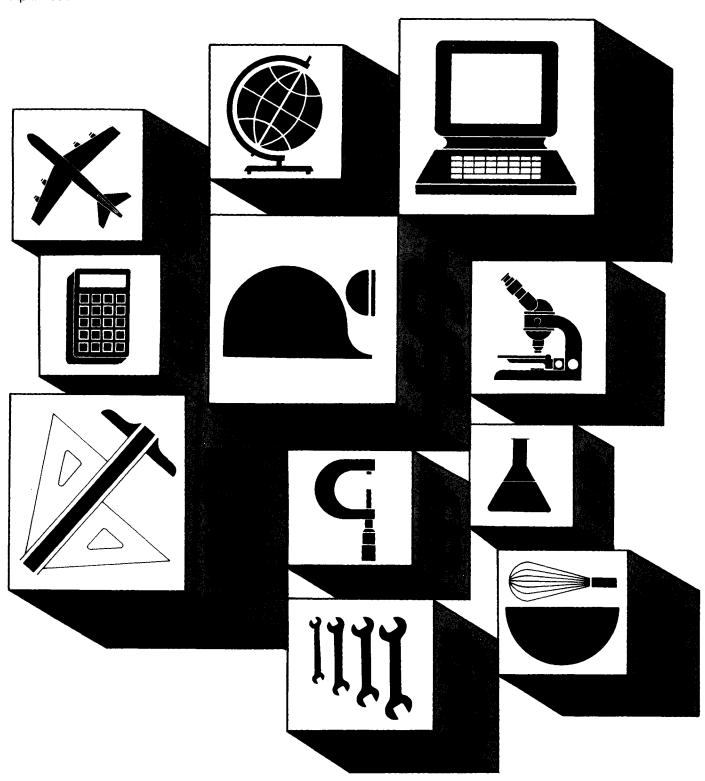


EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics April 1989





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Elizabeth Dole, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS Janet L. Norwood, Commissioner

Employment and Earnings is prepared in the Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics in collaboration with the Office of Publications. The data are collected by the Bureau of the Census (Department of Commerce) and State employment security agencies, in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics. A brief description of the cooperative statistical programs of the BLS with these agencies is presented in the Explanatory Notes. The State agencies are listed on the inside back cover.

Employment and Earnings may be ordered through the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Subscription price per year \$25 domestic and \$31.25 foreign. Single copy \$8.50 domestic and \$10.63 foreign. Annual supplement \$14 domestic and \$17.50 foreign. Prices are subject to change by the U.S. Government Printing Office. For ordering information call (202) 783-3238.

Communications on material in this publication should be addressed to: Editors, Employment and Earnings, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, DC 20212, or phone: Gloria P. Green (202) 523-1959 Send correspondence on circulation and subscription matters (including address changes) to the Superintendent of Documents.

Second class postage paid at Washington, DC, and at additional mailing addresses.

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ISSN 0013-6840

Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in Employment and Earnings, special features appear in most of the issues as shown below.

Household data

Jan. Annual averages Union affiliation Jan.

Revised seasonally adjusted series

Jan., Feb.

Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data, persons not in labor force, persons of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans, family relationship data, weekly earnings data, and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan and poverty-nonpoverty area data

Jan., Apr., July, Oct.

Establishment data

National annual averages:

Jan. Industry divisions (preliminary)

Mar. Industry detail (final)

Mar. Women employees (final)

National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and new

June seasonal adjustment factors

Supplement¹ Revised historical national data

State and area annual averages May

Area definitions May

State and area labor force data

May Annual averages

¹ The latest supplement was published in August 1988.

Employment and Earnings

Vol. 36 No. 4 April 1989

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Rosalie K. Epstein

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Employment and Unemployment Developments, March 1989

Employment grew moderately in March and unemployment edged down. The overall jobless rate was 4.9 percent and the civilian worker rate was 5.0 percent, compared with 5.1 percent for both measures in February. Both rates were at their lowest points since December 1973.

Nonagricultural payroll employment, as measured by the survey of business establishments, grew by 180,000 in March, well below the monthly average of 300,000 over the prior 12 months. Total civilian employment, as measured by the survey of households, rose by 285,000.

Unemployment

Both the number of unemployed persons and the civilian worker unemployment rate edged down in March after seasonal adjustment, to 6.1 million and 5.0 percent, respectively. Over the past year, the unemployment rate has fallen six-tenths of a percentage point, and the number of unemployed persons has declined by 700,000. (See table A-33.)

The jobless rate for adult men fell to 4.2 percent in March, with improvement concentrated among 20- to 24-year-olds and those 55 and over. Jobless rates for blacks (10.9 percent) and teenagers (13.7 percent) also edged down over the month. Following a substantial drop in February, the unemployment rate for Hispanics (6.5 percent) was little changed in March, as were the rates for adult women (4.6 percent) and whites (4.2 percent). (See tables A-33, A-34, and A-38.)

Both the mean and median duration of unemployment were about unchanged in March. The number of unemployed persons who were jobless for less than 5 weeks declined by 190,000 to a seasonally adjusted level of 3.1 million. Over the year, however, the bulk of the decline in unemployment occurred among persons jobless for 15 weeks or longer—the long-term unemployed. (See table A-40.)

Civilian employment and the labor force

Civilian employment increased by 285,000 in March to a seasonally adjusted level of 117.1 million—3.0 million more than a year earlier. All of the over-the-month increase occurred among men, whereas the over-the-year gain was split about equally among men and women. The proportion of the population with jobs (the employment-population ratio) reached a new high of 63.0 percent in March. The civilian

labor force was little changed over the month, and the labor force participation rate held at 66.3 percent. (See table A-33.)

Discouraged workers

The number of discouraged workers--persons who want to work but have not looked for jobs because they believe they cannot find any--edged down by about 100,000 in the first quarter of 1989 to a seasonally adjusted level of 855,000. Blacks accounted for 3 out of 10 discouraged workers, even though they make up only about 1 in 10 of the working-age population. (See table A-53.)

industry payroll employment

Employment growth in nonagricultural establishments moderated in March, as payroll jobs increased by 180,000 to 108.5 million, seasonally adjusted. (See table B-4.) The over-the-month gain would have been somewhat larger except for about 25,000 airline workers who were off payrolls because of labor-management disputes.

Virtually all of the employment growth in March was in the service-producing sector, with gains concentrated in the services and trade industries. In the services industry, employment rose by 110,000, about in line with recent average growth for that industry. Within services, employment in the fast-growing health services component increased by 55,000. Retail trade added 75,000 jobs, and employment in wholesale trade increased by 25,000, with most of the gain occurring in durable goods distribution. There was little over-the-month change in finance, insurance, and real estate; government; and in transportation and public utilities, where employment was held down by the airline workers' strike.

In the goods-producing sector, employment in the construction industry declined by 50,000 in March, after seasonal adjustment. There was also a decline in February, following a very large increase in January. Construction employment patterns often vary substantially in the early months of the year owing to changeable weather conditions in many parts of the country. However, some of the recent employment weakness in the industry may reflect a more general slowdown in construction activity, particularly in the residential sector. Manufacturing employment showed little movement for the second straight month, following strong growth in the previous 4 months. In mining, employment in the oil and gas extraction component rose slightly in March.

Weekly Hours

Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls were unchanged in March at 34.6, after seasonal adjustment. In manufacturing, the workweek declined by 0.2 hour to 40.9 hours, while overtime was unchanged at 3.9 hours. (See table C-5.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls, at 127.9 (1977=100), was little changed in March after

seasonal adjustment. The index for the manufacturing industry was unchanged at 97.3. (See table C-6.)

Hourly and weekly earnings

Both average hourly and average weekly earnings rose by 0.4 percent in March, after seasonal adjustment. Prior to seasonal adjustment, average hourly earnings increased by 2 cents to \$9.56 in March, and average weekly earnings rose by \$1.64 to \$328.86. Over the year, both hourly and weekly earnings increased by 4.1 percent. (See tables C-1 and C-7.)

	Scheduled Release Dates										
Employment and u	nemployment data	are scheduled for ini	tial release on the								
Reference month	Release date	Reference month	Release date								
April	May 5	July	August 4								
May	June 2	August	September 1								
June	July 7	September	October 6								

A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1955 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

Year and month 1955	Noninstitutional population 111,747 112,919 114,213 115,574	Number 67,087 68,517	Percent of population	Total	Resident Armed Forces	Emp	loyed Civilia		Unem	Percent	Not in labor
month 1955	111,747 112,919 114,213	67,087	of	Total	Armed		Civilia	า	}	Doroont	labor
1956	112,919 114,213		population	lotal	1					of	force
1956	112,919 114,213				L	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force	
1956	112,919 114,213				,	Annual ave	rages				
1957 1958 1959	114,213	68.517	60.0	64,234	2,064	62,170	6,450	55,722	2,852	4.3	44,660
1959			60.7	65,764	1,965	63,799	6,283	57,514	2,750	4.0	44,402
1959	1155/4	68,877	60.3	66,019	1,948	64,071	5,947	58,123	2,859	4.2	45,336
	117,117	69,486 70,157	60.1 59.9	64,883 66,418	1,847 1,788	63,036 64,630	5,586 5,565	57,450 59,065	4,602 3,740	6.6 5.3	46,088 46,960
1960¹	119,106	71,489	60.0	67,639	1,861	65,778	5,458	60,318	3,852	5.4	47,617
1961	120,671	72,359	60.0	67,646	1,900	65,746	5,200	60,546	4,714	6.5	48,312
19621	122,214	72,675	59.5	68,763	2,061	66,702	4,944	61,759	3,911	5.4	49,539
1963	124,422	73,839	59.3	69,768	2,006	67,762	4,687	63,076	4,070	5.5	50,583
1964	126,503	75,109	59.4	71,323	2,018	69,305	4,523	64,782	3,786	5.0	51,394
1965	128,459	76,401	59.5	73,034	1,946	71,088	4,361	66,726	3,366	4.4	52,058
1966	130,180	77,892	59.8	75,017	2,122	72,895	3,979	68,915	2,875	3.7	52,288
1967	132,092	79,565	60.2	76,590	2,218	74,372	3,844	70,527	2,975	3.7	52,527
1968	134,281	80,990	60.3	78,173	2,253	75,920	3,817	72,103	2,817	3.5	53,291
1969	136,573	82,972	60.8	80,140	2,238	77,902	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.4	53,602
1970	139,203	84,889	61.0	80,796	2,118	78,678	3,463	75,215	4,093	4.8	54,315
1971	142,189	86,355	60.7	81,340	1,973	79,367	3,394	75,972	5,016	5.8	55,834
1972'	145,939	88,847	60.9	83,966	1,813	82,153	3,484	78,669	4,882	5.5	57,091
1973'	148,870	91,203	61.3	86,838	1,774	85,064	3,470	81,594	4,365	4.8	57,667
1974	151,841	93,670	61.7	88,515	1,721	86,794	3,515	83,279	5,156	5.5	58,171
1975	154,831	95,453	61.6	87,524	1,678	85,846	3,408	82,438	7,929	8.3	59,377
1976	157,818	97,826	62.0	90,420	1,668	88,752	3,331	85,421	7,406	7.6	59,991
1977	160,689	100,665	62.6	93,673	1,656	92,017	3,283	88,734	6,991	6.9	60,025
1978'	163,541 166,460	103,882 106,559	63.5 64.0	97,679 100,421	1,631 1,597	96,048 98,824	3,387 3,347	92,661 95,477	6,202 6,137	6.0 5.8	59,659 59,900
1000	460.040	100 544	64.4	400.007	4.604	00.000	0.064	05.000	7.607	7.0	60.006
1980	169,349	108,544	64.1	100,907	1,604	99,303	3,364	95,938	7,637	7.0	60,806
1981	171,775 173,939	110,315 111,872	64.2 64.3	102,042 101,194	1,645	100,397 99,526	3,368 3,401	97,030 96,125	8,273	7.5 9.5	61,460 62,067
1983	175,891	113,226	64.4	102,510	1,668 1,676	100,834	3,383	97,450	10,678 10,717	9.5	62,665
1984	178,080	115,220	64.7	106,702	1,697	105,005	3,321	101,685	8,539	7.4	62,839
1985	179,912	117,167	65.1	108,856	1,706	107,150	3,179	103,971	8,312	7.1	62,744
1986'	182,293	119,540	65.6	111,303	1,706	109,597	3,163	106,434	8,237	6.9	62,752
1987	184,490	121,602	65.9	114,177	1,737	112,440	3,208	109,232	7,425	6.1	62,888
1988	186,322	123,378	66.2	116,677	1,709	114,968	3,169	111,800	6,701	5.4	62,944
					Monthly d	ata, seaso	nally adjusted	2			
1988:											
March	185,847	122,672	66.0	115,865	1,736	114,129	3,181	110,948	6,807	5.5	63,175
April	185,964	123,060	66.2	116,392	1,732	114,660	3,187	111,473	6,668	5.4	62,904
May	186,088	122,917	66.1	116,117	1,714	114,403	3,110	111,293	6,800	5.5	63,171
June	186,247	123,209	66.2	116,686	1,685	115,001	3,121	111,880	6,523	5.3	63,038
July	186,402	123,331	66.2	116,707	1,673	115,034	3,060	111,974	6,624	5.4	63,071
August	186,522	123,692	66.3	116,895	1,692	115,203	3,142	112,061	6,797	5.5	62,830
September	186,666	123,688	66.3	117,074	1,704	115,370	3,176	112,194	6,614	5.3	62,978
October	186,801	123,778	66.3	117,260	1,687	115,573	3,238	112,335	6,518	5.3	63,023
November	186,949 187,098	124,215 124,259	66.4 66.4	117,652 117,705	1,705 1,696	115,947 116,009	3,238 3,193	112,709 112,816	6,563 6,554	5.3 5.3	62,734 62,839
1989:	4	}	- 2	,	,,,,,,				-,,,,,	-1.5	,000
January	187,340	125,124	66.8	118,407	1,696	116,711	3,300	113,411	6,716	5.4	62,216
February	187,461	124,865	66.6	118,537	1,684	116,853	3,223	113,630	6,328	5.1	62,596
March	187,581	124,948	66.6	118,820	1,684	117,136	3,206	113,930	6,128	4.9	62,633

^{&#}x27;Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

2 The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for

seasonal variation.

NOTE: Revisions of seasonally adjusted monthly and quarterly data (shown in tables A-1 through A-3 and A-32 through A-53) for the most recent 5-year period are made at the end of each calendar year.

HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

A-2. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1978 to date

ł de la						Labor	force				
Sau 11000	Noninsti-					Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not
Sex, year, and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civiliar	1		Percent of	labo forc
			population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force	_
						Annual aver	ages				
MEN											
978'	78,107	61,151	78.3	58,010	1,531	56,479	2,718	53,761	3,142	5.1	16,9
979	79,509	62,215	78.2	59,096	1,489	57,607	2,686	54,921	3,120	5.0	17,29
	00.077	00.000	-7.0	50.005	4 470	57.400	0.700	F4 477	4 007		
980	80,877 82,023	62,932 63,486	77.8 77.4	58,665 58,909	1,479	57,186	2,709	54,477 54,697	4,267	6.8	17,9
981982	82,023 83,052	63,466	77.4	57,800	1,512 1,529	57,397 56,271	2,700 2,736	53,534	4,577	7.2 9.7	18,5 19,0
									6,179		
983	84,064	64,580	76.8	58,320	1,533	56,787	2,704	54,083	6,260	9.7	19,4
84	85,156	65,386	76.8	60,642	1,551	59,091	2,668	56,423	4,744	7.3	19,7
85	86,025	65,967	76.7	61,447	1,556	59,891	2,535	57,356	4,521	6.9	20,0
86'	87,349	66,973	76.7	62,443	1,551	60,892	2,511	58,381	4,530	6.8	20,3
87	88,476	67,784	76.6	63,684	1,577	62,107	2,543	59,564	4,101	6.1	20,€
88	89,404	68,474	76.6	64,820	1,547	63,273	2,493	60,780	3,655	5.3	20,9
		·	T		Monthly	data, seasor	nally adjusted ²			,	
988:											
March	89,168	68,194	76.5	64,417	1,573	62,844	2,479	60,365	3,777	5.5	20,9
April	89,225	68,462	76.7	64,866	1,569	63,297	2,476	60,821	3,596	5.3	20,7
Иау	89,287	68,409	76.6	64,672	1,553	63,119	2,452	60,667	3,737	5.5	20,8
lune	89,367	68,436	76.6	64,894	1,523	63,371	2,448	60,923	3,542	5.2	20,
luty	89,445	68,461	76.5	64,941	1,512	63,429	2,475	60,954	3,520	5.1	20,
lugust	89,504	68,685	76.7	64,931	1,529	63,402	2,491	60,911	3,754	5.5	20,8
September	89,577	68,604	76.6	65,015	1,540	63,475	2,488	60,987	3,589	5.2	20,9
October	89,637	68,569	76.5	64,976	1,526	63,450	2,544	60,906	3,593	5.2	21,0
November	89,716	68,686	76.6	65,074	1,542	63,532	2,533	60,999	3,612	5.3	21,0
December	89,792	68,638	76.4	65,055	1,534	63,521	2,477	61,044	3,583	5.2	21,
989:	22.214	00.000	70.0	25.000	4.500	00.700	0.504	04 000	0.740		
January	89,914	69,032	76.8	65,322	1,532	63,790	2,501	61,289	3,710	5.4	20,8
ebruary	89,973	69,113	76.8	65,572	1,521	64,051	2,509	61,542	3,540	5.1	20,8
March	90,032	69,190	76.9	65,920	1,521	64,399	2,497	61,902	3,270	4.7	20,
						Annual aver	ages			,	
WOMEN											
978¹ 979	85,434 86,951	42,731 44,343	50.0 51.0	39,669 41,325	100 108	39,569 41,217	669 661	38,900 40,556	3,061 3,018	7.2 6.8	42,7 42,6
980	88,472	45,611	51.6	42,241	124	42,117	656	41,461	3,370	7.4	42,8
81	89,751	46,829	52.2	43,133	133	43,000	667	42,333	3,696	7.9	42.
	90,887	47,894	52.2	43,133	139	43,000	665	42,591	4,499	9.4	42,
82	90,887		53.0	43,395	143	43,256 44,047	680	42,391		9.4	42,
83		48,646		46,061		44,047 45,915	653		4,457		
84	92,924	49,855	53.7		146			45,262 46,615	3,794	7.6 7.4	43, 42,
85 86¹	93,886	51,200	54.5 55.4	47,409 48,861	150 155	47,259 48,706	644 652	46,615 48,054	3,791	7.4	42,
87	94,944	52,568			160				3,707	6.2	42,
38	96,013 96,918	53,818 54,904	56.1 56.6	50,494 51,858	162	50,334 51,696	666 676	49,668 51,020	3,324 3,046	5.5	42
		1	<u> </u>	Ĺ	Monthly	data, seasor	nally adjusted ²		L	<u> </u>	L
988:											
	96,679	54,478	56.3	51,448	163	51,285	702	50,583	3.030	5.6	42.
March							702				
April	96,739	54,598	56.4	51,526	163	51,363		50,652	3,072	5.6	42,
May	96,801	54,508	56.3	51,445	161	51,284	658	50,626	3,063	5.6	42,
une	96,880	54,773	56.5	51,792	162	51,630	673	50,957	2,981	5.4	42,
uly	96,957	54,870	56.6	51,766	161	51,605	585	51,020	3,104	5.7	42,
\ugust	97,018	55,007	56.7	51,964	163	51,801	651	51,150	3,043	5.5	42,
September	97,089	55,084	56.7	52,059	164	51,895	688	51,207	3,025	5.5	42,
October	97,164	55,209	56.8	52,284	161	52,123	694	51,429	2,925	5.3	41,
November	97,234	55,529	57.1	52,578	163	52,415	705	51,710	2,951	5.3	41
December	97,306	55,621	57.2	52,650	162	52,488	716	51,772	2,971	5.3	41,
989:	07.407	F0.00:	F7.0	E0.005	40.4	ED 004	700	F0 100	0.000		
January	97,427	56,091	57.6	53,085	164	52,921	799	52,122	3,006	5.4	41
February	97,488	55,752	57.2	52,965	163	52,802	713	52,089	2,787	5.0	41,
March	97,550	55,758	57.2	52,900	163	52,737	709	52,028	2,858	5.1	41,

Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

² The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1955 to date

Year	Civilian noninsti-		Civilian la	abor force		Un	employment rat	es
and month	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Unemployed	Total	Men	Womer
				Annual	averages			
955	. 109,683	65,023	59.3	62,170	2,852	4.4	4.2	4.9
956	1	66,552	60.0	63,799	2,750	4.1	3.8	4.8
957	1	66,929	59.6	64,071	2,859	4.3	4.1	4.7
958		67,639	59.5	63,036	4,602	6.8	6.8	6.8
959		68,369	59.3	64,630	3,740	5.5	5.2	5.9
960'	117.045	60.639	59.4	65 770	3,852	5.5	5.4	5.9
		69,628		65,778				
961		70,459	59.3	65,746	4,714	6.7	6.4	7.2
)62¹	1 '	70,614	58.8	66,702	3,911	5.5	5.2	6.2
63		71,833	58.7	67,762	4,070	5.7	5.2	6.5
964	. 124,485	73,091	58.7	69,305	3,786	5.2	4.6	6.2
)65	. 126,513	74,455	58.9	71,088	3,366	4.5	4.0	5.5
966	. 128,058	75,770	59.2	72,895	2,875	3.8	3.2	4.8
67		77,347	59.6	74,372	2,975	3.8	3.1	5.2
68		78,737	59.6	75,920	2,817	3.6	2.9	4.8
69		80,734	60.1	77,902	2,832	3.5	2.8	4.7
070	. 137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	4,093	4.9	4.4	5.9
71		84,382	60.2	79,367	5,016	5.9	5.3	6.9
72¹		87,034	60.4	82,153	4,882	5.6	5.0	6.6
73¹	1 '	89,429	60.8	85,064	4,365	4.9	4.2	6.0
74		91,949	61.3	86,794	5,156	5.6	4.9	6.7
75	. 153,153	93,775	61.2	85,846	7,929	8.5	7.9	9.3
76	. 156,150	96,158	61.6	88,752	7,406	7.7	7.1	8.6
77		99,009	62.3	92,017	6,991	7.1	6.3	8.2
78¹		102,251	63.2	96,048	6,202	6.1	5.3	7.2
79		104,962	63.7	98,824	6,137	5.8	5.1	6.8
980	. 167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	7,637	7.1	6.9	7.4
981		108,670	63.9	100,397	8,273	7.6	7.4	7.9
							9.9	
82	1 '	110,204	64.0	99,526	10,678	9.7		9.4
83		111,550	64.0	100,834	10,717	9.6	9.9	9.2
84	. 176,383	113,544	64.4	105,005	8,539	7.5	7.4	7.6
85	. 178,206	115,461	64.8	107,150	8,312	7.2	7.0	7.4
86¹		117,834	65.3	109,597	8,237	7.0	6.9	7.1
87		119,865	65.6	112,440	7,425	6.2	6.2	6.2
88		121,669	65.9	114,968	6,701	5.5	5.5	5.6
			M	lonthly data, sea	asonally adjusted	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			T	.,,	,,			
988:			!				,	
//arch	. 184,111	120,936	65.7	114,129	6,807	5.6	5.7	5.6
pril		121,328	65.9	114,660	6,668	5.5	5.4	5.6
May		121,203	65.7	114,403	6,800	5.6	5.6	5.6
une		121,524	65.8	115,001	6,523	5.4	5.3	5.5
uly		121,658	65.9	115,034	6,624	5.4	5.3	5.7
ugust		122,000	66.0	115,203	6,797	5.6	5.6	5.5
September		121,984	66.0	115,370	6,614	5.4	5.4	5.5
October		122,091	66.0	115,573	6,518	5.3	5.4	5.3
lovember December		122,510 122,563	66.1 66.1	115,947 116,009	6,563 6,554	5.4 5.3	5.4 5.3	5.3 5.4
	. 100,402	122,000	00.1	110,000	0,334	5.5	٥.٥	5.4
89:	105.014	100 100	00.5	440.744	0.740			
lanuary		123,428	66.5	116,711	6,716	5.4	5.5	5.4
ebruary	. 185,777	123,181	66.3	116,853	6,328	5.1	5.2	5.0
	. 185,897	123,264	66.3	117,136	6,128	5.0	4.8	5.1

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the

Explanatory Notes.

² The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

					March	1989					
			Civi	ian labor force	•			Not	in labor for	ce	
Are now and rese	Civilian				Unem	oloyed					
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other
TOTAL											
10	405.007	400.000	05.7	445.044	0.070		00.074		0.040	0.040	20.004
16 years and over	185,897 14,323	122,223 7,210	65.7 50.3	115,844 8,192	6,378 1,018	5.2 14,1	83,674 7,112	27,056 407	9,318 6,152	3,610 30	23,691 523
16 to 17 years	7,002	2,746	39.2	2,313	434	15.8	4,256	103	3,950	9	195
18 to 19 years	7,320	4,464	61.0	3,879	585	13.1	2,856	305	2,202	21	328
20 to 24 years	18,139	13,969	77.0	12,831	1,138	8.1	4,170	1,569	1,937	76	589
25 to 54 years	103,008	85,705	83.2	81,932	3,773	4.4	17,304	11,763	1,183	1,453	2,90
25 to 39 years	42,808 21,191	35,649 17,835	83.3 83.2	33,748 16,547	1,901 1,087	5.3 6.2	7,159 3,556	4,966 2,336	816 535	361 138	1,01° 54°
25 to 29 years	21,617	18,014	83.3	17,201	814	4.5	3,603	2,336	281	222	470
35 to 44 years	35,608	30,287	85.1	29,101	1,185	3.9	5,321	3,684	280	500	85
35 to 39 years	19,192	16,296	84.9	15,639	657	4.0	2,897	2,053	163	207	48
40 to 44 years	16,416	13,991	85.2	13,463	529	3.8	2,425	1,640	116	293	37
45 to 54 years	24,593	19,770	80.4	19,083	687	3.5	4,823	3,113	87	593	1,03
45 to 49 years	13,355	11,101	83.1	10,698	404	3.6	2,253	1,481	62	299	41
50 to 54 years	11,238	8,669	77.1	8,385	283	3.3	2,569	1,632	25	293	61
55 to 64 years	21,416	11,865	55.4 66.7	11,490	375 234	3.2 3.3	9,551	4,524	36 27	861 438	4,12
55 to 59 years	10,654 10,762	7,108 4,758	44.2	6,874 4,816	141	3.0	3,547 6,004	1,952 2,572	9	423	3,00
65 years and over	29,011	3,473	12.0	3,399	74	2.1	25,538	8,793	11	1,189	15,54
65 to 69 years	9,984	2,116	21.2	2,054	63	3.0	7,867	2,797	1	319	4,750
70 to 74 years		870	11.2	862	7	.8	6,878	2,460	3	247	4,169
75 years and over	11,280	487	4.3	483	4	.8	10,793	3,537	7	622	6,62
Меп											
3 years and over	88 ,511	66,951	75.6	63,354	3,597	5.4	21,560	538	4,675	2,030	14,31
16 to 19 years	7,177	3,741	52.1	3,163	578	15.4	3,437	21	3,133	16	260
16 to 17 years	3,567	1,411	39.5	1,176	235	16.7	2,157	12	2,048	4	9:
18 to 19 years	3,610	2,330	64.5	1,987	342	14.7	1,280	9	1,085	12	174
20 to 24 years	8,809	7,338	83.3	6,745	592	8.1	1,472	41	1,040	61	329
25 to 54 years	50,349	47,032	93.4	44,890	2,141	4.6	3,319	192	496	953	1,870
25 to 34 years	21,056	19,800	94.0	18,737	1,063	5.4	1,256	73	368	254	56
25 to 29 years	10,396 10,660	9,681	93.1 94.9	9,082 9,655	598 465	6.2 4.6	715 541	25 48	276 92	95 15 8	311
35 to 44 years	17,407	16,433	94.4	15,732	701	4.3	974	83	90	327	49
35 to 39 years	9,418	8,921	94.7	8,530	391	4.4	497	40	52	135	27
40 to 44 years	7,989	7,512	94.0	7,202	311	4.1	477	23	38	192	22
45 to 54 years	11,886	10,798	90.8	10,421	377	3.5	1,088	57	38	372	62
45 to 49 years	6,466	5,981	92.5	5,774	208	3.5	484	26	28	190	24
50 to 54 years		4,817	66.9	4,847	169	3.5	804	31	11	182	38
55 to 64 years	10,101	6,779	67.1 79.9	8,533	246 147	3.6 3.6	3,322 1,020	86 24	6	508 257	2,74 73
55 to 59 years	5,073 5,028	4,052 2,727	54.2	3,906 2,627	99	3.6	2,301	42		249	2.00
65 years and over		2,062	17.1	2,022	40	1.9	10,011	217	-	493	9,30
65 to 69 years		1,222	28.8	1,188	34	2.8	3,335	50	-	191	3,09
70 to 74 years	3,351	528	15.8	524	4	.8	2,823	48	-	110	2,66
75 years and over	4,165	312	7.5	310	2	.7	3,853	120	-	192	3,54
Women				1							
8 years and over	97,387	55,272	56.8	52,491	2,781	5.0	42,115	26,517	4,643	1,579	9,37
16 to 19 years	7,145	3,470	48.6	3,029	441	12.7	3,675	386	3,019	14	25
16 to 17 years		1,335	38.9	1,137	198	14.9	2,100	90	1,901	5	10
18 to 19 years	3,710 9,329	2,134 6,631	57.5 71.1	1,892 6,086	242 546	11.4 8.2	1,576 2,698	296 1,527	1,117 897	8	15 25
20 to 24 years25 to 54 years	l'	38,675	73.4	37,043	1,632	4.2	13,985	11,571	687	500	1,22
25 to 34 years		15,649	72.9	15,011	638	5.3	5,903	4,693	446	107	45
25 to 29 years	10,795	7,954	73.7	7,485	469	6.1	2,641	2,311	259	43	22
30 to 34 years		7,695	72.1	7,546	349	4.4	3,062	2,583	189	64	22
35 to 44 years	18,201	13,654	76.1	13,370	464	3.5	4,347	3,621	169	173	36
35 to 39 years		7,375	75.4	7,109	266	3.6	2,400	2,005	111	72	21
40 to 44 years		6,479	76.9	6,281	216	3.4	1,946	1,617	78	101	15
45 to 54 years		6,972	70.6	8,662	310	3.5	3,734	3,056	49	221	40
45 to 49 years		5,120	74.3 66.2	4,924	196	3.8	1,769	1,455	34 14	109	17
50 to 54 years55 to 64 years		3,652 5,066	44.9	3,738 4,957	114 129	2.5	1,965 6,229	1,601 4,458	30	355	1,38
55 to 59 years		3,055	54.7	2,986	87	2.8	2,526	1,928	21	182	39
60 to 64 years		2,031	35.4	1,989	42	2.1	3,703	2,530	9	174	99
85 years and over		1,411	8.3	1,377	34	2.4	15,527	8,576	11	696	6,24
85 to 69 years	5,427	894	16.5	868	29	3.2	4,532	2,747	1 1	128	1,65
70 to 74 years		342	7.8	336	3	.9	4,055	2,412	3	137	1,50
75 years and over	7,115	175	2.5	173	2	1.3	6,940	3,417	7	430	3,08

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

	}	,				1989					
			Civi	lian labor force	•			Not	in labor fo	rce	
	Civilian				Unem	oloyed					[
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
WHITE											
16 years and over	159,020	105.100	66.1	100,435	4,664	4.4	53,921	23,532	7,134	2,783	20,472
16 to 19 years		6,262	53.9	5,520	742	11.9	5,365	305	4,667	20	373
16 to 17 years		2,395	42.7	2,057	338	14.1	3,217	87	2,964	6	160
18 to 19 years		3,868	64.3	3,463	405	10.5	2,148	218	1,703	14	212
20 to 24 years		11,755	78.5	10,973	782	6.7	3,221	1,206	1,576	51	389
25 to 34 years		73,388 30,262	83.8 84.1	70,633 28,895	2,757 1,367	3.8 4.5	14,177 5,702	10,021 4,133	853 582	1,098 284	2,206 704
25 to 34 years		14,970	84.3	14,186	783	5.2	2,792	1,918	383	113	378
30 to 34 years		15,292	84.0	14,708	584	3.8	2,910	2,215	199	170	327
35 to 44 years		26,031	85.4	25,159	872	3.4	4,452	3,204	207	397	644
35 to 39 years		13,858	85.1	13,398	459	5.3	2,424	1,778	127	162	369
40 to 44 years		12,173	85.7	11,761	413	3.4	2,028	1,450	81	235	275
45 to 54 years		17,096	81.0	16,580	516	3.0	4,023	2,684	64	417	857
45 to 49 years50 to 54 years		9,605 7,491	83.9 77.5	9,282 7,297	324 193	3.4 4.3	1,844 2,179	1,252 1,438	46 18	214 203	328 529
55 to 64 years55	1	10,544	56.0	10,214	330	3.1	8,272	4,025	28	646	3.573
55 to 59 years	1	6,307	67.8	6,094	213	3.4	3,000	1,713	22	325	940
60 to 64 years	9,510	4,237	44.6	4,120	117	2.8	5,273	2,312	6	321	2,633
65 years and over		3,150	12.1	3,095	55	1.7	22,885	7,974	10	968	13,932
65 to 69 years		1,905	21.5	1,863	43	2.3	6,955	2,483	1	257	4,215
70 to 74 years		788	11.3	781 452	7 5	.9	6,193	2,221	3 7	202 509	3,764
75 years and over	10,194	457	4.5	452	3	1.1	9,737	3,270	(509	5,953
Men											
6 years and over		58,334	76.5	55,615	2,719	4.7	17,965	417	3,584	1,590	12,373
16 to 19 years		3,264	55.7	2,816	449	13.8	2,592	14	2,389	13	176
16 to 17 years		1,248 2,017	43.5 67.5	1,049 1,766	199 250	15.9 12.4	1,622 970	12 2	1,531 858	9	76 100
18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years		6,198	84.6	5,778	420	6.8	1,128	31	837	39	222
25 to 54 years		40,885	94.3	39,280	1,606	3.9	2,470	129	356	743	1,244
25 to 34 years		17,041	95.1	16,261	779	4.6	876	42	263	203	369
25 to 29 years	8,819	8,313	94.3	7,860	452	5.4	506	12	204	76	215
30 to 34 years		8,728	95.9	8,401	327	3.7	370	30	60	126	154
35 to 44 years		14,350	95.1	13,823	527	3.7	738 383	40 27	60 38	267	372
35 to 39 years40 to 44 years		7,703 6,647	95.3 94.9	7,430 6,393	272 254	3.5 3.8	355	13	22	104 163	215 157
45 to 54 years		9,495	91.7	9,195	299	3.2	856	47	32	274	503
45 to 49 years		5,255	93.4	5,081	174	3.3	372	23	22	141	186
50 to 54 years		4,240	89.8	4,114	125	3.0	484	24	10	133	316
55 to 64 years		6,108	68.4	5,890	218	3.6	2,821	44	4	380	2,393
55 to 59 years		3,648	81.6	3,516	132	3.6	821	13	3	196	608
60 to 64 years		2,460 1,879	55.1 17.4	2,374 1,852	85 28	3.5 1.5	2,001 8,952	31 200		184 415	1,789 8,330
65 years and over65 to 69 years		1,079	27.1	1,032	20	1.9	2,949	41		163	2.74
70 to 74 years		484	16.0	481	4	.8	2,543	45		92	2,40
75 years and over		298	7.9	295	2	.7	3,460	114		160	3,187
Women									:		
6 years and over		46,765	56.5	44,820	1,945	4.2	35,956	23,114	3,550	1,194	8,098
16 to 19 years		2,998	52.0	2,705	293	9.8	2,772	291	2,278	7	196
16 to 17 years		1,147 1,851	41.8 61.1	1,007 1,697	139 154	12.1 8.3	1,594 1,178	75 216	1,433 845	2 5	112
18 to 19 years20 to 24 years		5,557	72.6	5,195	362	6.5	2,093	1,176	739	11	16
25 to 54 years		32,503	73.5	31,353	1,151	3.5	11,707	9,892	497	355	962
25 to 34 years		13,221	73.3	12,633	588	4.4	4,826	4,091	318	81	335
25 to 29 years	1	6,657	74.4	6,326	331	5.0	2,286	1,906	179	37	163
30 to 34 years	9,104	6,564	72.1	6,307	257	3.9	2,540	2,185	139	44	173
35 to 44 years		11,681	75.9	11,336	345	3.0	3,714	3,164	147	131	272
35 to 39 years		6,155	75.1	5,968	187	3.0	2,041	1,740	89	58	154
40 to 44 years		5,526 7,601	76.8 70.6	5,368 7,384	159 217	2.9 2.9	1,673 3,167	1,424 2,637	. 59 . 32	72 · 143	118 354
45 to 54 years		4,350	74.7	4,201	150	3.4	1,472	1,233	24	73	142
50 to 54 years	1 1 1	3,251	65.7	3,183	68	2.1	1,695	1,405	8	70	213
55 to 64 years		4,436	44.9	4,324	112	2.5	5,451	3,981	24	266	1,18
55 to 59 years		2,659	55.0	2,578	80	3.0	2,179	1,700	19	129	33
60 to 64 years	5,049	1,777	35.2	1,746	32	1.8	3,272	2,281	6	137	848
65 years and over		1,271	8.4	1,244	27	2.1	13,933	7,774	11	554	5,59
65 to 69 years		808	16.8	787	22	2.7	4,006	2,442	1	94	1,46
70 to 74 years		304 159	7.7 2.5	300 157	3	1.0 1.6	3,650 6,277	2,176 3 156	3 7	110 349	1,35
75 years and over	0,430	159	2.5	137	1	1.0	6,277	3,156	· ' '	349	2,760

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

					March	1989	•				
			Civi	lian labor force	1			Not	in labor for	ce	
Ago ony and sono	Civilian				Unemp	oloyed					
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
BLACK											
16 years and over	20,930	13,243	63.3	11,761	1,483	11.2	7,687	2,713	1,581	749	2,644
16 to 19 years		775	35.6	521	255	32.8	1,399	84	1,176	11	128
16 to 17 years	1,104	276	25.0	191	85	30.9	828	10	786	3	28
18 to 19 years		499	46.6	330	169	33.9	571	74	390	7	100
20 to 24 years		1,777 9,394	71.2 80.3	1,476 8,529	301 865	16.9 9.2	718 2,309	309 1,235	204 194	22 313	184 566
25 to 34 years		4,238	80.1	3,756	481	11.4	1,056	601	131	67	256
25 to 29 years		2,128	79.5	1,858	271	12.7	549	313	80	22	132
30 to 34 years		2,109	80.6	1,898	211	10.0	507	288	50	45	124
35 to 44 years		3,190	83.1	2,941	249	7.8	651	341	46	88	177
35 to 39 years40 to 44 years		1,817 1,373	83.5 82.5	1,661 1,280	156 92	8.6 6.7	359 291	201 140	23 22	43 45	92 84
45 to 54 years		1,967	76.6	1,832	135	6.9	602	293	17	158	133
45 to 49 years		1,057	77.3	1,003	54	5.1	311	159	11	78	64
50 to 54 years		911	75.8	830	81	8.9	291	134	7	80	69
55 to 64 years		1,041	49.1 57.4	996 613	44	4.3	1,080	398	7 4	200	475
55 to 59 years		634 407	40.0	383	21 24	3.3 5.8	469 611	195 203	3	107 93	163 312
65 years and over		256	10.5	238	18	7.0	2,181	687		203	1,291
65 to 69 years		161	18.0	142	19	11.8	735	249		60	425
70 years and over	1,543	95	6.2	97	-	{ -	1,446	437		143	866
Men						{					
16 years and over	9,396	6,577	70.0	5,817	760	11.6	2,819	98	748	393	1,582
16 to 19 years		390	36.4	276	115	29.3	681	7	593	4	76
16 to 17 years	556	132	23.7	99	32	24.5	424	-	411	-1	13
18 to 19 years		259	50.2	176	82	31.8	256	7	182	4	63
20 to 24 years25 to 54 years		911 4,608	80.1 87.8	759 4,153	151 455	16.6 9.9	226 642	10 49	101 53	20 183	96 357
25 to 34 years		2,139	89.3	1,884	256	12.0	257	23	35	46	153
25 to 29 years		1,081	89.2	954	128	11.8	131	10	25	17	78
30 to 34 years		1,058	89.3	930	128	12.1	127	13	10	29	75
35 to 44 years		1,524 884	89.0 91.0	1,390 794	134 90	8.8 10.1	189 87	19 9	15 4	52 31	105 43
35 to 39 years40 to 44 years	I	640	86.3	596	44	6.9	101	9	10	21	61
45 to 54 years		945	82.9	880	65	6.9	195	7	3	85	99
45 to 49 years		515	84.6	491	24	4.7	93	2	3	41	47
50 to 54 years		430	80.9	389	41	9.6	102	5		44	52
55 to 64 years55 to 59 years		530 325	55.4 65.0	502 310	28 15	5.3 4.5	427 175	17 11	1 2	114 56	295 106
60 to 64 years		205	44.8	192	13	6.6	253	7	-	57	190
65 years and over	982	138	14.1	127	11	8.2	844	15		72	758
65 to 69 years		92	23.5 7.8	80 47	12	13.0	299	7 7		26 46	265 492
70 years and over	592	46	7.6	4′	_	(')	545	· '		40	492
Women											}
16 years and over		6,666	57.8	5,944	723	10.8	4,868	2,615	833	356	1,063
16 to 17 years		385 144	34.9 26.3	245 91	140 53	36.4 36.8	718 403	77 10	583 375	7	52 15
16 to 17 years		240	43.3	154	87	36.1	315	67	208	3	37
20 to 24 years		866	63.7	717	149	17.2	492	299	103	2	88
25 to 54 years		4,786	74.2	4,376	410	8.6	1,667	1,186	141	130	209
25 to 34 years		2,098	72.4	1,873	225	10.7	798	578	96	21	103
25 to 29 years		1,047 1,051	71.4 73.5	904 968	143 83	13.6 7.9	418 380	303 275	55 40	5 16	54 49
35 to 44 years		1,666	78.3	1,551	115	6.9	462	322	31	36	72
35 to 39 years		933	77.4	867	66	7.1	272	192	19	12	49
40 to 44 years		733	79.4	684	48	6.6	190	131	12	24	23
45 to 54 years		1,022	71.5	952	70	6.9	407	286	14	73	34
45 to 49 years		542 481	71.3 71.8	512 441	30 40	5.5 8.4	218 189	157 129	8 7	37 36	17 17
50 to 54 years55 to 64 years		511	43.9	495	16	3.2	653	381	6	86	180
55 to 59 years		309	51.2	303	6	2.0	295	184	3	50	58
60 to 64 years	560	202	36.0	192	10	5.0	358	196	3	36	122
65 years and over		118	8.1	111	7	5.6	1,337	672	1	131	533
65 to 69 years		69 49	13.6 5.2	62 50	7	(*)	436 901	242 430	1	34 97	160 374
70 years and over	331	1]	30	1	1		430		3'	3/4

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-5. Employment status of the black-and-other civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex

Civilian noninstitutional population	Total	Percent of population		Civilian labor force Employed		Unem	ployed	Not in
noninsti- tutional population	Total	of		Employed		Unem	ployed	
tutional population	Total	of						
			Total	Agriculture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	labor force
	1							
	17,123	63.7	15,409	200	15,209	1 714	10.0	9,754
2,695	948	35.2	672	5	667	1,714	29.1	1,748
1,391	352	25.3	256	5	251	96	27.2	1,040
	596	45.7	416		416	180	30.2	708
	2,214	70.0	1,858	27	1,831	356	16.1	949
15,443	12,318	79.8	11,300	123	11,175	1,018	8.3	3,125
	5,387	78.7	4,854	61	4,793	534	9.9	1,457
								765
								692
1 '						1 1	1	869
						1 1	t t	473
1								396 800
							- 1	409
							1	391
		50.8			1,252	45	3.4	1,279
	801	59.4	780	15	765	21	2.6	547
	520	41.6	496	10	487	24	4.7	732
2,976	323	10.8	304	21	283	19	5.9	2,653
	211	18.8	191	12	179	20	9.5	912
1				9		-		685
1,085	30	2.8	30	-	30		(,)	1,056
	1		}					
12,212	8,616	70.6	7,738	161	7,578	878	10.2	3,595
1,321	476	36.1	347	5	343	129	27.0	845
	163	23.4	126	5	122	37	22.5	534
1	1 1			~		1	L.	310
								344
								848 380
'						1 1		209
								171
1 '.								236
						1 1		114
	866	87.7	809	17	792	56	6.5	122
1,536	1,303	84.8	1,226	23	1,203	78	6.0	233
	726	86.6	693	7	686	33	4.6	112
								12
								500
						1 1		200 300
								1,058
	1							385
						-		280
	14	3.4	14	-	14		(')	393
			1					
14,665	8,507	58.0	7,671	39	7,632	836	9.8	6,159
	472	34.3	324	-	324	147	31.2	903
	189	27.2	129	}	129	59	31.4	505
				- 1				398
				-				605
								2,277 1,077
				2				556
	1,331	71.9	1,239	10	1,229	92	6.9	52
	2,173	77.4	2,034	6	2,028	139	6.4	633
1,579	1,220	77.3	1,141	6	1,135	79	6.5	359
	953	77.6	893	- 1	893	60	6.3	274
	1,371	70.7	1,278	2	1,275	93	6.8	567
	{ I					47	6.1	297
								270
· - ·						1 1	I	778
								347
	i I					1 1		431
				_ ' {				1,595 527
				- t		'		409
1	1 1		16	. }				663
	1,304 3,163 15,443 6,844 3,429 3,414 5,125 2,911 2,214 3,474 1,905 1,569 2,600 1,348 1,252 2,976 1,124 768 1,085 12,212 1,321 697 623 1,483 6,995 3,140 1,577 1,562 2,319 1,332 987 1,536 838 6,985 3,140 1,577 1,562 2,319 1,332 987 1,536 838 698 1,172 604 407	1,304 596 3,163 2,214 15,443 12,318 6,844 5,387 3,429 2,665 3,414 1,463 5,125 4,256 2,911 2,438 2,214 1,819 3,474 2,674 1,905 1,496 1,569 1,178 2,600 1,321 1,348 801 1,252 2,976 323 1,124 211 768 82 1,085 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3	1,304 596 45.7 70.0 15,443 12,318 79.8 6,844 5,387 78.7 3,429 2,665 77.7 3,414 1,465 42.9 5,125 4,256 83.0 2,911 2,438 83.8 2,214 1,819 82.2 3,474 2,674 77.0 1,905 1,496 78.5 1,569 1,178 75.1 2,600 1,321 50.8 1,348 801 59.4 1,252 520 41.6 2,976 323 10.8 1,124 211 18.8 768 82 10.7 1,085 30 2.8 1,124 211 18.8 42.9 2,260 1,321 50.8 1,124 211 18.8 768 82 10.7 1,085 30 2.8 1,124 211 18.8 46.9 6,995 6,147 87.9 3,140 2,759 87.9 1,577 1,368 86.7 1,562 1,391 89.1 2,319 2,083 89.8 1,332 1,218 91.5 987 866 87.7 1,562 1,391 89.1 2,319 2,083 89.8 1,332 1,218 91.5 987 866 87.7 1,562 1,391 89.1 2,319 2,083 89.8 1,332 1,218 91.5 987 866 87.7 1,562 1,391 89.1 2,319 2,083 89.8 1,332 1,218 91.5 987 866 87.7 1,562 1,391 89.1 2,319 2,083 89.8 1,332 1,218 91.5 987 866 87.7 1,562 1,391 89.1 2,319 2,083 4.8 838 726 86.6 698 577 82.7 1,172 671 673 604 404 404 66.9 66.9 66.9 66.9 677 47.1 1,575 472 34.3 694 189 27.2 681 283 41.6 61.3 694 189 27.2 681 283 41.6 61.7 73.0 1,679 1,074 64.0 8,448 6,171 73.0 1,679 1,074 64.0 8,448 6,171 73.0 1,679 1,074 64.0 8,448 6,171 73.0 1,679 1,074 64.0 8,448 6,171 73.0 1,679 1,074 64.0 66.9 77.0 1,852 1,331 71.9 2,806 2,1773 77.4 4.6 4.0	1,304 596 45.7 416 3,163 2,214 70.0 1,858 15,443 12,318 79.8 11,300 6,844 5,387 78.7 4,854 3,429 2,665 77.7 2,361 3,414 1,463 42.9 2,493 5,125 4,256 83.0 3,943 2,241 2,911 2,438 83.8 2,240 2,214 1,819 82.2 1,702 3,474 2,674 77.0 2,503 1,905 1,496 78.5 1,416 1,569 1,178 75.1 1,088 2,600 1,321 50.8 1,276 1,348 801 59.4 780 1,252 520 41.6 496 2,976 323 10.8 304 1,124 211 18.8 191 768 82 10.7 82 1,085 30 2.8 30 30 30 3,140 2,759 87.9 2,476 1,321 476 6,995 6,147 87.9 5,610 6,995 6,147 87.9 5,610 3,140 2,759 87.9 2,476 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 809 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 809 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 80.9 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 80.9 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 80.9 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 80.9 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 80.9 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 80.9 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 80.9 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 80.9 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 80.9 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 80.9 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 80.9 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 80.9 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 987 866 87.7 80.9 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 1,332 1,218 91.5 1,099 1,337 1,414	1,304 596 45.7 416 -1	1,304 556 45.7 416 - 416 3.163 2.214 70.0 1.858 27 1.831 1.5443 12.318 79.8 11.300 123 11.175 6.844 5.387 78.7 4.854 61 4.793 3.429 2.665 77.7 2.361 36 2.325 3.414 1.463 42.9 2.493 26 2.467 3.3414 1.463 42.9 2.493 26 2.467 2.211 2.438 83.8 2.240 20 2.220 2.211 2.438 83.8 2.240 20 2.220 2.211 2.438 83.8 2.240 20 2.220 2.211 2.438 83.8 2.240 20 2.220 2.211 2.438 83.8 2.240 20 2.220 2.211 2.438 83.8 2.240 20 2.220 2.214 1.819 82.2 1.702 17 1.685 1.768 1.569 1.788 78.5 1.416 7 1.409 1.569 1.788 75.5 1.098 18 1.070 2.600 1.321 50.8 1.276 2.5 1.252 2.600 1.321 50.8 1.276 2.5 1.252 2.273 1.348 801 59.4 780 15 765 1.252 2.300 41.6 496 10 487 2.276	1,304 596 45.7 416 - 416 180 3,163 2,214 70.0 1,856 27 1,831 356 6,844 5,387 78.7 4,854 61 4,793 534 3,414 1,463 42.9 2,493 26 2,467 230 3,414 1,463 42.9 2,493 26 2,467 230 2,211 2,438 83.8 2,240 20 2,220 197 2,211 2,438 83.8 2,240 20 2,220 197 2,214 1,819 82.2 1,702 17 1,885 116 3,474 2,674 77.0 2,503 25 2,476 171 1,905 1,496 78.5 1,416 7 1,409 80 1,596 1,178 75.1 1,098 18 1,070 90 1,348 801 59.4 78.0 15 76.5 21 1,252 520 41.6 436 10 487 24 2,176 2,176 23 30 2,214 1,124 211 18.8 191 12 179 20 7,68 82 10,7 82 9 74 - 20 1,221 2,214 1,124 211 18.8 191 12 179 20 1,095 30 2,8 30 - 30	

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-6. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

Employment status and	To	otal	Men, 20 y	years and er	Women, 20 ov	•	Both sexes	
race	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population		185,897	80,260	81,333	89,261	90,242	14,591	14,323
Civilian labor force		122,223	62,238	63,210	50,476	51,803	7,243	7,210
Percent of population	li .	65.7	77.5	77.7	56.5	57.4	49.6	50.3
Employed		115,844	58,807	60,191	48,051	49,462	6,009	6,192
Agriculture		2,934	2,109	2,166	575	594	218	174
Nonagricultural industries		112,911	56,697	58,025	47,476	48,868	5,791	6,018
Unemployed		6,378	3,432	3,019	2,425	2,341	1,234	1,018
Unemployment rate		5.2	5.5	4.8	4.8	4.5	17.0	14.1
Not in labor force	64,154	63,674	18,021	18,123	38,785	38,439	7,348	7,112
White							}	
Civilian noninstitutional population	157,868	159,020	69,680	70,442	76,293	76,951	11,895	11,627
Civilian labor force	103,388	105,100	54,307	55,070	42,769	43,767	6,312	6,262
Percent of population	65.5	66.1	77.9	78.2	56.1	56.9	53.1	53.9
Employed		100,435	51,723	52,800	41,101	42,115	5,378	5,520
Agriculture		2,734	1,987	2,010	555	555	208	170
Nonagricultural industries		97,701	49,735	50,790	40,546	41,561	5,170	5,351
Unemployed		4,664	2,584	2,270	1,668	1.652	934	742
Unemployment rate		4.4	4.8	4.1	3.9	3.8	14.8	11.9
Not in labor force	54,481	53,921	15,374	15,372	33,524	33,184	5,583	5,365
Black								
Civilian noninstitutional population	20,596	20.930	8,171	8,325	10,247	10,431	2,178	2.174
Civilian labor force		13,243	6,081	6,187	6,112	6,281	740	775
Percent of population		63.3	74.4	74.3	59.6	60.2	34.0	35.6
Employed		11,761	5,369	5,541	5,443	5,699	461	521
Agriculture		160	101	126	12	29	7	4
Nonagricultural industries		11.601	5,267	5,415	5,432	5,670	454	517
Unemployed	1 '	1,483	712	646	668	582	278	255
Unemployment rate		11.2	11.7	10.4	10.9	9.3	37.6	32.8
Not in labor force	7,664	7,687	2,090	2,138	4,135	4,149	1,438	1,399

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

					March	1989				
				~~~~	Civ	vilian labor f	force	·		
Employment status, years of school	Civilian noninsti-				Employed			Unem	ployed	
completed, race, and Hispanic origin	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time ¹	Part time ¹	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percen of labor force
TOTAL ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	16,056	7,759	48.3	7,059	1,256	5,803	699	127	572	9.0
16 to 19 years		4,784	43.2	4,247	449	3,798	536	69	467	11.2
20 to 24 years	4,989	2,975	59.6	2,812	807	2,005	163	58	105	5.5
High school	8,538	3,546	41.5	3,092	286	2,806	454	54	400	12.8
College		4,213	56.0	3,967	970	2,997	245	73	173	5.8
Full-time students		3,395	51.4	3,182	472	2,710	213	52	161	6.3
Part-time students	) 914	817	89.4	785	498	287	32	21	12	4.0
Men, 16 to 24 years	8,173	3,938	48.2	3,549	695	2,854	389	83	306	9.9
16 to 19 years		2,420	43.3	2,119	242	1,876	301	44	257	12.5
20 to 24 years		1,518	58.8	1,430	452	978	88	39	49	5.8
High school	4,488	1,868	41.6	1,622	186	1,436	246	30	216	13.2
High school College		2,070	56.2	1,928	509	1,436	143	53	90	6.9
Full-time students		1,694	51.7	1,572	274	1,298	122	42	80	7.2
Part-time students	411	377	91.5	356	235	121	21	11	10	5.5
Warran 40 to 04	7.000	0.004	40.5	0.540	504	0.040	240	44		
Women, 16 to 24 years		3,821 2,363	48.5 43.2	3,510 2,129	561 207	2,949 1,922	310 235	44 25	266 210	8.1 9.9
20 to 24 years		1,457	60.6	1,382	354	1,027	76	20	56	5.2
·									1	
High school		1,678	41.4	1,470	100	1,371	208	24	183	12.4
College		2,143 1,702	55.9 51.1	2,040 1,611	461 198	1,579 1,412	103 91	20 10	83 81	4.8 5.4
Part-time students		441	87.6	429	263	167	12	10	2	2.6
White	}									-
	10.100	0.740		0.400						
Total, 16 to 24 years		6,710 4,145	51.0 46.4	6,189 3,741	1,096 392	5,093 3,349	521 404	90 57	430 347	7.8
20 to 24 years		2,565	60.5	2,448	704	1,744	117	34	83	4.6
		_,	} . }	_,		.,}		• •	1	
Men		3,416 3,294	50.9 51.1	3,114 3,075	609 487	2,505 2,566	302 216	63 27	239 191	8.9 6.6
High school		3,050 3,859	45.0 57.3	2,708 3,484	249 847	2,456	345 176	44 47	301 129	11.3
College Full-time students		2,965	52.7	2,808	417	2,637 2,390	158	35	123	4.8 5.3
Part-time students		694	90.5	876	429	246	18	12	8	2.6
Black						1				
Total, 16 to 24 years	2,138	765	35.8	813	115	498	152	28	124	19.9
16 to 19 years		503	29.8	383	46	335	120	12	108	23.9
20 to 24 years	449	262	58.3	230	66	162	32	18	16	12.3
Men	1,061	374	35.3	300	50	249	74	19	56	19.9
Women		391	36.3	313	85	246	78	9	69	19.9
High school	1,396	361	27.3	284	30	254	96	10	86	25.3
College		365	51.8	329	85	243	56	18	38	14.6
Full-time students		305	46.9	256	43	212	49	16	33	18.1
Part-time students	93	80	86.4	73	42	31	7	1	6	8.7
Hispanic origin										
Total, 16 to 24 years		464	37.7	431	124	307	34	7	28	7.2
18 to 19 years		271	29.9	245	82	183	26	7	19	9.7
20 to 24 years	324	193	59.6	186	62	124	7	-	7	3.8
Men	817	250	40.5	230	72	158	19	6	13	7.7
Women		215	34.9	200	51	149	14	1	13	6.7
High school	786	221	28.1	197	80	138	24	7	17	10.8
College		243	54.5	233	84	170	10	- '	9	4.0
Full-time students	354	157	44.4	147	18	131	10	1	10	8.5
Part-time students	92	86	93.6	86	47	39 {	_ }	-	) _	

See footnotes at end of table.

#### A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

					March	1989				
					Civ	vilian labor f	orce			
Employment status, years of school	Civilian				Employed			Unem	oloyed	
completed, race, and Hispanic origin	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time ¹	Part time ¹	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Percent of labor force
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED										
Total, 16 to 24 years	16,406	13,420	81.8	11,963	10,292	1,672	1,457	1,321	136	10.9
16 to 19 years	3,256 13,150	2,427 10,993	74.5 83.6	1,944 10,019	1,500 8,792	445 1,227	482 975	421 900	61 75	19.9 8.9
Less than 4 years of high school	4,006	2,607	65.1	2,022	1,625	397	585	514	71	22.4
4 years of high school	8,466	7,147	84.4	6,441	5,539	902	706	657	49	9.9
1 to 3 years of college	2,525	2,297	91.0	2,161	1,911	250	136	124	12	5.9
4 years of college or more	1,409	1,370	97.2	1,339	1,217	123	30	26	4	2.2
Men, 16 to 24 years	7,814	7,140	91.4	6,359	5,754	605	781	744	37	10.9
16 to 19 years	1,587	1,320	83.2	1,044	846	198	276	257	19	20.9
20 to 24 years	6,226	5,820	93.5	5,315	4,908	406	505	487	18	8.7
Less than 4 years of high school	2,117	1,747	82.5	1,392	1,185	207	355	332	22	20.3
4 years of high school	4,033	3,791	94.0	3,446	3,158	288	345	336	9	9.1
1 to 3 years of college	1,089 575	1,038 565	95.3 98.2	972 549	891 520	81 29	66 16	62 13	4 2	6.3
4 years of college of more	3/5	303	90.2	349	520	29	10	13	-	2.0
Women, 16 to 24 years	8,592	6,280	73.1	5,604	4,537	1,067	676	577	99	10.8
16 to 19 years 20 to 24 years	1,668 6,924	1,106 5,174	66.3 74.7	900 4,704	654 3,884	247 820	206 470	164 413	42 57	18.6 9.1
Less than 4 years of high school	1,888	860	45.5	630	440	190	230	181	49	26.8
4 years of high school	4,433	3,356	75.7	2,995	2,381	614	361	321	40	10.8
1 to 3 years of college	1,436	1,259	87.7	1,189	1,020	169	70	62	8	5.6
4 years of college or more	835	805	96.5	791	696	94	15	13	2	1.8
White	40.405	44.000	04.0	10.004	0.000	4 404	4 004	242		
Total, 16 to 24 years	13,435 2,699	11,308 2,118	84.2 78.5	10,304 1,779	8,903 1,383	1,401 396	1,004 339	912 310	91 29	8.9 16.0
20 to 24 years	10,736	9,190	85.6	8,525	7,520	1,005	665	603	62	7.2
Mon	6,466	6,046	93.5	5,480	5,007	473	566	545	21	9.4
Women	6,969	5,262	75.5	4,824	3,896	928	437	367	70	8.3
Less than 4 years of high school	3,170	2,205	69.6	1,803	1,469	334	402	360	42	18.2
4 years of high school	6,938	6,009	86.6	5,530	4,788	742	480	445	35	8.0
1 to 3 years of college	2,098 1,229	1,901 1,193	90.6 97.0	1,806 1,166	1,591 1,056	215 110	95 1 27	85 22	10	5.0 2.2
Black	1,225	,,,,,,		,,,,,,,	,,,,,,					
Total, 16 to 24 years	2,531	1,787	70.6	1,383	1,144	239	403	364	39	22.6
16 to 19 years	485	272	56.0	137	96	41	134	102	33	49.5
20 to 24 years	2,046	1,515	74.1	1,246	1,048	198	269	262	7	17.7
Men		927 860	80.8 62.1	735 648	624 520	111 128	192 212	178 186	14 26	20.7 24.6
Less than 4 years of high school	720	336	46.7	168	115	53	168	140	27	49.9
4 years of high school		1,015	75.2	806	663	142	210	198	12	20.6
1 to 3 years of college	347	322	92.9	296	265	32	26	26	1	8.1
4 years of college or more	114	113	99.0	113	101	12	-	-		-
Hispanic origin										
Total, 16 to 24 years		1,506	74.9	1,325	1,161	164	181	164	16	12.0
16 to 19 years	477 1,532	1,175	69.4 76.7	263 1,062	211 950	52 112	68 113	64 100	3 13	20.5 9.6
Men		941	91.6	848	761	87 77	93	93	-	9.9
Women	982	565	57.5	477	400	77	87	71	16	15.5
Less than 4 years of high school		667	67.6	561	490	71	105	98	7	15.8
4 years of high school 1 to 3 years of college		645 158	81.0 86.2	581 148	505 131	76 17	63 10	54 10	9	9.8 6.1
4 years of college or more		37	(²)	35	36	''	2	2	_	(²)
,	<u> </u>		`,′			L			<u> </u>	

¹ Employed persons with a job but not at work and persons at work part time are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time.

² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and

college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population

#### A-8. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

	noninst	lian itutional lation	Civilian labor force										
Veteran status			То	tal	Empl	oyed		Unemp	oloyed				
and age	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.	Number		Percent of labor force				
			1988	1989	1988	1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989			
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS							·						
Total, 30 years and over	7,885 6,009 766 2,292 2,951 1,876	7,915 5,627 546 1,873 3,208 2,288	7,271 5,722 723 2,179 2,820 1,549	7,213 5,332 501 1,771 3,060 1,881	6,896 5,391 643 2,043 2,705 1,505	6,934 5,107 484 1,675 2,948 1,827	375 331 80 136 115 44	279 225 17 96 112 54	5.2 5.8 11.1 6.2 4.1 2.8	3.9 4.2 3.4 5.4 3.7 2.9			
NONVETERANS  Total, 30 to 44 years 30 to 34 years 35 to 39 years 40 to 44 years	20,129 8,991 6,673 4,465	21,169 9,297 7,242 4,630	18,892 8,470 6,273 4,149	20,008 8,830 6,862 4,316	17,988 8,024 5,988 3,976	19,149 8,439 6,586 4,124	904 446 285 173	859 391 276 192	4.8 5.3 4.5 4.2	4.3 4.4 4.0 4.4			

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data

are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population.

#### A-9. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex, age, and race

(In thousands)

				MB	rch 1989	1		
			Emple	oyed			Unem	ployed
Soy ago and race		Full time			Part time			
Sex, age, and race	Total	Full-time schedules'	Part time for economic reasons, usually work full time	Total	Voluntary ¹	Part time for economic reasons, usually work part time	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	94,890	93,188	1,702	20,955	17,873	3,082	5,214	1,165
16 to 19 years	1,948	1,869	79	4,243	3,979	264	490	529
16 to 17 years	251	238	13	2,061	2,008	53	110	324
18 to 19 years	1,697	1,631	66	2,182	1,971	211	380	205
20 years and over	92,940	91,318	1,622	16,712	13,894	2,818	4,724	636
20 to 24 years		9,358	241	3,233	2,736	497	958	180
25 years and over	83,341	81,960	1,381	13,478	11,157	2,321	3,766	457
25 to 54 years55 years and over	72,300 11,041	71,087 10,873	1,213	9,631 3,848	7,711 3,446	1,920 402	3,432 334	343 114
Men, 16 years and over		55,317	1,011	7,025	5,764	1,261	3,125	472 276
16 to 19 years		1,043	966	2,074	1,942	1 1	301	1
20 years and over 20 to 24 years		54,274 5,207	154	4,950 1,384	3,822 1,155	1,128 229	2,823 525	196 67
25 years and over		49,068	811	3,566	2,667	899	2,297	130
25 to 54 years		42,254	704	1,932	1,178	754	2,063	79
55 years and over		6,814	107	1,634	1,489	145	235	51
Women, 16 years and over	38,561	37,870	691	13,930	12,109	1,821	2,089	692
16 to 19 years		826	34	2,169	2,037	132	188	252
20 years and over		37,044	656	11,762	10,072	1,690	1,901	440
20 to 24 years		4,151	87	1,847	1,580	267	433	113
25 years and over		32,893	570	9,913	8,491	1,422	1,467	327
25 to 54 years		28,834	509	7,700	6,534	1,166	1,368	264
55 years and over	4,120	4,059	61	2,213	1,957	256	99	63
White					}			
Men, 16 years and over	49,567	48,704	863	6,048	5,068	980	2,384	355
16 to 19 years		943	44	1,829	1,730	99	238	213
20 years and over	1 '	47,781	819	4,219	3,338	881	2,128	142
20 to 24 years		4,494	138	1,148	982	186	372	48
25 years and over		43,268	684	3,069	2,355	714	1,756	94
25 to 54 years55 years and over		37,118 6,150	598 85	1,564 1,505	981 1,374	583 131	1,548 208	58
Women, 16 years and over	32,404	31,843	581	12,416	10,964	1,452	1,413	532
16 to 19 years		755	34	1,916	1,604	112	130	163
20 years and over		31,066	527	10,500	9,160	1,340	1,283	369
20 to 24 years	1	3,525	69	1,601	1,392	209	264	96
25 years and over		27,564	457	8,900	7,769	1,131	1,018	272
25 to 54 years		23,967	411	6,956	6,013	943	927	224
55 years and over		3,577	46	1,945	1,756	169	91	48
Black								
Men, 16 years and over		4,959	128	730	493	237	662	99
16 to 19 years		78	1 1	197	166	29	58	56
20 years and over	1	4,861	127	533	325	208	603	42
20 to 24 years		577	19	164	105	59	138	13
25 years and over		4,304	106 94	366	219	149	465 441	29
25 to 54 years55 years and over		3,792 512	14	265 103	126 93	139 10	441 24	14
Women, 16 years and over	4,825	4,716	109	1,116	606	312	564	139
16 to 19 years		4,716	-	1,116	163	17	55	85
20 years and over		4,651	109	939	644	295	529	54
20 to 24 years	1	514	7	197	141	56	140	1
25 years and over	1	4,137	102	743	503	240	369	44
25 to 54 years		3,762	89	524	342	182	381	30
55 years and over		375	13	218	161	57	6	14

Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according

to whether they usually work full or part time.

#### A-10. Employment status of persons in families by family relationship

(Numbers in thousands)

					March 19	89				
		Civilia	n labor forc	e			Not	in labor t	orce	
Family relationship				Unem	ployed					
	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other
Total, 16 years and over¹	98,491	66.1	93,338	5,153	5.2	50,478	22,113	8,525	2,595	17,245
Husbands	40,157 26,336 877 12,944	78.3 91.9 90.3 59.8	38,874 25,564 790 12,520	1,283 772 87 424	3.2 2.9 9.9 3.3	11,117 2,315 94 8,708	209 74 2 134	231 140 10 80	1,023 346 14 663	9,653 1,755 68 7,831
Wives	29,622 26,354 859 2,409	57.8 67.8 67.0 21.7	28,651 25,564 772 2,315	971 790 87 94	3.3 3.0 10.1 3.9	21,652 12,520 424 8,708	17,268 11,133 368 5,767	371 300 16 55	463 162 17 284	3,550 925 23 2,602
Relatives in married-couple families	12,359 4,536 4,527 3,295	60.4 48.7 74.6 65.0	11,190 4,013 4,167 3,010	1,169 523 361 285	9.5 11.5 8.0 8.6	8,090 4,775 1,544 1,771	669 74 130 465	5,723 4,421 1,171 131	367 15 25 327	1,331 266 217 848
Women who maintain families	6,717	61.9	6,183	534	7.9	4,141	2,829	234	247	831
Relatives in families maintained by women	5,438 1,417 1,494 2,527	59.4 48.0 72.8 60.9	4,633 1,120 1,262 2,251	805 297 232 276	14.8 21.0 15.5 10.9	3,711 1,532 557 1,622	724 78 125 521	1,640 1,299 265 76	318 9 23 286	1,028 146 143 739
Men who maintain families	2,269	77.1	2,106	163	7.2	675	52	34	93	496
Relatives in families maintained by men	1,931 341 535 1,055	63.9 56.0 82.3 59.8	1,702 276 471 955	229 65 64 100	11.9 19.1 12.0 9.5	1,092 269 115 708	362 24 40 298	292 210 54 28	84 3 - 81	354 32 20 302

Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in families where the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces, and persons in unrelated subfamilies.

NOTE: Estimates shown in this table for husbands, wives, and women

who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

#### A-11. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		Me	en			Wor	nen	
Marital status, race, and age	Thousa pers			loyment es	Thousa pers		Unempl rat	
	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989
Total, 16 years and over	4,136	3,597	6.3	5.4	2,955	2,781	5.5	5.0
Married, spouse present	1,615	1,389	3.9	3.3	1,189	1,072	4.0	3.5
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	495	527	7.4	7.8	613	604	5.9	5.7
Single (never married)	2,026	1,681	11.6	9.3	1,153	1,106	8.5	7.9
White, 16 years and over	3,141	2,719	5.5	4.7	2,044	1,945	4.5	4.2
Married, spouse present	1,333	1,120	3.6	3.0	942	856	3.6	3.2
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	372	398	6.7	7.1	416	433	5.0	5.1
Single (never married)	1,436	1,201	9.8	8.0	686	656	6.3	5.9
Black, 16 years and over	853	760	13.3	11.6	806	723	12.4	10.8
Married, spouse present	215	214	6.7	6.8	190	157	7.9	6.4
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	109	116	11.3	11.9	188	158	10.3	8.4
Single (never married)	529	431	23.3	17.6	428	408	19.0	17.3
Total, 25 years and over	2,683	2,427	4.9	4.3	1,817	1,795	4.2	4.0
Married, spouse present	1,502	1,298	3.8	3.2	944	904	3.4	3.2
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	485	502	7.5	7.7	556	549	5.5	5.3
Single (never married)	698	628	8.5	7.1	317	342	5.3	5.5
White, 25 years and over	2,061	1,851	4.3	3.8	1,266	1,290	3.4	3.4
Married, spouse present	1,235	1,047	3.5	2.9	747	724	3.1	2.9
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	363	382	6.8	7.0	374	393	4.7	4.8
Single (never married)	464	422	6.8	5.8	146	172	3.2	3.6
Black, 25 years and over	508	494	9.8	9.4	478	433	9.1	8.0
Married, spouse present	200	198	6.5	6.6	144	126	6.5	5.5
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	108	111	11.4	11.7	172	144	9.7	7.9
Single (never married)	200	185	17.6	14.1	162	163	13.1	12.4

#### A-12. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

Occupation	To Mar.	tal	To				T .	
	Mar.		Total		Men		Woi	men
	1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989
Total, 16 years and over	7,090	6,378	5.9	5.2	6.3	5.4	5.5	5.0
Managerial and professional specialty	473	561	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.6	2.0
Executive, administrative, and managerial	284	345	2.0	2.3	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.6
Professional specialty		217	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.5
Technical, sales, and administrative support	. 1,524	1,409	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.0	4.5	4.3
Technicians and related support	83	56	2.3	1.5	2.1	1,4	2.6	1.6
Sales occupations		643	5.1	4.5	3.6	3.0	6.6	6.0
Administrative support, including clerical		710	3.7	3.8	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.8
Service occupations	. 1,118	969	7.0	5.9	6.8	6.2	7.1	5.7
Private household	. 38	43	4.2	4.7	(1)	(')	3.9	4.3
Protective service	ì	61	3.9	3.1	3.4	2.6	6.9	5.6
Service, except private household and protective		865	7.6	6.4	8.0	7.4	7.4	5.9
Precision production, craft, and repair	. 970	883	6.8	6.1	6.8	6.2	6.9	5.3
Mechanics and repairers	. 186	191	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.9	5.1	6.9
Construction trades	. 546	498	10.3	9.3	10.3	9.4	9.0	7.4
Other precision production, craft, and repair	. 238	194	5.6	4.5	5.2	4.4	6.9	4.7
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	. 1,888	1,632	9.8	8.3	10.0	8.1	9.4	8.9
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	. 706	655	8.1	7.2	7.9	6.2	8.4	8.7
Transportation and material moving occupations	. 440	354	8.6	6.9	8.8	7.1	6.9	5.6
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	. 742	622	13.9	11.6	13.6	11.6	15.0	11.5
Construction laborers	. 227	195	25.0	21.6	25.0	21.3	(')	(')
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		428	11.6	9.6	10.9	9.2	14.7	11.0
Farming, forestry, and fishing	. 283	258	8.6	7.9	8.8	7.7	7.7	8.9
No previous work experience	. 794	636					ļ	
16 to 19 years	. 526	430					ļ	
20 to 24 years		92		l	•			
25 years and over		115					1	

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

#### A-13. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

	1	ands of sons		ı	Unemploy	ment rate	s	
Industry	То	tal	To	otal	М	en	Wor	men
	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989
Total, 16 years and over	7,090	6,378	5.9	5.2	6.3	5.4	5.5	5.0
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	5,407	4,947	6.0	5.4	6.4	5.6	5.6	5.2
Mining	71	54	8.9	7.6	10.3	8.6	2.7	2.1
Construction	856	787	14.3	12.7	15.1	13.2	6.5	8.4
Manufacturing	1,233	1,142	5.6	5.2	5.2	4.6	6.4	6.2
Durable goods	703	644	5.4	5.0	5.2	4.6	6.0	5.9
Lumber and wood products	1	47	7.4	6.2	8.3	6.3	2.8	6.0
Funiture and fixtures	1 .	42	5.9	6.1	5.2	3.8	7.5	10.9
Stone, clay, and glass products		30	7.6	5.0	9.1	4.2	1.8	8.2
Primary metal industries	1	41	4.6	4.9	3.6	5.7	9.9	0.2
Fabricated metal products		104	5.4	7.7	6.0	8.1	3.2	5.8
Machinery, except electrical		89	4.0	3.3	3.9	2.8	4.2	5.0
							1	
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies		105	5.5	4.8	4.0	4.6	7.7	5.1
Transportation equipment		130	6.4	4.9	5.8	4.9	8.7	4.9
Automobiles	ſ	68	7.3	5.2	6.6	4.9	10.2	6.4
Other transportation equipment	t I	62	5.7	4.6	5.0	4.9	7.6	3.5
Professional and photographic equipment		11	1.5	1.8	2.1	.8	.5	3.1
Other durable goods industries		45	7.7	7.9	6.5	3.4	8.9	12.7
Nondurable goods	530	498	5.9	5.4	5.3	4.6	6.9	6.5
Food and kindred products	181	149	9.8	8.0	9.7	7.4	10.1	9.1
Textile mill products	40	26	5.5	3.7	4.2	1.9	7.0	5.5
Apparel and other textile products	100	125	8.1	9.6	8.6	14.1	7.9	8.1
Paper and allied products	25	17	3.3	2.1	3.4	1.4	2.9	3.8
Printing and publishing	_ :	52	3.9	2.8	2.9	2.6	5.2	3.1
Chemicals and allied products		48	2.7	3.3	2.4	2.8	3.5	4.5
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products		51	6.5	6.4	5.8	4.1	7.7	9.7
Other nondurable goods industries		30	5.6	7.3	3.8	6.5	9.4	9.1
Transportation and public utilities	281	274	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.7	4.3	3.2
Transportation		217	5.8	5.8	6.1	6.0	4.5	5.3
Communications and other public utilities		57	2.6	2.1	1.7	2.6	4.1	1.1
Wholesale and retail trade	1	1,357	7.1	5.9	6.3	5.2	8.0	6.8
Wholesale trade	1 '	151	5.0	3.5	4.6	3.4	5.9	3.8
Retail trade	1	1,205	7.6	6.5	6.9	5.8	8.3	7.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate		236	2.9	3.2	2.5	3.3	3.1	3.2
Service industries	1	1.097	4.6	4.2	5.0	4.0	4.3	4.4
Professional services		365	2.8	2.5	2.7	1.6	2.9	2.9
Other service industries	1	732	6.9	6.5	6.9	5.9	6.9	7.0
Agricultural wage and salary workers	232	189	13.6	11.1	14.6	11.3	10.6	10.2
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers		607	2.4	2.1	2.6	2.3	2.1	1.9
No previous work experience		636	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### A-14. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, and race

Reason for unemployment		otal ployed	Me 20 y and	ears	Wor 20 y and	ears	Both : 16 to yes	o 19	WI	nite	Bla	ack
	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED												
Total unemployed	7,090	6,378	3,432	3,019	2,425		1,234	1,018	5,185	4,664	1,659	1,483
Job losers	3,506 1,083	3,176 996	2,341 797	2,059 667	936 229	927	228 57	190 64	2,667	2,383 815	747	685
On layoff Other job losers	2,423	2,180	1,544	1,392	707	266 661	171	126	925 1,742	1,568	137 610	159 526
Job leavers	1,012	850	434	364	419	372	159	113	772	660	209	159
Reentrants	1,784	1.721	537	524	921	912	326	286	1,211	1,217	494	427
New entrants	789	631	119	72	149	130	521	429	535	405	208	212
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION												
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	49.5	49.8	68.2	68.2	38.7	39.5	18.5	18.6	51.4	51.1	45.0	46.2
On layoff	15.3	15.6	23.2	22.1	9.5	11.3	4.6	6.2	17.8	17.5	8.3	10.7
Other job losers	34.2	34.2	45.0	46.1	29.2	28.2	13.9	12.4	33.6	33.6	36.8	35.5
Job leavers	14.3	13.3	12.7	12.1	17.3	15.9	12.9	11.1	14.9	14.1	12.6	10.7
Reentrants	25.2	27.0	15.7	17.3	38.0	38.9	26.4	28.1	23.4	26.1	29.8	28.8
New entrants	11.1	9.9	3.5	2.4	6.2	5.6	42.2	42.1	10.3	8.7	12.5	14.3
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE												
Job losers	2.9	2.6	3.8	3.3	1.9	1.8	3.2	2.7	2.6	2.3	5.8	5.2
Job leavers	.8	.7	.7	.6	.8	.7	2.2	1.6	.7	.6	1.6	1.2
Reentrants	1.5	1.4	.9	.8	1.8	1.8	4.5	4.0	1.2	1.2	3.8	3.2
New entrants	.7	.5	.2	.1	.3	.3	7.2	6.0	.5	.4	1.6	1.6

#### A-15. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

				March 1989			
	Total une	mployed		Durati	on of unemplo	yment	
Reason, sex, and age					1:	5 weeks and o	/er
	Thousands of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over
Total, 16 years and over	6,378	100.0	43.2	32.5	24.3	13.3	11.0
Job losers	3,176	100.0	33.9	35.7	30.3	17.2	13.2
On layoff	996	100.0	44.1	34.9	21.0	16.6	4.4
Other job losers	2,180	100.0	29.3	36.1	34.6	17.5	17.2
Job leavers	850	100.0	47.4	33.7	18.8	11.2	7.6
Reentrants	1,721	100.0	50.9	29.0	20.1	10.4	9.7
New entrants	631	100.0	63.2	23.9	12.9	5.0	7.9
Men, 20 years and over	3,019	100.0	34.6	35.1	30.3	16.5	13.7
lob losers	2,059	100.0	30.3	36.5	33.2	18.5	14.7
On layoff	667	100.0	38.1	39.6	22.3	18.2	4.1
Other job losers	1,392	100.0	26.6	35.0	38.4	18.6	19.8
lob leavers	364	100.0	39.6	35.2	25.2	13.5	11.7
Reentrants	524	100.0	47.2	30.0	22.8	12.3	10.5
New entrants	72	100.0	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')
Women, 20 years and over	2,341	100.0	46.2	32.2	21.6	11.8	9.8
Job losers	927	100.0	38.2	35.2	26.5	15.3	11.3
On layoff	266	100.0	54.8	25.4	19.8	13.5	6.3
Other job losers	661	100.0	31.6	39.2	29.2	16.0	13.3
lob leavers	372	100.0	48.3	35.6	16.1	10.2	5.9
Reentrants	912	100.0	50.7	28.8	20.5	10.3	10.2
New entrants	130	100.0	64.6	24.9	10.5	2.7	7.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,018	100.0	61.9	25.3	12.8	7.5	5.3
Job losers	190	100.0	52.3	29.9	17.8	12.2	5.7
On layoff	64	100.0	(')	(')	(1)	(')	(')
Other job losers	126	100.0	46.9	32.2	20.9	12.4	8.5
Job leavers	113	100.0	69.6	22.9	7.5	7.5	-
Reentrants	286	100.0	58.3	28.0	13.7	7.1	6.6
New entrants	429	100.0	66.4	22.3	11.3	5.5	5.8

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-16. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

		Tot	al		Full-time workers						
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent di	stribution	Thousands	of persons	Percent distribution				
, ,	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989			
Total, 16 years and over	7,090	6,378	100.0	100.0	5,693	5,214	100.0	100.0			
Less than 5 weeks	2,759	2,756	38.9	43.2	1,920	2,024	33.7	38.8			
5 to 14 weeks	2,332	2,072	32.9	32.5	1,944	1,794	34.1	34.4			
5 to 10 weeks	1,559	1,357	22.0	21.3	1,256	1,155	22.1	22.2			
11 to 14 weeks	773	714	10.9	11.2	688	640	12.1	12.3			
15 weeks and over	1,999	1,550	28.2	24.3	1,829	1,396	32.1	26.8			
15 to 26 weeks	1,108	851	15.6	13.3	1,003	762	17.6	14.6			
27 weeks and over	891	699	12.6	11.0	827	633	14.5	12.1			
27 to 51 weeks	403	312	5.7	4.9	366	271	6.4	5.2			
52 weeks and over	489	388	6.9	6.1	461	362	8.1	6.9			
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	14.3	12.9			15.9	14.0					
Median duration, in weeks	8.0	6.8			9.5	7.9					

A-17. Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		We	eks	Pe		unemplo Iroup	yed
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	15 v	nployed veeks over
				March 19	89			Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989
Total, 16 years and over	6,378	2,756	2,072	851	699	12.9	6.8	38.9	43.2	28.2	24.3
16 to 19 years	1,018	630	258	76	54	7.7	4.0	55.8	61.9	14.0	12.8
20 to 24 years	1,138	569	343	161	65	9.9	5.0	43.7	50.0	20.5	19.9
25 to 34 years	1,901	768	692	221	220	13.2	7.3	36.6	40.4	31.2	23.2
35 to 44 years	1,185	406	416	175	188	16.2	8.8	31.1	34.2	34.8	30.7
45 to 54 years	687	249	210	130	99	16.1	9.4	27.9	36.2	42.2	33.3
55 to 64 years	375	118	128	68	61	17.3	10.0	26.2	31.6	38.4	34.3
65 years and over	74	17	24	21	12	(')	(')	38.2	(')	27.1	(')
Men, 16 years and over	3,597	1,379	1,207	549	462	14.5	8.2	35.1	38.3	31.3	28.1
16 to 19 years	578	333	148	50	47	8.8	4.3	51.6	57.7	14.3	16.7
20 to 24 years	592	270	189	91	42	11.1	6.1	41.6	45.6	24.4	22.5
25 to 34 years	1,063	381	412	138	132	14.3	8.8	32.2	35.9	34.0	25.3
· · · · · ·	701	202	249	122	129	18.2	10.2	28.7	28.9	36.4	35.7
35 to 44 years	377	108	110	93	66	19.3	11.7	22.5	28.6	48.4	42.2
45 to 54 years	-		87	1	41			23.5	28.8		35.8
55 to 64 years65 years and over	246 40	71 13	12	47	7	18.5 (¹)	11.2 (')	(')	(¹)	43.4 (')	(')
Women, 16 years and over	2,781	1,378	864	302	238	10.8	5.1	44.3	49.5	23.8	19.4
16 to 19 years	441	297	111	26	8	6.3	3.7	61.5	67.4	13.6	7.5
20 to 24 years	546	298	154	70	24	8.5	4.6	46.3	54.7	15.7	17.1
•	838	387	280	83	88	11.9	5.8	42.6	46.2	27.3	20.4
25 to 34 years		203	168	54	59		6.8	34.2	42.0		23.4
35 to 44 years	484		1		•	13.3				32.7	1
45 to 54 years	310	141	100	36	34	12.2	7.0	36.7	45.4	32.2	22.5
55 to 64 years	129	48	41	21	20	15.0	6.8	32.6	36.9	26.8	31.5
65 years and over	34	4	12	13	5	(¹)	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')
White, 16 years and over	4,664	1,976	1,577	643	469	12.5	6.8	39.0	42.4	28.1	23.8
Men Women	2,719 1,945	1,021 955	933 643	430 213	334 135	14.3 9.9	8.1 5.2	35.6 44.3	37.6 49.1	31.4 23.0	28.1
	ŕ						_			_	Ì
Black, 16 years and over	1,483	662	442	172	206	14.2	7.1	38.2	44.7	28.6	25.5
Men Women	760 723	301 361	246 197	97 75	116 90	15.2 13.2	8.6 5.0	34.3 42.3	39.6 49.9	29.7 27.5	28.0 22.8
	. 23		, , ,	.			3.0				
Men, 16 years and over:										1	
Married, spouse present	1,389	418	524	253	194	16.8	10.1	27.5	30.1	40.3	32.2
Widowed, divorced, or separated	527	182	169	93	84	16.6	10.2	31.5	34.5	36.7	33.5
Single (never married)	1,681	779	515	203	184	11.9	6.1	42.0	46.3	22.9	23.0
Women, 16 years and over:											
Married, spouse present	1,072	503	342	123	103	11.5	6.0	42.8	47.0	23.8	21.2
Widowed, divorced, or separated	604	259	199	67	78	13.4	6.6	38.7	42.9	29.0	24.1
Single (never married)	1,106	615	323	111	56	8.8	4.5	48.9	55.6	21.0	15.1

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

#### A-18. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	sands of p	persons		We	eks	Perc		unempl roup	oyed
Occupation and industry	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	15 w	ployed eeks over
				March 19	89			Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989
OCCUPATION											
Managerial and professional specialty	561 1,409 969 883 1,632 258	185 633 492 325 615 94	213 486 251 285 584 94	94 151 120 162 239 47	69 140 106 111 194 23	13.7 11.9 12.9 15.3 13.8 13.0	8.3 6.4 4.9 8.7 8.0 9.9	27.2 40.9 41.5 36.4 35.2 32.1	33.0 44.9 50.8 36.8 37.7 36.6	35.7 24.2 27.6 30.9 31.0 40.6	29.0 20.6 23.4 30.9 26.5 27.2
Agriculture Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade Finance and service industries Public administration	189 807 1,142 644 498 314 1,359 1,553	77 229 466 250 215 118 642 689 47	67 315 373 209 164 105 439 482 54	34 189 155 106 49 42 154 192	10 74 148 79 69 49 124 190 33	11.1 14.3 14.0 14.1 13.9 14.6 11.8 13.6 16.6	8.2 11.1 7.0 7.8 6.4 7.5 5.7 6.5 9.9	32.0 33.7 32.2 27.4 38.7 36.4 43.3 37.2 37.7	40.9 28.4 40.8 38.8 43.3 37.5 47.3 44.4 30.7	33.2 30.1 34.9 38.9 29.5 28.7 20.5 32.1 31.5	23.4 32.5 26.6 28.8 23.8 29.0 20.5 24.5 33.9
No previous work experience	636	401	154	32	50	8.7	4.0	51.5	63.0	18.5	12.8

Includes wage and salary workers only.

A-19. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, age, race, and jobsearch methods used

					March 1989				
	Thousands	of persons		Methods u	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers		Average
Sex, age, and race	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	number of methods used
Total, 16 years and over	6,378	5,245	23.7	8.9	73.9	36.6	20.2	4.6	1.68
16 to 19 years	1,018	935	13.2	4.5	82.6	23.6	16.5	2.5	1.43
20 to 24 years	1,138	978	25.5	7.1	75.4	35.1	19.6	2.8	1.65
25 to 34 years		1,547	26.7	10.7	71.4	41.0	22.1	4.6	1.77
35 to 44 years	1,185	939	26.3	10.0	73.1	42.7	21.3	6.9	1.80
45 to 54 years	687	514	25.5	13.6	68.7	36.0	22.0	7.2	1.73
55 to 64 years	375	274	23.0	5.5	67.9	38.7	16.8	6.2	1.58
65 years and over	74	58	(1)	(')	(1)	(')	(')	(')	(')
Men, 16 years and over	3,597	2,822	24.9	8.3	75.4	34.8	21.6	4.9	1.70
16 to 19 years	578	525	13.9	4.4	83.6	19.4	17.0	2.1	1.40
20 to 24 years	592	482	28.6	6.4	77.8	30.9	23.0	2.3	1.69
25 to 34 years	1,063	792	31.3	11.5	72.5	41.4	24.9	3.2	1.85
35 to 44 years	701	544	27.2	9.9	72.4	44.5	24.4	8.6	1.87
45 to 54 years	377	268	20.5	9.3	70.5	29.5	20.1	10.1	1.60
55 to 64 years	246	179	20.7	5.6	77.1	36.3	10.1	6.7	1.56
65 years and over	40	32	(1)	(¹)	(')	(')	(')	(¹)	(')
Women, 16 years and over	2,781	2,423	22.2	9.5	72.1	38.8	18.6	4.3	1.66
16 to 19 years	441	410	12.2	4.6	81.2	29.0	15.9	2.9	1.46
20 to 24 years	546	496	22.6	7.7	73.0	39.1	16.3	3.2	1.62
25 to 34 years	838	754	21.9	9.8	70.6	40.6	19.2	6.1	1.68
35 to 44 years	484	395	25.1	10.1	73.9	40.5	17.0	4.3	1.71
45 to 54 years		246	30.9	18.3	66.7	43.5	23.6	4.1	1.87
55 to 64 years	129	95	27.4	6.3	50.5	42.1	29.5	5.3	1.61
65 years and over	34	27	(1)	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(1)
White, 16 years and over	4,664	3,735	22.6	9.2	73.3	37.9	19.6	5.2	1.68
Men	2,719	2,078	23.8	8.9	74.3	36.3	21.4	5.8	1.70
Women	1,945	1,657	21.0	9.6	72.0	39.8	17.3	4.5	1.64
Black, 16 years and over	1,483	1,303	25.2	7.4	76.5	33.5	21.6	2.8	1.67
Men	760	635	28.7	7.2	79.2	31.2	21.1	1.1	1.69
Women	723	667	21.9	7.6	74.1	35.7	21.9	4.2	1.65

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within 30 days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

A-20. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, reason for unemployment, and jobsearch methods used

					March 1989	€			
	Thousands	of persons		Methods u	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers		
Sex and reason	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used
Total, 16 years and over	6,378	5,245	23.7	8.9	73.9	36.6	20.2	4.6	1.68
Job losers1	3,176	2,181	28.4	9.5	75.4	40.7	22.7	5.4	1.82
Job leavers	850	835	23.2	10.3	71.5	43.4	19.6	2.6	1.71
Reentrants	1,721	1,614	21.1	9.0	70.6	34.4	17.3	5.2	1.58
New entrants	631	615	14.6	4.6	80.8	18.9	19.8	2.8	1.41
Men, 16 years and over	3,597	2,822	24.9	8.3	75.4	34.8	21.6	4.9	1.70
Job losers ¹	2,198	1,479	28.5	8.2	74.6	39.0	23.3	5.9	1.80
Job leavers	425	421	22.8	8.8	75.5	39.7	20.4	.5	1.68
Reentrants	674	627	20.9	9.9	72.6	30.0	21.1	7.2	1.62
New entrants	299	296	19.3	5.1	85.1	16.6	15.9	1.0	1.43
Women, 16 years and over	2,781	2,423	22.2	9.5	72.1	38.8	18.6	4.3	1.66
Job losers ¹	978	702	28.2	12.3	77.1	44.2	21.4	4.4	1.87
Job leavers	424	415	23.6	11.8	67.2	47.0	18.8	4.8	1.73
Reentrants	1,047	987	21.2	8.4	69.2	37.3	15.0	4.1	1.55
New entrants	332	319	10.3	4.1	76.8	21.0	23.5	4.4	1.40

¹ Data on the number of jobseekers and the jobsearch methods used

exclude persons on layoff.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

³⁰ days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

#### A-21. Employed civilians in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age and sex

(In thousands)

	To	otal	Me	en	Women		
Industry and age	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	<b>Ma</b> r. 1989	
All industries	112,867	115,844	61,812	63,354	51,055	52,491	
16 to 19 years	6,009	6,192	3.005	3,163	3,004	3,029	
16 to 17 years	2,364	2,313	1,192	1,176	1,173	1,137	
18 to 19 years	3,645	3,879	1,813	1,987	1,831	1,892	
20 to 24 years	12,961	12,831	6,736	6,745	6,225	6,086	
5 to 54 years	79,365	81,932	43,627	44,890	35,737	37,043	
25 to 34 years	33,283	33,748	18.391	18,737	14,892	15,011	
35 to 44 years	27,830	29,101	15,118	15,732	12,712	13,370	
45 to 54 years	18,251	19,083	10,118	10,421	8,134	8,662	
5 to 64 years	11,354	11,490	6.566	6,533	4,787	4,957	
•	6,841	6,874	3,959	3,906	2.882	2,968	
55 to 59 years	4,513	4,616	2,608	2,627	1,906	1.989	
60 to 64 years	•		'	_,		.,	
5 years and over	3,178	3,399	1,877	2,022	1,301	1,377	
Agriculture	2,902	2,934	2,273	2,299	630	635	
6 to 19 years	218	174	163	133	55	41	
16 to 17 years	94	71	70	62	24	9	
18 to 19 years	124	103	94	71	31	32	
0 to 24 years	328	350	262	283	66	67	
5 to 54 years	1,697	1,714	1,298	1,316	398	398	
25 to 34 years	738	747	583	586	155	161	
35 to 44 years	501	561	396	429	106	132	
45 to 54 years	458	407	320	302	137	105	
5 to 64 years	396	414	316	322	80	92	
55 to 59 years	211	205	165	153	46	52	
60 to 64 years	185	209	152	170	33	39	
5 years and over	263	282	232	244	31	37	
Nonagricultural industries	109.964	112,911	59,539	61,055	50,425	51,856	
6 to 19 years	5,791	6,018	2,842	3,030	2.949	2,988	
16 to 17 years	2,271	2,242	1,122	1,114	1,148	1,128	
. *	3,520	3,776	1,720	1,916	1,801	1,120	
18 to 19 years	12.632	12.481	6.474		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
0 to 24 years	,	,	-,	6,462	6,159	6,018	
5 to 54 years	77,668	80,218	42,329	43,574	35,339	36,645	
25 to 34 years	32,545	33,002	17,809	18,152	14,737	14,850	
35 to 44 years	27,329	28,541	14,723	15,303	12,607	13,238	
45 to 54 years	17,794	18,676	9,798	10,119	7,996	8,557	
5 to 64 years	10,958	11,076	6,250	6,211	4,708	4,865	
55 to 59 years	6,630	6,669	3,794	3,753	2,836	2,916	
60 to 64 years	4,328	4,407	2,456	2,458	1,872	1,949	
5 years and over	2,915	3,118	1,645	1,778	1,270	1,340	

#### A-22. Employed civilians by occupation, sex, and age

(In thousands)

	Т	otal		M	en			Wo	men	
Occupation		ears over	16 y and	ears over		ears over	16 y and	ears over		ears over
	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989
Total	112,867	115,844	61,812	63,354	58,807	60,191	51,055	52,491	48,051	49,462
Managerial and professional specialty	28,928	30,520	16,103	16,718	16,004	16,620	12,825	13,803	12,736	13,697
Executive, administrative, and managerial			8,487	8,863	8,442	8,805		5,941	5,333	5,910
Officials and administrators, public administration		1	316	372	317	370	233	227	230	22
Other executive, administrative, and managerial	9,601		6,322	6,590	6,276	6,540	3,279	3,662	3,248	3,63
Management-related occupations  Professional specialty			1,849 7,616	1,901 7,855	1,850 7,561	1,895 7,815	1,861 7,452	2,051 7,862	1,855 7,403	2,05 7,78
Engineers			1,664	1,641	1,663	1,641	141	119	141	119
Mathematical and computer scientists			506	570	504	568	232	300	231	30
Natural scientists	1	435	311	330	311	330	75	105	75	10
Health diagnosing occupations			648	736	648	734	135	126	135	120
Health assessment and treating occupations			344	380	343	380	1,815	1,909	1,813	1,90
Teachers, college and university		723	471	440	465	435	277	283	274	27
Teachers, except college and university	3,983	4,197	1,110 622	1,173	1,103 622	1,172 591	2,873	3,024	2,848	2,980
Lawyers and judges Other professional specialty occupations	771 3,695	747 3,834	1,940	591 1,993	1,901	1,963	149 1,755	156 1,841	149 1,737	150 1,810
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1		12,381	12,375			23,068	23,027	21,440	21,37
Technical, sales, and administrative support		35,402	1,813	1,883	11,793 1,793	11,791 1,869	1,685	1,751	1,662	1,73
Health technologists and technicians	1,184		198	196	195	193	985	1,060	975	1,05
Engineering and science technicians		1,159	901	953	889	948	269	206	262	198
Technicians, except health, engineering, and science		1,218	714	733	709	729	432	485	425	48
Sales occupations	13,575	13,682	7,025	6,972	6,657	6,581	6,550	6,709	5,630	5,72
Supervisors and proprietors	3,790	3,685	2,571	2,376	2,539	2,354	1,219	1,309	1,191	1,28
Sales representatives, finance and business services	2,322	2,432	1,374	1,372	1,356	1,363	948	1,060	914	1,030
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail		1,602	1,262	1,272	1,260	1,261	311	330	299	320
Sales workers, retail and personal services	5,825 64	5,923 40	1,801 16	1,941 12	1,486 16	1,591 12	4,024 47	3,982 27	3,182 43	3,066
Administrative support, including clerical	18,376		3,543	3,520	3,343	3,342	14,833	14,567	14,148	13,91
Supervisors	758	714	317	286	317	286	442	427	440	426
Computer equipment operators	1	800	300	268	280	263	583	533	555	500
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	4,978	4,846	84	87	78	74	4,895	4,759	4,687	4,57
Financial records processing	2,364	2,282	174	194	159	190	2,190	2,088	2,151	2,04
Mail and message distributing  Other administrative support, including clerical	940 8,453	1,019 8,426	619 2,049	667 2,018	606 1,902	650 1,879	321 6,403	352 6,408	305 6,011	328 6,05
., .		'	·					·		
Service occupations	14,893 855	15,403 873	5,872 34	6,154 23	5,066 31	5,248 19	9,021 821	9,249 850	8,038 679	8,24- 72
Protective service	1,855		1,607	1,645	1,577	1,621	248	288	223	27
Service, except private household and protective			4,231	4,486	3,458	3,609	7,952	8,111	7,137	7,24
Food service	5,095	5,318	1,986	2,196	1,385	1,520	3,109	3,122	2,532	2,53
Health service	1,970	2,038	217	219	204	199	1,753	1,819	1,674	1,71
Cleaning and building service Personal service	2,834 2,283	2,883 2,358	1,623 404	1,638 433	1,497 372	1,509 380	1,211 1,879	1,245	1,144	1,18
1 GIGGINGT GOLATOC								1,925	1,785	1,81
Precision production, craft, and repair		13,573						1,199	, .	
Mechanics and repairers	4,511	1 7 1	4,349	4,418	4,254	4,313	161	179	158	179
Construction trades Other precision production, craft, and repair	4,758 4,038	4,843 4,133	4,656 3,137	4,722 3,234	4,547 3,065	4,569 3,188	102 901	121 899	99 870	120 890
Operators, fabricators, and laborers			12,789	13,221	11,741	12,105	4,489	4,728	4,269	4,51
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors			4,685	4,971	4,517	4,757	3,311	3,457	3,208	3,34
Manufacturing industries	6,655		3,884	4,002	3,747	3,852	2,771	2,869	2,705	2,78
Durable goods	3,633	1 ' 1	2,440	2,588	2,369	2,494	1,192	1,191	1,169	1,16
Nondurable goods	3,022	3,092	1,444	1,414	1,378	1,358	1,579	1,678	1,536	1,62
Nonmanufacturing industries	1,341	1,556	801	969	770	905	540	587	503	56
Transportation and material moving occupations	4,673	1 ' 1	4,247	4,305	4,131	4,185	425	463	406	450
Motor vehicle operators  Other transportation and material moving occupations		1 ' 1	3,092	3,111	2,989	3,005	357	412	341 65	40
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	1,224 4,610	1 ' 1	1,156 3,857	1,194 3,945	1,142 3,093	1,180 3,163	68 752	51 809	655	71
Construction laborers		707	661	697	605	615	20	9	12	''
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3,929	4,046	3,196	3,247	2,488	2,548	732	799	643	70
Farming, forestry, and fishing	3,012	2,996	2,525	2,511	2,337	2,355	487	485	440	44
Farm operators and managers	1,243	1,179	1,077	1,031	1,071	1,029	166	148	164	14

## A-23. Employed civilians by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	Т	otal	Me	∍n	Wor	nen
Occupation and race	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989
TOTAL						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		115,844 100.0	61,812 100.0	63,354 100.0	51,055 100.0	52,491 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	. 25.6	26.3	26.1	26.4	25.1	26.3
Executive, administrative, and managerial		12.8	13.7	14.0	10.5	11.3
Professional specialty		13.6	12.3	12.4	14.6	15.0
echnical, sales, and administrative support		30.6 3.1	20.0 2.9	19.5 3.0	45.2 3.3	43.9 3.1
Technicians and related support		11.8	11.4	11.0	12.8	12.
Administrative support, including clerical	1	15.6	5.7	5.6	29.1	27.
ervice occupations	1	13.3	9.5	9.7	17.7	17.
Private household		.8	.1	(')	1.6	1.0
Protective service		1.7	2.6	2.6	.5	
Service, except private household and protective		10.9	6.8	7.1	15.6	15.
recision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers		11.7 15.5	19.6 20.7	19.5 20.9	2.3 8.8	2.: 9.:
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		7.3	7.6	7.8	6.5	9. 6.
Transportation and material moving occupations	1	4.1	6.9	6.8	.8	· .
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		4.1	6.2	6.2	1.5	1.
arming, forestry, and fishing	. 2.7	2.6	4.1	4.0	1.0	
White						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		100,435 100.0	54,429 100.0	55,615 100.0	43,774 100.0	44,820 100.
Managerial and professional specialty	26.6	27.5	27.1	27.6	26.0	27.
Executive, administrative, and managerial		13.5	14.4	14.9	11.0	11.
Professional specialty	. 13.7	14.0	12.7	12.7	15.0	15.
echnical, sales, and administrative support		31.0	20.2	19.8	46.2	44.
Technicians and related support		3.1	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.
Sales occupations		12.4	12.0	11.6	13.4	13.
Administrative support, including clerical		15.5 12.1	5.3 8.4	5.2 8.7	29.6 16.4	28. 16.
Private household	1	.6	(')	(')	1.4	1.
Protective service		1.6	2.4	``2.4	.4	
Service, except private household and protective	. 9.8	10.0	6.0	6.3	14.5	14.
Precision production, craft, and repair		12.1	20.3	20.1	2.2	2.
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		14.6	19.6	19.7	8.1	8.
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		6.9 4.0	7.3 6.5	7.5 6.5	5.8 .8	6.
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		3.8	5.8	5.7	1.4	1.
Farming, forestry, and fishing		2.7	4.3	4.1	1.1	1.
Black						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	)	11,761 100.0	5,577 100.0	5,817 100.0	5,696 100.0	5,944 100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	1	15.9	14.2	13.6	17.8	18.
Executive, administrative, and managerial		7.1	7.1	6.5	6.7	7.
Professional specialty		8.9 27.0	7.1 16.4	7.1 15.1	11.1 38.3	10.9 38.0
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support           Technicians and related support		3.0	2.1	1.9	38.3	36. 4.
Sales occupations		7.2	5.0	5.3	8.6	8.
Administrative support, including clerical		16.9	9.3	7.9	26.1	25.
Service occupations	. 23.4	22.4	18.6	17.7	28.1	26.
Private household	E .	2.0	.3	.1	3.3	4.
Protective service		2.7	4.5	4.6	.9	
Service, except private household and protective	<b>I</b>	17.6	13.8	13.1	23.9	22.
Precision production, craft, and repair		9.3	15.3	16.6	2.2	12
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		23.6 10.6	32.9 10.3	33.9 11.1	13.2 10.4	13. 10.
		5.9	11.2	10.6	1.0	10.
Transportation and material moving occupations			, ,,,,	10.0	1.0	
Transportation and material moving occupations  Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		7.2	11.4	12.2	1.8	2.

Less than 0.05 percent.

## A-24. Employed civilians by age, sex, and class of worker

(In thousands)

					March 1989				
			Nonagricultura	al industries	3			Agriculture	
Age and sex		Wage and s	alary workers	-	0-4	l danadal	\\\\	0-14	11
	Total	Private household workers	Government	Other	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers	Wage and salary workers	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family worker
Total, 16 years and over	104,143	1,084	17,625	85,434	8,420	347	1,517	1,298	119
6 to 19 years	5,932	154	276	5,502	80	6	145	13	16
16 to 17 years	2,215	92	61	2,063	24	2	61	3	8
18 to 19 years	3,717	62	215	3,439	56	4	84	11	8
0 to 24 years	12,171	109	1,202	10,861	289	21	272	62	16
5 to 34 years	31,000	202	4,362	26,436	1,942	60	480	253	13
5 to 44 years	25,964	169	5,612	20,183	2,473	103	266	261	34
5 to 54 years	16,783	167	3,671	12,945	1,807	86	169	221	17
5 to 64 years	9.794	178	2,071	7.544	1,232	51	118	285	11
55 to 59 years	5,930	97	1,297	4,536	711	29	64	134	7
60 to 64 years	3,864	82	774	3,009	521	22	55	151	4
5 years and over	2,498	105	431	1,963	598	22	68	202	12
Men, 16 years and over	55,599	123	8,266	47,210	5,414	42	1,142	1,109	48
6 to 19 years	2,977	20	103	2,855	48	5	107	13	13
16 to 17 years	1,096	7	23	1,067	16	2	55	2	5
18 to 19 years	1,881	13	80	1,788	32	3	53	11	8
) to 24 years	6,297	20	558	5,719	161	5	212	60	11
5 to 34 years	16,923	30	1,997	14,896	1,225	4	377	206	2
5 to 44 years	13,688	25	2,584	11,079	1,609	6	199	220	9
5 to 54 years	8,980	10	1,766	7,205	1,132	7	125	172	4
5 to 64 years	5,348	16	1.046	4,286	859	4	74	247	1
55 to 59 years	3,254	8	637	2,608	496	3	41	112	_
60 to 64 years	2.094	8	408	1,678	363	1	34	135	1
5 years and over	1,386	3	213	1,169	382	10	46	191	7
Women, 16 years and over	48,544	961	9,358	38,225	3,006	305	375	189	71
6 to 19 years	2,955	134	173	2,647	32	1	38	- 1	3
16 to 17 years	1,119	85	38	996	8	1	6		3
18 to 19 years	1,836	49	135	1,652	24	1	32	- 1	-
) to 24 years	5,874	89	644	5,141	128	16	60	2	5
to 34 years	14,078	173	2,365	11,540	717	55	102	48	11
to 44 years	12,276	144	3,028	9,104	865	97	66	40	25
5 to 54 years	7,803	158	1,905	5,740	675	78	44	49	13
5 to 64 years	4,446	162	1,025	3,258	373	46	44	38	9
55 to 59 years	2,676	88	660	1,927	215	26	23	22	7
60 to 64 years	1,770	74	366	1,331	159	21	21	16	2
5 years and over	1,112	101	217	794	215	12	21	11	5

#### A-25. Employed civilians by industry and occupation

(In thousands)

							March	1989					
		Manager profess speci	sional	ad	cal, sal ministra suppor			rvice pations	Preci-		Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
Industry	Total em- ployed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- gerial	Profes- sional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service ¹	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing
Agriculture	2,934	81	53	27	21	114		16	55	11	53	18	2,486
Mining	679	120	69	34	10	67		12	195	28	109	34	-
Construction	7,232	991	143	77	71	437		31	4,125	102	459	780	16
	21,569	2,517	1,782	735	697	2,306		327	4,243	6,871	857	1,162	71
	12,673	1,484	1,164	512	296	1,226		169	2,977	3,779	419	578	67
Nondurable goods Transportation and public	8,896	1,033	617	223	401	1,079		159	1,266	3,092	437	584	4
utilities	8,049	888	517	300	375	2,179		280	1,250	144	1,654	452	8
Wholesale and retail trade	23,630	2,056	439	108	9,713	2,258		4,421	1,499	327	986	1,799	24
Wholesale trade	4,492	557	77	41	1,798	719		51	278	117	472	374	7
Retail trade	19,138	1,499	362	67	7,916	1,538		4,369	1,221	209	513	1,425	17
Finance, insurance, and													
real estate	7,968	2,183	184	151	1,864	3,079	-	253	132	29	24	25	43
Services	38,329	4,799	11,740	1,948	905	6,211	873	7,815	1,840	889	563	425	322
Private households	1,089	4	8	8	2	14	873		7	-	8	16	68
Other service industries	37,240	4,795	11,732	1,940	902	6,197	-	7,734	1,833	889	555	408	254
Professional services	24,809	2,710	10,406	1,567	134	4,467		4,375	394	236	311	122	87
Public administration	5,456	1,167	789	254	26	1,436		1,376	234	26	64	58	25

includes protective service, not shown separately.

#### A-26. Employed civilians with a job but not at work by reason, sex, and pay status

(In thousands)

	A indus				Nonagricultur	al industries		
			Tot	tal	٧	Vage and sale	ary workers ¹	
Reason not working and sex	Mar. Mar. 1988 1989 Mar. Mar				Paid ab	sences	Unpaid a	bsences
	1988	1989	маг. 1988	маг. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1988	Mar. 1989
Total, 16 years and over	4,389	4,779	4,225	4,639	1,860	2,036	1,792	1,997
Vacation	1,710	1,931	1,662	1,901	1,008	1,197	459	514
Illness	1,506	1,481	1,471	1,446	604	603	737	705
Bad weather	150	192	116	156	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Industrial dispute	37	31	37	31	(²)	(2)	(²)	(²)
All other reasons	985	1,143	939	1,104	248	237	596	778
Men, 16 years and over	2,313	2,386	2,194	2,275	997	1,012	832	878
Vacation	925	978	894	961	572	623	217	221
Illness	791	732	762	706	326	297	360	324
All other reasons ³	597	675	538	608	98	91	254	332
Women, 16 years and over	2,076	2,394	2,031	2,364	862	1,026	962	1,118
Vacation	785	954	767	940	435	572	241	291
Illness	715	749	710	740	278	308	377	381
All other reasons ³	575	691	554	684	148	146	343	446

^{*} Excludes private household workers.

2 Pay status not available separately for bad weather and industrial dispute; these categories are included in all other reasons.

³ Includes bad weather and industrial dispute, not shown separately. NOTE: Estimates for "all other reasons" by pay status may be biased because of high response variance; data should be used with caution.

#### A-27. Persons at work by hours of work and type of industry

			March	1989					
Hours of work	-	Thousands of p	ersons	Percent distribution					
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultura industries			
Total, 16 years and over	111,065	2,793	108,272	100.0	100.0	100.0			
1 to 34 hours	26,259	831	25,430	23.6	29.8	23.5			
1 to 4 hours	791	38	754	.7	1.4	.7			
5 to 14 hours	4,889	196	4,693	4.4	7.0	4.3			
15 to 29 hours	13,395	412	12,983	12.1	14.8	12.0			
30 to 34 hours	7,184	185	7,000	6.5	6.6	6.5			
5 hours and over	84.804	1.962	82.842	76.4	70.2	76.5			
35 to 39 hours	7,611	190	7,421	6.9	6.8	6.9			
40 hours	44,053	620	43,432	39.7	22.2	40.1			
41 hours and over	33,140	1,152	31,989	29.8	41.2	29.5			
41 to 48 hours	11,580	193	11.388	10.4	6.9	10.5			
49 to 59 hours	12,663	367	12,296	11.4	13.1	11.4			
60 hours and over	8,897	592	8,305	8.0	21.2	7.7			
verage hours, total at work	39.3	42.0	39.2						
Average hours, workers on full-time schedules	43.8	48.8	43.7						

#### A-28. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by reason for working less than 35 hours, type of industry, and usual status

			March	1989		
		All industries	3	Nona	gricultural ind	dustries
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time
Total, 16 years and over	26,259	6,669	19,592	25,430	6,362	19,068
Economic reasons	4,784	1,702	3,082	4,572	1,599	2,973
Slack work	2,306	1,428	878	2,148	1,331	817
Material shortages or repairs to plant and equipment	41	41	-	41	41	_
New job started during week	152	152		147	147	
Job terminated during week	80	80	_	79	79	_
Could find only part-time work	2,204	-	2,204	2,155	-	2,155
Other reasons	21,476	4,966	16,510	20,857	4,762	16,095
Does not want, or unavailable for, full-time work	14,026	-	14,026	13,704	-	13,704
Vacation	1,205	1,205	-	1,189	1,189	-
Illness	1,638	1,453	185	1,605	1,428	177
Bad weather	407	407	-	313	313	-
Industrial dispute	3	3		3	3	
Legal or religious holiday	172	172	-	172	172	-
Full time for this job	1,625	_	1,625	1,593	_	1,593
All other reasons	2,400	1,727	673	2,277	1,657	620
verage hours:						
Economic reasons	22.5	24.4	21.4	22.5	24.5	21.5
Other reasons	20.7	25.8	19.2	20.7	25.9	19.2
Vorked 30 to 34 hours:						
Economic reasons	1,590	772	818	1,535	734	801
Other reasons	5,594	2,509	3,085	5,465	2,433	3,032

#### A-29. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and full- or part-time status

Industry	March 1989								
	Total at work	On part time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	On full-time schedules				Average	Average
				Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
Total, 16 years and over	108,272	4,572	16,095	87,605	55,616	11,388	20,601	39.2	43.7
Wage and salary workers	100,068	3,954	14,568	81,546	52,918	10,851	17,777	39.0	43.3
Mining	620	16	20	584	308	75	201	45.2	46.4
Construction	5,579	389	285	4,905	3,357	585	963	40.0	42.6
Manufacturing  Durable goods  Nondurable goods	20,434 12,010 8,424	403 169 233	713 307 405	19,318 11,534 7,786	12,263 7,186 5,079	3,122 1,861 1,261	3,933 2,487 1,446	42.2 42.8 41.5	43.4 43.6 43.1
Transportation and public utilities	7,397 20,873 7,108	235 1,237 119	526 5,353 729	6,636 14,283 6,260	4,162 8,610 4,199	877 2,147 757	1,597 3,526 1,304	41.9 36.4 40.2	44.2 43.8 42.9
Service industries	32,803 1,050 31,753 5,255	1,513 170 1,343 43	6,636 496 6,140 305	24,654 384 24,270 4,907	16,383 256 16,127 3,636	2,820 38 2,782 469	5,451 90 5,361 802	37.3 25.6 37.7 40.8	43.2 44.2 43.2 42.3
Self-employed workersUnpaid family workers	7,856 347	602 16	1,389 138	5,865 193	2,603 94	526 11	2,736 88	41.1 37.4	48.7 49.4

A-30. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by sex, age, race, marital status, and full- or part-time status

				Marci	h 1989			
		On part	_	On	full-time sche	dules	Average	Average
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
TOTAL								
Total, 16 years and over	108,272	4,572	16,095	87,605	55,616	31,989	39.2	43.7
16 to 19 years	5,803	342	3,703	1,758	1,435	323	23.6	39.6
16 to 17 years	2,158	67	1,877	214	198	16	17.2	35.6
18 to 19 years	3,645	275	1,826	1,544	1,237	307	27.4	40.1
20 years and over	102,469	4,230	12,392	85,847	54,181	31,666	40.1	43.8
20 to 24 years	12,030	726	2,487	8,817	6,212	2,605	36.4	42.2
25 years and over	90,439	3,504	9,904	77,031	47,970	29,061	40.6	43.9
25 to 44 years	59,244	2,362	5,351	51,531	31,666	19.865	41.1	44.0
•	28,287	1,019	3,136	24,132	15,347	8,785	40.5	43.9
45 to 64 years								1
65 years and over	2,908	122	1,417	1,369	958	411	29.3	42.7
Men, 16 years and over	58,780	2,117	5,015	51,648	28,890	22,758	42.2	45.3
16 to 19 years	2,935	178	1,789	968	761	207	24.7	40.2
16 to 17 years	1,080	39	907	134	124	10	17.9	34.8
18 to 19 years	1,855	139	882	834	634	200	28.7	41.0
20 years and over	55,845	1,938	3,226	50,681	28,132	22,549	43.1	45.4
20 to 24 years	6,232	373	1,029	4,830	3,118	1,712	38.2	43.4
25 years and over	49,613	1,564	2,197	45,852	25,015	20,837	43.7	45.6
25 to 44 years	32,428	1,101	797	30,530	16,228	14,302	44.4	45.8
45 to 64 years	15,545	398	647	14,500	8,254	6,246	43.6	45.3
65 years and over	1,640	65	753	822	530	292	30.7	43.7
Women, 16 years and over	49,492	2,455	11,080	35,957	26,726	9,231	35.6	41.4
16 to 19 years	2,868	163	1,914	791	676	115	22.4	38.9
16 to 17 years	1,078	27	970	81	74	7	16.4	36.9
18 to 19 years	1,791	136	944	711	603	108	26.0	39.1
20 years and over	46,624	2,292	9,166	35,166	26,051	9,115	36.4	41.5
20 to 24 years	5,798	353	1,458	3,987	3,093	894	34.4	40.8
		1	, ,	•				
25 years and over	40,826	1,939	7,707	31,180	22,959	8,221	36.7	41.6
25 to 44 years	26,816	1,261	4,554	21,001	15,438	5,563	37.2	41.5
45 to 64 years	12,742	620	2,489	9,633	7,094	2,539	36.7	41.8
65 years and over	1,268	58	664	546	426	120	27.6	41.2
RACE								
White, 16 years and over	93,766	3,688	14,447	75,631	46,606	29,025	39.3	44.0
Men	51,513	1,718	4,403	45,392	24,610	20,782	42.5	45.6
Women	42,253	1,970	10,044	30,239	21,996	8,243	35.4	41.5
Black, 16 years and over	11,065	748	1,176	9,141	7,079	2,062	38.0	41.7
Men	5,447	338	434	4,675	3,292	1,383	39.7	42.8
Women	5,618	409	742	4,467	3,787	680	36.4	40.4
MARITAL STATUS								
Men, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	37,778	964	1,547	35,267	18,845	16,422	44.1	45.8
Widowed, divorced, or separated	5,772	303	298	5,171	2,867	2,304	42.8	45.4
Single (never married)	15,230	849	3,171	11,210	7,179	4,031	37.1	43.7
Women, 16 years and over:								
Married, spouse present	27,758	1,283	6,385	20,090	15,202	4,888	35.6	41.2
Widowed, divorced, or separated	9,521	548	1,253	7,720	5,451	2,269	38.2	42.2
Single (never married)	12,213	624	3,441	8,148	6,074	2,074	33.7	41.4
	,	"-"	-,	-,	-,-,	_,	30.,	1

#### A-31. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and full- or part-time status

				N	March 198	19			
			_	(	On full-tim	e schedule	s		Average
Occupation and sex	Total at work	On part time for economic reasons	On volun- tary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	Average hours, total at work	hours, workers on full- time sched- ules
Total, 16 years and over'	108,230	4,544	16,066	87,620	55,578	11,378	20,664	39.2	43.7
Managerial and professional specialty  Executive, administrative, and managerial  Professional specialty  Technical, sales, and administrative support	14,293 15,024	516 186 331 1,133	2,738 700 2,038 6,632	26,063 13,407 12,655 26,269	13,955 6,822 7,133 18,075	3,296 1,702 1,594 3,144	8,812 4,883 3,928 5,050	42.7 44.6 40.9 37.5	45.6 46.2 44.9 42.6
Technicians and related support Sales occupations Administrative support, including clerical	3,493 13,161	79 579 475	401 2,916 3,316	3,013 9,667 13,589	2,101 5,119 10,855	384 1,215 1,546	528 3,334 1,188	39.7 38.8 36.1	42.7 45.6 40.5
Service occupations Private household Protective service	14,648 846 1,836	1,218 121 42	4,378 409 182	9,052 316 1,612	6,586 216 998	949 27 240	1,518 74 374	33.4 25.7 41.5	42.3 43.4 44.7
Service, except private household and protective Precision production, craft, and repair Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	13,028 17,203	1,055 638 1,039 354	3,788 522 1,796 409	7,124 11,868 14,368 7,382	5,372 7,414 9,547 5,214	682 1,818 2,171 1,159	1,070 2,636 2,649 1,009	32.7 41.8 39.5 40.3	41.7 43.8 43.1 42.1
Transportation and material moving occupations	4,491 4,567	267 418	426 961	3,798 3,188	1,969 2,365	557 455	1,272 368	42.6 35.0	46.5 41.4
Men, 16 years and over ¹		2,083	4,941	51,572	28,784	7,260	15,528	42.2	45.3
Managerial and professional specialty  Executive, administrative, and managerial  Professional specialty  Technical, sales, and administrative support	8,580 7,586 11,973	213 109 105 272	753 268 484 1,324	15,200 8,203 6,997 10,377	6,926 3,597 3,329 5,518	1,840 973 867 1,429	6,434 3,633 2,801 3,431	45.8 46.6 44.9 42.2	47.5 47.8 47.2 45.7
Technicians and related support	6,751 3,383	25 160 87 328	105 748 471 1,222	1,709 5,843 2,826 4,327	1,075 2,496 1,947 2,888	251 739 439 556	383 2,608 439 883	42.3 44.0 38.4 37.1	44.1 47.9 42.3 43.7
Private household Protective service Service, except private household and protective Precision production, craft, and repair	1,554 4,301	4 30 295 571	10 104 1,109 403	9 1,421 2,898 10,915	857 2,029 6,721	215 337 1,724	3 348 531 2,470	(²) 43.0 35.0 42.1	(²) 45.2 43.0 43.9
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	12,691 4,852 4,056	698 126 221	1,239 170 280	10,753 4,556 3,555	6,731 3,008 1,787	1,711 789 535	2,310 759 1,233	40.3 41.6 43.6	43.8 42.8 46.9
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers  Women, 16 years and over ¹		352 2,461	789 11,125	2,642 36,048	1,936	388 4,117	318 5,136	35.0 35.6	41.5
Managerial and professional specialty	13,151	303	1,986	10,862	7,029	1,456	2,377	38.9	42.9
Executive, administrative, and managerial	7,438 22,062	77 226 862	432 1,554 5,308	5,204 5,658 15,892	3,226 3,804 12,557	729 727 1,715	1,250 1,127 1,619	41.8 36.7 35.0	43.7 42.2 40.6
Technicians and related support Sales occupations Administrative support, including clerical Service occupations	6,410 13,997	54 419 389 890	296 2,167 2,845 3,156	1,304 3,824 10,764 4,725	1,026 2,623 8,908 3,698	133 476 1,106 392	145 725 749 635	36.8 33.4 35.5 30.9	40.8 42.2 40.0 41.0
Private household Protective service Service, except private household and protective	824 281	117 13 760	399 78 2,679	308 191 4,227	215 140 3,343	22 25 345	70 26 539	25.7 33.2 31.4	43.3 41.1 40.8
Precision production, craft, and repair	4,512 3,293	66 341 228	119 556 239	953 3,615 2,826	693 2,816 2,205	94 460 371	166 339 250	39.0 37.2 38.3	42.5 40.9 40.8
Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		46 67	146 172	243 546	182 429	22 67	39 50	33.0 34.9	41.9 41.0

Excludes farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.

² Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

A-32. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

E. d					19	88						1989	
Employment status and sex	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
TOTAL													
Noninstitutional population ¹	185,847	185,964	186,088	186,247	186,402	186,522	186,666	186,801	186,949	187,098	187,340	187,461	187,581
	122,672	123,060	122,917	123,209	123,331	123,692	123,688	123,778	124,215	124,259	125,124	124,865	124,948
Percent of population ²	66.0	66.2	66.1	66.2	66.2	66.3	66.3	66.3	66.4	66.4	66.8	66.6	
Total employed¹		116,392	116,117	116,686	116,707	116,895		117,260		117,705	118,407	118,537	118,820
Employment-population ratio ³		62.6	62.4	62.7	62.6	62.7	62.7	62.8	62.9	62.9	63.2	63.2	63.3
Resident Armed Forces	1,736	1,732	1,714	1,685	1,673	1,692	1,704	1,687	1,705	1,696	1,696	1,684	
Civilian employed	114,129	114,660	114,403	115,001	115,034	115,203	115,370	115,573	115,947	116,009	116,711	116,853	117,136
Agriculture	3,181	3,187	3,110	3,121	3,060	3,142	3,176	3,238	3,238	3,193	3,300	3,223	3,206
Nonagricultural industries	110,948	111,473	111,293	111,880	111,974	112,061	112,194	112,335	112,709	112,816	113,411	113,630	113,930
Unemployed	6,807	6,668	6,800	6,523	6,624	6,797	6,614	6,518	6,563	6,554	6,716	6,328	6,128
Unemployment rate4	5.5	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.1	4.9
Not in labor force	63,175	62,904	63,171	63,038	63,071	62,830	62,978	63,023	62,734	62,839	62,216	62,596	62,633
Men			!										
Noninstitutional population ¹	89,168	89,225	89,287	89,367	89,445	89,504	89,577	89,637	89,716	89,792	89,914	89,973	90,032
Labor force¹	68,194	68,462	68,409	68,436	68,461	68,685	68,604	68,569	68,686		69,032	69,113	69,190
Percent of population ²	76.5	76.7	76.6	76.6	76.5	76.7	76.6	76.5	76.6	76.4	76.8	76.8	76.9
Total employed	64,417	64.866	64,672	64,894	64,941	64,931	65,015	64,976	65,074	65,055	65,322	65,572	65,920
Employment-population ratio ³	72.2	72.7	72.4	72.6	72.6	72.5	72.6	72.5	72.5	72.5	72.6	72.9	73.2
Resident Armed Forces	1,573	1,569	1,553	1,523	1,512	1,529	1,540	1,526	1,542	1,534	1,532	1,521	1,521
Civilian employed	62,844	63,297	63,119	63,371	63,429	63,402	63,475	63,450	63,532	63,521	63,790	64,051	64.399
Unemployed	3,777	3,596	3,737	3,542	3,520	3,754	3,589	3,593	3,612	3,583	3,710	3,540	3,270
Unemployment rate ⁴	5.5	5.3	5.5	5.2	5.1	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.4	5.1	4.7
Not in labor force	20,974	20,763	20,878		20,984	20,819	20,973	21,068	21,030		20,882	20,860	
Women													
Noninstitutional population ¹	96.679	96,739	96.801	96.880	96.957	97,018	97,089	97,164	97,234	97,306	97,427	97,488	97.550
Labor force ¹	54,478	54,598	54,508	54,773	54,870	55,007	55,084	55,209	55,529	55,621	56,091	55,752	55,758
Percent of population ²	56.3	56.4	56.3	56.5	56.6	56.7	56.7	56.8	57.1	57.2	57.6	57.2	57.2
Total employed	51,448	51,526	51,445	51,792	51,766	51.964	52,059	52,284	52,578	52.650	53.085	52.965	52.900
Employment-population ratio ³	53.2	53.3	53.1	53.5	53.4	53.6	53.6	53.8	54.1	54.1	54.5	54.3	54.2
Resident Armed Forces	163	163	161	162	161	163	164	161	163	162	164	163	163
Civilian employed	51,285		51,284	51,630	51,605	51.801	51,895	52.123	52,415	52,488	52.921	52.802	52.737
Unemployed	3,030	3,072	3.063	2,981	3,104	3,043	3,025	2,925	2,951	2,971	3,006	2,787	2,858
Unemployment rate ⁴	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.4	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.0	
Not in labor force	42,201	42,141	42,293	42,107	42,087	42,011	42,005	41,955	41,705	41,685	41,336	41,736	

Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

Armed Forces).

NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-32 through A-41 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

# HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### A-33. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,					19	88						1989	
sex, and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹													
Civilian labor force													
Percent of population		65.9	65.7	65.8	65.9	66.0	66.0	66.0	66.1	66.1	66.5	66.3	66.3
Employed							, ,				, ,	116,853	
Employment-population ratio ²		62.2	62.0	62.3	62.3	62.3	62.4	62.4	62.6		62.9		63.0
Unemployed		6,668	6,800	6,523	6,624	6,797	6,614	6,518	6,563	1 '	6,716	6,328	6,128
Unemployment rate	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.1	5.0
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	80,260		80,402			80,669		80,851	80,924		81,162		81,333
Civilian labor force		62,774	62,721	62,669	62,729	62,916		62,915			63,358	63,490	63,557
Percent of population		78.1	78.0	77.8	77.8	78.0	77.9	77.8	77.8	77.8	78.1	78.1	78.1
Employed			59,656	59,780	59,897	59,839		60,004	59,999	1 .	60,420	60,636	60,869
Employment-population ratio ²		74.5	74.2	74.2	74.3	74.2	74.3	74.2	74.1	74.1	74.4	74.6	74.8
Agriculture		2,259	2,238	2,231	2,252	2,273	2,249	2,315	2,313	2,292	2,277	2,320	2,317
Nonagricultural industries		57,574	57,418	57,549	57,645	57,566		57,689			58,143	58,316	
Unemployed		2,941 4.7	3,065	2,889	2,832	3,077	2,905	2,911	2,996	2,953	2,938	2,853	2,688
Unemployment rate	17,728		4.9	4.6	4.5 17,879	4.9	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.2
Not in labor force	17,728	17,552	17,681	17,857	17,879	17,753	17,867	17,936	17,929	17,999	17,804	17,766	17,776
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹		89,307	89,382		89,588	89,670		89,807	89,887	89,954	90,072	90,153	
Civilian labor force		50,591	50,532		50,807	50,959	50,991	51,201	51,558		51,998		51,851
Percent of population	1	56.6	56.5	56.6	56.7	56.8	56.8	57.0	57.4	57.3	57.7	57.5	57.5
Employed		, ,	48,040	48,205	48,242	48,492	48,535	48,788	49,113	49,165	49,543		
Employment-population ratio ²	1	53.9	53.7 604	53.9	53.8 549	54.1 609	54.1	54.3	54.6		55.0	54.9	54.8
Agriculture		653 47,467	47,436	626 47,579	47,693	47,883	638 47,897	640 48,148	640 48,473	646 48,519	715 48,827	666 48,849	664 48,819
Nonagricultural industries Unemployed		2,471	2,492	2,485	2,565	2,467	2,456	2,413			2,455	2,306	
Unemployment rate		4.9	4,9	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.6
Not in labor force	38,751	38,716				38,711	38,744		1		38,074		†
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	14.591	14.598	14.590	14.534	14.533	14,491	14,477	14,456	14,433	14.447	14.410	14.367	14.323
Civilian labor force	,	7,963	7,950	8,165	8,122	8,125	8,109	7,975	,	7,974	8,071	7,871	7,856
Percent of population		54.5	54.5	56.2	55.9	56.1	56.0	55.2		55.2	56.0	54.8	54.9
Employed		6,707	6,707	7,016	6,895	6,872	6,856	6,781	6,835	6,795	6,748	6,703	6,783
Employment-population ratio ²		45.9	46.0	48.3	47.4	47.4	47.4	46.9	47.4	47.0	46.8	46.7	47.4
Agriculture	282	275	268	264	259	260	289	283		255	307	237	224
Nonagricultural industries		6,432	6,439	-,	6,636	6,612		6,498		_,-,-	6,441	6,466	-,
Unemployed		1,256	1,243		1,227	1,253	1,253	1,194			1,323	1,168	
Unemployment rate		15.8	15.6		15.1	15.4	15.5	15.0		14.8	16.4	14.8	
Not in labor force	6,697	6,635	6,640	6,369	6,411	6,366	6,368	6,481	6,476	6,473	6,339	6,496	6,467

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

population.

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,					19	88					:	1989	
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
WHITE	•												
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹		157,943											
Civilian labor force		104,517											
Percent of population		66.2	66.1	66.2	66.1	66.3		66.3		66.4	66.8	66.6	66.7
Employed			99,508				100,058						
Employment-population ratio ²		63.1	63.0	63.2	63.0	63.1	63.2	63.2	63.4		63.7	63.7	63.9
Unemployed Unemployment rate	4,920 4.7	4,854 4.6	4,925 4.7	4,814 4.6	4,890 4.7	5,106 4.9		4,852 4.6	4,852 4.6	4,844 4.6	4,923 4.6	4,521 4.3	4,434 4.2
Men, 20 years and over	i												,
Civilian labor force	54,541	54,653	54,722	54,658	54,712	54,864	54,839	54,861	54,922	54,898	55,213	55,308	55,382
Percent of population	78.3	78.4	78.4	78.2	78.2	78.4	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.2	78.5	78.6	78.6
Employed	52,266	52,478	52,443	52,475	52,557	52,487	52,579	52,612	52,624	52,636	53,007	53,197	53,387
Employment-population ratio ²	75.0	75.3	75.2	75.1	75.2	75.0	75.1	75.1	75.0	75.0	75.4	75.6	75.8
Unemployed		2,175	2,279	2,183	2,155	2,377	2,260	2,249	2,298	2,262	2,205	2,111	1,995
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.0	3.9	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.6
Women, 20 years and over	į												
Civilian labor force	42,767	42,955	42,868	42,955	42,958	43,149	43,191	43,298	43,625	43,644	43,936	43,770	43,780
Percent of population		56.3	56.1	56.2	56.2	56.4	56.4	56.5	56.9	56.9	57.2	56.9	56.9
Employed		41,233	41,124	41,201	41,124	41,378	41,413	41,583	41,889	41,930	42,201	42,177	42,115
Employment-population ratio ²		54.0	53.8	53.9	53.8	54.1	54.1	54.2	54.6	54.6	54.9	54.8	54.7
Unemployed	1,678	1,722	1,744	1,754	1,834	1,771	1,778	1,715	1,736	1,714	1,734	1,593	1,665
Unemployment rate	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.6	3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	6,864	6,909	6,843	7,103	6,981	7,000	7,006	6,892	6,848	6,869	6,958	6,720	6,826
Percent of population	57.7	58.1	57.6	59.8	58.9	59.2	59.4	58.5	58.3	58.6	59.6	57.7	58.7
Employed	5,897	5,952	5,941	6,226	6,080	6,042	6,066	6,004	6,030	6,001	5,975	5,904	6,052
Employment-population ratio ²	49.6	50.1	50.0	52.5	51.3	51.1	51.4	51.0	51.3	51,2	51.1	50.7	52.1
Unemployed	967	957	902	877	901	958	940	888	818	868	983	816	774
Unemployment rate		13.9	13.2	12.3	12.9	13.7	13.4	12.9	11.9	12.6	14.1	12.1	11.3
Men		14.4	14.0	13.2	14.3	13.9		14.4	12.6	13.4	16.4	14.0	12.3
Women	12.6	13.3	12.3	11.4	11.4	13.5	12.3	11.3	11.3	11.8	11.7	10.2	10.2
BLACK													
Civilian noninstitutional population1			20,650							20,842		20,905	
Civilian labor force			13,102		13,283	13,236		13,290			13,477	13,476	13,425
Percent of population		63.5	63.4	63.2	64.1	63.8	63.6	63.9	64.1	64.3	64.6		64.1
Employed			11,514	11,543	11,761	11,733		11,807	11,831	11,856			
Employment-population ratio ²		55.9	55.8	55.8	56.8	56.6		56.8	56.8	56.9	56.8	56.8	57,1
Unemployed Unemployment rate	1,639 12.5	1,567 12.0	1,588 12.1	1,523 11.7	1,522 11.5	1,503 11.4	1,443 10.9	1,483 11.2	1,499 11.2	1,549 11.6	1,617 12.0	1,603 11.9	1,464 10.9
Men, 20 years and over	,2.5	12.0									12.0		, 0.0
Civilian labor force	6,119	6,151	6,107	6,084	6,080	6,131	6,117	6,157	6,146	6,179	6,226	6,199	6,230
Percent of population		75.2	74.5	74.1	73.9	74.5		74.6					
Employed	5,444	5,510	5,469		5,495	5,539		5,566			5,576		
Employment-population ratio ²	66.6		66.7	66.7	66.8	67.3			67.1	67.1			
Unemployed		641	638		585	592		591	601	618			
Unemployment rate	11.0		10.4		9.6	9.7		9.6				10.5	
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	6,141	6,112	6,099	6,097	6,286	6,188	6,174	6,234	6,280	6,316	6,369	6,349	6,315
Percent of population		59.6	59.4		61.0	60.0							, .
Employed	5,478	5,444	5,453	1	5,640	5,571	5,575	5,620				1	5,739
Employment-population ratio ²	53.5	53.1	53.1	53.0	54.7	54.0		54.3				54.7	55.0
Unemployed	1		646		646	617		614		,	1		576
Unemployment rate		10.9	10.6	10.6	10.3	10.0	9.7	9.8	9.8	10.5	10.4	10.3	9.1
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See footnotes at end of table.

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

#### A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,					19	88						1989	
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force Percent of population Employed Employment-population ratio ² Unemployed Unemployed Women Women  HISPANIC ORIGIN	840 38.6 539 24.7 301 35.8 37.8 33.9	838 38.5 580 26.6 258 30.8 27.9 33.9	896 41.1 592 27.2 304 33.9 33.2 34.8	885 40.6 614 28.1 271 30.6 31.5 29.6	917 42.0 626 28.7 291 31.7 31.2 32.4	917 42.0 623 28.5 294 32.1 32.1	910 41.7 620 28.4 290 31.9 31.9	899 41.2 621 28.5 278 30.9 32.8 28.6	904 41.5 623 28.6 281 31.1 32.1 29.9	910 41.7 641 29.4 269 29.6 29.8 29.3	881 40.5 577 26.5 304 34.5 36.7 32.0	928 42.7 627 28.8 301 32.4 33.1 31.6	880 40.5 602 27.7 278 31.6 28.6 34.8
Civilian noninstitutional population' Civilian labor force Percent of population Employed Employed Unemployed Unemployed Unemployment rate	13,192 8,818 66.8 8,088 61.3 730 8.3	13,230 8,823 66.7 8,030 60.7 793 9.0	13,268 8,910 67.2 8,128 61.3 782 8.8	13,306 9,009 67.7 8,222 61.8 787 8.7	13,344 8,997 67.4 8,265 61.9 732 8.1	13,381 8,963 67.0 8,214 61.4 749 8.4	13,419 9,061 67.5 8,378 62.4 683 7.5	13,458 9,075 67.4 8,368 62.2 707 7.8	13,495 9,148 67.8 8,419 62.4 729 8.0	9,133 67.5	13,564 9,205 67.9 8,434 62.2 771 8.4	13,606 9,219 67.8 8,596 63.2 624 6.8	13,649 9,210 67.5 8,607 63.1 603 6.5

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### A-35. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Catalana					19	88						1989	
Category	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
CHARACTERISTIC													
Total	40,486	28,772	114,403 40,317 28,632 6,000	40,493 28,678	40,518 28,669	40,511 28,809	40,513 28,836	40,504	40,407 28,995	40,483 29,053	40,925 29,589	40,928 29,412	41,083
Government	1,416 146 102,339 16,952	1,390 152 102,562 17,012	16,946	17,049	1,362 149 103,189 17,031	17,111	17,145	17,240	17,387	149 103,904 17,423	1,387 189 104,510 17,393	17,311	17,382
Private industries Private households Other industries Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers	84,220	1,114 84,436 8,567	85,199 1,152 84,047 8,816 301	85,904 1,146 84,758 8,536 297	85,026	86,096 1,128 84,968 8,508 241	1,119	1,152 85,341 8,479	1,209	86,481 1,210 85,271 8,602 266	87,117 1,196 85,921 8,718 298	87,486 1,135 86,350 8,517 285	87,600 1,163 86,437 8,645 332
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME¹  All industries: Part time for economic reasons	5,331 2,448 2,548 14,654	2,519	4,878 2,267 2,353 14,813	5,302 2,346 2,586 14,612	2,471 2,538	5,192 2,315 2,473 14,999	2,389	4,963 2,220 2,399 15,161	5,061 2,279 2,375 15,446	2,410	5,097 2,302 2,352 15,401	4,981 2,303 2,333 15,126	4,968 2,232 2,393 15,561
Nonagricultural industries: Part time for economic reasons Slack work Could only find part-time work Voluntary part time	5,087 2,265 2,482 14,203	2,426	4,676 2,136 2,276 14,376	5,073 2,183 2,504 14,180	2,334 2,493	4,972 2,171 2,408 14,564	4,862 2,102 2,317 14,819	4,727 2,095 2,319 14,679	2,288	2,307	4,837 2,144 2,283 14,970	4,697 2,105 2,272 14,688	4,709 2,048 2,317 15,127

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey

period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

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¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
² Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

# A-36. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Saw and and					19	88						1989	
Sex and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	114,129	114,660	114,403	115,001	115,034	115,203	115,370	115,573	115,947	116,009	116,711	116,853	117,136
16 to 24 years	19,948	20,029	19,864	20,338	20,137	20,123	20,050	19,930	19,877	19,852	19,741	19,797	19,996
16 to 19 years	6,601	6,707	6,707	7,016	6,895	6,872	6,856	6,781	6,835	6,795	6,748	6,703	6,783
16 to 17 years	2,685	2,703	2,674	2,797	2,700	2,671	2,669	2,689	2,770	2,686	2,602	2,563	2,639
18 to 19 years	3,944	4,004	4,034	4,203	4,182	4,148	4,195	4,090	4,045	4,150	4,125	4,163	4,186
20 to 24 years	13,347	13,322	13,157	13,322	13,242	13,251	13,194	13,149	13,042	13,057	12,993	13,095	13,213
25 years and over	94,198	94,591	94,450	94,683	94,979	95,145	95,332	95,619	96,062	96,151	96,988	97,020	97,125
25 to 54 years	79,583	79,898	79,953	80,111	80,456	80,608	80,697	80,950	81,242	81,399	82,036	82,160	82,165
55 years and over	14,580	14,673	14,499	14,556	14,514	14,583	14,664	14,690		14,771	14,924	14,803	14,933
Men, 16 years and over	62,844	63,297	63,119	63,371	63,429	63,402	63,475	63,450	63,532	63,521	63,790	64,051	64,399
16 to 24 years	10,364	10,438	10,385	10,550	10,441	10,475	10,401	10,303	10,379	10,288	10,198	10,377	10,530
16 to 19 years	3,376	3,464	3,463	3,591	3,532	3,563	3,496	3,446	3,533	3,472	3,370	3,415	3,530
16 to 17 years	1,391	1,403	1,383	1,415	1,392	1,395	1,397	1,404	1,433	1,385	1,270	1,298	1,377
18 to 19 years	2,001	2,059	2,080	2,171	2,133	2,126	2,106	2,040	2,105	2,135	2,088	2,134	2,179
20 to 24 years	6,988	6,974	6,922	6,959	6,909	6,912	6,905	6,857	6,846	6,816	6,828	6.962	7.000
25 years and over	52,504	52.831	52,709	52,818	53,016	52,983	53,072	53,136	53,152	53,227	53,573	53,659	53,897
25 to 54 years	43,999	44,278	44,202	44,287	44,509	44,471	44,577	44,669	44,712	44,779	45,001	45,091	45,278
55 years and over	8,492	8,532	8,490	8,529	8,524	8,514		8,482	8,436	8,470	8,563	8,536	8,603
Women, 16 years and over	51,285	51,363	51,284	51,630	51,605	51,801	51,895	52,123	52,415	52,488	52,921	52,802	52,737
16 to 24 years	9,584	9,591	9,479	9,788	9,696	9,648	9,649	9,627	9,498	9,564	9,543	9,420	9,466
16 to 19 years	3,225	3,243	3,244	3,425	3,363	3,309	3,360	3,335	3,302	3,323	3,378	3,287	3,253
16 to 17 years	1,294	1.300	1,291	1,382	1.308	1,276	1,272	1,285	1,337	1,301	1,332	1,265	1,262
18 to 19 years	1,943	1,945	1,954	2,032	2,049	2,022	2,089	2,050	1,940	2,015	2,037	2,029	2,007
20 to 24 years	6,359	6,348	6,235	6,363	6,333	6,339	6,289	6,292	6,196	6,241	6,165	6,133	6,213
25 years and over	41,694	41,760	41,741	41,865	41,963	42,162	42,260	42,483	42,910	42,924	43,415	43,361	43,228
25 to 54 years	35,584	35,620	35,751	35,824	35,947	36,137	36,120	36,281	36,530	36,620	37,035	37,069	36,886
55 years and over	6,088	6.141	6,009	6,027	5,990	6,069	6,162	6,208	6,354	6.301	6,361	6,267	6,331

### A-37. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Courand					19	88						1989	
Sex and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	6,807	6,668	6,800	6,523	6,624	6,797	6,614	6,518	6,563	6,554	6,716	6,328	6,128
16 to 24 years	2,612	2,518	2,513	2,394	2,465	2,476	2,457	2,429	2,363	2,421	2,663	2,316	2,182
16 to 19 years	1,293	1,256	1,243	1,149	1,227	1,253	1,253	1,194	1,122	1,179	1,323	1,168	1,073
16 to 17 years	578	580	536	527	571	605	650	559	520	535	581	572	477
18 to 19 years	714	658	700	642	628	660	615	629	599	637	751	605	597
20 to 24 years	1,319	1,262	1,270	1,245	1,238	1,223	1,204	1,235	1,241	1,242	1,340	1,148	1,109
25 years and over	4,171	4,144	4,253	4,146	4,143	4,334	4,179	4,061	4,193	4,125	4,101	4,026	3,921
25 to 54 years	3,742	3,696	3,765	3,675	3,702	3,828	3,733	3,651	3,739	3,687	3,632	3,559	3,542
55 years and over	443	460	498	450	457	475	436	419	433	457	474	466	396
Men, 16 years and over	3,777	3,596	3,737	3,542	3,520	3,754	3,589	3,593	3,612	3,583	3,710	3,540	3,270
16 to 24 years	1,403	1,321	1,352	1,302	1,331	1,351	1,329	1,376	1,274	1,280	1,494	1,302	1,128
16 to 19 years	713	655	672	653	688	677	684	682	616	630	772	687	582
16 to 17 years	318	300	291	301	307	301	367	318	300	290	330	317	258
18 to 19 years	399	355	377	363	359	362	329	360	314	333	455	379	330
20 to 24 years	690	666	680	649	643	674	645	694	658	650	722	615	546
25 years and over	2,367	2,270	2,348	2,259	2,191	2,417	2,270	2,195	2,331	2,296	2,245	2,246	2,136
25 to 54 years	2,071	1,994	2,051	1,961	1,936	2,088	2,014	1,946	2,050	1,999	1,986	1,943	1,890
55 years and over	296	281	304	278	278	298	255	266	275	286	269	303	246
Women, 16 years and over	3,030	3,072	3,063	2,981	3,104	3,043	3,025	2,925	2,951	2,971	3,006	2,787	2,858
16 to 24 years	1,209	1,197	1,161	1,092	1,134	1,125	1,128	1,053	1,089	1,141	1,169	1,014	1,054
16 to 19 years	580	601	571	496	539	576	569	512	506	549	551	481	491
16 to 17 years	260	280	245	226	264	304	283	241	220	245	251	255	219
18 to 19 years	315	303	323	279	269	298	286	269	285	304	296	226	267
20 to 24 years	629	596	590	596	595	549	559	541	583	592	618	533	563
25 years and over	1,804	1,874	1,905	1,887	1,952	1,917	1,909	1,866	1,862	1,829	1,856	1,780	1,784
25 to 54 years	1,671	1,702	1,714	1,714	1,766	1,740	1,719	1,705	1,689	1,688	1,646	1,616	1,652
55 years and over	147	179	194	172	179	177	181	153	158	171	205	164	151

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

#### A-38. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

					19	88						1989	
Sex and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.3	5,4	5.1	5.0
6 to 24 years	11.6	11.2	11.2	10.5	10.9	11.0	10.9	10.9	10.6	10.9	11.9	10.5	9.8
16 to 19 years	16.4	15.8	15.6	14.1	15.1	15.4	15.5	15.0	14.1	14.8	16.4	14.8	13.7
16 to 17 years	17.7	17.7	16.7	15.9	17.5	18.5	19.6	17.2	15.8	16.6	18.3	18.2	15.3
18 to 19 years	15.3	14.1	14.8	13.3	13.1	13.7	12.8	13.3	12.9	13.3	15.4	12.7	12.5
20 to 24 years	9.0	8.7	8.8	8.5	8.5	8.4	8.4	8.6	8.7	8.7	9.3	8.1	7.7
5 years and over	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.9
25 to 54 years	4.5	4.4	4.5	4,4	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.1
55 years and over	2.9	3.0	3.3	3.0	3.1	3.2	2.9	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.1	3.1	2.6
Men, 16 years and over	5.7	5.4	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.2	4.8
6 to 24 years	11.9	11.2	11.5	11.0	11.3	11.4	11.3	11.8	10.9	11.1	12.8	11.1	9.7
16 to 19 years	17.4	15.9	16.3	15.4	16.3	16.0	16.4	16.5	14.8	15.4	18.6	16.7	14.2
16 to 17 years	18.6	17.6	17.4	17.5	18.1	17.7	20.8	18.5	17.3	17.3	20.6	19.6	15.8
18 to 19 years	18.8	14.7	15.3	14.3	14.4	14.5	13.5	15.0	13.0	13.5	17.9	15.1	13.2
20 to 24 years	9.0	8.7	8.9	8.5	8.5	8.9	8.5	9.2	8.8	8.7	9.6	8.1	7.2
5 years and over	4.3	4,1	4.3	4.1	4.0	4.4	4,1	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.8
25 to 54 years	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.5	4.3	4.2	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0
55 years and over	3.4	3.2	3.5	3.2	3.2	3.4	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.0	3.4	2.8
Women, 18 years and over	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.0	5.1
6 to 24 years	11.2	11.1	10.9	10.0	10.5	10.4	10.5	9.9	10.3	10.7	10.9	9.7	10.0
16 to 19 years	15.2	15.6	15.0	12.6	13.8	14.8	14.5	13.3	13.3	14.2	14.0	12.8	13.1
16 to 17 years	16.7	17.7	16.0	14.1	16.8	19,2	18.2	15.8	14.1	15.8	15.9	16.8	14.8
18 to 19 years	14.0	13.5	14.2	12.1	11.6	12.8	12.0	11.6	12.8	13.1	12.7	10.0	11.7
20 to 24 years	9.0	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.0	8.2	7.9	8.6	8.7	9.1	8.0	8.3
5 years and over	4.1	4,3	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.0
25 to 54 years	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.3
55 years and over	2.4	2.8	3.1	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.4	2.4	2.6	3.1	2.5	2.3

#### A-39. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

Catanan					19	88						1989	
Category	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
CHARACTERISTIC							,						
Total (all civilian workers)		5.5	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.1	5.0
Men, 20 years and over		4.7	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.9	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.2
Women, 20 years and over		4.9	4.9	4.9	5.0	4.6	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	16.4	15.8	15.6	14.1	15.1	15.4	15.5	15.0	14.1	14.6	16.4	14.6	13.7
White	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.7	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.3	4.2
Black and other	11.3	10.6	10.9	10.3	10.1	10.0	9.5	9.8	10.0	10.0	10.6	10.6	9.8
Black	12.5	12.0	12.1	11.7	11.5	11.4	10.9	11.2	11.2	11.6	12.0	11.9	10.9
Hispanic origin	8.3	9.0	6.8	8.7	8.1	8.4	7.5	7.8	8.0	7.6	8.4	6.8	6.5
Married men, spouse present	3.4	3.1	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.4	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.1	2.9
Married women, spouse present	4.0	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.5
Women who maintain families	7.5	8.5	8.4	7.9	8.5	7.5	8.1	7. <del>9</del>	7.7	8.2	8.0	6.0	7.9
Full-time workers	5.3	5.1	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.3	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.8
Part-time workers	7.8	7.5	7.7	7.7	8.0	7.4	7,4	7.4	7.1	7.0	7.9	7.3	6.2
Unemployed 15 weeks and over'	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1
Labor force time lost ²	6.5	6.2	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.2	5.9	5.8
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	5.6	5.4	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.6	5.1	5.0
Goods-producing industries	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.2	6.3	6.7	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.1	5.6
Mining	8.2	6.1	9.4	6.8	5.4	7.0	8.6	8.8	8.9	7.7	6.1	8.0	7.0
Construction	10.6	10.6	10.5	10.3	10.4	10.7	9.6	10.0	10.6	10.4	10.4	10.0	9.4
Manufacturing	5.2	5.3	5.3	4.9	5.2	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.1	5.2	5.3	4.9	4.8
Durable goods	5.1	4.8	4.9	4.5	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.4	4.7
Nondurable goods	5.4	5.9	5.9	5.5	5.6	6.3	5.8	5.7	5.3	5.5	5.7	5.5	4.9
Service-producing industries		4.8	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.1	4.9	5.2	4.7	4.6
Transportation and public utilities		3.8	4.2	4.1	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.5	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9
Wholesale and retail trade	6.7	5.9	6.3	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.3	5.6	5.6
Finance and service industries	4.3	4.3	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.1	4.7	4.3	4.1
Government workers	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6
Agricultural wage and salary workers		11.0	12.4	10.0	11.0	11.0	10.8	10.2	9.3	8.8	9.5	8.9	8.9

for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force

Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.
 Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time

#### A-40. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

					19	88						1989	
Weeks of unemployment	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
DURATION		·											
Less than 5 weeks	3,057	3,093	3,072	3,093	2,985	3,158	3,116	3,059	3,117	3,029	3,181	3,247	3,055
5 to 14 weeks	2,060	1,969	2,068	1,910	2,041	1,956	1,896	1,835	1,935	2,039	2,081	1,865	1,821
15 weeks and over	1,693	1,582	1,614	1,543	1,619	1,636	1,568	1,554	1,502	1,495	1,512	1,304	1,310
15 to 26 weeks	851	756	789	749	826	831	775	788	787	758	757	665	648
27 weeks and over	842	826	825	794	793	805	793	766	715	737	755	639	663
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	13.8	13.5	13.8	13.2	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.4	12.6	12.8	12.7	12.1	12.4
Median duration, in weeks	6.4	5.8	5.9	5.9	6.2	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.7	5.3	5.4
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	44.9	46.6	45.5	47.3	44.9	46.8	47.4	47.4	47.6	46.2	47.0	50.6	49.4
5 to 14 weeks	30.2	29.6	30.6	29.2	30.7	29.0	28.8	28.5	29.5	31.1	30.7	29.1	29.4
15 weeks and over	24.9	23.8	23.9	23.6	24.4	24.2	23.8	24.1	22.9	22.8	22.3	20.3	21.2
15 to 26 weeks	12.5	11.4	11.7	11.4	12.4	12.3	11.8	12.2	12.0	11.5	11.2	10.4	10.5
27 weeks and over	12.4	12.4	12.2	12.1	11.9	11.9	12.1	11.9	10.9	11.2	11.1	10.0	10.7

#### A-41. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

Descent for unomployment					19	88						1989	
Reasons for unemployment	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED												}	
Job losers	3,131	2,968	3,201	3,070	3,085	3,112	3,079	2,951	3,031	3,066	3,121	2,876	2,831
On layoff	882	844	806	861	853	880	833	844	814	819	827	774	808
Other job losers	2,249	2,124	2,395	2,209	2,232	2,232	2,246	2,107	2,217	2,247	2,294	2,102	2,023
Job leavers	1,059	985	942	953	923	986	985	984	963	998	985	985	885
Reentrants	1,792	1,804	1,804	1,747	1,883	1,843	1,767	1,747	1,766	1,725	1,835	1,740	1,730
New entrants	871	886	811	800	799	800	761	747	799	799	780	765	713
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION				,									
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	45.7	44.7	47.4	46.7	46.1	46.2	46.7	45.9	46.2	46.5	46.4	45.2	46.0
On layoff	12.9	12.7	11.9	13.1	12.8	13.1	12.6	13.1	12.4	12.4	12.3	12.2	13.1
Other job losers	32.8	32.0	35.4	33.6	33.4	33.1	34.1	32.8	33.8	34.1	34.1	33.0	32.8
Job leavers	15.5	14.8	13.9	14.5	13.8	14.6	14.9	15.3	14.7	15.1	14.7	15.5	14.4
Reentrants	26.1	27.2	26.7	26.6	28.1	27.3	26.8	27.2	26.9	26.2	27.3	27.3	28.1
New entrants	12.7	13.3	12.0	12.2	11.9	11.9	11.5	11.6	12.2	12.1	11.6	12.0	11.6
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Job losers	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.3
Job leavers	.9	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.7
Reentrants	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4
New entrants	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.6	.6	.7	.7	.6	.6	.6

#### A-42. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Post of the second second second		19	86			19	87			19	88		1989
Employment status and sex	Ī	II	111	IV	ı	II	111	IV	1	II.	III	IV	ı
TOTAL									-				
Noninstitutional population1	181,517	182,008	182,530	183,115	183,743	184,253	184,749	185,216	185,707	186,099	186,530	186,949	187,461
Labor force1	118,610	119,383	119,900	120,298	120,826	121,441	121,779	122,301	122,786	123,062	123,570	124,084	124,979
Percent of population ²	65.3	65.6	65.7	65.7	65.8	65.9	65.9	66.0	66.1	66.1	66.2	66.4	66.7
Total employed	110,426	110,944	111,662	112,178	112,974	113,926	114,576	115,224	115,893	116,398	116,892	117,539	118,588
Employment-population ratio ³	60.8	61.0	61.2	61.3	61.5	61.8	62.0	62.2	62.4	62.5	62.7	62.9	63.3
Resident Armed Forces	1,692	1,687	1,695	1,750	1,741	1,726	1,733	1,749	1,740	1,710	1,690	1,696	1,688
Civilian employed	108,734	109,257	109,967	110,428	111,233	112,200	112,843	113,475	114,152	114,688	115,202	115,843	116,900
Agriculture	3,191	3,165	3,134	3,163	3,191	3,263	3,186	3,193	3,212	3,139	3,126	3,223	3,243
Nonagricultural industries	105,543	106,091	106,833	107,264	108,042	108,937	109,657	110,282	110,940	111,549	112,076	112,620	113,657
Unemployed	8,184	8,439	8,238	8,120	7,852	7,514	7,203	7,077	6,893	6,664	6,678	6,545	6,391
Unemployment rate ⁴	6.9	7.1	6.9	6.8	6.5	6.2	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.1
Not in labor force	62,906	62,626	62,630	62,817	62,917	62,813	62,970	62,915	62,922	63,037	62,959	62,865	62,482
Men													
Noninstitutional population1	86,957	87,201	87,463	87,775	88,101	88,358	88,605	88,843	89,100	89,293	89.509	89.715	89.973
Labor force ¹	66,669	66,895	67,036	67,322	67,608	67,711	67,765	68,005	68,234	68,436	68,583	68,631	69,112
Percent of population ²	76.7	76.7	76.6	76.7	76.7	76.6	76.5	76.5	76.6	76.6	76.6	76.5	76.8
Total employed'	62,235	62,280	62,459	62,796	63,249	63,503	63,815	64,168	64,475	64,811	64.962	65,035	65.605
Employment-population ratio ³	71.6	71.4	71.4	71.5	71.8	71.9	72.0	72.2	72,4	72.6	72.6	72.5	72.9
Resident Armed Forces	1,539	1,533	1,540	1,592	1,583	1,567	1,572	1,587	1,579	1,548	1,527	1,534	1,525
Civilian employed	60,695	60,747	60,920	61,204	61,666	61,937	62,243	62,581	62,895	63,262	63,435	63,501	64,080
Unemployed	4,435	4,615	4,577	4,526	4,358	4,208	3,950	3,837	3,759	3,625	3,621	3,596	3,507
Unemployment rate ⁴	6.7	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.4	6.2	5.8	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1
Not in labor force	20,288	20,306	20,426	20,453	20,494	20,647	20,840	20,839	20,866	20,858	20,926	21,084	20,861
Women													
Noninstitutional population ¹	94,560	94,807	95.067	95,341	95,642	95,896	96,144	96,372	96,608	96,806	97.022	97.234	97.488
Labor force ¹	51,941	52,487	52,864	52,976	53,219	53.730	54,014	54,296	54,552	54,626	54,987	55,453	55,867
Percent of population ²	54.9	55.4	55.6	55.6	55.6	56.0	56.2	56.3	56.5	56.4	56.7	57.0	57.3
Total employed ¹	48,191	48,664	49,202	49,382	49,725	50,423	50,760	51,056	51,418	51,588	51,930	52,504	52,983
Employment-population ratio ³	51.0	51.3	51.8	51.8	52.0	52.6	52.8	53.0	53.2	53.3	53.5	54.0	54.3
Resident Armed Forces	152	154	155	158	158	160	161	161	161	162	163	162	163
Civilian employed	48,039	48,509	49,047		49,567	50,263	50,600	50,894	51,257	51,426	51,767	52,342	52,820
Unemployed	3,750	3,824	3,661	3,594	3,494	3,307	3,253	3,241	3,134	3,039	3,057	2,949	2.884
Unemployment rate ⁴	7.2	7.3	6.9		6.6	6.2	6.0	6.0	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.3	5.2
Not in labor force	42,619	42,320	42,204	42.365	42,423	42,166	42,130	42.076	42.056				41.621

Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

2 Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

3 Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

Armed Forces).

NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-42 through A-53 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

¹ Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

#### A-43. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		19	86			19	87			19	88		1989
sex, and age	1	11	Ш	IV	ı	11	Ш	IV	1	11	111	IV	ı
TOTAL				!									
		180,321											
Civilian labor force		117,695						120,552				122,388	
Percent of population	65.0	65.3	65.4	65.4	65.4	65.6	65.6	65.7	65.8		65.9	66.1	66.4
Employed	108,734	109,257	109,967	110,428	111,233	112,200	112,843	113,475	114,152	114,688	115,202	115,843	116,900
Employment-population ratio ²	60.5	60.6	60.8	60.9	61.1	61.5	61.7	61.9	62.1	62.2	62.3	62.5	62.9
Unemployed	8,184	8,439	8,238	8,120	7,852	7,514	7,203	7,077	6,893	6,664	6,678	6,545	6,391
Unemployment rate	7.0	7.2	7.0	6.8	6.6	6.3	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.2
Men, 20 years and over									ĺ				
Civilian noninstitutional population	78,169		78,647	78,883	79,217	79,466		79,898					81,251
Civilian labor force	61,100		61,364	61,670	61,908	62,068	62,083	62,270			62,843	62,971	63,468
Percent of population	78.2	78.1	78.0	78.2	78.1	78.1	77.9	77.9	78.0	78.0	77.9	77.8	78.1
Employed	57,426		57,575	57,885	58,316		58,828	59,147	59,448			60,017	60,642
Employment-population ratio ²	73.5	73.2	73.2	73.4	73.6	73.8	73.8	74.0	74.1	74.3	74.3	74.2	74.6
Agriculture	2,327	2,301	2,252	2,297	2,316	2,386	2,314	2,298		2,243	2,258	2,307	2,305
Nonagricultural industries	55,099	55,103	55,323	55,589	56,000	56,227	56,514	56,849	57,168	57,514	57,647	57,711	58,337
Unemployed	3,674	3,788	3,789	3,785	3,592	3,455	3,255	3,123	3,074	2,965	2,938	2,953	2,827
Unemployment rate	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.1	5.8	5.6	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.5
Not in labor force	17,069	17,200	17,283	17,213	17,309	17,398	17,595	17,628	17,672	17,697	17,833	17,954	17,783
Women, 20 years and over	ĺ												
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	87,187	87,449	87,699	87,935	88,236	,		88,925			89,664	89,883	90,155
Civilian labor force	47,963	48,471	48,921	48,993	49,255	49,688	49,962	50,214	50,501	50,604	50,919	51,449	51,890
Percent of population	55.0	55.4	55.8	55.7	55.8	56.2	56.3	56.5	56.6	56.6	56.8	57.2	57.6
Employed	44,896	45,345	45,916	46,062	46,403	46,986	47,295	47,605	47,963	,	48,423	49,022	49,514
Employment-population ratio ²	51.5	51.9	52.4	52.4	52.6	53.1	53.3	53.5	53.8	53.8	54.0	54.5	54.9
Agriculture	614	591	628	622	611	615	622	635	639	628	599	642	682
Nonagricultural industries	44,282	44,754	45,288	45,440	45,791	46,371	46,673	46,970	47,323	47,494	47,824	48,380	48,832
Unemployed	3,066	3,125	3,005	2,931	2,852	2,702	2,667	2,609	2,538	2,483	2,496	2,427	2,376
Unemployment rate	6.4	6.4	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.6
Not in labor force	39,224	38,978	38,778	38,942	38,981	38,780	38,739	38,711	38,682	38,793	38,745	38,434	38,265
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	14,469	14,479	14,489	14,547	14,548		14,638	14,644	14,590		14,500	14,445	14,367
Civilian labor force	7,856	8,032	7,920	7,885	7,922	7,959	8,001	8,069	8,022	8,026	8,119	7,969	7,933
Percent of population	54.3	55.5	54.7	54.2	54.5	54.5	54.7	55.1	55.0	55.1	56.0	55.2	55.2
Employed	6,412	6,507	6,476	6,481	6,514	6,601	6,720	6,723	6,742	6,810	6,874	6,804	6,745
Employment-population ratio ²	44.3	44.9	44.7	44.5	44.8	45.2	45.9	45.9	46.2	46.7	47.4	47.1	46.9
Agriculture	250	273	254	245	263	263	249	260	293	269	269	274	256
Nonagricultural industries	6,162	6,234	6,222	6,236	6,251	6,339	6,470	6,463	6,448	6,541	6,605	6,529	6,489
Unemployed	1,444	1,525	1,444	1,404	1,408	1,358	1,281	1,345	1,281	1,216	1,244	1,165	1,188
Unemployment rate	18.4	19.0	18.2	17.8	17.8	17.1	16.0	16.7	16.0	15.2	15.3	14.6	15.0
Not in labor force	6,613	6,447	6,569	6,662	6,626	6,634	6,637	6,575	6,568	6,548	6,381	6,476	6,434

population.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

A-44. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, age, and		19	86			19	87			19	88		1989
Hispanic origin	1	11	III	IV	1	11	III	IV	ı	Ш	III	IV	ı
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹													
Civilian labor force													
Percent of population		65.5	65.6	65.7	65.7	65.8	1	65.9	66.1	66.2	66.2	66.4	66.7
Employed			96,027	96,345	96,900	97,642		98,527	99,204	99,691		100,436	
Employment-population ratio ²		61.4	61.7	61.8	61.9	62.3	1	62.6	62.9	63.1	63.1	63.3	63.8
Unemployed Unemployment rate		6,283 6.2	6,109 6.0	6,067 5.9	5,835 5.7	5,581 5.4	5,302 5.1	5,231 5.0	5,050 4.8	4,864 4.7	4,991 4.8	4,849 4.6	4,626 4.4
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	53,516	53,564	53,691	53,959	54,120	54,205	54,191	54,365	54,546	54,678	54,805	54,894	55,301
Percent of population	78.5	78.4	78.4	78.6	78.5	78.5	78.2	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.6
Employed	50,707	50,673	50,832	51,068	51,350	51,570		51,956	52,231	52,465		52,624	53,197
Employment-population ratio ²	74.4	74.2	74.2	74.4	74.5	74.6		74.8	75.0	75.2	75.1	75.0	75.6
Unemployed	2,809	2,891	2.859		2,770	2,635		2,409	2,315		1	2,270	2,104
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.1	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.2	4.0	4.1	4.1	3.8
Women, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	40,748	41,140	41,586	41,577	41,734	42,113	42,327	42,474	42,764	42,926	43,099	43,522	43,829
Percent of population	54.4	54.8	55.3	55.1	55.2	55.6	55.7	55.8	56.1	56.2	56.3	56.7	57.0
Employed	38,474	38,860	39,401	39,465	39,712	40,181	40,446	40,626	40,967	41,186	41,305	41,801	42,164
Employment-population ratio ²	51.4	51.8	52.4	52.3	52.5	53.0	53.3	53.4	53.7	53.9	54.0	54.5	54.8
Unemployed	2,274	2,280	2,185	2,112	2,022	1,932	1,881	1,848	1,797	1,740	1,794	1,722	1,664
Unemployment rate	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.8	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.0	3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years													
Civilian labor force	6,802	6,916	6,858	6,876	6,882	6,905	6,868	6,918	6,945	6,952	6,996	6,870	6,835
Percent of population	57.3	58.2	57.7	57.8	57.7	57.8	57.4	58.0	58.4	58.5	59.1	58.5	58.6
Employed	5,762	5,803	5,793	5,812	5,838	5,891	5,920	5,944	6,006	6,040	6,063	6,012	5,977
Employment-population ratio ²	48.6	48.9	48.8	48.9	49.0	49.3		49.8	50.5	50.9	51.2	51.2	51.3
Unemployed		1,112	1,065	1,065	1,043	1,014		974	938	912	933	858	858
Unemployment rate		16.1	15.5	15.5	15.2	14.7	13.8	14.1	13.5	13.1	13.3	12.5	12.5
Men Women	15.8 14.8	17.1 15.0	16.2 14.8	i	16.3 13.9	16.2 13.1	14.4 13.1	14.9 13.2	14.2 12.8	13.9 12.3	14.2 12.4	13.4 11.5	14.2 10.7
BLACK			,	, , ,			, , , ,	, , , ,	,_,,			, ,,,,	
	40.000			00.400	00.010		00.000	00 101		00.054			
Civilian noninstitutional population ¹	19,863				20,218	20,310			20,568		20,737	20,813	20,904
Civilian labor force			12,600 62.9	12,709 63.2	12,836 63.5	12,883 63.4	13,076 64.1	13,167 64.3	13,137 63.9	13,090 63.4	13,240 63.8	13,342 64.1	13,459 64.4
Percent of population Employed			10,751	10,893	11,053	11,201	11,426	11,546	11,512		11,751	11,831	11,898
EmployeeEmployee Employment-population ratio ²	54.0		53.7	54.1	54.7	55.1	56.0	56.4	56.0		56.7	56.8	56.9
Unemployed			1,849	1,816	1,783	1,682	1,650		1,626		1,489	1,510	1,561
Unemployment rate		14.7	14.7	14.3	13.9	13.1	12.6	12.3	12.4	11.9	11.2	11.3	11.6
Men, 20 years and over													
Civilian labor force	5,874	5,928	5,904	5,962	5,979	6,007	6,053	6,050	6,117	6,114	6,109	6,161	6,218
Percent of population			74.5		74.7	74.7	74.9	74.5	75.0		74.2	74.5	74.8
Employed					5,278	5,322		5,431	5,461	5,486	5,532	5,557	5,582
Employment-population ratio ²	65.2		1		65.9	66.1		66.9	66.9		67.2	67.2	67.1
Unemployed Unemployment rate				j	702 11.7	685 11.4	656 10.8	619 10.2	656 10.7	628 10.3	577 9.4	603 9.8	637 10.2
Women, 20 years and over	12.0	12.0	13.3	12.0	11.7	11.4	10.0	10.2	10.7	10.5	3.4	9.0	10.2
•													
Civilian labor force  Percent of population					5,984 59.5	6,007 59.5	1 '	6,180 60.6	6,161 60.2	1 .		6,277 60.6	6,344 60.9
Employed					5,227	1	1	5,499				5,646	1
Employment-population ratio ²					52.0							54.5	54.9
Unemployed			1	1	756		1		2	1	1	631	630
Unemployment rate							i			1			9.9
, ,												l	

See footnotes at end of table.

#### A-44. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted---Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,	l	19	86			19	87			19	88		1989
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	1	11	Ш	IV	ı	11	Ш	IV	ı	Н	111	IV	1
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years							_		•				
Civilian labor force	909	939	842	844	873	869	915	937	859	873	915	904	896
Percent of population	42.5	44.0	39.4	39.4	40.6	40.2	42.2	43.1	39.5	40.0	41.9	41.5	41.2
Employed	543	561	503	535	548	555	627	616	553	595	623	628	602
Employment-population ratio ²	25.4	26.3	23.6	25.0	25.5	25.7	28.9	28.4	25.5	27.3	28.5	28.8	27.7
Unemployed	366	378	339	309	325	315	288	321	306	278	292	276	294
Unemployment rate	40.3	40.3	40.2	36.6	37.2	36.2	31.5	34.2	35.6	31.8	31.9	30.5	32.8
Men	40.4	39.9	40.4	37.0	36.0	36.3	32.8	33.0	37.4	31.0	31.7	31.6	32.8
Women	40.2	40.7	40.1	36.2	38.6	36.1	30.0	35.5	33.8	32.8	32.1	29.3	32.8
HISPANIC ORIGIN											ĺ		
Civilian noninstitutional population1	12,184	12,290	12,397	12,504	12,692	12,809	12,926	13,043	13,153	13,268	13,382	13,495	13,606
Civilian labor force	7,862	8,013	8,172	8,252	8,400	8,501	8,528	8,724	8,889	8,914	9,007	9,119	9,212
Percent of population		65.2	65.9	66.0	66.2	66.4	66.0	66.9	67.6	67.2	67.3	67.6	67.7
Employed	7,007	7,166	7,278	7,418	7,581	7,763	7,830	7,981	8,176	8,127	8,286	8,409	8,546
Employment-population ratio ²	57.5	58.3	58.7	59.3	59.7	60.6	60.6	61.2	62.2	61.3	61.9	62.3	62.8
Unemployed	855	847	894	834	819	738	698	743	713	787	721	709	666
Unemployment rate	10.9	10.6	10.9	10.1	9.8	8.7	8.2	8.5	8.0	8.8	8.0	7.8	7.2
- , -, -													

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

#### A-45. Employed and unemployed full- and part-time workers by sex, and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Full- and part- time status, sex,		19	86			19	87			19	88		1989
and age	I	11	III	IV	ı	П	Ш	IV	ı	11	III	IV	ı
EMPLOYED													
Full-time workers	89,788	90,142	90,899	91,267	92,009	92,576	93,336	93,886	94,527	95,069	95,345	95,866	96,723
Men, 16 years and over	54,550	54,510	54,744	54,945	55,388	55,532	55,910	56,164	56,452	56,838	56,948	57,028	57,537
Men, 20 years and over	53,178	53,105	53,386	53,609	54,026	54,244	54,501	54,755	55,035	55,372	55,460	55,545	56,122
Women, 16 years and over	35,245	35,633	36,135	36,357	36,611	37,046	37,449	37,729	38,014	38,271	38,453	38,852	39,120
Women, 20 years and over	34,218	34,542	35,123	35,351	35,560	35,979	36,331	36,602	36,922	37,178	37,318	37,769	38,085
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,392	2,495	2,390	2,307	2,423	2,354	2,504	2,528	2,570	2,520	2,567	2,552	2,517
Part-time workers	18,968	19,098	19,030	19,175	19,246	19,603	19,449	19,632	19,670	19,549	19,771	20,021	20,208
Men, 16 years and over	6,142	6,224	6,174	6,286	6,264	6,387	6,346	6,440	6,412	6,399	6,515	6,499	6,504
Men, 20 years and over	4,244	4,288	4,185	4,285	4,285	4,362	4,337	4,393	4,410	4,372	4,459	4,471	4,499
Women, 16 years and over	12,799	12,862	12,896	12,895	12,949	13,212	13,143	13,194	13,219	13,153	13,293	13,522	13,667
Women, 20 years and over	10,688	10,798	10,763	10,731	10,851	11,012	10,926	11,026	11,048	10,949	11,053	11,283	11,439
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	4,036	4,011	4,082	4,160	4,110	4,229	4,186	4,213	4,212	4,228	4,260	4,268	4,270
UNEMPLOYED													
Looking for full-time work	6,698	6,852	6,698	6,608	6,348	6,064	5,791	5,658	5,516	5,305	5,333	5,255	5,116
Men, 16 years and over	3,864	3,985	3,918	3,890	3,773	3,610	3,405	3,288	3,159	3,089	3,120	3,093	2,914
Men, 20 years and over	3,462	3,530	3,533	3,528	3,355	3,223	3,036	2,923	2,860	2,746	2,753	2,739	2,619
Women, 16 years and over	2,826	2,882	2,763	2,700	2,583	2,466	2,393	2,390	2,305	2,229	2,232	2,196	2,120
Women, 20 years and over	2,497	2,546	2,436	2,394	2,300	2,186	2,130	2,092	2,037	1,982	1,990	1,935	1,898
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	739	776	730	687	693	655	625	642	620	577	590	582	598
Looking for part-time work	1,500	1,556	1,553	1,514	1,525	1,422	1,415	1,421	1,396	1,331	1,353	1,286	1,293
Men, 16 years and over	569	629	641	618	607	591	568	556	563	530	545	518	527
Men, 20 years and over	219	246	257	255	249	218	221	198	226	206	188	211	220
Women, 16 years and over	931	927	902	902	915	836	848	866	828	811	808	772	758
Women, 20 years and over	574	565	575	547	559	505	531	524	508	490	505	494	482
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	706	745	721	712	717	699	663	699	662	635	661	580	591

NOTE: Employed persons with a job but not at work and persons at work part time are distributed according to whether they usually work full  ${\bf v}$ 

or part time; unemployed persons are classified according to whether they are seeking full- or part-time jobs.

#### A-46. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

0.11		19	86			19	87			19	88		1989
Category	l	11	111	IV	ı	II	III	IV	ı	II	III	IV	ı
CHARACTERISTIC		)							!	:		1	
	108,734									114,688	115,202	115,843	116,90
Married men, spouse present	39,437	39,613	39,698		40,036	40,087	40,316	40,611	40,471	40,435	40,514	40,465	40,97
Married women, spouse present	26,789	26,966	27,349			28,231	28,196			28,694	28,771	28,979	29,52
Women who maintain families	5,721	5,801	5,870	5,950	5,936	6,013	6,108	6,173	6,154	6,074	6,234	6,373	6,35
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER						:							ŀ
Agriculture:			į										
Wage and salary workers	1,568	1,512	1.539	1.589	1.626	1,638	1,639	1,622	1,626	1,596	1,597	1,677	1,66
Self-employed workers		1,482	1,433	1,419	1,406	1,451	1,411	1,427	1,418	1,377	1,398	1,401	,
Unpaid family workers	172	166	168	170	147	162	149	150	137	156	148	150	
Nonagricultural industries:				.,,			. , ,	100			1,40	,,,,	'
Wage and salary workers	97,622	98.065	98,572	98,941	99 668	100 462	101 174	101 781	102 417	102,553	103 299	103 802	104 76
Government		16,315	16,464	16,357	16,526			17,047	16,998		17,096		
Private industries		81,750	82,108	82,584	83,142			84,735	85,419		86,203	86,452	
Private households		1,271	1,257	1,193	1,225	1,216	1,179	1,216	1,160		1,126	1,190	
Other industries		80,479	80,851	81,391	81,917			83,519	84,259			85,262	
Self-employed workers		7,723	7,984	8,081	8,170	8,144	8,210	8,274	8,326	8,640	8,536	8,567	
Unpaid family workers	259	238	264	259	259	267	269	245	241	290	241	266	
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME	ĺ												
All industries:								į					
Part time for economic reasons	5,461	5,791	5,505	5,628	5,511	5,337	5,353	5,414	5,352	5,131	5,210	5,115	5,01
Slack work	2,327	2,573	2,457	2,491	2,421	2,339	2,388	2,387	2,402	2,292	2,351	2,349	2,27
Could only find part-time work	2.830	2,873	2,723	2,801	2,733	2,678	2,631	2,670	2,590	2,486	2.467	2.395	
Voluntary part time	13,844	13,922	13,939	14,043	14,177	14,443	14,451	14,554	14,618	14,791	15,098	15,323	
Nonagricultural industries:													
Part time for economic reasons	5,234	5,530	5,271	5,369	5,227	5,066	5,066	5,136	5,100	4,901	4,979	4,860	4,74
Slack work	2,174	2,425	2,306	2,340	2,230		2,206	2,210	2,245	2,150	2,202	2,196	
Could only find part-time work	2,754	2,776	2,661	2,701	2,647	2,597	2,551	2,575	2,504	2,402	2,406	2,305	
Voluntary part time	13,391	13,498	13.525	13,602	13,719	13,953	13,989	14,093	14,163	14,332	14,663	14.864	

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey

period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

#### A-47. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

•		19	86			19	87			19	88		1989
Sex and age	1	II	111	١٧	- 1	11	Ш	IV	1	11	III	IV	ŀ
Total, 16 years and over	108,734	109,257	109,967	110,428	111,233	112,200	112,843	113,475	114,152	114,688	115,202	115,843	116,900
6 to 24 years	20,364	20,288	20,209	20,188	20,186	20,149	20,231	20,101	20,150	20,077	20,103	19,886	19,845
16 to 19 years	6,412	6,507	6,476	6,481	6,514	6,601	6,720	6,723	6,742		6.874	6.804	6,745
16 to 17 years	2,549	2.643	2,619	2,679	2,696	2.689	2,797	2,758	2,730		2,680		2,601
18 to 19 years	3,891	3,861	3,826	3,821	3,836	3,906	3,900	3,975	4.015	4.080	4,175	4,095	4,158
20 to 24 years		13,781	13,734	13,707	13,672	13,548	13,512	13,378	13,409	,	13,229	13.083	
5 years and over	88,398	88,943	89.781	90,223	91,068	92,021	92,649	93,355	94,004	94,575	95,152		
25 to 54 years		74,551	75,392	75,953	76,647	77,551	78,164	78,715	79,379	79,987	80,587	81,197	. , .
55 years and over	14,223	14,376	14,420	14,278	14,397	14,462	14,519	14,643	14,601	14,576	14,587	14,750	14,887
Men, 16 years and over	60,695	60,747	60,920	61,204	61,666	61,937	62,243	62,581	62,895	63,262	63,435	63,501	64,080
6 to 24 years	10,664	10,554	10,540	10,529	10,509	10.395	10,473	10,391	10,424	10,458	10,439	10,323	10,368
16 to 19 years	3,269	3,343	3,345	3,319	3,350	3,324	3,415	3,434	3,447	3,506	3,530	3,484	3,438
16 to 17 years	1,312	1,375	1,353	1,369	1,384	1,367	1,408	1,410	1,409	1,400	1,395	1,407	1,315
18 to 19 years	1,972	1,967	1,973	1.969	1,972	1.953	1,987	2,039	2,036	2,103	2,122	2,093	2,134
20 to 24 years		7,212	7,195	7,211	7,159	7,071	7,058	6,957	6,977	6,952	6,909	6,840	6.930
5 years and over		50,171	50,389	50,673	51,173	51,521	51,788	52,184	52,473	52,786	53,024	53,172	53,710
25 to 54 years	41,626	41,723	42,029	42,276	42,666	42,982	43,293	43,602	43,944	44,256	44,519	44,720	45,123
55 years and over	8,412	8,439	8,369	8,411	8,497	8,531	8,507	8,593	8,517	8,517	8,513	8,463	8,567
Women, 16 years and over	48,039	48,509	49,047	49,224	49,567	50,263	50,600	50,894	51,257	51,426	51,767	52,342	52,820
6 to 24 years	9,700	9,733	9,669	9,658	9,677	9.754	9.759	9,710	9,726	9,619	9.664	9,563	9.477
16 to 19 years	3,143	3,164	3,131	3,162	3,164	3,277	3,305	3,289	3,294	3,304	3,344	3,320	3,306
16 to 17 years	1,237	1,268	1,266	1,310	1,311	1,322	1.389	1,349	1,321	1,324	1,285	1,308	1,286
18 to 19 years	1,918	1,893	1,853	1.852	1,864	1,952	1,913	1,936	1,979	1,977	2,053	2,002	2,024
20 to 24 years	6,557	6,569	6,539	6,496	6,513	6,477	6,454	6,421	6,432	6,315	6,320	6,243	6,170
5 years and over	38,344	36,773	39,392	39,550	39,895	40,500	40,861	41,171	41,531	41,789	42,128	42,772	43,335
25 to 54 years		32,626	33,362	33,677	33,961	34,569	34,871	35,113	35,435		36,068	36,477	36,997
55 years and over	5,811	5,937	6,052	5,867	5,900	5,931	6,012	6,050	6,064	6,059	6,074	6,288	6,320

# A-48. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

		198	36			19	87			198	36		1989
Sex and age	1	ll l	111	IV	ī	μ	Ш	IV	ı	II	Ш	ĪV	I
Total, 16 years and over	8,184	8,439	8,238	8,120	7,652	7,514	7,203	7,077	6,693	6,664	6,676	6,545	6,391
16 to 24 years	3,109	3,201	3,106	3,011	2,995	2,859	2,703	2,631	2,600	2,475	2,466	2,404	2,387
16 to 19 years	1,444	1,525	1,444	1,404	1,408	1,358	1,261	1,345	1,281	1,216	1,244	1,165	1,188
16 to 17 years	663	689	661	648	672	664	604	653	598	548	609	536	543
18 to 19 years	789	841	773	755	743	695	673	688	689	667	634	622	651
20 to 24 years	1,665	1,676	1,662	1,607	1,586	1,501	1,422	1,286	1,319	1,259	1,222	1,239	1,199
25 years and over	5,084	5,233	5,143	5,093	4,872	4,645	4,509	4,427	4,306	4,181	4,219	4,126	4,016
25 to 54 years	4,479	4,677	4,560	4,525	4,398	4,141	4,018	3,936	3,830	3,712	3,754	3,692	3,578
55 years and over	614	563	582	562	460	505	486	491	461	469	456	436	445
Men, 16 years and over	4,435	4,615	4,577	4,526	4,358	4,208	3,950	3,837	3,759	3,625	3,621	3,596	3,507
16 to 24 years	1,649	1,746	1,701	1,621	1,612	1,562	1,450	1,403	1,397	1,325	1,337	1,310	1,308
16 to 19 years	761	827	788	741	767	753	695	714	685	660	683	643	680
16 to 17 years	358	363	363	334	363	372	328	348	320	297	325	303	302
16 to 19 years	411	470	411	405	413	386	358	362	375	365	350	336	386
20 to 24 years	888	919	914	880	846	810	755	689	712	665	654	667	627
25 years and over	2,789	2,864	2.888	2.891	2,754	2,638	2,511	2,419	2,371	2,292	2,293	2,274	2,209
25 to 54 years	2,433	2,524	2,520	2,521	2,451	2,315	2,206	2,124	2,066	2,002	2,013	1,998	1,940
55 years and over	363	343	368	363	306	322	305	294	309	286	277	276	272
Women, 16 years and over	3,750	3,624	3,661	3,594	3,494	3,307	3,253	3,241	3,134	3,039	3,057	2,949	2,884
16 to 24 years	1,460	1,455	1,405	1,390	1,382	1,296	1,253	1,228	1,203	1,150	1,129	1,094	1,079
16 to 19 years	683	698	656	663	642	605	586	632	596	556	561	522	508
16 to 17 years	306	325	298	314	308	292	276	305	278	250	264	235	242
16 to 19 years	378	371	362	350	331	310	315	327	314	302	264	286	263
20 to 24 years	777	757	749	727	741	691	667	597	607	594	566	572	571
25 years and over	2,294	2.369	2,255	2.203	2,118	2.008	1.998	2.008	1,935	1.889	1,926	1,852	1,807
25 to 54 years	2,046	2,153	2,040	2,003	1,947	1,826	1,811	1.812	1,764	1,710	1,742	1,694	1,638
55 years and over	251	220	213	199	174	183	183	197	172	182	179	161	173

#### A-49. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

Say and are		19	86			19	987			19	88		1989
Sex and age	ı	II	181	IV	1	11	III	IV	ı	II	ill.	IV	1
Total, 16 years and over	7.0	7.2	7.0	6.8	6.6	6.3	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.2
16 to 24 years	13.2	13.6	13.3	13.0	12.9	12.4	11,8	11.6	11.4	11.0	10.9	10.8	10.7
16 to 19 years	18.4	19.0	18.2	17.8	17.8	17.1	16.0	16.7	16.0	15.2	15.3	14.6	15.0
16 to 17 years	20.6	20.7	20.2	19.5	19.9	19.8	17.8	19.1	18.0	16.7	18.5	16.5	17.3
18 to 19 years	16.9	17.9	16.8	16.5	16.2	15.1	14.7	14.8	14.7	14.0	13.2	13.2	13.5
20 to 24 years	10.7	10.8	10.8	10.5	10.4	10.0	9.5	8.8	9.0	8.7	8.5	8.7	8.4
25 years and over	5.4	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.1	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0
25 to 54 years	5.7	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.1	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.2
55 years and over	4.1	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.2	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.9
Men, 16 years and over	6.8	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.6	6.4	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.2
16 to 24 years	13.4	14.2	13.9	13.3	13.3	13.1	12.2	11.9	11.8	11.2	11.4	11.3	11.2
16 to 19 years	18.9	19.8	19.1	18.3	18.6	18.5	16.9	17.2	16.6	15.8	16.2	15.6	16.5
16 to 17 years	21.4	20.9	21.2	19.6	20.8	21.4	18.9	19.8	18.5	17.5	18.9	17.7	18.7
18 to 19 years	17.2	19.3	17.2	17.1	17.3	16.5	15.3	15.1	15.6	14.8	14.2	13.8	15.4
20 to 24 years	10.7	11.3	11.3	10.9	10.6	10.3	9.7	9.0	9.3	8.7	8.6	8.9	8.3
25 years and over	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.1	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0
25 to 54 years	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.1	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.1
55 years and over	4.1	3.9	4.2	4.1	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1
Women, 16 years and over	7.2	7.3	6.9	6.8	6.6	6.2	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.6	5.3	5.2
16 to 24 years	13.1	13.0	12.7	12.6	12.5	11.7	11.4	11.2	11.0	10.7	10.5	10.3	10.2
16 to 19 years	17.9	18.1	17.3	17.3	16.9	15.6	15.1	16.1	15.3	14.4	14.4	13.6	13.3
16 to 17 years	19.8	20.4	19.1	19.3	19.0	18.1	16.6	18.4	17.4	15.9	18.1	15.3	15.8
18 to 19 years	16.4	16.4	16.3	15.9	15.1	13.7	14.1	14.4	13.7	13.2	12.2	12.5	11.5
20 to 24 years	10.6	10.3	10.3	10.1	10.2	9.6	9.4	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.2	8.4	8.5
25 years and over	5.6	5.8	5.4	5.3	5.0	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.2	4.0
25 to 54 years	5.9	6.2	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.2
55 years and over	4.1	3.6	3.4	3.3	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.2	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.5	2.7

#### A-50. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

-		19	86			19	87			19	88		1989
Category	1	11	111	IV	1	Ш	III	· IV	1	H	III	IV	1
CHARACTERISTIC													:
Total (all civilian workers)		7.2	7.0	6.8	6.6	6.3	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.2
Men, 20 years and over		6.2	6.2	6.1	5.8	5.6	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.5
Women, 20 years and over		6.4	6.1	6.0	5.8	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	18.4	19.0	18.2	17.8	17.8	17.1	16.0	16.7	16.0	15.2	15.3	14.6	15.0
White	6.1	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.4	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.4
Black and other	13.1	13.4	13.1	12.7	12.4	11.7	11.3	11.0	11.1	10.6	9.9	9.9	10.3
Black	14.5	14.7	14.7	14.3	13.9	13.1	12.6	12.3	12.4	11.9	11.2	11.3	11.6
Hispanic origin	10.9	10.6	10.9	10.1	9.8	8.7	8.2	8.5	8.0	8.8	8.0	7.8	7.2
Married men, spouse present		4.4	4.4	4.4	4.1	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.0
Married women, spouse present	5.3	5.4	5.1	4.9	4.6	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.5
Women who maintain families		9.8	9.8	9.6	9.7	9.4	9.1	8.6	. 8.2	8.2	8.0	7.9	8.0
Full-time workers		6.8	6.6	6.5	6.2	5.9	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.9
Part-time workers		9.3	9.2	9.0	9.0	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.0	7.6	7.6	7.2	7.1
Unemployed 15 weeks and over1		1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1
Labor force time lost ²	7.9	8.1	7.9	7.7	7.4	7.2	6.8	6.7	6.6	6.3	6.4	6.2	6.0
INDUSTRY													
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	7.0	7.2	7.0	6.9	6.6	6.3	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.3
Goods-producing industries	8.4	8.6	8.5	8.9	8.0	7.5	7.0	6.7	6.7	6.4	6.5	6.4	6.1
Mining		13.6	15.9	14.7	12.3	10.8	8.2	7.8	7.9	8.1	7.0	8.5	7.0
Construction	12.9	12.6	12.9	14.1	12.1	12.0	11.5	10.9	11,1	10.5	10.2	10.3	9.9
Manufacturing	7.1	7.2	7.0	7.2	6.7	6.1	5.7	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.4	5.2	5.0
Durable goods	7.0	7.1	6.7	7.0	6.5	6.0	5.6	5.1	5.4	4.8	5.0	5.0	4.7
Nondurable goods		7.4	7.4	7.5	6.9	6.3	5.8	6.0	5.5	5.8	5.9	5.5	5.4
Service-producing industries	6.3	6.5	6.3	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.9
Transportation and public utilities	5.3	5.3	5.1	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.3	4.4	3.9	4.0	3.7	3.8	3.9
Wholesale and retail trade		7.9	7.6	7.3	7.3	7.1	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.0	6.2	6.2	5.8
Finance and service industries	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.2	5.2	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4
Government workers	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.7
Agricultural wage and salary workers	12.4	14.4	12.3	11.2	11.1	9.2	9.9	11.2	11.0	11.1	10.9	9.4	9.1

for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force. Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time

#### A-51. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Marka of warmalawaran		19	86			19	87			19	88		1989
Weeks of unemployment	ı	11	III	IV	1	11	III	IV	ı	11	111	IV	1
DURATION												_	
Less than 5 weeks	3,476	3,542	3,423	3,362	3,382	3,208	3,193	3,205	3,091	3,086	3,086	3,068	3,161
5 to 14 weeks	2,524	2,684	2,521	2,543	2,409	2,185	2,102	2,060	2,122	1,982	1,964	1,936	1,922
15 weeks and over	2,218	2,227	2,288	2,204	2,109	2,085	1,892	1,804	1,718	1,580	1,608	1,517	1,375
15 to 26 weeks	1,067	1,022	1,081	1,022	979	1,002	891	872	844	765	811	778	690
27 weeks and over	1,151	1,204	1,207	1,182	1,131	1,083	1,001	932	874	815	797	739	686
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	14.9	14.9	15.4	15.1	14.8	14.9	14.2	14.1	14.0	13.5	13.5	12.9	12.4
Median duration, in weeks	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.1	6.7	6.7	6.3	6.1	6.3	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.5
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	42.3	41.9	41.6	41.5	42.8	42.9	44.4	45.3	44.6	46.4	46.4	47.0	48.9
5 to 14 weeks	30.7	31.8	30.6	31.4	30.5	29.2	29.2	29.1	30.6	29.8	29.5	29.7	29.8
15 weeks and over	27.0	26.3	27.8	27.2	26.7	27.9	26.3	25.5	24.8	23.8	24.1	23.3	21.3
15 to 26 weeks	13.0	12.1	13.1	12.6	12.4	13.4	12.4	12.3	12.2	11.5	12.2	11.9	10.7
27 weeks and over	14.0	14.2	14.7	14.6	14.3	14.5	13.9	13.2	12.6	12.3	12.0	11.3	10.6

#### A-52. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

		19	86			19	87			19	88		1989
Reasons for unemployment	1	11	III	IV	ı	н	III	IV	1	11	111	IV	- 1
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED		-											
Job losers	4,031	4,167	4,005	3,951	3,847	3,634	3,409	3,313	3,165	3,080	3,092	3,016	2,942
On layoff	1,123	1,105	1,058	1,066	1,018	946	871	898	877	837	855	826	803
Other job losers	2,908	3,062	2,946	2,885	2,829	2,688	2,538	2,415	2,288	2,243	2,237	2,190	2,140
Job leavers	976	1,043	1,009	1,037	968	953	991	949	1,025	960	965	982	952
Reentrants	2,174	2,180	2,181	2,103	2,059	1,998	1,926	1,914	1,872	1,785	1,831	1,746	1,768
New entrants	1,011	1,056	1,051	1,003	994	921	873	893	865	832	787	782	753
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	49.2	49.3	48.6	48.8	48.9	48.4	47.4	46.9	45.7	46.3	46.3	46.2	45.9
On layoff	13.7	13.1	12.8	13.2	12.9	12.6	12.1	12.7	12.7	12.6	12.8	12.7	12.5
Other job losers	35.5	36.3	35.7	35.6	35.9	35.8	35.3	34.2	33.0	33.7	33.5	33.6	33.4
Job leavers	11.9	12.4	12.2	12.8	12.3	12.7	13.8	13.4	14.8	14.4	14.5	15.0	14.8
Reentrants	26.5	25.8	26.4	26.0	26.2	26.6	26.8	27.1	27.0	26.8	27.4	26.8	27.6
New entrants	12.3	12.5	12.7	12.4	12.6	12.3	12.1	12.6	12.5	12.5	11.8	12.0	11.7
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE											}	}	
Job losers	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4
Job leavers	.8	.9	.9	.9	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	8.
Reentrants	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4
New entrants	.9	.9	.9	.8	.8	.8	.7	.7	.7	.7	.6	.6	.6

A-53. Persons not in the labor force by reason, sex, and race, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Reason, sex, and race									1				1989
	1	Н	III	IV	1	Ħ	III	IV	ı	II	III	IV	ı
TOTAL													
Total not in labor force	62,906	62,626	62,630	62,817	62,917	62,813	62,970	62,915	62,922	63,037	62,959	62,865	62,482
Do not want a job now	57,195	56,846	56,695	56,987	57,062	57,048	57,324	57,357	57,490	57,630	58,202	57,491	57,310
Going to school			6,121	6,343	6,423	6,388	6,317	6,436	6,350	6,329	7,022	6,229	6,365
III, disabled			4,088	3,907	4,147	4,207	4,431	4,397	4,292	4,482	4,453	4,730	4,528
Keeping house		26,529	26,120	26,069	26,205	25,553	25,563	25,578		25,339		24,588	24,550
Retired Other activity		15,319 4,458	15,840 4,525	16,025 4,643	15,870 4,416	16,259 4,641	16,341 4,672	16,456 4,490	16,869 4,675	16,797 4,683	16,825 4,571	17,251 4,693	17,179 4,688
Want a job nowReason not looking:	5,767	5,856	5,931	5,848	5,775	5,885	5,788	5,455	5,484	5,318	5,276	5,418	5,313
School attendance	1,441	1,381	1,511	1,415	1,364	1,479	1,516	1,371	1,327	1,286	1,387	1,412	1,279
III health, disability	845	865	905	769	854	906	838	849	849	832	794	750	910
Home responsibilities		1,297	1,200	1,357	1,240	1,326	1,265	1,237	1,193	1,209	1,128	1,145	1,177
Think cannot get a job		1,130	1,160	1,150	1,107	1,053	1,026	913	990	914	941	951	855
Job-market factors  Personal factors	752 307	776 354	753 407	828 322	735 373	706 347	652 374	587 326	667 323	600 314	599 341	597 354	562 293
Other reasons ¹	1,042	1,183	1,155	1,158	1,209	1,122	1,142	1,085	1,125	1,076	1,026	1,160	1,093
Men			20.422	20.450	20.404	00.047	00.040	20.000	20.000	00.050		24 224	
Total not in labor force	20,288	20,306	20,426	,	20,494		20,840	20,839	20,866	20,858	20,926	21,084	20,861
Do not want a job now	18,407	18,418	18,270	18,424	18,478	,		18,868	19,012	18,888	19,100	19,062	19,085
Want a job now Reason not looking:	1,948	1,952	2,066	2,000	1,996	2,081	2,044	1,902	1,966	1,889	1,920	1,985	1,946
School attendance	756	656	793	666	680	753	742	719	654	677	669	716	632
III health, disability		456	440	361	415	464	407	417	410	367	379	351	420
Think cannot get a job Other reasons'	412 404	410 431	431 401	499 473	452 450	437 427	445 449	364 403	440 462	414 431	447 425	446 473	410 484
Women  Fotal not in labor force	42,619	42,320	42,204	42,365	42,423	42,166	42,130	42,076	42,056	42,180	42,035	41,781	41,621
Do not want a job now	38,788	38,428	38,425	38,563	38,583	38,425	38,455	38,488	38,478	38,742	39,103	38,428	38,225
Want a job now	3,819	3,904	3,865	3,848	3,779	3,804	3,744	3,553	3,518	3,429	3,356	3,433	3,367
Reason not looking: School attendance	685	725	717	749	685	726	774	652	673	609	718	697	646
III health, disability		409	466	408	439	442	431	432	439	466	415	399	491
Home responsibilities		1,297	1,200	1,357	1,240	1,326	1,265	1,237	1,193	1,209	1,128	1,145	1,177
Think cannot get a job Other reasons	647 638	720 752	729 753	651 684	655 760	615 695	581 693	549 682	551 663	500 645	494 601	505 688	445 609
White													
Total not in labor force	53,827	53,625	53,474	53,569	· ·		53,759	53,690	53,517			53,325	52,980
Do not want a job now	49,519	49,412	49,185	49,353	49,445	49,291	49,496	49,594	49,547	49,651	49,728	49,381	49,280
Want a job nowReason not looking:	4,272	4,329	4,287	4,209	4,187	4,362	4,277	4,012	4,012	3,886	3,691	3,854	3,844
School attendance	1,014	974	1,013	955	955	1,108	1,058	962	954	917	908	911	885
III health, disability	631	610	630	542	615	687	645	651	640	639	556	511	704
Home responsibilities	1,037	1,004	900	982	924	954	950	901	848	846	806	828	793
Think cannot get a job	712	758	827	801	745	718	679	611	670	596	600	676	570
Other reasons ¹	877	984	916	929	948	895	945	887	900	888	821	928	892
Black Total not in labor force	7,304	7,192	7,428	7,411	7,382	7,427	7,322	7,314	7,431	7,561	7,497	7,471	7,445
Do not want a job now	5,964	5,908	6,022	6,036	5,976	6,151	6,083	6,090	6,115	6,340	6,227	6,182	6,134
Want a job now	1,321	1,327	1,390	1,394	1,388	1,323	1,207	1,211	1,301	1,267	1,241	1,259	1,315
Reason not looking: School attendance	380	350	411	373	344	326	322	335	346	327	316	374	335
III health, disability	211	218	240	197	227	196	158	173	197	187	217	206	206
Home responsibilities	292	269	271	304	290	314	279	299	308	315	270	272	343
Think cannot get a job Other reasons'	306 132	307 183	271 197	297 223	327 201	314 173	294 154	244 161	264 185	276 162	290 147	210 197	253 178

^{&#}x27; includes small number of men not looking for work because of

[&]quot;home responsibilities."

A-54. Persons not in the labor force by reason, sex, and age

(In thousands)

	То	tal				A	ge			
Reason and sex	1	1		o 19 ars	20 to	o 24 ars	25 to yea		60 y and	
	1988	1989	1 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	1 1988	1 1989	1 1988	1 1989
TOTAL	i					i		İ		
Total not in labor force	64,087	63,698	7,268	7,124	4,186	4,180	21,248	20,794	31,385	31,602
Do not want a job nowCurrent activity:	58,441	58,250	6,030	5,947	3,404	3,397	18,165	17,908	30,846	30,994
Going to school	8,012	8,035	5,341	5,275	1,762	1,744	895	998	14	17
III, disabled	4,329	4,550	46	38	136	127	2,140	2.392	2,007	1.992
Keeping house	25,277	24,544	317	298	1,114	1,136	12,220	11,572	11,626	11,539
Retired	16,798	17,089	_	_	_	-	442	444	16,356	16,644
Other activity	4,027	4,032	326	336	392	390	2,468	2,502	843	802
Want a job now	5,645	5,448	1,235	1,177	784	785	3,085	2,885	539	607
Reason for not looking:		l								
School attendance	1,518	1,465	1,018	956	241	265	253	242	6	
III health, disability	800	859	12	17	46	53	589	640	152	150
Home responsibilities	1,176	1,158	70	69	212	235	851	807	42	48
Think cannot get a job	1,099	941	57	67	142	121	741	556	158	198
Job-market factors	738	623	27	33	107	83	533	403	72	10:
Personal factors	361	318	31	34	35	38	207	153	87	9:
Other reasons ¹	1,053	1,025	78	68	143	111	651	640	181	207
Men										
Total not in labor force	21,629	21,659	3,592	3,464	1,523	1,468	4,343	4,385	12,170	12,342
Do not want a job nowCurrent activity:	19,602	19,670	2,944	2,865	1,293	1,212	3,424	3,548	11,938	12,044
Going to school	4,112	4,057	2,735	2,676	978	919	397	460	2	
III, disabled	2,109	2,363	15	15	100	82	1,098	1,346	895	92
Keeping house	435	401	17	9	17	14	177	134	222	24
Retired	10,621	10,632		_`	_		346	313	10,275	10,31
Other activity	2,325	2,217	177	165	198	197	1,406	1,295	544	56
Want a job now	2,026	1,989	645	600	229	255	919	838	231	29
Reason for not looking:	2,020	1,000	0.0	1		200	0.0	000		
School attendance	736	710	561	503	84	124	91	84	_	_
III health, disability	369	375	8	4	24	11	275	292	62	6
Think cannot get a job	488	453	33	47	73	58	314	231	67	11
Other reasons ¹	433	451	43	46	48	62	239	231	102	11
Women							İ			
Total not in labor force	42,458	42,039	3,675	3,660	2,663	2,711	16,905	16,409	19,214	19,260
Do not want a job now	38,840	38,580	3,086	3,081	2,110	2,181	14,737	14,364	18,905	18,95
Current activity:	0.000	0.070	0.007	0.500					_ ا	
Going to school	3,900	3,978	2,607	2,599	784	824	497	539	11	1:
III, disabled	2,220	2,187	31	22	36	46	1,041	1,048	1,111	1,07
Keeping house	24,842	24,143	300	289	1,097	1,118	12,041	11,438	11,404	11,29
Retired	6,177	6,456	-	-	-	-	95	131	6,082	6,32
Other activity	1,702	1,815	148	171	193	193	1,063	1,208	297	24
Want a job nowReason not looking:	3,618	3,459	590	578	552	530	2,168	2,045	307	30
School attendance	782	756	456	453	157	142	161	158	6	
III health, disability	431	484	456	13	22	42	315	346	90	8
Home responsibilities	1,176	1,158	70	69	212	235	851	807	42	4
	611	487		21	68	62	427	324	91	8
Think cannot get a job	l .	574	25 35	21	93	49	1	410	78	ľ
Other reasons	620	5/4	35	~~	93	48	414	410	/*	9:

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$  Includes small number of men not looking for work because of "home responsibilities." NOTE: Detail in tables A-54 and A-55 may not add to not-in-labor-

force totals because of differences in the weighting patterns used in aggregating these data.

A-55. Persons not in the labor force by reason, race, Hispanic origin, age, and sex

#### (in thousands)

	То	tal			A(	ge			_	S	өх	
Reason, race, and Hispanic origin	1	1		o 24 ars	25 to	o 59 ars	60 y and		Me	ən	Woi	men
	1988	1989	I 1968	I 1989	I 1988	l 1989	I 1988	l 1989	I 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989
WHITE												
Total not in labor force	54,470	53,985	8,731	8,592	17,614	17,160	28,124	28,233	18,121	18,076	36,350	35,909
Do not want a job now	50,394	50,118	7,365	7,338	15,361	15,043	27,886	27,735	16,825	16,685	33,770	33,43
Current activity:	6,212	0.000	E E44	E 550	690	708	40	4.4	9 150	2 104	2 002	2.00
Going to school		8,280	5,511	5,556			10	14	3,150	3,194	3,082	3,08
III, disabled			136	102	1,660	1,818	1,820	1,825	1,691	1,829	1,727	1,71
Keeping house		21,750	1,178	1,129	10,689	10,139	10,600	10,481	341	323		21,42
Retired	15,071	15,283	-	-	399	383	14,670	14,880	9,569	9,551	5,502	5,71
Other activity	3,227	3,278	538	551	1,923	1,995	766	735	1,874	1,788	1,353	1,490
Want a job now	4,077	3,867	1,365	1,251	2,256	2,117	457	499	1,496	1,390	2,580	2,47
Reason for not looking:												
School attendance	1,050	977	875	817	175	160	1	-	542	443	507	53
III health, disability	604	664	31	58	457	487	119	119	261	285	323	37
Home responsibilities	837	779	180	180	622	577	34	42	_	-	837	77
Think cannot get a job	756	630	119	94	498	368	138	166	346	316	410	31:
Other reasons'	830	817	160	122	504	525	165	172	327	346	503	47:
BLACK												
Total not in labor force	7,613	7,630	2,182	2,119	2,735	2,729	2,697	2,782	2,795	2,811	4,818	4,820
Do not want a job now	8,249	6,259	1,597	1,495	2,027	2,085	2,627	2,680	2,359	2,314	3,890	3,94
Current activity: Going to school	1,308	1,211	1,209	1.061	98	149	4	2	673	557	634	654
III, disabled	816	898	42	61	427	526	348	311	372	471	445	42
Keeping house	2,027	2,032	208	233	1,025	940	793	858	79	49	1,948	1,98
Retired	1,486	1,536	_		37	51	1,449	1,485	884	899	602	63
Other activity	612	582	138	140	440	419	33	24	351	338	261	24
Want a job nowReason for not looking:	1,365	1,371	585	624	708	645	75	102	437	497	928	87
School attendance	423	413	355	353	66	56	4	4	161	221	263	192
Ill health, disability	169	189	22	11	116	146	31	32	75	84	93	10
Home responsibilities		339	91	136	205	196	9	7		_	306	339
Think cannot get a job	283	254	67	80	203	147	13	28	110	98	173	15
Other reasons ¹	184	177	50	44	118	100	18	31	91	94	93	8
HISPANIC ORIGIN	!							i				
Total not in labor force	4,357	4,490	1,189	1,246	2,077	2,054	1,091	1,191	1,247	1,258	3,110	3,232
Do not want a job now	3,804	3,953	979	1,056	1,769	1,758	1,062	1,137	1,036	1,091	2,769	2,861
Current activity:												
Going to school	690	753	816	698	76	55	-		336	351	354	401
III, disabled	351	310	30	22	221	206	100	81	187	171	184	138
Keeping house	1,996	2,068	243	257	1,307	1,269	448	542	32	32	1,984	2,036
Retired	490	516	-	-	11	15	479	501	309	362	182	154
Other activity	277	306	90	79	154	213	35	13	172	175	105	132
Want a job now	552	537	212	189	311	294	27	54	212	167	341	370
Reason for not looking:							Į					
School attendance	128	129	104	97	23	32	-	-	55	51	73	79
Ill health, disability	86	98	7	17	52	58	7	23	43	43	23	55
Home responsibilities	141	130	45	37	97	93	_ '				141	130
Think cannot get a job	136	90	25	14	102	55	9	21	64	41	73	46
	81	90	31	24		56	11	10				
Other reasons ¹	01	90	31	24	37	20	- 11	10	50	32	31	58

¹ Includes small number of men not looking for work because of "home responsibilities."

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not

sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-56. Persons not in the labor force who desire work but think they cannot get jobs by reason, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(In thousands)

				1st Qua	rter 1989			
Reason and sex			A	ge		Race	and Hispanio	origin
	Total	16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	25 to 59 years	60 years and over	White	Black	Hispanio origin
TOTAL								
Personal factors:								
Employers think too young or old	101	7	3	10	l 81	91	9	11
Lacks education or training	139	23	26	86	4	84	36	7
Other personal handicap	79	4	7	57	10	49	23	2
Job-market factors:		1						
Could not find work	324	27	48	210	39	176	139	41
Thinks no job available	299	6	35	193	64	229	47	30
Men								
Personal factors:								
Employers think too young or old	59	5	_	5	49	53	6	11
Lacks education or training	51	8	10	33	-	30	6	3
Other personal handicap	30	2	-	25	4	24	2	-
Job-market factors:				l				
Could not find work	171	26	27	102	17	106	62	19
Thinks no job available	142	5	21	68	47	103	21	9
Women								
Personal factors:								
Employers think too young or old	41	2	3	4	31	38	3	i -
Lacks education or training	88	15	16	54	4	54	30	4
Other personal handicap	48	2	7	32	7	25	21	2
Job-market factors:								
Could not find work	153	1	21	109	22	70	77	22
Thinks no job available	157	i	14	124	17	126	26	21

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-57. Work-seeking intentions of persons not in the labor force and work history of those who intend to seek work within the next 12 months by sex, age, and race

(in thousands)

	То	tal			Ą	је				Ra	сө	
Work-seeking intentions, work history, and sex		_		o 24 ars	25 to yea		60 y and		WI	nite	Bla	ack
	1988	1989	l 1988	l 1989	I 1988	l 1989	I 1988	1989	I 1988	I 1989	I 1988	l 1989
TOTAL												
Do not intend to seek work  Intend to seek work in the next 12 months  Never worked  Last worked over 5 years ago  Last worked 1 to 5 years ago  Worked during previous 12 months	54,065 10,021 1,787 1,179 2,108 4,947	53,809 9,888 1,694 1,068 2,016 5,110	5,497 1,608 54 662	6,002 5,302 1,548 22 591 3,140	17,229 4,018 172 946 1,284 1,616	16,830 3,964 141 837 1,269 1,718	30,878 508 7 178 163 159	30,979 623 3 210 156 253	46,673 7,796 1,216 868 1,643 4,070	46,297 7,687 1,101 790 1,545 4,251	5,787 1,826 480 271 388 686	5,867 1,763 436 247 402 679
Men												
Do not intend to seek work  Intend to seek work in the next 12 months  Never worked  Last worked over 5 years ago  Last worked 1 to 5 years ago  Worked during previous 12 months		17,696 3,962 826 256 613 2,268	2,699	2,385 2,548 779 5 225 1,539	3,222 1,122 38 166 356 561	3,287 1,097 48 157 312 582	11,928 242 - 65 98 79	12,023 318 - 94 77 147		14,977 3,099 533 193 474 1,899	2,114 681 197 58 119 307	2,168 643 210 51 111 270
Women												
Do not intend to seek work  Intend to seek work in the next 12 months  Never worked  Last worked over 5 years ago  Last worked 1 to 5 years ago  Worked during previous 12 months	5,959 994 930	36,113 5,925 868 812 1,403 2,842	3,540 2,798 853 36 394 1,514	3,617 2,754 770 17 366 1,601	14,008 2,897 134 780 926 1,057	13,542 2,867 94 679 958 1,135	18,950 264 7 113 65 80	18,954 305 3 116 80 106	4,614 671 691	31,320 4,588 568 597 1,071 2,352	3,673 1,145 283 213 270 379	3,700 1,120 225 195 291 409

A-58. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	Т	otal	w	hite -	Bla	ack	Hispan	ic origin
Employment status, sex, and age	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	I 1989	I 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	183,967	185,773	157,772	158,944	20,568	20,904	13,153	13,606
Civilian labor force		122,074	103,302	104,959	12,955	13,274	8,796	9,116
Percent of population		65.7	65.5	66.0	63.0	63.5	66.9	67.0
Employed		115,218	97,778	99,896	11,326	11,707	8,039	8,407
Agriculture		2,853	2,659	2,668	124	147	384	399
Nonagricultural industries		112,364	95,118	97,229	11,202	11,560	7,654	8,007
Unemployed		6,857	5,524	5,063	1,629	1,567	758	709
Unemployment rate		5.6	5.3	4.8	12.6	11.8	8.6	7.8
Not in labor force		63,698	54,470	53,985	7,613	7,630	4,357	4,49
Men, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	87,521	88,448	75,626	76,259	9,230	9,385	6,517	6,730
Civilian labor force	65,892	66,789	57,505	58,183	6,435	6,574	5,269	5,47
Percent of population	75.3	75.5	76.0	76.3	69.7	70.0	80.9	81.3
Employed	61,648	62,826	54,241	55,163	5,596	5,760	4,798	5,07
Agriculture	2,220	2,219	2,086	2,064	109	125	335	35
Nonagricultural industries	59,428	60,607	52,155	53,099	5,486	5,635	4,464	4,72
Unemployed		3,963	3,264	3,020	840	814	471	39
Unemployment rate	6.4	5.9	5.7	5.2	13.0	12.4	8.9	7.
Not in labor force	21,629	21,659	18,121	18,076	2,795	2,810	1,247	1,25
Men, 20 years and over								
Divilian noninstitutional population	80,194	81,251	69,636	70,388	8,160	8,313	5,838	6,03
Civilian labor force		63,056	54,237	54,948	6,068	6,168	4,927	5,11
Percent of population		77.6	77.9	78.1	74.4	74.2	84.4	84.
Employed		59,771	51,498	52,452	5,373	5,492	4,529	4,78
Agriculture		2,095	1,941	1,942	107	122	313	33
Nonagricultural industries		57,676	49,558	50,510	5,265	5,370	4,216	4,44
Unemployed		3,285	2,738	2,495	695	675	398	33:
Unemployment rate		5.2	5.0	4.5	11.5	10.9	8.1	6.
Not in labor force		18,195	15,399	15,440	2,092	2,145	911	916
Women, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	96,447	97,325	82,147	82,685	11,338	11,520	6,637	6,876
Civilian labor force		55,285	45,797	46,776	6,520	6,700	3,527	3,64
Percent of population	1 .	56.8	55.8	56.6	57.5	58.2	53.1	53.
Employed		52,392	43,537	44,733	5,730	5,947	3,240	3,33
Agriculture		634	573	603	15	22	49	3,33
Nonagricultural industries		51,758	42,963	44,130	5,716	5,925	3,191	3,28
Unemployed		2,894	2,261	2,043	789	753	287	3,20
Unemployment rate		5.2	4.9	4,4	12.1	11,2	8.1	8.
Not in labor force		42,039	36,350	35,909	4,818	4,820	3,110	3,23
Women, 20 years and over		, ,,,,,,,			,,	,,,,,,	, 5,	
, •	00.400	00 455	76.045	76 004	10.004	10.446	E 000	0 40
Civilian noninstitutional population	E0 400	90,155	76,245	76,901	10,234	10,416	5,969	6,19
Civilian labor force		51,776	42,687	43,742	6,138	6,322	3,258	3,39
Percent of population		57.4	56.0	56.9	60.0	60.7	54.6	54.
Employed		49,343	40,830	42,024	5,478	5,693	3,031	3,12
Agriculture		593	533	562	14	22	49	4
Nonagricultural industries		48,750	40,297	41,462	5,464	5,671	2,983	3,07
Unemployed		2,433	1,857	1,718	661	629	227	27
Unemployment rate		4.7	4.4	3.9	10.8	9.9	7.0	8.
Not in labor force	38,783	38,379	33,558	33,158	4,096	4,094	2,711	2,79
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years								
Civilian noninstitutional population		14,367	11,891	11,655	2,174	2,175	1,347	1,38
Civilian labor force		7,243	6,378	6,269	749	784	611	60
Percent of population		50.4	53.6	53.8	34.5	36.0	45.4	43.
Employed		6,104	5,449	5,420	475	521	478	50
Agriculture		166	185	164	3	2	23	2
Nonagricultural industries		5,938	5,264	5,256	473	519	455	48
Unemployed	1,230	1,139	929	849	273	263	134	10
Unemployment rate		15.7	14.6	13.5	36.5	33.5	21.9	17.
Not in labor force	7,268	7,124	5,513	5,386	1,425	1,391		77

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-59. Employment status of civilians of Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin by sex and age

	Total Hispa	anic origin ¹	Mexica	n origin	Puerto Ri	can origin	Cubar	origin
Employment status, sex, and age	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	I 1988	l 1989
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	13,153	13.606	7.839	8,065	1,594	1,575	853	931
Civilian labor force		9,116	5,372	55,545	873	882	573	588
Percent of population		67.0	68.5	68.8	54.8	56.0	67.2	63.2
Employed		8,407	4,838	5,078	796	805	548	551
Agriculture	1	399	349	364	4	1	7	7
Nonagricultural industries		8,007	4,489	4,714	791	804	541	543
Unemployed	1	709	534	467	77	76	25	37
Unemployment rate		7.8	9.9	8.4	8.8	8.7	4.4	6.3
Not in labor force	1	4,490	2,467	2,520	722	694	280	343
Men, 16 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	6,517	6,730	4,052	4,148	705	701	427	446
Civilian labor force	5,269	5,472	3,346	3,435	503	516	338	353
Percent of population	80.9	81.3	82.6	82.8	71.3	73.6	79.2	79.1
Employed	4,798	5,073	3,010	3,177	460	467	321	330
Agriculture	335	352	308	328	4	1	6	4
Nonagricultural industries	4,464	4,721	2,702	2,848	456	466	315	326
Unemployed	471	399	336	259	44	49	17	23
Unemployment rate	8.9	7.3	10.0	7.5	8.7	9.5	5.0	6.4
Not in labor force	1,247	1,258	706	713	201	185	89	93
Men, 20 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	5,838	6,033	3,593	3,682	632	627	400	417
Civilian labor force				3,190	475	479	328	342
		5,115	3,106	1 '	1		l	
Percent of population		84.8	86.4	86.6	75.2	76.4	82.0	82.0
Employed		4,783 335	2,825 288	2,978 314	439	438	312 6	320
Agriculture	T .			2,664	435	1 436	307	317
Nonagricultural industries		4,448 332	2,537 281	212	36	1	16	22
Unemployed		6,5	9.0		7.6	41	4.9	6.4
Unemployment rate Not in labor force		918	486	6.6 492	157	8.6 148	4.9 71	74
Women, 16 years and over			!	l				
Civilian noninstitutional population	6,637	6,876	3,787	3,916	889	874	426	485
Civilian labor force		3,644	2,026	2,110	369	366	235	235
Percent of population		53.0	53.5	53.9	41.5	41.9	55.2	48.5
Employed		3,334	1,828	1,901	336	338	227	220
Agriculture		47	40	36	-	_	1	3
Nonagricultural industries		3,287	1,787	1,866	336	338	226	218
Unemployed		310	198	208	33	27	8	14
Unemployment rate		8.5	9.8	9.9	9.0	7.5	3.5	6.1
Not in labor force		3,232	1,762	1,806	520	508	191	250
Women, 20 years and over							!	
Civilian noninstitutional population	5,969	6,190	3,357	3,450	798	782	406	458
Civilian labor force		3,394	1,846	1,921	341	343	225	227
Percent of population	54.6	54.8	55.0	55.7	42.7	43.9	55.4	49.6
Employed	3,031	3,122	1,693	1,737	315	322	219	213
Agriculture	49	43	40	32	_	-	1	3
Nonagricultural industries	2,983	3,078	1,653	1,705	315	322	218	210
Unemployed	227	272	153	183	26	21	6	14
Unemployment rate	7.0	8.0	8.3	9.5	7.7	6.1	2.7	6.1
Not in labor force	2,711	2,796	1,511	1,529	457	439	181	231
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years								
Civilian noninstitutional population	1,347	1,384	890	933	164	167	47	56
Civilian labor force		607	420	435	56	60	20	19
Percent of population		43.9	47.2	46.6	34.1	35.9	(2)	(°)
Employed		502	319	363	42	46	17	17
Agriculture		21	20	18		-	_	1
Nonagricultural industries		481	300	345	42	46	17	16
Unemployed		105	101	72	15	14	3	2
Unemployment rate		17.3	24.0	16.6	(°)	23.8	(²)	(²)

¹ Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

² Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

#### A-60. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, race, and Hispanic origin

(In thousands)

	To	otal	Wh	nite	Bla	ick	Hispani	c origin
Category	I 1988	I 1989	I 1988	l 1989	l 1988	I 1989	I 1988	I 1989
CHARACTERISTIC								
Total (all civilian workers)	112,489	115,218	97,778	99,896	11,326	11,707	8,039	8,407
Men		62,826	54,241	55,163	5,596	5,760	4,798	5,073
Women	50,841	52,392	43,537	44,733	5,730	5,947	3,240	3,334
OCCUPATION								
Managerial and professional specialty		30,145	25,906	27,266	1,789	1,800	1,110	1,150
Executive, administrative, and managerial			12,552	13,370	768	808	547	599
Professional specialty	14,952	15,521	13,354	13,896	1,021	992	563	552
Technical, sales, and administrative support		35,411	31,031	31,073	3,158	3,227	2,055	2,056
Technicians and related support		3,596	2,985	3,096	304	332	136	163
Sales occupations		13,635	12,194	12,411	797	833	741	790
Administrative support, including clerical	18,436	18,180	15,853	15,566	2,057	2,062	1,179	1,103
Service occupations	15,066	15,471	11,927	12,268	2,629	2,648	1,467	1,636
Private household		895	653	651	203	221	141	143
Protective service	1,888	1,954	1,555	1,600	298	317	117	101
Service, except private household and protective	12,306	12,623	9,719	10,017	2,128	2,111	1,208	1,393
Precision production, craft, and repair	13,291	13,566	12,018	12,154	993	1,078	1,111	1,162
Mechanics and repairers	4,455	4,607	4,098	4,165	264	340	320	346
Construction trades	4,771	4,780	4,329	4,338	372	361	391	410
Other precision production, craft, and repair	4,064	4,179	3,591	3,651	356	376	399	406
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	17,241	17,726	14,189	14,476	2,595	2,765	1,859	1,987
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7,946	8,259	6,512	6,728	1,160	1,225	1,026	1,103
Transportation and material moving occupations	4,671	4,713	3,900	3,931	698	710	355	313
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		4,755	3,777	3,816	738	830	478	571
Construction laborers		684	549	538	113	134	95	134
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3,950	4,071	3,228	3,278	625	696	383	437
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2,917	2,898	2,707	2,658	162	189	437	414
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER								
Agriculture:					į	-		
Wage and salary workers	1,414	1,451	1,286	1,293	106	134	338	347
Self-employed workers		1,290	1,276	1,264	18	13	40	51
Unpaid family workers	100	113	98	110			5	1
Nonagricultural industries:								
Wage and salary workers		103,649	87,387	89,143	10,831	11,193	7,249	7,512
Government		17,593	14,004	14,243	2,647	2,747	1,042	948
Private industries		86,055	73,383	74,899	8,184	8,446	6,208	6,565
Private households		1,085	802	794	260	261	168	161
Other industries		84,970	72,580	74,105	7,924	8,185	6,040	6,403
Self-employed workers		8,419 296	7,516 215	7,812 274	365 6	358 10	385 19	473 22
FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS'								
Full-time schedules	90.629	92,850	78,535	80,176	9,354	9,704	6,611	7.023
Part time for economic reasons	/	4,972	4,322	4,098	818	756	627	7,023 587
Part time for noneconomic reasons	1 '	17,395	14,921	15,622	1,154	1,247	801	796
T GIT MILE OF HORSONIOTHIC TOUGOID MILMANIAMANIAMANIAMANIAMANIAMANIAMANIAMA	10,000	11,000	'-,02'	.0,022	.,,,,,,	.,,	001	, , , ,

Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not

sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-61. Employed civilians of Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin by selected social and economic categories

(In thousands)

Catagony	Total H	lispanic jin¹	Mexica	n origin		Rican gin	Cubar	origin
Category	l 1988	1 1989	l 1988	i 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	J 1989
CHARACTERISTIC								
Total (all civilian workers)		8,407	4,838	5,078	796	805	548	551
Men		5,073	3,010	3,177	460 336	467 338	321	330
Women	3,240	3,334	1,828	1,901	336	338	227	220
OCCUPATION								
Managerial and professional specialty		1,150	519	536	130	132	123	133
Executive, administrative, and managerial		599	253	280	68	57	72	76
Professional specialty	563	552	266	256	62	75	51	57
Technical, sales, and administrative support		2,056	1,093	1,125	238	243	193	182
Technicians and related support		163	72	76	9	23	14	16
Sales occupations		790	384	440	61	67	77	92
Administrative support, including clerical	1,179	1,103	637	608	168	153	103	74
Service occupations	1,467	1,636	881	981	130	143	62	72
Private household	141	143	75	57	2	2	4	2
Protective service	117	101	74	60	10	25	7	6
Service, except private household and protective	1,208	1,393	733	864	118	117	50	64
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,111	1,162	727	743	103	125	59	55
Mechanics and repairers	320	346	200	195	43	54	18	23
Construction trades		410	269	265	24	41	25	19
Other precision production, craft, and repair	399	406	259	283	36	30	17	13
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1,859	1,987	1,224	1,316	189	161	106	104
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		1,103	660	722	98	94	61	56
Transportation and material moving occupations		313	229	192	42	25	22	22
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		571	335	402	49	42	23	26
Construction laborers		134	78	99	6	3	1	4
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	383	437	257	303	44	38	22	22
Farming, forestry, and fishing	437	414	394	377	5	1	5	5
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER				,				
Agriculture:							i	
Wage and salary workers	338	347	313	318	3	2	5	6
Self-employed workers		51	32	46	1	-	2	2
Unpaid family workers		1	3	1				
Nonagricultural industries:	) '		'	'				
Wage and salary workers	7,249	7,512	4,279	4,464	762	779	487	470
Government		948	672	588	119	119	50	49
Private industries		6,565	3,605	3,876	643	660	437	421
Private households		161	93	64	2	2	4	3
Other industries		6,403	3,512	3,812	641	658	433	418
Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers		473 22	197 15	233 16	29	24	52 2	71
FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS ²				.5		,	-	•
			0.00					
Full-time schedules		7,023	3,881	4,185	689	706	483	473
Part time for economic reasons		587	483	401	36	37	13	26
Part time for noneconomic reasons	801	796	474	492	71	63	52	51

 $[\]dot{}$  Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

 $^{^{?}}$  Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according to whether they usually work full or part time.

#### A-62. Employed civilians by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(In thousands)

	Tot	al	Wh	ite	Bla	ick	Hispanio	origin
Sex and age	I 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	I 1988	l 1989
Total, 16 years and over	112,489	115,218	97,778	99,896	11,326	11,707	8,039	8,407
16 to 19 years	6,093	6,104	5,449	5,420	475	521	478	502
16 to 17 years	2,382	2,252	2,144	2,002	173	184	141	137
18 to 19 years	3,711	3,852	3,305	3,418	303	337	336	365
20 to 24 years	13,012	12,715	11,251	10,892	1,419	1,456	1,298	1,230
25 years and over	93,384	96,399	81,077	83,584	9,432	9,730	6,264	6,674
25 to 54 years	78,925	81,653	68,207	70,431	8,157	8,500	5,570	5,975
55 years and over	14,459	14,746	12,870	13,153	1,276	1,230	694	699
Men, 16 years and over	61,648	62,826	54,241	55,163	5,596	5,760	4,798	5,073
16 to 19 years	3,052	3,055	2,743	2,711	223	267	269	290
16 to 17 years	1,198	1,104	1,067	986	95	94	79	74
18 to 19 years	1,854	1,951	1,676	1,725	128	174	190	216
20 to 24 years	6,688	6,645	5,807	5,691	710	754	748	771
25 years and over	51,909	53,126	45,691	46,761	4,663	4,739	3,782	4.013
25 to 54 years	43,496	44.664	38,115	39,103	4,005	4,129	3.370	3,577
55 years and over	8,414	8,462	7,576	7,659	659	610	412	435
Women, 16 years and over	50,841	52,392	43,537	44,733	5,730	5,947	3,240	3,334
16 to 19 years	3,041	3,049	2,706	2,709	253	254	209	212
16 to 17 years	1,184	1,147	1,077	1,016	78	90	62	62
18 to 19 years	1,858	1,902	1,630	1.693	175	164	146	150
20 to 24 years	6,325	6,070	5,444	5,201	709	702	549	459
25 years and over	41,474	43,273	35,386	36,823	4,769	4,991	2,482	2.664
25 to 54 years	35,429	36,989	30,092	31,328	4,152	4,371	2,200	2,398
55 years and over	6,045	6.283	5,294	5,494	617	620	282	266

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### A-63. Unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Civilian workers)

	To	otal	W	nite	Bla	ack	Hispani	ic origin
Sex and age	I 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	I 1989	l 1988	1 1989
Total, 16 years and over	6.2	5.6	5.3	4.8	12.6	11.8	8.6	7.8
16 to 19 years	16.8	15.7	14.6	13.5	36.5	33.5	21.9	17.3
16 to 17 years	18.5	17.8	16.7	15.8	35.5	35.3	24.9	21.0
18 to 19 years	15.6	14.5	13.1	12.2	37.0	32.5	20.5	15.9
0 to 24 years	9.7	9.1	8.1	7.8	20.7	17.8	11.0	11.5
25 years and over	4.8	4.4	4.3	3.8	9.5	9.2	6.9	6.3
25 to 54 years	5.1	4.6	4.4	3.9	10.0	9.7	7.1	6.4
55 years and over	3.6	3.2	3.3	3.0	5.5	6.0	5.7	5.3
Men, 16 years and over	6.4	5.9	5.7	5.2	13.0	12.4	8.9	7.3
6 to 19 years	18.3	18.2	16.1	16.2	39.3	34.1	21.4	18.9
16 to 17 years	19.8	20.1	18.6	18.3	31.0	35.2	24.2	22.7
18 to 19 years	17.3	17.1	14.4	15.0	44.3	33.6	20.2	17.5
0 to 24 years	10.8	9.7	9.1	8.5	22.2	17.5	10.9	10.3
25 years and over	5.0	4.6	4.5	4.0	9.6	9.8	7.5	5.7
25 to 54 years	5.2	4.8	4.6	4.2	10,1	10.2	7.6	5.8
55 years and over	4.1	3.6	3.8	3.3	6.1	7.1	6.6	5.2
Women, 16 years and over	5.8	5.2	4.9	4.4	12.1	11.2	8.1	8.5
6 to 19 years	15.2	13.1	13.0	10.7	33.8	32.9	22.5	15.1
16 to 17 years	17.2	15.5	14.6	13.2	40.2	35.3	25.9	18.9
18 to 19 years	14.0	11.6	11.9	9.1	30.4	31.4	20.9	13.3
0 to 24 years	8.6	8.5	7.1	6.9	19.2	18.1	11.1	13.4
5 years and over	4.6	4.1	3.9	3.5	9.4	8.7	6.0	7.1
25 to 54 years	4.9	4.4	4.1	3.7	10.0	9.2	6.2	7.2
55 years and over	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.5	4.8	4.9	4.4	5.4

A-64. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	To	otal	White		Black		Hispanic origin	
Weeks of unemployment	l 1988	l 1989	i 1988	l 1989	1 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989
DURATION								
Total, 16 years and over	7,392	6,857	5,524	5,063	1,629	1,567	758	709
Less than 5 weeks	3,042	3,113	2,331	2,312	612	691	331	369
5 to 14 weeks	2,444	2,220	1,818	1,679	548	477	246	212
15 weeks and over	1,906	1,524	1,375	1,073	469	399	181	129
15 to 26 weeks	996	812	746	587	217	195	110	80
27 weeks and over	910	712	630	485	252	204	71	48
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	14.1	12.5	13.5	11.9	16.3	14.3	12.1	10.5
Median duration, in weeks	7.0	6.0	6.7	5.9	8.2	6.6	6.4	4.8
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	41.2	45.4	42.2	45.7	37.6	44.1	43.7	52.0
5 to 14 weeks	33.1	32.4	32.9	33.2	33.6	30.5	32.5	29.9
15 weeks and over	25.8	22.2	24.9	21.2	28.8	25.4	23.9	18.1
15 to 26 weeks	13.5	11.8	13.5	11.6	13.3	12.4	14.5	11.3
27 weeks and over	12.3	10.4	11.4	9.6	15.5	13.0	9.4	6.8

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### A-65. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	To	otal	W	hite	Black		Hispanic origin	
Reasons for unemployment	l	1	l	l	!	l	l	l
	1988	1989	1988	1989	1988	1989	1988	1989
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED								
Total, 16 years and over Job losers On layoff Other job losers Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	7,392	6,857	5,524	5,063	1,629	1,567	758	709
	3,672	3,420	2,817	2,598	759	724	401	370
	1,179	1,083	994	911	161	156	91	75
	2,493	2,337	1,823	1,687	598	568	310	295
	1,044	974	821	763	191	172	88	94
	1,899	1,795	1,370	1,267	454	461	178	154
	777	667	517	437	224	209	91	91
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	49.7	49.9	51.0	51.3	46.6	46.2	52.9	52.2
	15.9	15.8	18.0	18.0	9.9	10.0	12.0	10.6
	33.7	34.1	33.0	33.3	36.7	36.3	40.9	41.7
	14.1	14.2	14.9	15.1	11.8	11.0	11.7	13.3
	25.7	26.2	24.8	25.0	27.9	29.4	23.4	21.7
	10.5	9.7	9.4	8.6	13.8	13.3	12,0	12.8
Job leavers	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.5	5.9	5.5	4.6	4.1
	.9	.8	.8	.7	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.0
	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.2	3.5	3.5	2.0	1.7
New entrants	.6	.5	.5	.4	1.7	1.6	1.0	1.0

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented  $\,$ 

and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### A-66. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civilian noninstitutional population		Civilian labor force									
			Total		Empl	oyed		Unemp	oloyed			
Veteran status and age	I I 1988 1989	I I 1988 1989 I	1	J	1	Number		Percent of labor force				
		1988 1989	1988	1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989				
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS												
otal, 30 years and over	7,876 6,032	7,915 5,664	7,240 5,728	7,231 5,369	6,872 5,419	6,946 5,146	368 309	285 223	5.1 5.4	3.9 4.2		
30 to 34 years	780 2,329	564 1,905	735 2,220	515 1,816	678 2,079	495 1,719	57 141	20 97	7.7 6.4	3.9 5.3		
40 to 44 years45 years and over	2,923 1,844	3,195 2,251	2,773 1,512	3,038 1,862	2,662 1,453	2,932 1,800	112 59	106 62	4.0 3.9	3.5 3.3		
NONVETERANS												
otal, 30 to 44 years	20,065 8,991 6,636 4,438	21,079 9,257 7,203 4,619	18,855 8,499 6,232 4,124	19,882 8,761 6,803 4,318	17,924 8,023 5,944 3,957	18,985 8,362 6,498 4,125	931 476 289 167	896 399 305 193	4.9 5.6 4.6 4.0	4.5 4.6 4.5 4.5		

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data

are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population.

#### A-67. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	Veterans						Nonveterans					
Employment status and age	Wh	nite	Bla	ack	Hispani	ic origin	Wh	ite	Bla	ick	Hispani	c origin
•	1 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	I 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989
TOTAL, 30 to 44 years												
Civilian noninstitutional population	5,370	5.051	565	524	291	241	17.239	18.065	2,028	2,151	1,768	1.883
Civilian labor force	5,140	4,818	496	467	265	216	16,371	17,219	1,771	1,897	1,641	1,786
Employed	4,881	4,637	460	431	241	206	15,669	16,563	1,584	1,691	1,529	1,699
Unemployed	258	180	36	36	24	10	702	655	187	206	112	86
Unemployment rate	5.0	3.7	7.3	7.7	9.2	4.8	4.3	3.8	10.6	10.9	6.8	4.8
30 to 34 years												
Civilian noninstitutional population	677	468	88	86	57	48	7,751	7,953	937	974	779	851
Civilian labor force	640	436	79	71	49	42	7,396	7,608	831	867	731	809
Employed	597	420	71	67	43	41	7,037	7,326	734	761	684	783
Unemployed	43	15	8	4	7	1	359	282	97	106	46	26
Unemployment rate	6.8	3.5	10.2	5.8	(')	(')	4.9	3.7	11.7	12.3	6.4	3.2
35 to 39 years		i				i					i	
Civilian noninstitutional population	2.061	1.711	225	160	132	80	5,647	6,145	673	728	565	604
Civilian labor force		1,638	193	146	123	69	5,350	5,853	597	655	511	575
Employed	1,859	1,561	184	129	109	64	5,146	5,635	530	585	470	552
Unemployed	128	77	9	17	14	5	204	218	67	70	41	23
Unemployment rate	6.4	4.7	4.8	11.4	11.5	7.3	3.8	3.7	11.3	10.6	8.1	4.0
40 to 44 years										!		
Civilian noninstitutional population	2,633	2,871	252	279	102	113	3,841	3,967	419	449	425	428
Civilian labor force	2,512	2,744	224	249	93	105	3,625	3,758	343	375	399	402
Employed		2,656	205	234	90	101	3,486	3,602	320	345	375	364
Unemployed	87	88	19	15	4	4	139	155	22	30	24	37
Unemployment rate	3.5	3.2	8.5	6.0	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.1	6.5	8.0	6.0	9.3

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces; published data are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to

A-68. Unemployment in families by type of family, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members

(Numbers in thousands)

			l 1988					1 1989		
			With uner	nployment:				With uner	nployment:	:
Type of family, race, and Hispanic origin			Perd	ent of fam	nilies:		•	Perd	ent of fam	nilies:
Type of family, race, and mispanic origin	Total families	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time	Total families	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	i tamiiv
TOTAL										
Total families	64,246 31,531 50,707 23,959 10,714 6,467 2,824 1,104	5,452 3,190 3,802 2,266 1,307 788 343 136	28.7 32.1 19.6 19.5 52.4 62.4 40.4 65.4	71.3 67.9 80.4 80.5 47.6 37.6 59.6 34.6	61.4 58.7 70.5 71.0 37.7 28.4 51.8 30.1	64,899 31,466 51,023 23,856 10,992 6,522 2,883 1,088	5,067 2,856 3,440 1,991 1,286 748 341	29.3 32.4 19.3 18.5 52.2 65.6 43.7 56.4	70.7 67.6 80.7 81.5 47.8 34.4 56.3 43.6	61.4 58.7 71.0 71.8 39.6 27.6 47.2 35.0
White										
Total families	55,332 26,339 45,791 21,246 7,303 4,207 2,239 886	4,140 2,396 3,179 1,876 719 412 242 108	25.4 27.9 19.3 19.5 47.3 57.3 40.5 63.0	74.6 72.1 80.7 80.5 52.7 42.7 59.5 37.0	64.9 63.0 71.1 71.4 41.9 32.5 52.5 32.4	55,693 26,169 46,010 21,134 7,448 4,199 2,235 836	3,806 2,106 2,870 1,637 711 391 225 78	25.4 27.3 19.2 18.4 46.6 60.6 36.9 47.4	74.6 72.7 80.8 81.6 53.4 39.4 63.1 52.6	65.1 63.3 71.3 72.0 44.3 32.0 52.9 41.0
Black										
Total families	7,101 4,158 3,487 1,868 3,145 2,105 468 185	1,131 685 481 298 560 361 89 26	41.0 46.7 19.8 18.5 59.0 68.1 41.6 (')	59.0 53.3 80.2 81.5 41.0 31.9 58.4 (')	48.4 43.9 68.0 70.5 31.9 23.5 47.2 (')	7,289 4,158 3,508 1,794 3,247 2,135 534 230	1,097 649 443 271 550 340 103 37	42.9 48.8 18.9 17.6 59.5 70.9 58.3 (')	57.1 51.2 81.1 82.4 40.5 29.1 41.7 (')	48.5 43.9 70.3 73.2 33.3 22.9 35.0 (')
Hispanic origin	į							}		1
Total families  With children under 18 years of age  Married-couple families  With children under 18 years of age  Families maintained by women  With children under 18 years of age  Families maintained by men  With children under 18 years of age	4,483 2,901 3,111 2,033 1,068 755 304 113	558 360 404 276 123 69 30	31.8 34.9 25.2 26.1 48.0 59.4 (')	68.2 65.1 74.8 73.9 52.0 40.6 (')	56.2 53.5 62.0 61.6 39.8 29.0 (')	4,718 2,990 3,221 2,092 1,141 785 356 113	514 340 350 251 131 79 33 10	28.6 30.4 23.4 22.3 42.7 54.4 (')	71.4 69.6 76.6 77.7 57.3 45.6 (')	61.3 60.2 68.0 67.3 42.7 38.0 (')

Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not

sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### A-69. Unemployed persons by family relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members

		18	l 988			19	I 89	
		Perc	ent of unemple	oyed:		Perc	ent of unemple	oyed:
Family relationship, race, and Hispanic origin	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time	₹otal	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time
TOTAL								
Total unemployed in families!  Husbands  With children under 18 years of age  Wites  With children under 18 years of age  Relatives in married-couple families  Women who maintain families	5,990	30.7	69.3	59.5	5,526	31.0	69.0	59.6
	1,533	37.5	62.5	48.7	1,369	35.4	64.6	49.7
	936	42.0	58.0	44.1	841	39.3	60.7	44.3
	1,152	16.1	83.9	75.2	1,018	16.5	83.5	76.2
	758	13.8	86.2	77.9	630	14.1	85.9	79.7
	1,473	11.2	88.8	82.1	1,337	10.9	89.1	83.1
With children under 18 years of age	461	89.2	10.8	5.7	448	93.3	6.7	3.1
	909	33.6	66.4	54.0	868	32.3	67.7	56.8
	167	64.9	35.1	26.4	165	67.0	33.0	19.2
	91	92.8	7.2	2.2	72	82.4	17.6	5.2
	196	22.4	77.6	69.6	210	29.3	70.7	65.0
Total unemployed in families¹	4,454	27.7	72.3	62.6	4,078	27.4	72.6	62.9
	1,291	37.4	62.6	48.1	1,155	35.9	64.1	49.1
	765	43.0	57.0	42.1	687	40.0	60.0	42.9
	950	15.0	85.0	77.6	841	16.1	83.9	76.9
	624	12.0	88.0	81.0	511	13.4	86.6	80.2
	1,194	10.7	89.3	82.7	1,082	10.4	89.6	83.8
Women who maintain families  With children under 18 years of age  Relatives in families maintained by women  Men who maintain families  With children under 18 years of age  Relatives in families maintained by men	287	76.7	23.3	15.6	297	79.0	21.0	14.1
	227	86.3	13.7	7.1	228	91.2	8.8	3.7
	476	31.2	68.8	56.9	458	26.6	73.4	61.7
	119	66.3	33.7	24.1	108	60.6	39.4	22.3
	68	93.9	6.1	1.5	44	74.2	25.8	6.7
	136	22.4	77.6	71.8	137	24.7	75.3	69.0
Black  Total unemployed in families¹  Husbands  With children under 18 years of age  Wives  With children under 18 years of age  Relatives in married-couple families	1,335	41.4	58.6	48.5	1,269	42.6	57.4	48.9
	178	37.5	62.5	52.0	162	31.8	68.2	53.2
	125	36.0	64.0	54.1	113	32.8	67.2	52.1
	154	23.5	76.5	59.9	141	17.8	82.2	71.8
	107	25.0	75.0	60.3	94	15.1	84.9	79.5
	230	12.3	87.7	81.1	207	13.2	86.8	81.0
Women who maintain families  With children under 18 years of age Relatives in families maintained by women  Men who maintain families  With children under 18 years of age Relatives in families maintained by men	262 227 417 41 20 52	86.9 91.9 36.7 (²) (²)	13.1 8.1 63.3 (²) (²)	8.6 4.6 50.1 (²) (²) (²)	249 209 395 51 26 63	86.9 95.3 38.9 (²) (²) 39.3	13.1 4.7 61.1 (²) (²) 60.7	9.3 2.4 50.8 (²) (²) 56.1
Hispanic origin  Total unemployed in families¹ Husbands With children under 18 years of age Wives With children under 18 years of age Relatives in married-couple families	628	33.4	66.6	54.9	583	30.2	69.8	59.1
	185	46.6	53.4	36.7	132	46.2	53.8	40.7
	135	49.0	51.0	33.2	105	48.6	51.4	36.2
	108	18.7	81.3	71.5	121	19.2	80.8	71.2
	77	15.8	84.2	71.9	88	16.3	83.7	74.1
	165	13.1	86.9	78.3	147	13.7	86.3	81.9
Women who maintain families	48 36 90 19 13	(²) (²) 33.7 (²) (²) (²)	( ² ) ( ² ) 66.3 ( ² ) ( ² ) ( ² )	(2) (2) 52.6 (2) (2) (2) (2)	58 48 88 13 6	(2) (2) 19.8 (2) (2) (2) (2)	( ² ) ( ² ) 80.2 ( ² ) ( ² )	(²) (²) 58.6 (²) (²) (²)

¹ Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in families where the husband, wife or, other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces, and persons in unrelated subfamilies. Estimates for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns

used in aggregating the data.

² Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### A-70. Employed civilians by family relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members

		19	1 988		1 1989				
		Pe	rcent of emplo	yed:		Percent of employed:			
Family relationship, race, and Hispanic origin	Total	With no other employed person in family	With another employed person in family	With another person in family employed full time	Total	With no other employed person in family	With another employed person in family	With another person ir family employed full time	
TOTAL			Ì						
Fotal employed in families ¹	91,109	23.2	76.8	65.1	92,606	22.6	77.4	65.7	
Husbands		30.2	69.8	51.1	38,461	28.9	71.1	52.1	
With children under 18 years of age		31.8 9.3	68.2 90.7	46.2 85.4	21,948 28,397	30.8 9.1	69.2 90.9	46.9 85.8	
With children under 18 years of age		5.5	94.5	90.3	15,165	5.2	94.8	91.0	
Relatives in married-couple families	11,323	7.4	92.6	87.9	11,080	7.0	93.0	88.9	
Women who maintain families		63.1	36.9	24.7	6,283	63.6	36.4	23.6	
With children under 18 years of age		79.6 23.8	20.4 76.2	9.0 66.9	4,027 4,689	80.2 23.7	19.8 76.3	8.7 65.9	
Relatives in families maintained by women  Men who maintain families		53.9	76.2 46.1	35.1	2,059	52.3	47.7	35.7	
With children under 18 years of age	881	80.7	19.3	10.2	903	79.0	21.0	11.5	
Pelatives in families maintained by men	1,549	18.0	82.0	73.6	1,637	17.6	82.4	76.0	
White			į.			<u> </u>			
otal employed in families ¹	79,572	22.6	77.4	65.3	80,604	21.9	78.1	65.9	
Husbands		30.6	69.4	49.9	34,758	29.3	70.7	50.9	
With children under 18 years of age		32.4 8.9	67.6 91.1	44,4 85.9	19,622 25,319	31.5 8.6	68.5 91.4	45.2 86.2	
With children under 18 years of age		4.9	95.1	91.0	13,333	4.6	95.4	91.4	
Relatives in married-couple families		7.3	92.7	88.2	9,753	6.9	93.1	89.0	
Women who maintain families		60.5	39.5	25.6	4,441	61.1	38.9	24.5	
With children under 18 years of age Relatives in families maintained by women		77.7 24.4	22.3 75.6	8.9 66.1	2,786 3,422	78.7 24.0	21.3 76.0	8.6 65.7	
Men who maintain families		52.9	47.1	35.5	1,630	51.4	48.6	35.6	
With children under 18 years of age	724	80.1	19.9	10.2	711	77.4	22.6	12.5	
Relatives in families maintained by men	1,250	17.0	83.0	74.6	1,282	17.4	82.6	76.6	
Black									
otal employed in families1		29.4	70.6	62.2	8,980	29.6	70.4	61.8	
Husbands		24.5 23.5	75.5 76.5	64.5 64.7	2,532 1,537	23.8 23.0	76.2 77.0	64.2 64.3	
Wives		13.4	86.6	81.1	2,111	13.4	86.6	81.8	
With children under 18 years of age		10.1	89.9	85.1	1,228	9.8	90.2	86.5	
Relatives in married-couple families	903	9.2	90.8	83.6	890	7.7	92.3	87.0	
Women who maintain families		70.3	29.7	21.7	1,686	70.0	30.0	21.1	
With children under 18 years of age		84.4 22.3	15.6 77.7	9.0 68.4	1,145 1,146	83.5 23.4	16.5 76.6	9,0 66,2	
Men who maintain families		60.2	39.8	31.6	354	58.2	41.8	33.7	
With children under 18 years of age	132	85.4	14.6	8.2	177	84.7	15.3	7.8	
Relatives in families maintained by men	223	25.4	74.6	64.8	260	20.1	79.9	71.3	
Hispanic origin									
otal employed in families ¹	6,344 2,481	25.8 37.0	74.2 63.0	64.7 49.7	6,745 2,630	25.9 37.5	74.1 62.5	64.2 47.3	
Husbands  With children under 18 years of age		37.0	60.3	49.7 46.3	1,889	37.5	62.5	47.3	
Wives	1,616	8.7	91.3	85.8	1,666	8.1	91.9	86.5	
With children under 18 years of age		7.9 7.1	92.1 92.9	87.2 87.5	1,126 823	5.4 5.9	94.6 94.1	89.0 88.0	
Women who maintain families	502	59.6	40.4	27.7	582	62.1	37.9	30.1	
With children under 18 years of age	341	74.5	25.5	13.1	392	75.5	24.5	17.7	
Relatives in families maintained by women		21.5	78.5	70.4	488	16.2	83.8	74.3	
Men who maintain families		48.8 84.5	51.2 15.5	43.2 14.4	285 94	38.7 69.8	61.3 30.2	53.7 24.7	
TTM Commuter under 10 years of age	181	5.4	94.6	87.5	272	9.2	90.8	85.7	

¹ Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in families where the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces, and persons in unrelated subfamilies. Estimates for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns

used in aggregating the data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-71. Median weekly earnings of families by type of family, number of earners, race, and Hispanic origin

Type of family, number of	Number	of families	Median wee	ekly earnings
earners, race, and Hispanic origin	I 1988	I 1989	1988	I 1989
		1000	1000	
TOTAL				
otal families with earners'	42,930 33,953	43,317 33,877	\$580 648	\$605 678
One earner	12,695	12,419	409	420
Husband	9,627	9,283	480	494
Wife	2,364	2,443	236	265
Other family member	704	693	211	225
Two or more earners	21,259	21,458	790	824
Husband and wife	18,709	19,043	805	842
Husband and other family member(s)	1,793	1,699	753	768
Wife and other family member(s)	599	560	470	499
Other family members only	158	156	474	589
Families maintained by women	7,023	7,362	323	344
One earner	4,832	5,016	260	272
Householder	3,784	3,969	267	278
Other family member	1,048	1,046	233	242
Two or more earners	2,190	2,347	534	567
Families maintained by men	1,954	2,078	468	482
One earner	1,195	1,207	375	347
Two or more earners	759	870	654	672
White				
Total families with earners'	36,748	36,968	597	626
Married-couple families	30,211	30,167	655	687
One earner	11,450	11,111	420	436
Husband	8,829	8,434	487	503
Wife	2,000	2,088	244	270
Two or more earners	18,761	19,056	797	831
Husband and wife	16,531	16,933	812	847
Families maintained by women	5,015	5,200	337	355
Families maintained by men	1,523	1,601	483	490
Black				İ
Total families with earners'	4,884	5,027	421	438
Married-couple families	2,701	2,624	575	572
One earner	867	890	268	297
Husband	525	560	318	347
Wife	280	280	196 701	223 740
Two or more earners	1,834	1,734	701	740
Husband and wife	1,615 1,837	1,526 2,011	723 289	
Families maintained by women	346	392	393	308 454
Hispanic origin				
Fotal families with earners ¹	3,308	3,485	432	456
Married-couple families	2,434	2,548	477	489
One earner	1,022	1,029	301	303
Husband	834	872	320	320
Wife	123	104	218	218
Two or more earners	1,412	1,519	639	641
Husband and wife	1,186	1,210	658	666
Families maintained by women	658	674	297	338
		262	438	1

Data exclude families in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-72. Families with unemployed members and wage and salary workers by type of family and median weekly earnings

Type of family and relationship	Number o	of families	Median we	Median weekly earnings		
of unemployed members to wage and salary earners	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989		
Married-couple families¹	2,670	2,449	\$411	\$429		
Husband unemployed	916	869	257	294		
Wife only earner	130	150	440	480		
Wife and other earner(s)	66	55	(²)	(²)		
Other earner(s) only	66	55	(²)	(²)		
Wife unemployed	884	722	420	434		
Husband only earner	747	616	403	415		
Husband and other earner(s)	112	85	681	(²)		
Other earner(s) only	25	21	(²)	(2)		
Other member(s) unemployed	869	857	662	674		
Husband or wife earner	338	347	495	484		
Both husband and wife earners	491	469	820	864		
Other combinations of earners	40	41	(²)	(2)		
Families maintained by women'	520	573	306	296		
Householder unemployed	81	106	(²)	288		
Other member(s) unemployed	440	467	329	298		
Families maintained by men ¹	197	175	424	381		

¹ Data exclude families in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or

in the Armed Forces.

² Data not shown where base is less than 100,000.

A-73. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics

		of workers usands)	Median weekly earnings		
Characteristic	) 1988	j 1989	l 1988	I 1989	
SEX AND AGE					
Total, 16 years and over	80,178	82,276	\$385	\$397	
Men, 16 years and over	46,606	47,524	450	468	
16 to 24 years	5,916	6.023	263	273	
25 years and over	40,690	41,501	483	497	
Women, 16 years and over	33,572	34,752	312	326	
16 to 24 years	5,132	4,767	240	250	
25 years and over	28,440	29,986	329	346	
FAMILY RELATIONSHIP					
Husbands	30,871	31,018	494	510	
Wives	17,517	17,943	319	339	
Women who maintain families	4,760	5,030	310	321	
Men who maintain families	1,480	1,668	424	422	
Other persons in families:					
Men	5,589	5,837	273	287	
Women	4,224	4,299	253	257	
All other men1	8,662	8,987	416	427	
All other women ¹	7,075	7,494	339	362	
RACE, HISPANIC ORIGIN, AND SEX					
White	68,661	70,176	394	407	
Men	40,667	41,246	464	481	
Women	27,993	28,930	317	332	
Black	9,106	9,482	310	318	
Men	4,626	4,886	356	354	
Women	4,480	4,596	279	293	
Hispanic origin	6,212	6,587	297	297	
Men	3,909	4,167	316	312	
Women	2,303	2,420	267	269	

The majority of these persons are living alone or with nonrelatives. Also included are persons in families where the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces and persons in unrelated subfamilies.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-74. Median weekly earnings of part-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics

		of workers usands)	Median wee	ekly earnings
Characteristic	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989
SEX AND AGE				
Total, 16 years and over	19,402	19,375	\$103	\$108
Men. 16 years and over	6,050	6,007	98	101
16 to 24 years	3,472	3,339	81	84
25 years and over	2,578	2,668	130	125
Women, 16 years and over	13,352	13,368	106	112
16 to 24 years	4,069	4,150	75	76
25 years and over	9,283	9,218	121	134
FAMILY RELATIONSHIP				
Husbands	1,593	1,584	134	125
Wives	7,024	7,041	124	137
Women who maintain families	973	1,027	111	117
Men who maintain families	143	125	118	121
Other persons in families:				
Men	3,261	3,236	79	82
Women	3,516	3,488	71	71
All other men ¹	1,053	1,062	116	124
All other women ¹	1,839	1,812	107	117
RACE, HISPANIC ORIGIN, AND SEX			·	
White	17,016	17,067	103	109
Men	5,118	5,190	96	101
Women	11,898	11,877	106	114
Black	1,781	1,786	101	101
Men	667	584	104	101
Women	1,114	1,202	100	100
Hispanic origin	1,252	1,164	106	119
Men	498	437	109	116
Women	753	726	103	121

The majority of these persons are living alone or with nonrelatives. Also included are persons in families where the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is in the Armed Forces and persons in unrelated subfamilies.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-75. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and sex

		of workers usands)	Median wee	kly earnings
Occupation and sex	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989
TOTAL				
Managerial and professional specialty	21,293	22,386	\$546	\$575
Executive, administrative, and managerial	10,311	11,005	548	564
Professional specialty	10,982	11,381	544	581
Technical, sales, and administrative support	24,409	24,289	345	356
Technicians and related support	2,812	2,975	445	480
Sales occupations	7,414	7,513	384	389
Administrative support, including clerical	14,184	13,801	318	327
Service occupations	8,433	8,491	251	250
Private household	289	344	142	182
Protective service	1,677	1,562	440	446
Service, except private household and protective	6,468	6,585	229	231
Precision production, craft, and repair	11,001	11,145	428	447
Mechanics and repairers	3,735 3,568	3,925 3,421	435 420	450 444
Other precision production, craft, and repair	3,566 3,699	3,799	420 429	444
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	13,942	14,777	310	319
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7,009	7,470	295	305
Transportation and material moving occupations	3,693	3,838	385	397
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3,239	3,469	277	280
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1,099	1,189	233	240
Men				
Managerial and professional specialty	11,795	12,125	659	675
Executive, administrative, and managerial	6,070	6,324	671	670
Professional specialty	5,725	5,801	649	678
Technical, sales, and administrative support	9,194	9,109	466	482
Technicians and related support	1,529	1,645	511	543
Sales occupations	4,470 3,196	4,467 2,996	479 419	484 435
Administrative support, including clerical	4,252	4,086	315	305
Private household	4,232	11	(')	(')
Protective service	1,519	1,389	446	458
Service, except private household and protective	2,727	2,686	277	266
Precision production, craft, and repair	10,129	10,142	442	467
Mechanics and repairers	3,615	3,777	435	452
Construction trades	3,495	3,369	421	448
Other precision production, craft, and repair	3,019	2,997	478	494
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	10,269	11,025	351	361
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	4,116	4,525	362	369
Transportation and material moving occupations	3,443	3,584	394	403
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Farming, forestry, and fishing	2,710 967	2,915 1,037	286 240	294 249
Women				
Managerial and professional specialty	9,499	10,261	456	487
Executive, administrative, and managerial	4,242	4,681	430	456
Professional specialty	5,257	5,580	471	505
Technical, sales, and administrative support	15,215	15,180	303	314
Technicians and related support	1,283	1,330	374	394
Sales occupations	2,944	3,046	262	281
Administrative support, including clerical	10,988	10,804	303	313
Service occupations	4,181	4,405	207	213
Private household	283	334	141	179
Protective service	158	172	378	386
Service, except private household and protective	3,740 872	3,899	208 304	214
Precision production, craft, and repair	872 119	1,003 149	304 445	302 366
Mechanics and repairers  Construction trades	73	52	(')	(1)
Other precision production, craft, and repair	680	802	273	293
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	3,673	3,752	233	241
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	2,893	2,944	228	240
Transportation and material moving occupations	250	253	287	317
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	529	554	240	217
Farming, forestry, and fishing	132	152	194	203

Data not shown where base is less than 100,000.

A-76. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population in metropolitan, nonmetropolitan, urban, and rural areas by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

		tal States			Metropoli	tan areas		
Employment status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin			То	otal	Cer citi		Sub	urbs
	l 1988	I 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	183,967	185,773	143,445	144,861	57,151	57,294	86,295	87,568
Civilian labor force	4	122,074	95,061	96,633	36,663	36,961	58,398	59,672
Percent of population		65.7	66.3	66.7	64.2	64.5	67.7	68.1
Employed		115,218 6,857	89,492 5,569	91,411 5,223	34,026 2,637	34,412 2,550	55,466 2,932	56,999 2,673
Unemployed Unemployment rate		5.6	5.9	5,223	7.2	6.9	2,932 5.0	4.5
Not in labor force	64,087	63,698	48,384	48,228	20,487	20,332	27,896	27,896
Men, 20 years and over					i			
Civilian noninstitutional population	80,194	81,251	62,457	63,329	24,666	24,593	37,791	38,737
Civilian labor force	62,158	63,056	49,085	49,804	18,788	18,663	30,296	31,141
Percent of population	77.5	77.6	78.6	78.6	76.2	75.9	80.2	80.4
Employed	58,597 3,562	59,771 3,285	46,434 2,651	47,331 2,472	17,534 1,254	17,464 1,199	28,900 1,397	29,868 1,273
Unemployed	5.7	5.2	5.4	5.0	6.7	6.4	4.6	4.1
Not in labor force	18,036	18,195	13,373	13,526	5,877	5,930	7,495	7,596
Women, 20 years and over								
Civilian noninstitutional population	89,183	90,155	69,609	70,332	28,251	28,508	41,358	41,824
Civilian labor force	50,400	51,776	40,163	41,125	15,881	16,285	24,282	24,841
Percent of population	56.5	57.4	57.7	58.5	56.2	57.1	58.7	59.4
Employed Unemployed		49,343 2,433	38,197 1,965	39,252	14,909 973	15,319 966	23,289 993	23,933
Unemployment rate		2,433 4.7	4.9	1,873 4.6	6.1	5.9	4.1	3.7
Not in labor force	38,783	38,379	29,446	29,206	12,370	12,223	17,077	16,983
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years					i			
Civilian noninstitutional population	14,590	14,367	11,379	11,200	4,234	4,193	7,145	7,007
Civilian labor force	7,322	7,243	5,814	5,704	1,994	2,014	3,820	3,690
Percent of population		50.4	51.1	50.9	47.1	48.0	53.5	52.7
Employed Unemployed	6,093 1,230	6,104 1,139	4,861 953	4,827 877	1,583 410	1,629 385	3,278 543	3,198 492
Unemployment rate	16.8	15.7	16.4	15.4	20.6	19.1	14.2	13.3
Not in labor force	7,268	7,124	5,565	5,495	2,240	2,179	3,325	3,317
White								
Civilian noninstitutional population	157,772	158,944	121,487	122,342	42,815	42,987	78,672	79,356
Civilian labor force	103,302	104,959	80,858	82,007	27,763	28,105	53,095	53,902
Percent of population	65.5	66.0	66.6	67.0	64.8	65.4	67.5	67.9
Employed		99,896 5,063	76,819 4,039	78,253 3,754	26,208 1,555	26,593 1,512	50,611 2,484	51,659 2,242
Unemployment rate		4.8	5.0	4.6	5.6	5.4	4.7	4.2
Not in labor force	54,470	53,985	40,629	40,336	15,052	14,882	25,577	25,454
Black	,					ĺ		
Civilian noninstitutional population	20,568	20,904	17,058	17,361	11,879	11,824	5,179	5,537
Civilian labor force	12,955	13,274	10,979	11,211	7,323	7,255	3,656	3,956
Percent of population	63.0	63.5	64.4	64.6	61.6	61.4	70.6	71.5
Employed Unemployed	11,326 1,629	11,707 1,567	9,639 1,340	9,918 1,293	6,349 974	6,312 942	3,291 366	3,606 350
Unemployed	12.6	11.8	12.2	11.5	13.3	13.0	10.0	8.9
Not in labor force	7,613	7,630	6,079	6,150	4,556	4,570	1,523	1,581
Hispanic origin			i			l		
Civilian noninstitutional population	13,153	13,606	12,267	12,557	7,040	7,286	5,227	5,272
Civilian labor force	8,796	9,116	8,219	8,411	4,524	4,757	3,695	3,654
Percent of population	66.9 8,039	67.0 8,407	67.0 7,545	67.0 7,770	64.3 4,132	65.3 4.373	70.7	69.3 3,397
Employed Unemployed		709	7,545 674	641	4,132 393	4,373 384	3,413 282	3,397 257
Unemployment rate	8.6	7.8	8.2	7.6	8.7	8.1	7.6	7.0

### **HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED** QUARTERLY AVERAGES

### A-76. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population in metropolitan, nonmetropolitan, urban, and rural areas by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

			Nonmetropo	olitan areas			Urt are		Ru are	
Employment status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin	То	tal	Fa	rm	Non	farm				
	l 1988	l 1989	I 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989
TOTAL										
Civilian noninstitutional population	40,522	40,912	2,807	2,675	37,715	38,236	135,468	136,249	48,499	49,524
Civilian labor force		25,441	1,920	1,837	22,899	23,604	88,889	89,858	30,992	32,216
Percent of population		82.2	68.4	68.7	60.7	61.7	65.6	66.0	63.9	65.1
Employed		23,807 1,634	1,873 47	1,800 37	21,123 1,776	22,007 1,597	83,389 5,500	84,745 5,113	29,100 1,892	30,472 1,744
Unemployment rate		6.4	2.4	2.0	7.8	6.8	6.2	5.7	6.1	5.4
Not in labor force	15,703	15,470	887	838	14,816	14,632	46,579	46,391	17,507	17,307
Men, 20 years and over		,								
Civilian noninstitutional population	17,728	17,908	1,346	1,294	16,383	16,614	58,444	59.055	21,742	22,183
Civilian labor force		13,242	1,129	1,084	11,938	12,158	45,499	45,930	16,653	17,115
Percent of population		73.9	83.9	83.7	72.9	73.2	77.9	77.8	76.6	77.2
Employed		12,430	1,110	1,066	11,046	11,364	42,889	43,525	15,701	16,236
Unemployed		812 6.1	19 1.7	18 1.7	892 7.5	794 6.5	2,610 5.7	2,405 5.2	952 5.7	880 5.1
Unemployment rate  Not in labor force		4,666	216	210	4,445	4,456	12,945	13,124	5,089	5,088
Women, 20 years and over	.,,,,,	1,000	2.0	2.0	,,	.,	12,000	.0,.2	0,000	0,000
, , ,	19.582	19,838	4 007	4 470	40.055	40.000	66.547	00.040	00.045	00.050
Civilian noninstitutional population		10,880	1,227 871	1,176 849	18,355 9,572	18,660 10,012	38,085	66,910 38,722	22,645 12,321	23,258 13,064
Percent of population		53.7	54.7	55.2	52.2	53.7	57.2	57.9	54.4	56.2
Employed	9,608	10,101	653	639	8,955	9,481	36,107	38,862	11,699	12,491
Unemployed		580	18	9	618	551	1,979	1,880	622	573
Unemployment rate		5.3	2.8 556	1.4 527	8.5	5.5	5.2 28.462	4.8	5.0	4.4
Not in labor force	9,339	9,176	556	527	8,783	8,648	28,462	28,188	10,324	10,194
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Civilian noninstitutional population	3,211	3,167	234	205	2,977	2,982	10,477	10,284	4,113	4,063
Civilian labor force		1,539	120	104	1,388	1,434	5,304	5,205	2,018	2,037
Percent of population		48.6	51.2	51.0	46.8	48.4	50.6	50.8	49.1	49.9
Employed		1,277	110	95 10	1,122	1,182	4,392	4,358	1,700	1,748
Unemployed Unemployment rate		262 17.0	10 8.3	9.2	287 19.2	252 17.6	912 17.2	848 18.3	318 15.7	291 14.3
Not in labor force	1	1,829	114	100	1,589	1,528	5,173	5.078	2,095	2,046
White					,		,	, .	,	
Civilian noninstitutional population	36,286	36.602	2,741	2,629	33,545	33,973	112,764	113,206	44.989	45,736
Civilian labor force		22,953	1,861	1,810	20,563	21,143	74,371	75,032	28,931	29,927
Percent of population		62.7	68.6	68.8	61.3	62.2	65.9	66.3	64.3	65.4
Employed		21,643 1,309	1,838 43	1,774 36	19,121 1,442	19,869 1,273	70,489 3,883	71,469 3,563	27,289 1,642	26,427 1,500
Unemployment rate		5.7	2.3	2.0	7.0	6.0	5.2	4.7	5.7	5.0
Not in labor force		13,649	860	819	12,982	12,830	38,412	38,176	16,058	15,809
Black										
Civilian noninstitutional population	3,510	3,543	58	32	3,452	3,511	17,717	17,679	2,851	3,025
Civilian labor force	1,975	2,063	35	20	1,941	2,043	11,266	11,434	1,688	1,839
Percent of population		56.2	(¹)	(1)	58.2	58.2	63.6	64.0	59.2	60.8
Employed		1,789 274	32	19	1,655 286	1,770 273	9,846 1,420	10,062 1,372	1,480 208	1,645 195
Unemployed		13.3	(')	(')	14.7	13.4	12.6	1,3/2	12.3	10.6
Not in labor force		1,480	`´23	`′12	1,511	1,468	6,450	6,445	1,163	1,185
Hispanic origin										
Civilian noninstitutional population		1,049	35	55	851	994	12,103	12,415	1,051	1,192
Civilian labor force		705	24	33	554	672	8,086	8,347	710	769
Percent of population		67.2	(¹)	(')	65.0	67.6	66.8	67.2	67.6	64.5
Employed		636 68	22	32	472 82	604 68	7,403 683	7,715 632	636 74	691
• - •		9.7	(¹)	(')	14.8	10.1	8.5	7.6	10.5	10.1
Unemployment rate	. 14.5	3.7								

included in both the white and black population groups. These data are based on 1980 census designations and are not comparable to data published through the first quarter of 1964.

¹ Data not shown where base is less than 60,000. NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are

### A-77. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population in poverty and nonpoverty areas by race and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	Т	otal Unit	ed State	s	ı	Metropoli	tan areas	S	No	nmetrop	olitan are	eas
Employment status, race, and Hispanic origin	Pov are	•		overty eas	Pov are		Nonp are	overty eas	Pov are	•		overty eas
	l 1988	1 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989	l 1988	l 1989
TOTAL												
Civilian noninstitutional population	27,377		156,590		18,079	18,232	125,366	126,629	9,298	9,341	31,224	31,571
Civilian labor force	15,361		104,520		10,115	10,232	84,946		5,246	5,366	19,574	20,076
Percent of population	56.1	56.6	66.7	67.3	55.9	56.1	67.8	68.2	56.4	57.4	62.7	63.6
Employed	13,557 1,803	13,965 1,633	5,589	101,253 5,224	8,822 1,293	9,078 1,154	80,671 4,276	82,332 4,069	4,735 510	4,886 479	18,261 1,313	18,921 1,155
Unemployment rate	11.7	10.5	5.3	4.9	12.8	11.3	5.0	4,003	9.7	8.9	6.7	5.8
Men, 20 years and over	10.9	9.9	5.0	4.5	12.0	10.9	4.6	4.3	8.9	8.2	6.4	5.6
Women, 20 years and over	10.2	8.8	4.4	4.1	10.9	9.4	4.2	4.0	8.6	7.7	5.6	4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29.1	26.3	14.9	14.1	30.1	27.1	14.6	13.9	26.7	24.6	16.4	15.0
Men	31.2	26.8	16.2	16.7	33.5	27.8	15.9	16.6	26.2	24.8	17.1	17.4
Women	26.7	25.6	13.7	11.3	26.4	26.2	13.2	11.1	27.3	24.3	15.6	1
Not in labor force	12,017	11,976	52,070	51,723	7,964	8,000	40,420	40,227	4,053	3,975	11,650	11,495
White			i					,				
Civilian noninstitutional population	16,626		141,146		9,833		111,654			6,830	29,493	
Civilian labor force	9,573	9,678	93,729	95,281	5,648	5,669	75,209		3,925	4,009	18,520	1 ′
Percent of population	57.6	58.2	66.4	67.0	1	57.8	67.4	67.8	57.8	58.7	62.8	_
Employed	8,724	8,908	89,054		5,097	5,172	71,722		3,627	3,736	17,332	
Unemployed	850 8.9	770 8.0	4,675 5.0	4,293 4.5	551 9.8	497 8.8	3,487 4.6	3,257 4.3	298 7.6	272 6.8	1,187 6.4	1,037 5.5
Unemployment rate	8.3	7.5	4.7	4.2	9.3	8.6	4.3	3.9	6.8	6.0	6.3	5.4
Women, 20 years and over	7.5	6.8	4.1	3.7	8.2	7.4	3.8	3.5	6.4	6.0	5.2	4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	22.6	18.8	13.7	13.0	22.0	18.4	13.3	12.6	23.5	19.5	15.3	14.3
Men	23.3	20.7	15.3	15.7	23.2	18.4	15.0		23.4	24.1	16.1	16.9
Women	21.7	16.4	12.2	10.1	20.7	18.2	11.6	9.8	23.7	13.3	14.4	11.5
Not in labor force	7,053	6,955	47,417	47,030	4,185	4,133	36,444	36,202	2,868	2,821	10,973	10,828
Black												
Civilian noninstitutional population	9,784	9,834	10,784	1 1	7,581	7,625	9,477	9,736		2,210	1,307	1,333
Civilian labor force	5,270	5,346	7,684	7,928	4,102	4,129	6,877	7,082	1,168	1,217	807	846
Percent of population Employed	53.9 4,387	54.4 4,547	71.3 6,939	71.6 7,160	54.1 3,402	54.2 3,515	72.6 6,237	72.7 6,403	53.0 985	55.1 1,032	61.7 702	63.5 757
Unemployed	883	799	746	7,160	700	614	640	678	184	1,032	105	89
Unemployment rate	16.8	14.9	9.7	9.7	17.1	14.9	9.3	9.6	15.7	15.2	13.0	10.5
Men, 20 years and over	16.2	14.9	8.4	8.4	16.5	14.9	8.2	8.3	15.2	14.8	9.7	9.2
Women, 20 years and over	14.1	11.7	8.4	8.7	14.2	11.6	7.9	8.6	13.7	12.1	12.2	9.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.4	40.9	32.6	28.1	41.5	41.2	31.2	27.8	()	40.2	(¹)	()
Men	47.0	39.8	32.6		49.2	43.4	30.1	30.0	()	()	()	(')
Women Not in labor force	35.3 4,514	42.1 4,489	32.6 3,100	26.2 3,142	33.8 3,479	38.6 3,495	32.1 2,600	25.5 2,655	(¹) 1,034	(¹) 993	(¹) 500	(¹) 487
Hispanic origin	,,,,,,	,,		3,7 .2	5,	,	2,000	_,,,,,	.,50			
Civilian noninstitutional population	4,437	4,613	8,716	8,993	4,103	4,230	8,164	8,327	334	383	552	666
Civilian labor force	2,586	2,715	6,210	6,401	2,383	2,474	5,836	5,937	203	241	374	464
Percent of population	58.3	58.8	71.3	71.2	58.1	58.5	71.5	71.3	60.7	62.8	67.8	69.7
Employed	2,274	2,439	5,765	5,967	2,099	2,224	5,446	5,547	175	215	319	421
Unemployed	312	276	446	434	284	250	390	391	28	25	55	43
Unemployment rate	12.1	10.2	7.2	6.8	11.9	10.1	6.7	6.6	14.0	10.6	14.8	9.3
Men, 20 years and over	11.5	8.7	6.6	5.5	11.2	8.7	6.0	5.4	15.5	9.1	15.8	7.4
Women, 20 years and over	10.0	11.2	5.8	6.8	10.4	11.2	5.5	6.5	6.1	12.0	10.7	9.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	24.8 22.9	16.2	20.3 20.5	17.9	24.1 19.9	16.1	19.6	17.3		0	()	()
Women	27.5	16.4 15.9	20.5	20.1 14.6	30.2	15.8 16.4	19.9 19.3	20.1 13.3	()	()	(')	(') (')

Data not shown where base is less than 60,000. NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and

Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. These data are based on 1980 census designations and are not comparable to data published through the first quarter of 1984.

### B-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1937 to date

(In thousands)

		[		Goods	-producing					Ser	vice-produc	ing			
Year and month	Total	Total private	Total	Mining	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total	Transpor- tation and public utilities	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Federal	Governmer State	Local
			<u> </u>	l			Ane	ual average						l	L
1007	01.011	07.055	10.006	1.015	1 107	10.704	18,075			(i)	1 417	2 502	(1)	(1)	(1)
1937 1938	31,011 29,194	27,255 25,311	12,936 11,401	1,015 891	1,127 1,070	10,794 9,440	17,793	3,134 2,863	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	1,417 1,410	3,503 3,458	(¹) (¹)	(¹) (¹)	(1)
1939	30,603	26,608	12,297	854	1,165	10,278	18,306	2,936	1,762	4,664	1,447	3,502	905	છ	(6)
1940	32,361	28,159	13,221	925	1,311	10,985	19,140	3,038	1,835	4,914	1,485	3,665	996	(¹)	(')
1941	36,539	31,877	15,963	957	1,814	13,192	20,574	3,274	1,960	5,251	1,525	3,905	1,340	(¹)	(')
1942	40,106	34,624	18,470	992	2,198	15,280	21,636	3,460	1,906	5,212	1,509	4,066	2,213	()	(1)
1943 1944	42,434 41,864	36,356 35,822	20,114 19,328	925 892	1,587 1,108	17,602 17,328	22,320 22,536	3,647 3,829	1,822 1,845	5,160 5,214	1,481 1,461	4,130 4,145	2,905 2,928	(¹) (¹)	(1)
1945	40,374	34,431	17,507	836	1,147	15,524	22,867	3,906	1,949	5,365	1,481	4,222	2,808	B	(1)
1946	41,652	36,056	17,248	862	1,683	14,703	24,404	4,061	2,291	6,084	1,675	4,697	2,254	(¹)	(¹)
1947	43,857	38,382	18,509	955	2,009	15,545	25,348	4,166	2,471	6,485	1,728	5,025	1,892	(1)	(')
1948	44,866	39,216	18,774	994	2,198	15,582	26,092	4,189	2,605	6,667	1,800	5,181	1,863	(1)	( <u>)</u>
1949	43,754	37,897	17,565	930	2,194	14,441	26,189	4,001	2,602	6,662	1,828	5,240	1,908	(¹)	(')
1950	45,197	39,170	18,506	901	2,364	15,241	26,691	4,034	2,635	6,751	1,888	5,357	1,928	(¹)	(f) (f)
1951	47,819	41,430	19,959	929	2,637	16,393	27,860	4,226	2,727	7,015	1,956	5,547	2,302	(¹)	( <u>)</u>
1952	48,793	42,185	20,198	898 866	2,668	16,632	28,595 29,128	4,248	2,812	7,192	2,035	5,699	2,420	(1)	(1)
1953 1954	50,202 48,990	43,556 42,238	21,074 19,751	791	2,659 2,646	17,549 16,314	29,128	4,290 4,084	2,854 2,867	7,393 7,368	2,111 2,200	5,835 5,969	2,305 2,188	(¹) (¹)	(¹)
1955	50,641	43,727	20,513	792	2,839	16,882	30,128	4,141	2,926	7,610	2,298	6,240	2,187	1,168	3,558
1956	52,369	45,091	21,104	822	3,039	17,243	31,266	4,244	3,018	7,840	2,389	6,497	2,209	1,250	3,819
1957	52,853	45,239	20,964	828	2,962	17,174	31,889	4,241	3,028	7,858	2,438	6,708	2,217	1,328	4,071
1958 1959 ²	51,324 53,268	43,483 45,186	19,513	751 732	2,817 3,004	15,945 16,675	31,811 32,857	3,976	2,980	7,770	2,481 2,549	6,765	2,191	1,415	4,232
1959	55,266	45,100	20,411	132	3,004	10,075	32,037	4,011	3,082	8,045	2,549	7,087	2,233	1,484	4,366
1960	54,189	45,836	20,434	712	2,926	16,796	33,755	4,004	3,143	8,248	2,629	7,378	2,270	1,536	4,547
1961	53,999	45,404	19,857	672	2,859	16,326	34,142	3,903	3,133	8,204	2,688	7,620	2,279	1,607	4,708
1962	55,549	46,660	20,451	650	2,948	16,853	35,098	3,906	3,198	8,368	2,754	7,982	2,340	1,668	4,881
1963 1964	56,653 58,283	47,429 48,686	20,640 21,005	635 634	3,010 3,097	16,995 17,274	36,013 37,278	3,903 3,951	3,248 3,337	8,530 8,823	2,830 2,911	8,277 8,660	2,358 2,348	1,747 1,856	5,121 5,392
1965	60,765	50,689	21,926	632	3,232	18,062	38,839	4,036	3,466	9,250	2,977	9,036	2,378	1,996	5,700
1966	63,901	53,116	23,158	627	3,317	19,214	40,743	4,158	3,597	9,648	3,058	9,498	2,564	2,141	6,080
1967	65,803	54,413	23,308	613	3,248	19,447	42,495	4,268	3,689	9,917	3,185	10,045	2,719	2,302	6,371
1968 1969	67,897 70,384 i	56,058 58,189	23,737 24,361	606 619	3,350 3,575	19,781 20,167	44,160 46,023	4,318 4,442	3,779 3,907	10,320 10,798	3,337 3,512	10,567 11,169	2,737 2,758	2,442 2,533	6,660 6,904
1970	70,880	58,325	23,578	623	3,588	19,367	47,302	4,515	3,993	11,047	3,645	11,548	2,731	2,664	7,158
1971 1972	71,214 73,675	58,331 60,341	22,935 23,668	609 628	3,704 3,889	18,623 19,151	48,278 50,007	4,476 4,541	4,001 4,113	11,351 11,836	3,772 3,908	11,797 12,276	2,696 2,684	2,747 2,859	7,437 7,790
1973	76,790	63,058	24,893	642	4,097	20,154	51,897	4,656	4,113	12,329	4,046	12,857	2,663	2,923	8,146
1974	78,265	64,095	24,794	697	4,020	20,077	53,471	4,725	4,433	12,554	4,148	13,441	2,724	3,039	8,407
1975	76,945	62,259	22,600	752	3,525	18,323	54,345	4,542	4,415	12,645	4,165	13,892	2,748	3,179	8,758
1976	79,382	64,511	23,352	779	3,576	18,997	56,030	4,582	4,546	13,209	4,271	14,551	2,733	3,273	8,865
1977 1978	82,471 86,697	67,344 71,026	24,346 25,585	813 851	3,851 4,229	19,682 20,505	58,125 61,113	4,713 4,923	4,708 4,969	13,808 14,573	4,467 4,724	15,303 16,252	2,727 2,753	3,377 3,474	9,023 9,446
1979	89,823	73,876	26,461	958	4,463	21,040	63,363	5,136	5,204	14,989	4,975	17,112	2,773	3,541	9,633
1980	90,406	74,166	25,658	1,027	4,346	20,285	64,748	5,146	5,275	15,035	5,160	17,890	2,866	3,610	9,765
1981 1982	91,156 89,566	75,126 73,729	25,497 23,813	1,139 1,128	4,188 3,905	20,170 18,781	65,659 65,753	5,165 5,082	5,358 5,278	15,189 15,179	5,298 5,341	18,619 19,036	2,772 2,739	3,640 3,640	9,619 9,458
1983	90,200	74,330	23,334	952	3,948	18,434	66,866	4,954	5,268	15,179	5,468	19,036	2,739	3,662	9,434
1984	94,496	78,472	24,727	966	4,383	19,378	69,769	5,159	5,555	16,545	5,689	20,797	2,807	3,734	9,482
1985	97,519	81,125	24,859	927	4,673	19,260	72,660	5,238	5,717	17,356	5,955	22,000	2,875	3,832	9,687
1986 1987	99,525 102,310	82,832	24,558	777 721	4,816	18,965	74,967	5,255	5,753	17,930	6,283	23,053	2,899	3,893	9,901
1988	106,039	85,295 88,653	24,784 25,565	733	4,998 5,293	19,065 19,539	77,525 80,475	5,385 5,584	5,872 6,156	18,509 19,206	6,549 6,679	24,196 25,464	2,943 2,971	3,963 4,051	10,109 10,365
														.,	
						Mo	onthly data	, seasonall	y adjusted						
1988:										-					
	105,020	87,700	25,330	733	5,192	19,405	79,690	5,530	6,061	19,050	6,651	25,078	2,970	4,031	10,319
April	105,281 105,489	87,973 88,139	25,435   25,466	737 739	5,238 5,237	19,460 19,490	79,846 80,023	5,543 5,556	6,089 6,115	19,093	6,650 6,656	25,163	2,963	4,041	10,304
	106,057	88,678	25,466	740	5,308	19,490	80,465	5,556 5,582	6,148	19,130 19,205	6,656 6,679	25,216 25,472	2,957 2,951	4,050 4,049	10,343
July	106,271	88,941	25,663	740	5,330	19,593	80,608	5,598	6,174	19,261	6,684	25,561	2,951	4,059	10,320
August	106,425	89,066	25,639	739	5,340	19,560	80,786	5,605	6,192	19,279	6,689	25,662	2,956	4,070	10,333
	106,737	89,205	25,648	734	5,365	19,549	81,089	5,618	6,219	19,291	6,692	25,737	2,989	4,086	10,457
	106,973	89,481	25,743 25,849	729 722	5,366	19,648	81,230	5,631	6,246	19,327	6,708	25,826	2,989	4,070	10,433
	107,419 107,641	89,855 90,100	25,849	719	5,413 5,430	19,714 19,740	81,570 81,752	5,658 5,670	6,275 6,301	19,401 19,429	6,725 6,741	25,947 26,070	2,989 2,990	4,074 4,071	10,501 10,480
1989:	,	23,,30	_5,000	. ,0	5,.00	. 5,. 40	5.,. 52	3,370	3,001	.5,725	٠,٠٦١	23,575	_,030	7,071	,400
January	108,065	90,506	26,048	718	5,537	19,793	82,017	5,692	6,332	19,556	6,733	26,145	2,981	4,063	10,515
		00.710	26,014	717	5,515	19,782	82,331	5,706	6,360	19,615	6,755	26,268	2,987	4.070	10,561
February ^p	108,345 108,525	90,718 90,895	25,988	722	5,466	19,800	82,537	5,697	6,385	19,691	6,758	26,376	2,984	4,079 4,082	10,564

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1987) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1984) are subject to revision.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$  Not available.  $^{\rm 2}$  Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 benchmark month.  $^{\rm p} = {\rm preliminary}.$ 

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°
Total		103,373	104,161	106,531	106,942	107,621	_		-	-	
Total private		85,844	86,490	88,979	89,034	89,633	69,239	69,797	71,741	71,772	72,313
Mining		720	723	712	706	713	516	519	510	505	511
Metal mining		46.6	47.1	52.6	52.9	-	35.7	36.3	41.2		-
Iron ores		6.7	6.9	7.6	7.3		5.2	5.5	6.2	5.9	
Copper ores	. 1102	14.4	14.4	14.7	14.8	-	11.3	11.3	11.4	11.5	-
Coal mining	11,12	158.9	155.4	150.1	147.9	-	130.0	127.1	122.8	121.2	_
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	. 12	156.9	153.5	148.1	145.9		128.3	125.4	121.1	119.5	
Oil and gas extraction	. 13	413.9	414.7	404.4	400.4	403.0	275.8	276.3	267.7	264.2	
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids	131,2	201.2	201.0	196.3	194.9	-	100.6	100.8	98.2	97.2	
Oil and gas field services	138	212.7	213.7	208.1	205.5	-	175.2	175.5	169.5	167.0	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	. 14	100.4	105.5	104.4	104.6	-	74.9	79.4	77.9	78.2	
Crushed and broken stone		35.7	38.1	37.5	37.5	-	27.1	29.3	28.5	28.7	-
Sand and gravel		29.6	31.5	30.3	30.2	-	-	-	-	-	
Chemical and fertilizer minerals	147	17.1	17.1	18.0	18.2				-		-
Construction	•	4,628	4,787	5,055	4,958	5,040	3,520	3,665	3,866	3,767	3,838
General building contractors	15	1,260.9	1,290.6	1,351.3	1,316.1	1,317.7	896.3	921.8	968.4	933.5	-
Residential building construction		671.3	689.4	733.7	716.4	-	464.8	480.1	513.7	496.4	
Operative builders		51.7	51.8	50.4	49.7		23.6	23.6	22.5	22.3	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	537.9	549.4	567.2	550.0		407.9	418.1	432.2	414.8	
Heavy construction contractors	16	639.4	683.1	661.3	652.0	-	517.8	559.2	534.0	525.0	-
Highway and street construction		201.3	223.4	202.6	200.4	-	156.0	176.9	154.3	151.8	-
Heavy construction, except highway	162	438.1	459.7	458.7	451.6		361.8	382.3	379.7	373.2	-
Special trade contractors	. 17	2,727.5	2,812.8	3,042.8	2,989.5		2,105.9	2,184.3	2,363.1	2,308.7	
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		625.1	630.3	679.8	671.7		456.7	461.4	500.6		
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		152.7	159.0	166.4	167.0		124.9	130.4	136.2	136.3	-
Electrical work		538.5	540.8	586.1	580.6		414.7	416.6	451.1	446.0	
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		439.9	457.1	507.3	493.3		371.7	390.1	431.2		
Carpentering and flooring  Roofing and sheet metal work		171.1 177.4	174.3 191.0	186.3 202.8	185.0 189.7	-	129.7 135.1	131.8 148.2	142.8 158.0	140.9 144.8	_
Manufacturing		19,261	19,302	19,655	19,653	19,695	13,136	13,165	13,396	13,402	13,453
Durable goods		11,348	11,377	11,625	11,611	11,636	7,552	7,575	7,749	7,736	7,767
Lumber and wood products	24	731.4	734.9	749.4	743.4	745.7	607.6	611.1	621.7	616.3	618.9
Logging camps and logging contractors		83.4	80.3	84.4	85.2	745.7	69.4	66.6	69.9		-
Sawmills and planing mills		201.6	203.0	204.2	201.8		177.2	178.6	178.4	176.3	
Sawmills and planing mills, general		163.6	164.8	166.2	163.7		143.8	144.9	145.3		-
Hardwood dimension and flooring	2426	34.8	34.9	34.6	34.7		30.6	30.8	30.3	30.5	-
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		255.3	256.3	262.2	259.6	-	209.0	210.1	214.3		-
Millwork		97.4	97.7	101.7	101.7		77.6	78.0	81.6		
Wood kitchen cabinets		68.7	68.9	69.8	69.2		54.8	55.1	55.5		-
Hardwood veneer and plywood		24.4	24.4	24.6	25.1		21.4	21.4	21.4	21.9	
Softwood veneer and plywood		38.2	38.2	37.5	35.1		34.6	34.6	33.7	31.5	
Wood buildings and mobile homes		42.0 65.1	42.9	41.8	42.6		35.4 47.8	36.4 50.0	35.3 54.6	36.1 53.0	-
Wood buildings and mobile homes  Mobile homes		44.0	67.6 45.4	72.1 50.0	70.5 50.1	_	35.0	36.3	40.6	40.5	-
Miscellaneous wood products		84.0		84.7	83.7	_	68.8	69.4	69.2	68.6	-
impopulations moon products	. 245	04.0	04.0	04./	03.7		00.0	09.4	09.2	00.0	1 -

### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es	<b>+</b>		Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989°
Ourable goods—Continued											
Furniture and fixtures		535.4	534.4	542.1	543.0	543.7	427.6	426.3	434.6	ı	435.
Household furniture		320.9	320.8	321.2	322.8	-	271.7	271.6	272.9		-
Wood household furniture		145.3	145.7	144.7	144.0	-	126.9	127.4	126.7	125.9	-
Upholstered household furniture	2512	103.1	103.3	104.1	105.3	-	86.7	86.6	87.5	88.8	-
Metal household furniture	2514	29.3	28.9	28.5	29.0	-	24.1	23.8	23.4	23.9	-
Mattresses and bedsprings		29.0	29.3	29.6	30.1	-	22.2	22.4	22.9	23.1	-
Office furniture		68.7	68.1	67.8	67.5	- ;	51.7	51.2	51.2	50.9	-
Public building and related furniture		29.2	29.1	31.3	31.4	- '	22.5	22.4	24.5	24.6	-
Partitions and fixtures Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		75.8 40.8	75.7 40.7	77.7 44.1	77.5 43.8	- -	54.6 27.1	54.4 26.7	56.4 29.6	55.9 29.2	_
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	560.8	571.0	571.9	568.9	576.9	432.1	441.7	443.0	439.7	447
Flat glass	321	14.2	14.4	15.3	15.8		11.0	11.2	12.3	12.7	
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	84.7	85.0	83.3	83.6	l - i	73.1	73.4	71.8	72.2	_
Glass containers	3221	42.6	42.6	41.2	41.3	_	38.5	38.4	37.2	37.4	_
Pressed and blown glass, nec		42.1	42.4	42.1	42.3	-	34.6	35.0	34.6		_
Products of purchased glass		51.4	51.4	52.5	52.1	-	37.6	37.8	40.3	40.0	l –
Cement, hydraulic	324	19.9	20.0	19.7	19.6	_	15.2	15.3	14.9	14.7	_
Structural clay products		37.6	38.1	38.0	37.6	-	29.3	29.8	29.5	29.2	_
Pottery and related products	326	37.0	37.6	38.7	38.7	-	29.6	30.1	31.1	30.9	-
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	327	192.8	200.6	197.4	193.3	-	145.6	152.6	149.4	145.3	-
Concrete block and brick	3271	18.9	19.8	18.3	17.9	-	12.3	12.8	11.6	11.2	-
Concrete products, nec		68.0	69.2	70.3	89.9	-	51.0	52.0	53.2	52.6	-
Ready-mixed concrete		87.0	92.6	89.8	86.6	-	67.7	73.2	69.9	66.9	-
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		110.8	111.1	113.6	114.3	-	80.9	81.5	83.5	84.1	-
Abrasive products		21.6	21.8	22.4	22.6	-	14.9	15.1	15.8	16.0	-
Asbestos products		8.6 24.0	8.6 24.1	8.6 24.3	8.6 24.3	-	6.5 -	6.5 -	6.4 -	6.4 -	_
		771.0	7746			707.5	507.5	E01.0	640.7	640.0	
Primary metal industries	221	771.0 279.7	774.6 280.5	796.5 280.9	795.7 280.7	797.5	587.5 215.6	591.3 216.8	610.7 217.9	610.0 217.3	611 217
Blast furnaces and steel mills	2212	211.5	212.2	211.5	210.6	280.6	164.2	165.3	165.5	164.5	21/
Steel pipe and tubes	3317	24.6	24.6	25.3	25.7	_	18.7	18.6	19.2	19.5	
Iron and steel foundries	332	134.5	136.4	146.9	146.7	_ '	107.3	109.1	118.3	118.3	_
Gray iron foundries		82.6	84.0	88.3	87.9	_	67.2	68.6	72.4	72.2	_
Malleable iron foundries		8.9	9.0	9.7	9.7	_	6.7	6.8	7.3	7.3	_
Steel foundries, nec		29.0	29.3	33.9	34.1	_	22.4	22.6	26.7	26.9	_
Primary nonferrous metals		41.2	41.2	42.8	42.6	_	30.1	30.2	32.0	31.9	_
Primary aluminum		21.9	21.9	23.2	23.0	_	16.3	16.3	17.8	17.7	_
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		183.5	183.8	186.9	185.9	_	131.3	131.7	133.7	133.2	_
Copper rolling and drawing		24.0	24.2	24.5	24.1	-	18.5	18.6	18.6	18.3	_
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	3353	27.9	27.9	28.1	28.0	_	19.5	19.4	19.0	18.9	-
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	79.6	79.8	81.6	81.4	- :	56.8	57.3	59.5	59.5	-
Nonferrous foundries		88.4	88.7	92.9	93.3	-	70.9	71.1	74.5	74.8	-
		54.3	54.7	56.1	56.1		44.3	44.6	45.7	45.7	
Fabricated metal products	34	1,430.7	1,432.9	1,480.7	1,480.6	1,482.6	1,064.2	1,066.7	1,104.2		1,103
Metal cans and shipping containers	341	54.7	54.6	53.6	53.9	-	46.8	46.5	46.1	46.4	-
Metal cans		43.9	43.8	42.6	42.6	-	38.0	37.7	37.1	37.1	-
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware		134.6	134.9	132.5	132.2	-	99.6	100.2	98.2	97.9	-
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades		46.9	47.0	45.8	45.7	-	34.6	34.7	33.4	33.3	-
Hardware, nec		76.7	76.8	75.5	75.2	-	57.5	57.8	57.1	56.8	-
Plumbing and heating, except electric		62.8	62.1	64.3	64.1	-	44.9	44.6	46.7	46.5	_
Plumbing fittings and brass goods  Heating equipment, except electric		26.5 24.4	26.1 24.1	26.6	27.2	- -	19.3 16.4	19.2 16.2	19.9 17.6	20.3	-
Fabricated structural metal products		427.2		25.8 446.3	24.9	_				17.0	_ ~
Fabricated structural metal		77.6	427.5 77.4	446.3 81.4	444.0 81.2	_	305.0 55.4	305.0 55.4	321.4 59.1	318.2 58.7	_
Metal doors, sash, and trim		88.6	89.0	91.0	89.8	[	64.5	64.8	66.4	65.0	_
		89.4	89.6	95.8	95.8	_	59.3	59.5	64.9	65.0	_
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	13443										
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		110.1	110.3	113.3	113.0	_	82.7	82.6	84.9	84.5	_

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		Ali	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers ¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989
Durable goods—Continued											
Fabricated metal products—Continued											1
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		95.5	96.0		99.2	-	73.3	74.0	76.1	76.1	
Screw machine products		48.8	49.2	51.2	51.2	-	40.1	40.6	41.9	41.9	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		46.7	46.8	47.8	48.0		33.2	33.4	34.2		
Metal forgings and stampings		232.9	234.0	1	246.6	1	185.4	186.6	196.3	196.7	
Iron and steel forgings		30.0 93.5	29.9 94.6	32.1 100.1	31.9 100.1	-	23.0 79.6	22.9	24.8	24.6	-
Automotive stampings  Metal stampings, nec		98.0	98.1	100.1	100.1	-	79.6 74.5	80.7 74.6	85.2 77.9	85.2 78.4	
Metal services, nec		117.6	117.4	123.7	124.6	_	95.1	94.7	98.9	99.7	-
Plating and polishing		76.1	76.0	80.1	80.6		61.9	61.6	64.5	64.9	_
Metal coating and allied services		41.5	41.4	43.6	44.0	ļ	33.2	33.1	34.4	34.8	_
Ordnance and accessories, nec		78.3	78.6	76.5	75.9	-	48.1	48.6	47.4	46.4	-
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		43.6	43.6	42.1	41.8		24.1	24.2	23.3	22.8	
Misc. fabricated metal products		227.1	227.8	238.8	240.1	-	166.0	166.5	173.1	174.1	-
Valves and pipe fittings		84.4	84.9	91.2	91.4	-	57.5	58.0	61.3	61.7	-
Misc. fabricated wire products	3496	55.0	55.1	57.2	57.6	_	42.3	42.2	44.0	44.2	-
Machinery, except electrical		2,093.1				2,214.7	1,251.3	1,262.5	1,322.8		1,337
Engines and turbines		86.8	87.2	90.2	90.2	-	57.9	58.1	59.8	59.8	-
Turbines and turbine generator sets		22.7	22.3	23.6	23.7		13.1	12.7	13.9	13.8	-
Internal combustion engines, nec		64.1	64.9	66.6	66.5	-	44.8	45.4	45.9	46.0	-
Farm and garden machinery		104.0	105.5	108.5	110.8	-	73.2	74.7	78.8	81.2	-
Farm machinery and equipment  Construction and related machinery		73.0 226.2	74.0 228.0	77.5 238.3	78.9 240.0	-	48.9 137.5	50.0 138.9	54.1 147.0	55.6 148.2	-
Construction machinery		82.1	82.7	86.0	86.7		51.2	51.7	53.5	54.2	-
Mining machinery		18.3	18.0	1	18.4		11.2	11.0	11.3	11.3	_
Oil field machinery		42.2	42.9		44.9	_	25.4	25.9	27.0	27.0	
Conveyors and conveying equipment		32.5	32.7	33.8	34.2		17.0	17.1	18.7	18.7	
Industrial trucks and tractors		25.9	26.1	27.3	27.5		17.9	18.1	18.9	19.0	-
Metalworking machinery		294.1	295.3	312.1	313.9		210.2	211.7	226.1	228.0	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types	3541	45.7	45.6	48.2	48.5	-	28.8	28.7	31.2	31.5	-
Machine tools, metal forming types		17.1	17.2	17.9	18.1	-	11.0	11.1	11.8	11.9	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		139.7	140.8	148.0	149.0	-	106.6	108.0	114.4	1	-
Machine tool accessories		53.8	54.0	58.1	58.3		38.4	38.5	41.6		-
Power driven hand tools		20.3	20.2	20.8	20.8	-	14.8	14.8	15.0	1	-
Special industry machinery Food products machinery		167.2 39.5	168.5 39.9	178.6 41.2	179.5 41.5		100.1 24.0	101.0 24.2	107.8 25.0		_
Textile machinery		20.7	20.9	•	21.5		13.8	13.9	14.1	14.3	-
Printing trades machinery		27.8	28.0		29.3		16.5	16.7	17.7	17.6	
General industrial machinery		252.6	253.9	263.6	265.0		163.1	163.8	170.9	1	_
Pumps and pumping equipment		44.2	44.7	47.0	47.1	-	25.6	25.9	27.2		
Ball and roller bearings		41.9	42.2	43.6	44.0	1	32.6	32.8	34.0	34.4	
Air and gas compressors		20.6	20.5		21.0		12.2	12.0	12.2		
Blowers and fans		30.2	30.3	1	31.0		19.4	19.5	20.4		-
Speed changers, drives, and gears		19.6	19.8	1	21.2		13.5	13.7	14.6		
Power transmission equipment, nec		17.2 501.8	17.2				11.6 167.4	11.7	12.4		
Office and computing machines  Electronic computing equipment		447.3	502.1 447.4	522.8 467.8		_	141.1	168.5 141.3	171.0 145.0		
Refrigeration and service machinery	1	178.5	180.6		184.6		128.2	130.1	133.1	133.6	
Refrigeration and heating equipment		127.2	129.3	132.2	132.6		93.9	95.8	98.4	1	-
Misc. machinery, except electrical		281.9			300.7	_	213.7	215.7	228.3		Ì
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves	3592	31.6	31.5	1	32.3		25.2	25.2	25.4		
Machinery, except electrical, nec		250.3			268.4		188.5	190.5	202.9	203.6	
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	2,108.7	2,108.5	2,119.9	2,109.9	2,104.1	1,240.6	1,239.9	1,252.8	1,243.1	1,24
Electric distributing equipment		109.6					78.9	77.9	80.0		
Transformers	3612	49.7	49.6		50.8	-	35.8	35.6	36.7		-
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		59.9	59.0			_	43.1	42.3	43.3		-
Electrical industrial apparatus	362	184.8	1			-	127.6	128.0	131.8		
Motors and generators	3621	88.5	88.6	90.1	89.7		68.4	68.8	70.8		
Industrial controls	3622	61.5	1	ľ	1	-	35.6	35.6	37.0		
Household appliances		135.1	133.4		134.2	-	107.5	106.6	110.5		-
Household refrigerators and freezers		29.4					23.8	23.5	22.8		-
Household laundry equipment		22.2		1	1		17.8	17.9	18.7		
Electric housewares and fans	3634	35.4	35.0	35.7	34.4	-	27.5	27.4	28.7	27.4	

### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°
Durable goods—Continued											
Electrical and electronic equipment—Continued											
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		193.0			195.8	-	140.0	140.2	142.5	142.3	
Electric lamps		25.5	25.6		25.1		21.9	21.8	21.4	21.3	
Current-carrying wiring devices		75.9	75.7	75.3	75.7	-	50.0	50.1	49.1	49.4	-
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		15.5	15.5		16.2		11.4	11.4	12.3	12.3	
Residential lighting fixtures		27.6	27.4		28.3	1	20.6	20.5	21.5	21.4	
Radio and TV receiving equipment		80.8 61.1	80.3 60.6	l .	87.6	1	54.9	54.8	61.4	61.9	
Radio and TV receiving sets  Communication equipment		605.5	605.0	l .	66.6 577.3		40.6 254.0	40.3 254.1	45.6 238.9	45.6 236.5	-
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		117.8	117.6	112.2	111.4	1	68.6	69.0	67.3	66.8	_
Radio and TV communication equipment		487.7	487.4	466.6	465.9		185.4	185.1	171.6	169.7	_
Electronic components and accessories		649.6	652.4	664.1	659.6	i	371.6	372.3	376.9	372.5	_
Electronic tubes		38.2	38.2	38.4	38.4	1	24.6	24.5	24.9	24.7	_
Semiconductors and related devices		256.6	257.9	268.4	266.2		100.4	101.4	105.2	102.3	_
Electronic components, nec		279.4	280.5	280.6	278.9		190.2	190.0	189.5	188.7	
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	369	150.3	150.7	155.7	154.0		106.1	106.0	110.8	109.7	-
Storage batteries		28.6	28.3	29.7	28.3		22.0	21.6	22.6	21.8	
Engine electrical equipment	3694	66.6	66.8	68.8	68.3	-	50.6	50.8	52.8	52.4	-
Transportation equipment	37	2,036.6	2,030.9	2,062.0	2,055.1	2,057.3	1,280.3	1,269.6	1,286.6	1,282.9	1,286.
Motor vehicles and equipment	371	837.8	840.3	863.5	859.6	861.7	651.5	654.3	672.7	668.7	670.
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	355.4	356.6	364.9	361.0	_	266.9	267.8	273.8	270.4	-
Truck and bus bodies	3713	43.1	42.6	41.9	42.7		33.6	33.3	32.4	32.8	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	390.2	390.9	404.6	403.6		312.7	313.9	325.5	324.3	i -
Truck trailers		30.7	31.2	31.9	31.8		23.9	24.4	25.2	25.1	
Aircraft and parts	372	703.1	693.8	700.9	698.4	-	348.7	336.3	341.2	339.8	-
Aircraft		368.6	367.5	374.8	373.6	-	164.4	161.9	164.4	163.6	-
Aircraft engines and engine parts		152.7	145.3	146.6	146.1	-	77.5	68.3	73.7	73.3	-
Aircraft equipment, nec	3728	181.8	181.0	179.5	178.7	-	106.8	106.1	103.1	102.9	
Ship and boat building and repairing	373	197.2	198.0	192.3	192.9		152.2	151.5	140.8	142.6	-
Ship building and repairing		131.9	131.3	126.9	126.4		99.1	97.4	86.2	87.1	
Boat building and repairing		65.3	66.7	65.4	66.5		53.1	54.1	54.6	55.5	-
Railroad equipment		28.9	29.5	36.1	36.5	-	20.9	21.4	27.1	27.3	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		205.7	205.2	205.5	203.6	-	63.8	62.7	61.4	60.6	
Guided missiles and space vehicles		154.1	153.5	153.9	152.2	[ - [	46.5	45.3	43.5	42.5	-
Miscellaneous transportation equipment  Travel trailers and campers		51.4 19.9	51.5 20.0	50.2 20.3	50.5 20.2	_	34.3 15.5	34.4 15.6	33.8 16.0	34.0 15.9	
leater meants and related are direct.	00	704.0	7047	700.7	707.0	700.0	207.0	000.0	404.4	401.7	404
Instruments and related products		704.3	704.7	726.7	727.2	729.2	387.8	389.0	401.4	401.7 41.9	404.
Engineering and scientific instruments		84.5 235.6	84.5 235.3	88.4 236.9	88.5 237.4	-	38.8 133.5	39.1 133.9	41.7 135.9	135.6	-
Measuring and controlling devices  Environmental controls		41.8	41.9	41.2	41.3		27.3	27.4	27.7	27.9	_
Process control instruments		52.8	52.7	54.6	55.0		28.6	28.6	29.5	29.6	_
Instruments to measure electricity		100.7	100.6	99.9	100.1	_	49.9	50.3	50.8	50.5	_
Optical instruments and lenses		33.9	34.1	36.9	37.0		17.0	17.1	19.2	19.4	
Medical instruments and supplies		194.4	195.9	205.4	205.9		118.3	119.5	123.6	124.5	
Surgical and medical instruments		95.0	95.7	100.0	100.5	-	54.9	55.6	57.7	58.8	
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	85.1	85.8	90.3	90.2		55.3	55.7	57.4	57.2	
Ophthalmic goods	385	38.0	38.1	37.9	37.3		26.0	26.1	25.9	25.4	
Photographic equipment and supplies Watches, clocks, and watchcases	386	106.6 11.3	105.7 11.1	110.3 10.9	110.5 10.6		45.8 8.4	45.1 8.2	46.9 8.2	47.0 7.9	-
		11.3	11.1	10.9	10.0		0.4	0.2	0.2	7.9	
Miscellaneous manufacturing		375.6	379.9	377.1	380.6	384.3	273.4	276.9	271.5	275.7	278.
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		54.3	54.4	55.3	55.6	-	37.7	37.9	38.9	39.2	_
Jewelry, precious metal  Musical instruments		38.0	38.0	39.3 12.6	39.7 12.6	-	26.2 10.4	26.3 10.3	27.5 10.4	27.9 10.5	
Toys and sporting goods		12.6 101.9	12.4 105.0	101.5	103.6		76.9	79.2	73.7	75.8	
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		46.2	47.8	42.9	44.3		33.7	34.9	29.2	30.6	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		55.7	57.2	58.6	59.3	_	43.2	44.3	44.5	45.2	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		33.3	33.6	33.2	33.4	_	23.4	23.7	22.9	23.2	_
Costume jewelry and notions		39.0	39.0	38.3	38.9		29.6	29.6	29.3	30.2	
Costume jewelry		20.9	20.7	20.8	21.5		16.0	15.8	15.6	16.6	_
Miscellaneous manufactures		134.5	135.5	136.2	136.5	_	95.4	96.2	96.3	96.8	
Signs and advertising displays		59.7	59.6	60.7	60.7		41.4	41.0	41.9	42.0	_
5		1 00.7	20.0	20.1	20.1						

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers1	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989°
Nondurable goods		7,913	7,925	8,030	8,042	8,059	5,584	5,590	5,647	5,666	5,68
Food and kindred products		1,594.0	1,589.6	1,612.9	1,604.7	1,603.6	1,121.0	1,114.2	1,137.4	1,134.0	1,134.
Meat products		390.8	389.2	401.2	402.0	-	331.0	329.0	338.6	340.0	-
Meat packing plants	2011	140.9	139.3	144.3	142.9	-	118.6	116.7	120.4	119.5	-
Sausages and other prepared meats		78.4	78.4	81.3	81.4	-	57.4	57.5	59.2	59.6	-
Poultry dressing plants	2016	150.9	151.1	154.3	156.4	-	136.5	136.6	140.0	141.9	_
Dairy products	202	160.5 41.3	162.1 42.0	160.8 42.4	159.8 41.5	-	96.0 31.4	97.6 32.0	97.1	96.5 31.5	-
Cheese, natural and processedFluid milk		80.1	80.5	79.2	78.9	] [	39.3	39.8	32.4 39.6	39.4	_
Preserved fruits and vegetables		216.5	214.7	216.1	215.9		173.1	170.8	172.7	172.9	_
Canned specialties		23.8	23.8	24.9	24.2	_	16.5	16.5	18.0	17.4	_
Canned fruits and vegetables		63.5	62.9	66.1	64.2	-	50.4	49.4	53.1	51.5	-
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2037	41.8	41.0	37.2	40.7	- !	35.8	34.7	31.6	35.2	_
Grain mill products	204	130.2	129.6	134.6	134.1	- 1	90.4	89.5	94.6	93.9	-
Flour and other grain mill products		23.5	23.6	24.7	24.8	-	16.2	16.3	17.2	17.1	-
Prepared feeds, nec		43.6	43.6	44.1	43.9	- 1	27.6	27.4	28.2	27.9	-
Bakery products		206.0	205.9	205.2	203.4	-	125.3	124.7	125.1	123.9	-
Bread, cake, and related products		159.6	159.8	157.9	157.0	-	89.2	89.0	89.3	88.6	-
Cookies and crackers		46.4	46.1	47.3	46.4	-	36.1	35.7	35.8	35.3	-
Sugar and confectionery products	2061.2	93.5 21.1	91.4 20.1	99.5 21.9	97.8 19.2	_	73.4 16.5	70.9 15.2	78.7 17.3	77.2 15.0	_
Confectionery products	2065	53.2	52.7	57.9	59.1		43.9	43.3	48.0	49.1	_
Fats and oils		34.6	34.6	34.6	34.6		25.5	25.4	25.5	25.6	_
Beverages	208	195.5	195.2	193.3	190.5	_	82.4	82.2	80.5	80.1	_
Mait beverages		38.8	39.0	38.5	38.0	_	24.5	24.2	22.9	22.8	_
Bottled and canned soft drinks		115.6	115.4	112.5	111.5	- 1	37.7	37.8	36.9	36.7	_
Misc. food and kindred products		166.4	166.9	167.6	166.6	-	123.9	124.1	124.6	123.9	-
Tobacco manufactures	21	54.4	52.1	54.4	52.9	51.2	41.4	39.2	40.6	39.4	37.
Cigarettes		38.4	38.6	37.9	37.4	-	28.8	29.1	27.8	27.5	-
Textile mill products	22	729.3	728.0	722.9	722.8	722.6	633.7	632.3	626.5	626.8	627.
Weaving mills, cotton		101.7	101.3	95.3	94.9	-	91.9	91.7	85.7	85.3	-
Weaving mills, synthetics		91.3	91.3	95.7	95.7	-	81.2	81.3	85.0	85.3	-
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		19.2	19.4	19.9	20.0	-	15.7	15.9	16.2	16.1	-
Narrow fabric mills	224	24.2	24.3	25.3	25.4	-	21.0	21.1	21.7	21.7	-
Knitting mills Women's hosiery, except socks		208.4 35.1	207.7 35.3	204.1 32.9	204.4 33.1		184.2 31.5	183.4 31.6	179.6 29.8	180.4 30.1	_
Hosiery, nec		35.4	35.5	34.6	35.3		31.9	32.1	31.1	31.8	_
Knit outerwear mills		67.5	66.8	66.8	66.7	_	60.7	59.8	59.6		_
Knit underwear mills		25.6	25.7	25.0		_	21.8	21.8	21.0		_
Circular knit fabric mills		26.0	25.5	25.9	26.0	-	22.8	22.4	22.6	22.8	-
Textile finishing, except wool	226	60.2	59.8	59.2	59.4	-	50.1	49.8	49.1		-
Finishing plants, cotton		24.1	24.2	24.6			20.0		20.4		-
Finishing plants, synthetics		21.9	21.8	21.1	21.2		17.7	17.7	17.1	17.2	-
Floor covering mills		58.2	58.1	59.8		ŀ	47.1	46.6	48.7	48.6	-
Yarn and thread mills Yarn mills, except wool		111.8 83.0	111.7 82.7	109.1 81.3	108.7 81.2		100.3 75.3	100.1 75.0	97.7 73.4	97.7 73.3	_
Throwing and winding mills	2282	15.0		14.7	14.7		13.2		13.0		1 -
Miscellaneous textile goods		54.3	54.4	54.5	54.7	-	42.2		42.8		-
Apparel and other textile products	23	1,103.4	1,104.4	1,089.3	1,100.9	1,105.9	927.4	929.5	918.0	930.5	936
Men's and boys' suits and coats		58.2		58.5			50.2				-
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	313.0		306.7			270.7		264.7		-
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear	2321	85.4		82.5		-	73.2	73.1	70.2	70.6	
Men's and boys' separate trousers	2327	50.3		49.1		I .	43.9				-
Men's and boys' work clothing		96.8		94.0			84.8				-
Women's and misses' outerwear		349.9	l .			1	291.0	1		1	-
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		45.6					37.9				-
Women's and misses' dresses		84.0					69.9				
Women's and misses' suits and coats Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		38.1			I .	L	30.8	1	1		1
WORREN S AND TRISSES OUTERWEAR, NEC	2339	182.2	184.0	177.6	180.6	ı -	152.4	155.2	150.0	153.3	1 -

### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		Al	employe	es	,		Produ	ction wo	rkers ¹	,
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989
Iondurable goods—Continued											
Apparel and other textile products—Continued											
Women's and children's undergarments		71.6	71.6	69.6	70.0		59.4	59.1	57.6	58.2	1
Women's and children's underwear	2341	58.5	58.1	56.7	57.2		50.3	49.9	48.6	49.3	
Brassieres and allied garments		13.1	13.5	1	12.8	1	9.1	9.2	9.0	8.9	
Children's outerwear		59.0	57.4		55.4		49.7	48.2	46.0	46.5	
Children's dresses and blouses		25.1	24.3		23.5		21.9	21.1	20.0	20.4	
Misc. apparel and accessories		41.7	41.7		42.3	ι .	34.6	34.7	33.9	35.1	
Misc. fabricated textile products		192.7	192.0		200.5		158.2	157.7	164.3	167.3	
Curtains and draperies	2391	25.1	25.1	23.8	23.9	f 1	20.5	20.6	19.7	19.7	
House furnishings, nec  Automotive and apparel trimmings	2392	53.9 38.6	53.3 38.8		56.3 40.9		45.6 31.9	45.3 31.8	46.4 34.2	47.5 34.9	
•		692.2			6071	6076				E17 E	E10
Paper and allied products	261 2 6	682.2 190.4	683.8 190.6	1	687.1 189.4	687.6	517.9	518.7	518.5	517.5	519
Paper and pulp mills  Paper mills, except building paper		166.8	167.0	_	167.3	-	144.9 126.4	145.2 126.6	144.1 126.7	143.5 126.1	-
Paper mills, except building paper		53.6	53.5		53.3		40.7	40.6	41.0	40.9	-
Misc. converted paper products		232.5	233.5		234.8		172.0	172.4	170.7	170.9	
Paper coating and glazing	2641	58.0	58.0	1	58.5		37.0	36.6	34.3	34.2	
Envelopes		27.6	27.7		27.7		21.4	21.4	21.6	21.4	
Bags, except textile bags		53.1	53.3	l .	54.6		41.8	42.0	43.3	43.0	
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	205.7	206.2	l .	209.6		160.3	160.5	162.7	162.2	
Folding paperboard boxes	2651	44.9	45.2		46.0		35.8	35.9	36.9	36.8	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		112.3	112.6	l .	113.8		85.1	85.3	85.5	85.4	
Sanitary food containers		22.9	22.8	23.1	23.0	1 1	19.6	19.5	19.3	19.3	
Printing and publishing	27	1,543.1	1,548.4	1,596.4	1,597.6	1,603.5	865.7	869.5	888.3	888.2	893
Newspapers		475.7	475.3	480.5	480.3		172.3	172.2	170.8	169.8	_
Periodicals		126.1	126.3	131.0	131.2	1 - 1	46.9	46.9	46.3	46.3	_
Books		112.2	113.2	117.1	118.1		60.8	61.4	61.7	62.3	
Book publishing		83.4	84.5	l .	87.9	-	37.9	38.5	37.9	38.4	_
Book printing		28.8	28.7	30.1	30.2		22.9	22.9	23.8	23.9	i -
Miscellaneous publishing		80.8	81.1	84.7	85.0		42.6	42.6	43.2	43.9	
Commercial printing	275	543.8	546.4	566.2	566.5		396.9	399.0	411.3	411.3	ļ
Commercial printing, letterpress		167.4	168.3	174.4	174.0	- 1	119.5	120.2	125.5	125.0	-
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	347.0	348.0	361.4	361.5		254.0	254.7	261.6	261.7	-
Manifold business forms		51.0	51.0	52.2	52.1		35.2	35.0	35.7	35.4	
Blankbooks and bookbinding	278	75.8	76.8	82.9	82.6		59.9	60.8	64.6	64.4	_
Printing trade services	279	54.6	54.9	58.0	58.2	-	40.5	40.7	42.9	43.0	
Chemicals and allied products		1,043.8	1,050.2		1,076.4	1,079.6	586.4	591.9	602.9	606.7	610
Industrial inorganic chemicals		132.7	133.0	133.2	133.1	- ]	67.0	67.1	67.0	67.4	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		89.4	89.6	89.1	89.1		48.2	48.4	47.1	47.1	
Plastics materials and synthetics		167.7	167.7	173.2	173.2		109.5	109.4	114.1	114.3	
Plastics materials and resins		76.8	77.1	79.9	80.0	-	44.5	44.7	47.0	47.3	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		63.3	63.3	65.3	65.5		44.5	44.6	46.8	47.1	
Drugs		222.2	223.3	234.0	233.8		101.7	101.8	104.2	105.1	
Pharmaceutical preparations		176.9	178.0	185.3	185.1		79.5	79.5	80.9	81.9	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		157.5	159.3	162.9	164.1		100.5	103.1	102.8	104.2	
Soap and other detergents		44.7	44.6	45.0	44.7		27.7	27.7	28.2	27.8	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		42.3	42.9	45.0	45.4	-	24.3	25.0	25.7	25.9	
Toilet preparations		70.5	71.8	72.9	74.0		48.5	50.4	48.9	50.5	
Paints and allied products		61.2 153.0	61.5	60.7 159.7	60.9 160.2		29.9 88.3	30.1 88.4	30.6 92.5	30.8 92.6	
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		29.2	153.6 29.3	30.5	30.7	-	18.3	18.3	18.9	18.9	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec		123.8	124.3	129.2	129.5	-	70.0	70.1	73.6	73.7	
Agricultural chemicals		52.1	54.0	52.6	53.1	_	33.6	35.8	33.7	34.1	_
Miscellaneous chemical products		97.4	97.8	97.7	98.0	- 1	55.9	56.2	58.0	58.2	
Petroleum and coal products	29	161.5	161.9	163.3	163.5	164.7	104.1	104.2	104.9	104.9	106
Petroleum refining		125.7	125.3	128.0	128.3		80.3	79.6	81.6	81.7	-
		,			0.0		30.0		7	J	1

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989°
Nondurable goods—Continued											_
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	856.2	861.0	885.7	891.8	894.9	666.1	670.3	691.5	698.1	701.
Tires and inner tubes		85.7	85.9	86.7	87.2	-	61.2	61.5	64.8		-
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	12.9	12.8	11.7	11.8	-	10.7	10.8	9.6	9.7	-
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose and belting	303.4	23.6	23.7	25.7	25.8	1	17.5	17.4	19.1	19.2	
Fabricated rubber products, nec		106.8	107.7	109.8			82.1	82.6	84.3	84.8	_
Miscellaneous plastics products		627.2	630.9		_		494.6	498.0		518.4	_
·						ļ.			l		
Leather and leather products		145.5	145.3	143.2		144.9	120.3	119.9	118.5	119.9	120.4
Leather tanning and finishing		14.3	14.3	14.7		-	11.8	11.7	12.3		-
Footwear, except rubber		86.9 38.7	86.4 38.6				74.0	73.4	71.9	1	
Men's footwear, except athletic		30.6	30.1	28.7			31.2 27.0	31.0 26.6	31.0 25.5	1	_
Luggage		11.1	11.0	I			7.8	7.7	8.6		_
Handbags and personal leather goods		15.8	16.0				12.5	12.8	11.1		_
Fransportation and public utilities		5,446	5,473	5,629		5,638	4,515	4,537	4,676	ļ	4,68
	- 1		-	1			4,515	4,557	4,070	4,004	4,000
Transportation		3,217	3,239	3,389	3,396	3,397				-	
Railroad transportation	40 4011	293.4 253.0	295.5 255.8	291.9 249.9			-		- -	_	
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	310.8	314.1	321.4	321.8	1	286.8	290.3	295.3	295.3	_
Local and suburban transportation	411	111.8	112.4	117.7			102.1	102.6		107.8	_
Taxicabs		33.6	33.6	1		]	-	-	-	-	_
Intercity highway transportation		30.6	30.7	32.7		]	27.7	27.7	29.4	29.0	
School buses		112.5	114.5	114.1	113.9		-	-	-	-	-
Trucking and warehousing		1,482.1								1,359.8	-
Trucking and trucking terminals		1,371.0					1,193.2				-
Public warehousing	422	111.1	110.5	120.3	120.5		93.4	92.4	101.5	101.7	
Water transportation	44	173.6	172.3	179.2	174.8	•			_	}	
Local water transportation	445	25.0	25.2	26.4	26.5					_	ļ
Water transportation services		96.8	94.8	101.8	98.2	-					
Transportation by air	45	624.9	631.0	672.3	677.1					_	
Air transportation		548.1	553.4	589.5						_	1
Air transportation services		76.8	77.6				-	-	-	İ	<u> </u>
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	15.9	15.9	16.3	16.2		10.8	10.9	11.5	11.4	
Transportation services	47	316.7	320.0	346.1	350.8			_	_		1
Freight forwarding	471	66.7	66.8			ļ		_	_		i
											1
Communication and public utilities		2,229	2,234	2,240			- 005.0				!
Communication Telephone communication		906.2	905.6		1,310.9 898.1	-	985.3 666.4	985.8 665.4	993.6 662.8	994.3 660.8	_
Radio and television broadcasting		240.6	242.0			İ	197.4	197.9			-
Radio broadcasting		115.2	115.4			l .	- 137.4	- 137.3	200.5	204.3	ĺ
Television broadcasting		125.4	126.6								
Electric, gas, and sanitary services		926.1	928.5	930.3	928.7		731.2	734.1	734.4	734.3	-
Electric services	491	443.9	444.4	441.8			338.0	338.9		337.4	-
Gas production and distribution		164.5	164.7	1	165.3		129.7	129.8	130.5	1	
Combination utility services		202.9	203.8				166.3	167.3	164.8		-
Sanitary services	495	88.0	88.5	93.1	92.9	1	76.0	76.5	80.7	80.5	_
Wholesale trade		5,979	6,016	6,285	6,304	6,334	4,795	4,832	5,050	5,064	5,095
Durable goods		3,550	3,573	3,777	3,793	3,812	2,821	2,844	3,015	3,028	-
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		440.9	443.7				353.3	355.8	368.8	368.9	l
Automobiles and other motor vehicles  Automotive parts and supplies		115.2	116.6				- '	-	-	-	-
automotive needs and aunalies	15012	295.8	297.4	305.0	304.3	1	I	I	1	1	ı <u>-</u>

### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		Al	l employ	ees			Produ	ction wo	rkers1	T
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°
Wholesale trade—Continued											
Durable goods—Continued											
Furniture and home furnishings		144.8	1				117.3	116.0	119.8	120.1	
Furniture		64.4	1		1		-	-	-	_	
Home furnishings		80.4	1					-	-	-	
Lumber and construction materials		248.2				1	202.1	205.0			
Lumber, plywood, and millwork		114.1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	_	
Construction materials, nec		134.1 86.9	1			1	74.5	70.0	70.1	74.0	
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods  Metals and minerals, except petroleum	504	141.2				1	71.5 111.2		1		
Electrical goods		509.7				T .	388.4		121.1 420.3		Ì
Electrical apparatus and equipment		282.8					300.4	331.1	420.5	422.0	
Electrical appliances, TV and radios	5064	67.9	68.6		1				-	-	İ
Electronic parts and equipment		159.0		1	169.3		_	_	_	_	
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		266.6					215.2	215.8	222.4	221.9	
Hardware		91.7	91.6	1	1						
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies		111.0	111.5		114.7		_	_	-	_	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		1,505.6		1	1		1,196.2	1,208.0	1,272.1	1,279.3	
Commercial machines and equipment		570.5			1 '		-				l
Construction and mining machinery		79.2	79.4		1	1				1	
Farm machinery and equipment		114.5	117.7	122.0	122.8		_			1	
Industrial machinery and equipment		311.2	312.9					1	1		
Industrial supplies		132.9	134.1	142.5	143.7	1				1	
Professional equipment and supplies		184.2	186.3	196.1	197.9		-	-	-	_	
Miscellaneous durable goods		206.0	207.8	222.1	223.1		165.8	168.0	178.2	179.1	
Scrap and waste materials	5093	94.0	95.0	103.7	104.8		-	-	-	-	
Nondurable goods	51	2,429	2,443	2,508	2,511	2,522	1,974	1,988	2,035	2,036	
Paper and paper products	511	208.7	209.1	216.3	218.0	-	168.9	169.6	175.2	176.1	
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries	512	172.2	173.1	182.0	182.4		144.7	145.7	153.6	153.6	<u> </u>
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		199.1	200.4	1			151.8		158.4		
Groceries and related products	514	781.1	781.5	802.0	799.5		658.9	658.2	672.1	669.4	
Groceries, general line		251.7	252.2		260.9		-	-	-	-	
Meats and meat products		64.4	64.5								
Fresh fruits and vegetables		94.7	94.7	100.9	99.8		<u> </u>	<u>-</u> .			
Chemicals and allied products		129.9	130.5		135.3		96.4	97.1	97.5	97.4	
Petroleum and petroleum products		200.2	200.8	206.0	207.4		155.9	156.6	161.5		
Petroleum bulk stations and terminals		85.0	85.5	89.1	89.9		-	-	-	-	
Petroleum products, nec		115.2	115.3		117.5		400.0	104.4	406.7	105.0	
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages Beer and ale		151.4 93.9	151.8	155.1	154.0		123.9	124.4	126.7	125.2	
Wines and distilled beverages		57.5	94.3 57.5	96.8 58.3	95.9 58.1		-	_	_	_	
Miscellaneous nondurable goods		462.6	471.5	483.9		ĺ	373.1	382.8	391.2		
Farm supplies		148.4	154.6	II.	159.9		375.1	302.0	331.2	004.0	
•										i	
Retail trade		18,521	18,612	19,263	19,085	19,238	16,405	16,475	17,032	16,851	16,99
Building materials and garden supplies	52	718.7	740.9	730.0	727.6		590.7	610.6	598.5	595.7	
Lumber and other building materials		397.1	404.5	400.7	397.7		332.2	338.9	335.0	331.8	
Hardware stores	525	157.4	160.0	164.4	164.1	,	130.4	132.3	135.8	135.4	
General merchandise stores	53	2,479.1	2,436.0	2,626.6	2,487.9	2,493.4	2,304.0	2,261.5	2,422.5	2,288.2	
Department stores		2,071.2	2,032.3	2,184.8	2,063.6	-	1,940.2	1,901.3	2,025.8	1,908.3	
Variety stores		241.8	239.2	249.6	239.6		219.3	217.6	228.7	219.5	
Misc. general merchandise stores	539	166.1	164.5	192.2	184.7		144.5	142.6	168.0	160.4	
Food stores	1	2,994.7		3,175.6		3,169.3	( '	2,756.3	,		
Grocery stores		2,645.7	_,	2,806.6		-	2,443.3	2,446.3	2,600.3	2,588.6	
Meat markets and freezer provisioners		57.5	58.1	ì	1		-	-	-	_	
Dairy products storesRetail bakeries		23.5 175.1	23.6 176.5	27.1 178.7	26.8 178.1	_	- 159.1	- 160.5	- 161.7	- 160.7	
Automotive dealers and service stations						2 000 0					
New and used car dealers		2,018.0				2,093.0		1,699.8	1,741.2		
		990.6	997.0 319.3			_	820.9	825.6	844.2	844.8	_
Auto and home supply stores		318.0 615.4	618.5	329.2 634.9	327.9 634.4		256.8 534.7	258.3 537.2	264.4 551.1	263.7 550.7	
Gasonite service stations	554	010.4	010.5	034.9	034.4	İ	334./	537.Z	JO1.1	JOU./	

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers ¹	r.—.—.
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989 ^p
Retail trade—Continued											
Apparel and accessory stores	56	1,078.8	1,073.6	1,134.8	1,090.9	-	911.4	906.3	957.3	914.1	-
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings	561	104.3		106.3	101.6	1	85.3	84.5	86.5	81.9	-
Women's ready-to-wear stores	562	374.8		392.9	-	-	316.3	315.1	330.6		-
Family clothing stores	565 566	251.1 216.0		268.3 225.4	254.1 221.1	-	218.5 178.6	216.5 179.7	233.1 187.4	219.1 183.1	-
Furniture and house furnishings attack	E 7	900 5	0175	0044	000.0		670.4	660.7	600.0	677.6	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57 574	822.5	817.5	834.1	829.8 466.4		678.4	669.7	683.9	677.6	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores  Furniture stores	57 1	452.5 282.7	451.7 281.2	467.8 290.7	291.1		371.3	366.8	381.2	379.1	_
Household appliance stores		91.3	L	83.0	L		78.2	79.3	- 69.4	67.5	
Radio, television, and music stores		278.7		283.3			228.9		233.3	231.0	_
Radio and television stores	5732	202.4	l .	203.3	201.7	-	220.9	223.0	233.3	231.0	
Music stores		76.3		80.9			_	_	_	-	_
Eating and drinking places	58	6,018.4	6,142.5	6,168.7	6,213.5	6,338.0	5,468.4	5,584.3	5,596.5	5,636.9	-
Miscellaneous retail	59	2 390 8	2,366.4	2 507 2	2,486.6	_	2,013.5	1 986 3	2,106.4	2,084.5	
Drug stores and proprietary stores		591.4		600.1	594.8	_	504.8	504.0	508.9		_
Liquor stores		122.4	122.4	126.2		_	304.0	304.0	300.3	300.4	
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		788.0		858.0	,	_	658.2	646.6	721.4	685.3	_
Sporting goods and bicycle shops		141.4		152.9		1	030.2	- 040.0	721.4	000.0	
Book stores		81.3		84.5	85.4	1	_		-	_	_
Stationery stores		77.1	-	78.7	79.6	1	_	_	_	_	_
Jewelry stores		152.6		164.5		t .	_	_	_	_	
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops		150.3		164.9	162.1	l _		_	ĺ		1
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods		62.0	,	63.9	62.1	-	_	_	_	_	_
Nonstore retailers		280.1	279.4	261.4	261.3	1	250.7	249.7	232.4	231.2	_
Mail order houses		129.3	128.8	123.4	-		230.7	245.7	202.4	201.2	
Merchandising machine operators		90.1	89.8	89.3	89.7		_	_	_	_	_
Fuel and ice dealers		114.2	1	124.6	1		95.6		104.5	104.0	_
Retail stores, nec		406.9		443.7	466.9		332.6		359.5		_
Finance, insurance, and real estate ³		6,571	6,599	6,679	6,687	6,705	4,766	4,782	4,817	4,815	4,82
Finance		3,289	3,293	3,313	3,313	3,319		-	-	-	_
Banking	60	1,726.4	1,728.9	1,743.5	1,742.5	1	1 236 0	1,236.3	1 244 0	1 240 1	
Commercial and stock savings banks		1,554.8				_		1,109.1			_
State banks, Federal Reserve		344.8		344.2		1	-,,,,,,,,,	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-,,,,,,,,,	
State banks, not Federal Reserve		371.5		377.6				ļ		}	
Mutual savings banks		83.9		87.2	86.7		-		l	İ	
Credit agencies other than banks	61	889.7	890.3	901.3	900.9		661.3	660.6	671.3	670.6	
Savings and loan associations		396.3		393.6			300.9		297.7	297.0	
Federal savings and loan associations		221.1	222.1	222.6			300.3	200.1	231.1	237.0	
State associations, insured		170.4		166.3		_	_	_	_	_	
Personal credit institutions		243.0		254.1	253.7		187.1	188.6	197.3	197.2	ĺ
Business credit institutions		60.5	_	73.6			'-'		'-		
Mortgage bankers and brokers	616	166.7	165.0	158.3	157.3						
Security, commodity brokers, and services	Į.	462.5	462.0	450.1	448.2				-	_	
Security brokers and dealers		358.8		1	341.4	1	-		-	-	
Holding and other investment offices	67	210.7	212.0	218.3	221.0		_	_	_	!	:
Insurance		2,051	2,058	2,094	2,100	2,101	-		-	-	-
Insurance carriers	63	1,436.4	1,441.1	1,460.6	1,465.5		959.8	962.3	968.4	970.4	
Life insurance		591.1	'	595.1	595.8		355.5	1		356.1	Ì
Medical service and health insurance		201.1		210.5	i .		162.5	1		1	[
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		543.1			!		365.7	1			1
Title insurance		54.5	1		55.6		-	-	-	-	
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	64	614.8	617.0	633.4	634.0	1	-		}		_

### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989°
Finance, insurance, and real estate—Continued											
Real estate, and combined real estate, insurance, etc		1,231	1,248	1,272	1,274	1,285	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate	65	1,220.7	1,238.0	1,262.4	1,264.5	l -	_	_	_	-	_
Real estate operators and lessors	651	514.0	522.9	532.2	530.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate agents and managers	653	533.9		547.5	551.0	-	-	_	-	-	-
Subdividers and developers	655	140.8	145.8	150.0	150.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Combined real estate, insurance, etc	66	10.1	10.0	9.4	9.4	-	-	_	_	-	-
Services		24,718	24,978	25,701	26,005	26,270	21,586	21,822	22,394	22,684	22,91
Hotels and other lodging places	70	1.472.3	1,496.4	1,549.4	1,561.4	_	_	l _	_	_	_
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts	701		1,456.8			1	1,275.9	1,296.4	1,337.8	1,349.6	-
Personal services	72		1,244.6			-	-	_	_	-	-
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	405.4	408.6	414.7	413.1	-	360.5	363.7	368.1	366.7	-
Photographic studios, portrait	722	55.5	56.1	52.1	51.6		-	-	-	-	-
Beauty shops		357.2	356.8	359.7	359.6		319.5	319.0	320.4	320.5	-
Funeral service and crematories	726	77.2	77.4	79.1	79.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Business services			5,345.4			5,555.1	4,512.0		4,675.6	, ,	_
Advertising		212.5	213.7	218.1	218.5	-	158.2	159.7	161.0	161.6	-
Advertising agencies		157.4	158.1	161.3	162.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit reporting and collection		94.7	95.2	96.2	96.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic	733	227.7	230.8	256.1	257.2		-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-
Services to buildings	734	703.6	705.1	711.9	716.4		636.9	638.9	644.8	649.0	-
Personnel supply services	736	1,213.7	1,247.9	1,247.0		- '	-	-	-	-	-
Employment agencies	7361	186.4	187.3	184.7	185.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Temporary help supply services		944.5	978.1	977.9	976.1	-					-
Computer and data processing services		699.4	707.0	772.3	777.2	-	547.7	552.1	602.6	605.2	-
Computer programming and software  Data processing services		264.9 318.8	268.2 322.0	299.1 347.4	299.4 351.8	-	-	_	_	-	_
Miscellaneous business services	739	2,127.0	2,136.3	2,186.5	2,198.6	_	_	_	_	_	_
Research development laboratories, nec	7391	196.7	197.5	202.0	202.6	-	_	_	_		_
Management and public relations	7392	604.4	611.2	611.9	619.4	_	-	_ '	_	-	i -
Detective and protective services	7393	455.8	459.9	470.8	472.5	_	-	_	_	_	_
Equipment rental and leasing		247.4	249.3	258.4	260.7	_	_	_	_	-	_
Photofinishing laboratories		76.4	75.9	78.3	76.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	809.2	819.3	841.4	846.7	_	671.9	680.5	692.1	695.2	-
Automotive rentals, without drivers	751	161.4	163.9	172.2	172.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Automotive repair shops	753	482.5	488.4	507.8	509.7	-	396.9	401.6	416.8	417.1	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	327.8	332.9	347.9	349.2	_ '	270.3	275.0	282.5	283.2	_
Electrical repair shops	762	106.8	107.8	120.9	121.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motion pictures	78	228.3	233.9	237.7	238.1	_	191.4	194.3	199.3	201.3	-
Motion picture production and services	781	113.6	116.3	122.8	125.4	-	91.1	91.3	98.7	102.7	-
Motion picture theaters	783	99.7	102.0	99.4	96.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	600.1	828.3	838.7	851.5	-	671.4	699.4	718.1	731.2	_
Health services		7,037.3	7,081.4	7,478.6	7,522.7	7,582.4	6,253.7	6,292.9	6,645.7	6,687.6	_
Offices of physicians		1,101.4	1,107.1	1,195.3	1,202.5	-	902.2	906.6	980.8	987.0	-
Offices of dentists		479.8	482.5	503.7	506.7	-	422.2	424.3		444.1	-
Nursing and personal care facilities			1,309.8			-	1,176.0	1,182.0	1,219.9	1,225.1	-
Skilled nursing care facilities		871.9	876.4	903.3	906.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nursing and personal care, nec		430.7	433.4	447.1	449.3	-		-			-
Hospitals		3,258.0		3,431.6		-	2,975.7	2,995.4	3,137.5	3,152.3	-
General medical and surgical hospitals		3,036.3		3,196.6		-	-	-	-	· -	-
Psychiatric hospitals		79.1	79.9	83.9	84.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric		142.6	143.4	151.1	151.7	-	-	-		-	
Medical and dental laboratories		141.8	142.9	156.9	161.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outpatient care facilities	BUB	273.2	275.1	316.4	320.9	-	-	-	ı <del>-</del>		- 1

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry--Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers'	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989
Services—Continued											
Legal services	81	805.6	807.1	842.8	846.2	-	673.3	675.2	702.9	704.7	-
Educational services	82	1,561.8	1,570.6	1,500.9	1,612.8	_	_	_	_	_	_
Elementary and secondary schools		384.8	385.8	388.5	393.2	-	_	-	-	-	-
Colleges and universities	822	1,007.5	1,013.3	932.0	1,034.9	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
Correspondence and vocational schools	824	80.2	80.9	81.8	83.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social services	83	1,555.5	1,572.7	1,638.3	1,661.5	-	-	_	_	_	-
Individual and family services		300.6	305.4	308.4	312.0	_	_	-	_	_	-
Job training and related services	833	225.0	226.7	216.2	218.2		_		-	_	-
Residential care		362.7	365.4	387.3	390.7	-	- '	- 1	-	-	-
Museums, botanical and zoological gardens	84	47.2	48.0	46.6	46.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Membership organizations	86	1,579.9	1,589.7	1,590.4	1,607.2	-	_			_	_
Business associations	861	91.6	92.5	93.1	93.5	-	_		-	-	-
Labor organizations		133.2	135.4	133.8	134.8	-			_	-	-
Civic and social associations		366.0	371.3	369.6	384.5	-	-	-		-	-
Miscellaneous services	89	1,374.6	1,386.5	1,442.1	1,462.9	_	1,112.6	1,122.5	1,154.7	1,172.9	_
Engineering and architectural services		728.8	733.7	778.6	778.5	_	608.8	612.6	643.1	643.1	i -
Noncommercial research organizations		123.9	124.7	128.9	130.6		-	_	_	_	_
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		494.2	500.6	504.6	523.7		384.5	390.2	387.3	404.1	-
Government		17,529	17,671	17,552	17,908	17,988	-	-	-		_
Federal Government⁴		2,955	2,964	2,960	2,969	2,978	-		-	-	-
Executive, by agency4		2,896.7	2,905.6	2,900.9	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Department of Defense		976.1	973.0	958.6	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Postal Service ⁵		822.5	827.1	837.4	-	i -	-	_	-	-	-
Other executive agencies		1,098.1	1,105.5	1,104.9	-	<u> </u>	_	-	-	-	
Legislative		37.6	37.7	37.6	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Judicial		20.4	20.5	21.1		-	<b>!</b> ]	-	-	-	-
Federal government, by industry:							ĺ				
Manufacturing activities	.]	122.7	122.5	123.3	123.7		_	1	-	-	_
Shipbuilding and repairing	3731	74.4	74.0	74.2	74.2		-	-	-	_	_
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal	1				Ì	]					
Service		44.0	44.3	38.2	39.0		1		_	-	_
Services		423.4	422.0	432.5	431.5	1	-	-	-	-	-
Hospitals	806	250.3	249.4	248.1	248.3		İ		-	-	-
State government		4,109	4,140	4,035	4,177	4,192	_	_		-	
Hospitals		441.5	443.8	447.7	446.5	-	-	1	-		-
Education	82	1,718.5	1,739.6	1,597.8	1,735.1	-		-		-	
General administration, including executive,							1	1		1	1
legislative, and judicial functions		1,412.2	1,417.8	1,446.0	1,452.1	-		-			-
Local government		10,465		10,557		10,818	-		-		
Transportation and public utilities		491.6	488.2	497.7	495.3	-	-		-	-	-
Hospitals		624.7	627.7	646.7	649.7	-	-	-	-		-
Education	82	5,991.8	6,059.9	5,982.5	6,165.3	1	-		-	-	-
General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions		2 000 0	0.056.5	3,082.2	2 006 0	_					

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

Data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from the nonsupervisory count for all series in this division.

civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency.

⁵ Includes rural mail carriers.

nonsupervisory count for all series in this division.

⁴ Prepared by the Office of Personnel Management. Data relate to

Data not available.

⁼ preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1987 forward are subject to

### B-3. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	Dec. 1987	Jan. 1988	Nov. 1988	Dec. 1988	Jan. 1989
Total	48,971	48,130	50,634	50,909	50,021
Total private	39,926	39,177	41,293	41,633	40,880
Goods-producing	7,015	6,955	7,224	7,202	7,156
Mining	96	96	98	98	98
Construction	541	534	590	589	583
Manufacturing	6,378	6,325	6,536	6,515	6,475
Durable goods	3,066	3,047	3,145	3,141	3,127
Lumber and wood products	120	119	124	123	122
Furniture and fixtures	168	168	170	170	170
Stone, ciay, and glass products	116	114	119	119	117
Primary metal industries	105	104	109	109	109
Fabricated metal products	326	324	336	336	336
Machinery, except electrical	464	466	467	488	490
Electrical and electronic equipment	886	882	900	896	888
Transportation equipment	401	395	400	403	403
Instruments and related products	307	306	316	319	319
Miscellaneous manufacturing	174	169	183	178	173
Nondurable goods	3,312	3,276	3,391	3,374	3,348
Food and kindred products	518	503	543	528	511
Tobacco manufactures	19	19	19	19	18
Textile mill products	354	351	350	349	348
Apparel and other textile products	882	874	879	875	872
Paper and allied products	167	165	171	170	167
Printing and publishing	663	663	693	697	697
Chemicals and allied products	302	301	314	315	316
Petroleum and coal products	24	23	26	26	26
Rubber and misc. plastics products	297	296	309	310	309
Leather and leather products	87	85	87	85	84
Service-producing	41,956	41,175	43,410	43,707	42,865
Transportation and public utilities	1,585	1,575	1,653	1,660	1,650
Wholesale trade	1,796	1,783	1,902	1,913	1,898
Retail trade	10,455	9,915	10,522	10,772	10,230
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,127	4,119	4,196	4,215	4,197
Services	14,948	14,830	15,796	15,871	15,749
Government	9,045	8,908	9,341	9,276	9,141
Federal	1,057	1,051	1,061	1,062	1,055
State	1,992	1,943	2,066	2,050	1,994
Local	5,996	5,914	6,214	6,164	6,092
	0,000	0,017	V, Y	0,.07	0,002

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1987 forward are subject to revision.

### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

### B-4. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

la di inta					19	88						1989	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar.p
Total	105,020	105,281	105,489	106,057	106,271	106,425	106,737	106,973	107,419	107,641	108,065	108,345	108,525
Total private	87,700	87,973	88,139	88,678	88,941	89,066	89,205	89,481	89,855	90,100	90,506	90,718	90,895
Goods-producing	25,330	25,435	25,466	25,592	25,663	25,639	25,648	25,743	25,849	25,889	26,048	26,014	25,988
Mining	733	737	739	740	740	739	734	729	722	719	718	717	722
Oil and gas extraction	419	421	425	425	424	423	419	413	406	402	400	402	407
Construction	5,192	5,238	5,237	5,308	5,330	5,340	5,365	5,366	5,413	5,430	5,537	5,515	5,466
General building contractors	1,383	1,400	1,394	1,412	1,400	1,401	1,404	1,393	1,406	1,414	1,444	1,435	1,411
Manufacturing	19,405	19,460	19,490	19,544	19,593	19,560	19,549	19,648	19,714	19,740	19,793	19,782	19,800
Durable goods		11,459	11,477	11,515	11,566	11,547	11,537	11,595	11,637	11,651	11,686	11,667	11,870
Lumber and wood products		758	757	757	756	753	753	760	767	771	775	768	766
Furniture and fixtures		535	537	537	541	537	538	540	541	540	540	542	544
Stone, clay, and glass products		587 773	585 778	587 781	589 789	586 785	585 787	588 794	590 796	592 794	593 796	593 794	591 794
Primary metal industries  Blast furnaces and basic steel products		281	281	281	282	281	280	282	282	280	281	794 281	281
Fabricated metal products	1,439	1,444	1,448	1,457	1,464	1,458	1,460	1,469	1,474	1,479	1,487	1,488	1,489
Machinery, except electrical	2,099	2,111	2,121	2,134	2,151	2,156	2,159	2,173	2,185	2,190	2,198	2,204	2,20
Electrical and electronic equipment		2,117	2,115	2,120	2,122	2,126	2,124	2,126	2,130	2,123	2,118	2,114	2,110
Transportation equipment	2,025	2,045	2,048	2,047	2,052	2,044	2,032	2,045	2,050	2,051	2,066	2,049	2,05
Motor vehicles and equipment	835	848	851	850	857	855	849	859	860	858	872	858	857
Instruments and related products		706	709	713	715	718	716	719	721	728	727	728	730
Miscellaneous manufacturing	382	383	381	382	387	384	383	381	383	385	386	387	367
Nondurable goods	7,994	8,001	8,013	8,029	8,027	8,013	8,012	8,053	8,077	8,089	8,107	8,115	8,130
Food and kindred products		1,648	1,643	1,645	1,631	1,630	1,632	1,654	1,661	1,656	1,663	1,659	1,662
Tobacco manufactures		54	52	53	52	52	51	52	53	53	52	53	5
Textile mill products		727	728	727	726	719	722	722	723	722	727	725	72
Apparel and other textile products		1,100	1,100	1,097	1,096	1,069	1,087	1,086	1,093	1,096	1,097	1,102	1,107
Paper and allied products		667	669	691	692	691	688	691	691	892	692	691	89
Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products		1,554 1,056	1,559	1,565 1,065	1,567 1,067	1,572 1,070	1,575 1,069	1,581	1,583	1,592	1,598	1,598 1,082	1,604
Petroleum and coal products		185	186	1,003	1,007	1,070	168	169	169	168	166	1,062	16
Rubber and misc. plastics products	860	864	870	873	882	878	874	862	887	890	887	892	894
Leather and leather products		146	146	146	147	145	146	145	144	144	145	146	146
Service-producing	79,690	79,846	80,023	80,465	80,608	80,786	61,089	81,230	81,570	81,752	82,017	82,331	82,537
Transportation and public utilities	5,530	5,543	5,556	5,562	5,598	5,605	5,618	5,631	5,658	5,670	5,692	5,706	5,697
Transportation	3,285	3,298	3,308	3,332	3,345	3,351	3,366	3,380	3,407	3,422	3,441	3,455	3,445
Communication and public utilities	2,245	2,245	2,248	2,250	2,253	2,254	2,252	2,251	2,251	2,248	2,251	2,251	2,252
Wholesale trade	6.061	6.089	6,115	8,148	6,174	6,192	6,219	6,246	6,275	6,301	6,332	6,360	6,385
Durable goods	3,591	3,610	3,635	3,660	3,681	3,696	3,714	3,736	3,758	3,779	3,798	3,816	3,835
Nondurable goods	2,470	2,479	2,480	2,468	2,493	2,496	2,505	2,510	2,517	2,522	2,536	2,544	2,550
Retail trade		19,093	19,130	19,205	19,261	19,279	19,291	19,327	19,401	19,429	19,558	19,815	19,69
General merchandise stores		2,546	2,541	2,549	2,545	2,539	2,533	2,520	2,533	2,544	2,563	2,570	2,603
Food stores	3,044	3,049	3,053	3,080	3,097	3,106	3,110	3,143	3,157	3,177	3,195	3,197	3,214
Automotive dealers and service stations Eating and drinking places	2,055 6,319	2,064 6,326	2,070 6,336	2,076 6,352	2,088 6,369	2,095 6,377	2,095 6,384	2,103 6,415	2,106 6,440	2,106 6,449	2,109 6,466	2,118 6,493	2,114 6,514
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6.651	6,650	6,656	6,679	6,664	6,689	6,692	6.708	6,725	6.741	6.733	6.755	6,75
Finance	3,306	3,302	3,299	3,304	3,300	3,298	3,300	3,308	3,314	3,325	3,320	3,330	3,33
Insurance	2,060	2,065	2,067	2,074	2,077	2,081	2,063	2,069	2,092	2,101	2,096	2,102	2,10
Real estate	1,285	1,283	1,290	1,301	1,307	1,310	1,309	1,311	1,319	1,315	1,317	1,323	1,32
Services	25,078	25,163	25,216	25,472	25,561	25,882	25,737	25,826	25,947	28,070	26,145	26,268	26,37
Business services Health services	5,405 7,088	5,420 7,126	5,443 7,153	5,480 7,203	5,500 7,238	5,512 7,271	5,538 7,323	5,553 7,385	5,563 7,414	5,605 7,466	5,583 7,494	5,622 7,545	5,61°
Government		17,308	17,350	17,379	17,330	17,359	17,532	17,492	17,564	17,541	17,559	17,627	17,63
Federal		2,963	2,957	2,951	2,951	2,956	2,989	2,989	2,989	2,990	2,981	2,987	2,96
State	4,031	4,041	4,050	4,049	4,059	4,070	4,086	4,070	4,074	4,071	4,063	4,079	4,06
Local	10,319	10,304	10,343	10,379	10,320	10,333	10,457	10,433	10,501	10,480	10,515	10,561	10,56
	1	1	1	1,	1,	,	1,,	1,	1,,	1,	1,.,.	1,	1,

P = preliminary.
 NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987

benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to revision.

### B-5. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

						19	88						1989
Industry	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Total	48,396	48,615	48,772	48,865	48,999	49,306	49,371	49,491	49,658	49,739	49,994	50,146	50,347
Total private	39,573	39,767	39,881	39,969	40,075	40,357	40,459	40,549	40,646	40,743	40,941	41,111	41,294
Goods-producing	7,022	7,028	7,040	7,058	7,082	7,103	7,125	7,112	7,116	7,142	7,173	7,190	7,227
Mining	96	96	96	97	97	99	97	100	98	98	98	98	98
Construction	546	549	552	558	566	569	574	578	581	582	585	591	597
Manufacturing	6,380	6,383	6,392	6,403	6,419	6,435	6,454	6,434	6,437	6,462	6,490	6,501	6,532
Durable goods  Lumber and wood products  Furniture and fixtures  Stone, clay, and glass products  Primary metal industries  Fabricated metal products  Machinery, except electrical  Electrical and electronic equipment  Transportation equipment  Instruments and related products  Miscellaneous manufacturing  Nondurable goods  Food and kindred products  Tobacco manufactures  Textile mill products  Apparel and other textile products  Printing and publishing  Chemicals and allied products	3,059 122 167 116 104 325 466 882 396 306 175 3,321 528 353 881 167 664 303	3,062 122 166 116 105 325 467 882 393 308 178 3,321 528 353 879 167 666 604	3,067 122 166 116 104 326 469 885 393 308 178 3,325 526 177 352 880 167 669 305	3,077 123 166 117 105 327 471 886 396 396 396 528 178 3,326 528 177 350 875 167 672 307	3,085 123 167 118 106 329 473 885 397 309 178 3,334 526 17 351 877 167 673 309	3,096 123 166 117 108 331 476 890 397 311 177 3,339 526 17 351 874 168 677 311	3,112 123 168 119 107 333 480 891 398 313 180 3,342 521 18 351 874 169 679 311	3,107 123 166 118 107 332 482 891 396 314 178 3,327 514 188 347 868 169 683 313	3,106 123 168 117 108 331 483 890 394 178 3,331 519 17 347 867 169 683 313	3,114 123 168 117 108 332 485 893 397 315 176 3,348 528 177 347 867 169 687 315	3,124 125 168 118 109 334 488 893 397 315 177 3,366 534 18 873 170 689 315	3,130 125 169 120 109 334 487 890 400 318 178 3,371 531 18 348 875 170 694	3,141 126 169 119 109 337 490 888 404 319 180 3,391 537 177 350 879 170 698 319
Petroleum and coal products	(¹) 296	(¹) 296	(¹) 298	(¹) 300	(¹) 303	(¹) 304	(¹) 307	(¹) 304	(¹) 304	(¹) 305	(¹) 308	(¹) 309	(¹) 309
Leather and leather products	87	86	87	86	86	86	87	85	86	86	85	85	85
Service-producing	41,374	41,587	41,732	41,807	41,917	42,203	, ,	42,379	42,542	42,597	42,821	42,956	
Transportation and public utilities  Wholesale trade	1,580	1,588	1,599	1,602	1,610	1,625	1,625	1,632	1,630	1,634	1,643	1,650	1,655
	1,795	1,802	1,813	1,813	1,826	1,838	1,848	1,854	1,864	1,874	1,887	1,902	1,911
Retail trade	10,056	10,127	10,123	10,130	10,161	10,192	10,198	10,218	10,232	10,232	10,265	10,279	10,375
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,139	4,139	4,147	4,141	4,147	4,164	4,167	4,173	4,180	4,193	4,209	4,219	4,218
Government	14,981 8,823 1,060 1,947 5,816	15,083 8,848 1,061 1,952 5,835	15,159 8,891 1,061 1,960 5,870	15,225 8,896 1,057 1,968 5,871	15,249 8,924 1,054 1,971 5,899	15,435 8,949 1,050 1,978 5,921	15,496 8,912 1,050 1,987 5,875	15,560 8,942 1,057 1,990 5,895	9,012 1,067 2,007 5,938	15,668 8,996 1,070 2,000 5,926	9,053 1,068 2,004 5,981	9,035 1,066 2,002 5,967	9,053 1,065 1,998 5,990

This series is not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to revision.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

### B-6. Production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

					19	88						1989	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
Total private	70,961	71,170	71,260	71,736	71,948	72,063	72,109	72,328	72,627	72,834	73,200	73,361	73,518
Goods-producing	17,839	17,909	17,925	18,025	18,085	18,058	18,049	18,124	18,210	18,240	18,363	18,327	18,314
Mining	529	533	535	535	535	536	530	527	519	517	516	516	521
Construction	4,059	4,096	4,088	4,149	4,168	4,170	4,187	4,185	4,226	4,242	4,329	4,300	4,250
Manufacturing	13,251	13,280	13,302	13,341	13,382	13,352	13,332	13,412	13,465	13,481	13,518	13,511	13,543
Durable goods  Lumber and wood products  Furniture and fixtures	7,598 631 426	7,632 633 427	7,649 632 429	7,676 634 429	7,720 630 432	7,705 628 428	7,689 626 430	7,733 632 432	7,765 638 433	7,776 641 433	7,799 646 432	7,782 639 434	7,791 639 436
Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries	455 588	457 591	455 594	457 599	460 605	457 601	455 603	457 609	459 610	461 610	462 609	461 609	460 608
Blast furnaces and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical	217 1,071 1,256	219 1,073 1,262	218 1,079 1,269	219 1,085 1,273	220 1,091 1,287	218 1,087 1,289	216 1,088 1,289	218 1,096 1,299	218 1,100 1,310	217 1,103 1,316	218 1,110 1,321	218 1,109 1,329	217 1,108 1,331
Electrical and electronic equipment  Transportation equipment  Motor vehicles and equipment	1,242 1,261 648	1,244 1,276 658	1,244 1,278 660	1,250 1,276 660	1,254 1,284 671	1,256 1,284 674	1,254 1,269 664	1,257 1,276 672	1,261 1,277 671	1,253 1,277 669	1,249 1,287 679	1,244 1,273 666	1,245 1,278 664
Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing	388 280	389 280	391 278	394 279	395 282	396 279	396 279	399 276	400 277	403 279	402 281	402 282	404 282
Nondurable goods  Food and kindred products  Tobacco manufactures  Textile mill products	5,653 1,168 41 634	5,648 1,169 40 632	5,653 1,164 39 632	5,665 1,168 40 630	5,662 1,153 39 632	5,647 1,151 38 622	5,643 1,153 37 626	5,679 1,174 38 626	5,700 1,181 40 626	5,705 1,176 40 625	5,719 1,184 38 630	5,729 1,185 39 629	5,752 1,189 40 629
Apparel and other textile products	930 521	926 520 871	925 521 872	923 523 875	922 524 876	916 524 879	915 520 880	916 521 883	922 522 885	924 522 889	927 521 890	931 520 890	937 522 894
Chemicals and allied products	592 107 669 121	593 107 670 120	596 108 676 120	599 108 679 120	600 108 687 121	603 109 685 120	601 109 682 120	603 110 688 120	603 110 692 119	605 110 695 119	608 108 693 120	609 108 697 121	611 108 700 122
Service-producing	53,122	53,261	53,335	53,711	53,863	54,005	54,060	54,204	54,417	54,594	54,837	55,034	55,204
Transportation and public utilities	4,587	4,600	4,611	4,632	4,648	4,661	4,656	4,672	4,701	4,718	4,733	4,746	4,737
Wholesale trade	4,881	4,902	4,924	4,956	4,975	4,990	5,011	5,030	5,054	5,071	5,096	5,120	5,141
Retail trade	16,897	16,949	16,949	17,028	17,070	17,087	17,078	17,109	17,163	17,187	17,309	17,354	17,427
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,825	4,823	4,828	4,842	4,844	4,851	4,847	4,855	4,865	4,865	4,871	4,878	4,869
Services	21,932	21,987	22,023	22,253	22,326	22,416	22,468	22,538	22,634	22,753	22,828	22,936	23,030

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to revision.

P — preliminary

Table B-7. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

(Percent)

					Private no	nagricultural p	ayrolls, 349 i	ndustries1				
Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept	Oct.	Nov.	Dec
						Over 1-m	onth span					
77	63.5	60.5	70.3	67.9	68.6	63.8	64.5	61.3	65.9	61.3	67.0	67
78	62.5	64.3	70.2	70.1	64.6	67.6	61.6	62.2	62.0	64.3	70.9	66
79	63.9	61.0	64.8	52.7	61.6	61.3	55.7	53.2	50.7	61.3	54.2	53
												ļ
30	54.6	53.4	49.7 54.0	37.4 64.5	40.8	38.0 53.3	42.3 57.7	59.0 51.3	55.7 45.8	63.8	59.3	58
1	58.5	52.7			57.0	38.1	57.7			42.3	40.3	36
2	37.2	47.3	40.1	41.5	49.3		42.8	39.1	44.7	36.2	40.1	43
3	55.0	47.9	60.2	65.6	66.3	66.5	67.2	68.9	70.1	66.6	67.6	64
4	67.9	71.1	65.0	68.1	62.6	68.9	60.2	60.5	57.7	63.6	59.2	57
5	58.9	52.9	60.3	52.7	59.2	51.4	57.4	60.6	53.0	56.7	57.9	57
6	56.4	51.9	53.3	55.7	54.9	51.4	55.3	56.7	55.3	54.0	59.3	60
7	57.4	58.3	59.9	64.6	61.3	61.6	68.6	60.6	62.3	67.6	63.9	65
8	60.3	64.6	64.0	63.0	58.9	66.6	62.3	56.2	54.0	62.5	68.9	61
9	65.0	P 57.2	p 56.7									ĺ
-		L				Over 3-mo	onth span		L ————————————————————————————————————			
_												
7	70.2	74.5	76.4	79.2	74.8	72.1	69.3	72.1	70.5	73.5	73.6	72
8	71.9	73.8	76.9	76.9	74.9	71.1	69.2	65.8	68.3	73.5	74.8	76
9	69.5	71.8	65.8	66.2	62.0	64.0	58.9	53.3	57.6	58.6	62.2	5€
o	56.6	51.4	42.0	38.3	35.5	37.4	42.8	50.9	65.3	66.9	68.5	64
1	59.5	55.6	58.9	64.6	63.3	60.7	57.0	52.4	43.3	40.0	34.0	30
2	31.2	34.8	37.7	41.5	40.3	40.3	34.8	38.3	35.4	35.8	34.0	46
3	48.4	57.0	62.6	71.9	72.1	74.4	72.6	77.2	77.2	74.6	71.6	73
4	74.9	75.2	77.7	72.6	73.6	69.2	68.3	64.9	64.0	63.0	61.3	61
4				58.2								
5	58.2	58.9	55.7		54.9	57.7	57.0	58.7	58.3	56.7	59.7	59
6	56.9	53.2	52.7	55.7	54.7	53.4	55.4	58.2	56.7	60.3	61.3	63
7	61.3	62.2	67.3	68.9	69.3	69.8	71.5	72.5	72.1	73.4	74.5	68
9	70.6 P 68.3	68.8 P 66.2	68.3	67.2	69.1	69.8	68.8	61.9	62.6	68.3	71.9	73
			j									<u> </u>
-					<del></del>	Over 6-mo	onth span		· · · · ·			1
7	79.1	81.8	78.7	78.4	78.1	79.7	76.2	76.2	77.5	76.6	78.1	78
8	77.8	81.4	81.2	79.8	78.7	76.2	73.6	76.9	75.6	76.8	76.1	77
9	74.6	73.9	71.2	66.8	63.2	57.9	62.9	59.5	57.7	58.6	60.9	57
o	48.6	44.7	41.1	37.4	37.1	37.5	44.4	51.9	61.2	70.9	68.9	66
1	66.5	65.2	62.9	64.9	61.3	58.0	50.3	43.0	39.0	32.2	32.5	28
	28.5	29.7	33.0	38.8	37.2	36.8	34.5	33.8	34.8		39.1	43
2				,						38.1		
3	55.2	62.2	67.3	71.1	76.4	78.2	79.4	79.5	78.2	77.4	78.1	77
4	78.7	78.8	80.1	77.5	73.9	72.9	70.1	68.6	64.5	63.5	61.7	63
5	58.3	59.5	57.9	57.3	58.5	57.2	56.9	56.6	60.0	60.3	57.9	55
6	55.6	55.9	52.9	53.6	54.3	55.9	55.0	57.7	62.5	61.2	62.5	62
7	69.2	66.3	66.3	70.1	72.5	75.2	76.9	77.4	78.5	74.2	74.4	75
8	72.2	71.5	70.8	74.2	72.2	69.1	68.8	74.5	71.1	72.3	P 73.4	P 72
9												
						Over 12-m	onth span					
7	79.2	80.1	81.8	81.9	84.8	84.7	84.5	83.4	83.7	83.0	82.5	82
В	81.9	82.2	81.8	81.9	83.0	82.8	83.4	81.4	81.7	75.8	78.1	75
9	75.9	75.4	74.8	72.1	68.2	66.0	66.0	63.6	59.7	57.6	52.0	48
1			ŀ		l		1					i
O	47.0	46.4	46.8	45.3	43.7	43.8	43.6	42.8	44.3	50.6	57.2	62
1	71.2	68.3	68.1	61.3	53.4	48.0	42.3	38.8	36.4	33.1	34.1	32
2	32.4	31.1	29.7	30.4	30.4	31.4	35.0	35.1	38.8	43.4	46.7	51
3	57.0	61.9	66.5	72.8	75.8	77.2	76.8	80.7	80.4	81.4	83.0	81
4	81.7	79.5	78.7	77.1	76.2	74.1	73.1	70.2	69.1	65.2	63.8	61
5	59.5	59.2	59.2	56.9	56.6	58.5	55.9	55.9	56.7	55.6	55.2	53
6	54.4	54.6	53.9	55.6	55.2	56.3	57.2	59.3	60.0	61.7	61.9	65
7	68.1	70.3	71.1	74.1	76.6	77.2	77.4	77.8	79.1	78.7	77.8	80
8	77.2	78.1	74.2	73.9	75.6	75.6	77.8	P 76.1	P 74.4	, 5.,	.,	1
9		, 5.1		. 5.5	. 5.5	, 5.5	, ,	. 0. 1	, 4,-4			i
•	1			I								í

Table B-7. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(Percent)

					Manufa	acturing payro	olls, 143 indus	stries ¹				
Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
						Over 1-m	onth span					
977	66.0	59.9	68.4	70.9	67.0	59.6	60.3	54.3	62.1	57.4	63.1	70.2
977 978	63.1	64.5	63.8	65.6	61.0	62.4	56.0	58.5	57.1	62.8	66.3	69.1
979	60.3	55.0	58.9	50.4	55.7	61.7	50.0	45.0	41.1	57.4	46.8	47.9
000	40.0	46.4	47.5	20.4	24.0	07.0	20.7	E0 0	EE 0	60.4	64.7	F2.0
980 981	48.6 53.2	46.1 45.0	47.5 55.0	28.4 63.1	24.8 61.3	27.0 56.7	28.7 56.0	58.2 42.2	55.0 39.4	63.1 30.5	61.7 29.4	53.9 23.4
982	27.0	39.4	28.0	31.9	36.2	26.6	34.4	28.4	35.5	26.6	26.2	39.4
983	53.2	48.6	55.3	67.0	67.4	59.9	68.8	64.9	68.1	70.9	62.4	62.1
984	62.1	69.5	64.9	62.8	55.0	61.7	57.8	52.8	42.9	53.9	44.3	48.6
985	47.5	40.4	43.6	36.9	42.9	40.1	48.2	45.7	37.6	45.7	45.0	47.9
986	49.6	42.6	45.0	43.6 56.4	46,1 58.9	41.8 55.7	41.5 67.7	48.2 56.0	44.7	46.1 64.2	52.8	50.7
987 988	46.8 58.2	52.5 55.7	53.9 55.7	60.6	57.4	61.3	60.3	44.0	64.2 46.8	61.7	64.2 68.1	61.0 57.4
989	61.0	P 50.7	P 55.7	00.0	57.4	01.5	00.0	14.0	40.0	01.7	00.1	37.4
		••••						,		,		
						Over 3-mo	onth span					
977	70.6	77.0	78.7	78.7	72.0	66.7	62.4	64.9	62.4	67.7	69.1	76.2
978	77.0	72.3	72.3	69.9	69.1	62.8	61.3	58.2	62.4	67.0	70.9	73.4
979	64.9	62.8	59.6	59.9	58.5	59.2	50.0	36.5	44.0	43.6	52.5	42.9
980	44.7	40.4	28.4	20.2	18.4	19.5	27.7	39.7	64.2	67.7	67.4	61.3
981	51.8	50.4	56.4	64.5	66.7	64.9	55.0	42.6	28.0	25.5	17.7	17.4
982	17.0	19.1	21.3	22.0	22.0	22.3	18.1	18.8	20.6	18.4	17.7	33.3
983	46.1	53.9	61.7	71.3	70.9	73.8	70.6	76.2	77.0	74.1	72.0	67.7
984	71.6	71.3	73.4	65.2	63.8	59.9	59.2	50.7	47.5	42.9	45.7	45.0
985	43.6	37.9	31.6	31.9	30.5	38.7	39.7	37.6	37.6	36.9	44.7	46.5
986 987	42.6 50.7	40.4 50.7	37.6 58.5	39.0 63.8	39.4 63.5	38.7 68.4	39.0 69.5	42.9 73.8	44.3 70.2	48.9 74.1	53.2 74.5	51.8 67.0
988	66.0	61.0	62.8	64.5	66.7	68.8	61.3	52.1	53.5	65.6	70.9	69.5
989	P 61.7	p 64.2										
-						Over 6-mo	onth span	<u> </u>				<u></u>
	04.0	24.0	70.4	77.0	75.0	740	07.7	60.4	70.0	75.0	00.5	77.7
977 978	81.6 77.7	81.9 79.8	79.1 78.0	77.3 72.3	75.2 73.0	74.8 68.8	67.7 63.5	68.4 68.1	70.9 69.9	75.2 71.3	80.5 67.0	77.7 69.9
979	68.4	66.3	62.1	58.2	52.1	43.6	48.2	41.5	39.7	40.1	42.6	42.9
	20.0	27.0										
980 981	33.0 65.2	27.0 62.8	23.4 62.8	16.7 68.1	17.4 61.7	19.1	26.2 40.1	39.7 29.1	52.8 22.3	70.6 17.0	67.4 18.4	65.2 12.4
982	10.3	10.6	13.5	20.6	15.6	55.3 15.2	12.4	12.1	22.3 14.5	18.1	21.3	27.3
983	46.8	59.6	64.9	67.0	75.5	76.2	78.7	77.3	76.2	74.8	75.9	74.8
984	74.5	72.3	72.0	70.6	62.8	58,5	55.3	52.5	48.6	44.0	40.1	41.8
985	34.8	34.4	28.4	31.9	32.6	32.3	32.6	33.0	39.4	39.7	37.9	37.2
986	37.6	38.3	34.8	34.4	34.8	37.2	36.5	41.8	46.8	47.9	50.0	51.4
987 986	58.5 68.4	57.1 67.0	57.1 66.0	66.7 70.9	69.1	74.5 63.8	75.5	76.6	79.4	74.1 66.0	72.7 P 68.8	72.3 P 72.3
989	00.4	67.0	00.0	70.9	66.0	03.0	62.1	68.8	66.0	00.0	. 00.0	. 72.3
				<u> </u>		Over 12-m	onth snan				· . <u>-</u>	
0.77	77.0	77.7	75.0	70.0	0.1.0			01.0		90.5	70.0	77.0
977 978	77.0 75.2	77.7 77.7	75.9 76.2	76.6 77.0	81.2	62.6 77.0	84.0 75.2	81.9 70.6	83.3 70.9	80.5 65.6	78.0 69.1	77.3 64.9
979	67.0	64.2	62.4	57.4	77.0 51.8	77.0 48.6	75.2 48.9	70.6 47.5	70.9 42.2	36.5	29.1	24.8
										-		
980	20.6	22.3	23.8	25.2	23.0	22.3	21.3	22.7	23.8	30.5	45.7	59.6
981 982	72.0 12.1	69.1 12.4	69.1 9.2	52.8	40.4 8.2	35.1	27.7	21.6	17.7	15.2 21.6	13.8 25.5	12.4 33.7
983	43.3	50.0	9.2 56.0	11.3 66.0	71.6	9.9 75.5	13.5 76.2	14.2 78.4	15.2 78.0	78.7	25.5 80.1	76.2
984	77.0	72.3	68.1	66.0	62.4	61.0	57.8	54.6	50.4	44.0	40.1	33.7
985	31.6	30.9	30.1	28.4	27.7	28.4	29.1	29.8	32.6	30.9	32.6	29.8
986	30.9	30.1	34.8	34.8	36.2	39.0	38.3	39.7	42.9	45.0	48.2	50.4
987	59.6	63.5	64.5	68.8	73.0	73.8	75.2	75.2	75.9	75.9	75.2	79.1
	741	72.3	68.8	70.6	72.0	70.9		P 70.2	P 68.4			I
986 989	74.1	72.0	00.0	70.0	12.0	70.9	72.3	7 70.2	- 00.4			

¹ Based on seasonally adjusted data for 1-, 3-, and 6-month spans and unadjusted data for the 12-month span. Data are centered within the span.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an

equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment.
Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to revision.

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	onstruction	1
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Mabama	1,526.5	1,549.8	1,554.4	11.3	11.4	11.4	73.5	71.4	71.
Birmingham	394.5	404.6	404.1	5.2	5.1	5.0	23.9	24.2	23.7
Huntsville	125.5	130.9	131.4	.1	.1	.1	5.3	5.3	5.4
Mobile	162.1	165.3	165.5	6.	.7	.7	9.7	10.1	10.
Montgomery	127.1	129.8	130.1	.2	.1	.1	7.5	7.9	8.
Tuscaloosa	60.0	62.3	62.3	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.8	2.
llaska	198.9	199.8	203.7	8.6	9.4	9.7	6.8	6.2	6.
rizona	1,413.0	1,409.9	1,427.9	11.7	12.2	12.3	92.3	89.3	88.
Phoenix		929.0	939.6	.8	.7	.7	63.5	61.6	61.
Tucson	249.5	248.2	250.9	1.7	2.0	2.0	17.2	16.1	16.
\rkanses		857.8	863.5	4.0	4.1	4.0	29.9	30.5	29.
Fayetteville-Springdale		50.3	50.9	(1)	(')	(¹)	1.7	1.6	1.
Fort Smith		75.3	75.3	1.0	.9	.9	2.6	2.5	2.
Little Rock-North Little Rock		238.6	238.6	.4	.4	.4	9.2	9.4	9.
Pine Bluff	32.5	33.1	33.3	(1)	(')	(¹)	1.3	1.5	1.
alifornia		12,195.1	12,252.5	42.0	41.0	41.2	564.7	604.6	605.
Anaheim-Santa Ana		1,132.3	1,141.4	1.5	1.3	1.3	64.2	64.6	65
Bakersfield		159.4	159.8	14.2	13.8	13.8	9.4	9.2	9.
Fresno		207.3	208.2	.7	.6	.6	11.6	11.3	11
Los Angeles-Long Beach		4,143.9	4,162.5	9.8	9.5	9.4	143.8	148.7	149
Modesto		109.4	109.8	(')	(')	(')	6.8	7.2	7.
Oakland	828.8	853.1	858.1	3.2	3.2	3.4	47.3	48.8	49
Oxnard-Ventura		216.3	216.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	13.0	13.5	13
Riverside-San Bernardino	622.8	633.5	635.0	1.4	1.3	1.3	50.3	52.7	52
Sacramento	554.6	580.6	584.6	.7	.6	.6	30.3	32.2	32.
San Diego	890.5	928.6	933.4	.8	.8	.8	53.4	59.1	58.
San Francisco	930.7	947.6	946.8	.9	.9	.9	33.5	34.8	34.
San Jose	808.9	818.6	821.6	.1	.1	.1	31.9	32.4	32
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	144.5	147.2	147.7	1.4	1.5	1.5	6.2	6.7	6
Santa Rosa-Petaluma		126.2	127.1	.7	.7	.7	7.9	7.5	7
Stockton		146.1	145.9	.1	.1	.1	7.7	7.9	8.
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	125.1	129.7	130.2	.6	.5	.5	8.2	9.6	9.
colorado	1,410.0	1,419.7	1,421.6	20.8	20.2	19.8	54.5	52.3	50.
Boulder-Longmont	106.3	107.4	107.7	.3	.3	.3	3.2	3.3	3.
Denver	792.2	792.5	793.7	13.3	12.2	11.8	31.1	27.7	26.
Connecticut	1,645.0	1,673.5	1,671.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	71.1	70.3	68.
Bridgeport-Milford	199.6	201.6	200.9	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	8.3	8.5	8.
Hartford	476.1	486.6	485.3	.2	.2	.4	17.7	19.6	19
New Britain		65.1	65.1	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	3.9	3.7	3
New Haven-Meriden	252.0	260.0	259.4	.3	.3	.3	12.2	13.6	13
Stamford		125.8	124.8	.5	.4	.5	4.8	5.2	5
Waterbury	85.4	87.5	87.8	(1)	(1)	(¹)	4.2	4.8	4
Pelaware		333.2	333.9	.1	.1	.1	18.7	19.9	19
Wilmington	276.1	285.4	286.0	.2	.2	.2	16.3	17.1	16
District of Columbia		670.7	675.4	.1	.1	.1	13.5	12.8	12.
Washington MSA	2,108.8	2,181.3	2,192.4	1.0	1.1	1.1	128.8	138.8	138.
iorida	1 '	5,218.7	5,255.0	8.9	9.5	9.6		349.9	348
Daytona Beach	117.3	117.8	121.0	(1)	(')	(¹)	8.2	8.6	8
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		498.4	499.7	.3	.3	.3		36.9	36
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		124.0	125.6	(¹)	(')	(¹)	12.7	14.3	14
Jacksonville		414.9	416.6	.6	.6	.6		27.2	27
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		156.3	157.3	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	9.3	9.1	9
Miami-Hialeah		872.4	876.7	.9	9	.9		39.4	39
Orlando		508.5	513.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	36.1	37.5	37
Pensacola		124.7	125.0	.3	4	4	8.4	8.0	8
Sarasota		114.2	115.3	(2)	(¹)	(')	10.1	10.4	10
Tallahassee		114.8	116.5	(1)	(1)	(¹)	5.6	5.7	5
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	827.9	850.1	855.3	(¹)	.7 (¹)	.7	58.6	57.6	57
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach						(¹)			31

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	N	/lanufacturing	9		nsportation a public utilities		Wholesale and retail trade			
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	
Alabama	375.0	381.0	383.6	78.1	79.2	79.5	329.7	344.7	341.	
Birmingham	56.1	58.3	58.5	31.5	32.1	32.1	96.8	100.2	99.	
Huntsville	31.6	33.5	33.4	2.9	2.9	3.0	23.9	25.0	24.	
Mobile	25.6	24.6	24.7	10.2	10.2	10.2	42.3	44.1	43.	
Montgomery	18.9	19.0	18.8	4.9	5.1	5.1	28.7	29.5	29.	
Tuscaloosa	9.8	10.1	10.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	12.4	12.8	12.	
Alaska	10.4	9.9	10.8	16.3	16.2	16.4	38.5	40.1	39.	
Arizona	188.1	188.9	189.2	73.4	72.3	72.8	347.0	352.8	354.	
Phoenix	136.9	137.9	138.3	50.6	50.3	50.4	235.9	239.0	240.	
Tucson	30.8	29.7	29.5	9.3	9.0	9.0	56.7	57.5	57.	
Arkansas	223.9	231.4	231.6	51.6	50.9	50.8	187.0	191.0	190.	
Fayetteville-Springdale	12.4	13.0	12.9	4.8	4.6	4.6	11.3	11.8	11.	
Fort Smith	26.8	25.9	25.7	4.1	4.3	4.3	15.5	15.3	15.	
Little Rock-North Little Rock	33.3	35.4	35.1	16.3	17.4	17.5	55.4	56.8	56.	
Pine Bluff	6.5	6.6	6.6	2.5	2.5	2.6	6.8	7.1	7.	
California	2,121.2	2,148.0	2,156.1	575.8	585.5	584.8	2,794.0	2,912.2	2,903.	
Anaheim-Santa Ana	253.3	257.0	257.6	33.6	34.0	33.9	274.5	285.9	285.	
	10.4								38.	
Bakersfield		10.6	10.6	7.2	7.3	7.1	38.3	38.0		
Fresno	20.8	21.5	21.6	11.2	11.5	11.4	52.2	52.7	52	
Los Angeles-Long Beach	907.7	899.7	904.7	202.3	205.2	204.4	928.2	965.5	962	
Modesto	21.6	23.1	23.3	4.3	4.7	4.8	27.4	28.9	28	
Oakland	107.9	109.0	109.2	54.7	56.7	57.0	203.4	212.6	211	
Oxnard~Ventura	30.3	30.2	30.3	11.3	11.0	10.9	51.3	54.2	53	
Riverside-San Bernardino	81.8	81.6	81.3	30.5	30.1	30.3	156.0	158.2	156	
Sacramento	39.7	41.8	41.7	24.1	25.3	25.4	134.2	139.3	138	
San Diego	125.9	129.0	129.4	34.7	35.5	35.6	215.7	225.5	226	
San Francisco	79.7	81.1	81.5	76.1	76.4	76.7	208.1	214.2	211	
San Jose	268.3	275.3	275.5	21.3	21.3	21.3	159.4	161.1	159	
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	21.8	22.2	22.1	5.0	5.1	5.1	33.9	35.1	35	
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	19.4	19.4	19.6	5.8	5.7	5.8	32.0	32.9	32	
Stockton	22.6	23.5	23.5	8.1	9.0	8.8	33.0	34.6	34	
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	11.4	11.9	12.1	4.5	4.6	4.6	30.0	32.2	31	
Colorado	185.7	189.7	189.4	91.3	89.9	89.6	344.3	351.7	349	
Boulder-Longmont	29.3	29.3	29.1	2.3	2.3	2.3	22.3	22.8	22	
Denver	93.0	94.6	94.8	67.1	65.2	65.5	194.3	197.9	196	
Connecticut	379.0	375.6	374.4	72.0	72.8	72.9	368.7	383.4	378.	
Bridgeport-Milford	57.9	56.7	56.8	8.3	8.3	8.3	45.8	46.8	45	
Hartford	90.9	90.2	89.7	18.4	19,2	19.2	101.1	104.5	103	
New Britain	19.5	19.4	19.3	3.1	3.2	3.1	13.3	13.6	13	
New Haven-Meriden	47.5	47.6	47.5	17.3	17.9	17.9	58.3	60.5	60	
Stamford	22.8	22.7	22.8	5.4	5.5	5.5	29.0	29.9	29	
Waterbury	23.9	24.0	24.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	16.8	17.3	17	
Delaware	69.0	71.5	72.0	13.9	13.9	14.2	69.4	72.9	72	
Wilmington	58.7	61.1	61.4	14.9	15.0	15.0	58.3	60.3	59	
District of Columbia	16.2	16.2	16.1	24.9	25.1	25.2	62.8	64.2	64	
Washington MSA	86.7	87.1	86.8	101.7	109.7	110.1	420.4	431.3	428	
lorida	540.7	545.3	546.6	256.7	263.3	263.8	1,367.1	1,434.5	1,440	
Daytona Beach	12.3	11.9	12.0	3.6	3.7	3.7	34.4	35.4	36	
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	45.8	47.2	47.0	22.6	23.7	23.6	145.7	150.8	150	
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	5.7	6.3	6.4	5.0	5.5	5.6	34.5	36.4	3€	
Jacksonville	37.7	39.2	39.0	27.5	27.7	27.6	109.6	114.7	114	
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	29.3	29.9	30.1	5.6	6.0	6.0	34.4	36.7	37	
Miami-Hialeah	93.3	92.8	93.2	69.6	71.1	71.1	230.3	239.4	238	
Orlando	57.0	57.4	57.1	24.9	26.1	26.2	128.4	133.6	134	
Pensacola	11.1	11.1	11.1	6.3	6.7	6.6	31.0	31.0	31	
Sarasota	8.4	8.9	8.9	3.4	3.4	3.4	32.8	34.0	34	
Tallahassee	4.8	4.9	4.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	23.8	24.7	24	
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	94.9	97.0	97.2	38.3	39.6	39.8	229.6	235.2	236	
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach										
VEGA CAND DESCRIPTION DANGER MICAV DESCRIPTION	35.9	34.9	34.9	12.3	12.7	12.8	93.0	101.7	102	

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		nce, insurar nd real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Alabama	69.4	70.2	70.3	281.0	282.1	283.0	308.5	309.8	313.1
Birmingham	28.2	27.9	27.7	91.6	94.9	95.2	61.2	61.9	82.5
Huntsville	3.6	3.7	3.7	28.3	30.4	30.6	29.8	30.0	30.3
Mobile	8.0	8.0	8.0	37.6	38.8	39.1	28.1	28.8	28.9
Montgomery	7.5	7.7	7.6	27.1	28.4	28.4	32.3	32.1	32.7
Tuscaloosa	2.1	2.1	2.1	8.7	9.1	9.2	19.6	20.7	20.8
Alaska	10.8	10.5	10.6	40.8	41.3	41.9	68.7	66.2	88.4
Arizona	94.3	91.0	91.2	360.6	362.7	366.5	245.6	240.7	252.5
Phoenix	75.1	72.6	72.8	243.5	244.1	248.7	128.7	122.8	129.1
Tucson	12.3	11.8	11.7	88.5	68.8	69.7	53.0	53.3	55.3
Arkansas	37.2	37.4	37.4	157.3	161.6	164.7	150.6	150.9	155.0
Fayetteville-Springdale	1.5	1.4	1.5	7.4	7.9	7.9	10.7	10.0	10.7
Fort Smith	2.6	2.6	2.6	15.4	16.0	16.3	7.9	7.8	8.1
Little Rock-North Little Rock	15.5	15.8	15.7	54.3	56.4	56.8	48.8	47.0	47.5
Pine Bluff	1.4	1.4	1.4	6.3	6.5	6.6	7.7	7.5	7.6
California	803.7	818.8	819.0	3,011.5	3,103.0	3,137.2	1,934.6	1,984.0	2,004.8
Anaheim-Santa Ana	91.9	89.9	90.4	276.1	280.4	285.0	119.9	119.2	122.6
Bakersfield	6.3	8.4	6.5	33.7	32.9	33.1	40.7	41.2	41.7
Fresno	12.5	11.9	12.0	47.8	50.5	51.1	47.0	47.3	47.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach	283.2	286.1	286.7	1,082.1	1,107.5	1,121.2	506.1	521.7	524.5
Modesto	4.4	4.4	4.2	21.9	22.8	23.2	17.8	18.3	18.5
Oakland	54.9	55.6	55.7	196.1	202.3	205.4	161.3	164.9	166.7
Oxnard-Ventura	10.9	11.3	11.2	49.8	52.1	52.4	40.4	41.2	41.5
Riverside-San Bernardino	26.9	28.0	28.3	149.4	152.2	153.1	126.5	129.4	131.8
Sacramento	34.3	36.1	36.3	120.7	129.2	130.4	170.6	176.1	178.6
San Diego	62.5	64.2	64.4	235.6	247.3	249.7	161.9	167.2	188.6
San Francisco	111.0	111.0	110.5	286.0	293.1	293.9	135.4	136.1	136.9
San Jose	32.3	32.4	32.6	208.1	209.4	212.7	87.5	86.6	87.0
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	8.6	8.6	8.7	39.6	40.1	40.0	28.0	27.9	28.4
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	8.3	8.5	8.5	28.3	28.2	28.5	23.4	23.3	24.1
StocktonVallejo-Fairfield-Napa	8.9 4.6	8.5 4.6	8.5 4.6	30.3 27.8	30.6 28.5	30.6 28.7	31.7 38.0	31.9 37.8	32.2 38.4
	1			!					ľ
Colorado	95.5	93.8	93.6	349.4	356.7	357.8	268.5	265.4	271.5
Boulder-Longmont	4.0	4.0	4.0	22.4	23.2	23.2	22.5	22.2	23.0
Denver	63.2	61.8	61.7	203.2	206.3	207.4	127.0	126.8	129.8
Connecticut	151.6	154.2	153.9	393.0	407.9	409.7	208.2	207.9	212.2
Bridgeport-Milford	12.4	13.1	13.1	47.0	48.2	48.5	19.9	20.0	20.0
Hartford	76.2	75.8	75.7	109.8	114.0	114.4	61.8	63.1	63.5
New Britain	4.1	4.5	4.5	13.8	14.0	14.1	6.8	6.7	6.8
New Haven-Meriden	15.7	16.7	16.6	68.4	71.1	71.5	32.3	32.3	32.4
Stamford	13.4	14.3	14.3	35.2	36.9	36.7	10.8	10.9	10.8
Waterbury	4.4	4.6	4.7	20.4	21.1	21.2	12.6	12.6	12.9
Delaware	28.2	31.4	31.6	73.2	75.7	76.0	47.4	47.8	48.1
Wilmington	25.2	27.4	27.5	64.9	66.0	66.8	37.6	38.3	36.3
District of Columbia Washington MSA	34.6 124.7	34.6 128.5	34.6 128.6	237.6 679.9	244.3 708.8	248.7 717.2	270.6 565.5	273.4 576.0	273.3 581.7
Florido	2017	000 -	070.0	1,000	1 440 0	1 405 5	700.5	700.0	0407
Florida	361.7	369.4	370.2	1,366.1	1,448.6	1,465.5	768.5	798.2	810.7
Daytona Beach	6.4	6.4	6.4	33.2	32.2	34.1	19.2	19.6	20.1
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	39.3	39.6	39.7	132.8	136.6	137.8	59.4	63.3	64.1
Fort Myers-Cape Coral	7.9 37.9	8.2 39.3	8.2	32.4 101.9	35.3 105.6	36.1 106.7	16.9 59.4	17.9 60.6	18.0 60.9
Jacksonville	5.5	39.3 5.7	39.5 5.7	43.9	105.6 47.1	47.4	21.2	60.6 21.7	21.7
Miami-Hialeah	70.2	72.1	72.0	232.3	238.8	242.1	110.9		119.2
Orlando	32.7	33.2	33.5	157.1	161.8	164.2	57.1	117.9 58.8	59.5
Pensacola	5.5	5.6	5.6	31.0	32,3	32.3	29.4	29.6	30.0
	8.4	8.6	I				12.5		
Sarasota			8.7	32.6	34.7	35.2		14.1	14.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	4.9 84.9	4.9 66.3	5.0	23.3 236.1	23.8	23.9 249.7	46.9 104.8	47.7	49.2 108.2
	28.7		65.9		246.5			107.2	
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	20./	28.9	28.9	101.2	108.7	110.4	42.2	45.5	46.3

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Georgia	2,818.2	2,921.3	2,930.7	8.7	9.0	9.0	146.1	138.7	137.1
Athens		66.0	66.7	.2	.1	.1	2.4	2.4	2.4
Atlanta	1,393.2	1,427.8	1,436.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	68.5	65.4	66.6
Augusta	157.2	159.1	159.2	.5	.5	.5	9.9[	10.2	10.3
Columbus	92.6	94.1	94.3	.1	.1]	.1	5.1	5.0	4.9
Macon-Warner Robins		121.5	121.6	] .1]	.1	.1	4.7	5.1	5.0
Savannah	103.1	105.4	104.8	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	6.3	6.1	5.9
Hawaii		482.8	487.7	O	(¹)	(¹)	21.4	24.4	25.1
Honolulu	372.5	380.1	384.4	(1)	(¹)	(')	17.2	18.8	19.1
daho		347.1	346.8	2.8	3.4	3.5	10.9	12.1	11.5
Boise City	87.8	94.3	94.0	(2)	(²)	(²)	4.1	4.4	4.1
Ninois		5,082.8 143.5	5,086.2	20.7	19.7	19.7	170.5 5.6	189.2 6.7	184.9 6.6
Aurora-Elgin			142.8	(1)	(')	(1)		,	
Bloomington-Normal		60.6	61.1		()	(1)	1.4	1.6	1.6
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul		85.2	89.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹) 2.1	111.9	2.5	2.4 117.9
Chicago		3,108.6	3,108.1		2.0		1	120.2	
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline		155.4	155.8	1 (2)	(1)	(¹)	4.2	4.3	4.3
Decatur		52.1	52.3	()	(1)	(¹)	2.1	2.6	2.5
Joliet		98.4	98.4	l g	(1)	(¹)	4.8	4.9	4.9
Kankakee		33.4	33.4		()	(')	1.1 7.7	1.1	1.1 8.6
Lake County		199.9	200.2		(1)	(1)		8.7	5.4
Peoria		140.8 129.7	140.7	()	(1)	(1)	4.7 3.9	5.5 4.0	
Rockford		99.9	129.9 99.5	0 0	(¹) (¹)	(1)	2.3	2.6	3.9 2.5
ndiana	2,320.0	2,400.0	2,408.4	7.9	7.9	7.7	89.1	102.0	98.4
Anderson		49.3	49.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.2	1.4	1.3
Bloomington		55.0	56.3	(2)	(2)	(2)	1.7	2.1	2.0
Eikhart-Goshen		103.4	103.8	(2)	(2)	(2)	2.4	2.8	2.7
Evansville		129.0	128.9	2.2	2.1	2.0	6.6	6.6	6.4
Fort Wayne		193.2	193.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	8.2	9.1	8.8
Gary-Hammond		230.5	231.2	(2)	(2)	(2)	10.3	12.6	12.3
Indianapolis		627.6	628.2	l `´ .8l	.8	8. ``	27.7	30.6	29.9
Lafayette-West Lafayette	1	66.3	67.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.5	3.5	3.5
Muncie		52.4	52.7	(2)	(²)	(2)	1.7	1.9	1.8
South Bend-Mishawaka		116.4	116.0	(2)	(²)	(²)	4.5	5.5	5.4
Terre Haute	53.5	53.0	53.5	.4	.3	.3	1.6	1.9	1.7
owa	1,115.7	1,158.4	1,165.4	1.7	1.9	1.8	27.5	32.0	30.1
Cedar Rapids	87.0	89.5	89.5	1 .11	.1	.1	2.7	2.8	2.7
Des Moines	208.8	216.5	215.7	(1)	(1)	(¹)	5.8	6.0	5.5
Dubuque	41.1	41.6	41.7	(1)	(¹)	(¹)	.8	.9	.9
Sioux City		52.2	52.2	(¹) ·	(')	(¹)	1.6	1.5	1.5
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	62.2	63.9	65.0	(')	(')	(¹)	1.4	1.8	1.8
(ansas		1,030.5	1,038.2	10.7	9.7	9.4	35.4	36.8	35.3
Topeka		88.8	89.5	(')	(¹)	(¹)	2.8	2.9	2.8
Wichita	228.0	235.8	236.8	2.1	2.0	1.9	7.9	8.1	8.2
Centucky		1,369.7	1,373.2	37.4	34.7	34.2	55.5	59.0	57.2
Lexington-Fayette		189.8	194.4	.3	.2	.2	10.1	11.2	11.1
Louisville		451.0	449.8	.7	1.0	1.0	20.0	20.2	19.5
Owensboro	33.2	33.9	33.8	.7	.5	.5	1.9	1.8	1.8
oulsiana		1,498.0	1,500.3	56.1	57.3	56.8	76.7	83.3	82.6
Alexandria		45.1	45.0	.2	.2	.2	1.9	1.8	1.7
Baton Rouge		218.4	221.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	21.3	23.4	22.9
Houma-Thibodaux		53.2	53.4	5.8	5.7	5.8	1.7	1.8	1.8
Lafayette		84.4	84.7	11.2	11.3	11.3	3.0	3.3	3.4
Monroe		53.6	53.7	.4	.4	.4	2.3	2.1	2.0
New Orleans		515.9	516.7	15.2	15.3	15.2 3.0	21.3	22.0	21.8
Shreveport	128.8	128.4	128.0	3.2	3.0	3.0	5.7	6.1	6.0
faine Lewiston-Auburn		515.2 40.6	515.5 40.4	.1	.2	.2	28.1 2.0	31.8 2.1	30.4 2.1
		128.6	128.3	(1)	(')	(0)	8.2	8.3	8.1
Portland									

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

<b>6</b> 0.0 mg	M	lanufacturing			nsportation a aublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Georgia	576.1	566.6	566.0	177.8	186.2	186.8	709.0	767.1	767.5
Athens	15.0	15.0	15.1	1.7	1.8	1.8	13.6	14.4	14.7
Atlanta	189.5	178.2	177.5	117.9	122.0	122,2	389.3	409.6	410.7
Augusta	36.0	36.5	36.3	5.1	4.4	4,4	34.2	35.1	34.9
	20.3	20.7	20.6	3.5	3.5	3.6	19.8		20.4
Columbus								20.5	
Macon-Warner Robins	18.2	18.4	18.4	5.1	5.3	5.3	27.4	27.2	27.2
Savannah	17.2	17.7	17.5	9.6	9.7	9.6	24.8	26.1	26.0
awaii	22.0	22.4	22.3	37.4	39.0	38.9	124.7	128.3	128.3
Honolulu	16.4	16.7	16.6	30.6	32.0	32.0	97.6	100.2	100.1
laho	55.3	58.6 13.6	57.6 13.7	17.7	18.4	18.3	82.8	87.3	86.1
Boise City	12.0	13.6		5.1	5.3	5.4	22.4	24.4	24.0
inois	961.5 37.3	975.5 38.1	976.6 38.0	300.2 3.0	301.0 3.0	299.9 3.0	1,223.9 37.0	1,269.3 39.1	1,268.8 38.3
Aurora-Elgin									
Bloomington-Normal	4.2	7.1	7.1	2.7	2.7	2.7	13.1	13.0	13.1
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	8.2	8.6	8.6	2.3	2.3	2.3	20.1	20.2	20.0
Chicago	561.7	564.7	565.2	187.6	187.4	187.5	759.5	778.3	772.0
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	32.1	32.4	32.5	8.0	7.9	7.9	42.5	42.8	42.8
Decatur	13.7	13.6	13.6	5.1	5.1	5.2	11.4	11,7	11.0
Joliet	18.7	19.2	19.3	8.4	8.3	8.3	22.8	23.0	22.9
Kankakee	5.0	5.4	5.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	8.3	8.3	8.3
Lake County	43.4	43.6	43.7	6.9	7.2	7.1	52.7	57.2	56.7
Peoria	32.2	34.2	34.2	7.0	7.1	7.1	33.3	33.7	33.6
Rockford	45.0	45.6	45.3	4.9	5.1	5.1	28.4	28.7	28.6
Springfield	3.8	3.9	3.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	22.3	22.2	22.0
diana	621.3	634.3	635.1	120.1	124.8	124.8	542.6	573.1	569.9
Anderson	16.8	17.2	17.1	1,4	1.4	1.4	10.8	11.3	11.2
Bloomington	9.2	10.4	10.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	11.6	12.1	12.2
	53.9	56.3	56.8	2.7	2.8	2.8	17.8		18.6
Elkhart-Goshen								18.7	
Evansville	30.3	30.9	30.8	6.5	6.6	6.6	32.6	34.1	33.8
Fort Wayne	51.9	52.8	52.9	12.2	12.7	12.8	45.6	48.4	47.9
Gary-Hammond	55.8	57.0	57.0	15.2	15.5	15.4	51.5	54.9	54.8
Indianapolis	105.7	106.1	105.8	37.4	38.9	38.9	154.7	162.9	161.9
Lafayette-West Lafayette	12.1	12.7	12.5	1.9	1.9	1.9	13.1	13.4	13.1
Muncie	10.9	11,1	11.0	2.4	2.4	2.4	12.4	12.9	12.8
South Bend-Mishawaka	23.8	23.3	23.2	5.1	5.3	5.3	28.8	30.5	30.0
Terre Haute	10.1	9.9	9.9	2.8	3.0	3.0	14.3	14.7	14.6
Owa	220.1	231.2	230.5	52.3	54.7	54.6	279.0	297.0	296.1
Cedar Rapids	22.8	23.8	23.6	5.4	5.4	5.5	20.7	21.4	21.2
Des Moines	25.2	26.4	25.6	12.2	12.4	12.4	53.9	57.1	56.4
Dubuque	11.9	12.1	12.0	1.6	1.7	1.7	9.5	9.8	9.7
Sioux City	9.6	10.2	10.3	3.1	3.3	3.3	12.9	13.5	13.3
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	14.2	15.4	15.4	1.7	1.8	1.8	14.6	15.4	15.4
Cansas	179.3	182.0	182.9	62.9	64.3	64.4	251.7	257.7	256.7
Topeka	9.0	8.9	9.1	6.6	6.8	6.8	20.7	21.4	21.4
Wichita	60.4	63.0	63.1	10.7	11.3	11.3	53.0	54.0	53.5
entucky	268.0	279.4	279.1	71.4	74.4	74.7	316.8	330.7	327.7
Lexington-Fayette	30.8	34.0	33.9	8.1	8.4	8.2	40.8	42.4	42.7
Louisville	86.9	88.6	87.6	27.7	28.5	28.7	108.7	111.2	109.8
Owensboro	5.7	6.1	6.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	8.5	8.8	8.5
oulsiana	167.0	170.0	168.8	105.8	107.8	108.9	353.6	359.6	357.€
Alexandria	3.4	3.3	3.3	2.1	2.1	2.1	10.6	10.8	10.7
	19.1	19.2	19.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	50.5	53.4	53.6
Baton Rouge									
Houma-Thibodaux	4.2	4.3	4.3	6.0	6.1	6.1	13.4	13.4	13.
Lafayette	6.9	7.0	6.9	5.7	6.1	6.1	22.6	23.1	23.
Monroe	7.4	7.5	7.4	2.9	3.0	2.7	14.1	13.7	13.
New Orleans	43.1	42.8	42.7	43.6	44.1	44.3	131.4	133.7	134.
Shreveport	17.8	17.3	17.2	8.0	8.3	8.3	31.2	31.6	31.4
laine	107.3	109.3	108.1	20.0	21.2	21.0	119.9	124.5	122.2
Lewiston-Auburn	10.4	9.8	9.9	1.4	1.4	1.4	9.6	10.4	10.
	16.7	17.8	17.6	5.4	5.0	5.0	36.4	39.1	38.3
Portland									

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Olivio de		ance, insurar nd real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Georgia	157.5	162.8	163.7	552.4	579.8	586.8	490.5	511.2	513.8
Athens	1.9	1.9	2.0	9.7	10.4	10.4	19.5	19.8	20.2
Atlanta		104.2	104.4	325.3	339.4	343.9	200.3	207.7	209.€
Augusta	4.8	5.6	5.7	32.3	32.8	32.9	34.3	34.0	34.2
Columbus	6.6	6.4	6.5	16.6	17.4	17.5	20.8	20.6	20.€
Macon-Warner Robins		7.8	7.8	22.2	23.4	23.4	33.1	34.1	34.2
Savannah	4.5	4.5	4.5	24.8	24.9	24.8	15.9	16.3	16.3
-lawaii	34.3	35.1	35.4	130.6	134.9	135.9	99.4	98.7	101.8
Honolulu	28.8	29.4	29.7	98.2	100.5	101.5	83.7	82.5	85.4
daho	18.9	19.2	19.2	69.6	73.2	73.8	74.8	74.9	76.8
Boise City	7.5	7.6	7.5	19.1	20.5	20.5	17.6	18.5	18.8
Hinois		368.7	368.1	1,200.1	1,226.2	1,228.1	739.6	733.2	740.1
Aurora-Elgin		8.6	8.7	30.4	32.5	32.4	15.6	15.4	15.7
Bloomington-Normal		10.0	10.0	12.8	13.2	13.3	13.3	13.0	13.3
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul		3.5	3.5	16.0	16.3	16.3	36.2	31.8	36.2
Chicago		269.4	268.7	799.0	819.4	822.8	366.1	367.2	371.9
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline		8.2	8.2	32.7	33.0	33.0	27.0	26.8	27.
Decatur	2.3	2.2	2.2	11.3	11.5	11.6	5.5	5.4	5.0
Joliet	3.7	3.8	3.7	21.4	21.8	21.9	16.6	17.1	17.
Kankakee		1.5	1.5	9.0	9.1	9.1	6.7	6.7	6.
Lake County	7.1	7.1	7.1	40.5	44.1	44.4	29.8	31.6	32.2
Peoria	7.2	7.4	7.4	35.6	36.5	36.5	16.3	16.4	16.
Rockford	5.2	5.3	5.3	29.0	29.1	29.5	12.4	11.9	12.
Springfield	7.9	7.9	7.9	25.2	25.4	25.4	32.0	33.0	33.0
ndiana		119.7	119.9	461.8	474.1	479.4	360.9	364.1	373.
Anderson		1.6	1.6	10.2	9.9	10.0	5.9	6.3	6.4
Bloomington	2.0	2.0	2.1	8.3	8.7	9.1	18.2	18.1	18.
Elkhart-Goshen	2.5	2.7	2.7	13.4	14.2	14.2	5.8	5.9	5.9
Evansville	5.1	5.3	5.3	29.3	30.8	30.9	12.2	12.6	13.2
Fort Wayne	12.1	12.4	12.5	37.8	39.4	39.7	18.2	18.4	18.0
Gary-Hammond	8.1	8.3	8.3	49.2	50.5	51.4	31.2	31.8	32.
Indianapolis	46.5	48.2	47.9	137.8	145.1	146.1	92.2	95.1	96.
Lafayette-West Lafayette	3.0	3.1	3.2	11.5	11.6	11.6	21.3	20.0	21.3
Muncie	1.6	1.6	1.6	10.6	10.9	10.9	11.7	11.7	12.2
South Bend-Mishawaka	5.9	6.1	6.1	32.6	33.9	34.1	11.6	11.7	11.7
Terre Haute	1,9	2.0	2.0	11.4	11.3	11.3	10.9	10.0	10.8
owa	64.8	66.9	66.9	253.9	264.4	267.2	216.4	210.3	218.2
Cedar Rapids	4.6	4.8	4.8	20.3	21.7	21.9	10.4	9.6	9.8
Des Moines	27.9	30.2	30.3	52.9	54.5	54.6	30.7	29.7	30.7
Dubuque	1.4	1.4	1.4	12.3	12.3	12.5	3.5	3.3	3.4
Sioux City		2.5	2.5	13.9	14.6	14.7	6.5	6.6	6.6 13.0
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	2.9	2.8	2.8	14.6	14.7	14.8	12.8	12.0	13.0
Cansas		57.6	57.6	206.9	214.2	216.4	207.4	208.2	215.5
Topeka		6.5 10.7	6.5 10.8	20.7 55.6	20.6 57.6	20.7 58.4	21.2 27.3	21.8 29.1	22.2 29.6
Centucky	58.3	57.7	57.7	283.0	293.6	295.0	246.3	240.2	247.6
Lexington-Fayette		9.3	9.3	42.4	41.4	41.8	40.7	42.9	47.5
Louisville		25.7	25.7	106.5	113.7	114.7	61.4	62.1	62.8
Owensboro		1.4	1.4	7.6	7.8	7.8	5.3	5.4	5.5
ouisiana	82.8	81.6	81.1	324.5	327.1	328.3	316.9	311.3	316.2
Alexandria		2.5	2.5	10.9	11.6	11.5	12.9	12.8	13.0
Baton Rouge		13.6	13.6	44.8	46.0	45.9	55.3	51.3	54.0
Houma-Thibodaux		2.2	2.2	8.9	9.3	9.4	10.6	10.4	10.4
Lafayette		3.5	3.5	17.7	17.9	17.9	12.7	12.2	12.
Monroe		4.2	4.4	11.6	12.0	12.0	11.7	10.7	11.4
New Orleans		33.9	33.7	135.8	137.7	138.5	86.7	86.4	86.4
Shreveport		6.4	6.4	30.4	30.4	30.2	25.7	25.3	25.
laine	24.7	25.5	25.5	107.2	112.0	112.9	93.0	90.7	95.2
Lewiston-Auburn	2.2	2.3	2.3	10.3	10.5	10.4	4.0	4.1	4.
Portland	11.7	11.7	11.7	28.3	30.6	30.8	15.8		16.8

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	onstruction	1
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Maryland	2,034.4	2,078.1	2,084.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	145.9	152.7	150.7
Baltimore MSA	1,087.6	1,102.8	1,107.8	.3	.3	.3	68.3	70.5	70.4
Baltimore City	457.6	463.3	466.0	(¹)	(')	(')	17.6	18.2	18.2
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	729.5	749.0	753.1	.5	.4	.4	62.5	64.3	63.7
Massachusetts	3,053.9	3,094.3	3,104.9	1.4	1.4	1.2	124.6	134.3	130.1
Boston	1,718.6	1,746.0	1,754.0	.8	.9	.9	64.0	68.6	66.9
Brockton	72.4	74.1	74.3		()	(2)	3.5	3.7	3.7
Fall River	54.8	54.9	54.7	( )	(1)	(1)	2.1	2.7	2.6
Fitchburg-Leominster	40.7 162.1	40.7 163.8	40.9 164.4		(0)	(1)	2.1 7.3	2.3 7.3	2.3 7.3
Lowell	107.2	110.0	109.7	(')	.1	(')	4.6	5.2	5.1
New Bedford	66.5	68.3	68.0	(¹)	(b) .''	(¹)	2.7	3.3	3.1
Springfield	238.6	240.1	240.7	.1	.1		8.6	9.8	9.5
Worcester	203.2	210.6	212.1		.i		8.9	10.1	9.6
lichigan	3,713.8	3,808.2	3,811.3	9.8	10.4	10.5	107.7	123.8	118.4
Ann Arbor	168.8	173.7	175.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4.8	5.3	5.1
Battle Creek	56.9	58.1	58.6	l ö l	(i)	ČÓ	1.4	1.5	1.4
Benton Harbor	63.7	65.1	65.2	(i)	(i)	Č)	1.2	1.3	1.2
Detroit	1,847.6	1,905.8	1,901.3	.7	.8	.8	53.0	59.3	56.8
Flint	160.2	161.3	164.0	(1)	(1)	(')	4.4	4.8	4.8
Grand Rapids	320.0	330.8	332.3	(')	(¹)	(¹)	14.0	15.9	15.5
Jackson	52.1	53.3	53.7	(')	(1)	(1)	1.2	1.4	1.4
Kalamazoo	106.2	109.2	110.1	(1)	(1)	(')	3.0	3.3	3.2
Lansing-East Lansing	206.4	213,1	211.6	O I	(1)	(9)	4.9	6.1	5.7
Muskegon	56.3 149.5	56.4 154.8	56.1 154.2	()	()	(¹) (¹)	2.0 5.9	2.1 6.7	2.0 6.4
							}		
Minnesota	1,956.5 88.4	2,013.2 89.8	2,019.7 89.7	5.8 4.3	6.4 4.8	6.1 4.5	61.0 2.4	64.0 2.5	62.3 2.5
Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,285.0	1,317.9	1,322.4	(')	(')	(¹)	43.2	45.2	43.6
Rochester	57.2	61.2	61.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.7	1.7	1.7
St. Cloud	70.0	73.0	73.6	(2)	(²)	(²)	2.5	3.1	2.9
Mississippi Jackson	874.7 177.4	897.4 181.7	899.5 181.8	6.2 .9	6.0 .9	6.1 .9	30.8 8.1	33.0 8.1	32.8 7.9
							}		
Missouri	2,181.8	2,219.1	2,223.6	4.9	4.7	4.6	83.2	81.9	79.0
Kansas City	738.3	753.0	754.4	.5	.6	.5	30.1	30.4	29.6
St. Louis	1,113.2	1,134.2	1,132.6	3.1	3.1	3.1	48.6	47.0	43.7
Springfield	109.2	111.8	112.6	.1	.1	.1	4.0	3.9	3.8
Montana	270.2	274.5	273.7	5.8	5.7	5.9	5.9	6.8	6.4
Nebraska	668.6	693.4	697.6	1.4	1.3	1.3	20.1	22.7	22.1
Lincoln	113.5 301.1	117.5 312.4	119.5 313.1	(¹) .2	(¹) .2	(¹) .2	3.5 10.0	3.8 10.7	3.7 10.2
Nevada	513.4	550.4	552.5	9.7	12.0	12.1	30.6	39.0	39.1
Las Vegas	295.4	318.5	319.5	.2	.2	.2	19.6	25.2	25.6
Reno	132.1	137.2	137.9	1.0	1.3	1.3	6.5	7.6	7.4
New Hampshire	513.1	529.0	527.4	.5	.6	.6	31.5	30.8	29.9
Manchester	84.5	85.2	85.1	(²)	(²)	(²)	5.2	5.6	5.5
Nashua Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	94.2 106.8	95.8 111.5	95.0 110.7	.1	.1 .t	.1 .2	4.5 5.4	4.5 5.6	4.2 5.3
		ĺ					1		
New Jersey	3,555.4	3,612.1	3,612.5	2.1	2.3	2.4	150.1	162.4	157.0
Atlantic City	154.9	161.5	162.3	(1)	(')	(¹)	8.7	10.1	10.0
Bergen-Passaic	660.8	672.6 436.4	671.6	.1	.2	.2	29.4 20.7	31.0	30.4
Camden	422.7		434.4	.1	.1	.1		22.5	21.6 6.8
Jersey City	240.5 514.7	243.6 531.7	244.5 531.5	(')	(¹) .6	(')	6.8 21.1	6,8 22.1	21.9
	312.9	323.0		.6		.6	18.3	20.4	20.0
Monmouth-Ocean	942.9	952.7	320.9 952.0	(1)	(')	(¹) .7	35.0	37.6	36.2
Trenton	192.8	198.1	197.1	(')	.7 (¹)	(¹)	4.5	5.1	4.7
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	55.6	57.8	58.1	.4	.4	(')	1.9	2.1	2.1
	. 33.6	3/.0	. 30.1						

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chata and area	N	lanufacturing			nsportation a ublic utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Maryland	207.5	207.7	207,7	92.5	95.2	94.7	516.9	528.2	525.
Baltimore MSA	133.4	131.5	132.0	52.6	54.7	54.3	265.3	270.3	269.
Baltimore City	44.5	44.9	45.0	27.2	27.8	27.5	93.8	94.4	94.6
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	35.0	36.1	35.9	26.6	28.2	28.3	196.7	201.9	200.0
Massachusetts	587.2	581.2	579.4	132.3	134.3	134.6	712.8	724.5	717.8
Boston	270.3	268.2	267.2	75.5	76.3	76.6	385.7	391.3	385.4
Brockton	11.0	11.1	11.2	5.3	5.0	5.0	21.9	22.7	22.
Fall River	16.9	15.1	15.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	13.9	14.2	14.0
Fitchburg-Leominster	12.0	12.1	12,1	1.7	1.5	1.5	10.1	10.2	10.
Lawrence-Haverhill	50.2	49.2	48.7	6.7	7.0	7.1	35.7	37.3	36.8
Lowell	36.8	36.6	36.3	4.6	5.5	5.4	22.8	24.0	24.
New Bedford	19.7	16.6	18.5	2.8	2.9	2.9	16.0	16.4	16.
Springfield	51.0	50.7	50.6	9.7	10.2	10,3	56.1	57.4	56.
Worcester	44.7	45.5	45.8	9.3	9.8	9.6	49.2	51.9	51.
dichigan	936.8	950.9	947.2	150.3	151.7	150,3	853.1	892.7	883.
Ann Arbor	38.4	38.9	39.1	4,4	4,2	4,1	29.1	31.3	31.
Battle Creek	15.0	15.5	15.4	1.8	1.8	1.8	11.3	12.1	12.
Benton Harbor	22.4	22.4	22.3	2.2	2.3	2.3	12.7	13.6	13.
Detroit	452.5	466.8	463.7	85.9	85.0	84.2	433.4	454.5	450.
Flint	48.4	47.2	49.5	4.1	3.9	4.0	42.2	44.3	44.
Grand Rapids	98.9	99.0	99.2	11.3	11.6	11.8	82.3	87.1	86.
Jackson	13.3	14.0	14.0	4.2	4.2	4.2	11.6	12.1	12.
Kalamazoo	29.9	30.6	30.5	3.2	3.2	3.2	23.5	25.0	25.
Lansing-East Lansing	32.4	33.4	30.5	5.4	5.3	5.2	43,1	46.3	45.
Muskegon	17.1 42.3	16.5 43.8	16.3 43.1	2.3 6.6	2.3 8.9	2.3 6.8	12.7 35.0	13.2 35.9	13. 35.
	!	43.0	3	6.0	0.9	0.0	35.0	33.5	35.
Minnesota	380.7 7.4	394.1 7.9	393.7 7.8	99.3 5.5	102.5 5.4	102.9 5.4	487.0 21.7	504.7 22.0	502. 21.
Minneapolis-St. Paul	258.1	265.3	265.4	69.3	71.8	72.0	318.6	330.4	328.
Rochester	10.5	11.2	11.2	1.7	1.8	1.8	11.6	12.7	12.
St. Cloud	12.4	13.2	13.2	3.8	3.7	3.8	20.9	21.9	21.
fississippi	235.4	239.2	240.1	42.3	44.0	44.0	183.4	191.0	189.
Jackson	20.4	20.9	20.7	12.9	13.2	13.2	41.7	42.5	42.
dissouri	426.5	432.6	431.0	144.0	146.4	146.1	527.9	546.3	541.
Kansas City	112,1	110.4	110.2	60.0	62.1	62.2	191.8	198.0	195.
St. Louis	219.2	226.6	225.5	73.1	74.5	74.1	268.9	277.1	274.
Springfield	21.0	21.5	21.3	6.6	6.9	6.9	30.9	31.5	31.
Jontana	20.4	21.1	21.0	19.0	19.2	19.0	69.8	72.1	70.
lebraska	91.3	97.4	97.4	43.1	46.7	46.5	171.7	180,4	179.
Lincoln	13.6	15.1	15.3	5.9	6.5	6.4	26.7	27.0	27.
Omaha	34.1	34.9	34.9	23.1	25.4	25.6	75.9	79.5	78.
levada	24.6	25.6	25.8	28.1	29.5	29.6	105.0	111.5	111.
Las Vegas	9.2	9.8	9.9	15.8	16.7	16.8	62.6	65.6	65
Reno	8.8	8.8	8.9	9.2	9.4	9.4	30.0	32.4	32.
lew Hampshire	118.9	120.1	119.4	17.6	17.8	17.7	129.4	136.0	134.
Manchester	12.4	11.6	11.6	5.2	5.5	5.5	23.3	23.8	23
Nashua	36.5	36.7	36.6	2.5	2.7	2.7	22.2	22.3	21
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	20.8	21.2	21.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	26.5	28.8	28.
lew Jersey	664.0	656.5	658.0	238.4	241.7	241.3	850.0	863.7	856
Atlantic City	8.6	8.1	8.2	6.4	6.7	6.6	31.4	32.6	32
Bergen-Passaic	157.4	155.7	156.0	28.0	27.9	27.8	189.2	193.0	191.
Camden	71.8	73.4	73.0	19.1	20.2	20.1	114.7	119.0	117
Jersey City	44.6	44.0	44.9	32.4	32.7	33.5	60.8	61.3	60
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	114.7	115.5	115.4	42.2	44.2	44.2	123.7	128.0	126
Monmouth-Ocean	29.1	29.6	29.8	17.2	18.4	18.4	84.0	85.4	83
Newark	176.3				80.0				
		173.6	173.4	80.5		79.4	192.7	195.1	193.
Trenton	31.1	31.4	31.0	6.4	6.6	6.5	31.1	32.2	32.
	14.6	14.6	14.8	2.2	2.3	2.3	11.3	12.3	12

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		nce, insurar id real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	<b>Ja</b> n. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Maryland	127.2	130.4	130.3	544.4	559.8	564.5	398.4	402.4	410.0
Baltimore MSA	76.5	77.2	77.4	286.0	291.8	295.3	205.2	206.5	208.6
Baltimore City	45.2	45.8	45.8	139.6	141.5	143.4	89.9	90.7	91.5
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	42.3	43.9	43.9	211.4	216.9	218.0	154.5	157.3	162.
Massachusetts	220.0	227.3	227.3	867.9	885.5	906.4	407.7	405.8	408.
Boston	151.3	156.5	156.1	565.8	575.0	591.6	205.2	209.2	209.
Brockton	3.2	3.4	3.4	15.2	15.8	16.1	12.3	12.4	12.
Fall River	3.1	3.4	3.4	10.1	10.7	10.7	6.8	6.9	7.
Fitchburg-Leominster	1.7	1.7	1.7	8.2	8.1	8.2	4.9	4.8	4.
Lawrence-Haverhill	6.4	6.7	6.7	34.3	34.8	35.4	21.5	21.5	22.
Lowell	3.9	3.9	4.0	20.4	20.9	20.9	13.9	13.8	13.
New Bedford	2.5	2.5	2.5	13.0	13.9	14.0	9.8	10.7	10.
Springfield	15.8	15.4	15.4	57.9	58.1	59.6	39.4	38.4	38.
Worcester	14.2	14.8	14.9	51.7	53.7	55.4	25.1	24.9	25.
Alchigan	183.4	186.0	185.3	834.8	857.0	862.3	637.8	635.7	654.
Ann Arbor	4.7	4.9	4.9	33.6	35.9	35.9	53.7	53.2	55.
Battle Creek	3.4	3.5	3.5	12.1	12.1	12.3	11.8	11.6	12.
Benton Harbor	2.5	2.5	2.5	13.9	14.3	14.4	8.7	8.5	8.
Detroit	108.6	110.0	109.6	467.5	481.3	482.8	245.8	248.0	253.
Flint	5.8	5.9	5.9	31.6	31.8	32.0	23.7	23.4	23.
Grand Rapids	15.0	15.4	15.4	68.1	69.3	71.2	32.2	32.1	32.
Jackson	1.9	1.9	1.9	9.7	9.9	10.0	9.9	9.7	10.
Kalamazoo	4.8	5.0	5.0	23.5	24.2	24.5	18.3	17.9	18.
Lansing-East Lansing	12.2	12.7	12.8	38.3	41.0	41.0	69.7	67.9	70.
Muskegon	1.4 6.1	1.4 6.3	1.3 6.2	11.5 32.0	11.7 34.1	11.8 34.5	9.2 21.3	9.2 20.9	9. 21.
Minnesota	118.3 3.1	119.1 3.1	119.1 3.1	477.7 21.8	491.8 22.0	494.3 22.1	326.7 22.3	330.7 22.0	339. 22.
Minneapolis-St. Paul	91.9	93.3	93.3	325.4	332.1	334.5	178.1	179.5	184.
Rochester	1.5	1.6	1.5	24.0	25.9	26.0	6.3	6.3	6.
St. Cloud	2.2	2.2	2.2	15.1	15.4	15.7	13.3	13.5	13.
Mississippi	38.4	38.9	38.9	141.3	145.8	146.7	196.9	199.5	201.
Jackson	14.4	14.7	14.6	38.9	40.6	41.0	40.1	40.8	41.
Missouri	134.1	134.2	134.7	507.3	517.3	522.8	353.9	355.7	364.
Kansas City	58.4	58.4	58.4	172.9	178.5	180.6	112.5	114.6	117.
St. Louis	74.8	74.7	74.9	283.8	290.8	294.2	141.7	140.4	142.
Springfield	5.0	5.1	5.1	27.3	28.7	29.1	14.3	14.1	14.
Montana	13.3	13.3	13.2	64.9	65.9	66.4	71.1	70.4	71.
Nebraska	47.1	48.6	48.5	155.2	160.1	161.8	138.7	136.2	140.
Lincoln	8.1	8.4	8.4	24.9	26.7	27.2	30.8	30.0	31.
Omaha	28.3	29.1	29.1	83.1	85.9	87.3	46.4	46.7	46.
Nevada	23.6	25.2	25.3	225.1	238.8	238.3	66.7	68.8	71.
Las VegasReno	14.7 6.7	16.1 6.8	16.2 6.8	139.4 53.0	149.6 54.2	148.8 54.5	33.9 16.9	35.3 16.7	36. 17.
New Hampshire	31.4	32.1	32.1	115.2	120.0	120.6	68.6	71.6	72.
Manchester	8.1	8.1	8.2	21.6	21.7	21.7	8.7	8.9	9.
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	3.7 6.7	3.6 7.1	3.6 7.1	17.7 19.2	18.7 19.9	18.9 20.0	7.0 25.2	7.2 25.8	7. 25.
				ŀ		ì			
New Jersey	230.2	238.4	238.1	870.8	892.7	896.8	549.8	554.4	562
Atlantic City	7.3	7.4	7.4	67.4	71.6	72.3	25.0	24.9	25
Bergen-Passaic	38.0	40.1	39.9	150.2	154.4	155.2	68.5	70.3	70
Camden	24.4	25.5	25.6	100.6	103.2	103.8	71.3	72.5	72
Jersey City	13.1	13.8	13.6	42.3	43.1	42.8	40.5	41.9	42
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	36.3	38.3	38.1	105.0	110.5	110.8	71.1	72.5	73
Monmouth-Ocean	18.1	18.6	18.6	84.6	88.5	88.5	61.5	62.0	62
Newark	77.8	79.5	79.3	244.7	249.3	250.3	135.3	136.9	138.
Trenton	9.6	9.9	9.9	55.3	56.8	57.2	54.8	56.1	55
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	3.4	3.5	3.5	10.1	10.6	10.7	11.7	12.0	12

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^o	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
New Mexico	530.4	538.8	543.7	15.1	15.4	15.1	28.3	27.9	27.6
Albuquerque	231.3	234.7	236.9	.2	.1	.1	13.9	14.0	14.0
Las Cruces	40.1	40.7	41.4	.1	.il	[1]	2.0	2.1	2.2
Santa Fe	53.9	54.4	54.3	[	.1	.1	2.2	2.2	2.2
New York	8,017.0	8,115.0	8,142.2	5.0	5.2	5.2	295.0	312.3	306.8
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	403.7	412.8	415.4	.3	.3	.3	16.1	17.9	17.6
Binghamton	121.2	122.7	122.6	(')	(')	(1)	4.4	5.2	5.0
Buffalo	432.6	438.7	439.4	.3	.2	.2	13.2	14.0	13.5
Elmira	38.6	40.4	40.6	(')	(1)	(1)	1.3	1.6	1.4
Nassau-Suffolk	1,113.4	1,131.6	1,131.4	.2	.2	.2	53.2	55.6	55.1
New York PMSA	4,086.8	4,097.3	4,105.7	1.1	1.0	1.0	143.3	146.2	145.9
New York City	3,571.8	3,573.1	3,585.2	.6	.5	.5	113.9	116.9	116.9
Niagara Falls	78.5	80.5	80.8	(')	(1)	(1)	2.5	2.7	2.6
Orange County	101.2	105.5	105.3	(i)	(1)	(1)	4.6	5.4	5.2
Poughkeepsie	117.1	118.8	120.1	(²)	(2)	(²)	6.0	6.5	6.4
Rochester	465.6	480.9	482.8	.7	.6	.6	15.5	16.7	16.3
Rockland County	96.4	99.4	99.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.4	4.3	4.3
Syracuse	296.3	302.6	304.6	.1	.1[	.1	12.2	13.4	12.9
Utica-Rome	119.8	124.0	125.2	.1	.1	.1	2.9	3.1	2.9
Westchester County	400.7	406.6	403.0	.2	.2	.2	23.7	23.6	23.4
North Carolina	2,911.3	2,984.5	2,996.3	4.7	5.0	5.0	154.3	157.9	157.9
Asheville	78.2	79.7	79.8	.1	.1	.1	3.9	4.1	4.1
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	585.7	598.7	602.6	.3	.3	.4]	34.8	36.1	36.7
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	480.3	483.3	483.8	.3	.3	.3	23.8	24.1	23.8
Raleigh-Durham	389.7	393.4	398.8	.3	.3	.3	20.9	20.9	21.0
North Dakota	248.3	253.2	253.3	4.0	3.8	3.7	6.8	7.4	7.0
Bismarck	35.9	37.4	37.5	.2]	.2	.2	1.0	1.1	1.1
Fargo-Moorhead	71.0	73.3	73.6	(1)	(')	(1)	2.5	2.8	2.7
Grand Forks	29.7	30.1	30.5	(')	(1)	(')	1.0	.9	.9
Ohio	4,549.1	4,669.0	4,672.3	18.9	18.9	18.7	150.4	167.0	162.4
Akron	264.7	268.3	274.7	.6	.7	.6	7.8	8.6	8.3
Canton	154.7	160.0	159.3	.9	.9	.9	4.7	5.5	5.4
Cincinnati	676.6	703.5	703.8	.4	.5	.5	26.5	30.1	29.3
Cleveland	880.1	902.1	902.7	1.0	1.1	1.0	23.2	24.5	24.0
Columbus	659.2	681.7	682.5	.9	.9	.9	24.4	26.5	26.1
Dayton-Springfield	426.0 276.1	438.2 286.6	438.7	.4 .2	.3	.3	14.2	16.9	16.1
Toledo Youngstown-Warren	187.7	193.4	285.6 193.0	.6	.2 .6	.2 .6	8.5 5.6	10.0 6.4	9.6 6.1
Oklahoma	1,116.8	1,125.1	1,127.7	45.4	44.2	43.3	32.9	31.1	31.3
Enid	21.6	21.4	21.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	.6	.6	.7
Lawton	33.8	33.4	33.4	.3	3	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2
Oklahoma City	404.3	405.1	407.0	12.0	10.8	10.4	11.9	10.7	10.2
Tulsa	292.2	297.0	296.3	14.2	14.3	14.3	9.0	8.6	8.6
Oregon	1,113.2	1,157.6	1,160.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	33.4	37.4	36.4
Eugene-Springfield	106.9	110.2	110.8	.2	.2	.2	3.0	3.2	3.2
Portland	564.4	584.7	587.0	(²)	(²)	(2)	18.8	20.4	19.8
Salem	96.9	99.2	100.0	.1		.1	3.0	3.3	3.4
Pennsylvania	4,922.9	4,990.6	5,015.1	28.5	28.0	27.6	194.9	211.8	209.0
Allentown-Bethlehem	270.9	274.8	277.3	.5	.5	.5	12.1	13.5	13.2
Altoona	50.1	50.2	50.4	(²)	(²)	(²)	2.0	2.0	1.9
Beaver County	48.4	48.2	48.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	1.9	1.4	1.4
Erie	111.0	114.6	114.0	.2	.2	.2	2.6	2.8	2.7
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	293.2	299.0	299.1	.3	.3	.3	11.7	11.7	11.5
Johnstown	76.9	78.9	78.8	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.1	2.2	2.1
Lancaster	179.5	184.0	185.5	.3	.4	.4	10.4	11.1	11.0
		0.407.0 [		4.0	4.0	4.0	93.5	07.0	97.1
Philadelphia PMSA	2,146.6	2,167.9	2,171.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	93.5	97.6	97.1
	2,146.6 777.2	777.8	782.2	(²) 4.9	(²)	(²)	16.0	16.2	16.0

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Charles and the second	M	lanufacturing			nsportation a ublic utilities	nd	Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb.
an Maria	38.7	40.1	39.9	29,0	28.4	28.5	125.4	131.0	129
ew Mexico									
Albuquerque	20.2	20.4	20.3	12.5	12.8	12.6	58.4	81.0	60
Las Cruces	3.5	3.5	3.2	1.4	1.4	1.4	8.4	8.9	
Santa Fe	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.2	1.1	1.0	10.2	10.7	10
ew York	1,199.6	1,191.7	1,192.8	405.0	407.8	408.7	1,668.4	1,718.3	1,70
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	47.2	47.2	47,1	16.1	18.3	16.3	86.1	91.4	9
Binghamton	38.4	37.5	37.4	4.2	4.3	4.3	26.1	26.7	26
Buffalo	76.2	77.2	76.8	20.8	20.9	20.9	106.7	108.5	100
Elmira	8.3	8.7	8.8	1.4	1.4	1.4	10,2	10.6	10
Nassau-Suffolk	171.6	168.6	165.3	46.8	49.0	49.0	295.6	305.7	30
New York PMSA	446.2	433.7	437.3	241.0	241.4	241.7	746.1	756.5	74
	366.7	352.3	356.5	215.7	215.4	215.9	625.2		62
New York City								632.5	
Niagara Falls	23.5	23.9	23.7	3.4	3.6	3.5	16.2	18.7	1
Orange County	14.6	15.4	15.4	6.0	5.9	8.1	28.7	26.7	3
Poughkeepsie	30.1	29.8	29.8	3.4	3.7	3.7	21.5	22.5	1
Rochester	133.8	138.2	137.6	14.3	14.7	14.6	97.8	101.5	10
Rockland County	15.1	15.4	15.5	4.3	4.7	4.6	22.5	23.5	
Syracuse	52.2	53.4	53.3	17.7	18.5	16.5	69.1	72.9	
Jtica-Rome	24.0	25.5	25.5	4.3	4.2	4.2	25.8	26.8	
Westchester County	64.7	64.3	61.6	20.3	20.5	20.6	94.0	95.9	1
orth Carolina	865.0	868.9	868.6	143.0	147.6	148.6	655.7	685.7	6
	19.1	19.1	16.7	3.6	3.8	3.8	18.9	19.6	
Asheville					48.3				
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	155.7	154.7	155.1	48.0		47.6	142.6	148.1	1.
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	156.6	152.9	152.5	26.9	26.9	26.9	108.5	109.6	1
Raleigh-Durham	58.8	61.2	61.3	17.5	17.4	17.3	82.9	63.9	
orth Dakota	15.8	16.6	16.6	16.1	17.0	17.0	65.8	67.1	
Bismarck	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.6	2.6	2.6	9.5	9.9	
Fargo-Moorhead	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.4	4.7	4.8	20.6	21.3	
Grand Forks	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	6.2	8.7	
hio	1,092.3	1,112.2	1,107.4	205.2	208.7	208.7	1,085.9	1,133.9	1,12
Akron	65.0	66.8	66.7	12.6	12.9	12.9	65.4	68.7	,,,
	44.3	46.0	45.3	5.5	5.8	5.8	38.3	39.8	
Canton									
Cincinnati	144.8	145.4	145.0	36.9	39.1	39.2	172.0	181.9	11
Cleveland	199.3	204.4	204.7	40.0	40.6	40.6	213.1	220.4	2
Columbus	101.5	103.2	103.0	28.9	30.0	30.1	166.9	175.1	1
Dayton-Springfield	103.0	104.9	104.9	16.4	16.6	16.7	95.4	99.3	
Toledo	61.2	62.0	61.7	12.8	12.8	12.8	67.7	71.5	
Youngstown-Warren	49.6	51.1	50.6	7.3	7.5	7.6	47.7	49.9	
klahoma	159.6	163.5	163.5	61.8	61.7	61.9	266.5	272.2	2
Enid	1.6	1.5	1.4	2.1	2.2	2.2	6.2	5.9	-
Lawton	3.3	3.7	3.8	1.3	1.3	1.3	8.3	8.2	ı
Oklahoma City	47.8	48.9	49.2	19.4	19.4	19.6	98.8	101.3	1
Tulsa	49.0	49.6	49.7	22.9	23.8	23.8	69.3	70.3	
	208.0	209.0	207.4	58.7	61.5	61.9	275.7	296.1	2
regon							26.4		
Eugene-Springfield	20.2	20.4	20.0	4.1	4.3	4.3		27.8	
Portland	97.1	97.1	97.7	34.9	35.7	36.1	146.6	154.2	1
Salem	13.1	13.3	13.5	2.9	2.9	2.9	21.7	22.6	
ennsylvania	1,046.4	1,054.8	1,052.3	249.3	250.3	251.2	1,119.5	1,141.3	1,1
Allentown-Bethlehem	77.1	77.3	77.7	14.0	13.9	13.8	59.9	60.8	
Altoona	11.1	10.4	10.7	4.5	4.5	4.5	12.9	13.4	}
Beaver County	9.6	9.3	9.4	4.9	4,8	4.8	11.1	11.5	1
Erie	34.6	36.0	35.7	3.8	3.6	3.6	24.3	25.9	
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	52.0	52.1	52.0	18.3	18.4	16.4	66.6	68.2	i
	13.3	13.6	13.5	5.1	5.2	5.2	16.1	17.1	1
Johnstown									
Lancaster	59.9	59.5	59.2	7.0	7.3	7.2	42.7	44.9	۔ ا
Philadelphia PMSA	370.5	366.6	364.1	100.4	100.1	100.0	499.2	511.2	5
Philadelphia City	94.8	92.8	92.2	44.7	42.3	42.6	148.5	154.2	1
Pittsburgh	123.9	125.1	125.2	47.1	46.5	46.6	214.5	220.7	2

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

0		nce, insurar id real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb 1989
lew Mexico	26.4	27.0	27.1	125.3	129.6	130.0	142.2	139.4	14
	14.6	15.0	15.0	64.6	65.9	66.4	46.9	45.7	4
Albuquerque									
Santa Fe	1.6 2.0	1.7 1.9	1.7 1.9	6.4 14.3	6.8 14.4	6.8 14.5	16.7 22.3	16.2 22.3	1
lew York	793.6	792.4	792.8	2,216.5	2,252.7	2,276.1	1,433.7	1,436.6	1,45
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	23.3	24.7	24.7	101.9	103.4	104.7	112.8	111.6	11:
Binghamton	4.1	4.4	4.3	22.5	23.0	23.0	21.6	21.5	2
Buffalo	27.4	28.4	28.5	113.0	114.4	115.7	75.0	75.0	7
Elmira	1,3	1.4	1.4	9.6	9.8	9.9	6.5	6.9	
Nassau-Suffolk	76.6	79.0	78.8	283.9	291.6	293.8	183.4	183.9	18
New York PMSA	579.7	570.1	570.2	1,254.4	1,270.5	1,277.8	673.1	678.0	68
New York City	546.3	535.0	535.2	1,112.6	1,124.3	1,131.6	590.7	596.2	59
Niagara Falls	2.0	2.0	2.0	16.2	16.7	17.2	12.7	12.7	1
	4.2	4.6	4.6	22.1	22.2	22.1	22.9	23.3	2
Orange County		1							
Poughkeepsie	4.8	5.1	5.0	26.8	27.1	28.3	24.6	24.2	2
Rochester	21.9	22.7	22.7	114.3	119.7	121.5	67.4	66.8	6
Rockland County	5.1	5.3	5.3	24.1	25.2	25.2	21.1	21.1	2
Syracuse	19.9	20.2	20.1	73.4	72.1	74.6	51.6	51.9	
Utica-Rome	6.8	7.3	7.3	26.1	27.0	27.5	29.7	30.0	;
Westchester County	27.7	29.1	29.1	112.7	116.1	116.1	57.4	56.8	
orth Carolina	127.3	130.4	130.5	504.6	526.2	534.6	456.7	462.8	40
	2.6	2.5	2.5	18.0	18.6	19.4	11.8	11.9	7
Asheville									
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	37.0	37.4	37.5	104.2	108.6	110.2	63.1	65.2	
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	23.4	24.4	24.4	88.0	89.0	89.8	52.8	56,1	
Raleigh-Durham	23.1	23.2	23.4	95.9	98.3	100.6	90.3	88.2	1
orth Dakota	12.2	12.1	12.1	62.2	63.7	63.9	65.4	65.5	
Bismarck	1.6	1.6	1.6	10.7	11.3	11.4	8.4	8.6	
Fargo-Moorhead	4.4	4.4	4.4	19.7	20.6	20.7	14.6	14.6	
Grand Forks	1.1	1.1	1.1	6.6	6.7	6.7	9.5	9.4	
hio	244.8	250.3	251.0	1,049.4	1,083.4	1,091.9	702.1	694.5	70
	10.5								
Akron		10.5	10.6	58.1	61.3	61.7	44.8	38.9	
Canton	6.3	6.2	6.3	35.7	36.6	36.9	19.1	19.2	
Cincinnati	41.2	42.4	42.5	167.0	174.8	176.0	87.8	89.4	
Cleveland	55.4	57.3	57.6	231.8	238.7	240.6	116.3	115.2	1
Columbus	56.9	58.5	58.6	156.2	161.9	163.9	123.5	125.6	1:
Dayton-Springfield	17.7	18.0	18.1	105.0	107.9	109.4	74.0	74.3	
oledo	12.1	12.4	12.5	70.2	73.4	73.8	43.5	44.2	
oungstown-Warren	8.1	8.2	8.2	43.5	45.2	45.9	25.2	24.4	
							25.2		_
klahoma	58.8 1.0	58.5 1.0	58.2 1.0	240.2 5.4	246.0 5.4	247.8   5.5	251.6 3.5	247.9 3.7	2
awton	1.5	1.5	1.5	6.2	6.0	6.0	11.8	11.3	
Oklahoma City	24.3 16.8	23.7 17.4	23.6 17.5	93.3 73.3	92.0 76.6	94.0 76.4	96.8 37.7	98.3 36.4	
	1		}						
egon	71.9	74.1	74.3	251.8	263.4	267.3	212.4	214.9	2
ugene-Springfield	5.1	5.2	5.3	24.1	25.5	26.0	23.8	23.6	
Portland	47.5	48.8	49.1	139.6	146.4	148.2	79.5	81.7	
alem	5.6	5.9	5.8	19.8	20.3	20.7	30.7	30.8	
nnsylvania	288.9	292.1	292.7	1,294.9	1,322.2	1,338.7	700.5	690.1	7
llentown-Bethlehem	12.7	12.6	12.7	64.5	66.4	67.4	30.1	29.8	
Nitoona	1.6	1.9	1.9	10.7	10.8	10.9	7.3	7.2	
leaver County	1.6	1.6	1.6	11.4	11.7	11.7	7.9	7.2	
rie	5.2	5.3	5.3	26.2	26.7	26.9	13.9	14.1	
larrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	17.8	19.6	19.7	61.0	63.0	63.2	65.5	65.7	
ohnstown	4.7	4.6	4.6	19.8	20.1	20.3	12.7	13.1	
ancaster	6.8	7.3	7.3	36.7	38.4	39.4	15.7	15.1	
hiladelphia PMSA	161.8	162.4	162.0	618.4	627.0	633.7	301.8	302.0	3
Philadelphia City	71.5	70.6	70.8	258.5	259.5	263.2	143.2	142.2	1
	51.7	52.5	52.6	270.3	273.5	275.7	105.5	104.8	1

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	ı
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Pennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	145.6	150.2	151.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	6.1	6.6	6
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	291.3	296.5	298.1	0.6	0.6	0.6	10.8	12.4	12.
Williamsport York	50.0 173.1	50.5 177.5	50.9 177.6	(²) .3	(²) .5	(²) .5	1.6 8.6	1.8 9.2	1. 8.
Rhode island	446.1	448.9	449.9	.1	.1	.1	17.3	18.8	18
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	128.4	129.1	129.7	.1	.2	.2	4.8	5.4	5
Providence	315.0	319.6	320.1	.1	.1	.1	12.6	14.3	14.
outh Carolina	1,410.3	1,460.4	1,468.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	86.0	90.6	90
Charleston	188.7	192.0	192.9	l (t)	()	(1)	13.2	13.1	12
Columbia	228.5 316.1	228.8 321.6	230.8 322.5	(1)	(¹) (¹)	(†) (†)	13.4 21.2	14.1 21.9	14 21
					.,,		į		
Rapid City	255.1 33.3	258.0 33.8	258.3 33.9	2.5	2.6 .2	2.5 .2	6.6 1.4	6.9 1.4	6. 1.
Sioux Falls	65.3	66.9	67.1	(¹)	(')	(¹)	2.0	2.2	2
	0.000.0	2,050.1	2,052.9	6.5			87.9	87.3	86
ennessee	2,026.6 192.5	198.2	198.2	0.5	6.3 .5	6.5 .5	7.6	8.1	8
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	160.4	162.2	165.6	.0	.5.	.5	6.7	6.0	6
Knoxville	252.8	256.0	255.1	1.7	1.7	1.7	12.3	11.5	11
Memphis	422.7	435.2	434.7	.1	.1	.1	17.0	18.2	17
Nashville	478.2	483.1	482.1	.7	.7	.7	25.5	26.6	26
exas	6,551.3	6,692.8	6,702.5	185.0	179.8	177.4	322.7	308.7	302
Abilene	48.2	49.9	49.6	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.1	. 1
Amarillo	76.5	76.0	76.7	1.4	1.3	1.3	3.3	3.4	3
Austin	353.3	352.4	354.6	.8	.7.	.7	14.4	13.4	13
Beaumont-Port Arthur	129.3	132.6	132.5	1.7	1.8	1.8	7.7	8.6	. 8
Brazoria	57.8 66.5	60.0 69.5	60.3 69.8	2.2	1.9	1.9 . <b>1</b>	5.6 2.0	7.4 2.1	7
Bryan-College Station	48.8	48.1	50.7	.6	.1 .6	 6.	1.6	1.9	1
Corpus Christi	122.9	124.7	124.7	4.0	4.5	4.5	7.6	8.2	8
Dallas	1,328.1	1,341.2	1,338.2	18.7	17.6	17.5	57.2	50.0	48
El Paso	190.7	195.3	195.6	.1	.1	.1	9.0	8.8	8
Ft. Worth-Arlington	519.7	527.4	527.7	3.6	4.1	4.1	22.9	22.1	21
Galveston-Texas City	71.7	69.8	70.5	.6	.5	.5	5.1	4.8	4
Houston	1,408.3	1,452.5	1,455.5	64.2	66.7	66.5	84.1	85.5	85
Killeen-Temple	69.5	71.3	71.9	.1	.1	.1	3.2	3.5	3
Laredo	36.6	39.0 66.1	39.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.1	1.1	1
Lubbock	64.8 91.7	93.8	65.8 94.8	3.7	3.7	3.6 .4	3.1 2.9	3.1 3.2	3
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	92.3	100.4	100.6	.9	.9	.9	3.9	4.1	4
Midland	44.2	44.4	44.1	10.2	9.9	9.7	1.2	1.3	1
Odessa	43.5	42.5	42.4	6.3	5.7	5.6	2.1	1.8	i
San Angelo	36.5	36.4	36.7	.5	.5	.5	1.5	1.4	1
San Antonio	495.3	501.5	503.0	2.5	2.1	2.0	26.8	22.5	22
Sherman-Denison	37.4	37.1	36.8	.1	.1	.1	1.6	1.7	1
Texarkana	44.7	44.9	44.9	.1	.1	.1	1.8	1.5	1
Tyler	59.8	60.5	60.7	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0 1.5	2
Victoria Waco	27.5 78.2	27.1 79.3	27.7 80.2	1.8	1.3	1.3 .1	1.5 3.3	1.5 3.6	1 3
Wichita Falls	49.6	50.8	50.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.7	2.1	2
Utah	639.9	663.2	665.7	8.3	7.8	7.7	20.5	21.2	20.
Provo-Orem	77.7	83.8	83.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	2.0	2.4	2
Salt Lake City-Ogden	441.6	454.6	455.2	2.6	2.5	2.5	14.9	15.3	14
/ermont	249.5	260.3	260.9	.4	.3	.3	14.2	17.6	17
Barre-Montpelier	33.3	34.6	34.9	.1	.1	.1	1.7	1.7	1
Burlington	76.1	75.4	76.5	(¹)	(')	(¹)	4.1	4.2	3

#### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Chata and area	N	lanufacturing	,		nsportation a public utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Pennsylvania-Continued						-			
Reading	47.6	49.0	48.5	6.5	6.6	6.7	32.0	33.3	33.
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	70.6	72.0	71.9	15.7	16.0	16.0	66.2	67.1	66.
Williamsport	16.5	16.0	16.0	1.8	1.9	1.9	11.0	11.6	11.
York	61.1	62.0	61.7	7.4	7.8	7.7	41.2	42.2	42.
Rhode Island	114.6	112.3	113.0	15.2	15.1	15.1	100.7	102.1	101.
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	50.8	49.2	49.5	3.4	3.6	3.6	31.8	32.7	32.
Providence	71.6	69.4	69.8	11.8	12.1	12.1	68.8	69.9	69.
South Carolina	382.9	385.6	384.5	60.8	63.8	64.0	306.9	327.6	327.
Charleston	20.5	21.6	21.6	10.7	11.6	11.9	44.8	44.0	43.
Columbia	28.9	29.3	29.8	10.5	10.4	10.0	50.0	49.8	49.
Greenville-Spartanburg	102.0	103.1	102.8	11.8	12.5	12.5	72.2	74.2	73.
South Dakota	30.0	29.5	29.2	13.3	13.5	13.5	65.7	67.2	66.
Rapid City	3.1	3.1	3.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	9.5	10.0	10.
Sioux Falls	8.0	7.8	7.5	5.2	5.4	5.3	17.9	18.3	18.
Fennessee	506.2	507.7	509.2	105.2	110.1	109.6	475.3	484.9	481.
Chattanooga	47.2	47.3	48.0	9.0	9.5	9.4	43.5	45.6	45
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	52.1	54.3	54.3	6.0	6.3	6.2	36.1	36.1	35
Knoxville	52.7	53.6	52.7	9.9	10.0	9.9	62.0	64.2	63.
Memphis	54.0	53.9	54.1	39.6	41.4	41.0	114.2	117.3	114
Nashville	89.5	90.2	90.8	24.0	24.4	23.4	118.8	117.8	117.
exas	948.0	964.1	965.4	381.8	394.4	396.3	1,615.5	1,652.7	1,646
Abilene	4.7	4.9	5.0	2.4	2.4	2.4	13.1	13.9	13
Amarillo	9.9	9.0	9.2	5.5	5.5	5.6	21.6	22.3	22.
Austin	40.5	41.1	41.1	10.5	10.5	10.4	76.5	75.9	75.
Beaumont-Port Arthur	24.0	25.1	25.1	9.7	9.6	9.7	31.5	32.1	31.
Brazoria	15.4	15.7 j	15.7	2.8	2.7	2.8	10.7	11.1	11.
Brownsville-Harlingen	9.8	9.9	10.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	17.1	18.3	18.
Bryan-College Station	3.4	3.4	3.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	10.4	10.3	10.
Corpus Christi	11.3	11.4	11.4	7.1	6.4	6.4	30.2	31.0	30.
Dallas	222.1	222.4	221.7	89.8	91.9	92.1	338.2	348.2	346.
El Paso	40.0 118.7	40.0	40.1	10.4	10.6	10.6	45.0	46.9	46.
Ft. Worth-Arlington	8.4	120.7	121.5 8.2	29.9 4.9	30.8	30.9	136.0	135.4	135.
Galveston-Texas City	152.1	8.2	156.6	98.2	4.5 100.4	4.6	13.6	13.4 362.3	13.
Houston	7.7	156.2 8.4	8.5	2.7	2.7	100.1	346.4 15.9	16.2	359. 16.
Killeen-Temple	1.7	1.9	1.8	4.6	5.0	5.1	10.5	11.6	
Laredo	15.6	15.8	15.8	3.0	3.0	3.1	16.4	17.1	11. 16.
Lubbock	7.1	7.7	7.6	4.6	4.7	4.8	27.2	27.6	27.
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	12.1	14.8	14.7	3.0	3.1	3.1	28.2	31.8	31.
Midland	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.2	2.3	2.3	9.8	9.9	9.
Odessa	4.1	3.9	4.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	12.4	12.7	12.
San Angelo	5.4	5.4	5.5	3.2	3.0	3.0	9.2	9.2	9.
San Antonio	47.0	47.1	47.4	19.0	18.9	19.0	124.3	127.5	126
Sherman-Denison	11.2	11.1	10.9	2.0	1.8	1.9	7.6	8.0	7.
Texarkana	7.5	7.5	7.5	1.8	1.9	1.9	10.3	10.4	10.
Tyler	10.6	10.5	10.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	15.9	16.2	15
Victoria	3.1	3.0	3.0	1.4	1.3	1.4	7.4	7.7	7.
Waco	14.6	14.7	14.9	3.3	3.3	3.3	18.4	18.6	18
Wichita Falls	8.1	8.0	8.0	2.6	2.6	2.6	11.7	12.1	12
Jtah	94.9	100.4	100.9	37.8	39.5	39.6	149.8	157.3	156.
Provo-Orem	12.3	14.4	14.4	2.8	2.6	2.7	16.5	17.6	16.
Salt Lake City-Ogden	61.7	64.3	64.5	28.8	30.8	31.0	109.0	112.9	112.
/ermont	49.0	49.4	49.0	10.2	10.2	10.2	57.9	62.0	61.
Barre-Montpelier	4.6	4.7	4.9	.8	.9	.9	7.1	7.8	7.
Burlington	16.8	16.2	16.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	18.0	18.4	18.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		nce, insurar Id real estat			Services			Government	
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Pennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	7.8	8.2	8.3	29.1	30.1	30.6	16.5	16.4	17.4
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	13.1	13.4	13.5	71.9	73.4	74.4	42.4	41.6	42.4
Williamsport	2.3	2.4	2.4	9.9	10.0	10.3	6.9	6.8	7.
York	4.8	4.8	4.8	31.3	32.5	33.0	18.4	18.5	18.
Rhode Island	26.3	26.4	26.4	112.5	113.6	114.3	59.4	60.5	60.0
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	3.8	3.9	3.9	23.4	24.0	24.9	10.3	10.1	10.
Providence	21.9	22.9	22.9	83.6	86.4	86.6	44.6	44.5	44.
South Carolina	62.9	65.2	65.6	245.1	258.3	260.5	263.9	267.5	273.
Charleston	8.1	8.6	8.5	38.9	40.8	41.2	52.4	52.2	52.
Columbia	17.7	17.8	17.8	44.6	44.6	45.0	63.1	62.5	63.
	12.0	11.9	11.9	54.8	55.9	56.1	41.8	41.8	43.
Greenville-Spartanburg	12.0	11.5	11.5	34.0	55.9	30,1	41.0	41.0	43.
South Dakota	14.0	14.8	14.9	62.7	64.1	64.4	60.3	59.4	60.3
Rapid City	1.6	1.5	1.5	8.3	8.5	8.4	7.3	7.4	7.
Sioux Falls	6.2	6.6	6.7	18.5	19.0	19.6	7.4	7.5	7.
Fennessee	101.7	104.6	104.7	416.8	424.3	425.5	326.9	324.9	330.
Chattanooga	12.5	12.7	12.7	37.5	38.4	37.3	34.7	36.1	36.
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	5.1	5.5	5.4	29.6	30.8	32.7	24.6	23.1	24.
Knoxville	9.6	9.9	9.9	53.4	55.8	56.2	51.2	49.3	49.
Memphis	24.4	25.2	25.4	102.0	107.6	107.6	71.4	71.5	74.
Nashville	34.0	34.7	34.7	118.1	119.7	119.9	67.6	69.0	69.
Texas	436.7	439.9	438.9	1,480.5	1,546.1	1,557.1	1,181,1	1,207.1	1,219.
Abilene	2.4	2.5	2.5	13.1	13.1	13.0	8.6	9.0	9.
Amarillo	4.6	4.2	4.2	16.3	16.8	16.9	13.9	13.5	13.0
Austin	24.6	24.2	24.0	83.6	84.4	85.2	102.4	102.2	104.0
Beaumont-Port Arthur	5.2	5.2	5.2	29.1	29.7	29.5	20.4	20.5	20.0
Brazoria	2.0	1.9	1.9	8.1	8.3	8.4	11.0	11.0	11.
Brownsville-Harlingen	3.5	3.6	3.6	14.5	15.6	15.7	16.6	16.9	17.0
Bryan-College Station	1.6	1.6	1.7	8.6	9.0	8.9	21.1	19.9	22.
Corpus Christi	6.8	7.0	7.0	28.2	28.6	28.4	27.7	27.6	28.
Dallas	130.1	127.5	127.1	321.8	331.6	331.9	150.2	152.0	152.
El Paso	8.7	8.4	8.4	36.8	38.8	38.8	40.8	41.7	42.
Ft. Worth-Arlington	26.8	26.6	26.6	113.5	118.3	118.2	68.3	69.4	69.
Galveston-Texas City	4.2	4.1	4,1	13.3	13.6	13.7	21.6	20.7	21.0
Houston	101.0	99.9	99.9	372.5	386.2	390.1	189.8	195.3	196.
Killeen-Temple	2.9	2.9	2.9	15.4	16.4	16.5	21.6	21.1	21.
Laredo	1.7	1.5	1.5	6.1	6.4	6.2	8.9	9.6	9.
Longview-Marshall	2.7	2.7	2.7	11.8	12.2	12.2	8.5	8.5	8.9
Lubbock	5.3	5.5	5.5	22.1	23.1	23.6	22.1	21.6	21.9
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	3.8	3.7	3.7	15.4	16.3	16.2	25.0	25.7	26.0
Midland	2.3	2.3	2.3	9.5	9.6	9.5	6.3	6.5	6.0
Odessa	1.7	1.7	1.7	7.0	7.2	7.2	7.8	7.4	7.
San Angelo	1.8	1.8	1.8	8.0	8.1	8.1	6.9	7.0	7.3
San Antonio	38.6	39.6	39.6	121.5	124.6	126.3	115.6	119.2	120.
Sherman-Denison	1.8	1.7	1.7	8.6	8.3	8.5	4.5	4.4	4.
Texarkana	1.9	1.8	1.8	9.0	9.5	9.5	12.3	12.2	12.4
Tyler	3.7	3.4	3.4	14.1	14.5	14.9	9.3	9.4	9.4
Victoria	1.5	1.6	1.6	6.0	6.0	6.2	4.8	4.7	5.
Waco	4.7	4.8	4.8	21.1	21.3	21.8	12.7	12.9	13.0
Wichita Falls	2.3	2.3	2.3	11.7	11.9	11.9	9.6	9.9	10.
Utah	33.5	33.0	33.1	151.2	159.2	161.3	143.9	144.8	146.
Provo-Orem	2.2	2.2	2.2	28.4	31.1	31.6	13.5	13.5	13.4
Salt Lake City-Ogden	27.7	26.7	26.8	102.7	106.5	107.2	94.2	95.6	96.4
Vermont	12.2	12.8	12.8	64.2	67.1	67.4	41.4	40.9	42.5
Vermont	3.0	3.1	3.1	7.8	8.2	8.3	41.4 8.2	8.1	8.3
Burlington	3.6	3.6	3.6	18.2	18.0	18.3	12.2	11.6	12.
	0.0	5.0	5.0	10.2	10.0	10.0	12.2	11.0	

#### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	Construction	1
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Virginia	2,696.4	2,805.0	2.816.5	15.8	15.5	15.4	174.7	191.6	192.
	31.3	32.0	32.4			15.4	.8	_	192.
Bristol	66.2	64.8	68.2	.1	.1.	. '	3.6	.7 3.8	3.
	40.4	41.7	41.7	1 3	.;		1.7	2.1	2.
Danville	70.7	71.6	71.9		.11		3.2	3.4	3.
Lynchburg				.1	.1	* 1	35.9	7	36.
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	549.3	554.5	556.0			.1		36.2	
Northern Virginia	719.0	761.5	763.8	.5	.5	.6	52.8	61.7	62.
Richmond-Petersburg	443.9	454.5	458.7	.8	1.0	1.0	28.1	30.1	30.
Roanoke	120.0	122.1	122.1	.1	,1	.1	6.8	7.3	7.
Washington	1,867.4	1,954.7	1,956.0	3.0	3.3	3.2	84.0	91.3	89.
Seattle	953.5	1,007.3	1,008.5	.6	.6	.6	47.0	49.8	47.
West Virginia	589.8	602.5	600.0	34.0	34.2	33.5	19.7	21.7	20.
Charleston	104.9	106.0	106.5	1.8	1.9	2.0	3.6	3.6	3.
Huntington-Ashland	101.4	103.5	103.6	1.4	1.3	1.4	3.3	3.0	3.
Parkersburg-Marietta	58.1	59.8	59.3	.5	.6	.6	2.4	2.4	2.
Wheeling	57.5	57.9	57.9	2.4	2.6	2.6	1.5	1.7	1.4
Nisconsin	2.083.2	2.139.8	2.146.9	1,4	1.7	1.7	59.4	67.6	64.
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	144.4	150.3	150.5	(¹)	(')	(')	6.0	6.5	6.
Eau Claire	55.0	55.9	56.8	(')	(6)	či l	1.3	1.6	1.
Green Bay	93.5	95.6	95.9	( Ö	(i)	(i)	2.9	3.1	2.
Janesville-Beloit	54.9	57.3	57.2	Ö	(i)	- 65 T	1.2	1.6	1.
Kenosha	41.7	40.7	40.5	(i)	(6)	- iii	1.3	1.6	1.
La Crosse	51.9	54.9	55.6	Ö	<u>(i)</u>	6	1.2	1.9	1.
Madison	198.6	202.2	203.4	8	Ö.	- 6 l	6.4	5.6	5.
Milwaukee	700.7	721.3	721.9	8	<u>(6</u>	- 6 l	20.3	22.2	21.
Racine	71.2	73.5	73.4	6	o di	- 6 l	1.6	1.9	i.
Wausau	46.0	48.3	48.7	8	8	6	1.4	1.9	1.5
Wyoming	177.2	174.8	174.0	17.8	17.4	16.9	7.7	6.6	6.9
Puerto Rico	793.1	819.5	819.4	.8	.8	.9	38.7	42.1	41.9
Caguas	51.5	52.2	52.1	(')	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(')	(1)
Mayaguez	55.5	58.2	58.2	8 1	8	8	6	8	8
Ponce	51.2	53.1	53.3	.1	.1	. (7 ,1	3.7	3.7	3.0
San Juan	489.5	508.2	507.0	.5	.4	.5	28.6	30.1	30.
/irgin islands	41.7	40.6	(¹)	(')	(¹)	(')	2.5	1.9	(¹)

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	N	/lanufacturino	9		nsportation a public utilities		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Virginia	425.6	426.6	426.3	141.6	146.6	146.7	609.5	639.8	636.2
Bristol	10.5	10.8	10.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	7.9	8.4	8.3
Charlottesville	8.9	8.8	8.8	2.3	2.3	2.3	12.9	13.2	13.3
Danville	16.6	16.8	16.9	.9	.9	.9	8.5	9.2	9.0
Lynchburg		22.7	22.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	15.6	16.1	16.2
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News		66.2	66.8	25.8	26.3	26.1	133.8	136.7	135.2
Northern Virginia		34.8	34.7	50.2	56.2	56.6	161.0	165.4	163.6
Richmond-Petersburg	62.7	62.8	62.9	23.4	23.3	23.5	106.1	108.9	109.0
Roanoke	19.7	19.7	19.6	8.4	8.3	8.3	33.0	33.3	33.0
Washington	326.8	344.1	344.2	97.8	102.0	101.8	452.9	479.0	475.2
Seattle	191.9	206.0	206.7	59.6	62,6	62.7	229.5	243.5	241.4
West Virginia	84.5	87.3	86.8	36.1	37.0	36.7	137.3	141.2	139.5
Charleston	10.7	11.0	11.0	8.5	8.7	8.8	27.5	28.0	28.0
Huntington-Ashland	19.0	19.9	19.7	7.7	7.9	7.8	25.9	26.5	26.4
Parkersburg-Marietta	13.5	14.1	13.9	2.1	2.2	2.2	13.9	14.3	14.2
Wheeling	7.2	7.1	7.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	15.8	16.1	15.8
Wisconsin		551.2	550.4	94.6	97.8	98.4	484.3	500.8	497.6
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah		52.5	52.3	5.2	5.6	5.7	30.5	31.7	31.7
Eau Claire	10.8	11.5	11.7	2.9	3.1	3.1	15.1	15.0	15.0
Green Bay	23.7	25.0	24.9	7.1	7.2	7.2	24.2	24.4	24.1
Janesville-Beloit	17.8	18.4	18.4	2.1	2.2	2.2	13.4	13.7	13.5
Kenosha	14.6	11.9	11.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	8.9	9.4	9.4
La Crosse	11.1	11.2	11.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	14.8	16.1	15.9
Madison	23.3	24.9	24.9	6.9	7.0	7.2	44.1	46.2	45.8
Milwaukee		176.3	177.0	34.4	34.9	35.2	157.5	163.7	162.3
Racine	25.6	26.4	26,4	2.2	2.2	2.2	15.8	16.4	16.3
Wausau	12.7	13.6	13.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	11.3	11.8	11.7
Wyoming	8.3	8.4	8.0	13.3	12.5	12.4	39.7	39.4	39.1
Puerto Rico		155.1	158.9	17.8	18.1	17.7	141.6	149.3	145.3
Caguas		16.4	16.6	(')	(1)	(¹)	10.1	11.4	11.0
Mayaguez		20.8	21.0	(')	(1)	(1)	7.8	7.8	7.5
Ponce	9.4	9.8	10.1	(')	(1)	(¹)	8.0	8.9	8.7
San Juan	64.6	65.1	66.5	13.8	14.7	14.4	97.5	103.3	100.4
Virgin Islands	2.3	2.2	(¹)	2.6	2.6	(¹)	9.9	9.5	(1)

#### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		ance, insurar nd real estat			Services		Government			
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	
Virginia	146.2	152.0	152.4	636.8	678.7	684.7	546.2	554.2	562.1	
Bristol	1.1	1.2	1.2	4.7	4.5	4.6	5.1	5.2	5.4	
Charlottesville	3.3	3.3	3.4	12.1	12.5	12.5	23.0	20.8	24.0	
Danville	1.3	1.3	1.3	6.1	6.0	6.1	5.2	5.3	5.3	
Lynchburg	3.8	4.1	4.1	13.1	13.4	13.7	9.3	9.3	9.3	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	26.4	26.6	26.5	128.9	132.2	133.9	130.7	130.2	130.7	
Northern Virginia	47.8	49.9	50.0	230.9	247.7	250.5	140.5	145.3	145.	
Richmond-Petersburg	37.7	39.9	40.1	92.8	93.6	94.8	92.3	94.9	96.8	
Roanoke	8.1	8.4	8.5	28.5	29.6	29.7	15.4	15.4	15.4	
Washington	107.1	111.3	111.6	428.1	450.1	453.8	367.7	373.6	379.1	
Seattle	68.8	70.9	71.1	222.1	235.8	238.2	134.0	138.1	140.0	
West Virginia	24.1	24.3	24.2	126.4	131.0	131.4	127.7	125.8	127.	
Charleston	6.2	6.2	6.3	25.3	25.8	26.0	21.3	20.8	20.9	
Huntington-Ashland	3.7	3.8	3.7	21.4	22.6	22.4	19.0	18.5	19.1	
Parkersburg-Marietta	2.3	2.3	2.3	13.7	14,1	14.0	9.7	9.8	10.0	
Wheeling	2.7	2.7	2.8	15.4	15.3	15.5	9.3	9.1	9.1	
Wisconsin	113.3	116.6	116.8	466.6	479.9	484.3	329.9	324.2	333.7	
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	6.9	7.3	7.3	28.5	29.7	29.7	17.0	16.7	17.3	
Eau Claire	1.8	1.8	1.8	12.1	12.8	13.0	11.0	10.1	10.7	
Green Bay	3.2	3.3	3.3	21.3	21.5	22.2	11.1	11.1	11.4	
Janesville-Beloit	1.6	1.6	1.6	11.9	12.4	12.4	6.8	7.3	7.5	
Kenosha	1.1	1.2	1.2	8.4	8.8	8.8	6.0	6.3	6.4	
La Crosse	1.5	1.6	1.6	14.3	15.1	15.3	6.9	6.9	7.9	
Madison	17.8	18.5	18.5	44.2	45.5	45.7	55.8	54.4	55.7	
Milwaukee	49.8	51.2	51.5	185.0	191.5	192.0	83.6	81.3	82.6	
Racine	2.2	2.2	2.2	15.7	16.2	16.3	8.1	8.2	8.3	
Wausau	3.5	3.6	3.6	8.3	8.6	8.7	6.1	6.0	6.4	
Wyoming	7.2	7.3	7.3	30.7	31.1	31.2	52.5	52.1	52.6	
Puerto Rico	35.7	35.9	35.9	118.4	120.9	123.2	285.6	297.1	295.7	
Caguas	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(')	(¹)	(¹)	15.9	16.1	16.1	
Mayaguez	(1)	(i)	(¹)	Ö	( ¹ )	(1)	18.7	19.4	19.2	
Ponce	(')	(')	(')	10.0	10.0	10.2	16.6	17.2	17.0	
San Juan	28.5	28.5	28.5	85.6	88.6	89.8	170.4	177.6	176.9	
Virgin Islands	1.9	2.0	(')	9.8	9.6	(¹)	12.7	12.8	(')	

Not available.
Combined with construction.
p = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1988 benchmarks.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

		Total private	1	<b> </b>	Mining			Construction	1
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				A	nnual averag	es			
964	38.7	\$2.36	\$91.33	41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06
965	38.8	2.46	95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
966	38.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
967	38.0	2.68	101.84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95
968	37.8	2.85	107.73	42.6	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49
969	37.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
970	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
971	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
972	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
973	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89
974	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.25
975	36.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.95	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.08
976	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73
977	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.65
978	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.69
979	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
980	35.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
981	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26
982	34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.82
983	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.28	479.40	37.1	11.94	442.97
984	35.2	8.32	292.86	43.3	11.63	503.58	37.8	12.13	458.51
985	34.9	8.57	299.09	43.4	11.98	519.93	37.7	12.32	464.46
986	34.8	8.76	304.85	42.2	12.46	525.81	37.4	12.48	466.75
987	34.8	8.98	312.50	42.4	12.52	530.85	37.8	12.69	479.68
988	34.8	9.29	323.29	42.3	12.69	536.79	37.9	12.97	491.56
}	<del></del>			Monthly data	, not seasor	ally adjusted	<del></del>	(	I
988:									
March	34.4	\$9.18	\$315.79	41.9	\$12.59	\$527.52	37.4	\$12.87	\$481.34
April	34.7	9.23	320.28	42.8	12.60	539.28	37.9	12.88	488.15
May	34.6	9.26	320.40	42.2	12.54	529.19	38.2	12.87	491.63
June	34.9	9.23	322.13	42.5	12.55	533.38	38.7	12.85	497.30
July	35.1	9.25	324.68	42.3	12.66	535.52	38.5	12.91	497.04
August	35.0	9.24	323.40	42.0	12.62	530.04	38.6	12.95	499.87
September	34.8	9.40	327.12	42.2	12.75	538.05	38.4	13.13	504.19
October	34.9	9.45	329.81	42.7	12.72	543.14	39.0	13.13	512.07
November	34.7	9.46	328.26	41.9	12.83	537.58	37.7	13.04	491.61
December	34.9	9.46	330.15	42.7	12.97	553.82	37.2	13.16	489.55
989:				_			-		
January	34.5	9.54	329.13	42.1	13.14	553.19	36.4	13.22	481.21
February ^o	34.3	9.54	327.22	41.9	13.18	552.24	36.1	13.17	475.44
March ^p	34.4	9.56	328.86	42.0	13.10	550.20	37.4	13.26	495.92

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

		Manufa	acturing	,	Transı	oortation and utilities	public	W	/holesale tra	de
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly
	•			-	Annual	averages				
964	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	41.1	\$2.89	\$118.78	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.56
965	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	3.03	125.14	40.8	2.61	106.49
966	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.11
967	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.88	116.06
968	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.05	122,31
969	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.85
300	40.0	0.10	0.00	120.01	40.7	0.00	147.74		0.20	120.00
970	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.44	137.26
971	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.5	3.65	144.18
972	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.1	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.69
	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.3	4.08	160.34
973	40.7	4.09	4.25	176.80	40.5	5.41	203.31		4.08	170.33
974								38.8		
975	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.7	4.73	183.05
976	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	6.45	256.71	38.7	5.03	194.66
977	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	209.13
978	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.14
979	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.93
980	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.5	6.96	267.96
981	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.56	291.06
982	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.09	309.85
983	40.1	8.83	8.52	354.08	39.0	10.79	420.81	38.5	8.55	329.18
984	40.7	9.19	8.82	374.03	39.4	11.12	438.13	38.5	8.89	342.27
985	40.5	9.54	9.16	386.37	39.5	11.40	450.30	38.4	9.16	351.74
986	40.7	9.73	9.34	396.01	39.2	11.70	458.64	38.3	9.35	358.11
987	41.0	9.91	9.48	406.31	39.2	12.03	471.58	38.1	9.59	365.38
988	41.1	10.17	9.71	417.99	39.3	12.32	484.18	38.1	9.92	377.95
				Monthl	y data, not	seasonally a	djusted		1	l
988:						T				
March	40.9	\$10.07	\$9.64	\$411.86	38.6	\$12.19	\$470.53	37.9	\$9.78	\$370.66
April	41.0	10.12	9.68	414.92	39.2	12.27	480.98	38.2	9.88	377.42
May	40.9	10.14	9.70	414.73	39.2	12.28	481.38	38.0	9.87	375.06
June	41.2	10.16	9.70	418.59	39.5	12.27	484.67	38.1	9.85	375.29
July	40.7	10.16	9.72	413.51	39.8	12.33	490.73	38.3	9.93	380.32
August	40.8	10.12	9.66	412.90	39.7	12.35	490.30	38.0	9.88	375.44
September	41.3	10.25	9.75	423.33	39.5	12.41	490.20	38.1	10.01	381.38
October	41.3	10.24	9.76	422.91	39.5	12.43	490.99	38.2	10.08	385.06
November	41.5	10.30	9.82	427.45	39.3	12.46	489.68	38.0	10.05	381.90
December	41.6	10.37	9.87	431.39	39.5	12.43	490.99	38.2	10.12	386.58
989:	71.0	10.0.	5.57	701.03	55.5	12.70		•	10.12	
January	41.0	10.37	9.91	425.17	39.3	12.47	490.07	37.9	10.21	386.96
February	40.8	10.37	9.91	423.10	38.9	12.50	486.25	37.7	10.21	384.92
	40.9	10.40	9.94	425.36	39.0	12.48	486.72	37.8	10.21	385.94

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS**

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date-Continued

month 1964	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly						
		1	earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
				A	nnual averag	es			
	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.75	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.79	36.1	\$1.94	\$70.03
1965	36.6	1.82	66.61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	2.05	73.60
1966	35.9	1.91	68.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
1967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	80.38
1968	34.7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	83.97
1969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
1970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
1971	33.7	2.60	87.62	36,6	3.22	117.85	33.9	3.04	103.06
1972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	3.36	122.98	33.9	3.27	110.85
1973	33.1	2.91	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
1974	32.7	3.14	102.68	36.5	3.77	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
1975	32.4	3.36	108.86	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
1976	32.1	3.57	114.60	36.4	4.27	155.43	33.3	4.31	143.52
1977	31.6	3.85	121.66	36.4	4.54	165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
1978	31.0	4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4.99	163.67
1979	30.6	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
1980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	190.71
1981	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	6.31	229.05	32.6	6.41	208.97
1982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44	32.6	6.92	225.59
1983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7	7.31	239.04
1984	29.8	5.85	174.33	36.5	7.63	278.50	32.6	7.59	247.43
1985	29.4	5.94	174.64	36.4	7.94	289.02	32.5	7.90	256.75
1986	29.2	6.03	176.08	36.4	8.36	304.30	32.5	8.18	265.85
1987	29.2	6.11	178.41	36.3	8.73	316.90	32.5	8.48	275.60
1988	29.1	6.31	183.62	35.9	9.10	326.69	32.6	8.90	290.14
		<u>.                                    </u>	{N	Nonthly data	, not season	ally adjusted			
1988:				-					
March	28.6	\$6.24	\$178.46	35.8	\$8.97	\$321.13	32.3	\$8.80	\$284.24
April	28.9	6.26	180.91	36.2	9.03	326.89	32.6	8.82	287.53
May	28.9	6.28	181.49	35.8	9.09	325.42	32.4	8.84	286.42
June	29.4	6.26	184.04	35.8	8.98	321.48	32.7	8.78	287.11
July	30.0	6.28	188,40	36.2	9.03	326.89	33.0	8.79	290.07
August	29.8	6.26	186.55	35.7	9.04	322.73	32.8	8.79	288.31
September	29.0	6.37	184.73	35.8	9.14	327.21	32.5	8.98	291.85
October	29.1	6.38	185.66	36.0	9.29	334.44	32.7	9.07	296.59
November	28.8	6.43	185.18	35.7	9.27	330.94	32.5	9.10	295.75
December	29.6	6.42	190.03	35.8	9.32	333.66	32.5	9.15	297.38
1989:						1			
January	28.4	6.47	183.75	36.1	9.46	341.51	32.6	9.24	301.22
February ^p	28.3	6.46	182.82	35.8	9.46	338.67	32.4	9.25	299.70
March ^p	28.4	6.46	183.46	35.8	9.47	339.03	32.3	9.27	299.42

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1987 forward are subject to revision.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar 1989
Total private		34.5	34.4	34.5	34.3	34.4	_				
Mining		41.8	41.9	42.1	41.9	42.0			-		-
Metal mining	10	42.9	42.8	42.4	42.5		_		_		
Iron ores		42.1	41.5	43.2	43.9						
Copper ores		44.1	44.6	44.2	44.2			- 1	-		
Out that the	44.40	400	40.4	40.0	40.5						
Coal mining Bituminous coal and lignite mining		42.0 42.1	42.1 42.1	42.8 42.9	43.5 43.6	-	-		-		-
Oil and gas extraction	13	41.3	41.0	41.5	40.9					_	1
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids		40.9	40.4	42.9	41.7				_		1
Oil and gas field services		41.6	41.4	40.7	40.5		-	-			
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	42.7	44.3	43.2	42.7		_			_	l
Crushed and broken stone	142	42.6	45.4	43.7	43.3						
	{										
Construction	1	36.1	37.4	36.4	36.1	37.4					_
General building contractors	. 15	36.0	37.2	36.7	36.4						
Residential building construction	152	35.1	36.3	35.6	35.4					1	
Operative builders		37.8	38.4	38.1	37.4						
Nonresidential building construction	. 154	37.0	38.0	38.0	37.5						
Heavy construction contractors	16	39.0	40.9	38.3	38.4						
Highway and street construction		38.0	40.3	36.5	36.9			į			
Heavy construction, except highway	162	39.4	41.1	39.1	39.0						
Special trade contractors	. 17	35.3	36.6	35.9	35.5					•	
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		37.0	38.0	38.1	37.8						
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		34.7	35.2	34.9	34.5				-		
Electrical work		37.5 33.2	38.6 34.9	38.1 33.7	37.9 33.2						
Carpentering and flooring		34.5	35.3	33.9	34.3					1	İ
Roofing and sheet metal work		30.6	33.3	31.1	30.1						
Manufacturing		40.7	40.9	41.0	40.8	40.9	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.
Durable goods		41.3	41.6	41.7	41.5	41.7	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.0	4.
Lumber and wood products	. 24	39.8	39.9	39.6	39.0	39.7	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.2	ł
Logging camps and logging contractors		40.6	39.7	38.5	37.6	-	4.3	3.8	3.9	4.1	l
Sawmills and planing mills		41.4	41.3	41.1	40.3		4.1	4.1	3.9	3.9	ļ
Sawmills and planing mills, general		41.8	41.6	41.3	40.3		4.4 3.1	4.4 3.0	4.1 3.2	4.1 3.0	
Hardwood dimension and flooring Millwork, plywood, and structural members		40.1 39.3	40.1 39.4	40.8 39.4	40.3 39.0		2.7	2.9	2.9	2.9	1
Millwork		38.9	39.2	39.1	38.8		1.9	2.1	2.1	2.2	1
Wood kitchen cabinets		37.4	38.2	37.8	37.3		1.9	2.2	2.3	2.3	
Hardwood veneer and plywood		41.1	40.7	40.8	40.3		3.8	3.7	3.9	4.0	
Softwood veneer and plywood		43.1	41.2	42.9	42.1		4.9	4.8	5.4	5.0	
Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes		38.1 35.8	38.4 37.9	38.4 37.6	38.4 36.5		3.0 1.3	3.0 1.9	2.9 1.9	3.3	
Mobile homes		35.2	37.3	37.7	35.9	-	1.0	1.6	2.0	1.5	
Miscellaneous wood products		40.1	40.6	39.7	39.3		3.0	3.1	2.8	3.0	}
Furniture and fixtures	. 25	38.9	39.0	39.3	39.3	39.9	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5	
Household furniture	. 251	38.9	38.9	39.0	39.0	-	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	1
Wood household furniture		39.5	39.3	39.5	39.4		2.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	1
Upholstered household furniture		37.6	37.5	38.1	38.2	}	1.7	1.5	1.8	2.0	
Metal household furniture  Mattresses and bedsprings		41.2 38.0	42.1 38.9	39.8 38.2	40.3	1	3.7 2.2	4.0 2.8	2.7 2.4	3.2	
Office furniture		40.0	39.7	40.4	39.5	ļ	2.2	2.0	2.9	2.7	_
Public building and related furniture		39.2	39.8	40.2	39.6	Į.	3.2	3.6	3.5	3.2	
Partitions and fixtures		39.1	39.4	40.2	40.7		2.7	2.8	3.4	3.5	
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures	l	36.8	37.6	38.8	39.0		1.5	1.8	1.9	1.8	
Stone, clay, and glass products		41.3	42.0	41.5	41.1	42.0	4.5	4.8	4.5	4.4	
Flat glassGlass and glassware, pressed or blown		46.0	45.1 41.5	46.3 41.8	42.8	-	7.7 4.5	6.8	8.2	6.7	1
ciass and grassware, pressed of blown	. المحد	41.4	41.5	41.8	41.9	1	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.4	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989 ^p
Total private		\$9.17	\$9.18	\$9.54	\$9.54	\$9.56	\$316.37	<b>\$</b> 315.79	\$329.13	\$327.22	\$328.8
dining		12.71	12.59	13.14	13.18	13.10	531.28	527.52	553.19	552.24	550.20
Metal mining	10	13.07	13.08	13.67	13.59	_	560.70	559.82	579.61	577.58	_
Iron ores	101	14.20	14.22	15.19	, ,	-	597.82	590.13	656.21	620.75	-
Copper ores	102	11.67	11.70	11.84	11.98	-	514.65	521.82	523.33	529.52	-
Coal mining		15.89 15.94	15.76 15.81	16.27 16.33	16.25 16.30	-	667.38 671.07	663.50 665.60	696.36 700.56	706.88 710.68	- -
Oil and gas extraction		11.66	11.58	12.21	12.24	_	481.56	474.78	506.72	500.62	_
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids Oil and gas field services		14.27 10.18	14.32 10.04	14.81 10.63	14.85 10.68	- -	583.64 423.49	578.53 415.66	635.35 432.64	619.25 432.54	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels  Crushed and broken stone	14 142	10.83 10.04	10.78 10.14	11.01 10.23	11.13 10.38	- -	462.44 427.70	477.55 460.36	475.63 447.05	475.25 449.45	+
Construction		12.82	12.87	13.22	13.17	13.26	462.80	481.34	481.21	475.44	495.92
General building contractors	15	11.99	12.04	12.39	12.37	_	431.64	447.89	454.71	450.27	_
Residential building construction	152	11.37	11.40	11.71	11.74	-	399.09	413.82	416.88	415.60	-
Operative builders  Nonresidential building construction		10.99 12.72	10.94 12.80	11.71 13.18	11.63 13.11	-	415.42 470.64	420.10 486.40	446.15 500.84	434.96 491.63	-
•						_					_
Heavy construction contractors		11.96 11.79	12.01 11.76	12.62 12.30	12.53 12.13	-	466.44 448.02	491.21 473.93	483.35 448.95	481.15 447.60	
Heavy construction, except highway		12.03	12.12	12.74	12.68	-	446.02 473.98	498.13	498.13	494.52	-
Special trade contractors		13.42	13.47	13.72	13.66	-	473.73	493.00	492.55	484.93	
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		13.55	13.65	13.98	13.98	-	501.35	518.70	532.64	528.44	
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		12.88 14.51	12.83 14.69	12.76 14.59	12.65 14.52	_	446.94 544.13	451.62 567.03	445.32   555.88	436.43 550.31	
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		13.41	13.56	13.82	13.73	_	445.21	473.24	465.73	455.84	
Carpentering and flooring		12.66	12.70	12.94	12.98	-	436.77	448.31	438.67	445.21	
Roofing and sheet metal work	176	11.96	12.03	12.39	12.01	-	365.98	400.60	385.33	361.50	
lanufacturing		10.05	10.07	10.37	10.37	10.40	409.04	411.86	425.17	423.10	425.36
Durable goods		10.58	10.59	10.89	10.90	10.93	436.95	440.54	454.11	452.35	455.78
Lumber and wood products		8.53	8.45	8.70	8.67	8.72	339.49	337.16	344.52	338.13	346.18
Logging camps and logging contractors  Sawmills and planing mills		10.62 8.65	10.43 8.59	10.82 8.89	10.78 8.84	-	431.17 358.11	414.07 354.77	416.57 365.38	405.33 356.25	-
Sawmills and planing mills, general		9.00	8.93	9.22	9.18	-	376.20	371.49	380.79	369.95	_
Hardwood dimension and flooring		6.93	6.91	7.29	7.22	-	277.89	277.09	297.43	290.97	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		8.61	8.59	8.71	8.68	-	338.37	338.45	343.17	338.52	-
Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets	2431	8.92 7.82	8.88 7.83	8.83 8.09	8.82 8.11	-	346.99 292.47	348.10 299.11	345.25 305.80	342.22 302.50	
Hardwood veneer and plywood		6.96	6.94	7.22	7.29	_	286.06	282.46	294.58	293.79	l
Softwood veneer and plywood		10.08	10.15	10.28	10.14	-	434.45	418.18	441.01	426.89	-
Wood containers		6.32	6.25	6.42	6.45	-	240.79	240.00	246.53	247.68	
Wood buildings and mobile homes  Mobile homes		7.95 7.91	7.98 8.02	8.31 8.38	8.30 8.40	-	284.61 278.43	302.44 299.15	312.46 315.93	302.95 301.56	-
Miscellaneous wood products		7.28	7.23	7.47	7.52	-	291.93	293.54	296.56	295.54	
Furniture and fixtures		7.74	7.76	8.08	8.06	8.09	301.09	302.64	317.54	316.76	322.79
Household furniture		7.16 6.70	7.19 6.72	7.44 6.98	7.46 7.00	- 1	278.52 264.65	279.69 264.10	290.16 275.71	290.94 275.80	_
Upholstered household furniture		7.88	7.93	8.15	8.17	- 1	296.29	297.38	310.52	312.09	
Metal household furniture		6.88	6.85	7.23	7.24	- 1	283.46	288.39	287.75	291.77	
Mattresses and bedsprings	2515	7.69	7.73	8.04	8.01	-	292.22	300.70	307.13	313.99	-
Office furniture		8.76	8.82	9.31	9.14	-	350.40	350.15	376.12	361.03	
Public building and related furniture Partitions and fixtures		8.10 9.21	8.06 9.25	8.57 9.52	8.61 9.54	-	317.52 360.11	320.79 364.45	344.51 382.70	340.96 388.28	-
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		8.21	8.23	8.45	8.40	-	302.13	309.45	327.86	327.60	-
Stone, clay, and glass products		10.33	10.36	10.60	10.63	10.63	426.63	435.12	439.90	436.89	446.46
Flat glass		14.99	14.71	15.44	15.65	-	689.54	663.42	714.87	669.82	-
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	11.49	11.51	11.79	11.80	-	475.69	477.67	492.82	494.42	-

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C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar 1989
Durable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products—Continued	ì										
Glass containers	. 3221	40.8	41.0	41.6	41.9	-	5.2	5.1	4.9	5.0	1
Pressed and blown glass, nec	. 3229	42.0	42.0	41.9	41.8		3.8	3.9	3.5	3.8	1
Products of purchased glass		41.0	41.6	42.4	42.2	-	3.2	3.2	3.7	3.5	1 -
Cement, hydraulic		43.7	43.5	42.1	41.8	1	4.4	4.2	3.7	3.7	1
Structural clay products	. 325	42.0	41.7	41.8	41.2	l i	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.8	ļ
Pottery and related products		40.7	40.3	40.4	40.6	l i	3.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	İ
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	. 327	40.3	42.3	40.4	40.0		4.8	5.9	4.9	4.9	1
Concrete block and brick		42.3	45.0	42.8	41.5		5.7	7.1	5.0	4.4	-
Concrete products, nec	. 3272	41.5	42.5	42.0	41.3	-	5.0	5.6	5.5	5.2	1
Ready-mixed concrete	. 3273	37.8	40.7	37.5	37.0	- 1	4.0	5.5	3.8	4.1	ļ
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	. 329	42.4	42.5	42.7	42.0	i i	4.9	4.7	4.9	4.6	ł
Abrasive products	. 3291	43.0	43.3	44.7	44.2		3.8	4.0	4.6	4.3	-
Asbestos products	. 3292	43.9	43.3	44.4	43.8	-	4.9	3.9	5.8	6.1	
Primary metal industries	. 33	43.2	43.4	43.7	43.4	43.6	5.2	5.2	5.5	5.5	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		43.9	43.7	44.0	43.7	44.0	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.9	-
Blast furnaces and steel mills		44.2	43.9	44.3	44.0	-	5.9	5.6	5.7	6.1	-
Steel pipe and tubes		43.2	42.9	42.6	41.9	-	5.7	5.5	5.0	4.9	-
Iron and steel foundries	. 332	43.1	43.5	44.0	43.2		5.2	5.3	5.9	5.5	-
Gray iron foundries		43.1	43.4	44.1	43.3	-	5.5	5.5	6.3	6.1	
Malleable iron foundries	. 3322	42.2	42.0	42.8	41.1		3.8	4.0	5.1	3.8	
Steel foundries, nec		43.1	43.7	43.6	42.8	-	5.0	5.2	5.2	4.7	-
Primary nonferrous metals		43.5	43.8	43.6	43.8	-	4.6	4.9	4.8	4.9	
Primary aluminum	. 3334	43.7	44.2	43.4	43.5	-	4.4	4.8	4.8	5.0	-
Nonferrous rolling and drawing		43.1	43.5	43.9	43.7		5.3	5.6	6.1	6.0	-
Copper rolling and drawing	. 3351	43.5	43.8	43.7	43.8	-	6.1	5.8	5.4	5.9	-
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	. 3353	45.5	45.4	44.4	44.8		7.5	7.6	6.9	7.3	١ -
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	. 3357	42.6	43.2	43.7	42.8		4.5	4.9	6.0	5.3	1
Nonferrous foundries	. 336	41.8	41.8	42.3	42.2	1	3.7	3.9	4.3	4.2	
Aluminum foundries	. 3361	42.3	42.4	42.7	42.6	!	3.9	4.3	4.6	4.3	-
Fabricated metal products	. 34	41.3	41.6	41.9	41.5	41.6	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.0	1
Metal cans and shipping containers	. 341	43.0	43.5	44.4	43.8	} -	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.6	1
Metal cans	. 3411	43.3	43.7	44.9	44.1	1	5.4	5.7	5.7	5.7	-
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware	. 342	41.6	41.7	41.3	41.1		3.7	3.7	3.3	3.2	
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades Hardware, nec		41.4 41.2	41.6 41.5	40.9 41.2	41.0 40.8		3.5 3.5	3.4 3.7	3.1 3.3	3.1	-
Plumbing and heating, except electric		40.2	40.6	41.4	40.9	1	3.2	3.1	3.8	3.4	Ι.
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		40.5	41.2	42.0	42.1		3.3	3.4	3.9	4.1	
Heating equipment, except electric		39.6	39.6	40.6	39.6	!	2.7	2.3	4.2	2.8	
Fabricated structural metal products		39.9	40.4	40.8	40.5		3.0	3.2	3.7	3.6	
Fabricated structural metal		40.7	41.5	41.8	40.9		3.5	4.0	4.6	4.2	1
Metal doors, sash, and trim		37.9	38.5	38.9	38.9	1	1.9	2.1	2.6	2.6	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		42.1	42.5	42.7	42.8	]	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.7	
Sheet metal work		39.5	40.1	40.1	39.4	1	2.9	3.0	3.1	2.8	
Architectural metal work		39.7	39.7	40.7	40.4		3.4	3.0	4.7	4.2	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	. 345	42.8	42.9	43.7	43.1		5.1	5.1	5.7	5.5	
Screw machine products		41.6	41.8	42.3	41.9		4.5	4.5	4.7	4.4	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	. 3452	44.2	44.2	45.3	44.7		5.8	5.9	6.8	6.8	1
Metal forgings and stampings	. 346	42.2	42.6	43.3	43.0		4.6	4.7	5.2	4.9	
Iron and steel forgings		42.6	43.3	44.4	44.3		4.4	4.5	6.0	6.0	
Automotive stampings		42.9	43.7	45.1	44.3		4.9	5.4	6.2	5.6	١.
Metal stampings, nec		41.4	41.2	40.9	41.0		4.3	4.1	3.8	3.7	
Metal services, nec		40.9	41.1	41.1	40.9	_	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	.
Plating and polishing		41.0	41.0	41.1	40.8		3.9	3.8	3.6	3.7	
Metal coating and allied services		40.7	41.2	41.1	41.0	1	3.4	3.4	4.0	3.9	
Ordnance and accessories, nec		42.0	42.0	41.8	42.0	1	3.4	3.3	2.7	2.8	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		40.9	41.1	40.6	41.8		2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	.
Misc. fabricated metal products		41.8	41.9	41.9	41.2	- '	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.5	.
Valves and pipe fittings		43.0	42.6	42.7	41.6	'	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.5	
Misc. fabricated wire products	3496	40.4	41.0	40.3	40.0	'	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.3	
Machinery, except electrical	35	42.5	42.7	42.6	42.4	42.5	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.5	
Engines and turbines		44.1	44.2	43.3	43.8	_	5.1	5.2	4.0	4.7	
Turbines and turbine generator sets		42.6	42.5	42.5	43.4	_	3.5	4.3	4.2	5.4	1 .
Internal combustion engines, nec		44.5	44.7	43.5	43.9		5.6	5.5	4.0	4.5	1
						1		4.2		4.9	
Farm and garden machinery	(352	43.7	43.7	41.9	42.5	1	4.4	4.4	4.1	4.9	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989
Durable goods—Continued											
Stone, clay, and glass products-Continued											1
Glass containers	3221	\$11.90	\$11.93	\$12.21	\$12.20		\$485.52	\$489.13	\$507.94	\$511.18	
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	11.04	11.06	11.34	11.36		463.68	464.52	475.15	474.85	ĺ
Products of purchased glass	323	8.83	8.86	9.36	9.38		362.03	368.58	396.86	395.84	
Cement, hydraulic	324	13.45	13.26	13.72	13.73		587.77	576.81	577.61	573.91	
Structural clay products	325	8.71	8.72	9.13	9.12		365.82	363.62	381.63	375.74	
Pottery and related products		9.12	9.14	9.57	9.58		371.18	368.34	386.63	388.95	ľ
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		10.00	10.10	10.22	10:24		403.00	427.23	412.89	409.60	
Concrete block and brick		9.21	9.14	9.33	9.31		389.58	411.30	399.32	386.37	ļ
Concrete products, nec		9.01	9.07	9.27	9.28		373.92	385.48	389.34	383.26	
Ready-mixed concrete	3273	10.90	10.99	11.09	11.15		412.02	447.29	415.88	412.55	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		10.47	10.55	10.61	10.66		443.93	448.38	453.05	447.72	
Abrasive products	3291	9.98	10.08	10.13	10.19		429.14	436.46	452.81	450.40	
Asbestos products	3292	10.43	10.36	11.08	11.26		457.88	448.59	491.95	493.19	
Primary metal industries	33	12.03	12.07	12.28	12.28	\$12.28		523.84	536.64	532.95	\$535.4
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	331	13.89	13.89	14.04	14.13	14.18		606.99	617.76	617.48	623.9
Blast furnaces and steel mills		14.64	14.63	14.78	14.93	-	647.09	642.26	654.75	656.92	-
Steel pipe and tubes		10.93	10.94	11.03	10.87		472.18	469.33	469.88	455.45	
Iron and steel foundries		10.77	10.86	11.24	11.16		464.19	472.41	494.56	482.11	
Gray iron foundries		11.26	11.38	11.88	11.78		485.31	493.89	523.91	510.07	
Malleable iron foundries		11.55	11.66	12.15	11.87		487.41	489.72	520.02	487.86	
Steel foundries, nec	3325	10.13	10.18	10.29	10.25		436.60	444.87	448.64	438.70	
Primary nonferrous metals		12.96	13.17	13.41	13.41		563.76	576.85	584.68	587.36	
Primary aluminum	1	13.27	13.59	13.82	13.66		579.90	600.68	599.79	594.21	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	11.43	11.51	11.86	11.84		492.63	500.69	520.65	517.41	
Copper rolling and drawing		10.79	10.75	11.07	11.17		469.37	470.85	483.76	489.25	
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		13.82	13.89	14.06	14.07		628.81	630.61	624.26	630.34	
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	11.46	11.60	12.15	12.05		488.20	501.12	530.96	515.74	
Nonferrous foundries	336	9.58	9.59	9.78	9.74		400.44	400.86	413.69	411.03	
Aluminum foundries	3361	9.80	9.84	10.09	9.98		414.54	417.22	430.84	425.15	
Fabricated metal products		10.13	10.14	10.44	10.44	10.44	418.37	421.82	437.44	433.26	434.3
Metal cans and shipping containers	341	13.42	13.43	13.69	13.77	-	577.06	584.21	607.84	603.13	-
Metal cans	3411	14.24	14.31	14.56	14.72		616.59	625.35	653.74	649.15	
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware	342	9.98	10.02	10.35	10.32		415.17	417.83	427.46	424.15	
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades		9.27	9.24	9.51	9.47		383.78	384.38	388.96	388.27	
Hardware, nec		10.30	10.37	10.73	10.73	J	424.36	430.36	442.08	437.78	
Plumbing and heating, except electric		9.21	9.25	9.47	9.43		370.24	375.55	392.06	385.69	
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		8.83	8.88	9.14	9.09		357.62	365.86	383.88	382.69	
Heating equipment, except electric Fabricated structural metal products		9.00	8.94	9.35	9.38		356.40	354.02	379.61	371.45 396.90	
•		9.47	9.50	9.77	9.80		377.85	383.80	398.62		
Fabricated structural metal		10.07	10.13	10.43	10.42		409.85	420.40	435.97 323.26	426.18	
Metal doors, sash, and trimFabricated plate work (boiler shops)		8.03 10.29	8.00 10.26	8.31 10.42	8.32 10.55		304.34 433.21	308.00 436.05	323.26 444.93	323.65 451.54	
Sheet metal work		9.71	9.77	10.42	10.55		383.55	391.78	444.93	396.76	
Architectural metal work		8.77	8.89	9.00	9.06		348.17	352.93	366.30	366.02	
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		9,95	9.94	10.21	10.24		425.86	426.43	446.18	441.34	
Screw machine products, botts, etc	3451	9.93	9.30	9.53	9.54	1	387.71	388.74	446.16	399.73	
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		10.67	10.67	10.98	11.03	l	471.61	471.61	497.39	493.04	
Metal forgings and stampings		12.00	12.04	12.44	12.36		506.40	512.90	538.65	531.48	
Iron and steel forgings		12.70	12.75	13.44	13.43	ļ	541.02	552.08	596.74	594.95	
Automotive stampings		14.08	14.14	14.43	14.32		604.03	617.92	650.79	634.38	
Metal stampings, nec		9.48	9.41	9.64	9.59		392.47	387.69	394.28	393.19	
Metal services, nec		8.12	8.12	8.41	8.44		332.11	333.73	345.65	345.20	
Plating and polishing		8.21	8.19	8.38	8.40		336.61	335.79	344.42	342.72	
Metal coating and allied services		7.96	8.00	8.48	8.51		323.97	329.60	348.53	348.91	
Ordnance and accessories, nec		11.24	11.22	11.43	11.45		472.08	471.24	477.77	480.90	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		10.83	10.86	11.17	11.14		442.95	446.35	453.50	465.65	
Misc. fabricated metal products		9.42	9.37	9.67	9.68		393.76	392.60	405.17	398.82	
Valves and pipe fittings		10.21	10.19	10.42	10.40		439.03	434.09	444.93	432.64	
Misc. fabricated wire products		8.46	8.32	8.60	8.62		341.78	341.12	346.58	344.80	
Machinery, except electrical	25	10.00	10.04	11.40	44.40	11.04	450.05	460.07	475 40	474.00	470 4
		10.82	10.84	11.16	11.18	11.21	459.85	462.87	475.42	474.03	476.4
Engines and turbines		13.45	13.55	13.75	13.89	-	593.15	598.91	595.38	608.38	_
Turbines and turbine generator sets		13.68	13.88	13.73	13.97	J	582.77	589.90	583.53	606.30	
Internal combustion engines, nec		13.38	13.46	13.75	13.86		595.41	601.66	598.13	608.45	
Farm and garden machinery  Farm machinery and equipment		9.87	9.81	10.23 11.00	10.38	i	431.32	428.70	428.64 464.20	441.15	
	しくカンス	10.59	10.51	11 (11)	11.22	- 1	461.72	461.39	454 20 /	481.34	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Ma 198
Purable goods—Continued											
Machinery, except electrical—Continued	1					ŀ			1		
Construction and related machinery	353	43.5	43.5	42.6	42.1	-	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.2	١.
Construction machinery		44.7	44.9	42.1	42.2	-	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.4	
Mining machinery		43.8	43.2	42.9	42.4	-	5.0	5.0	4.5	4.4	1
Oil field machinery		43.4	43.6	42.9	40.8	-	5.5	5.9	4.8	4.1	
Conveyors and conveying equipment		42.3	42.7	43.2	42.8	-	4.0	4.5	4.8	4.8	1
Industrial trucks and tractors		41.6	41.1	41.3	41.9	-	3.6	3.1	2.8	3.4	1
Metalworking machinery	354	43.2	43.4	44.2	43.9	-	5.2	5.3	5.9	5.9	
Machine tools, metal cutting types	3541	42.3	42.9	44.9	44.9	i - I	4.3	4.6	5.6	5.8	1
Machine tools, metal forming types	3542	45.0	44.6	45.0	44.4	- 1	6.8	6.1	6.8	6.2	1
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	3544	44.0	44.0	44.6	44.1	- !	6.0	6.0	6.7	6.5	1
Machine tool accessories	3545	41.9	42.1	42.8	42.5	-	4.3	4.6	4.6	4.9	
Power driven hand tools		41.8	42.7	43.4	43.7	-	3.2	3.3	4.0	4.4	
Special industry machinery	355	42.3	42.2	42.3	42.2	- 1	4.6	4.5	4.7	4.6	
Food products machinery		42.4	42.2	42.0	42.1	- 1	4.1	3.9	4.0	4.0	
Textile machinery	3552	42.9	42.7	42.6	42.2	1	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	
Printing trades machinery	3555	40.2	40.6	39.3	39.4	-	5.0	5.1	4.4	4.6	1
General industrial machinery		42.7	42.9	43.1	43.0	-	4.4	4.3	4.7	4.7	1
Pumps and pumping equipment		43.4	43.7	43.3	43.3	- 1	4.6	4.4	4.0	4.5	1
Ball and roller bearings		44.4	44.2	44.8	44.3	-	5.5	5.4	6.4	6.2	ŀ
Air and gas compressors		42.5	43.1	43.4	43.3	_	5.2	5.2	4.6	4.6	1
Blowers and fans		40.4	40.6	41.1	40.5	-	2.5	2.1	3.2	2.8	1
Speed changers, drives, and gears		43.5	44.5	43.8	43.4	_	4.9	5.5	5.1	5.3	1
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	42.2	42.2	42.9	42.9	_	5.1	5.0	5.0	4.9	1
Office and computing machines		41.3	41.6	41.2	41.2	-	3.1	3.2	2.8	2.8	1
Electronic computing equipment		41.9	42.2	41.4	41.3	_	3.0	3.2	2.7	2.8	1
Refrigeration and service machinery		41.2	41.7	41.9	41.6	- 1	3.1	3.5	3.7	3.3	
Refrigeration and heating equipment		41.6	42.0	42.5	42.0	1 - 1	3.5	3.7	4.1	3.6	
Misc. machinery, except electrical		41.8	42.0	42.2	41.8	] _	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.7	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves	1	42.2	42.7	43.8	43.0		4.5	4.8	5.4	5.2	
Machinery, except electrical, nec		41.8	41.9	42.0	41.6	- 1	4.3	4.5	4.6	4.6	l
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	40.6	40.9	41.0	40.6	40.6	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.0	
Electric distributing equipment		41.8	42.4	42.5	41.7	_	3.4	3.6	3.3	3.2	1
Transformers		41.4	42.3	42.6	41.8	-	3.2	3.6	3.5	3.2	}
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		42.2	42.6	42.3	41.6	_	3.5	3.5	3.2	3.1	
Electrical industrial apparatus		41.9	42.3	42.6	42.3	_	3.7	4.0	3.7	3.5	
Motors and generators		41.0	42.1	42.5	42.5	_	3.4	4.2	4.3	3.9	İ
Industrial controls		41.9	41.9	41.7	41.0	-	3.1	3.2	2.0	2.4	
Household appliances		39.6	39.6	40.9	40.0	_	2.4	2.3	3.2	2.8	
Household refrigerators and freezers		40.2	40.2	40.3	39.9	_	2.4	3.5	3.0	2.8	
Household laundry equipment		40.6	40.0	44.4	42.8	i - I	2.4	1.5	3.9	3.5	
Electric housewares and fans		40.9	40.4	40.9	40.0	_	2.9	2.8	3.2	2.8	
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		39.9	40.3	40.4	40.1	_	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.0	
Electric lamps		40.3	40.5	41.6	41.4	-	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.4	1
Current-carrying wiring devices	3643	39.4	39.9	39.6	39.3	-	2.6	2.8	2.7	2.4	l
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices	3644	41.7	42.1	40.6	40.7	-	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.9	1
Residential lighting fixtures	3645	38.7	38.3	38.8	39.0	-	1.9	1.7	2.0	2.1	1
Radio and TV receiving equipment	365	39.3	39.8	41.0	41.0	_	2.3	2.2	3.6	3.2	1
Radio and TV receiving sets		38.6	39.6	40.2	40.5	_ !	1.7	1.6	3.0	2.8	1
Communication equipment		41.0	41.1	40.8	40.6	- !	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4	1
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		43.0	43.0	41.6	41.1	- '	3.8	3.3	3.1	2.8	1
Radio and TV communication equipment		40.3	40.4	40.4	40.4	- 1	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.3	1
Electronic components and accessories		40.3	40.6	40.1	39.8	- '	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	1
Electronic tubes		41.9	42.1	41.8	41.2	-	2.6	2.4	4.5	4.3	1
Semiconductors and related devices		40.2	40.2	40.0	39.3		3.5	3.4	3.5	3.5	
Electronic components, riec		40.4	40.9	40.1	40.1	! -	3.2	3.3	3.1	2.9	1
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		41.1	41.6	43.1	41.7	-	3.3	3.3	4.4	3.5	
Storage batteries		40.6	41.5	43.3	41.3	-	2.6	2.7	3.9	2.5	
Engine electrical equipment		41.7	41.9	43.5	41.9	1	3.8	3.8	5.4	4.4	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°
Ourable goods—Continued											
Machinery, except electrical—Continued											1
Construction and related machinery	353	\$11.02	\$11.06	\$11.17	\$11.21	-	\$479.37	\$481.11	\$475.84	\$471.94	1
Construction machinery		12.23	12.28	12.58	12.60	-	546.68	551.37	529.62	531.72	ĺ
Mining machinery	3532	11.33	11.53	11.35	11.31	l	496.25	498.10	486.92	479.54	l
Oil field machinery	3533	10.71	10.73	10.67	10.75	-	464.81	467.83	457.74	438.60	
Conveyors and conveying equipment	. 3535	9.82	9.77	10.17	10.17	-	415.39	417.18	439.34	435.28	
Industrial trucks and tractors	3537	9.75	9.72	9.77	9.86	-	405.60	399.49	403.50	413.13	l
Metalworking machinery	. 354	11.28	11.30	11.71	11.70		487.30	490.42	517.58	513.63	
Machine tools, metal cutting types		11.19	11.27	11.48	11.53	-	473.34	483.48	515.45	517.70	
Machine tools, metal forming types	3542	11.82	11.71	12.19	12.03	-	531.90	522.27	548.55	534.13	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		12.02	12.04	12.58	12.53	-	528.88	529.76	561.07	552.57	
Machine tool accessories		10.13	10.12	10.43	10.51		424.45	426.05	446.40	446.68	]
Power driven hand tools		8.85	8.84	9.19	9.31	-	369.93	377.47	398.85	406.85	
Special industry machinery		10.89	10.96	11.34	11.37	-	460.65	462.51	479.68	479.81	l
Food products machinery	3551	10.86	10.97	11.27	11.33	-	460.46	462.93	473.34	476.99	
Textile machinery	3552	9.04	9.11	9.48	9.54	-	387.82	389.00	403.85	402.59	l
Printing trades machinery		11.86	11.86	12.41	12.37	-	476.77	481.52	487.71	487.38	
General industrial machinery	356	10.48	10.46	10.76	10.76	-	447.50	448.73	463.76	462.68	
Pumps and pumping equipment	3561	11.12	11.04	11.27	11.35		482.61	482.45	487.99	491.46	
Ball and roller bearings		10.95	10.93	11.27	11.21	-	486.18	483.11	504.90	496.60	-
Air and gas compressors	3563	10.44	10.45	10.48	10.42	-	443.70	450.40	454.83	451.19	
Blowers and fans	3564	9.35	9.27	9.62	9.59	-	377.74	376.36	395.38	388.40	
Speed changers, drives, and gears	1	10.36	10.40	10.69	10.79	-	450.66	462.80	468.22	468.29	ĺ
Power transmission equipment, nec	3568	10.61	10.60	10.65	10.52		447.74	447.32	456.89	451.31	
Office and computing machines		10.47	10.46	10.95	10.96	- '	432.41	435.14	451.14	451.55	
Electronic computing equipment		10.45	10.45	10.91	10.92	-	437.86	440.99	451.67	451.00	
Refrigeration and service machinery		10.46	10.54	10.73	10.60		430.95	439.52	449.59	440.96	
Refrigeration and heating equipment		10.68	10.75	10.90	10.70		444.29	451.50	463.25	449.40	
Misc. machinery, except electrical		10.52	10.57	10.85	10.91	-	439.74	443.94	457.87	456.04	
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		12.92 10.20	12.95 10.25	13.25 10.54	13.23 10.61		545.22 426.36	552.97 429.48	580.35 442.68	568.89 441.38	
						040.00					0440
Electrical and electronic equipment		10.02	10.04	10.27	10.25		406.81	410.64	421.07	416.15	\$418.
Electric distributing equipment		9.40	9.39	9.42	9.43	-	392.92	398.14	400.35	393.23	-
Transformers		9.21	9.19	9.21	9.25	Ì	381.29	388.74	392.35	386.65	
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		9.56	9.56	9.59	9.58		403.43	407.26	405.66	398.53	}
Electrical industrial apparatus		9.88	9.99	10.08	10.00		413.97	422.58	429.41	423.00	
Motors and generators		9.79	9.99	10.12	10.01	ĺ	401.39	420.58	430.10	425.43	i
Industrial controls		9.79	9.86	9.81	9.78	ļ	410.20	413.13	409.08	400.98	
Household appliances		10.02	10.05	10.17	10.23		396.79	397.98	415.95	409.20	
Household refrigerators and freezers  Household laundry equipment		11.44 11.84	11.69	11.81	11.76	ł	459.89	469.94	475.94 537.24	469.22 517.88	
			11.72	12.10	12.10		480.70	468.80			
Electric housewares and fans		7.31	7.37	7.36	7.39		298.98	297.75	301.02	295.60	}
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		9.33	9.37	9.73	9.70		372.27	377.61	393.09	388.97	
Electric lamps  Current-carrying wiring devices		10.60 8.96	10.66 8.96	11.01 9.56	10.94 9.56		427.18 353.02	431.73 357.50	458.02 378.58	452.92 375.71	
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		9.38	9.32	9.26	9.34		391.15	392.37	375.96	380.14	
Residential lighting fixtures		6.94	6.87	7.14	7.11		268.58	263.12	277.03	277.29	
Radio and TV receiving equipment		9.20	9.31	9.74	9.69		361.56	370.54	399.34	397.29	
Radio and TV receiving sets		9.59	9.73	10.25	10.19		370.17	385.31	412.05	412.70	
Communication equipment		11.94	11.94	12.13	12.18		489.54	490.73	494.90	494.51	
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		11.54	11.44	11.70	11.75	J	496.22	490.73	486.72	482.93	
Radio and TV communication equipment		12.10	12.14	12.30	12.36		487.63	490.46	496.92	499.34	
Electronic components and accessories		9.05	9.04	9.36	9.34		364.72	367.02	375.34	371.73	
Electronic tubes		11.24	11.36	11.77	11.80		470.96	478.26	491.99	486.16	
Semiconductors and related devices		11.03	11.00	11.33	11.47	1	443.41	442.20	453.20	450.77	
Electronic components, nec		8.13	8.13	8.38	8.33		328.45	332.52	336.04	334.03	
		10.75	10.73	11.20	11.03	1	441.83	446.37	482.72	459.95	
MISC Electrical enlinment and stinniles			10.73	11.20	11.03		771.00	770.0/	702.12	700.00	
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		11.42	11.30	11.92	11.58	Į	463.65	468.95	516.14	478.25	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mai 1989
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	37	42.0	42.5	42.9	43.0	43.2	4.2	4.3	5.0	4.9	
Motor vehicles and equipment		42.4	43.0	43.7	43.8	44.3	4.3	4.6	5.5	5.3	1
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	42.1	42.9	42.8	43.7	-	4.0	4.4	5.1	5.0	-
Truck and bus bodies	3713	42.3	43.4	41.5	44.5		3.4	4.5	3.3	5.0	1
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		42.9	43.4	45.1	44.3		4.9	5.0	6.5	5.9	1
Truck trailers		39.8	40.2	40.0	40.2		2.0	2.4	2.3	2.8	-
Aircraft and parts	372	42.4	42.5	42.9	43.0		4.7	4.6	5.1	5.4	-
Aircraft		41.9	42.0	42.6	42.6		4.3	4.2	5.0	5.2	1
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	41.9	42.1	42.6	43.2		4.3	4.2	4.9	5.5	-
Aircraft equipment, nec	3728	43.6	43.6	43.4	43.4		5.7	5.5	5.5	5.5	-
Ship and boat building and repairing		40.3	40.7	40.3	40.1		2.8	2.9	2.9	2.8	-
Ship building and repairing	3731	40.6	41.1	40.8	40.4		2.9	3.1	3.2	2.9	-
Boat building and repairing	3732	39.6	40.1	39.4	39.5		2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	-
Railroad equipment	374	42.7	42.9	42.8	43.1		4.1	3.9	4.3	4.3	-
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		42.8	43.0	43.3	43.2		4.6	4.0	4.6	4.6	
Guided missiles and space vehicles	3761	42.8	43.1	42.8	43.0		4.8	4.2	4.3	4.4	
Miscellaneous transportation equipment	379	38.3	39.9	40.3	40.4		2.3	2.7	3.0	2.8	1
Travel trailers and campers	3792	35.9	37.8	38.8	39.0		.9	1.3	2.4	1.9	
Instruments and related products	38	41.2	41.6	41.6	41.4	41.1	3.0	3.2	3.0	2.9	
Engineering and scientific instruments		41.8	41.8	42.3	42.0	-	3.1	3.1	3.1	2.8	
Measuring and controlling devices		41.3	41.7	41.8	41.6	1	2.8	3.1	2.8	2.8	
Environmental controls		39.1	40.0	41.0	40.1	_	2.7	3.1	2.6	2.4	
Process control instruments		43.0	44.1	43.7	44.0		3.8	4.3	3.9	4.0	
Instruments to measure electricity		41.1	41.4	41.7	41.4		2.4	2.9	2.2	2.3	
Optical instruments and lenses		43.7	43.4	43.7	42.6	_	3.4	3.6	3.3	2.7	
Medical instruments and supplies		40.5	41.0	40.5	40.6	_	3.0	3.1	2.7	2.8	1
Surgical and medical instruments		40.6	40.9	40.4	40.9	_	2.7	2.9	2.5	2.8	1
Surgical appliances and supplies		40.4	41.1	40.3	40.0	_	3.3	3.3	2.8	2.8	
		39.6	40.2	40.8	40.6	_	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.2	
Ophthalmic goodsPhotographic equipment and supplies		43.1	43.0	43.6	43.2	_	4.0	3.8	4.3	3.7	'
Watches, clocks, and watchcases		38.0	39.1	38.7	39.1	_	1.5	1.5	.9	1.0	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39	38.9	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	1.
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		37.2	37.6	36.7	37.4	-	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.5	١.
Jewelry, precious metal		36.4	36.7	36.2	36.8		1.0	1.2	1.3	1.2	1
Musical instruments		40.7	41.3	39.3	39.4		2.9	2.8	1.9	2.0	
Toys and sporting goods		39.0	39.3	39.6	39.5		2.2	2.3	2.0	2.3	1
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		38.1	38.5	38.5	37.8		1.8	1.6	1.4	1.4	1
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		39.7	39.9	40.4	40.6	_	2.5	2.8	2.5	3.0	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		40.6	40.8	40.4	40.0	_	2.5	2.6	2.9	2.5	
Costume jewelry and notions	393	37.0	37.9	38.2	37.7		1.5	1.5	1.8	2.1	1
Costume jewelry	2061	35.6	36.3	36.7	36.3		1.0	.6	1.5	1.9	
Miscellaneous manufactures		39.5	39.5	39.9	39.9		2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	
Signs and advertising displays		39.1	39.0	39.4	39.4		2.7	2.5	2.7	2.7	1
londurable goods		39.8	40.0	40.0	39.8	39.9	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	1
Food and kindred products		39.6	39.6	40.0	39.6	39.8	3.6	3.5	3.9	3.7	
Meat products	201	38.7	38.7	39.6	39.1	-	3.2	3.2	3.8	3.6	
Meat packing plants		40.2	40.2	40.3	40.0		3.9	4.1	4.5	4.5	
Sausages and other prepared meats		39.2	39.3	39.1	39.6		3.2	3.4	3.3	3.9	
Poultry dressing plants	2016	37.3	37.2	39.1	38.1		2.5	2.4	3.1	2.6	1
Dairy products		40.8	41.0	41.1	40.6		4.0	4.0	3.9	4.0	1
Cheese, natural and processed	2022	39.4	39.6	39.7	38.7		3.7	3.5	3.4	3.3	1
Fluid milk		41.8	41.6	41.9	42.0		4.5	4.4	4.3	4.6	1
Preserved fruits and vegetables	203	38.8	38.7	39.6	38.8	-	2.9	2.8	3.6	3.3	1
Canned specialties	2032	37.1	37.5	45.4	41.6		3.4	3.0	7.7	4.8	
Canned fruits and vegetables		39.0	38.8	38.7	38.3		3.2	2.7	3.2	2.8	1
Frozen fruits and vegetables		38.2	37.9	37.9	38.2		2.4	2.2	2.5	2.7	
Grain mill products	204	43.7	43.3	43.9	43.4		5.6	5.1	6.4	5.9	
Flour and other grain mill products	2041	44.8	43.4	45.0	43.6		5.7	4.6	6.3	5.4	1
Prepared feeds, nec	2048	42.8	42.9	43.3	42.7	1	5.5	5.1	6.5	6.0	1
Bakery products		39.5	39.4	39.0	38.7	-	3.8	3.5	3.4	3.3	
		, 55.5	J J J , r			I	ľ	1			1
Bread, cake, and related products	2051	38.4	38.5	38.2	37.9	}	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.3	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings	·		Average	e weekly (	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°
Durable goods—Continued		-									
Transportation equipment	. 37	\$13.17	\$13.20	\$13.62	\$13.62	\$13.68	\$553.14	\$561.00	\$584.30	\$585.66	\$590.98
Motor vehicles and equipment	. 371	13.85	13.93	14.27	14.25	14.30		598.99	623.60	624.15	633.49
Motor vehicles and car bodies	. 3711	15.91	15.95	16.23	16.30	- 1	669.81	684.26	694.64	712.31	-
Truck and bus bodies		11.57	11.75	11.54	11.85		489.41	509.95	478.91	527.33	
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	3714	12.93	13.04	13.51	13.37		554.70	565.94	609.30	592.29	
Truck trailers		9.16	9.20	9.30	9.39		364.57	369.84	372.00	377.48	ļ
Aircraft and parts		13.43	13.43	13.98	14.06		569.43	570.78	599.74	604.58	1
Aircraft		(1)	(²)	(2)	(*)				<b>-</b>		
Aircraft engines and engine parts	3724	\$13.61	\$13.58	\$14.08	\$14.24		\$570.26		\$599.81	\$615.17	
Aircraft equipment, nec		12.48	12.50	12.79	12.88		544.13	545.00	555.09	558.99	
Ship and boat building and repairing		10.42	10.40	10.51	10.46		419.93	423.28	423.55	419.45	
Ship building and repairing		11.60	11.59	11.64	11.63		470.96	476.35	474.91	469.85	
Boat building and repairing		8.15	8.19	8.67	8.59		322.74	328.42	341.60	339.31	
Railroad equipment		12.17	12.01	12.65	12.65		519.66	515.23	541.42	545.22	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		13.02	13.01	13.52	13.54		557.26	559.43	585.42	584.93	
Guided missiles and space vehicles		(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)		- 0005.01	0400 50	0404.51	0400 50	1
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		\$10.33	\$10.24	\$10.46	\$10.41		\$395.64	\$408.58 324.32	\$421.54	\$420.56	
Travel trailers and campers	3/92	8.53	8.58	9.03	9.16		306.23	324.32	350.36	357.24	
Instruments and related products	38	9.92	9.88	10.09	10.11	10.17	408.70	411.01	419.74	418.55	417.99
Engineering and scientific instruments		10.79	10.83	11.14	11.15	-	451.02	452.69	471.22	468.30	_
Measuring and controlling devices		9.79	9.76	9.75	9.87		404.33	406.99	407.55	410.59	
Environmental controls		9.27	9.18	9.18	9.23		362.46	367.20	376.38	370.12	
Process control instruments	3823	9.56	9.52	9.40	9.44		411.08	419.83	410.78	415.36	
Instruments to measure electricity	3825	10.06	10.07	9.81	10.03		413.47	416.90	409.08	415.24	
Optical instruments and lenses		10.47	10.59	11.09	11.09		457.54	459.61	484.63	472.43	
Medical instruments and supplies	384	8.84	8.85	9.10	9.15		358.02	362.85	368.55	371.49	
Surgical and medical instruments	3841	9.02	9.08	9.25	9.33		366.21	371.37	373.70	381.60	
Surgical appliances and supplies		8.62	8.59	8.89	8.92		348.25	353.05	358.27	356.80	
Ophthalmic goods	385	7.48	7.47	7.61	7.61		296.21	300.29	310.49	308.97	
Photographic equipment and supplies		13.71	13.54	13.82	13.60		590.90	582.22	602.55	587.52	
Watches, clocks, and watchcases	387	7.21	7.21	7.48	7.40		273.98	281.91	289.48	289.34	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	30	7.90	7.91	8.19	8.20	8.18	307.31	310.07	321.05	321.44	321.47
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		8.44	8.51	8.83	8.80	0.10	313.97	319.98	324.06	329.12	321.47
Jewelry, precious metal		8.59	8.65	8.92	8.84	_	312.68	317.46	322.90	325.31	_
Musical instruments		7.83	7.98	8.11	8.08		318.68	329.57	318.72	318.35	
Toys and sporting goods		7.23	7.23	7.43	7.43		281.97	284.14	294.23	293.49	
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		7.09	7.01	7.45	7.42		270.13	269.89	286.83	280.48	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		7.33	7.39	7.41	7.43	1	291.00	294.86	299.36	301.66	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		7.70	7.73	8.15	8.04		312.62	315.38	328.45	321.60	
Costume jewelry and notions		6.53	6.60	6.87	6.95	1	241.61	250.14	262.43	262.02	
Costume jewelry		5.97	6.08	6.42	6.40		212.53	220.70	235.61	232.32	
Miscellaneous manufactures		8.69	8.67	8.94	8.99		343.26	342.47	356.71	358.70	
Signs and advertising displays		9.10	9.07	9.28	9.25		355.81	353.73	365.63	364.45	
N 1 1											
Nondurable goods		9.31	9.33	9.61	9.62	9.65	370.54	373.20	384.40	382.88	385.04
Food and kindred products	20	9.06	9.07	9.28	9.28	9.31	358.78	359.17	371.20	367.49	370.54
Meat products	201	7.52	7.48	7.67	7.71	-	291.02	289.48	303.73	301.46	-
Meat packing plants		8.38	8.31	8.45	8.57		336.88	334.06	340.54	342.80	
Sausages and other prepared meats		8.95	8.97	9.05	9.10		350.84	352.52	353.86	360.36	
Poultry dressing plants		6.26	6.22	6.53	6.50		233.50	231.38	255.32	247.65	
Dairy products		9.82	9.78	10.04	10.07	}	400.66	400.98	412.64	408.84	
Cheese, natural and processed		9.09	9.13	9.31	9.30		358.15	361.55	369.61	359.91	
Fluid milk		10.27	10.15	10.48	10.48		429.29	422.24	439.11	440.16	
Preserved fruits and vegetables		8.55	8.58	8.79	8.73		331.74	332.05	348.08	338.72	
Canned specialties	2032	10.31	10.32	10.73	10.70		382.50	387.00	487.14	445.12	
Canned fruits and vegetables	2000	8.67	8.61	8.91	8.82	j	338.13	334.07	344.82	337.81	
Frozen fruits and vegetables		7.86	7.95	7.81	7.82		300.25	301.31	296.00	298.72	
Grain mill products		10.91	10.94	11.14	11.16		476.77	473.70	489.05	484.34	
Flour and other grain mill products		10.62	10.66	11.00	10.83	-	475.78	462.64	495.00	472.19	
Prepared feeds, nec		8.53	8.61	8.67	8.62	ĺ	365.08	369.37	375.41	368.07	
Bakery products		10.16	10.15	10.37	10.38		401.32	399.91	404.43	401.71	
Bread, cake, and related products Cookies and crackers		10.18	10.17	10.35	10.35		390.91	391.55	395.37	392.27	
	I'MEO	10.13	10.10	10.42	10.44	- 1	429.51	421.17	427.22	424.91	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averaç	ge weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar 1989
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products-Continued						ļ		1			1
Sugar and confectionery products	206	40.5	40.0	41.3	39.6		3.3	3.1	4.3	3.4	Į.
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	43.5	42.8	45.0	43.7		6.2	5.6	7.2	6.5	-
Confectionery products	2065	38.9	38.5	39.1	37.8		2.3	2.2	3.1	2.6	1
Fats and oils		42.8	42.6	44.4	43.2		4.9	4.8	5.1	5.0	١ -
Beverages		39.7	40.1	40.1	40.3		3.1	3.5	3.3	3.1	1
Malt beverages		41.4	42.4	43.3	43.0		5.3	5.5	5.9	5.6	1
Bottled and canned soft drinks		39.2	39.5	38.6	38.8		2.4	2.8	2.2	2.3	١ -
Misc. food and kindred products		38.4	38.3	36.7	37.9		3.5	3.3	3.2	3.5	
Tobacco manufactures	21	38.6	39.3	38.0	37.8	36.4	2.5	2.2	1.8	1.7	
Cigarettes	I	39.1	39.6	38.0	37.9	-	2.9	2.5	1.6	1.8	
Textile mill products	22	41.3	41.0	40.7	40.5	40.8	3.9	3.8	4.0	3.9	ļ
Weaving mills, cotton		42.2	41.4	39.9	41.3	_	5.0	4.6	3.8	4.5	ŀ
Weaving mills, synthetics		41.9	41.7	41.6	41.1	_	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.0	-
Weaving and finishing mills, wool	223	41.2	42.2	41.0	41.1	_	2.6	3.0	3.7	3.5	
Narrow fabric mills	224	41.0	41.1	42.1	41.4	-	3.4	3.3	3.8	3.4	١.
Knitting mills		39.7	39.5	39.6	39.0	1	3.0	2.9	3.4	3.3	1 .
Women's hosiery, except socks		39.5	39.0	40.0	39.2	_	2.8	2.7	3.5	3.1	١.
Hosiery, nec		40.5	39.9	38.8	38.0		3.2	2.9	2.7	2.7	Ι.
Knit outerwear mills	2253	38.2	38.5	37.7	37.4	1 _	2.5	2.5	2.9	2.9	
Knit underwear mills		38.2	38.5	39.7	38.7	_	1.6	1.6	2.0	1.7	1
Circular knit fabric mills		41.4	40.8	41.7	41.4		4.7	4.2	4.8	4.7	-
Textile finishing, except wool			41.6	42.6	42.1	_	4.4	1	5.4	4.9	
		41.8				L	l	4.4		1	1 -
Finishing plants, cotton	2201	42.9	42.7	41.8	42.2	-	4.9	4.9	5.2	4.4	1 -
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	41.5	41.7	43.3	41.6	-	4.0	4.3	5.7	5.0	i
Floor covering mills		42.6	42.8	40.6	40.7	ļ	3.6	3.5	3.9	3.8	{
Yarn and thread mills		41.3	40.9	40.9	40.2		4.4	4.2	4.1	3.8	
Yarn mills, except wool		41.9	41.2	41.4	40.4		4.6	4.3	4.4	4.0	ĺ
Throwing and winding mills		38.3	39.0	38.0	38.4		2.9	3.2	2.9	3.0	ŀ
Miscellaneous textile goods	229	42.9	42.9	42.2	42.2		4.4	4.4	4.3	4.3	-
Apparel and other textile products	23	36.7	37.0	36.7	36.9	36.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.9	
Men's and boys' suits and coats	231	36.7	37.1	37.1	36.3	l –	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.2	· -
Men's and boys' furnishings		36.2	36.8	36.5	36.5	-	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.5	1
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		36.5	37.0	36.9	36.9		1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	
Men's and boys' separate trousers		36.5	36.7	36.5	36.4		1.5	1.6	1.1	1.5	_
Men's and boys' work clothing		35.2	36.2	35.7	35.6		1.3	1.5	1.4	1.5	1
Women's and misses' outerwear		35.9	36.1	35.4	35.8		1.7	1.8	1.5	1.6	1
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		35.8	35.7	35.7	36.0		1.5	1.5	1.3	1.4	-
Women's and misses' dresses		35.3	36.1	35.9	35.6	_	1.5	1.9	1.6	1.7	1 -
Women's and misses' suits and coats		35.2	35.6	35.1	35.4		1.4	1.5	1.7	1.7	1
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		36.4	36.3	35.2	35.9		2.0	2.0	1.5	1.7	1
Women's and children's undergarments		37.5	37.5	37.1	37.8		1.7	1.5	1.8	1.8	1
Women's and children's underwear		37.8	37.7	37.4	38.1		1.6	1.4	1.8	1.9	
Brassieres and allied garments		36.1	36.3	35.2	35.9		2.1	2.2	1.8	1.5	-
Children's outerwear		37.3	36.5	37.5	36.5		2.1	1.6	2.0	2.1	]
Children's dresses and blouses		36.5	34.8	36.9	35.7		2.1	1.3	2.0	1.8	1
Misc. apparel and accessories		37.5	38.3	38.1	37.3		1.9	2.2	1.9	2.3	1
Misc. fabricated textile products		38.0	38.5	38.6	39.1	_ '	2.2	2.2	2.7	2.9	1
Curtains and draperies		35.6	35.6	35.6	37.9	-	.9	1.0	1.1	2.9	
House furnishings, nec		1 :				l .				2.2	-
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2392	37.1 40.8	38.2 40.9	37.5 42.2	38.1 42.5	İ '	1.8 4.7	2.1 4.4	2.0 5.6	5.8	
											]
Paper and allied products	26	43.0	42.9	43.2	42.9	42.8	4.8	4.7	5.1	4.9	1
Paper and pulp mills	261,2,6	45.3	45.2	45.0	45.3	-	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.5	
Paper mills, except building paper		45.4	45.4	45.0	45.4	ľ	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.6	
Paperboard mills		44.0	43.5	44.5	44.3	1	6.6	6.4	6.8	6.7	
Misc. converted paper products	264	41.9	41.7	41.6	41.3	Į.	3.7	3.7	3.9	3.6	
Paper coating and glazing		43.2	43.2	43.8	44.0	1	3.9	3.8	4.2	4.1	
Envelopes	2642	40.9	41.0	41.7	40.8	1	3.0	3.2	3.6	3.1	1
Bags, except textile bags		41.5	41.4	41.7	41.0	Į.	3.9	4.0	4.2	3.8	
Paperboard containers and boxes		41.8	41.9	43.0	42.1	1	4.1	4.0	4.7	4.3	
Folding paperboard boxes	2651	41.9	41.6	43.5	42.9	1	4.2	3.9	5.0	4.7	1
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	42.4	42.6	43.6	42.6		4.4	4.4	5.1	4.5	
Sanitary food containers		40.9	41.9	41.3	39.8		3.9	3.5	3.5	3.6	-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	e weekly (	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued											
Sugar and confectionery products	206	\$9.41	\$9.45	\$9.64	\$9.61	-	\$381.11	\$378.00	\$398.13	\$380.56	-
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	10.83	10.95	10.86	11.28	_	471.11	468.66	488.70	492.94	_
Confectionery products		8.26	8.32	8.54	8.50	_	321.31	320.32	333.91	321.30	-
Fats and oils		9,11	9.16	9.54	9.44	_	389.91	390.22	423.58	407.81	-
Beverages		11.94	12.10	12.49	12.51	-	474.02	485.21	500.85	504.15	_
Malt beverages		16.60	16.78	17.44	17.51	_	687.24	711.47	755.15	752.93	_
Bottled and canned soft drinks		9.44	9.59	9.96	10.02	_	370.05	378.81	384.46	388.78	_
Misc. food and kindred products		8.44	8.45	8.67	8.59	-	324.10	323.64	318.19	325.56	-
Tobacco manufactures		14.01 17.12	14.42 17.02	14.28 17.74	14.62 17.93	\$15.22 -	540.79 669.39	566.71 673.99	542.64 674.12	552.64 679.55	\$554.0 -
Textile mill products	22	7.30	7.31	7.60	7.60	7.60	301.49	299.71	309.32	307.80	310.0
Weaving mills, cotton	221	7.68	7.66	7.84	7.96	7.60	301.49	317.12	312.82	307.80	310.0
		7.88	7.89	8.18	8.09	-	330.17	329.01	340.29	332.50	-
Weaving mills, synthetics											ľ
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		7.79	7.98	8.29	8.17	-	320.95 275.93	336.76	339.89	335.79	-
Narrow fabric mills		6.73	6.78	7.03	7.10	-		278.66	295.96	293.94	-
Knitting mills		6.64	6.63	6.92	6.90	-	263.61	261.89	274.03	269.10	-
Women's hosiery, except socks	2251	6.50	6.49	6.89	6.86	- 1	256.75	253.11	275.60	268.91	-
Hosiery, nec	2252	6.36	6.35	6.63	6.54	-	257.58	253.37	257.24	248.52	-
Knit outerwear mills		6.53	6.43	6.55	6.55	-	249.45	247.56	246.94	244.97	-
Knit underwear mills		6.32	6.38	6.74	6.69	-	241.42	245.63	267.58	258.90	-
Circular knit fabric mills		7.34	7.39	7.76	7.76	-	303.88	301.51	323.59	321.26	
Textile finishing, except wool	226	7.60	7.67	8.05	8.03	-	317.68	319.07	342.93	338.06	-
Finishing plants, cotton		7.66	7.74	8.07	8.07	-	328.61	330.50	337.33	340.55	_
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	7.87	7.87	8.40	8.35	-	326.61	328.18	363.72	347.36	-
Floor covering mills	227	7.53	7.57	7.81	7.88	-	320.78	324.00	317.09	320.72	_
Yarn and thread mills	228	7.00	6.98	7.30	7.30	_	289.10	285.48	298.57	293.46	_
Yarn mills, except wool	2281	6.97	6.97	7.31	7.31	-	292.04	287.16	302.63	295.32	_
Throwing and winding mills	2282	7.19	7.11	7.34	7.37		275.38	277.29	278.92	283.01	-
Miscellaneous textile goods		8.26	8.26	8.61	8.56	-	354.35	354.35	363.34	361.23	-
Apparel and other textile products	23	6.02	6.03	6.29	6.28	6.31	220.93	223.11	230.84	231.73	232.2
Men's and boys' suits and coats		6.83	6.81	7.09	7.09	-	250.66	252.65	263.04	257.37	
Men's and boys' furnishings		5.56	5.56	5.78	5.76	_	201.27	204.61	210.97	210.24	_
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		5.42	5.44	5.70	5.69	_	197.83	201.28	210.33	209.96	_
Men's and boys' separate trousers		5.40	5.40	5.61	5.56	_	197.10	198.18	204.77	202.38	_
Men's and boys' work clothing		5.59	5.58	5.74	5.70	_	196.77	202.00	204.77	202.92	_
Women's and misses' outerwear		5.81	5.84	6.07	6.07	_	208.58	210.82	214.88	217.31	_
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		5.14	5.12	5.27	5.28		184.01	182.78	188.14	190.08	_
Women's and misses' dresses		6.15	6.10	6.42	6.46	-	217.10	220.21	230.48	229.98	_
Women's and misses' suits and coats		1 1									
		6.41	6.46	6.53	6.27	-	225.63	229.98	229.20	221.96	-
Women's and children's undergarments		5.70	5.77	6.01	6.05	-	207.48	209.45	211.55	217.20	_
Women's and children's undergarments		5.64	5.68	5.85	5.87		211.50	213.00	217.04	221.89	_
Women's and children's underwear		5.45	5.50	5.71	5.74	-	206.01	207.35	213.55	218.69	
Brassieres and allied garments		6.75	6.70	6.68	6.65	-	243.68	243.21	235.14	238.74	-
Children's outerwear		5.43	5.45	5.66	5.59	-	202.54	198.93	212.25	204.04	-
Children's dresses and blouses		5.40	5.44	5.70	5.56	-	197.10	189.31	210.33	198.49	
Misc. apparel and accessories		5.84	5.87	6.13	6.12	-	219.00	224.82	233.55	228.28	_
Misc. fabricated textile products		7.20	7.21	7.51	7.51	-	273.60	277.59	289.89	293.64	_
Curtains and draperies		5.99	5.96	6.21	6.25	-	213.24	212.18	221.08	236.88	-
House furnishings, nec  Automotive and apparel trimmings		6.09 11.01	6.14 11.09	6.37 11.51	6.35 11.59	-	225.94 449.21	234.55 453.58	238.88 485.72	241.94 492.58	-
•	l		11.00		11.00		440.21	400.00	400.72	402.00	
Paper and allied products	26	11.50	11.52	11.77	11.80	11.83	494.50	494.21	508.46	506.22	506.3
Paper and pulp mills		14.04	14.13	14.44	14.48	-	636.01	638.68	649.80	655.94	-
Paper mills, except building paper	262	14.11	14.17	14.49	14.50	-	640.59	643.32	652.05	658.30	-
Paperboard mills		14.22	14.30	14.47	14.55	-	625.68	622.05	643.92	644.57	-
Misc. converted paper products	264	10.04	10.02	10.29	10.29	- 1	420.68	417.83	428.06	424.98	-
Paper coating and glazing		11.20	11.22	11.41	11.33	-	483.84	484.70	499.76	498.52	-
Envelopes		9.43	9.47	9.73	9.70	-	385.69	388.27	405.74	395.76	_
Bags, except textile bags		9.23	9.25	9.46	9.47	_	383.05	382.95	394.48	388.27	
Paperboard containers and boxes		9.88	9.86	10.08	10.07	-	412.98	413.13	433.44	423.95	_
	2651	10.22	10.27	10.51	10.49	_	428.22	427.23	457.19	450.02	_
Folding paperboard boxes								,~			
Folding paperboard boxes  Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	2653	9.96	9.98	10.26	10.22	_ 1	422.30	425.15	447.34	435.37	_

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Printing and publishing	27	37.8	38.2	37.7	37.7	38.0	2.9	3.2	2.8	2.9	-
Newspapers		33.2	33.4	32.6	32.7	-	1.3	1.4	1.0	1.1	-
Periodicals		37.9	37.9	37.8	37.3	-	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.7	-
Books	273	40.4	39.9	38.6	39.9	-	3.8	3.8	3.2	3.4	-
Book publishing		39.1	38.7	38.0	38.9	-	3.5	3.3	2.6	3.0	_
Book printing	2732	42.5	42.0	39.6	41.6	-	4.2	4.5	4.2	4.1	-
Miscellaneous publishing	274	36.5	36.7	36.6	36.4	-	2.1	2.3	2.0	1.6	-
Commercial printing		39.2	39.6	39.2	39.3	-	3.5	3.8	3.4	3.6	-
Commercial printing, letterpress		39.0	39.0	38.9	38.7	-	3.0	3.0	2.7	3.0	_
Commercial printing, lithographic		39.1	39.7	39.1	39.4	_	3.6	4.1	3.6	3.8	-
Manifold business forms		40.9	41.7	41.2	40.4	-	3.3	3.9	3.7	3.1	-
Blankbooks and bookbinding	278	38.6	39.2	39.2	38.0	_	2.7	2.9	3.0	2.6	-
Printing trade services		38.4	38.9	38.7	38.5	_	4.4	4.4	3.9	4.0	-
<u> </u>											
Chemicals and allied products		42.3	42.5	42.4	42.3	42.2	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.1	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals		42.9	43.0	42.7	42.8	- !	4.2	4.2	3.8	4.2	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		43.3	43.5	42.8	42.8	-	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.1	-
Plastics materials and synthetics		43.2	43.3	43.1	43.1	-	4.5	4.5	4.6	5.0	-
Plastics materials and resins		43.8	43.7	43.7	43.5	-	4.8	4.7	4.9	5.2	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		42.6	42.8	42.7	43.1	-	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.8	-
Drugs		41.4	41.4	41.8	41.5	-	3.2	3.1	3.7	3.6	-
Pharmaceutical preparations		41.3	41.4	41.2	41.0	-	3.3	3.2	3.8	3.6	-
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	284	40.4	40.6	40.0	40.1	-	3.3	3.5	2.6	2.8	-
Soap and other detergents	2841	42.8	43.5	42.7	42.9	-	5.1	5.7	4.8	4.9	-
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		41.5	41.2	40.9	40.7	-	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	-
Toilet preparations	2844	38.4	38.8	38.0	38.3	-	2.2	2.5	1.1	1.5	-
Paints and allied products		41.7	42.2	41.6	41.8	-	3.3	3.9	3.5	3.5	-
Industrial organic chemicals	286	44.1	44.3	44.1	44.3	-	5.1	5.3	5.1	5.4	_
Cyclic crudes and intermediates	2865	42.0	42.2	43.0	43.1	-	4.5	4.7	5.0	4.5	-
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec.	2861.9	44.6	44.9	44.4	44.6	-	5.2	5.5	5.1	5.6	-
Agricultural chemicals		43.2	43.6	43.6	43.0	_	4.9	5.6	4.8	4.9	_
Miscellaneous chemical products		41.7	41.9	42.5	42.1	-	3.5	3.6	3.8	3.7	-
<b>5</b>											
Petroleum and coal products		43.3	43.7	43.5	44.1	43.6	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.8	-
Petroleum refining		43.7	43.8	43.8	44.6	-	4.9	4.7	4.9	6.1	-
Paving and roofing materials	295	42.7	44.6	43.2	43.0	-	5.5	6.7	5.4	5.6	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	41,4	41.7	41.8	41.5	41.6	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.2	_
Tires and inner tubes	301	45.6	45.8	45.4	44.9		6.2	6.2	6.3	5.9	_
Rubber and plastics footwear		41.7	39.2	39.8	40.5		2.7	1.4	2.4	1.6	1 [
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	302	"'''	35.2	33.0	40.5	_	2.7	'		1.0	_
and belting	303.4	43.8	43.6	43.9	43.5	_	4.3	4.2	4.4	4.0	_
Fabricated rubber products, nec		41.4	41.5	41.5	41.0	_	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.5	_
Miscellaneous plastics products		40.8	41.2	41.4	41.1	_	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.1	-
Miscellaricous plastics products	1307	40.0	41.2	71.7	71.1		3.0	0.5	7.1	7.1	_
Leather and leather products	31	36.8	37.4	37.9	37.8	37.4	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.8	-
Leather tanning and finishing		41.2	41.2	41.5	41.7	-	3.8	4.5	4.8	5.3	-
Footwear, except rubber	314	36.3	36.9	37.6	37.2	_ [	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.3	-
Men's footwear, except athletic	3143	36.6	37.8	37.0	36.7	_	1.2	1.4	1.1	1.1	-
Women's footwear, except athletic		35.7	35.9	38.2	37.6	_	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.7	-
Luggage		39.4	39.5	39.3	39.2	_	2.4	3.1	2.0	1.6	-
Handbags and personal leather goods		35.5	36.3	35.0	36.3	-	2.2	2.5	1.5	1.3	-
Fransportation and public utilities		38.9	38.6	39.3	38.9	39.0	_		_	_	-
Daily and Assessment Aircu.			į								
Railroad transportation: Class I railroads ³	4011	43.9	43.1	45.4	46.4	-	-		-	-	-
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	33.6	33.6	34.0	34.4	_	_	_	_		_
							_	-	-	-	-
Local and suburban transportation		38.9 40.6	38.2 38.6	38.8 39.0	38.2 41.6		_	[ ]		-	-
	17.0	40.0	30.0	33.0	71.0		_	-	-	-	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	37.6	37.7	37.6	37.6	-	_	_	_	_	-
Trucking and trucking terminals	421.3	37.5	37.6	37.4	37.6	-	_	_	_	_	_
Public warehousing		38.6	38.6	39.0	38.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pipe lines, except natural gas	16	42.2	42.2	42.3	41.4	_	_	_	_		_

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989 ^p
Nondurable goods—Continued											
Printing and publishing		\$10.40	\$10.45	\$10.73	\$10.75	\$10.81	\$393.12	\$399.19	\$404.52	\$405.28	\$410.78
Newspapers		10.39	10.37	10.80	10.76	-	344.95	346.36	352.08	351.85	-
Periodicals	272	10.69	10.79	11.39	11.39		405.15	408.94	430.54	424.85	
Books	273	9.43	9.35	9.59	9.51	-	380.97	373.07	370.17	379.45	
Book publishing	2731	9.07	8.96	9.31	9.17	-	354.64	346.75	353.78	356.71	-
Book printing	2732	9.99	9.95	10.01	10.03	-	424.58	417.90	396.40	417.25	
Miscellaneous publishing		9.70	9.74	10.08	10.10	-	354.05	357.46	368.93	367.64	
Commercial printing	275	10.66	10.75	10.98	11.05		417.87	425.70	430.42	434.27	
Commercial printing, letterpress		10.27	10.32	10.49	10.60	_	400.53	402.48	408.06	410.22	
Commercial printing, lithographic	2752	10.80	10.91	11.17	11.26		422.28	433.13	436.75	443.64	İ
Manifold business forms	276	10.80	10.86	11.14	11.10	_	441.72	452.86	458.97	448.44	
Blankbooks and bookbinding	278	8.28	8.32	8.47	8.48		319.61	326.14	332.02	322.24	ì
Printing trade services		12.97	12.98	13.32	13.31		498.05	504.92	515.48	512.44	
Chemicals and allied products	28	12.55	12.53	12.86	12.89	12.93	530.87	532.53	545.26	545.25	545.65
Industrial inorganic chemicals		13.68	13.68	13.97	14.09	_	586.87	588.24	596.52	603.05	_
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		13.68	13.66	13.96	14.08		592.34	594.21	597.49	602.62	
Plastics materials and synthetics	282	12.83	12.81	13.10	13.18		554.26	554.67	564.61	568.06	
Plastics materials and resins	2821	13.66	13.69	14.16	14.26		598.31	598.25	618.79	620.31	
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		12.43	12.29	12.36	12.46		529.52	526.01	527.77	537.03	
Drugs		11.93	11.94	12.35	12.39		493.90	494.32	516.23	514.19	
Pharmaceutical preparations		11.56	11.57	12.17	12.28		477.43	479.00	501.40	503.48	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		11.12	11.06	11.27	11.19		449.25	449.04	450.80	448.72	
Soap and other detergents		14.53	14.61	14.89	14.91		621.88	635.54	635.80	639.64	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		10.05	10.17	10.32	10.22		417.08	419.00	422.09	415.95	
		9.53	9.34	9.45	9.41		365.95	362.39	359.10	360.40	
Toilet preparations		11.12	11.20	11.55	11.55		463.70	472.64	480.48	482.79	
Paints and allied products		14.86	14.83		15.25	1	655.33	656.97	665.47	675.58	
Industrial organic chemicals				15.09		-	621.18		639.41		
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		14.79	14.80	14.87	14.89	-		624.56		641.76	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec		14.88	14.84	15.15	15.34 12.43		663.65 520.56	666.32 527.12	672.66 548.92	684.16 534.49	
Agricultural chemicals Miscellaneous chemical products		12.05 11.42	12.09 11.40	12.59 11.75	11.75		476.21	477.66	499.38	494.68	_
·											
Petroleum and coal products		14.96	14.98	15.31	15.55	15.62	647.77	654.63	665.99	685.76	681.03
Petroleum refining		16.01	16.09	16.34	16.60	-	699.64	704.74	715.69	740.36	-
Paving and roofing materials	295	11.41	11.52	11.60	11.71		487.21	513.79	501.12	503.53	
Rubber and misc. plastics products		9.00	9.00	9.28	9.26	9.28	372.60	375.30	387.90	384.29	386.05
Tires and inner tubes	301	14.30	14.26	14.84	14.88	-	652.08	653.11	673.74	668.11	_
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	6.20	6.19	6.68	6.52		258.54	242.65	265.86	264.06	1
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose											
and belting	303,4	9.01	9.04	9.30	9.15		394.64	394.14	408.27	398.03	
Fabricated rubber products, nec	306	8.78	8.76	8.80	8.79	-	363.49	363.54	365.20	360.39	
Miscellaneous plastics products	307	8.37	8.38	8.64	8.61		341.50	345.26	357.70	353.87	
Leather and leather products	31	6.19	6.23	6.49	6.51	6.53	227.79	233.00	245.97	246.08	244.22
Leather tanning and finishing		8.25	8.42	8.59	8.72	0.00	339.90	346.90	356.49	363.62	
Footwear, except rubber		5.90	5.94	6.22	6.23		214.17	219.19	233.87	231.76	
Men's footwear, except athletic		6.27	6.29	6.64	6.65		229.48	237.76	245.68	244.06	
Women's footwear, except athletic		5.59	5.66	5.90	5.89	_	199.56	203.19	225.38	221.46	
Luggage		6.34	6.34	6.42	6.25		249.80	250.43	252.31	245.00	
Handbags and personal leather goods		5.86	5.89	5.90	5.76		208.03	213.81	206.50	209.09	_
ransportation and public utilities		12.23	12.19	12.47	12.50	12.48	475.75	470.53	490.07	486.25	486.72
Railroad transportation:		ĺĺ									
Class I railroads ³	4011	15.04	14.75	15.30	15.55		660.26	635.73	694.62	721.52	
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	8.41	8.36	8.73	8.74	_	282.58	280.90	296.82	300.66	
Local and suburban transportation		9.09	9.01	9.43	9.32		353.60	344.18	365.88	356.02	
Intercity highway transportation		11.39	11.35	11.43	11.75		462.43	438.11	445.77	488.80	-
Trucking and warehousing	42	10.89	10.88	11.07	11.14	_	409.46	410.18	416.23	418.86	
Trucking and trucking terminals	421.2	1 1	- 1			-					
Trucking and trucking terminals  Public warehousing		11.07 8.60	11.06 8.67	11.24 9.09	11.31 9.09	-	415.13 331.96	415.86 334.66	420.38 354.51	425.26 350.87	
Pipe lines, except natural gas		15.74	15.70	16.09	16.18		664.23	662.54	680.61	669.85	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	ge weekly	nours			Average	e overtim	e nours	
Industry	SIC	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989
Transportation and public utilities—Continued									ļ		
Communication	. 48	39.8	39.5	39.6	39.1	_	_	_	-	۱ -	-
Telephone communication		41.2	40.9	40.9	40.5		_		_	-	-
Radio and television broadcasting		35.8	35.6	36.0	35.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	41.5	41.0	41.6	41.6	_	_	_	_	_	_
Electric services		41.2	41.0	41.7	41.9	_	_	_	_		] _
Gas production and distribution		41.3	40.5	42.0	41.7	_	_		` _	<u> </u>	_
Combination utility services		42.0	41.2	41.9	42.1	-	_	_	_	l _	1 _
Sanitary services	495	42.9	42.4	40.9	40.1	-	_	_	_	-	-
Wholesale trade		37.9	37.9	37.9	37.7	37.8	_	_	_	_	_
Durable goods		38.4	38.4	38.5	38.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		38.2	38.0	37.6	37.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings		37.8	37.9	36.9	37.2	-	-	-	_	-	-
Lumber and construction materials	. 503	38.5	38.9	39.0	38.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		36.2	36.2	35.6	35.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		40.4	40.5	40.7	40.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electrical goods	. 506	38.1	37.8	38.3	38.0		-	-	-	_	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment	. 507	38.4	38.2	38.6	38.5	- '	-	-	-	-	-
Machinery, equipment, and supplies	. 508	38.7	38.7	39.0	38.8	-	-	-	-	l -	-
Miscellaneous durable goods		37.7	38.0	38.0	37.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nondurable goods	. 51	37.2	37.2	37.1	36.9	_	_	_	_		_
Paper and paper products		36.8	36.6	37.1	36.8	_	_	_	_	_	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		36.8	37.2	36.9	36.9	_	_	_	_	_	_
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		37.1	37.1	36.7	36.3	_	_		_	_	_
Groceries and related products		37.5	37.4	37.4	37.4	_	_	_	_	_	1 _
Chemicals and allied products		39.5	39.5	39.8	39.6	_	_		_	_	
Petroleum and petroleum products		38.9	38.2	38.7	38.2	_			_		1 -
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		35.5	35.8	35.6	35.6	_	_	-	_	_	1
Miscellaneous nondurable goods		36.7	36.8	36.1	36.0	_	_		_	_	-
Retall trade		28.5	28.6	28.4	28.3	28.4	-	-	_	-	-
Building materials and garden supplies	52	35.8	36.0	35.8	35.4	_	_	_	_	_	_
Lumber and other building materials	521	37.4	37.9	37.6	37.3		_	_	_	_	_
Hardware stores		32.2	32.0	32.1	31.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
General merchandise stores	. 53	25.7	26.6	26.5	26.4	_	_	İ _	_	_	_
Department stores		25.3	26.2	26.2	26.2		_		-	_	-
Variety stores		27.9	28.5	28.0	27.4		_		_	_	_
Misc. general merchandise stores		28.2	28.6	28.0	27.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food stores	54	29.6	29.5	29.3	29.3	_	_	_	_		l _
Grocery stores		29.7	29.6	29.5	29.4	_	_	_	_	_	_
Retail bakeries		28.4	28.0	28.1	28.6		-	_	-	_	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	36.5	36.3	36.0	35.9	_	_	_	_	_	_
New and used car dealers		37.4	37.3	36.8	36.7		_	I -	I -	l -	1 <u>-</u>
	1	38.4				_	_	_	_	_	_
Auto and home supply stores		34.1	38.0 33.9	38.0 33.9	37.8 33.8	_	_	-	-	-	-
Apparel and accessory stores	56	05.0	00.0	00.0	00.0						
Apparel and accessory stores		25.8	26.3	26.0	26.0	-	_	-	-	-	1 -
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		28.5	28.2	28.2	28.2	-	_	-	-	-	-
Women's ready-to-wear stores		24.1	24.8	23.8	23.7	-	-	-	_	-	-
Family clothing storesShoe stores		25.8 26.9	26.2 27.5	25.5 28.3	25.4 28.2	_	_	-	_	_	-
						†					1
Furniture and home furnishings stores		32.7	32.6	32.7	32.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores		33.0	33.2	33.2	33.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household appliance stores		33.4	33.1	34.1	33.5	-	-	-	1 -	-	-
Radio, television, and music stores	573	32.0	31.5	31.5	30.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eating and drinking places ⁴	1	25.2	25.3	25.1	24.8	1	l	_	1	1	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989 ^p
Transportation and public utilities—Continued											
Communication		\$12.61	\$12.61	\$12.94	\$12.92	-	\$501.88	\$498.10		\$505.17	
Telephone communication		13.33	13.31	13.68	13.69	-	549.20	544.38	559.51	554.45	l
Radio and television broadcasting	483	11.20	11.26	11.99	11.70		400.96	400.86	431.64	411.84	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	14.05	14.20	14.68	14.72	-	583.08	582.20	610.69	612.35	
Electric services	491	14.15	14.28	14.71	14.81		582.98	585.48	613.41	620.54	
Gas production and distribution	492	13.10	13.20	13.73	13.61		541.03	534.60	576.66	567.54	
Combination utility services		16.58	16.91	17.40	17.37		696.36	696.69	729.06	731.28	
Sanitary services	495	10.55	10.61	11.28	11.27		452.60	449.86	461.35	451.93	
Wholesale trade		9.78	9.78	10.21	10.21	\$10.21	370.66	370.66	386.96	384.92	\$385.94
Durable goods	50	9.96	9.97	10.44	10.43		382.46	382.85	401.94	399.47	
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		9.00	9.04	9.43	9.45		343.80	343.52	354.57	353.43	
Furniture and home furnishings		9.03	9.07	9.63	9.67		341.33	343.75	355.35	359.72	
Lumber and construction materials		9.36	9.43	9.89	9.86		360.36	366.83	385.71	379.61	1
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		9.75	9.57	9.23	9.09		352.95	346.43	328.59	326.33	
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	10.59	10.59	10.88	10.84		427.84	428.90	442.82	434.68	1
Electrical goods		10.34	10.29	10.97	10.91		393.95	388.96	420.15	414.58	]
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		9.33	9.37	9.78	9.81		358.27	357.93	377.51	377.69	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		10.64	10.67	11.16	11.16		411.77	412.93	435.24	433.01	
Miscellaneous durable goods	509	7.97	7.91	8.33	8.31		300.47	300.58	316.54	314.95	
Nondurable goods	51	9.52	9.50	9.85	9.85	j	354.14	353.40	365.44	363.47	
Paper and paper products		10.20	10.26	10.85	10.84		375.36	375.52	402.54	398.91	
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		11.02	10.90	11.24	11.36	_	405.54	405.48	414.76	419.18	ļ
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		9.34	9.33	9.79	9.84		346.51	346.14	359.29	357.19	
Groceries and related products		9.66	9.69	10.02	9.98		362.25	362.41	374.75	373.25	
Chemicals and allied products		12.20	12.19	12.35	12.42		481.90	481.51	491.53	491.83	
Petroleum and petroleum products		9.64	9.53	9.84	9.79		375.00	364.05	380.81	373.98	
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		10.79	10.92	11.25	11.17	-	383.05	390.94	400.50	397.65	l l
Miscellaneous nondurable goods	519	7.87	7.79	8.03	8.10	-	288.83	286.67	289.88	291.60	
Retail trade		6.23	6.24	6.47	6.46	6.46	177.56	178.46	183.75	182.82	183.46
Building materials and garden supplies	52	7.26	7.23	7.60	7.61		259.91	260.28	272.08	269.39	
Lumber and other building materials	521	7.64	7.61	8.01	8.05		285.74	288.42	301.18	300.27	
Hardware stores		6.16	6.19	6.32	6.34	Ì	198.35	198.08	202.87	201.61	ł
General merchandise stores	53	6.53	6.48	6.72	6.70		167.82	172.37	178.08	176.88	
Department stores		6.83	6.77	6.99	6.97	_	172.80	177.37	183.14	182.61	
Variety stores		4.95	4.91	5.33	5.32		138.11	139.94	149.24	145.77	[
Misc. general merchandise stores		5.27	5.32	5.55	5.57	j	148.61	152.15	155.40	154.85	
Food stores	54	6.98	7.00	7.11	7.13		206.61	206.50	208.32	208.91	
Grocery stores		7.10	7.12	7.20	7.23		210.87	210.75	212.40	212.56	
Retail bakeries		5.88	5.91	6.08	6.08		166.99	165.48	170.85	173.89	
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	7.93	8.06	8.28	8.26	1	289.45	292.58	298.08	296.53	
New and used car dealers		9.56	9.78	9.99	9.98		357.54	364.79	367.63	366.27	
Auto and home supply stores		6.87	6.94	7.31	7.25	j	263.81	263.72	277.78	274.05	
Gasoline service stations	554	5.70	5.69	5.87	5.87	1	194.37	192.89	198.99	198.41	
Apparel and accessory stores	56	5.68	5.70	5.96	5.91		146.54	149.91	154.96	153.66	
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		6.81	6.78	7.41	7.33		194.09	191.20	208.96	206.71	
Women's ready-to-wear stores	562	5.33	5.38	5.67	5.66	- 1	128.45	133.42	134.95	134.14	
Family clothing stores	565	5.49	5.48	5.87	5.78	- 1	141.64	143.58	149.69	146.81	
Shoe stores	566	5.84	5.90	5.90	5.84		157.10	162.25	166.97	164.69	
Furniture and home furnishings stores		7.62	7.67	8.10	8.06		249.17	250.04	264.87	260.34	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores		7.78	7.82	8.16	8.08		256.74	259.62	270.91	267.45	
Household appliance stores	572	7.51	7.51	8.13	8.16		250.83	248.58	277.23	273.36	
Radio, television, and music stores	573	7.39	7.45	8.01	7.98		236.48	234.68	252.32	245.78	
Eating and drinking places4	58	4.51	4.50	4.68	4.69		113.65	113.85	117.47	116.31	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Avera	ge weekly	hours			Average	e overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989 ^p
Retail trade—Continued											
Miscellaneous retail	59	30.0	29.5	29.4	29.7	_		l	}		-
Drug stores and proprietary stores		27.7	27.4	26.9	26.8			i -	-	_	_
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	28.0	28.0	28.1	27.9	1	-	-	-	_	
Nonstore retailers		31.8	32.0	31.9	32.0			1	_		_
Fuel and ice dealers	598	39.6	38.1	39.8	39.1	_ :	_	l	_	_	_
Retail stores, nec		33.1	31.1	30.9	32.8	- 1	-		-	-	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate ^s		36.4	35.8	36.1	35.8	35.8	-		-	-	_
Banking	60	36.1	35.4	36.0	35.6	_	_	}	_	_	_
Commercial and stock savings banks		36.0	35.4	36.0	35.6	-		1	-	-	-
Credit agencies other than banks	61	36.7	36.1	36.6	36.5		_	_		_	
Savings and loan associations		36.0	35.5	36.0	35.6	_	_	! _	_		_
Personal credit institutions		36.8	36.3	36.1	36.0	_	_	! -	-	[	_
reisonal credit institutions	014	30.8	30.3	30.1	30.0	_	_		-	_	-
Insurance carriers	63	37.7	37.2	37.2	37.1	-	-	1	-	_	-
Life insurance		37.3	36.8	37.0	37.0	_		_	_	_	_
Medical service and health insurance		38.7	38.1	37.9	37.8	_	-	_			-
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		37.4	37.1	37.0	36.8		-	-	_	-	-
Services		32.6	32.3	32.6	32.4	32.3	-	-	-	-	
Hotels and other lodging places:											
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts ⁴	701	31.4	30.6	30.5	30.4	!	-	-	-		-
Personal services:								,		1	
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	33.7	33.9	33.7	33.5		_	_	_		1 _
Beauty shops ⁴		29.4	29.6	29.8	29.6	-	_		_	_	-
Portare and the	70	00.0	00.5	00.7	20.5		:				ŀ
Business services		33.6	33.5	33.7	33.5	-		1	-	-	-
Advertising		37.3	36.3	37.5	36.5	ļ	-	-		-	
Services to buildings		29.0	29.0	29.6	29.5				-	-	-
Computer and data processing services	737	37.9	37.5	38.1	37.9		-	-	-	-	-
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	36.6	36.1	36.6	36.5		-	-	_	_	_
Automotive repair shops	753	38.0	37.8	37.9	37.8	-	-				
Miscellaneous repair services	76	37.6	37.8	37.6	37.4		-	-	-		-
Motion pictures	78	30.2	29.2	29.1	29.2	_ :				_	_
Motion picture production and services		39.0	38.1	36.8	36.5	-	-		-	-	
Amusement and recreation services	79	28.0	27.5	27.7	27.8	-			-		
Health services	80	32.5	32.2	32.6	32.2		_			ł	-
Offices of physicians		31.4	31.0	31.6	31.2		_		_	1	1
Offices of dentists		28.5	28.4	28.8	28.3	_	_	}		ļ	-
Nursing and personal care facilities		31.6	31.0	32.2	31.3	_	_	_	_		1
Hospitals		34.1	33.9	34.0	33.8	_	_		_	-	
Legal services	81	35.1	34.3	34.9	34.5	_			_	_	_
	1										
Miscellaneous services	89	39.2	39.0	38.1	38.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering and architectural services Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		39.3 40.0	39.3 39.6	38.9 37.1	39.1 38.6	-	-	ļ	-	-	-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989 ^p
Retail trade—Continued						=					
Miscellaneous retail		\$6.50	\$6.51	\$6.76	\$6.77	i -	\$195.00	\$192.05		\$201.07	
Drug stores and proprietary stores		6.10	6.12	6.39	6.42		168.97	167.69	171.89	172.06	1
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		6.09	6.13	6.35	6.37	ļ	170.52	171.64	178.44	177.72	ļ
Nonstore retailers		7.29	7.30	7.50	7.55		231.82	233.60	239.25	241.60	
Fuel and ice dealers		9.40	9.18	9.58	9.56		372.24	349.76	381.28	373.80	
Retail stores, nec	599	6.48	6.55	6.89	6.77		214.49	203.71	212.90	222.06	
Finance, insurance, and real estate ^s		9.02	8.97	9.46	9.46	\$9.47	328.33	321.13	341.51	338.67	\$339.03
Banking	60	7.78	7.75	8.13	8.18		280.86	274.35	292.68	291.21	
Commercial and stock savings banks	602	7.52	7.46	7.83	7.87		270.72	264.08	281.88	280.17	
Credit agencies other than banks	61	8.09	8.05	8.61	8.50		296.90	290.61	315.13	310.25	
Savings and loan associations		7.65	7.57	8.13	8.01		275.40	268.74	292.68	285.16	
Personal credit institutions		7.62	7.64	8.11	8.05		280.42	277.33	292.77	289.80	
Insurance carriers	63	10.01	10.01	10.50	10.48	_	377.38	372.37	390.60	388.81	
Life insurance		9.47	9.49	9.87	9.85	_	353.23	349.23	365.19	364.45	
		9.68	9.49	10.17	10.24	_	374.62	369.95	385.44	387.07	
Medical service and health insurance		1 2.22	T				,				
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	10.53	10.49	11.09	11.17		393.82	389.18	410.33	411.06	
Services		8.81	8.80	9.24	9.25	9.27	287.21	284.24	301.22	299.70	299.42
Hotels and other lodging places:											
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts4	701	6.42	6.38	6.61	6.56	!	201.59	195.23	201.61	199.42	
Personal services:											
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	6.27	6.28	6.46	6.48		211.30	212.89	217.70	217.08	
Beauty shops ⁴		6.43	6.70	6.65	6.64		189.04	198.32	198.17	196.54	
Business services	73	9.07	9.03	9.45	9.50		304.75	302.51	318.47	318.25	
Advertising		12.24	12.18	12.84	12.84		456.55	442.13	481.50	468.66	
Services to buildings		6.63	6.65	6.92	6.92		192.27	192.85	204.83	204.14	
Computer and data processing services		12.57	12.42	13.31	13.45		476.40	465.75	507.11	509.76	
Auto mania anniana and manana	76	8.03	2.24	0.04	0.00		293.90	290.24	00445	005 44	
Auto repair, services, and garages  Automotive repair shops		8.67	8.04 8.72	8.31 9.05	8.36 9.11		329.46	329.62	304.15 343.00	305.14 344.36	
·											
Miscellaneous repair services	76	9.39	9.42	9.69	9.73		354.00	356.08	364.34	363.90	
Motion pictures		12.22	12.55	12.39	12.33		369.04	366.46	360.55	360.04	
Motion picture production and services	781	16.24	16.75	16.04	15.69		633.36	638.18	590.27	572.69	
Amusement and recreation services	79	7.64	7.66	7.99	8.13		213.92	210.65	221.32	226.01	
Health services	80	9.03	9.05	9.58	9.62		293.48	291.41	312.31	309.76	
Offices of physicians		8.68	8.68	9.12	9.14		272.55	269.08	288.19	285.17	
Offices of dentists		8.76	8.80	9.24	9.29		249.66	249.92	266.11	262.91	
Nursing and personal care facilities		6.20	6.20	6.60	6.62		195.92	192.20	212.52	207.21	
Hospitals		10.24	10.27	10.93	10.96		349.18	348.15	371.62	370.45	
Legal services	81	12.44	12.36	13.28	13.22		436.64	423.95	463.47	456.09	
Miscellaneous services	80	12.22	12.18	12.96	12.87		479.02	475.02	493.78	496.78	
Engineering and architectural services		13.26	13.23	13.79	13.82		521.12	519.94	536.43	540.36	
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		10.32	10.26	11.14	10.93		412.80	406.30	413.29	421.90	
Accounting, additing, and bookkeeping		10.32	10.20	11.14	10.93		712.00	700.30	713.28	421.50	

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

insurance, and real estate; and services.

² See table C-2a for average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing.

³ Data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

⁴ Money payments only; tips, not included.

⁵ Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from all series in this

⁻ Data not available.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1987 forward are subject to revision.

# A Note on Average Hourly Earnings in Aircraft (SIC 3721) and Guided Missiles and Space Vehicles (SIC 3761) Manufacturing

For many years, the Bureau of Labor Statistics' average hourly earnings series for production workers in aircraft manufacturing (Sic 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles manufacturing (Sic 3761) have been used to escalate labor costs in contracts between aerospace companies and their customers. Although the Bureau's series by definition take account of traditional wage rate changes, they do not capture "lump-sum payments to workers in lieu of general wage increases" which were negotiated in aerospace manufacturers' collective bargaining agreements beginning in late 1983.

Because of special circumstances in the aerospace industry, BLS has calculated average hourly earnings series for SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 which include lump-sum payments. These series, beginning in October 1983, the effective date of the first aerospace bargain-

ing agreement using lump-sum payments, were published in the June 1988 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Current and year earlier data are presented in table C-2a along with the average hourly earnings series produced as part of the Current Employment Statistics program. An explanation of the methodology used to derive these series appears in the Explanatory Notes of this publication.

Lump-sum payments are but one of several recent changes in the way that employees are compensated. The changes are widespread and they differ by industry. Because of these developments, the Bureau is conducting a broad-based review of all concepts and definitions used in its earnings and wage programs to determine the proper treatment of lump-sum payments and other new compensation practices.

C-2a. Average hourly earnings in aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing

		Aircraft (S	SIC 3721)		Guided m	issiles and sp	ace vehicles (	SIC 3761)
Series	Jan. 1988	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Jan. 1988	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°
Average hourly earnings, excluding tump-sum payments	\$13.96	\$13.98	\$14.70	\$14.73	\$13.28	\$13.32	\$13.96	\$13.99
Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum payments	14.39	14.44	15.14	15.16	13.56	13.62	14.36	14.39

p = preliminary.

#### C-3. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime, of production workers on manufacturing payrolis

Industry	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989°
Manufacturing	\$9.63	\$9.64	\$9.91	\$9.91	\$9.94
Durable goode	10.13	10.13	10.39	10.40	10.42
Lumber and wood products	8.20	8.12	8.36	8.32	(²)
Furniture and fixtures	7.51	7.53	7.83	7.81	(²)
Stone, clay, and glass products	9.79	9.80	10.06	10.09	(†) (†) (†) (†) (†) (†)
Primary metal industries	11.35	11.39	11.55	11.55	(²)
Fabricated metal products	9.68	9.69	9.95	9.97	(²)
Machinery, except electrical	10.30	10.32	10.61	10.62	(²)
Electrical and electronic equipment	9.67	9.68	9.88	9.88	(²)
Transportation equipment	12.55	12.57	12.88	12.89	(2)
Instruments and related products	9.57	9.52	9.74	9.77	(²)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	7.68	7.68	7.97	7.96	(²)
Nondurable goods	8.93	8.95	9.21	9.21	\$9.24
Food and kindred products	8.68	8.69	8.85	8.86	(²)
Tobacco manufactures	13.58	14.03	13.95	14.31	
Textile mill products	6.97	6.99	7.25	7.25	(²)
Apparel and other textile products	5.88	5.89	6.15	6.13	(²)
Paper and allied products	10.90	10.92	11.12	11.16	(²)
Printing and publishing	10.01	10.03	10.35	10.36	(2)
Chemicals and allied products	11.99	11.95	12.28	12.29	(†) (†) (†) (†) (†)
Petroleum and coal products	14.17	14.19	14.50	14.59	(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	8.59	8.58	8.83	8.82	(²)
Leather and leather products	6.05	6.07	6.34	6.35	(²)

¹ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

Not available.

p = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1987 forward are subject to revision.

## C-4. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers'on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1977) dollars.

		Average	e hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1989°	Feb. 1988	Mar. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989°	Mar. 1989 ^p
Total private:										
Current dollars	\$9.17	\$9.18	\$9.54	\$9.54	\$9.56	\$316.37	\$315.79	\$329.13	\$327.22	\$328.86
Constant (1977) dollars	4.87	4.86	4.85	4.83	(²)	168.01	167.08	167.41	165.76	(²)
Mining:										
Current dollars	12.71	12.59	13.14	13.18	\$13.10	531.28	527.52	553.19	552.24	\$550.20
Constant (1977) dollars	6.75	6.66	6.68	6.68	(2)	282.15	279.11	281.38	279.76	(2)
Construction:							İ	İ		
Current dollars	12.82	12.87	13.22	13.17	\$13.26	462.80	481.34	481.21	475.44	\$495.92
Constant (1977) dollars	6.81	6.81	6.72	6.67	(2)	245.78	254.68	244.77	240.85	(2)
Manufacturing:						1		1		
Current dollars	10.05	10.07	10.37	10.37	\$10.40	409.04	411.86	425.17	423.10	\$425.36
Constant (1977) dollars	5.34	5.33	5.27	5.25	(2)	217.23	217.92	216.26	214.34	(²)
Transportation and public utilities:										
Current dollars	12.23	12.19	12.47	12.50	\$12.48	475.75	470.53	490.07	486.25	\$486.72
Constant (1977) dollars	6.49	6.45	6.34	6.33	(2)	252.66	248.96	249.27	246.33	(2)
Wholesale trade:										
Current dollars	9.78	9.78	10.21	10.21	\$10.21	370.66	370.66	386.96	384.92	\$385.94
Constant (1977) dollars	5.19	5.17	5.19	5.17	(²)	196.85	196.12	196.83	194.99	(²)
Retail trade:						ŧ				
Current dollars	6.23	6.24	6.47	6.46	\$6.46	177.56	178.46	183.75	182.82	\$183.46
Constant (1977) dollars	3.31	3.30	3.29	3.27	(²)	94.30	94.42	93.46	92.61	(2)
Finance, insurance, and real estate:										
Current dollars	9.02	8.97	9.46	9.46	\$9.47	328.33	321.13	341.51	338.67	\$339.03
Constant (1977) dollars	4.79	4.75	4.81	4.79	(2)	174.37	169.91	173.71	171.57	(²)
Services:										
Current dollars	8.81	8.80	9.24	9.25	\$9.27	287.21	284.24	301.22	299.70	\$299.42
Constant (1977) dollars	4.68	4.66	4.70	4.69	(²)	152.53	150.39	153.21	151.82	(²)

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced all unadjusted data from April 1987 forward are subject to revision.

Not available.
 p = preliminary.

C-5. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

					19	88						1989	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar. ^p
Total private	34.6	34.9	34.7	34.7	34.9	34.6	34.7	34.9	34.8	34.7	34.8	34.6	34.6
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Construction	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Manufacturing	40.9	41.2	41.0	41.1	41.1	41.0	41.2	41.2	41.2	40.8	41.1	41.1	40.9
Overtime hours	3.7	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9
Durable goods	41.5	42.0	41.8	41.8	41.8	41.6	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.5	41.8	41.7	41.6
Overtime hours	3.8	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.0
Lumber and wood products	40.1	40.6	40.1	40.2	40.5	40.0	39.9	40.7	40.3	40.3	40.3	39.5	39.9
Furniture and fixtures	39.3	39.5	39.5	39.4	39.7	39.0	39.6	39.4	39.4	39.2	40.1	39.9	40.2
Stone, clay, and glass products	42.3	42.5	42.3	42.4	42.1	42.1	42.3	42.5	42.6	42.4	42.6	42.1	42.3
Primary metal industries	43.3	43.5	43.6	43.6	43.4	43.5	44.0	43.8	43.7	43.4	43.6	43.3	43.5
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	43.7	43.8	43.9	44.3	44.0	44.0	44.6	44.3	44.0	43.7	44.0	43.7	44.1
Fabricated metal products	41.6	42.0	41.9	42.0	41.7	41.8	42.0	41.9	42.2	41.7	41.9	41.8	41.6
Machinery, except electrical	42.5	42.8	42.6	42.5	43.0	42.4	42.7	42.6	42.5	42.3	42.5	42.5	42.3
Electrical and electronic equipment	40.9	41.2	41.0	41.1	41.0	40.8	41.0	41.0	41.0	40.7	40.8	40.9	40.6
Transportation equipment	42.1	43.0	43.0	43.0	42.6	42.7	43.3	43.3	43.3	42.4	42.6	43.0	42.8
Motor vehicles and equipment	42.3	44.1	44.0	44.2	42.5	43.6	44.5	44.2	44.6	43.0	43.3	43.7	43.6
Instruments and related products	41.4	41.8	41.4	41.3	41.8	41.5	41.6	41.9	41.6	41.0	41.6	41.5	40.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39.2	39.4	39.2	39.3	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.1	39.2	38.9	39.4	39.6	39.3
Nondurable goods	40.1	40.3	40.0	40.1	40.2	40.1	40.2	40.2	40.2	39.9	40.1	40.2	40.0
Overtime hours	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7
Food and kindred products	40.1	40.1	40.1	40.3	40.5	40.4	40.3	40.6	40.6	40.3	40.1	40.3	40.3
Tobacco manufactures	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(*)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Textile mill products	41.2	41.6	40.8	40.7	41.1	41.1	41.1	41.0	41.0	40.5	40.9	40.7	41.0
Apparel and other textile products	37.0	37.4	36.8	36.9	36.9	36.8	37.1	36.8	37.0	36.6	37.0	37.2	36.8
Paper and allied products	43.2	43.3	43.3	43.2	43.2	43.2	43.3	43.2	43.1	43.1	43.1	43.2	43.1
Printing and publishing	38.1	38.2	37.7	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.1	38.0	37.8	37.7	38.0	38.0	38.0
Chemicals and allied products	42.5	42.1	42.0	42.4	42.3	42.1	42.1	42.5	42.4	42.3	42.4	42.4	42.2
Petroleum and coal products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	41.7	42.0	41.7	41.6	41.6	41.5	41.6	41.5	41.7	41.2	41.7	41.7	41.6
Leather and leather products	37.9	37.3	37.3	36.9	37.0	37.6	37.5	37.9	37.3	37.7	38.3	38.8	37.9
Transportation and public utilities	38.8	39.5	39.4	39.3	39.5	39.3	39.4	39.4	39.2	39.4	39.7	39.1	39.2
Wholesale trade	38.1	38.3	38.0	37.9	38.2	37.8	38.1	38.1	38.0	38.0	38.1	38.0	38.0
Retail trade	29.0	29.2	29.0	29.1	29.3	29.0	28.9	29.2	29.0	29.2	29.1	28.9	28.8
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Services	32.4	32.7	32.5	32.5	32.7	32.4	32.6	32.8	32.6	32.6	32.8	32.5	32.4

¹ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.  $\sp ^{\text{\tiny p}} = \text{preliminary}.$ 

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to revision.

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS** SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### C-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

					19	88						1989	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar.º
Total private	123.6	125.1	124.4	125.4	126.4	125.5	126.0	127.1	127.1	127.2	128.3	127.8	127.9
Goods-producing	101.6	102.7	102.1	103.2	103.3	102.8	103.1	104.0	104.5	103.5	104.4	104.2	104.2
Mining	83.2	85.9	84.4	85.0	85.6	83.5	82.8	83.5	80.9	81.2	80.4	81.2	82.2
Construction	139.1	141.1	139.3	144.0	142.4	142.5	143.4	145.3	147.5	144.6	146.3	145.4	145.6
Manufacturing	95.2	96.1	95.7	96.1	96.5	96.0	96.3	96.9	97.2	96.6	97.4	97.3	97.3
Durable goods	92.7	94.0	93.9	94.3	94.8	94.2	94.6	95.2	95.6	94.8	95.7	95.3	95.2
Lumber and wood products	103.1	104.7	103.2	103.8	103.9	102.3	101.7	104.8	104.7	105.2	106.0	102.8	103.8
Furniture and fixtures	112.3	113.2	113.7	113.4	115.1	112.0	114.2	114.2	114.5	113.9	116.2	116.2	117.6
Stone, clay, and glass products	87.5 66.9	88.3 67.6	87.5 68.1	88.1 68.6	88.0 69.0	87.5 68.7	87.5 69.7	88.3	88.9	88.9 69.6	89.5	88.2	88.5
Primary metal industries	54.1	54.8	54.6	55.4	55.3	54.8	55.0	70.1 55.1	70.0 54.8	54.1	69.8 54.8	69.3 54.4	69.5 54.6
	90.8	91.8	92.1	92.8	92.7	92.6	93.1	93.6	94.6	93.7	94.7	94.4	93.9
Fabricated metal products	90.4	91.5	91.6	91.6	93.7	92.6	93.2	93.7	94.3	94.3	95.1	95.7	95.4
Electrical and electronic equipment	101.9	102.8	102.3	103.0	103.1	102.8	103.1	103.4	103.7	102.3	102.2	102.0	101.4
Transportation equipment	96.8	100.0	100.2	100.0	99.7	99.9	100.2	100.7	100.8	98.7	99.9	99.8	99.7
Motor vehicles and equipment	84.8	89.8	89.9	90.3	88.2	90.9	91.4	91.9	92.6	89.0	91.0	90.1	89.6
Instruments and related products	105.2	106.5	106.1	106.6	108.2	107.7	107.9	109.5	109.0	108.3	109.6	109.3	108.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	84.5	85.0	83.9	84.5	85.1	84.2	84.2	83.1	83.6	83.6	85.3	86.0	85.4
Nondurable goods	98.8	99.1	98.4	98.9	99.1	98.7	98.7	99.4	99.7	99.2	99.9	100.3	100.3
Food and kindred products	100.9	101.0	100.5	101.4	100.6	100.2	100.1	102.7	103.3	102.1	102.3	102.9	103.2
Tobacco manufactures	74.8	73.8	71.0	71.4	73.7	72.0	69.1	69.7	72.7	73.2	67.8	70.5	67.5
Textile mill products	81.7	82.2	80.6	80.2	81.2	79.9	80.4	80.2	80.2	79.1	80.6	80.0	80.6
Apparel and other textile products	85.7	86.2	84.7	84.8	84.7	83.9	84.5	83.9	84.9	84.2	85.4	86.2	85.8
Paper and allied products Printing and publishing	101.3 136.0	101.4 136.5	101.5 134.9	101.7 136.4	101.9 136.6	101.9 137.0	101.4	101.3 137.6	101.3	101.3	101.1	101.1	101.3
Chemicals and allied products	97.9	97.1	97.4	98.8	98.7	98.7	98.4	99.7	99.4	137.5 99.5	100.3	100.4	100.3
Petroleum and coal products	83.5	84.9	85.3	86.8	86.6	86.6	86.1	87.3	86.3	86.7	84.1	86.1	84.1
Rubber and misc. plastics products	121.8	122.9	123.1	123.4	124.8	124.2	123.9	124.7	126.0	125.1	126.2	126.9	127.2
Leather and leather products	56.9	55.5	55.5	54.9	55.5	56.0	55.8	56.4	55.1	55.6	57.0	58.2	57.3
Service-producing	135.8	137.4	136.8	137.8	139.1	138.1	138.7	139.9	139.6	140.4	141.5	140.8	141.0
Transportation and public utilities	111.2	113.5	113.5	113.8	114.7	114.5	114.6	115.0	115.2	116.2	117.4	116.0	116.0
Wholesale trade	123.6	124.8	124.4	124.9	126.3	125.4	126.9	127.4	127.7	128.1	129.1	129.3	129.9
Retail trade	124.8	126.0	125.1	126.2	127.3	126.2	125.7	127.2	126.7	127.8	128.2	127.7	127.8
Finance, insurance, and real estate	139.6	141.1	140.1	140.1	142.1	140.0	140.6	141.2	140.4	140.0	142.1	140.7	140.9
Services	157.2	159.0	158.3	160.0	161.5	160.7	162.0	163.5	163.2	164.1	165.6	164.9	165.1

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.  $^{\rho} = \text{preliminary}.$ 

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to revision.

#### C-7. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls, seasonally adjusted

landi saka s					19	88						1989	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. ^p	Mar.º
						Average	hourly e	earnings					
Total private (in current dollars)	\$9.16	\$9.23	\$9.27	\$9.27	\$9.32	\$9.32	\$9.37	\$9.43	\$9.42	\$9.45	\$9.49	\$9.50	\$9.54
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Construction	\$12.90	\$12.93		\$12.93			\$13.04	\$13.03	\$13.01	\$13.09	\$13.14	\$13.18	
Manufacturing		10.11	10.15	10.18	10.17	10.20	10.26	10.28	10.29	10.31	10.32	10.35	
Excluding overtime ³	9.61	9.65		9.72	9.71	9.74	9.78	9.81	9.83	9.84	9.86	9.87	9.91
Transportation and public utilities	12.21	12.29	12.35	12.33	12.37	12.39	12.37	12.43	12.37	12.36	12.46		12.51
Wholesale trade	9.76	9.88		9.86	9.97	9.93	10.01	10.13	10.04	10.08	10.18	10.15	
Retail trade	6.22	6.25	6.28	6.29	6.33	6.32	6.34	6.37	6.42	6.42	6.43	6.43	6.44
Finance, insurance, and real estate	8.90	8.99		9.00	9.10	9.09	9.18	9.36	9.26	9.37	9.41	9.34	9.39
Services	8.75	8.81	8.88	8.86	8.92	8.93	8.99	9.06	9.04	9.09	9.14	9.16	9.21
Total private (in constant dollars)4	4.83	4.85	4.85	4.84	4.84	4.82	4.83	4.84	4.82	4.82	4.81	4.80	(⁵)
						Average	weekly e	earnings					
				-									
Total private:													
In current dollars	316.94	322.13	321.67	321.67	325.27	322.47	325.14	329.11	327.82	327.92	330.25	328.70	330.08
In constant (1977) dollars ⁴	167.25	169.36	168.41	167.89	169.06	166.82	167.68	169.03	167.77	167.39	167.55	166.09	( ⁵ )
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Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

S Not available.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1987 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1984 forward are subject to

insurance, and real estate; and services.

² This series is not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

³ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time

and one-half.

⁴ The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	arnings	Avera	ge weekly ea	arnings
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Alabama	40.9	41.2	40.7	\$8.99	\$9.17	\$9.15	\$367.69	\$377.80	\$372.40
Birmingham	41.5	41.9	40.5	9.09	9.31	9.37	377.24	390.09	379.49
Mobile	41.1	42.0	41.3	10.56	10.61	10.62	434.02	445.62	438.61
Alaska	38.7	40.7	50.6	12.35	12.41	11.33	477.95	505.09	573.30
Arizona	40.9	40.9	41.1	9.74	9.84	9.88	398.37	402.46	406.07
			40.5	7.00	2.40	0.47			200.00
Arkansas	40.6	40.6	40.5	7.99	8.18	8.17	324.39	332.11	330.89
Fort Smith	41.2 41.4	39.5 40.7	41.5 40.8	7.11 8.60	7.38   8.73	7.41 8.79	292.93 356.04	291.51 355.31	307.52 358.63
Little Rock-North Little Rock	40.4	41.3	40.8	8.55	8.58	8.65	345.42	354.35	349.46
Pine Bluff	42.5	42.3	41.6	10.59	10.41	10.49	450.08	440.34	436.38
	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(')	(I)	(1)	(¹)	41	(')
California				ļ l	(1)	(1)		(')	
Colorado	39.6	38.9	38.7	10.17	10.51	10.57	402.73	408.84	409.06
Denver	39.2	39.4	39.5	10.55	11.13	11.16	413.56	438.52	440.82
Connecticut	41.5	42.1	41.7	10.70	11.00	11.03	444.05	463.10	459.95
Bridgeport-Milford	42.4	41.7	41.8	11.22	11.33	11.60	475.73	472.46	484.88
Hartford	42.6	42.4	42.2	10.99	11.65	11.69	468.17	493.96	493.32
New Britain	43.1	43.4	42.8	11.08	11.52	11.33	477.55	499.97	484.92
New Haven-Meriden	40.3	42.2	41.4	10.16	10.48	10.56	409.45	442.26	437.18
Stamford	40.2 42.7	40.3 45.0	40.7 43.8	11.80	12.45	12.46	474.36	501.74	507.12
Waterbury	_			9.51	9.98	10.11	406.08	449.10	442.82
Delaware	40.1	40.1	40.3	10.59	10.69	10.39	424.66	428.67	418.72
Wilmington	40.7	41.9	40.9	12.94	12.53	12.96	526.66	525.01	530.06
District of Columbia:									
Washington MSA	39.4	39.8	39.6	10.76	11.58	11.61	423.94	460.88	459.76
Florida	40.7	40.8	40,8	8.24	8.63	8.61	335.37	352.10	351.29
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach	41.7	41.4	41.8	8.25	8.61	8.57	344.03	356.45	358.23
Jacksonville	41.2	40.1	40.7	8.96	9.28	9.24	369.15	372.13	376.07
Miami-Hialeah	39.5	39.3	40.2	7.08	7.45	7.43	279.66	292.79	298.69
Orlando	41.3	39.9	40.5	8.55	9.43	9.37	353.12	376.26	379.49
Pensacola	39.9	40.8	42.3	10.84	11.05	11.29	432.52	450.84	477.57
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	40.3	40.6	40.6	7.84	8.55	8.56	315.95	347.13	347.54
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	42.5	43.2	41.4	9.38	9.34	9.42	398.65	403.49	389.99
Georgia	41.5	40.7	40.3	8.55	8.74	8.72	354.83	355.72	351.42
Atlanta	42.0	39.7	39.7	10.09	10.17	10.08	423.78	403.75	400.18
Savannah	47.9	47.6	48.3	11.26	11.44	11.58	539.35	544.54	559.31
Hawaii	40.7	38.9	39.6	9.65	10.02	9.91	392.76	389.78	392.44
Honolulu	40.0	39.4	39.2	9.77	10.23	10.17	390.80	403.06	398.66
ldaho	36.8	38.4	37.8	9.80	10.09	10.16	360.64	387.46	384.05
Illinois	41.8	41.1	41.5	11.01	11.04	11.09	460.22	453.74	460.24
Aurora-Elgin	42.2	41.9	42.1	10.40	10.47	10.54	438.88	438.69	443.73
Bloomington-Normal	40.0	40.0	39.7	11.13	11.27	11.24	445.20	450.80	446.23
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	40.9	41.1	38.6	9.38	9.57	9.63	383.64	393.33	371.72
Chicago	42.3	41.6	41.8	10.64	10.81	10.78	450.07	449.70	450.60
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	39.9	40.1	41.5	12.63	13.06	12.99	503.94	523.71	539.09
Decatur	42.6	42.0	42.4	14.15	14.58	14.42	602.79	612.36	611.41
Joliet	41.5	42.1	41.6	12.12	12.25	12.34	502.98	515.73	513.34
Kankakee	39.3	39.8	40.2	10.06	11.35	11.13	395.36	451.73	447.43
Lake County	40.3	40.3	40.3	11.16	11.69	11.65	449.75	471.11	469.50
Peoria	46.3	42.8	42.5	13.38	13.35	13.59	619.49	571.38	577.58
Rockford Springfield	43.0 41.0	42.9 41.5	42.4 40.0	11.90 11.60	11.79 11.72	11.85 11.74	511.70 475.60	505.79 486.38	502.44 469.60
Opinignoid	41.0	41.0	40.0	11.60	11.72	11.74	470.00	400.30	409.00
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C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ige weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	ırnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
lowa	41.5	41.7	41.5	\$10.60	\$10.70	\$10.88	\$439.90	\$446.19	\$451.52
Cedar Rapids	40.4	40.3	39.3	11.79	12.73	12.73	476.32	513.02	500.29
Des Moines	43.6	43.2	42.9	12.02	11.82	12.10	524.07	510.62	519.09
Dubuque	40.6	40.1	40.1	11.89	11.68	11.75	482.73	468.37	471.18
Sioux City	34.8	34.2	34.0	8.24	8.37	8.35	286.75	286.25	283.90
Kansas	40.4	40.1	39.9	10.04	10.47	10.45	405.62	419.85	416.96
Topeka	43.9	41.8	42.3	11.65	11.44	11.35	511.44	478.19	480.11
Wichita	40.6	41.0	41.2	10.42	11.25	11.24	423.05	461.25	463.09
Kantuaku	39.8	40.3	39.9	10.07	10.15	10.19	400.79	409.05	406.58
Kentucky									
Lexington-Fayette	40.2	39.8	38.6	10.26	10.51	10.40	412.45	418.30	401.44
Louisville	41.1	41.1	41.6	11.68	11.69	11.74	480.05	480.46	488.38
Louisiana	42.0	41.9	41.7	10.82	11.04	11.29	454.44	462.58	470.79
Baton Rouge	43.4	43.7	42.3	12.68	12.81	12.71	550.31	559.80	537.63
New Orleans	40.4	40.1	40.3	10.54	10.69	10.86	425.82	428.67	437.66
Shreveport	39.7	41.6	39.8	11.47	11.46	11.94	455.36	476.74	475.21
Maine	41.0	40.2	40.2	9.04	9.74	9.69	370.64	391.55	389.54
				1					1
Lewiston-Auburn	39.0	39.6	39.8	7.82	8.19	8.20	304.98	324.32	326.36
Portland	39.9	40.3	39.0	9.47	10.56	10.57	377.85	425.57	412.23
Maryland	40.7	41.4	41.4	10.27	10.76	10.82	417.99	445.46	447.95
Baltimore MSA	41.7	41.1	41.3	11.09	11.37	11.38	462.45	467.31	469.99
Massachusetts	40.4	41.4	41.4	10.06	10.53	10.56	406.42	435.94	437.18
Boston	41.2	41.2	41.0	10.84	11.26	11.29	446.61	463.91	462.89
Springfield	42.1	42.7	42.5	9.51	9.85	9.83	400.37	420.60	417.78
Worcester	39.8	41.5	41.4	10.22	10.61	10.68	406.76	440.32	442.15
Michigan	42.2	43.9	43.9	13.34	13.63	13.59	562.95	598.36	596.60
Ann Arbor	44.3	46.6	46.0	14.06	14.38	14.65	622.86	670.11	673.90
Battle Creek	41.5	43.2	42.4	13.68	14.41	14.09	567.72	622.51	597.42
Detroit	43.5	44.3	44.5	14.28	14.64	14.53	621.18	648.55	646.58
Flint	41.2	46.6	45.9	16.61	17.43	17.30	684.33	812.24	794.07
Grand Rapids	40.3	42.1	41.5	11.23	11.79	11.70	452.57	496.36	485.55
Jackson	41.1	42.6	43.2	9.96	10.33	10.61	409.36	440.06	458.35
Kalamazoo	42.8	43.3	42.9	12.25	12.74	12.72	524.30	551.64	545.69
	40.5	41.1	44.9	14.40	14.57	14.60	583.20	598.83	655.54
Lansing-East Lansing									
Muskegon Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	40.5 42.2	41.1 45.4	40.9 45.0	12.05 15.01	12.31 15.45	12.31 15.48	488.02 633.42	505.94 701.43	503.48 696.60
	ļ								l
Minnesota	40.4 38.6	40.1 36.8	40.3 36.9	10.51 10.89	10.77	10.72	424.60	431.88	432.02
					11.24	11.21	420.35	413.63	413.65
Minneapolis-St. Paul	40.7 39.8	40.4 36.9	40.6 30.3	11.11 9.59	11.34 10.10	11.28 9.94	452.18 381.68	458.14 372.69	457.97 301.18
	00.0	55.5	55.5	3.59	10.10	0.54	551.00	3,2.03	. 501.10
Mississippi	39.5	40.7	39.7	7.76	8.00	7.98	306.52	325.60	316.81
Jackson	40.5	40.7	40.1	8.72	9.04	9.10	353.16	367.93	364.91
Missouri	40.1	41.5	40.7	10.14	10.37	10.34	406.61	430.36	420.84
Kansas City	39.4	41.9	40.7	11.39	11.50	11.41	448.77	481.85	464.39
St. Louis	41.0	42.3	41.3	11.69	12.10	12.08	479.29	511.83	498.90
Springfield	39.3	40.6	39.8	8.53	8.59	8.62	335.23	348.75	343.08
Montana	39.8	39.4	39.1	10.57	10.86	10.82	420.69	427.88	423.06
Montana	35.0	39.4	39.1	10.57	10.00	10.82	420.09	421.00	423.00
Nebraska	39.9	39.7	39.9	9.42	9.50	9.53	375.86	377.15	380.25
Lincoln	40.9	39.6	39.4	10.13	10.05	10.20	414.32	397.98	401.88
Omaha	41.1	41.1	40.9	10.16	10.24	10.25	417.58	420.86	419.23
Nevada	39.8	40.3	40.1	9.91	10.18	9.90	394.42	410.25	396.99
	39.9	41.3	40.2	12.30	13.01	12.56	490.77	537.31	504.91
Las Vegas						ì	1	i .	
	39.6	416	410	942	10.01	9.99	373.03	416.42	409 59
	39.6 37.7	41.6 40.9	41.0 39.9	9.42 9.87	10.01 10.17	9.99 10.10	373.03 372.10	416.42 415.95	409.59 402.99
New Hampshire	37.7	40.9	39.9	9.87	10.17	10.10	372.10	415.95	402.99
New Hampshire									

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ige weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly ea	arnings	Avera	ge weekly ea	arnings
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
New Jersey	41.0	41.3	41.3	\$10.78	\$11.14	\$11.12	\$441.98	\$460.08	\$459.26
New Mexico	40.8 40.4	40.3 39.5	40.2 39.6	8.69 9.28	8.80 9.53	8.85 9.46	354.55 374.91	354.64 376.44	355.77 374.62
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		00.0	00.0	0.20	0.00	00	0,	0,0	0,4.02
New York	39.6	40.1	40.0	10.23	10.66	10.61	405.11	427.47	424.40
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	40.1	41.4	40.9	10.95	11.13	11.11	439.10	460.78	454.40
Binghamton	40.6	41.0	40.7	9.51	9.80	9.76	386.11	401.80	397.23
Buffalo	42.5	42.7	42.1	12.08	12.86	12.77	513.40	549.12	537.62
Elmira	42.0	42.6	41.9	9.63	9.84	9.85	404.46	419.18	412.72
Nassau-Suffolk	39.3	39.1	39.5	10.86	11.69	11.45	426.80	457.08	452.28
New York PMSA	37.3	37.3	37.5	9.65	10.05	9.89	359.95	374.87	370.88
New York City	37.1	36.9	37.2	9.48	9.80	9.75	351.71	361.62	362.70
Niagara Falls	42.0	42.7	41.5	13.21	13.93	13.86	554.82	594.81	575.19
Orange County	38.0	39.1	38.5	8.00	8.68	8.83	304.00	339.39	339.96
Poughkeepsie	40.8	40.6	40.4	9.75	10.33	10.50	397.80	419.40	424.20
Rochester	42.0 37.3	43.2 37.1	43.3	12.31	12.56	12.45	517.02 390.53	542.59	539.09
Rockland County	37.3 41.6		37.2 41.6	10.47	10.58	10.71		392.52	398.41
Syracuse	41.0	41.8 41.7	40.8	11.58 9.62	12.30 9.89	12.32 9.72	481.73 394.42	514.14	512.51 396.58
Utica-Rome Westchester County	39.1	41.7	41.0	10.75	11.87	10.86	420.33	412.41 491.42	445.26
westchester County	39.1	41.4	41.0	10.75	11.07	10.86	420.33	491.42	445.26
North Carolina	40.7	40.6	39.9	8.01	8.31	8.33	326.01	337.39	332.37
Asheville	41.6	41.3	41.2	8.02	8.30	8.31	333.63	342.79	342.37
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	41.0	40.2	40.3	8.24	8.69	8.71	337.84	349.34	351.01
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	40.8	39.7	38.4	8.92	9.13	9.14	363.94	362.46	350.98
Raleigh-Durham	41.8	41.9	41.2	9.08	9.25	9.28	379.54	387.58	382.34
North Dakota	38.6	38.2	39.0	8.21	8.57	8.53	316.91	327.37	332.67
Fargo-Moorhead	37.6	40.0	40.1	8.39	8.64	8.52	315.46	345.60	341.65
Ohio	42.4	43.2	43.1	11.86	12.21	12.22	502.86	527.47	526.68
Akron	43.0	42.7	42.7	11.35	11.47	11.44	488.05	489.77	488,49
Canton	43.1	43.1	43.3	11.44	11.61	11.64	493.06	500.39	504.01
Cincinnati	42.1	42.8	43.3	11.08	11.40	11.49	466.47	487.92	497.52
Cleveland	42.9	43.7	43.5	11.66	12.08	12.00	500.21	527.90	522.00
Columbus	41.7	41.5	41.3	11.45	11.72	11.76	477.47	486.38	485.69
Dayton-Springfield	42.4	44.1	43.9	12.19	13.08	13.00	516.86	576.83	570.70
Toledo	41.3	43.6	44.9	12.75	13.22	13.37	526.58	576.39	600.31
Youngstown-Warren	41.5	43.5	42.9	13.37	13.79	13.67	554.86	599.87	586.44
Oklahoma	40.9	40.9	40.8	10.18	10.53	10.55	416.36	430.68	430.44
Oklahoma City	40.8	41.5	41.8	11.26	11.57	11.65	459.41	480.16	486.97
Tulsa	41.2	41.2	41.4	10.84	10.76	10.58	446.61	443.31	438.01
Oregon	39.8	38.6	38.2	10.72	10.77	10.73	426.66	415.72	409.89
Eugene-Springfield	42.0	39.2	36.7	10.61	10.62	10.82	445.62	416.30	397.09
Portland	39.5	39.4	39.0	10.90	10.78	10.81	430.55	424.73	421.59
Salem	38.0	37.3	36.5	9.51	9.55	9.61	361.38	356.22	350.77
Pennsylvania	40.7	40.8	40.6	10.14	10.45	10.47	412.70	426.36	425.08
Allentown-Bethlehem	39.6	39.5	39.6	10.42	10.52	10.57	412.63	415.54	418.57
Altoona	40.7	40.3	39.7	8.55	9.28	9.20	347.99	373.98	365.24
Beaver County	42.6	44.2	43.0	10.75	10.80	10.68	457.95	477.36	459.24
Erie	43.0	42.6	42.6	10.40	10.61	10.63	447.20	451.99	452.84
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	39.4	40.8	39.9	9.38	9.83	9.80	369.57	401.06	391.02
Johnstown	39.9	40.1	40.0	8.59	8.50	8.46	342.74	340.85	338.40
Lancaster	40.2	40.6	40.3	9.86	10.39	10.46	396.37	421.83	421.54
		40.0	40.7	14 00	44.54		44444	40704	471.71
Philadelphia PMSA	40.3 42.2	40.6 42.2	42.1	11.02 11.26	11.51 11.32	11.59 11.31	444.11 475.17	467.31 477.70	476.15

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

L	74016	age weekly	nours	Averag	e hourly ea	irnings	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings
State and area	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
Pennsylvania-Continued									
Reading	40.7	41.5	40.9	\$10.50	\$11.07	\$11.11	\$427.35	\$459.41	\$454.40
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	38.0	38.2	38.6	8.81	9.10	9.05	334.78	347.62	349.33
Williamsport	40.9	39.7	38.9	8.83	9.34	9.26	361.15	370.80	360.21
York	42.6	41.7	41.5	9.65	9.98	10.05	411.09	416.17	417.08
									1
Rhode Island	39.9	38.9	39.0	8.38	8.96	8.95	334.36	348.54	349.05
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	40.5	39.6	39.9	7.93	8.54	8.57	321.17	338.18	341.94
Providence	39.4	38.5	38.6	8.42	8.67	8.68	331.75	333.80	335.05
A	44.0		44.0		0.44	0.40	040.70	040.40	050.04
South Carolina	41.6	41.4	41.3	8.24	8.44 9.22	8.49 9.28	342.78	349.42	350.64
Charleston	41.1 41.2	41.1 41.7	40.9 41.8	9.15 8.23	8.59	8.63	376.06 339.08	378.94 358.20	379.55 360.73
Columbia	41.9	41.3	41.0	8.20	8.36	8.38	343.58	345.27	343.58
South Dakota	41.9	42.4	42.1	8.04	8.26	8.42	336.88	350.22	354.48
Sioux Falls	44.8	43.5	43.2	8.32	8.82	8.68	372.74	383.67	374.98
Tennessee	41.1	41.1	40.5	8.83	9.13	9.23	362.91	375.24	373.82
Chattanooga	43.8	42.0	41.6	7.75	8.11	8.08	339.45	340.62	336.13
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	44.3	43.1	40.5	9.37	9.57	9.62	415.09	412.47	389.61
Knoxville	39.9	39.4	39.0	9.05	8.89	9.05	361.10	350.27	352.95
Memphis	41.1 39.9	42.0 42.0	41.5 40.4	9.00	9.41 10.67	9.32 10.84	369.90 412.17	395.22 448.14	386.78 437.94
			1						
Texas	41.5	41.5	41.1	9.87	10.10	10.12	409.61	419.15	415.93
Dallas	41.2	41.1	40.2	9.75	10.08	9.99	401.70	414.29	401.60
Ft. Worth-Arlington	40.4	41.0	41.2	10.42	10.83	10.69	420.97	444.03	440.43
Houston	43.5	44.0	42.6	11.13	11.67	11.76	484.16	513.48	500.98
San Antonio	39.5	39.4	38.8	7.71	7.52	7.58	304.55	296.29	294.10
Jtah	39.9	39.9	39.4	9.81	10.05	10.02	391.42	401.00	394.79
Salt Lake City-Ogden	40.8	40.4	40.4	9.88	9.93	9.98	403.10	401.17	403.19
/ermont	40.0 40.8	41.2 41.4	40.8 41.0	9.28 9.72	9.66 10.29	9.72 10.49	371.20 396.58	397.99 426.01	396.58 430.09
/irginia	40.4	40.9	40.1	9.28	9.50	9.53	374.91	388.55	382.15
Bristol	43.3	42.6	41.1	7.88	7.77	7.83	341.20	331.00	321.81
Charlottesville	40.4	41.2	41.1	7.60	7.84	7.82	307.04	323.01	321.40
Danville	41.3	40.6	40.1	8.57	8.80	8.62	353.94	357.28	345.66
Lynchburg	39.8	41.8	41.8	8.54	9.26	9.16	339.89	387.07	382.89
Northern Virginia	40.1	39.4	39.5	10.11	10.71	10.90	405.41	421.97	430.55
Richmond-Petersburg	41.6	41.5	41.3	12.06	12.30	12.33	501.70	510.45	509.23
Roanoke	41.9	41.4	40.6	8.87	9.75	9.67	371.65	403.65	392.60
Vashington	40.2	40.3	39.7	11.75	12.12	12.18	472.35	488.44	483.55
Vest Virginia	41.0	40.8	40.8	10.65	10.91	11.00	436.65	445.13	448.80
Charleston	42.4	44.6	44.9	13.20	13.52	13.59	559.68	602.99	610.19
Huntington-Ashland	41.7	40.8	40.7	11.98	12.35	12.40	499.57	503.88	504.68
Parkersburg-Marietta	42.6	42.4	43.3	12.47	12.92	12.66	531.22	547.81	548.18
Wheeling	41.1	38.6	40.6	11.69	12.00	12.03	480.46	463.20	488.42
Visconsin	41.6	41.5	41.5	10.68	10.72	10.74	444.29	444.88	445.71
Appleton-Oshkosh	43.1	43.1	42.3	11.24	11.58	11.59	484.44	499.10	490.26
Eau Claire	40.2	41.7	42.1	11.00	10.66	10.32	442.20	444.52	434.47
Green Bay	41.8	41.5	40.9	11.45	11.54	11.48	478.61	478.91	469.53
Janesville-Beloit	41.7	44.4	44.6	11.97	13.31	13.17	499.15	590.96	587.38
Kenosha	42.9	40.4	41.0	13.30	12.87	12.67	570.57	519.95	519.47
La Crosse	38.3	38.6	40.1	9.22	9.48	9.80	353.13	365.93	392.98
Madison	40.3	41.5	40.8	10.07	10.07	9.98	405.82	417.91	407.18
Milwaukee	41.4	41.3	41.2	11.59	11.55	11.60	479.83	477.02	477.92
Racine	40.9 41.9	40.2 41.4	39.2 40.3	10.95 10.30	10.90 10.16	10.61 10.27	447.86 431.57	438.16 420.62	423.75 413.88
Vyoming	36.7	37.7	38.0	9.50	9.99	10.06	348.65	376.62	382.28
	39.3	38.8	39.9	5.44	5.64	5.65	213.79	218.83	225.44
Puerto Rico	00.0								

 1  Not available,  $^{\rm P} = {\rm preliminary},$  NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this

publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1988 benchmarks.

#### **PRODUCTIVITY DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

C-9. Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments by major industry, seasonally adjusted

	Million	s of hours (annual	rate)¹		Percent change	
Industry	Jan. 1989'	Feb. 1989'	Mar. 1989 ^p	Mar. 1988 to Mar. 1989 ^p	Jan. 1989 to Feb. 1989'	Feb. 1989 to Mar. 1989
Total	201,383	201,349	201,077	3.2	0.0	-0.1
Private sector	166,005	165,565	165,693	3.5	3	.1
Mining	1,554	1,545	1,571	-1.2	6	1.7
Construction	10,769	10,722	10,777	5.3	4	.5
Manufacturing	42,162	42,184	42,120	2.0	.1	2
Durable goods	25,208	25,178	25,134	2.4	1	2
Nondurable goods	16,954	17,006	16,986	1.5	.3	1
Transportation and public utilities	11,730	11,624	11,627	4.1	9	.0
Wholesale trade	12,533	12,587	12,608	5.0	.4	.2
Retail trade	29,667	29,501	29,476	2.6	6	1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	12,675	12,595	12,596	1.8	6	.0
Services	44,916	44,807	44,919	5.1	2	.2
Government	35,378	35,784	35,383	1.8	1.1	-1.1

Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52.

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees-production workers,

nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers—and are based largely on establishment data. See *BLS Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 2285, chapter 10, Productivity Measures: Business Sector and Major Subsectors. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

⁼preliminary. =revised.

C-10. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

	Annual	average					Qu	arterly in	dex				
Item	1987	1988		1986			19	87			19	88	
	1967	1900	11	111	IV	1	II	111	IV	ı	11	III	IV
Business sector													
Output per hour of all persons	111.0	112.1	110.4	110.0	109.8	109.9	110.6	111.7	111.8	112.8	111.8	112.3	111.8
Output	133.3	139.3	128.2	128.5	129.3	130.5	132.2	134.3	136.2	138.0	138.8	139.8	140.6
Hours	120.1	124.2	116.1	116.8	117.8	118.8	119.5	120.3	121.8	122.3	124.1	124.5	125.8
Compensation per hour		199.5	182.0	184.0	186.2	187.3	189.0	191.1	194.0	195.8	198.1	201.1	203.4
Real compensation per hour	101.5	102.2	101.1	101.6	102.1	101.4	101.1	101.3	101.9	101.9	102.0	102.4	102.4
Unit labor costs	171.5	177.9	164.9	167.3	169.6	170.5	170.8	171.1	173.5	173.5	177.1	179.0	182.0
Unit nonlabor payments Implicit price deflator	168.7 170.5	171.7 175.7	165.2 165.0	166.6 167.0	163.7 167.5	165.6 168.7	168.7 170.1	171.5 171.2	168.9 171.9	170.0 172.3	170.4 174.7	172.7 176.8	173.5 179.0
Nonfarm business sector													
Output per hour of all persons	109.0	110.5	108.4	108.0	107.8	107.8	108.6	109.6	109.9	110.8	110.1	110.7	110.7
Output		139.8	127.8	128.1	128.8	130.1	131.9	134.1	136.0	137.9	139.2	140.5	141.7
Hours	122.1	126.5	117.9	118.6	119.5	120.7	121.5	122.3	123.8	124.4	126.4	126.9	128.1
Compensation per hour	189.4	198.2	181.2	183.1	185.4	186.4	187.9	190.0	192.9	194.6	196.6	199.4	202.2
Real compensation per hour	I	101.5	100.7	101.2	101.7	100.9	100.5	100.7	101.4	101.3	101.3	101.5	101.8
Unit labor costs	173.8	179.3	167.1	169.5	172.1	172.9	173.0	173.3	175.6	175.7	178.6	180.2	182.6
Unit nonlabor payments	170.2	173.6	166.6	168.1	164.9	167.2	169.8	173.0	170.9	171.6	171.8	173.9	176.8
Implicit price deflator	172.5	177.3	167.0	169.0	169.5	170.9	171.9	173.2	174.0	174.2	176.2	178.0	180.6
, ,	1,2.5	177.5	107.0	100.0	103.5	170.3	171.3	175.2	174.0	177.2	170.2	170.0	100.0
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons	132.0	136.2	127.2	128.0	128.8	130.0	131.7	132.8	133.2	134.3	135.5	137.2	137.9
Output	130.1	138.1	124.1	124.8	125.9	127.2	128.7	131.1	133.5	135.0	136.9	139.3	141.2
Hours	98.6	101.4	97.6	97.4	97.7	97.8	97.7	98.8	100.2	100.6	101.1	101.5	102.4
Compensation per hour		193.6	182.0	183.6	185.3	185.9	186.3	187.2	188.2	190.7	192.1	194.4	197.0
Real compensation per hour	99.7 141.7	99.2 142.1	101.1 143.2	101.4 143.4	101.7 143.8	100.7 143.1	99.7 141.4	99.3 141.0	98.9 141.3	99.3 142.1	99.0 141.8	99.0 141.6	99.2 142.9
Durable goods													
Output per hour of all persons	138.5	143.2	132.6	133.9	135.1	136.6	138.1	139.1	140.0	141.3	142.7	144.2	144.7
Output	136.0	145.0	130.0	130.7	131.8	133.3	134.2	136.5	139.9	141.3	144.0	146.4	148.4
Hours	98.2	101.3	98.0	97.6	97.6	97.6	97.2	98.2	99.9	100.0	100.9	101.5	102.6
Compensation per hour	185.2	191.8	180.8	182.2	184.2	184.9	184.4	185.3	186.2	189.5	190.1	192.3	195.1
Real compensation per hour	98.8	98.2	100.4	100.7	101.1	100.1	98.7	98.3	97.8	98.7	97.9	97.9	98.2
Unit labor costs	133.7	133.9	136.3	136.0	136.4	135.3	133.5	133.2	133.0	134.1	133.3	133.4	134.8
Nondurable goods													
Output per hour of all persons	122.3	125.8	118.9	119.2	119.6	120.1	122.4	123.5	123.2	123.9	124.8	126.9	127.7
Output	121.4	127.8	115.4	115.9	117.0	118.0	120.5	123.1	124.0	125.6	126.4	128.8	130.4
Hours	99.3	101.6	97.0	97.2	97.9	98.2	98.4	99.7	100.7	101.4	101.3	101.5	102.2
Compensation per hour	190.1	196.8	184.0	186.0	187.2	188.0	189.7	190.8	191.9	193.2	195.7	197.9	200.2
Real compensation per hour	101.4 155.4	100.8 156.4	102.2 154.7	102.7 156.0	102.7 156.5	101.8 156.4	101.5 155.0	101.2 154.5	100.8 155.8	100.6 156.0	100.8 156.8	100.8 156.0	100.8 156.9
Nonfinancial corporations	100.4	100.4	10 1	100.0	100.0	100.4	100.0	104.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Output per all-employee hour	111.3	112.7	109.3	109.6	110.3	110.1	110.9	112.2	112.2	113.3	112.9	112.7	C
Output	134.6	141.5	128.3	128.9	130.4	131.3	133.3	136.1	137.7	140.1	141.2	142.0	()
Hours	120.9	125.6	117.3	117.6	118.1	119.3	120.2	121.3	122.8	123.6	125.0	126.1	
Compensation per hour	185.5	193.2	178.5	180.2	182.2	182.9	184.3	186.1	188.5	189.9	191.9	194.5	()
Real compensation per hour	98.9	99.0	99.2	99.5	100.0	99.0	98.6	98.7	99.0	98.9	98.8	99.0	8
												t .	
Total unit costs	170.6	175.3	166.7	168.4	168.8	169.9	170.3	170.2	172.0	171.5	173.8	176.4	(')
Unit labor costs	166.6	171.5	163.3	164.3	165.1	166.2	166.1	165.9	168.1	167.5	170.0	172.6	(1)
Unit nonlabor costs	182.5	186.9	176.9	180.3	179.6	180.8	182.6	183.0	183.6	183.4	185.1	187.8	(')
Unit profits	130.8	129.8	132.7	133.6	129.7	128.5	129.8	136.4	128.3	132.5	132.6	129.6	(1)
Implicit price deflator	165.8	169.9	162.6	164.2	164.1	164.9	165.4	166.1	166.7	166.9	168.8	170.8	(')

Not available.

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

# PRODUCTIVITY DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-11. Percent changes from the preceding quarter and year in productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted annual rates

					P	ercent ch	nange fro	m				
Item			Previous	quarter				Same	quarter,	previous	s year	
	III 1987	IV 1987	I 1988	II 1988	III 1988	IV 1988	III 1987	IV 1987	! 1988	li 1988	III 1988	IV 1988
Business sector										:		
Output per hour of all persons	3.9	0.6	3.5	-3.4	1.7	-2.0	1.5	1.9	2.7	1.1	0.6	-0.1
Output	6.6	5.7	5.5	2.4	2.8	2.2	4.5	5.3	5.8	5.0	4.1	3.2
Hours	2.8	5.1	1.9	6.0	1.1	4.3	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.9	3.5	3.3
Compensation per hour		6.2	3.7	4.8	6.2	4.7	3.9	4.2	4.5	4.8	5.2	4.8
Real compensation per hour		2.4	.0	.3	1.4	.3	3	2	.5	.9	1.0	.5
Unit labor costs		5.6	.2	8.5	4.4	6.8	2.3	2.3	1.8	3.7	4.6	4.9
Jnit nonlabor payments		-5.8	2.5	1.0	5.3	2.1	2.9	3.2	2.7	1.0	.7	2.7
mplicit price deflator	2.8	1.4	1.0	5.8	4.7	5.1	2.5	2.8	2.1	2.7	3.2	4.2
Nonfarm business sector												
Output per hour of all persons		.9	3.4	-2.4	2.0	.1	1.5	1.9	2.8	1.4	1.0	.7
Output	1	5.9	5.8	4.0	3.5	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.0	5.6	4.7	4.2
Hours		4.9	2.1	6.6	1.5	3.6	3.2	3.6	3.1	4.1	3.8	3.4
Compensation per hour		6.4	3.5	4.2	5.7	5.6	3.7	4.1	4.4	4.6	5.0	4.8
Real compensation per hour		2.6	1	3	.9	1.1	4	3	.4	.7	.8	.4
Unit labor costs		5.4	.1	6.8	3.7	5.6	2.2	2.1	1.6	3.2	4.0	4.0
Unit nonlabor paymentsmplicit price deflator	1	-4.8   1.8	1.6	.7 4.7	4.8 4.1	6.8 6.0	2.9 2.5	3.6 2.6	2.6 1.9	1.2 2.5	.5 2.8	3.5
Manufacturing					, , ,							
Output man have of all manners			0.0	0.7	- A	4.0	0.7					
Output per hour of all persons		1.3	3.2	3.7	5.2	1.8	3.7	3.4	3.3	2.8	3.3	3.5
Output	1	7.5	4.6	5.8	7.1	5.5	5.1	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.2	5.7
Hours		6.1	1.3	2.0	1.8	3.6	1.4	2.6	2.8	3.4	2.8	2.2
Compensation per hour	2.1 -1.5	2.1 -1.5	5.4 1.8	3.0 -1.5	4.8	5.5	2.0 -2.1	1.6 -2.7	2.6 -1.3	3.2	3.8	4.6
Real compensation per hourUnit labor costs		-1.5	2.2	-1.5	.0 5	1.0 3.5	-1.7	-2.7 -1.8	-1.3	7 .3	3 .5	1.1
Durable goods									i I			
Output per hour of all persons	2.9	2.6	3.8	3.8	4.3	1.4	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.3
Output		10.2	4.3	7.7	6.8	5.6	4.5	6.1	6.0	7.3	7.2	6.1
Hours		7.3	.4	3.8	2.4	4.2	.6	2.3	2.5	3.8	3.4	2.7
Compensation per hour		1.9	7.1	1.4	4.7	5.8	1.7	1.1	2.5	3.1	3.8	4.8
Real compensation per hour		~1.7	3.4	-3.0	.0	1.3	-2.4	-3.2	-1.4	8	3	.4
Unit labor costs		7	3.2	-2.3	.5	4.3	-2.1	-2.5	9	2	.1	1.4
Nondurable goods			!	-								
Output per hour of all persons	3.8	~1.1	2.3	3.2	6.8	2.5	3.6	3.0	3.1	2.0	2.7	3.7
Output	9.0	3.1	5.1	2.7	7.7	5.2	6.2	6.0	6.4	4.9	4.6	5.2
Hours	5.1	4.2	2.7	5	.9	2.7	2.5	2.9	3.2	2.9	1.8	1.4
Compensation per hour	2.4	2.2	2.9	5.2	4.8	4.7	2.6	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.7	4.4
Real compensation per hour	-1.3	-1.4	7	.6	1	.3	-1.5	-1.8	-1.1	7	4	.0
Unit labor costs	-1.3	3.4	.6	2.0	-2.0	2.2	-1.0	5	3	1.1	1.0	.7
Nonfinancial corporations										!		
Output per all-employee hour		1	4.3	-1.6	8	()	2.3	1.6	3.0	1.8	.4	Ď
Output		4.7 4.8	7.2	3.0	2.5	( <u>)</u>	5.6 3.2	5.6	6.7 3.6	5.9 4.1	4.3 3.9	()
Compensation per hour		5.2	2.8 3.0	4.7	3.3 5.5	()	3.2	3.9 3.4	3.8	4.1	4.5	Ö
Real compensation per hour		1.5	6	3	.8	()	9	9	2	.2	.3	
Total unit costs		4.2	-1.0	5.3	6.3	8	1.1	1.9	1.0	2.1	3.7	
Unit labor costs		5.3	-1.2	5.9	6.4	8	9.1	1.8	.8	2.1	4.0	0 0
Unit noniabor costs		1.3	-1.2	3.7	6.1	8	1.5	2.2	1.5	1.4	2.7	8
Unit profits		-21.5	13.8	.3	-8.9		2.0	-1.1	3.1	2.2	-5.0	8
Implicit price deflator		1.5	.3	4.8	4.8	()	1.2	1.6	1,2	2.2	2.8	8
ווייאייטיי אוולם מפוופוטו	1.7	1.5	٠.5	4.0	7.0	U	1.2	١.٥	1.2	2.1	2.0	U

¹ Not available.

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

# D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area  labama Birmingham Huntsville Montgomery Tuscaloosa laska rizona Phoenix	Feb. 1988 1,862.9 434.5 129.5 206.3 135.0	Jan. 1989 1,897.6 439.0 133.9 210.1 136.6 70.9	Feb. 1989 ^p 1,886.1 437.5 133.8	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Percent of labor force Jan. 1989	Feb
Birmingham Huntsville Montgomery Tuscaloosa	1,862.9 434.5 129.5 206.3 135.0 69.7	1,897.6 439.0 133.9 210.1 136.6	1,886.1 437.5	1988					
Birmingham Huntsville Montgomery Tuscaloosa	434.5 129.5 206.3 135.0 69.7	439.0 133.9 210.1 136.6	437.5	139.8				+	, 309
Birmingham Huntsville Montgomery Tuscaloosa	434.5 129.5 206.3 135.0 69.7	439.0 133.9 210.1 136.6	437.5	139.8	404.7	440.4	7.5	0.5	
Huntsville	129.5 206.3 135.0 69.7	133.9 210.1 136.6			161.7	143.4	7.5	8.5	7.0
Mobile Montgomery Tuscaloosa laska	206.3 135.0 69.7	210.1 136.6	133.8	27.5	29.3	26.0	6.3	6.7	6.
Montgomery Tuscaloosa  laska	135.0 69.7	136.6		6.6	7.6	7.0	5.1	5.7	5.
Tuscaloosa	69.7		209.6	18.9	22.2	20.7	9.2	10.5	9.
laska		70 0	136.6	8.5	9.2	8.7	6.3	6.8	6.
rizona	240.0	70.9	70.9	3.9	4.3	3.8	5.6	6.0	5.
		235.5	234.6	26.7	24.4	23.6	11.1	10.4	10.
	1,613.1	1,662.2	1,684.9	90.1	95,2	98.7	5.6	5.7	5.
	1,002.6	1,030.0	1,043.0	46.4	49.4	50.3	4.6	4.8	4.
Tucson	305.5	314.3	319.0	14.3	14.8	16.1	4.7	4.7	5.
rkansas	1,113.0	1,130.9	1,133.7	101.9	89.3	92.9	9.2	7.9	8.
Fayetteville-Springdale	60.9	61.7	62.1	2.9	2.6	2.7	4.8	4.3	4.
		93.5	92.6	6.6	7.8	7.6	7.1	8.4	8.
Fort Smith			270.1						6.
Little Rock-North Little RockPine Bluff	37.5	272.1 37.9	38.1	19.5 ) 3.5	16.4 3.1	16.9 3.2	7.4 9.4	6.0 8.3	8
	1				Ì			1	{
alifornia1		14,168.2	14,083.2	808.1	761.4	774.2	5.8	5.4	5
Anaheim-Santa Ana		1,367.3	1,364.8	40.9	41.3	41.5	3.1	3.0	3
Bakersfield	219.8	228.4	229.5	24.1	24.1	28.0	11.0	10.6	12
Fresno	286.3	303.7	301.4	35.2	33.6	37.7	12.3	11.1	12
Los Angeles-Long Beach	4,400.0	4,168.1	4,139.0	249.0	184.3	181.8	5.7	4.4	4
Modesto	148.8	157.3	158.5	20.3	19.5	22.2	13.6	12.4	14
Oakland	1,034.1	1,087.7	1,082.0	49.9	49.0	48.2	4.8	4.5	4
Oxnard-Ventura	338.0	357.4	355.0	17.0	19.1	18.9	5.0	5.3	5
Riverside-San Bernardino	914.6	960.1	949.0	51.9	56.1	57.1	5.7	5.8	6
Sacramento		719.0	715.7	39.3	40.8	40.1	5.9	5.7	5
San Diego		1,142,7	1,135.6	47.8	46.2	45.3	4.5	4.0	4
San Francisco	852.9	889.3	878.0	31.1	31.5	30.2	3.6	3.5	3
San Jose		850.2	844.1	33.7	33.9	33.3	4.1	4.0	3
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		180.6	179.8	8.8	8.5	8.8	5.0	4.7	4
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	186.7	192.7	191.5	9.5	10.2	10.1	5.1	5.3	5
Stockton		194.8	193.8	20.8	21.2	22.6	11.2	10.9	11
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa		192.3	191.0	10.8	11.2	10.8	6.0	5.8	5
olorado	1,690.8	1,678.4	1,675.1	131.2	123.0	124.8	7.8	7.3	7.
Boulder-Longmont	129.3	130.1	129.7	7.3	7.4	7.6	5.7	5.7	5.
Denver		865.1	862.5	60.5	57.1	58.2	6.9	6.6	6
onnecticut	1,689.9	1,677.3	1,713.5	55.9	61.8	59.3	3.3	3.7	3
Bridgeport-Milford		222.0	226.2	9.1	10.4	10.1	4.0	4.7	4.
Hartford		409.3	417.6	12.3	13.9	13.0	3.0	3.4	3
New Britain		69.0	70.6	2.6	2.9	2.9	3.7	4.2	4
New Haven-Meriden		264.4	269.7	8.2	9.2	8.7	3.1	3.5	3
Stamford	110.3	110.3	111.9	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.2	2
Waterbury	97.5	97.0	99.6	4.4	4.7	4.5	4.5	4.8	4
Names	241.1	250.4	051.7	10.7	40.4	40.4	40	2.4	
elaware	341.1 298.6	352.1 303.8	351.7 304.1	13.7 13.2	12.1 11.6	12.4 11.7	4.0 4.4	3.4 3.8	3
-		ł	-	1	}				
strict of Columbia	334.9 2,165.7	330.3 2,212.4	331.7 2.206.5	19.5 65.7	17.6 61.6	19.7 65.1	5.8 3.0	5.3 2.8	5 2
	ŀ	}		}		-		1	-
Davtona Beach	5,965.6 149.9	6,051.5 147.9	6,013.4 150.4	298.4   6.9	358.3 8.4	311.5 8.3	5.0 4.6	5.9 5.7	5 5
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		631.1	626.4	27.9	32.7	30.6	4.5	5.2	4
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		144.0	143.4	4.6	6.0	4.9	3.4	4.2	3
Jacksonville		448.9	444.8	24.4	28.5	25.4	5.5	6.4	5
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		181.6	180.9	8.3	10.6	9.6	4.7	5.8	5
Miami-Hialeah		929.5	918.0	49.3	58.2	47.7	5.3	6.3	5
Orlando	562.9	567.3	566.0	26.1	32.4	27.5	4.6	5.7	4
Pensacola	144.1	143.4	142.1	8.9	10.7	9.8	6.2	7.5	6
Sarasota		121.4	120.6	4.2	4.9	3.8	3.5	4.0	3
Tallahassee		125.3	126.0	4.2	6.0	5.1	3.5	4.0	4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	975.7	980.8	977.1	46.0	53.8	50.7	4.7	5.5	5
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	402.1	416.9	416.8	17.7	22.9	20.1	4.7	5.5	4

# STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civi	lian labor for	roo	<del>.</del>		Unemp	-		
State and area	CIVI	man labor lo	ice .		Number			Percent of labor force	,
	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989
Pagraia	2 122 7	3,250.3	3,242.2	199.3	183.1	168.4	6.4	5.6	
Athens	3,132.7 74.3	77.1	77.4	3.8	3.6	2.9	5.1	4.6	5.2 3.8
Atlanta	1,483.8	1,521.5	1,528.0	79.9	74.1	71.3	5.4	4.9	4.7
	181.1	183.3	182.8	11.7	10.6	10.1	6.5	5.8	5.5
Augusta	101.3			L L				6.1	
Columbus		101.3	101.2	7.5 ) 8.3 )	6.2	5.6	7.4 6.4	5.3	5.9
Macon-Warner Robins	129.9 113.4	132.9 114.1	132.4 113.2	8.5	7,1 6.2	6.1 5.9	7.5	5.4	4.0 5.2
lawaii	517.6	515.1	514.3	14.8	17.8	17.5	2.9	3.5	3.
Honolulu	384.5	379.2	379.6	9.8	11.5	11.3	2.6	3.0	3.
daho	462.0	479.7	485.2	37.6	34.4	33.8	8.1	7.2	7.
Boise City	105.1	112.1	113.3	5.4	5.1	4.8	5.1	4.5	4.
linois¹	5,716.7	5,791.5	5,902.6	467.4	372.2	359.4	8.2	6.4	6.
Aurora-Elgin	174.2	182.1	185.5	11.9	10.6	10.1	6.8	5.8	5.4
Bloomington~Normal	67.6	70.0	72.2	3.9	3.3	3.2	5.8	4.7	4.
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	90.1	88.0	93.8	4.7	4.0	3.9	5.3	4.6	4.
Chicago	3,143.0	3,181.2	3,249.7	225.9	180.1	173.1	7.2	5.7	5.
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	179.4	182.1	183.5	14.9	12.9	11.9	8.3	7.1	6.
Decatur	58.9	59.2	60.1	6.1	5.1	4.6	10.3	8.6	7.
Joliet	194.4	194.7	200.1	18.8	14.0	13.9	9.6	7.2	7.
Kankakee	44.5	44.1	45.3	5.2	3.9	4.0	11.8	8.7	8.
Lake County	265.3	281.5	287.9	13.7	12.2	11.5	5.2	4.4	4.
Peoria	153.2	157.3	160.9	12.5	10.2	10.1	8.1	6.5	6
Rockford	149.0	147.7	151.3	13.4	9.4	9.4	9.0	6.3	6
Springfield	108.3	110.2	112.2	7.1	6.1	5.9	6.6	5.6	5
ndiana	2,746.0	2,801.2	2,820.2	190.8	141.5	153.4	6.9	5.1	5.
Anderson	59.4	59.3	60.1	5.0	3.2	3.6	8.4	5.4	6
Bloomington	59.6	63.9	63.1	2.6	2.2	2.5	4.4	3.5	4
Elkhart-Goshen	92.9	97.3	97.8	4.6	4.0	4.1	5.0	4,1	4.
Evansville	140.5	142.2	144.4	10.8	7.6	9.3	7.7	5.3	6
Fort Wayne	194.0	199.3	200.5	11.2	8.8	9.4	5.8	4.4	4
Gary-Hammond	251.8	255.9	258.7	21.9	14.3	15.7	8.7	5.6	6
Indianapolis	653.0	672.5	676.3	36.7	27.7	29.6	5.6	4.1	4
Lafayette	66.3	67.5	68.6	2.5	2.0	2.3	3.7	2.9	3
Muncie	60.4	60.7	61.2	4.7	3.3	3.4	7.8	5.4	5
South Bend-Mishawaka	127.9	131.6	132.0	7.2	5.9	6.3	5.6	4.5	4
Terre Haute	59.9	58.9	58.8	4.8	3.5	3.6	8.1	5.9	6
owa	1,448.0	1,515.2	1,512.9	81.4	73.9	69.2	5.6	4.9	4
Cedar Rapids	93.3	98.6	98.3	4.5	3.8	3.6	4.8	3.8	3.
Des Moines	224.1	238.6	237.8	9.6	8.9	8.9	4.3	3.7	3.
Dubuque	43.5	45.4	45.1	3.2	3.2	3.0	7.4	7.2	6
Sioux City	58.7	61.2	60.7	3.9	2.8	2.6	6.6	4.5	4
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	69.2	72.2	72.9	4.9	4.0	3.7	7.1	5.6	5.
(ansas	1,275.8	1,275.1	1,287.1	65.8	66.4	65.4	5.2	5.2	5.
Topeka	92.7 254.1	93.3 256.6	93.5 259.7	4.9 13.0	4.9 12.9	4.8 12.3	5.2 5.1	5.2 5.0	5.
Centucky	1,666.1	1,697.3	1,701.9	148.4	138.3	136.0	8.9	8.1	8.
Lexington-Fayette	185.2	193.2	197.1	9.0	9.2	9.1	4.8	4.8	4
Louisville	491.4	504.7	503.7	32.7	31.3	31.0	6.7	6.2	6
Owensboro	42.9	43.8	43.4	4.0	3.6	3.4	9.4	8.2	7
ouisiana	1,904.3	1,887.9	1,875.1	226.1	224.0	220.1	11.9	11.9	11
Alexandria	59.5	59.6	58.7	6.5	6.8	6.6	10.9	11.4	11.
Baton Rouge	265.0	265.7	264.3	26.4	27.3	25.1	9.9	10.3	9
Houma-Thibodaux	70.8	68.6	68.3	9.4	8.0	8.1	13.3	11.7	11.
Lafayette	98.6	97.3	97.2	10.9	10.2	10.1	11.0	10.5	10
Monroe	69.4	66.6	66.3	7.7	7.4	7.5	11.1	11.2	11.
New Orleans	590.1	584.8	581.2	57.3	57.1	56.6	9.7	9.8	9
Shreveport	162.2	158.7	157.6	18.8	18.2	18.4	11.6	11.5	11.
Naine	576.6	596.3	594.0	27.8	27.6	27.5	4.8	4.6	4
Lewiston-Auburn	41.5	42.7	42.1	2.1	2.4	2.3	5.0	5.6	5
Portland	122.9	129.3	128.6	3.0	3.0	3.2	2.5	2.3	2

## D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

		ilian labar (-				Unemp			
State and area	Civi	ilian labor fo	rce		Number			Percent of labor force	
	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Fel 1989
Baltimore	2,436.2 1,174.8	2,487.7 1,188.9	2,477.1 1,183.2	119.3 62.8	100.7 51.7	102.9 53.4	4.9 5.3	4.0 4.4	4
lassachusetts¹	3,098.0	3,139.1	3,162.4	116.3	119.3	124.1	3.8	3.8	3
Boston	1,539.5	1,554.3	1,566.4	47.2	47.8	49.4	3.1	3.1	3
Brockton	97.2 76.5	99.0 76.1	99.7 76.5	4.0 5.3	4.2 5.3	4.4 5.3	4.1 6.9	4.3 6.9	6
Fitchburg-Leominster	47.4	46.5	47.0	2.0	2.4	2.4	4.2	5.1	5
Lawrence-Haverhill	185.7	185.2	187.1	8.1	8.3	8.7	4.4	4.5	4
Lowell	150.5	153.6	154.6	5.3	6.0	6.2	3.5	3.9	4
New Bedford	85.0	87.3	87.5	5.6	5.5	5.8	6.6	6.4	e
Springfield	251.0	250.6	252.4	9.5	9.6	10.1	3.8	3.8	4
Worcester	219.9	226.1	228.5	7.6	7.9	8.1	3.4	3.5	3
ichigan¹	4,482.1	4,588.5	4,611.9	399.4	358.3	312.2	8.9	7.8	6
Ann Arbor	158.9	163.8	166.9	7.1	6,1	5.7	4.5	3.7	
Battle Creek	63.7	64.9	65.3	5.6	5.2	4.0	8.8	7.9	6
Benton Harbor	76.5	79.2	79.4	5.7	6.3	5.5	7.5	8.0	6
Detroit	2,158.1	2,206.6	2,212.6	189.5	163.6	142.2	8.8	7.4	6
Flint	191.7	188.2	187.6	30.1	23.8	18.5	15.7	12.7	9
Grand Rapids	349.8	361.5	366.1	21.1	20.0	17.4	6.0	5.5	4
Jackson	64.3	66.2	66.7	5.2	5.1	4.3	8.0	7.8	( €
Kalamazoo	114.7	118.4	120.7	5.9	5.9	5.4	5.2	5.0	}
Lansing-East Lansing	239.7	246.5	247.2	17.2	14.3	13.4	7.2	5.8	. 5
Muskegon	66.9	67.5	67.2	6.5	6.5	5.6	9.7	9.7	1
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	180.3	183.8	184.6	17.5	14.3	13.0	9.7	7.8	7
innesota	2,283.1	2,324.0	2,312.2	113.7	119.0	112.1	5.0	5.1	4
Duluth	105.2	107.7	106.6	8.4	7.6	7.4	7.9	7.1	(
Minneapolis-St.Paul	1,368.1	1,389.1	1,383.9	52.8	54.8	53.2	3.9	3.9	3
Rochester	58.6	61.8	61.2	2.0	2.0	1.9	3.4	3.2	3
St. Cloud	94.2	97.4	97.3	5.6	6.1	5.9	6.0	6.3	•
Ississippi	1,142.7 197.4	1,143.4 196.6	1,148.6 197.8	96.0 11.2	107.8 12.1	100.1 11.1	8.4 5.7	9.4 6.1	5
issouri	2,583.8	2,581.8	2,579.5	177.2	169.0	168.4	6.9	6.5	ι .
Kansas City	846.1	849.4	854.2	48.8	49.7	51.2	5.8	5.8	e
St. Louis	1,252.1	1,256.0	1,257.2	87.7	78.7	75.9	7.0	6.3	è
Springfield	122.9	123.9	124.9	6.4	6.4	6.3	5.2	5.1	
ontana	392.3	395.3	396.7	32.8	29.0	29.9	8.4	7.3	;
ebraska	798.5	810.5	803.5	34.9	28.4	25.3	4.4	3.5	:
Lincoln	123.3	125.6	126.2	3.5	2.9	3.1	2.8	2.3	:
Omaha	322.5	330.6	327.1	14.4	12.3	10.8	4.5	3.7	;
evada	565.9	595.0	599.3	36.5	35.2	38.8	6.5	5.9	6
Las Vegas	331.5 136.9	351.2 139.6	352.9 141.0	21.1 8.6	19.9 8.3	21.4 9.3	6.4 6.2	5.7 5.9	6
	}			1		1			l
ew Hampshire	587.5	614.0	608.5	15.6	17.6	17.3	2.7	2.9	1
Manchester	84.0	84.4	83.9	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.6	3
Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester	127.6	132.4	131.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	2.5 2.5	2.9	2
		4,008.7	ł			180.1			
ew Jersey¹	3,969.0 169.3	174.3	4,030.8 175.6	160.5 11.5	183.7 13.1	11.9	4.0 6.8	4.6 7.5	1 6
Bergen-Passaic	721.0	726.3	732.0	24.5	28.3	29.2	3.4	3.9	2
Jersey City	270.6	272.1	274.3	17.3	20.2	19.1	6.4	7.4	;
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	559.5	571.2	575.1	15.4	17.6	17.5	2.8	3.1	3
Monmouth-Ocean	465.0	476.6	475.5	17.6	21.5	20.5	3.8	4.5	2
Newark	961.1	961.6	967.8	38.2	43.7	43.4	4.0	4.5	4
Trenton	172.6	175.1	175.4	5.5	6.1	6.0	3.2	3.5	1 3
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	58.2	60.1	60.5	5.0	5.5	5.3	8.5	9.2	8
ew Mexico	673.8	673.0	691.3	56.6	47.9	50.8	8.4	7.1	1 3
Albuquerque	259.1	257.8	265.4	15.5	13.6	14.5	6.0	5.3	5
Las Cruces	53.8	53.6	55.3	3.9	3.4	3.9	7.2	6.4	7
Santa Fe	64.7	64.3	65.2	3.8	3.1	3.1 1	5.8	4.8	4

# STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civ.	ilian labor fo	rce f							
State and area	CIV	ilian labor to	rce		Number			Percent of labor force		
	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb 1989	
ew York ¹	8,437.0	8,652.1	8,624.4	372.1	482.1	472.8	4.4	5.6	5.	
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	419.4	433.9	433.6	17.6	22.8	22.2	4.2	5.3	5.	
Binghamton	127.3	130.5	129.8	5.3	7.0	7.0	4.1	5.3	5.	
Buffalo	446.0	457.7	455.7	26.1	32.3	31.8	5.8	7.1	7.	
Elmira	41.3	43.4	43.5	1.9	2.3	2.4	4.5	5.2	5	
Nassau-Suffolk	1,413.1	1,449.7	1,444.1	48.0	61.1	62.2	3.4	4.2	4	
New York	3,883.8	3,949.8	3,928.4	155.7	210.6	201.6	4.0	5.3	5	
New York City	3,216.0	3,264.1	3,249.3	136.0	184.6	174.6	4.2	5.7	5	
	130.7	138.1	137.5	5.4	7.5	7.7	4.1	5.4	5	
Orange County	127.1	130.1	131.2	3.8	5.3	5.4	3.0	4.1	4	
Poughkeepsie	498.3	517.0	516.6	22.3	25.9	26.1	4.5	5.0	5.	
Rochester			323.7					1		
Syracuse	315.0 133.5	323.8 140.3	140.2	17.4 7.9	19.7 10.3	19.1 9.9	5.5 6.0	6.1 7.4	5.	
	[			{	.0.0	0.0	0.0	'''		
orth Carolina ¹	3,293.5	3,381.3	3,380.8	137.9	150.4	125.4	4.2	4.4	3.	
Asheville	86.2	89.0	88.5	3.5	3.6	3.0	4.0	4.1	3	
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	626.0	648.9	651.9	20.8	23.7	20.9	3.3	3.7	3	
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	522.9	535.8	532.8	17.2	20.3	16.5	3.3	3.8	3	
Raleigh-Durham	396.7	404.7	409.4	11.3	11.8	9.5	2.8	2.9	2	
orth Dakota	323.2	320.3	317.8	18.5	18.4	16.9	5.7	5.8	5	
Bismarck	44.7	45.2	44.8	2.8	2.6	2.4	6.3	5.7	5	
Fargo-Moorhead	84.4	85.2	84.9	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.8	3.9	3	
Grand Forks	35.0	34.7	34.7	1.5	1.5	1.3	4.4	4.4	3	
hio [†]	5,298.2	5,383.9	5,379.6	375.8	369.3	317.0	7.1	6.9		
Akron	326.0	329.4	332.3	24.6	23.2	20.0	7.6	7.0	6	
Canton	190.3	193.0	192.3	15.1	13.9	12.3	7.9	7.2	6	
Cincinnati	751.1	771.2	771.0	42.6	40.3	35.1	5.7	5.2	4	
Cleveland	929.6	940.3	939.6	57.4	56.4	47.3	6.2	6.0	5	
Columbus	705.9	724.3	724.4	38.1	41,7	34.8	5.4	5.8	4	
Dayton-Springfield	469.1	475.4	475.8	28.7	27.5	23.4	6.1	5.8	4	
Toledo	309.2	317.1	315.7	21.6	22.3	19.4	7.0	7.0	6	
Youngstown-Warren	221.5	224.9	223.9	19.3	18.7	16.3	8.7	8.3	7	
klahoma	1,535.8	1,524.8	1,515.0	114.7	101.2	102.9	7.5	6.6	6	
Enid	29.1	28.6	27.9	2.0	1.7	1.7	6.7	6.0	6	
Lawton	48.9	47.7	47.4	2.9	2.6	2.6	5.9	5.4	5	
Oklahoma City	499.3	491.3	488.6	31.1	26.3	26.4	6.2	5.3	5	
Tuisa	342.1	338.1	337.2	28.2	23.1	24.7	8.3	6.8	7	
	4,000.5	4000	4 405 0	00.4	000	00.0	0.0			
regon Eugene-Springfield	1,383.5 138.7	1,422.9 143.7	1,435.8 146.1	96.1 8.7	89.9 8.5	89.3 9.2	6.9 6.3	6.3 5.9	6	
Portland	634.0	653.9	660.9	34.3	30.1	30.8	5.4	4.6	4	
Salem	128.7	131.9	133.5	9.6	8.6	8.6	7.5	6.5	6	
annouturaia i	E 674 0	E 004 4	E 0140	225.2	200.4	004.4	5.0		١.	
ennsylvania ¹ Allentown-Bethlehem	5,671.9	5,884.4	5,814.3	335.2	292.1	281.1	5.9	5.0	4	
	318.3	330.2	329.2 59.4	16.0	15.0	14.4	5.0 8.0	4.6 7.4	4	
Aitoona	58.3 60.0	60.0 60.4	59.4 59.7	4.6 6.5	4.4	4.3 5.0	10.8	8.6	7	
Erie	128.1	133.8	131.6	9.3	5.2 7.4	7.3	7.3	5.5	5	
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle	312.6	326.0	322.7	13.8	12.3	12.2	7.3 4.4	3.8	3	
Johnstown	93.6	97.4	95.9	8.7	7.3	7.3	9.3	7.5	1 7	
Lancaster	211.3	222.0	221.0	7.6	7.3	7.3	3.6	3.5	3	
Philadelphia	2,399.6	2,465.0	2.439.0	106.8	99.2	94.9	4.5	4.0		
Pittsburgh		975.0	967.1	68.6	52.8	51.9	7.2	5.4	1	
Reading	167.6	178.3	176.4	8.0	7.6	7.4	4.8	4.3	2	
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	350.2	365.4	361.2	24.4	22.3	21,1	7.0	6.1		
Williamsport	58.3	60.7	60.3	4.0	3.9	4.0	6.9	6.4	6	
York	212.7	225.5	221.6	9.4	10.3	8.5	4.4	4.6	3	
hada laland	500.0	505.0	507.0	4	400	40.0	٠.	0.0	1 -	
hode IslandPawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro	508.8 164.1	525.0 165.9	527.6 169.8	17.4 7.4	16.8 7.3	19.3 8.2	3.4 4.5	3.2 4.4	3	
Providence	333.2	344.3	342.9	10.9	10.2	12.3	3.3	3.0	3	
outh Carolina	1 657 0	1 606 3	1 690 0	87.8	77.4	80.6	£ 2	16		
outh Carolina	1,657.8 225.0	1,696.3 231.3	1,689.0 230.1	87.8 9.9	77.4 9.0	9.1	5.3 4.4	4.6 3.9	4	
Columbia	231.6	236.7	235.7	7.4	7.6	7.6	3.2	3.9	3	
Greenville-Spartanburg	331.4	339.4	339.1	13.0	11.0	11.6	3.9	3.3	3	
	349.6	047.4	2500	40.0	40.0	45.7	4.0	4.0		
	3/10/6	347.1	350.9	16.2	16.6	15.7	4.6	4.8	4	
outh Dakota	38.6	38.3	38.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	4.8	5.0	4	

#### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	<b>.</b>					Unemp	oloyed		
State and area	Civi	lian labor fo	rce		Number			Percent of labor force	
	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p	Feb. 1988	Jan. 1989	Feb. 1989 ^p
ennessee	2,314.0	2,341.7	2,337.0	131.3	153.2	130.8	5.7	6.5	5.6
Chattanooga	208.5	213.4	213.5	10.6	12.5	11.2	5.1	5.9	5.3
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	212.9	212.6	214.6	12.8	12.4	11.2	5.9	5.8	5.2
Knoxville	279.2	283.3	280.5	15.6	21.6	18.4	5.6	7.6	6.6
Memphis LMA	434.0	443.4	442.8	21.3	25.0	21.0	4.9	5.6	4.8
Nashville	518.6	516.9	517.2	21.7	23.9	21.3	4.2	4.6	4.1
exas¹	8,184.4	8,188.2	8,150.4	715.5	621.8	594.0	8.7	7.6	7.3
Abilene	52.9	53.5	53.0	4.2	3.7	3.6	8.0	6.9	6.8
Amarillo	97.1	96.1	96.1	6.9	6.4	6.0	7.1	6.7	6.3
Austin	425.3	418.1	417.0	30.4	25.3	23.5	7.1	6.1	5.6
Beaumont-Port Arthur	162.0	161.1	159.1	20.4	17.6	15.9	12.6	10.9	10.0
Brazoria	80.7	82.0	81.3	7.9	6.6	6.0	9.8	8.0	7.3
Brownsville-Harlingen	97.4	97.3	97.4	16.0	12.6	12.2	16.5	12.9	12.6
Bryan-College Station	57.4	56.7	58.9	3.1	3.2	2.9	5.3	5.7	4.9
Corpus Christi	157.8	155.1	154.5	18.6	14.0	13.7	11.8	9.1	8.9
Dallas	1,432.6	1,432.5	1,420.7	96.3	84.4	80.1	6.7	5.9	5.6
El Paso	238.3	239.3	238.3	29.4	26.3	25.7	12.3	11.0	10.8
				49.5					
Fort Worth-Arlington	675.5	676.1	672.8		42.1	40.7	7.3	6.2	6.1
Galveston-Texas City	108.3	103.5	103.4	11.4	9.0	8.2	10.5	8.7	7.9
Houston	1,593.5	1,607.6	1,599.2	131.8	106.0	99.8	8.3	6.6	6.2
Killeen-Temple	92.3	94.3	94.3	8.0	8.1	7.7	8.7	8.5	8.2
Laredo	47.7	48.8	48.2	8.5	7.5	6.9	17.8	15.3	14.4
Longview-Marshall	78.6	78.5	77.7	8.6	7.6	7.3	11.0	9.6	9.4
Lubbock	111.5	112.5	112.8	7.1	6.1	6.1	6.3	5.5	5.4
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	154.0	163.3	162.5	31.4	30.5	29.6	20.4	18.7	18.2
Midland	49.4	48.5	48.2	3.8	3.2	3.1	7.7	6.5	6.5
Odessa	53.6	52.4	51.7	4.8	4.6	4.5	9.0	8.8	8.7
San Angelo	44.7	44.3	44.3	2.9	3.0	2.6	6.4	6.8	5.9
San Antonio	599.2	599.1	596.6	53.9	48.0	45.8	9.0	8.0	7.7
Sherman-Denison	48.7	47.6	46.9	4.0	3.3	3.1	8.2	7.0	6.7
Texarkana	57.3	57.3	56.7	5.3	4.8	4.7	9.2	8.3	8.3
	74.8	73.8	73.7	6.6	5.6	5.5	8.9	7.6	7.4
Tyler									
Victoria	36.2	35.2	35.1	3.1	2.4	2.2	8.4	6.9	6.4
Waco	92.6 56.7	91.4 57.0	91.2 58.8	8.1 4.8	5.9 3.7	5.4 3.7	8.7 8.4	6.5 6.5	6.0 6.6
Mah	743.7	765.3	705.4	45.5	22.6	35.9	6.1	4.4	47
/tah	101.1	107.0	765.4	45.5 5.8	33.6		6.1 5.7	4.4 3.8	4.7
Provo-Orem	488.1	500.9	107.2 500.8	27.7	4.1 20.5	4.4 22.2	5.7 5.7	4.1	4.1 4.4
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	200.0	0044	000.7	0.0	0.0	40.0	0.4		0.5
/ermont	290.6 73.3	304.1 72.8	303.7 73.8	9.9 1.6	9.9 1.6	10.6 1.7	3.4 2.1	3.3 2.2	3.5
	2044.			404.5		407.0			
/irginia	3,044.7	3,057.4	3,053.9	121.5	132.1	137.8	4.0	4.3	4.5
Charlottesville	67.5	65.0	67.9	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.9	3.2	3.3
Danville	51.5	52.3	51.8	3.6	3.5	3.6	7.0	6.7	6.9
Lynchburg	70.5	70.3	70.2	3.6	3.7	4.0	5.1	5.3	5.7
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	600.8	596.7	596.2	26.1	29.7	31.2	4.3	5.0	5.2
Richmond-Petersburg	441.5	443.5	445.4	14.5	16.3	17.2	3.3	3.7	3.9
Roanoke	121.0	120.9	119.6	4.7	5.2	5.2	3.9	4.3	4.3
Vashington	2,250.4	2,333.1	2,319.0	163.3	161.7	157.4	7.3	6.9	6.8
Seattle	1,009.4	1,057.2	1,051.2	54.3	52.8	51.2	5.4	5.0	4.9
Vest Virginia	731.0	736.3	740.9	79.9	61.6	67.9	10.9	8.4	9.2
Charleston	114.6	115.1	116.1	10.4	8.2	9.3	9.1	7.1	8.0
Huntington-Ashland	125.8	126.1	126.5	12.7	10.4	10.5	10.1	8.3	8.3
Parkersburg-Marietta	70.8	72.0	72.3	6.2	5.4	5.8	8.8	7.5	8.0
Wheeling	71.7	71.1	71.4	7.0	5.7	5.8	9.7	8.1	8.1
Visconsin	2,505.0	2,570.7	2,587.1	144.2	119.6	127.0	5.8	4.7	4.9
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah	165.9	172.6	173.0	8.8	7.7	7,9	5.3	4.5	4.6
Eau Claire	71.3	72.2	73.7	4.1	3.5	3.7	5.8	4.8	5.0
Green Bay	105.5	107.3	108.0	6.1	4.8	5.0	5.8	4.5	4.6
Janesville-Beloit	71.6	74.0	74.0	4.2	3.1	3.3	5.9	4.2	4.4
Kenosha	56.1	55.3	55.7	3.0	3.5	3.9	5.4	6.3	7.1
	54.6	57.9	58.7	2.5	2.4	2.4		t .	
La Crosse							4.6	4.1	4.1
Madison	216.4	221.0	222.3	7.6	6.3	6.4	3.5	2.9	2.9
Milwaukee	747.1	770.0	770.5	34.4	28.2	28.8	4.6	3.7	3.7
Racine	88.3	91.2	91.4	5.0	4.1	4.5	5.6	4.5	4.9
Wausau	80.2	62.2	63.1	4.2	3.2	3.5	7.0	5.2	5.6
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<sup>Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey. See the Explanatory Notes for State and Area Labor Force Data.

Not available.
P = preliminary.
NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Estimates for 1988 have been</sup> 

benchmarked to 1988 Current Population Survey annual averages. Except in the 11 States designated by footnote 1, estimates for 1989 are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication.

# **Explanatory Notes**

#### Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of over about 55,800 households, representing 729 areas in 1,973 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The establishment survey is designed to provide industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are currently based on payroll reports from a sample of over 300,000 establishments employing over 38 million nonagricultural wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full or part time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th day of the month.

# RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definitions and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two series are as follows.

#### **Employment**

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises, and members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States. Civilian employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

For a comprehensive discussion of the differences between household and establishment survey employment data, see Gloria P. Green's article, "Comparing Employment Estimates From Household and Payroll Surveys," *Monthly Labor Review*, December 1969.

#### Hours of work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by

employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

## **Earnings**

The household survey measures median earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the household survey earnings series, see *Technical Description of the Quarterly Data on Weekly Earnings from the Current Population Survey*, BLS Bulletin 2113.

# COMPARABILITY OF HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). Beginning in January 1978, coverage was extended to include domestic workers whose employers paid \$1,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, agricultural employees whose employers engaged 10 or more workers in 20 weeks or paid a total of \$20,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, and almost all State and local government employees.

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the Economics and Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series

# COMPARABILITY OF PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP), published by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonagricultural wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, certain activities, such as interstate railroads, parochial schools, and churches, are not covered by unemployment insurance whereas these are included in the BLS establishment statistics.

# Household Data (A tables)

#### **COLLECTION AND COVERAGE**

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other characteristics of the employed, the unemployed, and persons not in the labor force, and related data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, BLS Report 463. Historical national data are published in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey: A Databook, BLS Bulletin 2096.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted through a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 16 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations, and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this publication. Data on the members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States, who are included as part of the categories "noninstitutional population," "labor force," and "total employment." are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Each month about 55,800 occupied units are eligible for interview. About 2,600 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of between 4 and 5 percent. In addition to the 55,800 occupied units, there are 11,500 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

#### **CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS**

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those used since 1967 are as follows:

Employed persons are (a) all civilians who, during the survey week, did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who

were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor- management disputes, or personal reasons, whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States are also included in the employed total.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons are all civilians who had no employment during the survey week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the prior 4 weeks. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off or were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days need not be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Measurements of mean and median duration are computed from a distribution of single weeks of unemployment.

Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into four major groups. (1) Job losers are persons whose employment ended involuntarily who immediately began looking for work, and persons on layoff. (2) Job leavers are persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work. (3) Reentrants are persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer but were out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work. (4) New entrants are persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer. Each of these four categories of the unemployed may be expressed as an unemployment rate or proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers.

Jobseekers are all unemployed persons who made

specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week. Jobseekers do not include those persons unemployed because they (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or (b) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work, including going to a public or private employment agency or to an employer directly, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or utilizing some other method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point.

The civilian labor force comprises all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The labor force also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The overall unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force, including members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The unemployment rate for all civilian workers represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, etc.

Participation rates represent the proportion of the population that is in the labor force. The labor force participation rate is the ratio of the labor force, including the resident Armed Forces, to the noninstitutional population. The civilian labor force participation rate is the ratio of the civilian labor force to the civilian noninstitutional population. Civilian labor force participation rates are usually published for sexage groups, often cross-classified by other demographic characteristics such as race and educational attainment.

Employment-population ratios represent the proportion of the noninstitutional population that is employed. The total employment-population ratio is total employment, including the resident Armed Forces, as a percent of the noninstitutional population. The civilian employment-population ratio is the percentage of all employed civilians in the civilian noninstitutional population.

Not in the labor force includes all persons who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as engaged in own home housework, in school, unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness, retired, and other. The "other" group includes individuals reported as too old or temporarily unable to work, the voluntarily idle, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season and who were not reported as looking for work, and persons who did not look for work because they believed that no jobs were available in the area or that no jobs were available for which they could qualify—discouraged workers. Persons doing only incidental, unpaid family work (less than 15 hours in the specified week) are also classified as not in labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work, desire for a job at the time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are published on a quarterly basis. As of January 1970, the detailed questions for persons not in the labor force are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for 3 previous months and would not be in for the subsequent month. Between 1967 and 1969, these questions were asked in those households entering the sample for the first time and those returning for the second 4 months of interviewing, i.e., the "incoming" groups.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their last full-time job lasting 2 weeks or more. The classifications of occupations and industries used in data derived from the CPS are defined as in the 1980 census. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies wage and salary workers subdivided into private and government workers; self-employed workers; and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more during the survey week are designated as working full time. Persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working part time. Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or noneconomic reasons). Economic reasons include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of a job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. Noneconomic reasons include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home or school, no desire for full-time work, and fulltime worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1 to 34 hours for noneconomic reasons and usually work full time.

Data on employment "at work" differ from data on total employment because they exclude persons in the zero-hours-

worked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute.

Employed persons are also categorized into full- and part-time groupings based primarily on their usual status. In this context, full-time workers are those who (a) worked 35 hours or more during the survey week, (b) worked 1 to 34 hours for economic or noneconomic reasons, but usually work full time, and (c) were with a job but not at work and usually work full time. Similarly, part-time workers are those who (a) voluntarily worked 1 to 34 hours during the survey week, (b) worked 1 to 34 hours for economic reasons, but usually work part time, i.e., persons who could only find part-time work; and (c) were with a job but not at work and usually work part time.

Unemployment rates for full- and part-time workers are calculated using the concepts of the full- and part-time labor force which are based on the type of job—full or part-time—that persons—whether working or unemployed—report that they want. The "full-time labor force" includes all persons working part time but who desire full-time work, that is, working part time for economic reasons. Thus, this category consists of persons on full-time schedules; all persons involuntarily working part time regardless of their usual status; and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The "part-time labor force" consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed according to whether they usually work on full-time or voluntary part-time schedules.

Labor force time lost is a measure of aggregate hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available aggregate hours. It is computed by assuming that; (1) unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) those looking for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers during the survey week, and (3) persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

White, black, and other are terms used to describe the race of workers. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. All tables in this publication which contain racial data, with the exception of A-5 and its annual counterpart, present data for the black population group. Because of their relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican living on the mainland, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings data are provided from responses to the question "How much does...USUALLY earn per week at this job before deductions?" Included are any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding the incorporated self-employed) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$50 centered interval within which each median falls.

Data expressed in constant dollars are deflated by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status are terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were reported as members of the same household even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent, includes persons who are separated because of marital discord, as well as persons who are living apart because either the husband or the wife was employed and living away from home, serving in the Armed Forces, or had a different place of residence for any reason.

A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters.

A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family refers to a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family even though they may include a related subfamily, that is, a married couple or a parent-child group related by birth or marriage to the householder and sharing the living quarters. The

count of families used in this publication excludes unrelated subfamilies such as lodgers, guests, or resident employees living in a household but not related to the householder. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other persons maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

Poverty areas are defined as those census tracts in tracted areas, and Minor Civil Division's (MCD's) in untracted areas, in which 20 percent or more of the noninstitutional residents were poor according to the 1980 decennial census. Persons were classified as poor or nonpoor by comparing money income to a series of poverty income thresholds which vary by family size and number of children. While poverty areas have a substantial concentration of low-income residents, many poor persons live outside these areas, and conversely, the areas include many people who are not poor.

The metropolitan areas classification consists of the total of all Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) as defined by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) as of June 30, 1983. These definitions differ from those used in the 1980 decennial census. A detailed discussion of the MSA definitions as well as changes in terminology can be found in "The New Metropolitan Area Definitions" section of the 1980 Census of Population Supplementary Report on Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PC-S1-18. Nonmetropolitan areas consist of the total territory outside MSA's.

The *urban population*, as defined for the 1980 census, comprises all persons living in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more inhabitants outside urbanized areas. More specifically, the urban population consists of all persons living in (1) places of 2,500 or more inhabitants incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding those persons living in the rural portions of extended cities; and (2) other territories, incorporated and unincorporated, included in urbanized areas. The population not classified as urban constitutes the rural population.

## HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

# Change in lower age limit

The lower age limit for official statistics on the labor force, employment, and unemployment was raised from 14 to 16 years of age in January 1967. Insofar as possible, historical series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the population 16 years and over. For a detailed discussion of this and other definitional changes introduced at that time, including estimates of their effect on the various series, see "New Definitions for Employment and Unemployment," Employment and Earnings and Monthly

Report on the Labor Force, February 1967.

# Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the changes introduced in 1967, there are several other periods of noncomparability in the labor force data: (1)Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and men; other categories were relatively unaffected. (2) Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force. Four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected. (3) Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged. (4) Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; and unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. (5) A subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced in March 1973. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.

In addition, beginning in January 1974, the methodology used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an inflation-deflation approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year-old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation", in the February 1974 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Effective in July 1975, as a result of the immigration of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000—30,000 men and 46,000 women. The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, and all of the changes were in the other population.

Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor

force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.

Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio estimation method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure were derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in total population and estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 that are described above, and data users should make allowances for them in making certain data comparisons.

Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment methodology was updated to account for results obtained from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.

Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure—the noninterview adjustment, the first and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite

estimator—were revised. These procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin. Major estimates were revised back to January 1980.

Beginning in January 1986, the population controls used in the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology were revised to reflect an explicit estimate of the number of undocumented immigrants (largely Hispanic) since 1980 and an improved estimate of the number of emigrants among legal foreign-born residents for the same time period. As a result, the total civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by nearly 400,000; civilian employment was increased by about 350,000. The Hispanic-origin civilian population and labor force estimates were raised by about 425,000 and 305,000, respectively, and civilian employment by 270,000. Overall and subgroup unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected. Because of the magnitude of the adjustments for Hispanics, data have been revised back to January 1980 to the extent possible. An explanation of the changes and their effect on estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of this publication.

# Changes in the occupational and industrial classification system

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisions of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of *Employment and* Earnings.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. These systems differ from those developed for the 1970 census, which were used in the CPS from January 1971 through December 1982.

The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved

from the Standard Occuptional Classification system (SOC). While the CPS occupational data are now comparable with other data sources, the new system is so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers". Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification system (SIC), as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had a much less adverse effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation", and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration."

Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

## Changes in the sample design

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. Most of these changes were made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates.

One major change made after every decennial census is to change the sample design to make use of the recently collected census materials. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are increased occasionally. In 1953, the current rotation plan was introduced, in which a sample unit is interviewed for 4 months, leaves the sample for 8 months, and then returns to the sample for another 4 months. When Alaska and Hawaii achieved statehood, three more sample areas were added to account for the population in these States. After the 1960 census, selection of a major portion of the sample from census address lists was begun, though a portion of the sample is still collected using area sampling. Following the 1970 census, the ultimate sampling unit was changed from a noncontiguous cluster of six housing units to a usually contiguous cluster of four housing units. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia and designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States, was incorporated into the design. In October 1978, a coverage improvement sample, composed of approximately 450 sample household units which represented 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units, was included in computing the estimates in order to provide coverage of mo-160

bile homes and new construction units that previously had no chance for selection in the CPS sample selected from the 1970 census frame. In January 1980, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added to the existing sample. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. Beginning in January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to SMSA's, which were redefined in 1973.

Beginning in 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was selected based on 1980 census information rather than 1970 census information. The selection of new sample areas provided an opportunity to improve the efficiency of the sample design. Sample areas chosen to replace incoming sample areas account for only 10 percent of the national estimate. The new CPS sample has resulted in increased reliability for State estimates with a slightly reduced sample size. Sample households are chosen from 729 sample areas, which represent 1,973 geographic areas in the United States. This current number of sample areas is not completely comparable to the old number of sample areas since many of the sample areas have been redefined. (See pp. 7-10 of the May 1984 issue of Employment and Earnings, for an overview of these new definitions and the introduction of the new sample.) A sample reduction of about 4,000 households was implemented in April 1988.

Table A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use during the different data collection periods. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in the Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## **ESTIMATING METHODS**

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Beginning in 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State have the same probability of selection. These estimates are then adjusted for noninterviews, and the ratio estimation procedure is applied.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately by combinations of similar sample areas that are not necessarily contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within

Table A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to date

Time period		Number of sample	Househo	Households eligible		
Time period		areas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	not eligible	
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954 .		68	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500	
Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956 .		230	21,000	500-1,000	3,000-3,500	
May 1956 to Dec. 1959 .	}	1330	33,500	1,500	6,000	
Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963 .	}	2333	33,500	1,500	6,000	
Mar. 1963 to Dec. 1966 .	{	357	33,500	1,500	6,000	
Jan. 1967 to July 1971		449	48,000	2,000	8,500	
Aug. 1971 to July 1972 .		449	45,000	2,000	8,000	
Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977.		461	45,000	2,000	8,000	
Jan. 1978 to Dec. 1979 .		614	53,500	2,500	10,000	
Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981 .		629	62,200	2,800	12,000	
May 1981 to Dec. 1984 .		629	57,800	2,500	11,000	
Jan. 1985 to Mar. 1988 .		729	57,000	2,500	11,000	
Apr. 1988 to present.		729	53,200	2,600	11,500	

¹ Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia

each combination of sample areas there is a further breakdown by residence. MSA sample areas are categorized by "central city" and "balance of the MSA". Residence categories of non-MSA areas are "urban" and "rural". The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.

- 2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and residence. Since these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
- a. First-stage ratio estimate. In the CPS, a portion of the 729 sample areas is chosen to represent other areas not in the sample; the remainder of the sample areas represent only themselves. The first-stage ratio estimation procedure was designed to reduce the portion of the variance resulting from requiring sample areas to represent nonsample areas. Therefore, this procedure is not applied to sample areas which represent only themselves. The adjustment is made at the State level for each of the 43 States which contain nonsample areas by race cells of black and non-black. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each cell at the time of the 1980 census between the race distribution of the population in sample areas and the known race distribution of the State.
- b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this stage, the sample proportions of persons in specific categories are adjusted to the distribution of independent current estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population in the same categories. The second-stage ratio adjustment, which is performed to

further reduce variability of the estimates and to correct to some extent for CPS undercoverage relative to the decennial census, is carried out in three steps. In the first step, the sample estimates are adjusted within each State and the District of Columbia to an independent control for the population 16 years and over. The second step involves an adjustment by Hispanic origin to a national estimate for eight age-sex categories by Hispanic and non-Hispanic. In the third step, a national adjustment is made by the race categories of white, black, and other races to independent estimates by age and sex. The white and black categories contain 32 age-sex groups each; the other races category has 6 age-sex cells. The entire second-stage adjustment procedure is iterated six times, each time beginning at the weights developed the previous time. This ensures that the sample estimates of the population for both State and national age-sex-race-origin categories will be virtually equal to the independent population control totals. This second-stage adjustment procedure incorporates changes instituted in January 1985. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of Employment and Earnings.

The controls by State for the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over are an arithmetic extrapolation of the trend in the growth of this segment of the population using the two most recent July 1 estimates, adjusted as a last step to a current estimate of the U.S. population of this group. State estimates by age for July 1 are published annually in *Current Population Reports*, Series P-25. For a description of the methodology used in developing the State total, see Report 957 of that series. A description of the age estimates methodology is available in Report 1010 of that series.

Prior to January 1985, there was no separate control for Hispanics in the second-stage ratio procedure. These Hispanic controls are prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census count for Hispanics by adding estimated Hispanic births and immigrants and subtracting estimated Hispanic deaths

² Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

and emigrants to yield an estimate of the Hispanic population by age and sex.

During the period from January 1982 to December 1984, the "inflation-deflation" method was temporarily discontinued in the preparation of the independent national controls used for the age-sex-race groups in the third step of the second-stage ratio estimation procedure. These controls were prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census data after taking account of subsequent aging of the population, births, deaths, and net migration and then subtracting the estimate for the institutional population and Armed Forces. Beginning in January 1985, the "inflation-deflation" method of deriving independent population controls was reintroduced into the CPS estimation procedure. With the "inflation-deflation" method, the independent controls are prepared by inflating the 1980 census counts to include estimated undercounts by age, sex and race, aging this population forward to each subsequent month and later age by adding births and net migration, and subtracting deaths. These post-censal population estimates are then deflated to census level to reflect the pattern of net undercount in the most recent census by age, sex, and race. Because an estimate of undercount is first added and then subtracted, the size of each race-sex group is unaffected by the "inflation-deflation" method. Similarly, the final estimate is affected only by the age structure of the undercount, but not the level. This feature of the method is important since the exact amount of undercount in the 1980 census remains unknown.

Data on births and deaths between April 1, 1980, and the estimate date are based on tabulations of vital statistics for the resident population made by the National Center for Health Statistics and data on deaths of military personnel overseas from the Department of Defense. Estimates of net civilian immigration are based on data provided by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Puerto Rico Planning Board. The civilian noninstitutional population is derived by subtracting the Armed Forces and the institutional population for the estimate date from the total including Armed Forces overseas. The institutional population is computed by applying institutional proportions derived from the 1980 census to the total population, including Armed Forces overseas for the estimate date. All computations described above are performed in cells defined by single year of age, race, and sex. The independent national control totals are then obtained by collapsing these cells into broader age groups for the population 16 years and older.

Beginning in January 1986, two changes were introduced into the estimation of the independent population controls. For the first time, an explicit allowance for net undocumented immigration since April 1, 1980 (the census date) was added to the estimated level of legal immigration. In addition, an increase in the estimate of emigration of legal foreign-born residents has been incorporated into the postcensal population estimates since 1980. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1986" in the February 1986 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75 percent), as well as the sample results for the current month. Also included is an additional term which is an estimate of the net difference between incoming and continuing parts of the current month's sample. Almost all estimates of month-to-month change are improved by this procedure, and most estimates of level are also improved, but to a lesser extent.

#### Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

# Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided primarily indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, inability to recall information, errors made in collection such as in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data, and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey have been studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the *Current Population Survey Reinterview Program*,

January 1961 Through December 1966, Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates From Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the decennial census, undercoverage is about 6 percent. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women, and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races combined than for whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race-Hispanic origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-Hispanic origin group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980 census.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in "An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey," by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive discussion of various sources of error and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated error were calculated from each sample, then:

- 1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
  - 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6

standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the average of all possible samples.

3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a large number of estimates and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations are required. First, the standard errors in this volume reflect the sample design and estimation procedures in effect prior to the expansions for State estimates. Thus, these standard errors may slightly overstate the standard errors applicable to the present design. Second, instead of computing an individual standard error for each estimate, generalized sets of standard errors are computed for various types of characteristics. This generalization yields more stable estimates of the standard errors. Consequently, the sets of standard errors provided give an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error of an estimate rather than the precise standard error.

Tables B and C show approximate standard errors for major employment status characteristics for monthly estimates and for changes for consecutive months. These standard errors are applicable to the level of the estimates in recent months.

Tables D through H provide generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for estimated totals, unemployment rates, and percentages. Table I contains factors for use with table H for computing standard errors, as described below, for monthly level and month-to-month change for percentages. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the table may be approximated by linear interpolation. The standard error for estimated changes from one month to the next is more closely related to the monthly level for the characteristic than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the generalized standard errors for month-tomonth change as given in the tables of standard errors, it is necessary to obtain the monthly estimate for the characteristic. It should be noted that the tables of standard errors for month-to-month change apply only to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. Estimates of change for nonconsecutive months are subject to higher standard errors. Table J contains factors for use with tables D, F, H, and I to compute approximate standard errors for levels, labor force participation rates, and percentages as pertaining to the yearto-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. Note that standard errors for changes in quarterly and yearly estimates apply only to consecutive quarters and years. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors must be adjusted due to the differences in the sample size. For years prior to 1956, the standard errors should be multiplied by 1.50, and for the 1956-66 period they should be multiplied by 1.22. Table K provides generalized standard

Table B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(in thousands)

	Standard	d error of—
Employment status, sex, age, and race	Monthly level	Month-to- month change (consecutive months only)
Total, 16 years and over:		
Civilian labor force .	275	212
Employed	293	224
Unemployed	136	140
Men, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force .	173	151
Employed	186	163
Unemployed	93	95
Women, 20 years and over:	1	
Civilian labor force .	211	155
Employed	212	160
Unemployed	83	87
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:	1	
Civilian labor force .	88	94
Employed	92	102
Unemployed	59	66
Black, 16 years and over:	l	
Civilian labor force	94	73
Employed	104	79
Unemployed	68	71
Men, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force .	59	51
Employed	64	57
Unemployed	44	47
Women, 20 years and over:		1
Civilian labor force .	76	50
Employed	76	54
Unemployed	45	48
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:		
Civilian labor force .	36	40
Employed	33	38
	30	33

errors for quarterly estimates of persons and families for use with the CPS earnings data.

Standard errors for estimated totals. Tables D and E provide generalized standard errors for monthly totals and for month-to-month change. The figures given in these tables are to be used for the characteristics as indicated.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month the number of persons working a specific number of hours was 12,000,000, an increase of 400,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the second column of table D shows that the standard error on an estimate of 12,000,000 is about 174,000. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 11,826,000 to 12,174,000. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Recall that the standard error of a month-to-month change is primarily dependent on the size of the monthly estimate. Thus, using linear interpolation in the first column of table E, the standard error on a month-to-month change of 400,000, when the monthly level is approximately 12,000,000, is about 129,000.

Standard errors for rates and percentages. The reliability of an estimated unemployment rate or an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the rate or percentage and the total upon which the rate or percentage is based. Estimated rates and percentages are relatively more

Table C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

Characteristic				ŀ	
	Monthly level Consecutive- month change		Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive- month change
Total (all civilian workers)	0.11	0.12	Occupation—Continued		
Men, 20 years and over	.15	.15	Precision production, craft, and repair.	0.32	0.36
Women, 20 years and over.	.16	.17	Machine operators, assemblers, and		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years .	.67	.81	inspectors	.49	.55
White workers.	.11	.12	Transportation and material moving	.59	.66
Black workers	.51	.54	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and		
Married men, spouse present	.15	.17	laborers	.72	.82
Married women, spouse present.	.19	.21	Farming, forestry, and fishing	.68	.76
Full-time workers .	.12	.12			ł
Part-time workers	.34	.42	Industry		
Unemployed 15 weeks and over	.06	.07	1		
			Nonagricultural private wage and salary		
			workers	.12	.13
Occupation			Mining	1.63	1.86
-			Construction	.65	.75
Executive, administrative, and managerial	.22	.24	Manufacturing	.26	.29
Professional specialty	.19	.21	Durable goods	.33	.37
Technicians and related support	.47	.52	Nondurable goods	.42	.47
Sales	.29	.33	Transportation, communications, and		
Administrative support, including clerical	.23	.26	public utilities	.42	.48
Private household .	1.18	1.33	Wholesale and retail trade	.27	.30
Protective service	.76	.85	Finance and services	.20	.22
Service, except private household and			Government workers	.23	.25
protective .	.39	.43	Agricultural wage and salary workers	1.16	1.32

reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerator of the rates or percentages; this is particularly true for percentages of 50 percent or more. As a general rule, percentages are not published when the monthly base is less than 75,000, the quarterly average base is less than 60,000, or the annual average base is less than 35,000.

Tables F and G show generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for unemployment rates. Generalized standard errors for estimated monthly percentages and estimated month-to-month change in percentage can be obtained through the use of the standard errors in table H and the factors in table I. First, obtain the standard error from table H for the specific percentage and base. The generalized standard error is then calculated by multiplying the standard error from table H by the appropriate factor from table I. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the factor indicated by the numerator of the percentage.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month 2.9 percent of a total of 112,440,000 employed persons are employed in agriculture. The standard error on an estimate of 2.9 percent with a base of 112,440,000 is obtained from table H (0.08 percent). The appropriate factor from table I for the numerator of the percentage, agricultural employment, is 1.26. The generalized standard error on the estimated 2.9 percent is then approximately  $0.08 \times 1.26 = 0.10$  percentage point.

Standard errors for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. The approximate standard errors of levels, rates, and percentages involving year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages may be obtained by using table J in conjunction with the other tables. Standard errors for estimates of change are more closely related to the level of the estimate than to the size of the specific change. Thus, to obtain the standard error of an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, or an estimate of a change in level, rate, or percentage, it is first necessary to find the appropriate estimate of level. For an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of this estimate. For an estimate of change in level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of the average of the two estimates affecting the change. Then, after computing the standard error by treating these estimates as monthly estimates and using the procedures above, multiply this result by a suitable factor from table J to obtain the approximate standard error for the average or change.

Illustration. Suppose that one is interested in the year-to-year change of a monthly unemployment rate. Assume that for a certain month the unemployment rate is 6.2 percent, based on a total of 119,865,000 in the civilian labor force, and that

Table D. Standard errors for estimates of monthly level

(in thousands)

				(	Characteristi	ic¹				
		Unempl	loyment	Labor for	ce data othe	er than agricult	ural employm	nent and unemployment		
Estimated monthly level	Agricultural employment	Total or white	Black	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white men only, or women only	Black men only, or women only	
4,000 . 6,000 . 8,000 . 10,000 . 15,000 . 20,000 . 30,000 . 40,000 . 50,000 . 60,000 . 70,000 .	15 21 47 66 93 131 159 182 202	11 16 36 51 72 101 123 141 156 188 213	12 17 38 53 73 97 110 116	12 17 37 52 74 104 126 145 161 193 219 259 286 306 319 326 327 314 274	12 17 37 51 70 92 104: 109 108 74	12 17 36 50 68 86 92 88 72	12 16 32 35 -	11 15 34 49 68 95 115 132 145 172 145 225 222 206 172 107	10 14 31 43 58 73 76 69 47	

¹ When determining the standard error of an estimate for a group which is a subset of the age, sex, or race groups listed, use the standard error for the next larger group, e.g., when determining the standard error

of the estimated number of employed persons age 20 to 54 years, use the column for total employed.

(in thousands)

				Charac	teristic ¹					
Estimated monthly level		Unempl	oyment		Labor force data other than unemployment and agricultural employment					
	Total or white	Both sexes 16 to 19 years, or part-time labor force ²	Black	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years		
50	13 18 40 56 78 108 129 144 157 177 184	14 20 45 63 89 124 150	13 19 41 57 76 95 99 89 58	14 20 38 41	9 12 27 39 55 77 93 107 119 143 163 192 213 228 238 244 245 237 212 160	9 12 27 38 52 68 78 82 81 59	14 20 43 59 80 100 104 94 65	14 19 37 39		

See footnote 1, table D.

the labor force, persons who left their last job, and persons by duration of unemployment.

a year prior to this the unemployment rate was 7.0 percent, based on a total of 117,834,000 in the civilian labor force for the month. First, the standard error on the average of the two estimates, 6.6 percent with a base of 118,850,000, is obtained from table F (0.11 percentage point). The appropriate factor, then, from table J is 1.40. The approximate standard error on the change of 0.8 percent is then given by  $0.11 \times 1.40 = 0.15$  percentage point.

The approximate standard error of levels involving year-to-year change of quarterly estimates pertaining to CPS earnings data for persons and families may be obtained by using table K in conjunction with the following formula:

$$\sqrt{\begin{pmatrix} Stand-\\ ard\\ error\\ x \end{pmatrix}^2 + \begin{pmatrix} Stand-\\ ard\\ error\\ y \end{pmatrix}^2 - 2(P) \begin{pmatrix} Stand-\\ ard\\ error\\ x \end{pmatrix}} \begin{pmatrix} Stand-\\ ard\\ error\\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

X is the estimate for one quarter and Y is the estimate for another quarter. The coefficient, P, is a measure of the corre-

lation between the estimates X and Y resulting from the presence of some of the same respondents in the sample for each estimate. For consecutive year-to-year changes of quarterly estimates, the values of P are 0.30 for persons (total, white, and black) and 0.35 for families (total, white, and black). The respective values for estimates of Hispanics are 0.45 and 0.55.

Illustration. Assume that in a given quarter the number of women employed as full-time wage and salary workers was 27,000,000 and in the same quarter a year later, their number had increased to 29,000,000. Using linear interpolation in the eighth column of table K, the standard error of an estimate of 27,000,000 is 216,000; for 29,000,000 it is 221,000. Using the above formula, the standard error of the 2,000,000 year-to-year change is:

$$(216,000)^2$$
 +  $(221,000)^2$  -2(.30)  $(216,000)$   $(221,000)$ ,

or about 259,000.

² Part-time labor force for unemployment also includes persons reentering

Table F. Standard errors for unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)											
(in thousands)	1	2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50		
50	2.28	3.20	4.98	6.85	8.13	9.09	9.82	10.36	10.75	11.12		
100	1.61	2.26	3.52	4.84	5.75	6.43	6.94	7.33	7.60	7.87		
500	.72	1.01	1.58	2.16	2.57	2.88	3.11	3.28	3.40	3.52		
1,000 .	.51	.72	1.11	1.53	1.82	2.03	2.20	2.32	2.40	2.49		
2,000 .	.36	.51	.79	1.08	1.29	1.44	1.55	1.64	1.70	1.76		
4,000 .	.25	.36	.56	.77	.91	1.02	1.10	1.16	1.20	1.24		
6,000	.21	.29	.45	.62	.74	.83	.90	.95	.98	1.02		
10,000 .	.16	.23	.35	.48	.58	.64	.69	.73	.76	.79		
20.000	.11	.16	.25	.34	.41	.45	.49	.52	.54	.56		
60,000	.07	.09	.14	.20	.24	.26	.28	.30	.31	.32		
100,000 .	.05	.07	.11	.15	.18	.20	.22	.23	.24	.25		
120.000	.05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.20	.21	.22	.23		
140,000	.04	.06	.09	.13	.15	.17	.19	.20	.21	.21		
										1		

Table G. Standard errors for month-to-month change in unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate (in thousands)	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)										
	1	2	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50	
50	2.53 1.79 .80 .57 .40 .28 .23 .18 .13 .07 .06	3.57 2.52 1.13 .80 .56 .40 .33 .25 .18 .10 .08	5.60 3.96 1.77 1.25 .88 .63 .51 .39 .28 .16 .12 .11	7.83 5.53 2.47 1.75 1.23 .87 .71 .55 .38 .21 .15	9.47 6.69 2.99 2.11 1.49 1.05 .86 .66 .46 .24 .17	10.79 7.63 3.41 2.41 1.70 1.20 .97 .75 .51 .27	11.91 8.42 3.76 2.65 1.87 1.32 1.07 .82 .56 .28	12.87 9.10 4.06 2.87 2.02 1.42 1.15 .88 .60	13.71 9.69 4.33 3.05 2.15 1.51 1.22 .93 .62	15.67 11.08 4.94 3.48 2.44 1.70 1.37 1.03	

Table H. Standard errors for estimated percentages and month-to-month change in percentages for labor force data

Monthly base of percentages (in thousands)		Percentage of monthly level										
	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	20 or 80	25 or 75	30 or 70	35 or 65	50		
50	. 2.34	3.29	5.12	7.05	8.39	9.40	10.18	10.77	11.21	11.75		
100 .	. 1.65	2.33	3.62	4.99	5.94	6.65	7.20	7.62	7.93	8.31		
500	.74	1.04	1.62	2.23	2.65	2.97	3.22	3.41	3.55	3.72		
1,000 .	52	.74	1.15	1.58	1.88	2.10	2.28	2.41	2.51	2.63		
2,000 .		.52	.81	1.12	1.33	1.49	1.61	1.70	1.77	1.86		
4,000 .		.37	.57	.79	.94	1.05	1.14	1.20	1.25	1.31		
6,000		.30	.47	.64	.77	.86	.93	.98	1.02	1.07		
10,000 .	. 17	.23	.36	.50	.59	.66	.72	.76	.79	.83		
20,000 .	. 12	.16	.26	.35	.42	.47	.51	.54	.56	.59		
40,000 .	08	.12	.18	.25	.30	.33	.36	.38	.40	.42		
60,000 .	07	.10	.15	.20	.24	.27	.29	.31	.32	.34		
80,000	06	.08	.13	.18	.21	.24	.25	.27	.28	.29		
100,000	05	.07	.11	.16	.19	.21	.23	.24	.25	.26		
120,000	05	.07	.10	.14	.17	.19	.21	.22	.23	.24		
140,000 .	04	.06	.10	.13	.16	.18	.19	.20	.21	.22		
160,000	04	.06	.09	.12	.15	.17	.18	.19	.20	.21		

NOTE: The standard errors in this table must be multiplied by the factors in table I to obtain the approximate standard error for a specific characteristic.

Table I. Factors to be used with table H to compute approximate standard errors for percentages and month-to-month change in percentages

	Fa	ctor		Factor			
Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change		
Agricultural employment: Total or full-time labor force . Part-time labor force . Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:	. 1.26 . 1.26	1.05 1.50	Unemployment: Part-time labor force, duration of unemployment, left last job, reentering labor force	1.01	1.21		
Total	. 1.00 93 86	.74 .84 .75	Total or white: Total	.97 .97	1.08 1.21		
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years . Part-time labor force .	1.00	1.18 1.18	Black: Total	1.04 1.04	1.13 1.24		

Table J. Factors to be used with tables D, F, H, and I to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and change in yearly averages

	Factor									
Characteristic	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change in quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages					
Agricultural employment:										
Total or men	1.30 1.30 1.40	0.89 .83 .74	0.80 .80 .80	0.72 .58 .46	0.70 .70 .70					
abor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment:										
Total or white	. 1.30 . 1.30 . 1.40	.88 .82 .74	.88 .88 .88	.67 .57 .46	.70 .70 .60					
Unemployment:										
Total Part time .	1.40	.76 .69	.88 .88	.50 .39	.65 .54					

Table K. Standard errors for estimates of quarterly levels, to be used with CPS earnings data

(In thousands)

	Characteristic											
		Total			М	en		Women				
	Total or full-time workers		Dant time	Total	or full-time w	orkers		Total, full-time, or part-time workers				
	Part-time workers	Total or white	Black	Part-time workers	Total	White	Black	Total or white	Black			
10	5 11	5 12	5 12	5 11	5 12	5 12	5 12	5 11	5 11			
75 100 .	13 15	15 17	15 17	13 15	15 17	15 17	15 17	13 15	13 15			
150 . 200 .	19 22	21 24	21 24	19 22	21 24	21 24	21 24	19 22	19 21			
250 . 300 .	24 26	27 30	27 30	24 26	27 30	27 30	27 29	24 26	24 26			
500 .	34	38	38	34	38	38	37	34	33			
750 1,000	42 48	47 54	46 53	42 48	47 54	47 54	45 50	42 48	41 46			
1,500	59 68	66 76	63 72	59 68	66 76	66 76	59 65	59 68	56 63			
2,500	76	85	79	75	84	84	69	75	69			
3,000	83 107	93 119	85 100	82 105	92 117	92 116	71 64	82 105	74 85			
7,500	130 149	145 165	107 102	127 144	140 157	138 155	64 _	127 145	88 -			
15,000	180	198	102	187	183	179		173				
20,000	205 226	224 244	-	192 207	199 209	193 199		195 211				
30,000	224 273	261 286		219 233	212 201	198 174		224 242				
50,000	296 331	301 304		-	160 160	100		249				
100,000	343	255			-	_		_				

# Establishment Data (Tables B-1 through C-8)

### COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment and hours and earnings in nonagricultural establishments, by industry and geographic location. Historical statistics are published in *Employment*, *Hours*, and *Earnings*, *United States*, 1909-84, and *Employment*, *Hours*, and *Earnings*, *States and Areas*, 1939-82 and their supplements.

#### Federal-State cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements, responding establishments report employment, hours, and earnings data to State agencies. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the reported data to prepare State and area series and also send the reported data to the BLS (Washington Office) for use in preparing the national series. This avoids a duplicate reporting burden on establishments, and, together with the use of similar estimating techniques at the national and State levels, promotes increased comparability between estimates.

#### Shuttle schedules

Form BLS 790—Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours is the name of the data collection schedule. The collection agency returns the schedule to the respondent each month so that the next month's data can be entered on the space allotted for that month. This "shuttle" procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures that have been reported for previous months.

Form BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the total number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments and, for most industries, employment, payroll, and hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month.

# CONCEPTS

#### Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the

industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation and for States and areas are classified in accordance with the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SICM), Office of Management and Budget. The BLS tabulates and estimates statistics which distinguish between private and public establishments, thus maintaining continuity with previously published statistics for the private and government sector.

#### **Industry** employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency also are excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

Indexes of diffusion of employment change (table B-7). These indexes measure the dispersion among industries of the change in employment over the specified time span. The overall indexes are calculated from 349 seasonally adjusted employment series (three-digit industries) covering all nonagricultural payroll employment in the private sector. The manufacturing diffusion indexes are based on 143 three-digit industries.

To derive the indexes, each component industry is assigned a value of 0, 50, or 100 percent, depending on whether its employment showed a decrease, no change, or an increase, respectively, over the time span. The average value (mean) is then calculated, and this percent is the diffusion index number.

The reference point for diffusion analysis is 50 percent, the value which indicates that the same number of component industries had increased as had decreased. Index numbers above 50 show that more industries had increasing employment, and

values below 50 indicate that more had decreasing employment. The margin between the percent that increased and the percent that decreased is equal to the difference between the index and its complement, i.e., 100 minus the index. For example, an index of 65 percent means that 30 percent more industries had increasing employment than had decreasing employment (65-(100-65)=30). However, for dispersion analysis, the distance of the index number from the 50-percent reference point is the most significant observation.

Although diffusion indexes are commonly interpreted as showing the percent of components that increased over the time span, it should be remembered that the index reflects half of the unchanged components as well. (This is the effect of assigning a value of 50 percent to the unchanged components when computing the index.)

## Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storing, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations:

Construction workers include the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacation, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless

earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. "Fringe benefits" (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours cover the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours cover hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which included the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1977. For basic industries, the hours aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hours aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, overtime premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as work stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours.

Average hourly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average hourly earnings, including lump-sum wage payments. These series are compiled only for aircraft (SIC 3721) and guided missiles and space vehicles (SIC 3761) manufacturing. The same concepts and estimation methods apply to these series as apply to the average hourly earnings series described above; the one difference between the series is definitional. The payroll data used to calculate this series include lump-sum payments made to production workers in lieu of general wage rate increases; such payments are excluded from the definition of gross payrolls used to calculate the other average hourly earnings series.

For each sample establishment in SIC 3721 and SIC 3761 covered by a lump-sum agreement, the reported payroll data are adjusted to include a prorated portion of the lump-sum payment. Such payments are generally made once a year and cover the following 12-month period. In order to spread the payment across this time period, a prorated portion of the payment is added to the payroll each month. This prorated portion is adjusted by an exit rate to reduce the lump-sum amount to account for persons who received the payment but left before the payment allocation period expired.

Average hourly earnings excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime premium pay, are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Railroad hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC

group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Average weekly earnings. These estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as the proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-time trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Real earnings, or earnings in constant dollars, are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the establishment statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique, which is a form of ratio estimation; (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks; and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

# The "link relative" technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current-month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a "link relative." The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these link relatives. In addition, bias correction factors are applied to selected employment estimates each month. The size of the bias correction factors is determined from past benchmark comparisons. Beginning with data for April 1983, these factors are modified by changes in the sample link relatives for the most recent quarter. Other features of the general procedures are described in table L.

#### Size and regional stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establish-

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ment and/or by region, and the stratified production or nonsupervisory worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings for aggregation into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods in table L, may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

## Benchmark adjustments

Employment estimates are compared periodically with

benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) for the various nonagricultural industries, and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1987 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary sources of benchmark information are employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations cover about 98 percent of employees on nonagricultural payrolls in the United States. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained from the records of the Social Security Administration, the

Table L. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size, or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)					
	Monthly data						
All employees .	All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months.1	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.					
Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees.	All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to all employees. ²	Sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.					
Average weekly hours .	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. ²	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.					
Average weekly overtime hours.	Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers. ²	Average, weighted by production worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.					
Average hourly earnings .	Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. ²	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.					
Average weekly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.					
	Annual av	erage data					
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.					
Average weekly hours .	Annual total of aggregate hours (production or non- supervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment	Annual total of aggregate hours for production or non- supervisory workers divided by annual sum of employ- ment for these workers.					
Average weekly overtime hours	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.					
Average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate hours.					
Average weekly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.					

¹ The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

² The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly earnings are modified by

Interstate Commerce Commmission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates for the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necessary, the monthly series of estimates between benchmark periods are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment; the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level. A comparison of the actual amounts of revisions made at the time of the March 1987 benchmark adjustment is shown in table M.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are subject to revision. Revised data are published as soon as possible after each benchmark revision.

#### THE SAMPLE

#### Design

The sampling plan used in the establishment survey is known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This design is an optimum allocation design among strata since the sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in relatively few establishments, a larger percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments, with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is

Table M. Comparison of nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates for March 1987

Industry	Benchmark	Estimate	Percent differ- ence
Total .	 100,427	100,462	(¹)
Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and	 696 4,531 18,810 5,274 5,763 17,902	718 4,599 18,897 5,275 5,725 17,737	-3.2 -1.5 5 (1) .7
real estate . Services Government .	 6,443 23,754 17,254	6,478 23,723 17,310	5 .1 3

¹Less than 0.05 percent.

in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments and also for a substantial number of the small ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to design samples for these industries with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than do establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS establishment survey program, with its emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after the reference period, and, at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail.

#### Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table N shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Table N. Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1987

	Number of estab-	Employees			
Industry	lishments in sample	Number reported	Percent of total		
Total	246,256	37,530,000	37		
Mining	3,434	265,000	38		
Construction	22,567	808,000	18		
Manufacturing	49,214	9,522,000	51		
Transportation and public utilities	11,820	2,377,000	45		
Wholesale trade.	. 21,802	956,000	17		
Retail trade	44,982	3,509,000	20		
real estate	17,699	2,140,000	33		
Services Government:	54,782	5,495,000	23		
Federal .	. (2)	2,916,000	100		
State .	4.70E	3,298,000	81		
Local.	15101	6,244,000	61		

¹ Counts reflect reports used in final estimates. Since not all establishments report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates are based on a smaller sample than employment estimates.

² Total Federal employment counts for use in national estimates are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 4,600 reports covering about 55 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

### Reliability

Although the relatively large size of the BLS establishment sample assures a high degree of accuracy, the estimates derived from it may differ from the figures that would be obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures. As discussed under the previous section, a link relative technique is used to estimate employment. This requires the use of the previous month's estimate as the base in computing the current month's estimate. Thus, small sampling and response errors may accumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the estimates are usually adjusted annually to new benchmarks. In addition to taking account of sampling and response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks). In fact, at the more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjustments. Another cause of differences arises from improvements in the quality of the benchmark data. Table O presents the average percent revisions of the five most recent benchmarks for major industry divisions. Detailed descriptions of individual benchmark revisions are available from the Bureau upon request.

The hours and earnings estimates for basic estimating cells are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. The hours and earnings estimates, however, are subject to sampling errors, which may be expressed as

Table O. Average benchmark revision in employment estimates and relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings by industry

Industry	Average benchmark revision in estimates
moustry	of ample

Average	Relative error ²		
revision in estimates	Average	Average hourly earnings	
 0.2	_	-	
 .8 .3 .8 .9	0.1 1.0 .2 .1 .1 .1 .7 .2 .2	0.2 1.3 .5 .2 .3 .2 .6 .4 .4	
	benchmark revision in estimates of employment ¹ . 0.2 . 2 . 2.9 . 1.4 . 89898938	benchmark revision in estimates of employment¹ Average weekly hours  . 0.2	

¹ The average percent revision in employment for the 1983-87 benchmarks.

relative errors of the estimate. (A relative error is a standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate.) Relative errors for major industries are presented in table O and for individual industries with the specified number of employees in table P. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the hours and earnings estimates from the sample would differ by a smaller percentage than the relative error from the averages that would have been obtained from a complete census.

One measure of the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-mean-square error (RMSE). The measure is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in estimates:

RMSE = 
$$\sqrt{\text{(standard deviation)}^2 + \text{(bias)}^2}$$

If the bias is small, the chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the sample would differ from its benchmark by less than the root-mean-square error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the root-mean-square error.

Approximations of the root-mean-square errors (based on the most recent benchmark revisions) of differences between final estimates and benchmarks are presented in table P.

For the two most recent months, estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary and are so footnoted in the tables. These figures are based on less than the total sample and are revised when all the reports in the sample have been received. Table Q presents root-mean-square errors of the amounts of revisions that may be expected between the preliminary and final levels of employment and preliminary and final month-to-month changes. Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings.

# STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, and earnings data are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with BLS. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas.

Table P. Root-mean-square errors of differences between benchmarks and estimates of employment and average relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings

	Root- mean- square	Relative error ² (in percent)		
Size of employment estimate	error of employ- ment estimates ¹	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	
100 000	2,100	2.2 1.3	4.0 2.3	
200,000 .	5,600	1.1	2.0	
	14,000	.9	1.6	
1,000,000	15,000 26,000	.8 .5	1.2 .9	

Assuming 12-month intervals between benchmark revisions.

² Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

³ Estimates for government are based on a total count for Federal Government provided by the Office of Personnel Management and a sample of State and local government reports

² Relative errors relate to 1982 data

Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same

establishment reports used by BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification.

Table Q. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

		n-square error of—		Root-mean-square error of		
Industry	Monthly Month-to-month level change		Industry	Monthly level	Month-to-month change	
Total	89,600	89,100	Nondurable goods—Continued			
<b>\</b>			Chemicals and allied products	2,700	2,900	
Total private	62,700	60,000	Petroleum and coal products Rubber and misc. plastics	1,200	1,100	
			products	1,600	1,700	
Goods-producing industries	22,400	20,800	Leather and leather products	1,800	1,700	
Mining	4,700	4,400	Service-producing industries	86,300	85,700	
Oil and gas extraction.	4,000	3,400				
			Transportation and public utilities	15,500	13,900	
Construction	14,800	15,700	Transportation	17,800	17,300	
General building contractors	5,000	5,200	Communication and public			
_		}	utilities.	6,800	6,400	
Manufacturing	19,200	19,300				
			Wholesale trade	9,400	8,200	
Durable goods	14,400	12,700	Durable goods	6,100	5,500	
Lumber and wood products	2.300	2,100	Nondurable goods	5,400	4,600	
Furniture and fixtures	1,700	1,700		-,	1	
Stone, clay, and glass products.	1,600	1,600	Retail trade	40,700	36,100	
Primary metal industries	4,700	4,700	General merchandise stores	23,900	21,400	
Blast furnaces and basic	.,	1,,,,,	Food stores	6.900	6,200	
steel products	3,600	3,400	Automotive dealers and service	-,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Fabricated metal products	2,500	2,300	stations	3.300	3.200	
Machinery, except electrical	6,000	7,300	Eating and drinking places	10,900	10,300	
Electrical and electronic equipment	5.100	5,100		.0,000	10,000	
Transportation equipment	8,100	7,400	Finance, insurance, and real estate	8,400	7,500	
Motor vehicles and equipment	7.000	7.000	Finance	4.000	3,900	
Instruments and related products	2,000	2,200	Insurance	3,800	3,100	
Miscellaneous manufacturing	1,900	1,800	Real estate .	4,800	3,800	
Nondurable goods	8,900	8,500	Services	34,700	31.700	
Food and kindred products.	5,600	5,700	Business services	11.000	10,500	
Tobacco manufactures .	1,600	1,500	Health services	10,300	10,100	
Textile mill products	1.800	1,700		,	)	
Apparel and other textile		1	Government	62,800	54,500	
products	4,700	4,100	Federal	16,900	11,700	
Paper and allied products.	1,600	1,400	State	22,600	20,600	
Printing and publishing .	2,200	2,100	Local	34,900	32,400	

NOTE: Data are based on differences from December 1982 through December 1987.

# Productivity Data (Tables C-9 through C-11)

#### COLLECTION

Productivity data are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from establishment data and from estimates of compensation and gross national product supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Federal Reserve Board.

# **CONCEPTS**

Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments refer to hours paid for all employees—production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers.

Output is the constant-dollar market value of final goods and services produced in a given period. Indexes of output per hour of all persons measure changes in the volume of goods and services produced per paid hour of labor input.

Compensation per hour includes wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. The data also include an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplementary payments for the self-employed, except for nonfinancial corporations, in which there are no self-employed.

Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour adjusted to eliminate the effect of changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Unit labor costs measure the labor compensation cost required to produce one unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation per hour by output per hour.

Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are com-

puted by subtracting compensation of all persons from the current-dollar gross national product and dividing by output. In these tables, unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustments per unit of output.

The *implicit price deflator* is derived by dividing the current-dollar estimate of gross product by the constant-dollar estimate, making the deflator, in effect, a price index for gross product of the sector reported.

#### NOTES ON THE DATA

For the business sector and the nonfarm business sector, these indexes relate to the gross domestic product less households and institutions, owner-occupied housing, and the statistical discrepancy. For the nonfinancial corporate sector, the indexes refer to the gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.

Manufacturing output data are supplied by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Federal Reserve Board. Quarterly measures have been adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to annual estimates of output (gross product originating) from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Compensation and hours data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Historical statistics for most productivity measures appear in *Trends in Multifactor Productivity*, 1948-81, BLS Bulletin 2178. Additional information may be obtained from the Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523-9261).

# State and Area Labor Force Data (D table)

# FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which are derived from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis for determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act, the Economic Dislocation and Worker Adjustment Assistance Act, and the Urban Development Action Grant program.

Annual average data for the States and areas shown in table D are published in *Employment and Earnings* (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected

demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment.

Labor force estimates for counties and cities and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. The report "Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available in microfiche form only, on a subscription basis.

### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

Monthly labor force, employment, and unemployment estimates are prepared for the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and over 2,600 labor market areas. The

estimation methods are described below for States (and the District of Columbia) and for sub-State areas. A more detailed description of the estimation procedure is contained in the BLS document, "Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics."

#### **Estimates for States**

Current monthly estimates. The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates for the 11 largest States—California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas—are sufficiently reliable to be taken directly from the Current Population Survey (CPS) on a monthly basis. These are termed "direct-use States." For a description of the CPS concepts, see "Household Data," above.

For the 39 smaller States and the District of Columbia, which do not use the CPS directly each month, regression models (sets of equations) are used to develop employment and unemployment estimates. These, then, are the "non-direct-use" States. The regression techniques are based on historical and current relationships found within each State's economy as reflected in the different sources of data that are available for each State—the CPS, the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey, and the unemployment insurance (UI) system. When the estimation procedures were introduced in 1989, over 10 years of data were used to develop the equations for each State. While all the State models have important variables in common, they differ somewhat from one another so as to better reflect individual State characteristics.

Two models—one for employment and one for the unemployment rate—are used for each State. The unemployment rate, rather than the unemployment level, is modeled, primarily because the rate is usually more meaningful for economic analysis.

The employment models use the CES estimates of nonfarm wage and salary jobs and also include data for employed persons not covered or only partially covered by the CES survey. Typically, these are agricultural workers, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and private household workers.

The unemployment rate models also include different types of data. Data for UI claimants (without earnings due to employment) are used to represent most of the experienced unemployed. The models also include an employment-to-population ratio which reflects both the business cycle and the experienced unemployed not covered by the UI claims data. New entrants and reentrants into the labor force are also reflected in the models. For some States, the models include variables which reflect seasonal factors not reflected in the other data used, such as the large increase in the labor force at the end of the school year.

In both the employment and unemployment rate models, an important feature is the use of a technique that allows the equations to adjust automatically to structural changes that occur. The models are termed "variable coefficient models" because they include a built-in tuning mechanism, known as the Kalman Filter, which revises a model's coefficients when

the new data that become available each month indicate that changes in the data relationships have taken place. Once the estimates are developed from the models, the unemployment level and labor force estimates are calculated.

Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year, monthly estimates for the 39 non-direct-use States and the District of Columbia are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLS to the annual average CPS estimates. The benchmarking technique employs a procedure (called the Denton method) which adjusts the annual average of the models to equal the CPS annual average, while preserving, as much as possible, the original monthly seasonal pattern of the model estimates.

In the 11 direct-use States, no benchmark correction is required, as the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal the CPS annual averages.

#### Estimates for sub-State areas

Sub-State monthly labor force and unemployment estimates in over 2,600 labor market areas (LMA's) are prepared in several stages.

Preliminary estimate—employment. The total civilian employment estimates are based on CES data. These "place-of-work" estimates must be adjusted to refer to place-of-residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place-of-work to place-of-residence have been developed for several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships at the time of the 1980 decennial census. These factors are applied to the CES estimates for the current period to obtain adjusted employment estimates, to which are added estimates for employment not represented in the CES—agriculture, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers, and private household workers.

Preliminary estimate—unemployment. In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three categories: (1) persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State UI laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation.

Sub-State adjustment for additivity. Estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State and LMA's within the State. The LMA estimates geographically exhaust the entire State. Thus, a proportional adjustment must be applied to all sub-State LMA estimates to ensure that they add to the independently estimated State totals for employment and unemployment.

Benchmark correction. At the end of each year, sub-State estimates are revised. The revisions incorporate any changes in the inputs, such as revisions in the CES-based employment figures, corrections in claims counts, and updated historical relationships. The corrected estimates are then readjusted to add to the revised (benchmarked) State estimates of employment and unemployment.

# **Seasonal Adjustment**

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published regularly in Employment and Earnings.

The seasonal adjustment program used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving-average method. It provides for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in *The X-11 Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program*, Technical Paper No. 15, Bureau of the Census (1967).

Beginning in January 1980, BLS introduced two major modifications in the seasonal adjustment methodology for data from the household survey. First, the data are being seasonally adjusted with a procedure called X-11 ARIMA, which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the existing standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in *The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method*, by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 12-564E, January 1983. The X-11 procedure was originally developed at the Bureau of the Census and had been used by the BLS to seasonally adjust labor force series since 1973. Tests have shown that use of the X-11 ARIMA procedure, which places more emphasis on recent data, provides better seasonal adjustments than does the X-11 method alone.

The second change is that seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the first 6 months of the year rather than for the entire year. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* a set of seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components-agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment—data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is the sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components, plus the resident Armed Forces total (not adjusted for seasonality), and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components; the total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components; and the overall unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

Revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment rate for the first 6 months of the following year, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment methodology are published in each January issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Revised seasonally adjusted data covering the revision period for a broader range of labor force series are published in the February issue of this publication.

Beginning in July 1980, the BLS also uses the X-11 ARIMA methodology in seasonally adjusting the establishment data, which previously had been computed using the BLS Seasonal Factor Method. All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors used in calculating the current year's estimates are based on actual data through March 1988 and projected data through March 1989. The ARIMA model options for projecting the data series for 1 year ahead have been used in seasonally adjusting the establishment series since June 1981.

Seasonal adjustment factors are directly applied to the component levels. Seasonally adjusted totals for most of these series are then obtained by taking a weighted average of the seasonally adjusted data for the component series. Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours.

Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production

or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1977 base. For total private, total goodsproducing, total private service-producing, wholesale trade, retail trade, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods industries, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1977 base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series, however.

Beginning in June 1983, seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjust-

ed data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. In earlier years the number of these workers was substantial, and at times varied greatly from year to year, based on administrative decisions of the Postal Service. Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the unadjusted data upon which the seasonal adjustment factors were based. In the past several years, the number of these workers has decreased to the point where their presence has no impact on seasonal adjustment. Temporary census takers for the 1980 decennial census are removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment.

The revised seasonally adjusted series for the establishment data reflect experience through March 1988. Seasonal adjustment factors to be used for current adjustment appear in the June 1988 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

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