

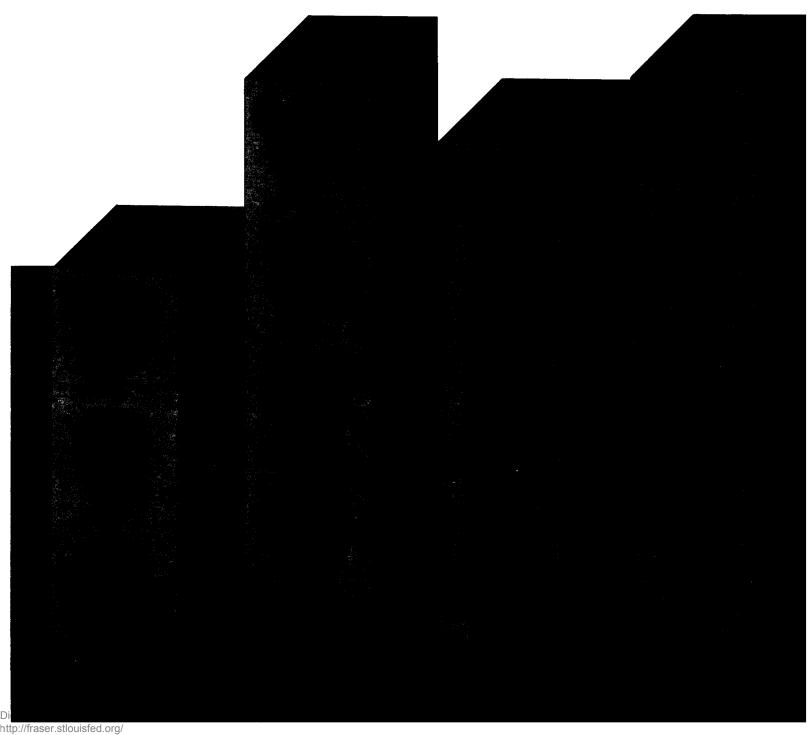


EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

June 1987

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

In this issue: Establishment data adjusted to new benchmarks





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

William E. Brock, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS Janet L. Norwood, Commissioner

Employment and Earnings is prepared in the Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics in collaboration with the Office of Publications. The data are collected by the Bureau of the Census (Department of Commerce) and State employment security agencies, in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics. A brief description of the cooperative statistical programs of the BLS with these agencies is presented in the Explanatory Notes. The State agencies are listed on the inside back cover.

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Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in *Employment and Earnings*, special features appear in most of the issues as shown below.

Household data

Annual averages Jan.
Union affiliation Jan.

Revised seasonally adjusted series

Jan., Feb.

Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data, persons not in labor force, persons of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans, family relationship data, weekly earnings data, and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan and poverty-nonpoverty area data

Jan., Apr., July, Oct.

Establishment data

National annual averages:

Industry divisions (preliminary)

Jan.

Industry detail (final) Mar.

Women employees (final) Mar.

National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and new

seasonal adjustment factors

June

Revised historical national data

Supplement¹

State and area annual averages May

Area definitions May

State and area labor force data

Annual averages May

¹ The latest supplement was published in June 1986.

Employment and Earnings

Vol. 34 No. 6 June 1987

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Rosalie K. Epstein

Editors' Note

With this issue, national estimates of employment, hours, and earnings from the monthly survey of establishments have been revised to reflect March 1986 benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) and updated seasonal adjustment factors based on the experience through March 1987. As a result, unadjusted series beginning April 1985 and seasonally adjusted series beginning January 1982 are not comparable to those previously published.

The article beginning on page 6 discusses the effects of the revisions, the seasonal adjustment methodology, and new seasonal adjustment factors to be used in the ensuing 12-month period. Revised current data appear in tables B-1 through B-7 and C-1 through C-7. Revised historical data will be published in a July 1987 supplement to *Employment and Earnings*.

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Employment and Unemployment Developments, May 1987

Employment rose in May and the unemployment rate was unchanged. Following a marked decline in April, the overall unemployment rate remained at 6.2 percent and the civilian worker rate at 6.3 percent. Both were nearly a percentage point lower than a year earlier.

Total civilian employment—as estimated through the monthly survey of households—showed an increase of about 600,000, seasonally adjusted, whereas nonagricultural payroll employment—as measured by the monthly survey of establishments—rose by 125,000.

Unemployment

The civilian unemployment rate was unchanged at 6.3 percent in May, and the number of persons unemployed remained at 7.5 million, about 800,000 less than a year earlier. The unemployment rates for adult men (5.5 percent) and women (5.4 percent), while unchanged over the month, have dropped substantially during the last year. The unemployment rates for teenagers (17.7 percent), whites (5.3 percent), and Hispanics (8.7 percent) were little changed, although the Hispanic rate has fallen 2 percentage points so far this year. The jobless rate for blacks (13.8 percent) returned to its March level after falling in April. (See tables A-33 and A-34.)

Among the unemployed, there was a small increase in May in the number seeking their first jobs. In terms of duration, there was also a small increase in the number of persons unemployed for less than 5 weeks. The median duration of unemployment declined to 6.5 weeks. (See tables A-40 and A-41.)

Civilian employment and the labor force

Civilian employment rose to 112.4 million, a seasonally adjusted gain of about 600,000. Most of the increase was among adults, particularly women. The employment-population ratio—the proportion of the working age population who held jobs—increased by three-tenths of a percentage point. (See table A-33.)

The civilian labor force also showed a sharp increase (660,000), following 2 months of little change. The labor force participation rate was up three-tenths of a percentage point to 65.7 percent.

industry payroll employment

The data from the establishment survey showed a relatively small job gain for May, bringing nonagricultural payroll employment to a level of 101.7 million, after seasonal adjustment. This level reflects the results of the annual benchmark adjustment of these data, which has produced a downward revision.

Gains in May were essentially limited to the services industry and in finance, insurance, and real estate. Continuing the strong growth in evidence during the current expansion, employment in the services industry rose by 95,000 in May. About half of the increase was in business and health services. Finance, insurance, and real estate also continued to expand, with an over-the-month employment gain of 15,000. Employment in both wholesale and retail trade was unchanged after seasonal adjustment. (See table B-4.)

In the goods-producing sector, construction employment rose a little less than expected for this time of the year and, after seasonal adjustment, was down slightly from the April level. Mining and its oil and gas extraction component have shown small increases over the last few months. Manufacturing employment remained unchanged in May, as movements among individual industries were small and generally offsetting.

Weekly hours

The average workweek of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls edged up 0.1 hour to 34.8 hours, seasonally adjusted, returning to the March level. In manufacturing, the workweek rose by 0.4 hour to 41.0, rebounding from the previous month's dip, which had stemmed from religious observances in the reference week. Factory overtime rose by 0.3 hour to 3.8, the highest level since April 1978. (See table C-5.)

Largely as a result of the increase in hours of work, the index of aggregate weekly hours of production or non-supervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls rose by 0.4 percent to 120.1 (1977=100), seasonally adjusted. This was 2.5 percent higher than the May 1986 index. (See table C-6.)

Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly earnings rose by 0.4 percent in May, while average weekly earnings rose 0.7 percent, seasonally adjusted.

Prior to seasonal adjustment, hourly earnings increased by 2 cents to \$8.92, and weekly earnings were up \$2.48 to \$310.42. (See tables C-1 and C-7.)

The Hourly Earnings Index

The Hourly Earnings Index (HEI) was 172.6 (1977=100) in May, seasonally adjusted, essentially unchanged from

April. For the 12 months ended in May, the increase was 2.2 percent. The HEI excludes the effects of two types of changes unrelated to underlying wage rate movements—fluctuations in manufacturing overtime and interindustry employment shifts. In dollars of constant purchasing power, the HEI decreased 1.3 percent during the 12-month period ended in April. (See table C-7.)

	Scheduled Release Dates											
Employment and unemployment data are scheduled for initial release on the following dates:												
Reference month	Release date	Reference month	Release date									
June	July 2	September	October 2									
July	August 7	October	November 6									
August	September 4	November	December 4									

BLS Establishment Estimates Revised to March 1986 Benchmarks

*Fred R. Cronkhite

With the release of data for May 1987, the Bureau of Labor Statistics introduced its annual revision of national estimates of employment, hours, and earnings from the monthly sample survey of nonagricultural establishments. Each year, the sample estimates are adjusted to new benchmarks—comprehensive figures of employment based primarily on unemployment insurance reports filed by employers with the State employment security agencies.

The current revisions are based on March 1986 benchmarks and affect unadjusted series from April 1985 forward. As is the usual practice with the introduction of new benchmarks, the Bureau has also revised the seasonally adjusted series for the previous 5-year period and has introduced new seasonal adjustment factors to be used for the coming year.

Effect of the current benchmark adjustment

The March 1986 benchmark level for total nonagricultural employment—98 million—was 467,000, or 0.5 percent, below the corresponding sample-based estimate, resulting in the largest benchmark revision since 1979. Downward revisions were registered in all major industry divisions, except services, with the largest absolute changes occurring in manufacturing and wholesale and retail trade. Table 1 provides a summary of the March 1986 revisions by major division, and table 2 provides a comparison of the 1986 revisions on a percentage basis with those of recent years.

The extent of the monthly revision grew to over 700,000 by February 1987, reflecting, in addition to the benchmark adjustment, a modification to the procedure for deriving revised monthly estimates subsequent to the benchmark. The nature of these improvements in postbenchmark estimation is described in the section on benchmark adjustment procedure. Table 3 shows this increased downward revision between 1986 and 1987 through a comparison of seasonally adjusted monthly data as previously published and as revised.

Monthly estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are published in considerable industry detail. Based upon the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system, estimates are prepared either at the industry level (4-digit SIC) or at the industry group level (3-digit SIC) for most industries. Within the 248 3-digit industry groups for which employment es-

timates are published, 70 were revised by 4 percent or more, and nearly one-half by 3 percent or more. Of the 68 published major private industry groups (2-digit SIC), 19 were revised by 2 percent or more, and 37 by 1.5 percent or more. As has generally been the case in the past, the smallest industries in terms of employment tended to have the largest percentage revisions (table 4).

The March 1986 benchmark levels compared with the sample-based estimates for major industry and manufacturing groups appear in table 5. Manufacturing industries were revised downward by an average of 1.1 percent, about the same as last year. Seventeen of the twenty major groups in manufacturing were revised downward, a slight increase from last year. Wholesale trade industries were revised downward by an average of 1.9 percent; durable goods industries in wholesale trade were revised downward by 2.8 percent.

Effect of revisions on other series

There are no benchmark employment levels for the series on women workers, or production or nonsupervisory workers. These series are revised by applying the ratios derived from the sample to the revised all-employees figures. Revisions at the basic cell level are then added to become the summary level revisions.

Average weekly hours and average hourly earnings are estimated directly from reported figures at the estimating cell level and are not benchmarked. However, broader industry groups of hours and earnings series require a weighting mechanism to yield meaningful averages. The production or nonsupervisory worker employment estimates for the basic cells are used as weights for the hours and earnings estimates for broader industry groupings. Adjustments of the allemployee estimates to new benchmarks may alter the weights, which, in turn, may change the estimates for hours and earnings of production and nonsupervisory workers at higher levels of aggregation.

Generally, new employment benchmarks have little impact on hours and earnings estimates for major groupings. (See table 6.) To influence the hours and earnings estimates of a broader group, employment changes have to be relatively large and must affect industries which have substantially different hours or earnings averages than the other

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industries in their group. Occasionally, corrections of errors in the reported payroll data for individual establishments may also change the averages of selected industries.

Benchmark adjustment procedure

The annual benchmark adjustment procedure serves as a quality control process by providing a more accurate measure of current employment levels and, as a consequence, a more accurate perspective on short-term trends. The benchmark levels are derived primarily from summations of the mandatory unemployment insurance (UI) contribution reports filed with the State employment security agencies by all employers covered by the UI laws. The figures compiled from these reports are adjusted when necesseary to reflect discrepancies in industry coding between the establishments in the survey and the corresponding establishments in the population. The final benchmark levels are determined by adding to the adjusted UI-based figures estimates of employment in those industries that are not fully covered by UI laws. For the private sector, these are primarily in the transportation and service industries.

Normally, new benchmarks are determined for March of

each year for the most detailed industrial classification levels at which estimates are made. The time required to complete the benchmark process—from collection of the data to publication of the results—is usually about 15 months. Revised employment estimates for the "interbenchmark" period are usually derived by adding to each of the monthly estimates a fraction of the difference between the acutal March benchmark level and the previously published estimate for that month. In the present instance, working backwards in time, approximately 11/12 of the March 1986 difference was added to the February 1986 estimates, 10/12 to the January 1986 estimate, and so forth, so that the March difference was "wedged over the 12-month interbenchmark period.

Occasionally, in some industries, the monthly sample-based estimates deviate significantly from the expected seasonal patterns of the underlying population and hence produce erroneous links. Since application of the normal linear wedge technique will not correct for this error, the monthly sample-based estimates for these industries are replaced with monthly figures derived from the population of establishments for all months in the interbenchmark period.

Table 1. Differences between nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates by industry, March 1986

le di setri :	Benchmark	Estimate	Diffe	rence
Industry	Delicimark	LSimilate	Amount	Percent
Total .	98,150	98,617	-467	-0.5
Total private	81,204	81,604	-400	5
Mining	832	842	-10	-1.2
Construction .	4,415	4,441	-26	6
Manufacturing	18,945	19,148	-203	-1.1
Transportation and public utilities .	5,200	5,215	-15	3
Wholesale trade.	5,695	5,803	-108	-1.9
Retail trade	17,327	17,418	-91	5
Finance, insurance, and real estate.	6,140	6,144	-4	1
Services .	22,650	22,593	57	.3
Government	16,946	17,013	-67	4

Table 2. Percent differences between nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates by industry, March 1979-86

Industry	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
Total .	 0.5	-0.1	-0.4	-0.1	(1)	0.4	(1)	-0.5
Mining	 .2	6	2.1	2.2	-5.4	-1.6	-3.1	-1.2
Construction .	 -3.2	-1.5	-2.9	.2	.5	3.1	1.4	6
Manufacturing	 .4	3	4	(1)	-1.2	9	5	-1.1
Transportation and public utilities.	 8	3	.1	.4	.2	.2	-1.0	3
Trade	 .6	8	-1.0	-1.2	.9	1.3	3	9
Finance, insurance, and real estate.	 .1	.1	5	2	(1)	.4	.5	1
Services	 .5	.9	.3	.3	-,1	.4	.1	.3
Government	 1.9	.5	2	.1	.7	.1	.8	4

¹ Less than 0.05 percent

Table 3. Differences in seasonally adjusted levels and over-the-month changes, total nonagricultural employment, January 1986-February 1987

		Levels	Over-the-month changes			
Month	As revised	As previously published	Difference	As revised	As previously published	
1986:						
January	. 98,776	99,296	-520	118	386	
February	. 98,914	99,429	-515	138	133	
March	. 99,013	3 99,484 -47		99	55	
April .	. 99,252	99,783	-531	239	299	
May	99,389	99,918	-529	137	135	
June .	. 99,323	99,843	-520	-66	-75	
July	. 99,601	100,105	-504	278	262	
August	. 99,772	100,283	-511	171	178	
September	. 100,039	100,560	-521	267	277	
October	. 100,209	100,826	-617	170	266	
November	. 100,415	101,068	-653	206	242	
December	. 100,567	101,322	-755	152	254	
1987:						
January	. 100,919	101,626	-707	352	304	
February	101,150	101,854	-704	231	228	

Table 4. Distribution of published 3-digit SIC industries by size of industry and percent difference between employment benchmarks and estimates, March 1986

	Total		Size of of the contract of the		
Percent difference	number of industries	Under 50,000	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 199,999	200,000 and over
Total	248	36	52	66	94
0-0.9	. 102 . 56	4 12 11 9	10 21 13 8	16 28 16 6	33 41 16 4

This year, revised estimates for the "postbenchmark" period were derived using a different procedure than in past years. Formerly, the sample-based monthly employment change ratios, or links, that were used to extrapolate the old benchmark levels were also used to extrapolate the new benchmark levels. For the current postbenchmark period, April 1986 to March 1987, the sample reporters were reassigned, where necessary, into size groups based on their March 1986 employment levels. New links were derived using the resized sample, including late reports. Such resizing of the sample maintains correspondence in establishment size between the benchmark employment levels being extrapolated and the sample used to derive the new monthly extrapolation links. The bias adjustment factors originally used during this period were also applied to the revised monthly estimates.

Why estimates differ from benchmarks

Differences between benchmarks and estimates result from both sampling and nonsampling error. Sampling error occurs any time a sample is used to make inferences about a population. As with any sample-based estimates, a certain amount of error is to be expected in the estimation of employment, hours, and earnings from the establishment survey. A complete monthly count of all establishments would provide the most accurate levels of employment by detailed industry. However, given the more than 5 million employers in the population, such monthly figures would be prohibitively expensive and too time consuming to compile. The current sample of approximately 290,000 establishments provides estimates at a moderate cost within a month following the reference period. Additionally, sources of nonsampling error can be more easily controlled in a sample.

Both the benchmark levels and the sample-based estimates are subject to several sources of nonsampling error. These errors, along with the sampling error in the sample-based estimates, cause the estimates to differ from the benchmark. Major sources of these nonsampling errors are: (1) an inability to measure employment in new firms from the time of their inception, due to the time lag between the creation of new firms and their inclusion in the sample; (2) procedures for handling changes in industrial classification; (3) the quality of the various source data used to derive the benchmark; (4) an inability to completely cover all firms in the target population; and (5) other errors in coverage, response, processing, and collection.

Bias adjustment factors. In order to compensate for the inability of the survey to capture the entry of new firms, and for other biases, the Bureau calculates monthly bias adjustment factors. First, both 3-year and 5-year averages of the relative differences between the benchmark levels and sample-based estimates for March are computed for most 3-digit industries. These "average bias adjustment factors" are based on the latest benchmark levels. Second, the average factors are updated during the year to reflect current rates of employment change for the same industries. The updated factors are then applied to the sample-based estimates to produce the monthly published estimates.

A single-equation, cross-section statistical model is specified for estimating industry-specific parameters that are used to update the average factors. The model relates average relative bias to average employment change, over either a 3-year or 5-year period, and percent of total employment in the sample for the same group of 3-digit industries. The updated factor for each of the industries is applied to all estimating cells—usually size groups—within that industry. New industry-specific parameters are estimated each year when the new benchmark levels become available.

Changes in industrial classification. Establishments are classified by industry according to major product or activity.

Table 5. Differences between nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates by major industry and manufacturing group, March 1986 $\,$

Mining Oil and gas extraction Construction General building contractors Manufacturing Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic eequipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment. Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	Benchmark 98,150 81,204 24,192 832 507 4,415 1,196 18,945 11,277 682 496 571 776 288 1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668 1,551 59	98,617 81,604 24,431 842 514 4,441 1,201 19,148 11,384 696 495 579 791 295 1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366 7,764	Amount -467 -400 -239 -10 -7 -26 -5 -203 -107 -14 1 -8 -15 -7 -7 -24 -51 27 23 -11 -5	Percent -0.5 -0.5 -1.0 -1.2 -1.464 -1.19 -2.1 .2 -1.4 -1.9 -2.55 -1.1 -2.4 1.4 2.6
Total private. Goods-producing . Mining	81,204 24,192 832 507 4,415 1,196 18,945 11,277 682 496 571 776 288 1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668	81,604 24,431 842 514 4,441 1,201 19,148 11,384 696 495 579 791 295 1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-400 -239 -10 -7 -26 -5 -203 -107 -14 1 -8 -15 -7 -7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	-0.5 -1.0 -1.2 -1.464 -1.19 -2.1 .2 -1.4 -1.9 -2.55 -1.1 -2.4 1.4
Total private. Goods-producing . Mining	24,192 832 507 4,415 1,196 18,945 11,277 682 496 571 776 288 1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668 1,551	24,431 842 514 4,441 1,201 19,148 11,384 696 495 579 791 295 1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-239 -10 -7 -26 -5 -203 -107 -14 1 -8 -15 -7 -7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	-1.0 -1.2 -1.464 -1.19 -2.1 .2 -1.4 -1.9 -2.55 -1.1 -2.4 1.4
Mining	832 507 4,415 1,196 18,945 11,277 682 496 571 776 288 1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668 1,551	842 514 4,441 1,201 19,148 11,384 696 495 579 791 295 1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-10 -7 -26 -5 -203 -107 -14 1 -8 -15 -7 -7 -7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	-1.2 -1.4 6 4 -1.1 9 -2.1 .2 -1.4 -1.9 -2.5 5 1.1 -2.4 1.4
Oil and gas extraction Construction General building contractors Manufacturing Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic eequipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products Leather and leather products	507 4,415 1,196 18,945 11,277 682 496 571 776 288 1,437 2,099 1,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668 1,551	514 4,441 1,201 19,148 11,384 696 495 579 791 295 1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-7 -26 -5 -203 -107 -14 1 -8 -15 -7 -7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	-1.4 6 4 -1.1 9 -2.1 -1.4 -1.9 -2.5 5 -1.1 -2.4 1.4
Construction General building contractors Manufacturing Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic eequipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products Leather and leather products	4,415 1,196 18,945 11,277 682 496 571 776 288 1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668	4,441 1,201 19,148 11,384 696 495 579 791 295 1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-26 -5 -203 -107 -14 1 -8 -15 -7 -7 -7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	6 4 -1.1 9 -2.1 .2 -1.4 -1.9 -2.5 5 -1.1 -2.4
Durable goods Lumber and wood products . Furniture and fixtures	18,945 11,277 682 496 571 776 288 1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668 1,551	19,148 11,384 696 495 579 791 295 1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-203 -107 -14 1 -8 -15 -7 -7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	-1.1 9 -2.1 .2 -1.4 -1.9 -2.5 5 -1.1 -2.4 1.4
Lumber and wood products . Furniture and fixtures	11,277 682 496 571 776 288 1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668 1,551	11,384 696 495 579 791 295 1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-107 -14 1 -8 -15 -7 -7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	9 -2.1 .2 -1.4 -1.9 -2.55 -1.1 -2.4 1.4
Lumber and wood products . Furniture and fixtures	682 496 571 776 288 1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668	696 495 579 791 295 1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-14 1 -8 -15 -7 -7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	-2.1 .2 -1.4 -1.9 -2.5 5 -1.1 -2.4 1.4
Furniture and fixtures	496 571 776 288 1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668 1,551	495 579 791 295 1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	1 -8 -15 -7 -7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	.2 -1.4 -1.9 -2.5 5 -1.1 -2.4
Stone, clay, and glass products . Primary metal industries	571 776 288 1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668	579 791 295 1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-8 -15 -7 -7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	-1.4 -1.9 -2.5 5 -1.1 -2.4 1.4
Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic eequipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment. Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products. Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products Leather and leather products	776 288 1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668 1,551	791 295 1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-15 -7 -7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	-1.9 -2.5 5 -1.1 -2.4 1.4
Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic eequipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products . Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products . Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products . Paper and allied products . Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products . Leather and leather products .	288 1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668 1,551	295 1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-7 -7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	-2.5 5 -1.1 -2.4 1.4
Blast furnaces and basic steel products. Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic eequipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products. Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products. Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products. Paper and allied products. Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products. Leather and leather products.	1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668	1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	5 -1.1 -2.4 1.4
Fabricated metal products	1,437 2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668	1,444 2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-7 -24 -51 27 23 -11	5 -1.1 -2.4 1.4
Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic eequipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	2,099 2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668	2,122 2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-24 -51 27 23 -11	-1.1 -2.4 1.4
Electrical and electronic eequipment Transportation equipment	2,124 2,019 880 714 361 7,668	2,175 1,991 858 724 366	-51 27 23 -11	-2.4 1.4
Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products	2,019 880 714 361 7,668	1,991 858 724 366	27 23 –11	1.4
Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	880 714 361 7,668	858 724 366	23 -11	
Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products. Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products	714 361 7,668 1,551	724 366	-11	2.6
Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products. Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products	361 7,668 1,551	366	1 '''	
Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products. Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products. Apparel and other textile products. Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products. Leather and leather products.	361 7,668 1,551	366	1 '''	-1.5
Nondurable goods Food and kindred products. Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products	7,668		ı •	-1.4
Food and kindred products. Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products	1,551	1	-96	-1.3
Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products		1,573	-22	-1.4
Textile mill products	. 39	61	-2	-3.7
Apparel and other textile products. Paper and allied products. Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products. Leather and leather products.	699	703	-4	6
Paper and allied products. Printing and publishing				
Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products . Leather and leather products	1,107	1,120	-1.3	-1.2
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	669	685	-16	-2.3
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products	1,447	1,471	-24	-1.7
Petroleum and coal products	1,025	1,030	-5	5
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products . Leather and leather products	170	164	6	3.4
Leather and leather products			_	_
·	788 155	801 157	-13 -2	-1.6 -1.6
	73,958	74,186	-228	3
Transportation and public utilities.	5,200	5,215	-15	-3
	2,988	3,001	-13	4
	2,212	2,214	-2	1
Wholesale trade	5,695	5,803	-108	-1.9
Durable goods	3,370	3,466	-96	-2.8
Nondurable goods.	2,325	2,337	-12	5
Retail trade	17,327	17,418	_91	5
General merchandise stores .	2,258	2,246	12	.5
Food stores	2,814	2,806	-52	-1.8
Automotive dealers and service stations.	1,908	1,918	-10	5
Eating and drinking places.	5,673	5,692	-19	3
Finance, insurance, and real estate .	6,140	6,144	-4	1
Finance,	3,082	3,089	-7	2
Insurance	1,908	1,898	10	.5
Real estate .	1,150	1,157	-7	6
Services ¹	22,650	22,593	57	.з
Business services . Health services	4,645 6,450	4,651 6,484	-6 -34	1 5
Government	16,946	17,013	-67	4
Federal .		2,908	0	.0
State .	2,908	4,029	-53	-1.3
Local	2,908 3,976		-14	.1

¹ Includes other industries not shown separately.

Table 6. Hours and earnings estimates based on revised (March 1986) benchmarks and previous (March 1985) benchmarks, selected industries, March 1986

		Ave	erage weekly h	ours	Aver	age hourly ear	nings
Industry		Revised estimate	Previous estimate	Difference	Revised estimate	Previous estimate	Difference
Total private .		34.7	34.7	0	\$8.74	\$8.73	\$0.01
Mining		42.3	42.3	0	12.33	12.35	02
Construction		36.5	36.4	0.1	12.26	12.22	.04
Manufacturing .		40.7	40.7	0	9.73	9.72	.01
Durable goods .		41.4	41.4	0	10.31	10.30	.01
Lumber and wood products		40.0	40.0	0	8.32	8.33	01
Furniture and fixtures		39.2	39.2	0	7.36	7.35	.01
Stone, clay, and glass products.		41.5	41.5	0	9.93	9.93	l 0
Primary metal industries		42.1	42.1	0	11.95	11.99	04
Fabricated metal products		41.4	41.4	0	9.90	9.88	.02
Machinery, except electrical		41.8	41.8	0	10.60	10.58	.02
Electrical and electronic eequipment.		41.0	41.1	1	9.60	9.62	02
Transportation equipment		42.8	42.8	Ö	12.85	12.90	05
Instruments and related products		41.4	41.4	Ö	9.42	9.41	.01
Miscellaneous manufacturing .		39.9	39.9	ő	7.50	7.51	01
Nondurable goods .		39.7	39.7	0	8.89	8.88	.01
Food and kindred products .		39.4	39.4	0	8.74	8.74	0
Tobacco manufactures .		37.5	37.5	0	12.83	12.76	.07
Textile mill products		40.6	40.6	0	6.85	6.86	01
Apparel and other textile products.		36.6	36.5	.1	5.82	5.80	.02
Paper and allied products .		43.4	43.3	.1	11.06	11.03	.03
Printing and publishing		38.1	38.1	0	9.90	9.90	0
Chemicals and allied products.		42.0	42.0	0	11,80	11.78	.02
Petroleum and coal products		43.7	43.7	0	14.21	14.22	01
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products		41.4	41.3	.1	8.72	8.72	0
Leather and leather products.		36.3	36.3	0	5.87	5.86	.01
Transportation and public utilities .		39.4	39.4	0	11.62	11.62	0
Wholesale trade.		38.2	38.3	1	9.33	9.33	0
Retail trade		28.9	28.9	0	6.03	6.03	0
Finance, insurance, and real estate .		36.7	36.7	0	8.33	8.30	.03
Services	<i></i> 	32.5	32.4	.1	8.18	8.18	0

Differences in the classification of establishments between the population and the sample can be an important source of nonsampling error. As part of a continuing quality maintenance program, approximately one-third of all employers are requested to refile industry classification information each year. This information can result in changes in industry classification. In addition, industry codes of establishments in the sample are reviewed each year and are reconciled to the corresponding codes of the establishment in the population file. Since these changes are introduced once a year, at the time of the revision to new benchmarks, they contribute to benchmark adjustment. At the more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification can be an important cause of benchmark adjustments. As the estimates are aggregated to higher level industry groupings, these classification changes cancel out so that the net difference is zero for total nonagricultural employment.

Benchmark source material. The principal source of benchmark data for private industries is the ES-202 report, which contains employment data reported to State employment security agencies by employers covered by State UI laws. UI coverage is now extended to approximately 98 percent of

employees in the total nonagricultural sector and 99 percent of those in the private nonagricultural sector. Employment counts for the executive, legislative, and judicial branches of the Federal Government are derived from official summaries prepared by the U.S. Office of Personnel Management (OPM). These summaries are complete counts of Federal workers and are not usually subject to revision. The official OPM summaries do not provide detail on Federal employment by industry, such as hospitals, on a current monthly basis. These are estimated by BLS from a sample of Federal establishments.

BLS uses several sources to obtain employment counts for the remaining industries partially covered or exempt from mandatory UI coverage. Data on employees covered under Social Security laws, published by the Bureau of the Census in *County Business Patterns*, are used to augment UI data for nonoffice insurance sales workers, or to derive benchmark figures for religious organizations, private schools, and hospitals. Benchmarks for State and local government hospi-

¹ Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency, the National Security Agency, and those of the Department of Defense paid from nonappropriated funds are not included in the OPM summaries or these series and thus are not counted.

tals and educational institutions are based on the Annual Survey of Governments conducted by the Bureau of the Census. Benchmark data for employees of church sponsored schools are obtained through State agency surveys. Data for interstate railroads are obtained from the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The Bureau's reporting sample is an important source of information for correcting errors in summary benchmark data derived from employers' UI records. Since sample reports are current and are reviewed monthly, reporting errors that are detected and corrected in the sample reports can also be used to correct the corresponding summary UI-based reports.

Revisions of seasonally adjusted data

Most economic time series display a regular seasonal movement, which can be estimated on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation, it is possible to observe the underlying cyclical and other systematic movements in the series.

Each year, employment, hours, and earnings data reflecting the new benchmark are used to calculate updated seasonal adjustment factors. The Bureau uses the X-11 ARIMA (Auto-Regressive Integrated Moving Average) seasonal adjustment methodology, developed by Statistics Canada.² X-11 ARIMA is an adapation of the standard ratio-to-moving average method, which provides for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns.

The ARIMA option is used to project the unadjusted data forward for 1 year prior to seasonally adjusting the series. The use of ARIMA projections lessens the need for revisions of historical data in future seasonal adjustments. ARIMA projections are not used in series where the projections do not meet test requirements.³

Seasonal adjustment factors are derived from a decomposition of historical unadjusted time series into seasonal, cyclical, and irregular components. Unusual events reflected in these historical data will distort normal seasonal pat-

terns and thus produce less reliable seasonal factors. The X-11 ARIMA methodology allows for the removal of these unusual variations prior to the calculation of the seasonal adjustment factors. Since major strikes tend to distort normal seasonal patterns, the effects of strikes are eliminated from employment series prior to seasonal adjustment. The Federal Government series have also been adjusted to remove the effect of the temporary hiring of census takers during the 1980 census. The hours series in the textile and apparel industries were also adjusted to eliminate the effects of weather-related plant shutdowns in January 1982. The seasonal factors calculated in this way are then applied to the modified unadjusted series to produced a seasonally adjusted time series.

The seasonal adjustment factors that will be used for the period April 1987 through March 1988 for all published series are shown in tables 8 through 14. Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a small number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These series are identified in tables 11, 13, and 14; they are used, however, in aggregating to broader seasonally adjusted levels.

Publication of revised data

Data for detailed industry categories of employment, hours, and earnings will be presented in a supplement to *Employment and Earnings*. It will contain all of the historical data revised as a result of this benchmark and updated seasonal adjustment factors, that is, unadjusted data for April 1985 through February 1987 and seasonally adjusted data for January 1982 through February 1987. In addition, seasonally adjusted data from 1980, and unadjusted data from 1983, which were published in last year's supplement, will be republished in the 1987 supplement. Data for earlier time periods can be found in *Employment*, *Hours*, and *Earnings*, *United States*, 1909-84 (BLS Bulletin 1312-12), issued in 1985.

Employment estimates are published monthly in this publication for most of the significant nonagricultural industries. Those industries for which monthly data are not published are either too small or are not represented by a sufficient sample. Table 7 contains the March 1986 benchmark figures for many of these industries.

² A detailed description of the procedure appears in *The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method* by Estella Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalouge No. 12-564E, January 1983.

³ The series so affected are identified in tables 8 through 13.

Table 7. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1979-86

Industry	1972 SIC Code	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
Total		88,654	90,253	90,371	89,566	88,232	92,587	96,042	98,150
Total private		72,552	73,720	73,903	73,370	72,043	76,371	79,446	81,204
Goods-producing		25,993	25,799	25,126	24,056	22,370	24,017	24,469	24,192
Mining		928	990	1,107	1,205	945	952	933	832
Lead and zinc ores	1	6.2	6.9	7.2	5.9	4.0	4.0	3.3	2.9
Gold and silver ores		(')	(')	(')	8.9	8.6	10.5	9.8	10.4
Other metal ores and mining services	. 105,6,8,9	Ö	(5)	Ö	25.5	14.0	13.3	11.4	9.1
Anthracite mining		3.1	3.3	3.5	3.5	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.6
Crude petroleum and natural gas		185.3	205.7	242.7	265.7	257.0	254.5	248.4	232.3
Natural gas liquids Clay and related minerals	I	(¹) 4.7	5.5 (¹)	6.8 (¹)	8.4 9.4	6.7 8.1	6.6 8.4	6.6 8.6	6.1 8.4
Other nonmetallic minerals and services		8	8	8	9.8	9.2	9.9	9.5	10.0
Construction		4,093	4,087	3,934	3,638	3,469	3,914	4,241	4,415
Concrete work		105.3	100.2	98.2	84.5	90.5	113.6	132.6	138.9
Waterwell drilling		19.5	18.7	19.1	16.9	14.6	15.7	16.1	16.2
Miscellaneous special trade contractors	179	342.4	351.1	359.4	336.8	314.2	353.1	393.0	416.4
Manufacturing		20,972	20,722	20,085	19,213	17,956	19,151	19,295	18,945
Durable goods		12,745	12,609	12,105	11,446	10,417	11,346	11,561	11,277
Lumber and wood products:	0400			4.0	0.5		,		0.7
Special product sawmills, nec Structural wood members, nec		6.6 17.0	6.0 15.9	4.8 15.0	3.5 11.6	3.6 14.0	4.1 19.0	3.1 19.1	2.7 22.6
Nailed wood boxes and shook		8.9	8.0	6.9	5.9	5.3	5.6	5.5	5.4
Wood pallets and skids	I	27.8	26.6	24.6	23.0	21.6	25.8	26.9	26.3
Wood containers, nec		10.8	10.3	10.3	9.2	8.8	8.7	8.3	8.2
Prefabricated wood buildings	2452	25.0	20.4	18.9	16.0	15.8	19.0	18.6	19.7
Wood preserving		13.5	13.8	13.2	11.8	11.8	12.3	13.0	12.5
Particleboard	I	()	(¹) (¹)	(*) (*)	5.1 56.9	6.0 55.3	7.4 58.1	8.3 55.5	9.4 56.2
Furniture and fixtures:									
Wood TV and radio cabinets and household furniture	2517.9	15.9	14.0	13.8	12.1	11.1	13.4	13.9	14.0
Wood office furniture		17.1	18.8	21.7	24.6	23.9	28.4	32.0	31.4
Metal office furniture		32.2	32.1	31.2	29.9	27.7	32.7	33.1	33.6
Wood partitions and fixtures		33.3	33.3	31.4	29.8	28.3	33.9	36.7	38.8
Metal partitions and fixtures		30.1	31.5	27.8	27.8	25.8	29.3	31.4	31.5
Drapery hardware and blinds and shades Furniture and fixtures, nec		16.5 11.8	16.8 11.2	16.5 12.3	16.4 12.5	16.9 13.0	20.4 13.4	20.5 15.4	22.3 16.4
	2555	11.0	11.2	12.3	12.3	13.0	13.4	15.4	10.4
Stone, clay, and glass products: Brick and structural clay tile	2251	22.0	20.1	16.4	13.0	13.9	16.7	16.5	17.1
Clay refractories		14.1	14.1	11.3	9.7	7.0	1	7.4	7.0
Other structural clay products		15.8	14.5	12.9	11.0	11.3	12.4	12.4	12.3
Vitreous plumbing fixtures		11.2	12.7	9.9	8.5	8.8	10.0	9.5	10.3
Vitreous china and fine earthenware food utensils		9.4	10.5	9.7	9.1	7.7	7.4	6.7	7.1
Porcelain electrical supplies Pottery products, nec		10.7 15.3	13.0 13.0	11.4 12.3	10.8 11.3	9.6 10.5	9.7 11.8	10.4 10.7	9.0 10.3
Lime		(')	(')	(')	6.4	5.3	5.7	5.4	5.3
Gypsum products		8	(6)	8	11.4	11.2	13.5	14.3	14.2
Cut stone and stone products		12.1	11.7	11.0	10.3	10.7	11.2	12.0	12.4
Gaskets, packing and sealing devices		29.3	27.9	27.4	26.8	23.5	26.7	27.7	28.6
Minerals, ground or treated		16.3	16.2		14.6	12.8	13.4	13.5	12.5
Nonclay refractories		0 0	(') (')	(')	9.9 6.5	7.3 6.3	8.0 7.2	8.2 7.1	8.1 7.1
		`	,,	``					
Primary metal industries: Electrometallurgical products	2212	14.7	14.6	13.1	11.2	8.2	10.2	9.6	9.0
Steel wire and related products		25.9	22.7		19.3	16.7	18.6	18.6	18.7
Cold finishing of steel shapes		20.5	19.0		15.5	13.5	l .	15.8	
Steel investment foundries		11.6	12.3		12.3	10.9	l .	13.3	13.1
Primary copper		15.5	15.6	1	12.7	10.6		7.0	1
Primary lead and zinc		9.6	8.1	1	6.1	5.0		4.4	,3.6
Primary nonferrous metals, nec		10.3	11.8		10.1	8.8		10.8	
Secondary nonferrous metals		24.4 33.3	25.4	I	21.3	18.0	I .	19.7 33.0	18.1 32.6
Aluminum extruded products Aluminum and nonferrous rolling and drawing, nec		24.8	33.6 26.0	1	29.2 24.5	28.2 19.7	l .	19.8	19.5
Brass, bronze, and copper foundries		20.4	20.6		17.2	13.8	1	14.7	14.4
Nonferrous foundries, nec		22.0	21.1	F	17.7	17.0	1	18.2	1
			1	1	1	21.6	1		1
Miscellaneous primary metal products	339	25.1	26.8	25.0	24.9	21.0	24.5	25.4	24.5
Miscellaneous primary metal products	3398	13.7 11.4	26.8 14.2 12.6	13.7	14.1	11.3 10.3	12.7	25.4 14.1 11.3	13.8

Table 7. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1979-86—Continued

Industry	1972 SIC Code	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
Ourable goods-Continued									
abricated metal products:		[į					
Metal barrels, drums, and pails	3412	13.9	13.2	13.3	12.1	11.9	11.4	11.8	11.1
Cutlery	3421	15.9	16.3	15.7	13.4	13.2	13.0	12.7	12.1
Metal sanitary ware	3431	11.5	10.8	10.9	9.6	8.7	9.8	10.6	11.2
Prefabricated metal buildings		27.6	28.8	28.3	25.0	20.6	22.7	24.9	24.8
Miscellaneous metal work		10.7	10.2	9.1	8.0	7.5	7.7	7.2	7.0
Nonferrous forgings and crowns and closures		11.2	13.0	12.8	11.7	10.6	10.5	10.9	11.1
Steel springs, except wire		9.0	7.6	6.1	5.8	4.9	5.6	6.6	5.9
Wire springs		16.6	15.4	14.9	13.1	11.9	13.7	14.7	13.5
Fabricated pipe and fittings Metal foil and leaf, and fabricated metal products, nec		27.1 49.6	27.2 49.7	27.9 44.5	31.0 43.2	21.7 39.5	22.9 44.6	22.5 45.5	21.2 45.2
metal foli and leaf, and labilitated metal products, nee	0407,0	45.0	40.7	44.0	40.2	00.0	44.0	40.0	40.2
Machinery, except electrical: Lawn and garden equipment	2524	23.9	25.7	22.7	19.5	21.7	24.0	25.1	25.9
Elevators and moving stairways		12.8	13.4	12.9	12.4	11.6	11.7	11.5	11.1
Hoists, cranes, and monorails		19.7	23.3	16.7	15.5	11.2	12.2	13.6	12.7
Rolling mill machinery		11.5	11.4	9.2	8.5	5.9	5.5	5.6	5.1
Metalworking machinery, nec		14.4	14.9	13.7	13.3	11.0	11.7	12.2	12.9
Woodworking machinery		13.3	14.3	12.0	10.3	8.8	9.8	10.2	9.2
Paper industries machinery		19.3	18.9	20.0	19.0	15.4	15.7	16.9	16.5
Special industry machinery, nec		60.8	63.8	59.6	55.0	45.0		56.6	52.5
Industrial patterns		10.7	10.4	10.0	9.7	8.0	8.3	8.0	9.1
Industrial furnaces and ovens		19.9	21.6	20.5	19.2	15.1	16.3	17.3	16.8
General industrial machinery, nec		48.2	48.3	49.6	48.9	46.2		54.1	52.5
				(¹)	46.9 7.6	46.2 6.9	7.3	7.0	6.3
Scales and balances, except laboratory		(¹) 10.5	(¹) 10.4	10.9	9.5	8.7	9.1	9.0	8.5
		5.9	5.6	5.3	4.7	4.4	4.8	4.8	5.6 5.6
Commercial laundry equipment	3562	5.9	5.6	5.3	4.7	4.4	4.0	4.0	5.0
Measuring and dispensing pumps and service industry machinery, nec	3586,9	42.2	41.6	38.4	37.7	35.0	35.1	36.3	36.1
Electrical and electronic equipment:									
Welding apparatus, electric	3623	19.6	18.9	18.1	18.3	15.2	15.1	15.5	14.5
Carbon and graphite products		13.9	14.1	14.0	13.6	10.6	11.3	11.5	10.2
Electrical industrial apparatus, nec		14.3	13.9	12.2	11.9	10.5	11.5	11.1	11.1
Household cooking equipment		25.0	27.6	24.0	22.9	23.9	28.7	22.9	21.6
Other household appliances		37.0	34.6	32.3	26.6	26.1	28.9	28.6	27.4
Commercial lighting fixtures		17.3	17.1	17.2	17.2	15.4	17.4	19.2	19.9
Vehicular lighting equipment		(')	(')	(')	13.4	13.4	15.6	15.6	17.1
Lighting equipment, nec		8	6	Θ	8.6	9.1	9.4	8.4	9.3
Phonograph records		27.9	24.2	24.6	21.7	19.2	18.5	17.7	17.4
Electronic capacitors		25.6	28.4	25.8	27.2	25.2	33.4	30.1	25.2
Electronic resistors		(')	(¹)	(1)	13.2	11.5	12.2	12.3	11.8
Electronic coils and transformers		25.6	27.7	24.7	24.5	21.6	26.5	24.1	21.4
Electronic connectors		(')	(')	(')	7.8	8.9		12.0	11.9
Primary batteries, dry and wet		16.0	15.5	16.5	15.2	13.7	13.8	14.3	13.4
X-ray apparatus and tubes		25.6	25.2	26.5	30.0	32.7	34.6	33.9	32.3
Electrical equipment and supplies, nec		14.9	14.4	13.7	13.4	13.7	15.3	15.0	13.3
Transportation equipment:									
Self-contained motor homes	2716	5.2	5.6	4.9	6.5	9.8	15.0	15.7	16.3
	1	18.6		17.4		14.5	16.4	13.5	12.4
Space propulsion units and other space vehicle equipment		20.0	21.8 22.1	26.1	17.1 26.4	30.1	33.9	37.4	47.8
Tanks and tank components				(')	16.3	18.5		20.0	20.0
Transportation equipment, nec		() ()	() ()	8	9.2	8.8	1	12.2	11.2
Instruments and related products:]							
Fluid meters and counting devices	3834	17.5	18.1	18.5	17.1	14.3	14.5	15.0	14.2
Measuring and controlling devices, nec		22.2	22.4	25.4	25.9	25.4	25.3	28.5	29.0
Dental equipment and supplies		17.7	17.4	17.1	15.7	14.2		14.1	14.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing:									
Silverware and plated ware	3914	11.8	11.3	11.5	11.1	9.8	10.1	9.0	8.2
Jewelers' materials and lapidary work		9.2	8.0	7.6	7.8	7.6	8.3	8.4	8.2
Pens and mechanical pencils		12.3	12.1	11.6	9.9	9.1	9.3	9.0	8.9
Lead pencils and art goods		9.5	9.5	9.4	8.2	7.4	7.0	7.2	7.0
Marking devices and carbon paper and inked ribbons		16.4	16.9	15.5	15.7	15.1	15.8	16.2	17.0
Artificial flowers and buttons		8.6	8.4	8.3	7.1	6.4	7.4	7.6	8.1
Needles, pins, and fasteners		19.0	19.0	6.3 14.5	12.1	9.9	10.1	10.0	8.9
		17.2	18.0	15.2	15.2	13.6	14.2	13.5	13.2
Brooms and brushes									10.2
Brooms and brushes					1				0.5
Brooms and brushes	3995	12.2 64.7	12.0 61.8	11.3 56.3	11.0 54.9	10.2	9.9	9.8 53.5	9.5 50.0

Table 7. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1979-86—Continued

Industry	1972 SIC Code	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
Nondurable goods		8,227	8,113	7,980	7,767	7,539	7,805	7,734	7,668
Food and kindred products:	•	0,227	0,110	,,555	,,,,,,,	7,555	, ,,,,,,,	.,,,,,,	. ,,,,,,,,
Poultry and egg processing	2017	15.2	15.2	14,7	15.1	16.3	18.8	19.6	17.5
Creamery butter		(')	(')	(')	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.0
Condensed and evaporated milk		6	- 6 l	- 6 l	15.6	15.4	16.0	15.0	15.1
ice cream and frozen desserts		19.4	19.1	18.8	18.1	17.8	18.2	18.6	20.
Dehydrated fruits, vegetables, and soups		17.9	16.7	15.7	16.0	16.6	16.1	16.5	16.
Pickles, sauces, and salad dressings		23.3	24.1	23.3	22.0	18.8	18.7	18.7	19.4
Frozen specialties		34.2	34.7	34.2	34.2	33.1	35.4	38.4	40.
Cereal breakfast foods		16.0	16.6	16.3	17.2	17.7	17.8	17.9	17.
Rice milling		(')	(')	(')	6.2	5.8	5.5	5.1	4.
Blended and prepared flour		6	Ö	- ĕ l	6.3	7.3	6.9	7.1	7.
Wet corn milling		12.9	`12.7	`13.5	11.7	10.3	10.3	10.1	9.
Dog, cat, and other pet food		17.5	16.7	17.0	16.7	16.5	17.0	16.2	16.
Cane sugar, except refining only		(')	(')	8.5	8.4	8.9	7.7	7.8	7.
Cane sugar, refining		િ છે	Ö	10.2	9.3	8.0	7.6	6.0	6.
Beet sugar		&	6	10.2	10.6	7.2	7.5	6.6	6.
Chocolate and cocoa products and chewing gum		19.8	19.5	19.4	18.7	18.5	19.8	18.8	18.
Dil mills		19.4	20.3	19.4	18.1	19.0	15.4	15.9	15.
Animal and marine fats and oils		11.0	10.8	10.3	9.9	9.3	9.2	8.7	8.
Shortening and cooking oils		14.3	13.4	12.5	12.3	11.9	11.7	11.3	11.
Malt and flavoring extracts and syrups, nec		14.2	14.4	14.9	15.6	15.5	16.2	16.6	16.
Vines, brandy, and brandy spirits		12.4	12.6	14.9	13.4	14.9	13.8	14.4	15.
			i						
Distilled liquor, except brandy		18.5	18.4	17.0 16.5	15.6	14.6	14.3	13.4	12. 10.
_		17.6	15.9		18.0	14.5	13.4	9.4	
Fresh or frozen packaged fish		33.2	33.5	32.9	32.1	34.6	33.8	33.1	35.
Roasted coffee		13.3	13.0	12.9	12.4	12.4	12.1	12.3	12.
Manufactured ice		0	()	()	4.9	4.8	5.0	5.0	5.
Macaroni and spaghetti		8	(¹) (¹)	() ()	8.3° 81.1	8.2 82.3	8.0 90.5	8.2 86.2	8. 89.
	2033	(()	()	01.1	02.0	30.3	00.2	1
obacoo manufactures: Cigars	. 212	8.3	7.5	7.1	6.7	5.5	5.7	5.4	4.0
Other tobacco manufactures	. 213,4	14.2	12.1	12.7	11.8	13.6	11.4	12.9	12.0
Fextile mill products:	1	} :		i					i
Warpknit fabric and knitting mills, nec	2258 0	26.3	24.5	21.4	20.7	18.2	18.0	18.0	17.
Finishing plants, nec		16.4	17.1	14.5	14.0	14.1	18.7	14.2	14.
Wool yarn mills		9.9	10.2	8.6	8.3	8.3	7.5	6.1	6.
Thread mills		10.1	11.6	10.2	9.5	9.2	9.2	7.5	6.
Other textile goods		(')	(')	(¹)	27.1	26.5		24.9	25.
							L I	6.2	6.
Processed textile waste		(')	(')	(')	6.4	6.5	6.5		
Coated fabrics, not rubberized		11.7	12.4	11.6	10.9	9.7	10.8	11.0	10.
Tire cord and fabric		11.5 10.5	10.8 9.7	9.5 9.1	8.3 8.8	7.1 8.1	6.9 8.2	6.5 8.1	5. 7.
-	2230	10.5	9.1	3.1	0.0	0.1	0.2		٠.
Apparel and other textile products: Men's and boys' underwear	0000	1					1 1	! i	1
wens and boys underwear		470	16.1	140	10 5	127	15.7	15.0	16
		17.3	16.1	14.8	13.5	13.7	15.7	15.9	
Men's and boys' neckwear	2323	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.4	6.8	7.2	6.9	7.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec	2323 2329	6.8 58.5	6.7 62.1	6.7 57.6	6.4 55.3	6.8 48.7	7.2 53.7	6.9 52.3	7 49
Men's and boys' neckwear	2323 2329 235	6.8 58.5 16.4	6.7 62.1 18.3	6.7 57.6 18.6	6.4 55.3 15.9	6.8 48.7 14.7	7.2 53.7 16.2	6.9 52.3 16.4	7. 49. 15.
Men's and boys' neckwear	2323 2329 235 2363	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0	7. 49. 15. 2.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec	2323 2329 235 2363 2369	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9	7. 49. 15. 2. 32.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9	7. 49. 15. 2. 32.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4	7. 49. 15. 2. 32. 2.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0	7. 49. 15. 2. 32. 2. 8. 7.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Far goods Foods and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2384 2385	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 12.3	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 8.0	7. 49. 15. 2. 32. 2. 8. 7. 6.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2384 2385	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (')	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 12.3 (¹)	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (')	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 8.0 3.1	7. 49. 15. 2. 32. 2. 8. 7. 6.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2384 2385 2385	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (')	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 12.3 (')	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (')	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 8.0 3.1 9.5	7. 49. 15. 2. 32. 2. 8. 7. 6. 2.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, nec	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2384 2385 2386 2386	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (')	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 12.3 (¹)	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (')	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7	7. 49. 15. 2. 32. 2. 8. 7. 6. 2. 8.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, nec Textile bags	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2384 2385 2386 2387 2389	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (') (')	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 12.3 (') (')	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (') (')	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0	7, 49, 15, 2, 32, 2, 8, 7, 6, 2, 8, 6,
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fast goods Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, nec Textile bags Canvas and related products	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2384 2385 2386 2387 2389 2393	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (')	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 12.3 (')	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (')	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.0 9.0 4.5 10.7 6.5	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0	7. 49. 15. 2. 32. 2. 8. 7. 6. 2. 8.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, nec Textile bags Canvas and related products Pleating and stitching	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2384 2385 2386 2387 2389 2393 2394	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (') (') (') 9.4 14.8 16.1	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 12.3 (') (') (') (') 15.0	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (') (') (') 8.7 15.2 17.4	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.8 15.0 14.4	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0 16.9	7. 49. 15. 2. 32. 2. 8. 7. 6. 2. 8. 7.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, nec Textile bags Canvas and related products Pleating and stitching Other fabricated textile products	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2384 2385 2386 2387 2389 2393 2394	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (') (') (')	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 12.3 (') (') (') 9.8 15.0	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 9.9 11.4 9.9 (') (') (') (')	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9 15.0	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0 16.9	7. 49. 15. 2. 32. 2. 8. 7. 6. 2. 8. 7.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, nec Textile bags Canvas and related products Pleating and stitching Other fabricated textile products	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2384 2385 2386 2387 2389 2393 2394 2395 2397,9	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (') (') (') 9.4 14.8 16.1 33.2	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 12.3 (') (') (') (') 15.0	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (') (') (') 8.7 15.2 17.4	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9 15.0 14.4 26.8	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0 16.9	7. 49. 15. 2. 32. 2. 8. 7. 6. 2. 8. 6. 14.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, nec Textile bags Canvas and related products Pleating and stitching Other fabricated textile products Paper and allied products: Pulp mills	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2385 2386 2387 2389 2393 2394 2395 2397,9	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (') (') (') (') 14.8 16.1 33.2	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 (') (') (') (') 9.8 15.0 16.2 30.8	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (') (') (') 28.8	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.3 14.9 15.6	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7 15.0 14.4 26.8	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0 13.5 30.0	7. 49. 15. 2. 32. 2. 8. 7. 6. 2. 8. 6. 14. 31.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, nec Textile bags Canvas and related products Pleating and stitching Other fabricated textile products	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2385 2386 2387 2389 2393 2393 2394 2395 2397,9	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (') (') (') 9.4 14.8 16.1 33.2	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 (') (') (') (') 9.8 15.0 16.2 30.8	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (') (') (') 8.7 15.2 28.8	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9 15.6 26.0	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9 15.0 14.4 26.8	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0 13.5 30.0	7. 49. 15. 2. 32. 2. 8. 7. 6. 6. 7. 16. 14. 31.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, nec Textile bags Canvas and related products Pleating and stitching Other fabricated textile products Pulp mills Die-cut paper and board Sanitary paper products	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2384 2385 2386 2387 2389 2393 2393 2395 2397,9	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (') (') (') 9.4 14.8 16.1 33.2	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 12.3 (') (') (') 9.8 15.0 16.2 30.8	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3.3 30.4 9.9 12.2 (') (') (') 8.7 15.2 17.4 28.8	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9 15.6 26.0	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 9.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9 15.0 14.4 26.8	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 9.4 8.0 8.0 16.9 16.9 13.5 30.0	16.8 7.3 49.1 15.0 32.2 2.3 8.0 7.1 6.1 14.3 31.3 14.1 15.3 31.4 45.5
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, nec Textile bags Canvas and related products Pleating and stitching Other fabricated textile products Paper and allied products: Pulp mills Die-cut paper and board Sanitary paper products Other converted paper products	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2384 2385 2386 2387 2389 2393 2394 2395 2397,9	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (') (') (') 9.4 14.8 16.1 33.2	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 (') (') (') 9.8 15.0 16.2 30.8	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 12.2 (') (') (') 8.7 15.2 17.4 28.8	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9 15.6 26.0	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6.4 29.4 8.7 8.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9 15.0 14.4 26.8	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 2.9 9.4 8.0 8.0 16.9 13.5 30.0 13.4 18.4 18.4 18.4 14.2	7. 49. 15. 32. 32. 8. 7. 6. 2. 8. 6. 7. 16. 14. 31.
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts Apparel belts Canvas and reasted products Pleating and stitching Other fabricated textile products Paper and allied products: Pulp mills Die-cut paper and board Sanitary paper products Other converted paper products Set-up paperboard boxes	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 2381 2384 2385 2386 2387 2389 2393 2394 2395 2397,9	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (') (') (') 9.4 14.8 16.1 33.2	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 (1) (1) (2) 9.8 15.0 16.2 30.8 16.5 17.5 26.6 45.6 11.9	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (') (') (') 15.2 17.4 28.8 16.9 16.5 26.4 44.9 11.9	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.2 4.5 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9 15.6 26.0	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6 29.4 3.2 8.7 8.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9 15.0 14.4 26.8 14.4 15.5 27.7 41.3 10.3	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 16.5 14.8 29.3 13.7 17.9 28.5 44.4 10.5	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 3.19 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 6.7 3.0 13.5 30.0	7 49 15 2 32 2 8 6 7 16 14 31 14 31
Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' clothing, nec Hats, caps, and millinery Children's coats and suits Children's outerwear, nec Fur goods Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, nec Textile bags Canvas and related products Pleating and stitching Other fabricated textile products Paper and allied products: Pulp mills Die-cut paper and board Sanitary paper products Other converted paper products	2323 2329 235 2363 2369 237 2381 2385 2386 2387 2389 2393 2394 2395 2397,9	6.8 58.5 16.4 7.5 31.8 4.3 15.2 11.1 12.6 (') (') (') 9.4 14.8 16.1 33.2	6.7 62.1 18.3 7.0 31.0 3.8 13.2 10.6 (') (') (') 9.8 15.0 16.2 30.8	6.7 57.6 18.6 6.3 30.4 3.9 11.4 9.9 12.2 (') (') (') 8.7 15.2 17.4 28.8 16.9 16.5 26.4 44.9 11.9 18.0	6.4 55.3 15.9 5.3 31.1 3.7 9.9 9.0 10.7 6.5 8.3 14.9 15.6 26.0 15.7 16.1 27.1 41.8 10.7 16.9	6.8 48.7 14.7 3.6.4 29.4 8.7 8.5 3.8 10.3 5.8 7.9 15.0 14.4 26.8	7.2 53.7 16.2 4.2 32.1 2.3 8.7 8.4 8.0 3.8 10.7 6.3 8.1 14.8 29.3 13.7 17.9 28.5 44.4 10.5 17.3	6.9 52.3 16.4 3.0 31.9 9.4 8.0 3.1 9.5 6.7 8.0 13.5 30.0 13.4 18.4 30.1 44.2 10.4 16.6	7. 49. 15. 2. 32. 2. 8. 7. 6. 2. 8. 6. 14. 31. 45. 10.

Table 7. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1979-86—Continued

Industry	1972 SIC Code	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
Nondurable goods-Continued									
Printing and publishing:	ļ		1		İ				
Engraving and plate printing	2753	11.5	11.2	11.3	10.9	11.3	11.4	11.5	11.8
Commercial printing, gravure	2754	10.9	11.3	11.8	12.8	12.8	13.5	15.0	14.9
Greeting card publishing	277	23.0	24.0	23.8	24.4	23.4	23.3	24.0	22.3
Blankbooks and looseleaf binders	2782	38.3	38.5	39.0	38.5	39.4	40.8	43.1	44.3
Bookbinding and related work	2789	23.9	24.0	23.8	23.1	23.9	26.4	27.9	27.4
Typesetting	2791	26.7	27.5	28.1	28.8	28.2	30.6	32.8	33.1
Other publishing and printing	2793-5	16.4	16.9	16.8	17.1	16.2	17.2	17.6	17.6
Chemicals and allied products:			1						
Alkalies and chlorine	2812	21.3	23.0	20.8	20.5	17.6	15.6	15.3	12.4
Industrial gases	2813	21.7	21.0	22.0	24.3	23.6	23.1	23.2	23.5
Inorganic pigments		12.5	11.6	11.2	10.8	9.7	9.8	10.3	10.6
Synthetic rubber	2822	14.2	13.9	15.3	14.5	13.4	13.2	13.4	13.3
Cellulosic man-made fibers	2823	13.1	14.6	19.8	18.5	15.7	19.1	18.0	16.3
Biological products	2831	21.8	22.9	22.6	23.8	23.3	22.3	22.3	23.2
Medicinals and botanicals		16.7	18.1	18.2	18.6	18.3	18.4	17.8	18.2
Nitrogenous fertilizers		14.0	14.8	15.4	14.9	13.0	12.8	12.7	11.7
Phosphatic fertilizers		15.0	17.7	16.8	16.5	13.6	13.2	13.6	11.9
Fertilizers, mixing only		15.4	15.0	14.3	12.7	13.1	13.0	12.9	11.8
Agricultural chemicals, nec		26.0	26.2	25.3	24.8	23.1	22.7	22.5	21.2
Adhesives and sealants		19.8	20.2	20.9	20.4	19.7	21.3	22.2	22.3
Explosives		13.4	13.1	15.7	15.3	15.6	15.2	16.3	16.9
						11.6	1	I	11.7
Printing ink Other chemical preparations		12.4 46.9	12.8 47.0	12.3 45.1	11.8 44.6	41.5	11.9 41.5	12.0 44.0	42.2
	2000,0						,,,,	,	,
Petroleum and coal products: Paving mixtures and blocks	2051	102	10.0	10.0	9.4	9.2	9.4	9.9	10.4
		10.3	10.0			14.1			
Asphalt felts and coatings Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products		20.8 12.0	20.4 12.3	17.4 12.3	12.7 11.9	11.1	15.3 11.1	14.1 11.4	14.0 11.6
· ·									
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products: Fabricated rubber products	303,4,6	145.7	135.4	127.5	123.4	115.5	131.1	130.7	125.8
Leather and leather products:	-								ı
Boot and shoe cut stock and findings	313	11.6	11.0	10.7	10.4	9.4	9.4	6.9	6.3
		8.5	8.7	9.1	9.3	7.6	7.0	5.9	5.1
House slippers						20.3		15.1	14.0
Footwear, except rubber, nec		24.0	23.5	23.5	20.6		18.7		
Leather gloves and mittens		(')	(¹)	(')	4.2	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.2
Women's handbags and purses		18.6	17.2	17.5	17.2	14.6	14.2	11.7	10.4
Personal leather goods, nec		13.8 (¹)	14.1 (¹)	12.1 (¹)	11.6 9.1	10.8 8.3	11.0 8.2	9.6 8.1	9.2 7.9
•	1.	''					68,570		
ervice-producing		62,661	64,454	65,245	65,510	65,862	.,	71,573	73,958
ransportation and public utilities Transportation:		5,045	5,127	5,102	5,070	4,923	5,063	5,155	5,200
Other railroads and switching and terminal companies	4012	50.5	54.1	40.0	32.9	27.9	27.4	36.3	36.1
Other passenger transit services		13.6		16.6	18.0	18.6	20.7	22.0	
, ,	1 '	j l	15.3		1,109.1	1,067.9	1,177.3	1,227.9	1
Trucking, local and long distance		1,224.8	1,186.7	1,140.1		5.8	5.9	5.6	5.2
· · ·	I	7.1	7.6	7.2	6.9	46.0	41.4	40.0	38.3
Deep sea transportation		42.0	42.6	46.3	45.8				15.3
Transportation on great lakes, rivers, and canals			()	()	19.1	16.8	18.3	16.7	1
Certified air transportation		()	()	()	365.1	365.0	389.3	398.7	445.3
Noncertified air transportation		(')	(')	(')	27.6	24.1	28.6	30.5	35.4
Arrangement of transportation	· ·	113.8	125.7	128.2	139.5	149.1	167.7	189.5	200.2
Rental of railroad cars Miscellaneous transportation services		()	(')	(') (')	8.7 13.0	7.4 11.7	6.9 13.0	7.0 15.0	
· -	470	()	()	()	13.0	11.7	10.0	13.0	10.0
Communication and public utilities:		40.4	400	40.0	40.0	400	40.0	40.4	45.0
Telegraph communication		18.4	19.2	19.3	19.6	18.9	18.0	16.1	15.0
Communication services, nec		50.8	62.2	78.1	102.4	120.0	133.0	143.3	143.5
Water supply Steam supply and irrigation systems		20.0	20.4 2.5	20.6 2.7	20.7 3.3	20.8 2.7	21.1 3.3	21.8 3.4	22.3
Oteam supply and impation systems	430,7				0.0			5.4	
Wholesale trade		5,135	5,268	5,308	5,296	5,156	5,447	5,654	5,695
		(')		(')	31.9	31.4	32.5	31.1	30.1
Tires and tubes	5075 B	()	()	()	57.1	56.8	61.4	62.8	61.6
Warm air heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration		(') i	(')	()	61.5	63.4	67.1	71.0	1
Warm air heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration	5087	1 1/2			046	30.1	31.2	32.6	32.7
Warm air heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration	5087 5088	(')	()	()	34.6				
Warm air heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration	5087 5088	1 1/2	(†) (†)	()	34.6 36.2	35.9	38.0	40.4	
Warm air heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration	5087 5088 5094	(')							
Warm air heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration	5087 5088 5094 5099	() () ()	(')	(')	36.2	35.9	38.0	40.4	60.0
Warm air heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration	5087 5088 5094 5099 5142	0 0	()	0 0	36.2 63.3	35.9 59.0	38.0 60.5	40.4 62.0	60.0 27.6
Warm air heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration	5087 5088 5094 5099 5142 5143	() () ()	0 0	() ()	36.2 63.3 23.1	35.9 59.0 24.3	38.0 60.5 25.8	40.4 62.0 27.0	60.0 27.6 44.1

Table 7. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1979-86—Continued

Industry	1972 SIC Code	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
Wholesale trade-Continued									
Fish and seafoods		(')	(')	(¹)	23.4	24.3	25.7	27.1	27.9
Groceries and related products, nec	5149	(1)	Ö	(')	150.9	153.7	163.8	174.1	184.4
Farm-product raw materials		145.6	147.0	145.4	145.9	139.0	137.0	133.8	127.5
Tobacco and tobacco products		()	()	()	38.6	38.3	40.1	39.1	40.5
Paints, varnishes, and supplies		()	()	()	25.6	25.4	26.9	27.8	28.0
Nondurable goods, nec	5199	()	(')	()	173.5	175.5	192.2	207.8	216.4
Retail trade		14,674	14,800	14,788	14,766	14,971	15,891	16,782	17,327
Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores		61.1	61.7	61.6	60.4	58.8	63.2	66.1	67.2
Retail nursenes and garden stores		52.5	53.7	54.1	54.0	53.3	56.6	64.2	68.5
Mobile home dealers		29.6	28.3	25.3	24.1	24.0	28.3	29.1	27.5
Fruit stores and vegetable markets		00	()	()	18.2	20.0	21.0	21.2	21.6
Cardy, nut, and confectionery stores		(2)	()	<u>()</u>	24.2	25.3	27.6	29.6	31.5
Miscellaneous food stores		(')	(')	(')	33.6	34.5	37.8	39.5	38.9
New and used car dealers		855.3	778.8	710.0	687.7	699.0	774.3	839.1	885.0
Used car dealers		48.5	43.0	40.4	40.3	41.8	47.5	51.1	52.5
Boat dealers			Q	- Ø	22.4	23.0	25.2	27.2	30.2
Motorcycle dealers			()	()	27.8	26.1	27.7	29.8	29.0 28.0
		(')	(1)	(¹)	23.9	23.7	27.1	27.5	29.1
Women's accessory and specialty stores		24.0 26.2	23.2 28.2	23.0 29.8	21.4 31.4	21.7 32.3	23.3 32.6	26.2 33.8	35.0
Furriers and fur shops		(')	(1)		5.8	6.0	6.2	6.5	7.1
Miscellaneous apparel and accessories		8		(')	45.8	45.6	49.3	51.5	54.5
Floor covering stores		8 1	()	8	52.4	52.3	59.6	64.3	68.3
Drapery, upholstery, and miscellaneous home furnishings stores		8	8	8	67.7	68.7	77.2	82.3	86.8
Used merchandise stores		56.2	58.7	59.7	61.3	64.1	70.4	74.3	78.1
Hobby, toy, and game shops		(1)	(¹)	(')	43.0	44.1	52.2	56.5	63.8
Camera, luggage, and leather goods stores		8	- 8	8	40.1	39.7	39.7	39.9	40.4
Direct selling organizations		8	8	8	51.1	52.5	52.3	56.2	61.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate		4,876	5,090	5,239	5,294	5,361	5,588	5,825	6,140
Federal Reserve banks		(')	(')	(¹)	23.8	23.5	23.5	23.2	24.1
National banks and nonincorporated private banks		8	- 원	- 8 I	800.0	794.7	803.2	827.8	850.5
Trust companies and other banking		8	8	8	49.3	54.7	54.5	57.2	61.3
Credit agencies other than banks, nec		17.3	18.4	20.4	21.8	22.7	23.4	24.5	24.3
State associations, noninsured		(')	(')	(')	8.0	8.4	8.3	9.9	7.6
Other security, commodity brokers, and services		38.5	41.5	46.6	49.6	55.9	64.6	69.7	77.5
Holding offices		51.4	50.9	53.6	63.2	67.6	74.8	80.8	91.1
Investment offices and miscellaneous investing		(5)	(')	(¹)	27.1	27.5	31.5	36.3	39.1
Trusts		6	Ö	Č)	40.7	38.7	34.4	40.4	55.2
Insurance and insurance carriers, nec		l Ö l	- Ö	Č)	7.6	8.3	8.4	9.4	9.8
Pension, health, and welfare funds		l ö l	- (i)	(i)	23.2	25.2	24.6	26.8	27.8
Title abstract offices		22.8	22.2	20.6	19.2	19.6	23.7	24.8	27.7
Services		16,829	17,636	18,340	18,888	19,262	20,365	21,561	22,650
Hotels and other ladging places.									
Hotels and other lodging places: Camps and trailering parks	. 703	14.3	14.4	15.0	14.3	15.2	16.8	18.3	18.0
Other lodging places	1	16.9	16.1	15.5	15.2	14.6	15.3	15.3	15.5
Personal services:									
Barber shops	724	27.8	27.6	25.7	23.9	23.8	23.4	21.2	20.1
Shoe repair and miscellaneous personal services		141.5	139.9	168.4	183.2	190.4	206.6	222.6	242.0
Business services:							:		
Outdoor, radio, TV, advertising, nec	7312 3 9	0	(¹)	(¹)	40.3	41.8	46.2	48.1	51.9
News syndicates		8	Ö	Ö	7.2	7.7	8.2	8.3	8.5
		8	8	8	30.2	30.0	35.7	46.5	53.9
		6	Ö	l ŏ	51.2	58.6	76.6	85.0	96.2
Personnel supply services, nec	. 7379		Ö	Ö	7.2	7.5	6.4	6.1	4.1
Personnel supply services, nec									46.5
Personnel supply services, nec Computer related services, nec Trading stamp services	. 7396	(')		(')	39.0	1 315./	40.5	44.9	
Personnel supply services, nec	. 7396 . 7397		990	() ()	39.0 325.2	36.7 341.7	40.5 387.6	44.9 428.3	453.2
Personnel supply services, nec Computer related services, nec Trading stamp services Commercial testing laboratories	. 7396 . 7397	(1)	(1)		1	1			453.2
Personnel supply services, nec Computer related services, nec Trading stamp services Commercial testing laboratories Business services, nec Auto repair, services, and garages:	. 7396 . 7397 . 7399	000	00	Ö	325.2	341.7	387.6		
Personnel supply services, nec Computer related services, nec Trading stamp services Commercial testing laboratories Business services, nec Auto repair, services, and garages: Automobile parking	. 7396 . 7397 . 7399	(¹) (¹) (¹) 37.5	(¹) (¹) 37.2		325.2 38.8	341.7 39.9	387.6 41.9	428.3	46.9
Personnel supply services, nec Computer related services, nec Trading stamp services Commercial testing laboratories Business services, nec Auto repair, services, and garages: Automobile parking Top and body repair shops	. 7396 . 7397 . 7399 . 752 . 7531	(*) (*) (*) 37.5	(') (') 37.2 (')	(') 37.5 (')	325.2 38.8 104.9	341.7 39.9 108.2	387.6 41.9 117.9	428.3 43.8	46.9 131.2
Personnel supply services, nec Computer related services, nec Trading stamp services Commercial testing laboratories Business services, nec Auto repair, services, and garages: Automobile parking Top and body repair shops Tire retreading, painting, and automotive repair shops, nec	. 7396 . 7397 . 7399 . 752 . 7531 . 7534,5,9	(†) (†) (†) (†) (†) (†)	() () 37.2 () ()	(¹) 37.5 (¹) (¹)	325.2 38.8 104.9 110.6	341.7 39.9 108.2 113.5	387.6 41.9 117.9 123.7	428.3 43.8 126.2 131.0	453.2 46.9 131.2 133.9 183.9
Personnel supply services, nec Computer related services, nec Trading stamp services Commercial testing laboratories Business services, nec Auto repair, services, and garages: Automobile parking Top and body repair shops	. 7396 . 7397 . 7399 . 752 . 7531 . 7534,5,9	(*) (*) (*) 37.5	(') (') 37.2 (')	(') 37.5 (')	325.2 38.8 104.9	341.7 39.9 108.2 113.5 149.3	387.6 41.9 117.9	428.3 43.8 126.2	46.9 131.2 133.9

Table 7. Employment benchmarks for industries not published monthly, March 1979-86—Continued

Industry	1972 SIC Code	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
Services-Continued									
Miscellaneous repair services:									
Reupholstery and furniture repair	764	23.1	22.5	22.1	21.1	21.9	23.2	23.3	22.9
Miscellaneous repair services, nec	763,9	173.0	181.0	183.3	181.6	167.9	184.5	191.8	192.5
Motion pictures:								1	
Motion picture distribution and services	782	10.7	10.6	11.1	10.9	10.7	11.8	11.2	12.1
Amusement and recreation services:									
Producers, orchestras, entertainers	792	83.2	86.2	86.7	86.3	91.3	92.4	98.4	102.1
Bowling and billiard establishments	793	116.4	117.2	114.8	111.3	107.4	107.6	106.7	104.8
Commercial sports	794	60.0	64.2	62.1	64.0	65.2	69.3	68.6	74.0
Amusement and recreation services, nec	791,9	405.1	432.6	443.5	472.5	479.4	480.7	484.0	501.4
Health services:				1					
Offices of osteopathic physicians	803	22.0	23.9	25.1	26.3	27.5	28.7	29.4	30.7
Offices of other health practitioners		85.3	95.2	104.5	116.2	129.9	145.6	162.4	176.6
Health and allied services, nec	809	(')	(')	(1)	94.9	122.0	145.9	177.4	213.3
Educational services:									
Educational services, nec	823,9	69.9	70.9	69.9	69.0	65.4	71.3	72.6	77.9
Social services:									
Child day care services	835	316.9	303.2	294.6	298.2	302.7	314.7	338.7	360.7
Social services, nec	839	227.5	241.5	247.9	218.2	216.0	226.0	237.4	240.2
Membership organizations:									
Professional organizations	862	33.9	35.5	35.6	35.9	36.6	37.7	39.6	41.8
Religious organizations		890.4	892.3	885.2	898.5	880.6	855.6	843.9	823.9
Political and membership organizations, nec	865,9	65.0	68.2	66.0	64.4	64.5	67.3	71.7	87.9
Miscellaneous services:									
Services, nec	899	(')	(1)	(¹)	21.0	21.1	22.7	24.5	25.8
Agricultural services:									
Veterinary services		(')	()	(')	72.9	77.2	81.9	87.0	94.1
Animal services, except veterinary		(')	Ö	(')	34.1	35.4	38.2	39.7	41.4
Landscape and horticultural services	078	(1)	(')	(')	122.4	131.4	154.2	181.0	199.2
Government		16,102	16,533	16,468	16,196	16,189	16,216	16,596	16,946
Federal		2,740	2,869	2,769	2,725	2,755	2,779	2,839	2,908
Small arms ammunition and ordnance		19.3	19.8	20.4	21.2	22.1	22.2	19.1	19.1
Other manufacturing		33.0	31.8	31.2	30.2	30.3	31.5	31.7	31.9
Trade		77.4	79.1	78.8	80.6	79.3	78.2	79.7	77.3
Finance Other services		22.9 126.9	21.9 172.1	22.8 157.7	21.5 153.6	20.7 164.3	20.6 159.6	20.6 158.9	22.2 159.2
State		3,607	3,688	3,731	3,744	3,746	3,793	3,914	3,976
State government, excluding education	I .	2,134.7	2,193.8	2,219.1	2,198.8	2,197.7	2,217.4	2,263.2	
Construction		280.6	293.6	290.0	259.8	248.1	237.4	228.3	207.6 45.6
Transportation and public utilities		34.1	34.3	34.4	41.3	44.0 (¹)	46.2 (¹)	45.4 (¹)	2,415.0
Services		(¹) 179.7	(¹) 182.2	(†) 179.9	(¹) 191.2	178.0	180.8	183.6	
Services, except hospitals, education, and social services		106.9	124.3	144.3	124.4	123.7	122.9	124.2	
All other State government		990.2	1,028.2	1,048.4	1,083.6	1,122.0	1,168.7	1,229.3	
Local		9,755	9,976	9,968	9,728	9,688	9.644	9,843	10,062
Local government, excluding education		4,430.5		4,424.9	4,215.1	4,218.3	1 1		
Services		(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	6,668.0
Social services		227.2	200.7	200.5	136.4	125.8	114.1	117.9	114.7
Services, except hospitals, education, and social services		146.6	174.4	164.7	158.7	166.2	166.9	177.9	187.9

Not available.

N.e.c. is an abbreviation for "not elsewhere classified" and designates broad categories of industries which cannot be more specifically identified.

Table 8. Seasonal adjustment factors for employees on nonagricultural payrolls by industry

					1987					1988			
Industry	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	
Total'		:_				,							
	00.0	00.4	400.4	400.7	400.5	400.4	400.0	1000	400.0	00.7	00.0		
Mining	99.0 98.4	99.4	100.4	100.7	100.5	100.1	100.3		100.6	99.7	99.2	99.4	
Oil and gas extraction	90.4	98.1	98.9	99.6	99.7	99.2	100.0	101.1	102.2	101.9	100.9	100.2	
Construction	96.5	100.9	104.0	106.1	107.2	106.3	105.3	102.6	98.5	91.8	89.5	91.4	
General building contractors	96.2	100.1	103.6	106.0					99.6	93.2	90.5	92.4	
Manufacturing ¹													
Durable goods'													
Lumber and wood products	98.2	99.9	102.5	102.6	103.5	102.9	101.8	100.0	98.4	96.5	96.6	97.2	
Furniture and fixtures	1	99.5	99.8	97.4	99.6	100.3	100.7	101.1	101.0	100.2	100.2		
Stone, clay, and glass products 2	99.2		l	101.9		102.5	101.9	100.7	98.8	96.5	95.8	97.3	
Primary metal industries	100.6	100.8	101.0	99.0	99.9	99.9	99.2	99.3	99.6	100.1	100.2	100.5	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	100.6	100.9	101.2	100.5	100.3	99.6	98.4	98.6	99.6	100.1	99.9	100.4	
Fabricated metal products	99.7	100.0		98.9	99.9	100.8			100.3	99.6	99.5	99.7	
Machinery, except electrical ²		100.1	100.4	99.6	99.4	99.9	99.8	99.9	100.2	100.0	100.2		
Electrical and electronic equipment		99.8		99.6	100.0	1	100.2			99.9	99.8		
Transportation equipment		100.2		99.0	98.2		100.1	100.6		99.9	100.3	l .	
Motor vehicles and equipment		100.4 99.9		98.7 100.0	96.6 100.2		99.9	100.8	101.6 100.1	99.3 99.8	100.1 99.8	ı	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	99.9	100.1	E	97.6	1	1	102.4		99.6	97.4	98.1		
•		i											
Nondurable goods			400.0	400.0	405.5	405.0	400.7	4000	20.5	20.0			
Food and kindred products		97.6	1		105.5		102.7	100.9	99.5	96.8	96.5	96.4	
Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products ²		93.5		93.2			108.0 100.5	102.7	104.5 100.1	103.7 99.6	100.0 99.5		
Apparel and other textile products		l .		98.2 96.6		100.8	100.9	100.4	99.9	99.2			
Paper and allied products		99.7	101.1	100.2		1	100.3	100.1	100.1	99.5	99.3	1	
Printing and publishing		99.9	1	99.7	99.7	99.7	100.0		100.5	99.9)		
Chemicals and allied products		99.8	1			1	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.4	99.6		
Petroleum and coal products		100.9	102.0	102.2	101.9	100.7	100.0	99.6	98.4	97.9	97.9	98.7	
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products		1	1	98.9		100.3			99.9	99.6			
Leather and leather products	99.0	100.3	101.6	94.8	101.5	101.2	101.6	101.9	100.7	98.7	99.0	99.2	
Transportation and public utilities	000	400.0	400.0	00.0	00.7	404.5	101.6	101.0	101.0		00.0	00.4	
Transportation Communication and public utilities	99.2 99.6			1			101.6 99.9			98.5 99.5	98.3 99.5	1	
Wholesale trade¹		"											
Durable goods	99.8	100.0	100.5	100.5	100.5	100.1	100.2	100.1	100.0	99.5	99.4	99.5	
Nondurable goods	99.3	99.7	100.5	100.5	100.6	100.8	101.0	100.6	100.3	99.0	98.8	99.0	
Retail trade	98.9	100.0	100.8	100.4	100.7	100.5	100.3	101.5	103.4	98.5	97.3	97.8	
General merchandise stores							100.8			102.2			
Food stores				1		,				99.6	99.1	98.8	
Automotive dealers and service stations				101.2		100.6		99.8					
Eating and drinking places	99.9	101.9	103.3	102.8	103.1	102.8	100.1	99.1	99.1	95.3	95.5	97.2	
Finance, insurance, and real estate ¹													
Finance	99.6		-		100.8		1	99.7	99.9	99.6			
Insurance	99.8		1		100.4				1			1 -	
Real estate	99.1	100.6	102.7	103.6	103.6	101.6	100.0	99.1	99.3	96.8	96.5	97.	
Services								1					
Business services			1										
Health services	99.8	99.9	100.4	100.5	100.4	100.1	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.	
Government'													
Federal ²		100.4	101.4	101.6	100.9	99.3	99.3	99.3	99.7	99.2	1	99.	
Chata	102.6	101.4	97.2	94.6	94.3	98.2	102.4	103.0	102.0	99.2	102.4	102.0	
State Local										1	1		

^{&#}x27; Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the component series.

2 No ARIMA models were identified to extend the unadjusted

series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option. $\hfill \hfill \hfil$

Table 9. Seasonal adjustment factors for women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by industry

					1987						1988	
Industry												
	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total'	ĺ											
Mining	100.0	99.6	100.3	100.9	100.1	99.1	99.2	99.8	99.8	100.1	100.3	100.9
Construction	99.0	99.9	101.3	102.1	102.3	101.6	101.2	100.4	99.3	97.6	97.3	97.9
Manufacturing'												
Durable goods ¹												
Lumber and wood products	99.0	100.5	102.3	101.3	102.5	102.0	101.0	99.6	98.7	97.3	97.4	98.4
Furniture and fixtures	100.7	99.9	99.7	96.8	98.9	99.6	100.3	101.0	101.1	100.4	100.7	100.7
Stone, clay, and glass products		99.8	101.1	100.1	101.0	101.8	101.3		99.6	98.6	98.4	98.8
Primary metal industries	100.6	100.7	101.1	99.0	99.8	99.8	99.4	100.0	99.5	99.5	100.1	100.€
Fabricated metal products		100.3	100.6	98.4	99.7	100.5	100.5	100.5	100.3	99.6	99.6	99.9
Machinery, except electrical		100.4	100.6	99.6		99.2			100.1	100.1	100.5	100.8
Electrical and electronic equipment				99.2					100.4	99.9	99.7	99.7
Transportation equipment		99.9	100.4	99.8		100.6		1	100.3	99.7	100.0	99.8
Instruments and related products						99.9	99.9		100.1	99.8	99.8	100.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing		99.9			101.4	102.3		103.0	99.9	96.3	97.4	99.1
Nondurable goods												
Food and kindred products ²		95.8	99.4	102.8	109.0	109.0	104.7	101.6	99.4	95.1	94.5	94.4
Tobacco manufactures		90.6	92.1	89.6	101.0	112.8	112.4	105.2	105.0	103.6		95.6
Textile mill products ²		100.1	100.6	98.2	100.5	101.0	100.8	100.5	100.2	99.5	99.3	99.4
Apparel and other textile products				96.1	99.9	100.6	100.9		99.8	99.2	100.4	100.5
Paper and allied products	99.3	99.9	101.6	100.8	101.4	100.9	100.7	100.2	99.7	98.3	98.2	99.0
Printing and publishing		100.0	100.1	99.7	99.7	99.8	100.0	100.4	100.5	99.7	99.9	100.1
Chemicals and allied products	99.6	99.7	101.0	100.8	100.7	100.6	99.9	99.6	99.6	99.1	99.6	99.8
Petroleum and coal products		100.4	101.7	102.3	101.2	99.9	98.7	98.9	99.3	99.1	99.7	99.1
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	100.0	100.1	101.0	98.1	99.5	100.5	100.7	100.4	100.0	99.4	100.1	100.4
Leather and leather products	99.6	100.3	101.5	94.3		101.7	101.7	102.2	100.3	98.6	98.9	99.1
Transportation and public utilities	100.0	100.4	100.4	99.1	98.8	100.6	100.6	100.4	100.6	99.8	99.7	99.6
Wholesale trade	99.6	99.7	100.1	99.7	99.9	100.3	101.0	100.9	100.6	99.4	99.4	99.4
Retail trade	98.4	99.7	100.6	100.1	100.2	100.5	100.6	102.5	104.9	98.5	96.8	97.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate	99.8	100.0	100.7	100.9	100.8	99.9	99.7	99.7	99.9	99.5	99.4	99.7
Services ²	100.3	100.4	100.3	99.9	99.7	100.2	100.4	100.2	99.9	99.0	99.5	100.1
Government ¹		i										
Federal	100.0	100.5	101.6	101.9	101.0	99.3	99.2	99.2	99.4	99.1	99.2	99.7
State		101.5	96.7	93.4	93.4	98.0	102.4	103.1	102.3	99.8	102.9	103.3
Local		103.8			87.6	97.6		103.8	103.1	101.7	ì	
	100.5	100.0	100.0	00.0	٥,.٥	37.0	102.1	100.0	100.1	10	100.4	100.

^{&#}x27; Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the component series.

2 No ARIMA models were identified to extend the unadjusted

[,] series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option.

Table 10. Seasonal adjustment factors for production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by industry

					1987						1988	
Industry		N4		1	A	C1	0-4	Mari	D	-	Feb.	Man
	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	reb.	Mar.
Total private ²												
Mining	98.6	99.1	100.4	100.4	100.7	100.6	100.6	101.3	101.0	99.4	99.0	99.1
Construction	95.7	101.2	104.9	107.4	108.7	107.7	106.6	103.3	98.1	90.2	87.0	89.2
Manufacturing ²												
Durable goods ²												
Lumber and wood products	97.8	99.8	102.6	103.0	104.0	103.3	102.0	99.9	98.2	96.3	96.2	96.8
Furniture and fixtures		99.3	99.7	96.8	99.5		100.8		101.1	100.4	100.3	100.3
Stone, clay, and glass products			102.7	102.2		102.9	102.0		98.4	95.7	95.2	96.9
Primary metal industries		100.9	101.0	98.5	99.9		99.2	99.2	99.5	100.2	100.1	100.7
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	100.6		101.2	100.4	100.4		98.3	98.4	99.6	100.1	99.7	100.3
Fabricated metal products		100.1	100.7	98.6	99.8		100.8		100.3	99.4	99.3	99.7
Machinery, except electrical		100.2	100.4	99.0		99.8	99.7	99.8	100.3	100.2		100.9
Electrical and electronic equipment		99.8	100.2	98.7	99.6		100.4	100.5	100.3	100.2	100.0	99.9
Transportation equipment		100.6		98.0			100.1		101.4	100.1	100.6	
Motor vehicles and equipment		100.9	101.3	97.9	95.0		100.3		102.1	99.3	100.2	100.8
Instruments and related products		100.1	100.8	99.5			99.6		100.2	99.8	99.8	100.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing		100.0		97.0	l l		103.5		99.4	96.4	97.4	99.0
Nondurable goods ²		1										
Food and kindred products	95.0	96.6	100.2	102.9	107.5	107.3	103.7	101.3	99.3	95.8	95.3	95.2
Tobacco manufactures	92.5	91.2	92.3	91.0	101.2	110.9	110.9	104.0	106.2	104.6	99.8	95.4
Textile mill products ³	100.1	100.1	100.6	98.0	100.6	100.9	100.6	100.4	100.2	99.6	99.4	99.6
Apparel and other textile products	100.3	100.5	101.2	96.2	100.1	100.8	101.1	100.6	99.8	98.9	100.2	100.3
Paper and allied products	1	99.8	101.3	100.1	,	100.3		100.2	100.0	99.4	99.2	99.5
Printing and publishing	100.5	100.2	100.1	99.4	99.5	99.6	99.9	100.4	100.8	99.7	99.8	100.0
Chemicals and allied products		99.9		100.4	100.4	100.3	99.7	99.6	99.7	99.2	99.8	100.1
Petroleum and coal products		100.9		102.6					97.4	97.2	97.1	98.2
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products		100.3	100.8	98.5					100.0	99.6	100.0	100.4
Leather and leather products		100.3		94.4		1			100.4	98.5	98.9	99.1
Transportation and public utilities	99.3	100.1	100.8	100.0	100.0	101.0	100.9	100.6	100.9	98.8	98.7	98.9
Wholesale trade	99.4	99.8	100.5	100.6	100.7	100.5	100.7	100.4	100.2	99.1	99.0	99.1
Retail trade	98.8	100.0	100.9	100.4	100.6	100.5	100.3	101.7	103.7	98.4	97.1	97.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate	99.4	100.0	101.2	101.8	101.6	100.3	99.8	99.7	99.7	98.9	98.7	99.0
Services	100.1	100.5	100.9	100.9	100.7	100.5	100.5	100.1	99.5	98.1	98.7	99.4

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

2 Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the

³ No ARIMA models were identified to extend the unadjusted series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option.

Table 11. Seasonal adjustment factors for average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by industry

					1987						1988	
Industry	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total private ²												
Mining	(°)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Construction	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Manufacturing ²												
Durable goods ²												
Lumber and wood products	99.9	100.8	101.7	99.6	100.8	101.2	100.4	99.0	100.1	98.5	98.4	99.5
Furniture and fixtures		98.9	100.1	98.1	100.4		101.5		102.9	99.0	98.3	99.4
Stone, clay, and glass products			101.3	100.7	101.2		100.9			97.4	97.5	98.9
Primary metal industries		99.8	100.3	99.0	98.9	100.1	99.3	100.2	101.3	100.0	100.3	100.5
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		100.2		99.8	98.8	99.7	98.6	99.8	100.7	99.6	100.5	100.4
Fabricated metal products		99.6	100.4	98.5	99.4	100.3	100.1	100.4	102.5	99.8	99.5	100.
Machinery, except electrical		99.6	100.2	98.4	99.0	100.1	99.6	100.5	102.6	100.1	99.8	100.9
Electrical and electronic equipment		99.4	100.0	98.4	99.5	100.3	99.9	101.0	102.7	100.2	99.5	99.
Transportation equipment		99.9	100.0	98.3	98.1	99.7	99.6	100.4	103.1	100.5	99.7	100.7
Motor vehicles and equipment	1	100.3	100.3	98.2	97.4	99.6	99.4	99.8	103.6	100.6	99.6	100.8
Instruments and related products		99.3		98.4	99.1	100.1	99.4	100.8	102.6	100.1	100.0	100.7
Miscellaneous manufacturing		(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(3)	(3)	(³)
Nondurable goods ²												
Food and kindred products	98.8	100.0	100.1	100.0	101.0	101.5	100.4	100.6	101.2	99.5	98.3	98.
Tobacco manufactures4	(³)	(3)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(°)
Textile mill products	98.8	99.7	100.7	98.0	100.5	101.0	100.6	101.0	101.5	99.6	99.0	99.6
Apparel and other textile products		99.9	100.9	99.1	100.1	100.0	100.3	100.7	101.1	99.5	99.2	99.9
Paper and allied products	99.6	99.5	99.9	99.3	99.5	100.6	100.0	100.5	102.1	100.1	99.3	99.
Printing and publishing	99.7	99.4	99.0	99.2	100.4	100.8	100.2	100.8	102.0	99.2	99.1	100.2
Chemicals and allied products		100.0	100.3	99.4	99.4	100.0	99.4		101.2	100.0	99.8	100.3
Petroleum and coal products	99.8	99.2	100.1	100.5	100.4	101.4	100.6	100.4	100.0	99.3	98.7	99.
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products		(³)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(³)
Leather and leather products	(3)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(°)	(³)	(°)	(3)	(°)	(°)	(³)
Transportation and public utilities	99.4	99.5	100.7	100.6	100.7	100.3	100.0	100.3	100.4	98.7	99.6	99.9
Wholesale trade	99.7	100.1	100.4	100.4	100.3	100.2	100.1	100.1	100.6	99.6	99.1	99.
Retail trade	99.1	99.8	101.3	102.4	102.4	100.0	99.5	99.3	101.8	97.8	97.8	98.
Finance, insurance, and real estate ⁴	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Services	99.8	99.8	100.4	101.0	101.1	99.8	99.9	99.7	99.9	99.3	99.5	99.

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the component series.

³ Seasonal adjustment factors are not computed because the

⁴ No ARIMA models were identified to extend the unadjusted series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option.

Table 12. Seasonal adjustment factors for average weekly overtime hours of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

					1987						1988	
Industry	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Manufacturing'												
Durable goods	94.9 94.1	94.8 94.8	99.6 99.5	93.9 98.3		106.1 110.6		104.5 102.9		98.2 95.5		99.6 96.3

^{&#}x27; Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the

component series.

Table 13. Seasonal adjustment factors for average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers'on private nonagricultural payrolls by industry

					1987					1988			
Industry	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	
Total private ²													
Mining	(°)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(°)	(°)	(³)	(³)	
Construction	99.5	99.6	99.1	99.2	99.7	100.8	100.9	99.7	101.0	100.5	100.2	99.8	
Manufacturing	100.1	99.9	99.9	100.0	99.3	99.8	99.5	100.0	100.6	100.5	100.3	100.3	
Transportation and public utilities	99.8	99.2	99.5	99.7	99.7	100.4	100.0	100.7	100.6	100.3	100.4	99.9	
Wholesale trade ⁴	100.1	99.8	99.9	99.8	99.4	100.2	99.5	99.9	100.5	100.2	100.5	100.0	
Retail trade	100.2	100.0	99.7	99.3	98.9	100.1	100.0	100.3	99.7	100.7	100.8	100.5	
Finance, insurance, and real estate ⁴	100.2	99.8	100.0	99.4	99.2	100.0	99.5	99.7	100.3	100.1	101.0	100.7	
Services'	100.1	99.6	99.4	98.7	98.4	100.2	100.1	100.5	100.9	100.8	101.0	100.4	

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the component series.

³ Seasonal adjustment factors are not computed because the

⁴ No ARIMA models were identified to extend the unadjusted series for one year. Factors shown are projected using X-11 without the ARIMA option.

Table 14. Seasonal adjustment factors for the Hourly Earnings Index for production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by industry

					1987						1988	,
Industry	Арг.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total private ²												
Mining	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Construction	99.5	99.9	99.4	99.5	100.0	101.2	101.0	99.7	100.7	99.9	99.6	99.
Manufacturing²				i								
Durable goods	100.1 100.3	100.0 100.1			99.5 99.6	99.8 99.7	99.7 99.6		100.2 100.2			
Fransportation and public utilities	99.8	99.4	99.5	99.4	99.5	100.4	100.2	100.7	100.7	100.2	100.4	99.
Wholesale trade	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Retail trade	100.2	100.2	100.0	99.6	99.3	100.3	99.8	100.0	99.9	100.0	100.3	100.
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Services	100.0	99.8	99.6	99.2	98.9	100.4	100.0	100.3	100.6	100.5	100.7	100.

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.
² Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the

3 Seasonal adjustment factors are not computed because the

seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: The Hourly Earnings Index excludes the effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to underlying wage rate movements--fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts.

² Seasonally adjusted data are derived by aggregation of the component series.

HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1953 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

						Labor	force				
Year	Noninsti-					Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not in
and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilia	n		Percent	labor force
	• •		population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	of labor force	
					A	nnual ave	rages				
953¹	109,287	65,246	59.7	63,410	2,231	61,179	6,260	54,919	1,834	2.8	44,04
954	110,463	65,785	59.6	62,251	2,142	60,109	6,205	53,904	3,532	5.4	44,67
955	111,747	67,087	60.0	64,234	2,064	62,170	6,450	55,722	2,852	4.3	44,66
956	112,919	68,517	60.7	65,764	1,965	63,799	6,283	57,514	2,750	4.0	44,40
957	114,213	68,877	60.3	66,019	1,948	64,071	5,947	58,123	2,859	4.2	45,33
958	115,574	69,486	60.1	64,883	1,847	63,036	5,586	57,450	4,602	6.6	46,08
959	117,117	70,157	59.9	66,418	1,788	64,630	5,565	59,065	3,740	5.3	46,96
960¹	119,106	71,489	60.0	67,639	1,861	65,778	5,458	60,318	3,852	5.4	47,61
961	120,671	72,359	60.0	67,646	1,900	65,746	5,200	60,546	4,714	6.5	48,31
9621	122,214	72,675	59.5	68,763	2,061	66,702	4,944	61,759	3,911	5.4	49,53
963	124,422	73,839	59.3	69,768	2,006	67,762	4,687	63,076	4,070	5.5	50,58
964	126,503	75,109	59.4	71,323	2,018	69,305	4,523	64,782	3,786	5.0	51,39
965	128,459	76,401	59.5	73,034	1,946	71,088	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.4	52,05
966	130,180	77,892	59.8	75,017	2,122	72,895	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.7	52,28
1967	132,092	79,565	60.2	76,590	2,218	74,372	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.7	52,52
968	134,281	80,990	60.3	78,173	2,253	75,920	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.5	53,29
969	136,573	82,972	60.8	80,140	2,238	77,902	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.4	53,60
970	139,203	84,889	61.0	80,796	2,118	78,678	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.8	54,31
971	142,189	86,355	60.7	81,340	1,973	79,367	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.8	55,83
9721	145,939	88,847	60.9	83,966	1,813	82,153	3,484	78,669	4,882	5.5	57,09
9731	148,870	91,203	61.3	86,838	1,774	85,064	3,470	81,594	4,365	4.8	57,66
1974	151,841	93,670	61.7	88,515	1,721	86,794	3,515	83,279	5,156	5.5	58,17
975	154,831	95,453	61.6	87,524	1,678	85,846	3,408	82,438	7,929	8.3	59,37
976	157,818	97,826	62.0	90,420	1,668	88,752	3,331	85,421	7,406	7.6	59,99
1977	160,689	100,665	62.6	93,673	1,656	92,017	3,283	88,734	6,991	6.9	60,02
9781	163,541	103,882	63.5	97,679	1,631	96,048	3,387	92,661	6,202	6.0	59,65
1979	166,460	106,559	64.0	100,421	1,597	98,824	3,347	95,477	6,137	5.8	59,90
980	169,349	108,544	64.1	100,907	1,604	99,303	3,364	95,938	7,637	7.0	60,80
1981	171,775	110,315	64.2	102,042	1,645	100,397	3,368	97,030	8,273	7.5	61,46
1982	173,939	111,872	64.3	101,194	1,668	99,526	3,401	96,125	10,678	9.5	62,06
983	175,891	113,226	64.4	102,510	1,676	100,834	3,383	97,450	10,717	9.5	62,66
1984	178,080	115,241	64.7	106,702	1,697	105,005	3,321	101,685	8,539	7.4	62,83
985	179,912	117,167	65.1	108,856	1,706	107,150	3,179	103,971	8,312	7.1	62,74
1986'	182,293	119,540	65.6	111,303	1,706	109,597	3,163	106,434	8,237	6.9	62,75
			·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Monthly o	lata, seaso	onally adjuste	d²	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1986:						}					
May	181,998	119,274	65.5	110,852	1,687	109,165	3,151	106,014	8,422	7.1	62,72
June	182,183	119,685	65.7	111,293	1,680	109,613	3,164	106,449	8,392	7.0	62,49
July		119,789	65.7	111,559	1,672	109,887	3,124	106,763	8,230	6.9	62,56
August		119,821	65.6	111,764		110,067	3,057	107,010	8,057	6.7	62,70
September	182,713	119,988	65.7	111,703	1,716	109,987	3,142	106,845	8,285	6.9	62,72
October	182,935	120,163	65.7	111,941	1,749	110,192	3,162	107,030	8,222	6.8	62,77
November December	183,114 183,297	120,426 120,336	65.8 65.7	112,183 112,387	1,751 1,750	110,432 110,637	3,215 3,161	107,217 107,476	8,243 7,949	6.8 6.6	62,68
	100,207	1.25,550	33.7	1.12,007	1,750	1.0,007	3,101	.57,475	',545	3.5	32,30
1987:	100 555	100 700	05.5	146	4			407.000	0.000	1 00	00-
January		120,782		112,759	1,748	111,011	3,145	107,866	8,023	6.6	62,79
February		121,089	65.9	113,122	1,740	111,382	3,236	108,146	7,967	6.6	62,64
March		120,958	65.8	113,104	1,736	111,368	3,284	108,084	7,854	6.5	62,95
April		121,070		113,570	1,735	111,835	3,290	108,545	7,500	6.2	63,00
May	184,259	121,719	66.1	114,173	1,726	112,447	3,335	109,112	7,546	6.2	62,54

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.
² The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for

seasonal variation.

NOTE: Revisions of seasonally adjusted monthly and quarterly data (shown in tables A-1 through A-3 and A-32 through A-53) for the most recent 5-year period are made at the end of each calendar year.

A-2. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1976 to date

	1					Labor 1	force				
Say year	Noninsti-					Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not
Sex, year, and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilian			Percent of	labo forc
			population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force	
						Annual aver	ages				,
MEN											
76	75,341	58,756	78.0	54,720	1,582	53,138	2,744	50,394	4,036	6.9	16,5
77 78¹		59,959	78.1 78.3	56,291	1,563	54,728	2,671 2,718	52,057	3,667	6.1 5.1	16,7 16,9
79	78,107 79,509	61,151 62,215	78.2	58,010 59,096	1,531 1,489	56,479 57,607	2,716	53,761 54,921	3,142 3,120	5.0	17,2
. •	7 0,000	02,210	, 0.2	55,555	1,400	07,007	2,000	04,021	0,120	0.0	
80	80,877	62,932	77.8	58,665	1,479	57,186	2,709	54,477	4,267	6.8	17,9
B1		63,486	77.4	58,909	1,512	57,397	2,700	54,697	4,577	7.2	18,
B2	83,052	63,979	77.0	57,800	1,529	56,271	2,736	53,534	6,179	9.7	19,0
83	84,064	64,580	76.8	58,320	1,533	56,787	2,704	54,083	6,260	9.7	19,4
84		65,386	76.8	60,642	1,551	59,091	2,668	56,423	4,744	7.3	19,
85		65,967	76.7	61,447	1,556	59,891	2,535	57,356	4,521	6.9	20,0
36¹	87,349	66,973	76.7	62,443	1,551	60,892	2,511	58,381	4,530	6.8	20,
					Monthly	data, seasor	nally adjusted ²				
16 :	1										
lay	87,195	66,854	76.7	62,201	1,533	60,668	2,510	58,158	4,653	7.0	20,
une		66,937	76.7	62,318	1,525	60,793	2,541	58,252	4,619	6.9	20,
uly	87,373	66,968	76.6	62,402	1,518	60,884	2,486	58,398	4,566	6.8	20,
ugust		66,911	76.5	62,483	1,541	60,942	2,397	58,545	4,428	6.6	20,
eptember		67,128	76.7	62,528	1,560	60,968	2,495	58,473	4,600	6.9	20,
ctober		67,130	76.6	62,565	1,590	60,975	2,513	58,462	4,565	6.8	20,
ovember		67,407 67,425	76.8 76.7	62,833 62,986	1,592 1,593	61,241 61,393	2,506 2,469	58,735 58,904	4,574 4,439	6.8 6.6	20,
B7:	,			32,000	.,,,,,		2,		,,		
anuary	88,020	67,672	76.9	63,187	1,591	61,596	2,474	59,123	4,484	6.6	20.
ebruary		67,764	76.9	63,335	1,584	61,751	2,544	59,207	4,429	6.5	20.
larch		67,644	76.7	63,282	1,575	61,707	2,639	59,068	4,362	6.4	20,
pril	88,271	67,603	76.6	63,417	1,575	61,842	2,664	59,178	4,186	6.2	20
lay	88,361	67,816	76.7	63,562	1,566	61,996	2,653	59,343	4,254	6.3	20,
			<u> </u>			Annual aver	ages			<u> </u>	
WOMEN 76	00.476	20,000	47.4	05.704	00	05.045	500	05.007	0.000	0.6	43,
77	82,476 83,932	39,069 40,705	47.4 48.5	35,701 37,381	86 92	35,615 37,289	588 612	35,027 36,677	3,369 3,324	8.6 8.2	43,
'8¹	85,434	42,731	50.0	37,361	100	37,269	669	38,900	3,061	7.2	42
'9	86,951	44,343	51.0	41,325	108	41,217	661	40,556	3,018	6.8	42
•	00,301	44,040	31.0	41,525	100	41,217	001	40,550	3,010	0.0	72
	88,472	45,611	51.6	42,241	124	42,117	656	41,461	3,370	7.4	42
31		46,829	52.2	43,133	133	43,000	667	42,333	3,696	7.9	42
32		47,894	52.7	43,395	139	43,256	665	42,591	4,499	9.4	42
3	91,827	48,646	53.0	44,190	143	44,047	680	43,367	4,457	9.2	43
14	92,924	49,855	53.7	46,061	146	45,915	653	45,262	3,794	7.6	43
5	93,886	51,200	54.5	47,409	150	47,259	644	46,615	3,791	7.4	42
6¹	94,944	52,568	55.4	48,861	155	48,706	652	48,054	3,707	7.1	42
		,	1	Г	Monthly	data, seasor	nally adjusted ²			,	
36:											
lay		52,420	55.3	48,651	154	48,497	641	47,856	3,769	7.2	42,
ine		52,748	55.6	48,975	155	48,820	623	48,197	3,773	7.2	42,
ily		52,821	55.6	49,157	154	49,003	638	48,365	3,664	6.9	42,
ugust eptember		52,910	55.7	49,281	156	49,125	660	48,465	3,629	6.9 7.0	42, 42,
ctober		52,860 53.033	55.6 55.7	49,175 49,376	156 159	49,019 49,217	647 649	48,372 48,568	3,685 3,657	6.9	42
ovember		53,033	55.7 55.6	49,376	159	49,217	709	48,482	3,669	6.9	42
ecember		52,911	55.4	49,350	157	49,191	672	48,482 48,572	3,510	6.6	42
	55,725	52,0.1	55,4	.5,701	,		3,2	10,0,2	5,510	0.0	
17: anuary	95,556	53,110	55.6	49,572	157	49,415	671	48,744	3,538	6.7	42
ebruary		53,325	55.8	49,787	156	49,631	692	48,939	3,538	6.6	42
		53,314	55.7	49,822	161	49,661	645	49,016	3,492	6.6	42
iarch								,			
larch pril		53,467	55.8	50,153	160	49,993	626	49,367	3,314	6.2	42,

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

² The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1953 to date

Year	Civilian noninsti-	 	Civilian la	bor force		Une	employment rate	9S
and month	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Unemployed	Total	Men	Women
				Annual	averages			
953¹	. 107,056	63,015	58.9	61,179	1,834	2.9	2.8	3.3
954		63,643	58.8	60,109	3,532	5.5	5.3	6.0
955		65,023	59.3	62,170	2,852	4.4	4.2	4.9
956		66,552	60.0	63,799	2,750	4.1	3.8	4.8
957		66,929	59.6	64,071	2,859	4.3	4.1	4.7
58		67,639	59.5	63,036	4,602	6.8	6.8	6.8
59		68,369	59.3	64,630	3,740	5.5	5.2	5.9
960¹	117,245	69,628	59.4	65,778	3,852	5.5	5.4	5.9
961		70,459	59.3	65,746	4,714	6.7	6.4	7.2
962'		70,614	58.8	66,702	3,911	5.5	5.2	6.2
63		71,833	58.7	67,762	4,070	5.7	5.2	6.5
64		73,091	58.7	69,305	3,786	5.2	4.6	6.2
65		74,455	58.9	71,088	3,366	_	4.0	5.5
66			59.2			4.5		5.5 4.8
		75,770		72,895	2,875	3.8	3.2	
67		77,347	59.6	74,372	2,975	3.8	3.1	5.2
68		78,737	59.6	75,920	2,817	3.6	2.9	4.8
69	134,335	80,734	60.1	77,902	2,832	3.5	2.8	4.7
70	,	82,771	60.4	78,678	4,093	4.9	4.4	5.9
971		84,382	60.2	79,367	5,016	5.9	5.3	6.9
172¹		87,034	60.4	82,153	4,882	5.6	5.0	6.6
73¹		89,429	60.8	85,064	4,365	4.9	4.2	6.0
74		91,949	61.3	86,794	5,156	5.6	4,9	6.7
175	153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	7,929	8.5	7.9	9.3
976	156,150	96,158	61.6	88,752	7,406	7.7	7.1	8.6
77	159,033	99,009	62.3	92,017	6,991	7.1	6.3	8.2
)78¹		102,251	63.2	96,048	6,202	6.1	5.3	7.2
79		104,962	63.7	98,824	6,137	5.8	5.1	6.8
980	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	7,637	7.1	6.9	7.4
981		108,670	63.9	100,397	8,273	7.6	7.4	7.9
82		110,204	64.0	99,526	10,678	9.7	9.9	9.4
63		111,550	64.0	100,834	10,717	9.6	9.9	9.2
84		113,544	64.4	105,005	8,539	7.5	7.4	7.6
985		115,461	64.8			7.2	7.0	7.4
86¹		117,834	65.3	107,150 109,597	8,312 8,237	7.0	6.9	7.1
			<u> </u>	Aonthly data se	easonally adjusted			
		· · · · · ·	"	Tonkiny Gata, Sc		<u>, </u>		
986:	1							
May	180,311	117,587	65.2	109,165	8,422	7.2	7.1	7.2
June		118,005	65.4	109,613	8,392	7.1	7.1	7.2
luly		118,117	65.4	109,887	8,230	7.0	7.0	7.0
\ugust		118,124	65.3	110,067	8,057	6.8	6.8	6.9
September		118,272	65.3	109,987	8,285	7.0	7.0	7.0
October		118,414	65.4	110,192	8,222	6.9	7.0	6.9
November		118,675	65.4	110,192	8,243	6.9	6.9	6.9
December		118,586	65.3	110,432	7,949	6.7	6.7	6.7
987:								
January	181,827	119,034	65.5	111,011	8,023	6.7	6.8	6.7
			65.6			6.7	6.7	6.7
February		119,349	1	111,382	7,967			
March		119,222	65.4	111,368	7,854	6.6	6.6	6.6
April		119,335	65.4	111,835	7,500	6.3	6.3	6.2
May	182,533	119,993	65.7	112,447	7,546	6.3	6.4	6.1

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the

Explanatory Notes.

² The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

		,			May	1987 					
			Civi	ian labor force	•			Not	in labor for	се	
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-		_		Unemp	oloyed					
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reason:
TOTAL											
C	400 500	440.005	05.0	440.077	7.040		00.000	00.010	0.564	0.404	20.00
6 years and over		119,695	65.6 53.6	112,377	7,318	6.1 17.6	62,838	28,310 411	8,564 5,856	3,104 28	22,86
16 to 17 years		7,823 3,315	44.1	6,445 2,610	1,376 705	21,3	6,772 4,207	96	3,956	7	14
16 to 17 years		4,508	63.7	3,835	673	14.9	2,565	316	1,899	21	33
20 to 24 years		14,948	78.5	13,427	1,520	10.2	4,100	1,581	1,666	105	74
25 to 54 years		81,865	82.7	77,950	3,915	4.8	17,127	12,094	1,015	1,118	2,90
25 to 34 years		35,215	83.3	33,160	2,056	5.8	7,050	5,102	709	282	95
25 to 29 years		17,879	83.4	16,722	1,157	6.5	3,569	2,487	454	142	48
30 to 34 years		17,337	83.3	16,438	898	5.2	3,481	2,615	255	141	47
35 to 44 years	. 33,638	28,377	84.4	27,190	1,186	4.2	5,261	3,785	244	380	85
35 to 39 years	. 18,439	15,567	84.4	14,875	693	4.5	2,872	2,114	158	188	41
40 to 44 years	. 15,200	12,809	84.3	12,315	494	3.9	2,390	1,677	85	192	43
45 to 54 years		18,273	79.1	17,600	673	3.7	4,815	3,206	62	458	1,09
45 to 49 years		10,004	82.0	9,627	377	3.8	2,204	1,553	43	192	4
50 to 54 years		8,269	76.0	7,974	295	3.6	2,612	1,652	19	264	67
55 to 64 years		11,975	54.8	11,532	443	3.7	9,880	5,090	14	722	4,05
55 to 59 years		7,249	65.5	6,987	262	3.6	3,818	2,270	10	363	1,17
60 to 64 years		4,726	43.8	4,545	181	3.8 2.0	6,062	2,820	13	359 1,131	14,68
65 years and over		3,084	11.0	3,023	62		24,958	9,134	5	250	
65 to 69 years		1,863 762	19.2	1,828 744	35 18	1.9 2.4	7,847 6,808	2,956 2,560	6	232	4,63
70 to 74 years75 years and over		459	10.1 4.3	451	8	1.7	10,304	3,618	3	649	6,03
	. 10,763	439	4.3	431		1.7	10,304	3,010		043	0,00
Men	1										1
6 years and over	86,795	66,172	76.2	62,094	4,078	6.2	20,623	518	4,347	1,679	14,07
16 to 19 years	7,321	4,025	55.0	3,266	759	18.9	3,296	12	2,998	17	26
16 to 17 years		1,748	45.7	1,365	383	21.9	2,076	2	1,989	1	8
18 to 19 years		2,277	65.1	1,901	376	16.5	1,220	10	1,009	16	18
20 to 24 years		7,871	85.2	7,063	807	10.3	1,367	33	877	66	39
25 to 54 years		45,344	93.8	43,160	2,185	4.8	3,015	206	465	761	1,58
25 to 34 years		19,672	94.7	18,550	1,123	5.7	1,112	85	344	191	49
25 to 29 years		9,899	94.0	9,278	621	6.3	635	45	246	90	25
30 to 34 years		9,774	95.3	9,272	501	5.1	477	40	98	101	23
35 to 44 years		15,460	94.2	14,805	655	4.2	946	58	95 67	281 147	5· 23
35 to 39 years		8,533	94.6	8,155	378	4.4	484	33 25	27	134	2
40 to 44 years		6,927	93.7	6,650	277	4.0	463 957	62	26	290	5
45 to 49 years		10,212	91.4 93.5	9,804 5,289	407 228	4.1	387	24	14	123	2
45 to 49 years50 to 54 years		5,517 4,695	89.2	4,516	179	3.8	570	38	12	167	3
55 to 64 years		7,009	68.3	6,720	289	4.1	3,258	78	3	413	2.7
55 to 59 years		4,220	80.4	4,049	171	4.0	1,027	29	2	219	7
60 to 64 years		2,789	55.6	2,671	118	4.2	2,231	49	1	194	1,9
65 years and over		1,923	16.6	1,885	38	2.0	9,687	190	5	422	9,0
65 to 69 years		1,121	25.5	1,100	21	1.9	3,272	66	2	121	3,0
70 to 74 years		504	15.5	492	12	2.4	2,744	41	3	101	2,5
75 years and over		298	7.5	293	5	1.7	3,671	83		200	3,3
Women											
S years and over	95,738	53,523	55.9	50,283	3,240	6.1	42,215	27,792	4,217	1,425	8,7
16 to 19 years		3,798	52.2	3,179	619	16.3	3,476	400	2,858	11	2
16 to 17 years		1,567	42.4	1,245	322	20.5	2,131	94	1,968	6) (
18 to 19 years		2,232	62.4	1,934	297	13.3	1,346	306	890	5	1.
20 to 24 years	. 9,810	7,077	72.1	6,364	713	10.1	2,733	1,548	789	38	3:
25 to 54 years	. 50,633	36,521	72.1	34,791	1,731	4.7	14,112	11,888	550	357	1,3
25 to 34 years		15,543	72.4	14,610	933	6.0	5,938	5,018	365	91	4
25 to 29 years	. 10,914	7,980	73.1	7,444	536	6.7	2,934	2,442	208	52	2
30 to 34 years		7,563	71.6	7,166	397	5.3	3,004	2,575	157	40	2
35 to 44 years		12,917	75.0	12,385	532	4.1	4,315	3,726	149	99	3
35 to 39 years		7,034	74.7	6,720	315	4.5	2,388	2,074	91	41	1
40 to 44 years		5,882	75.3	5,665	217	3.7	1,927	1,652	58	58	1
45 to 54 years		8,061	67.6	7,796	265	3.3	3,859	3,144	36	167	5
45 to 49 years		4,487	71.2	4,338	149	3.3	1,817	1,529	29	69	1
50 to 54 years		3,574	63.6	3,458	116	3.2	2,042	1,614	7	97	3
55 to 64 years		4,966	42.9	4,812	154	3.1	6,622	5,012	12	310	1,2
55 to 59 years		3,029	52.0	2,937	91	3.0	2,791	2,240	8	145	3
60 to 64 years		1,937	33.6	1,874	63	3.2	3,831	2,772	3	165	8
65 years and over		1,161	7.1	1,138	24	2.0	15,272	8,944	9	709	5,6
65 to 69 years		742	14.0	728	14	1.9	4,575	2,890	3	129	1,5
70 to 74 years		258	6.0	252	6	2.3	4,064	2,519	3	131	1,4
75 years and over	. 6,794	161	2.4	158	3	1.7	6,633	3,535	3	449	2,6

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

}		1	 		May	1007								
			Civil	lian labor force	·			Not	in labor for	ce				
Age, sex, and race	Civilian				Unem	oloyed								
.	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reason			
WHITE							-							
6 years and over	156,811	103,271	85.9	97,908	5,363	5.2	53,539	24,664	6,517	2,398	19,96			
16 to 19 years	11,951	6,838	57.2	5,798	1,041	15.2	5,113	298	4,445	2,330	35			
16 to 17 years	6,134	2,932	47.8	2,369	562	19.2	3,203	73	3,007	7	1.			
18 to 19 years	5,817	3,907	67.2	3,428	479	12.2	1,910	225	1,438	13	2			
20 to 24 years	15,885	12,784	80.5	11,714	1,070	8.4	3,100	1,189	1,300	70	5			
25 to 54 years	84,455	70,289	83.2 84.0	67,436	2,852	4.1	14,166	10,336	748	819	2,2			
25 to 34 years	35,636 18,019	29,920 15,185	84.3	28,444 14,356	1,477 830	4.9 5.5	5,716 2,833	4,299 2,064	516 341	198 90	7			
30 to 34 years	17,618	14,735	83.6	14,088	648	4.4	2,883	2,235	175	108	3			
35 to 44 years	28,941	24,532	84.8	23,655	877	3.6	4,409	3,282	185	300	6			
35 to 39 years	15,758	13,347	84.7	12,866	481	5.8	2,412	1,840	123	157	3			
40 to 44 years	13,182	11,185	84.9	10,789	396	3.5	1,997	1,451	63	142	3			
45 to 54 years	19,877	15,837	79.7	15,338	500	3.2	4,040	2,754	47	322	9 3			
45 to 49 years50 to 54 years	10,498 9,379	8,847 7,190	82.4 76.7	8,370 6,969	278 221	3.2 3.9	1,851 2,189	1,359 1,443	32 15	132 190	5			
55 to 64 years	19,273	10,585	54.9	10,244	341	3.9	8,687	4,541	14	565	3.5			
55 to 59 years	9,695	6,379	65.8	6,174	205	3.2	3,316	2,008	10	277	1,0			
60 to 64 years	9,578	4,207	43.9	4,070	137	3.2	5,371	2,532	4	289	2,5			
65 years and over	25,248	2,774	11.0	2,716	58	2.1	22,473	8,301	11	923	13,2			
65 to 69 years	8,676	1,672	19.3	1,639	33	2.0	7,004	2,644	3	197	4,1			
70 to 74 years 75 years and over	6,802 9,770	679 423	10.0 4.3	662 415	17 8	2.5 1.9	6,124 9,346	2,336 3,320	6	180 546	3,6 5,4			
	0,,,,	120	1	1			0,040	0,020		0.0	, ,,			
Men !														
years and over	75,117	57,799	76.9	54,753	3,046	5.3	17,318	374	3,321	1,332	12,2			
16 to 19 years	6,022 3,137	3,517 1,534	58.4 48.9	2,945	572 297	16.3 19.3	2,505	4	2,299 1,538	11	1			
16 to 17 years	2,885	1,983	68.7	1,238 1,708	276	13.9	1,603 901	3	761	1 10	1			
20 to 24 years	7,771	6,762	87.0	6,173	590	8.7	1,008	18	686	42	2			
25 to 54 years	41,753	39,509	94.6	37,883	1,625	4.1	2,245	141	330	574	1,2			
25 to 34 years	17,738	16,961	95.6	16,137	824	4.9	777	50	244	137	3			
25 to 29 years	8,949	8,510	95.1	8,072	439	5.2	438	29	188	60	1 1			
30 to 34 years	8,789 14,289	8,450 13,587	96.1 95.1	8,065 13,092	386 495	4.6 3.6	339 702	21 49	56 67	77 224	1 3			
35 to 39 years	7,804	7,455	95.5	7,190	265	3.6	349	29	51	123	1 1			
40 to 44 years	6,485	6,132	94.6	5,903	230	3.7	352	20	16	101	2			
45 to 54 years	9,726	8,961	92.1	8,654	307	3.4	765	42	19	213	4			
45 to 49 years	5,153	4,855	94.2	4,687	168	3.5	298	21	10	89	1			
50 to 54 years	4,573 9,114	4,106	89.8	3,988	138	3.4 3.6	467	21 57	9	124 349	2,4			
55 to 64 years55 to 59 years	4,645	6,253 3,774	88.6 81.2	6,031 3,639	222 135	3.6	2,861 871	22	2	175	2,4			
60 to 64 years	4,469	2,480	55.5	2,393	87	3.5	1,989	35	ī	174	1,7			
65 years and over	10,457	1,757	16.8	1,720	37	2.1	8,700	155	3	356	8,1			
65 to 69 years	3,954	1,034	26.2	1,014	20	1.9	2,920	54		101	2,7			
70 to 74 years 75 years and over	2,922 3,582	447 276	15.3 7.7	435 271	12 5	2.7 1.8	2,475 3,306	33 67	3	85 170	2,3			
Women														
6 years and over	81,693	45,472	55.7	43,156	2,317	5.1	36,221	24,290	3,196	1,066	7,6			
16 to 19 years	5,929	3,321	56.0	2,852	469	14.1	2,608	294	2,146	9	1			
16 to 17 years	2,997	1,397	46.6	1,132	266	19.0	1,599	72	1,469	6				
18 to 19 years	2,932	1,924	65.6	1,721	203	10.6	1,009	222	677	3	1 1			
20 to 24 years	8,114	6,022	74.2	5,542	481	8.0 4.0	2,092	1,171	613 418	27 245	1,0			
25 to 54 years	42,702 17,899	30,780 12,960	72.1 72.4	29,553 12,307	1,227 653	5.0	11,921 4,939	10,195 4,249	272	61	1,0			
25 to 29 years	9,070	8,675	73.6	6,284	391	5.9	2,395	2,035	153	30	1			
30 to 34 years	8,829	6,285	71.2	6,023	262	4.2	2,544	2,214	119	31	٠ ١			
35 to 44 years	14,652	10,944	74.7	10,562	382	3.5	3,708	3,233	118	75	2			
35 to 39 years	7,954	5,892	74.1	5,676	216	3.7	2,063	1,803	72	34	1 1			
40 to 44 years	6,697	5,053	75.4 67.7	4,886	166	3.3	1,645	1,431	47 28	41 109				
45 to 54 years	10,151 5,345	6,876 3,792	67.7 71.0	6,683 3,683	193 110	2.8 2.9	3,275 1,553	2,713 1,330	28	43	1			
50 to 54 years	4,806	3,792	64.2	3,003	83	2.9	1,722	1,383	6	66	2			
55 to 64 years	10,159	4,332	42.6	4,213	119	2.8	5,827	4,484	11	217	1,			
55 to 59 years	5,050	2,605	51.6	2,535	70	2.7	2,445	1,966	8	102	:			
60 to 64 years	5,109	1,727	33.8	1,677	49	2.9	3,382	2,497	3	115] _ [
65 years and over	14,790	1,017	6.9	996	21	2.1	13,773	8,146	6	567	5,0			
65 to 69 years	4,722	636	13.5	625	13	2.0	4,064	2,590	3	96	1,3			
70 to 74 years	3,880 6,188	232 147	6.0 2.4	227 144	5 3	2.2 2.0	3,649 6,040	2,303 3,253	3	95 376	1,2			
. ,] 5,,00	1 '7'		1	1	10	5,545	0,200	1	1 3,3	-,-			

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

					May	1987					
			Civi	lian labor force	1			Not	in labor for	ce	
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-				Unemp	oloyed					
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
BLACK											
16 years and over	20,312	12,861	63.3	11,119	1,742	13.5	7,451	2,881	1,502	644	2,425
16 to 19 years	. 2,161	819	37.9	514	305	37.3	1,342	99	1,115	6	122
16 to 17 years		311	27.7	163	128	41.1	811	18	764		29
18 to 19 years		508 1,795	48.9 69.4	331 1,380	178 415	34.9 23.1	531 792	82 338	351 242	6 31	92 182
25 to 54 years		8,889	79.9	7,957	932	10.5	2,234	1,296	144	264	529
25 to 34 years		4,135	80.6	3,617	517	12.5	992	597	102	80	213
25 to 29 years	2,653	2,113	79.6	1,822	291	13.8	540	320	50	50	120
30 to 34 years		2,022	81.8	1,796	226	11.2	451	278	52	30	93
35 to 44 years		2,909	82.1	2,637	272	9.3	635	358	31	70	176
35 to 39 years		1,704	83.6 80.1	1,518	187 84	11.0 7,0	334 300	197 161	16 16	27 43	96
40 to 44 years45 to 54 years		1,205 1,846	75.3	1,120 1,702	144	7.8	607	341	11	114	140
45 to 49 years		1,021	78.6	942	79	7.7	278	157	8	50	63
50 to 54 years		825	71.5	760	65	7.9	329	184	3	64	78
55 to 64 years		1,108	52.9	1,021	87	7.9	987	448		142	398
55 to 59 years		687	62.5	640	47	6.8	412	213		77	122
60 to 64 years		421	42.3	381	40	9.6	575	235		65	276
65 years and over		250 152	10.6 17.8	247 150	3 2	1.1 1.3	2,096 703	700 243	1	201 49	1,194 411
65 to 69 years70 years and over		98	6.6	98	1	1.0	1,392	457	1	151	782
Men	.,				·	"	,,,,,,		· ·		
16 years and over		6,483 432	71.2 40.6	5,580 268	904 164	13.9 38.0	2,628 632	115 7	720 543	315 4	1,477
16 to 19 years		178	31.6	103	75	42.2	387	Í	365	7	21
18 to 19 years		254	50.9	165	89	35.0	245	7	178	4	55
20 to 24 years		914	77.5	717	197	21.6	265	10	121	22	113
25 to 54 years		4,397	88.3	3,919	478	10.9	584	52	56	170	305
25 to 34 years		2,077	89.7	1,813	264	12.7	238	29	45	51	113
25 to 29 years		1,064	88.8	905	159	15.0	134	14 16	23	29 21	68 45
30 to 34 years		1,013 1,390	90.7 88.1	908 1,247	105 143	10.4 10.3	103 188	4	22 6	51	126
35 to 39 years		807	88.9	705	102	12.7	101	4	2	23	73
40 to 44 years		583	87.0	542	40	6.9	87	i	5	28	53
45 to 54 years		931	85.5	859	72	7.7	158	19	5	68	66
45 to 49 years		497	86.2	457	40	8.0	79	4	3	33	40
50 to 54 years		433	84.6	401	32	7.4	79	15	2	35	27
55 to 64 years		611	64.8	548	63	10.3	332	16 6		57 39	260 90
55 to 59 years		362 249	72.9 55.8	327 220	35 28	9.6 11.4	135 197	10		17	171
65 years and over		130	13.7	129	1	.8	815	30		62	722
65 to 69 years		67	17.9	65	2	(1)	305	10		18	277
70 years and over	. 573	63	11.0	64	-	(1)	510	20		44	445
Women											
16 years and over	11,201	6,378	56.9	5,539	838	13.1	4,823	2,766	781	329	947
16 to 19 years		387	35.3	246	141	36.5	710	92	572	2	45
16 to 17 years		132	23.8	80	52	39.6	424	17	399		8
18 to 19 years		255	47.1	166	89	34.8	286	75	173	2	37
20 to 24 years		881	62.6	663	218	24.7	527 1,650	328	121 88	9 94	69 224
25 to 54 years		4,492 2,058	73.1 73.2	4,038 1,804	454 253	10.1 12.3	754	1,244 568	57	29	100
25 to 29 years		1,049	72.1	917	132	12.6	406	306	27	21	52
30 to 34 years		1,009	74.3	888	121	12.0	348	262	30	9	48
35 to 44 years	. 1,966	1,519	77.3	1,390	129	8.5	447	354	25	19	50
35 to 39 years		897	79.4	813	85	9.4	233	193	14	4	23
40 to 44 years		622	74.5	578	44	7.1	213	160	11	15	27 74
45 to 49 years		915 524	67.1 72.5	844 485	72 39	7.8 7.4	448 199	322 153	6 5	46 17	23
45 to 49 years50 to 54 years		392	61.1	359	33	8.4	250	169	1	29	51
55 to 64 years		497	43.1	473	24	4.8	655	432	' '	85	138
55 to 59 years		325	53.9	313	12	3.7	277	207		37	33
60 to 64 years	. 550	172	31.3	160	12	7.1	378	225		48	105
65 years and over	. 1,401	120	8.6	118	2	1.4	1,281	670	1	139	472
EE to ED woord	. 484	85	17.6	85	I -	.4	398	233	i i	31	134
65 to 69 years70 years and over	1	35	3.8	34	1	(0)	882	437	1	107	337

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-5. Employment status of the black-and-other civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex

1					May 1987				
				(Civilian labor force				
Age and sex	Civilian noninsti-				Employed		Unem	ployed	Not i
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Agriculture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	force
TOTAL									
							1.055		
6 years and over	25,723	16,424	63.9	14,469	242	14,226	1,955	11.9	9,29
16 to 19 years	2,644	985	37.2	647	9	638	337	34.3	1,86
16 to 17 years	1,387	383	27.6	240	2	238	143	37.3	1,00
18 to 19 years	1,257	602	47.9	407	7	400	195	32.3	85
20 to 24 years	3,164	2,163	68.4	1,713	34	1,679	450	20.8	1,00
25 to 54 years	14,538	11,578	79.6	10,513	136	10,378	1,061	9.2	2,90
25 to 34 years	6,629	5,295	79.9	4,716	62	4,654	579	10.9	1,3
25 to 29 years	3,430	2,693	78.5	2,366	26	2,340	328	12.2	7:
30 to 34 years	3,200	1,397	43.6	2,350	37	2,313	251	18.0	5
35 to 44 years	4,697	3,845	81.9	3,535	38	3,498	310	8.1	8
35 to 39 years	2,680	2,221	82.9	2,009	19	1,990	212	9.5	4
40 to 44 years	2,017	1,625	80.8	1,527	19	1,508	98	6.0	3
45 to 54 years	3,211	2,436	75.9	2,263	36	2,227	173	7.1	7
45 to 49 years	1,709	1,357	79.4	1,258	13	1,244	100	7.4	3
50 to 54 years	1,502	1,079	71.8	1,005	23	983	74	6.9	4
55 to 64 years	2,562	1,390	53.8	1,288	41	1,247	102	7.3	1,1
55 to 59 years	1,371	870	63.4	812	20	792	57	6.6	5
60 to 64 years	1,210	520	42.9	475	21	455	44	8.5	е
55 years and over	2,795	310	11.1	306	22	284	4	1.2	2,4
65 to 69 years	1,033	191	18.5	188	7	180	2	1.0	8
70 to 74 years	768	83	10.6	82	9	74	1	1.2	6
75 years and over	994	36	3.6	36	8	30		(¹)	9
Men									
	44.670							400	
years and over	11,678	8,373	71.7	7,341	214	7,127	1,032	12.3	3,3
16 to 19 years	1,299	507	39.1	321	9	312	187	36.8	7
16 to 17 years	687	214	31.1	127	<u>2</u>	125	86	40.5	4
18 to 19 years	612	294	48.0	194	7	186	100	34.1	3
20 to 24 years	1,468	1,109	75.5	891	32	859	218	19.7	3
25 to 54 years	6,606	5,836	88.3	5,275	115	5,160	559	9.6	7
25 to 34 years	3,047	2,712	89.0	2,413	51	2,362	298	11.0	3
25 to 29 years	1,585	1,388	87.6	1,206	19	1,187	183	13.1	1
30 to 34 years	1,462	1,323	90.5	1,207	33	1,175	116	8.8	1
35 to 44 years	2,117	1,873	88.4	1,713	30	1,882	160	8.5	2
35 to 39 years	1,212	1,078	88.9	965	14	951	113	10.5	1
40 to 44 years	905	795	87.8	748	16	732	47	5.9	1 1
45 to 54 years	1,442	1,251	86.7	1,150	34	1,116	101	8.1	1
45 to 49 years	750	662	88.2	602	13	589	60	9.0	
50 to 54 years	692	589	85.1	548	21	527	41	7.0	1
55 to 64 years	1,153	756	65.6	689	35	654	67	8.9	[3
55 to 59 years	602	446	74.1	411	17	394	36	8.1) 1
60 to 64 years	551	310	56.2	278	19	260	31	10.1	2
35 years and over	1,152	166	14.4	165	22	143	1 1	.6	8
65 to 69 years	439	87	19.8	86	7	78	1	1.7	1 3
70 to 74 years	326	57	17.5	57	9	49	-	(')	1 2
75 years and over	387	22	5.7	22	6	16		(1)	3
Women				}					
years and over	14,045	8,051	57.3	7,127	28	7,099	924	11.5	5,9
16 to 19 years	1,345	477	35.5	327	-	327	151	31.6	8
16 to 17 years	700	169	24.2	113		113	56	33.3	5
18 to 19 years	645	308	47.8	214	-	214	94	30.7	1 8
20 to 24 years	1,696	1,055	62.2	822	2	820	232	22.0	
5 to 54 years	7,932	5,742	72.4	5,238	21	5,218	502	8.7	2,1
25 to 34 years	3,583	2,583	72.1	2,303	11	2,292	281	10.9	
25 to 29 years	1,845	1,305	70.8	1,160	7	1,153	145	11.1	
30 to 34 years	1,738	1,278	73.5	1,143	4	1,138	135	10.6	1 4
35 to 44 years	2,580	1,973	76.4	1,823	8	1,815	150	7.6	(
35 to 39 years	1,468	1,143	77.8	1,044	5	1,039	99	8.7	3
40 to 44 years	1,112	830	74.6	779	3	776	51	6.1) :
45 to 54 years	1,769	1,185	67.0	1,113	2	1,111	72	6.1	,
45 to 49 years	959	695	72.5	656	l -	655	40	5.7	
50 to 54 years	810	490	60.5	457	2	456	33	6.7	
55 to 64 years	1,428	634	44.4	599	5	593	35	5.5	1
55 to 59 years	769	423	55.0	402	4	398	22	5.1	
60 to 64 years	659	210	31.9	197	2	195	13	6.3	``
	1,643	144	8.8	141	'	141	3	1.9	1,4
65 to 69 weers					_	102	-	1.4	''
65 to 69 years	594	104	17.5	102			1 1	1 .	
70 to 74 years	442	26	5.9	25		25	· '	(2)	
75 years and over	607	1 14	2.3	14	ı	14	1	(')	!!

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-6. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

Employment status and	То	otal	Men, 20 y		Women, 20 ov		Both sexes	
race	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	180,311	182,533	78,387	79,474	87,444	88,464	14,480	14,595
Civilian labor force	117,199	119,695	61,102	62,147	48,353	49,725	7,744	7,823
Percent of population		65.6	77.9	78.2	55.3	56.2	53.5	53.6
Employed		112,377	57,412	58,828	45,331	47,104	6,298	6,445
Agriculture		3,541	2,378	2,548	656	690	313	303
Nonagricultural industries		108,836	55,034	56,280	44.675	46,414	5,985	6,142
Unemployed		7,318	3,690	3,319	3,022	2,621	1,446	1,378
Unemployment rate		6.1	6.0	5.3	6.2	5.3	18.7	17.6
Not in labor force	63,112	62,838	17,285	17,327	39,090	38,739	6,737	6,772
White								
Civilian noninstitutional population	155,236	156,811	68,315	69,095	75,046	75,764	11,876	11,951
Civilian labor force	101,202	103,271	53,497	54,282	41,004	42,151	6,700	6,838
Percent of population	65.2	65.9	78.3	78.6	54.6	55.6	56.4	57.2
Employed		97,908	50,689	51,807	38,814	40,303	5,639	5,798
Agriculture		3,299	2,198	2,343	616	662	304	294
Nonagricultural industries		94,610	48,491	49,464	38,198	39,642	5,335	5,504
Unemployed	6,060	5,363	2,809	2,474	2,190	1,848	1,061	1,041
Unemployment rate		5.2	5.2	4.6	5.3	4.4	15.8	15.2
Not in labor force	54,034	53,539	14,817	14,814	34,042	33,613	5,176	5,113
Black								
Civilian noninstitutional population	19,943	20,312	7,887	8,047	9,922	10,104	2,134	2,161
Civilian labor force	12,713	12,861	5,938	6,051	5,896	5,991	879	819
Percent of population		63.3	75.3	75.2	59.4	59.3	41.2	37.9
Employed		11,119	5,189	5,311	5,146	5,294	537	514
Agriculture		177	144	153	28	18	8	6
Nonagricultural industries		10,942	5,045	5,158	5,118	5,276	529	508
Unemployed		1,742	749	740	750	697	342	305
Unemployment rate		13.5	12.6	12.2	12.7	11.6	38.9	37.3
Not in labor force		7,451	1,949	1,996	4,026	4,113	1,255	1,342

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

					May 1	987				
					Civ	ilian labor f	orce			
Employment status, years of school completed, race, and Hispanic origin	Civilian noninsti-				Employed			Unemp	oloyed	
completed, race, and mispaine origin	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time ¹	Part time ¹	Total	Looking for full-time work	100 poloyed Looking for part-time work 692 586 105 561 131 111 20 374 321 53 310 64 45 19 318 266 52 251 87 66 1 548 465 83 298 250 442 106 88 18 127 107 20 65 62 105 70 57 13 44 44 45 46 46 46 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	Percent of labor force
TOTAL ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	14,935	7,438	49.8	6,367	1,097	5,271	1,071	379	692	14.4
16 to 19 years		5,061 2,377	46.5 58.6	4,243 2,124	399 698	3,844 1,426	817 253	231 148		16.1 10.7
High school		4,178	45.0	3,435	240	3,195	744	183		17.8
College	5,643	3,259	57.8	2,932	857	2,076	327	196		10.0
Full-time students Part-time students	4,811 832	2,546 714	52.9 85.8	2,259 673	411 445	1,848 228	286 41	175 21		11.2 5.7
Men, 16 to 24 years		3,697	48.9	3,133	586	2,547	565	191	374	15.3
16 to 19 years 20 to 24 years	5,541 2,021	2,553 1,144	46.1 56.6	2,124 1,009	233 353	1,892 655	429 136	108 82		16.8 11.9
High school	4,856	2,186	45.0	1,794	155	1,639	393	83	310	18.0
College		1,511	55.9	1,339	431	908	172	108		11.4
Full-time students Part-time students	2,329 376	1,178 333	50.6 88.5	1,032 307	225 206	807 101	146 26	101 7		12.4 7.8
Women, 16 to 24 years	7,374	3,741	50.7	3,235	511	2,724	506	188	318	13.5
16 to 19 years	5,341 2,033	2,508 1,233	46.9 60.7	2,119 1,115	166 345	1,953 771	388 118	123 66	266	15.5 9.5
High school		1,992	44.9	1,641	85	1,556	351	101		17.6
College Full-time students		1,749 1,368	59.5 55.1	1,594 1,227	426 187	1,168 1,041	155 140	88 74		10.3
Part-time students	456	381	83.6	366	239	127	15	14		3.9
White								-		
Total, 16 to 24 years	12,325 8,938	6,566 4,505	53.3 50.4	5,722 3,857	965 355	4,757 3,501	844 648	297 184		12.9 14.4
20 to 24 years		2,062	60.9	1,866	609	1,256	196	113		9.5
Men		3,285 3,281	52.3 54.3	2,834 2,888	512 453	2,322 2,435	452 393	154 143		13.7 12.0
High school	7,520	3,704	49.3	3,120	206	2.914	564	143	442	15.8
College		2,863	59.6	2,603	759	1,844	260	154		9.1
Full-time students	4,077	2,226	54.6	1,998	365	1,633	228	140		10.3
Part-time students Black	728	636	87.4	605	394	211	32	13	18	5.0
	1.002	676	22.0	473	87	206	203	76	127	30.0
Total, 16 to 24 years		676 449	33.9 29.1	298	31	386 267	151	44		33.6
20 to 24 years		227	50.5	175	56	119	52	32		22.8
Men		315 361	32.9 34.9	219 254	48 39	172 214	96 107	31 45		30.4 29.6
High school	1,429	392	27.4	250	25	225	141	36	105	36.1
College	562	284	50.5	223	62	161	61	40		21.6
Full-time students Part-time students		234 50	48.0 66.5	181 42	33 29	148 13	53 8	33 7		22.8 (²)
Hispanic origin		ł								
Total, 16 to 24 years		469	40.3	383	89	294	86	16	1	18.4
16 to 19 years		289 180	33.4 60.4	228 154	43 46	185 109	61 25	4 12		21.1 14.1
Men Women		245 224	40.6 39.9	192 191	52 36	140 154	53 33	9	44 26	21.8 14.7
	ł					}		·		-
High school College		255 214	32.5 56.3	196 187	33 55	162 132	60 27	13	56 14	23.4 12.5
Full-time students	. 285	135	47.3	113	12	101	22	11	11	16.4
Part-time students	. 94	79	83.7	74	44	30	5	2	3	5.9

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					May 1	987				
				_	Civ	ilian labor f	orce			
Employment status, years of school	Civilian				Employed			Unem	oloyed	
completed, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time ¹	Part time ¹	Total	Looking for full-time work	ployed Looking for part-time work 162 50 112 49 69 42 1 58 32 26 20 16 2 20 16 2 2 104 18 86 30 49 26 - 10 6 28 1 1 49 14 35 16 33 18 20 10 - 1 17 4 4 4	Percent of labor force
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	18,709	15,333	82.0	13,505	11,563	1,942	1,828	1,666	162	11.9
16 to 19 years		2,762 12,570	74.4 83.8	2,202 11,303	1,639 9,924	563 1,380	561 1,267	511 1,155		20.3 10.1
Less than 4 years of high school	4,399	2,861	65.0	2,198	1,791	406	663	614	49	23.2
4 years of high school		7,872	85.5	7,119	6,087	1,032	753	684		9.6
1 to 3 years of college 4 years of college or more		3,091 1,509	88.1 94.4	2,759 1,430	2,350 1,334	408 95	332 80	290 78		10.7 5.3
Men, 16 to 24 years	8,998	8,198	91.1	7,197	6,479	718	1,002	944	58	12.2
16 to 19 years		1,472	82.7	1,142	893	249	330	298		22.4
20 to 24 years	7,218	6,727	93.2	6,055	5,586	469	672	646	26	10.0
Less than 4 years of high school		1,939	82.3	1,510	1,309	201	429	409		22.1
4 years of high school 1 to 3 years of college		4,124 1,429	94.5 92.5	3,740 1,278	3,404 1,139	336 139	383 151	363 135		9.3
4 years of college or more		707	96.7	668	626	42	38	36		5.4
Women, 16 to 24 years	9,711	7,134	73.5	6,308	5,084	1,224	826	722	104	11.6
16 to 19 years	1,934	1,291 5,844	66.8 75.1	1,060 5,249	746 4,338	313 911	231 595	213 509	1	17.9 10.2
Less than 4 years of high school	2,043	922	45.2	688	482	206	234	205	30	25.4
4 years of high school	4,837	3,748	77.5	3,378	2,682	696	369	321		9.9
1 to 3 years of college4 years of college or more		1,662 803	84.6 92.5	1,481 761	1,211 708	270 53	181 41	155 42	26	10.9 5.2
White							i			
Total, 16 to 24 years	15,510	13,056	84.2	11,790	10,156	1,634	1,266	1,160	106	9.7
16 to 19 years 20 to 24 years		2,334 10,723	77.5 85.8	1,941 9,849	1,466 8,690	475 1,159	393 874	357 803	1	16.8 8.1
•		6,994			5,678	606	710	671	20	10.2
Women		6,062	93.1 75.8	6,284 5,506	4,478	1,028	556	490	1	9.2
Less than 4 years of high school		2,344	68.4	1,906	1,581	326	438	407		18.7
4 years of high school		6,729	87.6	6,197	5,317	880	532 232	486 204		7.9 8.9
1 to 3 years of college4 years of college or more		2,612 1,371	88.4 94.6	2,380 1,307	2,039 1,219	341 87	65	63		4.7
Black										
Total, 16 to 24 years		1,938	70.3	1,421	1,165	256	518	469		26.7
16 to 19 years 20 to 24 years		370 1,568	59.8 73.4	216 1,205	149 1,016	67 189	154 363	140 329	1	41.7 23.2
Men	1,284	1,031	80.3	765	671	94	266	250	16	25.8
Women		908	61.6	656	494	162	252	219		27.8
Less than 4 years of high school		433	51.4	223	166	57	209	192	1	48.4
4 years of high school	1,335	995	74.5	791	656	134	204	184		20.5 22.4
1 to 3 years of college4 years of college or more		406 105	86.8 93.6	315 92	259 84	57 8	91 13	80 13	1	12.3
Hispanic origin			:							
Total, 16 to 24 years		1,568	75.3	1,384	1,209	175	184	173		11.7
16 to 19 years		317 1,251	68.7 77.2	262 1,122	202 1,006	60 115	54 130	48 125	1	17.2 10.4
Men		987	92.1	878	803	74	109	105	4	11.0
Women		581	57.6	506	405	101	75	68	7	12.9
Less than 4 years of high school		701	67.1	586	522	63	115	106	9	16.4
4 years of high school 1 to 3 years of college		606 204	82.0 87.0	556 188	470 163	86 24	49 17	49 15	- 2	8.2 8.3
4 years of college or more		57	(²)	55	53	1	3	3	-	(2)

¹ Employed persons with a job but not at work and persons at work part time are

college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Camployed persons with a job but not at work and persons at work part time are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time.

2 Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-8. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi noninsti popul	tutional	Civilian labor force								
Veteran status			To	tal	Empl	oyed		Unemp	ployed		
and age	May 1986	May 1987	May	May	May	May	Num	ber	Perce labor		
			1986	1987	1986	1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS											
Total, 30 years and over 30 to 44 years	7,733 6,403 1,173 3,125 2,105 1,330	7,836 6,260 956 2,663 2,641 1,576	7,164 6,094 1,094 2,978 2,022 1,070	7,250 5,974 912 2,538 2,524 1,276	6,831 5,795 1,008 2,837 1,950 1,036	6,937 5,723 841 2,433 2,449 1,214	333 299 86 141 72 34	313 251 71 105 75 62	4.6 4.9 7.9 4.7 3.6 3.2	4.3 4.2 7.8 4.1 3.0 4.9	
NONVETERANS											
Total, 30 to 44 years	18,264 8,464 5,610 4,190	19,321 8,812 6,137 4,372	17,255 8,062 5,305 3,888	18,244 8,403 5,787 4,054	16,357 7,621 5,052 3,684	17,405 8,009 5,526 3,870	898 441 253 204	839 394 261 184	5.2 5.5 4.8 5.2	4.6 4.7 4.5 4.5	

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data

are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population. $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty}$

A-9. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex, age, and race

-					ay 1987			
			Emple	oyed			Unem	ployed
Say and and		Full time			Part time			
Sex, age, and race	Total	Full-time schedules ¹	Part time for economic reasons, usually work full time	Total	Voluntary ¹	Part time for economic reasons, usually work part time	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	92,505	90,872	1,633	19,871	16,365	3,506	5,980	1,339
16 to 19 years	2,037	1,890	147	4,407	4,027	380	741	637
16 to 17 years	242	225	17	2,368	2,288	80	210	495
18 to 19 years	1,796	1,666	130	2,039	1,739	300	531	142
20 years and over	90,468	88,982	1,486	15,464	12,338	3,126	5,238	702
20 to 24 years	10,621	10,339	282	2,805	2,126	679	1,303	217
			1,203			2,447	3,935	486
25 years and over	79,846	78,643		12,659	10,212			Į.
25 to 54 years	68,808	67,764	1,044	9,143	7,059	2,084	3,544	372
55 years and over	11,039	10,880	159	3,516	3,153	363	391	114
Men, 16 years and over	55,648	54,642	1,006	6,445	5,067	1,378	3,524	554
16 to 19 years	1,125	1,032	93	2,141	1,950	191	406	353
20 years and over	54,523	53,610	913	4,304	3,117	1,187	3,118	202
20 to 24 years	5,939	5,753	186	1,124	838	286	728	79
25 years and over	48,583	47,856	727	3,180	2,279	901	2,389	122
25 to 54 years	41,451	40,818	633	1,708	957	751	2,121	63
55 years and over	7,132	7,038	94	1,472	1,322	150	268	59
Women, 16 years and over	36,857	36,230	627	13,426	11,298	2,128	2,456	784
16 to 19 years	913	858	55	2,266	2,077	189	335	284
	35,945	35,372	573	11,160		1,939	2,120	500
20 years and over					9,221	393		138
20 to 24 years	4,682	4,586	96	1,681	1,288	1	575	363
25 years and over	31,263	30,786	477	9,478	7,932	1,546	1,545	
25 to 54 years55 years and over	27,356 3,907	26,945 3,841	411 66	7,434 2,044	6,101 1,831	1,333	1,422 123	308 55
White	3,507	3,041	60	2,044	1,031	213	123	3.
	40.116	40.066	050	F 007	4.506	1 101	0.607	400
Men, 16 years and over 16 to 19 years	49,116 1,001	48,266 922	850 79	5,637 1,944	4,536 1,789	1,101 155	2,607 302	439 271
20 years and over	48,115	47,344	771	3,693	2,747	946	2,305	169
20 to 24 years	5,188	5,025	163	984	750	234	523	66
25 years and over	42,925	42,318	607	2,708	1,996	712	1,782	102
25 to 54 years	36,488	35,958	530	1,395	800	595	1,574	51
55 years and over	6,437	6,360	77	1,314	1,197	117	208	51
Women, 16 years and over	31,140	30,627	513	12,016	10,290	1,726	1,686	63-
16 to 19 years	821	772	49	2,032	1,878	154	239	229
			1	•				401
20 years and over	30,320 4,111	29,855 4,030	465 81	9,984 1,432	8,412 1,132	1,572 300	1,447 393	87
25 years and over	26,210	25,826	384	8,553	7,281	1,272	1,054	314
25 to 54 years	20,210	25,826	325	6,730	5,623	1,272	963	269
55 years and over	3,388	3,328	60	1,822	1,657	165	91	49
Black								
Men, 16 years and over	4,958	4,848	110	621	392	229	805	100
16 to 19 years	103	91	12	164	133	31	94	70
20 years and over	4,855	4,757	98	457	259	198	710	30
20 to 24 years	615	603	12	102	58	44	186	1.
25 years and over	4,240	4,154	86	354	200	154	525	18
25 to 54 years	3,687	3,615	72	232	96	136	468	1
55 years and over	553	539	14	123	104	19	57	'7
Women, 16 years and over	4,461	4,365	96	1,079	751	328	699	139
6 to 19 years	76	72	4	171	144	27	90	5
0 years and over	4,386	4,293	93	908	607	301	609	86
20 to 24 years	458	4,250	14	206	121	85	174	44
25 years and over	3,928	3,850	78	703	487	216	435	4:
			73			175		
25 to 54 years	3,527	3,454	6	512	337	1	415	36
55 years and over	402	396	0	191	150	41	20	ı ;

Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according

to whether they usually work full or part time.

A-10. Employment status of persons in families by family relationship

(Numbers in thousands)

					May 198	7				
		Civili	an labor for	ce			Not	in labor t	force	
Family relationship				Unem	ployed					
	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
Total, 16 years and over ¹	97,922	66.1	91,763	6,159	6.3	50,214	23,230	7,915	2,268	16,801
Husbands	39.904	78.7	38,463	1,441	3.6	10,816	199	194	900	9.523
With employed wife		91.9	24,446	814	3.2	2,222	79	106	356	1,681
With unemployed wife		93.6	878	128	12.7	69	6	3	14	46
With wife not in labor force		61.5	13,139	500	3.7	8,524	114	85	530	7,796
Wives	28,557	56.3	27,482	1,075	3.8	22,163	18,231	348	356	3,228
With employed husband		65.8	24,446	878	3.5	13,139	11,756	277	102	1,004
With unemployed husband		65.3	814	128	13.6	500	446	10	9	35
With husband not in labor force		21.2	2,222	69	3.0	8,524	6,029	61	245	2,189
Relatives in married-couple families	13,806	64.1	12,112	1,694	12.3	7,744	725	5,247	360	1,411
16 to 19 years	5,322	54.6	4,527	795	14.9	4,434	101	4,075	15	243
20 to 24 years	5,131	77.0	4,549	582	11.3	1,536	135	1,054	51	296
25 years and over	3,353	65.4	3,036	317	9.5	1,774	489	118	294	872
Women who maintain families	6,562	62.1	5,944	617	9.4	4,003	2,850	154	209	790
Relatives in families maintained by women	5,277	58.2	4,332	945	17.9	3,785	807	1,629	305	1,044
16 to 19 years	1,341	46.0	974	367	27.3	1,577	85	1,337	8	147
20 to 24 years	1,642	73.6	1,341	301	18.3	588	142	216	32	197
25 years and over	2,294	58.6	2,017	277	12.1	1,620	580	76	265	700
Men who maintain families	2,092	76.0	1,936	157	7.5	660	44	28	67	520
Relatives in families maintained by men		62.3	1,494	230	13.3	1,044	374	315	71	285
16 to 19 years		52.0	234	78	25.1	288	13	252	1	23
20 to 24 years	492	80.2	425	66	13.5	121	34	47	2	39
25 years and over	921	59.2	835	86	9.3	635	327	16	68	223

Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in families where the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces, and persons in unrelated subfamilies.

NOTE: Estimates shown in this table for husbands, wives, and women

who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

A-11. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		Me	en			Won	nen	
Marital status, race, and age	Thousa pers		•	loyment es	Thousa pers		Unempl rat	
	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987
Total, 16 years and over	4,460	4,078	6.8	6.2	3,698	3,240	7.1	6.1
Married, spouse present	1,758	1,559	4.2	3.7	1,439	1,161	5.1	3.9
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	548	507	8.6	7.5	765	714	7.5	7.0
Single (never married)	2,154	2,013	12.4	11.4	1,494	1,365	11.1	9.9
White, 16 years and over	3,364	3,046	5.9	5.3	2,696	2,317	6.1	5.1
Marned, spouse present	1,429	1,286	3.8	3.4	1,167	952	4.6	3.6
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	396	357	7.5	6.4	544	484	6.6	6.0
Single (never married)	1,539	1,403	10.6	9.5	984	881	9.0	7.9
Black, 16 years and over	939	904	14.6	13.9	901	838	14.3	13.1
Married, spouse present	259	217	8.4	6.9	220	174	9.4	7.3
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	139	141	14.2	14.4	204	212	11.7	11.8
Single (never married)	541	546	22.7	23.1	477	452	21.8	20.5
Total, 25 years and over	2,725	2,512	5.1	4.6	2,213	1,908	5.4	4.5
Married, spouse present	1,620	1,437	4.1	3.6	1,176	941	4.5	3.5
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	503	474	8.3	7.3	692	635	7.1	6.5
Single (never married)	601	601	8.1	7.7	346	331	6.3	5.8
White, 25 years and over	2,093	1,885	4.5	4.0	1,607	1,367	4.6	3.8
Married, spouse present	1,314	1,177	3.7	3.3	942	780	4.1	3.2
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	356	333	7.1	6.3	483	425	6.2	5.5
lingle (never married)	423	374	7.0	5.9	182	162	4.3	3.7
Black, 25 years and over	532	543	10.7	10.6	545	479	11.0	9.4
Married, spouse present	244	205	8.3	6.8	193	130	8.9	5.9
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	135	133	14.3	13.8	194	195	11.4	11.1
Single (never married)	153	205	14.2	17.5	159	155	14.4	13.5

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-12. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

	Thousa pers			ι	Jnemploy	ment rates	3	
Occupation	То	tai	To	tal	M	en	Wor	men
	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987
Total, 16 years and over	8,158	7,318	7.0	6.1	6.8	6.2	7.1	6.1
Managerial and professional specialty	603	627	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.1
Executive, administrative, and managenal	317	362	2.5	2.7	2.2	2.6	3.0	2.9
Professional specialty	286	265	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.1	1.6
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,699	1,539	4.8	4.2	4.1	3.8	5.2	4.4
Technicians and related support	81	109	2.5	3.3	2.4	3.7	2.6	2.8
Sales occupations	706	729	5.1	5.1	4.0	3.6	6.3	6.8
Administrative support, including clerical	912	700	5.0	3.7	5.2	4.3	4.9	3.6
Service occupations	1,378	1,197	8.7	7.3	8.0	7.5	9.1	7.2
Private household	59	52	5.7	5.5	(')	(')	5.9	5.4
Protective service	90	104	4.8	5.2	4.3	4.9	8.4	7.6
Service, except private household and protective	1,228	1,041	9.5	7.8	9.4	8.5	9.5	7.4
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,038	881	7.3	6.1	7.0	6.1	9.6	6.3
Mechanics and repairers	214	198	4.7	4.4	4.6	4.3	5.6	5.8
Construction trades	494	453	9.2	8.3	9.1	8.2	12.6	15.0
Other precision production, craft, and repair	330	230	7.6	5.3	6.9	5.3	9.9	5.4
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	2,024	1,806	10.4	9.4	10.1	9.0	11.5	10.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	899	820	10.1	9.4	8.8	8.0	12.0	11.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	402	315	7.9	6.3	8.1	6.5	6.2	3.4
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	723	671	13.4	12.4	13.6	12.6	12.1	11.8
Construction laborers	187	178	19.2	18.0	18.5	17.5	(')	(')
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	537	493	12.1	11.2	12.4	11.2	11.1	11.2
Farming, forestry, and fishing	290	185	7.3	4.4	6.7	4.0	10.5	6.6
No previous work experience	1,063	1,033					1	
16 to 19 years	1 '	674					1	l
20 to 24 years		230						
25 years and over		129		1	1	I	I	

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-13. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

	Thousa pers	ands of sons			Unemploy	ment rates	s	
Industry	То	tal	To	tal	M	en	Wor	men
	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987
Total, 16 years and over	8,158	7,318	7.0	6.1	6.8	6.2	7.1	6.1
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	6,102	5,436	7.0	6.1	6.9	6.3	7.1	5.9
Mining	139	104	13.8	13.1	14.3	14.3	11.1	5.6
Construction	743	696	12.0	11.2	12.4	11.6	7.9	6.8
Mary food 5								
Manufacturing	1,559	1,341	7.1	6.2	6.0	5.3	9.2	7.9
Durable goods	906	771	6.9	6.0	6.4	5.8	8.4	6.5
Lumber and wood products	67	30	10.1	4.3	10.3	3.1	9.2	11.0
Funiture and fixtures	55	39	8.5	6.2	7.2	6.6	11.4	5.1
Stone, clay, and glass products	44	34	7.2	5.9	8.2	5.9	3.7	5.7
Primary metal industries	73	71	8.7	8.1	9.0	7.5	7.3	11.4
Fabricated metal products	124	105	8.5	7.6	8.3	7.4	9.0	8.1
Machinery, except electrical	181	133	6.9	5.4	7.0	5.6	6.6	4.9
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	134	121	5.8	5.4	3.7	5.3	8.8	5.5
Transportation equipment	140	165	5.2	6.1	4.1	5.6	9.3	8.0
Automobiles	95	117	7.3	9.0	5.5	8.1	13.6	12.7
Other transportation equipment	45	48	3.3	3.4	2.7	3.1	5.6	4.3
Professional and photographic equipment	43	39	5.8	5.6	4.8	5.5	7.1	5.7
Other durable goods industries	44	34	9.0	6.7	7.6	6.8	10.9	6.6
Nondurable goods	653	570	7.3	6.4	5.4	4.3	10.0	9.2
Food and kindred products	179	179	9.7	9.7	5.9	6.9	17.3	14.7
Textile mill products	52	33	6.8	4.2	5.6	2.5	8.1	6.1
Apparel and other textile products	146	150	10.6	11.2	9.8	6.3	10.8	12.7
Paper and allied products	37	27	5.1	3.4	3.8	3.2	9.8	3.7
Printing and publishing	71	82	3.9	4.4	4.4	3.4	3.2	5.8
Chemicals and allied products	71	46	5.8	3.9	4.9	3.2	7.6	5.6
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	66	23	9.1	3.3	6.5	2.1	14.3	5.2
Other nondurable goods industries	32	31	7.9	7.5	4.4	6.6	14.9	9.8
Transportation and public utilities	304	262	5.1	4.2	5.2	4.4	4.8	3.8
Transportation	225	204	6.7	5.7	7.2	5.9	5.3	4.9
Communications and other public utilities	79	59	3.0	2.3	2.2	1.9	4.4	2.9
Wholesale and retail trade	1,753	1,561	7.8	6.8	7.1	6.3	8.5	7.4
Wholesale trade	243	182	5.6	4.1	5.4	3.7	6.2	5.1
Retail trade	1,510	1,379	8.3	7.5	7.7	7.2	8.9	7.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate	230	210	3.4	3.0	3.8	3.1	3.2	2.9
Service industries	1,372	1,260	6.0	5.2	5.7	5.9	6.2	4.8
Professional services	515	426	4.1	3.2	3.0	3.4	4.6	3.1
Other service industries	857	834	8.4	7.8	7.8	7.9	9.0	7.8
Agricultural wage and salary workers	214	128	11.7	6.5	11.2	5.8	13.3	9.2
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers	781	722	2.9	2.6	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.4
No previous work experience	1,063	1,033	-	_	-	-	_	-

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-14. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, and race

Reason for unemployment	To		Men, 20 years and over		Women, 20 years and over		Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		White		Black	
	May	May	May	May	May	May	May	May	May	May	May	May
	1986	1987	1986	1987	1986	1987	1986	1987	1986	1987	1986	1987
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED		Ü										
Total unemployed	8,158	7,318	3,690	3,319	3,022	2,621	1,446	1,378	6,060	5,363	1,840	1,742
	3,983	3,412	2,509	2,155	1,271	1,069	203	187	3,053	2,490	828	820
	1,007	815	637	505	328	277	42	32	845	649	132	152
	2,976	2,597	1,872	1,650	943	792	161	155	2,208	1,841	696	669
Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	898	830	423	399	354	332	121	99	686	699	179	114
	2,219	2,044	611	616	1,165	1,009	443	418	1,598	1,464	537	515
	1,058	1,033	148	148	232	210	678	674	722	710	296	294
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION												
Total unemployed Job losers On layoff Other job losers Job leavers Reentrants New entrants UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	48.8	46.6	68.0	64.9	42.0	40.8	14.1	13.5	50.3	46.4	45.0	47.1
	12.3	11.1	17.3	15.2	10.8	10.6	2.9	2.3	13.9	12.1	7.2	8.7
	36.5	35.5	50.7	49.7	31.2	30.2	11.2	11.2	36.4	34.3	37.8	38.4
	11.0	11.3	11.5	12.0	11.7	12.7	8.4	7.2	11.3	13.0	9.7	6.5
	27.2	27.9	16.5	18.6	38.6	38.5	30.7	30.4	26.4	27.3	29.2	29.5
	13.0	14.1	4.0	4.5	7.7	8.0	46.9	48.9	11.9	13.2	16.1	16.8
Job losers	3.4	2.9	4.1	3.5	2.7	2.2	2.6	2.4	3.0	2.4	6.5	6.4
	.8	.7	.7	.6	.7	.7	1.6	1.3	.7	.7	1.4	.9
	1.9	1.7	1.0	1.0	2.4	2.0	5.7	5.3	1.6	1.4	4.2	4.0
	.9	.9	.2	.2	.5	.4	8.8	8.6	.7	.7	2.3	2.3

A-15. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

				May 1987			
	Total une	mployed		Durat	ion of unemplo	yment	
Reason, sex, and age					1:	5 weeks and o	ver
	Thousands of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over
Total, 16 years and over	7,318	100.0	44.5	24.6	31.0	15.1	15.9
Job losers	3,412	100.0	32.5	26.0	41.5	20.1	21.4
On layoff	815	100.0	50.1	21.5	28.5	18.1	10.4
Other job losers	2.597	100.0	27.0	27.4	45.6	20.7	24.9
Job leavers	830	100.0	49.0	25.6	25.3	11.9	13.4
Reentrants	2,044	100.0	55.0	23.8	25.3	11.1	10.1
New entrants	1,033	100.0	59.6	20.6	19.9	9.1	10.1
Men, 20 years and over	3,319	100.0	34.4	24.8	40.8	18.3	22.4
lob losers	2,155	100.0	29.3	24.6	46.2	20.7	25.5
On layoff	505	100.0	45.7	20.7	33.6	19.7	13.9
Other job losers	1,650	100.0	24.2	25.8	50.0	20.9	29.0
ob leavers	399	100.0	44.4	25.8	29.8	12.6	17.2
Reentrants	616	100.0	43.2	27.0	29.8	14.5	15.2
New entrants	148	100.0	46.5	16.2	37.3	15.8	21.6
Women, 20 years and over	2,621	100.0	47.3	26.1	26.7	14.7	11.9
lob losers	1.069	100.0	36.2	28.6	35.2	19.6	15.6
On layoff	277	100.0	56.0	23.0	21.0	15.9	5.1
Other job losers	792	100.0	29.3	30.5	40.1	20.9	19.2
ob leavers	332	100.0	51.8	26.6	21.6	12.6	9.0
Reentrants	1,009	100.0	55.3	24.1	20.6	11.4	9.2
New entrants	210	100.0	58.0	21.5	20.5	9.0	11.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,378	100.0	63.3	21.1	15.5	8.1	7.5
lob losers	187	100.0	48.9	27.3	23.8	16.5	7.3
On layoff	32	100.0	()	(')	(')	(')	(1)
Other job losers	155	100.0	45.0	28.8	26.2	17.4	8.8
ob leavers	99	100.0	58.4	21.7	19.9	7.0	12.8
Reentrants	418	100.0	71.7	18.1	10.2	5.3	5.0
New entrants	674	100.0	62.9	21.2	15.9	7.6	8.2

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-16. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

		Tot	al			Full-time	workers	
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent di	stribution	Thousands	of persons	Percent distribution	
	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987
Total, 16 years and over	8,158	7,318	100.0	100.0	6,830	5,980	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	3,494	3,255	42.8	44.5	2,708	2,380	39.6	39.8
5 to 14 weeks	2,255	1,798	27.6	24.6	1,906	1,541	27.9	25.8
5 to 10 weeks	1,646	1,320	20.2	18.0	1,358	1,114	19.9	18.6
11 to 14 weeks	608	478	7.5	6.5	547	427	8.0	7.1
15 weeks and over	2,410	2,265	29.5	31.0	2,217	2,059	32.5	34.4
15 to 26 weeks	1,172	1,105	14.4	15.1	1,055	982	15.4	16.4
27 weeks and over	1,237	1,160	15.2	15.9	1,161	1,077	17.0	18.0
27 to 51 weeks	500	502	6.1	6.9	476	463	7.0	7.7
52 weeks and over	737	658	9.0	9.0	686	614	10.0	10.3
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	15.4	15.5			16.8	17.2		
Median duration, in weeks	6.9	6.6			8.0	8.2		

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-17. Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		We	eks	Pe		unemploy roup	yed
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration		ployed than eeks	15 w	ployed reeks over
				May 198	7			May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987
Total, 16 years and over	7,318	3,255	1,798	1,105	1,160	15.5	6.6	42.8	44.5	29.5	31.0
16 to 19 years	1,378	873	291	111	103	8.7	3.9	63.1	63.3	12.7	15.5
20 to 24 years	1,520	768	395	184	173	12.2	4.9	49.6	50.5	22.3	23.5
25 to 34 years	2,056	833	538	355	330	16.1	7.9	37.4	40.5	33.1	33.3
35 to 44 years	1,186	405	295	224	261	20.8	10.5	36.1	34.1	36.3	41.0
45 to 54 years	673	223	162	123	164	21.3	10.8	27.9	33.1	45.5	42.7
55 to 64 years	443	130	104	86	123	22.3	13.0	26.2	29.4	47.3	47.0
65 years and over	62	23	11	22	6	(')	(')	32.5	(')	25.8	(')
Men, 16 years and over	4,078	1,608	992	662	815	18.2	8.7	38.9	39.4	34.4	36.2
16 to 19 years	759	465	169	54	71	9.7	4.1	58.8	61.3	15.2	16.5
20 to 24 years	807	366	202	111	128	14.8	6.6	45.3	45.3	27.1	29.7
25 to 34 years	1,123	389	304	208	220	18.9	9.7	33.5	34.7	38.0	38.2
			144	_				31.2	30.2	42.6	47.8
35 to 44 years	655	198		131	182	24.3	14.0				
45 to 54 years	407	103	101	82	121	24.5	14.9	27.6	25.3	47.9	49.8
55 to 64 years	289 38	75 12	63	59 16	92 2	24.9 (¹)	16.3 (¹)	23.3 (¹)	26.0 (¹)	55.3 (¹)	52.2
		'-			_	''	` '	''	''	` '	` '
Women, 16 years and over	3,240	1,647	806	443	345	12.1	4.9	47.6	50.8	23.7	24.3
16 to 19 years	619	408	123	57	32	7.5	3.8	68.0	65.9	9.9	14.3
20 to 24 years	713	403	193	73	45	9.3	4.4	54.7	56.5	16.5	16.5
25 to 34 years	933	443	234	146	110	12.7	5.7	42.0	47.5	27.2	27.4
35 to 44 years	532	207	152	93	80	16.6	8.3	41.7	38.9	29.2	32.5
45 to 54 years	265	120	61	41	44	16.3	6.4	28.3	45.1	42.3	31.9
55 to 64 years	154	55	41	26	31	17.4	7.7	30.4	36.0	35.5	37.4
	24	11	2	6	4					(')	(')
65 years and over	24	''	-	"	4	(t)	(')	(')	(')	()	
White, 16 years and over	5,363	2,464	1,357	791	750	14.2	6.1	44.0	46.0	28.3	28.7
Men	3,046	1,250	751	498	547	16.9	7.9	40.5	41.0	32.3	34.3
Women	2,317	1,214	606	293	204	10.8	4.8	48.4	52.4	23.3	21.4
Black, 16 years and over	1,742	697	391	275	380	19.4	8.5	38.8	40.0	33.6	37.6
Men	904	301	210	146	246	22.9	10.9	33.2	33.3	41.5	43.4
Women	838	396	180	129	133	15.7	5.8	44.6	47.2	25.4	31.3
Men, 16 years and over:					1						
Married, spouse present	1.559	488	362	329	380	21.6	12.9	33.5	31.3	40.5	45.5
Widowed, divorced, or separated	507	142	156	81	127	21.5	10.9	26.5	28.1	45.1	41.0
Single (never married)	2,013	978	474	252	309	14.6	5.4	46.4	48.6	26.6	27.9
Women, 16 years and over:											
Married, spouse present	1.161	570	290	169	132	12.7	5.3	45.3	49.1	26.5	25.9
Widowed, divorced, or separated	714	280	214	116	105	15.4	7.5	34.6	39.2	31.7	30.8
Single (never married)	1,365	797	302	158	108	10.0	4.3	56.4	58.4	17.0	19.5
	1,505	1 '9'	502	1 '33	1 .00	1 .0.0	1 7.0	1 55.7	55.7		1 .0.0

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-18. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	persons		We	eks	Percent of unemployed in group			
Occupation and industry	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	15 w	ployed veeks over
				May 198	37			May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987
OCCUPATION											
Managerial and professional specialty Technical, sales, and administrative support Service occupations Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers Farming, forestry, and fishing INDUSTRY	627 1,539 1,197 881 1,806 185	254 706 561 318 695 93	187 373 315 226 449 22	87 250 149 156 331 30	99 211 172 180 332 41	15.7 13.9 14.5 18.3 17.8 18.8	7.5 6.4 5.8 9.8 8.6 5.0	42.2 43.6 45.4 36.6 36.6 41.5	40.5 45.8 46.8 36.1 38.5 49.9	31.7 28.0 25.6 36.6 36.9 24.6	29.7 29.9 26.8 38.2 36.7 38.3
Agriculture Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade Finance and service industries Public administration	128 736 1,345 775 570 306 1,574 1,710	71 278 494 240 255 101 692 814 74	20 173 367 231 137 81 451 391 45	17 146 218 123 95 51 231 255 33	21 140 266 181 85 72 201 248 42	14.1 16.9 18.6 21.4 14.9 20.7 13.3 14.9 18.6	4.5 10.0 8.8 10.2 6.3 11.3 6.5 5.8	38.8 34.4 34.6 32.6 37.3 34.3 45.7 43.9 36.8	55.3 37.7 36.7 30.9 44.6 32.9 43.9 47.6 38.1	22.7 39.6 37.3 40.3 33.2 41.7 26.4 28.7 26.6	29.1 38.8 36.0 39.3 31.4 40.4 27.4 29.5 38.5
No previous work experience	1,033	615	212	94	111	11.7	4.2	57.8	59.6	16.4	19.9

Includes wage and salary workers only.

A-19. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, age, race, and jobsearch methods used

					May 1987				
	Thousands	of persons		Methods us	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers		
Sex, age, and race	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used
Total, 16 years and over	7,318	6,297	21.9	6.1	75.4	33.5	17.6	5.6	1.60
16 to 19 years	1,378	1,307	14.5	3.0	83.6	22.7	12.4	4.5	1.41
20 to 24 years	1,520	1,328	19.8	5.4	76.3	34.9	16.6	4.5	1.57
25 to 34 years	2,056	1,739	24.7	6.4	72.9	36.0	19.1	5.2	1.64
35 to 44 years	1,186	974	29.7	10.0	71.6	40.3	19.8	7.5	1.79
45 to 54 years	673	533	24.2	7.1	72.4	38.3	21.4	4.5	1.68
55 to 64 years	443	363	22.0	6.6	69.4	30.9	22.3	9.9	1.61
65 years and over	62	54	(1)	(')	(')	(')	(1)	(')	(')
Men, 16 years and over	4,078	3,430	23.7	6.6	78.0	33.7	19.3	6.3	1.68
16 to 19 years	759	728	16.1	2.6	85.6	24.0	12.5	4.0	1.45
20 to 24 years	l	682	22.1	5.3	79.8	33.7	19.1	4.3	1.64
25 to 34 years	1	941	26.6	7.0	76.0	35.1	22.3	6.1	1.73
35 to 44 years		506	36.4	12.1	72.9	45.1	20.9	9.5	1.97
45 to 54 years		313	21.7	9.9	77.6	37.7	22.0	5.8	1.75
		227	19.4	6.2	67.8	28.6	23.8	13.7	1.59
55 to 64 years		33	(')	(')	(')	(¹)	(')	(')	(')
Women, 16 years and over	3,240	2,867	19.8	5.4	72.3	33.4	15.6	4.7	1.51
16 to 19 years		578	12.5	3.5	81.0	21.1	12.3	5.0	1.35
20 to 24 years		645	17.4	5.6	72.7	36.1	14.0	4.8	1.51
25 to 34 years		798	22.4	5.6	69.3	37.1	15.3	4.3	1.54
35 to 44 years		468	22.4	7.7	70.1	35.3	18.6	5.3	1.59
45 to 54 years		221	27.6	3.2	64.7	38.9	20.4	2.7	1.57
		135	26.7	7.4	72.6	34.8	20.4	3.7	1.65
55 to 64 years									
65 years and over	24	21	(')	(')	(')	(c)	(')	(1)	(1)
White, 16 years and over		4,534	19.6	6.3	75.8	34.9	17.6	5.8	1.60
Men	3,046	2,518	21.3	6.9	78.8	34.0	18.7	7.0	1.67
Women	2,317	2,016	17.5	5.5	72.2	36.1	16.2	4.2	1.52
Black, 16 years and over		1,574	28.4	5.6	75.2	29.9	16.8	4.3	1.60
Men	904	797	31.2	6.1	77.0	32.0	20.5	4.5	1.71
Women	838	777	25.5	5.1	73.4	27.7	13.3	4.1	1.49

A-20. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, reason for unemployment, and jobsearch methods used

					May 1987							
	Thousands	of persons	Methods used as a percent of total jobseekers									
Sex and reason	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used			
Total, 16 years and over	7,318	6,297	21.9	6.1	75.4	33.5	17.6	5.6	1.60			
Job losers'		2,589	28.1	7.1	76.2	36.6	20.4	5.3	1.74			
Job leavers		794	22.9	8.8	70.9	42.1	21.0	3.5	1.69			
Reentrants	2.044	1,906	17.7	5.2	74.9	31.5	14.2	6.5	1.50			
New entrants	1,033	1,007	13.2	2.8	77.8	23.0	14.1	6.2	1.37			
Men, 16 years and over	4,078	3,430	23.7	6.6	78.0	33.7	19.3	6.3	1.68			
Job losers ¹	2.281	1,738	27.4	6.3	78.6	36.4	22.0	6.1	1.77			
Job leavers	453	432	27.3	11.6	74.5	40.3	22.7	3.7	1.80			
Reentrants	863	790	18.9	6.3	77.1	31.5	14.3	8.1	1.56			
New entrants	480	470	14.9	3.8	80.4	21.3	14.5	6.2	1.41			
Women, 16 years and over	3,240	2,867	19.8	5.4	72.3	33.4	15.6	4.7	1.51			
Job losers1	1,130	851	29.6	8.9	71.4	37.0	17.2	3.6	1.68			
Job leavers	377	362	17.7	5.5	66.9	44.2	19.1	3.0	1.56			
Reentrants	1,180	1,118	17.0	4.4	73.2	31.4	14.0	5.2	1.45			
New entrants	552	537	11.5	1.9	75.4	24.6	13.8	6.1	1.33			

¹ Data on the number of jobseekers and the jobsearch methods used exclude persons on layoff.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000. NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

³⁰ days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

³⁰ days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

A-21. Employed civilians in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age and sex

	To	otal	Me	en	Women		
Industry and age	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	M ay 1986	May 1987	
All industries	109,041	112,377	60,729	62,094	48,312	50,283	
16 to 19 years	6,298	6,445	3,317	3,266	2,981	3,179	
16 to 17 years	2,529	2,610	1,378	1,365	1,151	1,245	
18 to 19 years	3,769	3,835	1,939	1,901	1,830	1,934	
20 to 24 years	13,560	13,427	7,132	7,063	6,428	6,364	
25 to 54 years	74,729	77,950	41,777	43,160	32,953	34,791	
25 to 34 years	32,113	33,160	17.993	18,550	14,120	14,610	
35 to 44 years	25,693	27,190	14,197	14,805	11,496	12,385	
45 to 54 years	16,924	17,600	9,587	9.804	7,336	7,796	
55 to 64 years	11,508	11,532	6,718	6,720	4,790	4,812	
55 to 59 years	6,904	6,987	4,015	4,049	2,888	2,937	
60 to 64 years	4,604	4,545	2,703	2,671	1,901	1,874	
65 years and over	2,946	3,023	1,785	1,885	1,161	1,138	
Agriculture	3,347	3,541	2,657	2,807	690	734	
16 to 19 years	313	303	279	259	34	44	
16 to 17 years	165	131	150	109	15	22	
18 to 19 years	147	172	129	150	19	22	
20 to 24 years	404	453	343	389	62	64	
25 to 54 years	1,860	1,972	1,403	1,508	457	464	
25 to 34 years	763	896	610	720	153	177	
35 to 44 years	568	585	398	434	170	152	
45 to 54 years	530	490	395	355	135	135	
55 to 64 years	440	483	341	368	99	115	
55 to 59 years	238	260	182	190	56	70	
60 to 64 years	203	223	159	178	44	45	
65 years and over	328	330	291	283	38	47	
Nonagricultural industries	105,695	108,836	58,072	59,287	47,623	49,549	
16 to 19 years	5,985	6,142	3,038	3,007	2,947	3,135	
16 to 17 years	2,363	2,478	1,228	1,256	1,136	1,223	
18 to 19 years	3,622	3,664	1,810	1,752	1,812	1,912	
20 to 24 years	13,156	12,974	6,789	6,674	6,367	6,300	
25 to 54 years	72,868	75,979	40,374	41,652	32,495	34,327	
25 to 34 years	31,350	32,263	17,382	17,830	13,967	14,433	
35 to 44 years	25,125	26,605	13,799	14,372	11,326	12,233	
45 to 54 years	16,394	17,110	9,192	9,450	7,202	7,660	
55 to 64 years	11,068	11,049	6,377	6,352	4,690	4,697	
55 to 59 years	6,666	6,726	3,833	3,859	2,833	2,867	
60 to 64 years	4,402	4,322	2,544	2,493	1,858	1,830	
65 years and over	2,618	2,693	1,495	1,602	1,123	1,091	

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-22. Employed civilians by occupation, sex, and age

	To	tal		Me	en		Women			
Occupation	16 y and	ears over	16 ye		20 ye		16 ye		20 ye	
	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987
Total	109,041	112,377	60,729	62,094	57,412	58,828	48,312	50,283	45,331	47,104
Managerial and professional specialty	26,478	27,536	15,040	15,255	14,976	15,172	11,437	12,281	11,342	12,169
Executive, administrative, and managerial		13,117	7,986	8,129	7,953	8,090	4,570	4,988	4,531	4,94
Officials and administrators, public administration Other executive, administrative, and managerial		519 9,099	311 5,820	303 5,995	311 5,789	303 5,959	207 2,798	216 3,104	207 2,782	21: 3.07:
Management-related occupations		3,499	1,854	1,831	1,853	1,828	1,564	1,668	1,541	1,65
Professional specialty	13,922	14,418	7,055	7,126	7,023	7,082	6,868	7,292	6,812	7,22
Engineers		1,658	1,584	1,529	1,584	1,530	88	128	86	12
Mathematical and computer scientists Natural scientists		673 365	418 318	461 278	417 318	461 278	213 100	213 87	211 100	21: 8
Health diagnosing occupations		739	611	628	611	628	114	111	114	10
Health assessment and treating occupations			322	286	319	285	1,725	1,849	1,723	1,84
Teachers, college and university		680	419	450	419	447	215	230	216	22 ⁶ 2.73
Teachers, except college and universityLawyers and judges		3,827 723	1,098 499	1,066 571	1,093 500	1,056 571	2,734 124	2,761 152	2,711 124	2,/3
Other professional specialty occupations		3,620	1,787	1,857	1,764	1,826	1,555	1,762	1,527	1,72
Technical, sales, and administrative support		1 '	11,870	12,316	11,309	11,720 1,626	21,865	22,552 1,588	20,241 1,430	20,88 1,56
Technicians and related support Health technologists and technicians		3,234 1,112	1,712 154	1,646 171	1,681 148	1,020	1,452 862	941	859	93
Engineering and science technicians		1,094	930		919	861	196	223	187	22
Technicians, except health, engineering, and science		1,028	628	604	613	595	394	424	384	41
Sales occupations		13,463	6,762 2,332	7,085 2,441	6,396	6,707 2,422	6,372 1,040	6,378 1,060		5,43 1,03
Sales representatives, finance and business services		3,501 2,341	1,291	1,349	2,322 1,278	1,340	968	992	1 ' 1	95
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail		1,583	1,251	1,316	1,243	1,304	274	268		25
Sales workers, retail and personal services			1,864	1,955	1,529	1,617	4,050	4,026		3,14
Sales-related occupations		57	24	25	24 3,232	24	40 14,041	32	34 13,367	3 13,88
Administrative support, including clerical		18,171 659	3,396 266	3,585 275	266	3,388 273	414	14,587 384	414	38
Computer equipment operators		930	264	304	253	288	628	626		59
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists		5,033	104	90		88	4,804	4,942	1 ' 1	4,72
Financial records processing		2,506 937	174 573	225 621	171 560	223 593	2,222 281	2,281 315	2,179 270	2,22 30
Other administrative support, including clerical	7,707	8,107	2,015	2,069			5,692	6,038		5,65
Service occupations			5,679	5,909		4,983	8,834	9,216	7,803 761	8,06 69
Private household			1,560	29 1,638	31 1,523	1,609	934 219	870 248	211	22
Service, except private household and protective			4,078	4,242		3,354	7,680	8,097	6,831	7,14
Food service			1,885	1,991	1,240	1,345	3,287	3,413		. 2,71
Health service			195 1,611	198 1,639		178 1,464	1,606 1,133	1,660 1,209		1,59 1,13
Personal service							1,654	1,815		1,69
Precision production, craft, and repair						12,066		1,151	1,141	1,12
Mechanics and repairers Construction trades			4,205 4,744				_	151 92		15
Other precision production, craft, and repair						3,183				88
Operators, fabricators, and laborers			12,931	12,938		11,907	4,430			4,26
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors					1 *	4,523 3,745	1	3,251 2,776		3,16 2,70
Durable goods			2,536					1,159		1,13
Nondurable goods	. 3,035	3,018	1,423	1,401	1,368					1,57
Nonmanufacturing industries			847	822	1		1	475 404	1	45 39
Transportation and material moving occupations		1 .					1	1		34
Other transportation and material moving occupations				1,155	1,176	1,140	30	51	30	5
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		1 ' -						I .		70
Construction laborers Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers				799 3,137			1	1		68
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,695	4,012	3,120	3,371	2,717	2,980	575	641	543	59
Farm operators and managers	. 1,351	1,399	1,169	1,193	1,154	1,185	182		1	20
Other farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	. 2,344			2,178	1,564	1,796	394	435	365	39

A-23. Employed civilians by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	Тс	tal	M	en	Women		
Occupation and race	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	
TOTAL							
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	109,041 100.0	112,377 100.0	60,729 100.0	62,094 100.0	48,312 100.0	50,283 100.0	
Managerial and professional specialty	24.3	24.5	24.8	24.6	23.7	24.4	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	11.5	11.7	13.2	13.1	9.5	9.9	
Professional specialty	12.8	12.8	11.6	11.5	14.2	14.5	
Technical, sales, and administrative support	30.9	31.0	19.5	19.8	45.3	44.8	
Technicians and related support	2.9 12.0	2.9 12.0	2.8 11.1	2.7 11.4	3.0 13.2	3.2 12.7	
Administrative support, including clerical	16.0	16.2	5.6	5.8	29.1	29.0	
Service occupations	13.3	13.5	9.4	9.5	18.3	18.3	
Private household	.9	.8	.1	(¹)	1.9	1.7	
Protective service	1.6	1.7	2.6	2.6	.5	.5	
Service, except private household and protective	10.8	11.0	6.7	6.8	15.9	16.1	
Precision production, craft, and repair	12.2	12.0	19.9	19.8	2.4	2.3	
Derators, fabricators, and laborers	15.9 7.4	15.5 7.1	21.3 7.9	20.8 7.6	9.2 6.7	8.8 6.5	
Machine operators, assemblers, and irrspectors	4.3	4.2	6.9	6.9	.9	.8	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.3	4.2	6.4	6.3	1.6	1.6	
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3.4	3.6	5.1	5.4	1.2	1.3	
White							
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	95,142 100.0	97,908 100.0	53,632 100.0	54,753 100.0	41,510 100.0	43,156 100.0	
Managerial and professional specialty	25.2	25.5	25.8	25.6	24.5	25.4	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	12.1	12.3	13.9	13.8	9.9	10.5	
Professional specialty	13.1	13.2	12.0	11.8	14.6	14.9	
Technical, sales, and administrative support	31.5 2.9	31.5 2.9	20.0 2.8	20.2 2.7	46.4 3.0	45.9 3.2	
Technicians and related support	12.7	12.6	11.8	2.7 12.1	13.8	13.3	
Administrative support, including clerical	15.9	16.0	5.3	5.4	29.5	29.5	
Service occupations	12.2	12.2	8.3	8.4	17.2	17.0	
Private household	.8	.7	.1	(')	1.7	1.5	
Protective service	1.6	1.5	2.4	2.4	.4	.4	
Service, except private household and protective	9.9	10.0	5.8	6.0	15.1	15.0	
Precision production, craft, and repair	12.6	12.4	20.5	20.5	2.3	2.2	
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	15.0	14.6	20.1 7.5	19.8 7.2	8.4 5.9	8.1 5.8	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6.8 4.2	6.6 4.1	7.5 6.7	6.7	.9	.8	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.0	3.9	5.9	5.9	1.6	1.5	
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3.6	3.8	5.3	5.6	1.3	1.4	
Black							
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	10,872 100.0	11,119 100.0	5,493 100.0	5,580 100.0	5,379 100.0	5,539 100.0	
Managerial and professional specialty	14.9	15.1	12.9	13.3	17.0	16.9	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	6.0	6.4	6.4	6.9	5.7	5.8	
Professional specialty	8.9	8.7	6.5	6.4	11.4	11.0	
Technical, sales, and administrative support	26.8 2.5	26.9 2.2	15.3 1.8	15.5 1.6	38.6 3.2	38.3 2.8	
Sales occupations	7.0	6.6	5.3	4.6	3.2 8.7	2.8 8.6	
Administrative support, including clerical	17.4	18.0	8.2	9.3	26.7	26.8	
Service occupations	22.4	23.6	18.2	19.2	26.7	28.1	
Private household	2.1	1.8	.2	.2	4.1	3.4	
Protective service	2.4	3.2	4.1	5.5	.7	1.0	
Service, except private household and protective	17.9	18.6	14.0	13.5	21.9	23.7	
Precision production, craft, and repair	9.4	8.8	15.7	15.2	2.9	2.4	
Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	24.2 11.5	23.3 10.5	33.9 11.6	32.4 10.7	14.3 11.4	14.1 10.3	
Transportation and material moving occupations	5.7	5.8	10.3	10.7	1.1	1.2	
		, 5.0	,	, ,, ,		1.2	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	7.0	6.9	12.0	11.3	1.9	2.5	

Less than 0.05 percent.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-24. Employed civilians by age, sex, and class of worker

					May 1987				
			Nonagricultura	al industries				Agriculture	
Age and sex		Wage and s	alary workers		0-1	1114	144	0-11	
	Total	Private household workers	Government	Other	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers	Wage and salary workers	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers
Total, 16 years and over	100,475	1,265	16,910	82,301	8,093	268	1,846	1,501	194
6 to 19 years	6,073	290	307	5,477	62	7	228	26	48
16 to 17 years	2,452	205	81	2,167	23	3	95	12	25
18 to 19 years	3,621	85	226	3,310	38	5	134	14	24
0 to 24 years		121	1,150	11,410	274	20	383	55	16
5 to 34 years	30,332	210	4,445	25,678	1,874	57	574	287	35
5 to 44 years	24,053	189	5,167	18,697	2,480	72	267	295	24
5 to 54 years	15,395	156	3,463	11,776	1,657	58	200	265	25
5 to 64 years	9,759	179	2,002	7,578	1,253	37	125	329	30
55 to 59 years	5,959	101	1,260	4,598	744	23	72	171	17
60 to 64 years	3,799	77	742	2,980	509	14	52	157	13
5 years and over	2,184	122	376	1,686	493	16	70	244	16
Men, 16 years and over	53,842	238	8,015	45,589	5,403	42	1,464	1,265	78
6 to 19 years	2,965	102	135	2,728	39	3	194	26	39
16 to 17 years		85	50	1,103	17	_	80	12	18
18 to 19 years		17	85	1,625	21	3	115	14	21
0 to 24 years	1	25	519	5,942	177	11	323	53	13
5 to 34 years		38	2,077	14,503	1,207	5	449	257	14
5 to 44 years	1	20	2,401	10,353	1,593	4	197	232	5
5 to 54 years		11	1.672	6,597	1,162	7	140	213	2
5 to 64 years	1 '	21	1,015	4,439	873	4	102	267	
	1 '	10	656	2,691	502	1	55	135	_
55 to 59 years	1	11	359	1,748	372	3	46	132	_
60 to 64 years 55 years and over	1	21	195	1,028	353	6	59	218	6
Women, 16 years and over	46,634	1,027	8,895	36,712	2,690	226	382	236	116
6 to 19 years	,	188	172	2,749	23	4	34	1	10
16 to 17 years		120	31	1,064	6	2	15	1	7
18 to 19 years	1	68	141	1,685	17	2	19	_	3
0 to 24 years		96	631	5,468	98	8	60	1	3
5 to 34 years		172	2,368	11,175	667	52	125	31	21
5 to 44 years		169	2,766	8.344	887	68	70	63	19
5 to 54 years	1	145	1,791	5,179	496	50	60	52	23
55 to 64 years		158	987	3,179	380	33	23	62	30
55 to 59 years	1	92	603	1,908	242	22	17	37	17
60 to 64 years	1 '	66	384	1,231	137	11	6	26	13
65 years and over		101	181	658	140	;;	10	26	10

A-25. Employed civilians by industry and occupation

(In thousands)

							May 1	987					
		Manager profess speci	sional		ical, sal ministra suppor			rvice pations	Preci-	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		s,	
Industry	Total em- ployed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- gerial	Profes- sional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service ¹	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing
Agriculture	3,541	79	48	18	30	91		18	34	8	55	29	3,131
Mining	718	101	51	23	13	98		4	233	22	133	40	1
Construction	7,426	974	108	41	80	442		32	4,197	94	531	903	24
Manufacturing	20,862	2,210	1,679	709	752	2,407		352	4,010	6,646	829	1,176	92
Durable goods		1,362	1,163	511	330	1,356		187	2,771	3,628	419	529	74
Nondurable goods	8,531	848	516	198	422	1,051		166	1,239	3,018	410	647	18
Transportation and public											1		1
utilities	7,811	888	469	231	328	2,124		269	1,231	106	1,705	449	10
Wholesale and retail trade		1,916	384	110	9,660	2,410		4,423	1,549	278	915	1,651	37
Wholesale trade		466	73	51	1,745	861	ľ	44	345	129	484	366	14
Retail trade	18,757	1,450	311	59	7,915	1,549		4,380	1,204	149	431	1,286	23
Finance, insurance, and	l											1	
real estate		1,868	201	139	1,805		-	276	145	17	18	26	84
Services			10,785	1,781	776		899	7,537	1,784	718	485	389	586
Private households	1,273	3	5	11	2	15	899		10	2	7	14	186
Other service industries		4,017	10,780	1,769	774	6,018	-	7,418	1,774	717	478	374	399
Professional services		2,295	9,662	1,462	107	4,351		4,223	422	141	294	91	111
Public administration	5,250	1,062	694	182	20	1,500		1,315	274	54	43	60	47

¹ Includes protective service, not shown separately.

A-26. Employed civilians with a job but not at work by reason, sex, and pay status

	A indus		Nonagricultural industries									
Posses wat werking and say			To	tal	٧	Wage and sale	ary workers ¹					
Reason not working and sex	May	May 1987			Paid ab	sences	Unpaid a	bsences				
	1986	1307	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987	May 1986	May 1987				
Total, 16 years and over	4,097	4,403	4,029	4,334	1,978	2,082	1,624	1,789				
acation	1,821	1,981	1,797	1,945	1,248	1,345	409	449				
Iness	1,233	1,296	1,217	1,276	513	515	612	665				
ad weather	41	28	30	24	(²)	(*)	(²)	(²)				
ndustrial dispute	18	32	18	32	(2)	(2)	(2)	(²)				
Ill other reasons	985	1,067	967	1,057	218	222	603	675				
Men, 16 years and over	2,072	2,239	2,016	2,200	1,086	1,133	687	789				
acation	966	1,054	953	1,032	713	777	170	162				
ness	675	671	659	665	298	268	305	342				
If other reasons ³	430	513	405	503	75	88	212	285				
Women, 16 years and over	2,025	2,165	2,013	2,134	892	948	937	1,002				
acation	855	927	844	913	534	566	238	287				
ness	557	625	558	611	215	247	309	323				
Il other reasons ³	612	613	610	610	143	134	391	39				

Excludes private household workers.

Pay status not available separately for bad weather and industrial dispute; these categories are included in all other reasons.

³ Includes bad weather and industrial dispute, not shown separately. NOTE: Estimates for "all other reasons" by pay status may be biased because of high response variance; data should be used with caution.

HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-27. Persons at work by hours of work and type of industry

	May 1987											
Hours of work	1	Thousands of po	ersons		Percent distrib	ution						
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries						
Total, 16 years and over	107,974	3,471	104,502	100.0	100.0	100.0						
to 34 hours	24,929	949	23,981	23.1	27.3	22.9						
1 to 4 hours	815	55	760	.8	1.6	.7						
5 to 14 hours	4,679	227	4,452	4.3	6.5	4.3						
15 to 29 hours	12,456	458	11,998	11.5	13.2	11.5						
30 to 34 hours	6,979	209	6,771	6.5	6.0	6.5						
5 hours and over	83,044	2.523	80.522	76.9	72.7	77.1						
35 to 39 hours	7,429	164	7,266	6.9	4.7	7.0						
40 hours	44,136	616	43,520	40.9	17.7	41.6						
41 hours and over	31,479	1,743	29,736	29.2	50.2	28.5						
41 to 48 hours	11,374	275	11,099	10.5	7.9	10.6						
49 to 59 hours	11,437	437	11,001	10.6	12.6	10.5						
60 hours and over	8,668	1,031	7,636	8.0	29.7	7.3						
verage hours, total at work	39.4	45.8	39.1			•						
Average hours, workers on full-time schedules	43.9	54.4	43.6									

A-28. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by reason for working less than 35 hours, type of industry, and usual status

			May	1987		
Barray (a wad ta har than 05 have		All industries	·	Nona	gricultural ind	ustries
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time
Total, 16 years and over	24,929	6,180	18,749	23,981	5,961	18,020
Economic reasons	5,139	1,633	3,506	4,898	1,538	3,360
Slack work	2,156	1,211	945	2,013	1,128	885
Material shortages or repairs to plant and equipment	73	73	_	69	69	· -
New job started during week	281	281		273	273	
Job terminated during week	67	67	-	66	66	-
Could find only part-time work	2,561	-	2,561	2,475	-	2,475
Other reasons	19,791	4,548	15,243	19,083	4,423	14,660
Does not want, or unavailable for, full-time work	12,874	i -	12,874	12,423	-	12,423
Vacation	1,382	1,382	_	1,374	1,374	-
Illness	1,453	1,298	155	1,413	1,276	137
Bad weather	224	224	-	180	180	-
Industrial dispute	2	2		2	2	
Legal or religious holiday	10	10	-	9	9	-
Full time for this job	1,634	_	1.634	1,590	_	1.590
All other reasons	2,210	1,630	580	2,092	1,582	510
Average hours:						
Economic reasons	22.0	24.3	21.0	22.2	24.3	21.2
Other reasons	20.8	26.4	19.1	20.8	26.5	19.1
Worked 30 to 34 hours:						
Economic reasoris	1,622	718	904	1,550	676	874
Other reasons	5.357	2,514	2,843	5,221	2,453	2,768

A-29. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and full- or part-time status

					May 1987	7			
1.1.1.		On part			On full-time	e schedule	s	Average	Average
Industry	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
Total, 16 years and over	104,502	4,898	14,660	84,944	55,208	11,099	18,637	39.1	43.6
Wage and salary workers	96,576	4,396	13,242	78,938	52,601	10,513	15,824	38.9	43.2
Mining	642	23	19	600	337	87	176	44.6	46.1
Construction	5,814	438	267	5,109	3,376	652	1,081	40.8	43.5
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	19,734 11,702 8,032	534 210 323	616 269 347	18,584 11,223 7,362	12,010 7,287 4,722	3,146 1,825 1,322	3,428 2,111 1,318	41.9 42.3 41.3	43.1 43.1 43.1
Transportation and public utilities	7,081 20,647 6,766	247 1,423 134	377 4,962 662	6,457 14,262 5,970	4,303 8,630 4,189	810 2,153 689	1,344 3,479 1,092	41.8 36.6 39.6	43.8 43.9 42.2
Service industries Private households All other industries Public administration	30,874 1,246 29,628 5,018	1,531 212 1,319 66	6,075 603 5,472 265	23,268 431 22,837 4,687	16,231 267 15,964 3,524	2,526 40 2,486 450	4,511 124 4,387 713	37.0 24.8 37.5 40.8	42.9 47.4 42.8 42.3
Self-employed workers	7,658 268	493 9	1,311 107	5,854 152	2,527 81	572 14	2,755 57	41.7 35.5	49.0 46.3

A-30. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by sex, age, race, marital status, and full- or part-time status

				May	1987		_	
_		On part		On f	ull-time sched	dules	Average	Average
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	104,502	4,898	14,660	84,944	55,208	29,736	39.1	43.6
16 to 19 years	5,932	513	3,716	1,703	1,332	371	23.6	40.3
16 to 17 years	2,396	93	2,116	187	147	40	17.0	38.2
18 to 19 years	3,536	419	1,600	1,517	1,186	331	28.1	40.5
20 years and over	98,570	4,385	10,943	83,242	53,877	29,365	40.1	43.6
20 to 24 years	12,558	915	1,928	9,715	6,842	2,873	37.5	42.4
25 years and over	86,013	3,468	9,016	73,529	47,036	26,493	40.4	43.8
25 to 44 years	56,639	2,338	4,969	49,332	30,951	18,381	41.0	43.9
45 to 64 years	26,871	1,038	2,866	22,967	15,231	7,736	40.2	43.6
65 years and over	2,503	93	1,180	1,230	857	373	29.6	42.6
Men, 16 years and over	57,087	2,195	4,357	50,535	29,081	21,454	42.2	45.1
16 to 19 years	2,896	272	1,748	876	658	218	24.4	41.2
16 to 17 years	1,214	56	1,033	125	96	29	18.0	39.5
18 to 19 years	1,683	216	714	753	564	189	29.1	41.4
20 years and over	54,190	1,923	2,609	49,658	28,422	21,236	43.1	45.2
20 to 24 years	6,513	433	758	5,322	3,407	1,915	39.4	43.6
25 years and over	47,677	1,490	1,851	44,336	25,014	19,322	43.6	45.4
25 to 44 years	31,095	1,018	655	29,422	16,066	13,356	44.3	45.6
45 to 64 years	15,102	429	572	14,101	8,417	5,684	43.4	44.9
65 years and over	1,480	43	624	813	531	282	31.7	43.3
Women, 16 years and over	47,415	2,702	10,303	34,410	26,129	8,281	35.5	41.3
16 to 19 years	3,035	241	1,969	825	673	152	22.8	39.3
16 to 17 years	1,182	37	1,083	62	51	11	16.0	(')
18 to 19 years	1,853	203	886	764	623	141	27.1	39.6
20 years and over	44,380	2,462	8,334	33,584	25,455	8,129	36.3	41.4
20 to 24 years	6,045	483	1,170	4,392	3,433	959	35.4	40.9
25 years and over	38,335	1,979	7,165	29,191	22,022	7,169	36.5	41.5
25 to 44 years	25,543	1,320	4,314	19,909	14,882	5,027	36.9	41.5
45 to 64 years	11,770	608	2,295 556	8,867 415	6,816 324	2,051 91	36.3 26.6	41.4 41.3
65 years and over	1,022	51	556	415	324	91	20.0	41.3
RACE								
White, 16 years and over	90,857	3,992	13,265	73,600	46,535	27,065	39.3	43.8 45.4
Women	50,257 40,600	1,799 2,193	3,895 9,369	44,563 29,038	24,858 21,678	19,705 7,360	42.5 35.3	41.5
Black, 16 years and over	10,468	732	1,031	8,705	6,813	1,892	38.0	41.5
Men	5,178	308	341	4,529	3,299	1,230	39.9	42.7
Women	5,289	423	690	4,176	3,514	662	36.1	40.2
MARITAL STATUS								
Men, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present		945	1,265	34,868	19,257	15,611	44.1	45.5
Widowed, divorced, or separated		278	264	5,171	2,971	2,200	43.1	45.5
Single (never married)	14,296	971	2,827	10,498	6,855	3,643	37.0	43.5
Women, 16 years and over:	00 500	1 004	E 004	10.070	14 000	4 440	05.5	41.0
Married, spouse present		1,321	5,981	19,278	14,829	4,449	35.5	41.2
Widowed, divorced, or separated		603	1,115	7,266	5,408	1,858	37.6	41.6
Single (never married)	11,851	779	3,207	7,865	5,891	1,974	33.7	41.4

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-31. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and full- or part-time status

					May 1987	,			
				(On full-tim	e schedule	s		Average
Occupation and sex	Total at work	On part time for economic reasons	On volun- tary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	Average hours, total at work	hours, workers on full- time sched- ules
Total, 16 years and over!	104,028	4,810	14,500	84,718	54,957	11,084	18,677	39.2	43.6
Managerial and professional specialty	26,498	461	2,344	23,693	13,494	2,999	7,200	42.3	45.0
	12,631	141	641	11,850	6,183	1,586	4,081	44.4	45.9
	13,867	320	1,704	11,843	7,311	1,412	3,119	40.4	44.1
Technical, sales, and administrative support Technicians and related support Sales occupations	33,516	1,221	5,965	26,330	18,307	3,156	4,867	37.8	42.6
	3,124	53	364	2,707	1,892	348	467	40.0	42.7
	12,950	637	2,664	9,649	5,117	1,222	3,310	39.1	45.6
Administrative support, including clerical Service occupations Private household	17,443	531	2,937	13,975	11,298	1,587	1,090	36.4	40.5
	14,505	1,409	4,320	8,776	6,467	876	1,433	33.4	42.7
	885	137	420	328	194	37	97	26.3	47.2
Protective service	1,772	49	150	1,573	981	246	346	42.4	45.1
	11,849	1,223	3,751	6,875	5,292	593	991	32.6	42.0
	12,922	637	447	11,837	7,457	1,804	2,576	42.0	43.8
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	16,587	1,081	1,424	14,082	9,232	2,249	2,601	40.1	43.4
	7,610	388	337	6,885	4,882	1,121	882	40.3	42.1
	4,457	237	358	3,863	1,988	640	1,234	43.1	46.6
	4,520	456	729	3,334	2,362	488	485	36.7	42.4
Men, 16 years and over ¹	56,527	2,112	4,168	50,247	28,803	7,171	14,273	42.4	45.1
Managerial and professional specialty	14,749	183	611	13,955	6,881	1,811	5,264	45.3	46.8
	7,837	78	215	7,544	3,383	1,012	3,149	46.4	47.5
	6,913	105	396	6,412	3,498	800	2,114	44.0	45.9
Technical, sales, and administrative support	11,891	233	1,117	10,542	5,717	1,435	3,390	42.5	45.5
	1,606	14	91	1,501	964	191	347	42.3	43.8
	6,858	131	661	6,066	2,635	784	2,646	44.4	47.7
Administrative support, including clerical Service occupations Private household	3,427 5,691 30	87 394 1	365 1,166 15	2,975 4,130 14	2,118 2,816 7	460 517	396 798	38.9 37.2 (²)	41.9 44.0 (²)
Protective serviceService, except private household and protective	1,542	36	87	1,418	856	232	331	43.7	45.5
	4,120	358	1,064	2,698	1,953	284	461	34.9	43.1
	11,834	558	312	10,964	6,788	1,696	2,479	42.4	44.0
Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	12,361	744	963	10,655	6,602	1,711	2,342	41.1	44.3
	4,512	162	134	4,216	2,823	689	704	41.7	43.1
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4,070	201	229	3,640	1,840	605	1,196	44.1	46.8
	3,779	381	600	2,798	1,939	417	443	37.0	42.7
Women, 16 years and over¹ Managerial and professional specialty	47,501 11,749	2,698 277	10,332	9,738	26,155 6,613	3,913 1,188	4,403 1,937	35.5 38.6	41.3
Executive, administrative, and managerial	4,794	63	426	4,306	2,800	575	931	41.0	43.2
	6,954	215	1,308	5,431	3,813	613	1,005	36.9	41.9
	21,625	989	4,848	15,788	12,590	1,721	1,477	35.2	40.7
Technicians and related support Sales occupations Administrative support, including clerical	1,518	39	273	1,205	928	157	120	37.5	41.3
	6,092	505	2,004	3,583	2,482	437	663	33.1	42.2
Service occupations	14,016 8,814 855	1,015 136	2,571 3,153 405	11,000 4,646 314 154	9,180 3,652 188	1,126 359 36	694 635 90	35.8 31.0 26.1	40.1 41.6 46.9 41.5
Service, except private household and protective	230 7,729 1,088	13 865 79	62 2,686 135	4,177 873	125 3,339 669	14 309 108	15 530 96	33.7 31.4 37.5	41.2 41.3
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	4,226	337	461	3,427	2,630	538	259	37.1	40.6
	3,098	226	203	2,669	2,059	432	178	38.1	40.5
	387	36	129	223	149	35	38	32.2	42.1
	741	76	129	536	423	71	42	35.5	40.8

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\circ}}$ Excludes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-32. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

E-males mass of sets to a set	l			19	86						1987		
Employment status and sex	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
TOTAL													
Noninstitutional population ¹	181,998	182,183	182.354	182.525	182.713	182.935	183.114	183.297	183.575	183.738	183,915	184,079	184.259
Labor force ¹											120,958		
Percent of population ²		65.7	65.7	65.6	65.7	65.7	65.8	65.7	65.8	65.9	65.8	65.8	66.1
Total employed ¹	110,852	111,293	111,559	111,764	111,703	111,941	112,183	112,387	112,759	113,122	113,104	113,570	114,173
Employment-population ratio ³	60.9	61.1	61.2	61.2	61.1	61.2	61.3	61.3	61.4	61.6	61.5	61.7	62.0
Resident Armed Forces	1,687	1,680	1,672	1,697	1,716	1,749	1.751	1,750	1,748	1,740	1,736	1,735	1,726
Civilian employed		109,613	109,887	110,067	109,987	110,192	110,432	110,637	111,011	111,382	111,368	111,835	112,447
Agriculture		3,164	3,124	3,057	3,142	3,162	3,215	3,161	3,145	3,236	3,284	3,290	3,335
Nonagricultural industries	106,014	106,449	106,763	107,010	106,845	107,030	107,217	107,476	107,866	108,146	108,084	108,545	109,112
Unemployed	8,422	8,392	8,230	8,057	8,285	8,222	8,243	7,949	8,023	7,967	7,854	7,500	7,546
Unemployment rate ⁴	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.7	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.2	6.2
Not in labor force	62,724	62,498	62,565	62,704	62,725	62,772	62,688	62,961	62,793	62,649	62,957	63,009	62,540
Men	i												
Noninstitutional population ¹	87,195	87,288	87,373	87,460	87,556	87.682	87,773	87.868	88,020	88.099	88,186	88,271	88.361
Labor force ¹		66,937	66,968		67,128	67,130		67,425	67,672	67.764	67.644		67,816
Percent of population ²	76.7	76.7	76.6	,-	76.7	76.6		76.7	76.9	76.9	76.7	76.6	76.7
Total employed ¹	62,201	62,318	62,402		62,528	62,565		62,986		63,335			63.562
Employment-population ratio ³		71.4	71.4	71.4	71.4	71.4	71.6	71.7	71.8	71.9	71.8	71.8	71.9
Resident Armed Forces		1,525	1.518	1.541	1.560	1.590		1.593	1.591	1.584	1.575	1.575	1.566
Civilian employed			60,884		60,968	60,975		61,393	,		61,707	61,842	61.996
Unemployed			4.566		4,600	4,565		4,439		4,429		4,186	4,254
Unemployment rate ⁴			6.8	6.6	6.9	6.8		6.6		6.5		6.2	6.3
Not in labor force	20,341		20,405		20,428				1				20,545
Women										·			
Noninstitutional population ¹	94,803	94.895	94,981	95,065	95,156	95,253	95,341	95,429	95,556	95,639	95,729	95,808	95,898
Labor force ¹				52,910	52,860	53,033			53,110				53,903
Percent of population ²	55.3		55.6		55.6	55.7							56.2
Total employed ¹	48.651			49,281	49,175				49,572				50.611
Employment-population ratio ³			51.8	51.8	51.7	51.8		51.8			52.0		52.8
Resident Armed Forces			154	156	156					156			
Civilian employed					49,019								50,451
Unemployed			3.664	3.629	3,685			3.510					3,292
Unemployment rate ⁴			6.9		7.0			6.6	1	6.6		-,.	
Not in labor force	42.383				42,296					1			41,995
	72,000	75,17	72,100	72,100	12,230	72,220	72,022	12,510	72,770	72,017	1.2,310	12,041	,550

Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

Armed Forces).

NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-32 through A-41 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

² Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.
3 Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.
1 Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

A-33. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status.				19	86						1987		
sex, and age	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	180,311	180,503	180,682	180,828	180,997	181,186	181,363	181,547	181,827	181,998	182,179	182,344	182,533
Civilian labor force	117,587	118,005	118,117	118,124	118,272	118,414	118,675	118,586	119,034	119,349	119,222	119,335	119,993
Percent of population	65.2	65.4	65.4	65.3	65.3	65.4	65.4	65.3	65.5	65.6	65.4	65.4	65.7
Employed	109,165	109,613	109,887	110,067	109,987	110,192	110,432	110,637	111,011	111,382	111,368	111,835	112,447
Employment-population ratio ²	60.5	60.7	60.8	60.9	60.8	60.8	60.9	60.9		61.2	61.1	61.3	
Unemployed	8.422	8,392	8.230	8.057	8.285	8,222	8.243	7.949	8.023	7.967	7.854	7,500	7,546
Unemployment rate	7.2	7.1	7.0	6.8	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.3
Men, 20 years and over						•							
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	78,387	78,484	78,586		78,722	78,802	78,874	78,973			79,303	79,387	79,474
Civilian labor force	61,158	61,330	61,355		61,412	61,409	61,703	61,826	61,948		61,983	61,976	
Percent of population	78.0	78.1	78.1	77.9	78.0	77.9	78.2	78.3	78.3	78.2	78.2	78.1	78.2
Employed	57,338	57,522	57,544	57,585	57,607	57,595	57,883	58,101	58,227	58,325	58,410	58,567	58,721
Employment-population ratio ²	73.1	73.3	73.2	73.2	73.2	73.1	73.4	73.6	73.6	73.6	73.7	73.8	73.9
Agriculture	2,279	2,309	2,275	2,185	2,286	2,297	2,303	2,289	2,254	2,300	2,411	2,411	2,441
Nonagricultural industries	55,059	55,213	55,269	55,400	55,321	55,298	55,580	55,812	55,974	56,024	55,999	56,155	56,280
Unemployed	3,820	3,808	3,811	3,634	3,805	3,814	3,820	3,725	3,720	3,648	3,573	3,409	3,436
Unemployment rate	6.2	6.2	6.2	5.9	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.0	6.0		5.8	5.5	5.5
Not in labor force	17,229	17,154	17,231	17,415	17,310	17,393	17,171	17,147	17,184	17,243	17,320	17,411	17,318
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	87,444	87,547	87,629	87,689	87,779	87,856	87,933	88,016	88,150	88,237	88,321	88,395	88,464
Civilian labor force	48,433	48,739	48,879	48,950	48,920	49,014	49,043	48,923	49,161	49,348	49,355	49,466	49,774
Percent of population	55.4	55.7	55.8	55.8	55.7	55.8	55.8	55.6	55.8	55.9	55.9	56.0	56.3
Employed	45,335	45,657	45,869	45,956	45,905	46,020	46,067	46,058	46,261	46,475	46,498	46,751	47,094
Employment-population ratio ²	51.8	52.2	52.3	52.4	52.3	52.4	52.4	52.3	52.5	52.7	52.6	52.9	53.2
Agriculture	604	583	607	622	614	612	675	621	628	641	589	587	634
Nonagricultural industries	44,731	45,074	45,262	45,334	45,291	45,408	45,392	45,437	45,633	45,835	45,909	46,164	46,460
Unemployed	3,098	3,082	3,010	2,994	3,015	2,994	2,976	2,865	2,900	2,873	2,857	2,715	2,680
Unemployment rate	6.4	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.2	6.1	6.1	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.5	5.4
Not in labor force	39,011	38,808	38,750	38,739	38,859	38,842	38,890	39,093	38,989	38,889	38,966	38,929	38,690
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	14,480	14,472	14,467	14,505	14,496	14,527	14,557	14,558	14,545	14,546	14,555	14,562	
Civilian labor force	7,996	7,936	7,883	7,955	7,940	7,991	7,929	7,837	7,926				1 .
Percent of population	55.2	54.8	54.5	54.8	54.8	55.0	54.5	53.8	54.5	55.2		54.2	55.2
Employed	6,492	6,434	6,474	6,526	6,475	6,577	6,482	6,478	6,524	6,582		6,518	
Employment-population ratio ²	44.8	44.5	44.8	45.0	44.7	45.3	44.5	44.5	44.9			44.8	
Agriculture	268	272	242	250	242	253	237	251	264	295			
Nonagricultural industries	6,224	6,162	6,232	6,276	6,233	6,324	6,245	6,227	6,260	6,287	6,176	6,226	6,372
Unemployed	1,504	1,502	1,409	1,429	1,465	1,414	1,447	1,359	1,402	1,446	1,424	1,376	1,430
Unemployment rate	18.8	18.9	17.9	18.0	18.5	17.7	18.2	17.3	17.7	18.0	18.1	17.4	17.7
Not in labor force	6.484	6,536	6,584	6,550	6,556	6,536	6.628	6.721	6.619	6,518	6,671	6,668	6,532

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
 Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

population.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, age, and				198	36						1987		
Hispanic origin	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
WHITE									'				
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹				155,604 102,122									
Percent of population		65.6	65.6		65.6	65.6		65.7	65.7	65.8	65.7	65.7	66.1
Employed			95,861	96,177	96,000	96,147		96,533	96,717	96,995			
Employment-population ratio ²		61.6	61.6	61.8	61.6	61.7	61.7	61.8	61.9	62.0	62.0	62.1	62.5
Unemployed		6,226	6,154	5,945	6,158	6,150	6,174	5,970	6,029	5,898	5,799	5,554	5,524
Unemployment rate	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.8	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.3
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	53,532	53,651	53,639	53,583	53,727	53,757	54,015	54,172	54,182	54,175	54,107	54,051	54,314
Percent of population	78.4	78.5	78.4	78.2	78.4	78.3		78.8	78.7	78.6	1 '	78.3	
Employed	50,628				50,845	50,845			51,297	51,362			
Employment-population ratio ²		74.2	74.1	74.3	74.2	74.1	74.4	74.6	74.5	74.5		74.6	
Unemployed	2,904	2,889	2.908	2,706	2,882	2,912			2,885	2,813		2,589	2,558
Unemployment rate	5.4	5.4		5.1	5.4	5.4		5.3	5.3	5.2		4.8	
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	41,103	41,424	41,584	41,640	41,547	41,598	41,540	41,514	41,680	41,762	41,828	41,982	42,239
Percent of population	54.8	55.1	55.3		55.2	55.2		55.0	55.2				
Employed					39,365				39,568				40,343
Employment-population ratio ²	51.8	52.2	52.4	52.5	52.3			52.3	52.4	52.6		52.9	53.2
Unemployed	2,249	2,245	2,216	2,174	2,182	2,167	2,141	2,058	2,111	2,028	1,989	1,941	1,895
Unemployment rate	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.1	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									i				
Civilian labor force	6,896	6,871	6,792	6,899	6,884	6,942	6,900	6,817	6,885	6,955	6,862	6,861	7,021
Percent of population	58.1	57.9	57.2	58.1	57.9	58.4	58.0	57.3	57.8	58.4	57.5	57.4	58.7
Employed	5,801	5,779	5,762	5,834	5,790	5,871	5,793	5,791	5,852	5,898	5,795	5,837	5,951
Employment-population ratio ²		48.7	48.5	49.1	48.7	49.4	48.7	48.7	49.2	49.5	48.5	48.9	
Unemployed		1,092	1,030	1,065	1,094	1,071	1,107	1,026	1,033				
Unemployment rate		15.9			15.9				15.0				
Men Women	17.0 14.7	17.1 14.6			16.6 15.1	15.7 15.2		1			1		1 .
BLACK				""			1						
	19,943	10.074	20,002	20,028	20,056	20.089	20,120	20,152	20,187	20,218	20,249	20,279	20,312
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹													
Percent of population					63.1								
Employed										1			
Employment-population ratio ²									54.5				1 '
Unemployed					1,853						1,791	1,653	1,779
Unemployment rate	14.8	14.9	14.2	14.6	14.6	14.3	14.2	13.7	14.3	14.3	13.9	13.0	13.8
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	5,924	5,948	5,939	5,885	5,906	5,932	5,934	5,947	5,986	6,012	5,997	5,980	6,033
Percent of population											, ,		
Employed	5,161	5,157	5,170	5,110	5,116	5,153	5,171	5,244	5,256	5,288	5,305	5,328	5,279
Employment-population ratio ²		65.3	65.3	64.5	64.5	64.8	65.0	65.7			66.1	66.3	65.6
Unemployed			769	775	790	779	763	703	730	724	692	652	
Unemployment rate	12.9	13.3	12.9	13.2	13.4	13.1	12.9	11.8	12.2	12.0	11.5	10.9	12.5
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force		5,848	5,848	5,841	5,872	5,909	5,943	5,907	5,984	6,030	5,987	5,918	5,970
Percent of population	. 59.2	58.8	58.8	58.6	58.8	59.1			59.6	59.9	59.4	58.7	59.1
Employed	. 5,130	5,107	5,141	5,112	5,145	5,178	5,200	5,182	5,221	5,255	5,211	5,238	5,278
Employment-population ratio ²	51.7	51.4	51.6	51.3	51.5	51.8	51.9	51.7	52.0	52.2	51.7	51.9	52.2
Unemployed	. 746					1							

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,				19	86						1987		
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		}						. [
Civilian labor force	921	916	824	827	874	879	842	853	860	915	861	845	857
Percent of population	43.2	42.9	38.7	38.8	40.9	41.1	39.3	39.8	40.1	42.6	40.0	39.2	39.7
Employed	548	554	511	494	538	564	539	542	520	559	537	524	523
Employment-population ratio ²	25.7	26.0	24.0	23.1	25.2	26.3	25.1	25.3	24.2	26.0	24.9	24.3	24.2
Unemployed	373	362	313	333	336	315	303	311	340	356	324	321	334
Unemployment rate	40.5	39.5	38.0	40.3	38.4	35.8	36.0	36.5	39.5	38.9	37.6	38.0	39.0
Men	40.5	39.7	40.5	38.8	38.6	37.8	35.0	36.1	36.5	38.3	36.5	39.3	40.3
Women	40.5	39.4	35.0	41.9	38.3	33.8	37.0	36.9	43.2	39.5	38.8	36.5	37.€
HISPANIC ORIGIN		Í											
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	12,290	12,326	12,362	12.397	12,432	12,469	12,505	12,540	12,653	12,692	12,732	12,770	12.809
Civilian labor force	8,006	8,085	8,121	8,130	8,179	8,200	8,226	8,320	8,431	8,457	8,392	8,484	8,586
Percent of population	65.1	65.6	65.7	65.6	65.8	65.8	65.8	66.3	66.6	66.6	65.9	66.4	67.0
Employed	7,136	7,224	7,269	7,248	7,286	7,345	7,437	7,446	7,538	7,644	7,639	7,701	7,838
Employment-population ratio ²	58.1	58.6	58.8		58.6	58.9	59.5	59.4	59.6	60.2	60.0	60.3	61.2
Unemployed	870	861	852	882	893	855	789	874	893	813	753	783	748
Unemployment rate	10.9	10.6	10.5	10.8	10.9	10.4	9.6	10.5	10.6	9.6	9.0	9.2	8.7

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-35. Employed civillans by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

	ì			19	86						1987		
Category	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
CHARACTERISTIC													
Fotal	109.165	109.613	109.887	110.067	109.987	110.192	110.432	110.637	111.011	111.382	111.368	111.835	112,44
Married men, spouse present			39,634	39,735	39,691	39,780				39,913			40,02
Married women, spouse present				27,388		27,323							28,49
Women who maintain families	5,734	5,719		5,832	5,926	6,016		6,005	5,985	5,906	5,933	5,972	5,92
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER		:											
Agriculture:													ļ
Wage and salary workers	1,489	1,508	1,504	1.509	1,521	1,562	1,582	1,621	1.650	1.647	1.739	1.589	1.69
Self-employed workers		1,492		1,387	1,460	1,451	1,425			1,454	1,418		
Unpaid family workers		163	171	174	159	164	198			126	150		
Nonagricultural industries:	.,,												
Wage and salary workers	98,047	98,314	98,312	98,586	98.692	98.846	98.869	99,164	99,550	99,748	99,834	100,112	100.83
Government		16,377	16,582	16,446		16,264	16,457				16,568		
Private industries			81,730						83,138		83,265	83,628	84,12
Private households		1,267	1,241	1,247	1,229	1,216	1,183	1,189	1,269	1,204	1,227	1,266	1,26
Other industries			80,489	80,893						82,012	82,038	82,362	82,85
Self-employed workers			8,019	7,956		7,993	8,179	8,056	8,192	8,187	8,050	8,117	8,14
Unpaid family workers		236	258	271	275	265	252	239	246	255	273	268	27
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME												:	
All industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	5,825	5,538	5,442	5,471	5,544	5,740	5,563	5.596	5,505	5,780	5,456	5,391	5,28
Slack work			2,473	2,417	2,472	2,481	2,510	2,444	2,473	2,535	2,440	2,322	2,22
Could only find part-time work			2,661	2,741		2,826		2,867	2,695	2,828	2,698	2,746	2,66
Voluntary part time				13,981	13,922	14,178		13,877	14,170	14,061	14,167	13,862	14,57
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	5,569	5,322	5,222	5,269	5,303	5,450	5,319	5,342	5,201	5,459	5,164	5,110	
Slack work				2,283	2,314	2,314				2,340	2,218	2,137	2,07
Could only find part-time work				2,678	2,710	2,739				2,742	2,595		2,59
Voluntary part time				13,606		13,736				13,597	13,682	13,399	14,06

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey

period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-36. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

	1			19	86			Į			1987		
Sex and age	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Total, 16 years and over	109,165	109,613	109,887	110,067	109,987	110,192	110,432	110,637	111,011	111,382	111,368	111,835	112,447
6 to 24 years	20,211	20,250	20,268	20,281	20,163	20,263	20,201	20,093	20,237	20,293	20,113	20,111	20,215
16 to 19 years	6,492	6,434	6,474	6,526	6,475	6,577	6,482	6,478	6,524	6,582	6,460	6,518	6,633
16 to 17 years		2,611	2,605	2,593	2,670	2,714	2,648	2,717	2,713	2,727	2,688	2,619	2,689
18 to 19 years	3,873	3,821	3,830	3,903	3,804	3,877	3,843	3,771	3,816	3,844	3,809	3,876	3,932
20 to 24 years			13,794	13,755	13,688	13,686	13,719	13,615	13,713	13,711	13,652	13,593	13,582
5 years and over	88,916	89,387	89,730	89,792	89,796	89,899	90,221	90,524	90,725	91,104	91,290	91,660	92,257
25 to 54 years	74,464		75,207	75,405	75,582	75,714	75,889	76,247	76,281	76,680	76,844	77,338	77,663
55 years and over	14,352		14,447	14,445	14,269	14,223		14,349	14,450				14,450
Men, 16 years and over	60,668	60,793	60,884	60,942	60,968	60,975	61,241	61,393	61,596	61,751	61,707	61,842	61,996
6 to 24 years	10,496	10,509	10,590	10,567	10,528	10,587	10,546	10,449	10,526	10,608	10,452	10,427	10,369
16 to 19 years		3,271	3,340	3,357	3,361	3,380	3,358	3,292	3,369	3,426	3,297	3,275	3,276
16 to 17 years		1,350	1,357	1,325	1,399	1,391	1,353	1,373	1,395	1,425	1,355	1,336	1,350
18 to 19 years		1,923	1,970	2,005	1,965	2,003	2,009	1,933	1,974	2,000	1,945	1,936	1,919
20 to 24 years			7,250	7,210	7,167	7,207	7,188	7,157	7,156	7,182	7,155	7,152	7,09
5 years and over			50,321	50,393	50,419	50,348	50,705	50,943	51,053	51,207	51,278	51,396	51,64
25 to 54 years				42,050	42,124	42,049		42,485					42,99
55 years and over		8,441	8,402	8,357	8,323	8,329			8,458				8,561
Women, 16 years and over	48,497	48,820	49,003	49,125	49,019	49,217	49,191	49,244	49,415	49,631	49,661	49,993	50,451
16 to 24 years	9,715	9,741	9,678	9,714	9,635	9,676	9,655	9,644	9,711	9,685	9,661	9,683	9,845
16 to 19 years		3,163	3,134	3,169	3,114	3,197	3,124	3,186	3,154	3,155	3,163	3,242	3,357
16 to 17 years	,		1,248	1,268	1,271	1,323			1,318			1,283	1,33
18 to 19 years	1 '		1,860	1,898	1,839	1,874		1,838	1,842			1,940	2,01
20 to 24 years			6,544	6,545	6,521	6,479	6,531	6,458	6,557	6,529	6,498	6,441	6,48
5 years and over				39,399	39,377	39,551	39,516		39,672				40,60
25 to 54 years	32,827			33,355				33,762					34,66
55 years and over	5,890			6,088	5,946								5,88

A-37. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

Say and are				19	86						1987		
Sex and age	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Total, 16 years and over	8,422	8,392	8,230	8,057	8,285	8,222	8,243	7,949	8,023	7,967	7,854	7,500	7,546
16 to 24 years	3,242	3,157	3,071	3,001	3,173	3,022	3,005	2,986	3,045	3,049	2,969	2,901	2,912
16 to 19 years	1,504	1,502	1,409	1,429	1,465	1,414	1,447	1,359	1,402	1,446	1,424	1,376	1,430
16 to 17 years	686	681	642	641	668	647	686	629	683	693	670	623	734
18 to 19 years	816	813	740	787	790	766	768	737	735	765	753	756	696
20 to 24 years	1,738	1,655	1,662	1,572	1,708	1,608	1.558	1.627	1.643	1.603	1.545	1,525	1,482
25 years and over	5,161	5,212	5,148	5.087	5,130	5,197	5,230	4,961	5,024	4,912	4,872	4,588	4,621
25 to 54 years	4,634	4,677	4,584	4,525	4,523	4,597	4,630	4,422	4,552	4,459	4,363	4,079	4,102
55 years and over	556	569	574	561	587	603	571	527	477	452	509	512	548
Men, 16 years and over	4,653	4,619	4,566	4,428	4,600	4,565	4,574	4,439	4,484	4,429	4,362	4,186	4,254
16 to 24 years	1,778	1,699	1,660	1,625	1,761	1,615	1,635	1,623	1,626	1,673	1,589	1,583	1,604
16 to 19 years	833	811	755	794	795	751	754	714	764	781	789	777	818
16 to 17 years	369	337	345	350	373	344	366	325	380	383	344	366	407
18 to 19 years	464	463	395	441	416	409	388	395	401	410	444	411	412
20 to 24 years	945	888	905	831	966	864	881	909	862	892	800	806	786
25 years and over	2,855	2,885	2,896	2,835	2,857	2,945	2,931	2,809	2,901	2,760	2,758	2,597	2,636
25 to 54 years	2,536	2,551	2,548	2,471	2,472	2,558	2,568	2,462	2,578	2,461	2,435	2,276	2,299
55 years and over	344	363	350	356	364	385	361	351	310	293	316	330	363
Women, 16 years and over	3,769	3,773	3,664	3,629	3,685	3,657	3,669	3,510	3,538	3,538	3,492	3,314	3,292
16 to 24 years	1,464	1,458	1,411	1,376	1,412	1,407	1,370	1,363	1,419	1,375	1,380	1,319	1,308
16 to 19 years	671	691	654	635	670	663	693	645	638	665	635	599	612
16 to 17 years	317	344	297	291	295	303	320	304	303	310	326	257	327
18 to 19 years	352	350	345	346	374	357	380	342	334	355	309	345	284
20 to 24 years	793	767	757	741	742	744	677	718	781	710	745	720	696
25 years and over	2,306	2,327	2,252	2,252	2,273	2,252	2,299	2,152	2,124	2,152	2,113	1.991	1,985
25 to 54 years	2,098	2,126	2,036	2,054	2,051	2,039	2,062	1,960	1,974	1,998	1,928	1,803	
55 years and over	212	206	224	205	223	218	210	1,300	167	158	193	183	

A-38. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

Sex and age				19	86						1987		
Sex and age	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
Total, 16 years and over	7.2	7.1	7.0	6.8	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.3
16 to 24 years	13.8	13.5	13.2	12.9	13.6	13.0	12.9	12.9	13.1	13,1	12.9	12.6	12.6
16 to 19 years	18.8	18.9	17.9	18.0	18.5	17.7	18.2	17.3	17.7	18.0	18.1	17.4	17.7
16 to 17 years	20.8	20.7	19.8	19.8	20.0	19.3	20.6	18.8	20.1	20.3	20.0	19.2	21.4
18 to 19 years	17.4	17.5	16.2	16.8	17.2	16.5	16.7	16.3	16.2	16.6	16.5	16.3	15.0
20 to 24 years	11.2	10.7	10.8	10.3	11.1	10.5	10.2	10.7	10.7	10.5	10.2	10.1	9.8
5 years and over	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	4.8	4.8
25 to 54 years	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.4	5.0	5.0
55 years and over	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.7	4.0	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.4	3.4	3.7
Men, 16 years and over	7.1	7.1	7.0	6.8	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.7	6.8	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.4
16 to 24 years	14.5	13.9	13.6	13.3	14.3	13.2	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.6	13.2	13.2	13.4
16 to 19 years	20.0	19.9	18.4	19.1	19.1	18.2	18.3	17.8	18.5	18.6	19.3	19.2	20.0
16 to 17 years	21.3	20.0	20.3	20.9	21.0	19.8	21.3	19.1	21.4	21.2	20.2	21.5	23.2
18 to 19 years	19.1	19.4	16.7	18.0	17.5	17.0	16.2	17.0	16.9	17.0	18.6	17.5	17.7
20 to 24 years	11.7	10.9	11,1	10.3	11.9	10.7	10.9	11.3	10.7	11.1	10.1	10.1	10.0
5 years and over	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.4	5.1	5.1	4.8	4.9
25 to 54 years	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.5	5.7	5.4	5.4	5.0	5.1
55 years and over	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.4	4.1	4.0	3.5	3.3	3.6	3.7	4.1
Women, 16 years and over	7.2	7.2	7.0	6.9	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.2	6.1
16 to 24 years	13.1	13.0	12.7	12.4	12.8	12.7	12.4	12.4	12.7	12.4	12.5	12.0	11.7
16 to 19 years	17.5	17.9	17.3	16.7	17.7	17.2	18.2	16.8	16.8	17.4	16.7	15.6	15.4
16 to 17 years	20.3	21.4	19.2	18.7	18.8	18.6	19.8	18.4	18.7	19.2	19.7	16.7	19.6
18 to 19 years	15.5	15.6	15.6	15.4	16.9	16.0	17.2	15.7	15.3	16.1	14.2	15.1	12.4
20 to 24 years	10.8	10.4	10.4	10.2	10.2	10.3	9.4	10.0	10.6	9.8	10.3	10.1	9.7
5 years and over	5.6	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.7	4.7
25 to 54 years	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.4	5.0	4.9
55 years and over	3.5	3.3	3.6	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.4	2.9	2.7	2.6	3.2	3.0	3.0

A-39. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

•				19	86				į		1987		
Category	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total (all civilian workers)	7.2	7.1	7.0	6.8	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.3
Men, 20 years and over		6.2	6.2	5.9	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.5	5.5
Women, 20 years and over	6.4	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.2	6.1	6.1	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.5	5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	18.8	18.9	17.9	18.0	18.5	17.7	18.2	17.3	17.7°	18.0	18.1	17.4	17.7
White	6.2	6.1	6.0	5.8	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.3
Black and other	13.5	13.5	12.7	13.1	13.1	12.7	12.7	12.3	12.6	12.8	12.5	11.7	12.2
Black	14.8	14.9	14.2	14.6	14.6	14.3	14.2	13.7	14.3	14.3	13.9	13.0	13.8
Hispanic origin	10.9	10.6	10.5	10.8	10.9	10.4	9.6	10.5	10.6	9.6	9.0	9.2	8.7
Married men, spouse present	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.3	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	3.9
Married women, spouse present	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.5	4.4	4.1
Women who maintain families	10.1	10.0	9.5	10.1	9.8	8.9	9.7	9.8	9.8	9.5	9.7	9.3	9.6
Full-time workers	6.9	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.2	5.9	5.9
Part-time workers	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.3	9.3	9.2	9.1	8.8	9.0	8.7	9.2	8.6	8.7
Unemployed 15 weeks and over ¹	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8
Labor force time lost ²	8.2	8.1	7.8	7.7	7.9	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.4	7.3	7.2
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	7.2	7.1	7.1	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.8	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.2	6.3
Mining	13.6	17.3	16.6	16.6	13.9	14.5	14.5	14.1	14.0	12.4	9.3	11.1	12.9
Construction	13.0	12.4	13.0	12.4	12.9	13.8	15.1	13.7	12.2	11.6	12.5	11.9	12.1
Manufacturing	7.4	7.2	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.3	7.1	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.9	6.2	6.4
Durable goods	7.3	7.0	6.7	6.8	6.5	7.2	6.6	6.4	6.8	6.8	6.7	6.2	6.3
Nondurable goods	7.5	7.5	7.2	6.9	7.7	7.3	7.9	7.7	6.8	6.9	7.3	6.2	6.6
Transportation and public utilities	5.3	5.4	5.5	4.8	4.7	5.2	4.4	4.6	4.8	4.0	4.6	4.8	4.4
Wholesale and retail trade	7.9	7.7	7.8	7.5	7.6	7.4	7.2	7.2	7.5	7.2	7.3	7.0	6.9
Finance and service industries	5.5	5.5	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.1	5.2	5.4	4.9	4.7	4.8
Agricultural wage and salary workers	15.3	13.2	11.4	13.3	12.9	11.9	10.1	11.5	11.6	11.2	10.7	9.0	8.7

for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force

Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.
 Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-40. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

				19	86						1987		
Weeks of unemployment	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
DURATION	-								·			ï	
Less than 5 weeks	3,610	3,415	3,399	3,436	3,415	3,418	3,382	3,355	3,416	3,361	3,383	3,143	3,349
5 to 14 weeks	2,671	2,650	2,521	2,407	2,524	2,563	2,613	2,389	2,530	2,477	2,447	2,232	2,118
15 weeks and over	2,232	2,299	2,250	2,272	2,373	2,168	2,217	2,171	2,200	2,131	2,050	2,075	2,101
15 to 26 weeks	1,065	1,038	1,058	1,068	1,110	950	1,045	1,023	1,022	1,008	945	1,025	1,003
27 weeks and over	1,167	1,261	1,192	1,204	1,263	1,218	1,172	1,148	1,178	1,123	1,105	1,049	1,098
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	14.8	15.2	15.1	15.6	15.5	15.2	14.8	15.0	15.0	14.6	14.9	14.9	14.9
Median duration, in weeks	6.8	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.0	6.6	6.6	7.0	6.5
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	42.4	40.8	41.6	42.3	41.1	41.9	41.2	42.4	41.9	42.2	42.9	42.2	44.3
5 to 14 weeks	31.4	31.7	30.9	29.7	30.4	31.5	31.8	30.2	31.1	31.1	31.1	30.0	28.0
15 weeks and over	26.2	27.5	27.5	28.0	28.5	26.6	27.0	27.4	27.0	26.7	26.0	27.9	27.8
15 to 26 weeks	12.5	12.4	12.9	13.2	13.4	11.7	12.7	12.9	12.5	12.7	12.0	13.8	13.2
27 weeks and over	13.7	15.1	14.6	14.8	15.2	14.9	14.3	14.5	14.5	14.1	14.0	14.1	14.5

A-41. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

Possono for unemployment				19	86						1987		
Reasons for unemployment	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers	4,214	4,272	4,063	3,824	4,044	3,984	3,947	3,890	3,971	3,839	3,822	3,732	3,611
On layoff	1,118	1,074	1,078	1,017	1,029	1.072	1.073	1,078	1,118	998	1,011	958	906
Other job losers	3,096	3,198	2,985	2,807	3,015	2,912	2,874	2,812	2,854	2,842	2,811	2,774	2,705
Job leavers	979	1,009	1,025	990	1,041	1,027	1,056	1,036	891	1,046	1,000	923	906
Reentrants	2,200	2,107	2,205	2,199	2,145	2,190	2,119	2,019	2,054	2,042	2,111	1,940	2,018
New entrants	1,046	1,050	989	1,014	1,038	972	1,076	1,015	1,084	1,040	956	911	1,018
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									İ				
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	49.9	50.6	49.1	47.6	48.9	48.7	48.1	48.9	49.6	48.2	48.4	49.7	47.8
On layoff	13.2	12.7	13.0	12.7	12.4	13.1	13.1	13.5	14.0	12.5	12.8	12.8	12.0
Other job losers	36.7	37.9	36.0	35.0	36.5	35.6	35.1	35.3	35.7	35.7	35.6	37.0	35.8
Job leavers	11.6	12.0	12.4	12.3	12.6	12.6	12.9	13.0	11.1	13.1	12.7	12.3	12.0
Reentrants	26.1	25.0	26.6	27.4	25.9	26.8	25.8	25.4	25.7	25.6	26.8	25.8	26.7
New entrants	12.4	12.4	11.9	12.6	12.6	11.9	13.1	12.8	13.6	13.1	12.1	12.1	13.5
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Job losers	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0
Job leavers	.8	.9	.9	.8	.9	.9	.9	.9	.7	.9	.8	.8	.8
Reentrants	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.7
New entrants	.9	.9	.8	.9	.9	.8	.9	.9	.9	.9	.8	.8	.8

B-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1935 to date

				Goods	-producing					Ser	vice-produc	ing			
Year and month	Total	Total private	Total	Mining	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total	Transpor- tation and public utilities	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Federal	Governmer State	Loc
							Anr	nual average	 ∋s			1			
935	27,039	23,558	10,893	897	927	9,069	16,146	2,786	(¹)	(¹)	1,320	3,128	753	(¹)	C
936	29,068	25,400	11,933	946	1,160	9,827	17,135	2,973	(')	(¹)	1,373	3,312	826	(¹)	l C
937	31,011	27,255	12,936	1,015	1,127	10,794	18,075	3,134	()	(!)	1,417	3,503	833	Ó	C.
938	29,194	25,311	11,401	891	1,070	9,440	17,793	2,863	()	(2)	1,410	3,458	829	(t)	
39	30,603	26,608	12,297	854	1,165	10,278	18,306	2,936	(1)	(')	1,447	3,502	905	(1)	(1)
40	32,361	28,159	13,221	925	1,311	10,985	19,140	3,038	l o	(¹)	1,485	3,665	996	(1)	l c
941	36,539	31,877	15,963	957	1,814	13,192	20,574	3,274	1,960	5,251	1,525	3,905	1,340	(1)	l C
942	40,106	34,624	18,470	992	2,198	15,280	21,636	3,460	1,906	5,212	1,509	4,066	2,213	(1)	C
43	42,434	36,356	20,114	925	1,587	17,602	22,320	3,647	1,822	5,160	1,481	4,130	2,905	()	C
44	41,864 40,374	35,822 34,431	19,328	892 836	1,108 1,147	17,328 15,524	22,536 22,867	3,829 3,906	1,845 1,949	5,214 5,365	1,461 1,481	4,145 4,222	2,928 2,808	(¹) (¹)	[C
46	41,652	36,056	17,507 17,248	862	1,683	14,703	24,404	4,061	2,291	6,084	1,675	4,222	2,254	8	6
947	43,857	38,382	18,509	955	2,009	15,545	25,348	4,166	2,471	6,485	1,728	5,025	1,892	6	è
948	44,866	39,216	18,774	994	2,198	15,582	26,092	4,189	2,605	6,687	1,800	5,181	1,863	Ö	ŀċ
49	43,754	37,897	17,565	930	2,194	14,441	26,189	4,001	2,602	6,662	1,828	5,240	1,908	Ö	ÌĈ
50	45,197	20 170	10 506	001	2 264	15 041	26 601	4,034	2 625	6.751	1 000	E 257	1 020	d)	١,
51	45,197	39,170 41,430	18,506 19,959	901 929	2,364 2,637	15,241 16,393	26,691 27,860	4,034	2,635 2,727	6,751 7,015	1,888 1,956	5,357 5,547	1,928 2,302	(†) (†)	0
52	48,793	42,185	20,198	898	2,668	16,632	28,595	4,248	2,812	7,192	2,035	5,699	2,420	ŏ	(
53	50,202	43,556	21,074	866	2,659	17,549	29,128	4,290	2,854	7,393	2,111	5,835	2,305	ŏ	li
54	48,990	42,238	19,751	791	2,646	16,314	29,239	4,084	2,867	7,368	2,200	5,969	2,188	(¹)	(
55	50,641	43,727	20,513	792	2,839	16,882	30,128	4,141	2,926	7,610	2,298	6,240	2,187	()	(
56	52,369	45,091	21,104	822	3,039	17,243	31,266	4,244	3,018	7,840	2,389	6,497	2,209	(1)	
57	52,853	45,239	20,964	828	2,962	17,174	31,889	4,241	3,028	7,858	2,438	6,708	2,217	1,328	4,
58 59 ²	51,324 53,268	43,483 45,186	19,513 20,411	751 732	2,817 3,004	15,945 16,675	31,811 32,857	3,976 4,011	2,980 3,082	7,770 8,045	2,481 2,549	6,765 7,087	2,191 2,233	1,415 1,484	4,
	33,200	45,100	20,411	132	3,004	10,075	32,657	4,011	3,002	0,045	2,548	7,007	2,200	1,404	,
60	54,189	45,836	20,434	712	2,926	16,796	33,755	4,004	3,143	8,248	2,629	7,378	2,270	1,536	4,
61	53,999	45,404	19,857	672	2,859	16,326	34,142	3,903	3,133	8,204	2,688	7,620	2,279	1,607	4,
62	55,549	46,660	20,451	650	2,948	16,853	35,098	3,906	3,198	8,368	2,754	7,982	2,340	1,668	4,
63	56,653	47,429	20,640	635	3,010	16,995	36,013	3,903	3,248	8,530	2,830	8,277	2,358	1,747	5,
64 65 <i>.</i>	58,283 60,765	48,686 50,689	21,005 21,926	634 632	3,097	17,274 18,062	37,278 38,839	3,951 4,036	3,337 3,466	8,823 9,250	2,911 2,977	8,660 9,036	2,348 2,378	1,856 1,996	5, 5,
66	63,901	53,116	23,158	627	3,317	19,214	40,743	4,158	3,597	9,648	3,058	9,498	2,564	2,141	6,
67	65,803	54,413	23,308	613	3,248	19,447	42,495	4,268	3,689	9,917	3,185	10,045	2,719	2,302	6,
68	67,897	56,058	23,737	606	3,350	19,781	44,160	4,318	3,779	10,320	3,337	10,567	2,737	2,442	6
69	70,384	58,189	24,361	619	3,575	20,167	46,023	4,442	3,907	10,798	3,512	11,169	2,758	2,533	6,
70	70,880	58,325	00 570	623	3,588	19,367	47,302	4,515	3,993	11.047	0.645	11,548	2,731	2,664	7,
71	71,214	58,331	23,578 22,935	609	3,704	18,623	48,278	4,476	4,001	11,047 11,351	3,645	11,797	2,696	2,747	7,
72	73,675	60,341	23,668	628	3,889	19,151	50,007	4,541	4,113	11,836	3,908	12,276	2,684	2,859	7
73	76,790	63,058	24,893	642	4,097	20,154	51,897	4,656	4,277	12,329	4,046	12,857	2,663	2,923	8
74	78,265	64,095	24,794	697	4,020	20,077	53,471	4,725	4,433	12,554	4,148	13,441	2,724	3,039	8
75	76,945	62,259	22,600	752	3,525	18,323	54,345	4,542	4,415	12,645	4,185	13,892	2,748	3,179	8
76	79,382	64,511	23,352	779	3,576	18,997	56,030	4,582	4,546	13,209	4,271	14,551	2,733	3,273	8
77	82,471	67,344	24,346	813	3,851	19,682	58,125	4,713	4,708	13,606	4,467	15,303	2,727	3,377	9
76 79	86,697 69,823	71,026 73,876	25,585	851 958	4,229	20,505	61,113	4,923	4,969	14,573	4,724	18,252	2,753	3,474	9
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	00,023	10,010	26,461	830	4,463	21,040	63,363	5,136	5,204	14,989	4,975	17,112	2,773	3,541	. 9
30	90,406	74,166	25,658	1,027	4,346	20,285	64,748	5,146	5,275	15,035	5,160	17,890	2,866	3,610	9
31	91,156	75,126	25,497	1,139	4,188	20,170	65,659	5,165	5,358	15,189	5,298	16,619	2,772	3,640	9
32	89,566	73,729	23,613	1,128	3,905	18,781	65,753	5,082	5,278	15,179	5,341	19,036	2,739	3,640	9
33	90,200	74,330	23,334	952	3,948	18,434	66,866	4,954	5,268	15,613	5,468	19,694	2,774	3,662	. 9
34 35	94,496 97,519	78,472 81,125	24,727 24,859	966 927	4,383 4,673	19,378 19,260	69,769 72,660	5,159 5,238	5,555 5,717	16,545 17,356	5,689 5,955	20,797	2,807 2,875	3,734 3,832	9
6	99,610	82,900	24,681	783	4,904	18,994	74,930	5,244	5,735	17,845	6,297	23,099	2,899	3,888	9
			L				L	L	<u> </u>	L		L	L	L <u> </u>	
						М	onthly data	a, seasonal	ly adjusted	l				_	
36:	00.									.=					
lay	99,389	82,730	24,708	786	4,910	19,012	74,681	5,247	5,749	17,798	6,257	22,971	2,899	3,883	9
Ine	99,323	82,670	24,628	769	4,900	18,959	74,695	5,142	5,712	17,821	6,287	23,080	2,878	3,882	9
uly ugust	99,601 99,772	82,991 83,125	24,628 24,639	764 748	4,924 4,946	18,940 18,945	74,973 75,133	5,237 5,202	5,735 5,736	17,866	6,323	23,202	2,872	3,881 3,881	9
eptember	100,039	83,241	24,639	739	4,948	18,933	75,133	5,255	5,738	17,913 17,939	6,351	23,264 23,317	2,882 2,902	3,890	10
ctober	100,209	83,337	24,611	735	4,942	18,934	75,598	5,251	5,731	17,980	8,395	23,369	2,897	3,907	10
	100,415	83,515	24,630	730	4,946	18,954	75,785	5,278	5,728	18,009	6,418	23,452	2,900	3,915	10
ecember	100,567	83,643	24,630	724	4,936	18,970	75,937	5,286	5,725	18,007	6,451	23,544	2,904	3,927	10
37:	400	00				Ì									
	100,919	83,983	24,708	718	5,034	18,956	76,211	5,304	5,741	18,080	6,480	23,670	2,912	3,929	10,
	101,150	84,215	24,743	719	5,038	18,986	76,407	5,315	5,757	18,140	6,501	23,759	2,916	3,927	10,
	101,329 101,609	84,352 84,570	24,749 24,757	722 730	5,032 5,016	18,995 19,011	76,580 76,852	5,333 5,345	5,766 5,773	18,136	6,526 8,560	23,842 23,926	2,922 2,929	3,930 3,944	10, 10,
	101,609	84,696	24,747	735	4,996	19,011	76,985	5,345	5,773	18,209	6,577	24,022	2,929	3,944	10,
		1 0 7,000	~~,,~~,	, ,,,,	7,000	1 .0,010	. 5,503	J,U	3,700	10,220	0,011	27,022	2,321	1 0,000	, ,,,

Not available. ² Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 benchmark month. ^p = preliminary.

NOTE: In accordance with usual practice, BLS has revised establishment survey data to reflect new benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors. Because of these revisions, unadjusted data (beginning April 1985) and seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1982) differ from those previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987°	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p
Total		99,036	99,815	100,462	101,390	102,164					
Total private		82,092	82,834	83,152	84,038	84,797	66,329	67,012	67,102	67,928	68,612
Mining		804	781	718	723	731	561	542	506	511	517
Metal mining	10	42.5	42.0	42.3	42.2		31.6	31.2	32.0	31.6	
Iron ores		9.2	9.2	8.9	8.9		7.1	7.1	6.8	6.7	
Copper ores	102	10.9	10.9	12.4	12.4		8.3	8.4	9.9	9.8	
Coal mining	11,12	179.8	177.8	163.0	162.1		147.3	145.4	133.0	132.3	
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	12	177.2	175.2	160.6	159.7		145.2	143.3	131.0	130.2	
Oil and gas extraction	13	473.1	448.4	408.5	409.2	411.7	299.4	279.0	262.0	262.9	
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids Oil and gas field services		232.2 240.9	226.7 221.7	204.2 204.3	203.8 205.4	ч	109.7 189.7	106.0 173.0	100.1 161.9	100.2 162.7	
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	108.9	112.3	104.0	109.4		83.0	86.2	78.8	84.4	
Crushed and broken stone		38.2	40.1	36.9	39.8		30.8	32.5	29.2	32.0	ĺ
Sand and gravel Chemical and fertilizer minerals		33.5 18.2	34.7 18.3	30.5 17.7	32.9 17.8		-	-	-	-	
										:	
Construction	•	4,743	4,950	4,599	4,840	5,041	3,696	3,897	3,522	3,747	3,932
General building contractors		1,254.3				1,259.6	921.1	966.4	858.5	881.2	
Residential building construction		636.7	666.0			-	455.6	483.9	427.1	445.2	
Operative builders Nonresidential building construction		55.9 561.7	58.1 578.3			'	29.9 435.6	31.2 451.3	27.3 404.1	27.2 408.8	
Heavy construction contractors	16	770.8	813.7	676.1	751.3		637.3	681.3	552.0	625.6	
Highway and street construction		257.3	292.8		I .		214.2	248.3	177.8		l
Heavy construction, except highway	162	513.5	520.9	452.9	478.8		423.1	433.0	374.2	400.2	
Special trade contractors		2,717.7	2,833.4	1 '			2,138.0	,			
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		601.3	611.1	624.9	1		440.8	449.3	1	460.2	
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating Electrical work		156.3 499.5	163.1 509.7	151.5 518.8	1		128.4 384.5	136.0 394.6			
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		435.7	456.1	446.6	1		373.3	391.9		1	
Carpentering and flooring		165.2	174.2		177.6		125.4	133.8	129.1	136.2	ĺ
Roofing and sheet metal work		196.5	205.9	191.3	203.8		157.7	166.7	149.4	161.6	:
Manufacturing		18,956	18,981	18,897	18,924	18,983	12,864	12,885	12,846	12,876	12,937
Durable goods		11,285	11,286	11,145	11,152	11,182	7,471	7,472	7,382	7,394	7,428
Lumber and wood products		691.1	705.5		722.4	739.5	579.1	593.2			618.9
Logging camps and logging contractors		73.7	77.3		73.1	-	61.0	65.0	61.4		-
Sawmills and planing mills		191.3	193.6				169.3	171.6			
Sawmills and planing mills, general Hardwood dimension and flooring		156.9 31.7	158.6 32.2			t .	139.1 27.8	140.9 . 28.3			
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		237.2					196.0	202.2			1
Millwork		89.9	1			1	72.2	74.9	i		
Wood kitchen cabinets		63.4					51.4	52.6		1	1
Hardwood veneer and plywood		22.9					20.1	20.6			
Softwood veneer and plywood		36.7	1	I .			33.6	34.0		1	
Wood containers	. 244	40.7					34.5	35.2	34.0	34.6	
Wood buildings and mobile homes		70.0	71.3	68.5	71.1		53.5	54.4	51.2	53.8	
Mobile homes	. 2451	48.8				1	39.1	39.4			
Miscellaneous wood products	240	78.2	78.0	80.0	80.3	I	64.8	64.8	66.1	65.9	1

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987º	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p
Durable goods—Continued										-	
Furniture and fixtures	25	495.4	493.6	503.2	504.7	506.3	396.2	394.0	403.4	404.4	404.8
Household furniture		295.1	293.4	302.5	303.9	-	248.2	246.5	255.7	256.8	-
Wood household furniture		131.4	130.9		135.3		114.4	114.1	117.8	118.4	
Upholstered household furniture		91.9	91.4		96.9		76.1	75.6	80.5	80.9	
Metal household furniture		27.8	27.6		28.4		22.9	22.5	23.5	23.4	ĺ
Mattresses and bedsprings		29.9	29.7		30.2		22.9	22.7	22.9	23.0	
Office furniture		64.8	64.9	1	65.6		50.1 20.0	49.8	50.0 21.5	50.0	
Public building and related furniture Partitions and fixtures		70.5	26.4 71.1	71.3	28.1 71.3		51.4	20.0 51.8	51.0	21.5 51.1	
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		38.6			35.8		26.5	25.9	25.2		
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	585.2	593.7	569.9	582.0	590.6	450.0	457.9	438.1	449.8	458.
Flat glass	321	15.6	15.3	15.1	15.2	-	12.2	12.0	11.9	11.9	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	88.5	89.9	87.9	87.6		75.3	76.6	74.8	74.8	ĺ
Glass containers		45.2		1	44.0		40.6	41.1	39.3	1	
Pressed and blown glass, nec		43.3	44.1	44.0	43.6		34.7	35.5	35.5		1
Products of purchased glass		49.8	Į.				34.9	34.9	35.4	1	
Cement, hydraulic		22.7	22.8	1	21.7		17.7	17.7	16.7		
Structural clay products		37.6			37.9		29.1	29.3	29.3		
Pottery and related products	320	36.6	36.8	1	36.2	i	28.8	29.0	28.9	28.9	ì
Concrete block and brick	327	207.9	214.5 19.3		209.4		161.7 12.7	167.7 13.0	152.6 12.8	162.5 13.5	
Concrete products, nec		69.8	71.4	1	68.7		53.5	55.0	50.5	1	i
Ready-mixed concrete		99.6		1	101.2		80.3	84.4	74.4	1	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		114.0	1		109.8		80.5	80.9	78.0		i
Abrasive products		20.7	20.7	1			13.8	13.7	13.7	1	
Asbestos products		9.2		1	9.1		7.0	7.0	7.1	7.1	
Mineral wool	3296	27.2	27.6	24.4	24.7			-			
Primary metal industries		773.5	770.8	742.2	748.3	745.0	587.1	584.5	556.4	563.1	559.4
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		285.9	284.5	267.0	273.8	272.8	220.2	219.5	199.8	206.8	204.
Blast furnaces and steel mills		218.1	216.8		207.8	-	170.5	169.6	151.2		-
Steel pipe and tubes		24.1	23.8		22.7		17.4	17.3	16.4		
Iron and steel foundries		133.9		1	130.3		105.8	105.0	102.2	L	
Gray iron foundries		84.2	83.8		81.7		69.0	68.5	65.6		
Malleable iron foundries Steel foundries, nec		9.3 27.4	9.2 27.6	1	8.5		6.6 20.3	6.5 20.3	6.3 19.7		
Primary nonferrous metals		41.4			26.2 39.6	ļ	29.4	29.1	27.5		1
Primary aluminum		22.8	22.6		22.1		16.7	16.5	15.2		
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		182.5	182.4				130.0	129.8	127.4		
Copper rolling and drawing		23.0			22.9		17.7	17.7	17.8	1	Ì
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	3353	29.5	29.6	27.6	27.6	}	21.6	21.7	20.2	20.3	1
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		77.9	77.5	75.8		<u> </u>	55.3	54.9	53.4		ļ
Nonferrous foundries		87.1 53.5	86.9 53.4		86.2 53.1		70.0 43.6	69.7 43.5	69.2 43.4		
Fabricated metal products		1,436.3	Į		1,417.7	1 422 0				1,049.9	
Metal cans and shipping containers		58.4					50.0		48.2		
Metal cans		47.1	47.0				41.2	41.2	39.7		1
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware	342	136.8					100.7	101.0	98.7		
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades		45.6	45.7	46.6	46.8		33.3	33.4	34.1		1
Hardware, nec	3429	79.0	1	1			59.1	59.3	57.2		
Plumbing and heating, except electric	343	60.6					43.0		43.4		
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		24.5					18.0		18.0		
Heating equipment, except electric Fabricated structural metal products		25.5 433.3			25.4		17.0	17.1 308.2	17.2 299.5		
Fabricated structural metal	3441	79.5		1	429.6 76.0		303.6 56.5	56.3	299.5 53.7	1	1
Metal doors, sash, and trim	3442	88.9			92.1		65.7	69.0	65.8		
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	3443	96.7					60.8	60.0	57.4		1
Sheet metal work	3444	107.3					78.8	80.1	80.9		1
Sheet Hielai WUIK											

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es		Production workers¹					
industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p	
Purable goods—Continued												
Fabricated metal products—Continued	i	İ										
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		93.6	93.2	93.9	94.4		71.4	71.2	72.0	72.1		
Screw machine products		44.4	44.2	44.7	44.9	1	35.9	35.8	36.7	36.6		
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers Metal forgings and stampings		49.2 249.2	49.0 246.0	49.2 240.6	49.5 239.7		35.5 200.6	35.4 197.3	35.3 192.5	35.5 191.6		
Iron and steel forgings		33.2	32.4	31.1	30.9		25.6	24.9	24.0	23.8		
Automotive stampings		107.1	105.9	102.8	101.9		91.9	90.4	87.6	87.0		
Metal stampings, nec		97.8	96.7	96.3	96.3		74.9	73.9	73.3	73.1		
Metal services, nec		109.4	109.7	113.8	113.8		87.9	87.9	91.1	90.9		
Plating and polishing		71.9	72.1	73.4	73.6		58.3	58.2	59.3	59.3		
Metal coating and allied services		37.5 76.2	37.6	40.4	40.2 79.7		29.6	29.7 47.9	31.8 50.4	31.6 50.9		
Ordnance and accessories, nec Ammunition, except for small arms, nec	1	43.5	76.7 43.7	79.3 46.5	46.6		47.6 26.6	26.7	28.7	28.7		
Misc. fabricated metal products		218.8	217.9	209.0	210.2		157.7	156.6	151.6	152.6		
Valves and pipe fittings		81.9	81.2	75.9	76.2		54.3	53.7	50.7	51.0		
Misc. fabricated wire products		52.0	52.2	51.1	51.3		39.4	39.3	38.7	38.8	i	
Machinery, except electrical		2,087.8		2,025.1	2,025.6	2,026.7	1,249.1	1,238.8	1,200.8	1,203.2	1,208	
Engines and turbines		104.7	102.7	99.2	98.7	-	66.4	64.0	62.1	62.0	-	
Turbines and turbine generator sets		33.3 71.4	33.3 69.4	30.6	30.0		17.9 48.5	17.9 46.1	16.2 45.9	15.8 46.2		
Internal combustion engines, nec Farm and garden machinery		97.0	95.1	68.6 99.9	68.7 101.3		66.4	64.9	65.9	67.4		
Farm machinery and equipment		71.1	70.0	71.3	73.1	!	46.0	45.1	43.6	45.5		
Construction and related machinery		233.6	229.5	215.7	215.4		142.8	140.0	126.5	126.3		
Construction machinery	3531	82.5	82.3	78.8	78.4		50.5	50.4	46.0	46.1		
Mining machinery		20.1	20.0	19.5	19.5	1	12.5	12.5	11.6	11.6		
Oil field machinery		52.4	48.5	40.3	40.4		31.7	29.0	23.0	23.0		
Conveyors and conveying equipment	1	29.6	29.7	29.3	29.3		15.7	15.8	15.0 17.8	14.8 17.6		
Industrial trucks and tractors Metalworking machinery		25.4 306.0	25.7 306.1	25.3 299.0	25.3 298.9		17.9 218.0	18.1 218.2	213.5	213.3		
Machine tools, metal cutting types		50.7	50.5	46.4	45.9		32.0	31.7	29.1	28.7		
Machine tools, metal forming types		19.5	19.6	19.2	19.1		11.8	11.9	11.9	11.9		
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		141.7	142.0	142.5	142.4		109.9	110.2	109.2	109.1		
Machine tool accessories		54.7	54.9	52.9	53.6		38.0	38.0	37.2	37.7		
Power driven hand tools		21.7	21.2	21.2	21.2		15.6	15.4	15.6	15.5		
Special industry machinery		161.5	160.6	157.5	157.6 37.4		95.1 22.5	94.6 22.6	93.6 22.8	93.6 22.7		
Food products machinery Textile machinery		37.4 18.3	37.7 18.5	37.6 19.7	19.9	,	12.3	12.3	13.2			
Printing trades machinery		28.1	27.7	26.8	26.7		16.3	16.1	15.7	15.6		
General industrial machinery		256.3	255.3	251.8	251.7		162.7	162.0	160.5	160.7		
Pumps and pumping equipment		45.3	45.1	43.6	43.5		27.0	26.6	25.0			
Ball and roller bearings		44.0		43.1	43.0		32.5	32.8	32.7	32.8		
Air and gas compressors Blowers and fans		22.8		21.6	21.7		13.0 19.1	12.7 19.2	12.2 19.3		1	
Speed changers, drives, and gears		30.3 19.7		30.2 19.5	30.5 20.0		13.5	13.3	13.4			
Power transmission equipment, nec		16.3		16.2	16.3		10.9	11.0	10.6		1	
Office and computing machines		477.0		455.7	454.8		163.9	162.8	147.7	148.7		
Electronic computing equipment		419.7					139.8		123.8			
Refrigeration and service machinery		172.7		173.9	174.4		121.6	122.4	124.1			
Refrigeration and heating equipment Misc. machinery, except electrical		122.7 279.0		124.6 272.4			88.5 212.2	89.5 209.9	1			
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		37.4		1	34.9		30.6			I .		
Machinery, except electrical, nec		241.6				1	181.6		177.8			
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	2,121.8	2,122.0	2,092.6	2,086.5	2,080.9	1,228.4	1,226.7	1,217.1	1,214.7	1,215	
Electric distributing equipment	361	107.8					77.7	77.7	76.8			
Transformers		50.6				1	37.2	37.3	37.4			
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		57.2					40.5	40.4	39.4			
Electrical industrial apparatus		187.1 90.1					130.6 69.7	131.1 70.5				
Industrial controls		61.4			1		36.6			1		
Household appliances		132.6					103.8			1		
Household refrigerators and freezers		28.0	1				22.2					
Household laundry equipment	3633	22.4	22.2	23.4	22.8		17.9					
Electric housewares and fans	3634	33.7	33.5	33.1	34.3	1	25.1	24.8	25.1	25.9	1	

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es		Production workers¹					
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987°	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987°	May 1987	
Durable goods—Continued				·	,							
Electrical and electronic equipment—Continued						,						
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		197.1	196.5	192.5	192.0		142.3	141.9	139.1	138.8		
Electric lamps		27.0	27.3	27.2	27.2		23.2	23.5	23.2	23.2		
Current-carrying wiring devices		78.6	78.6	74.1	74.5		51.6	51.6	48.3	48.8		
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		17.9	17.6	16.7	16.5		12.6	12.4	11.8	11.8		
Residential lighting fixtures		27.5	26.8	27.9	26.9		20.7	20.1	21.3	20.4		
Radio and TV receiving equipment		79.6 62.5	79.7 62.4	79.4 60.7	78.3 60.6		54.6 42.9	54.6 42.6	53.4 40.0	52.5 39.9		
Radio and TV receiving sets Communication equipment		635.6	635.4	617.4	614.6		267.2	266.5	258.5	258.2		
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		130.4	129.7	118.4	116.7]	76.2	75.8	68.3	67.7		
Radio and TV communication equipment		505.2	505.7	499.0	497.9		191.0	190.7	190.2	190.5		
Electronic components and accessories		629.6	629.5	625.1	626.2		347.9	346.8	349.7	350.5		
Electronic tubes		40.1	39.9	38.7	38.6		24.0	23.8	24.1	24.5		
Semiconductors and related devices		266.4	267.7	263.5	263.4		99.3	100.0	102.3	101.7		
Electronic components, nec	3679	252.2	250.9	252.4	253.1		171.6	169.8	170.4	171.0		
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	369	152.4	152.6	151.7	150.4		104.3	104.7	104.9	104.4		
Storage batteries		27.7	27.6	29.1	28.9		21.4	21.4	22.4	22.2		
Engine electrical equipment	3694	65.8	65.9	65.7	65.3		48.6	49.0	50.0	49.6	}	
Transportation equipment	37	2,019.7	2,013.4	2,025.8	2,008.2	2,011.6	1,271.5	1,266.0	1,281.9	1,263.6	1,26	
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	875.5	868.4	857.2	841.1	842.0	676.0	669.6	668.4	651.6	65	
Motor vehicles and car bodies		402.5	396.7	385.7	369.0		300.6	294.8	291.7	274.3	-	
Truck and bus bodies		38.7	38.9	42.0			30.3	30.4	33.1	33.8	1	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		390.3	388.7	384.4	383.7		311.2	310.0	308.7	308.2	1	
Truck trailers		27.8	28.7	28.8	1		21.2	22.4	22.1	22.3	1	
Aircraft and parts		667.3	669.6	689.3			325.6	328.5 144.2	345.9 157.4	343.9 156.6		
Aircraft		332.3 152.2	334.7 152.3	349.9 156.2	1		141.4 77.3	77.4	80.2	80.1		
Aircraft engines and engine parts Aircraft equipment, nec		182.8	182.6	183.2			106.9	106.9	108.3	107.2		
Ship and boat building and repairing		187.4	187.0	186.2	1		140.9	140.7	139.2			
Ship building and repairing		132.1	131.9	128.2	1	1	96.2	96.1	92.2			
Boat building and repairing	3732	55.3	55.1	58.0			44.7	44.6	47.0	48.9	1	
Railroad equipment		29.3	26.9	23.3	1		20.4	18.2	15.5	15.3		
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	376	198.0	199.8	206.4	207.1		66.4	67.0	69.9	70.2	ļ	
Guided missiles and space vehicles	3761	150.0		156.1	156.4		48.8	49.0	50.2	50.9		
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		49.8		51.3	51.9		33.5	33.2	34.7	35.7	l	
Travel trailers and campers	3792	18.9	18.8	20.5	21.1		14.9	14.6	16.0	16.7		
Instruments and related products		711.4	709.2	694.3	693.1	693.1	385.6	384.0	377.2	376.5		
Engineering and scientific instruments		84.2	83.9	83.1	82.9	1	36.5	36.8	37.3	37.3	1	
Measuring and controlling devices		247.5		239.5			136.7	136.1	134.1	133.0	1	
Environmental controls		42.5	42.2	41.2			27.0	26.7	26.0	26.0		
Process control instruments		55.3	55.3	52.0			28.2	28.2	26.9 51.1	26.6 50.5		
Instruments to measure electricity Optical instruments and lenses		106.5		101.3 32.3	100.9 32.3		54.1 16.6	53.5 16.4	51.1 15.7	15.8		
Medical instruments and supplies		179.6		179.1	179.5		108.7	108.9	107.4	107.7		
Surgical and medical instruments		87.1	87.5	85.6			49.7	49.8	49.3	49.3		
Surgical appliances and supplies		78.1		79.4			51.0		50.2			
Ophthalmic goods		38.1		40.9			25.5	25.7	27.5	27.9		
Photographic equipment and supplies	386	117.8		108.0			54.0		47.1	46.8		
Watches, clocks, and watchcases	387	10.9	10.6	11.4	11.2		7.6	7.3	8.1	8.0		
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39	362.4		363.8	363.3		261.5	263.2	264.6			
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		53.8		53.0			36.7	37.2	36.7			
Jewelry, precious metal		37.7		36.9			25.5	25.8	25.3			
Musical instruments		12.2	1	12.5			9.7	10.0	10.2 72.0			
Toys and sporting goods Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		93.8 43.3		96.7			69.2 30.0		72.0 31.6	1		
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		50.5		44.2 52.5			39.2	39.0	40.4			
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies	395	33.1	1	33.1		1	22.3		22.6			
Costume jewelry and notions	396	40.4		42.1	1		30.9		33.0	F .	1	
Costume jewelry		22.7		25.5			17.2	17.3	20.1			
Miscellaneous manufactures		129.1	1		1	1	92.7	91.8	90.1	1		
Signs and advertising displays		56.6					39.8	1	38.4	1		

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es		Production workers¹						
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987°	May 1987°	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Мау 1987 ^р		
Nondurable goods		7,671	7,695	7,752	7,772	7,801	5,393	5,413	5,464	5,482	5,50		
Food and kindred products		1,549.9	1,575.3	1,576.2	1,579.0		1,073.1	1,094.7	1,098.7	1,101.3			
Meat products	201	359.7	367.2	373.5	374.2	-	304.9	311.8	315.9	316.3	-		
Meat packing plants	2011	135.8	137.2	136.0	135.9		113.8	115.0	113.3	113.5			
Sausages and other prepared meats	2013	73.9	75.5	74.7	74.9		54.2	55.8	54.9	54.6	1		
Poultry dressing plants		132.5	137.0	144.2	144.9		121.1	125.2	130.6	131.2	1		
Dairy products		161.0	164.2	162.2	163.7		95.5	98.3	98.2	99.5	1		
Cheese, natural and processed		39.0	39.9	38.2	38.5		29.7	30.5	29.8	30.2			
Fluid milk		83.9	84.7	85.1	85.3		40.9	41.6	42.8	42.8			
Preserved fruits and vegetables		208.2	213.8	214.8	213.3	1	166.9	172.0	172.1	170.6	l		
Canned specialties		23.4	23.8	24.8	24.1		16.6	17.0	17.5	16.7			
Canned fruits and vegetables		65.0 43.9	68.0	66.5	66.5	!	51.1 37.7	54.1 39.0	52.7 36.6	52.8 35.8	Ì		
Frozen fruits and vegetables		120.1	45.7 120.4	42.3 118.6	41.4 118.8		81.4	81.8	81.0	80.7			
Grain mill products Flour and other grain mill products		21.9	21.5	21.7	22.2		14.9	14.5	14.4	14.6			
Prepared feeds, nec		42.8	43.2	41.8	41.9		26.6	26.9	26.6	26.4			
Bakery products		206.8	207.5	208.5	209.0		123.8	124.3	125.3	125.8	l		
Bread, cake, and related products		163.7	165.6	164.0	164.6		89.3	91.0	89.1	89.8			
Cookies and crackers		43.1	41.9	44.5	44.4		34.5	33.3	36.2	36.0	ł		
Sugar and confectionery products		86.9	89.4	92.5	91.9		66.1	68.2	71.2	70.4	l		
Cane and beet sugar		19.6	20.3	22.1	22.7	1	14.9	15.5	16.6	17.0	1		
Confectionery products		49.3	50.7	51.5	50.2		39.4	40.6	42.0	40.8	l		
Fats and oils		34.2	34.0	32.9	32.3		25.2	25.0	24.1	23.6			
Beverages		209.5	213.5	208.3	208.3	l	88.0	90.6	89.0	89.5			
Malt beverages		41.2	41.6	40.0	40.1		25.9	26.4	25.0	25.3			
Bottled and canned soft drinks		124.6	127.1	123.4	123.9		40.4	41.3	40.0	40.3]		
Misc. food and kindred products	209	163.5	165.3	164.9	167.5	ļ	121.3	122.7	121.9	124.9			
Tobacco manufactures	21	56.7	55.7	55.5	53.2	53.5	41.8	40.9	41.6	39.4	39		
Cigarettes		41.9	42.0	40.5	40.0	- 33.3	31.0		30.2	29.8	1		
Totalla milliona di sas	00	700.0	700.4	7004	7044	700.4	604.0	007.0	607.0	600.4	60.		
Textile mill products		700.0	702.1	722.1	724.4	726.4	604.2	1	627.2	629.4	63		
Weaving mills, cotton		102.2	101.1	105.2		-	92.1		94.9 76.7	95.5 76.9			
Weaving mills, synthetics		82.7	83.2	86.1	86.5 17.9	1	73.5 15.0		14.8	14.7			
Weaving and finishing mills, wool Narrow fabric mills		17.9 22.2	17.9 22.2	17.9 22.7			19.1		19.7	19.8			
Knitting mills		203.7	206.3	208.9	1		176.8		183.1	184.2			
Women's hosiery, except socks		35.2	35.1	35.3	l .		31.3	t .	31.5	31.4	1		
Hosiery, nec		35.9					32.0		32.7	32.7			
Knit outerwear mills		67.5	69.1	71.8			59.0		63.7	64.1			
Knit underwear mills		24.0		23.2			19.7		19.6				
Circular knit fabric mills		23.4	1				20.2		21.5				
Textile finishing, except wool		59.5		60.3			49.7		50.7	50.6	:		
Finishing plants, cotton		23.3	23.1	23.6	23.5		19.8	19.7	20.1	19.9)		
Finishing plants, synthetics		22.4	22.1	22.5	22.5		18.1	18.0	18.3	18.3	1		
Floor covering mills		54.7	54.6	57.9	58.2		45.0	44.9	47.1	47.3	1		
Yarn and thread mills	228	102.2	102.8	108.1	108.2		90.5	91.3	97.2				
Yarn mills, except wool	2281	73.9			78.8		66.6	67.1	71.4				
Throwing and winding mills		15.2					13.1		ı				
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	54.9	54.6	55.0	55.0		42.5	42.4	43.0	43.3	'		
Apparel and other textile products	23	1,109.7	1,109.0	1,105.2	1,109.7	1,112.5	933.4	933.7	928.3	933.6	93		
Men's and boys' suits and coats	231	58.8	59.7	57.4	56.9	-	50.6	51.3	49.2	48.7	'\ -		
Men's and boys' furnishings		311.4	312.4			:	269.6	1		1			
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		86.3					74.8						
Men's and boys' separate trousers		56.3					49.2	l .	1				
Men's and boys' work clothing		94.3					82.6						
Women's and misses' outerwear		361.9					301.4						
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		49.9	1			1	41.5						
Women's and misses' dresses		90.5					77.2						
Women's and misses' suits and coats		42.4					34.7						
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	2339	179.1	177.4	181.3	181.5	1	148.0	147.0	151.8	152.3	5		

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es		Production workers¹					
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987°	May 1987°	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^o	May 1987	
Nondurable goods—Continued												
Apparel and other textile products—Continued												
Women's and children's undergarments	. 234	77.3	76.5	71.6	73.7		64.8	63.7	59.0	60.7		
Women's and children's underwear	. 2341	62.2	61.8	57.7	59.8		53.6	52.9	48.9	50.7		
Brassieres and allied garments	2342	15.1	14.7	13.9	13.9		11.2	10.8	10.1	10.0		
Children's outerwear		59.5	60.6	56.8	55.7		50.0	51.1	47.6			
Children's dresses and blouses		25.0	25.2	23.6	23.2		21.9	22.1	20.6	1		
Misc. apparel and accessories		41.0	41.6	41.7	42.1		34.0	34.8	34.9	,		
Misc. fabricated textile products		181.2	180.7	190.4	190.7		148.4	148.6	156.1	157.1		
Curtains and draperies House furnishings, nec		25.4 48.2	25.2 48.5	26.6 50.9	26.7 51.6		20.3 40.8	20.3 41.2	21.4 43.0			
Automotive and apparel trimmings		38.5	38.4	40.2	39.8		32.3	32.3	33.8	l .		
Paper and allied products	26	669.3	671.2	675.0	673.3	674.2	507.4	509.3	512.6	511.1	512	
Paper and pulp mills		193.8	194.9	193.4	192.6		148.7	149.6	147.1	146.3		
Paper mills, except building paper		169.9	170.7	169.3	168.3		129.5	130.2	128.2			
Paperboard mills		53.0	53.1	52.9			40.6	40.5	39.7	39.4		
Misc. converted paper products	. 264	227.2	228.1	231.3	231.4		167.0	167.8	172.4	172.5		
Paper coating and glazing	. 2641	57.4	57.5	58.0	57.8		35.8	35.9	37.2	37.1		
Envelopes	2642	26.5	26.6	27.0	26.9		20.4	20.5	21.2	21.0		
Bags, except textile bags		50.5	50.3	52.3	52.3		39.5	39.2	41.4	41.4		
Paperboard containers and boxes		195.3	195.1	197.4	196.7		151.1	151.4	153.4			
Folding paperboard boxes		42.5	42.4	42.6	42.6	ĺ	33.6	33.7	33.7			
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes Sanitary food containers		104.2 22.1	103.8 22.4	104.8 23.0	103.5 23.4		78.7 18.5	78.5 18.9	79.6 19.7			
Printing and publishing	j	1,450.0	1,450.1	1,486.5	1,493.2	1,493.5	819.2	817.2	832.3	837.0	83	
Newspapers		454.5	455.3	457.0		1,493.3	169.3	170.2	168.3	l .		
Periodicals		113.9	114.1	120.0	119.4		41.9	42.0	42.9	43.4		
Books		110.6	109.9	114.2	1		61.6	60.7	62.5			
Book publishing		81.6	81.2	84.8	86.1		38.4	37.8	39.3			
Book printing		29.0	28.7	29.4	29.7		23.2	22.9	23.2			
Miscellaneous publishing		70.8	70.9	75.9	77.2		38.7	38.3	41.1	41.6		
Commercial printing	. 275	506.3	505.4	522.9	528.2		369.2	367.8	377.5	381.4		
Commercial printing, letterpress		161.2	160.9	165.5	167.3		118.2	117.8	119.7	121.0		
Commercial printing, lithographic		318.7	318.5	329.3	332.5		230.1	229.5	235.3			
Manifold business forms		49.5	49.7	49.0			34.6	34.7	34.3	l .		
Blankbooks and bookbinding Printing trade services		71.5 50.8	71.8 50.8	73.1 52.6	73.6 52.7		57.8 38.1	57.5 38.0	58.8 39.3			
Chemicals and allied products	28	1,022.1	1,018.9	1,015.5	1,016.0	1,019.5	568.4	565.6	569.6	568.5	572	
Industrial inorganic chemicals		136.9	136.6	132.6		1,013.5	69.9	69.7	68.2			
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		90.9	90.8	88.2	1		48.9	49.2	49.4	48.8	i	
Plastics materials and synthetics		167.6	167.2	164.7	165.0		112.7	112.6	110.1	109.9		
Plastics materials and resins	. 2821	74.4	74.5	75.1	75.1		44.9	45.0	44.7		1	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	2824	63.8	63.2	60.9	61.0		45.8	45.5	44.0			
Drugs	. 283	205.1	206.1	208.7	209.6		95.7	96.1	96.8			
Pharmaceutical preparations		163.6	164.1	166.8			75.3	75.4	76.3			
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	284	144.3	144.8	148.9			91.4	91.3	94.1		1	
Soap and other detergents Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	2842.2	41.5	41.7	41.8	41.1		26.4	26.5	26.3			
Toilet preparations	2844	39.0 63.8	39.4 63.7	39.8 67.3			21.4 43.6	21.5 43.3	21.3 46.5			
Paints and allied products	285	63.0	63.7	62.5			30.3	30.7	30.5			
Industrial organic chemicals	286	154.8	154.5	151.4	151.4		80.7	80.9	83.4			
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	30.2	30.2	28.9			20.0	20.0	19.2			
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec		124.6	124.3	122.5	1		60.7	60.9	64.2			
Agricultural chemicals	287	57.6	53.8	54.9			36.0	32.6	34.9			
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	92.8	92.6	91.8	92.2		51.7	51.7	51.6	52.0		
Petroleum and coal products	29	170.8	172.0	162.0		165.8	106.1	107.5	104.0			
Petroleum refining		133.0	132.6	124.7	124.6	-	79.5	79.4	78.2	l .		
Paving and roofing materials	. 295	26.2	27.7	25.9	27.5		19.9	21.3	19.3	21.0	1	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es		Production workers ¹					
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987°	
Nondurable goods—Continued												
Rubber and misc. plastics products		788.9	788.2	807.6	811.5	810.4	612.7	612.0	628.0	631.6	631.0	
Tires and inner tubes		89.5	87.5	86.5	86.6	-	64.5	63.4	63.0	63.3	-	
Rubber and plastics footwearReclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	. 302	10.9	10.6	10.3	10.4		9.3	9.0	8.4	8.5		
and belting	303.4	21.8	21.8	21.8	21.9		14.9	14.7	15.8	15.8		
Fabricated rubber products, nec		103.8	102.9	103.9	104.0		79.8	79.0	80.0	79.9		
Miscellaneous plastics products	. 307	562.9	565.4	585.1	588.6		444.2	445.9	460.8	464.1		
Leather and leather products	. 31	153.1	152.3	146.4	148.2	149.0	126.5	125.3	121.7	123.8	124.5	
Leather tanning and finishing		14.2	14.3	13.8	14.1	-	11.8	11.8	11.4	11.6		
Footwear, except rubber		91.7	91.2	84.8	86.1		77.4	76.8	72.6	74.0		
Men's footwear, except athletic		40.4	40.3	37.5	37.9		32.5	32.2	30.1	30.7		
Women's footwear, except athletic		32.4	32.1	31.0	i		28.4	28.2	27.2	27.6		
Luggage		11.0	11.0	10.6	11.1		7.9	8.0	7.6	7.9	ļ	
Handbags and personal leather goods	. 317	19.1	18.4	18.9	18.3	i	15.3	14.6	15.2	15.0		
Fransportation and public utilities		5,210	5,252	5,275	5,311	5,349	4,296	4,339	4,366	4,396	4,431	
Transportation		2,997	3,033	3,065	3,098	3,131						
Railroad transportation	. 40	334.6	337.5	300.5	308.5					l	!	
Class I railroads ²		297.9	300.4	265.7	273.0							
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	294.6	301.0	291.0	289.8		273.2	278.8	269.7	268.5	1	
Local and suburban transportation	411	97.3	97.8	99.8	99.6		89.7	90.1	91.2	91.1		
Taxicabs		36.2	35.9	35.9	35.5		-	-	_	_]	
Intercity highway transportation		32.9	34.2	30.9	31.1		29.7	31.0	27.9	28.2		
School buses		106.9	110.2	100.8	99.8		-	-	-	-	l	
Trucking and warehousing		1,344.2						1,179.0				
Trucking and trucking terminals Public warehousing		1,250.1 94.1	1,263.3 93.9	1,298.4 100.9	1,314.3 100.9		1,088.6 79.0	1,100.5 78.5	1,129.0 84.5	1,143.3 84.2		
Water transportation	44	170.7	176.7	164.7	171.5						ļ	
Local water transportation		25.3	27.0	24.7	26.1					:		
Water transportation services		91.7	95.6	90.1	94.0							
Transportation by air	45	551.1	559.7	595.9	597.2		1					
Air transportation		485.9	494.0	527.7	529.1							
Air transportation services	458	65.2	65.7	68.2	68.1							
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	18.0	17.9	17.6	17.5		13.1	13.1	12.7	12.7		
Transportation services	47	283.4	282.9	295.8	298.6							
Freight forwarding	471	61.6	61.9	69.4	70.0							
Communication and public utilities		2,213		2,210					-			
Communication	1 -		1,296.8				993.3		977.8		l	
Telephone communication		900.7		885.5	885.2 236.2		675.0 194.3	674.9 195.1	655.6 193.9			
Radio and television broadcastingRadio broadcasting		237.2	238.3 113.2	236.4 112.8			194.3	193.1	155.5	- 135.0		
Television broadcasting		124.5		123.6			}					
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	19	916.2	922.4	924.7	927.4		728.4	734.6	732.7	734.3		
Electric, gas, and samitary services		449.4		453.6			347.6	1	347.2			
Gas production and distribution		166.2	1	1	1		130.4		130.8			
Combination utility services	493	205.2					169.2	1	168.0	1		
Sanitary services		69.2					59.8	61.0	64.8	66.0		
Wholesale trade		5,721	5,742	5,725	5,749	5,776	4,591	4,606	4,575	4,597	4,619	
Durable goods	50	3,382	3,389	3,380	3,390	3,407	2,693	2,696	2,672	2,682		
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		429.6					343.8					
	1			1 444 6		1	1	1	1	1	l	
Automobiles and other motor vehicles Automotive parts and supplies		110.5	110.1	111.0	111.4 289.5		-	ì -	-	_		

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		Production workers ¹								
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ⁹	May 1987
Wholesale trade—Continued											
Durable goods—Continued									i		
Furniture and home furnishings		130.6		1	1		104.9	105.2	109.1	109.1	
Furniture		57.6					-	-	-	-	
Home furnishings		73.0			76.6	1					İ
Lumber and construction materials Lumber, plywood, and millwork		221.3					181.9	184.5	184.0	185.5	
Construction materials, nec		98.8	1	I .			-	_	_	_	
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		80.7	81.2			,	66.4	67.1	65.2	65.5	
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		134.4					106.0		102.8	102.8	ļ
Electrical goods		493.0		I .			378.9		371.7	373.8	
Electrical apparatus and equipment	5063	272.6	272.1	268.7	268.6		-	_	_	-	1
Electrical appliances, TV and radios		70.7	1	72.8	73.5			i		ĺ	l
Electronic parts and equipment		149.7					-			-	
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		254.1	256.3				203.4	205.1	208.6	209.8	
Hardware		86.5		I .			-	-	-	_	
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies		105.6 1,447.1				1	1 154 0	1 159 7	1.132.7	1 125 7	
Commercial machines and equipment		527.3		,		1	1,154.2	1,153.7	1,132./	1,135.7	1
Construction and mining machinery		80.3	1					_	_	-	
Farm machinery and equipment	5083	118.8	1	1		1					1
Industrial machinery and equipment	5084	310.7		1	294.5			ĺ			ĺ
Industrial supplies	5085	128.9	129.5	128.9							
Professional equipment and supplies	5086	174.7	174.6	174.2	173.8		-	-	_	-	
Miscellaneous durable goods		191.3		191.7	191.9		153.5	154.4	152.3	153.2	
Scrap and waste materials	5093	87.9	87.9	87.5	87.4		-	-	-	-	
Nondurable goods		2,339	2,353	2,345	2,359	2,369	1,898	1,910	1,903	1,915	
Paper and paper products		190.1		E .			154.6		155.8	156.3	
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	512	167.2		1		1	139.0		143.1	143.9	
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	513	188.6		1		1	140.2	1	143.8	143.6	
Groceries and related products		750.1	759.4				635.3	645.1	636.6	637.2	ļ
Groceries, general line Meats and meat products		241.3		1	I .	1	_	_	_	-	l
Fresh fruits and vegetables		94.6		1			_	۱ _	_	_	
Chemicals and allied products		129.2					93.5	93.5	95.4	96.2	i
Petroleum and petroleum products		199.6					154.4	155.0	149.8	150.7	
Petroleum bulk stations and terminals	5171	82.4		1			_	-	-	-	1
Petroleum products, nec	5172	117.2	117.7	114.9	115.4		-	-	-	-	ĺ
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		148.3	149.7	150.4	151.9		122.2	123.4	123.6	125.1	
Beer and ale		92.4		94.4	95.5		-	-	-	-	
Wines and distilled beverages		55.9	_					-	-		
Miscellaneous nondurable goods Farm supplies	519	437.6		434.9			354.3	356.8	352.0	359.0	
		152.7	153.8	143.6	150.6		_	-	-	_	
Retail trade		17,556	17,799	17,737	18,009	18,223	15,611	15,848	15,745	16,000	16,19
Building materials and garden supplies	52	704.1	722.7	695.2			593.4		574.6		
Lumber and other building materials Hardware stores		370.2 156.6			383.6 158.3	3	314.6 132.0		316.2 129.4	324.3 131.4	
,		1			ļ	1	1				
General merchandise stores		2,267.6			2,296.4	2,315.2		2,151.6			
Department stores Variety stores		1,895.4 233.9		1,902.9 237.1	1,915.7 240.6	-	1,800.9	1,815.3 215.5	1,804.7 214.9	1,816.7 218.6	
Misc. general merchandise stores		138.3	1	l .			118.8		119.4	121.2	
Food stores	54	2,824.1	2,846.4	2,906.0	2,921.5	2,941.5	2,607.8	2,630.1	2,678.9	2,690.6	
Grocery stores			2,502.1		2,560.9			2,324.5			
Meat markets and freezer provisioners		58.0		58.7	59.6				_,		
Dairy products stores	545	32.7		34.5			-	_	-	_	
Retail bakeries		158.1	159.4			Į.	142.5	144.4	147.1	149.3	
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	1,922.3	1,939.7	1,958.8	1,972.8	1,988.2	1,607.2	1,624.0	1,641.5	1,653.6	
New and used car dealers		938.4			961.9	-	780.8		797.5	799.5	
Auto and home supply stores		303.8		1		1	243.9	248.3	245.6	250.3	
Gasoline service stations	554	587.9	594.2	601.1	603.3	1	508.0	515.1	524.0	525.6	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		AII	employe	es	Production workers ¹					
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 [₽]	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987°
Retail trade—Continued											
Apparel and accessory stores		1,047.4	1,047.6	1,081.1	1,093.2		882.9	883.0	912.3	922.2	
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings	561	106.8	106.7	106.4	106.6		88.7	88.6	87.0	86.5	
Women's ready-to-wear stores	562	381.7	383.2	386.8	389.4	i Ì	324.7	326.2	329.3	330.6	
Family clothing stores	565	227.5	229.6	238.6	239.5		196.6	198.6	205.1	206.7	
Shoe stores	566	204.6	201.0	204.5	214.0		165.0	161.4	165.1	173.9	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	758.6	762.7	785.0	787.9		630.1	633.6	650.5	653.3	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	420.8	424.3	441.8	443.8	i i	346.2	349.2	362.9	364.9	1
Furniture stores	5712	264.9	266.6	279.8	280.0		-	-	-	-	
Household appliance stores	572	87.4	87.0	87.5	87.0		74.4	74.5	74.7	74.4	
Radio, television, and music stores	573	250.4	251.4	255.7	257.1		209.5	209.9	212.9	214.0	
Radio and television stores	5732	164.6	185.7	190.2	189.8		_	- 1	-	-	
Music stores	5733	65.8	65.7	65.5	67.3						
Eating and drinking places	58	5,836.1	5,971.2	5,789.3	5,959.7	6,088.7	5,300.3	5,432.0	5,263.0	5,429.7	
Miscellaneous retail	59	2.196.0	2.221.9	2,243.1	2,255.3		1,858.6	1,883.7	1,885.1	1,894.0	
Drug stores and proprietary stores		555.6	557.8	582.5	580.1		474.5		493.7	492.1	١
Liquor stores		124.3	124.6	124.3			_	_	-	_	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		716.2	718.9				598.1	601.1	609.7	613.7	l
Sporting goods and bicycle shops		121.8	121.7	127.4			-	_	_	-	1
Book stores		74.1	72.0			i '					
Stationery stores		74.6	74.0	76.3						ļ	
Jewelry stores		141.6	142.4	141.0							
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops		136.0	138.9	134.1	138.3	1 :					
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods		63.8	63.6	1	r		_	_	_	_	
Nonstore retailers		257.5	257.9		255.5	1	232.2	232.6	229.5	229.7	
Mail order houses		119.4	118.3	118.6			_				l
Merchandising machine operators		78.7	78.9	1	1		_	_	_	_	
Fuel and ice dealers		105.8	104.8	1	113.0	1	88.6	87.7	95.8	93.6	
Retail stores, nec		357.8	378.8		365.6	1	295.7	315.7	289.1	297.2	
Finance, insurance, and real estate ³		6,201	6,257	6,478	6,532	6,576	4,574	4,622	4,775	4,810	4,84
Finance		3,104	3,125	3,246	3,262	3,272					
Banking	60	1,724.3	1,731.5	1,731.3	1,734.0		1.255.2	1,260.5	1.248.4	1.249.3	
Commercial and stock savings banks		1,556.9				1		1,132.5			
State banks, Federal Reserve		334.4	336.7					-	_	-	1
State banks, not Federal Reserve		371.5	373.1	373.1	r .		1				1
Mutual savings banks		81.3		1		1]				
Credit agencies other than banks	61	811.9	820.3	683.5	890.3		612.5	619.2	662.6	667.5	ĺ
Savings and loan associations		369.3					281.2	1	301.4		1
Federal savings and loan associations		204.9				1				_	
State associations, insured		156.8	158.2			4	_	-	l _	l <u>-</u>	1
Personal credit institutions		224.4	224.6	1			173.5	173.7	178.8	179.5	.[
Business credit institutions		50.7		i			-	-	_	_	İ
Mortgage bankers and brokers		142.8		1	180.7				1	1	ł
Security, commodity brokers, and services	62	381.0	384.9	425.3	430.2						
Security brokers and dealers		302.5	1			1				-	
Holding and other investment offices	67	186.6	187.8	206.2	207.6	i					
Insurance		1,917	1,928	2,020	2,028	2,034					
Insurance carriers	63	1,349.4	1,355.7	1,401.6	1,404.3		916.7	922.5	952.8	951.4	
Life insurance		577.4			1 -		353.2	1			1
Medical service and health insurance		184.6	1	1			149.7				
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		493.5				1	341.5				
Title insurance		55.9	1		1	1	-	-	-	-	
		1	1	ı			i	1	1	1	1

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry---Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987
inance, insurance, and real estate—Continued								·			
Real estate, and combined real estate, insurance, etc		1,180	1,204	1,212	1,242	1,270	1				
Real estate	65	1,166.7	1,190.6	1,199.4	1,229.7		ļ				
Real estate operators and lessors		514.9	519.4	509.4	519.1						
Real estate agents and managers		471.8	479.9	504.9	512.4						
Subdividers and developers	655	151.9	162.1	150.7	162.7						
Combined real estate, insurance, etc	66	12.9	12.9	12.2	12.6				·		
ervices		22,901	23,072	23,723	23,950	24,118	20,136	20,273	20,767	20,991	21,1
Hotels and other lodging places			1,408.1				- '	-	-	-	
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts	701	1,318.3	1,365.3	1,339.9	1,372.3		1,180.3	1,225.7	1,191.3	1,223.1	
Personal services	72	1,120.9	1,105.1	1,160.0	1,167.7		-	-	-	-	
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services		381.1	387.2	395.3	401.0		340.0	344.9	352.3	356.5	
Photographic studios, portrait	722	54.3	55.0	58.8	57.8		-			-	
Beauty shops		345.0		350.9	351.5		312.2	314.7	316.1	316.9	
Funeral service and crematories	/26	76.6	77.1	78.4	79.3		_	_	_	-	
Business services		4,690.3		4,963.9	1 '	5,054.4	,				
Advertising		202.0	201.6	200.6	199.2	-	149.7	149.4	148.5	147.6	
Advertising agencies		150.1	149.5	148.5			-	-	-	-	
Credit reporting and collection	732	95.3		103.5		1					ļ
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic		193.0 675.6	1	202.2 680.6			606.9	615.6	614.4	621.7	
Personnel supply services		977.1	992.6		I .		000.9	013.0	- 014.4	021.7	
Employment agencies		147.9	149.4	176.5							
Temporary help supply services	7362	774.8		879.6			_	-	-	-	
Computer and data processing services	737	581.0	l .	622.2	627.3		470.8	470.5	489.6	493.4	
Computer programming and software	7372	210.9	213.2	228.6	231.8	ľ	-	-	-	-	
Data processing services	7374	273.3	273.1	295.2	295.4						
Miscellaneous business services		1,957.7	1,969.9								
Research development laboratories, nec	7391	187.1	188.4	196.2						i	
Management and public relations		547.2	547.2	568.1							İ
Detective and protective services		432.2		449.7	451.6 211.5				ł		ì
Equipment rental and leasing Photofinishing laboratories		204.9 77.2		210.1 76.6	1				ľ		
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	752.8	758.7	783.6	779.1		628.9	635.2	653.1	648.9	
Automotive rentals, without drivers	751	154.2		171.7	169.8	1	i -	-	-	-	
Automotive repair shops	753	453.7	454.2	460.7	459.8		376.3	377.8	379.3	378.6	
Miscellaneous repair services	. 76	319.0	320.2	319.4	316.4		265.7	267.2	265.3	263.7	
Electrical repair shops	. 762	102.2	103.6	106.9	104.4		-	-	-	-	
Motion pictures	. 78	224.9	220.7	229.2	231.5		190.5	184.8	192.4	195.0	
Motion picture production and services		105.1		116.5			86.6	79.2	93.7	92.9	1
Motion picture theaters	. 783	107.6	109.7	100.3	103.0		-	-	-	-	
Amusement and recreation services	. 79	861.0	941.1	883.4	960.3		762.9	833.7	759.8	835.5	
Health services	. 80	6,468.0				6,814.4		5,775.2			
Offices of physicians		979.5					809.6			1	
Offices of dentists		453.8 1,228.8				1	399.5	402.5	418.3 1,159.8	I	
Skilled nursing care facilities		822.2					- 1,108.4		- 1,100.0	-,,,,,,,,,	
Nursing and personal care, nec		406.6				1	-	_	_	-	
Hospitals		3.015.1		1			2,747.2	2,749.1	2,828.2	2,837.7	
General medical and surgical hospitals		2,823.2			2,911.3			-		-	1
Psychiatric hospitals	. 8063	64.8		66.4				1			
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric		127.1	127.7	131.3			[!	[
Medical and dental laboratories	. 807	124.9					}				
Outpatient care facilities	1000	242.1	245.2	263.3	265.9	. 1	1		1		

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	ction wo	kers1	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987
Services—Continued											
Legal services	81	727.7	733.6	778.7	779.6		615.8	619.9	654.6	655.4	
Educational services	82	1,513.4	1,457.1	1,531.3	1,527.6						
Elementary and secondary schools		374.0	374.3	375.1	374.2						l
Colleges and universities		989.0	931.3		999.5						
Correspondence and vocational schools		71.8	71.6	73.6	72.5						
Social services	83	1,455.8	1.461.7	1,526.8	1,536.1						
Individual and family services		280.4	280.9	306.1	307.7						
Job training and related services		254.6	256.0	260.7	261.9						
Residential care		314.8	317.3	330.2	332.4						
nesidential care	030	314.0	317.3	330.2	332.4						
Museums, botanical and zoological gardens	84	45.2	46.9	47.7	49.3						
Membership organizations	86	1,532.2	1,539.4	1,530.4	1,529.7						
Business associations		90.5	91.6	91.4	91.6					1	
Labor organizations	863	134.8	135.4	133.1	131.3						
Civic and social associations		344.9	347.5	347.0	347.5	l					
Miscellaneous services	89	1,266.9	1,252.9	1,299.6	1,304.9		1,039.5	1,023.9	1,061.0	1,064.2	
Engineering and architectural services		667.7	675.5	679.1	685.1		564.1	570.4	572.3		
Noncommercial research organizations		125.1	125.5	129.0	129.3				0,2.0		
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		448.2	425.9	465.1	464.1		356.2	334.1	366.0	364.9	
Accounting, additing, and bookkeeping	093	440.2	425.9	405.1	404.1		330.2	334.1	366.0	304.9	
Government		16,944	16,981	17,310	17,352	17,367					
Federal Government ⁴		2,908	2,911	2,916	2,926	2,933					
Executive, by agency ⁴		2,851.9	2,855.7	2,859.9		!					ļ
Department of Defense		986.4	986.9						l		
Postal Service ⁵		785.6	788.4	811.8							
Other executive agencies		1,079.9	1,080.4	1,074.8		Į.					•
Legislative		37.3	37.3				ļ				İ
Judicial		18.3		ι						1	
Federal government, by industry:											
Manufacturing activities		127.0	126.0	123.3	124.7	1					1
Shipbuilding and repairing		76.4	75.8	74.5	75.9						İ
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal						İ		1			1
Service		39.1	39.1	39.9	40.2	· l		-		1	
Services		407.3		405.2							
Hospitals		247.8								ļ	
State government		3,980	3,938	4,036	4,047	4,014					
Hospitals		440.2						1			1
Education		1,669.8						1			
General administration, including executive,		.,555.6	.,5.6.7	.,	.,			1			
legislative, and judicial functions		1,314.7	1,321.3	1,326.4	1,332.7	1				ľ	
Local government		10.056	10,132	10,358	10,379	10,420	}				
Transportation and public utilities		488.6]	1	
Hospitals	806	599.7		1	1				1		
Education		5,738.7		5,955.5		1	1	1	1	1	1
	02	3,730.7	3,700.3	3,500.0	3,540.5	'					
General administration, including executive,		2 000 0	2 057 0	2 000 0	2 004 0					1.	
legislative, and judicial functions	••••	2,922.2	2,957.8	2,950.3	3,001.0	'	I	i	1	1	1

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency.

5 Includes rural mail carriers.

 $^{\rm P}=$ preliminary. NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1986 benchmarks and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of

^{\$50,000,000} or more.

3 Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from the

nonsupervisory count for all series in this division.

⁴ Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to

Data not available.

B-3. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	Feb. 1986	Mar. 1986	Jan. 1987	Feb. 1987	Mar. 1987
Total	44,704	45,000	46,216	46,415	46,716
Total private	36,138	36,396	37,523	37,578	37,807
Goods-producing	6,742	6,755	6,769	6,784	6,803
Mining	116	115	97	97	97
Construction	471	482	510	510	515
Manufacturing	6,155	6,158	6,162	6,177	6,191
Durable goods	2.975	2.979	2,966	2,971	2.975
Lumber and wood products	105	107	112	113	115
	154	155	157	157	158
Furniture and fixtures				112	112
Stone, clay, and glass products	111	111	112	1	
Primary metal industries	101	101	99	100	100
Fabricated metal products	318	318	319	319	320
Machinery, except electrical	457	458	441	443	444
Electrical and electronic equipment	885	883	878	873	869
Transportation equipment	375	375	387	392	391
Instruments and related products	306	307	300	299	299
Miscellaneous manufacturing	163	165	161	164	167
Nondurable goods	3,180	3,179	3,196	3,206	3,216
Food and kindred products	477	476	489	486	488
Tobacco manufactures	21	20	20	19	18
Textile mill products	338	339	347	348	349
Apparel and other textile products	895	892	876	882	882
Paper and allied products	160	161	162	162	164
Printing and publishing	611	612	631	634	636
Chemicals and allied products	284	285	287	289	290
Petroleum and coal products	27	27	24	24	24
			276	278	279
Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	275 92	275 91	86	86	86
Service-producing	37,962	38,245	39,447	39,631	39,913
Transportation and public utilities	1,472	1,474	1,504	1,505	1,511
Wholesale trade	1,646	1,650	1,672	1,680	1,685
Retail trade	8,945	9,037	9,406	9,299	9,334
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3,771	3,800	4,016	4,029	4,052
Services	13,562	13,680	14,156	14,281	14,422
Government	8,566	8,604	8,693	8,837	8,909
Federal	1,026	1,031	1,027	1,030	1,038
					1,945
State	1,877	1,885	1,874	1,925	
Local	5,663	5,688	5,792	5,882	5,926

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1986 benchmarks and differ from data previously published. See the article in

this issue for additional information.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-4. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Industry				19	86						1987		
muustry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.p	May
Total	99,389	99,323	99,601	99,772	100,039	100,209	100,415	100,567	100,919	101,150	101,329	101,609	101,73
Total private	82,730	82,670	82,991	83,125	83,241	83,337	83,515	83,643	83,983	84,215	84,352	84,570	84,69
Goods-producing	24,708	24,628	24,628	24,639	24,620	24,611	24,630	24,630	24,708	24,743	24,749	24,757	24,74
Mining	786	769	764	748	739	735	730	724	718	719	722	730	73
Oil and gas extraction	457	444	439	428	419	416	412	406	405	406	408	416	42
Construction	4,910	4,900	4,924	4,946	4,948	4,942	4,946	4,936	5,034	5,038	5,032	5,016	4,99
General building contractors	1,302	1,293	1,290	1,295	1,291	1,289	1,289	1,277	1,311	1,309	1,291	1,271	1,25
Manufacturing	19,012	18,959	18,940	18,945	18,933	18,934	18,954	18,970	18,956	18,986	18,995	19,011	19,01
Durable goods		11,218	11,199	11,206	11,181	11,169	11,174	11,175	11,157	11,179	11,176	11,174	11,17
Lumber and wood products		707	704	712	716	718	723	728	731	733	734	736	74
Furniture and fixtures		497	497	499	499	499	499	499	500	501	502	504	50
Stone, clay, and glass products		587	584	584	584	581	582	584	586	588	586	587	58
Primary metal industries		747	745	735	732	733	733	733	726	733	739	744	73
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	282	280	278	265	260	262	260	259	254	261	266	272	27
Fabricated metal products	1,438	1,432	1,423	1,423	1,424	1,421	1,419	1,422	1,422	1,419	1,419	1,422	1,42
Machinery, except electrical	2,074	2.066	2,056	2,051	2.031	2,022	2,015	2,011	2,007	2,018	2,015	2,024	2,02
Electrical and electronic equipment		2,099	2,124	2,123	2,118	2,120	2,119	2,118	2,111	2,106	2,099	2,093	2,08
Transportation equipment		2,013	2,004	2,016	2,015	2,013	2,023	2,018	2,014	2,022	2,022	2,006	2,00
Motor vehicles and equipment		865	848	861	857	850	858	853	851	859	854	841	83
Instruments and related products		707	703	703	703	702	700	698	697	695	694	694	69
													30
Miscellaneous manufacturing	364	363	359	360	359	360	361	364	363	364	366	364	, ,
Nondurable goods	7,735	7,741	7,741	7,739	7,752	7,765	7,780	7,795	7,799	7,807	7,819	7,837	7,8
Food and kindred products	1,615	1,820	1,619	1,616	1,619	1,621	1,627	1,631	1,628	1,630	1,635	1,641	1,6
Tobacco manufactures	60	59	59	58	58	58	59	58	58	58	57	56	'
Textile mill products		704	706	707	707	709	714	715	718	722	725	724	7
Apparel and other textile products	1,105	1,101	1,103	1,102	1,102	1,104	1,101	1,110	1,106	1,101	1,103	1,106	1,1
Paper and allied products	673	674	673	671	675	677	678	679	678	679	678	677	, 6
Printing and publishing		1,455	1,459	1,462	1,465	1,469	1,472	1,474	1,479	1,483	1,485	1,492	1,4
Chemicals and allied products								1,017		1,018	1,017	1,018	1,0
	1,020	1,023	1,022	1,021	1,021	1,020	1,020		1,018				
Petroleum and coal products	171	169	168	168	167	186	165	163	164	164	164	164	1
Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products		787	783	786	791	794	797	800 148	803 147	805 147	807 148	810 149	8
·		149	149	148	147	147	147				İ		1
Service-producing	74,681	74,695	74,973	75,133	75,419	75,598	75,785	75,937	76,211	76,407	76,580	76,852	76,9
Transportation and public utilities	5,247	5,142	5,237	5,202	5,255	5,251	5,278	5,286	5,304	5,315	5,333	5,345	5,34
Transportation	3,024	3,024	3,029	3,035	3,050	3,053	3,071	3,078	3,089	3,097	3,112	3,123	3,1
Communication and public utilities	2,223	2,118	2,208	2,167	2,205	2,198	2,207	2,208	2,215	2,218	2,221	2,222	2,2
Wholesale trade	5,749	5,712	5,735	5,736	5,736	5.731	5,728	5,725	5,741	5,757	5,766	5,773	5,7
Durable goods	3,369	3,357	3,385	3,382	3,383	3,379	3,380	3,383	3,386	3,391	3,397	3,397	3,4
Nondurable goods	2,360	2,355	2,350	2,354	2,353	2,352	2,348	2,342	2,355	2,366	2,369	2,376	2,3
Retail trade	17,798	17,821	17,866	17,913	17,939	17,980	18,009	18,007	18,080	18,140	18,136	18,209	18,2
General merchandise stores		2,361	2,367	2,371	2,374	2,385	2,379	2,383	2,358	2,373	2,380	2,385	2,3
Food stores		2,875	2,882	2,889	2,892	2,901	2,906	2,918	2,929	2,940	2,944	2,954	2,9
Automotive dealers and service stations	1,935	1,937	1,943	1,949	1,958	1,960	1,963	1,970	1,978	1,979	1,979	1,981	1,9
Eating and drinking places		5,870	5,887	5,904	5,911	5,919	5,927	5,938	5,946	5,956	5,964	5,966	5,9
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,257	6,287	6,323	6,351	6,374	6,395	6,418	6,451	6,480	6,501	6,526	6,580	6,
Finance		3,149	3,167	3,183	3,193	3,204	3,212	3,227	3,235	3,243	3,256	3,275	3,
Insurance	1,929	1,939	1,952	1,981	1,971	1,980	1,990	1,999	2,012	2,016	2,022	2,032	2,0
Real estate		1,199	1,204	1,207	1,210	1,211	1,216	1,225	1,233	1,242	1,248	1,253	1,2
Services	22,971	23,080	23,202	23,284	23,317	23,369	23,452	23,544	23,670	23,759	23,842	23,926	24,0
Business services		4,770	4,798	4,815	4,835	4,861	4,877	4,912	4,950	4,984	5,020	5,044	5,0
Health services		6,533	6,563	6,594	6,615	6,644	6,661	6,891	8,721	6,748	6,773	6,800	6,8
Government	16,659	16,653	18,610	18,647	16,798	16,872	18,900	16,924	16,936	16,935	16,977	17,039	17,0
Federal		2,878	2,872	2,882	2,902	2,897	2,900	2,904	2,912	2,918	2,922	2,929	2,9
		_, _, _, _		1									
	3 883	3 882	3 881	3 001	3 800	3 007	3 0 1 5	3 927	3 929	3 927	3 930	3 944	35.5
State		3,882 9,893	3,881 9,857	3,881 9,884	3,890 10,006	3,907 10,068	3,915 10,085	3,927	3,929 10,095	3,927	3,930	3,944 10,166	10,1

 $^{^{\}rm p}=$ preliminary. NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1986 benchmarks and

updated seasonal adjustment factors and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

B-5. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

					19	86						1987	
Industry	Маг.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total	45,060	45,220	45,392	45,453	45,661	45,801	45,960	46,111	46,229	46,358	46,517	46,654	46,766
Total private	36,722	36,863	37,006	37,055	37,258	37,382	37,436	37,547	37,653	37,767	37,909	38,057	38,133
Goods-producing	6,799	6,797	6,796	6,783	6,797	6,796	6,800	6,813	6,826	6,842	6,838	6,843	6,846
Mining	114	111	108	107	105	103	101	100	99	98	97	97	96
Construction	492	497	501	502	507	508	511	513	516	519	522	524	526
Manufacturing	6,193	6,189	6,187	6,174	6,185	6,185	6,188	6,200	6,211	6,225	6,219	6,222	6,224
Durable goods	2,983	2,982	2,981	2,968	2,975	2,979	2,979	2,981	2,983	2,985	2,979	2,983	2,978
Lumber and wood products	108	109	109	110	111	112	112	113	113	115	115	117	117
Furniture and fixtures	154	154	155	155	155	155	155	155	155	155	156	156	157
Stone, clay, and glass products	112	113	113	114	113	113	113	112	112	113	114	113	113
Primary metal industries	101	100	100	99	99	99	100	100	100	99	99	100	100
Fabricated metal products	319	319	319	320	319	320	320	320	321	321	320	320	320
Machinery, except electrical	455	453	451	449	448	445	443	443	442	441	440	441	441
Electrical and electronic equipment	885	884	885	872	885	886	885	886	885	884	880	876	870
Transportation equipment	376	377	377	378	378	381	382	384	387	389	388	392	392
Instruments and related products	306	306	305	304	303	303	303	302	301	301	300	300	299
Miscellaneous manufacturing	167	167	167	167	164	165	166	166	167	167	167	168	169
Nondurable goods	3,210	3,207	3,206	3,206	3,210	3,206	3,209	3,219	3,228	3,240	3,240	3,239	3,246
Food and kindred products	505	504	505	507	506	504	505	508	513	514	514	514	517
Tobacco manufactures	21	21	20	20	20	19	20	19	20	19	19	19	19
Textile mill products	341	340	342	342	345	345	344	345	347	349	349	350	352
Apparel and other textile products	888	890	888	884	887	883	882	883	881	889	883	878	878
Paper and allied products	163	163	163	163	163	163	164	164	165	165	165	165	165
Printing and publishing	612	613	614	617	620	621	623	626	628	629	632	634	636
Chemicals and allied products		286	286	287	287	287	287	288	288	287	289	290	290
Petroleum and coal products	27	27	26	26	26	26	25	25	25	25	24	24	24
Rubber and misc. plastics products	275	272	272	272	269	271	272	275	275	276	278	278	278
Leather and leather products		91	90	88	87	87	87	86	86	87	87	87	87
Service-producing	38,261	38,423	38,596	38,670	38,864	39,005	39,160	39,298	39,403	39,516	39,679	39,811	39,920
Transportation and public utilities	1,481	1,480	1,488	1,441	1,481	1,465	1,486	1,487	1,496	1,501	1,507	1,510	1,517
Wholesale trade	1,660	1,668	1,676	1,665	1,672	1,675	1,675	1,673	1,673	1,675	1,682	1,691	1,695
Retail trade	9,296	9,316	9,350	9,373	9,403	9,452	9,456	9,484	9,501	9,504	9,547	9,607	9,603
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3,812	3,846	3,873	3,898	3,922	3,944	3,961	3,978	3,996	4,016	4,036	4,053	4,064
Services	13,674	13,756	13,823	13,895	13,983	14,050	14,058	14,112	14,161	14,229	14,299	14,353	14,408
Government	8.338	0 257	8,386	8.398	8.403	8.419	8,524	8,564	8,576	8,591	8,608	8,597	8.633
		8,357 1.037	1.032	1.023	1.019	1.024	1.033	1.032		1,035	1,037	1,038	1,041
Federal State	1,826	1,834	1,032	1,023	1,849	1,024	1,852	1,861	1,865	1,869	1,037	1,036	1,883
Local	5.477	5,486	5,514	5,530	5,535	5,545	5,639	5,671	5.678	5,687	5,693	5,688	5,709
LOOUI	3,477	5,466	0,014	5,550	0,000	5,545	5,039	3,071	3,076	3,007	J,093	5,000	3,709

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1986 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and differ from data

previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-6. Production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

				19	86						1987		
Industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. ^p	May⁵
Total private	66,900	66,845	67,123	67,254	67,348	67,411	67,570	67,665	67,939	68,149	68,263	68,429	68,488
Goods-producing	17,305	17,234	17,238	17,265	17,252	17,238	17,270	17,283	17,331	17,379	17,380	17,374	17,362
Mining	547	534	534	524	518	516	514	510	504	508	511	518	522
Construction	3,855	3,842	3,861	3,884	3,883	3,873	3,877	3,867	3,943	3,955	3,944	3,915	3,885
Manufacturing	12,903	12,858	12,843	12,857	12,851	12,849	12,879	12,906	12,884	12,916	12,925	12,941	12,955
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures	7,454 594 397	7,403 595 397	7,386 590 397	7,399 598 398	7,382 601 399	7,369 603 399	7,385 607 398	7,393 611 398	7,370 611 400	7,398 614 400	7,399 615 402	7,402 617 404	7,412 620 408
Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products	453 579 217	452 562 215	450 559 214	449 549 201	450 546 195	448 546 197	449 547 194	451 547 193	452 540 188	454 547 194	453 553 199	453 559 206	453 554 203
Fabricated metal products	1,229	1,057 1,231 1,204	1,048 1,224 1,228	1,051 1,221 1,229	1,052 1,203 1,226	1,050 1,195 1,226	1,049 1,190 1,230	1,052 1,187 1,234	1,051 1,183 1,226	1,051 1,190 1,223	1,051 1,190 1,218	1,053 1,198 1,217	1,053 1,206 1,218 1,258
Transportation equipment	1,257 663 384 263	1,260 664 382 263	1,248 649 380 262	1,261 660 381 262	1,261 659 382 262	1,261 652 380 261	1,273 663 379 263	1,267 658 379 267	1,265 659 377 265	1,276 668 377 266	1,273 663 376 268	1,259 650 376 266	646 377 265
Nondurable goods	5,449 1,133	5,455 1,138	5,457 1,137	5,458 1,135	5,469 1,138	5,480 1,139	5,494 1,146	5,513 1,149	5,514 1,147	5,518 1,150	5,526 1,154	5,539 1,159	5,543 1,156
Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products	45 607 929	45 608 926	45 610 929	43 612 928	44 612 928	44 615 929	45 619 927	44 621 937	44 624 931	44 627 925	44 630 926	43 629 931	43 631 930
Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products	511 816 566	511 818 568	510 821 569	508 822 570	512 824 569	514 827 568	515 828 568	517 830 566	515 833 568	516 833 569	515 832 570	514 833 569	513 837 573
Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	107 610 125	106 612 123	106 608 122	106 612 122	105 616 121	105 618 121	105	105 622 122	106 623 123	106 625 123	106 626	107 630 124	107 629 124
Service-producing	49,595	49,611	49,885	49,989	50,096	50,173	50,300	50,382	50,608	50,770	50,883	51,055	51,126
Transportation and public utilities	4,334	4,236	4,318	4,290	4,344	4,342	4,368	4,380	4,389	4,401	4,419	4,427	4,427
Wholesale trade	4,613	4,579	4,601	4,602	4,598	4,590	4,586	4,583	4,600	4,611	4,617	4,625	4,628
Retail trade	15,849	15,869	15,911	15,953	15,977	16,013	16,035	16,030	16,097	16,141	16,132	16,194	16,192
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,624	4,647	4,679	4,699	4,712	4,726	4,743	4,767	4,786	4,806	4,823	4,839	4,847
Services	20,175	20,280	20,376	20,445	20,465	20,502	20,568	20,622	20,736	20,811	20,892	20,970	21,032

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1986 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

p = preliminary.

B-7. Indexes of diffusion: Percent of industries in which employment increased, seasonally adjusted

Time span	Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Over 1-month span	1985 1986 1987	55.9 53.2 53.5	47.0 48.1 56.8	52.4 48.1 58.6	47.3 53.5 ° 59.7	53.2 52.4 P 55.9	46.8 46.8	53.8 52.4	53.8 56.2	47.8 55.1	53.2 53.2	54.3 59.7	57.3 59.7
Over 3-month span	1985 1986 1987	51.1 49.7 58.6	48.4 44.9 59.5	42.4 45.7 P 61.9	46.5 48.4 P 65.7	44.3 47.6	49.7 45.4	47.0 48.4	48.6 55.1	45.9 55.9	47.6 58.1	55.1 58.6	56.5 60.3
Over 6-month span	1985 1986 1987	46:5 47.6 P 61.6	46.5 47.6 P 63.8	43.2 43.0	44.3 43.2	44.3 45.4	45.1 48.4	43.0 47.3	44.3 53.0	49.2 59.2	49.2 58.9	47.3 57.8	45.9 58.9
Over 12-month span	1985 1986 1987	44.6 43.2	44.1 44.1	43.8 46.2	40.8 45.7	41.6 47.8	41.6 49.5	42.2 49.5	42.4 51.6	43.8 54.9	44.3 P 51.9	44.1 P 57.8	42.4

Based on the number of employees, seasonally adjusted for 1, 3, and 6 month spans, on the payrolls of 185 private nonagricultural industries. Data for the 12-month span are unadjusted. $^{\rm p}$ = preliminary.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment

rising. (Half of the unchanged components are counted as rising). Data are centered within the spans. Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1986 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and differ from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	ı
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Alabama	1,462.6	1,465.8	1,480.3	12.8	11.7	11.6	75.4	75.6	76.4
Birmingham		386.1	389.9	6.4	6.1	5.9	22.9	23.8	24.7
Huntsville	. 116.0	118.9	119.9	.1	.1	.1	4.7	5.0	5.1
Mobile		158.9	158.5	.6	.4	.4	10.6	9.3	8.9
Montgomery		122.7	122.2	.1	.1	.1	9.0	9.5	9.4
Tuscaloosa	56.2	57.7	58.6	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.8	3.0
Alaska	218.1	206.1	210.2	8.7	8.4	8.4	11.2	9.2	10.2
Arizona		1,378.0	1,376.9	10.7	11.0	10.3	113.7	105.2	105.0
Phoenix		906.5	906.1	.5	.6	.6	79.5	71.0	70.7
Tucson	242.9	244.8	244.9	1.6	1.6	1.6	21.7	21.0	21.0
Arkansas		823.7	832.3	4.3	4.0	4.0	35.1	33.1	34.2
Fayetteville-Springdale		46.4	46.7	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.9	1.8	1.9
Fort Smith		74.1	74.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	2.9
Little Rock-North Little Rock		225.6 31.6	226.8 31.9	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	11.2 3.1	11.4 1.6	11.7 1.7
California		11,498,6	11,541.6	43.5	38.8	38.9	502.0	530.8	542.7
Anaheim-Santa Ana		1,072.0	1,078.5	2.4	2.0	2.0	51.8	55.0	56.1
Bakersfield		155.6	156.3	13.9	11.9	12.0	9.8	9.3	9.4
Fresno		201.1	202.2	.7	.7	7.	10.8	11.8	12.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach		3,989.4	3,988.2	11.2	10.3	10.3	125.5	130.3	131.9
Modesto	. 95.3	99.2	100.3	.1	.1	.1	6.1	6.4	6.4
Oakland	. 780.8	810.8	814.1	2.5	2.4	2.4	42.6	45.4	46.7
Oxnard-Ventura		198.6	199.9	3.0	2.6	2.5	9.5	11.2	11.4
Riverside-San Bernardino		589.8	591.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	41.6	46.7	46.9
Sacramento		531.9	536.2	.8	.7	.7]	28.3	30.0	31.3
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey		103.6	105.1	.5 .8	.5 .8	.5	3.9	4.2	4.3 56.5
San Diego		844.5 929.4	848.1 931.5	1.1	1.1	.q 1.1	49.4 32.0	55.4 32.1	32.8
San Jose		766.8	768.8		.1	1.1	30.3	29.1	29.8
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		145.4	145.9	1.4	1.3	1,4	6.3	6.1	6.2
Santa Rosa-Petaluma		119.1	120.5	.6	.6	.6	7.4	7.3	7.8
Stockton		135.8	137.5	.1	.1	.1	7.5	7.9	8.4
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	118.6	123.1	125.1	.3	.3	.3	7.4	7.6	8.2
Colorado		1,396.7	1,399.3	28.6	24.1	23.6	74.6	69.0	71.1
Boulder-Longmont		104.3	104.0	3	.3	.3	4.1	3.6	3.7
Denver	805.8	799.5	802.1	18.4	16.0	15.8	42.2	38.3	39.1
Connecticut		1,625.1	1,642.0	1.6	1.6	1.7	67.6	66.7	70.7
Bridgeport-Milford		194.9	196.7	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	7.4	7.7	8.3
Hartford		470.1	473.4	.2	.3	.3	17.4	18.0	19.2
New Britain		65.2 247.4	65.6 249.9	(¹)	(¹) .2	(¹)	3.5 11.4	3.6 12.1	4.0 12.7
New Haven-Meriden Stamford		124.3	125.4	.6	.6	.3	5.0	5.1	5.2
Waterbury		65.6	86.2	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	3.7	3.8	4.1
Delaware	. 297.7	309.2	311.9	.1	.1	.1	18.5	18.0	18.5
Wilmington	257.6	269.3	271.7	.2	.2	.2	16.8	16.7	17.3
District of Columbia		644.2 2,019.9	648.1 2,030.1	.1 1.0	.1 .9	.1 .9	13.9 118.7	13.8 118.3	13.8 121.1
		4,798.1	4,797.3	9.7	10.0	9.9	334.4	339.0	338.0
Daytona Beach		111.8	110.7	(¹)	(')	(¹)	7.6	8.0	7.9
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		459.2	454.7	.4	`′.4	.4	36.2	36.4	36.2
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		111.8	110.6	(1)	(¹)	(1)	11.2	12.8	12.6
Gainesville		92.2	92.6	(1)	(1)	(¹)	4.6	4.1	4.2
Jacksonville		385.4	386.9	.5	.5	.5	27.9	27.8	27.8
Lakeland-Winter Haven		142.0	142.3	4.3	4.8	4.7	8.1	8.4	9.1
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		138.1	138.4	(1)	(')	(')	9.2	8.0	7.9
Miami-Hialeah		810.3 470.4	808.7 472.4	.9	.9	(¹)	39.6 33.6	38.8 33.8	38.2 33.5
Pensacola		122.0	122.7	(¹) .4	(¹) 3.	()	10.3	10.0	10.4
		101.7	102.1	(1)	(¹)	(')	9.8	9.9	10.4
	., 55.0						I		5.8
Sarasota	101.9	106.9	107.1	(')	(')		4.91	5.91	3.0
Sarasoua Tallahassee Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		106.9 785.7	107.1 783.1	(¹)	(¹) .7	(¹) .7	4.9 59.9	5.9 63.1	62.8

(in thousands)

State and area		lanufacturing	·		nsportation a ublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Alabama	358.7	349.0	355.0	71.5	70.9	71.4	315.7	323.8	326.
Birmingham	55.6	52.2	52.8	27.4	27.6	27.8	94.5	97.6	98.
Huntsville	30.9	30.3	30.5	2.6	2.7	2.7	21.9	22.5	22.
Mobile	26.2	26.5	26.1	9.5	9.2	9.1	42.3	44.0	44.3
Montgomery	17.6	17.7	17.6	4.7	4.7	4.7	26.7	27.9	27.
Tuscaloosa	8.8	9.2	9.5	2.0	2.1	2.1	11.3	11.7	11.5
Alaska	10.8	9.7	11.3	17.6	17.1	17.5	43.2	40.1	40.
Arizona	182.7	184.6	184.4	64.5	69.8	69.8	323.9	334.5	333.
Phoenix	131.1	133.4	133.4	42.7	46.2	46.4	221.0	229.4	227.
Tucson	31.9	30.7	30.6	8.9	9.8	9.8	54.2	54.4	54.
Arkansas	211.2	213.4	214.8	47.2	49.1	49.3	183.2	185.7	188.
Fayetteville-Springdale	9.9	10.7	10.9	3.9	4.1	4.1	10.5	10.8	10.
Fort Smith	24.5	25.6	25.6	3.5	3.7	3.8	15.4	15.3	15.
Little Rock-North Little Rock	33.0	31.3	31.4	14.7	14.6	14.7	54.3	54.5	55.
Pine Bluff	5.9	6.2	6.3	2.9	2.7	2.7	6.4	6.2	6.
California	2,053.6	2,064.3	2,063.1	568.9	580.1	583.6	2,659.8	2,756.0	2,761.
Anaheim-Santa Ana	240.2	243.4	243.5	33.5	34.7	34.7	254.4	271.1	271.
Bakersfield	10.0	10.3	10.3	8.0	8.1	8.2	39.0	39.7	39.
Fresno	19.5	20.8	20.5	9.9	10.3	10.4	49.3 908.9	51.4	51.
Los Angeles-Long Beach	886.6	895.9	891.7	202.2	203.3	204.2		936.7	935.
Modesto	19.9 101.1	20.3 102.8	20.7 103.2	4.2 52.7	4.2 55.3	4.2 55.5	23.7 195.8	25.4 203.0	25. 203.
OaklandOxnard-Ventura	28.4	29.3	29.2	9.3	10.2	10.4	47.8	50.1	50.
Riverside-San Bernardino	73.3	77.6	77.7	30.3	31.1	31.4	139.1	145.2	145.
Sacramento	37.1	38.2	38.8	23.2	23.9	24.2	123.7	128.8	129.
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	9.3	9.6	10.0	4.8	4.8	4.9	26.7	27.0	27.
San Diego	122.8	120.5	120.0	31.8	32.7	32.8	193.7	200.5	201.0
San Francisco	78.3	77.3	76.0	79.6	79.2	79.2	210.0	217.3	216.
San Jose	266.4	258.7	258.0	21.4	21.0	21.1	147.8	151.5	152.0
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	24.2	22.8	22.8	5.3	5.2	5.3	33.8	34.5	34.
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	17.7	18.0	18.1	5.4	5.6	5.7	30.1	31.2	31.0
Stockton	20.8	21.2	21.8	8.1	8.4	8.3	30.8	31.2	31.
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	11.6	11.9	12.0	4.4	4.4	4.5	28.1	29.9	30.0
Colorado	185.0	182.0	182.0	87.9	88.5	89.0	347.4	343.6	344.
Boulder-Longmont	28.1	28.5	28.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	22.6	22.6	22.
Denver	97.1	94.4	94.2	62.8	64.1	64.4	201.5	199.9	200.
Connecticut	398.8	393.7	393.8	69.3	71.4	72.0	353.3	362.5	367.
Bndgeport-Milford	60.8	60.5	60.5	7.3	7.6	7.5	44.0	44.5	44.
Hartford	93.0	94.3	94.4	16.9	17.4	17.4	96.8	98.9	99.
New Britain	22.8	20.9	20.7	3.2	3.3	3.3	12.8	13.3	13.
New Haven-Meriden	47.3	47.6	47.5	17.9	18.1	18.2	55.7	56.6	57.7
Stamford	25.9 25.9	24.9 24.6	24.7 24.6	4.9 3.1	4.9 3.1	4.9 3.2	28.3 16.1	29.7 17.0	30.0 17.0
Delaware	66.9	68.7	68.7	12.5	12.7	12.7	65.7	68.3	69.
Wilmington	57.4	58.8	58.8	13.4	13.9	13.8	54.3	56.7	57.
District of Columbia Washington MSA	15.3 85.1	15.6 85.7	15.6 84.6	24.3 92.4	24.4 96.2	24.6 97.2	62.7 390.9	62.6 407.5	64.2 408.4
Florida	516.1	525.3	525.3	244.2	247.4	247.9	1,227.4	1,314.2	1,310.
Daytona Beach	12.3	12.8	12.8	3.4	3.3	3.3	31.1	32.9	32.6
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	42.8	44.2	44.1	21.5	22.2	22.0	130.6	136.0	134.5
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	5.0	5.6	5.6	4.6	5.1	5.1	29.8	34.4	33.9
Gainesville	5.3	5.5	5.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	19.5	20.6	20.
Jacksonville	37.4	38.0	37.9	26.6	27.6	27.7	97.6	103.1	103.
Lakeland-Winter Haven	21.3	22.0	21.5	5.9	6.1	6.1	37.3	39.8	40.4
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	27.9	27.0	26.9	5.6	5.4	5.5	31.9	32.5	32.
Miami-Hialeah	94.2	92.5	92.6	66.6	66.3	66.2	210.7	218.9	217.
Orlando	50.1	53.3	53.2	23.1	24.6	24.8	113.7	120.8	121.
Pensacola	11.2	11.1	11.2	6.2	6.6	6.4	31.4	31.3	31.
Sarasota	7.7	8.3	8.3	3.5	3.5	3.6	28.9	29.9	29.9
Tallahassee	4.4	4.6	4.7	2.9	2.9	2.9	20.9	22.7	22.
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	89.3	89.3	88.7	37.3	37.0	37.0	208.9	216.9	215.
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	37.0	36.3	35.7	10.8	11.6	11.5	78.5	86.6	85.3

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chate and area		nce, insurar id real estat			Services		•	Government	
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Alabama	68.5	70.2	70.7	258.7	265.1	266.9	301.3	299.5	301.6
Birmingham	28.1	28.5	28.7	86.9	90.4	91.4	59.5	59.9	60.1
Huntsville	3.4	3.4	3.4	24.2	26.0	26.4	28.2	28.9	29.0
Mobile	7.8	7.5	7.5	33.5	34.0	34.2	27.7	28.0	28.0
Montgomery Tuscaloosa	7.2 2.0	7.3 2.0	7.3 2.0	24.1 7.6	24.3 8.0	24.2 8.0	31.5 19.0	31.2 19.2	31.1 19.4
Naska	12.6	12.1	12.2	43.5	41.7	42.0	70.5	67.8	68.0
Arizona	87.9	91.6	91.7	325.2	340.3	341.8	231.2	241.0	240.6
Phoenix	69.3	72.1	72.2	218.7	229.8	230.9	117.6	124.0	124.0
Tucson	12.2	12.8	12.9	61.1	63.3	63.3	51.3	51.2	51.2
Arkansas	37.0	37.7	37.9	146.0	151.1	153.5	147.8	149.6	149.
Fayetteville-Springdale	1.5	1.4	1.4	6.2	6.7	6.7	10.5	10.9	10.8
Fort Smith	2.7	2.7	2.7	14.0	15.5	15.6	7.4	7.4	7.4
Little Rock-North Little Rock	15.0 1.6	15.4 1.7	15.5 1.7	49.7 5.7	51.8 5.8	52.1 5.9	45.7 7.4	46.2 7.4	46.0 7.4
California	758.4	781.9	784.1	2,740.6	2,848.4	2,862.6	1,862.9	1,898.3	1,905.0
Anaheim-Santa Ana	82.7	84.3	84.5	2,740.6	264.3	2,862.6	1,002.9	117.2	1,905.0
Bakersfield	6.3	6.3	6.3	30.0	31.1	31.3	38.4	38.9	39.
Fresno	13.5	14.0	14.0	43.2	45.9	46.5	45.7	46.2	46.
Los Angeles-Long Beach	272.2	280.5	280.1	998.3	1,033.8	1,033.0	492.9	498.6	501.
Modesto	4.5	4.6	4.6	20.4	21.2	21.4	16.4	17.0	17.
Oakland	49.9	54.3	54.7	178.0	185.0	185.4	158.2	162.6	162.
Oxnard-Ventura	10.2	10.4	10.6	42.3	44.1	44.5	39.9	40.7	40.
Riverside-San Bernardino	23.6	24.7	25.0	131.2	139.0	139.0	117.2	124.2	124.
Sacramento	30.1 4.9	31.5 5.1	31.9 5.1	107.1 24.4	112.3 25.3	113.1 25.8	161.2	166.5	167. 27.
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey San Diego	55.2	58.1	58.0	208.5	219.7	221.4	26.6 151.9	27.1 156.8	157.
San Francisco	114.0	112.4	112.5	266.4	272.1	273.9	136.4	137.9	139.
San Jose	33.2	33.1	33.3	183.3	188.5	189.8	84.4	84.8	84.
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	7.9	8.1	8.1	37.7	39.5	39.4	27.0	27.9	27.9
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	7.9	8.2	8.2	25.7	26.2	26.6	21.4	22.0	21.9
Stockton Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	8.0 4.6	8.2 4.7	8.3 4.8	28.2 25.6	28.3 27.3	28.4 27.7	29.0 36.6	30.5 37.0	30.1 37.0
Colorado	97.5	97.2	97.5	326.2	328.9	327.8	257.4	263.4	263.9
Boulder-Longmont	3.8	3.9	3.9	20.5	21.5	21.4	21.4	21.6	21.6
Denver	65.6	65.1	65.2	196.5	195.8	197.5	121.7	125.9	125.8
Connecticut	137.0	143.8	145.0	368.0	381.9	387.7	198.9	203.5	203.2
Bndgeport-Milford	10.3	11.2	11.3	43.7	45.2	45.8	19.0	18.2	18.4
Hartford	72.7	77.6	77.9	101.2	104.5	105.8	58.3	59.1	59.
New Britain	3.5	4.0	4.0	12.6	13.3	13.4	6.7	6.8	6.9
New Haven-Meriden	14.4 10.9	14.7 11.6	14.9 11.7	64.7 35.2	66.9 37.3	67.6 38.1	30.5 9.8	31.2 10.2	31.0 10.2
Waterbury	3.9	4.1	4.1	20.0	20.6	20.9	12.0	12.4	12.3
Delaware	22.4	24.5	24.7	65.5	70.0	70.5	46.2	46.9	47.2
Wilmington	20.2	22.6	22.8	58.6	62.5	63.1	36.7	37.9	38.0
District of Columbia Washington MSA	35.9 111.9	36.9 118.4	37.2 119.0	218.9 606.9	227.7 631.6	229.3 636.5	264.7 554.0	263.1 561.3	263. 562.
Florida		351.5	353.0	1,202.8	1,278.5	1,279.6	706.8	732.2	733.
Daytona Beach		6.6	6.6	28.5	30.0	29.4	17.2	18.2	18.
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano BeachFort Myers-Cape Coral		38.1 8.5	37.9 8.4	119.4 26.7	125.0 29.9	122.6 29.5	54.7 14.5	56.9 15.4	57. 15.
Gainesville		3.9	3.9	19.8	21.0	21.1	34.3	35.3	35.
Jacksonville		36.4	36.5	89.6	93.9	94.2	56.3	58.1	58.
Lakeland-Winter Haven	7.9	8.0	8.0	31.2	33.9	33.5	18.6	19.0	19.
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		5.2	5.3	39.8	39.7	39.9	19.7	20.2	20.
Miami-Hialeah		69.2	69.2	214.8	216.1	216.5	104.3	107.6	107.
Orlando		31.6	32.0	139.3	151.9	153.0	50.6	54.3	54.
Pensacola		5.6	5.6	28.5	29.2	29.4	27.4	27.9	27.
Sarasota	I I	8.1	8.0	27.2	29.8	29.9	11.7	12.1	12.
Tallahassee Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		4.5 63.4	4.5 63.2	20.4 203.5	20.6 214.3	20.8 214.0	43.8 96.1	45.4 101.0	45. 100.
Tamna_St Petershira_Clearwater		UU.4				217.0	30.1		100.

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Georgia	2,652.1	2,735.6	2,751.0	8.1	8.9	8.8	152.2	156.8	157.8
Albany	49.5	48.8	48.7	(1)	(¹)	(1)	2.1	2.2	2.
Athens	61.2	63.2	63.2	.1	.2	.2	2.5	2.5	2.6
Atlanta		1,372.7	1,382.6	1.2	1.7	1.8	74.7	80.6	80.0
Augusta	150.6	152.2	153.1	.5	.5	.5	9.0	8.3	8.
Columbus		90.6	90.6	.1	.1	.1	5.3	5.2	5.
Macon-Warner Robins	115.8	117.2	117.0	.1	.1	.1	5.1	5.1	5.
Savannah	98.7	101.2	101.2	(¹)	(1)	(1)	6.7	7.3	7.0
dawaii		450.5	450.4	(1)	()	()	16.9	21.6	21.9 17.8
Honolulu	348.4	361.3	361.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	13.9	17.7	
daho Boise City		333.6 86.1	336.4 87.1	(²)	(²)	2.5 (²)	13.6 4.8	12.9 4.5	13.1 4.0
llinois		4,797.2	4,827.2	25.1	23.6	23.8	167.1	158.7	165.0
Aurora-Eigin		131.6	134.3	()	(¹)	(2)	4.7	4.8	5.
Bloomington-Normal		54.4	54.4	(1)	(1)	()	1.2	1.1	1
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul		83.6	83.9	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.0	2.0	2.
Chicago		2,955.5	2,969.8	3.1	3.2	3.4	105.0	107.4	113.
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline		152.8	154.0	(')	(1)	(1)	4.5	4.4	4.
Decatur	50.0	49.2	49.2	(')	(')	()	1.6	1.5	1.
Joliet	93.8	92.8	93.0	(1)	(¹)	(1)	3.9	3.8	3.
Kankakee		32.7	32.5	(1)	(¹)	(1)	1.1	1.2	1.
Lake County		172.8	176.4	(<u>)</u>	(')	(')	5.8	5.2	5.
Peona	131.2	130.6	131.0	(1)	(¹)	(!)	5.1	5.0	5.:
Rockford		121.0	121.0	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	3.3	3.2	3.4
Springfield	93.2	92.2	92.2	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	2.2	2.0	2.0
ndiana	2,211.0	2,257.2	2,293.5	8.9	7.9	8.0	89.4	95.0	104.9
Anderson	48.3	47.4	47.8	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.2	1.2	1.3
Bloomington	49.1	50.5	51.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.7	1.7	1.9
Elkhart-Goshen	90.5	94.3	95.9	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.3	2.5	2.6
Evansville	123.5	123.6	124.5	2.4	2.2	2.2	8.0	8.1	8.5
Fort Wayne	173.5	178.1	180.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	8.0	8.3	8.5
Gary-Hammond	212.4	209.2	214.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	10.6	10.8	11.9
Indianapolis	570.9	585.6	594.3	.8	.7	.8	27.0	28.3	30.0
Kokomo		43.9	44.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.2	1.0	1.1
Lafayette		62.1	63.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.7	1.9	2.3
Muncie	49.4	49.6	50.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.7	1.7	1.9
South Bend-Mishawaka		108.2	109.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.2	4.7	4.9
Terre Haute	52.7	52.2	52.6	.5	.4	.4	1.7	1.6	1.7
owa	1,076.2	1,091.3	1,100.9	1.9	1.7	2.0	33.0	32.2	35.8
Cedar Rapids	81.7	82.0	82.5	.2	.1	.1	2.8	3.2	3.4
Des Moines	194.3	200.2	201.5	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	7.1	6.1	6.€
Dubuque	40.9	41.3	42.1	(')	(¹)	(1)	1.1	1.1	1.2
lowa City	49.8	50.0	50.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.2	1.3	1.5
Sioux City		46.1	46.8	(¹)	(¹)	(')	1.7	1.7	1.8
Waterioo-Cedar Falls	59.5	60.1	60.7	(¹)	(1)	(1)	1.5	1.4	1.0
(ansas		988.6	997.0	12.5	11.5	11.6	43.3	39.4	40.9
Lawrence		31.4	31.9	(1)	(1)	()	1.0	1.0	1.1
Topeka	84.1 206.0	85.1 209.3	85.2 211.2	(¹) 2.3	(¹) 2.2	(¹) 2.3	3.3 9.9	3.5 9.7	3.6 10.5
Centucky	1,275.1	1,288.3	1,300.2	40.7	38.9	39.0	56.0	57.7	58.8
Lexington-Fayette		169.5	172.9	.9	1.0	1.0	9.3	9.9	11.0
Louisville		423.7	429.3	.7	.7	.7	20.4	20.8	22.3
Owensboro		32.4	32.2	.9	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.8	1.8
oulsiana	1,533.8	1,487.7	1,489.6	65.0	58.2	58.1	92.0	83.5	83.€
Alexandria		45.6	45.6	.2	.2	.2	2.6	2.6	2.6
Baton Rouge		213.0	213.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	19.7	20.2	19.8
Houma-Thibodaux		51.4	51.7	6.8	5.8	5.9	2.0	1.4	1.4
Lafayette		82.3	82.6	12.5	11.0	11.1	3.8	3.0	3.0
Lake Charles		57.1	57.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	5.6	4.8	5.
Monroe		54,2	54.8	.5	.6	.6	3.3	2.8	3.0
New Orleans		509.3	509.0	17.4	16.5	16.8	26.2	22.9	22.
Shreveport		130.1	130.0	3.9	3.1	3.1	7.7	7.2	7.
laine	464.4	477.4	486.4	.1	.1	.1	24.4	25.1	28.7
							_1		1.1
Lewiston-Auburn	37.6	38.0	38.4	(¹)	(¹)	(')	1.7	1.6	l a

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

0	М	anufacturing)		nsportation a ablic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Georgia	565.5	566.3	567.5	165.1	166.9	168.1	657.8	688.8	693.
Albany	10.0	8.6	8.5	2.2	2.1	2.1	12.3	12.5	12.
Athens	15.1	15.6	15.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	12.4	12.7	12.
Atlanta	192.4	191.8	192.0	107.4	109.2	110.7	361.4	382.0	386.
Augusta	36.4	36.3	36.1	5.0	5.1	5.1	32.1	32.8	33.
Columbus	20.1	19.7	19.7	3.4	3.4	3.4	18.7	20.3	20.
Macon-Warner Robins	19.2	19.1	19.2	4.9	5.1	5.1	24.9	25.3	24.
Savannah	16.6	16.9	16.9	9.4	9.7	9.7	23.8	23.7	23.
Hawaii	21.9	21.8	21.8	33.9	34.3	34.5	115.2	119.5	118.
Honolulu	16.2	16.0	16.0	27.6	27.8	28.0	90.8	93.9	93.
Boise City	50.7 10.2	52.6 10.4	52.4 10.4	18.4 5.5	18.1 5.6	18.3 5.6	82.3 21.7	82.2 21.5	83. 21.
!!linois	927.8	925.9	927.1	279.3	279.0	279.8	1,166.3	1,197.9	1,210.
Aurora-Elgin	35.3	35.8	36.4	4.6	5.0	5.0	35.2	35.9	36.
Bloomington-Normal	4.4	4.9	4.9	3.2	2.9	2.9	12.4	12.5	12.
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	7.7	7.5	7.8	2.3	2.1	2.1	19.1	19.2	19.
Chicago	551.5	539.1	538.5	184.8	188.9	189.4	721.6	732.1	737
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	33.7	33.2	33.8	8.3	8.2	8.2	42.2	42.0	42
Decatur	14.7	13.6	13.6	4.5	4.6	4.5	10.7	10.9	10.
Joliet	19.5	19.2	19.2	8.8	8.3	8.4	22.2	22.3	22
Kankakee	5.2	5.3	5.3	1.5	1.4	1,4	8.0	8.1	8.
Lake County	40.9	39.3	39.4	6.3	6.5	6.5	43.9	44.8	45.
Peoria	31.9	30.5	30.6	6.6	6.5	6.6	32.6	32.9	33.
Rockford	45.4	43.3	42.9	4.5	4.4	4.5	28.1	28.3	28.
Springfield	3.9	3.8	3.8	4.6	4.7	4.7	19.3	19.2	19.
ndiana	603.4	600.2	603.6	111.6	112.7	114.2	514.2	538.2	550
Anderson	18.5	17.4	17.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	10.4	10.5	10.
Bloomington	7.7	8.4	8.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	11.0	11.5	12.
Elkhart-Goshen	48.5	50.7	51.6	2.8	2.7	2.7	16.9	17.7	18.
Evansville	31.6	30.7	30.5	6.4	6.4	6.4	30.2	30.9	31.
Fort Wayne	47.6	48.9	49.1	11.4	11.5	11.6	42.5	43.6	44.
Gary-Hammond	56.8	52.2	53.7	13.7	13.2	13.7	49.5	49.7	50.
Indianapolis	106.7	106.3	106.5	33.8	35.3	35.9	144.9	148.8	150.
Kokomo	19.8	19.2	18.9	1.4	1.3	1.4	9.2	9,4	9.
Lafayette	11.5	11.3	11.3	1.6	1.6	1.6	12.4	12.6	12.
Muncie	10.9	10.8	10.7	2.2	2.2	2.2	12.0	11.9	12.
South Bend-Mishawaka	23.5	23.9	23.8	4.6	4.8	4.8	26.8	27.7	28.
Terre Haute	10.6	10.1	10.1	2.6	2.6	2.6	13.8	13.8	13.
lowa	202.6	207.8	209.2	50.8	52.5	52.7	272.2	276.4	278
Cedar Rapids	22.0	22.1	22.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	19.9	20.0	20.
Des Moines	21.6	22.8	22.9	11.6	11.9	11.9	50.7	51.1	51.
Dubuque	11.9	11.9	11.9	1.6	1.5	1.6	9.2	9.5	9.
lowa City	3.6	3.9	3.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	9.1	9.0	9.
Sioux City Waterloo-Cedar Falls	10.0 12.7	6.2 12.8	6.2 12.9	3.2 1.8	3.5 1.8	3.5 1.7	12.0 14.0	12.1 14.1	12. 14.
									246
Lawrence	176.6 4.5	177.7 4.4	179.4 4,4	62.4 1.3	61.9 1.3	62.5 1.3	242.2 6.6	245.5 6.7	246.
Topeka	9.8	9.4	4.4 9.5	6.8	6.6	6.6	18.4	18.9	19.
Wichita	55.3	57.3	57.9	9.9	9.8	9.8	49.2	49.4	49.
Kentucky	252.7	256.3	254.7	66.5	69.1	69.5	297.7	298.4	301.
Lexington-Fayette	28.4	27.8	27.7	7.7	7.6	7.6	39.1	39.7	40.
Louisville	86.2	86.2	85.8	25.8	26.0	26.2	102.3	101.5	103.
Owensboro	5.7	5.4	5.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	8.3	7.9	7.
Louisiana	166.0	164.4	165.5	108.1	104.9	105.4	370.8	354.4	355.
Alexandria	3.3	3.4	3.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	10.5	10.7	10.
Baton Rouge	19.1	18.7	18.7	10.3	10.5	10.5	51.8	51.9	52.
Houma-Thibodaux	4.8	4.2	4.2	6.2	5.7	5.8	14.0	13.2	13.
Lafayette	6.0	5.7	5.7	7.1	6.4	6.5	24.3	21.7	21.
Lake Charles	8.7	9.8	10.0	3.8	3.6	3.5	13.8	13.7	13.
Monroe	7.3	7.2	7.3	2.9	2.6	2.7	15.1	14.6	14
New Orleans	43.4	42.7	42.8	43.8	41.8	41.7	138.0	132.5	132.
Shreveport	19.2	18.6	18.7	8.5	8.3	8.2	32.2	29.5	29.
Maine	101.8	102.2	100.7	18.6	19.3	19.4	110.0	113.9	117.
Lewiston-Auburn	10.3	9.8	9.9	1.3	1.4	1.4	8.7	9.1	9.
	16.7	16.0	15.9	5.8	5.9	6.1	32.5	33.7	34.

(In thousands)

Charles and James		nce, insurar nd real estat			Services		(Government	:
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Georgia	143.1	148.8	149.6	498.3	531.0	536.2	462.1	468.1	469.
Albany	2.4	2.4	2.5	7.9	8.1	8.1	12.5	12.7	12.7
Athens	1.9	2.0	2.0	8.8	9.3	9.5	18.7	19.2	19.2
Atlanta	93.0	96.6	97.2	299.1	321.8	324.7	184.4	189.0	189.7
Augusta	5.6	6.0	6.0	29.4	29.6	29.9	32.6	33.7	33.7
Columbus	6.0	6.2	6.1	15.4	15.7	15.6	20.4	20.1	20.2
Macon-Warner Robins	7.3 4.4	7.4 4.4	7.5 4.3	20.5 22.3	20.8 22.9	20.8 23.0	33.9 15.5	34.2 16.3	34.2 16.4
Sava[IIIai]	7.7	4.4	4.3	22.3	22.5	23.0	15.5		10.5
Hawaii	32.6 27.5	33.3 28.1	33.4 28.2	118.0 91.7	122.7 95.5	122.8 95.7	95.3 80.7	97.3 82.3	97.8 82.7
daho	23.8 8.5	23.9 8.5	24.0 8.6	66.8 18.5	68.2 18.5	68.7 18.9	72.0 16.8	73.3 17.1	73.8 17.3
linois	343.5	348.0	348.9	1,115.5	1,132.6	1,139.7	729.8	731.5	731.6
Aurora-Elgin	6.9	6.9	6.9	26.7	28.3	29.0	14.3	14.8	15.1
Bloomington-Normal	9.2	9.3	9.3	11.0	11.3	11.3	11.8	12.4	12.3
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	3.2	3.3	3.3	14.4	14.5	14.6	34.1	35.0	34.8
Chicago	247.7	252.1	252.7	748.9	767.6	770.3	358.5	365.1	364.1
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	7.8	8.0	8.0	29.9	29.7	29.7	27.4	27.3	27.3
Decatur	2.8	2.7	2.7	10.1	10.3	10.3	5.6	5.6	5.€
Joliet	3.8	3.8	3.8	19.0	19.0	18.9	16.4	16.2	16.2
Kankakee	1.6	1.6	1.6	8.2	8.3	8.3	6.4	6.8	6.7
Lake County	6.7	6.4	6.4	39.4	40.3	43.3	29.5	29.6	29.3
Peoria	6.9	7.0	7.0	32.0	32.3	32.2	16.1	16.4	16.3
Rockford	5.4	5.4	5.4	23.7	24.1	24.1	12.3	12.3	12.4
Springfield	7.8	7.9	7.9	23.7	22.7	22.6	31.6	31.8	31.8
ndiana	108.8	112.4	113.5	425.8	434.7	442.2	348.9	356.2	356.5
Anderson	1.6	1.6	1.6	9.4	9.5	9.5	5.8	5.9	5.8
Bloomington	1.6	1.6	1.7	7.7	7.8	7.9	17.8	17.9	18.2
Elkhart-Goshen	2.3	2.4	2.4	12.3	12.7	12.8	5.4	5.6	5.6
Evansville	4.9	4.9	5.0	28.0	28.5	28.8	12.0	12.0	12.0
Fort Wayne	11.4	11.7	11.8	35.2	36.3	36.9	17.4	17.9	17.9
Gary-Hammond	7.9	8.1	8.2	43.5	44.5	45.5	30.4	30.6	30.4
Indianapolis	42.6 1.3	43.5	44.2 1.4	126.4 6.0	132.4 6.0	135.1	88.7 5.3	90.2 5.6	90.3
KokomoLafayette	2.8	1.4 3.0	3.0	10.9	11.1	6.2 11.3	20.9	20.7	5.6 21.2
Muncie	1.6	1.6	1.6	9.8	9.9	10.0	11.2	11.6	11.5
South Bend-Mishawaka	5.3	5.6	5.7	29.3	29.9	30.3	11.3	11.6	11.6
Terre Haute	1.9	1.9	1.9	10.8	10.9	11.1	10.8	10.8	10.9
owa	62.5	63.7	63.8	239.7	240.9	242.8	213.5	216.1	216.1
Cedar Rapids	4.7	4.5	4.5	17.8	18.1	18.4	10.2	9.9	9.8
Des Moines	25.0	26.5	26.5	48.7	51.1	51.7	29.5	30.6	30.4
Dubuque	1.4	1.4	1.5	12.1	12.4	12.6	3.6	3.5	3.5
lowa City	1.4	1.6	1.6	7.8	7.8	7.9	25.5	25.1	24.9
Sioux City	2.5	2.6	2.6	12.8	13.5	13.9	6.4	6.5	6.6
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	3.2	3.2	3.3	13.9	14.1	14.3	12.3	12.7	12.7
Kansas	53.8	54.6	55.0	191.6	196.5	196.9	199.2	201.5	203.8
Lawrence	1.0	1.0	1.0	5.3	5.4	5.5	11.3	11.6	11.8
Topeka	5.9	6.1	6.2	18.7	19.3	19.5	21.1	21.2	20.7
Wichita	10.7	11.0	11.0	42.8	44.2	44.2	25.9	25.7	25.8
Kentucky	58.9	61.1	61.6	260.5	263.5	269.7	242.1	243.3	245.1
Lexington-Fayette	8.6	9.0	9.0	40.3	39.0	40.4	34.9	35.5	35.6
Louisville	27.3	28.9	28.9	95.9	99.1	101.0	59.7	60.6	60.6
Owensboro	1.3	1.4	1.4	7.4	7.4	7.4	4.9	5.2	5.2
_ouisiana	85.6	85.3	85.0	319.6	317.1	317.1	326.7	319.9	319.8
Alexandria	2.6	2.6	2.6	10.9	11.1	11.1	12.9	12.7	12.7
Baton Rouge	13.7 2.6	13.3	13.3	41.4	41.7	42.0	56.8	55.7 10.6	55.6
Houma-Thibodaux Lafayette	4.2	2.4 4.0	2.4 4.0	8.6 19.1	8.1 17.5	6.2 17.6	11.2 13.6	10.6 13.0	10.6 13.0
Lake Charles	2.7	2.7	2.7	11.2	10,7	10.7	10.9	10.5	10.5
Monroe	4.4	4.5	4.5	11.2	11.2	11.4	10.9	10.5	10.5
New Orleans	33.7	34.1	34.0	133.9	133.8	133.7	87.9	85.0	85.0
Shreveport	7.9	7.7	7.7	30.7	30.3	30.2	25.5	25.4	25.4
	22.2	23.3	23.5	97.9	102.4	104.5	89.4	91.1	92.0
	66.6	20.0	ر. دع	31.3	102.4	104.0	07.4	37 I. I	92.U
Maine Lewiston-Auburn Portland	2.0	2.1	2.1	9.6	10.0	10.1	4.0	4.0	4.0

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		c	Construction	1
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Maryland	1,931.9	1,971.6	1,989.8	1.6	1.6	1.7	135.6	137.4	141.2
Baltimore MSA	1,044.6	1,059.3	1,067.5	2	.3	.3	64.3	66.4	68.7
Baltimore City	454.8 680.9	454.8 707.7	456.3 711.6	(¹) .5	(¹) 3.	(¹) .4	17.8 58.3	17.1 60.2	17.6 62.1
•									
Massachusetts Boston	2,968.8 1,672.5	3,008.0 1,705.3	3,038.6 1,718.9	1.7	2.1 .8	2.3 .9	117.1 61.0	115.9 59.4	124.5 64.8
Brockton	70.1	71.8	72.3	() ((¹)	(')	3.7	4.1	4.7
Fall River	54.9	55.1	55.8	6	(')	Ö	2.1	2.0	2.6
Fitchburg-Leominster	40.0	39.6	39.9	6	Ŏ l	Ö	1.9	1.9	2.0
Lawrence-Haverhill	160.5	159.3	161.2	Ö	(')	(')	9.9	8.4	8.6
Lowell	104.8	104.2	105.1	.2	.1[.1	4.5	4.4	5.0
New Bedford	65.4	65.3	65.8	(')	(¹)	(¹)	2.7	2.8	3.4
Pittsfield	41.6	42.3	43.2	.1	.1	.1	1.9	1.7	2.1
Springfield	229.3	235.8	238.2	.2	.2	.2	7.8	7.6	8.6
Worcester	190.4	194.5	197.0	.1	.2	.2	8.0	7.6	8.6
Michigan	3,621.5	3,644.6	3,687.1	10.2	10.0	10.8	109.4	106.9	122.4
Ann Arbor	158.6	164.0	163.7	l O	(1)	(¹)	4.8	4.0	4.0
Battle Creek	54.4	55.5	55.5	(')	(¹)	(1)	1.3	1.4	1.5
Benton Harbor	62.2	62.0	62.6	(')	(¹)	(¹)	1.3	1.3	1.4
Detroit	1,819.9 178.5	1,850.2	1,876.0	.9	.8	.9	54.5 4.8	58.7	64.2
Grand Rapids	297.6	176.1 300.4	176.5 301.8	O O	(¹)	(†) (†)	13.0	4.6 13.1	5.0 14.8
Jackson	48.5	49.5	49.6	8	$\ddot{0}$	(4)	1.0	1.2	1.3
Kalamazoo	101.2	103.3	104.8	ŏ	(')	(7)	3.0	2.9	3.1
Lansing-East Lansing	197.1	202.0	203.3	6	Ö	(i)	5.4	4.5	4.9
Muskegon	55.7	55.2	55.4	Ö	ď	ίή	1.7	1.6	1.7
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	149.8	149.5	151.8	Ö	(7)	(')	4.9	5.3	5.6
Minnesota	1.870.3	1,890.6	1.918.5	7.6	4.7	5.2	65.7	63.9	72.5
Duluth	82.9	80.1	81.4	4.9	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.8	3.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,217.6	1,237.3	1,249.2	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	44.8	44.9	49.2
Rochester	54.3	55.2	55.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.6	1.4	1.6
St. Cloud	66.2	67.6	68.2	(²)	(²)	(²)	3.0	3.4	3.7
Mississippi	846.9	855.0	860.9	7.3	6.1	6.2	35.3	34.1	34.7
Jackson	169.9	172.5	173.9	1.2	1.1	1.1	8.5	8.0	8.3
Missouri	2,129.5	2,125.5	2,146.0	6.0	5.4	5.3	97.1	92.9	97.9
Kansas City	714.1	714.3	718.2	.5	.5	.6	34.3	34.4	35.2
St. Joseph	35.8	35.3	35.4	(')	(¹)	(¹)	1.4	1.3	1.5
St. Louis	1,093.3	1,088.2	1,093.3	3.6	3.4	3.4	56.4	51.7	53.9
Springfield	102.8	103.4	104.8	.1	.1	.1	4.3	4.1	4.5
Montana	273.2	272.2	274.3	5.7	5.8	6.2	10.2	7.8	8.7
Nebraska	649.4	654.2	660.0	1.8	1.9	2.0	23.3	22.0	22.8
Lincoln	107.1	108.3	108.9	()	(')	(¹)	3.7	3.5	3.6
Omaha	289.8	292.0	293.3	.2	`´ .2	.2	11.7	11.5	12.2
Nevada	460.7	485.0	492.1	6.1	6.7	6.7	26.4	27.8	28.9
Las Vegas	259.1	276.0	280.6	.3	.3	.3	16.3	17.1	17.6
Reno	124.0	127.7	129.6	.7	.7	.7	6.5	6.8	7.3
New Hampshire	478.9	492.4	495.4	.5	.4	.5	34.0	32.5	34.4
Nashua	85.9	88.6	89.1	.1	.1	.1	4.4	5.0	5.1
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester,NH-ME	102.0	103.6	105.6	.1	.1	.1	4.9	4.5	5.0
New Jersey	3,460.5	3,506.9	3,550.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	147.2	149.5	163.6
Atlantic City	150.7	153.5	160.4	(')	(¹)	(')	8.9	10.2	10.8
Bergen-Passaic	645.1	649.9	654.9	1.	.1	.1,	27.5	28.8	31.0
Camden	404.9	412.2	416.4	1	.1	.1	19.3	20.4	22.1
Jersey City	234.8	240.4	242.2	(¹)	(¹)	(')	6.2	6.1	6.4
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	488.4	497.1	501.8	6	5	.5	21.2	20.4	21.4
Manmaurh (locan	300.9	306.6	313.1	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	18.4	18.4	20.1
Monmouth-Ocean									
Newark	936.9	949.7	956.0	.7	.7	.7	34.6	35.4	38.9
	936.9 186.2 53.6	949.7 192.3 55.1	956.0 193.6 55.4	(¹) .3	(¹) .4	(¹) .4	34.6 4.3 2.1	35.4 4.3 2.5	4.7 2.7

(in thousands)

	M	lanufacturing	•		nsportation a public utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Waryland	210.1	207.6	206.4	90.3	91.8	92.4	485.4	501.9	507.
Baltimore MSA	133.9	131,5	130.7	54.9	54.6	54.7	253.1	259.1	261.
Baltimore City	48.5	45.5	45.3	27.6	27.2	27.2	95.3	95.9	95.
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	35.6	35.7	35.1	23.5	24.4	24.7	179.0	189.5	188.
Massachusetts	625.9	609.0	608.0	122.9	126.4	126.8	691.1	702.1	710.
Boston	295.6	290.7	290.6	72.3	74.2	74.5	371.0	382.3	385.
Brockton	11.8	11.0	10.9	5.1	5.2	5.0	20.2	21.5	21.
Fall River	17.7	16.8	16.6	1.8	1.9	1.9	14.0	14.3	14.
Fitchburg-Leominster	13.3	13.2	13.2	1.5	1.4	1.4	9.9	10.0	10.
Lawrence-Haverhill	52.9	51.3	50.8	6.5	6.7	6.7	34.1	35.7	37.
Lowell	38.7	37.0	36.9	3.4	3.3	3.2	21.9	21.8	21
New Bedford	21.2	21.1	20.9	2.9	3.1	3.1	14.8	14.5	14
Pittsfield	12.0	12.0	11.8	.9	1.0	1.1	10.7	11.2	11
Springfield	52.3	52.2	52.3	8.9	9.2	9.1	53.4	55.1	56
Worcester	45.9	45.2	45.0	8.2	8.0	8.2	46.4	48.6	49
Alchigan	1,005.1	978.9	982.1	146.6	148.2	149.2	794.5	811.8	826
Ann Arbor	38.7	38.8	38.7	4.6	4.9	5.0	24.3	26.6	26
Battle Creek	14.8	15.5	15.2	1.8	1.8	1.8	10.2	10.1	10
Benton Harbor	21.6	21.0	21.2	2.5	2.5	2.6	11.7	11.7	12
Detroit	494.5	480.1	484.9	82.1	84.4	84.5	414.0	424.9	431
Flint	67.2	61.5	61.3	4.8	4.5	4.6	41.3	42.5	42
Grand Rapids	95.3	93.4	93.6	10.9	10.8	11.0	73.3	74.4	74
	12.7	12.9	12.8	4.1	4.1	4.2	10.6	10.8	11
Jackson	29.4		29.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	21.9		
Kalamazoo		29.2						22.7 38.8	23 38
Lansing-East Lansing	38.2	37.9	38.0	5.6	5.2	5.2	37.9		
MuskegonSaginaw-Bay City-Midland	18.5 45.6	17.7 44.0	17.7 44.5	2.6 7.1	2.6 7.2	2.6 7.3	11.8 34.0	11.7 33.8	11 34
·									
linnesota	364.6 7.0	364.4	365.6	96.9	96.6 5.0	96.9	462.6	464.8	473 21
Duluth	249.8	7.1	7.2	5.8	66.4	5.3	21.1	21.0	306
	10.8	249.2	249.1	66.8		65.7	297.1	303.7	
Rochester	11.3	10.2 12.2	10.2 12.1	1.7 3.7	1.5 3.7	1.6 3.7	11.0 19.4	11.5 20.5	11 20
Nacionia di	221.2	220.6	222.8	38.9	39.6	39.6	180.7	183.6	105
Alssissippi Jackson	19.7	20.0	20.2	11.1	11.2	11.3	41.2	41.9	185 42
lissouri	425.6	412.1	408.0	139.6	140.9	141.7	504.6	494.3	502
Kansas City	119.2	114.5	114.1	55.2	54.4	54.7	179.3	179.1	180
St. Joseph	9.0	9.1	9.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	8.7	8.5	ε
St. Louis	223.5	217.6	212.9	72.7	73.1	74.1	256.5	255.8	258
Springfield	20.1	19.0	19.1	6.4	6.4	6.5	27.5	28.1	28
lontana	20.1	20.7	20.7	20.3	19.9	20.0	71.1	70.9	70
ebraska	85.1	82.4	84.1	42.3	42.9	43.0	167.4	169.3	171
Lincoln	12.6	12.9	12.9	5.9	5.8	5.8	24.9	24.9	25
Omaha	32.1	31.9	31.5	22.5	23.2	23.4	74.5	75.5	76
evada	21.8	22.9	23.0	25.9	27.0	27.2	92.2	96.8	98
Las Vegas	8.0	8.4	8.6	14.7	15.5	15.7	53.7	56.5	57
Reno	8.0	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.6	8.6	27.4	28.6	28
ew Hampshire	118.8	117.6	117.2	16.1	17.4	17.4	115.4	122.5	123
Nashua	35.7	35.2	35.3	2.1	2.2	2.1	18.5	20.4	20
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester,NH-ME	20.9	20.1	20.0	2.7	2.7	2.8	25.3	26.9	27
ew Jersey	693.6	687.6	684.1	229.4	230.5	231.0	817.4	833.6	844
Atlantic City	8.4	8.2	8.2	6.0	6.0	6.1	30.7	28.9	32
Bergen-Passaic	164.7	160.5	159.4	28.4	28.3	28.7	181.5	185.3	185
Camden	75.5	74.7	73.8	17.2	17.4	17.6	106.4	106.3	107
Jersey City	51.6	52.2	52.2	30.5	30.5	30.0	55.8	58.5	59
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	111.9	113.7	113.4	38.9	40.2	40.0	117.4	118.6	119
Monmouth-Ocean	30.7	30.3	29.8	15.3	16.0	15.9	81.4	84.7	86
Newark	187.6	187.1	186.2	79.5	80.1	80.1	191.3	195.4	196
Trenton	31.6	32.0	32.1	6.0	6.3		29.7		
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton						6.4		31.0	31
vii leiai lu-iviiliviile-driuuetori	14.9	15.1	14.8	2.1	2.1	2.1	10.7	11.0	11

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		nce, insurar nd real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Ma r. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Maryland	115.4	118.9	119.5	495.2	516.4	523.2	398.3	396.0	397.9
Baltimore MSA	70.4	73.4	73.7	260.9	266.8	269.1	206.9	207.2	208.6
Baltimore City	44.1	45.2	45.5	132.4	136.4	137.4	89.1	87.5	87.5
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	37.4	39.2	39.4	193.2	200.4	202.5	153.6	158.0	158.5
Massachusetts	198.5	210.5	213.2	818.9	850.1	859.2	392.7	391.9	393.8
Boston	137.4 3.0	143.7	145.1	537.9	555.8	559.2	196.6 11.7	198.4	198.7
Brockton	2.6	3.1 2.9	3.2 2.8	14.6 10.2	14.9 10.7	15.0 10.6	6.5	12.0 6.5	12.0 6.5
Fall RiverFitchburg-Leominster	1.5	1.6	1.6	7.1	7.0	7.1	4.8	4.5	4,5
Lawrence-Haverhill		6.0	6.2	30.8	31.2	32.1	20.6	20.0	19.8
Lowell		4.2	4.3	18.9	20.3	20.5	13.4	13.1	13.2
New Bedford	2.4	2.5	2.5	11.8	12.1	12.2	9.6	9,2	9.0
Pittsfield	2.1	2.2	2.2	9.2	9.5	10.0	4.7	4.6	4.7
Springfield	15.1	15.8	16.0	54.2	57.2	57.4	37.4	38.5	38.6
Worcester		12.8	13.0	46.0	48.3	48.7	23.5	23.8	24.0
Michigan	167.1	176.2	177.2	779.9	794.6	801.8	608.6	618.0	617.1
Ann Arbor		4.6	4.6	31.0	32.5	32.4	50.8	52.4	52.1
Battle Creek		3.7	3.7	11.2	11,4	11.5	11,4	11,5	11.5
Benton Harbor	2.3	2.5	2.5	14.1	14.2	14.1	8.6	8.7	8.7
Detroit	97.6	102.1	102.8	440.5	456.0	462.9	235.8	243.2	244.1
Flint	6.0	6.4	6.3	31.5	32.4	32.5	22.9	24.3	24.1
Grand Rapids	13.1	13.5	13.4	61.2	63.2	62.8	30.4	31.6	31.0
Jackson	1.6	1.5	1.5	9.1	9.3	9.3	9.1	9.3	9.4
Kalamazoo	4.4	4.8	4.8	22.2	23.0	23.1	16.9	17.3	17.6
Lansing-East Lansing	10.5	11.2	11.3	34.1	36.1	37.1	65.0	68.1	67.5
Muskegon		1.4	1.4	10.9	11.3	11.3	8.6	8.9	8.7
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	6.0	5.9	6.0	30.5	30.8	31.8	21.4	22.3	22.2
Minnesota	114.1	118.9	119.3	444.4	455.7	461.9	314.4	321.6	323.3
Duluth	3.1	3.1	3.1	19.6	19.5	19.6	18.7	18.6	18.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul	87.7	91.9	92.2	302.4	307.9	312.2	168.1	172.6	173.6
Rochester St. Cloud	1.6 [,] 2.3	1.6 2.4	1.6 2.4	21.9 13.9	22.8 13.2	23.0 13.1	5.8 12.6	6.1 12.3	6.1 12.3
		20.4			400.4		400 5		
Mississippi Jackson	36.8 13.4	38.1 14.0	38.4 14.1	134.2 36.1	138.1 37.1	138.4 37.5	192.5 38.8	194.7 39.1	195.1 39.2
Missouri	127.3	132.1	133.8	484.2	494.9	502.0	345.1	352.9	354.6
Kansas City	55.3	57.0	57.0	160.6	162.5	164.0	109.7	111.9	112.3
St. Joseph	1.9	1.8	1.8	7.0	6.8	6.8	5.7	5.8	5.8
St. Louis	69.1	71.9	72.5	270.2	277.9	281.1	141.3	136.8	137.3
Springfield	5.2	5.1	5.3	26.1	26.8	27.0	13.1	13.8	13.8
Montana	12.9	12.9	12.8	61.1	62.5	62.8	71.8	71.7	72.3
Nebraska	46.7	48.5	48.5	145.5	147.8	148.3	137.3	139.4	140.0
Lincoln	7.6	7.9	7.9	22.2	23.1	23.1	30.2	30.2	30.5
Omaha	28.4	29.8	29.9	76.3	75.8	76.0	44.1	44.1	43.9
Nevada	22.1	23.6	23.8	203.8	215.6	219.8	62.4	64.6	64.7
Las Vegas	13.2 6.6	14.2 7.0	14.3 7.0	121.6 50.5	131.5 51.2	134.4 52.3	31.3 15.9	32.5 16.4	32.7 16.4
New Hampshire		29.6	30.2	103.7	108.9	108.4	62.8	63.5	63.7
Nashua Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester,NH-ME	3.1 5.6	3.4 6.1	3.5 6.2	15.9 17.7	16.2 18.3	16.4 19.1	6.1 24.8	6.1 24.9	6.1 24.9
New Jersey	205.8	2140	215.0	904.6	940 5		540.3	E46 C	E40.0
New Jersey Atlantic City	1 1	214.2 6.6	215.9 6.7	824.6 65.1	842.5 68.0	860.5 70.9	540.3 25.0	546.9 25.5	548.8 25.6
Bergen-Passaic		36.2	36.8	143.1	144.0	146.9	25.0 65.9	25.5 66.7	67.0
Camden		22.7	22.9	93.9	96.0	98.0	71.3	74.6	74.6
Jersey City		10.4	10.4	40.7	42.1	42.8	40.1	40.6	40.8
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		33.2	33.3	94.2	98.3	100.5	71.9	72.2	73.0
Monmouth-Ocean		17.1	17.1	79.2	79.6	82.5	59.6	60.4	61.2
Newark		75.3	75.4	235.7	240.3	242.4	134.9	135.4	136.1
Trenton		8.8	8.9	53.4	55.5	55.8	52.6	54.4	54.5
	2.8								

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		(Construction	1
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
New Mexico	526.3	529.6	532.7	16.5	14.3	14.4	35.1	33.1	34.0
		230.7	231.6	.2		.2	16.8	16.9	17.0
Albuquerque					.2				
Las Cruces		40.4 54.0	40,5 54.0	.1	.1 .1	.1. .1	2.6 3.1	2.6 3.1	2.7 3.3
New York	7.844.6	7,961.2	8,030.8	5.9	5.4	5.8	293.6	292.3	317.3
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		393.9	397.1	.4	.2	.3	15.5	15.5	17.6
Binghamton		117.4	118.4	(1)	. (')	(')	4.7	4.4	4.9
Buffalo		423.0	425.7	`` .4	. ` ' .3	.4	13.6	11.9	13.8
Elmira		36.8	37.3	(1) (1)	(¹)	(¹)	1.3	1.1	1.3
Glens Falls		43.4	44.4	%	6	(')	1.7	1.5	1.8
Nassau-Suffolk		1,104.8	1,117.3	ا ۱ ۲۰ ا	.2	.2	54.3	51.3	55.3
New York PMSA		4,087.0	4,099.0	1.4	1.3	1.3	142.4	141.5	147.0
				1.4	.8	.7	110.9	111.7	115.1
New York City		3,572.2	3,579.1				2.4	2.0	2.4
Niagara Falls		76.8	77.7	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	- 1		
Orange County		96.4	98.0	(1)	(1)	(¹)	4.1	3.9	4.4
Poughkeepsie		114.7	116.1	(2)	(²)	(²)	5.6	5.7	6.2
Rochester		450.7	455.7	.8	.8	.8	14.7	14.4	15.3
Rockland County		95.3	96.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.6	4.4	4.4
Syracuse		292.9	294.9	.2	.2	.2	14.2	12.7	12.9
Utica-Rome		117.5	118.3	.1	.1	.2	3.2	2.6	3.1
Westchester County	401.2	402.3	406.6	.3	.3	.3	25.8	24.3	26.2
North Carolina		2,787.7	2,807.1	4.7	4.8	4.8	154.9	158.6	163.0
Asheville		74.8	75.7	.1	.1	.1	3.8	3.6	3.6
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		555.4	559.2	.3	.3	.3	31.1	31.4	32.5
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	448.4	452.4	454.2	.3	.3	.3	24.1	23.3	24.0
Raleigh-Durham	367.8	375.6	379.0	.4	.3	.4	23.6	23.9	24.4
North Dakota	247.3	245.1	248.6	4.8	3.6	3.8	8.9	7.7	8.6
Bismarck		36.0	36.6	.2	.2	.2	1.3	1.2	1.4
Fargo-Moorhead		69.0 28.9	69.8 29.3	(0)	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	2.7 1.2	2.5 1.1	2.8 1.2
					` '		١٢	1.1	
OhioAkron		4,492.3 260.5	4,560.1 263.9	22.6 .6	20.5 .6	20.5 .6	151.3 8.1	145.6 7.9	160.7 9.0
Canton		151.7	153.9	1.1	1.0	1.0	4.8	4.9	5.7
Cincinnati		657.2	671.3	.4	.3	.3	24.7	25.3	27.2
Cleveland		881.0	893.2	1.2	.s .9	.s .9	24.7	22.9	25.1
Columbus		642.5	650.9	9.1.2	.9	.9	22.8	23.4	25.1
	1	426.2	431.9	l .			- 1	15.0	16.6
Dayton-Springfield		278.7	282.6	.4	.4	.4	13.8 9.0		
Toledo Youngstown-Warren	1	188.6	190.9	.2 .6	.1 .5	.2 .5	6.3	9.0 6.1	9.7 7.2
Oklahama	1,144,4	1 104 4	1 107 5	55.8	50.7	52.9	20.2	20.5	20.4
Oklahoma		1,124.4	1,127.5		52.7		39.2	38.5	39.4
Enid		21.4 32.6	21.5	1.4	1.2	1.2	.8	.8	.8
Lawton			32.8	.2	.2	.2	1.3	1.3	1.3
Oklahoma City		399.6 299.2	400.2 299.4	13.6 18.0	11.8 16.6	11.8 16.7	13.5 12.0	12.9 12.4	13.4 12.8
_				_					
Oregon		1,066.7	1,077.0	1.5	1.2	1.3	33.6	29.0	31.6
Eugene-Springfield		100.9	100.8	.2	.1	.1	2.6	2.7	2.8
Portland		536.6 89.9	541.6 90.8	.6 .1	.5 .1	.6 .1	18.4 2.9	16.4 2.5	17.3 2.6
Pennsylvania	4,772.6	4,805.6	4,878.3	34.2	31.1	31.8	193.3	188.3	211.7
Allentown-Bethlehem		263.7	267.0	.5	.5	.5	10.1	10.7	11.7
Altoona		48.9	49.6	(²) .5	(²) .3	(²) .3	2.3	2.2	2.6
Beaver County		49.4	50.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	3.5	3.6	3.9
Ene		108.1	109.4	.3	Э.3	.3	2.8	2.7	3.0
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		286.5	290.2	اد.	اد.	.4	10.7	10.8	11.7
Johnstown		75.6	77.2	3.9	3.8	3.8	2.5	2.1	2.7
Lancaster		175.8	178.6	3.9	.3	.4	8.8	9.4	9.8
	1 (70.0	175.0			- 1				
	20020	2 121 1	21/52	1 10	4 01	4 7 1		ഹവ	
Philadelphia PMSA		2,121.1	2,145.3	(2)	(2) 1.2	1.2	89.5	92.8	99.3
		2,121.1 766.6 840.0	2,145.3 774.9 848.2	(²) 6.8	(²) 6.5	(²) 6.6	89.5 18.1 38.4	92.8 17.3 38.6	99.3 18.4 40.8

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and are	_ N	/lanufacturing)		nsportation a sublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
New Mexico	36.9	37.4	37.7	29.5	28.7	28.9	124.5	126.3	127.1
	19.5	19.4	19.5	l l	12.4		57.4		
Albuquerque	3.3	l .		12.2	1.3	12.4	7.5	58.5	58.7
Las Cruces	1.6	3.5 1.6	3.3 1.6	1.3 1.3	1.2	1.4 1.2	9.7	7.7 10.3	7.7 10.5
New York	1,256.0	1,224.0	1,220.4	401.5	403.8	403.7	1,647.1	1,677.5	1,694.4
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	50.9	48.5	47.9	15.7	16.3	16.3	82.5	84.2	84.5
Binghamton	38.3	37.0	36.9	4.1	4.1	4.1	24.3	25.2	25.5
Buffalo	76.6	75.3	75.4	21.2	21.4	21.7	104.0	106.5	107.1
Elmira	6.7	7.0	7.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	9.9	10.3	10,5
Glens Falls	9.9	10.3	10.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	9.5	10.1	10.3
Nassau-Suffolk	179.8	179.8	178.4	46.4	47.9	48.1	293.0	295.7	300.9
New York PMSA	477.9	471.9	467.9	243.6	241.7	241.1	756.9	757.0	757.9
New York City	392.4	386.7	382.9	218.5	216.4	215.8	634.3	633.8	634.0
Niagara Falls	24.4	23.9	23.8	3.5	3.3	3.5	17.1	17.4	17.7
Orange County	14.9	14.5	14.7	5.6	5.7	5.7	24.6	25.7	26.0
Poughkeepsie	32.3	30.6	30.6	3.3	3.3	3.4	20.7	21.2	21.4
Rochester	140.9	133.4	133.8	13.8	13.9	14.0	94.3	96.2	97.2
Rockland County	15.7	15.9	15.9	4.1	4.2	4.3	22.5	22.7	22.8
Syracuse	54.6	53.5	53.2	16.6	16.8	17.0	68.2	69.7	70.9
Utica-Rome	24.7	23.6	23.3	4.6	4.6	4.7	25.0	25.7	26.2
Westchester County	67.9	67.3	67.3	20.3	20.4	20.5	95.9	96.2	96.7
North Carolina	826.2	838.5	839.7	131.4	133.3	133.0	595.2	616.6	620.6
Asheville	20.6	19.8	19.9	3.5	3.5	3.6	17.0	16.8	16.9
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	147.1	150.0	149.9	46.1	47.7	48.1	127.8	130.5	131.6
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	151.7	151.5	151.0	24.3	25.0	24.9	98.6	101.2	101.4
Raleigh-Durham	59.4	57.7	57.9	17.3	18.2	18.2	74.4	76.0	76.4
North Dakota	15.0	15.3	15.6	15.7	15.6	15.6	66.7	65.2	66.5
Bismarck	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	9.6	9.5	9.7
Fargo-MoorheadGrand Forks	4.7 1.5	4.8 1.7	4.8 1.8	3.9 1.5	4.1 1.4	4.1 1.3	20.0 8.0	20.3 7.9	20.7 8.1
	1.5			1.5		1.3	8.0	7.9	6.1
Ohio	1,114.1 67.1	1,092.1 65.2	1,095.8 65.3	201.9 12.9	206.6 13.1	209.3 13.2	1,047.7 62.8	1,063.9 64,0	1,085.1 65.2
	44.0	42.7	42.8	5.8	5.9	5.9	37.4	38.5	39.2
Canton				33.4	33.9		161.8	168.0	170.8
	147.0 206.3	143.9	147.4 203.9	40.9	40.9	34.5	210.8		215.4
Cleveland	106.6	203.6 103.9	103.3		28.0	41.5		212.3 157.2	
Columbus	105.3		105.3	26.5 14.5	14.7	28.5	153.5 92.9		159.5 96.2
Dayton-Springfield		104.9			14.7	14.9		94.5	67.8
Toledo Youngstown-Warren	63.7 51.7	62.5 51.4	62.4 51.5	13.7 7.5	8.0	14.4 8.0	65.1 45.8	66.5 46.0	46.9
Oklahoma	165.3	158.0	157.6	64.4	62.5	62.3	276.9	270.2	271.9
Enid	1.7	1.5	1.5	2.3	2.1	2.1	6.6	6.1	6.1
Lawton	3.5	3.3	3.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	8.8	8.3	8.4
Oklahoma City	51.2	48.3	48.5	20.6	20.1	20.1	105.0	96.4	96.8
Tulsa	51.7	49.5	49.4	22.3	22.6	22.5	71.9	72.7	73.2
Oregon	192.4	191.9	193.2	56.2	56.9	57.0	262.8	267.0	270.7
Eugene-Springfield	17.6	18.4	18.5	4.0	4.0	4.1	25.3	25.4	25.8
Portland	89.7	89.4	89.8	32.8	33.0	33.0	138.2	140.9	142.9
Salem	11.6	11.1	11.2	2.5	2.5	2.5	20.3	20.7	21.0
Pennsylvania	1,052.2	1,031.9	1,035.5	239.5	240.8	242.2	1,076.4	1,099.8	1,114.8
Allentown-Bethlehem	80.2	76.8	76.8	13.9	14.1	14.3	56.8	58.9	59.3
Altoona		10.8	10.9	4.8	4.9	4.9	12.1	12.4	12.5
Beaver County		9.8	9.8	5.2	5.0	5.0	11.0	11.0	11.2
Erie		34.2	33.8	4.0	3.9	3.9	22.9	23.0	23.5
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	49.4	50.6	50.5	17.8	18.1	18.2	62.4	64.8	65.6
Johnstown		12.7	13.0	5.1	5,0	5.0	15.9	15.8	16.3
Lancaster		59.4	59.8	7.0	7.1	7.2	41.2	41.9	42.7
Philadelphia PMSA		378.6	378.2	94.6	96.5	96.5	477.5	493.1	498.1
						00.0			
Philadelphia City	100.0	97.8	97.8	44.1	45.2	45.2	146.8	148.7	149.6

(In thousands)

Chata and annua		nce, insurar id real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Арг. 1987 ^р	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
New Mente	20.4	07.4	07.4	4470	404.0	400.0	440.0	444.5	444
New Mexico	26.4	27.1	27.1 14.8	117.2	121.2	122.0	140.2	141.5	141.5
Albuquerque	14.1	14.5		60.8	63.0	63.2	45.4	45.8	45.8
Las Cruces	1.6 2.0	1.6 2.2	1.6 2.1	5.7 12.7	6.1 13.5	6.3 13.6	18.0 21.1	17.5 22.0	17.4 21.6
					10.0	10.0			
New York	745.7	767.0	772.8	2,105.5	2,178.7	2,202.7	1,389.4	1,412.5	1,413.8
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	20.8	21.7	21.9	94.6	96.7	97.6	109.9	110.8	111.0
Binghamton	3.8	3.8	3.9	20.9	21.2	21.6	20.9	21.6	21.
Buffalo	24.3	25.1	25.3	105.6	108.3	108.9	71.5	74.2	73.2
Elmira	1.2	1.2	1.2	8.7	9.2	9.4	6.4	6.7	6.4
Glens Falls	1.9	1.9	1.9	9.1	9.0	9.3	8.9	9.1	9.2
Nassau-Suffolk	69.8	73.4	73.9	272.4	274.5	279.5	179.8	182.0	181.0
New York PMSA	550.5	562.2	565.0	1,208.2	1,244.7	1,251.5	655.9	666.6	667.3
New York City	521.3	531.8	534.1	1,070.0	1,105.0	1,110.1	575.4	585.9	586.3
Niagara Falls	1.8	1.7	1.8	15.6	16.0	16.2	11.7	12.3	12.1
Orange County	4.0	4.0	4.1	20.4	20.3	20.7	22.0	22.1	22.3
Poughkeepsie	4.0	4.3	4.4	24.9	25.2	25.7	24.2	24.4	24.4
Rochester	20.4	20.5	21.0	104.9	106.5	108.6	63.3	64.9	65.2
Rockland County	3.7	3.7	3.9	23.0	23.2	23.4	21.2	21.2	21.4
Syracuse	18.7	18.7	18.9	68.9	70.1	70.8	49.3	51.1	51.1
Utica-Rome	6.3	6.5	6.6	24.7	24.6	24.8	28.7	29.7	29.6
Westchester County	24.9	26.1	26.4	110.5	111.9	113.3	55.5	55.7	55.8
North Carolina	115.8	122.8	124.5	449.1	466.4	471.8	436.6	446.8	449.6
Asheville	2.6	2.7	2.7	15.9	15.9	16.3	11.8	12.4	12.5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	31.8	33.9	34.3	95.6	99.5	99.8	62.2	62.1	62.6
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	21.3	21.9	22.2	75.9	76.9	77.4	52.1	52.4	53.0
Raleigh-Durham	21.0	22.7	22.8	85.1	89.0	90.5	86.6	87.7	88.5
	25				00.0	00.0	33.3	0	00.0
North Dakota	12.3	12.3	12.4	59.1	59.7	60.3	64.8	65.7	65.8
Bismarck	1.6	1.6	1.6	10.1	10.3	10.4	8.1	8.7	8.8
Fargo-Moorhead	4.2 1.1	4.4 1.1	4.4 1.2	18.5 6.1	18.7 6.3	19.1 6.4	13.6 9.2	14.2 9.4	13.9 9.3
ALI-	222.1		242.4						
Ohio	228.1 9.9	238.3 10.2	240.4	990.8	1,023.5	1,048.3	690.1	701.9	699.9
Akron	6.4	6.5	10.4 6.5	54.4 33.1	55.3 33.6	56.4 34.4	43.2 18.6	44.1 18.6	43.8 18.4
Cincinnati	37.3	39.1	39.6	153.6	158.4	162.8	86.7	88.2	88.8
Cleveland	50.9	53.5	54.0	223.6	229.3	235.0	115.9	117.6	117.5
Columbus	52.6	55.3	55.5	143.3	152.5	156.2	118.1	121.3	121.2
Dayton-Springfield	17.1	17.7	17.9	100.1	104.5	106.2	74.1	74.5	74.5
Toledo	10.9	11.4	11.5	66.4	71.7	73.5	42.2	43.2	43.1
Youngstown-Warren	8.0	8.3	8.4	42.5	43.2	44.0	24.2	25.1	24.3
Okiahoma	63.4	62.0	62.1	224.2	224.9	225.4	255.2	255.6	255.9
Enid	1.2	1.0	1.0	5.4	5.1	5.2	3.9	3.6	3.6
Lawton	1.5	1.5	1.5	5.8	5.4	5.4	11.6	11.3	11.4
Oklahoma City Tulsa	26.7 17.6	26.0 17.3	25.9 17.4	86.6 68.9	86.1 70.8	85.8 70.2	100.6 37.2	98.0 37.3	97.9 37.2
Oregon	60.0	71.5	70.4	200 2	240.4	242.0	202.6	200.4	207.0
Oregon	68.2 4.5	71.5	72.4	228.3	240.1	242.9	203.6	209.1	207.9
Eugene-Springfield	4.5 42.5	4.6 44,1	4.7 44.5	21.8 127.0	22.8 134.4	23.1 136.1	22.5 76.6	22.9 77.9	21.7 77.4
Salem	5.2	5.5	5.5	17.7	18.4	18.7	28.8	29.1	29.2
Pennsylvania	273.3	282.2	285.3	1,212.1	1,239.5	1,263.9	691.6	692.0	693.1
Allentown-Bethlehem	10.4	10.6	10.8	59.9	61.8	63.2	29.7	30.3	30.4
Altoona	1.5	1.5	1.6	9.9	10.0	10.0	7.1	7.1	7.1
Beaver County	1.8	1.7	1.7	10.8	10.8	11.0	7.1	7.1	7.1
Erie	5.0	4.9	5.0	25.0	25.3	26.0	13.6	13.8	13.9
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	15.8	16.2	16.3	58.0	59.3	60.8	65.4	66.3	66.7
Johnstown	4.7	4.9	4.9	18.5	18.8	18.9	12.6	12.5	12.6
Lancaster	6.3	6.7	6.8	33.9	35.3	36.1	15.5	15.7	15.8
Philadelphia PMSA	149.4	156.4	157.2	585.0	602.1	614.0	300.1	300.4	300.8
Philadelphia City	68.5	70.3	70.5	243.7	248.1	253.8	140.9	139.2	139.6
Pittsburgh	50.9	52.4	53.0	251.9	256.7	259.2	104.8	104.4	104.3
	30.0		55.5	_51.5	_55.7	_00.2	.04.0		107.0

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Pennsylvania-Continued	141.8	145.6	147.1	(2)	<i>a</i>	(2)	5.6	5.5	6.0
Reading Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	280.6	278.9	283.9	(²) 0.8	⁽²⁾ 0.7	(²) 0.8	10.5	9.2	10.7
Sharon	40.3	40.4	41.0	.2	.2	.1	1.0	1.0	1.1
State College	51.6	52.0	53.5	.2	.2	.2	1.8	1.6	2.0
Williamsport	46.6	48.1	48.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.7	1.6	1.8
York	163.8	165.0	167.2	.4	.4	.4	8.1	8.0	8.6
Rhode Island	438.9	441.1	445.5	.1	.1	.1	16.8	15.8	17.4
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	129.2	130.7	132.3	.1	.1	.1	4.2	3.8	4.2
Providence	306.8	312.7	315.9	.1	.1	.1	12.6	14.0	15.2
South Carolina	1,338.0	1,365.1	1,379.2	1.6	1.6	1.6	88.2	88.1	89.2
Charleston	179.9	184.2	185.9	(')	(¹)	(')	13.7	14.0	14.5
Columbia	214.9	215.6	217.0	6	ď	Ö	14.1	14.6	14.9
Greenville-Spartanburg	294.5	302.4	302.6	(6)	(¹)	(†) (†)	21.9	21.0	21.2
South Dakota	248.3	249.5	252.5	2.6	2.4	2.4	8.5	7.5	8.6
Rapid City	32.4	32.6	33.4	.3	.2.4	.3	2.0	1.8	1.9
Sioux Falls	61.8	62.8	63.4	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.1	1.9	2.1
Tennessee	1,911.1	1,978.1	1,994.1	7.5	6.9	7.0	87.3	93.0	96.6
Chattanooga	180.6	181.4	182.2	9.9	.9	1.0	7.2	6.6	7.0
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	152.5	154.7	154.6	.2	.1	.1	5.2	4.9	4.9
Knoxville	240.2	237.9	240.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.6	11.3	11.1
Memphis	399.9	411.1	410.7	.1	.1	.1	18.1	18.9	19.1
Nashville	448.8	456.7	455.5	.8	.8	.9	26.7	30.2	30.0
Texas	6,631.9	6,476.9	6,487,2	215.2	189.3	188.7	427.3	368.1	367.6
Abilene	51.9	50.0	50.1	2.7	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.3	2.3
Amarillo	78.9	77.1	77.2	1.7	1.3	1.3	3.8	3.9	3.8
Austin	364.5	362.2	362.3	1.1	1.0	1.0	24.2	20.4	20.1
Beaumont-Port Arthur	130.5	126.7	127.5	1.9	1.6	1.6	7.4	7.6	7.2
Brazoria	58.5	56.5	57.1	1.8	1.3	1.3	6.0	5.7	5.8
Brownsville-Harlingen Bryan-College Station	66.0 49.7	65.6 48.2	65.3 48.0	.1 .8	.1 .7	.1 .8	2.9 2.6	2.7 2.1	2.6 2.0
Corpus Christi	131.2	128.9	129.1	6.7	6.0	5.9	8.8	7.6	7.5
Dallas	1,343.4	1,313.1	1,313.1	22.0	19.1	19.1	85.7	66.5	65.4
El Paso	183.1	184.0	185.4	.2	.1	.1	9.7	9.7	9.6
Ft. Worth-Arlington	511.8	512.7	514.6	3.9	3.4	3.4	32.2	30.1	30.5
Galveston-Texas City	72.6	68.9	69.6	.6	.4	.4	5.1	3.6	3.5
Houston	1,426.0	1,372.1	1,370.3	75.6	63.1	62.9	95.8	83.6	84.1
Killeen-Temple	68.2 34.9	67.7 35.3	68.1 35.1	1.8	.1 2.0	.1 2.0	4.0 1.3	3.6 1.3	3.7 1.3
Longview-Marshall	66.7	64.6	64.8	4.1	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.0	3.1
Lubbock	91.5	90.7	90.7	.3	.3	.3	4.3	3.2	3.0
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	87.8	86.8	88.8	1.1	1.0	1.0	4.4	4.6	4.6
Midland	47.0	44.1	43.8	10.0	8.8	8.6	1.8	1.5	1.5
Odessa	47.7	43.4	43.4	7.3	6.2	6.1	3.0	2.4	2.3
San Angelo	37.7	36.8	36.5	.7	.6	.6	2.2	1.9	1.8
San Antonio	497.7 38.0	493.1 37.8	496.3	2.9	2.6	2.6	36.8	31.6	31.6 1.8
Sherman-Denison Texarkana	38.0 44.9	37.8 44.4	37.8 44.7	.2	.1	.1	1.8 2.1	1.8 1.4	1.6
Tyler	61.9	59.7	60.0	2.2	1.9	1.9	3.0	2.6	2.7
Victoria	28.3	27.8	28.2	2.0	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.0
Waco	78.5	77.9	78.1	.2	.1	.1	4.1	3.8	4.0
Wichita Falls	51.1	50.3	50.2	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.1
Utah	630.6	635.7	638.3	7.9	8.3	8.3	31.3	26.3	27.3
Provo-Orem	73.1	74.8	75.0	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.7	2.4	2.5
Salt Lake City-Ogden	439.1	443.7	445.1	1.5	2.6	2.6	22.3	19.0	19.8
Vermont	228.3	239.7	237.1	.4	.5	.5	13.4	13.4	13.8
Barre-Montpelier	30.7	32.4	31.9	.2	.2	.2	1.7	1.6	1.7
Burlington	70.5	72.0	73.3	(')	(¹)	(¹)	3.8	3.5	3.8

(In thousands)

City and are	M	lanufacturing	9		nsportation a public utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Pennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	47.0	48.2	48.1	6.3	6.6	6.7	30.8	31.2	31.8
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	72.6	71.1	72.2	14.6	14.8	15.2	62.3	62.4	63.2
Sharon	9.9	8.9	9.0	1.9	1.8	1.8	10.5	10.7	11.0
State College	7.3	7.3	7.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	9.3	9.4	9.0
Williamsport	14.9	15.8	15.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	10.3	10.7	10.
York	57.8	56.9	56.9	6.9	7.1	7.2	38.7	39.0	39.
Rhode Island	118.9	120.2	119.9	14.3	14.6	14.7	96.4	96.9	98.2
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	54.9	55.9	56.0	3.4	3.6	3.7	30.1	30.3	30.8
Providence	74.3	75.3	75.1	10.9	11.4	11.5	65.5	67.5	68.
South Carolina	363.7	364.5	364.3	55.5	56.3	56.9	287.7	296.6	302.7
Charleston	19.9	20.5	20.7	9.0	9.0	9.1	43.6	45.2	45.
Columbia	27.8	29.0	28.9	9.9	10.3	10.4	47.4	46.2	46.5
Greenville-Spartanburg	97.8	98.4	98.0	10.4	10.9	11.1	65.5	69.3	69.2
South Dakota	27.4	28.7	28.4	12.5	12.5	12.5	64.7	64.3	65.9
Rapid City	3.0	3.1	3.3	1.9	1.8	1.8	9.3	9.5	9.8
Sioux Falls	8.2	8.4	8.6	4.5	4.6	4.6	16.5	16.6	16.9
Tennessee	491.5	493.6	494.4	96.2	97.9	98.0	442.4	461.2	468.1
Chattanooga	44.0	43.7	43.9	8.5	8.6	8.6	41.3	41.3	41.3
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	52.0	52.1	51.8	6.2	6.3	6.3	33.3	33.6	33.8
Knoxville	52.0	50.3	50.9	9.0	9.1	9.1	60.2	56.6	57.€
Memphis	51.8	52.2	51.5	34.6	36.9	37.1	109.9	110.6	111.2
Nashville	89.9	88.4	88.2	22.3	22.1	22.1	108.2	108.7	108.1
Texas	966.1	944.6	946.1	374.1	373.7	376.0	1,680.0	1,646.7	1,652.3
Abilene	5.1	4.7	4.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	14.4	14.1	14.1
Amarillo	9.7	9.8	9.9	6.2	5.5	5.5	22.9	22.6	22.7
Austin	40.6	39.6	39.2	11.1	11.4	11.4	81.2	80.2	80.2
Beaumont-Port Arthur	25.5	23.9	24.2	10.0	9.5	9.6	32.6	31.1	31.5
Brazoria	16.1	15.2	15.1	2.4	2.2	2.2	11.3	11.0	11.0
Brownsville-Harlingen	9.2	9.5	9.4	3.1	3.0	3.0	18.1	17.7	17.7
Bryan-College Station	3.3	2.8	2.9	1.7	1.6	1.5	11.1	10.9	11.0
Corpus Christi	12.1	11.9	11.8	6.9	7.2	7.1	34.3	33.9	34.4
Dallas	227.8	223.1	223.0	86.4	85.9	86.2	357.7	352.8	352.5
Et Worth Arlington	35.4	34.3	34.7	9.8	9.7	9.8	44.5	45.1	45.2
Ft. Worth-Arlington	112.1 9.6	114.1 9.0	114.0 9.2	26.3 4.9	27.4 4.6	27.4 4.6	136.5 14.1	133.8 13.3	134.0 13.6
Houston	158.3	147.7	147.0	95.3	91.1	91.3	363.4	348.6	348.4
Killeen-Temple	8.8	8.5	8.4	2.8	2.8	2.8	16.1	15.9	16.1
Laredo	1.8	1.9	1.8	3.9	3.9	4.0	10.5	10.1	9.9
Longview-Marshall	15.4	14.9	14.9	3.1	3.1	3.1	17.5	17.0	17.2
Lubbock	7.5	7.3	7.4	4.8	4.5	4.5	27.0	27.5	27.7
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	11.4	12.8	12.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	26.9	26.0	26.1
Midland	3.6	2.9	2.9	2.3	2.2	2.2	10.9	10.6	10.5
Odessa	4.2	3.5	3.6	2.2	2.0	2.0	14.1	12.9	13.0
San Angelo	5.7	5.8	5.7	3.4	3.2	3.2	9.5	9.4	9.3
San Antonio	48.6	45.4	45.8	18.9	18.2	18.1	128.2	129.4	130.5
Sherman-Denison	11.6	11.1	11.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	8.3	8.6	8.6
Texarkana	7.2	7.1	7.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	10.7	10.7	10.9
Tyler	11.6	10.9	10.8	2.9	2.7	2.7	16.5	16.0	16.3
Victoria	3.0	2.9	3.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	8.0	7.8	8.0
Waco	15.5 8.3	14.5 8.2	14.5 8.1	3.4 2.6	3.3 2.6	3.3 2.6	18.9 12.4	19.2 12.3	19.2 12.4
		[İ		ŀ				
Utah	92.4	90.7	91.6	37.3	37.3	37.2	149.0	152.5	153.5
Provo-Orem	11.5 61.9	10.1 61.1	10.2 61.0	2.3 28.8	2.5 28.7	2.5 28.6	15.2 109.1	15.9 112.4	16.0 113.0
Vermont	49.1 4.3	49.2 4.5	50.1 4.5	9.5 .8	10.1	10.2	51.4 6.4	53.8 7.0	54.4 6.8
Burlington	16.6	16.4	16.7	3.0	3.0	3.1	15.8	16.4	16.5
	10.0	10.7	10.7	3.0	3.0	3.1	15.6	10.4	10.5

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

Course and a		ince, insurar nd real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Pennsylvania-Continued				20.4		20.0	40.0	47.0	
Reading Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	7.1 11.8	7.6 12.2	7.7 12.5	28.1 65.6	29.2 66.7	29.6 67.6	16.9 42.4	17.3 41.8	17.2 41.7
Sharon	1.3	1.4	1.4	10.3	11.0	11.3	5.2	5.4	5.3
State College	1.5	1.6	1.6	8.7	9.0	9.2	21.6	21.6	22.1
Williamsport	2.2	2.2	2.2	9.3	9.4	9.6	6.4	6.6	6.6
York	4.7	5.0	5.1	29.1	30.4	31.3	18.1	18.2	18.3
Rhode Island	24.7	25.1	25.1	109.0	109.7	111.4	58.7	58.7	58.7
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	3.6	3.5	3.6	23.2	23.6	24.0	9.7	9.9	9.9
Providence	20.6	21.5	21.5	78.8	79.2	80.3	44.0	43.7	43.7
South Carolina	60.6	63.0	63.9	221.9	229.5	235.3	258.8	265.5	265.3
Charleston	8.5	8.7	8.7	35.7	37.3	37.7	49.4	49.4	49.
Columbia	17.3	17.4	17.5	39.1	39.7	40.2	59.0	58.1	58.2
Greenville-Spartanburg	11.5	11.5	11.5	47.3	49.2	49.9	39.9	41.8	41.4
South Dakota	14.1	14.2	14.2	59.3	60.2	60.4	59.4	59.9	60.0
Rapid City	1.7	1.6	1.7	7.9	7.9	8.0	6.4	6.7	6.7
Sioux Falls	6.0	5.8	5.8	16.8	17.9	17.7	7.4	7.5	7.5
Tennessee	93.0	93.6	94.3	376.6	401.9	405.2	316.7	330.0	330.5
Chattanooga	10.8	11.8	12.0	35.4	35.1	34.9	32.4	33.4	33.5
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	4.9	4.8	4.9	26.5	26.7	26.6	24.3	26.2	26.2
Knoxville	8.7 22.6	8.4 23.4	8.4 23.3	48.7 92.5	49.4 98.0	50.0 97.6	48.2 70.3	51.0 71.0	51.2 70.8
Memphis Nashville	30.3	30.1	30.0	105.5	109.1	108.7	65.1	67.3	67.5
Texas	448.9	440.5	439.5	1,377.3	1,362.8	1,365.1	1,143.0	1,151.2	1,151.9
Abilene	2.6	2.6	2.6	1,377.5	13.3	1,303.1	8.4	8.3	8.3
Amarillo	4.5	4.4	4.2	16.0	16.1	16.4	14.1	13.5	13.4
Austin	25.6	25.4	25.4	83.0	83.8	84.1	97.7	100.4	100.9
Beaumont-Port Arthur	5.5	5.5	5.4	27.6	27.4	27.9	20.0	20.1	20.1
Brazoria	2.2	2.0	2.1	7.8	7.7	8.0	10.9	11.4	11.6
Brownsville-Harlingen	3.5	3.4	3.4	13.3	13.7	13.6	15.8	15.5	15.5
Bryan-College Station	1.9 6.9	1.7 6.9	1.7 6.9	8.1 27.8	7.8 28.1	7.9 28.2	20.2 27.7	20.6 27.3	20.2 27.3
Corpus Christi	131.8	130.7	130.9	289.3	285.2	286.4	142.7	149.8	149.6
El Paso	9.7	9.8	10.0	34.9	35.3	35.9	38.9	40.0	40.1
Ft. Worth-Arlington	28.8	28.2	28.6	108.0	111.4	112.3	64.0	64.3	64.4
Galveston-Texas City	4.4	4.4	4.3	13.0	12.9	13.2	20.9	20.7	20.8
Houston	105.2	101.1	100.4	341.2	345.6	344.9	191.2	191.3	191.3
Killeen-Temple	3.2	3.0	3.0	13.4	14.0	14.1	19.8	19.8	19.9
Laredo	1.6	1.6	1.6	5.7	6.0	6.0	8.3	8.5	8.5
Longview-Marshall	3.3 5.6	3.3	3.2 5.3	11.3 20.2	11.3 20.8	11.4 20.8	8.5	8.4 21.8	8.3 21.7
Lubbock	4.0	5.3 3.8	3.8	13.9	13.8	13.7	21.8 23.2	23.9	23.9
Midland	3.0	2.9	2.9	9.1	8.8	8.7	6.3	6.4	6.5
Odessa	1.7	1.6	1.7	7.6	7.1	7.0	7.6	7.7	7.7
San Angelo	1.8	1.8	1.8	7.7	7.5	7.6	6.7	6.6	6.5
San Antonio	38.4	39.1	39.3	115.4	116.7	118.4	108.5	110.1	110.0
Sherman-Denison	1.5	1.4	1.5	7.5	7.6	7.6	5.1	5.1	5.1
Texarkana	1.9 3.7	1.8	1.8	8.8	8.9	9.0	12.2	12.5	12.5 8.8
Tyler Victoria	1.6	3.6 1.5	3.6 1.5	13.1 5.8	13.2 6.0	13.2 5.8	8.9 4.4	8.8 4.5	4.6
Waco	4.7	4.9	4.9	19.4	19.7	19.7	12.3	12.4	12.4
Wichita Falls	2.5	2.4	2.4	11.0	11.1	11.1	9.6	9.6	9.5
Jtah	32.7	33.5	33.8	136.2	142.2	141.7	143.9	144.8	144.9
Provo-Orem	2.3	2.4	2.4	25.5	27.5	27.3	13.6	14.0	13.9
Salt Lake City-Ogden	26.9	27.5	27.6	93.1	96.3	96.9	95.5	96.0	95.6
Vermont	10.7	11.6	11.7	54.1	60.5	55.9	39.7	40.6	40.5
Barre-Montpelier	2.8	3.0	3.0	6.5	7.1	6.8	8.0	8.2	8.1
	3.1	3.3	3.4	16.7	17.8	18.1	11.5	11.6	11.7

(in thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Virginia	2,528.4	2,591.3	2,616,1	16.6	15.5	15.6	164.6	165.7	172.
Bristol	30.0	30.6	30.9	.1	.1	.11	.9	.7	
Charlottesville	61.3	62.7	63.9	.1	.1	.il	3.3	3.5	3.0
Danville	38.8	38.7	38.8	.1	.1		1.5	1.1	1.1
Lynchburg	69.8	70.6	71.3	.il	.1	.1	2.9	3.0	3.2
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	524.2	532.3	537.1		.1		37.0	35.8	36.4
Northern Virginia	644.4	667.9	670.5	.5	.4	.4	46.5	44.3	45.2
Richmond-Petersburg	413.3	425.3	426.5	.3	.4	.3	24.9	25.9	26.3
Roanoke	116.5	118.5	119.2	.1	.1	.1	6.4	6.5	6.1
Washington	1,757.1	1,790.4	1,810.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	81.8	83.2	86.2
Seattle	878.5	903.5	909.8	.7	.6	.6	43.1	42.7	44.2
West Virginia	593.9	590.7	597.1	41.1	36.8	36.8	21.8	20.9	23.2
Charleston	106.9	106.6	107.3	2.5	2.4	2.3	4.2	4.2	4.0
Huntington-Ashland	100.7	100.1	101.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	3.6	3.3	3.0
Parkersburg-Marietta	58.2	58.6	59.7	.8	.8	.8	2.6	2.5	2.8
Wheeling	56.9	56.3	56.9	2.4	2.4	2.4	1.6	1.4	1.5
Wisconsin	1,994.0	2,007.5	2,035.1	1.9	1.6	2.1	59.8	55.8	61.
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	138.3	139.4	140.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	5.3	4.9	5.3
Eau Claire	52.4	55.3	56.2	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	1.3	1.2	1.4
Green Bay	90.2	90.6	91.2	(1)	(¹)	(1)	3.8	2.7	2.0
Janesville-Beloit	53.8	52.4	52.9	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	1.1	1.2	1.
Kenosha	37.1	38.4	39.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	1.0	1.0	.:
La Crosse	48.5	48.9	50.3	(1)	()	(1)	1.2	1.0	1.3
Madison	190.3	191.8	194.6	()	()	()	6.0	4.7	5.4
Milwaukee	669.3	678.5	684.3	()	(1)	(')	19.2	19.1	20.0
Racine	67.4	68.2	68.5	O j	()	(1)	1.8	2.1	2.2
Sheboygan	43.6	44.9	45.2	()	(¹)	()	1.3	1.0	1.0
Wausau	43.9	44.8	45.8	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.4	1.4	1.4
Wyoming	199.2	185.4	186.4	19.7	17.3	17.3	19.2	11.1	11.3
Puerto Rico	709.1	727.3	728.4	.7	.9	.9	25.5	32.3	33.0
Caguas	43.4	44.0	44.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	(¹)
Mayaguez	51.4	51.6	50.7	(¹) (¹)	Ö	(¹) (¹)	(i)	(i)	(i)
Ponce	45.3	45.8	46.2	.1	.1	.1	`´ 2.5	3.4	`´ 3.6
San Juan	437.5	447.7	448.3	.4	.5	.5	19.8	24.9	25.4
Virgin Islands	37.4	38.4	38.3	(')	(t)	(1)	2.3	2.1	1.8

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	M	lanufacturing			nsportation a public utilities		Wholesale and retail trade			
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	
Virginia	422.8	422.6	422.8	135.0	140.1	140.5	565.3	586.1	595.	
Bristol	9.4	9.6	9.6	1.1	1.2	1.2	7.8	8.3	8.	
Charlottesville	8.5	8.1	8.5	2.1	2.1	2.2	11.7	11.6	11.	
Danville	16.2	16.5	16.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	8.0	7.9	8.	
Lynchburg	23.8	24.2	24.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	13.1	13.2	13.	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	68.9	66.3	66.0	25.5	25.6	25.6	125.0	131.6	134.	
Northern Virginia	34.3	34.4	34.0	44.7	47.4	47.9	149.3	155.4	155.	
Richmond-Petersburg	62.5	63.5	63.2	22.1	22.2	22.2	99.4	100.7	101.	
Roanoke	20.7	20.7	20.7	9.0	8.7	8.7	30.7	32.0	32.	
Vashington	303.5	302.5	305.7	94.6	95.4	96.1	427.0	436.2	443.	
Seattle	169.7	176.7	176.9	57.1	57.2	57.4	215.5	222.9	225.	
Vest Virginia	86.1	86.1	86.9	37.2	35.6	35.7	135.3	134.3	137.	
Charleston	12.4	12.1	12.1	8.4	8.1	8.2	28.0	27.7	28.	
Huntington-Ashland	19.5	19.3	19.2	7.5	7.1	7.2	25.5	25.3	25.	
Parkersburg-Marietta	14.3	14.1	14.3	2.0	1.9	1.9	13.7	14.1	14.	
Wheeling	7.2	6.4	6.9	3.1	3.0	2.9	15.2	15.6	15.	
Wisconsin	507.2	507.2	511.4	93.2	91.1	92.3	466.3	472.6	481.	
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	48.9	48.3	48.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	28.9	29.5	30.	
Eau Claire	9.8	10.0	10.2	2.9	3.0	3.2	14.5	16.2	16.	
Green Bay	23.8	23.5	23.6	6.4	6.4	6.5	23.2	23.8	24.	
Janesville-Beloit	17.8	16.2	16.4	2.0	1.9	1.9	13.1	13.3	13.	
Kenosha	11.0	12.2	12.9	1.4	1.3	1.4	8.2	8.3	8.	
La Crosse	10.2	10.0	10.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	13.0	13.7	14.	
Madison	20.5	21.5	21.6	6.4	6.5	6.6	40.7	42.4	42.	
Milwaukee	168.2	166.0	166.1	34.7	34.6	35.0	151.5	156.3	158.	
Racine	24.4	24.2	24.1	2.3	2.3	2.4	15.5	16.1	16.	
Sheboygan	18.2	19.0	19.1	1.4	1.4	1.4	8.4	8.5	8.	
Wausau	11.5	12.1	12.4	2.7	2.7	2.8	11.0	11.2	11.	
Nyoming	7.5	7.6	7.7	13.9	13.8	13.8	44.4	43.1	43	
Puerto Rico	151.6	150.8	150.7	15.8	15.2	14.4	123.1	125.6	126.	
Caguas	14.9	15.4	15.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.1	8.0	8.	
Mayaguez	20.4	20.1	19.2	Ö	(†)	Ö	6.7	6.9	6.	
Ponce	9.5	8.7	8.8	(1)	(¹)	(1)	7.1	7.5	7.	
San Juan	65.5	64.3	64.3	12.1	11.1	10.5	85.4	86.7	87.	
/irgin Islands	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.4	2.5	2.5	8.6	8.9	9.	

(In thousands)

State and area		ince, insurar nd real estat			Services			Government	t
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Virginia	128.0	134.5	135.5	572.3	593.7	600.4	523.8	533.0	533.8
Bristol	.9	.9	.9	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.2	5.3	5.3
Charlottesville	2.9	3.1	3.2	10.7	10.9	11.1	22.0	23.4	23.5
Danville	1.2	1.1	1.1	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.3	5.3	5.3
Lynchburg	3.3	3.3	3.3	14.0	14.4	14.6	9.7	9.5	9.6
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	23.6	24.4	24.7	118.0	121.9	123.1	126.1	126.6	126.8
Northern Virginia	38.6	42.3	42.4	194.8	203.5	204.7	135.7	140.2	140.7
Richmond-Petersburg	32.5	34.3	34.7	83.5	87.9	88.5	88.1	90.6	90.3
Roanoke	7.9	8.1	8.1	26.2	26.7	26.8	15.3	15.7	15.6
Washington	104.2	106.9	107.4	391.1	405.1	408.7	351.9	358.2	359.5
Seattle	65.5	66.7	66.9	198.7	206.4	208.4	128.2	130.3	130.4
West Virginia	23.6	24.2	24.2	121.1	122.8	124.0	127.7	130.0	129.2
Charleston	6.0	6.0	6.0	24.5	24.9	24.9	20.9	21.2	21.1
Huntington-Ashland	4.2	4.4	4.4	19.8	20.3	20.5	19.5	19.4	19.3
Parkersburg-Manetta	2.2	2.1	2.1	13.2	13.1	13.6	9.4	10.0	10.0
Wheeling	2.6	2.6	2.6	15.6	15.5	15.6	9.2	9.4	9.4
Wisconsin	106.3	109.5	110.3	427.9	436.8	441.9	331.3	333.0	334.6
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	6.9	7.2	7.2	25.9	27.0	27.3	16.9	17.2	17.0
Eau Claire	1.8	1.9	1.9	11.1	12.1	12.4	10.9	10.9	10.7
Green Bay	3.2	3.3	3.3	19.3	20.0	20.2	10.4	10.8	10.9
Janesville-Beloit	1.6	1.7	1.7	11.1	11.0	11.4	7.0	7.1	6.8
Kenosha	1.1	1.1	1.1	8.2	8.2	8.3	6.3	6.3	6.4
La Crosse	1.5	1.4	1.5	12.8	13.1	13.4	7.6	7.4	7.7
Madison	16.6	17.2	17.3	40.2	40.8	41.4	59.8	58.4	59.4
Milwaukee	45.6	47.0	47.4	168.6	173.6	175.4	81.2	81.7	81.6
Racine	2.1	2.1	2.1	13.0	13.2	13.2	8.2	8.2	8.1
Sheboygan	2.0	2.0	2.0	6.9	7.3	7.3	5.4	5.6	5.6
Wausau	3.3	3.4	3.4	7.8	7.9	7.9	6.2	6.0	6.2
Wyoming	8.0	7.9	7.9	31.9	31.6	31.7	54.5	52.9	53.2
Puerto Rico	32.2	33.4	33.4	98.2	102.7	102.7	261.8	266.4	267.2
Caguas	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	14.9	14.9	14.9
Mayaguez	(¹)	(')	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	(†)	16.2	16.2	16.2
Ponce	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	8.0	7.7	7.6	15.3	15.4	15.6
San Juan	26.1	27.1	27.2	71.7	74.5	74.4	156.4	158.6	159.0
Virgin Islands	1.5	1.6	1.6	7.8	8.8	8.8	13.1	12.7	12.7

Not available.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1986 benchmarks.

² Combined with construction.
³ = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

V		Total private			Mining			Construction	ı
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				A	nnual averag	es			
964	38.7	\$2.36	\$91.33	41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06
965	38.8	2.46	95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
966	38.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
967	38.0	2.68	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95
968	37.8	2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49
969	37.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
970	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
971	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
972	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
973	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89
974	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25
975	36.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.95	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.08
976	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73
977	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.65
978	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69
979	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
980	35.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
981	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26
982	34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.82
983	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.28	479.40	37.1	11.94	442.9
984	35.2	8.32	292.86	43.3	11.63	503.58	37.8	12.13	458.5
985	34.9	8.57	299.09	43.4	11.98	519.93	37.7	12.32	464.4
986	34.8	8.76	304.85	42.2	12.44	524.97	37.4	12.47	466.3
				Monthly data	a, not seasor	nally adjusted	 j		
986:		1	I					T	
May	34.7	\$8.73	\$302.93	41.8	\$12.42	\$519.16	37.9	\$12.37	\$468.82
June	34.9	8.72	304.33	41.9	12.49	523.33	37.8	12.34	466.4
July	34.9	8.70	303.63	41.4	12.49	517.09	38.2	12.34	471.39
August	35.1	8.70	305.37	42.3	12.51	529.17	38.3	12.44	476.4
September	34.8	8.82	306.94	42.1	12.52	527.09	38.5	12.59	484.72
October	34.7	8.82	306.05	42.1	12.50	526.25	37.9	12.68	480.5
November	34.7	8.88	308.14	41.4	12.57	520.40	36.5	12.66	462.09
December	34.8	8.86	308.33	42.4	12.63	535.51	36.8	12.77	469.94
987:		1							
January	34.4	8.90	306.16	42.5	12.66	538.05	37.2	12.58	467.98
February	34.5	8.92	307.74	42.0	12.56	527.52	36.8	12.51	460.3
March	34.6	8.92	308.63	41.8	12.51	522.92	37.4	12.59	470.8
April ^p	34.6	8.90	307.94	41.7	12.41	517.50	37.4	12.55	469.3
May ^p	34.8	8.92	310.42	42.2	12.39	522.86	38.7	12.61	488.01

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

		Manufa	acturing		Transp	oortation and utilities	public	W	/holesale trad	de
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earning
					Annual	averages				
64	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	41.1	\$2.89	\$118.78	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.5
65	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	3.03	125.14	40.8	2.61	106.4
66	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.1
67	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.88	116.0
68	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.05	122.3
69	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.8
70	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.44	137.2
71	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.5	3.65	144.1
72	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.6
73	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.3	4.08	160.3
	40.7									1
74		4.42	4.25	176.80	40.2	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.39	170.3
75	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.7	4.73	183.0
76	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	6.45	256.71	38.7	5.03	194.6
77	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	209.
78	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.
79	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.9
80	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.5	6.96	267.9
81	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.56	291.0
82	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.09	309.8
83	40.1	8.83	8.52	354.08	39.0	10.79	420.81	38.5	8.55	329.
84	40.7	9.19	8.82	374.03	39.4	11.12	438.13	38.5	8.89	342.2
85	40.5	9.54	9.16	386.37	39.5	11.40	450.30	38.4	9.16	351.
86	40.7	9.73	9.34	396.01	39.2	11.70	458.64	38.4	9.35	359.0
		L	<u> </u>	Month	y data, not	seasonally a	djusted	l <u> </u>	L	1
986:			T			Τ				
Иау	40.6	\$9.72	\$9.34	\$394.63	39.0	\$11.58	\$451.62	38.4	\$9.30	\$357.
lune	40.8	9.71	9.32	396.17	39.4	11.63	458.22	38.5	9.33	359.
uly	40.2	9,74	9.35	391.55	39.4	11.67	459.80	38.5	9.30	358.
August	40.7	9.68	9.27	393.98	39.4	11.67	459.80	38.5	9.32	358.
September	41.0	9.73	9.31	398.93	39.2	11.77	461.38	38.3	9.37	358.
October	40.7	9.72	9.32	395.60	39.1	11.77	460.21	38.4	9.36	359.
lovember	41.0	9.78	9.37	400.98	39.3	11.90	467.67	38.4	9.47	363.0
December	41.5	9.85	9.42	408.78	39.1	11.90	465.29	38.4	9.47	363.0
87:	-									
anuary	40.8	9.84	9.44	401.47	38.5	11.89	457.77	38.1	9.49	361.
ebruary	40.8	9.84	9.44	401.47	39.0	11.93	465.27	37.9	9.55	361.
March	40.9	9.85	9.44	402.87	38.9	11.90	462.91	37.9	9.53	361.
April ^p	40.4	9.87	9.48	398.75	38.8	11.90	461.72	38.1	9.53	363.0
Лау ^р	40.9	9.86	9.45	403.27	39.0	11.91	464.49	38.2	9.57	365.

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

Year and		Retail trade			ance, insurai nd real esta			Services	
month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				Aı	nnual averag	es			
1964	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.75	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.79	36.1	\$1.94	\$70.03
965	36.6	1.82	66,61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	2.05	73.60
966	35.9	1.91	68.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	80.38
968	34,7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	83.97
969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
971	33.7	2.60	87.62	36.6	3.22	117.85	33.9	3.04	103.06
972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	3.36	122.98	33.9	3.27	110.85
973	33.1	2.91	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
974	32.7	3.14	102.68	36.5	3.77	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
975	32.4	3.36	108.86	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
976	32.1	3.57	114.60	36.4	4.27	155.43	33.3	4.31	143.52
977	31.6	3.85	121.66	36.4	4.54	165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
978	31.0	4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4.99	163.67
979	30.6	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	190.71
981	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	6.31	229.05	32.6	6.41	208.97
982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44	32.6	6.92	225.59
983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7	7.31	239.04
984	29.8	5.85	174.33	36.5	7.63	278.50	32.6	7.59	247.43
985	29.4	5.94	174.64	36.4	7.94	289.02	32.5	7.90	256.75
986	29.2	6.03	176.08	36.4	8.35	303.94	32.5	8.16	265.20
				Monthly date	, not seasor	nally adjusted	d t	L	
1986:									
May	29.1	\$6.01	\$174.89	36.2	\$8.31	\$300.82	32.5	\$8.10	\$263.25
June	29.5	6.00	177.00	36.5	8.37	305.51	32.6	8.10	264.06
July	29.9	5.98	178.80	36.3	8.30	301.29	32.8	8.04	263.71
August	29.9	5.97	178.50	36.5	8.34	304.41	32.8	8.04	263.71
September	29.1	6.06	176.35	36.2	8.39	303.72	32.4	8.19	265.36
October	29.0	6.06	175.74	36.4	8.39	305.40	32.4	8.23	266.65
November	29.0	6.08	176.32	36.5	8.57	312.81	32.4	8.33	269.89
December 987:	29.4	6.07	178.46	36.5	8.48	309.52	32.4	8.32	269.57
January	28.3	6.09	172.35	36.3	8.60	312.18	32.2	8.37	269.51
February	28.7	6.09	174. 7 8	36.4	8.75	318.50	32.4	8.43	273.13
March	28.9	6.08	175.71	36.3	8.72	316.54	32.4	8.41	272.48
April ^p	29.2	6.09	177.83	36.3	8.67	314.72	32.3	8.39	271.00
May ^p	29.3	6.09	177.63	36.3	8.65	314.00	32.3	8.38	270.67
·*···	20.0	0.00	170.44	30.3	0.03	314.00	JE.3	0.00	2,0.07

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

p preliminary.
 NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March
 1986 benchmarks. Thus, data beginning in April 1985 may
 differ slightly from those previously published. See the article in
 this issue for additional information.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtin	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987°	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987
Total private		34.7	34.7	34.6	34.6	34.8			! !		
Mining		42.0	41.8	41.8	41.7	42.2					
Metal mining	10	41.2	40.9	41.8	41.1	'			1	ŀ	
Iron ores		40.6	40.4	40.4	39.7				ļ		Į
Copper ores		41.1	41.0	42.6	41.7						1
									ĺ		Ì
Coal mining		40.3	40.2	42.0	40.8					1	
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	12	40.3	40.2	42.1	40.9			ļ	ļ		
Oil and gas extraction	13	42.0	41.8	41.0	41.2						
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids		42.5	41.6	39.9	40.4						
Oil and gas field services		41.8	41.9	41.8	41.7	!			1	1	
•			i								1
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels		45.0	45.3	44.0	44.6						
Crushed and broken stone	142	46.9	46.8	45.2	45.3			1			
Construction	1	37.5	37.9	37.4	37.4	38.7					
	`	07.0	07.0	0,,4	0	00.7					
General building contractors	15	37.1	37.5	37.4	37.4				l		
Residential building construction	152	36.1	36.9	36.6	36.9	1				[
Operative builders		40.3	39.6	37.2	38.1	1					
Nonresidential building construction	154	37.9	37.9	38.1	37.9				1		
Heavy construction contractors	16	41.2	41.6	41.0	40.7			İ	1	1	
Highway and street construction		40.8	41.7	40.2	40.7						1
Heavy construction, except highway		41.4	41.6	41.4	40.9						
	1	1					ĺ				
Special trade contractors		36.6	37.0	36.5	36.5						
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		37.8 34.8	38.0 35.1	37.8 35.5	37.7 35.8	1				-	}
Electrical work		38.5	38.5	38.5	38.2			ļ	1		
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		35.0	35.5	34.4	34.3						1
Carpentering and flooring		34.2	34.3	35.4	34.7	1		i	ł	1	
Roofing and sheet metal work	. 176	33.4	34.3	32.1	32.9		Į.				1
Manufacturing		40.5	40.6	40.9	40.4	40.9	3.2	3.3	3.6	3.3	3.
Durable goods		41.2	41.2	41.6	41.0	41.5	3.3	3.3	3.7	3.4	3.
Lumber and wood products	24	40.3	40.7	40.7	40.6	41.6	3.3	3.6	3.7	3.6	ł
Logging camps and logging contractors		40.2	41.0	40.2	40.1		3.7	3.9	4.0		
Sawmills and planing mills		41.5	41.8	41.8	41.7		4.1	4.2	4.5	4.5	
Sawmills and planing mills, general		41.7	42.0	41.8	42.1		4.3	4.5	4.6		1
Hardwood dimension and flooring		40.8	41.0	41.8	40.5	ļ	3.1	3.2	4.2		
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		40.4	40.8	41.0	41.0		3.3	3.6	3.6		1
Millwork		40.4 38.6	40.8 39.3	41.4 40.0	41.0 40.4		2.6 2.6	3.1	3.1 3.1		ļ
Wood kitchen cabinets Hardwood veneer and plywood		41.1	40.8	41.2	41.1	f	3.7	3.5	4.1	4.2	
Softwood veneer and plywood		42.7	42.2	42.4	42.7	ļ.	5.0	4.8	5.1	5.1	
Wood containers		38.3	38.4	38.6	38.0		2.2	2.4	2.7	2.7	
Wood buildings and mobile homes		37.3	38.3	37.9	38.4		1.9	2.2	2.2	2.1	
Mobile homes		37.3	38.3	37.6	37.8		1.6	1.8	1.9		
Miscellaneous wood products	. 249	39.9	40.2	40.5	40.0		3.1	3.2	3.5	3.2	
Furniture and fixtures	25	39.1	39.2	39.8	38.8	39.2	2.3	2.3	2.6	2.2	}
Household furniture		38.5	38.5	39.9	38.8	-	2.2	2.1	2.7	1	
Wood household furniture	. 2511	39.3	39.3	40.3	39.3		2.4	2.4	2.8	1	
Upholstered household furniture		37.2	36.8	39.1	37.9		1.4	1.1	2.2		
Metal household furniture		40.6	39.7	42.4	40.8	}	3.9	3.1	4.5		
Mattresses and bedsprings		37.4	38.5	38.7	37.2		1.9	2.0	2.8		
Office furniture		39.6 39.8	40.1 39.3	40.2 39.3	38.9 39.1	1	2.6 2.9	2.6	2.3		
Public building and related furniture Partitions and fixtures		40.5	41.4	39.3	39.1		2.9	3.0	2.3		1
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		39.8	39.9	40.0	38.4	1	2.1	2.2	2.6	1	
Stone clay and glass products	22	40.5	40.0	40.0	400	42.7	40	5.0	4.7	4.9	
Stone, clay, and glass products	321	42.5 45.0	42.6 44.6	42.0 45.5	42.0 45.6	42.7	4.9 6.7	6.1	6.2	1	1
		, -0.0	, ,,,,	,		1				,	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p
Total private		\$8.73	\$8.73	\$8.92	\$8.90	\$8.92	\$302.93	\$302.93	\$308.63	\$307.94	\$310.4
Mining		12.42	12.42	12.51	12.41	12.39	521.64	519.16	522.92	517.50	522.86
Metal mining	10	13.47	13.40	13.04	13.21	}	554.96	548.06	545.07	542.93	}
Iron ores		13.84	13.75	15.25	15.54		561.90	555.50	616.10	616.94	}
Copper ores	102	13.03	12.92	11.36	11.52		535.53	529.72	483.94	480.38	
Coal mining	11 12	15.23	15.20	15.59	15.48		613.77	611.04	654.78	631.58	}
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		15.29	15.26	15.65	15.54		616.19	613.45	658.87	635.59	
Oil and no extraction	40	14.00	44.00	44.40	44.45		400.40	405.70	474.00	 474.74	
Oil and gas extraction		11.63 13.77	11.62 13.66	11.49 14.01	11.45 13.93		488.46 585.23	485.72 568.26	471.09 559.00	471.74 562.77	
Oil and gas field services		10.38	10.38	10.01	9.98	ĺ	433.88	434.92	418.42	416.17	l
-					0.00						
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels		10.24	10.35	10.48	10.48		460.80	468.86	461.12	467.41	
Crushed and broken stone	142	9.71	9.86	9.78	9.78		455.40	461.45	442.06	443.03	
Construction		12.32	12.37	12.59	12.55	12.61	462.00	468.82	470.87	469.37	488.01
Operated the state of the state	Í. <u>.</u>										}
General building contractors		11.32	11.35	11.57	11.59		419.97 388.08	425.63	432.72 399.31	433.47 403.32	
Residential building construction Operative builders		10.75 9.46	10.80 9.64	10.91 10.07	10.93 10.10		388.08	398.52 381.74	374.60	384.81	ĺ
Nonresidential building construction		12.02	12.04	12.34	12.39		455.56	456.32	470.15	469.58	}
•											ļ
Heavy construction contractors		11.80	12.00	11.80	11.84		486.16	499.20	483.80	481.89]
Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway		11.18 12.11	11.55 12.25	11.23 12.07	11.51 12.02		456.14 501.35	481.64 509.60	451.45 499.70	466.16 491.62	
rieavy construction, except nighway	102	12.11	12.20	12.07	12.02	1	301.33	309.00	499.70	491.02	
Special trade contractors	17	12.94	12.95	13.25	13.16		473.60	479.15	483.63	480.34	
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		13.14	13.08	13.46	13.44		496.69	497.04	508.79	506.69	
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		11.98	12.14	12.42	12.42		416.90	426.11	440.91	444.64	
Electrical work		14.33	14.32	14.67	14.59		551.71	551.32	564.80	557.34	
Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentering and flooring		13.00 12.49	13.15 12.50	13.31 12.53	13.25 12.60		455.00 427.16	466.83 428.75	457.86 443.56	454.48 437.22	
Roofing and sheet metal work		11.33	11.47	11.38	11.40		378.42	393.42	365.30	375.06	
Manufacturing		9.71	9.72	9.85	9.87	9.86	393.26	394.63	402.87	398.75	403.27
•		1									
Durable goods		10.28	10.28	10.39	10.39	10.39	423.54	423.54	432.22	425.99	431.19
Lumber and wood products		8.31	8.35	8.28	8.35	8.42	334.89	339.85	337.00	339.01	350.27
Logging camps and logging contractors		10.92	11.04	10.47	10.77	-	438.98	452.64	420.89	431.88	-
Sawmills and planing mills		8.61	8.62	8.40	8.53		357.32	360.32	351.12	355.70	
Sawmills and planing mills, general Hardwood dimension and flooring		9.04 6.51	9.05 6.46	8.76 6.68	8.91 6.73		376.97 265.61	380.10 264.86	366.17 279.22	375.11 272.57	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		8.18	8.19	8.30	8.30		330.47	334.15	340.30	340.30	
Millwork		8.39	8.45	8.66	8.57		338.96	344.76	358.52	351.37	
Wood kitchen cabinets	2434	7.43	7.46	7.56	7.63		286.80	293.18	302.40	308.25	
Hardwood veneer and plywood		6.76	6.80	6.81	6.80		277.84	277.44	280.57	279.48	
Softwood veneer and plywood		9.80	9.76	9.60	9.71		418.46	411.87	407.04	414.62	
Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes		5.90 7.55	5.93 7.53	6.02 7.89	6.07 7.87		225.97 281.62	227.71 288.40	232.37 299.03	230.66 302.21	
Mobile homes		7.57	7.56	7.95	7.97		282.36	289.55	298.92	301.27	l i
Miscellaneous wood products		7.24	7.28	7.24	7.28		288.88	292.66	293.22	291.20	
Furniture and fixtures	25	7.35	7.39	7.58	7.57	7.63	287.39	289.69	301.68	293.72	299.10
Household furniture		6.77	6.79	7.03	6.98		260.65	261.42	280.50	270.82	200.10
Wood household furniture		6.30	6.33	6.52	6.51		247.59	248.77	262.76	255.84	
Upholstered household furniture		7.43	7.38	7.75	7.66		276.40	271.58	303.03	290.31	
Metal household furniture		6.73	6.93	6.92	6.86		273.24	275.12	293.41	279.89	
Mattresses and bedsprings		7.16	7.21	7.54	7.44		267.78	277.59	291.80	276.77	
Office furniture Public building and related furniture		8.31	8.32	8.55	8.62		329.08	333.63	343.71	335.32	
Partitions and fixtures		7.95 8.74	7.93 8.82	7.94 9.05	8.05 9.04		316.41 353.97	311.65 365.15	312.04 356.57	314.76 353.46	
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		7.69	7.73	7.96	8.00		306.06	308.43	318.40	307.20	
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	9.99	10.03	10.13	10.24	10.25	424.58	427.28	425.46	430.08	437.68
Flat glass		14.26	14.19	14.31	14.34	-	641.70	632.87	651.11	653.90	
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		10.91	10.91	11.13	11.51		457.13	456.04	463.01	475.36	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987°	May 1987°	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987°	Ma 1987
Durable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products—Continued											•
Glass containers	3221	42.0	42.5	42.0	41.8		5.7	5.8	5.5	5.5	1
Pressed and blown glass, nec		41.7	41.0	41.2	40.7		3.4	3.4	3.5	3.2	
Products of purchased glass		41.6	41.8	41.6	41.3		3.0	3.1	3.7	3.6	
Cement, hydraulic		40.9	40.8	41.7	41.5		3.6	3.0	3.5	3.5	
Structural clay products		41.6	41.4	42.4	41.9		3.8	3.8	4.2	4.0	1
Pottery and related products		40.0	40.2	40.1	39.8	1	2.8	2.8	2.7	3.0	1
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		44.1	44.5	42.6	43.3		6.7	7.0	5.8	6.4	1
Concrete block and brick		45.7 43.5	46.5 44.1	44.8 42.7	46.2 42.6		8.0 5.9	8.4 6.3	7.7 5.3	8.3 5.4	1
Ready-mixed concrete		43.5	43.6	41.1	42.8		6.6	6.9	5.3	6.2	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		41.7	41.5	42.1	41.4		3.9	3.8	4.6	4.2	
Abrasive products		40.6	41.2	41.5	40.3		2.6	2.6	3.4	2.5	İ
Asbestos products		43.8	42.9	43.7	43.0		5.1	4.4	5.8	6.0	
Primary metal industries	33	41.6	41.7	42.8	42.6	42.9	3.9	3.9	4.7	4.4	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		41.3	41.7	42.6	43.3	43.5	3.5	3.5	4.5	4.5	
Blast furnaces and steel mills		41.2	41.6	42.4	43.4	-	3.4	3.5	4.4	4.5	
Steel pipe and tubes		41.1	40.9	43.2	42.9		3.2	2.7	4.8	4.4	1
Iron and steel foundries		40.7	41.2	42.7	42.0		3.7	3.8	4.7	4.4	1
Gray iron foundries		40.7	41.1	42.7	41.7		4.2	4.2	5.2	4.8	
Malleable iron foundries		40.5	39.5	41.2	41.6		2.6	2.1	3.6	3.2	1
Steel foundries, nec		40.5	41.4	41.8	41.5		2.8	3.0	3.9	3.6	
Primary nonferrous metals		41.4	41.9	43.4	43.3		3.3	3.3	4.3	4.5	
Primary aluminum		41.5	42.2	44.3	44.2		3.4	3.4	4.4	4.6	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		42.7	42.6	43.4	42.9		5.3	5.2	5.4	4.9	
Copper rolling and drawing		42.1	42.5	43.5	42.6		3.8	4.2	5.9	5.5	1
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		43.8	44.1	43.9	44.1		7.3	7.2	6.8	6.4	1
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating Nonferrous foundries		42.2	42.0 41.1	43.2	42.3		4.8 3.2	4.8 3.3	4.8 3.9	4.2 3.1	
Aluminum foundries		41.3 41.8	41.5	42.1 42.3	40.6 41.1		3.6	3.6	4.1	3.4	
Fabricated metal products	34	41.0	41.0	41.5	40.9	41.4	3.3	3.2	3.7	3.2	
Metal cans and shipping containers		43.3	43.9	43.5	43.7	-	5.1	5.5	5.2	5.5	
Metal cans		43.5	44.2	43.5	43.7		5.1	5.6	5.2	5.6	1
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware	342	40.6	40.6	41.3	40.2		2.5	2.5	3.1	2.4	1
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades		39.7	40.4	41.1	40.6		1.7	2.0	2.8	2.5	
Hardware, nec		40.9	40.7	41.2	39.6		2.9	2.8	3.4	2.4	
Plumbing and heating, except electric		39.5	39.6	40.6	39.6		2.0	2.2	2.9	2.3	
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		40.6	39.9	41.2	40.1		2.6	2.1	2.6	2.0	1
Heating equipment, except electric		37.7	38.1	39.4	38.5		1.0	1.3	2.2	2.1	1
Fabricated structural metal products		40.3	40.7	40.8	40.1		2.9 3.1	3.0	3.2 3.7	2.7 3.0	
Fabricated structural metal Metal doors, sash, and trim		41.0 40.2	41.3 40.8	41.8 39.3	41.3 38.9		3.1	3.5 3.2	2.5	2.2	1
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		41.0	41.2	42.5	41.1		2.8	2.7	4.2	3.3	İ
Sheet metal work		39.5	39.5	40.2	39.4		2.4	2.4	2.9	2.4	
Architectural metal work		39.2	40.1	40.2	40.2		3.3	3.1	3.3	3.0	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		42.5	42.3	43.3	42.3		4.4	4.1	5.3	4.4	
Screw machine products	l	41.2	40.9	41.7	40.8		3.4	3.2	3.8	3.0	1
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		43.8	43.7	45.0	43.8	1	5.4	5.0	6.8	5.9	
Metal forgings and stampings		42.2	41.9	42.8	41.9		4.2	4.0	4.8	4.2	
Iron and steel forgings	3462	41.4	41.7	42.4	40.4		2.8	3.3	3.7	3.2	1
Automotive stampings	3465	43.4	43.2	44.2	43.9		5.3	4.9	5.9	5.5	
Metal stampings, nec		41.0	40.6	41.1	40.0	1	3.3	3.1	3.8	3.1	1
Metal services, nec		40.5	40.7	41.0	40.4	1	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.2	1
Plating and polishing		39.8	40.2	40.9	40.5		3.0	3.0	3.5	3.2	1
Metal coating and allied services		41.8	41.6	41.3	40.3	ļ	4.2	4.0	3.6	3.2	1
Ordnance and accessories, nec	1	40.7	40.3	40.8	40.9		2.6	2.2	2.8	2.6	1
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		39.3	39.1	39.5	40.0	1	2.1	1.9	2.2	2.1	
Misc. fabricated metal products		40.4	40.1	41.0	40.5	1	2.6	2.4	3.2	2.8	
Valves and pipe fittings Misc. fabricated wire products		39.7 40.8	39.3 40.8	41.0 40.7	40.6 40.3		2.4 2.7	2.0 2.5	3.1 3.0	2.9 2.5	
Machinery, except electrical	35	41.5	41.5	42.2	41.5	42.2	3.2	3.2	3.9	3.4	
Engines and turbines		42.5	42.2	43.2	42.7		3.8	3.6	5.7	5.7	
		40.8	40.1	39.3	38.8	1	3.9	4.0	3.3	3.2	
	3511	40.0									
Turbines and turbine generator sets		43.2	43.0	44.5	44.1		3.8	3.5	6.6	6.6	1
	3519	1		1						1	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987°	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987
Durable goods—Continued								-			
Stone, clay, and glass products-Continued					1						
Glass containers	3221	\$11.31	\$11.26	\$11.55	\$12.11		\$475.02	\$478.55	\$485.10	\$506.20	
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	10,44	10.49	10.66	10.81		435.35	430.09	439.19	439.97	
Products of purchased glass		8.85	8.82	9.01	9.06		368.16	368.68	374.82	374.18	
Cement, hydraulic		13.32	13.33	13.28	13.49		544.79	543.86	553.78	559.84	
Structural clay products	325	8.16	8.17	8.44	8.49		339.46	338.24	357.86	355.73	
Pottery and related products	326	8.64	8.86	8.84	8.89		345.60	356.17	354.48	353.82	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	. 327	9.72	9.80	9.82	9.91		428.65	436.10	418.33	429.10	
Concrete block and brick	3271	8.65	8.74	8.74	8.84		395.31	406.41	391.55	408.41	
Concrete products, nec	3272	8.51	8.55	8.68	8.74		370.19	377.06	370.64	372.32	
Ready-mixed concrete		10.73	10.79	10.75	10.78		462.46	470.44	441.83	455.99	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	. 329	10.13	10.17	10.33	10.31		422.42	422.06	434.89	426.83	
Abrasive products		9.70	9.65	9.70	9.69		393.82	397.58	402.55	390.51	
Asbestos products	3292	10.15	10.23	10.18	10.42		444.57	438.87	444.87	448.06	
Primary metal industries		11.95	11.98	11.82	11.98	\$11.92	497.12	499.57	505.90	510.35	\$511.
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		13.78	13.85	13.66	13.83	13.76	569.11	577.55	581.92	598.84	598.
Blast furnaces and steel mills		14.52	14.58	14.40	14.53		598.22	606.53	610.56	630.60	-
Steel pipe and tubes		10.76	10.80	10.97	11.05		442.24	441.72	473.90	474.05	
Iron and steel foundries		10.57	10.55	10.68	10.73		430.20	434.66	456.04	450.66	
Gray iron foundries		11.01	11.00	11.10	11.16		448.11	452.10	473.97	465.37	
Malleable iron foundries	1	11.33	11.28	11.79	11.61		458.87	445.56	485.75	482.98	
Steel foundries, nec		9.75	9.72	10.07	10.10		394.88	402.41	420.93	419.15	
Primary nonferrous metals		13.89	13.79	12.79	12.91		575.05	577.80	555.09	559.00	
Primary aluminum		14.43	14.38	13.19	13.23		598.85	606.84	584.32	584.77	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		11.34	11.34	11.25	11.35		484.22	483.08	488.25	486.92	
Copper rolling and drawing		10.13	10.15	10.49	10.55		426.47	431.38	456.32	449.43	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		14.44	14.35	13.71	13.79		632.47	632.84	601.87	608.14	
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		10.89	10.96	11.17	11.22		459.56	460.32	482.54	474.61	
Nonferrous foundries Aluminum foundries		9.49 9.81	9.55 9.85	9.58 9.91	9.66 9.97		391.94 410.06	392.51 408.78	403.32 419.19	392.20 409.77	
										ł	
Fabricated metal products		9.87	9.87	9.99	9.98	9.97	404.67	404.67	414.59	408.18	412.
Metal cans and shipping containers		13.38	13.43	13.02	13.19	-	579.35	589.58	566.37	576.40	-
Metal cans		14.13	14.19	13.74	13.94		614.66	627.20	597.69	609.18	
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware		9.82	9.79	9.90	9.91		398.69	397.47	408.87	398.38	ľ
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades .		8.95	8.99	9.02	9.14		355.32	363.20	370.72	371.08	
Hardware, nec		10.27	10.21	10.36	10.31		420.04	415.55	426.83	408.28	
Plumbing and heating, except electric		8.82	8.88	9.15	9.14		348.39	351.65	371.49	361.94	
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		8.57	8.58	8.62	1		347.94	342.34 330.33	355.14	346.87	
Heating equipment, except electric Fabricated structural metal products		8.65	8.67 9.12	9.07	9.17		326.11 369.15		357.36 377.81	353.05 370.12	
Fabricated structural metal		9.16 9.53	9.12	9.26 9.73	9.23 9.70		390.73	371.18 396.89	406.71	400.61	ľ
Metal doors, sash, and trim		7.58	7.49	7.75	7.72		304.72	305.59	304.58	300.31	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		10.14	10.15	10.27	10.23		415.74	418.18	436.48	420.45	ľ
Sheet metal work	3444	9.55	9.51	9.53	9.53		377.23	375.65	383.11	375.48	ļ.
Architectural metal work		8.74	8.70	8.71	8.82		342.61	348.87	351.88	354.56	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		9.35	9.35	9.69	9.61		397.38	395.51	419.58	406.50	
Screw machine products		8.74	8.76	8.99	8.88		360.09	358.28	374.88	362.30	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		9.92	9.92	10.36	10.32		434.50	433.50	466.20	452.02	
Metal forgings and stampings		11.75	11.81	11.88	11.86		495.85	494.84	508.46	496.93	
Iron and steel forgings		12.20	12.35	12.49	12.62		505.08	515.00	529.58	509.85	
Automotive stampings		13.74	13.74	13.79	13.75		596.32	593.57	609.52	603.63	
Metal stampings, nec		8.97	9.09	9.25	9.17		367.77	369.05	380.18	366.80	1
Metal services, nec		7.83	7.89	7.95	8.05		317.12	321.12	325.95	325.22	1
Plating and polishing		7.71	7.72	7.92	7.97		306.86	310.34	323.93	322.79	
Metal coating and allied services		8.06	8.21	8.01	8.19	ĺ	336.91	341.54	330.81	330.06	
Ordnance and accessories, nec		10.64	10.68	10.87	10.86		433.05	430.40	443.50	444.17	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec	. 3483	10.22	10.35	10.41	10.46		401.65	404.69	411.20	418.40	
Misc. fabricated metal products	. 349	9.00	9.04	9.27	9.25		363.60	362.50	380.07	374.63	1
Valves and pipe fittings	. 3494	9.75	9.77	9.86	9.83		387.08	383.96	404.26	399.10	1
Misc. fabricated wire products	. 3496	8.10	8.12	8.39	8.35		330.48	331.30	341.47	336.51	
Machinery, except electrical	. 35	10.58	10.58	10.72	10.70	10.70	439.07	439.07	452.38	444.05	451.
Engines and turbines		12.93	13.00	13.42	13.52		549.53	548.60	579.74	577.30	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets		12.86	12.94	12.62			524.69	518.89	495.97	494.70	
Internal combustion engines, nec	. 3519	12.95	13.02	13.67	13.75		559.44	559.86	608.32	606.38	
Farm and garden machinery		10.32	10.30	10.02	10.11		427.25	419.21	421.84	414.51	
	. 3523	11.32	11.25	10.94	11.02	I	467.52	460.13	461.67	449.62	1

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours,	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987°	May 1987
Durable goods—Continued											
Machinery, except electrical—Continued	,	,								l I	1
Construction and related machinery	353	41.5	41.3	42.0	41.9		2.4	2.4	3.4	3.0	-
Construction machinery		43.3	43.0	42.9	42.8		2.4	2.3	2.7	2.5	
Mining machinery		41.2	40.6	41.5	41.3		2.4	2.2	3.6	3.1	
Oil field machinery		40.4	39.5	41.7	42.7		2.5	2.2	4.9	5.0	
Conveyors and conveying equipment		41.5	41.7	43.1	41.8		2.9	3.2	4.5	3.4	
Industrial trucks and tractors		39.4	39.8	40.0	39.7		2.4	2.4	2.6	2.0	
Metalworking machinery		42.7	42.3	42.5	41.9		4.8	4.5	4.7	4.0	
Machine tools, metal cutting types		42.8	42.9	42.3	40.9		4.2	4.1	3.7	2.8	
Machine tools, metal forming types		42.4	41.6	41.2	40.4	ľ	4.7	4.5	4.4	3.5	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		43.8	43.3	43.5	42.9		6.0	5.5	5.8	4.9	1
Machine tool accessories		41.0	40.4	41.0	40.8		3.5	3.3	3.4	3.3	
Power driven hand tools		39.4	39.8	41.2	40.2		1.9	2.2	2.8	2.1	
Special industry machinery	355	41.4	41.6	42.1	41.1		3.2	3.3	4.0	3.2	
Food products machinery		41.6	42.0	41.9	40.9		2.6	2.9	3.3	2.7	
Textile machinery		41.4	41.6	43.9	42.5	1	2.8	3.2	4.8	3.7	Ì
Printing trades machinery		40.3	41.3	40.6	39.0		3.1	3.7	4.3	2.7	1
General industrial machinery		41.2	41.5	42.3	41.5		2.9	3.0	3.6	3.1	1
Pumps and pumping equipment		40.6	41.0	42.6	41.0		1.9	2.1	3.4	2.5	
Ball and roller bearings		42.5	43.0	43.4	43.6	·	4.4	4.8	5.0	4.8	
Air and gas compressors		41.4	42.1	42.9	41.4		2.5	3.1	3.1	2.7	
Blowers and fans		40.0	40.4	40.9	39.8		2.3	2.5	2.0	1.5	1
Speed changers, drives, and gears		42.7	42.9	43.9	42.7	İ	3.3	3.7	4.3	3.8	
Power transmission equipment, nec		40.8	41.0	41.6	41.1	Ì	3.4	3.1	4.0	3.6	
Office and computing machines		41.5	41.9	42.7	42.1		2.3	2.5	3.5	3.2	
Electronic computing equipment		41.7	41.9	42.7	41.9		2.2	2.3	3.6	3.1	
Refrigeration and service machinery		40.5	41.0	41.6	40.9		2.6	2.9	2.8	2.8	1
		40.9	41.4	41.7	40.9		3.0	3.3	2.6	2.5	
Refrigeration and heating equipment		41.0	40.9	41.7	1)	3.6	3.4	3.9	3.4	
Misc. machinery, except electrical		41.8	40.9	41.7	41.0 41.6		4.2	3.4	4.3	3.4	
Machinery, except electrical, nec		40.9	40.9	41.5	41.0	l.	3.5	3.4	3.8	3.3	
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	40.7	40.8	40.9	40.2	40.3	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.6	
Electric distributing equipment		41.0	41.3	40.3	39.7	40.0	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.0	
Transformers	2612	42.5	42.8	40.9	40.4	-	2.8	2.7	2.2	1.8	
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		39.7	40.0	39.8	39.0		2.3	2.4	2.5	2.2	1
Electrical industrial apparatus		40.6	40.0	41.2	40.4		2.5	2.3	3.1	2.6	1
Motors and generators		41.0	40.5	41.3	40.1	f	2.9	2.6	3.5	2.8	1
Industrial controls		39.8					1.9	1.8	2.3	1.9	i
		1	39.6	40.3	40.0			2.6	2.6	2.3	
Household appliances Household refrigerators and freezers		40.1 40.5	40.4 41.2	40.3 41.6	39.9 40.5	1	2.7 3.8	4.0	2.6	2.3	1
Household laundry equipment		41.0	40.2	41.0	40.5	1	2.6	2.0	2.6	2.7	1
		39.6	40.2	39.5	40.5		1.7	2.0	2.6	2.4	1
Electric housewares and fans Electric lighting and wiring equipment		40.1	40.7	39.5 40.4	39.5		2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	
		40.1	41.1	40.4	39.5		2.9	2.6	2.9	2.7	İ
Electric lamps Current-carrying wiring devices		40.7	40.8	40.6	39.3		2.5	2.5	2.8	2.4	
			39.5				1.5	1.3	2.6	2.5	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		39.5 38.6	39.5	41.1 39.3	40.7 37.7		1.2	1.3	1.6	.9	
Residential lighting fixtures	1	1	l		1					2.1	1
Radio and TV receiving equipment		40.6	40.2 40.5	40.9 41.3	40.5 40.7		3.0 2.9	2.6	1.9	1.4	1
Radio and TV receiving sets Communication equipment		41.4	41.2	41.8	41.0		2.9	2.4	2.6	2.3	1
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	2664	1	1				1.7	2.5	2.0	1.8	
Radio and TV communication equipment	3001	41.1	41.1	41.9	41.1				2.0	2.5	1
		41.5	41.3	41.8	41.0		2.7	2.7			1
Electronic components and accessories		40.9	41.0	40.7	40.1		2.7	2.7	3.0	3.1	1
Electronic tubes		43.1	43.7	41.8	41.4		2.3	2.5	2.5	1.9	1
Semiconductors and related devices	1 .	41.2	40.7	40.6	40.1		3.1	3.0	3.4	4.2	1
Electronic components, nec		40.7	41.1	41.0	40.2		2.6	2.6	3.1	2.9	1
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		40.1	41.3	41.0	39.8		2.6	3.0	3.3	2.6	
Storage batteries		40.1	40.9	39.5	38.5		1.6	1.8	1.9	1.7	1
Engine electrical equipment	.∣3694	40.5	42.7	42.1	40.7		3.7	4.2	4.4	3.7	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987
urable goods—Continued											
Machinery, except electrical—Continued	1										
Construction and related machinery	353	\$11.12	\$11.12	\$11.13	\$11.15		\$461.48	\$459.26	\$467.46	\$467.19	
Construction machinery		12.26	12.25	12.35	12.45		530.86	526.75	529.82	532.86	
Mining machinery		11.24	11.35	11.39	11.20		463.09	460.81	472.69	462.56	
Oil field machinery	3533	11.30	11.36	11.32	11.38		456.52	448.72	472.04	485.93	
Conveyors and conveying equipment		10.02	10.01	9.82	9.70		415.83	417.42	423.24	405.46	
Industrial trucks and tractors		9.52	9.52	9.71	9.68	1	375.09	378.90	388.40	384.30	
Metalworking machinery		10.94	10.97	11.14	11.09		467.14	464.03	473.45	464.67	
Machine tools, metal cutting types		10.81	10.97	11.05	10.95		462.67	470.61	467.42	447.86	
Machine tools, metal forming types		11.49	11.53	11.40	11.39		487.18	479.65	469.68	460.16 509.22	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		11.68	11.67	11.91	11.87		511.58	505.31	518.09 409.59	405.14	
Machine tool accessories		9.79 8.40	9.83 8.46	9.99 8.49	9.93 8.50		401.39 330.96	397.13 336.71	349.79	341.70	
Power driven hand tools		10.39	10.41	10.60	10.54		430.15	433.06	446.26	433.19	
Special industry machineryFood products machinery		10.59	10.41	10.50	10.54	1	439.30	443.94	448.75	433.13	
Textile machinery		8.29	8.43	8.72	8.59	ľ	343.21	350.69	382.81	365.08	
Printing trades machinery		10.86	10.83	11.31	11.25		437.66	447.28	459.19	438.75	
General industrial machinery		10.23	10.24	10.37	10.31		421.48	424.96	438.65	427.87	
Pumps and pumping equipment		10.78	10.83	11.03	11.02		437.67	444.03	469.88	451.82	
Ball and roller bearings		10.76	10.77	11.05	10.88		457.30	463.11	479.57	474.37	
Air and gas compressors	3563	9.91	10.01	10.19	10.26	ļ	410.27	421.42	437.15	424.76	
Blowers and fans		9.08	9.06	9.13	9.15	1	363.20	366.02	373.42	364.17	
Speed changers, drives, and gears	3566	10.61	10.45	10.22	10.05		453.05	448.31	448.66	429.14	
Power transmission equipment, nec		10.25	10.24	10.61	10.55		418.20	419.84	441.38	433.61	
Office and computing machines	357	9.88	9.87	10.14	10.11	ļ	410.02	413.55	432.98	425.63	
Electronic computing equipment	3573	9.85	9.86	10.17	10.10	ļ	410.75	413.13	434.26	423.19	
Refrigeration and service machinery	358	10.20	10.23	10.31	10.28		413.10	419.43	428.90	420.45	
Refrigeration and heating equipment		10.51	10.51	10.51	10.46		429.86	435.11	438.27	425.72	
Misc. machinery, except electrical		10.24	10.24	10.39	1		419.84	418.82	433.26	425.58	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		12.75 9.80	12.59 9.84	12.70 10.01	12.64 10.00		532.95 400.82	514.93 402.46	538.48 415.42	525.82 410.00	
	}	0.60	0.60	9.84	9.85	\$9.84	390.72	392.90	402.46	395.97	\$396
Electrical and electronic equipment		9.60	9.63 8.90	1	9.00		365.31	367.57	367.13	362.46	Ψ030
Electric distributing equipment		8.91 8.77	8.78	1	1	-	372.73	375.78	367.13	362.39	_
TransformersSwitchgear and switchboard apparatus		9.03	9.02	9.23	1		358.49	360.80	367.25	361.92	
Electrical industrial apparatus		9.66	9.65	9.71	9.72		392.20	388.90	400.05	392.69	
Motors and generators	3621	9.60	9.56	1	1		393.60	388.14	398.13	386.56	
Industrial controls		9.44	9.43	1			375.71	373.43	386.48	381.20	
Household appliances		9.69	9.61	9.77	9.71		388.57	388.24	393.73	387.43	
Household refingerators and freezers		10.82	10.90			1	438.21	449.08	457.60	451.58	
Household laundry equipment		11.25	11.17	11.42			461.25	449.03	470.50	462.11	
Electric housewares and fans		7.39	7.36			[292.64	299.55	293.88	298.89	ļ
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		8.79		9.07	9.09		352.48	355.69	366.43	359.06	
Electric lamps	3641	9.84				ľ	400.49	402.37	402.40	401.79	J
Current-carrying wiring devices		8.29			8.64		335.75	341.09	349.57	339.55	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		9.17	9.18				362.22	362.61	384.29	380.55	}
Residential lighting fixtures		6.48					250.13	248.82	257.02	249.57	
Radio and TV receiving equipment		9.66			9.34		392.20	381.10	382.01	378.27	
Radio and TV receiving sets		10.07				1	415.89	399.74	403.09	392.35	1
Communication equipment Telephone and telegraph apparatus	3664	11.21	le .				464.09 449.63	463.91	485.72 465.93	476.83 458.27	
Radio and TV communication equipment		10.94 11.32	1	1			469.78	454.57 468.34	493.66	483.80	
Electronic components and accessories		8.50					347.65	351.37	361.82	357.69	
Electronic tubes		10.61					457.29	463.66	466.91	466.58	
Semiconductors and related devices		9.88	1		1	1	407.06	406.59	430.36	428.67	
Electronic components, nec		7.80				1	317.46	323.46	328.41	322.40	
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		10.49					420.65	438.19	429.27	416.71	
Storage batteries		10.85	1	ľ	1		435.09	444.99	425.42	420.81	
Engine electrical equipment		11.24					455.22	487.63	468.57	450.55	I

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averaç	ge weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987
Durable goods—Continued			i								
Transportation equipment		42.3	42.1	42.6	41.9	42.1	4.3	4.1	4.4	4.0	
Motor vehicles and equipment		42.4	42.0	43.2	42.3	42.3	4.3	4.0	4.6	4.1	
Motor vehicles and car bodies		41.9	41.5	43.1	42.1	-	4.1	3.7	4.7	4.1	1
Truck and bus bodies		40.9	41.0	42.3	41.6		3.8	3.5	4.0	3.5	1
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		43.2	42.7	43.5	42.7		4.8	4.5	4.9	4.4	
Truck trailers		40.1	41.2 42.7	40.5	40.2		2.0	2.9 4.7	2.3 4.7	2.5 4.3	
Aircraft and parts		42.9 42.2	42.7 42.1	42.7 42.1	41.9 41.6		4.6 4.2	4.7	4.7	3.9	
Aircraft engines and engine parts		42.5	42.1	42.7	41.8		4.2	4.7	4.8	4.2	
Aircraft equipment, nec		44.1	43.7	43.5	42.5		5.2	5.0	5.5	5.0	l
Ship and boat building and repairing		41.0	41.2	40.9	40.7		3.6	3.5	3.0	2.8	İ
Ship building and repairing		41.2	41.2	40.9	40.4		3.9	3.5	2.9	2.5	1
Boat building and repairing		40.5	41.2	40.9	41.0		2.8	3.5	3.1	3.3	
Railroad equipment		40.0	39.5	40.2	40.0		1.8	1.4	2.1	2.0	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	376	42.0	42.2	42.5	42.3		4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	1
Guided missiles and space vehicles		42.3	42.6	42.8	42.5		4.5	4.5	4.3	4.5	
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		41.7	40.9	40.6	40.1		3.8	3.5	3.6	3.6	
Travel trailers and campers	3792	39.1	39.1	39.0	38.1		2.5	2.6	2.0	2.1	
Instruments and related products		40.9	40.6	41.5	40.9	41.0	2.5	2.4	2.9	2.5	
Engineering and scientific instruments		42.2	41.6	41.6	41.0		3.0	2.9	2.9	2.4	
Measuring and controlling devices		40.5	40.2	41.8	40.8		2.0	1.9	2.8	2.3	
Environmental controls		39.2	39.0	40.6	39.7]	1.4	1.4	3.0	2.5	
Process control instruments		41.2	40.4	43.2	42.3		2.7	2.4	3.7	2.7	1
Instruments to measure electricity	1	40.3	40.0	41.3	39.9	1	2.1	1.8	2.3	1.9	
Optical instruments and lenses		41.9	41.8	41.8	41.2		3.2	2.8	3.0	2.5	
Medical instruments and supplies		40.9	40.7	41.0	40.2		2.7	2.6	3.1	2.5	1
Surgical and medical instruments		41.3	40.6	41.8	41.0		2.9	2.6	3.4	2.9	1
Surgical appliances and supplies		40.5	40.9	40.3	39.5		2.6	2.8	2.8	2.1	1
Ophthalmic goods		39.9	39.8	40.6	40.1		2.2 3.0	2.3 2.9	3.0 3.3	2.5 3.5	
Photographic equipment and supplies Watches, clocks, and watchcases		41.9 39.3	41.4 39.0	42.7 39.8	42.9 39.8		1.1	1.2	1.5	1.8	1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	30	39.6	39.4	39.3	38.8	39.1	2.2	2.1	2.4	2.1	
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		38.9	38.2	38.2	37.9	39.1	2.1	1.7	2.0	1.9	
Jewelry, precious metal		37.8	37.1	37.1	36.9	_	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.5	
Musical instruments		40.7	39.7	41.5	40.9	1	2.9	2.5	3.3	2.7	
Toys and sporting goods		39.8	39.8	39.1	38.6		2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	1
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		38.8	38.9	38.6	38.2		1.7	1.9	2.1	1.8	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec	3949	40.5	40.6	39.5	38.9	İ	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.1	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		39.5	39.4	40.7	40.0	1	1.8	1.6	2.4	1.8	
Costume jewelry and notions	396	39.5	38.6	37.7	36.3		2.1	2.0	3.1	2.2	1
Costume jewelry	3961	39.1	37.9	36.1	33.9		1.9	1.7	3.1	1.6	İ
Miscellaneous manufactures	399	39.8	39.8	39.8	39.8	1	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.3	1
Signs and advertising displays	3993	40.0	40.0	39.7	39.8	-	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.4	1
Nondurable goods		39.6	39.8	40.0	39.5	40.1	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.1	3
Food and kindred products		39.6	40.1	39.5	39.3	40.0	3.4	3.8	3.5	1	-
Meat products		39.0	40.0	38.4	38.6	-	3.1	3.9	2.9		
Meat packing plants		41.0	42.1	40.9	40.9		4.0	4.9	3.9		1
Sausages and other prepared meats		39.2	40.9	39.3	39.9		2.8	3.9	2.9		
Poultry dressing plants		37.3	38.1	36.0	36.4]	2.6	3.2	2.1	2.2	
Dairy products		41.1	41.4	41.0	41.3	1	4.1	4.5	4.0	4.4	
Cheese, natural and processed		39.3	39.5	39.4	38.9		3.6	3.6	3.6		1
Fluid milk Preserved fruits and vegetables		42.2 38.6	42.2 38.7	42.0	42.5		4.9	5.0	4.5 2.9	5.1 2.7	1
Canned specialties		38.8	37.4	39.0 38.1	38.0 36.9		2.5 3.2	3.3	2.9		1
Canned fruits and vegetables		39.3	38.9	38.5	37.7		2.7	3.3	2.7	2.8	
Frozen fruits and vegetables		36.4	37.3	38.6	37.7		2.7	2.3	2.7		
Grain mill products		42.7	43.2	43.7	42.9		4.8	4.7	5.7		
Flour and other grain mill products		44.6	45.0	46.5	46.3		4.5	4.7	6.3		
Prepared feeds, nec		42.0	42.3	42.5	42.9		4.8	4.6	5.3		
Bakery products		39.6	39.7	39.7	39.9	}	3.4	3.6	3.7		
Bread, cake, and related products		39.3	39.1	38.3	38.9		3.8	3.8	3.4		
Cookies and crackers		40.3	1 33.1	1 30.3	42.4	1	2.6	3.1	4.4	7.0	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Durable goods—Continued		1972	L	Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Transportation equipment	Industry	SIC Code										May 1987 ^p
Motor vehicles and equipment												
Motor vehicles and care bodies												\$539.7
Truck and bus bodies						1	13.39					566.40
Motor vehicle parts and accessories							-					-
Truck trailers												
Aircraft and parts												
Aircraft engines and engine parts 3724 \$1.29 \$12.90 \$13.00 \$13.00 \$48.68 \$46.54 \$55.94 \$45.91 \$1.00 \$11.79 \$12.00 \$12.11 \$20.38 \$15.22 \$14.88 \$46.58 \$46.54 \$55.94 \$45.91 \$1.00 \$11.79 \$12.00 \$12.11 \$20.38 \$15.22 \$25.92 \$14.88 \$13.00 \$10.31 \$10.19 \$42.86 \$6.54 \$55.94 \$45.91 \$10.00 \$10.10 \$10.10 \$42.86 \$6.54 \$55.94 \$45.91 \$10.00 \$10.10 \$10.10 \$42.86 \$46.80 \$40.21 \$20.21 \$10.00 \$10.10 \$10						1						
Aircraft engines and engine parts			1 -		_	I –		547.83	544.00	556.38	545.12	l
Aircraft equipment, nec. 3728 11.80 11.79 12.09 12.11 52.03 51.52 52.59.2 514.68 Ship and boat building and repairing 373 11.60 11.77 11.52 11.43 477.92 48.68 48.31 42.17 Ship building and repairing 3731 11.60 11.77 11.52 11.43 477.92 48.68 48.31 42.17 48.17 Ship building and repairing 3734 12.62 12.19 12.25 12.15 504.80 481.51 492.45 486.00 Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts 374 12.62 12.19 12.25 12.15 504.80 481.51 492.45 486.00 Guided missiles and space vehicles 376 12.21 12.05 12.62 12.79 527.48 52.22 50.76 7 522.75 525.37 Guided missiles and space vehicles 376 12.47 12.26 12.62 12.79 527.48 52.28 540.14 543.58 Miscellanous transportation equipment 379 10.58 10.50 10.74 10.69 441.19 435.4 486.00 428.67 Travel trailers and campers 3792 8.80 9.09 8.95 8.89 344.08 355.42 349.05 336.71 Instruments and related products 8 9.40 9.67 9.66 9.70 84.68 381.64 401.31 305.09 11.05 10.50 10.74 40.10 11.05 10.50 10.74 40.10 11.05 10.50 10.74 40.10 11.05 10.50 10.74 40.10 11.05 10.50 10.74 40.10 11.05 10.50 10.75 10.50 10.75 1												
Ship building and repairing							-					
Ship building and repairing			1			1						
Boat building and repairing 3732 7.97 8.03 7.93 7.95 522.79 504.80 324.34 325.95 326.04 324.34 325.95 326.04 325.95 326.04 325.95 326.04 3			1			1						
Raifroad equipment										l .		
Guided missiles, apace vehicles. and parts												
Guided missiles and space vehicles 3761 12.47 12.26 12.62 12.79 527.48 522.28 540.14 543.58 1.660 10.74 10.69 10.74 10.69 10.74 10.69 10.74 10.69 10.75 10.7	Cuided missiles areas vehicles and note	. 3/4	1									
Miscellaneous transportation equipment 379 10.58 10.60 10.74 10.69 441.19 433.54 436.04 428.67 Travel trailers and campers 3792 8.80 9.09 8.95 8.89 344.08 355.42 349.05 338.71 Instruments and related products 38 9.40 9.40 9.67 9.66 9.70 384.46 381.64 401.31 395.09 2 Engineering and scientific instruments 382 9.12 9.15 9.56 9.46 8.96 369.63 367.83 399.61 385.57 Environmental controlling devices 3822 9.86 8.66 9.01 9.05 340.26 337.74 365.81 355.92 Environmental controlis 3822 9.88 8.60 9.01 9.05 340.26 337.74 365.81 359.29 Instruments to measure electricity 3825 9.18 9.28 9.77 9.57 369.95 371.20 403.50 381.64 Surgical appliances and supplies </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>l .</td> <td></td> <td></td>			1			1				l .		
Instruments and related products												
Instruments and related products			1	l I								
Engineering and scientific instruments	Travel trailers and campers	. 3/92	8.60	9.09	6.95	0.09		344.06	333.42	349.05	336.71	
Measuring and controlling devices 382 9.12 9.15 9.56 9.46 369.36 367.83 399.61 385.29 Environmental controls 3823 3.22 9.35 9.53 9.53 9.53 383.98 377.74 411.70 395.91 39.89 9.77 389.95 377.44 411.70 395.91 39.89 9.77 369.95 377.24 411.70 395.91 39.89 39.77 411.70 395.93 31.20 383.98 377.74 411.70 395.93 39.50 9.53 9.55 369.95 377.24 411.70 395.93 31.20 388.98 377.74 411.70 39.50 318.14 403.50 381.84 40.35 81.84 8.08 8.66 8.66 8.66 8.65 8.65 8.65 8.55 8.58 8.61 38.55.81 384.13 384.13 384.13 384.13 384.13 384.13 384.13 384.13 384.13 384.13 384.13 384.13 384.13 384.13 384.	Instruments and related products	. 38	9.40	9.40	9.67	9.66	9.70	384.46	381.64	401.31	395.09	397.70
Measuring and controlling devices 382 9.12 9.15 9.56 9.46 369.36 367.83 399.61 385.29 Environmental controls 3823 3.22 9.35 9.53 9.53 9.57 389.95 377.74 411.70 395.91 39.28 9.77 9.69.95 377.24 401.50 398.84 377.74 401.50 398.84 377.74 401.50 398.88 377.74 401.50 398.88 377.74 401.50 398.88 377.74 401.50 308.88 377.74 401.50 398.88 377.74 401.50 308.88 377.44 401.50 308.88 377.74 401.50 308.88 377.74 401.50 308.88 377.74 401.50 308.88 377.74 401.50 308.88 387.74 401.50 308.88 387.74 401.50 308.88 387.74 401.50 308.88 38.28 38.88 38.89 377.44 401.50 308.88 38.28 38.28 38.28 38.21 38.28 30			10.14	10.18	10.53	10.58	_	427.91	423.49	438.05	433.78	-
Environmental controls			9.12	9.15	9.56	9.46		369.36	367.83	399.61	385.97	
Process control instruments			8.68	8.66	9.01	9.05		340.26	337.74	365.81	359.29	
Optical instruments and lenses 383 10.49 10.35 10.50 10.47 439.53 432.63 438.90 431.36 Medical instruments and supplies 3841 8.55 8.58 8.76 8.75 353.12 348.35 368.13 358.75 353.12 348.35 366.17 358.75 353.12 348.35 366.17 358.75 353.12 348.35 366.17 358.75 353.12 348.35 366.17 358.75 358.75 336.15 336.83 366.18 386.57 388.75 37.29 288.08 26.90 292.33 76.50 7.21 7.30 7.29 288.08 26.90 292.33 76.50 7.21 7.09 274.31 276.90 292.33 76.71 7.09 274.31 276.90 292.33 76.71 7.09 274.31 276.90 282.33 76.71 7.09 274.31 276.90 282.33 29.90 281.78 282.91 282.91 282.91 282.91 282.91 282.91 282.91 282.			9.32	9.35	9.53	9.36			377.74	411.70	395.93	
Medical instruments and supplies 384 8.40 8.40 8.60 8.75 343.56 341.88 355.88 348.13 Surgical and medical instruments 3841 8.55 8.58 8.75 353.12 348.35 366.17 358.75 Surgical appliances and supplies 3842 8.30 8.26 8.60 8.56 336.15 337.83 346.59 398.17 Photographic equipment and supplies 386 12.48 12.51 12.95 13.14 522.91 517.91 552.97 563.71 Watches, clocks, and watchcases 387 6.98 7.10 7.08 7.09 274.31 276.90 281.78 282.18 Miscellaneous manufacturing 391 8.02 8.11 8.28 8.33 311.98 309.00 316.30 315.71 Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware 391 8.04 8.81 8.36 8.36 8.36 8.36 30.91 300.80 316.30 315.71 Jewelry, precious metal 391 8.04	Instruments to measure electricity	. 3825	9.18	9.28	9.77	9.57		369.95	371.20	403.50	381.84	
Surgical and medical instruments	Optical instruments and lenses	. 383	10.49	10.35	10.50	10.47		439.53	432.63	438.90	431.36	
Surgical appliances and supplies 3842 8.30 8.26 8.60 8.56 336.15 337.83 346.58 338.12 Ophthalmic goods 385 7.22 7.21 7.33 7.29 288.08 286.96 297.60 292.33 Photographic equipment and supplies 386 12.48 12.51 12.95 13.14 522.91 517.91 552.97 553.71 Watches, clocks, and watchcases 387 6.98 7.10 7.08 7.09 274.31 276.90 281.78 282.18 282.18 282.18 282.18 282.18 282.19 276.90 281.78 282.18 282.19 276.90 281.78 282.18 282.19 276.90 281.78 282.18 282.19 276.90 281.78 282.18 282.19 276.90 281.78 282.18 282.19 276.90 281.78 282.18 282.19 276.90 281.78 282.18 282.19 276.90 281.78 282.18 282.19 276.90 281.78 282.18 282.19 276.90 281.78 282.18 282.19 276.90 281.78 282.18 282.19 276.90 281.78 282.18 276.90 281.78 282.18 276.90 281.78 282.18 276.90 281.78 282.18 276.90 281.78 282.18 276.90 281.78 282.18 276.90 281.78 282.18 276.90 281.78 282.18 276.90 281.78 276.90 281.78 282.18 282.	Medical instruments and supplies	384	8.40	8.40	8.68	8.66)	343.56	341.88	355.88	348.13	
Ophthalmic goods	Surgical and medical instruments	3841	8.55	8.58	8.76	8.75		353.12	348.35	366.17	358.75	
Ophthalmic goods	Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	8.30	8.26	8.60	8.56		336.15	337.83	346.58	338.12	
Watches, clocks, and watchcases 387 6.98 7.10 7.09 274.31 276.90 281.78 282.18 Miscellaneous manufacturing 39 7.47 7.52 7.66 7.67 7.73 295.81 296.29 301.04 297.60 309.90 315.71 315.71 309.80 315.71 309.80 311.98 309.80 316.30 315.71 Musical instruments 393 7.13 7.26 7.39 7.35 290.19 288.22 306.69 300.62 Toys and sporting goods 394.4 6.82 6.87 6.95 6.95 264.62 263.35 266.27 265.49 Sporting and athletic goods, nec 3949 6.93 6.96 7.18 7.14 280.67 282.58 282.56 285.61 277.75 Pens, perolis, office, and art supplies 395 7.69 7.69 7.66 7.70 7.64 303.76 201.20 235.82 282.58 282.58 283.61 277.75 277.55 29.77 7.64	Ophthalmic goods	. 385	7.22	7.21	7.33	7.29		288.08	286.96	297.60	292.33	l
Miscellaneous manufacturing 39 7.47 7.52 7.66 7.67 7.73 295.81 296.29 301.04 297.60 30 Jewelry, precious metal 391 8.02 8.11 8.28 8.33 - 311.98 309.80 316.30 315.71 Jewelry, precious metal 391 8.04 8.11 8.35 8.46 303.91 300.88 309.79 312.17 Musical instruments 393 7.13 7.26 7.06 273.82 278.82 266.89 300.62 Toys and sporting goods 394 6.88 6.88 7.08 7.06 273.82 278.82 276.83 272.52 Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles 394.4 6.82 6.77 6.95 6.95 264.62 263.35 268.27 265.49 Sporting and athletic goods, nec 3949 6.93 6.96 7.18 7.14 280.67 282.58 283.61 277.75 264.62 2235.82 283.61 277.75 27.66 <			12.48	12.51	12.95			522.91				
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	Watches, clocks, and watchcases	. 387	6.98	7.10	7.08	7.09		274.31	276.90	281.78	282.18	
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	Miscellaneous manufacturing	39	7.47	7.52	7.66	7.67	7 73	295.81	296 29	301.04	297 60	302.24
Jewelry, precious metal 3911 8.04 8.11 8.35 8.46 303.91 308.88 309.79 312.17							l					_
Musical instruments 393 7,13 7,26 7,39 7,35 290.19 288.22 306.89 300.62 Toys and sporting goods 394 6.88 6.88 7.06 7.06 273.82 273.82 276.83 272.52 Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles 3942,4 6.82 6.77 6.95 6.95 264.62 263.35 268.27 265.49 Sporting and athletic goods, nec 3949 6.93 6.96 7.18 7.14 280.67 282.58 283.61 277.75 Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies 395 7.69 7.66 7.70 7.64 303.76 301.80 313.39 305.60 Costume jewelry and notions 396 5.97 6.03 6.10 6.02 235.82 232.76 229.97 218.53 Costume jewelry and notions 3961 5.48 5.58 5.52 5.40 214.27 211.48 199.27 183.06 Miscellaneous manufactures 3993 8.17 8.26 8.45 8			1			1						
Toys and sporting goods										l .		
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles												İ
Sporting and athletic goods, nec. 3949 6.93 6.96 7.18 7.14 280.67 282.58 283.61 277.75 Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies 395 7.69 7.69 7.70 7.64 303.76 301.80 313.39 305.60 Costume jewelry and notions 396 5.97 6.03 6.10 6.02 235.82 232.76 229.97 218.53 Costume jewelry and notions 3961 5.48 5.58 5.52 5.40 214.27 211.48 199.27 183.06 Miscellaneous manufactures 399 8.17 8.26 8.45 8.50 325.17 328.75 336.31 338.30 Signs and advertising displays 3993 8.46 8.59 8.85 8.79 338.40 343.60 351.35 349.84 Nondurable goods 8.89 8.92 9.09 9.14 9.13 352.04 352.08 352.74 351.74 361.03 361.03 361.03 361.03 361.03 361.03 36	Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles	3942.4					ì	, ,		1		
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies 395 7.69 7.66 7.70 7.64 303.76 301.80 313.39 305.60 Costume jewelry and notions 396 5.97 6.03 6.10 6.02 235.82 232.76 229.97 218.53 Costume jewelry 3961 5.48 5.58 5.52 5.40 214.27 211.48 199.27 183.06 Miscellaneous manufactures 399 8.17 8.26 8.45 8.50 325.17 328.75 336.31 338.30 Signs and advertising displays 3993 8.46 8.59 8.85 8.79 338.40 343.60 351.35 349.84 Nondurable goods 8.89 8.92 9.09 9.14 9.13 352.04 355.02 363.60 361.03 351.74 Meat products 20 8.76 8.78 8.93 8.95 8.94 346.90 352.08 352.74 351.74 Meat products 2011 8.21 8.27 8.36				_								
Costume jewelry and notions 396 5.97 6.03 6.10 6.02 235.82 232.76 229.97 218.53 Costume jewelry 3961 5.48 5.58 5.52 5.40 214.27 211.48 199.27 183.06 Miscellaneous manufactures 399 8.17 8.26 8.45 8.50 325.17 328.75 336.31 338.30 Signs and advertising displays 3993 8.46 8.59 8.85 8.79 338.40 343.60 351.35 349.84 Nondurable goods 8.89 8.92 9.09 9.14 9.13 352.04 355.02 363.60 361.03 500 and kindred products 20 8.76 8.78 8.93 8.95 8.94 346.90 352.08 352.74 351.74 Signs and advertising displays 20 8.81 8.82 8.94 8.95 8.94 346.90 352.08 352.74 351.74 Signs and control of the products 20 7.32 7.36 7.40 7.39 - 285.48 294.40 284.16 285.25 Meat packing plants 2011 8.21 8.27 8.36 8.26 336.61 348.17 341.92 337.83 Sausages and other prepared meats 2013 8.81 8.83 8.74 8.86 345.35 361.15 343.48 353.51 Poultry dressing plants 2016 5.89 5.92 6.03 6.06 219.70 225.55 17.08 220.58 Dairy products 202 9.42 9.44 9.56 9.61 387.16 390.82 391.96 396.89 Cheese, natural and processed 2022 8.80 8.86 8.82 8.94 345.84 349.97 347.51 347.77 Fluid milk 2026 9.87 9.91 10.03 10.12 416.51 418.20 421.26 430.10 Preserved fruits and vegetables 2032 9.89 9.91 10.31 10.38 383.73 370.63 392.81 383.02 Canned fruits and vegetables 2033 8.04 8.09 8.38 8.53 315.97 314.70 322.63 321.58 Frozen fruits and vegetables 2037 7.59 7.44 7.84 7.97 276.28 277.51 302.62 296.48 Grain mill products 2041 10.04 10.03 10.34 10.24 447.78 451.35 480.81 474.11 Prepared feeds, nec 2048 7.97 8.06 8.31 8.37 334.74 340.94 353.18 359.07												
Costume jewelry 3961 5.48 5.58 5.52 5.40 214.27 211.48 199.27 183.06 Miscellaneous manufactures 399 8.17 8.26 8.45 8.50 325.17 328.75 336.31 338.30 Signs and advertising displays 3993 8.46 8.59 8.85 8.79 338.40 343.60 351.35 349.84 Nondurable goods 8.89 8.92 9.09 9.14 9.13 352.04 355.02 363.60 361.03 351.74 Food and kindred products 20 8.76 8.78 8.93 8.95 8.94 346.90 352.04 352.04 352.04 352.04 352.08 352.74 351.74 351.74 368.74 368.89 8.95 8.94 346.90 352.08 352.04 352.04 352.08 352.74 351.74 351.74 351.74 368.61 348.17 341.92 337.83 336.61 348.17 341.92 337.83 346.90 343.48 353.												
Miscellaneous manufactures 399 8.17 8.26 8.45 8.50 325.17 328.75 336.31 338.30 Signs and advertising displays 3993 8.46 8.59 8.85 8.79 338.40 343.60 351.35 349.84 Nondurable goods 8.89 8.92 9.09 9.14 9.13 352.04 355.02 363.60 361.03 369.00 Food and kindred products 20 8.76 8.78 8.93 8.95 8.94 346.90 352.08 352.74 351.74 351.74 351.74 352.08 352.08 352.74 351.74 351.74 352.08												1
Signs and advertising displays 3993 8.46 8.59 8.85 8.79 338.40 343.60 351.35 349.84 Nondurable goods 8.89 8.92 9.09 9.14 9.13 352.04 355.02 363.60 361.03 350.03 351.74 350.03 352.08 352.74 351.74 351.74 351.74 352.04 352.08 352.74 351.74 351.74 351.74 352.04 352.08 352.74 351.74 351.74 351.74 352.08 352.74 351.74 351.74 362.74 351.74 352.08 352.74 351.74 351.74 362.08 352.74 351.74 351.74 362.08 352.74 351.74 351.74 362.08 366.61 348.17 341.92 337.83 353.51 343.48 353.51 362.25 366.11 341.92 337.83 353.51 361.15 343.48 353.51 351.74 362.08 366.11 341.92 337.83 343.48 353.51 362.17 362.05 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>												
Food and kindred products			1					1				
Food and kindred products	Name de marchia and a de							05004	055.00	000.00	204.00	000 44
Meat products 201 7.32 7.36 7.40 7.39 - 285.48 294.40 284.16 285.25 Meat packing plants 2011 8.21 8.27 8.36 8.26 336.61 348.17 341.92 337.83 Sausages and other prepared meats 2013 8.81 8.83 8.74 8.86 345.35 361.15 343.48 353.51 Poultry dressing plants 2016 5.89 5.92 6.03 6.06 219.70 225.55 217.08 220.58 Dairy products 202 9.42 9.44 9.56 9.61 387.16 390.82 391.96 396.89 Cheese, natural and processed 2022 8.80 8.86 8.82 8.94 345.84 349.97 347.51 347.77 Fluid milk 2026 9.87 9.91 10.03 10.12 416.51 418.20 421.26 430.10 Preserved fruits and vegetables 203 8.12 8.46 8.53 313.43 31												366.11
Meat packing plants 2011 8.21 8.27 8.36 8.26 336.61 348.17 341.92 337.83 Sausages and other prepared meats 2013 8.81 8.83 8.74 8.86 345.35 361.15 343.48 353.51 Poultry dressing plants 2016 5.89 5.92 6.03 6.06 219.70 225.55 217.08 220.58 Dairy products 202 9.42 9.44 9.56 9.61 387.16 390.82 391.96 396.89 Cheese, natural and processed 2022 8.80 8.86 8.82 8.94 345.84 349.97 347.51 347.77 Fluid milk 2026 9.87 9.91 10.03 10.12 416.51 418.20 421.26 430.10 Preserved fruits and vegetables 203 8.12 8.12 8.46 8.53 313.43 314.24 329.94 324.14 Canned specialties 2032 9.89 9.91 10.31 10.38 383.73	Most products	. 20					8.94				351.74	357.60
Sausages and other prepared meats 2013 8.81 8.83 8.74 8.86 345.35 361.15 343.48 353.51 Poultry dressing plants 2016 5.89 5.92 6.03 6.06 219.70 225.55 217.08 220.58 Dairy products 202 9.42 9.44 9.56 9.61 387.16 390.82 391.96 396.89 Cheese, natural and processed 2022 8.80 8.86 8.82 8.94 345.84 349.97 347.51 347.77 Fluid milk 2026 9.87 9.91 10.03 10.12 416.51 418.20 421.26 430.10 Preserved fruits and vegetables 203 8.12 8.12 8.46 8.53 313.43 314.24 329.94 324.14 Canned specialties 2032 9.89 9.91 10.31 10.38 383.73 370.63 392.81 383.02 Canned fruits and vegetables 2033 8.04 8.09 8.38 8.53 315.97	Most pooling plants	. 201					_					_
Poultry dressing plants 2016 5.89 5.92 6.03 6.06 219.70 225.55 217.08 220.58 Dairy products 202 9.42 9.44 9.56 9.61 387.16 390.82 391.96 396.89 Cheese, natural and processed 2022 8.80 8.86 8.82 8.94 345.84 349.97 347.51 347.77 Fluid milk 2026 9.87 9.91 10.03 10.12 416.51 418.20 421.26 430.10 Preserved fruits and vegetables 203 8.12 8.12 8.46 8.53 313.43 314.24 329.94 324.14 Canned specialties 2032 9.89 9.91 10.31 10.38 383.73 370.63 392.81 383.02 Canned fruits and vegetables 2033 8.04 8.09 8.38 8.53 315.97 314.70 322.63 321.58 Frozen fruits and vegetables 2037 7.59 7.44 7.84 7.97 276.28							[
Dairy products 202 9.42 9.44 9.56 9.61 387.16 390.82 391.96 396.89 Cheese, natural and processed 2022 8.80 8.86 8.82 8.94 345.84 349.97 347.51 347.77 Fluid milk 2026 9.87 9.91 10.03 10.12 416.51 418.20 421.26 430.10 Preserved fruits and vegetables 203 8.12 8.46 8.53 313.43 314.24 329.94 324.14 Canned specialties 2032 9.89 9.91 10.31 10.38 383.73 370.63 392.81 383.02 Canned fruits and vegetables 2033 8.04 8.09 8.38 8.53 315.97 314.70 322.63 321.58 Frozen fruits and vegetables 2037 7.59 7.44 7.84 7.97 276.28 277.51 302.62 296.48 Grain mill products 204 10.58 10.60 10.65 10.48 451.77 457.92 <td>Poultry dressing plants</td> <td>2013</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Poultry dressing plants	2013										
Cheese, natural and processed 2022 8.80 8.86 8.82 8.94 345.84 349.97 347.51 347.77 Fluid milk 2026 9.87 9.91 10.03 10.12 416.51 418.20 421.26 430.10 Preserved fruits and vegetables 203 8.12 8.46 8.53 313.43 314.24 329.94 324.14 Canned specialties 2032 9.89 9.91 10.31 10.38 383.73 370.63 392.81 383.02 Canned fruits and vegetables 2033 8.04 8.09 8.38 8.53 315.97 314.70 322.63 321.58 Frozen fruits and vegetables 2037 7.59 7.44 7.84 7.97 276.28 277.51 302.62 296.48 Grain mill products 204 10.58 10.60 10.65 10.48 451.77 457.92 465.41 449.59 Flour and other grain mill products 2041 10.04 10.03 10.34 10.24 447.78 </td <td>Dairy products</td> <td>2010</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>]</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>li .</td> <td></td>	Dairy products	2010]				li .	
Fluid milk 2026 9.87 9.91 10.03 10.12 416.51 418.20 421.26 430.10 Preserved fruits and vegetables 203 8.12 8.12 8.46 8.53 313.43 314.24 329.94 324.14 Canned specialties 2032 9.89 9.91 10.31 10.38 383.73 370.63 392.81 383.02 Canned fruits and vegetables 2033 8.04 8.09 8.38 8.53 315.97 314.70 322.63 321.58 Frozen fruits and vegetables 2037 7.59 7.44 7.84 7.97 276.28 277.51 302.62 296.48 Grain mill products 204 10.58 10.60 10.65 10.48 451.77 457.92 465.41 449.59 Flour and other grain mill products 2041 10.04 10.03 10.34 10.24 447.78 451.35 480.81 474.11 Prepared feeds, nec 2048 7.97 8.06 8.31 8.37 334.74 340.94 353.18 359.07	Chase natural and processed	2022										
Preserved fruits and vegetables 203 8.12 8.12 8.46 8.53 313.43 314.24 329.94 324.14 Canned specialties 2032 9.89 9.91 10.31 10.38 383.73 370.63 392.81 383.02 Canned fruits and vegetables 2033 8.04 8.09 8.38 8.53 315.97 314.70 322.63 321.58 Frozen fruits and vegetables 2037 7.59 7.44 7.84 7.97 276.28 277.51 302.62 296.48 Grain mill products 204 10.58 10.60 10.65 10.48 451.77 457.92 465.41 449.59 Flour and other grain mill products 2041 10.04 10.03 10.34 10.24 447.78 451.35 480.81 474.11 Prepared feeds, nec 2048 7.97 8.06 8.31 8.37 334.74 340.94 353.18 359.07	Fluid milk	2026				1						
Canned specialties 2032 9.89 9.91 10.31 10.38 383.73 370.63 392.81 383.02 Canned fruits and vegetables 2033 8.04 8.09 8.38 8.53 315.97 314.70 322.63 321.58 Frozen fruits and vegetables 2037 7.59 7.44 7.84 7.97 276.28 277.51 302.62 296.48 Grain mill products 204 10.58 10.60 10.65 10.48 451.77 457.92 465.41 449.59 Flour and other grain mill products 2041 10.04 10.03 10.34 10.24 447.78 451.35 480.81 474.11 Prepared feeds, nec 2048 7.97 8.06 8.31 8.37 334.74 340.94 353.18 359.07	Preserved fruits and vegetables	203	ı	1								
Canned fruits and vegetables 2033 8.04 8.09 8.38 8.53 315.97 314.70 322.63 321.58 Frozen fruits and vegetables 2037 7.59 7.44 7.84 7.97 276.28 277.51 302.62 296.48 Grain mill products 204 10.58 10.60 10.65 10.48 451.77 457.92 465.41 449.59 Flour and other grain mill products 2041 10.04 10.03 10.34 10.24 447.78 451.35 480.81 474.11 Prepared feeds, nec 2048 7.97 8.06 8.31 8.37 334.74 340.94 353.18 359.07	Canned specialties	2032				1						
Frozen fruits and vegetables 2037 7.59 7.44 7.84 7.97 276.28 277.51 302.62 296.48 Grain mill products 204 10.58 10.60 10.65 10.48 451.77 457.92 465.41 449.59 Flour and other grain mill products 2041 10.04 10.03 10.34 10.24 447.78 451.35 480.81 474.11 Prepared feeds, nec 2048 7.97 8.06 8.31 8.37 334.74 340.94 353.18 359.07							1					1
Grain mill products 204 10.58 10.60 10.65 10.48 451.77 457.92 465.41 449.59 Flour and other grain mill products 2041 10.04 10.03 10.34 10.24 447.78 451.35 480.81 474.11 Prepared feeds, nec 2048 7.97 8.06 8.31 8.37 334.74 340.94 353.18 359.07				1		1				l .		
Flour and other grain mill products												1
Prepared feeds, nec			I .	1								
Bakery products)	1								
	Rakery products	205										
Bread, cake, and related products	Bread, cake, and related products	2051			_							1
Cookies and crackers			1	· .								1

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours	ļ		Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Ma 1987
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued											
Sugar and confectionery products	. 206	39.5	39.5	40.2	39.1		2.4	2.3	3.0	2.4	
Cane and beet sugar		40.5	41.5	42.6	41.2		3.2	3.2	5.1	4.3	
Confectionery products	. 2065	38.7	38.1	38.8	38.1		1.9	1.6	2.1	1.7	1
Fats and oils	. 207	41.9	42.4	40.7	41.0		4.5	4.6	4.4	4.5	1
Beverages		40.8	41.7	40.1	40.3		4.2	4.4	3.5	3.6	
Malt beverages		42.4	44.0	41.8	42.4		6.0	6.1	4.9	4.9	
Bottled and canned soft drinks		40.7	41.3	40.2	40.1		4.0	4.3	3.3	3.5	
Misc. food and kindred products	. 209	37.6	38.1	38.2	37.6		3.5	3.8	3.7	3.4	
Tobacco manufactures	1	35.9	37.2	38.1	37.1	38.8	.8	1.9	2.0	1.6	
Cigarettes	. 211	34.8	36.4	38.5	37.8	-	.5	2.0	2.2	1.8	
Textile mill products		40.6	40.9	42.0	40.9	41.6	3.7	3.9	4.5	3.7	
Weaving mills, cotton		41.0	41.2	43.3	42.7	- '	4.7	4.9	6.1	5.5	
Weaving mills, synthetics		40.3	40.4	42.1	41.8		3.1	3.5	4.4	4.1	1
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		40.8	41.7	42.0	41.0		3.3	3.7	2.5	.4	
Narrow fabric mills		40.8	40.4	41.3	39.4		2.6	2.3	3.8	2.6	
Knitting mills		39.1	39.8	40.2	38.9	· '	2.9	3.4	3.5	2.6	
Women's hosiery, except socks		38.9	39.8	39.6	37.3		2.9	3.6	3.2	1.7	1
Hosiery, nec		37.3	38.9	40.1	37.3		1.9	2.7	2.8	1.7	ì
Knit outerwear mills		37.9	38.6	38.6	38.0	ļ	2.5	3.1	3.1	2.2	1
Knit underwear mills	ľ	39.4	39.7	40.3	39.5	[2.0	2.4	3.1	2.2	
Circular knit fabric mills		42.2	41.9	43.4	42.8		5.4	5.2	5.5	5.3	
Textile finishing, except wool		41.5	41.5	42.1	40.8		4.5	4.1	4.9	4.1	ŀ
Finishing plants, cotton		42.2	41.6	42.5	42.1		4.6	4.2	4.7	4.3	1
Finishing plants, synthetics		40.5	41.1	42.4	40.4		4.3	4.1	4.9	3.5	1
Floor covering mills		40.1	40.3	42.7	41.0		3.1	3.3	4.3	3.5	
Yarn and thread mills		41.9	42.5	43,1	42.0		4.5	4.6	5.1	4.6	
Yarn mills, except wool		42.6	43.0	44.1	42.8		5.0	5.0	5.7	5.1	
Throwing and winding mills Miscellaneous textile goods		38.4 42.3	40.2 42.4	38.5 43.4	38.5 42.1		2.9 4.1	3.9 4.1	3.1 4.7	2.9 4.0	
Apparel and other textile products	22	36.5	36.6	37.0	35.9	37.0	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.4	
Men's and boys' suits and coats		35.1	35.7	35.5	34.3	37.0	.7	.8	1.0	.6	
Men's and boys' furnishings		37.1	37.1	37.0	35.9	-	1,2	1.2	1.5	1.1	
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		37.5	37.5	37.5	36.5		1.5	1.5	1.6	1.3	
Men's and boys' separate trousers		35.7	35.9	36.6	35.4		.8	.8	1.1	.8	ì
Men's and boys' work clothing		36.3	36.3	36.2	35.3		1.1	1.2	1.4	.9	
Women's and misses' outerwear		35.1	34.8	35.9	34.6		1.3	1.1	1.7	1.3	
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		34.5	35.4	35.8	34.6		1.0	1.1	1.4	.9	1
Women's and misses' dresses		34.4	33.6	36.1	34.3		1.2	.9	1.7	1.3	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		33.9	34.6	34.8	33.5		1.0	1.0	1.3	1.1	1
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		35.9	35.3	36.1	35.0		1.5	1.3	1.9	1.5	r
Women's and children's undergarments		36.6	36.9	36.8	36.1		1.2	1.2	1.0	.6	
Women's and children's underwear		36.7	37.2	37.1	36.3		1.1	1.2	1.0	.5	1
Brassieres and allied garments		36.1	35.4	35.4	34.9		1.8	1.3	1.1	1.3	
Children's outerwear	. 236	36.9	37.6	36.6	35.9	1	1.7	2.0	1.7	.9	1
Children's dresses and blouses		35.7	36.0	35.1	35.4	1	1.4	1.7	1.5	.8	
Misc. apparel and accessories	. 238	36.6	37.0	38.9	37.9		1.1	1.2	2.4	1.8	1
Misc. fabricated textile products		38.8	38.9	39.7	38.1		2.5	2.5	3.2	2.5	1
Curtains and draperies		37.0	37.9	38.6	36.7		1.2	1.6	1.8	1.8	1
House furnishings, nec		37.4	37.7	39.2	37.7		1.7	1.9	2.6	2.0	1
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	41.1	41.2	42.5	40.4		5.1	5.2	6.5	5.0	
Paper and allied products		42.8	43.0	42.9	42.9	43.4	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.7	
Paper and pulp mills		44.9	45.3	45.0	45.7	-	6.4	6.5	6.2	6.5	
Paper mills, except building paper		45.0	45.4	45.1	45.9		6.5	6.6	6.4	6.6	
Paperboard mills	. 263	44.6	44.1	43.7	44.0		6.9	6.9	6.9	7.1	1
Misc. converted paper products		41.5	41.7	42.0	41.3		3.1	3.1	3.6	3.4	1
Paper coating and glazing	2641	42.9	43.0	43.9	43.5		3.2	3.3	4.1	3.8	1
Envelopes		41.7	41.4	41.7	40.9		2.9	2.6	3.0	2.5	1
Bags, except textile bags		41.1	41.1	41.8	40.9		3.4	3.5	3.7	3.5	1
Paperboard containers and boxes		41.8	41.9	41.8	41.7		3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	
Folding paperboard boxes		42.2	41.9	42.1	41.7	1	3.7	3.5	4.2	3.9	1
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		42.7	42.8	42.2	42.4	1	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.2	
Sanitary food containers	1005	38.6	39.8	41.2	41.2	1	4.2	4.6	3.9	3.5	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly 6	arnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987°	May 1987 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued											
Sugar and confectionery products		\$8.89	\$8.94	\$9.11	\$9.21		\$351.16			\$360.11	
Cane and beet sugar		10.67	10.65	10.67	10.69		432.14	441.98	454.54	440.43]
Confectionery products		7.66	7.61	7.87	7.97		296.44	289.94	305.36	303.66	
Fats and oils		8.76	8.77	9.14	9.20		367.04	371.85	372.00	377.20	
Beverages		11.61	11.67	11.83	11.89		473.69	486.64	474.38	479.17	
Malt beverages		16.11	16.21	16.57	16.66		683.06	713.24	692.63	706.38	
Bottled and canned soft drinks Misc. food and kindred products		9.08 8.00	9.12 8.00	9.44 8.28	9.49 8.23		369.56 300.80	376.66 304.80	379.49 316.30	380.55 309.45	
_											
Tobacco manufactures		12.96 15.22	13.49 15.67	13.80 16.23	14.28 16.32	\$14.61 -	465.26 529.66	501.83 570.39	525.78 624.86	529.79 616.90	\$566.8
Textile mill products	22	6.87	6.87	7.12	7.13	7.13	278.92	280.98	299.04	291.62	296.6
Weaving mills, cotton		7.17	7.17	7.44	7.46		293.97	295.40	322.15	318.54	_
Weaving mills, synthetics		7.30	7.36	7.62	7.64		294.19	297.34	320.80	319.35	}
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		7.23	7.33	7.58	7.62		294.98	305.66	318.36	312.42	1
Narrow fabric mills		6.52	6.53	6.71	6.75		266.02	263.81	277.12	265.95	
Knitting mills		6.36	6.36	6.49	6.48		248.68	253.13	260.90	252.07	
Women's hosiery, except socks	2251	6.23	6.32	6.37	6.20		242.35	251.54	252.25	231.26	
Hosiery, nec		6.01	6.01	6.14	6.13		224.17	233.79	246.21	228.65	
Knit outerwear mills	2253	6.32	6.35	6.46	6.51		239.53	245.11	249.36	247.38	
Knit underwear mills	2254	5.92	5.83	6.13	6.08		233.25	231.45	247.04	240.16	
Circular knit fabric mills	2257	6.94	6.87	7.12	7.10		292.87	287.85	309.01	303.88	
Textile finishing, except wool		7.25	7.19	7.41	7.43		300.88	298.39	311.96	303.14	
Finishing plants, cotton		7.21	7.21	7.40	7.40		304.26	299.94	314.50	311.54	
Finishing plants, synthetics		7.64	7.57	7.66	7.71		309.42	311.13	324.78	311.48	
Floor covering mills		7.05	7.09	7.57	7.51		282.71	285.73	323.24	307.91	
Yarn and thread mills		6.45	6.42	6.69	6.70		270.26	272.85	288.34	281.40	
Yarn mills, except wool		6.45	6.41	6.71	6.72		274.77	275.63	295.91	287.62	
Throwing and winding mills Miscellaneous textile goods	2282	6.47 7.78	6.45 7.81	6.60 8.16	6.67 8.19		248.45 329.09	259.29 331.14	254.10 354.14	256.80 344.80	
		7.76		0.10	0.19						
Apparel and other textile products		5.83	5.81	5.93	5.94	5.87	212.80	212.65	219.41	213.25	217.1
Men's and boys' suits and coats		6.65	6.56	6.67	6.87	-	233.42	234.19	236.79	235.64	-
Men's and boys' furnishings		5.40	5.36	5.43	5.48		200.34	198.86	200.91	196.73	
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		5.16	5.11	5.21	5.28		193.50	191.63	195.38 193.98	192.72 189.04	
Men's and boys' separate trousers Men's and boys' work clothing	2321	5.28 5.51	5.23 5.48	5.30 5.55	5.34 5.57		188.50 200.01	187.76 198.92	200.91	196.62	
Women's and misses' outerwear		5.59	5.58	5.72	5.70		196.21	194.18	205.35	197.22	
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		5.09	5.07	5.06	5.00		175.61	179.48	181.15	173.00	
Women's and misses' dresses		5.80	5.77	6.06	5.99		199.52	193.87	218.77	205.46	1
Women's and misses' suits and coats		6.54	6.43	6.46	6.46		221.71	222.48	224.81	216.41	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		5.41	5.42	5.58	5.60		194.22	191.33	201.44	196.00	ļ
Women's and children's undergarments		5.39	5.38	5.42	5.50		197.27	198.52	199.46	198.55	
Women's and children's underwear		5.23	5.23	5.25	5.32		191.94	194.56	194.78	193.12	
Brassieres and allied garments	2342	6.16	6.17	6.31	6.43		222.38	218.42	223.37	224.41	
Children's outerwear	236	5.19	5.15	5.22	5.21		191.51	193.64	191.05	187.04	
Children's dresses and blouses	2361	4.98	4.93	5.02	4.98		177.79	177.48	176.20	176.29	l
Misc. apparel and accessories		5.59	5.53	5.66	5.61		204.59	204.61	220.17	212.62	
Misc. fabricated textile products		7.19	7.20	7.31	7.27		278.97	280.08	290.21	276.99	
Curtains and draperies		5.51	5.54	5.73	5.86		203.87	209.97	221.18	215.06	
House furnishings, nec		5.93	5.94	6.03	6.07		221.78	223.94	236.38	228.84	
Automotive and apparel trimmings		11.37	11.41	11.38	11.20		467.31	470.09	483.65	452.48	
Paper and allied products	26	11.08	11.15	11.27	11.36	11.41	474.22	479.45	483.48	487.34	495.1
Paper and pulp mills	261,2,6	13.42	13.53	13.77	13.86	-	602.56	612.91	619.65	633.40	_
Paper mills, except building paper	262	13.50	13.61	13.85	13.93		607.50	617.89	624.64	639.39	
Paperboard mills	203	13.92	13.98	14.13	14.24		620.83	616.52	617.48	626.56	
Misc. converted paper products	204 2641	9.55	9.59	9.77	9.87		396.33	399.90	410.34	407.63	
Paper coating and glazing		10.88	10.92	10.93	11.05		466.75	469.56	479.83	480.68	
Envelopes		8.63	8.70	9.04 9.02	9.05 9.16		359.87 373.19	360.18	376.97	370.15	
Bags, except textile bags		9.08 9.49	9.01 9.53	9.02	9.16		373.19	370.31 399.31	377.04 400.86	374.64 401.15	
		J.43	J.03	J. 09	0.02		350.00	JJJJ.J	400.00	401.10	I
Paperboard containers and boxes		0.21	0 86	10.06	10 15		412 08	413 12	423 53	423 2F	l
Folding paperboard boxes Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2651	9.81 9.73	9.86 9.80	10.06 9.77	10.15 9.74		413.98 415.47	413.13 419.44	423.53 412.29	423.26 412.98	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1967	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987°	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987°	Ma 198
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Printing and publishing	27	37.9	37.8	38.0	37.7	37.9	2.7	2.6	3.0	2.8	
Newspapers	271	33.5	33.9	33.5	33.5	-	1.5	1.7	1.3	1.5	
Periodicals	272	38.0	37.6	39.2	38.8		2.4	2.3	2.9	3.0	
Books	273	40.8	40.7	38.7	38.5		4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	1
Book publishing	2731	39.8	40.1	38.2	37.8		3.7	3.6	3.8	3.6	
Book printing	2732	42.4	41.7	39.4	39.6		4.7	4.6	4.3	4.3	
Miscellaneous publishing	274	36.1	36.3	36.8	37.0		1.6	1.9	2.8	3.0	
Commercial printing	275	39.2	38.9	39.6	39.3		3.2	2.9	3.6	3.2	
Commercial printing, letterpress	2751	38.7	38.4	39.4	38.8		2.7	2.5	3.1	2.8	
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	39.3	39.1	39.5	39.3		3.3	3.1	3.8	3.3	
Manifold business forms		40.4	40.7	40.9	40.3		3.1	3.2	3.0	2.6	
Blankbooks and bookbinding	278	38.2	38.3	38.2	37.3		1.6	1.7	2.3	1.8	
Printing trade services	279	39.0	38.3	38.4	37.7		3.4	3.1	3.7	2.9	
Chemicals and allied products		41.8	41.9	42.1	42.2	42.0	3.6	3.5	3.9	3.8	
Industrial inorganic chemicals		41.5	41.6	42.2	42.2	-	3.4	3.3	3.8	4.0	
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	2819	42.1	42.1	42.9	42.8		3.4	3.2	3.8	3.8	1
Plastics materials and synthetics		42.2	42.6	42.8	42.9	ļ	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.1	
Plastics materials and resins		43.5	43.5	43.7	43.7	ļ	4.9	4.5	4.7	4.5	1
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	2824	41.7	42.6	41.8	42.5		3.3	3.8	3.5	3.8	
Drugs		41.3	40.8	41.5	41.7		3.0	2.7	3.1	2.8	
Pharmaceutical preparations	2834	41.3	41.2	41.9	41.6		3.0	2.8	3.3	2.9	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	284	40.7	41.1	41.1	40.5		2.9	3.0	3.3	2.7	
Soap and other detergents		43.2	44.2	43.6	42.3		3.9	4.5	5.2	4.2	1
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations	2842,3	41.8	41.5	40.8	40.8		3.1	2.6	2.9	2.5	
Toilet preparations		38.6	39.0	39.9	39.3		2.3	2.2	2.4	2.0	
Paints and allied products	285	41.7	42.1	41.6	41.2		3.6	3.8	3.5	3.2	1
Industrial organic chemicals	286	43.3	43.5	43.5	43.9		4.1	4.4	5.0	5.4	1
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		43.6	43.0	42.6	43.6		4.8	4.5	5.1	5.3	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec .		43.2	43.7	43.7	44.0	1	3.9	4.3	5.0	5.4	1
Agricultural chemicals		42.8	42.3	43.0	43.5		5.0	4.7	4.9	5.5	
Miscellaneous chemical products		41.0	41.2	41.2	41.4	ļ	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.2	
Petroleum and coal products	29	43.7	43.4	43.9	43.6	44.1	4.4	4.0	5.1	4.9	
Petroleum refining		44.0	43.3	44.2	43.7	-	4.1	3.4	4.9	4.5	
Paving and roofing materials		44.0	44.8	43.6	44.4		6.3	7.0	6.7	7.1	
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	41.0	41.1	41.5	40.9	41.5	3.5	3.6	3.8	3.5	
Tires and inner tubes		41.9	42.7	42.5	42.8	-	3.9	4.9	4.3	4.1	
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	39.2	38.6	41.5	40.6		1.7	1.0	2.1	1.5	
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	Į				ļ	ļ		\	l		1
and belting	303,4	42.7	42.5	41.3	40.3	1	3.4	3.3	2.6	2.3	1
Fabricated rubber products, nec		41.0	41.0	41.6	40.1		3.1	3.0	3.7	3.0	1
Miscellaneous plastics products	307	40.9	41.0	41.3	40.7		3.6	3.6	3.9	3.5	
Leather and leather products	31	36.3	36.8	37.5	36.6	38.0	1.1	1.2	1.8	1.6	
Leather tanning and finishing	311	40.8	41.3	41.8	41.5	-	3.6	3.6	4.6		1
Footwear, except rubber	314	35.2	35.7	36.8	35.7		.7	.8	1.5		
Men's footwear, except athletic		35.3	35.4	37.7	36.1		.6	.8	1.5		
Women's footwear, except athletic	3144	34.8	35.8	35.4	35.0]	.7	.9	1.6		
LuggageHandbags and personal leather goods	316 317	39.9 36.3	39.8 38.5	38.9 37.2	39.2 35.0		2.7	2.1	1.3 1.8		
ransportation and public utilities		39.0	39.0	38.9	38.8	39.0					
Railroad transportation:											-
Class I railroads ³	4011	42.8	43.2	43.5	43.3						
ocal and interurban passenger transit	. 41	33.8	34.3	33.9	34.0						
Local and suburban transportation		38.7	38.4	38.7	39.3		1		1	}	
Intercity highway transportation		38.7	38.8	38.2	41.0				}		
Trucking and warshousing	42	37.9	38.0	38.2	38.1			Ē.	İ		
Trucking and warehousing Trucking and trucking terminals	421 2	38.0	38.1	38.2	36.1			1	1		
Public warehousing		37.1	37.9	38.0	37.9						
Pipe lines, except natural gas	1	40.8	40.8	40.7	41,1						

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987°	Мау 1987 ^р	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Printing and publishing	27	\$9.89	\$9.94	\$10.17	\$10.16	\$10.20	\$374.83	\$375.73	\$386.46	\$383.03	\$386.58
Newspapers		9.98	10.04	10.02	10.10	-	334.33	340.36	335.67	338.35	-
Periodicals		10.51	10.60	10.67	10.80		399.38	398.56	418.26	419.04	
Books		8.77	8.89	9.18	9.14		357.82	361.82	355.27	351.89	
Book publishing		8.27	8.40	8.73	8.72		329.15	336.84	333.49	329.62	i
Book printing		9.56	9.65	9.92	9.82		405.34	402.41	390.85	388.87	i
Miscellaneous publishing		8.88	8.94	9.10	9.10		320.57	324.52	334.88	336.70	
Commercial printing		10.18 9.80	10.21	10.52	10.46 10.09		399.06 379.26	397.17 376.32	416.59 397.94	411.08 391.49	
Commercial printing, letterpress		10.32	9.80 10.36	10.10 10.71	10.09		405.58	405.08	423.05	416.97	
Manifold business forms		10.32	10.30	10.71	10.61		416.12	419.21	429.45	427.58	
Blankbooks and bookbinding		7.83	7.85	8.10	8.03		299.11	300.66	309.42	299.52	
Printing trade services		11.86	11.87	12.49	12.44		462.54	454.62	479.62	468.99	
Chemicals and allied products	28	11.84	11.90	12.24	12.28	12.31	494.91	498.61	515.30	518.22	517.02
Industrial inorganic chemicals	281	12.96	13.05	13.42	13.49	- 1	537.84	542.88	566.32	569.28	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec	2819	13.06	13.11	13.52	13.58		549.83	551.93	580.01	581.22	
Plastics materials and synthetics		12.05	12.02	12.37	12.42		508.51	512.05	529.44	532.82	1
Plastics materials and resins		13.09	13.12	13.31	13.48		569.42	570.72	581.65	589.08	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		11.68	11.53	11.90	11.81		487.06	491.18	497.42	501.93	
Drugs		11.07	11.16	11.51	11.50		457.19	455.33	477.67	479.55	
Pharmaceutical preparations		10.79	10.85	11.12	11.24		445.63	447.02	465.93	467.58	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		10.62	10.73	10.89	10.90		432.23	441.00	447.58	441.45	
Soap and other detergents		13.69	13.74	14.06	14.04		591.41	607.31	613.02	593.89	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		9.96	9.97	10.10	10.07		416.33	413.76	412.08	410.86	İ
Toilet preparations		8.89	9.04	9.31	9.36		343.15	352.56	371.47	367.85	
Paints and allied products		10.40	10.42	10.74	10.75		433.68	438.68	446.78 640.32	442.90	
Industrial organic chemicals		14.11	14.28	14.72	14.83		610.96	621.18 604.58	614.72	651.04 635.69	İ
Cyclic crudes and intermediatesGum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec .		13.90 14.18	14.06 14.35	14.43 14.81	14.58 14.90		606.04 612.58	627.10	647.20	655.60	
Agricultural chemicals		10.97	10.91	11.64	11.53		469.52	461.49	500.52	501.56	
Miscellaneous chemical products		11.12	11.08	11.22	11.32		455.92	456.50	462.26	468.65	
Petroleum and coal products	29	14.14	14.00	14.50	14.49	14.55	617.92	607.60	636.55	631.76	641.66
Petroleum refining	291	15.34	15.20	15.62	15.68	_	674.96	658.16	690.40	685.22	-
Paving and roofing materials	295	10.62	10.88	11.21	11.27		467.28	487.42	488.76	500.39	
Rubber and misc. plastics products		8.64	8.71	8.80	8.82	8.81	354.24	357.98	365.20	360.74	365.62
Tires and inner tubes		13.48	13.78	13.87	13.71	-	564.81	588.41	589.48	586.79	-
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	6.03	5.94	5.87	5.99		236.38	229.28	243.61	243.19	
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose								050.40	005.54	050.07	
and belting		8.43	8.45	8.85	8.89		359.96	359.13	365.51	358.27	
Fabricated rubber products, nec		8.46 8.02	8.47	8.47 8.19	8.52		346.86	347.27 330.87	352.35 338.25	341.65 334.55	
Miscellarieous plastics products	307	8.02	8.07	0.19	8.22		328.02	330.67	336.25	334.55	
Leather and leather products		5.91	5.90	6.06	6.14	6.04		217.12	227.25	224.72	229.52
Leather tanning and finishing		7.63	7.72	8.10	8.12	-	311.30	318.84	338.58	336.98	-
Footwear, except rubber		5.61	5.58	5.75	5.86		197.47	199.21	211.60	209.20	
Men's footwear, except athletic		5.95	5.94	6.19	6.31		210.04	210.28	233.36	227.79	l
Women's footwear, except athletic		5.32	5.29	5.36	5.45		185.14	189.38	189.74	190.75	
Luggage Handbags and personal leather goods		6.26 5.61	6.15 5.67	6.32 5.81	6.28 5.82		249.77 203.64	244.77 206.96	245.85 216.13	246.18 203.70	
Transportation and public utilities		11.61	11.58	11.90	11.90	11.91	452.79	451.62	462.91	461.72	464.49
Railroad transportation:									,		
Class I railroads ³	4011	13.69	13.79	14.13	14.13		585.93	595.73	614.66	611.83	
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	7.89	7.86	8.16	8.28		266.68	269.60	276.62	281.52	
Local and suburban transportation		8.42	8.34	8.80			325.85	320.26	340.56	351.74	
Intercity highway transportation		11.62	11.55	11.55	11.60		449.69	448.14	441.21	475.60	
Trucking and warehousing	42	10.77	10.75	10.77	10.79		408.18	408.50	411.41	411.10	
Trucking and trucking terminals	421,3	10.94	10.92	10.95	10.97		415.72	416.05	418.29	417.96	
Public warehousing	422	8.43	8.47	8.27	8.36		312.75	321.01	314.26	316.84	
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	15.17	15.00	15.35	15.27		618.94	612.00	624.75	627.60	

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987°	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987
Fransportation and public utilities—Continued											
Communication	48	39.8	39.8	39.5	39.7						
Telephone communication		41.0	41.1	40.6	40.9						
Radio and television broadcasting		36.3	36.3	36.4	36.3						
Electric and actiton, consists	40	44.0	44.0	44.0	44.0			!			
Electric, gas, and sanitary services		41.8	41.8	41.0	41.2						1
Electric services		42.0	41.8	40.6	41.0			ļ		1	
Gas production and distribution		40.7	40.9	40.4	40.6						
Combination utility services		42.0	41.8	42.0	42.2			ļ	ļ		ļ
Sanitary services	495	43.5	43.4	41.8	41.9						
Vholesale trade		38.3	38.4	37.9	38.1	38.2		!	i		
Durable goods	50	38.8	38.8	38.5	38.5				ļ		
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		38.4	38.5	38.0	38.2			1	[
Furniture and home furnishings		36.9	36.9	37.1	36.7			l	ļ	l	ļ
Lumber and construction materials		39.3	39.9	38.8	39.2						
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		36.7	36.7	36.6	36.4				ļ		Į.
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		40.0	40.3	40.5	40.4						
Electrical goods		38.2	38.2	38.2	38.3			İ			
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		38.5	38.5	38.0	38.2				1	ĺ	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		39.4	39.4	38.9	38.9						İ
Miscellaneous durable goods		37.7	37.4	38.0	37.7				}		
Nondurable goods		37.5	37.8	37.2	37.4						
Paper and paper products		36.7	37.1	36.8	36.7						
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	512	37.1	37.0	37.3	37.0	'			İ		
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	513	36.0	36.1	36.3	36.1						ľ
Groceries and related products	514	37.8	38.2	37.5	37.9			1			
Chemicals and allied products	516	39.2	39.3	39.2	38.9						
Petroleum and petroleum products	517	39.1	39.0	38.8	38.8				1		1
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		35.9	36.2	35.7	36.1						
Miscellaneous nondurable goods	519	37.5	37.7	36.7	37.2						
Retail trade		28.9	29.1	28.9	29.2	29.3		1		ı	
Building materials and garden supplies	52	36.1	36.4	36.3	36.5						
Lumber and other building materials	521	38.1	38.4	38.1	38.1					l	
Hardware stores		32.8	32.6	32.7	33.1						
General merchandise stores	53	28.2	28.5	27.7	28.4						
Department stores		28.0	28.4	27.5	28.2				l		
Variety stores		29.2	29.3	28.4	29.2		ļ				
Misc. general merchandise stores		29.1	29.2	29.2	29.8			ļ			}
Food stores	F.4	29.5	29.9	29.4	30.2			İ			
Grocery stores				29.4	30.2	1	1	1		ľ	
Retail bakeries		29.7 28.8	30.1 28.9	27.1	27.4						
								-	-		
Automotive dealers and service stations		36.4	36.6	36.3	36.5		1		ļ		
New and used car dealers		37.3	37.3	37.3	37.3						
Auto and home supply stores		39.2	39.5 34.0	38.8 33.7	39.2 34.0				İ		
Apparel and accessory stores		26.7	26.6	26.1	27.0		1		1		1
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		29.1	29.4	29.1	30.1			1		1	1
Women's ready-to-wear stores	562	25.5	25.4	25.2	25.8	1		1	1	1	1
Family clothing stores		26.9 27.4	27.0 26.9	26.3 26.8	27.2 28.5						
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	32.7	32.5	32.9	32.7	1		1	1	1	
	571	32.8	32.6	32.6	32.6					1	
Furniture and home furnishings stores						1		1	1		1
Household appliance stores	572	33.5	33.7	33.4	33.5	1	ł	1	ļ	1	
	572	33.5 32.2	33.7 32.0	33.4 33.1	33.5 32.6				ļ		

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987°	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987°
Fransportation and public utilities—Continued											
Communication	48	\$12.05	\$12.04	\$12.27	\$12.29		\$479.59	\$479.19	\$484.67	\$487.91	
Telephone communication	481	12.70	12.72	13.05	13.02		520.70	522.79	529.83	532.52	
	483	10.79	10.62	10.66	10.84		391.68	385.51	388.02	393.49	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40	13.24	13.30	13.76	13.67		553.43	555.94	564.16	563.20	
Electric services		13.31	13.41	13.77	13.73		559.02	560.54	559.06	562.93	
		12.35		12.98	12.92		502.65	507.57	524.39	524.55	
Gas production and distribution			12.41							671.82	
Combination utility services		15.43 9.63	15.50 9.65	16.14 9.96	15.92 9.99		648.06 418.91	647.90 418.81	677.88 416.33	418.58	
Wholesale trade		9.30	9.30	9.53	9.53	\$ 9.57	356.19	357.12	361.19	363.09	\$36 5.5
		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Ψ0.07	000.10	007112			*******
Durable goods		9.39	9.42	9.64	9.64		364.33	365.50	371.14	371.14	
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		8.36	- 8.38	8.58	8.58		321.02	322.63	326.04	327.76	}
Furniture and home furnishings		8.53	8.59	8.83	8.93		314.76	316.97	327.59	327.73	
Lumber and construction materials		8.88	8.95	9.10	9.15		348.98	357.11	353.08	358.68	1
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		9.72	9.64	9.80	9.81		356.72	353.79	358.68	357.08	
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		10.17	10.16	10.34	10.24		406.80	409.45	418.77	413.70	
Electrical goods		9.63	9.66	9.91	9.92		367.87	369.01	378.56	379.94	
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	507	8.89	8.95	9.16	9.19		342.27	344.58	348.08	351.06	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	508	10.00	10.02	10.30	10.29		394.00	394.79	400.67	400.28	
Miscellaneous durable goods	509	7.57	7.56	7.73	7.66		285.39	282.74	293.74	288.78	
Nondurable goods	51	9.15	9.14	9.37	9.37		343.13	345.49	348.56	350.44	
Paper and paper products		9.99	9.95	10.02	10.03		366.63	369.15	368.74	368.10	
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		10.47	10.48	10.73	10.77		388.44	387.76	400.23	398.49	
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		8.82	8.82	9.17	9.20		317.52	318.40	332.87	332.12	
Groceries and related products		9.27	9.23	9.48	9.48		350.41	352.59	355.50	359.29	
Chemicals and allied products		11.33	11.34	11.97	12.10		444.14	445.66	469.22	470.69	
Petroleum and petroleum products		9.76	9.69	9.73	9.63		381.62	377.91	377.52	373.64	
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		10.86	11.00	10.97	11.05		389.87	398.20	391.63	398.91	l
Miscellaneous nondurable goods		7.44	7.43	7.67	7.67		279.00	280.11	281.49	285.32	
Retail trade		6.02	6.01	6.08	6.09	6.09	173.98	174.89	175.71	177.83	178.44
Building materials and garden supplies	52	6.74	6.75	6.92	6.93		243.31	245.70	251.20	252.95	
Lumber and other building materials		7.12	7.12	7.25	7.29		271.27	273.41	276.23	277.75	
Hardware stores		5.77	5.76	5.88	5.92		189.26	187.78	192.28	195.95	
General merchandise stores	53	6.27	6.29	6.43	6.45		176.81	179.27	178.11	183.18	
Department stores		6.56	6.58	6.73	6.75		183.68	186.87	185.08	190.35	
Variety stores		4.70	4.71	4.81	4.81		137.24	138.00	136.60	140.45	
Misc. general merchandise stores		4.90	4.89	5.07	5.03		142.59	142.79	148.04	149.89	
Food stores	54	7.15	7.08	6.95	6.96]	210.93	211.69	204.33	210.19	
Grocery stores		7.13	7.26	7.10			217.70	218.53	210.16	216.45	
Retail bakeries		5.45	5.45	5.53			156.96	157.51	149.86	152.07	
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	7.62	7.68	7.67	7.72		277.37	281.09	278.42	281.78	
New and used car dealers		9.26	9.40	9.31	9.39		345.40	350.62	347.26	350.25	
Auto and home supply stores		6.57	6.58	6.58		ļ	257.54	259.91	255.30	259.11	
Gasoline service stations		5.41	5.41	5.45		3	182.86	183.94	183.67	186.32	
Apparel and accessory stores	56	5.36	5.37	5.48	5.54		143.11	142.84	143.03	149.58	
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		6.20	6.27	6.30			180.42	184.34	183.33	199.56	1
Women's ready-to-wear stores		5.10		5.17			130.05	129.03	130.28	135.19	
Family clothing stores		5.26		5.49	1		141.49	143.10	144.39	147.70	
Shoe stores		5.44	1		1		149.06	145.26	146.06	158.75	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	7.25	7.27	7.33	7.44		237.08	236.28	241.16	243.29	
Furniture and home furnishings stores		7.29		7.33			239.11	238.31	244.17	246.13	
Household appliance stores		7.44		7.49	1		249.24	249.72	241.82	241.54	
Radio, television, and music stores		7.44					228.62	228.48	234.68	238.96	
		1	1	I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours			Averag	e overtin	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987
Retail trade—Continued											
Miscellaneous retail	. 59	29.9	30.3	29.8	30.2						
Drug stores and proprietary stores	. 591	28.1	28.3	27.7	27.9				ì		1
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		28.2	28.3	28.1	28.5						1
Nonstore retailers		32.4	32.8	32.9	33.2						
Fuel and ice dealers		37.7	37.9	38.6	37.7						
Retail stores, nec		31.9	33.0	31.2	32.7						1
netali stores, nec	. 599	31.9	33.0	31.2	32.7						
inance, insurance, and real estate ⁵		36.3	36.2	36.3	36.3	36.3					
Banking	60	36.4	36.2	36.0	35.9						
Commercial and stock savings banks	602	36.3	36.2	36.0	35.9						
Credit agencies other than banks	61	36.7	36.6	36.6	36.9						
Savings and loan associations		36.1	35.8	36.0	36.3				1	1	1
Personal credit institutions		36.0	36.1	36.2	36.6						
r ersonal Great Institutions	. 014	30.0	50.1	30.2	30.0					1	
Insurance carriers	63	37.5	37.3	37.6	37.4						
		37.0	36.7	37.0	37.0						
Life insurance								İ			1
Medical service and health insurance		37.9	37.8	38.1	38.2						
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	. 633	37.6	37.5	37.5	37.3						
Services		32.5	32.5	32.4	32.3	32.3					
Hotels and other lodging places:											
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts ⁴	701	30.5	30.5	30.6	30.1		1	ì		1	
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts		30.5	30.5	30.0	30.1						1
Personal services:										1	
	721	34.0	34.3	33.8	34.3			1			
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services								i	1		
Beauty shops ⁴	. /23	29.5	29.9	29.8	29.8			Į.	1		
Business services	73	33.7	33.7	33.4	33.3						
Advertising		36.2	36.1	36.0	36.4				I		
Services to buildings		28.5	28.9	28.6	28.5	ļ					ŀ
									1		
Computer and data processing services	/3/	39.2	38.1	37.2	37.3			ļ	İ		
Auto repair, services, and garages	. 75	37.2	37.5	36.8	36.9		1		1		
Automotive repair shops		38.4	38.7	38.2	38.3		Į.			ļ	1
, totomouro ropas oropo		33.4	00.1	00.2	00.0				1		
Miscellaneous repair services	76	37.8	37.9	37.5	37.8						
Motion pictures	78	26.9	26.7	28.6	27.8		İ				
Motion picture production and services		34.5	35.2	36.4	34.9						
Amusement and recreation services	79	27.8	28.0	28.2	28.2						
Health services	80	32.3	32.2	32.2	32.2						
		30.9	30.7	30.7	30.7					1	ı
Offices of physicians		28.1	28.1	28.1	28.2	1	1	1		1	
Offices of dentists							1			1	
Nursing and personal care facilities		31.1	31.0	31.2	31.2 34.0	1	1			1	
Hospitals	806	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.0		1				1
Legal services	81	34.7	34.6	34.2	34.5						
Miscellaneous services	89	39.6	38.5	39.0	39.2						
Engineering and architectural services		39.8	39.7	39.5	39.3						
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		40.3	37.2	39.2	40.0	1	1	1			1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings		_	Average	weekly	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987°	May 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	May 1987°
Retail trade—Continued											_
Miscellaneous retail	. 59	\$6.11	\$6.10	\$6.31	\$6.31		\$182.69	\$184.83	\$188.04	\$190.56	
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	5.56	5.61	5.84	5.85		156.24	158.76	161.77	163.22	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	5.74	5.74	5.87	5.87		161.87	162.44	164.95	167.30	l
Nonstore retailers	596	6.89	6.89	7.09	7.19		223.24	225.99	233.26	238.71	1
Fuel and ice dealers	. 598	8.64	8.61	9.10	8.98		325.73	326.32	351.26	338.55	
Retail stores, nec	599	6.38	6.28	6.46	6.49		203.52	207.24	201.55	212.22	
inance, insurance, and real estate ⁵		8.31	8.31	8.72	8.67	\$8.65	301.65	300.82	316.54	314.72	\$314.0
Banking	. 60	7.13	7.14	7.50	7.46		259.53	258.47	270.00	267.81	
Commercial and stock savings banks	602	6.95	6.95	7.25	7.20]	252.29	251.59	261.00	258.48	
Credit agencies other than banks	61	7.43	7.51	7.90	7.86		272.68	274.87	289.14	290.03	
Savings and loan associations		6.88	6.92	7.31	7.32		248.37	247.74	263.16	265.72	
Personal credit institutions		7.13	7.15	7.44	7.36		256.68	258.12	269.33	269.38	
Insurance carriers	. 63	8.99	9.01	9.53	9.53		337.13	336.07	358.33	356.42	
Life insurance		8.52	8.53	9.08	9.11		315.24	313.05	335.96	337.07	
Medical service and health insurance		8.98	9.03	9.44	9.33		340.34	341.33	359.66	356.41	
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		9.36	9.42	9.83	9.88		351.94	353.25	368.63	368.52	
Services		8.13	8.10	8.41	8.39	8.38	264.23	263.25	272.48	271.00	270.67
Hotels and other lodging places:								 			
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts4	701	5.96	5.95	6.07	6.08		181.78	181.48	185.74	183.01	
Personal services:											•
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	5.96	5.96	6.08	6.08		202.64	204.43	205.50	208.54	ŀ
Beauty shops ⁴		6.12	6.19	6.19	6.38		180.54	185.08	184.46	190.12	
Business services	73	8.42	8.41	8.61	8.62		283.75	283.42	287.57	287.05	
Advertising	1	11.26	11.26	11.69			407.61	406.49	420.84	421.51	l
Services to buildings		6.44	6.48	6.60			183.54	187.27	188.76	191.24	
Computer and data processing services		11.39	11.52	11.99	1		446.49	438.91	446.03	445.74	ĺ
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	7.52	7.52	7.72	7.76		279.74	282.00	284.10	286.34	
Automotive repair shops		8.11	8.15	8.34			311.42	315.41	318.59	320.57	
Miscellaneous repair services	76	8.82	8.80	8.98	8.96		333.40	333.52	336.75	338.69	
Motion pictures	78	12.07	11.53	12.15	11.92		324.68	307.85	347.49	331.38	
Motion picture production and services		16.67	16.10	16.14			575.12	566.72	587.50	561.89	
Amusement and recreation services	79	7.19	6.91	7.40	7.33		199.88	193.48	208.68	206.71	
Health services	. 80	8.28	8.29	8.57	8.59		267.44	266.94	275.95	276.60	
Offices of physicians	. 801	8.13	8.13	8.31	8.29		251.22	249.59	255.12	254.50	1
Offices of dentists	802	8.27	8.25	8.44			232.39	231.83	237.16	238.57	
Nursing and personal care facilities		5.77	5.78	5.90			179.45	179.18	184.08	184.70	1
Hospitals		9.25	9.27	9.66			315.43	316.11	329.41	330.48	
Legal services	. 81	11.03	11.02	11.92	11.69		382.74	381.29	407.66	403.31	
Miscellaneous services	. 89	11.50	11.68	11.93	11.79		455.40	449.68	465.27	462.17	
Engineering and architectural services	. 891	12.67	12.65	12.98	12.87	1	504.27	502.21	512.71	505.79	
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		9.49	9.76	10.06	9.91	1	382.45	363.07	394.35	396.40	I

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² See table C-2a for average hourly earnings in the aircraft industry (SIC 2721)

<sup>3721).

3</sup> Data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of

Money payments only; tips, not included.
 Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from all series in this division.

⁻ Data not available.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1986 benchmarks and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

A Note on Average Hourly Earnings in Aircraft Manufacturing

For many years, the Bureau of Labor Statistics' average hourly earnings series for production workers in aircraft manufacturing (SIC 3721) has been used to escalate labor costs in contracts between aircraft companies and their customers. Although the Bureau's series by definition takes account of traditional wage rate changes, it does not capture "lump-sum payments to workers in lieu of general wage increases" which were negotiated in aircraft manufacturers' collective bargaining agreements beginning in late 1983.

As a service to aircraft companies and other interested parties, BLS has calculated an average hourly earnings series for SIC 3721 which includes lump-sum payments. This series is presented in table C-2a along with the average hourly earnings series produced as part of the Current Employment Statistics program. The series begins in October 1983, the effective date of the first aircraft bargaining agreement using lump-sum payments.

The general practice in the industry has been to make this payment at the beginning of the contract year "in lieu of a wage increase" and to base the amount of the payment on the workers' earnings during the preceding year. As a result, the Bureau considered three approaches to the method for calculating an average hourly earnings series which includes lump-sum payments:

- The entire payment could be included in the month in which the payment was made.
- 2. The payments could be prorated backward to payroll periods used to determine the amount of the lump-sum payment.
- 3. The payments could be prorated forward as an advance

payment for payroll periods in the year following the payment.

The first approach, attractive because it includes the payment in the month in which it is received by the worker, creates 1-month "spikes" and a series which would not be useful for escalation purposes. The second approach, which prorates the payments backward, places emphasis on the determination of the amount of the payment from workers' earnings in the previous year. This approach generally relates the payments to the workers who receive them. However, the Bureau has received statements from both union and company officials who negotiated the agreements covering a majority of the workers in the industry. These statements make clear that the intent of the bargainers was to make an advance payment for the upcoming contract year in lieu of an increase in wage rates for that following year.

Because BLS has a longstanding policy of leaving the interpretation of collective bargaining agreements to the parties involved, the Bureau calculated the inclusion of lump-sum payments using the third method, prorating the payments forward through the years covered by the contract. Because the payments prorated forward under this approach may include payments to workers no longer on the payroll, data provided by the aircraft companies have been used to adjust for this difference.

Lump-sum payments are but one of several recent changes in the way that employees are compensated. The changes are widespread and they differ by industry. Because of these developments, the Bureau plans to conduct a broad-based review of all concepts and definitions used in its earnings and wage programs to determine the proper treatment of lump-sum payments and other new compensation practices.

C-2a. Average hourly earnings in aircraft manufacturing (SIC 3721)

Year	Annual average	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
				Ave	rage hour	ly earning	s, excludi	ng lump-s	um payme	ents			
1983 1984 1985 1986 1987		\$12.82 13.01 13.38 13.61	\$12.88 13.12 13.44 13.61	\$12.85 13.11 13.46 13.66	\$12.81 13.04 13.45 13.62	\$12.78 13.06 13.38	\$12.87 13.11 13.42	\$12.89 13.05 13.41	\$12.87 13.16 13.44	\$12.97 13.26 13.48	\$12.76 13.04 13.35 13.52	\$12.83 13.05 13.37 13.67	\$12.93 13.13 13.48 13.65
				Ave	rage hour	ly earning	s, includir	ng lump-si	ım payme	ents			
1983	\$13.11 13.40 13.80		\$13.02 13.36 13.64 14.25	\$13.02 13.33 13.66 14.29	\$12.98 13.26 13.68 P 14.36	\$12.97 13.27 13.60	\$13.06 13.33 13.64	\$13.11 13.29 13.61	\$13.09 13.39 13.63	\$13.19 13.48 13.67	\$12.83 13.26 13.54 14.19	\$12.92 13.28 13.57 14.31	\$13.03 13.37 13.68 14.26

p = preliminary.

C-3. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime, of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

Industry	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987º	May 1987 ^p
Manufacturing	\$9.34	\$9.34	\$9.44	\$9.48	\$9.45
Durable goods	9.87	9.88	9.95	9.98	9.95
Lumber and wood products	7.98	8.00	7.92	7.99	(²)
Furniture and fixtures	7.14	7.18	7.34	7.36	(²)
Stone, clay, and glass products	9.44	9.48	9.59	9.68	(²)
Primary metal industries	11.42	11.45	11.21	11.39	(2)
Fabricated metal products	9.49	9.50	9.56	9.60	(2)
Machinery, except electrical	10.18	10.18	10.25	10.28	(*)
Electrical and electronic equipment	9.30	9.33	9.51	9.54	(2)
Transportation equipment	12.17	12.15	12.23	12.20	(²)
Instruments and related products	9.12	9.13	9.34	9.37	(²)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	7.27	7.32	7.44	7.47	(²)
Nondurable goods	8.56	8.57	8.72	8.79	\$8.75
Food and kindred products	8.40	8.38	8.56	8.57	(²)
Tobacco manufactures	12.81	13.16	13.45	13.97	(²)
Textile mill products	6.57	6.56	6.76	6.81	(2)
Apparel and other textile products	5.72	5.70	5.79	5.83	(²)
Paper and allied products	10.52	10.58	10.68	10.77	(²)
Printing and publishing	9.55	9.61	9.79	9.80	(²)
Chemicals and allied products	11.35	11.41	11.70	11.75	(²)
Petroleum and coal products	13.46	13.38	13.71	13.72	(*)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	8.29	8.34	8.41	8.46	(²)
Leather and leather products	5.82	5.81	5.92	6.00	(²)

¹ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

Not available.

p = preliminary.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1986 benchmarks and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-4. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers'on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1977) dollars.

		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Мау 1987 ^р	Apr. 1986	May 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Мау 1987 ^р
Total private:										
Current dollars	\$8.73	\$8.73	\$8.92	\$8.90	\$8.92	\$302.93	\$302.93	\$308.63	\$307.94	\$310.42
Constant (1977) dollars	4.95	4.93	4.90	4.86	(2)	171.63	171.05	169.48	168.18	(²)
Mining:										
Current dollars	12.42	12.42	12.51	12.41	\$12.39	521.64	519.16	522.92	517.50	\$522.86
Constant (1977) dollars	7.04	7.01	6.87	6.78	(2)	295.55	293.15	287.16	282.63	(²)
Construction:										
Current dollars	12.32	12.37	12.59	12.55	\$12.61	462.00	468.82	470.87	469.37	\$488.0°
Constant (1977) dollars	6.98	6.98	6.91	6.85	(2)	261.76	264.72	258.58	256.35	(2)
Manufacturing:										
Current dollars	9.71	9.72	9.85	9.87	\$9.86	393.26	394.63	402.87	398.75	\$403.2
Constant (1977) dollars	5.50	5.49	5.41	5.39	(2)	222.81	222.83	221.24	217.78	(²)
Transportation and public utilities:										
Current dollars	11.61	11.58	11.90	11.90	\$11.91	452.79	451.62	462.91	461.72	\$464.49
Constant (1977) dollars	6.58	6.54	6.53	6.50	(²)	256.54	255.01	254.21	252.17	(2)
Wholesale trade:								:		
Current dollars	9.30	9.30	9.53	9.53	\$9.57	356.19	357.12	361.19	363.09	\$365.5
Constant (1977) dollars	5.27	5.25	5.23	5.20	(²)	201.81	201.65	198.35	198.30	(2)
Retail trade:					ļ					
Current dollars	6.02	6.01	6.08	6.09	\$6.09	173.98	174.89	175.71	177.83	\$178.4
Constant (1977) dollars	3.41	3.39	3.34	3.33	(²)	98.57	98.75	96.49	97.12	(2)
Finance, insurance, and real estate:										
Current dollars	8.31	8.31	8.72	8.67	\$8.65	301.65	300.82	316.54	314.72	\$314.00
Constant (1977) dollars	4.71	4.69	4.79	4.74	(2)	170.91	169.86	173.83	171.88	(2)
Services:										
Current dollars	8.13	8.10	8.41	8.39	\$8.38	264.23	263.25	272.48	271.00	\$270.6
Constant (1977) dollars	4.61	4.57	4.62	4.58	(2)	149.71	148.64	149.63	148.01	(2)

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² Not available.

^p = preliminary.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1986 benchmarks and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

C-5. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

				19	86		· · · · · ·				1987		
Industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. ^p	May⁵
Total private	34.8	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.8	34.6	34.7	34.9	34.8	34.7	34.8
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Construction	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Manufacturing	40.7	40.6	40.6	40.8	40.8	40.7	40.8	40.8	40.9	41.1	40.9	40.6	41.0
Overtime hours	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.8
Durable goods	41.3	41.3	41.2	41.4	41.4	41.3	41.4	41.4	41.6	41.7	41.5	41.2	41.5
Overtime hours	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.9
Lumber and wood products	40.4	40.1	40.4	40.2	40.3	40.4	40.8	40.6	40.8	41.3	40.9	40.6	41.3
Furniture and fixtures	39.6	39.7	39.7	39.9	40.0	39.9	39.8	39.9	40.2	40.2	40.0	39.1	39.6
Stone, clay, and glass products	42.1	42.1	42.1	42.3	42.4	42.3	41.9	42.2	42.5	42.8	42.5	41.8	42.2
Primary metal industries	41.7	41.7	41.4	42.0	42.1	42.3	42.4	42.5	42.6	42.6	42.6	42.4	43.0
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	41.6	41.4	41.5	41.7	.41.9	42.4	42.5	42.6	42.7	42.3	42.3	42.8	43.4
Fabricated metal products	41.1	41.1	41.1	41.3	41.5	41.3	41.4	41.2	41.6	41.6	41.5	41.2	41.6
Machinery, except electrical	41.7	41.7	41.3	41.6	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	42.0	42.2	42.0	41.7	42.4
Electrical and electronic equipment	41.0	40.9	41.1	41.1	41.2	41.0	41.0	41.0	41.0	41.1	40.9	40.5	40.5
Transportation equipment	42.1	42.3	42.2	42.4	42.4	42.1	42.2	42.1	42.3	42.5	42.3	41.9	42.1
Motor vehicles and equipment	41.9	42.4	42.5	42.5	42.7	42.1	42.4	42.4	42.9	43.0	42.9	42.1	42.2
Instruments and related products	40.9	40.9	40.7	40.9	40.7	40.9	41.1	41.1	41.2	41.3	41.3	41.1	41.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	(*)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(°)	(2)	(²)	(*)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Nondurable goods	39.9	39.8	39.8	40.0	39.9	39.9	40.0	40.0	40.1	40.3	40.1	39.8	40.2
Overtime hours	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.7
Food and kindred products	40.1	39.9	39.9	40.2	39.8	39.8	40.0	39.8	40.0	40.1	40.0	39.8	40.0
Tobacco manufactures	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(2)	(2)	(²)	(²)	(2)
Textile mill products	41.0	40.8	41.0	41.2	41.4	41.4	41.4	41.6	41.6	42.0	42.1	41.4	41.7
Apparel and other textile products	36.6	36.6	36.6	36.6	36.8	36.8	36.9	37.0	37.0	37.4	37.0	36.2	37.0
Paper and allied products	43.2	43.1	43.2	43.4	42.9	43.1	43.2	43.2	43.4	43.3	43.0	43.1	43.6
Printing and publishing	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	37.9	38.1	37.9	37.8	38.1
Chemicals and allied products	41.9	41.8	41.8	42.0	41.8	42.0	42.3	42.1	42.2	42.2	42.0	42.2	42.0
Petroleum and coal products	43.7	44.1	43.7	44.2	43.5	43.7	43.8	43.6	44.6	44.0	44.1	43.7	44.5
Rubber and misc. plastics products	(²)	(²)	(*)	(²)	(²)	()	(2)	(²)	(3)	(²)	(2)	(1)	(*)
Leather and leather products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(1)	(²)	(*)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(2)	(²)
Transportation and public utilities	39.2	39.1	39.2	39.1	39.1	39.1	39.2	38.9	39.0	39.2	39.0	39.0	39.2
Wholesale trade	38.4	38.4	38.3	38.4	38.2	38.3	38.3	38.2	38.3	38.3	38.1	38.2	38.2
Retail trade	29.2	29.1	29.2	29.2	29.1	29.1	29.2	28.9	29.0	29.3	29.3	29.5	29.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(²)	(²)	(1)	(²)	(1)	(²)	(1)	(²)	(2)	(ጎ	(²)	(²)	(²)
Services	32.6	32.5	32.5	32.4	32.4	32.4	32.5	32.4	32.4	32.6	32.5	32.4	32.4

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and ronsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

² These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. = preliminary.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1986 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers 1 on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

4.4		-		19	86				·		1987		
Industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr. ^p	May
Total private	117.2	116.8	117.3	117.6	117.6	117.7	118.2	117.9	118.7	119.7	119.6	119.6	120.1
Goods-producing	97.9	97.2	97.2	97.8	97.8	97.6	97.8	97.8	98.8	99.3	98.9	98.0	99.2
Mining	85.7	83.4	83.6	82.6	80.7	81.0	79.5	79.5	78.9	79.9	80.0	81.1	82.5
Construction	131.0	129.5	130.5	132.0	132.3	131.6	131.1	130.7	136.2	136.2	135.5	132.7	134.9
Manufacturing	92.0	91.6	91.4	91.9	91.9	91.8	92.2	92.3	92.5	93.1	92.8	92.1	93.0
Durable goods Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic equipment Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products	90.3 97.7 105.5 86.7 63.4 50.8 88.9 87.9 101.1 96.5 86.0 102.9 80.2 94.6 97.9 77.6 77.8 84.6 99.4 127.2 92.2	89.7 97.2 105.7 86.5 61.6 50.8 87.0 98.8 97.2 87.1 102.4 80.2 94.5 97.8 77.6 77.6 84.4 127.5 92.3	89.3 97.1 105.7 86.1 60.8 50.7 87.7 85.6 101.2 96.0 85.3 101.3 79.7 94.6 97.7 78.6 78.2 84.6 99.2 128.0 92.5	89.9 97.9 106.5 86.3 60.6 47.9 88.4 86.0 101.3 97.5 86.8 102.1 79.7 95.0 98.3 72.8 78.8 84.6 99.2 128.1 93.1	89.8 98.7 107.1 86.7 60.4 46.6 88.9 85.0 101.3 97.5 87.1 101.9 79.3 95.0 97.6 76.5 79.2 85.9 128.4 92.5	89.5 99.2 106.8 86.1 60.7 47.7 88.3 84.4 100.8 96.8 84.9 101.8 79.0 95.3 97.6 76.9 79.6 85.1 128.9 92.8	89.8 100.9 106.3 85.5 60.9 47.1 88.5 84.1 101.1 97.9 87.0 102.1 80.2 95.8 98.7 76.7 80.1 85.2 100.1 129.1	89.8 101.0 106.5 86.5 61.1 46.9 88.3 83.8 101.5 97.2 86.3 102.1 81.0 96.0 98.5 75.9 80.8 86.3 100.5 129.4 92.7	90.0 101.5 107.9 87.3 60.4 46.1 89.1 84.2 100.8 97.5 87.5 101.8 81.0 96.3 98.8 76.3 81.2 85.8 100.6 129.5 93.2	90.6 103.3 107.9 88.3 61.2 46.8 89.1 100.8 98.9 89.0 102.0 81.1 96.7 99.3 76.0 82.3 86.1 100.6 130.2	90.2 102.5 107.9 87.5 61.9 47.7 88.9 98.2 88.0 101.7 81.1 96.5 99.4 77.7 82.9 85.3 99.7 129.4 93.1	89.5 102.0 106.0 86.1 62.3 50.3 88.4 84.6 98.8 96.2 84.7 101.3 79.9 95.9 99.4 76.3 81.4 83.9 99.7 129.2	90.4 104.3 108.4 86.9 62.6 50.3 89.2 86.6 98.9 96.5 84.4 102.0 97.0 99.6 77.3 82.3 85.7 100.7 130.8 93.6 84.9
Petroleum and coal products	83.4 109.8 56.9	83.3 109.8 56.1	82.6 108.9 55.5	83.5 110.7 55.8	81.4 111.6 55.2	81.8 112.0 55.4	82.0 112.4 55.5	81.6 112.7 56.7	84.3 112.9 57.4	83.1 113.5 57.8	83.3 113.5 57.8	83.4 112.8 56.8	114.5 58.1
Service-producing	127.9	127.6	128.4	128.6	128.5	128.8	129.6	129.0	129.8	131.0	131.0	131.5	131.7
Transportation and public utilities	106.2	103.5	105.8	104.8	106.1	106.1	107.0	106.5	107.0	107.8	107.7	107.9	108.4
Wholesale trade	117.7	116.9	117.1	117.5	116.8	116.9	116.8	116.4	117.1	117.4	116.9	117.4	117.5
Retail trade	117.8	117.6	118.3	118.6	118.4	118.6	119.2	118.0	118.9	120.4	120.3	, 121.6	121.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate	135.6	137.1	137.3	138.6	137.8	139.0	140.3	139.8	140.4	141.0	141.5	142.0	142.6
Services	145.5	145.8	146.5	146.5	146.7	146.9	147.9	147.8	148.6	150.1	150.2	150.3	150.7

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

p = preliminary.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1986 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional information.

C-7. The Hourly Earnings Index and average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers ¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls, seasonally adjusted

la di satur.				19	86						1987		
Industry	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.º	May⁵
					Hou	rly Earnir	ngs Index	²(1977 =	100)				_
Total private (in current dollars)	168.9	169.2	169.1	169.5	169.8	170.2	171.2	171.1	171.2	171.8	172.2	172.5	172.6
Mining	(3)	(³)	(³)	(2)	(³)	(3)	(³)	(*)	(3)	(³)	(*)	(³)	(³)
Construction	151.6	151.9	151.5	152.0	151.9	153.2	154.7	154.3	152.8	152.4	153.8	153.7	154.2
Manufacturing	172.3	172.2	172.4	172.7	172.7	173.0	173.2	173.4	173.4	173.7	174.3	175.1	174.2
Transportation and public utilities	170.5	171.3	171.0	171.2	171.7	171.9	172.9	173.5	173.6	174.3	174.6	174.7	175.7
Wholesale trade	(3)	(³)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(³)	(2)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(3)
Retail trade		158.0	158.1	158.6	159.0	159.3	159.3	159.3	158.9	158.9	159.0	159.7	160.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(³)	(³)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(³)	(°)	(2)	(°)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Services	173.6	174.1	174.0	174.6	174.7	175.7	177.1	176.6	177.5	178.4	179.0	179.3	179.7
Total private (in constant dollars)4	95.3	95.2	95.1	95.2	95.0	95.1	95.5	95.3	94.7	94.6	94.4	94.2	(⁵)
			L			Average	e hourly e	earnings					1
Total private	\$8.74	\$8.75	\$8.74	\$8.77	\$8.78	\$8.82	\$8.86	\$8.84	\$8.86	\$8.88	\$8.91	\$8.91	\$8.95
Mining	(°)	(°)	(³)	(3)	(³)	(3)	(3)	(°)	(³)	(³)	(°)	(³)	(³)
Construction	\$12.42	\$12.46	\$12.44	\$12.48	\$12.48	\$12.57	\$12.70	\$12.65	\$12.51	\$12.48	\$12.62	\$12.61	\$12.66
Manufacturing		9.72	9.74	9.75	9.75	9.77	9.78	9.79	9.79	9.81	9.83	9.86	9.87
Transportation and public utilities		11.69	11.70	11.71	11.73	11.77	11.82	11.83	11.86	11.89	11.92	11.92	12.01
Wholesale trade		9.34	9.32	9.37	9.35	9.40	9.48	9.42	9.47	9.50	9.53	9.52	9.59
Retail trade		6.02	6.02	6.03	6.05	6.06	6.07	6.09	6.05	6.04	6.05	6.08	6.09
Finance, insurance, and real estate	8.32	8.37	8.35	8.41	8.39	8.43	8.59	8.46	8.59	8.66	8.67	8.65	8.67
Services	8.13	8.15	8.14	8.17	8.18	8.22	8.29	8.25	8.30	8.35	8.38	8.38	8.41
				I		Average	weekly	earnings				!	1
Total private:				1							1		
In current dollars	304.15										310.07	309.18	
In constant (1977) dollars	171.74	170.77	170.57	170.97	170.59	171.07	171.96	170.40	170.04	170.75	170.09	168.77	(⁵)

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: Data in this table have been revised to reflect March 1986 benchmarks and updated seasonal adjustment factors and may differ slightly from data previously published. See the article in this issue for additional intermediate.

² Excludes the effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to underlying wage rate movements: Fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts.
³ These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the

seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

⁵ Not available.

P = preliminary.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	rnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Alabama	40.6	40.7	40.6	\$8.67	\$8.73	\$8.73	\$352.00	\$355.31	\$354.44
Birmingham	41.1	40.8	40.1	8.83	8.81	8.98	362.91	359.45	360.10
Mobile	40.3	41.5	42.0	10.44	10.12	9.89	420.73	419.98	415.38
Alaska	41.0	42.8	44.9	12.29	11.34	12.00	503.89	485.35	538.80
Arizona	41.0	40.3	39.9	9.77	9.93	10.13	400.57	400.18	404.19
Arkansas	40.2	40.7	40.2	7.67	7.87	7.95	308.33	320.31	319.59
Fayetteville-Springdale	40.5	40.4	40.0	6.76	7.18	7.20	273.78	290.07	288.00
Fort Smith	40.5	40.6	40.0	8.09	8.19	8.45	327.65	332.51	338.00
Little Rock-North Little Rock	39.8	40.5	40.4	8.34	8.34	8.39	331.93	337.77	338.96
Pine Bluff	42.6	41.7	42.4	9.63	10.49	10.58	410.24	437.43	448.59
California	40.2	40.4	39.4	10.26	10.70	10.76	412.45	432.28	423.94
Colorado	39.6	40.8	39.9	9.83	9.98	10.02	389.27	407.18	399.80
Colorado Denver	39.6	40.6 40.6	39.9	10.68	10.82	10.02	426.13	439.29	432.12
İ	41.0	42.0	140	0.00			!	ŀ	ŀ
Connecticut	41.9 41.9	42.0	41.6	9.96	10.29	10.28	417.32	432.18	427.65
Bridgeport-Milford		41.9	41.9	10.30	10.87	10.77	431.57 430.50	455.45 452.20	451.2° 438.66
Hartford	42.0	42.5	41.5	10.25	10.64	10.57			
New Britain	41.5 40.9	43.2	42.9 40.3	10.24	10.67	10.59	424.96	460.94	454.31
New Haven-Meriden		40.9		9.49	9.88	10.05	388.14	404.09	405.02
Stamford	40.2 41.3	40.3 43.2	40.2 41.1	10.55 8.42	11.17 9.02	11.31 8.87	424.11 347.75	450.15 389.66	454.66 364.56
,						!		ĺ	
Delaware Wilmington	40.3 39.8	42.3 43.6	40.2 41.0	10.00 11.65	10.81 12.70	10.39 12.21	403.00 463.67	457,26 553.72	417.68 500.61
District of Columbia: Washington MSA	38.8	39.2	39.4	10.15	9.62	9.50	393.82	377.10	374.30
Florida	40.5	40.5	40.1	7.96	8.08	8.09	322.38	327.24	324.41
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	41.0	42.6	42.1	7,71	7.96	7.93	316.11	339.10	333.85
Jacksonville	41.4	41.7	40.3	8.36	8.96	8.93	346,10	373.63	359.88
Lakeland-Winter Haven	38.3	41.0	41.9	7.46	7.81	7.84	285.72	320.21	328.50
Miami-Hialeah	39.6	38.9	37.7	6.93	7.01	7.14	274.43	272.69	269.18
Orlando	41.0	40.8	40.2	8.31	8.38	8.56	340.71	341.90	344.11
Pensacola	41.9	41.5	42.1	9.62	10.13	10.09	403.08	420.40	424.79
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	40.2	40.6	40.2	7.55	7.58	7.63	303.51	307.75	306.73
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	40.6	43.0	40.5	8.46	9.04	9.15	343.48	388.72	370.58
Georgia	40.7	41.0	40.2	8.47	8.39	8.41	344,73	343.99	338.08
Atlanta	40.5	40.9	40.5	10.16	10.02	9.99	411.48	409.82	404.60
Savannah	44.6	43.7	43.9	10.58	10.70	10.77	471.87	467.59	472.80
Hawaii	38.4	39.3	39.6	8.74	9.18	9.15	335.62	360.77	362.34
Honolulu	38.4	39.5	39.5	8.86	9.38	9.31	340.22	370.51	367.75
ldaho	38.4	37.8	37.8	9.30	9.56	9.43	357.12	361.37	356.45
Illinois	40.6	41.5	41.3	10.63	10.87	10.86	431.58	451.11	448.52
Aurora-Elgin	39.0	41.8	41.6	9.88	10.33	10.23	385.32	431.79	425.57
Bloomington-Normal	42.7	39.3	38.4	11.14	10.55	10.63	475.68	414.62	408.19
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	39.3	39.8	39.8	9.08	9.19	9.01	356.84	365.76	358.60
Chicago	41.6	41.9	41.2	10.43	10.60	10.52	433.89	444.14	433.42
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	39.6	40.7	39.8	12.50	12.91	12.97	495.00	525.44	516.21
Decatur	41.9	41.3	40.4	13.74	13.92	13.72	575.71	574.90	554.29
Joliet	40.7	40.8	40.3	11.43	11.56	11.45	465.20	471.65	461.44
Kankakee	38.6	39.3	37.7	10.19	9.94	9.72	393.33	390.64	366.44
Turkano		39.4	39.4	10.33	10.65	10.77	422.50	419.61	424.34
Lake County	40.9	39.4	00.4	10.00					
	40.9 45.0	42.3	42.6	12.98	12.89	12.94	584.10	545.25	
Lake County									551.24 443.30

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	age weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	rnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Indiana	41.2	41.7	41.2	\$10.86	\$11.03	\$11.00	\$447.43	\$459.95	\$453.20
lowa	40.2	40.9	40.4	10.48	10.50	10.60	421.30	429.45	428.24
Cedar Rapids	38.7	40.3	39.8	11.28	11.43	11.62	436.54	460.63	462.48
Des Moines	40.5	41.5	43.9	11.70	11.70	11.92	473.85	485.55	523.29
Dubuque	40.5	41.6	41.7	11.79	12.65	12.64	477.50	526.24	527.09
Sioux City	39.6	39.4	38.9	8.38	9.17	8.98	331.85	361.30	349.32
•	40.	44.0	40.5	0.60	10.10	0.00	004.00	446.40	400.00
Kansas Topeka	40.1 40.1	41.2 42.3	40.5 43.4	9.60	10.10 10.82	9.96 10.73	384.96 439.10	416.12 457.69	403.38 465.68
Wichita	38.4	39.0	39.3	9.96	10.96	10.88	382.46	427.44	427.58
Kentucky	38.7	40.0	39.3	9.76	9.94	10.03	377.71	397.60	394.18
Lexington-Fayette	37.5	37.9	36.1	10.28	10.58	10.89	385.50	400.98	393.13
Louisville	40.3	41.1	40.8	10.79	11.21	11.14	434.84	460.73	454.51
Louisiana	41.0	42.2	41.5	10.60	10.84	10.83	434.60	457.45	449.45
Baton Rouge	41.6	41.6	42.6	12.27	12.44	12.38	510.43	517.50	527.39
New Orleans	39.6	41.6	40.8	10.75	10.67	10.67	425.70	443.87	435.34
Shreveport	40.7	39.4	38.1	11.16	11.49	11.10	454.21	452.71	422.91
Maine	40.2	41.7	41.3	8.53	8.71	8.75	342.91	363.21	361.38
Lewiston-Auburn	37.9	40.1	40.4	7.21	7.27	7.35	273.26	291.53	296.94
Portland	39.2	39.9	40.4	9.15	9.19	9.18	358.68	366.68	367.20
									007.20
Maryland Baltimore MSA	40.2 41.0	40.7 41.8	40.3 40.9	10.00 10.51	10.12 10.80	10.12 10.86	402.00 430.91	411.88	407.84
Baldiffore MSA	41.0	41.0	40.9	10.51	10.60	10.00	430.91	451.44	444.17
Massachusetts	41.2	40.9	40.2	9.18	9.58	9.76	378.22	391.82	392.35
Boston	40.5	40.6	40.4	10.08	10.48	10.54	408.24	425.49	425.82
Springfield	42.4	42.3	41.6	8.97	9.11	9.12	380.33	385.35	379.39
Worcester	40.4	40.9	40.5	9.36	9.71	9.55	378.14	397.14	386.78
Michigan	42.4	42.8	42.1	12.83	12.95	12.99	543.99	554.26	546.88
Ann Arbor	43.7	45.2	45.7	13.81	14.12	14.23	603.50	638.22	650.31
Battle Creek	41.4	44.0	42.1	13.41	13.61	13.58	555.17	598.84	571.72
Detroit	43.6	44.2	43.4	13.82	13.80	13.86	602.55	609.96	601.52
Flint	42.9	44.4	43.3	14.54	14.92	14.94	623.77	662.45	646.90
Grand Rapids	40.2	40.2	39.0	10.51	11.11	11.11	422.50	446.62	433.29
Jackson	41.9	41.9	41.2	10.39	10.20	10.28	435.34	427.38	423.54
Kalamazoo	43.1	43.2	42.5	11.92	12.08	12.10	513.75	521.86	514.25
Lansing-East Lansing	41.6	43.1	43.1	14.33	14.23	14.21	596.13	613.31	612.45
MuskegonSaginaw-Bay City-Midland	41.0 43.5	40.8 43.1	40.6 42.1	11.46 13.97	11.54 14.45	11.74 14.38	469.86 607.69	470.83 622.79	476.64 605.40
Saginaw-Day City-Ividiand	43.5	40.1	42.1	13.97	14.45	14.50	007.09	022.79	005.40
Minnesota	40.4	40.6	39.8	10.20	10.46	10.42	412.08	424.68	414.72
Duluth	38.3	38.0	37.6	10.81	10.82	10.77	414.02	411.16	404.95
Minneapolis-St. Paul	40.7 39.3	40.8 39.4	40.3 38.3	10.95 9.35	11.18 9.06	11.07 9.20	445.67 367.46	456.14 356.96	446.12 352.36
Mississippi	40.2 40.2	39.9 39.6	39.4 39.5	7.44 8.22	7.59 8.57	7.56 8.46	299.09 330.44	302.84 339.37	297.86 334.17
Missouri	40.3	39.9	39.6	9.87	9.83	9.78	397.76	392.22	387.29
Kansas City	40.1	40.2	40.0	11.14	11.47	11.16	446.71	461.09	446.40
St. Joseph	38.4	37.9	37.6	9.11	9.48	9.44	349.82	359.29	354.94
St. Louis	40.9 40.7	41.1 39.7	40.5 38.9	11.29 8.99	11.44 8.75	11.39 8.52	461.76 365.89	470.18 347.38	461.30 331.43
Montana	40.1	37.4	38.6	10.86	10.72	10.83	435.49	400.93	418.04
Nebraska	40.2	40.1	39.9	9.25	9.30	9.25	271 05	372.93	369.08
Lincoln	40.2 40.1	40.1	39.9	9.25	9.30	9.25	371.85 387.37	372.93	384.24
Omaha	40.2	39.9	39.7	9.76	9.88	9.89	392.35	394.21	392.63
Nevada	39.7	40.9	40.7	9.27	9.59	9.77	368.02	392.23	207.64
Las Vegas	39.7 38.9	40.9 40.7	40.7 41.5	11.32	11.60	9.77 12.45	440.35	472.12	397.64 516.68
3	00.0		70	2	, ,	12.73	440.00	7,2.12	310.00

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Aver	age weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	arnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987
New Hampshire	40.5	41.3	40.7	\$8.75	\$9.14	\$9.21	\$354.38	\$377.48	\$374.8
Nashua	40.5	42.9	42.0	10.50	11.30	11.32	425.25	484.77	475.4
New Jersey	41.1	41.4	41.0	10.05	10.34	10.36	413.06	428.08	424.7
New Mexico	39.8	40.2	40.3	8.67	8.56	8.69	345.07	344.11	350.2
Albuquerque	40.0	40.5	40.3	8.67	9.02	9.15	346.80	365.31	368.7
New York	39.8	40.0	39.4	9.88	10.03	10.09	393.22	401.20	397.5
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		40.0	39.5	10.13	10.46	10.50	415.33	418.40	414.7
Binghamton		40.1	39.5	9.01	9.14	9.11	361.30	366.51	359.8
Buffalo		41.7	41.5	12.24	12.07	12.07	515.30	503.32	500.9
Elmira		41.0	40.9	9.48	9.70	9.70	393.42	397.70	396.7
Glens Falls		(1)	(¹)	9.76	(¹)	(¹)	387.47	(1)	(1)
Nassau-Suffolk		40.9	39.6	9.99	10.37	10.51	401.60	424.13	416.
				9.06	9.36	9.45			
New York PMSA		37.9	37.3				339.75	354.74	352.4
New York City		37.6	36.9	8.89	9.21	9.31	330.71	346.30	343.
Niagara Falls		41.6	40.7	12.27	12.86	12.71	510.43	534.98	517.
Orange County		39.4	39.1	7.80	7.89	7.87	295.62	310.87	307.
Poughkeepsie		42.5	41.5	8.87	9.14	9.32	375.20	388.45	386.
Rochester		41.7	41.0	12.02	11.91	12.03	495.22	496.65	493.
Rockland County		40.8	40.2	9.37	9.99	10.00	394.48	407.59	402.
Syracuse		41.5	40.7	11.12	11.21	11.08	453.70	465.22	450.
Utica-Rome	41.3	42.0	41.7	9.29	9.68	9.56	383.68	406.56	398.
Westchester County	38.5	39.1	39.4	10.35	10.41	10.39	398.48	407.03	409.3
North Carolina	40.3	41.4	40.6	7.48	7.76	7.73	301.44	321.26	313.8
Asheville	40.3	41.0	41.7	7.61	7.79	7.79	306.68	319.39	324.
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		42.3	41.6	7.65	8.00	7.98	314.42	338.40	331.9
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		41.3	40.2	8.22	8.57	8.59	326.33	353.94	345.3
Raleigh-Durham	41.4	42.3	41.7	8.51	8.81	8.75	352.31	372.66	364.8
North Dakota	36.7	38.9	38.2	8.22	8.44	8.41	301.67	328.32	321.2
Fargo-Moorhead		37.0	36.7	8.39	8.29	8.35	302.88	306.73	306.4
Ohio	41.8	42.5	42.1	11.52	11.73	11.72	481.54	498.53	493.4
Akron		42.8	42.8	11.09	11.30	11.30	476.87	483.64	483.
Canton		42.0	41.7	11.10	11.36	11.38	442.89	477.12	474.5
Cincinnati		42.5	41.9	10.67	10.88	10.98	441.74	462.40	460.0
		42.9	42.8	11.45	11.61	11.63		498.07	
Cleveland							479.76		497.
Columbus		41.7	41.1	11.17	11.45	11.40	462.44	477.47	468.
Dayton-Springfield		41.7	41.2	12.02	11.85	11.78	510.85	494.15	485.
Toledo Youngstown-Warren		42.8 43.3	42.4 43.2	12.35 13.21	12.70 13.39	12.67 13.33	516.23 542.93	543.56 579.79	537.3 575.4
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Oklahoma		41.1	40.7	9.91	9.94	10,04	407.30	408.53	408.0
Oklahoma City		40.5	39.8	10.88	11.03	11.02	428.67	446.72	438.0
Tulsa	39.4	40.6	40.3	10.48	10.52	9.70	412.91	427.11	390.
Oregon		38.9	39.4	10.65	10.54	10.54	419.61	410.01	415.
Eugene-Springfield	41.0	40.3	40.8	10.97	10.52	10.63	449.77	423.96	433.
Portland	39.4	38.9	38.8	10.81	10.88	10.76	425.91	423.23	417.
	37.7	37.7	38.7	9.61	9.47	9.55	362.30	357.02	369.

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Aver	age weekly	hours	Averag	je hourly ea	arnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p
Pennsylvania	39.9	40.6	40.0	\$9.71	\$9.86	\$9.92	\$387.43	\$400.32	\$396.80
Allentown-Bethlehem	38.7	38.9	38.7	10.13	10.15	10.32	392.03	394.84	399.38
Altoona	38.0	38.5	39.1	8.32	8.90	8.85	316.16	342.65	346.04
Beaver County	41.0	41.4	41.6	11.62	11.09	11.00	476.42	459.13	457.60
Erie	41.5	41.6	40.7	10.21	10.25	10.22	423.72	426.40	415.95
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	39.3	39.4	39.0	9.25	9.36	9.38	363.53	368.78	365.82
Johnstown	37.7	38.7	38.4	8.33	8.32	8.38	314.04	321.98	321.79
Lancaster	40.2	40.1	39.9	9.45	9.61	9.75	379.89	385.36	389.03
Philadelphia PMSA	40.1	41.0	40.3	10.43	10.65	10.70	418.24	436.65	431.21
Pittsburgh	40.9	40.3	40.2	11.13	10.97	10.99	455.22	442.09	441.80
Reading	39.7	40.8	39.7	9.86	9.95	10.03	391.44	405.96	398.19
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	38.0	38.9	38.5	8.46	8.61	8.65	321.48	334.93	333.03
Sharon	39.5	40.5	41.3	11.37	11.28	11.23	449.12	456.84	463.80
State College	38.9	40.0	39.4	8.10	8.27	8.19	315.09	330.80	322.69
Williamsport	39.6	40.4	40.7	8.66	8.55	8.59	342.94	345.42	349.61
York	41.5	42.2	41.6	9.20	9.27	9.26	381.80	391.19	385.22
Rhode Island	40.6	40.8	40.7	7.87	8.17	8.18	319.52	333.34	332.93
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	40.5	40.9	40.5	7.35	7.64	7.65	297.68	312.48	309.83
Providence	40.1	40.3	40.3	7.86	8.11	8.12	315.19	326.83	327.24
South Carolina	40.5	41.6	41.4	7.85	8.06	8.06	317.92	335.30	333.68
Charleston	41.6	41.9	41.9	9.11	9.09	9.02	378.98	380.87	377.94
Columbia	40.0	41.0	40.6	7.66	7.86	7.86	306.40	322.26	319.12
Greenville-Spartanburg	40.6	41.9	41.5	7.68	7.98	7.99	311.81	334.36	331.58
South Dakota	42.1	42.3	41.3	7.68	8.00	8.04	323.33	338.40	332.05
Sioux Falls	47.3	45.6	45.4	7.89	8.26	8.28	373.20	376.66	375.91
Tennessee	41.0	41.1	40.4	8.47	8.78	8.89	347.27	360.86	359.16
Chattanooga	41.3	41.7	39.9	7.50	7.94	7.94	309.75	331.10	316.81
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	43.4	43.8	41.8	9.05	9.04	9.02	392.77	395.95	377.04
Knoxville	38.0	39.0	37.6	8.93	8.92	9.01	339.34	347.88	338.78
Memphis	44.1	41.5	41.1	8.67	8.88	8.96	382.35	368.52	368.26
Nashville	39.1	40.8	40.0	9.32	10.11	10.11	364.41	412.49	404.40
Texas	41.3	41.2	41.1	9.59	9.84	9.89	396.07	405.41	406.48
Dallas	42.0	42.0	41.6	9.37	9.58	9.65	393.54	402.36	401.44
Ft. Worth-Arlington	41.5	41.0	40.7	9.53	9.90	9.81	395.50	405.90	399.27
Houston	42.0	43.2	43.1	11.11	11.19	11.23	466.62	483.41	484.01
San Antonio	40.6	41.1	41.1	7.31	7.50	7.62	296.79	308.25	313.18
Utah	39.9	39.7	39.4	10.15	9.77	9.93	404.99	387.87	391.24
Salt Lake City-Ogden	40.2	40.0	39.8	9.79	9.78	9.91	393.56	391.20	394.42
Vermont	40.8	40.6	39.8	8.75	8.92	9.00	357.00	362.15	358.20
Burlington	42.3	41.8	41.8	9.67	9.96	10.11	409.04	416.33	422.60
Virginia	40.3	40.6	40.5	8.75	9.13	9.07	352.63	370.68	367.34
Bristol	40.3	42.0	41.4	7.52	7.70	7.71	303.06	323.40	319.19
Charlottesville	39.3	40.1	40.1	7.45	7.52	7.49	292.79	301.55	300.35
Danville	40.0	42.7	41.9	8.13	8.15	8.09	325.20	348.01	338.97
Lynchburg	40.9	42.2	41.6	8.33	8.58	8.35	340.70	362.08	347.36
Northern Virginia	41.3	40.3	41.0	9.21	9.91	9.66	380.37	399.37	396.06
Richmond-Petersburg	39.6	40.5	40.7	10.94	11.34	11.34	433.22	459.27	461.54
Roanoke	40.6	41.8	40.2	8.18	8.71	8.69	332.11	364.08	349.34
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ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ige weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	rnings	Avera	ge weekly ea	ırnings
State and area	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Арг. 1987 ^р
Washington	39.5	40.1	39.8	\$11.78	\$11.74	\$11.66	\$465.31	\$470.77	\$464.07
West Virginia	40.4	40.4	40.3	10.30	10.42	10.74	416.12	420.97	432.82
Charleston	41.6	42.1	42.7	12.59	12.93	12.97	523.74	544.35	553.82
Huntington-Ashland	38.8	39.9	38.9	11.70	11.78	12.08	453.96	470.02	469.91
Parkersburg-Marietta	42.7	41.8	41.8	12.08	12.15	11.93	515.82	507.87	498.67
Wheeling	40.4	40.4	40.8	11.30	10.79	12.12	456.52	435.92	494.50
Wisconsin	40.9	41.2	40.5	10.40	10.59	10.56	425.36	436.31	427.68
Appleton-Oshkosh	42.4	42.4	42.5	10.36	10.77	10.66	439.26	456.65	453.05
Eau Claire	39.7	40.2	38.5	10.41	10.64	10.86	413.28	427.73	418.11
Green Bay	41.7	40.8	41.3	11.35	11.29	11.31	473.30	460.63	467.10
Janesville-Beloit	38.5	38.6	38.0	12.00	12.48	12.22	462.00	481.73	464.36
Kenosha	38.7	40.5	39.0	11.06	12.08	11.98	428.02	489.24	467.22
La Crosse	39.2	39.5	39.0	9.42	9.21	9.16	369.26	363.80	357.24
Madison	40.5	40.3	39.8	9.86	9.93	9.86	399.33	400.18	392.43
Milwaukee	40.7	41.6	40.4	11.62	11.76	11.71	472.93	489.22	473.08
Racine	40.1	40.1	39.6	10.99	11.02	11.00	440.70	441.90	435.60
Sheboygan	40.0	40.8	39.7	9.59	9.74	9.71	383.60	397.39	385.49
Wausau	41.2	41.6	41.5	9.76	9.84	9.80	402.11	409.34	406.70
Wyoming	38.7	38.4	39.1	9.79	9.61	9.68	378.87	369.02	378.49
Puerto Rico	39.2	39.7	38.0	5.29	5.41	5.40	207.37	214.78	205.20
Virgin Islands	42.6	41.4	42.5	10.00	9.94	9.52	426.00	411.52	404.60

publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1986 benchmarks.

 1 Not available. p \Rightarrow preliminary. NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

C-9. Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments by major industry, seasonally adjusted'

	Million	s of hours (annual	rate)²		Percent change	
Industry	Mar. 1987'	Apr. 1987'	Мау 1987 ^р	May 1986 to May 1987 ^p	Mar. 1987 to Apr. 1987'	Apr. 1987 to May 1987 ^p
Total	188,706	187,683	189,633	2.6	-0.5	1.0
Private sector	154,731	154,832	155,485	2.5	.1	.4
Mining	1,587	1,591	1,615	-5.8	.3	1.5
Construction	9,899	9,767	9,950	4.0	-1.3	1.9
Manufacturing	40,347	40,032	40,364	.5	8	.8
Durable goods	24,004	23,798	23,977	5	9	.8
Nondurable goods	16,343	16,234	16,386	1.9	7	.9
Transportation and public utilities	10,855	10,867	10,894	1.9	ļ , 1	.3
Wholesale trade	11,407	11,483	11,482	.1	.7	.0
Retail trade	27,649	27,949	27,832	3.1	1.1	4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	12,316	12,377	12,436	5.5	.5	.5
Services	40,671	40,767	40,913	4.1	.2	.4
Government	33,975	32,851	34,147	2.9	-3.3	3.9

All of the hours measures were revised to reflect the most recent levels from Unemployment Insurance data.

² Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted,

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees-production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers—and are based largely on establishment data. See *BLS Handbook of Methods*, *BLS Bulletin* 2134-1, chapter 13, Productivity Measures: Business Economy and Major Sectors. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

multiplied by 52.

p = preliminary.

⁼revised.

PRODUCTIVITY DATA **SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-10. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

	Annual	average					Qua	arterly in	dex				
Item	1985	1986	19	84		19	85			19	86		1987
		.000	III	IV	ļ	11		IV	1			IV	ľ
Business sector						!							
Output per hour of all persons		107.1	105.5	105.5	105.7	106.4	107.3	106.4	107.3	107.4	107.3	106.8	106.9
Output		125.9	119.5	120.2	121.3	122.3	123.5	123.8	125.3	125.4	126.0	126.8	128.0
Hours		117.5	113.3	114.0	114.8	115.0	115.2	116.4	116.8	116.7	117.4	118.7	119.8
Compensation per hour		180.9	169.0	170.6	172.3	174.5	176.4	178.0	179.1	180.4	181.7	182.6	182.7
Real compensation per hour	1	100.0	98.1	98.2	98.4	98.6	99.0	99.0	99.2	100.2	100.4	100.2	99.0
Unit labor costs		168.8	160.2	161.7	163.1	164.0	164.4	167.3	167.0	168.0	169.3	171.0	170.9
Unit nonlabor payments		161.8	157.0	157.7	158.3	160.0	161.4	159.6	162.2	161.9	163.4	159.7	164.6
mplicit price deflator	163.0	166.3	159.0	160.3	161.4	162.6	163.4	164.6	165.3	165.8	167.2	167.0	168.7
Nonfarm business sector													
Output per hour of all persons		105.5	104.4	104.3	104.4	104.9	105.4	104.5	105.6	105.7	105.7	105.3	105.4
Output	_	125.9	119.5	120.2	121.1	122.1	123.3	123.6	125.1	125.3	126.1	127.0	128.3
Hours		119.3	114.5	115.2	116.0	116.4	116.9	118.2	118.5	118.5	119.4	120.6	121.7
Compensation per hour		179.8	168.7	170.4	172.1	174.0	175.4	177.0	178.3	179.3	180.4	181.6	181.6
Real compensation per hour		99.4	97.9	98.1	98.3	98.3	98.5	98.4	98.8	99.7	99.6	99.6	98.4
Unit labor costs	f	170.4	161.5	163.3	164.8	165.9	166.3	169.3	168.8	169.6	170.7	172.5	172.2
Unit nonlabor payments		163.9	157.2	157.9	158.9	160.8	163.0	160.3	163.9	163.7	165.9	162.2	167.5
Implicit price deflator	164.6	168.1	160.0	161.4	162.7	164.1	165.2	166.2	167.1	167.5	169.0	168.9	170.6
Manufacturing ¹													
Output per hour of all persons	121.7	126.0	117.5	118.0	119.1	121.8	122.9	123.2	124.4	125.7	127.0	127.1	127.7
Output	120.4	124.4	117.1	117.6	118.6	119.9	121.1	122.1	123.5	123.6	124.7	125.9	127.0
Hours	98.9	98.7	99.7	99.7	99.6	98.5	98.5	99.1	99.3	98.4	98.2	99.0	99.4
Compensation per hour	176.7	181.9	169.1	171.5	173.8	175.6	178.1	179.3	180.2	181.4	182.5	183.5	183.0
Real compensation per hour		100.5	98.1	98.7	99.2	99.2	100.0	99.7	99.8	100.8	100.8	100.7	99.1
Unit labor costs		144.3	143.9	145.4	145.9	144.3	144.9	145.6	144.9	144.3	143.7	144.4	143.3
Durable goods ¹													
Output per hour of all persons	124.6	130.2	117.9	118.8	121.0	124.4	126.2	126.9	128.5	129.6	131.2	131.6	132.4
Output	. 124.7	128.8	118.7	120.2	122.2	124.1	125.5	127.0	128.4	127.8	128.8	130.1	131.2
Hours	. 100.1	98.9	100.7	101.2	100.9	99.8	99.5	100.0	99.9	98.7	98.2	98.8	99.0
Compensation per hour	. 174.9	180.7	167.2	169.4	172.0	173.2	176.5	178.0	178.9	180.2	181.3	182.6	181.5
Real compensation per hour		99.9	97.1	97.5	98.2	97.8	99.1	99.0	99.1	100.1	100.1	100.2	98.4
Unit labor costs		138.8	141.8	142.6	142.1	139.2	139.9	140.2	139.2	139.1	138.1	138.8	137.1
Nondurable goods ¹													į
Output per hour of all persons	117.3	119.8	116.8	116.6	116.2	117.7	118.0	117.4	118.1	119.9	120.8	120.4	120.8
Output	. 114.1	117.9	114.6	113.8	113.3	113.8	114.5	114.9	116.1	117.4	118.6	119.6	120.8
Hours		98.5	98.1	97.6	97.6	96.7	97.0	97.9	98.3	97.9	98.2	99.3	100.0
Compensation per hour	1	183.8	171.9	174.6	176.5	179.4	180.4	181.3	182.2	183.5	184.8	185.1	185.7
Real compensation per hour	1	101.6	99.8	100.5	100.8	101.3	101.3	100.8	100.9	102.0	102.1	101.6	100.6
Unit labor costs	152.9	153.5	147.1	149.7	151.9	152.5	152.9	154.4	154.3	153.1	153.0	153.7	153.7
Nonfinancial corporations ²											9		
Output per all-employee hour		106.9	105.5	105.8	106.0	106.5	107.8	107.0	106.9	106.8	106.9	107.2	107.2
Output		127.2	120.9	122.1	123.1	124.2	126.0	126.1	126.9	126.6	127.0	128.3	130.0
Hours		119.0	114.6	115.5	116.1	116.6	116.8	117.8	118.7	118.5	118.8	119.6	121.2
Compensation per hour		176.5	166.6	168.3	169.9	171.6	173.1	174.5	175.4	176.1	176.8	177.8	177.6
Real compensation per hour		97.5	96.7	96.9	97.0	96.9	97.2	97.0	97.1	97.8	97.7	97.6	96.2
Total unit costs	. 165.8	169.1	162.6	163.8	164.9	165.8	165.0	167.2	168.3	168.6	169.8	169.6	169.5
Unit labor costs	. 161.2	165.0	157.9	159.1	160.3	161.1	160.5	163.0	164.0	164.8	165.4	165.8	165.6
Unit nonlabor costs	. 179.1	181.2	176.4	177.5	178.5	179.8	178.3	179.8	181.1	179.9	182.6	180.9	181.0
Unit profits	. 133.1	134.1	130.3	130.5	129.3	130.2	141.7	131.2	131.7	132.3	135.8	136.8	147.8

Revisions to quarterly output measures were introduced in the manfaucturing sector; measures of productivity and unit labor costs were also affected.

² Measures for the first quarter of 1987 are preliminary. =revised.

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

C-11. Percent changes from the preceding quarter and year in productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted annual rates

					P	ercent ch	nange fro	m				
ltern			Previous	s quarter				Same	e quarter,	previous	s year	
	IV 1985	l 1986	II 1986	III 1986	IV 1986	l 1987′	IV 1985	l 1986	II 1986	III 1986	IV 1986	l 1987′
Business sector						}						
Output per hour of all persons	3.2	3.3	0.5	-0.4	-2.0	0.6	0.9	1.5	1.0	0.0	0.3	-0.3
Output		4.7	.3	2.0	2.4	4.1	3.0	3.3	2.5	2.0	2.4	2.2
tours		1.4	2	2.4	4.6	3.4	2.1	1.8	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.5
Compensation per hour	-	2.5	2.8	2.9	2.0	.3	4.4	3.9	3.4	3.0	2.6	2.0
Real compensation per hour		.9	4.2	.4	6	-4.7	8.	.8	1.7	1.3	1.2	2
Jnit labor costs		7	2.3	3.3	4.2	3	3.4	2.4	2.4	3.0	2.2	2.3
Init nonlabor payments		6.6	7	3.7	-8.6	12.7	1.2	2.5	1.2	1.2	.1	1.5
mplicit price deflator	. 3.0	1.8	1.2	3.4	4	4.0	2.7	2.4	2.0	2.4	1.5	2.0
Nonfarm business sector												
Output per hour of all persons	3.5	4.3	.5	3	-1.5	.5	.2	1.2	.8	.2	.7	2
Output		5.1	.6	2.6	2.7	4.3	2.8	3.3	2.7	2.3	2.8	2.6
lours		.8	.1	2.9	4.3	3.8	2.6	2.1	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.8
Compensation per hour		3.1	2.3	2.3	2.7	.0	3.9	3.6	3.1	2.8	2.6	1.8
Real compensation per hour		1.5	3.6	1	.0	-5.0	.3	.5	1.4	1.2	1.2	4
Jnit labor costs		-1.2	1.8	2.6	4.2	5	3.7	2.5	2.2	2.6	1.8	2.0
Init nonlabor payments		9.3	6	5.5	-8.6	13.9	1.5	3.1	1.8	1.7	1.2	2.2
nplicit price deflator	. 2.4	2.3	1.0	3.6	3	4.2	2.9	2.7	2.1	2.3	1.6	2.1
Manufacturing ¹												
Output per hour of all persons	8	4.0	4.3	4.3	.2	2.1	4.4	4.4	3.2	3.3	3.2	2.7
Output		4.5	.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.8	4.1	3.1	3.0	3.1	2.9
lours	. 2.7	.4	-3.5	6	3.4	1.6	6	3	2	3	1	.2
Compensation per hour	1	2.1	2.7	2.4	2.1	-1.1	4.5	3.7	3.3	2.5	2.3	1.5
Real compensation per hour		.5	4.1	.0	6	-6.0	1.0	.6	1.6	8.	1.0	7
Init labor costs		-1.9	-1.5	-1.8	1.9	-3.1	.1	7	.1	8	8	-1.1
Durable goods¹												
Output per hour of all persons	. 2.5	5.1	3.2	5.2	1.1	2.6	6.8	6.2	4.2	4.0	3.6	3.0
Output		4.5	-1.7	3.3	3.8	3.5	5.6	5.1	3.0	2.7	2.4	2.2
lours	1	6	-4.8	-1.8	2.6	.8	-1.1	-1.1	-1.1	-1.3	-1.2	8
Compensation per hour	•	2.2	2.8	2.5	3.0	-2.3	5.0	4.1	4.0	2.7	2.6	1.5
Real compensation per hour		.6	4.1	.0	.3	-7.2	1.5	.9	2.4	1.0	1.2	8
Jnit labor costs		-2.8	4	-2.6	1.8	-4.8	-1.7	-2.0	1	-1.3	-1.0	-1.5
Nondurable goods ¹												
Output per hour of all persons	2.0	2.4	6.2	3.1	-1.3	1.3	.7	1.7	1.9	2.4	2.6	2.3
Output		4.5	4.5	4.3	3.2	4.1	.9	2.5	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.0
lours		2.0	-1.6	1.2	4.6	2.7	.3	.8	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.7
Compensation per hour	. 1.9	2.2	2.9	2.7	.7	1.3	3.8	3.3	2.3	2.4	2.1	1.9
Real compensation per hour		.6	4.2	.3	-1.9	-3.7	.3	.2	.6	.8	.8	3
Jnit labor costs		2	-3.1	3	2.0	.0	3.2	1.6	.4	.0	4	4
Nonfinancial corporations ²												
Output per all-employee hour		5	3	.2	1.4	.0	1.2	.9	.3	9	.2	.3
Output		2.6	-1.1	1.3	4.1	5.5	3.3	3.2	2.0	.8	1.7	2.4
lours		3.1	8	1.2	2.7	5.5	2.1	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.5	2.1
Compensation per hour		2.0	1.6	1.8	2.3	6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.2	1.9	1.3
Real compensation per hour		.4	2.9	6	3	-5.6	.2	.1	1.0	.5	.6	9
otal unit costs		2.7	.6	2.8	3	4	2.1	2.1	1.7	2.9	1.4	.7
Unit labor costs		2.5	1.9	1.6	.9	6	2.4	2.3	2.3	3.1	1.7	.9
Unit nonlabor costs		3.1	-2.7	6.1	-3.6	.1	1.3	1.5	.0	2.4	.7	1
Jnit profits		1.3	2.0	11.0	2.8	36.4	.6	1.8	1.6	-4.2	4.2	12.2
mplicit price deflator	. 1.7	2.5	.7	3.6	.0	2.9	2.0	2.1	1.7	2.1	1.7	1.8

[.] Revisions to quarterly output measures were introduced in the manfaucturing sector; measures of productivity and unit labor costs were also affected.

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

Measures for the first quarter of 1987 are preliminary.
—revised

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi	ilian labor fo	rce			Unemp	,		
State and area		man labor lo			Number			Percent of labor force	
	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr 1987
Nabama	1,868.9	1.865.9	1,863.6	179.6	183.6	152.3	9.6	9.8	8.:
Birmingham	438.5	440.0	441.6	34.4	35.3	31.4	7.8	8.0	7.
	124.2		126.7	8.3		7.2	6.7	6.6	5.
Huntsville		126.4	1		8.3			1	
Mobile	209.8	209.3	208.7	22.4	22.5	20.0	10.7	10.7	9.0
Montgomery	133.1	133.6	134.0	9.4	9.7	9.0	7.1	7.3	6.
Tuscaloosa	68.1	69.2	69.6	5.0	5.1	4.4	7.3	7.4	6.
\laska	258.2	248.5	251.9	31.6	30.1	29.0	12.2	12.1	11.
Arizona	1,580.4	1,610.0	1,604.1	106.7	118.4	111.8	6.8	7.4	7.5
Phoenix	976.9	999.7	995.3	52.2	63.1	58.5	5.3	6.3	5.
Tucson	310.4	309.8	308.3	17.9	18.9	17.0	5.8	6.1	5.
Arkansas	1,066.9	1,067.5	1,067.4	91.9	96.8	85.4	8.6	9.1	8.
Fayetteville-Springdale	54.1	55.7	56.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	4.3	4.3	4.
Fort Smith	86.1	87.9	87.3	6.1	5.8	5.2	7.1	6.6	5.
Little Rock-North Little Rock	249.5	252.1	252.2	15.8	19.1	18.0	6.3	7.6	7.
Pine Bluff	37.5	36.4	36.2	3.0	3.8	3.2	8.1	10.5	8.
California ¹	13,209.3	13,623.9	13,689.7	884.3	859.8	790.1	6.7	6.3	5.
Anaheim-Santa Ana	1,231.3	1,298.5	1,311.5	50.8	43.1	39.4	4.1	3.3	3.
Bakersfield	219.8	223.7	225.3	27.8	29.3	23.9	12.7	13.1	10.
Fresno	288.9	287.3	296.7	40.6	40.2	32.9	14.0	14.0	11.
Los Angeles-Long Beach ¹	4,021.0	4,176.0	4,141.0	231.0	260.0	264.0	5.8	6.2	6.
Modesto	141.6	146.6	147.0	23.4	21.7	19.8	16.5	14.8	13.
Oakland	1,005.3	1,042.1	1.049.4	61.1	55.3	49.9	6.1	5.3	4.
Oxnard-Ventura	320.1	332.5	335.8	21.1	18.6	15.7	6.6	5.6	4.
Riverside-San Bernardino	848.5	893.8	897.9	54.3	48.8	45.6	6.4	5.5	5.
Sacramento	639.2	660.8	667.7	43.5	39.9	35.0	6.8	6.0	5
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey	150.5	150.5	155.8	17.1	16.8	13.6	11.3	11.2	8.
	1,009.8	1,045.2	1,055.7	50.6	47.4	44.2	5.0	4.5	4.
San Diego	869.0	875.4	884.2	41.2	34.5	32.6	4.7	3.9	
San Francisco					-				3.
San Jose	796.7	803.8	807.0	49.1	40.3	35.8	6.2	5.0	4.
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	177.8	178.9	180.5	9.7	9.5	7.9	5.4	5.3	4.
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	178.6	181.6	183.9	11.1	10.0	8.7	6.2	5.5	4.
Stockton	180.4 177.0	184.7 183.7	188.6 187.4	23.3 12.0	21.8 11.9	18.9 10.4	12.9 6.8	11.8 6.5	10. 5.
Colorado	1,687.0	1,704.7	1,696.2	128.2	167.3	151.0	7.6	9.8	8.
Boulder-Longmont	128.7	130.7	129.6	8.0	9.5	8.3	6.2	7.3	6.
Denver	894.5	904.5	900.1	57.6	80.0	71.7	6.4	8.8	8.
Connecticut	1,726.9	1,723.7	1,739.0	64.6	65.7	56.4	3.7	3.8	3.
Bridgeport-Milford	228.7	227.3	228.4	10.6	11.0	9.0	4.6	4.9	4.
Hartford	414.3	418.7	421.5	13.1	14.6	12.4	3.2	3.5	3
New Britain	74.6	73.3	73.8	3.1	3.2	2.6	4.2	4.4	3.
New Haven-Meriden	270.4	266.5	269.7	10.1	9.5	8.6	3.7	3.6	3.
Stamford	114.6	115.9	117.3	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.7	2
Waterbury	102.4	101.2	101.6	5.7	5.5	4.7	5.6	5.5	4
Delaware	319.4	329.2	336.7	14.3	10.3	9.9	4.5	3.1	2
Wilmington	278.1	285.5	291.1	14.2	10.9	10.8	5.1	3.8	3
District of Columbia	322.3 2,014.5	332.6 2,076.9	335.4 2,101.1	24.7 69.7	24.8 76.5	23.2 71.7	7.6 3.5	7.4 3.7	6 3
Florida¹	5,457.3	5,810.7	5,767.9	297.1	312.5	298.7	5.4	5.4	5
Daytona Beach	135.8	146.1	143.7	6.4	6.9	6.5	4.7	4.8	4
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		604.6	597.7	24.8	24.9	26.2	4.4	4.1	4
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		137.6	135.2	4.7	4.7	4.7	3.9	3.4	3
Gainesville	97.1	103.2	102.7	3.0	3.7	3.2	3.1	3.6	3
Jacksonville		433.6	432.7	22.5	23.1	22.5	5.5	5.3	5
Lakeland-Winter Haven		174.4	176.1	14.4	14,7	13.7	8.7	8.4	7
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		169.6	168.2	9.4	11.1	9.8	5.6	6.5	5
Miami-Hialeah	878.7	906.8	897.0	59.8	54.4	50.6		6.0	
	505.0	553.1		22.4			6.8		5
Oriando			552.9		25.7	24.9	4.4	4.6	4
Pensacola	141.8	148.8	146.6	8.9	11.2	8.9	6.3	7.5	6
Sarasota	105.4	113.3	113.3	4.2	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.4	3
Tallahassee	113.5	121.8	121.6	4.4	5.0	4.7	3.8	4.1	3
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	894.7	953.7	945.5	44.2	48.9	47.1	4.9	5.1	5
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	360.0	392.1	389.3	18.9	18.7	19.8	5.3	4.8	5

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

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State and area	Civ	ilian labor fo	rce		Number			Percent of labor force	1
	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Ap 198
ieorgia	2,979.6	3,087.3	3,080.6	172.2	179.9	157.2	5.8	5.8	5
Albany		56.9	56.4	4.8	5.6	5.1	8.6	9.8) 9
Athens	71.7	74.8	74.0	3.4	3.6	2.8	4.8	4.9	:
Atlanta		1,464.3	1,466.1	62.6	68.6	62.2	4.5	4.7	
Augusta		176.9	177.1	9.9	11.6	10.5	5.7	6.5	
Columbus		99.8	99.5	7.6	6.9	6.5	7.7	6.9	'
Macon-Warner Robins		129.1 110.8	128.1 110.1	7.7 7.0	6.8 6.7	6.1 6.2	6.1 6.5	5.3 6.1	
awaii		495.2	500.8	25.9	19.1	19.9	5.3	3.9	
Honolulu		372.2	376.3	17.3	13.3	13,4	4.7	3.6	
Boise City		455.6 100.6	459.2 102.1	42.5 6.1	47.6 6.9	42.9 6.3	9.3 6.1	10.4 6.9	İ
linois ¹	5,639.0	5,580.5	5,612.3	462.6	451.4	462.1	8.2	8.1	
Aurora-Elgin	1 .	168.8	168.0	12.3	11.5	10.7	7.3	6.8	
Bloomington-Normal		62.4	63.1	3.6	3.0	3.2	5.7	4.8	
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	[86.3	86.7	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.7	5.0	1
Chicago		3,062.4	3,069.1	229.8	219.1	226.2	7.5	7.2	
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	182.6	179.4	181.6	18.5	14.7	13.8	10.1	8.2	1
Decatur		57.3	58.2	6.4	5.9	6.7	10.8	10.2	1
Joliet		186.5	184.2	14.0	16.0	15.5	7.4	8.6	
Kankakee		43.8	43.8	4.9	4.3	4.5	11.0	9.8	1
Lake County		244.6	247.3 152.2	12.8 13.7	12.6	12.2 14.1	5.1 9.0	5.2 9.2	
Peoria	1	150.7 144.9	152.2 146.6	13.7	13.8 15.7	14.1	9.0 8.7	10.8	1
Springfield		102.4	102.6	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	'
ndiana		2,703.1	2,731.6	183.9	186.6	168.2	6.7	6.9	
Anderson		59.0 58.1	59.0 60.6	3.7 2.3	4.2 2.4	3.6 3.5	6.1	7.1 4.2	
Bloomington		89.6	90.8	4.1	3.7	3.5	4.1 4.6	4.2	
Evansville		141.6	141.9	10.1	11.3	10.3	7.1	8.0	1
Fort Wayne		187.7	189.7	9.9	9.9	9.6	5.3	5.3	
Gary-Hammond		250.2	251.9	28.0	29.0	25.4	10.9	11.6	1
Indianapolis		641.2	647.7	33.9	33.0	29.9	5.3	5.1	[.
Kokomo	49.9	48.1	48.7	4.4	4.1	4.1	8.9	8.5	
Lafayette		64.0	64.9	2.6	2.3	2.1	4.0	3.6	1
Muncie		59.1	59.5	4.2	4.2	3.9	7.0	7.1	١ '
South Bend-Mishawaka Terre Haute		125.2 59.0	125.0 59.0	8.1 4.3	7.1 4.3	6.0 3.8	6.5 7.1	5.7 7.4	
Dwa		1,436.5	1,452.0	111.5	82.6	67.4	7.7	5.7	
Cedar Rapids		89.8	89.6	6.5	4.8	4.1	7.4	5.4	
Des Moines		218.9	218.3	13.6	9.6	8.1	6.5	4.4	
Dubuque		43.9 58.7	44.0 58.8	3.6 1.7	2.7 1.1	2.0	8.3 3.0	6.3 1.9	
Iowa City	1	59.2	59.4	5.1	3.9	3.3	8.7	6.5	
Waterloo-Cedar Falls		69.3	69.2	9.0	6.0	5.1	12.9	8.6	
ansas		1,249.3	1,253.8	67.1	67.7	56.1	5.5	5.4 4.0	
Topeka		39.3 89.8	39.7 89.1	1.3 4.4	1.6 4.5	1.3 3.5	3.4 5.1	5.0	
Wichita LMA		230.9	231.9	13.1	13.2	11.0	5.9	5.7	
entucky		1,675.1	1,675.1	155.9	186.7	160.4	9.3	11.1	
Lexington-Fayette		175.4 485.3	178.4 487.8	9.0 35.7	11.1 40.3	10.1 36.2	5.0 7.3	6.3 8.3	
Owensboro		44.5	43.5	5.2	6.1	5.4	11.5	13.8	1:
ouisiana		1,938.4 60.7	1,922.3 60.3	253.1 6.1	262.6 6.7	230.0 5.9	12.7 10.2	13.5 11.0	1.
Baton Rouge		260.9	259.1	28.2	28.0	24.5	10.2	10.7	
Houma-Thibodaux		74.3	72.9	12.5	14.8	12.8	16.1	20.0	1
Lafayette		101.0	100.2	14.0	15.1	13.2	12.8	14.9	1:
Lake Charles		73.8	74.2	11.0	10.0	9.4	14.5	13.5	1.
Monroe		68.5	68.4	6.8	7.7	6.7	9.7	11.2	1
New Orleans		590.4	587.7	64.0	64.2	58.0	10.5	10.9	
Shreveport	i .	164.3	161.3	19.6	21.4	17.9	11.6	13.0	1
laine		540.8	554.3 40.0	34.8 2.8	29.9	29.4	6.3	5.5	
Lewiston-Auburn	40.3	39.3			2.5	2.4	7.0	6.2	

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Chrillian Jahor force			Unemployed					
State and area	Civilian labor force			Number			Percent of labor force		
	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Ap 198
					4.5.				
Baltimore	2,333.3 1,141.7	2,394.3 1,159.8	2,419.6 1,169.4	103.7 59.5	117.1 62.3	100.3 52.4	4.4 5.2	4.9 5.4	4
	,,,,,,,	.,,,,,,,,,	.,,,,,,,,,,	33.3	52.5	52.1	0.2	•••	1
lassachusetts ¹	3,016.3	3,048.5	3,046.3	115.5	136.0	118.0	3.8	4.5	3
Boston	1,499.3	1,520.8	1,516.3	48.8	55.3	49.6	3.3	3.6	3
Brockton	94,1 75,5	96.5	95.8 76.7	3.9	4.7	4.2 5.5	4.2 6.5	4.9 8.4	7
Fall River	47.2	76.8 45.2	45.2	4.9 2.0	6.4 2.7	2.5	4.3	5.9	5
Lawrence-Haverhill	183.0	180.4	181.8	8.5	9.1	8.8	4.7	5.1	2
Lowell	148.9	147.2	147.2	5.5	6.5	5.9	3.7	4.4	4
New Bedford	83.2	84.1	83.0	5.3	6.7	5.3	6.4	8.0	
Pittsfield	39.9	40.8	41.0	1.7	2.1	1.8	4.2	5.2	4
Springfield	244.4	249.6	248.3	10.4	11.3	9.5	4.2	4.5	:
Worcester	206.0	209.8	209.7	7.3	8.7	7.2	3.5	4.2	3
ichigan¹	4,332.0	4,463.2	4,450.2	394.0	375.6	378.6	9.1	8.4	Ι .
Ann Arbor	148.4	156.6	155,1	7.0	6.5	7.6	4.7	4.2	4
Battle Creek	60.7	62.5	61.4	5.7	5.0	4.7	9.4	8.0	:
Benton Harbor	74.7	75.7	75.7	6.5	5.9	6.3	8.7	7.8	(
Detroit	2,093.9	2,180.4	2,179.7	174.0	173.5	178.5	8.3	8.0	1
Flint	198.1	200.8	197.8	19.7	20.0	19.5	10.0	10.0	! !
Grand Rapids	326.8	334.1	332.0	24.3	20.9	21.9	7.4	6.2	1 '
Jackson	60.5	62.2	61.8	5.7	5.0	5.3	9.4	8.0	1
Kalamazoo	109.1	113.5	112.6	6.4	5.8	5.1	5.9	5.1	1 :
Lansing-East Lansing	227.1	236.4	234.8	16.1	15.1	15.2	7.1	6.4 11.1	
MuskegonSaginaw-Bay City-Midland	66.4 179.6	67.6 183.4	67.3 183.7	7.2 18.5	7.5 18.2	7.9 18.8	10.9 10.3	9.9	11
innesota	2,180.2	2.203.8	2,232.1	129.0	133.8	108.6	5.9	6.1	4
Duluth	101.7	100.3	101.1	10.1	11.4	10.2	9.9	11.4	10
Minneapolis-St.Paul	1,288.9	1,316.9	1,324.5	58.7	59.7	49.3	4.6	4.5	
Rochester	54.9	56.7	57.0	2.4	2.4	2.0	4.3	4.3	:
St. Cloud	87.6	90.7	91.8	5.5	6.1	5.1	6.3	6.7	:
ississippi	1,154.9	1,156.9	1,145.4	132.1	129.4	106.6	11.4	11.2	
Jackson	193.9	195.6	196.3	14.8	15.1	13.3	7.6	7.7	•
lissouri	2,508.9	2,544.0	2,580.8	146.6	161.7	156.1	5.8	6.4	
Kansas City	789.1	813.3	815.8	36.9	42.6	38.6	4.7	5.2	[4
St. Joseph	41.5	40.8	41.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	7.7	7.8	1 3
St. Louis	1,223.8 115.5	1,240.7 118.2	1,251.6 120.3	80.4 5.6	88.1 5.6	92.1 5.4	6.6 4.9	7.1 4.7	1
Iontana	408.3	405.9	406.8	37.2	35.7	29.3	9.1	8.8	,
ebraska	802.3	806.2	9140	41.0	45.0	38.2	6 4		
Lincoln	117.8	118.8	814.0 118.7	3.9	45.9 4.6	38.2	5.1 3.3	5.7 3.9	3
Omaha	310.8	316.8	315.4	17.0	17.8	15.7	5.5	5.6	}
evada	531.9	560.2	562.1	32.6	35.7	32.9	6.1	6.4	,
Las Vegas	305.9	326.4	327.9	19.2	20.6	19.2	6.3	6.3	
Reno	133.9	139.3	139.1	7.1	8.5	7.4	5.3 ^	6.1	5
ew Hampshire	553.3	566,9	572.8	16.0	15.0	13.4	2.9	2.6	1 :
Nashua	90.3	93,4	94.4	2.5	2.4	2.1	2.8	2.6	
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	121.8	124.3	126.7	3.1	3.3	2.7	2.6	2.6	
ew Jersey¹	3,840.5	3,949.7	3,933.9	180.4	169.0	149.1	4.7	4.3	;
Atlantic City	163.4	168.2	171.9	11.3	11.3	9.3	6.9	6.7	
Bergen-Passaic	701.1	715.1	709.8	30.0	27.6	24.2	4.3	3.9	;
Jersey City	264.4	272.3	270.4	20.8	18.3	17.2	7.9	6.7	
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	527.6	543.0	540.8	18.3	16.1	14.3	3.5	3.0	3
Monmouth-Ocean	441.5	456.2	458.6	16.5	16.4	13.8	3.7	3.6	3
Newark	952.9	974.5	966.5	47.6	42.1	37.8	5.0	4.3	
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	165.6 56.1	173.5 57.8	171.9 57.1	6.4 5.2	6.3 4.9	5.4 4.3	3.9 9.2	3.7 8.5	
ew Mexico	666.4	673.5	678.2	61.4	62.2	60,0	9.2	9.2	
Albuquerque	252.0	259.2	261.2	15.6	15.9	16.0	6.2	6.1	
Las Cruces	54.1	54.6	54.9	3.9	4.0	3.8	7.3	7.3	è
Santa Fe	62.5	64.5	65.0	3.3	3.8	3.7	5.3	5.9	5

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civilian labor force			Unemployed					
State and area	Civilian tabor force			Number			Percent of labor force		
	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Apr. 1987 ^p	Apr. 1986	Mar. 1987	Ap 1987
lew York¹	8,239.4	8,449.7	8,336.7	553.8	450.1	402.8	6.7	5.3	4
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		412.0	408.9	21.1	18.9	17.4	5.2	4.6	4
Binghamton		124.8	124.0	7.6	6.4	5.8	6.2	5.1	4
		437.7	433.2	31.2	27.8	25.1	7.3	6.4	5
Buffalo		39.5	39.7	2.8	2.2	1.9	7.1	5.6	4
		49.7	50.2	3.8		3.0	7.7	6.9	e
Glens Falls	1			54.0	3.4 49.9	47.0	3.9	3.6	3
Nassau-Suffolk		1,402.4 3,954.2	1,399.5 3,860.9	299.2	212.5	187.6	7.8	5.4	4
New York New York City ¹	1 '	3,289.0	3,199.0	277.0	192.0	166.0	7.8 8.7	5.8	
Orange County	1 1	125.9	125.7	6.1	5.9	5.2	5.0	4.7	2
Poughkeepsie		124.9	124.8	4.4	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.1	2
Rochester		487.8	485.5	26.3	25.0	23.0	5.5	5.1	4
Syracuse		317.3	313.8	22.2	21.9	20.1	7.2	6.9	ē
Utica-Rome		133.2	132.1	9.8	9.2	7.9	7.5	6.9	6
lorth Carolina¹	3,118.2	3,238.9	3,225.5	159.1	159.8	140.0	5.1	4.9	
Asheville	83.5	85.9	85.3	4.2	4.6	3.8	5.0	5.4	4
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		611.9	610.3	25.4	23.9	22.0	4.4	3.9	3
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		510.3	505.4	21.8	20.8	17.9	4.4	4.1	:
Raleigh-Durham	372.6	394.3	393.4	10.5	12.4	10.8	2.8	3.1	:
lorth Dakota		324.1	332.9	24.1	19.5	17.5	7.3	6.0	
Bismarck	1	43.4	44.5	3.5	2.2	2.3	7.9	5.0	
Fargo-Moorhead		83.2 35.3	84.2 36.0	4.0 1.5	3.5 1.3	2.6 1.3	4.9 4.3	4.2 3.5	
Dhio¹	5,224.8	5,153.6	5,204.5	413.8	405.1	367.4	7.9	7.9	١,
Akron		314.4	317.5	26.1	25.1	23.5	8.1	8.0	
		185.7	187.4	19.9	18.1	16.7	10.5	9.7	8
Canton		727.0	731.9	45.5	52.0	40.8	6.3	1	3
Cleveland		914.3	922.9	67.6	63.4	58.0	7.3	7.2 6.9	
Columbus		674.6	682.5	39.1	39.2	36.5	7.3 5.8	5.8	6
			463.0	28.9		26.1			1
Dayton-Springfield		457.8	,		27.7		6.3	6.1	
Toledo Youngstown-Warren		307.3 220.5	310.9 220.5	24.9 23.4	24.4 22.4	23.1 19.3	8.1 10.4	7.9 10.2	8
Oklahoma	1,594.7	1,566.2	1,561.9	128.1	133.4	121.5	8.0	8.5	,
Enid		29.6	29.6	2.7	2.6	2.4	8.5	8.6	Ι ε
Lawton	48.5	47.4	47.8	2.3	2.5	2.5	4.8	5.3	. ا
Oklahoma City		500.9	500.5	32.9	35.0	31.4	6.3	7.0	6
Tulsa		357.1	355.6	29.4	32.9	29.6	8.3	9.2	8
Pregon Eugene-Springfield		1,348.7 134.1	1,346.0 133.6	121.2 12.2	93.7 8.2	81.8 7.2	9.1 9.3	7.0 6.1	5
Portland		618.2	616.5	44.6	34.7	31.4	7.4	5.6	1 5
Salem		123.0	123.0	11.5	8.9	8.0	9.3	7.3	6
	1					1			ļ
ennsylvania ¹		5,445.5 303.9	5,458.6 304.6	393.3 24.8	339.5 15.4	294.7 13.1	7.0 7.8	6.2 5.1	
Altoona		56.0	55.8	5.5	4.7	3.8	9.5	8.4	6
Beaver County		60.0	60.0	8.5	6.3	5.5	13.1	10.5	9
Erie		123.6	123.2	11.3	10.7	9.0	8.8	8.6	1
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	300.4	297.6	298.5	16.0	11.8	9.0	5.3	4.0	(
Johnstown		90.7	90.7	11.1	8.9	7.2	11.6	9.8	8
Lancaster		202.9	204.9	7.3	5.6	4.4	3.5	2.8	2
Philadelphia		2,330.4	2,337.9	118.9	109.9	98.4	5.1	4.7	٠
Pittsburgh		921.8	920.5	76.8	71.0	62.7	8.1	7.7	(
Reading		164.0	164.6	12.8	8.4	7.6	7.6	5.1	4
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre		330.8	332.2	28.7	26.2	22.7	8.4	7.9	
Sharon		48.4	48.1	4.2	4.2	3.2	8.4	8.6	6
State College		56.4	57.4	3.4	3.0	2.5	5.9	5.4	4
Williamsport		54.7	54.3	4.1	3.8	2.8	7.3	6.9	5
York		199.5	201.6	11.2	8.5	8.0	5.5	4.3	4
hode Island		506.0	512.3	21.4	21.9	21.9	4.2	4.3	4
Providence		164.6 330.5	165.9 333.9	8.1 13.7	8.8 13.8	8.4 13.6	4.9 4.2	5.4 4.2	5
outh Carolina	1,598.8	1,601.4	1,615.8	99.2	101.7	96.8	6.2	6.4	
Charleston		219.7	222.4	9.5	11.2	10.7	4.4	5.1	2
Columbia	220.1	220.1	223.0	7.9	9.1	9.2	3.6	4.1	4
Greenville-Spartanburg		320.1	322.5	17.4	16.6	16.4	5.5	5.2	5
outh Dakota	341.3	342.0	350.8	15.0	15.5	12.9	4.4	4.5	
Rapid City	36.5	37.8	38.5	1.6	1.8	1.4	4.3	4.6	3
Sioux Falls			70.1			1.9	3.9		2

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

### Part		Civi	liaa lahan fa		Unemployed					
### Part	State and area	Civilian labor force			Number					
Chattencopa										Apr. 1987
Chattencopa	ennessee	2 273 7	23147	2 3 1 9 4	183.4	177.0	159 1	8.1	76	6.9
Johnson Org-Kingeport-Briefol 2070 211.6 211.0 15.8 16.8 16.8 16.8 7.6 7.9 7.7	_									5.8
Kroonelle 274,2 275,9 277,3 21,3 224 198 7.8 81 7.8										7.0
Momphis IMA										7.1
Nashville							•			5.6
										4.3
Ableine	14d2(14)(i)C		300.2	307.1	27.3	24.0	21.0	4.5	4.0	7.3
Amarillo			-,	-,	656.2	668.4	680.3		8.2	8.3
Austin	Abilene	55.1	55.0	55.5	4.4	4.6		7.9	8.4	8.3
Beaumont-Port Anthw	Amarillo	97.3	97.7	99.1	6.1	5.9	6.0	6.3	6.1	6,1
Brazonia	Austin	415.5	430.6	435.5	19.8	25.8	26.2	4.8	6.0	6.0
Brownswile-Harlingen	Beaumont-Port Arthur	161.6	157.5	160.9	22.8	19.2	20.7	14.1	12.2	12.9
Byan-College Station	Brazoria	79.6	79.5	80.7	7.9	7.4	7.5	10.0	9.3	9.3
Corpus 18-33 16-50 18-80 17-9 18-8 19-3 10-9 11-3 11-5 11	Brownsville-Harlingen	93.0	93.3	94.4	14.1	12.9	13.1	15.2	13.8	13.9
Corpus 18-33 165.0 168.0 17.9 18.6 19.3 10.9 11.3 11.5	Bryan-College Station	57.3	57.0	57.7	3.2	3.2	3.3	5.5	5.6	5.7
Dalies			165.0	168.0	17.9	18.6	19.3			11.5
El Paso										6.2
Fort Worth-Arington										10.2
Galveston-Texas City										6.9
Houston										10.0
Killeen- Emple										9.1
Laredo										7.4
Long/ww-Marshall										
Lubbock										
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission										10.
Midland										6.0
Odessa						26.2	23.5	17.4	18.2	16.4
San Angelo	Midland		50.4		4.6		4.8	8.8	9.3	9.9
San Anfonio	Odessa	59.2	56.5	56.5	6.9	7.1	7.0	11.6	12.6	12.3
Sherman-Denison	San Angelo	45.1	45.2	45.7	2.9	2.8	2.8	6.4	6.2	6.3
Texarkana	San Antonio	567.2	587.1	596.3	35.5	44.6	44.7	6.3	7.6	7.
Texarkana	Sherman-Denison	46.8	48.5	49.1	2.9	3.7	3.6	6.1	7.6	7.4
Tyler	Texarkana		56.0	56.5	5.2	4.8	4.8	9.2	8.6	8.9
Victoria 37.1 37.4 38.0 3.6 3.4 3.3 9.6 9.1 7.2 7.5 7 7.5 7 7.5 7 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.7 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>8.9</td>										8.9
Waco 89.2 91.3 92.5 6.4 6.9 7.1 7.2 7.5 7 Wichita Falls 56.0 56.7 57.2 4.4 4.4 4.7 7.9 7.7 7 tah 748.5 761.6 757.7 45.7 55.9 50.5 6.1 7.3 6 Provo-Orem 98.7 98.8 97.9 5.8 8.6 7.4 5.8 8.7 7 Salt Lake City-Odgen 492.4 504.6 502.1 27.0 32.1 29.4 5.5 6.4 6.5 Gall Lake City-Odgen 291.2 295.1 290.7 16.8 13.9 12.9 5.8 8.7 7 Salt Lake City-Odgen 291.2 295.1 290.7 16.8 13.9 12.9 5.8 8.7 7 Salt Lake City-Odgen 290.7 71.7 72.9 73.4 2.5 2.5 2.0 3.5 4.4 4.4 4.8 4.8 4.2 4.			37.4			3.4	3.3	9.6	9.1	8.8
Table										7.7
Provo-Orem	Wichita Falls	56.0	56.7	57.2	4.4	4.4	4.4	7.9	7.7	7.7
Provo-Orem	teh	748 5	761.6	757.7	45.7	55.9	50.5	61	73	6.7
Salt Lake City-Odgen		1								7.5
Burlington										5.9
Burlington	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•••	205.4	200 7	100	40.0	400			
Charlottesville 61.8 bits 64.1 bits 65.0 bits 2.2 bits 2.6 bits 2.4 bits 3.5 bits 4.0 bits 3.5 bits 4.0 bits 3.5 bits 4.0 bits 3.5 bits 4.0 bits 3.5 bits 4.0 bits 3.5 bits 4.0 bits 3.5 bits 4.0 bits 3.5 bits 4.0 bits 4.0 bits 3.5 bits 4.0 bits <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4. 2.</td>										4. 2.
Danville	irginia	2,859.5	2,902.6	2,928.8	146.5	151.3	138.6	5.1	5.2	4.
Danville	Charlottesville	61.8	64.1	65.0	2.2	2.6	2.4	3.5	4.0	3.0
Lynchburg										8.
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Sheboygan 50.9 52.7 53.0 3.5 3.3 2.6 6.8 6.2 4 Wausau 56.0 58.3 59.1 4.6 5.1 3.9 8.3 8.8 6	Racine	83.6	85.2	85.2	7.3	6.7	6.0	8.7	7.9	7
Wausau	Sheboygan	50.9	52.7			3.3				4.
		1								6
yoming		1		240.5	24.1	25.4	21.9	9.7		9

Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey. See the Explanatory Notes for State and Area Labor Force Data.
Not available.
P = preliminary.
NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Estimates for 1986 have been

benchmarked to 1986 Current Population Survey annual averages. Except in the 11 States and 2 areas designated by footnote 1, estimates for 1987 are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication.

Explanatory Notes

Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 59,500 households, representing 729 areas in 1,973 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The establishment survey is designed to provide industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are currently based on payroll reports from a sample of 290,000 establishments employing over 38 million nonagricultural wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full or part time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th day of the month.

RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definitions and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two series are as follows.

Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises, and members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States. Civilian employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

For a comprehensive discussion of the differences between household and establishment survey employment data, see Gloria P. Green's article, "Comparing Employment Estimates From Household and Payroll Surveys," *Monthly Labor Review*, December 1969.

Hours of work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by

employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

Earnings

The household survey measures median earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the household survey earnings series, see *Technical Description of the Quarterly Data on Weekly Earnings from the Current Population Survey*, BLS Bulletin 2113.

COMPARABILITY OF HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). Beginning in January 1978, coverage was extended to include domestic workers whose employers paid \$1,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, agricultural employees whose employers engaged 10 or more workers in 20 weeks or paid a total of \$20,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, and almost all State and local government employees.

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the Economics and Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

COMPARABILITY OF PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP), published by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonagricultural wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, certain activities, such as interstate railroads, parochial schools, and churches, are not covered by unemployment insurance whereas these are included in the BLS establishment statistics.

Household Data (A tables)

COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other characteristics of the employed, the unemployed, and persons not in the labor force, and related data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, BLS Report 463. Historical national data are published in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey: A Databook, BLS Bulletin 2096.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted through a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 14 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations, and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this publication. Data on the members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States, who are included as part of the categories "noninstitutional population," "labor force," and "total employment." are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Each month about 59,500 occupied units are eligible for interview. About 2,500 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of between 4 and 5 percent. In addition to the 59,500 occupied units, there are 11,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those used since 1967 are as follows:

Employed persons are (a) all civilians who, during the survey week, did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who

were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor- management disputes, or personal reasons, whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States are also included in the employed total.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons are all civilians who had no employment during the survey week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the prior 4 weeks. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off or were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days need not be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Measurements of mean and median duration are computed from a distribution of single weeks of unemployment.

Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into four major groups. (1) Job losers are persons whose employment ended involuntarily who immediately began looking for work, and persons on layoff. (2) Job leavers are persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work. (3) Reentrants are persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer but were out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work. (4) New entrants are persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer. Each of these four categories of the unemployed may be expressed as an unemployment rate or proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers.

Jobseekers are all unemployed persons who made

specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week. Jobseekers do not include those persons unemployed because they (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or (b) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work, including going to a public or private employment agency or to an employer directly, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or utilizing some other method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point.

The civilian labor force comprises all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The labor force also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The overall unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force, including members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The unemployment rate for all civilian workers represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, etc.

Participation rates represent the proportion of the population that is in the labor force. The labor force participation rate is the ratio of the labor force, including the resident Armed Forces, to the noninstitutional population. The civilian labor force participation rate is the ratio of the civilian labor force to the civilian noninstitutional population. Civilian labor force participation rates are usually published for sexage groups, often cross-classified by other demographic characteristics such as race and educational attainment.

Employment-population ratios represent the proportion of the noninstitutional population that is employed. The total employment-population ratio is total employment, including the resident Armed Forces, as a percent of the noninstitutional population. The civilian employment-population ratio is the percentage of all employed civilians in the civilian noninstitutional population.

Not in the labor force includes all persons who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as engaged in own home housework, in school, unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness, retired, and other. The "other" group includes individuals reported as too old or temporarily unable to work, the voluntarily idle, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season and who were not reported as looking for work, and persons who did not look for work because they believed that no jobs were available in the area or that no jobs were available for which they could qualify—discouraged workers. Persons doing only incidental, unpaid family work (less than 15 hours in the specified week) are also classified as not in labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work, desire for a job at the

time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are published on a quarterly basis. As of January 1970, the detailed questions for persons not in the labor force are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for 3 previous months and would not be in for the subsequent month. Between 1967 and 1969, these questions were asked in those households entering the sample for the first time and those returning for the second 4 months of interviewing, i.e., the "incoming" groups.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their last full-time job lasting 2 weeks or more. The classifications of occupations and industries used in data derived from the CPS are defined as in the 1980 census. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies wage and salary workers subdivided into private and government workers; self-employed workers; and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more during the survey week are designated as working full time. Persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working part time. Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or noneconomic reasons). Economic reasons include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of a job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. Noneconomic reasons include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home or school, no desire for full-time work, and fulltime worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1 to 34 hours for noneconomic reasons and usually work full time.

Data on employment "at work" differ from data on total employment because they exclude persons in the zero-hoursworked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute.

Employed persons are also categorized into full- and parttime groupings based primarily on their usual status. In this context, full-time workers are those who (a) worked 35 hours or more during the survey week, (b) worked 1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons, but usually work full time, and (c) were with a job but not at work and usually work full time. Similarly, part-time workers are those who (a) voluntarily worked 1 to 34 hours during the survey week, (b) worked 1 to 34 hours for economic reasons, but usually work part time, i.e., persons who could only find part-time work; and (c) were with a job but not at work and usually work part time.

Unemployment rates for full- and part-time workers are calculated using the concepts of the full- and part-time labor force which are based on the type of job—full or part-time—that persons—whether working or unemployed—report that they want. The "full-time labor force" includes all persons working part time but who desire full-time work, that is, working part time for economic reasons. Thus, this category consists of persons on full-time schedules; all persons involuntarily working part time regardless of their usual status; and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The "part-time labor force" consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according to whether they usually work on full-time or voluntary part-time schedules.

Labor force time lost is a measure of aggregate hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available aggregate hours. It is computed by assuming that; (1) unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) those looking for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers during the survey week, and (3) persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

White, black, and other are terms used to describe the race of workers. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. All tables in this publication which contain racial data, with the exception of A-5 and its annual counterpart, present data for the black population group. Because of their relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican living on the mainland, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings data are provided from responses to the question "How much does...USUALLY earn per week at this job before deductions?" Included are any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding the incorporated self-employed) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$50 centered interval within which each median falls.

Data expressed in constant dollars are deflated by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status are terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were reported as members of the same household even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent, includes persons who are separated because of marital discord, as well as persons who are living apart because either the husband or the wife was employed and living away from home, serving in the Armed Forces, or had a different place of residence for any reason.

A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters.

A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family refers to a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family even though they may include a related subfamily, that is, a married couple or a parent-child group related by birth or marriage to the householder and sharing the living quarters. The

count of families used in this publication excludes unrelated subfamilies such as lodgers, guests, or resident employees living in a household but not related to the householder. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other persons maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

Poverty areas are defined as those census tracts in tracted areas, and Minor Civil Division's (MCD's) in untracted areas, in which 20 percent or more of the noninstitutional residents were poor according to the 1980 decennial census. Persons were classified as poor or nonpoor by comparing money income to a series of poverty income thresholds which vary by family size and number of children. While poverty areas have a substantial concentration of low-income residents, many poor persons live outside these areas, and conversely, the areas include many people who are not poor.

The metropolitan areas classification consists of the total of all Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) as defined by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) as of June 30, 1983. These definitions differ from those used in the 1980 decennial census. A detailed discussion of the MSA definitions as well as changes in terminology can be found in "The New Metropolitan Area Definitions" section of the 1980 Census of Population Supplementary Report on Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PC-S1-18. Nonmetropolitan areas consist of the total territory outside MSA's.

The urban population, as defined for the 1980 census, comprises all persons living in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more inhabitants outside urbanized areas. More specifically, the urban population consists of all persons living in (1) places of 2,500 or more inhabitants incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding those persons living in the rural portions of extended cities; and (2) other territories, incorporated and unincorporated, included in urbanized areas. The population not classified as urban constitutes the rural population.

HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

Change in lower age limit

The lower age limit for official statistics on the labor force, employment, and unemployment was raised from 14 to 16 years of age in January 1967. Insofar as possible, historical series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the population 16 years and over. For a detailed discussion of this and other definitional changes introduced at that time, including estimates of their effect on the various series, see "New Definitions for Employment and Unemployment," Employment and Earnings and Monthly

Report on the Labor Force, February 1967.

Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the changes introduced in 1967, there are several other periods of noncomparability in the labor force data: (1)Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and men; other categories were relatively unaffected. (2) Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force. Four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected. (3) Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged. (4) Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; and unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. (5) A subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced in March 1973. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.

In addition, beginning in January 1974, the methodology used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an inflation-deflation approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year-old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation", in the February 1974 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Effective in July 1975, as a result of the immigration of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000—30,000 men and 46,000 women. The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, and all of the changes were in the other population.

Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor

force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.

Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio estimation method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure were derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in total population and estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 that are described above, and data users should make allowances for them in making certain data comparisons.

Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment methodology was updated to account for results obtained from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.

Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure—the noninterview adjustment, the first and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite

estimator—were revised. These procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin. Major estimates were revised back to January 1980.

Beginning in January 1986, the population controls used in the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology were revised to reflect an explicit estimate of the number of undocumented immigrants (largely Hispanic) since 1980 and an improved estimate of the number of emigrants among legal foreign-born residents for the same time period. As a result, the total civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by nearly 400,000; civilian employment was increased by about 350,000. The Hispanic-origin civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by about 425,000 and 305,000, respectively, and civilian employment by 270,000. Overall and subgroup unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected. Because of the magnitude of the adjustments for Hispanics, data have been revised back to January 1980 to the extent possible. An explanation of the changes and their effect on estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of this publication.

Changes in the occupational and industrial classification system

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisions of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of Employment and Earnings.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. These systems differ from those developed for the 1970 census, which were used in the CPS from January 1971 through December 1982.

The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved

from the Standard Occuptional Classification system (SOC). While the CPS occupational data are now comparable with other data sources, the new system is so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers". Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification system (SIC), as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had a much less adverse effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation", and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration."

Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Changes in the sample design

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. Most of these changes were made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates.

One major change made after every decennial census is to change the sample design to make use of the recently collected census materials. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are increased occasionally. In 1953, the current rotation plan was introduced, in which a sample unit is interviewed for 4 months, leaves the sample for 8 months, and then returns to the sample for another 4 months. When Alaska and Hawaii achieved statehood, three more sample areas were added to account for the population in these States. After the 1960 census, selection of a major portion of the sample from census address lists was begun, though a portion of the sample is still collected using area sampling. Following the 1970 census, the ultimate sampling unit was changed from a noncontiguous cluster of six housing units to a usually contiguous cluster of four housing units. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia and designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States, was incorporated into the design. In October 1978, a coverage improvement sample, composed of approximately 450 sample household units which represented 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units, was included in computing the estimates in order to provide coverage of mobile homes and new construction units that previously had no chance for selection in the CPS sample selected from the 1970 census frame. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added to the existing sample. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. Beginning in January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to SMSA's, which were redefined in 1973.

Beginning in 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was selected based on 1980 census information rather than 1970 census information. The selection of new sample areas provided an opportunity to improve the efficiency of the sample design. Sample areas chosen to replace incoming sample areas account for only 10 percent of the national estimate. The new CPS sample has resulted in increased reliability for State estimates with a slightly reduced sample size. The reliability of national estimates is unaffected. Sample households are chosen from 729 sample areas, which represent 1,973 geographic areas in the United States. This current number of sample areas is not completely comparable to the old number of sample areas since many of the sample areas have been redefined. (See pp. 7-10 of the May 1984 issue of Employment and Earnings, for an overview of these new definitions and the introduction of the new sample.)

Table A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use during the different data collection periods. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in the Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

ESTIMATING METHODS

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Beginning in 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State have the same probability of selection. These estimates are then adjusted for noninterviews, and the ratio estimation procedure is applied.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately by combinations of similar sample areas that are not necessarily contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within

Table A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to date

Time period			Househo		
		Number of sample areas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	Households visited bu not eligible
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954 .	, .	21,000	68	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956.		21,000	230	500-1,000	3,000-3,500
May 1956 to Dec. 1959 .		33,500	1330	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963.		33,500	2333	1,500	6,000
Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966 .		33,500	357	1,500	6,000
Jan. 1967 to July 1971.		48,000	449	2,000	8,500
Aug. 1971 to July 1972.		45,000	449	2,000	8,000
Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977 .		45,000	461	2,000	8,000
Jan. 1978 to Dec. 1979 .		53,500	614	2,500	10,000
Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981.		62,200	629	2,800	12,000
May 1981 to Dec. 1984 .		57,800	629	2,500	11,000
Jan. 1985 to present		57,000	729	2,500	11,000

Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia

each combination of sample areas there is a further breakdown by residence. MSA sample areas are categorized by "central city" and "balance of the MSA". Residence categories of non-MSA areas are "urban" and "rural". The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.

- 2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and residence. Since these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
- a. First-stage ratio estimate. In the CPS, a portion of the 729 sample areas is chosen to represent other areas not in the sample; the remainder of the sample areas represent only themselves. The first-stage ratio estimation procedure was designed to reduce the portion of the variance resulting from requiring sample areas to represent nonsample areas. Therefore, this procedure is not applied to sample areas which represent only themselves. The adjustment is made at the State level for each of the 43 States which contain nonsample areas by race cells of black and non-black. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each cell at the time of the 1980 census between the race distribution of the population in sample areas and the known race distribution of the State.
- b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this stage, the sample proportions of persons in specific categories are adjusted to the distribution of independent current estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population in the same categories. The second-stage ratio adjustment, which is performed to further reduce variability of the estimates and to correct to some

extent for CPS undercoverage relative to the decennial census, is carried out in three steps. In the first step, the sample estimates are adjusted within each State and the District of Columbia to an independent control for the population 16 years and over. The second step involves an adjustment by Hispanic origin to a national estimate for eight age-sex categories by Hispanic and non-Hispanic. In the third step, a national adjustment is made by the race categories of white, black, and other races to independent estimates by age and sex. The white and black categories contain 32 age-sex groups each; the other races category has 6 age-sex cells. The entire second-stage adjustment procedure is iterated six times, each time beginning at the weights developed the previous time. This ensures that the sample estimates of the population for both State and national age-sex-race- origin categories will be virtually equal to the independent population control totals. This second-stage adjustment procedure incorporates changes instituted in January 1985. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of Employment and Earnings.

The controls by State for the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over are an arithmetic extrapolation of the trend in the growth of this segment of the population from the April 1, 1980, census through the latest available July 1 estimate, adjusted as a last step to a current estimate of the U.S. population of this group. State estimates by age for July 1 are published annually in *Current Population Reports*, Series P-25. For a description of the methodology used in developing the State total, see Report 640 of that series. A description of the age estimates methodology is available on request from the Chief of the Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Prior to January 1985, there was no separate control for Hispanics in the second-stage ratio procedure. These Hispanic controls are prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census count for Hispanics by adding estimated Hispanic births and immigrants and subtracting estimated Hispanic deaths

² Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

and emigrants to yield an estimate of the Hispanic population by age and sex.

During the period from January 1982 to December 1984, the "inflation-deflation" method was temporarily discontinued in the preparation of the independent national controls used for the age-sex-race groups in the third step of the second-stage ratio estimation procedure. These controls were prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census data after taking account of subsequent aging of the population, births, deaths, and net migration and then subtracting the estimate for the institutional population and Armed Forces. Beginning in January 1985, the "inflation-deflation" method of deriving independent population controls was reintroduced into the CPS estimation procedure. With the "inflation-deflation" method, the independent controls are prepared by inflating the 1980 census counts to include estimated undercounts by age, sex and race, aging this population forward to each subsequent month and later age by adding births and net migration, and subtracting deaths. These post-censal population estimates are then deflated to census level to reflect the pattern of net undercount in the most recent census by age, sex, and race. Because an estimate of undercount is first added and then subtracted, the size of each race-sex group is unaffected by the "inflation-deflation" method. Similarly, the final estimate is affected only by the age structure of the undercount, but not the level. This feature of the method is important since the exact amount of undercount in the 1980 census remains unknown.

Data on births and deaths between April 1, 1980, and the estimate date are based on tabulations of vital statistics for the resident population made by the National Center for Health Statistics and data on deaths of military personnel overseas from the Department of Defense. Estimates of net civilian immigration are based on data provided by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Puerto Rico Planning Board. The civilian noninstitutional population is derived by subtracting the Armed Forces and the institutional population for the estimate date from the total including Armed Forces overseas. The institutional population is computed by applying institutional proportions derived from the 1980 census to the total population, including Armed Forces overseas for the estimate date. All computations described above are performed in cells defined by single year of age, race, and sex. The independent national control totals are then obtained by collapsing these cells into broader age groups for the population 16 years and older.

Beginning in January 1986, two changes were introduced into the estimation of the independent population controls. For the first time, an explicit allowance for net undocumented immigration since April 1, 1980 (the census date) was added to the estimated level of legal immigration. In addition, an increase in the estimate of emigration of legal foreign-born residents has been incorporated into the postcensal population estimates since 1980. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75 percent), as well as the sample results for the current month. Also included is an additional term which is an estimate of the net difference between incoming and continuing parts of the current month's sample. Almost all estimates of month-to-month change are improved by this procedure, and most estimates of level are also improved, but to a lesser extent.

Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided primarily indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some non-sampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, inability to recall information, errors made in collection such as in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data, and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey have been studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the *Current Population Survey Reinterview Program*,

January 1961 Through December 1966, Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates From Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, Journal of the American Statistical Association, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the decennial census, undercoverage is about 6 percent. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women, and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races combined than for whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race-Hispanic origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-Hispanic origin group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980 census.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in "An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey," by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive discussion of various sources of error and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated error were calculated from each sample, then:

- 1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 146

standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the average of all possible samples.

3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a large number of estimates and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations are required. First, the standard errors in this volume reflect the sample design and estimation procedures in effect prior to the expansions for State estimates. Thus, these standard errors may slightly overstate the standard errors applicable to the present design. Second, instead of computing an individual standard error for each estimate, generalized sets of standard errors are computed for various types of characteristics. This generalization yields more stable estimates of the standard errors. Consequently, the sets of standard errors provided give an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error of an estimate rather than the precise standard error.

Tables B and C show approximate standard errors for major employment status characteristics for monthly estimates and for changes for consecutive months. These standard errors are applicable to the level of the estimates in recent months.

Tables D through H provide generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for estimated totals, unemployment rates, and percentages. Table I contains factors for use with table H for computing standard errors, as described below, for monthly level and month-to-month change for percentages. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the table may be approximated by linear interpolation. The standard error for estimated changes from one month to the next is more closely related to the monthly level for the characteristic than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the generalized standard errors for month-tomonth change as given in the tables of standard errors, it is necessary to obtain the monthly estimate for the characteristic. It should be noted that the tables of standard errors for month-to-month change apply only to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. Estimates of change for nonconsecutive months are subject to higher standard errors. Table J contains factors for use with tables D, F, H, and I to compute approximate standard errors for levels, labor force participation rates, and percentages as pertaining to the yearto-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. Note that standard errors for changes in quarterly and yearly estimates apply only to consecutive quarters and years. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors must be adjusted due to the differences in the sample size. For years prior to 1956, the standard errors should be multiplied by 1.50, and for the 1956-66 period they should be multiplied by 1.22. Table K provides generalized standard

Table B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(in thousands)

		Standard	error of—
Employment status, sex, age, and race		Monthly level	Month-to- month change (consecutive months only)
Total, 16 years and over:		-	
Civilian labor force		244	187
Employed		263	200
Unemployed		131	134
Men, 20 years and over:			
Civilian labor force .	.	148	127
Employed		162	141
Unemployed		89	91
Women, 20 years and over:			
Civilian labor force .	.	189	140
Employed		190	144
Unemployed		82	85
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:			}
Civilian labor force .		83	91
Employed		86	97
Unemployed		57	63
Black, 16 years and over:			
Civilian labor force		82	63
Employed		92	70
Unemployed		65	67
Men, 20 years and over:			
Civilian labor force .		49	43
Employed		56	50
Unemployed		43	46
Women, 20 years and over:			
Civilian labor force .		67	44
Employed		67	48
Unemployed		43	46
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:	- 1		1
Civilian labor force .		33	37
Employed	.1	30	34
Unemployed .		30	32

errors for quarterly estimates of persons and families for use with the CPS earnings data.

Standard errors for estimated totals. Tables D and E provide generalized standard errors for monthly totals and for month-to-month change. The figures given in these tables are to be used for the characteristics as indicated.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month the number of persons working a specific number of hours was 12,000,000, an increase of 400,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the second column of table D shows that the standard error on an estimate of 12,000,000 is about 159,000. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 11,841,000 to 12,159,000. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Recall that the standard error of a month-to-month change is primarily dependent on the size of the monthly estimate. Thus, using linear interpolation in the first column of table E, the standard error on a month-to-month change of 400,000, when the monthly level is approximately 12,000,000, is about 118,000.

Standard errors for rates and percentages. The reliability of an estimated unemployment rate or an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the rate or percentage and the total upon which the rate or percentage is based. Estimated rates and percentages are relatively more

Table C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

	Standard	l error of—		Standard	error of
Characteristic	Monthly level Consecutive- month change		Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Total (all civilian workers)	0.11	0.12	Occupation—Continued		
Men, 20 years and over	.15	.15	Precision production, craft, and repair	0.32	0.35
Women, 20 years and over	1 7	.18	Machine operators, assemblers, and	0.02	0.00
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years.	0.5	.77	inspectors	.50	.57
White workers.		.12	Transportation and material moving	.57	.64
Black workers		.54	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and		
Married men, spouse present	.15	.16	laborers	.70	.80
Married women, spouse present.	0.1	.23	Farming, forestry, and fishing.	.65	.73
Full-time workers .	.12	.12			
Part-time workers	.34	.42	Industry	l	
Unemployed 15 weeks and over .	.06	.08			Ī
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			Nonagricultural private wage and salary		
			workers .	.13	.14
Occupation			Mining	1,37	1.56
-			Construction	.65	.74
Executive, administrative, and managerial	.21	.24	Manufacturing	.27	.30
Professional specialty	.18	.20	Durable goods	.34	.38
Technicians and related support.	.49	.55	Nondurable goods	.42	.48
Sales		.32	Transportation, communications, and		1
Administrative support, including clerical	.24	.26	public utilities	.41	.46
Private household .	1.07	1.20	Wholesale and retail trade	.26	.29
Protective service	.67	.76	Finance and services	.20	.22
Service, except private household and	.0,	.,•	Government workers	.18	.19
protective	.38	.43	A aviaultural management and an immediate	1.22	1.40
protective.	.30	.40	Agricultural wage and salary workers	1.22	1.40

reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerator of the rates or percentages; this is particularly true for percentages of 50 percent or more. As a general rule, percentages are not published when the monthly base is less than 75,000, the quarterly average base is less than 60,000, or the annual average base is less than 35,000.

Tables F and G show generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for unemployment rates. Generalized standard errors for estimated monthly percentages and estimated month-to-month change in percentage can be obtained through the use of the standard errors in table H and the factors in table I. First, obtain the standard error from table H for the specific percentage and base. The generalized standard error is then calculated by multiplying the standard error from table H by the appropriate factor from table I. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the factor indicated by the numerator of the percentage.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month 3.6 percent of a total of 90,771,000 employed persons are employed in agriculture. The standard error on an estimate of 3.6 percent with a base of 90,771,000 is obtained from table H (0.09 percent). The appropriate factor from table I for the numerator of the percentage, agricultural employment, is 1.26. The generalized standard error on the estimated 3.6 percent is then approximately $0.09 \times 1.26 = 0.1$ percentage point.

Standard errors for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. The approximate standard errors of levels, rates, and percentages involving year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages may be obtained by using table J in conjunction with the other tables. Standard errors for estimates of change are more closely related to the level of the estimate than to the size of the specific change. Thus, to obtain the standard error of an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, or an estimate of a change in level, rate, or percentage, it is first necessary to find the appropriate estimate of level. For an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of this estimate. For an estimate of change in level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of the average of the two estimates affecting the change. Then, after computing the standard error by treating these estimates as monthly estimates and using the procedures above, multiply this result by a suitable factor from table J to obtain the approximate standard error for the average or change.

Illustration. Suppose that one is interested in the year-to-year change of a monthly unemployment rate. Assume that for a certain month the unemployment rate is 6.9 percent, based on a total of 95,676,000 in the civilian labor force, and that

Table D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly level

(in thousands)

				(Characteristi	C ¹				
		Unempl	oyment	Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment						
Estimated monthly level	Agricultural employment	Total or white	Black	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white men only, or women only	Black men only, or women only	
50	85 120 146	10 15 33 47 66 93 113 129 143 172 195	11 16 35 49 67 88 99	11 15 34 48 68 95 116 133 147 177 201 236 261 278 288 293 293 273 231	11 15 34 47 64 84 94 97 94 50	11 15 33 46 63 80 86 83 70	11 15 29 33 -	10 14 32 45 63 87 105 120 132 155 170 188 189 175 141 61	10 14 31 42 55 66 58 23	

When determining the standard error of an estimate for a group which is a subset of the age, sex, or race groups listed, use the standard error for the next larger group, e.g., when determining the standard error

of the estimated number of employed persons age 20 to 54 years, use the column for total employed.

(in thousands)

				Charac	teristic1			
Estimated monthly level		Unempl	oyment		Labor force da		unemployment a pyment	nd agricultural
	Total or white	Both sexes 16 to 19 years, or part-time labor force ²	Black	Black, 16 to 16 to 19 years	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years
50	12 16 37 51 72 99 118 132 143 160 165	13 18 40 54 70 78 60	12 17 38 52 69 85 87	12 18 35 37	8 11 25 36 50 70 86 98 109 131 148 174 191 203 210 212 211 193 153	8 11 25 35 47 62 70 73 71 42	13 18 39 54 72 88 88 71	13 18 34 36

See footnote 1, table D.

the labor force, persons who left their last job, and persons by duration of unemployment.

a year prior to this the unemployment rate was 6.1 percent, based on a total of 94,254,000 in the civilian labor force for the month. First, the standard error on the average of the two estimates, 6.5 percent with a base of 94,965,000, is obtained from table F (0.12 percentage point). The appropriate factor, then, from table J is 1.40. The approximate standard error on the change of 0.8 percent is then given by $0.12 \times 1.40 \doteq 0.17$ percentage point.

The approximate standard error of levels involving year-to-year change of quarterly estimates pertaining to CPS earnings data for persons and families may be obtained by using table K in conjunction with the following formula:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Standard} \\ \text{error of} \\ \text{year-to-year} \\ \text{change} = & \sqrt{ \begin{pmatrix} \text{Stand-} \\ \text{ard} \\ \text{error} \\ \text{x} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \text{Stand-} \\ \text{ard} \\ \text{error} \\ \text{y} \end{pmatrix} - 2(P) \begin{pmatrix} \text{Stand-} \\ \text{ard} \\ \text{error} \\ \text{x} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \text{Stand-} \\ \text{ard} \\ \text{error} \\ \text{y} \end{pmatrix} }$$

X is the estimate for one quarter and Y is the estimate for another quarter. The coefficient, P, is a measure of the corre-

lation between the estimates X and Y resulting from the presence of some of the same respondents in the sample for each estimate. For consecutive year-to-year changes of quarterly estimates, the values of P are 0.30 for persons (total, white, and black) and 0.35 for families (total, white, and black). The respective values for estimates of Hispanics are 0.45 and 0.55.

Illustration. Assume that in a given quarter the number of women employed as full-time wage and salary workers was 27,000,000 and in the same quarter a year later, their number had increased to 29,000,000. Using linear interpolation in the eighth column of table K, the standard error of an estimate of 27,000,000 is 216,000; for 29,000,000 it is 221,000. Using the above formula, the standard error of the 2,000,000 year-to-year change is:

$$(216,000)^2 + (221,000)^2 -2(.30) (216,000) (221,000),$$

or about 259,000.

² Part-time labor force for unemployment also includes persons reentering

Table F. Standard errors for unemployment rates

	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)										
1	2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50		
2.09	2.94	4.57	6.28	7.46	8.34	9.01	9.05	9.87	10.21		
. 1.48	2.08	3.23	4.44	5.28	5.90	6.37	6.73	6.98	7.22		
66	.93	1.45	1.99	2.36	2.64	2.85	3.01	3.12	3.27		
47	.66	1.02	1.40	1.67	1.87	2.01	2.13	2.21	2.28		
33	.46	.72	.99	1.18	1.32	1.42	1.50	1.56	1.61		
23	.33	.51	.70	.83	.93	1.01	1.06	1.10	1.14		
19	.27	.42	.57	.68	.76	.82	.87	.90	.93		
15	.21	.32	.44	.53	.59	.64	.67	.70	.72		
10	.15	.23	.31	.37	.42	.45	.47	.49	.51		
06	.08	.13	.18	.21	.24	.26	.27	.27	.29		
05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.20	.21	.22	.22		
	66 47 33 23 19 15 10	. 2.09 2.94 . 1.48 2.08 . 66 .93 . 47 .66 . 33 .46 . 23 .33 . 19 .27 . 15 .21 . 10 .15 . 06 .08	. 2.09 2.94 4.57 . 1.48 2.08 3.23 . 66 .93 1.45 . 47 .66 1.02 . 33 .46 .72 . 23 .33 .51 . 19 .27 .42 . 15 .21 .32 . 10 .15 .23 . 06 .08 .13	. 2.09 2.94 4.57 6.28 . 1.48 2.08 3.23 4.44 . 66 93 1.45 1.99 . 47 .66 1.02 1.40 . 33 .46 .72 .99 . 23 .33 .51 .70 . 19 .27 .42 .57 . 15 .21 .32 .44 . 10 .15 .23 .31 . 06 .08 .13 .18	. 2.09 2.94 4.57 6.28 7.46 . 1.48 2.08 3.23 4.44 5.28 . 66 .93 1.45 1.99 2.36 . 47 .66 1.02 1.40 1.67 . 33 .46 .72 .99 1.18 . 23 .33 .51 .70 .83 . 19 .27 .42 .57 .68 . 15 .21 .32 .44 .53 . 10 .15 .23 .31 .37 . 06 .08 .13 .18 .21	. 2.09 2.94 4.57 6.28 7.46 8.34 . 1.48 2.08 3.23 4.44 5.28 5.90 66 .93 1.45 1.99 2.36 2.64 47 .66 1.02 1.40 1.67 1.87 33 .46 .72 .99 1.18 1.32 23 .33 .51 .70 .83 .93 19 .27 .42 .57 .68 .76 15 .21 .32 .44 .53 .59 10 .15 .23 .31 .37 .42 06 .08 .13 .18 .21 .24	. 2.09 2.94 4.57 6.28 7.46 8.34 9.01 . 1.48 2.08 3.23 4.44 5.28 5.90 6.37 . 66 .93 1.45 1.99 2.36 2.64 2.85 . 47 .66 1.02 1.40 1.67 1.87 2.0133 .46 .72 .99 1.18 1.32 1.4223 .33 .51 .70 .83 .93 1.01 . 19 .27 .42 .57 .68 .76 .8215 .21 .32 .44 .53 .59 .6410 .15 .23 .31 .37 .42 .4506 .08 .13 .18 .21 .24 .26	. 2.09 2.94 4.57 6.28 7.46 8.34 9.01 9.05 . 1.48 2.08 3.23 4.44 5.28 5.90 6.37 6.73 66 .93 1.45 1.99 2.36 2.64 2.85 3.01 47 .66 1.02 1.40 1.67 1.87 2.01 2.13 33 .46 .72 99 1.18 1.32 1.42 1.50 23 .33 .51 .70 .83 .93 1.01 1.06 19 .27 .42 .57 .68 .76 .82 .87 15 .21 .32 .44 .53 .59 .64 .67 10 .15 .23 .31 .37 .42 .45 .47 06 .08 .13 .18 .21 .24 .26 .27	2.09 2.94 4.57 6.28 7.46 8.34 9.01 9.05 9.87 1.48 2.08 3.23 4.44 5.28 5.90 6.37 6.73 6.98 . 66 .93 1.45 1.99 2.36 2.64 2.85 3.01 3.12 . 47 .66 1.02 1.40 1.67 1.87 2.01 2.13 2.21 . 33 .46 .72 .99 1.18 1.32 1.42 1.50 1.56 . 23 .33 .51 .70 .83 .93 1.01 1.06 1.10 . 19 .27 .42 .57 .68 .76 .82 .87 .90 . 15 .21 .32 .44 .53 .59 .64 .67 .70 . 10 .15 .23 .31 .37 .42 .45 .47 .49 . 06 .08 .13 .18 .21 .24 .26 .27 .27		

Table G. Standard errors for month-to-month change in unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate (in thousands)	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)										
	1	2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50	
50,	2.32	3.28	5.14	7.18	8.69	9.90	10.93	11.81	12.58	14.48	
100.	1.64	2.32	3.64	5.08	6.14	7.00	7.12	8.35	8.89	10.17	
500	.73	1.04	1.63	2.27	2.74	3.13	3.45	3.73	3.97	4.53	
1,000	.52	.73	1.15	1.60	1.94	2.21	2.44	2.63	2.80	3.19	
2,000	.37	.52	.81	1.13	1.37	1.56	1.72	1.85	1.97	2.24	
4,000	.26	.37	.57	.80	.96	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.38	1.56	
6,000	.21	.30	.47	.65	.78	.89	.98	1.05	1.11	-	
10,000	.16	.23	.36	.50	.60	.68	.75	.80			
20,000	.12	.16	.25	.35	.42	.47	.51	.54		ļ	
60,000	.07	.09	.14	.19	.22	.23	.24	_		ĺ	
100,000	.05	.07	.11	.14	.15	.15	_				

Table H. Standard errors for estimated percentages and month-to-month change in percentages for labor force data

Monthly base of percentages		Percentage of monthly level										
(in thousands)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	20 or 80	25 or 75	30 or 70	35 or 65	50		
50, .	2.14	3.01	4.69	6.46	7.68	8.61	9.32	9.86	10.27	10.76		
100	1.51	2.13	3.32	4.57	5.43	6.09	6.59	6.97	7.26	7.61		
500	68	.95	1.48	2.04	2.43	2.72	2.95	3.12	3.25	3.40		
1,000 .	48	.67	1.05	1.44	1.72	1.92	2.08	2.21	2.30	2.41		
2,000 .	34	.48	.74	1.02	1.22	1.36	1.47	1.56	1.62	1.70		
4,000 .	24	.34	.52	.72	.86	.96	1.04	1.10	1.15	1.20		
6,000	20	.28	.43	.59	.70	.79	.85	.90	.94	.98		
10,000 .	15	.21	.33	.46	.54	.61	.66	.70	.73	.76		
20,000 .	11	.15	.23	.32	.38	.43	.47	.49	.51	.54		
40,000 .	08	.11	.17	.23	.27	.30	.33	.35	.36	.38		
60,000 .	06	.09	.14	.19	.22	.25	.27	.28	.30	.31		
80,000	05	.08	.12	.16	.19	.22	.23	.25	.26	.27		
100,000	05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.21	.22	.23	.24		
160,000	04	.05	.08	.11	.13	.15	.16	.17	.18	.19		

NOTE: The standard errors in this table must be multiplied by the factors in table I to obtain the approximate standard error for a specific characteristic.

Table I. Factors to be used with table H to compute approximate standard errors for percentages and month-to-month change in percentages

	Fa	ctor		Factor		
Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	Characteristic	Monthly level Monthly level month		
Agricultural employment: Total or full-time labor force . Part-time labor force . Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:	1.26	1.05 1.50	Unemployment: Part-time labor force, duration of unemployment, left last job, reentering labor force	. 1.01	1.21	
Total	. 1.00 93 86 . 1.00	74 .84 75 1.18	Total or white: Total		1.08 1.21 1.13 1.24	

Table J. Factors to be used with tables D, F, H, and I to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and change in yearly averages

			Factor		
Characteristic	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages
Agricultural employment:					
Total or men	1.30 1.30 1.40	0.89 .83 .74	0.80 .80 .80	0.72 .58 .46	0.70 .70 .70
employment and unemployment:					
Total or white	1.30 1.30 1.40	.88 .82 .74	.88 .88 .88	.67 .57 .46	.70 .70 .60
Jnemployment:					
Total Part time .	1.40	.76 .69	.88 .88	.50 .39	.65 .54

Table K. Standard errors for estimates of quarterly levels, to be used with CPS earnings data (In thousands)

					Characteristic	 :		,		
		Total			M	Wor	men			
Estimated quarterly level	Part-time	Total or full-t	time workers	Don't kinn o	Total	or full-time we			otal, full-time, or art-time workers	
	workers	Total or white	Black	Part-time workers	Total	White	Black	Total or white	Black	
10 . 50 .	5	5 12	5 12	5 11	5 12	5 12	5 12	5 11	5 11	
75 100 .	13	15 17	15 17	13 15	15 17	15 17	15 17	13	13 15	
150 . 200 .	19 22	21 24	21 24	19 22	21 24	21 24	21 24	19 22	19 21	
250 . 300 .	24 26	27 30	27 30	24 26	27 30	27 30	27 29	24 26	24 26	
500 . 750 .	34 42	38 47	38 46	34 42	38 47	38 47	37 45	34 42	33 41	
1,000	. 48 . 59	54 66	53 63	48 59	54 66	54 66	50 59	48 59	46 56	
2,000 . 2,500 .	76	76 85	72 79	68 75	76 84	76 84	65 69	68 75	63 69	
3,000 . 5,000 .	. 83 . 107	93 119	85 100	82 105	92 117	92 116	71 64	82 105	74 85	
7,500	. 130 . 149	145 165	107 102	127 144	140 157	138 155		127 145		
15,000	. 205	198 224	_	187 192	183 199	179 193		173 195		
25,000	226	244 261		207 219	209 212	199 198		211 224		
40,000	. 273 . 296 . 331	286 301 304		236 -	201	174		242		
100,000	0.40	255								

Establishment Data (Tables B-1 through C-8)

COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment and hours and earnings in nonagricultural establishments, by industry and geographic location. Historical statistics are published in *Employment*, *Hours*, and *Earnings*, *United States*, 1909-84, and *Employment*, *Hours*, and *Earnings*, *States and Areas*, 1939-82 and their supplements.

Federal-State cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements, responding establishments report employment, hours, and earnings data to State agencies. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the reported data to prepare State and area series and also send the reported data to the BLS (Washington Office) for use in preparing the national series. This avoids a duplicate reporting burden on establishments, and, together with the use of similar estimating techniques at the national and State levels, promotes increased comparability between estimates.

Shuttle schedules

Form BLS 790—Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours is the name of the data collection schedule. The collection agency returns the schedule to the respondent each month so that the next month's data can be entered on the space allotted for that month. This "shuttle" procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures that have been reported for previous months.

Form BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the total number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments and, for most industries, employment, payroll, and hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month.

CONCEPTS

Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the

industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation and for States and areas are classified in accordance with the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SICM), Office of Management and Budget. The BLS tabulates and estimates statistics which distinguish between private and public establishments, thus maintaining continuity with previously published statistics for the private and government sector.

Industry employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency also are excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

Indexes of diffusion of changes in number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls. These indexes measure the percent of industries which posted increases in employment over the specified time span. The indexes are calculated from 185 seasonally adjusted employment series (two-digit non-manufacturing industries and three-digit manufacturing industries) covering all nonagricultural payroll employment in the private sector. A more detailed discussion of these indexes appears in "Introduction of Diffusion Indexes," in the December issue of Employment and Earnings.

Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storing, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Construction workers include the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacation, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. "Fringe benefits" (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours cover the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours cover hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which included the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is differ-

ent from standard or scheduled hours, Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1977. For basic industries, the hours aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hours aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, overtime premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as work stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours.

Average hourly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum wage payments. This series is compiled only for aircraft manufactur-

ing, SIC 3721. The same concepts and estimation methods apply to this series as apply to the average hourly earnings series described above; the one difference between the two series is definitional. The payroll data used to calculate this series include lump-sum payments made to production workers in lieu of general wage rate increases; such payments are excluded from the definition of gross payrolls used to calculate the other average hourly earnings series.

For each sample establishment in SIC 3721 covered by a lump-sum agreement, the reported payroll data are adjusted to include a prorated portion of the lump-sum payment. Such payments are generally made once a year and cover the following 12-month period. In order to spread the payment across this time period, a prorated portion of the payment is added to the payroll each month. This prorated portion is adjusted by an exit rate to reduce the lump-sum amount to account for persons who received the payment but left before the payment allocation period expired.

Average hourly earnings excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime premium pay, are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Railroad hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Average weekly earnings. These estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as the proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-time trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Real earnings, or earnings in constant dollars, are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

ESTIMATING METHODS

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the establishment statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique, which is a form of ratio estimation; (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks; and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

The "link relative" technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current-month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a "link relative." The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these link relatives. In addition, bias correction factors are applied to selected employment estimates each month. The size of the bias correction factors is determined from past benchmark comparisons. Beginning with data for April 1983, these factors are modified by changes in the sample link relatives for the most recent quarter. Other features of the general procedures are described in table L.

Size and regional stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified production or non-supervisory worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings for aggregation into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods in table L, may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

Benchmark adjustments

Employment estimates are compared periodically with benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) for the various nonagricultural industries, and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1986 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary sources of benchmark information are employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations cover about 98 percent of employees on nonagricultural payrolls in the United States. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained

Table L. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size, or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)
	Month	ly data
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months.¹	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees.	All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees. ²	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.
Average weekly hours .	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. ²	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours.	Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers. ²	Average, weighted by production worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.
Average hourly earnings .	Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. ²	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Average weekly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	Annual av	erage data
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers.	. Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Average weekly hours .	. Annual total of aggregate hours (production or non- supervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or non- supervisory workers divided by annual sum of employ- ment for these workers.
Average weekly overtime hours.	. Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average hourly earnings .	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate hours.
Average weekly earnings.	. Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

² The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly earnings are modified by

from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commmission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates for the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necessary, the monthly series of estimates between benchmark periods are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment; the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level. A comparison of the actual amounts of revisions made at the time of the March 1986 benchmark adjustment is shown in table M.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are subject to revision. Revised data are published as soon as possible after each benchmark revision.

THE SAMPLE

Design

The sampling plan used in the establishment survey is known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This design is an optimum allocation design among strata since the sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in relatively few establishments, a larger percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments, with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is

Table M. Comparison of nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates for March 1986

Industry	Benchmark	Estimate	Percent differ- ence
Total.	 98,150	98,617	-0.5
Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government	832 4,415 18,945 5,200 5,695 17,327 6,140 22,650 16,946	842 4,441 19,148 5,215 5,803 17,418 6,144 22,593 17,013	-1.2 6 -1.1 3 -1.9 5 1 .3 4
		Ì	[

Less than 0.05 percent.

in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments and also for a substantial number of the small ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to design samples for these industries with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than do establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS establishment survey program, with its emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after the reference period, and, at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail.

Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table N shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Table N. Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1986¹

Industry		Number of estab-	Employees		
		lishments in sample	Number reported	Percent of total	
Total .		249,800	37,762,000	38	
Mining		3,700	319,000	38	
Construction .		23,100	840,000	19	
Manufacturing		51,100	10,018,000	53	
Transportaion and public utilities		11,600	2,380,000	46	
Wholesale trade.		21,900	978,000	17	
Retail trade	٠.	42,900	3,352,000	19	
Finance, insurance, and					
real estate		17,700	2,135,000		
Services		53,300	5,362,000	24	
Government:			l '		
Federal ² .	٠.	5,000	2,908,000	100	
State .		4,800	3,194,000		
Local.		14,700	6,276,000	62	

Since a few establishments do not report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

² National estimates of Federal employment by agency are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 5,000 reports covering about 62 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

Reliability

Although the relatively large size of the BLS establishment sample assures a high degree of accuracy, the estimates derived from it may differ from the figures that would be obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures. As discussed under the previous section, a link relative technique is used to estimate employment. This requires the use of the previous month's estimate as the base in computing the current month's estimate. Thus, small sampling and response errors may accumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the estimates are usually adjusted annually to new benchmarks. In addition to taking account of sampling and response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks). In fact, at the more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjustments. Another cause of differences arises from improvements in the quality of the benchmark data. Table O presents the average percent revisions of the five most recent benchmarks for major industry divisions. Detailed descriptions of individual benchmark revisions are available from the Bureau upon request.

The hours and earnings estimates for basic estimating cells are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. The hours and earnings estimates, however, are subject to sampling errors, which may be expressed as

Table O. Average benchmark revision in employment estimates and relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings by industry

(in percent)

	Average benchmark	Relative error ²	
Industry	revision in estimates of employ- ment ¹	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
Total .	0.2		
Total private . Mining Construction . Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade . Retail trade	2.7 1.2 .7 .8 .7 .4 .7	0.1 1.0 .2 .1 .1 .7 .2	0.2 1.3 .5 .2 .3 .2 .6 .4
Finance, insurance, and real estate Services Government ³	.2 .2	.2 .4 —	.4 .6 –

The average percent revision in employment for the 1982-86 benchmarks.

relative errors of the estimate. (A relative error is a standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate.) Relative errors for major industries are presented in table O and for individual industries with the specified number of employees in table P. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the hours and earnings estimates from the sample would differ by a smaller percentage than the relative error from the averages that would have been obtained from a complete census.

One measure of the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-mean-square error (RMSE). The measure is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in estimates:

RMSE =
$$\sqrt{(\text{standard deviation})^2 + (\text{bias})^2}$$

If the bias is small, the chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the sample would differ from its benchmark by less than the root-mean-square error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the root-mean-square error.

Approximations of the root-mean-square errors (based on the most recent benchmark revisions) of differences between final estimates and benchmarks are presented in table P.

For the two most recent months, estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary and are so footnoted in the tables. These figures are based on less than the total sample and are revised when all the reports in the sample have been received. Table Q presents root-mean-square errors of the amounts of revisions that may be expected between the preliminary and final levels of employment and preliminary and final month-to-month changes. Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings.

STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, and earnings data are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with BLS. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas.

Table P. Root-mean-square errors of differences between benchmarks and estimates of employment and average relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings

	Root- mean- square	Relative error ² (in percent)	
Size of employment estimate	error of employ- ment estimates ¹	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
50,000	2,100 3,900 5,600 14,000 15,000 26,000	2.2 1.3 1.1 .9 .8	4.0 2.3 2.0 1.6 1.2

Assuming 12-month intervals between benchmark revisions.

² Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

³ Estimates for government are based on a total count for Federal Government provided by the Office of Personnel Management and a sample of State and local government reports.

² Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted at they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same

estblishment reports used by BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification.

Table Q. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

	Root-mean-square error of—			Root-mean-square error of—-	
Industry	Monthly level	Month-to-month change	Industry	Monthly level	Month-to-month change
Total .	110,800	104,900	Nondurable goods—Continued		
			Chemicals and allied products	2,400	2,300
Total private ¹	67,400	61,600	Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics	1,300	1,300
			products	2,100	2,000
Goods producing	29,300	24,100	Leather and leather products	2,300	2,200
Mining	5,300	5,100	Service-producing industries	100,500	98,400
Oil and gas extraction.	4,200	4,100		·	
9	,		Transportation and public utilities	15,700	13,800
Construction	18,100	14,000	Transportation	18,200	17,400
General building contractors	6,500	4,900	Communication and public utilities.	6.600	6,200
Manufacturing	22,800	22,800	dimites.	0,000	0,200
Mandactoring .	22,000	22,000	Wholesale trade	9,000	8.000
Durable goods	18,500	17,500	Durable goods	5.800	5,100
Lumber and wood products	3,100	2,600	Nondurable goods	5,300	4,500
Furniture and fixtures	2,000	1,800	1401Iddiable goods:	5,500	4,500
Stone, clay, and glass products.	2,200	2,100	Retail trade	37,500	34,600
Primary metal industries	6,100	5,900	General merchandise stores	20,700	18,700
Blast furnaces and basic	0,100	3,300	Food stores	6,400	5.800
steel products	4,900	4,600	Automotive dealers and service	0,400	3,000
Fabricated metal products	3,300	2,900	stations	3,200	3.000
	7,200	6,400	Eating and drinking places	17.600	15,200
Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic equipment	7,200 5,600	6,000	Eating and difficing places.	17,000	15,200
		8,800	Cinenas ingurance and real estate	9.400	7 400
Transportation equipment	9,200	8,600	Finance, insurance, and real estate	8,400 4.500	7,400
Motor vehicles and equipment.	8,100		Finance		3,800
Instruments and related products	2,100	2,200	Insurance	3,000	2,300
Miscellaneous manufacturing	2,000	2,000	Real estate	4,800	4,100
Nondurable goods	9,900	9,500	Services	33,200	30,500
Food and kindred products	6,300	6,400	Business services	12,200	10,800
Tobacco manufactures .	1,700	1,600	Health services	10,600	10,400
Textile mill products	2,200	2.300		. 5,550	1 .5, .66
Apparel and other textile	_,_50	_,555	Government	73,700	68,400
products	6.300	5,600	Federal	17,400	11,300
Paper and allied products.	1,500	1,300	State	24,600	23.000
Printing and publishing	2,200	2,100	Local .	35,200	32,800
Finding and publishing	2,200	2,100	Local .	30,200	32,000

NOTE: Data are based on differences from December 1981 through December 1986.

Productivity Data (Tables C-9 through C-11)

COLLECTION

Productivity data are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from establishment data and from estimates of compensation and gross national product supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Federal Reserve Board.

CONCEPTS

Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments refer to hours paid for all employees—production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers.

Output is the constant-dollar market value of final goods and services produced in a given period. Indexes of output per hour of all persons measure changes in the volume of goods and services produced per paid hour of labor input.

Compensation per hour includes wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. The data also include an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplementary payments for the self-employed, except for nonfinancial corporations, in which there are no self-employed.

Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour adjusted to eliminate the effect of changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Unit labor costs measure the labor compensation cost required to produce one unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation per hour by output per hour.

Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are com-

puted by subtracting compensation of all persons from the current-dollar gross national product and dividing by output. In these tables, unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustments per unit of output.

The *implicit price deflator* is derived by dividing the current-dollar estimate of gross product by the constant-dollar estimate, making the deflator, in effect, a price index for gross product of the sector reported.

NOTES ON THE DATA

For the business sector and the nonfarm business sector, these indexes relate to the gross domestic product less households and institutions, owner-occupied housing, and the statistical discrepancy. For the nonfinancial corporate sector, the indexes refer to the gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.

Manufacturing output data are supplied by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Federal Reserve Board. Quarterly measures have been adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to annual estimates of output (gross product originating) from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Compensation and hours data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Historical statistics for most productivity measures appear in *Trends in Multifactor Productivity*, 1948-81, BLS Bulletin 2178. Additional information may be obtained from the Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523-9261).

State and Area Labor Force Data (D table)

FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which are derived from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis of determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act and the Public Works and Economic Development Act.

Annual average data for the States and areas shown in table D are published in *Employment and Earnings* (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are

published in the BLS bulletin, Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment.

Labor force and unemployment estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The report "Employment and Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available on microfiche only on a subscription basis.

ESTIMATING METHODS

The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates in 11 large States: New York, California, Illinois, Ohio, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Texas, Massachusetts, North Carolina, and Florida; and two areas: Los Angeles—Long Beach metropolitan area and New York City, are sufficiently reliable to be used directly from the CPS. For a description of the CPS concepts, see "Household Data," above.

Monthly labor force and unemployment estimates in the remaining 39 States, the District of Columbia, and over 2,600 labor market areas are prepared in several stages. The civilian labor force is the sum of the employment and unemployment levels, which are estimated in accordance with the BLS Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

- 1. Preliminary estimate—employment: The total civilian employment estimate is based on data from the survey of establishments which produces an estimate of payroll employment. This place-of-work estimate must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed for the several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships which existed at the time of the 1980 decennial census. These factors are applied to the payroll employment estimates for the current period to obtain adjusted employment estimates to which are added estimates for employment not covered by unemployment insurance (UI).
- 2. Preliminary estimate—unemployment: In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State UI laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation. This is referred to below as the UI-based estimate.

An estimate for those previously employed in covered industries is derived from a count of current employment insurance claimants, plus estimates of claimants whose benefits have been exhausted, those persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons (because they quit, were discharged for cause, etc., but would otherwise have been eligible), and persons who either filed claims late or not at all.

The estimate of those previously employed in industries not covered by UI is derived by applying to the employment estimate for each noncovered industry or class of worker subgroup in the State, the ratio of covered unemployment to covered employment weighted by factors reflecting national historical relationships.

For the third category, new entrants and reentrants into the labor force, a composite estimate is developed from equations that relate the total entrants into the labor force to the experienced unemployed and the experienced labor force. For each month, the estimate of entrants into the labor force is a function of: (a) the month of the year; (b) the level of the experienced unemployed; (c) the level of the experienced labor force; and (d) the proportion of the working age population that is considered "youth."

- 3. Monthly reconciliation with the CPS. Each month correction factors for employment and unemployment are applied at the State level to the UI-based estimates obtained above for each of the 39 States and the District of Columbia. These correction factors are based on the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based estimates for the 6-month period ending in the current month (e.g., a 6-month moving average). The adjustment is necessary because the State-prepared estimates are not as reliable as the CPS data due to differences in the State UI laws, the structural limitations of the UI-based estimating method, and errors in the UI data.
- 4. Substate adjustment for additivity. Independent estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State (obtained directly from the CPS in the 11 large States or by the UI-based method in the remaining States), and labor market areas (LMA's) within the State. The total of the geographic areas in the LMA's exhausts the geographic boundaries of the State. A proportional adjustment is applied to all substate LMA estimates to ensure that the sub-State estimates of employment and unemployment add to the independent State totals. In California and New York, which also have sub-State areas taken directly from the CPS, the additivity adjustment for the remaining areas is applied to the State total minus the direct CPS area.
- 5. Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year, monthly estimates prepared by the State employment security agencies using UI-based estimating procedures are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLs to the annual average CPS estimates for the 39 States and the District of Columbia for which monthly CPS estimates are not used directly. This adjustment is made because the State-prepared monthly estimates are not as reliable as the CPS annual averages due to the limitations of the 6-month moving averge adjustment procedure. Revisions to the inputs used in the UI-based estimates are also made at the time of the annual benchmark.

The State wide benchmarked estimates are produced in three stages. First the monthly UI-based estimates are adjusted by the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based annual averages. Second, the difference between the ratio of annual averages for two consecutive years is wedged into the monthly estimates in order to minimize the disturbance to the original series. Finally, the third-stage estimates are forced into agreement with CPS annual averages. In the 11 States for which CPS estimates are used monthly, no benchmark correction is required, as the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal CPS annual averages.

Seasonal Adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published regularly in *Employment and Earnings*.

The seasonal adjustment program used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving-average method. It provides for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in *The X-11 Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program*, Technical Paper No. 15, Bureau of the Census (1967).

Beginning in January 1980, BLS introduced two major modifications in the seasonal adjustment methodology for data from the household survey. First, the data are being seasonally adjusted with a procedure called X-11 ARIMA, which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the existing standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in *The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method*, by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983. The X-11 procedure was originally developed at the Bureau of the Census and had been used by the BLS to seasonally adjust labor force series since 1973. Tests have shown that use of the X-11 ARIMA procedure, which places more emphasis on recent data, provides better seasonal adjustments than does the X-11 method alone.

The second change is that seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the first 6 months of the year rather than for the entire year. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* a set of seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components-agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment—data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is the sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components, plus the resident Armed Forces total (not adjusted for seasonality), and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components; the total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components; and the overall unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

Revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment rate for the first 6 months of the following year, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment methodology are published in each January issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Revised seasonally adjusted data covering the revision period for a broader range of labor force series are published in the February issue of this publication.

Beginning in July 1980, the BLS also uses the X-11 ARIMA methodology in seasonally adjusting the establishment data, which previously had been computed using the BLS Seasonal Factor Method. All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors used in calculating the current year's estimates are based on actual data through March 1987 and projected data through March 1988. The ARIMA model options for projecting the data series for 1 year ahead have been used in seasonally adjusting the establishment series since June 1981.

Seasonal adjustment factors are directly applied to the component levels. Seasonally adjusted totals for most of these series are then obtained by taking a weighted average of the seasonally adjusted data for the component series. Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours.

Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production

or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1977 base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, wholesale trade, retail trade, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods industries, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1977 base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series, however.

Beginning in June 1983, seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjust-

ed data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. In earlier years the number of these workers was substantial, and at times varied greatly from year to year, based on administrative decisions of the Postal Service. Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the unadjusted data upon which the seasonal adjustment factors were based. In the past several years, the number of these workers has decreased to the point where their presence has no impact on seasonal adjustment. Temporary census takers for the 1980 decennial census are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment.

The revised seasonally adjusted series for the establishment data reflect experience through March 1987. Seasonal adjustment factors to be used for current adjustment appear in the June 1987 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

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