424.91 | 422.58 |
| Medford ............................................................... | 39.8 | 40.5 | 39.6 | 9.66 | 9.70 | 9.76 | 384.47 | 392.85 | 386.50 |
| Portland ............................................................... | 38.9 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 10.32 | 10.73 | 10.72 | 401.45 | 422.76 | 424.51 |
| Salem .................................................................. | 37.5 | 38.1 | 37.3 | 9.70 | 9.31 | 9.27 | 363.75 | 354.71 | 345.77 |

[^31]C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas-Continued

|  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State and area | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\mathrm{p}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Pennsylvania | 39.2 | 40.2 | 40.1 | \$8.87 | \$9.30 | \$9.29 | \$347.70 | \$373.86 | \$372.53 |
| Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton | 38.1 | 39.1 | 39.3 | 8.89 | 9.80 | 9.84 | 338.71 | 383.18 | 386.71 |
| Altoona | 38.1 | 39.4 | 40.1 | 7.72 | 8.03 | 8.10 | 294.13 | 316.38 | 324.81 |
| Delaware Valley | 39.3 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 9.21 | 9.63 | 9.59 | 361.95 | 387.13 | 383.60 |
| Erie | 40.5 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 9.36 | 9.79 | 9.83 | 379.08 | 413.14 | 415.81 |
| Harrisburg | 39.5 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 8.36 | 9.04 | 9.06 | 330.22 | 366.12 | 367.84 |
| Johnstown | 35.8 | 37.6 | 37.2 | 7.80 | 8.34 | 8.35 | 279.24 | 313.58 | 310.62 |
| Lancaster | 38.9 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 8.24 | 8.66 | 8.66 | 320.54 | 346.40 | 343.80 |
| Northeast Pennsylvania | 37.2 | 37.9 | 38.0 | 7.28 | 7.56 | 7.61 | 270.82 | 286.52 | 289.18 |
| Philadelphia SMSA | 39.4 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 9.26 | 9.66 | 9.63 | 364.84 | 389.30 | 386.16 |
| Pittsburgh | 39.3 | 41.6 | 41.3 | 10.72 | 11.19 | 11.23 | 421.30 | 465.50 | 463.80 |
| Reading | 40.1 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 8.81 | 9.37 | 9.40 | 353.28 | 380.42 | 381.64 |
| Williamsport | 39.0 | 39.7 | 39.5 | 7.96 | 8.14 | 8.06 | 310.44 | 323.16 | 318.37 |
| York ............ | 41.0 | 41.4 | 41.6 | 8.22 | 8.50 | 8.55 | 337.02 | 351.90 | 355.68 |
| Rhode Island | 39.6 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 6.89 | 7.15 | 7.14 | 272.84 | 286.72 | 285.60 |
| Providence-Warwick-Pawlucket | 39.7 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 6.85 | 7.03 | 7.02 | 271.95 | 279.79 | 278.69 |
| South Carolina | 40.1 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 6.99 | 7.22 | 7.22 | 280.30 | 297.46 | 294.58 |
| Charleston-North Charleston | 41.0 | 42.4 | 41.6 | 8.28 | 8.69 | 8.78 | 339.48 | 368.46 | 365.25 |
| Columbia | 39.1 | 41.0 | 40.2 | 6.79 | 7.11 | 7.12 | 265.49 | 291.51 | 286.22 |
| Greenville-Spartanburg | 40.0 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 6.70 | 7.05 | 7.06 | 268.00 | 286.23 | 285.93 |
| South Dakota | 41.1 | 41.9 | 43.1 | 7.45 | 7.04 | 7.02 | 306.20 | 294.98 | 302.56 |
| Sioux Falls | 45.7 | 44.4 | 44.8 | 7.94 | 6.79 | 6.69 | 362.86 | 301.48 | 299.71 |
| Tennessee | 40.6 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 7.44 | 7.68 | 7.70 | 302.06 | 318.72 | 318.78 |
| Chattanooga | 41.7 | 42.7 | 42.1 | 7.04 | 7.30 | 7.45 | 293.57 | 311.71 | 313.64 |
| Knoxville | 39.7 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 8.80 | 9.20 | 9.21 | 349.36 | 373.52 | 373.93 |
| Memphis | 41.4 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 7.80 | 8.13 | 8.20 | 322.92 | 328.45 | 328.82 |
| Nashville-Davidson | 41.0 | 41.2 | 39.7 | 8.24 | 8.68 | 8.66 | 337.84 | 357.62 | 343.80 |
| Texas | 40.5 | 41.8 | 41.6 | 8.82 | 9.06 | 9.03 | 357.21 | 378.71 | 375.65 |
| Dallas-Fort Worth | 40.5 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 8.64 | 8.90 | 8.88 | 349.92 | 370.24 | 370.30 |
| Houston | 40.9 | 42.8 | 42.8 | 10.73 | 10.99 | 10.97 | 438.86 | 470.37 | 469.52 |
| San Antonio | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 6.53 | 6.82 | 6.81 | 272.30 | 284.39 | 284.66 |
| Utah | 38.8 | 40.3 | 39.6 | 8.70 | 8.97 | 9.03 | 337.56 | 361.49 | 357.59 |
| Salt Lake City-Ogden | 39.2 | 41.2 | 40.7 | 8.65 | 8.83 | 8.81 | 339.08 | 363.80 | 358.57 |
| Vermont | 39.3 | 40.7 | 40.3 | 7.54 | 7.95 | 7.92 | 296.32 | 323.57 | 319.18 |
| Burlington ............................................................ | 41.1 | 42.2 | 42.0 | 8.44 | 8.86 | 8.76 | 346.88 | 373.89 | 367.92 |
| Springfield | 39.2 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 7.92 | 8.15 | 8.15 | 310.46 | 339.86 | 339.86 |
| Virginia | 39.6 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 7.74 | 8.02 | 8.03 | 306.50 | 321.60 | 322.00 |
| Bristol | 39.2 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 6.51 | 6.75 | 6.63 | 255.19 | 267.98 | 263.87 |
| Charlottesville | 39.2 | 39.5 | 39.2 | 6.61 | 6.87 | 6.97 | 259.11 | 271.37 | 273.22 |
| Danville | 41.6 | 40.4 | 39.6 | 7.03 | 7.37 | 7.33 | 292.45 | 297.75 | 290.27 |
| L.ynchburg ............................................................ | 38.5 | 39.0 | 38.9 | \$7.26 | \$7.71 | \$7.57 | \$279.51 | \$300.69 | \$294.47 |
| Nortolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth .... | 42.2 | 42.4 | 42.1 | 8.03 | 8.56 | 8.60 | 338.87 | 362.94 | 362.06 |
| Northern Virginia ..................................................; | 40.0 | 40.6 | 39.5 | 8.43 | 8.86 | 8.71 | 337.20 | 359.72 | 344.05 |
| Petersburg-Colonial Heights-Hopewell .................... | 39.9 | 40.9 | 40.2 | 9.70 | 9.88 | 10.19 | 387.03 | 404.09 | 409.64 |
| Richmond ............................................................. | 39.2 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 10.30 | 10.28 | 10.33 | 403.76 | 415.31 | 417.33 |
| Roanoke | 40.4 | 41.1 | 39.4 | 6.86 | 7.25 | 7.32 | 277.14 | 297.98 | 288.41 |
| Washington | 39.2 | 39.3 | (') | 11.37 | 11.57 | (') | 445.70 | 454.70 | (') |
| West Virginia ......................................................... | 39.6 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 9.74 | 9.79 | 9.83 | 385.70 | 402.37 | 401.06 |
| Charleston | 42.3 | 43.4 | 43.1 | 11.04 | 11.97 | 12.06 | 466.99 | 519.50 | 519.79 |
| Huntington-Ashland .............................................. | 37.9 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 10.95 | 11.40 | 11.18 | 415.01 | 467.40 | 456.14 |
| Parkersburg-Marietta ............................................ | 39.9 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 10.72 | 11.15 | 10.84 | 427.73 | 467.19 | 454.20 |
| Wheeling ............................................................. | 39.8 | 39.8 | 40.1 | 10.56 | 11.23 | 11.71 | 420.29 | 446.95 | 469.57 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA

STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas-Continued

| State and area | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. $1984$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Wisconsin | 40.4 | 41.3 | 41.0 | \$9.78 | \$10.11 | \$10.06 | \$395.11 | \$417.54 | S 112.46 |
| Appleton-Oshkosh | 41.9 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 9.36 | 9.70 | 9.76 | 392.18 | 408.37 | 409.92 |
| Eau Claire | 41.2 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 9.10 | 9.76 | 9.78 | 374.92 | 406.93 | 405.87 |
| Green Bay | 41.7 | 40.5 | 41.3 | 10.52 | 10.54 | 10.67 | 438.68 | 426.87 | 440.67 |
| Janesville-Beloit | 40.9 | 43.3 | 43.0 | 10.32 | 12.03 | 11.95 | 422.09 | 520.90 | 513.85 |
| Kenosha | 41.5 | 39.9 | 40.3 | 11.44 | 11.71 | 11.56 | 474.76 | 467.23 | 465.87 |
| La Crosse | 39.9 | 38.8 | 38.0 | 8.86 | 8.96 | 8.90 | 353.51 | 347.65 | 338.20 |
| Madison | 39.6 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 9.40 | 9.51 | 9.56 | 372.24 | 380.40 | 378.58 |
| Milwaukee | 40.4 | 41.5 | 41.1 | 10.85 | 11.21 | 11.11 | 438.34 | 465.21 | 456.62 |
| Racine | 39.2 | 41.2 | 40.1 | 10.21 | 10.42 | 10.34 | 400.23 | 429.30 | 414.63 |
| Sheboygan | 38.9 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 9.27 | 9.61 | 9.56 | 360.60 | 391.13 | 388.14 |
| Wausau. | 41.5 | 41.0 | 41.5 | 8.96 | 9.15 | 9.24 | 371.84 | 375.15 | 383.46 |
| Wyoming | 35.4 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 8.69 | 8.99 | 8.89 | 307.63 | 355.90 | 354.71 |
| Puerto Rico | 38.7 | 39.7 | 38.9 | 4.76 | 4.94 | 4.90 | 184.21 | 196.12 | 19.0: |
| Virgin Islands | 40.3 | 42.6 | 44.8 | 10.44 | 10.17 | 9.52 | 420.73 | 433.24 | $\angle 26.50$ |

' Not available.
$\rho=$ preliminary
NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and Area data have been adjusted to March 1983 benchmarks except Gary-Hammond-East Chicago and Indianapolis,

Indiana; New Jersey; New York-Northeastern New Jersey, New York: and Wisconsin. Corrected December 1983 data on average weeklv rours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for Poriland. Oregon are 39.9, $\$ 10.59$, and $\$ 422.54$, respectively. Corrected 1983 annual data are $39.3, \$ 10.44$, and $\$ 410.29$, respectively.

## C-9. Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments by major industry, seasonally adjusted

| Industry | Millions of hours (annual rate) |  |  | Percent change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\prime} \end{gathered}$ | June 1984: | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } 1983 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { June } 1984^{\text {i }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } 1984 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { May } 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } 1984 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { June } 1984 \end{gathered}$ |
| Total | 176,890 | 176.189 | 176.791 | 5.6 | -0.4 | 0.3 |
| Private sector .............................................. | 144,563 | 144.711 | 145.476 | 6.5 | . 1 | 5 |
| Mining | 2,255 | 2,276 | 2.294 | 10.2 | . 9 | 8 |
| Construction .............................................. | 8.305 | 8.412 | 8,613 | 13.8 | 1.3 | 2.4 |
| Manufacturing ............................................ | 41.202 | 41,031 | 41.191 | 7.8 | -4 | 4 |
| Durable goods ........................................ | 24,636 | 24.597 | 24,763 | 10.7 | -. 2 | 7 |
| Nondurable goods .................................... | 16,566 | 16.433 | 16.427 | 3.7 | -. 8 | . 0 |
| Transportation and public utilities ................. | 10,551 | 10,558 | 10.583 | 4.3 | . 1 | 2 |
| Wholesale trade ......................................... | 11.006 | 11.050 | 11.076 | 5.5 | . 4 | 2 |
| Retail trade ............................................... | 25,160 | 25.297 | 25.315 | 5.1 | 5 | . 1 |
| Finance. insurance, and real estate .............. | 10.680 | 10.660 | 10.718 | 4.3 | - 2 | . 5 |
| Services ..................................................... | 35,405 | 35,428 | 35,685 | 5.8 | . 1 | . 7 |
| Government ................................................. | 32,327 | 31,478 | 31,315 | 1.5 | -2.6 | -. 5 |

Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted multiplied by 52 .
preliminary
revised.
NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees-production workers,
nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers-and are based largely on establishment data. See BLS Handbook of Methods, BLS Bulletin 2134-1. chapter 13. Productivity Measures: Business Economy and Major Sectors. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

## C-10. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

(1977 100)

|  | Annual average |  | Quarterly index |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item |  |  | 1981 |  | 1982 |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  |  | 1984 |
|  | 1982 | 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | 1 | 11 | 113 | IV | I | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| Business sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons ................. | 101.2 | 103.9 | 102.3 | 101.2 | 101.1 | 100.7 | 101.1 | 101.9 | 102.4 | 103.9 | 104.2 | 105.3 | 106.3 |
| Output ....................................................... | 106.7 | 111.1 | 111.2 | 108.9 | 107.2 | 106.9 | 106.6 | 106.0 | 107.1 | 110.4 | 112.4 | 114.5 | 117.8 |
| Hours ...................................................... | 105.4 | 107.0 | 108.7 | 107.7 | 106.0 | 106.2 | 105.4 | 104.0 | 104.6 | 106.2 | 107.9 | 108.8 | 110.7 |
| Compensation per hour | 155.1 | 163.0 | 145.5 | 148.2 | 151.6 | 154.0 | 156.5 | 158.6 | 160.6 | 162.0 | 163.5 | 166.2 | 168.6 |
| Real compensation per hour | 97.4 | 99.2 | 95.6 | 95.8 | 97.1 | 97.3 | 97.2 | 98.1 | 99.3 | 99.1 | 99.0 | 99.5 | 99.8 |
| Unit labor costs | 153.3 | 156.9 | 142.3 | 146.4 | 149.9 | 152.9 | 154.7 | 155.6 | 156.9 | 156.0 | 156.9 | 157.9 | 158.6 |
| Unit nonlabor payments | 136.9 | 146.1 | 139.9 | 140.2 | 137.0 | 137.0 | 136.3 | 137.4 | 140.9 | 145.7 | 147.6 | 149.9 | 151.9 |
| Implicit price deflator ................................. | 147.7 | 153.2 | 141.5 | 144.3 | 145.5 | 147.5 | 148.5 | 149.4 | 151.5 | 152.5 | 153.8 | 155.2 | 156.3 |
| Nonfarm business sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons | 100.2 | 103.4 | 101.1 | 99.9 | 100.0 | 99.9 | 100.5 | 100.7 | 101.6 | 103.4 | 104.0 | 104.7 | 105.6 |
| Output ........................................................ | 106.3 | 111.1 | 110.5 | 108.2 | 106.5 | 106.7 | 106.5 | 105.4 | 106.7 | 110.2 | 112.5 | 114.8 | 117.8 |
| Hours | 106.0 | 107.4 | 109.4 | 108.2 | 106.5 | 106.8 | 106.0 | 104.6 | 105.0 | 106.6 | 108.2 | 109.6 | 111.6 |
| Compensation per hour | 154.7 | 163.4 | 145.1 | 147.7 | 151.3 | 153.5 | 156.1 | 158.3 | 160.8 | 162.6 | 164.1 | 165.9 | 168.3 |
| Real compensation per hour | 97.1 | 99.4 | 95.3 | 95.5 | 96.9 | 97.0 | 97.0 | 97.9 | 99.4 | 99.4 | 99.3 | 99.3 | 99.6 |
| Unit labor costs | 154.4 | 157.9 | 143.5 | 147.8 | 151.3 | 153.6 | 155.4 | 157.1 | 158.3 | 157.2 | 157.8 | 158.4 | 159.4 |
| Unit nonlabor payments | 137.0 | 146.6 | 138.3 | 139.5 | 136.4 | 137.7 | 136.5 | 137.2 | 140.7 | 145.8 | 148.3 | 151.3 | 151.9 |
| Implicit price deflator ................................. | 148.6 | 154.2 | 141.8 | 145.0 | 146.4 | 148.3 | 149.1 | 150.5 | 152.4 | 153.4 | 154.7 | 156.1 | 156.9 |
| Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons .................. | 106.5 | 113.1 | 106.1 | 104.4 | 105.2 | 105.4 | 107.8 | 107.8 | 109.5 | 111.7 | 114.9 | 116.0 | $\dagger 16.8$ |
| Output ....................................................... | 99.1 | 106.8 | 108.1 | 103.3 | 100.3 | 99.6 | 99.5 | 97.1 | 99.7 | 104.5 | 110.0 | 112.7 | 116.3 |
| Hours | 93.0 | 94.4 | 101.9 | 98.9 | 95.3 | 94.4 | 92.3 | 90.0 | 91.1 | 93.5 | 95.7 | 97.2 | 99.5 |
| Compensation per hour | 158.2 | 166.7 | 147.0 | 150.5 | 155.2 | 157.2 | 159.6 | 161.2 | 165.1 | 166.0 | 167.1 | 168.7 | 171.3 |
| Real compensation per hour | 99.3 | 101.4 | 96.6 | 97.2 | 99.4 | 99.3 | 99.1 | 99.7 | 102.1 | 101.5 | 101.2 | 101.1 | 101.4 |
| Unit labor costs ....................................... | 148.5 | 147.4 | 138.5 | 144.1 | 147.5 | 149.1 | 148.1 | 149.5 | 150.8 | 148.5 | 145.4 | 145.5 | 146.7 |
| Durable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons .................. | 105.4 | 112.5 | 105.3 | 103.7 | 103.8 | 104.3 | 106.8 | 106.9 | 108.7 | 111.2 | 114.2 | 115.7 | 117.2 |
| Output ........................................................ | 97.3 | 104.9 | 108.9 | 103.3 | 99.4 | 98.3 | 97.6 | 93.9 | 97.0 | 102.2 | 108.3 | 112.0 | 117.0 |
| Hours | 92.3 | 93.2 | 103.4 | 99.6 | 95.7 | 94.3 | 91.4 | 87.8 | 89.3 | 91.9 | 94.9 | 96.8 | 99.8 |
| Compensation per hour ............................ | 157.9 | 166.4 | 146.9 | 150.6 | 154.7 | 156.8 | 159.6 | 160.8 | 164.9 | 165.6 | 166.8 | 168.0 | 170.7 |
| Real compensation per hour ...................... | 99.1 | 101.2 | 96.5 | 97.4 | 99.0 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 99.5 | 102.0 | 101.3 | 101.0 | 100.6 | 101.0 |
| Unit labor costs ........................................ | 149.8 | 147.9 | 139.6 | 145.2 | 149.0 | 150.3 | 149.4 | 150.5 | 151.8 | 148.9 | 146.1 | 145.2 | 145.7 |
| Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons .................. | 108.2 | 113.9 | 107.4 | 105.5 | 107.3 | 107.1 | 109.2 | 109.2 | 110.7 | 112.5 | 116.0 | 116.4 | 116.3 |
| Output ....................................................... | 101.8 | 109.5 | 107.0 | 103.3 | 101.7 | 101.4 | 102.3 | 101.8 | 103.8 | 107.9 | 112.5 | 113.9 | 115.2 |
| Hours ........................................................ | 94.1 | 96.1 | 99.6 | 97.9 | 94.8 | 94.6 | 93.7 | 93.3 | 93.8 | 95.9 | 97.0 | 97.8 | 99.1 |
| Compensation per hour ............................. | 159.1 | 168.0 | 146.4 | 149.9 | 155.9 | 157.9 | 160.2 | 162.9 | 166.2 | 167.3 | 168.0 | 170.2 | 172.3 |
| Real compensation per hour ..................... | 99.9 | 102.2 | 96.2 | 96.9 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.5 | 100.7 | 102.8 | 102.3 | 101.7 | 101.9 | 101.9 |
| Unit labor costs ......................................... | 147.1 | 147.4 | 136.3 | 142.1 | 145.3 | 147.4 | 146.7 | 149.2 | 150.2 | 148.6 | 144.8 | 146.2 | 148.2 |
| Nonfinancial corporations' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per all-employee hour .................... | 102.8 | 106.2 | 103.0 | 102.2 | 102.4 | 102.3 | 103.3 | 103.4 | 104.2 | 105.8 | 106.9 | 107.8 | 108.3 |
| Output | 107.8 | 112.5 | 112.9 | 110.4 | 108.6 | 108.1 | 108.0 | 106.4 | 107.6 | 111.3 | 114.3 | 116.8 | 119.5 |
| Hours | 104.8 | 105.9 | 109.6 | 108.1 | 106.0 | 105.7 | 104.6 | 102.9 | 103.3 | 105.2 | 106.9 | 108.4 | 110.3 |
| Compensation per hour ............................ | 154.8 | 162.2 | 145.0 | 147.8 | 151.7 | 153.7 | 156.1 | 158.1 | 160.3 | 161.4 | 162.6 | 164.5 | 166.3 |
| Real compensation per hour ...................... | 97.2 | 98.7 | 95.2 | 95.5 | 97.1 | 97.1 | 96.9 | 97.8 | 99.1 | 98.7 | 98.5 | 98.5 | 98.4 |
| Total unit costs ........................................ | 153.5 | 155.2 | 143.6 | 147.7 | 150.9 | 153.1 | 153.8 | 156.3 | 156.7 | 155.3 | 154.5 | 154.4 | 154.8 |
| Unit labor costs | 150.6 | 152.8 | 140.7 | 144.6 | 148.1 | 150.2 | 151.1 | 152.9 | 153.9 | 152.5 | 152.1 | 152.6 | 153.5 |
| Unit nonlabor costs | 161.8 | 162.1 | 151.9 | 156.6 | 158.9 | 161.2 | 161.3 | 165.9 | 164.7 | 163.1 | 161.2 | 159.6 | 158.4 |
| Unit profits .......... | 88.9 | 122.1 | 108.6 | 104.2 | 90.8 | 90.3 | 91.2 | 83.0 | 96.1 | 115.0 | 131.5 | 143.6 | 146.9 |
| Implicit price deflator ............................... | 146.1 | 151.4 | 139.6 | 142.7 | 144.0 | 145.9 | 146.6 | 147.9 | 149.7 | 150.7 | 151.8 | 153.2 | 153.9 |

Measures for the first quarter of 1984 are preliminary
SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261)

C-11. Percent changes from the preceding quarter and year in productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted annual rates

| Item | Percent change from |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Previous quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  | Same quarter, previous year |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { IV } \\ 1982 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { III } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { IV } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} ! \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { N } \\ 1982 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 111 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { IV } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ |
| Business sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons | 3.2 | 1.9 | 5.9 | 1.2 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.9 |
| Output | -2.3 | 4.2 | 12.7 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 11.8 | -2.7 | -. 1 | 3.2 | 5.5 | 8.0 | 10.0 |
| Hours. | -5.3 | 2.3 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 3.3 | 7.3 | -3.4 | -1.3 | . 1 | 2.4 | 4.6 | 5.9 |
| Compensation per hour ........................................ | 5.6 | 5.2 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 6.9 | 5.9 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.0 |
| Real compensation per hour ................................ | 4.0 | 4.9 | -. 8 | -. 6 | 2.3 | . 9 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.4 | . 5 |
| Unit labor costs ................................................... | 2.3 | 3.3 | -2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 6.3 | 4.7 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.1 |
| Unit nonlabor payments | 3.2 | 10.6 | 14.4 | 5.4 | 6.2 | 5.7 | -2.0 | 2.8 | 6.4 | 8.3 | 9.1 | 7.9 |
| Implicit price deflator ..... | 2.6 | 5.5 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.2 |
| Nonfarm business sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons .............................. | 1.2 | 3.5 | 7.1 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 3.5 | . 8 | 1.7 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Output | -4.1 | 4.9 | 13.7 | 8.9 | 8.1 | 11.1 | $-2.6$ | 2 | 3.3 | 5.7 | 8.9 | 10.4 |
| Hours | -5.2 | 1.3 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 7.3 | -3.3 | -1.4 | -. 2 | 2.1 | 4.8 | 6.3 |
| Compensation per hour | 5.6 | 6.6 | 4.4 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 6.0 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 4.6 |
| Real compensation per hour | 4.0 | 6.3 | . 0 | -. 3 | -. 1 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 1.4 | . 1 |
| Unit labor costs | 4.4 | 3.0 | -2.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 6.3 | 4.6 | 2.3 | 1.5 | . 8 | . 7 |
| Unit nonlabor payments | 2.1 | 10.6 | 15.1 | 7.3 | 8.3 | 1.4 | -1.6 | 3.1 | 5.9 | 8.7 | 10.3 | 7.9 |
| Implicit price deflator ..... | 3.7 | 5.3 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 2.9 |
| Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons .............................. | . 2 | 6.2 | 8.5 | 11.8 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 6.0 | 6.6 | 7.6 | 6.7 |
| Output ............................................................... | -9.4 | 11.5 | 20.6 | 22.8 | 10.2 | 13.2 | -6.0 | -. 6 | 5.0 | 10.6 | 16.1 | 16.6 |
| Hours. | -9.6 | 4.9 | 11.1 | 9.8 | 6.1 | 10.1 | -9.0 | -4.5 | -. 9 | 3.7 | 8.0 | 9.3 |
| Compensation per hour | 4.0 | 10.0 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 6.3 | 7.1 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 3.8 |
| Real compensation per hour | 2.4 | 9.7 | -2.2 | -1.4 | -. 4 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.3 | -. 7 |
| Unit labor costs ................................................. | 3.8 | 3.6 | -5.9 | $-8.1$ | . 2 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 2.2 | -. 4 | -1.8 | -2.7 | -2.7 |
| Durable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons .............................. | . 3 | 6.7 | 9.7 | 11.1 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 3.1 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 8.2 | 7.9 |
| Output .................................................................. | -14.6 | 14.1 | 23.3 | 26.1 | 14.1 | 19.3 | -9.1 | -2.4 | 4.0 | 11.0 | 19.3 | 20.6 |
| Hours | -14.9 | 6.9 | 12.4 | 13.5 | 8.1 | 13.4 | -11.9 | -6.7 | -2.5 | 3.8 | 10.2 | 11.8 |
| Compensation per hour ........................................ | 3.3 | 10.6 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 3.5 |
| Real compensation per hour ................................. | 1.7 | 10.2 | -2.6 | -1.3 | -1.3 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.1 | -. 9 |
| Unit labor costs ................................................... | 2.9 | 3.7 | -7.3 | -7.5 | -2.4 | 1.3 | 3.6 | 1.9 | -. 9 | -2.2 | -3.5 | -4.1 |
| Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons ............................. | $-.1$ | 5.6 | 6.9 | 12.9 | 1.4 | -. 6 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 5.1 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 5.0 |
| Output ................................................................... | -1.6 | 8.0 | 16.8 | 18.3 | 4.7 | 4.7 | -1.4 | 2.1 | 6.5 | 10.1 | 11.8 | 10.9 |
| Hours .................................................................. | -1.6 | 2.2 | 9.3 | 4.7 | 3.3 | 5.3 | -4.7 | -1.1 | 1.3 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 5.6 |
| Compensation per hour ........................................ | 6.9 | 8.6 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 8.7 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 3.6 |
| Real compensation per hour ................................. | 5.3 | 8.2 | -1.7 | -2.2 | . 8 | . 0 | 4.0 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.2 | -. 8 |
| Unit labor costs ................................................... | 7.0 | 2.8 | $-4.1$ | -9.8 | 3.8 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 3.4 | . 8 | -1.3 | -2.0 | -1.3 |
| Nonfinancial corporations' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per all-employee hour ................................ | . 4 | 3.2 | 6.6 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 4.0 |
| Output ........... | -6.0 | 4.6 | 14.6 | 11.1 | 9.3 | 9.6 | -3.7 | -1.0 | 2.9 | 5.8 | 9.8 | 11.1 |
| Hours | -6.4 | 1.4 | 7.6 | 6.6 | 5.7 | 7.5 | -4.8 | -2.6 | -. 5 | 2.2 | 5.3 | 6.8 |
| Compensation per hour | 5.2 | 5.7 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 6.9 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.8 |
| Real compensation per hour ................................ | 3.6 | 5.4 | -1.4 | -1.1 | . 2 | -. 5 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | . 7 | $-.7$ |
| Total unit costs ................................................. | 6.7 | 1.0 | -3.5 | -2.1 | -. 2 | 1.0 | 5.8 | 3.8 | 1.4 | . 4 | -1.2 | -1.2 |
| Unit labor costs ................................................ | 4.8 | 2.5 | -3.4 | -1.1 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 5.7 | 3.9 | 1.5 | . 6 | -. 2 | -. 2 |
| Unit nonlabor costs ........................................... | 11.9 | -2.8 | -3.8 | -4.7 | -4.0 | -2.7 | 6.0 | 3.7 | 1.2 | -. 1 | -3.8 | -3.8 |
| Unit profits .......................................................... | -31.4 | 79.9 | 104.7 | 71.0 | 42.4 | 9.6 | -20.3 | 5.8 | 27.3 | 44.2 | 73.1 | 52.9 |
| Implicit price deflator ........................................... | 3.6 | 5.1 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 1.9 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 2.8 |

[^32]SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

| State and area | Civilian labor force |  |  | Unemployed |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Number |  |  | Percent of labor force |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\text {P }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. $1984$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{array}$ | May $1983$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{D} \end{gathered}$ |
| Alabama | 1.782 .7 | 1.777 .0 | 1.776 .3 | 247.7 | 197.1 | 184.9 | 13.9 | 11.1 | 10.4 |
| Birmingham | 397.4 | 393.0 | 391.4 | 53.3 | 39.8 | 37.0 | 13.4 | 10.1 | 9.5 |
| Hunisville | 159.7 | 164.9 | 165.2 | 16.3 | 14.6 | 13.3 | 10.2 | 8.8 | 8.1 |
| Mobile | 200.2 | 199.0 | 198.3 | 31.9 | 25.4 | 23.8 | 15.9 | 12.7 | 12.0 |
| Montgomery | 130.3 | 130.6 | 130.7 | 14.6 | 11.7 | 10.9 | 11.2 | 8.9 | 8.3 |
| Tuscaloosa | 57.3 | 58.1 | 58.2 | 7.7 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 13.4 | 9.7 | 10.3 |
| Alaska | 232.1 | 236.7 | 242.9 | 25.1 | 28.0 | 25.6 | 10.8 | 11.8 | 10.5 |
| Arizona | 1,381.6 | 1,406.1 | 1.402 .8 | 131.0 | 71.1 | 71.6 | 9.5 | 5.1 | 5.1 |
| Phoenix | 852.0 | 889.2 | 887.0 | 62.9 | 34.5 | 34.5 | 7.4 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Tucson | 257.7 | 259.3 | 258.4 | 24.0 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 9.3 | 4.4 | 4.3 |
| Arkansas | 1,038.1 | 1.067 .6 | 1,083.1 | 107.7 | 92.9 | 93.1 | 10.4 | 8.7 | 8.6 |
| Fayetteville-Springdale | 83.5 | 87.6 | 87.9 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 7.2 | 5.8 | 5.4 |
| Fort Smith ............... | 93.1 | 94.0 | 95.0 | 10.8 | 7.8 | 8.6 | 11.6 | 8.3 | 9.1 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rook | 198.5 | 206.0 | 207.5 | 16.3 | 13.9 | 14.0 | 8.2 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| Pine Bluft ............................ | 38.7 | 39.0 | 39.6 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 10.9 | 9.1 | 9.5 |
| California' | 12.259 .3 | 12,373.1 | 12,433.7 | 1,215.6 | 952.3 | 898.2 | 9.9 | 7.7 | 7.2 |
| Anahern-Santa Ana-Garden Grove | 1.219 .6 | 1.254 .3 | 1.267 .8 | 79.7 | 53.4 | 52.7 | 6.5 | 4.3 | 4.2 |
| Bakershold | 213.2 | 217.9 | 220.5 | 28.6 | 27.8 | 24.8 | 13.4 | 12.7 | 11.2 |
| Fresno | 290.5 | 292.4 | 297.8 | 41.9 | 40.5 | 36.5 | 14.4 | 13.9 | 12.3 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach | 3,801.0 | 3.758 .0 | 3,746.0 | 382.0 | 275.0 | 266.0 | 10.1 | 7.3 | 7.1 |
| Modesto | 138.8 | 137.6 | 140.1 | 28.9 | 25.8 | 24.5 | 20.8 | 18.8 | 17.5 |
| Oxnard-Simi Valley-Ventura | 265.5 | 268.5 | 269.3 | 24.2 | 19.1 | 18.8 | 9.1 | 71 | 7.0 |
| Fiverside-San Bernardino-Ontaro | 640.2 | 651.5 | 652.8 | 69.1 | 56.5 | 54.2 | 10.8 | 8.7 | 8.3 |
| Sacramento | 520.8 | 534.9 | 535.9 | 54.3 | 45.1 | 41.0 | 10.4 | 8.4 | 7.6 |
| Salinas-Seaside-Monterey | 147.2 | 149.2 | 152.7 | 16.9 | 16.1 | 12.7 | 11.5 | 10.8 | 8.3 |
| San Diego | 843.5 | 870.0 | 878.0 | 71.4 | 52.3 | 50.8 | 8.5 | 6.0 | 5.8 |
| San Francisco-Oakland | 1.747 .9 | 1,767.3 | 1,774.6 | 140.7 | 108.9 | 104.2 | 8.0 | 6.2 | 5.9 |
| San Jose | 841.4 | 966.3 | 867.9 | 63.7 | 43.2 | 41.7 | 7.6 | 5.0 | 4.8 |
| Santa Barbara-Santa Marıa-Lompoc | 162.2 | 165.5 | 166.7 | 12.2 | 9.4 | 8.7 | 7.5 | 5.7 | 5.2 |
| Santa Rosa | 147.7 | 149.3 | 151.3 | 14.1 | 10.3 | 9.9 | 9.6 | 6.9 | 6.5 |
| Stockton | 178.6 | 175.8 | 183.2 | 28.7 | 25.0 | 22.4 | 16.1 | 14.2 | 12.3 |
| Vallejo-Farfield-Napa | 142.0 | 140.5 | 142.1 | 15.6 | 9.9 | 9.3 | 11.0 | 7.1 | 6.5 |
| Colorado | 1.673 .3 | 1,694.3 | 1,705.3 | 115.8 | 86.0 | 85.8 | 6.9 | 5.1 | 5.0 |
| Denver-Boulder | $1,005.2$ | 1,015.4 | 1,022.4 | 57.5 | 41.4 | 41.9 | 5.7 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| Connecticut | 1,606.8 | 1,629.1 | 1,646.8 | 95.3 | 69.8 | 68.2 | 5.9 | 4.3 | 4.1 |
| Bridgeport | 191.3 | 190.3 | 192.2 | 13.8 | 9.2 | 9.4 | 7.2 | 4.8 | 4.9 |
| Hartiord ... | 388.9 | 391.2 | 395.2 | 21.1 | 15.4 | 15.3 | 5.4 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| New Briain | 70.8 | 70.2 | 70.6 | 5.0 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 7.0 | 5.4 | 4.8 |
| New Haven West Haven | 199.7 | 206.2 | 208.3 | 12.4 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 6.2 | 4.6 | 4.4 |
| Stamiord | 125.4 | 126.2 | 127.2 | 5.2 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 2.6 |
| Whatertury | 105.3 | 104.7 | 105.8 | 7.7 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 7.3 | 4.5 | 4.7 |
| Delaware | 297.2 | 307.0 | 308.3 | 24.0 | 17.3 | 15.0 | 8.1 | 5.6 | 4.9 |
| Wilmington | 263.8 | 272.5 | 271.3 | 21.7 | 16.2 | 14.0 | 8.2 | 5.9 | 5.1 |
| District of Columbia | 325.1 | 313.1 | 311.3 | 38.2 | 33.3 | 30.7 | 11.8 | 10.6 | 9.9 |
| Washington SMSA | 1.784 .8 | 1,802.4 | 1.815 .5 | 90.5 | 72.6 | 71.3 | 5.1 | 4.0 | 3.9 |
| Florida: | 4.743 .3 | 4,932.7 | 5,032.1 | 412.0 | 283.4 | 304.5 | 8.7 | 5.7 | 6.1 |
| Daytona Beach | 116.4 | 123.1 | 126.0 | 8.3 | 5.7 | 6.1 | 7.1 | 4.6 | 4.8 |
| Fort Lauderdale-Holiywood | 494.9 | 516.5 | 526.4 | 37.8 | 23.9 | 25.9 | 7.6 | 4.6 | 4.9 |
| Fort Myers-Cape Coral | 104.9 | 109.4 | 111.7 | 8.3 | 5.2 | 5.9 | 7.9 | 4.8 | 5.2 |
| Ganesville . | 80.2 | 82.9 | 85.3 | 3.9 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 4.8 | 2.8 | 3.9 |
| Jacksonvilie | 355.2 | 364.0 | 373.3 | 31.3 | 19.3 | 21.1 | 8.8 | 5.3 | 5.7 |
| Lakeland-Winter Haven | 145.6 | 143.6 | 147.1 | 20.6 | 15.9 | 16.2 | 14.2 | 11.1 | 11.0 |
| Melbourne--Ttusville Cocoa | 130.5 | 140.5 | 143.1 | 10.1 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 4.9 | 5.2 |
| Miami | 824.7 | 845.9 | 858.4 | 85.1 | 57.2 | 63.5 | 10.3 | 6.8 | 7.4 |
| Orlando | 413.2 | 438.4 | 447.2 | 28.5 | 23.3 | 22.9 | 6.9 | 5.3 | 5.1 |
| Pensacola | 127.8 | 134.6 | 136.8 | $10 . i$ | 6.9 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 5.2 | 5.5 |
| Sarasota | 88.5 | 91.3 | 91.9 | 5.8 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 6.6 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| Tallahassee | 86.9 | 90.9 | 93.1 | 4.7 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 5.4 | 3.6 | 4.1 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg | 7520 | 780.1 | 793.3 | 58.7 | 39.2 | 40.9 | 7.8 | 5.0 | 5.2 |
| West Paim Beach-Boca Raton. | 289.5 | 312.0 | 316.2 | 25.3 | 17.6 | 19.5 | 8.7 | 5.7 | 6.2 |

See footnotes at end of table

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued
inumbers in thousands)

$\therefore \quad \cdot \bar{c}:$ and of table.

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)

| State and area | Civilian labor force |  |  | Unemployed |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Number |  |  | Percent of |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\text {P }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{array}$ |
| Massachusetts ${ }^{1}$ | 2,935.8 | 3,036.2 | 3,018.8 | 191.6 | 153.2 | 119.6 | 6.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 |
| Boston | 1,422.3 | 1,482.2 | 1,475.9 | 79.8 | 63.5 | 51.2 | 5.6 | 4.3 | 3.5 |
| Brockton | 80.6 | 82.9 | 82.2 | 6.3 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 7.8 | 5.7 | 4.6 |
| Fall River .......................................................................... | 76.8 | 78.2 | 76.9 | 6.9 | 5.8 | 4.6 | 9.0 | 7.5 | 6.0 |
| Fitchburg-Leominster .......................................................... | 49.4 | 51.3 | 51.3 | 4.1 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 8.4 | 5.2 | 4.0 |
| Lawrence-Haverhill ............................................................ | 146.0 | 146.7 | 147.4 | 10.4 | 8.1 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 5.6 | 5.2 |
| Lowell ............................................................................... | 134.1 | 144.1 | 142.1 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 4.3 | 5.2 | 3.9 | 3.0 |
| New Bediord | 82.8 | 87.8 | 86.6 | 7.4 | 6.8 | 4.9 | 9.0 | 7.7 | 5.6 |
| Pittsfield | 64.2 | 67.4 | 66.8 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 3.3 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 4.9 |
| Springtield-Chicopee-Holyoke | 284.4 | 289.6 | 286.8 | 19.9 | 16.4 | 12.5 | 7.0 | 5.7 | 4.4 |
| Worcester .............................. | 192.3 | 191.1 | 189.4 | 14.4 | 9.3 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 4.8 | 3.8 |
|  | 4,390.9 | 4,330.6 | 4,395.1 | 643.3 | 478.5 | 496.5 | 14.7 | 11.0 | 11.3 |
| Ann Arbor .......................................................................... | 147.2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 15.6 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 10.6 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Battle Creek | 81.8 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 12.2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | 15.0 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Bay City . | 53.8 | (2) | (2) | 9.0 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | (2) | 16.8 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | (2) |
| Benton Harbor | 73.6 | (2) | (2) | 12.1 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 16.4 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Detroit | 2,024.4 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 310.3 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 15.3 | (2) | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| Flint .... | 224.7 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 35.9 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 16.0 | (2) | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Grand Rapids ................................................................... | 341.8 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 39.3 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 11.5 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Jackson ...... | 67.1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 11.0 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 16.4 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| Kalamazoo-Portage | 142.1 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 16.2 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | (2) | 11.4 | (2) | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| Lansing-East Lansing | 250.8 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 26.5 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 10.6 | ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| Muskegon-Norton Shores-Muskegon Heights | 78.9 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 14.3 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 18.2 | (2) | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| Saginaw ......................................................... | 99.5 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | 13.8 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 13.8 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | (2) |
| Minnesota ........................................................................... | 2,196.2 | 2,222.0 | 2,256.6 | 183.0 | 145.9 | 131.6 | 8.3 | 6.6 | 5.8 |
| Duluth-Superior .................................................................. | 113.2 | 104.6 | 106.2 | 20.0 | 12.6 | 11.1 | 17.6 | 12.1 | 10.4 |
| Minneapolis-St.Paul ........................................................... | 1.180 .2 | 1,215.7 | 1,229.0 | 82.1 | 57.7 | 55.0 | 7.0 | 4.7 | 4.5 |
| Pochester .......................................................................... | 58.9 | 59.5 | 60.1 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 4.2 |
| St. Cloud ............................................................................ | 79.5 | 80.9 | 81.8 | 7.7 | 6.3 | 5.5 | 9.7 | 7.8 | 6.7 |
| Mississippi ........................................................................... | 1,084.8 | 1,031.9 | 1,051.5 | 146.0 | 95.8 | 99.5 | 13.5 | 9.3 | 9.5 |
| Jackson ............................................................................ | 160.4 | 156.8 | 159.5 | 14.1 | 9.2 | 9.4 | 8.8 | 5.8 | 5.9 |
| Missouri ............................................................................ | 2,373.0 | 2,397.9 | 2,405.7 | 241.3 | 191.4 | 170.6 | 10.2 | 8.0 | 7.1 |
| Kansas City ........................................................................ | 690.6 | 693.5 | 696.2 | 57.6 | 42.0 | 37.9 | 8.3 | 6.1 | 5.4 |
| St. Joseph . | 46.6 | 46.7 | 46.2 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 11.0 | 9.2 | 8.2 |
| St. Louis | 1.150.6 | 1.162 .9 | 1,166.5 | 127.1 | 102.9 | 93.8 | 11.0 | 8.8 | 8.0 |
| Springtield | 113.1 | 115.2 | 114.0 | 9.2 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 8.2 | 5.8 | 5.3 |
| Montana | 395.7 | 403.5 | 404.5 | 34.5 | 35.1 | 29.4 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 7.3 |
| Nebraska .............................................................................. | 800.5 | 787.6 | 797.6 | 45.9 | 32.9 | 28.5 | 5.7 | 4.2 | 3.6 |
| Lincoln .............................................................................: | 109.6 | 107.7 | 109.5 | 4.9 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| Omana ..............................................................................: | 289.0 | 287.1 | 292.8 | 17.5 | 13.1 | 13.4 | 6.1 | 4.6 | 4.6 |
| Nevada ................................................................................ | 488.5 | 501.0 | 497.6 | 49.6 | 36.0 | 32.9 | 10.2 | 7.2 | 6.6 |
| Las Vegas ....................................................................... | 274.0 | 286.3 | 286.8 | 28.6 | 21.5 | 20.2 | 10.4 | 7.5 | 7.0 |
| Reno | 132.1 | 132.7 | 130.1 | 11.9 | 7.7 | 6.8 | 9.0 | 5.8 | 5.2 |
| New Hampshire .................................................................... | 498.6 | 506.8 | 510.9 | 28.2 | 22.7 | 24.1 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 4.7 |
| Manchester ....................................................................... | 87.0 | 89.5 | 90.7 | 4.8 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 5.5 | 4.2 | 4.0 |
| Nashua ........................................................................... | 87.1 | 90.5 | 91.4 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 2.7 |
|  | 3.615 .0 | 3,892.4 | 3.885.6 | 271.8 | 256.1 | 243.1 | 7.5 | 6.6 | 6.3 |
| Atlantic City ........................................................................ | 120.3 | 131.0 | 134.5 | 9.8 | 10.5 | 9.8 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 7.3 |
| Jersey City ........................................................................ | 233.0 | 249.5 | 247.3 | 29.2 | 27.9 | 26.5 | 12.5 | 11.2 | 10.7 |
| Long Branch-Asbury Park .................................................. | 247.8 | 269.3 | 272.8 | 16.6 | 15.4 | 15.8 | 6.7 | 5.7 | 5.8 |
| New Brunswick-Perth Amboy-Sayreville .............................: | 335.4 | 363.3 | 359.2 | 23.1 | 20.3 | 19.1 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 5.3 |
| Newark ............................................................................. | 965.3 | 1,046.2 | 1.037 .9 | 69.7 | 63.9 | 60.3 | 7.2 | 6.1 | 5.8 |
| Paterson-Clifton-Passaic ................................................... | 214.3 | 232.5 | 230.9 | 20.9 | 20.3 | 19.3 | 9.8 | 8.8 | 8.4 |
| Trenton ............................................................................ | 159.8 | 172.5 | 171.3 | 9.6 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 4.9 |
| Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton ................................................. | 56.4 | 60.5 | 59.9 | 7.7 | 8.8 | 8.2 | 13.6 | 14.6 | 13.7 |
| New Mexico ....................................................... ................' | 607.9 | 618.1 | 618.5 | 62.9 | 45.9 | 42.4 | 10.3 | 7.4 | 6.9 |
| Albuquerque ...................................................................... . | 229.7 | 238.4 | 238.8 | 19.4 | 14.4 | 13.5 | 8.5 | 6.0 | 5.7 |
| Las Cruces ........................................................................ | 41.9 | 43.3 | 43.9 | 4.0 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 9.5 | 6.8 | 7.1 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued



See footnotes at end of table.

## D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

| State and area | Civilian labor force |  |  | Unemployed |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Number |  |  | Percent of |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1984 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1984^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Tennessee | 2,209.4 | 2.193 .9 | 2.205 .8 | 270.9 | 186.5 | 182.1 | 12.3 | 8.5 | 8.3 |
| Chattanooga | 197.0 | 195.0 | 196.3 | 20.4 | 15.3 | 15.6 | 10.4 | 7.8 | 8.0 |
| Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol | 200.8 | 208.4 | 207.9 | 23.1 | 17.0 | 16.7 | 11.5 | 8.1 | 8.1 |
| Knoxville | 232.6 | 230.0 | 231.1 | 26.5 | 17.9 | 17.7 | 11.4 | 7.8 | 7.7 |
| Memphis | 437.4 | 410.8 | 411.4 | 44.0 | 31.0 | 30.3 | 10.1 | 7.5 | 7.4 |
| Nashville-Davidson | 456.2 | 465.0 | 467.8 | 40.1 | 26.5 | 25.9 | 8.8 | 5.7 | 5.5 |
| Texas' | 7.471 .5 | 7,821.5 | 7,924.5 | 596.3 | 504.4 | 442.1 | 8.0 | 6.4 | 5.6 |
| Abilene | 75.2 | 77.6 | 78.4 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 3.8 |
| Amarillo | 94.8 | 100.9 | 102.8 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 4.3 |
| Austin | 317.6 | 345.8 | 351.6 | 13.5 | 12.9 | 11.3 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 3.2 |
| Beaumont-Port Arthur | 177.4 | 180.9 | 180.8 | 24.6 | 22.0 | 19.1 | 13.9 | 12.2 | 10.6 |
| Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito | 89.0 | 93.4 | 93.2 | 13.5 | 13.6 | 11.8 | 15.2 | 14.5 | 12.6 |
| Bryan-College Station | 53.9 | 56.5 | 57.2 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 4.7 | 3.8 | 3.6 |
| Corpus Christi ............ | 166.2 | 168.0 | 169.2 | 18.4 | 15.2 | 13.4 | 11.1 | 9.1 | 7.9 |
| Dallas-Fort Worth | 1.754 .6 | 1,876.6 | 1,905.3 | 91.4 | 73.6 | 66.3 | 5.2 | 3.9 | 3.5 |
| El Paso | 193.5 | 198.6 | 200.8 | 23.8 | 19.4 | 17.2 | 12.3 | 9.8 | 8.6 |
| Galveston-Texas City | 90.4 | 92.2 | 93.0 | 10.9 | 9.5 | 8.4 | 12.0 | 10.3 | 9.0 |
| Houston .................... | 1.727 .6 | 1.773 .7 | 1.796 .9 | 166.0 | 128.8 | 114.7 | 9.6 | 7.3 | 6.4 |
| Killeen-Temple | 70.6 | 76.3 | 77.5 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 6.2 | 5.2 | 4.6 |
| Laredo ............. | 41.0 | 40.4 | 39.3 | 10.7 | 8.3 | 6.8 | 26.1 | 20.7 | 17.3 |
| Longview-Marshall | 78.9 | 79.6 | 80.1 | 9.1 | 7.0 | 6.2 | 11.6 | 8.7 | 7.8 |
| Lubbock .......... | 111.1 | 114.8 | 115.6 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 5.2 |
| Mcallen-Pharr-Edinburg | 113.6 | 119.8 | 118.6 | 18.7 | 27.5 | 21.7 | 16.5 | 23.0 | 18.3 |
| Midland | 62.9 | 70.4 | 72.4 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 5.8 | 41 | 3.5 |
| Odessa | 71.2 | 75.3 | 76.8 | 6.9 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 9.7 | 5.6 | 4.8 |
| San Angelo | 48.7 | 50.6 | 51.4 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 5.3 | 4.4 | 3.6 |
| San Antonio | 488.6 | 523.8 | 533.8 | 29.2 | 26.4 | 24.3 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 4.6 |
| Sherman-Denison | 39.6 | 40.3 | 40.9 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 8.2 | 5.8 | 4.9 |
| Texarkana | 51.1 | 53.4 | 53.8 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 9.8 | 8.5 | 7.9 |
| Tyler | 74.8 | 78.9 | 79.6 | 4.7 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 6.3 | 4.8 | 4.1 |
| Waco | 87.0 | 92.8 | 95.0 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 5.2 | 4.3 | 4.0 |
| Wichita Fails | 65.9 | 68.9 | 70.1 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 6.8 | 4.7 | 4.1 |
| Utah | 689.8 | 697.7 | 696.4 | 71.2 | 47.0 | 45.3 | 10.3 | 6.7 | 6.5 |
| Salt Lake City-Odgen | 452.7 | 458.2 | 456.8 | 43.6 | 27.9 | 26.9 | 9.6 | 6.1 | 5.9 |
| Vermont | 266.3 | 264.3 | 265.6 | 19.8 | 19.6 | 17.2 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 6.5 |
| Burlington | 71.5 | 71.7 | 72.1 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.6 |
| Virginia | 2,723.2 | 2,772.5 | 2,808.3 | 162.9 | 119.4 | 120.1 | 6.0 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Danville | 55.4 | 55.2 | 56.4 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 7.7 | 6.5 | 6.6 |
| Lynchburg | 76.9 | 77.7 | 79.1 | 5.2 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 6.8 | 4.3 | 3.9 |
| Newport News-Hampton | 176.7 | 184.5 | 187.2 | 8.8 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 5.0 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth | 354.7 | 366.8 | 373.3 | 19.8 | 14.7 | 14.4 | 5.6 | 4.0 | 3.9 |
| Petersturg-Colonial Heights-Hopewell ................................. | 56.6 | 55.0 | 55.8 | 5.4 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 9.5 | 7.3 | 7.1 |
| Richmond ................................... | 351.6 | 355.9 | 359.4 | 18.0 | 11.6 | 12.1 | 5.1 | 3.3 | 3.4 |
| Roanoke .............................................................................. | 112.5 | 115.4 | 116.5 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 4.7 | 4.3 |
| Washington ........................................................................ | 2,069.5 | 2,065.3 | 2.068 .7 | $234 . \dagger$ | 209.6 | 200.4 | 11.3 | 10.2 | 9.7 |
| Seattle-Everett | 899.3 | 907.2 | 904.1 | 92.4 | 75.5 | 74.5 | 10.3 | 8.3 | 8.2 |
| West Virginia ..................................................................... | 776.2 | 756.4 | 760.6 | 145.6 | 112.4 | 104.5 | 18.8 | 14.9 | 13.7 |
| Charleston .. | 122.0 | 121.0 | 122.4 | 16.7 | 15.1 | 14.0 | 13.7 | 12.5 | 11.5 |
| Huntington-Ashland | 124.5 | 119.2 | 119.2 | 23.0 | 17.0 | 16.2 | 18.5 | 14.3 | 13.6 |
| Parkersburg-Marietta | 75.3 | 73.2 | 74.1 | 11.9 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 15.9 | 12.9 | 12.5 |
| Wheeling .......................................................................... | 82.7 | 78.2 | 79.4 | 14.5 | 11.1 | 10.8 | 17.5 | 14.2 | 13.6 |
| Wisconsin | 2.445 .7 | 2,427.3 | 2.428 .6 | 259.4 | 183.6 | 167.6 | 10.6 | 7.6 | 6.9 |
| Appleton-Oshkosh | 155.6 | 155.8 | 156.2 | 15.6 | 11.4 | 10.5 | 10.0 | 7.3 | 6.8 |
| Eau Claire | 61.9 | 62.0 | 61.9 | 6.2 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 10.0 | 8.1 | 7.1 |
| Green Bay ........................................................................ | 93.1 | 94.7 | 94.7 | 8.9 | 6.8 | 6.2 | 9.5 | 7.2 | 6.5 |
| Janesville-Beloit ............................................................... | 71.6 | 71.7 | 71.7 | 9.1 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 12.7 | 7.8 | 7.0 |
| Kenosha ........................................................................... | 60.9 | 59.9 | 60.0 | 6.5 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 10.7 | 7.1 | 6.8 |
| La Crosse ......................................................................... | 51.3 | 51.3 | 51.6 | 4.6 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 9.0 | 6.7 | 6.2 |
| Madison | 192.5 | 195.3 | 196.0 | 13.1 | 9.9 | 9.1 | 6.8 | 5.1 | 4.6 |
| Milwaukee | 715.3 | 701.7 | 703.4 | 79.0 | 46.3 | 46.0 | 11.0 | 6.6 | 6.5 |
| Racine | 85.6 | 83.8 | 83.8 | 11.0 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 12.9 | 7.8 | 7.4 |
| Sheboygan ......... ............................................................. | 53.8 | 54.6 | 54.5 | 5.5 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 10.3 | 6.1 | 5.8 |
| Wausau ............................................................................ | 56.5 | 56.6 | 56.6 | 6.5 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 11.5 | 9.3 | 8.5 |
| Wyoming ...................................................................................... | 264.4 | 258.7 | 259.9 | 24.3 | 16.7 | 16.3 | 9.2 | 6.5 | 6.3 |

${ }^{1}$ Data are obtaned directly from the Current Population Survey. See the Explanatory Notes for State and Area Labor Force Data.

Not available
NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Estimates for 1983 have been
benchmarked to 1983 Current Population Survey annual averages. Except in the 10 States and 2 areas designated by footnote 1, estimates for 1984 are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication.

## Explanatory Notes

## Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 60,000 households, representing 629 areas in 1,148 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooveration with State agencies. The establishment survey is designed to provide industry information on nonagriculutral wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitian areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are based on payroll reports from a sample of 195,000 establishments employing over 35 million nonagricultural wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full- or part-time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12 th day of the month.

## RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definitions and coverage,
sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on levels and trends of the two series are as follows.

## Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers) selfemployed persons, unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in familyoperated enterprises, and members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States. Civilian employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.
Unpaid absences from jobs. The housheold survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week-that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

For a comprehensive discussion of the differences between household and establishment survey employment data, see Gloria P. Green's article "Comparing Employment Estimates From Household and Payroll Surveys." Monthly Labor Review. December 1969.

## Hours of work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

## Earnings

The household survey measures median earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average carnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the household survey earnings series, see Technical Description of the Quarterly Data on Weekly Earnings from the Current Population Survey, BLS Bulletin 2113.

## COMPARABILITY OF THE HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religous organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). Beginning in January 1978, coverage was extended to include domestic workers whose employers paid $\$ 1,000$ or more in wages in any calendar quarter, agricultural employees whose employers engaged 10 or more workers in 20 weeks or paid a total of $\$ 20,000$ or more in wages in any calendar quarter, and almost all State and local government employees.

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are
sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment'" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the Monthly Labor Review.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the Economics and Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of impact on differences in level and trend of the two series.

## COMPARABILITY OF THE PAYROLL EMPLOY. MENT DATA WITHE OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BI.S statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP), published by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonagricultural wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, certain activities, such as interstate railroads, parochial schools, and churches are not covered by unemployment insurance whereas these are included in this BLS establishment statistics.

# Household Data (A tables) 

## COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other characteristics of the employed, the unemployed, and persons not in the labor force, and related data are compiled for the BLS by the Burcau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, BL.S Report 463. Historical national data are published in L.abor Force Statistics Dervised From the Current Population Survey: A Databook, BI S Bulletin 2096.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted with a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the emplovment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. Separate statistics are also collected for 14 - and 15 -year-olds. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is knoun as the survey week. Actual field intervicuing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 14 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations, and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this report. Data on the members of the Armed Forees stationed in the United States, who are included as part of the categories "noninstitutional population," "labor force," and "total employment," are obtained from the Department of Defence.

Each month about 60,000 occupied units are eligible for intervien. About 2,500 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of between 4 or 5 percent. In addition to the 60,000 occupied units, there are 11,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not to be enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from 1 month to the next and onehalf to be common with the same month a year earlier.

## CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those used since 1967 are as follows:

Employed persons are (a) all civilians who, during the survey week, did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or
who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labormanagement disputes, or personal reasons, whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States are also included in the employed total.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons are all civilians who had no employment during the survey week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and (a) had made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the prior 4 weeks, or (b) were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off, or (c) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Measurements of mean and median duration are computed from a distribution of single weeks of unemployment.
Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into four major groups. (1) Job losers are persons whose employment ended involuntarily who immediately began looking for work, and persons on layoff. (2) Job leavers are persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work. (3) Reentrants are persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer but were out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work. (4) New entrants are persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or
longer. Each of these four categories of the unemployed may be expressed as an unemployment rate or proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers.
Jobseekers are all unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4 -week period preceding the survey week. Jobseekers do not include those persons unemployed because they (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or (b) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work, including going to a public or private employment agency or to an employer directly, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or utilizing some other method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point.

The civilian labor force comprises all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "labor force" also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The overall unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force, including members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The unemployment rate for all civilian workers represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, etc.

Participation rates represent the proportion of the population that is in the labor force. The labor force participation rate, is the ratio of the labor force, including the resident Armed Forces, to the noninstitutional population. The civilian labor force participation rate is the ratio of the civilian labor force to the civilian noninstitutional population. Civilian labor force participation rates are usually published for sex-age groups, often cross-classified by other demographic characteristics such as race and educational attainment.

Employment-population ratios represent the proportion of the noninstitutional population that is employed. The total employment-population ratio is total employment, including the resident Armed Forces, as a percent of the noninstitutional population. The civilian employment-population ratio is the percentage of all employed civilians in the civilian noninstitutional population.

Not in the labor force includes all persons who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as engaged in own home housework, in school, unable to work because of long-
term physical or mental illness, retired, and other. The "other" group includes individuals reported as too old or temporarily unable to work, the voluntarily idle, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season and who were not reported as looking for work, and persons who did not look for work because they believed that no jobs were available in the area or that no jobs were available for which they could qualify-discouraged workers. Persons doing only incidental, unpaid family work (less than 15 hours in the specified week) are also classified as not in labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work, desire for a job at the time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are published on a quarterly basis. As of January 1970, the detailed questions for persons not in the labor force are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for 3 previous months and would not be in for the subsequent month. Between 1967 and 1969 these questions were asked in those households entering the sample for the first time and those returning for the second 4 months of interviewing, i.e., the "incoming" groups.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their last full-time job lasting 2 weeks or more. The classifications of occupations and industries used in data derived from the CPS are defined as in the 1980 census. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies wage and salary workers, subdivided into private and government workers; self-employed workers; and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

The distribution of employment by hours worked relates to persons at work during the survey week. Atwork data differ from data on total employment because the latter include persons in the zero-hoursworked category, with a job but not at work. Included in this latter group are persons who were on vacation, ill, involved in a labor dispute, or otherwise absent from their jobs for voluntary, noneconomic reasons.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more in the survey week are designated as working full time. Persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working part time. Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or other reasons). Economic reasons include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of a job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. Other reasons include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home, housework, school, no desire for full-time work, and full-time worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1 to 34 hours for noneconomic reasons and usually work full time.

The full-time lubor force consists of persons working on full-time schedules, persons involuntarily working part time (part time for economic reasons), and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The partlime labor force consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Persons with a job but not at work during the survey week are classified according to whether they usually work full or part time.

Labor force time lost is a measure of aggregate hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available aggregate hours. It is computed by assuming that: (1) Unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) those looking for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary parttime workers during the survey week, and (3) persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

W'hite, black, and other are terms used to describe the race of workers. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. All tables in this publication which contain racial data, with the exception of A-5 and its annual counterpart, present data for the black population group. Because of their relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican living on the mainland, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic orgin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings data are provided from responses to the question "How much does...USUALLY earn per week at this job before deductions?" Included are any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers and the incorporated self-employed, who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the $\$ 10$ interval within which each median falls.

The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used to deflate the earnings series.

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status are terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were reported as members of the same household even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent, ineludes persons who are separated because of marital discord, as well as persons who are living apart because either the husband or the wife was employed and living away from home, serving in the Armed Forces, or had a different place of residence for any reason.

A household consists of all persons-related family members and all unrelated persons-who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters.

A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in
families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family refers to a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family even though they may include a related subfamily, that is, a married couple or a parent-child group related by birth or marriage to the householder and sharing the living quarters. The count of families used in this publication excludes unrelated subfamilies such as lodgers, guests, or resident employees living in a household but not related to the householder. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other persons maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

## HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

## Change in lower age limit

The lower age limit for official statistics on the labor force, employment, and unemployment was raised from 14 to 16 years of age in January 1967. Insofar as possible, historical series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the population 16 years and over. For a detailed discussion of this and other definitional changes introduced at that time, including estimates of their effect on the various series, see "New Definitions for Employment and Unemployment," Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force, February 1967.

## Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the changes introduced in 1967, there are several other periods of noncomparability in the labor force data: (1) Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000 , primarily affecting the figures for totals and men; other categories were relatively unaffected. (2) Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force-four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected. (3) Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000 ; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged. (4)

Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000 ; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; and unemployment levels and rates wers essentially unchanged. (5) A subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced in March 1973. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000 , and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000 . Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.

In addition, begirning in January 1974, the methodology used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an inflation-deflation approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20 - to 24 -year-old men-particularly those of the black-and-other population-but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation", in the February 1974 issue of Employment and Earnings.

Effective in July 1975, as a result of the immigration of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by $76,000-30,000$ men and 46,000 women. The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, and all of the changes were in the other population.

Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of Employment and Earnings.

Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race
determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.
Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio estimation method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures exist only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Change in the Estimation Procedure for the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1979'" in the February 1979 issue of Employment and Earnings
Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. The new procedure is described in the Estimating Methods section. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure are derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in total population and estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article ciled above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 that are described above, and data users should make allowances for them in making certain data comparisons.
Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment methodology was updated to account for results obtained from the 1980 census. The new procedure is described in the Estimating Methods section. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983"' in the February 1983 issue of Employment and Earnings. There are only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of level for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.

## Changes in the occupational and industrial classification system.

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the
monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisons of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey"' in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of Employment and Earnings.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. These systems differ from those developed for the 1970 census which were used in the CPS from January 1971 through December 1982.

The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved from the Standard Occupational Classification system (SOC). While the CPS occupational data are now comparable with other data sources, the new system is so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers". Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some selfemployed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administratiors, except farm."

The industrial classification used in the 1980 census is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification system (SIC), as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had much less of an adverse effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation", and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration."

Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983"' in the February 1983 issue of Employment and Earnings.

## Changes in the sample design

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. Most of these changes were made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates.

One major change made after every decennial census is to change the sample design to make use of the recently collected census materials. Also, the number of
sample areas and the number of sample persons are increased occasionally. In 1953, the current rotation plan was introduced in which a sample unit is interviewed for 4 months, leaves the sample for 8 months, and then returns to the sample for another 4 months. When Alaska and Hawaii achieved statehood, three more sample areas were added to account for the population in these States. After the 1960 census, selection of a major portion of the sample from census address lists was begun, though a portion of the sample is still collected using area sampling. Following the 1970 census, the ultimate sampling unit was changed from a noncontiguous cluster of six housing units to a usually contiguous cluster of four housing units. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia and designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States, was incorporated into the design. A coverage improvement sample, composed of approximately 450 sample household units which represent 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units, was included in computing the estimates beginning in October 1978 in order to provide coverage of mobile homes and new construction units that previously had no chance for selection in the CPS sample. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added to the existing sample. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. Beginning in January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to SMSA's, which were redefined in 1973.

Beginning in April 1984, households sleected based on the 1980 census sample design are being introduced into the survey, but they are located in those 1970 design sample areas that will continue into the 1980 sampling frame. Hence, there is no change in the number of sample areas at this time. (See pp. 7-10 of the May 1984 issue for an overview of the introduction of the new sample.)

Table A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use during the different data col-
lection periods. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in The Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey, Report 463 Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## ESTIMATING METHODS

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person. The basic weight, which is the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample, is a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. In States supplemented in the 1978 and 1980 expansions, almost all sample persons within the sample area have the same basic weight, but the weight may differ across sample areas. The basic weight is the same for almost all sample persons in unsupplemented States. The basic weights are then adjusted for noninterview, and the ratio estimation procedure is applied.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This adjustment is made separately by combinations of sample areas within each State and the District of Columbia, and, within these, for six groups-two race categories (white, and black and other) within three residential categories. For sample areas which are Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, (SMSA's), these residence categories are the central cities, the urban, and the rural balance of the SMSA's. For other sample areas, the residence categories are urban, rural nonfarm, and rural farm. The proportion of sample households not interviewed

Table A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to date

varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacations, etc.
2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole, in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and residence. Since these characieristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
a. First-stage ratio estimate. In the CPS, a portion of the 629 sample areas is chosen to represent other areas not in the sample; the remainder of the sample areas represent only themselves. The first-stage ratio estimation procedure was designed to reduce the portion of the variance resulting from requiring sample areas to represent nonsample areas. Therefore, this procedure is not applied to sample areas which represent only themselves. The procedure is performed at two geographic levels: First, by the four census regions (Northeast, North Central, South, and West), and second, for each of the 46 States which contains nonsample areas. Effective with January 1983 data, the procedure corrects for the differences that existed at the time of the 1980 census between the distribution by race and residence of the population in the sample areas and the known race-residence distribution in the portions of the census region or State represented by these areas. The regional adjustment is performed by metropolitannonmetropolitan residence and race, while the State adjustment is done by race only. Prior to January 1983, the State adjustment was also done by urban-rural status. At both the regional and the State levels, the race-residence categories were changed from white/nonwhite to black/nonblack. The residence categories at the State level of the estimation procedure were dropped because definitional differences between the 1970 census and the 1980 census made it impossible to continue using the same categories.
b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this stage, the sample proportions of persons in specific categories are adjusted to the distribution of independent current estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population in the same categories. The second-stage ratio adjustment which is performed to further reduce variability of the estimates and to correct to some extent for CPS undercoverage relative to the decennial census, is carried out in two steps. In the first step, the sample estimates are adjusted within each State and the District of Columbia to an independent control for the population 16 years and over for the State. The second step is applied to all sample persons and is a weighting to nationwide in-
dependent population estimates within 68 age-sex-race groups. The entire second-stage adjustment procedure is iterated six times, each time beginning at the weights developed the previous time. This ensures that the sample estimates of the population for both State and national age-sex-race categories will be virtually equal to the independent population control totals. This secondstage adjustment procedure incorporates changes instituted in January 1982. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982'' in the February 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings.

The controls by State for the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over are an arithmetic extrapolation of the trend in the growth of this segment of the population from the April 1, 1980, census through the latest available July 1 estimate, adjusted as a last step to a current estimate of the U.S. population of this group. State estimates by age for July 1 are published annually in Current Population Reports, Series P-25. For a description of the methodology used in developing the State total, use Report 640 of that series. A description of the age estimates methodology are available on request from the Chief of the Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census; Washington, D.C. 20233.

Beginning with the January 1982 estimates, the independent national controls used for the age-sex-race groups in the final step of the second-stage ratio adjustment are prepared by carrying forward the April 1, 1980, total population by age, race, and sex, taking account of the subsequent aging of the population, fertility, mortality, and net immigration, and then subtracting the estimate for the institutional population and Armed Forces. The April 1, 1980, total population was computed by adding together the resident population, consistent with that published for the 1980 census in $A d$ vance Reports, Series PHC80-V, and the Armed Forces overseas, as compiled from Department of Defense reports.

Data on births and deaths between April 1, 1980, and the estimate date are based on tabulations of vital statistics for the resident population made by the Na tional Center for Health Statistics and data on deaths of military personnel overseas from the Department of Defense. Estimates of net civilian immigration are based on data provided by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Puerto Rico Planning Board. The civilian noninstitutional population is derived by subtracting the Armed Forces and the institutional population for the - timate date from the total including Armed $F$ us:s overseas. The institutional population is computed by applying institutional proportions derived from the 1980 census to the total population, including Armed Forces overseas for the estimate date. All computations described above are
performed in cells defined by single year of age, race, and sex. The independent national control totals are then obtained by collapsing these cells into broader age groups for the population 16 years and older.
3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample ( 75 percent), as well as the sample results for the current month. Almost all estimates of month-to-month change are improved by this procedure, and most estimates of levels are also improved, but to a lesser extent.

## Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

## Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey-sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided primarily indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.
Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, inability to recall information, errors made in collection such as in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data, and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey have been studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject
to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the Current Population Survey Reinterview Program, January 1961 through December 1966. Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in the "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates from Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, Journal of the American Statistical Association, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the decennial census, undercoverage is about 5 percent. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, and race. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women, and larger for black, and other races combined than for whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980 census.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in "An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey," by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive and up-to-date discussion of various sources of error, and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and an estimate
and its estimated error were calculated from each sample, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the average of all possible samples.
3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a large number of estimates and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. First, the standard errors in this volume reflect the sample design and estimation procedures in effect prior to the expansions for State estimates. Thus, these standard errors may slightly overstate the standard errors applicable to the present design. Second, instead of computing an individual standard error for each estimate, generalized sets of standard errors were computed for various types of characteristics. This generalization yields more stable estimates of the standard errors. Consequently, the sets of standard errors provided give an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error of an estimate rather than the precise standard error.

Tables B and C show approximate standard errors for major employment status characteristics for monthly estimates and for changes for consecutive months. These standard errors are applicable to the level of the estimates in recent months.

Tables $\mathbf{D}$ through H provide generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for estimated totals, unemployment rates, and percentages. Table I contains factors for use with table H for computing standard errors, as described below, for monthly level and month-to-month change for percentages. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the tables may be approximated by linear interpolation. The standard error for estimated changes from one month to the next is more closely related to the monthly level for the characteristic than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the generalized standard errors for month-to-month change as given in the tables of standard errors, it is necessary to obtain the monthly estimate for the characteristic. It should be noted that the tables of standard errors for month-to-month change apply only to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. Estimates of change for nonconsecutive months are subject to higher standard errors. Table J contains factors for use with tables D, F, H, and I to compute approximate standard
errors for levels, labor force participation rates, and percentages as pertaining to the year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. Note that standard errors for changes in quarterly and yearly estimates apply only to consecutive quarters and years. For years prior to 1967 , the standard errors must be adjusted due to the differences in the sample size. For years prior to 1956, the standard errors should be multiplied by 1.50, and for the 1956-66 period, they should be multiplied by 1.22 . Table K provides generalized standard errors for quarterly estimates of persons and families for use with the CPS earnings data.

Standard errors for estimated totals. Tables D and E provide generalized standard errors for monthly totals and for month-to-month change. The figures given in these tables are to be used for the characteristics as indicated.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month the number of persons working a specific number of hours was $12,000,000$, an increase of 400,000 over the

Table B. Standard errors for major employment status categories
(In thousands)

|  | Standard error of- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employment status. sex. age. and race | Monthly level | Month-tomonth change (consecutive months only) |
| Total. 16 years and over: |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 252 | 193 |
| Employed | 270 | 205 |
| Unemployed | 137 | 138 |
| Men. 20 years and over. |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 152 | 131 |
| Employed | 167 | 146 |
| Unemployed | 96 | 96 |
| Women. 20 years and over. |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 190 | 143 |
| Employed | 190 | 147 |
| Unemployed | 83 | 86 |
| Both sexes. 16 to 19 years: |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 83 | 90 |
| Employed | 86 | 97 |
| Unemployed | 58 | 64 |
| Black. 16 years and over: |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 87 | 66 |
| Employed | 95 | 71 |
| Unemployed | 66 | 69 |
| Men. 20 years and over: |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 50 | 44 |
| Employed | 57 | 51 |
| Unemployed | 45 | 48 |
| Women, 20 years and over: |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 67 | 47 |
| Employed | 67 | 49 |
| Unemployed | 43 | 46 |
| Both sexes. 16 to 19 years: |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 32 | 37 |
| Employed | 27 | 31 |
| Unemployed | 30 | 32 |


| Characteristic | Standard error of-. |  |  | Standard error of-. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monthily level | Consecutive montin change | Characteristic | Monthly level | Consecutive month change |
| Totat tali civilian workers) | 012 | 0) 12 | Occupation-Continued |  |  |
| Men. 20 years and over | 16 | 16 |  | 038 | 0.42 |
| Women. 20 vears and over | 18 | 19 | Machine operators. assemblers. and | 038 | 0.42 |
| Both sexes. 161019 vears | 66 12 | 78 13 | Machine operators. assemblers. and inspectors | 52 | 59 |
| Whack workers | 55 | 58 | Transportation and material moving | 68 | 78 |
| Marriedmen spouse presen: | 16 | 17 | Handlers. equipment cleaners. helpers. and |  |  |
| Married women. spouse present | 22 | 23 |  | $80$ | $\begin{array}{r} 93 \\ 101 \end{array}$ |
| Fulitime workers | 13 | 13 | Farming. forestry, and fishing |  |  |
| Part tme workers | 34 | 42 | Industry |  |  |
| Occupation | 07 | . 09 | Nonagricultural private wage and salary |  |  |
|  |  |  | workers | 14 | 15 |
|  |  |  | Mining | 147 | 168 |
|  |  |  | Construction | 71 | 81 |
| Executive admunstrative and manageria! | 25 | 28 | Manufacturing | 28 | 31 |
| Protessional specialiv | 20 | 23 | Durable goods | 35 | 39 |
| Technicrans and related support | 49 | 55 | Nondurable goods | 44 | 50 |
| Sales | 31 | 35 | Transportation. communications. and |  |  |
| Administratıve suppert inctuding clerical | . 26 | 29 | public utilities | 43 | 48 |
| Private household | 1.28 | 145 | Wholesale and retail trade | 28 | . 31 |
| Protective service | 80 | 90 | Finance and services | 22 | 24 |
| Service except private household and |  |  | Government workers | 25 | . 28 |
| protective | 41 | 46 | Agricultural wage and salary workers | 129 | 1.50 |

previous month. Linear interpolation in the second column of table D shows that the standard error on an estimate of $12,000,000$ is about 159,000 . The 68 -percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from $11,841,000$ to $12,159,000$. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Recall that the standard error of a month-to-month change is primarily dependent on the size of the monthly estimate. Thus, using linear interpolation in the first column of table E , the standard error on a month-tomonth change of 400,000 , when the monthly level is approximately $12,000,000$, is about 118,000 .

Standard errors for rates and percentages. The reliability of an estimated unemployment rate or an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the rate or percentage and the total upon which the rate or percentage is based. Estimated rates and percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerator of the rates or percentages; this is particularly true for percentages of 50 percent or more. As a general rule, percentages are not published when the monthly base is less than 75,000 , the quarterly average base is less than 60,000 , or the annual average base is less than 35,000 .

Tables $F$ and $G$ show generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for unemployment rates. Generalized standard errors for estimated monthly percentages and estimated month-tomonth change in percentages can be obtained through the use of the standard errors in table H and the factors
in table I. First obtain the standard error from table H for the specific percentage and base. The generalized standard error is then calculated by multiplying the standard error from table H by the appropriate factor from table I. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the factor indicated by the numerator of the percentage.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month 3.6 percent of a total of $90,771,000$ employed persons are employed in agriculture. The standard error on an estimate of 3.6 percent with a base of $90,771,000$ is obtained from table H ( 0.09 percent). The appropriate factor from table I for the numerator of the percentage, agricultural employment, is 1.26 . The generalized standard error on the estimated 3.6 percent is then approximately 0.09 x $1.26=0.1$ percentage point .

Standard errors for year-io-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. The approximate standard errors of levels, rates, and percentages involving year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages may be obtained by using table J in conjunction with the other tables. Standard errors for estimates of change are more closely related to the level of the estimate than to the size of the specific change. Thus, to obtain the standard error of an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, or an estimate of a change in level, rate, or percentage, it is first necessary to find the appropriate estimate of level. For an estimate
of an average level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of this estimate. For an estimate of change in level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of the average of the two estimates affecting the change. Then, after computing the standard error by treating these estimates as monthly estimates and using the procedures above, multiply this result by a suitable factor from table J to obtain the approximate standard error for the average or change.

Illustration. Suppose that one is interested in the year-to-year change of a monthly unemployment rate. Assume that for a certain month the unemployment rate is 6.9 percent, based on a total of $95,676,000$ in the civilian labor force, and that a year prior to this the unemployment rate was 6.1 percent, based on a total of $94,254,000$ in the civilian labor force for the month. First the standard error on the average of the two estimates, 6.5 percent with a base of $94,965,000$, is obtained from table $F(0.12$ percentage point). The appropriate factor, then, from table J is 1.40 . The approximate standard error on the change of 0.8 percent is then given by $0.12 \times 1.40=0.17$ percentage point.

The approximate standard error of levels involving year-to-year change of quarterly estimates pertaining to CPS earnings data for persons and families may be obtained by using table $K$ in conjunction with the following formula:

Standard
error of year-to-year change =

$$
\sqrt{\left(\begin{array}{c}
\text { Stand } \\
\text { ard } \\
\text { error }
\end{array}\right)^{2} \cdot\left(\begin{array}{c}
\text { Stand- } \\
\text { ard } \\
\text { error }
\end{array}\right)_{2(P)}^{2}\left(\begin{array}{c}
\text { Stand- } \\
\text { ard } \\
\text { error }
\end{array}\right) \quad\left(\begin{array}{c}
\text { Stand- } \\
\text { ard } \\
\text { error } \\
Y
\end{array}\right)}
$$

Where $x$ is the estimate for one quarter and $Y$ is the estimate for another quarter. The coefficient, P , is a measure of the correlation between the estimates $X$ and Y resulting from the presence of some of the same respondents in the sample for each estimate. For consecutive year-to-year changes of quarterly estimates, the values of $P$ are .30 for persons (total, white, and black) and .35 for families (total, white, and black). The respective values for estimates of Hispanics are . 45 and .55.

Illustration. Assume that in a given quarter the number of women employed as full-time wage and salary workers was $27,000,000$ and in the same quarter a year later, their number had increased to $29,000,000$. Using linear interpolation in the eighth column of table K , the standard error of an estimate of $27,000,000$ is 216,000 ; for $29,000,000$ it is 221,000 . Using the above formula, the standard error of the $2,000,000$, year-toyear change is:
$\sqrt{(216,000)^{2}+(221,000)^{2} \cdot 2(.30)(216,000)(221,000)}$,
or about 259,000 .

Table D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly level
(In thousands)

| Estimated monthly level | Characteristic' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Agricultural employment | Labor force data other than unemployment and agricultural employment data |  |  |  |  |  | Unemployment |  |
|  |  | Total or white | Black | Total or white, 16 to 19 years | Black, 16 to 19 years | Total or white men only, or women only | Black men only, or women only | Total or white | Black |
| 50. | 14 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 |
| 100 ..................................................... | 19 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| 500 | 43 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 29 | 32 | 31 | 33 | 35 |
| 1,000 .................................................. | 61 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 33 | 45 | 42 | 47 | 49 |
| 2,000 .................................................. | 85 | 68 | 64 | 63 | - | 63 | 55 | 66 | 67 |
| 4,000 .................................................. | 120 | 95 | 84 | 80 | - | 87 | 66 | 93 | 88 |
| 6,000 .................................................. | 146 | 116 | 94 | 86 | - | 105 | 58 | 113 | 99 |
| 8,000 .................................................. | - | 133 | 97 | 83 | - | 120 | 23 | 129 | - |
| 10,000 ............................................... | - | 147 | 94 | 70 | - | 132 | - | 143 | - |
| 15,000 | - | 177 | 50 | - | - | 155 | - 1 | 172 | - |
| $20,000$ | - | 201 | - | - | - | 170 | - i | 195 | - |
| 30,000 ................................................. | - | 236 | - | 1 - | - | 188 | i | - | - |
| 40,000 ................................................ | - | 261 | - | - | - | 189 | $i$ | - | - |
| 50,000 ................................................. | - | 278 | - | - | - | 175 | - i | - | - |
| 60,000 ............................................... | - | 288 | - | - | - | 141 | 1 | - | - |
| 70,000 ................................................ | - | 293 | - | - | - | 61 | - i | - | - |
| 80,000 ............................................... | - | 293 | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |
| 100,000 ............................................... | - | 273 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 120,000 .............................................. | - | 231 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| ' When determining the standard error of an estimate for a group on the estimated number of employed persons age 20 to 54 years, use which is a subset of the age, sex, or race groups listed, use the standard the column for total employed. error for the next larger group, e.g., when determining the standard error |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table E. Standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change
(In thousands)


Table F. Standard errors for unemployment rates

| Monthly base of unemployment rate (In thousands) | Monthly unemployment rate (percent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 50 |
| 50 | 2.09 | 2.94 | 4.57 | 6.28 | 7.46 | 8.34 | 9.01 | 9.05 | 9.87 | 10.21 |
| 100 | 1.48 | 2.08 | 3.23 | 4.44 | 5.28 | 5.90 | 6.37 | 6.73 | 6.98 | 7.22 |
| 500 | . 66 | . 93 | 1.45 | 1.99 | 2.36 | 2.64 | 2.85 | 3.01 | 3.12 | 3.27 |
| 1,000 | . 47 | . 66 | 1.02 | 1.40 | 1.67 | 1.87 | 2.01 | 2.13 | 2.21 | 2.28 |
| 2,000 | . 33 | . 46 | . 72 | . 99 | 1.18 | 1.32 | 1.42 | 1.50 | 1.56 | 1.61 |
| 4,000 | . 23 | . 33 | . 51 | . 70 | . 83 | 93 | 1.01 | 1.06 | 1.10 | 1.14 |
| 6,000 | . 19 | . 27 | . 42 | . 57 | . 68 | . 76 | . 82 | . 87 | . 90 | . 93 |
| 10,000 | . 15 | . 21 | . 32 | 44 | . 53 | . 59 | . 64 | . 67 | . 70 | . 72 |
| 20,000 | . 10 | . 15 | . 23 | . 31 | . 37 | . 42 | . 45 | . 47 | . 49 | . 51 |
| 60,000 | . 06 | . 08 | . 13 | . 18 | . 21 | . 24 | . 26 | . 27 | . 27 | . 29 |
| 100,000 | . 05 | . 07 | . 10 | . 14 | . 17 | . 19 | . 20 | . 21 | . 22 | . 22 |

Table G. Standard errors for month-to-month change in unemployment rates

| Monthly base of unemployment rate (In thousands) | Monthly unemployment rate (percent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 50 |
| 50 | 2.32 | 3.28 | 5.14 | 7.18 | 8.69 | 9.90 | 10.93 | 11.81 | 12.58 | 14.48 |
| 100 | 1.64 | 2.32 | 3.64 | 5.08 | 6.14 | 7.00 | 7.12 | 8.35 | 8.89 | 10.17 |
| 500 | . 73 | 1.04 | 1.63 | 2.27 | 2.74 | 3.13 | 3.45 | 3.73 | 3.97 | 4.53 |
| 1,000 | . 52 | . 73 | 1.15 | 1.60 | 1.94 | 2.21 | 2.44 | 2.63 | 2.80 | 3.19 |
| 2,000 ................................................................i | . 37 | . 52 | . 81 | 1.13 | 1.37 | 1.56 | 1.72 | 1.85 | 1.97 | 2.24 |
| 4,000 . .............................................................. | . 26 | . 37 | . 57 | . 80 | . 96 | 1.10 | 1.20 | 1.30 | 1.38 | 1.56 |
| 6,000 ................................................................i | . 21 | . 30 | . 47 | . 65 | . 78 | . 89 | . 98 | 1.05 | 1.11 | - |
| 10,000 .............................................................. 1 | . 16 | . 23 | . 36 | . 50 | . 60 | . 68 | . 75 | . 80 | - | - |
| 20,000 ............................................................... | . 12 | . 16 | . 25 | . 35 | . 42 | . 47 | . 51 | . 54 | - | - |
| 60,000 .............................................................. | . 07 | . 09 | . 14 | . 19 | 22 | 23 | . 24 | - | - | - |
| 100,000 ............................................................i | . 05 | . 07 | . 11 | . 14 | . 15 | 15 | - | - | - | - |

Table H. Standard errors for estimated percentages and month-to-month change in percentages for labor force data

| Monthly base of percentages (In thousands) | Percentage of monthly level |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 or 99 . 2 or 98 |  | 5 or 95 | 0 or 90 | 5 or 85 | 0 or 80,25 or 75 |  | 30 or 70 | 5 or 65 | 50 |
|  | 2.14 | 3.01 | 4.69 | 6.46 | 7.68 | 8.61 | 9.32 | 9.86 | 10.27 | 10.76 |
| 100 | 1.51 | 2.13 | 3.32 | 4.57 | 5.43 | 6.09 | 6.59 | 6.97 | 7.26 | 7.61 |
| 500 | . 68 | . 95 | 1.48 | 2.04 | 2.43 | 2.72 | 2.95 | 3.12 | 3.25 | 3.40 |
| 1,000 | . 48 | . 67 | 1.05 | 1.44 | 1.72 | 1.92 | 2.08 | 2.21 | 2.30 | 2.41 |
| 2,000 | . 34 | . 48 | . 74 | 1.02 | 1.22 | 1.36 | 1.47 | 1.56 | 1.62 | 1.70 |
| 4,000 | . 24 | . 34 | . 52 | . 72 | . 86 | . 96 | 1.04 | 1.10 | 1.15 | 1.20 |
| 6,000 | . 20 | . 28 | . 43 | . 59 | . 70 | . 79 | . 85 | . 90 | . 94 | . 98 |
| 10,000 | . 15 | . 21 | . 33 | . 46 | . 54 | . 61 | . 66 | . 70 | . 73 | . 76 |
| 20,000 | . 11 | . 15 | . 23 | . 32 | . 38 | . 43 | . 47 | . 49 | . 51 | . 54 |
| 40,000 | . 08 | . 11 | . 17 | . 23 | . 27 | . 30 | . 33 | . 35 | . 36 | . 38 |
| 60,000 .............................................................. | . 06 | . 09 | . 14 | . 19 | . 22 | . 25 | . 27 | . 28 | . 30 | . 31 |
| 80,000 | . 05 | . 08 | . 12 | . 16 | . 19 | . 22 | . 23 | . 25 | . 26 | . 27 |
| 100,000 ............................................................' | . 05 | . 07 | . 10 | . 14 | . 17 | . 19 | . 21 | . 22 | . 23 | . 24 |
| 160,000 ............................................................ | . 04 | . 05 | . 08 | . 11 | . 13 | . 15 | . 16 | . 17 | . 18 | . 19 |

NOTE: The standard errors in this table must be multiplied by the factors in table 1 to obtain the approximate standard error for a specific characteristic.

Table I. Factors to be used with Table $H$ to compute approximate standard errors for percentages and month-to-month change in percentages


Table J. Factors to be used with Tables, D, F, H, and I to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages and change in yearly averages,


Table K. Standard errors for estimates of quarterly level, to be used with CPS earnings data
(In thousands)

| Estimated quarterly level | Characteristic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  | Men |  |  |  | Women |  |
|  | Part-time workers | Total or full-time workers |  | Part-time workers | Total or full-time workers |  |  | Total, full-time, or part-time workers |  |
|  |  | Total or white | Black |  | Total | White | Black | Total or white | Black |
| 10 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| $50$ | 11 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 |
| $75$ | 13 | 15 | 15 | 13 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 13 | 13 |
| 100 ......................................... | 15 | 17 | 17 | 15 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 15 | 15 |
| 150 ....................................... | 19 | 21 | 21 | 19 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 19 | 19 |
| $200$ | 22 | 24 | 24 | 22 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 22 | 21 |
| 250 ......................................... | 24 | 27 | 27 | 24 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 24 | 24 |
| 300 ......................................... | 26 | 30 | 30 | 26 | 30 | 30 | 29 | 26 | 26 |
| 500 ......................................... | 34 | 38 | 38 | 34 | 38 | 38 | 37 | 34 | 33 |
| 750 ... | 42 | 47 | 46 | 42 | 47 | 47 | 45 | 42 | 41 |
| 1,000 ....................................... | 48 | 54 | 53 | 48 | 54 | 54 | 50 | 48 | 46 |
| 1,500 ......................... | 59 | 66 | 63 | 59 | 66 | 66 | 59 | 59 | 56 |
| 2,000 ....................................... | 68 | 76 | 72 | 68 | 76 | 76 | 65 | 68 | 63 |
| 2,500 ....................................... | 76 | 85 | 79 | 75 | 84 | 84 | 69 | 75 | 69 |
| 3,000 ....................................... | 83 | 93 | 85 | 82 | 92 | 92 | 71 | 82 | 74 |
| $5,000$ | 107 | 119 | 100 | 105 | 117 | 116 | 64 | 105 | 85 |
| 7,500 .................................... | 130 | 145 | 107 | 127 | 140 | 138 | - | 127 | - |
| 10,000 .................................. | 149 | 165 | 102 | 144 | 157 | 155 | - | 145 | - |
| 15,000 .................. | 180 | 198 | - | 187 | 183 | 179 | - | 173 | - |
| 20,000 ................................ | 205 | 224 | - | 192 | 199 | 193 | - | 195 | - |
| 25,000 ...................................... | 226 | 244 | - | 207 | 209 | 199 | - | 211 | - |
| 30,000 ..................................... | 224 | 261 | - | 219 | 212 | 198 | - | 224 | - |
| 40,000 | 273 | 286 | - | 236 | 201 | 174 | - | 242 | - |
| 50,000 ..................................... | 296 | 301 | - |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| 75,000 ...................................... | 331 | 304 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 100,000 ................................... | 343 | 255 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

# Establishment Data <br> (Tables B-1 through C-8) 

## COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, and earnings in nonagricultural establishments, by industry and geographic location. Historical statistics are published in Employment, Hours, and Earnings, United States, 1909-84, and Employment Hours and Earnings, States and Areas, 1939-82 and their annual supplements.

## Federal-State cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements, responding establishments report employment, hours, and earnings data to State agencies. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the reported data to prepare State and area series and also send the reported data to the BLS (Washington Office) for use in preparing the national series. This avoids a duplicate reporting burden on establishments, and together with the use of similar estimating techniques at the national and State levels, promotes increased comparability between estimates.

## Shuttle schedules

Form bLs 790-Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours is the name of the data collection schedule. The collection agency returns the schedule to the respondent each month so that the next month's data can be entered on the space alotted for that month. This "shuttle" procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures that have been reported for previous months.

Form bls 790 provides for entry of data on the total number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments and, for most industries, employment, payroll, and hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month.

## CONCEPTS

## Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation and for States and areas are classified in accordance with the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SICM), Office of Management and Budget. The BLS tabulates and estimates statistics which distinguish between private and public establishments, thus maintaining continuity with previously published statistics for the private and government sector.

## Industry employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are exluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency are also excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

## Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing' and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's
own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operation.

Construction workers include the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12 th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. "Fringe benefits" (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours cover the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours covers hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which includes the 12 th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

A verage hourly and weekly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average weekly earnings estimates are derived by multiply average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earning.s are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as proportion of part-iime workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-term trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, parttime work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.
$A$ verage overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.


Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, ovetime premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages. absenteeism, and labor turnover may not hate the sane influence on overtime hours as on average hours.

Railroads hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly carnings.

Real earnings, or carnings in constant dollars, are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPl-W).

Average hourly earnings excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings excluding overtime premium pay are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. Prior to January 1956, these data were based on the application of adjustment factors to average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Review, May 1950, pp. 537-40). Both methods eliminate only the earnings due to overtime paid for at $1^{1}$ times the straight-time rates. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1977. For basic industries, the hour aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hour aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Indexes of diffusion of changes in number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls. These indexes measure the percent of industries which posted increases in employment over the specified time span. The indexes are calculated from 185 seasonally adjusted employment series (two-digit nommanufacturing industries and threedigit manufacturing industries) covering all nonagricultural payroll employment in the private sector. A more detailed discussion of these indexes appears in "Introduction of Diffusion Indexes," in the December 1974 issue of $E$ Emplowment and Earnings.

## ESTIMATING METHODS

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the establishment statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique which is a form of ratio estimation; (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks; and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

## The "link relative" technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a "link relative." The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these "link relatives." In addition, bias correction factors are applied to selected employment estimates each month. The size of the bias correction factors is determined from past benchmark comparisons. Beginning with data for April 1983, these factors are modified by changes in the sample link relatives for the most recent quarter. Other features of the general procedures are described in table 1. .

## Size and regional stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified production or nonsupervisory worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods in table $L$, may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

## Benchmark adjustments

Employment estimates are compared periodically with benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) for the various nonagricultural industries and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The indusiry estimates are currently projected from March 1983 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary sources of benchmark information are employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by States agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations cover about 98 percent of employees on nonagricultural payrolls in the United States. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates for the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necesary, the monthly series of estimates between benchmark periods are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment; the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level. A comparision of the actual amounts of revisions made at the time of the March 1983 benchmark adjustment is shown in table M.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are subject to revision. Revised data are published as soon as possible after each benchmark revision.

## THE SAMPLE

## Design

The sampling plan used in the Current Employment Statistics program is known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This design is an optimum allocation design among strata since the sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost

Table M. Comparison of nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates for March 1983

| Industry | Benchmark | Estimate | Percent difference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\dagger 88,208,000$ | 88,172,000 | (') |
| Mining | 945,000 | 996,000 | -5.4 |
| Construction | 3,469,000 | 3,453,000 | 5 |
| Manufacturing . | 17,956,000 | 18.166.000 | -1.2 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 4,923,000 | 4,913,000 | 2 |
| Wholesale trade | 5,156,000 | 5,145,000 | 2 |
| Retail trade | 14,971,000 | 14,810,000 | 1.1 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 5,361,000 | 5,359,000 | (') |
| Services | 19,262,000 | 19,279,000 | -. 1 |
| Government | 16,165,000 | 16,051,000 | . 7 |

Less than 0.05 percent.
considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in relatively few establishments, a large percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments and also for a substantial number of the small ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to design samples for these industries with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than do establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS Current Employment Statistics program, with its emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after the reference period, and, at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail.

## Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table N shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

## Reliability of the employment estimates

Although the relatively large size of the BLS establishment sample assures a high degree of accuracy, the estimates derived from it may differ from the figures that would be obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures. As discussed under the previous section, a "link relative" technique is used to estimate employment. This requires the use of the previous month's estimate as

Table N. Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1983'

| Industry | Number of establishments in sample | Emplo <br> Number reported | oyees <br> Percent of total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 195,100 | 35,141.000 | 40 |
| Mining | 2.600 | 324,000: | 34 |
| Construction | 19.100 | 667.000 | 19 |
| Manufacturing. | 49.200 | 9,951,000 | 55 |
| Transportation and public utilities: |  | ; |  |
| Railroad transportation (ICC). | 30 | 341.000 | 93 |
| Other transportation and public utilities: | 8.700 | $2.353 .000$ | 52 |
| Wholesale trade | 16.800 | 820.000 ${ }^{1}$ | 16 |
| Retail trade | 30,800 | 2,660,000 | 18 |
| Finance. insurance. and real estate | 13.400 | 2.040,000 | 38 |
| Services | 33.100 | 4,291,000 | 22 |
| Government: |  |  |  |
| Federal ${ }^{2}$ | 4.800 | 2,731.000: | 100 |
| State | 3.700 | 3,051,000 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 81 |
| Local | 12,900 | 5,912,000 ${ }^{1}$ | 61 |

Since a few establishments do not report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

2 National estimates of Federal employment by agency are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 4,800 reports covering about 64 percent of employment in Federal establishments.
the base in computing the current month's estimate. Thus, small sampling and response errors may cumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the estimates are usually adjusted annually to new benchmarks. In addition to taking account of sampling and response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks). In fact, at the more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjustments. Another cause of differences arises from improvements in the quality of the benchmark data. Table $O$ presents the average percent revisions of the five most recent benchmarks for major industry divisions. Detailed descriptions of individual benchmark revisions are available from the Bureau upon request.

The hours and earnings estimates for basic estimating cells are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. The hours and earnings estimates, however, are subject to sampling errors which may be expressed as relative errors of the estimates. (A relative error is a standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate.) Relative errors for major industries are presented in table O and for individual industries with the specified number of employees in table $P$. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the hours and earnings estimates from the sample would differ by a
smaller percentage than the relative error from the averages that would have been obtained from a complete census.

One measure of the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-meansquare error (RMSF). The measure is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in estimates:

```
RMSE = \sqrt{}{(Standard Deviation)}\mp@subsup{}{}{2}+(\mathrm{ (Bias)'}
```

If the bias is small, the chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the samle would differ from its benchmark by less than the root-mean-square error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the root-mean-square error.

Approximations of the root-mean-square errors (based on the most recent benchmark revisions) of differences between final estimates and benchmarks are presented in table $P$.

For the two most recent months, estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary and are so footnoted in the tables. These figures are based on less than the total sample and are revised when all the reports in the sample have been received. Table $Q$ presents root-mean-square crrors of the amounts of revisions that may be expected between the preliminary and final levels of employment and preliminary and final month-to-month changes. Revisions of preliminary hours and carnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly carnings.

## STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, and earnings data
Table $O$. Average benchmark revision in employment estimates and relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings by industry
(In percent)

| Industry | Average bench- | Relative errors ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | sion in estimates of employment | Average weekly hours | Average hourly earnings |
| Total | 0.2 | - |  |
| Total private ................................................................. | . 2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Mining ............................................ | 2.1 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| Construction .................................. | 1.7 | . 2 | . 5 |
| Manufacturing ................................ | 5 | . 1 | . 2 |
| Durable goods .............................. | . 5 | . 1 | . 3 |
| Nondurable goods ....................... | . 4 | . 1 | . 2 |
| Transportation and public utilities ...., | . 4 | . 7 | . 6 |
| Wholesale trade .............................. | . 3 | . 2 | . 4 |
| Retail trade .................................... | 1.2 | . 2 | 4 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | . 2 | . 2 | . 4 |
| Services ....................................... | . 4 | . 4 | . 6 |
| Government ${ }^{3}$..................................... | . 7 | - | - |

[^33]Table P. Root-mean-square errors of differences between benchmarks and estimates of employment and average relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings

| Size of employment estimate | Root-meansquare error of employment estimates' | Relative errors (in percent) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Average weekly hours | Average hourly earnıngs |
| 50,000 | 2,100 | 2.2 | 4.0 |
| 100,000 | 3.900 | 1.3 | 2.3 |
| 200,000 .................................... | 5,600 | 1.1 | 2.0 |
| 500,000 | 14.000 | 9 | 1.6 |
| 1,000,000 | 15,000 | 8 | 1.2 |
| 2,000,000 ........... .......................... | 26,000 | 5 | 9 |

[^34]are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with bls. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of Emplowment and Earnings that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issuc. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by bis for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of

Table Q. Errors of preliminary employment estimates


NOTE: Data at the division level are based on differences from January 1978 through December 1983. Two-digit industry data are based on differences from January 1982 through December 1983
differing industrial and geographic stratification.
For the States and the areas shown in the B and C sections of this periodical, all the annual average data for the detailed industry statistics currently published by each cooperating State agency are presented in a summary volume published annually by the BIS.

## Productivity Data (Tables C. 9 through C-11)

## COLLECTION

Productivity data are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from establishment data and from estimates of compensation and gross national product supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Federal Reserve Board.

## CONCEPTS

Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments refer to hour.; paid for all employees-- production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers.

Output is the constant-dollar market value of final goods and services produced in a given period. Indcxes of output per hour of all persons measure changes in the volume of goods and services produced per paid hour of labor input.

Compensation per hour includes wages and salaries of employees plus emplovers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. The data also in-
clude an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplementary payments for the self-employed, except for nonfinancial corporations, in which there are no self-employed.

Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour adjusted to elimate the effect of changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Unir labor costs measure the labor compensation cost required to produce one unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation per hour by output per hour.

Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from the current-dollar gross national product and dividing by output. In these tables, unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustments per unit of output.

The implicit price deflator is derived by dividing the current-dollar estimate of gross product by the
constant-dollar estimate, making the deflator, in effect, a price index for gross product of the sector reported.

## NOTES ON THE DATA

For the business sector and the nonfarm business sector, these indexes relate to the gross domestic product less household and institutions, owner-occupied housing, and statistical discrepancy. For the nonfinancial corporate sector, the indexes refer to the gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.

Manufacturing output data are supplied by the

Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Federal Reserve Board. Quarterly measures have been adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to annual estimates of output (gross product originating) from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Compensation and hours data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Historical statistics for most productivity measures appear in Trends in Mullifactor Productivity, 1948-81, BLS Bulletin 2178. Additional information may be obtained from the Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523-9261).

# State and Area Labor Force Data (D table) 

## FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a FederalState cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which are derived from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis of determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training and Partnership Act and the Public Works and Economic Development Act.

Annual average data for the States and areas shown in table D are published in Employment and Earnings (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment.

Labor force and unemployment estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The report "Employment and Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available on microfiche only on a subscription basis.

## ESTIMATING METHODS

The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates in 10 large States: New York, California, Illinois, Ohio, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Texas, Massachusetts, and Florida; and two areas: Los Angeles-Long Beach metropolitan area and New York City, are sufficiently reliable to be used directly from the CPS. For a description of the CPS concepts see "Household Data," above.

Monthly labor force and unemployment estimates in the remaining 40 States, District of Columbia, and 253 labor market areas are prepared in several stages. The civilian labor force is the sum of the employment and unemployment levels, which are estimated in accordance with the BLS Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

1. Preliminary estimate-employment: The total civilian employment estimate is based on data from the survey of establishments which produces an estimate of payroll employment. This place-of-work estimate must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed for the several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships which existed at the time of the 1970 decennial census. These factors are applied to the payroll employment estimates for the current period to obtained adjusted employment estimates, to which are added estimates for employment not cover by UI.
2. Preliminary estimate-unemployment: In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three building block categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State unemployment insurance (UI) laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation. This is referred to below as the UI- based estimate.

An estimate for those previously employed in covered industries is derived from a count of current employment insurance claimants, plus estimates of claimants whose benefits have been exhausted, those persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons (because they quit, were discharged for cause,
etc., but would otherwise have been eligible), and person who either filed claims late or not at all.

The estimate of those previously employed in industries not covered by UI is derived by applying to the employment estimate for each noncovered industry or class of worker subgroup in the State, the ratio of covered unemployment to covered employment weighted by factors reflecting national historical relationships.

For the third category, new entrants and reentrants into the labor force, a composite estimate is developed from equations that relate the total entrants into the labor force to the experienced unemployed and the experienced labor force. For each month, the estimate of entrants into the labor force is a function of: (a) the month of the year; (b) the level of the experienced unemployed; (c) the level of the experienced labor force; and (d) the proportion of the working age population that is considered "youth." The composite estimate of total entrants is defined as:
$U=A(X+E)+B X$, where
$\mathrm{U}=$ total entrant unemployment
$E=$ total civilian employment
$X=$ total experienced unemployment
$\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}=\quad$ synthetic factors incorporating
seasonal variation and an assumed
relationship between the proportion of
youths in the working population and the
historical relationship of entrants to the
experienced unemployed ( $B$ factor) or the
experienced labor force (A factor).
3. Correction factors for employment and unemployment are then applied at the State level of the Ul-based estimates obtained above for each of the 40 States and the District of Columbia. These correction factors are based on the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based estimates for the 6 -month period ending in the current month (e.g. a 6-month moving average).
4. Substate adjustment for additivity. Independent estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State (obtained directly from the CPS in the 10 large States or by the Ul-based method in the remaining States), and labor market areas (LMA's) within the State). The total of the geographic areas in the I.MA's exhausts the geographic boundaries of the State. A proportional adjustment is applied to all sub-state LMA estimates to ensure that the sub-state estimates of employment and unemployment add to the independent State totals. In California and New York, which also have sub-state areas taken directly from the CPS, the additivity adjustment for the reamining areas is applied to the State total minus the direct CPS area.
5. Benchmork correction procedures. Once each year monthly estimates prepared by the State employment security agencies using UI-based estimating procedures are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BI.S to the annual average CPS estimates for the 40 States and the District of Columbia for which monthly CPS estimates are not available. This adjustment is necessary because the State-prepared estimates are not as reliable as the CPS annual averages due to differences in the State UI laws, the structual limitations of the Ul-based estimating method, and errors in the UI data.

The benchmarked estimates are produced in three stages. First, the monthly UI-based estimates are adjusted by the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based annual averages. Second, the difference between the ratio of annual averages for two consecutive years is wedged into the monthly estimates in order to minimize the disturbance to the original series. Finally, the third stage estimates are forced into agreement with CPS annual averages. In the 10 States which use CPS estimates monthly, no benchmark correction is required, as the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal CPS annual averages.

## Seasonal Adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating
changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published regularly in Employment and Earnings.

The seasonal adjustment program used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving
average method. It provides for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in The $X-I I$ Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program, Technical Paper No. 15, Bureau of the Census (1967).

Beginning in January 1980, BLS introduced two major modifications in the seasonal adjustment methodology for data from the household survey. First, the data are being seasonally adjusted with a new procedure called X-11 ARIMA, which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the existing standard X-1I method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjusiment Method, by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue NO. 12-564E, February 1980. The X-11 procedure was originally developed at the Bureau of the Census and had been used by the BLS to seasonally adjusted labor force series since 1973. Tests have shown that use of the X-11 ARIMA procedure, which places more emphasis on recent data, provides better seasonal adjustments than does the X-11 method alone.

The second change is that seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the first 6 months of the year rather than for the entire year. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in Employment and Earnings a set of seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970 .

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components-agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment-data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is the sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components, plus the resident Armed Forces total (not adjusted for seasonality), and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components; the total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components; and the overall unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

Revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December

1983, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment rate for the first 6 months of 1984, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment methodology are published in the January 1984 issue of Employment and Earnings. Revised seasonally adjusted data covering the 1979-83 revision period for a broad range of labor force series appear in the February 1984 issue of this publication. Many additional series, which are either components or aggregates of the series presented, are published in Supplement to Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survel: A Databook, Volume II, Bulletin 2096-1, May 1984.

Beginning in July 1980, the BLS also uses the X-11 ARIMA methodology in seasonally adjusting the establishment data, which previously had been computed using the BLS Seasonal Factor Method. All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-II ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors used in calculating the current year's estimates are based on actual data through March 1984 and projected data through March 1985. The ARIMA model options for projecting the data series for 1 year ahead have been used in seasonally adjusting the establishment series since June 1981.
Seasonal adjustment factors are directly applied to the component levels. Seasonally adjusted totals for most of these series are then obtained by taking a weighted average of the seasonally adjusted data for the component series. Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours.

Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100 . Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1977 base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, wholesale trade, retail trade, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods industries, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1977 base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series
Beginning in June 1983, seasonal adjustment factors
for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjusted data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. In earlier years the number of these workers was substantial, and at times varied greatly from year to year, based on administrative decisions of the Postal Service. Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the unadjusted data upon which the seasonal adjustment factors were based. In the past several years, the number of these workers has decreased to the point where their
presence has no impact on seasonal adjustment. Temporary census takers for the 1980 decennial census are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment.

The revised seasonally adjusted series for the establishment data reflect experience through March 1984. Seasonal adjustment factors to be used for current adjustment appear in the June 1984 issue of Employment and Earnings.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Issue varies. Latest revised data introduced June 1984.
    ${ }^{2}$ Month of publication varies. The latest supplement was published in July 1983.

[^1]:    Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

    The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

[^2]:    ' Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see Explanatory Notes.
    "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the
    ${ }_{2}$ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation

[^3]:    ' Data on the number of jobseekers and the jobsearch methods used exclude persons on layoff.
    NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because
    it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

[^4]:    Excludes private household workers.
    ${ }^{2}$ Pay status not available separately for bad weather and industrial dispute; these categories are included in all other reasons.

[^5]:    ${ }^{3}$ Includes bad weather and industrial dispute, not shown separately. NOTE: Estimates for "all other reasons" by pay status may be biased because of high response variance; data should be used with caution.

[^6]:    Data not shown where base is less than 75,000

[^7]:    ' Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States
    ? Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

    - Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population
    ${ }^{4}$ Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

[^8]:    Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey
    period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

[^9]:    ; Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.
    ${ }^{2}$ Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time

[^10]:    1 The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
    , Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

[^11]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^12]:    Includes small number of men not looking for work because of

[^13]:    ' Includes small number of men not looking for work because of
    "home responsibilities."
    NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not

[^14]:    " Employed persons "with a job but not at work" are distributed proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.
    NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not
    sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

[^15]:    ${ }^{2}$ Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.

[^16]:    Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in married-couple families where the husband or wite is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown.
    ? Data not shown where base is less than 60,000 .
    NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are

[^17]:    ${ }^{1}$ Data exclude families in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

    NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used to deflate quarterly earnings data published in tables A-71 through A-75. Because the Index for the most recent quarter is not available at the time Employment and Earnings is published, it is necessary to lag the publication of these tables by 1 quarter. Data on families for 1984 reflect revised editing and weighting procedures and

[^18]:    Not available.

    - Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an
    increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959
    NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983
    enchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted 1980) are subject to revision

[^19]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^20]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^21]:    Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance,

[^22]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^23]:    ' Combined with services.
    Not available.
    Combined with construction
    ${ }^{4}$ Less than 50 employees.

[^24]:    $\rho$ = preliminary
    NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and Area data have been adjusted to March 1983

[^25]:    Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.
    ${ }^{2}$ Not available.

[^26]:    ${ }^{p}=$ preliminary

[^27]:    ' Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.
    ${ }^{2}$ Beginning in January 1978, data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more.
    ${ }^{3}$ Money payments only; tips, not included.
    ${ }^{4}$ Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from all series in this

[^28]:    Derved by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.
    ${ }^{2}$ Not available.
    p = preliminary.

[^29]:    ' Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.
    ${ }^{2}$ Excludes the effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to underlying wage rate movements: Fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts.
    ${ }^{3}$ These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

[^30]:    See footnotes at end of table

[^31]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^32]:    Measures for the first quarter of 1984 are preliminary.

[^33]:    'The average percent revision in employment for the 1979.83 benchmarks.
    ${ }^{2}$ Relative errors relate to 1982 data.
    ${ }^{3}$ Estimates for government are based on a total count for Federal Government provided by the Office of Personnel Management and a sample of State and local government reports.

[^34]:    Assuming 12-month intervals between benchmark revisions
    2 Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

