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### **Calendar of Features**

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in *Employment and Earnings*, special features appear in most of the issues as shown below.

#### Household data

Annual averages Union affiliation	Jan. Jan.
Revised seasonally adjusted series	Jan., Feb.
Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data, persons not in labor force, persons of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans, family relationship data, weekly earnings data, and metro- politan-nonmetropolitan and poverty-nonpoverty area data Ja Establishment data	an., Apr., July, Oct.
National annual averages:	
Industry divisions (preliminary)	Jan.
Industry detail (final)	Mar.
Women employees (final)	Mar.
National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and a seasonal adjustment factors	new June
Revised historical national data	Supplement <sup>1</sup>
State and area annual averages	Мау
Area definitions	May
State and area labor force data	
Annual averages	May

<sup>1</sup> The latest supplement was published in July 1987.

# **Employment and Earnings**

Vol. 35 No. 6 June 1988

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Rosalie K. Epstein

#### **Editors' Note**

With this issue, national estimates of employment, hours, and earnings from the monthly survey of establishments have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) and updated seasonal adjustment factors based on the experience through March 1988. As a result, unadjusted series beginning April 1986 and seasonally adjusted series beginning January 1983 are not comparable to those previously published.

The article beginning on page 6 discusses the effects of the revisions, the seasonal adjustment methodology, and new seasonal adjustment factors to be used in the ensuing 12-month period. Revised current data appear in tables B-1 through B-7 and C-1 through C-7. Revised historical data will be published in a forthcoming supplement to *Employment and Earnings*.

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## **Employment and Unemployment Developments, May 1988**

Nonagricultural payroll employment continued to increase in May. Both the overall and the civilian worker jobless rates, which had dipped slightly in April, returned to their March levels of 5.5 and 5.6 percent, respectively.

Payroll employment, as measured by the monthly survey of business establishments, rose by 210,000 in May. In contrast, total civilian employment, as estimated through the monthly survey of households, showed a drop of 520,000 following a 600,000 increase in April. Recent over-the-month movements in the household employment series have been somewhat erratic.

#### Unemployment

Both the number of unemployed persons and the unemployment rate, which had been drifting downward since last fall, edged up in May, returning to their March levels. About 6.8 million persons were unemployed in May, and the civilian worker unemployment rate was 5.6 percent, seasonally adjusted. Since May 1987, the unemployment level has decreased by about 800,000, and the jobless rate has declined by 0.7 percentage point. (See table A-33.)

Most of the over-the-month change in joblessness occurred among adult men, whose unemployment rate rose 0.3 percentage point to 4.9 percent, following a drop of the same magnitude in April. The rates for adult women (4.9 percent), teenagers (15.6 percent), whites (4.7 percent), blacks (12.4 percent), and Hispanics (9.0 percent) all were little changed over the month. (See tables A-33 and A-34.)

At 5.9 weeks, the median duration of unemployment was about unchanged in May, remaining at one of its lowest levels during the 1980's. (See table A-40.)

#### Civilian employment and the labor force

The estimate of total civilian employment—114.2 million showed a drop of about 520,000 on a seasonally adjusted basis in May, nearly offsetting April's large increase. Consequently, the employment-population ratio fell to 61.9 percent. (See table A-33.)

The civilian labor force also declined in May, to 121.0 million, about the same level as in March. As a result, the labor force participation rate decreased, to 65.6 percent. (See table A-33.)

#### Industry payroll employment

Employment growth in nonagricultural establishments moderated in May, as payroll jobs increased by 210,000 to 105.5 million, seasonally adjusted. Employment gains were essentially confined to the service-producing sector. (See table B-4.) The payroll employment estimates have been adjusted to reflect annual benchmark revisions and the incorporation of new seasonal adjustment factors.

Following 3 months of growth, payroll employment in the goods-producing sector showed little movement in May. Construction employment, which had posted strong gains over the prior 3 months, was unchanged. There was also no change in mining and manufacturing jobs. Within manufacturing, however, there were small gains in several industries—fabricated metals, machinery, and rubber and plastics products—where employment has been boosted by rising exports. These increases were largely offset by small declines in several other industries.

In the service-producing sector, the services industry led over-the-month increases with an employment gain of 80,000, slightly less than average. Within services, business services has had slower than usual growth in recent months, while health services has been particularly strong. Wholesale trade added 25,000 jobs, mostly in its durable goods component. Over the year, wholesale trade employment has risen by 275,000, three-fourths of which was in durablegoods distribution. Employment in the finance, insurance, and real estate industry was down slightly in May. The finance component, which had been one of the best performers throughout much of the expansion, has lost about 10,000 jobs since January.

#### Weekly hours

The average workweek for production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls declined by 0.2 hour in May to 34.7 hours, seasonally adjusted, while the factory workweek edged down 0.1 hour to 41.1 hours. These declines followed sharp increases in the previous month. Manufacturing overtime was unchanged at 4.0 hours, after seasonal adjustment. (See table C-5.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls, at 124.5 (1977 = 100), fell 0.4 percent, seasonally adjusted. The index for manufacturing also declined, 0.3 percent, to 95.8. Both series were up slightly from March. (See table C-6.)

#### Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly earnings of private production or nonsupervisory workers rose 0.7 percent in May, seasonally adjusted, while average weekly earnings were unchanged. Prior to seasonal adjustment, average hourly earnings rose by 4 cents to \$9.26, and average weekly earnings increased 47 cents to \$320.40. (See tables C-1 and C-7.)

#### The Hourly Earnings Index

The Hourly Earnings Index (HEI) was 178.8 (1977 = 100)in May, seasonally adjusted, an increase of 0.5 percent from April. For the 12 months ended in May, the increase was 3.4 percent. In dollars of constant purchasing power, the HEI decreased 0.7 percent during the 12-month period ending in April. The HEI excludes the effects of two types of changes unrelated to underlying wage rate movements—fluctuations in manufacturing overtime and interindustry employment shifts. (See table C-7.)

Scheduled Release Dates								
Employment and u following dates:	nemployment data	are scheduled for init	ial release on the					
Reference month	Release date	Reference month	Release date					
June	July 8	September	October 7					
July	August 5	October	November 4					
August	September 2	November	December 2					

## **BLS Establishment Estimates Revised to** March 1987 Benchmarks

#### \*Fred R. Cronkhite

With the release of data for May 1988, the Bureau of Labor Statistics introduced its annual revision of national estimates of employment, hours, and earnings from the monthly sample survey of nonagricultural establishments. Each year, the sample estimates are adjusted to new benchmarkscomprehensive figures of employment based primarily on unemployment insurance reports filed by employers with the State employment security agencies. The current revisions are based on March 1987 benchmarks and affect unadjusted series from April 1986 forward. As is the usual practice with the introduction of new benchmarks, the Bureau has also revised the seasonally adjusted series for the previous 5-year period and has introduced new seasonal adjustment factors to be used for the coming year.

#### Effect of the current benchmark adjustment

The March 1987 benchmark level for total nonagricultural employment-100.4 million-was 35,000, or 0.04 percent below the corresponding sample-based estimate, resulting in one of the smallest benchmark revisions since 1979. The pattern of revisions was mixed across industry divisions, with downward revisions in the goods-producing industries (-0.7 percent) offsetting upward revisions in the service-producing industries (0.2 percent). Table 1 provides the revisions for March 1987 by industry.

The sample-based employment estimates in the goodsproducing sector have exceeded the respective benchmark levels in all but one year during the 1980's, primarily reflecting the persistent pattern of overestimation among the manufacturing industries. By contrast, the employment estimates in the service-producing sector exceeded the respective benchmark levels only one-half of the time, indicating a more balanced error profile. Nevertheless, within the service-producing sector, employment in the services industry division was underestimated in all but one year. Table 2 provides a comparison of the 1987 revisions on a percentage basis with those of recent years.

New estimates were computed for each month since March 1987, based on the new benchmark levels. On a seasonally adjusted basis, the monthly revision grew from -69,000 in March 1987 to 364,000 by February 1988, reflecting, in addition to the benchmark adjustment, a resizing of the sample, a recomputation of bias adjustment factors, and recomputation of seasonal factors. The nature of these adjustments in postbenchmark estimation is described in the section on benchmark adjustment procedure. Table 3 shows the extent of the revisions by month for 1987 and 1988, in both level and change, through a comparison of seasonally adjusted data as previously published and as revised.

Monthly estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are published in considerable industry detail. Based upon the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system, estimates are prepared either at the industry level (4-digit SIC) or at the industry group level (3-digit SIC) for most industries. Within the 247 3-digit industry groups for which employment estimates are published, less than one-fifth were revised as a result of the benchmark revision by 4 percent or more, and only one-third by 3 to 4 percent. Of the 68 published major private industry groups (2-digit SIC), less than one-fourth were revised by 2 to 3 percent, and one-half by 1 to 2 percent. As has generally been the case in the past, the smallest industries in terms of employment tended to have the largest percentage revisions (table 4).

Manufacturing industries were revised downward by an average of 0.5 percent, about half of the revision for 1986 and about the same as for 1985. Fifteen of the 20 major groups in manufacturing were revised downward, a slight decrease from last year. The largest upward revision occurred in transportation equipment (32,000, or 1.6 percent). Retail trade was revised upward 0.9 percent (165,000); most of the revision occurred in eating and drinking places (120,000).

#### Effect of revisions on other series

There are no benchmark employment levels for the series on women workers or production or nonsupervisory workers. These series are revised by applying the ratios of these groups of workers to total nonagricultural employment in the sample-using the resized sample and including reports

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<sup>\*</sup>Fred R. Cronkhite is a supervisory statistician in the Division of Monthly Industry Employment Statistics, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

#### Table 1. Differences between nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates by industry, March 1987

(In thousands)

			Difference	
Industry	Benchmark	Estimate	Amount	Percent
Total .	100,427	100,462	35	(1)
Total private.	83,173	83,152	21	(1)
Goods-producing .	24,037	24,214	-177	-0.7
Mining <sup>2</sup>	696	718	-22	-3.2
Oil and gas extraction .	386	409	-23	-6.0
Construction <sup>2</sup>	., <b>4,53</b> 1 ., <b>1,23</b> 1	4,599 1,196	68 35	-1.5 2.8
Manufacturing .	18,810	18,897	-87	5
Durable goods	11,102	11,145	-43	4
Lumber and wood products .		714	-1	.1
Furniture and fixtures		503	4	.8
Stone, clay, and glass products		570	-2	4
Primary metal industries	739	742	-3	~.4
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		267	-5	-1.9
Fabricated metal products.	1,390	1,415	-25	-1.8
Machinery, except electrical	2,003	2,025	-22	-1.1
Electrical and electronic equipment	2,071	2,093	-22	-1.1
Transportation equipment	2,058	2,026	32	1.6
Motor vehicles and equipment.	881	857	24	2.7
Instruments and related products . Miscellaneous manufacturing		694 364	-1 -2	1 6
Nondurable goods	7,708	7,752	-44	6
Food and kindred products.	. 1,560	1,576	-16	-1.0
Tobacco manufactures	53	56	-3	-5.7
Textile mill products	716	722	-6	.8
Apparel and other textile products	1,090	1,105	-15	-1.4
Paper and allied products.	. 673	675	-2	3
Printing and publishing	1,491	1,487	4	.3
Chemicals and allied products	1,013	1,016	-3	3
Petroleum and coal products	162	162	0	.0
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	810	808	2	.2
Leather and leather products	140	146	-6	-4.3
ervice-producing .	76,390	76,248	142	.2
Transportation and public utilities.	5,274	5,275	-1	(1)
Transportation	3,081 2,193	3,065 2,210	16 -17	.5 –.8
Wholesale trade	5,763	5,725	38	.7
Durable goods	3,382	3,380	2	.1
Nondurable goods.	2,381	2,345	36	1.5
Retail trade <sup>2</sup>	. 17,902	17,737	165	.9
General merchandise stores .	2,288	2,279	9	.4
Food stores	2,904	2,906	-2	1
Automotive dealers and service stations . Eating and drinking places .		1,959 5,789	3 120	.2 2.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,443	6,478	-35	5
Finance,	3,241	3,246	-5	2
Insurance	2,002	2,020	-18	9
Real estate .	1,189	1,199	-10	8
Services <sup>2</sup>	23,754	23,723	31	.1
Business services . Health services	5,021 6,714	4,964 6,762	57 -48	1:1 7
Government	17,254	17,310	-56	3
Federal .	2,916	2,916	0	.0
State .	4,050	4,036	14	.3
	10,288	10,358	-70	7

<sup>1</sup> Less than 0.05 percent. <sup>2</sup> Includes other industries not shown separately.

Table 2. Percent differences between nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates by industry division, March 1980-87

Industry division	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
Total .	 -0.1	-0.4	-0.1	(1)	0.4	(1)	-0.5	(1)
Mining	 6	2.1	2.2	-5.4	-1.6	-3.1	-1.2	-3.2
Construction .	 -1.5	-2.9	.2	.5	3.1	1.4	6	-1.5
Manufacturing	 3	4	(1)	-1.2	9	5	-1.1	5
Transportation and public utilities.	 3	.1	.4	.2	.2	-1.0	3	(1)
Trade	 8	-1.0	-1.2	.9	1.3	3	9	9.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate.	 .1	5	2	(1)	.4	.5	1	5
Services	 .9	.3	.3	1	.4	.1	.3	.1
Government	 .5	2	4	.7	.1	.8	4	3

<sup>1</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

received after the initial estimates were made—to the revised all-employee figures. Revisions at the basic cell level are then added to become the summary level revisions.

Average weekly hours and average hourly earnings are estimated directly from reported figures at the estimating cell level and are not benchmarked. However, the broader industry groups of the hours and earnings series require a weighting mechanism to yield meaningful averages. The production or nonsupervisory worker employment estimates for the basic cells are used as weights for the hours and earnings estimates for broader industry groupings. Adjustments of the all-employee estimates to new benchmarks may alter the weights, which in turn, may change the estimates for hours and earnings of production and nonsupervisory workers at higher levels of aggregation.

Generally, new employment benchmarks have little impact on hours and earnings estimates for major groupings (table 5). To influence the hours and earnings estimates of a broader group, employment revisions have to be relatively large and must affect industries which have substantially different hours or earnings averages than the other industries in their group. Occasionally, corrections of errors in the reported payroll data for individual establishments may also change the averages of selected industries. More substantial revisions may occur from the use of reports received from sample members after the initial estimates were published.

#### Benchmark adjustment procedure

The benchmark adjustment procedure serves both as an annual measure of the quality of the sample estimates and as a base for producing more accurate measures of current employment from the sample. The benchmark levels are derived primarily from summations of the employment figures on the mandatory unemployment insurance (UI) contribution reports filed with the State employment security agencies by all employers covered by the UI laws. The figures compiled from these reports are adjusted where necessary to reflect discrepancies in industry coding between the establishments in the survey and the corresponding establishments in the population. The final benchmark levels are determined by adding to the adjusted UI-based figures estimates of employment in those industries that are not fully covered by UI laws. For the private sector, these are primarily in transportation and services.

Normally, new benchmarks are determined for March of each year for the most detailed industrial classification levels at which estimates are made. The time required to complete the benchmark process—from collection of the data to publication of the results—is usually about 15 months. Revised employment estimates for the "interbenchmark" period the period between the prior benchmark and the current benchmark—are usually derived by adding to each of the monthly estimates a fraction of the difference between the actual March benchmark level and the previously published estimate for that month. In the present instance, working backwards in time, approximately 11/12 of the March 1987

# Table 3. Differences in seasonally adjusted levels andover-the-month changes, total nonagricultural employment,January 1987-February 1988

(In thousands)

Month			Levels	Over-the-month changes		
		As revised	As previously published	Difference	As revised	As previously published
1987:						
January .		100,795	100,919	-124	224	352
February		101,016	101,150	-134	221	231
March		101,260	101,329	-69	244	179
April .		101,615	101,598	17	355	269
May .		101,829	101,708	121	214	110
June		102,078	101,818	260	249	110
July		102,430	102,126	304	352	308
August		102,672	102,275	397	242	149
September.		102,906	102,434	472	234	159
October .		103,371	102,983	388	465	549
November .		103,678	103,285	393	307	302
December .		104,001	103,612	389	323	327
1988:						
January		104,262	103,827	435	261	215
February		104,729	104,365	364	467	538

difference was added to the February 1987 estimates, 10/12 to the January 1987 estimate, and so forth, so that the March difference was "wedged" over the 12-month interbenchmark period.

Occasionally, in some industries, the monthly sample-based estimates deviate significantly from the expected seasonal patterns of the underlying population. Since application of the normal linear wedge technique will not correct for this error, the monthly sample-based estimates in the interbenchmark period for these industries are replaced with monthly figures derived from the population of establishments.

Revised estimates for the postbenchmark period were derived using the following procedure. First, the sample reporters were reassigned, where necessary, into size groups based on their March 1987 employment levels. Next, new monthly links, the sample-based employment change ratios, were computed using the resized sample, including late reporters for that period. Then, the bias adjustment factors were recomputed to incorporate the March 1987 benchmark error patterns. Finally, the revised bias factors were applied to the new links and used to extrapolate new benchmark levels from April 1987 to March 1988.

#### Why estimates differ from benchmarks

Differences between benchmarks and estimates result from both sampling and nonsampling error. Sampling error occurs any time a sample is used to make inferences about a population. As with any sample-based estimates, a certain amount of error is to be expected in the estimation of employment, hours, and earnings from the establishment survey. A complete monthly count of all establishments would provide the most accurate levels of employment by detailed industry. However, given the more than 5 million employers in the population, such monthly figures would be prohibitively expensive and too time consuming to compile. The current sample of approximately 300,000 establishments provides estimates at a moderate cost within a month following the reference period. Additionally, sources of nonsampling error can be more easily controlled in a sample.

Both the benchmark levels and the sample-based estimates are subject to several sources of nonsampling error. Major

 Table 4. Distribution of published 3-digit SIC industries by

 size of industry and percent difference between employment

 benchmarks and estimates, March 1987

	Total		Size of (number of	industry employees)	-, <del>_</del>
Percent difference	number of industries	Under 50,000	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 199,999	200,000 and over
Total	 247	36	52	66	93
0-0.9 1.0-2.9 3.0-4.9 5.0 and over	   77 99 42 29	7 12 7 10	12 22 10 8	21 28 10 7	37 37 15 4

sources of these nonsampling errors are: (1) an inability to measure employment in new firms from the time of their inception, due to the time lag between the creation of new firms and their inclusion in the sample; (2) procedures for handling changes in industrial classification; (3) the quality of the various source data used to derive the benchmark; (4) an inability to completely cover all firms in the target population; and (5) other errors in coverage, response, processing, and collection.

*Bias adjustment factors.* In order to compensate for the inability of the survey to capture the entry of new firms, and for other biases, the Bureau calculates monthly bias adjustment factors. To do so, first, 3-year to 5-year averages of the relative differences between the benchmark levels and sample-based estimates for March are computed for most 3-digit industries. Second, the average bias factors are updated during the year to reflect current rates of employment change for the same industries. Finally, the updated factors are applied to the sample-based estimates to produce the monthly published estimates.

A single-equation, cross-section statistical model is specified for estimating industry-specific parameters that are used to update the average bias factors. The model relates average relative bias to average employment change, over a 3to 5-year period, and to the percent of total employment in the sample for the same group of 3-digit industries. The estimated parameters are then used to derive the updated factors for each designated 3-digit industry. The updated factors are applied to all estimating cells—usually size groups within that industry. New industry-specific parameters are estimated each year when the new benchmark levels become available.

Changes in industrial classification. Establishments are classified by industry according to major product or activity. Differences in the classification of establishments between the population and the sample can be an important source of nonsampling error. As part of a continuing quality maintenance program, approximately one-third of all employers are requested to refile industry classification information each year. This information can result in changes in industry classification. In addition, industry codes of establishments in the sample are reviewed each year and are reconciled to the corresponding codes of the establishment in the population file. Since these changes are introduced once a year, at the time of the revision to new benchmarks, they contribute to benchmark adjustment. At the more detailed industry levels, changes in classification can be an important cause of benchmark adjustments. As the estimates are aggregated to higher level industry groupings, these classification changes cancel out so that the net difference is zero for total nonagricultural employment.

Benchmark source material. The principal source of benchmark data for private industries is the ES-202 report, which

Table 5. Hours and earnings estimates based on revised (March 1987) benchmarks and previous (March 19	986) benchmarks,
selected industries, March 1987	•

		Ave	erage weekly ho	ours	Aver	age hourly ear	nings
Industry	Ī	Revised estimate	Previous estimate	Difference	Revised estimate	Previous estimate	Difference
Total private .		34.6	34.6	0	\$8.91	\$8.92	-\$0.01
Mining		41.8	41.8	0	12.58	12.51	.07
Construction		37.4	37.4	0	12.64	12.59	.05
Manufacturing .		40.9	40.9	0	9.86	9.85	.01
Durable goods .		41.6	41.6	o	10.38	10.39	01
Lumber and wood products		40.7	40.7	0	8.29	8.28	.01
Furniture and fixtures		39.8	39.8	0	7.58	7.58	0
Stone, clay, and glass products.		42.0	42.0	0	10.13	10.13	0
Primary metal industries		42.8	42.8	0	11.80	11.82	02
Fabricated metal products		41.5	41.5	0	9.96	9.99	03
Machinery, except electrical		42.2	42.2	0	10.66	10.72	06
Electrical and electronic equipment		40.9	40.9	0	9.82	9.84	02
Transportation equipment		42.6	42.6	0	12.86	12.86	0
Instruments and related products		41.5	41.5	0	9.66	9.67	01
Miscellaneous manufacturing		39.3	39.3	0	7.69	7.66	.03
Nondurable goods.		40.0	40.0	0	9.11	9.09	.02
Food and kindred products .		39.6	39.5	0.1	8.94	8.93	.01
Tobacco manufactures .	]	38.2	38.1	.1	13.87	13.80	.07
Textile mill products		42.0	42.0	0	7.11	7.12	01
Apparel and other textile products.		37.1	37.0	.1	5.93	5.93	0
Paper and allied products		42.9	42.9	0	11.28	11.27	.01
Printing and publishing		38.0	38.0	) 0	10.19	10.17	.02
Chemicals and allied products.		42.1	42.1	0	12.24	12.24	0
Petroleum and coal products		43.9	43.9	0	14.52	14.50	.02
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products		41.5	41.5	0	8.81	8.80	.01
Leather and leather products.		37.5	37.5	0	6.07	6.06	.01
Fransportation and public utilities .		38.9	38.9	0	11.90	11.90	0
Wholesale trade		37.9	37.9	0	9.53	9.53	0
Retail trade		28.9	28.9	0	6.07	6.08	01
Finance, insurance, and real estate		36.3	36.3	0	8.72	8.72	0
Services		32.4	32.4	0	8.42	8.41	.01

contains employment data reported to State employment security agencies by employers covered by State UI laws. UI coverage is now extended to approximately 98 percent of employees in the total nonagricultural sector and 99 percent of those in the private nonagricultural sector. Employment counts for the executive, legislative, and judicial branches of the Federal Government are derived from official summaries prepared by the U.S. Office of Personnel Management (OPM). These summaries are complete counts of Federal workers and are not usually subject to revision.<sup>1</sup> The official OPM summaries do not provide detail on Federal employment by industry, such as hospitals, on a current monthly basis. These are estimated by BLS from a sample of Federal establishments.

BLS uses several sources to obtain employment counts for the remaining industries partially covered or exempt from mandatory UI coverage. Data on employees covered under Social Security laws, published by the Bureau of the Census for nonoffice insurance sales workers, or to derive benchmark figures for religious organizations, private schools, and hospitals. Benchmarks for State and local government hospitals and educational institutions are based on the Annual Survey of Governments conducted by the Bureau of the Census. Benchmark data for employees of church-sponsored schools are obtained through State agency surveys. Data for interstate railroads are obtained from the Interstate Commerce Commission.

in County Business Patterns, are used to augment UI data

The Bureau's reporting sample is an important source of information for correcting errors in summary benchmark data derived from employers' UI records. Since sample reports are current and are reviewed monthly, reporting errors that are detected and corrected in the sample reports can also be used to correct the corresponding summary UI-based reports.

#### Revision of seasonally adjusted data

Most economic time series display a regular seasonal movement, which can be estimated on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change which can

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency, the National Security Agency, and those of the Department of Defense paid from nonappropriated funds are not included in the OPM summaries or these series and thus are not counted.

be ascribed to usual seasonal variation, it is possible to observe the underlying cyclical and other systematic movements in the series.

Each year, employment, hours, and earnings data reflecting the new benchmark are used to calculate updated seasonal adjustment factors. The Bureau uses the X-11 ARIMA (Auto-Regressive Integrated Moving Average) seasonal adjustment methodology, developed by Statistics Canada.<sup>2</sup> X-11 ARIMA is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving average method, which provides for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns.

The ARIMA option is used to project the unadjusted data forward for 1 year prior to seasonally adjusting the series. The use of ARIMA projections lessens the need for revisions of historical data in future seasonal adjustments. ARIMA projections are not used in series where the projections do not meet test requirements.<sup>3</sup>

Seasonal adjustment factors are derived from a decomposition of historical unadjusted time series into trend/cycle, seasonal, and irregular components. Unusual events reflected in these historical data will distort normal seasonal patterns and thus produce less reliable seasonal factors. The X-11 ARIMA methodology allows for the removal of these unusual variations prior to the calculation of the seasonal adjustment factors. Since major strikes tend to distort normal seasonal patterns, the effects of strikes are eliminated from employment series prior to seasonal adjustment. The Federal Government series have also been adjusted to remove the effect of the temporary hiring of census takers during the

<sup>2</sup> A detailed description of the procedure appears in *The x-11 ARIMA* Seasonal Adjustment Method by Estella Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983. 1980 census. The hours series in the textile and apparel industries were also adjusted to eliminate the effects of weatherrelated plant shutdowns in January 1982. The calculated seasonal factors are applied to the revised unadjusted series to produce a seasonally adjusted time series.

The seasonal adjustment factors that will be used for the period April 1988 through March 1989 for all published series are shown in tables 7 through 13. Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a small number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These series are identified in tables 10, 12, and 13; they are used, however, in aggregating to broader seasonally adjusted levels.

#### Publication of revised data

Data for detailed industry categories of employment, hours, and earnings will be presented in a supplement to Employment and Earnings. It will contain all of the historical data revised as a result of this benchmark and updated seasonal adjustment factors, that is, unadjusted data for April 1986 through February 1988 and seasonally adjusted data for January 1983 through February 1988. In addition, seasonally adjusted data from 1980, and unadjusted data from 1983, which were published in last year's supplement, will be republished in the 1988 supplement. Data for earlier time periods can be found in Employment, Hours, and Earnings, United States, 1909-84 (BLS Bulletin 1312-12), issued in 1985. Employment estimates are published monthly in this publication for most of the significant nonagricultural industries. Those industries for which monthly data are not published are either too small or are not represented by a sufficient sample. Table 6 contains the March 1987 benchmark figures for many of these industries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The series so affected are identified in tables 7 through 12.

#### Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1980-87

(In thousands)

Industry	1972 SIC Code	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
Total		90,253	90,371	89,566	88,232	92,587	96,042	98,150	100,427
Total private		73,720	73,903	73,370	72,043	76,371	79,446	81,204	83,173
àoods-producing		25,799	25,126	24,056	22,370	24,017	24,469	24,192	24,037
Mining		990	1,107	1,205	945	952	933	832	696
Lead and zinc ores	103	6.9	7.2	5.9	4.0	4.0	3.3	2.9	2.4
Gold and silver ores	104	(')	(')	8.9	8.6	10.5	9.8	10.4	12.1
Other metal ores and mining services		(')	(')	25.5	14.0	13.3	11.4	9.1	8.3
Anthracite mining		3.3	3.5	3.5	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.3
Crude petroleum and natural gas		205.7	242.7	265.7	257.0	254.5	248.4	232.3	198.2
Natural gas liquids		5.5	6.8	8.4	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.1	5.
Clay and related minerals Other nonmetallic minerals and services		$\begin{pmatrix} 0\\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	(') (')	9.4 9.8	8.1 9.2	8.4 9.9	8.6 9.5	8.4 10.0	7.9
Construction		4,087	3,934	3,638	3,469	3,914	4,241	4,415	4,531
Concrete work		100.2	98.2	84.5	90.5	113.6	132.6	138.9	146.
Waterwell drilling Miscellaneous special trade contractors		18.7 351.1	19.1 359.4	16.9 336.8	14.6 314.2	15.7 353.1	16.1 393.0	16.2 416.4	16.8 429.6
		351.1	335.4	330.8	514.2	355.1	393.0	410.4	423.0
Manufacturing		20,722	20,085	19,213	17,956	19,151	19,295	18,945	18,810
Durable goods	[	12,609	12,105	11,446	10,417	11,346	11,561	11,277	11,102
Lumber and wood products:									
Special product sawmills, nec		6.0	4.8	3.5	3.6	4.1	3.1	2.7	3.7
Structural wood members, nec		15.9	15.0	11.6	14.0	19.0	19.1	22.6	26.3
Nailed wood boxes and shook		8.0 26.6	6.9	5.9 23.0	5.3 21.6	5.6	5.5 26.9	5.4	5.6
Wood pallets and skids Wood containers, nec		10.3	24.6 10.3	23.0 9.2	8.8	25.8 8.7	8.3	26.3 8.2	27.9
Prefabricated wood buildings		20.4	18.9	16.0	15.8	19.0	18.6	19.7	22.0
Wood preserving		13.8	13.2	11.8	11.8	12.3	13.0	12.5	12.6
Particleboard		()	()	5.1	6.0	7.4	8.3	9.4	10.9
Wood products, nec		ŏ	ĕ	56.9	55.3	58.1	55.5	56.2	58.0
Furniture and fixtures:					ĺ				
Wood TV and radio cabinets and household furniture	2517,9	14.0	13.8	12.1	11.1	13.4	13.9	14.0	13.8
Wood office furniture	2521	18.8	21.7	24.6	23.9	28.4	32.0	31.4	32.2
Metal office furniture	2522	32.1	31.2	29.9	27.7	32.7	33.1	33.6	32.9
Wood partitions and fixtures		33.3	31.4	29.8	28.3	33.9	36.7	38.8	39.8
Metal partitions and fixtures		31.5	27.8	27.8	25.8	29.3	31.4	31.5	32.4
Drapery hardware and blinds and shades		16.8	16.5	16.4	16.9	20.4	20.5	22.3	21.7
Furniture and fixtures, nec	2599	11.2	12.3	12.5	13.0	13.4	15.4	16.4	16.9
Stone, clay, and glass products:									
Brick and structural clay tile		20.1	16.4	13.0	13.9	16.7	16.5	17.1	17.3
Clay refractories Other structural clay products		14.1 14.5	11.3 12.9	9.7 11.0	7.0 11.3	8.1 12.4	7.4 12.4	7.0 12.3	6.4 13.0
Vitreous plumbing fixtures		12.7	9.9	8.5	8.8	10.0	9.5	10.3	9.8
Vitreous china and fine earthenware food utensils		10.5	9.7	9.1	7.7	7.4	6.7	7.1	7.1
Porcelain electrical supplies		13.0	11.4	10.8	9.6	9.7	10.4	9.0	8.9
Pottery products, nec		13.0	12.3	11.3	10.5	11.8	10.7	10.3	10.3
Lime	3274	()	(')	6.4	5.3	5.7	5.4	5.3	5.
Gypsum products		()	(1)	11.4	11.2	13.5	14.3	14.2	
Cut stone and stone products		11.7	11.0	10.3	10.7	11.2	12.0	12.4	12.0
Gaskets, packing and sealing devices		27.9	27.4	26.8	23.5	26.7	27.7	28.6	1
Minerals, ground or treated		16.2	15.6	14.6	12.8	13.4	13.5	12.5	12.0
Nonclay refractories Nonmetallic mineral products, nec		() ()	() ()	9.9 6.5	7.3 6.3	8.0 7.2	8.2 7.1	8.1 7.1	7.1
•									
Primary metal industries:	0010	1				40.0			
Electrometallurgical products		14.6	13.1	11.2	8.2	10.2	9.6	9.0	7.6
Steel wire and related products Cold finishing of steel shapes		22.7 19.0	22.5 17.2	19.3 15.5	16.7 13.5	18.6 15.4	18.6 15.8	18.7 15.6	15.6
Steel investment foundries		12.3	14.0	12.3	10.9	11.6	13.3	13.1	13.6
Primary copper		15.6	14.0	12.3	10.5	9.2	7.0	5.4	5.5
Primary lead and zinc		8.1	7.9	6.1	5.0	4.7	4.4	3.6	3.2
Primary nonferrous metals, nec		11.8	11.7	10.1	8.8	10.3	10.8	9.5	9.2
Secondary nonferrous metals		25.4	24.0	21.3	18.0	19.6	19.7	18.1	16.9
Aluminum extruded products		33.6	31.5	29.2	28.2	30.8	33.0	32.6	33.0
Aluminum and nonferrous rolling and drawing, nec		26.0	23.8	24.5	19.7	20.4	19.8	19.5	18.0
		20.6	18.1	17.2	13.8	14.7	14.7	14.4	13.9
Brass, bronze, and copper foundries									1
Brass, bronze, and copper foundries Nonferrous foundries, nec		21.1	19.4	17.7	17.0	18.3	18.2	19.3	18.6
	3369			17.7 24.9	17.0 21.6	18.3 24.5	18.2 25.4	19.3 24.9	1
Nonferrous foundries, nec	3369 339	21.1	19.4						18.8 24.9 14.0

#### Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1980-87-Continued

#### (In thousands)

Industry	1972 SIC Code	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
urable goods-Continued									
abricated metal products:			1	Í	Í		ĺ		1
Metal barrels, drums, and pails	3412	13.2	13.3	12.1	11.9	11.4	11.8	11.1	10.
Cutlery		16.3	15.7	13.4	13.2	13.0	12.7	12.1	11.
Metal sanitary ware		10.8	10.9	9.6	8.7	9.8	10.6	11.2	10.
Prefabricated metal buildings		28.8	28.3	25.0	20.6	22.7	24.9	24.8	23.
Miscellaneous metal work		10.2	9.1	8.0	7.5	7.7	7.2	7.0	6.
Nonferrous forgings and crowns and closures		13.0	12.8	11.7	10.6	10.5	10.9	11.1	10.
Steel springs, except wire	3493	7.6	6.1	5.8	4.9	5.6	6.6	5.9	5.
Wire springs	3495	15.4	14.9	13.1	11.9	13.7	14.7	13.5	13.
Fabricated pipe and fittings		27.2	27.9	31.0	21.7	22.9	22.5	21.2	19.
Metal foil and leaf, and fabricated metal products, nec		49.7	44.5	43.2	39.5	44.6	45.5	45.2	43.
fachinery, except electrical:									
Lawn and garden equipment	3524	25.7	22.7	19.5	21.7	24.0	25.1	25.9	27.
Elevators and moving stairways		13.4	12.9	12.4	11.6	11.7	11.5	11.1	11.
Hoists, cranes, and monorails		23.3	16.7	15.5	11.2	12.2	13.6	12.7	11
		)	1		5.9	5.5	5.6		4
Rolling mill machinery		11.4	9.2	8.5				5.1	
Metalworking machinery, nec		14.9	13.7	13.3	11.0	11.7	12.2	12.9	12
Woodworking machinery		14.3	12.0	10.3	8.8	9.8	10.2	9.2	10
Paper industries machinery		18.9	20.0	19.0	15.4	15.7	16.9	16.5	15
Special industry machinery, nec	3559	63.8	59.6	55.0	45.0	50.5	56.6	52.5	49
ndustrial patterns	3565	10.4	10.0	9.7	8.0	8.3	8.0	9.1	8
ndustrial furnaces and ovens	3567	21.6	20.5	19.2	15.1	16.3	17.3	16.8	16
eneral industrial machinery, nec	3569	48.3	49.6	48.9	46.2	50.0	54.1	52.5	51
cales and balances, except laboratory		()	(')	7.6	6.9	7.3	7.0	6.3	e
utomatic merchandising machines		10.4	10.9	9.5	8.7	9.1	9.0	8.5	7
Commercial laundry equipment		5.6	5.3	4.7	4.4	4.8	4.8	5.6	6
		5.0	5.5	4.7	4.4	4.0	4.0	5.0	. 0
leasuring and dispensing pumps and service industry nachinery, nec	3586,9	41.6	38.4	37.7	35.0	35.1	36.3	36.1	36
ectrical and electronic equipment:									
	0000	10.0	40.4	10.0	45.0		15.5	445	40
Velding apparatus, electric		18.9	18.1	18.3	15.2	15.1	15.5	14.5	13
arbon and graphite products		14.1	14.0	13.6	10.6	11.3	11.5	10.2	9
lectrical industrial apparatus, nec		13.9	12.2	11.9	10.5	11.5	11.1	11.1	10
lousehold cooking equipment	3631	27.6	24.0	22.9	23.9	28.7	22.9	21.6	21
Other household appliances	3635,6,9	34.6	32.3	26.6	26.1	28.9	28.6	27.4	27
Commercial lighting fixtures	3646	17.1	17.2	17.2	15.4	17.4	19.2	19.9	19
ehicular lighting equipment	3647	()	()	13.4	13.4	15.6	15.6	17.1	18
ighting equipment, nec		Ö	Ö	8.6	9.1	9.4	8.4	9.3	9
honograph records		24.2	24.6	21.7	19.2	18.5	17.7	17.4	20
lectronic capacitors		28.4	25.8	27.2	25.2	33.4	30.1	25.2	24
lectronic resistors				13.2	11.5	12.2	12.3	11.8	11
		(')	(')						
lectronic coils and transformers		27.7	24.7	24.5	21.6	26.5	24.1	21.4	21
lectronic connectors		(')	(')	7.8	8.9	10.8	12.0	11.9	12
Primary batteries, dry and wet		15.5	16.5	15.2	13.7	13.8	14.3	13.4	12
(-ray apparatus and tubes		25.2	26.5	30.0	32.7	34.6	33.9	32.3	31
lectrical equipment and supplies, nec	3699	14.4	13.7	13.4	13.7	15.3	15.0	13.3	12
ansportation equipment:									
Self-contained motor homes	3716	5.6	4.9	6.5	9.8	15.0	15.7	16.3	17
totorcycles, bicycles, and parts	375	21.8	17.4	17.1	14.5	16.4	13.5	12.4	11
pace propulsion units and other space vehicle equipment	3764,9	22.1	26.1	26.4	30.1	33.9	37.4	47.8	49
anks and tank components		Ô	Ó	16.3	18.5	18.4	20.0	20.0	19
ransportation equipment, nec	3799	C	()	9.2	8.8	10.8	12.2	11.2	13
struments and related products:	0004		40.5						
luid meters and counting devices		18.1	18.5	17.1	14.3	14.5	15.0	14.2	11
Aeasuring and controlling devices, nec		22.4 17.4	25.4 17.1	25.9 15.7	25.4 14.2	25.3 14.0	28.5 14.1	29.0 14.3	29 13
				10.7	1 - 1 - 6-	14.0	1-1.1	14.0	
iscellaneous manufacturing: silverware and plated ware	3914	11.3	11.5	11.1	9.8	10.1	9.0	8.2	7
ewelers' materials and lapidary work		8.0	7.6	7.8	7.6	8.3	8.4	8.2	8
Pens and mechanical pencils		12.1	11.6	9.9	9.1	9.3	9.0	8.9	9
ead pencils and art goods		9.5	9.4	8.2	7.4	7.0	7.2	7.0	6
Aarking devices and carbon paper and inked ribbons		16.9	15.5	15.7	15.1	15.8	16.2	17.0	16
rtificial flowers and buttons	3962,3	8.4	8.3	7.1	6.4	7.4	7.6	8.1	8
leedles, pins, and fasteners	3964	19.0	14.5	12.1	9.9	10.1	10.0	8.9	9
Brooms and brushes		18.0	15.2	15.2	13.6	14.2	13.5	13.2	12
					1				
Burial caskets		12.0	11.3	11.0	10.2	9.9	9.8	9.5	9.

#### Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1980-87-Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1972 SIC Code	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
lendurable goode		8,113	7,980	7,767	7,539	7,805	7,734	7,668	7,70
ondurable goods Food and kindred products:		0,113	7,500	1,101	7,000	7,005	1,134	7,000	7,70
Poultry and egg processing	2017	15.2	14.7	15.1	16.3	18.8	19.6	17.5	20.
Creamery butter		(')	()	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.
Condensed and evaporated milk		6 1	ŏ I	15.6	15.4	16.0	15.0	15.1	15.
ce cream and frozen desserts		19.1	18.8	18.1	17.8	18.2	18.6	20.5	21.
Dehydrated fruits, vegetables, and soups		16.7	15.7	16.0	16.6	16.1	16.5	16.8	16.
Pickles, sauces, and salad dressings		24.1	23.3	22.0	18.8	18.7	18.7	19,4	19.
Frozen specialties		34.7	34.2	34.2	33.1	35.4	38.4	40.8	45.
Cereal breakfast foods		16.6	16.3	17.2	17.7	17.8	17.9	17.8	19.
Rice milling		(')	()	6.2	5.8	5.5	5.1	4.9	5.
Blended and prepared flour		ŏ I	ŏ	6.3	7.3	6.9	7.1	7,7	9.
Net corn milling		12.7	<b>`13.5</b>	11.7	10.3	10.3	10.1	9.0	8.
Dog, cat, and other pet food		16.7	17.0	16.7	16.5	17.0	16.2	16.3	17.
Cane sugar, except refining only		()	8.5	8.4	8.9	7.7	7.8	7.1	7.
Cane sugar, refining		6	10.2	9.3	8.0	7.6	6.0	6.0	5.
Beet sugar		ŏ	10.2	10.6	7.2	7.5	6.6	6.5	6.
Chocolate and cocoa products and chewing gum		19.5	19.4	18.7	18.5	19.8	18.8	18.4	18.
Dil mills		20.3	19.4	18.1	19.0	15.4	15.9	15.6	14.
Animal and marine fats and oils		10.8	10.3	9.9	9.3	9.2	8.7	8.2	8.
Shortening and cooking oils		13.4	12.5	12.3	11.9	11.7	11.3	11.0	11.
Malt and flavoring extracts and syrups, nec		14.4	14.9	15.6	15.5	16.2	16.6	16.1	16.
Nines, brandy, and brandy spirits		12.6	14.0	13.4	14.9	13.8	14.4	15.0	15.
		18.4	17.0	15.6	14.6	14.3	13.4	12.3	11.
Distilled liquor, except brandy Canned and cured seafoods		15.9	16.5	18.0	14.5	13.4	9.4	12.3	9.
Fresh or frozen packaged fish		33.5	32.9	32.1	34.6	33.8	33.1	35.6	35.
Roasted coffee		13.0	12.9	12.4	12.4				12.
						12.1 5.0	12.3 5.0	12.3 5.7	5.
Aanufactured ice				4.9 8.3	4.8	8.0	8.2		5. 8.
Aacaroni and spaghetti ood preparation, nec		0 0	() ()	81.1	8.2 82.3	90.5	86.2	8.3 89.7	89.
obacoo manufactures:									
Cigars		7.5	7.1	6.7	5.5	5.7	5.4	4.6	3.0
Other tobacco manufactures	213,4	12.1	12.7	11.8	13.6	11.4	12.9	12.0	10.1
Fextile mill products:									
extile mill products: Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec	2258,9	24.5	21.4	20.7	18.2	18.0	18.0	17.7	18.
extile mill products: Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec Finishing plants, nec	2258,9 2269	24.5 17.1	21.4 14.5	20.7 14.0	18.2 14.1	18.0 18.7	18.0 14.2	17.7 14.2	18. 13.
extile mill products: Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec Finishing plants, nec Wool yarn mills	2258,9 2269 2283	24.5 17.1 10.2	21.4 14.5 8.6	20.7 14.0 8.3	18.2 14.1 8.3	18.0 18.7 7.5	18.0 14.2 6.1	17.7 14.2 6.2	18. 13. 5.
extile mill products: Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec Finishing plants, nec Wool yarn mills Thread mills	2258,9 2269 2283 2284	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8	18. 13. 5. 7.
extile mill products: Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec Finishing plants, nec Wool yarn mills Thread mills Other textile goods	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (')	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (')	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7	18. 13. 5. 7. 24.
Textile mill products: Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec Finishing plants, nec Wool yarn mills Thread mills Other textile goods Processed textile waste	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 ( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (')	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6.
extile mill products: Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec Finishing plants, nec Wool yarn mills Thread mills Other textile goods Processed textile waste Coated fabrics, not rubberized	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1	18. 13. 5. 24. 6. 9.
Fextile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 ( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (')	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0	18. 13. 5. 24. 6. 9.
Fextile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2298	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6	18. 13. 5. 24. 6. 9.
extile mill products: Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec Finishing plants, nec Wool yarn mills Thread mills Dther textile goods Processed textile waste Coated fabrics, not rubberized Coated fabrics, not rubberized Tire cord and fabric Cordage and twine Poparel and other textile products: Men's and boys' underwear	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2298 2298	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7.
'extile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Wool yarn mills         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         parel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2298 2298	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 9.7 7.1 8.1	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 7. 18. 7.
extile mill products: Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec Finishing plants, nec Wool yarn mills Thread mills Other textile goods Processed textile waste Coated fabrics, not rubberized Coated fabrics, not rubberized Tire cord and fabric Cordage and twine Cordage and twine Men's and boys' underwear Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2298 2298 2322 2322 2329	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48.
extile mill products: Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec Finishing plants, nec Wool yarn mills Thread mills Other textile goods Processed textile waste Coated fabrics, not rubberized Cordage and fabric Cordage and twine Apparel and other textile products: Men's and boys' underwear Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2298 2322 2322 2323 2329 235	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9	17.7 14.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14.
'extile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Npparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' neckwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2296 2298 2322 2323 2329 235 235 2363	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 9. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14.
extile mill products: Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2296 2298 2322 2323 2329 235 235 2363	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 5.3 15.9	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7 16.2	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4	17.7 14.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6	18. 13. 5. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14. 2.
'extile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         wparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' neckwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's outerwear, nec	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2296 2298 2328 2322 2323 2329 235 2363 2369	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31.
'extile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Apparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's outerwear, nec	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2294 2296 2298 2298 2328 2323 2329 235 2363 2363 2369 237	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 7. 18. 14. 2. 31. 2.
'extile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Apparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' neckwear         Men's and boys' neckwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's coates and suits         Children's coates and work gloves	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2298 2322 2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 29.4 3.2	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.5 8.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 2.7	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31. 2. 7.
'extile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Apparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's coats and work gloves         Robes and dressing gowns	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2298 2322 2323 2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2384	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 3.8 13.2	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 9 11.4	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.1.1 3.7 9.9	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 29.4 29.4 29.2 8.7	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 2.7 8.6	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31. 2. 7. 7.
'extile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Apparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' neckwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's outerwear, nec         Fur goods         Fabric dress and work gloves         Robes and dressing gowns         Waterproof outergarments	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2296 2296 2298 2322 2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2381 2384 2385	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 2.1 2.2 10.6	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0	17.7 14.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 32.2 2.7 8.6 6 7.7	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31. 2. 7. 6.
'extile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         wpparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's outerwear, nec         Fur goods         Rabies and dressing gowns         Waterproof outergarments         Leather and sheep lined clothing	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2296 2296 2298 2323 2329 235 2369 2369 235 2369 2381 2381 2385 2385 2386	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.2 10.6 12.3 (')	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (')	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 0.10.2	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.5 9.5	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 8.0	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 2.7 8.6 7.7 8.6 7.7 6.8	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31. 2. 7. 6. 2.
'extile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Vpparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's outerwear, nec         Fur goods         Fabric dress and work gloves         Robes and dressing gowns         Waterproof outergarments         Leather and sheep lined clothing         Apparel belts	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2294 2295 2296 2298 2329 2323 2329 235 2363 2363 2363 2364 2384 2384 2385 2386 2387	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (2) 12.4 10.8 9.7 9.7 16.1 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 (') (')	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (')	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 0.02 4.5	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.4 8.0 3.8	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 8.0 8.0 3.1	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 2.7 8.6 7.7 6.8 2.2 32.2 2.7 8.6 7.7	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31. 2. 7. 6. 2. 10.
'extile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Cordage and twine         Wpparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear         Men's and boys' neckwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's coates and work gloves         Robes and dressing gowns         Waterproof outergarments         Leather and sheep lined clothing         Apparel belts         Apparel belts	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2298 2322 2323 2329 235 2363 2363 2363 2363 2384 2385 2385 2386 2387 2389	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.2 10.6 12.3 (')	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (')	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.10 7	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 8.0 8.0 3.1 9.5	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 2.7 8.6 7.7 6.8 2.3 32.2 8.8	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31. 2. 7. 6. 2. 10. 7.
'extile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Apparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear         Men's and boys' neckwear         Men's coats and suits         Children's coats and suits         Children's outerwear, nec         Fur goods         Fabric dress and work gloves         Robes and dressing gowns         Waterproof outergarments         Leather and sheep lined clothing         Apparel and accessories, nec         Textile bags	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2296 2298 2322 2323 2329 2329 235 2363 2363 2369 237 2384 2384 2385 2386 2386 2387 2389 2393	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 (') (') (')	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 11.4 9.9 11.2 (') (')	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 5.10.7 6.5	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.88 10.3 5.8	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 8 10.7 6.3	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 9.4 8.0 3.0 31.9 9.4 8.0 3.0 3.5 6.7	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 2.7 8.6 7.7 6.8 2.3 3.8 8 6.7	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31. 2. 7. 6. 2. 10. 7. 7.
'extile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Apparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' neckwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's outerwear, nec         Fur goods         Fabric dress and work gloves         Robes and dressing gowns         Waterproof outergarments         Leather and sheep lined clothing         Apparel belts         Apparel balts         Capter land accessories, nec         Textile bags         Capter land related products	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2296 2296 2298 2322 2323 2329 235 2363 2369 2381 2381 2385 2385 2385 2386 2387 2389 2393 2394	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 (') (') (') (') 9.8	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (') (') (') (') 8.7	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 32.1 2.3 8.4 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 32.2 32.2 32.2 32.2 32.2 32.	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 9. 5. 7. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31. 2. 31. 2. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7.
'extile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Apparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's outerwear, nec         Fur goods         Robes and dressing gowns         Waterproof outergarments         Leather and sheep lined clothing         Apparel bits         Apparel bits         Apparel bits         Apparel and accessories, nec         Textile bags         Canvas and related products         Pleating and stitching	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2296 2296 2298 2323 2329 235 2369 2369 2369 2381 2384 2384 2385 2386 2386 2386 2387 2389 2393 2394 2395	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 (') (') (') 9.8 15.0	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (') (') (') (') 8.7 15.2	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 0.10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9 15.0	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 8.4 8.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 3.1.9 5.7 8.0 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0 0 8.1	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 32.2 2.7 8.6 7.7 6.8 2.3 8.8 6.7 7.6.8 2.3 8.8 6.7 7.6.6	10. 18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 14. 2. 7. 31. 10. 7. 10. 7. 10. 7. 11. 31. 1. 31. 1. 31. 1. 31. 1. 31. 1. 31. 1. 31. 1. 31. 1. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3
Fextile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Apparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's outerwear, nec         Fur goods         Fabric dress and work gloves         Robes and dressing gowns         Waterproof outergarments         Leather and sheep lined clothing         Apparel belts         Apparel and accessories, nec         Textile bags         Canvas and related products         Pleating and stitching         Other fabricated textile products	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2296 2296 2298 2322 2323 2329 235 2363 2363 2369 2381 2384 2384 2385 2386 2387 2389 2393 2393 2394 2395 2397,9	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 (') (') (') 9.8 15.0 16.2 30.8	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (') (') (') (') 8.7 15.2 17.4 28.8	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9 15.6 26.0	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9 15.0 14.4 26.8	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 7.2 32.1 2.3 8.4 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0 16.9 13.5 30.0	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 2.7 8.6 7.7 6.8 2.3 8.8 6.7 7.6 16.4 14.3 31.3	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 7. 31. 2. 31. 2. 31. 2. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 10. 7. 7. 10. 7. 7. 11. 33.
Fextile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Wool yarn mills         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Apparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's outerwear, nec         Fur goods         Fabric dress and work gloves         Robes and dressing gowns         Waterproof outergarments         Leather and sheep lined clothing         Apparel belts         Apparel and accessories, nec         Textile bags         Carvas and related products         Pleating and stitching         Other fabricated textile products         Paper and allied products:         Pulp mills	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2296 2298 2322 2323 2329 235 2363 2369 2369 2381 2385 2385 2385 2385 2386 2387 2389 2394 2394 2397,9 261	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 (') (') 9.8 15.0 16.2 30.8 16.5	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 9.12.2 (') (') (') (') 8.7 15.2 17.4 28.8 16.9	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 010.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 31.4 9 15.6 26.0	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9 5.5 3.88 10.3 5.8 7.5 9.15.0 14.4 26.8	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.7 8.7 8.7 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3 13.7	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0 0 13.5 30.0	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 32.2 2.7 8.6 7.7 6.8 2.3 8.8 6.7 7.6.8 2.3 8.8 6.7 7.6.6 16.4 14.3 31.3	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31. 2. 7. 7. 6. 2. 10. 7. 7. 14. 33.
Fextile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Wind yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Apparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear         Men's and boys' neckwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's outerwear, nec         Fur goods         Rabes and dressing gowns         Waterproof outergarments         Leather and sheep lined clothing         Apparel and accessories, nec         Textile bags         Canvas and related products         Pleating and stitching         Other fabricated textile products         Paper and allied products:         Pulp mills         Die-cut paper and board	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291.3,7,9 2294 2296 2296 2296 2296 2298 2323 2329 235 2369 2369 2381 2384 2384 2385 2386 2385 2386 2384 2385 2389 2393 2393 2394 2395 2395 2397,9 261 2645	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 12.3 (') (') (') 9.8 15.0 16.2 30.8 16.5 17.5	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (') (') (') (') 8.7 15.2 17.4 28.8 16.9 16.5	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9 15.6 26.0 15.7 16.1	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9 15.0 14.4 26.8	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5 5.14.8 29.3 13.7 7.5	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 31.9 9.5 6.7 8.0 18.9 13.5 6.7 8.0 11.5 9 13.5 30.0	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 32.2 32.2 32.2 32.2 32.2 32.	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31. 2. 7. 6. 2. 10. 7. 7. 14. 33. 5. 14. 31. 5. 14. 31. 5. 14. 31. 5. 5. 5. 7. 7. 5. 5. 7. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 7. 7. 8. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7.
Fextile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Apparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's outerwear, nec         Fur goods         Fabric dress and work gloves         Robes and dressing gowns         Waterproof outergarments         Leather and sheep lined clothing         Apparel belts         Apparel and accessories, nec         Textile bags         Carvas and related products         Pleating and stitching         Other fabricated textile products         Paper and allied products:         Pulp mills         Die-cut paper and board         Sanitary paper products	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2298 2298 2322 2323 2329 235 2369 237 2381 2385 2385 2385 2385 2385 2385 2385 2384 2394 2394 2395 2394 2395 2395 2395 2395 2397,9 261 2645 2647	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 (') (') 9.8 15.0 16.2 30.8 16.5 17.5 26.6	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (') (') (') 8.7 15.2 17.4 28.8 16.9 16.5 26.4	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9 15.6 26.0 15.7 16.1 27.1	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 2.8 7.9 15.0 14.4 26.8 14.4 26.8 14.4 26.5 27.7	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3 13.7 17.9 28.5	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0 16.9 13.5 30.0 16.9 13.5 30.0 11.4 4 30.1	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 2.7 8.6 6.7 7.6 8.8 6.7 7.6 16.4 14.3 31.3 31.3	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31. 2. 31. 7. 4. 31. 14. 33. 15. 15. 15. 15. 30.
Fextile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Thread mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Apparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's outerwear, nec         Fur goods         Fabric dress and work gloves         Robes and dressing gowns         Waterproof outergarments         Leather and sheep lined clothing         Apparel belts         Apparel and accessories, nec         Textile bags         Canvas and related products         Pleating and stitching         Other fabricated textile products         Paper and allied products:         Pulp mills         Die-cut paper and board         Sanitary paper products	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2296 2298 2322 2329 2329 235 2363 2363 2384 2384 2385 2386 2387 2384 2385 2386 2387 2384 2385 2386 2387 2393 2393 2393 2393 2394 2397,9 261 2645 2647 2646,8,9	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 12.3 (') (') (') 9.8 15.0 16.2 30.8 16.5 17.5	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (') (') (') (') 8.7 15.2 17.4 28.8 16.9 16.5	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9 15.6 26.0 15.7 16.1	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9 15.0 14.4 26.8	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5 5.14.8 29.3 13.7 7.5 7.5	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 31.9 9.5 6.7 8.0 18.9 13.5 30.0 13.5	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 32.2 32.2 32.2 32.2 32.2 32.	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 6. 9. 5. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31. 2. 31. 2. 7. 6. 2. 10. 7. 7. 14. 33. 15. 16. 30. 046.
Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec Finishing plants, nec	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2296 2298 2322 2323 2329 235 2363 2363 2363 2381 2385 2385 2385 2385 2387 2387 2387 2389 2393 2393 2394 2395 2394 2395 2394 2395 2394 2395 2395 2394 2395 2397,9 261 2645 2645 2645 2645 2646,8,9 2652	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 (') (') (') 9.8 15.0 16.2 30.8 16.5 17.5 26.6 45.6 11.9	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 9.122 (') (') (') (') 8.7 15.2 17.4 28.8 16.9 16.5 26.4 44.9 911.9	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9 15.6 26.0 15.7 16.1 27.1	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 2.8 7.9 15.0 14.4 26.8 14.4 26.8 14.4 26.5 27.7	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3 13.7 17.9 28.5	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0 16.9 13.5 30.0 16.9 13.5 30.0 11.4 4 30.1	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 2.7 8.6 6.7 7.6 8.8 6.7 7.6 16.4 14.3 31.3 31.3	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 9. 5. 7. 7. 48. 14. 2. 31. 2. 31. 2. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 10. 7. 7. 10. 7. 7. 10. 10. 2. 10. 10. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9.
Textile mill products:         Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec         Finishing plants, nec         Wool yarn mills         Other textile goods         Processed textile waste         Coated fabrics, not rubberized         Tire cord and fabric         Cordage and twine         Apparel and other textile products:         Men's and boys' underwear         Men's and boys' clothing, nec         Hats, caps, and millinery         Children's coats and suits         Children's outerwear, nec         Fur goods         Fabric dress and work gloves         Robes and dressing gowns         Waterproof outergarments         Leather and sheep lined clothing         Apparel belts         Apparel and accessories, nec         Textile bags         Canvas and related products         Pleating and stiching         Other fabricated textile products         Paper and allied products:         Pulp mills         Die-cut paper and board         Sanitary paper products         Other converted paper products	2258,9 2269 2283 2284 2291-3,7,9 2294 2295 2296 2296 2296 2296 2323 2329 235 2369 235 2369 235 2384 2385 2385 2386 2385 2386 2387 2389 2394 2394 2395 2394 2395 2394 2395 2394 2395 2397,9 2647 2645 2647 2645 2645 2645 2655	24.5 17.1 10.2 11.6 (') (') 12.4 10.8 9.7 16.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0 31	21.4 14.5 8.6 10.2 (') (') 11.6 9.5 9.1 14.8 6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.0.4 3.0.4 3.0.4 3.0.4 3.0.4 3.0.4 3.0.4 3.0.2 (') (') (') (') (') 8.7 15.2 17.4 28.8 16.9 16.5 26.4 44.9	20.7 14.0 8.3 9.5 27.1 6.4 10.9 8.3 8.8 13.5 6.4 55.3 11.5 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9 15.6 26.0 15.7 16.1 27.1 41.8	18.2 14.1 8.3 9.2 26.5 6.5 9.7 7.1 8.1 13.7 6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9 15.0 14.4 26.8 7.9 15.0 14.4 26.8 7.9 14.4 26.8	18.0 18.7 7.5 9.2 23.9 6.5 10.8 6.9 8.2 15.7 7.2 516.7 32.1 2.3 8.4 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3 8.1 13.7 17.9 28.5 44.4	18.0 14.2 6.1 7.5 24.9 6.2 11.0 6.5 8.1 15.9 6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 4.3 0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0 16.9 13.5 30.0 13.4 13.4 13.4 13.4 13.4 13.4	17.7 14.2 6.2 6.8 25.7 6.0 10.1 5.6 7.5 16.8 7.3 49.6 15.6 2.2 32.2 2.7 8.6 7.7 6.8 2.3 8.8 6.7 7.6 16.4 14.3 31.3 31.3 31.3	18. 13. 5. 7. 24. 9. 9. 7. 18. 7. 48. 14. 2. 7. 31. 2. 7. 31. 2. 7. 10. 7. 10. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1

#### Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1980-87---Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1972 SIC Code	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
iondurable goods-Continued									
Printing and publishing:	Į	ļ l					ļ		
Engraving and plate printing	2753	11.2	11.3	10.9	11.3	11.4	11.5	11.8	12.
Commercial printing, gravure		11.3	11.8	12.8	12.8	13.5	15.0	14.9	15.
Greeting card publishing		24.0	23.8	24.4	23.4	23.3	24.0	22.3	23.
Blankbooks and looseleaf binders		38.5	39.0	38.5	39.4	40.8	43.1	44.3	44.
Bookbinding and related work		24.0	23.8	23.1	23.9	26.4	27.9	27.4	27.
Typesetting		27.5	28.1	28.8	28.2	30.6	32.8	33.1	33.
Other publishing and printing		16.9	16.8	17.1	16.2	17.2	17.6	17.6	18.
									1
Chemicals and allied products: Alkalies and chlorine	2812	23.0	20.8	20.5	17.6	15.6	15.3	12.4	10.
Industrial gases		21.0	22.0	24.3	23.6	23.1	23.2	23.5	21
Inorganic pigments		11.6	11.2	10.8	9.7	9.8	10.3	10.6	10
Synthetic rubber		13.9	15.3	14.5	13.4	13.2	13.4	13.3	13
		1 1			-	19.1			-
Cellulosic man-made fibers		14.6	19.8	18.5	15.7		18.0	16.3	13
Biological products		22.9	22.6	23.8	23.3	22.3	22.3	23.2	26
Medicinals and botanicals		18.1	18.2	18.6	18.3	18.4	17.8	18.2	17
Nitrogenous fertilizers	2873	14.8	15.4	14.9	13.0	12.8	12.7	11.7	10
Phosphatic fertilizers	2874	17.7	16.8	16.5	13.6	13.2	13.6	11.9	10
Fertilizers, mixing only		15.0	14.3	12.7	13.1	13.0	12.9	11.8	1
Agricultural chemicals, nec		26.2	25.3	24.8	23.1	22.7	22.5	21.2	1
Adhesives and sealants		20.5	20.9	20.4	19.7	21.3	22.2	22.3	2
Explosives		13.1	15.7	15.3	15.6	15.2	16.3	16.9	1
Printing ink		12.8	12.3	11.8	11.6	11.9	12.0	11.7	1
Other chemical preparations	2895,9	47.0	45.1	44.6	41.5	41.5	44.0	42.2	4
etroleum and coal products:									1
Paving mixtures and blocks	2951	10.0	10.0	9.4	9.2	9.4	9.9	10.4	1
Asphalt felts and coatings	2952	20.4	17.4	12.7	14.1	15.3	14,1	14.0	1
Viscellaneous petroleum and coal products		12.3	12.3	11.9	11.1	11.1	11.4	11.6	1
									L
ubber and miscellaneous plastics products: Fabricated rubber products	303,4,6	135.4	127.5	123.4	115.5	131.1	130.7	125.8	12
eather and leather products:			40.7						
Boot and shoe cut stock and findings		11.0	10.7	10.4	9.4	9.4	6.9	6.3	
House slippers	3142	8.7	9.1	9.3	7.6	7.0	5.9	5.1	;
Footwear, except rubber, nec	3149	23.5	23.5	20.6	20.3	18.7	15.1	14.0	1
Leather gloves and mittens		Ċ	()	4.2	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	
Women's handbags and purses		17.2	17.5	17.2	14.6	14.2	11.7	10.4	
		14.1	12.1	11.6	10.8	11.0	9.6	9.2	
Personal leather goods, nec		()	(')	9.1	8.3	8.2	8.1	7.9	
vice-producing		64,454	65,245	65.510	65,862	68,570	71,573	73,958	76,3
ansportation and public utilities		5,127	5,102	5,070	4,923	5,063	5,155	5,200	5,2
Other railroads and switching and terminal companies	4012	54.1	40.0	32.9	27.9	27.4	36.3	36.1	3
		15.3	16.6	18.0	18.6	20.7	22.0	21.0	2
Other passenger transit services									_
rucking, local and long distance		1,186.7	1,140.1	1,109.1	1,067.9		1,227.9	1,247.0	
rucking terminal facilities		7.6	7.2	6.9	5.8	5.9	5.6	5.2	_
Deep sea transportation		42.6	46.3	45.8	46.0	41.4	40.0	38.3	3
ransportation on great lakes, rivers, and canals		C)	() (	19.1	16.8	18.3	16.7	15.3	1
Partified air transportation	451	) ()	()	365.1	365.0	389.3	398.7	445.3	48
oncertified air transportation	452	0	C)	27.6	24.1	28.8	30.5	35.4	3
rrangement of transportation	472	125.7	128.2	139.5	149.1	167.7	189.5	200.2	20
lental of railroad cars		()	(')	8.7	7.4	6.9	7.0	6.4	
liscellaneous transportation services	478	Ö	Ö	13.0	11.7	13.0	15.0	13.6	1
ommunication and public utilities:									1
elegraph communication	492	19.2	19.3	19.6	18.9	18.0	16.1	15.0	1
Communication services, nec		62.2	78.1		120.0	133.0	143.3	143.5	13
		1 1		102.4					
Vater supply		20.4	20.6	20.7	20.8	21.1	21.8	22.3	2
team supply and irrigation systems	495,7	2.5	2.7	3.3	2.7	3.3	3.4	3.4	
holesale trade		5,288	5,308	5,296	5,156	5,447	5,654	5,695	5,7
ires and tubes	5014	Ó	(')	31.9	31.4	32.5	31.1	30.1	2
Varm air heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration		ŏ	ŏ	57.1	56.8	81.4	62.8	81.8	6
faith as notating, as considering, and forigoidion manness				81.5	63.4	87.1	71.0	73.2	7
Service establishment equipment		0 ()	()			· · · ·			
	15082	Ö	()	34.6	30.1	31.2	32.6	32.7	3
ransportation equipment and supplies		1 /1 1		36.2	35.9	38.0	40.4	42.9	4
ransportation equipment and supplies ewelry, watches, and precious stones	5094	O D	()						
ransportation equipment and supplies ewelry, watches, and precious stones Durable goods, nec	5094 5099	() ()	()	63.3	59.0	60.5	62.0	60.0	-
ransportation equipment and supplies ewelry, watches, and precious stones Durable goods, nec	5094 5099					60.5 25.8	62.0 27.0	60.0 27.6	-
Fransportation equipment and supplies lewelry, watches, and precious stones Durable goods, nec Frozen foods	5094 5099 5142	() ()	()	63.3	59.0				2
Service establishment equipment Iransportation equipment and supplies Jewelry, watches, and precious stones Durable goods, nec Frozen foods Dairy products Poultry and poultry products	5094 5099 5142 5143	0 0	Č Č	63.3 23.1	59.0 24.3	25.8	27.0	27.6	6 2 4 2

#### Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1980-87-Continued

#### (In thousands)

Industry	1972 SIC Code	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
Wholesale trade-Continued									
Fish and seafoods	5146	() (	( <sup>1</sup> ).	23.4	24.3	25.7	27.1	27.9	29.1
Grocenes and related products, nec	. 5149	()	(')	150.9	153.7	163.8	174.1	184.4	193.0
Farm-product raw materials	. 515	147.0	145.4	145.9	139.0	137.0	133.8	127.5	124.4
Tobacco and tobacco products	. 5194	0	(')	38.6	38.3	40.1	39.1	40.5	40.1
Paints, varnishes, and supplies		() (	()	25.6	25.4	26.9	27.8	28.0	29.6
Nondurable goods, nec	. 5199	()	(')	173.5	175.5	192.2	207.8	216.4	237.0
Retail trade		14,800	14,788	14,766	14,971	15,891	16,782	17,327	17,902
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores		61.7	61.6	60.4	58.8	63.2	66.1	67.2	66.9
Retail nurseries and garden stores		53.7	54.1	54.0	53.3	56.6	64.2	68.5	71.0
Mobile home dealers		28.3	25.3	24.1	24.0	28.3	29.1	27.5	27.3
Fruit stores and vegetable markets			() ()	18.2	20.0	21.0	21.2	21.6	21.9
Candy, nut, and confectionery stores			() ()	24.2	25.3	27.6	29.6	31.5	30.4
Miscellaneous food stores		(') 778.8	( <sup>1</sup> ) 710.0	33.6 687.7	34.5 699.0	37.8	39.5	38.9 885.0	39.0 912.4
New and used car dealers		43.0				774.3	839.1		
Used car dealers Boat dealers			40.4 (')	40.3 22.4	41.8 23.0	47.5 25.2	51.1 27.2	52.5 30.2	55.4 33.7
Motorcycle dealers			8	22.4 27.8	23.0	25.2 27.7	27.2	30.2 29.0	27.0
Trailer and automotive dealers, nec		8	8	27.8	23.7	27.1	29.0	29.0	29.5
Women's accessory and specialty stores		23.2	23.0	23.5	21.7	23.3	26.2	29.1	33.0
Children's and infant's wear stores		28.2	29.8	31.4	32.3	32.6	33.8	35.0	35.9
Furriers and fur shops		(')	(')	5.8	6.0	6.2	6.5	7.1	7.7
Miscellaneous apparel and accessories		8	8	45.8	45.6	49.3	51.5	54.5	57.0
Floor covering stores		8	8	52.4	52.3	59.6	64.3	68.3	72.5
Drapery, upholstery, and miscellaneous home furnishings stores .		8	8	67.7	68.7	77.2	82.3	86.8	89.6
Used merchandise stores		58.7	59.7	61.3	64.1	70.4	74.3	78.1	81.8
Hobby, toy, and game shops		(')	()	43.0	44.1	52.2	56.5	63.8	69.9
Camera, luggage, and leather goods stores		8	8	40.1	39.7	39.7	39.9	40.4	42.2
Direct selling organizations		8 I	- 8	51.1	52.5	52.3	56.2	61.5	59.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate		5,090	5,239	5,294	5,361	5,588	5,825	6,140	6,443
Federal Reserve banks		(')	(')	23.8	23.5	23.5	23.2	24.1	23.6
National banks and nonincorporated private banks		- ĕ -	- ĕ - I	800.0	794.7	803.2	827.8	850.5	849.1
Trust companies and other banking		8	- ĕ	49.3	54.7	54.5	57.2	61.3	65.1
Credit agencies other than banks, nec		18.4	20.4	21.8	22.7	23.4	24.5	24.3	25.6
State associations, noninsured		(')	()	8.0	8.4	8.3	9.9	7.6	4.9
Other security, commodity brokers, and services		41.5	46.6	49.6	55.9	64.6	69.7	77.5	91.4
Holding offices		50.9	53.6	63.2	67.6	74.8	80.8	91.1	104.4
Investment offices and miscellaneous investing		(')	()	27.1	27.5	31.5	36.3	39.1	39.2
Trusts		ŏ	ŏ	40.7	38.7	34.4	40.4	55.2	55.5
Insurance and insurance carriers, nec		Ŏ	Ŏ	7.6	8.3	8.4	9.4	9.8	12.0
Pension, health , and welfare funds	637	Ö	Ö	23.2	25.2	24.6	26.8	27.8	33.5
Title abstract offices		22.2	20.6	19.2	19.6	23.7	24.8	27.7	32.7
Services		17,636	18,340	18,888	19,262	20,365	21,561	22,650	23,754
Hotels and other ladeing places									
Hotels and other lodging places: Camps and trailering parks	702	14.4	15.0	14.3	15.2	16.8	18.3	18.0	19.2
Other lodging places		16.1	15.5	14.3	14.6	15.3	15.3	15.5	16.2
Personal services									
Personal services: Barber shops	724	27.6	25.7	23.9	23.8	23.4	21.2	20.1	19.3
Shoe repair and miscellaneous personal services	725,9	139.9	168.4	183.2	190.4	206.6	222.6	242.0	260.7
Business services:									
Outdoor, radio, TV, advertising, nec	7312.3.9	C)	(')	40.3	41.8	46.2	48.1	51.9	55.1
News syndicates		l ŏ l	ŏ	7.2	7.7	8.2	8.3	8.5	9.0
Personnel supply services, nec		ŏ	ŏ	30.2	30.0	35.7	46.5	53.9	70.5
Computer related services, nec		ŏ	ĕ	51.2	58.6	76.6	85.0	96.2	104.1
Trading stamp services		lŏ l	ĕ	7.2	7.5	6.4	6.1	4.1	3.0
Commercial testing laboratories	7397	ŏ I	Ö	39.0	36.7	40.5	44.9	46.5	47.1
Business services, nec		ŏ	ŏ	325.2	341.7	387.6	428.3	453.2	472.6
Auto repair, services, and garages:									
Automobile parking	752	37.2	37.5	38.8	39.9	41.9	43.8	46.9	48.6
Top and body repair shops		()	()	104.9	108.2	117.9	126.2	131.2	138.1
Tire retreading, painting, and automotive repair shops, nec		6	ĕ	110.6	113.5	123.7	131.0	133.9	136.8
General automotive repair shops		6 I	ĕ	143.4	149.3	166.7	179.2	183.9	186.6
			64.1	62.8	65.2	76.4			115.5
Automotive services, except repairs		68.7	04.11	UZ.0	00./	/0.4	88.0	97.6	110.0

#### Table 6. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1980-87-Continued

(In thousands)

Industry	1972 SIC Code	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
Services-Continued									
Miscellaneous repair services:									
Reupholstery and furniture repair	764	22.5	22.1	21.1	21.9	23.2	23.3	22.9	23.4
Miscellaneous repair services, nec	763,9	181.0	183.3	181.6	167.9	184.5	191.8	192.5	189.8
Motion pictures:									
Motion picture distribution and services	782	10.6	11.1	10.9	10.7	11.8	11.2	12.1	13.0
Amusement and recreation services:				:					
Producers, orchestras, entertainers		86.2	86.7	86.3	91.3	92.4	98.4	102.1	107.1
Bowling and billiard establishments		117.2	114.8	111.3	107.4	107.6	106.7	104.8	105.0
Commercial sports	794	64.2	62.1	64.0	65.2	69.3	68.6	74.0	73.0
Amusement and recreation services, nec	791,9	432.6	443.5	472.5	479.4	480.7	484.0	501.4	523.3
Health services:									
Offices of osteopathic physicians	803	23.9	25.1	26.3	27.5	28.7	29.4	30.7	32.3
		95.2	104.5	116.2	129.9	145.6	162.4	176.6	191.9
Health and allied services, nec	809	(')	(')	94.9	122.0	145.9	177.4	213.3	236.8
Educational services:									
Educational services, nec	823,9	70.9	69.9	69.0	65.4	71.3	72.6	77.9	83.9
Social services:									
Child day care services	835	303.2	294.6	298.2	302.7	314.7	338.7	360.7	381.0
Social services, nec	839	241.5	247.9	218.2	216.0	226.0	237.4	240.2	245.3
Membership organizations:									
Professional organizations	862	35.5	35.6	35.9	36.6	37.7	39.6	41.8	43.7
Religious organizations	866	892.3	885.2	898.5	880.6	855.6	843.9	823.9	851.0
	865,9	68.2	66.0	64.4	64.5	67.3	71.7	87.9	90.2
Miscellaneous services:									
Services, nec	899	(')	(')	21.0	21.1	22.7	24.5	25.8	25.8
Agricultural services:									
Veterinary services	074	(')	(')	72.9	77.2	81.9	87.0	94.1	100.4
Animal services, except veterinary	075	()	(')	34.1	35.4	38.2	39.7	41.4	42.2
Landscape and horticultural services	078	(')	()	122.4	131.4	154.2	181.0	1 <del>9</del> 9.2	220.4
Government		16,533	16,468	16,196	16,189	16,216	16,596	16,946	17,254
Federal		2,869	2,769	2,725	2,755	2,779	2,839	2,908	2,916
Small arms ammunition and ordnance		19.8	20.4	21.2	22.1	22.2	19.1	19.1	17.8
Other manufacturing		31.8	31.2	30.2	30.3	31.5	31.7	31.9	31.0
Trade		79.1	78.8	80.6	79.3	78.2	79.7	77.3	80.0
Finance		21.9	22.8	21.5	20.7	20.6	20.6	22.2	24.2
Other services		172.1	157.7	153.6	164.3	159.6	158.9	159.2	158.0
State		3,688	3,731	3,744	3,746	3,793	3,914	3,976	4,050
State government, excluding education		2,193.8	2,219.1	2,198.8	2,197.7	2,217.4	2,263.2	2,300.9	2,341.0
Construction		293.6	290.0	259.8	248.1	237.4	228.3	207.6	189.1
Transportation and public utilities Services		34.3 (')	34.4 (')	41.3 (')	44.0 (')	46.2 (')	45.4 .0	45.6 2,415.0	45.0 2,438.0
Social services		182.2	179.9	191.2	178.0	180.8	183.6	175.3	173.9
Services, except hospitals, education, and social services		124.3	144.3	124.4	123.7	122.9	124.2	125.8	119.4
All other State government		1,028.2	1,048.4	1,083.6	1,122.0	1,168.7	1,229.3	1,308.4	1,378.1
Local		9,976	9,968	9,728	9,688	9,644	9,843	10,062	10,288
Local government, excluding education		4,481.8	4,424.9	4,215.1	4,218.3	4,189.6	4.231.4	4,295.8	4,381.3
Services		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	.0	6,668.0	6,871.2
Social services		200.7	200.5	136.4	125.8	114.1	117.9	114.7	114.9
Services, except hospitals, education, and social services		174.4	164.7	158.7	166.2	166.9	177.9	187.9	198.3
		1							

Not available.

N.e.c. is an abbreviation for "not elsewhere classified" and designates broad categories of industries which cannot be more specifically identified. NOTE: This table includes data for totals and some industry divisions which are published regularly.

					1988					1989			
Industry	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	м	
Total'													
fining	. 98.9	99.5	100.3	100 6	100.9	100.9	100.9	101.3	100.7	99.1	98.5	9	
Oil and gas extraction			99.1	99.9		100.8		101.6		101.0	96.5 99.7	9	
Oil and gas extraction	. 30.5	30.5	33.1	33.3	100.2	100.0	100.7	101.0	102.1	101.0	33.1	3	
Construction	. 97.0	101.0	103.8	105.8	106.8	105.5	105.2	102.7	99.0	91.3	89.9	9	
General building contractors								102.8		93.6	91.7	9	
Aanufacturing'													
Durable goods <sup>1</sup>													
Lumber and wood products	98.1	99.9	102.4	102.6	103.3	102.8	101.5	100.1	98.6	96.7	96.8	9	
Furniture and fixtures			99.7	97.4	99.7	100.4		101.1	101.0	100.4	100.1	ġ	
Stone, clay, and glass products							101.5	100.7	98.9	96.5	96.0		
Primary metal industries		100.3		98.7	99.6		99.6	99.8		100.1	100.2		
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	. 99.9	100.1	100.5	100.2	100.1	100.3	99.3	99.5	100.3	100.1	99.9	10	
Fabricated metal products <sup>2</sup>	. 99.7	100.0	100.4	98.9	99.9	100.7	100.6	100.6	100.4	99.6	99.5		
Machinery, except electrical <sup>2</sup>		100.2	100.5	99.6	99.5	99.9	99.8	99.8	100.2	100.0	100.1	10	
Electrical and electronic equipment		99.6	100.3	99.5	100.0	100.3	100.4	100.4	100.4	100.1	99.8		
Transportation equipment			100.2	98.7			100.2	100.7	101.0	99.8	100.3		
Motor vehicles and equipment				98.0		101.0		101.1	101.7	99.0	100.2		
Instruments and related products			100.4	99.9				100.1	100.3	99.9	99.9		
Miscellaneous manufacturing	.  99.6	100.0	100.8	97.6	100.7	101.6	102.4	102.2	99.7	97.6	98.4		
Nondurable goods <sup>1</sup>													
Food and kindred products	. 96.5	97.6	100.2	102.4	105.4	105.0	102.5	100.9	99.4	97.0	96.7		
Tobacco manufactures	. 93.8	93.8	94.3	93.6	100.8	107.2	107.3	102.7	105.0	104.5	100.3		
Textile mill products <sup>2</sup>		100.1	100.5	98.3	100.5	100.7	100.5	100.4	100.1	99.5	99.7		
Apparel and other textile products				96.9			101.1	100.7	100.0	99.3	99.9		
Paper and allied products		99.7	100.9	100.1				100.2	100.2	99.5	99.4	1	
Printing and publishing				99.8						99.9			
Chemicals and allied products						100.3		99.9	99.8	99.4	99.5		
Petroleum and coal products			101.8					99.8	98.7	98.1	97.8		
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products				96.6 95.2		100.3 101.2				99.9 98.9	100.0 99.0		
ransportation and public utilities'							_						
Transportation										98.5	98.3		
Communication and public utilities	. 99.6	99.8	100.6	100.9	100.8	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.5	99.5		
Vholesale trade <sup>1</sup> Durable goods	. 99.8	100.0	100.5	100.5	100.5	100.1	100.2	100.1	100.1	00.5	99.4		
Nondurable goods <sup>2</sup>									100.1	99.5 98.9	99.4 98.7	1	
Retail trade	. 98.9	100.0	100.8	100.5	100.7	100.5	100.4	101.5	103.3	98.5	97.3		
General merchandise stores		96.9							112.3			1	
Food stores	. 98.9	99.6	100.3	100.4	100.3	100.2	100.2	101.2	102.1	99.4	98.9		
Automotive dealers and service stations						100.7 102.7		99.7 99.1	99.5 99.1		98.6 95.7		
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>1</sup> Finance	. 99.7	00.8	100.6	101.0	100.8	99.9	99.6	99.7	99.8	99.8	99.5		
Insurance			100.3				99.8	99.9			99.9		
Real estate					103.8			99.0	•	96.6			
Services	. 100.3	100.5	100.8	100.9	100.6	100.3	100.4	99.9	99.6	98.3	99.0		
Business services									100.4	98.5	98.2	ł.	
Health services				100.5			100.0			99.8	99.7		
Government'													
Federal	. 100.0	100.4	101.2	101.4	100.8	99.3	99.3	99.4	99.7	99.3	99.4		
State				94.6		98.0	102.4	102.9		99.3	102.4	1	
Local	. 102.3	1102 6	101.4	93.2	91.8	078	101.5	1025	102.1	100.4	101.9	1 1	

<sup>c</sup> Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the component series. <sup>2</sup> No ARIMA models were identified to extend the unadjusted

series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·															
		1		·	1988			1			1989	<b></b>			
Industry	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Ma			
Total'															
lining	100.0	99.8	99.9	101.6	100.2	99.7	99.6	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.9	10			
Construction		99.7	101.2	101.9	101.9	101.2	101.3	100.8	99.7	97.7	97.3	9			
fanufacturing <sup>1</sup>															
Durable goods <sup>1</sup>															
Lumber and wood products							101.3	99.7	98.9	97.3					
Furniture and fixtures		99.8	99.7	97.0	99.2	99.8	100.7	101.1	101.1	100.7	100.3	10			
Stone, clay, and glass products		99.9	101.5	100.1	100.9	101.3	101.0	100.4	99.6	98.4	98.5				
Primary metal industries	100.3	100.2	100.4	98.4	99.9	100.0	100.2	100.4	100.1	99.6	100.1	1			
Fabricated metal products	100.0	100.2	100.6	98.3	99.6	100.5	100.7	100.7	100.4	99.7	99.6				
Machinery, except electrical	100.4	100.5	100.7	99.8	99.3	99.4	99.6	99.7	100.1	100.0	100.2	1			
Electrical and electronic equipment		99.7	100.1	99.1	99.9	100.5	100.6	100.7	100.7	100.0	99.7				
Transportation equipment		99.8	100.2	99.2	98.9	100.6	100.4	100.8	100.6	99.9	99.8	1			
instruments and related products	100.1	100.0	100.5	99.4	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.3	100.3	99.9	99.9	1			
Miscellaneous manufacturing	99.5	99.6	100.8	96.6	101.1	102.3	104.1	103.4	99.9	96.4	97.5				
Nondurable goods <sup>1</sup>															
Food and kindred products <sup>2</sup>	94.5	95.8	99.4	102.7	108.8	108.3	104.6	101.7	99.4	95.3	94.9				
Tobacco manufactures	92.3	91.5	92.2	87.9	99.0	110.5	110.7	106.6	106.8	105.2	101.6				
Textile mill products	99.9	100.0	100.6	98.3	100.5	100.9	100.7	100.6	100.2	99.3	99.3				
Apparel and other textile products	100.5	100.4	100.9	96.4	99.9	100.7	101.1	100.7	100.0	99.2	100.1	1			
Paper and allied products	99.3	99.9	101.3	100.5	101.0	100.7	100.6	100.6	100.1	98.7	98.5				
Printing and publishing	100.3	100.0	100.1	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.9	100.5	100.4	99.8	99.9	1			
Chemicals and allied products	99.5	99.6	100.9	100.8	100.8	100.6	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.1	99.5				
Petroleum and coal products		(3)	(*)	ീ	(3)	ീ	(°)	(3)	ീ	(3)	(3)				
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	100.1	99.9	100.8	97.9	99.3	100.3	100.8	100.5	100.2	99.9	100.1	1			
Leather and leather products	99.5	100.2	101.3	95.5	102.1	101.7	101.7	102.0	100.1	98.5	98.6				
ransportation and public utilities	100.1	100.3	100.3	98.9	98.7	100.6	100.9	100.6	100.6	99.7	99.6	1			
Vholesale trade	99.6	99.6	100.1	99.9	100.0	100.3	100.9	100.8	100.6	99.3	99.4	1			
Retail trade	98.4	99.6	100.4	100.1	100.3	100.4	100.7	102.5	104.8	98.6	96.9				
inance, insurance, and real estate	99.9	100.0	100.7	100.9	100.8	99.9	99.7	99.7	99.9	99.5	99.4	:			
ervices	100.4	100.4	100.2	100.0	99.7	100.0	100.5	100.2	100.0	99.0	99.6	10			
iovernment <sup>1</sup>															
Federal	100.0	100.5	101.5	101.8	100.8	99.4	99.2	99.3	99.6	99.1	99.3	9			
State		101.5	96.6	93.6	93.6	97.8	102.5	103.1	102.4	99.8	102.9	10			
Local			100.9	88.7	87.3	97.4	102.5	103.9		101.7	103.3				

Table 8. Seasonal adjustment factors for women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by industry

Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the

<sup>2</sup> No ARIMA models were identified to extend the unadjusted series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option.

<sup>3</sup> Seasonal adjustment factors are not computed because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficent precision.

					1988					1989				
Industry	Anr	May	luna	luke	A	Sont	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	lan	Feb.	Mar.		
	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Uci.	NOV.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	mar.		
Total private <sup>2</sup>														
Mining	98.5	<del>9</del> 9.3	100.3	100.7	101.0	101.2	101.2	102.0	101.0	98.9	97.9	98.		
Construction	96.3	101.2	104.6	107.0	108.3	106.9	106.5	103.4	98.6	89.3	87.6	90.		
Manufacturing <sup>2</sup>														
Durable goods <sup>2</sup>														
Lumber and wood products	97.9	99.8	102.4	103.0	103.7	103.2	101.8	100.2	98.5	96.3	96.4	96.		
Furniture and fixtures	99.9	99.2	99.6	96.8	99.6	100.5	101.0	101.3	101.3	100.5	100.2	100.		
Stone, clay, and glass products	99.4	101.3	102.6	101.8	102.6	102.6	101.9	101.0	98.7	95.8	95.3	97.		
Primary metal industries	100.3	100.3	100.5	98.2	99.6	100.5	99.6	99.9	100.2	100.2	100.2	100.		
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	99.6	100.0	100.4	100.0	100.3	100.7	99.3	99.6	100.4	100.1	99.7	99.		
Fabricated metal products <sup>3</sup>	99.8	100.0	100.6	98.6	99.8	100.9	100.8	100.7	100.4	99.5	99.4	99.		
Machinery, except electrical	100.4	100.3	100.6	99.1	99.0	100.0	99.8	99.8	100.2	100.1	100.1	100.		
Electrical and electronic equipment	99.6	99.6	100.1	98.6	99.6	100.5	100.6	100.7	100.7	100.3	99.9	99.		
Transportation equipment	100.3	100.4	100.4	97.5	96.5	100.5	100.3	101.1	101.6	100.0	100.8	100.		
Motor vehicles and equipment	100.4	100.7	101.2	97.0	95.0	101.0	100.5	101.5	102.2	99.1	100.4	101.		
Instruments and related products	100.0	99.9	100.6	99.4	99.9	99.9	99.7	100.2	100.4	99.8	100.0	100.		
Miscellaneous manufacturing	99.5	99.9	100.9	97.2	101.2	102.2	103.3	103.0	99.4	96.5	97.8	99.		
Nondurable goods <sup>2</sup>														
Food and kindred products	95.4	96.7	99.9	103.0	107.1	106.8	103.4	101.3	99.3	96.1	95.7	95.		
Tobacco manufactures	92.4	91.8	92.2	91.5	100.8	109.8	109.5	103.7	106.6	105.7	100.5	95.		
Textile mill products <sup>3</sup>		100.0	100.6	98.0	100.6	100.8	100.5	100.5	100.2	99.5	99.6	99.		
Apparel and other textile products		100.3	101.0	96.5	100.1	100.9	101.2	100.9	99.9	99.0	99.9	99.		
Paper and allied products	99.5	99.7	101.1	100.0	100.3	100.4	100.2	100.3	100.2	99.5	99.5	99.		
Printing and publishing	100.4	100.2	100.1	99.5	99.5	99.6	99.9	100.5	100.7	99.8	99.8	99.		
Chemicals and allied products	99.9	99.9	100.9	100.5	100.6	100.5	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.1	99.6	99.		
Petroleum and coal products				102.6	102.4		100.9	100.0		97.3	96.8			
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products			100.8	98.2	99.3	100.2	100.4	100.4	100.2	99.8	100.1	100.		
Leather and leather products	99.5	100.3	101.8	94.9	102.2	101.5	101.7	101.9	100.2	98.7	98.8	98.		
Transportation and public utilities	99.4	100.0	100.7	99.9	99.9	101.0	101.1	100.7	100.9	98.8	98.7	98.		
Wholesale trade	99.5	99.9	100.6	100.7	100.7	100.4	100.6	100.3	100.2	99.1	98.9	99.		
Retail trade	98.7	100.0	100.8	100.5	100.7	100.5	100.4	101.7	103.7	98.4	97.1	97.		
Finance, insurance, and real estate	99.6	100.0	101.2	101.8	101.6	100.2	99.7	99.5	99.8	98.9	98.7	99.		
Services	100.3	100.5	100.8	100.9	100.6	100.3	100.5	100.0	99.6	98.1	98.9	99.		

#### Table 9. Seasonal adjustment factors for production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by industry

\* Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. <sup>2</sup> Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the

component series.

<sup>3</sup> No ARIMA models were identified to extend the unadjusted series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option.

		_			1988						1989	
Industry						-						
	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Ma
Total private <sup>2</sup>									1			
Mining	(³)	(?)	(³)	്	(³)	(³)	(³)	(?)	ീ	ീ	(*)	(3
Construction	ീ	(³)	ീ	( <sup>3</sup> )	(³)	( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> )	ീ	(3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	(*)	(3
Manufacturing <sup>2</sup>												
Durable goods <sup>2</sup>												
Lumber and wood products	99.9	101.1	101.7	99.6	100.7	100.8	100.4	99.2	100.2	98.2	98.8	9
Furniture and fixtures	98.9	98.9	100.1	98.1	100.7	101.3	101.9	101.1	103.2	98.1	98.5	9
Stone, clay, and glass products	100.1	101.1	101.0	100.7	101.0	101.1	101.1	100.0		97.4	97.7	9
Primary metal industries	99.9	99.7	100.2	99.0	99.1	100.1	99.5	100.4	101.5	100.2	100.2	10
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	100.5	99.9	100.4	100.0	99.0	100.2	99.1	100.1	101.1	99.9	100.1	9
Fabricated metal products	99.3	99.6	100.3	98.3	99.4	100.1	100.3	100.7	102.4	100.1	99.3	10
Machinery, except electrical	99.5	99.6	100.2	98.4	99.0	99.9	99.7	100.6	102.7	100.3	99.8	10
Electrical and electronic equipment	99.0	99.3	100.1	98.5	99.5		-			100.5	99.3	1 1
Transportation equipment	99.8		99.9	98.0	98.0	99.2	99.6				100.1	
Motor vehicles and equipment	99.9		99.9	97.9	97.1	99.0					100.3	
Instruments and related products	99.3				99.3						99.8	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	99.3	99.5		98.2	99.5						99.1	9
Nondurable goods <sup>2</sup>												
Food and kindred products	98.6	100.1	99.9	99.8	100.9	101.4	100.5	100.7	101.5	99.8	98.3	9
Tobacco manufactures	ീ	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	(?)	(*)	ീ	(?)	( <sup>3</sup> )	(
Textile mill products	98.5	99.7	100.7	98.3	100.5	100.8	100.6	100.9	101.4	99.5	99.4	ġ
Apparel and other textile products	98.3	100.0	100.8	99.3	100.3	99.7	100.6	100.9	101.4	99.3	99.2	10
Paper and allied products	99.2	99.6	99.8	99.3	99.4	100.9	100.2	100.6	102.0	100.3	99.4	9
Printing and publishing	99.6		99.0	99.4	100.4	101.0	100.3	100.7	101.9	99.2	99.1	10
Chemicals and allied products	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.2	99.4		99.6		101.3		99.8	9
Petroleum and coal products	()	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	്	(3)	(*)	(3)	(3)	(3)	Ć
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	99.5	99.8	100.2	98.6	99.5			100.6			99.5	
Leather and leather products	99.2		102.6					100.2		99.0	97.3	9
Transportation and public utilities	99.3	99.6	100.4	100.8	101.0	100.3	100.2	100.3	100.3	98.9	99.5	9
Wholesale trade	99.7	100.1	100.4	100.3	100.4	100.1	100.2	100.1	100.5	99.6	99.2	9
Retail trade	99.1	99.8	101.2	102.4	102.8	100.2	99.6	99.4	101.5	97.5	98.0	9
Finance, insurance, and real estate	ീ	ീ	(³)	(?)	(³)	(³)	(³)	ീ	(°)	(³)	(³)	(
Services	99.7	99.8	100.6	100.9	101.1	99.7	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.5	99.7	9

## Table 10. Seasonal adjustment factors for average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by industry

<sup>•</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. <sup>2</sup> Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the

component series. <sup>3</sup> Seasonal adjustment factors are not computed because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

#### Table 11. Seasonal adjustment factors for average weekly overtime hours of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

		_			1988						1989	
Industry group	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Manufacturing'												
Durable goods Nondurable goods	94.6 93.2			93.9 98.1					111.1 104.5		97.2 93.7	99.1 95.1

Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the

component series.

#### Table 12. Seasonal adjustment factors for average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers'on private nonagricultural payrolls by industry

					1988						1989	
Industry division	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total private <sup>2</sup>												
Mining	( <sup>3</sup> )	ീ	(³)	(°)	( <sup>3</sup> )	(°)	(³)	(³)	( <sup>3</sup> )	(°)	(°)	(*)
Construction	99.6	99.7	99.4	99.1	99.7	100.7	100.8	100.2	100.5	100.6	99.9	99.8
Manufacturing	100.1	99.9	99.8	99.9	99.2	99.9	99.6	100.1	100.6	100.5	100.2	100.2
Transportation and public utilities	99.8	99.4	99.5	99.7	99.7	100.3	100.0	100.7	100.6	100.1	100.4	99.8
Wholesale trade <sup>4</sup>	100.0	<del>9</del> 9.9	<del>9</del> 9.9	99.6	99.5	100.0	99.5	100.1	100.4	100.3	100.6	100.2
Retail trade	100.2	100.0	99.6	99.2	99.0	100.4	100.1	100.2	100.0	100.6	100.5	100.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate	100.5	100.1	99.8	99.2	99.4	99.6	99.3	100.1	99.5	100.5	101.3	100.8
Services	100.1	99.6	99.1	98.5	98.4	<del>9</del> 9.9	100.1	100.7	100.7	101.1	101.0	100.6

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

<sup>2</sup> Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the component series.

Seasonal adjustment factors are not computed because the

seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

\* No ARIMA models were identified to extend the unadjusted series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option.

					1988						1989	
Industry division	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total private <sup>2</sup>		-			-							
Mining	(?)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	( <sup>3</sup> )	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Construction	99.7	100.0	99.7	99.4	99.9	100.8	101.0	100.1	100.3	100.1	99.4	99.5
Manufacturing <sup>2</sup>												
Durable goods Nondurable goods					99.5 99.5	99.9 99.7	99.7 99.5		100.2 100.2		100.2 100.2	
Transportation and public utilities	99.8	99.4	99.5	99.3	99.5	100.3	100.0	100.7	100.9	100.1	100.5	99.9
Wholesale trade	(*)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(°)	(³)
Retail trade	100.2	100.2	99.9	99.6	99.4	100.6	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.1	100.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(*)	(²)	(?)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(³)	്ര	(²)	(³)	(*)
Services	100.1	99.8	99.5	99.0	98.9	100.2	99.9	100.4	100.5	100.6	100.7	100.4

## Table 13. Seasonal adjustment factors for the Hourly Earnings Index for production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by industry

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. <sup>2</sup> Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the commonant service

seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with

<sup>3</sup> Seasonal adjustment factors are not computed because the

sufficient precision. NOTE: The Hourly Earnings Index excludes the effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to underlying wage rate movements--fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

#### A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1954 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

						Labor	force				
Year	Noninsti-					Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not in
and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilia	n		Percent	labor force
			population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	of labor force	
		•	•	·	A	nnual ave	rages	•	<b>-</b>		
954	110,463	65,785	59.6	62,251	2,142	60,109	6,205	53,904	3,532	5.4	44,678
955	111,747	67,087	60.0	64,234	2,064	62,170	6,450	55,722	2,852	4.3	44,660
956	112,919	68,517	60.7	65,764	1,965	63,799	6,283	57,514	2,750	4.0	44,402
957	114,213	68,877	60.3	66,019	1,948	<b>6</b> 4,071	5,947	58,123	2,859	4.2	45,336
958	115,574	69,486	60.1	64,883	1,847	63,036	5,586	57,450	4,602	6.6	46,088
959	117,117	70,157	59.9	66,418	1,788	64,630	5,565	59,065	3,740	5.3	46,960
960'	119,106	71,489	60.0	67,639	1,861	65,778	5,458	60,318	3,852	5.4	47,617
961	120,671	72,359	60.0	67,646	1,900	65,746	5,200	60,546	4,714	6.5	48,312
962 <sup>1</sup>	122,214	72,675	59.5	68,763	2,061	66,702	4,944	61,759	3,911	5.4	49,53
963	124,422	73,839	59.3	69,768	2,006	67,762	4,687	63,076	4,070	5.5	50,58
964	126,503	75,109	59.4	71,323	2,018	69,305	4,523	64,782	3,786	5.0	51,394
965	128,459	76,401	59.5	73,034	1,946	71,088	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.4	52,058
966	130,180	77,892	59.8	75,017	2,122	72,895	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.7	52,288
967	132,092	79,565	60.2	76,590	2,218	74,372	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.7	52,52
968	134,281	80,990	60.3	78,173	2,253	75,920	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.5	53,29
969	136,573	82,972	60.8	80,140	2,238	77,902	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.4	53,60
970	139,203	84,889	61.0	80,796	2,118	78,678	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.8	54,31
971	142,189	86,355	60.7	81,340	1,973	79,367	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.8	55,83
972 <sup>1</sup>	145,939	88,847	60.9	83,966	1,813	82,153	3,484	78,669	4,882	5.5	57,09
973'	148,870	91,203	61.3	86,838	1,774	85,064	3,470	81,594	4,365	4.8	57,66
974	151,841	93,670	61.7	88,515	1,721	86,794	3,515	83,279	5,156	5.5	58,17
975	154,831	95,453	61.6	87,524	1,678	85,846	3,408	82,438	7,929	8.3	59,37
976	157,818	97,826	62.0	90,420	1,668	88,752	3,331	85,421	7,406	7.6	59,99
977	160,689	100,665	62.6	93,673	1,656	92,017	3,283	88,734	6,991	6.9	60,02
1978'	163,541	103,882	63.5	97,679	1,631	96,048	3,387	92,661	6,202	6.0	59,659
1979	166,460	106,559	64.0	100,421	1,597	98,824	3,347	95,477	6,137	5.8	59,900
1980	169,349	108,544	64.1	100,907	1,604	99,303	3,364	95,938	7,637	7.0	60,80
1981	171,775	110,315	64.2	102,042	1,645	100,397	3,368	97,030	8,273	7.5	61,460
1982	173,939	111,872	64.3	101,194	1,668	99,526	3,401	96,125	10,678	9.5	62,067
1983	175,891	113,226	64.4	102,510	1,676	100,834	3,383	97,450	10,717	9.5	62,665
1984	178,080	115,241	64.7	106,702	1,697	105,005	3,321	101,685	8,539	7.4	62,839
985	179,912	117,167	65.1	108,856	1,706	107,150	3,179	103,971	8,312	7.1	62,744
1986'	182,293	119,540	65.6	111,303	1,706	109,597	3,163	106,434	8,237	6.9	62,752
1987	184,490	121,602	65.9	114,177	1,737	112,440	3,208	109,232	7,425	6.1	62,888
		1	,	1	Monthly d	ata, seaso	nally adjusted	d²	•	·	
1987:										•	
Мау	184,259	121,633	66.0	114,060	1,726	112,334	3,269	109,065	7,573	6.2	62,626
June	184,421	121,326	65.8	114,018	1,718	112,300	3,192	109,108	7,308	6.0	63,09
July	· ·	121,610	65.9	114,359	1,720	112,639	3,212	109,427	7,251	6.0	62,99
August	184,738	122,042	66.1	114,786	1,736	113,050	3,143	109,907	7,256	5.9	62,696
September	184,904	121,706	65.8	114,615	1,743	112,872	3,184	109,688	7,091	5.8	63,198
October	185,052	122,128	66.0	114,951	1,741	113,210	3,249	109,961	7,177	5.9	62,924
November	185,225 185,370	122,349	66.1 66.1	115,259	1,755	113,504 113,744	3,172	110,332 110,529	7,090	5.8 5.7	62,876 62,898
December	105,370	122,472	00.1	115,494	1,750	113,744	3,215	110,529	6,978	3.7	02,090
1988:	405 534	100.001	000	445 075	1 7 10		0.000	110 000	7.040		
January	185,571	122,924	66.2	115,878	1,749	114,129	3,293	110,836	7,046	5.7	62,64
February	185,705	123,084	66.3	116,145	1,736	114,409	3,228	111,182	6,938	5.6	62,62
March	185,847	122,639	66.0	115,839	1,736	114,103	3,204	110,899	6,801	5.5	63,208
April	185,964	123,055	66.2	116,445	1,732	114,713	3,228	111,485	6,610	5.4	62,909
May	186,088	122,692	65.9	115,909	1,714	114,195	3,035	111,160	6,783	5.5	63,396

<sup>1</sup> Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes. <sup>2</sup> The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for

seasonal variation.

NOTE: Revisions of seasonally adjusted monthly and quarterly data (shown in tables A-1 through A-3 and A-32 through A-53) for the most recent 5-year period are made at the end of each calendar year.

#### A-2. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1977 to date

#### (Numbers in thousands)

						Labor f	orce				
Sau yaar	Noninsti-					Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not in
Sex, year, and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilian	l		Percent of	labor force
			population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force	
	_					Annual aver	ages				-
MEN		50.050	70.4	50.004	4 500	F / 700	0.074				
977	76,756	59,959	78.1 78.3	56,291 58.010	1,563	54,728 56,479	2,671	52,057	3,667	6.1	16,79
78 <sup>1</sup>	78,107	61,151			1,531		2,718	53,761	3,142	5.1	16,95
79	79,509	62,215	78.2	59,096	1,489	57,607	2,686	54,921	3,120	5.0	17,29
80	80,877	62,932	77.8	58,665	1,479	57,186	2,709	54,477	4,267	6.8	17,94
81	82,023	63,486	77.4	58,909	1,512	57,397	2,700	54,697	4,577	7.2	18.53
82	83,052	63,979	77.0	57,800	1,529	56,271	2,736	53,534	6,179	9.7	19,07
83	84,064	64,580	76.8	58,320	1,533	56,787	2,704	54,083	6,260	9.7	19,48
84	85,156	65,386	76.8	60,642	1,551	59,091	2,668	56,423	4,744	7.3	19,73
85	86,025	65,967	76.7	61,447	1,556	59,891	2,535	57,356	4,521	6.9	20,0
861	87,349	66,973	76.7	62,443	1,551	60,892	2,511	58,381	4,530	6.8	20,37
87	88,476	67,784	76.6	63,684	1,577	62,107	2,543	59,564	4,101	6.1	20,69
	<u></u>	I	L		Monthly	data, seasor	nally adjusted <sup>2</sup>		I	I	L
87:											
May	88,361	67,802	76.7	63,543	1,566	61,977	2,594	59,383	4,259	6.3	20,55
une	88,442	67,623	76.5	63,543	1,559	61,984	2,530	59,454	4,080	6.0	20,8
uly	88,534	67,671	76.4	63,711	1,561	62,150	2,547	59,603	3,960	5.9	20,80
August	88,598	67,937	76.7	63,916	1,575	62,341	2,489	59,852	4,021	5.9	20,6
September	88,683	67,776	76.4	63,949	1,581	62,368	2,547	59,821	3,827	5.6	20.9
October	88,756	67,947	76.6	64,048	1,580	62,468	2,569	59,899	3,899	5.7	20,8
lovember	88,849	68,019	76.6	64,174	1,593	62,581	2,491	60,090	3,845	5.7	20,8
December	88,924	68,030	76.5	64,245	1,589	62,656	2,523	60,133	3,785	5.6	20,89
88:											
January	89,033	68,243	76.6	64,396	1,588	62,808	2,593	60,216	3,847	5.6	20,79
February	89,099	68,343	76.7	64,636	1,577	63,059	2,510	60,548	3,707	5.4	20,75
March	89,168	68,148	76.4	64,332	1,573	62,759	2,474	60,285	3,816	5.6	21,02
April May	89,225 89,287	68,445 68,318	76.7 76.5	64,892 64,583	1,569 1,553	63,323 63,030	2,467 2,391	60,856 60,639	3,553 3,736	5.2 5.5	20,78
ł						Annual aver	ages				[
WOMEN		[					-			[	[
	83,932	40,705	48.5	37,381	92	37,289	612	36,677	3,324	8.2	43,22
78 <sup>1</sup>	85,434	42,731	50.0	39,669	100	39,569	669	38,900	3,061	7.2	42,70
	86,951	44,343	51.0	41,325	108	41,217	661	40,556	3,018	6.8	42,60
	00.470	45.044	54.0	10.014	494	40.447	050		0.070		40.00
80	88,472 89,751	45,611	51.6	42,241 43,133	124	42,117 43,000	656 667	41,461	3,370	7.4 7.9	42,80
81		46,829	52.2		133			42,333	3,696		
82	90,887 91,827	47,894	52.7 53.0	43,395	139 143	43,256 44,047	665 680	42,591	4,499	9.4 9.2	42,99
83 84	92,924	48,646 49,855	53.0	44,190 46,061	143	44,047	653	43,367 45,262	4,457 3,794	9.2 7.6	43,10
85	93,886	49,855	53.7	46,061	140	45,915	644	45,202	3,794	7.6	43,0
861	94,944	52,568	55.4	48,861	155	48,706	652	48,054	3,707	7.1	42,3
87	96,013	53,818	56.1	50,494	160	50,334	666	49,668	3,324	6.2	42,19
	· · · ·				Monthly	data, seasor	nally adjusted <sup>2</sup>		L		L
987:									1		
May	95,898	53,831	56.1	50,517	160	50,357	675	49,682	3,314	6.2	42,06
une	95,979	53,703	56.0	50,475	159	50,316	662	49,654	3,228	6.0	42,27
uly	96,071	53,939	56.1	50,648	159	50,489	665	49,824	3,291	6.1	42,13
ugust	96,140	54,105	56.3	50,870	161	50,709	654	50,055	3,235	6.0	42,03
September	96,221	53,930	56.0	50,666	162	50,504	637	49,867	3,264	6.1	42,29
October	96,295	54,181	56.3	50,903	161	50,742	680	50,062	3,278	6.1	42,11
lovember	96,376	54,330	56.4	51,085	162	50,923	681	50,242	3,245	6.0	42,04
ecember	96,446	54,442	56.4	51,249	161	51,088	692	50,396	3,193	5.9	42,00
88:											
(anuan/	96,538	54,681	56.6	51,482	161	51,321	700	50,621	3,200	5.9	41,8
	00.000	E4 740	56.7	51,509	159	51,350	717	50,633	3,231	5.9	41,8
February	96,606	54,740									
January February March	96,679	54,491	56.4	51,507	163	51,344	730	50,614	2,985	5.5	42,18
February											42,18 42,12 42,42

<sup>1</sup> Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

<sup>2</sup> The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

#### A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1954 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

Year	Civilian		Civilian la	bor force		Un	employment ra	tes
and month	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Unemployed	Total	Men	Womer
			t	Annual	averages			*·
54	108,321	63,643	58.8	60,109	3,532	5.5	5.3	6.0
55	109,683	65,023	59.3	62,170	2,852	4.4	4.2	4.9
56	110,954	66,552	60.0	63,799	2,750	4.1	3.8	4.8
57	112,265	66,929	59.6	64,071	2,859	4.3	4.1	4.7
58	113,727	67,639	59.5	63,036	4,602	6.8	6.8	6.8
59	115,329	68,369	59.3	64,630	3,740	5.5	5.2	5.9
50 <sup>1</sup>	117.245	69.628	59.4	65,778	3,852	5.5	5.4	5.9
	118,771	70,459	59.3		1			
61				65,746	4,714	6.7	6.4	7.2
62 <sup>1</sup>	120,153	70,614	58.0	66,702	3,911	5.5	5.2	6.2
63	122,416	71,833	58.7	67,762	4,070	5.7	5.2	6.5
64	124,485	73,091	58.7	69,305	3,786	5.2	4.6	6.2
65	126,513	74,455	58.9	71,088	3,366	4.5	4.0	5.5
66	128,058	75,770	59.2	72,895	2,875	3.8	3.2	4.8
67	129,874	77,347	59.6	74,372	2,975	3.8	3.1	5.2
68	132,028	78,737	59.6	75,920	2,817	3.6	2.9	4.8
69	134,335	80,734	60.1	77,902	2,832	3.5	2.8	4.7
70	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	4,093	4.9	4.4	5.9
71	140,216	84,382	60.2	79,367	5,016	5.9	5.3	6.9
72'	144,126	87,034	60.4	82,153	4,882	5.6	5.0	6.6
73'	147,096	89,429	60.8	85,064	4,365	4.9	4.2	6.0
74	150,120	91,949	61.3	86,794	5,156	5.6	4.9	6.7
75	153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	7,929	8.5	7.9	9.3
76	156,150	96,158	61.6	88,752	7,406	7.7	7.1	8.6
77	159,033	99,009	62.3	92,017	6,991	7.1	6.3	
	,							8.2
78 <sup>1</sup> 79	161,910 164,863	102,251 104,962	63.2 63.7	96,048 98,824	6,202 6,137	6.1 5.8	5.8 5.1	7.2
~	407 745	100.040	60.0	00.000	7 007	74		
80	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	7,637	7.1	6.9	7.4
81	170,130	108,670	63.9	100,397	8,273	7.6	7.4	7.9
82	172,271	110,204	64.0	99,526	10,678	9.7	9.9	9.4
83	174,215	111,550	64.0	100,834	10,717	9.6	9.9	9.2
84	176,383	113,544	64.4	105,005	8,539	7.5	7.4	7.6
85	178,206	115,461	64.8	107,150	8,312	7.2	7.0	7.4
86'	180,587	117,834	65.3	109,597	8,237	7.0	6.9	7.1
87	182,753	119,865	65.6	112,440	7,425	6.2	6.2	6.2
			N	fonthly data, se	asonally adjusted	!		
987:								
May	182,533	119,907	65.7	112,334	7,573	6.3	6.4	6.2
lune	162,703	119,608	65.5	112,300	7,308	6.1	6.2	6.0
	182,865		65.6			6.0	6.0	
luly	•	119,890		112,639	7,251			6.1
lugust	183,002	120,306	65.7	113,050	7,256	6.0	6.1	6.0
September	183,161	119,963	65.5	112,872	7,091	5.9	5.8	6.1
October	183,311	120,387	65.7	113,210	7,177	6.0	5.9	6.1
lovember December	183,470 163,620	120,594 120,722	65.7 65.7	113,504 113,744	7,090 6,978	5.9 5.8	5.8 5.7	6.0 5.9
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	· <b>, ·</b>						
88: January	183,822	121,175	65.9	114,129	7,046	5.8	5.8	5.9
	183,969		66.0			5.7	5.6	5.9
ebruary		121,348		114,409	6,938			
March	184,111	120,903	65.7	114,103	6,801	5.6	5.7	5.5
April	184,232	121,323	65.9	114,713	6,610	5.4	5.3	5.6
May	184,374	120,976	65.6	114,195	6,783	5.6	5.6	5.6

<sup>1</sup> Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the

Explanatory Notes. <sup>2</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

#### A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

#### (Numbers in thousands)

	}				May	1988					
			Civi	lian labor force	•			Not	in labor for	rce	
Ago soy and race	Civilian				Unemp	ployed					
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other
TOTAL				-							
6 years and ever	194 274	120,775	65.5	114,222	6,553	5.4	63,599	28,308	9 0 4 1	3,256	23,19
6 years and over 16 to 19 years		7,652	52.4	6,459	1,193	15.6	6,937	20,300	8,841 6.070	3,256	23,19
16 to 17 years		3,058	41.5	2,556	502	16.4	4,309	89	4,072	8	14
18 to 19 years		4,595	63.6	3,903	691	15.0	2,628	275	1,998	22	33
20 to 24 years		14,303	77.4	12,975	1,328	9.3	4,175	1,612	1,727	96	74
25 to 54 years		83,794	82.9	80,252	3,541	4.2	17,333	12,094	990	1,242	3,00
25 to 34 years 25 to 29 years		35,444	83.3 83.7	33,646	974	5.1	7,100 3,472	5,015 2,390	658 379	343 172	1,08
30 to 34 years		17,622	82.9	16,799	823	4.7	3,629	2,626	279	171	5
35 to 44 years		29,242	84.4	28,092	1,150	3.9	5,418	3,839	265	414	9
35 to 39 years		15,815	84.2	15,157	658	4.2	2,976	2,164	148	188	4
40 to 44 years	15,870	13,427	84.6	12,935	492	3.7	2,442	1,680	117	226	4
45 to 54 years		19,108 10,645	79.9 82.7	18,515 10,281	593 365	3.1 3.4	4,814	3,241	67 40	484 220	1,0
45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years		8,462	76.6	8,234	228	2.7	2,231 2,584	1,575 1,666	40 27	220	6
55 to 64 years		11,771	54.4	11,378	393	3.3	9,865	4,875	39	734	4,2
55 to 59 years	. 10,844	7,129	65.7	6,904	226	3.2	3,714	2,155	28	331	1,2
60 to 64 years		4,641	43.0	4,474	167	3.6	6,150	2,721	11	403	3,0
65 years and over 65 to 69 years		3,255 1,952	11.4 19.9	3,157 1,887	98 64	3.0 3.3	25,289	9,361	16	1,154	14,75 4,58
70 to 74 years		822	10.7	807	15	1.8	7,863 6,874	3,002 2,550	10 6	270 225	4,5
75 years and over		482	4.4	464	18	3.7	10,552	3,809	Ŭ	659	6,0
Men											
	87,734	66,719	76.0	63,143	3,575	5.4	21,016	526	4 274	1,794	14.2
6 years and over 16 to 19 years		4,022	54.9	3,398	624	15.5	3,310	526 7	4,374 3,071	1,794	14,3
16 to 17 years		1,631	43.4	1,371	260	15.9	2,127	4	2,055	3	-
18 to 19 years		2,391	66.9	2,027	364	15.2	1,183	4	1,016	15	14
20 to 24 years		7,588	84.8	6,877	711	9.4	1,364	23	904	71	3
25 to 54 years		46,275	93.6	44,338	1,937	4.2	3,150	182	379	816	1,7
25 to 34 years		19,645 9,774	94.0 93.5	18,653 9,252	992 522	5.1 5.3	1,258 677	58 30	288 201	241 118	6
30 to 34 years		9,871	94.4	9,401	470	4.8	581	29	87	123	3
35 to 44 years		16,025	94.6	15,397	629	3.9	921	60	75	292	4
35 to 39 years		8,734	94.9	8,386	348	4.0	471	25	38	145	2
40 to 44 years		7,291	94.2	7,011	280	3.8	450 971	35 65	37	147	2:
45 to 54 years		10,605 5,842	91.6 93.7	10,289 5,650	316 193	3.0 3.3	393	23	16 8	283 128	2
50 to 54 years	1 í.	4,762	89.2	4,639	123	2.6	578	41	9	156	3
55 to 64 years		6,856	67.3	6,599	257	3.8	3,333	90	20	465	2,7
55 to 59 years		4,131	80.1	3,993	138	3.3	1,029	45	19	221	7.
60 to 64 years		2,725	54.2 16.7	2,606 1,931	119 46	4.4 2.3	2,304 9,859	46 223	1	244 425	2,0 9,2
65 years and over		1,126	25.2	1,931	32	2.3	3,334	223 70		138	3,1
70 to 74 years		520	15.7	516	4	.8	2,796	43		97	2,6
75 years and over	4,060	331	8.2	321	10	2.9	3,729	110		190	3,4
Women											
i years and over		54,057	55.9	51,079	2,978	5.5	42,583	27,781	4,467	1,462	8,81
16 to 19 years		3,630	50.0	3,061	570	15.7	3,627	357	2,999	12	25
16 to 17 years		1,427 2,203	39.5 60.4	1,185 1,876	242 327	17.0 14.9	2,182 1,445	86 271	2,017 982	5 7	11
18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years		6,715	70.5	6,099	616	9.2	2,812	1,589	823	26	3
25 to 54 years		37,518	72.6	35,914	1,604	4.3	14,183	11,912	611	426	1,2
25 to 34 years		15,798	73.0	14,993	806	5.1	5,843	4,957	370	102	4
25 to 29 years		8,047	74.2	7,595	452	5.6	2,795	2,360	178	54	20
30 to 34 years		7,751	71.8 74.6	7,398 12,695	353 522	4.6 3.9	3,048 4,497	2,597 3,779	192 190	48 122	2
35 to 39 years		7,081	73.9	6,771	310	4,4	2,505	2,135	110	43	2
40 to 44 years		6,136	75.5	5,924	212	3.5	1,992	1,645	80	79	1
45 to 54 years	. 12,347	8,503	68.9	8,226	277	3.3	3,844	3,176	51	201	4
45 to 49 years		4,803	72.3	4,631	172	3.6	1,838	1,552	32	92	10
50 to 54 years		3,700	64.8	3,595	105	2.8	2,006	1,625	18	110	25
5 to 64 years 55 to 59 years		4,915 2,999	42.9 52.8	4,779 2,911	136 88	2.8 2.9	6,532 2,685	4,785 2,110	19 9	270 110	1,4
60 to 64 years		1,916	33.3	1,868	48	2.5	3,846	2,675	10	159	45 1,00
5 years and over		1,278	7.7	1,227	52	4.0	15,430	9,138	15	729	5,54
65 to 69 years	. 5,354	826	15.4	793	32	3.9	4,529	2,932	10	132	1,45
70 to 74 years		302 151	6.9 2.2	291 143	11 8	3.6 5.2	4,078 6,823	2,507 3,699	6	128 469	1,43
75 years and over											2,65

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	-				Мау	1988					
			Civi	lian labor force	•			Not	in labor for	сө	
<b>A</b>	Civilian				Unem	ployed					
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
WHITE	1. II IIII										
6 years and over	158.034	104.125	65.9	99,414	4,711	4.5	53,909	24,574	6,650	2,468	20,217
16 to 19 years	11,876	6,614	55.7	5,746	868	13.1	5,262	265	4,596	25	375
16 to 17 years	5,945	2,643	44.5	2,282	362	13.7	3,302	65	3,111	6	120
18 to 19 years	5,931	3,971	67.0	3,464	507	12.8	1,960	201	1,485	19	255
20 to 24 years	15,331	12,260	80.0	11,358	902	7.4	3,070	1,236	1,313	58	462
25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years	86,132 35,860	71,894 30,173	83.5 84.1	69,335 28,905	2,558 1,268	3.6 4.2	14,239 5,687	10,263 4,143	700 477	935 248	2,340
25 to 29 years	17,885	15,141	84.7	14,462	679	4.5	2,744	1,955	285	132	372
30 to 34 years	17,975	15,032	83.6	14,442	589	3.9	2,942	2,189	191	116	44
35 to 44 years	29,702	25,182	84.8	24,354	829	3.3	4,519	3,325	176	333	684
35 to 39 years	15,983	13,502	84.5	13,030	471	5.6	2,482	1,904	90	151	37
40 to 44 years	13,718	11,681	85.2	11,324	356	3.0	2,038	1,471	86	182	31
45 to 54 years 45 to 49 years	20,571 11,057	16,538 9,195	80.4 83.2	16,076 8,911	462 283	2.8	4,033 1,863	2,794 1,355	47	354 157	83 32-
50 to 54 years	9,513	7,343	77.2	7,164	179	3.9	2,170	1,479	19	197	51
55 to 64 years	19,028	10,454	54.9	10,146	307	2.9	8,574	4,282	24	560	3,70
55 to 59 years	9,464	6,305	66.6	6,130	175	2.8	3,159	1,875	14	246	1,024
60 to 64 years	9,564	4,149	43.4	4,016	133	3.2	5,416	2,407	10	314	2,68
65 years and over	25,667	2,904	11.3	2,829	74	2.6	22,764	8,528	15	889	13,331
65 to 69 years 70 to 74 years	8,756 6,912	1,743 719	19.9 10.4	1,694 709	50 11	2.9 1.5	7,013 6,193	2,668 2,333	10	208 173	4,128
75 years and over	9,999	442	4.4	427	14	3.2	9,557	3,527	0	509	5,522
Men									i .		
	75,769	58,136	76.7	55,508	2,627	4.5	17,633	398	3,305	1,404	12,526
6 years and over 16 to 19 years	5,988	3,433	57.3	2,985	448	13.0	2,554	9	2,352	1,404	12,520
16 to 17 years	3,042	1,394	45.8	1,214	180	12.9	1,648	4	1,586	3	55
18 to 19 years	2,946	2,039	69.2	1,772	268	13.1	906	5	765	14	122
20 to 24 years	7,499	6,541	87.2	6,048	494	7.6	958	19	693	39	206
25 to 54 years	42,614	40,255	94.5	38,811	1,444	3.6	2,359	106	255	644	1,354
25 to 34 years	17,856 8,878	16,947 8,403	94.9 94.7	16,214 8,022	733	4.3 4.5	909 475	35 12	206	171 91	49
25 to 29 years 30 to 34 years	8,978	8,544	95.2	8,191	352	4.1	434	23	57	80	274
35 to 44 years	14,684	14,011	95.4	13,551	461	3.3	672	31	39	242	36
35 to 39 years	7,929	7,591	95.7	7,335	255	3.4	339	12	19	118	190
40 to 44 years	6,754	6,421	95.1	6,215	205	3.2	334	19	20	124	17
45 to 54 years	10,074	9,297	92.3	9,047	250	2.7	777	40	10	232	49
45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years	5,431 4,643	5,115 4,182	94.2 90.1	4,964 4,082	150	2.9 2.4	317 461	19 21	4	103 129	190
55 to 64 years	9,014	6,124	67.9	5,922	202	3.3	2,891	77	5	370	2,439
55 to 59 years	4,540	3,694	81.4	3,582	112	3.0	846	38	4	167	63
60 to 64 years	4,475	2,430	54.3	2,340	90	3.7	2,045	39	1	203	1,80
65 years and over	10,654	1,782	16.7	1,743 996	39	2.2 2.6	8,871	187 49	1	333 103	8,35
65 to 69 years 70 to 74 years	3,995 2,985	1,023 461	25.6	458	27	2.0	2,972 2,524	49		85	2,82
75 years and over	3,674	299	8.1	289	9	3.2	3,375	96	1	145	3,134
Women									}		
6 years and over	82,265	45,989	55.9	43,906	2,083	4.5	36,276	24,176	3,344	1,064	7,69
16 to 19 years	5,888	3,181	54.0	2,760	420	13.2	2,707	256	2,245	8	199
16 to 17 years	2,903 2,985	1,249 1,931	43.0 64.7	1,068	181 239	14.5 12.4	1,654 1,054	60 196	1,525	3	65 130
18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years	2,985	5,719	73.0	5,310	409	7.1	2,113	1,217	620	19	25
25 to 54 years	43,518	31,639	72.7	30,524	1,114	3.5	11,880	10,157	445	291	986
25 to 34 years	18,004	13,226	73.5	12,692	535	4.0	4,778	4,108	270	77	32
25 to 29 years	9,007	6,738	74.8	6,440	298	4.4	2,269	1,943	136	41	14
30 to 34 years	8,997	6,488	72.1	6,251	237	3.7 3.3	2,508	2,166	134	36 92	173
35 to 44 years 35 to 39 years	15,018 8,054	11,171 5,911	74.4 73.4	10,803 5,695	368	3.3	3,847 2,143	3,294 1,858	71	33	18
40 to 44 years	6,964	5,260	75.5	5,109	151	2.9	1,704	1,436	66	58	14:
45 to 54 years	10,496	7,241	69.0	7,029	212	2.9	3,255	2,754	37	123	34
45 to 49 years	5,626	4,080	72.5	3,947	133	3.3	1,546	1,334	24	54	134
50 to 54 years	4,870	3,161	64.9	3,082	79	2.5	1,709	1,421	13	68	201
55 to 64 years	10,014 4,924	4,330	43.2 53.0	4,225 2,548	105 63	2.4 2.4	5,684 2,313	4,205 1,837	19	190 79	1,27
55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years	4,924 5,090	2,611 1,719	33.8	2,548	42	2.4	3,371	2,368	9	111	88
65 years and over	15,014	1,121	7.5	1,086	35	3.1	13,892	8,341	15	556	4,980
65 to 69 years	4,761	720	15.1	698	23	3.1	4,041	2,619	10	105	1,30
70 to 74 years	3,927	258	6.6	251	7	2.7	3,669	2,291	6	88	1,284
75 years and over	6,325	143	2.3	138	5	3.6	6,182	3,431	1	364	2,388

#### A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					May	1988					
			Civi	lian labor force				Not	in labor for	rce	
Ann any and man	Civilian				Unemp	bloyed					
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
BLACK											
	00.050	10.040	60.0	11.110	1 600	10.0	7 000	0.000	4 500	700	
6 years and over 16 to 19 years		13,042 857	63.2 39.3	11,440 560	1,602 297	12.3 34.6	7,608 1,323	2,866 85	1,532 1,146	70 <del>9</del> 5	2,499 87
16 to 17 years	1 1	329	29.0	207	122	37.1	806	17	768	2	20
18 to 19 years		528	50.5	353	175	33.1	517	68	378	3	68
20 to 24 years		1,671	65.9	1,284	386	23.1	864	320	265	36	242
25 to 54 years		9,171	80.2	8,336	835	9.1	2,262	1,336	111	256	557
25 to 34 years		4,220	80.8	3,753	467	11.1	1,004	614	72	87	230
25 to 29 years		2,149	80.5	1,891	258	12.0	519	306	38	40	135
30 to 34 years		2,070	81.0 82.2	1,861	209 270	10.1	484	307	33	48	96
35 to 39 years		3,038 1,737	82.2	2,767 1,576	162	8.9 9.3	656 375	376 222	35 28	68 29	176
40 to 44 years		1,301	82.3	1,192	102	8.4	281	153	20	40	8
45 to 54 years		1,914	76.1	1,816	98	5.1	603	346	4	101	15
45 to 49 years		1,059	79.1	1,002	56	5.3	280	175	4	47	54
50 to 54 years		855	72.6	814	41	4.8	323	171	•	54	9
55 to 64 years	4 1	1,067	50.6	1,006	61	5.7	1,042	455	10	160	417
55 to 59 years		656	59.6	620	36	5.5	444	220	10	72	142
60 to 64 years		410 276	40.7 11.5	386 253	25 23	6.0 8.2	598 2,117	236 670		88 252	274
65 years and over 65 to 69 years		159	18.2	145	14	8.8	717	266		61	390
70 years and over		116	7.6	109	9	7.8	1,400	404		191	806
	,						, -				
Men											
6 years and over		6,613	71.3	5,792	820	12.4	2,658	98	714	347	1,498
16 to 19 years		489	45.5	327	162	33.1	586	-	550	1	35
16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years		190 299	33.1 59.6	120 207	69 93	36.6 30.9	383 203	-1	371 179	1	12
20 to 24 years		862	74.6	660	202	23.5	203	3	121	29	139
25 to 54 years		4,531	88.4	4,118	413	9.1	594	63	33	146	351
25 to 34 years		2,105	89.1	1,879	225	10.7	258	22	22	63	150
25 to 29 years		1,058	87.7	944	114	10.8	148	16	13	27	92
30 to 34 years		1,046	90.6	935	111	10.6	109	5	9	36	59
35 to 44 years		1,460	88.7	1,327	133	9.1	185	23 9	11	39	112
35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years		840 620	89.2 88.1	762 565	78 55	9.3 8.9	102 84	13	8	19 20	65 47
45 to 54 years		967	86.5	912	55	5.7	151	18	3	44	89
45 to 49 years		536	90.1	500	36	6.6	59	2		24	34
50 to 54 years		431	82.5	412	19	4.5	92	16		20	55
55 to 64 years		586	61.7	549	37	6.3	364	11	10	82	261
55 to 59 years		347	69.8	329	18	5.2	150	7	10	43	90
60 to 64 years		238	52.7	220 139	19	7.8	214	4 21		40 89	171
65 years and over		145 71	15.0	67	4	4.2 (')	821 311	10		35	712
70 years and over		73	12.6	72	2	- ĕ	510	11		54	446
Women					Ì						
5 years and over	11,379	6,429	56.5	5,648	782	12.2	4,950	2,769	817	362	1,002
16 to 19 years	1,105	368	33.3	233	135	36.7	737	85	596	4	52
16 to 17 years		140	24.8	87	53	37.8	423	17	397	2	ε
18 to 19 years		228	42.1	146	82	36.0	314	69	199	2	45
20 to 24 years		809 4,640	58.6 73.6	625 4,218	184 422	22.8 9.1	570 1,668	317 1,273	144 78	7 110	103 206
25 to 54 years 25 to 34 years		2,115	73.9	1,873	242	11.4	747	592	50	24	200
25 to 29 years		1,091	74.6	947	144	13.2	371	290	25	13	43
30 to 34 years		1,024	73.2	926	98	9.6	375	302	24	12	37
35 to 44 years	2,048	1,578	77.0	1,440	137	8.7	470	353	24	29	64
35 to 39 years	1,170	897	76.7	814	84	9.3	273	213	20	10	30
40 to 44 years		681	77.5	627	54	7.9	197	140	4	20	34
45 to 54 years		947	67.7	904	43	4.5	452	328	4	57	62
45 to 49 years		523 424	70.3 64.7	502 402	20 22	3.9 5.2	221 231	173 155	4	23 34	20
50 to 54 years 55 to 64 years		424	41.5	402	22	5.2	678	444		34 78	42 156
55 to 59 years		309	51.3	291	18	5.9	294	212		29	53
60 to 64 years		172	30.9	166	6	3.6	384	232		48	103
65 years and over		131	9.2	115	17	12.6	1,296	649		163	484
		88	17.9	78	10	11.3	406	256		26	124
65 to 69 years 70 years and over		43	4.6	37	7	(1)	890	393	1	137	360

<sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### A-5. Employment status of the black-and-other civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex

#### (Numbers in thousands)

					May 1988		-		
1				(	Civilian labor force				
Age and sex	Civilian			1	Employed		Unem	ployed	Not i
	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Agriculture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	labor
TOTAL									
vears and over	26,340	16,650	63.2	14,807	256	14,552	1,843	11.1	9,69
byears and over	2,714	1,038	38.3	713	18	695	325	31.3	1,67
	1,422	414	29.1	274	2	272		33.9	1,00
16 to 17 years		624			17		140		
18 to 19 years	1,292		48.3	439	27	423	185	29.6	60
20 to 24 years	3,147	2,043	64.9 79.4	1,617	152	1,590	425	20.8	1,10
5 to 54 years	14,994	11,900	78.8	10,917	87	10,766	983	8.3	3,0
25 to 34 years	6,684	5,270	78.7	4,740		4,654	530	10.1	1,4
25 to 29 years	3,408	2,681		2,384	38	2,346	296	11.0	7.
30 to 34 years	3,276	1,397	42.6	2,356	48	2,308	234	16.7	6
35 to 44 years	4,959	4,060	81.9	3,738	39	3,699	322	7.9	8
35 to 39 years	2,808	2,313	82.4	2,126	24	2,103	186	8.0	4
40 to 44 years	2,151	1,747	81.2	1,612	16	1,596	135	7.7	4
45 to 54 years	3,352	2,570	76.7	2,439	26	2,413	131	5.1	7
45 to 49 years	1,818	1,450	79.8	1,369	17	1,353	81	5.6	3
50 to 54 years	1,533	1,120	73.1	1,070	10	1,060	49	4.4	4
5 to 64 years	2,607	1,317	50.5	1,231	35	1,196	86	6.5	1,2
55 to 59 years	1,380	824	59.7	773	13	761	51	6.2	5
60 to 64 years	1,227	493	40.1	458	22	436	35	7.0	7
5 years and over	2,877	352	12.2	328	24	304	24	6.8	2,5
65 to 69 years	1,058	209	19.8	194	6	188	15	7.2	8
70 to 74 years	784	102	13.0	97	9	88	6	5.9	6
75 years and over	1,035	41	4.0	38	9	29	3	0	9
	.,							.,	-
Men									
years and over	11,966	8,583	71.7	7,635	230	7,404	948	. 11.0	3,3
6 to 19 years	1,345	589	43.8	413	13	399	176	29.9	7
16 to 17 years	716	237	33.1	157	2	155	80	33.7	4
18 to 19 years	629	352	56.0	256	12	244	96	27.3	2
0 to 24 years	1,452	1.046	72.1	829	25	804	217	20.8	4
5 to 54 years	6,811	6,020	88.4	5,528	139	5,389	493	8.2	7
25 to 34 years	3,047	2,698	88.5	2,439	81	2,358	259	9.6	3
25 to 29 years	1,573	1,371	87.2	1,229	37	1,192	142	10.3	2
30 to 34 years	1,474	1,327	90.0	1,210	44	1,166	117	8.9	1
35 to 44 years	2,263	2,014	89.0	1,846	35	1,811	168	8.3	2
35 to 39 years	1,276	1,143	89.6	1,050	22	1,028	93	8.1	1
40 to 44 years	987	871	88.2	796	13	783	75	8.6	1
	1,501	1,308	87.1	1,243	23	1,220	65	5.0	i
45 to 54 years	804	727		685	13	673	42	5.8	'
45 to 49 years	697	581	90.5 83.2		10	547	23	5.8 4.0	
50 to 54 years		732		557	31	646	55	4.0	1
5 to 64 years	1,175		62.3	677		399			
55 to 59 years	620 555	437	70.5	411	12	247	26	6.0 9.8	1
60 to 64 years	555	295	53.2	267	20		29		
5 years and over	1,182	195	16.5	188	22	166	7	3.5	9
65 to 69 years	465	103	22.2	98	5	93	5	5.0	3
70 to 74 years 75 years and over	331 386	59 32	17.8 8.3	58 32	8 9	50 23	2	() ()	2
Women					-				
years and over	14,374	8,067	56.1	7,173	25	7,147	895	11.1	6,3
6 to 19 years	1,369	450	32.8	300	5	296	149	33.2	9
16 to 17 years	706	178	25.2	117		117	61	34.2	5
18 to 19 years	664	272	41.0	183	5	179	89	32.6	3
) to 24 years	1,695	996	58.8	788	2	786	208	20.9	6
5 to 54 years	8,183	5,880	71.9	5,389	13	5,377	490	8.3	2,3
25 to 34 years	3,637	2,572	70.7	2,301	6	2,296	271	10.5	1,0
25 to 29 years	1,835	1,310	71.4	1,155	1	1,154	154	11.8	5
30 to 34 years	1,802	1,263	70.1	1,146	4	1,142	117	9.2	5
35 to 44 years	2,696	2,046	75.9	1,892	4	1,888	154	7.5	6
35 to 39 years	1,532	1,170	76.4	1,076	2	1,075	93	8.0	3
40 to 44 years	1,164	876	75.2	816	3	813	60	6.9	2
45 to 54 years	1,850	1,262	68.2	1,197	3	1,193	65	5.2	5
45 to 49 years	1,014	723	71.2	684	4	680	39	5.3	2
	836	539	64.5	513		513	26	4.9	2
50 to 54 years		585	40.8	554	- 4	550	31	4.9 5.3	8
5 to 64 years	1,432	387	40.8 51.0		4	361			
55 to 59 years	760			363			25	6.4	3
60 to 64 years	672	197	29.3	191	2	189	6	3.0	4
5 years and over	1,695	157	9.3	140	2	138	17	10.9	1,5
65 to 69 years	593	106	17.8	96	1	95	10	9.4	4
70 to 74 years	453	43	9.5	39	1	38	4	<u>(</u> )	4
75 years and over	649	9	1.4	6		6	3	(')	6

<sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

#### A-6. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

#### (Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and	Тс	otal	Men, 20 y ov		Women, 20 ov		Both sexes yea	
race	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	182,533	184,374	79,474	80,402	88,464	89,382	14,595	14,590
Civilian labor force	119,695	120,775	62,147	62,696	49,725	50,426	7,823	7,652
Percent of population	65.6	65.5	78.2	78.0	56.2	56.4	53.6	52.4
Employed	112.377	114,222	58.828	59.745	47,104	48.018	6,445	6,459
Agriculture	3,541	3,292	2,548	2,336	690	644	303	312
Nonagricultural industries		110,930	56,280	57,409	46,414	47.373	6,142	6.147
Unemployed		6,553	3,319	2,952	2,621	2,409	1,378	1,193
Unemployment rate	1 .	5.4	5.3	4.7	5.3	4.8	17.6	15.6
Not in labor force	62,838	63,599	17,327	17,706	38,739	38,956	6,772	6,937
White								
Civilian noninstitutional population	156,811	158,034	69,095	69,781	75,764	76.377	11,951	11.876
Civilian labor force	103.271	104,125	54,282	54,703	42,151	42.808	6,838	6.614
Percent of population		65.9	78.6	78.4	55.6	56.0	57.2	55.7
Employed		99,414	51,807	52,523	40,303	41,145	5,798	5,746
Agriculture		3,037	2,343	2,119	662	624	294	294
Nonagricultural industries		96,378	49,464	50,404	39,642	40.522	5,504	5,452
Unemployed		4,711	2.474	2,180	1,848	1,663	1,041	868
Unemployment rate		4.5	4.6	4.0	4.4	3.9	15.2	13.1
Not in labor force	53,539	53,909	14,814	15,078	33,613	33,569	5,113	5,262
Black								
Civilian noninstitutional population	20,312	20,650	8,047	8,196	10,104	10,274	2,161	2,180
Civilian labor force		13,042	6,051	6,123	5,991	6,061	819	857
Percent of population		63.2	75.2	74.7	59.3	59.0	37.9	39.3
Employed		11,440	5,311	5,465	5,294	5,414	514	560
Agriculture		192	153	165	18	13	6	14
Nonagricultural industries		11,248	5,158	5,301	5,276	5,401	508	546
Unemployed		1,602	740	658	697	647	305	297
Unemployment rate	13.5	12.3	12.2	10.7	11.6	10.7	37.3	34.6
Not in labor force	7,451	7,608	1,996	2,073	4,113	4,213	1,342	1,323

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, years of school completed, race, and Hispanic origin		May 1988											
					Civ	ilian labor f	orce						
	Civilian			Employed			Unemployed						
	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time <sup>1</sup>	Part time <sup>1</sup>	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percen of labor force			
TOTAL ENROLLED													
otal, 16 to 24 years	15,219	7,417	48.7	6,540	1,117	5,423	877	304	573	11.8			
16 to 19 years		4,964	45.1	4,302	379	3,923	662	182	481	13.3			
20 to 24 years	4,200	2,453	58.4	2,238	738	1,500	215	122	93	8.7			
High school	9,257	4,022	43.4	3,464	231	3,233	559	123	435	13.9			
College		3,395	56.9	3,076	886	2,190	318	180	138	9.			
Full-time students		2,669	52.0	2,397	450	1,947	272	148	124	10.			
Part-time students	830	725	87.4	680	436	244	46	32	14	6.			
Men, 16 to 24 years	7,791	3,833	49.2	3,380	624	2,755	454	166	288	1 11.			
16 to 19 years		2,554	45.6	2,206	199	2,007	348	93	255	13.			
20 to 24 years	2,192	1,280	58.4	1,174	425	749	106	73	33	8.			
High school	4,828	2,159	44.7	1,850	151	1,699	309	72	237	14.			
College	2,963	1,674	56.5	1,529	473	1,056	145	94	51	8			
Full-time students		1,326	51.2	1,210	276	934	116	77	39	8.			
Part-time students	372	348	93.4	319	197	122	29	16	12	8.			
Women, 16 to 24 years	7,428	3,583	48.2	3,160	493	2,668	423	138	285	11.			
16 to 19 years		2,410	44.5	2,096	180	1,916	314	88	226	13.			
20 to 24 years	2,008	1,173	58.4	1,064	313	751	109	49	59	9.			
High school	4,430	1,863	42.1	1,613	80	1,533	250	51	199	13.			
College		1,721	57.4	1,547	413	1,134	173	87	87	10.			
Full-time students		1,343	52.9	1,187	174	1,013	156	71	85	11.			
Part-time students	458	378	82.4	360	238	122	17	16	2	4.0			
White	10.000	0.000	54.0	F 770		. 700		000					
otal, 16 to 24 years		6,393 4,311	51.8 48.4	5,770 3,837	981 342	4,789 3,495	623 474	223 131	399 342	9.			
20 to 24 years		2,082	60.8	1,933	640	1,294	149	92	57	7.			
Men	6,316	3,262	51.7	2,939	540	2,399	323	122	201	9.			
Women	6,023	3,131	52.0	2,831	441	2,389	300	102	198	9.			
High school	7,388	3,475	47.0	3,078	196	2,882	397	96	302	11.			
College	4,951	2,918	58.9	2,692	785	1,907	226	128	98	7.			
Full-time students Part-time students		2,302	54.0 89.2	2,108 584	398 387	1,709 197	194 31	111 17	83	8.			
Part-lime studentsBlack	091	010	09.2	504	307	197	31	17	15	J 5.			
fotal, 16 to 24 years	2,163	783	36.2	557	107	450	226	74	152	28.			
16 to 19 years		523	31.6	352	29	323	171	49	122	32.			
20 to 24 years		260	51.4	205	78	127	55	25	30	21.			
Men	1,090	441	40.5	319	69	250	122	41	81	27.			
Women	1,072	342	31.9	238	38	200	104	32	72	30.			
High school	1,509	450	29.8	307	30	276	143	26	117	31.			
College	654	333	51.0	251	77	174	83	48	35	24.			
Full-time students		260	47.0	190	40	151	70	34	36	26.			
Part-time students	99	73	73.3	60	37	23	13	14	-	(2)			
Hispanic origin								i					
Total, 16 to 24 years		523	43.9	426 263	99 36	327 226	98 77	24	73	18.			
16 to 19 years 20 to 24 years		340 183	37.8 62.8	163	62	101	20	13 11	64 9	11.			
Men	585	265	45.3	216	54	162	49	10	39	18.			
Women		258	42.5	210	44	165	49	14	34	18			
High school	828	304	36.7	238	33	204	67	10	57	21.			
College	364	219	60.2	188	65	123	31	15	16	14.			
Full-time students		140	52.2	128	14	114	12	8	4	8.			
Part-time students	95	79	82.7	60	51	9	19	6	12	23.			

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, years of school completed, race, and Hispanic origin	May 1988											
		Civilian labor force										
	Civilian noninsti- tutional population				Employed		Unemployed					
		Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time <sup>1</sup>	Part time <sup>1</sup>	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percen of labor force		
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED										1		
Total, 16 to 24 years	17,850	14,539	81.5	12,894	11,059	1,836	1,644	1,433	212	11.3		
16 to 19 years	3,572	2,688	75.3	2,157	1,606	551	531	451	80	19.8		
20 to 24 years	14,278	11,850	83.0	10,737	9,452	1,285	1,113	982	131	9.4		
Less than 4 years of high school	4,187	2,769	66.1	2,193	1,730	463	575	502	73	20.8		
4 years of high school		7,408	84.4	6,655	5,761	894	753	669	84	10.2		
1 to 3 years of college		2,951	87.4	2,710	2,328	382	241	189	52	8.2		
4 years of college or more	1,504	1,411	93.8	1,336	1,238	97	75	72	3	5.3		
Mon 16 to 24 years	8,493	7,777	91.6	6,895	6,234	661	881	793	88	11.5		
Men, 16 to 24 years	1 '	1,468	91.6 84.7	1,192	970	222	276	793 252	24	11.3		
20 to 24 years	6,760	6,308	93.3	5,703	5,264	438	605	541	64	9.6		
-			·							1		
Less than 4 years of high school		1,838	83.7	1,492	1,258	233	347	320	26	18.9		
4 years of high school		3,975 1,321	94.8 92.4	3,593	3,306 1,098	287	382	355	26	9.6		
1 to 3 years of college 4 years of college or more	1,429 674	643	92.4 95.3	1,208 602	1,098	110 30	113 40	79 39	34	8.5		
. your or concyclor more analasian analasian		0-10	50.0	002	0,2	~	~~			0.0		
Women, 16 to 24 years		6,762	72.3	5,999	4,824	1,175	763	639	124	11.3		
16 to 19 years		1,220	66.4	965	636	329	255	199	56	20.9		
20 to 24 years	7,518	5,542	73.7	5,034	4,188	846	508	441	67	9.2		
Less than 4 years of high school	1,992	930	46.7	702	472	230	229	182	46	24.6		
4 years of high school		3,433	74.9	3,062	2,455	606	371	313	58	10.8		
1 to 3 years of college		1,630	83.7	1,502	1,230	272	128	111	18	7.9		
4 years of college or more	830	768	92.6	734	666	67	35	33	1	4.5		
White												
Total, 16 to 24 years		12,481	83.9	11,334	9,763	1,571	1,148	1,004	143	9.2		
16 to 19 years		2,303	77.8	1,909	1,420	489	394 754	337 667	57 86	17.1		
20 to 24 years	11,906	10,178	85.5	9,425	8,343	1,082	704	.007	00	7.4		
Men	7,171	6,712	93.6	6,094	5,543	550	619	561	58	9.2		
Women	7,697	5,769	75.0	5,240	4,219	1,021	529	444	85	9.2		
Less than 4 years of high school	3,314	2,319	70.0	1,897	1,514	382	422	371	51	18.2		
4 years of high school		6,369	86.6	5,858	5,094	764	511	464	47	8.0		
1 to 3 years of college		2,498	88.6	2,335	2,004	330	163	120	43	6.5		
4 years of college or more	1,383	1,296	93.7	1,244	1,150	94	52	49	3	4.0		
Black												
Total, 16 to 24 years	2,552	1,744	68.4	1,287	1,079	208	457	393	64	26.2		
16 to 19 years	524	334	63.7	208	166	42	126	105	20	37.6		
20 to 24 years	2,028	1,410	69.6	1,079	913	166	331	287	44	23.5		
Men	1,139	909	79.8	667	579	88	242	215	27	26.6		
Women		835	59.1	620	500	120	215	178	37	25.7		
Less than 4 years of high school		377 911	50.3 73.0	234 681	179 568	56 113	142 230	123 194	20 36	37.8		
4 years of high school 1 to 3 years of college	477	378	79.3	314	277	37	64	56	9	16.9		
4 years of college or more		78	100.2	58	55	3	20	20	-	25.8		
Hispanic origin												
Total, 16 to 24 years	2,189	1,658	75.7	1,439	1,253	186	220	199	20	13.2		
16 to 19 years	453	303	66.8	231	172	59	72	57	15	23.9		
20 to 24 years	1,736	1,356	78.1	1,208	1,081	128	147	142	5	10.9		
Men	1,134	1.044	92.1	902	808	94	142	195	6	100		
Men Women	1,134	615	92.1 58.2	902 537	445	94 92	78	135 64	14	13.6		
Less than 4 years of high school	1,046	723	69.1	599	506	93	124	116	7	17.1		
4 years of high school		690	81.5	600	524	76	90	80	10	13.0		
1 to 3 years of college	232	196	84.5	191	179	12	5	2	3	2.7		
4 years of college or more	65	50	(?)	49	44	6	1	1	- 1	(?)		

<sup>1</sup> Employed persons with a job but not at work and persons at work part time are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time. <sup>2</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and

college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### A-8. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

Veteran status and age	Civilian noninstitutional population		Civilian labor force									
	May 1987	May 1988	Total		Employed		Unemployed					
				May	May 1987	May 1988	Number		Percent of labor force			
				1988			May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988		
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS												
Total, 30 years and over	7,836	7,900	7,250	7,290	6,937	6,984	313	306	4.3	4.2		
30 to 44 years	6,260	5,975	5,974	5,696	5,723	5,440	251	256	4.2	4.5		
30 to 34 years	956	718	912	677	841	618	71	59	7.8	8.7		
35 to 39 years	2,663	2,214	2,538	2,095	2,433	2,005	105	90	4.1	4.3		
40 to 44 years	2,641	3,043	2,524	2,924	2,449	2,817	75	107	3.0	3.7		
45 years and over	1,576	1,925	1,276	1,594	1,214	1,544	62	50	4.9	3.1		
NONVETERANS												
Total, 30 to 44 years	19,321	20,284	18,244	19,115	17,405	18,334	839	781	4.6	4.1		
30 to 34 years	8,812	9,048	8,403	8,539	8,009	8,167	394	372	4.7	4.4		
35 to 39 years	6,137	6,751	5,787	6,409	5,526	6,167	261	242	4.5	3.8		
40 to 44 years	4,372	4,485	4,054	4,167	3,870	4,000	184	167	4.5	4.0		

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data

are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population.

## A-9. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex, age, and race

#### (In thousands)

ł			Empl	oyed			Unem	ployed
Sex, age, and race		Full time			Part time			
Sex, age, and race	Total	Full-time schedules <sup>1</sup>	Part time for economic reasons, usually work full time	Total	Voluntary <sup>1</sup>	Part time for economic reasons, usually work part time	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	94,535	92,927	1,608	19,687	16,621	3,066	5,364	1,189
16 to 19 years	1,985	1,891	94	4,474	4,120	354	633	561
16 to 17 years	247	234	13	2,309	2,236	73	156	345
18 to 19 years	1,738	1,657	81	2,166	1,885	281	476	215
20 years and over	92,550	91,036	1,514	15,213	12,501	2,712	4,731	629
20 to 24 years	10,191	9,921	270	2,784	2,196	588	1,104	224
25 years and over	82,360 71,303	81,115	1,245 1,084	12,428 8,949	10,304	2,124	3,628	404
25 to 54 years 55 years and over	11,056	10,895	161	3,479	7,176 3,128	1,773 351	3,245 383	296 108
Men, 16 years and over	56,662	55,659	1,003	6,482	5,255	1,227	3,103	473
16 to 19 years	1,169	1,101	68	2,229	2,069	160	3,103	278
20 years and over	55,492	54,558	934	4,252	3,186	1,066	2,757	194
20 to 24 years	5,690	5,513	177	1,187	913	274	614	97
25 years and over	49,802	49,044	758	3,066	2,273	793	2,144	98
25 to 54 years	42,704	42,049	655	1,635	1,006	629	1,893	43
55 years and over	7,099	6,996	103	1,430	1,266	164	· 250	54
Women, 16 years and over	37,874	37,268	606	13,205	11,366	1,839	2,261	717
16 to 19 years	816	790	26	2,244	2,051	193	287	282
20 years and over	37,058	36,478	580	10,960	9,315	1,645	1,974	434
20 to 24 years	4,501	4,408	93	1,597	1,283	314	490	127
25 years and over	32,557	32,071	486	9,362	8,031	1,331	1,484	308
25 to 54 years 55 years and over	28,599 3,958	28,171 3,900	428 58	7,314 2,049	6,170 1,862	1,144 187	1,351 133	253 54
White						i		
Men, 16 years and over	49,960	49,128	832	5,549	4,619	930	2,294	334
16 to 19 years	1,030	970	60	1,955	1,826	129	257	191
20 years and over	48,929	48,157	772	3,594	2,793	801	2,037	143
20 to 24 years	5,053	4,903	150	995	792	203	426	68
25 years and over	43,877 37,478	43,255	622 537	2,599	2,001	598	1,611	74
25 to 54 years 55 years and over	6,399	36,941 6,314	85	1,333 1,266	859 1,142	474 124	1,415 197	29 45
Women, 16 years and over	32,042	31,538	504	11,863	10,398	1,465	1,558	525
16 to 19 years	731	709	22	2,029	1,846	183	212	208
20 years and over	31,312	30,830	482	9,834	8,552	1,282	1,346	317
20 to 24 years	3,930	3,861	69	1,381	1,143	238	333	75
25 years and over	27,381	26,968	413	8,453	7,409	1,044	1,012	242
25 to 54 years	23,914	23,558	356	6,609	5,719	890	911	203
55 years and over	3,467	3,410	57	1,843	1,690	153	101	39
Black					ł			1
Men, 16 years and over	5,102 122	4,947	155 8	691 205	447 177	244 28	691 82	129
16 to 19 years 20 years and over	4,980	114 4,833	147	205 485	269	28	82 609	80 49
20 to 24 years	4,980	4,833 504	23	133	79	54	174	49 28
25 years and over	4,453	4,330	123	353	190	163	434	20
25 to 54 years	3,892	3,786	106	226	94	132	401	12
55 years and over	562	544	18	126	96	30	33	10
Women, 16 years and over	4,641	4,550	91	1,006	690	316	618	164
16 to 19 years	73	69	4	160	150	10	72	63
20 years and over	4,567	4,480	87	847	540	307	546	101
20 to 24 years	465	441	24	160	92	68	138	46
25 years and over	4,104	4,039	65	685	447	238	408	55
25 to 54 years	3,704	3,640	64	514	304	210	383	39

\* Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according

to whether they usually work full or part time.

#### A-10. Employment status of persons in families by family relationship

(Numbers in thousands)

					May 198	3				
	i	Civilia	n labor forc	e			Not	in labor f	orce	
Family relationship				Unemployed						
	Total 97,805	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
Total, 16 years and over'	97,805	65.9	92,438	5,367	5.5	50,572	22,953	8,131	2,284	17,204
Husbands	39,763	78.4	38,598	1,165	2.9	10,985	182	183	842	9,778
With employed wife	25,560	92.3	24,903	656	2.6	2,134	59	100	306	1,668
With unemployed wife	844	87.2	745	99	11.7	123	6	2	13	103
With wife not in labor force	13,360	60.5	12,950	410	3.1	8,728	116	81	523	8,008
Wives	28,661	56.5	27,693	967	3.4	22,088	17,983	319	350	3,436
With employed husband	25,648	66.4	24,903	745	2.9	12,950	11,606	244	138	963
With unemployed husband	755	64.8	656	99	13.1	410	346	16	7	40
With husband not in labor force	2,257	20.5	2,134	123	5.5	8,728	6,030	59	206	2,433
Relatives in married-couple families	13,549	63.4	12,038	1,511	11.2	7,832	724	5,384	375	1,348
16 to 19 years	5,178	53.4	4,486	692	13.4	4,524	69	4,178	19	258
20 to 24 years	4,927	76.1	4,409	517	10.5	1,544	120	1,111	36	277
25 years and over	3,445	66.1	3,143	302	8.8	1,764	535	95	320	813
Women who maintain families	6,431	61.4	5,901	530	8.2	4,039	2,818	201	205	815
Relatives in families maintained by women	5,311	57.9	4,468	842	15.9	3,868	786	1,679	332	1,072
16 to 19 years	1,342	45.0	1,026	316	23.6	1,642	96	1,404	4	138
20 to 24 years	1,529	73.6	1,288	240	15.7	549	116	207	23	203
25 years and over	2,440	59.3	2,154	286	11.7	1,677	574	68	305	731
Men who maintain families	2,247	77.4	2,100	146	6.5	656	48	21	84	503
Relatives in families maintained by men	1,843	62.5	1,638	205	11.1	1,104	412	344	96	252
16 to 19 years	324	53.1	255	69	21.3	286	14	254		18
20 to 24 years	493	76.5	434	59	12.0	151	49	72	4	27
25 years and over	1,026	60.6	949	77	7.5	667	349	18	92	207

Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in families where the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces, and persons in unrelated subfamilies. NOTE: Estimates shown in this table for husbands, wives, and women

who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

## A-11. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		Me	en			Won	nen	
Marital status, race, and age	Thousa pers		•	oyment es	Thousa perse		•	loyment tes
	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988
Total, 16 years and over	4,078	3,575	6.2	5.4	3,240	2,978	6.1	5.5
Married, spouse present	1,559	1,273	3.7	3.1	1,161	1,076	3.9	3.6
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	507	503	7.5	7.3	714	651	7.0	6.3
Single (never married)	2,013	1,799	11.4	9.9	1,365	1,251	9.9	9.0
White, 16 years and over	3,046	2,627	5.3	4.5	2,317	2,083	5.1	4.5
Married, spouse present	1,286	1,041	3.4	2.8	952	856	3.6	3.2
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	357	351	6.4	6.2	484	463	6.0	5.5
Single (never married)	1,403	1,235	9.5	8.2	881	764	7.9	6.8
Black, 16 years and over	904	820	13.9	12.4	838	782	13.1	12.2
Married, spouse present	217	182	6.9	5.8	174	163	7.3	6.9
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	141	135	14.4	13.4	212	167	11.8	9.4
Single (never married)	546	503	23.1	20.4	452	452	20.5	19.6
Total, 25 years and over	2,512	2,240	4.6	4.1	1,908	1,792	4.5	4.1
Married, spouse present	1,437	1,176	3.6	2.9	941	900	3.5	3.3
Widowed, divorced, or separated	474	477	7.3	7.2	635	598	6.5	6.0
Single (never married)	601	587	7.7	7.0	331	293	5.8	4.8
White, 25 years and over	1,885	1,686	4.0	3.5	1,367	1,254	3.8	3.4
Married, spouse present	1,177	976	3.3	2.7	780	718	3.2	2.9
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	333	324	6.3	5.9	425	417	5.5	5.2
Single (never married)	374	385	5.9	5.6	162	119	3.7	2.6
Black, 25 years and over	543	456	10.6	8.7	479	463	9.4	8.8
Married, spouse present	205	152	6.8	5.0	130	132	5.9	6.1
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	133	133	13.8	13.5	195	162	11.1	9.3
Single (never married)	205	169	17.5	13.6	155	170	13.5	12.8

## A-12. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

	Thousa pers			ι	Jnemploy	ment rates	6	
Occupation	To	tal	Ťo	tal	Men		Wo	nen
	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988
Total, 16 years and over	7,318	6,553	6.1	5.4	6.2	5.4	6.1	5.5
Managerial and professional specialty	627	499	2.2	1.7	2.3	1.8	2.1	1.6
Executive, administrative, and managerial	362	299	2.7	2.0	2.6	2.0	2.9	2.1
Professional specialty	265	200	1.8	1.3	2.1	1.4	1.6	1.2
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,539	1,477	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.2	4.4	4.6
Technicians and related support	109	105	3.3	3.0	3.7	2.8	2.8	3.3
Sales occupations	729	637	5.1	4.5	3.6	2.6	6.8	6.5
Administrative support, including clerical	700	734	3.7	3.9	4.3	4.4	3.6	3.8
Service occupations	1,197	1,116	7.3	6.8	7.5	7.2	7.2	6.6
Private household	52	51	5.5	5.4	(')	(')	5.4	5.4
Protective service	104	94	5.2	4.8	4.9	3.8	7.6	11.2
Service, except private household and protective	1,041	970	7.8	7.2	8.5	8.4	7.4	6.6
Precision production, craft, and repair	881	749	6.1	5.1	6.1	5.0	6.3	6.2
Mechanics and repairers	198	163	4.4	3.4	4.3	3.3	5.8	6.1
Construction trades	453	364	8.3	6.6	8.2	6.6	15.0	3.2
Other precision production, craft, and repair	230	223	5.3	5.1	5.3	4.7	5.4	6.5
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1,806	1,596	9.4	8.3	9.0	8.2	10.7	8.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	820	642	9.4	7.4	8.0	6.7	11.3	8.5
Transportation and material moving occupations	315	283	6.3	5.5	6.5	5.6	3.4	5.4
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	671	671	12.4	12.4	12.6	12.7	11.8	11.3
Construction laborers	178	186	18.0	20.6	17.5	20.5	(')	(')
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	493	485	11.2	10.8	11.2	10.8	11.2	10.8
Farming, forestry, and fishing	185	242	4.4	6.1	4.0	5.6	6.6	8.4
No previous work experience	1,033	845						
16 to 19 years	674	531						
20 to 24 years	230	175						
25 years and over	129	138						

<sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

## A-13. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

	Thousa pers			u	Jnemploy	ment rate	S	
Industry	То	tal	Тс	otal	м	en	Wo	men
	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988
Total, 16 years and over	7,318	6,553	6.1	5.4	6.2	5.4	6.1	5.5
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	5,436	4,920	6.1	5.5	6.3	5.5	5. <del>9</del>	5.4
Mining	104	80	13.1	10.5	14.3	11.2	5.6	6.7
Construction	696	612	11.2	9.7	11.6	10.2	6.8	5.2
	. <b>.</b> i							
Manufacturing	1,341	1,157	6.2	5.3	5.3	4.6	7.9	6.5
Durable goods	771	619	6.0	4.8	5.8	4.6	6.5	5.5
Lumber and wood products	30	73	4.3	9.7	3.1	9.7	11.0	9.5
Funiture and fixtures	39	47	6.2	6.5	6.6	4.8	5.1	10.5
Stone, clay, and glass products	34	19	5.9	3.0	5.9	3.7	5.7	-
Primary metal industries	71	54	8.1	6.0	7.5	6.4	11.4	4.0
Fabricated metal products	105	64	7.6	4.7	7.4	4.2	8.1	6.4
Machinery, except electrical	133	79	5.4	3.2	5.6	2.5	4.9	5.1
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	121	122	5.4	5.9	5.3	5.3	5.5	6.7
Transportation equipment	165	108	6.1	4.1	5.6	4.1	8.0	4.1
Automobiles	117	50	9.0	4.1	8.1	3.8	12.7	5.0
Other transportation equipment	48	58	3.4	4.1	3.1	4.5	4.3	3.2
Professional and photographic equipment	39	20	5.6	2.7	5.5	3.5	5.7	1.7
Other durable goods industries	34	34	6.7	6.4	6.8	5.8	6.6	6.6
Nondurable goods	570	538	6.4	5.9	4.3	4.7	9.2	7.4
Food and kindred products	179	171	9.7	9.6	6.9	7.9	14.7	13.3
Textile mill products	33	43	4.2	5.6	2.5	4.4	6.1	6.0
Apparel and other textile products	150	95	11.2	7.3	6.3	5.4	12.7	7.8
Paper and allied products	27	32	3.4	4.1	3.2	2.9	3.7	7.4
Printing and publishing	82	64	4.4	3.4	3.4	2.0.	5.8	5.3
Chemicals and allied products	46	44	3.9	3.5	3.2	2.9	5.6	4.5
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	23	62	3.3	6.9	2.1	7.3	5.2	6.2
Other nondurable goods industries	31	26	7.5	5.8	6.6	4.9	9.8	7.9
Transportation and public utilities	262	267	4.2	4.2	4.4	3.8	3.8	5.3
Transportation	204	207	5.7	5.7	5.9	4.9	4.9	8.2
Communications and other public utilities	59	60	2.3	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.9	2.6
Wholesale and retail trade	1,561	1,400	6.8	6.2	6.3	5.5	7.4	7.0
Wholesale trade	182	205	4.1	4.8	3.7	4.4	5.1	5.8
Retail trade	1,379	1,196	7.5	6.5	7.2	5.9	7.7	7.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	210	197	3.0	2.8	3.1	2.5	2.9	2.9
Service industries	1,260	1,207	5.2	4.9	5.9	5.5	4.8	4.6
Professional services	426	386	3.2	2.8	3.4	2.9	3.1	2.8
Other service industries	834	821	7.8	7.5	7.9	7.5	7.8	7.5
Agricultural wage and salary workers	128	179	6.5	9.6	5.8	8. <del>9</del>	9.2	11.9
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers	722	609	2.6	2.1	2.8	2.2	2.4	2.1
No previous work experience	1,033	845		-	-	-	-	-

## A-14. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, and race

(Numbers in thousands)

Reason for unemployment	To unemp		Men, 20 years and over		Women, 20 years and over		Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		White		Black	
	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED												
Total unemployed Job losers On layoff Other job losers Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	7,318 3,412 815 2,597 830 2,044 1,033	6,553 3,058 698 2,360 820 1,835 841	3,319 2,155 505 1,650 399 616 148	2,952 1,898 416 1,482 335 603 116	2,621 1,069 277 792 332 1,009 210	2,409 971 233 738 359 883 195	1,378 187 32 155 99 418 674	1,193 189 49 140 126 348 530	5,363 2,490 649 1,841 699 1,464 710	4,711 2,232 565 1,667 638 1,298 543	1,742 820 152 669 114 515 294	1,602 714 107 607 159 475 254
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION												
Total unemployed Job losers On layoff Other job losers Job leavers Reentrants New entrants UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE	100.0 46.6 11.1 35.5 11.3 27.9 14.1	100.0 46.7 10.7 36.0 12.5 28.0 12.8	100.0 64.9 15.2 49.7 12.0 18.6 4.5	100.0 64.3 14.1 50.2 11.4 20.4 3.9	100.0 40.8 10.6 30.2 12.7 38.5 8.0	100.0 40.4 9.7 30.7 14.9 36.7 8.1	100.0 13.5 2.3 11.2 7.2 30.4 48.9	100.0 15.8 4.1 11.7 10.6 29.2 44.4	100.0 46.4 12.1 34.3 13.0 27.3 13.2	100.0 47.4 12.0 35.4 13.5 27.6 11.5	100.0 47.1 38.4 6.5 29.5 16.8	100.0 44.6 6.7 37.9 9.9 29.6 15.9
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE Job losers Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	2.9 .7 1.7 .9	2.6 .7 1.5 .7	3.5 .6 1.0 .2	3.1 .5 1.0 .2	2.2 .7 2.0 .4	2.0 .7 1.8 .4	2.4 1.3 5.3 8.6	2.4 1.6 4.6 6.9	2.4 .7 1.4 .7	2.1 .6 1.2 .5	6.4 .9 4.0 2.3	5.5 1.2 3.6 2.0

## A-15. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

#### (Percent distribution)

				May 1988			
	Total une	mployed		Durati	on of unemplo	yment	
Reason, sex, and age					1:	5 weeks and ov	/er
	Thousands of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over
Total, 16 years and over	6,553	100.0	46.3	26.8	26.9	13.6	13.3
ob losers	3,058	100.0	35.4	27.2	37.4	18.8	18.6
On layoff	698	100.0	47.9	28.2	23.8	15.1	8.7
Other job losers	2,360	100.0	31.7	26.9	41.4	19.8	21.6
lob leavers	820	100.0	51.6	30.6	17.8	9.2	8.6
Reentrants	1,835	100.0	57.4	24.5	18.1	8.9	9.2
New entrants	841	100.0	56.6	26.3	17.0	9.3	7.7
Men, 20 years and over	2,952	100.0	38.2	25.1	36.6	16.7	20.0
ob losers	1,898	100.0	33.2	24.4	42.4	19.7	22.7
On layoff	416	100.0	44.5	26.1	29.4	18.6	10.8
Other job losers	1,482	100.0	30.1	23.9	46.1	20.0	26.1
ob leavers	335	100.0	42.4	34.2	23.4	10.1	13.3
Reentrants	603	100.0	52.6	20.7	26.6	10.9	15.8
ew entrants	116	100.0	33.7	34.2	32.1	16.5	15.6
Women, 20 years and over	2,409	100.0	48.1	28.9	22.9	12.8	10.1
ob losers	971	100.0	36.8	31.5	31.7	18.0	13.7
On layoff	233	100.0	51.0	32.0	17.0	10.2	6.9
Other job losers	738	100.0	32.4	31.3	36.3	20.5	15.8
ob leavers	359	100.0	57.6	25.3	17.1	10.5	6.5
Reentrants	883	100.0	55.8	28.3	15.9	8.7	7.2
New entrants	195	100.0	52.4	25.7	21.8	9.1	12.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,193	100.0	62.6	26.3	11.1	7.6	3.4
lob losers	189	100.0	50.2	33.3	16.6	13.2	3.4
On layoff	49	100.0	(*)	(')	(')	()	C)
Other job losers	140	100.0	45.6	35.1	19.3	14.8	4.5
ob leavers	126	100.0	58.9	35.8	5.3	3.4	2.0
Reentrants	348	100.0	69.8	21.3	8.9	6.0	2.9
vew entrants	530	100.0	63.2	24.8	12.0	7.8	4.2

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

## A-16. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

		To	tal		Full-time workers						
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent di	stribution	Thousands	of persons	Percent distribution				
	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988			
Total, 16 years and over	7,318	6,553	100.0	100.0	5,980	5,364	100.0	100.0			
Less than 5 weeks	3,255	3,035	44.5	46.3	2.380	2.244	39.8	41.8			
5 to 14 weeks	1,798	1,753	24.6	26.8	1,541	1,499	25.8	27.9			
5 to 10 weeks	1,320	1,399	18.0	21.3	1,114	1,184	18.6	22.1			
11 to 14 weeks	478	354	6.5	5.4	427	316	7.1	5.9			
5 weeks and over	2,265	1,765	31.0	26.9	2,059	1.621	34.4	30.2			
15 to 26 weeks	1,105	891	15.1	13.6	982	809	16.4	15.1			
27 weeks and over	1,160	874	15.9	13.3	1,077	812	18.0	15.1			
27 to 51 weeks	502	339	6.9	5.2	463	322	7.7	6.0			
52 weeks and over	658	535	9.0	8.2	614	490	10.3	9.1			
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	15.5	14.4			17.2	15.7					
Median duration, in weeks	6.6	5.9			8.2	6.9					

## A-17. Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		We	eks	Pe		unemplo; roup	yed
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than seks	15 w	ployed /eeks over
				May 198	B			Мау 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988
Total, 16 years and over	6,553	3,035	1,753	891	874	14.4	5.9	44.5	46.3	31.0	26.9
16 to 19 years	1,193	747	314	91	41	6.8	4.0	63.3	62.6	15.5	11.1
20 to 24 years	1,328	735	327	161	105	10.6	4.5	50.5	55.4	23.5	20.0
25 to 34 years	1,798	719	512	279	288	16.3	7.9	40.5	40.0	33.3	31.5
•	1,150	439	346	189	176	16.4	7.2	34.1	38.2	41.0	31.8
35 to 44 years	593	203	150	108	132	20.1		33.1			1
45 to 54 years							9.5		34.2	42.7	40.5
55 to 64 years	393	148	69	58	119	25.5	11.5	29.4	37.5	47.0	45.0
55 years and over	98	44	35	5	13	17.7	6.4	(')	45.1	(')	19.0
Men, 16 years and over	3,575	1,503	905	557	611	17.0	7.0	39.4	42.0	36.2	32.7
16 to 19 years	624	374	163	64	22	7.1	4.2	61.3	60.0	16.5	13.9
20 to 24 years	711	361	173	101	77	12.5	4.9	45.3	50.7	29.7	25.0
25 to 34 years	992	348	252	180	213	19.6	9.7	34.7	35.0	38.2	39.6
		232	178				-				
35 to 44 years	629			108	113	19.1	7.9	30.2	36.9	47.8	34.8
45 to 54 years	316	77	81	67	89	23.5	14.7	25.3	24.5	49.8	49.7
55 to 64 years	257	95	41	35	86	28.2	12.3	26.0	36.9	52.2	47.2
65 years and over	46	16	17	3	10	(°)	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')
Women, 16 years and over	2,978	1,532	848	335	263	11.2	4.9	50.8	51.5	24.3	20.1
16 to 19 years	570	373	151	27	19	6.4	3.8	65.9	65.5	14.3	8.0
20 to 24 years	616	375	155	60	27	8.3	4.1	56.5	60.8	16.5	14.1
25 to 34 years	806	371	260	98	75	12.3	6.1	47.5	46.1	27.4	21.6
35 to 44 years	522	207	168	83	63	13.2	6.7	38.9	39.7	32.5	28.1
	277	125	88	41	43	16.2					
45 to 54 years							6.3	45.1	45.2	31.9	30.1
55 to 64 years 65 years and over	136 52	53 28	28 18	23	33	20.4 ( <sup>1</sup> )	10.7   (')	36.0 (')	38.7 (')	37.4 ( <sup>1</sup> )	40.8 (')
-											
White, 16 years and over	4,711	2,261	1,243	611	596	13.7	5.5	46.0	48.0	28.7	25.6
Men	2,627	1,128	662	409	429	16.6	6.7	41.0	42.9	34.3	31.9
Women	2,083	1,133	581	202	167	10.1	4.6	52.4	54.4	21.4	17.7
Black, 16 years and over	1,802	661	449	250	243	16.2	7.0	40.0	41.2	37.6	30.7
Men	820	317	211	133	158	18.4	7.7	33.3	38.7	43.4	35.6
Women	782	344	237	117	84	13.9	6.3	47.2	44.0	31.3	25.7
Men, 16 years and over:											
Married, spouse present	1.273	443	324	251	254	19.6	9.3	31.3	34.8	45.5	39.7
Widowed, divorced, or separated	503	175	126	65	138	23.7	9.9	28.1	34.7	41.0	40.3
Single (never married)	1,799	885	454	241	219	13.2	5.2	48.6	49.2	27.9	25.6
Women, 16 years and over:											
Married, spouse present	1,076	529	298	145	104	11.6	5.2	49.1	49.2	25.9	23.1
	651	293	290	78	79	13.6	6.1	39.2	45.0	30.8	24.2
Widowed, divorced, or separated				-			- · ·				
Single (never married)	1,251	710	350	112	80	9.7	4.4	58.4	56.7	19.5	15.3

<sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

## A-18. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	persons		We	eks	Percent of unemployed in group			
Occupation and industry	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	15 w	ployed /eeks over
		· · · · ·		May 198	8			May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988
OCCUPATION				1							
Managerial and professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative support Service occupations Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers Farming, forestry, and fishing	499 1,477 1,116 749 1,596 242	233 689 581 295 618 132	122 439 314 188 409 43	87 172 122 134 273 24	56 177 100 133 295 43	13.9 13.0 11.1 18.5 18.0 17.4	5.9 5.6 4.8 7.7 8.5 4.6	40.5 45.8 46.8 36.1 38.5 49.9	46.7 46.7 52.0 39.4 38.7 54.4	29.7 29.9 26.8 38.2 36.7 38.3	28.7 23.6 19.8 35.5 35.6 27.8
Agriculture	179 635 1,157 620 538 309 1,414 1,620 172	108 271 422 218 205 124 682 778 68	40 158 305 152 153 95 382 443 56	16 110 211 122 89 42 185 205 16	16 96 219 127 91 48 165 196 31	10.6 14.7 18.7 19.9 17.4 16.7 13.2 13.8 16.4	4.1 7.3 8.5 9.1 7.9 6.7 5.4 5.7 7.7	55.3 37.7 36.7 30.9 44.6 32.9 43.9 47.6 38.1	60.3 42.7 36.5 35.1 38.0 40.1 48.2 48.0 39.8	29.1 38.8 36.0 39.3 31.4 40.4 27.4 29.5 38.5	17.5 32.4 37.2 40.3 33.5 29.1 24.8 24.6 27.3
No previous work experience	845	480	221	78	65	10.0	4.4	59.6	56.8	19.9	16.9

Includes wage and salary workers only.

#### A-19. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, age, race, and jobsearch methods used

					May 1988				
	Thousands	of persons		Methods us	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers		
Sex, age, and race	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used
Total, 16 years and over	6,553	5,712	22.2	7.4	74.4	32.9	19.2	5.4	1.62
16 to 19 years	1,193	1,124	11.5	2.3	77.7	24.3	13.8	4.4	1.34
20 to 24 years	1,328	1,181	23.1	8.4	74.3	33.0	20.4	3.7	1.63
25 to 34 years	1,798	1.549	24.8	6.5	76.3	35.6	19.8	5.5	1.68
35 to 44 years	1,150	975	28.0	11.6	70.5	39.2	22.9	7.0	1.79
45 to 54 years		477	26.2	11.3	69.4	32.9	18.2	9.2	1.67
55 to 64 years	393	321	22.1	8.7	75.1	31.5	19.0	4.4	1.61
65 years and over	98	85	12.9	5.9	67.1	27.1	28.2	8.2	1.49
Men, 16 years and over	3,575	3,049	24.2	7.6	74.2	31.1	21.0	6.8	1.65
16 to 19 years	624	576	12.8	2.6	79.5	20.0	15.1	4.9	1.35
20 to 24 years	711	625	24.5	10.4	74.7	30.7	24.3	5.6	1.70
25 to 34 years	992	820	27.6	6.7	75.2	34.5	19.8	6.7	1.70
35 to 44 years	629	526	32.3	11.0	67.3	37.3	25.1	9.3	1.82
45 to 54 years	316	254	25.2	7.5	69.7	32.3	18.5	12.6	1.66
55 to 64 years	257	208	22.6	8.7	76.9	33.7	21.6	4.3	1.68
65 years and over	46	40	(')	C)	()	(')	()	Ċ	(')
Women, 16 years and over	2,978	2,663	19.8	7.3	74.5	34.9	17.2	3.9	1.58
16 to 19 years	570	548	10.0	2.0	75.7	28.8	12.4	4.0	1.33
20 to 24 years	616	556	21.6	6.1	73.7	35.6	16.0	1.6	1.55
25 to 34 years	806	729	21.7	6.3	77.4	36.8	19.9	4.1	1.66
35 to 44 years	522	449	23.2	12.0	74.2	41.4	20.3	4.2	1.75
45 to 54 years	277	222	27.5	15.3	69.4	33.8	17.6	5.4	1.69
55 to 64 years	136	113	21.2	8.8	71.7	27.4	14.2	4.4	1,48
65 years and over	52	46	(')	(')	()	(')	(')	(')	(')
White, 16 years and over	4,711	4,021	20.1	7.2	75.0	34.9	18.7	5.8	1.62
Men	2,627	2,203	21.4	7.2	76.0	33.1	19.9	7.2	1.65
Women	2,083	1,818	18.4	7.3	73.7	36.9	17.2	4.2	1.58
Black, 16 years and over		1,486	27.3	8.0	72.7	27.7	20.7	4.8	1.61
Men	820	737	30.8	7.9	68.8	25.4	22.8	6.8	1.62
Women	782	749	23.9	8.1	76.5	29.9	18.6	2.8	1.60

<sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within 30 days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

#### A-20. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, reason for unemployment, and jobsearch methods used

	May 1988												
	Thousands	of persons		Methods u	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers						
Sex and reason	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used				
Total, 16 years and over Job losers' Job leavers	3,058 820 1,835 841	5,712 2,355 837 1,691 829 3,049 1,574 411 699 365	22.2 26.2 26.6 19.1 12.3 24.2 26.5 31.6 20.2 14.0	7.4 7.8 9.7 7.6 4.0 7.6 6.0 9.7 11.4 4.4	74.4 76.0 75.3 69.0 79.7 74.2 76.1 77.4 64.4 81.4	32.9 35.2 41.1 30.7 22.2 31.1 33.9 39.4 25.5 20.3	19.2 21.9 15.7 19.8 14.1 21.0 21.9 17.3 22.9 17.5	5.4 6.0 3.6 5.7 5.3 6.8 7.2 5.1 7.9 5.5	1.62 1.73 1.72 1.52 1.38 1.65 1.72 1.81 1.52 1.43				
Women, 16 years and over Job losers' Job leavers Reentrants New entrants		2,663 781 427 992 464	19.8 25.7 21.8 18.4 11.0	7.3 11.4 9.4 4.8 3.7	74.5 75.8 73.1 72.2 78.4	34.9 37.9 42.6 34.4 23.7	17.2 21.9 14.1 17.5 11.4	3.9 3.6 2.1 4.3 5.2	1.58 1.76 1.63 1.52 1.33				

30 days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

<sup>1</sup> Data on the number of jobseekers and the jobsearch methods used exclude persons on layoff. NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

## A-21. Employed civilians in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age and sex

#### (In thousands)

	Тс	otal	Me	en	Wor	men	
Industry and age	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	
	112,377	114 202	62.004	62 1 42	50.000	51.079	
All industries		114,222	62,094	63,143	50,283	,	
6 to 19 years	6,445	6,459	3,266	3,398	3,179	3,06	
16 to 17 years	2,610	2,556	1,365	1,371	1,245	1,185	
18 to 19 years	3,835	3,903	1,901	2,027	1,934	1,876	
0 to 24 years	13,427	12,975	7,063	6,877	6,364	6,099	
5 to 54 years	77,950	80,252	43,160	44,338	34,791	35,914	
25 to 34 years	33,160	33,646	18,550	18,653	14,610	14,993	
35 to 44 years	27,190	28,092	14,805	15,397	12,385	12,695	
45 to 54 years	17,600	18,515	9,804	10,289	7,796	8,226	
5 to 64 years	11,532	11,378	6,720	6,599	4,812	4,779	
55 to 59 years	6,987	6,904	4,049	3,993	2,937	2,911	
60 to 64 years	4,545	4,474	2,671	2,606	1,874	1,868	
5 years and over	3,023	3,157	1,885	1,931	1,138	1,227	
Agriculture	3,541	3,292	2,807	2,593	734	699	
6 to 19 years	303	312	259	257	44	55	
16 to 17 years	131	152	109	122	22	30	
18 to 19 years	172	160	150	135	22	24	
20 to 24 years	453	403	389	338	64	65	
25 to 54 years	1,972	1,850	1,508	1,404	464	446	
25 to 34 years	896	798	720	637	177	161	
35 to 44 years	585	617	434	458	152	159	
45 to 54 years	490	435	355	309	135	126	
5 to 64 years	483	425	368	336	115	88	
55 to 59 years	260	214	190	161	70	53	
60 to 64 years	223	210	178	175	45	35	
5 years and over	330	302	283	257	47	45	
Nonagricultural industries	108,836	110,930	59,287	60,550	49,549	50.380	
6 to 19 years	6,142	6,147	3,007	3,141	3,135	3,006	
16 to 17 years	2,478	2,403	1,256	1,249	1,223	1,155	
18 to 19 years	3,664	3,744	1,752	1.892	1,912	1,852	
20 to 24 years	12,974	12,572	6,674	6,539	6,300	6,034	
5 to 54 years	75,979	78,403	41,652	42,934	34,327	35,467	
25 to 34 years	32,263	32,848	17,830	18,016	14,433	14,832	
35 to 44 years	26,605	27,475	14,372	14,939	12,233	12,537	
45 to 54 years	17,110	18,079	9,450	9,980	7,660	8,100	
5 to 64 years	11,049	10.953	6,352	6,262	4.697	4,690	
55 to 59 years	6,726	6.689	3,859	3,832	2,867	2,858	
60 to 64 years	4,322	4,264	2,493	2,431	1,830	1,833	
5 years and over	2,693	2,855	1,602	1,673	1,091	1,182	

## A-22. Employed civilians by occupation, sex, and age

(in thousands)

	То	tal		Me	ən			Wor	nen	
Occupation	-	ears over	16 y and		20 y and		16 y and		20 y and	ears over
	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988
Total	. 112,377	114,222	62,094	63,143	58,828	59,745	50,283	51,079	47,104	48,01
Managerial and professional specialty	27,536	29,113	15,255	16,087	15,172	15,989	12,281	13,026	12,169	12,91
Executive, administrative, and managerial	13,117	14,289	8,129	8,665	8,090	8,623	4,988	5,624	4,946	5,58
Officials and administrators, public administration		574	303	335	303	334	216	240	216	23
Other executive, administrative, and managerial Management-related occupations		10,011	5,995 1,831	6,462 1,868	5,959 1,828	6,431 1,858	3,104 1,668	3,549 1,836	3,070 1,659	3,51
Professional specialty		14,824	7,126	7,422	7,082	7,366	7,292	7,402	7,223	7,33
Engineers	. 1,658	1,807	1,529	1,654	1,530	1,654	128	153	128	15
Mathematical and computer scientists		692	461	494	461	494	213	198	213	19
Natural scientists Health diagnosing occupations		373 752	278 628	274 615	278 628	274 615	87 111	99 137	87 109	9 13
Health assessment and treating occupations		2,113	286	326	285	324	1,849	1,787	1,845	1,78
Teachers, college and university		653	450	410	447	407	230	243	226	24
Teachers, except college and university		3,833	1,066	1,065	1,056	1,058	2,761	2,768	2,735	2,73
Lawyers and judges		748	571	583	571	583	152	166	153	16
Other professional specialty occupations	. 3,620	3,852	1,857	2,002	1,826	1,959	1,762	1,850	1,728	1,81
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support		1 1	12,316 1,646	12,160 1,790	11,720 1,626	11,487	22,552 1,588	22,580 1,573	20,884 1,568	20,95 1,55
Health technologists and technicians			171	192	1,020	1,750	941	944	935	94
Engineering and science technicians		1,167	871	910	861	891	223	257	220	25
Technicians, except health, engineering, and science			604	688	595	677	424	372	414	36
Sales occupations		1 '	7,085	6,923	6,707	6,469	6,378	6,540	5,432	5,52
Supervisors and proprietors Sales representatives, finance and business services		3,612	2,441 1,349	2,384 1,353	2,422	2,345 1,346	1,060 992	1,228 948	1,038 954	1,2
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail			1,345	1,203	1,340	1,199	268	265	259	26
Sales workers, retail and personal services	1 1	6,032	1,955	1,962	1,617	1,557	4,026		3,149	
Sales-related occupations			F	21	24	21	32	29	32	2
Administrative support, including clerical		17,914	3,585	3,447	3,388	3,261	14,587	14,467	13,884	13,87
Supervisors Computer equipment operators			275 304	313 267	273 288	312 260	384 626	486 558	383 594	48
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists		1	90	74	88	70	4,942	4,710	4,725	4,54
Financial records processing	. 2,506		225	206		201	2,281	2,148	2,227	2,1
Mail and message distributing			621	588	593	565	315	313	302	29
Other administrative support, including clerical	. 8,107	8,251	2,069	1,999	1,922	1,853	6,038	6,252	5,653	5,88
Service occupations .			5,909	6,064	4,983	5,124	9,216	9,186	8,066	8,13
Private household		1	29 1,638	37 1,649	20 1,609	29 1,602	870 248	868 235	694 228	73
Service, except private household and protective			4,242	4,378	3,354	3,493	8,097	8,083	7,143	
Food service			1,991	1,953	1,345	1,272	3,413	3,157	2,714	2,5
Health service			198	252	178	235	1,660	1,791	1,595	1,70
Cleaning and building service Personal service			1,639 414	1,742 430	1,464 367	1,601 386	1,209	1,253 1,881	1,137	1,18
Precision production, craft, and repair				12,620	12,066	12,370	1,151	1,239	1,125	1,2
Mechanics and repairers			4,190	4,356	4,113	4,272	151	1,239	151	19
Construction trades	. 4,990	1 1		5,084	4,770	4,954	92	97	90	ģ
Other precision production, craft, and repair	. 4,125	4,126	3,217	3,180	3,183	3,144	907	945	884	93
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		1 1		13,117	11,907	12,024	4,443	4,422	4,262	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors				4,762	4,523	4,602	3,251	3,226	3,163	3,15
Manufacturing industries		1 '	3,870 2,469	3,928 2,564	3,745 2,412	3,820 2,511	2,776	2,779 1,147	2,708	2,72
Nondurable goods				1,364	1,333	1,309	1,617	1,631	1,574	1,59
Nonmanufacturing industries	. 1,297	1,281	822	834	778	781	475	447	455	43
Transportation and material moving occupations			4,310	4,416	4,180	4,273	404	407	399	38
Motor vehicle operators				3,199		3,081	353	370 37	348 51	35
Other transportation and material moving occupations			1,155 3,936	1,218 3,939	1,140 3,204	1,192 3,149	51 788	37 789	701	70
Construction laborers		1 '	799	696	732	644	11	21	11	
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	1	1	3,137	3,243	2,473	2,506	777	768	689	68
Farming, forestry, and fishing	. 4,012	3,720	3,371	3,095	2,980	2,751	641	625	598	56
Farm operators and managers	. 1,399	1,261	1,193	1,086	1,185	1,067	206	175	206	
Other farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	. 2,612	2,459	2,178	2,009	1,796	1,684	435	451	392	) 39

## A-23. Employed civilians by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	Тс	otal	M	ən	Wor	nen
Occupation and race	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988
TOTAL						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands) Percent		114,222 100.0	62,094 100.0	63,143 100.0	50,283 100.0	51,079 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	24.5	25.5	24.6	25.5	24.4	25.5
Executive, administrative, and managerial	11.7	12.5 13.0	13.1 11.5	13.7 11.8	9.9 14.5	11.0 14.5
Professional specialty		30.4	19.8	19.3	44.8	44.2
Technicians and related support		2.9	2.7	2.8	3.2	3.1
Sales occupations		11.8	11.4	11.0	12.7	12.8
Administrative support, including clerical		15.7	5.8	5.5	29.0	28.3
Service occupations		13.4	9.5	9.6	18.3	18.0
Private household		.8	(')	.1	1.7	1.7
Protective service Service, except private household and protective		1.6 10.9	2.6 6.8	2.6 6.9	.5 16.1	.5. 15.8
Precision production, craft, and repair	-	10.9	0.8 19.8	20.0	2.3	2.4
Derators, fabricators, and laborers		15.4	20.8	20.0	8.8	8.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		7.0	7.6	7.5	6.5	6.3
Transportation and material moving occupations		4.2	6.9	7.0	.8	.8
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		4.1	6.3	6.2	1.6	1.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3.6	3.3	5.4	4.9	1.3	1.2
White						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands) Percent		99,414 100.0	54,753 100.0	55,508 100.0	43,156 100.0	43,906 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	25.5	26.5	25.6	26.5	25.4	26.4
Executive, administrative, and managerial		13.2	13.8	14.5	10.5	11.5
Professional specialty		13.3	11.8	12.0	14.9	14.9
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support		30.8	20.2	19.4	45.9	45.2
Technicians and related support		2.9	2.7	2.9	3.2	3.0
Sales occupations Administrative support, including clerical		12.4 15.5	12.1 5.4	11.5 5.0	13.3 29.5	13.4 28.7
Service occupations		12.1	8.4	8.4	17.0	16.6
Private household		.7	(')	.1	1.5	1.5
Protective service		1.5	2.4	2.4	.4	.4
Service, except private household and protective		9.9	6.0	6.0	15.0	14.8
Precision production, craft, and repair	12.4	12.6	20.5	20.7	2.2	2.4
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		14.7	19.8	20.0	8.1	8.0
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		6.6	7.2	7.3	5.8	5.7
Transportation and material moving occupations		4.1	6.7	6.7	.8	.8
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		4.0 3.4	5.9 5.6	5.9 5.0	1.5 1.4	1.5 1.3
Black						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	11,119 100.0	11,440 100.0	5,580 100.0	5,792 100.0	5,539 100.0	5,648 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty		16.1	13.3	14.1	16.9	18.1
Executive, administrative, and managerial		6.5	6.9	6.3	5.8	6.7
Professional specialty		9.6	6.4	7.8	11.0	11.4
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support	26.9	26.9	15.5	16.5	38.3	37.5
Technicians and related support	2.2	2.7	1.6	2.1	2.8	3.3
Sales occupations	6.6	6.7	4.6	5.4	8.6	8.1
Administrative support, including clerical	18.0	17.4	9.3	9.0	26.8	26.1
Service occupations	23.6	23.9	19.2	19.5	28.1	28.4
Private household	1.8 3.2	1.8	.2 5.5	.1	3.4	3.6
Service, except private household and protective	3.2 18.6	3.0 19.1	5.5 13.5	4.9 14.6	1.0 23.7	1.1 23.8
Precision production, craft, and repair	8.8	8.8	15.2	14.0	23.7	23.8
Derators, fabricators, and laborers	23.3	21.8	32.4	30.0	14.1	2.2 13.4
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	10.5	10.1	10.7	9.6	10.3	10.6
Transportation and material moving occupations	5.8	5.8	10.4	10.5	1.2	1.0
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		5.8	11.3	9.8	2.5	1.7
	2.4	2.6	4.4	4.7	.4	.4

Less than 0.05 percent.

## A-24. Employed civilians by age, sex, and class of worker

## (In thousands)

					May 1988		_		
			Nonagricultura	I industries	;			Agriculture	
Age and sex		Wage and s	alary workers		0.11			0.11	
	Total	Private household workers	Government	Other	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers	Wage and salary workers	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers
Total, 16 years and over	101,786	1,180	17,090	83,516	8,846	297	1,685	1,419	188
16 to 19 years	6,091	206	290	5,595	54	2	214	61	38
16 to 17 years	2.381	163	63	2,155	21	2	100	38	15
18 to 19 years	3,711	43	228	3,440	33	_	114	23	23
20 to 24 years	12,215	134	993	11,088	344	13	317	73	13
25 to 34 years	30,700	225	4,372	26,103	2,092	56	491	275	31
35 to 44 years	24,838	182	5,335	19,321	2,558	79	302	279	36
15 to 54 years	16,124	156	3.610	12,357	1,881	74	179	234	22
55 to 64 years	9,532	150	2,097	7,285	1,374	47	127	265	34
55 to 59 years	5,863	83	1,306	4,474	796	30	58	135	21
60 to 64 years	3,669	67	791	2,811	578	17	68	129	13
55 years and over	2,285	126	393	1,767	544	27	56	232	14
Men, 16 years and over	54,737	198	8,094	46,445	5,770	42	1,312	1,217	64
16 to 19 years	3,111	64	125	2,922	28	1	171	58	28
16 to 17 years	1,237	53	35	1,150	10	1	74	38	9
18 to 19 years	1,874	11	90	1,773	18	1	97	20	19
20 to 24 years	6,296	28	456	5,812	235	7	261	66	11
25 to 34 years	16.695	29	2.060	14.606	1,321	1	379	244	13
35 to 44 years	13,318	36	2,469	10,813	1,619	2	220	232	6
45 to 54 years	8,733	9	1,715	7,008	1,239	8	123	187	
55 to 64 years	5,312	15	1.062	4,234	948	3	106	226	4
55 to 59 years	3.285	7	648	2.631	544	2	48	112	1
60 to 64 years	2,026	8	415	1,604	403	1	58	114	3
65 years and over	1,272	18	206	1,049	380	20	52	204	2
Women, 16 years and over	47,049	982	8,996	37,071	3,075	255	373	201	125
16 to 19 years	2,980	143	165	2,672	25	-	42	3	9
16 to 17 years	1,143	111	28	1,005	11	1	25	-	5
18 to 19 years	1.837	32	138	1,668	15	-	17	3	4
20 to 24 years	5,919	106	537	5,276	109	6	56	7	2
25 to 34 years	14,006	196	2,312	11,497	771	55	112	31	18
35 to 44 years	11,520	146	2,866	8,508	939	77	81	47	30
15 to 54 years	7,391	147	1,895	5,349	642	66	56	47	22
55 to 64 years	4,220	135	1,034	3.051	426	43	20	38	30
55 to 59 years	2,577	76	658	1,844	252	28	10	23	20
60 to 64 years	1,643	60	376	1,207	174	15	10	15	10
65 years and over	1.012	108	187	717	163	6	5	28	12

#### A-25. Employed civilians by industry and occupation

#### (In thousands)

							May 1	988					
		Manager profess spec	sional	ad	ical, sal ministra suppor			rvice pations	Preci-		Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
Industry	Total em- ployed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- gerial	Profes- sional specialty	Techni- cians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service <sup>1</sup>	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers 24 35 838	Farming, forestry, and fishing
Agriculture	3,292	54	58	17	17	103		12	38	6	41		2,921
Mining	707	100	58	39	5	97		1	229	27	117	35	-
Construction	7,715	1,009	132	53	87	468		32	4,479	90	514	838	13
Manufacturing	21,296	2,526	1,715	716	717	2,427		322	4,106	6,707	797	1,159	106
Durable goods	12,493	1,535	1,153	495	305	1,293		184	2,792	3,711	400	527	96
Nondurable goods	8,803	991	561	221	411	1,133		137	1,313	2,996	397	632	10
Transportation and public					1						{		
utilities	7,929	872	445	227	338	2,054		301	1,301	110	1,818	441	22
Wholesale and retail trade	23,289	2,053	430	102	9,695	2,309		4,215	1,417	311	952	1,756	49
Wholesale trade	4,411	503	59	37	1,684	755		39	325	149	513	337	12
Retail trade	18,878	1,551	372	65	8,012	1,554		4,176	1,091	162	440	1,419	38
Finance, insurance, and	-												
real estate	7,888	2,039	206	145	1,826	3,150	-	253	152	10	17	23	66
Services	36,722	4,504	11,009	1,790	759	5,884	905	7,911	1,871	696	505	405	481
Private households	1,193	3	7	6	-	10	905	98	12	2	10	11	129
Other service industries	35,529	4,501	11,002	1,785	759	5,874		7,812	1,860	694	496	394	352
Professional services	23,627	2,525	9,782	1,426	140	4,325		4,389	341	201	317	80	101
Public administration	5,384	1,131	771	274	19	1,423		1,299	267	30	61	47	61

' Includes protective service, not shown separately.

## A-26. Employed civilians with a job but not at work by reason, sex, and pay status

(In thousands)

	A indus				Nonagricultu	al industries				
D			То	tal	Wage and salary workers'					
Reason not working and sex	May	May			Paid ab	sences	Unpaid a	bsences		
	1987	1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988	May 1987	May 1988		
Total, 16 years and over	4,403	4,193	4,334	4,125	2,082	1,994	1,789	1,656		
Vacation	1,981	1,767	1,945	1,756	1,345	1,189	449	389		
Illness	1,296	1,291	1,276	1,274	515	561	665	602		
Bad weather	28	28	24	26	(*)	(²)	(²)	(²)		
	32	35	32	31	(*)	(²)	(²)	(²)		
	1,067	1,071	1,057	1,037	222	245	675	665		
Men, 16 years and over	2,239	2,117	2,200	2,064	1,133	1,069	789	686		
Vacation	1,054	1,015	1,032	1,006	777	730	162	163		
Illness	671	633	665	623	268	273	342	268		
All other reasons <sup>3</sup>	513	470	503	436	88	66	285	256		
Women, 16 years and over         Vacation         Illness         All other reasons <sup>3</sup>	2,165	2,076	2,134	2,060	948	925	1,002	970		
	927	752	913	750	566	460	287	226		
	625	658	611	652	247	287	323	334		
	613	665	610	658	134	178	391	409		

<sup>2</sup> Excludes private household workers. <sup>2</sup> Pay status not available separately for bad weather and industrial dispute; these categories are included in all other reasons.

<sup>o</sup> Includes bad weather and industrial dispute, not shown separately. NOTE: Estimates for "all other reasons" by pay status may be biased because of high response variance; data should be used with caution.

## A-27. Persons at work by hours of work and type of industry

	May 1988										
Hours of work	•	Thousands of p	ersons		Percent distrib	ution					
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries					
Total, 16 years and over	110,029	3,224	106,805	100.0	100.0	100.0					
1 to 34 hours	24,806	821	23,985	22.5	25.5	22.5					
1 to 4 hours	759	41	718	.7	1.3	.7					
5 to 14 hours	4,416	203	4,213	4.0	6.3	3.9					
15 to 29 hours	12,771	412	12,359	11.6	12.8	11.6					
30 to 34 hours	6,860	165	6,695	6.2	5.1	6.3					
35 hours and over	85,223	2,403	82,820	77.5	74.5	77.5					
35 to 39 hours	7,311	135	7,176	6.6	4.2	6.7					
40 hours	44,245	662	43,583	40.2	20.5	40.8					
41 hours and over	33,667	1,606	32,061	30.6	49.8	30.0					
41 to 48 hours	11,877	248	11,629	10.8	7.7	10.9					
49 to 59 hours	12,427	405	12,022	11.3	12.6	11.3					
60 hours and over	9,363	953	8,410	8.5	29.6	7.9					
Average hours, total at work	39.7	45.8	39.5								
Average hours, workers on full-time schedules	44.1	53.8	43.8								

## A-28. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by reason for working less than 35 hours, type of industry, and usual status

(Numbers in thousands)

			Мау	1988		
Denses for wedling loss that 05 hours		All industries	;	Nona	gricultural ind	ustries
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time
Total, 16 years and over	24,806	6,198	18,609	23,985	6,035	17,951
Economic reasons	4.674	1.608	3.066	4.484	1.545	2,939
Slack work	2,096	1.246	850	2,008	1.196	812
Material shortages or repairs to plant and equipment	39	39	_	39	39	-
New job started during week	240	240		228	228	
Job terminated during week	83	83	-	83	83	-
Could find only part-time work	2,215	-	2,215	2,126	-	2,126
Other reasons	20.133	4.589	15.544	19,501	4,489	15.012
Does not want, or unavailable for, full-time work	13,238	_	13,238	12,800	-	12.800
Vacation	1,282	1,282	-	1.271	1,271	
Illness	1.533	1,354	179	1,515	1,341	174
Bad weather	203	203	-	173	173	
Industrial dispute	3	3		3	3	
Legal or religious holiday	80	80	-	79	79	_
Full time for this job	1,547	-	1.547	1,516	-	1,516
All other reasons	2,247	1,667	580	2,145	1,622	523
Average hours:						
Economic reasons	22.3	25.0	20.9	22.4	25.0	21.1
Other reasons	20.9	26.2	19.3	20.9	26.2	19.3
Norked 30 to 34 hours:						
Economic reasons	1,539	783	756	1,491	758	733
Other reasons	5,321	2,441	2,880	5,204	2,401	2,803

## A-29. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

					May 198	3			
la ducta	Tital	On part	0		On full-tim	e schedule	s	Average	Average
Industry	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
Total, 16 years and over	106,805	4,484	15,012	87,309	55,248	11,629	20,432	39.5	43.8
Wage and salary workers	98,095	3,926	13,435	80,734	52,391	11,000	17,343	39.3	43.4
Mining	643	23	12	608	324	108	176	44.9	46.4
Construction	5,975	397	225	5,353	3,532	683	1,138	41.1	43.2
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	20,171 11,910 8,261	511 186 325	649 294 355	19,011 11,430 7,581	11,978 7,090 4,888	3,211 1,967 1,244	3,822 2,373 1,449	42.2 42.8 41.4	43.4 43.6 43.1
Transportation and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate	7,155 20,593 6,935	205 1,134 129	381 5,190 633	6,569 14,269 6,173	4,173 8,295 4,212	810 2,333 782	1,586 3,641 1,179	42.5 37.0 40.1	44.3 44.3 42.5
Service industries Private households All other industries Public administration	31,473 1,148 30,325 5,151	1,481 175 1,306 46	6,070 561 5,509 275	23,922 412 23,510 4,830	16,272 268 16,004 3,605	2,551 52 2,499 522	5,099 92 5,007 703	37.4 25.1 37.9 40.9	43.1 44.9 43.1 42.3
Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers	8,412 297	545 13	1,457 120	6,410 164	2,759 96	619 10	3,032 58	41.6 35.3	48.9 45.7

#### A-30. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by sex, age, race, marital status, and full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

				Мау	1988			
Sources and marital status	Total	On part	0	On	full-time sched	lules	Average	Average
Sex, age, race, and marital status	at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	106,805	4,484	15,012	87,309	55,248	32,061	39.5	43.8
16 to 19 years	. 5,968	416	3,779	1,773	1,390	383	24.0	40.1
16 to 17 years	. 2,333	77	2,042	214	180	34	17.5	36.7
18 to 19 years		338	1,737	1,560	1,211	349	28.1	40.6
20 years and over		4,069	11,233	85,535	53,857	31,678	40.4	43.9
20 to 24 years	. 12,184	814	2,017	9,353	6,401	2,952	37.6	42.7
25 years and over	. 88,654	3,255	9,216	76,183	47,458	28,725	40.8	44.1
25 to 44 years	. 58,281	2,143	5,029	51,109	31,225	19,884	41.4	44.2
45 to 64 years	. 27,732	1,014	2,980	23,738	15,263	8,475	40.7	43.9
65 years and over	. 2,641	96	1,207	1,338	973	365	29.5	41.8
Men, 16 years and over		2,077	4,556	51,853	29,015	22,838	42.5	45.4
16 to 19 years		200	1,854	995	736	259	25.1	41.2
16 to 17 years		49	1,027	136	111	25	18.5	38.1
18 to 19 years		152	828	857	623	234	29.5	41.7
20 years and over		1,877	2,701	50,859	28,280	22,579	43.5	45.5
20 to 24 years		416	820	5,150	3,205	1,945	39.5	43.9
25 years and over		1,462	1,881	45,708	25,076	20,632	44.0	45.7
25 to 44 years	. 31,986	977	682	30,327	16,053	14,274	44.7	45.9
45 to 64 years	. 15,530	436	587	14,507	8,402	6,105	43.7	45.3
65 years and over	. 1,535	48	612	875	623	252	31.2	42.0
Women, 16 years and over		2,407	10,456	35,456	26,234	9,222	35.9	41.6
16 to 19 years		215	1,925	779	656	123	22.8	38.7
16 to 17 years		28	1,015	78	69	9	16.5	) ()
18 to 19 years		187	910	701	587	114	26.8	39.1
20 years and over		2,192	8,532	34,676	25,577	9,099	36.7	41.6
20 to 24 years		398	1,197	4,203	3,196	1,007	35.5	41.1
25 years and over		1,794	7,335	30,474	22,382	8,092	36.9	41.8
25 to 44 years		1,167	4,347	20,781	15,171	5,610	37.3	41.7
45 to 64 years	. 12,201	578	2,393	9,230	6,860	2,370	36.8	41.8
65 years and over	. 1,106	49	595	462	349	113	27.1	41.2
RACE						1		
White, 16 years and over	. 92,831	3,578	13,589	75,664	46,469	29,195	39.6	44.1
Men	· · ·	1,644	4,022	45,695	24,770	20,925	42.8	45.7
Women		1,935	9,567	29,968	21,698	8,270	35.7	41.7
Black, 16 years and over	10,793	775	1,003	9,015	6,995	2,020	38.4	41.8
Men	1 - 1	368	380	4,658	3,315	1,343	39.9	42.9
Women	1	407	623	4,357	3,679	678	36.9	40.6
MARITAL STATUS					ł			
Men, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present		944	1,236	35,192	18,717	16,475	44.5	45.9
Widowed, divorced, or separated	. 5,864	259	285	5,320	2,986	2,334	43.4	45.7
Single (never married)	. 15,250	874	3,035	11,341	7,313	4,028	37.4	43.6
Women, 16 years and over:							1	
Married, spouse present	. 26,926	1,159	6,164	19,603	14,783	4,820	35.7	41.3
Widowed, divorced, or separated		494	1,132	7,627	5,386	2,241	38.5	42.2
Single (never married)		756	3,160	8,224	6,063	2,161	34.2	41.6

' Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

#### A-31. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and full- or part-time status

(Numbers in thousands)

					May 1988	3			
				0	On full-tim	e schedule	s		Average
Occupation and sex	Total at work	On part time for economic reasons	On volun- tary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	Average hours, total at work	hours, workers on full- time sched- ules
Total, 16 years and over'	106,383	4,431	14,903	87,049	55,049	11,590	20,410	39.5	43.9
Managerial and professional specialty Executive, administrative, and managerial Professional specialty	13,822 14,305	424 138 285	2,489 673 1,816	25,214 13,011 12,203	13,831 6,586 7,245	3,254 1,744 1,510	8,130 4,681 3,449	42.7 44.6 40.8	45.4 46.1 44.5
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support Sales occupations	3,240 12,977	1,159 35 591	6,084 358 2,839	26,253 2,847 9,547	17,932 2,009 4,892	3,236 371 1,347	5,085 467 3,308	37.9 39.9 39.1	42.8 42.5 46.0
Administrative support, including clerical Service occupations Private household	14,625	533 1,217 127	2,887 4,349 441	13,859 9,059 314	11,032 6,542 210	1,517 965 33	1,310 1,552 70	36.6 33.9 25.7	40.7 42.8 44.8
Protective service Service, except private household and protective Precision production, craft, and repair	1,763 11,980	49 1,040 651	156 3,753 465	1,558 7,187 12,222	895 5,436 7,644	258 673 1,794	405 1,078 2,784	43.1 33.2	46.0 42.0 44.0
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	16,799 7,686	981 386 238	465 1,517 338 350	14,301 6,963	9,101 4,827	2,341 1,186	2,859 950	42.1 40.4 40.6	43.7 42.4
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,516	358	830	4,009 3,329	1,914 2,360	654 502	1,442 467	43.9 36.4	47.2 42.1
Men, 16 years and over <sup>1</sup>		2,020	4,427	51,547	28,792	7,363	15,392	42.6	45.4
Managerial and professional specialty Executive, administrative, and managerial Professional specialty	8,402	190 74 116	646 222 424	14,792 8,105 6,686	6,978 3,470 3,508	1,786 1,014 771	6,028 3,621 2,407	45.6 46.9 44.1	47.1 47.9 46.3
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support Sales occupations	1,734	259 19 145	1,126 86 753	10,409 1,630 5,823	5,586 1,010 2,456	1,511 246 857	3,311 374 2,510	42.7 42.5 44.2	45.8 44.1 48.0
Administrative support, including clerical Service occupations Private household	3,339 5,844	95 336 10	288 1,251 14	2,956 4,258 14	2,121 2,861 10	408 524 2	427 873 2	39.6 37.3 (²)	42.2 44.1 ( <sup>2</sup> )
Protective service Service, except private household and protective	1,540 4,266	36 290	108 1,129	1,396 2,848	771 2,080	242 280	383 488	44.1 34.9	46.4 42.9
Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	12,586 4,604	596 639 157	348 1,056 151	11,199 10,890 4,296	6,871 6,495 2,775	1,683 1,860 817	2,644 2,535 704	42.5 41.3 41.9	44.2 44.5 43.2
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3,780	193 290	243 662	3,766 2,828	1,767 1,953	603 440	1,396 435	44.7 36.8	47.5 42.4
Women, 16 years and over <sup>1</sup>		2,411	10,476	35,502	26,258	4,226	5,018	35.9	41.6
Managerial and professional specialty Executive, administrative, and managerial Professional specialty	5,421	233 64 169	1,843 451 1,392	10,422 4,906 5,517	6,853 3,116 3,737	1,468 729 738	2,102 1,060 1,042	39.0 41.1 37.3	42.8 43.2 42.5
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support Sales occupations	1,506	900 16 446	4,957 273 2,086	15,844 1,217 3,724	12,346 999 2,436	1,725 126 490	1,773 93 798	35.3 36.9 33.6	40.9 40.5 42.8
Administrative support, including clerical Service occupations Private household		439 881 118	2,599 3,098 427	10,902 4,802 300	8,911 3,681 201	1,109 441 31	883 679 68	35.9 31.7	40.2 41.7
Protective service Service, except private household and protective	223 7,714	13 751	48 2,624	162 4,340	124 3,356	16 394	22 589	25.9 35.7 32.2	45.2 42.3 41.4
Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	1,195 4,213 3,083	55 341 229	116 461 187	1,023 3,411 2,667	773 2,605 2,053	111 482 369	140 323 246	38.7 37.5 38.7	41.5 41.1 41.0
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	394 737	45 68	107 167	242 501	146 406	51 62	45 33	35.2 34.0	43.8 40.2

<sup>1</sup> Excludes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.

<sup>2</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

#### A-32. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and sex TOTAL	Мау	June			1988								
TOTAL		Julie	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Ioninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	184,259	184,421	184,605	184,738	184,904	185,052	185,225	185,370	185,571	185,705	185,847	185,964	186,088
Labor force'		121,326	121,610	122,042	121,706	122,128	122,349	122,472	122,924	123,084	122,639	123,055	122,692
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>	66.0	65.8	65.9	66.1	65.8	66.0	66.1	66.1	66.2	66.3	66.0	66.2	65.9
Total employed <sup>1</sup>	. 114,060	114,018	114,359	114,786	114,615	114,951	115,259	115,494	115,878	116,145	115,839	116,445	115,909
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>		61.8	61.9	62.1	62.0	62.1	62.2	62.3	62.4	62.5	62.3	62.6	62.3
Resident Armed Forces	. 1,726	1,718	1,720	1,736	1,743	1,741	1,755	1,750	1,749	1,736	1,736	1,732	1,714
Civilian employed	112,334	112,300	112,639	113,050	112,872	113,210	113,504	113,744	114,129	114,409	114,103	114,713	114,195
Agriculture		3,192	3,212	3,143	3,184	3,249	3,172	3,215	3,293	3,228	3,204	3,228	3,035
Nonagricultural industries	109,065	109,108	109,427	109,907	109,688	109,961	110,332	110,529	110,836	111,182	110,899	111,485	111,160
Unemployed	. 7,573	7,308	7,251	7,256	7,091	7,177	7,090	6,978	7,046	6,938	6,801	6,610	6,783
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>	. 6.2	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.5
Not in labor force	. 62,626	63,095	62,995	62,696	63,198	62,924	62,876	62,898	62,647	62,621	63,208	62,909	63,396
Men													
Ioninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	88.361	88,442	88,534	88,598	88.683	88,756	88.849	88.924	89.033	89.099	89.168	89,225	89.287
Labor force <sup>1</sup>	67,802		67,671	67,937	67,776	67,947	68,019	68,030	68,243	68,343		68,445	
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>		76.5	76.4	76.7	76.4	76.6	76.6	76.5	76.6	76.7	76.4	76.7	76.5
Total employed <sup>1</sup>			63,711	63,916		64.048	64,174	64,245	64,396	64.636		64,892	
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>			72.0	72.1	72.1	72.2	72.2	72.2	72.3	72.5	72.1	72.7	72.3
Resident Armed Forces			1,561	1,575	1,581	1,580	1.593	1.589	1.588	1.577	1.573	1.569	1.553
Civilian employed		61,984	62,150	62,341	62,368	62,468	62,581	62,656	62,808				63.030
Unemployed			3,960	4,021	3,827	3,899	3,845	3,785	3,847	3,707	3,816		3,736
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>		6.0	5.9	5.9	5.6		5.7	5.6	5.6	5.4	5.6		5.5
Not in labor force			20,863		20,907	20,809		20,894	20,790				
Women													
Noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	. 95,898	95,979	96.071	96,140	96.221	96.295	96,376	96,446	96,538	96,606	96.679	96.739	96.801
Labor force <sup>1</sup>		53,703	53,939		53,930		54,330	54,442	54,681	54,740			
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>		56.0	56.1	56.3	56.0	56.3	56.4	56.4	56.6	56.7	56.4		56.2
Total employed <sup>1</sup>		50,475	50,648	50,870	50,666		51,085	51,249	51,482	51,509		51,553	51,327
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>		52.6	52.7	52.9	52.7	52.9	53.0	53.1	53.3	53.3	53.3	53.3	
Resident Armed Forces			159		162	161	162	161	161	159	163	163	16
Civilian employed			50,489		50,504		50,923	51.088		51.350			
Unemployed			3,291	3,235	3,264	3,278	3,245	3,193	3,200	3,231	2,985	3.057	3.047
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>			6.1	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.5	5.6	
Not in labor force		42,276	42,132		42,291	42,114	42.046	42.004		41.866		42,129	

• Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States. <sup>2</sup> Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population. <sup>3</sup> Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population. <sup>4</sup> Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

Armed Forces). NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-32 through A-41 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

## A-33. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

#### (Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,				19	87						1988		
sex, and age	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	182,533	182,703	182,885	183,002	183,161	183,311	183,470	183,620	183,822	183,969	184,111	184,232	184,374
Civilian labor force	119,907	119,608	119,890	120,306	119,963	120,387	120,594	120,722	121,175	121,348	120,903	121,323	120,978
Percent of population		65.5	65.6	65.7	65.5	65.7	65.7	65.7	65.9	66.0	65.7	65.9	65.0
Employed	112,334	112,300	112,639	113,050	112,872	113,210	113,504	113,744	114,129	114,409	114,103	114,713	114,19
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	61.5	61.5	61.6	61.8	61.6	61.8	61.9	61.9	62.1	62.2	62.0	62.3	61.
Unemployed	7,573	7,308	7,251	7,256	7,091	7,177	7,090	6,978	7,046	6,938	6,801	6,610	6,78
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	79,474	79,536	79,625		79,740	7 <del>9</del> ,807	79,885	80,002		80,203	80,260	80,326	
Civilian labor force	62,129	62,054	62,106		62,085	62,211	62,299	62,248		62,696	62,497	62,791	62,66
Percent of population	78.2	78.0	78.0	77.9	77.9	78.0	78.0	77.8	77.9	78.2	77.9	78.2	77.
Employed			58,783	58,825	58,967	59,037	59,164	59,185		59,625	59,407	59,883	59,59
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	73.8	73.7	73.8	73.8	73.9	74.0	74.1	74.0	74.0	74.3	74.0	74.5	74.
Agriculture	2,383	2,316	2,333	2,289	2,345	2,343	2,297	2,298	2,323	2,280	2,253	2,255	2,18
Nonagricultural industries	56,290	56,316	56,450		56,622	56,694	56,867	56,887	56,964	57,344	57,154	57,627	57,40
Unemployed	3,456	3,422	3,323	3,258	3,118	3,174	3,135	3,063	3,154	3,071	3,089	2,909	3,07
Unemployment rate	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.1	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.
Not in labor force	17,345	17,482	17,519	17,585	17,655	17,596	17,586	17,754	17,680	17,507	17,763	17,535	17,740
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	88,464	88,546	88,632		88,785	88,843		89,010			89,261	89,307	89,38
Civilian labor force	49,728	49,722	49,886		49,922	50,095		50,361	50,558	50,640	50,542	50,612	
Percent of population	56.2	56.2	56.3	56.3	56.2	56.4	56.5	56.6	56.7	56.8	56.6	56.7	56.
Employed	47,028	47,088	47,206	47,308	47,251	47,480	47,634	47,750	47,977	48,005	48,132	48,170	47,96
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	53.2	53.2	53.3	53.3	53.2	53.4	53.6	53.6	53.8	53.8	53.9	53.9	53.
Agriculture	629	619	620	609	600	636	636	643	646	654	656	692	58
Nonagricultural industries	46,399	46,469	46,586	46,699	46,651	46,844	46,998	47,107	47,331	47,351	47,476	47,478	
Unemployed	2,700	2,634	2,680	2,661	2,671	2,615	2,620	2,611	2,581	2,635	2,411	2,442	2,48
Unemployment rate	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.2	4.8	4.8	
Not in labor force	38,736	38,824	38,746	38,716	38,863	38,748	38,669	38,649	38,552	38,538	38,719	38,695	38,94
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years							1						
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	14,595	14,621	14,628	14,649	14,637	14,661	14,663	14,609	,	14,588	14,591	14,598	
Civilian labor force	8,050	7,832	7,898		7,956	8,081	8,041	8,113	8,177	8,011	7,865	7,919	
Percent of population	55.2	53.6	54.0		54.4	55.1	54.8	55.5	56.0	54.9	53. <del>9</del>	54.2	
Employed	6,633	6,580	6,650	6,917	6,654	6,693	6,706	6,809	6,865	6,779	6,564	6,660	
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	45.4	45.0	45.5	47.2	45.5	45.7	45.7	46.6	47.0	46.5	45.0	45.6	
Agriculture	257	257	259	245	239	270	239	274	323	293	295	280	26
Nonagricultural industries	6,376	6,323	6,391	6,672	6,415	6,423	6,467	6,535	6,542	6,486	6,269	6,380	6,37
Unemployed	1,417	1,252	1,248	1,337	1,302	1,388	1,335	1,304	1,312	1,232	1,301	1,259	1,23
Unemployment rate	17.6	16.0	15.8	16.2	16.4	17.2	16.6	16.1	16.0	15.4	16.5	15.9	15.
Not in labor force	6.545	6.789	6,730	6.395	6.681	6.580	6.622	6.496	6.415	6.577	6.726	6.679	6.71

<sup>1</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. <sup>2</sup> Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

population.

# A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, age, and				19	87						1988		
Hispanic origin	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>													
Percent of population	-	65.7	65.7	65.9	65.7	65.9	65.9	66.0	66.1	66.3	66.0	66.2	1 '
Employed			97,917	98,181	98,069	98,317	98,492	98,779	99,044	99,474			
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		62.3	62.3	62.5	62.4	62.5	62.6	62.7	62.8	63.0	62.9	63.2	
Unemployed	5,587	5,452	5,331	5,335	5,288	5,352	5,239	5,128	5,208	5,056	4,897	4,824	4,91
Unemployment rate	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.1	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.
Men, 20 years and over									I				
Civilian labor force	54,238	54,227	54,198	54,183	54,213	54,375	54,381	54,368	54,455	54,650	54,522	54,699	54,61
Percent of population		78.4	78.3	78.2	78.2	78.4	78.3	78.2	78.3	78.5	78.2	78.5	78.
Employed	51,626	51,591	51,670	51,715	51,803	51,864	51,969	52,046	52,053	52,389	52,245	52,538	52,31
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		74.6	74.7	74.7	74.7	74.8	74.9	74.9	74.8	75.2	75.0	75.4	75.
Unemployed		2,636	2,528	2,468	2,410		2,412	2,322	2,402		2,277	2,161	
Unemployment rate	4.8	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.1	4.2	4.0	4.:
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force		42,137	42,241	42,332	42,308	42,379	42,464	42,569	42,710	42,915	42,841	42,986	42,82
Percent of population		55.6	55.7	55.8	55.7	55.7	55.8	55.9	56.1	56.3	56.2		56.
Employed	40,268	40,265	40,343		40,409	40,538	40,606	40,712	40,896	40,985	41,183	41,297	41,10
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		53.1	53.2	53.3	53.2	53.3	53.4	53.5	53.7	53.8	54.0	54.1	53.
Unemployed	1,914	1,872	1,898	1,883	1,899	1,841	1,858	1,857	1,813	1,930	1,658	1,689	1,72
Unemployment rate	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.5	3.9	3.9	4.
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													[
Civilian labor force	6,996	6,786	6,809	7,001	6,836	6,915	6,886	6,970	7,087	6,965	6,807	6,889	6,76
Percent of population	58.5	56.7	56.9	58.5	57.2	57.9	57.7	58.6	59.6	58.6	57.2	58.0	57.
Employed	5,935	5,842	5,904	6,017	5,857	5,915	5,917	6,021	6,095	6,100	5,845	5,916	5,87
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	49.7	48.8	49.3	50.3	49.0	49.5	49.6	50.6	51.2	51.3	49.1	49.8	49.
Unemployed	1,061	944	905		979	1,000	969	949	992	865	962	973	88
Unemployment rate	15.2	13.9	13.3	14.1	14.3	14.5	14.1	13.6	14.0	12.4	14.1	14.1	13.
Men Women		14.8 13.0	13.5 13.1	1	15.1 13.4	15.1 13.8	1	14.9 12.3	14.4 13.6				
BLACK	10.0	10.0	10.1	12.5	10.4		10.0	12.0	10.0	12.7	12.4	10.7	12.
				ļ									
Civilian noninstitutional population'													
Civilian labor force								13,215					
Percent of population		63.4 11,238	64.0					64.4 11,605	64.4 11,608				
Employed Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		55.2		11,513 56.4		11,556 56.5		56.6					1 .
Unemployed			1,658		1,607	1,596		1,610	1,614		1,678		
Unemployment rate		12.8		12.4			12.2	12.2	12.2		12.8		
Men, 20 years and over			1	,							1		
Civilian labor force	6,037	6,003	6,061	6,054	6,032	6,023	6,045	6,043	6,115	6,166	6,127	6,163	6,10
Percent of population		74.5	75.1	74.9	74.5			74.3	75.0	75.6	75.0		
Employed		5,319	5,384	5,407	5,421	5,431	5,430	5,430	5,497	5,472	5,429	5,511	5,44
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	65.8				· ·						66.4	· ·	
Unemployed	741	684	677	647	611	592	615	613	618	694	699	652	65
Unemployment rate	12.3	11.4	11.2	10.7	10.1	9.8	10.2	10.1	10.1	11.3	11.4	10.6	10.
Women, 20 years and over												•	
Civilian labor force		6,033				6,177		6,224			6,136		
Percent of population						60.7	60.9	61.0			59.9		59.
	1	5,349	5,417	5,430	5,357	5,495	5,537	5,544	5,550	5,495	5,465	5,407	5,41
Employed	5,292	0,343	0,417	1 3,400	0,007		1					0,101	
Employed Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	52.4					54.0		54.3			53.3		
Employed	52.4	52.9	53.5	53.5	52.7	54.0	54.3		54.3	53.7	53.3	52.7	52.

## A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,				19	37						1 <b>98</b> 8		
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	865	856	862	974	929	952	941	948	863	870	834	822	903
Percent of population	40.0	39.5	39.8	44.9	42.8	43.8	43.3	43.7	39.8	40.0	38.3	37.7	41.4
Employed	541	570	580	676	643	630	622	631	561	537	526	564	589
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	25.0	26.3	26.8	31.2	29.6	29.0	28.6	29.1	25.8	24.7	24.2	25.9	27.0
Unemployed	324	286	282	298	286	322	319	317	302	333	308	258	314
Unemployment rate	37.5	33.4	32.7	30.6	30.8	33.8	33.9	33.4	35.0	38.3	36.9	31.4	34.8
Men	38.3	31.4	32.4	33.7	31.5	32.5	32.2	33.5	35.1	42.0	39.0	27.6	33.3
Women	36.6	35.4	33.1	27.1	30.0	35.2	35.8	33.4	34.9	34.7	35.0	35.5	36.6
HISPANIC ORIGIN													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	12,809	12,848	12,887	12,925	12,965	13,003	13,043	13,082	13,115	13,153	13,192	13,230	13,268
Civilian labor force		8,468	8,447	8,549	8,581	8,654	8,763	8,772	8,879	9,017	8,803	8,828	8,859
Percent of population	66.7	65.9	65.5	66.1	66.2	66.6	67.2	67.1	67.7	68.6	66.7	66.7	66.8
Employed	7,797	7,738	7,762	7,856	7,877	7,935	7,978	8,058	8,238	8,268	8,079	8,010	8,058
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	60.9	60.2	60.2	60.8	60.8	61.0	61.2	61.6	62.8	62.9	61.2	60.5	60.7
Unemployed	752	730	685	693	704	719	785	714	642	749	724	818	801
Unemployment rate		8.6	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.3	9.0	8.1	7.2	8.3	8.2	9.3	9.0

<sup>1</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. <sup>2</sup> Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

## A-35. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Catagory				19	87						1988		
Category	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total	112.334	112.300	112.639	113.050	112.872	113,210	113.504	113.744	114.129	114.409	114.103	114,713	114.19
Married men, spouse present									40,404				1 ·
Married women, spouse present			28.283				28,175		28.441	28,707			
Women who maintain families	5,963		6,033		6,151	6,178	6,237	6,227	6,168				
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER													;
Agriculture:													
Wage and salary workers	1,672	1,622	1.625	1,591	1,624	1,705	1,595	1,599	1,666	1,677	1,648	1,678	1.52
Self-employed workers			1,424	1,393	1,415		1,407	1,450	1,454	1,414		1,385	
Unpaid family workers			153	155	139	140	155	156	138	114	142	155	
Nonagricultural industries:			-										
Wage and salary workers	100.634	100.510	100.825	101.241	101.282	101,522	101.943	101.997	102.507	102.683	102.279	102.538	101.92
Government					16,928		17,118		17,197	16,948			
Private industries		83,590	83,949	84,447	84,354								
Private households	1,240	1,163	1,212	1,175	1,100	1,222	1,286	1,200	1,147	1,170		1,092	
Other industries	82,686	82,427	82,737	83,272	83,254	83,267	83,539	83,733	84,163	84,565	84,196	84,431	83,88
Self-employed workers	8,157	8,293	8,216	8,214	8,204	8,274	8,222	8,280	8,150	8,312	8,366	8,637	8,91
Unpaid family workers	276	274	266	248	297	242	235	248	237	228	248	281	30
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME													
All industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	5,333	5,254	5,428	5,283	5,261	5,353	5,534	5,262	5,367	5,566	5,343	5,194	4,84
Slack work	2,292	2,345	2,429	2,468	2,213		2,408	2,284	2,396	2,478			
Could only find part-time work		2,623	2,683	2,526	2,683	2,655	2,696	2,638	2,640	2,598		2.502	
Voluntary part time	14,498	14,836	14,437	14,573	14,415	14,488	14,523	14,711	14,571	14,572	14,603	15,016	14,79
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	5,058	4,979	5,154	5,016	4,986	5,067	5,241	5,004	5,145	5,254	5,106	4,924	4,62
Slack work		2,176	2,261	2,265	2,034	2,196	2,209	2,111	2,260		2,325	2,121	2,12
Could only find part-time work		2,530	2,599	2,463	2,603	2,557	2,597	2,552	2,566	2,457	2,475	2,397	2,23
Voluntary part time	13,995	14,334	13,953	14,099	13,987	14,011	14,064	14,222	14,096	14,123		14,592	

\* Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey

period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

## A-36. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Cau and and				19	87						1988		
Sex and age	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау
Total, 16 years and over	112,334	112,300	112,639	113,050	112,872	113,210	113,504	113,744	114,129	114,409	114,103	114,713	114,195
6 to 24 years	20,208	20,069	20,184	20,475	20,116	20,096	20,065	20,112	20,312	20,271	19,916	19,990	19,773
16 to 19 years	6,633	6,580	6,650	6,917	6,654	6,693	6,706	6,809	6,865	6,779	6,564	6,660	6,645
16 to 17 years	2,702	2,694	2,760	2,849	2,754	2,768	2,734	2,826	2,776	2,752	2,657	2,682	2,649
18 to 19 years	3,930	3,871	3,875	3,996	3,911	3,936	3,985	3,994	4,061	4,045	3,906	3,967	3,995
20 to 24 years	13,575	13,489	13,534	13,558	13,462	13,403	13,359	13,303	13,447	13,491	13,353	13,330	13,128
5 years and over	92,087	92,234	92,551	92,606	92,735	93,071	93,424	93,625	93,778	94,118	94,239	94,686	94,359
25 to 54 years	77,621	77,726	78,015	78,202	78,307	78,477	78,731	78,916	79,170	79,351	79,588	79,946	79,920
55 years and over	14,452	14,537	14,497	14,498	14,491	14,641	14,663	14,716	14,581	14,673	14,566	14,712	14,438
Men, 16 years and over	61,977	61,984	62,150	62,341	62,368	62,468	62,581	62,656	62,808	63,059	62,759	63,323	63,030
6 to 24 years	10,392	10,366	10,441	10,586	10,448	10,403	10,370	10,369	10,456	10,444	10,349	10,427	10,351
16 to 19 years	3,304	3,352	3,367	3,516	3,401	3,431	3,417	3,471	3,521	3,434	3,352	3,440	3,439
16 to 17 years	1,362	1,373	1,417	1,410	1,391	1,409	1,390	1,451	1,444	1,406	1,376	1,397	1,369
18 to 19 years	1,940	1,960	1,938	2,046	2,021	2,034	2,040	2,035	2,053	2,046	1,982	2,042	2,068
20 to 24 years	7,088	7,014	7,074	7,070	7,047	6,972	6,953	6,898	6,935	7,010	6,998	6,987	6,912
5 years and over	51,554	51,601	51,733	51,781	51,900	52,047	52,210	52,299	52,338	52,623	52,469	52,862	52,654
25 to 54 years	43,002	43,071	43,203	43,289	43,408	43,488	43,592	43,690	43,848	43,992	43,975	44,336	44,175
55 years and over	8,544	8,561	8,524	8,503	8,514	8,580	8,605	8,629	8,470	8,567	8,467	8,530	8,466
Women, 16 years and over	50,357	50,316	50,489	50,709	50,504	50,742	50,923	51,088	51,321	51,350	51,344	51,390	51,166
6 to 24 years	9,816	9,703	9,743	9,889	9,668	9,693	9,695	9,743	9,857	9,826	9,567	9.563	9.422
16 to 19 years	3,329	3,228	3,283	3,401	3,253	3,262	3,289	3,338	3.344	3,345	3,212	3,220	3,206
16 to 17 years	1,340	1,321	1,343	1,439	1,363	1,359	1,344	1,375	1,332	1,346	1,281	1.285	1,280
18 to 19 years	1,990	1,911	1,937	1,950	1,890	1,902	1,945	1,959	2.008	1,999	1,924	1,925	1,927
20 to 24 years	6,487	6,475	6,460	6,488	6,415	6,431	6,406	6,405	6,513	6,481	6,355	6,343	6,216
5 years and over	40,533	40,633	40,818	40,825	40,835	41,024	41,214	41,326	41,440	41,495			
25 to 54 years	34,619	34,655	34,812	34,913	34,899	34,989	35,139	35,226	35,322	35,359	35,613	35,610	35,745
55 years and over	5,908	5,976	5,973	5,995	5,977	6,061			6,111				

## A-37. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

## (in thousands)

				19	87						1988		
Sex and age	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Total, 16 years and over	7,573	7,308	7,251	7,256	7,091	7,177	7,090	6,978	7,046	6,938	6,801	6,610	6,783
16 to 24 years	2,895	2,756	2,701	2,736	2,692	2,689	2,841	2,547	2,659	2,525	2,637	2,532	2,519
16 to 19 years	1,417	1,252	1,248	1,337	1,302	1,388	1,335	1,304	1,312	1,232	1,301	1,259	1,230
16 to 17 years	717	623	586	638	618	710	649	613	638	580	568	580	509
18 to 19 years	702	657	624	688	701	679	691	688	689	655	732	658	720
20 to 24 years	1,478	1,504	1,453	1,399	1,390	1,301	1,306	1,243	1,347	1,293	1,336	1,273	1,289
25 years and over	4,657	4,502	4,538	4,544	4,445	4,482	4,442	4,412	4,393	4,416	4,161	4,082	4,251
25 to 54 years	4,134	4,042	4,078	4,050	3,931	3,993	3,909	3,939	3,896	3,926	3,730	3,625	3,744
55 years and over	532	475	462	483	499	474	513	488	527	499	441	446	520
Men, 16 years and over	4,259	4,080	3,960	4,021	3,827	3,899	3,845	3,785	3,847	3,707	3,816	3,553	3,736
16 to 24 years	1,586	1,474	1,415	1,518	1,435	1,432	1,414	1,378	1,456	1,333	1,423	1,315	1,354
16 to 19 years	803	658	637	763	709	725	710	722	693	636	727	644	664
16 to 17 years	401	325	292	363	341	372	·356	347	348	285	313	291	275
18 to 19 years	402	357	307	387	382	354	355	367	360	354	414	352	388
20 to 24 years	783	816	778	755	726	707	704	656	763	697	696	671	690
25 years and over	2,648	2,585	2,535	2,528	2,427	2,462	2,419	2,390	2,391	2,390	2,385	2,243	2,363
25 to 54 years	2,310	2,271	2,238	2,215	2,139	2,182	2,109	2,112	2,070	2,095	2,089	1,951	2,051
55 years and over	348	301	300	302	283	277	313	282	351	305	299	276	323
Women, 16 years and over	3,314	3,228	3,291	3,235	3,264	3,278	3,245	3,193	3,200	3,231	2,985	3,057	3,047
16 to 24 years	1,309	1,282	1,286	1,218	1,257	1,257	1,227	1,169	1,203	1,192	1,214	1,217	1,166
16 to 19 years	614	594	611	574	593	663	625	582	619	596	574	615	566
16 to 17 years	316	298	294	275	277	338	293	266	290	295	255	289	234
18 to 19 years	300	300	317	301	319	325	336	321	329	301	318	306	332
20 to 24 years	695	688	675	644	664	594	602	587	584	596	640	602	600
25 years and over	2,009	1,917	2,003	2,016	2,018	2,020	2,023	2,022	2,002	2,026	1,776	1,838	1,888
25 to 54 years	1,824	1,771	1,840		1,792	1,811	1,800		1,826	1,831	1,641	1,674	1.693
55 years and over	184	174	162		216	197	200		175	194	142	170	197

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#### A-38. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

				19	87						1988		
Sex and age	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Total, 16 years and over	6.3	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.6
16 to 24 years	12.5	12.1	11.8	11.8	11.8	11.8	11.6	11.2	11.6	11.1	11.7	11.2	11.3
16 to 19 years	17.6	16.0	15.8	16.2	16.4	17.2	16.6	16.1	16.0	15.4	16.5	15.9	15.6
16 to 17 years	21.0	18.8	17.5	18.3	18.3	20.4	19.2	17.8	18.7	17.4	17.6	17.8	16.1
18 to 19 years	15.2	14.5	13.9	14.7	15.2	14.7	14.8	14.7	14.5	13.9	15.8	14.2	15.3
20 to 24 years	9.8	10.0	9.7	9.4	9.4	8.8	8.9	8.5	9.1	8.7	9.1	8.7	8.9
25 years and over	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.3
25 to 54 years	5.1	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.5
55 years and over	3.6	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.4	3.2	3.5	3.3	2.9	2.9	3.5
Men, 16 years and over	6.4	6.2	6.0	6.1	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.6	5.7	5.3	5.6
l6 to 24 years	13.2	12.4	11.9	12.5	12.1	12.1	12.0	11.7	12.2	11.3	12.1	11.2	11.6
16 to 19 years	19.6	16.4	15.9	17.8	17.3	17.4	17.2	17.2	16.4	15.6	17.8	15.8	16.2
16 to 17 years	22.7	19.1	17.1	20.5	19.7	20.9	20.4	19.3	19.4	16.9	18.5	17.2	16.7
18 to 19 years	17.2	15.4	13.7	15.9	15.9	14.8	14.8	15.3	14.9	14.7	17.3	14.7	15.8
20 to 24 years	9.9	10.4	9.9	9.6	9.3	9.2	9.2	8.7	9.9	9.0	9.1	8.8	9.1
5 years and over	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.1	4.3
25 to 54 years	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.4
55 years and over	3.9	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.5	3.2	4.0	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.7
Women, 16 years and over	6.2	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.5	5.6	5.6
6 to 24 years	11.8	11.7	11.7	11.0	11.5	11.5	11.2	10.7	10.9	10.8	11.3	11.3	11.0
16 to 19 years	15. <b>6</b>	15.5	15.7	14.4	15.4	16.9	16.0	14.8	15.6	15.1	15.2	16.0	15.0
16 to 17 years	19.1	18.4	18.0	16.0	16.9	19.9	17.9	16.2	17.9	18.0	16.6	18.4	15.5
18 to 19 years	13.1	13.6	14.1	13.4	14.4	14.6	14.7	14.1	14.1	13.1	14.2	13.7	14.7
20 to 24 years	9.7	9.6	9.5	9.0	9.4	8.5	8.6	8.4	8.2	8.4	9.1	8.7	8.8
5 years and over	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.1	4.2	4.3
25 to 54 years	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.4	4.5	4.5
55 years and over	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.9	3.5	3.1	3.2	3.3	2.8	3.1	2.3	2.7	3.2

## A-39. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

Otherse				19	87						1988		
Category	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total (all civilian workers)	6.3	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.6
Men, 20 years and over	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.1	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.9
Women, 20 years and over	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.2	4.8	4.8	4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		16.0	15.8	16.2	16.4	17.2	16.6	16.1	16.0	15.4	16.5	15.9	15.6
White	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.1	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.7
Black and other	12.1	11.5	11.4	11.3	10.9	10.8	11.0	10.9	10.9	11.3	11.5	10.7	11.3
Black	13.7	12.8	12.7	12.4	12.3	12.1	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.6	12.8	12.2	12.4
Hispanic origin	8.8	8.6	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.3	9.0	8.1	7.2	8.3	8.2	9.3	9.0
Married men, spouse present	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.0	3.3
Married women, spouse present		4.0	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.9
Women who maintain families	9.5	9.5	9.3	9.0	8.8	8.9	8.5	8.4	8.9	8.3	7.5	8.7	8.4
Full-time workers	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.1	5.2
Part-time workers	8.7	7.3	8.1	8.2	8.4	8.3	8.2	8.0	8.3	7.9	7.7	7.4	7.7
Unemployed 15 weeks and over1	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3
Labor force time lost <sup>2</sup>	7.2	7.1	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.2	6.4
INDUSTRY		Ì					[			ĺ			
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	6.3	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.3	5.7
Goods-producing industries	7.7	7.1	7.1	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.5	6.4	7.1	6.9	6.5	6.5	6.6
Mining	13.0	9.5	7.9	8.6	7.4	8.3	7.0	8.0	7.7	7.8	7.9	8.4	10.4
Construction	12.1	11.7	10.8	11.3	11.9	11.2	10.6	10.6	12.2	11.0	10.7	10.6	10.5
Manufacturing	6.3	5.7	6.0	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.3	5.1	5.6	5.6	5.2	5.3	5.4
Durable goods	6.2	5.4	6.0	5.5	5.4	5.2	4.8	4.8	5.5	5.9	5.2	4.8	4.9
Nondurable goods	6.5	6.1	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.5	5.9	5.6	5.8	5.3	5.3	6.0	6.0
Service-producing industries	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.1	5.2	4.7	5.2
Transportation and public utilities	4.4	4.8	4.4	4.4	4.1	4.4	4.5	4.6	3.6	3.6	4.2	3.8	4.4
Wholesale and retail trade	7.0	7.1	6.8	7.0	6.4	6.5	6.8	6.2	6.1	6.4	6.8	5.9	6.3
Finance and service industries	4.9	4.9	5.1	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.6
Government workers	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.9
Agricultural wage and salary workers	9.4	9.3	10.9	10.6	8.6	10.6	11.1	10.9	11.5	10.2	11.0	10.6	13.9

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Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force. Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time

for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

## A-40. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

#### (Numbers in thousands)

				19	87						1988		
Weeks of unemployment	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау
DURATION													
Less than 5 weeks	3,308	3,138	3,186	3,203	3,220	3,223	3,218	3,229	3,089	3,084	3,009	3,125	3,075
5 to 14 weeks	2,165	2,151	2,144	2,142	1,949	2,093	2,029	1,968	2,263	2,145	2,101	1,956	2,110
15 weeks and over	2,067	2,029	1,920	1,896	1,904	1,801	1,834	1,791	1,733	1,740	1,722	1,540	1,609
15 to 26 weeks	974	973	945	834	917	844	899	892	839	841	887	725	784
27 weeks and over	1,093	1,056	975	1,062	987	957	935	899	894	899	835	816	825
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	14.8	14.7	14.2	14.3	14.2	14.1	14.0	14.2	14,4	14.4	13.7	13.4	13.8
Median duration, in weeks	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.4	5.8	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.4	6.4	6.6	5.6	5.9
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	43.9	42.9	43.9	44.2	45.5	45.3	45.4	46.2	43.6	44.3	44.0	47.2	45.3
5 to 14 weeks	28.7	29.4	29.6	29.6	27.6	29.4	28.7	28.2	31.9	30.8	30.8	29.5	31.1
15 weeks and over	27.4	27.7	26.5	26.2	26.9	25.3	25.9	25.6	24.5	25.0	25.2	23.3	23.7
15 to 26 weeks	12.9	13.3	13.0	11.5	13.0	11.9	12.7	12.8	11.8	12.1	13.0	10.9	11.5
27 weeks and over	14.5	14.4	13.4	14.7	14.0	13.4	13.2	12.9	12.6	12.9	12.2	12.3	12.1

## A-41. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

<b>-</b>				19	37						1988		
Reasons for unemployment	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers	3,612	3,554	3,529	3,389	3,313	3,388	3,307	3,200	3,209	3,207	3,139	2,916	3,236
On layoff	924	919	916	874	820	944	878	856	888	884	899	821	793
Other job losers	2,688	2,635	2,613	2,515	2,493	2,444	2,429	2,344	2,320	2,323	2,240	2,095	2,443
Job leavers	931	959	989	992	981	960	926	946	1,082	961	1,075	993	926
Reentrants	1,995	1,980	1,930	1,969	1,908	1,845	1,974	1,945	1,917	1,951	1,756	1,784	1,789
New entrants	999	854	844	855	882	914	855	909	885	864	887	915	807
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								 					
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	47.9	48.4	48.4	47.0	46.8	47.7	46.8	45.7	45.2	45.9	45.8	44.1	47.9
On layoff	12.3	12.5	12.6	12.1	11.6	13.3	12.4	12.2	12.5	12.7	13.1	12.4	11.7
Other job losers		35.9	35.8	34.9	35.2	34.4	34.4	33.5	32.7	33.3	32.7	31.7	36.2
Job leavers	1	13.1	13.6	13.8	13.8	13.5	13.1	13.5	15.3	13.8	15.7	15.0	13.7
Reentrants	26.5	26.9	26.5	27.3	26.9	26.0	28.0	27.8	27.0	27.9	25.6	27.0	26.5
New entrants	13.3	11.6	11.6	11.9	12.5	12.9	12.1	13.0	12.5	12.4	12.9	13.8	11.9
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Job losers	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.7
Job leavers	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.9	.8	.9	.8	.8
Reentrants	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5
New entrants	.8	.7	.7	.7	.7	.8	.7	.8	.7	.7	.7	.8	.7

#### B-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1936 to date

#### (In thousands)

				Goods	-producing					Ser	vice-produc	ing			
Year		Total						Transpor-			Finance,		(	Governmer	nt
and month	Total	private	Total	Mining	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total	tation and public utilities	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	insurance, and real estate	Services	Federal	State	Local
							Anr	nual average	es						
936	29,068	25,400	11,933	946	1,160	9,827	17,135	2,973	()	()	1,373	3,312	()	()	()
937 938	31,011	27,255 25,311	12,936	1,015 891	1,127 1,070	10,794 9,440	18,075 17,793	3,134 2,863	(¹) (¹)	(†) (†)	1,417	3,503 3,458	(†) (†)	(†) (†)	(') (')
939		26,608	12,297	854	1,165	10,278	18,306	2,936	1,762	4,664	1,447	3,502	905		Ö
940	32,361	28,159	13,221	925	1,311	10,985	19,140	3,038	1,835	4,914	1,485	3,665	996	()	()
941		31,877	15,963	957	1,814	13,192	20,574	3,274	1,960	5,251	1,525	3,905	1,340	0	
942 943	40,106	34,624 36,356	18,470 20,114	992 925	2,198 1,587	15,280 17,602	21,636 22,320	3,460 3,647	1,906 1,822	5,212 5,1 <del>6</del> 0	1,509 1,481	4,066 4,130	2,213 2,905	(†) (†)	(') (')
944		35,822	19,328	892	1,108	17,328	22,536	3,829	1,845	5,214	1,461	4,145	2,928	ĕ	🁸
945	40,374	34,431	17,507	836	1,147	15,524	22,867	3,906	1,949	5,365	1,481	4,222	2,808	(')	(')
946		36,056	17,248	862	1,683	14,703	24,404	4,061	2,291	6,084	1,675	4,697	2,254	C)	
947 948	43,857	38,382 39,216	18,509 18,774	955 994	2,009 2,198	15,545 15,582	25,348	4,166 4,189	2,471 2,605	6,485 6,667	1,728 1,800	5,025 5,181	1,892 1,863	(*) (*)	() ()
949	43,754	37,897	17,565	930	2,194	14,441	26,189	4,001	2,602	6,662	1,828	5,240	1,908	Ö	0
950	45,197	39,170	18,506	901	2,364	15,241	26,691	4,034	2,635	6,751	1,888	5,357	1,928	(')	(')
1951		41,430	19,959	929	2,637	16,393	27,860	4,226	2,727	7,015	1,956	5,547	2,302	( <sup>1</sup> )	
952 953	48,793	42,185 43,556	20,198	898 866	2,668 2,659	16,632 17,549	28,595 29,128	4,248 4,290	2,812 2,854	7,192 7,393	2,035	5,699 5,835	2,420 2,305	( <sup>1</sup> )	() ()
1954		42,238	19,751	791	2,646	16,314	29,239	4,084	2,867	7,368	2,200	5,969	2,188	6	6
955		43,727	20,513	792	2,839	16,882	30,128	4,141	2,926	7,610	2,298	6,240	2,187	1,168	3,558
956	52,369	45,091	21,104	822	3,039	17,243	31,266	4,244	3,018	7,840	2,389	6,497	2,209	1,250	3,819
957		45,239	20,964 19,513	828 751	2,962 2,817	17,174 15,945	31,889 31,811	4,241 3,976	3,028 2,980	7,858 7,770	2,438 2,481	6,708 6,765	2,217 2,191	1,328	4,071
1958 1959 <sup>2</sup>	51,324 53,268	43,483 45,186	20,411	732	3,004	16,675	32,857	4,011	3,082	8,045	2,481	7,087	2,191	1,415 1,484	4,232
1960	54,189	45,836	20,434	712	2,926	16,796	33,755	4,004	3,143	8,248	2,629	7,378	2,270	1,536	4,547
1961	53,999	45,404	19,857	672	2,859	16,326	34,142	3,903	3,133	8,204	2,688	7,620	2,279	1, <del>6</del> 07	4,708
1962		46,660	20,451	650	2,948	16,853	35,098	3,906	3,198	8,368	2,754	7,982	2,340	1,668	4,881
1963 1964	56,653	47,429 48,686	20,640 21,005	635 634	3,010 3,097	16,995 17,274	36,013 37,278	3,903 3,951	3,248 3,337	8,530 8,823	2,830 2,911	8,277 8,660	2,358 2,348	1,747 1,856	5,121 5,392
965		50,689	21,926	632	3,232	18,062	38,839	4,036	3,466	9,250	2,977	9,036	2,378	1,996	5,700
966	63,901	53,116	23,158	627	3,317	19,214	40,743	4,158	3,597	9,648	3,058	9,498	2,564	2,141	6,080
967	65,803	54,413	23,308	613	3,248	19,447	42,495	4,268	3,689	9,917	3,185	10,045	2,719	2,302	6,371
1968 1969	67,897 70,384	56,058 58,189	23,737 24,361	606 619	3,350 3,575	19,781 20,167	44,160 46,023	4,318 4,442	3,779 3,907	10,320 10,798	3,337 3,512	10,567 11,169	2,737 2,758	2,442 2,533	6,660 6,904
1970	70,880	58,325	23,578	623	3,588	19,367	47,302	4,515	3,993	11,047	3,645	11,548	2,731	2,664	7,158
1971	71,214	58,331	22,935	609	3,704	18,623	48,278	4,476	4,001	11,351	3,772	11,797	2,696	2,747	7,437
1972	73,675	60,341	23,668	628	3,889	19,151	50,007	4,541	4,113	11,836	3,908	12,276	2,684	2,859	7,790
1973 1974	76,790 78,265	63,058 64,095	24,893 24,794	642 697	4,097 4,020	20,154 20,077	51,897 53,471	4,656 4,725	4,277 4,433	12,329 12,554	4,046 4,148	12,857 13,441	2,663 2,724	2,923 3,039	8,146 8,407
1975		62,259	22,600	752	3,525	18,323	54,345	4,723	4,415	12,645	4,145	13,892	2,748	3,039	8,758
1976	79,382	64,511	23,352	779	3,576	18,997	56,030	4,582	4,546	13,209	4,271	14,551	2,733	3,273	8,865
1977	82,471	67,344	24,346	813	3,851	19,682	58,125	4,713	4,708	13,808	4,467	15,303	2,727	3,377	9,023
1978 1979	86,697 89,823	71,026 73,876	25,585 26,461	851 958	4,229 4,463	20,505 21,040	61,113 63,363	4,923 5,136	4,969 5,204	14,573 14,989	4,724 4,975	16,252 17,112	2,753 2,773	3,474 3,541	9,446 9,633
1980		74,166 75,126	25,658 25,497	1,027 1,139	4,346 4,188	20,285 20,170	64,748 65,659	5,146 5,165	5,275 5,358	15,035 15,189	5,160 5,298	17,890 18,819	2,866 2,772	3,610	9,765 9,619
1981 1982		73,729	23,813	1,128	3,905	18,781	65,753	5,082	5,358	15,179	5,296	19,036	2,739	3,640 3,640	9,619
1983	90,200	74,330	23,334	952	3,948	18,434	66,866	4,954	5,268	15,613	5,468	19,694	2,774	3,662	9,434
1984		78,472	24,727	966	4,383	19,378	69,769	5,159	5,555	16,545	5,689	20,797	2,807	3,734	9,482
1985 1986	97,519 99,525	81,125 82,832	24,859 24,558	927 777	4,673 4,816	19,260 18,965	72,660 74,967	5,238 5,255	5,717 5,753	17,356 17,930	5,955 6,283	22,000 23,053	2,875 2,899	3,832 3,893	9,687 9,901
1987		85,295	24,558	721	4,998	19,065	77,525	5,385	5,872	18,509	6,549	23,055	2,943	3,963 3,963	10,109
					ll		onthly date	a, seasonall	u adjustod		1			. <u></u>	<u> </u>
1987:									, aujusted						ſ
Мау	101,829	84,859	24,653	716	4,967	18,970	77,176	5,356	5,841	18,417	6,539	24,053	2,936	3,954	10,080
June		85,094	24,684	719	4,983	18,982	77,394	5,363	5,860	18,481	6,553	24,153	2,939	3,946	10,099
July August	102,430	85,421 85,656	24,788 24,851	722 728	4,997 5,012	19,069 19,111	77,642 77,821	5,373 5,394	5,874 5,892	18,543 18,569	6,570 6,581	24,273 24,369	2,941 2,943	3,965 3,971	10,103
September		85,851	24,902	734	5,012	19,156	78,004	5,427	5,914	18,605	6,588	24,415	2,962	3,973	10,120
October	103,371	86,241	25,025	740	5,060	19,225	78,346	5,448	5,935	18,705	6,604	24,524	2,966	3,985	10,179
November	103,678	86,520	25,123	736	5,090	19,297	78,555	5,466	5,958	18,761	6,608	24,604	2,974	3,988	10,196
December	104,001	86,794	25,201	735	5,118	19,348	78,800	5,481	5,984	18,784	6,619	24,725	2,980	4,001	10,226
January	104,262	87,044	25,180	728	5,083	19,369	79,082	5,499	6,010	18,927	6,633	24,795	2,973	4,006	10,239
February	104,729	87,475	25,271	731	5,150	19,390	79,458	5,513	6,035	19,045	6,636	24,975	2,972	4,014	10,268
March	105,020	87,700	25,330	733	5,192	19,405	79,690	5,530	6,061	19,050	6,651	25,078	2,970	4,031	10,319
April <sup>p</sup>		87,957	25,438	739	5,240	19,459	79,831	5,542	6,089	19,083	6,649	25,156	2,968	4,040	10,304
May <sup>p</sup>	105,478	88,122	25,446	737	5,234	19,475	80,032	5,561	6,113	19,128	6,639	25,235	2,954	4,067	10,335

<sup>1</sup> Not available.

<sup>1</sup> Not available.
<sup>2</sup> Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 benchmark month.
<sup>p</sup> = preliminary.

NOTE: In accordance with usual practice, BLS has revised establishment survey data to reflect new benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors. Because of these revisions, unadjusted data (beginning April 1986) and seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1983) differ from those previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers <sup>1</sup>	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988°	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>9</sup>	May 1988°
Total		101,478	102,268	104,161	105,144	105,946					
Total private		84,182	84,965	86,490	87,486	88,252	68,086	68,819	69,797	70,697	71,356
Mining		703	712	723	731	733	497	506	519	526	527
Metal mining		42.5	43.0	47.1	47.8		32.1	32.8	36.3	36.6	
Iron ores		6.6	6.7	6.9	7.1		5.0	5.1	5.5	5.6	
Copper ores	102	13.1	13.0	14.4	14.5	(	10.4	10.5	11.3	11.4	
Coal mining	11.10	161 7	160.0	155 4	154.0		122.0	100 5	1071	105.0	
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		161.7	162.8 160.6	155.4 153.5	154.3 152.3		132.0 130.0	132.5 130.6	127.1 125.4	125.9 124.2	
Diturninous coal and lignite mithing		155.4	100.0	133.5	132.0		130.0	150.0	123.4	124.2	
Oil and gas extraction	13	389.5	393.8	414.7	416.2	416.3	248.5	254.0	276.3	277.9	
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids		203.0			1	-	100.3	99.9	100.8		
Oil and gas field services		186.5	190.9	213.7	216.1		148.2	154.1	175.5	177.7	
	1.										
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels		108.8			112.5		83.9	87.0	79.4	86.0	
Crushed and broken stone		39.7	41.0		41.7		32.0	33.0			
Sand and gravel		33.7	35.4	31.5	34.4		-	-	-	-	
Chemical and fertilizer minerals		16.7	16.9	17.1	17.1						
Construction		4,789	5,012	4,787	5,083	5,286	3,710	3,919	3,665	3,944	4,130
General building contractors	15	1,266.4	1,311.3	1.290.6	1,348.8	1,390.2	913.4	954.8	921.8	976.7	
Residential building construction		668.6				1,000.2	468.7	491.8		511.5	
Operative builders		54.9		51.8			27.9	28.7	23.6	1	
Nonresidential building construction		542.9		549.4			416.8	434.3	418.1	440.3	
Heavy construction contractors	16	742.4	803.2	683.1	760.4		617.2	676.5	559.2	634.6	
Highway and street construction		258.9			1		214.2	251.4	176.9		
Heavy construction, except highway		483.5			487.4		403.0	425.1	382.3	1	
Special trade contractors	17	2,780.3	2,897.5	2.812.8	2,973.5		2,178.9	2,287.4	2,184.3	2,332.8	
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	. 171	608.8			640.3		445.3	461.5		470.7	
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		164.9	175.6	159.0	167.6		137.7	147.8	130.4	138.9	
Electrical work		505.2	511.4	540.8	546.4		387.0	393.2	416.6	422.1	
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		453.4	475.9	457.1	491.1		385.3	406.8	390.1	421.2	
Carpentering and flooring		181.0			-		140.2	143.8	131.8	137.6	
Roofing and sheet metal work	176	197.3	203.0	191.0	203.7		156.6	162.2	148.2	160.7	
Manufacturing		18,857	18,926	19,302	19,366	19,432	12,832	12,890	13,165	13,210	13,268
Durable goods		11,123	11,159	11,377	11,431	11,469	7,381	7,414	7,575	7,617	7,653
Lumber and wood products	24	721.8	737.3	734.9	742.3	756.4	603.5	616.6	611.1	619.2	632.3
Logging camps and logging contractors		77.0	82.1	80.3	78.9	-	63.6	68.3	66.6		-
Sawmills and planing mills	242	197.0	200.1	203.0			173.9	176.6	178.6		
Sawmills and planing mills, general		160.2					141.5	143.9	144.9		
Hardwood dimension and flooring		33.0				· ·	29.0	29.3			
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		256.4		256.3	1		211.8	215.8	210.1	214.8	
Millwork		97.9					79.4	81.3			
Wood kitchen cabinets		69.9					56.2	57.1	55.1	56.1	
Hardwood veneer and plywood		23.5		1	24.4		20.7	20.9	21.4	1	
Softwood veneer and plywood		37.5		38.2	38.1		34.1	34.3	34.6		
Wood containers		41.9			43.7		35.6	36.2	36.4		
Wood buildings and mobile homes		68.2					51.7	52.7	50.0		
Mobile homes		45.4					36.7	37.4		1	
Miscellaneous wood products	249	81.3	81.7	84.8	85.2		66.9	67.0	69.4	69.6	

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(in thousands)

	1972		Ail	employe	es		Production workers <sup>1</sup>						
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988⁰	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	May 1988°		
Durable goods—Continued													
Furniture and fixtures		508.6	511.4	534.4	535.1	534.7	407.4	408.1	426.3	426.7	426.2		
Household furniture		305.0		320.8	320.4	-	257.9	257.8	271.6	271.4	-		
Wood household furniture		137.6	(	145.7	145.1		120.6		127.4	126.7			
Upholstered household furniture		97.7	97.8	103.3	102.5		81.4	81.5	86.6	86.0			
Metal household furniture	2514	27.7	27.1	28.9	28.5		22.8	22.3	23.8		1		
Mattresses and bedsprings		27.9	28.0	29.3	29.6		21.1	21.2	22.4	22.6			
Office furniture		65.4	66.4	68.1	67.4		49.9	49.7	51.2	50.6			
Public building and related furniture		27.8	28.1	29.1	29.6		21.2	21.5	22.4	22.7			
Partitions and fixtures Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		72.2		75.7 40.7	76.4 41.3		51.7 26.7	52.1 27.0	54.4 26.7	55.0 27.0			
		30.2	30.0	40.7	41.3		20.7	27.0	20.7	27.0			
Stone, clay, and glass products	. 32	578.8	586.0	571.0	584.1	588.5	447.1	454.2	441.7	454.1	458.0		
Flat glass	321	15.1	14.9	14.4	14.4	-	11.8	11.7	11.2	11.2	-		
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		87.0		85.0	85.8		74.3	75.4	73.4	74.2			
Glass containers		44.5		42.6	43.7		39.9	40.7	38.4	39.6			
Pressed and blown glass, nec		42.5	42.7	42.4	42.1		34.4	34.7	35.0	34.6			
Products of purchased glass		50.1	50.2	51.4	51.4		35.1	35.3	37.8	37.8			
Cement, hydraulic		20.8	20.9	20.0	20.2		16.1	16.2	15.3	15.5			
Structural clay products		37.3	37.6	38.1	38.4	í í	29.3	29.6	29.8	30.1			
Pottery and related products		36.5	36.3	37.6	37.4		29.1	28.9	30.1	30.1			
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		209.1	214.9	200.6	211.9		162.4	167.8	152.6	163.3			
Concrete block and brick		19.8	20.3	19.8	20.3		13.4	13.8	12.8	13.3			
Concrete products, nec		69.5	70.7	69.2	71.9		52.8	54.0	52.0	54.5			
Ready-mixed concrete		100.4	104.5	92.6	100.8		81.3	85.1	73.2	80.9			
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		110.0	110.3	111.1	111.5		78.9	79.2	81.5	81.6			
Abrasive products Asbestos products		21.6	21.5 8.6	21.8 8.6	22.0 8.5		14.6 6.6	14.5 6.6	15.1 6.5	15.2			
Mineral wool		25.1	25.0	24.1	0.5 24.1		- 0.0	- 0.0	- 0.5	6.4			
Primary metal industries		745.3	746.1	774.6	775.7	777.7	560.3	560.7	591.3	592.9	594.		
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		268.2	269.3	280,5	280.7	281.5	202.2	203.2	216.8	217.4	217.		
Blast furnaces and steel mills		202.8	203.8	212.2	212.1	-	154.0	154.8	165.3	165.8	-		
Steel pipe and tubes		23.0	23.2	24.6	24.7		16.6	16.9	18.6	18.7			
Iron and steel foundries		129.3	129.5	136.4	136.8		101.8	102.1	109.1	109.6			
Gray iron foundries		80.9	80.7	84.0	83.8		65.7	65.6	68.6	68.4			
Malleable iron foundries		8.7	8.8	9.0	9.1		6.3	6.4	6.8	6.9			
Steel foundries, nec Primary nonferrous metals		26.0	26.3	29.3	29.7		19.4	19.6	22.6	23.1			
Primary aluminum		20.4	39.1 20.8	41.2 21.9	41.2 21.9		27.0 14.3	27.5 14.6	30.2 16.3	30.2 16.3			
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	325	181.3	180.5	183.8	184.0		129.5	128.6	131.7	131.8			
Copper rolling and drawing	3351	23.3	23.2	24.2	24.3		18.3	18.1	18.6	18.7			
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		28.2	28.1	27.9	27.7		20.7	20.7	19.4	19.3			
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		77.9	77.3	79.8	80.2		54.6	53.9	57.3	57.7			
Nonferrous foundries		86.3	85.8	88.7	88.5		69.2	68.8	71.1	71.1			
Aluminum foundries		53.7	53.3	54.7	54.5	1	43.7	43.4	44.6	44.6			
Exprised metal meduate		1 000 4	1 000 0	4 400 0	4 400 0		1 001 0	1 00 1 0	1 000 7	1 070 0	1 004		
Fabricated metal products		1,393.4	1,396.8	1,432.9	1,439.2	1,448.9		1,034.3	1,066.7	1,072.0	1,081.		
Metal cans and shipping containers Metal cans		55.8 45.2	56.2 45.4	54.6 43.8	54.8 43.9	-	47.9 39.5	48.2 39.6	46.5 37.7	46.7 37.9	-		
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware		45.2	132.7	43.8 134.9	43.9		39.5 98.1	97.6	100.2	37.9 100.4			
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades .		44.5	44.7	47.0	46.9		32.5	32.7	34.7	34.5			
Hardware, nec		77.7	77.0	76.8	76.9		58.3	57.6	57.8	58.2			
Plumbing and heating, except electric		59.2	59.7	62.1	62.1		42.4	42.3	44.6	44.6			
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		24.5	24.7	26.1	26.0		17.9	17.8	19.2	19.1			
Heating equipment, except electric		23.8	24.0	24.1	24.2		16.1	16.1	16.2	16.3			
Fabricated structural metal products		418.4	422.3	427.5	431.4		294.3	298.2	305.0	308.4			
Fabricated structural metal		75.7	76.4	77.4	77.7		53.5	54.2	55.4	55.6			
		87.8	90.4	89.0	91.2		64.7	67.1	64.8	66.4			
Metal doors, sash, and trim		,			J								
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		86.9	86.4	89.6	90.1		54.4	54.4	59.5	60.2			
	. 3443	86.9 107.3	86.4 107.8	89.6 110.3	90.1 110.8		54.4 79.8	54.4 80.0	59.5 82.6	60.2 83.2			

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es		Production workers'					
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>9</sup>	May 1988⁰	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>®</sup>	May 1988'	
Durable goods—Continued												
Fabricated metal products—Continued												
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		91.8	92.0	96.0			70.2	70.2	74.0			
Screw machine products		45.8	45.9	49.2	49.8		37.3	37.4	40.6			
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		46.0	46.1	46.8			32.9	32.8	33.4	33.3		
Metal forgings and stampings		235.0 30.0	233.4 29.8	234.0 29.9	234.8 30.1		187.4 23.0	185.8 22.9	186.6 22.9	186.9 23.1		
Iron and steel forgings Automotive stampings		98.7	97.7	94.6			84.1	83.1	80.7	81.2		
Metal stampings, nec		95.2	94.8	98.1	97.7		72.3	71.8	74.6	74.1		
Metal services, nec		111.0		117.4	117.0		88.7	89.0	94.7	94.0		
Plating and polishing		72.1	72.3	76.0	75.9		58.2	58.2	61.6	61.4		
Metal coating and allied services		38.9	39.1	41.4	41.1		30.5	30.8	33.1	32.6		
Ordnance and accessories, nec		76.6	77.0	78.6			48.8	49.0	48.6	49.3		
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		43.4	43.5	43.6			26.5	26.3	24.2	24.8		
Misc. fabricated metal products		212.4	212.1	227.8			154.0	154.0	166.5	167.5	]	
Valves and pipe fittings Misc. fabricated wire products		78.5	78.1 51.8	84.9 55.1	85.4 55.5		52.4 39.2	52.4 39.4	58.0 42.2	58.2 42.5		
·												
Machinery, except electrical Engines and turbines	35	2,006.8	2,010.1 89.0	2,105.4 87.2	2,114.4 87.4	2,121.0	1,186.1 56.5	1,189.8 56.4	1,262.5 58.1	1,267.6 58.1	1,27	
Turbines and turbine generator sets		26.2	26.0		22.3	_	14.0	14.0	12.7	12.6	-	
Internal combustion engines, nec		63.1	63.0	64.9	65.1		42.5	42.4	45.4	45.5		
Farm and garden machinery		94.7	94.4	105.5	106.3		63.8	63.6	74.7	75.5		
Farm machinery and equipment		67.8	67.8	74.0	74.7		42.9	43.0	50.0			
Construction and related machinery	353	208.0	209.2	228.0	229.5		122.7	123.9	138.9	140.5		
Construction machinery	3531	77.0	77.2	82.7	82.8		45.8	45.9	51.7	51.7		
Mining machinery		17.2	17.1	18.0	18.2		10.3	10.3	11.0			
Oil field machinery		34.3	35.5	42.9	43.8		19.7	20.8	25.9	26.8		
Conveyors and conveying equipment		31.8	31.9		32.9		16.1	16.4	17.1	17.4		
Industrial trucks and tractors		24.4	24.3		26.2		17.1	16.9	18.1	18.1		
Metalworking machinery Machine tools, metal cutting types		287.6	287.5 45.1	295.3 45.6	295.7 45.8		205.5 28.5	205.8 28.3	211.7 28.7	211.4		
Machine tools, metal forming types		16.9	16.9		17.3		10.5	10.5	11.1	11.1		
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		136.5	136.5	140.8	140.3	ļ	104.6	1	108.0	107.1		
Machine tool accessories		51.1	51.4	54.0	54.3		36.1	36.4	38.5			
Power driven hand tools	3546	20.3	20.3	20.2	20.3		15.0	15.0	14.8	14.9		
Special industry machinery	355	159.9	160.3	168.5	169.7		94.9	95.3	101.0	101.7		
Food products machinery		37.4	37.4	39.9	40.3		22.7	22.5	24.2			
Textile machinery		19.4		1	1	ſ	12.9		13.9	1		
Printing trades machinery		26.8					15.6		16.7	17.0		
General industrial machinery		245.6	1	253.9 44.7	254.7 45.1		156.2 24.6	156.5 24.7	163.8 25.9	164.5 26.3		
Pumps and pumping equipment Ball and roller bearings		42.9					31.5		32.8			
Air and gas compressors		20.7					11.6	F .	12.0			
Biowers and fans		29.3					18.7	18.8	19.5			
Speed changers, drives, and gears		19.4					13.2		13.7			
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	16.2					10.7		11.7	11.8		
Office and computing machines		478.5					158.5		168.5			
Electronic computing equipment		426.3					133.2		141.3			
Refrigeration and service machinery		174.7					124.8		-	1		
Refrigeration and heating equipment Misc. machinery, except electrical		123.8		1		1	90.5 203.2		95.8 215.7	1	1	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		31.0	1		1	1	203.2	203.2	215.7	1	1	
Machinery, except electrical, nec		237.5					177.8		190.5			
Electrical and electronic and immediate	26	0.005 4	0.001-	0.100 -	0.100 -	0.407.0	1 000 0	1 000 -	1 000 0	1 000 -	1.00	
Electrical and electronic equipment Electric distributing equipment		2,065.1		· ·		2,107.3					1 '	
Transformers		107.1	1	1	,	1 -	77.9 35.9		77.9 35.6			
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		46.5	1				42.0		42.3			
Electrical industrial apparatus		180.9					123.9		128.0	1		
Motors and generators		86.3	1				65.8	66.2	68.8			
Industrial controls		60.6					34.9	34.6	35.6	•		
Household appliances		133.8	1			1	105.5		106.6	1		
Household refrigerators and freezers		28.6					23.2		23.5			
Household laundry equipment		22.4			1		17.5					
Electric housewares and fans	3634	33.8	34.8	35.0	35.3	•	25.6	26.7	27.4	27.7		

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

#### (In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es		Production workers'						
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988⁰	May 1988⁰	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	May 1988		
Durable goods—Continued													
Electrical and electronic equipment-Continued	1												
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		192.9	190.5	193.0	192.2		139.1	138.2	140.2	139.7			
Electric lamps		25.5	25.5	25.6	25.5		21.9	21.9	21.8	21.9			
Current-carrying wiring devices		77.5	76.3	75.7	75.5		50.6	50.3	50.1	49.8			
Noncurrent-carrying wining devices		15.2	15.2	15.5	15.4		11.0	11.1	11.4	11.3			
Residential lighting fixtures		26.9	26.3	27.4	26.9		20.3	20.0	20.5	20.2			
Radio and TV receiving equipment		80.3	80.5	80.3	80.3		53.9	54.2	54.8	54.6			
Radio and TV receiving sets		60.7	60.4	60.6			39.9	39.7	40.3	40.4			
Communication equipment		605.9	604.1	605.0	603.2		255.2	253.7	254.1	254.1			
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		118.9	117.5	117.6	117.5		68.6	68.1	69.0	69.4			
Radio and TV communication equipment		487.0	486.6	487.4	485.7		186.6	185.6	185.1	184.7			
Electronic components and accessories		616.1	617.1	652.4	653.9		349.2	350.3	372.3	371.8			
Electronic tubes		38.9	39.0	38.2	38.4		24.5	24.8	24.5	24.7	]		
Semiconductors and related devices		243.2	243.3	257.9	260.0		93.9	93.9	101.4	102.4			
Electronic components, nec		263.2	264.2	280.5	279.2		177.5	178.7	190.0	188.1			
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		148.1	148.1	150.7	151.1		102.2	102.7	106.0	106.1			
Storage batteries		25.9	26.3	28.3	28.6		19.9	20.3	21.6	21.6			
Engine electrical equipment	3694	66.3	65.9	66.8	66.8		50.3	50.0	50.8	50.8			
Transportation equipment	37	2,048.4	2,049.2	2,030.9	2,043.9	2,050.2	1,298.0	1,299.6	1,269.6	1,276.5	1,28		
Motor vehicles and equipment		874.0	872.6	840.3	848.4	854.3	679.7	680.6	654.3	661.0	66		
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	392.0	389.0	356.6	359.3	-	294.5	294.4	267.8	270.0			
Truck and bus bodies	3713	41.5	42.7	42.6	43.9		32.7	33.7	33.3	34.3			
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	393.2	392.3	390.9	394.0		315.8	314.7	313.9	316.2			
Truck trailers	3715	29.4	30.3	31.2	31.7		22.6	23.4	24.4	25.1			
Aircraft and parts	372	696.3	695.9	693.8	697.3		349.7	349.3	336.3	334.9			
Aircraft	3721	349.2	349.7	367.5	366.5		156.5	157.0	161.9	160.0			
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	157.1	157.0	145.3	151.2		80.8	80.6	68.3	69.9			
Aircraft equipment, nec		190.0	189.2	181.0	179.6		112.4	111.7	106.1	105.0			
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	185.3	187.6	198.0	198.9		138.8	140.4	151.5	152.0			
Ship building and repairing	3731	123.0	124.3	131.3	131.0		88.0	88.8	97.4	96.6			
Boat building and repairing	3732	62.3	63.3	66.7	67.9		50.8	51.6	54.1	55.4			
Railroad equipment		26.5	25.7	29.5	29.9		17.5	17.6	21.4	21.8			
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		200.7	202.0	205.2	204.7		67.3	67.2	62.7	62.6			
Guided missiles and space vehicles	3761	151.4	152.4	153.5	153.0		48.5	48.5	45.3	45.1			
Miscellaneous transportation equipment	379	53.5	53.1	51.5	52.0		36.6	36.0	34.4	35.2			
Travel trailers and campers	3792	20.7	20.6	20.0	20.5		16.3	16.2	15.6	16.1			
Instruments and related products	38	692.0	692.2	704.7	704.7	705.8	375.5	375.8	389.0	388.6	39		
Engineering and scientific instruments		83.1	82.7	84.5	84.9	-	37.5	37.4	39.1	39.4			
Measuring and controlling devices		237.5	237.5	235.3	235.5		132.3	132.2	133.9	133.3			
Environmental controls		41.2	41.3	41.9	41.3		26.1	26.3	27.4	27.1			
Process control instruments		52.7	52.6	52.7	52.7		27.2	27.1	28.6	28.1			
Instruments to measure electricity		103.0	102.9	100.6	101.2		52.0	51.6	50.3	50.7			
Optical instruments and lenses		33.3	33.5	34.1	34.4		16.2	16.4	17.1	17.3			
Medical instruments and supplies		183.8	184.2	195.9	195.8		110.0	110.2	119.5	119.9			
Surgical and medical instruments		91.7	91.9	95.7	95.3		52.6	52.7	55.6	55.6			
Surgical appliances and supplies		78.6	78.7	85.8	86.1		49.8	49.9	55.7	56.1			
Ophthalmic goods		36.8	37.1	38.1	38.0		25.2	25.3	26.1	26.2			
Photographic equipment and supplies		106.1	105.8	105.7	105.4		46.2	46.2	45.1	44.6			
Watches, clocks, and watchcases		11.4	11.4	11.1	10.7		8.1	8.1	8.2	7.9			
Miscellaneous manufacturing	20	360.0	265.6	370.0	202.0	270 0	264.0	266.0	276 0	270.0			
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	391	362.8	365.6 53.3	379.9 54.4	382.2 54.8	378.9	264.3 36.8	266.2 36.9	276.9 37.9	279.3 38.3	27		
Jewelry, precious metal		37.5	37.6	38.0	38.6	-	25.8	25.8	26.3	26.9			
Musical instruments		12.2	12.2	12.4	12.5		25.8	25.8 10.0	20.3	26.9			
Toys and sporting goods		93.7	94.8	105.0	105.0		70.1	70.9	79.2	79.3			
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		41.8	94.8 42.7	47.8	47.2		30.0	70.9 30.8	79.2 34.9	79.3 34.6			
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		51.9	42.7 52.1	47.8 57.2	47.2 57.8	ļ	40.1	30.8 40.1	34.9 44.3	34.6 44.7			
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		32.7	32.1	33.6			22.7		44.3 23.7	44.7 23.8			
Costume jewelry and notions		40.6	41.0	39.0	33.8 39.3	1	31.9	22.7		23.0 30.1			
Costume jewelry and notions		40.6	22.2	39.0 20.7	20.6	(	17.5	32.2 17.4	29.6 15.8	30.1			
Miscellaneous manufactures		130.4											
Signs and advertising displays			131.5	135.5	136.8		92.8	93.5	96.2	97.3			
orgina and advertising displays	0993	57.2	57.3	59.6	59.9	1	39.8	39.6	41.0	41.4			

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	'kers'	
Industry	SiC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988 <sup>9</sup>	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988
londurable goods		7,734	7,767	7,925	7,935	7,963	5,451	5,476	5,590	5,593	5,6
Food and kindred products		1,564.7	1,578.3		1,590.4	1,601.0	1,094.9	1,106.5	1,114.2	1,113.7	1,122
Meat products		375.0	375.2	389.2	390.1	-	316.4	316.8	329.0	329.2	-
Meat packing plants		133.5	131.7	139.3	140.1		111.2	109.4	116.7	117.0	
Sausages and other prepared meats	2013	78.2	78.3	78.4	78.7		57.3	57.6	57.5		
Poultry dressing plants		142.9	144.6		151.1		129.1	130.9	136.6		
Dairy products		160.9	163.0		163.3		98.0	99.6	97.6		
Cheese, natural and processed		40.8	41.4	42.0	42.1		31.1	31.6	32.0	32.1	
Fluid milk		80.0	80.8		80.8		40.2	40.6	39.8		
Preserved fruits and vegetables		213.8	219.3	214.7	218.3		172.2	177.1	170.8	174.4	
Canned specialties		22.7	22.9	23.8	23.0	1	15.8	16.0	16.5	15.9	
Canned fruits and vegetables		64.1	66.5	62.9	66.4		51.4	53.4	49.4	52.5	
Frozen fruits and vegetables		44.6 122.9	46.6 123.5	41.0 129.6	43.0 128.8		38.6 83.8	40.4 84.3	34.7 89.5	37.0 89.2	
Grain mill products		22.3	22.2	23.6	23.1		14.7	14.7	16.3		1
Flour and other grain mill products		41.5	41.7	43.6			26.2	26.3	27.4	27.3	
Prepared feeds, nec Bakery products		206.3	208.2		204.9		124.6	126.3	124.7	123.5	
Bread, cake, and related products		161.2	162.9				88.1	89.7	89.0		
Cookies and crackers		45.1	45.3	46.1	45.4		36.5	36.7	35.7	34.7	
Sugar and confectionery products		87.0			87.9	[	66.4	65.2	70.9		
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	19.0	18.8	20.1	19.6		14.0	14.3	15.2	-	
Confectionery products	2065	49.2	47.9	52.7	49.9		39.9	38.7	43.3		
Fats and oils		33.8		34.6			24.5	24.1	25.4		
Beverages		200.5	_	195.2			86.5	88.8	82.2		1
Malt beverages		40.4	40.8	39.0	39.7		25.3	26.0	24.2		1
Bottled and canned soft drinks		117.9	119.6		116.8		38.3	39.6	37.8	38.6	1
Misc. food and kindred products		164.5	166.5	166.9	164.9		122.5	124.2	124.1	122.2	)
											1
Tobacco manufactures		51.0	51.5	52.1	50.4		38.3	38.4	39.2	•	
Cigarettes		39.0	39.4	38.6	38.5	-	29.3	29.4	29.1	28.9	
Textile mill products	22	717.8	721.3	728.0	726.1	728.9	622.7	625.9	632.3	630.4	63
Weaving mills, cotton	221	99.3		101.3	100.9		89.5	89.9	91.7	91.4	
Weaving mills, synthetics		85.5		91.3	91.2		76.1	76.8	81.3	81.0	
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		18.0	1	19.4	19.4	1	14.7	15.1	15.9	15.8	
Narrow fabric mills		23.0		24.3	24.4		19.9	20.0	21.1	21.0	
Knitting mills		212.5	)	207.7	208.3		186.3	188.0	183.4	184.4	
Women's hosiery, except socks		36.3		35.3	34.0		32.5	32.4	31.6		
Hosiery, nec		35.2		35.5	ŧ		31.7	31.8	32.1	32.1	
Knit outerwear mills		71.0	71.8	66.8	68.8	.[	63.0	63.9	59.8	61.6	1
Knit underwear mills	2254	25.8	26.1	25.7	25.6		21.8	22.1	21.8	21.6	
Circular knit fabric mills	2257	25.5	25.9	25.5	25.3		22.2	22.6	22.4	22.1	1
Textile finishing, except wool	226	59.9	60.0	59.8	59.1		50.1	50.3	49.8	49.1	
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	23.7	23.8	24.2	24.2		20.0	20.1	20.1	20.0	
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	22.4	22.3	21.8	21.4		18.2	18.2	17.7	17.4	
Floor covering mills		56.7	57.3	58.1	57.6		46.1	46.3	46.6	46.1	
Yarn and thread mills		110.1	110.0		110.6		98.6		100.1	99.1	
Yarn mills, except wool		80.7		82.7	82.1		73.1	73.0	75.0		
Throwing and winding mills		15.8					14.0				
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	52.8	52.7	54.4	54.6		41.4	41.2	42.4	42.5	
Apparel and other textile products		1.094.6	1.098.4	1,104.4	1,102.1	1,102.5	920.8	922.5	929.5	927.6	92
Men's and boys' suits and coats		56.9		1 *			48.5	49.3	50.4		
Men's and boys' furnishings		303.0					261.8			ł	
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		86.0		1			73.8	74.2			
Men's and boys' separate trousers		49.1					43.0		43.8	1	
Men's and boys' work clothing		92.5					81.1	82.1	84.3		
Women's and misses' outerwear		354.6	1	1			296.9		1	1	
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		47.1					39.2		1		1
Women's and misses' dresses		84.9		1			71.5				
		37.0		1			30.2		1		
Women's and misses' suits and coats		1 07.0									

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

#### (In thousands)

	1972		All		Production workers'						
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>9</sup>	May 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988°
Nondurable goods-Continued											
Apparel and other textile products—Continued	1										
Women's and children's undergarments		73.5	72.8	71.6	70.9		60.6	59.9	59.1	58.5	
Women's and children's underwear		59.8		58.1	57.6		50.8	50.2	49.9	49.4	
Brassieres and allied garments		13.7	13.7	13.5	13.3		9.8	9.7	9.2	9.1	
Children's outerwear		57.6		57.4	55.6		48.2	48.7	48.2	46.6	
Children's dresses and blouses		24.2		24.3	23.5		21.2	21.3	21.1	20.5	
Misc. apparel and accessories		41.9		41.7	42.0		35.2	35.8	34.7	35.0	
Misc. fabricated textile products		189.3	ſ	192.0	192.7		155.5	154.7 20.4	157.7 20.6	159.0 20.5	
Curtains and draperies House furnishings, nec		25.3 51.2	25.4 51.4	25.1 53.3	25.0 53.6		20.6 43.2	43.4	45.3	45.5	
Automotive and apparel trimmings		40.0	39.2	38.8	39.0		33.6	32.9	31.8	32.4	
Paper and allied products	26	674.1	675.6	683.8	684.1	686.8	511.8	512.4	518.7	518.0	521
Paper and pulp mills	261,2,6	190.5	189.9	190.6	191.0	-	144.9	144.4	145.2	145.4	-
Paper mills, except building paper	262	166.4	166.1	167.0	167.4		126.1	125.6	126.6	126.9	
Paperboard mills	263	53.6	53.8	53.5	53.2		40.2	40.4	40.6	40.3	[
Misc. converted paper products		230.4	231.2	233.5	233.3		171.8	171.7	172.4	171.4	
Paper coating and glazing	2641	57.8	57.8	58.0	58.1		37.2	36.7	36.6	36.1	
Envelopes		27.0	26.9	27.7	27.7	1	21.1	20.8	21.4	21.2	ł
Bags, except textile bags		51.8	51.8	53.3	53.0		40.9	40.8	42.0	41.5	
Paperboard containers and boxes		199.6	200.7	206.2	206.6		154.9	155.9	160.5	160.9	
Folding paperboard boxes		44.2	44.4	45.2	45.5		34.9	35.2	35.9	36.2	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		108.3	108.7	112.6			82.1	82.3	85.3	84.9	
Sanitary food containers	2654	22.2	22.5	22.8	23.0		19.1	19.4	19.5	19.7	
Printing and publishing	27	1,497.3	1,499.9 466.6		1,555.7 475.4	1,554.5	835.9 170.5	837.3	869.5	874.9	871
Newspapers Periodicals		465.8	119.5	475.3 126.3	126.6	-	43.2	171.2 43.6	172.2 46.9	172.4 46.6	
Books		112.8	112.4	113.2	114.2		61.1	60.8	61.4	62.4	
Book publishing		84.1	83.3	84.5	85.3		38.7	37.9	38.5	39.0	
Book printing		28.7	29.1	28.7	28.9		22.4	22.9	22.9	23.4	
Miscellaneous publishing		76.5	77.2	81.1	81.5		41.6	41.7	42.6	42.8	
Commercial printing		524.9	525.7	546.4			379.0	379.5	399.0	403.5	
Commercial printing, letterpress		161.5	162.0	168.3		! !	116.5	116.7	120.2	121.9	1
Commercial printing, lithographic		335.1	335.6	348.0	351.2		239.9	240.5	254.7	257.5	
Manifold business forms	276	49.3	49.3	51.0	51.1		34.2	34.2	35.0	34.9	
Blankbooks and bookbinding		72.6	72.7	76.8	77.0		58.5	58.2	60.8	60.8	
Printing trade services	279	52.6	52.8	54.9	55.2		39.2	39.5	40.7	40.6	
Chemicals and allied products		1,014.2		1,050.2		1,057.3	569.3	571.4	591.9	592.1	596
Industrial inorganic chemicals		128.8	129.1	133.0	132.3	-	66.7	67.3	67.1	66.6	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec Plastics materials and synthetics		85.6 165.6	85.7 165.2	89.6 167.7	88.9 167.6		48.1 110.5	48.4 109.4	48.4 109.4	47.9 109.8	
Plastics materials and resins		74.5	74.2	77.1	77.3		44.3	44.0	44.7	45.3	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		64.2	64.0	63.3	63.3		46.4	44.0	44.6	43.3	
Drugs		212.5	212.3	223.3	225.1		98.2	97.7	101.8	102.4	
Pharmaceutical preparations		168.9	169.0	178.0	179.2		76.8	76.5	79.5	79.7	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		147.8	150.4	159.3			93.3	95.2	103.1	102.8	
Soap and other detergents		43.5		44.6			27.5	27.9	27.7	27.6	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	2842,3	40.3	40.4	42.9	42.9		22.1	22.3	25.0	24.8	
Toilet preparations	2844	64.0	65.8	71.8	72.1		43.7	45.0	50.4	50.4	
Paints and allied products		61.8	62.3	61.5	61.6	[	30.2	30.6	30.1	30.1	
Industrial organic chemicals		150.3	150.4	153.6	154.3		83.4	83.9	88.4	89.1	
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		28.5	28.7	29.3	29.5		18.8	18.8	18.3	18.3	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec		121.8	121.7	124.3	124.8		64.6	65.1	70.1	70.8	
Agricultural chemicals Miscellaneous chemical products		52.9 94.5	52.6 95.3	54.0 97.8	53.3 98.2		33.7 53.3	33.4 53.9	35.8 56.2	34.8 56.5	
Petroleum and coal products		163.7	165.7	161.9	164.2	166.1	106.1	108.7	104.2	106.2	108
Petroleum and coal products		125.8	126.2	125.3	104.2	100.1	79.4	80.4	79.6	79.3	108
Paving and roofing materials		25.9	27.5	24.0	26.3	-	19.4	21.5	/9.6 17.6	79.3 19.8	-
1 aming and 100ming materials		20.9	21.3	24.0	20.3		19.9	21.3	17.0	19.0	

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

#### (In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es		Production workers <sup>1</sup>					
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988⁰	May 1988⁰	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	Мау 1988 <sup>⋼</sup>	
Nondurable goods—Continued												
Rubber and misc. plastics products		814.7	816.2	861.0	865.3	870.3	633.1	634.0	670.3		677.	
Tires and inner tubes		85.7	85.6	85.9	86.0	-	62.2	61.9	61.5		-	
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	11.1	11.0	12.8	12.9		9.1	9.0	10.8	10.6		
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose and belting	202.4	22.4	21.5	23.7	23.9		16.2	15.5	174	177		
Fabricated rubber products, nec		103.3	102.7	107.7	107.7		79.0	78.5	17.4 82.6	17.7 82.7		
Miscellaneous plastics products		592.2	595.4	630.9			466.6	469.1	498.0	1		
Leather and leather products	31	141.4	142.6	145.3	145.1	146.2	118.4	119.3	119.9	119.8	121.	
Leather tanning and finishing		14.6	14.6	14.3	14.3	-	12.2	12.2	11.7	11.9	-	
Footwear, except rubber		82.4	83.9	86.4	86.0		71.0	72.3	1			
Men's footwear, except athletic		35.4	35.8	38.6	38.3		28.7	29.0	31.0			
Women's footwear, except athletic		30.5	31.1	30.1			26.9	27.3	26.6			
Luggage		10.5	10.5	11.0			7.5	7.6	7.7	7.9	]	
Haridbags and personal leather goods	317	16.4	16.8	16.0	15.9		13.4	13.6	12.8	12.5	1	
Transportation and public utilities		5,324	5,358	5,473	5,510	5,564	4,406	4,441	4,537	4,571	4,61	
Transportation		3,120	3,149	3,239	3,274	3,320						
Railroad transportation	40	310.8	314.7	295.5	300.3							
Class I railroads <sup>2</sup>		273.0	276.6	255.8								
		1										
Local and interurban passenger transit		302.9	309.1	314.1	317.6		280.6	286.7	290.3	292.9	1	
Local and suburban transportation		106.5	107.5	112.4	l	1	97.3	98.2	102.6	1		
Taxicabs		34.7	34.2	33.6	1	1	-	-				
Intercity highway transportation		30.1	31.0	30.7	31.0	1	27.2	28.2	27.7	28.0		
School buses	415	109.8	113.5	114.5	115.4	]	-	-	-	-	ŀ	
Trucking and warehousing	42	1,427.3	1,435.8	1,490.0	1,501.9		1,238.7	1.246.9	1.293.8	1,304.9		
Trucking and trucking terminals	421.3	1,325.5		1,379.5			1,153.7	1,161.6				
Public warehousing		101.8	102.4	110.5	109.7		85.0	85.3	92.4	91.4		
Water transportation	14	175.2	178.4	172.3	175.5	]						
Local water transportation		26.1	26.9	25.2	25.7	]						
Water transportation services		95.9	98.7	94.8						1		
·												
Transportation by air		590.8	595.1	631.0		1					l	
Air transportation		520.3	524.1	553.4	559.5					1		
Air transportation services	458	70.5	71.0	77.6	78.3						1	
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	17.8	18.0	15.9	15.9		13.0	13.1	10.9	10.9		
Transportation services	47	294.9	297.6	320.0	324.6							
Freight forwarding		62.4	62.5	66.8	6	1		1		]		
Communication and public utilities		2,204	2,209	2,234	2,236	2,244	_	-	-	-		
Communication and public duinties		1,285.9			1,305.9		973.6	975.3	985.8	986.5	1	
Telephone communication		901.0					663.5	664.5				
Radio and television broadcasting	483	235.7	236.3	242.0			193.4	194.4				
Radio broadcasting		115.5	115.6	115.4			-	_	-	-		
Television broadcasting		120.2	120.7	126.6								
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	918.3	922.5	928.5	930.2		728.2	731.6	734.1	735.4		
Electric services	491	445.3	445.4	444.4	445.2		340.9	340.3		339.5	1	
Gas production and distribution		164.0	164.6	164.7	165.1		130.0	130.6		1		
Combination utility services		204.7	204.9	203.8	202.6		168.5	168.7		166.1		
Sanitary services	495	78.0	80.9	88.5	90.0		67.7	70.4	76.5	77.7		
Wholesale trade		5,805	5,835	6,016	6,065	6,108	4,642	4,672	4,832	4,876	4,91	
Durable goods	50	3,404	3,422	3,573	3,602	3,629	2,693	2,712	2,844	2,868		
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		431.1	433.9	443.7			344.9	347.7		1 '	1	
Automobiles and other motor vehicles		111.3	111.5	116.6			-	-	-	- 1		
Automotive parts and supplies	6010	290.2	292.7	297.4	299.0	1	1	ł	1	1	1	

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		AI	l employe	es	<b>.</b>	Production workers'					
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	May 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	May 1988	
Wholesale trade—Continued												
Durable goods—Continued			1									
Furniture and home furnishings		140.8		143.8			113.1	113.9	116.0	115.1		
Furniture		62.6	62.4	64.3	63.8		-	-	-			
Home furnishings		78.2					-	-	-	-		
Lumber and construction materials		227.2			,	1	187.0	192.4	205.0	211.4		
Lumber, plywood, and millwork		103.5			•		-	-	-	-		
Construction materials, nec	5039	123.7					-	-	-	-		
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods	504	83.3	1		1		68.5	69.2	72.3			
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		131.3			1		102.5		112.0			
Electrical goods		490.9					374.2	374.5	391.1	392.0		
Electrical apparatus and equipment		268.3	1			1	-	-	-	-		
Electrical appliances, TV and radios		68.9										
Electronic parts and equipment		153.7					-	-	-	-		
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		258.5		267.5			207.9		215.8	216.3		
Hardware Plumbing and hydronic beating supplies		89.5					-	-	-	_		
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies		106.8					1 100 0	1 1 4 4 4	1 200 0	1 220 0		
Machinery, equipment, and supplies Commercial machines and equipment		1,445.8					1,139.0	1,144.1	1,208.0	1,220.2		
Construction and mining machinery		539.4					] -	-	-	] -		
Farm machinery and equipment		114.2		1								
Industrial machinery and equipment		301.1					[					
Industrial supplies		127.8			135.6							
Professional equipment and supplies		175.9		1				_	_	_		
Miscellaneous durable goods		194.9					155.1	155.9	168.0	169.3		
Scrap and waste materials		87.0	1	95.0		1			- 100.0			
		07.0	07.7	00.0	- 50.4		_	-			)	
Nondurable goods	51	2,401	2,413	2,443	2,463	2,479	1,949	1,960	1,988	2,008		
Paper and paper products		200.2		209.1	209.1		162.7	164.1	169.6	1 -		
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		166.4			174.0	1	138.5	137.7	145.7			
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		197.6	197.5	200.4	199.7		147.4	147.0	152.6			
Groceries and related products	514	774.7					653.9	660.6	658.2			
Groceries, general line		247.9	248.4	252.2	253.1	1	-	-	_			
Meats and meat products	5147	65.2	65.2	64.5	64.0	1						
Fresh fruits and vegetables	5148	94.5	98.0	94.7	98.3		-	-	-	-		
Chemicals and allied products	516	128.6	129.5	130.5	131.8		93.8	94.6	97.1	97.7		
Petroleum and petroleum products	517	196.1	197.0	200.8	201.4		152.9	153.9	156.6	157.3		
Petroleum bulk stations and terminals		82.0	82.7	85.5	86.0		-	-	-			
Petroleum products, nec		114.1	114.3	115.3	115.4		-	-	-	-		
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		149.0			152.4		122.8	124.6	124.4	125.0		
Beer and ale		93.3		94.3	95.2		-	-	-	-		
Wines and distilled beverages		55.7		57.5			-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous nondurable goods		462.8					375.0	377.1	382.8	392.3		
Farm supplies	5191	154.1	155.5	154.6	163.8		-	-	-	-		
Retail trade	{	18,187	18,413	18,612	18,873	19,128	16,160	16,381	16,475	16,721	16,94	
Building materials and garden supplies	52	737.1	750 0	740.9	770 5		610.0	694.0	610.0	641.4		
Lumber and other building materials		399.9			773.5 415.0		613.8 338.7		610.6 338.9			
Hardware stores		154.5					128.4		132.3			
General merchandise stores	53	2,309.9	2,337.5	2,436.0	2,445.6	2,468.4	2,168.3	2,195.8	2,261.5	2,265.7		
Department stores		1,929.0					1,827.8					
Variety stores		233.6	· ·	239.2	239.4		212.8	214.2	217.6	217.2		
Misc. general merchandise stores	539	147.3	153.3	164.5	167.1		127.7	133.2	142.6	144.8		
Food stores	54	2,922.0	2,943.9	3,001.3	3,011.1	3,042.5	2,692.2	2,712.9	2,756.3	2,765.1		
Grocery stores		2,570.8	2,592.3	2,650.6	2,659.1	-	2,378.7	2,398.5	2,446.3	2,455.1		
Meat markets and freezer provisioners	542	56.7	56.7	58.1	58.4		-	-	-	-		
Dairy products stores	545	27.6	29.7	23.6	23.2		-	-	-	_		
Retail bakeries		170.1	170.6	176.5	175.7		154.8	155.3	160.5	159.0		
Automotive dealers and service stations		1,981.4			2,053.7	2,070.1			1,699.8			
New and used car dealers		971.4	974.3		1,001.6	-	807.7	810.3	825.6			
Auto and home supply stores		312.1	315.3		324.5	1	252.2	255.0	258.3	262.4		
Gasoline service stations		602.3	609.3	618.5	622.2	1	524.7	532.0	537.2	540.3		

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		Production workers1								
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>9</sup>	May 1988º	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	Ma 1988
Retail trade—Continued								_			
Apparel and accessory stores	56	1,096.1	1,086.5	1,073.6	1,078.2		925.1	917.7	906.3	910.2	
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings	561	106.2	105.5	103.3	104.2		86.3	86.2	84.5	85.0	
Women's ready-to-wear stores	562	386.0	386.1	373.8	376.7		328.3	328.7	315.1	317.5	1
Family clothing stores		246.0	247.4	248.9	248.0		212.6	213.8	216.5	215.8	
Shoe stores	566	223.4	217.0	217.5	217.3		181.4	176.8	179.7	179.9	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	779.3	785.8	817.5	816.3		646.7	652.6		668.8	
Furniture and home furnishings stores		437.1	439.8	451.7	452.1		359.9	362.6	366.8	367.3	
Furniture stores		273.0	273.8	281.2	281.4		-	-	-	-	
Household appliance stores	572	84.5	85.4	92.7	93.4		72.3	73.0		79.3	
Radio, television, and music stores	573	257.7	260.6	273.1	270.8		214.5	217.0	223.6	222.2	
Radio and television stores	5732	186.4	189.3	196.9	193.4		-	-	-	-	
Music stores	5733	71.3	71.3	76.2	77.4						
Eating and drinking places	58	6,068.6	6,196.4	6,142.5	6,313.3	6,450.2	5,523.7	5,647.1	5,584.3	5,754.7	
Miscellaneous retail				2,366.4			1,929.1			1,998.5	
Drug stores and proprietary stores		572.2		590.9	588.0		486.6	489.0	504.0	500.5	1
Liquor stores		122.0		122.4	123.1		-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	754.9	754.1	777.2	780.3		631.9	630.1	646.6	650.2	}
Sporting goods and bicycle shops	5941	129.8	128.3	138.7	138.3		-	-	-	-	
Book stores	5942	77.5	77.5	79.2	78.2						
Stationery stores	5943	75.8	75.5	77.0	77.5						
Jewelry stores		146.8	145.3	150.2	151.5				ł		
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops		151.2		148.8	152.5	Į					Į
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods		61.5	1	61.2	1		-	-	-	-	
Nonstore retailers		270.0		279.4	277.1	1	243.3	243.6	249.7	247.3	ł
Mail order houses		125.9			127.5						
Merchandising machine operators		85.8		89.8	90.2		-	_	_		
Fuel and ice dealers		106.0		113.5	112.0		88.2	87.1	94.9	93.2	
Retail stores, nec		384.2		395.5			312.5		319.8		
inance, insurance, and real estate <sup>3</sup>		6,497	6,539	6,599	6,627	6,640	4,783	4,811	4,782	4,800	4,8
Finance		3,256	3,267	3,293	3,292	3,289					
Banking	60	1,730.6	1,732.6	1,728.9	1,727.6		1.246.5	1.247.4	1,236.3	1,235.4	
Commercial and stock savings banks		1,557.7							1,109.1		
State banks, Federal Reserve		340.8		344.8				_	-		
State banks, not Federal Reserve		368.5		372.4	372.1						
Mutual savings banks		83.7		84.2							
Credit agencies other than banks	61	889.6	894.1	890.3	890.0		667.4	670.1	660.6	660.8	
Savings and loan associations		391.9					299.0			298.9	
Federal savings and loan associations		218.0		222.1	222.1			-	_	_	
State associations, insured		168.9		168.7	167.3		-	-	- 1	- 1	
Personal credit institutions		235.4	1				181.7	182.0	188.6	188.4	
Business credit institutions		54.9		61.4			_	-		-	
Mortgage bankers and brokers		182.0									
Security, commodity brokers, and services	62	435.0	437.3	462.0	461.0						
Security brokers and dealers		342.1	343.2	358.3	356.9						
Holding and other investment offices	67	201.1	202.6	212.0	213.1						
Insurance		2,009	2,016	2,058	2,063	2,065					
Insurance carriers	63	1,409.6	1,412.7	1,441.1	1,443.7		957.8	956.2	962.3	962.1	
Life insurance	631	579.8	1 '	591.4	591.9		360.3		354.5		1
Medical service and health insurance	632	198.4		201.7	201.6		160.0		163.3		
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	522.4			547.6		352.9		367.4		l
Title insurance		63.1	63.8	)	56.0		-	-	-	-	
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	64	599.8	603.5	617.0	619.0						

# B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es	·		Produ	ction wo	rker's	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Мау 1988 <sup>р</sup>	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>e</sup>	Ma 1988
inance, insurance, and real estate—Continued											
Real estate, and combined real estate, insurance, etc		1,232	1,256	1,248	1,272	1,286					
Real estate		1,221.0									
Real estate operators and lessors		525.6									
Real estate agents and managers		509.9	2	1							
Subdividers and developers		151.7	162.7	145.8	156.2						
Combined real estate, insurance, etc	66	10.5	10.4	10.0	10.0			1			
ervices		24,020	24,170	24,978	25,231	25,361	21,056	21,199	21,822	22,049	22,
Hotels and other lodging places	70	1 424 2	1,475.4	1,496.4	1,533.3						
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts		1,396.4					1,243.6	1,282.2	1,296.4	1,326.4	
Personal services	72	1,163.9	1,137.5	1.244.6	1,254.7		_	_	_	_	
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services		400.6		-			356.2	360.0	363.7	366.1	
Photographic studios, portrait		51.4	52.3	56.1	55.1		-	- 1	-	-	
Beauty shops		352.3	352.9	356.8	359.5		317.8	318.8	319.0	321.2	
Funeral service and crematories		77.3	78.1	77.4	77.9		-	-	-	-	
Business services		1 *	5,149.6	1 1		5,423.8		4,412.1		4,596.5	
Advertising		210.1	210.5		213.0		155.2	156.2	159.7	158.5	
Advertising agencies		154.3	1		157.4		-	-		-	
Credit reporting and collection		100.2	1	1		1					
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic		205.6					-	-	-		
Services to buildings		704.8	718.7		719.4		635.4	648.7	638.9	652.5	
Personnel supply services		1,148.7	1 '		1 '		-	-	-	-	
Employment agencies	7361	178.9	181.5		186.0			]			
Temporary help supply services		897.4 637.7	932.2 640.2	(	982.1 712.7		500.9	502.2	552.1	557.4	
Computer and data processing services Computer programming and software		236.0						002.2			
Data processing services		296.4	)				_	_	_		
Miscellaneous business services	739	2,064.8	2,076.7	2,136.3	2,142.3						
Research development laboratories, nec	7391	193.9	193.7	197.5	197.3			1			
Management and public relations		578.8									
Detective and protective services		452.9									
Equipment rental and leasing		237.9									
Photofinishing laboratories	7395	77.1	78.6	75.9	76.0						
Auto repair, services, and garages		784.0			818.4		655.0	664.0	680.5	680.7	
Automotive rentals, without drivers		157.9			160.6		-	-	-	-	
Automotive repair shops	753	463.6	468.8	488.4	492.8		382.1	386.7	401.6	406.9	
Miscellaneous repair services Electrical repair shops		314.0	316.0 100.8		336.3 108.9		260.4	262.4	275.0	276.7	
							400.0				
Motion pictures	78	236.2			234.7	l	198.9		194.3	196.0	
Motion picture production and services Motion picture theaters	781	117.3			107.5 111.9		94.3 -	92.4	91.3	84.2	
Amusement and recreation services	79	879.8	929.2	828.3	895.4		770.7	823.6	699.4	757.8	
Health services		6,736.5	6,767.7	7,081.4	7,111.0	7,151.7	5,989.5	6,018.1	6,292.9	6,317.1	
Offices of physicians			1,036.5	1,107.1	1,115.8	-	845.0			914.8	
Offices of dentists		467.2		482.5	484.6		411.3		424.3	426.1	
Nursing and personal care facilities		1 .	1,280.8				1,152.9	1,156.8	1,182.0	1,182.3	
Skilled nursing care facilities		855.0	858.1	876.4	877.3		-	-	-	-	
Nursing and personal care, nec		421.4	422.7	433.4	433.0		-				
Hospitals General medical and surgical hospitals				3,278.9			2,030.4	2,847.0	2,995.4	3,004.1	
Psychiatric hospitals		2,900.0	2,911.7 74.6				-	-	-	-	
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric		135.0	136.2	79.9 143.4	80.4 143.6						
Medical and dental laboratories		135.0	130.2		143.0						
Outpatient care facilities		260.8	262.8	275.1	279.2						
Conference and Idollares	500	200.0	202.0		213.2				[		

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry--Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	ction wo	rkers <sup>1</sup>	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988°	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988⁰	May 1988
Services—Continued											
Legal services	81	784.1	786.7	807.1	811.5		659.5	661.9	675.2	678.2	
Educational services	82	1,527.9	1,464.5	1,570.6	1,566.2						
Elementary and secondary schools		377.7	378.7	385.8	384.2						
Colleges and universities	822	988.4	923.0	1,013.3	1,008.5						
Correspondence and vocational schools		77.9	77.6	80.9	80.9						[
Social services	83	1,488.6	1,499.4	1,572.7	1,583.4						
Individual and family services		296.2	299.4	305.4	304.8						1
Job training and related services		219.0			229.6						
Residential care		342.1	345.4	365.4							
Museums, botanical and zoological gardens	84	47.0	49.1	48.0	49.8						
Membership organizations	86	1.566.8	1.574.1	1,589.7	1.593.6						
Business associations		92.5		92.5			Ì				
Labor organizations		131.8	133.3	135.4	133.3						
Civic and social associations		356.6		371.3							
Miscellaneous services	80	1,317.7	1,308.5	1,386.5	1,389.1		1,075.3	1 062 0	1 1 2 2 5	1,123.7	
Engineering and architectural services		699.8			739.0		589.4	597.6	612.6		
Noncommercial research organizations		121.6		124.7	124.8		303.4	397.0	012.0	010.3	
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		469.3			- · ·		368.9	347.9	390.2	386.6	
							000.0	041.0	000.L	000.0	
Government		17,297	17,303	17,671	17,658	17,694					
Federal Government <sup>4</sup>		2,930	2,947	2,964	2,968	2,966					
Executive, by agency <sup>4</sup>		2,873.4									
Department of Defense		976.2									1
Postal Service <sup>5</sup>		813.4									
Other executive agencies		1,083.8	1,094.3	1,105.5							
Legislative		37.1	37.8	37.7							
Judicial		19.3	19.4	20.5	:						
Federal government, by industry:											
Manufacturing activities		124.6	125.2	123.6	122.7						
Shipbuilding and repairing	3731	75.8	76.3	74.9	74.9	1					
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal											
Service		40.0	39.8	40.8	40.5						
Services		412.6	417.3	414.7	413.2						
Hospitals	806	249.2	251.4	251.1	249.1		, i				
State government		4,061	4,010	4,140	4,149	4,124					
Hospitals		437.0	437.1	443.8	444.7	-				1	1
Education	82	1,709.5	1,648.0	1,739.6	1,737.3					1	
General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions		1,385.5	1,390.4	1,417.8	1,425.9						
Local government		10,306								1	
Transportation and public utilities		487.5								1	1
Hospitals		603.3			1						
Education	82	5,895.8	5,899.6	6,059.9	6,020.7						ł
General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions		2,996.4	3,026.0	3,056.5	3,062.2						

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. <sup>2</sup> Data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more. <sup>3</sup> Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from the ponsumerisory count for all series in this division

nonsupervisory count for all series in this division. <sup>4</sup> Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to

civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency. <sup>5</sup> Includes rural mail carriers. - Data not available.

P = preliminary.NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

## B-3. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	Feb. 1987	Mar. 1987	Jan. 1988	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988
Total	46,393	46,714	48,130	48,375	48,704
Total private	37,591	37,842	39,177	39,283	39,53 <sup>-</sup>
Goods-producing	6,748	6,765	6,955	6,963	6,991
Mining	95	95	96	96	96
Construction	501	507	534	534	542
Manufacturing	6,152	6,163	6,325	6,333	6,353
Durable goods	2,965	2,968	3.047	3.048	3.060
Lumber and wood products	112	114	119	119	120
Furniture and fixtures	158	159	168	167	16
Stone, clay, and glass products	112	113	114	115	11
Primary metal industries	100	101	104	105	10
Fabricated metal products	315	315	324	324	32
Machinery, except electrical	445	444	466	467	47
Electrical and electronic equipment	867	862	882	879	88
Transportation equipment	397	397	395	392	39
Instruments and related products	299	299	306	308	30
Miscellaneous manufacturing	161	165	169	173	170
Nondurable goods	3,187	3,195	3,278	3,285	3,29
Food and kindred products	484	485	503	500	49
Tobacco manufactures	18	17	19	18	1
Textile mill products	346	348	351	351	35
Apparel and other textile products	871	871	874	880	88
Paper and allied products	161	162	165	164	16
Printing and publishing	634	637	663	665	67
Chemicals and allied products	288	289	301	302	30-
Petroleum and coal products	24	24	23	23	2
Rubber and misc. plastics products	279	281	296	296	29
Leather and leather products	83	82	85	85	8
ervice-producing	39,645	39,949	41,175	41,412	41,71
Transportation and public utilities	1,506	1,512	1,575	1,581	1,59
Wholesale trade	1,696	1,704	1,783	1,790	1,80
Retail trade	9,368	9,424	9,915	9,815	9,840
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,007	4,030	4,119	4,113	4,13
Services	14,266	14,407	14,830	15,021	15,17
Government	8.802	8.872	8.908	9.091	9,17
Federal	1,030	1,038	1,051	1,053	1,057
State	1,937	1,958	1,943	2,008	2,02
Local	5,835	5,876			6,09
	5,635	5,676	5,914	6,030	0,09

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks and differ from data previously published. See the article in

this issue for additional information.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-4. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

Total private       6         Goode-producing       2         Mining       2         Oil and gas extraction       2         Construction       2         General building contractors       3         Manufacturing       1         Durable goods       2         Lumber and wood products       7         Furniture and fixtures       5         Stone, clay, and glass products       7         Primary metal industries       8         Blast furnaces and basic steel products       7         Abchnery, except electrical       6         Electrical and electronic equipment       7         Transportation equipment       1         Motor vehicles and equipment       1         Instruments and related products       1         Motor vehicles and equipment       1         Instruments and related products       1         Tobacco manufactures       1         Tobacco manufactures       1         Tobacco manufactures       1         Apparel and other textile products       1         Apparel and allied products       1         Paper and allied products       1         Priniting and publishing       1	May 84,859 24,653 716 401 4,967 1,316 18,970 11,159 738 738 738 738 734 581 743 269 1,397 2,007 2,072	June 102,078 85,094 24,884 719 404 4,983 1,319 18,982 11,166 736 736 518	July 102,430 85,421 24,788 722 408 4,997 1,320 19,069 11,190	Aug. 102,672 85,856 24,851 728 412 5,012 1,326	Sept. 102,908 85,851 24,902 734 417 5,012	Oct. 103,371 86,241 25,025 740 421	Nov. 103,678 86,520 25,123 736 418	Dec. 104,001 86,794 25,201 735 417	Jan. 104,282 87,044 25,180 728 414	Feb. 104,729 87,475 25,271 731 415	Mar. 105,020 87,700 25,330 733	Apr. <sup>p</sup> 105,269 87,957 25,438 739	May <sup>p</sup> 105,476 88,122 25,446
Total private       A         Goods-producing       2         Mining       2         Oil and gas extraction       2         Construction       3         General building contractors       3         Manufacturing       1         Durable goods       4         Lumber and wood products       7         Furniture and fixtures       5         Stone, clay, and glass products       7         Primary metal industries       8         Blast furnaces and basic steel products       7         Abricated metal products       4         Machinery, except electrical       8         Electrical and electronic equipment       1         Motor vehicles and equipment       1         Instruments and related products       1         Nondurable goods       1         Food and kindred products       1         Tobacco manufactures       1         Textile mill products       1         Apparel and other textile products       1         Paper and allied products       1         Printing and publishing       1         Chemicals and allied products       1         Petroleum and coal products       1	84,859 24,653 716 401 4,967 1,316 18,970 11,159 738 514 581 743 269 1,397 2,007	85,094 24,884 719 404 4,983 1,319 18,982 11,166 736 516	85,421 24,788 722 408 4,997 1,320 19,069	85,856 24,851 728 412 5,012 1,326	85,851 24,902 734 417 5,012	86,241 25,025 740 421	86,520 25,123 736	86,794 25,201 735	87,044 25,180 728	87,475 25,271 731	87,700 25,330 733	87,957 25,438 739	88,123 25,44
Bioods-producing       2         Mining       Oil and gas extraction         Construction       General building contractors         Manufacturing       1         Durable goods       1         Lumber and wood products       Furniture and fixtures         Stone, clay, and glass products       1         Primary metal industries       1         Blast furnaces and basic steel products       1         Fabricated metal products       1         Machinery, except electrical       1         Electrical and electronic equipment       1         Transportation equipment       1         Instruments and related products       1         Miscellaneous manufacturing       1         Nondurable goods       1         Food and kindred products       1         Tobacco manufactures       1         Textile mill products       1         Apparel and other textile products       1         Paper and allied products       1         Petroleum and coal products       1         Petroleum and coal products       1         Rubber and misc. plastics products       1         Rubber and misc. plastics products       1         Petroleum and coal products	24,653 716 401 4,967 1,316 18,970 11,159 738 514 581 743 269 1,397 2,007	85,094 24,884 719 404 4,983 1,319 18,982 11,166 736 516	85,421 24,788 722 408 4,997 1,320 19,069	85,856 24,851 728 412 5,012 1,326	85,851 24,902 734 417 5,012	86,241 25,025 740 421	86,520 25,123 736	86,794 25,201 735	87,044 25,180 728	25,271 731	25,330 733	25,438 739	25,44
Bioods-producing       2         Mining       Oil and gas extraction         Construction       General building contractors         Manufacturing       1         Durable goods       1         Lumber and wood products       Furniture and fixtures         Stone, clay, and glass products       1         Primary metal industries       1         Blast furnaces and basic steel products       1         Fabricated metal products       1         Machinery, except electrical       1         Electrical and electronic equipment       1         Transportation equipment       1         Motor vehicles and equipment       1         Instruments and related products       1         Miscellaneous manufacturing       1         Nondurable goods       1         Food and kindred products       1         Tobacco manufactures       1         Textile mill products       2         Apparel and other textile products       2         Paper and allied products       2         Petroleum and coal products       2         Petroleum and coal products       2         Petroleum and coal products       2         Rubber and misc. plastics products       <	24,653 716 401 4,967 1,316 18,970 11,159 738 514 581 743 269 1,397 2,007	24,884 719 404 4,983 1,319 18,982 11,166 736 516	24,788 722 408 4,997 1,320 19,069	24,851 728 412 5,012 1,326	24,902 734 417 5,012	25,025 740 421	25,123 736	25,201 735	25,180 728	25,271 731	25,330 733	25,438 739	25,44
Mining       Oil and gas extraction         Construction       General building contractors         Manufacturing       Imber and wood products         Furniture and fixtures       Stone, clay, and glass products         Primary metal industries       Blast furnaces and basic steel products         Fabricated metal products       Machinery, except electrical         Electrical and electronic equipment       Motor vehicles and equipment         Instruments and related products       Miscellaneous manufacturing         Nondurable goods       Food and kindred products         Food and kindred products       Apparel and other textile products         Proticale and allied products       Paper and allied products         Proting and publishing       Chemicals and allied products         Paper and allied products       Percoleum and coal products         Pather and misc. plastics products       Leather and leather products	716 401 4,967 1,316 18,970 11,159 738 514 581 743 269 1,397 2,007	719 404 4,983 1,319 18,982 11,166 736 516	722 408 4,997 1,320 19,069	728 412 5,012 1,326	734 417 5,012	740 421	736	735	728	731	733	739	
Oil and gas extraction         Construction         General building contractors         Manufacturing         Durable goods         Lumber and wood products         Furniture and fixtures         Stone, clay, and glass products         Primary metal industries         Blast furnaces and basic steel products         Fabricated metal products         Machinery, except electrical         Electrical and electronic equipment         Transportation equipment         Motor vehicles and related products         Miscellaneous manufacturing         Nondurable goods         Food and kindred products         Tobacco manufactures         Textile mill products         Paper and allied products         Paper and allied products         Printing and publishing         Chemicsls and allied products         Petroleum and coal products         Rubber and misc. plastics products         Leather and leather products	401 4,967 1,316 18,970 11,159 738 514 581 743 269 1,397 2,007	404 4,983 1,319 18,982 11,166 736 516	408 4,997 1,320 19,069	412 5,012 1,326	417 5,012	421							
Construction         General building contractors         Manufacturing         Durable goods         Lumber and wood products         Furniture and fixtures         Stone, clay, and glass products         Primary metal industries         Blast furnaces and basic steel products         Fabricated metal products         Machinery, except electrical         Electrical and electronic equipment         Motor vehicles and equipment         Instruments and related products         Miscellaneous manufacturing         Nondurable goods         Food and kindred products         Tobacco manufactures         Textile mill products         Apparel and other textile products         Paper and allied products         Printing and publishing         Chemicals and allied products         Perroleum and coal products         Rubber and misc. plastics products         Leather and leather products	4,967 1,316 18,970 11,159 738 518 743 269 1,397 2,007	4,983 1,319 18,982 11,166 736 516	4,997 1,320 19,069	5,012 1,326	5,012		418	417	414	415			73
General building contractors       Imanufacturing         Durable goods       Imanufacturing         Lumber and incures       Stone, clay, and glass products         Furniture and fixtures       Stone, clay, and glass products         Primary metal industries       Blast furnaces and basic steel products         Fabricated metal products       Fabricated metal products         Machinery, except electrical       Electrical and electronic equipment         Transportation equipment       Motor vehicles and related products         Motor vehicles and related products       Moscellaneous manufacturing         Nondurable goods       Food and kindred products         Tobacco manufactures       Textile mill products         Paper and allied products       Paper and allied products         Printing and publishing       Chemics and allied products         Petroleum and coal products       Rubber and misc. plastics products         Leather and leather products       Electrical scies and allied products	1,316 18,970 11,159 738 514 581 743 269 1,397 2,007	1,319 18,982 11,166 736 516	1,320 19,069	1,326			1			-13	419	423	42
Manufacturing       Imper and wood products         Furniture and fixtures       Stone, clay, and glass products         Primary metal industries       Blast furnaces and basic steel products         Paricated metal products       Machinery, except electrical         Electrical and electronic equipment       Transportation equipment         Motor vehicles and equipment       Motor vehicles and equipment         Instruments and related products       Food and kindred products         Tobacco manufactures       Textile mill products         Tobacco manufactures       Paper and allied products         Paper and allied products       Paper and allied products         Printing and publishing       Chemicals and allied products         Petroleum and coal products       Patroleum and coal products         Rubber and misc. plastics products       Leather and leather products	18,970 11,159 738 514 581 743 269 1,397 2,007	18,982 11,166 736 516	19,069		4 0 0 0	5,060	5,090	5,118	5,083	5,150	5,192	5,240	5,23
Durable goods         Lumber and wood products         Furniture and fixtures         Stone, clay, and glass products         Primary metal industries         Blast furnaces and basic steel products         Fabricated metal products         Machinery, except electrical         Electrical and electronic equipment         Motor vehicles and equipment         Instruments and related products         Miscellaneous manufacturing         Nondurable gooda         Food and kindred products         Tobacco manufactures         Textile mill products         Apparel and other textile products         Printing and publishing         Chemicals and allied products         Petroleum and coal products         Rubber and misc. plastics products         Leather and leather products	11,159 738 514 581 743 269 1,397 2,007	11,166 736 516			1,328	1,340	1,348	1,352	1,365	1,377	1,383	1,401	1,39
Lumber and wood products	738 514 581 743 269 1,397 2,007	736 516	11,190	19,111	19,156	19,225	19,297	19,348	19,369	19,390	19,405	19,459	19,47
Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Fabricated metal products Fabricated and electronic equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable gooda Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	514 581 743 269 1,397 2,007	516	1	11,246	11,269	11,315	11,355	11,390	11,393	11,404	11,411	11,458	11,47
Stone, clay, and glass products         Primary metal industries         Blast furnaces and basic steel products         Fabricated metal products         Machinery, except electrical         Electrical and electronic equipment         Transportation equipment         Motor vehicles and equipment         Instruments and related products         Miscellaneous manufacturing         Nondurable goods         Food and kindred products         Tobacco manufactures         Textile mill products         Apparel and other textile products         Paper and allied products         Printing and publishing         Chemicals and allied products         Petroleum and coal products         Rubber and misc. plastics products         Leather and leather products	581 743 269 1,397 2,007		740	739	744	744	750	754	754	756	755	757	75
Primary metal industries         Blast furnaces and basic steel products         Fabricated metal products         Machinery, except electrical         Electrical and electronic equipment         Transportation equipment         Motor vehicles and equipment         Instruments and related products         Miscellaneous manufacturing         Nondurable goods         Food and kindred products         Tobacco manufactures         Textile mill products         Paper and allied products         Printing and publishing         Chemicals and allied products         Petroleum and coal products         Rubber and misc. plastics products         Leather and leather products	743 269 1,397 2,007	1 500	524	524	526	529	531	533	536	535	534	536	53
Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products	269 1,397 2,007		579	580	580	583	585	588	583	584	585	587	58
Fabricated metal products         Machinery, except electrical         Electrical and electronic equipment         Transportation equipment         Motor vehicles and equipment         Instruments and related products         Miscellaneous manufacturing         Nondurable goods         Food and kindred products         Tobacco manufactures         Textile mill products         Apparel and other textile products         Printing and publishing         Chemicals and allied products         Petroleum and coal products         Rubber and misc. plastics products         Leather and leather products	1,397 2,007	746 271	751 272	755	761	766	768	769 279	768 279	770	772	773	77
Machinery, except electrical         Electrical and electronic equipment         Transportation equipment         Motor vehicles and equipment         Instruments and related products         Miscellaneous manufacturing         Nondurable goods         Food and kindred products         Tobacco manufactures         Textile mill products         Apparel and other textile products         Printing and publishing         Chemicals and allied products         Petroleum and coal products         Rubber and misc. plastics products         Leather and leather products	2,007	1,400	1,404	274 1,405	276	278 1,421	279 1,429	1,433	1,435	280 1,438	281 1,439	281	28
Electrical and electronic equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products		2,013	2,020	2,031	2,039	2,049	2,062	2,074	2,085	2,091	2,099	2,110	2,11
Transportation equipment		2,066	2,075	2,081	2,085	2,094	2,100	2,110	2,112	2,112	2,115	2,118	2,11
Motor vehicles and equipment	2,048	2,047	2,032	2,063	2,052	2,052	2,047	2,046	2,036	2,031	2,025	2,044	2,05
Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	869	867	842	874	860	859	854	851	839	837	835	848	85
Nondurable goods           Food and kindred products           Tobacco manufactures           Textile mill products           Apparel and other textile products           Paper and allied products           Printing and publishing           Chemicals and allied products           Petroleum and coal products           Rubber and misc. plastics products           Leather and leather products	693	694	695	696	696	700	704	704	704	705	705	705	70
Food and kindred products	366	368	370	372	374	377	379	379	360	382	382	384	37
Tobacco manufactures	7,811	7,816	7,879	7,865	7,887	7,910	7,942	7,958	7,976	7,986	7,994	8,001	8,00
Textile mill products	1,618	1,621	1,629	1,625	1,627	1,630	1,836	1,638	1,647	1,649	1,647	1,648	1,64
Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	55	55	55	54	53	52	54	54	55	54	54	54	5
Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	721	724	730	728	730	731	733	733	732	732	729	727	72
Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	1,095	1,098	1,116	1,098	1,104	1,106	1,110	1,106	1,105	1,104	1,106	1,100	1,09
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	678 1,501	677 1,505	678 1,510	680 1,514	682 1,518	682 1,522	683 1,528	684 1,532	685 1,538	686 1,544	687 1,548	688 1,554	68 1,55
Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	1,020	1,003	1,025	1,029	1,032	1,036	1,041	1,047	1,047	1,049	1,052	1,055	1,05
Rubber and misc. plastics products	165	165	165	165	168	167	167	167	166	165	184	165	16
Leather and leather products	816	815	824	827	830	839	845	851	854	856	860	864	87
	142	142	147	145	145	145	145	146	147	147	. 147	146	14
Service-producing	77,176	77,394	77,642	77,821	78,004	78,346	78,555	78,800	79,082	79,458	79,690	79,831	80,03
Transportation and public utilities	5,356	5,363	5,373	5,394	5,427	5,448	5,466	5,481	5,499	5,513	5,530	5,542	5,58
Transportation	3,143	3,153	3,151	3,171	3,201	3,214	3,231	3,244	3,261	3,272	3,285	3,297	3,31
Communication and public utilities	2,213	2,210	2,222	2,223	2,226	2,234	2,235	2,237	2,238	2,241	2,245	2,245	2,24
Wholesale trade	5,841	5,880	5,874	5,892	5,914	5,935	5,958	5,984	8,010	8,035	8,061	8,089	6,11
Durable goods	3,422 2,419	3,434 2,426	3,450 2,424	3,463	3,478 2,436	3,498 2,437	3,514 2,444	3,536 2,448	3,555 2,455	3,573 2,462	3,591 2,470	3,809 2,480	3,62
	18.417			18,589				18,784		19,045	19,050	19,083	19,12
Retail trade	2,412	18,481	18,543	2,449	18,605	18,705 2,489	18,761	2,494	18,927 2,526	2,561	2,543	2,542	2,54
Food stores	2,957	2,410	2,437	2,449	2,958	2,409	2,485	2,988	3,014	3,029	3,044	3,045	3.05
Automotive dealers and service stations	1,994	2,001	2,007	2,010	2,015	2,026	2,026	2,033	2,038	2,047	2,055	2,062	2,06
Eating and drinking places	6,087	8,109	6,128	6,143	6,152	8,191	6,218	8,232	6,260	8,291	6,319	8,326	6,33
Finance, insurance, and real estate	8,539	6,553	6,570	6,581	6,588	6,804	6,608	6,619	6,833	8,636	6,851	6,649	6,63
Finance	3,273	3,280	3,288	3,289	3,292	3,295	3,299	3,301	3,308	3,305	3,308	3,302	3,29
Insurance Real estate	2,017 1,249	2,019 1,254	2,024	2,029	2,032	2,043	2,042	2,049	2,052 1,273	2,053	2,060 1,285	2,065	2,06
Rerulase	24,053		1										1
Services	24,053 5,158	24,153	24,273 5,179	24,369 5,212	24,415	24,524	24,604 5,287	24,725	24,795 5,321	24,975 5,385	25,078 5,405	25,156	25,23
Health services	6,778	6,806	6,836	6,875	6,894	6,928	6,982	6,995	7,019	7,056	7,088	7,125	7,15
Government	16,970	16,984	17,009	17.016	17.055	17,130	17,158	17,207	17,218	17,254	17,320	17,312	17,35
Federal	2,936	2,939	2,941	2,943	2,962	2,966	2,974	2,980	2,973	2,972	2,970	2,968	2,95
State		3,946	3,965	3,971	3,973	3,985	3,988	4,001	4,006	4,014	4,031	4,040	4,06
Local	3,954	10,099	10,103	10,102	10,120	10,179	10,196	10,226	10,239	10,268	10,319	10,304	10,33

 $^{\rm p}~$   $\rightleftharpoons$  preliminary. NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks and

updated seasonal adjustment factors and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA WOMEN EMPLOYEES SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# B-5. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

har also a large					19	87						1988	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Totai	46,779	46,962	47,076	47,254	47,458	47,582	47,700	47,941	48,072	48,240	48,396	48,615	48,772
Total private	38,182	38,333	38,443	38,581	38,776	38,893	38,985	39,170	39,295	39,425	39,573	39,767	39,881
Goods-producing	6,811	6,832	6,846	6,859	6,909	6,905	6,931	6,963	6,990	7,007	7,022	7,028	7,040
Mining	95	95	95	95	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96
Construction	516	521	525	528	531	533	536	538	542	543	546	549	552
Manufacturing	6,200	6,216	6,226	6,236	6,282	6,276	6,299	6,329	6,352	6,368	6,380	6,383	6,392
Durable goods		2.979	2.982	2.987	2.997	3.011	3.024	3.038	3.045	3.056	3.059	3.062	3.067
Lumber and wood products		116	117	117	119	118	119	120	120	121	122	122	122
Furniture and fixtures		159	161	162	165	164	165	166	166	166	167	166	166
Stone, clay, and glass products		114	114	114	114	114	105	115	115	116	116	116	116
		100	100	101	101	103	103	104	104	105	104	105	104
Primary metal industries													
Fabricated metal products		317	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	325	326
Machinery, except electrical		447	446	447	450	454	456	458	460	463	466	467	469
Electrical and electronic equipment		864	863	863	867	870	873	877	878	881	882	882	885
Transportation equipment		396	396	396	391	396	398	398	398	399	396	393	393
Instruments and related products		299	300	300	301	301	303	304	306	306	306	308	308
Miscellaneous manufacturing	167	167	168	169	170	171	172	174	175	175	175	178	178
Nondurable goods	3,225 513	3,237 514	3,244 513	3,249 514	3,285	3,265 514	3,275 515	3,291 518	3,307 521	3,312	3,321	3,321	3,325 526
Food and kindred products		- 1			520					521	528	528	
Tobacco manufactures		18	18	18	17	16	17	17	17	18	18	18	17
Textile mill products		349	350	351	354	353	353	353	354	354	353	353	352
Apparel and other textile products		871	873	876	892	876	880	883	886	883	881	879	880
Paper and allied products	163	163	164	163	163	164	165	165	166	167	167	167	167
Printing and publishing	636	641	643	645	647	650	651	654	658	660	664	666	669
Chemicals and allied products	289	291	292	291	295	296	297	299	301	303	303	304	305
Petroleum and coal products	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	280	282	282	282	285	286	287	291	293	296	296	296	298
Leather and leather products	83	84	85	85	88	86	86	87	87	86	87	86	87
Service-producing	39,968	40,130	40,230	40,395	40,549	40,677	40,769	40,978	41,082	41,233	41,374	41,587	41,732
Transportation and public utilities	1,518	1,525	1,532	1,540	1,542	1, <b>551</b>	1,559	1,568	1,572	1,576	1,580	1,588	1,599
Wholesale trade	1,714	1,719	1,724	1,731	1,739	1,749	1,756	1,762	1,774	1,785	1,795	1,802	1,813
Retail trade	9,699	9,741	9,751	9,789	9,827	9,856	9,876	9,925	9,955	9,972	10,056	10,127	10,123
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,046	4,064	4,076	4,088	4,101	4,105	4,108	4,120	4,126	4,131	4,139	4,139	4,147
Services	14,394	14,452	14,514	14,574	14,658	14,727	14,755	14,832	14,878	14,954	14,981	15,083	15,159
Government	0 507	0.000		0.070	0.000	0 000	0 74	0 774			0.000		0.00
Government	8,597	8,629	8,633	8,673	8,682	8,689	8,715	8,771	8,777	8,815	8,823	8,848	8,891
Federal	1,042	1,044	1,045	1,045	1,045	1,049	1,056	1,057	1,060	1,062	1,060	1,061	1,061
State	1,897	1,904	1,908	1,913	1,925	1,929	1,927	1,935	1,937	1,945	1,947	1,952	1,960
Local	5.658	5,681	5,680	5,715	5,712	5,711	5,732	5,779	5,780	5,808	5,816	5,835	5,870

This series is not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-6. Production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolis by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

				19	87			-			1988		
Industry	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. <sup>p</sup>	May⁰
Total private	68,703	68,890	69,155	69,343	69,463	69,766	69,988	70,234	70,405	70,787	70,961	71,152	71,239
Goods-producing	17,306	17,334	17,417	17,468	17,506	17,601	17,678	17,743	17,698	17,798	17,839	17,909	17,913
Mining	510	512	517	522	528	534	531	530	524	527	529	534	531
Construction	3,873	3,883	3,894	3,908	3,903	3,949	3,972	3,998	3,949	4,022	4,059	4,096	4,081
Manufacturing	12,923	12,939	13,006	13,038	13,075	13,118	13,175	13,215	13,225	13,249	13,251	13,279	13,301
Durable goods	7,408 618	7,417 616	7,432 619	7,483 617	7,499 621	7,532 621	7,564 627	7,590 630	7,582 629	7,599 631	7,598 631	7,632 632	7,648 634
											-		
Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products	411 449	413 448	420 448	419 448	420 449	424 451	425 453	427 457	428 453	427 454	426 455	427 457	430 452
Primary metal industries	449 559	440 561	440 565	440 571	449 577	580	453 584	437 584	453	454 586	400	437 591	452 593
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	203	205	206	207	210	212	213	213	214	216	217	218	218
Fabricated metal products	1,034	1.038	1.040	1.043	1.050	1.055	1,063	1,068	1.068	1,071	1.071	1.074	1.081
Machinery, except electrical	1,186	1,038	1,197	1,207	1,050	1,221	1,003	1,238	1,000	1,071	1,071	1,263	1.269
Electrical and electronic equipment	1,180	1,192	1,137	1,224	1,215	1,223	1,235	1,230	1,244	1,230	1,230	1,205	1,209
Transportation equipment	1,214	1,293	1,274	1,224	1,225	1,233	1,235	1,241	1,240	1,241	1,242	1,245	1,244
Motor vehicles and equipment	675	675	652	684	670	669	665	661	651	649	648	658	661
Instruments and related products	376	376	378	378	380	383	385	385	387	388	388	389	391
Miscellaneous manufacturing	267	269	270	271	272	274	277	277	277	280	280	281	277
Nondurable goods	5,515	5,522	5,574	5,555	5,576	5,586	5,611	5,625	5,643	5,650	5,653	5,647	5,653
Food and kindred products	1,145	1,148	1,153	1,149	1,151	1,153	1,159	1,161	1,169	1,172	1,168	1,167	1,161
Tobacco manufactures	42	41	42	41	39	39	40	41	42	41	41	40	40
Textile mill products	626	628	635	632	634	634	636	636	636	636	634	632	633
Apparel and other textile products		923	939	922	927	929	932	930	929	928	930	926	924
Paper and allied products	514	514	516	516	520	518	518	519	520	521	521	521	523
Printing and publishing	836	840	842	846	849	851	856	858	863	867	870	871	870
Chemicals and allied products		569	576	579	582	582	585	589	589	589	592	593	597
Petroleum and coal products		108	108	108	109	109	109	109	109	108	107	107	107
Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	633 119	632 119	639 124	641 121	644 121	650 121	655 121	661 121	664 122	666 122	669 121	670 120	677 121
Service-producing	51,397	51,556	51,738	51,875	51,957	52,165	52,310	52,491	52,707	52,989	53,122	53,243	53,326
Transportation and public utilities	4,439	4,450	4,460	4,477	4,502	4,517	4,533	4,545	4,560	4,574	4,587	4,599	4,617
Wholesale trade	4,676	4,695	4,706	4,720	4,736	4,752	4,777	4,802	4,825	4,848	4,881	4,901	4,920
Retail trade	16,384	16,433	16,486	16,508	16,520	16,610	16,651	16,671	16,795	16,902	16,897	16,941	16,942
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,811	4,815	4,819	4,822	4,821	4,822	4,818	4,824	4,831	4,827	4,825	4,819	4,814
Services	21,087	21,163	21,267	21,348	21,378	21,464	21,531	21,649	21,696	21,838	21,932	21,983	22,033

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing;

construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

= preliminary.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

Time span	Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec
			·								<u>↓</u>		
Over	1986	57.0	47.3	49.5	50.8	51.9	46.8	51.9	54.1	51.4	53.0	58.9	58.9
1-month	1987	50.8	59.2	61.1	62.4	62.4	61.6	70.8	62.2	68.1	67.3	67.8	68.4
span	1988	61.6	61.6	62.2	₽ 62.7	P 56.2							
Over	1986	50.0	47.6	45.7	46.2	46.2	46.2	48.1	51.9	50.5	55.9	59.7	59.2
3-month	1987	57.6	57.0	65.1	69.2	68.1	71.9	73.8	76.8	74.1	76.5	78.1	73.0
span	1988	71.6	66.8	P 66.8	<sup>p</sup> 64.1								
Over	1986	48.1	47.3	43.8	42.7	43.2	47.0	46.5	50.0	55.9	53.2	55.9	58.4
6-month	1987	64.6	64.3	63.0	70.3	72.4	77.3	78.4	79.7	82.7	77.8	77.0	76.5
span	1988	<sup>۹</sup> 73.2	P 67.6	-	1								
Over	1986	42.2	41.6	43.8	44.9	45.7	48.6	46.8	48.6	51.6	53.8	56.5	57.8
12-month	1987	63.8	67.3	69.5	73.5	76.8	76.8	78.9	78.9	79.7	° 77.8	P 77.8	
span	1988				1						1		

Based on the number of employees, seasonally adjusted for 1, 3, and 6 month spans, on the payrolls of 185 private nonagricultural industries. Data for the 12-month span are unadjusted.  $^{P}$  = preliminary. NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment

rising. (Half of the unchanged components are counted as rising). Data are centered within the spans. Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		С	onstruction	
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>9</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Nabama	1,497.6	1,514.5	1,519.2	11.5	11.3	11.4	73.4	72.9	73.5
Birmingham	390.3	398.0	401.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	23.0	24.1	25.0
Huntsville	121.3	124.8	125.9	.1	.1[	.1	5.3	5.3	5.3
Mobile	160.2	162.0	162.6	.5	.5	.5	9.5	9.4	9.4
Montgomery	123.9	126.9	126.7	.2	.2	.2	7.5	8.1	7.9
Tuscaloosa	58.2	59.7	60.1	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.9	2.9	3.1
Naska	205.5	200.6	204.6	8.3	8.6	9.0	9.2	7.5	8.
Arizona	1,387.1	1,423.6	1,423.4	10.5	11.8	11.9	103.3	94.4	93.
Phoenix	913.4	936.3	935.6	.6	.6	.6	69.5	62.9	62.0
Tucson	245.2	252.1	252.0	1.6	1.7	1.7	19.8	18.8	18.
rkansas	830.1	849.9	858.2	4.0	4.1	4.2	33.2	32.3	33.
Fayetteville-Springdale	47.5	49.9	50.1	()	(')	(1)	1.9	1.8	1.
Fort Smith	75.5	77.6	78.4	.9	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.8	2.
Little Rock-North Little Rock	227.0	233.1	234.2	.4	.4	.4	10.5	10.8	11.
Pine Bluff		32.7	32.9	C)	(')	(')	1.5	1.5	1./
California	11,560.4	11,958.3	11,993.8	39.9	40.9	41.0	562.5	596.0	611.
Anaheim-Santa Ana	1,078.3	1,105.6	1,106.9	1.9	1.4	1.3	61.8	63.8	64.
Bakersfield	157.1	159.8	160.2	12.6	13.3	13.5	9.4	8.8	8.
Fresno		208.4	208.6	.6	.7	.7	12.4	12.3	12.
Los Angeles-Long Beach		4,088.8	4,087.8	9.3	9.5	9.5	143.4	152.5	153.
Modesto		106.8	107.2	()	(')	(1)	6.7	6.5	6.
Oakland	806.8	826.4	828.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	46.0	49.0	49.
Oxnard-Ventura	201.9	210.1	210.8	2.6	2.7	2.7	12.2	12.9	12.
Riverside-San Bernardino	596.3	635.9	638.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	48.3	53.6	54.
Sacramento	542.5	568.5	571.8	.8	.8	.8	31.5	33.4	34.3
San Diego		891.7	896.0	.8	.8	.8	54.6	57.0	57.
San Francisco	924.1	942.2	943.1	1.0	.9	.9	33.8	34.1	34.4
San Jose		797.1	797.1	.2	.2	.2	30.9	31.2	31.
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	144.6	147.2	147.6	1.2	1.3	1.3	6.0	6.2	6.
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	122.7	127.8	129.4	.7	.7	.7	7.9	8.1	8.
Stockton		142.0	143.0	.1	.1	.1	7.8	7.7	8.
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	122.4	126.7	127.0	.3	.3	.3	8.5	8.8	9.
Colorado		1,394.4	1,395.3	21.2	20.7	20.6	68.1 3.5	58.2	60. 3.
Boulder-Longmont	103.7 792.2	105.1 788.6	105.4 791.3	.3 14.0	.3 13.8	.3 13.7	37.2	3.1 34.2	35.
Connecticut	1,634.7	1,655.5	1,672.5	1.6	1.6	1.8	74.6	74.8	80.0
Bridgeport-Milford		198.8	200.8	(1)	(')	(')	8.4	8.7	9.
Hartford		482.2	484.4	.3	.2	.3	19.0	19.3	20.
New Haven-Meriden		252.2	255.4	.3	.3	.3	12.2	12.4	13.
Stamford		127.3	128.1	.6	.5	.5	5.2	5.4	5.
Waterbury		87.2	87.7	(')	(')	(')	4.1	4.2	4.
Delaware	314.7	327.3	329.1	.1	.1	.1	19.8	20.3	21.
Wilmington		278.7	280.4	.2	.2	.2	16.4	16.4	17.
District of Columbia Washington MSA		660.9 2,115.0	667.4 2,127.1	.1 1.2	.1 1.1	.1 1.2	15.0 128.3	15.9 131.4	15. 134.
Florida	4,826.5	5,108.4	5,099.3	8.5	8.8	8.8	333.5	347.7	346.
Daytona Beach		118.4	118.2	(1)	(')	(1)	8.0	8.3	8.
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		488.1	485.2	\ ' <u>a</u>	`´4		34.9	34.7	34.
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		117.7	116.9	(')	(')	()	11.9	13.2	13.
Jacksonville		408.7	411.1	.5	.,4	.4	27.2	27.3	27.
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		147.8	148.6	(1)	(')	0	8.6	8.2	8
Miami-Hialeah		845.0	838.2	.9	· .9		41.5	40.7	40
Orlando		495.6	498.3	()	(')	(')	33.0	34.7	34
Pensacola		125.4	126.0	.3	.3		8.9	9.2	9
Sarasota		110.5	109.6	(')	(')	(')	10.5	10.8	10.
Tallahassee		1				0	5.7	5.8	5.
		111.6	111.9 819.7	( <sup>1</sup> ) .7	( <sup>1</sup> ) .7		57.8	5.8	
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		349.6	345.6	0.1	(')	۰. (۲)	26.6	28.6	
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Deiray Beach									

#### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	N	lanufacturing	1		ublic utilities		Wholesale and retail trade			
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	
	363.7	371.8	371.9	72.5	72.1	72.3	329.8	331.9	334.	
Birmingham	54.0	55.6	56.0	27.4	27.8	27.9	97.3	99.4	100.	
Huntsville	30.6	31.3	31.5	2.8	2.9	2.9	22.6	23.5	23.	
Mobile	25.5	25.8	25.6	9.3	9.2	9.3	43.2	43.4	43.	
Montgomery	18.9	19.3	19.3	4.9	5.0	5.0	27.8	28.5	28	
Tuscaloosa	9.3	9.9	10.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	12.0	12.3	12	
Neska	11.7	12.0	12.9	16.7	16.8	16.9	39.2	38.6	39.	
Arizona	185.9	187.7	188.3	71.4	74.5	74.5	339.3	347.0	346	
Phoenix	134.6	136.9	137.5	46.1	50.6	50.5	231.1	234.0	233	
Tucson	31.0	30.7	30.8	9.4	9.5	9.6	55.1	57.4	57	
Arkansas	215.9	224.7	225.6	49.6	51.4	51.2	187.5	189.9	193	
Fayetteville-Springdale	11.7	12.2	12.3	4.2	5.0	5.0	10.6	11.3	11	
	26.0	26.8	27.2	3.8	4.1	4.1	15.6	15.3	15	
Fort Smith							54.9	55.5	55	
Little Rock-North Little Rock	31.5 6.1	33.0 6.5	33.1 6.4	16.3 2.5	16.9 2.4	17.0 2.4	6.9	6.7	6	
								2 8 2 2 0	2.842	
California	2,081.9	2,127.5	2,130.6	577.7	576.9	576.6	2,703.1	2,833.9		
Anaheim-Santa Ana	247.1	252.1	253.1	34.4	34.4	34.3	264.0	276.1	276	
Bakersfield	10.9	11.1	11.1	7.9	8.1	8.0	37.1	38.0	31	
Fresno	20.2	22.4	22.9	10.7	11.1	11.1	51.4	53.1	53	
Los Angeles-Long Beach	900.8	914.5	913.2	205.0	207.8	207.7	902.6	922.5	92	
Modesto	21.3	23.3	23.1	4.3	4.4	4.3	26.0	27.7	20	
Oakland	102.5	104.2	104.6	56.0	56.3	56.2	197.7	202.4	20	
Oxnard-Ventura	28.6	30.5	30.3	10.8	10.0	9.8	49.5	51.7	5	
								159.9	16	
Riverside-San Bernardino	79.4	84.1	84.7	30.5	31.5	31.6	147.7			
Sacramento	40.3	41.8	42.5	24.3	25.4	25.6	129.3	137.8	13	
San Diego	122.4	123.1	123.3	33.3	34.3	34.4	201.4	215.4	210	
San Francisco	77.9	80.2	79.6	77.1	78.3	75.9	207.3	210.4	210	
San Jose	257.7	262.3	262.8	21.0	21.7	21.7	146.6	153. <del>6</del>	152	
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	22.5	22.1	22.4	5.1	5.0	5.0	33.9	35.1	3!	
Santa Rosa-Petaiuma	18.0	18.8	18.8	6.3	6.3	6.3	31.3	33.5	3:	
Stockton	22.1	22.2	22.4	8.2	8.1	8.4	32.1	33.1	3	
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	11.2	11.6	11.5	4.6	4.4	4.3	29.0	30.5	3	
Colorado	182.5	183.5	184.2	83.7	82.9	82.7	346.3	350.3	349	
Boulder-Longmont	27.9	28.1	28.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	22.3	22.5	22	
Denver	94.5	94.6	95.2	60.3	60.1	60.0	197.8	198.8	198	
Connecticut	388.6	380.8	380.1	71.1	73.1	73.1	363.7	373.8	378	
Bridgeport-Milford	58.9	57.6	57.5	8.4	9.4	9.3	44.5	45.8	4	
						18.1	99.0	102.4	10	
Hartford	91.4	93.3	93.1	17.7	18.0					
New Haven-Meriden	46.9	48.5	48.6	18.2	18.1	18.5	58.8	57.5	5	
Stamford	24.0 25.1	24.0 23.7	23.8 23.8	5.1 3.2	5.3 3.2	5.4 3.3	29.9 16.9	30.8 17.5	3	
	1								-	
Delaware	68.8 59.3	68.3 57.6	68.5 57.6	13.2 14.1	14.1 15.2	14.1 15.2	88.5 58.9	71.1 58.6	7 51	
District of Columbia	16.0	16.5	16.5	24.5	24.5	24.7	62.5	62.7	6	
Washington MSA	85.5	87.4	87.5	99.2	102.8	103.8	405.6	421.6	42	
Florida	526.4	541.8	541.1	253.7	259.9	281.8	1,309.4	1,397.1	1,392	
Daytona Beach	11.7	12.0	11.9	3.4	3.5	3.6	33,4	35.7	3	
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	44.7	48.5	46.4	22.1	23.2	23.4	139.9	146.8	14	
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	5.3	5.6	5.6	4.8	5.0	5.0	32.7	35.5	3	
Jacksonville		39.2	36.9	27.7	28.2	28.3	104.0	109.3	10	
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	27.5	29.4	29.6	5.8	6.0	6.0	32.7	34.8	3	
Miami-Hialeah	94.5	97.3	97.1	88.5	87.9	67.9	218.7	224.6	22	
									13	
Orlando		54.6	54.8	24.2	25.8	26.0	123.1	130.3		
Pensacola	11.5	11.4	11,4	6.1	5.9	5.9	31.8	33.1	3	
Sarasota	8.7	9.2	9.2	3.5	3.6	3.8	30.8	33.6	3	
Tallahassee		4.8	4.7	3.1	3.1	3.2	22.7	23.1	2	
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	91.2	93.7	93.7	38.0	38.9	39.0	222.1	231.0	22	

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and store		nce, insuran Id reat estate			Services			Bovernment	
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Nabama	70.5	69.8	69.9	273.9	280.6	282.2	302.3	304.1	304.
Birmingham	29.0	29.1	29.2	92.8	94.7	95.6	61.1	61.8	61.
Huntsville	3.6	3.6	3.7	27.2	28.5	29.0	29.1	29.6	29.
Mobile	8.2	7.9	7.9	36.0	37.0	37.1	28.0	28.8	29.
Montgomery	7.4	7.6	7.6	25.8	26.2	26.2	31.4	32.0	32.
Tuscaloosa	2.0	2.1	2.1	8.2	8.5	8.5	19.3	19.6	19.
\laska	11.3	10.6	10.6	41.6	39.7	40.3	67.5	66.8	67.
Arizona	93.9	94.2	93.8	344.3	382.9	363.1	238.5	251.1	251.
Phoenix	74.5	74.8	74.4	232.4	245.2	245.2	122.6	131.3	131.
Tucson	12.7	12.4	12.4	64.6	68.3	68.3	51.0	53.3	53.
Arkansas	37.7	37.5	37.7	153.8	158.1	160.5	148.4	151.9	151.
Fayetteville-Springdale	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.0	7.4	7.4	10.6	10.7	10.
Fort Smith	2.7	2.7	2.7	16.0	16.8	16.8	7.6	8.1	8.
Little Rock-North Little Rock Pine Bluff	15.6 1.5	15.9 1.5	16.0 1.5	51.8 6.1	53.9 6.3	54.3 6.3	46.0 7.3	46.7 7.8	46. 7.
					1		1		1,977.
California	798.5	816.3	815.3	2,885.1	2,995.1	2,999.3	1,911.7	1,971.7	119
Anaheim-Santa Ana	91.0	90.3	90.1	260.5	288.3	267.5	117.6	119.2	41
Bakersfield	6.3	6.1	6.2	32.1	33.2	33.2	40.8	41.2	
Fresno	13.6	12.9	12.6	48.8	48.3	48.0	44.9	47.6	47
Los Angeles-Long Beach	283.4	291.3	291.7	1,039.5	1,077.7	1,073.0	504.1	513.0	514
Modesto	4.4	4.7	4.6	20.9	21.7	22.0	17.4	18.5	18
Oakland	54.2	55.7	55.7	186.6	191.6	192.8	160.6	164.0	164
Oxnard-Ventura	10.5	10.7	10.9	46.9	50.4	51.0	40.8	41.2	41
Riverside-San Bernardino	26.1	27.0	27.1	141.8	151.4	151.9	121.3	127.1	126
Sacramento	33.1	34.1	34.4	115.8	124.4	125.2	167.4	170.8	170
San Diego	60.0	61.8	62.1	224.7	236.1	237.9	157.9	163.2	163
San Francisco	112.7	113.3	113.1	278.7	289.4	290.9	135.6	137.6	137
San Jose	34.9	34.4	34.6	196.9	204.9	204.5	88.3	88.8	88
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	8.6	8.7	8.7	39.5	40.6	40.6	27.8	28.2	28
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	8.3	8.4	8.4	27.7	28.7	29.6	22.5	23.3	23
Stockton	8.8 4.5	8.7 4.4	8.5 4.3	29.9 27.3	30.4 29.2	30.3 29.4	31.0 37.0	31.7 37.5	31
Colorado	99.2	97.4	97.1	333.3	331.6	330.9	266.0	269.8	269 22
Boulder-Longmont Denver	4.1 66.8	4.1 66.0	4.0 66.0	21.2 195.8	21.7 194.3	21.7 195.1	22.1 125.8	23.0 126.8	127
Connecticut	148.1	150.6	151.6	382.5	392.6	398.8	204.5	208.4	208
Bridgeport-Milford	140.1	12.1	12.3	45.4	44,9	45.5	19.6	20.3	20
Hartford	76.0	78.4	78.5	105.9	108.7	109.9	60.2	61.9	61
New Haven-Meriden	15.1	15.4	15.5	67.6	69.6	70.6	31.8	32.4	32
Stamford	12.8	13.2	13.3	36.0	37.4	38.0	10.8	10.7	10
Waterbury	4.3	4.4	4.4	20.1	21.2	21.5	12.5	13.0	13
Delaware	26.1	27.7	27.8	71.8	77.7	78.3	46.4	48.0	47
Wilmington	23.1	24.6	24.6	63.3	67.8	68.7	37.0	38.3	36
District of Columbia	37.1 122.3	37.6 127.6	37.8 128.2	230.2 655.2	239.1 684.1	242.9 690.6	265.4 557.2	264.3 558.9	265 559
Plankda.		000.0		1 004 4	1 000 0	1 000 5	700 0	705 0	776
Florida	355.6	369.8	369.6	1,301.1	1,398.3	1,399.5	738.3	785.0	779
Daytona Beach	6.4	6.6	6.6	31.3	32.7	32.4	18.1	19.6	19
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		41.1	41.3	125.8	134.6	132.7	58.0 15.5	60.8 16.3	
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		8.5	8.4	30.2	33.5	33.1	15.5	16.3 58.9	10
Jacksonville	37.0	39.0	39.2	98.8	106.4	107.9	57.2	21.3	2
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	5.3	5.7	5.8	40.8	42.3	42.7	20.6		11
Miami-Hialeah		68.1	67.9	225.3	227.5	227.3	107.1	117.8	
Orlando	32.5	34.7	35.0	151.4	158.3	160.0	54.4	57.1	5
Pensacola		5.7	5.7	30.1	30.8	31.3	28.6	29.0	2
Sarasota		8.8	8.7	29.9	32.0	31.9	12.1	12.5	1
Tallahassee		4.9	4.9	21.9	22.5	22.7	45.8	47.3	4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		66.4	66.6	220.7	225.7	225.7	100.9	105.0	10
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Deiray Beach	28.5	29.7	29.3	95.7	104.5	103.2	39.4	41.8	

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		С	onstruction	
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
ieorgia	2,744.1	2,784.4	2,787.2	8.3	8.4	8.4	147.5	148.5	148.
Athens	62.3	63.3	63.1	.2	.2	.2	2.4	2.3	2.4
Atlanta	1,356.0	1,380.7	1,381.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	71.3	70.2	70.8
Augusta	156.5	157.7	157.8	.5	.5	.5	9.0	9.6	9.6
Columbus	92.0	91.9	92.8	.1	.1	.1	5.1	5.2	5.3
Macon-Warner Robins	117.1	118.8	119.2	.1	.1	.1	5.0	4.8	4.9
Savannah	101.7	102.1	102.0	(1)	(')	(1)	6.8	6.6	6.4
lawali	457.2	467.7	467.5	0	C	()	20.9	20.1	20.3
Honolulu	364.9	372.9	372.7	() ()	ŏ	Ŭ	16.4	15.8	15.9
daho	327.6	333.7	337.3	2.3	2.9	3.0	12.4	11.2	12.3
Boise City	85.9	87.7	88.1	(2)	(²)	(2)	4.2	3.8	4.(
linois	4,874.4	4,951.6	4,980.1	23.5	23.5	23.7	178.6	183.5	196.
Aurora-Elgin	132.4	137.4	138.6	(1)	(')	()	5.7	6.0	6.
				6			1.6	1.5	1.0
Bloomington-Normal	55.9	56.4	57.2		0	()			
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	86.0	87.2	86.5	(1)	(1)	(')	2.2	2.2	2.
Chicago	2,989.2	3,047.6	3,065.6	2.5	2.3	2.5	112.3	114.6	122.
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	156.2	154.4	155.5	0	()	()	4.6	4.0	4.
Decatur	49.8	50.0	49.8	C ()	()	()	1.8	1.7	1.
Joliet	95.7	96.7	96.9	(1)	(')	(')	4.8	5.0	5.1
Lake County	181.5	187.7	191.7		(1)	(')	7.7	8.1	8.
Peona	132.2	134.8	135.4	0	() (	Ċ)	5.0	4.6	5.3
Rockford	122.5	126.2	126.3	Ö	( <sup>†</sup> )	Ö	4.1	4.0	4.
Springfield	97.0	97.9	97.9	l ĕ l	- ĕ	- ĕ -	2.6	2.8	2.9
							{		_
ndiana	2,288.2	2,340.6	2,380.9	8.5	7.8	8.0	94.6	94.4	105.0
Anderson	48.4	47.9	48.5	(2)	(²)	(²)	1.3	1.2	1.3
Bloomington	51.3	52.4	53.9	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	2.1	1.9	2.2
Elkhart-Goshen	97.0	100.4	102.2	(?)	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	2.7	2.6	2.8
Evansville	124.7	125.9	127.7	2.2	2.0	2.0	7.2	6.6	7.0
Fort Wayne	183.2	169.9	192.9	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	8.7	9.3	10.
Gary-Hammond	217.6	222.7	226.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	10.9	10.9	12.
Indianapolis	594.3	611.4	621.6	.8	.8	.8	29.0	29.6	31.
Lafayette	64.3	64.7	65.8	(2)	(²)	(²)	2.2	2.5	2.
	51.1	51.7			() ()	(1)	1.8	1.9	2.
Muncie			52.4	(2)					5.
South Bend-Mishawaka	110.3	113.1	114.4	(²)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	4.8	5.0 2.0	2.
Terre Haute	53.4	53.6	54.5	.3	.3	.3	1.8	2.0	2.4
owa	1,104.0	1,126.5	1,139.2	2.2	2.0	2.2	32.7	28.3	32.8
Cedar Rapids	85.1	89.5	90.5	.1	.1	.1	3.2	2.8	3.1
Des Moines	202.5	212.1	214.1	(')	(1)	()	6.8	7.1	7.4
Dubuque	41.3	43.1	43.6	(')	(1)	(')	1.1	1.1	1.3
Sioux City	48.6	51.5	51.9	0	(')	(')	1.8	1.5	1.3
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	60.8	62.3	63.3	Ö	( <sup>1</sup> )	( <sup>1</sup> )	1.6	1.4	1.8
(ansas	1,001.4	1,012.3	1,017.0	11.1	11.7	11.8	43.2	38.9	40.0
Topeka	86.0	88.3	88.6	0	(1)	(')	3.4	3.2	3.2
Wichita	224.5	229.0	230.5	2.1	2.4	2.4	9.4	8.7	9.4
Kentucky	1,300.8	1,338.6	1,347.4	38.4	37.0	36.7	55.2	59.4	62.3
Lexington-Fayette	1,300.8	1,338.6	179.7	.7	.5	.5	10.0	8.9	9.4
				./			19.9	23.2	24.2
Louisville Owensboro	429.2 32.7	445.8 33.7	449.2 33.3	.5	.4 .7	.4 .7	1.8	23.2	24.2
			Į			(		i	
Jouisiana	1,477.6	1,494.5	1,495.6	53.0	54.9	54.7	81.8 2.3	79.3 2.2	81. 2.
Alexandría	44.9	45.4	45.5	.2	.2	.2			2. 20.
Baton Rouge	211.6	212.9	213.5	.8	.8	.8	20.3	20.1	
Houma-Thibodaux	51.1	52.6	52.8	5.7	5.8	5.9	1.5	1.6	1.0
Lafayette	80.7	82.2	82.1	10.1	10.4	10.3	3.0	3.0	3.0
Monroe	55.4	53.3	53.5	.3	.3	.3	3.0	2.6	2.0
New Orleans	507.5 131.8	511.6 132.1	511.7 132.0	14.1	14.8 2.8	14.8 2.8	21.8 6.6	22.4 6.9	22. 7.:
Shreveport	131.0	132.1	132.0	3.3	2.0	2.0	0.0		
Kaine	488.2	507.0	513.1	.1	.1	.1	28.9	28.4	31.
Lewiston-Auburn Portland	38.9 120.1	39.9 123.0	40.1	( <sup>1</sup> )	(†) (†)	(†) (†)	2.0 8.6	2.1 8.5	2. 9.

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolis in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	M	lanufacturing	)		nsportation a sublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Georgia	567.4	572.3	570.1	173.4	174.7	175.8	684.9	688.5	690.
Athens	15.0	15.3	14.9	1.7	1.8	1.8	12.6	12.9	13.0
Atlanta	188.2	189.7	188.2	113.9	117.4	118.2	374.4	376.6	376.4
Augusta	35.5	36.5	36.4	5.2	5.2	5.1	34.3	33.4	33.0
Columbus	20.1	20.0	20.3	3.7	3.4	3.5	20.3	19.7	19.
Macon-Warner Robins	18.2	18.1	18.2	4.9	4.8	4.7	26.4	26.7	26.
Savannah	16.9	17.1	17.0	9.7	9.1	9.3	24.6	24.9	24.
lawaii	21.9	21.4	22.0	36.4	36.9	36.8	122.0	124.9	124.
Honolulu	16.1	15.8	16.5	29.7	30.4	30.3	95.4	98.0	97.
daho	51.1	53.6	54.3	17.5	17.6	17.9	83.5	83.3	83.
Boise City	10.5	11.9	12.1	5.1	5,1	5.1	22.4	22.8	22.
linois	928.4	942.2	944.3	293.3	300.1	299.8	1,209.3	1,231.8	1,241.
Aurora-Elgin	35.7	37.4	37.2	2.9	3.1	3.0	37.4	38.0	38.
Bloomington-Normal	4.9	4.9	5.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	12.7	12.8	12.
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	8.0	8.0	8.0	2.4	2.3	2.3	19.1	19.3	19.
Chicago	548.6	551.6	551.1	190.2	194.0	192.5	750.9	767.2	773.
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	33.8	32.6	33.0	8.2	8.2	8.2	42.3	42.4	42
Decatur	13.3	13.1	13,1	4.9	4.9	4.8	11.1	11.3	11.
Joliet	19.1	19.7	19.8	8.3	8.2	8.2	22.7	22.9	22
			44.1					51.2	51.
Lake County	41.4	43.8		6.7	7.1	7.1	46.6		
Peoria	30.8	33.6	33.7	6.7	6.6	6.6	32.9	32.8	32.
Rockford	40.7 4.0	43.8 3.9	43.8 3.9	4.4 4.7	4.3 4.9	4.3 4.9	28.9 21.9	29.0 22.0	29 22
ndiana	611.7	623.4	628.8	117.6	128.2	127.4	539.7	546.4	561
Anderson	17.4	18.4	16.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	11.1	11.1	11
Bloomington	8.5	9.1	9.2	1.7	1.7	1.8	11.3	11.5	11
Elkhart-Goshen	52.7	54.6	55.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	17.6	18.2	18
Evansville	30.8	30.4	30.5	6.5	6.6	8.7	32.6	33.3	33
Fort Wayne	50.1	51.4	51.5	11.6	12.1	12.3	45.1	47.3	48
Gary-Hammond	54.0	55.6	56.7	14.8	14.7	14.9	51.6	52.4	53
Indianapolis	107.2	105.8	106.3	36.2	37.2	36.1	152.3	156.2	161
Lafayette	11.7	12.0	12.2	1.9	2.0	2.0	13.0	12.8	13
Muncie	10.9	10.7	10.7	2.3	2.5	2.5	12.6	12.7	12
South Bend-Mishawaka	24.0	23.8	23.9	4.9	5.0	5.1	28.5	29.7	30
Terre Haute	10.4	9.9	9.9	2.5	2.8	2.8	14.5	14.5	15
DWa	211.0	221.6	222.9	52.3	53.6	54.0	279.2	283.5	287
Cedar Rapids	21.8	23.3	23.7	5.5	6.4	8.4	20.6	21.5	21
Des Moines	23.4	25.7	25.8	11.9	12.3	12.5	52.8	55.4	56
									9
Dubuque	12.3	12.8	13.1	1.6	1.7	1.7	9.3	9.6	
Sioux City Waterloo-Cedar Falls	6.0 13.0	10.2 14.7	10.1 14.7	3.0 1.7	3.2 1.7	3.2 1.7	12.9 14.4	13.5 14.5	13
Cansas	176.6	179.2	179.4	81.4	60.7	61.0	247.4	253.9	254
Topeka	9.1	8.9	9.1	6.8	6.5	6.5	19.1	20.4	20
Wichita	58.8	59.6	59.5	10.6	10.8	10.7	52.1	52.8	53
Kentucky	256.6	267.7	287.1	87.5	87.4	67.8	308.4	321.0	324
Lexington-Fayette	27.9	30.0	29.8	7.5	7.8	7.8	41.3	42.5	43
Louisville	65.8	67.2	86.7	27.2	28.9	29.3	105.3	110.8	111
Owensboro	5.6	5.8	5.8	2.1	2.1	2.1	6.3	6.4	6
ouisiana	162.1	167.0	167.6	103.3	104.3	104.0	356.2	360.9	361
Alexandria	3.4	3.4	3.4	2.1	2.2	2.2	10.5	10.9	1
Baton Rouge	18.4	18.7	18.6	10.0	10.4	10.4	50.1	50.4	50
Houma-Thibodaux	3.6	4.3	4.3	5.5	5.8	5.8	13.2	13.4	13
Lafayette	5.8	8.0	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.5	21.9	22.4	2
								14.1	1
Monroe	7.4	7.2	7.2	2.9	2.6	2.6	14.4		4
New Orleans Shreveport	41.5 18.0	43.5	43.8 17.2	43.3 8.4	43.5 8.0	43.8 6.0	133.5 32.4	133.7 32.3	13:
				20.1	· ·			125.3	127
Maine Lewiston-Auburn	101.2 10.0	105.6 10.5	104.7	20.1	20.3	20.7	118.1 9.4	9.5	
Portland	15.7	16.5	18.6	5.8	5.9	5.9	34.9	35.0	3
	1 10.7	10.0	1 10.0	. 0.0	,		1 07.0	00.0	

#### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

		nce, insurar Id real estat			Services		(	Government	
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Georgia	153.3	155.4	156.1	531.6	547.0	549.2	477.7	489.6	488.
Athens	1.9	1.9	2.0	9.5	9.8	9.6	19.0	19.2	19.3
Atlanta	97.0	98.7	99.1	315.6	324.8	325.8	194.2	201.8	201.8
	6.1	6.1	6.1	32.3	32.6	32.8	33.7	33.8	33.
Augusta							20.7	20.7	20.1
Columbus	6.1	6.1	6.2	15.9	16.5	16.7			
Macon-Warner Robins	7.3	7.7	7.8	21.8	22.8	23.0	33.4	33.7	33.0
Savannah	4.3	4.3	4.3	23.7	23.9	23.9	15.7	16.3	16.3
lawaii	33.5	34.2	34.3	124.7	130.1	129.4	97.8	100.1 84.3	100.0 84.2
Honolulu	28.1	28.7	28.7	96.5	99.9	99.2	82.7	04.3	04.4
daho	19.3	18.9	18.9	67.2	70.2	70.7	74.3	75.8	76.5
Boise City	7.6	7.4	7.4	19.0	19.1	19.1	17.1	17.6	17.6
llinois	354.0	362.2	363.4	1,151.3	1,173.0	1,176.2	736.0	735.3	734.3
Aurora-Elgin	6.4	6.6	6.6	29.1	30.7	31.2	15.1	15.5	15.
Bloomington-Normal	9.3	9.6	9.6	11.7	11.8	11.8	13.1	13.2	13.
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	3.3	3.4	3.4	15.9	16.2	16.3	35.1	35.8	35.
	252.9	260.3	260.8	769.3	793.9	799.2	362.5	363.7	363.
Chicago									
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	8.0	8.1	8.2	31.7	31.5	31.7	27.6	27.6	27.
Decatur	2.7	2.7	2.7	10.5	10.7	10.6	5.5	5.6	5.
Joliet	3.7	3.7	3.8	20.2	19.9	19.9	16.6	17.0	16.
Lake County	6.8	6.9	6.9	40.7	39.9	42.7	29.0	30.1	30.
	7.0	7.0	7.0	33.4	33.9	33.8	16.4	16.3	16.
Peoria						1 2			
Rockford	5.1	5.3	5.3	26.8	27.1	27.0	12.5	12.7	12.
Springfield	8.0	7.9	7.9	23.7	23.9	23.8	32.0	32.4	32.
ndiana	114.0	117.1	118.3	447.0	465.8	472.8	355.2	357.6	358.
Anderson	1.6	1.6	1.6	9.7	10.0	9.9	5.8	6.0	5.
Bloomington	1.7	1.8	1.8	8.0	8.2	8.4	18.0	18.1	18.
Elkhart-Goshen	2.4	2.6	2.6	12.8	13.6	13.8	5.7	5.9	5.
Evansville	5.1	5.3	5.3	28.2	29.6	30.0	12.1	12.1	12.
							18.0	18.3	18.
Fort Wayne	12.0	12.0	12.1	37.6	39.6	40.4			
Gary-Hammond	8.2	8.4	8.4	47.3	48.7	49.4	30.8	31.9	31.
Indianapolis	44.7	46.9	47.7	133.7	140.8	143.1	90.3	92.1	92.
Lafayette	3.0	3.1	3.1	11.3	11.3	11.5	21.2	20.9	21.
Muncie	1.6	1.7	1.7	10.2	10.6	10.8	11.7	11.8	11.
South Bend-Mishawaka	6.2	6.3	6.4	30.5	31.6	32.0	11.5	11.7	11.
Terre Haute	2.0	2.1	2.1	11.1	11.1	11.3	10.9	11.0	11.
owa	63.9	65.7	65.8	248.0	251.0	253.3	214.7	220.8	220.
							10.4	10.8	10.
Cedar Rapids	4.8	4.9	4.9	18.7	19.7	19.8			
Des Moines	26.2	28.4	28.6	51.5	53.1	53.7	30.0	29.9	29.
Dubuque	1.4	1.4	1.4	12.1	12.6	12.7	3.4	3.8	3.
Sioux City	2.6	2.5	2.6	13.8	14.2	14.3	6.5	6.4	6.
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	3.0	2.8	2.8	14.4	14.4	14.5	12.6	12.8	12.
(ansas	56.1	56.9	56.9	199.9	206.1	207.4	205.7	204.9	204.
Topeka	6.1	6.6	6.6	20.5	21.0	21.0	20.9	21.6	21.
Wichita	11.3	11.3	11.3	52.7	56.0	56.0	27.5	27.6	27.
Kentucky	60.6	61.1	61.1	272.0	280.6	283.3	241.9	244.4	244.
Lexington-Fayette	9.0	9.2	9.1	41.6	41.4	42.5	36.0	36.7	36.
Louisville	28.6	29.0	29.2	101.7	104.1	105.4	60.2	62.2	62.
Owensboro	1.5	1.5	1.4	7.6	7.8	7.8	5.0	5.2	5.
ouisiana	84.5	84.7	84.8	318.2	328.7	328.2	316.5	314.7	313.
Alexandria		2.6	2.6	11.1	11.2	11.2	12.7	12.7	12
	2.6								
Baton Rouge	13.5	13.4	13.3	42.5	43.7	44.0	56.0	55.4	55
Houma-Thibodaux	2.3	2.3	2.3	8.5	8.8	8.8	10.8	10.6	10
Lafayette	3.9	3.7	3.7	17.5	18.3	18.3	12.8	12.9	12
Monroe	4.5	4.4	4.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.4	10.6	10
New Orleans	34.1	33.9	34.0	133.0	135.5	135.1	86.2	84.3	84
Shreveport	7,4	7.4	7.2	30.5	32.3	32.2	25.2	25.3	25
Naine	24.5	24.9	25.2	104.2	109.4	110.4	91.1	92.8	92
Lewiston-Auburn	24.5	24.9	2.3	104.2	10.2	10.1	4.0	3.9	4
Portland	11.9	12.3	12.6	27.7	29.1	30.1	15.5	15.7	15

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		С	onstruction	
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Mondoard	2,006.0	2,022.5	2.028.1	1.8	1.7	1.8	147.6	147.2	150.0
Maryland Baltimore MSA	1,083.1	1.084.5	1,089.4	.3	.3	.3	71.5	71.3	73.0
						(')	18.8	18.8	19.2
Baltimore City Suburban Maryland-D.C.	455.7 706.3	458.6 721.0	457.5 721.8	( <sup>1</sup> ) .6	( <sup>1</sup> ) .6	.7	62.0	61.8	63.3
Massachusetts	3,030.2	3,070.7	3,099.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	128.9	134.5	142.7
Boston	1,707.1	1,733.4	1,743.2	.8	.9	1.0	65.4	67.6	72.6
Brockton	71.6	73.3	74.1	()	()	(1)	3.7	3.8	4.:
Fall River	54.5	55.3	55.7	(1)	() ()	(')	2.3	2.1	2.6
Fitchburg-Leominster	39.9	39.8	40.4	0	()	0	2.4	2.4	2.6
Lawrence-Haverhill	161.1	163.2	165.5	Ö	()	0	7.9	7.5	7.9
Lowell	105.1	106.1	107.8	.2	.1		5.3	5.2	5.0
New Bedford	66.1	67.8	68.6	0	()	(1)	3.0	3.0	3.9
Springfield	236.6	241.4	243.4	.1	il		9.4	9.0	10.
Worcester	197.2	203.5	205.8	.1	.1	.2	9.0	8.9	10.1
Michigan	3,710.4	3,693.3	3,729.4	9.8	9.4	10.0	111.7	110.0	121.4
Ann Arbor	164.6	170.0	172.0	(')	(')	(')	4.8	5.0	5.
Battle Creek	56.5	56.6	57.1	(')	(†)	(')	1.6	1.7	1.9
Benton Harbor	63.0	63.9	64.4	0	(')	(')	1.4	1.2	1.3
Detroit	1,859.6	1,841.3	1,856.3	.8	.8	.8	54.4	53.0	58.2
Flint	175.6	165.1	166.0	0	- e)	C)	4.2	3.7	4.0
Grand Rapids	308.5	315.5	318.3	Ö	Ö	Ö	14.1	13.0	14.0
Kalamazoo	104.1	105.4	106.2	l ĕ l	ŏ	ĕ	3.1	2.8	3.0
Lansing-East Lansing	203.0	198.7	207.2	Ö	ŏ	ĕ	5.0	4.4	4.
Muskegon	55.3	55.6	56.0	i ö l	- ĕ -	- ĕ -	1.9	1.8	1.9
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	149.6	152.3	154.3	6	ĕ	ĕ	5.4	5.5	5.9
							75.0		
Minnesota	1,937.5	1,963.8	1,991.0	5.3	6.3	6.6	75.8	64.6	72. 2.
Duluth	86.5	87.4	88.2	3.1	4.5	4.5	3.8	2.4	
Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,265.3	1,291.9	1,304.9	(1)	( <u>)</u>	()	51.3	45.8	49.
Rochester St. Cloud	55.9 68.6	57.0 70.8	57.4 71.7	(²) (²)	(²) (²)	(²) (²)	1.6 3.6	1.5 3.4	1.1
								00.0	
Mississippi Jackson	859.9 174.9	. 880.4 179.3	885.7 180.9	5.8 .9	6.4 1.2	6.3 1.1	32.7 7.9	32.8 8.2	33. 8.
			ł						
Missouri	2,178.8	2,195.0	2,216.6	5.4	5.4	5.5	96.7	94.1	97.
Kansas City	735.9	734.3	739.5	.5	.5	.5	36.3	35.3	36.
St. Louis	1,115.8	1,126.2	1,135.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	55.4	53.6	55.
Springfield	106.7	111.5	112.4	.1	.1	.1	4.7	5.2	5.4
Montana	272.6	270.3	272.7	5.4	5.9	5.9	8.0	6.9	8.
Nebraska	656.7	664.2	668.6	1.7	1.5	1.7	22.8	21.5	23.
Lincoln ,	110.7	112.3	111.9	()	(')	0	3.9	3.8	4.
Omaha	297.2	302.5	303.2	.2	.2	.2	11.6	10.9	11.
Nevada		515.7	519.8	7.3	9.4	9.8	28.5	30.3	31.
Las Vegas	279.4 129.3	294.7 135.2	296.6 136.2	.3 .8	.3	.3	17.9 6.8	18.8 7.1	19. 7.
New Hampshire	502.1	522.4	525.8	.6	.6	.7	34.9	34.5	37.
New Hampsone		95.4	95.6	.0	.0	.1	4.8	5.2	5.
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester,NH-ME		108.8	112.2	.1	.1	.1	5.7	5.6	
New Jersey	3,563,1	3,612.0	3,649.5	2.2	2.4	2.4	160.9	167.0	177.
Atlantic City		154.8	159.7	(')	(1)	()	10.0	10.0	10.
Bergen-Passaic		678.7	682.9	1 1 .1	.1	.1	30.3	30.8	31.
Camden		431.6	436.2	.i	.1	1 .1	23.6	25.4	26.
Jersey City	1	244.0	244.5	0	(')	¢ .	6.5	7.4	7.
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		525.7	530.5	.6	.6		22.1	22.8	1
Monmouth-Ocean		321.7	328.6	(1)	(')	(')	20.5	22.0	
Newark		963.4	968.6	.7	.7	.7	36.6	38.7	41.
Trenton	193.0	197.7	199.2	(")	(')	0	4.9	4.8	

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	N	lanufacturing			ublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988
larviand	206.7	206.1	205.7	92.0	91.2	91.3	507.8	515.0	51
									26
Baltimore MSA	131.0	131.3	130.9	52.6	52.3	52.8	264.8	265.7	
Baltimore City	44.7	44.6	44.3	27.5	27.5	27.5	96.8	99.0	91
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	34.5	35.8	35.8	26.0	27.1	27.2	187.0	192.6	193
assachusetts	600.1	585.9	584.8	127.9	129.5	129.6	710.7	712.3	72
Boston	281.7	275.7	275.0	75.0	75.4	75.9	381.9	382.4	38
Brockton	11.3	11.5	11.3	5.0	5.1	5.0	21.7	22.5	2
Fall River	16.7	16.6	16.1	1.9	1.8	1.9	13.7	14.7	1
Fitchburg-Leominster	11.8	11.6	11.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	9.9	10.0	10
Lawrence-Haverhill	51.0	50.4	50.1	6.8	6.7	6.6	35.5	36.6	3
Loweli	36.1	36.0	36.0	3.4	3.6	3.4	22.4	22.8	2
New Bedford	19.5	19.1	19.0	2.7	2.9	2.9	16.2	16.6	1
Springfield	50.8	51.3	51.4	9.5	10.0	9.8	55.5	56.7	5
Worcester	45.7	46.4	46.3	8.4	8.5	8.7	47.3	47.4	4
ichigan	980.5	921.0	931.4	150.1	149.1	151.0	837.0	852.0	86
Ann Arbor	39.6	38.5	38.9	4.1	4.4	4.5	27.8	28.4	3
Battle Creek	14.8	14.8	14.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.2	11.3	1
Benton Harbor	21.2	21.2	21.1	2.3	2.2	2.3	12.7	13.1	1
	480.5	444.6			85.6			439.1	44
Detroit			445.5	83.6		86.9	430.5		
Flint	62.0	48.3	48.7	4.7	4.5	4.5	43.8	45.5	
Grand Rapids	95.1	96.4	96.6	11.3	11.2	11.3	78.1	81.1	8
(alamazoo	29.8	29.8	30.0	3.2	3.3	3.3	22.5	23.1	
ansing-East Lansing	35.8	28.5	34.0	5.9	5.6	5.7	40.5	42.2	
Auskegon	17.5	17.1	17.3	2.4	2.3	2.3	12.1	12.1	
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	43.4	41.5	42.1	7.0	6.9	6.8	34.9	36.2	:
nnesota	368.3	378.2	381.0	99.4	100.5	101.0	481.2	484.0	49
Duluth	7.3	7.7	7.7	5.6	5.6	5.9	21.6	21.3	
/inneapolis-St. Paul	250.6	257.6	258.4	68.9	70.8	71.2	309.9	315.9	3
Rochester	10.3	10.8	10.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	11.4	11.1	
St. Cloud	11.8	12.3	12.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	20.6	21.6	:
ssissippi	225.8	233.3	233.5	41.7	42.6	42.6	183.7	186.0	1
lackson	20.1	20.7	20.8	12.4	12.8	12.9	41.9	42.4	
ssouri	413.7	420.9	420.9	142.2	142.2	143.2	532.8	535.1	5
(ansas City	113.8		111.5	56.2	55.1	55.5	189.2	189.6	1
St. Louis		111.4			74.0	74.2	272.8	271.8	2
Springfield	214.5 19.5	218.9 21.1	218.9 21,2	72.6 6.8	7.2	7.2	30.2	30.9	
						)	j		
ontana	19.6	20.1	20.2	19.2	18.9	18.8	71.6	71.1	
braska	86.2	90.7	90.9	42.0	42.6	43.0	168.9	169.3	1
incoln	13.3	13.6	13.7	5.7	5.8	5.7	25.4	25.5	
Dmaha	32.8	35.1	34.8	22.5	22.9	22.9	75.8	76.2	
evada	22.5	23.9	23.8	27.2	28.1	28.0	98.0	103.8	1
as Vegas	8.5	8.8	8.6	15.3	16.0	15.9	57.9	61.8	
Reno	8.3	8.2	8.0	8.9	9.2	9.2	28.4	30.0	
w Hampshire	117.1	121.0	120.6	16.9	17.5	17,4	126.1	132.0	1
lashua	36.0	37.2	37.3	2,1	2.1	2.1	20.7	21.8	
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester,NH-ME	20.6	20.6	20.8	2.8	3.0	3.0	27.4	28.1	
	676.0			000.0	242.0	040.0	040 5	050 7	~
w Jersey	676.0	667.3	666.9	236.0	242.0	243.2	848.5	856.7	8
Atlantic City	8.2	8.3	8.4	6.2	6.0	6.1	31.8	30.6	
lergen-Passaic	160.1	160.8	161.0	28.6	28.7	28.6	189.3	193.9	19
Camden	71.5	71.5	71.5	18.3	18.7	18.9	113.3	117.4	1
ersey City	48.4	47.7	47.2	30.9	30.2	30.4	58.4	61.0	(
Aiddlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	112.9	115.7	115.1	42.5	44.0	44.5	123.5	126.2	12
Aonmouth-Ocean	30.6	29.9	29.8	16.1	16.6	16.6	85.8	86.0	1
Newark	181.8	180.0	178.6	80.6	81.6	80.6	194.7	196.1	19
Frenton	31.1	30.7	30.7	6.4	6.7	6.7	30.9	31.8	:

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

State and the		nce, insuran d real estate			Services		(	Government	
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988
	100.0	105.0	105.0	501.4	500 A	540.0	206.1	205.5	39
aryland	122.8	125.9	125.9	531.1	539.9	542.8	396.1	395.5	
Baltimore MSA	74.5	74.4	74.0	281.0	286.1	286.3	207.3	203.1	20
Baltimore City	43.6	44.0	43.8	139.5	140.0	139.8	84.9	84.6	8
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	40.3	41.7	42.0	204.6	210.0	210.4	151.2	151.4	15
assachusetts	213.8	224.1	225.3	847.4	872.6	883.5	399.7	410.1	41
Boston	147.8	154.3	154.9	553.6	567.6	571.6	200.9	209.5	20
Brockton	3.1	3.1	3.2	15.0	15.5	15.6	11.8	11.8	1
all River	2.9	3.2	3.1	10.2	10.3	10.5	6.8	6.6	
Fitchburg-Leominster	1.7	1.8	1.8	7.8	8.0	8.3	4.7	4.3	
awrence-Haverhill	6.2	6.4	6.5	32.5	33.6	34.7	21.2	22.0	
	4.3	4.2	4.3	20.0	20.2	20.8	13.4	14.0	1 7
owell				1					
lew Bedford	2.5	2.6	2.7	12.4	13.0	13.2	9.8	10.6	
pringfield	15.6	16.6	16.5	57.3	59.0	59.1	38.4	38.7	
Vorcester	13.6	14.7	14.9	49.0	51.6	52.0	24.1	25.9	:
shigan	177.1	183.0	183.5	817.0	625.0	829.4	627.3	643.9	6
nn Arbor	4.5	4.7	4.8	31.5	34.8	34.5	52.1	54.1	
lattle Creek	3.9	3.2	3.2	11.8	12.2	12.2	11.3	11.5	
lenton Harbor	2.5	2.7	2.7	14.1	14.6	14.8	8.6	8.7	Į
erroit	104.6	107.0	107.1	461.7	462.1	466.5	243.4	249.2	2
lint	5.8	5.8	5.8	30.4	31.0	31.0	24.7	26.2	
arand Rapids	13.7	13.9	13.9	64.9	67.7	69.0	31.1	31.8	
alamazoo	4.7	5.0	5.0	23.0	23.2	23.4	17.8	18.1	1
ansing-East Lansing	11.2	12.1	12.1	36.6	37.7	39.5	67.5	68.1	1
luskegon	1.3	1.3	1.3	11.3	11.6	11.7	8.8	9.3	
aginaw-Bay City-Midland	5.9	6.1	6.2	32.2	33.5	34.3	20.7	22.6	
nnesota	118.4	122.0	122.5	467.8	481.5	487.4	321.3	326.6	3
Duluth	3.1	3.1	3.1	20.4	20.5	20.8	21.5	22.3	-
/inneapolis-St. Paul	91.1	95.3	95.8	318.5	325.3	329.6	174.3	180.7	1
	1.5	1.6	1.6	23.3	24.1	24.5	6.1	6.2	1.
Rochester	2.3	2.4	2.4	14.4	14.6	14.4	12.6	13.2	
									1
asissippiackson	38.2 14.2	38.8 14.3	39.0 14.4	138.1 38.5	141.3 39.7	142.6 40.2	193.8 39.1	199.4 40.1	1
acks011	14.6	14.3	14.4	30.5	39.7	40.2	55.1		
ssouri	134.6	134.4	135.4	501.3	506.7	514.3	352.1	356.2	1 3
ansas City	58.1	58.2	58.2	168.4	170.5	172.3	113.4	113.7	1
St. Louis	73.9	73.4	73.5	281.5	287.4	291.3	141.6	143.6	1
Springfield	4.8	4.7	4.7	27.0	28.2	28.4	13.6	14.1	ļ
ontana	13.2	12.5	12.5	63.5	64.7	64.6	72.1	70.2	
ebraska	47.7	47.9	48.0	150.6	150,2	151.0	136.8	140.5	1
incoln	8.1	8.5	8.5	23.3	23.6	23.6	31.0	31.5	
Dmaha	28.9	28.6	28.5	80.4	62.6	82.9	45.0	46.0	
evada	23.2	24.2	24.5	218.7	228.1	230.5	64.7	67.9	
_as Vegas Reno	13.9 7.0	15.0 6.8	15.1 6.9	133.1 52.7	139.3 55.8	140.7 56.4	32.5 16.4	34.7 17.2	
	1.0	0.0	0.0	02.1	00.0				
w Hampshire	31.0	33.4	33.6	109.7	116.9	117.5	65.8	66.5	1
Nashua Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester,NH-ME	3.7 6.3	4.1 6.6	4.1 6.6	17.2 19.4	17.8 19.7	17.9 20.9	6.7 24.6	7.1 24.9	
w Jersey	222.9	232.1	233.5	866.4	887.0	902.2	550.2	557.5	1 5
Atlantic City	6.9	7.1	7.1	68.8	68.2	69.7	24.2	24.5	1
Bergen-Passaic	37.1	39.0	39.4	150.0	156.8	158.7	68.6	68.6	1
Camden	23.8	25.5	25.8	98.7	100.6	102.2	71.0	72.4	1
lersey City	12.3	13.1	13.2	41.9	43.1	43.3	40.5	41.5	1
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	35.0	36.0	36.1	104.0	107.9	110.1	71.5	72.5	
Monmouth-Ocean	17.6	18.3	18.2	66.5	86.9	90.5	60.7	61.8	
								1	1 .
Newark	75.9	78.9	79.0	243.9	251.1	254.7	135.4	136.3	1 .

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	ŗ	Total			Mining		c	Construction	1
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
			500.0						~
ew Mexico	525.9	534.5	536.9	14.4	15.3	15.2	31.0	29.0	29
Albuquerque	230.4	234.4	235.6	.2	.2	.2	15.8	14.8	15
Las Cruces	40.9	41.2	41.2	.1	.1	.1	2.2	2.1	2
Santa Fe	52.9	54.1	54.6	.1	.1	.1	2.4	2.2	2
ew York	7,990.3	8,105.3	8,154.2	5.8	5.4	5.9	312.2	314.0	334
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	399.4	408.5	411.6	.4	.2	.3	17.3	17.2	19
Binghamton	119.7	121.3	122.3	()	() (	C)	4.6	4.4	4
Buffalo	431.0	437.6	440.4	.3	.4	.4	15.0	14.2	15
Elmira	37.4	39.7	40.5	0	0	(1)	1.4	1.3	-
Nassau-Suffolk	1,120.9	1,139.8	1,148.2	.2	.2	· ′ ,	58.1	60.3	62
	4,089.7			1.3	1.3	1.0	148.0	152.5	15
New York PMSA		4,138.0	4,144.0			1.2			
New York City	3,572.5	3,612.1	3,613.7	.8	.7	.7	115.8	120.7	12
Nagara Falls	78.2	80.3	80.8	(')	()	(')	2.6	2.8	
Drange County	100.2	103.0	104.6	()	(1)	( <sup>1</sup> )	5.0	5.5	
Poughkeepsie	115.4	118.8	120.4	(?)	(2)	(²)	6.1	5.6	
Rochester	461.4	464.8	469.5	.7	.6	.6	17.0	17.1	1
Rockland County	95.7	98,3	98.6	(°)	0	(2)	5.0	5.1	
Syracuse	295.1	300.7	306.4	2	.2	.2	13.5	14.2	1
									'
Jtica-Rome	116.9	121.9	123.3	.1	.2	.2	3.4	3.1	
Vestchester County	403.8	409.0	412.8	.3	.3	.3	25.9	25.2	2
orth Carolina	2,839.8	2,922.1	2,934.1	4.9	4.9	4.9	158.4	164.0	16
Asheville	75.9	77.8	78.6	.1	.1	.1	4.0	4.2	
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	570.9	596.9	597.8	.4	.4	.4	32.8	36.9	3
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	462.7	471.0	470.5	.3	.3	.3	24.5	24.4	
	381.4	389.8	392.2	.3	.4		21.2	21.8	2
Raleigh-Durham	301.4	309.0	392.2	.3	.4	.4	21.2	21.0	-
orth Dakota	250.3	250.3	252.8	3.7	4.1	4.1	9.1	7.1	
Bismarck	36.4	36.3	36.8	.2	.2	.2	1.3	1.1	
Fargo-Moorhead	70.6	72.1	73.0	()	ക	Ċ	3.0	2.7	
Grand Forks	29.9	30.0	30.2	ŏ I	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	ŏ	1.4	1.0	
hio	4,539,2	4,595.8	4.655.8	20.7	19.5	19.7	162.2	165.5	17
Akron	4,539.2	4,595.6	4,655.8			.5	8.2	7.8	
				.5	.5				
Cincinnati	673.1	678.3	692.8	.3	.5	.6	27.9	29.2	3
Cleveland	880.1	893.3	902.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	25.6	25.8	2
Columbus	650.8	667.3	673.9	.9	.9	1.0	25.1	26.4	2
Dayton-Springfield	426.5	430.8	434.7	.4	.4	.4	15.1	15.5	
oledo	277.4	284.0	287.1	.2	.2	.2	9.6	10.5	
oungstown-Warren	187.4	189.8	193.0	.6	.8	.6	6.7	6.4	
k <b>lahoma</b>	1,104.4	1,093.4	1,095.8	45.2	44.2	44.3	33.3 .6	31.3 .6	:
nid	21.8	21.7	21.7	1.0	1.0	1.0			
awton	34.1	33.6	33.8	.3	.2	.2	1.2	1.2	
Oklahoma City	400.2	397.4	397.2	11.5	11.1	11.1	12.1	12.1	1
ulsa	287.5	286.8	287.3	15.2	15.0	15.0	10.2	9.0	
egon	1,078.8	1,113.9	1,124.0	1.4	1.3	1.3	32.1	33.7	(
vgen-Sodofield									
Eugene-Springfield	103.0	106.5	107.4	.1	.1		2.6	2.9	
Portland	546.3	565.0	569.5	.5	.4	.4	17.7	18.9	2
alem	93.5	95.0	95.8	.1	.1	.1	3.0	2.9	
nnsylvania	4,891.4	4,948.0	5,003.7	30.7	29.5	29.6	209.7	208.2	2
Allentown-Bethlehem	289.8	271.9	275.0	.6	.5	.6	12.3	13.1	-
Ntoona	50.1	50.9	51.3		(²)	(?)	2.5	2.4	
Bower County	50.1	50.9					3.8	4.0	
Beaver County	50.7		51.3	(²)	(²)	(*)	3.8		
rie	109.4	110.6	111.9	.2	.2	.2		2.8	
larrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	290.5	296.2	299.3	.3	.3	.3	12.0	12.3	
ohnstown	76.9	77.7	78.8	3.7	3.6	3.6	2.6	2.2	
ancaster	177.3	181.2	183.5	.4	.3	.4	10.0	10.6	1
Philadelphia PMSA	2,139.2	2,188.7	2,175.7	1.1	1.1	1.1	98.1	102.8	10
Philadelphia City	775.7	779.4	779.8	(°)	(?)	(²)	17.2	15.8	1
Pittsburgh	853.6	853.6	860.0	(*)	5.7	5.5	40.5	36.7	3

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolis in States and selected areas by major industry---Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	N	lanufacturing			nsportation a public utilities		Wholes	ale and retai	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
ew Mexico	37.0	39.5	39.7	28.7	28.8	28.8	125.3	127.7	129
Albuquerque	19.7	20.5	20.5	12.1	12.5	12.5	58.3	60.1	60
Las Cruces	3.9	3.8	3,7	1.4	1.3	1.3	7.8	8.6	8
Santa Fe	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.2	1.2	1.3	10.2	10.5	10
ew York	1,212.2	1,219.0	1,216.1	400.3	403.6	403.3	1,874.4	1,674.2	1,687
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	49.1	48.8	48.4	18.2	16.2	16.4	84.1	87.2	87
Binghamton	37.6	38.3	38.3	4.4	4.5	4.5	26.0	26.3	26
Buffalo	76.5	77.0	77.2	21.2	21.1	21.3	107.4	109.4	109
Elmira	7.6	8.6	8.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	10.4	10.5	10
Nassau-Suffolk	177.7	175.4	175.5	47.4	49.0	48.9	299.3	300.9	304
New York PMSA	456.1	461.3	458.1	237.8	239.5	238.6	755.1	754.2	754
New York City	377.2	378.3	375.2	212.6	213.7	212.6	632.4	630.4	630
Niagara Falls	24.0	23.8	23.8	3.4	3.6	3.7	17.9	18.7	1
Orange County	14.9	14.8	15.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	26.2	27.6	2
Poughkeepsie	30.0	29.7	29.8	3.3	3.3	3.3	21.3	24.2	2
Rochester	131.8	131.4	131.6	14.4	14.5	14.6	98.8	100.2	10
Rockland County	14.6	14.7	14.7	4.0	4.1	4.1	22.4	23.4	2
Syracuse	52.7	51.9	51.8	17.8	17.6	18.0	68.8	71.0	7
Utica-Rome	23.7	24.4	24.2	4.2	4.5	4.5	25.9	26.1	2
Westchester County	62.5	66.5	66.2	20.6	21.1	21.2	96.1	95.9	9
orth Carolina Asheville	847.7	862.8	859.3	139.4	144.6	145.9	630.0	653.0	65
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	19.0 152.2	19.2	19.4 154.9	3.6	3.7	3.7	18.0	18.3	14
	152.2	155.5 153.4	154.9	47.5 27.2	49.2 27.9	49.2 28.0	135.5 102.2	143.6 104.6	14 t0
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point Raleigh-Durham	58.1	58.1	58.2	16.9	27.9 16.7	28.0 16.6	80.1	83.0	8
orth Dakota	15.3	16.0	15.8	16.1	16.1	16.2	67.1	66.7	6
Bismarck	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.6	2.7	2.7	9.7	9.6	
Fargo-Moorhead Grand Forks	4.8 1.7	4.9 1.8	4.9 1.8	4.3 1.5	4.8 1.5	4.7 1.5	20.8 8.2	20.8 8.1	2
	1.093.1	1.088.8	1.098.1	204.8	204.5	207.4		1.094.7	
hio	66.1	66.7	67.0	12.8	204.5	12.8	1,077.0 64.5	65.1	1,11
Cincinnati	146.9	t37.7	143.4	34,8	35.9	36.0	167.3	170.5	17
Cieveland	199.4	201.8	201.8	41.2	40.0	40.4	210.7	214.8	21
Columbus	103.3	101.6	102.3	27.3	27.9	28.1	163.5	169.9	17
Dayton-Springfield	103.3	102.5	102.3	15.2	15.3	15.4	95.3	97.3	g
Toledo	62.0	61.8	62.0	13.2	13.5	13.4	95.3 87.7	70.3	7
Youngstown-Warren	49.7	49.5	50.1	7.5	7.6	7.6	47.2	48.9	
kiahoma	153.0	154.6	155.1	63.3	61.3	60.9	267.1	261.0	26
Enid	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.2	2.1	2.1	6.3	6.2	
Lawton	3.5	3.4	3.4	1.5	1.2	1.2	8.6	8.3	
Oklahoma City	46.7	47.0	46.9	19.8	19.1	19.1	100.0	98.3	9
Tulsa	46.7	47.6	47.7	23.1	23.6	23.7	69.7	69.1	6
regon	197.0	204.5	206.9	57.6	58.7	58.5	269.1	281.1	28
Eugene-Springfield	19.3	19.5	19.8	4.1	4.2	4.3	26.1	26.4	2
Portland	91.0	96.6	97.5	33.9	35.1	35.0	142.0	146.7	14
Salem	12.1	12.4	12.3	2.9	2.9	2.9	21.0	21.5	2
ennsylvania	1,037.5	1,044.8	1,048.1	245.8	245.5	244.7	1,108.9	1,115.9	1,12
Allentown-Bethlehem	77.2	75.8	75.6	14.0	13.8	13.9	59.3	60.3	6
Altoona	11.2	11.1	11.0	4.6	4.6	4.6	12.6	13.0	1
Beaver County	9.8	9.6	9.6	5.2	5.1	5.1	11.2	10.7	1
Erie	34.2	34.6	34.7	3.8	3.8	3.6	23.2	22.9	
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	51.2	51.8	52.2	18,1	18.1	18.1	65.7	67.0	6
Johnstown	12.6	13.2	13.4	5.2	5.1	5.2	16.1	16.0	1 1
Lancaster	59.7	59.4	59.4	7.0	6.8	7.0	41.9	43.1	4
Philadelphia PMSA	374.1	373.9	373.2	98.5	97.6	96.7	492.0	500.9	49
Philadelphia City	96.2	95.2	94.7	44.9	45.6	44.8	148.3	148.7	15
Pittsburgh	124.4	124.9	122.6	45.1	43.2	43.6	213.1	210.3	2

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

		nce, insuran nd real estat			Services		 	Government	
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>9</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
New Mexico	26.9	27.1	27.3	121.5	124.3	124.8	141.1	142.8	142
Albuquerque	14.8	14.8	15.0	63.8	84.3	64.8	45.7	47.2	47
Las Cruces	1.6	1.7	1.7	6.4	6.7	6.7	17.5	16.9	16
Santa Fe	2.0	2.0	2.0	13.7	14.3	14.4	21.7	22.1	22
lew York	783.5	793.6	793.6	2,188.7	2,248.8	2,271.2	1,413.2	1,446.6	1,442
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	22.2	22.7	22.9	99,4	103.3	103.8	110.8	112.8	112
Binghamton	4.0	4.0	4.1	21.7	22.1	22.4	21.3	21.6	21
Buffalo	26.1	27.2	27.3	110.1	113.3	114.1	74.3	75.3	74
Elmira	1.4	1.4	1.4	9.2	10.1	10.4	6.2	6.5	6
Nassau-Suffolk	74.0	77.1	77.3	281.9	288.1	291.7	182.3	188.7	188
New York PMSA	577.5	579.4	578.4	1,250.4	1,278.4	1,282.5	663.4	673.5	67
New York City	544.3	545.3	543.7	1,107.8	1,132.4	1,137.1	581.6	590.6	59
Niagara Falls	1.9	1.9	1.9	15.9	18.7	16.7	12.3	12.9	1:
Orange County	3.9	4.0	4.0	21.5	22.1	22.4	22.5	22.9	2
Poughkeepsie	4.4	4.6	4.7	25.6	25.9	28.6	24.6	25.4	2
Rochester	21.5	21.2	21.8	111.6	112.9	114.7	65.6	66.8	6
Rockland County	4.9	5.3	5.4	23.6	24.2	24.2	21.2	21.4	2
Syracuse	19.0	19.3	19.4	72.1	74.8	76.9	50.9	51.6	5
Utica-Rome	6.5	6.8	6.9	26.0	26.8	27.6	29.1	29.7	2
Westchester County	27.6	28.0	28.4	114.1	114.4	115.8	56.8	57.7	5
orth Carolina	124.5	130.0	130.9	481.5	501.9	506.7	453.4	460.9	46
Asheville Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	2.7 35.9	2.5 36.8	2.5 36.9	16.9 103.2	17.7 110.2	17.9 111.3	11.5 63.4	12.1 64.3	1
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	22.8	23.3	23.5	80.6	82.7	82.8	52.9	54.3	5
Raleigh-Durham	22.5	23.3	23.3	93.3	97.3	98.2	88.9	89.4	8
lorth Dakota	12.4	12.3	12.3	60.4	62.5	63.0	66.2	65.5	6
Bismarck	1.7	1.6	1.6	10.4	10.7	10.8	8.6	8.5	
Fargo-Moorhead Grand Forks	4.4 1.1	4.6 1.1	4.6 1.1	19.1 6.6	19.6 6.9	20.0 6.9	14.2 9.4	14.7 9.6	1
		247.1							70
hio Akron	240.0 10.4	10.7	249.1 10.7	1,041.3 56.1	1,066.9 58.6	1,086.1 59.7	700.2 43.9	708.9 45.3	4
Cincinnati	39.8	41.3	41.7	166.8	173.4	177.2	43.5 89.2	45.5 89.7	8
Cleveland	53.5	55.4	55.5	231.1	237.0	241.1	117.4	117.6	11
Columbus	56.2	58.4	58.4	153.1	159.5	162.0	121.1	122.7	12
Dayton-Springfield	17.6	17.9	18.1	103.8	107.3	108.4	75.2	74.5	7
Toledo	11.2	11.2	11.2	70.1	72.6	73.9	43.0	44.0	4
Youngstown-Warren	8.1	8.2	8.3	43.4	43.8	44.8	24.0	24.8	2
klahoma	59.6	57.1	57.0	230.3	231.3	232.5	252.6	252.6	25
Enid	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.3	5.7	5.7	3.6	3.5	
Lawton	1.6	1.5	1.5	5.5	5.8	5.8	11.9	12.0	1
Oklahoma City	24.9	23.9	23.7	88.0	88.7	88.9	97.2	97.2	9
Tuisa	17.2	16.9	17.1	69.3	69.5	69.8	36.1	36.1	3
regon	71.3	72.7	73.2	242.1	249.2	251.5	208.2	212.7	21
Eugene-Springfield	4.9	4.8	4.8	23.8	24.7	25.1	21.9	23.9	2
PortlandSalem	46.7 5.4	47.7 5.6	47.9 5.6	136.5 19.1	140.0 19.7	141.2 20.0	78.0 29.9	79.6 29.9	7
ennsylvania	290.2	292.5	294.5	1,271.3	1,307.6	1,328.9	697.3	704.0	70
Allentown-Bethlehem	11.3	11.6	11.7	65.0	66.6	68.3	30.1	30.2	3
Altoona	1.5	1.6	1.7	10.5	10.9	11.1	7.2	7.3	
Beaver County	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.1	11.5	11.7	8.0	8.1	
Erie	5.3	5.4	5.4	25.9	27.0	27.7	13.8	13.9	1
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	16.7	17.4	17.5	60.4	62.0	63.3	66.1 12.7	67.3	6
Johnstown	4.7	4.7	4.8	19.3	20.1	20.2	12.7	12.8	
Lancaster	6.6	7.0	7.0	35.9	37.6	38.4	15.8	16.4	1
Philadelphia PMSA	162.3	162.9	163.3	610.8	625.0	629.2 255.6	302.3	304.5	30
Philadelphia City Pittsburgh	72.8	73.0	73.1 53.3	254.4 264.5	257.7 273.2	255.6 276.3	141.9 106.8	143.4 106.5	10
	53.7	53.1	53.3	264.5	2/3.2	2/0.3	100.6	100.5	i 10

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		, L	Construction	1
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
ennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	145.8	150.9	152.5	(²)	(?)	(²)	6.1	6.4	6
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	287.3	290.4	294.6	0.7	<b>`</b> 0.6	0.6	11.1	10.1	11
Williamsport	49.5	52.0	52.8	(²)	3	(²)	1.8	1.7	1
York	167.6	173.2	175.0	.4	.4	.4	9.3	10.1	10
hode Island	449.8	449.4	456.3	.1	.1	.1	18.8	17.9	19
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	132.0	131.3	133.2	1. 1	.1	1. 1	4.6	4.7	4
Providence	317.2	318.2	322.9	.1	.1	.1	13.8	13.3	14
outh Carolina	1,388.1	1,424.7	1,439.0	1.6	1.6		84.4	86.4	86
Charleston	185.6	191.3	192.6	C)	(1)	O D	13.2	13.5	13
Columbia	224.5	232.9	234.7	Ö	() ()	(†) (†)	13.7	14.0	14
Greenville-Spartanburg	306.9	311.8	315.2	0	(1)	()	20.4	21.3	21
outh Dakota	252.8	252.9	256.3	2.5	2.4	2.5	8.9	7.8	9
Rapid City	33.8	33.9	34.7	.2	.2	.3	2.0	1.7	2
Sioux Falls	64.1	64.3	64.8	(')	(')	()	2.5	2.4	2
ennessee	1,987.4	2,043.4	2,055.3	6.8	6.3	6.5	91.9	96.7	99
Chattanooga		192.2	191.2	.8	.8	.9	8.1	8.8	
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	157.8	163.4	164.2	.3	.2		6.1	6.6	
Knoxville		246.4	248.6	2.1	1.8	1.8	11.6	10.7	10
Memphis	415.8	431.9	432.4	.1	.1	.1	18.9	20.3	20
Nashville	472.1	463.6	463.5	.6	.5	.6	28.1	25.4	25
exas	6,482.0	6,538.7	8,547.4	178.9	181.3	180.2	347.2	319.5	32
Abilene	48.4	49.2	49.3	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	
Amarillo	77.2	77.5	78.0	1.4	1.2		3.4	3.5	:
Austin	357.4	351.8	352.4	.8	.8		17.1	15.3	1
Beaumont-Port Arthur	128.6	128.8	127.4	1.5	1.4		7.8	7.5	
Brazoria	57.0	57.6	58.0	1.8	1.9	-	5.9	5.9	
Brownsville-Harlingen	85.4	67.3	67.3	.1	.1	.1	2.3	2.2	
Bryan-College Station	47.2	48.2	48.5	.6	.6		1.9	2.1	
Corpus Christi Dallas	123.6	124.8 1,326.9	125.1	4.4	3.8 18.2		6.8 64.3	6.1 53.1	5
El Paso	1,320.9	187.1	1,327.5	.1	10.2	10.2	9.5		
Ft. Worth-Arlington	512.6	512.9	513.8	3.6	3.5	3.7	25.1	20.2	2
Galveston-Texas City	71.5	69.3	70.3	.5	.6		4.5	3.0	-
Houston	1.372.1	1.395.7	1,399.5	61.5	63.3		84.6	80.6	8
Killeen-Temple	68.9	70.1	70.4	.1	.1	.1	3.6		-
Laredo	35.3	35.9	38.3	1.8	2.0			1.3	
Longview-Marshall	64.0	65.3	65.6	3.6	3.5		3.0	3.3	
Lubbock	91.1	91.7	92.0	.4	.4		3.4	3.3	
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	88.1	91.3	90.0	.8	.9	.9	3.9	4.0	
Midland	43.5	44.4	44.6	9.5	9.9	9.9	1.2	1.1	
San Angelo	36.2	36.6	36.6	.4	.4	.4	1.6	1.6	1
San Antonio	501.5	508.9	511.0	2.6	2.7	2.7	29.4		2
Sherman-Denison		38.1	38.1	1 .1	.1		1.7	1.7	1
Texarkana	45.0	45.4	45.0	.1	.1		1.9	2.1	
Waco	77.3 50.2	78.6 50.3	76.5 50.2	.1 1.9	.1 1.9		3.6	3.5	
	835.9	643.8	646.8	7.8	8.4	8.4	26.1	21.1	2
Utah Provo-Orem	835.9						26.1	21.1	2
Provo-Orem Salt Lake City-Ogden	443.5	79.1 448.8	76.4	(') 2.4	( <sup>1</sup> ) 2.7	(') 2.7	18.3	15.8	
	238.9	040.4		-	-	-		18.6	1
/ermont Barre-Montpelier	238.9	249.1 34.6	245.6 34.2	.5	.6			2.0	
	02.4		,	- ·C		<b>.</b>	1.0		

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(in thousands)

State and area	Apr.								
	1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Pennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	. 47.3	48.8	48.9	6.8	6.9	7.0	32.3	32.9	33.
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre		70.4	71.0	15.2	15.5	15.7	64.9	66.9	67.
Williamsport		16.7	16.7	1.9	1.8	1.9	11.1	11.8	12.
York		60.0	60.2	7.2	7.5	7.9	40.7	41.2	41.
Rhode Island	. 116.5	115.2	115.5	15.4	15.5	15.7	101.4	102.5	103.
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	. 53.9	53.1	53.3	3.4	3.5	3.6	31.8	31.7	32.
Providence	. 74.0	71.9	72.1	11.5	12.1	12.2	68.7	69.7	70.
South Carolina	369.5	378.0	378.2	57.8	59.8	60.4	304.9	320.2	326.
Charleston	. 19.5	20.0	20.3	9.4	10.0	10.1	45.8	46.3	46.
Columbia		29.9	30.5	10.1	10.3	10.4	49.2	51.0	51.
Greenville-Spartanburg	. 99.4	100.6	101.1	11.0	11.5	11.6	70.6	71.6	72.
South Dakota		29.7	29.9	12.3	12.3	12.2	66.2	65.7	67.
Rapid City	. 3.2	3.1	3.2	1.8	1.8	1.8	9.5	9.6	9.
Sioux Falls		8.3	8.3	4.6	4.6	4.5	17.4	17.5	17.
Tennessee	. 491.1	498.2	497.2	102.0	105.0	105.7	467.4	476.4	481.
Chattanooga	. 45.3	46.6	46.1	8.7	8.3	8.3	42.2	44.3	44.
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	. 53.1	53.9	54.0	6.0	5.9	6.0	34.9	35.7	35.
Knoxville	. 50.1	50.4	50.0	9.5	9.9	10.1	62.2	61.6	63.
Memphis		52.9	53.1	38.2	39.8	39.9	114.9	119.4	119.
Nashville		87.2	86.4	22.5	24.2	24.3	113.9	112.7	112.
Texas	. 918.6	938.4	937.5	380.6	384.0	385.6	1,635.0	1,633.2	1,637.
Abilene		4.6	4.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	13.4	13.5	13.
Amarillo		10.0	10.0	5.7	5.8	5.9	22.0	22.2	22.
Austin		39.3	39.2	10.8	10.9	10.8	79.5	77.5	77.
Beaumont-Port Arthur	. 25.1	24.3	24.2	9.7	9.5	9.4	31.3·	30.8	31.
Brazona		15.6	15.6	2.3	2.3	2.3	11.0	10.9	10.
Brownsville-Harlingen		10.2	10.3	3.1	3.1	3.2	17.4	17.5	17.
Bryan-College Station	. 3.0	3.2	3.2	1.5	1.6	1.5	9.9	9.3	9.
Corpus Christi	. 11.4	11.2	11.1	6.9	6.8	6.9	31.7	32.4	32.
Dallas	. 221.1	221.5	220.9	88.6	90.9	91.6	343.2	345.2	345.
El Paso	. 35.7	37.2	37.5	9.9	10.4	10.5	45.9	46.6	46.
Ft. Worth-Arlington		117.4	117.1	29.2	30.7	30.9	136.3	133.4	133.
Galveston-Texas City		8.6	8.5	5.1	4.5	4.5	14.0	13.9	14.
Houston	. 143.2	150.2	150.6	96.4	98.2	98.7	345.8	350.4	350.
Killeen-Temple		7.9	8.0	2.6	2.7	2.7	15.9	16.0	16.
Laredo		1.5	1.5	4.4	4.8	4.8	10.2	10.2	10.
Longview-Marshall	. 15.1	15.8	15.8	3.2	3.2	3.2	16.4	16.7	16.
Lubbock		7.4	7.3	4.9	5.0	5.0	26.5	27.1	27.
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission		12.4	12.1	3.0	2.8	2.7	26.1	27.3	26.
Midiand	. 2.8	2.8	2.8	2.1	2.2	2.2	10.1	10.1	10.
San Angelo	. 5.6	5.6	5.6	3.2	3.1	3.1	9.4	9.5	9.
San Antonio	46.2	46.6	47.1	18.1	17.9	18.0	129.4	131.2	132.
Sherman-Denison		11.1	11.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	8.2	8.2	8.
Texarkana	. 7.3	7.3	7.2	1.8	1.7	1.7	10.2	10.5	10.
Waco	. 14.6 8.4	14.7 8.2	14.7 8.2	3.2 2.6	3.3 2.6	3.3 2.6	18.8 12.2	19.1 12.1	19. 12.
Utah	. 90.1	95.2	95.3	37.5	38.1	38.2	150.5	150.1	150.
Provo-Orem Salt Lake City-Ogden	. 10.2 61.1	12.5 62.5	12.7 62.6	2.7 28.8	2.9 29.4	3.0 29.4	15.2 110.4	16.3 111.2	16. 110.
	1 1			1					
Vermont Barre-Montpelier	. 48.9 4.6	49.1 4.7	49.1 4,6	9.8 .8	10.5 .9	10.4 .9	55.2 6.9	56.9 7.2	56. 7.
Burlington	16.3	16.8	4.6	.8 2.8	. <del>9</del> 2.9	.9 2.9	17.1	17.5	,. 17.

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

		nce, insurar nd real estat			Services		(	Government	
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Pennsylvania-Continued				1					
Reading	7.5	7.7	7.8	29.1	30.7	31.1	16.9	17.5	17.
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	12.6	12.9	13.0	68.8	72.1	73.1	42.1	41.9	42.
Williamsport	2.3	2.3	2.4	9.6	10.4	10.6	7.1	7.3	7.
York	4.9	5.1	5.2	29.5	30.7	30.6	18.3	18.2	18.
Rhode Island	25.2	25.7	25.8	113.8	113.5	116.7	58.6	59.0	59.
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	3.7	3.6	3.6	24.3	24.4	25.0	10.2	10.2	10.
Providence	21.1	21.6	21.6	83.3	84.6	86.9	44.7	44.9	45.
				040.5	050.4	054.0	060.7	262.0	264.
South Carolina	63.7	64.8	65.8	242.5	250.1	254.0	263.7	263.8	
Charleston	8.3	8.5	8.6	39.2	40.7	40.9	50.1	52.2	52. 64.
Columbia	17.8	18.7	18.9	42.7	44.4	44.5	62.1	64.2	
Greenville-Spartanburg	11.6	12.0	12.0	51.7	54.8	55.6	42.0	39.7	40.
South Dakota	14.3	14.1	14.2	60.9	60.9	61.0	59.9	60.0	59.
Rapid City	1.7	1.7	1.7	8.5	8.9	9.0	6.8	6.9	6.
Sioux Falis	6.2	6.2	6.2	17.7	18.1	17.9	7.6	7.3	7.
Tennessee	100.9	101.4	102.2	401.4	418.9	421.9	325.8	340.5	340.
Chattanooga	11.9	11.7	11.6	36.6	37.3	36.6	33.7	34.4	34.
	5.2	5.4	5.3	27.6	31.1	31.4	24.6	24.6	24.
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	9.3	9.5	9.6	51.2	50.4	51.4	51.5	52.1	52.
Knoxville Memphis	24.1	24.9	24.9	96.5	99.2	99.9	71.2	75.3	75.
Nashville	32.9	33.2	33.4	116.7	112.0	112.2	67.3	68.4	68.
								_	_
Texas	443.9	438.2	438.2	1,419.8	1,466.9	1,469.5	1,158.0	1,177.2	1,177.
Abilene	2.5	2.6	2.6	13.2	13.1	13.1	8.3	8.9	8.
Amarillo	4.5	4.5	4.4	16.2	16.1	16.4	14.1	14.2	14.
Austin	25.3	24.8	24.8	84.3	83.6	83.6	100.2	99.6	100.
Beaumont-Port Arthur	5.3	5.2	5.3	27.7	27.7	28.0	20.2	20.4	20.
Brazoria	2.0	2.0	2.0	7.7	7.9	8.1	11.0	11.1	11.
Brownsville-Harlingen	3.5	3.6	3.5	13.4	14.0	13.9	16.3	16.6	16.
Bryan-College Station	1.8	1.7	1.7	8.2	8.6	8.6	20.3	21.1	21.
Corpus Christi	6.9	6.9	7.0	28.0	29.3	29.3	27.5	28.3	28.
Dallas	133.1	128.5	128.5	308.0	318.1	319.5	149.9	151.4	151.
El Paso	9.5	9.4	9.5	34.5	34.9	35.5	39.5	39.3	39.
Ft. Worth-Arlington	27.9	26.9	26.9	110.2	112.3	113.0	66.8	68.5	68.
Galveston-Texas City	4.2	4.1	4.1	13.6	13.9	14.5	21.0	20.7	20.
Houston	102.1	97.3	97.2	350.7	366.1	368.2	187.8	189.6	189.
Killeen-Temple	3.0	3.0	3.0	15.0	15.4	15.4	20.8	21.5	21.
Laredo	1.6	1.7	1.7	5.9	5.9	6.1	8.4	8.5	8
Longview-Marshall	3.1	2.7	2.7	11.2	11.6	11.9	8.4	8.5	8.
Lubbock	5.5	5.2	5.5	21.2	22.0	21.7	21.9	21.3	21.
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	3.6	3.7	3.7	14.5	14.7	14.6	24.1	25.5	25
Midland	2.7	2.5	2.5	8.6	8.7	8.7	6.5	7.1	7
San Angelo	1.8	1.8	1.8	7.6	7.8	7.8	6.6	6.8	6 117
San Antonio	39.7	40.4	40.0	120.1	124.5	125.7	116.0 4.5	117.5 4.3	4
Sherman-Denison	1.7	1.8	1.7	8.3	8.9	8.8	4.5	4.3	12
Texarkana	1.9	1.9	1.9	9.3	9.4	9.4 20.4	12.5	12.4	12
Waco	4.7 2.4	4.7 2.3	4.7 2.3	19.9 11.5	20.7 11.6	11.6	9.5	9.9	9
	33.6	33.4	33.5	145.9	153.4 29.0	154.4 25.6	144.4 13.7	144.1 13.9	143
Provo-Orem Salt Lake City-Oaden	2.3 27.4	2.3 27.7	2.3 27.8	26.9 99.7	29.0	106.5	95.3	94.6	94
Vermont	11.8	11.9	12.1	58.0	62.8	59.2	39.9	40.7 8.3	40
Barre-Montpelier	3.0	3.0	2.9	6.9	8.3	7.7	8.1	11.9	12
Burlington	3.5	3.7	3.7	17.6	18.6	19.0	j 11./	11.9	1 12

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry---Continued

(In thousands)

		Totai			Mining		C	onstruction	1
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
	2,653.5	2,737.8	2.763.4	15.1	15.0	14.9	178.8	181.9	189
/irginia Bristol	2,053.5	32.3	2,783.4	.1	15.0	.1	.9	.8	103
		67.7					3.5	3.6	3
Charlottesville	65.3		68.7		.1		3.5 1.6	1.7	1
Danville	39.7	39.9	40.3		.1		3.2	3.2	3
Lynchburg	71.9	72.5	72.7	.1	.1	.1		37.9	36
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	546.7	558.5	566.1	.1	.1	.1	38.9		-
Northern Virginia	697.6	733.5	738.1	.5	.5	.5	51.3	53.6	55
Richmond-Petersburg	431.5	447.1	448.0	.5	.5	.5	27.9	29.2	29
Roanoke	119.5	118.6	118.6	.2	.2	.2	7.2	7.3	1
/ashington	1,815.1	1,876.4	1,901.1	2.9	3.2	3.3	83.1	87.2	9
Seattle	915.1	960.1	968.6	.5	.6	.6	45.0	48.8	51
/est Virginia	593.1	593.1	599.9	35.7	33.9	33.5	21.8	19.6	2
Charleston	105.4	104.6	105.4	2.1	2.0	2.1	3.9	3.3	:
Huntington-Ashland	102.1	101.5	102.5	1.2	1.4	1.4	3.9	3.5	:
Parkersburg-Marietta	58.9	59.2	59.8	.6	.6	.6	2.6	2.3	:
Wheeling	57.7	57.5	58.0	2.2	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.6	1
Visconsin	2,056.5	2,094.9	2,125.4	2.0	1.6	2.3	63.8	61.9	70
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	140.8	146.3	147.6	Ċ	(')	(')	5.5	5.9	
Eau Claire	55.2	56.4	57.6	Ö	ĕ	Ö	1.5	1.4	
Green Bay	92.6	95.4	96.6	ŏ l	ĕ	ŏ	3.1	2.8	:
Janesville-Beloit	53.9	55.2	56.4	ĕ	ĕ	ĕ	1.2	1.0	
Kenosha	40.3	41.4	42.0	ŏ l	ĕ	- ĕ - I	1.2	.7	
La Crosse	51.4	51.6	53.1	ĕ l	ĕ	ŏ	1.5	1.1	
Madison	197.3	201.1	203.6	Ŭ I	ĕ	ŏ	6.9	7.3	
Milwaukee	690.0	705.5	711.0	ĕ	ĕ	ĕ	21.0	20.7	2
Racine	69.0	70.4	70.5	Ŭ	ĕ	ŏ	1.7	1.6	
Wausau	45.0	46.0	46.9	Ö	ĕ	Ö	1.4	1.2	
Yyoming	175.7	173.5	174.9	16.7	17.2	17.0	9.7	7.2	
uerto Rico	745.5	772.5	773.2	.8	.8	.9	33.6	36.7	3
Caguas	48.4	50.3	50.3		(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Mayaguez	53.4	56.0	55.8	(†) (†)	ĕ	(†) (†)	- ĕ - I	- čí	Ö
Ponce	49.3	50.0	49.9	.1	.2	.2	<b>`</b> 3.0	3.5	.,
San Juan	459.5	478.4	480.8	.4	.5	.5	25.2	27.1	2
irgin Islands	39.3	40.8	40.8	(1)	(')	( <sup>1</sup> )	1.6	2.0	

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	M	lanufacturing	3		sportation a ublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>9</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
/irginia	427.2	423.8	425.3	140.6	144.2	144.3	596.8	626.6	631.
Bristol	10.3	10.8	11.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	7.6	8.1	8.
Charlottesville	8.7	8.5	8.9	2.2	2.3	2.3	13.0	13.8	14.
Danville	16.6	16.3	16.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	8.1	8.6	8.
Lynchburg	23.9	23.4	23.3	2.9	2.8	2.8	14.5	14.9	15.
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	67.1	68.4	69.3	25.9	25.6	25.7	132.3	135.7	137.
Northern Virginia	35.0	35.3	35.4	48.8	51.2	51.7	156.2	166.3	166.
Richmond-Petersburg	62.1	62.5	62.6	22.5	23.4	23.4	102.4	107.9	108.
Roanoke	19.9	19.3	19.2	9.0	8.5	8.5	32.7	31.8	31.
Vashington	309.8	324.0	328.9	95.6	99.6	100.7	441.9	453.8	461.
Seattle	178.5	191.1	191.5	57.5	58.9	59.3	221.8	230.7	233.
Vest Virginia	85.7	84.7	84.9	36.3	36.2	36.5	136.2	139.7	141.
Charleston	11.3	10.8	10.9	8.2	8.5	8.5	27.7	27.6	28.
Huntington-Ashland	19.0	18.9	18.9	7.9	7.6	7.6	26.2	26.2	26.
Parkersburg-Marietta	13.7	13.9	13.8	2.1	2.1	2.1	14.3	14.3	14.
Wheeling	7.1	7.0	7.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	15.4	15.9	15.
Visconsin	516.5	535.0	538.6	93.4	94.9	95.5	482.7	493.1	502.
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	48.8	51.6	51.8	5.1	5.2	5.2	30.6	30.8	31.
Eau Claire	10.2	10.4	10.6	3.5	3.5	3.7	15.7	16.1	16.
Green Bay	23.9	24.3	24.5	6.3	6.2	6.3	24.6	25.4	25
Janesville-Beloit	17.1	17.8	17.8	2.3	2.5	2.4	13.2	13.2	13.
Kenosha	13.1	14.7	14.6	1.4	1.2	1.2	8.8	8.7	9.
La Crosse	10.8	11.0	11.2	2.4	2.5	2.5	13.7	14.0	14.
Madison	21.9	22.9	23.0	7.0	7.2	7.3	43.5	45.0	45
Milwaukee	168.4	172.9	173.8	34.7	35.2	35.4	156.9	160.8	163
Racine	24.3	24.8	24.7	2.2	2.1	2.2	16.2	16.8	16
Wausau	12.2	13.0	13.3	2.7	2.9	2.9	11.0	11.1	11.
Nyoming	7.6	7.8	7.9	12.7	12.5	12.6	39.0	38.5	38
Puerto Rico	149.1	156.3	154.6	16.3	15.5	15.7	132.7	137.0	138
Caguas	15.1	15.4	15.1	(')	(')	()	9.0	9.3	9.
Mayaguez	19.1	20.5	20.3	Ö l	Ö	ŏ I	7.6	7,8	7.
Ponce	9.7	9.2	9.4	Č	Ö	Ö i	7.8	7.6	7
San Juan	64.3	66.4	66.4	12.5	12.5	<b>`13.1</b>	91.4	97.0	97
/irgin Islands	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.7	2.6	9.4	9.7	9

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		nce, insuran nd real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Virginia	141.2	146.0	147,4	621.7	654.4	688.3	532.1	545.9	545.0
Bristol	1.2	1.3	1.3	4.7	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.1
Charlottesville	3.5	3.6	3.6	11.7	11.6	12.0	22.6	24.2	24.0
Danville	1.2	1.2	1.2	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.2	5.3	5.3
Lynchburg	3.8	3.9	4.0	14.4	14.2	14.3	9.3	10.0	9.
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	26.1	27.1	27.4	127.9	135.1	138.5	128.4	128.6	128.
Northern Virginia	44.8	48.3	48.4	220.4	234.9	237.2	140.7	143.4	143.0
Richmond-Petersburg	35.6	35.5	35.6	90.6	95.4	95.5	90.0	92.7	91.6
Roanoke	8.0	8.4	8.5	27.4	27.7	27.7	15.2	15.4	15.3
Vashington	106.9	107.1	107.7	412.8	436.9	442.3	362.1	364.6	364.
Seattle	67.7	67.7	68.1	212.9	230.2	232.8	131.2	132.1	132.
Vest Virginia	23.9	24.3	24.4	123.9	123.1	125.4	129.6	131.6	131.
Charleston	6.0	6.0	6.0	25.1	25.2	25.2	21.1	21.2	21.
Huntington-Ashland	3.9	3.8	3.8	20.1	21.2	21.4	19.9	16.9	18.9
Parkersburg-Marietta	2.3	2.3	2.3	13.6	13.6	13.8	9.7	10.1	10.
Wheeling	2.6	2.7	2.7	16.0	15.6	15.7	9.4	9.5	9.
Visconsin	111.3	112.7	113.5	449.1	459.3	464.7	337.7	336.4	338.
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	7.0	7.4	7.5	26.9	27.9	28.0	16.6	17.2	17.:
Eau Claire	1.9	1.9	1.9	11.7	12.0	12.3	10.7	11.1	10.
Green Bay	3.3	3.4	3.5	20.3	22.0	22.4	11.0	11.3	11.4
Janesville-Beloit	1.6	1.7	1.7	11.6	12.2	12.6	6.7	6.7	7.0
Kenosha	1.2	1.3	1.4	8.2	8.3	8.4	6.4	6.5	6.5
La Crosse	1.4	1.4	1.5	13.6	14.0	14.3	7.9	7.6	7.1
Madison	17.3	17.7	18.1	42.4	43.6	44.1	58.2	57.3	58.
Milwaukee	48.0	48.8	46.7	178.2	184.0	185.7	82.6	83.1	82.0
Racine	2.2	2.3	2.3	14.1	14.5	14.7	8.2	8.3	8.
Wausau	3.4	3.4	3.4	7.8	6.2	8.2	6.5	6.2	6.:
Vyoming	7.5	7.2	7.2	30.6	30.9	30.9	51.9	52.2	52.
Puerto Rico	34.3	35.9	36.1	109.3	114.4	114.3	269.4	275.8	276.
Caguas	()	Ċ	C)	(1)	(1)	(')	15.3	15.5	15.
Mayaguez	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	18.0	18.6	18.6
Ponce	Ö	ö	Ö	9.3	9.4	9.2	16.4	16.9	16.
San Juan	28.0	29.3	29.4	78.7	81.8	81.6	158.9	163.8	164.9
/irgin Islands	1.7	1.7	1.7	9.3	9.7	9.7	12.6	12.8	12.

Not available.
 <sup>2</sup> Combined with construction.
 <sup>p</sup> = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1987 benchmarks except Colorado. Data for Colorado have been adjusted to December 1966 benchmarks.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

# C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

	-	Total private	I		Mining			Construction	1
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				A	nnual averag	es		<u></u>	
964	38.7	\$2.36	\$91.33	41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06
965	38.8	2.46	95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
966	38.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
967	38.0	2.68	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95
968	37.8	2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49
969	37.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
970	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
971	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
972	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
973	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89
974	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25
975	36.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.95	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.08
976	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73
977	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.65
978	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69
979	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
980	35.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
981	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26
982	34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.82
983	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.28	479.40	37.1	11.94	442.97
984	35.2	8.32	292.86	43.3	11.63	503.58	37.8	12.13	458.51
985	34.9	8.57	299.09	43.4	11.98	519.93	37.7	12.32	464.46
986	34.8	8.76	304.85	42.2	12.46	525.81	37.4	12.48	466.75
987	34.8	8.98	312.50	42.4	12.52	530.85	37.8	12.69	479.68
			I	Monthly data	, not seasor	ally adjusted	j	ł	I
987:									
May	34.8	\$8.93	\$310.76	42.4	\$12.50	\$530.00	38.5	\$12.66	\$487.41
June	35.0	8.91	311.85	42.3	12.52	529.60	38.1	12.66	482.35
Juły	35.0	8.90	311.50	42.0	12.41	521.22	38.6	12.60	486.36
August	35.2	8.94	314.69	42.7	12.40	529.48	38.6	12.68	489.45
September	34.7	9.05	314.04	42.3	12.50	528.75	36.5	12.79	466.84
October	34.9	9.08	316.89	42.9	12.42	532.82	38.8	12.82	497.42
November	34.8	9.13	317.72	42.6	12.54	534.20	37.1	12.83	475.99
December	34.8	9.13	317.72	43.1	12.60	543.06	37.6	12.81	481.66
January	34.4	9.18	315.79	42.1	12.77	537.62	35.9	12.99	466.34
February	34.5	9.17	316.37	42.1	12.71	531.28	36.1	12.85	462.80
March	34.4	9.18	315.79	41.9	12.59	527.52	37.4	12.87	481.34
April <sup>®</sup>	34.7	9.22	319.93	41.3	12.58	538.42	37.9	12.85	487.02

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

# C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

		Manufa	acturing		Trans	oortation and utilities	public	v	/holesale tra	de
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earning
					Annual	averages				
964	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	41.1	\$2.89	\$118.78	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.56
965	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	3.03	125.14	40.8	2.61	106.4
66	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.1
967	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.88	116.0
968	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.05	122.3
969	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.8
20	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.44	107.0
970										137.2
971	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.5	3.65	144.1
972	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.6
973	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.3	4.08	160.3
974	40.0	4.42	4.25	176.80	40.2	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.39	170.3
975	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.7	4.73	183.0
976	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	6.45	256.71	38.7	5.03	194.6
977	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6,99	278.90	38.8	5.39	209.1
978	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.1
979	40.4	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.9
	39.7	7.27	7.00	288.62	39.6	8.87	351,25	38.5	6.00	267.9
980			7.02						6.96	
981	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.56	291.0
982	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.09	309.8
983	40.1	8.83	8.52	354.08	39.0	10.79	420.81	38.5	8.55	329.1
984	40.7	9.19	8.82	374.03	39.4	11.12	438.13	38.5	8.89	342.2
985	40.5	9.54	9.16	386.37	39.5	11.40	450.30	38.4	9.16	351.7
986	40.7	9.73	9.34	396.01	39.2	11.70	458.64	38.3	9.35	358.1
987	41.0	9.91	9.48	406.31	39.2	12.03	471.58	38.1	9.59	365.3
				l Month	y data, not	seasonally a	djusted		I	1
987:				<u> </u>	-	T				ľ
May	40.9	\$9.87	\$9.45	\$403.68	39.1	\$11.93	\$466.46	38.3	\$9.56	\$366.1
June	41.1	9.87	9.44	405.66	39.2	11.94	468.05	38.3	9.54	365.3
July	40.6	9.87	9.45	400.72	39.6	12.00	475.20	38.2	9.56	365.1
	40.0	9.86	9.45	400.72	39.0	12.00	475.20	38.3	9.50	367.6
August							r i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			
September	40.8	9.99	9.53	407.59	39.2	12.11	474.71	38.0	9.64	366.3
October	41.3	9.95	9.48	410.94	39.4	12.12	477.53	38.3	9.65	369.6
November	41.4	10.01	9.54	414.41	39.3	12.21	479.85	38.2	9.72	371.3
December	41.8	10.07	9.59	420.93	39.2	12.24	479.81	38.2	9.73	371.6
	41.0	10.07	9.62	412.87	39.0	12.16	474.24	37.9	9.78	370.6
January								l i		
February	40.7	10.05	9.63	409.04	38.9	12.23	475.75	37.9	9.78	370.6
March	40.9	10.07	9.64	411.86	38.6	12.19	470.53	37.9	9.78	370.6
April <sup>®</sup>	41.0	10.11	9.67	414.51	38.9	12.17	473.41	38.2	9.88	377.4
May <sup>e</sup>	41.0	10.14	9.70	415.74	38.8	12.18	472.58	38.1	9.88	376.4

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

Year and		Retail trade			ance, insurai nd real esta			Services	
month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
		•		A	nnual averag	es			
964	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.75	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.79	36.1	\$1.94	\$70.03
965	36.6	1.82	66.61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	2.05	73.60
966	35.9	1.91	68.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	80.38
968	34.7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	83.97
969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
971	33.7	2.60	87.62	36.6	3.22	117.85	33.9	3.04	103.06
972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	3.36	122.98	33.9	3.27	110.85
973	33.1	2.91	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
974	32.7	3.14	102.68	36.5	3.77	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
975	32.4	3.36	108.86	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
976	32.1	3.57	114.60	36.4	4.27	155.43	33.3	4.31	143.52
977	31.6	3.85	121.66	36.4	4.54	165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
978	31.0	4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4.99	163.67
979	30.6	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	190.71
981	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	6.31	229.05	32.6	6.41	208.97
982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44	32.6	6.92	225.59
983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7	7.31	239.04
984	29.8	5.85	174.33	36.5	7.63	278.50	32.6	7.59	247.43
985	29.4	5.94	174.64	36.4	7.94	289.02	32.5	7.90	256.75
986	29.2	6.03	176.08	36.4	8.36	304.30	32.5	8.18	265.85
987	29.2	6.11	178.41	36.3	8.73	316.90	32.5	8.48	275.60
L		I	N	Monthly data	, not seasor	ally adjusted	1		L
987:									
May	29.2	\$6.09	\$177.83	36.3	\$8.72	\$316.54	32.4	\$8.40	\$272.16
June	29.6	6.08	179.97	36.4	8.63	314.13	32.7	8.37	273.70
July	30.0	6.07	182.10	36.2	8.63	312.41	32.8	8.34	273.55
August	30.2	6.07	183.31	36.4	8.74	318.14	32.9	8.40	276.36
September	29.5	6.20	182.90	36.0	8.73	314.28	32.4	8.54	276.70
October	29.1	6.16	179.26	36.2	8.76	317.11	32.5	8.61	279.83
November	29.0	6.18	179.22	36.3	8.89	322.71	32.5	8.71	283.08
December	29.3	6.19	181.37	36.0	8.81	317.16	32.4	8.73	282.85
988:	00.0	6.04	176 50	06.0	0.06	204.05	22.4	0.01	005 44
January	28.3	6.24	176.59	36.2	8.96	324.35	32.4	8.81	285.44
February	28.5	6.23	177.56	36.4	9.02	328.33	32.6	8.81	287.21
March	28.6	6.24	178.46	35.8	8.97	321.13	32.3	8.80	284.24
April <sup>o</sup>	28.9	6.25	180.63	36.2	9.05	327.61	32.6	8.82	287.53
May <sup>₽</sup>	29.0	6.27	181.83	35.7	9.17	327.37	32.4	8.87	287.39

#### C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date-Continued

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and

manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

 $^{p}$  = preliminary. NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks. Thus, data beginning in April 1986 may differ slightly from those previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

	1972		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988°	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	May 1988
Total private		34.5	34.8	34.4	34.7	34.6			1		
Mining		41.6	42.4	41.9	42.8	42.4					
Metal mining	10	41.8	41.7	42.8	42.9						
Iron ores		40.0	41.2	41.5	-						
Copper ores	102	43.7	42.7	44.6	45.1						
										]	
Coal mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining		40.9 41.0	42.1 42.2	42.1 42.1	42.1 42.2						
	12	41.0	42.2	46.1	42.2						
Oil and gas extraction	13	41.0	41.2	41.0	42.2						}
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids .		40.5	40.8	40.4	41.8					1	1
Oil and gas field services	138	41.3	41.5	41.4	42.4						
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	44.7	46.3	44.3	45.8						
Crushed and broken stone		45.4	48.0	45.4	47.2						
Construction		37.4	38.5	37.4	37.9	38.4					
General building contractors	15	37.2	37.8	37.2	37.4						
Residential building construction		36.7	37.3	36.3	36.5						
Operative builders		37.4	37.9	38.4	38.2						
Nonresidential building construction	154	37.8	38.4	38.0	38.3						
Liona, construction contractors	16	40.7	40.0	40.9	42.0					ļ	ļ
Heavy construction contractors Highway and street construction		40.7	42.8 43.9	40.9	42.0						
Heavy construction, except highway		40.8	42.1	41.1	42.0						
Special trade contractors	17	36.6	37.6	36.6	37.1						
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		37.8	38.5	38.0	38.3						
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating	172	36.0	36.8	35.2	35.9						
Electrical work		38.3	38.7	38.6	38.6			-			
Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentering and flooring		34.5 35.2	35.5 36.0	34.9 35.3	35.3 35.5					]	
Roofing and sheet metal work		32.7	34.3	33.3	34.3						
Manufacturing	ļ	40.4	40.9	40.9	41.0	41.0	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.6
Durable goods		41.1	41.5	41.6	41.7	41.8	3.4	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.0
Lumber and wood products	24	40.6	44.0	20.0	40.6	40.5	26	10		25	
Lumber and wood products Logging camps and logging contractors		40.6 40.2	41.3 40.4	39.9 39.7	40.6 40.3	40.5	3.6 3.8	4.0 4.2	3.3 3.8	3.5	
Sawmills and planing mills		41.7	42.6	41.3	41.8		4.4	4.7	4.1	4.3	
Sawmills and planing mills, general		42.1	42.8	41.6	42.2		4.7	4.9	4.4	4.7	
Hardwood dimension and flooring		40.3	42.0	40.1	40.0		3.4	4.2	3.0	3.0	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork		41.0	41.8 42.4	39.4 39.2	40.4 40.5		3.5 2.8	4.0 3.8	2.9 2.1	3.2	
Wood kitchen cabinets		40.4	40.3	38.2	39.2		3.3	3.3	2.2	2.7	
Hardwood veneer and plywood		40.9	41.3	40.7	40.8		4.0	3.9	3.7	3.6	
Softwood veneer and plywood		42.5	43.1	41.2	43.0	1	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.9	
Wood containers		38.1	38.5	38.4	39.1		2.7	2.9	3.0	3.3	
Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes		38.5 38.0	39.7 38.9	37.9 37.3	38.9 38.6		2.2 1.9	2.8 2.3	1.9 1.6	2.3	
Miscellaneous wood products		40.0	40.5	40.6	40.3		3.3	3.2	3.1	2.9	
Furniture and fixtures	25	38.8	39.6	39.0	39.1	38.9	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.5	
Household furniture		38.8	39.5	39.0	39.1	- 30.9	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.5	
Wood household furniture		39.2	39.8	39.3	39.4		2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	
Upholstered household furniture		37.9	38.2	37.5	37.1	l	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.5	
Metal household furniture		41.0	41.4	42.1	41.2		3.7	4.1	4.0	3.5	
Mattresses and bedsprings		37.1	37.7	38.9	38.9		1.7	2.5	2.8	3.1	
Office furniture Public building and related furniture		39.0 39.2	40.3 39.9	39.7 39.8	40.2 40.5	ļ	2.1 2.3	2.9 2.6	2.1 3.6	2.5 3.8	{
Partitions and fixtures		39.1	40.2	39.4	40.1	1	2.0	2.8	2.8	2.9	
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		38.5	40.0	37.6	37.9		2.1	2.4	1.8	1.9	
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	42.1	42.8	42.0	42.5	42.8	4.9	5.3	4.8	5.2	
Flat glass	321	45.7	46.3	45.1	45.7	-	6.5	7.1	6.8	7.4	
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	41.3	41.3	41.5	41.9		4.5	4.7	4.5	4.7	

See footnotes at end of table.

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C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	-
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	May 1988°	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	May 1988°
Total private		\$8.91	\$8.93	\$9.18	\$9.22	\$9.26	\$307.40	\$310.76	\$315.79	\$319.93	\$320.4
Mining		12.51	12.50	12.59	12.58	12.53	520.42	530.00	527.52	538.42	531.27
Metal mining	10	13.03	12.86	13.08	12.83		544.65	536.26	559.82	550.41	
Iron ores		15.28	14.14	14.22	-		611.20	582.57	590.13		
Copper ores		11.40	11.48	11.70	11.80		498.18	490.20	521.82	532.18	
Coal mining	11,12	15.55	15.61	15.76	15.80		636.00	657.18	663.50	665.18	}
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		15.61	15.67	15.81	15.86		640.01	661.27	665.60	669.29	
Oil and gas extraction	13	11.56	11.55	11.58	11.67	!	473.96	475.86	474.78	492.47	
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids .	131,2	13.95	13.96	14.32	14.37		564.98	569.57	578.53	600.67	
Oil and gas field services	138	9.97	10.01	10.04	10.18		411.76	415.42	415.66	431.63	
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	10.50	10.56	10.78	10.84		469.35	488.93	477.55	496.47	
Crushed and broken stone	142	9.82	10.05	10.14	10.25		445.83	482.40	460.36	483.80	
Construction		12.62	12.66	12.87	12.85	12.87	471.99	487.41	481.34	487.02	494.21
General building contractors	15	11.60	11.63	12.04	12.08		431.52	439.61	447.89	451.79	
Residential building construction		10.94	10.92	11.40	11.43		401.50	407.32	413.82	417.20	
Operative builders		10.16	10.09	10.94	10.79		379.98	382.41	420.10	412.18	
Nonresidential building construction	154	12.42	12.50	12.80	12.88		469.48	480.00	486.40	493.30	
Heavy construction contractors	16	12.00	12.17	12.01	12.15		488.40	520.88	491.21	510.30	1
Highway and street construction		11.50	11.92	11.76	11.91		465.75	523.29	473.93	497.84	1
Heavy construction, except highway		12.27	12.32	12.12	12.28		500.62	518.67	498.13	515.76	
Special trade contractors	17	13.25	13.26	13.47	13.40		484.95	498.58	493.00	497.14	
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		13.53	13.51	13.65	13.72		511.43	520.14	518.70	525.48	
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		12.55	12.54	12.83	12.75		451.80	461.47	451.62	457.73	
Electrical work		14.63	14.69	14.69	14.66		560.33	568.50	567.03	565.88	
Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentering and flooring		13.40 12.46	13.53 12.50	13.56 12.70	13.58 12.70		462.30 438.59	480.32 450.00	473.24 448.31	479.37 450.85	1
Roofing and sheet metal work		11.50	11.57	12.03	11.92		376.05	396.85	400.60	408.86	
Manufacturing	E.	9.87	9.87	10.07	10.11	10.14	398.75	403.68	411.86	414.51	415.74
Durable goods		10.38	10.38	10.59	10.65	10.67	426.62	430.77	440.54	444.11	446.01
Lumber and wood products	24	8.36	8.37	8.45	8.49	8.55	339.42	345.68	337.16	344.69	346.28
Logging camps and logging contractors		10.64	10.63	10.43	10.58	-	427.73	429.45	414.07	426.37	-
Sawmills and planing mills		8.58	8.55	8.59	8.65		357.79	364.23	354.77	361.57	
Sawmills and planing mills, general		8.95	8.90	8.93	8.99		376.80	380.92	371.49	379.38	
Hardwood dimension and flooring		6.73	6.78	6.91	6.95		271.22	284.76	277.09	278.00	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork		8.29	8.32	8.59	8.56		339.89	347.78	338.45	345.82	
Wood kitchen cabinets		8.57 7.66	8.63 7.64	8.88 7.83	8.75 7.88		352.23 309.46	365.91 307.89	348.10 299.11	354.38 308.90	
Hardwood veneer and plywood	1	6.79	6.79	6.94	6.99		277.71	280.43	282.46	285.19	
Softwood veneer and plywood		9.69	9.65	10.15	10.19		411.83	415.92	418.18	438.17	
Wood containers	244	6.09	6.14	6.25	6.33		232.03	236.39	240.00	247.50	
Wood buildings and mobile homes		7.87	7.86	7.98	8.04	Ì	303.00	312.04	302.44	312.76	
Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products		7.96 7.27	7.92 7.32	8.02 7.23	8.12 7.31		302.48 290.80	308.09 296.46	299.15 293.54	313.43 294.59	
Furniture and fixtures	25	7.59	7.63	7.76	7.81	7.87	294.49	302.15	302.64	305.37	306.14
Household furniture	251	6.99	7.04	7.19	7.22	-	270.51	276.67	279.69	279.41	-
Wood household furniture		6.50	6.52	6.72	6.74		254.80	259.50	264.10	265.56	
Upholstered household furniture		7.72	7.73	7.93	7.94		292.59	295.29	297.38	294.57	
Metal household furniture		6.85	6.98	6.85	6.94	ļ	280.85	288.97	288.39	285.93	
Mattresses and bedsprings		7.41	7.63	7.73	7.83		274.91	287.65	300.70	304.59	
Office furniture Public building and related furniture		8.64 8.04	8.67 8.13	8.82 8.06	8.85 8.21		336.96 315.17	349.40 324.39	350.15 320.79	355.77 332.51	
Partitions and fixtures		9.11	9.07	9.25	9.32		315.17	324.39	320.79	332.51	
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		8.04	8.00	8.23	8.21		309.54	320.00	309.45	311.16	
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	10.23	10.26	10.36	10.40	10.45	430.68	439.13	435.12	442.00	447.26
Flat glass	321	14.34	14.50	14.71	14.96	-	655.34	671.35	663.42	683.67	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	11.46	11.37	11.51	11.64		473.30	469.58	477.67	487.72	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>0</sup>	May 1988⁰	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	May 1988
Durable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products-Continued										ł	
Glass containers		41.9	41.8	41.0	41.9		5.6	5.8	5.1	5.7	l
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	40.6	40.7	42.0	41.9		3.3	3.3	3.9	3.6	
Products of purchased glass		41.1	41.4	41.6	42.0		3.5	3.5	3.2	3.4	
Cement, hydraulic		41.5	41.3	43.5	42.9		3.6	3.4	4.2	3.8	1
Structural clay products	325	42.2	42.1	41.7	42.0		4.1	4.1	4.2	4.3	{
Pottery and related products		39.9	40.3	40.3	39.7		2.9	2.7	3.1	3.0	[
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		43.3	44.8	42.3	43.4		6.3	7.2	5.9	6.7	
Concrete block and brick		45.8	46.7	45.0	45.0		8.2	9.0	7.1	7.9	ĺ
Concrete products, nec		42.5	43.3	42.5	42.7		5.2	6.0	5.6	6.0	
Ready-mixed concrete		42.4	44.8	40.7	42.6		6.1	7.4	. 5.5	6.6	1
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		41.6	41.8	42.5	42.6		4.2	4.3	4.7	4.7	ĺ
Abrasive products		40.5	41.7	43.3	43.1		2.7	2.9	4.0	3.9	1
Asbestos products	3292	43.2	43.1	43.3	42.5		5.7	5.3	3. <del>9</del>	4.0	
Primary metal industries		42.5	42.8	43.4	43.4	43.6	4.4	4.7	5.2	5.4	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		42.9	43.0	43.7	43.8	43.9	4.4	4.6	5.5	5.6	
Blast furnaces and steel mills		43.0	43.0	43.9	44.1	-	4.4	4.6	5.6	5.8	
Steel pipe and tubes		42.3	42.8	42.9	43.2		4.2	4.9	5.5	5.8	
Iron and steel foundries		42.1	42.6	43.5	43.6		4.5	4.9	5.3	5.7	
Gray iron foundries		41.8	42.3	43.4	43.8		4.8	5.3	5.5	6.2	
Malleable iron foundries		41.8	40.5	42.0	41.6		3.2	3.1	4.0	3.5	
Steel foundries, nec		41.5	42.8	43.7	43.8		3.6	4.5	5.2	5.4	
Primary nonferrous metals		43.4	43.5	43.8	44.0		4.5	4.4	4.9	4.8	
Primary aluminum		44.1	44.9	44.2	44.4		4.6	5.0	4.8	5.0	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		42.8	43.2	43.5	43.4		5.0	5.4	5.6	5.9	
Copper rolling and drawing		42.6	42.8	43.8	43.3		5.5	5.5	5.8	5.7	ļ
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		44.0	44.4	45.4	44.5		7.0	6.7	7.6	7.3	[
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		42.3	42.6	43.2	43.1		4.1	4.7	4.9	5.3	
Nonferrous foundries		41.0 41.2	41.4 41.9	41.8 42.4	41.9 42.7		3.1 3.4	3.4 3.7	3.9 4.3	3.9 4.3	
Fabricated metal products	24	40.9	41.3	41.6	41.7	41.9	3.2	3.6	3.9	4.0	
Metal cans and shipping containers		40.9	41.3	41.6	41.7	41.9	3.2 5.5	5.8	5.5	5.6	
Metal cans		43.9	44.2	43.5	44.3		5.6	5.0	5.5	5.0	[
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware		40.3	40.9	41.7	41.8		2.5	3.0	3.7	3.9	
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades		40.7	41.4	41.6	41.1		2.6	2.9	3.4	3.2	
Hardware, nec		39.7	40.3	41.5	42.0		2.5	3.0	3.7	4.3	1
Plumbing and heating, except electric		39.6	40.6	40.6	40.7		2.2	2.9	3.1	3.1	ł
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		40.4	41.3	41.2	41.1		2.0	2.8	3.4	3.4	
Heating equipment, except electric		38.6	40.0	39.6	40.0		2.0	2.6	2.3	2.2	
Fabricated structural metal products		40.1	40.8	40.4	40.7		2.7	3.2	3.2	3.4	1
Fabricated structural metal	1	41.2	41.8	41.5	42.0		3.1	3.7	4.0	4.5	)
Metal doors, sash, and trim		39.4	40,4	38.5	39.8		2.3	3.2	2.1	2.9	1
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		41.0	41.5	42.5	42.1		3.3	3.4	4.2	3.9	1
Sheet metal work		39.3	39.7	40.1	39.9		2.4	2.9	3.0	2.9	
Architectural metal work		40.2	40.6	39.7	39.5		3.0	3.0	3.0	2.8	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		42.2	42.8	42.9	42.7		4.3	4.9	5.1	4.9	
Screw machine products		40.9	41.0	41.8	41.6		3.1	3.5	4.5	4.2	1
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		43.6	44.8	44.2	44.1		5.8	6.6	5.9	5.9	1
Metal forgings and stampings		41.8	41.9	42.6	43.1		4.2	4.1	4.7	5.2	1
Iron and steel forgings		41.1	41.7	43.3	43.3		3.2	3.3	4.5	5.1	
Automotive stampings		43.6	42.8	43.7	45.3		5.4	4.9	5.4	6.7	
Metal stampings, nec	3469	40.0	40.8	41.2	40.8		3.1	3.4	4.1	3.9	1
Metal services, nec		40.2	40.7	41.1	40.8		3.2	3.4	3.7	3.6	1
Plating and polishing	3471	40.4	40.4	41.0	40.5		3.1	3.4	3.8	3.5	1
Metal coating and allied services		39.9	41.2	41.2	41.3		3.3	3.5	3.4	3.7	1
Ordnance and accessories, nec		41.0	41.0	42.0	41.5		2.7	2.9	3.3	3.2	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		40.0	40.1	41.1	40.6		2.2	2.3	2.7	2.5	
Misc. fabricated metal products		40.5	41.2	41.9	41.8		2.8	3.3	3.8	3.7	
Valves and pipe fittings Misc. fabricated wire products		40.7 40.2	41.5 40.8	42.6 41.0	42.1 41.1		2.8 2.6	3.3 3.3	4.1 3.5	3.7 3.5	
		+0.2									
Machinery, except electrical		41.6	42.0	42.7	42.6	42.4	3.4	3.7	4.3	4.3	
Engines and turbines		42.8	42.2	44.2	44.4	-	5.8	4.7	5.2	5.4	
Turbines and turbine generator sets	10510	39.0	39.5	42.5	43.1		3.3	3.4	4.3	5.0	
Internal combustion engines, nec		44.1	43.1	44.7	44.8		6.6	5.1	5.5	5.5	
Farm and garden machinery		41.5	41.5	43.7	43.7		3.3	3.2	4.2	4.3	l
Farm machinery and equipment	3523	41.5	42.0	43.9	44.1		3.4	3.6	4.3	4.7	1

See footnotes at end of table.

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C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	e hourly e	arnings			Average	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988⁰	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988⁰	May 1988
Durable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products-Continued											
Glass containers		\$12.00	\$11.88	\$11.93	\$12.15		\$502.80		\$489.13	\$509.09	
Pressed and blown glass, nec		10.82	10.75	11.06	11.05		439.29	437.53	464.52	463.00	
Products of purchased glass		9.04	8.92	8.86	8.97		371.54	369.29	368.58	376.74	
Cement, hydraulic		13.48	13.41	13.26	13.14		559.42	553.83	576.81	563.71	
Structural clay products		8.46	8.43	8.72	8.85		357.01	354.90	363.62	371.70	
Pottery and related products	4	8.83	8.85	9.14	9.25		352.32	356.66	368.34	367.23	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Concrete block and brick		9.92	10.07 8.90	10.10 9.14	10.09 9.31		429.54 405.79	451.14	427.23 411.30	437.91 418.95	
Concrete products, nec		8.72	8.87	9.14	9.00		370.60	384.07	385.48	384.30	
Ready-mixed concrete		10.82	10.96	10.99	10.90		458.77	491.01	447.29	464.34	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		10.33	10.33	10.55	10.56		429.73	431.79	448.38	449.86	
Abrasive products		9.76	9.81	10.08	10.07		395.28	409.08	436.46	434.02	
Asbestos products		10.33	10.27	10.36	10.64		446.26	442.64	448.59	452.20	
Primary metal industries	33	11.92	11.92	12.07	12.12	\$12.14	506.60	510.18	523.84	526.01	\$529
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		13.78	13.73	13.89	13.96	13.99	591.16	590.39	606.99	611.45	614.
Blast furnaces and steel mills	3312	14.49	14.43	14.63	14.68	-	623.07	620.49	642.26	647.39	
Steel pipe and tubes		11.01	11.16	10.94	10.92		465.72	477.65	469.33	471.74	
Iron and steel foundries		10.75	10.79	10.86	10.97		452.58	459.65	472.41	478.29	ĺ
Gray iron foundries		11.20	11.24	11.38	11.55		468.16	475.45	493.89	505.89	
Malleable iron foundries		11.60	11.58	11.66	11.52		484.88	468.99	489.72	479.23	
Steel foundnes, nec		10.10	10.17	10.18	10.20		419.15	435.28	444.87	446.76	
Primary nonferrous metals		12.84	12.87	13.17	13.19		557.26	559.85	576.85	580.36	
Primary aluminum		13.26	13.29 11.39	13.59 11.51	13.59		584.77	596.72 492.05	600.68	603.40 501.07	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing Copper rolling and drawing		11.33	10.60	10.75	11.55 10.78		484.92 449.86	492.05	500.69 470.85	501.27 466.77	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		13.77	13.92	13.89	13.81		605.88	618.05	630.61	614.55	
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		11.20	11.29	11.60	11.75		473.76	480.95	501.12	506.43	
Nonferrous foundries		9.58	9.52	9.59	9.62		392.78	394.13	400.86	403.08	
Aluminum foundries		9.90	9.78	9.84	9.82		407.88	409.78	417.22	419.31	
Fabricated metal products	34	9.95	9.94	10.14	10.22	10.23	406.96	410.52	421.82	426.17	428.0
Metal cans and shipping containers		13.16	13.16	13.43	13.51	-	577.72	581.67	584.21	598.49	-
Metal cans	3411	13.92	13.93	14.31	14.38		611.09	612.92	625.35	638.47	
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware		9.89	9.87	10.02	10.25		398.57	403.68	417.83	428.45	
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades		9.17	9.16	9.24	9.30		373.22	379.22	384.38	382.23	
Hardware, nec		10.23	10.21	10.37	10.75		406.13	411.46	430.36	451.50	
Plumbing and heating, except electric		9.12	9.15	9.25	9.23		361.15	371.49	375.55	375.66	
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		8.64	8.73	8.88	8.89		349.06	360.55	365.86	365.38	
Heating equipment, except electric Fabricated structural metal products		9.12	9.10 9.23	8.94 9.50	8.94 9.47		352.03 369.72	364.00 376.58	354.02 383.80	357.60 385.43	
Fabricated structural metal		9.69	9.23	10,13	10.11	[	399.23	409.22	420.40	424.62	
Metal doors, sash, and trim		7.66	7.66	8.00	8.04		301.80	309.46	308.00	319.99	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		10.25	10.15	10.26	10.23		420.25	421.23	436.05	430.68	
Sheet metal work		9.57	9.61	9.77	9.76		376.10	381.52	391.78	389.42	
Architectural metal work	3446	8.83	8.87	8.89	8.81		354.97	360.12	352.93	348.00	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	345	9.60	9.76	9.94	9.94		405.12	417.73	426.43	424.44	
		8.91	9.07	9.30	9.27		364.42	371.87	388.74	385.63	
Bolts, nuts, nvets, and washers		10.34	10.49	10.67	10.72		450.82	469.95	471.61	472.75	
Metal forgings and stampings		11.71	11.66	12.04	12.30	(	489.48	488.55	512.90	530.13	
Iron and steel forgings		12.43	12.39	12.75	13.00		510.87	516.66	552.08	562.90	
Automotive stampings	1	13.51	13.47	14.14	14.47		589.04	576.52	617.92	655.49	
Metal stampings, nec Metal services, nec		9.21 8.03	9.19 7.95	9.41 8.12	9.49 8.20		368.40 322.81	374.95 323.57	387.69 333.73	387.19 334.56	
Plating and polishing		7.95	7.90	8.12	8.20	1	321.18	319.16	335.79	332.91	
Metal coating and allied services		8.19	8.04	8.00	8.16		326.78	331.25	329.60	337.01	
Ordnance and accessories, nec		10.87	10.86	11.22	11.19	1	445.67	445.26	471.24	464.39	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		10.45	10.44	10.86	10.81		418.00	418.64	446.35	438.89	
Misc. fabricated metal products		9.25	9.28	9.37	9.40		374.63	382.34	392.60	392.92	
Valves and pipe fittings	3494	9.83	9.87	10.19	10.22		400.08	409.61	434.09	430.26	
Misc. fabricated wire products		8.38	8.43	8.32	8.33		336.88	343.94	341.12	342.36	
Machinery, except electrical		10.63	10.63	10.84	10.88	10.91	442.21	446.46	462.87	463.49	462.5
Engines and turbines		13.52	13.27	13.55	13.64	-	578.66	559.99	598.91	605.62	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets Internal combustion engines, nec	3511	12.77	12.69	13.88	13.82		498.03	501.26	589.90	595.64	
		13.74	13.44	13.46	13.59 9.84		605.93	579.26	601.66	608.83	
Farm and garden machinery Farm machinery and equipment		9.90	9.84	9.81	9.84 10.54		410.85	408.36	428.70	430.01	
r ann maonmory and oquipmont	0020	10.69	10.59	10.51	10.54		443.64	444.78	461.39	464.81	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers<sup>1</sup> on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988°	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	Ma 198
Durable goods-Continued	T										
Machinery, except electrical-Continued											
Construction and related machinery	. 353	41.9	42.3	43.5	43.4		2.9	3.4	4.3	4.4	
Construction machinery		42.9	42.7	44.9	44.3		2.7	3.1	4.0	4.2	
Mining machinery		41.2	42.3	43.2	42.7		3.1	4.3	5.0	4.7	
Oil field machinery	. 3533	42.6	43.0	43.6	44.5		4.5	5.1	5.9	6.3	
Conveyors and conveying equipment	. 3535	41.7	42.3	42.7	42.8		3.3	3.8	4.5	4.4	ļ
Industrial trucks and tractors	. 3537	39.8	40.4	41.1	41.4		2.1	2.4	3.1	3.0	
Metalworking machinery		41.8	42.1	43.4	43.1		4.0	4.3	5.3	5.0	
Machine tools, metal cutting types		41.2	41.6	42.9	42.4		2.9	3.3	4.6	3.9	
Machine tools, metal forming types		40.4	41.4	44.6	44.3		3.5	4.1	6.1	5.7	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		42.8	42.7	44.0	43.7		5.0	5.0	6.0	5.7	
Machine tool accessories		40.6	41.3	42.1	42.2		3.1	3.7	4.6	4.3	
Power driven hand tools		39.4	40.9	42.7	42.0		2.0	3.1	3.3	3.5	
Special industry machinery		41.3	41.9	42.2	42.1		3.4	3.9	4.5	4.5	
Food products machinery		40.9	41.8	42.2	42.6		2.8	3.5	3.9	4.1	l
Textile machinery		42.8	43.6	42.7	42.6		3.8	4.5	4.1	3.9	1
Printing trades machinery		39.5	40.9	40.6	39.3		3.1	4.1	5.1	4.8	
General industrial machinery		41.6	42.1	42.9	42.9		3.1	3.5	4.3	4.7	
Pumps and pumping equipment		41.1	42.6	43.7	44.0		2.6	3.5	4.4	4.4	
Ball and roller bearings		43.6	43.2	44.2	44.1		4.8	4.6	5.4	6.2	
Air and gas compressors		41.5	42.5	43.1	42.6		2.8	3.2	5.2	5.5	
Blowers and fans		39.9	42.0	40.6	40.9		1.6	2.8	2.1	2.4	
Speed changers, drives, and gears		42.7	41.8	44.5	44.5		3.7	3.5	5.5	5.8	
Power transmission equipment, nec		40.9	41.0	42.2	41.6		3.6	3.5	5.0	4.7	1
Office and computing machines		42.1	42.5	41.6	41.2		3.1	3.2	3.2	3.1	
Electronic computing equipment		41.9	42.5	42.2	41.7		3.1	3.2	3.2	3.0	
Refrigeration and service machinery		40.9	41.6	41.7	41.7		2.7	3.3	3.5	3.4	
Refrigeration and heating equipment		40.9	41.8	42.0	42.3		2.5	3.3	3.7	3.6	
Misc. machinery, except electrical Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		41.0	41.5 41.4	42.0 42.7	42.0 43.1		3.4 3.6	3.6 3.7	4.5	4.4	
Machinery, except electrical, nec		41.0	41.5	41.9	41.9		3.4	3.6	4.8 4.5	4.3	
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	40.3	40.6	40.9	40.8	40.8	2.6	2.7	3.0	3.0	
Electric distributing equipment		39.9	40.5	42.4	42.3	-	2.1	2.4	3.6	3.4	
Transformers		40.4	41.2	42.3	42.2		1.9	2.5	3.6	3.5	
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		39.6	40.0	42.6	42.3		2.4	2.4	3.5	3.3	
Electrical industrial apparatus		40.4	40.8	42.3	42.0		2.5	2.9	4.0	3.7	ļ
Motors and generators		40.4	40.7	42.1	42.1		2.8	3.2	4.2	4.1	
Industrial controls		39.8	40.3	41.9	40.9		1.7	2.0	3.2	2.4	ľ
Household appliances		39.9	39.9	39.6	39.5		2.4	2.6	2.3	2.3	
Household refrigerators and freezers		40.8	40.2	40.2	39.7		2.5	2.9	3.5	3.1	
Household laundry equipment		40.1	40.5	40.0	39.8	1	2.1	2.4	1.5	1.7	1
Electric housewares and fans		40.4	39.9	40.4	40.1		2.5	2.5	2.8	2.6	
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		39.4	39.8	40.3	40.3		2.4	2.5	3.0	3.0	1
Electric lamps		40.1	40.0	40.5	40.3		2.6	2.7	3.4	3.1	
Current-carrying wiring devices		39.0	40.0	39.9	40.3		2.4	2.6	2.8	3.0	1
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		40.5	40.6	42.1	40.4		2.5	2.7	3.5	2.4	
Residential lighting fixtures	.  3645	37.6	37.9	38.3	38.4		.9	1.1	1.7	1.7	1
Radio and TV receiving equipment	. 365	40.4	40.3	39.8	40.1		2.1	2.0	2.2	2.9	1
Radio and TV receiving sets		40.6	40.5	39.6	39.9		1.4	1.4	1.6	2.4	
Communication equipment		40.9	41.3	41.1	40.9		2.3	2.5	2.6	2.5	1
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		41.1	41.9	43.0	42.9		2.0	2.6	3.3	3.3	1
Radio and TV communication equipment		40.9	41.1	40.4	40.2	-	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.2	1
Electronic components and accessories		40.3	40.8	40.6	40.4		3.0	3.0	3.2	3.1	
Electronic tubes		42.8	41.9	42.1	42.9	1	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.7	1
Semiconductors and related devices		40.3	40.5	40.2	40.1	1	4.1	3.4	3.4	3.4	1
Electronic components, nec		40.2	41.1	40.9	40.4		2.8	3.1	3.3	3.1	
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		39.9	40.5	41.6	41.9		2.7	3.1	3.3	3.8	
Storage batteries	. 3691	38.5	40.6	41.5	40.9		1.7	3.1	2.7	2.7	
Engine electrical equipment	3694	40.7	41.0	41.9	42.8		3.8	3.8	3.8	4.9	

See footnotes at end of table.

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# C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988⁰	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988
Durable goodsContinued											
Machinery, except electrical-Continued											
Construction and related machinery	. 353	\$11.00	\$10.96	\$11.06	\$11.05		\$460.90	\$463.61	\$481.11	\$479.57	'
Construction machinery	. 3531	12.18	12.12	12.28	12.33		522.52	517.52	551.37	546.22	
Mining machinery	. 3532	11.20	11.34	11.53	11.39		461.44	479.68	498.10	486.35	[
Oil field machinery		11.20	11.14	10.73	10.70		477.12	479.02	467.83	476.15	
Conveyors and conveying equipment	. 3535	9.71	9.71	9.77	9.84		404.91	410.73	417.18	421.15	
Industrial trucks and tractors		9.69	9.64	9.72	9.79		385.66	389.46	399.49	405.31	
Metalworking machinery		11.08	11.06	11.30	11.31		463.14	465.63	490.42	487.46	
Machine tools, metal cutting types		10.92	10.98	11.27	11.18		449.90	456.77	483.48	474.03	
Machine tools, metal forming types		11.42	11.48	11.71	11.77		461.37	475.27	522.27	521.41	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		11.86	11.81	12.04	12.11		507.61	504.29	529.76	529.21	
Machine tool accessories		9.88	9.90	10.12	10.09		401.13	408.87	426.05	425.80	
Power driven hand tools		8.58	8.52	8.84	8.85		338.05	348.47	377.47	371.70	
Special industry machinery		10.54	10.60	10.96	10.99		435.30	444.14	462.51	462.68	
Food products machinery		10.57	10.62	10.97	10.96	1	432.31	443.92	462.93	466.90	1
Textile machinery		8.59	8.75	9.11	9.15		367.65	381.50	389.00	389.79	
Printing trades machinery		11.24	11.30	11.86	11.92		443.98	462.17	481.52	468.46	
General industrial machinery		10.26	10.30	10.46	10.58		426.82	433.63	448.73 482.45	453.88	
Pumps and pumping equipment		10.88	10.98	11.04	11.17		447.17	467.75	482.45		1
Ball and roller bearings		10.87	10.92	10.93	11.15		473.93	471.74		491.72	
Air and gas compressors		10.18	10.30 9.08	10.45 9.27	10.50 9.30		422.47 363.89	437.75 381.36	450.40 376.36	380.37	
Blowers and fans Speed changers, drives, and gears		10.06	9.08	9.27	10.52		429.56	423.85	462.80	468.14	
Power transmission equipment, nec		10.00	10.14	10.40	10.52		429.50	423.85	402.80	400.14	
Office and computing machines		10.55	10.52	10.00	10.60		431.50	431.52	435.14	436.72	
Electronic computing equipment		10.13	10.18	10.40	10.60		424.87	432.65	440.99	442.44	
Refrigeration and service machinery		10.22	10.10	10.54	10.51		418.00	425.98	439.52	438.27	ł
Refrigeration and heating equipment		10.43	10.45	10.75	10.70		426.59	436.81	451.50	452.61	
Misc. machinery, except electrical		10.30	10.34	10.57	10.55		422.30	429.11	443.94	443.10	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		12.56	12.74	12.95	12.99		521.24	527.44	552.97	559.87	
Machinery, except electrical, nec		9.97	9.99	10.25	10.22		408.77	414.59	429.48	428.22	
Electrical and electronic equipment	. 36	9.81	9.81	10.04	10.09	\$10.11	395.34	398.29	410.64	411.67	\$41
Electric distributing equipment		9.11	9.10	9.39	9.38	-	363.49	368.55	398.14	396.77	-
Transformers	3612	8.97	8.97	9.19	9.18		362.39	369.56	388.74	387.40	
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	. 3613	9.24	9.22	9.56	9.56		365.90	368.80	407.26	404.39	
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	9.72	9.76	9.99	10.02		392.69	398.21	422.58	420.84	
Motors and generators	. 3621	9.61	9.64	9.99	10.03		388.24	392.35	420.58	422.26	
Industrial controls	3622	9.59	9.61	9.86	9.86		381.68	387.28	413.13	403.27	
Household appliances		9.70	9.71	10.05	10.04		387.03	387.43	397.98	396.58	
Household refrigerators and freezers		11.00	11.04	11.69	11.55		448.80	443.81	469.94	458.54	
Household laundry equipment		11.41	11.50	11.72	11.85		457.54	465.75	468.80	471.63	
Electric housewares and fans		7.37	7.37	7.37	7.31		297.75	294.06	297.75	293.13	
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		9.10	9.07	9.37	9.46		358.54	360.99	377.61	381.24	
Electric lamps		10.11	10.20	10.66	10.75		405.41	408.00	431.73	433.23	
Current-carrying wiring devices		8.66	8.59	8.96	9.03		337.74	343.60	357.50	363.91	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		9.28	9.30	9.32	9.34		375.84	377.58	392.37	377.34	1
Residential lighting fixtures		6.65	6.73	6.87	6.90		250.04	255.07	263.12	264.96	1
Radio and TV receiving equipment Radio and TV receiving sets	3651	9.23 9.55	9.16	9.31 9.73	9.60 9.97		372.89	369.15	370.54	384.96	
Communication equipment			9.47 11.66	9.73 11.94	9.97		387.73 475.67	383.54 481.56	385.31 490.73	397.80 491.21	
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		11.63 11.21	11.21	11.94	11.45		475.67	461.56	490.73	491.21	
Radio and TV communication equipment		11.78	11.84	12.14	12.24		481.80	486.62	491.92	491.21	
Electronic components and accessories		8.84	8.82	9.04	9.05		356.25	359.86	367.02	365.62	
Electronic tubes		11.09	11.01	11.36	11.19		474.65	461.32	478.26	480.05	
Semiconductors and related devices		10.52	10.51	11.00	11.04		423.96	425.66	442.20	442.70	[
Electronic components, nec		8.05	8.05	8.13	8.11		323.61	330.86	332.52	327.64	
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		10.55	10.56	10.73	10.78		420.95	427.68	446.37	451.68	
		11.04	11.11	11.30	11.14		425.04	451.07	468.95	455.63	
Storage batteries											

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	<b>.</b>
Industry	SIÇ Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988°	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	Ma 1988
Durable goods—Continued									1		
Transportation equipment	. 37	41.9	42.2	42.5	42.9	43.1	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.8	
Motor vehicles and equipment	. 371	42.2	42.5	43.0	44.1	44.6	4.0	4.3	4.6	5.7	
Motor vehicles and car bodies	. 3711	42.0	42.2	42.9	44.2	-	3.8	4.1	4.4	5.6	
Truck and bus bodies	. 3713	41.4	41.9	43.4	42.8		3.6	3.9	4.5	4.3	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	. 3714	42.7	43.1	43.4	44.5		4.4	4.7	5.0	6.2	
Truck trailers		40.7	41.1	40.2	40.3		2.8	3.4	2.4	2.4	
Aircraft and parts		42.0	42.4	42.5	41.7		4.3	4.7	4.6	4.2	
Aircraft		41.6	42.2	42.0	41.3		3.9	4.3	4.2	3.7	
Aircraft engines and engine parts		41.8	42.2	42.1	41.2		4.2	4.6	4.2	3.8	
Aircraft equipment, nec		42.6	42.9	43.6	42.7		4.9	5.2	5.5	5.2	
Ship and boat building and repairing		40.7	40.8	40.7	41.1		2.8	2.9	2.9	3.2	
Ship building and repairing		40.5	40.6	41.1	41.4		2.5	2.7	3.1	3.1	1
Boat building and repairing		41.1	41.1	40.1	40.4		3.2	3.4	2.6	3.3	
Railroad equipment		39.9	40.2	42.9	42.7		2.0	1.2	3.9	4.0	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		42.5	42.0	43.0	42.6		4.1	3.9	4.0	4.2	
Guided missiles and space vehicles		42.7	42.1	43.1	42.5		4.4	4.0	4.2	4.3	
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		40.1	39.7	39.9	40.7		3.5	3.5	2.7	3.6	1
Travel trailers and campers	. 3792	38.0	37.6	37.8	39.6		2.0	1.8	1.3	3.0	
Instruments and related products	. 38	40.8	41.2	41.6	41.4	41.2	2.5	2.8	3.2	2.9	
Engineering and scientific instruments		41.0	41.2	41.8	42.1	_	2.4	2.8	3.1	2.9	
Measuring and controlling devices		40.7	41.0	41.7	41.1		2.2	2.6	3.1	2.6	
Environmental controls		39.7	40.3	40.0	38.6		2.4	2.7	3.1	2.0	
Process control instruments		42.4	42.6	44.1	42.8		2.8	3.1	4.3	3.4	
Instruments to measure electricity	1	39.6	39.9	41.4	40.9		1.7	2.0	2.9	2.4	
Optical instruments and lenses		40.8	41.4	43.4	42.7		2.6	2.7	3.6	3.1	
Medical instruments and supplies		40.2	40.6	41.0	41.3		2.5	2.9	3.1	2.9	
Surgical and medical instruments		40.8	41.2	40.9	41.7		2.9	3.2	2.9	2.8	
Surgical appliances and supplies		39.5	40.1	41.1	40.8		2.1	2.5	3.3	3.1	
Ophthalmic goods		40.0	40.8	40.2	39.9		2.5	2.6	2.9	2.9	
Photographic equipment and supplies		43.3	42.9	43.0	-		3.5	3.5	3.8	-	
Watches, clocks, and watchcases	. 387	39.1	41.6	39.1	38.9		1.7	2.8	1.5	1.1	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	. 39	38.9	39.2	39.2	39.1	39.1	2.2	2.5	2.3	2.3	
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		38.0	38.5	37.6	38.2	-	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.8	
Jewelry, precious metal		37.2	37.6	36.7	37.2		1.6	1.4	1.2	1.4	1
Musical instruments		40,7	41.0	41.3	41.6		2.8	3.1	2.8	3.1	1
Toys and sporting goods		38.7	39.1	39.3	38.9		2.0	2.2	2.3	2.2	
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		38.2	38.3	38.5	37.8		1.8	1.9	1.6	1.2	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		39.1	39.7	39.9	39.7		2.1	2.4	2.8	3.0	•
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		39.9	40.5	40.8	40.0		1.8	2.6	2.6	2.2	
Costume jewelry and notions		36.6	37.2	37.9	37.9		2.4	2.9	1.5	1.6	
Costume jewelry		34.1	34.8	36.3	36.9		1.9	2.5	.6	.8	
Miscellaneous manufactures		39.8	39.8	39.5	39.4		2.3	2.7	2.8	2.6	
Signs and advertising displays	. 3993	39.7	39.8	39.0	39.7		2.3	2.5	2.5	2.7	
Nordurable goods		39.5	40.0	40.0	39.9	40.0	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.4	
Nondurable goods		39.5	40.2 40.1	40.0 39.6	39.9	40.0	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.4	
Food and kindred products						40.2					1
Meat products Meat packing plants		38.5 40.8	39.4 41.4	38.7 40.2	39.2 40.4	_	2.9 4.0	3.5 4.6	3.2 4.1	3.5	1
Sausages and other prepared meats		39.8	40.4	39.3	39.6		3.0	4.0 3.6	3.4	3.5	
Poultry dressing plants		36.4	37.8	37.2	38.2		2.2	2.9	2.4	3.0	
Dairy products		41.3	41.6	41.0	40.7		4.5	4.8	4.0	3.9	
Cheese, natural and processed		39.1	39.7	39.6	38.7		3.9	4.0	3.5	3.2	
Fluid milk		42.6	42.8	41.6	41.8		5.2	5.3	4.4	4.3	
Preserved fruits and vegetables		38.0	38.7	38.7	38.6		2.7	2.9	2.8	3.0	
Canned specialties		37.2	37.9	37.5	39.0		1.5	1.9	3.0	4.5	
Canned fruits and vegetables		37.7	39.1	38.8	38.3		2.8	3.2	2.7	3.0	1
Frozen fruits and vegetables		36.6	38.4	37.9	37.3		2.8	2.8	2.2	2.6	[
Grain mill products		43.1	43.6	43.3	43.4		5.3	5.4	5.1	5.5	
Flour and other grain mill products		46.1	46.3	43.4	44.8		6.0	5.6	4.6	5.4	
Prepared feeds, nec		42.9	43.2	42.9	42.6	1	5.5	5.9	5.1	5.1	
Bakery products		40.1	40.0	39.4	39.5		3.9	3.9	3.5	3.6	[
Bread, cake, and related products		39.1	39.2	38.5	38.9	1	3.9	4.0	3.6	3.9	
			41.9	41.7	41.0	1	3.8	3.5	3.1	2.7	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1972	Average hourly earnings					Average weekly earnings				
	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	May 1988°	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>9</sup>	May 1988 <sup>9</sup>
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	. 37	\$12.79	\$12.85	\$13.20	\$13.29	\$13.29	\$535.90	\$542.27	\$561.00	\$570.14	\$572.80
Motor vehicles and equipment	. 371	13.41	13.43	13.93	14.10	14.07	565.90	570.78	598.99	621.81	627.52
Motor vehicles and car bodies	.]3711	15.05	15.12	15.95	16.05	-	632.10	638.06	684.26	709.41	-
Truck and bus bodies		11.36	11.43	11.75	11.80		470.30	478.92	509.95	505.04	ĺ
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		12.61	12.60	13.04	13.29		538.45	543.06	565.94	591.41	
Truck trailers		9.36	9.36	9.20	9.24		380.95	384.70	369.84	372.37	
Aircraft and parts		12.98	13.08	13.43	1		545.16	554.59	570.78	558.78	]
Aircraft		(*)	(*)	(*)	()		-		-	-	
Aircraft engines and engine parts		\$13.06	\$13.11	\$13.58	\$13.55		545.91	553.24	571.72	558.26	
Aircraft equipment, nec		12.05	12.18	12.50	12.48		513.33	522.52	545.00	532.90	
Ship and boat building and repairing		10.15	10.28	10.40	10.35		413.11	419.42	423.28	425.39	
Ship building and repairing		11.45	11.64	11.59	11.50		463.73	472.58	476.35	476.10	
Boat building and repairing		7.93	7.97	8.19	8.30		325.92	327.57	328.42	335.32	
Railroad equipment		12.17	11.80	12.01	12.03		485.58	474.36	515.23	513.68	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		12.33	12.41	13.01	13.02		524.03	521.22	559.43	<b>554.6</b> 5	- 1
Guided missiles and space vehicles		(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )			404.00	-	-	-
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		\$10.64		\$10.24	\$10.32		426.66	421.22	\$408.58	\$420.02	
Travel trailers and campers	3792	8.82	8.97	8.58	8.77		335.16	337.27	324.32	347.29	1
Instruments and related products	38	9.65	9.66	9.88	9.87	9.91	393.72	397.99	411.01	408.62	408.29
Engineering and scientific instruments		10.52	10.62	10.83	10.73	-	431.32	437.54	452.69	451.73	-
Measuring and controlling devices		9.43	9.48	9.76	9.78		383.80	388.68	406.99	401.96	
Environmental controls		8.95	8.83	9.18	9.14		355.32	355.85	367.20	352.80	
Process control instruments		9.39	9.43	9.52	9.46		398.14	401.72	419.83	404.89	
Instruments to measure electricity		9.56	9.71	10.07	10.13		378.58	387.43	416.90	414.32	
Optical instruments and lenses		10.59	10.49	10.59	10.48		432.07	434.29	459.61	447.50	
Medical instruments and supplies		8.64	8.64	8.85	8.78		347.33	350.78	362.85	362.61	
Surgical and medical instruments		8.77	8.72	9.08	9.00		357.82	359.26	371.37	375.30	
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	8.50	8.52	8.59	8.49		335.75	341.65	353.05	346.39	
Ophthalmic goods		7.28	7.29	7.47	7.42		291.20	297.43	300.29	296.06	
Photographic equipment and supplies		13.05	13.09	13.54	-		565.07	561.56	582.22	-	
Watches, clocks, and watchcases	387	7.15	7.19	7.21	7.28		279.57	299.10	281.91	283.19	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39	7.69	7.74	7.91	7.91	7.98	299.14	303.41	310.07	309.28	312.02
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		8.30	8.27	8.51	8.53	-	315.40	318.40	319.98	325.85	-
Jewelry, precious metal		8.44	8.39	8.65	8.66		313.97	315.46	317.46	322.15	
Musical instruments		7.38	7.34	7.98	7.96		300.37	300.94	329.57	331.14	
Toys and sporting goods		7.04	7.13	7.23	7.18		272.45	278.78	284.14	279.30	
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		6.97	7.01	7.01	6.98		266.25	268.48	269.89	263.84	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		7.10	7.22	7.39	7.33		277.61	286.63	294.86	291.00	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies	395	7.63	7.76	7.73	7.73		304.44	314.28	315.38	309.20	
Costume jewelry and notions		6.13	6.28	6.60	6.57		224.36	233.62	250.14	249.00	
Costume jewelry		5.47	5.66	6.08	6.09		186.53	196.97	220.70	224.72	
Miscellaneous manufactures	399	8.47	8.49	8.67	8.70		337.11	337.90	342.47	342.78	
Signs and advertising displays	3993	8.77	8.87	9.07	9.05		348.17	353.03	353.73	359.29	
Nondurable goods		9.16	9.14	9.33	9.36	9.39	361.82	367.43	373.20	373.46	375.60
Food and kindred products	20	8.97	8.99	9.07	9.12	9.13		360.50	359.17	361.15	367.03
Meat products	201	7.44	7.45	7.48	7.55	-	286.44	293.53	289.48	295.96	-
Meat packing plants	2011	8.36	8.34	8.31	8.45		341.09	345.28	334.06	341.38	
Sausages and other prepared meats		8.88	8.94	8.97	9.03		353.42	361.18	352.52	357.59	
Poultry dressing plants		6.06	6.14	6.22	6.25		220.58	232.09	231.38	238.75	
Dairy products Cheese, natural and processed	202	9.60	9.62	9.78	9.78		396.48	400.19	400.98	398.05	
Fluid milk	2022	8.93	8.96	9.13	9.12		349.16	355.71	361.55	352.94	
Preserved fruits and vegetables	2020	10.16 8.48	10.10	10.15	10.21	1	432.82	432.28	422.24	426.78	
			8.47	8.58	8.54		322.24	327.79	332.05	329.64	
Canned specialties Canned fruits and vegetables	2032	10.25 8.49	10.34	10.32	10.50		381.30	391.89	387.00	409.50	
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2000		8.52	8.61	8.65		320.07	333.13	334.07	331.30	
Grain mill products	2037	7.96	7.76	7.95	7.67		291.34	297.98	301.31	286.09	
Flour and other grain mill products	204	10.58	10.69	10.94	11.07		456.00	466.08	473.70	480.44	
Prepared feeds, nec	2041	10.25	10.31	10.66	10.58	[	472.53	477.35	462.64	473.98	
Prepareu leeus, lieu	2040	8.37	8.34	8.61	8.65		359.07	360.29	369.37	368.49	
Bakery products Bread, cake, and related products	205	10.02	10.01	10.15	10.21	ļ	401.80	400.40	399.91	403.30	
		9.88 10.32	9.93 10.20	10.17 10.10	10.19 10.26		386.31 438.60	389.26 427.38	391.55 421.17	396.39 420.66	
Cookies and crackers											

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988°	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Ma 198
Iondurable goods-Continued										<u> </u>	
Food and kindred products-Continued											
Sugar and confectionery products	206	39.1	39.4	40.0	38.4		2.4	2.4	3.1	2.3	1
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	41.0	40.1	42.8	39.6		4.2	3.3	5.6	3.4	
Confectionery products	2065	38.1	38.5	38.5	37.3		1.7	1.9	2.2	1.8	
Fats and oils		41.2	41.2	42.6	42.6		4.7	4.7	4.8	4.9	
Beverages		40.4	41.9	40.1	40.9		3.6	4.8	3.5	4.1	
Malt beverages		42.2	43.6	42.4	43.0		4.8	5.7	5.5	6.2	
Bottled and canned soft drinks		40.1	42.1	39.5	40.8		3.4	5.2	2.8	3.7	
Misc. food and kindred products	209	37.8	38.9	38.3	37.5		3.6	3.9	3.3	3.1	
Tobacco manufactures		37.7	39.3	39.3	38.6	39.6	1.7	3.2	2.2	2.2	
Cigarettes		38.1	39.9	39.6	38.9	- 1	2.0	3.8	2.5	2.5	
Textile mill products		40.9	41.9	41.0	41.0	40.8	3.7	4.4	3.8	3.9	
Weaving mills, cotton		41.8 41.9	42.8 42.1	41.4 41.7	41.7	-	5.6 4.1	5.7 4.6	4.6 4.3	4.8	i i
Weaving mills, synthetics Weaving and finishing mills, wool		41.9	42.1	41.7	41.4		.4	4.0	4.3	3.2	
Narrow fabric mills		39.6	40.1	41.1	41.3		2.8	3.0	3.3	3.3	1
Knitting mills		39.0	40.2	39.5	39.4		2.5	3.5	2.9	2.9	
Women's hosiery, except socks		37.8	39.6	39.0	38.4		2.2	3.2	2.7	2.7	1
Hosiery, nec		37.3	39.0	39.9	38.8		1.6	2.6	2.9	2.3	
Knit outerwear mills		38.2	39.5	38.5	38.9		2.1	3.2	2.5	2.4	
Knit underwear mills		39.3	39.6	38.5	36.9		2.1	2.7	1.6	1.8	
Circular knit fabric mills		42.4	42.7	40.8	42.0		5.0	5.6	4.2	4.9	
Textile finishing, except wool		40.9	42.0	41.6	41.8		4.1	4.8	4.4	4.4	
Finishing plants, cotton		42.1	42.5	42.7	41.9		4.3	4.8	4.9	4.6	
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	40.5	41.9	41.7	42.4		3.6	4.3	4.3	4.8	
Floor covering mills	227	41.8	44.3	42.8	42.3		2.9	4.7	3.5	3.7	
Yarn and thread mills	228	42.0	42.6	40.9	41.0		4.7	5.1	4.2	4.3	
Yarn mills, except wool		42.8	43.5	41.2	41.4		5.1	5.6	4.3	4.5	
Throwing and winding mills		38.2	38.0	39.0	38.4		3.1	3.1	3.2	2.7	
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	42.1	42.7	42.9	42.8		3.9	4.4	4.4	4.7	
Apparel and other textile products		35.8	37.1	37.0	36.8	36.8	1.3	1.8	1.7	1.7	ŀ
Men's and boys' suits and coats		34.5	35.9	37.1	36.8	-	.7	1.0	1.4	1.3	
Men's and boys' furnishings		35.8	37.4	36.8	36.5		1.1	1.5	1.5	1.4	
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		36.4	37.6	37.0	36.9		1.2	1.5	1.3	1.3	
Men's and boys' separate trousers		35.2	36.9	36.7	36.2		.8	1.3	1.6	1.4	
Men's and boys' work clothing Women's and misses' outerwear		35.1 34.5	36.9 35.8	36.2	35.7 35.9		1.0	1.5 1.5	1.5	1.4	
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		34.5	35.8	36.1 35.7	35.9		1.2 1.0	1.1	1.8 1.5	1.6	
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		34.1	35.4	36.1	36.2		1.3	1.4	1.5	1.8	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		33.4	35.8	35.6	35.7		1.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		34.9	36.0	36.3	36.0		1.3	1.6	2.0	1.7	
Women's and children's undergarments		35.8	37.3	37.5	37.3		.5	1.1	1.5	1.4	
Women's and children's underwear		36.0	37.5	37.7	37.3		.4	.9	1.4	1.2	
Brassieres and allied garments	2342	34.5	36.0	36.3	37.4		.9	1.9	2.2	2.6	
Children's outerwear		35.5	37.1	36.5	35.9		1.0	1.5	1.6	1.1	
Children's dresses and blouses		34.9	36.1	34.8	34.9		.8	1.2	1.3	1.1	
Misc. apparel and accessories		37.6	39.0	38.3	38.0		1.8	2.5	2.2	2.0	
Misc. fabricated textile products		38.2	39.2	38.5	38.8		2.5	2.9	2.2	2.6	
Curtains and draperies		36.7	38.4	35.6	35.6		1.7	1.8	1.0	1.1	
House furnishings, nec Automotive and apparel trimmings		37.7	38.8 41.4	38.2 40.9	37.7 41.9		2.1 4.9	2.6 5.3	2.1 4.4	1.9	
			1		41.5	l					
Paper and allied products Paper and pulp mills		42.8 45.6	43.3 45.6	42.9 45.2	43.1 45.1	43.1	4.7 6.5	5.0 6.7	4.7 6.3	4.9 6.4	
Paper mills, except building paper		45.0	45.5	45.4	45.1		6.6	6.7	6.4	6.5	1
Paperboard mills		43.9	43.9	43.5	44.6		7.1	7.3	6.4	7.3	1
Misc. converted paper products		41.3	41.9	41.7	41.7		3.4	3.7	3.7	3.7	
Paper coating and glazing		43.3	43.9	43.2	43.1		3.8	4.2	3.8	3.9	1
Envelopes		40.9	41.7	41.0	40.5	1	2.5	3.0	3.2	3.0	1
Bags, except textile bags	2643	40.7	41.3	41.4	41.6		3.4	3.6	4.0	4.1	1
Paperboard containers and boxes		41.7	42.4	41.9	42.4		3.8	4.4	4.0	4.4	1
Folding paperboard boxes	2651	41.7	42.2	41.6	41.9		3.6	4.2	3.9	4.1	1
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	42.3	42.8	42.6	43.0		4.1	4.6	4.4	4.8	
Sanitary food containers		40.5	41.9	41.9	42.5		3.6	4.4	3.5	4.5	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers<sup>1</sup> on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988°	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988°
Nondurable goods-Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued											[
Sugar and confectionery products	206	\$9.31	\$9.37	\$9.45	\$9.56		\$364.02	\$369.18	\$378.00	\$367.10	1
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	11.13	11.01	10.95	10.98		456.33	441.50	468.66	434.81	ļ
Confectionery products	2065	8.07	8.15	8.32	8.40		307.47	313.78	320.32	313.32	l.
Fats and oils	207	9.21	9.21	9.16	9.19		379.45	379.45	390.22	391.49	
Beverages	208	11.97	12.03	12.10	12.03		483.59	504.06	485.21	492.03	
Malt beverages	2082	16.65	16.70	16.78	16.57		702.63	728.12	711.47	712.51	
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	9.52	9.60	9.59	9.59		381.75	404.16	378.81	391.27	
Misc. food and kindred products	209	8.27	8.21	8.45	8.55		312.61	319.37	323.64	320.63	
Tobacco manufactures	21	14.33	14.60	14.42	14.99	\$15.29	540.24	573.78	566.71	578.61	\$605.4
Cigarettes		16.38	16.69	17.02	17.24	-	624.08	665.93	673.99	670.64	-
Textile mill products	22	7.10	7.12	7.31	7.35	7.32	290.39	298.33	299.71	301.35	298.6
Weaving mills, cotton		7.45	7.43	7.66	7.72	-	311.41	318.00	317.12	321.92	-
Weaving mills, synthetics	222	7.64	7.69	7.89	7.91		320.12	323.75	329.01	327.47	
Weaving and finishing mills, wool	223	7.62	7.59	7.98	7.98		312.42	325.61	336.76	339.15	
Narrow fabric mills		6.75	6.61	6.78	6.80		267.30	265.06	278.66	280.84	
Knitting mills	225	6.47	6.52	6.63	6.64		252.33	262.10	261.89	261.62	ļ
Women's hosiery, except socks	2251	6.23	6.28	6.49	6.51		235.49	248.69	253.11	249.98	
Hosiery, nec	2252	6.13	6.19	6.35	6.35		228.65	241.41	253.37	246.38	ł
Knit outerwear mills		6,48	6.48	6.43	6.37		247.54	255.96	247.56	247.79	j
Knit underwear mills		6.03	6.15	6.38	6.44		236.98	243.54	245.63	237.64	
Circular knit fabric mills		7.13	7.19	7.39	7.48		302.31	307.01	301.51	314.16	}
Textile finishing, except wool		7.44	7.42	7.67	7.73		304.30	311.64	319.07	323.11	
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	7.40	7.40	7.74	7.75		311.54	314.50	330.50	324.73	
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	7.71	7.70	7.87	8.00		312.26	322.63	328.18	339.20	
Floor covering mills	2202	7.46	7.57	7.57	7.67		311.83	335.35	324.00	324.44	
Yarn and thread mills		6.71	6.72	6.98	7.02		281.82	286.27	285.48	287.82	
Yarn mills, except wool		6.72	6.72	6.97	7.02		287.62	292.32	287.16	289.80	
Throwing and winding mills	2201	6.74	6.76	7.11	7.16		257.47	256.88	277.29	274.94	
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	8.13	8.09	8.26	8.33		342.27	345.44	354.35	356.52	
Apparel and other textile products	23	5.93	5.87	6.03	6.04	6.06	212.29	217.78	223.11	222.27	223.0
Men's and boys' suits and coats		6.82	6.65	6.81	6.80	0.00	235.29	238.74	252.65	250.24	220.0
Men's and boys suits and coals	232	5.48	5.44	5.56	5.54		196.18	203.46	204.61	202.21	
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		5.28	5.20	5.44	5.43		192.19	195.52	201.28	200.37	1
Men's and boys' separate trousers		5.37	5.37	5.40	5.40		189.02	198.15	198.18	195.48	
Men's and boys' work clothing	2328	5.58	5.51	5.58	5.54		195.86	203.32	202.00	197.78	
Women's and misses' outerwear		5.67	5.63	5.84	5.83		195.62	201.55	210.82	209.30	
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		5.03	5.02	5.12	5.08		175.04	177.21	182.78	178.31	
Women's and misses' blouses and waists	2335	6.01	5.95	6.10	6.09		204.94	210.63	220.21	220.46	
Women's and misses' ulesses	22000	6.48	6.39	6.46	6.45		216.43	228.76	229.98	230.27	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		5.53	5.46	5.77	5.75		193.00	196.56	209.45	207.00	ļ
Women's and children's undergarments		5.47	5.46	5.68	5.67		195.83	203.66	213.00	211.49	
Women's and children's underwear		5.30	5.40	5.66	5.50		195.83	197.63	213.00	205.15	1
Brassieres and allied garments	2342	6.42	6.48	6.70	6.59		221.49	233.28	207.35	205.15 246.47	Į
Children's outerwear	236	5.21	5.18	5.45	5.41		184.96	192.18	243.21 198.93	240.47 194.22	
Children's dresses and blouses	236	5.21 4.98	4.96	5.45 5.44	5.41		173.80	179.06	198.93	194.22	1
Misc. apparel and accessories		4.98	4.96	5.44	5.42	ļ	211.31	219.57	224.82	223.44	
Misc. fabricated textile products		5.62	5.63	5.87	7.29			219.57			
Curtains and draperies	238	5.86	5.75	5.96	5.93		275.80 215.06	280.67 220.80	277.59	282.85	
									212.18	211.11	
House furnishings, nec Automotive and apparel trimmings	2392	6.04 11.02	6.00 10.88	6.14 11.09	6.11 11.28		227.71 445.21	232.80 450.43	234.55 453.58	230.35 472.63	
Paper and allied products		11.39	]	11 50	11 50	11 60	497 40	494.05			503.4
Paper and pulp mills			11.41	11.52 14.13	11.59 14.15	11.68	487.49		494.21	499.53	003.4
		13.91	13.98			-	634.30	637.49	638.68	638.17	- I
Paper mills, except building paper		13.96	14.05	14.17	14.18		639.37	639.28	643.32	642.35	
Paperboard mills		14.27	14.30	14.30	14.53		626.45	627.77	622.05	648.04	
Misc. converted paper products		9.87	9.87	10.02	10.07	1	407.63	413.55	417.83	419.92	
Paper coating and glazing	2041	11.03	10.98	11.22	11.26		477.60	482.02	484.70	485.31	
Envelopes		9.04	9.15	9.47	9.59		369.74	381.56	388.27	388.40	
Bags, except textile bags		9.18	9.08	9.25	9.29	1	373.63	375.00	382.95	386.46	
Paperboard containers and boxes		9.69	9.76	9.86	9.95	1	404.07	413.82	413.13	421.88	
Folding paperboard boxes		10.09	10.15	10.27	10.37		420.75	428.33	427.23	434.50	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		9.83	9.93	9.98	10.06		415.81	425.00	425.15	432.58	
Sanitary food containers	2654	9.32	9.32	9.55	9.73		377.46	390.51	400.15	413.53	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	May 1988°	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Printing and publishing	27	37.6	37.8	38.2	38.0	37.6	2.7	2.9	3.2	3.0	
Newspapers	271	33.6	33.9	33.4	33.4	-	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.3	
Periodicals	272	38.7	38.3	37.9	38.0		3.0	2.7	3.1	3.0	
Books	273	38.2	38.3	39.9	39.8		3.7	3.9	3.8	3.9	
Book publishing	2731	38.0	38.4	38.7	38.6		3.5	3.7	3.3	3.2	
Book printing	2732	38.6	38.0	42.0	41.8		4.0	4.2	4.5	5.1	
Miscellaneous publishing	274	36.7	36.4	36.7	36.8		3.0	2.7	2.3	2.5	ļ.
Commercial printing		39.1	39.2	39.6	39.4		3.2	3.4	3.8	3.5	
Commercial printing, letterpress	2751	38.9	39.1	39.0	38.9		2.8	2.9	3.0	2.9	
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	39.0	39.1	39.7	39.4		3.3	3.5	4.1	3.7	1
Manifold business forms	276	40.5	41.0	41.7	41.1		2.7	3.2	3.9	3.4	
Blankbooks and bookbinding		37.4	37.9	39.2	39.3		1.7	1.9	2.9	2.8	1
Printing trade services		38.1	38.2	38.9	38.1		<b>2.9</b>	3.2	4.4	3.5	1
Chemicals and allied products	28	42.2	42.2	42.5	42.2	42.0	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.0	
Industrial inorganic chemicals		42.4	41.9	43.0	43.0	72.0	4.2	3.8	4.2	4.2	
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		42.4	41.5	43.0	43.0	-	4.2	3.8	4.2	4.2	
Plastics materials and synthetics		42.5	42.5	43.3	43.0		4.0	4.2	4.1	4.5	
Plastics materials and resins		43.9	43.6	43.3	43.0		4.1	4.2	4.5	4.5	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		40.3	42.0	42.8	42.5		3.7	3.9	4.1	4.1	
Drugs		41.4	41.3	41.4	41.1		2.8	2.7	3.1	2.9	
Pharmaceutical preparations		41.4	41.3	41.4	40.9		2.8	2.7	3.1	2.9	
		41.2	41.1	41.4	39.8		2.9	2.0 3.0	3.5	3.3	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods					1					5.3	
Soap and other detergents		42.5	43.3	43.5	43.0		4.2	4.8	5.7		
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		40.3	40.6	41.2	41.2		2.3	2.5	3.2	2.9	
Toilet preparations		39.5	39.8	38.8	37.3		2.0	2.2	2.5	2.3	
Paints and allied products		41.3	42.4	42.2	42.3		3.2	4.2	3.9	4.1	
Industrial organic chemicals		44.0	44.3	44.3	44.0		5.3	5.5	5.3	5.2	
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		43.7	43.4	42.2	42.3		5.3	5.7	4.7	4.3	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec .		44.1	44.5	44.9	44.4		5.3	5.4	5.5	5.4	
Agricultural chemicals		43.6	43.2	43.6	43.6		5.6	4.9	5.6	5.3	
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	41.2	41.1	41.9	42.0		3.2	3.2	3.6	3.7	]
Petroleum and coal products	29	44.0	44.0	43.7	44.1	44.3	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.4	]
Petroleum refining		44.1	43.7	43.8	44.3		4.8	4.3	4.7	5.1	
Paving and roofing materials	295	44.8	46.2	44.6	44.5		7.2	8.6	6.7	7.6	
Dubber and mice, electics products	00	41.0	41.6	41.7	41.7	41.5	3.5	3.9	4.1	4.2	
Rubber and misc. plastics products Tires and inner tubes	201	41.0	41.6	41.7	41.7	41.5	4.2	5.0	6.2	6.3	
		42.7					4.2	2.0	0.2 1.4	1.7	1
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	40.9	41.7	39.2	39.0		1.5	2.0	1.4	1.7	
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose and belting	2024	40.7	41.1	43.6	44.4		2.5	3.5	4.2	4.6	
							-	-			
Fabricated rubber products, nec Miscellaneous plastics products		40.2	41.6 41.3	41.5 41.2	41.8 41.3		3.1 3.6	3.6 3.9	3.7 3.9	3.8	
Miscellarieous plastics products	507	40.3	41.5	41.2	41.5	l	0.0	0.3	0.3	0	
Leather and leather products		36.7	38.7	37.4	36.8	37.8	1.7	2.2	1.9	1.9	1
Leather tanning and finishing		41.6	41.6	41.2	41.3	-	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.5	
Footwear, except rubber	314	35.8	38.6	36.9	36.2	1	1.4	2.1	1.5	1.4	
Men's footwear, except athletic		36.1	38.4	37.8	37.1		1.3	1.7	1.4	.9	
Women's footwear, except athletic		35.0	39.4	35.9	34.5		1.7	2.8	1.6	1.8	
Luggage		39.5	39.2	39.5	39.6		1.3	1.6	3.1	3.2	
Handbags and personal leather goods	317	35.1	36.8	36.3	35.7		1.6	2.2	2.5	2.4	
Fransportation and public utilities		38.8	39.1	38.6	38.9	38.8					
Railroad transportation:					1						
Class I railroads <sup>3</sup>	4011	42.5	43.9	43.1	42.1						
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	33.4	34.0	33.6	33.8					1	1
Local and suburban transportation		38.6	38.5	38.2	38.3		]			1	1
Intercity highway transportation		40.4	38.8	38.6	39.2						1
Trucking and warehousing	12	20 4	20 4	37.7	37.9		ł				}
		38.1	38.4								1
Trucking and trucking terminals Public warehousing		38.1 37.9	38.5 38.0	37.6 38.6	37.9 38.2						
	1										
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	41.1	42.2	42.2	42.1					1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

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C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers<sup>1</sup> on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings	, <b>.</b>		Average	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988⁰	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988°
Nondurable goods—Continued											l
Printing and publishing		\$10.17	\$10.19	\$10.45	\$10.40	\$10.45	\$382.39	\$385.18		\$395.20	\$392.92
Newspapers		10.15	10.18	10.37	10.44	-	341.04	345.10	346.36	348.70	- 1
Periodicals		10.70	10.56	10.79	10.80		414.09	404.45	408.94	410.40	
Books	273	9.14	9.19	9.35	9.24		349.15	351.98	373.07	367.75	
Book publishing		8.71	8.81	8.96	8.83		330.98	338.30	346.75	340.84	
Book printing		9.88	9.83	9.95	9.87		381.37	373.54	417.90	412.57	
Miscellaneous publishing		9.23	9.24	9.74	9.76		338.74	336.34	357.46	359.17	
Commercial printing	275	10.46	10.49	10.75	10.65		408.99	411.21	425.70	419.61	
Commercial printing, letterpress	2751	10.11	10.15	10.32	10.26		393.28	396.87	402.48	399.11	
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	10.59	10.59	10.91	10.79		413.01	414.07	433.13	425.13	
Manifold business forms	276	10.60	10.69	10.86	10.88	1	429.30	438.29	452.86	447.17	
Blankbooks and bookbinding	278	8.01	8.09	8.32	8.39		299.57	306.61	326.14	329.73	
Printing trade services		12.50	12.27	12.98	12.85		476.25	468.71	504.92	489.59	1
Chemicals and allied products	28	12.30	12.32	12.53	12.56	12.64	519.06	519.90	532.53	530.03	530.88
Industrial inorganic chemicals	281	13.46	13.45	13.68	13.72		570.70	563.56	588.24	589.96	
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		13.40	13.45	13.66	13.72		580.01	575.88	594.21	593.21	
Plastics materials and synthetics		12.51	12.57	12.81	12.86	1	539.18	536.74	554.67	552.98	
Plastics materials and resins		13.49	13.60	13.69	12.00		592.21	592.96	598.25	598.56	
		11.92	11.99	12.29	12.30		508.98	592.90	526.01		
Organic fibers, noncellulosic									494.32	522.75	
Drugs		11.55	11.58	11.94	11.95		478.17	478.25		491.15	1
Pharmaceutical preparations		11.25	11.25	11.57	11.68		463.50	462.38	479.00	477.71	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		10.92	10.92	11.06	10.98		443.35	447.72	449.04	437.00	
Soap and other detergents		13.96	14.04	14.61	14.43		593.30	607.93	635.54	620.49	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		9.96	10.02	10.17	10.21		401.39	406.81	419.00	420.65	
Toilet preparations		9.37	9.28	9.34	9.22		370.12	369.34	362.39	343.91	
Paints and allied products		10.82	10.87	11.20	11.14		446.87	460.89	472.64	471.22	
Industrial organic chemicals		14.83	14.82	14.83	15.05		652.52	656.53	656.97	662.20	ĺ
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	14.53	14.70	14.80	14.80		634.96	637.98	624.56	626.04	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec .	2861,9	14.91	14.85	14.84	15.11		657.53	660.83	666.32	670.88	l
Agricultural chemicals	287	11.45	11.58	12.09	11.82		499.22	500.26	527.12	515.35	
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	11.33	11.30	11.40	11.49		466.80	464.43	477.66	482.58	
Petroleum and coal products	29	14.55	14.54	14.98	15.02	14.93	640.20	639.76	654.63	662.38	661.40
Petroleum refining	291	15.73	15.74	16.09	16.23	-	693.69	687.84	704.74	718.99	_
Paving and roofing materials		11.27	11.46	11.52	11.51		504.90	529.45	513.79	512.20	
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	8.84	8.86	9.00	9.03	9.05	362.44	368.58	375.30	376.55	375.58
Tires and inner tubes		13.80	13.93	14.26	14.18	-	589.26	604.56	653.11	642.35	-
Rubber and plastics footwear		5.96	6.01	6.19	6.33		243.76	250.62	242.65	246.87	
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	002	0.00	0.01	0.10	0.00		240.70	200.02	242.00	240.07	1
and belting	303 4	8.86	8.91	9.04	9.23		360.60	366.20	394.14	409.81	
Fabricated rubber products, nec		8.59	8.59	8.76	8.76		345.32	357.34	363.54	366.17	
Miscellaneous plastics products		8.25	8.26	8.38	8.42		337.43	341.14	345.26	347.75	
Leather and leather products		6.14	6.05	6.23	6.29	6.28	225.34	234.14	233.00	231.47	237.38
Leather tanning and finishing		8.09	8.11	8.42	8.49	-	336.54	337.38	346.90	350.64	- 1
Footwear, except rubber		5.83	5.70	5.94	5.97		208.71	220.02	219.19	216.11	
Men's footwear, except athletic		6.25	6.06	6.29	6.31		225.63	232.70	237.76	234.10	
Women's footwear, except athletic		5.47	5.42	5.66	5.69		191.45	213.55	203.19	196.31	
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		6.30 5.80	6.41	6.34 5.89	6.44		248.85	251.27	250.43	255.02 209.92	
ranobags and personal rearren goods		11.94	5.84 11.93	12.19	5.88 12.17	12.18	203.58 463.27	214.91 466.46	213.81 470.53	473.41	472.58
		11.94	11.93	12.18	12.17	12.10	403.27	400.40	470.53	473.41	472.50
Railroad transportation: Class   railroads <sup>3</sup>	4011	14.23	14.28	14.75	14.80		604.78	626.89	635.73	623.08	
Local and interurban passenger transit	41				0.05		974 55	076 40	200.00	200.00	
Local and suburban passenger transit	41	8.22	8.13	8.36	8.35		274.55	276.42	280.90	282.23	
Local and suburban transportation Intercity highway transportation		8.86 11.47	8.76 11.44	9.01 11.35	8.96 11.23		342.00 463.39	337.26 443.87	344.18 438.11	343.17 440.22	
Trucking and warehousing		10.81	10.84	10.88	10.92		411.86	416.26	410.18	413.87	
Trucking and trucking terminals		10.99	11.01	11.06	11.08		418.72	423.89	415.86	419.93	
Public warehousing		8.40	8.47	8.67	8.81		318.36	321.86	334.66	336.54	
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	15.25	15.41	15.70	15.89		626.78	650.30	662.54	668.97	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Averag	e overtin	ne hours	
industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	May 1988⁰	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	Ma 1988
ransportation and public utilities—Continued											<b>†</b> –
Communication	48	39.8	39.6	39.5	39.8						
Telephone communication		41.1	40.7	40.9	41.2						
Radio and television broadcasting		36.2	36.3	35.6	35.9						
	10			44.0					1	1	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services		41.2 40.9	41.4 41.1	41.0 41.0	41.4 41.5						
Gas production and distribution		40.5	40.5	40.5	40.8	•					
Combination utility services		42.1	42.4	41.2	41.3						
Sanitary services		42.0	43.0	42.4	43.1					[	
/holesale trade	i i	38.0	38.3	37.9	38.2	38.1					
		00.0	00.0	07.5	00.2	50.1					
Durable goods	50	38.5	38.6	38.4	38.7						
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment	501	38.0	38.2	38.0	38.5						
Furniture and home furnishings		36.8	36.8	37.9	37.9						1
Lumber and construction materials		39.0	39.4	38.9	39.4						
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods	504	36.2	36.3	36.2	36.2						
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	40.3	40.4	40.5	40.7			1	1		
Electrical goods	506	38.2	38.4	37.8	37.9				1		
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	507	38.2	38.4	38.2	38.6						
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	38.9	39.0	38.7	39.0						1
Miscellaneous durable goods		37.7	37.9	38.0	38.1						
Nondurable goods		37.4	37.7	37.2	37.5						
Paper and paper products		36.7	37.0	36.6	37.0			}			
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		37.1	36.8	37.2	36.6						
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		36.0	36.5	37.1	36.8			1 I			
Groceries and related products		37.8	38.1	37.4	37.6						
Chemicals and allied products		39.1	39.2	39.5	39.7						
Petroleum and petroleum products		38.7	39.2	38.2	38.6						
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		35.9	35.9	35.8	35.9				1		
Miscellaneous nondurable goods		37.2	37.7	36.8	37.4						
letail trade		29.2	29.2	28.6	28.9	29.0					
Building materials and garden supplies		36.5	37.0	36.0	36.3						
Lumber and other building materials		38.2	38.6	37.9	38.1			1	1		
Hardware stores		33.0	33.1	32.0	32.9						
General merchandise stores	53	28.4	28.4	26.6	27.2						
Department stores		28.2	28.2	26.2	26.8						
Variety stores		29.1	29.1	28.5	28.7						
Misc. general merchandise stores		29.8	29.8	28.6	29.2						
Food stores	54	30.0	29.8	29.5	29.8						
Grocery stores		30.3	30.1	29.6	30.0				1		
Retail bakeries		27.5	27.1	28.0	28.3			1			
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	36.5	36.6	36.3	36.6						
New and used car dealers		37.2	36.6	30.3	37.4				1		1
Auto and home supply stores		39.1	39.6	37.3	37.4				1	1	
Gasoline service stations		39.1	39.0	33.9	34.3						
Apparel and accessory stores	56	27.0	26.5	26.3	26.6			1	1		
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		30.2	26.5 29.7	26.3	28.4			1	1		1
Women's ready-to-wear stores		25.8	29.7	20.2	25.0				1	1	1
Family clothing stores		25.8	25.6 26.4	24.0	25.0			1	1		1
Shoe stores		28.3	26.8	20.2	27.8						
Europhyse and home furnishing a store	57	000						1			
Furniture and home furnishings stores		32.6	32.8	32.6	32.7			1	1		
Furniture and home furnishings stores		32.6	32.8	33.2	33.5		1				1
Household appliance stores		33.2	33.6	33.1	33.5	1		1		1	1
Radio, television, and music stores	5/3	32.5	32.4	31.5	31.2		ļ				
Eating and drinking places4	58	25.6	25.9	25.3	25.8						

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>9</sup>	May 1988 <sup>9</sup>	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>º</sup>	May 1988⁰
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Communication	. 48	\$12.31	\$12.31	\$12.61	\$12.61		\$489.94	\$487.48	\$498.10	\$501.88	
Telephone communication		13.04	13.04	13.31	13.31		535.94	530.73	544.38	548.37	
Radio and television broadcasting	. 483	10.78	10.75	11.26	11.33		390.24	390.23	400.86	406.75	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	. 49	13.65	13.70	14.20	14.13		562.38	567.18	582.20	584.98	
Electric services	. 491	13.73	13.81	14.28	14.28		561.56	567.59	585.48	592.62	
Gas production and distribution	. 492	12.94	12.98	13.20	13.17		524.07	525.69	534.60	537.34	
Combination utility services	. 493	15.85	15.96	16.91	16.70	1	667.29	676.70	696.69	689.71	
Sanitary services	. 495	10.03	10.08	10.61	10.59		421.26	433.44	449.86	456.43	
Wholesale trade		9.52	9.56	9.78	9.88	\$9.88	361.76	366.15	370.66	377.42	\$376.43
Durable goods		9.65	9.69	9.97	10.10		371.53	374.03	382.85	390.87	
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		8.63	8.63	9.04	9.12		327.94	329.67	343.52	351.12	
Furniture and home furnishings		8.87	8.96	9.07	9.32	1	326.42	329.73	343.75	353.23	
Lumber and construction materials		9.14	9.20	9.43	9.56		356.46	362.48	366.83	376.66	
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		9.76	9.68	9.57	9.68		353.31	351.38	346.43	350.42	
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		10.31	10.34	10.59	10.62	1	415.49	417.74	428.90	432.23	
Electrical goods	. 506	9.93	10.03	10.29	10.51		379.33	385.15	388.96	398.33	
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	. 507	9.20	9.18	9.37	9.46		351.44	352.51	357.93	365.16	1
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		10.29	10.32	10.67	10.80		400.28	402.48	412.93	421.20	
Miscellaneous durable goods	. 509	7.70	7.77	7.91	7.96		290.29	294.48	300.58	303.28	
Nondurable goods	. 51	9.34	9.39	9.50	9.55		349.32	354.00	353.40	358.13	
Paper and paper products		10.01	10.13	10.26	10.30		367.37	374.81	375.52	381.10	
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		10.85	11.03	10.90	11.17		402.54	405.90	405.48	408.82	
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		9.22	9.22	9.33	9.50		331.92	336.53	346.14	349.60	
Groceries and related products		9.49	9.48	9.69	9.71	1	358.72	361.19	362.41	365.10	
Chemicals and allied products	. 516	12.04	12.04	12.19	12.28		470.76	471.97	481.51	487.52	
Petroleum and petroleum products	. 517	9.56	9.66	9.53	9.63		369.97	378.67	364.05	371.72	
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	. 518	10.97	11.11	10.92	11.09		393.82	398.85	390.94	398.13	
Miscellaneous nondurable goods	. 519	7.65	7.69	7.79	7.77		284.58	289.91	286.67	290.60	
Retail trade		6.09	6.09	6.24	6.25	6.27	177.83	177.83	178.46	180.63	181.83
Building materials and garden supplies	. 52	6.94	6.93	7.23	7.24		253.31	256.41	260.28	262.81	
Lumber and other building materials	. 521	7.30	7.28	7.61	7.67		278.86	281.01	288.42	292.23	
Hardware stores	. 525	5.95	5.93	6.19	6.20		196.35	196.28	198.08	203.98	
General merchandise stores	. 53	6.45	6.45	6.48	6.49		183.18	183.18	172.37	176.53	
Department stores		6.75	6.75	6.77	6.78		190.35	190.35	177.37	181.70	
Variety stores		4.81	4.82	4.91	4.94	}	139.97	140.26	139.94	141.78	
Misc. general merchandise stores		5.05	5.00	5.32	5.30		150.49	149.00	152.15	154.76	
Food stores	54	6.98	6.96	7.00	6.98		209.40	207.41	206.50	208.00	1
Grocery stores		7.13	7.10	7.12	7.09		216.04	213.71	210.75	212.70	
Retail bakeries		5.61	5.61	5.91	5.93		154.28	152.03	165.48	167.82	
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	7.75	7.84	8.06	8.21		282.88	286.94	292.58	300.49	
New and used car dealers		9.44	9.57	9.78	10.00		351.17	356.00	364.79	374.00	
Auto and home supply stores		6.62	6.70	6.94	7.08		258.84	265.32	263.72	273.29	
Gasoline service stations		5.47	5.52	5.69	5.74		185.98	188.23	192.89	196.88	
Apparel and accessory stores	56	5.53	5.57	5.70	5.74		149.31	147.61	149.91	152.68	
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		6.60	6.71	6.78	6.95		199.32	199.29	191.20	197.38	
Women's ready-to-wear stores		5.20	5.20	5.38	5.45		134.16	133.12	133.42	136.25	
Family clothing stores		5.44	5.51	5.48	5.56		147.42	145.46	143.58	148.45	
Shoe stores		5.57	5.60	5.90	5.85		157.63	150.08	162.25	162.63	
Euroiture and home furgishings stores	57		7 45	7 67	7 70		242.00	244.36	250.04	054.44	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	7.46	7.45	7.67	7.78 7.91		243.20		250.04 259.62	254.41	
Furniture and home furnishings stores Household appliance stores		7.60	7.58 7.32	7.82 7.51	7.91		247.76 242.69	248.62 245.95	259.62	264.99 258.29	
Radio, television, and music stores		7.31	7.32	7.51	7.56		236.28	245.95 235.55	234.68	235.87	
Eating and drinking places4	1										
Eauny and onnking places	. 20	4.38	4.39	4.50	4.50		112.13	113.70	113.85	116.10	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Averag	e overtin	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988°	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	May 1988
Retail trade—Continued	1										
Miscellaneous retail	59	30.2	30.4	29.5	29.8						
Drug stores and proprietary stores		28.0	28.1	27.4	27.5						
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		28.5	28.4	28.0	28.5	ļ					
		33.2	33.2	32.0	32.2						
Nonstore retailers											
Fuel and ice dealers		37.6	37.7	38.1	38.2	[					
Retail stores, nec	599	32.7	33.5	31.1	31.4						
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>5</sup>		36.3	36.3	35.8	36.2	35.7				1	
Banking	60	36.1	36.2	35.4	36.2				1	1	1
Commercial and stock savings banks		36.1	36.2	35.4	36.3						}
Credit agencies other than banks	61	36.9	36.7	36.1	36.6			1			ļ
Savings and loan associations		36.3	36.2	35.5	36.1						1
Personal credit institutions		36.6	36.5	36.3				1			
Personal creat institutions	014	30.0	30.5	30.3	36.6			1			
Insurance carriers	63	37.4	37.4	37.2	37.3						
Life insurance		37.0	37.0	36.8	36.9						
Medical service and health insurance		38.2	38.1	38.1	38.0					1	
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		37.2	37.2	37.1	37.1						
Services		32.4	32.4	32.3	32.6	32.4					
Hotels and other lodging places:	4				1	ł					
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts4	701	30.2	30.8	30.6	31.2						
Provide sectors	1				1						
Personal services:											ł
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services		34.4	34.7	33.9	34.4						
Beauty shops⁴	723	29.8	29.7	29.6	30.0						
Business services	73	33.3	33.5	33.5	33.8						
Advertising		36.5	36.5	36.3	37.0						
Services to buildings		28.5	28.7	29.0	29.2						1
		37.4	37.3	37.5	37.9						1
Computer and data processing services		37.4	37.3	37.5	37.9						
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	36.8	36.8	36.1	36.4	1					
Automotive repair shops	753	38.3	38.3	37.8	38.0						
Miscellaneous repair services	76	37.7	37.6	37.8	38.1						
Notion ninturn	70	27.9	27.8	29.2	28.3	i					
Motion pictures Motion picture production and services		35.1	36.2	38.1	37.6	1					
Amusement and recreation services	. 79	28.3	28.2	27.5	27.7						
<i></i>											
Health services		32.2	32.2	32.2	32.3			1	1	1	1
Offices of physicians		30.6	30.8	31.0	31.2			j	1	1	1
Offices of dentists		28.3	28.0	28.4	28.4			1		1	
Nursing and personal care facilities		31.2	31.3	31.0	31.4			1			
Hospitals	. 806	34.0	34.0	33.9	33.8			1	1	1	1
Legal services	. 81	34.5	34.5	34.3	34.9						
Mino-Venacue comicae	00					1		1	1		1
Miscellaneous services		39.2	38.4	39.0	39.4			1		1	1
Engineering and architectural services		39.4	39.5	39.3	39.4			1	Į		
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		40.0	37.1	39.6	40.4						

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

Industry Retail trade—Continued	1972 SIC Code	Apr.	May						1		
		1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>9</sup>	May 1988°	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988⁰	May 1988⁰
Miscellaneous retail	. 59	\$6.30	\$6.30	\$6.51	\$6.56		\$190.26	\$191.52	\$192.05	\$195.49	1
Drug stores and proprietary stores		5.85	5.88	6.12	6.18		163.80	165.23	167.69	169.95	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		5.88	5.89	6.13	6.21		167.58	167.28	171.64	176.99	
Nonstore retailers		7.20	7.24	7.30	7.35		239.04	240.37	233.60	236.67	
Fuel and ice dealers	1	9.00	8.91	9.18	9.16		338.40	335.91	349.76	349.91	
		6.41	6.40	6.55	6.62		209.61	214.40	203.71	207.87	
Retail stores, nec	. 599	0.41	6.40	0.00	0.02		209.01	214.40	203.71	207.87	ł
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>5</sup>		8.72	8.72	8.97	9.05	\$9.17	316.54	316.54	321.13	327.61	\$327.3
Banking	. 60	7.47	7.49	7,75	7.79		269.67	271.14	274.35	282.00	}
Commercial and stock savings banks	602	7.21	7.24	7.46	7.51		260.28	262.09	264.08	272.61	
Credit agencies other than banks	61	7.86	7.85	8.05	8.12		290.03	288.10	290.61	297.19	
		1	7.34	-	-						
Savings and loan associations		7.33	)	7.57	7.62		266.08	265.71	268.74	275.08	
Personal credit institutions	. 014	7.35	7.37	7.64	7.70		269.01	269.01	277.33	283.36	
Insurance carriers	. 63	9.53	9.54	10.01	10.09		356.42	356.80	372.37	376.36	
Life insurance		9.11	9.13	9.49	9.56		337.07	337.81	349.23	352.76	(
Medical service and health insurance		9.34	9.35	9.71	9.74		356.79	356.24	369.95	370.12	{
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		9.86	9.89	10.49	10.61		366.79	367.91	389.18	393.63	
Services		8.41	8.40	8.80	8.82	8.87	272.48	272.16	284.24	287.53	287.39
			{								{
Hotels and other lodging places:		1									}
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts <sup>4</sup>	. 701	6.13	6.11	6.38	6.40		185.13	188.19	195.23	199.68	
Personal services:		1 1	1								
	701	0.10	0.10	0.00	6.00		000.04	010.74	010.00	040 70	
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services		6.10	6.13	6.28	6.30		209.84	212.71	212.89	216.72	
Beauty shops <sup>4</sup>	/23	6.40	6.41	6.70	6.76		190.72	190.38	198.32	202.80	
Business services	73	8.64	8.65	9.03	9.06		287.71	289.78	302.51	306.23	
Advertising	731	11.58	11.72	12.18	12.36		422.67	427.78	442.13	457.32	l
Services to buildings		6.66	6.66	6.65	6.77		189.81	191.14	192.85	197.68	}
Computer and data processing services		11.98	12.01	12.42	12.53		448.05	447.97	465.75	474.89	ļ
Auto repair, services, and garages		7.73	7.74	8.04	8.10		284.46	284.83	290.24	294.84	
Automotive repair shops	753	8.37	8.39	8.72	8.77		320.57	321.34	329.62	333.26	
Miscellaneous repair services	76	9.02	9.06	9.42	9.52		340.96	343.37	356.08	362.71	
Motion pictures	78	11.91	11.74	12.55	11.32		332.29	326.37	366.46	320.36	ł
Motion picture production and services		16.12	15.67	16.75	15.49		565.81	567.25	638.18	582.42	
Amusement and recreation services	79	7.28	7.04	7.66	7.55		206.02	198.53	210.65	209.14	
Health services	80	8.60	8.61	9.05	9.11		276.92	277.24	291.41	294.25	
Offices of physicians		8.30	8.33	8.68	8.75		253.98	256.56	269.08	273.00	
Offices of dentists	1	8.46	8.48	8.80	8.83		239.42	236.50	249.92	250.77	
Nursing and personal care facilities		5.93	5.95				185.02				]
Hospitals		9.72	5.95 9.73	6.20 10.27	6.22 10.35	-	330.48	186.24 330.82	192.20 348.15	195.31 349.83	
Legal services		11.79	11.77	12.36	12.46	l	406.76	406.07		434.85	1
ECYAI 301 11003		11.79	11.77	12.30	12.40		400.70	400.07	423.95	434.00	
Miscellaneous services	89	11.80	11.99	12.18	12.27		462.56	460.42	475.02	483.44	
Engineering and architectural services	891	12.90	12.89	13.23	13.28		508.26	509.16	519.94	523.23	ł
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		9.91	10.15	10.26	10.42	(	396.40	376.57	406.30	420.97	1

1 Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

<sup>2</sup> See table C-2a for average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing. <sup>3</sup> Data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of

\$50,000,000 or more.

Money payments only; tips, not included. 4

5 Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from all series in this division.

Data not available.
 <sup>p</sup> = preliminary.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

## A Note on Average Hourly Earnings in Aircraft (SIC 3721) and Guided Missiles and Space Vehicles (SIC 3761) Manufacturing

For many years, the Bureau of Labor Statistics' average hourly earnings series for production workers in aircraft manufacturing (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles manufacturing (SIC 3761) have been used to escalate labor costs in contracts between aerospace companies and their customers. Although the Bureau's series by definition take account of traditional wage rate changes, they do not capture "lump-sum payments to workers in lieu of general wage increases" which were negotiated in aerospace manufacturers' collective bargaining agreements beginning in late 1983.

Because of special circumstances in the aerospace industry, in June 1986 BLS began publishing an hourly earnings series for SIC 3721 which includes lump-sum payments. Beginning this month, a series including lump-sum payments also is being published for SIC 3761. Both series begin in October 1983, the effective date of the first aerospace collective bargaining agreement using lump-sum payments. These series are presented in table 2a below along with the average hourly earnings series produced as part of the Current Employment Statistics program. An explanation of the methodology used to derive these series appears in the Explanatory Notes of this publication.

In addition, table C-2a contains corrected data back to October 1983 for sIC 3761 for hourly earnings excluding lump-sum payments. Corrected data for the larger industry group—SIC 376—appear in table C-2b.

Lump-sum payments are but one of several recent changes in the way that employees are compensated. The changes are widespread and they differ by industry. Because of these developments, the Bureau is conducting a broad-based review of all concepts and definitions used in its earnings and wage programs to determine the proper treatment of lump-sum payments and other new compensation practices.

C-2a. Average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 376	1)
manufacturing	

										_			
Year	Annual average	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
				Average	hourly ear	nings, exc	cluding lur	np-sum pa	ayments S	SIC(3721)			
1983											\$12.76	\$12.83	\$12.93
1984		\$12.82	\$12.88	\$12.85	\$12.81	\$12.78	\$12.87	\$12.89	\$12.87	\$12.97	13.04	13.05	13.13
1985		13.01	13.12	13.11	13.04	13.06	13.11	13.05	13.16	13.26	13.35	13.37	13.48
986	13.48	13.38	13.44	13.46	13.45	13.38	13.42	13.41	13.44	13.48	13.52	13.67	13.6
987		13.61	13.61	13.66	13.62	13.72	13.71	13.67	13.76	13.77	13.81	13.95	14.00
988		13.96	13.98	13.99	P 13.96								
				Average	hourly ea	rnings, inc	luding lun	np-sum pa	lyments S	SIC(3721)			
1983											\$12.83	\$12.92	\$13.03
1984		\$12.95	\$13.02	\$13.02	\$12.98	\$12.97	\$13.06	\$13.11	\$13.09	\$13.19	13.26	13.28	13.37
985		13.26	13.36	13.33	13.26	13.27	13.33	13.29	13.39	13.48	13.54	13.57	13.6
986		13.58	13.64	13.66		13.60	13.64	13.61	13.63	13.67	14.19	14.31	14.20
987		14.21	14.25	14.29		14.37	14.37	14.37	14.44	14.43	14.13	14.26	14.4
988		14.39	14.44	14.46		14.07	14.07	14.07	14.44	14.40	14.10	14.20	
	 		L	Average	hourly eau	mings, exc	cluding lur	np-sum p	ayments S	SIC(3761)	L		
1983											\$11.94	\$12.02	\$12.07
984		\$11.99	\$11.96	\$11.95	\$11.97	\$11.86	\$12.02	\$11.87	\$11.90	\$12.14	12.06	12.07	12.29
985		12.32	12.32	12.26	12.22	12.13	12.25	12.23	12.36	12.53	12.51	12.52	12.6
986		12.55	12.58	12.23		12.24	12.43	12.40	12.51	12.62	12.58	12.53	12.5
987		12.63	12.53	12.49		12.76	12.83	12.92	13.06	13.15	13.09	13.26	13.4
988		13.28	13.32	13.35									
				Average	hourly ea	rnings, inc	luding lur	np-sum pa	ayments S	SiC(3761)	[	[	
1983											\$11.96	\$12.05	\$12.10
1984		\$12.03	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.08	\$11.97	\$12.13	\$11.99	\$12.07	\$12.31	12.24	12.28	12.50
985		12.54	12.54	12.47	12.44	12.34	12.47	12.45	12.57	12.73	12.71	12.67	12.74
986		12.70	12.73	12.37	12.67	12.39	12.58	12.55	12.63	12.74	12.87	12.84	12.88
987		12.91	12.82	12.78		13.06	13.13	13.23	13.37	13.46	13.32	13.50	13.74
988		13.55	13.60	13.63		10.00	10.10	10.20	10.07	10.40	10.02	10.00	10.74
	11												

P = preliminary.

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Year		Annual average	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
				•		Coi	rected av	erage ho	urly earni	ngs				
1983.												\$11.70	\$11.79	\$11.83
1984.		0.044.00	\$11.77	11.78	\$11.75	\$11.77	\$11.71	\$11.82	\$11.70	\$11.74	\$11.94	11.86	11.91	12.05
1985		10.14	12.11	12.10	12.05	12.01	11.95	12.03	12.01	12.15	12.27	12.28	12.30	
1986.		12 20	12.33	12.31	12.03		12.01	12.11	12.14	12.19	12.25	12.21	12.23	
1987.		10 60	12.35	12.25	12.20		12.41	12.46		12.80	12.89	12.82	12.95	
1988.	•		12.95	13.02	13.01	° 13.02	1			12.00				
			<u> </u>	L	L	Cor	rected av	erage we	ekly earni	ings		1	L	L
1983.												\$489.06	\$490.46	\$505.14
1984.			\$495.52	\$495.94	\$489.98	\$497.87	\$489 48	\$496.44	\$476.19	\$489.56	503.87	494.56	501.41	519.36
1985		E47 74		504.57	508.51	494.81	499.51	512.48	500.82	516.38	522.70	520.67	532.59	546.31
1986.		517 00	541.29	520.71	511.28	514.08	506.82	511.04	503.81	515.64	513.28	510.38	519.78	535.92
1987.	• •	525 50	529.81	519.40	518.50	524.03	521.22	524.57	523.30	541.44	546.54	543.57	554.26	578.16
1988.		}	568.51	557.26	559.43			924.07	020.00	041.44	0-10.04	0-0.07	004.20	0.0.10
1300.		1	000.01	337.20	555.40	004.00								

#### C-2b. Corrected average hourly and weekly earnings in guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts manufacturing (SIC 376)

= preliminary.

#### C-3. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime' of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

Industry	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988°	May 1988⁰
Manufacturing	\$9.49	\$9.45	\$9.64	\$9.67	\$9.70
Durable goods	9.97	9.95	10.13	10,16	10.18
Lumber and wood products	8.00	7.99	8.12	8.13	( <sup>2</sup> )
Furniture and fixtures	7.38	7.39	7.53	7.57	(2)
Stone, clay, and glass products	9.67	9.66	9.80	9.80	(²)
Primary metal industries	11.34	11.30	11.39	11.41	( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )
Fabricated metal products	9.57	9.52	9.69	9.75	(²)
Machinery, except electrical	10.21	10.18	10.32	10.36	Č
Electrical and electronic equipment	9.51	9.49	9.68	9.73	Č
Transportation equipment	12.22	12.24	12.57	12.59	Č)
Instruments and related products	9.36	9.34	9.52	9.54	Č
Miscellaneous manufacturing	7.48	7.50	7.68	7.69	(²) (²) (²) (²)
Nondurable goods	8.81	8.76	8.95	8.97	\$9.00
Food and kindred products	8.59	8.58	8.69	8.72	( <sup>2</sup> )
Tobacco manufactures	14.00	14.03	14.03	14.58	Č
Textile mill products	6.80	6.76	6.99	7.02	(²)
Apparel and other textile products	5.82	5.74	5.89	5.91	Č
Paper and allied products	10.80	10.78	10.92	10.96	(²)
Printing and publishing	9.81	9.82	10.03	10.01	(²)
Chemicals and allied products	11.77	11.78	11.95	11.99	(²)
Petroleum and coal products	13.76	13.75	14.19	14.16	(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	8.48	8.46	8.58	8.59	(°)
Leather and leather products	6.00	5.88	6.07	6.13	(²)

<sup>•</sup> Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half. <sup>2</sup> Not available. <sup>3</sup> = preliminary.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-4. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers'on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1977) dollars.

		Average	e hourly e	arnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988⁰	May 1988⁰	Apr. 1987	May 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>9</sup>	May 1988⁰
Total private:										
Current dollars	\$8.91	\$8.93	\$9.18	\$9.22	\$9.26	\$307.40	\$310.76	\$315.79	\$319.93	\$320.40
Constant (1977) dollars	4.87	4.86	4.86	4.85	(²)	167.89	169.17	167.08	168.38	(²)
Minina:										
Current dollars	12.51	12.50	12.59	12.58	\$12.53	520.42	530.00	527.52	538.42	\$531.2
Constant (1977) dollars	6.83	6.80	6.66	6.62	(²)	284.23	288.51	279.11	283.38	( <sup>2</sup> )
Construction:										
Current dollars	12.62	12.66	12.87	12.85	\$12.87	471.99	487.41	481.34	487.02	\$494.2
Constant (1977) dollars	6.89	6.89	6.81	6.76	(²)	257.78	265.33	254.68	256.33	( <sup>2</sup> )
Manufacturing:										
Current dollars	9.87	9.87	10.07	10.11	\$10.14	398.75	403.68	411.86	414.51	\$415.7
Constant (1977) dollars	5.39	5.37	5.33	5.32	(²)	217.78	219.75	217.92	218.16	(²)
Transportation and public utilities:										
Current dollars	11.94	11.93	12.19	12.17	\$12.18	463.27	466.46	470.53	473.41	\$472.5
Constant (1977) dollars	6.52	6.49	6.45	6.40	(²)	253.01	253.92	248.96	249.16	( <sup>2</sup> )
Wholesale trade:										
Current dollars	9.52	9.56	9.78	9.88	\$9.88	361.76	366.15	370.66	377.42	\$376.4
Constant (1977) dollars	5.20	5.20	5.17	5.20	(²)	197.58	1 <b>9</b> 9.32	196.12	198.64	( <sup>2</sup> )
Retail trade:										
Current dollars	6.09	6.09	6.24	6.25	\$6.27	177.83	177.83	178.46	180.63	\$181.8
Constant (1977) dollars	3.33	3.32	3.30	3.29	(²)	97.12	96.80	94.42	95.07	( <sup>2</sup> )
Finance, insurance, and real estate:										
Current dollars	8.72	8.72	8.97	9.05	\$9.17	316.54	316.54	321.13	327.61	\$327.3
Constant (1977) dollars	4.76	4.75	4.75	4.76	( <sup>2</sup> )	172.88	172.31	169.91	172.43	(²)
Services:										
Current dollars	8.41	8.40	8.80	8.82	\$8.87	272.48	272.16	284.24	287.53	\$287.3
Constant (1977) dollars	4.59	4.57	4.66	4.64	( <sup>2</sup> )	148.81	148.15	150.39	151.33	( <sup>2</sup> )

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.
 <sup>2</sup> Not available.
 <sup>2</sup> = preliminary. NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

C-5. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

				19	87						1988		
industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar	Apr. <sup>p</sup>	May <sup>o</sup>
Total private	34.8	34.7	34.8	34.8	34.6	34.9	34.8	34.6	34.7	34.8	34.6	34.9	34.7
Mining	(*)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(°)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(*)
Construction	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(°)
Manufacturing	41.0	41.0	41.0	41.0	40.6	41.2	41.2	41.0	41.1	41.0	40.9	41.2	41.1
Overtime hours	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.7	4.0	4.0
Durable goods	41.6	41.5	41.6	41.5	41.0	41.8	41.8	41.5	41.6	41.5	41.5	41.9	41.9
Overtime hours	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.7	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.8	4.2	4.2
Lumber and wood products	40.9	40.6	40.6	40.5	39.6	40.4	40.7	40.4	40.2	40.3	40.1	40.6	40.1
Furniture and fixtures	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	39.5	40.1	40.2	39.8	39.6	39.5	39.3	39.5	39.3
Stone, clay, and glass products	42.3	42.0	42.3	42.2	42.0	42.5	42.4	42.5	42.0	42.3	42.3	42.5	42.3
Primary metal industries	42.9	43.0	43.2	43.3	43.2	43.6	43.5	43.4	43.4	43.1	43.3	43.4	43.7
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	43.0	43.2	43.7	43.7	44.6	43.9	43.8	44.0	44.0	43.8	43.7	43.6	43.9
Fabricated metal products	41.5	41.6	41.5	41.5	40.9	41.9	42.1	41.7	41.8	41.6	41.6	42.0	42.1
Machinery, except electrical	42.2	42.3	42.5	42,3	41.7	42.6	42.7	42.6	42.7	42.6	42.5	42.8	42.6
Electrical and electronic equipment	40.9	40.9	40.9	40.9	40.4	41.0	41.0	40.9	41.1	40.9	40.9	41.2	41.1
Transportation equipment	42.2	41.9	41.8	41.8	41.4	42.4	42.3	41.5	42.0	42.0	42.1	43.0	43.1
Motor vehicles and equipment	42.3	42.0	41.8	41.9	41.5	42.8	42.9	41.4	42.1	42.3	42.3	44.1	44.3
instruments and related products	41.4	41.4	41.5	41.6	41.0	41.9	41.4	41.2	41.8	41.3	41.4	41.7	41.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39.4	39.4	39.5	39.7	38.9	39.5	39.2	39.2	39.1	39.3	3 <del>9</del> .2	39.4	39.3
Nondurable goods	40.3	40.2	40.3	40.3	40.1	40.4	40.3	40.3	40.3	40.2	40.1	40.3	40.0
Overtime hours	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7
Food and kindred products	40.1	40.1	40.1	40.2	40.2	40.4	40.4	40.5	40.6	40.3	40.1	40.2	40.2
Tobacco manufactures	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(²)	(²)	(*)	( <sup>2</sup> )
Textile mill products	42.0	42.1	42.3	42.0	41.4	41.8	41.6	41.5	41.5	41.6	41.2	41.6	40.9
Apparel and other textile products		37.0	37.2	37.2	36.4	37.3	37.1	37.1	36.8	37.0	37.0	37.4	36.8
Paper and allied products	43.5	43.4	43.5	43.4	43.7	43.6	43.5	43.3	43.4	43.3	43.2	43.4	43.3
Printing and publishing	38.0	38.0	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.0	38.0	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.2	37.8
Chemicals and allied products	42.2	42.2	42.2	42.4	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.5	42.4	42.5	42.2	42.0
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	41.7	41.7	41.6	41.6	41.3	41.8	41.8	41.6	41.7	41.6	41.7	41.9	41.6
Leather and leather products	38.4	38.5	38.4	38.9	37.8	38.8	38.3	38.0	38.0	37.8	37.9	37.1	37.5
Transportation and public utilities	39.3	39.0	39.3	39.3	39.1	39.3	39.2	39.1	39.5	39.1	38.8	39.2	39.0
Wholesale trade	38.3	38.1	38.1	38.2	38.0	38.2	38.2	38.0	38.1	38.2	38.1	38.3	38.1
Retail trade	29.3	29.2	29.3	29.4	29.5	29.2	29.2	28.8	29.0	29.1	29.0	29.2	29.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(²)	(²)	(*)	(°)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	ീ
Services	32.5	32.5	32.5	32.5	32.5	32.6	32.6	32.5	32.6	32.7	32.4	32.7	32.5

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

insurance, and real estate; and services. <sup>2</sup> These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.  $^{P}$  = preliminary. NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** HOURS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

la dura la				19	87						1988		
Industry	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. <sup>p</sup>	May⁰
Total private	120.4	120.5	121.1	121.6	121.1	122.5	122.8	122.5	123.0	123.9	123.6	125.0	124.5
Goods-producing	98.7	98.7	99.3	99.6	98.0	101.0	101.2	101.3	100.5	101.1	101.6	102.7	102.2
Mining	80.8	80.8	81.9	82.9	82.7	85.0	84.1	84.0	81.7	82.5	83.2	86.0	84.1
Construction	133.0	132.7	133.0	133.9	127.0	136.7	136.4	137.7	132.1	136.0	139.1	141.1	139.8
Manufacturing	92.9	93.0	93.6	93.8	93.2	94.8	95.1	95.0	95.2	95.2	95.2	96.1	95.8
Durable goods	90.4	90.4	90.7	91.3	90.3	92.5	92.9	92.5	92.7	92.7	92.7	94.0	94.0
Lumber and wood products	103.0	101.9	102.4	101.8	100.2	102.2	103.9	103.7	103.0	103.6	103.1	104.5	103.6
Furniture and fixtures	110.3	110.8	112.7	112.4	111.3	114.1	114.6	114.0	113.7	113.2	112.3	113.2	113.4
Stone, clay, and glass products	86.3	85.5	86.1	85.9	85.7	87.1	87.3	88.3	86.5	87.3	87.5	88.3	86.9
Primary metal industries	63.0	63.4	64.1	65.0	65.5	66.5	66.8	66.6	66.5	66.4	66. <del>9</del>	67.4	68.1
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	49.2	50.2	51.3	51.8	54.0	53.9	54.1	54.1	53.9	53.9	54.1	54.3	54.6
Fabricated metal products	87.4	88.0	87.9	88.2	87.5	90.1	91.2	90.7	90.9	90.8	90.8	91.9	92.7
Machinery, except electrical	84.8	85.4	86.2	86.5	85.7	88.1	89.0	89.3	90.0	90.2	90.4	91.6	91.6
Electrical and electronic equipment	99.6	99.3	100.2	100.4	99.3	101.4	101.5	101.8	102.2	101.8	101.9	102.9	102.5
Transportation equipment	99.5	98.8	97.1	99.4	97.5	99.7	99.1	97.1	97.5	97.3	96.8	99.8	100.3
Motor vehicles and equipment	88.6	87.4	83.3	88.5	85.7	88.9	88.7	84.6	84.7	85.7	84.8	89.8	90.6
Instruments and related products	102.0	102.0	102.8	103.0	102.1	105.2	104.4	103.9	106.0	105.0	105.2	106.3	106.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	81.0	81.6	82.2	82.9	81.5	83.4	83.6	83.6	83.4	84.8	84.5	85.3	83.9
Nondurable goods	96.7	96.7	97.8	97.5	97.3	98.3	98.5	98.7	99.0	99.0	98.8	99.1	98.5
Food and kindred products	98.9	99.2	99.6	99.5	99.7	100.3	100.9	101.3	102.2	101.7	100.9	101.1	100.5
Tobacco manufactures	76.3	75.8	75.5	73.2	70.9	71.7	73.8	76.4	77.2	75.8	74:8	74.0	73.0
Textile mill products	82.2	82.7	84.0	83.0	82.1	82.9	82.7	82.5	82.5	82.7	81.7	82.2	80.9
Apparel and other textile products	85.0	85.0	87.0	85.4	84.0	86.3	86.1	85.9	85.1	85.5	85.7	86.2	84.6
Paper and allied products	100.6	100.4	101.0	100.8	102.3	101.7	101.4	101.2	101.6	101.5	101.3	101.8	101.9
Printing and publishing	130.3	130.9	131.6	132.2	132.7	133.0	133.4	133.7	134.9	135.5	136.0	136.5	134.9
Chemicals and allied products	93.9	93.4	94.5	95.5	96.2	96.2	96.7	97.4	97.4	97.1	97.9	97.3	97.5
Petroleum and coal products	85.3	83.9	85.9	83.7	84.7	85.1	85.3	86.3	86.3	84.5	83.5	84.3	84.9
Rubber and misc. plastics products	115.3	115.1	116.1	116.5	116.2	118.7	119.6	120.1	120.9	121.0	121.8	122.6	123.0
Leather and leather products	56.7	56.8	59.1	58.4	56.7	58.2	57.5	57.0	57.5	57.2	56.9	55.2	56.3
Service-producing	132.4	132.5	133.2	133.8	133.9	134.3	134.7	134.2	135.5	136.4	135.8	137.3	136.7
Transportation and public utilities	109.0	108.4	109.5	109.9	110.0	110.9	111.0	111.0	112.6	111.8	111.2	112.7	112.5
Wholesale trade	119.0	118.9	119.2	119.8	119.6	120.7	121.3	121.3	122.2	123.1	123.6	124.8	124.6
Retail trade	122.2	122.2	123.0	123.6	124.1	123.5	123.8	122.2	124.0	125.2	124.8	126.0	125.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	141.5	141.6	141.4	141.8	140.6	141.1	141.3	139.6	141.3	141.6	139.6	141.0	139.3
Services	151.6	152.1	152.9	153.5	153.7	154.8	155.3	155.6	156.5	158.0	157.2	159.0	158.4

. Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.  $^{P}$  = preliminary.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

C-7. The Hourly Earnings Index and average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolis, seasonally adjusted

la duata s				19	987						1988		
Industry	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. <sup>p</sup>	May⁰
					Hou	rly Earnir	ngs Inde>	ć²(1977 =	100)				
Total private (in current dollars)	172.9	172.9	173.2	174.1	174.6	174.9	175.6	175.7	176.6	176.7	177.0	177.8	178.8
Mining	(3)	(*)	(?)	ീ	(?)	(3)	(3)	ථ	(3)	(?)	(3)	O	( <sup>3</sup> )
Construction	154.8	155.4	154.9	155.1	154.8	155.2	156.5	155.4	157.6	156.8	157.5	157.5	157.6
Manufacturing	174.2	174.5	174.5	175.3	176.3	176.1	176.4	176.6	176.8	177.0	177.3	177.8	178.4
Transportation and public utilities	176.0	175.6	176.2	177.0	176.8	177.5	177.6	178.2	178.3	179.1	179.4	179.5	180.5
Wholesale trade	(3)	(?)	ී	(°)	(*)	(*)	(*)	ീ	(*)	(°)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Retail trade	160.3	160.6	161.1	161.5	162.3	162.1	162.4	162.7	163.4	163.4	163.8	164.6	165.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(3)	(°)	(*)	(?)	(*)	(*)	(?)	ീ	(?)	(3)	(3)	(°)	(°)
Services	180.0	180.2	180.9	182.4	182.5	183.9	184.9	185.2	186.5	186.3	186.9	188.2	190.4
Total private (in constant dollars) <sup>4</sup>	94.0	93.8	93.7	93.7	93.7	93.6	93.8	93.7	93.8	93.7	93.5	93.5	(*)
		L	1	<b>l</b>	<b>k</b>	Average	hourly	earnings	L	L	1	l <u>-</u>	
Total private	\$8.95	\$8.95	\$8.96	\$9.01	\$9.02	\$9.07	\$9.10	\$9,11	\$9.14	\$9.13	\$9.16	\$9.22	\$9.28
Mining		Ô	(3)	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)	(°)	C	(?)	(°)	(3)	(3)
Construction	\$12.70	\$12.74	\$12.71	\$12.72	\$12.70	\$12.72	\$12.81	\$12.74	\$12.91	\$12.82	\$12.90	\$12.90	\$12.91
Manufacturing		9.89	9.88	9,94	10.00	9.99	10.00	10.01	10.02	10.03	10.05	10.10	10.15
Transportation and public utilities		12.00	12.03	12.09	12.07	12.12	12.13	12.16	12.14	12.19	12.21	12.19	12.25
Wholesale trade		9.55	9.59	9.65	9.64	9.70	9.71	9.69	9.75	9.72	9.76	9.88	9.89
Retail trade	6.09	6.10	6.12	6.13	6.18	6.16	6.17	6.19	6.20	6.20	6.22	6.24	6.27
Finance, insurance, and real estate	8.72	8.65	8.70	8.79	8.76	8.82	8.89	8.84	8.92	8.91	8.90	9.00	9.16
Services	8.43	8.44	8.46	8.53	8.55	8.60	8.65	8.67	8.72	8.72	8.75	8.81	8.91
			L		I	Average	weekly	earninge	I		I	<u> </u>	I
						, we age	moonly	currings					
		I	1		[	I							
Total private:													
Total private: In current dollars	311.46	310.57	311.81	313.55	312.09	316.54	316.68	315.21	317.16	317.72	316.94	321.78	322.0

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

Not available. þ

<sup>2</sup> Excludes the effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to underlying wage rate movements: Fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts. <sup>3</sup> These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the

seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

 $^{\circ}$  = preliminary. NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1987 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

	Avera	ige weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	mings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988
labama	40.8	41.0	41.0	\$8.70	\$8.99	\$8.99	\$354.96	\$368.59	\$368.5
Birmingham	40.4	41.6	41.4	8.99	9,12	9.11	363.20	379.39	377.1
Mobile	42.2	40.6	40.4	10.00	10.58	10.55	422.00	429.55	426.2
laska	43.6	43.9	35.7	12.41	11.47	12.61	541.08	503.53	450.1
rizona	40.0	41.1	41.0	9.93	9.79	9.82	397.20	402.37	402.6
rkansas	40.4	40.8	40.8	7.85	8.06	8.02	317.14	328.85	327.2
Fayetteville-Springdale	40.1	41.1	41.6	7.02	7.32	7.33	281.50	300.85	304.9
Fort Smith	41.1	40.3	41.3	8.48	8.57	8.64	348.53	345.37	356.
Little Rock-North Little Rock	41.0	40.7	40.1	8.51	8.64	8.55	348.91	351.65	342.
Pine Bluff	41.9	42.0	43.8	10.80	10.49	10.17	452.52	440.58	445.
alifornia	39.5	(')	(')	10.68	(')	(')	421.86	0	0
olorado	39.6	39.9	40.7	10.07	10.29	10.22	398.77	410.57	415.
Denver	38.9	39.8	41.4	10.67	10.65	10.50	415.06	423.87	434.
Connecticut	41.9	41.9	41.5	10.32	10.78	10.78	432.41	450.84	446.
Bridgeport-Milford	41.9	42.1	42.2	10.77	11.24	11.16	451.26	473.20	470.
Hartford	41.5	42.8	42.5	10.57	11.04	11.02	438.66	472.51	468
New Haven-Meriden	40.3	40.4	40.3	10.05	10.19	10.19	405.02	411.68	410
Stamford	40.2 41.1	40.7	40.7	11.31 8.87	12.08 9.12	12.16 9.16	454.66 364.56	491.66 387.60	494.
	-1.1	42.0	-2.0	0.07	0.12	3.10	004.00	007.00	001
elaware	40.1	38.9	39.7	10.45	10.72	10.63	419.05	417.01	422
Wilmington	41.0	40.3	40.4	12.21	13.02	12.96	500.61	524.71	523.
istrict of Columbia:									
Washington MSA	39.5	39.1	39.2	10.76	11.03	11.24	425.02	431.27	440.
lorida	40.5	40.6	40.6	8.14	8.28	8.25	329.67	336.17	334
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	42.2	41.2	40.9	7.89	8.40	8.31	332.96	346.08	339
Jacksonville	40.2	40.9	41.1	8.82	8.99	8.99	354.56	367.69	369
Miami-Hialeah	38.3	38.9	38.5	7.12	7.08	7.06	272.70	275.41	271
Orlando	40.5	40.8	40.6	8.55	8.73	8.70	346.28	356.18	353
Pensacola	43.1	43.5	42.0	10.50	11.13	10.87	452.55	484.16	456.
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	39.6	41.1	41.3	7.48	7.91	7.98	296.21	325.10	328.
West Paim Beach-Boca Raton-Deiray Beach	40.7	42.4	40.0	9.21	9.34	9.18	374.85	396.02	367.
eorgia	40.3	41.4	41.2	8.47	8.60	8.63	341.34	356.04	355
Atlanta	40.9	42.0	41.9	9.94	10.17	10.19	406.55	427.14	426
Savannah	44.5	47.0	47.8	10.74	11.35	11.15	477.93	533.45	532
lawaii	39.4	40.5	40.0	9.16	9.77	9.67	360.90	395.69	388
Honolulu	39.3	40.5	39.6	9.34	9.90	9.78	387.06	397.98	389
daho	37.8	37.3	37.6	9.44	9.55	9.51	356.83	356.22	357.
llinois	41.2	41.8	41.7	10.84	11.06	11.07	448.61	462.31	461
Aurora-Elgin	41.3	42.1	41.4	10.33	10.66	10.70	426.63	448.79	442
Bloomington-Normal	38.7	40.9	40.3	10.56	11.16	11.28	408.67	456.44	453
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	40.8	40.0	39.3	9.45	9.27	9.51	385.56	370.80	373
							435.94	453.03	451
Chicago	41.4	42.3	42.1	10.53	10.71	10.72			
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	40.2	40.3	40.5	12.95	12.51	12.52	520.59	504.15	507
Decatur	42.0	42.3	42.7	13.95	14.12	14.15	585.90	597.28	604
Joliet	41.9	41.4	41.3	11.84	11.88	11.87	487.72	491.00	490
Lake County	39.3	40.4	40.1	10.78	11.20	11.27	423.65	452.48	451
Peoria	42.7	48.0	47.2	12.98	13.48	13.43	553.39	647.04	633
Rockford	41.6	43.0	42.8	10.77	11.89	11.58	448.03	502.67	495
Springfield	41.3	42.8	42.8	11.45	11.31	11.31	472.89	481.81	481
		Į –							
ndiana	41.2	41.7	41.8	11.02	11.36	11.35	454.02	473.71	474

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

		3							-
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1968	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr 1988
wa	40.1	41.5	41.3	\$10.68	\$10.53	\$10.53	\$428.27	\$437.00	\$434.8
Cedar Rapids	39.2	39.8	39.3	11.66	11.92	11.97	457.07	474.42	470.4
Des Moines	43.3	42.8	41.6	11.93	11.77	11.92	516.57	503.76	495.6
Dubuque	41.7	40.2	40.5	12.83	12.03	11.67	535.01	483.61	472.6
Sioux City	38.7	33.3	34.9	8.60	8.26	8.31	332.82	275.06	290.0
ansas	40.7	40.8	40.6	9.94	10.02	10.07	404.56	408.82	408.
Topeka	42.7	43.8	44.0	10.92	11.45	11.16	466.28	501.51	491.
Wichita	39.1	41.0	40.3	10.92	10.35	10.37	422.67	424.35	417.
entucky	39.2	40.3	40.2	10.02	10.08	10.11	392.78	406.22	406.
Lexington-Fayette	38.5	39.3	38.8	10.32	10.17	10.11	397.32	399.68	392.
Louisville	40.8	41.4	41.4	11.27	11.69	11.75	459.82	483.97	486.
autoione.	44.0	40.6	40.5	10,99	10.05	10.07	450.00	460.01	466.
pulsiana	41.3	42.6	42.5		10.85	10.97	453.89	462.21	
Baton Rouge	42.9	42.5	42.6	12.03	12.43	12.48	516.09	528.28	531.0
New Orleans	39.6	41.5	42.1	10.76	10.38	10.43	426.10	430,77	439.
Shreveport	39.7	41.4	41.2	11.50	11.66	11.74	456.55	482.72	483.
aine	41.3	41.0	40.4	8.75	8.81	8.90	361.38	361.21	359.
Lewiston-Auburn	40.4 40.0	41.4 42.5	40.4 40.7	7.35 9.18	7.75 9.41	7.87 9.35	296.94 367.20	320.85 399.93	317. 380.
	40.0	42.5	40.7	3,10	3.41	9.00	007.20	000.00	
aryland	40.4	40.7	40.8	10.09	10.31	10.37	407.64	419.62	423
Baltimore MSA	41.9	42.0	42.0	10.79	11.04	11.11	452.10	463.68	466.
assachusetts	40.2	41.3	41.3	9.66	10.07	10.17	388.33	415.89	420
Boston	40.1	41.5	41.4	10.55	10.85	10.90	423.06	450.28	451
Springfield	41.7 40.6	43.0 40.7	42.7 40.0	9.11 9.70	9.51 10.27	9.56 10.28	379.89 393.82	408.93 417.99	408.
	40.0	40.1		5.10	10.21	10.20	000.02	411.00	
ichigan	42.1	42.7	43.4	12.98	13.27	13.40	546.46	566.63	581.
Ann Arbor	45.7	44.9	45.8	14.12	14.34	14.69	645.28	643.87	672
Battle Creek	41.6	41.9	41.3	13.58	13.99	14,26	564.93	586.18	588
Detroit	43.4	43.9	44.7	13.79	14.14	14.40	598.49	620.75	643.
Flint	43.3	42.5	44.2	14.93	16.46	16.17	646.47	699.55	714.
Grand Papida									473
Grand Rapids	39.0	40.9	41.5	11.03	11.39	11.40	430.17	465.85	
Kalamazoo	42.5	42.6	43.1	12.09	12.25	12.29	513.82	521.85	529.
Lansing-East Lansing	42.7	43.7	41.8	13.96	14.52	14,29	596.09	634.52	597.
Muskegon Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	40.7	40.1	40.4	11.86 14.44	12.06 15.07	11.97	482.70 607.92	483.61 648.01	483
Saginaw-Bay City-Millianu	42.1	43.0	43.9	14,44	15.07	15.16	007.92	048.01	005
innesota	39.9	40.3	40.5	10.39	10.43	10.49	414.56	420.33	424
Duluth	37.7	39.1	40.3	10.82	10.95	10.99	407.91	428.15	442
Minneapolis-St. Paul	40.2	40.6	40.8	11.14	11.13	11.11	447.83	451.88	453
St. Cloud	38.7	39.4	40.8	9.30	9.70	9.70	359.91	382.18	388
ississippi Jackson	39.4	40.1	39.8	7.55	7.75	7.81	297.47	310.78	310
Jackson	39.5	40.3	40.6	8.46	8.83	8.90	334.17	355.85	301
issouri	39.9	40.5	40.5	9.91	10.12	10.19	395.41	409.86	412
Kansas City	39.9	40.8	40.8	11.24	11.62	11.52	448.48	474.10	470
St. Louis	40.9	41.3	41.3	11.43	11.65	11.77	467.49	481.15	486
Springfield	38.9	39.8	39.1	8.54	8.49	8.53	332.21	337.90	333
ontana	38.7	38.7	39.8	10.86	10.46	10.68	420.28	404.80	425
ebraska	39.6 38.9	39.8 41.2	40.5 40.6	9.27 9.76	9.42 9.95	9.51 10.02	367.09 379.66	374.92 409.94	385
Omaha	38.9	41.2	40.6	9.76	9.95	10.02	393.22	409.94	400
evada Las Vegas	40.7 41.5	39.8 40.1	38.5 38.3	9.77 12.45	10.23 12.54	10.00 12.57	397.64 516.68	407.15 502.85	385 481
	-1.5								1
ew Hampshire	40.6	40.8	40.8	9.18	9.48	9.52	372.71	386.78	388

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	age weekly	hours	Averag	ge hourly ea	arnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
New Jersey	. 40.9	41.4	41.2	\$10.38	\$10.76	\$10.80	\$424.54	\$445.46	\$444.9
New Mexico	39.8	41.6	41.0	8.69	9.03	9.01	345.86	375.65	369.41
Albuquerque		41.1	41.0	9.07	9.26	9.27	360.08	380.59	380.07
New York	. 39.2	39.9	39.8	10.08	10.28	10.32	395.14	410.17	410.74
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		40.1	40.5	10.53	10.83	10.83	414.88	434.28	438.6
Binghamton		41.1	40.7	9.32	9.46	9.53	364.41	388.81	387.87
Buffalo		43.0	43.4	12.07	12.13	12.25	502.11	521.59	531.6
Elmira		41.5	41.5	9.62	9.81	9.74	390,57	407.12	404.2
Nassau-Suffolk		39.8	40.1	10.61	11.00	11.03	422.28	437.80	442.30
New York PMSA	37.2	37.5	37.0	9.41	9.60	9.82	350.05	360.00	355.94
New York City		37.3	36.9	9.33	9,48	9.37	344.28	353.60	345.7
Niagara Falls		42.3	42.7	12.70	13.29	13.25	516.89	562.17	565.7
Orange County		40.0	39.1	7.89	8.02	8.04	299.82	320.80	314.3
Poughkeepsie		41.0	41.0	9.21	9.76	9.81	389.58	400.16	402.2
Rochester		42.7	43.0	11.93	12.40	12.47	486.74	529.48	536.2
Rockland County		37,4	34.2	10.23	10.54	11.23	410.22	394.20	384.0
Syracuse		42.0	41.7	11.20	11.48	11.88	449.12	482.16	494.5
Utica-Rome		41.1	40.9	9.59	9.68	9.68	393.19	397.85	395.9
Westchester County		39.6	39.4	9.7 <del>9</del>	10.92	11.08	379.85	432.43	435.70
North Carolina	. 40.4	40.3	40.5	7.75	8.02	8.05	313.10	323.21	326.0
Asheville	. 41.7	41.0	41.2	7.81	8.12	8.09	325.68	332.92	333.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	. 41.0	40.7	41.0	8.01	8.30	8.31	328.41	337.81	340.7
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		40.1	40.0	8.57	8.77	8.84	342.80	351.68	353.6
Raleigh-Durham	. 40.9	41.5	41.4	8.78	9.06	9.09	359.10	375.99	376.3
North Dakota	. 37.9	38.1	39.3	8.43	8.35	8.54	319.50	318.14	335.6
Fargo-Moorhead	. 36.1	38.0	37.2	8.43	8.29	8.39	304.32	315.02	312.1
Ohio	. 42.1	42.7	43.2	11.71	11.91	12.04	492.99	508.56	520.1
Akron	. 43.0	43.2	43.8	11.25	11.46	11.73	483.75	495.07	513.7
Cincinnati	. 41.8	42.0	42.1	10.99	10.80	11.01	459.38	453.60	463.5
Cleveland		43.5	43.6	11.59	11.73	11.82	494.89	510.26	515.3
Columbus		41.3	41.7	11.35	11.49	11.58	466.49	474.54	482.8
Dayton-Springfield	. 41.3	43.2	43.7	11.77	12.48	12.68	486.10	539.14	554.1
Toledo		43.1	43.4	12.67	13.19	13.23	537.21	568.49	574.1
Youngstown-Warren	. 43.1	41.6	42.2	13.27	13.41	13.58	571.94	557.86	573.0
Oklahoma	. 40.7	40.4	41.5	10.06	10.25	10.35	409.44	414.10	429.5
Oklahoma City		40.4	41.3	11.12	11.44	11.55	442.58	462.18	477.0
Tulsa	. 40.5	41.3	41.2	10.57	10.76	10.89	428.09	444.39	448.6
Oregon	. 39.4	39.1	39.9	10.52	10.69	10.74	414.49	417.98	428.5
Eugene-Springfield		40.3	41.0	10.62	10.56	10.75	431.17	425.57	440.7
Portland	. 39.2	39.7	39.5	10.71	10.95	10.96	419.83	434.72	432.9
Salem		38.5	38.5	9.62	9.46	9.68	372.29	364.21	372.6

# C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	age weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	arnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
Pennsylvania	40.2	40.8	40.9	\$9.92	\$10.14	\$10.20	\$398.78	\$413.71	\$417.18
Allentown-Bethlehem	38.8	40.4	40.4	10.39	10.19	10.33	403.13	411.68	417.33
Altoona	39.1	40.4	40.3	8.73	8.68	8.73	341.34	350.67	351.82
Beaver County	41.5	42.3	42.3	10.83	10.58	10.49	449.45	447.53	443.73
Erie		42.8	42.3	10.19	10.36	10.38	413.71	443.41	439.07
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		39.9	39.5	9.35	9.42	9.42	367.46	375.86	372.09
Johnstown		39.5	40.0	8.34	8.47	8.29	319.42	334.57	331.60
Lancaster		40.1	40.3	9.69	9.89	9.96	383.72	396.59	401.39
Philadelphia PMSA	40.4	40.3	40.3	10.71	11.03	11.18	432.68	444.51	450.55
Pittsburgh		41.7	42.1	11.08	11.23	11.29	454.28	468.29	475.31
		40.8	40.9	10.05	10.55	10.65	404.20	430.44	435.59
Reading									
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	38.3	38.8	38.7	8.64	8.81	8.84	330.91	341.83	342.11
Williamsport	40.6	41.5	40.9	8.56	8.73	8.73	347.54	362.30	357.06
York	41.7	42.3	42.6	9.34	9.65	9.72	389.48	408.20	414.07
Rhode Island	40.0	39.9	39.9	8.08	8.39	8.43	323.20	334.76	336.36
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	40.5	40.7	40.2	7.63	7.94	7.99	309.02	323.16	321.20
Providence	39.7	39.7	39.8	8.13	8.37	8.40	322.76	332.29	334.32
South Carolina	41.4	41.6	41.4	8.05	8.26	8.27	333.27	343.62	342.38
Charleston	41.9	41.5	40.9	9.07	9,14	9.08	380.03	379.31	371.37
Columbia	40.7	41.4	41.4	7.88	8.27	8.35	320.72	342.38	345.69
Greenville-Spartanburg	41.5	41.7	41.6	7.96	8.22	8.21	330.34	342.77	341.54
South Dakota	41.5	41.4	41.9	8.01	8.02	8.01	332.42	332.03	335.62
Sioux Falls	45.4	44.5	43.6	8.22	8.29	8.14	373.19	368.91	354.90
Fennessee	40.5	41.8	41.8	8.77	8.84	8.86	355,19	369.51	370.35
Chattanooga	41.7	41.8	40.0	7.86	7.90	8.15	327.76	330.22	326.00
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	42.6	43.4	42.9	9.11	9.39	9.28	388.09	407.53	398.1
Knoxville	39.1	40.9	40.3	9.18	9.02	9.02	358.94	368.92	363.5
Memphis	42.2	44.1	43.2	8.89	8.94	8.98	375.16	394.25	387.94
Nashville	41.9	41.3	41.4	10.09	10.30	10.21	422.77	425.39	422.69
「exas	40,9	41.7	41.9	9.88	9.90	9.93	404.09	412.83	416.07
Dallas	41.1	41.0	41.3	9.73	9.69	9.70	399.90	397.29	400.61
Ft. Worth-Arlington	40.4	41.6	41.4	9.73	10.97	11.10	393.09	456.35	459.54
Houston	43.3	43.6	44.0	11.28	11.25	11.30	488.42	490.50	497.20
San Antonio	40.7	39.9	40.8	7.67	7.58	7.57	312.17	302.44	308.86
Jtah	38.7	39.8	40.4	9.95	9.93	9.86	385.07	395.21	398.34
Salt Lake City-Ogden	39.8	40.0	40.3	9.84	9.90	9.82	391.63	396.00	395.75
/ermont	39.9	40.5	39.7	8.97	9.29	9.25	357.90	376.24	367.2
Burlington	41.1	41.1	40.0	9.86	9.51	9.42	405.25	390.86	376.80
/irginia	40.7	40.9	41.4	9.04	9.38	9.40	367.93	383.64	389.16
Bristol	40.9	42.9	41.3	7.82	7.90	7.78	319.84	338.91	321.31
Charlottesville	40.0	39.9	39.7	7.39	7.65	7.63	295.60	305.24	302.91
Danville	41.9	41.6	42.7	7.93	8.66	8.65	332.27	360.26	369.36
Lynchburg	41.5	40.7	40.5	8.47	8.61	8.59	353.20	350.43	347.90
Northern Virginia	38.8	40.7	40.5	9.63	10.37	10.63	373.64	416.87	428.39
Richmond-Petersburg	40.7	40.2	40.3	9.63	11.86	12.03	465.61	410.07	502.8
Roanoke	40.7	41.4	41.8	8.81	9.33	9.07	355.92	375.07	362.80
Vashington	40.0	40.0	39.7	11.77	11.73	11.65	470.80	469.20	462.51
a a magneti	40.0	40.0	38.7		11.73	11.00	470.00	409.20	402.5

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas-Continued

	Avera	ige weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	rnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>
West Virginia	40.2	41.0	40.8	\$10.65	\$10.72	\$10.95	\$428.13	\$439.52	\$446.76
Charleston	42.0	42.4	42.0	13.16	13.48	13.68	552.72	571.55	574.56
Huntington-Ashland	38.7	41.4	42.3	12.02	11,77	12.08	465.17	487.28	510.98
Parkersburg-Marietta	41.7	42.3	41.6	11.95	12.26	12.76	498.32	518.60	530.82
Wheeling	40.8	40.8	41.7	12.12	11.72	11.90	494.50	478.18	496.23
Wisconsin	40.4	41.5	41.5	10.57	10.64	10.72	427.03	441.56	444.88
Appleton-Oshkosh	42.6	43.3	42.7	10.66	11.16	11.17	454.12	483.23	476.96
Eau Claire	39.1	39.6	38.9	11.07	10.85	10.81	432.84	429.66	420.51
Green Bay	41.7	41.2	40.5	11.34	11.54	11.52	472.88	475.45	466.56
Janesville-Beloit	38.0	39.6	40.3	12.18	12.09	12.14	462.84	478.76	489.24
Kenosha	38.9	41.5	45.2	11.99	12.88	13.70	466.41	534.52	619.24
La Crosse	39.0	38.5	38.8	9.16	9.14	9.20	357.24	351.89	356.96
Madison	40.5	41.4	41.2	9.98	10.24	10.09	404.19	423.94	415.71
Milwaukee	40.2	41.7	41.6	11.68	11.57	11.67	469.54	462.47	485.47
Racine	39.6	40.8	39.9	11.05	11.06	11.02	437.58	451.25	439.70
Wausau	41.7	41.7	42.3	9.79	10.07	10.26	408.24	419.92	434.00
	41.7	41.7	-2.5	5.15	10.07	10.20	400.24	410.02	404.00
Wyoming	39.3	36.4	36.1	9.70	9.64	9.94	381.21	350.90	378.71
Puerto Rico	37.2	39.0	39.0	5.41	5.45	5.47	201.25	212.55	213.33
Virgin Islands	42.7	39.9	4.6	9.04	9.47	9.26	386.01	377.85	385.22

 $^1$  Not available.  $^\rho~=$  preliminary. NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1987 benchmarks, except Colorado. Data for Colorado have been adjusted to December 1986 benchmarks.

PRODUCTIVITY DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## C-9. Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments by major industry, seasonally adjusted

	Million	s of hours (annual	rate)1		Percent change	
Industry	Mar. 1988'	Apr. 1988'	May 1988⁰	May 1987 to May 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1988 to Apr. 1988 <sup>r</sup>	Apr. 1988 to May 1988°
Total	194,996	196,595	196,287	3.4	0.8	-0.2
Private sector	160,237	161,723	161,228	3.4	.9	3
Mining	1,603	1,653	1,623	3.1	3.1	-1.8
Construction	10,304	10,395	10,353	5.2	.9	4
Manufacturing	41,293	41,442	41,482	2.8	.4	.1
Durable goods	24,545	24,706	24,757	3.3	.7	.2
Nondurable goods	16,748	16,736	16,725	2.1	1	1
Transportation and public utilities	11,165	11,306	11,279	3.3	1.3	2
Wholesale trade	11,986	12,146	12,110	4.1	1.3	3
Retail trade	28,712	28,989	28,915	3.2	1.0	3
Finance, insurance, and real estate	12,376	12,525	12,352	1	1.2	-1.4
Services	42,798	43,267	43,113	4.8	1.1	4
Government	34,760	34,872	35,059	3.1	.3	.5

. Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52.

preliminary.

=revised.

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees-production workers,

nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers—and are based largely on establishment data. See *BLS Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 2134-1, chapter 13, Productivity Measures: Business Economy and Major Sectors. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

### PRODUCTIVITY DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## C-10. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

	Annual	average					Qu	arterly inc	dex				
Item	1000	1007	19	85		19	86			19	87		1988
	1986	1987		IV	1	11		١v	I	11	111	IV	ľ
Business sector												i	
Output per hour of all persons	109.5	110.5	108.2	107.9	109.5	109.7	109.6	109.6	109.7	110.1	111.3	110.9	111.8
Output		132.2	124.7	125.3	127.3	127.5	128.1	129.0	130.2	131.1	133.1	134.4	136.3
Hours	116.9	119.7	115.2	116.1	116.3	116.3	116.9	117.8	118.7	119.1	119.6	121.2	121.9
Compensation per hour	182.8	188.2	177.0	179.3	180.7	182.2	183.6	185.2	185.8	187.3	189.1	190.6	192.
Real compensation per hour		100.4	99.5	99.7	100.1	101.3	101.5	101.7	100.7	100.3	100.3	100.2	100.
Jnit labor costs	166.9	170.3	163.6	166.1	165.0	166.2	167.5	169.0	169.4	170.2	169.8	171.8	171.
Unit nonlabor payments	163.8	169.4	161.8	160.2	163.1	163.9	165.7	162.4	166.0	168.6	172.2	170.8	170.
mplicit price deflator	165.8	170.0	163.0	164.0	164.3	165.4	166.9	166.7	168.2	169.6	170.7	171.4	171.
Nonfarm business sector					1								
Dutput per hour of all persons	107.5	108.4	106.4	105.9	107.7	107.7	107.5	107.5	107.6	108.0	109.1	108.8	109.
Output	127.5	131.8	124.3	124.9	126.9	127.1	127.6	128.5	129.7	130.7	132.7	134.1	136.
Hours	118.6	121.6	116.9	117.9	117.9	118.0	118.7	119.6	120.6	121.1	121.7	123.2	123.
Compensation per hour	182.0	187.1	176.2	178.3	180.0	181.3	182.6	184.4	184.9	186.3	187.9	189.5	191.
Real compensation per hour		99.8	99.0	99.2	99.8	100.8	100.9	101.2	100.2	99.7	99.7	99.6	99.
Unit labor costs	169.3	172.7	165.7	168.3	167.2	168.4	169.8	171.5	171.8	172.5	172.2	174.1	174.
Unit nonlabor payments	165.2	170.4	163.4	160.8	164.7	165.2	167.0	163.9	167.4	169.2	173.0	171.8	172.
mplicit price deflator	167.8	171.9	164.9	165.7	166.4	167.3	168.8	168.8	170.3	171.4	172.5	173.3	173.
	107.0	171.5	104.3	105.7	100.4	107.5	100.0	100.0	170.5	17 1.4	172.5	175.5	175.
Manufacturing'													
Dutput per hour of all persons	128.8	132.4	125.3	126.2	127.7	128.5	129.3	129.7	130.4	132.3	133.4	133.6	134.
Dutput	125.9	130.7	123.2	124.2	125.3	125.3	126.0	127.0	128.0	129.3	131.6	133.9	135.
Hours	97.8	98.7	98.3	98.4	98.1	97.5	97.5	97.9	98.1	97.7	<del>9</del> 8.7	100.3	100.
Compensation per hour	182.7	185.1	178.0	180.2	181.0	182.1	183.1	184.3	183.9	184.8	185.4	186.3	188.
Real compensation per hour	101.0	98.7	100.0	100.3	100.3	101.3	101.2	101.2	99.6	98.9	98.3	97.9	98.
Unit labor costs	141.8	139.7	142.1	142.8	141.8	141.7	141.7	142.2	141.0	139.6	139.0	139.5	140.
Durable goods'													
Output per hour of all persons		141.6	131.6	133.1	135.3	136.0	137.5	138.3	139.6	141.3	142.5	143.2	144.4
Output	134.1	139.1	130.8	132.3	133.7	133.3	134.1	135.2	136.6	137.4	139.6	143.0	144.
Hours	98.0	98.2	99.4	99.4	98.8	98.0	97.5	97.8	97.8	97.2	98.0	99.8	100.
Compensation per hour	181.4	183.3	176.6	179.4	179.9	180.8	181.6	183.1	182.2	182.9	183.4	184.4	187.
Real compensation per hour	100.3	97.8	99.2	99.8	99.7	100.5	100.4	100.5	98.7	98.0	97.3	97.0	97.
Unit labor costs	132.6	129.4	134.2	134.7	132.9	132.9	132.1	132.4	130.5	129.5	128.8	128.8	129.
Nondurable goods													
Dutput per hour of all persons		118.8	115.6	115.5	116.1	117.1	117.0	116.9	116.9	119.1	120.1	119.3	119.
Output		118.1	111.8	112.1	112.8	113.5	113.9	114.7	115.2	117.2	119.6	120.4	121.
Hours		99.4	96.8	97.1	97.2	96.9	97.3	98.1	98.6	98.5	99.6	100.9	101.
Compensation per hour	184.8	188.4	180.0	181.2	182.7	184.3	185.8	186.5	186.9	188.2	189.0	189.8	190.
Real compensation per hour	102.2	100.5	101.1	100.8	101.2	102.5	102.7	102.4	101.3	100.8	100.3	99.8	99.
Jnit labor costs	158.3	158.6	155.7	156.9	157.3	157.4	158.8	159.6	159.9	158.0	157.4	159.1	159.
Nonfinancial corporations													
Dutput per all-employee hour	109.9	110.2	109.2	108.9	109.8	109.7	109.9	110.5	109.7	109.9	110.8	110.5	111.
Dutput	129.4	132.7	127.4	127.7	129.1	128.8	129.3	130.4	130.9	131.6	133.7	134.8	137.
Hours	1	120.5	116.6	117.3	117.6	117.4	117.6	118.0	119.3	119.8	120.6	122.0	123.
Compensation per hour	178.9	182.7	173.8	175.7	177.2	178.4	179.5	181.0	180.8	182.0	183.3	184.8	186.
Real compensation per hour		97.5	97.6	97.8	98.2	99.2	99.2	99.4	98.0	97.5	97.2	97.1	97.
Total unit costs	167.7	171.0	163.7	166.0	166.3	167.2	168.5	168.7	169.7	170.9	171.0	172.5	172.
Unit labor costs	162.8	165.8	159.1	161.4	161.5	162.6	163.2	163.8	164.8	165.6	165.5	167.2	167.
Unit nonlabor costs	182.2	186.5	177.5	179.4	180.7	180.6	184.2	183.2	184.1	186.6	187.3	188.0	187.
Unit profits	129.3	136.1	142.5	128.7	129.7	129.5	130.6	127.7	132.2	132.9	142.1	137.0	136.
	163.1	166.8	161.2		161.9		164.0		165.2	166.3			168.

Revisions to quarterly output measures were introduced in the manufacturing sector; measures of productivity and unit labor costs were also affected.

= revised. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

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#### PRODUCTIVITY DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## C-11. Percent changes from the preceding quarter and year in productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted annual rates

					P	Percent cl	hange fro					
Item			Previou	s quarter				Same	e quarter	, previou	s year	
	IV 1986	І 1987	II 1987	)    1987	IV 1987	і 1988'	IV 1986	l 1987	ll 1987	 1987	IV 1987	1 1988′
Business sector							:					
Output per hour of all persons	0.1	0.5	1.4	4.7	-1.5	3.2	1.5	0.2	0.4	1.6	1.3	1.9
Dutput	3.0	3.5	3.0	6.3	4.0	5.5	2.9	2.3	2.8	3.9	4.2	4.7
Hours		3.0	1.6	1.5	5.6	2.2	1.4	2.1	2.5	2.3	2.9	2.7
Compensation per hour		1.4	3.3	3.8	3.2	3.6	3.3	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.9	3.5
leal compensation per hour		-3.8	-1.5	.0	5	.2	2.0	.6	-1.0	-1.1	-1.5	5
Unit labor costs		.9 9.0	1.8 6.4	9 8.8	4.7 -3.2	.3	1.8 1.4	2.7 1.8	2.4 2.8	1.4 3.9	1.6 5.1	1.5
Init nonlabor payments mplicit price deflator		3.7	3.4	2.5	-3.2	.2	1.4	2.3	2.6	2.3	2.8	2.9
	0	0.7	0.4	2.5	1.0		1.7	2.5	2.0	2.5	2.0	2.0
Nonfarm business sector												
Output per hour of all persons		.4	1.4	4.2	-1.0	3.6	1.5	1	.3	1.5	1.3	2.1
Dutput lours		3.8 3.4	3.2	6.3 2.0	4.2 5.2	5.9	2.9 1.4	2.2 2.3	2.9 2.6	4.0 2.5	4.4 3.1	4.9
compensation per hour		1.1	3.0	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.4	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.8	3.4
leal compensation per hour	1	-4.1	-1.8	~.3	1	.0	2.1	.4	-1.1	-1.2	-1.6	~.5
Init labor costs		.8	1.5	6	4.5	2	1.9	2.8	2.4	1.4	1.5	1.3
Init nonlabor payments		8.8	4.6	9.3	-2.7	1.1	1.9	1.6	2.4	3.6	4.9	3.0
nplicit price deflator		3.4	2.6	2.7	1.9	.2	1.9	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.7	1.9
Manufacturing <sup>1</sup>									}		1	
Output per hour of all persons	1.2	2.4	5.9	3.3	.5	2.8	2.8	2.1	3.0	3.2	3.0	3.1
Output		3.2	4.2	7.3	7.3	4.5	2.3	2.2	3.2	4.4	5.5	5.8
lours		8.	-1.6	3.8	6.7	1.6	5	.0	.2	1.2	2.4	2.6
compensation per hour		-1.0	2.0	1.3	2.1	4.6	2.3	1.6	1.5	1.2	1.1	2.5
leal compensation per hour Init labor costs		-6.1 -3.4	-2.7 -3.7	-2.4 -1.9	-1.5 1.5	1.2 1.7	1.0 5	7 6	-2.3 -1.5	-2.9 -1.9	-3.2 -1.9	-1.4 6
Durable goods <sup>1</sup>												ļ
Dutput per hour of all persons	2.3	3.9	4.9	3.4	2.2	3.4	3.8	3.1	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.5
Dutput		4.0	2.4	6.7	10.0	4.3	2.2	2.2	3.1	4.1	5.7	5.8
lours	1.1	.0	-2.4	3.3	7.7	.8	-1.5	9	7	.5	2.1	2.3
Compensation per hour		-1.9	1.6	1.1	2.2	6.2	2.1	1.3	1.2	1.0	.7	2.8
leal compensation per hour Init labor costs		-6.9 -5.6	-3.1 -3.2	-2.6 -2.2	-1.4 .0	2.7 2.7	.7 -1.7	-1.0 -1.8	-2.5 -2.6	-3.0 -2.5	-3.5 -2.8	-1.1
Nondurable goods'		0.0	0.2	2.2								
Dutput per hour of all persons	4	.0	7.8	3.3	-2.5	2.1	1.2	.7	1.7	2.6	2.1	2.6
Dutput	2.9	1.9	7.2	8.2	2.7	5.0	2.3	2.1	3.3	5.0	5.0	5.8
lours		1.9	5	4.7	5.4	2.8	1.1	1.4	1.6	2.3	2.9	3.1
Compensation per hour		.7	2.8	1.7	1.6	2.2	2.9	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.7	2.1
leal compensation per hour Init labor costs		-4.5 .7	-1.9 -4.6	2.0 1.5	-1.9 4.3	-1.1	1.6 1.7	.0 1.6	-1.7 .4	-2.4 9	-2.6 3	-1.7
Nonfinancial corporations												
Dutput per all-employee hour	2.1	-2.9	.7	3.3	-1.0	3.4	1.5	.0	.2	.8	.0	1.6
Dutput	3.4	1.5	2.2	6.4	3.5	7.3	2.1	1.4	2.2	3.4	3.4	4.8
lours		4.6	1.6	3.0	4.6	3.8	.6	1.5	2.0	2.6	3.4	3.2
Compensation per hour		5	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.4	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	3.1
eal compensation per hour		-5.6	-2.1	9	4	.0	1.7	2	-1.7	-2.0	-2.3	8
otal unit costs		2.4	2.9	.1	3.6	5	1.6	2.0	2.2	1.4	2.2	1.5
Unit labor costs		2.5	2.0	4	4.3	.0	1.5	2.1	1.8	1.3	2.1	1.5
Unit nonlabor costs		2.2	5.4	1.5	1.6	-1.7	2.1	1.9	3.3	1.7	2.7	1.7
Init profits		14.7	2.1	30.7	-13.4	-1.9	8	1.9	2.6	8.8	7.3	3.2
mplicit price deflator	5	3.5	2.8	2.8	1.7	6	1.4	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.7	1.7

<sup>6</sup> Revisions to quarterly output measures were introduced in the manufacturing sector; measures of productivity and unit labor costs were also affected.

revised.
 SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

## D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

		ilian labor fo		Unemployed						
State and area				Number				Percent of labor force		
	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>9</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Арі 1988	
Inhama	1.070.0					405.0	-			
labama	1,878.9	1,851.2	1,845.0	142.7	137.5	125.2	7.6	7.4	6	
Birmingham	445.0	437.7	437.6	29.6	27.1	24.5	6.6	6.2		
Huntsville	128.8	129.2	129.8	6.7	6.6	6.3	5.2	5.1	4	
Mobile	211.3	206.7	205.0	18.8	19.7	18.0	8.9	9.5	8	
Montgomery	135.6	134.6	133.6	8.4	8.5	7.7	6.2	6.3	5	
Tuscaloosa	69.8	69.1	68.8	4.1	4.0	3.4	5.9	5.8	5	
laska	246.7	241.8	242.7	30.7	26.0	24.0	12.5	10.8	9	
rizona	1,618.9	1,640.4	1,632.1	101.6	89.7	88.4	6.3	5.5	5	
Phoenix	1,003.3	1,016.7	1,013.1	53.0	46.7	45.0	5.3	4.6	4	
Tucson	308.1	313.4		15.4	14.3	14.1	5.0	4.6	4	
1003011	308.1	313.4	312.6	15.4	14.3	14.1	5.0	4.0	4	
rkansas	1,085.4	1,121.0	1,128.1	89.6	91.5	84.2	8.3	8.2	7	
Fayetteville-Springdale	57.7	61.3	61.5	2.5	2.6	2.3	4.3	4.3	3	
Fort Smith	90.1	94.3	95.0	5.4	5.9	5.4	6.0	6.3	5	
Little Rock-North Little Rock	255.6	265.4	265.7	18.9	18.1	16.7	7.4	6.8	6	
Pine Bluff	36.8	37.6	37.6	3.4	3.3	2.9	9.3	8.7	7	
alifornia <sup>1</sup>	13.664.7	13,957.6	14.037.3	788.7	739.9	699.4	5.8	5.3	5	
Anaheim-Santa Ana	1,301.1	1,300.1	1,332.6	38.9	38.1	38.0	3.0	2.9	2	
Bakersfield	224.6	228.2	230.5	23.9	27.0	21.8	10.7	11.8	g	
Fresno	292.9	287.1	302.4	33.0	38.3	33.2	11.3	13.3	11	
	4,153.0	4,379.0		265.0		174.6	6.4	4.4		
Los Angeles-Long Beach	4,153.0		4,096.8	· 1	193.0			13.6	13	
Modesto		150.9	154.6	19.7	20.5	20.5	13.4		4	
Oakland	1,030.6	1,031.0	1,070.6	49.7	47.5	47.1	4.8	4.6		
Oxnard-Ventura	337.0	341.2	357.1	15.6	15.7	17.2	4.6	4.6	4	
Riverside-San Bernardino	897.6	941.6	977.7	45.4	49.6	50.9	5.1	5.3	5	
Sacramento	670.6	688.1	718.9	34.8	37.2	37.0	5.2	5.4	5	
San Diego	1,054.2	1,080.0	1,123.5	43.9	45.0	45.3	4.2	4.2	4	
San Francisco	869.1	866.5	900.8	32.2	29.9	30.6	3.7	3.4	3	
San Jose	809.7	807.3	824.6	35.7	32.5	31.8	4.4	4.0	3	
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	177.6	176.9	185.1	7.9	8.5	8.3	4.4	4.8	4	
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	185.4	189.6	199.8	8.7	9.0	9.0	4.7	4.7	4	
Stockton	190.1 181.3	186.2 183.8	194.1 190.6	18.8 10.4	20.1 10.6	18.8 10.2	9.9 5.7	10.8 5.8	95	
						445.0			6	
Boulder-Longmont	1,702.2 129.5	1,703.2 130.6	1,698.9 130.2	140.1 7.7	130.3 7.3	115.8 6.2	8.2 6.0	7.7 5.6	4	
Denver	891.2	887.3	883.2	66.1	61.2	53.6	7.4	6.9	6	
onnecticut	1,747.1	1,691.1	1,705.6	56.5	52.3	43.4	3.2 3.9	3.1 3.9	23	
Bridgeport-Milford	230.5 422.3	222.7	223.9	9.1 12.5	8.7 11.5	7.3 9.4	3.9	2.8		
New Haven-Meriden	271.1	412.9 262.1	413.5 267.4	8.5	7.6	9.4 6.7	3.0	2.8		
Stamford					7.6 2.4	2.2	2.4	2.9		
Waterbury	117.5 102.4	114.2 98.6	115.1 98.3	2.8 4.7	2.4 4.1	3.2	2.4 4.6	4.2	3	
			<b></b>							
Selaware	326.4 286.4	338.4 296.5	343.4 297.9	10.2 10.9	12.4 12.2	11.1 10.0	3.1 3.8	3.7 4.1	3	
District of Columbia	329.4	330.1	333.3	21.6	17.6	17.2	6.6	5.3	5	
Washington	2,101.1	2,154.4	2,176.3	67.2	62.3	59.0	3.2	2.9	2	
lorida <sup>1</sup>	5,767.9	6,045.2	6,035.4	298.7	286.8	304.0	5.2	4.7	6	
Daytona Beach	144.4	153.1	153.4	6.5	6.5	7.3	4.5	4.2	4	
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		641.2	638.6	26.5	25.5	27.7	4.4	4.0	4	
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	131.8	143.4	142.8	4.7	4.7	5.4	3.6	3.3	3	
Jacksonville		457.3	458.8	22.3	24.2	24.3	5.2	5.3	5	
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		178.3	181.3	9.9	8.3	8.9	5.8	4.7	4	
Miami-Hialeah		925.9	918.4	51.6	47.6	50.6	5.8	5.1	5	
Orlando		568.6	569.5	24.8	24.7	25.3	4.6	4.3	4	
Pensacola		149.5	149.9	8.7	9.0	9.1	6.0	6.0	6	
Sarasota	114.2	122.6	122.5	4.0	4.0	4.7	3.5	3.3		
Tallahassee		124.7	125.0	4.5	4.5	4.9	3.7	3.6	3	
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	944.0	980.2	978.9	46.2	44.2	46.6	4.9	4.5	4	
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach		414.9	411.7	19.8	17.7	20.9	5.1	4.3	5	

# STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	<b>.</b>					Unemp			
State and area	Civi	lian labor for	°C6	Number			Percent of labor force		
	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr 1988
		0.070.0	0.005.0	100.0		170.0		5.0	
Athone	3,024.0	3,073.8	3,085.3	166.9	180.1	179.6	5.5	5.9	5.
Athens	71.6	72.3	72.3	3.0	3.0	3.1	4.2	4.2	4.
Atlanta	1,426.4	1,456.3	1,463.7	66.0	72.6	75.0	4.6	5.0	5.
Augusta	179.3	178.9	179.5	11.0	11.3	11.3	6.2	6.3	) 6.
Columbus	100.3	99.5	100.0	6.6	7.2	6.8	6.6	7.2	6.
Macon-Warner Robins Savannah	126.8 109.8	128.5 111.4	128.9 111.5	6.5 6.7	7.3 8.0	7.1 7.8	5.1 6.1	5.7 7.2	5.
				i	0.0	7.0	0.1	1.2	
awaii Honolulu	510.9 381.3	528.9 395.2	530.5 396.5	20.4 13.6	16.7 11.2	15.3 10.1	4.0 3.6	3.2 2.8	2.
Jaho	464.2	456.6	465.2	42.2	38.7	33.3	9.1	8.5	7.
Boise City	103.1	102.3	103.7	6.2	5.2	4.6	6.0	5.1	4.
linois <sup>1</sup>	5,642.7	5,677.4	5,684.3	464.6	440.5	421.0	8.2	7.8	7.
Aurora-Elgin	168.5	173.2	173.3			9.7			5
				11.3	10.8		6.7	6.2	
Bloomington-Normal	64.8	67.2	66.2	3.3	4.5	3.5	5.0	6.7	5
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	87.1	88.4	87.0	4.3	4.2	3.8	5.0	4.8	4
Chicago	3,084.6	3,124.3	3,131.5	225.9	213.8	214.5	7.3	6.8	6
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	181.7	178.8	178.8	14.9	14.6	13.3	8.2	8.2	7
Decatur	58.3	57.1	57.0	6.7	5.5	5.9	11.6	9.7	10
Joliet	191.5	192.9	190.9	17.1	17.2	15.8	8.9	8.9	8
Lake County	254.4	261.8	265.1	12.9	12.7	12.0	5.1	4.8	4
Peoria	151.6	150.8	150.0	14.1	11.6	10.7	9.3	7.7	7
Rockford	146.6	145.4	143.7	16.9	12.5	11.8	11.5	8.6	8
Springfield	106.5	107.2	105.9	6.0	6.4	5.7	5.6	6.0	5
diana	2,726.0	2,698.5	2,743.4	178.9	155.6	130.6	6.6	5.8	4
Anderson	59.3	57.3	57.7	3.9	3.7	2.9	6.5	6.5	5
Bloomington	59.6	58.3	60.1	3.7	2.1	1.8	6.2	3.6	
Elkhart-Goshen	90.9	92.6	94.0	3.6	3.8	2.7	4.0	4.1	
Evansville	141.1	139.0	140.1	10.7	9.7	8.1	7.6	6.9	5
Fort Wayne	192.0	192.7	196.2	10.3	9.3	8.4	5.4	4.8	4
Gary-Hammond	254.1	246.6	250.3	26.9		16.1	10.6	7.5	ē
Indianapolis	641.7				18.4				
		644.1	655.0	31.8	29.4	25.4	4.9	4.6	3
Lafayette	65.5	64.4	65.9	2.2	2.1	1.9	3.4	3.3	2
Muncie	60.1	59.2	59.7	4.1	3.8	3.0	6.9	6.3	5
South Bend-Mishawaka Terre Haute	125.2 59.4	125.6 58.3	127,4 59,1	6.3 4.0	6.3 4.0	5.7 3.4	5.1 6.8	5.0 6.9	4
								-	
wa	1,447.2	1,449.7	1,459.8	86.8	83.4	64.1	6.0	5.8	4
Cedar Rapids	91.8	95.3	96.0	5.4	4.6	3.6	5.8	4.8	3
Des Moines	218.2	225.6	227.0	10.6	9.9	8.0	4.8	4.4	3
Dubuque	43.2	45.3	45.2	2.7	3.2	2.3	6.1	7.1	5
Sioux City	61.0 69.3	59.5 68.9	59.8 69.0	4.2 6.6	4.0 5.0	3.2 4.0	6.8 9.5	6.7 7.3	5
ansas	1,263.5	1,284.8	1,290.2	61.3	63.7	53.9	4.9	5.0	4
Topeka	89.5 248.2	94.1 255.7	93.9 255.9	3.9 12.7	4.4 13.0	3.5 11.4	4.3 5.1	4.7 5.1	
	1 679 0	1 700 6	1 705 6	450.1	160.4	145.0	0.1		
entucky	1,678.3	1,700.6	1,705.6	152.1	160.4	145.9	9.1	9.4	8
Lexington-Fayette	180.8	184.7	189.1	9.5	9.8	11.1	5.3	5.3	5
Owensboro	487.3 44.4	508.0 44.7	509.5 43.9	34.9 5.1	34.7 4.3	32.4 3.6	7.2 11.5	6.8 9.7	
Dutisiano									
Duisiana Alexandría	1,974.6	1,893.8	1,886.0	257.7	223.1	200.3	13.0	11.8	10
	61.5	60.0	59.8	6.6	6.4	5.8	10.7	10.7	
Baton Rouge	265.9	259.4	258.2	27.6	25.4	22.5	10.4	9.8	3
Houma-Thibodaux	74.9	69.5	69.1	14.2	9.2	8.2	18.9	13.2	11
Lafayette	102.3	96.6	95.8	14.7	10.6	9.5	14.4	11.0	
Monroe	71.5	67.5	67.3	7.5	7.7	7.0	10.6	11.5	10
New Orleans	607.2	586.6	585.5	65.6	58.4	54.0	10.8	10.0	9
Shreveport	169.2	163.9	163.4	20.0	18.4	16.9	11.8	11.2	10
aine	573.9	583.0	591.3	32.1	30.5	25.9	5.6	5.2	
Lewiston-Auburn	41.4	41.7	41.4	2.7	2.3	1.8	6.5	5.5	4
Portland	121.4	123.5	125.0	3.2	3.3	2.5	2.7	2.6	2

## STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	<u> </u>	lian labor fo		Unemployed						
State and area				Number			Percent of labor force			
	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr 1988	
Annual and a second s			0.05.0	100 7						
Aaryland Baltimore	2,397.7	2,401.4	2,405.6	100.7	110.9	95.8 50.2	4.2 4.6	4.6 5.1	4.	
Baluniore	1,165.4	1,158.6	1,156.7	53.1	58.8	50.2	4.0	5.1	4.	
lassachusetts <sup>1</sup>	3,056.3	3,168.6	3,135.4	118.4	113.8	91.6	3.9	3.6	2.	
Boston	1,520.3	1,576.8	1,556.4	49.8	46.7	39.3	3.3	3.0	2	
Brockton	95.7	99.9	99.1	4.2	3.9	3.3	4.3	3.9	3	
Fall River	75.4	77.2	75.7	5.5	5.2	3.7	7,2	6.7	4	
Fitchburg-Leominster	46.9	46.1	45.8	2.5	1.9	1.5	5.3	4.2	3.	
Lawrence-Haverhill	182.8	188.0	186.3	9.0	7.9	6.8	4.9	4.2	3	
Lowell	148.2	151.9	151.7	5.9	5.4	4.3	4.0	3.5	2	
New Bedford	83.6	88.2	86.8	5.3	5.3	4.0	6.3	6.0	4	
Springfield	249.4	259.8	256.1	9.7	9.3	7.1	3.9	3.6	2	
Worcester	211.5	223.3	221.0	7.2	7.5	5.7	3.4	3.3	2	
Aichigan <sup>1</sup>	4,451.5	4,448.8	4 510.0	378.7	384.7	339.7	8.5	8,6	7.	
Ann Arbor	4,451.5	4,446.6	4,510.9 163.3	7.5	6.8	6.0	6.5 4.8	4.3	3	
Battle Creek	62.4	63.9	63.9	4.7	5.8	4.7	4.6 7.6	9.1	7	
Benton Harbor	76.2	77.0	78.4	6.3	5.7	5.2	8.2	7.4	6	
Detroit	2.158.7	2,141.7	2,166.9	178.2	177.9	160.1	8.3	8.3	7	
Flint	195.9	196.2	198.2	19.0	29.8	28.6	9.7	15.2	14	
Grand Rapids	339.0	344.2	349.7	22.0	20.0	17.8	6.5	5.8	5	
Kalamazoo	112.7	113.9	115.6	5.9	5.8	5.1	5.3	5.1	4	
Lansing-East Lansing	234.3	231.7	238.1	15.2	17.0	13.4	6.5	7.4	5	
Muskegon	67.3	66.0	66.9	7.9	6.4	5.9	11.7	9.7	8	
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	181.1	182.8	184.5	18.3	16.9	14.0	10.1	9.3	7	
linnesota	2.236.9	2,265.9	2,308.0	125.7	109.1	87.0	5.6	4.8	з	
Duluth	106.5	105.0	106.6	11.4	7.9	6.8	10.7	7.6	6	
Minneapolis-St.Paul	1,327.2	1,353.4	1,369.8	57.2	50.5	41.5	4.3	3.7	3	
Rochester	56.4	57.8	58.4	2.3	1.9	1.5	4.1	3.3	2	
St. Cloud	91.2	94.4	95.8	5.8	5.3	4.1	6.4	5.7	4	
Aississippi	1,152.1	1,157.9	1,148.9	118.5	100.3	83.9	10.3	8.7	7	
Jackson	198.3	201.7	202.9	14.9	12.1	10.7	7.5	6.0	5	
lissouri	2.582.9	2.536.5	2,553.7	165.8	136.5	119.4	6.4	5.4	4	
Kansas City	835.9	832.3	834.5	41.8	39.6	35.1	5.0	4.8	4	
St. Louis	1,272.0	1,251.3	1,251.3	97.4	78.1	70.9	7.7	6.2	5	
Springfield	121.4	122.5	122.6	5.8	4.8	4.4	4.8	3.9	3	
lontana	407.3	403.1	408.0	33.3	37.0	31.1	8.2	9.2	7	
lebraska	804.1	783.6	794.7	40.9	34.8	26.6	5.1	4.4	3	
Lincoln	120.1 319.9	118.5 315.4	119.9 315.0	3.9 17.5	3.5 14.5	2.8 11.6	3.2 5.5	3.0 4.6	23	
levada	548.1	568.3	573.4	35.9	35.5	33.6	6.5	6.2	5	
Las Vegas	319.3	332.0	334.7	21.0	21.3	21.0	6.6	6.4	6	
Reno	135.6	139.6	140.3	8.1	8.1	7.3	6.0	5.8	5	
lew Hampshire	572.3	590.8	602.0	15.0	16.8	13.8	2.6	2.8	2	
Nashua	95.1	100.2	99.4	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.6	2.6		
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	128.0	131.5	132.5	3.1	3.1	2.0	2.4	2.3	1	
lew Jersey <sup>1</sup>	3,948.4	3,976.2	3,953.8	149.7	173.1	125.1	3.8	4.4	3	
Atlantic City	3,940.4 167.8	165.5	165.6	9.3	12.0	8.0	3.0 5.6	7.2	4	
Bergen-Passaic	719.8	726.5	721.8	24.3	26.9	19.1	3.4	3.7	2	
Jersey City	267.3	271.0	266.9	17.3	19.4	15.5	6.5	7.2	5	
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	552.3	560.1	559.5	14.3	16.6	12.1	2.6	3.0	2	
Monmouth-Ocean	466.4	468.2	471.6	13.8	18.1	12.3	3.0	3.9	2	
Newark	961.1	964.7	956.3	37.8	42.0	30.9	3.9	4.4	3	
Trenton	171.4	173.7	172.6	5.4	6.2	4.2	3.1	3.5	2	
ew Mexico	681.2	690.4	691.9	63.9	60.0	58.3	9.4	8.7	8	
Albuquerque	261.8	265.5	265.2	17.0	16.4	15.9	6.5	6.2	6	
Las Cruces	55.0	55.3	56.5	3.9	4.3	4.2	7.1	7.8	7	
Santa Fe	64.2	66.1	67.5	4.0	3.9	3.8	6.2	5.8	5.	

## STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	<b>C</b> ii	ion labor for		Unemployed						
State and area		ian labor for	ce	Number			Percent of labor force			
	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988	
ew York <sup>1</sup>	8,323.9	8.426.6	8,224.2	402.2	362.1	282.4	4.8	4.3	3.4	
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	408.7	415.2	407.1	17.5	15.1	11.9	4.3	3.6	2.	
Binghamton	123.6	125.2	122.9	5.8	4.9	3.8	4.7	3.9	3.	
Buffalo	436.2	441.0	429.5		23.6	18.2	5.9	5.4	4.	
				25.8					3.	
Elmira	39.5	41.5	41.2	1.9	1.6	1.2	4.8	3.8		
Nassau-Suffolk	1,394.9	1,413.3	1,387.2	47.2	41.6	33.3	3.4	2.9	2.	
New York	3,847.5	3,890.6	3,774.0	185.0	164.5	133.2	4.8	4.2	3.	
New York City	3,191.0	3,223.0	3,118.7	165.0	147.0	119.4	5.2	4.6	3.	
Orange County	127.6	130.6	129.0	5.2	5.0	3.6	4.1	3.9	2.	
Poughkeepsie	123.3	126.1	125.0	3.6	3.3	2.4	2.9	2.6	1.	
Rochester	488.5	489.6	479.1	23.2	19.9	14.8	4.8	4.1	3.	
Syracuse	312.1	315.5	311.3	20.2	19.4	14.2	6.5	6.2	4.	
Utica-Rome	132.1	134.4	131.4	8.0	7.4	5.2	6.0	5.5	4.	
orth Carolina <sup>1</sup>	3,206.1	3,265.0	3,251.5	139.1	129.1	109.4	4.3	4.0	3.	
Asheville	84.3	86.9	85.1	3.7	3.2	2.5	4.4	3.6	2.	
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	614.4	637.6	634.9	21.9	19.9	19.0	3.6	3.1	3.	
Greensboro-Winston-Salern-High Point	507.2	516.0	512.5	17.7	16.5	14.4	3.5	3.2	2	
Raleigh-Durham	390.1	398.2	397.0	10.4	11.0	9.6	2.7	2.8	2	
orth Dakota	329.7	318.7	325.0	19.8	17.8	14.9	6.0	5.6	4	
Bismarck	44.4	44.5	43.9	2.6	2.7	2.1	5.8	6.2	4	
Fargo-Moorhead Grand Forks	84.4 36.4	85.1 36.3	86.4 36.6	3.3 1.4	3.1	2.6 1.3	3.9 4.0	3.7 3.9	3	
hio <sup>1</sup>	5,214.7	5,295.0	5,256.9	368.2	416.4	315.8	7.1	7.9	6	
Akron	318.2	324.5	321.4	23.5	26.5	19.9	7.4	8.2	6	
Cincinnati	737.7	753.9	753.8	40.4	47.2	38.8	5.5	6.3	5	
Cleveland	916.9	934.3	927.1	58.1	68.0	51.6	8.3	7.3	5	
	687.4	704.7	703.7	36.6	43.0	34.1	5.3	6.1	4	
Columbus					30.5	23.0	5.6	6.6	5	
Dayton-Springfield	460.8 307.9	466.3	463.7	26.0 23.0	22.8	17.7	7.5	7.3	5	
Toledo Youngstown-Warren	218.4	312.3 221.4	311.0 220.0	19.3	22.8	15.8	8.8	9.5	7	
klahoma	1,568.9	1,525.2	1,525.0	124.0	104.7	93.3	7.9	6.9	6	
Enid	30.4	29.9	29.8	2.4	1.7	1.6	7.8	5.8	5	
Lawton	49.9	50.0	49.8	2.5	2.9	2.7	5.1	5.8	5	
Oklahoma City Tulsa	508.4 348.4	498.5 340.0	496.2 337.0	32.1 30.8	28.2 26.0	24.4 23.0	6.3 8.8	5.7 7.7	4	
regon	1,372.4	1,420.2	1,427.6	91.3	94.3	87.4 7.7	6.7 5.9	6.6 5.9	6	
Eugene-Springfield	137.7	141.9	142.6	8.1	8.4	31.6		5.2	4	
Portland	625.9 127.1	652.1 130.4	654.9 131.3	34.8 8.9	34.2 9.1	9.0	5.6 7.0	7.0	6	
ennsylvania'	5.463.9	5,617.5	5,656.1	295.0	313.8	260.0	5.4	5.6	4	
Allentown-Bethlehem	308.6	315.1	317.2	14.5	15.0	12.2	4.7	4.7	1 3	
Altoona	56.0	58.7	56.2	3.6	4.4	3.6	6.5	7.6	6	
Beaver County	60.3	62.0	61.8	5.4	6.3	5.2	9.0	10.2	8	
Erie	123.2	125.9	126.7	8.7	9.0	7.3	7.1	7.1	5	
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	298.6	311.6	313.6	10.8	13.4	10.5	3.6	4.3	3	
Johnstown	90.0	92.7	92.2	7.2	8.1	5.9	7.9	8.7	6	
Lancaster	201.8	210.2	214.3	6.7	7.1	6.3	3.3	3.4	3	
Philadelphia	2.328.1	2,387.3	2,366.1	94.9	102.7	86.6	4.1	4.3	1 3	
Pittsburgh	921.6	937.6	939.3	60.1	60.9	52.1	6.5	6.5	1 6	
Reading	184.8	171.5	174.8	8.4	8.5	7.6	5.1	5.0	4	
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	337.3	344.1	346.8	23.3	23.1	18.1	6.9	6.7	1 5	
Williamsport	55.4	59.4	60.7	3.0	3.6	2.8	5.4	6.1	4	
York	200.3	210.7	212.9	8.5	9.3	7.9	4.3	4.4	3	
hode Island	520.4	520.5	524.4	21.4	21.2	17.6	4.1	4.1	3	
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	167.8	168.2	166.1	8.2	7.9	6.5	4.9	4.7	) S	
Providence	339.0	341.3	343.6	13.3	13.6	11.2	3.9	4.0	3	
outh Carolina		1,641.1	1,646.7	90.6	83.5	74.0	5.6	5.1	4	
Charleston		223.9	225.0	10.1	9.8	8.7	4.6	4.4		
Columbia		232.7	234.4	8.5	8.1	7.7	3.8	3.5	3	
Greenville-Spartanburg	322.5	320.1	323.1	14.9	12.3	10.9	4.6	3.8	3	
outh Dakota		347.8	358.5	14.5	12.7	9.8	4.1	3.7		
Rapid City		39.3	40.1	1.6	1.5	1.3	4.2	3.8		
Sioux Falls	70.4	72.5	72.7	2.1	3.0	2.4	3.1	4.2	:	

#### STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civilian labor force									
State and area	Civi	llian labor fo	rce	Number			Percent of labor force			
	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	<b>Apr</b> . 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988 <sup>p</sup>	Apr. 1987	Mar. 1988	Apr. 1988	
ennessee	2,321.6	2.377.6	2,373.6	156.7	139.6	125.2	6.8	5.9	5.3	
Chattanooga	205.4	213.4	212.1	12.0	11.6	10.5	5.8	5.4	4.9	
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	213.3	221.2	220.6	14.7	12.9	11.5	6.9	5.8	5.2	
Knoxville	282.0	282.1	283.0	20.3	16.6	15.5	7.2	5.9	5.5	
Memphis LMA	436.2	456.2	453.3	25.0	22.6	20.5	5.7	4.9	4.5	
Nashville	518.3	519.4	517.1	21.7	23.0	21.0	4.2	4.4	4.1	
'exas <sup>1</sup>	8,099.9	8,167.1	8,235.0	671.3	674.1	577.0	8.3	8.3	7.0	
Abilene	53.5	53.7	54.0	4.5	4.1	3.4	8.4	7.6	6.2	
Amarillo	97.4	98.2	99.5	5.9	6.4	5.4	6.1	6.5	5.4	
Austin	425.8	425.0	428.4	25.8	29.1	24.1	6.1	6.8	5.6	
Beaumont-Port Arthur	160.9	157.6	159.4	20.3	18.3	16.5	12.6	11.6	10.3	
Brazona	79.2	80.4	81.8	7.3	7.5	6.6	9.3	9.4	8.1	
Brownsville-Harlingen	93.5	97.0	97.4	13.0	14.6	12.8	13.9	15.0	13.1	
Bryan-College Station	56.2	56.5	57.5	3.2	2.8	2.4	5.8	4.9	4.1	
Corpus Christi	160.2	160.1	161.8	18.9	17.2	15.2	11.8	10.7	9.4	
Dallas	1,423.3	1,433.9	1,449.5	87.8	90.8	80.7	6.2	6.3	5.6	
El Paso	225.6	233.9	235.9	23.1	27.0	23.6	10.2	11.6	10.0	
Fort Worth-Arlington	863.5	668.0	674.7	45.4	46.9	41.0	6.8	7.0	6.1	
Galveston-Texas City	107.7	105.8	107.2	10.5	10.9	9.5	9.8	10.3	8.9	
Houston	1,571.9	1,577.1	1,590.4	141.9	123.4	106.9	9.0	7.8	6.7	
Killeen-Temple	90.7	93.0	94.0	6.7	7.8	6.9	7.4	8.4	7.:	
Laredo	45.0	46.7	46.1	7.0	8.1	6.3	15.5	17.3	13.0	
Longview-Marshall	77.5	78.2	78.6	8.1	7.8	6.5	10.5	9.9	8.:	
Lubbock	109.9	111.8	112.9	6.5	6.7	5.8	5.9	6.0	5.1	
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	141.5	152.4	146.9	23.4	30.2	22.8	16.6	19.8	15.	
Midland	49.6	49.0	49.3	4.7	3.5	3.0	9.5	7.1	6.0	
San Angelo	44.7	44.7	45.2	2.8	2.8	2.5	6.2	6.3	5.9	
San Antonio	596.1	613.7	620.0	44.3	50.5	43.8	7.4	8.2	7.	
Sherman-Denison	48.2	49.4	49.7	3.6	3.7	3.0	7.4	7.4	6.0	
Texarkana	56.5	58.4	58.0	4.8	4.9	4.3	8.5	8.5	7.5	
Waco	90.9 56.7	92.2 57.2	93.2 57.4	6.9 4.3	7.4 4.3	6.3 3.4	7.6 7.6	8.0 7.6	6.8 5.8	
	50.7	57.2	57.4	4.3	4.3	3.4	7.0	7.0	5.6	
Jtah	753.1	760.2	750.5	50.1	44.0	39.3	6.6	5.8	5.2	
Provo-Orem Salt Lake City-Odgen	98.5 497.7	99.6 505.0	99.6 495.3	7.3 29.1	5.3 27.5	4.4 24.3	7.4 5.8	5.3 5.5	4.4 4.9	
/ermont	289.6	298.1	298.3	13.0	11.0	10.1	4.5	3.7	3.4	
Burlington	73.1	75.2	76.1	2.0	1.8	1.3	2.8	2.4	1.8	
/irginia	2,964.9	3,038.9	3,064.2	125.4	114.8	105.9	4.2	3.8	3.5	
Charlottesville	65.8	68.6	69.1	2.1	2.0	1.5	3.2	2.9	2.2	
Danville	50.6	50.7	51.5	3.6	3.4	3.4	7.2	6.7	6.6	
Lynchburg	71.3	71.8	71.5	3.2	3.5	2.9	4.5	4.8	4.1	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	592.0	602.2	609.7	27.5	25.1	24.3	4.7	4.2	4.0	
Richmond-Petersburg	425.6	438.9	439.5	15.2	14.0	13.6	3.6	3.2	3.	
Roanoke	118.5	118.4	118.0	4.5	4.7	4.0	3.8	3.9	3.4	
Vashington	2,219.2	2,302.6	2,318.8	172.6	170.0	145.4	7.8	7.4	6.3	
Seattle	983.3	1,036.4	1,037.7	60.3	58.6	51.9	6.1	5.7	5.0	
Vest Virginia	751.8	748.2	740.8	88.4	88.3	71.5	11.8	11.8	9.7	
Charleston	117.1	115.4	114.8	11.6	11.3	9.2	9.9	9.8	8.0	
Huntington-Ashland	128.4	126.6	125.3	14.7	13.6	10.7	11.4	10.7	8.5	
Parkersburg-Marietta	72.0	71.8	71.1	6.8	6.8	5.1	9.4	9.4	7.	
Wheeling	72.3	72.1	71.1	7.4	8.1	6.4	10.2	11.2	9.1	
	2,472.1	2,466.4	2,492.0	159.8	153.0	115.4	6.5	6.2	4.0	
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	162.0	163.7	164.8	10.7	9.2	6.9	6.6	5.6	4.	
Eau Claire	71.2	71.6	72.5	4.4	4.4	3.2	6.2	6.1	4.4	
Green Bay	103.9	104.6	105.5	6.4	6.4	4.7	6.2	6.1	4.	
Janesville-Beloit	71.5	70.3	71.5	6.0	4.5	3.5	8.4	6.3	4.9	
Kenosha	54.5	54.5	54.8	4.0	3.3	2.5	7.3	6.0	4.0	
La Crosse	53.7	53.5	54.3	2.7 8.2	2.8 7.6	2.1 6.1	5.0 3.8	5.2 3.5	3.	
	213.3	213.6	217.7						4.0	
	735.2	735.7	740.9	41.1	37.0	29.3	5.6	5.0		
Milwaukee	pen	05 4	0 5 3 1	653	E 0	40	75	60	( A'	
Milwaukee	86.3 58.4	85.4 58.9	85.3 59.3	6.5 4.2	5.3 4.4	4.0 3.1	7.5 7.2	6.2 7.4	4. 5.	

Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey. See the Explanatory Notes for State and Area Labor Force Data.
 Not available.
 P = preliminary.
 NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Estimates for 1987 have been

benchmarked to 1987 Current Population Survey annual averages. Except in the 11 States designated by footnote 1, estimates for 1988 are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication.

## **Explanatory Notes**

## Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of over about 55,800 households, representing 729 areas in 1,973 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The establishment survey is designed to provide industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are currently based on payroll reports from a sample of over 300,000 establishments employing over 38 million nonagricultural wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full or part time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th day of the month.

# RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definitions and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two series are as follows.

## Employment

*Coverage*. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises, and members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States. Civilian employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments.

*Multiple jobholding.* The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

For a comprehensive discussion of the differences between household and establishment survey employment data, see Gloria P. Green's article, "Comparing Employment Estimates From Household and Payroll Surveys," *Monthly Labor Review*, December 1969.

## Hours of work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

## Earnings

The household survey measures median earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the household survey earnings series, see *Technical Description of the Quarterly Data on Weekly Earnings from the Current Population Survey*, BLS Bulletin 2113.

## COMPARABILITY OF HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). Beginning in January 1978, coverage was extended to include domestic workers whose employers paid \$1,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, agricultural employees whose employers engaged 10 or more workers in 20 weeks or paid a total of \$20,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, and almost all State and local government employees.

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the Economics and Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

## COMPARABILITY OF PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP), published by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

*Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs.* Most nonagricultural wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, certain activities, such as interstate railroads, parochial schools, and churches, are not covered by unemployment insurance whereas these are included in the BLS establishment statistics.

## **COLLECTION AND COVERAGE**

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other characteristics of the employed, the unemployed, and persons not in the labor force, and related data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in *Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey*, BLS Report 463. Historical national data are published in *Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey: A Databook*, BLS Bulletin 2096.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted through a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 16 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations, and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this publication. Data on the members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States, who are included as part of the categories "noninstitutional population," "labor force," and "total employment." are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Each month about 55,800 occupied units are eligible for interview. About 2,600 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of between 4 and 5 percent. In addition to the 55,800 occupied units, there are 11,500 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

## CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those used since 1967 are as follows:

*Employed persons* are (a) all civilians who, during the survey week, did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who

were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor- management disputes, or personal reasons, whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States are also included in the employed total.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons are all civilians who had no employment during the survey week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the prior 4 weeks. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off or were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days need not be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Measurements of mean and median duration are computed from a distribution of single weeks of unemployment.

Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into four major groups. (1) Job losers are persons whose employment ended involuntarily who immediately began looking for work, and persons on layoff. (2) Job leavers are persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work. (3) Reentrants are persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer but were out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work. (4) New entrants are persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer. Each of these four categories of the unemployed may be expressed as an unemployment rate or proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers.

Jobseekers are all unemployed persons who made 139

specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week. Jobseekers do not include those persons unemployed because they (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or (b) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work, including going to a public or private employment agency or to an employer directly, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or utilizing some other method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point.

The civilian labor force comprises all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The *labor force* also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The overall unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force, including members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The unemployment rate for all civilian workers represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, etc.

Participation rates represent the proportion of the population that is in the labor force. The *labor force participation rate* is the ratio of the labor force, including the resident Armed Forces, to the noninstitutional population. The *civilian labor force participation rate* is the ratio of the civilian labor force to the civilian noninstitutional population. Civilian labor force participation rates are usually published for sexage groups, often cross-classified by other demographic characteristics such as race and educational attainment.

*Employment-population ratios* represent the proportion of the noninstitutional population that is employed. The *total employment-population ratio* is total employment, including the resident Armed Forces, as a percent of the noninstitutional population. The *civilian employment-population ratio* is the percentage of all employed civilians in the civilian noninstitutional population.

Not in the labor force includes all persons who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as engaged in own home housework, in school, unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness, retired, and other. The "other" group includes individuals reported as too old or temporarily unable to work, the voluntarily idle, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season and who were not reported as looking for work, and persons who did not look for work because they believed that no jobs were available in the area or that no jobs were available for which they could qualify discouraged workers. Persons doing only incidental, unpaid family work (less than 15 hours in the specified week) are also classified as not in labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work, desire for a job at the time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are published on a quarterly basis. As of January 1970, the detailed questions for persons not in the labor force are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for 3 previous months and would not be in for the subsequent month. Between 1967 and 1969, these questions were asked in those households entering the sample for the first time and those returning for the second 4 months of interviewing, i.e., the "incoming" groups.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their last full-time job lasting 2 weeks or more. The classifications of occupations and industries used in data derived from the CPS are defined as in the 1980 census. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies wage and salary workers subdivided into private and government workers; self-employed workers; and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more during the survey week are designated as working full time. Persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working part time. Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or noneconomic reasons). Economic reasons include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of a job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. Noneconomic reasons include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home or school, no desire for full-time work, and fulltime worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1 to 34 hours for noneconomic reasons and usually work full time.

Data on employment "at work" differ from data on total employment because they exclude persons in the zero-hours-

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worked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute.

Employed persons are also categorized into full- and parttime groupings based primarily on their *usual status*. In this context, *full-time workers* are those who (a) worked 35 hours or more during the survey week, (b) worked 1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons, but usually work full time, and (c) were with a job but not at work and usually work full time. Similarly, *part-time* workers are those who (a) voluntarily worked 1 to 34 hours during the survey week, (b) worked 1 to 34 hours for economic reasons, but usually work part time, i.e., persons who could only find part-time work; and (c) were with a job but not at work and usually work part time.

Unemployment rates for full- and part-time workers are calculated using the concepts of the *full-* and *part-time labor force* which are based on the type of job—full or part-time that persons—whether working or unemployed—report that they want. The "full-time labor force" includes all persons working part time but who desire full-time work, that is, working part time for economic reasons. Thus, this category consists of persons on full-time schedules; all persons involuntarily working part time regardless of their usual status; and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The "part-time labor force" consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according to whether they usually work on full-time or voluntary part-time schedules.

Labor force time lost is a measure of aggregate hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary parttime employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available aggregate hours. It is computed by assuming that; (1) unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) those looking for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers during the survey week, and (3) persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

White, black, and other are terms used to describe the race of workers. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. All tables in this publication which contain racial data, with the exception of A-5 and its annual counterpart, present data for the black population group. Because of their relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

*Hispanic origin* refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican living on the mainland, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings data are provided from responses to the question "How much does...USUALLY earn per week at this job before deductions?" Included are any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding the incorporated self-employed) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

*Median earnings* indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$50 centered interval within which each median falls.

Data expressed in constant dollars are deflated by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status are terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were reported as members of the same household even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent, includes persons who are separated because of marital discord, as well as persons who are living apart because either the husband or the wife was employed and living away from home, serving in the Armed Forces, or had a different place of residence for any reason.

A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters.

A *householder* is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family refers to a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family even though they may include a related subfamily, that is, a married couple or a parent-child group related by birth or marriage to the householder and sharing the living quarters. The count of families used in this publication excludes unrelated subfamilies such as lodgers, guests, or resident employees living in a household but not related to the householder. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other persons maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

Poverty areas are defined as those census tracts in tracted areas, and Minor Civil Division's (MCD's) in untracted areas, in which 20 percent or more of the noninstitutional residents were poor according to the 1980 decennial census. Persons were classified as poor or nonpoor by comparing money income to a series of poverty income thresholds which vary by family size and number of children. While poverty areas have a substantial concentration of low-income residents, many poor persons live outside these areas, and conversely, the areas include many people who are not poor.

The metropolitan areas classification consists of the total of all Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) as defined by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) as of June 30, 1983. These definitions differ from those used in the 1980 decennial census. A detailed discussion of the MSA definitions as well as changes in terminology can be found in "The New Metropolitan Area Definitions" section of the 1980 Census of Population Supplementary Report on Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PC-S1-18. Nonmetropolitan areas consist of the total territory outside MSA's.

The *urban population*, as defined for the 1980 census, comprises all persons living in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more inhabitants outside urbanized areas. More specifically, the urban population consists of all persons living in (1) places of 2,500 or more inhabitants incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding those persons living in the rural portions of extended cities; and (2) other territories, incorporated and unincorporated, included in urbanized areas. The population not classified as urban constitutes the rural population.

## HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

## Change in lower age limit

The lower age limit for official statistics on the labor force, employment, and unemployment was raised from 14 to 16 years of age in January 1967. Insofar as possible, historical series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the population 16 years and over. For a detailed discussion of this and other definitional changes introduced at that time, including estimates of their effect on the various series, see "New Definitions for Employment and Unemployment," *Employment and Earnings and Monthly*  Report on the Labor Force, February 1967.

### Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the changes introduced in 1967, there are several other periods of noncomparability in the labor force data: (1)Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and men; other categories were relatively unaffected. (2) Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force. Four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected. (3) Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged. (4) Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; and unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. (5) A subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced in March 1973. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.

In addition, beginning in January 1974, the methodology used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an inflation-deflation approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year-old men particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation", in the February 1974 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Effective in July 1975, as a result of the immigration of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000-30,000 men and 46,000 women. The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, and all of the changes were in the other population.

Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.

Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio estimation method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure were derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in total population and estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 that are described above, and data users should make allowances for them in making certain data comparisons.

Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment methodology was updated to account for results obtained from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.

Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure—the noninterview adjustment, the first and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite estimator—were revised. These procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin. Major estimates were revised back to January 1980.

Beginning in January 1986, the population controls used in the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology were revised to reflect an explicit estimate of the number of undocumented immigrants (largely Hispanic) since 1980 and an improved estimate of the number of emigrants among legal foreign-born residents for the same time period. As a result, the total civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by nearly 400,000; civilian employment was increased by about 350,000. The Hispanic-origin civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by about 425,000 and 305,000, respectively, and civilian employment by 270,000. Overall and subgroup unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected. Because of the magnitude of the adjustments for Hispanics, data have been revised back to January 1980 to the extent possible. An explanation of the changes and their effect on estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of this publication.

# Changes in the occupational and industrial classification system

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisions of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of Employment and Earnings.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. These systems differ from those developed for the 1970 census, which were used in the CPS from January 1971 through December 1982.

The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved

from the Standard Occuptional Classification system (SOC). While the CPS occupational data are now comparable with other data sources, the new system is so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers". Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification system (SIC), as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had a much less adverse effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation", and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration."

Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

## Changes in the sample design

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. Most of these changes were made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates.

One major change made after every decennial census is to change the sample design to make use of the recently collected census materials. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are increased occasionally. In 1953, the current rotation plan was introduced, in which a sample unit is interviewed for 4 months, leaves the sample for 8 months, and then returns to the sample for another 4 months. When Alaska and Hawaii achieved statehood, three more sample areas were added to account for the population in these States. After the 1960 census, selection of a major portion of the sample from census address lists was begun, though a portion of the sample is still collected using area sampling. Following the 1970 census, the ultimate sampling unit was changed from a noncontiguous cluster of six housing units to a usually contiguous cluster of four housing units. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia and designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States, was incorporated into the design. In October 1978, a coverage improvement sample, composed of approximately 450 sample household units which represented 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units, was included in computing the estimates in order to provide coverage of mo-144

bile homes and new construction units that previously had no chance for selection in the CPS sample selected from the 1970 census frame. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added to the existing sample. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. Beginning in January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to SMSA's, which were redefined in 1973.

Beginning in 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was selected based on 1980 census information rather than 1970 census information. The selection of new sample areas provided an opportunity to improve the efficiency of the sample design. Sample areas chosen to replace incoming sample areas account for only 10 percent of the national estimate. The new CPS sample has resulted in increased reliability for State estimates with a slightly reduced sample size. Sample households are chosen from 729 sample areas, which represent 1,973 geographic areas in the United States. This current number of sample areas is not completely comparable to the old number of sample areas since many of the sample areas have been redefined. (See pp. 7-10 of the May 1984 issue of Employment and Earnings, for an overview of these new definitions and the introduction of the new sample.) A sample reduction of about 4,000 households was implemented in April 1988.

Table A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use during the different data collection periods. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in the *Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology*, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or *Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey*, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## **ESTIMATING METHODS**

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Beginning in 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State have the same probability of selection. These estimates are then adjusted for noninterviews, and the ratio estimation procedure is applied.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately by combinations of similar sample areas that are not necessarily contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within

#### Table A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to date

Time períod		Number of sample	Househo	Households visited b	
		areas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	not eligible
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954 .		68	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956 .		230	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
May 1956 to Dec. 1959		1330	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963		2333	33,500	1,500	6,000
Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966 .	]	357	33,500	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1967 to July 1971.		449	48,000	2,000	8,500
Aug. 1971 to July 1972 .		449	45,000	2,000	8,000
Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977.		461	45,000	2,000	8,000
Jan. 1978 to Dec. 1979 .		614	53,500	2,500	10,000
Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981		629	62,200	2,800	12,000
May 1981 to Dec. 1984 .		629	57,800	2,500	11,000
Jan. 1985 to Mar. 1988 .		729	57,000	2,500	11,000
Apr. 1988 to present.		729	53,200	2,600	11,500

Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia <sup>2</sup> Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

each combination of sample areas there is a further breakdown by residence. MSA sample areas are categorized by "central city" and "balance of the MSA". Residence categories of non-MSA areas are "urban" and "rural". The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.

2. *Ratio estimates.* The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and residence. Since these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:

a. *First-stage ratio estimate*. In the CPS, a portion of the 729 sample areas is chosen to represent other areas not in the sample; the remainder of the sample areas represent only themselves. The first-stage ratio estimation procedure was designed to reduce the portion of the variance resulting from requiring sample areas to represent nonsample areas. Therefore, this procedure is not applied to sample areas which represent only themselves. The adjustment is made at the State level for each of the 43 States which contain nonsample areas by race cells of black and non-black. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each cell at the time of the 1980 census between the race distribution of the population in sample areas and the known race distribution of the State.

b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this stage, the sample proportions of persons in specific categories are adjusted to the distribution of independent current estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population in the same categories. The second-stage ratio adjustment, which is performed to

further reduce variability of the estimates and to correct to some extent for CPS undercoverage relative to the decennial census, is carried out in three steps. In the first step, the sample estimates are adjusted within each State and the District of Columbia to an independent control for the population 16 years and over. The second step involves an adjustment by Hispanic origin to a national estimate for eight age-sex categories by Hispanic and non-Hispanic. In the third step, a national adjustment is made by the race categories of white, black, and other races to independent estimates by age and sex. The white and black categories contain 32 age-sex groups each; the other races category has 6 age-sex cells. The entire second-stage adjustment procedure is iterated six times, each time beginning at the weights developed the previous time. This ensures that the sample estimates of the population for both State and national age-sex-race-origin categories will be virtually equal to the independent population control totals. This second-stage adjustment procedure incorporates changes instituted in January 1985. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of Employment and Earnings.

The controls by State for the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over are an arithmetic extrapolation of the trend in the growth of this segment of the population using the two most recent July 1 estimates, adjusted as a last step to a current estimate of the U.S. population of this group. State estimates by age for July 1 are published annually in *Current Population Reports*, Series P-25. For a description of the methodology used in developing the State total, see Report 957 of that series. A description of the age estimates methodology is available in Report 1010 of that series.

Prior to January 1985, there was no separate control for Hispanics in the second-stage ratio procedure. These Hispanic controls are prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census count for Hispanics by adding estimated Hispanic births and immigrants and subtracting estimated Hispanic deaths and emigrants to yield an estimate of the Hispanic population by age and sex.

During the period from January 1982 to December 1984, the "inflation-deflation" method was temporarily discontinued in the preparation of the independent national controls used for the age-sex-race groups in the third step of the second-stage ratio estimation procedure. These controls were prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census data after taking account of subsequent aging of the population, births, deaths, and net migration and then subtracting the estimate for the institutional population and Armed Forces. Beginning in January 1985, the "inflation-deflation" method of deriving independent population controls was reintroduced into the CPS estimation procedure. With the "inflation-deflation" method, the independent controls are prepared by inflating the 1980 census counts to include estimated undercounts by age, sex and race, aging this population forward to each subsequent month and later age by adding births and net migration, and subtracting deaths. These post-censal population estimates are then deflated to census level to reflect the pattern of net undercount in the most recent census by age, sex, and race. Because an estimate of undercount is first added and then subtracted, the size of each race-sex group is unaffected by the "inflation-deflation" method. Similarly, the final estimate is affected only by the age structure of the undercount, but not the level. This feature of the method is important since the exact amount of undercount in the 1980 census remains unknown.

Data on births and deaths between April 1, 1980, and the estimate date are based on tabulations of vital statistics for the resident population made by the National Center for Health Statistics and data on deaths of military personnel overseas from the Department of Defense. Estimates of net civilian immigration are based on data provided by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Puerto Rico Planning Board. The civilian noninstitutional population is derived by subtracting the Armed Forces and the institutional population for the estimate date from the total including Armed Forces overseas. The institutional population is computed by applying institutional proportions derived from the 1980 census to the total population, including Armed Forces overseas for the estimate date. All computations described above are performed in cells defined by single year of age, race, and sex. The independent national control totals are then obtained by collapsing these cells into broader age groups for the population 16 years and older.

Beginning in January 1986, two changes were introduced into the estimation of the independent population controls. For the first time, an explicit allowance for net undocumented immigration since April 1, 1980 (the census date) was added to the estimated level of legal immigration. In addition, an increase in the estimate of emigration of legal foreign-born residents has been incorporated into the postcensal population estimates since 1980. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

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3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75 percent), as well as the sample results for the current month. Also included is an additional term which is an estimate of the net difference between incoming and continuing parts of the current month's sample. Almost all estimates of month-to-month change are improved by this procedure, and most estimates of level are also improved, but to a lesser extent.

#### **Rounding of estimates**

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

#### Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided primarily indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

*Nonsampling error*. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, inability to recall information, errors made in collection such as in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data, and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey have been studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPs are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPs reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the *Current Population Survey Reinterview Program*,

January 1961 Through December 1966, Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates From Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the decennial census, undercoverage is about 6 percent. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women, and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races combined than for whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race-Hispanic origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-Hispanic origin group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980 census.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in "An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey," by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, *Annals of Economic and Social Measurement*, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in *The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology*, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive discussion of various sources of error and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated error were calculated from each sample, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6

standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the average of all possible samples.

3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a large number of estimates and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations are required. First, the standard errors in this volume reflect the sample design and estimation procedures in effect prior to the expansions for State estimates. Thus, these standard errors may slightly overstate the standard errors applicable to the present design. Second, instead of computing an individual standard error for each estimate, generalized sets of standard errors are computed for various types of characteristics. This generalization yields more stable estimates of the standard errors. Consequently, the sets of standard errors provided give an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error of an estimate rather than the precise standard error.

Tables B and C show approximate standard errors for major employment status characteristics for monthly estimates and for changes for consecutive months. These standard errors are applicable to the level of the estimates in recent months.

Tables D through H provide generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for estimated totals, unemployment rates, and percentages. Table I contains factors for use with table H for computing standard errors, as described below, for monthly level and month-to-month change for percentages. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the table may be approximated by linear interpolation. The standard error for estimated changes from one month to the next is more closely related to the monthly level for the characteristic than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the generalized standard errors for month-tomonth change as given in the tables of standard errors, it is necessary to obtain the monthly estimate for the characteristic. It should be noted that the tables of standard errors for month-to-month change apply only to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. Estimates of change for nonconsecutive months are subject to higher standard errors. Table J contains factors for use with tables D, F, H, and I to compute approximate standard errors for levels, labor force participation rates, and percentages as pertaining to the yearto-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. Note that standard errors for changes in quarterly and yearly estimates apply only to consecutive quarters and years. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors must be adjusted due to the differences in the sample size. For years prior to 1956, the standard errors should be multiplied by 1.50, and for the 1956-66 period they should be multiplied by 1.22. Table K provides generalized standard 147

# Table B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(in thousands)

	Standard	error of-
Employment status, sex, age, and race	Monthly level	Month-to- month change (consecutive months only)
Total, 16 years and over:		
Civilian labor force .	275	212
Employed	293	224
Unemployed	136	140
Men, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force .	173	151
Employed	186	163
Unemployed	93	95
Women, 20 years and over:		1
Civilian labor force .	211	155
Employed	212	160
Unemployed	83	87
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:		
Civilian labor force	88	94
Employed	92	102
Unemployed	59	, 66
Black, 16 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	94	73
Employed	104	79
Unemployed	68	71
Men, 20 years and over:	,	1
Civilian labor force .	59	51
Employed	64	57
Unemployed	44	47
Women, 20 years and over:		1
Civilian labor force .	76	50
Employed	76	54
Unemployed	45	48
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:		
Civilian labor force .	36	40
Employed	33	38
Unemployed .	30	33

errors for quarterly estimates of persons and families for use with the CPS earnings data.

Standard errors for estimated totals. Tables D and E provide generalized standard errors for monthly totals and for month-to-month change. The figures given in these tables are to be used for the characteristics as indicated.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month the number of persons working a specific number of hours was 12,000,000, an increase of 400,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the second column of table D shows that the standard error on an estimate of 12,000,000 is about 174,000. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 11,826,000 to 12,174,000. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Recall that the standard error of a month-to-month change is primarily dependent on the size of the monthly estimate. Thus, using linear interpolation in the first column of table E, the standard error on a month-to-month change of 400,000, when the monthly level is approximately 12,000,000, is about 129,000.

Standard errors for rates and percentages. The reliability of an estimated unemployment rate or an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the rate or percentage and the total upon which the rate or percentage is based. Estimated rates and percentages are relatively more

Table C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

	Standard	d error of-		Standard error of-		
Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change	
Total (all civilian workers).	0.11	0.12	Occupation—Continued			
Men, 20 years and over	.15	.15	Precision production, craft, and repair	0.32	0.36	
Women, 20 years and over	.16	.17	Machine operators, assemblers, and			
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years .	.67	.81	inspectors	.49	.55	
White workers.	11	.12	Transportation and material moving	.59	.66	
Black workers	51	.54	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and			
Married men, spouse present	.15	.17	laborers	.72	.82	
Married women, spouse present.	.19	.21	Farming, forestry, and fishing	.68	.76	
Full-time workers	.12	.13				
Part-time workers	.34	.42	Industry			
Unemployed 15 weeks and over .	.06	.07	-	}		
			Nonagricultural private wage and salary	[	1	
	}	]	workers .	.12	.13	
Occupation			Mining	1.63	1.86	
·			Construction	.65	.75	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	.22	.24	Manufacturing	.26	.29	
Professional specialty	.19	.21	Durable goods	.33	.37	
Technicians and related support.	47	.52	Nondurable goods	.42	.47	
Sales	.29	.33	Transportation, communications, and			
Administrative support, including clerical .	.23	.26	public utilities	.42	.48	
Private household .	1.18	1.33	Wholesale and retail trade .	.27	.30	
Protective service	.76	.85	Finance and services	.20	.22	
Service, except private household and			Government workers	.23	.25	
protective .	39	.43	Agricultural wage and salary workers .	1.16	1.32	

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reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerator of the rates or percentages; this is particularly true for percentages of 50 percent or more. As a general rule, percentages are not published when the monthly base is less than 75,000, the quarterly average base is less than 60,000, or the annual average base is less than 35,000.

Tables F and G show generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for unemployment rates. Generalized standard errors for estimated monthly percentages and estimated month-to-month change in percentage can be obtained through the use of the standard errors in table H and the factors in table I. First, obtain the standard error from table H for the specific percentage and base. The generalized standard error is then calculated by multiplying the standard error from table H by the appropriate factor from table I. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the factor indicated by the numerator of the percentage.

*Illustration.* Assume that in a given month 2.9 percent of a total of 112,440,000 employed persons are employed in agriculture. The standard error on an estimate of 2.9 percent with a base of 112,440,000 is obtained from table H (0.08 percent). The appropriate factor from table I for the numerator of the percentage, agricultural employment, is 1.26. The generalized standard error on the estimated 2.9 percent is then approximately 0.08 x 1.26 = 0.10 percentage point.

#### Table D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly level

(in thousands)

Standard errors for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. The approximate standard errors of levels, rates, and percentages involving year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages may be obtained by using table J in conjunction with the other tables. Standard errors for estimates of change are more closely related to the level of the estimate than to the size of the specific change. Thus, to obtain the standard error of an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, or an estimate of a change in level, rate, or percentage, it is first necessary to find the appropriate estimate of level. For an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of this estimate. For an estimate of change in level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of the average of the two estimates affecting the change. Then, after computing the standard error by treating these estimates as monthly estimates and using the procedures above, multiply this result by a suitable factor from table J to obtain the approximate standard error for the average or change.

*Illustration.* Suppose that one is interested in the year-to-year change of a monthly unemployment rate. Assume that for a certain month the unemployment rate is 6.2 percent, based on a total of 119,865,000 in the civilian labor force, and that

				(	Characteristi	C <sup>1</sup>			
		Unempl	oyment	Labor for	ce data othe	er than agricult	ural employm	ent and unem	ployment
	Agricultural employment	Total or white	Black	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white men only, or women only	Black men only, or women only
50 . 100 . 500 . 1,000 . 2,000 . 4,000 . 6,000 . 8,000 . 10,000 . 15,000 . 20,000 . 30,000 . 40,000 . 50,000 . 60,000 . 70,000 . 100,000 . 120,000 . 120,000 .	15 21 47 66 93 131 159 182 202 -	11 16 36 51 72 101 123 141 156 188 213 -	12 17 38 53 73 97 110 116	12 17 37 52 74 104 126 145 161 193 219 259 286 306 319 326 327 314 274 195	12 17 37 51 70 92 104 109 108 74	12 17 36 50 68 86 92 88 72	12 16 32 35	11 15 34 49 68 95 115 132 145 172 191 215 225 222 206 172 107	10 14 31 58 73 76 69 47

<sup>1</sup> When determining the standard error of an estimate for a group which is a subset of the age, sex, or race groups listed, use the standard error for the next larger group, e.g., when determining the standard error of the estimated number of employed persons age 20 to 54 years, use the column for total employed.

(in thousands)

				Charac	cteristic <sup>1</sup>			
Estimated monthly level		Unemplo	oyment		Labor force dat		unemployment a loyment	nd agricultural
	Total or white	Both sexes 16 to 19 years, or part-time labor force <sup>2</sup>	Black	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years
50          100          500          500          500          2,000          4,000          10,000          10,000          20,000          30,000          50,000          50,000          50,000          50,000          50,000          50,000          50,000          50,000          50,000          50,000          50,000          50,000          100,000          120,000          140,000	1 10	14 20 45 63 89 124 150 -	13 19 41 57 76 95 99 89 58 -	14 20 38 41	9 12 27 39 55 77 93 107 119 143 163 163 192 213 228 238 238 244 245 237 212 160	9 12 27 38 52 68 78 82 81 59 -	14 20 43 59 80 100 104 94 65 -	14 19 37 39 -

1 See footnote 1, table D.

<sup>2</sup> Part-time labor force for unemployment also includes persons reentering

the labor force, persons who left their last job, and persons by duration of unemployment.

a year prior to this the unemployment rate was 7.0 percent, based on a total of 117,834,000 in the civilian labor force for the month. First, the standard error on the average of the two estimates, 6.6 percent with a base of 118,850,000, is obtained from table F (0.11 percentage point). The appropriate factor, then, from table J is 1.40. The approximate standard error on the change of 0.8 percent is then given by 0.11 x 1.40 = 0.15 percentage point.

The approximate standard error of levels involving yearto-year change of quarterly estimates pertaining to CPS earnings data for persons and families may be obtained by using table K in conjunction with the following formula:

Standard error of year-to-year change =

$$\sqrt{\begin{pmatrix} stand-\\ard\\error\\x \end{pmatrix}} + \begin{pmatrix} stand-\\ard\\error\\y \end{pmatrix} - 2(P) \begin{pmatrix} stand-\\ard\\error\\x \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} stand-\\ard\\error\\y \end{pmatrix}$$

lation between the estimates X and Y resulting from the presence of some of the same respondents in the sample for each estimate. For consecutive year-to-year changes of quarterly estimates, the values of P are 0.30 for persons (total, white, and black) and 0.35 for families (total, white, and black). The respective values for estimates of Hispanics are 0.45 and 0.55.

*Illustration*. Assume that in a given quarter the number of women employed as full-time wage and salary workers was 27,000,000 and in the same quarter a year later, their number had increased to 29,000,000. Using linear interpolation in the eighth column of table K, the standard error of an estimate of 27,000,000 is 216,000; for 29,000,000 it is 221,000. Using the above formula, the standard error of the 2,000,000 year-to-year change is:

 $(216,000)^2$  +  $(221,000)^2$  -2(.30) (216,000) (221,000),

X is the estimate for one quarter and Y is the estimate for another quarter. The coefficient, P, is a measure of the corre-

or about 259,000.

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#### Table F. Standard errors for unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate (in thousands)	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)										
		2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50	
50	2.28	3.20	4.98	6.85	8.13	9.09	9.82	10.36	10.75	11.12	
100	1.61	2.26	3.52	4.84	5.75	6.43	6.94	7.33	7.60	7.87	
500	.72	1.01	1.58	2.16	2.57	2.88	3.11	3.28	3.40	3.52	
1,000 .	.51	.72	1.11	1.53	1.82	2.03	2.20	2.32	2.40	2.49	
2,000 .	.36	.51	.79	1.08	1.29	1.44	1.55	1.64	1.70	1.76	
4,000 .	.25	.36	.56	.77	.91	1.02	1.10	1.16	1.20	1.24	
6,000	.21	.29	.45	.62	.74	.83	.90	.95	.98	1.02	
10,000 .	.16	.23	.35	.48	.58	.64	.69	.73	.76	.79	
20,000	.11	.16	.25	.34	.41	.45	.49	.52	.54	.56	
60,000 .	.07	.09	.14	.20	.24	.26	.28	.30	.31	.32	
100,000 .	.05	.07	.11	.15	.18	.20	.22	.23	.24	.25	
120,000	.05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.20	.21	.22	.23	
140,000	.04	.06	.09	.13	.15	.17	.19	.20	.21	.21	
	<u> </u>										

#### Table G. Standard errors for month-to-month change in unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate (in thousands)	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)										
		2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50	
50	2.53	3.57	5.60	7.83	9.47	10.79	11.91	12.87	13.71	15.67	
100 .	1.79	2.52	3.96	5.53	6.69	7.63	8.42	9.10	9.69	11.08	
500	.80	1.13	1.77	2.47	2.99	3.41	3.76	4.06	4.33	4.94	
1,000 .	.57	.80	1.25	1.75	2.11	2.41	2.65	2.87	3.05	3.48	
2,000 .	.40	.56	.88	1.23	1.49	1.70	1.87	2.02	2.15	2.44	
4,000 .	.28	.40	.63	.87	1.05	1.20	1.32	1.42	1.51	1.70	
6,000 .	.23	.33	.51	.71	.86	.97	1.07	1.15	1.22	1.37	
10,000 .	.18	.25	.39	.55	.66	.75	.82	.88	.93	1.03	
20,000 .	.13	.18	.28	.38	.46	.51	.56	.60	.62		
50,000 .	.07	.10	.16	.21	.24	.27	.28	-	-	Ì	
100,000 .	.06	.08	.12	.15	.17	.18					
120,000	.05	.07	.11	.14	.15	1	4	ł			
140,000	.05	.07	.10	1	1	[	1	1			

#### Table H. Standard errors for estimated percentages and month-to-month change in percentages for labor force data

Monthly base of percentages		Percentage of monthly level									
(in thousands)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	20 or 80	25 or 75	30 or 70	35 or 65	50	
50	2.34	3.29	5.12	7.05	8.39	9.40	10.18	10.77	11.21	11.75	
100 .	1.65	2.33	3.62	4.99	5. <del>9</del> 4	6.65	7.20	7.62	7.93	8.31	
500	.74	1.04	1.62	2.23	2.65	2.97	3.22	3.41	3.55	3.72	
1,000 .	.52	.74	1.15	1.58	1.88	2.10	2.28	2.41	2.51	2.63	
2,000 .	.37	.52	.81	1.12	1.33	1.49	1.61	1.70	1.77	1.86	
4,000 .	.26	.37	.57	.79	.94	1.05	1.14	1.20	1.25	1.31	
6,000 .	.21	.30	.47	.64	.77	.86	.93	.98	1.02	1.07	
10,000	.17	.23	.36	.50	.59	.66	.72	.76	.79	.83	
20,000 .	.12	.16	.26	.35	.42	.47	.51	.54	.56	.59	
40,000 .	.08	.12	.18	.25	.30	.33	.36	.38	.40	.42	
60,000 .	.07	.10	.15	.20	.24	.27	.29	.31	.32	.34	
80,000 .	.06	.08	.13	.18	.21	.24	.25	.27	.28	.29	
100,000	.05	.07	.11	.16	.19	.21	.23	.24	.25	.26	
120,000	.05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.21	.22	.23	.24	
140,000 .	.04	.06	.10	.13	.16	.18	.19	.20	.21	.22	
160,000	.04	.06	.09	.12	.15	.17	.18	.19	.20	.21	

NOTE: The standard errors in this table must be multiplied by the factors in table 1 to obtain the approximate standard error for a specific characteristic.

# Table I. Factors to be used with table H to compute approximate standard errors for percentages and month-to-month change in percentages

	Fa	ctor		Factor		
Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	
Agricultural employment: Total or full-time labor force . Part-time labor force . Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment: Total Men only Women only Both sexes, 16 to 19 years . Part-time labor force .	1.26 1.26 1.00 .93 .86 1.00 1.00	1.05 1.50 .74 .84 .75 1.18 1.18	Unemployment: Part-time labor force, duration of unemployment, left last job, reentering labor force	1.01 .97 .97 1.04 1.04	1.21 1.08 1.21 1.13 1.24	

Table J. Factors to be used with tables D, F, H, and I to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and change in yearly averages

		Factor									
Characteristic	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages						
Agricultural employment:											
Total or men	1.30 1.30 1.40	0.89 .83 .74	0.80 .80 .80	0.72 .58 .46	0.70 .70 .70						
abor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:											
Total or white	1.30 1.30 1.40	.88 .82 .74	.88 .88 .88	.67 .57 .46	.70 .70 .60						
Jnemployment:											
Total Part time .	1.40 1.40	.76 .69	.88 .88	.50 .39	.65 .54						

#### Table K. Standard errors for estimates of quarterly levels, to be used with CPS earnings data

(In thousands)

				I	Characteristic	:			
		Total			M	Wor	nen		
Estimated quarterly level	Part-time	Total or full-	ime workers	Part-time	Total	or full-time wo	orkers	Total, full part-time	
	workers	Total or white	Black	workers	Total	White	Black	Total or white	Black
10 .	. 5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
iO .	. 11	12	12	11	12	12	12	11	11
5	. 13	15	15	13	15	15	15	13	13
00 .	. 15	17	17	15	17	17	17	15	15
50.	. 19	21	21	19	21	21	21	19	19
00.	. 22	24	24	22	24	24	24	22	21
50.	. 24	27	27	24	27	27	27	24	24
00.	. 26	30	30	26 34	30 38	30 38	29 37	26 34	26 33
00 . 50	. 34	38 47	38 46	34 42	38 47	47	45	42	33 41
.000 .	. 48	54	46 53	42	47 54	54	45 50	42	41
500.		66	53 63	40 59	-04 66	66	59	40 59	40 56
,000 .	68	76	72	68	76	76	65	68	63
.500 .		85	79	75	84	84	69	75	69
000	. 83	93	85	82	92	92	71	82	74
.000 .	107	119	100	105	117	116	64	105	85
500	130	145	107	127	140	138	64	127	88
0,000 /	149	165	102	144	157	155		145	-
5,000 .	. 180	198	102	187	183	179		173	
0.000		224		192	199	193		195	
5,000 /	. 226	244		207	209	199		211	
	224	261		219	212	198		224	
	273	286		233	201	174		242	
0,000 .	296	301		-	160	100		249	
5,000	331	304			160	-		-	
00,000	343	255	}	}	-				

## Establishment Data (Tables B-1 through C-8)

#### COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment and hours and earnings in nonagricultural establishments, by industry and geographic location. Historical statistics are published in *Employment*, Hours, and Earnings, United States, 1909-84, and Employment, Hours, and Earnings, States and Areas, 1939-82 and their supplements.

#### Federal-State cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements, responding establishments report employment, hours, and earnings data to State agencies. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the reported data to prepare State and area series and also send the reported data to the BLS (Washington Office) for use in preparing the national series. This avoids a duplicate reporting burden on establishments, and, together with the use of similar estimating techniques at the national and State levels, promotes increased comparability between estimates.

#### Shuttle schedules

Form BLS 790—Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours is the name of the data collection schedule. The collection agency returns the schedule to the respondent each month so that the next month's data can be entered on the space allotted for that month. This "shuttle" procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures that have been reported for previous months.

Form BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the total number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments and, for most industries, employment, payroll, and hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month.

#### CONCEPTS

#### Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the 154 All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation and for States and areas are classified in accordance with the 1972 *Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SICM)*, Office of Management and Budget. The BLS tabulates and estimates statistics which distinguish between private and public establishments, thus maintaining continuity with previously published statistics for the private and government sector.

#### **Industry employment**

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency also are excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

Indexes of diffusion of changes in number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls. These indexes measure the percent of industries which posted increases in employment over the specified time span. The indexes are calculated from 185 seasonally adjusted employment series (two-digit nonmanufacturing industries and three-digit manufacturing industries) covering all nonagricultural payroll employment in the private sector. A more detailed discussion of these indexes appears in "Introduction of Diffusion Indexes," in the December issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

#### Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private serviceproducing industries. Production and related workers include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storing, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

*Construction workers* include the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacation, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. "Fringe benefits" (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours cover the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours cover hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which included the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1977. For basic industries, the hours aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hours aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, overtime premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as work stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours.

Average hourly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum wage payments. These series are compiled only for aircraft

(SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing. The same concepts and estimation methods apply to these series as apply to the average hourly earnings series described above; the one difference between the series is definitional. The payroll data used to calculate this series include lump-sum payments made to production workers in lieu of general wage rate increases; such payments are excluded from the definition of gross payrolls used to calculate the other average hourly earnings series.

For each sample establishment in SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 covered by a lump-sum agreement, the reported payroll data are adjusted to include a prorated portion of the lump-sum payment. Such payments are generally made once a year and cover the following 12-month period. In order to spread the payment across this time period, a prorated portion of the payment is added to the payroll each month. This prorated portion is adjusted by an exit rate to reduce the lump-sum amount to account for persons who received the payment but left before the payment allocation period expired.

Average hourly earnings excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime premium pay, are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Railroad hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Average weekly earnings. These estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as the proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-time trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series. 156 *Real earnings*, or earnings in constant dollars, are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

#### ESTIMATING METHODS

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the establishment statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique, which is a form of ratio estimation; (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks; and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

#### The "link relative" technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of currentmonth employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a "link relative." The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these link relatives. In addition, bias correction factors are applied to selected employment estimates each month. The size of the bias correction factors is determined from past benchmark comparisons. Beginning with data for April 1983, these factors are modified by changes in the sample link relatives for the most recent quarter. Other features of the general procedures are described in table L.

#### Size and regional stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified production or nonsupervisory worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings for aggregation into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods in table L, may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

#### **Benchmark adjustments**

Employment estimates are compared periodically with benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) for the various nonagricultural industries, and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1986 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary sources of benchmark information are employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations cover about 98 percent of employees on nonagricultural payrolls in the United States. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained

#### Table L. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size, or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)
	Month	ly data
All employees .	<ul> <li>All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employ- ees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months.<sup>1</sup></li> </ul>	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees.	<ul> <li>All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees.<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates or estimates of women employees, for component cells
Average weekly hours .	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. <sup>2</sup>	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours.	. Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers. <sup>2</sup>	Average, weighted by production worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells
Average hourly earnings .	Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. <sup>2</sup>	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Average weekly earnings.	. Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	Annual av	erage data
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers .	. Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Average weekly hours .	Annual total of aggregate hours (production or non- supervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or non supervisory workers divided by annual sum of employ ment for these workers.
Average weekly overtime hours.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employ- ment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average hourly earnings .	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of produc- tion or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggre- gate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annua aggregate hours.
Average weekly earnings.	. Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

 The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

Production of the sources of bias in the sample.
 <sup>2</sup> The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly earnings are modified by

a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates for the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necessary, the monthly series of estimates between benchmark periods are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment; the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level. A comparison of the actual amounts of revisions made at the time of the March 1987 benchmark adjustment is shown in table M.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are subject to revision. Revised data are published as soon as possible after each benchmark revision.

#### THE SAMPLE

#### Design

The sampling plan used in the establishment survey is known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This design is an optimum allocation design among strata since the sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in relatively few establishments, a larger percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments, with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is

Table M. Comparison of nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates for March 1987

Industry		Benchmark	Estimate	Percent differ- ence
Total.		100,427	100,462	(1)
Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and public		696 4,531 18,810	718 4,599 18,897	-3.2 -1.5 5
utilities Wholesale trade . Retail trade Finance, insurance, and	•••	5,274 5,763 17,902	5,275 5,725 17,737	(1) .7 .9
real estate . Services Government .	• •	6,443 23,754 17,254	6,478 23,723 17,310	5 .1 3

<sup>1</sup>Less than 0.05 percent.

in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments and also for a substantial number of the small ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to design samples for these industries with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than do establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS establishment survey program, with its emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after the reference period, and, at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail.

#### Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table N shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

 
 Table N. Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1987<sup>1</sup>

	Number of estab-	Employees		
Industry	lishments in sample	Number reported	Percent of total	
Total .	. 248,441	35,149,000	35	
Mining	3,434	264,000	38	
Construction .	00 567	816,000	18	
Manufacturing	49,214	9,593,000	51	
Transportation and public utilities	. 11,807	2,109,000	40	
Wholesale trade	. 21,802	922,000	16	
Retail trade	. 44,982	3,580,000	20	
real estate	17,699	2,126,000	33	
Services	. 54,782	5,463,000	23	
Federal <sup>2</sup> .	. 5,000	2,916,000	100	
State .	4,795	3,280,000	81	
Local.	. 15,161	6,276,000	61	

I Since a few establishments do not report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

<sup>2</sup> National estimates of Federal employment by agency are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 5,000 reports covering about 62 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

#### Reliability

Although the relatively large size of the BLS establishment sample assures a high degree of accuracy, the estimates derived from it may differ from the figures that would be obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures. As discussed under the previous section, a link relative technique is used to estimate employment. This requires the use of the previous month's estimate as the base in computing the current month's estimate. Thus, small sampling and response errors may accumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the estimates are usually adjusted annually to new benchmarks. In addition to taking account of sampling and response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks). In fact, at the more detailed industry, levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjustments. Another cause of differences arises from improvements in the quality of the benchmark data. Table O presents the average percent revisions of the five most recent benchmarks for major industry divisions. Detailed descriptions of individual benchmark revisions are available from the Bureau upon request.

The hours and earnings estimates for basic estimating cells are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. The hours and earnings estimates, however, are subject to sampling errors, which may be expressed as

#### Table O. Average benchmark revision in employment estimates and relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings by industry

(In percent)

		Average benchmark	Relative error <sup>2</sup>		
Industry		revision in estimates of employ- ment <sup>1</sup>	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	
Total		0.2			
Total private         Mining         Construction         Manufacturing         Durable goods         Nondurable goods         Transportation and public utilities         Wholesale trade         Retail trade         Finance, insurance, and real estate	· · · · · · · · ·	.2 2.9 1.4 .9 .8 .3 .8 .9 .3	0.1 1.0 .2 .1 .1 .7 .2 .2 .2	0.2 1.3 .2 .3 .2 .6 .4 .4 .4	
Services Government <sup>3</sup>	•••	.2 .5	.4	.6 —	

The average percent revision in employment for the 1983-87 benchmarks.
 <sup>2</sup> Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

Relative errors relate to 1962 data.
 3 Estimates for environment are based.

<sup>3</sup> Estimates for government are based on a total count for Federal Government provided by the Office of Personnel Management and a sample of State and local government reports. relative errors of the estimate. (A relative error is a standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate.) Relative errors for major industries are presented in table O and for individual industries with the specified number of employees in table P. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the hours and earnings estimates from the sample would differ by a smaller percentage than the relative error from the averages that would have been obtained from a complete census.

One measure of the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-mean-square error (RMSE). The measure is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in estimates:

RMSE =  $\sqrt{(\text{standard deviation})^2} + (\text{bias})^2$ 

If the bias is small, the chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the sample would differ from its benchmark by less than the root-mean-square error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the root-mean-square error.

Approximations of the root-mean-square errors (based on the most recent benchmark revisions) of differences between final estimates and benchmarks are presented in table P.

For the two most recent months, estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary and are so footnoted in the tables. These figures are based on less than the total sample and are revised when all the reports in the sample have been received. Table Q presents root-mean-square errors of the amounts of revisions that may be expected between the preliminary and final levels of employment and preliminary and final month-to-month changes. Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings.

#### STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, and earnings data are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with BLS. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas.

Table P. Root-mean-square errors of differences between benchmarks and estimates of employment and average relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings

		Root- mean- square	Relative error <sup>2</sup> (in percent)		
Size of employment estimate		error of employ- ment estimates <sup>1</sup>	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	
		2,100	2.2	4.0	
	·	3,900	1.3	2.3	
		5,600	1.1	2.0	
	•	14,000	.9	1.6	
	·	15,000	.8	1.2	
2,000,000	·	26,000	.5	.9	

Assuming 12-month intervals between benchmark revisions.

<sup>2</sup> Relative errors relate to 1982 data

Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification.

#### Table Q. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

		n-square error of—		Root-mean-square error of—-		
Industry	Monthly level	Month-to-month change	Industry	Monthly level	Month-to-month change	
Total .	89,600	89,100	Nondurable goods—Continued			
			Chemicals and allied products	2,700	2,900	
Total private .	62,700	60,000	Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics	1,200	1,100	
			products	1,600	1,700	
Goods-producing industries	22,400	20,800	Leather and leather products	1,800	1,700	
Mining	4,700	4,400	Service-producing industries.	86,300	85,700	
Oil and gas extraction	4,000	3,400			,	
			Transportation and public utilities	15,500	13,900	
	14.800	15,700	Transportation	17,800	17,300	
General building contractors	5,000	5,200	Communication and public			
3	-,		utilities .	6,800	6,400	
Manufacturing.	19,200	19,300				
3			Wholesale trade	9,400	8,200	
Durable goods	14,400	12,700	Durable goods	6,100	5,500	
Lumber and wood products .	2,300	2,100	Nondurable goods	5,400	4,600	
Furniture and fixtures	1,700	1,700		0,100	1 .,000	
Stone, clay, and glass products	1,600	1,600	Retail trade	40,700	36,100	
Primary metal industries	4,700	4,700	General merchandise stores	23,900	21,400	
Blast furnaces and basic	.,,	1,100	Food stores	6,900	6,200	
steel products	3.600	3.400	Automotive dealers and service	0,000	0,200	
Fabricated metal products	2.500	2,300	stations	3,300	3,200	
Machinery, except electrical	6.000	7,300	Eating and drinking places	10.900	10,300	
Electrical and electronic equipment	5,100	5,100	Eating and annung places .	10,000	10,000	
Transportation equipment	8,100	7,400	Finance, insurance, and real estate	8,400	7,500	
Motor vehicles and equipment	7,000	7,000	Finance	4,000	3,900	
Instruments and related products	2,000	2,200		3,800	3,100	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1,900	1.800	Real estate	4,800	3,800	
	1,500	1,000	neal estate .	4,000	3,000	
Nondurable goods	8,900	8,500	Services	34,700	31,700	
Food and kindred products.	5,600	5,700	Business services	11,000	10,500	
Tobacco manufactures .	1,600	1,500	Health services.	10,300	10,100	
Textile mill products	1,800	1,700		, -	1	
Apparel and other textile			Government.	62,800	54,500	
products	4,700	4,100	Federal	16,900	11,700	
Paper and allied products	1,600	1,400	State .	22,600	20,600	
Printing and publishing	2,200	2,100	Local	34,900	32,400	

NOTE: Data are based on differences from December 1982 through December 1987.

### Productivity Data (Tables C-9 through C-11)

#### COLLECTION

Productivity data are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from establishment data and from estimates of compensation and gross national product supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Federal Reserve Board.

#### CONCEPTS

Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments refer to hours paid for all employees production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers.

*Output* is the constant-dollar market value of final goods and services produced in a given period. Indexes of *output per hour* of all persons measure changes in the volume of goods and services produced per paid hour of labor input.

Compensation per hour includes wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. The data also include an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplementary payments for the selfemployed, except for nonfinancial corporations, in which there are no self-employed.

*Real compensation per hour* is compensation per hour adjusted to eliminate the effect of changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Unit labor costs measure the labor compensation cost required to produce one unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation per hour by output per hour.

Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from the current-dollar gross national product and dividing by output. In these tables, unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustments per unit of output.

The *implicit price deflator* is derived by dividing the current-dollar estimate of gross product by the constant-dollar estimate, making the deflator, in effect, a price index for gross product of the sector reported.

#### NOTES ON THE DATA

For the business sector and the nonfarm business sector, these indexes relate to the gross domestic product less households and institutions, owner-occupied housing, and the statistical discrepancy. For the nonfinancial corporate sector, the indexes refer to the gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.

Manufacturing output data are supplied by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Federal Reserve Board. Quarterly measures have been adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to annual estimates of output (gross product originating) from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Compensation and hours data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Historical statistics for most productivity measures appear in *Trends in Multifactor Productivity*, 1948-81, BLS Bulletin 2178. Additional information may be obtained from the Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523-9261).

# State and Area Labor Force Data (D table)

#### FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which are derived from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis of determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act and the Public Works and Economic Development Act.

Annual average data for the States and areas shown in table D are published in *Employment and Earnings* (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment.

Labor force and unemployment estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The report "Employment and Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available on microfiche only on a subscription basis.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates in 11 large States: New York, California, Illinois, Ohio, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Texas, Massachusetts, North Carolina, and Florida are sufficiently reliable to be used directly from the CPS. For a description of the CPS concepts, see "Household Data," above.

Monthly labor force and unemployment estimates in the remaining 39 States, the District of Columbia, and over 2,600 labor market areas are prepared in several stages. The civilian labor force is the sum of the employment and unemployment levels, which are estimated in accordance with the BLS *Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics*.

1. Preliminary estimate—employment: The total civilian employment estimate is based on data from the survey of establishments which produces an estimate of payroll employment. This place-of-work estimate must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed for the several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships which existed at the time of the 1980 decennial census. These factors are applied to the payroll employment estimates for the current period to obtain adjusted employment not covered by unemployment insurance (UI).

2. Preliminary estimate—unemployment: In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State UI laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation. This is referred to below as the UI-based estimate.

An estimate for those previously employed in covered industries is derived from a count of current employment insurance claimants, plus estimates of claimants whose benefits have been exhausted, those persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons (because they quit, were discharged for cause, etc., but would otherwise have been eligible), and persons who either filed claims late or not at all.

The estimate of those previously employed in industries not covered by UI is derived by applying to the employment estimate for each noncovered industry or class of worker subgroup in the State, the ratio of covered unemployment to covered employment weighted by factors reflecting national historical relationships.

For the third category, new entrants and reentrants into the labor force, a composite estimate is developed from equations that relate the total entrants into the labor force to the experienced unemployed and the experienced labor force. For each month, the estimate of entrants into the labor force is a function of: (a) the month of the year; (b) the level of the experienced unemployed; (c) the level of the experienced labor force; and (d) the proportion of the working age population that is considered "youth."

3. Monthly reconciliation with the CPS. Each month correction factors for employment and unemployment are applied at the State level to the UI-based estimates obtained above for each of the 39 States and the District of Columbia. These correction factors are based on the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based estimates for the 6-month period ending in the current month (e.g., a 6-month moving average). The adjustment is necessary because the State-prepared estimates are not as reliable as the CPS data due to differences in the State UI laws, the structural limitations of the UI-based estimating method, and errors in the UI data.

4. Substate adjustment for additivity. Independent estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State (obtained directly from the CPS in the 11 large States or by the UI-based method in the remaining States), and labor market areas (LMA's) within the State. The total of the geographic areas in the LMA's exhausts the geographic boundaries of the State. A proportional adjustment is applied to all substate LMA estimates to ensure that the sub-State estimates of employment and unemployment add to the independent State totals.

5. Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year, monthly estimates prepared by the State employment security agencies using UI-based estimating procedures are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLS to the annual average CPS estimates for the 39 States and the District of Columbia for which monthly CPS estimates are not used directly. This adjustment is made because the State-prepared monthly estimates are not as reliable as the CPS annual averages due to the limitations of the 6-month moving averge adjustment procedure. Revisions to the inputs used in the UI-based estimates are also made at the time of the annual benchmark.

The State wide benchmarked estimates are produced in three stages. First the monthly UI-based estimates are adjusted by the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based annual averages. Second, the difference between the ratio of annual averages for two consecutive years is wedged into the monthly estimates in order to minimize the disturbance to the original series. Finally, the third-stage estimates are forced into agreement with CPS annual averages. In the 11 States for which CPS estimates are used monthly, no benchmark correction is required, as the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal CPS annual averages.

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published regularly in Employment and Earnings.

The seasonal adjustment program used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving-average method. It provides for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in *The X-11 Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program*, Technical Paper No. 15, Bureau of the Census (1967).

Beginning in January 1980, BLS introduced two major modifications in the seasonal adjustment methodology for data from the household survey. First, the data are being seasonally adjusted with a procedure called X-11 ARIMA, which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the existing standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in *The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method*, by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983. The X-11 procedure was originally developed at the Bureau of the Census and had been used by the BLS to seasonally adjust labor force series since 1973. Tests have shown that use of the X-11 ARIMA procedure, which places more emphasis on recent data, provides better seasonal adjustments than does the X-11 method alone.

The second change is that seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the first 6 months of the year rather than for the entire year. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* a set of seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components-agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment-data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is the sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components, plus the resident Armed Forces total (not adjusted for seasonality), and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components; the total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components; and the overall unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

Revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment rate for the first 6 months of the following year, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment methodology are published in each January issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Revised seasonally adjusted data covering the revision period for a broader range of labor force series are published in the February issue of this publication.

Beginning in July 1980, the BLS also uses the X-11 ARIMA methodology in seasonally adjusting the establishment data, which previously had been computed using the *BLS Seasonal Factor Method*. All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors used in calculating the current year's estimates are based on actual data through March 1988 and projected data through March 1989. The ARIMA model options for projecting the data series for 1 year ahead have been used in seasonally adjusting the establishment series since June 1981.

Seasonal adjustment factors are directly applied to the component levels. Seasonally adjusted totals for most of these series are then obtained by taking a weighted average of the seasonally adjusted data for the component series. Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours.

Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1977 base. For total private, total goodsproducing, total private service-producing, wholesale trade, retail trade, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods industries, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1977 base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series, however.

Beginning in June 1983, seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjust-

ed data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. In earlier years the number of these workers was substantial, and at times varied greatly from year to year, based on administrative decisions of the Postal Service. Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the unadjusted data upon which the seasonal adjustment factors were based. In the past several years, the number of these workers has decreased to the point where their presence has no impact on seasonal adjustment. Temporary census takers for the 1980 decennial census are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment.

The revised seasonally adjusted series for the establishment data reflect experience through March 1988. Seasonal adjustment factors to be used for current adjustment appear in the June 1988 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

## U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

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#### **COOPERATING STATE AGENCIES**

Current Employment Statistics Program (CES), and State and Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program (LAUS)

	BLS	
	Region	
	ALABAMA ALASKA	-Research and Statistics Div., Depart. of Industrial Relations, Industrial Relations Building, Room 427, Montgomery 36130 -Employment Security Division, Department of Labor, P.O. Box 25501, Juneau 99802
IX	ARIZONA	-Department of Economic Security, 733-A, P.O. Box 6123, Phoenix 85005
VI	ARKANSAS	-Employment Security Division, Department of Labor, State Capitol Mall, P.O. Box 2981, Little Rock 72203
1X	CALIFORNIA	-Employment Data and Research Div., Employment Development Depart., P.O. Box 1679, Sacramento 95808.
VIII	COLORADO	-Division of Employment and Training, 1330 Fox Street, Denver 80204
1	CONNECTICUT	-Employment Security Division, Labor Department, 200 Folly Brook Boulevard, Wethersfield 06109
	DELAWARE	-Department of Labor, University Plaza Office Complex, P.O. Box 9029, Newark 19711
	DIST. OF COL.	-Division of Labor Market Information, Research and Analysis, Department of Employment Services, 500 C Street N.W., Room 411, Washington 20001
IV	FLORIDA	-Bureau of Research and Information, Depart. of Labor and Employment Security, 2574 Seagate Drive, Tallahassee 32301
	GEORGIA	-Department of Labor, 254 Washington Street, S.W., Atlanta 30334
	HAWAII	-Department of Labor and Industrial Relations, 830 Punchbowl Street, Room 304, Honolulu 96813
	IDAHO	-Department of Employment, P.O. Box 35, Boise 83735
	ILL INOIS	-Bureau of Employment Security, 910 South Michigan Avenue, 12th Floor, Chicago 60605
	INDIANA	-Employment Security Division, 10 North Senate Avenue, Indianapolis 46204
	IOWA KANSAS	-Department of Job Service, 1000 East Grand Avenue, Des Moines 50319 -Department of Human Resources, 401 Topeka Avenue, Topeka 66603
	KENTUCKY	-Department for Employment Services, Cabinet for Human Resources, 275 E. Main Street, Frankfort 40621
	LOUISIANA	Department of Labor, P.O. Box 44094, Capitol Station, Baton Rouge 75804
	MAINE	-Division of Research and Analysis, Department of Labor, 20 Union Street, Augusta 04330
	MARYLAND	Research and Analysis Division, Department of Human Resources, 1100 North Eutaw Street, Baltimore 21201
I		-Division of Employment Security, Charles F. Hurley Building, Government Center, Boston 02114
v	MICHIGAN	-Research and Statistics Division, Employment Security Commission, 7310 Woodward Avenue, Detroit 48202
v	MINNESOTA	-Department of Jobs and Training, 390 North Robert Street, St. Paul 55101
	MISSISSIPPI	-Labor Market Information Department, Employment Security Commission, P.O. Box 1699, Jackson 39215-1699
	MISSOURI	-Division of Employment Security, P.O. Box 59, Jefferson City 65104
	MONTANA	-Department of Labor and Industry, P.O. Box 1728, Helena 59601
	NEBRASKA	-Division of Employment, Department of Labor, P.O. Box 94600, Lincoln 68509
	NEVADA NEW HAMPSHIRE	-Employment Security Department, 500 East Third Street, Carson City 89713 -Department of Employment Security, 32 South Main Street, Concord 03301
	NEW JERSEY	-Department of Employment Security, 32 South Main Street, Concord 05301 -Division of Planning and Research, Department of Labor, P.O. Box 2765, Trenton 08625
	NEW MEXICO	-Employment Services Division, Employment Security Department, P.O. Box 1908, Albuquerque 87103
	NEW YORK	- Division of Research and Statistics. Department of Labor, State Campus, Building 12, Albany 12240
IV	NORTH CAROLINA	-Labor Market Information Division, Employment Security Commission, P.O. Box 25903, Raleigh 27611
VIII	NORTH DAKOTA	-Job Service, P.O. Box 1537, Bismarck 58502
v	0	-Labor Market Information Division, Bureau of Employment Services, P.O. Box 1618, Columbus 43216
VI	OKLAHOMA	-Research and Planning Division, Employment Security Commission, 310 Will Rogers Memorial Office Building, Oklahoma City 73105
Х	OREGON	-Employment Division, Department of Human Resources, 875 Union Street N.E., Salem 97311
Ш	PENNSYLVANIA	-Research and Statistics Division, Department of Labor and Industry, 7th and Forster Streets, Harrisburg 17121
	PUERTO RICO	-Department of Labor and Human Resources, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 505 Munoz Rivera Ave., 17th Fl., Hato Rey 00918 (CES). Bureau of Employment Security, 505 Munoz Rivera Ave., 15th Fl., Hato Rey 00918 (LAUS)
-	RHODE ISLAND	-Department of Employment Security, 24 Mason Street, Providence 02903
	SOUTH CAROLINA	-Employment Security Commission, P. O. Box 995, Columbia 29202
	SOUTH DAKOTA TENNESSEE	-Department of Labor, P.O. Box 1730, Aberdeen 57401 -Department of Employment Security, Cordell Hull Office Building, Room 519, Nashville 37219
	TEXAS	-Employment Commission, 15th and Congress Avenue, Austin 78778
	UTAH	Department of Employment Security, P.O. Box 11249, Salt Lake City 84147
	VERMONT	Department of Employment and Training, P.O. Box 488, Montpelier 05602
	VIRGINIA	-Division of Research and Analysis, Employment Commission, P.O. Box 1358, Richmond 23211
	VIRGIN ISLANDS	-Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor, P.O. Box 818, St. Thomas 00801
X	WASHINGTON	-Employment Security Department, 212 Maple Park, Olympia 98504
Ш	WEST VIRGINIA	-Division of Labor and Economic Security, Depart. of Employment Security, 112 California Avenue,
		Charleston 25305
	WISCONSIN	-Department of Industry, Labor, and Human Relations, P.O. Box 7944, Madison 53707
VIII	WYOMING	-Employment Security Commission, P.O. Box 2760, Casper 82602