

EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS
U.S. Department of Labor

Bureau of Labor Statistics

In this issue:
1984 annual averages
Revised seasonally adjusted labor force series
Data on union affiliation


# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR 

Ford B. Ford, Under Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS<br>Janet L. Norwood, Commissioner

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## Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in Employment and Earnings special features appear in most of the issues as shown below:

## Household data

| Annual averages <br> Union affiliation | Jan. |
| :--- | ---: |
| Jan. |  |
| Revised seasonally adjusted series | Jan., Feb. |
| Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted |  |
| data, persons not in labor force, persons |  |
| of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans |  |
| and nonveterans, family relationship data, |  |
| weekly earnings data |  |

Establishment data
National annual averages:
Industry divisions (preliminary) Jan.
Industry detail (final) Mar.
Women employees (final) Mar.
National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and June' new seasonal factors

Revised historical national data
Supplement ${ }^{2}$

State and area annual averages May
Area definitions May
State and area labor force data
Annual averages
May
${ }^{1}$ Issue varies. Latest revised data introduced June 1984.
${ }^{2}$ Month of publication varies. The latest supplement was published in July 1984.

## Employment and Earnings

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Rosalie K. Epstein

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## Employment and Unemployment Developments, March 1985

Employment rose markedly in March, and unemployment was unchanged. The overall unemployment rate of 7.2 percent and the civilian worker rate of 7.3 percent were both the same as in February.

Civilian employment-as measured by the monthly survey of households-totaled 107.1 million in March, up 430,000 over the month. At 60.3 percent, the proportion of the civilian population with jobs was the highest ever recorded.

The number of persons on nonagricultural payrolls-as measured by the monthly establishment survey-advanced by 380,000 . Strong job growth continued in the service-producing sector, while manufacturing employment was little changed.

## Unemployment

The seasonally adjusted level of unemployment, 8.4 million workers, did not change from February to March. Similarly, the March unemployment rates of 7.2 percent for the labor force including the resident Armed Forces, and 7.3 percent for civilian workers only, were unchanged over the month. Unemployment has been little changed since last autumn, after declining sharply from the recession high of late 1982.

Unemployment rates for adult men ( 6.2 percent), adult women ( 6.7 percent), and teenagers ( 18.2 percent) were either the same or virtually unchanged over the month. After rising in February, the unemployment rate for black workers fell 1.1 percentage points to 15.2 percent, about the same as the rates prevailing in the September-January period. The white unemployment rate remained at 6.2 percent, and the rate for workers of Hispanic origin was little changed at 10.2 percent. (See tables A-33 and A-34.)

The median duration of unemployment was little changed over the month at 7.1 weeks, and the average (mean) duration held at 15.9 weeks. The number unemployed for more than 6 months remained at 1.3 million. (See table A-40.)

## Civilian employment and the labor force

Civilian employment rose by 430,000 in March to a seasonally adjusted level of 107.1 million, and the employment-population ratio reached a new record of 60.3 percent. Most of the employment advance occurred among adult women, as their employment total rose by
a quarter of a million to 44.0 million. Over the year, the number of employed persons rose by 3.0 million; adult women accounted for 56 percent of this gain, adult men 36 percent, and teenagers the remainder. (See table A-33.)

The civilian labor force also rose by 430,000 in March, reaching a level of 115.5 million. This increase was also concentrated among adult women, whose labor force participation rate continued to set new records. The labor force increased by 2.6 million over the year.

## Discouraged workers

In the first quarter of 1985 , there were 1.3 million discouraged workers-persons who report that they want to work but had not actively sought a job during the previous 4 -week period because they thought they could not find one. Nearly one-third of the discouraged total cited personal factors such as age or lack of training; the remainder cited job market factors. The number of discouraged workers has come down very little in the past year, following a decline of about half a million from the recession high. (See table A-53.)

## Industry payroll employment

Total nonagricultural payroll employment rose by 380,000 in March to 96.5 million, after adjustment for seasonality. The bulk of the job growth occurred in the service-producing sector, with particularly strong advances in services $(145,000)$ and retail trade $(80,000)$. Over the past year, these two industry divisions have accounted for more than half of the total payroll employment expansion of 3.4 million. Over-the-month increases also took place in wholesale trade and finance, insurance, and real estate. (See table B-4.)

Construction employment increased by 130,000 after seasonal adjustment, more than offsetting a weatherinduced decline that took place in February. The March employment level was a record 4.6 million, 90,000 above January and up by more than 400,000 from a year earlier.

In contrast, manufacturing employment was little changed in March, following a decline in the prior month. Over-the-month movements among individual manufacturing industries were generally small and somewhat offsetting, although motor vehicle jobs have declined by 35,000 since January. After recovering
about three-quarters of the jobs lost during the recession, there has been no net growth in total factory jobs since last summer.

## Weekly hours

The average workweek of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls edged up 0.1 hour in March to 35.1 hours. The manufacturing workweek rose by half an hour to 40.4 hours, nearly recouping the weather-related cutbacks that occurred in February. Factory overtime hours remained unchanged at 3.3 hours. (See table C-5.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls rose by 0.7 percent in March to $115.0(1977=100)$, reflecting the increase in both employment and hours. The manufacturing index increased 1.0 percent over the month to 95.4 but was still below the levels which had prevailed throughout most of 1984. (See table C-6.)

## Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly earnings increased 0.5 percent in

March, and average weekly earnings increased 0.8 percent, seasonally adjusted. Before adjustment for seasonality, average hourly earnings rose 1 cent to $\$ 8.53$, and weekly earnings increased by $\$ 2.06$ to $\$ 297.70$. Compared to a year earlier, hourly earnings were up 29 cents, and weekly earnings rose by $\$ 9.30$. (See tables C-1 and C-7.)

## The Hourly Earnings Index

The Hourly Earnings Index (HEl) was 164.4 (1977 $=100$ ) in March, seasonally adjusted, an increase of 0.4 percent from February. For the 12 months ended in March, the increase (before seasonal adjustment) was 3.3 percent. The HEI excludes the effects of two types of changes unrelated to underlying wage rate movements-fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts. In dollars of constant purchasing power, the HEI decreased 0.1 percent during the 12 -month period ended in February. (See table C-7.)

HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951 to date
(Numbers in thousands)

"Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see Explanatory Notes.

The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-2. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1974 to date
(Numbers in thousands)


HOUSEHOLD DATA historical

A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951 to date
(Numbers in thousands)

| Year and month | Civilian noninstitutional population | Civilian labor force |  |  |  | Unemployment rates |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Percent of population | Employed | Unemployed | Total | Men | Women |
|  | Annual averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1951 ................................... | 104,621 | 62.017 | 59.2 | 59,961 | 2,055 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 4.4 |
| 1952 ................................... | 105,231 | 62,138 | 59.0 | 60,250 | 1,883 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.6 |
| 1953 ${ }^{1}$.................................. | 107,056 | 63,015 | 58.9 | 61,179 | 1,834 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.3 |
| 1954 .................................... | 108,321 | 63,643 | 58.8 | 60,109 | 3,532 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 6.0 |
| 1955 | 109,683 | 65,023 | 59.3 | 62,170 | 2,852 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.9 |
| 1956 ... | 110.954 | 66,552 | 60.0 | 63.799 | 2,750 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 4.8 |
| 1957 .................................... | 112,265 | 66,929 | 59.6 | 64,071 | 2,859 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.7 |
| 1958 .................................... | 113.727 | 67,639 | 59.5 | 63,036 | 4,602 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| 1959 .................................... | 115,329 | 68,369 | 59.3 | 64,630 | 3,740 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.9 |
| $1960^{1}$..................................! | 117,245 | 69,628 | 59.4 | 65,778 | 3.852 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.9 |
| 1961 .................................... ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 118,771 | 70,459 | 59.3 | 65,746 | 4,714 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 7.2 |
| 1962 ${ }^{1}$..................................\| | 120,153 | 70,614 | 58.8 | 66,702 | 3,911 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 6.2 |
| 1963 .................................... | 122,416 | 71,833 | 58.7 | 67,762 | 4,070 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 6.5 |
| 1964 ....................................' | 124,485 | 73,091 | 58.7 | 69,305 | 3,786 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 6.2 |
| 1965 ....................................! | 126,513 | 74,455 | 58.9 | 71,088 | 3,366 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 5.5 |
| 1966 .................................... | 128,058 | 75,770 | 59.2 | 72,895 | 2,875 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 4.8 |
| 1967 .................................... | 129,874 | 77,347 | 59.6 | 74,372 | 2,975 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 5.2 |
| 1968 .....................................! | 132,028 | 78,737 | 59.6 | 75,920 | 2,817 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 4.8 |
| 1969 .................................... | 134.335 | 80,734 | 60.1 | 77,902 | 2,832 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 4.7 |
| 1970 .................................... | 137,085 | 82.771 | 60.4 | 78,678 | 4,093 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 5.9 |
| 1971..................................... | 140,216 | 84,382 | 60.2 | 79,367 | 5,016 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 6.9 |
| 1972' | 144,126 | 87,034 | 60.4 | 82,153 | 4,882 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 6.6 |
| 1973' ...................................! | 147,096 | 89,429 | 60.8 | 85,064 | 4,365 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 6.0 |
| 1974 | 150,120 | 91,949 | 61.3 | 86,794 | 5,156 | 5.6 | 4.9 | 6.7 |
| 1975 ...................................: | 153,153 | 93,775 | 61.2 | 85,846 | 7,929 | 8.5 | 7.9 | 9.3 |
| 1976 ....................................: | 156,150 | 96,158 | 61.6 | 88,752 | 7.406 | 7.7 | 7.1 | 8.6 |
| 1977 ...................................i' | 159.033 | 99,009 | 62.3 | 92,017 | 6,991 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 8.2 |
| 1978' ...................................: | 161,910 | 102,251 | 63.2 | 96,048 | 6,202 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 7.2 |
| 1979 ....................................: | 164,863 | 104,962 | 63.7 | 98,824 | 6,137 | 5.8 | 5.1 | 6.8 |
| 1980 .................................... | 167,745 | 106,940 | 63.8 | 99,303 | 7,637 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 7.4 |
| 1981 ....................................; | 170,130 | 108.670 | 63.9 | 100.397 | 8,279 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.9 |
| 1982 ...................................... | 172,271 | 110,204 | 64.0 | 99,526 | 10,678 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 9.4 |
| 1983 ..................................... | 174,215 | 111,550 | 64.0 | 100,834 | 10.717 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 9.2 |
| 1984 ..................................... | 176,383 | 113,544 | 64.4 | 105,005 | 8,539 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.6 |

Monthly data, seasonally adjusted

| 1984: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March ................................ | 175,824 |  | 112,906 | 64.2 | 104,123 | 8,783 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.9 |
| April ..................................' | 175,969 |  | 113,202 | 64.3 | 104,402 | 8,800 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.8 |
| May .................................. | 176,123 |  | 113.722 | 64.6 | 105,162 | 8,560 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.7 |
| June ................................. | 176,284 |  | 113,619 | 64.5 | 105,391 | 8,228 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.3 |
| July .................................... | 176,440 | ! | 113,868 | 64.5 | 105,377 | 8,491 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.5 |
| August .............................. | 176,583 |  | 113,629 | 64.3 | 105,148 | 8,481 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 7.8 |
| September ..........................' | 176,763 | . | 113,764 | 64.4 | 105,394 | 8,370 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.5 |
| October .............................i | 176,956 | ; | 114,016 | 64.4 | 105,649 | 8,367 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 7.7 |
| November ..........................1 | 177,135 | ' | 114,074 | 64.4 | 105,932 | 8,142 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 7.3 |
| December ..........................: | 177,306 | ! | 114,464 | 64.6 | 106,273 | 8,191 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 7.2 |
| 1985: |  | ' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ............................ | 177,384 |  | 114,875 | 64.8 | 106,391 | 8,484 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.7 |
| February ........................... | 177,516 |  | 115,084 | 64.8 | 106,685 | 8,399 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 7.5 |
| March ................................. | 177,667 | ; | 115.514 | 65.0 | 107,119 | 8,396 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 7.6 |

' Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see Explanatory Notes.
"Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the
i The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race
(Numbers in thousands)


HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)


A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)

${ }^{+}$Data not shown where base is less than 75,000 .

HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
A-5. Employment status of the black-and-other civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex
(Numbers in thousands)


Data not shown where base is less than 75,000 .

A-6. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status andrace | Total |  | Men, 20 years and over |  | Women, 20 years and over |  | Both sexes, 16 to 19 years |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. <br> 1984 | Mar. <br> 1985 | Mar. <br> 1984 | Mar. $1985$ | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. $1984$ | Mar. <br> 1985 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 175,824 | 177,667 | 75,880 | 76,904 | 85,064 | 86,181 | 14,880 | 14,582 |
| Civilian labor force | 111,828 | 114,394 | 59,104 | 59,825 | 45,454 | 47,165 | 7,270 | 7,404 |
| Percent of population .............................................. | 63.6 | 64.4 | 77.9 | 77.8 | 53.4 | 54.7 | 48.9 | 50.8 |
| Employed ................................................................. | 102,770 | 105,768 | 54,630 | 55,713 | 42,363 | 44,043 | 5,778 | 6,013 |
| Agriculture | 2,872 | 2,909 | 2,156 | 2,105 | 496 | 557 | 220 | 247 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 99,898 | 102,859 | 52,474 | 53,608 | 41,866 | 43,485 | 5,558 | 5,766 |
| Unemployed ............... | 9,057 | 8,625 | 4,474 | 4,112 | 3,091 | 3,122 | 1,492 | 1,391 |
| Unemployment rate ......... | 8.1 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 20.5 | 18.8 |
| Not in labor force ........................................................ | 63,996 | 63,273 | 16,776 | 17.079 | 39.611 | 39,016 | 7,610 | 7,178 |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 152,285 | 153,296 | 66,516 | 67.182 | 73,491 | 74,168 | 12,278 | 11,945 |
| Civilian labor force | 97,514 | 99,148 | 52,126 | 52,560 | 38,884 | 40,139 | 6,503 | 6,449 |
| Percent of population .............................................. | 64.0 | 64.7 | 78.4 | 78.2 | 52.9 | 54.1 | 53.0 | 54.0 |
| Employed .... | 90,619 | 92,634 | 48,652 | 49,395 | 36,643 | 37,836 | 5,324 | 5,403 |
| Agriculture | 2,652 | 2,699 | 1,966 | 1,927 | 470 | 545 | 216 | 227 |
| Nonagricultural industries ........................................ | 87,967 | 89,935 | 46,685 | 47,468 | 36,173 | 37,292 | 5,108 | 5,176 |
| Unemployed | 6,895 | 6,514 | 3,474 | 3,165 | 2,241 | 2,303 | 1,179 | 1,046 |
| Unemployment rate ................................................ | 7.1 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 18.1 | 16.2 |
| Not in labor force ........................................................ | 54,771 | 54,147 | 14,390 | 14,622 | 34,606 | 34,029 | 5,774 | 5,496 |
| Black |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population .................................. | 19,248 | 19,569 | 7,542 | 7,685 | 9,525 | 9,715 | 2,181 | 2,169 |
| Civilian labor force | 11,692 | 12,121 | 5,619 | 5,651 | 5,413 | 5,684 | 660 | 786 |
| Percent of population | 60.7 | 61.9 | 74.5 | 73.5 | 56.8 | 58.5 | 30.3 | 36.2 |
| Employed..... | 9,741 | 10,276 | 4,722 | 4,860 | 4,657 | 4,943 | 363 | 474 |
| Agriculture | 163 | 155 | 143 | 138 | 17 | 3 | 3 | 14 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 9,578 | 10,121 | 4,578 | 4.721 | 4,640 | 4,940 | 360 | 460 |
| Unemployed. | 1,951 | 1,844 | 897 | 791 | 756 | 741 | 298 | 312 |
| Unemployment rate ................................................ | 16.7 | 15.2 | 16.0 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 13.0 | 45.1 | 39.7 |
| Not in labor force ....... | 7,556 | 7.449 | 1,924 | 2,034 | 4,112 | 4,031 | 1,520 | 1,383 |

HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enroliment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, years of school completed, race, and Hispanic origin | March 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Civilian noninstitutional population | Total | Percent of population | Civilian labor force |  |  | Unemployed |  |
|  |  |  |  | Employed |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Full } \\ \text { time } \end{gathered}$ | Part time ${ }^{1}$ | Number | Percent of labor force |
| total enrolled |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 to 24 years ........ | 16,771 | 8,024 | 47.8 | 6,967 | 1,844 | 5,124 | 1,057 | 13.2 |
|  | 10,990 | 4,707 | 42.8 | 3,907 | 482 | 3,425 | 800 | 17.0 |
| 20 to 24 years ................................................................. | 5.781 | 3.317 | 57.4 | 3,060 | 1.362 | 1,698 | 257 | 7.8 |
| High school .......... | 8,634 | 3.535 | 40.9 | 2,850 | 302 | 2,548 | 685 | 19.4 |
| College ......... | 8.138 | 4,489 | 55.2 | 4,118 | 1,542 | 2,576 | 372 | 8.3 |
| Full-time students ... | 6,798 | 3.287 | 48.4 | 2,996 | 701 | 2,295 | 291 | 8.8 |
| Part-time students ..................................................... | 1,340 | 1,202 | 89.7 | 1.121 | 841 | 281 | 81 | 6.7 |
| Men, 16 to 24 years | 8.512 | 4,009 | 47.1 | 3.434 | 950 | 2,484 | 575 | 14.3 |
| 16 to 19 years........ | 5.544 | 2,350 | 42.4 | 1.921 | 266 | 1,654 | 430 | 18.3 |
| 20 to 24 years ............................................................... | 2,968 | 1,658 | 55.9 | 1,513 | 684 | 830 | 145 | 8.7 |
| High school ............................................................... | 4.486 | 1.849 | 41.2 | 1,468 | 193 | 1,275 | 381 | 20.6 |
| College .................................................................... | 4,026 | 2,160 | 53.7 | 1,966 | 757 | 1,209 | 194 | 9.0 |
| Full-time students | 3,438 | 1,615 | 47.0 | 1,463 | 371 | 1,092 | 152 | 9.4 |
| Part-time students ...................................................... | 588 | 545 | 92.7 | 503 | 386 | 117 | 42 | 7.6 |
| Women, 16 to 24 years ..................................................\| | 8,259 | 4,016 | 48.6 | 3.534 | 894 | 2.640 | 482 | 12.0 |
| 16 to 19 years ..................................................................1 | 5.447 | 2,357 | 43.3 | 1,987 | 216 | 1,771 | 370 | 15.7 |
| 20 to 24 years ........................................................... | 2,813 | 1,659 | 59.0 | 1.547 | 678 | 869 | 112 | 6.8 |
| High school ................................................................ | 4.147 | 1,687 | 40.7 | 1,382 | 109 | 1.273 | 304 | 18.0 |
| College ..................................................................... | 4,112 | 2,329 | 56.6 | 2,151 | 785 | 1,367 | 178 | 7.6 |
| Full-time students ........................................................... | 3,360 | 1,672 | 49.8 | 1.533 | 330 | 1,203 | 139 | 8.3 |
| Part-time students | 753 | 657 | 87.3 | 618 | 454 | 164 | 39 | 6.0 |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 to 24 years ........................................................ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 13,788 | 6.986 | 50.7 | 6,191 | 1,599 | 4,592 | 794 | 11.4 |
|  | 8,950 | 4.137 | 46.2 | 3.530 | 433 | 3,097 | 607 | 14.7 |
| 20 to 24 years ............................................................ | 4,839 | 2.849 | 58.9 | 2,661 | 1.166 | 1.495 | 188 | 6.6 |
| Men ... | 7,042 | 3,492 | 49.6 | 3,063 | 831 | 2,232 | 429 | 12.3 |
| Women ............................................................... | 6.747 | 3.494 | 51.8 | 3.128 | 768 | 2,360 | 366 | 10.5 |
| High school ................................................................... | 6,925 | 3,079 | 44.5 | 2,566 | 269 | 2,297 | 513 | 16.7 |
| College ....... | 6,863 | 3,907 | 56.9 | 3,626 | 1,330 | 2,296 | 281 | 7.2 |
| Full-time students ...................................................... | 5,756 | 2,901 | 50.4 | 2,673 | 607 | 2.066 | 227 | 7.8 |
| Part-lime students .........................................................\| | 1.107 | 1.006 | 90.9 | 952 | 723 | 229 | 54 | 5.3 |
| Black |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 to 24 years ................ | 2,330 | 796 | 34.1 | 568 | 203 | 365 | 228 | - 28.6 |
| 16 to 19 years .................................... | 1,647 | 454 | 27.6 | 285 | 41 | 244 | 169 | - 37.3 |
| 20 to 24 years .................................................................\| | 683 | 341 | 50.0 | 283 | 162 | 121 | 59 | 17.2 |
| Men .............................................................................\| | 1,128 | 384 | 34.0 | 262 | 97 | 165 | 122 | 31.7 |
| Women ......................................................................................... | 1.202 | 412 | 34.3 | 306 | 105 | 200 | 106 | 25.8 |
| High school ....................................................................; | ; 1,387 | 357 | 25.7 | 209 | 27 | 182 | 148 | , 41.5 |
| College .....................................................................1 | - 943 | 439 | 46.5 | 359 | 176 | 183 | 80 | $!\quad 18.2$ |
| Full-time students ......................................................: | - 753 | 279 | 37.0 | 221 | 75 | 146 | 58 | $\cdots \quad 20.7$ |
| Part-time students ......................................................; | - 190 | 160 | 84.0 | 138 | 101 | 37 | 22 | 13.9 |
| Hispanic origin | , |  |  |  |  |  |  | : |
| Total, 16 to 24 years ..........................................................\| | - 1,195 | 454 | 38.0 | 386 | 136 | 250 | 68 | 14.9 |
| 16 to 19 years ...................................................................... | - 838 | 250 | 29.9 | 209 | 47 | 162 | 42 | 16.7 |
| 20 to 24 years ................................................................ | \| 356 | 204 | 57.2 | 178 | 89 | 89 | 26 | 12.8 |
| Men ........................................................................ | $1 \quad 614$ | 255 | 41.5 | 205 | 87 | 118 | 50 | 19.5 |
| Women .............................................................................\| | ) 580 | 199 | 34.4 | 181 | 49 | 132 | 18 | 9.1 |
| High school .................................................................' | - 750 | 199 | 26.5 | 169 | 35 | 134 | 30 | 15.3 |
| College ........................................................................i | - 444 | 255 | 57.5 | 218 | 101 | 117 | 37 | 14.7 |
| Fuil-time students ........................................................ | - 356 | 172 | 48.2 | 143 | 54 | 88 | 29 | 16.9 |
| Part-time students ............................................................ | - 88 | 84 | 95.0 | 75 | 47 | 28 | 8 | 10.1 |

See footnotes at end of table.

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin-Continued


Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000
NOTE in the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and
college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origen groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-8. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age, not seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Veteran status and age | Civilian noninstitutional population |  | Civilian labor force |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar.$1984$ | Mar. 1985 | Total |  | Employed |  | Unemployed |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Mar. <br> 1984 | Mar. 1985 | Mar. <br> 1984 | Mar.$1985$ | Number |  | Percent of labor force |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mar. 1984 | Mar. <br> 1985 | Mar. <br> 1984 | Mar. 1985 |
| VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 30 years and over ............................. | 7,372 | 7,596 | 6,905 | 7,111 | 6,462 | 6,713 | 443 | 398 | 6.4 | 5.6 |
| 30 to 44 years ........................................... | 6,398 | 6,511 | 6,144 | 6,263 | 5,745 | 5,902 | 399 | 361 | 6.5 | 5.8 |
| 30 to 34 years ...................................... | 1,855 | 1,458 | 1,761 | 1,404 | 1,611 | 1,293 | 150 | 111 | 8.5 | 7.9 |
| 35 to 39 years .......................................\| | 3,220 | 3,388 | 3,111 | 3,257 | 2,926 | 3,086 | 185 | 171 | 5.9 | 5.3 |
| 40 to 44 years .......................................\| | 1,323 | 1,665 | 1,272 | 1,602 | 1,208 | 1,523 | 64 | 79 | 5.0 | 4.9 |
| 45 years and over ..................................... | 974 | 1,085 | 761 | 848 | 717 | 811 | 44 | 37 | 5.8 | 4.4 |
| NONVETERANS ! |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NONVETERANS \| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 30 to 44 years .................................... | 15,949 | 16,955 | 15,097 | 16,047 | 14,188 | 15,096 | 909 | 951 | 6.0 | 5.9 |
| 30 to 34 years .......................................... | 7,222 | 7,823 | 6,830 | 7,435 | 6,375 | 6,976 | 455 | 459 | 6.7 | 6.2 |
| 35 to 39 years ........................................... | 4,682 | 4,829 | 4,440 | 4,572 | 4,177 | 4,304 | 263 | 268 | 5.9 | 5.9 |
| 40 to 44 years .......................................... | 4,045 | 4,303 | 3,827 | 4,040 | 3,636 | 3,816 | 191 | 224 | 5.0 | 5.5 |

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population. Data
for 25 - to 29 -year-old veterans are no longer shown in this table because the group is rapidly disppearing (into the 30.34 age category) and the numbers remaining for some labor force categories are not large enough to warrant their continued publication.

A-9. Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex, age, and race
(Numbers in thousands)


Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed
proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.

HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
A-10. Employment status of persons in familles by family relationship
(Numbers in thousands)

| Family relaionship | March 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Civilian labor force |  |  |  |  | Not in labor force |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Percent of population | Employed | Unemployed |  | Total | Keeping house | Going to school | Unable to work | Other reasons |
|  |  |  |  | Number | Percent of labor force |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 years and over ${ }^{1}$.......................................... | 93,758 | 64.7 | 86,630 | 7,128 | 7.6 | 51,068 | 24,468 | 8,706 | 2,007 | 15,887 |
| Husbands | 38,996 | 78.7 | 37,210 | 1,787 | 4.6 | 10,580 | 165 | 195 | 879 | 9,340 |
| With employed wife | 23,210 | 91.4 | 22,251 | 959 | 4.1 | 2,189 | 74 | 121 | 298 | 1,696 |
| With unemployed wife .................................................. | 1,334 | 91.4 | 1.156 | 178 | 13.3 | 125 | 6 | 3 | 17 | 100 |
| With wife not in labor force .......................................... | 14,453 | 63.6 | 13,803 | 650 | 4.5 | 8,266 | 86 | 72 | 565 | 7,544 |
| Wives | 26,855 | 54.2 | 25,397 | 1,459 | 5.4 | 22,718 | 19,433 | 374 | 294 | 2,617 |
| With employed husband | 23,404 | 62.9 | 22,248 | 1,156 | 4.9 | 13,803 | 12,549 | 302 | 85 | 867 |
| With unemployed husband | 1,137 | 63.6 | 959 | 178 | 15.6 | 650 | 587 | 15 | 8 | 39 |
| With husband not in labor force | 2,314 | 21.9 | 2,189 | 125 | 5.4 | 8,266 | 6,296 | 57 | 202 | 1,711 |
| Relatives in married-couple families | 13,108 | 60.8 | 11,349 | 1,759 | 13.4 | 8,461 | 820 | 5,860 | 293 | 1,488 |
| 16 to 19 years | 4,857 | 50.4 | 4,052 | 805 | 16.6 | 4,780 | 105 | 4,305 | 18 | 351 |
| 20 to 24 years ..... | 5,186 | 73.7 | 4,569 | 617 | 11.9 | 1,852 | 167 | 1,387 | 32 | 266 |
| 25 years and over ....................................................... | 3,065 | 62.6 | 2,728 | 337 | 11.0 | 1,829 | 548 | 168 | 243 | 871 |
| Women who maintain families ........................................ | 6,165 | 60.8 | 5,529 | 636 | 10.3 | 3,967 | 2,893 | 171 | 187 | 716 |
| Relatives in families maintained by women ...................... | 5,350 | 58.5 | 4,262 | 1,088 | 20.3 | 3,800 | 773 | 1,767 | 249 | 1,010 |
| 16 to 19 years ............................................................ | 1,375 | 45.9 | 969 | 406 | 29.6 | 1,620 | 77 | 1,374 | - | 169 |
| 20 to 24 years ..... | 1,758 | 72.9 | 1,410 | 348 | 19.8 | 654 | 134 | 323 | 13 | 184 |
| 25 years and over ....................................................... | 2,217 | 59.2 | 1,883 | 334 | 15.1 | 1,526 | 562 | 70 | 236 | 657 |
| Men who maintain families ............................................. | 1,873 | 77.5 | 1,683 | 190 | 10.1 | 545 | 34 | 44 | 43 | 425 |
| Relatives in families maintained by men .......................... | 1,411 | 58.6 | 1,201 | 211 | 14.9 | 997 | 350 | 295 | 62 | 289 |
| 16 to 19 years | 284 | 52.7 | 241 | 44 | 15.4 | 255 | 12 | 210 | - | 33 |
| 20 to 24 years... | 401 | 76.4 | 339 | 62 | 15.5 | 124 | 33 | 58 | 6 | 26 |
| 25 years and over | 726 | 54.0 | 621 | 105 | 14.5 | 618 | 305 | 27 | 56 | 230 |

Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown.

NOTE: Estimates shown in this table for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

A-11. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

| Marital status, race, and age | Men |  |  |  | Women |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousands of persons |  | Unemployment rales |  | Thousands of persons |  | Unemployment rates |  |
|  | Mar. 1984 | Mar. <br> 1985 | Mar. <br> 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1984 | Mar. 1985 |
| Total, 16 years and over | 5,304 | 4,868 | 8.4 | 7.6 | 3,753 | 3,758 | 7.7 | 7.4 |
| Married, spouse present ............. | 2,189 | 1,972 | 5.4 | 4.8 | 1,523 | 1,590 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated | 618 | 663 | 10.6 | 10.8 | 867 | 858 | 9.0 | 8.6 |
| Single (never married) ......................................... | 2,497 | 2,233 | 15.2 | 13.6 | 1,363 | 1,309 | 11.0 | 10.2 |
| White, 16 years and over ............................ | 4,127 | 3,734 | 7.4 | 6.7 | 2,768 | 2,781 | 6.6 | 6.4 |
| Married, spouse present ..................................... | 1,862 | 1,646 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 1,259 | 1,346 | 5.3 | 5.4 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated ....................... | 452 | 479 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 599 | 600 | 7.7 | 7.5 |
| Single (never married) ........................................ | 1,813 | 1,609 | 13.0 | 11.7 | 909 | 835 | 8.8 | 8.0 |
| Black, 16 years and over ..... | 1,066 | 957 | 17.8 | 15.8 | 885 | 887 | 15.5 | 14.6 |
| Married, spouse present .............. | 265 | 240 | 8.9 | 8.0 | 210 | 197 | 9.6 | 8.8 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated ........................ | 149 | 165 | 16.2 | 17.6 | 252 | 235 | 14.9 | 13.5 |
| Single (never married) ......................................... | 651 | 553 | 30.9 | 25.9 | 423 | 455 | 23.3 | 21.8 |
| Total, 25 years and over | 3,347 | 3,061 | 6.6 | 5.9 | 2,291 | 2,370 | 6.0 | 5.9 |
| Married, spouse present | 1,994 | 1,764 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 1,209 | 1,274 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated ........................ | 571 | 623 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 759 | 760 | 8.4 | 8.0 |
| Single (never married) ........................................ | 781 | 673 | 11.6 | 9.8 | 323 | 335 | 6.5 | 6.6 |
| White, 25 years and over ........................... | 2,646 | 2,383 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 1,693 | 1,766 | 5.2 | 5.2 |
| Married, spouse present .................................... | 1,694 | 1,477 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 1,006 | 1,077 | 4.7 | 4.8 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated ......................... | 417 | 445 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 510 | 524 | 7.0 | 6.9 |
| Single (never married) ........................................ | 535 | 460 | 9.5 | 8.1 | 178 | 164 | 4.6 | 4.2 |
| Black, 25 years and over ............................ | 617 | 558 | 13.2 | 11.8 | 527 | 537 | 11.5 | 11.2 |
| Married, spouse present .................................... | 247 | 211 | 8.7 | 7.4 | 158 | 154 | 7.9 | 7.5 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated ......................... | 137 | 160 | 15.5 | 17.5 | 233 | 214 | 14.4 | 12.8 |
| Single (never married) ........................................ | 233 | 188 | 25.2 | 19.1 | 137 | 168 | 14.5 | 15.5 |

A-12. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

| Occupation | Thousands of persons |  | Unemployment rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | Total |  | Men |  | Women |  |
|  | Mar. <br> 1984 | Mar. <br> 1985 | Mar. 1984 | Mar. <br> 1985 | Mar. $1984$ | Mar. <br> 1985 | Mar. <br> 1984 | Mar. 1985 |
| Total, 16 years and over | 9,057 | 8,625 | 8.1 | 7.5 | 8.4 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 7.4 |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 608 | 612 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.4 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 350 | 337 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 3.2 |
| Protessional specialty ....................... | 257 | 275 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support | 1,755 | 1,715 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 5.7 | 5.4 |
| Technicians and related support. | 84 | 116 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 4.2 |
| Sales occupations .................................................................................... 1 | 723 | 729 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 7.5 | 7.3 |
| Administrative support, including clerical .................................................... | 948 | 871 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 6.0 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 4.7 |
| Service occupations | 1,473 | 1,378 | 9.6 | 8.8 | 9.7 | 8.5 | 9.5 | 9.0 |
| Private household | 84 | 65 | 8.6 | 6.1 | (') | (') | 9.1 | 5.9 |
| Protective service | 114 | 80 | 6.6 | 4.6 | 6.2 | 4.0 | 9.7 | 8.2 |
| Service, except private household and protective | 1,274 | 1,233 | 10.0 | 9.6 | 10.9 | 10.0 | 9.5 | 9.4 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 1,264 | 1,201 | 9.1 | 8.4 | 9.2 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 10.2 |
| Mechanics and repairers ............................................................................. | 284 | 240 | 6.3 | 5.1 | 6.2 | 5.2 | 7.0 | 3.2 |
| Construction trades .................... | 691 | 642 | 14.1 | 12.5 | 14.0 | 12.3 | 18.7 | 18.9 |
| Other precision production, craft, and repair | 289 | 319 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 7.9 | 10.3 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers ..............................................................\| | 2,421 | 2,335 | 12.8 | 12.5 | 12.9 | 12.1 | 12.8 | 13.6 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ........................................... | 1,027 | 1,013 | 11.5 | 11.6 | 10.9 | 10.3 | 12.3 | 13.3 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations ......................................... | 545 | 442 | 11.2 | 8.9 | 11.6 | 9.1 | 6.9 | 7.0 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .................................... | 850 | 880 | 16.7 | 17.9 | 16.5 | 17.8 | 18.0 | 18.2 |
| Construction laborers ............................................................................ | 216 | 255 | 27.6 | 31.6 | 27.0 | 30.4 | ${ }^{\prime}$ ') | (') |
| Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers ........................... | 634 | 625 | 14.8 | 15.2 | 14.2 | 14.8 | 17.1 | 16.5 |
| Farming, forestry, and fishing | 381 | 367 | 11.2 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 13.5 | 11.0 |
| No previous work experience ....................................................................... | $\begin{array}{r} 1,083 \\ 766 \\ 197 \\ 120 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 974 \\ & 651 \\ & 185 \\ & 139 \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 16 to 19 years ........................................................................................\| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 to 24 years ......................................................................................... 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 years and over ...................................................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

' Data not shown where base is less than 75,000

| Industry | Thousands of persons |  | Unemployment rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | Total |  | Men |  | Women |  |
|  | Mar. 1984 | Mar. <br> 1985 | Mar. 1984 | Mar. 1985 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1984 | Mar. 1985 |
| Total, 16 years and over | 9,057 | 8,625 | 8.1 | 7.5 | 8.4 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 7.4 |
| Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers ............................................... | 6,761 | 6,555 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 8.6 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 7.3 |
| Mining | 122 | 126 | 12.2 | 12.5 | 13.7 | 13.4 | 5.1 | 6.3 |
| Construction ............................................................................................. | 1,006 | 1,018 | 18.0 | 17.5 | 18.5 | 18.0 | 12.6 | 13.1 |
| Manutacturing ........................................................................................... | 1,765 | 1,799 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 9.1 | 10.1 |
| Durable goods .......................................................................................\| | 1,053 | 1,035 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 7.2 | 8.0 | 9.5 |
| Lumber and wood products ...................................................................! | 102 | 99 | 14.4 | 13.7 | 13.7 | 13.5 | 18.4 | 14.5 |
| Funiture and fixtures ............................................................................! | 62 | 53 | 10.9 | 8.7 | 12.1 | 6.0 | 8.3 | 15.7 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 76 | 56 | 12.4 | 9.8 | 14.1 | 10.8 | 7.0 | 6.7 |
| Primary metal industries ............ | 109 | 98 | 11.7 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 11.4 | 14.4 | 7.9 |
| Fabricated metal products | 128 | 124 i | 8.9 | 8.7 | 9.4 | 8.8 | 7.4 | 8.2 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 182 | 186 ! | 6.7 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 6.9 | 7.9 |
| Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies | 160 | 187 | 6.8 | 7.9 | 6.4 | 5.5 | 7.4 | 10.9 |
| Transportation equipment ............................... | 141 | 154 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 8.3 |
| Automobiles | 83 | 85 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 5.6 | 8.8 | 10.7 |
| Other transportation equipment ......................................................... | 58 | 69 i | 4.7 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 4.8 | 2.1 | 5.7 |
| Professional and photographic equipment | 32 | 261 | 4.8 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 2.4 | 6.3 | 5.8 |
| Other durable goods industries ............................................................. | 61 | 52 | 10.8 | 10.3 | 8.2 | 8.9 | 13.6 | 12.2 |
| Nondurable goods ................................................................................ | 712 | 764 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 6.3 | 6.9 | 10.2 | 10.8 |
| Food and kindred products .... | 191 | 227 | 10.8 | 12.4 | 9.3 | 10.9 | 14.0 | 15.6 |
| Textile mill products | 81 | 79 | 9.4 | 9.7 | 6.8 | 8.2 | 12.2 | 11.3 |
| Apparel and other textile products ........................................................\| | 133 | 162 | 9.5 | 11.6 | 8.5 | 12.0 | 9.7 | 11.4 |
| Paper and allied products ...................................................................... | 25 | 37 | 3.7 | 5.4 | 2.2 | 4.4 | 10.0 | 8.5 |
| Printing and publishing ......................................................................... | 116 | 83 | 6.7 | 4.7 | 6.1 | 3.1 | 7.5 | 6.9 |
| Chemicals and allied products ............................................................... | 51 | 67 | 4.3 | 5.4 | 2.9 | 4.5 | 7.7 | 7.4 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products ...........................................\| | 60 | 59 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 5.3 | 6.3 | 11.1 | 10.3 |
| Other nondurable goods industries .......................................................... | 55 | 51 | 9.8 | 11.0 | 9.1 | 6.9 | 10.8 | 17.0 |
| Transportation and public utilities ................................................................\| | 323 | 281 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 6.0 | 5.2 | 4.3 | 3.3 |
| Transportation | 259 | 221 | 6.6 | 5.3 | 7.2 | 6.1 | 4.7 | 2.8 |
| Communications and other public utilities .................................................... | 64 | 60 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Wholesale and retail trade .......................................................................... | 1,841 | 1,720 | 8.8 | 8.0 | 7.6 | 7.2 | 10.0 | 8.9 |
| Wholesale trade .................................................................................... | 285 | 217 | 7.0 | 5.2 | 6.9 | 5.0 | 7.3 | 5.7 |
| Retail trade | 1,556 | 1,503 | 9.2 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 10.4 | 9.3 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ............................................................' | 256 | 252 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.9 |
| Service industries ..................................................................................... | 1,448 | 1,361 | 6.9 | 6.2 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 5.9 |
| Protessional services ....................................................................................... 1 | 533 | 514 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 4.4 |
| Other service industries .........................................................................\| | 915 | 847 | 10.2 | 8.9 | 10.7 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 8.5 |
| Agricultural wage and salary workers .............................................................\| | 300 | 257 | 19.1 | 16.1 | 18.1 | 15.5 | 23.8 | 18.3 |
| Government, selt-employed, and unpaid famiy workers ..................................\| | 914 | 839 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| No previous work experience ................................................................................ | 1,083 | 974 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
A-14. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, and race
(Numbers in thousands)

| Reason for unemployment | Total unemployed |  | Men, 20 years and over |  | Women, 20 years and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Both sexes, } \\ 16 \text { to } 19 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ |  | White |  | Black |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1984 | Mar. 1985 | Mar. 1984 | Mar. 1985 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | Mar. <br> 1985 | Mar. <br> 1984 | Mar. 1985 |
| NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ! |  |
| Total unemployed | 9,057 | 8,625 | 4,474 | 4,112 | 3,091 | 3,122 | 1,492 | 1,391 | 6,895 | 6,514 | 1,951, | 1,844 |
| Job losers ...................................................... | 5,089 | 4,578 | 3,355 | 2,951 | 1,422 | 1,348 | 312 | 279 | 3,986 | 3,495 | ${ }^{C} 1,001$ | 947 |
| On layoft ..................................................... | 1,452 | 1,349 । | 1,013 | 882 | 365 | 389 | 74 | 78 | 1,263 | 1,167 | 171; | 157 |
| Other job losers ........................................... | 3,637 | 3,229 | 2,342 | 2,069 | 1,057\| | 959 | 238 | 201 | 2,723 | 2,328 | C831. | 788 |
| Job leavers | 730 | 795 | 301 | 328 | 344 | 383 | 841 | 84 | 604 | 661 | ${ }^{\text {c } 1001}$ | 110 |
| Reentrants ..................................................... | 2,157 | 2,282 | 683 | 718 | 1,143 | 1,183 | 331 | 381\| | 1,553 | 1,717 | 550 | 490 |
| New entrants .................................................. | 1,082 | 971 | 136 | 115 | 182 | 208 | 765 | 648 | 752 | 641 | 300 | 297 |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  | 1 |  |  | ! |  |  |  |  | ! |  |
| Total unemployed ..................................... | 100.0 | 100.0 : | 100.0! | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Job losers ...................................................... | 56.2 | 53.0 i | 75.0 j | 71.7! | 46.0 | 43.2 | 21.0 | 20.0 | 57.8 | 53.6 | ${ }^{\text {C } 51.3}$ | 51.4 |
| On layoft | 16.0 | 15.6 | 22.6 ! | 21.4 | 11.8 | 12.5 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 18.3 | 17.9 ! | 8.8 | 8.5 |
| Other job losers ..........................................1 | 40.2 | 37.4 | 52.4 | 50.3\| | 34.2 | 30.7 | 16.0 | 14.4 | 39.5 | 35.7 | ${ }^{\mathrm{C}} 42.6$ | 42.7 |
| Job leavers .................................................... | 8.1 | 9.2 | 6.7 | 8.0 | 11.1\| | 12.3 ! | 5.6 | 6.1 | 8.8 | 10.1 | C5.1] | 6.0 |
| Reentrants. | 23.8 | 26.5 | 15.3 | 17.5 | 37.0 | 37.9 | 22.2 | 27.4 | 22.5 | 26.4 | 28.2 | 26.6 |
| New entrants .................................................. | 11.9 | 11.3 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 5.9 | 6.7 | 51.3 | 46.5 | 10.9 | 9.8 | 15.4 | 16.1 |
| UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 86 |  |
| Job losers ..................................................... | 4.6 | 4.0 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 3.1 | 2.81 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.5 | ${ }^{\text {c }} 8.6$ | 7.8 |
| Job leavers ....................................................... | . 7 | . 7 | . 5 | . 5 | . 8 | . 8 | 1.2 | 1.1 | . 6 | . 7 | C. 91 | . 9 |
| Reentrants ....................................................i | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 2.51 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 4.7 | 4.0 |
| New entrants ................................................... | 1.0 | . 8 | . 2 | 2 | . 4 | . 4. | 10.5 | 8.7 | . 8 | . 6 | 2.61 | 2.5 |

$\mathrm{c}=$ corrected

A-15. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment
(Percent distribution)

| Reason, sex, and age | March 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total unemployed |  | Duration of unemployment |  |  |  |  |
|  | Thousands of persons | Percent | Less than 5 weeks | 5 to 14 weeks | 15 weeks and over |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | 15 to 26 weeks | 27 weeks and over |
| Total, 16 years and over ..................................! | 8.625 | 100.0 | 36.6 | 31.3 | 32.1 | 15.3 | 16.8 |
| Job losers ...........................................................\| | 4,578 | 100.0 | 28.7 | 32.9 | 38.3 | 18.9 | 19.4 |
| On layoff ............................................................... | 1,349 | 100.0 | 36.0 | 35.2 | 28.8 | 20.3 | 8.5 |
| Other job losers ................................................. | 3,229 | 100.0 | 25.7 | 32.0 | 42.3 | 18.3 | 24.0 |
| Job leavers ............................................................ | 795 | 100.0 | 40.5 | 36.6 | 23.0 | 12.6 | 10.3 |
| Reentrants .......................................................... | 2,282 | 100.0 | 46.6 | 27.4 | 25.9 | 11.4 | 14.6 |
| New entrants ......................................................\| | 971 | 100.0 | 47.2 | 28.0 | 24.8 | 9.8 | 15.0 |
| Men, 20 years and over ..................................\| | 4,112 | 100.0 | 27.3 | 32.9 | 39.8 | 19.5 | 20.3 |
| Job losers ..........................................................\| | 2,951 | 100.0 | 25.0 | 34.0 | 41.0 | 20.5 | 20.5 |
| On layoff ........................................................... | 882 | 100.0 | 32.1 | 37.2 | 30.8 | 23.5 | 7.3 |
| Other job losers ................................................. | 2,069 | 100.0 | 22.0 | 32.7 | 45.4 | 19.3 | 26.1 |
| Job leavers ......................................................... | 328 | 100.0 | 32.1 | 36.2 | 31.7 | 17.5 | 14.3 |
| Reentrants ......................................................... 1 | 718 | 100.0 | 33.6 | 28.8 | 37.5 | 16.8 | 20.7 |
| New entrants ........................................................ | 115 | 100.0 | 34.7 | 19.3 | 46.0 | 15.2 | 30.8 |
| Women, 20 years and over ................................ | 3,122 | 100.0 | 42.4 | 29.4 | 28.2 | 12.1 | 16.1 |
| Job losers ...........................................................i | 1,348 | 100.0 | 33.6 | 29.8 | 36.6 | 16.2 | 20.4 |
| On layoff ............................................................\| | 389 | 100.0 | 42.8 | 30.3 | 26.8 | 14.3 | 12.5 |
| Other job losers ................................................... | 959 | 100.0 | 29.8 | 29.6 | 40.6 | 16.9 | 23.7 |
| Job leavers ......................................................... 1 | 383 | 100.0 | 45.7 | 36.8 | 17.5 | 9.6 | 8.0 |
| Reentrants .........................................................! | 1,183 | 100.0 | 51.1 | 26.7 | 22.2 | 8.8 | 13.4 |
| New entrants .....................................................] | 208 | 100.0 | 44.7 | 27.6 | 27.7 | 10.0 | 17.7 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years ...............................' | 1,391 | 100.0 | 51.0 | 30.8 | 18.2 | 10.1 | 8.1 |
| Job losers ..........................................................i; | 279 | 100.0 | 44.8 | 36.7 | 18.5 | 15.0 | 3.5 |
| On layoff ........................................................... | 78 | 100.0 | 46.3 | 37.2 | 16.5 | 14.9 | 1.6 |
| Other job losers ................................................. | 201 | 100.0 | 44.3 | 36.5 | 19.3 | 15.0 | 4.2 |
| Job leavers .........................................................; | 84 | 100.0 | 49.5 | 37.1 | 13.4 | 7.6 | 5.7 |
| Reentrants .......................................................... | 381 | 100.0 | 57.3 | 27.0 | 15.8 | 9.3 | 6.5 |
| New entrants .........................................................i | 648 | 100.0 | 50.2 | 29.7 | 20.1 | 8.8 | 11.3 |

A-16. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment


HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
A-17. Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

| Sex, age, race, and marital status | Thousands of persons |  |  |  |  | Weeks |  | Percent of unemployed in group |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | 5 to 14 weeks | 15 to 26 weeks | 27 weeks and over | Average (mean) duration | Median duration |  | Unemployed less than 5 weeks |  | Unemployed 15 weeks and over |  |
|  | March 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mar. 1984 | Mar. 1985 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total, 16 years and over | 8,625 | 3.159 | 2,696! | 1,321 | 1.449 | 17.0 | 8.7 |  | 32.9 | 36.6 | 36.9 | 32.1 |
| 16 to 19 years .................. | 1,391 | 710 | 428 ! | 140 | 113 | 10.0 | 4.9 |  | 46.6 | 51.0 | 22.9 | 18.2 |
| 20 to 24 years | 1,804 | 700 | 581 | 266 | 257 | 15.4 | 8.1 |  | 32.5 | 38.8 | 35.9 | 29.0 |
| 25 to 34 years | 2,401 | 799 | 789 | 392 | 421 | 18.0 | 9.7 |  | 29.8 | 33.3 | 37.3 | 33.9 |
| 35 to 44 years | 1,438 | 463 | 445 | 231 | 298 | 19.0 | 10.0 |  | 29.9 | 32.2 | 44.0 | 36.8 |
| 45 to 54 years | 930 | 273 | 279 | 162 | 216 | 22.4 | 11.4 |  | 27.7 | 29.3 | 44.3 | 40.7 |
| 55 to 64 years | 553 | 176 | 143 | 111 | 124 | 20.2 | 11.1 |  | 28.2 | 31.8 | 46.0 | 42.4 |
| 65 years and over ...............................................\| | 109 | 38 | 31 ! | 19 | 20 | 18.0 | 9.0 |  | 40.0 | 35.1 | 33.2 | 36.5 |
| Men, 16 years and over | 4,868 | 1,509 | 1,582 | 877 | 899 | 18.9 | 10.5 | ' | 28.6 | 31.0 | 42.2 | 36.5 |
| 16 to 19 years ........ | 756 | 385 | 231 | 75 | 65 | 10.3 | 4.9 |  | 44.4 | 50.9 | 22.5 | 18.5 |
| 20 to 24 years | 1,052 | 340 | 356 ! | 197 | 158 | 16.6 | 9.8 |  | 28.8 | 32.3 | 42.5 | 33.8 |
| 25 to 34 years .....................................................' | 1,342 | 366 | 463 | 254 | 258 | 19.7 | 11.6 |  | 24.4 | 27.3 | 43.8 | 38.2 |
| 35 to 44 years | 789 i | 190 | 264 | 148 | 187 | 22.4 | 12.6 |  | 23.7 | 24.1 | 49.8 | 42.4 |
| 45 to 54 years | 533 | 123 | 160 | 114 | 137 | 25.9 | 14.0 |  | 23.2 | 23.0 | 52.1 | 47.0 |
| 55 to 64 years ..................................................... | 329 ! | 86 | 91 ; | 74 | 78 | 22.7 | 13.4 |  | 27.3 | 26.1 | 49.5 | 46.2 |
| 65 years and over | 67 \| | 20 | 17 | 14 | 17 | (') | () |  | (') | (') | () | (') |
| Women, 16 years and over ................................! | 3,758 | 1,650 | 1,114 | 444 | 550 | 14.4 | 6.6 |  | 39.0 | 43.9 | 29.3 | 26.4 |
| 16 to 19 years .....................................................\| | 636 | 325 | 197 | 65 | 48 | 9.7 | 4.9 | - | 49.2 | 51.2 | 23.3 | 17.8 |
| 20 to 24 years ...................................................... | 752 | 360 | 225 | 68 | 99 | 13.8 | 5.6 |  | 37.6 | 47.9 | 26.5 | 22.2 |
| 25 to 34 years | 1,059 | 433 | 326 | 138 | 163 | 15.7 | 7.2 |  | 37.0 | 40.9 | 28.4 | 28.4 |
| 35 to 44 years | 649 ! | 273 | 181 | 83 | 112 | 14.9 | 7.2 |  | 38.4 | 42.1 | 36.2 | 29.9 |
| 45 to 54 years | 396 | 150 | 119 | 48 | 80 | 17.8 | 8.7 |  | 34.9 | 37.8 | 31.9 | 32.2 |
| 55 to 64 years ...... | 224 ; | 90. | 52 | 37 | 45 | - 16.5 | 8.5 |  | 30.1 | 40.1 | 38.5 | 36.7 |
| 65 years and over ..................................................................................... | 41 ' | 18 | 14 | 5 | 4 | (') | (') |  | (') | (1) | (') | () |
| White, 16 years and over .................................... | 6,514 | 2,426 | 2,045 | 1,019 | 1,024 | 16.4 | 8.6 |  | 33.6 | 37.2 | 36.3 | 31.4 |
| Men ...................................................................\| | 3,734 | 1,144 | 1,229 ! | 715 | 647 ' | ! 18.6 | 10.7 | 1 | 29.1 | 30.6 | 41.8 | 36.5 |
| Women ................................................................... | 2,781 | 1,283 | 816 | 305 | 377 | 13.6 | 6.0 |  | 40.4 | 46.1 | 28.1 | 24.5 |
| Black, 16 years and over ....................................... | 1,844 | 645 | 565 | 263 | 372 | 18.5 | 8.2 | ! | 29.4 | 35.0 | 39.4 | 34.4 |
|  | 957 | 306 | 301 | 138 | 212 | 20.1 | 9.2 |  | 26.0 | 32.0 | 44.7 | 36.6 |
| Women | 887 | 339 | 264 | 124 | 160 | 16.8 | 7.3 |  | 33.5 | 38.2 | 33.0 | 32.1 |
| Men, 16 years and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  | ! | ; |  |  |  |  |
| Married, spouse present ......................................., | 1,972 | 514 | 644 | 402 | 411 | 20.7 | 12.2 |  | 25.6 | 26.1 | 45.7 | 41.3 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated ..........................! | 663 | 181 | 211 | 126 | 146 | 22.2 | 12.0 |  | 23.4 | 27.3 | 47.3 | 40.9 |
| Single (never married) .......................................... | 2,233 | 814 | 727 | 349 | 343 | 16.4 | 8.8 |  | 32.5 | 36.5 | 37.9 | 31.0 |
| Women, 16 years and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married, spouse present ........................................ | 1,590 | 708 | 475 | 181 ! | 227 | 13.6 | 6.5 |  | 39.6 | 44.5 | 28.7 | 25.6 |
| Widowed, divorced, or separated ........................ . $\mid$ | 858 | 363 | 242 | 106 | 147 | 16.1 | 7.3 |  | 36.1 | 42.3 | 30.1 | 29.5 |
| Single (never married) .......................................... | 1.309 | 579 | 397 | 157 | 176 | 14.3 | 6.3 |  | 40.3 | 44.3 | 29.5 | 25.4 |

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000 .

A-18. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

' Includes wage and salary workers only.

A-19. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, age, race, and jobsearch methods used

| Sex, age, and race | March 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousands of persons |  | Methods used as a percent of total jobseekers |  |  |  |  |  | Average number of methods used |
|  | Total unemployed | Total jobseekers | Public employment agency | Private employment agency | Employer directly | Placed or answered ads | Friends or relatives | Other |  |
| Total, 16 years and over | 8.625 | 7,140 | 26.8 | 6.3 | 75.6 | 33.3 | 17.8 | 5.5 | 1.65 |
| 16 to 19 years ................ | 1,391 | 1,295 | 14.3 | 2.5 | 82.5 | 23.5 | 14.4 | 2.8 | 1.40 |
| 20 to 24 years | 1,804 | 1,552 | 28.9 | 7.2 | 75.3 | 33.1 | 18.0 | 3.2 | 1.66 |
| 25 to 34 years ..........................................! | 2,401 | 1,919 | 31.8 | 7.2 | 75.7 | 38.5 | 18.6 | 5.5 | 1.77 |
| 35 to 44 years ......................................... 1 | 1,438 | 1,152 | 29.5 | 7.6 | 74.7 | 38.7 | 17.2 | 7.4 | 1.75 |
| 45 to 54 years ......................................... | 930 | 720 | 30.1 | 6.3 | 73.6 | 29.9 | 20.8 | 8.1 | 1.69 |
| 55 to 64 years | 553 | 412 | 25.2 | 5.8 | 62.9 | 31.6 | 20.4 | 13.1 | 1.59 |
| 65 years and over ..................................... | 109 | 91 | 9.9 | 8.8 | 64.8 | 34.1 | 16.5 | 5.5 | 1.40 |
| Men, 16 years and over ..........................! | 4,868 | 3,848 | 28.6 | 5.9 | 76.9 | 32.6 | 21.0 | 6.7 | 1.72 |
| 16 to 19 years .........................................\| | 756 | 685 | 13.1 | 1.0 | 83.1 | 22.2 | 18.5 | 2.2 | 1.40 |
| 20 to 24 years .......................................... | 1,052 | 875 | 31.4 | 7.1 | 74.9 | 32.5 | 22.1 | 3.3 | 1.71 |
| 25 to 34 years ......................................... | 1,342 | 1.013 | 36.4 | 7.8 | 76.6 | 41.6 | 23.3 | 6.4 | 1.92 |
| 35 to 44 years .........................................\| | 789 | 585 | 31.1 | 6.3 | 79.0 | 36.2 | 17.8 | 10.1 | 1.81 |
| 45 to 54 years .........................................\| | 533 | 382 | 29.6 | 6.0 | 75.7 | 29.1 | 25.1 | 10.5 | 1.76 |
| 55 to 64 years ......................................... | 329 | 249 | 26.5 | 4.8 | 66.7 | 24.5 | 18.9 | 18.1 | 1.59 |
| 65 years and over ...................................! | 67 | 59 | (') | (') | (') | (') | (') | (') | (') |
| Women, 16 years and over ......................i | 3.758 | 3,293 | 24.7 | 6.7 | 74.1 | 34.2 | 13.9 | 4.1 | 1.58 |
| 16 to 19 years ......................................... | 636 | 610 | 15.6 | 4.1 | 82.0 | 25.1 | 9.7 | 3.4 | 1.40 |
| 20 to 24 years ..........................................! | 752 | 677 | 25.6 | 7.2 | 75.9 | 33.8 | 12.7 | 3.0 | 1.58 |
| 25 to 34 years .........................................! | 1,059 | 906 | 26.6 | 6.6 | 74.6 | 35.1 | 13.2 | 4.3 | 1.60 |
| 35 to 44 years ..........................................\| | 649 | 567 | 27.7 | 9.0 | 70.4 | 41.3 | 16.6 | 4.8 | 1.70 |
| 45 to 54 years | 396 | 338 | 30.8 | 6.2 | 71.3 | 30.8 | 15.7 | 5.3 | 1.60 |
| 55 to 64 years .........................................l\| | 224 | 162 | 22.8 | 8.0 | 57.4 | 42.0 | 22.8 | 5.6 | 1.59 |
| 65 years and over ......................................\| | 41 | 33 | (') | (') | () | (') | (') | (') | (') |
| White, 16 years and over ........................ 1 | 6,514 | 5,228 | 25.7 | 6.0 | 76.0 | 34.2 | 17.9 | 5.7 | 1.65 |
| Men ......................................................... | 3,734 | 2,837 | 28.1 | 5.9 | 76.8 | 33.2 | 20.8 | 7.2 | 1.72 |
| Women .................................................. | 2,781 | 2,390 | 22.8 | 6.2 | 75.0 | 35.4 | 14.5 | 3.9 | 1.58 |
| Black, 16 years and over ........................ | 1,844 | 1,679 | 29.6 | 6.7 | 74.8 | 30.0 | 16.9 | 4.8 | 1.63 |
| Men .......................................................l | 957 | 860 | 29.4 | 5.5 | 77.9 | 29.7 | 21.3 | 4.9 | 1.69 |
| Women ...................................................\| | - 887 | 820 | 29.8 | 8.0 | 71.5 | 30.4 | 12.2 | 4.8 | 1.57 |

[^0]30 days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

A-20. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, reason for unemployment, and jobsearch methods used

| Sex and reason | March 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousands of persons |  | Methods used as a percent of total jobseekers |  |  |  |  |  | Average number of methods used |
|  | Total unemployed | Total jobseekers | Public employment agency | Private employment agency | Employer directly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Placed } \\ & \text { or } \\ & \text { answered } \\ & \text { ads } \end{aligned}$ | Friends or relatives | Other |  |
| Total, 16 years and over ......................... | 8,625 | 7,140 | 26.8 | 6.3 | 75.6 | 33.3 | 17.8 | 5.5 | 1.65 |
| Job losers' ............................................... | 4,578 | 3,206 | 34.8 | 6.6 | 77.4 | 34.8 | 21.4 | 5.5 | 1.81 |
| Job leavers ............................................... | 795 | 796 | 25.0 | 9.4 | 75.0 | 35.4 | 16.6 | 5.3 | 1.67 |
| Reentrants ...............................................\| | 2,282 | 2,177 | 20.5 | 6.2 | 71.8 | 34.3 | 14.6 | 6.6 | 1.54 |
| New entrants ............................................i | 971 | 962 | 15.8 | 2.8 | 78.5 | 24.2 | 13.7 | 3.3 | 1.38 |
| Men, 16 years and over | 4,868 | 3,848 | 28.6 | 5.9 | 76.9 | 32.6 | 21.0 | 6.7 | 1.72 |
| Job losers' ................................................ | 3,139 | 2,177 | 34.6 | 5.3 | 77.5 | 33.4 | 24.1 | 7.0 | 1.82 |
| Job leavers ................................................\| | 368 | 362 | 25.7 | 11.3 | 76.8 | 35.4 | 21.0 | 6.1 | 1.76 |
| Reentrants ...............................................i | 937 | 889 | 22.0 | 7.0 | 73.2 | 33.4 | 16.4 | 8.1 | 1.60 |
| New entrants ............................................\| | 423 | 420 | 13.8 | 1.9 | 81.2 | 24.0 | 15.0 | 2.6 | 1.39 |
| Women, 16 years and over ...................... | 3,758 | 3,293 | 24.7 | 6.7 | 74.1 | 34.2 | 13.9 | 4.1 | 1.58 |
| Job losers' ................................................ | 1,438 | 1,030 | 35.1 | 9.3 | 77.1 | 38.0 | 15.8 | 2.1 | 1.77 |
| Job leavers ............................................... | 427 | 434 | 24.4 | 7.8 | 73.5 | 35.5 | 12.9 | 4.6 | 1.59 |
| Reentrants | 1,345 | 1,288 | 19.3 | 5.6 | 71.0 | 34.8 | 13.2 | 5.6 | 1.49 |
| New entrants ........................................ | 548 | 542 | 17.3 | 3.5 | 76.4 | 24.4 | 12.7 | 3.9 | 1.38 |

[^1]A-21. Employed civilians in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age and sex
(In thousands)

|  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

## A-22. Employed civilians by occupation, sex, and age

| Occupation | Total |  | Men |  |  |  | Women |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16 ye and |  | 16 ye and |  | 20 ye and |  | 16 years and over |  | 20 years and over |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1985 | $\begin{array}{c\|} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1984 } \end{array}$ | Mar. 1985 | Mar. <br> 1984 | Mar. 1985 | Mar. <br> 1984 | Mar. 1985 | Mar. <br> 1984 | Mar. 1985 |
| Total ..................................................................................... 1 | 102,770 | 5,768 | 57,622 | 58.773 | 54,630 | 55,713\| | 45,148 | 46,995 | 42,363 | 44,043 |
| Managerial and protessional specialty | 24,969 | 26,009 | 14,509 | 14,864 | 14,439 | 14,794 | 10,460 | 11,145 | 10,394 | 11,024 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 11,509 | 12,313 | 7,668 | 7,944! | 7,635 | 7,911 | 3,841 | 4,370: | 3,819 | 4.323 |
| Officials and administrators, public administration .......................! | 469 | 467 | 315 | 289 | 3151 | 289 | 154i | 178: | 153 | 178 |
| Other executive, administrative, and managerial .........................): | 7,744 | 8,459 | 5,419 | 5,849 | 5,388 | 5,816, | 2,325 | 2,610 | 2,307 | 2,579 |
| Management-related occupations ..............................................; | 3,296: | 3,387, | 1,933 | 1,805 | 1,932 | 1,806 | 1,363 | 1,582 | 1,358: | 1,566 |
| Professional specialty .. | 13,460 | 13,696 | 6,841 | 6,921 । | 6,804 | 6,883 | 6,619 | 6,775 | 6,575 | 6,702 |
| Engineers | 1,611 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 1,637 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1,516 | 1,515 | 1.515 | 1,514 | $95^{1}$ | 122! | 951 | 122 |
| Mathematical and computer scientists | 5271 | 481\| | 384\| | 356 | 384 | 356 | 143 | 124 | 143 | 124 |
| Natural scientists | 364 | 395 | 279 | 319 | 278 | 319 | 85 ! | $75!$ | 85 | 73 |
| Health diagnosing occupations | 755 | 753 | 655 | 6371 | 655 | 637 | 100 \| | 116 | 100: | 115 |
| Health assessment and treating occupations | 1,879 | 1,971 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 239 | $310{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 239 | 308 | 1,640 | 1,662 | 1.636 | 1,655 |
| Teachers, college and university ...............................................' | 665 | $775!$ | $415^{\text {i }}$ | 500. | 412 | 495 | 250 | 275 | 246 | 274 |
| Teachers, except college and university | 3,702 | 3,707i | 1,037 | 996 | 1,030 | $991{ }^{\text { }}$ | 2,665 | 2,711 | 2,648: | 2,677 |
| Lawyers and judges ....... | 672 ! | 702, | 580, | $558{ }^{\prime}$ | 580. | 558 | 92 | 144 | 92. | 143 |
| Other professional specialty occupations | 3,286 | 3,277 | 1,737, | 1,730 | 1,710: | 1,705 | 1,549 | 1,547 | 1,531, | 1,517 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support ...................................'. | ' 31,826 | 33,060 ${ }^{1}$ | 11,498' | 11,574 | 10,997: | 11,036 | 20,328 | 21,486 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 18,953 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 19,957 |
| Technicians and related support .................................................. | - 3,188 | 3,208 | 1,631, | 1,685 | 1,607. | 1,655 | 1,557! | 1,524i | 1,539! | 1.499 |
| Health technologists and technicians | 1,052; | 1,087 | 143, | 172: | 139. | 1681 | 909 | 916. | 900. | 903 |
| Engineering and science technicians | 1,087 | 1,096 | 843 | 8481 | 831 | 831, | 245 | 248 | 237, | 242 |
| Technicians, except health, engineering, and science .................. | 1,049! | 1,025! | 645 | 666 | 636. | 657. | 403, | 360 , | 402; | 354 |
| Sales occupations | 12,185 | 12,476 | 6,557 | 6,456. | 6,250 | 6,114, | 5,628, | 6,020: | 4,829. | 5,160 |
| Supervisors and proprietors | 3,116: | 3,206 | 2,229 | 2.193 | 2,214. | 2,168 | 887 | 1,014 | 868 | 992 |
| Sales representatives, finance and business services | 1,954; | 2,185 | 1,233 | 1,2981 | 1,225. | 1,289 | 722 | 887 | 702 | 876 |
| Sales representatives, commodities, except retail | 1,497. | 1,453 | 1,272 | 1,195. | 1,264 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 1,176. | 225 | $258{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 221; | 248 |
| Sales workers, retail and personal services | 5,546' | 5,574 | 1,795 | 1,752. | 1,519 | 1,464 | 3,751 | 3,823 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 2,995 | 3,007 |
| Sales-related occupations | 72 | 57 | 29 i | 18 | 28, | 17 | $44^{\prime}$ | 39 | 43 | 38 |
| Administrative support, including clerical | 16,452 | 17,376 | 3,310, | 3,434 | 3,140. | 3,267i | 13,143 | 13,942i | 12,584 | 13,297 |
| Supervisors | 695 | 724 | 335 | 361 | 333. | 360 | 360 | 3631 | 361 ' | 362 |
| Computer equipment operators | $708^{\text {' }}$ | 772 | 259 | 257 | 254 | 249 | 449 | 516, | 426. | 483 |
| Secretaries, stenographers, and typists | 4,814: | 5,051 | 98 | 129 | 87 | 120 | 4,716 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 4,922 | 4,524. | 4,711 |
| Financial records processing | 2,426 | 2,523 | 252: | 259 | 244 : | 252 : | 2,175 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 2,264 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 2,124 | 2,210 |
| Mail and message distributing | 791. | 834 | 543. | 524 | 508 | 505. | 248 | 310. | 234 | 290 |
| Other administrative support, including clerical | 7,017 | 7,471 | 1,822 | 1,905 | 1.713 | 1.781. | 5,195 | 5,567. | 4,917 ${ }^{\circ}$ | 5,242 |
| Service occupations | 13,940 | 14.259 | 5,497 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 5,736 | 4,588 | 4,871 | 8.442 | 8.523 | 7.374 | 7.502 |
| Private household | 898 | 1,000 | 46. | 28 | 36 | 17. | 852' | 972 | 697 | 781 |
| Protective service | 1,604 | 1,671 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 1,419 | 1,464 | 1,376 | 1.441 | 184! | 207. | 167 | 202 |
| Service, except private household and protective | 11,438 | 11,588 | 4,032 | 4,244 | 3.175 | 3,413. | 7.406 | 7.344 | 6,510 | 6.519 |
| Food service | 4.956 | 5,031 | 1,773 | 1,926 | 1.158 | 1.285 | 3,183 | 3,105 | 2,535 | 2,509 |
| Health service | 1,749 | 1,754 | 182 | 202 | 165 | 189 | 1,567 | 1,552 | 1,475 | 1,482 |
| Cleaning and building service | 2,746 | 2,854 | 1,689. | 1,743 | 1,510 | 1,594 | 1,057 | 1,110 | 997 | 1,051 |
| Personal service | 1,987 | 1,949 | 388 | 373 | 341 | 345 | 1,599 | 1,576 | 1,503. | 1,477 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 12,563 | 13,074 | 11,528 | 11,974 ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 11,255 | 11,668 | 1,036 | 1,099 | 996 | 1,053 |
| Mechanics and repairers | 4,257 | 4,456 | 4,123. | 4,304 | 4,004 | 4.181 | 135 | 153 | 129 | 153 |
| Construction trades | 4,204 | 4.496 | 4,144 | 4,402 | 4,027. | 4,266 | 60 | 94 | 54. | 80 |
| Other precision production, craft, and repair | 4,102 | 4,122 | 3,261. | 3,269. | 3,224 | 3,221 | 841 | 853 | 813 | 820 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers | 16,437 | 16,301 | 12,002 | 12,044 | 10,976 | 11,012 | 4,435 | 4,256 | 4,231 | 4,051 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors | 7.885 | 7.752 | 4,505 | 4,584 | 4,307 | 4,390 | 3,380 | 3.167 | 3,264 | 3.082 |
| Manufacturing industries | 6,708 | 6,528 | 3,743 | 3,761 | 3.594 | 3,610 | 2,965 | 2,767 | 2,867 | 2,710 |
| Durable goods | 3.663 | 3,602 | 2,477 | 2,482 | 2,392 | 2,386 | 1,187. | 1,120 | 1,150 | 1,099 |
| Nondurable goods | 3.045 | 2,926 | 1,267 | 1,279 | 1,203 | 1,224 | 1,778 | 1,647 | 1,717 | 1,611 |
| Nonmanufacturing industries | 1,176 | 1,224 | 762 | 824 | 713 | 780 | 415 | 401 | 397 | 372 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations | 4,321 | 4,504 | 3,932 | 4,117 | 3,824 | 3,981 | 389 | 387 | 372 | 365 |
| Motor vehicle operators | 3,163 | 3,264 | 2,841 | 2,920 | 2,751 | 2,812 | 322 | 344 | 305 | 323 |
| Other transportation and material moving occupations ................ | 1,158 | 1,240 | 1,091 | 1,197 | 1,073 | 1,170 | 67 | 43 | 67 | 42 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers | 4,231 | 4,045 | 3,564 | 3,343 | 2,845 | 2,641 | 666 | 702 | 595 | 604 |
| Construction laborers | 567 | 550 | 551 | 535 | 498 | 482 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 12 |
| Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers | 3,664 | 3,495 | 3.013 | 2,807 | 2,346 | 2,159 | 650 | 687 | 581 | 593 |
| Farming, forestry, and fishing | 3,035 | 3,065 | 2,587 | 2,580 | 2,376 | 2,333 | 448 | 485 | 414 | 455 |
| Farm operators and managers | 1,350 | 1,318 | 1.161 | 1.141 | 1,148 | 1,130 | 189 | 176 | 190 | 176 |
| Other farming, forestry, and fishing occupations | 1,685 | 1,747 | 1,427 | 1,439 | 1,228 | 1,202 | 259 | 309 | 225 | 279 |

A-23. Employed civilians by occupation, race, and sex
(Percent distribution)


[^2]HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
A-24. Employed civilians by age, sex, and class of worker

| Age and sex | March 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |  |  |  |  | Agriculture |  |  |  |
|  | Wage and salary workers |  |  |  | Seliemployed workers | Unpaid family workers | Wage and salary workers |  | Selfemployed workers |  | Unpaid family workers |
|  | Total | Private household workers | Government | Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 years and over | 94,813 | 1,153 | 16,324 | 77,335 | 7,707 | 340 |  | 1,338 | 1,376 |  | 195 |
| 16 to 19 years ... | 5,665 | 220 | 286 | 5,159 | 80 | 21 |  | 203 | 12 |  | 32 |
| 16 to 17 years | 2,077 | 148 | 85 | 1,844 | 34 | 8 |  | 88 | 1 | 1 | 15 |
| 18 to 19 years | 3,588 | 72 | 201 | 3,315 | 46 | 13 |  | 115 | 11 | ¢ | 17 |
| 20 to 24 years... | 12,908 | 123 | 1,244 | 11,541 | 326 | 29 |  | 233 | 66 | , | 23 |
| 25 to 34 years | 28,253 | 165 | 4,493 | 23,595 | 1,918 | 53 |  | 363 | 245 | 1 | 24 |
| 35 to 44 years | 21,576 | 171 | 4,721 | 16,684 | 2,144 | 107 |  | 218 | 268 | ! | 55 |
| 45 to 54 years | 14,391 | 163 | 3,148 | 11,080 | 1,571 | 83 |  | 153 | 288 | i | 31 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 9,951 | 197 | 2,080 | 7,674 | 1,158 | 33 |  | 103 | 299 |  | 16 |
| 55 to 59 years | 6,008 | 100 | 1,243 | 4,665 | 715 | 21 |  | 56 | 153 |  | 6 |
| 60 to 64 years | 3,943 | 97 | 836 | 3,009 | 443 | 12 |  | 47 | 146 |  | 9 |
| 65 years and over ...................................... | 2,069 | 114 | 354 | 1,601 | 509 | 14 |  | 64 | 199 | ' | 14 |
| Men, 16 years and over | 51,233 | 96 | 7,787 | 43,350 | 5,179 | 47 |  | 1,072 | 1,190 |  | 52 |
| 16 to 19 years ................. | 2,775 | 27 | 116 | 2,631 | 57 | 20 | I | 174 | 11 |  | 25 |
| 16 to 17 years .... | 999 | 17 | 39 | 943 | 28 | 7 | I | 73 | 1 |  | 11 |
| 18 to 19 years | 1,775 | 10 | 77 | 1,688 | 28 | 13 |  | 100 | 10 | 1 | 13 |
| 20 to 24 years.. | 6,548 | 10 | 542 | 5,996 | 222 | 14 |  | 190 | 56 | i | 13 |
| 25 to 34 years ........................................... | 15,515 | 17 | 2,009 | 13,489 | 1,244 | 6 | ! | 282 | 204 |  | 3 |
| 35 to 44 years .... | 11,744 | 17 | 2,327 | 9,400 | 1,402 | 4 | : | 177 | 221 |  | 6 |
| 45 to 54 years | 7,944 | 10 | 1,560 | 6,375 | 1,052 | - |  | 111 | 256 | , | - |
| 55 to 64 years. | 5,574 | 10 | 1,052 | 4,512 | 834 | - |  | 87 | 265 | , | - |
| 55 to 59 years | 3,366 | 6 | 637 | 2,722 | 503 | - | ! | 45 | 134 | , | - |
| 60 to 64 years ......................................... | 2,209 | 4 | 415 | 1,790 | 331 | - | ; | 42 | 131 |  | - |
| 65 years and over ...................................... | 1,132 | 4 | 182 | 946 | 368 | 3 | I | 51 | 177 | + | 5 |
| Women, 16 years and over ....................... | 43,579 | 1,057 | 8,537 | 33,985 | 2,529 | 292 | , | 265 | 186 | 1 | 143 |
| 16 to 19 years ........................................... | 2,890 | 193 | 170 | 2,528 | 23 | 1 | ! | 30 | - | 1 | 7 |
| 16 to 17 years ........................................\| | 1,078 | 131 | 46 | 901 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 15 | - | ! | 3 |
| 18 to 19 years ........................................i | 1,812 | 62 | 124 | 1,627 | 18 | - |  | 15 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| 20 to 24 years ...........................................l | 6,360 | 113 | 702 | 5,545 | 104 | 16 |  | 44 | 10 | 1 | 10 |
| 25 to 34 years ..........................................i | 12,738 | 148 | 2,484 | 10,106 | 674 | 46 |  | 80 | 41 | 1 | 21 |
| 35 to 44 years ............................................. | 9,832 | 154 | 2,394 | 7,284 | 743 | 102 | ' | 41 | 47 | ! | 48 |
| 45 to 54 years | 6,446 | 153 | 1,588 | 4,705 | 518 | 83 | ! | 42 | 32 |  | 32 |
| 55 to 64 years | 4,377 | 187 | 1,028 | 3,162 | 325 | 32 | ! | 16 | 34 | + | 16 |
| 55 to 59 years | 2,643 | 94 | 606 | 1,942 | 212 | 21 |  | 11 | 19 | - | 7 |
| 60 to 64 years | 1,734 | 93 | 422 | 1,220 | 112 | 12 |  | 5 | - 15 |  | 9 |
| 65 years and over | 936 | 109 | 172 | 655 | 142 | 12 | , | 12 | 22 | , | 9 |

## A-25. Employed civilians by Industry and occupation

(In thousands)

| Industry | March 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Managerial and professional specialty |  |  | Technical, sales, and administrative support |  |  | Service occupations |  | Precision production, craft, and repair | Operators, fabricators, and laborers |  |  | Farming, forestry, and fishing |
|  | Total employed | Executive, adminis. trative. and managerial | Professional specialty | Technicians and related support | Sales | Administrative support, including clerical | Private household | Other service ${ }^{1}$ |  | Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors | Transportation and material moving | Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers |  |
| Agriculture | 2,909 | 55 | 78 | 17 |  | 115 | - | 13 | 19 | 11 | 33 | 13 | 2,552 |
| Mining ... | 917 | 133 | 93 | 58 | 16 | 120 | - | 13 | 286 | 30 | 142 | 28 | - |
| Construction .......................... | 6,614 | 835 | 148 | 60 | 61 | 472 | - | 17 | 3,841 | 81 | 411 | 676 | 12 |
| Manufacturing ........................ | 20,942 | 2,348 | 1,632 | 773 | 692 | 2,544 | - | 434 | 4,084 | 6,528 | 891 | 938 | 79 |
| Durable goods ...................... | 12,584 | 1,441 | 1,128 | 558 | 297 | 1,465 |  | 257 | 2,846 | 3,602 | 435 | 486 | 68 |
| Nondurable goods ...............\| | 8,358 | 907 | 504 | 214 | 394 | 1,079 | - | 176 | 1,239 | 2,926 | 455 | 453 | 10 |
| Transportation and public utilities $\qquad$ | 7,539 | 846 | 405 | 212 | 319 | 2,064 |  | 236 | 1,338 | 121 | 1,536 | 448 | 14 |
| Wholesale and retail trade ...... | 21,789 | 1,803 | 395 | 73 | 8,917 | 2,269 | - | 4,138 | 1,388 | 262 | 890 | 1,611 | 43 |
| Wholesale trade ..................i | 4,265 | 432 | 55 | 30 | 1,707 | 846 | - | 38 | 278 | 136 | 441 | 285 | 15 |
| Retail trade ......................... | 17,525 | 1,371 | 340 | 44 | 7,210 | 1,423 |  | 4,099 | 1,109 | 126 | 449 | 1,327 | 28 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate $\qquad$ | 7,036 | 1,675 | 136 | 117 | 1,756 | 2,844 | - | 313 | 98 | 18 | 17 | 14 | 47 |
| Services .......................... | 33,157! | 3,562 | 10,186 | 1,663 | 693 | 5,584 | 1,000 | 6,964 | 1,778 | 662 | 519 | 279 | 267 |
| Private households ............... | 1,160 | - | 10 | 5 | 1 | - 9 | 1,000 | 67 | 3 | 1 | - | 15 | 51 |
| Other service industries ........ | [31,997 | 3,563 | 10,176 | 1,659 | 692 | 5,575 | - | 6,897 | 1,776 | 661 | 519 | 264 | 216 |
| Professional services .......... | 21,933 | 2,026 | 9,222 | 1,409 | 127 | 4,140 | - | 4,093 | 350 | 137 | 301 | 75 | 52 |
| Public administration ............... | 4,864 | 1,056 | 622 | 236 | 17 | 1,365 | - | 1,132 | 242 | 40 | 66 | 37 | 51 |

' Includes protective service, not shown separately.

## A-26. Employed civilians with a job but not at work by reason, sex, and pay status

(In thousands)


HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
A-27. Persons at work by hours of work and type of industry

| Hours of work | March 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousands of persons |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
|  | All industries | Agriculture | Nonagricultural industries | All industries | Agriculture | Nonagricultural industries |
| Total, 16 years and over | 101,531 | 2,790 | 98,741 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1 to 34 hours ............................................................. | 24,385 | 843 | 23,543 | 24.0 | 30.2 | 23.8 |
| 1 to 4 hours | 785 | 50 | 736 | . 8 | 1.8 | . 7 |
| 5 to 14 hours... | 4,690 | 184 | 4,506 | 4.6 | 6.6 | 4.6 |
| 15 to 29 hours ......................................................... | 12,410 | 443 | 11,968 | 12.2 | 15.9 | 12.1 |
| 30 to 34 hours ........................................................... | 6,500 | 166 | 6,333 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 6.4 |
| 35 hours and over ...................................................... | 77,145 | 1,946 | 75,199 | 76.0 | 69.8 | 76.2 |
| 35 to 39 hours .........................................................j | 6,943 | 133 | 6,810 | 6.8 | 4.8 | 6.9 |
| 40 hours .......... | 41,562 | 538 | 41,024 | 40.9 | 19.3 | 41.5 |
| 41 hours and over | 28,640 | 1,275 | 27,365 | 28.2 | 45.7 | 27.7 |
| 41 to 48 hours | 10,548 | 252 | 10,296 | 10.4 | 9.0 | 10.4 |
| 49 to 59 hours ....................................................... | 10.611 | 381 | 10,230 | 10.5 | 13.7 | 10.4 |
| 60 hours and over .................................................. | 7,481 | 642 | 6,839 | 7.4 | 23.0 | 6.9 |
| Average hours, total at work ....................................... | 38.9 | 43.2 | 38.8 | - | - | - |
| Average hours, workers on full-time schedules .............. | 43.6 | 50.8 | 43.4 | - | - | - |

A-28. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by reason for working less than 35 hours, type of industry, and usual status (Numbers in thousands)

| Reason for working less than 35 hours | March 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All industries |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |
|  | Total | Usually work full time | Usually work part time | Total | Usually work full time | Usually work part time |
| Total, 16 years and over | 24,385 | 6,327 | 18,059 | 23,543 | 6,031 | 17,512 |
| Economic reasons | 5,466 | 1,862 | 3,604 | 5,249 | 1,754 | 3,495 |
| Slack work. | 2,612 | 1,535 | 1,077 | 2,465 | 1,439 | 1,026 |
| Material shortages or repairs to plant and equipment ........ | 60 | 60 | - | 59 | 59 | - |
| New job started during week.. | 195 | 195 | - | 188 | 188 | - |
| Job terminated during week... | 72 | 72 | - | 68 | 68 | - |
| Could find only part-time work | 2,527 | - | 2,527 | 2,469 | - | 2,469 |
| Other reasons ....................................................................................... | 18,919 | 4,464 | 14,455 | 18,294 | 4,277 | 14,017 |
| Does not want, or unavailable for, full-time work | 12,241 | - | 12,241 | 11,915 | - | 11,915 |
| Vacation | 939 | 939 | - | 933 | 933 |  |
| lliness ... | 1,690 | 1.521 | 169 | 1,650 | 1,491 | 159 |
| Bad weather .. | 387 | 387 | - | 314 | 314 | - |
| Industrial dispute | 10 | 10 | - | 9 | 9 | - |
| Legal or religious holiday ................................................................... | 61 | 61 | - | 61 | 61 | - |
| Full time for this job ............................................................................ | 1,546 | - | 1,546 | 1,498 | - | 1,498 |
| All other reasons ...... | 2,046 | 1,547 | 499 | 1,915 | 1,469 | 446 |
| Average hours: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economic reasons ................................................................................ | 22.0 | 24.1 | 20.9 | 22.0 | 24.3 | 20.9 |
| Other reasons ...................................................................................... | 20.5 | 25.7 | 18.9 | 20.5 | 25.8 | 18.9 |
| Worked 30 to 34 hours: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economic reasons ................................................................................ | 1,701 | 831 | 870 | 1,653 | 802 | 851 |
| Other reasons ..................................................................................... | 4.799 | 2,234 | 2,565 | 4,680 | 2,175 | 2,505 |

A-29. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and full- or part-time status
(Numbers in thousands)

| Industry | March 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total at work | On part time for economic reasons | On voluntary part time | On full-time schedules |  |  |  | Average hours, total at work | Average hours, workers on full-time schedules |
|  |  |  |  | Total | 40 hours or less | 41 to 48 hours | 49 hours or more |  |  |
| Total, 16 years and over ....................................... | 98,741 | 5,249 | 14,017 | 79,475 | 52,110 | 10,296 | 17,069 | 38.8 | 43.4 |
| Wage and salary workers .......................................... | 91,172 | 4,633 | 12,651 | 73,888 | 49,684 | 9,739 | 14,465 | 38.6 | 43.0 |
| Mining .................................................................... | 853 | 20 | 23 | 810 | 189 | 117 | 240 | 45.1 | 46.2 |
| Construction | 5,085 | 416 | 243 | 4,426 | 3,149 | 442 | 835 | 39.5 | 42.2 |
| Manufacturing | 19,889 | 711 | 689 | 18,489 | 12,367 | 2,868 | 3,254 | 41.4 | 42.9 |
| Durable goods ...................................................... | 11,981 | 264 | 309 | 11,408 | 7,540 | 1,791 | 2,077 | 42.0 | 43.0 |
| Nondurable goods ................................................ | 7,909 | 446 | 380 | 7,083 | 4,829 | 1,076 | 1,178 | 40.5 | 42.6 |
| Transportation and public utilities .............................. | 6,819 | 257 | 363 | 6,199 | 4,077 | 864 | 1,258 | 41.5 | 43.5 |
| Wholesale and retail trade ....................................... | 19,306 | 1,488 | 4,729 | 13,089 | 8,055 | 2,064 | 2,970 | 36.1 | 43.6 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate .......................... | 6,270 | 100 | 632 | 5,538 | 3,835 | 657 | 1,046 | 39.9 | 42.5 |
| Service industries .................................................... | 28,275 | 1,576 | 5,723 | 20,976 | 14,484 | 2,283 | 4,209 | 36.7 | 42.9 |
| Private households | 1,104 | 214 | 498 | 392 | 276 | 35 | 81 | 25.2 | 44.3 |
| All other industries | 27,171 | 1,362 | 5,225 | 20,584 | 14,208 | 2,248 | 4,128 | 37.2 | 42.9 |
| Public administration ............................................... | 4,675 | 64 | 250 | 4,361 | 3,265 | 444 | 652 | 40.8 | 42.3 |
| Self-employed workers ............................................... | 7,229 | 603 | 1,228 | 5,398 | 2,308 | 543 | 2,547 | 40.9 | 48.6 |
| Unpaid family workers ................................................ | 340 | 14 | 138 | 188 | 118 | 14 | 56 | 34.3 | 43.8 |

HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
A-30. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by sex, age, race, marital status, and full- or part-time status
(Numbers in thousands)


A-31. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and full- or part-time status
(Numbers in thousands)


[^3]A-32. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status and sex | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninstitutional population' | 177,510 | 177,662 | 177,813 | 177,974 | 178,138 | 178,295 | 178,483 | 178,661 | 178,834 | 179,004 | 179,081 | 179,219 | 179,368 |
| Labor force ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 114,592 | 114,895 | 115,412 | 115,309 | 115,566 | 115,341 | 115,484 | 115,721 1 | 115,773 | 116,162 | 116,572 | 116,787 | 117,215 |
| Percent of population ${ }^{2}$ | 64.6 | 64.7 | 64.9 | 64.8 | 64.9 | 64.7 | 64.7 | 64.8 | 64.7 | 64.9 | 65.1 | 65.2 | 65.3 |
| Total employed' .............. | 105,809 | 106,095 | 106,852 | 107,081 | 107,075 | 106,860 | 107,114 | 107,354 | 107,631 | 107,971 | 108,088 | 108,388 | 108,820 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{3}$ | 59.6 | 59.7 | 60.1 | 60.2 | 60.1 | 59.9 | 60.0 | 60.1 | 60.2 | 60.3 | 60.4 | 60.5 | 60.7 |
| Resident Armed Forces | 1,686 | 1,693 | 1,690 | 1,690 | 1,698 | 1,712 | 1,720 | 1,705 | 1,699 | 1,698 | 1,697 | 1,703 | 1,701 |
| Civilian employed. | 104,123 | 104,402 | 105,162 | 105,391 | 105,377 | 105,148 | 105,394 | 105,649 | 105,932 | 106,273 | 106,391 | 106,685 1 | 107,119 |
| Agriculture | 3,305 | 3,379 | 3,367 | 3,368 | 3,333 | 3,264 | 3,319 | 3,169 | 3,334 | 3,385 | 3,320 | 3,340 | 3,362 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 100,818 | 101.023 | 101,795 | 102,023 | 102,044 | 101,884 | 102,075 | 102,480 | 102,598 | 102,888 | 103,071 | 103,345 | 103,757 |
| Unemployed | 8,783 | 8,800. | 8,560 | 8,228 | 8,491 | 8,481 | 8,370 | 8,367 | 8,142 | 8,191 | 8,4841 | 8,399 | 8,396 |
| Unemployment rate ${ }^{4}$ | 7.7 | 7.7 | $7.4{ }^{\prime}$ | 7.1 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.2 |
| Not in labor force | 62,918 | 62,767 | 62,401 | 62,665 | 62,572 | 62,954 | 62,999 | 62,940 | 63,061 | 62,842 | 62,509 | 62,432 | 62,153 |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninstitutional population ${ }^{1}$ | 84,880 | 84,953 | 85,024 | 85,101 | 85,179 | 85,257 | 85,352 | 85,439 | 85,523 | 85,607 | 85,629 | 85,692 | 85,764 |
| Labor force' . | 65,151 | 65,200 | 65,304 | 65,348 | 65,412 | 65,357 | 65,589 | 65,558 | 65,657 | 65,814 | 65,822 | 65,818 | 65,923 |
| Percent of population ${ }^{2}$ | 76.8 | 76.7 | 76.8 | 76.8 | 76.8 | 76.7 | 76.8 | 76.7 | 76.8 | 76.9 | 76.9 | 76.8 | 76.9 |
| Total employed' | 60,262 | 60,289 | 60,578 | 60,758 | 60,687 | 60,766 | 60,959 | 61,018 | 61,155 | 61,252 | 61,213 | 61,226 | 61,427 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{3}$ | 71.0 | 71.0 | 71.2 | 71.4 | 71.2 | 71.3 | 71.4 | 71.4 | 71.5 | 71.6 | 71.5 | 71.4 | 71.6 |
| Resident Armed Forces | 1,542 | 1,548 | 1,545 | 1,545 | 1,551 | 1,563 | 1,571 | 1,557 | 1,552 | 1,550 | 1,549 | 1,554 | 1,553 |
| Civilian employed | 58,720 | 58,741 | 59,033 | 59,213 | 59,136 | 59,203 | 59,388 | 59,461 | 59,603 | 59,702 | 59,664 | 59,672 | 59,874 |
| Unemployed | 4,889 | 4,911 | 4,726 | 4.590 | 4,725 | 4,591 | 4,630 | 4,540 | 4,502\| | 4,562 | 4,609 | 4,592\| | 4,495 |
| Unemployment rate ${ }^{4}$ | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.0 | $7.0 \mid$ | 6.8 |
| Not in labor force | 19,729 | 19,753 | 19,720 | 19,753 | 19,767 | 19,900 | 19,763 | 19,881 | 19,866 | 19,793 | 19,807 | 19,874 | 19,841 |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninstitutional population' | 92,630 | 92,709 | 92,789 | 92,873 | 92,958 | 93,039 | 93,132 | 93,222 | 93,311 | 93,397 | 93,452 | 93,527 | 93,603 |
| Labor force' .... | 49,441 | 49,695 | 50,108 | 49,961 | 50,154 | 49,984 | 49,895 | 50,163 | 50,116 | 50,348 | 50,750 | 50,970 | 51,293 |
| Percent of population ${ }^{2}$ | 53.4 | 53.6 | 54.0 | 53.8 | 54.0 | 53.7 | 53.6 | 53.8 | 53.7 | 53.9 | 54.3 | 54.5 | 54.8 |
| Total employed ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 45,547 | 45,806 | 46,274 | 46,323 | 46,388 | 46,094 | 46,155 | 46,336 | 46,476 | 46,719 | 46,875 | 47,162 | 47,392 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{3}$ | 49.2 | 49.4 | 49.9 | 49.9 | 49.9 | 49.5 | 49.6 | 49.7 | 49.8 | 50.0 | 50.2 | 50.4 | 50.6 |
| Resident Armed Forces | 144 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 147 | 149 | 149 | 148 | 147 | 148 | 148 | 149 | 148 |
| Civilian employed | 45,403 | 45,661 | 46,129 | 46,178 | 46,241 | 45,945 | 46,006 | 46,188 | 46,329 | 46,571 | 46,727 | 47,013 | 47,244 |
| Unemployed | 3,894 | 3,889 | 3,834 | 3,638 | 3,766 | 3,890 | 3,740 | 3,827 | 3,640 | 3,629 | 3,875 | 3,807 | 3,900 |
| Unemployment rate ${ }^{4}$ | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.6 |
| Not in labor force | 43,189 | 43,014 | 42,681 | 42,912 | 42,804 | 43,055 | 43,237 | 43,059 | 43,195 | 43,049 | 42,702 | 42,557 | 42,310 |

[^4]Armed Forces).
NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-32 through A-41 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustmert of the various series.

A-33. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, sex, and age | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population' | 175,824 | 175,969 | 176,123 | 176,284 | 176,440 1 | 176,583 | 176,763 | 176,956 | 177,135 | 177,306 | 177,384 | 177,516 | 177,667 |
| Civilian labor force | 112,906 | 113,202 | 113,722 | 113,619 | 113,868 1 | 113,629 1 | 113,764 | 114,016 | 114,074 | 114,464 | 114,875 | 115,084 | 115,514 |
| Percent of population | 64.2 | 64.3 | 64.6 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.3 | 64.4 | 64.4 | 64.4 | 64.6 | 64.8 | 64.8 | 65.0 |
| Employed .................... | 104,123 | 104,402 | 105,162 | 105,391 | 105,377,10 | 105,148 | 105,394 | 105,649 | 105,932 | 106,273 | 106,391 | 106,685 | 107,119 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 59.2 | 59.3 | 59.7 | 59.8 | 59.7 | 59.5 | 59.6 | 59.7 | 59.8 | 59.9 | 60.0 | 60.1 | 60.3 |
| Unemployed ........................... | 8,783 | 8,800 | 8,560 | 8,228 | 8,491 | 8,481 | 8,370 | 8,367 | 8,142 | 8,191 | 8,484 | 8,399 | 8,396 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 7.5 ! | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.3 |
| Men, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population' | 75,880 | 75,973 | 76,073 | 76,176 | 76,269 | 76,350 | 76,451 | 76,565 | 76,663 | 76,753 | 76,760 | 76,829 | 76,904 |
| Civilian labor force | 59,400 | 59,474 | 59,572 | 59,668 | 59,730 | 59,771 | 59,892 | 59,913 | 59,994 | 60,131 | 60,033 | 60,061 | 60,152 |
| Percent of population | 78.3 | 78.3 | 78.3 | 78.3 | 78.3 | 78.3 | 78.31 | 78.3 | 78.3 | 78.3 | 78.2 | 78.2 | 78.2 |
| Employed | 55,352 | 55,387 | 55,663 | 55,861 | 55,846 | 55,935 | 56,075 | 56,182 | 56,269 | 56,372 | 56,234 | 56,287 | 56,421 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 72.9 | 72.91 | 73.2 | 73.31 | 73.2 | 73.3 | 73.3 | 73.4 | 73.4 | 73.4 | 73.3 | 73.3 | 73.4 |
| Agriculture | 2,382 | 2,446 | 2,443 | 2,448 | 2,444 | 2,406 | 2,414 | 2,334 | 2,434 | 2,494 | 2,417 | 2,362 | 2,326 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 52,970 | 52,941 | 53,220 | 53,413 | 53,402 | 53,529 | 53,661 | 53,848 | 53,835 | 53,878 | 53,817 | 53,926 | 54,095 |
| Unemployed... | 4,048 | 4,087 | 3,909 | 3,807 | 3,884 | 3,836 | 3,817 | 3.731 | 3,725 | 3,759 | 3,798 | 3,774 | 3,731 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.8 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.2 |
| Not in labor force | 16,480 | 16,499 | 16,501 | 16,508 | 16,539 | 16,579 | 16,559 | 16,652 | 16,669 | 16,622 | 16,727 | 16,768 | 16,752 |
| Women, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population' | 85,064 | 85,168 | 85,272 | 85,380 | 85,488 | 85,581 | 85,688 | 85,793 | 85,897 | 85,995 | 86,015 | 86,086 | 86,181 |
| Civilian labor force. | 45,482 | 45,685 | 46,130 | 45,958 | 46,131 | 46,092 | 45,950 | 46,264 | 46,279 | 46,463 | 46,771 | 46,894 | 47,193 |
| Percent of population | 53.5 | 53.6 | 54.1 i | 53.8 | 54.0 | 53.9 | 53.6 | 53.9 | 53.9 | 54.0 | 54.4 | 54.5 | 54.8 |
| Employed | 42,334 | 42,524 | 43,003 | 42,986 | 43,001 | 42,878 | 42,906 | 43,091 | 43,252 | 43,511 | 43,610 | 43,768 | 44,014 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 49.8 | 49.9 | 50.4 | 50.3 | 50.3 | 50.11 | 50.11 | 50.2 | 50.4 | 50.6 | 50.7 | 50.8 | 51.1 |
| Agriculture | 587 | 613 | 603 | 611 | 580 | 573 | 590 | 569 | 580 | 595 | 592 | 614 | 659 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 41,747 | 41,911 | 42,400 | 42,375 | 42,421 | 42,305 | 42,316 | 42,522 | 42,672 | 42,916 | 43,018 | 43,153 | 43,355 |
| Unemployed | 3,148 | 3,161 | 3,127 | 2,972 | 3,130 | 3,214 | 3,044 | 3,173i | 3,027 | 2,952 | 3,161 | 3,126 | 3,179 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| Not in labor force ................................. | 39,582 | 39,483 | 39,142 | 39,422 | 39,357 | 39,489 | 39,738 | 39,529 | 39,618 | 39,532 | 39,244 | 39,192 | 38,988 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population' | 14,880 | 14,828 | 14,778 | 14,728 | 14,683 | 14,653 | 14,624 | 14,598 | 14,575 | 14,557 | 14,610 | 14,600 | 14,582 |
| Civilian labor force | 8,024 | 8,043 | 8,020 | 7,993 | 8,007 | 7,766 | 7,922 | 7,839 | 7,801 | 7,870 | 8,072 | 8,129 | 8,169 |
| Percent of population.. | 53.9 | 54.2 | 54.3 | 54.3 | 54.5 | 53.0 | 54.2 | 53.7 | 53.5 | 54.1 | 55.2 | 55.7 | 56.0 |
| Employed | 6,437 | 6,491 | 6,496 | 6,544 | 6,530! | 6,335 | 6,413 | 6,376 | 6,411 | 6,390 | 6,547 | 6,630 | 6,684 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 43.3 | 43.8 | 44.0 | 44.4 | 44.51 | 43.2 | 43.9 | 43.71 | 44.0 | 43.9 | 44.8 | 45.4 | 45.8 |
| Agriculture ....... | 336 | 320 | 321 | 309 | 309! | 285 | 315 | 266 | 320 | 296 | 311 | 364 | 377 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 6,101 | 6,171 | 6,175 | 6,235 | 6,221 | 6,050 | 6,098 | 6,110 | 6,091 | 6,094 | 6,236 | 6,266 | 6,307 |
| Unemployed | 1,587 | 1,552 | 1,524 | 1,449 | 1,477 | 1,431 | 1,509 | 1,463 | 1,390 | 1,480 | 1,525 | 1,499 | 1,485 |
| Unemployment rate | 19.8 | 19.3 | 19.0 | 18.1 | 18.4 | 18.4 | 19.0 | 18.71 | 17.8 | 18.8 | 18.9 | 18.4 | 18.2 |
| Not in labor force | 6,856 | 6,785 | 6,758 | 6,735 | 6,676 | 6,887 | 6,702 | 6,759 | 6,774 | 6,687 | 6,538 | 6,471 | 6,413 |

, The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
${ }^{2}$ Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)


See footnotes at end of table.

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. |
| BLACK-Continued <br> Both sexes, 16 to 19 years |  |  |  |  |  | ! |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force ................................\| | 787 | $840 \mid$ | 789 | 831 | 849 | 835 | 847 | 868 | 843 | 841 ! | 907 | 904 | 913 |
| Percent of population ....................... | 36.1 | 38.6\| | 36.4 | 38.5 | 39.4 | 38.8 | 39.5 | 40.5 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 42.1 |
| Employed .........................................\| | 420 | 468 | 439 | 523 | 490\| | 490 | 492 | 519 | 496 | 487 | 525 | 514 | 530 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$............ 1 | 19.3 | 21.5 | 20.2 | 24.2 | 22.71 | 22.8 | 22.9 | 24.2 ! | 23.2 | 22.8 | 24.1 | 23.7 | 24.4 |
| Unemployed ......................................\| | 367\| | 372 | 350 | 308 | 359 | 345 | 355 | 349 \| | 347 | 354 | 382 | 390 ! | 383 |
| Unemployment rate | 46.61 | 44.3 | 44.4 | 37.1 | 42.3 | 41.31 | 41.9 | 40.2 | 41.2 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 43.11 | 41.9 |
| Men ............................................. | 44.3 | 42.9 | 41.4 | 38.2 | 42.3 | 40.51 | 41.0 | 43.8 ! | 42.01 | 43.8 | 45.3 | 41.11 | 40.9 |
| Women ....................................... | 49.4! | 45.9 | 48.1 | 35.8 | 42.2 | 42.2! | 43.0: | 36.2 | 40.21 | 40.1 | 38.5 | 45.31 | 43.1 |
| HISPANIC ORIGIN | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HISPANIC ORIGIN |  | + |  |  |  |  | i |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population' ........... | 11,058 | 11,088 | 11,118 | 11,148 | 11,180 | 11,209 | 11,240 | 11,270 | 11,301 | 11,332 | 11,363 | 11,394 | 11,425 |
| Civilian labor force ...............................\| | 7,144 | 7,113 | 7,170 | 7,267 | 7,264 | 7,299 | 7,353 | 7,384 | 7,394 | 7,472 | 7,255 | 7,330 | 7,365 |
| Percent of population .......................\| | 64.6 | $64.2 \mid$ | 64.5 | 65.2 | 65.0 | 65.1 | 65.4 , | 65.5 | 65.4 | 65.9 | 63.8 | 64.3 | 64.5 |
| Employed .........................................\| | 6,333 | 6,294 | 6,402 | 6,519 | 6,503 | 6,521 | 6.5731 | 6,574 | 6,636 | 6,698, | 6,487 | 6,621 | 6,615 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$............ | 57.31 | 56.81 | 57.6 | 58.51 | 58.2 | 58.2 | 58.51 | 58.3 | 58.7 | 59.11 | 57.1 | 58.1 | 57.9 |
| Unemployed ......................................\| | 811 | 8191 | 768 | 7481 | 761 | 778 | 780 | 810 | 758 | 774, | 768 | 709 | 750 |
| Unemployment rate ........................... | 11.4 | 11.5 | 10.7 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 10.71 | 10.6 | 11.0; | 10.3 | 10.4 | 10.6 | 9.71 | 10.2 |

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

## A-35. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)


HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
A-36. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

| Sex and age | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. |
| Total, 16 years and over .....................\|104 | 104,123! 1 | 104,402 1 | 105,162 | 105,391 | 105,377 1 | 105,148 | 105,394 1 | 105,649 1 | 105,932 | 106,273 | 106,391 1 | 106,685 | 107,119 |
| 16 to 24 years | 20,587 | 20,628 | 20,786! | 20,982 | 20,797 | 20,349 | 20,584 | 20,647 | 20,721 | 20,673 | 20,716 | 20,705 | 20,685 |
| 16 to 19 years | 6,437 | 6,491 | 6,496 | 6,544 | 6,530 | 6,335 | 6,413 | 6,376 | 6,411 | 6,390 | 6,547 | 6,630 | 6,684 |
| 16 to 17 years | 2,376 | 2,383 | 2,462 | 2,434 | 2,429 | 2,336 | 2,480 | 2,418 | 2,415 | 2,432 | 2,513 | 2,584 | 2,596 |
| 18 to 19 years | 4,080 | 4,109 | 4,038 | 4,124i | 4,080 | 3,923 | 3,964 | 3,972 | 3,968 | 3,970 | 4,038 | 4,041! | 4,097 |
| 20 to 24 years | 14,150 | 14.137, | 14,290 | 14,438i | 14,267 | 14,014 | 14,171 | 14,271! | 14,310 | 14,283 | 14,169 | 14,074 | 14,001 |
| 25 years and over | 83,537 | 83,778! | 84.358 | 84,499 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 84,625 | 84,783 | 84,802 | 84,995 | 85,203 | 85,562 | 85,664 | 85,910 | 86,487 |
| 25 to 54 years | 69,304 | 69,539 | 70.005 | 70,352 | 70,392 | 70,567 | 70,563 | 70,859 | 71,006 | 71,294 | 71,508 | 71,634 | 71,978 |
| 55 years and over | 14,237 | 14,277 | 14,262 | 14,206 | 14,215 | 14,202 | 14,255 | 14,142 | 14,191 | 14,252 | 14,221 | 14,239 | 14,492 |
| Men, 16 years and over | 58,720 | 58,741 | 59,033 | 59,213 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 59,136 | 59,203 | 59,388 | 59,461 | 59,603 | 59,702 | 59,664 | 59,672 | 59,874 |
| 16 to 24 years | 10,937 | 10,938 | 10,995: | 11,063 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 10,853 | 10,738! | 10,870 | 10,882 | 10,955 | 10,898 | 10,870 | 10,749 | 10,785 |
| 16 to 19 years ....................................i | 3,368 | 3,354 | 3,370 | 3,352; | 3,290! | 3,268 | 3,313 | 3,279 | 3,334 | 3,330 | 3,430 | 3,385 | 3,454 |
| 16 to 17 years ................................... 1 | 1,245 | 1,225 | 1,276: | 1,240 ${ }^{\text {j }}$ | 1,211! | 1,167 | 1,319 | 1,249 | 1,258 | 1,286 | 1,317 | 1,329 \| | 1,327 |
| 18 to 19 years ................................... 1 | 2,123i | 2,129 | 2,103 | 2,112 | 2,065 | 2,040 | 2,025 | 2,039 | 2,058 | 2,052 | 2,104 | 2,045 | 2,112 |
| 20 to 24 years ....................................i | 7,569 | 7,584 | 7,625! | 7.711 | 7,563i | 7.470 | 7,557! | 7.603 | 7,621 | 7,568 | 7,440 | 7,364 | 7,332 |
| 25 years and over .................................. 1 | 47,782 | 47,851 | 48,044 | 48,211 | 48,288i | 48,447 | 48,513 ! | 48,564 | 48,644 | 48,770 | 48,790 | 48,862 | 49,118 |
| 25 to 54 years .................................... 1 | ! 39,393! | 39,457 | 39,634 | 39,863 | 39,8931 | 40,035 | 40,109 | 40,226 | 40,300 | 40,384 | 40,357 | 40,455 | 40,534 |
| 55 years and over ................................i | ' 8,396' | 8,401 | 8,387 | 8,390 | 8,371 | 8,394! | 8,430 | 8,362 | 8,341 | 8.365 | 8,419 | 8.4011 | 8,579 |
| Women, 16 years and over | 45,403! | 45,661 | 46,129, | 46,178 | 46,241! | 45,945 | 46,006 | 46,188 | 46,329 | 46.571 | 46,727: | 47,013 | 47,244 |
| 16 to 24 years ....................................... | 9,650 | 9,690 | 9,791 | 9,919 | 9,944 | 9,611! | 9,714 | 9,765 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | - 9,766 | 9,775 | 9,846 | 9,956 | 9,899 |
| 16 to 19 years .................................... | 3,069; | 3,137 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 3,126. | 3,192 | 3,240, | 3,067i | 3,100 | 3.097 | 3,077 | 3,060 | 3.117 | 3,246 | 3,230 |
| 16 to 17 years .................................... 1 | 1,131; | 1,158 | 1,186. | 1,194 | 1,218 | 1,169: | 1,161 | 1,169, | 1,157 | 1,146 | 1.196 | 1,255 | 1,269 |
| 18 to 19 years ..................................... | 1,957 | 1,980' | 1,935. | 2.012! | 2,015; | 1,883 | 1,939 | 1,933 | 1,910 | 1,918 | 1,934 | 1,996 | 1,985 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 6,581 ${ }^{\text {6, }}$ | 6,553' | 6,665 | 6,727' | 6,704 | 6,544 | 6,614 | 6,668 | 6,689 | 6,715 | 6,729 | 6,710 | 6,669 |
| 25 years and over | 35,755 | 35,927 | 36,314 | 36,388 | 36,337, | 36,336 | 36,289 | 36,431 | - 36,559 | 36,792 | 36,874 | 37,048 | 37,370 |
| 25 to 54 years ...................................! | 29,911 | 30,082; | 30,371 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 30,489 | 30,499 | 30,532! | 30,454 | 30,633! | ! 30,706 | 30,910 | 31,150 | 31,179 | 31,443 |
| 55 years and over .................................. | 5,841 | 5,876 | 5,875 | 5,816 | 5,844 | 5,808 | 5,825 | 5,7801 | \| 5,850 | 5,887 | 5,802 | 5,839 | 5,913 |

## A-37. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

| Sex and age | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. |
| Total, 16 years and over | 8,783 | 8,800 | 8,560 | 8,228; | 8,491 | 8,481 ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ | 8,370 | 8,367! | 8,142 | 8,191! | 8,484 | 8,399 | 8,396 |
| 16 to 24 years | 3,457, | 3,495 | 3,405, | 3,199: | 3,285: | 3,284 | 3,336 | 3,225 | 3,147 | 3,230 | 3,251i | 3,281! | 3,236 |
| 16 to 19 years | 1,587. | 1,552 | 1,524 | 1,449: | 1,477, | 1,431 | 1,509 | 1,463 | 1,390 | 1,480 | 1,525: | 1,499 | 1,485 |
| 16 to 17 years | 697. | 676 : | 639 : | 613 : | 6351 | 630 , | 656 | 613 | $604{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 646 | 675 | 648 | 685 |
| 181019 years | 901. | 880 | 879 | 832 | 816 | 784 | $852^{\text {i }}$ | 858 | 802 ! | 854 | 848! | 851: | 811 |
| 20 to 24 years | 1,870: | 1,943 | 1,881 | 1,750 | 1,808 | 1,853! | 1,827! | 1,762 | 1.757 | 1,750 | 1,726! | 1,782 | 1,751 |
| 25 years and over ..................................; | 5,317. | 5,307. | 5,169 | 5,069 | 5,202' | 5,155i | 5,070 | 5,109 | 4,998 ${ }^{1}$ | 4,965 | 5,233i | 5,116: | 5,149 |
| 25 to 54 years | 4,657. | 4,637. | 4,499 | 4,342 | 4,576 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 4,513 | 4.421 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 4.422 | 4,350 | 4,354 | 4,606 | 4,519 | 4,543 |
| 55 years and over ................................ | 653 | 641 | 670 | 666 | 663 | 672: | 667 | 701. | 649 | 615 | 631 | $580{ }^{\prime}$ | 599 |
| Men, 16 years and over | 4,889 | 4,911 | 4,726 | 4,590 | 4,725 | 4,591. | 4,6301 | 4,540! | 4.502 | 4,562 | 4,609 | 4,592, | 4,495 |
| 16 to 24 years | 1,878 | 1,920 | 1.828 | 1,784 | 1,838 | 1,788: | 1,861' | 1,742 | 1,735 | 1,789 | 1,745 | 1,806 | 1,734 |
| 16 to 19 years | 841 | 824 | 817 | 783 | 841 | 755, | 813 | 809 | 777 | 803 | 811 | 818 : | 764 |
| 16 to 17 years | 372 | 372 | 353 | 358 | 354 | 333, | 350 | 338. | 320 | 318 | 354 | 346. | 378 |
| 18 to 19 years | 473 | 457 | 464 | 433 | 469 | 406 | 466 | 476. | 462 | 490, | 461 | 466 | 392 |
| 20 to 24 years | 1,037 | 1,096 | 1.011 | 1,001 | 997 | 1,033 | 1,048 | 9331 | 958 | 986 | 934 | 988 | 970 |
| 25 years and over | 3,001 | 2,994 | 2,900 | 2,806 | 2,863 | 2,810 | 2,805 | 2,794: | 2,777 | 2,785i | 2,853! | 2,775 | 2.750 |
| 25 to 54 years | 2,575 | 2.587 | 2,488 | 2,405. | 2,477 | 2,404 | 2,393: | 2,381 ${ }^{1}$ | 2,372 | 2,393 | 2,484 | 2,418 | 2,401 |
| 55 years and over | 411 | 395 | 407 | 391 | 404 | 408: | 426i | 411 | 409. | 388 | 377. | 352 | 339 |
| Women, 16 years and over | 3,894 | 3,889 | 3,834 | 3,638 | 3,766 | 3,890 | 3,740 | 3,827' | 3,640 | 3,629, | 3,875 | 3,807 | 3,900 |
| 16 to 24 years ....................................... | 1,579 | 1,575 | 1,577 | 1.415 | 1,447 | 1,496 | 1,475 | 1,483 | 1,412' | 1,441 | 1,506 | 1,475 | 1,502 |
| 16 to 19 years | 746 | 728 | 707 | 666 | 636 | 676 | 696: | 654 | 6131 | 677 | $714{ }^{\text { }}$ | 681. | 721 |
| 16 to 17 years | 325 | 304 | 286 | 255 | 281 | 297 | 306 | 275. | 284 | 328 | 321: | 302 | 307 |
| 18 to 19 years ................................... | 428 | 423 | 415 | 399 | 347 | 378 | 386 | 382. | 340 | 364 | 387. | 385. | 419 |
| 20 to 24 years ..................................... | 833. | 847 | 870 | 749 | 811 | 820 | 779 | 829. | 799 | 764 | 792 | 794 | 781 |
| 25 years and over | 2,316 | 2.313 | 2,269 | 2,263 | 2.339 | 2,345. | 2,265, | 2,315 | 2,221 | 2,180 | 2,380 | 2,341 | 2,399 |
| 25 to 54 years | 2,082 | 2.050 | 2,011 | 1,937 | 2,099 | 2,109 | 2,028 | 2.041 | 1,978 | 1,961 | 2,122 | 2.100 | 2,142 |
| 55 years and over ................................ | 242 | 246 | 263 | 275 | 259 | 264 | 241 | 290 | 240 | 227 | 254 | 229 | 260 |

## A-38. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

| Sex and age | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. |
| Total, 16 years and over | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.3 |
| 16 to 24 years | 14.4 | 14.5 | 14.1 | 13.2 | 13.6 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 13.5 | 13.2 | 13.5 | 13.6 | 13.7 | 13.5 |
| 16 to 19 years | 19.8 | 19.3 | 19.0 | 18.1 | 18.4 | 18.4 | 19.0 | 18.7 | 17.8 | 18.8 | 18.9 | 18.4 | 18.2 |
| 16 to 17 years | 22.7 | 22.1 | 20.6 | 20.1 | 20.7 | 21.2 | 20.9 | 20.2 | 20.0 | 21.0 | 21.2 | 20.0 | 20.9 |
| 18 to 19 years | 18.1 | 17.6 | 17.9 | 16.8 | 16.7 | 16.7 | 17.7 | 17.8 | 16.8 | 17.7 | 17.4 | 17.4 | 16.5 |
| 20 to 24 years.. | 11.7 | 12.1 | 11.6 | 10.8 | 11.2 | 11.7 | 11.4 | 11.0 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 11.2 | 11.1 |
| 25 years and over | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| 25 to 54 years.. | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 5.9 |
| 55 years and over ................................ | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.0 |
| Men, 16 years and over | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 7.0 |
| 16 to 24 years ....................................... | 14.7 | 14.9 | 14.3 | 13.9 | 14.5 | 14.3 | 14.6 | 13.8 | 13.7 | 14.1 | 13.8 | 14.4 | 13.9 |
| 16 to 19 years ..................................... | 20.0 | 19.7 | 19.5 | 18.9 | 20.4 | 18.8 | 19.7 | 19.8 | 18.9 | 19.4 | 19.1 | 19.5 | 18.1 |
| 16 to 17 years ................................... | 23.0 | 23.3 | 21.7 | 22.4 | 22.6 | 22.2 | 21.0 | 21.3 | 20.3 | 19.8 | 21.2 | 20.7 | 22.2 |
| 18 to 19 years ................................... | 18.2 | 17.7 | 18.1 | 17.0 | 18.5 | 16.6 | 18.7 | 18.9 | 18.3 | 19.3 | 18.0 | 18.6 | 15.7 |
| 20 to 24 years ..................................... | 12.0 | 12.6 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 11.6 | 12.1 | 12.2 | 10.9 | 11.2 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 11.8 | 11.7 |
| 25 years and over .................................. | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.3 |
| 25 to 54 years .................................... | 6.1 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| 55 years and over ......................................................... | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 3.8 |
| Women, 16 years and over ................. 1 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.6 |
| 16 to 24 years ....................................... | 14.1 | 14.0 | 13.9 | 12.5 | 12.7 | 13.5 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 12.6 | 12.8 | 13.3 | 12.9 | 13.2 |
| 16 to 19 years .................................... | 19.6 | 18.8 | 18.4 | 17.3 | 16.4 | 18.1 | 18.3 | 17.4 | 16.6 | 18.1 | 18.6 | 17.3 | 18.2 |
| 16 to 17 years .................................... | 22.3 | 20.8 | 19.4 | 17.6 | 18.7 | 20.3 | 20.9 | 19.0 | 19.7 | 22.3 | 21.2 | 19.4 | 19.5 |
| 18 to 19 years .................................... | 17.9 | 17.6 | 17.7 | 16.5 | 14.7 | 16.7 | 16.6 | 16.5 | 15.1 | 16.0 | 16.7 | 16.2 | 17.4 |
| 20 to 24 years .....................................' | 11.2 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 10.0 | 10.8 | 11.1 | 10.5 | 11.1 | 10.7 | 10.2 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 10.5 |
| 25 years and over ..................................i | 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 6.0 |
| 25 to 54 years .................................... | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.0 3.7 | 6.4 | 6.3 3.8 | 6.4 |
| 55 years and over ................................. | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 4.2 |

A-39. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted
(Unemployment rates)

| Category | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. |
| CHARACTERISTIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (all civilian workers) ........................................................ | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.3 |
| Men, 20 years and over .....................................................! | 6.8 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.3 \| | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.2 |
| Women, 20 years and over ................................................! | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years | 19.8 | 19.3 | 19.0! | 18.1 \| | 18.4 | 18.4 | 19.0 | 18.7 | 17.8 | 18.8 | 18.9 | 18.4 | 18.2 |
| White | 6.7 | 6.71 | 6.5 | 6.31 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.31 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| Black and other | 15.1 | 15.1 | 14.3 | 13.7 I | 14.8 | 14.3 | 13.8 | 13.8 | 13.7 | 13.6 | 13.7 | 14.6 | 13.9 |
| Black | 16.6 | 16.71 | 16.0 | 15.2 । | 16.6 | 15.8 | 15.1 | 15.3 | 15.1 | 15.0 ! | 14.9 | 16.3 | 15.2 |
| Hispanic origin ...................................................................... ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 11.4 | 11.5 | 10.7 | 10.31 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 11.0 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 10.6 | 9.7 | 10.2 |
| Married men, spouse present .............................................. 1 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.6 ! | 4.6 | 4.5 I | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.2 |
| Married women, spouse present | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.8 ! | 5.7 | 5.8 j | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.9 |
| Women who maintain families ............................................. | 10.8 | 10.51 | 10.0 ! | 9.8 | 9.8 ; | 10.3 | 10.1 | 10.4 | 10.8 | 9.6 | 10.0 | 11.0 | 10.2 |
| Full-time workers | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 6.7 , | 7.2 ! | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 6.9 |
| Part-time workers | 9.31 | 9.3 | 9.4 | 10.0 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 8.6 | 8.8 | 9.3 | 8.7 | 9.6 |
| Unemployed 15 weeks and over' | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.51 | 2.3 | 2.3 ! | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Labor force time lost | 8.9 | 8.8 | 8.6 | 8.4 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 8.2 |
| INDUSTRY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.2 |
| Mining .............................................................................. | 10.8 | 10.1 | 8.8 ! | 7.5 | 7.7 | 10.2 | 8.6 | 10.5 | 11.7 | 10.7 | 10.1 | 10.9 | 11.0 |
| Construction | 13.6 | 14.4 | 14.7 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 14.1 | 13.9 | 13.7 | 14.2 | 13.7 | 13.4 | 13.4 | 13.3 |
| Manufacturing .................................................................. | 7.6 | 7.7 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.7 |
| Durable goods | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 7.4 |
| Nondurable goods | 7.5 | 8.0 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 8.5 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 8.1 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 4.6 |
| Wholesale and retail trade ........... | 8.2 | 8.7 | 8.0 | 7.3 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.5 |
| Finance and service industries | 6.3 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| Agricultural wage and salary workers | 14.6 | 12.7 | 13.8 | 12.3 | 14.3 | 13.1 | . 14.7 | 13.7 | 11.2 | 12.2 | 15.5 | 13.6 | 12.2 |

Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.
Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time
for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

A-40. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Weeks of unemployment | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. |
| DURATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 weeks | 3,378 | 3,407 | 3,275 | 3,229 | 3,409 | 3,513 | 3,313 | 3,395 | 3,352 | 3,282 | 3,662 | 3,524 | 3,590 |
| 5 to 14 weeks. | 2,514 | 2,485 | 2,440 | 2,303 | 2,449 | 2,406 | 2,533 | 2,406 | 2,324 | 2,516 | 2,552 | 2,469 | 2,478 |
| 15 weeks and over | 2,894 | 2,842 | 2,833 | 2,630 | 2,672 | 2,621 | 2,605 | 2,527 | 2,428 | 2,374 | 2,243 | 2,416 | 2,400 |
| 15 to 26 weeks | 1,122 | 1,102 | 1,173 | 1,012 | 1,088 | 1,116 | 1,106 | 1,092 | 990 | 972 | 941 | 1,076 | 1,065 |
| 27 weeks and over .. | 1,772 | 1,740 | 1,660 | 1,618 | 1,584 | 1,505 | 1,499 | 1,435 | 1,438 | 1,402 | 1,302 | 1,340 | 1.335 |
| Average (mean) duration, in weeks ...........\| | 18.9 | 18.7 | 18.5 | 18.1 | 18.0 | 17.6 | 17.3 | 16.7 | 17.4 | 17.3 | 15.3 | 15.9 | 15.9 |
| Median duration, in weeks ....................... | 8.4 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 6.7 | 7.2 | 7.1 |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed ................................... | 100.0 ! | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks ............................... | 38.4 | 39.0 | 38.3 | 39.6 | 40.0 | 41.1 | 39.2 | 40.8 | 41.4 | 40.2 | 43.3 | 41.9 | 42.4 |
| 5 to 14 weeks ..................................... | 28.6 | 28.5 | 28.5 | 28.2 | 28.7 | 28.2 | 30.0 | 28.9 | 28.7 | 30.8 | 30.2 | 29.4 | 29.3 |
| 15 weeks and over ............................... | 32.9 | 32.5 | 33.1 | 32.2 | 31.3 | 30.7 | 30.8 | 30.3 | 30.0 | 29.1 | 26.5 | 28.7 | 28.3 |
| 15 to 26 weeks .................................\| | 12.8 | 12.6 | 13.7 | 12.4 | 12.8 | 13.1 | 13.1 | 13.1 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 11.1 | 12.8 | 12.6 |
| 27 weeks and over ............................. | 20.2 | 19.9 | 19.4 | 19.8 | 18.6 | 17.6 | 17.7 | 17.2 | 17.7 | 17.2 | 15.4 | 15.9 | 15.8 |

A-41. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Reasons for unemployment | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. |
| NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Job losers | 4,622 | 4,531 |  | 4,373 | 4,271 | 4,475 | 4,227 | 4,188 | 4,261 | 4,141 | 4,176 | 4,313 | 4,251 | 4,158 |
| On layoff | 1,248 | 1,117 | 1,187 | 1,162 | 1,165 | 1,146 | 1,110 | 1,151 | 1,068 | 1,070 | 1,229 | 1,240 | 1,163 |
| Other job losers | 3,374 | 3,414 | 3,186 | 3,109 | 3,310 | 3,081 | 3,078 | 3,110 | 3,073 | 3,106 | 3,084 | 3,011 | 2,995 |
| Job leavers | 777 | 792 | 812 | 809 | 850 | 833 | 841 | 829 | 869 | 858 | 884 | 865 | 848 |
| Reentrants | 2,208 | 2,301 | 2,184 | 1,989 | 2,111 | 2,294 | 2,254 | 2,150 | 2,161 | 2,218 | 2,244 | 2,233 | 2,341 |
| New entrants ........................................i | 1,200 | 1,197 | 1,170 | 1,134 | 1,092 | 1,088 | 1,057 | 1,060 | 1,024 | 1,011 | 1,049 | 1,035 | 1,090 |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Job losers. | 52.5 | 51.4 | 51.2 | 52.1 | 52.5 | 50.1 | 50.2 | 51.3 | 50.5 | 50.5 | 50.8 | 50.7 | 49.3 |
| On layoff | 14.2 | 12.7 | 13.9 | 14.2 | 13.7 | 13.6 | 13.3 | 13.9 | 13.0 | 12.9 | 14.5 | 14.8 | 13.8 |
| Other job losers ................................... | 38.3 | 38.7 | 37.3 | 37.9 | 38.8 | 36.5 | 36.9 | 37.5 | 37.5 | 37.6 | 36.3 | 35.9 | 35.5 |
| Job leavers.. | 8.8 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 10.1 | 10.0 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 10.0 |
| Reentrants | 25.1 | 26.1 | 25.6 | 24.2 | 24.8 | 27.2 | 27.0 | 25.9 | 26.4 | 26.8 | 26.4 | 26.6 | 27.7 |
| New entrants | 13.6 | 13.6 | 13.7 | 13.8 | 12.8 | 12.9 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 12.5 | 12.2 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 12.9 |
| UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Job losers .............................................. | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.6 |
| Job leavers ............................................ | . 7 | 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 8 | 7 | 8 | . 8 | 7 |
| Reentrants ............................................. | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| New entrants .......................................... | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | 9 | 9 |

A-42. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status and sex | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1985 \\ \hdashline 1 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 |  |  | IV |  | 11 | III | IV | 1 | II | III | V |  |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninstitutional population ${ }^{1}$ | 173,161\|173,686 1 |  | 174,200 | 174,710 | 175,170 | 175,626 | 176,129 | 176,639 | 177,364 | 177,816 | 178,305 | 178,834 | 179,222 |
| Labor force' | 111,088 <br> $64.2\|11,784\|$ <br> 64.4 |  | 112,194 <br> 64.4 | 112,556 | 112,391 | 112,841 | 113,732 | 113,790 | 114,335 | 115,205 | 115,464 <br> 64.8 | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 115,885 \\ 64.8 \end{array}\right\|$ | 116,858 |
| Percent of population ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | 64.4 | 64.2 | 64.3 | 64.6 | 64.4 | 64.5 | 64.8 | 65.2 |  |  |  |
| Total employed' | 101,417 101,368 \|101,209 |  |  | 100,785 | 100,892 | 101,559 | 103,262 | 104,280 <br> 59.0 | 105.454 | 106,676 | 107,016 | 107,652 | 108,432 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{3}$ | 58.6 | 58.4 ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ |  |  | 58.1 |  | 57.6 |  | 58.6\| | 59.5 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.2 | 60.5 |
| Resident Armed Forces | 1,664 | 1,666 | 1,678 | 1,664 | 1,665 | 1,669 | 1,680 | 1,689 | 1,685 | 1,691 | 1,710 | 1,701 | 1,700 |
| Civilian employed ............................ | 99,753 | 99,702 ${ }^{\text {j }}$ | 99,531 | 99,121 | 99,227 | 99,889 | 101,582 | 102,591 | 103,768 | 104,985 | 105,306 | 105,951 | 106,732 |
| Agriculture | 3,385 | 3,377 | 3,393 | 3,457 | 3,412 | 3,397 | 3,426 | 3,287 | 3,321 | 3,371 | 3,305 | 3.296 | 3,341 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 96,368 | 96,326! | 96,139 | 95,663 | 95,815 | 96,493 | 98,156 | 99,304 | 100,447 | 101,614 | 102,001 | 102,655 | 103,391 |
| Unemployed | $\begin{array}{r} 9,670 \\ 8.7 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 10,416 | 10,984 | 11,772 | 11,500 | 11,282 | 10,470 | 9,509 | 8,882 | 8,529 | 8,447 | 8,233, | 8,426 |
| Unemployment rate ${ }^{4}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9.3 \\ 61,902 \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} 9.8 \\ 62,006 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10.5 \\ 62,154 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10.2 \\ 62,779 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10.0 \\ 62,785 \end{array}$ | 9.2 | 8.4 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 7.3 |  |  |
| Not in labor force | 62,073 |  |  |  |  |  | 62,397 | 62,850 | 63,029 | 62,611 | 62,841 | 62,948: 62,364 |  |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninstitutional popula | 82,678 | 82,926। 83,167 |  | 83,435 | 83,720 | 83,934 | 84,178 | 84,424 | 84,812 | 85,026 | 85,263 | 85,523 | 85,695 |
| Labor force ${ }^{1}$ | 63,71977.1 | 63,969 | 64,047 | 64,293 | 64,062 | 64,448 | 64,854 | 64,813 | 65,066 | 65,284 | 65,453 | 65,676 | 65,854 |
| Percent of population? |  | 77.1 | 77.0 | 77.1 | 76.5 | 76.8 | 77.01 | 76.8 | 76.7 | 76.8 | 76.8 | 76.8 | 76.8 |
| Total employed' .... | $58,197$ | 57,978 | 57,637 | 57,381 | 57,354 | 57,828 | 58,723 | 59,333 | 60,073 | 60,542 | 60,804 | 61,142 | 61,289 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{3}$ | $70.4$ | 69.9 | 69.3 | 68.8 | 68.5 | 68.9 | 69.8 | 70.31 | 70.8 | 71.2 | 71.3 | 71.51 | 71.5 |
| Resident Armed Forces | $\begin{gathered} 1,526 \\ 56,671 \end{gathered}$ | 1,527 i | 1,538 | 1,523 | 1,529 | 1,528 | 1,536 | 1,538 | 1,541 | 1,546 | 1,562 | 1,553 | 1,552 |
| Civilian employed |  | 56,451 | 56,099 | 55,858 | 55,825 | 56,301 | 57,187 | 57,795 | 58,531 | 58,996 | 59,242 | 59,589 | 59,737 |
| Unemployed | $\begin{array}{r} 56,671 \\ 5,522 \\ 8.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r\|r\|} 5,991 & 6,410 \\ 9.4 & 10.0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 6,912 \\ 10.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,708 \\ 10.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,620 \\ 10.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,131 \\ 9.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,480 \\ 8.5 \mid \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,993 \\ 7.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,742 \\ 7.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,649 \\ 7.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,535 \\ 6.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,565 \\ 6.9 \end{array}$ |
| Unemployment rate ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not in labor force | 18,959 | $\begin{gathered} 18,9571 \\ \mid \\ \text { \| } \end{gathered}$ |  | 19,142 | 19,658 | 19,485 | 19,324 | 19,611 | 19,746 | 19,742 | 19,810 | 19,847 19,841 |  |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninstitutional population' | 90,482 | 90,759 91,033 |  |  | 91,274 | 91,450 | 91,693 | 91,952 | 92,215 | 92,552 | 92,790 | 93,043 | 93,311 | 93,527 |
| Labor force' | 47,368 | 47,814 | 48,147 | 48,264 | 48,329 | 48,393 | 48,878 | 48,976 | 49,269 | 49,921 | 50,011 | 50,209 | 51,004 |
| Percent of population ${ }^{2}$ | 52.4 | 52.7 | 52.9 | 52.9 | 52.8 | 52.8 | 53.2 | 53.1 | 53.2 | 53.8 | 53.8 | $\begin{array}{r} 53.8 \\ 46,510 \end{array}$ | 54.547,143 |
| Total employed ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 43,219 | 43,390 | 43,572 | 43,404 | 43,537 | 43,730 | 44,539 | 44,947 | 45,381 | 46,134 | 46,212 |  |  |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} 47.8 \\ 137 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 47.8 \\ 138 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 47.9 \mid \\ \hline 140 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 47.6 \\ 141 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 47.6 \\ \hline \quad 136 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 47.7 \\ 142 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|r\|r\|} \hline 78.4 \\ \hline & 144 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48.7 \\ 151 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 49.0 \\ 144 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 49.7 \\ 145 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 49.7 \\ 148 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 49.8 \\ 148 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,143 \\ 150.4 \\ 148 \end{array}$ |
| Resident Armed Forces |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian employed | 43,082 | 43,252 | 43,432 | 43,263 | 43,401 | 43,589 | 44,395 | 44,796 | 45,237 | 45,989 | 46,064 | 46,363 | 46,995 |
| Unemployed | 4,149 | 4,425 | 4,574 | 4,860 | 4,792 | 4,662 | 4,339 | 4,029 | 3,888 | 3,787 | 3,799 | 3,699 | 3,861 |
| Unemployment rate ${ }^{4}$ | 8.8 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 10.1 | 9.9 | 9.6 | 8.9 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.6 |
| Not in labor force | 43,114 | 42,945 | 42,886 | 43,010 | 43,121 | 43,300 | 43,074 | 43,239 | 43,283 | 42,869 | 43,032 | 43,102 | 42,523 |

' includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.
? Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.
3. Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

4 Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

Armed Forces).
NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-42 through A-51 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

A-43. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, sex, and age | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  | $\frac{1985}{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | 111 | IV | 1 | 1 | III | IV |  |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ${ }^{1}$ | 171,497 | 172,020 1 | 172,522 1 | 173,046 | 173,505 | 173,957 | 174,449 17 | 174,950 | 175,679 | 176,125 | 176,595 | 177,133 | 177,522 |
| Civilian labor force | 109,424 | 110,118 | 110,516 1 | 110,8921 | 110,726 | 111,172 | 112,052 | 112,100 | 112,650 | 113,514 | 113,754 | 114,185 | 115,158 |
| Percent of population | 63.8 | 64.0 | 64.1 | 64.1 | 63.8 | 63.9 | 64.2 | 64.1 | 64.1 | 64.5 | 64.4 | 64.5 | 64.9 |
| Employed | 99,753 | 99,702 | 64.1 99,531 | 99,121 | 99,227 | 99,889 | 101,582 | 102,591 | 103,768 | 104,985 | 105,306 | 105,951 1 | 106,732 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 58.2 | 58.0 | 57.7 | 57.3 | 57.2 | 57.4 | 58.2 | 58.6 | 59.1 | 59.6 | 59.6 | 59.8 | 60.1 |
| Unemployed | 9,670 | 10,416 | 10,984 | 11,772 | 11,500 | 11,282 | 10,470 | 9,509 | 8,882 | 8,529 | 8,447 | 8,233 | 8,426 |
| Unemployment rate | 8.8 | 9.5 | 9.9 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 9.3 | 8.5 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.3 |
| Men, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population' | 73,205 | 73,492 | 73,775 | 74,105 | 74,434 | 74,712 | 75,018 | 75,325 | 75,786 | 76,074 | 76,356 | 76,660 | 76,831 |
| Civilian labor force | 57,599 | 57,957 | 58,125 | 58,356 | 58,198 | 58,626 | 58,977 | 59,048 | 59,352 | 59,571 | 59,798 | 60,013 | 60,082 |
| Percent of population | 78.7 | 78.9 | 78.8 | 78.7 | 78.2 | 78.5 | 78.6 | 78.4 | $\begin{array}{r} 78.3 \\ 55,199 \end{array}$ | 78.3 | 78.3 | 78.356,274 | 78.2 56.314 |
| Employed | 53,128 | 53,054 | 52,810 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 52,570 | 52,550 | 53,048 | 53,867 | 54,457 |  | 55,637 | 55,952 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 56,314 \\ 73.3 \end{array}$ |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 72.6 \\ 2,402 \end{array}$ | 72.2 | 71.6 | 70.9 | 70.6 | 71.0 | 71.8 | 72.3 | $72.8$ | $\begin{array}{r} 73.1 \\ 2,446 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 73.3 \\ 2,421 \end{array}$ | 56,274 73.4 |  |
| Agriculture |  | 2,42050,635 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,423 \\ 50,388 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,444 \\ 50,127 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,426 \\ 50,124 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,443 \\ 50,605 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,476 \\ 51,390 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,367 \\ 52,090 \end{array}$ | 2,383 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 73.4 \\ 2,421 \end{array}$ | 2,368 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 50,726 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 52,816 | 53,191 | 53,531 | 53,854 | 53,946 |
| Unemployed | 4,4717.815,606 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,903 \\ 8.5 \\ 15,535 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,315 \\ 9.1 \\ 15,650 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,786 \\ 9.9 \end{array}$ | 5,648 | $\begin{array}{r} 50,605 \\ 5,578 \end{array}$ | $5,110$ | 4,592 | 4,153 | 3,934 | $\begin{array}{\|r\|r\|} \hline 4,846 \\ .6 & 6.4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,738 \\ 6.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,768 \\ 6.3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Unemployment rate |  |  |  |  | 9.7 | 9.5 | 8.7 | 7.8 | 7.0 | 6.6 |  |  |  |
| Not in labor force |  |  |  | 15,749 | 16,236 | 16,086 | 16,041 | 16,277 | 16,434 | 16,503 | 16,558 | 16,647 | $16,749$ |
| Women, 20 years and over | 15,606 | $15,535$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ${ }^{1}$ | 82,368 | 82,703 | 83,037 | 83,346 | 83,594 | 83,900 | 84,227 | 84,554 | 84,962 | 85,273 | 85,586 | 85,895 | 86,094 |
| Civilian labor force | 43,160 | 43,613 | 43,937 | 44,100 | 44,277 | 44,371 | 44,850 | 45,034 | 45,275 | 45,924 | 46,058 | 46,335 | 46,953 |
| Percent of population | 52.4 | 52.7 | 52.9 | 52.9 | 53.0 | 52.9 | 53.2 | 53.3 | 53.3 | 53.9 | 53.8 | 53.9 | 54.5 |
| Employed | 39,881 | 40,051 | 40,273 | 40,141 | 40,332 | 40,584 | 41,329 | 41,764 | 42,117 | 42,838 | 42,928 | 43,285 | 43,797 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 48.4 | 48.4 | 48.5 | 48.2 | 48.2 | 48.4 | 49.1 | 49.4 | 49.6 | 50.2 | 50.2 | 50.4 | 50.9 |
| Agriculture | 614 | 597 | 598 | 602 | 630 | 613 | 611 | 633 | 612 | 609 | 581 | 581 | 622 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 39,267 | 39,454 | 39,675 | 39,539 | 39,702 | 39,971 | 40,719 | 41,131 | 41,506 | 42,229 | 42,347 | 42,703 | 43,175 |
| Unemployed ... | 3,279 | 3,562 | 3,664 | 3,959 | 3,945 | 3,787 | 3,520 | 3,270 | 3,158 | 3,087 | 3,129 | 3,051 | 3,155 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.6 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 8.5 | 7.8 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 6.7 |
| Not in labor force | 39,208 | 39,090 | 39,100 | 39,246 | 39,317 | 39,529 | 39,377 | 39,520 | 39,687 | 39,349 | 39,528 | 39,560 | 39,141 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population' | 15,923 | 15,825 | 15,709 | 15,595 | 15,477 | 15,345 | 15,205 | 15,071 | 14,931 | 14,778 | 14,653 | 14,577 | 14,597 |
| Civilian labor force | 8,665 | 8,548 | 8,453 | 8,436 | 8,251 | 8,175 | 8,225 | 8,018 | 8,022 | 8,019 | 7,898 | 7,837 | 8,123 |
| Percent of population | 54.4 | 54.0 | 53.81 | 54.1 | 53.3 | 53.3 | 54.1 | 53.2 | 53.7 | 54.3 | 53.9 | 53.8 | 55.7 |
| Employed .. | 6,745 | 6,597 | 6,448 | 6,409 | 6,344 | 6,258 | 6,386 | 6,371 | 6,452 | 6,510 | 6,426 | 6,392 | 6,620 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 42.4 | 41.7 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 42.0 | 42.3 | - 43.2 | 44.1 | 43.9 | 43.9 | 45.4 |
| Agriculture | 369 | 360 | 372' | 412 | 356 | 341 | 339 | 287 | 327 | 3171 | 303 | 294 | 351 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 6,375 | 6,237 | 6,076 | 5,997 | 5,988 | 5.917 | 6,047 | 6.083 | -6,125 | 6,194 | 6,123 | 6,098 | 6,270 |
| Unemployed | 1,920 | 1,951 | 2,006 | 2,027 | 1,907 | 1,917 | 1,839 | 1,647 | 1,570 | 1,508 | 1,472 | 1,444 | 1,503 |
| Unemployment rate | 22.2 | 22.8 | 23.71 | 24.0 | 23.1 | 23.4 | 22.4 | 20.5 | , 19.6 | 18.8 | 18.6 | 18.4 | 18.5 |
| Not in labor force | 7,258 | 7,277 | 7.256 | 7,159 | 7,226 | 7,170 | 6,980 | 7,053 | 6,909 | 6,759 | 6,755 | 6,740 | 6,474 |

[^5]population.
Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

A-44. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adJusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  | $\frac{1985}{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 1 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | 111 | IV |  |
| WHITE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population' | 148,943 | 149,309 | 149,586 | 149,927 | 150,233 | 150,666 | 150,994 | 151,327 | 152,101 | 152,234 | 152,386 | 152,666 | 153,196 |
| Civilian labor force ..................... | 95,568 | 96,214 | 96,358 | 96,567 | 96,231 | 96,688 | 97,424 | 97,620 | 98,096 | 98,619 | 98,425 | 98,755 | 99,747 |
| Percent of population | 64.2 | 64.4 | 64.4 | 64.4 | 64.1 | 64.2 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.8 | 64.6 | 64.7 | 65.1 |
| Employed .................... | 88,121 | 88,159 | 87,869 | 87,460 | 87,422 | 88,126 | 89,526 | 90,467 | 91,437 | 92,233 | 92,172 | 92,626 | 93,487 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 59.2 | 59.0 | 58.7 | 58.3 | 58.2 | 58.5 | 59.3 | 59.8 | 60.1 | 60.6 | 60.5 | 60.7 | 61.0 |
| Unemployed ............................. | 7,447 | 8,055 | 8,488 | 9,107 | 8,809 | 8,562 | 7,898 | 7,153 | 6,659 | 6.387 | 6,253 | 6,129 | 6,260 |
| Unemployment rate ......................... | 7.8 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 8.9 | 8.1 | 7.3 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.3 |
| Men, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 50,950 | 51,239 | 51,318 | 51,418 | 51,215 | 51,654 | 51,889 | 52,004 | 52,292i | 52,433 | 52,426 | 52,596 | 52,767 |
| Percent of population ........................ | 79.2 | 79.4 | 79.2 | 79.2 | 78.6 | 78.8 | 79.0 | 78.9 | 78.71 | 78.8 | 78.6 | 78.7 | 78.6 |
| Employed $\qquad$ Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 47,459 | 47,377 | 47,116 | 46,890 | 46,798 | 47,305 | 47,913 | 48,441 | 49,102 | 49,448 | 49,537 | 49,751 | 49,904 |
|  | 73.8 | 73.4 | 72.7 | 72.2 | 71.8 | 72.2 | 72.9 | 73.5 | 73.9 | 74.3 | 74.3 | 74.5 | 74.3 |
| Unemployed ...................................... | 3,491 | 3,862 | 4,203 | 4.528 | 4,417 | 4,349 | 3,976 | 3,563! | 3,190 | 2,985 | 2,890 | 2,846 | 2,863 |
| Unemployment rate ........................... | 6.9 | 7.5 | 8.2 | 8.8 | 8.6 | 8.4 | 7.7 | 6.9 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.4 |
| Women, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 36,983 | 37,381 | 37,608 | 37,732 | 37,730 | 37,857 | 38,320 | 38,546 | 38,721 | 39,163 | 39,142 | 39,314 | 39,957 |
| Percent of population | 51.8 | 52.2 | 52.4 | 52.4 | 52.2 | 52.3 | 52.7 | 52.8 ! | - 52.8 | 53.3 | 53.1 | 53.3 | 53.9 |
| Employed ......................................... | 34,520 | 34,715 | 34,860 | 34,735 | 34,830 | 35,096 | 35,769 | 36,190 | 36,426 | 36,892 | 36,866 | 37,100 | 37,640 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$............ | 48.4 | 48.5 | 48.6 | 48.2 | 48.2 | 48.4 | 49.2 | 49.6 | 49.6 | 50.2 ! | 50.1 ! | 50.3 ! | 50.8 |
| Unemployed ...................................... | 2,463 | 2,667 | 2,748 | 2,997 | 2,900 | 2,761 | 2,551 | 2,357 | 2,295 | 2,271 | 2,276i | 2,214 | 2,317 |
| Unemployment rate ......................... | 6.7 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 7.9 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 6.71 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 5.81 | 5.81 | $5.6{ }^{\prime}$ | 5.8 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 7,634 | 7,594 | 7,432 | 7,417 | 7,286 | 7,178 | 7,214 | 7,070 | 7,082 | 7,02 |  | 6,845 | . 024 |
| Percent of population | 57.7 | 57.8 | 57.1 | 57.4 | 56.8 | 56.5 | 57.5 | 56.9 ! | 57.5 | 57.7 | 56.8 | 56.91 | 58.7 |
| Employed .......................................... | 6,142 | 6,067 | 5,894 | 5,836 | 5,794 | 5,725 | 5,844 | 5,836 | 5,909 | 5,893! | 5,770 | 5,775 | 5,944 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$............ | 46.4 | 46.2 | 45.3 | 45.2 | 45.2 | 45.1 | 46.6\| | 46.9 | 48.0 | 48.4 | 47.8: | 48.0 | 49.7 |
| Unemployed ............................... | 1,492 | 1,527 | 1,538 | 1,581 | 1,492 | 1,452 | 1,371 | 1,233 | 1,174 | 1,130 | 1,087 | 1,070 | 1,080 |
| Unemployment rate . | 19.5 | 20.1 | 20.7 | 21.3 | 20.5 | 20.2 | 19.0 | 17.4 | 16.6 | 16.1 | 15.9 \| | 15.6 | 15.4 |
| Men ...... | 20.6 | 21.6 | 22.3 | 22.6 | 21.9 | 20.8 | 19.9 | 18.2 | 17.3 | 16.7 | 17.0 | 16.3 | 16.0 |
| Women | 18.4 | 18.5 | 19.0 | 20.0 | 18.9 | 19.6 | 18.0 ; | 16.6 | 15.8! | 15.4 | 14.6 | 14.9 | 14.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | , |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population' | 18,450 | 18,541 | 18,628 | 18,719 | 18,796 | 18,881 | 18,968 | 19,057 | 19,222 | 19,303 | 19,387 | 19,481 | 19,543 |
| Civilian labor force ................................ | 11,235 | 11,231 | 11,363 | 11,509 | 11,578 | 11,651 | 11,715 | 11,632 | 11,816 | 11,942! | 12,102 | 12,263 | 12,302 |
| Percent of population .............................. | 60.9 | 60.6 | 61.0 | 61.5 | 61.6 | 61.7 | 61.8 | 61.0 | 61.5 | 61.9 | 62.4 | 63.0 | 62.9 |
| Employed .......................................... | 9,253 | 9,161 | 9,192 | 9,155 | 9,219 | 9,261 | 9,460 | 9,560 | 9,842 | 10,035 | 10,187! | ! 10,409 | 10,396 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 50.2 | 49.4 | 49.3 | 48.9 | 49.0 | 49.0 | 49.91 | 50.2 | 51.2 | 52.0 | 52.51 | 53.4 | 53.2 |
| Unemployed ........................... | 1,982 | 2,070 | 2,171 | 2,354 | 2,359 | 2,390 | 2,255 | 2,072! | 1,973 | 1,907 | 1,915, | , 1,854 | 1,906 |
| Unemployment rate ......................... | 17.6 | 18.4 | 19.1 | 20.5 | 20.4 | 20.5 | 19.3 | 17.8 | 16.7 | 16.0 ! | 15.8. | 15.11 | - 15.5 |
| Men, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 5,307 | 5,337 | 5,372 | 5,468 | 5,462 | 5,526 | 5,581, | 5,548 | 5,649 | 5,638 | 5,708 | 5,743. | 5,706 |
| Percent of population | 74.5 | 74.5 | 74.5 | 75.4 | 74.91 | 75.3 | 75.6 | 74.6 | 75.0 | 74.4i | $74.9{ }^{\text {: }}$ | 74.8 | 74.4 |
| Employed | 4,432 | 4,440 | 4,410 | 4,377 | 4,398 | 4,457 | 4,589 | 4,677 | 4,805! | 4,802 | 4,889! | ! 4,989' | 4.936 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 62.2 | 62.0 | 61.2 | 60.4 | 60.3 | 60.8 | 62.1 | 62.9 | 63.8 | 63.4 | 64.2: | 65.0 | 64.4 |
| Unemployed ....................... | 875 | 897 | 962 | 1,091 | 1,065 | 1,068 | 992! | 871 | 844 ! | 836 | 819 | 755 | , 769 |
| Unemploy | 16.5 | 16.8 | 17.9 | 20.0 | 19.5 | 19.3 | 17.8 | 15.7 \| | 14.9: | 14.8 ! | 14.3 | 13.1 | 13.5 |
| Women, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - i | i |  |  |
| Civilian labor force ................................. | 5.078 | 5,108 | 5,167 | 5,208 | 5,320 | 5,288 | 5,322 | 5,298 | 5,376! |  |  |  |  |
| Percent of population | 56.0 | 56.0 | 56.3 | 56.5 | 57.4 | 56.8 | 56.81 | 56.2 |  | 57, | 57.7 |  | 5,688 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56.5 | 57.4: | 57.7 | 58.6 | 58.6 |
| Employed |  |  | 4.31 | 4,349 | 4,392 | 4,384 | 4,466 | 4.472 | 4,609 | 4,756 | 4,807 | 4,920 | 4,937 |
| Employment-population ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 48.0 | 47.5 | 47.5 | 47.1 | 47.4 | 47.1 | \| 47.7] | 47.5 | 48.5 | 49.7 ! | 50.0 | 50.9 | 50.9 |
| Unemployed | 726 | 780 | 806 | 860 | 927 | 904 | 856 | 825 | 766 | $728{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 743 | 749; | 751 |
| Unemployment rate .................... | 14.3 | 15.3 | 15.6 | 16.5 | 17.4 | 17.1 | 16.1 | 15.6 | $14.3{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 13.3 : | 13.4 | 13.2 | 13.2 |

See footnotes at end of table.

A-44. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonaliy adjusted-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)

' The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
${ }^{2}$ Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.
NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented
and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data for persons of Hispanic origin for 1984 and earlier years have been revised to reflect new population estimates and are not comparable to previously published data.

A-45. Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

| (Numbers in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full- and part-time status, sex and age | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  | 1985 |  |
|  | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | - | 1 | II | III | IV | $-$ |
| FULL TIME |  |  |  |  | ! |  |  |  |  |  | I |  |  |
| Total: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ! | 1 |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 93,622 | 94,106 | 94,503 | 95,087 | 94,993 | 95,501 | 96,049 | 96,256 | 96,832 | 97,529 | 97,749 | 98,335 | 98,840 |
| Employed' | 85,565 | 85,359 | 85,220 | 85,010 | 85,172 | 85,982 | 87,177 | 88,283! | 89,447i | 90,541, | 90,791: | 91,498! | 91,927 |
| Unemployed | 8,057 | 8,747 | 9,283 | 10,077i | 9,821 | 9,520 | 8,872 | 7,973 | 7,385 | 6,988! | 6,958 | 6,837 | 6,913 |
| Unemployment rate .........................1 | 8.6 | 9.3 i | $9.8{ }_{1}^{1}$ | 10.6! | 10.31 | 10.0 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 7.6 | 7.21 | 7.1i | 7.01 | 7.0 |
| Men, 20 years and over: |  |  |  | - | I | ! | + | ' | ' | , | ' |  |  |
| Civilian labor force .............................. | 54,599 | 54,948 | 55,043 | 55,346 | 55,048 | 55,589 | 55,841 | 55,924 | 56,251 | 56,524 | 56,724 | 56,844 | 56,886 |
| Employed' | 50,380 | 50,311 | 49,998 | 49,807, | 49,685! | 50,308' | 51,005! | 51,583' | 52,346 | 52,856 | 53,114 | 53,347 | 53,344 |
| Unemployed ..................................... 1 | 4,219 | 4,637 | 5,045 | 5,5391 | 5,362 | 5,280 | 4,835 | 4,341 | 3,905: | 3,668 | 3,610 | 3,498 | 3,542 |
| Unemployment rate ......................... ! | 7.7 | 8.4 | 9.2 | 10.0 | 9.7 | 9.5 | 8.7 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 6.5: | 6.4 | 6.21 | 6.2 |
| Women, 20 years and over: |  |  |  | 1 | I |  | i |  | ' | ' |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force ...... | 34,448 | 34,822 | 35,117 | 35,321, | 35,6131 | 35,632 | 36,004 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 36,162 | 36,483 | 36,965 | 37,107 | 37,446 | 37,880 |
| Employed' | 31,727 | 31,850 | 32,055 | 31,961 | 32,282 | 32,474, | 33,032 | 33,458 | 33,857 | 34,429, | 34,545 | 34,946: | 35,315 |
| Unemployed | 2,721! | 2,972 | 3,062 | 3,360 | 3,331 | 3,158 | 2,972 | 2,705 | 2,626! | 2,537, | 2,562, | 2,500 | 2,566 |
| Unemployment rate ........................: | 7.91 | 8.5! | 8.7 | 9.5 | 9.41 | $8.9!$ | 8.3 | 7.5 | 7.2' | 6.9'. | $6.9{ }^{\prime}$ | 6.7 | 6.8 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: |  |  |  |  | ; |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force ..............................i | 4,575 ${ }^{1}$ | 4,336: | 4,344 | 4,420 | 4,332 | 4,281 | 4,204 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 4,169 | 4,098 | 4,040' | 3,918. | 4,045 | 4,073 |
| Employed' ........................................ | 3,458 | 3,198 | 3,167, | 3,242 | 3,205, | 3,200 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 3,140; | 3,242 | 3,244 | 3,256' | 3,132: | 3,205 | 3,268 |
| Unemployed .....................................: | 1,117 | 1,138, | 1,176 | 1,178 | 1,128 | 1,081, | 1,064: | 927 | 854 | 783 | 786. | 839 | 805 |
| Unemployment rate ........................, | $24.4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 26.21 | 27.1 | 26.7 | 26.0 | 25.31 | 25.3! | 22.2 | 20.8 | 19.4 | 20.1. | 20.8 | 19.8 |
| PART TIME |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total: |  |  | ; |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force ..............................: | 15,787 | 16,014 | 16,020; | 15,848 | 15,717 | 15,645 | 16,008 | 15,891 | 15,846 | 15,952; | 15,954: | 15,883: | 16,326 |
| Employed' ......................................: | 14,187 | 14,370 ! | 14,299, | 14,118 | 14,053 | 13,919, | 14,389 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 14,336 | 14,363 | 14,430 | 14,441. | 14,480 | 14,826 |
| Unemployed .....................................', | 1,600 | 1,643: | 1,722! | 1,730 | 1,663! | 1,726, | $1.619^{\prime}$ | 1,556 | 1,483' | 1,522 | 1,513. | 1,403' | 1.501 |
| Unemployment rate ......................., | 10.1 | 10.31 | 10.7! | 10.9 | 10.6 | 11.0 | 10.1. | 9.8. | 9.4 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 8.8 | 9.2 |
| Men, 20 years and over: |  | ' |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 2,965 | 3,027. | 3,099 | 3,030 | 3,103 | 3,055' | 3,146 | 3,130 | 3,085: | 3,074 | 3,053 | 3,163. | 3,170 |
| Employed .......................................: | 2,719; | 2,777. | 2,827.' | 2,756 | 2,823. | 2,778, | 2,870 | 2,866 | 2,837. | 2,815 | 2,816 | 2,917: | 2,944 |
| Unemployed ..................................... | 246 | 250 | 271. | 275. | 280 | 276 | 276 | 264 | 248 | 259 | $237{ }^{1}$ | 245 | 226 |
| Unemployment rate ...... | 8.3 | $8.3{ }^{\prime}$ | 8.8 | 9.1. | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 8.4 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.1 |
| Women, 20 years and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 8,737 | 8,756 | 8,833. | 8,776 | 8,693 | 8,699 | 8,857 | 8,867 | 8,830 | 8,921 | 8,942 | 8,891. | 9,117 |
| Employed | 8,180 | 8,177. | 8,212 | 8,176. | 8,081; | 8,083 | 8,293 | 8,302. | 8,302. | 8,378 | 8,360 | 8,343. | 8,532 |
| Unemployed ..................................... | 557 | 579 | 621. | 601. | 612 | 616 | $564{ }^{\circ}$ | 565 | 528 | 542 | 582 | 547. | 585 |
| Unemployment rate ........................ | 6.4. | 6.6 | 7.0 | 6.8. | 7.0 | $7.1{ }^{\prime}$ | 6.4. | 6.4 | 6.0 | 6.1. | 6.5 | 6.2 | 6.4 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 4,086 | 4,230. | 4,089 | 4,041, | 3,921; | 3,891 | 4,005. | 3,894 | 3,930 | 3,957 | 3,959 | 3.830. | 4.039 |
| Employed' | 3,288 | 3,416 | 3,259, | 3,187. | 3,150, | 3,057. | 3,226 | 3,168 | 3,223 | 3,237 | 3.265 | 3,220 | 3,350 |
| Unemployed ..................................... | 798 | 814 | 830' | 855 | 772. | 834 | 779. | 726 | 707 | 720 | 694 | 610 : | 689 |
| Unemployment rate ......................... | 19.5 | 19.2 | 20.3 | 21.1 : | 19.7. | 21.4 | 19.5. | 18.7 | 18.0 | 18.2 | 17.5 | 15.9 | 17.1 |

[^6]the full-time employed category; unemployed persons are allocated by

HOUSEHOLD DATA
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES

## A-46. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

| Category | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 11 | III | N | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | 111 | IV | 1 |
| CHARACTERISTIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total .................................................... | 99,753 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 99,702 | 99,531 | 99,121 | 99,227 | 99,889 | 101,582 | 102,591 | 103,768 | 104,985 | 105,306\|1 | 105,951 | 106,732 |
| Married men, spouse present | 38,313 | 38,249 | 38,058 | 37.676 | 37,491 | 37,662 | 38,289 | 38,416 | 38,810 | 39,044 | 39,089 | 39,278 | 39,443 |
| Married women, spouse present ............. | 23,879; | 24,131 | 24,152 | 24,046 | 24,201 | 24,335 | 24,823 | 25,038; | 25,174. | 25,620 | 25,735 | 26,005 | 26,072 |
| Women who maintain families ................ | 5,116 | 5,069 | 5.153 ; | 5,059 | 5,065 | 4,964 | 5,078 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 5,257 | 5,383\| | 5,570 | 5,517! | 5,390 | 5,580 |
| MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER |  |  |  | ! |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers | 1.425 | 1.463 | 1.523 | 1,600 | $1.60{ }^{\text {l }}$ | 1,573 | 1,619 | 1.510. | 1.512 | 1,595 | 1.512 | 1,612 | 1.606 |
| Self-employed workers .......................... | 1,644 | 1,663i | 1,615 | 1,625 | 1,574 | 1.587 | 1,543 | 1,559 \| | 1,595 | 1,553 | 1,558 | 1.509 | 1,512 |
| Unpaid family workers .......................... | 326 | 259 | 250 | 231 | 247 | 235 | 242 | 234 | 225 | 222 | 208 | 201 | 244 |
| Nonagricultural industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers ...................... Government .............................. | 88,813 15,523 | 88,654 15.514 | 88,448 15,545 | 87,935 15,495 | 87,980 15.453 | 88,668 15,519 | 90,164 15,593 | 91,107 15,590 | 92,311 15,700 | 93,511 15,741 | 93,863 15,759 | 94,527 15,880 | 95,390 15,917 |
| Private industries | 73,290 | 73,141 | 72,904 | 72,440 | 72,527 | 73,149 | 74,571 | 75,517 | 76,611 | 77,770 | 78,103 | 78,647 | 79,474 |
| Private households | 1,222 | 1,193 | 1,207 | 1,208 | 1,223 | 1,234 | 1,282 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1,244 | 1,205 | 1,301 | 1,212 | 1,233 | 1,296 |
| Other industries ................................ | 72,068 | 71,947 | 71.697 | 71,232 | 71,304 | 71,915. | 73,289 | 74,273 | 75,406 | 76,469 | 76,892 | 77,415 | 78,178 |
| Self-employed workers ......................... | 7,067 | 7,281 | 7.353 | 7,343 | 7,413: | 7,488 | 7,644 | 7,753 | 7,819 | 7,791 ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | 7.768 | 7,766 | 7,755 |
| Unpaid family workers .......................... | 420 | 409 | 398 | 371 | 359 | 354 | 362 | 428 | 341 | 337 | ; 319 | 343! | 334 |
| PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME' |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part time for economic reasons ............. | 5,567 | 6,067 | 6,343 | 6,735 | 6,569 | 6,259 | -6,217 | 6,017! | 5,834 | 5,738 | 5,677 | 5,716 | 5,542 |
| Slack work ........................................, | 2,900 | 3,335 | 3.397 | 3,470 | 3,142 | 2,856 | 2,756 | 2,539 | 2.450 | 2,334 | 2,402 | 2,520 | 2,414 |
| Could only find part-time work .............i | 2,352 | 2,443 | 2.679 | 2,926: | 3,111 | 3,104 | - 3,054 | 3,170 | 3,088 | 3,037 | 2,839 | 2,869 | 2,809 |
| Voluntary part time ................................ | 12,862 | 13.120 | 13.029 | 12.833 | 12,778 | 12,672 | 13,098 | 13.100 | 13,080 | 13,222 | 13,201 | 13,169 | 13.542 |
| Nonagricultural industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part time for economic reasons ............) | 5,292 | 5,761 | 6,006 | 6,387 | 6,313 | 5,985 | 5.930 | 5,762! | 5,627 | 5,482 | 5,438: | - 5,497: | 5.289 |
| Slack work | 2,699 | 3,120 | 3,170 | 3,261 | 3,002 | 2,690 | 2,591 | 2,412 | 2,320 | 2,189 | 2,258 | 2,385 | 2,244 |
| Could only find part-time work | 2,273 | 2,357 | 2.581 | 2,807: | 2,990 | 3,012 | [ 2,947 | 3,063: | 2,994 | 2,947 | 2,759 | 2,799 | 2,716 |
| Voluntary part time .............................. | 12,360 | 12,637 | 12.514 | 12,341 | 12,290 | 12,208 | 12,551 | 12,603 | 12,588 | 12,781 | 12,734 | 12,709 | 13,052 |

' Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial disoute.

## A-47. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonaliy adjusted

(In thousands)

| Sex and age | 1982 |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  | 1985 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV |  | 11 |  |  |  |  | III |  | $1$ |
| Total, 16 years and over .................... | 99,753: | $99,702$ | $99,531$ | $99,121$ | 99,227 | 99,889 | 1,582 | 02,591 | 03,768 | 04,985 | 05,306 | $05,951$ | $6.732$ |
| 16 to 24 years ........................................ | 20,586! | 20,354 | 20,075 | 19,947 | 19,864 | 19,844 | 20,245 | 20,282 | 20,553 | 20,799 | 20,577 | 20,680 | 20.702 |
| 16 to 19 years | 6,745 | 6,597. | 6,448 | 6,409 | 6,344 | 6,258 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 6,386 | 6,3711 | 6,452 | 6,510 | 6,426 | 6.392 | 6.620 |
| 16 to 17 years | 2,661 | 2,547 | 2,412 | 2,401 | 2,364: | 2,284 | 2,318 | 2,316 | 2,352 | 2,426 | 2,415 | 2,422! | 2.564 |
| 18 to 19 years | 4,079: | 4,059 | 4,043 | 3,994 | 3,978 | 3,982; | 4,069 | 4,058 ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | 4,110 | 4,090 | 3,989 | 3,970 | 4,059 |
| 20 to 24 years | 13,841 | 13,757 | 13,627 | 13,538 | 13,519 i | 13,586, | 13,860 | 13,912 | 14,101! | 14,288 | 14,151! | 14.288 | 14,081 |
| 25 years and over | 79,156 | 79,371 | 79,465 | 79,157 | 79,353 | 80,068. | 81,338 | 82,291! | 83,202 | 84,212 | 84,737. | 85,253 | 86,021 |
| 25 to 54 years | 64,869 | 64,956: | 65,066 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 64,909 | 65,156' | 65,924 | 67,069 | 67,940 | 68,957! | 69,965! | 70,5071 | 71,053 | 71,707 |
| 55 years and over | 14,280 | 14,408 | 14.402 | 14,252 | 14,188 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 14,146: | 14,275 | 14,347 | 14,248 | 14,248 | 14,224 | 14,195 | 14,318 |
| Men, 16 years and over | 56,671 | 56,451 | 56,099 | 55,858 | 55,825 | 56,301! | 57,187 | 57,795: | 58,531 | 8,996! | 59,242 | 59,589 | 59.737 |
| 16 to 24 years | 10,856 | 10,619 | 10,443 | 10,392: | 10,349 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 10,410 | 10,641 | 10,706 | 10,851 | 10,999 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 10,820 | 10,912 | 10,801 |
| 16 to 19 years | 3,544 | 3,396 | 3,289 | 3,287 | 3,275 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | $3,253{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 3,320 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 3,338 | 3,332 | 3,359 | 3,290 | 3,314 | 3,423 |
| 16 to 17 years | 1,405 | 1,350 | 1,232 | 1,242 | 1,243! | 1.189; | 1,213 | 1,208 | 1,230 | 1,247 | 1,232 | 1,264 | 1,324 |
| 18 to 19 years | 2,128 | 2,054 | 2,069 | 2.036 | 2,027 | 2,071 | 2,112 | 2,134 | 2,103. | 2,115 | 2,043 | 2,050 | 2,087 |
| 20 to 24 years ...................................... | 7.312 | 7,223 | 7.154 | 7,104 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | $7,074{ }^{1}$ | 7,157. | 7,321i | 7,368 | 7,519 | 7,640 | 7,530 | 7,597 | 7,379 |
| 25 years and over | 45,801! | 45,863 | 45,657 | 45,446 | 45,465; | 45,924, | 46,539 | 47.070 | 47,667 | 48,035 | 48,416: | 48,659 | 48,923 |
| 25 to 54 years | 37,227 | 37,237 | 37,107 | 36,978 | 37,038 | 37,514! | 38,060 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 38,571 | 39,224 | 39,651. | 40.012. | 40,303 | 40,449 |
| 55 years and over | 8,573 | 8,632 | 8.550 | 8,469 | 8,421; | 8,419 | 8,479 | 8,500 | 8,440! | 8,393 | 8,398 | 8,356 | 8,466 |
| Women, 16 years and over | 43,082 | 43,252 | 43,432 | 43,263 | 43,401! | 43,589 | 44,395; | 44,796 | 45,237 | 45,989 | 46,064 | 46,363. | 46,995 |
| 16 to 24 years | 9,730: | 9,735 | 9,632 | 9,555 | 9,514 | 9.434 | 9.604 | 9,576: | 9,702 | 9,800: | 9,756: | 9,769. | 9,900 |
| 16 to 19 years | 3,201. | 3.201 | 3,159. | 3,122: | 3,069 | 3,005 | 3.066 | 3.032 | 3.120 | 3,152 | 3,136: | 3,078 | 3,198 |
| 16 to 17 years | 1,256. | 1,197 | 1,180, | 1,159 | 1,120 | 1,095 | 1,104 | 1,109 | 1,122 | 1,179 | 1,183 | 1,157. | 1,240 |
| 18 to 19 years | 1,951. | 2,004 | 1,974 | 1,958 | 1,951 | 1,911 | 1,957 | 1,924, | 2,007 | 1,976 | 1,946! | 1,920 | 1,972 |
| 20 to 24 years | 6,529 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 6.534 | 6,473 | 6,433: | 6,445 | 6,429 | 6,539 | 6,544 | 6,582 | 6,648 | 6,621. | 6,691 | 6,703 |
| 25 years and over | 33,356: | 33,508 | 33,807 | 33,711 | 33,888 | 34,143' | 34,799 | 35,221: | 35.535 | $36,176{ }^{\prime}$ | 36,321 | 36,594 | 37.097 |
| 25 to 54 years | 27,642 | 27.719 | 27,959: | 27,931 | 28,118 | 28,410 | 29,008 | 29,369 | 29,733 | 30,314 | 30,495 | 30,750 | 31,258 |
| 55 years and over | 5,706 | 5,776 | 5,852. | 5.784; | 5,767 | 5,727 | 5,796! | 5.847' | 5,808 | 5,856 | 5,826 | 5,839 | 5,851 |

A-48. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted
(In thousands)

| Sex and age | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| Total, 16 years and over ....................\| | 9,670 | 10,416 | 10,984 | 11,772 | 11,500 | 11,282 | 10,470 | 9,509 | 8,882 | 8,529 | 8,447 | 8,233 | 8,426 |
| 16 to 24 years .......................................\| | 4,147 | 4,298 | 4,433 | 4,618 | 4,449 | 4,352 | 4,091 | 3,714 | 3,472 | 3,366 | 3,302 | 3,201 | 3,256 |
| 16 to 19 years .................................... 1 | 1,920\| | 1,951 | 2,006 | 2,027 | 1,907, | 1,917 | 1,839 | 1,647 | 1,570 | 1,508 | 1,472 | 1,444 | 1,503 |
| 16 to 17 years .................................. | 798 | 816 | 841 | 869 | 773 | 7981 | 749 | 689 | 677 | 643 | 640 | 621 | 669 |
| 18 to 19 years ................................... | 1,125 | 1,135 ! | 1,153 | 1,167 | 1.137 | 1,118 | 1,074 | 971 | 895 | 864 | 817 | 838 | 837 |
| 20 to 24 years | 2,227 | 2,347 | 2,427 | 2,592 | 2,543 | 2,435 | 2,252 | 2,067, | 1,902 | 1,858 | 1,829 | 1,756 | 1,753 |
| 25 years and over ..................................\| | 5,528! | 6,135 | 6,544 | 7,148 | 7,048 | 6,954 | 6,375 | 5,789 | 5,404 | 5,182 | 5,142 | 5,024 | 5,166 |
| 25 to 54 years ..................................... | 4,863 | 5,355 | 5,792 | 6,311 | 6,220 | 6,094 | 5,637 | 5,067 | 4,727 | 4,493 | 4,503 | 4,375 | 4,556 |
| 55 years and over ............................... 1 | 663 | 750 | 7871 | 834 | 824 | 824 | 774 | 731 | 669 | 659 | 667 | 655 | 603 |
| Men, 16 years and over ...................... | 5,522 | 5,991! | 6.410 ! | 6.912 | 6,708 | 6,620 | 6,131 | 5,480 | 4,993 | 4,742 | 4,649 | 4,535 | 4,565 |
| 16 to 24 years ...................................... 1 | 2,362 | 2,458 | 2,527 | 2,660 | 2,537 | 2,494 | 2,350 | 2,080 | 1,902 | 1,844 | 1,829 | 1,755 | 1,762 |
| 16 to 19 years ...................................... | 1.050 | 1,088 | 1,095 | 1,126 | 1,060 | 1,042 | 1,021 | 889 | 840 | 808 | 803 | 796 | 798 |
| 16 to 17 years .................................. | 448 | 461 | 469 | 495 | 425 | 429 | 413 | 365 | 358 | 361 | 346 | 325 | 359 |
| 18 to 19 years | 603 | 631! | 618 | 633 | 636 | 618 | 597 | 528 | 482 | 451 | 447 | 476 | 440 |
| 20 to 24 years | 1,312 | 1,370 | 1,432 | 1,534 | 1,477 | 1,452 | 1,329 | 1,192 | 1,062 | 1,036 | 1,026 | 959 | 964 |
| 25 years and over | 3,159 | 3,536 | 3,885 | 4,259 | 4,161 | 4,127 | 3,787 | 3,406 | 3,079 | 2,900 | 2,826 | 2,785 | 2,793 |
| 25 to 54 years ..................................... | 2,752 | 3,071 | 3,428 | 3,725 | 3,632 | 3.580 | 3,319 | 2,940 | 2,656 | 2,493 | 2,425 | 2,382 | 2,434 |
| 55 years and over ............................... ! | 401 | 451 | 477 | 531 | 523 | 535 | 487 | 468 | 416 | 398 | 413 | 403 | 356 |
| Women, 16 years and over .................\| | 4,149 | 4,425 | 4.574 | 4,860 | 4,792 | 4,662 | 4,339 | 4,029 | 3,888 | 3,787 | 3,799 | 3,699 | 3,861 |
| 16 to 24 years ...................................... | 1,785 | 1,839 | 1,906 | 1,958 | 1,913 | 1,857 | 1,742 | 1,634 | 1,570 | 1,522 | 1,473 | 1,445 | 1,494 |
| 16 to 19 years | $870 \mid$ | 863 | 911 | 901 | 847 | 875 | 819 | 759 | 730 | 700 | 669 | 648 | 705 |
| 16 to 17 years | 350 | 355 | 372 | 374 | 348 | 369 | 336 | 324 | 3191 | 282 | 295 | 296 | 310 |
| 18 to 19 years | 522 | 504 | 535 | 534 | 501 | 500 | 477 | 443 | 413 | 412\| | 370 | 362 | 397 |
| 20 to 24 years | 915 | 977 | 995 | 1,058 | 1,066 | 982 | 923 | 875 | 840 | 822 | 803 | 797 | 789 |
| 25 years and over .................................. | 2,368 | 2,599 | 2,658 | 2,889 | 2,887 | 2,827 | 2,589 | 2,382 | 2,325 | 2,282 | 2,316 | 2,239 | 2,373 |
| 25 to 54 years | 2,111 | 2,283 | 2,364 | 2,586 | 2,588 | 2,514 | 2,318 | 2,127 | 2,071 | 1,999 | 2,079 | 1,993 | 2,121 |
| 55 years and over. | 262 | 299) | 309 | 302 | 301 | 290 | 288 | 263 | 253 | 261 | 255 | 252 | 247 |

A-49. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted
(Civilian workers)

| Sex and age | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  | $1985$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV |  |
| Total, 16 years and over .. | 8.8 | 9.5 | 9.9 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 9.3 | 8.5 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.3 |
| 16 to 24 years ......................................... | 16.8 | 17.4 | 18.1 | 18.8 | 18.3 | 18.0 | 16.8 | 15.5 | 14.5 | 13.9 | 13.8 | 13.4 | 13.6 |
| 16 to 19 years ................. ..................... | 22.2 | 22.8 | 23.7 | 24.0 | 23.1 | 23.4 | 22.4 | 20.5 | 19.6 | 18.8 | 18.6 | 18.4 | 18.5 |
| 16 to 17 years | 23.1 | 24.3 | 25.8 | 26.6 | 24.6 | 25.9 | 24.4 | 22.9 | 22.4 | 20.9 | 21.0 | 20.4 | 20.7 |
| 18 to 19 years | 21.6 | 21.9 | 22.2 | 22.6 | 22.2 | 21.9 | 20.9 | 19.3 | 17.9 | 17.4 | 17.0 | 17.4 | 17.1 |
| 20 to 24 years ...................................... | 13.9 | 14.6 | 15.1 | 16.1 | 15.8 | 15.2 | 14.0 | 12.9 | 11.9 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 10.9 | 11.1 |
| 25 years and over | 6.5 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.7 |
| 25 to 54 years | 7.0 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 6.0 |
| 55 years and over ................................i | 4.4 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.0 |
| Men, 16 years and over ..................... | 8.9 | 9.6 | 10.3 | 11.0 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 9.7 | 8.7 | 7.9 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 7.1 |
| 16 to 24 years ........................................ | 17.9 | 18.8 | 19.5 | 20.4 | 19.7 | 19.3 | 18.1 | 16.3 | 14.9 | 14.4 | 14.5 | 13.9 | 14.0 |
| 16 to 19 years | 22.9 | 24.3 | 25.0 | 25.5 | 24.4 | 24.3 | 23.5 | 21.0 | 20.1 | 19.4 | 19.6 | 19.4 | 18.9 |
| 16 to 17 years | 24.2 | 25.5 | 27.6 | 28.5 | 25.5 | 26.5 | 25.4 | 23.2 | 22.6 | 22.5 | 21.9 | 20.5 | 21.3 |
| 18 to 19 years ................................... | 22.1 | 23.5 | 23.0 | 23.7 | 23.9 | 23.0 | 22.0 | 19.8 | 18.6 | 17.6 | 17.9 | 18.8 | 17.4 |
| 20 to 24 years ...................................... | 15.2 | 15.9 | 16.7 | 17.8 | 17.3 | 16.9 | 15.4 | 13.9 | 12.4 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 11.2 | 11.6 |
| 25 years and over ...................................! | 6.5 | 7.2 | 7.8 | 8.6 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.4 |
| 25 to 54 years ...................................... | 6.9 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 9.2 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 8.0 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.7 |
| 55 years and over ................................. | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.0 |
| Women, 16 years and over ................. | 8.8 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 10.1 | 9.9 | 9.7 | 8.9 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.6 |
| 16 to 24 years ........................................ | 15.5 | 15.9 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 16.7 | 16.4 | 15.4 | 14.6 | 13.9 | 13.4 | 13.1 | 12.9 | 13.1 |
| 16 to 19 years ...................................... | 21.4 | 21.2 | 22.4 | 22.4 | 21.6 | 22.6 | 21.1 | 20.0 | 19.0 | 18.2 | 17.6 | 17.4 | 18.1 |
| 16 to 17 years | 21.8 | 22.9 | 24.0 | 24.4 | 23.7 | 25.2 | 23.3 | 22.6 | 22.1 | 19.3 | 19.9 | 20.3 | 20.0 |
| 18 to 19 years .................................... | 21.1 | 20.1 | 21.3 | 21.4 | 20.4 | 20.8 | 19.6 | 18.7 | 17.1 | 17.3 | 16.0 | 15.9 | 16.8 |
| 20 to 24 years ...................................... | 12.3 | 13.0 | 13.3 | 14.1 | 14.2 | 13.3 | 12.4 | 11.8 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 10.5 |
| 25 years and over ...................................\| | 6.6 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 6.9 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 6.0 |
| 25 to 54 years ..................................... | 7.1 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 7.4 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 6.4 |
| 55 years and over ................................ | 4.4 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.1 |

A-50. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted
(Unemployment rates)

| Category | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 |
| CHARACTERISTIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (all civilian workers) | 8.8 | 9.5 | 9.9 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 9.3 | 8.5 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.3 |
| Men, 20 years and over | 7.8 | 8.5 | 9.1 | 9.9 | 9.7 | 9.5 | 8.7 | 7.8 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.3 |
| Women, 20 years and over | 7.6 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 8.5 | 7.8 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 6.7 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years | 22.2 | 22.8 | 23.7 | 24.0 | 23.1 | 23.4 | 22.4 | 20.5 | 19.6 | 18.8 | 18.6 | 18.4 | 18.5 |
| White | 7.8 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 8.9 | 8.1 | 7.3 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.3 |
| Black and other | 16.1 | 17.0 | 17.6 | 18.7 | 18.6 | 18.7 | 17.5 | 16.3 | 15.3 | 14.4 | 14.3 | 13.7 | 14.0 |
| Black | 17.6 | 18.4 | 19.1 | 20.5 | 20.4 | 20.5 | 19.3 | 17.8 | 16.7 | 16.0 | 15.8 | 15.1 | 15.5 |
| Hispanic origin | 12.0 | 13.4 | 14.5 | 15.4 | 15.4 | 14.3 | 12.8 | 12.1 | 11.0 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 10.5 | 10.1 |
| Married men, spouse present | 5.5 | 6.2 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 6.1 | 5.5 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.4 |
| Married women, spouse present ..........................................i | 6.8 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 6.8 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.7 |
| Women who maintain families | 10.5 | 11.8 | 12.2 | 12.4 | 13.1 | 12.9 | 12.0 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 10.4 |
| Full-time workers | 8.6 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 10.6 | 10.3 | 10.0 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 7.6 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 7.0 |
| Part-time workers | 10.1 | 10.3 | 10.7 | 10.9 | 10.6 | 11.0 | 10.1 | 9.8 | 9.4 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 8.8 | 9.2 |
| Unemployed 15 weeks and over ${ }^{1}$ | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| Labor force time lost ${ }^{2}$.............. | 10.0 | 10.6 | 11.2 | 12.1 | 11.8 | 11.4 | 10.6 | 9.7 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 8.2 |
| INDUSTRY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers | 9.1 | 9.9 | 10.4 | 11.2 | 10.8 | 10.4 | 9.6 | 8.6 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.2 |
| Mining | 8.7 | 11.8 | 16.5 | 18.2 | 18.5 | 19.8 | 16.2 | 12.4 | 11.3 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 11.0 | 10.7 |
| Construction | 18.5 | 19.1 | 20.8 | 22.1 | 20.2 | 19.4 | 17.9 | 15.9 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 14.2 | 13.9 | 13.4 |
| Manufacturing | 10.6 | 11.8 | 12.8 | 14.2 | 13.1 | 12.2 | 10.6 | 8.9 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.6 |
| Durable goods. | 11.0 | 12.5 | 13.9 | 16.1 | 14.5 | 13.2 | 11.3 | 9.1 | 7.7 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 7.3 |
| Nondurable goods .......................................................... | 9.9 | 10.7 | 11.2 | 11.4 | 11.0 | 10.7 | 9.6 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 7.5 | 8.1 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 6.0 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 5.0 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 9.3 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.6 | 10.9 | 10.3 | 9.7 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 8.0 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.6 |
| Finance and service industries ........................................... | 6.4 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.8 |
| Agricultural wage and salary workers ...................................... | 14.1 | 15.9 | 14.5 | 14.8 | 15.9 | 17.1 | 15.5 | 15.7 | 14.6 | 12.9 | 14.1 | 12.3 | 13.8 |

${ }^{1}$ Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.
${ }^{2}$ Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

NOTE: Data for persons of Hispanic origin for 1984 and earlier years have been revised to reflect new population estimates and are not comparable to previously published data.

A-51. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted
(Numbers in thousands)

| Weeks of unemployment | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | 1 |
| DURATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 5 weeks | 3,880 | 3,835 | 3,924 | 3,901 | 3,639 | 3,616 | 3,605 | 3,391 | 3,345 | 3,304 | 3.412 | 3,343 | 3,592 |
| 5 to 14 weeks ........ | 3.099 | 3,327 | 3,383 | 3,462 | 3,208 | 3.032 | 2,869 | 2,625 | 2,508 | 2,409 | 2,463 | 2,415 | 2,500 |
| 15 weeks and over | 2,709 | 3,265 | 3,731 | 4,443 | 4,628 | 4,454 | 4,117 | 3,510 | 3,032 | 2,768 | 2,633 | 2,443 | 2,353 |
| 15 to 26 weeks | 1,442 | 1,623 | 1,827 | 2,053 | 1,932 | 1,673 | 1,587 | 1,328 | 1,163 | 1,096 | 1,103 | 1,018 | 1,027 |
| 27 weeks and over. | 1,267 | 1.642 | 1,904 | 2,390 | 2,696 | 2,781 | 2,531 | 2,182 | 1,870 | 1,673 | 1,529 | 1,425 | 1,326 |
| Average (mean) duration, in weeks .......... | 13.8 | 15.0 | 16.1 | 17.6 | 19.2 | 20.1 | 20.6 | 20.0 | 19.3 | 18.4 | 17.6 | 17.1 | 15.7 |
| Median duration, in weeks ....................... | 7.4 | 8.6 | 9.0 | 10.1 | 10.5 | 11.2 | 9.7 | 9.3 | 8.6 | 8.0 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 7.0 |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed ................................... | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks | 40.0 | 36.8 | 35.5 | 33.0 | 31.7 | 32.6 | 34.0 | 35.6 | 37.6 | 39.0 | 40.1 | 40.8 | 42.5 |
| 5 to 14 weeks | 32.0 | 31.9 | 30.6 | 29.3 | 28.0 | 27.3 | 27.1 | 27.6 | 28.2 | 28.4 | 28.9 | 29.5 | 29.6 |
| 15 weeks and over | 28.0 | 31.3 | 33.8 | 37.6 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 38.9 | 36.9 | 34.1 | 32.6 | 30.9 | 29.8 | 27.9 |
| 15 to 26 weeks ................................. | 14.9 | 15.6 | 16.6 | 17.4 | 16.8 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 13.9 | 13.1 | 12.9 | 13.0 | 12.4 | 12.2 |
| 27 weeks and over | 13.1 | 15.8 | 17.2 | 20.2 | 23.5 | 25.0 | 23.9 | 22.9 | 21.0 | 19.7 | 18.0 | 17.4 | 15.7 |

A-52. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

| Reasons for unemployment | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  | $\frac{1985}{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV |  |
| NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Job losers | 5,418 | 6,022 | 6,547 | 7,250 | 6,848 | 6,721 | 6,083 | 5,254 | 4,730 | 4,392 | 4,297 | 4,193 | 4,241 |
| On layoff ............................................. | 1,869 | 2,018 | 2,286 | 2,432 | 2,087 | 1.924 | 1,634 | 1,339 | 1,259 | 1,155 | 1,140 | 1,096 | 1,211 |
| Other job losers | 3,549 | 4,004 | 4,261 | 4,818 | 4,761 | 4,797 | 4,449 | 3,915 | 3,471 | 3,236 | 3,156 | 3,096 | 3,030 |
| Job leavers ....... | 885 | 877 | 811 | 792 | 859 | 815 | 795 | 851 | 791 | 804 | 841 | 852 | 866 |
| Reentrants. | 2,222 | 2,393 | 2,442 | 2,491 | 2,515 | 2,450 | 2,410 | 2,264 | 2,193 | 2,158 | 2,220 | 2,176 | 2,273 |
| New entrants ....................................... | 1,092 | 1,102 | 1,264 | 1,282 | 1,190 | 1,294 | 1,225 | 1,154 | 1,162 | 1,167 | 1,079 | 1,032 | 1,058 |
| PERCENT DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total unemployed | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Job losers .............................................. | 56.3 | 57.9 | 59.2 | 61.4 | 60.0 | 59.6 | 57.9 | 55.2 | 53.3 | 51.5 | 50.9 | 50.8 | 50.3 |
| On layoff ............................................. | 19.4 | 19.4 | 20.7 | 20.6 | 18.3 | 17.1 | 15.5 | 14.1 | 14.2 | 13.6 | 13.5 | 13.3 | 14.3 |
| Other job losers ................................... | 36.9 | 38.5 | 38.5 | 40.8 | 41.7 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 41.1 | 39.1 | 38.0 | 37.4 | 37.5 | 35.9 |
| Job leavers ............................................ | 9.2 | 8.4 | 7.3 | 6.7 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 9.4 | 10.0 | 10.3 | 10.3 |
| Reentrants ............................................. | 23.1 | 23.0 | 22.1 | 21.1 | 22.0 | 21.7 | 22.9 | 23.8 ' | 24.7 | 25.3 | 26.3 | 26.4 | 26.9 |
| New entrants ......................................... | 11.4 | 10.6 | 11.4 | 10.9 | 10.4 | 11.5 | 11.7 | 12.1 | 13.1 | 13.7 | 12.8 | 12.5 | 12.5 |
| UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | i | ! |  |  |  |
| Job losers .............................................. | 5.0 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| Job leavers ............................................ | . 8 | . 8 | . 7 | . 7 | . 8 | . 7 | . 7 | . 8 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 8 |
| Reentrants... | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.01 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| New entrants ......................................... | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 |

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES

## A-53. Persons not in the labor force by reason, sex, and race, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

| Reason, sex, and race | 1982 |  |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 11 | 11 | IV |  | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV |  |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force | 62,073 | 61,902 | 62,006 | 62,154 | 62,779 | 62,785 | 62,397 | 62,850 | 63,029 | 62,611 | 62,841, | 62,948 | 62,364 |
| Do not want a job | 55,927 | 55,774 | 55,429 | 55,357 | 55,996 | 56,051 | 55,681 | 56,565 | 56,809 | 56,534 | 57,103 | 56,799 | 56,842 |
| Current activity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Going to school | 6,3181 | 6,887 | 6,314 | 6,467 | 6,562 | 6,470 | 6,361 | 6,584 | 6,646 | 6,456\| | 6,893 | 6,393 | 6,262 |
| III, disabled | 4,083 | 3,989 | 4,056 | 4,023 | 3,970 | 4,003 | 3,826 | 3,856 | 4,088 | 4,072 | 4,033 | 3,786 | 4,129 |
| Keeping hous | 28,877 | 28,374 | 28,294 | 28,113 | 28,275 | 28,362 | 28,296 | 28,501 | 28,384 | 27,960 | 27,972 | 27,910 | 27,342 |
| Retired | 12,057 | 12,1731 | 12,534 | 12,559 | 12,963 | 12,978 | 12,959 | 13,178 | 13,446 | 13,662 | 13,687 | 14,313 | 14,312 |
| Other activity ................................! | 4,591 | 4,351! | 4,230 | 4,195 | 4,225 | 4,238 | 4,239 | 4,446 | 4,244 | 4,384 | 4,518 | 4,397 | 4,798 |
| Want a job | 6,229 | 6.585 | 6,569 | 6,893 | 6,513i | 6,506 | 6,709 | 6,276 | 6,242 | 5,956 | 5,936 | 6,140 | 5,877 |
| Reason not looking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School attendance | 1,660 | 1,719! | 1,717 | 1,852 | 1,669 | 1,500 | 1,776 | 1,534 | 1.555 | 1,608 | 1.509 | 1.483 | 1,470 |
| III health, disability | 8031 | 780 | 753 ; | 730 | 696 | 697 | 829 | 833 | 7321 | 8031 | 815 | 8471 | 746 |
| Home responsibilities | 1,353 | 1,466 | 1,366 | 1,386, | 1,383 | 1,454 | 1,432 | 1,381 | 1,499 | 1,209 | 1,416 | 1,382 | 1,253 |
| Think cannot get a job | 1,341 | 1,494 | 1,639 | 1,8131 | 1,779, | 1,710 | 1,612 \| | 1,447 | 1,350 | 1,275 | 1,211, | 1,303 | 1,253 |
| Job-market factors | 1,029 | 1,083 | 1,240 | 1,390 | 1,4111 | 1,306 | 1,204 | 1,044 | 939 | 9281 | 885 | 935 | 858 |
| Personal factors | 312 | 411 | 399. | 4231 | 368 ! | 404 | 408 | 404 | 411 | 348\| | 326 | 368 | 395 |
| Other reasons'. | 1,072 | 1,126 | 1,093 | 1,112! | 986: | 1,144 | 1,060 | 1,080 | 1,107 | 1,060 | 985 | 1,126 | 1,155 |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force | 18,959 | 18,957 | 19,120 |  | 19,658 | 19,485 | 19,324 | 19,611 | 19,746 | 19,742 | 19,810 | 19,847 | 19,841 |
| Do not want a job now ........................ | 16,798 | 17,028 | ,002' | 16,891 | 17,188! | 17,239 | 16,962 | 17,485 | 17,686 | 17,646 | 17,827 | 17,761 | 18,124 |
| Want a job | 2,114 | 2,148 | 2,262 | 2,338 | 2,227 | 2,176 | 2,378 | 2,143 | 2,047 | 2,037 | 1,951! | 2,020 | 1,899 |
| Reason not looking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School attendance | 895 | 907 | $911^{\text {' }}$ | 998 | 882 | 7731 | 1,041 | 820, | 816 | 7981 | 7601 | 7341 | 692 |
| III health, disability | 333 | $338:$ | 331 | 291i | 3001 | 313 : | 371i | 373 | 352 | 3561 | 387 | $402!$ | 344 |
| Think cannot get a job | 510 | 5701 | 612 | $665!$ | 711. | 675 | 6131 | 6001 | 496 | 504 | 464 | 502 | 496 |
| Other reasons ${ }^{1}$.............................. 1 | 376 | 3331 | 408 | 3841 | 334! | 416 | 353 | 351! | 384 | 379 | 340 | 382 | 367 |
| Women : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force . | 43,114 | 42,945 | 42,886' | 10 | 43,121 | 43,300 | 43,074 | 43,239 | 43,283 | 42,869 | 43,032 | 43,102 | 42,523 |
| Do not w | 39,128 | 38,746! | 38 | \% | 38,808 | 38,813 | 38,719 | 39,0801 | 39,123! | 38,888 | 39,276 | 39,038 | 38,718 |
| Want a job now | 4,115: | 4,437', | 4,307 | 4,555 | 4,286 | 4,329 | 4,3311 | 4,133 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 4,195 | 3,919 | 3,985 | 4,120 | 3,978 |
| Reason not looking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School attendance | 765! | 812, | 806' | 854 ${ }^{1}$ | 787 | 727 | 735 | 15 | 7391 | 810! | 9 | 48, | 778 |
| III health, disability | 470! | 443 | 422 | $439{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 396 | 385 | 458 | 4611 | 380 | 447, | 428 | 445! | 402 |
| Home responsibiliti | 1.353 | 1,466 | 1,366: | 1,386. | 1,383 | 1,454 | 1,432 | 1,381 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 1,499 | 1,209 | 1,416 | 1,382 | 1,253 |
| Think cannot get a | 831, | 924 ! | 1.027 | 1,148 | 1,068 | 1,035 | 999 | 847', | 854 | 7711 | 747 | 801 | 758 |
| Other reasons. | 696 | 793 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 686. | 728. | 652 | 729 | 707 | 729 | 7231 | 681! | 645, | 744 | 787 |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force | 53,375 | 53,095 | 53,228 | 53,360' | 54,002' | 53,978 | 53,570 | 53,707 | 54,005 | 53,615 | 53,961 | 53,9111 | 53,449 |
| Do not want a jo | 48,841 | 48,502 | 48,521 | . 560 | 48,98 | .176! | 48,852 | 49,202 | 49,547 | 49,382। | 49,581 | 49,529 | 49,159 |
| Want a job now $\qquad$ Reason not looking: | 4,480 | 4,689 | 4,803 | 4,920 | 4,750: | 4,806 | 4,727 | 4,549 | 4,474 | 4,221! | 4,271 | 4,388 | 4,387 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| School attendance ........................i | -1,196\| | 1,198; | 1,259 | 1,304 | 1,223' | 1,1061 | 1,144 | 1,101; | 1,089 | 1,108 | 1,057 | 1,053! | 1,058 |
| III health, disability .........................! | 5481 | 549 | 537 | 499' | 500' | 514 ! | 615 | 609, | 555 | 5531 | 598 | 596 | 548 |
| Home responsibilities .....................i | 991 \| | 1,052 | 1,032' | 1,025 | 1,041, | 1,051 | 1,047 | 1,019 | 1,089 | 870 | 1,040 | 1,050, | 967 |
| Think cannot get a job ................... | 877 i | 9791 | 1,081. | 1,254 | 1,195: | 1,239 | 1,077 | 977 | 8891 | 822 | 800 | 775 | 863 |
| Other reasons ${ }^{\text { }}$...............................! | 869 | 912! | 893. | 838 | 791! | 896! | 8431 | $843{ }^{1}$ | 852 | 868 | 776 | 9141 | 951 |
| Black |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total not in labor force ......................... | 7,215 | 7,310, | 7,265 | 7,210 | 7,218 | 7,230 | 7,253 | 7,425: | 7,406 | 7,361 | 7,285 | 7,218! | 7,241 |
| Do not want a job now ........................! | ! 5,616! | 5,593: | 5,616 | 5,548 | 5,647! | 5,692 | 5,530 | 5,947 | 5,885 | 5,813 | 5,809 | 5,723 | 5,940 |
| Want a job now ................................. | 1,599 | 1,675 | 1,616 | 1,730. | 1,569 | 1,508 | 1,698 | 1,531' | 1,572 | 1,504. | 1,474 | 1.547 | 1,328 |
| Reason not looking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | + |  |  |  |
|  | 408 | 429 | 412 | 473. | 413 | $328{ }^{1}$ | 477 | $409{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 409 | 420 | 355 | 374 | 380 |
| III health, disability . | 239 | 220 | 219 | 205; | 176: | 167 | 210 | 186' | 164 | 2201 | 223 | 220: | 187 |
| Home responsibilities ..................... | 313 | 364: | 302 | 343 : | 304 i | 349 | 355 | 322' | 343 | 284' | 344 | 299. | 248 |
| Think cannot get a job ................... | - 438 | 471 | 508. | $510^{\circ}$ | $511^{\prime}$ | 433 | 485 | 440\| | 406 | 404, | 364 | 491' | 346 |
| Other reasons' ..............................\| | 200 | 191, | 175 | 199 | 165' | 230 | 170 | 174: | 249 | 177! | 1891 | $163{ }^{\prime}$ | 166 |

[^7]
## A-54. Persons not in the labor force by reason, sex, and age

(In thousands)

${ }^{1}$ Includes small number of men not looking for work because of "home responsibilities."
NOTE: Detail in tables A-54 and A-55 may not add to not-in-labor-
force totals because of differences in the weighting patterns used in aggregating these data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES

## A-55. Persons not in the labor force by reason, race, Hispanic origin, age, and sex

(In thousands)

includes small number of men not looking for work because of "home responsibilities."

Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised not-In-labor-
force data by reason are not available for 1984
NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-56. Persons not in the labor force who desire work but think they cannot get jobs by reason, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin
(In thousands)


Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES
A-57. Work-seeking intentions of persons not in the labor force and work history of those who intend to seek work within the next 12 months by sex, age, and race
(In thousands)

| Work-seeking intentions, work history, and sex | Total |  | Age |  |  |  |  |  | Race |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \text { to } 24 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 25 \text { to } 59 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ |  | 60 years and over |  | White |  | Black |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { । } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do not intend to seek work .................................... | 53,173 | 53,204 | 6,339 | 6,101 | 18,034 | 17,640 | 26,799 | 29,463 | 46,404 | 46,239 | 5,517 | 5,665 |
| Intend to seek work in the next 12 months ............ | 11,098 | 10,496 | 6,478 | 5,987 | 4,057 | 3,959 | 562 | 551 | 8,612 | 8,309 | 2,097 | 1,792 |
| Never worked ...................................................... | 2,442 | 2,128 | 2,255 | 1,949 | 182 | 171 | 4 | 6 | 1,686 | 1,466 | 634 | 543 |
| Last worked over 5 years ago ............................. | 1,393! | 1,319: | 104 | 90 | 1,111 | 1,017 | 178 | 158 | 1,037 | 1,003 | 343 | 271 |
| Last worked 1 to 5 years ago ..............................', | 2,572 | 2,148 | 972 | 713 | 1,381\| | 1,252 | 219 | 183 | 1,909 | 1,670 | 557 | 395 |
| Worked during previous 12 months .....................) | 4,691 | 4,902 | 3,149 | 3.236 | 1,383 | 1,463. | 160 | 203 | 3,979 | 4,170 | 564 | 583 |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do not intend to seek work .................................... | 16,263 | 16,686 | 2,472 | 2,450 | 2,937 | 3,019 | 10,854 | 11,218 | 13,938 | 14,200 | 1,893 | 2,070 |
| Intend to seek work in the next 12 months ........... | 4,268 | 4,031 | 3,028 | 2,790 | 960 | 948 | 280 | 293 | 3,360 | 3,254 | 741 | 608 |
| Never worked | 1,049 | 962: | 1,023! | 935 | 26 | 26 | - | 2 | 757\| | 6791 | 250 | 231 |
| Last worked over 5 years ago ............................. | 2431 | 242 | 21 | 15 | 148 | 156 | 75 | 72 | 158 | $173 i$ | 81 | 54 |
| Last worked 1 to 5 years ago ............................. | 843 | 664 | 335 | 243 | 388 | 320 | 121 | 100 | 603 | 527 | 188 | 105 |
| Worked during previous 12 months ....................) | 2,132 | 2,162 | 1,649 | 1,599 | 398 | 446 | 84 | 118 | 1,842 | 1,875 | 222 | 218 |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do not intend to seek work ................................... | 36,910 | 36,519 | 3,867 | 3,652 | 15,097 | 14,623 | 17,945 | 18,245 | 32,466 | 32,039 | 3,624 | 3,595 |
| Intend to seek work in the next 12 months | 6,829 | 6,466 | 3,452 | 3,197 | 3,096 | 3,011 | 282 | 258 | 5,252 | 5,055 | 1,356 | 1,184 |
| Never worked | 1,393 | 1,166 | 1,232 | 1,015 | 156 | 145 | 4 | 6 | 929 | 787 | 384 | 312 |
| Last worked over 5 years ago .............................! | 1,149 | 1,077 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 84 | 75 | 963 | 915 | 103 | 86 | 879 | 830 | 262 | 217 |
| Last worked 1 to 5 years ago ..............................i | 1,728 | 1,483 | 637 | 468 | 993 | 931\| | 98 | 83 | 1,306 | 1,143 | 369 | 290 |
| Worked during previous 12 months .....................i | 2,559 | 2,740 ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | 1,499 | 1,637 | 982 | 1.018 | 76 | 84 | 2,137 | 2,295 | 341 | 365 |

A-58. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, sex, and age | Total |  | White |  | Black |  | Hispanic origin' |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1984$ | $\stackrel{1}{1985}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ................................. | 175,679 | 177,522 | 152,101 | 153,196 | 19,222 | 19,543 | 11,027 | 11,394 |
| Civilian labor force .................... | 111,407 | 113,820 | 97,084 | 98,648 | 11,609 | 12,085 | 7,029 | 7,259 |
| Percent of population ............................................. | 63.4 | 64.1 | 63.8 | 64.4 | 60.4 | 61.8 | 63.7 | 63.7 |
| Employed | 102,000 | 104,934 | 89,870 | 91,891 | 9,669 | 10,221 | 6,186 | 6.456 |
| Agriculture | 2,845 | 2,858 | 2,606 | 2,632 | 176 | 171 | 255 | 244 |
| Nonagricultural industries ....................................... | 99,155 | 102,077 | 87,265 | 89,259 | 9,493 | 10,050 | 5,931 | 6,211 |
| Unemployed | 9,406 | 8,886 | 7,214 | 6,757 | 1,940 | 1,864 | 843 | 803 |
| Unemployment rate ...............................................\| | 8.4 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 6.8 | 16.7 | 15.4 | 12.0 | 11.1 |
| Not in labor force ....................................................... | 64,272 | 63,702 | 55,017 | 54,549 | 7,614 | 7,458 | 3,997 | 4,135 |
| Men, 16 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population .................................) | 83,271 | 84,143 | 72,604 | 73,140 | 8,596 | 8,735 | 5,403 | 5,585 |
| Civilian labor force .....................................................\| | 62,739 | 63,426 | 55,305 | 55,685 | 5,962 | 6,057 | 4,294 | 4,403 |
| Percent of population ..............................................\| | 75.3 | 75.4 | 76.2 | 76.1 | 69.4 | 69.3 | 79.5 | 78.8 |
| Employed ................................................................ | 57,180 | 58,358 | 50,935 | 51,750 | 4,912 | 5,081 | 3773 | 3,911 |
| Agriculture ............................................................. | 2,311 | 2,316 | 2,093 | 2,106 | 165 | 165 | 229 | 218 |
| Nonagricultural industries ........................................ | 54,869 | 56,041 | 48,842 | 49,644 | 4,747 | 4,916 | 3.544 | 3,693 |
| Unemployed ...........................................................\| | 5,558 | 5,069 | 4,370 | 3,935 | 1,051 | 976 | 521 | 492 |
| Unemployment rate | 8.9 | 88.0 | 7.9 | 7.1 17.455 | 17.6 | 16.1 | 12.1 | 11.2 |
| Not in labor force ........... | 20,532 | 20,717 | 17,299 | 17,455 | 2,634 | 2,679 | 1,110 | 1,182 |
| Men, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population .................................. | 75,786 | 76,831 | 66,404 | 67,123 | 7,528 | 7,671 | 4,782 | 4,974 |
| Civilian labor force .....................................................\| | 58,997 | 59,652 | 51,993 | 52,397 | 5,606 | 5,656 | 4,002 | 4,113 |
| Percent of population ............................................. | 77.8 | 77.6 | 78.3 | 78.1 | 74.5 | 73.7 | 83.6 | 82.7 |
| Employed. | 54,278 | 55,378 | 48,284 | 49,072 | 4,720 | 4,850 | 3,563 | 3,681 |
| Agriculture | 2,147 | 2,134 | 1,933 | 1,938 | 162 | 158 | 209 | 205 |
| Nonagricultural industries ....................................... | 52,130 | 53,245 | 46,351 | 47,134 | 4,558 | 4,693 | 3,354 | 3,475 |
| Unemployed ...........................................................\| | 4,720 | 4,274 | 3,710 | 3,325 | 886 | 806 | 438 | 433 |
| Unemployment rate ................................................ | 8.0 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 15.8 | 14.3 | 11.0 | 10.5 |
| Not in labor force ........................................................ | 16,789 | 17,179 | 14.411 | 14,726 | 1,922 | 2,015 | 781 | 861 |
| Women, 16 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population .................................\| | 92,408 | 93,379 | 79,497 | 80,057 | 10,626 | 10,807 | 5,623 | 5,808 |
| Civilian labor force .....................................................\| | 48,668 | 50,394 | 41,779 | 42,963 | 5,647 | 6,028 | 2,736 | 2,856 |
| Percent of population ............................................. | 52.7 | 54.0 | 52.6 | 53.7 | 53.1 | 55.8 | 48.7 | 49.2 |
| Employed .... | 44,820 | 46,577 | 38,935 | 40,141 | 4,757 | 5.140 | 2,414 | 2,545 |
| Agriculture | 534 | 541 | 513 | 526 | 11 | 6 | 26 | 27 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 44,286 | 46,035 | 38,422 | 39,615 | 4,746 | 5,134 | 2,387 | 2,518 |
| Unemployed | 3,848 | 3,818 | 2,844 | 2,822 | 889 | 888 | 322 | 311 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.9 | 7.6 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 15.7 | 14.7 | 11.8 | 10.9 |
| Not in labor force .......................................................\| | 43,740 | 42,985 | 37,718 | 37,094 | 4,980 | 4,779 | 2,887 | 2,952 |
| Women, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population .................................. | 84,962 | 86,094 | 73,377 | 74,104 | 9,507 | 9,699 | 5,004 | 5,195 |
| Civilian labor force .................... | 45,187 | 46,856 | 38,660 | 39,877 | 5,343 | 5,656 | 2,474 | 2,637 |
| Percent of population .............................................. | 53.2 | 54.4 | 52.7 | 53.8 | 56.2 | 58.3 | 49.4 | 50.8 |
| Employed ................................................................. | 41,986 | 43,659 | 36,321 | 37,515 | 4,585 | 4,912 | 2,214 | 2,371 |
| Agriculture | 501 | 512 | 480 | 497 | 11 | 5 | 23 | 24 |
| Nonagricultural industries .......................................... | 41,485 | 43,147 | 35,841 | 37,018 | 4,574 | 4,907 | 2,190 | 2,346 |
| Unemployed | 3,200 | 3,197 | 2,339 | 2,362 | 759 | 743 | 260 | 266 |
| Unemployment rate .................................................................................................... | 7.1 39,775 | 6.8 39,238 | 6.1 34.717 | 5.9 34,227 | 14.2 4.164 | 13.1 | 10.5 | 10.1 |
|  | 39,775 | 39,238 | 34,717 | 34,227 | 4,164 | 4,043 | 2,531 | 2,558 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 14,931 | 14,597 | 12,320 | 11,969 | 2,187 | 2,173 | 1,240 | 1,224 |
| Civilian labor force | 7,223 | 7,312 | 6,431 | 6,374 | 659 | 773 | 554 | 509 |
| Percent of population ................................................... | 48.4 | 50.1 | 52.2 | 53.3 | 30.1 | 35.6 | 44.7 | 41.6 |
| Employed | 5,737 | 5,897 | 5,266 | 5,304 | 364 | 458 | 409 | 405 |
| Agriculture | 197 5540 | 212 | 193 | 197 5106 | 3 | 8 | 22 | 15 |
| Nonagricultural industries ........................................ | 5,540 | 5,685 | 5,073 | 5,106 | 361 | 450 | 387 | 390 |
| Unemployed | 1,486 | 1,415 | 1,165 | 1,070 | 296 | 315 | 145 | 104 |
| Unemployment rate ............................................... | 20.6 7 | 19.4 | 18.1 | 16.8 | 44.8 | 40.7 | 26.1 | 20.5 |
| Not in labor force ....................................................... | 7,708 | 7,285 | 5,889 | 5,595 | 1,528 | 1,400 | 686 | 715 |

' Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES
A-59. Employment status of civilians of Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin by sex and age
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, sex, and age | Total Hispanic origin' |  | Mexican origin |  | Puerto Rican origin |  | Cuban origin |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 11,027 | 11,394 | 6,541 | 6,663 | 1,548 | 1,620 | 826 | 876 |
| Civilian labor force | 7,029 | 7,259 | 4,270 | 4,426 | 828 | 840 | 535 | 576 |
| Percent of population. | 63.7 | 63.7 | 65.3 | 66.4 | 53.5 | 51.9 | 64.8 | 65.8 |
| Employed..... | 6,186 | 6,456 | 3,724 | 3,902 | 715 | 718 | 492 | 537 |
| Agriculture ............................................................. | 255 | 244 | 230 | 219 | 4 | 1 | 9 | 6 |
| Nonagricuitural industries ....................................... | 5,931 | 6,211 | 3,494 | 3,684 | 712 | 717 | 483 | 530 |
| Unemployed ............. | 843 | 803 | 547 | 523 | 112 | 123 | 43 | 39 |
| Unemployment rate ........... | 12.0 | 11.1 | 12.8 | 11.8 | 13.6 | 14.6 | 8.0 | 6.8 |
| Not in labor force | 3,997 | 4,135 | 2,270 | 2,238 | 721 | 780 | 291 | 300 |
| Men, 16 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population ............. | 5,403 | 5,585 | 3,330 | 3,381 | 680 | 714 | 390 | 435 |
| Civilian labor force ................................ | 4,294 | 4,403 | 2,672 | 2,758 | 502 | 491 | 306 | 331 |
| Percent of population ............................................. | 79.5 | 78.8 | 80.2 | 81.6 | 73.8 | 68.8 | 78.5 | 76.1 |
| Employed ................................................................. | 3,773 | 3,911 | 2,313 | 2,427 | 440 | 423 | 280 | 307 |
| Agriculture | 229 | 218 | 210 | 194 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 6 |
| Nonagricultural industries .............................. | 3,544 | 3,693 | 2,103 | 2,233 | 438 | 422 | 275 | 300 |
| Unemployed | 521 | 492 | 359 | 331 | 62 | 67 | 27 | 24 |
| Unemployment rate .................................................\| | 12.1 | 11.2 | 13.4 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 13.8 | 8.7 | 7.3 |
| Not in labor force ............................................................... | 1.110 | 1,182 | 657 | 623 | 178 | 223 | 84 | 104 |
| Men, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 4,782 | 4,974 | 2,913 | 2,981 | 595 | 626 | 361 | 408 |
| Civilian labor force | 4,002 | 4,113 | 2,468 | 2,543 | 472 | 461 | 289 | 321 |
| Percent of population | 83.6 | 82.7 | 84.7 | 85.3 | 79.3 | 73.6 | 80.1 | 78.7 |
| Employed ................................................................ | 3,563 | 3,681 | 2,168 | 2,254 | 426 | 401 | 264 | 299 |
| Agriculture | 209 | 205 | 191 | 182 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 3,354 | 3,475 | 1,977 | 2,072 | 423 | 401 | 260 | 293 |
| Unemployed ............................................................ | 438 | 433 | 300 | 289 | 47 | 60 | 25 | 21 |
| Unemployment rate ............................................... | 11.0 | 10.5 | 12.2 | 11.4 | 9.9 | 12.9 | 8.5 | 6.7 |
| Not in labor force .......................................................! | 781 | 861 | 445 | 438 | 123 | 165 | 72 | 87 |
| Women, 16 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population | 5,623 | 5,808 | 3,211 | 3,283 | 869 | 906 | 436 | 441 |
| Civilian labor force .......................................................\| | 2,736 | 2,856 | 1,598 | 1,668 | 326 | 350 | 229 | 245 |
| Percent of population ..............................................; | 48.7 | 49.2 | 49.8 | 50.8 | 37.5 | 38.6 | 52.5 | 55.6 |
| Employed ...............................................................\| | 2,414 | 2,545 | 1,410 | 1,475 | 275 | 295 | 213 | 230 |
| Agriculture | 26 | 27 | 20 | 24 | 1 | - | 4 | - |
| Nonagricultural industries ....................................... | 2,387 | 2,518 | 1,390 | 1,451 | 274 | 295 | 208 | 230 |
| Unemployed ............................................................ | 322 | 311 | 188 | 192 | 51 | 55 | 16 | 15 |
| Unemployment rate ................................................ | 11.8 | 10.9 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 15.5 | 15.7 | 7.0 | 6.2 |
| Not in labor force | 2,887 | 2,952 | 1,613 | 1,615 | 543 | 556 | 207 | 196 |
| Women, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population .................................. | 5,004 | 5,195 | 2,831 | 2,912 | 778 | 804 | 410 | 412 |
| Civilian labor force .......... | 2,474 | 2,637 | 1,424 | 1,530 | 300 | 378 | 217 | 231 |
| Percent of population | 49.4 | 50.8 | 50.3 | 52.5 | 38.6 | 39.6 | 52.9 | 56.1 |
| Employed | 2,214 | 2,371 | 1,278 | 1,366 | 256 | 273 | 202 | 218 |
| Agriculture | 23 | 24 | 17 | 22 | 1 | - | 4 | - |
| Nonagricultural industries | 2,190 | 2,346 | 1,261 | 1,344 | 255 | 273 | 198 | 218 |
| Unemployed ........................ | 260 | 266 | 146 | 164 | 44 | 45 | 14 | 13 |
| Unemployment rate | 10.5 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 10.7 | 14.6 | 14.2 | 6.6 | 5.7 |
| Not in labor force ........................................................ | 2,531 | 2.558 | 1,407 | 1,382 | 478 | 485 | 194 | 181 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population .................................. | 1,240 | 1,224 | 797 | 770 | 176 | 191 | 55 | 57 |
| Civilian labor force ............................................ | 554 | 509 | 378 | 352 | 56 | 61 | 29 | 24 |
| Percent of population ..............................................\| | 44.7 | 41.6 | 47.4 | 45.7 | 31.8 | 31.9 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | () |
| Employed ................................................................ | 409 | 405 | 278 | 282 | 34 | 43 | 25 | 19 |
| Agriculture .................................................................... | 22 | 15 | 22 | 14 | - | - | - | - |
| Nonagricultural industries ........................................ | 387 | 390 | 256 | 268 | 34 | 43 | 25 | 19 |
| Unemployed .............................................................. | 145 | 104 | 100 | 70 | (2) | 18 | ${ }^{4}$ | 5 |
| Unemployment rate ................................................i | 26.1 | 20.5 | 26.6 | 19.9 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 29.0 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | (') |
| Not in labor force ........................................................ | 686 | 715 | 419 | 418 | 120 | 130 | 25 | 33 |

[^8]NOTE: Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

## A-60. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, race, and Hispanic origin

(In thousands)

| Category | Total |  | White |  | Black |  | \|Hispanic origin' |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { । } \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ |
| CHARACTERISTIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (all civilian workers) | 102,000 | 104,934 | 89,870 | 91,891 | 9,669 | 10,221 | 6,186 | 6,456 |
| Men ............................. | 57,180 | 58,358 | 50,935 | 51,750 | 4,912 | 5,081 | 3773 | 3,911 |
| Women | 44,820 | 46,577 | 38,935 | 40,141 | 4,757 | 5,140 | 2,414 | 2,545 |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 24,689 | 25,671 | 22,661 | 23,451 | 1,361 | 1,491 | $791{ }^{1}$ | 827 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 11,336 | 12,107 | 10,541 | 11,165 | 527 | 637 | 417 | 415 |
| Professional specialty ................................................................................... | 13,353 | 13,564 | 12,121 | 12,286 | 834 | 854 | 375 | 412 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support ................................................... | 31,674 | 32,807 | 28,474 | 29,270 | 2,489 | 2,687 | 1,559 | 1,630 |
| Technicians and related support .................................................................. | 3,145 | 3,246 | 2,745 | 2,810 | 265 | 281 | 126 | 139 |
| Sales occupations ..................... | 12,079 | 12,403 | 11,274 | 11,447 | 580 | 668 | 510 | 541 |
| Administrative support, including clerical ..................................................... | 16,450 | 17,159 | 14,455 | 15,012 | 1,644 | 1,738 | 923. | 950 |
| Service occupations | 13,841 | 14,264 | 11,050 | 11,235 | 2,375 | 2,513 | 1,102 | 1,131 |
| Private household | 933 | 1,021 | 630 | 684 | 280 | 309 | 85 | 95 |
| Protective service | 1,649 | 1,669 | 1,364 | 1,377 | 254 | 264 | 77 | 89 |
| Service, except private household and protective | 11,260 | 11,575 | 9,056 | 9,174 | 1,841 | 1,940 | 940 | 947 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 12,563 | 12,895 | 11,439 | 11,749 | 881 | 877 | 877 | 981 |
| Mechanics and repairers .................. | 4,284 | 4,405 | 3,898 | 4,028 | 305 | 294 | 273 | 274 |
| Construction trades ........ | 4,184 | 4,440 | 3,867 | 4,091 | 267 | 289 | 291 | 348 |
| Other precision production, craft, and repair ................................................ | 4,095 | 4,050 | 3,675 | 3,629 | 308 | 294 | 313 | 358 |
| Operators, 1abricators, and laborers .............................................................. | 16,293 | 16,323 | 13,604 | 13,508 | 2,333 | 2,426 | 1,584 | 1,626 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors | 7,850 | 7,801 | 6,500 | 6,423 | 1,133 | 1,129 | 892 | 900 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations .... | 4,260 | 4,447 | 3,598 | 3,744 | 602 | 647 | 282 | 286 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers | 4,183 | 4,076 | 3,506 | 3,341 | 598 | 651 | 410 | 440 |
| Construction laborers | 565 | 538 | 467 | 437 | 89 | 96 | 70 | 64 |
| Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers | 3,618 | 3,537 | 3,039 | 2,904 | 508 | 555 | 340 | 376 |
| Farming, forestry, and fishing | 2,940 | 2,973 | 2,642 | 2,678 | 230 | 227 | 273 | 262 |
| MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers | 1,236 | 1,309 | 1,056 | 1,133 | 150 | 146 | 230 | 219 |
| Self-employed workers | 1,448 | 1,373 | 1,392 | 1,329 | 25 | 23 | 24 | 24 |
|  | 162 | 175 | 158 | 170 | 1 | $2!$ | 1 | 2 |
| Nonagricultural industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers ........................................................................... | 91,123 | 94,114 | 79,750 | 81,867 | 9,164 | 9,706 | 5,563 | 5,874 |
| Government | 15,944 | 16,167 | 13,271 | 13,361 | 2,293 | 2,371 | 787 | 803 |
| Private industries | 75,179 | 77,947 | 66,479 | 68,506 | 6,871 | 7,335 | 4,776 | 5,071 |
| Private households | 1,121 | 1,202 | 771 | 813 | 322 | 355 | 98 | 103 |
| Other industries ...................................................................................... | 74,058 | 76,745 | 65,708 | 67,694 | 6,549 | 6,980 | 4,678 | 4,968 |
| Self-employed workers. | 7,705 | 7,644 | 7,203 | 7,091 | 326 | 340 | 346 | 322 |
| Unpaid family workers ................................................................................ | 327 | 319 | 311 | 301 | 3 | 4 | 22 | 16 |
| FULL-AND PART-TIME STATUS ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-time schedules ....................................................................................... | 81,464 | 84,217 | 71,610 | 73,626 | 7,843 | 8,286 | 5,079 | 5,310 |
| Part time for economic reasons ...................................................................... | 5,755 | 5,467 | 4,751 | 4,427 | 863 | 889 | 448 | 467 |
| Part time for noneconomic reasons | 14,781 | 15,251 | 13,508 | 13,838 | 963 | 1,046 | 660 | 679 |

1 Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.
${ }^{2}$ Employed persons "with a job but not at work" are distributed
proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories. NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

## A-61. Employed civilians of Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin by selected social and economic categories

(In thousands)

| Category | Total Hispanic origin' |  | Mexican origin |  | Puerto Rican origin |  | Cuban origin |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ |
| CHARACTERISTIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (all civilian workers) | 6,186 | 6,456 | 3,724 | 3,902 | 715 | 718 | 492 | 537 |
| Men ............................. | 3773 | 3,911 | 2,313 | 2,427 | 440 | 423 | 280 | 307 |
| Women | 2,414 | 2,545 | 1,410 | 1,475 | 275 | 295 | 213 | 230 |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 791 | 827 | 375 | 372 | 105 | 109 | 116 | 107 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 417 | 415 | 203 | 202 | 59 | 54 | 53 | 52 |
| Professional specialty .............................. | 375 | 412 | 172 | 170 | 46 | 56 | 62 | 55 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support | 1,559 | 1,630 | 867 | 925 | 207 | 201 | 141 | 158 |
| Technicians and related support | 126 | 139 | 67 | 83 | 20 | 22 | 9 | 10 |
| Sales occupations. | 510 | 541 | 304 | 323 | 47 | 43 | 48 | 54 |
| Administrative support, including clerical | 923 | 950 | 496 | 520 | 141 | 133 | 85 | 95 |
| Service occupations | 1,102 | 1,131 | 656 | 671 | 136 | 138 | 54 | 66 |
| Private household | 85 | 95 | 41 | 55 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| Protective service | 77 | 89 | 44 | 50 | 16 | 22 | 3 | 4 |
| Service, except private household and protective ...................................... | 940 | 947 | 571 | 565 | 115 | 113 | 48 | 59 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 877 | 981 | 572 | 650 | 79 | 80 | 69 | 84 |
| Mechanics and repairers ......................................................................... | 273 | 274 | 162 | 179 | 30 | 22 | 25 | 19 |
| Construction trades ................................................................................. | 291 | 348 | 202 | 243 | 17 | 24 | 22 | 24 |
| Other precision production, craft, and repair | 313 | 358 | 207 | 228 | 33 | 34 | 22 | 42 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers ........................................................... | 1,584 | 1,626 | 1,012 | 1,056 | 178 | 186 | 104 | 116 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ......................................... | 892 | 900 | 558 | 550 | 110 | 111 | 59 | 70 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations ....................................... | 282 | 286 | 168 | 189 | 40 | 30 | 18 | 20 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers ................................. | 410 | 440 | 286 | 317 | 28 | 44 | 27 | 26 |
| Construction laborers | 70 | 64 | 56 | 56 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers ...................... | 340 | 376 | 231 | 262 | 27 | 42 | 24 | 23 |
| Farming, forestry, and fishing | 273 | 262 | 242 | 228 | 10 | 4 | 8 | 6 |
| MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers ........................................................................ | 230 | 219 | 214 | 203 | 4 | 1 | 6 | 3 |
| Self-employed workers ............................................................................ | 24 | 24 | 15 | 16 | - | - | 3 | 3 |
| Unpaid family workers ............................................................................. | 1 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - |  | - |
| Nonagricultural industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage and salary workers ......................................................................... | 5,563 | 5,874 | 3,281 | 3,470 | 689 | 697 | 437 | 494 |
| Government ........................................................................................ | 787 | 803 | 493 | 477 | 109 | 112 | 30 | 41 |
| Private industries | 4,776 | 5,071 | 2,788 | 2,994 | 580 | 585 | 408 | 453 |
| Private households ............................................................................. | 98 | 103 | 49 | 62 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| Other industries | 4,678 | 4,968 | 2,739 | 2,932 | 574 | 581 | 405 | 449 |
| Self-employed workers | 346 | 322 | 198 | 201 | 23 | 19 | 44 | 36 |
| Unpaid family workers. | 22 | 16 | 15 | 12 | - | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-time schedules ................................................................................... | 5.079 | 5,310 | 3,009 | 3.170 | 622 | 612 | 417 | 463 |
| Part time for economic reasons ................................................................. | 448 | 467 | 321 | 350 | 35 | 33 | 20 | 19 |
| Part time for noneconomic reasons ............................................................. | 660 | 679 | 394 | 383 | 58 | 73 | 55 | 54 |

' Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Mispanic origin, not shown separately.
${ }^{2}$ Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.

NOTE: Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

A-62. Employed civilians by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

| (In thousands) |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| Sex and age |  |

' Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

## A-63. Unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

## (Civilian workers)


' Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have

A-64. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin
(Numbers in thousands)


Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-65. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin
(Numbers in thousands)


A-66. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age
(Numbers in thousands)


NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population. Data for

25- to 29 -year-old veterans are no longer shown in this table because the group is rapidly disappearing (into the 30-34 age category) and the numbers remaining for some labor force categories are not large enough to warrant their continued publication.

A-67. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age, race, and Hispanic origin
(Numbers in thousands)


[^9]the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population. Data for 25- to 29-yearold veterans are no longer shown in this table because the group is rapidly disppearing (into the $30-34$ age category) and the numbers remaining for some labor force categories are not large enough to warrant their continued publication. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-68. Unemployment in families by type of family, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members
(Numbers in thousands)

| Type of family, race, and Hispanic origin | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { I } \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | With unemployment: |  |  |  |  | Total families | With unemployment: |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Perc | eent of fam | milies: |  |  | Perc | ent of fam | ilies: |
|  | Total families | Total | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { With no } \\ \text { employed } \\ \text { person } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { family } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | With at least one employed person in family | With at least one person in family employed full time |  | Total | With no employed person in family | With at least one employed person in family | With at least one person in family employed full time |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total families ........................................................i | 61,538 | 6,897 | 31.5 | 68.5 | 58.3 | 62,151 | 6,547 | 31.4 | 68.6 | 58.8 |
| With children under 18 years of age ................. | 30,916 | 4,058 | 33.3 | 66.7 | 56.1 | 30,965 | 3,846 | 33.7 | 66.3 | 56.5 |
| Married-couple families .......................................i | 49,456 | 4,978 | 24.2 | 75.8 | 65.4 | 49,613 | 4,643 | 22.6 | 77.4 | 67.5 |
| With children under 18 years of age .................. | 24,073 | 3,012 | 23.3 | 76.7 | 65.5 | 23,911 | 2,790 | 22.5 | 77.5 | 67.5 |
| Families maintained by women ............................! | 9,899 | 1,572 | 53.1 | 46.9 | 36.5 | 10,148 | 1,547 | 54.6 | 45.4 | 35.1 |
| With children under 18 years of age .................! | 6,013 | 929 | 62.9 | 37.1 | 27.9 | 6,105 | 922 | 64.2 | 35.8 | 26.2 |
| Families maintained by men ................................ | 2,183 | 346 | 39.0 | 6!.0 | 55.2 | 2,391 | 358 | 44.8 | 55.2 | 47.9 |
| With children under 18 years of age ................ White | 830 | White | 57.3 | 42.7 | 39.3 | 949 | 133 | 58.2 | 41.8 | 37.3 |
| Total families ........................................................... | 53,574 | 5,400 | 29.1 | 70.9 | 60.6 | 53,879 | 5,083 | 28.3 | 71.7 | 61.7 |
| With children under 18 years of age .................. | 26,079 | 3,117 | 29.7 | 70.3 | 59.4 | 26,077 | 2,963 | 29.8 | 70.2 | 59.8 |
| Married-couple families ........................................) | 45,028 | 4,260 | 24.6 | 75.4 | 65.0 | 45,024 | 3,958 | 22.4 | 77.6 | 67.4 |
| With children under 18 years of age ................. | 21,489 | 2,535 | 23.5 | 76.5 | 65.4 | 21,352 | 2,362 | 22.3 | 77.7 | 67.1 |
| Families maintained by women ............................. | 6,811 | 887 | - 48.3 | 51.7 | 40.8 | 6,940 | 870 | 50.2 | 49.8 | 39.0 |
| With children under 18 years of age ................. 1 | 3,925 | 495 | ! 57.0 | 43.0 | 32.1 | 3,961 | 503 | 59.6 | 40.4 | 29.8 |
| Families maintained by men ................................ | 1,735 | 253 | - 37.2 | 62.8 | 56.5 | 1,915 | 255 | 43.5 | 56.5 | 49.8 |
| With children under 18 years of age ................ | 666 | 88 | 56.3 | 43.7 | 39.1 | 764 | 99 | 57.6 | 42.4 | 36.4 |
| Black |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total families .......................................................\| | 6,595 | 1,327 | 1 40.7 | 59.3 | 49.9 | 6,746 | 1,269 | 43.6 | 56.4 | 47.7 |
| With children under 18 years of age .................. | 3,957 | 827 | ) 45.6 | 54.4 | 44.9 | 3,914 | 750 | 49.3 | 50.7 | 43.5 |
| Married-couple families ........................................ | 3,352 | 595 | 20.0 | 80.0 | 70.3 | 3,376 | 531 | 22.8 | 77.2 | 69.9 |
| With children under 18 years of age ................. 1 | 1,869 | 386 | 19.9 | 80.1 | 67.9 | 1,762 | 318 | 21.8 | 78.2 | 71.6 |
| Families maintained by women ............................ | 2,869 | 653 | 59.3 | 40.7 | 31.1 | 2,977 | 649 | 60.2 | 39.8 | 30.2 |
| With children under 18 years of age ................. | 1,952 | 418 | 68.9 | 31.1 | 23.7 | 1,993 | 402 | 70.1 | 29.9 | 21.6 |
| Families maintained by men ................................ | 374 | 80 | - 43.8 | 56.2 | 51.3 | 393 | 89 | 47.2 | 52.8 | 43.8 |
| With children under 18 years of age ................. | 136 | 22 | ( ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | (1) | 159 | 31 | (') | (') | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| Hispanic origin |  |  |  | i | 1 |  |  |  |  | I |
| Total families ....................................................... | ${ }^{2}{ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $1{ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 3,932 | 599 | 38.1 | 61.9 | 54.6 |
| With children under 18 years of age ................. | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | (2) | $!\quad\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | (2) | 2,622 | 419 | 40.3 | 59.7 | 52.0 |
| Married-couple families ....................................... | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $1 \quad\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 2,783 | 411 | 30.2 | 69.8 | 62.2 |
| With children under 18 years of age .................. | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $1{ }^{(2)}$ | $1 \quad\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | (2) | 1,900 | 308 | 31.8 | 68.2 | 60.4 |
| Families maintained by women ............................ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | 1 ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 917 | 142 | 57.0 | 43.0 | 35.2 |
| With children under 18 years of age ................. | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | - ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | ${ }^{2}$ ) | 647 | 94 | 66.3 | 33.7 | 25.3 |
| Families maintained by men ............................... | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $1{ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 231 | 46 | (1) | (1) | () |
| With children under 18 years of age ................. | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | ; ${ }^{(2)}$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | 75 | 17 | ( ${ }^{1}$ ) | ( ${ }^{1}$ | (') |

' Data not shown where base is less than 60,000 .
${ }^{2}$ Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised data are not available for 1984.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-69. Unemployed persons by family relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members
(Numbers in thousands)


- Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown. Estimates for husbands, wives, and women who maintann families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in defintions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.
${ }^{2}$ Data not shown where base is less than 60.000 .
Beginning in January 1985. data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised data are not available for 1984
NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-70. Employed clvilians by family relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members
(Numbers in thousands)

| Family relationshıp, race, and Hispanic origin | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $1985$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Percent of employed: |  |  | Total | Percent of employed: |  |  |
|  |  | With no employed person in family | With at least one employed person in family | With at least one person in family employed full time |  | With no employed person in family | With at least one employed person in family | With at least one person in family employed full time |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employed in families ${ }^{1}$............................................................ | 84,282 | 25.8 | 74.2 | 62.2 | 86,037 | 24.8 | 75.2 | 63.4 |
| Husbands ...................... | 36,764 | 34.8 | 65.2 | 46.6 | 37,046 | 33.3 | 66.7 | 48.2 |
| With children under 18 years of age .......................................... | 21,515 | 37.4 | 62.6 | 41.2 | 21,601 | 35.6 | 64.4 | 42.6 |
| Wives ......................................................................................... | 24,403 | 10.5 | 89.5 | 83.8 | 25,203 | 10.1 | 89.9 | 84.5 |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | 13,259 | 7.3 | 92.7 | 87.8 | 13,639 | 6.2 | 93.8 | 89.4 |
| Relatives in married-couple families ........................................... | 11,213 | 7.3 | 92.7 | 88.1 | 11,294 | 6.7 | 93.3 | 88.8 |
| Women who maintain families | 5,308 | 65.3 | 34.7 | 22.3 | 5,502 | 63.3 | 36.7 | 23.2 |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | 3,518 | 80.3 | 19.7 | 8.9 | 3,599 | 79.0 | 21.0 | 8.8 |
| Relatives in families maintained by women .................................. | 3,964 | 26.2 | 73.8 | 62.7 | 4,152 | 24.9 | 75.1 | 64.5 |
| Men who maintain families .......................................................... | 1,516 | 55.3 | 44.7 | 32.0 | 1,641 | 57.7 | 42.3 | 31.6 |
| With children under 18 years of age | 675 | 79.2 | 20.8 | 10.0 | 772 | 81.3 | 18.7 | 9.1 |
| Relatives in families maintained by men ...................................... | 1,115 | 18.4 | 81.6 | 72.8 | 1,199 | 20.1 | 79.9 | 73.3 |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employed in families ${ }^{1}$ | 74,653 | 25.2 | 74.8 | 62.4 | 75,761 | 24.3 | 75.7 | 63.5 |
| Husbands .................................................................................. | 33,548 | 35.2 | 64.8 | 45.6 | 33,745 | 33.9 | 66.1 | 47.0 |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | 19,379 | 38.1 | 61.9 | 39.5 | 19,446 | 36.4 | 63.6 | 40.8 |
| Wives ......................................................................................... | 21,932 | 10.0 | 90.0 | 84.3 | 22,528 | 9.7 | 90.3 | 85.0 |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | 11,682 | 6.8 | 93.2 | 88.5 | 12,016 | 5.9 | 94.1 | 89.8 |
| Relatives in married-couple families ............................................ | 10,177 | 7.3 | 92.7 | 88.3 | 10,101 | 6.7 | 93.3 | 88.9 |
| Women who maintain families | 3,889 | 62.8 | 37.2 | 23.6 | 3,964 | 60.3 | 39.7 | 24.5 |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | 2,558 | 78.9 | 21.1 | 9.1 | 2,542 | 76.7 | 23.3 | 9.0 |
| Relatives in families maintained by women .................................. | 2,972 | 26.1 | 73.9 | 62.4 | 3,097 | 24.4 | 75.6 | 64.9 |
| Men who maintain familes ......................................................... | 1,242 | 55.0 | 45.0 | 31.0 | 1,354 | 56.3 | 43.7 | 31.9 |
| With children under 18 years of age ................................. | 560 | 77.6 | 22.4 | 10.0 | 634 | 79.4 | 20.6 | 9.5 |
| Relatives in families maintained by men ............................. | 892 | 17.8 | 82.2 | 74.4 | 972 | 19.3 | 80.7 | 74.3 |
| Black |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employed in families ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$.......................................................... | 7,599 | 31.8 | 68.2 | 58.6 | 7,931 | 30.7 | 69.3 | 60.0 |
| Husbands | 2,396 | 29.0 | 71.0 | 58.5 | 2,380 | 25.7 | 74.3 | 61.9 |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | 1,555 | 28.3 | 71.7 | 58.8 | 1.500 | 25.0 | 75.0 | 62.5 |
| Wives ........................................................................................ | 1,856 | 15.1 | 84.9 | 78.2 | 1,945 | 14.5 | 85.5 | 78.7 |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | 1,171 | 11.2 | 88.8 | 82.8 | 1,151 | 8.3 | 91.7 | 85.4 |
| Relatives in married-couple families ............................................ | 762 | 7.8 | 92.2 | 84.1 | 835 | 6.6 | 93.4 | 86.5 |
| Women who maintain families ..................................................... | 1,302 | 73.1 | 26.9 | 17.2 | 1,416 | 72.4 | 27.6 | 18.7 |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | 890 | 84.3 | 15.7 | 8.0 | 977 | 85.4 | 14.6 | 8.3 |
| Relatives in families maintained by women .................................. | 879 | 28.0 | 72.0 | 62.2 | 949 | 27.0 | 73.0 | 62.1 |
| Men who maintain families | 231 | 60.9 | 39.1 | 32.3 | 234 | 68.0 | 32.0 | 28.3 |
| With children under 18 years of age | 101 | 88.4 | 11.6 | 7.7 | 120 | 94.6 | 5.4 | 5.4 |
| Relatives in families maintained by men ...................................... | 174 | 24.3 | 75.7 | 64.1 | 172 | 27.1 | 72.9 | 64.4 |
| Hispanic origin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employed in families ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (2) | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 5,280 | 28.3 | 71.7 | 62.1 |
| Husbands | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | 2,180 | 41.7 | 58.3 | 46.0 |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | (2) | ${ }^{2}$ ) | (2) | (2) | 1,614 | 44.5 | 55.5 | 42.9 |
| Wives | (2) | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1,300 | 10.2 | 89.8 | 82.8 |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | (2) | (2) | 885 | 8.5 | 91.5 | 84.3 |
| Relatives in married-couple families ............................................ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | (2) | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 783 | 7.1 | 92.9 | 88.2 |
|  | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | (2) | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 389 | 59.4 | 40.6 | 26.7 |
| With children under 18 years of age | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | 258 | 71.5 | 28.5 | 15.8 |
| Relatives in families maintained by women | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | (2) | (2) | 321 | 23.1 | 76.9 | 66.1 |
| Men who maintain families | (2) | (2) | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 159 | 45.5 | 54.5 | 44.3 |
| With children under 18 years of age ......................................... | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | 54 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| Relatives in families maintained by men ...................................... | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 148 | 11.8 | 88.2 | 82.1 |

' Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated sublamilies, and those whose family status is unknown. Estimates for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from mantal status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.
${ }^{2}$ Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised data are not available for 1984
${ }_{3}$ Data not shown where base is less than 60,000 .
NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

HOUSEHOLD DATA

A-71. Median weekly earnings of families by type of family, number of earners, and race


HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES
A-72. Families with unemployed members and wage and salary workers by type of family and median weekly earnings

| Type of family and relationship of unemployed members to wage and salary earners | Number of families (in thousands) |  | Median weekly earnings |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { IV } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { IV } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{1983}{\text { IV }}$ | $\stackrel{\text { IV }}{1984}$ | Percent change over the year in: |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Current dollars | Constant dollars |
| Married-couple families ${ }^{1}$......................................................... | 3,428 | 2,898 | \$362 | \$387 | 6.9 | 2.5 |
| Husband unemployed .......................................................... | 1,025 | 856 | 210 | 216 | 3.0 | -1.2 |
| Wife only earner ................................................................. | 784 | 686 | 203 | 206 | 1.4 | -2.7 |
| Wife and other earner(s) | 141 | 97 | 369 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Other earner(s) only .................................................................... | 100 | 73 | 205 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Wife unemployed | 1,123 | 1,032 | 364 | \$393 | 7.9 | 3.5 |
| Husband only earner | 992 | 850 | 350 | 362 | 3.4 | -. 9 |
| Husband and other earner(s) .............................................. | 109 | 159 | 502 | 567 | 13.0 | 8.4 |
| Other earner(s) only | 22 | 23 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Other member(s) unemployed .............................................. | 1,280 | 1,010 | \$551 | \$594 | 7.8 | 3.4 |
| Husband or wife earner .......... | 612 | 447 | 468 | 479 | 2.4 | -1.8 |
| Both husband and wife earners. | 630 | 526 | 647 | 730 | 12.8 | 8.2 |
| Other combinations of earners .......................................... | 39 | 37 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| Families maintained by women ${ }^{1}$ | 669 | 740 | \$238 | \$238 | . 3 | $-3.8$ |
| Householder unemployed ..................................................... | 98 | 115 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 174 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Other member(s) unemployed .............................................. | 571 | 625 | \$247 | 251 | 1.6 | -2.6 |
| Families maintained by men ' ................................................. | 255 | 214 | 330 | 349 | 5.5 | 1.2 |

' Data exclude families in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.
${ }^{2}$ Data not shown where base is less than 100,000
NOTE: Data on families for 1984 reflect revised editing and weighting
procedures and are not comparable to data for 1983 and prior years. Moreover, data cn median weekly earnings are now derived using \$10 intervals rather than the $\$ 50$ intervals previously used; prior years' data have been recalculated.

A-73. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics

${ }^{1}$ The majority of these persons are living alone or with nonrelatives. Also included are persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown.

NOTE: Data on median weekly earnings are now derived using $\$ 10$ intervals rather than the $\$ 50$ intervals previously used; prior years' data have been recalculated.

HOUSEHOLD DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
QUARTERLY AVERAGES
A-74. Median weekly earnings of part-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics



[^10]intervals rather than the $\$ 50$ intervals previously used; data for 1983 have been recalculated.

1. Median weekly earnings of families by type of family, number of earners and race

| Type of family, number of earners, and race | Number of families (in thousands) |  | Median weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1983 | 1984 | ! | Percent change over the year in: |  |  |
|  | 98 | 1984 |  |  | ! | Current dollars |  | Constan doliars |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  | ' |  |  |  |
| Total families with earners ${ }^{1}$................................................... | 40,701 | 40,949 | \$470 | \$502 |  | 6.8 |  | 2.1 |
| Married-couple families ........................................................... | 33,032 | 33,075 | 508 | 550 | ; | 8.4 |  | 3.6 |
| One earner | 14,321 | 13,538 | 354 | 368 | 1 | 4.1 |  | -. 5 |
| Husband .............................................................................. | 11,088 | 10,609 | 403 | 414 | i | 2.6 | 1 | -1.9 |
| Wife .................................................................................. | 2,522 | 2,220 | 202 | 205 |  | 1.5 |  | -3.0 |
| Other family member .......................................................... | 712 | 708 | 200 | 202 | 1 | 1.4 |  | -3.1 |
| Two or more earners ........................................................... | 18,710 | 19,537 | 647 | 682 | \| | 5.4 |  | . 8 |
| Husband and wife ..............................................................! | 15,955 | 16,695 | 655 | 691 | ! | 5.5 |  | . 8 |
| Husband and other family member(s) .................................. | 2,084 | 2,182 | 651 | 686 | I | 5.3 | 1 | . 7 |
| Wite and other family member(s) ........................................! | 529 | 498 | 387 | 426 | 1 | 9.8 |  | 5.0 |
| Other family members only .................................................. | 143 | 162 | 370 | 412 | $!$ | 11.4 |  | 6.5 |
| Families maintained by women ................................................i | 5,956 | 6,294 | 267 | 283 | ! | 5.7 | , | 1.1 |
| One earner ..........................................................................! | 4,190 | 4,343 | 216 | 227 | I | 5.2 | ! | 6 |
| Householder | 3,247 | 3,366 | 226 | 237 | ! | 4.9 | , | . 3 |
| Other family member | 943 | 977 | 188 | 203 | $\vdots$ | 8.3 | . | 3.5 |
| Two or more earners ............................................................ : | 1.766 | 1,951 | 439 | 453 | ! | 3.2 |  | -1.3 |
| Families maintained by men ...................................................i, | 1,713 | 1,581 | 407 | 419 | ! | 3.1 | ; | -1.4 |
| One earner | 1,066 | 963 | 324 | 337 | ; | 4.0 | , | -. 5 |
| Two or more earners ..........................................................! | 647 | 618 | 584 | 613 | 1 | 4.9 |  | . 3 |
| White i |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total families with earners ${ }^{\text { }}$...................................................... | 35,138 | 35,336 | 487 | 512 | ! | 5.2 |  | . 6 |
| Married-couple families ............................................................. | 29,404 | 29,590 | 516 | 556 | i | 7.8 | : | 3.1 |
| One earner | 12,867 | 12,223 | 362 | 383 | ! | 6.0 | 1 | 1.3 |
| Husband | 10,106 | 9,708 | 406 | 426 | , | 5.0 | ! | . 4 |
| Wife $\qquad$ | 2,127 | 1,879 | 202 | 205 | , | 1.7 | ' | -2.8 |
| Two or more earners | 16,538 | 17,368 | 653 | 689 | 1 | 5.5 | ; | . 8 |
| Husband and wife ................................................................ | 14,055 | 14,802 | 661 | 699 | 1 | 5.8 | i | 1.2 |
| Families maintained by women ..............................................i | 4,354 | 4,510 | 282 | 301 | + | 6.7 | 1 | 2.0 |
| Families maintained by men ................................................... | 1,380 | 1,236 | 429 | 445 | ; | 3.7 | , | -. 8 |
| Black |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |
| Black |  |  |  |  | + |  |  |  |
| Total families with earners ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 4,564 | 4,579 | 348 | 367 |  | 5.2 | 1 | . 1 |
| Married-couple families ...........................................................': | 2,819 | 2,648 | 424 | 462 |  | 8.9 | 1 | . 4 |
| One earner ...........................................................................: | 1,120 | 967 | 252 | 256 | , | 1.8 | + | -. 3 |
| Husband | 731 | 634 | 301 | 307 |  | 1.7 | 1 | -. 3 |
| Wife ............... | 325 | 281 | 188 | 194 |  | 3.2 | $!$ | -. 1 |
| Two or more earners ................................................................................................................................. | 1,699 | 1,681 | 566 | 602 | 1 | 6.4 |  | . 2 |
| Husband and wife ............................................................, | 1,492 | 1,470 | 588 | 614 |  | 4.5 | ! | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Families maintained by women .............................................. | 1,474 | 1,640 | 225 | 241 | , | 6.9 | ! | . 2 |
| Families maintained by men ...................................................i | 271 | 292 | 329 | 365 |  | 10.9 | + | . 6 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Data exclude families in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent. <br> NOTE: Data on families for 1984 reflect revised editing and weighting |  | procedures and are not comparable to data for 1983 and prior years. <br> Moreover, data on median weekly earnings are now derived using $\$ 10$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | intervals rather than the \$50 intervals previously used; prior years data |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | have been recalculated. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

2. Families with unemployed members and wage and salary workers by type of family and median weekly earnings


[^11]procedures and are not comparable to data for 1983 and prior years. Moreover, data on median weekly earnings are now derived using $\$ 10$ intervals rather than the $\$ 50$ intervals previously used; prior years data have been recalculated.
3. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics



HOUSEHOLD DATA
ANNUAL AVERAGES
5. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and sex
Number of workers
(in thousands)

| Occupation and sex | 1983 | 1984 | 1983 | 1984 | Percent change over the year in: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Current dollars | Constant dollars |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 17.451 | 18,580 | \$440 | S463 | 5.4 | 0.7 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 8,117 | 8,856 | 456 | 490 | 7.3 | 2.6 |
| Professional specialty | 9,334 | 9,725 | 422 | 454 | 7.7 | 3.0 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support | 21,641 | 22,590 | 282 | 300 | 6.6 | 1.9 |
| Technicians and related support | 2,574 | 2,664 | 357 | 381 | 6.9 | 2.2 |
| Sales occupations .................. | 6,313 | 6,850 | 305 | 316 | 3.8 | -. 8 |
| Administrative support, including clerical | 12,755 | 13,076 | 258 | 273 | 5.8 | 1.2 |
| Service occupations.. | 7,321 | 7.624 | 205 | 208 | 1.6 | -2.9 |
| Private household | 278 | 338 | 111 | 131 | 18.2 | 13.0 |
| Protective service | 1,453 | 1,457 | 350 | 364 | 4.2 | -. 4 |
| Service, except private household and protective | 5,590 | 5,828 | 194 | 201 | 3.5 | -1.1 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 9,963 | 10,644 | 379 | 386 | 1.9 | -2.6 |
| Mechanics and repairers | 3,538 | 3,707 | 376 | 398 | 5.9 | 1.3 |
| Construction trades ......... | 3,011 | 3,249 | 372 | 385 | 3.5 | -1.0 |
| Other precision production, craft, and repair | 3,414 | 3,687 | 385 | 379 | -1.6 | -5.9 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers .............. | 13,319 | 14,129 | 276 | 287 | 4.0 | -. 6 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors | 6,990 | 7,299 | 261 | 279 | 7.0 | 2.3 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations | 3,358 | 3,651 | 328 | 350 | 6.6 | 1.9 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers | 2,970 | 3.179 | 244 | 250 | 2.7 | -1.8 |
| Farming, forestry, and fishing | 1,280 | 1,345 | 200 | 203 | 1.9 | -2.5 |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managerial and professional specialty | 10,312 | 10,852 | 508 | 553 | 8.9 | 4.1 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 5,344 | 5,726 | 530 | 568 | 7.3 | 2.5 |
| Protessional specialty | 4,967 | 5,126 | 505 | 534 | 5.6 | 1.0 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support ................................... | 8.125 | 8,542 | 395 | 404 | 2.3 | -2.2 |
| Technicians and related support ................ | 1,428 | 1,474 | 423 | 451 | 6.6 | 1.9 |
| Sales occupations | 3,853 | 4,148 | 400 | 403 | . 9 | -3.5 |
| Administrative support, including clerical | 2,844 | 2,920 | 362 | 380 | 5.0 | . 4 |
| Service occupations | 3,723 | 3,755 | 255 | 259 | 1.5 | -2.9 |
| Private household.. | 11 | 11 | (') | (') | (') | ( ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Protective service | 1,314 | 1,308 | \$356 | \$378 | 6.2 | 1.5 |
| Service, except private household and protective | 2,398 | 2,437 | 216 | 224 | 3.8 | -. 8 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 9.180 | 9,779 | 399 | 401 | . 4 | -4.0 |
| Mechanics and repairers. | 3,418 | 3,593 | 378 | 399 | 5.7 | 1.0 |
| Construction trades | 2,966 | 3,210 | 376 | 387 | 2.9 | -1.6 |
| Other precision production, craft, and repair | 2,796 | 2,976 | 407 | 406 | -. 1 | -4.5 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers ................ | 9,833 | 10,514 | 307 | 321 | 4.5 | -. 1 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors | 4,138 | 4,371 | 323 | 331 | 2.4 | -2.1 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations | 3,199 | 3,462 | 339 | 354 | 4.3 | -. 3 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers ..................... | 2,496 | 2,680 | 249 | 258 | 3.4 | -1.2 |
| Farming, forestry, and fishing ........................................................ | 1,137 | 1,212 | 202 | 205 | 1.6 | -2.8 |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managerial and professional specialty ........................................... | 7,139 | 7,728 | 355 | 378 | 6.4 | 1.7 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | 2,772 | 3,130 | 340 | 358 | 5.3 | . 7 |
| Professional specialty ................................................................ | 4.367 | 4.598 | 363 | 394 | 8.6 | 3.8 |
| Technical, sales, and administrative support | 13.517 | 14.048 | 248 | 256 | 3.1 | -1.4 |
| Technicians and related support | 1,146 | 1,189 | 301 | 312 | 3.6 | -1.0 |
| Sales occupations ..................................................................... | 2,460 | 2,703 | 204 | 212 | 3.8 | -. 7 |
| Administrative support, including clericai ...................................... | 9,911 | 10.156 | 249 | 257 | 2.9 | -1.6 |
| Service occupations .................................................................... | 3.598 | 3,868 | 172 | 180 | 4.8 | . 2 |
| Private household ...................................................................... | 267 | 328 | 109 | 130 | 19.4 | 14.1 |
| Protective service | 139 | 149 | 249 | 288 | 15.5 | 10.4 |
| Service, except private household and protective .......................... | 3.193 | 3,391 | 175 | 182 | 3.9 | -. 6 |
| Precision production, craft, and repair | 784 | 865 | 251 | 254 | 1.1 | -3.3 |
| Mechanics and repairers ............................................................. | 120 | 114 | 340 | 340 | (1) | -4.3 |
| Construction trades | 45 | 39 | (') | (') | (') | () |
| Other precision production, craft, and repair .................................. | 619 | 711 | \$244 | \$246 | . 9 | -3.6 |
| Operators, fabricators, and laborers ............................................... | 3,486 | 3,615 | 205 | 209 | 2.0 | -2.5 |
| Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ............................ | 2,853 | 2,928 | 203 | 208 | 2.3 | -2.2 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations ........................... | 159 | 189 | 253 | 253 | -. 2 | -4.5 |
| Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers ..................... | 474 | 499 | 208 | 207 | -. 6 | -5.0 |
| Farming, forestry, and fishing ...................................................... | 143 | 133 | 165 | 177 | 7.3 | 2.6 |

[^12]intervals rather than the $\$ 50$ intervals previously used. Data for 1983 have been recalculated.

B-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1934 to date
(In thousands)


## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

(In thousands)

| 1972 | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry SIC <br>  Code | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Total ...................................................................... | - 91,612 | 92,234 | 94,628! | 94,846 | 95,660 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total private ...........................................................1 | 75,477 | 76,030 | 78,558 | 78,490 | 79,203 | 60,909 | 61,384 | 63,417! | 63,314 | 63,903 |
| Mining ...........................................................................' ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 964 ! | 967 | 993! | 985 | 987 | 686 | 689 | 7071 | $700{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 702 |
| Metal mining ................................................................. 10 | 57.91 | 58.1 | 50.9 | 49.5 | - | 42.2 | 42.31 | 37.0 | 35.9 | - |
| Iron ores ............................................................................................................. 101 | $11.1{ }_{\text {i }}$ | 11.4\| | 7.5, | 7.5 ! | - | 7.9 | 8.31 | 5.5 | $5.5{ }^{\prime}$ | - |
| Copper ores .............................................................., 102 | 19.0 | 18.6: | 14.9 | 14.3' | - | 13.3 | 12.9 | 10.5 | 10.11 | - |
| Coal mining ..................................................................111,12 | 198.5 | 201.3 | 192.61 | 195.31 | - | 160.0 | 162.9 | $155.1^{\prime}$ | 157.9 | - |
| Bituminous coal and lignite minining ...................................................................... | 195.8 | 198.6 | 189.8 | 192.5 | - | 157.6 | 160.5 | 152.7 \| | 155.5 | - |
| Oil and gas extraction ................................................... 13 | 607.2 | 603.31 | 644.3 | 636.7\| | 629.4 | 408.8 | 405.4 | 437.0 | 429.2i | - |
| Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids ... 131,2 | 256.4 | 255.9 | 255.9 | 254.91 | , | 118.1 | 117.8 | 117.5 | 116.3 | - |
| Oil and gas field services .......................................... 138 | 350.8 | 347.4! | 388.41 | 381.81 |  | 290.7 | 287.6 | 319.5 | 312.9 | - |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ................................ 14 | 100.5 | 104.7 | 105.2 | $103.7{ }^{1}$ | - | 74.5 | 78.6 | 78.2 | 76.8 | - |
| Crushed and broken stone .......................................... 142 | $30.6{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 32.9 | 32.6 | 32.1 | - | 23.2 | 25.4 | 25.3 | 24.9 | - |
| Sand and gravel ......................................................... 144 | $30.7{ }^{1}$ | 32.0 | 33.61 | 32.6 | - | - |  |  | - | - |
| Chemical and fertilizer minerals ..................................'147 | 21.3 | 21.3 | 21.0 | 21.1! | - | - | - 1 | - | - | - |
| Construction ...............................................................i' | 3,774 ${ }^{\text {! }}$ | 3,794 | 4,122 ${ }^{\text {! }}$ | 4,009 | 4,216 | 2,858 | 2,864 | 3,1531 | 3,040 | 3,235 |
| General building contractors .........................................!15 | 1,000.7 | 1,010.8 | 1,088.9 | 1,054.9 | 1,108.2 | 723.8 | 729.51 | 796.2 | 760.9! | - |
| Residential building construction ................................... 152 | 475.9 | 478.3 | 514.6 | 496.4 |  | 330.8 | 331.1 | 365.9 | 346.2! | - |
| Operative builders ...................................................... 153 | 59.8 ${ }^{\text {j }}$ | 61.5 | 62.6 | 62.6 | - | 32.5 | 33.9 | 32.6 | 32.3 | - |
| Nonresidential building construction ............................, 154 | 465.0 | 471.0: | 511.7 | 495.9 | - | 360.5 | 364.5 | 397.7 | 382.41 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heavy construction contractors ...................................... 16 | 679.6 | 702.8' | 691.4 | 677.2 | - | 538.3 | 558.6 | 551.9 | $536.9{ }^{\prime}$ | - |
| Highway and street construction ................................. 161 | 174.11 | 189.5 | 186.3 | 181.3 | - | 136.8 | 150.0 | 146.6 | 140.11 | - |
| Heavy construction, except highway ............................ 162 | 505.5 | 513.3 | $505.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 495.9 | - | 401.5 | 408.6 | 405.3 | 396.8 | - |
| Special trade contractors .............................................. 17 | , 2,094.0! | 2,080.0 | 2,342.1 | 2,276.6 | - | 1,595.4 | 1,576.2 | 1,804.5 | 1,742.0 | - |
| Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning ......................... 171 | 510.5. | 505.9 | 545.0 | 536.4 | - 1 | 370.7 | 366.6 | 398.51 | 390.21 | - |
| Painting, paper hanging, and decorating ....................... 172 | 119.7. | 118.3' | 135.0 | 128.9 | - | 97.1 | 95.1 | 109.8 | 104.1 | - |
| Electrical work ............................................................. 173 | 409.0 | 408.7! | 461.0 | 454.5 | - | 307.5 | 307.0 | 350.5 | 345.3 ! | - |
| Masonry, stonework, and plastering ............................. 174 | 320.2 | 315.11 | 369.2 | 356.0 | - | 267.8 | 262.7 | 310.9 | 298.9 | - |
| Carpentering and flooring ........................................... 175 | 120.5 | 120.61 | 131.9' | 130.2 | - | 89.1 | 88.3 | $97.5{ }^{1}$ | 95.0 | - |
| Roofing and sheet metal work ....................................i176 | 156.9 | 147.5 | 172.9 | 154.4 | - | 122.3 | 112.7 | 135.9 | 118.0 | - |
| Manutacturing ..............................................................' ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 19,181! | 19,323 | 19.579 | 19,540 | 19.568 | 13,163 | 13,280 | 13,363 | 13,331 | 13.360 |
| Durable goods | 11,339. | 11,456 | 11,716 | 11,691 | 11,718 | 7,638 | 7,736 | 7,853 | 7,829 | 7,856 |
| Lumber and wood products ........................................ 24 | 676.9 | 688.0' | 682.9 ! | 679.1! | 685.0 | 565.9 | 576.3 | 570.3 | 565.6 | 570.9 |
| Logging camps and logging contractors ..................... 241 | 75.91 | 73.7! | 74.5 | 72.3 | - | 58.9 | 56.91 | 57.8 | 55.6 | - |
| Sawmills and planing mills ....................................... 242 | 202.7. | 205.2 | 200.8 | 199.4 | - | 179.8 | 181.9 | 177.1 | 175.4 | - |
| Sawmills and planing mills, general ........................... 2421 | 167.8' | 170.01 | 165.5 | 164.1 | - | 149.1 | 151.1 | 146.5 | 144.8 | - |
| Hardwood dimension and flooring ........................... 2426 | $30.3{ }^{1}$ | 30.41 | $30.2 \mid$ | 29.9 ! | - | 26.7 | 26.7 | 26.4 | 26.1 | - |
| Millwork, plywood, and structural members ................ 243 | 211.4 | 216.4 | 217.1 | 214.6 | - | 175.9 | 180.8 | 181.3 | 178.1 | - |
| Millwork ................................................................ 2431 | 77.9 | 80.5 | 80.9 ! | 79.8 | - | 62.9 | 65.4 | 66.2 ! | 64.3 | - |
| Wood kitchen cabinets .......................................... 2434 | 55.2 | 56.3 | 60.4 | 60.11 | - | 44.5 | 45.7 | 49.2 | 49.2 | - |
| Hardwood veneer and plywood .............................. 2435 | $24.5{ }^{\prime}$ | 24.6 | 23.3 | 22.91 | - | 21.6 | 21.7 | 20.5 | 19.9 , | - |
| Softwood veneer and plywood ...............................!2436 | 36.7 , | 37.1 | $35.4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 35.4 | - | 33.3 | 33.7 | 32.2 | 32.31 | - |
| Wood containers ..................................................... 244 | 38.8 | 39.6 | 40.31 | 40.5 | - | 33.0 | 33.8 | 34.0 | 34.31 | - |
| Wood buildings and mobile homes ........................... 245 | 67.8 | 70.9 ! | 66.91 | 68.3 i | - | 51.4 | 54.3! | 50.7 | 52.01 | - |
| Mobile homes ....................................................... 2451 | 50.9 | 52.9 | $49.1{ }^{1}$ | 51.11 | - | 40.3 | 42.3 | 39.1 | 41.0 | - |
| Miscellaneous wood products ................................... 249 | 80.3 | 82.2 | 83.3 | 84.0 | - | 66.9 | 68.6 | 69.4 | 70.2 | - |

See footnotes at end of table

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

|  | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers' |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry SIC <br>  Code | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1984 | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Durable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures ................................................. 25 | 478.9 | 480.5 | 495.7 | 496.1 | 495.4 | 383.4 | 384.7 | 397.0 | 396.3 | 395.7 |
| Household furniture ................................................. 251 | 292.6 | 293.2 | 291.5 | 292.8 | - | 244.8 | 245.7 | 244.6 | 245.5 | - |
| Wood household furniture ....................................... 2511 | 128.9 | 128.7 | 128.0 | 128.2 | - | 112.0 | 111.7 | 111.7 | 112.0 | - |
| Upholstered household furniture ............................. 2512 | 90.1 | 90.4 | 90.8 | 91.8 | - | 73.5 | 74.0 | 74.7 | 75.4 | - |
| Metal household furniture ......................................\|2514 | 31.2 | 31.5 | $31.1 \mid$ | 30.9 | - | 25.7 | 26.0 | 25.5 | 25.2 | $\sim$ |
| Mattresses and bedsprings .....................................\|2515 | 29.5 | 29.8 | 28.3 | 28.8 | - | 22.6 | 23.1 | 21.5 | 21.9 | - |
| Office furniture ......................................................... 252 | 63.4 | 63.8 | 71.7\| | 70.9 | - | 49.2 | 49.2 | 55.4 | 54.4 | - |
| Public building and related furniture ........................... 253 | 24.8 | 25.1 | 26.6 | 26.8 | - | 18.5 | 18.8 | 20.5 | 20.6 | - |
| Partitions and fixtures .............................................. 254 | 63.3 | 63.7 | 67.7 | 67.6 | - | 46.9 | 47.2 | 49.9 | 49.5 |  |
| Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures .......................... 1259 | 34.8 | 34.7 \| | 38.2 | 38.01 | - | 24.0 | 23.8 | 26.6 | 26.3 | - |
| Stone, clay, and glass products .................................\|32 | 576.3 | 585.8 | 587.4 | 580.01 | 591.2 | 437.5 | 446.6 | 446.9 | 439.5 | 450.6 |
| Flat glass ...............................................................\|321 | 16.0 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 15.5 | - | 12.7 | 12.5 | 12.6 | 12.3 | - |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or blown .....................j322 | 101.5 | 101.2 | 94.9 | 94.1 | - | 855 | 85.71 | 79.9 | 79.3 | - |
| Glass containers ..................................................\|3221 | 51.9 | 51.8 | 48.3 | 47.3 | - | 45.3 | 45.6 | 42.6 | 41.9 | - |
| Pressed and blown glass, nec ................................ 3229 | 49.6 | 49.4 ! | 46.6 | 46.8 |  | 40.2 | 40.11 | 37.3 | 37.4 | - |
| Products of purchased glass .................................... 323 | 48.5 | 48.9 | 50.0 | 50.51 | - | 33.4 | 33.9 | 35.2 | 34.91 | - |
| Cement, hydraulic .................................................... 324 | 25.7 | 26.2 | 25.9 | 24.9 | - | 20.1 | 20.5 | 20.0 | 19.2 | - |
| Structural clay products ........................................... 325 | 36.8 | 37.9 | 37.6 | 37.3 | - | 28.1 | 29.1 | 28.8 | 28.4 | - |
| Pottery and related products ..................................... 326 | 39.8 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 40.9 | - | 31.4 | 32.0 | 32.2 | 32.4 | - |
| Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products .................... 327 | 179.3 | 185.5 | 191.9 | 186.5 | - | 135.1 | 140.4 | 146.1 | 141.2 | - |
| Concrete block and brick ....................................... 3271 | 17.2 | 17.7 | 17.8 | 17.1 | - | 11.6 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 11.3 | - |
| Concrete products, nec .......................................... 3272 | 62.4 | 64.4 | 67.0 | 66.2 | - | 45.7 | 47.4 | 49.8 | 49.3 | - |
| Ready-mixed concrete .......................................... 3273 | 81.5 | 85.0 | 88.3 | 84.4 | - | 63.5 | 66.8 | 69.8 | 65.9 | - |
| Misc. nonmetallic mineral products ........................... 1329 | 118.2, | 119.0 | 119.8 | 119.4 | - | 83.0 | 84.0 | 83.5 | 83.1 ! | - |
| Abrasive products ................................................. 3291 | 24.01 | 24.0 | 24.6 | 24.4 | - | 16.0 | 16.1 | 16.4 | 16.1 ! | - |
| Asbestos products ................................................ 3292 | 12.3 | 12.3 ! | 12.2 | 12.4 | - | 9.31 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.5 | - |
| Mineral wool .........................................................i3296 | 27.3 | 27.2 | 26.9 | 26.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Primary metal industries .............................................\|33 | 873.2 | 881.2 | 856.1 | 850.8 | 851.8 | 663.9 | 671.4 | 649.4 | 646.2 | 646.2 |
| Blast furnaces and basic steel products .................... 331 | 345.9 | 347.9 | 216.0 | 313.5 | 315.3 | 265.7 | 268.0 | 241.9 | 240.7 | - |
| Blast furnaces and steel mills ................................\|3312 | 278.0 | 279.1 | 249.6 | 247.2 | - | 215.1 | 216.71 | 192.8 | 191.3 | - |
| Steel pipe and tubes ............................................ 3317 | 24.6 | 24.8 | 23.8 | 23.8 | - | 17.8 | $18.0{ }^{\circ}$ | 17.4 | 17.5 | - |
| Iron and steel foundries ........................................... 332 | 153.4 | 155.7 | 156.7 | 156.4 | - | 120.4 | 122.8 | 124.1 | 123.6 | - |
| Gray iron foundries ............................................... 3321 | 98.9 | 99.9 | 99.7 | 100.2 | - | 80.2 | 81.3 | 81.5 | 81.9 | - |
| Malleable iron foundries ......................................... 3322 | 12.3 | 12.6 | 12.2 | 11.7 | - | 9.01 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 8.4 | - |
| Steel foundries, nec .............................................. 3325 | 31.0 | 31.7 | 31.0 | 30.9 | - | 23.1 | 23.8 | 23.2 | 23.1 | - |
| Primary nonferrous metals ........................................ 333 | 53.3 | 54.2 | 52.1 ! | 51.7 | - | 39.4 | 40.01 | 37.8 | 37.4 | - |
| Primary aluminum ................................................. 3334 | 28.9 | 29.6 | 27.8 | 27.6 | - | 22.5 | 23.11 | 21.3 | 21.0 | - |
| Nonferrous rolling and drawing ................................. 335 | 188.0 | 189.1 ! | 193.2 | 191.0 | - | 134.1 | 134.9 | 137.2 | 135.9 | - |
| Copper rolling and drawing .................................... 3351 | 25.5 | 25.8 | 26.1 | 25.6 | - | 19.2 | 19.5 | 19.7! | 19.2 | - |
| Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil ............................... 3353 | 31.1 | 31.2 | 31.2 | 30.9 | - | 24.0 | 24.2 | 23.0 | 22.5 | - |
| Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating ................... 3357 | 80.9 | 81.3 | 82.4 | 82.0 | - | 57.7 | 57.8 | 59.4 | 59.2 | - |
| Nonterrous foundries ............................................... 336 | 86.8 | 87.9 | 90.5 | 90.7 | - | 69.9 | 70.8 | 72.9 | 73.2 | - |
| Aluminum foundries ................................................. 3361 | 52.8 | 53.4 | 55.1 | 55.1 | - | 43.4 | 43.9 | 45.2 | 45.3 | - |
| Fabricated metal products .......................................... 34 | 1,436.7 | 1,449.8 | 1,486.1 | 1,483.1\| | 1,482.8 | 1,053.7 | 1,065.0 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 1,096.3 | 1,096.0 | 1,098.3 |
| Metal cans and shipping containers ......................... 341 | 61.1 | 61.7 | 58.2 | 59.0 |  | 51.5 | 52.1 | 49.2 | 50.2 |  |
| Metal cans ........................................................... 13411 | 48.8 | 49.3 | 46.21 | 47.1 | - | 42.01 | 42.5 | 39.9 | 40.9 | - |
| Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware ............................\|342 | 145.8 | 146.9, | 147.7 | 146.7 | - | 109.2 | 109.8 | 109.8 | 109.0 | - |
| Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades ... 3423,5 | 45.2 | 46.01 | 47.1 | 46.2 | - | 33.4 | 34.0 | 34.7 | 34.0 | - |
| Hardware, nec ...................................................... 3429 | 87.0 | 87.31 | 87.5 | 87.3 | - | 66.6 | 66.71 | 66.4 | 66.2 | - |
| Plumbing and heating, except electric .......................\|343 | 63.5 | 64.01 | 62.9; | 63.2 | - | 45.1 | 45.4 | 44.6 | 44.8 | - |
| Plumbing fittings and brass goods .......................... 34332 | 26.8 | 27.2\| | 26.21 | 26.4 | - | 20.31 | 20.6 | 19.4 | 19.5 | - |
| Heating equipment, except electric ......................... 3433 | 27.2 | 27.3 | 28.2 | 27.6 | - | 17.71 | 17.7 | 18.8 | 18.2 | - |
| Fabricated structural metal products .......................... 344 | 435.2 | 438.5 | 454.8 | 452.0 | - | 292.6 | 296.1 | 312.3 | 310.0 | - |
| Fabricated structural metal .................................... 3441 | 76.8 | 77.31 | 80.7 | 80.4 | - | 53.01 | 53.1 | 57.0 | 57.0 | - |
| Metal doors, sash, and trim ................................... 3442 | 83.9 | 85.1 | 88.61 | ${ }^{87.3}{ }^{\text {\| }}$ | - | 60.3 i | $61.8{ }^{\text {j }}$ | 64.1 | 63.1 | - |
| Fabricated plate work (boiler shops) ............................................3443 | 105.0 | 104.5 | 106.9 | 106.7। | - | 60.11 | 60.2 | 64.5 | 64.5 | - |
| Sheet metal work .................................................. 34444 | 110.2 | 111.8 | 115.5 | 114.6 |  | 79.9 | 81.5 | 84.9 | 83.7 | - |
| Architectural metal work ....................................... 34446 | 26.7 | 26.7 | 27.8 | 27.5 | - | 18.9 | 18.9 ! | 19.4 | 19.2 | - |

[^13]ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| Industry | $\begin{gathered} 1972 \\ \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers' |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Feb. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Screw machine products, bolts, etc. | 345 | 92.3 | 93.4 | 97.7 | 98.4 | - | 70.6 | 71.3 | 74.9 | 75.8 | - |
| Screw machine products. | 3451 | 44.1 | 44.8 | 47.5 | 48.0 ! | - | 35.7 | 36.2 | 38.6 | 39.2 |  |
| Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers | 3452 | 48.2 | 48.6 | 50.2 | 50.4 | - | 34.9 | 35.1 | 36.3 | 36.6 |  |
| Metal forgings and stampings ..... | 346 | 249.6 | 252.4 | 261.0 | 259.5 | - | 200.3 | 202.6 | 209.9 | 208.8 | - |
| Iron and steel forgings | 3462 | 32.9 | 33.6 | 33.1 | 33.1 | - | 25.4 | 25.9 | 25.7 | 25.6 | - |
| Automotive stampings | 3465 | 97.6 | 98.4 | 104.1 | 102.6 | - | 83.5 | 84.2 | 89.2 | 88.2 | - |
| Metal stampings, nec | 3469 | 108.0 | 109.3 | 112.5 | 112.5 | - | 83.1 | 84.2 | 86.6 | 86.6 | - |
| Metal services, nec | 347 | 99.7 | 101.1 | 104.0 | 103.9 | - | 80.0 | 81.4 | 83.3 | 83.5 |  |
| Plating and polishing | 3471 | 68.7 | 69.8 | 71.8 | 71.9 | - | 56.3 | 57.3 | 58.4 | 58.7 | - |
| Metal coating and allied services | 3479 | 31.0 | 31.3 | 32.2 | 32.0 | - | 23.71 | 24.1 | 24.9 | 24.8 | - |
| Ordnance and accessories, nec | 348 | 65.3 | 66.1 | 69.0 | 68.9 | - | 41.8 | 42.6 | 44.5 | 45.3 | - |
| Ammunition, except for small arms, nec | 3483 | 29.8 | 30.4 | 32.4 | 32.7 | - | 19.0 | 19.4 | 21.0 | 21.8 |  |
| Misc. fabricated metal products | 349 | 224.2 | 225.7 | 230.8 | 231.5 | - | 162.6 | 163.7 | 167.8 | 168.6 | - |
| Valves and pipe fittings | 3494 | 84.0 | 84.9 | 86.4 | 87.0 | - | 56.1 | 57.0 | 58.4 | 58.8 | - |
| Misc. fabricated wire products | 3496 | 56.0 | 56.2 | 55.2 | 55.4 | - | 42.8 | 42.8 | 42.3 | 42.2 | - |
| Machinery, except electrical | -35 | 2,155.7 | 2,177.3 | 2,243.1 | 2,244.5 | 2,249.4 | 1,304.8 | 1,323.3 | 1,365.4 | 1,368.9 | 1,371.2 |
| Engines and turbines | 351 | 113.5 | 114.3 | 112.9 | 112.1 | - | 70.9 | 71.8 | 70.9 | 70.2 |  |
| Turbines and turbine generator sets | 3511 | 34.71 | 34.71 | 34.4 | 34.5 | - | 17.0 | 17.2 | 17.9 | 17.9 |  |
| Internal combustion engines, nec | 3519 | 78.8 | 79.6 | 78.5 | 77.6 | - | 53.9 | 54.6 | 53.0 | 52.3 |  |
| Farm and garden machinery | 352 | 117.9 | 119.6 | 109.8 | 114.3 | - | 79.4 | 80.9 | 72.2 | 76.4 | - |
| Farm machinery and equipment | 3523 | 93.7 | 95.5 | 83.8 | 86.8 | - | 61.8 | 63.4 | 52.3 | 55.1 | - |
| Construction and related machinery | \|353 | 265.4 | 270.2 | 277.2 | 277.31 | - | 160.5 | 165.0 | 173.5 | 173.0 |  |
| Construction machinery ......... ................................ | 3531 | 92.4 | 93.4 | 89.8 | 90.31 | - | 54.8 | 55.8 | 56.3 | 56.2 |  |
| Mining machinery | 3532 | 22.8 | 23.7 | 24.8 | 24.7 | - | 13.3 | 14.1 | 15.3 | 15.2 | - |
| Oil field machinery | 3533 | 72.1 | 73.9 | 78.6 | 78.5 | - | 46.1 | 47.6 | 50.6 | 50.4 | - |
| Conveyors and conveying equipment | 3535 | 27.4 | 27.8 | 30.2 | 30.4 | - | 14.2 | 14.5 | 16.3 | 16.5 | - |
| Industrial trucks and tractors | 3537 | 26.4 | 26.9 | 28.0 | 27.7 |  | 17.3 | 17.8 | 18.9 | 18.6 |  |
| Metalworking machinery | -354 | 301.0 | 303.0 | 321.0 | 321.0 | - | 213.8 | 214.6 | 230.4 | 230.3 | - |
| Machine tools, metal cutting types | 3541 | 54.3 | 54.8 | 57.4 | 57.4 | - | 32.4 | 32.9 | 36.1 | 36.1 | - |
| Machine tools, metal forming types | 3542 | 18.2 | 18.5 | 20.1 | 20.2 | - | 11.0 | 11.2 | 12.5 | 12.5 | - |
| Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures | 3544 | 131.6 | 132.0 | 140.1 | 139.8 | - | 103.3 | 103.0 | 109.7 | 109.3 | - |
| Machine tool accessories | 3545 | 56.8 | 57.3 | 61.1 | 61.0 | - | 39.7 | 40.1 | 43.4 | 43.3 | - |
| Power driven hand tools | -3546 | 22.8 | 23.1 | 24.8 | 24.6 | - | 16.5 | 16.5 | 17.7 | 17.5 | - |
| Special industry machinery | 355 | 165.0 | 165.8 | 171.6 | 171.7 | - | 98.4 | 98.8 | 103.0 | 103.2 | - |
| Food products machinery | 3551 | 36.8 | 36.7 | 36.5 | 36.3 | - | 22.7 | 22.7 | 22.5 | 22.4 | - |
| Textile machinery | \|3552 | 21.0 | 21.2 | 20.3 | 20.2 | - | 14.6 | 14.6 | 13.6 | 13.7 | - |
| Printing trades machinery | 3555 | 33.1 | 33.4 | 35.3 | 35.2 | - | 19.1 | 19.3 | 20.6 | 20.4 | - |
| General industrial machinery | 356 | 267.0] | 271.0 | 283.6 | 282.3 | - | 168.6 | 171.9 | 182.3 | 182.3 | - |
| Pumps and pumping equipment | 3561 | 51.3 i | 52.1 | 53.5 | 53.4 | - | 29.3 | 29.8 | 31.3 | 31.4 | - |
| Ball and roller bearings .......................................... | 3562 | 47.71 | 48.5 | 50.9 | 50.3 | - | 35.9 | 36.6 | 38.2 | 37.9 | - |
| Air and gas compressors | 3563 | 21.5 | 22.0 | 23.6 | 23.71 | - | 10.9 | 11.4 | 13.5 | 13.6 | - |
| Blowers and fans | 3564 | 33.9 | 34.3 | 34.6 | 34.1 | - | 20.7 | 21.0 | 21.3 | 21.4 | - |
| Speed changers, drives, and gears | 3566 | 19.8 | 20.0 | 21.2 | 21.1 | - | 13.2 | 13.5 | 14.3 | 14.5 | - |
| Power transmission equipment, nec | 3568 | 18.6 ! | 18.9 | 20.2 | 20.1 \| | - | 12.5 | 12.8 | 14.0 | 14.0 | - |
| Office and computing machines .... | 357 | 494.7! | 495.5 | 506.4 | 504.0 | - | 198.2 | 199.1 | 194.2 | 192.9 | - |
| Electronic computing equipment | 3573 | 429.3! | 430.4 | 443.6 | 442.5 | - | 164.5 | 165.0 | 162.3 | 160.9 | - |
| Refrigeration and service machinery . | 358 | 173.3i | 176.8 | 186.2 | 187.7 | - | 121.0 | 124.0 | 129.0 | 130.8 | - |
| Refrigeration and heating equipment | . 3585 | 122.8. | 125.3 | 130.3 | 131.8 | - | 87.6 | 90.0 | 91.4 | 93.5 | - |
| Misc. machinery, except electrical ........ | . 359 | 257.9 | 261.1 | 274.4 | 274.1 | - | 194.0 | 197.2 | 209.9 | 209.8 | - |
| Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves .................... | . 3592 | 36.4 | 36.91 | 38.3 | 38.0 | - | 28.8 | 29.4 | 31.3 | 31.0 | - |
| Machinery, except electrical, nec ........ | . 3599 | 221.5 | 224.2 | 236.1 | 236.1 | - | 165.2 | 167.8 | 178.6 | 178.8 | - |
| Electrical and electronic equipment | . 36 | 2,164.3 | 2,188.6 | 2,273.0 | 2,264.2 | 2,260.3 | 1,339.2 | 1,358.2 | 1,388.1 | 1,376.0 | 1,372.9 |
| Electric distributing equipment ...... | . 361 | 111.5 | 112.0 | 114.0 | 113.9 | - | 80.1 | 80.9 . | 82.4 | 82.2 | , |
| Transformers | . 3612 | 49.8 | 50.1 ! | 52.4 | 52.6 | - | 35.1 | 35.8 | 38.0 | 38.0 | - |
| Switchgear and switchboard apparatus | . 3613 | 61.7 | 61.9 | 61.6 | 61.3 | - | 45.0 | 45.1 | 44.4 | 44.2 | - |
| Electrical industrial apparatus ................. | . 362 | 210.8 | 212.6 | 211.9 | 211.2 | - | 149.0 | 150.8 | 149.6 | 149.0 | - |
| Motors and generators. | . 3621 | 105.5 | 106.4 | 103.6 | 103.8 | - | 82.0 | 82.9 | 80.3 | 80.5 | - |
| Industrial controls .......... | . 3622 | 65.9 \| | 66.2 | 67.1 | 66.6 | - | 40.0 | 40.2 | 40.9 | 40.4 | - |
| Household appliances | . ${ }^{\text {\| }} 363$ | 152.3 ! | 155.0 | 148.4 | 146.8 | - | 120.2 | 122.9 | 116.9 | 115.4 | - |
| Household refrigerators and freezers | . 3632 | 31.3 | 32.3 ] | 25.0 | 25.7 ! | ! - | 25.7 | 26.5 | 19.2 | 19.9 | - |
| Household laundry equipment.. | . 3633 | 20.2 | 20.3 | 20.7 | 20.6 | - | 15.8 | 15.8 | 16.3 | 16.2 | - |
| Electric housewares and fans. | . ${ }^{3634}$ | 42.6 | 43.3 | 43.7 | 42.5 | - | 32.3 | 33.2 | 33.8 | 32.7 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | $\begin{gathered} 1972 \\ \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers' |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Feb. 1984 | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{array}$ |
| Durable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical and electronic equipment-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electric lighting and wiring equipment ............... | 364 | 199.2 | 201.7 | 206.7 | 206.6 | - | 146.7 | 148.6 | 151.0 | 151.5 | - |
| Electric lamps ................................. | 3641 | 28.2 | 28.3 | -971 | 29.9 | - | 24.5 | 24.6 | 25.8 | 25.9 | - |
| Current-carrying wiring devices | 3643 | 84.2 | 85.3 | 87.31 | 86.9 | - | 56.8 | 57.5 | 58.3 | 58.2 | - |
| Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices | 3644 | 17.4 | 17.6 | 18.0 | 17.8 | - | 12.5 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 12.8 | - |
| Residential lighting fixtures ............. | 3645 | 27.4 | 28.0 | 27.5 | 28.1 | - | 21.0 | 21.6 | 20.8 | 21.4 | - |
| Radio and TV receiving equipment | 365 | 88.4 | 88.5 | 86.7 | 85.5 | - | 61.8 | 61.5 | 58.2 | 57.7 | - |
| Radio and TV receiving sets ........ | 13651 | 68.9 | 69.2 | 69.2 | 68.3 | - | 47.5 | 47.4 | 45.7 | 45.4 | - |
| Communication equipment | 366 | 593.7 | 598.1 | 644.3 | 647.0 | - | 271.1 | 275.6 | 297.1 | 296.3 | - |
| Telephone and telegraph apparatus | 3661 | 146.4 | 148.2 | 155.0 | 154.3 | - | 93.5 | 95.3 | 101.0 | 100.8 | - |
| Radio and TV communication equipment | 3662 | 447.3 | 449.9 | 489.3 | 492.7 | - | 177.6 | 180.3 | 196.1 | 195.5 | - |
| Electronic components and accessories ... | 367 | 648.8 | 660.3 | 700.7 | 694.1 | - | 394.6 | 402.1 | 417.6 | 410.3 | - |
| Electronic tubes .. | $3671-3$ | 40.4 | 40.7 | 43.1 | 42.9 | - | 24.7 | 24.9 | 26.6 | 26.7 | - |
| Semiconductors and related devices | 3674 | 253.8 | 258.3 | 286.0 | 284.1 | - | 111.1 | 113.4 | 123.1 | 119.9 | - |
| Electronic components, nec | 13679 | 270.5 | 274.9 | 287.3 | 285.0 | - | 193.8 | 196.9 | 203.5 | 201.7 | - |
| Misc. electrical equipment and supplies | \|369 | 159.6 | 160.4 | 160.3 | 159.1 | - | 115.7 | 115.8 | 115.3 | 113.6 | - |
| Storage batteries | \|3691 | 31.4 | 31.0 | 31.4 | 30.6 | - | 24.8 | 24.3 | 24.7 | 24.0 | - |
| Engine electrical equipment | 3694 | 64.2 | 64.3 | 66.0 | 65.6 | - | 51.1 | 51.1 | 51.5 | 50.7 | - |
| Transportation equipment | 37 | 1,886.8 | 1,907.4 | 1,985.5 | 1,989.7 | 1,995.0 | 1,215.8 | 1,230.9 | 1,266.5 | 1,266.1 | 1,272.8 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 1371 | 852.1 | 863.0 | 885.9 | 879.3 | 877.6 | 659.3 | 669.0 ! | 686.0 | 680.4 | - |
| Motor vehicles and car bodies | 3711 | 385.6 | 391.7 | 402.9 | 398.8, | - | 287.5 | 292.8 | 299.7 | 296.6 | - |
| Truck and bus bodies | 3713 | 38.4 ! | 38.8 | 40.3 | 41.3 |  | 30.0 | 30.4 | 31.5 | 32.4 | - |
| Motor vehicle parts and accessories | 3714 | 381.2 | 383.8 | 395.1 | 391.5 | - | 304.4 | 306.6 | 317.7 | 314.1 \| | - |
| Truck trailers | 3715 | 29.9 | 31.1 | 29.1 | 28.9 | - | 23.3 | 24.5 | 22.2 | 22.1 | - |
| Aircraft and parts | 372 | 588.2 | 591.0 | 630.6 | 634.1 | - | 284.2 | 285.8 | 300.1 | 299.5 | - |
| Aircraft ........... | 13721 | 312.5 | 314.1 | 334.5 | 337.2 | - | 132.9 | 133.4 | 137.5 | 139.3 | - |
| Aircraft engines and engine parts | 3724 | 141.4 | 141.8! | 151.9 | 151.1 | - | 74.1 | 74.71 | 79.3 | 76.2 | - |
| Aircraft equipment, nec | 3728 | 134.3 \| | 135.1 | 144.2 | 145.8 | - | 77.2 | 77.7 | 83.3 | 84.0 | - |
| Ship and boat building and repairing | ¡373 | 201.7 | 203.6 | 205.3 | 208.6 | - | 155.0 | 154.9 | 154.3 | 157.4 | - |
| Ship building and repaining ............ | 3731 | 155.2 | 155.5 | 156.1 | 158.8 | - | 116.5 | 114.8 | 114.7 | 117.1 | - |
| Boat building and repairing | 3732 | 46.5 | 48.11 | 49.2 | 49.8 | - | 38.5 | 40.1 | 39.6 | 40.3 | - |
| Railroad equipment | 374 | 33.3 | 35.01 | 35.3 | 34.7 | - | 22.0 | 23.7 | 24.3 | 24.0 | - |
| Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts | 376 | 145.3 | 146.61 | 164.0 | 166.0 | - | 48.0 | 48.5 | 57.4 | 58.4 | - |
| Guided missiles and space vehicles | 3761 | 112.1 | 113.0 | 126.4 | 128.1 | - | 36.0 | 36.5 | 42.9 | 43.8 | - |
| Miscellaneous transportation equipment | \|379 | 49.5 | 50.8 | 49.3 | 51.0 | - | 34.71 | 35.91 | 33.4 | 35.1 | - |
| Travel trails.s and campers ................. | 3792 | 22.5 | 23.6 | 20.4 | 21.8 | - | 18.2 | 19.2] | 16.3 | 17.5 | - |
| Instruments and related produc | 38 | 711.3 | 714.8 | 729.5 | 729.0 | 731.6 | 400.1 ! | 402.1 | 403.9 | 404.5 | 405.5 |
| Engineering and scientific instruments | 381 | 77.7 | 78.61 | 82.6! | 82.71 | - | 35.2 | 35.6 | 37.5 | 37.8 | - |
| Measuring and controlling devices ...... | 382 | 243.5 | 246.7 | 259.6 | 259.0 | - | 142.5 | 144.2 | 146.8, | 146.5 | - |
| Environmental controls | 3822 | 45.1 \| | 46.2 | 47.5 | 46.8, | - | 29.0 | 29.9 | 30.1 \| | 29.9 \| | - |
| Process control instruments .......... | 3823 | 52.9 | $53.3 \mid$ | 55.1 | 55.1 \| | - | 25.4 | 25.7 | 27.3 | 27.6 | - |
| Instruments to measure electricity | 13825 | 102.9 | 104.2 | 111.6 | 111.6 | - | 59.3 | 59.7 | 60.3 | 60.1 \| | - |
| Optical instruments and lenses ....... | 1383 | 33.3i | 31.6! | 31.9 | 32.1 | - | 17.1 | 16.7 | 16.8 | 17.3 | - |
| Medical instruments and supplies. | 384 | 174.9 | 175.7! | 172.91 | 173.7 | - | 106.7 | 107.1 | 104.8 | 105.5 | - |
| Surgical and medical instruments .... | 3841 | 85.8 | 86.1 | 82.71 | 83.3 | - | 49.8 | 49.8 j | 46.5 | 47.3 | - |
| Surgical appliances and supplies.. | 13842 | 74.8 | 75.3 | 75.3 | $75.3 \mid$ | - | 48.6 | 49.01 | 49.7 | 49.5 | - |
| Ophthalmic goods ............................ | 1385 | 40.7 ! | 40.7 | 41.6 | 41.5 | - | 27.91 | 27.7 i | 27.6 | 27.7 | - |
| Photographic equipment and supplies | - 388 | 124.8 | 125.0 | 124.7 ! | 124.3 | - | 59.31 | 59.5 ! | 58.7 | 58.5 | - |
| Watches, clocks, and watchcases .............. |  | 16.4 | 16.5, | 16.2 ! | 15.7 | - | 11.4 | 11.3 | 11.71 | 11.2 | - |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing | 139 | 378.5 | 383.0 ! | 376.5 | 374.5\| | 375.6, | 273.7 | 277.5 | 269.4 | 269.5 | 271.8 |
| Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware | $391$ | 52.51 | 52.6 | 53.1 | 52.7 | , | 36.6 | 36.5 | 36.41 | 36.3 |  |
| Jewelry, precious metal | $3911$ | 35.1 \| | 35.1 \| | 35.5 j | 34.9 i | - | 24.4 \| | 24.3 ! | 24.2 \| | 23.8 | - |
| Musical instruments ......... | 1393 | 18.0 | 17.9 | 17.21 | 16.8 | - | 14.1 | 14.1 | 13.3 | $13.0 \mid$ | - |
| Toys and sporting goods ............................. | 1394 139424 | 113.4 55.5 | 116.8, | 113.11 53.6 | 112.8 | - | 83.4 \| | 86.0 | 81.5 , | 82.6 | - |
| Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles Sporting and athletic goods, nec ............. | ${ }^{1} 3942,4$ | 55.5 | 58.0 \| | 53.6 | 53.8 | - 1 | 38.9 | 40.7 | 35.8 | 37.6 | - |
| Sporting and athletic goods, nec ................ Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies ....... | 13949 | 57.9 33.0 | 58.8 33.3 | 59.5 33.4 | 59.0 33.5 | - | 44.5 22.5 | 45.3 2.8 | 45.7 22.4 | 45.0 22.6 | - |
| Pens, pencils, office, and art supplie Costume jewelry and notions ........ | \|396 | 33.0 36.4 | 33.3 35.9 | 33.4 34.9 | 33.5 34.2 | - | 22.5 27.3 | 22.81 | 22.4 26.2 | 22.6! | - |
| Costume jewelry ................. | 3961 | 20.0 | 19.7 ! | 19.0 | 18.2, | - | 14.9 i | 14.91 | 14.3 | 13.6 | - |
| Miscelianeous manufactures | 399 | 125.2 | $126.5 i$ | 124.8 | 124.5 | - | 89.8 i | 90.9 | 89.6 | 89.3 : | - |
| Signs and advertising displays | 13993 | 48.8 | $49.6{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 52.21 | 52.1 i | - | 34.4 | 35.0 | 36.9 | $36.8{ }^{\prime}$ | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

| Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. 1984 | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1984 | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Nondurable goods | 7,842 | 7,867 | 7,863 | 7,849 | 7,850 | 5,525 | 5,544 | 5,510 | 5,502 | 5,504 |
| Food and kindred products ......................................... 20 | 1,578.5 | 1,575.7 | 1,608.8 | 1,594.1 | 1,590.5 | 1,078.6 | 1,076.2 | 1,108.9 | 1,096.1 | 1,091.9 |
| Meat products ........................................................ 201 | 343.2 | 345.9 | 358.7 | 358.7 | - | 285.7 | 288.8 | 299.9 | 300.0 | - |
| Meat packing plants ............................................. 2011 | 142.7 | 144.6 | 148.4 | 146.9 | - | 116.7 | 118.4 | 122.3 | 121.0 | - |
| Sausages and other prepared meats ...................... 2013 | 71.0 | 71.0 | 71.6 | 71.3 | - | 52.6 | 52.9 | 51.9 | 51.6 ! | - |
| Poultry dressing plants ........................................... 2016 | 112.4 | 113.0 | 120.2 | 122.6 | - | 101.4 | 102.3 | 109.1 | 111.4 | - |
| Dairy products ......................................................... 202 | 159.6 | 160.2 | 158.8 | 158.6 | - | 91.8 | 92.4 | 92.1 | 91.8 | - |
| Cheese, natural and processed .............................. 2022 | 36.2 | 36.0 | 35.9 | 35.6 | - | 27.7 | 27.4 | 27.5 | 27.2 | - |
| Fluid milk .............................................................. 2026 | 87.0 | 87.2 | 87.1 | 87.0 | - | 40.8 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 41.2 ! | - |
| Preserved fruits and vegetables ............................... 203 | 207.6 | 204.9 | 213.8 | 211.1 | - | 166.7 | 164.2 | 171.4 | 169.6 | - |
| Canned specialties ................................................ 2032 | 25.0 | 24.5 | 26.1 | 25.8 | - | 18.0 | 17.6 | 18.3 | 18.1 \| | - |
| Canned fruits and vegetables ................................. 2033 | 64.8 | 63.0 | 63.0 | 63.3 | - | 50.0 | 48.2 | 48.5 | 49.2 | - |
| Frozen fruits and vegetables .................................. 2037 | 43.2 | 43.6 | 44.9 | 44.2 | - | 37.4 | 37.8 | 38.7 | 37.9 | - |
| Grain mill products .................................................. 204 | 130.6 | 129.2 | 128.1 | 127.1 | - | 88.6 | 87.0 | 86.9 | 85.5 | - |
| Flour and other grain mill products ......................... 2041 | 25.1 | 24.9 | 23.8 | 23.6 | - | 15.3 | 15.0 | 14.5 | 14.3 | - |
| Prepared feeds, nec .............................................. 2048 | 46.9 | 46.6 | 45.8 | 45.2 | - | 29.8 | 29.3 | 29.0 | 28.5 |  |
| Bakery products ...................................................... 205 | 212.7 | 212.8 | 208.1 | 206.8 | - | 126.0 | 126.3 | 123.8 | 122.8 | - |
| Bread, cake, and related products .......................... 2051 | 168.7 | 168.8 | 165.7 | 164.2 | - | 90.5 | 90.7 | 89.9 | 88.9 | - |
| Cookies and crackers ............................................ 2052 | 44.0 | 44.0 | 42.4 | 42.6 | - | 35.5 | 35.61 | 33.9 | 33.9 : | - |
| Sugar and confectionery products ............................. 206 | 102.1 | 96.4 | 111.7 | 106.6 | - | 77.9 | 72.5 ! | 87.21 | 82,4 | - |
| Cane and beet sugar ............................................. 2061-3 | 25.8 | 23.9 | 29.8 | 27.8 | - | 19.3 | 17.7\| | 23.7 ! | 21.6 | - |
| Confectionery products ......................................... 2065 | 56.5 | 53.0 | 61.1 | 58.5 | - | 45.3 | 41.9 | 49.4i | $47.1{ }^{1}$ | - |
| Fats and oils ........................................................... 207 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 42.7 | 42.0 | - | 30.3 | 30.0 | 32.0 | 31.31 | - |
| Beverages .............................................................. 208 | 221.01 | 222.4 | 220.3 | 219.0 | - | 92.5 | 93.8 | 92.3 | 91.8 | - |
| Malt beverages ..................................................... 2082 | 47.1 \| | 47.7 | 45.6 | 46.3 | - | 28.2 | 29.0 | 28.1 | 29.0 | - |
| Bottled and canned soft drinks ............................... 2086 | 128.5 | 129.6 | 130.9 | 129.4 | - | 40.9 | 41.6 | 41.3 | 40.7 | - |
| Misc. food and kindred products .......................................... 209 | 161.1 ${ }^{\text {j }}$ | 163.7 | 166.6 | 164.2 | - | 119.1 | 121.2 | 123.3 | 120.9 | - |
| Tobacco manufactures ..............................................\|21 | 64.7 | 63.6 | 71.4 | 68.2 | 65.1 | 48.2 | 47.1 | 54.8 | 51.6 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 48.2 |
| Cigarettes .................................................................. 211 | 45.3 | 44.8 | 45.6 | 45.5 | - | 33.2 | 32.71 | 33.8 | 33.7! | - |
| Textile mill products .................................................. 22 | 762.2 | 763.9 | 722.4 | 715.5 | 710.8 | 660.6 | 661.8 | 623.4 | 616.0 | 613.3 |
| Weaving mills, cotton .............................................. 221 | 124.7 | 123.7 | 115.6 | 113.9 | - | 111.6 | 110.9 | 103.5 | 101.9 | - |
| Weaving mills, synthetics ......................................... 222 | 93.4 | 92.8 | 89.2 | 87.3 | - | 83.5 | 82.7 | 79.2 | 77.4 | - |
| Weaving and finishing mills, wool .............................. 223 | 19.0 | 19.2 | 18.4 | 18.3 | - | 16.1 | 16.2 | 15.5 | 15.4 | - |
| Narrow fabric mills .................................................. 224 | - 23.0 | 23.1 | 22.5 | 22.4 | - | 19.8 | 19.8 | 19.2 | 19.11 | - |
| Knitting mills ........................................................... 225 | 207.9 | 209.0 | 195.1 | 194.5 | - | 181.1 | 182.2 | 169.4 | 168.41 | - |
| Women's hosiery, except socks ............................. 2251 | 35.9 | 35.4 | 33.2 | 33.3 | - | 32.5 | 31.9 | 29.81 | 29.8 ! | - |
| Hosiery, nec ........................................................ 12252 | 35.3 | 35.3 | 33.4 | 33.6 | - | 31.7 | 31.7 | 30.01 | 30.1 . | - |
| Knit outerwear mills ...............................................2253 | 61.4 | 62.51 | 57.3 | 56.1 | - | 52.6 | 53.7 | 49.2 | $48.0{ }^{\prime}$ | - |
| Knit underwear mills .............................................. 2254 | 30.7 ! | $31.0{ }^{\text {j }}$ | 29.1 | 29.1 | - | 26.5 | 26.8 | 25.0 | $24.7{ }^{\prime}$ | - |
| Circular knit fabric mills .......................................... 2257 | 25.3 | 25.4 | 23.7 | 23.91 | - | 21.6 | 21.7 | $20.0 \mid$ | 20.3 . | - |
| Textile finishing, except wool .................................... 226 | 65.3 | 65.5 \| | 61.4 | $60.0 \mid$ | - | 55.2 | 55.3 | 51.4 | 50.1 | - |
| Finishing plants, cotton ............................................ 2261 | 25.6 | 25.6 | 24.1 | 23.7 | - | 21.6 | 21.5 | 20.3 | 19.8 | - |
| Finishing plants, synthetics ..................................... 2262 | 24.0 | 24.1 | 22.6 | 21.9 | - | 20.2 | $20.3{ }^{\text {\| }}$ | 18.7 | 18.0 | - |
| Floor covering mills ................................................. 227 | 51.4 | $52.3{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 53.6 | 53.71 | - | 41.2! | $41.9{ }^{1}$ | 43.4 | 43.31 | - |
| Yarn and thread mills ............................................... 228 | 114.1 | 114.6 | 106.2 | 105.4 | - | 101.71 | 102.1 | $94.0{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 93.2 | - |
| Yarn mills, except wool ......................................... 2281 | 78.4 | 78.4 | 72.9 | 72.0 | - | 70.7 | 70.6 | 65.4 | $64.5{ }^{\prime}$ | - |
| Throwing and winding mills ...................................... 2282 | 18.1 | 18.3 | 16.4 | 16.5 | - | 16.2 | 16.3 | 14.5 | $14.6{ }^{\text {! }}$ | - |
| Miscellaneous textile goods ...................................... 229 | 63.4 | 63.7 | 60.4 | 60.0 | - | 50.4 | 50.7 | 47.8 | 47.2 | - |
| Apparel and other textile products ............................... 23 | 1,209.7 | 1,215.5 | 1.166.2 | 1,175.1 | 1,174.9 | 1,025.5! | 1,030.6 | 982.7 | 992.91 | 991.8 |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats ............................... 231 | 73.0 | 72.8 | 71.4 | 70.8 |  | 63.6', | 63.6 | 62.7 | $62.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | - |
| Men's and boys' furnishings ...................................... 232 | 337.7: | 343.3 | 335.5 | 334.51 | - | 289.7 | 295.2 | 289.4 | 288.5 | - |
| Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear ..................... 2321 | 97.8! | 97.9 | 96.3 | 94.6 \| | - | 84.7 | 84.7 | 83.6 | 82.0 | - |
| Men's and boys' separate trousers .......................... 2327 | 66.3 | 66.7 | 66.5 | 65.9 | - | 57.4 | 57.7 | 58.0 | $57.3!$ | - |
| Men's and boys' work clothing ............................... 2328 | 101.2 | 104.2 | 100.5 | 101.8 | - | 85.8 | 88.8 | 86.2 | 87.6 | - |
| Women's and misses' outerwear ............................... 233 | 402.3 | 401.1 | 371.7 | 381.91 | - | $340.6{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 339.0 | 310.2 | 320.6 | - |
| Women's and misses' blouses and waists ................ 2331 | 60.5 | 59.9 | 56.7 | 57.0 ! | - | $51.8{ }^{\circ}$ | 51.3 | 47.6 | $48.0{ }^{\prime}$ | - |
| Women's and misses' dresses ............................... 2335 | 131.1 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | $132.4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 113.0 | 118.8 | - | 111.7 | 112.9 | 95.3i | 100.6 | - |
| Women's and misses' suits and coats .................... 2337 | $55.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 53.2 | 50.3 | 51.6 | - | $45.7{ }^{\text { }}$ | 43.5 | 40.8 | 42.2 | - |
| Women's and misses' outerwear, nec ..................... 2339 | 155.6 | 155.6 | 151.7 | 154.5 | - | 131.4 | 131.3 | 126.5: | 129.8 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

|  | All emplo |  |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry SIC <br> Code  | Feb. 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1984 | Mar. Jan. Feb.  <br> 1984 1985 $1985^{p}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Nondurable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apparel and other textile products-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Women's and children's undergarments .................... 234 | 88.6 | 89.1 | 84.8 ${ }^{1}$ | 85.31 | - | 74.9 | 75.31 | 71.1 | 71.7 | - |
| Women's and children's underwear ........................ 2341 | 72.1 | 72.3 | 69.4 | 69.9' | - | 62.5 | 62.6 | 59.6 | 60.1 | - |
| Brassieres and allied garments ............................... 2342 | 16.5 | 16.8 ! | 15.4 | 15.4 | - | 12.4 | 12.7 | 11.5 | 11.6 | - |
| Children's outerwear ................................................\|236 | 63.0 | 62.4 ! | 61.3 ! | 61.4 | - | 53.5: | 52.9 | 51.7, | 51.9 | - |
| Children's dresses and blouses ..............................\|2361 | 26.1 | 25.6 | 25.0 | 25.0 ; | - | 23.0 | 22.7 | 22.1\| | 22.1 | - |
| Misc. apparel and accessories .................................. 238 | 47.1 | 47.2 | $44.2{ }^{\prime}$ | 44.4 ! | - | $39.2{ }^{\prime}$ | 39.4 | 36.1 | 36.61 | - |
| Misc. fabricated textile products ................................ 239 | 178.8 | 180.8 | 176.9' | 176.2 | - | $148.1^{\prime}$ | 149.8i | 145.1 | 144.9 | - |
| Curtains and draperies ........................................... 2391 | 26.8 | 26.41 | 26.21 | $26.4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | - | $22.1{ }^{\prime}$ | 21.7. | 21.6 | 21.6 | - |
| House furnishings, nec ........................................... 2392 | 50.7 | 52.0 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | $49.9{ }^{\text { }}$ | $49.7{ }^{1}$ | - | 43.1। | 44.2, | 42.2 | 42.2 | - |
| Automotive and apparel trimmings ........................... 2396 | 32.8 | 33.5 | 32.7 | 32.31 | - | 27.0 | 27.7! | 27.0\| | 26.7 | - |
| Paper and allied products ........................................... 26 | 674.3 | 676.8 | 679.5 | 678.01 | 679.4 | 506.3 | 508.5 | 512.1 | 510.3 ! | 513.2 |
| Paper and pulp mills .................................................261,2,6 | 201.6 | 202.8, | 204.4, | 203.8 | - | 152.4. | 153.3 | 154.0 | 153.2 | - |
| Paper mills, except building paper .............................\|262 | 175.9 | 177.0\| | 178.9 | 178.0 | - | 131.6. | 132.4i | 133.5 | 132.4 | - |
| Paperboard mills ..................................................... 263 | 59.5 | 59.1\| | 59.2 i | 59.01 | - | 45.7 | 45.3: | 45.5 | 45.1 | - |
| Misc. converted paper products ................................ 264 | \| 219.2 | 220.0 ! | 221.5 | 221.9 | - | 159.5 | 160.6, | 162.8 | 163.3 | - |
| Paper coating and glazing .....................................\|2641 | 56.8 | 57.0 | 58.5 ! | 58.6 | - | 37.1 | 37.2 | 37.71 | 37.5 | - |
| Envelopes ............................................................\|2642 | 25.7 | 25.7 \| | 26.11 | 26.1, | - | 19.9' | 20.01 | 20.31 | 20.4 | - |
| Bags, except textile bags ......................................\| 2643 | 48.8 | 48.9 | 48.91 | 48.3, | - | 38.0 | 38.1 | 38.4; | 38.11 | - |
| Paperboard containers and boxes .............................. 265 | 194.0 | 194.9 | 194.4 | 193.3i | - | 148.7 | 149.3 | 149.8 | 148.7 | - |
| Folding paperboard boxes ..................................... 2651 | 41.2! | 41.6 | 40.81 | 40.3, | - | 32.0 | $32.4{ }^{\text { }}$ | 32.31 | 31.8 | - |
| Corrugated and solid fiber boxes ............................ 2653 | 101.1 | 101.7 | 102.3 | 102.0: | - | 75.8 | 76.2 | 77.0 | $76.8{ }^{\prime}$ | - |
| Sanitary food containers ........................................j2654 | 22.9 | 23.0 | 22.1 : | 22.3 | - | 18.8 | 18.9 | 18.1 ' | 18.4' | - |
| Printing and publishing ...............................................\|27 | ; 1,333.3' | ,341.6 | 1,390.3' | 1,392.0 | 1,398.3 | 734.3. | 740.0 | 765.2 | 770.1 | 773.5 |
| Newspapers ........................................................... 271 | 437.1 | 437.1 | 450.3 ! | 450.9! | - | 163.8 | 164.3 | 171.2 | 171.3 | - |
| Periodicals .............................................................. 272 | - 102.2 | 102.8 | 107.0 | 100.2' | - | 23.3 | 23.0. | 25.0 | 26.6 | - |
| Books ....................................................................... 27.2 | 1 101.0 | 101.71 | 104.91 | 105.4 | - | 51.5 | 51.5 | 51.8 | 53.2 ! | - |
| Book publishing ....................................................\|2731 | \| 73.7 | 74.2 | 78.1 | 78.7 | - | 29.0 | 29.0 | 30.2. | 31.6 | - |
| Book printing ........................................................ 2732 | 27.3 | 27.5 | 26.8 | $26.7{ }^{\prime}$ | - | 22.5 | 22.5 | 21.61 | $21.6{ }^{\prime}$ | - |
| Miscellaneous publishing .......................................... 274 | 54.2 | 55.0 | $57.4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 57.91 | - | 29.1 | 29.7 | 31.0 | 31.8' | - |
| Commercial printing ................................................. 275 | 454.31 | 459.2 | $477.9^{\prime}$ | 479.2 | - | 332.9 | 337.1 | $346.9{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 347.7 | - |
| Commercial printing, letterpress ............................... 2751 | 155.6 ! | 156.8 | 163.2 \| | 162.8 | - | 115.6 | 116.7 | 120.0 | $119.4{ }^{\text {' }}$ | - |
| Commercial printing, lithographic ............................' 2752 | 273.7 | 277.1 | 288.2 | 289.3' | - | 197.4 | 200.0 | $205.8{ }^{\text { }}$ | 206.8 | - |
| Manifold business forms .......................................... 276 | 48.7 | 48.8 | 49.4 | 49.5 | - | 33.7 | 33.7 | 34.5 : | 34.5 | - |
| Blankbooks and bookbinding .................................... 278 | ! 66.3! | 67.3 | 70.31 | $70.2{ }^{\text {i }}$ | - | 53.2 | 54.1 | 56.4: | $56.7{ }^{\text {' }}$ | - |
| Printing trade services .............................................. 27.2 | 45.8 | 45.9 | 47.8 | 47.6 | - | 33.9 | 33.9 | 35.1 | 35.0' | - |
| Chemicals and allied products ..................................... 28 | 1,049.4 | .053.2! | 1,058.0 | 1,059.3 | 1,063.1 | 585.2 | 587.5 | 582.9 | 583.5 | 586.5 |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals .................................... 281 | 155.2 | 155.4 | 157.1 | 157.8 | - | 78.7 | 79.1 | 79.4 | 79.5 ! | - |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec .......................... 2819 | 106.3 | 106.6 | 108.1 | 108.3 | - | 55.3 | 55.5 | 56.3. | 56.5 | - |
| Plastics materials and synthetics ............................... 282 | 175.7 | 175.6 | 171.8 | 171.6: | - | 115.3 | 115.2 | 113.4, | 112.8 | - |
| Plastics materials and resins ...................................'2821 | 75.11 | 75.4 | 75.9 . | 75.5 | - | 44.2 | 44.5 | 44.8. | 44.5. | - |
| Organic fibers, noncellulosic ....................................'2824 | 70.7 | 70.5 | 67.0. | 67.3 . | - | 50.0 | 49.7 | 47.6 | 47.3 . | - |
| Drugs ..................................................................... 283 | 199.6: | 199.5 | 200.0 | 199.2 | - | 97.2 | 96.5 | 90.8 | 90.8 | - |
| Pharmaceutical preparations .................................. 2834 | 158.1 | 158.0 | 160.2 | 159.5. | - | 75.8 | 75.1 | 72.8 | 72.8 | - |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods ...............................284 | 144.81 | 145.7 | 148.4 | 148.7 | - | 91.5 | 92.0 | 93.2 . | 93.6 | - |
| Soap and other detergents .....................................' 2841 | 42.9 ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | 43.3 | 43.8' | 43.9 . | - | 27.7 | 27.3 | 27.8 | 27.5 | - |
| Toilet preparations ................................................'2844 | 63.6. | 63.9 . | 65.2 . | 65.8 | - | 42.3 | 43.4 | 43.5 | 44.3' | - |
| Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations ........'2842,3 | 38.3 | 38.5 | 39.4 | 39.0 | - | 21.5 | 21.3 | 21.9 | 21.8 | - |
| Paints and allied products ........................................'285 | 60.2: | 60.9 | 61.3 | 61.5 | - | 29.3 | 29.8 | 29.5 | 29.8 | - |
| Industrial organic chemicals ....................................... 286 | 161.2 | 162.2 | 164.6 | 165.2 | - | 81.9 | 82.7 | 84.8 | $84.5{ }^{\circ}$ | - |
| Cyclic crudes and intermediates ............................. ' 2865 | 33.0 | 33.0 | 33.2 | 33.2 | - | 19.7 | 19.9 | 20.7 | 20.8 | - |
| Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec ... 2861,9 | 128.2 | 129.2 | 131.4 | 132.0 | - | 62.2 | 62.8 | 64.1 | 63.7 | - |
| Agricultural chemicals .............................................. 287 | ! 61.2. | 62.2 | 60.9 | 61.1 | - | 37.8 | 38.8 | 37.9 | 38.5 | - |
| Miscellaneous chemical products .............................. 289 | 91.5 | 91.7 | $93.9{ }^{\text {- }}$ | 94.2 | - | 53.5 | 53.4 | 53.9 | 54.0 | - |
| Petroleum and coal products ....................................... 29 | 186.1 | 186.2 | 180.0 | 178.6 | 179.1 | 107.6 | 108.3 | 106.5. | 106.6 | 108.9 |
| Petroleum refining ................................................... 291 | 151.5 | 151.0 | 146.1 | 144.5 | - | 83.8 | 83.6 | 83.2 | 83.0 | - |
| Paving and roofing materials .................................... 295 | 23.2 | 23.7 | 22.6 | 22.9 | - | 16.7 | 17.5 | 16.4 | 16.8 | - |
|  |  | $\stackrel{+}{+}$ | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| Industry | $\begin{gathered} 1972 \\ \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. $1984$ | Mar. <br> 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ |
| Nondurable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products | 30 | 777.1 | 785.1 | 802.4 | 805.5 | 806.0 | 605.9 | 612.6 | 622.01 | 624.3 | 625.0 |
| Tires and inner tubes | 301 | 98.2 | 98.8 | 102.9 | 103.2 |  | 68.71 | 69.1 \| | $72.4 \mid$ | 72.9 | - |
| Rubber and plastics footwear | 302 | 17.1 | 17.5 | 14.9 | 14.6 | - | 14.4 | 14.8 | 12.6 | 12.2 | - |
| Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose and belting $\qquad$ | 303,4 | 23.0 | 23.5 | 23.6 | 23.3 | - | 16.2 | 16.6! | 16.0 | 15.7 | - |
| Fabricated rubber products, nec .......... | 306 | 108.5 | 109.3 | 108.2 | 107.9 | - | 84.1 | 84.6 | 83.21 | 82.9 | - |
| Miscellaneous plastics products | 307 | 530.3 | 536.0 | 552.8 | 556.5 | - | 422.5 | 427.5 | 437.8' | 440.6 | - |
| Leather and leather products | 31 | 207.0 | 205.5 | 184.2 | 183.0 | 182.8 | 173.0 | 171.8 | 151.9 ${ }^{\text {j }}$ | 150.9 | 151.2 |
| Leather tanning and finishing | 311 | 18.5 | 18.3 | 16.3 | 16.3\| | - | 15.5 | 15.2 | 13.3, | 13.2 | - |
| Footwear, except rubber ....... | 314 | 125.1 | 124.2 | 110.0 | 108.6 | - | 106.5 ! | 105.6 | 92.8 i | 91.5 | - |
| Men's footwear, except athletic | 3143 | 51.2 | 51.1 \| | 46.6 | 45.6 | - | 41.2 | 41.2 i | 37.5 | 36.4 ! | - |
| Women's footwear, except athletic | 3144 | 48.1 | 47.5 | 42.3 | 40.4 | - | 42.6 | 42.0\| | 37.1 | 35.3 | - |
| Luggage | 316 | 12.2 ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | 11.2 | 11.3 | 11.3 ! | - | 8.9 | 8.31 | 8.2 | 8.3 ! | - |
| Handbags and personal leather goods | 317 | 27.8 | 28.1 | 25.2 | 25.4 | - | 22.8 | 23.1 | 20.0 | 20.5 | - |
| Transportation and public utilities ................................ |  | 5,031 | 5,055 | 5,189 | 5,202 | 5,207 | 4,131 | 4,152 | 4,271 | 4,279 | 4,285 |
| Transportation .............................................................. |  | 2,769! | 2,793 | 2,921 | 2,939 | 2,943 | - | - |  | - | - |
| Railroad transportatio | 404011 | 364.3 | 366.2 | 350.4 | 344.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Class I railroads ${ }^{2}$ |  | 335.7 | 336.7 | 323.0 | 317.4 | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| Local and interurban passenger transit Local and suburban transportation Taxicabs |  | 267.3 | 267.3 | 270.4 | 271.0 | - | 248.6 | 248.6 | 249.8 | 250.6 | - |
|  | 411 | 80.2 i | 80.3 ! | 81.4 | 81.4 | - | 73.7 | 73.7 | 74.6 | 74.6 | - |
|  | 412 | 39.2 | 38.6 | 38.3 | 38.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Intercity highway transportation | 413 | \| 36.8 | 36.4 | 36.6 | 35.8 | - | 34.0 | 33.8 | 33.5 | 32.8 | - |
| School buses | . 415 | \| 92.1| | 92.4 | 95.2 | 95.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Trucking and warehousing .......................................... 142 |  | 1,233.9 | 1,245.5 | 1,304.1 | 1,311.1 | - | 1,070.6 | 1,082.5 | 1,133.8 | 1,136.5 | - |
| Trucking and trucking terminals $\qquad$ Public warehousing | $1421,3$ | 1,148.7 | 1,160.8 | 1,211.1 | 1,219.4 | - | 999.4 | 1,011.8 | 1,055.5 | 1,059.4 | - |
|  | . 422 | \| 85.2| | 84.7 | 93.0 | 91.71 | - | 71.2 | 70.7 | 78.3 | 77.1 | - |
|  | ${ }^{1} 44$ | ' 189.5 | 194.2 | 213.6 | 222.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Local water transportation ............................................................. 445Water transportation services ............ 446 |  | 27.0 | 27.9 | 27.9 | 27.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  | 97.1 | 101.5 | 118.1 | 125.3 | - | - | - 1 | - | - | - |
| Transportation by air ................................................. 45AirAransportation |  | 459.8 | 462.2 | 498.0 | 500.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | 402.8 | 404.9 | 435.9 | 438.71 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Air transportation services .......................................\|458 |  | 57.0 | 57.3 | 62.1 | 61.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Pipe lines, except natural gas .....................................\|46 |  | $20.8{ }^{1}$ | 20.8 | 20.71 | 20.51 | - | 14.7 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 14.5 | - |
| Transportation servi | $\begin{aligned} & 47 \\ & . . .1471 \end{aligned}$ | 233.3 | 237.2 | 264.2 | 269.2 | - | - | - |  | - | - |
| Freight forwarding |  | 57.1! | 57.5 | 68.1 | 69.2 | - | - | - |  | - | - |
| Communication and public utilities .................................. | 1 | - 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 48 | 1 2,263 | 2,262 | 2,268 | 2,263 | 2,264 | 1,040 | - ${ }^{-}$ | - | - ${ }^{-}$ | - |
| Communication ........................................................................................ |  | 11,384.0 | 1,382.8 | 1,376.3 | 1,374.2 | - | 1,046.2 | 1,043.4 | 1,043.1 | 1,039.1 | - |
|  | 481 | \| 994.4| | 991.0 | 964.7 | 961.0 | - | 738.6 | 735.1 | 716.0 | 712.0 | - |
| Telephone communication $\qquad$ Radio and television broadcasting |  | - 226.8 | 227.4 | 231.3 | 231.2 | - | 182.6 | 183.2 | 187.3 | 186.8 | - |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 483 \\ & 4832 \end{aligned}$ | \| 110.3 | 110.2 | 111.0 | 111.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | . 4833 | - 116.5 | 117.2 | 120.3 | 120.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services .............................. | 49 | । 878.5 ! | 878.71 | 891.7 | 889.2 | - | 699.7 | 699.9 | 708.2 | 705.0 |  |
| Electric services ...................................................... | 491 | 431.2, | 431.6 | 444.4 | 444.5 | - | 337.5 | 338.0 | 346.8 | 346.4 | - |
| Gas production and distribution | 492 | 169.6 | 169.5 | 170.1 | 167.9 | - | 134.6 | 134.2 | 133.2 | 131.5 | - |
| Combination utility services | 493 | 201.0 | 200.6 | 197.0 | 196.7 | - | 161.1 | 161.2 | 159.4 | 158.8 | - |
| Sanitary services | . 495 | 53.8 | 54.0 | 57.0 | 56.6 | - | 47.8 | 47.8 ! | 49.9 | 49.4 | - |
| Wholesale trade |  | 5,389' | 5,421; | 5,622 | 5,619 | 5,649 | 4,327 | 4,355 | 4,533 | 4,526 | 4,556 |
| Durable goods | . 50 | 3,171 | 3,192 | 3,323 | 3,325 | 3,342 | 2,531 | 2,548 | 2,660 | 2,659 | - |
| Motor vehicles and automotive equipment | $\begin{aligned} & 501 \\ & .5012 \\ & .5012 \end{aligned}$ | 409.4 | 410.71 | 421.7 | 420.4 | 3,3420 | 325.4 | 326.7 | 339.7 | 338.3 | - |
| Automobiles and other motor vehicles ...........................................................Automotive parts and supplies .......... |  | 99.0 | 100.11 | 105.2 | 104.9 | - | - | - | - | - 1 | - |
|  | $\left.\right\|^{5013}$ | 277.2! | 277.31 | 282.6 | 282.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT 

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)


See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

| 1972 |  |  | mployee |  |  |  | Production | ion work | kers ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry SIC <br>  CIC <br>  Code | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. $1984$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1984 | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\text {p }} \end{gathered}$ |
| Retail trade-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apparel and accessory stores ....................................... 56 | 941.6 | 944.1 | 998.0 | 960.3 | - | 791.0 | 793.1 | 845.2 | 807.21 | - |
| Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings ..................... ${ }^{\text {I }} 561$ | 114.9 | 114.0 | 116.8 | 112.4! | - | 95.0 | 94.5 | 98.7 | $94.0{ }^{1}$ |  |
| Women's ready-to-wear stores ................................... 1562 | 338.3 | 340.8\| | $362.3{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 351.9 | - | 286.1 | 288.7 | 308.9 | 299.1 ! | - |
| Family clothing stores ................................................ 565 | 174.4 | 174.0 | 190.6! | 180.1 | - | 151.4 | 150.9 | 166.9 | 155.8 |  |
| Shoe stores ............................................................... 566 | $205.3{ }^{\prime}$ | 206.6 | 208.0 | 200.3 ! | - | 166.5 | 167.7 | 169.5 | 161.0 | - |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores ........................... 57 | 636.2 | 638.0 | 695.8 | 691.8 | - | 532.2 ! | 532.9 | 583.7 | 579.2 | - |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores ......................... 571 | 371.9 | 374.8 | 390.2 ! | 388.51 | - | 310.0 | 312.2 | 325.3 | 323.01 | - |
| Furniture stores ....................................................... 5712 | $240.9{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 242.8 | 250.5 | 250.0 | - | - | - | - | , | - |
| Household appliance stores ........................................ 572 | $79.7{ }^{1}$ | 78.0 | $84.0 \mid$ | 83.1 | - | 68.0 | 66.4 | 71.5 | $70.6{ }^{\text {\| }}$ | - |
| Radio, television, and music stores ............................. 573 | 184.6 | 185.2 | 221.6 | 220.2 | - | 154.2 \| | 154.3 | 186.9 | 185.6 | - |
| Radio and television stores ...................................... 5732 | 124.2 | 125.6 | 152.2 | 151.1 |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Music stores ......................................................... 5733 | 60.4 | 59.6 | 69.4 | 69.1 | - | - | - | - | - 1 | - |
| Eating and drinking places ............................................ 58 | ' 4,864.6', | 4,966.4 | 5,091.0 | 5,119.3! | 5,235.4 | 4,444.0 | 4,539.8 | 4,646.2\| | 4,669.3 | - |
| Miscellaneous retail ...................................................... 59 | ' 2,024.4 | 2,005.9 | 2,149.1 | 2,127.3 | - | 1,751.9 | 1,729.5! | ,857.2 | 1,834.0 | - |
| Drug stores and proprietary stores .............................. 591 | 521.11 | 519.41 | 566.5 | 564.1 | - | 458.5 | 456.21 | 499.6 | 497.4 | - |
| Liquor stores ............................................................. 592 | 122.2 | 120.6 | 119.8 | 118.3 ! |  | - | - 1 | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous shopping goods stores .......................... 594 | $649.4{ }^{1}$ | 645.3 | 709.7 | 678.6 ! |  | 555.8 | 550.6 | 612.3 | 579.1 | - |
| Sporting goods and bicycle shops ............................ 5941 | 111.3: | 109.4: | 127.3 | 119.1' | - |  | - | - | - i | - |
| Book stores ............................................................ 5942 | 67.2 | 66.6 | 70.4 | 72.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stationery stores ......................................................\|5943 | 66.8 | $67.6{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 71.9 | 72.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Jewelry stores ......................................................... 5944 | 135.7 ! | 133.7! | 147.9 | 138.7 | - 1 |  | - | - 1 | - |  |
| Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops ..............................\|5947 | 113.0 | 112.6 | 117.4 | 110.8 | - | - ! | - . | - 1 | - | - |
| Sewing, needlework, and piece goods ...................... 5949 | 65.6: | 66.0 | 74.4 | $74.0{ }^{\prime}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonstore retailers ...................................................... 596 | 256.5 | 256.0 | 263.6 | 263.1 i | - | 233.8 | 233.1 | 238.3 | 237.2 | - |
| Mail order houses ...................................................i5961 | 119.9 | 118.8 | 127.1. | 123.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Merchandising machine operators ............................. 5962 | 82.4i | 82.5' | 85.0 ! | 85.8 |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Fuel and ice dealers .................................................. 598 | 109.1 i | 107.7: | 114.6 | 114.8 | - | 90.9 | 89.5 | 96.0 | 96.2 | - |
| Retail stores, nec ............................................................. 599 | 295.6 | 286.0 | 301.3 i | $314.2{ }^{\text {i }}$ | - | 249.21 | 238.1 | 248.7 | 262.2 | - |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ${ }^{3}$.............................i | 5,546 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 5,565 | 5,727 | 5,746! | 5,777 | 4,111 | 4,128 | 4,235 | 4,244 | 4.270 |
| Finance | 2,804 | 2,816 | 2,900 | 2,910 | 2,925 | - |  | - ! | - | - |
| Banking .......................................................................... 60 | 1,664.9 | 1,667.7 | 1,699.6 | 1,700.7 | - | 1,236.4; | 1,238.9 | 1,248.9 | 1,247.2 | - |
| Commercial and stock savings banks .........................602 | 1,514.8 | 1,516.6 | 1,545.6 | 1,546.3 | - | 1,117.3 | 1,119.1 | 1,128.3 | 1,126.7 | - |
| State banks, Federal Reserve .................................66022 | 335.3 | 335.3 ' | 340.5 | 340.9! | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| State banks, not Federal Reserve ...........................66023,4 | 379.8. | 381.0 | 389.2 | 389.2 |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mutual savings banks ............................................. 603 | 76.7 | 77.2 | 78.2 ! | 77.9 |  | - |  | - | - | - |
| Credit agencies other than banks ................................ 61 | 662.3 | 668.7 ; | 710.8 | 714.0 | - | 503.6 | 508.5 | 541.1 | 542.8 | - |
| Savings and loan associations ................................... 612 | 306.2 | 308.1 | 324.8 | 325.0 | - | 236.3 | 237.6 | 250.2 | 249.4 | - |
| Federal savings and loan associations .................... 16122 | 177.2 | 178.3 | 185.6 | 186.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| State associations, insured ..................................... 6123 | 120.1 | 120.7 | 129.3 | 129.2 | - | - | - | - | O | 1 - |
| Personal credit institutions ........................................ 614 | 207.2 | 209.1 | 218.0! | 219.1 | - | $158.1{ }^{\text {! }}$ | 159.6 | 168.3 | 169.4 | - |
| Business credit institutions ........................................ 615 | 36.1 | 36.6 | 41.6 | 42.1 1 |  | - 1 | - 1 | - | - | - - |
| Mortgage bankers and brokers .................................. 616 | 89.2, | 91.2 | 101.3! | 102.7 |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Security, commodity brokers, and services ................... 62 | 335.4 | 338.1 | 344.4 | 348.3 |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Security brokers and dealers .................................... 1621 | 274.6 | 276.5 | $280.7{ }^{\prime}$ | 284.1 |  | - | - ; | - | - | - |
| Holding and other investment offices .......................... 67 | $141.2{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 141.9 | 145.2! | 146.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Insurance | 1,737. | 1,740 | 1.782 | 1,788 | 1,794 |  | - | - | - | - |
| Insurance carriers ...................................................... 63 | - 1,240.4 | 1,242.6. | 1,256.5 | 1,257.3 | - | 836.0 | 838.9 | 857.1 | 860.9 | + |
| Life insurance ............................................................ 631 | 540.8 | 540.0. | 537.5 | 538.2 | - | 324.4 | 325.6 | $329.5{ }^{\text {! }}$ | 332.0 | ' |
| Medical service and health insurance ........................ 632 | $150.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 151.1' | 162.2 | 163.9 | - | 119.9 | 120.5 | 130.8 | 132.9 | - |
| Fire, marine, and casualty insurance ......................... 633 | 469.8 | 470.8! | 474.4 | 473.1 |  | 327.9, | 328.3 | 332.3 | 331.9 | , |
| Title insurance ...................................................... 636 | $44.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 44.6\| | 44.3 | 44.2 |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Insurance agents, brokers, and service ........................ 64 | 496.8 | 497.5 | 525.8 | 530.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)

| Industry | $\begin{gathered} 1972 \\ \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Feb. 1984 | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1984 | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\text {D }} \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate, and combined real estate, insurance, etc .... |  | 1,005 | 1,008 | 1,045 | 1,048 | 1,058 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Real estate | 65 | 989.1 | 992.5 | 1,028.6 | 1,031.5 | - |  |  | - | - | - |
| Real estate operators and lessors | 651 | 476.9 | 474.8 | 482.4 | 484.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Real estate agents and managers | 653 | 374.7 | 377.6 | 398.4 | 399.4 | - |  | - | - | - | - |
| Subdividers and developers .......... | 655 | 112.0 | 114.1 | 120.5 | 120.2 | - |  | - |  | - | - |
| Combined real estate, insurance, etc | 66 | 15.9 | 15.9 | 16.2 | 16.1 | - |  |  | - | - | - |
| Services ........................................................................... |  | 20,075 | 20,276 | 20,870 | 21,118 | 21,367 | 17,760 | 17,948 | 18,429 | 18,663 | 18,896 |
|  | 70701 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} 1,142.4 \\ 1,114.8 \end{array}$ | 1,177.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,202.3 \\ & 1,175.5 \end{aligned}$ | 1,227.1 | - | \| $1,008.9$ | 1,041.8 | 1,056.8 | 1,081.4 | - |
| Hotels, motels, and tourist courts |  |  | 1,148.7 |  | 1,200.1 | \| |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal services | 72 | 992.6 | 999.7 | 1,063.1 | 1,083.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Laundry, cleaning, and garment services ...................... | 721 | 352.7 | 352.2 | 368.3 | 366.9 | - | 313.9 . | 313.9 | 327.9 | 326.9 | - |
| Photographic studios, portrait | 722 | 53.4 | 52.8 | 55.7 | 56.7 | - | - | - |  | - | - |
| Beauty shops | 723 | 304.8 | 305.8 | 330.4 | 330.8 | - | 277.7 | 278.6 | 300.1 | 300.9 | - |
| Funeral service and crematories | 726 | 72.5 | 73.4 | 73.71 | 74.1\| | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Business services .............................................................. 73Advertising | 73 | 3,783.4 | 3,836.3 | 4,143.1 | 4,161.5 | 4,228.4 | 3,287.0 | 3,341.3 | 3,614.2 | 3,627.6 | - |
|  | 731 | 174.9 | 174.9 | 183.0 | 183.7 | - | 131.5 | 131.7 | 138.8 | 138.9 | - |
| Advertising agencies | 7311 | 133.4 | 133.5 | 139.8 | 141.2 | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| Credit reporting and collection | 732 | 76.4 | 77.4 | 82.5 | 83.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic | 733 | 153.2. | 154.6 | 165.1 | 165.7 | - | - | - | - 1 | - | - |
| Services to buildings ....................... | 734 | 571.7 | 574.0 | 630.4 | 638.6 | - 1 | 519.9 | 522.8 | 573.9 | 581.7 | - |
| Personnel supply services | 736 | 734.1 | 764.8 | 840.1 | 837.9 | - | - 1 | - | - | - | - |
| Employment agencies | 7361 | 151.1 | 157.8 | 180.3 | 182.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Temporary help supply services |  | 549.5 | 572.8 | 624.8: | 619.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Computer and data processing services | $\begin{aligned} & 7362 \\ & \hline 737 \end{aligned}$ | 455.7 | 459.6 | 509.0 | 519.4 | - | 384.8 | 386.7 | 426.9 | 435.7 | - |
| Computer programming and software ......................... | . 7372 | 148.6 | 151.2 | 168.6 | 172.1 | - | - |  |  | - | - |
| Data processing services | . 7374 | 238.6 | 240.4 | 270.8 | 276.7 | - | - 1 | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous business services ................................. 739 |  | $1,609.5: 1,623.3^{i}$ |  | 1,725.6'1,725.3 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Research development laboratories, nec ..................... | 7391 | 174.6 | 175.4 | 189.0 | 189.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Management and public relations | . 7392 | 427.1 | 431.9 | 460.3 | 465.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Detective and protective services | $77393$ | 374.9 | 374.4 | 394.5 | 391.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Equipment rental and leasing ... |  | $\begin{array}{r} 136.3! \\ 74.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 138.7 \\ 73.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 146.6 \\ 82.5 \end{gathered}$ | 146.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Photofinishing laboratories ........................................i | ... 7395 |  |  |  | 79.1 | - |  |  | - | - |  |
| Auto repair, services, and garages ................................... 77Automotive rentals, without drivers ..................... ${ }^{\text {i }}$ / | 75 | 643.3 | 652.1 | 697.6 | 706.2 | - | 544.4 | 551.7 | 588.7 | 595.3 | - |
|  | 1751 | 128.3 | 130.0 | 131.9 | 130.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Automotive repair shops .......... | 1753 | 392.5 | 398.6 | 428.5 | 430.4 |  | 328.1 | 332.8 | 356.4 | 356.6 | - |
| Miscellaneous repair services $\qquad$ Electrical repair shops | $.76$ | $\begin{array}{r} 292.2! \\ 85.7! \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 295.4 \\ 86.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 311.6^{!} \\ 85.0! \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 311.0 \\ 85.4 \end{gathered}$ |  | 243.3 | 246.2 - | 260.2 | 259.6 | - |
| Motion pictures ...........................................................................Motion picture production | 78 | $\begin{aligned} & 206.6 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ | 212.1 | 221.5 | 220.5 | - | 177.7 | 183.4 | 189.9 | 188.3 | - |
|  | . 781 |  | 103.1 | 108.8 | 110.9 |  | 83.8 | 87.1 | 91.1 | 92.3 |  |
| Motion picture theaters | $\left.\right\|^{783}$ | \| 96.2 | 98.5 | 102.0 | 99.0 |  |  | - | - 1 | - | - |
| Amusement and recreation services .............................. 79 |  | 754.1 | 780.0 | 736.9 | 750.5 | - | 678.1 | 699.1 | 657.0 | 669.4 | i - |
| Health services ...................................................................................................... | $80$ | 6,021.5 | 6,033.9 6, 121.9 |  | 6,131.2 | 6,163.4 | 5,395.5 | 5,403.7 | 5,466.7! 5,473.8! |  | - |
|  |  | 885.5 | 887.6 | 933.5 | 931.4 |  | 742.8 | 744.4 | 778.3 | 777.5 | - |
| Offices of dentists | 802 | 423.1 | 423.2 | 445.1 | 443.6 | - | 374.0 ! | 375.0 | 393.2 | 392.7 | - |
| Nursing and personal care facilities | . 805 | 1,127.6 | 1,131.9 | 1,173.2 | 1,177.1 | - | \| 1,019.6 1,022.5 |  | 1,060.9 | 1,063.6 | - |
| Skilled nursing care facilities | $88051$ | 722.8 404.8 3,013.7 | $\begin{array}{r} 725.5 \\ 406.4 \\ 3.012 .4 \end{array}$ | 751.5 | 752.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nursing and personal care, nec ................................. |  |  |  | 421.7 | 424.4 | - | - |  | ? | - | - |
| Hospitals ..................................................................\| | . $\mid 806$.8062 |  |  | 2,949.7 | 2,952.2 | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| General medical and surgical hospitals ......................\| |  |  |  | 2,780.4 | 2,782.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Psychiatric hospitals | 8063 | 49.0 | 49.0 ! | 50.9 \| | 51.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric ................... | [8069 | 116.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 117.0 \\ & 110.0 \\ & 185.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 118.4! \\ & 107.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 118.5 \\ & 107.9 \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Medical and dental laboratories | . 8078 | $\begin{aligned} & 109.8 \mid \\ & 183.9 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Outpatient care facilities ................ |  |  |  | 200.4: | 202.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

## B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

(In thousands)


[^14]civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency.

- Data not available.
- = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

B-3. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group
(In thousands)

| Industry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1983 \end{aligned}$ | Jan. <br> 1984 | Nov. $1984$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 41,316 | 40,590 | 43,142 | 43,313 | 42,595 |
| Total private | 33,411 | 32,785 | 34,966 | 35,194 | 34,554 |
| Goods-producing ................................................................ | 6,702 | 6,673 | 6,992 | 6,961 | 6,894 |
| Mining | 116 | 115 | 125 | 125 | 126 |
| Construction | 400 | 397 | 436 | 434 | 430 |
| Manufacturing | 6,186 | 6,161 | 6,431 | 6,402 | 6,338 |
| Durable goods ................................................................. | 2,944 | 2,944 | 3,128 | 3,126 | 3,104 |
| Lumber and wood products | 102 | 101 | 107 | 107 | 105 |
| Furniture and fixtures ........................................................ | 141 | 142 | 151 | 151 | 151 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products ......................................... | 114 | 113 | 119 | 118 | 116 |
| Primary metal industries | 102 | 102 | 107 | 106 | 107 |
| Fabricated metal products | 313 | 314 | 331 | 331 | 329 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 467 | 468 | 495 | 496 | 494 |
| Electrical and electronic equipment | 911 | 915 | 976 | 975 | 970 |
| Transportation equipment | 314 | 316 | 346 | 351 | 351 |
| Instruments and related products | 305 | 305 | 316 | 317 | 314 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ............................................. | 174 | 168 | 181 | 175 | 168 |
| Nondurable goods ........................................................... | 3,242 | 3,217 | 3,303 | 3,276 | 3,234 |
| Food and kindred products | 494 | 478 | 518 | 508 | 490 |
| Tobacco manufactures ......... | 24 | 24 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| Textile mill products ..... | 364 | 361 | 351 | 348 | 344 |
| Apparel and other textile products .....................................! | 961 | 958 | 955 | 944 | 938 |
| Paper and allied products | 156 | 155 | 162 | 162 | 160 |
| Printing and publishing .. | 546 | 546 | 579 | 581 | 579 |
| Chemicals and allied products ........................................... | 275 | 275 | 286 | 288 | 285 |
| Petroleum and coal products ............................................. | 30 | 30 | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products | 268 | 269 | 281 | 280 | 276 |
| Leather and leather products ............................................ | 123 | 122 | 117 | 113 | 109 |
| Service-producing | 34,614 | 33,917 | 36,150 | 36,352 | 35,701 |
| Transportation and public utilities ......................................... | 1,372 | 1,367 | 1,435 | 1,438 | 1,434 |
| Wholesale trade ............................................................... | 1,506 | 1,498 | 1,608 | 1,608 | 1,597 |
| Retail trade .........................................................................: | 8,483 | 7,987 | 8,827 | 9,052 | 8,543 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ..................................... | 3,335 | 3,340 | 3,474 | 3.498 | 3.503 |
| Services | 12,013 | 11,920 | 12,630 | 12,637 | 12,583 |
| Government | 7,905 | 7,805 | 8,176 | 8,119 | 8,041 |
| Federal ............................................... .............................. | 954 | 950 | 972 | 975 | 974 |
| State .................................................................................. | 1,657 | 1,621 | 1.734 | 1,723 | 1,692 |
| Local ............................................................................... ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | 5,294 | 5,234 | 5,470 | 5,421 | 5,375 |

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are
introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-4. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

| Industry | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | Mar. ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Total .......................................................... 9 | 93,058 | 449 | 93,786 | 94,135 | 94,350 | 94.523 | 94,807 | 95,157 | 95,497 | 95,681 | 96,045 | 96,157 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 94,135 | 94,350 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total private ....................................................... ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | $\text { ' } 77,185$ | I7,546 | 77,864 | 78,241 ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | 78,422 | 78,566\| | 78,698 | 79,054 | 79,371 | 79,618 | 79,971 | 80,064 | 80,417 |
| Goods-producing ...............................................i\| 24 | 24,595 | 24,760, | 24,851 | 24,974, | 25,059 | 25,098 | 25,010 | 25,080 | 25,123 | 25,258 | 25,338 | 25,227 | 25,328 |
| Mining | 978 | 984 | 995\| | 1,002 | 1,007 | 1,017 | 1,020 | 1,012 | 1,009 | 1,000 | 1,000: | 999 | 997 |
| Oil and gas extraction ....................................... | 607 | 612 | 619 | 623 | 629 | 636 | 642 | 643 | 648 | 646 | 641 | 636 | 633 |
| Construc | 4,151 | 4,246 | 4,286 | 4,343 | 4,356 | 4,356 | 4,374 | 4,382 | 4,396 \| | 4,457 | 4,530 | 4,489 | 4,618 |
| General building contractors | 1,099 | 1,110 | 1,126 | 1,135 | 1,133 | 1,132 | 1,140 | 1,140 | 1,146 | 1,159 | 1,186 | 1,171 | 1,206 |
| Manufacturing ...................................................\| | 19,466 | 19,530 | 19,570 | 19,629 | 19,696 | 19,725 | 19,616 | 19,686 | 19,718 | 19,801 | 19,808\| | 19,739 | 19,713 |
| Durable g | 1,513 | 1,551 | 11,598. | 1,652 | 11,702 | 11,758 | 11,696 | 11,752 | 11,776 | 11,834 | 1,844 | 11,797 | 11,779 |
| Lumber and wood prod | 712 ! | 714 | 711 | 712, | 708 | 706 | 703 | 710 | 713 | 717 | $715{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 708 | 709 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 483, | 482 | 482! | 485 | 485 | 484 ! | 481 | 487 | 492 | 495 | 497 | 497 | 499 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 606. | 604 | 605 | 605 | 606 | 603 | 603 | 606 | 606 | 612 | 614 | 608 | 612 |
| Primary metal industries ........... | 877 | 8791 | 887 | 884 ! | 880 | 879 | 865 | 866 | 865 | 859 | $860^{\circ}$ | 854 | 848 |
| Blast furnaces and basic s | 347 | 345 | $347{ }^{1}$ | 345 | 342 | 334 | 324 | 320 | 320 | 318 | 319: | 316 | 314 |
| Fabricated metal products | 1,456 | 1,459 | 1,469 | 1,479 | 1,490 | 1,491 | 1,485 | 1,495 | 1,498 | 1,502 | 1,498 | 1,494 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 1.489 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 2,166 | 2,189 | 2,2031 | 2,226 | 2,242 | 2,252 | 2,243 | 2,255! | 2,251 | 2,253 | 2,248 | 2,242 | 2,240 |
| Electrical and electronic equipm | 2,202! | 2,212 | 2,228 | 2,237! | 2,252 | 2,267 | 2,263 | 2,269 | 2,274 | 2,281 | 2,282 | 2,276 | 2,274 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,905 | 1,905 | 1,906 | 1,917! | 1,926 | 1,961 | 1,939 | 1,945 | 1,957 | 1,993\| | 2,010 | 2,002 | 1,993 |
| Motor vehicles and equipm | 863 | 8571 | 848 | 855 | 858 | 894 | 864 | 865 | 8771 | 904 | 912 | 892! | 878 |
| Instruments and related products ..................... | 718 | 719 | 722 i | 723' | 727! | 726 | 726 ! | 7291 | 731 ! | 732 | 731; | 733 | 735 |
| Miscellaneous manuiacturing ............................ | 388 | 388 | 385 | 384 | $386{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 389 | 388; | 3901 | 389 | 390\| | 389 | 383 | 380 |
| Nondurable good | 7,953 ${ }^{1}$ | 7,979 | 7,972 | 7,977, | 7,994 | 7,967 ${ }^{1}$ | 7,920 | 7,934 | 7,942 | 7,967 | 7,964 | 7,942 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 7.934 |
| Food and kindred prod | 1,638 | 1,648 | 1,643 | 1,644, | 1,655 | 1,642 | 1,630 | 1,640 | 1,644 | 1,658 | 1,660 | 1,654 | 1,653 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 66 | 67 | 67 |  | 66 | 65 | 69 | 69 | 67 | 69 | 69 | 69 ! | 68 |
| Textile mill products | 769 | 766 | $762{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 759 | 755 | 751. | 744 | 735 | 731 | 727 | 7281 | 721 | 715 |
| Apparel and other textile | 1,218 | 1,226 | 1,217 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 1,209 | 1,206 | 1,200, | 1,181 | 1,178 | 1,178 | 1,186 | 1,185 | 1,177 | 1,177 |
| Paper and allied products | 6801 | 680 | 681] | 685 | 687 | 686 | 680 | 684\| | 683 | 684 | 684 | 683 i | 683 |
| Printing and publishing | 1,339 | 1,348 | 1,356 | 1,362 | 1,368 | 1,371 | 1,375 | 1,380 | 1,386 | 1,386 | 1,390 | 1,392 | 1,396 |
| Chemicals and allied products .........................! | 1,054 | 1,057 | 1,057 | 1,062 | 1,064. | 1,067 | 1,063 | 1,065 | 1,066 | 1,068 | 1,065 | 1,064 | 1,064 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 190 | 189 | 188 | 188. | 187 | 187 | $186{ }^{\text {j }}$ | 185 | 185 | 184 | 184 | 183 ! | 182 |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products | 790 | 790 | 795 | 797 | 801 | 800 | 798 | 805 | 810 | 814 | 812 | 813 | 810 |
| Leather and leather products ........ | 209 | 208 | 206 | 204 | 205 | 198 | 194 | 193 | 192 | 191\| | 187 | 186 | 186 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation and public utilities | 5,112 | 5,129 | 5,144 | 5,163 | 5,175 | 5,202 | 5,213 | 5,225 | 5,226\| | 5,249 | 5,266 | 5,279 | 5,266 |
| Transportation | 2,839 | 2,862 | 2,871 | 2,883 | 2,896 | 2.924 | 2,937 | 2,951 | 2,953; | 2,974 | 2,984 | 3,002 | 2,991 |
| Communication and public utilities | 2,273 | 2,267 | 2,273' | 2,280 | 2,279! | 2,278 | 2,276 | 2,274 | 2,273 | 2,275 | 2,282 | 2,277 | 2,275 |
| Wholesale trade | 5,457 | 5,473 | 5,492' | 5,502 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 5,528 | 5,544 | 5,588 | 5,612 | 5,623 | 5,641 | 5,665 | 5,670 | 5,685 |
| Durable goods | 3,205 | 3,215 | 3,235 | 3,249 | 3,268 | 3,278 | 3,293! | 3,301 | 3,317 | 3,328 | 3,340 | 3,348 | 3,355 |
| Nondurable goods | 2,252 | 2,258 | 2,257 | 2,253 | 2,260 | 2,266 | 2,295 | 2,311 | 2,306 | 2,313 | 2,325 | 2,322 | 2,330 |
| Retail trade | 16,030 | 16,095 | 16,166 | 16,245 | 16,283 | 16,295 | 16,342 | 16,468 | 16,644 | 16,626 | 16,707 | 16,757 | 16,836 |
| General merchandise stores | 2,230 | 2,251 | 2,273 | 2,295 | 2,301 | 2,303 | 2,318 | 2,334 | 2,391 | 2,331 | 2,368 | 2,369: | 2,378 |
| Food stores | 2.626 | 2,635 | 2,630 | 2,641 | 2,648 | 2,640 | 2,648 | 2,677 | 2,696 | 2,710 | 2,714 | 2,727 | 2,749 |
| Automotive dealers and service stations .............. | 1,748 | 1,743 | 1,751 | 1,7511 | 1,762 | 1,758 | 1,755 | 1,763 | 1,772 | 1,777 | 1,780 | 1,795; | 1,802 |
| Eating and drinking places ................................ 1 | 5,136 | 5,154 | 5,183 | 5,199! | ! 5,211 | 5,238 | 5,255 | 5,280 | 5,303 | 5,327 | 5,359 | 5,389 | 5,414 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate .................... | 5,613 | 5,640 | 5,662 | 5,676 | 5,676 | 5,679 | 5,684 | 5,705; | 5,725 | 5,749 | 5,764 | 5,800 | 5,828 |
| Finance ............................................................ | 2,831 | 2,851 | 2,863 | 2,858 | 2,854 | 2,850 | 2,856 | 2,865 | 2,874 | 2,886 | 2,900 | 2,922 | 2,940 |
| Insurance | 1,742 | 1,742 | 1,746 | 1,752 | 1,759 | 1,763 | 1,766 | 1,774 | 1,778 | 1,785 | 1,786 | 1,792, | 1,796 |
| Real estate | 1,041 | 1,047 | 1,053 | 1,066 | 1,063 | 1,066 | 1,062 | 1,066 | 1,073 | 1,078 | 1,078 | 1,086 | 1,092 |
| Services ............................................................ 20,378 |  | 20,449, 20,549. 20,681 |  |  | 20,701 | 20,748 | $3 \mid 20,861$ | $20,964$ | 21,030; 21,095 |  | $21,231,21,331$ |  | 21,474 |
|  |  | 4,035 | 4,069 | 4,085 | 4,110 | 4,142 | 4,151 | 4,193 | 4,229; | 4,271 |
| Health services | 6,052 |  |  |  | 6,062 | 6,073 | 6,064 | 6,079 | 6,034 | 6,085 | 6,087 | 6,104 | 6,115 | 6,140 | 6,156 | 6,182 |
| Government | 15,8732,770 | 15,903 | 15,922 | \|15,894 15,928 |  | 15,957 | 16,109 | 16,103 | 16,126 | 16,063 16,074 |  | 16,093 | 16,121 |
| Federa |  | 2,771. | 2,785 | 2,777 | 2,779 | 2,785 | 2,804: | 2,793 | 2,804 | 2,809 | 2,807 | 2,805 | 2,811 |
| State | 3,686 | 3,693 | 3,699 | 3,699 | 3,697 | 3,714 | 3,725 | 3,719 | 3,724 | 3,711 | 3,713 | 3,726 | 3,744 |
| Local | 9,417 | 9,439. | 9,438 | 9,418 | 9,452 | 9,458 | 9,580 | 9,591 | 9,598 | 9,543 | 9,554 | 9,562 | 9,566 |

${ }^{\circ}=$ preliminary.
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are
introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

## B-5. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

| Industry | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. |
| Total | 40,858 | 41,074 | 41,210 | 41,390 | 41,584 | 41,735 | 41,966 | 42,094 | 42,246 | 42,442 | 42,654 | 42,680 | 42.877 |
| Total private | 33,140 | 33,333 | 33,463 | 33,618 | 33,793 | 33,948 | 34,081 | 34,176 | 34,290 | 34,482 | 34,695 | 34,756 | 34,923 |
| Goods-producing | 6,773 | 6,820 | 6,854 | 6,886 | 6,904 | 6,919 | 6,943 | 6,947 | 6,916 | 6,935 | 6,944 | 6,988 | 6,997 |
| Mining .............................................................. | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 119 | 120 | 121) | 122 | 123\| | 124 | 125 | 125 | 128 |
| Construction | 404 | 407 | 409 | 413 | 418 | 423 | 424 | 429 | 432 | 436 | 435 | 437 | 438 |
| Manufacturing ................................................. | 6,252 | 6,296 | 6,328 | 6,356 | 6,367 | 6,376 | 6,398 | 6,396 | 6,361 | 6,375 | 6,384 | 6,426 | 6,431 |
| Durable goods | 2,973 | 3,003 | 3,031 | 3,043 | 3,057 | 3,075 | 3,089 | 3,108 | 3,092 | 3,105 | 3,112 | 3,132 | 3,135 |
| Lumber and wood products | 105 | 105 | 106 | 107 | 106 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 106 | 107 | 107 | 108 | 108 |
| Furniture and fixtures ........... | 142 | 143 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 146 | 146 | 145 | 145 | 146 | 149 | 150 | 151 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 116 | 117 | 118 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 116 | 117 | 117 | 118 | 118 | 119 | 119 |
| Primary metal industries ............. | 103 | 103 | 104 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 106 | 105 | 106 | 107 | 106 | 108 |
| Fabricated metal products . | 317 | 320 | 322 | 321 | 325 | 324 | 328 | 328 | 326 | 329 | 329 | 333 | 332 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 468 | 473 | 476 | 481 | 485 | 492 | 494 | 496 | 492 | 495 | 494 | 494 | 494 |
| Electrical and electronic equipment | 921 | 932 | 946 | 952 | 957 | 965 | 970 | 977 | 973 | 972 | 973 | 975 | 977 |
| Transportation equipment | 319 | 324 | 327 | 327 | 330 | 332 | 335 | 341 | 339 | 342 | 344 | 353 | 355 |
| Instruments and related products .................... | 306 | 308 | 310 | 310 | 311 | 311 | 313 | 312 | 312 | 314 | 315 | 317 | 315 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing .......................... | 176 | 178 | 178 | 179 | 177 | 176 | 175 | 179 | 177 | 176 | 176 | 177 | 176 |
| Nondurable goods | 3,279 | 3,293 | 3,297 | 3,313 | 3,310 | 3,301 | 3,309 | 3,288 | 3,269 | 3,270 | 3,272 | 3,294 | 3,296 |
| Food and kindred products | 505 | 506 | 504 | 508 | 506 | 505 | 514 | 504 | 502 | 504 | 506 | 517 | 518 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 23 | 23 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 23 | 24 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 23 | 24 | 24 |
| Textile mill products ..... | 366 | 366 | 367 | 365 | 364 | 361 | 360 | 356 | 3531 | 350 | 348 | 348 | 348 |
| Apparel and other textile products ................... | 974 | 979 | 982 | 989 | 983 | 973 | 968 | 964 | 950 | 946 | 946 | 952 | 954 |
| Paper and allied products ............................... | 157 | 158 | 157 | 158 | 159 | 162 | 162 | 162 | 160 | 162 | 162 | 162 | 162 |
| Printing and publishing ..... | 547 | 549 | 552 | 557 | 562 | 566 | 568 | 570 | 573 | 575 | 578 | 577 | 580 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 278 | 279 | 279 | 281 | 281 | 282 | 284 | 285 | 285 | 286 | 286 | 289 | 288 |
| Petroleum and coal products ... | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products ................. | 275 | 278 | 280 | 278 | 279 | 278 | 278 | 278 | 278 | 279 | 280 | 282 | 282 |
| Leather and leather products .......................... | 124 | 125 | 123 | 123 | 122 | 121 | 121 | 117 | 115 | 115 | 114 | 114 | 111 |
| Service-producing | 34,085 | 34,254 | 34,356 | 34,504 | 34,680 | 34,816 | 35,023 | 35,147 | 35,330 | 35,507 | 35,710 | 35,692 | 35,880 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 1,373 | 1,378 | 1,380 | 1,385 | 1,388 | 1,400 | 1,409 | 1,416 | 1,420 | 1,420 | 1,425 | 1,428 | 1,440 |
| Wholesale trade | 1,508 | 1,519 | 1,532 | 1,534 | 1,542 | 1,544 | 1,556 | 1,561 | 1,580 | 1.588 | 1,591 | 1,597 | 1,608 |
| Retail trade | 8,084 | 8,121 | 8,154 | 8,204 | 8,265 | 8,323 | 8,360 | 8,394 | 8,446 | 8,530 | 8,637 | 8,588 | 8,647 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ................. | 3,358 | 3,367 | 3,374 | 3,387 | 3.403 | 3,419 | 3,429 | 3,444 | 3,450 | 3,472 | 3,481 | 3,505 | 3,521 |
| Services | 12,044 | 12,128 | 12,169 | 12,222 | 12,291 | 12,343 | 12,384 | 12,414 | 12,478 | 12,537 | 12,617 | 12,650 | 12,710 |
| Government | 7,718 | 7,741 | 7,747 | 7,772 | 7,791 | 7,787 | 7,885 | 7,918 | 7,956 | 7,960 | 7,959 | 7,924 | 7,954 |
| Federal | 962 | 964 | 967 | 964 | 968 | 962 | 962 | 967 | 976 | 978 | 981 | 983 | 987 |
| State | 1,620 | 1,629 | 1,636 | 1,650 | 1,660 | 1,670 | 1,668 | 1,676 | 1,680 | 1,673 | 1,672 | 1,673 | 1,692 |
| Local | 5,136 | 5,148 | 5,144 | 5,158 | 5,163 | 5,155 | 5,255 | 5,275 | 5,300 | 5,309 | 5,306 | 5,268 | 5,275 |

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
EMPLOYMENT
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-6. Production or nonsupervisory workers ${ }^{1}$ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted
(In thousands)

| Industry | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | Mar. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |
| Total private | 62,443 | 62,800 | 63,060 | 63,363 | 63,494 | 63,616 | 63,708 | 63,996 | 64,289 | 64,451 | 64,736 | 64,800 | 65,034 |
| Goods-producing | 17,297 | 17,446 | 17,507 | 17,600 | 17,654 | 17,671 | 17,581 | 17,630 | 17,646 | 17,760 | 17,827 | 17,712 | 17,807 |
| Mining | 698 | 707 | 714 | 720 | 720 | 729 | 730 | 724 | 722 | 715 | 711 | 711 | 711 |
| Construction | 3,211 | 3,296 | 3,328 | 3,388 | 3,393 | 3,384 | 3,403 | 3,409 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 3,419 | 3,474 | 3,547 | 3,506 | 3,631 |
| Manufacturing | 13,388 | 13,443 | 13,465 | 13,492 | 13,541 | 13,558 | 13,448 | 13,497 | 13,505 | 13,571 | 13,569 | 13,495 | 13,465 |
| Durable goods | 7,769 | 7,799 | 7,826 | 7,860 | 7,899 | 7,945 | 7,876 | 7,915 | 7,925 | 7,969 | 7,965 | 7,911 | 7,887 |
| Lumber and wood products | 599 | 5991 | $596 \mid$ | 597 | 594 | 592 | 589 | 595 | 596\| | 600 | 600 | 592 | 593 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 387 | 387: | 385 : | 387 | 388 | 386 | 383\| | 388 | 395 | 397 | 398 | 397 | 398 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 463 | 464 | 465 | 466 | 466 | 4641 | 463 | 464 | 465 | 470 | 471\| | 465 | 467 |
| Primary metal industries | 666 | 668 | 676 | 674 | 669 | 668 \| | 655 | 658 | 657 | 653 | 653\| | 649 | 641 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 1,069 | 1,074 | 1,083, | 1,091 | 1,101 | 1,103 | 1,096 | 1,103 | 1,108 | 1,112 | 1,108 | 1,105 | 1.103 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 1,314 | 1,329 | 1,342 | 1,356 | 1,370 | 1,379 | 1,368 | 1,379 | 1,372 | 1,376 | 1,367 | 1,365 | 1,362 |
| Electrical and electronic equipment | 1,364 | 1,371 | 1,377 | 1,379 | 1,390 | 1,401 | 1,395 | 1,398 | 1,398\| | 1,397 | 1,394 | 1,383 | 1,378 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,221 | 1,221 | 1,217 | 1,224 | 1,233 | 1,265 | 1,241 | 1,240 | 1,243 | 1,274 | 1,287 | 1,270 | 1,261 |
| Instruments and related products | 404 | 403 ! | 404. | 4051 | 406 | 403 ! | 403 | 405 | 407 | 406 | 405 | 407 | 407 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing | 282 | 283 | 281 | 281 | 282 | 284 | 283 | 285 | 284 | 284 | 282 | 278 | 277 |
| Nondurable goods | 5,619 | 5,644 | 5,639 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 5,632 | 5,642 | 5,613 | 5,572 | 5,582 | 5,580 | 5,602 | 5,604 | 5,584\| | 5,578 |
| Food and kindred products | 1,133 | 1,143 | 1,142' | 1,142 | 1,152 | 1,140 | 1,131 | 1,137 | 1,140 | 1.153 | 1.156 | 1.151 | 1,149 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 50 | $50^{\text {i }}$ | 50! | 50 | 50 | 49 | 53 | 53 | 51\| | 52 | 53 | 52 | 51 |
| Textile mill products .......... | 666 | 665 | 661 | 658 | 652 | 649 | 642 | 634 | 629 \| | 627 | 629\| | 620 | 617 |
| Apparel and other textile products | 1,031 | 1,039 | 1,033 | 1,021 | 1,018 | 1,013, | 998 | 996 | 995 | 1,003 | 1,001 | 995 | 993 |
| Paper and allied products | 512 | 512 | 512 | 515i | 516 | 516 | 510 | 514 | 513 . | 515 | 516 | 515 | 516 |
| Printing and publishing ... | 737 | 744 | 748 | 752 : | 757! | 757i | 758 | 762 | 765 | 763 | 766 | 769 | 770 |
| Chemicals and allied products ........................ | 588 | 589 | 588 | 590 | 591 | 592 : | 590 | 590 | 588 | 588 | 587 | 586 | 587 |
| Petroleum and coal products .........................: | 111 | 111 | 111 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 109 | 110 | 111\| | 112 |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products | 616 | 616 | 621 | 6231 | 624 | 622\| | 619 | 626 | 630 : | 634 | 631 | 631 | 629 |
| Leather and leather products ...... | 175 | 175 | 173 | 171 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 172 | 165; | 161 | 160 | 159. | 158 | 155 | 154 | 154 |
| Service-producing | 45,146 | 45,354 | 45,553 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 45,763 ${ }^{\text {! }}$ | 45,840 | 45,945 | 46,127 \| | 46,366 | 46,643 | 46,691 | 46,909 | 47,088 | 47,227 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 4,207 | 4,228 | 4,236 | 4,253 | 4,265. | 4,293 | 4,295 | 4,305 | 4,310 | 4,330 | 4,336 | 4,349 | 4,341 |
| Wholesale trade | 4,395 | 4,406 | 4,425 | 4,430 | 4,458 | 4,466! | 4,502 | 4,529 | 4,531 | 4,551 | 4,574 | 4.576 | 4,597 |
| Retail trade | 14,341 | 14,434 | 14,493, | 14,558 | 14,586 | 14,592 ${ }^{\text {! }}$ | 14,626 | 14,735 | 14,920 | 14,883 | 14.950 | 14,996 | 14,989 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 4.165: | 4,175 | 4,195. | 4,217 | 4,217! | 4,233 | 4,227! | 4,240 | 4,252! | 4,269 | 4,282 | 4,296 | 4,309 |
| Services | 18,038 | 18,111 | 18.204 | 18,305 | 18,314 | 18,361 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 18,477 | 18,557 | 18,630 | 18,658 | 18,767\| | 18,871 | 18,991 |

[^15]p $=$ preliminary
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

B-7. Indexes of diffusion: Percent of industries in which employment' increased, seasonally adjusted

| Time span | Year | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Over | 1983....... | 54.3 | 46.5 | 60.8 | 68.9 | 69.5 | 64.6 | 74.3 | 68.6 | 69.5 | 75.4 | 69.7 | 73.8 |
| 1-month | 1984....... | 71.1 | 73.2 | 67.0 | 63.8 | 64.1 | 63.0 | 62.4 | 57.6 | 40.8 | 65.7 | 51.9 | 63.5 |
| span | 1985...... | 58.4 | ${ }^{\circ} 46.2$ | ${ }^{\text { }} 54.6$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Over | 1983...... | 46.8 | 57.3 | 64.1 | 75.1 | 75.7 | 77.8 | 74.1 | 81.6 | 80.8 | 78.9 | 79.5 | 77.6 |
| 3-month | 1984...... | 82.4 | 80.5 | 76.5 | 71.1 | 68.4 | 68.9 | 63.5 | 58.1 | 58.6 | 53.5 | 64.9 | 61.9 |
| span | 1985...... | - 57.0 | ${ }^{\circ} 52.7$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Over | 1983....... | 50.8 | 63.0 | 69.2 | 75.1 | 80.0 | 82.4 | 84.1 | 82.4 | 84.6 | 85.9 | 86.8 | 83.8 |
| 6-month span | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984....... } \\ & \text { 1985....... } \end{aligned}$ | 81.9 | 82.7 | 79.7 | 75.4 | 69.2 | 63.2 | 62.4 | 62.7 | 63.5 | 60.5 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 55.1$ | ${ }^{\circ} 60.8$ |
| Over | 1983...... | 49.5 | 54.3 | 61.9 | 71.1 | 77.3 | 79.5 | 83.8 | 88.1 | 86.8 | 87.3 | 85.4 | 87.3 |
| 12-month | 1984...... | 86.5 | 81.9 | 78.9 | 76.8 | 74.3 | 73.8 | 71.1 | ${ }^{\circ} 63.5$ | ${ }^{\text {P } 61.9}$ |  |  |  |
| span | 1985...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

rising. (Half of the unchanged components are counted as rising.)

Based on the number of employees, seasonally adjusted for 1 . 3 , and 6 month spans, on the payrolls of 185 private nonagricultural industries. Data for the 12 -month span are unadjusted.
p = preliminary.
NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment

Data are cen estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

| State and area | Total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Construction |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | -. -- -- - - | - - | - ... - | - - | -- | - - | - - | - .. | - |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Alabama | 1,354.6 | 1,383.0 | 1,383.9 | 13.9 | 14.7 | 14.8. | 60.1 . | $63.7{ }^{\prime}$ | 62.3 |
| Birmingham | 348.1: | 354.7: | $355.6{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 7.3 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 18.7 | 18.2 | 18.8 |
| Huntsville | 100.8 | 108.11 | 108.3! | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.8 |
| Mobile | 146.5 | 153.2 | 153.5 | $1.0^{\prime}$ | 1.0 | 1.01 | 9.3 | 11.3 | 11.3 |
| Montgomery | 110.5, | 114.5 | 114.5 | .11 | . 1. | . 1 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| Tuscaloosa . | 51.3 | 52.0 | $53.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 2.4; | 2.7 | $2.7{ }^{\text { }}$ | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| Alaska | 206.91 | 215.5 | 218.81 | $8.2{ }^{1}$ | 9.4 i | 9.7 | 16.2 | 14.2 | 15.0 |
| Arizona | 1,149.9 | 1,225.6 | 1,240.2 ${ }^{\prime}$ | $14.1{ }^{\prime}$ | 12.5 | 12.3 | 88.1 | 103.5 | 104.3 |
| Phoenix | 748.9 | 804.2 | 813.61 | . $6^{\text { }}$ | . 6 | . $6{ }^{\text {}}$ | 60.8 | 72.3 | 73.3 |
| Tucson ............................................................................ | 209.3 | 223.2 | 224.9: | 3.6 | 2.8 | $2.6{ }^{\circ}$ | 17.2 | 19.1 | 19.1 |
| Arkansas ......................................................................... ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 761.5. | 780.8 | $782.0{ }^{\text {l }}$ | 5.3 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 29.0 | 33.2 | 32.0 |
| Fayetteville-Springdale | 41.0 | 41.4 | 42.01 | (') | () 1 | (') | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Fort Smith | 65.0 | 66.3 | 66.0 | 1.2 ! | 1.2 | 1.3 . | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.6 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rock | 209.81 | 214.8 | 214.4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4. | 9.6 | 10.9 | 10.7 |
| Pine Bluff | 30.3 | 30.7; | $30.8{ }^{\text {i }}$ | ( ${ }^{\text {() }}$ | () | (') | 1.0 : | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| California | 10,305.7 | 10,664.8 | 10,709.6. | 48.8, | 49.5 | 49.2 | 406.9 | 439.9 | 447.1 |
| Anaheim-Santa Ana | 918.1 | 982.6! | 985.7 | 4.1 | 4.3 ' | 4.2 | 40.3 | 47.3 | 47.4 |
| Bakersfield | 144.0 | 151.5 | 151.5 | $15.0{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 15.4 | 15.4 | 7.2 | 8.3 | 8.3 |
| Fresno | 179.2 | 186.6 | 188.3. | 1.2, | 1.1 | 1.1 | 9.4 | 10.7 | 10.8 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach | 3,668.6 | 3,772.5 | 3,794.2 | 12.6 | 12.1 | 11.7 | 105.5 | 112.8 | 114.6 |
| Modesto | 84.6 | 88.3 | 88.1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1. | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| Oakland | 714.6 | 744.2 | 746.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 37.2 | 41.2 | 42.0 |
| Oxnard-Ventura | 172.4 | 178.6 | 179.1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 7.5 | 8.5 | 8.4 |
| Riverside-San Bernardino | 467.9 | 497.8, | 497.8' | 1.3 | 1.3 ' | 1.3 | 29.0 | 33.7 | 34.6 |
| Sacramento | 449.0 | 474.2 | 477.1 | . 7 | . 8 | . 8 | 19.3 | 23.6 | 23.5 |
| Salinas-Seaside-Monterey | 91.7 | 95.9 | 95.8 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| San Diego | 710.9 ' | 752.9 | 757.4 | . 5 | . 7 | . 7 | 37.0 | 44.3 | 44.7 |
| San Francisco . | 888.2 | 907.2: | 909.1 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 28.1 | 29.2 | 29.8 |
| San Jose | 754.2 | 793.9 | 795.6. | . 2 | . ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | . 2 | $27.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 31.1 | 31.5 |
| Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc | 131.6 | 136.7 | 136.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 6.1 |
| Santa Rosa-Petaluma | 103.6 | 108.8 | 108.8 | . 6 | . 7 | . 7 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 6.1 |
| Stockton | 118.4 | 124.4 | 125.0 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 6.3 |
| Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa | 105.5 | 109.2 | $109.7{ }^{\circ}$ | . 4 | 4. | . 4 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.6 |
| Colorado | 1,354.5 | 1,388.0. | 1,393.6 | 35.3 | 36.1 | 35.4 | 79.7 | 84.7 | 82.7 |
| Denver-Boulder | 876.9 | 896.7 | 901.6 | 24.7 . | 24.1; | 23.7 | 50.0 | 52.7 | 52.5 |
| Connecticut | 1,474.0 | 1,535.7 | 1,533.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 51.0 | 57.8 | 56.5 |
| Bridgeport-Milford | 180.9 | 187.5 | 187.3 | (') | (') | ( ${ }^{1}$ | 4.8 | 5.6 | 5.5 |
| Hartiord | 417.6 | 425.2 | 424.2 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 12.2 | 13.7 | 13.3 |
| New Britain | 59.9 | 60.8 | 60.9 | (') | () | (') | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| New Haven-Meriden | 225.6 | 237.2 | 237.8 | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | 8.4 | 10.6 | 10.5 |
| Stamford | 113.6 | 118.3 | 117.7 | . 7 | . ${ }$ | . 7 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.2 |
| Waterbury ...................................................................... | 81.6 | 85.3 | 84.7 | (') | () | (') | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Delaware | 266.8 | 282.1 | 282.3 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 14.2 | 15.6 | 15.1 |
| Wilmington ..................................................................... | 235.1 | 247.3 | 247.3 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | 15.4 | 17.2 | 16.9 |
| District of Columbia | 599.5 | 612.5 | 613.0 | . 1 | 1 | . 1 | 10.1 | 10.6 | 10.8 |
| Washington MSA ............................................................ | 1,737.2 | 1,823.0 | 1,821.3 | . 9 | 1.0 | . 9 | 83.7 | 96.0 | 93.7 |
| Florida | 4,127.8 | 4,364.1 | 4,394.7 | 10.1 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 297.8 | 333.7 | 334.3 |
| Daytona Beach | 92.1 | 95.1 | 96.8 | (') | (') | ${ }^{1}$ ) | 6.2 | 7.0 | 7.1 |
| Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood Pompano Beach | 402.8 | 414.4 | 416.5 | . 2 | . 4 | . 4 | 31.1 | 32.8 | 33.1 |
| Fort Myers-Cape Coral ................................................... | 86.0 | 91.3 | 94.3 | (1) | (') | ${ }^{1}$ () | 10.1 | 10.7 | 10.9 |
| Gainesville | 81.2 | 82.5 | 83.8 | (') | (') | (') | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.7 |
| Jacksonville | 331.1 | 350.8 | 352.2 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | 23.4 | 27.3 | 27.2 |
| Lakeland-Winter Haven | 127.4 | 131.9 | 131.8 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 8.1 | 8.8 | 8.7 |
| Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay ......................................... | 123.6 | 129.3 | 129.6 | (') | (') | (') | 7.7 | 8.3 | 8.4 |
| Miami-Hialeah ................................................................ | 761.4 | 787.4 | 782.7 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | 36.7 | 39.2 | 38.8 |
| Orlando | 372.4 | 389.5 | 391.4 | (') | (') | (') | 28.7 | 31.2 | 30.1 |
| Pensacola ...................................................................... | 109.2 | 115.6 | 116.5 | . 4 | . 5 | 5 | 8.1 | 9.1 | 9.2 |
| Sarasota ........................................................................ | 87.9 | 88.5 | 88.4 | () | (') | (') | 9.2 | 9.4 | 9.4 |
| Tallahassee | 88.9 | 91.0 | 91.3 | (') | (') | (') | 4.3 | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater | 678.0 | 710.4 | 711.8 | 7 | . 7 | . 7 | 53.7 | 58.4 | 57.8 |
| West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach | 266.1 | 279.4 | 281.8 | (') | (') | (') | 24.0 | 25.2 | 25.8 |

See footnotes at end of table

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolis in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(in thousands)

| State and area | Manufacturing |  |  | Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. <br> 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Alabama | 353.3 | 352.1 | 353.0 | 70.6 | 71.4 | 71.5 | 277.5 | 292.5 | 289.3 |
| Birmingham | 52.1 | 53.9 | 53.7 | 29.0 | 29.7 | 29.7 | 83.1 | 85.3 | 84.7 |
| Huntsville ... | 29.1 | 30.7 | 30.8 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 17.6 | 21.5 | 21.3 |
| Mobile | 24.7 | 24.8 | 25.0 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 37.7 | 41.0 | 40.9 |
| Montgomery | 17.0 | 17.5 | 17.6 | 4.4 | 4.5 ! | 4.5 | 24.4 | 25.9 | 25.8 |
| Tuscaloosa. | 8.0 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 1.8 | 1.9 : | 1.9 | 10.4 | 10.9 | 10.9 |
| Alaska | 7.0 | 6.9 | 8.0! | 17.6 | 18.1 | 17.8 | 40.5 | 44.0 | 43.4 |
| Arizona | 164.8 | 178.5 | 178.9 : | 59.0 | 62.2 | 63.0 | 277.5 | 301.3 | 302.3 |
| Phoenix ........................................................................... | 119.7 | 130.6 | 131.0 | 38.4 | 40.7: | 41.1 | 188.8 | 205.0 | 205.8 |
| Tucson ........................................................................... | 27.7 | 29.8: | $29.9{ }^{\text { }}$ | 8.5 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 46.0 | 49.9 | 49.8 |
| Arkansas | 209.3 | 210.7 | 209.6 | 43.5 | 45.5 | 45.0 | 164.8 | 173.7 | 172.8 |
| Fayetteville-Springdale | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.31 | 3.01 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 9.5 | 10.2 | 10.2 |
| Fort Smith | 22.9 | 22.9 | 22.9 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.4 ! | 14.0 | 14.7 | 14.5 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rock | 33.5 | 33.3 | 33.0 ; | 13.9 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 48.4 | 51.2 | 50.7 |
| Pine Bluff ......................................................................... | 5.8i | 5.7 | 5.7 | 3.3 | 3.3 ! | 3.4 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 6.1 |
| California | 1,996.6: | 2,046.4 | 2,050.6 | 534.1 | 545.5 | 545.8 | 2,429.2 | 2.571.7 | 2,562.8 |
| Anaheim-Santa Ana | 225.5 | 236.2 | 235.7 | 30.5 | 32.3 | 32.3 | 228.7 | 246.0 | 245.2 |
| Bakersfield | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 7.3 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 37.2 | 39.9 | 39.4 |
| Fresno | 19.5 | 20.5 | 20.41 | 9.7 | 10.1 | 10.0 ! | 46.5 . | 47.3 | 47.2 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach | 882.8 | 902.6 | 905.0 | 191.2 ¢ | 197.7 | 196.0 ! | 842.6 | 873.3 | 874.6 |
| Modesto | 17.4 | 17.9 | 18.0 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 21.6 | 23.3 | 22.8 |
| Oakland | 100.4 | 102.8 | 102.9 | 44.3 | 45.4 | 45.6 | 179.0 | 189.7 | 187.5 |
| Oxnard-Ventura | 26.4 | 26.9 : | 26.9: | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 43.0 | 45.0 | 44.8 |
| Riverside-San Bernardino | 57.8 | 61.7 | 61.9 | 26.4 | 28.2 | 28.1 | 121.1 | 128.8 | 128.6 |
| Sacramento. | 29.8 | 32.3 | 32.4 | 22.2 | 23.2 . | 23.2 | 108.8 | 116.0 | 116.0 |
| Salinas-Seaside-Monterey | 7.2 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 4.3 | 4.7: | 4.7 | 25.1 | 26.5 | 26.3 |
| San Diego ....................................................................... | 113.3 | 116.3 | 117.4 | 29.7 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 166.9 ; | 180.7 | 180.8 |
| San Francisco ................................................................. | 85.0 | 86.0 | 86.7 | 83.9 | 85.3 : | 84.8 | 197.01 | 205.1 | 203.7 |
| San Jose ................................................................. | 274.8 | 291.7 | 291.2 | 20.8 | $22.1{ }^{1}$ | 22.2 | 139.8 | 148.0 : | 147.6 |
| Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc | 23.7 | 24.1 | 23.9 \| | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 30.6 | 31.6 | 31.4 |
| Santa Rosa-Petaluma | 16.7 | 17.8 | 17.8 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 26.2 | 28.0 | 27.7 |
| Stockton | 18.4 | 20.4 | 20.2 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.9 | $27.1{ }^{\prime}$ | 29.8 | 29.5 |
| Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa | 9.9 | 9.41 | 9.7 | $4.1{ }^{\text {² }}$ | 4.3. | 4.3 | 24.7 | 26.6 | 26.3 |
| Colorado | 187.6 | $191.3{ }^{\prime}$ | 190.4 | 84.6 | $86.0{ }^{\text { }}$ | 85.9 | 329.2 | 341.8 | 340.1 |
| Denver-Boulder | 128.7 | 130.7 | 130.0 | 62.1 | 63.7 | 63.5 | 211.4 | 219.8 | 219.8 |
| Connecticut | 411.3 | 426.8 | 425.1 | 64.5 | 67.6 | 67.5 | 316.4 | 331.9 | 329.6 |
| Bridgeport-Milford | 63.4 | 64.8 | 65.1 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 39.2 | 41.7 | 41.0 |
| Hartford | 91.6 | 93.3 | 93.1 | 15.5 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 87.6 | $89.6{ }^{\prime}$ | 88.8 |
| New Britain | 24.1 ; | 24.0 | 24.0 | 3.1 | 3.11 | 3.1 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 11.1 |
| New Haven-Meriden | 48.1 | 50.3 | 50.0 | 17.3 | 18.1 | 18.2 | 49.6 | 54.1 | 54.2 |
| Stamford | 30.1 | 30.3 | 30.1 | 4.6. | 4.6 | 4.6 | 26.3 | 28.3 . | 28.1 |
| Waterbury ....................................................................... | 29.0 | 30.3 | 30.1 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 15.8 \| | 16.7 | 16.3 |
| Delaware | 69.0 | 72.2 | 72.1 | 12.2 . | 12.3. | 12.3 | 57.3 | 63.0 | 62.3 |
| Wilmington | 61.1 | 63.8 | 63.8 | 11.8 | 12.1 | 12.2 | 48.4 | 51.6 | 50.8 |
| District of Columbia ...................................................... | 14.1 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 25.5 | 26.4 | 26.3 | 60.3 | 63.5 | 63.3 |
| Washington MSA ........................................................... | 74.6 | 77.6 | 77.5 ! | 79.8 | 86.2 | 86.4 | 340.7 | 368.0 | 363.3 |
| Florida ............................................................................. | 492.7 | 518.0 | 518.5 | 238.2 | 246.6 | 248.2 | 1,093.3 | 1,163.6 | 1,162.5 |
| Daytona Beach ............................................................... | 10.0 | 10.6 | 10.9 | 3.3 | 3.3 ! | 3.4 | 26.2 | 27.7 | 28.1 |
| Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood Pompano Beach .................. | 42.9 | 44.8 | 44.4 | 21.0 | 20.2: | 20.5 | 118.1 | 123.0 | 123.7 |
| Fort Myers-Cape Coral ..................................................... | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.1 ! | 4.41 | 4.4 | 25.7 | 27.8 | 29.6 |
| Gainesville ...................................................................... | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 1.7 | 1.7! | 1.7 | 17.8 | 17.7 | 17.6 |
| Jacksonville. | 34.7 | 37.1 | 37.1 | 26.6 | 27.3 | 27.4 | 88.1 | 94.8 | 94.9 |
| Lakeland-Winter Haven | 23.2 | 23.7 | 23.8 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 32.7 | 35.4 | 35.1 |
| Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay ......................................... | 26.0 | 26.5 | 26.6 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 26.6 | 28.7 | 28.5 |
| Miami-Hialeah ................................................................! | 96.1 | 97.0 | 96.6 | 70.2 | 71.1 | 70.6 | 197.5 | 205.8 | 202.4 |
| Orlando ......................................................................... | 44.5 | 45.9 | 46.6 | 19.0 | 20.1 | 20.3 | 100.4 | 107.8 | 108.0 |
| Pensacola | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 26.0 | 27.9 | 27.9 |
| Sarasota ........................................................................ | 6.9 | 7.0 | 6.9 : | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 26.7 | 26.0 | 25.9 |
| Tallahassee .................................................................... | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.9 j | 19.0 | 19.3 | 19.2 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater .................................... | 86.8 | 89.4 | 89.2 | 35.6 | 36.2 | 36.0 | 184.5 | 195.8 | 195.9 |
| West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach ..................... | 33.3 | 36.9 | 37.1 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 71.2 | 72.9 | 73.1 |

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| State and area | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Services |  |  | Government |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ |
| Alabama | 61.1 | 63.8 | 64.0 | 223.1 | 228.6 | 229.5 | 295.0 | 296.2 | 299.5 |
| Birmingham | 24.2 | 25.1 | 25.2 | 75.1 | 76.2 | 76.7 | 58.6 | 58.7 | 59.0 |
| Huntsville | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 17.6 | 19.0 | 19.0 | 27.9 | 27.9 | 28.1 |
| Mobile ........................................................................... | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 30.1 | 31.1 | 31.1 | 26.8 | 27.1 | 27.2 |
| Montgomery | 6.4 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 21.9 | 22.6 | 22.6 | 30.3 | 30.8 | 30.8 |
| Tuscaloosa ................................................................... | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 18.3 | 17.3 | 18.4 |
| Alaska ..............................................................................\| | 11.6 | 12.5 | 12.6 | 41.0 | 43.11 | 43.2 | 64.8 | 67.3 | 69.1 |
| Arizona | 69.2 | 73.7 | 74.0 ! | 265.1 ! | 284.8 | 288.2 | 212.1 | 209.1 | 217.2 |
| Phoenix .......................................................................... | 54.3 | 57.4 | 57.6 | 181.3 | 194.8 | 197.2 | 105.0 | 102.8 | 107.0 |
| Tucson ...........................................................................: | 9.5 | 10.4 | 10.5 | 48.4 | 52.9 | 53.7 | 48.4 | 49.6 | 50.4 |
| Arkansas | 34.7 | 36.3 | 36.4 | 131.9 | 132.0 | 134.3 | 143.0 | 143.8 | 146.4 |
| Fayetteville-Springdale | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 10.5 | 9.8 | 10.6 |
| Fort Smith | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rock | 14.6 | 14.8 | 14.9 | 44.8 | 45.4 | 45.4 | 44.6 | 44.6 | 45.1 |
| Pine Bluff ........................................................................\| | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.4 |
| California | 682.6 | 700.8 | 701.1 | 2,457.2 | 2,570.6 | 2,594.0 | 1,750.3 | 1,740.4 | 1,759.0 |
| Anaheim-Santa Ana | 66.9 | 72.5 | 73.0 | 217.1 | 237.0 | 238.7 | 105.0 | 107.0 | 109.2 |
| Bakersfield | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 27.1 | 28.6 | 28.8 | 34.0 | 35.4 | 35.7 |
| Fresno | 12.7 | 12.8 | 12.8 | 40.4 | 42.5 | 42.7 | 39.8 | 41.6 | 43.3 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach ................................................i | 247.3 | 252.1 | 252.7 | 915.9 | 953.3 | 966.7 | 470.7 | 468.6 | 472.9 |
| Modesto | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 17.6 | 18.4 | 18.5 | 15.2 | 15.5 | 15.6 |
| Oakland | 41.9 | 43.8 | 43.9 | 157.5 | 165.2 | 167.6 | 152.4 | 154.3 | 155.3 |
| Oxnard-Ventura | 10.5 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 36.4 | 37.2 | 37.4 | 38.2 | 39.3 | 39.9 |
| Riverside-San Bernardino | 20.7 | 21.1 | 21.1 | 106.8 | 113.4 | 113.9 | 104.8 | 109.6 | 108.3 |
| Sacramento .. | 25.9 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 91.4 | 97.0 | 97.7 | 150.9 | 154.5 | 156.7 |
| Salinas-Seaside-Monterey | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 21.8 | 22.6 | 22.8 | 24.9 | 24.9 | 25.0 |
| San Diego | 47.8 | 49.3 | 49.4 | 173.0 | 187.0 | 188.2 | 142.7 | 143.6 | 145.2 |
| San Francisco | 111.7 | 110.9 | 110.8 | 246.6 | 255.4 | 256.4 | 133.4 | 132.8 | 134.2 |
| San Jose . | 30.7 | 31.4 | 31.4 | 181.8 | 190.2 | 192.1 | 79.0 | 79.2 | 79.4 |
| Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc. | 6.8 | 7.1 | 7.1 | $33.0{ }^{\prime}$ | 35.7 | 35.8 | 24.9 | 25.0 | 25.1 |
| Santa Rosa-Petaluma .... | 7.0 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 22.0 | 23.2 | 23.2 | 20.3 | 20.6 | 21.0 |
| Stockton | 6.6 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 25.8 | 25.8 | 26.4 | 27.0 | 28.2 ! | 28.1 |
| Vailejo-Fairfield-Napa ...................................................... | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 22.1 | 23.5 | 23.7 | 35.3 | 35.5 | 35.7 |
| Colorado | 91.9 | 94.6 | 94.9 | 301.5 | 306.0 | 308.3 | 244.7 | 247.5 | 256.0 |
| Denver-Boulder | 65.7 . | 66.6 | 66.7 | 198.0 | 201.5 | 203.4 | 136.3 | 137.6 | 142.0 |
| Connecticut | 119.8: | 125.1 | 124.7 | 322.4 | 339.1 | 339.5 | 187.3 | $186.3{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 189.2 |
| Bridgeport-Milford | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 39.5 | 41.4 | 41.6 | 18.1 | 18.1 | 18.1 |
| Hartford ................................................................. | 67.1 | 63.7 | 63.9 | 89.1 | 93.5 | 93.8 | 54.4 | 55.2 | 55.2 |
| New Britain ............................................................. | 2.2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 10.9 ! | 11.2' | 11.2 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.4 |
| New Haven-Meriden | 13.1 | 13.9 | 14.0 | 59.2 | 61.3 | 61.4 | 29.7 | 28.6 | 29.2 |
| Stamford | 9.2 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 28.6 | 30.4 | 30.3 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 10.2 |
| Waterbury ....................................................................... | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 17.7 | 18.3 | 18.3 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 10.2 |
| Delaware | 16.3 | 18.2 | 18.3 | 54.3 | 58.1 | 58.7 | 43.4 | 42.6 | 43.3 |
| Wilmington ..................................................................... | 15.0 | 16.4 | 16.5 | 48.5 | 52.0 | 52.3 | 34.7 | 34.0 | 34.7 |
| District of Columbia | 34.6 | 35.4 | 35.5 | 199.4 | 205.1 | 205.9 | 255.4 | 257.1 i | 256.8 |
| Washington MSA .... | 100.2 | 105.7 | 105.4 | 522.7 | 547.0 | 549.9 | 534.6 | $541.5{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 544.2 |
| Florida ............................................................................ | 291.3 | 307.2 | 309.2 | 1,048.3 | 1,111.5 | 1,126.5 | 656.1 ! | 673.0 | 685.0 |
| Daytona Beach | 5.4 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 25.3 | 25.4 | 25.9 | 15.7 | 15.2 | 15.4 |
| Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood Pompano Beach | 32.3 | 33.4. | 33.5 | 107.3 | 108.1 | 109.1 | 49.9 | 51.7 | 51.8 |
| Fort Myers-Cape Coral | 6.7 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 21.8 | 23.0 | 23.8 | 13.4 | 13.9 | 13.9 |
| Gainesville ...................................................................... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 17.3 | 18.1 | 18.2 | 31.1 | 31.3 | 32.8 |
| Jacksonville ....................................................................: | 30.0: | 30.8 | 31.0 | 76.0 | 80.0 | 80.9 | 51.7 | 52.9 | 53.1 |
| Lakeland-Winter Haven | 7.4 | 7.71 | 7.8 | 28.1 | 27.7 | 27.8 | 17.2, | 17.7 | 17.8 |
| Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay ......................................... | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 34.7 | 36.1 | 36.4 | 19.1 | 19.6 | 19.6 |
| Miami-Hialeah ................................................................. | 60.6 | 62.9 | 62.6 | 201.4 | 207.9 | 208.8 | 98.0 | 102.6 | 102.0 |
| Orlando .......................................................................... | 23.8 | 25.2 | 25.4 | 109.3 | 111.5 | 112.4 | 46.7 | 47.7 | 48.6 |
| Pensacola ........................................................................ | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 25.7 | 27.61 | 27.6 | 26.0 | 26.7 : | 27.4 |
| Sarasota | 7.2 | 7.2, | 7.3 | 23.6 | 24.2 | 24.2 | 10.9! | $11.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 11.1 |
| Tallahassee ..................................................................... | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 17.1 | 17.8 | 17.8 | 37.3 | 37.8 | 38.1 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater ..................................... | 50.7 | 54.0 | 54.4 | 177.7 | 184.5 | 186.0 | 88.3 | 91.4 | 91.8 |
| West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach ..................... | 20.5 | 21.5 | 21.7 | 73.1 ! | 77.8 | 78.8 | 33.4 | 34.4. | 34.6 |

See footnotes at end of table.

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| State and area | Total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Construction |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | Feb. $1984$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | Feb. $1984$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ |
| Georgia | 2,356.9 | 2,537.9 | 2,539.1 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 117.4 | 136.5 | 131.4 |
| Albany | 45.8 | 47.9 | 48.2 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 2.41 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| Athens | 56.5 | 58.1 | 57.9 | 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Atlanta | 1,139.6 | 1,238.3 | 1,243.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 56.1 | 67.4 | 68.8 |
| Augusta | 132.5 | 137.1 | 136.0 | . 4 | . 4 | . 5 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 6.6 |
| Columbus | 84.7 | 88.0 | 87.3 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.0 |
| Macon-Warner Robins | 106.7 | 109.5 | 109.1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.1 |
| Savannah .......................................................................i | 90.3 | 94.2 | 94.2 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 5.0 | 5.7 ! | 5.5 |
| Hawaii | 410.3 | 414.4 | 419.6 | (') | (') | (') | 17.0 | 16.2 | 17.9 |
| Honolu | 333.6 | 335.0 | 339.9 | (') | (') | (') | 14.4 | 13.6 | 15.1 |
| Idaho | 317.1 | 322.4 | 323.0 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 11.1 | 11.7 | 11.3 |
| Boise City | 79.8 | 82.5 | 82.8 |  |  | (') | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.6 |
| Illinois | 4,564.2 | 4,593.1 | 4.590.9 | 24.5 | 22.9 | 22.8 | 123.1 | 127.0\| | 121.6 |
| Aurora-Elgin | 118.9 | 122.5 | 120.8 |  | () | (1) | 2.9 | 3.5 | 3.1 |
| Bloomington-Normal ....................................................... | 50.8 | 49.0 | 51.6 | (') | (') | (') | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 |
| Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul ................................................................................ | 75.2 | 73.1 | $75.9{ }^{1}$ | (') | (') | (') | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Chicago ... | 2,700.9 | 2,778.2 | 2,772.2 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 75.7 | 79.5 | 77.5 |
| Davenport-Rock Island-Moline .......................................... | 143.8 | 140.8 | 142.2 | (') | () | (1) | 4.1 ! | 4.2 | 4.1 |
| Decatur Joliet $\qquad$ | 48.5 | 49.6 | ${ }^{48.8}$ | () | (') | () | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
|  | 86.5 | 90.2 | 90.5 | (') | ${ }^{1}$ ) | () | 3.01 | 3.9 | 3.7 |
|  | 30.5 | 30.5 | 30.7 | (') | () | (') | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Lake County .................................................................................................................. | 155.2 | 168.4 | 164.6 | (') | (') | (') | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.5 |
| Peoria ...................................................................................... | 125.9 \| | 126.9: | 126.2 . | (') | (') | (1) | 4.6 | 4.9 | 4.7 |
| Rockford $\qquad$ <br> Springfield | 110.3 | 113.6 | 113.1 | () | (') | (') | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
|  | 85.0 | 85.3 : | 85.8 | (') | (') | (') | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| Indiana ............................................................................. 1 | 2,058.7 | 2,129.8 | 2,131.7 | 9.31 | 9.1 | 8.91 | 64.2 | 75.7 | 73.2 |
| Anderson <br> Elkhart-Goshen $\qquad$ | 46.2 | 47.2 | 46.9 | (') | (') | (') | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
|  | 84.2! | 86.7 | 87.6 | (') | (') | (') | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Evansville <br> Fort Wayne $\qquad$ | 116.5 | 119.8 | 119.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 5.1 | 6.0 | 5.9 |
|  | 151.0 | 158.7 ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | 158.3 |  | . 1 | .11 | 4.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| Gary-Hammond | 213.3 | 209.4 | $209.3{ }^{\text {i }}$ | (') | . 1 | (') | 7.9 | 9.3 | 8.9 |
|  | 517.4 | 538.5 | 537.8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | 18.9 | 21.9 | 21.8 |
|  | 57.8 | 59.1 | 59.7 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
|  | 46.4 | 47.0 | $47.1{ }^{\text {- }}$ | (') | () |  | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| South Bend-Mishawaka .................................................... | 98.2 | 103.4 | 103.1 | (') |  | (') | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.6 |
| Terre Haute ............................................................................ | 49.7 | 50.5 | 50.91 | . 4 | . 4 | 4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Iowa ...............................................................................\| | 1,045.1 | 1,046.9 | 1,049.2 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 27.61 | 30.2 | 29.1 |
| Cedar Rapids <br> Des Moines | $76.3{ }^{1}$ | 77.01 | 76.9 ! |  | . 1 | .1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.2 |
|  | 183.2 | 186.5 | 185.4 | (') | (') | (') | 5.1 | 6.0 | 5.8 |
| Dubuque ......................................................................... | 38.4 | 39.7 | 39.4 | (1) | () | () | . 9 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| Iowa City ......................................................................... | 46.8 | 47.6 | 49.0 | (') | (') | (1) | 1.5 | $1.4 \mid$ | 1.3 |
| Sioux City <br> Waterloo-Cedar Falls | 46.6 | 46.9 | 46.8 | (') | (') | (') | 1.3 \| | 1.1 | 1.1 |
|  | $63.3{ }^{\circ}$ | 59.8 ! | 59.8 | (') | (') | (1) | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Kansas | 938.6 | 958.5 | 961.7 | 17.3 | 17.4 | 16.8 | 37.5 | 35.7 | 34.9 |
| Lawrenc | 27.9 \| | 28.3 | 28.4 |  |  |  | . 8 | . 9 | . 9 |
|  | ${ }^{80.5}$ | ${ }^{81.5}$ | 82.2 | . 1 | . 1 | () | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| Wichita ..........................................................................\| | 195.5 | 199.8 | 199.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.0 |
| Kentucky | 1,171.2 | 1,218.4! | 1,214.7 | 42.5 | 45.1 | 45.0 | 41.7 | 46.3 | 44.5 |
| Lexington-Fayette $\qquad$ <br> Louisville $\qquad$ <br> Owensboro | 151.4 | 159.2 | 158.4 . | . 6 | . 7 | .7 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 6.6 |
|  | 385.4 | 393.3 | 392.7 | . 6 | . 7 | . 7 | 15.3 | 16.6 | 15.7 |
| Owensboro | 30.5 | 32.4 \| | 31.7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.7 |
| Louisiana .........................................................................i | 1,568.3 | 1,589.3 | 1,582.1 | 80.6 | 81.4 | 80.1 | 113.3 | 110.2' | 106.1 |
| Alexandria ..................................................................................................... | 43.5 | 45.1 | 45.2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | 2.5 | 2.71 | 2.7 |
| Baton Rouge $\qquad$ <br> Houma-Thibodaux $\qquad$ | 207.2 | 217.5 | 216.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 20.1 | 23.4 | 22.2 |
|  | 60.1 | 62.61 | 62.3 | 7.9 | 8.5 | 8.31 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Lafayette .............. | 96.6 ! | 97.2 | 97.5 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 16.6 | 5.4\| | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| Lake Charles ...................................................................\| | 59.3 | 57.5 | 58.1 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.01 | 4.3 | 3.2 | 3.9 |
|  | 53.51 | 52.4 | 52.3 | . 6 | . 7 | 7 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| New Orleans | 533.4 | 537.5 | 534.0 \| | 19.0 | 20.3 | 20.0 | 35.7 | 32.2 | 31.9 |
|  | 136.7 \| | 143.5 | 143.0: | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.01 | 8.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 |
| Maine .............................................................................. | 425.1 ! | 434.8 | 436.9 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 15.0 | 16.7 | 15.9 |
| Lewiston-Auburn $\qquad$ Portland | 36.0 | 35.5 | 35.4 i | (') | (') | (') | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
|  | 96.6 | 101.3\| | 102.2 | () | (') | (1) | 4.2 | 5.0 | 4.9 |

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| State and area | Manufacturing |  |  | Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| Georgia | 530.31 | 548.6 | 545.6 | 149.9 | 158.6 | 160.6\| | 570.3 | 644.9 | 644.9 |
| Albany | 9.9 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 10.8 | ${ }^{11.0}$ | 11.1 |
| Athens | 15.1 | 15.5 | 15.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 11.3 | 11.9 | 11.8 |
| Atlanta | 168.4 | 178.2 | 177.2 | 96.3 | 103.4 | 104.1 | 320.9 | 350.4 | 350.8 |
| Augusta ......................................................................... | 35.1 | 36.2 | 35.9 | 4.3 ! | 4.4 | 4.3 \| | 26.6 | 28.1 | 27.6 |
| Columbus ....................................................................... | 21.1 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 21.4 | 21.3 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 17.7 | 19.2 | 18.9 |
| Macon-Warner Robins | 19.1 | 18.6 | $18.6{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 4.3 | 4.4 ! | 4.4 | 22.1 . | 23.4 | 23.1 |
| Savannah .........................................................................\| | 15.8 ${ }^{\text {] }}$ | 16.2 | 16.2 | 9.2 | ${ }^{10.0}$ | 10.1, | 21.4 | 22.5 | 22.4 |
| Hawaii | 21.7 | 20.6 | 20.9. | 31.4 | 32.1 | 32.3 | 108.4 | 111.9 | 112.0 |
| Honolulu ............................................................................. | 15.5 | 14.4 | 14.9 | 25.9 | 26.5 | 26.7 | 87.5 : | 89.0 | 89.1 |
| Idaho ...............................................................................! | 52.5! | 53.2 | 53.1 | 18.6 | 18.6 | 18.4 | 79.1 | $82.5{ }^{\text { }}$ | 81.6 |
| Boise City ..................................................................... | 9.8 | 10.3 | 10.3\| | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 20.5 | 21.4i | 21.4 |
| Illinois .............................................................................. | 986.4 | 965.8 | 961.8 | 272.8 | 270.5 | 272.4 | 1,113.0 | 1,150.2 | 1,136.8 |
| Aurora-Elgin | 38.4 | 35.6 | 36.1 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 31.5 | 33.0 | 31.8 |
| Bloomington-Normal | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.21 | 3.3 | 3.21 | 3.2 | 12.1 | 12.8 | 12.6 |
| Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul ............................................\| | 7.5 | 7.2 | 7.11 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 17.5 | 18.3 | 18.2 |
| Chicago | 583.3 | 590.7 | 589.6 | 163.6 | 171.7 | 172.0 | 639.2 | 686.0 ! | 676.7 |
| Davenport-Rock Island-Moline .........................................\| | 34.1 | 29.4 | 31.11 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 37.8 | 38.7 | 38.0 |
| Decatur ........................................................................... | 15.4 | 15.6 | 15.2 | 3.7 | 3.91 | 3.9 | 10.5 | 11.1 . | 10.9 |
| Joliet | 19.8 | 19.9 | 20.4 ; | 8.5 | $8.8{ }^{\circ}$ | 8.71 | 19.0 | $22.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 21.6 |
| Kankakee ....................................................................... | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.5 |
| Lake County ...................................................................) | 39.1 | 41.0 | 40.8. | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 39.9 : | 43.3 ! | 40.6 |
| Peoria | 34.2 i | 32.7 | 32.2 | 6.6 | 6.7. | 6.5 | 31.1 | 31.3 | 31.0 |
| Rockford ........................................................................ | 42.9 | 44.8 | 44.6 | 4.2 ! | 4.3: | 4.3 | 24.4 ! | 24.9 : | 24.5 |
| Springtield | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 17.6 | 17.6 | 17.6 |
| Indiana | 611.5 | 616.3 | 615.3 | 101.4 | 105.3: | 105.3 | 463.2 ' | 496.1 | 491.3 |
| Anderson | 19.1 | 19.1 | 18.8 | 1.2 | 1.2 | $1.2{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 9.4 | 10.1 | 10.1 |
| Elkhart-Goshen ................................................................. | 46.9 | 46.8 | 47.7 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 ! | 15.0 | 16.4 | 16.3 |
| Evansville | 32.4 : | 31.6 | 31.71 | 6.3 | 6.51 | 6.5 | 28.9 : | 30.2 | 29.9 |
| Fort Wayne | 42.9 | $45.7{ }^{\text { }}$ | 45.8 | 9.6 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 36.9 | 38.5 | 37.8 |
| Gary-Hammond | 68.1 | 60.9 | 60.4 | 12.9 . | 13.3 | 13.2 | 46.5 | 49.11 | 48.6 |
| Indianapolis | 109.6 | 110.5 | 110.3 | 29.9 | 31.4 ! | 31.3 | 129.6 | 139.1\| | 136.7 |
| Lafayette | 10.9 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 1.7. | 1.8 | 1.8 | 11.3: | 12.1 | 11.9 |
| Muncie | 11.3 | 11.2 | 11.1 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 11.1 i | 11.4 : | 11.4 |
| South Bend-Mishawaka | 24.5. | 25.4 | 25.8 | 4.2 | $4.4{ }^{\text { }}$ | 4.4 | 24.9 | 27.5 | 27.0 |
| Terre Haute .................................................................... | 10.2 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 13.4 | 14.2 | 14.1 |
| lowa | 208.8 | 207.1 | 206.6 | 49.9 | 50.1 | 50.2 | 264.6 | 265.8 | 263.3 |
| Cedar Rapids | 20.8 | 21.2 | 21.1; | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 18.9 | 19.0 | 18.7 |
| Des Moines. | 23.1 | 23.4 | 23.4 | 11.1 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 47.9i | 49.1 | 48.0 |
| Dubuque | 11.2 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 1.7 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1.7 | 1.7 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 8.8 |
| Iowa City. | 3.7 | 4.0 | 4.01 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.8 |
| Sioux City | 9.4 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 3.4. | 3.3. | 3.2 | 12.2 | 12.2 ! | 12.1 |
| Waterioo-Cedar Falls | 17.1 | 15.1 ! | 14.7 | 2.2 | 2.1 : | 2.1 | 14.1 \| | 14.0 : | 13.8 |
| Kansas ............................................................................. | $173.3{ }^{1}$ | 175.7. | 175.3; | 62.8 | 63.0 | 63.3 | 227.9 | 242.6 | 241.0 |
| Lawrence | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 5.9: | 5.9 | 6.0 |
| Topeka | 9.5 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 17.7 | 18.9 | 19.0 |
| Wichita | 53.5 | 55.2 | 55.4 | 9.9 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 45.4 | 47.8 | 46.9 |
| Kentucky ......................................................................... | 251.2 ! | 258.4 | 256.5 | 62.7 | 66.9 | 67.1 | 267.4 | 289.9 | 285.2 |
| Lexington-Fayette ........................................................... | 28.6 | 30.2 | 29.6 | 7.1 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 34.3 | 37.0 | 36.8 |
| Louisville ........................................................................ | 88.7 | 87.0 | 86.8 | 22.9 | 23.2: | 22.9 | 92.5 | 98.4. | 97.5 |
| Owensboro ..................................................................... | 5.8 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 7.8 | 8.2 | 7.8 |
| Louisiana ......................................................................... | 176.7 | 181.3 | 179.1 | 116.8 | 118.3 | 117.5 | 370.8 | 381.2 | 377.7 |
| Alexandria | 3.4 | 3.5 | $3.5{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 10.4 | 11.1 | 11.0 |
| Baton Rouge | 21.2 | 21.4 | 21.2 | $10.3{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 10.9 | 10.9 | 49.8 | 52.9 | 52.3 |
| Houma-Thibodaux .......................................................... | 5.1 . | 6.2 | 6.3 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 14.7 | 15.3 | 15.1 |
| Lalayette ....................................................................... | 5.9! | 5.8 | 5.7 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 25.4 | 25.9 ' | 25.9 |
| Lake Charles ....................................................................; | 9.5 | 9.0 : | 9.1 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 14.2 | 14.6 | 14.6 |
| Monroe .......................................................................... | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.1 , | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 14.4 | 16.1 | 16.0 |
| New Orleans ..................................................................... | 46.8 | 48.0 | 47.0 | 47.3 | 46.8 | 46.9 | 135.4 | 142.9 | 140.7 |
| Shreveport ........................................................................ | 20.8 | 22.7 | 22.6 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 8.6: | 32.5 | 34.7 | 34.3 |
| Maine .............................................................................. | 110.2 | 107.8 | 106.6 | 18.5 | 18.9 | 19.1. | 91.6 | 99.4 | 97.9 |
| Lewiston-Auburn ............................................................. | 11.6 | 10.5: | 10.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 8.2 |
| Portland ......................................................................... | 15.5 | 16.3 | 16.3 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 27.2 | 28.9 | 28.5 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

|  | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Services |  |  | Government |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State and area |  |  | ----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. $1985^{\circ}$ | Feb. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. $1985^{\circ}$ |
| Georgia ... | 124.4 | 133.0 | 133.0: | 415.2 | 461.4 | 466.8 | 441.7 | 446.9 | 448.7 |
| Albany | 2.1 | 2.2: | 2.2: | 6.6: | 7.1 | $7.1{ }^{\text {i}}$ | 11.5 | 12.3 | 12.3 |
| Athens | 1.6 | 1.8. | 1.8 | 7.7: | 8.2 | 8.2 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.7 |
| Atlanta ...........................................................................: | 78.5 | 85.0 | 85.2 : | 245.8 | 275.6 | 277.5 | 172.4 | 177.0 | 178.3 |
| Augusta | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 21.0 | 22.5 | 22.5 | 32.9 | 33.5 | 33.5 |
| Columbus | 5.6 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 13.0 : | 19.2 | 19.8 | 19.8 |
| Macon-Warner Robins | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.7: | 17.8 | 19.1 | 19.3 | 32.2 | 32.6 | 32.7 |
| Savannah | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 18.6 | 18.8: | 18.9, | 16.3! | 17.0 | 17.0 |
| Hawaii | 31.9 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 107.5. | 109.8 | 110.6. | 92.4 | 91.8 | 93.9 |
| Honolulu ........................................................................! | 27.3 | 27.5 | 27.4 | 84.3 | 86.1 | 86.8 | 78.7 | 77.9 | 79.9 |
| Idaho ................................................................................ | 23.1. | 23.3 | 23.3 | 60.4. | 62.2 ! | 62.3 | 68.4\| | 67.3 | 69.5 |
| Boise City ....................................................................... | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 15.8 | 17.0. | 16.9 . | 15.9 | 15.8 | 16.1 |
| Illinois | 313.7 | 318.2 | 317.5 | 1,027.5 | 1,042.9 | 1,047.1 | 703.2 | 695.6 | 710.9 |
| Aurora-Elgin ................................................................... | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 22.4 | 26.0 | 25.7 | 13.8 | 14.5 | 14.3 |
| Bloomington-Normal | 8.4 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 9.3 | 9.7 | 9.81 | 11.5 | 8.8 | 11.4 |
| Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul ............................................: | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 12.1. | 12.4 | 12.6 | 32.0 ! | 28.7 | 31.5 |
| Chicago | 224.2 | 230.0 | 230.1 | 667.2 | 678.0 | 680.4 | 345.9 | 340.8 | 344.1 |
| Davenport-Rock Island-Moline | 7.0 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 26.4 | 26.9 | 26.9 | 26.6 | 26.8 | 27.2 |
| Decatur ........................................................................ | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 |
| Joliet ............................................................................. | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 16.8 | 16.7 | 16.8 | 15.7 | 14.9 | 15.4 |
| Kankakee | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 7.0 |
| Lake County . | 5.4 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 30.8 | 37.2 | 36.7 | 30.1 | 29.1 \| | 29.2 |
| Peoria. | 6.3 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 27.5 | 28.9: | 29.2 | 15.4 | 15.9 | 16.2 |
| Rockford | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.4 . | 20.1 | 20.8 | 21.0 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 11.5 |
| Springtield | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 19.3 | 19.0 | 19.1 | 29.5 | 30.2 | 30.5 |
| Indiana | 101.2 | 103.6 | 103.7: | 371.4 | 388.9 | 394.21 | 336.6 | 334.8 | 339.9 |
| Anderson | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6: | 8.5 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Elkhart-Goshen | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 ! | 10.7 | 11.4 | 11.4 ! | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.2 |
| Evansville ... | 4.5 | 4.6; | 4.6 | 25.5 : | 26.7: | 26.7: | 11.0 | 11.5 | 11.7 |
| Fort Wayne ...... | 10.4 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 29.7 | 31.1 | 31.2 ! | 16.7 | 16.6 | 16.6 |
| Gary-Hammond | 8.3 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 39.5 | 40.1 | 41.1 | 30.0 | 29.0 | 29.5 |
| Indianapolis | 38.9 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 105.8 | 111.9 | 113.1 | 83.9 | 83.5 | 84.2 |
| Lafayette | 2.5 | 2.7; | 2.7. | 9.7 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 20.5 | 19.6 | 20.4 |
| Muncie | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 8.6 | 8.8 | $8.9{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 11.1 | 10.9 | 11.0 |
| South Bend-Mishawaka | 4.7 | 4.91 | 4.9 | 25.8 | 26.6 | 26.6 | 10.6 | 10.8 | 10.8 |
| Terre Haute. | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 9.6 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 10.0 | 10.3 |
| lowa | $60.4{ }^{\prime}$ | 62.0 | 62.0 | 223.7 | 222.7 | 224.2 | 208.4 | 207.4 | 212.2 |
| Cedar Rapids | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 16.3 | 16.2 | 16.4 | 9.9 | 10.3 | 10.3 |
| Des Moines | 23.1 | 23.7 | 23.6 | 43.9 | 44.4 | 44.7 | 28.9 | 29.0 | 29.2 |
| Dubuque | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 11.0 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| Iowa City | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 24.4 | 24.5 | 25.7 |
| Sioux City | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.3 |
| Waterloo-Cedar Falls | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 13.2 | 12.8 | 12.7 | 12.1 | 11.2 | 11.9 |
| Kansas .............................................................................) | 50.3 | 51.6 | 51.8 | 179.4 | 184.9 | 186.4 | 190.1 | 187.6 | 192.2 |
| Lawrence | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 10.7 |
| Topeka | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 17.4 | 18.0 | 18.1 | 20.2 | 19.8 | 20.2 |
| Wichita | 9.8 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 24.7 | 24.8 | 25.3 |
| Kentucky | 53.7 | 56.2 | 56.1 | 227.6 | 231.2 | 233.6 | 224.4; | 224.5 | 226.6 |
| Lexington-Fayette | 7.7 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 33.3 | 35.5 | 35.9 : | 33.8' | 33.1 | 33.4 |
| Louisville | 25.1 | 25.4 | 25.6 | 84.3 | 86.2 | 86.9 | 56.1 | 55.9 | 56.7 |
| Owensboro ...................................................................... | $1.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1.2 | 1.2 | 6.31 | 6.7 | 6.6 | $4.8{ }^{\prime}$ | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| Louisiana | 82.4 | 83.1 | 83.3 | 306.7 | 311.2 | 312.3: | 321.0 | 322.6 | 326.0 |
| Alexandria | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 9.6 | 9.8 | 9.9, | 12.8 | 12.9 | 13.0 |
| Baton Rouge . | 12.5 | 13.3 | 13.3 ! | 38.5 | 39.5 | 40.2 | 53.8 | 54.9 | 54.7 |
| Houma-Thibodaux | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 i | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.0: | 10.6 | $10.8{ }^{\text { }}$ | 10.8 |
| Lafayette | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.1: | 19.0: | 19.4 | 19.4 | 13.2 | 12.5 | 13.3 |
| Lake Charles | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.6 i | 11.3 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 10.9 |
| Monroe | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.1! | 10.5; | 10.4 | 10.6: | 11.0 | 8.3 | 8.3 |
| New Orleans | 32.7 | 31.9 | 31.9 | 128.1 | 129.0 | 129.3 | 88.4 | 86.4 | 86.3 |
| Shreveport ...................................................................... | 7.7 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 28.5 | 30.0 | 29.9 | 25.2 | 25.4 | 25.7 |
| Maine | 18.8 | 20.3 | 20.3 | 84.9 | 88.0 | 89.3 | 86.0 | 83.6 | 87.7 |
| Lewiston-Auburn ............................................................. | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 8.9 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 |
| Portand ......................................................................... | 8.6 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 21.8 | 22.9 | 22.9 | 13.9 | 13.6 | 14.9 |

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)


See footnotes at end of table

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

| State and area | Manufacturing |  |  | Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Maryland | 216.8 | 214.9 | 212.8 | 85.8 | 91.5 | 91.4 | 424.3 | 455.0 | 452.0 |
| Baltimore MSA | 143.5 | 139.5 | 138.4 | 56.9 | 57.7 | 57.5 | 222.8 | 232.3 | 232.7 |
| Baltimore City | 55.6 | 54.1 | 54.2 | 33.2 | 33.1 | 33.2 | 90.6 | 89.6 : | 91.2 |
| Suburban Maryland-D.C. ..................................................... | $33.2 \mid$ | 32.8 | 32.6 | 16.8 | 19.4 | 19.3. | 157.5 | 170.9 | 168.8 |
| Massachusetts ................................................................... | 661.6 | 688.5 | 687.2 | 119.4 | 123.2 | 123.9 | 621.7 | 667.5 | 663.3 |
| Boston | 317.5 | 335.4 | 337.2 | 73.0 | 77.4 | 77.9 | 347.1 | 374.1 | 370.1 |
| Brockton ........................................................................... | 12.5 | 12.8 | 12.7 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 17.6 | 19.3\| | 19.0 |
| Fall River | 19.8: | 20.0 | 20.3 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 11.5 | 12.4 | 12.1 |
| Fitchburg-Leominster | 14.0 | 13.4 | 13.5: | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 9.1 |
| Lawrence-Haverhill .. | 51.4 | 56.7 | 57.1 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 28.4 | 30.31 | 29.7 |
| Lowell | 39.0 | 43.1 | 43.2 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 18.7 | 20.2 | 20.1 |
| New Bedford | 24.8 | 24.9 | 25.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 13.5 | 14.5 | 14.4 |
| Pittsfield | 11.5 | 12.3 i | 12.3 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | 8.9 | 9.6 | 9.4 |
| Springfield | 55.4 | 56.3 | 56.0 | 8.4 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 48.0 | 52.3 | 51.9 |
| Worcester ......................................................................... | 46.2 ' | 49.4 | 49.3 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 38.8 | 41.6 | 41.4 |
| Michigan | 933.1 | 961.2 i | 957.4 | 138.8 | 135.7 | 136.1 | 713.2 | 749.7 | 738.1 |
| Ann Arbor | 36.3 | 38.9 | 38.6 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 21.5 | 22.0 | 21.7 |
| Battle Creek | 14.3 | 14.7 ! | 14.0 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 8.9 | 9.4 | 9.3 |
| Benton Harbor | 19.4 | 19.8 | 19.7 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 10.6 | 11.1 | 11.0 |
| Detroit | 449.0 | 462.91 | 464.0, | 74.9 | 72.9 | 72.7 | 373.7 | 398.4 | 391.1 |
| Flint .................................................................................. | 64.2 | 67.0 | 61.8 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 37.3 | 39.6 | 39.1 |
| Grand Rapids | 92.6 | 96.0 | 96.2 | 10.7 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 66.3 | 67.4 | 67.0 |
| Jackson | 11.7 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 9.8 |
| Kalamazoo | 28.1 | 28.3 | 28.4 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 19.6 | 20.5 | 20.2 |
| Lansing-East Lansing | 38.2 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 33.1 | 35.2 : | 33.8 |
| Muskegon | 18.1 | 19.6 | 19.5! | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 10.3 | 10.7 | 10.5 |
| Saginaw-Bay City-Midland ................................................. | 45.51 | 46.6 | 46.2 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 29.5 | 32.2 | 31.6 |
| Minnesota ............................................................................ | 357.5 | 372.4 | 374.5 | 94.7 : | 95.9 | 96.3 | 429.4 | 465.0 | 458.8 |
| Duluth ............................................................................... | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.31 | 5.91 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 20.6 | 21.0 | 20.4 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul | 247.9: | 259.1 | 260.6 | 64.3 | 67.1 | 67.6 | 272.7 | 296.91 | 292.2 |
| Rochester | 10.5 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 10.6 | 12.3 | 11.3 |
| St. Cloud | 10.5 | 10.2 | 10.4 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 16.2 | 17.9 | 17.8 |
| Mississippi .......................................................................... | 214.6 | 219.1 | 219.6 | 38.0 | 39.2 | 39.4 | 166.9 | 179.1 | 178.6 |
| Jackson .......................................................................... | 19.1 | 20.1 | 20.1 , | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 38.0 | 41.5 | 41.3 |
| Missouri | 424.1 | 432.9 | $429.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 132.2 | 133.6 | 133.6 | 462.6 | 475.3 | 471.0 |
| Kansas City | 114.9 | 119.5: | 119.6 | 50.5 : | 51.4 , | 51.6 | 166.0 | 170.0 | 167.8 |
| St. Joseph .......................................................................) | 8.9 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 8.3 |
| St. Louis ............................................................................ | 223.1 | $227.5^{\text { }}$ | 225.7 | 72.5 | 73.6 | 73.2 | 232.9 | 247.0 | 245.0 |
| Springfield ....................................................................... | 19.2 | 19.3: | 19.3 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 25.2 | 25.8 | 25.5 |
| Montana ................................................................................ | 21.4 . | 21.7 | 21.4 | 20.1 | 19.8 | 19.7 | 72.2 | $76.9{ }^{\text {! }}$ | 76.0 |
| Nebraska ........................................................................... | 86.1, | 88.6 | 88.5 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 42.0 | 154.9 | 160.4 | 159.4 |
| Lincoln .......................................................................... | 12.1 | 12.7\| | 12.8 | 6.3. | 6.2 | 6.2 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 21.2 |
| Omaha ........................................................................... | 36.2 | 35.8 | 35.7 | 22.6 | 22.7 | 22.6 | 68.2 | 70.4 | 69.6 |
| Nevada | 20.1 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 24.2 | 25.0 | 25.1 | 81.5 | 88.4 | 87.6 |
| Las Vegas ......................................................................... | 7.2 | 7.5 | 7.5! | 13.7 | 13.9 | 14.0 | 47.2 | 50.8 | 50.4 |
| Reno ........ | 7.9 | 8.31 | 8.2 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 24.7 | 26.3 | 26.1 |
| New Hampshire .................................................................. | 119.9 | 125.9 | 124.3: | 14.8 | 14.9 | 14.8 | 95.2 | 109.1 | 108.2 |
| Manchester | $15.2{ }^{\text { }}$ | 15.6 | 15.6 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.7 i | 18.9 | 20.4 | 20.0 |
| Nashua ............................................................................ | 35.3 | 37.8 | 37.5 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 14.9 | 16.6 | 16.7 |
| New Jersey ....................................................................... | 717.0 | 723.2 | 722.3 | 211.2 | 215.5 | 215.8 | 747.0 | 799.4 | 789.3 |
| Atlantic City ....................................................................... | 8.2 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 25.5 | 33.1 | 33.1 |
| Bergen-Passaic ................................................................. | 167.0 | 170.4 | 170.6 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 29.8 | $30.2{ }^{\prime}$ | 30.3 | 173.0 | 180.9 | 179.1 |
| Camden | 72.1 ! | 74.9 | 75.7 | 16.6 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 97.2 | 101.6 | 99.5 |
| Hackensack | 101.1 | (') | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | 21.4 | (') | (1) | 125.8 | (') | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Jersey City ........................................................................\| | 57.1 | 55.6 | 55.3 | 26.4 | 28.2 | 28.5 | 48.9 | 51.5 | 51.0 |
| Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon ......................................... | 113.7 | 113.6 | 113.3 | 33.31 | 34.1 | 34.3 | 104.8 | 111.9 | 110.6 |
| Monmouth-Ocean .............................................................. | 31.1 | 33.4 | 33.2 ! | 12.9 | 12.9 ! | 12.9 | 70.1: | 76.3 | 74.4 |
| Newark ............................................................................. | $202.3{ }^{\text { }}$ | 205.4 | 205.5 | 76.4 ! | 80.0 | 80.2 | 182.0 | 193.2 | 191.6 |
| Trenton ............................................................................. | 33.0 : | 33.0 | 32.7 : | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 26.6 | 28.4 ! | 28.3 |
| Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton ................................................\| | 15.8 | 13.7! | 13.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 9.4 | 10.0 | 9.8 |

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| State and area | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Services |  |  | Government |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | -.. --. .-- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ |  | Feb. 1984 | Jan. <br> 1985 | Feb. $1985^{\circ}$ | Feb. 1984 | Jan. 1985 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baltimore MSA | 61.3 | 63.2 | 63.1 | 223.9 ; | 226.8 | 228.7, | 200.2 | 194.8 | 197.4 |
| Baltimore City .................................................................. 1 | 39.8 | 41.2 | 41.31 | 117.1 | 115.01 | 116.9 | 81.9 | 79.2 | 79.8 |
| Suburban Maryland-D.C. .................................................. | 32.7: | $34.5{ }^{\text {\| }}$ | 34.5 | 165.1: | 171.7 | 173.9 | 149.3 | 149.8: | 152.5 |
| Massachusetts ............................................................................ | 173.3 | 180.8 | 183.2 \| | 727.2 | 756.9 | $773.5{ }_{i}$ | $373.1{ }^{\text { }}$ | 366.1 | 370.2 |
| Boston ................................................................................................................................................. | 117.9 | 124.5 | 125.0 | 477.6 | 510.3 ! | 516.0 | 189.8 | 192.4 | 194.1 |
|  | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.51 | 12.2. | 13.0 | 13.0: | 11.9 | 12.0 | 12.3 |
| Fall River | 2.7 | 2.7 i | 2.7 | 9.3 | 9.4 | 9.3 | 6.8 | 6.4 | 6.4 |
| Fitchburg-Leominster ......................................................i | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 6.7. | $4.5{ }^{\prime}$ | 4.4 | 4.7 |
| Lawrence-Haverhill ............................................................ | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 25.9 | 27.5 ! | 28.0 | 18.4 | 17.6 | 17.9 |
| Lowell ............................................................................. | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 15.1 | 16.0 | 15.9 | 12.5: | 12.3 | 12.6 |
| New Bedford .......................................................................... | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 10.4 : | 10.8 | 10.8 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.7 |
| Pittsfield ............................................................................ | 2.0 | $2.1{ }^{1}$ | 2.1 | 8.2 | 8.3 | $8.3{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.8 |
| Springtield ........................................................................ | 13.5 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 49.3 | 50.7 | 51.7 | 36.5 | 37.1 | 37.2 |
| Worcester ........................................................................ | 10.4 ! | 11.3 | 11.1 | 40.3 | 40.11 | 41.5! | 22.6 | 21.7. | 22.0 |
| Michigan ........................................................................... | 150.7 | 154.2 | 154.6 | 687.51 | 697.0: | $701.9{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 580.4. | 567.0 | 581.6 |
| Ann Arbor ........................................................................' | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 26.9 | 28.9 | 29.0: | 47.7 | 46.1 | 48.7 |
| Battle Creek .................................................................... | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 10.6 i | 11.0 | 10.9 | 11.4 | 11.2 | 11.6 |
| Benton Harbor ....................................................................................................................... | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 12.5 | 12.3 ! | 12.7 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 8.2 |
| Detroit ............................................................................ | 87.8 | 90.3 | 90.9 | 377.1 | $387 .{ }^{\prime}$ | $389.4{ }^{\text {- }}$ | 226.4. | 225.6 | 229.4 |
| Flint | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.8 | $27.4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 26.8 : | 27.1 | 22.8 : | 21.9. | 22.3 |
| Grand Rapids .................................................................. | 11.1 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 56.8 | 55.4 | 57.3 ! | $28.8{ }^{\prime}$ | 27.7 | 28.7 |
| Jackson .......................................................................... | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 9.0: | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.4 |
| Kalamazoo ....................................................................... | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 20.7 | 20.7 | 20.5 | 16.1 | 15.5 | 16.1 |
| Lansing-East Lansing ....................................................... | 9.5 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 30.3 | 31.5 | 31.8 | $63.4{ }^{\prime}$ | 62.2 | 63.6 |
| Muskegon | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 9.8 | 9.9! | 10.0: | 8.0 | 7.8 | 7.9 |
| Saginaw-Bay City-Midland ................................................. | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 27.0 | 28.4 | 28.6 | 19.0: | 19.5 | 19.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minnesota | 103.7 | 107.5 | 107.6 | $402.9{ }^{\text { }}$ | 425.3 | 427.8 | 299.4; | $296.7^{\prime}$ | 303.0 |
| Duluth .............................................................................. | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 21.1 | 21.0 | 21.2 | 19.3 | 19.0 | 19.2 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul | 78.5 | 80.8 | 80.8 | 270.2 | 285.4 | 287.7 | 158.5 | 155.5 | 159.9 |
| Rochester | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 21.6 | 21.8 | 21.8, | 5.1 : | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| St. Cloud ......................................................................... | 2.0 | 2.1. | 2.0 | 11.2 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 12.1 |
| Mississippi $\qquad$ Jackson $\qquad$ | 33.4 | 34.4 | 34.4 | 124.6 | 126.2 : | 127.3. | $185.2^{\text {' }}$ | 188.8 | 189.6 |
|  | 11.8 | 12.5 | 12.6 | 32.6 | 33.2 | 33.4 | 36.4 | 36.9 | 36.9 |
| Missouri | 111.9 | 113.3 | 113.4 | 422.4 | 428.6: | 431.2 ; | 335.1 | 337.3 | 343.4 |
| Kansas City ...................................................................... | 48.0 | 49.71 | 49.6 | 142.4 | 144.6 | 145.0 | 102.6 | 101.7 | 102.8 |
| St. Joseph ................................................................................ | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.1 , | 7.3; | 7.3 | 7.2 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.9 |
| St. Louis ......................................................................... | 60.3 | 62.5 | 62.6 | 239.0 | 242.0 | 243.8 | 136.8 : | 135.4 | 138.4 |
| Springfield ......................................................................... | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 22.6 | 22.9 | 22.8 | 12.7 | 12.3 | 13.1 |
| Montana .......................................................................... | 13.1 | 13.4 | 13.3 | 57.7 | 59.8 | 60.4 | 68.9 | 68.8 | 69.5 |
| Nebraska ........................................................................... | 42.2 | 43.8 | 44.1 | 130.7 | 137.7 | 138.8 | 129.5 | 135.3 | 137.2 |
|  | 7.1 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 19.3 | 20.1 | 20.2 | 28.2 | 28.6 | 29.0 |
| Lincoln Omaha | 24.7 | 25.7 | 25.8 | 67.2 | 69.6 | 70.1 | 41.9 | 43.0 - | 43.5 |
| Nevada ............................................................................. | 19.1 | 20.8 | 20.9 | 178.7 | 190.7 | 191.7 | 59.4 | 59.0 | 60.7 |
| Las Vegas $\qquad$ <br> Reno | 11.1 | 12.1 | 12.2 | 111.2 | 119.2 | 119.3 | 28.1 | 28.5 | 29.0 |
|  | 6.3 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 44.4 | 47.1 | 47.7 | 17.0 | 16.4 | 17.2 |
| New Hampshire <br> Manchester <br> Nashua | 22.5 | 24.7 | 24.7 | 85.9 | 92.2 | 92.6 | 57.9 | 59.3 | 59.6 |
|  | 6.3 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 17.3: | 18.5 | 18.5 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 7.5 |
|  | 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 12.5 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| New Jersey ..................................................................... | 176.7 | 186.2 | 186.1 | 718.9 | 754.5 | 754.8 | 525.6 | 531.3 | 535.3 |
| Atlantic City ................................................................... | 6.1 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 52.2 | 57.7 | 57.8 | 23.7 | 24.6 | 24.9 |
| Bergen-Passaic ............................................................... | 29.9 | 31.8 | 32.0 | 124.1 | 127.5 | 128.0 | 67.5 | 67.3 | 68.1 |
| Camden ........................................................................... | 18.6 | 19.3 | 19.5 | 80.7 | 82.1 | 81.6 | 69.0 | 69.1 | 69.7 |
| Hackensack | 20.2 | (') | (') | 84.1 | (') | ( ${ }^{1}$ ) | 43.5 | ( ${ }^{\prime}$ | (') |
| Jersey City | 8.3 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 36.5 | 34.8 | 34.7 | 39.2 | 39.7 | 39.6 |
| Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon | 24.4 | 25.5 | 25.0 | 82.6 | 87.1 | 87.8 | 69.6 | 68.1 | 68.5 |
| Monmouth-Ocean ............................................................. | 12.8 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 64.7 | 70.8 | 71.0 | 56.7 | 58.3 | 58.6 |
| Newark | 64.5 | 68.2 | 68.2 | 215.2 | 219.1 | 219.2 | 133.2 | 130.4 | 130.8 |
| Trenton | 8.2 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 45.1 | 44.7 | 45.0 | 48.4 | 47.5 | 48.3 |
| Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton ............................................... | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 8.8 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 11.2 | 11.0 | 11.1 |

See footnotes at end of table.

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)


See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(in thousands)

| State and area | Manufacturing |  |  | Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. 1984 | Jan. <br> 1985 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ |
| New Mexico ..................................................................... ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | $35.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 36.5 | 36.7 | 29.9 | 30.01 | 30.0 | 111.8 | 119.0 | 117.6 |
| Albuquerque ..................................................................... | 18.4 | 19.2 | 19.2 | 12.2 | 12.11 | $12.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | $50.3{ }^{\prime}$ | 54.2 | 53.4 |
| Las Cruces ......................................................................: | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.41 | 6.7 | 7.5 | 7.4 |
| New York .........................................................................' | 1,314.4 | 1,316.3 | 1,320.8 | $415.0{ }^{1}$ | 412.6 | 412.4 | 1,506.5 | 1,557.5 | 1,548.7 |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy ................................................! | 55.2 | 54.2' | 54.1 | $16.4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 16.3 | 16.2 | 75.4 | 79.8 | 79.8 |
| Binghamton .....................................................................' | 39.8 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 4.0 ! | 4.1 | 4.2 | 20.3 | 21.4 | 21.4 |
| Butialo | $77.9{ }^{\text { }}$ | 80.5 | 79.91 | 20.9 | 20.7 | 20.4 | 93.8 | 97.8 | 97.5 |
| Elmira | 8.0 ' | $8.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 7.91 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 9.0 |
| Glens Falls | 10.1 | 10.0 | 9.8 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 8.3 | 8.6 | 8.6 |
| Monroe County | 126.6 | 127.9; | 127.2: | 10.3 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 66.0 | 69.2 | 68.2 |
| Nassau-Suffolk ................................................................ | 174.7 | 179.7 | 179.7! | 44.8 | 45.4 | 45.4 | 260.7 | 278.0 | 275.5 |
| New York PMSA | 517.3 | 504.3; | 512.1! | 261.7 | 258.8 | 258.9 | 724.2 | 739.9 | 737.0 |
| New York City ${ }^{2}$ | 431.61 | 418.0 . | 425.6 | 237.4 | 235.1 | 235.2 | 612.8 | 624.4 | 621.8 |
| Niagara Falls ${ }^{2}$.................................................................. | 24.7. | 25.0. | 25.1 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 15.4 | 16.3 | 16.3 |
| Orange County | 14.6 ; | 15.1, | 15.3 ! | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 20.1 | 21.6 | 21.6 |
| Poughkeepsie | 33.4 | $34.6{ }^{\prime}$ | 34.5 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.3i | 17.7 | 19.0 | 18.8 |
| Rochester | 146.0 | 148.6: | 147.9 | $12.9{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 13.0 | 13.0 | 83.1 | 87.3 | 86.0 |
| Rockland County ............................................................., | 16.2 . | 15.8 : | 15.9 | 4.11 | 4.2 , | 4.2 | 19.5 | 21.4 | 21.2 |
| Syracuse ............ | 56.8 | 59.2 | 58.7 ! | 15.3 | 15.3 | 15.3 | $58.7{ }^{\text { }}$ | 61.8 | 61.0 |
| Utica-Rome ..................................................................... | 27.0 | 26.9 | 27.1 | 4.3 | $4.3{ }^{\prime}$ | 4.4 | 22.5 | $23.7{ }^{\text { }}$ | 23.4 |
| Westchester County ......................................................... | 68.2 | $69.1{ }_{i}$ | 69.2 : | $19.7{ }^{\text { }}$ | 19.0 | 19.0 | 88.5 | 90.5 . | 90.4 |
| North Carolina ................................................................... | 826.3 : | 819.5 | 815.8 | 124.1! | 128.1 | 129.0 | 522.1 | 561.1. | 558.6 |
| Asheville | 20.5 : | 19.6 ${ }^{\circ}$ | 19.5 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | $15.5{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 16.7 | 16.4 |
| Charlotte-Gastonia Rock-Hill | 149.3. | 146.9 i | 145.9! | 41.1 . | 41.0 | 41.3 | 112.2 : | 116.2 | 115.6 |
| Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point | 152.6 | 152.9! | 153.0 | 22.6 | 22.8 | 22.9 ! | 86.7 | 91.5. | 91.0 |
| Raleigh-Durham .............................................................. | 54.3 | 58.2 | 58.1 | 15.3 | 15.9 | 15.9 | 63.3 | 67.0 | 66.5 |
| North Dakota | 15.2 | 15.3 | $15.4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | $15.9{ }^{\prime}$ | 16.3 | 16.4 | 64.6 | 67.3. | 66.5 |
| Bismarck | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 9.3 |
| Fargo-Moorhead .............................................................. | 4.6 | 4.8 | 4.9 | $3.8{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 3.8 | 3.8 | 18.5 | 19.8 | 19.7 |
| Grand Forks ..................................................................... | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 7.4 | 8.0 | 8.1 |
| Ohio | 1,103.8 | 1,126.3 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 1,121.5 | 200.3 | 203.5 | 204.0 | 934.2 | 978.8 | 972.0 |
| Akron | 66.1 | 67.6: | 67.7 ! | 12.91 | 13.2 | 13.4 | 57.3 | 59.7 | 59.3 |
| Canton | 44.8 | 46.3: | $46.3{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 6.2 | $6.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 6.1 | 33.2 : | 34.8. | 34.6 |
| Cincinnati | 142.3 . | 144.6. | 144.2 | 31.4 | 31.8 | 32.1 | 142.8, | 150.4 | 149.8 |
| Cleveland | 210.2 | 212.7 | 212.4 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 194.0 | 200.2 | 198.7 |
| Columbus | 102.2 | 105.9 | 105.7 | 25.8 | 26.6 | 26.9 | $134.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 141.4 | 140.7 |
| Dayton-Springtield | 100.8: | 105.0 | 104.6 | $14.7{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 15.5 | 15.5 | 81.1 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 85.6 | 84.8 |
| Toledo. | 64.3 . | 65.1 : | 64.5 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 59.7 | 63.7 | 63.0 |
| Youngstown-Warren ......................................................... ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 55.1 | 53.8 : | 53.4 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 41.7: | 43.4 | 43.1 |
| Oklahoma | 170.8 | 172.4 | 172.2 | 64.8 | $63.1{ }^{\text {1 }}$ | 62.5 | 282.2 | $287 .{ }^{\prime}$ | 284.3 |
| Enid | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.9 ! | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.51 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 7.3 |
| Lawton | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 1.3 | 1.2, | $1.2{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 8.0 | 8.1 | 8.0 |
| Oklahoma City .................................................................. | 53.1 | 53.1 : | 52.8 | 22.4 | 21.5 | 21.4 | 108.7. | 113.5 : | 112.9 |
| Tulsa ..............................................................................! | 49.9 | 51.7 | 51.6 | 20.3 | 20.4 | 20.5 i | 70.4 , | 72.2 | 71.4 |
| Oregon | 192.2 | 194.3 . | 192.4 | $56.0{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 54.31 | 54.5 | 240.5! | 253.5 | 251.4 |
| Eugene-Springfield ........................................................... | 18.6 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 4.1 | 4.0 i | 4.1 | 23.5 | 24.4 | 24.3 |
| Porland .......................................................................... | 89.2 ' | 92.5 | 92.0 | 33.7 | 33.5 | 33.8 | 130.7 | 137.7, | 136.8 |
| Salem .............................................................................. | 10.7 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 i | 18.4 ! | 19.0 | 18.8 |
| Pennsylvania .................................................................... | 1,110.9. | 1,100.8 | 1,098.6 | 239.5 | 245.5 | 246.8 | 988.6 | 1,040.8 | 1,021.0 |
| Allentown-Bethlehem | 90.1 | 89.3 | 89.7 ! | 13.7 | 13.7 | 13.7 | 51.7 | 55.4 | 54.4 |
| Altoona ............................................................................... | 10.8! | 11.1; | 11.1 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 10.9 | 11.9 | 11.8 |
| Beaver County ................................................................. | 17.5 | $16.0{ }_{i}$ | 16.3 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 10.9: | 11.7 | 11.5 |
| Delaware Valley ................................................................. | 320.1. | 321.9 | 321.8 | 76.9 | 77.8 | 78.4: | 344.1 | 357.0 | 352.9 |
| Erie ................................................................................ ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | 35.3 | $36.2{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 36.6 | 3.4 | 4.31 | 4.3 | 21.5 | 23.4 | 23.0 |
| Harrisburg Lebanon-Carlisle .............................................. | 53.3 | 52.71 | 52.1 | 17.9 | 17.5 | 17.6 | 55.0 | 58.9 | 58.1 |
| Johnstown ........................................................................... | 12.4 | 12.2: | 12.2 | 4.4 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 15.0 | 16.1 : | 15.7 |
| Lancaster ..................................................................... | 56.7i | 57.0 | 57.2 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 35.6 ! | 38.4 | 37.8 |
| Philadelphia PMSA .........................................................- | 392.4 | 396.7: | 397.6 | 93.6 | 94.3 | 94.9 | 441.2 | 458.6 | 452.4 |
| Philadelphia City ................................................................ | 107.9 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 45.4 | 44.9 | 45.2 | 142.5 | 145.9 | 144.2 |
| Pittsburgh .....................................................................) | 152.0, | 139.2 | 138.5: | 48.6 | 48.2 | 47.9 | $198.0^{\prime}$ | 203.5 | 200.1 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued



See footnotes at end of table.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA

STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued

(In thousands)


See footnotes at end of table.

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| State and area | Manufacturing |  |  | Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. 1984 | Jan. <br> 1985 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\boldsymbol{p}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| Pennsylvania-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reading | 52.6 | 52.8 | 52.4 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 27.8 | 29.71 | 29.5 |
| Scranton-Wilkes-Barre | 75.9 | 74.9 | 75.1 | 14.1 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 55.7 | 58.51 | 57.8 |
| Sharon | 10.0 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 8.9 | $9.6{ }^{1}$ | 9.3 |
| State College | 7.8 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 8.4 | 9.1 | 9.4 |
| Williamsport | 14.5 | 15.1 | 15.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 9.2 | 9.61 | 9.4 |
| York ................................................................................ | 58.2 | 60.0 | 59.7 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 34.2 | $36.9{ }_{i}$ | 36.4 |
| Rhode Island | 118.8 | 119.0 | 118.5 | 13.3 | 13.4 | 13.4 | 83.8 | 88.41 | 87.7 |
| Pawtucket-Woodsocket-Attleboro | 55.2 | 55.7 | 55.2 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 25.0 | 25.5! | 25.2 |
| Providence ....................................................................\| | 74.6 | 75.2 | 74.6 | 9.9 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 57.5 ! | 59.8 | 59.1 |
| South Carolina .................................................................\| | 375.2 | 378.1 ! | 374.7 | 54.0 | 55.3 | 55.4 | 244.6 | 268.0 | 267.5 |
| Charleston ......................................................................... | 19.2 | 20.1 \| | 19.9 | 7.8 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 37.8 | 41.2 | 40.9 |
| Columbia ........................................................................! | 27.7 | 28.6 | 28.7 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 40.7 ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | $41.8{ }^{\prime}$ | 41.2 |
| Greenville-Spartanburg ...................................................\| | 100.4 ] | 100.9 | 99.7 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 57.7 | 60.0 | 59.9 |
| South Dakota | 27.4 | 27.4 | 26.5 | 12.0 | 12.1 | 12.1 | 61.6\| | $63.2{ }^{1}$ | 62.6 |
| Sioux Falls | 8.5 | 8.6 | 7.8 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.7 \| | 15.9 | 16.2 | 15.8 |
| Tennessee | 486.9 | 490.8 | 490.1 | 85.2 | 89.5 | 91.2 | 390.8 | 428.3 ! | 426.7 |
| Chattanooga | 43.3 | 43.5 | 43.7 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 37.4 | 39.6 | 39.4 |
| Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol | 52.7 | 54.3 | 54.1 | 6.6 | 5.9 | 5.9 | $29.6{ }^{\text {\| }}$ | 31.3 | 29.9 |
| Knoxville | 50.01 | 50.8 | 50.7 | 8.3 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 51.2 | 53.6: | 53.3 |
| Memphis ..........................................................................\| | 52.7 | 51.7 | 52.2 | 28.8 | 31.3 | 31.3 | 98.0 | 104.0, | 103.9 |
| Nashville .......................................................................... | 83.71 | $86.0 \mid$ | 86.2 | 21.0 | 23.5 \| | 23.5 | 93.2 | 100.1 | 100.1 |
| Texas ................................................................................. | 979.8 | 999.6 | 999.2 | 367.3\| | 371.7 | 371.9 | 1,579.2 | 1,617.6 | 1,607.2 |
| Abilene | 5.3 | 5.71 | 5.7 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 13.6! | 14.4 | 14.5 |
| Amarillo ...........................................................................\| | 9.8 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 23.5 j | 24.0 | 23.9 |
| Austin ............................................................................. | 37.7 ! | 41.5! | 41.81 | 8.6 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 67.9 | $73.1{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 73.0 |
| Beaumont-Port Arthur | 31.5 i | 29.3 ! | 29.4 | 11.3 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 32.81 | 33.61 | 33.4 |
| Brazoria .........................................................................! | 17.2 | 17.0 | 16.8 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 10.5 | 10.6, | 10.7 |
| Brownsville-Harlingen .......................................................... | 10.5 ! | 10.71 | 10.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 ! | 17.4 | 18.3 | 18.4 |
| Bryan-College Station .......................................................... | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.31 | 1.6 ! | 1.6 | 1.6 | 10.0 ; | 10.6: | 10.6 |
| Corpus Christi .................................................................\| | 13.1 ! | 14.0 | 13.9 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 32.6 | 34.0 | 34.0 |
| Dallas ..............................................................................\| | 218.0 | 222.2 | 222.1 | 74.9 | 75.9 | 75.7 | 315.8 | $327.1{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 325.5 |
| El Paso ........................................................................... | 36.3 | 38.11 | 38.3 | 9.9 | $9.6 \mid$ | 9.7 | 39.3 ! | 41.0 | 40.7 |
| Ft. Worth-Arlington ............................................................ | 105.3 | 109.6 | 110.2 | 23.5 | 23.8 | 24.2 ! | 124.3: | 129.0: | 127.3 |
| Galveston-Texas City ....................................................... | 10.5 | 10.2 | 10.5 | 6.2 | 6.1\| | 5.9 | 13.6 | 13.3: | 13.4 |
| Houston ..........................................................................j | 174.5 ! | 175.1 | 174.3 | 99.0 | 101.3 | 101.0 | $362.2{ }^{\text { }}$ | 372.0 | 370.4 |
| Killeen-Temple .................................................................. | 8.3 ! | 8.51 | 8.4 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 14.6 | 15.8: | 15.6 |
| Laredo ...........................................................................i | 1.8 ' | 1.9 | 1.7 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.51 | 8.9 | 10.0; | 9.9 |
| Longview-Marshall ............................................................. | $14.9{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 15.3 ! | 15.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 16.0 ! | 16.6 | 16.3 |
| Lubbock ................................................................................ | 9.1 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 5.1 ! | 26.0 | 27.1 | 27.0 |
| McAllen-Edinburg-Mission ...............................................' | 10.5 | 11.2 | 11.4 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.71 | 24.3 | 25.0 | 25.0 |
| Midland ................................................................................i | 3.51 | 3.61 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 11.7. | $12.9{ }^{\prime}$ | 12.7 |
| Odessa ............................................................................. | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 2.7 | 2.71 | 2.7 | 14.4 , | 16.2 | 16.1 |
| San Angelo ....................................................................... | 5.4 | 5.31 | 5.5 | 3.8 | $3.8{ }^{\text {j }}$ | 3.81 | 8.9 | 9.7 | 9.8 |
| San Antonio .................................................................. | 50.41 | 51.5 | 51.7 | 18.0 ! | 17.9 | 17.9 | 114.4 | 122.5 | 121.4 |
| Sherman-Denison .............................................................' | 11.7 | $11.6 \mid$ | 12.1 | 2.1 | 2.11 | 2.1 ! | 7.4 | 8.1 | 8.1 |
| Texarkana .......................................................................... 1 | $6.8{ }^{1}$ | 7.7 | 7.7 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 10.1 | 11.8 | 11.7 |
| Tyler .... | 12.1 | 12.7 ! | 12.8 | 3.0 | 2.81 | 2.8 | 15.4 | 15.9 | 15.8 |
| Victoria ........................................................................... | 3.0, | 3.01 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 8.0 |
| Waco ..................................................................................... | 15.5 | 15.2 | 15.5 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 18.4 | 19.4 | 19.1 |
| Wichita Falls .................................................................... | 8.8 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.51 | 12.1! | 12.4 | 12.4 |
| Utah .................................................................................! | 90.6 | 95.3 | 95.4 | 36.3 | 36.2 ! | 36.21 | 133.9 | 144.0 | 142.7 |
| Provo-Orem ...................................................................... | 11.81 | 12.4 i | 12.3 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 | $13.2{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 14.4 | 14.2 |
| Salt Lake City-Ogden .......................................................! | 61.1 | 64.2 | 64.5 | 28.8 | 28.21 | 28.2! | 98.6 ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | 105.8 | 104.5 |
| Vermont ...........................................................................! | 48.1 i | 48.31 | 48.5 | 9.01 | 9.4 | 9.3 | 45.1 | 47.3 | 47.5 |
| Burlington ........................................................................ | 15.9; | 16.61 | 16.6 | 2.6 | 2.51 | 2.6 | 13.9 | 14.9 | 15.0 |
| Springfield ......................................................................... | 4.1; | 4.1 \| | 4.1 | . 6 | . | .71 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| See footnotes at end of |  |  |  | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... |  |  |

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)


See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)


B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| State and area | Manufacturing |  |  | Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. 1984 | Jan. <br> 1985 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1984 | Jan. 1985 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ |
| Virginia ............................................................................. ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 413.7 | 419.3 | 418.4 | 123.2 | 129.8 | 129.8 | 487.0 | 527.6 | 519.7 |
| Bristol .............................................................................! | 9.4 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 ! | 6.2 | 6.6 | 6.6 |
| Charlottesville .................................................................! | 10.1 | 10.1. | 9.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 10.2 | 10.6 | 10.6 |
| Danville ........................................................................... 1 | 18.1 | 17.4 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 17.5 | 9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 7.2 | 8.0 | 7.9 |
| Lynchburg ........................................................................ | 25.7 | 25.7 | 25.3 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.1 | $12.2{ }^{\text {1 }}$ | 13.0 | 13.0 |
| Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News ............................... | 65.5 | 67.7 | 67.2 | 24.5 | 24.8 | 24.9 ! | 108.0 | 117.2 | 116.0 |
| Northern Virginia ..............................................................\| | 27.2 | 30.41 | 30.5 | 37.5 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 123.0 | 133.6 | 131.2 |
| Richmond-Petersburg ...................................................... | $63.2{ }^{1}$ | 64.61 | 64.8 | 21.2 | 21.6 | 21.5 | 89.51 | 91.3 | 90.3 |
| Roanoke ........................................................................., | 19.91 | 20.91 | 20.61 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 26.0 ! | 28.6 | 28.1 |
| Washington ...................................................................... | 276.8 | 282.5 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 283.4 | 86.9 | 88.4 | 88.2 | 385.7 | 401.5 | 398.7 |
| Seattle ........................................................................... | $147.9{ }_{\text {i }}$ | 157.0 | 158.1 | 52.3 | 53.5 | 53.5 | 193.3 | 202.7 | 200.2 |
| West Virginia .....................................................................' | $90.2{ }^{\text {i }}$ | $89.1{ }^{1}$ | 88.61 | 38.7 | 38.5 | 38.4 | 125.5 | 130.6 | 128.6 |
| Charleston .......................................................................i | 13.31 | 13.31 | 13.2 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 26.5 | 27.6 | 27.5 |
| Huntington-Ashland .........................................................' | 20.5 | 20.91 | 20.7 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 24.0 | 25.1 | 24.8 |
| Parkersburg-Marietta ........................................................ | 14.6 | 14.7 | 14.4 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.21 | 13.0, | 13.5 | 13.4 |
| Wheeling ........................................................................ | 8.2 | 7.8 | 7.8! | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 14.6 | 14.7 | 14.6 |
| Wisconsin ......................................................................... | 503.21 | $510.0{ }_{i}$ | $503.0^{\prime}$ | 87.8 | 88.1 | $88.3{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 425.8 | 454.8 | 450.9 |
| Appleton-Oshkosh Neenah ...............................................i | 45.2 ! | 46.2 | 45.6 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.8 ! | 26.2 ! | 28.8 | 28.7 |
| Eau Claire .......................................................................\| | 8.7 | 9.0 | 9.2! | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 13.4 | 14.2 | 14.3 |
| Green Bay ....................................................................... ! | 21.8 | 22.3 | 22.2 | 5.91 | 5.9 | 5.91 | $22.0{ }^{\prime}$ | 23.3 | 23.1 |
| Janesville-Beloit ..............................................................\| | 18.5 | 18.8 | 18.5 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 11.8 | 12.3 | 12.2 |
| Kenosha .......................................................................... | $16.0{ }^{1}$ | 15.3 | 10.71 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 ! | 7.71 | 8.2 | 8.1 |
| La Crosse ........................................................................ | 10.21 | 10.9 | 10.8 ! | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 12.1 | 12.6 | 12.5 |
| Madison ........................................................................... | 19.3 | 20.7 | 20.4\| | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 37.2 | 39.3 | 39.1 |
| Milwaukee | 173.6, | 173.4 | 172.1\| | 32.7 | 32.7 | 32.9 | 141.2 | 147.9 | 146.5 |
| Racine ............................................................................' | 25.8 | 24.11 | 24.3 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 13.9 | 14.7 | 14.4 |
| Sheboygan ......................................................................! | 18.2 | $19.0{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 18.7 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 7.6 | 8.1 | 7.9 |
| Wausau ........................................................................... | 10.9 | 10.7, | 10.7\| | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 10.1 | 10.6 | 10.4 |
| Wyoming ......................................................................... | 7.4 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 16.2 | 15.5 | 15.3 | 43.5 | 42.4 | 42.2 |
| Puerto Rico ...................................................................... | 149.0 | (') | (1) 1 | 15.3 | (') | (') | 103.0 | (') | (') |
| Caguas ........................................................................... | 8.0 | (1) | (1) | (') | (') | (') | 5.0 | (') | (') |
| Mayaguez | 14.0 | () | (') | (1) | (') | (') | 5.3 | (') | (') |
| Ponce .............................................................................. | 9.7. | (') | (1) | (') ! | (') | (') | 7.1 | (') | (') |
| San Juan ................................................................................ | 32.2 | (') | (') i | 11.8 ! | (') | (') | 66.3 | (') | (') |
| Virgin Islands ....................................................................: | 2.5 | 2.11 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | $8.1{ }^{1}$ | 8.1 | 8.0 |

See footnotes at end of table.

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry-Continued
(In thousands)

| State and area | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Services |  |  | Government |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Virginia | 113.4 | 117.4 | 117.7 | 469.1 | 495.7 | 499.3\| | 505.1 | 516.4 | 519.3 |
| Bristol | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 4.9 |
| Charlottesville | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 9.4 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 20.4 | 22.4 | 22.3 |
| Danville .......... | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 5.1 ] | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.2 |
| Lynchburg | 3.1 ! | 3.2 | 3.2 | 12.1 | 12.3 | 12.5 | 8.8 | 9.21 | 9.2 |
| Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News | 20.6 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 96.9 | 102.0 | 102.8 | 120.4 | 123.11 | 124.3 |
| Northern Virginia | 32.9 | 35.8 | 35.51 | 158.3 | 170.3 | 170.1 | 129.4 | 141.2: | 141.2 |
| Richmond-Petersburg .....................................................\| | 29.0 | 29.3 | 29.4 | 69.0 | 69.6 | 70.4 i | 86.8 | 86.2 | 86.5 |
| Roanoke .........................................................................\| | 6.2 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 23.3 \| | 24.8 | 24.9 . | 14.4 | 14.51 | 14.6 |
| Washington .....................................................................i\| | 92.6 | 94.6 | 94.1 | 339.11 | $351.5 \mid$ | 353.91 | $339.7{ }^{1}$ | $345.1{ }^{\text {' }}$ | 347.3 |
| Seattle ............................................................................ | 58.4 ! | 60.1 | 60.1 | ${ }^{170.0}$ | 178.3 | 179.9 | 124.71 | 127.3i | 128.4 |
| West Virginia .................................................................... | 22.61 | 23.5 | 23.5 ! | 104.5 | 107.6 | 108.0 | 129.9 | ${ }^{131.0}{ }^{1}$ | 130.5 |
| Charleston | 5.3 ! | 5.6 | 5.6 | 21.7 ! | 22.2 | $22.3{ }^{\text { }}$ | 20.9 | 21.2 | 21.1 |
| Huntington-Ashland .......................................................... | 3.9\| | 3.9 | 3.9 | 15.8 | 16.3 | 16.3 | 19.0 | 19.7! | 19.2 |
| Parkersburg-Marietta ........................................................ | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 10.9! | 11.2 | 11.2 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.5 |
| Wheeling ...................................................................... | 2.81 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 14.4i | 14.5 | 14.6 | 9.1 : | $9.4{ }^{1}$ | 9.2 |
| Wisconsin | 99.4 | 104.2 | 104.2 | 390.6 | 407.31 | 410.2 | 316.6 | 318.9 | 328.7 |
| Appleton-Oshkosh Neenah .............................................. 1 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 6.4 | $22.3{ }^{\text {² }}$ | 22.5 | 22.6 | 16.1 | 15.6 | 16.2 |
| Eau Claire ........................................................................\| | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 10.4 i | 10.8 \| | 10.7 | 10.5 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 9.9 : | 10.4 |
| Green Bay ....................................................................... | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 17.0 | 17.4 | 17.5 | 10.1 : | 10.3 | 10.6 |
| Janesville-Beloit | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 9.5 | 9.7 \| | 9.9 | 6.5 | 6.41 | 6.5 |
| Kenosha .........................................................................\| | .9 | . 9 | . 9 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.2 |
| La Crosse ........................................................................ | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 11.7 ! | 12.3 | 12.1 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 7.3 |
| Madison ..........................................................................\| | 13.7 | 14.6 | 14.8 | 36.0 | 37.3 | $37.8{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 56.8 | 56.8 | 58.0 |
| Milwaukee ....................................................................... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 43.7 | 44.9 | 44.9 | 153.1 | 161.2 | 163.0 | 80.9 ! | 80.7 | 81.8 |
| Racine | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 12.1 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.9 |
| Sheboygan | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 6.7 ¢ | 6.6 | 6.6 | 5.3 : | 5.3 | 5.4 |
| Wausau ......................................................................... | 3.8 | 3.8 |  | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 5.5 |
| Wyoming ........................................................................ | 7.9 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 30.5 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 50.3 | $49.3{ }^{\text { }}$ | 50.2 |
| Puerto Rico ...................................................................... | 28.4 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (') | 87.5 | (') | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 245.8 | () | (') |
| Caguas ........................................................................... | () | (') | () | (') | (') | (') | 8.6 | (') | (1) |
| Mayaguez |  | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (') | ${ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 12.5 | (1) | ${ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ |
| Ponce |  | () | (1) | $6.8!$ | ${ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ | (1) | 15.8. | (') | (') |
| San Juan .............................................................................. | 21.6 | (') | (1) | 59.2 | ( ${ }^{1}$ ) | (') | 126.3 | () | (') |
| Virgin Islands ......................................................................\| | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | $6.3{ }^{1}$ | $6.4{ }^{\text {! }}$ | 6.5 | 13.7 | 13.4 | 13.4 |

[^16]C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers ${ }^{1}$ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

| Year and month | Total private ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Mining |  |  | Construction |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weekly hours | Hourly earnings | Weekly earnings | Weekly hours | Hourly earnings | Weekly earnings | Weekly hours | Hourly earnings | Weekly earnings |
|  | Annual averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1964 | 38.7 | \$2.36 | \$91.33 | 41.9 | \$2.81 | \$117.74 | 37.2 | \$3.55 | \$132.06 |
| 1965 | 38.8 | 2.46 | 95.45 | 42.3 | 2.92 | 123.52 | 37.4 | 3.70 | 138.38 |
| 1966 | 38.6 | 2.56 | 98.82 | 42.7 | 3.05 | 130.24 | 37.6 | 3.89 | 146.26 |
| 1967 | 38.0 | 2.68 | 101.84 | 42.6 | 3.19 | 135.39 | 37.7 | 4.11 | 154.95 |
| 1968 .. | 37.8 | 2.85 | 107.73 | 42.6 - | 3.35 | 142.71 | 37.3 | 4.41 | 164.49 |
| 1969 ............................ | 37.7 | 3.04 | 114.61 | 43.0 | 3.60 | 154.80 | 37.9 | 4.79 | 181.54 |
| 1970 | 37.1 | 3.23 | 119.83 | 42.7 | 3.85 | 164.40 | 37.3 | 5.24 | 195.45 |
| 1971 ............................ | 36.9 | 3.45 | 127.31 | 42.4 | 4.06 | 172.14 | 37.2 | 5.69 | 211.67 |
| 1972 ....................... | 37.0 | 3.70 | 136.90 | 42.6 | 4.44 | 189.14 | 36.5 | 6.06 | 221.19 |
| 1973 ...................... | 36.9 | 3.94 | 145.39 | 42.4 | 4.75 | 201.40 | 36.8 | 6.41 | 235.89 |
| 1974 ............................ | 36.5 | 4.24 | 154.76 | 41.9 | 5.23 | 219.14 | 36.6 | 6.81 | 249.25 |
| 1975 ............................. | 36.1 | 4.53 | 163.53 | 41.9 | 5.95 | 249.31 | 36.4 | 7.31 | 266.08 |
| 1976 ............................ | 36.1 | 4.86 | 175.45 | 42.4 | 6.46 | 273.90 | 36.8 | 7.71 | 283.73 |
| 1977 ........................... | 36.0 | 5.25 | 189.00 | 43.4 | 6.94 | 301.20 | 36.5 | 8.10 | 295.65 |
| 1978 ............................ | 35.8 | 5.69 | 203.70 | 43.4 | 7.67 | 332.88 | 36.8 | 8.66 | 318.69 |
| 1979 ............................. | 35.7 | 6.16 | 219.91 | 43.0 | 8.49 | 365.07 | 37.0 | 9.27 | 342.99 |
| 1980. | 35.3 | 6.66 | 235.10 | 43.3 | 9.17 | 397.06 | 37.0 | 9.94 | 367.78 |
| 1981 | 35.2 | 7.25 | 255.20 | 43.7 | 10.04 | 438.75 | 36.9 | 10.82 | 399.26 |
| 1982 .......................... | 34.8 | 7.68 | 267.26 | 42.7 | 10.77 | 459.88 | 36.7 | 11.63 | 426.82 |
| 1983. | 35.0 | 8.02 | 280.70 | 42.5 | 11.27 | 478.98 | 37.2 | 11.92 | 443.42 |
| 1984 ............................ | 35.3 | 8.33 | 294.05 | 43.4 | 11.58 | 502.57 | 37.8 | 12.03 | 454.73 |
|  | Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984: ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March ......................... | 35.0 | \$8.24 | \$288.40 | 42.8 | \$11.60 | \$496.48 | 36.7 | \$11.97 | \$439.30 |
| April ........................... | 35.3 | 8.29 | 292.64 | 43.0 | 11.62 | 499.66 | 37.5 | 11.95 | 448.13 |
| May | 35.2 | 8.28 | 291.46 | 43.2 | 11.56 | 499.39 | 38.2 | 11.99 | 458.02 |
| June .......................... | 35.5 | 8.29 | 294.30 | 43.7 | 11.57 | 505.61 | 38.6 | 11.94 | 460.88 |
| July ............................ | 35.6 | 8.32 | 296.19 | 43.0 | 11.57 | 497.51 | 38.6 | 11.97 | 462.04 |
| August ....................... | 35.5 | 8.30 | 294.65 | 43.5 | 11.57 | 503.30 | 38.5 | 12.01 | 462.39 |
| September .................. | 35.5 | 8.43 | 299.27 | 44.0 | 11.66 | 513.04 | 38.5 | 12.15 | 467.78 |
| October ...................... | 35.2 | 8.40 | 295.68 | 43.2 | 11.52 | 497.66 | 38.0 | 12.14 | 461.32 |
| November ....................) | 35.1 | 8.43 | 295.89 | 43.5 | 11.57 | 503.30 | 37.4 | 12.01 | 449.17 |
| December ...................! | 35.5 | 8.46 | 300.33 | 44.2 | 11.64 | 514.49 | 37.6 | 12.17 | 457.59 |
| 1985: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January .............................. February | 34.8 34.7 | 8.50 8.52 | 295.80 295.64 | 43.0 42.9 | 11.79 11.85 | 506.97 508.37 | 36.4 36.4 | 12.22 12.26 | 444.81 446.26 |
| March ${ }^{\text {P }}$............................ | 34.9 | 8.53 | 297.70 | 43.3 | 11.82 | 511.81 | 37.3 | 12.20 | 455.06 |

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
historical hours and earnings
C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date-Continued

| Year and month | Manufacturing |  |  |  | Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale trade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weekly hours | Hourly earnings | Hourly earnings, excluding overtime | Weekly earnings | Weekly hours | Hourly earnings | Weekly earnings | Weekly hours | Hourly earnings | Weekly earnings |
|  | Annual averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1964 | 40.7 | \$2.53 | \$2.43 | \$102.97 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{2}$ ) | 40.7 | \$2.52 | \$102.56 |
| 1965 ............................ | 41.2 | 2.61 | 2.50 | 107.53 | 41.3 | 33.03 | \$125.14 | 40.8 | 2.61 | 106.49 |
| 1966 | 41.4 | 2.71 | 2.59 | 112.19 | 41.2 | 3.11 | 128.13 | 40.7 | 2.73 | 111.11 |
| 1967 ....................... | 40.6 | 2.82 | 2.71 | 114.49 | 40.5 | 3.23 | 130.82 | 40.3 | 2.88 | 116.06 |
| 1968 .............................. | 40.7 | 3.01 | 2.88 | 122.51 | 40.6 | 3.42 | 138.85 | 40.1 | 3.05 | 122.31 |
| 1969 ............................ 1 | 40.6 | 3.19 | 3.05 | 129.51 | 40.7 | 3.63 | 147.74 | 40.2 | 3.23 | 129.85 |
| 1970 | 39.8 | 3.35 | 3.23 | 133.33 | 40.5 | 3.85 | 155.93 | 39.9 | 3.44 | 137.26 |
| 1971. | 39.9 | 3.57 | 3.45 | 142.44 | 40.1 | 4.21 | 168.82 | 39.5 | 3.65 | 144.18 |
| 1972 | 40.5 | 3.82 | 3.66 | 154.71 | 40.4 | 4.65 | 187.86 | 39.4 | 3.85 | 151.69 |
| 1973 .. | 40.7 | 4.09 | 3.91 | 166.46 | 40.5 | 5.02 | 203.31 | 39.3 | 4.08 | 160.34 |
| 1974 ........................... | 40.0 | 4.42 | 4.25 | 176.80 | 40.2 | 5.41 | 217.48 | 38.8 | 4.39 | 170.33 |
| 1975 ............................. | 39.5 | 4.83 | 4.67 | 190.79 | 39.7 | 5.88 | 233.44 | 38.7 | 4.73 | 183.05 |
| 1976. | 40.1 | 5.22 | 5.02 | 209.32 | 39.8 | 6.45 | 256.71 | 38.7 | 5.03 | 194.66 |
| 1977 ............................. | 40.3 | 5.68 | 5.44 | 228.90 | 39.9 | 6.99 | 278.90 | 38.8 | 5.39 | 209.13 |
| 1978 | 40.4 | 6.17 | 5.91 | 249.27 | 40.0 | 7.57 | 302.80 | 38.8 | 5.88 | 228.14 |
| 1979 ............................ | 40.2 | 6.70 | 6.43 | 269.34 | 39.9 | 8.16 | 325.58 | 38.8 | 6.39 | 247.93 |
| 1980 ............................. | 39.7 | 7.27 | 7.02 | 288.62 | 39.6 | 8.87 | 351.25 | 38.5 | 6.96 | 267.96 |
| 1981 ....................... | 39.8 | 7.99 | 7.72 | 318.00 | 39.4 | 9.70 | 382.18 | 38.5 | 7.56 | 291.06 |
| 1982 ............................ | 38.9 | 8.49 | 8.25 | 330.26 | 39.0 | 10.32 | 402.48 | 38.3 | 8.09 | 309.85 |
| 1983 ............................. | 40.1 | 8.83 | 8.51 | 354.08 | 39.0 | 10.80 | 421.20 | 38.5 | 8.54 | 328.79 |
| 1984 ........................... | 40.7 | 9.17 | 8.80 | 373.22 | 39.4 | 11.15 | 439.31 | 38.6 | 8.94 | 345.08 |
|  | Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March ......................... | 40.7 | \$9.09 | \$8.73 | \$369.96 | 39.0 | \$11.02 | \$429.78 | 38.3 | \$8.79 | \$336.66 |
| April .......................... | 40.9 | 9.11 | 8.75 | 372.60 | 39.3 | 11.07 | 435.05 | 38.5 | 8.89 | 342.27 |
| May ........................... | 40.6 | 9.11 | 8.76 | 369.87 | 39.2 | 11.03 | 432.38 | 38.6 | 8.86 | 342.00 |
| June .......................... | 40.8 | 9.14 | 8.77 | 372.91 | 39.8 | 11.07 | 440.59 | 38.7 | 8.90 | 344.43 |
| July ............................ | 40.3 | 9.18 | 8.82 | 369.95 | 40.0 | 11.18 | 447.20 | 38.8 | 8.97 | 348.04 |
| August. | 40.4 | 9.14 | 8.77 | 369.26 | 39.7 | 11.17 | 443.45 | 38.8 | 8.95 | 347.26 |
| September | 40.7 | 9.23 | 8.84 | 375.66 | 39.9 | 11.27 | 449.67 | 38.8 | 9.05 | 351.14 |
| October .... | 40.5 | 9.22 | 8.85 | 373.41 | 39.2 | 11.23 | 440.22 | 38.7 | 8.99 | 347.91 |
| November ................... | 40.7 | 9.30 | 8.92 | 378.51 | 39.5 | 11.29 | 445.96 | 38.7 | 9.06 | 350.62 |
| December ....... | 41.2 | 9.38 | 8.99 | 386.46 | 39.5 | 11.32 | 447.14 | 38.9 | 9.18 | 357.10 |
| 1985: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 40.3 | 9.42 | 9.06 | 379.63 | 38.9 | 11.31 | 439.96 | 38.4 | 9.14 | 350.98 |
| February ${ }^{\text {P ................... }}$ | 39.7 | 9.42 | 9.06 | 373.97 | 39.1 | 11.32 | 442.61 | 38.2 | 9.17 | 350.29 |
| March ${ }^{\circ}$....................... | 40.3 | 9.44 | 9.09 | 380.43 | 39.2 | 11.29 | 442.57 | 38.5 | 9.16 | 352.66 |

See footnotes at end of table.

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date-Continued

| Year and month | Retail trade |  |  | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Services |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weekly hours | Hourly earnings | Weekly earnings | Weekly hours | Hourly earnings | Weekly earnings | Weekly hours | Hourly earnings |  | Weekly earnings |
|  | Annual averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1964 | 37.0 | \$1.75 | \$64.75 | 37.3 | \$2.30 | \$85.79 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) |  | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| 1965 | 36.6 | 1.82 | 66.61 | 37.2 | 2.39 | 88.91 | 35.9 | \$2.05 |  | \$73.60 |
| 1966 | 35.9 | 1.91 | 68.57 | 37.3 | 2.47 | 92.13 | 35.5 | 2.17 |  | 77.04 |
| 1967 | 35.3 | 2.01 | 70.95 | 37.1 | 2.58 | 95.72 | 35.1 | 2.29 | i | 80.38 |
| 1968 . | 34.7 | 2.16 | 74.95 | 37.0 | 2.75 | 101.75 | 34.7 | 2.42 |  | 83.97 |
| 1969 ... | 34.2 | 2.30 | 78.66 | 37.1 | 2.93 | 108.70 | 34.7 | 2.61 |  | 90.57 |
| 1970. | 33.8 | 2.44 | 82.47 | 36.7 | 3.07 | 112.67 | 34.4 | 2.81 | ! | 96.66 |
| 1971. | 33.7 | 2.60 | 87.62 | 36.6 | 3.22 | 117.85 | 33.9 | 3.04 | , | 103.06 |
| 1972 ............................ | 33.4 | 2.75 | 91.85 | 36.6 | 3.36 | 122.98 | 33.9 | 3.27 |  | 110.85 |
| 1973 | 33.1 | 2.91 | 96.32 | 36.6 | 3.53 | 129.20 | 33.8 | 3.47 |  | 117.29 |
| 1974 | 32.7 | 3.14 | 102.68 | 36.5 | 3.77 | 137.61 | 33.6 | 3.75 |  | 126.00 |
| 1975 | 32.4 | 3.36 | 108.86 | 36.5 | 4.06 | 148.19 | 33.5 | 4.02 |  | 134.67 |
| 1976 ............................\| | 32.1 | 3.57 | 114.60 | 36.4 | 4.27 | 155.43 | 33.3 | 4.31 |  | 143.52 |
| 1977 | 31.6 | 3.85 | 121.66 | 36.4 | 4.54 | 165.26 | 33.0 | 4.65 | ! | 153.45 |
| 1978 | 31.0 | 4.20 | 130.20 | 36.4 | 4.89 | 178.00 | 32.8 | 4.99 |  | 163.67 |
| 1979 | 30.6 | 4.53 | 138.62 | 36.2 | 5.27 | 190.77 | 32.7 | 5.36 |  | 175.27 |
| 1980 | 30.2 | 4.88 | 147.38 | 36.2 | 5.79 | 209.60 | 32.6 | 5.85 |  | 190.71 |
| 1981 | 30.1 | 5.25 | 158.03 | 36.3 | 6.31 | 229.05 | 32.6 | 6.41 |  | 208.97 |
| 1982 | 29.9 | 5.48 | 163.85 | 36.2 | 6.78 | 245.44 | 32.6 | 6.92 |  | 225.59 |
| 1983 | 29.8 | 5.74 | 171.05 | 36.2 | 7.29 | 263.90 | 32.7 | 7.30 |  | 238.71 |
| 1984 | 30.0 | 5.89 | 176.70 | 36.5 | 7.62 | 278.13 | 32.8 | 7.62 |  | 249.94 |
|  | Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March | 29.6 | \$5.89 | \$174.34 | 36.3 | \$7.54 | \$273.70 | 32.6 | \$7.54 |  | \$245.80 |
| April | 29.8 | 5.90 | 175.82 | 36.5 | 7.62 | 278.13 | 32.7 | 7.60 |  | 248.52 |
| May ........................... | 30.0 | 5.88 | 176.40 | 36.3 | 7.55 | 274.07 | 32.6 | 7.55 | ; | 246.13 |
| June .......................... | 30.4 | 5.88 | 178.75 | 36.3 | 7.58 | 275.15 | 32.9 | 7.53 |  | 247.74 |
| July ........................... | 30.7 | 5.87 | 180.21 | 36.7 | 7.60 | 278.92 | 33.1 | 7.56 | i | 250.24 |
| August ........................\| | 30.6 | 5.84 | 178.70 | 36.4 | 7.57 | 275.55 | 33.0 | 7.53 |  | 248.49 |
| September .................. | 30.1 | 5.89 | 177.29 | 36.6 | 7.76 | 284.02 | 32.8 | 7.69 | , | 252.23 |
| October ......................\| | 29.7 | 5.88 | 174.64 | 36.5 | 7.67 | 279.96 | 32.6 | 7.69 | , | 250.69 |
| November | 29.7 | 5.94 | 176.42 | 36.4 | 7.71 | 280.64 | 32.6 | 7.74 |  | 252.32 |
| December ...................' | 30.6 | 5.89 | 180.23 | 36.7 | 7.78 | 285.53 | 32.8 | 7.82 |  | 256.50 |
| 1985: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | I |  |
| January ......................\| | 29.1 | 5.99 | 174.31 | 36.5 | 7.77 | 283.61 | 32.5 | 7.82 |  | 254.15 |
| February ${ }^{p}$...................i | 29.1 | 6.01 | 174.89 | 36.4 | 7.87 | 286.47 | 32.5 | 7.84 |  | 254.80 |
| March ${ }^{\text {P }}$....................... 1 | 29.4 | 6.00 | 176.40 | 36.4 | 7.88 | 286.83 | 32.5 | 7.85 |  | 255.13 |

' Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

Not available.
$=$ preliminary.
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry


See footnotes at end of table.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers ${ }^{1}$ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | 1972 <br> SIC <br> Code | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\text {p }} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\text {p }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\text {P }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Total private |  | \$8.24 | \$8.24 | \$8.50 | \$8.52 | \$8.53 | \$288.40 | \$288.40 | \$295.80 | \$295.64 | \$297.70 |
| Mining ...........................................................................\| |  | 11.49 | 11.60 | 11.79 | 11.85 | 11.82 | 492.92 | 496.48 | 506.97 | 508.37 | 511.81 |
| Metal mining | 10 | 12.81 | 12.85 | 13.25 | 13.30 | - | 516.24 | 520.43 | 536.63 | 541.31 | - |
| Iron ores | 101 | 12.36 | 12.45 | 12.74 ${ }^{\text {\| }}$ | 13.13 | - | 484.51 | 478.08 | 505.78 | 517.32 | - |
| Copper ores | 102 | 13.35 | 13.31 | 13.88! | 13.68 | - | 551.36 | 551.03 | 582.96 | 586.87 | - |
| Coal mining | 11,12 | 14.42 | 14.56 | 15.18, | 15.40 | - | 592.66 | 601.33 | 620.86 | 623.70 | - |
| Bituminous coal and lignite mining ................................ | 12 | 14.47 | 14.61 | 15.24 | 15.47 | - | 594.72 | 603.39 | 623.32 | 628.08 | - |
| Oil and gas extraction ..................................................; | 13 | 10.61 | 10.72 | $10.86{ }^{\text { }}$ | 10.82 | - | 466.84 | 466.32 | 478.93 | 477.16 | - |
| Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids . | 131,2 | 12.70 | 12.75 | 13.28 | 13.20 | - | 534.67 | 527.85 | 575.02 | 559.68 | - |
| Oil and gas field services ...........................................l |  | 9.82 | 9.94 | 10.00 | 9.99 | - | 438.95 | 441.34 | 444.00 | 447.55 | - |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels | 14 | 9.71 | 9.64 | 10.01 | 10.15 | - | 414.62 | 416.45 | 420.42 | 424.27 | - |
| Crushed and broken stone .......... | 142 | 8.92 | 8.90 | 9.15 | 9.23 | - | 379.99 | 383.59 | 388.88 | 384.89 | - |
| Construction |  | 11.99 | 11.97 | 12.22 | 12.26 | 12.20 | 443.63 | 439.30 | 444.81 | 446.26 | 455.06 |
| General building contractors | 15 | 10.70 | 10.69 | 11.02 | 11.11 | - | 390.55 | 388.05 | 395.62 | 394.41 | - |
| Residential building construction ................................. | 152 | 9.91 | 9.91 | 10.37 | 10.50 | - | 353.79 | 352.80 | 365.02 | 366.45 | - |
| Operative builders | 153 | 8.90 | 8.75 | 9.50 | 9.25 | - | 341.76 | 340.38 | 364.80 | 347.80 | - |
| Nonresidential building construction ............................ | 154 | 11.57 | 11.57 | 11.74 | 11.81 : | - | 429.25 | 425.78 | 426.16 | 423.98 | - |
| Heavy construction contractors | 16 | 11.75 | 11.81 | 11.86 | 12.02 | - | 479.40 | 474.76 | 472.03 | 478.40 | - |
| Highway and street construction | 161 | 9.90 | $9.97 \mid$ | 10.05 | 10.48 | - | 395.01 | 388.83 | 402.00 | 409.77 | - |
| Heavy construction, except highway ............................ | 162 | 12.36 | 12.46 | 12.52 | 12.54 | - | 508.00 | 507.12 | 497.04 | 501.60 | - |
| Special trade contractors | 17 | 12.68 | 12.63 | 12.88 | 12.85 | - | 456.48 | 450.89 | 458.53 | 460.03 | - |
| Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning | 171 | 12.53 | 12.52 | 13.00 | 12.96 | - | 467.37 | 467.00 | 492.70 | 482.11 | - |
| Painting, paper hanging, and decorating | 172 | 11.63 | 11.56 | 11.90 | 11.81 | - | 403.56 | 396.51 | 405.79 | 407.45 | - |
| Electrical work ........................................................... | 173 | 14.04 | 14.00 | 14.09 | 14.06 | - | 541.94 | 533.40 | 539.65 | 528.66 | - |
| Masonry, stonework, and plastering | 174 | 12.49 | 12.44 | 12.85 | 12.84 | - | 428.41 | 420.47 | 426.62 | 435.28 | - |
| Carpentering and flooring | 175 | 11.56 | 11.28 | 11.72 \| | 11.69 | - | 397.66 | 383.52 | 399.65 | 399.80 | - |
| Rooling and sheet metal work | . 176 | 10.96 | 10.72 | 11.15' | 10.81 | - | 338.66 | 330.18 | 334.50 | 338.35 | - |
| Manufacturing |  | 9.06 | 9.09 | 9.42 | 9.42 | 9.44 | 368.74 | 369.96 | 379.63 | 373.97 | 380.43 |
| Durable goods |  | 9.63 | 9.66 | 9.97 | 9.97 | 9.99 | 398.68 | 399.92 | 409.77 | 401.79 | 410.59 |
| Lumber and wood products | 24 | 7.88 | 7.87 | 8.05 | $8.06!$ | 8.01 | 313.62 | 314.01 | 313.15 | 308.70 | 313.19 |
| Logging camps and logging contractors | 241 | 10.21 | 10.31 | 10.70 | 10.70 | - | 395.13 | 403.12 | 403.39 | 388.41 | - |
| Sawmills and planing mills ........ | 242 | 8.36 | 8.35 | 8.45 | 8.43 ; | - | 344.43 | 339.85 | 338.00 | 332.14 | - |
| Sawmills and planing mills, general | 2421 | 8.821 | 8.80 ! | 8.89 | 8.86 | - | 365.15 | 360.80 | 356.49 | 351.74 | - |
| Hardwood dimension and flooring | 2426 | 5.73 | 5.76 | 6.05 | 6.07 | - | 232.07 | 229.25 | 243.82 | 234.91 | - |
| Millwork, plywood, and structural members | 243 | 7.72 | 7.72 | 7.92 | 8.01 | - | 305.71 | 309.57 | 312.05 | 306.78 | - |
| Millwork | 2431 | 7.90 | 7.85 | 8.07 | 8.19 | - | 311.26 | 312.43 | 311.50 | 307.13 | - |
| Wood kitchen cabinets | 2434 | 7.06 | 7.03 | 7.13 | 7.20 | - | 273.93 | 277.69 | 279.50 | 267.84 | - |
| Hardwood veneer and plywood | 2435 | 6.25 | $6.31{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 6.50 | 6.46 | - | 253.75 | 256.19 | 262.60 | 257.11 | - |
| Softwood veneer and plywood | 2436 | 9.45 | 9.57 | 9.86 | 9.87 | - | 383.67 | 392.37 | 407.22 | 406.64 | - |
| Wood containers | 244 | 5.63 | 5.65 | 5.75 | 5.82 | - | 218.44 | 218.09 | 213.33 | 214.76 | - |
| Wood buildings and mobile homes | 245 | 6.95 | 6.95 | 7.10 | 7.13 | - | 253.68 | 260.63 | 249.21 | 254.54 | - |
| Mobile homes ...................... | 2451 | 6.97 | 6.98 | 7.13 | 7.12 | - | 254.41 | 265.94 | 251.69 | 256.32 | - |
| Miscellaneous wood products | 249 | 6.75 | 6.75 | 6.95 | 7.01 | - | 272.03 | 270.00 | 276.61 | 278.30 | - |
| Furniture and fixtures .................................................\| | \|25 | 6.75 | 6.76 | 7.03 | 7.04 | 7.08 | 263.93 | 267.02 | 276.98 | 271.74 | 277.54 |
| Household furniture | 251 | 6.21 | $6.23!$ | 6.43 ! | 6.44 | - | 240.95 | 243.59 | 250.77 | 246.01 | - |
| Wood household furniture ...................................... | 2511 | 5.69 | 5.691 | 5.881 | 5.92 | - | 223.05 | 223.62 | 229.91 | 225.55 | - |
| Upholstered household furniture ............................ | 2512 | 6.75 | 6.76 | 7.00 1 | 7.00 ! | - | 255.15 | 260.94 | 272.30 | 268.80 | - |
| Metal household furniture ....................................... | 2514 | 6.24 i | 6.31 ' | $6.58{ }^{\prime}$ | 6.60 | - | 251.47 | 251.14 | 260.57 | 262.68 | - |
| Mattresses and bedsprings .................................... | 2515 | 7.001 | 7.05 ; | $7.13{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 7.06 | - | 268.80 | 271.43 | 268.80 | 259.10 | - |
| Office furniture ........................................................ | 252 | 7.47 | 7.43 | 7.97 | 7.93 | - | 300.29 | 304.63 | 326.77 | 317.99 | - |
| Public building and related furniture | 253 | 7.40 | 7.44 | 7.60 | 7.61 | - | 295.26 | 299.09 | 304.00 | 290.70 | - |
| Partitions and fixtures | 254 | 8.22 | 8.21 . | 8.32 | 8.41 | - | 318.94 | 323.47 | 326.98 | 326.31 | - |
| Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures ......................... ! | 1259 | 7.30 | 7.27: | 7.60 | 7.59 | - | 292.73 | 287.89 | 300.96 | 296.01 | - |
| Stone, clay, and glass products .................................. | 32 | 9.38 | 9.40 | 9.69 | 9.71 | 9.71 | 389.27 | 389.16 | 392.45 | 391.31 | 401.99 |
| Flat glass .............................................................. | 321 | 12.54 | 12.73 | 13.56 | 13.42 : | - | 541.73 | 553.76 | 595.28 | 575.72 | - |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or blown ...................\| | \|322 | 10.19 | 10.25 | 10.68 | 10.67 | - | 414.73 | 416.15 | 433.61 | 424.67 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued


See footnotes at end of table.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued


ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued


See footnotes at end of table.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | 1972 <br> SIC <br> Code | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Feb. 1984 | Mar. <br> 1984 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\text {p }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\text {p }} \end{gathered}$ |
| Durable goods-Continued <br> Machinery, except electrical-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction and related machinery | 353 | \$10.62 | \$10.71 | \$10.72 | \$10.71 | - | \$437.54 | \$444.47 | \$447.02 | \$441.25 | - |
| Construction machinery | 3531 | 11.34 | 11.41 | 11.56 | 11.51 | - | 464.94 | 471.23 | 483.21 | 471.91 | - |
| Mining machinery | 3532 | 11.21 | 11.18 | 11.39 | 11.38 | - | 460.73 | 462.85 | 466.99 | 457.48 | - |
| Oil field machinery | 3533 | 11.02 | 11.12 | 10.78 | 10.84 | - | 460.64 | 470.38 | 463.54 | 460.70 | - |
| Conveyors and conveying equipme | 3535 | 8.95 | 9.18 | 9.90 | 9.92 | - | 352.63 | 369.95 | 396.99 | 397.79 | - |
| Industrial trucks and tractors | 3537 | 9.09 | 9.15 | 9.24 | 9.22 | - | 375.42 | 381.56 | 376.07 | 365.11 | - |
| Metalworking machinery | 354 | 10.07 | 10.05 | 10.35 | 10.40 | - | 431.00 | 430.14 | 444.02 | 438.88 | - |
| Machine tools, metal cutting types | 3541 | 9.98 | 10.03 | 10.36 | 10.45 | - | 422.15 | 421.26 | 443.41 | 442.04 | - |
| Machine tools, metal forming types | 3542 | 10.59 | 10.60 | 10.67 | 10.75 | - | 453.25 | 453.68 | 441.74 | 434.30 | - |
| Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures | 3544 | 10.70 | 10.70 | 11.04 | 11.06 | - | 466.52 | 467.59 | 483.55 | 475.58 | - |
| Machine tool accessories | 3545 | 9.22 | 9.11 | 9.37 | 9.42 | - | 389.08 | 382.62 | 397.29 | 391.87 | - |
| Power driven hand tools | 3546 | 8.16 | 8.11 | 8.34 | 8.37 | - | 333.74 | 329.27 | 343.61 | 336.47 | - |
| Special industry machinery | 355 | 9.56 | 9.62 | 10.03 | 9.99 | - | 397.70 | 400.19 | 416.25 | 413.59 | - |
| Food products machinery | 3551 | 10.02 | 10.07 | 10.30 | 10.31 | - | 418.84 | 417.91 | 429.51 | 426.83 | - |
| Textile machinery | 3552 | 7.44 | 7.54 | 7.84 | 7.86 | - | 310.99 | 315.17 | 324.58 | 321.47 | - |
| Printing trades machinery | 3555 | 9.84 | 9.97 | 10.62 | 10.47 | - | 410.33 | 415.75 | 431.17 | 429.27 | - |
| General industrial machinery | 356 | 9.67 | 9.66 | 9.88 | 9.95 | - | 407.11 | 405.72 | 410.02 | 404.97 | - |
| Pumps and pumping equipment | 3561 | 10.18 | 10.16 | 10.46 | 10.55 | - | 429.60 | 427.74 | 430.95 | 422.00 | - |
| Ball and roller bearings .............. | 3562 | 9.75 | 9.89 | 10.07 | 10.21 | - | 429.00 | 433.18 | 433.01 | 436.99 | - |
| Air and gas compressors | 3563 | 9.61 | 9.45 | 9.93 | 10.07 | - | 395.93 | 388.40 | 408.12 | 409.85 | - |
| Blowers and fans ........... | 3564 | 8.78 | 8.64 | 8.72 | 8.73 | - | 352.96 | 351.65 | 348.80 | 343.96 | - |
| Speed changers, drives, and gears | 3566 | 10.24 | 10.21 | 10.60 | 10.64 | - | 421.89 | 412.48 | 437.78 | 420.28 | - |
| Power transmission equipment, nec | 3568 | 9.74 | 9.80 | 10.08 | 10.03 | - | 411.03 | 407.68 | 414.29 | 399.19 | - |
| Office and computing machines | 357 | 8.83 | 8.84 | 8.97 | 9.05 | - | 372.63 | 373.93 | 375.84 | 371.96 | - |
| Electronic computing equipment | 3573 | 8.75 | 8.77 | 8.89 | 8.96 | - | 371.00 | 371.85 | 375.16 | 369.15 | - |
| Refrigeration and service machinery | 358 | 9.59 | 9.65 | 9.91 | 9.89 | - | 396.07 | 400.48 | 397.39 | 387.69 | - |
| Refrigeration and heating equipment | 3585 | 9.86 | 9.90 | 10.24 | 10.19 | - | 410.18 | 412.83 | 416.77 | 401.49 | - |
| Misc. machinery, except electrical | 359 | 9.68 | 9.68 | 9.98 | 9.94 | - | 402.69 | 403.66 | 416.17 | 406.55 | - |
| Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves | 3592 | 11.59 | 11.65 | 12.85 | 12.42 | - | 486.78 | 492.80 | 553.84 | 512.95 | - |
| Machinery, except electrical, nec ......... | 3599 | 9.35 | 9.33 | 9.46 | 9.51 | - | 388.03 | 388.13 | 392.59 | 388.96 | - |
| Electrical and electronic equipment | 36 | 8.86 | 8.88 | 9.28 | 9.27 | \$9.34 | 364.15 | 364.08 | 377.70 | 369.87 | \$379.20 |
| Electric distributing equipment | 361 | 8.42 | 8.49 | 8.76 | 8.76 | - | 341.01 | 343.85 | 359.16 | 355.66 | - |
| Transformers ...... | 3612 | 8.36 | 8.45 | 8.81 | 8.74 | - | 345.27 | 347.30 | 368.26 | 360.09 | - |
| Switchgear and switchboard apparatus | 3613 | 8.47 | 8.53 | 8.72 | 8.79 | - | 338.80 | 342.05 | 352.29 | 351.60 | - |
| Electrical industrial apparatus .................. | 362 | 8.98 | 9.01 | 9.44 | 9.48 | - | 369.08 | 371.21 | 384.21 | 377.30 | - |
| Motors and generators | 3621 | 9.00 ; | 9.03 | 9.46 | 9.46 | - | 376.20 | 376.55 | 391.64 | 382.18 | - |
| Industrial controls ........ | 3622 | 8.64 | 8.65 | 9.13 | 9.25 | - | 343.01 | 346.87 | 359.72 | 355.20 | - |
| Household appliances | 363 | $8.90{ }^{\text {! }}$ | 8.87 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 9.06 | 9.10 | - | 361.34 | 356.57 | 360.59 | 343.07 | - |
| Household refrigerators and freezers | 3632 | 10.19 | 10.22 | 10.39 | 10.42 | - | 413.71 | 415.95 | 412.48 | 394.92 | - |
| Household laundry equipment ........... | 3633 | 10.69 | 10.40 | 10.81 ! | 10.86 | - | 451.12 | 412.88 | 441.05 | 380.10 | - |
| Electric housewares and fans | 3634 | 6.84 | 6.85 | 7.03 | 7.09 | - | 270.86 | 269.21 | 273.47 | 268.71 | - |
| Electric lighting and wiring equipment | 364 | 8.31 | 8.34 | 8.59 | 8.58 | - | 339.88 | 342.77 | 341.02 | 338.91 | - |
| Electric lamps ................................ | 3641 | 9.52 | 9.54 | 9.99 | 9.97\| | - | 388.42 | 400.68 | 414.59 | 414.75 | - |
| Current-carrying wiring devices ............................... | 3643 | 7.78 | 7.82 | 7.76 | 7.86 | - | 322.09 | 322.97 | 297.21 | 306.54 | - |
| Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices .......................... | 3644 | 8.46 | 8.45 | 8.86 | 8.84 | - | 337.55 | 333.78 | 358.83 | 349.18 | - |
| Residential lighting fixtures ....................................... | 3645 | 6.53 | 6.51 | 6.74 | 6.50 | - | 261.85 | 258.45 | 260.84 | 251.55 | - |
| Radio and TV receiving equipment ............................. | 365 | 8.76 | 8.80 | 9.20 | 8.91 | - | 355.66 | 360.80 | 358.80 | 332.34 | - |
| Radio and TV receiving sets ................................... | 3651 | 9.09 | 9.10 | 9.47 | 9.13 | - | 374.51 | 381.29 | 375.96 | 340.55 | - |
| Communication equipment ........................................ | 366 | 10.55 | 10.62 | 11.06 | 11.03 | - | 438.88 | 435.42 | 461.20 | 454.44 | - |
| Telephone and telegraph apparatus ....................... | 3661 | 10.53 | 10.48 | 10.78 | 10.79 | - | 441.21 | 427.58 | 454.92 | 448.86 | - |
| Radio and TV communication equipment ................ | 3662 | 10.55 | 10.69 | 11.21 | 11.15 | - | 436.77 | 439.36 | 464.09 | 457.15 | - |
| Electronic components and accessories ................... | 367 | 7.71 | 7.72 | 8.12 | 8.12 | - | 317.65 | 318.06 | 330.48 | 324.80 | - |
| Electronic tubes ............................... | 3671-3 | 9.95 | 10.03 | $10.33 j$ | 10.36 | - | 419.89 | 431.29 | 447.29 | 434.08 | - |
| Semiconductors and related devices | 3674 | 9.03 | 9.01 | 9.56 | 9.55 | - | 376.55 | 377.52 | 389.09 | 378.18 | - |
| Electronic components, nec .............. | 3679 | 7.07 | 7.09 | 7.40 | 7.41 | - | 289.87 | 289.98 | 301.92 | 300.11 | - |
| Misc. electrical equipment and supplies .................... | 369 | 9.60 | 9.69 | 10.10 | 10.03 | - | 398.40 | 401.17 | 411.07 | 396.19 | - |
| Storage batteries ............. | 3691 | 10.05 | 10.16 | 10.47 | 10.62 | - | 415.07 | 408.43 | 420.89 | 426.92 | - |
| Engine electrical equipment ................................... | 3694 | 10.09 | 10.35 | 10.72 | 10.57 | - | 425.80 | 438.84 | 442.74 | 413.29 | - |

[^17]C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolis by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  |  | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Durable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation equipment ..........................................\|37 | 137 | 42.9 | 43.0 | 43.0 | 41.5 | 42.8 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 4.7 | - |
| Motor vehicles and equipment ................................. | 371 | 43.9 | 44.4 | 44.2 | 41.8 | 43.9 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 5.3 | - |
| Motor vehicles and car bodies | 3711 | 43.8 | 45.2 | 45.0 | 42.0 | - | 5.7 | 7.1 | 7.7 | 5.8 | - |
| Truck and bus bodies | 3713 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 41.3 | 39.0 | - | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 3.9 | - |
| Motor vehicle parts and accessories | 3714 | 44.6 | 44.3 | 44.2 | 42.1 | - | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.3 | - |
| Truck trailers | 3715 | 41.7 | 42.2 | 39.7 | 38.8 | - | 4.2 | 4.4 | 2.0 | 1.9 | - |
| Aircraft and parts | 372 | 42.2 | 41.6 | 42.3 | 42.2 | - | 3.8 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 4.8 | - |
| Aircraft ............ | \|3721 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Aircraft engines and engine parts | 3724 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 42.7 | 41.0 | - | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 5.1 | - |
| Aircraft equipment, nec | 3728 | 42.8 | 42.3 | 43.2 | 43.2 | - | 4.1 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 5.5 | - |
| Ship and boat building and repairing | 373 | 41.4 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 40.1 | - | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 3.1 | - |
| Ship building and repairing ............. | 3731 | 41.3 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 40.1 | - | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.3 | - |
| Boat building and repairing | 3732 | 41.6 | 41.3 | 39.9 | 40.0 | - | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 2.7 | - |
| Railroad equipment | 374 | 38.4 | 40.2 | 39.5 | 39.2 | - | 1.5 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | - |
| Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts ................ 37 | \|376 | 42.1 | 41.7 | 42.3 | 41.7 | - | 3.4 | 3.3 | 4.7 | 4.3 | - |
| Guided missiles and space vehicles .... | 3761 | 42.4 | 41.9 | 42.3 | 42.1 | - | 3.5 | 3.4 | 5.0 | 4.9 | - |
| Miscellaneous transportation equipment ................... | 1379 | 39.9 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 37.4 | - | 2.8 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 2.8 | - |
| Travel trailers and campers .................................. | 3792 | 38.6 | 39.2 | 38.6 | 32.9 | - | 2.5 | 3.1 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1 - |
| Instruments and related products | 38 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 40.5 | 41.1 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.5 | - |
| Engineering and scientific instruments | 1381 | 41.3 | 40.9 | 41.9 | 41.9 | - | 2.6 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.8 | - |
| Measuring and controlling devices ..........................\| | \|382 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 40.9 | 40.0 | - | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.2 | - |
| Environmental controls ........ | 3822 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 39.4 | 36.9 | - | 2.9 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 | - |
| Process control instruments .................................. | 3823 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 41.4 | - | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.9 | - |
| Instruments to measure electricity .........................\| | 3825 | 42.1 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 41.1 | - | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | - |
| Optical instruments and lenses ................................ | ; 383 | 42.7 | 44.0 | 42.2 | 41.5 | - | 3.2 | 3.9 | 3.2 | 3.0 | - |
| Medical instruments and supplies | 384 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 39.9 | - | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | - |
| Surgical and medical instruments .......................... | 3841 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 40.1 | - | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | - |
| Surgical appliances and supplies | 3842 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 39.6 | - | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.3 | - |
| Ophthalmic goods | 385 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 39.3 | - | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | - - |
| Photographic equipment and supplies | 386 | 41.7 | 42.4 | 42.8 | 42.7 | - | 2.5 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 3.2 | - |
| Watches, clocks, and watchcases ...... | 387 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 39.2 | 39.5 | - | 2.7 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 2.7 | - |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ............ | 39 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 38.6 | 38.5 | 39.0 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 1.7 | - |
| Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware ......................... | 391 | 37.9 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 37.6 | - | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | - |
| Jewelry, precious metal ........................................ | 3911 | 36.8 | 36.7 | 36.9 | 36.6 | - | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.2 | - |
| Musical instruments ................................................ | 1393 | 40.1 i | 39.5 | 38.8 | 37.3 | - | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.3 | - |
| Toys and sporting goods ........................................................ | 394 | 40.2 ? | 40.3 | 38.0 | 38.2 | - | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 | - |
| Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles ............. | 3942,4 | 39.3 : | 38.9 | 37.2 | 38.2 | - | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.1 | - |
| Sporting and athletic goods, nec ........................... | 3949 | 40.9 : | 41.5 | 38.7 | 38.2 | - | 2.7 | 3.2 | 1.5 | 1.4 | - |
| Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies | 395 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 39.8 | 40.7 | - | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.7 | - |
| Costume jewelry and notions .................................. | 396 | 37.1 | 36.8 | 37.5 | 38.0 | - | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.8 | - |
| Costume jewelry .................................................. | 3961 | 35.4 | 35.7 | 36.5 | 36.5 | - | 1.4 | 1.6 | . 9 | 1.0 | - |
| Miscellaneous manufactures | 399 | 40.1 | 40.1 ; | 39.4 | 38.8 | - | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.1 | - |
| Signs and advertising displays ... | 3993 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 39.0 | - | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 2.0 | - |
| Nondurable goods |  | 39.6 | 39.61 | 39.2 | 38.8 | 39.3 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
|  | 20 | 39.1 | 39.3 । | 39.5 | 38.9 | 39.4 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.3 | - |
| Meat products ........................................................ | 201 | 38.0 | 38.8 | 39.4 | 37.9 | - | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.7 | - |
| Meat packing plants ................................................. | 2011 | 39.5 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 39.5 | - | 3.4 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 2.9 | - |
| Sausages and other prepared meats ..................... | 2013 | 38.7 | 38.9 . | 39.3 | 38.4 | - | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 3.1 | - |
| Poultry dressing plants .......................................... | 2016 | 36.0 | 36.8 | 37.9 | 35.9 | - | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.0 | - |
| Dairy products ........................................................... | 202 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 40.8 | - | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 | - |
| Cheese, natural and processed ............................. | 2022 | 39.2 | 38.9 | 38.8 | 39.5 | - | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 3.6 | - |
| Fluid milk ................................ | 2026 | 41.7 | 41.9 | 41.6 | 41.6 | - | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | - |
| Preserved fruits and vegetables | 203 | 38.8 | 38.4 | 38.0 | 37.2 | - | 3.2 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.7 | - |
| Canned specialties | 2032 | 40.6 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 37.5 | - | 6.2 | 3.7 | 5.9 | 3.9 | - |
| Canned fruits and vegetables | . 2033 | 39.0 | 38.3 | 37.9 | 37.8 | - | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2.9 | - |
| Frozen fruits and vegetables. | . 2037 | 38.2 | 37.8 | 37.6 | 36.1 | - | 3.0 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.8 | - |
| Grain mill products ........... | 204 | 42.3 | 42.4 | 44.2 | 43.3 | - | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 5.6 | - |
| Flour and other grain mill products | 2041 | 44.2 | 44.4 | 46.4 | 47.0 | - | 6.4 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 7.3 | - |
| Prepared feeds, nec. | . 2048 | 42.3 | 42.6 | 43.2 | 42.4 | - | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 5.1 | - |
| Bakery products ...... | 205 | 38.1 | 38.4 | 38.3 | 38.9 | - | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 3.2 | - |
| Bread, cake, and related products ......................... | 2051 | 37.3 | 37.6 | 37.1 | 37.8 | - | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.1 | - |
| Cookies and crackers ............................................ | [2052 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 41.3 | 41.8 | - | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 3.5 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued


See footnotes at end of table.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued


## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | 1972 <br> SIC <br> Code | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1984 | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Nondurable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food and kindred products-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sugar and confectionery products ...... | 206 | \$8.17 | \$8.25 | \$8.33 | \$8.40 | - | \$330.07 | \$323.40 | \$334.03 | \$329.28 | - |
| Cane and beet sugar .......... | 2061-3 | 9.65 | 9.92 | 9.48 | 9.65 | - | 414.95 | 399.78 | 419.02 | 403.37 | - |
| Confectionery products | 2065 | 7.02 | 7.11 | 7.15 | 7.26 | - | 274.48 | 273.74 | 270.27 | 273.70 | - |
| Fats and oils | 207 | 8.84 | 8.82 | 8.54 | 8.66 | - | 382.77 | 375.73 | 375.76 | 370.65 | - |
| Beverages | 208 | 10.75 | 10.94 | 11.27 | 11.28 | - | 426.78 | 440.88 | 447.42 | 443.30 | - |
| Malt beverages | 2082 | 14.50 | 14.77 | 15.51 | 15.54 | - | 617.70 | 648.40 | 656.07 | 635.59 | - |
| Bottled and canned soft drinks | 2086 | 8.14 | 8.21 | 8.37 | 8.41 | - | 312.58 | 317.73 | 323.08 | 323.79 | - |
| Misc. food and kindred products | 209 | 7.68 | 7.65 | 7.67 | 7.79 | - | 288.77 | 287.64 | 284.56 | 293.68 | - |
| Tobacco manufactures | 21 | 11.13 | 11.29 | 11.20 | 11.60 | \$11.69 | 405.13 | 416.60 | 417.76 | 431.52 | \$429.02 |
| Cigarettes | 211 | 13.40 | 13.39 | 14.18 | 14.22 | - | 481.06 | 500.79 | 530.33 | 531.83 | - |
| Textile mill products | 22 | 6.40 | 6.41 | 6.59 | 6.60 | 6.63 | 259.84 | 258.96 | 257.01 | 254.10 | 257.24 |
| Weaving mills, cotton | 221 | 6.76 | 6.75 | 6.85 | 6.84 | - | 273.78 | 267.98 | 271.95 | 266.08 | - |
| Weaving mills, synthetics | 222 | 6.88 | 6.88 | 7.04 | 7.08 | - | 284.83 | 280.02 | 277.38 | 275.41 | - |
| Weaving and finishing mills, wool | 223 | 6.73 | 6.75 | 6.91 | 6.96 | - | 285.35 | 276.75 | 290.91 | 286.75 | - |
| Narrow fabric mills | 224 | 6.04 | 6.04 | 6.28 | 6.27 | - | 247.64 | 246.43 | 246.80 | 247.04 | - |
| Knitting mills | 225 | 5.84 | 5.86 | 6.09 | 6.07 | - | 226.59 | 226.78 | 224.11 | 223.38 | - |
| Women's hosiery, except sock | 2251 | 5.71 | 5.73 | 6.10 | 5.98 | - | 228.40 | 225.19 | 236.07 | 233.22 | - |
| Hosiery, nec | 2252 | 5.55 | 5.62 | 5.72 | 5.72 | - | 207.57 | 211.31 | 204.20 | 207.06 | - |
| Knit outerwear mills | 2253 | 5.69 | 5.72 | 5.94 | 5.95 | - | 214.51 | 216.22 | 213.25 | 210.63 | - |
| Knit underwear mills | 2254 | 5.55 | 5.56 | 5.68 | 5.71 | - | 205.35 | 206.83 | 197.10 | 200.99 | - |
| Circular knit fabric mills | 2257 | 6.43 | 6.41 | 6.75 | 6.75 | - | 263.63 | 261.53 | 257.85 | 260.55 | - |
| Textile finishing, except wool | 226 | 6.76 | 6.79 | 6.95 | 7.02 | - | 285.27 | 287.22 | 275.22 | 277.99 | - |
| Finishing plants, cotton | 2261 | 6.88 | 6.90 | 6.98 | 7.05 | - | 291.02 | 293.94 | 284.09 | 288.35 |  |
| Finishing plants, synthetics | 2262 | 7.15 | 7.16 | 7.38 | 7.42 | - | 293.87 | 294.99 | 290.03 | 289.38 | - |
| Floor covering mills | 227 | 6.44 | 6.52 | 6.76 | 6.67 | - | 263.40 | 275.80 | 266.34 | 257.46 | - |
| Yarn and thread mills | 228 | 6.07 | 6.07 | 6.08 | 6.14 | - | 247.05 | 248.26 | 235.30 | 235.16 | - |
| Yarn mills, except wool | 2281 | 6.11 | 6.09 | 6.05 | 6.14 | - | 252.95 | 253.95 | 235.35 | 235.16 | - |
| Throwing and winding mills | 2282 | 5.84 | 5.87 | 6.06 | 6.05 | - | 219.58 | 218.36 | 226.04 | 225.67 | - |
| Miscellaneous textile goods. | 229 | 6.97 | 7.01 | 7.28 | 7.41 | - | 298.32 | 302.13 | 310.13 | 306.03 | - |
| Apparel and other textile products | 23 | 5.46 | 5.48 | 5.70 | 5.68 | 5.71 | 200.38 | 201.12 | 203.49 | 201.07 | 204.99 |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats | 231 | 6.36 | 6.36 | 6.68 | 6.69 | - | 233.41 | 233.41 | 238.48 | 228.80 | - |
| Men's and boys' furnishings | 232 | 5.05 | 5.08 | 5.25 | 5.24 | - | 187.86 | 189.99 | 186.90 | 183.92 | - |
| Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear | 2321 | 4.86 | 4.88 | 5.06 | 5.03 | - | 179.33 | 180.07 | 177.10 | 175.04 | - |
| Men's and boys' separate trousers .... | 2327 | 5.13 | 5.16 | 5.39 | 5.33 | - | 193.91 | 192.47 | 194.04 | 186.02 | - |
| Men's and boys' work clothing | 2328 | 5.00 | 5.09 | 5.20 | 5.23 | - | 187.00 | 192.91 | 188.76 | 185.67 | - |
| Women's and misses' outerwear | 233 | 5.40 | 5.42 | 5.56 | 5.57 | - | 190.62 | 189.70 | 191.26 | 193.28 | - |
| Women's and misses' blouses and waists | 2331 | 5.01 | 5.04 | 5.18 | 5.20 | - | 176.35 | 174.89 | 177.67 | 177.32 | - |
| Women's and misses' dresses. | 2335 | 5.59 | 5.64 | 5.80 | 5.80 | - | 190.06 | 189.50 | 193.72 | 197.20 | - |
| Women's and misses' suits and coats | 2337 | 6.04 | 6.05 | 6.23 | 6.27 | - | 204.76 | 203.89 | 208.71 | 206.91 | - |
| Wormen's and misses' outerwear, nec. | 2339 | 5.19 | 5.20 | 5.33: | 5.32 | - | 191.51 | 191.36 | 188.68 | 192.05 | - |
| Women's and children's undergarments | 234 | 5.01 | 5.04 | 5.27 | 5.26 | - | 186.37 | 189.00 | 188.67 | 186.20 | - |
| Women's and children's underwear. | 2341 | 4.91 | 4.94 | 5.19 | 5.18 | - | 183.14 | 185.25 | 185.80 | 182.34 | - |
| Brassieres and allied garments | 2342 | 5.50 | 5.53 | 5.68 | 5.67 | - | 203.50 | 205.72 | 203.34 | 205.82 | - |
| Children's outerwear | 236 | 4.95 | 4.96 | 5.08 | 5.07 | - | 184.64 | 180.54 | 185.42 | 182.01 | - |
| Children's dresses and blouses | 2361 | 4.92 | 4.94 | 4.91 | 4.89 | - | 183.02 | 174.88 | 174.80 | 176.04 | - |
| Misc. apparel and accessones | 238 | 5.34 | 5.38 | 5.48 | 5.47 | - | 200.25 | 201.75 | 197.28 | 196.37 | - |
| Misc. fabricated textile products | 239 | 6.37 | 6.35 | 6.81 | 6.70 | - | 245.88 | 245.75 | 261.50 | 253.93 | - |
| Curtains and draperies. | 2391 | 5.16 | 5.16 | 5.30 | 5.23 | - | 192.98 | 198.14 | 198.75 | 192.46 | - |
| House furnishings, nec | 2392 | 5.59 | 5.53 | 5.81 | 5.83 | - | 215.77 | 211.80 | 211.48 | 211.63 | - |
| Automotive and apparel trimmings | 2396 | 9.85 | 9.80 | 10.95 | 10.62 | - | 400.90 | 398.86 | 465.38 | 426.92 | - |
| Paper and alliad products | 26 | 10.22 | 10.25 | 10.67 | 10.68 | 10.69 | 438.44 | 437.68 | 457.74 | 452.83 | 457.53 |
| Paper and pulp mills ................... | 261,2,6 | 12.12 | $12.12{ }^{\prime}$ | 12.84 | 12.80 | - | 542.98 | 539.34 | 571.38 | 572.16 | - |
| Paper mills, except building paper | 262 | 12.11 | 12.10 | 12.87 | 12.84 | - | 544.95 | 539.66 | 574.00 | 576.52 | - |
| Paperboard mills | 263 | 12.62 | 12.69 | 13.13 | 13.30 | - | 554.02 | 554.55 | 586.91 | 587.86 | - |
| Misc. converted paper products | 264 | 8.97 | 9.01 | 9.27 | 9.25 | - | 374.05 | 374.82 | 387.49 | 381.10 | - |
| Paper coating and glazing. | 2641 | 10.17 | 10.28 | 10.59 | 10.62 | - | 434.26 | 437.93 | 454.31 | 456.66 | - |
| Envelopes ....................... | 2642 | 8.22 | 8.29 | 8.47 | 8.44 | - | 338.66 | 334.09 | 358.28 | 351.95 | - |
| Bags, except textile bags | 2643 | 8.40 | 8.47 | 8.70 | 8.58 | - | 355.32 | 354.05 | 368.88 | 351.78 | - |
| Paperboard containers and boxes | 265 | 8.71 | 8.77 | 9.01 | 9.01 | - | 364.95 | 367.46 | 375.72 | 368.51 | - |
| Folding paperboard boxes | 2651 | 8.99 | 9.07 | 9.22 | 9.21 | - | 381.18 | 383.66 | 386.32 | 380.37 | - |
| Corrugated and solid fiber boxes | 2653 | 8.98 | 9.03 | 9.31 | $9.33{ }^{\text {' }}$ | - | 386.14 | 387.39 | 395.68 | 383.46 | - |
| Sanitary food containers ....... | 2654 | 8.28 | 8.35 | 8.78 | 8.60 | - | 337.00 | 345.69 | 370.52 | 362.06 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1984 | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Nondurable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Printing and publishing ............................................. 27 | 37.6 | 38.0 | 37.5 | 37.4 | 37.8 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.5 | - |
| Newspapers ......................................................... 271 | 33.4 | 33.8 | 33.0 | 33.6 | - | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.5 | - |
| Periodicals ............................................................ 272 | 37.1 | 37.0 | 38.2 | 38.4 | - | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | - |
| Books ................................................................... 273 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.4 | 394 | - | 3.1 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.8 | - |
| Book publishing ................................................... 2731 | 38.4 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.1 | - | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.3 | - |
| Book printing ............ ........................................... 2732 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 41.3 | - | 4.6 | 4.7 | 3.8 | 3.5 | - |
| Miscellaneous publishing ........................................ 274 | 35.6 | 36.6 | 35.4 | 36.4 | - | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.2 | - |
| Commercial printing ............................................... 275 | 38.8 | 39.4 | 38.8 | 38.4 | - | 3.1 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 3.0 | - |
| Commercial printing, letterpress ............................ 2751 | 38.3 | 38.5 | 38.3 | 38.1 | - | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.5 | - |
| Commercial printing, lithographic ...........................\|2752 | 38.9 | 39.7 | 38.9 | 38.3 | - | 3.3 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 3.1 | - |
| Manifold business forms ......................................... 276 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 40.1 | - | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.0 | - |
| Blankbooks and bookbinding ................................... 278 | 38.9 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 38.3 | - | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.8 | - |
| Printing trade services ............................................ 279 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 38.6 | 38.8 | - | 4.2 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 3.6 | - |
| Chemicals and allied products ................................... 28 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 42.2 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | - |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals .................................. 281 | 42.5 | 42.2 | 41.6 | 41.7 | - | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.1 | - |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec ........................ 2819 | 42.8 | 42.3 | 42.0 | 42.0 | - | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.1 | - |
| Plastics materials and synthetics ............................. 282 | 42.5 | 42.4 | 42.5 | 42.4 | - | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.6 | - |
| Plastics materiais and resins ................................ 2821 | 43.8 | 43.5 | 43.6 | 43.6 | - | 5.4 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 4.7 | - |
| Organic fibers, noncellulosic .................................. 2824 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 42.3 | 41.9 | - | 3.0 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.7 | - |
| Drugs .................................................................... 283 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 41.0 | - | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.8 | - |
| Pharmaceutical preparations ................................. 2834 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 41.1 | - | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.7 | - |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods ............................. 284 | 41.3 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 41.1 | - | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.4 | - |
| Soap and other detergents ................................... 2841 | 43.4 | 43.8 | 43.5 | 43.1 | - | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 3.6 | - |
| Toilet preparations ............................................... 2844 | 39.9 | 39.0 | 38.9 | 39.8 | - | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.5 | - |
| Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations ....... 2842,3 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 41.1 | - | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | - |
| Paints and allied products ....................................... 285 | 41.7 | 42.3 | 40.7 | 40.2 | - | 3.0 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.4 | - |
| Industrial organic chemicals ..................................... 286 | 42.9 | 42.9 | 43.6 | 42.9 | - | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.8 | - |
| Cyclic crudes and intermediates ............................ 2865 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 43.7 | 41.8 | - | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.8 | 4.1 | - |
| Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec . 2861,9 | 43.1 | 43.2 | 43.6 | 43.3 | - | 4.0 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 3.7 | - |
| Agricultural chemicals .............................................. 287 | 42.9 | 42.9 | 43.1 | 42.2 | - | 5.0 | 5.4 | 4.4 | 4.1 | - |
| Miscellaneous chemical products ............................\|289 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 40.7 | - | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.3 | - |
| Petroleum and coal products ..................................... 29 | 43.5 | 43.6 | 42.8 | 42.4 | 42.8 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.7 | - |
| Petroleum refining ..................................................i291 | 43.8 | 44.0 | 43.1 | 42.8 | - | 3.7 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.7 | - |
| Paving and roofing materials ...................................295 | 43.2 | 42.9 | 42.1 | 41.4 | - | 5.4 | 5.5 | 4.6 | 4.2 | - |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products ........................... 30 | 42.0 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 40.6 | 41.3 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 3.4 | - |
| Tires and inner tubes .............................................. 301 | 45.3 | 44.8 | 43.8 | 42.9 | - | 6.2 | 6.3 | 4.7 | 4.3 | - |
| Rubber and plastics footwear .................................. 302 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 37.1 | 36.9 | - | 2.7 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 1.3 | - |
| Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose and belting $\qquad$ | 43.1 | 43.5 | 41.1 | 40.3 | - | 4.4 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 2.7 | - |
| Fabricated rubber products, nec ............................................................... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 41.8 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 40.0 | - | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.0 | - |
| Miscellaneous plastics products ...............................307 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 40.4 | - | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.4 | - |
| Leather and leather products .................................... 31 | 36.8 | 36.1 | 36.4 | 36.1 | 36.8 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 | - |
| Leather tanning and finishing ............................................. 311 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 39.6 | 39.9 | - | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | - |
| Footwear, except rubber ... ..................................... 314 | 35.9 | 35.1 | 35.9 | 35.3 | - | 1.1 | 1.1 | . 9 | 1.0 | - |
| Men's footwear, except athletic ............................. 3143 | 36.2 | 35.9 | 35.5 | 35.2 | - | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.0 | - |
| Women's footwear, except athletic ........................ 3144 | 35.4 | 34.4 | 35.8 | 34.5 | - | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | - |
| Luggage ................................................................ 316 | 37.3 | 38.7 | 37.8 | 37.8 | - | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.7 | . 8 | - |
| Handbags and personal leather goods .................... 317 | 38.3 | 37.4 | 36.5 | 35.8 | - | 1.7 | 1.7 | . 7 | . 4 | - |
| Transportation and public utivities | 39.0 | 39.0 | 38.9 | 39.1 | 39.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Railroad transportation: <br> Class 1 railroads ${ }^{2}$ | 42.5 | 42.5 | 41.0 | 43.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Local and interurban passenger transit ......................... 41 | 33.0 | 32.7 | 33.1 | 33.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Local and suburban transportation ............................. 411 | 37.5 | 37.5 | 38.0 | 37.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Intercity highway transportation ................................. 413 | 34.7 | 33.7 | 38.8 | 39.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Trucking and warehousing ...........................................i42 | 38.4 | 38.5 | 38.0 | 37.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Trucking and trucking terminals .................................:421,3 | 38.4 | 38.5 | 37.9 | 37.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public warehousing ...................................................422 | 37.8 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 37.9 | - | - | - | $\sim$ | - | - |
| Pipe lines, except natural gas ...................................... 46 | 41.1 | 38.6 | 41.6 | 40.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

|   <br> Industry 1972 <br>  SIC | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ |
| Nondurable goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Printing and publishing .............................................. 27 | \$9.30 | \$9.29 | \$9.57 | \$9.59 | \$9.61 | \$349.68 | \$353.02 | \$358.88 | \$358.67 | \$363.26 |
| Newspapers .......................................................... 271 | 9.40 | 9.33 | 9.69 | 9.68: | - | 313.96 | 315.35 | 319.77 | 325.25 | - |
| Periodicals ............................................................. 272 | 9.95 | 9.88 | 10.13 | 10.20 | - | 369.15 | 365.56 | 386.97 | 391.68 | - |
| Books ................................................................... 273 | 8.47 | 8.31 : | 8.53 | 8.49 | - | 334.57 | 329.91 | 336.08 | 334.51 | - |
| Book publishing .................................................... 2731 | 7.96 | 8.03 : | 8.00 | 8.05 | - | 305.66 | 309.96 | 308.80 | 306.71 | - |
| Book printing .......................................................:2732 | 9.09 | 8.64 | 9.23 | 9.08 | - | 371.78 | 355.10 | 373.82 | 375.00 | - |
| Miscellaneous publishing ......................................... 274 | 8.43 | 8.28 | 8.54 | 8.49 | - | 300.11 | 303.05 | 302.32 | 309.04 | - |
| Commercial printing .............................................. 275 | 9.52 | 9.57 | 9.88 | 9.95 | - | 369.38 | 377.06 | 383.34 | 382.08 | - |
| Commercial printing, letterpress ............................:2751 | 9.06 | 9.08 | 9.39 ! | 9.43 | - | 347.00 | 349.58 | 359.64 | 359.28 | - |
| Commercial printing, lithographic ........................... 2752 | 9.71 | 9.79 | 10.11 | 10.19 | - | 377.72 | 388.66 | 393.28 | 390.28 | - |
| Manifold business forms ..........................................:276 | 9.48 | 9.50 | 9.76 | 9.72 | - | 392.47 | 392.35 | 405.04 | 389.77 | - |
| Blankbooks and bookbinding ................................... 278 | 7.37 | 7.43 | 7.49: | 7.44 | - | 286.69 | 290.51 | 291.36 | 284.95 | - |
| Printing trade services ............................................. 279 | 11.39 | 11.35 | 11.54 | 11.74 | - | 454.46 | 454.00 | 445.44 | 455.51 | - |
| Chemicals and allied products .................................. 28 | 10.90 | 10.95 | 11.42 | 11.42 | 11.41 | 457.80 | 458.81 | 478.50 | 476.21 | 481.50 |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals .................................. 281 | 12.10 | 12.12 | 12.61 | 12.62 | - | 514.25 | 511.46 | 524.58 | 526.25 | - |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec ........................:2819 | 12.07 | 12.13 | 12.64 | 12.65 | - | 516.60 | 513.10 | 530.88 | 531.30 | - |
| Plastics materials and synthetics ............................. 282 | 10.88 | 10.94 | 11.50 | 11.61 | - | 462.40 | 463.86 | 488.75 | 492.26 | - |
| Plastics materials and resins ................................ 2821 | 11.80 | 11.89 | 12.34 | 12.47 | - | 516.84 | 517.22 | 538.02 | 543.69 | - |
| Organic fibers, noncellulosic .................................. 2824 | 10.47 | 10.47 | 11.19 | 11.34 | - | 439.74 | 439.74 | 473.34 | 475.15 | - |
| Drugs .................................................................... 283 | 10.09 | 10.17 | 10.55 | 10.57 | - | 413.69 | 410.87 | 429.39 | 433.37 | - |
| Pharmaceutical preparations ................................. 2834 | 9.67 | 9.72 | 10.20 | 10.24 | - | 392.60 | 392.69 | 413.10 | 420.86 | - |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods ............................. 284 | 9.85 | 9.80 | 10.19 | 10.05 | - | 406.81 | 400.82 | 416.77 | 413.06 | - |
| Soap and other detergents ................................... 2841 | 12.86 | 12.75 | 13.13 | 12.87 | - | 558.12 | 558.45 | 571.16 | 554.70 | - |
| Toilet preparations ............................................... 2844 | 8.11 | 8.05 | 8.49 | 8.43 | - | 323.59 | 313.95 | 330.26 | 335.51 | - |
| Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations ....... 2842,3 | 9.09 | 9.17 | 9.44 | 9.49 | - | 374.51 | 376.89 | 390.82 | 390.04 | - |
| Paints and allied products ...................................... 285 | 9.66 | 9.65 | 10.06 | 9.99 | - | 402.82 | 408.20 | 409.44 | 401.60 | - |
| Industrial organic chemicals ....................................286 | 13.08 | 13.23 | 13.69 | 13.73 | - | 561.13 | 567.57 | 596.88 | 589.02 | - |
| Cyclic crudes and intermediates ............................ 2865 | 12.47 | 12.63 | 13.14 | 13.12 | - | 524.99 | 529.20 | 574.22 | 548.42 | - |
| Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec . 2861,9 | 13.27 | 13.42 | 13.87 | 13.92 | - | 571.94 | 579.74 | 604.73 | 602.74 | - |
| Agricultural chemicals .............................................:287 | 10.57 | 10.43 | 10.97 | 10.85 | - | 453.45 | 447.45 | 472.81 | 457.87 | - |
| Miscellaneous chemical products ............................289 | 9.88 | 9.97 | 10.34 | 10.43 | - | 412.00 | 415.75 | 431.18 | 424.50 | - |
| Petroleum and coal products ..................................... 29 | 13.43 : | 13.44 | 13.97 | 14.00 | 13.96: | 584.21 | 585.98 | 597.92 | 593.60 | 597.49 |
| Petroleum refining .................................................. 291 | 14.49: | 14.50 | 15.03 | 15.09 | - | 634.66 | 638.00 | 647.79 | 645.85 | - |
| Paving and roofing materials .................................. 295 | 9.67 | 9.71 | 10.13 | 10.06 | - | 417.74 | 416.56 | 426.47 | 416.48 | - |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products ........................... 30 | 8.16 | 8.20 | 8.50 | 8.47 | 8.48 | 342.72 | 341.94 | 351.90 | 343.88 | 350.22 |
| Tires and inner tubes .............................................. 301 | 12.78: | 12.87 | 13.28 | 13.07 | - | 578.93 | 576.58 | 581.66 | 560.70 | - |
| Rubber and plastics footwear .................................. 302 | 5.18 | 5.18 | 5.49 | 5.51 | - | 208.24 | 208.24 | 203.68 | 203.32 | - |
| Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose and belting ......................................................303,4 | 8.30 | 8.22 | 8.82 | 8.17 | - | 357.73 | 357.57 | 362.50 | 329.25 | - |
| Fabricated rubber products, nec ........ ......................\|306 | 7.86 | 7.89 | 8.19 | 8.22 | - | 328.55 | 327.44 | 339.07 | 328.80 | - |
| Miscellaneous plastics products ...............................307 | 7.50 | 7.54 | 7.79 | 7.80 | - | 311.25 | 310.65 | 320.17 | 315.12 | - |
| Leather and leather products .................................... 31 | 5.67 | 5.68i | 5.82 | 5.79 | 5.79 | 208.66 | 205.05 | 211.85 | 209.02 | 213.07 |
| Leather tanning and finishing .................................. 3111 | 7.36 | 7.42 | 7.81 | 7.73 |  | 290.72 | 291.61 | 209.28 | 308.43 | - |
| Footwear, except rubber ......................................... 314 | 5.41 | 5.42 | 5.51 | 5.49 | - | 194.22 | 190.24 | 197.81 | 193.80 | - |
| Men's footwear, except athletic ............................. 3143 | 5.64 : | 5.67 | 5.80 | 5.76 | - | 204.17 | 203.55 | 205.90 | 202.75 | - |
| Women's footwear, except athletic ........................ 3144 | 5.26 | 5.26 | 5.29 | 5.31 | - | 186.20 | 180.94 | 189.38 | 183.20 | - |
| Luggage .................................................................316 | 6.60 | 6.43 | 6.56 | 6.37 | - | 246.18 | 248.84 | 247.97 | 240.79 | - |
| Handbags and personal leather goods .....................317 | 5.42 | 5.41 | 5.59 | 5.61 | - | 207.59 | 202.33 | 204.04 | 200.84 | - |
| Transportation and public utilities | 11.01 | 11.02: | 11.31 | 11.32 | 11.29 | 429.39 | 429.78 | 439.96 | 442.61 | 442.57 |
| Railroad transportation: <br> Class $\mid$ railroads ${ }^{2}$ | 13.38 | 13.21 | 13.42 | 13.87 | - | 568.65 | 561.43 | 550.22 | 596.41 | - |
| Local and interurban passenger transit .......................... 41 | 7.56 | 7.55 | 7.63 | 7.59 | - | 249.48 | 246.89 | 252.55 | 254.27 | - |
| Local and suburban transportation .............................:411 | 8.23 | 8.20: | 7.94: | 7.98 | - | 308.63 | 307.50 | 301.72 | 301.64 | - |
| Intercity highway transportation ................................. 413 | 11.80 | 11.78 | 11.46 | 11.14 | - | 409.46 | 396.99 | 444.65 | 444.49 | - |
| Trucking and warehousing ........................................... 42 | 10.43 | 10.50 | 10.45 | 10.54 | - | 400.51 | 404.25 | 397.10 | 398.41 | - |
| Trucking and trucking terminals ................................. 421,3 | 10.63 | 10.69 | 10.63 | 10.72 | - | 408.19 | 411.57 | 402.88 | 405.22 | - |
| Public warehousing ................................................... 422 | 7.61 | 7.71: | 7.99 | 8.02 | - | 287.66 | 292.98 | 303.62 | 303.96 | - |
| Pipe lines, except natural gas .......................................46 | 14.46 | 14.72 | 15.64 ! | 15.21 | - | 594.31 | 568.19 | 650.62 | 616.01 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

## C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | $\begin{gathered} 1972 \\ \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Feb. 1984 | Mar. 1984 | Jan. <br> 1985 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Transportation and public utilities-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Communication ........................................................... | 48 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Telephone communication | 481 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 40.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Radio and television broadcasting ............................. | 483 | 37.6 | 37.3 | 37.3 | 37.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services | 49 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 41.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Electric services | 491 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Gas production and distribution | 492 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 41.2 | 41.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Combination utility services ... | 493 | 41.3 | 41.7 | 42.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sanitary services .... | 495 | 41.1 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 40.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Wholesale trade |  | 38.2 | 38.3 | 38.4 | 38.2 | 38.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Durable goods | 50 | 38.8 | 38.9 | 39.0 | 38.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Motor vehicles and automotive equipment ................... | 501 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 38.7 | 38.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Furniture and home furnishings .................................. | 502 | 37.7 | 38.1 | 37.1 | 37.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Lumber and construction materials | 503 | 38.2 | 38.4 | 38.8 | 38.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods | 504 | 38.1 | 38.3 | 38.7 | 38.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Metals and minerals, except petroleum | 505 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 39.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Electrical goods ........ | 506 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 39.2 | 38.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment | 507 | 38.3 | 38.4 | 38.7 | 38.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies | 508 | 39.1 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous durable goods .......... | 509 | 37.6 | 37.6 | 37.9 | 37.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nondurable goods | 51 | 37.5 | 37.4 | 37.6 | 37.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Paper and paper products | 511 | 37.0 | 36.9 | 37.6 | 37.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries | 512 | 37.3 | 37.5 | 37.6 | 37.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Apparel, piece goods, and notions | 513 | 36.5 | 36.5 | 35.7 | 35.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Groceries and related products ..... | 514 | 37.9 | 38.2 | 38.2 | 38.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Chemicals and allied products | 516 | 39.0 | 38.7 | 39.4 | 39.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Petroleum and petroleum products | 517 | 38.8 | 38.9 | 39.8 | 39.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Beer, wine, and distilled beverages | 518 | 35.6 | 35.6 | 35.5 | 35.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous nondurable goods.. | 519 | 37.3 | 36.9 | 37.3 | 37.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Retail trade .................................................................. |  | 29.4 | 29.6 | 29.1 | 29.1 | 29.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Building materials and garden supplies ......................... | 52 | 35.3 | 35.6 | 35.7 | 35.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Lumber and other building materials ........................... | 521 | 36.2 | 36.9 | 37.4 | 37.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hardware stores | 525 | 32.5 | 32.6 | 32.5 | 32.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| General merchandise stores | 53 | 27.9 | 28.6 | 28.3 | 27.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Department stores | 531 | 27.8 | 28.5 | 28.2 | 27.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Variety stores ......... | 533 | 27.8 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 28.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Misc. general merchandise stores | 539 | 29.0 | 29.6 | 29.4 | 29.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Food stores .... | 54 | 30.0 | 30.2 | 29.9 | 29.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Grocery stores | 541 | 30.1 | 30.3 | 30.2 | 30.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Retail bakeries | 546 | 28.0 | 28.1 | 27.6 | 28.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Automotive dealers and service stations | 55 | 36.7 | 36.9 | 36.8 | 36.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| New and used car dealers. | 551,2 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 37.7 | 37.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Auto and home supply stores .................................... | 553 | 39.1 | 39.5 | 39.6 | 39.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Gasoline service stations ........................................... | 554 | 33.9 | 34.1 | 34.3 | 34.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Apparel and accessory stores ...................................... | 56 | 27.4 | 27.6 | 26.8 | 27.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings | 561 | 29.9 | 29.8 | 30.9 | 30.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Women's ready-to-wear stores ... | \| 562 | 26.5 | 26.6 | 25.8 | 26.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Family clothing stores | 565 | 26.9 | 27.3 | 26.8 | 26.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Shoe stores .............. | . 566 | 27.3 | 27.1 | 26.1 | 26.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores .......................... | 57 | 33.7 | 33.9 | 33.8 | 33.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores ....................... | . 571 | 33.8 | 34.1 | 34.1 | 33.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Household appliance stores ... | 572 | 33.5 | 34.2 | 33.4 | 33.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Radio, television, and music stores ............................ | . 573 | 33.5 | 33.3 | 33.4 | 32.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Eating and drinking places ${ }^{3}$.......................................... | 58 | 26.0 | 26.1 | 25.0 | 25.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA <br> HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1984 | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ |
| Transportation and public utilities-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Communication ........................................................... 148 | \$11.07 | \$11.07 | \$11.61 | \$11.52 | - | \$437.27 | \$436.16 | \$457.43 | \$456.19 | - |
| Telephone communication ........................................\|481 | 11.73 | 11.73 | 12.35 | 12.33 | - | 468.03 | 465.68 | 492.77 | 495.67 | - |
| Radio and television broadcasting .............................. 483 | 9.37 | 9.36 | 10.07 | 9.70 | - | 352.31 | 349.13 | 375.61 | 360.84 | - |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services ............................... 49 | 11.93 | 12.00 | 12.60 | 12.65 | - | 491.52 | 495.60 | 521.64 | 524.98 | - |
| Electric services ....................................................... 491 | 11.96 | 12.02 | 12.71 | 12.80 | - | 493.95 | 497.63 | 524.92 | 529.92 | - |
| Gas production and distribution ................................. 492 | 10.93 | 10.99 | 11.48 | 11.45 | - | 449.22 | 446.19 | 472.98 | 471.74 | - |
| Combination utility services ....................................... 493 | 13.94 | 14.03 | 14.46 | - | - | 575.72 | 585.05 | 611.66 | - | - |
| Sanitary services ..................................................... 495 | 8.86 | 8.90 | 9.70 | 9.65 | - | 364.15 | 369.35 | 397.70 | 390.83 | - |
| Wholesale trade .........................................................\| | 8.79 | 8.79 | 9.14 | 9.17 | \$9.16 | 335.78 | 336.66 | 350.98 | 350.29 | \$352.66 |
| Durable goods ............................................................ 50 | 8.76 | 8.77 | 9.17 | 9.19 | - | 339.89 | 341.15 | 357.63 | 356.57 | - |
| Motor vehicles and automotive equipment ................... 501 | 8.00 | 8.07 | 8.38 | 8.31 | - | 309.60 | 311.50 | 324.31 | 315.78 | - |
| Furniture and home furnishings ................................. 502 | 7.90 | 7.96 | 8.09 \| | 8.03 | - | 297.83 | 303.28 | 300.14 | 298.72 | - |
| Lumber and construction materials ............................ 503 | 8.51 ! | 8.47 | 8.55 | 8.61 | - | 325.08 | 325.25 | 331.74 | 330.62 | - |
| Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods ...................... 504 | 9.43 i | 9.42 | 10.01 | 9.92 | - | 359.28 | 360.79 | 387.39 | 382.91 | - |
| Metals and minerals, except petroleum ....................... 505 | 9.52 | 9.52 | 9.90 | 9.88 | - | 390.32 | 388.42 | 400.95 | 392.24 | - |
| Electrical goods ........................................................ 506 | 9.10 | 9.10 | 9.61 | 9.61 | - | 352.17 | 351.26 | 376.71 | 373.83 | - |
| Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment ............... 507 | 8.28 | 8.27 | 8.57 | 8.57 | - | 317.12 | 317.57 | 331.66 | 325.66 | - |
| Machinery, equipment, and supplies ........................... 508 | 9.14 | 9.14 | 9.66 | 9.72 | - | 357.37 | 359.20 | 380.60 | 382.00 | - |
| Miscellaneous durable goods .................................... 509 | 7.56 | 7.53 | 7.54 | 7.53 | - | 284.26 | 283.13 | 285.77 | 284.63 | - |
| Nondurable goods ..................................................... 51 | 8.83 | 8.82 | 9.10 | 9.15 | - | 331.13 | 329.87 | 342.16 | 343.13 | - |
| Paper and paper products ........................................ 511 | 9.61 | 9.51 | 9.77 | 9.91 | - | 355.57 | 350.92 | 367.35 | 374.60 | - |
| Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries .............................. 512 | 9.67 | 9.59 | 9.79 | 9.94 | - | 360.69 | 359.63 | 368.10 | 370.76 | - |
| Apparel, piece goods, and notions ............................. 513 | 8.62 | 8.65 | 9.00 | 9.00 | - | 314.63 | 315.73 | 321.30 | 321.30 | - |
| Groceries and related products .................................. 514 | 8.92 | 8.93 | 9.24 | 9.32 | - | 338.07 | 341.13 | 352.97 | 355.09 | - |
| Chemicals and allied products ................................... 516 | 10.28 | 10.30 | 11.03 ! | 11.24 | - | 400.92 | 398.61 | 434.58 | 439.48 | - |
| Petroleum and petroleum products ............................ 517 | 10.02 | 10.01 | 9.95 | 9.94 | - | 388.78 | 389.39 | 396.01 | 392.63 | - |
| Beer, wine, and distilled beverages ............................ 1518 | 10.26 | 10.34 | 10.91 | 10.62 | - | 365.26 | 368.10 | 387.31 | 380.20 | - |
| Miscellaneous nondurable goods .............................. 1519 | 7.20 | 7.21 | 7.44 | 7.46 | - | 268.56 | 266.05 | 277.51 | 276.77 | - |
| Retail trade .................................................................! | 5.89\| | 5.89 | 5.99 | 6.01 | 6.00 | 173.17 | 174.34 | 174.31 | 174.89 | 176.40 |
| Building materials and garden supplies ......................... 52 | 6.411 | 6.39 | 6.56 | 6.61 | - | 226.27 | 227.48 | 234.19 | 235.98 | - |
| Lumber and other building materials $\qquad$ 521 | 6.58 | 6.62 | 6.83 | 6.87 | - | 238.20 | 244.28 | 255.44 | 256.94 | - |
| Hardware stores ....................................................... 525 | 5.64 | 5.61 | 5.70 | 5.75 | - | 183.30 | 182.89 | 185.25 | 186.88 | - |
| General merchandise stores ......................................... 53 | $5.81{ }^{\prime}$ | 5.78 | 5.68 | 5.86 | - | 162.10 | 165.31 | 160.74 | 161.15 | - |
| Department stores ................................................... 531 | 6.03 | 6.00 | 5.85 | 6.06 | - | 167.63 | 171.00 | 164.97 | 165.44 | - |
| Variety stores ........................................................... 533 | $4.51{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 4.48 | 4.59 | 4.62 | - | 125.38 | 129.47 | 132.65 | 132.13 | - |
| Misc. general merchandise stores .............................. 1539 | 4.56 ! | 4.55 | 4.69 | 4.74 | - | 132.24 | 134.68 | 137.89 | 138.41 | - |
| Food stores .................................................................... 54 | 7.68 i | 7.691 | 7.69 | 7.70 | - | 230.40 | 232.24 | 229.93 | 229.46 | - |
| Grocery stores .......................................................... 541 | 7.96 | 7.971 | 7.93 | 7.95 | - | 239.60 | 241.49 | 239.49 | 238.50 | - |
| Retail bakeries ........................................................... 1546 | 5.231 | $5.26!$ | 5.27 | 5.321 | - | 146.44 | 147.81 | 145.45 | 151.09 | - |
| Automotive dealers and service stations ....................... 55 | 6.93 ! | 6.99 | 7.08 | 7.15 | - | 254.33 | 257.93 | 260.54 | 262.41 | - |
| New and used car dealers ........................................'551.2 | 8.26 | 8.35 | 8.43 | 8.56 | - | 313.88 | 317.30 | 317.81 | 321.86 | - |
| Auto and home supply stores ................................. .. 553 | 6.26 | 6.25 \| | 6.45 | 6.48 | - | 244.77 | 246.88 | 255.42 | 254.02 | - |
| Gasoline service stations ........................................... 554 | 5.25 | $5.27!$ | 5.32 | 5.29 | - | 177.98 | 179.71 | 182.48 | 181.45 | - |
| Apparel and accessory stores ........................................ 56 | $5.07{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 5.041 | $5.34{ }^{\prime}$ | 5.271 | - | 138.92 | 139.10 | 143.11 | 142.29 | - |
| Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings ................... 561 | 5.84 | 5.77 | $6.28{ }^{\text {I }}$ | 6.13 | - | 174.62 | 171.95 | 194.05 | 188.19 | - |
| Women's ready-to-wear stores ................................. 562 | 4.78 | 4.76 | $5.06{ }^{\prime}$ | 5.02 | - | 126.67 | 126.62 | 130.55 | 130.52 | - |
| Family clothing stores ................................................ 565 | 4.94 | 4.96 i | 5.28 i | 5.13\| | - | 132.89 | 135.41 | 141.50 | 137.48 | - |
| Shoe stores ............................................................. 566 | 5.08 | 5.04, | 5.19\| | 5.201 | - | 138.68 | 136.58 | 135.46 | 137.28 | - |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores ........................... 57 | $6.65{ }^{\text {i }}$ | $6.68{ }^{1}$ | 7.29 \| | 7.131 | - | 224.11 | 226.45 | 246.40 | 238.14 | - |
| Furniture and home furnishings stores ........................ 571 | 6.69 | 6.67 | 7.22 | 7.10 | - | 226.12 | 227.45 | 246.20 | 239.27 | - |
| Household appliance stores ....................................... 572 | 6.93 | 6.98 | 7.25 | 7.13 | - | 232.16 | 238.72 | 242.15 | 236.72 | - |
| Radio, television, and music stores ............................. 573 | 6.43 | 6.56 | $7.42 i$ | 7.20 i | - | 215.41 | 218.45 | 247.83 | 236.88 | - |
| Eating and drinking places ${ }^{3}$......................................... 58 | 4.33 : | $4.32{ }^{\prime}$ | 4.37 | 4.37 ! | - | 112.58 | 112.75 | 109.25 | 110.56 | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

## C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers ${ }^{1}$ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | $\begin{gathered} 1972 \\ \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Feb. 1984 | Mar. <br> 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Retail trade-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous retail ..................................................... | 59 | 30.7 | 30.6 | 30.6 | 30.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drug stores and proprietary stores ............................. | 591 | 28.8 | 28.7 | 29.6 | 29.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous shopping goods stores | 594 | 29.1 | 29.0 | 28.2 | 28.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonstore retailers .................... | 596 | 33.0 | 33.8 | 33.8 | 33.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Fuel and ice dealers ................................................. | 598 | 37.9 | 38.4 | 39.9 | 39.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Retail stores, nec. | 599 | 33.2 | 31.8 | 31.4 | 32.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ${ }^{4}$............................ |  | 36.4 | 36.3 | 36.5 | 36.4 | 36.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Banking | 60 | 36.5 | 36.4 | 36.4 | 36.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Commercial and stock savings banks ......................... | 602 | 36.5 | 36.3 | 36.4 | 36.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Credit agencies other than banks ................................. | 61 | 36.9 | 36.8 | 37.3 | 37.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Savings and loan associations ................................... | 612 | 36.1 | 36.1 | 36.9 | 36.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Personal credit institutions ......................................... | 614 | 37.2 | 37.2 | 37.5 | 37.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Insurance carriers | 63 | 37.3 | 37.2 | 37.2 | 37.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Life insurance | 631 | 37.1 | 37.1 | 36.9 | 37.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Medical service and health insurance | 632 | 37.9 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 37.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Fire, marine, and casualty insurance ............................ | 633 | 37.2 | 37.1 | 37.2 | 37.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Services |  | 32.6 | 32.6 | 32.5 | 32.5 | 32.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hotels and other lodging places: Hotels, motels, and tourist courts ${ }^{3}$ | 701 | 30.2 | 30.4 | 29.4 | 30.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Personal services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laundry, cleaning, and garment services | 721 | 33.5 | 33.5 | 33.7 | 33.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Beauty shops ${ }^{3}$.......................................................... | 723 | 28.7 | 29.1 | 29.7 | 30.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Business services ....................................................... | 73 | 33.5 | 33.6 | 33.3 | 33.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Advertising . | 731 | 35.7 | 35.8 | 36.1 | 36.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Services to buildings ................................................. | 734 | 28.6 | 28.9 | 28.2 | 28.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Computer and data processing services ..................... | 737 | 38.6 | 38.3 | 38.3 | 37.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Auto repair, services, and garages ............................... | 75 | 37.6 | 37.9 | 37.2 | 37.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Automotive repair shops ............................................ | 753 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 38.9 | 38.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous repair services ...................................... | 76 | 38.2 | 38.1 | 38.2 | 38.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Motion pictures | 78 | 29.5 | 29.4 | 29.6 | 29.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Motion picture production and services .. | 781 | 39.1 | 38.4 | 37.7 | 38.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Amusement and recreation services | 79 | 29.4 | 29.4 | 29.3 | 29.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Health services ............................................................ | 80 | 32.4 | 32.4 | 32.4 | 32.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Offices of physicians | 801 | 31.0 | 30.9 | 30.6 | 30.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Offices of dentists .... | 802 | 28.5 | 28.7 | 28.4 | 28.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nursing and personal care facilities ............................ | 805 | 31.1 | 31.0 | 31.4 | 30.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hospitals | . 806 | 33.9 | 33.9 | 34.1 | 34.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Legal services ............................................................ | 81 | 34.5 | 34.7 | 34.7 | 34.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous services ............................................... | 89 | 39.5 | 39.9 | 39.4 | 39.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Engineering and archilectural services ....................... | . 891 | 39.8 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 39.8 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 - |
| Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping ....................... | , 893 | 39.9 | 40.4 | 39.1 | 39.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

See footnotes at end of table.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA
HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

| Industry | $\begin{aligned} & 1972 \\ & \text { SIC } \\ & \text { Code } \end{aligned}$ | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. $1985^{p}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Retail trade-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous retail | 59 | \$5.84 | \$5.82 | \$5.95 | \$5.98 | - | \$179.29 | \$178.09 | \$182.07 | \$184.18 | - |
| Drug stores and proprietary stores | 591 | 5.45 | 5.39 | 5.48 | 5.45 | - | 156.96 | 154.69 | 162.21 | 160.78 | - |
| Miscellaneous shopping goods stores | 594 | 5.54 | 5.55 | 5.62 | 5.68 | - | 161.21 | 160.95 | 158.48 | 163.02 | - |
| Nonstore retailers | 596 | 6.25 | 6.22 | 6.29 | 6.34 | - | 206.25 | 210.24 | 212.60 | 209.22 | - |
| Fuel and ice dealers | 598 | 8.17 | 8.16 | 8.70 | 8.76 i | - 1 | 309.64 | 313.34 | 347.13 | 346.02 | - |
| Retail stores, nec | 599 | 6.05 | 6.07 | 6.25 | 6.29 | - | 200.86 | 193.03 | 196.25 | 206.94 | - |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ${ }^{4}$............................. |  | 7.54 | 7.54 | 7.77 | 7.87 | \$7.88 | 274.46 | 273.70 | 283.61 | 286.47 | \$286.83 |
| Banking | 60 | 6.491 | 6.49 | 6.71 | 6.77 | - | 236.89 | 236.24 | 244.24 | 245.75 | - |
| Commercial and stock savings banks | 602 | 6.36 | 6.35 | 6.57 | 6.62 | - | 232.14 | 230.51 | 239.15 | 240.31 | - |
| Credit agencies other than banks | 61 | $6.70{ }^{1}$ | 6.76 ! | 7.03 | $7.06{ }^{\text {i }}$ | - | 247.23 | 248.77 | 262.22 | 263.34 | - |
| Savings and loan associations Personal credit institutions | 612 | 6.06 | $6.11{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 6.45 | 6.47 | - | 218.77 | 220.57 | 238.01 | 238.10 | - |
|  | 614 | 6.58 | 6.65 | 6.80 | 6.83 | - | 244.78 | 247.38 | 255.00 | 255.44 | - |
| Insurance carriers | 63 | 8.45 | 8.49 | 8.38 | 8.49 | - | 315.19 | 315.83 | 311.74 | 316.68 | - |
| Life insurance .............................................................. | 631 | 8.44 | 8.50 | 7.96 | $8.01{ }^{\text {i }}$ | - | 313.12 | 315.35 | 293.72 | 297.97 | - |
|  | 632 | 8.16 | 8.16 | 8.44 | 8.42 | - | 309.26 | 308.45 | 319.03 | 317.43 | - |
| Fire, marine, and casualty insurance | 633 | 8.48 | 8.51 | 8.66 | 8.85 | - | 315.46 | 315.72 | 322.15 | 328.34 | - |
| Services ...................................................................... |  | 7.55: | 7.54 | 7.82 | 7.84 | 7.85 | 246.13 | 245.80 | 254.15 | 254.80 | 255.13 |
| Hotels and other lodging places: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels, motels, and tourist courts ${ }^{3}$ | 701 | 5.40 | 5.39 | 5.65 | 5.64 | - | 163.08 | 163.86 | 166.11 | 169.76 | - |
| Personal services:Laundry, cleaning |  |  | i |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 721 | 5.53! | 5.54; | 5.71 | 5.71 | - | 185.26 | 185.59 | 192.43 | 193.00 | - |
| Laundry, cleaning Beauty shops ${ }^{3}$.... | 723 | 5.47 | 5.61 | 5.70 | 5.84 | - | 156.99 | 163.25 | 169.29 | 175.78 | - |
| Business services | 73 | 7.83 | 7.79! | 8.06 | 8.11 | - | 262.31 | 261.74 | 268.40 | 270.06 | - |
| Advertising. | 1731 | 10.19 | 10.23 | 10.43 | 10.62 | - | 363.78 | 366.23 | 376.52 | 383.38 | - |
| Services to buildings | 1734 | $6.18{ }^{\text {I }}$ | 6.11 | 6.16 | 6.22 | - | 176.75 | 176.58 | 173.71 | 176.03 | - |
| Computer and data processing services | 737 | 10.44 | 10.41 | 10.64 | 10.74 | - | 402.98 | 398.70 | 407.51 | 403.82 | - |
| Auto repair, services, and garages | 75 | 7.07 | 7.06 | $7.32^{1}$ | 7.26 | - | 265.83 | 267.57 | 272.30 | 270.80 | - |
| Automotive repair shops ............. | 1753 | 7.68 | 7.64 | 7.91 | 7.92 | - | 299.52 | 301.78 | 307.70 | 306.50 | - |
| Miscellaneous repair services .......................................Motion pictures ............................................................. |  | $8.70{ }^{\text {I }}$ | 8.77 | 8.72 | 8.73 | - | 332.34 | 334.14 | 333.10 | 332.61 | - |
|  | 78 | 11.88 | 12.45 | $11.98{ }^{\prime}$ | 12.26 | - | 350.46 | 366.03 | 354.61 | 366.57 | - |
| Motion picture production and services ....................... | 1781 | 15.88 | 16.91 | 16.25 | $16.39^{\prime}$ | - | 620.91 | 649.34 | 612.63 | 627.74 | - |
| Amusement and recreation services .............................. | 179 | 6.67 | 6.681 | 7.14 | 6.88 | - | 196.10 | 196.39 | 209.20 | 203.65 | - |
|  | 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Health services ....... | 80 | 7.64 | $7.64{ }^{\prime}$ | 7.98 | 8.01 ! | - | 247.54 | 247.54 | 258.55 | 258.72 | - |
| Offices of physiciansOffices of dentists .... | 801 | 7.42 | 7.43 | 7.84 | 7.90 | - | 230.02 | 229.59 | 239.90 | 241.74 | - |
|  | 802 | 7.24 | 7.27 | 7.58 ! | 7.64 | - | 206.34 | 208.65 | 215.27 | 216.21 | - |
| Nursing and personal care facilities ................ | ; 805 | 5.35 | $5.35{ }^{1}$ | 5.53 | 5.52 | - | 166.39 | 165.85 | 173.64 | 170.57 | - |
| Hospitals ..................................................................... 80.18 |  | 8.42 | 8.43 ! | 8.88 | 8.91 | - | 285.44 | 285.78 | 302.81 | 302.94 | - |
| Legal services ............................................................... | 81 | 9.53 | $9.51{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 10.12 | 10.27 | - | 328.79 | 330.00 | 351.16 | 353.29 | - |
| Miscellaneous services | 89 | 10.89 | 10.81 | 11.34 | 11.39: | - | 430.16 | 431.32 | 446.80 | 449.91 | - |
| Engineering and architectural services Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping | ; 891 | 11.87 | 11.78 | 12.36 | 12.49 | - | 472.43 : | 472.38 | 494.40 | 497.10 | - |
|  | [893 | 9.05 | 9.00 | 9.32 | 9.34 | - | 361.10 | 363.60 | 364.41 | 372.67 | - |

[^18]division.

- Data not available.
$p=$ preliminary.
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

C-3. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime' of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

| Industry | Feb. 1984 |  | Mar. <br> 1984 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing | \$8.70 |  | \$8.73 |  | \$9.06 |  | \$9.06 |  | \$9.09 |
| Durable goods .......................................................................' | 9.23 |  | 9.25 |  | 9.57 |  | 9.57 |  | 9.60 |
| Lumber and wood products | 7.59 | ' | 7.57 |  | 7.78 |  | 7.79 |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Furniture and fixtures ............................................................... | 6.55 | , | 6.56 |  | 6.84 | : | 6.83 |  | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Stone, clay, and glass products ............................................... | 8.92 |  | 8.93 | 1 | 9.25 |  | 9.23 |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Primary metal industries ........................................................i | 10.95 | ! | 10.92 |  | 11.02 |  | 11.13 |  | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Fabricated metal products | 8.93 |  | 8.93 |  | 9.19 | ' | 9.18 |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Machinery, except electrical | 9.45 |  | 9.47 |  | 9.72 |  | 9.72 | ; | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Electrical and electronic equipment | 8.53 |  | 8.55 | : | 8.98 |  | 8.96 |  | (2) |
| Transportation equipment .......................................................... | 11.39 |  | 11.46 |  | 11.93 |  | 11.92 |  | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| instruments and related products | 8.42 | ' | 8.45 |  | 8.70 |  | 8.80 |  | (2) |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ..................................................; | 6.79 |  | 6.77 |  | 7.04 |  | 7.00 |  | $\left(^{2}\right)$ |
| Nondurable goods .................................................................. ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 7.93 | ; | 7.95 |  | 8.30 |  | 8.31 |  | \$8.33 |
| Food and kindred products | 8.04 | ; | 8.05 |  | 8.15 |  | 8.20 | : | (') |
| Tobacco manufactures | 11.02 | , | 11.17 |  | 11.05 |  | 11.46 |  | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Textile mill products ............................................................... | 6.13 |  | 6.14 |  | 6.37 |  | 6.38 | ' | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| Apparel and other textile products ........................................... | 5.35 | : | 5.36 |  | 5.62 |  | 5.58 |  | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| Paper and allied products .......................................................'. | 9.69 |  | 9.71 |  | 10.12 | ! | 10.14 |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Printing and publishing ............................................................. | 8.98 |  | 8.94 |  | 9.26 |  | 9.28 |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Chemicals and allied products | 10.47 |  | 10.51 |  | 11.00 |  | 11.00 |  | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Petroleum and coal products. | 12.85 | : | 12.82 |  | 13.41 |  | 13.41 |  | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products ................................................................. | 7.78 |  | 7.82 |  | 8.16 |  | 8.13 |  | (2) |
| Leather and leather products ................................................... | 5.56 |  | 5.57 |  | 5.73 |  | 5.70 | : | ${ }^{(2)}$ |

' Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate
of time and one-half.
${ }_{2}$ Not available.
${ }^{p}$ preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadiusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

C-4. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers'on private nonagricultural payrolis by major industry, in current and constant (1977) dollars.

| Industry | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. $1984$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{n} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ |
| Total private: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current doliars | \$8.24 | \$8.24 | \$8.50 | \$8.52 | \$8.53 | \$288.40 | \$288.40 | \$295.80 | \$295.64 | \$297.70 |
| Constant (1977) dollars .................................... | 4.93 | 4.93 | 4.93 | 4.92 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 172.59 | 172.59 | 171.78 | 170.99 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Mining: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 11.49 | 11.60 | 11.79 | 11.85 | \$11.82 | 492.92 | 496.48 | 506.97 | 508.37 | \$511.81 |
| Constant (1977) dollars | 6.88 | 6.94 | 6.83 | 6.81 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | 294.99 | 297.12 | 294.41 | 294.03 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Construction: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 11.99 | 11.97 | 12.22 | 12.26 | \$12.20 | 443.63 | 439.30 | 444.81 | 446.26 | \$455.06 |
| Constant (1977) dollars .................................... | 7.18 | 7.16 | 7.08 | 7.07 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 265.49 | 262.90 | 258.31 | 258.10 | (') |
| Manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current doilars | 9.06 | 9.09 | 9.42 | 9.42 | \$9.44 | 368.74 | 369.96 | 379.63 | 373.97 | \$380.43 |
| Constant (1977) dollars | 5.42 | 5.44 | 5.47 | 5.45 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 220.67 | 221.40 | 220.46 | 216.29 | () |
| Transportation and public utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current doliars | 11.01 | 11.02 | 11.31 | 11.32 | \$11.29 | 429.39 | 429.78 | 439.96 | 442.61 | \$442.57 |
| Constant (1977) dollars ..................................... | 6.59 | 6.60 | 6.58 | 6.55 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | 256.97 | 257.20 | 255.49 | 255.99 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Wholesale trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 8.79 | 8.79 | 9.14 | 9.17 | \$9.16 | 335.78 | 336.66 | 350.98 | 350.29 | \$352.66 |
| Constant (1977) dollars | 5.26 | 5.26 | 5.31 | 5.31 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . | 201.47 | 203.82 | 202.60 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Retail trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 5.89 | 5.89 | 5.99 | 6.01 | \$6.00 | 173.17 | 174.34 | 174.31 | 174.89 | \$176.40 |
| Constant (1977) dollars .................................... | 3.53 | 3.52 | 3.46 | 3.46 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | - | 104.33 | 101.23 | 101.15 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current doliars ................................................. | 7.54 | 7.54 | 7.77 | 7.87 | \$7.88 | 274.46 | 273.70 | 283.61 | 286.47 | \$286.83 |
| Constant (1977) dollars .................................... | 4.51 | 4.51 | 4.52 | 4.53 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 164.25 | 163.79 | 164.70 | 165.69 | (') |
| Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 7.55 | 7.54 | 7.82 | 7.84 | \$7.85 | 246.13 | 245.80 | 254.15 | 254.80 | \$255.13 |
| Constant (1977) dollars ................................... | 4.52 | 4.51 | 4.54 | 4.54 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 147.30 | 147.10 | 147.59 | 147.37 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |

[^19]NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

C-5. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

| Industry | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | Mar. ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Total private | 35.3 | 35.4 | 35.3 | 35.3 | 35.2 | 35.2 | 35.4 | 35.1 | 35.2 | 35.3 | 35.2 | 35.0 | 35.1 |
| Mining | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ | (2) | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | ${ }^{2}$ ) | $\left(^{2}\right)$ |
| Construction | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $(1)^{2}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |
| Manufacturing | 40.7 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 39.9 | 40.4 |
| Overtime hours | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| Durable goods ........................................... | 41.4 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 40.5 | 41.0 |
| Overtime hours | 3.7 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.5 |
| Lumber and wood products | 40.1 | 40.4 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 40.2 | 39.7 | 39.5 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 38.8 | 39.3 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 39.6 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.1 | 39.8 | 39.1 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 39.6 | 40.5 | 39.4 | 39.3 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 41.9 | 42.3 | 42. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 41.2 | 41.9 |
| Primary metal industries ............................! | 41.8 | 42.2 | 42.1 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 41.0 |
| Blast furnaces and basic steel products .. | 41.2 | 41.0 | 41.6 | 41.1 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 40.8 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 40.8 | 40.9 |
| Fabricated metal products ........................., | 41.3 | 41.8 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 40.5 | 41.1 |
| Machinery, except electrical ....................... ' | 41.9 | 42.3 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 42.0 ' | 41.9 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 41.0 | 41.4 |
| Electrical and electronic equipment ............. | 41.0 | 41.3 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 41.2 ? | 40.9 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 40.0 | 40.6 |
| Transportation equipment | 42.9 | 43.5 | 42.4 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 42.4 | 42.8 | 42.4 | 42.4 | 43.0 | 43.3 | 41.7 | 42.6 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment ................. 1 | 44.4 | 44.8 | 42.9 | 43.1 | 42.4 | 43.3 | 43.9 | 43.3 | 43.4 | 44.4 | 44.6 | 42.1 | 43.9 |
| Instruments and related products | 41.1 | 41.4 | 40.7 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 41.8 | 41.2 | $40.5$ | $41.0$ |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ...................... | $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | (2) | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ |
| Nondurable goods | 39.8 | 40.2 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 39.5 | 39.1 | 39.5 |
| Overtime hours | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.0 |
| Food and kindred products | 39.8 | 40.1 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 40.1 | $39.8$ | $39.5$ | $39.9$ |
| Tobacco manufactures | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left.\mathbf{(}^{2}\right)$ | $\left.\mathbf{(}^{2}\right)$ |
| Textile mill products | 40.6 | 41.2 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 39.4 | 39.2 | 38.7 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 39.3 | 38.7 | 39.0 |
| Apparel and other textile products .............; | 36.7 | 37.4 | 36.5 | 36.4 | 35.8 | 36.0 | 35.9 | 35.9 | 36.0 | 36.4 | 36.2 | 35.6 | 36.0 |
| Paper and allied products | 43.0 | 43.2 | 43.1 | 42.9 | 43.3 | 43.1 | 43.1 | 43.0 | 43.2 | 43.1 | 43.1 | 42.7 | 43.1 |
| Printing and publishing | 37.9 | 38.2 | 38.0 | 37.7 | 37.7 | 37.8 | 37.9 | 37.8 | 37.9 | 37.7 | 37.9 | 37.7 | 37.7 |
| Chemicals and allied products ...................! | 42.0 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 42.3 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 44.7 | 43.7 | 43.5 | 43.1 | 43.2 | 43.9 | 43.1 | 43.5 | 43.5 | 42.9 | $43.4$ | $43.4$ | 43.9 |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ |
| Leather and leather products ..................... | 36.7 | 37.5 | 36.5 | 36.7 | 37.0 | 36.0 | 36.5 | 36.4 | 36.4 | 36.9 | 37.0 | 36.5 | 37.4 |
| Transportation and public utilities ..............\| | 39.2 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 39.4 | 39.8 | 39.1 | 39.4 | 39.2 | 39.2 | 39.4 | 39.4 |
| Wholesale trade ..........................................\| | 38.5 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.7 | 38.8 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.5 | 38.7 |
| Retail trade | 30.1 | 30.0 | 30.1 | 30.2 | 29.9 | 29.9 | 30.0 | 29.8 | 29.9 | 30.1 | 29.8 | 29.7 | 29.8 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ............. | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ |
| Services ...................................................... | 32.8 | 32.8 | 32.7 | 32.7 | 32.7 | 32.6 | 32.8 | 32.7 | 32.7 | 32.8 | 32.7 | 32.7 | 32.7 |

[^20]components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. $\because=$ preliminary.
NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonaliy adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

C-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted
$(1977=100)$

| Industry | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | Mar. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |
| Total private ........................................... | 110.9 | 112.0 | 112.0 ! | 112.7 | 112.6 | 112.7 | 113.4 | 113.2 | 114.0 | 114.6 | 114.6 | 114.2 | 115.0 |
| Goods-producing | 98.1 | 100.1 | 99.5 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 100.1 | 100.0 | 99.7 | 100.2 | 100.9 | 101.2 | 99.2 | 100.6 |
| Mining | 111.7 | 114.7 | 115.5 | 117.1 | 116.2 | 118.0 | 119.2 | 115.8 | 117.1 | 116.5 | 113.5 | 114.5 | 115.3 |
| Construction ............................................. | 107.7 | 112.6 ! | 113.7 | 116.4 | 115.3 | 115.6 | 117.2 | 116.2 | 118.1 | 118.7 | 121.5 | 119.5 | 124.1 |
| Manufacturing | 95.7 | 97.0 | 96.0 | 96.0 | 96.1 ' | 96.2 | 95.8 | 95.7 | 95.9 | 96.8 | 96.7 | 94.5 | 95.4 |
| Durable goods | 94.5 | 95.8 | 95.0 | 95.1 | 95.5 | 96.0 | 96.0 | 95.9 | 95.9 | 96.9 | 96.8 | 94.1 ! | 95.0 |
| Lumber and wood products | 97.8 | 98.6 | 96.1 | 95.8 | 95.1 | 95.0 | 96.4 | 96.2 | 95.9 | 97.8 | 97.8 | 93.6 | 94.9 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 102.8 | 103.1 | 102.5 | 101.5 | 103.6 | 101.3 | 102.5 | 103.1 | 105.5 | 105.5 | 108.1 | 104.9 | 104.9 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products ............... | 88.2 | 89.2 | 89.0 | 88.6 | 88.8 | 88.0 | 88.4 | 88.2 | 88.4 | 89.1 | 89.1 | 87.1 | 89.0 |
| Primary metal industries ......................... | 73.2 | 74.1 | 74.8 | 73.9 | 73.0 | 72.0 | 71.1 | 71.4 | 71.6 | 70.7 | 70.4 | 69.8 | 69.1 |
| Blast furnaces and basic steel products | 62.4 | 62.3 | 63.7 | 62.7 | 60.4 | 58.1 | 56.9 | 56.3 | 57.3 | 55.3 | 55.3 | 56.1 | 55.8 |
| Fabricated metal products ...................... | 89.9 | 91.5 | 91.3 | 91.8 | 92.6 | 92.4 | 92.7 | 92.8 | 92.8 | 93.8 | 93.4 | 91.2 | 92.4 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 93.3 | 95.2 | 95.3 | 96.5 ! | 97.0 | 98.1 | 97.3 | 97.9 | 96.9 | 97.4 | 96.6 | 94.8 | 95.5 |
| Electrical and electronic equipment .......... | 112.2 | 113.6 | 113.2 | 112.8 | 113.7 | 114.9 | 115.3 | 114.7 | 115.0 | 114.9 | 114.1 | 110.9 | 112.2 |
| Transportation equipment ....................... | 95.5 | 96.8 | 94.1 | 94.4 | 94.9 | 97.8 | 96.8 | 95.8 | 96.1 | 99.9 | 101.6 | 96.5 | 97.9 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 91.8 | 91.8 | 86.3 | 87.4 | 86.7 | 93.1 | 89.8 | 88.4 | 89.7 | 97.0 | 98.8 | 90.7 | 92.2 |
| Instruments and related products ............\| | 108.8 | 109.3 | 107.7 | 109.6 | 109.9 | 108.5 | 109.6 | 109.3 | 110.7 | 111.2 | 109.3 | 108.0 | 109.3 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ..................\| | 85.8 | 86.5 | 85.3 | 84.8 | 85.4 | 85.5 | 86.1 | 86.3 | 85.8 | 86.2 | 84.9 | 82.9 | 83.0 |
| Nondurable goods | 97.4 | 98.8 | 97.4 | 97.2 | 96.9 | 96.5 | 95.6 | 95.5 | 95.8 | 96.6 ! | 96.5 | $95.2{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 96.0 |
| Food and kindred products | 97.1 | 98.7 | 97.7 | 97.9 | 98.0 | 97.5 | 96.5 | 97.0 | 97.5 | 99.6 | 99.1 | 97.9 | 98.8 |
| Tobacco manufactures ........................... | 87.6 | 93.4 | 92.0 | 92.0 | 88.7 | 88.6 | 93.8 | 95.6 | 92.4 | 93.0 | 92.8 | 93.5 | 88.9 |
| Textile mill products ............................... | 84.5 | 85.7 | 82.7 | 82.3 | 81.1 | 79.9 | 78.7 | 76.7 | 76.7 | 76.8 | 77.3 | 75.0 | 75.2 |
| Apparel and other textile products ............ | 94.2 | 96.7 | 93.9 | 92.5 | 90.7 | 90.8 | 89.2 | 89.0 | 89.2 | 90.9 | 90.2 | 88.2 | 89.0 |
| Paper and allied products ....................... | 99.1 | 99.6 | 99.3 | 99.5 | 100.6 | 100.1 | 98.9 | 99.5 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 100.1 | 99.0 | 100.1 |
| Printing and publishing ...........................: | 114.6 | 116.6 | 116.6 | 116.3 | 117.1 | 117.4 | 117.8 | 118.2 | 118.9 | 118.0 | 119.1 | 118.9 | 119.1 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 96.1 | 96.2 | 95.6 | 96.1 | 96.3 | 96.7 | 95.9 | 95.5 | 95.4 | 95.8 | 95.9 | 95.3 | 96.6 |
| Petroleum and coal products ................... | 88.4 | 86.5 | 86.1 | 84.5 | 84.7 | 86.1 | 84.5 | 85.3 | 85.3 | 83.4 | 85.1 | 85.9 | 87.6 |
| Rubber and misc. plastics products .......... | 112.2 | 113.8 | 113.1 | 113.5 | 113.4 | 112.7 | 112.2 | 112.9 | 114.5 | 114.9 | 114.4 | 112.2 | 113.5 |
| Leather and leather products .................. | 79.7 | 81.4 | 78.3 | 77.8 | 78.9 | 73.7 | 72.9 | 72.2 | 71.8 | 72.3 | 71.1 | 69.7 | 71.4 |
| Service-producing ........................... | 117.9 | 118.6 | 119.0 | 119.7 | 119.7 | 119.7 | 120.8 | 120.7 | 121.6 | 122.1 | 122.1 | 122.4 | 123.0 |
| Transportation and public utilities ............] | 103.1 | 104.4 | 104.3 | 105.2 | 106.1 | 105.7 | 106.8 | 105.2 | 106.1 | 106.1 | 106.2 | 107.1 | 106.9 |
| Wholesale trade | 112.5 | 113.3 | 113.5 | 113.7 | 114.4 | 114.9 | 116.1 | 116.2 | 116.3 | 116.8 | 117.4 | 117.1 | 118.3 |
| Retail trade | 109.9 | 110.3 | 111.1 | 111.9 | 111.0 | 111.1 | 111.7 | 111.8 | 113.6 | 114.1 | 113.4 | 113.4 | 113.7 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate .......... ! | 122.2 ! | 123.1 | 123.1 | 124.0 | 124.7 | 124.2 | 125.4 | 125.1 | 125.4 | 126.6 | 126.0 | 126.0 | 126.8 |
| Services | 130.9 | 131.4 | 131.7 | 132.4 | 132.5 | 132.4 | 134.1 | 134.2 | 134.8 | 135.4 | 135.7 | 136.5 | 137.4 |

${ }^{1}$ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.
${ }^{\mathrm{p}}=$ preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

C-7. The Hourly Earnings Index and average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers ' on private nonagricultural payrolls, seasonally adjusted

| Industry | 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | Mar. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |
|  | Hourly Earnings Index ${ }^{2}(1977=100)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total private (in current dollars) ........................ | 159.1 | 159.9 | 159.6 | 160.3 | 160.8 | 160.6 | 161.6 | 161.3 | 162.0 | 163.1 | 162.8 | 163.8 | 164.4 |
| Mining | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | ${ }^{3}$ ) | ${ }^{3}$ ) | () | ${ }^{(3)}$ | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | () | ${ }^{3}$ ) | ${ }^{3}$ ) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{3}$ ) |
| Construction | 146.3 | 146.6 | 147.0 | 147.1 | 146.6 | 146.6 | 146.8 | 146.3 | 146.5 | 147.5 | 148.0 | 149.5 | 149.8 |
| Manufacturing | 161.2 | 161.6 | 162.0 | 162.3 | 162.9 | 163.3 | 163.4 | 163.8 | 164.5 | 165.1 | 165.9 | 166.6 | 167.3 |
| Transportation and public utillties | 160.9 | 161.3 | 160.9 | 162.1 | 162.6 | 161.9 | 163.0 | 163.0 | 163.1 | 164.3 | 163.4 | 164.7 | 165.2 |
| Wholesale trade ............................ | (3) | (3) | (3) | ( ${ }^{3}$ ) | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) | ${ }^{3}$ ) | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | ${ }^{3}$ ) |
| Retall trade .... | 153.2 | 153.7 | 153.4 | 153.8 | 154.0 | 153.6 | 154.0 | 153.9 | 155.1 | 155.4 | 154.8 | 155.8 | 156.4 |
| Finance, Insurance, and real estate | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | ${ }^{3}$ ) | (3) | (3) | ${ }^{3}$ ) | (3) | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) | ${ }^{3}$ ) | ${ }^{3}$ ) | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| Services ......................................... | 160.8 | 162.3 | 161.4 | 162.5 | 163.4 | 162.8 | 164.7 | 164.0 | 164.8 | 166.6 | 164.8 | 165.9 | 167.0 |
| Total private (in constant dollars) ${ }^{4}$ | 95.0 | 95.3 | 94.8 | 94.1 | 95.1 | 94.1 | 94.2 | 94.0 | 94.4 | 94.7 | 94.4 | 94.6 | ${ }^{(5)}$ |
|  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total private | \$8.25 | \$8.31 | \$8.29 | \$8.33 | \$8.35 | \$8.34 | \$8.40 | \$8.38 | $\$ 8.42$ | $\$ 8.47$ | $\$ 8.45$ | \$8.50 | $\$ 8.54$ |
| Mining ............ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{\text {(3) }}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | $\stackrel{3}{3}^{(12)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ |  | $\left(^{3}\right)$ | ${ }_{\text {(12) }}{ }^{\text {(2) }}$ |  |
| Construction | \$11.97 | \$12.03 | \$12.07 | \$12.07 | \$12.04 | \$12.05 | \$12.05 | \$12.02 | \$12.03 | \$12.11 | \$12.11 | \$12.22 |  |
| Manufacturing | 9.09 | 9.11 | 9.12 | 9.15 | 9.17 | 9.20 | 9.22 | 9.25 | 9.30 | 9.33 | 9.37 | 9.42 | 9.44 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 11.08 | 11.11 | 11.09 | 11.16 | 11.22 | 11.16 | 11.23 | 11.20 | 11.21 | 11.27 | 11.24 | 11.31 | 11.35 |
| Wholesale trade | 8.82 | 8.88 | 8.85 | 8.94 | 8.98 | 8.97 | 9.05 | 9.00 | 9.08 | 9.18 | 9.07 | 9.14 | 9.19 |
| Retall trade | 5.87 | 5.89 | 5.87 | 5.89 | 5.89 | 5.88 | 5.90 | 5.89 | 5.94 | 5.94 | 5.94 | 5.96 | 5.98 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate ............... | 7.54 | 7.62 | 7.53 | 7.61 | 7.64 | 7.57 | 7.78 | 7.68 | 7.71 | 7.82 | 7.71 | 7.81 | 7.53 |
| Services ..................................................... | 7.52 | 7.60 | 7.56 | 7.59 | 7.64 | 7.62 | 7.69 | 7.67 | 7.72 | 7.79 | 7.73 | 7.79 | 7.83 |
|  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total private: In current dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In constant (1977) dollars ${ }^{4}$....................................................... | 173.97 | 175.41 | $\begin{aligned} & 292.64 \\ & 173.88 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 294.05 \\ & 174.51 \end{aligned}$ | 173.81 | $\begin{aligned} & 293.5 \\ & 171.98 \end{aligned}$ | 173.29 | 171.31 | 172.62 | 173.63 | 297.44 172.43 | $\begin{aligned} & 297.50 \\ & 171.87 \end{aligned}$ | ( ${ }^{5}$ ) |
| ${ }^{1}$ Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Excludes the effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to underlying wage rate movements: Fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts. <br> ${ }^{3}$ These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular |  |  |  |  | components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. <br> ${ }^{4}$ The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to detlate these series. <br> ${ }^{5}$ Not available. <br> ${ }^{\mathrm{p}}=$ preliminary. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

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| ---: | :--- |
|  |  |

See footnotes at end of table.

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolis in States and selected areas-Continued

| State and area | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. $1985^{\text {P }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | Jan. <br> 1985 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\text {p }} \end{aligned}$ |
| Indiana | 41.9 | 41.4 | 36.6 | \$10.42 | \$10.61 | \$10.81 | \$436.60 | \$439.25 | \$395.65 |
| Gary-Hammond | 41.5 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 13.46 | 13.39 | 13.62 | 558.59 | 548.99 | 550.25 |
| Indianapolis ..... | 41.9 | 41.8 | 40.1 | 10.43 | 10.98 | 11.16 | 437.02 | 458.96 ! | 447.52 |
| Iowa | 39.9 | 40.3 | 39.6 | 10.21 | 10.20 | 10.21 | 407.38 | 411.06 | 404.32 |
| Cedar Rapids | 41.5 | 42.0 | 40.5 | 10.70 | 11.04 | 11.22 | 444.05 | 463.68 | 454.41 |
| Des Moines | 40.1 | 40.3 | 39.7 | 12.05 | 11.87 | 11.92 | 483.21 | 478.36 | 473.22 |
| Dubuque | 40.5 | 39.2 | 39.9 | 10.94 | 11.42 | 11.50 | 443.07 | 447.66 : | 458.85 |
| Sioux City | 36.2 | 37.6 ! | 35.9 | 8.65 | 8.16 | 8.22 | 313.13 | 306.82 | 295.10 |
| Waterloo-Cedar Falls | 40.3 | 40.2 \| | (') | 12.91 | 12.99 | (') | 520.27 | 522.20 | (') |
| Kansas | 40.2 | 38.2 ! | 38.5 | 9.42 | 9.35 | 9.28 | 378.68 | 357.17 | 357.28 |
| Topeka | 40.0 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 9.51 | 10.24 | 9.97 | 380.40 | 428.03 | 416.75 |
| Wichita ...........................................................................\| | 41.6 | 37.8 | 38.3 | 10.23 | 9.82 | 9.92 | 425.57 | 371.20 | 379.94 |
| Kentucky | 39.0 | 38.6 | () | 9.16 | 9.38 | (') | 357.24 | 362.07 | (') |
| Lexington-Fayette | 39.6 | 39.9 ! | 36.3 | 9.67 | 9.80 | 10.01 | 382.93 | 391.02 | 393.39 |
| Louisville | 40.1 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 10.40 | 10.59 | \$10.63 | 417.04 | 423.60 | \$422.01 |
| Louisiana | 41.7 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 9.98 | 10.28 | 10.22 | 416.17 | 423.54 | 424.13 |
| Baton Rouge | 42.2 | 43.6 | 40.9 | 11.72 | 12.54 | 11.88 | 494.58 | 546.74 | 485.89 |
| New Orleans | 42.2 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 10.44 ; | 10.49 | 10.33 | 440.57 | 427.99 | 421.46 |
| Shreveport | 43.7 | 41.6 | 41.4 | 9.86 | 10.29 | 10.36 | 430.88 | 428.06 | 428.90 |
| Maine | 40.2 | 40.0 : | 39.3 | 7.82 | 8.35 | 8.44 | 314.36 | 334.00 | 331.69 |
| Lewiston-Auburn | 38.8 | 38.2 | 37.7 | 6.35 | 6.79 | 6.80 | 246.38 | 259.38 | 256.36 |
| Portland | 39.3 | 39.4 | 38.4 | 7.58 | 8.55 | 8.60 | 297.89 | 336.87 | 330.24 |
| Maryland | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.0 | 9.30 | 9.88 | 9.84 | 378.51 | 402.12 | 393.60 |
| Baltimore MSA ................................................................ | 41.4 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 9.82 | 10.15 | 10.15 | 406.55 | 417.17 | 415.14 |
| Massachusetts | 40.7 | 39.4 | () | 8.29 | 8.84 | (') | 337.40 | 348.30 | (') |
| Boston.. | 39.9 | 39.6 | () | 8.99 i | 9.46 | (') | 358.70 | 374.62 | () |
| Brockton | 39.9 | 37.8 | (') | 6.45 | 6.91 | () | 257.36 | 261.20 | (') |
| Fall River ................ | 37.8 | 35.0 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | 6.68 | 6.97 | (') | 252.50 | 243.95 | (1) |
| Lawrence-Haverhill | 40.1 | 40.2 | (1) | 8.48 | 8.54 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 340.05 | 343.31 | (') |
| Lowell ...... | 40.0 | 42.9 | (') | 7.79 | 8.13 | (1) | 311.60 | 348.78 | () |
| New Bedford | 39.6 | 40.0 | (') | 7.37 | 7.78 | (') | 291.85 | 311.20 | () |
| Springfield .. | 41.9 | 41.3 | () | 8.38 | 8.74 | (') | 351.12 | 360.96 | () |
| Worcester | 40.4 | 40.5 | (') | 8.54 | 8.79 | (') | 345.02 | 356.00 | (') |
| Michigan | 43.4 | 43.8 | 41.6 | 11.95 | 12.65 | 12.68 | 518.63 | 554.07 | 527.49 |
| Ann Arbor | 45.1 | 45.9 | 44.7 | 12.58 | 13.75 | 13.32 | 567.36 | 631.12 | 595.40 |
| Battle Creek | 41.3 | 42.4 | 41.2 | 12.09 | 13.10 | 12.72 | 499.21 | 555.44 | 524.06 |
| Detroit | 43.6 | 44.0 ' | 42.5 | 12.63 | 13.24 | 13.32 | 550.67 | 582.56 | 566.10 |
| Flint ...............................................................................\| | 47.0 | 46.8 | 46.8 | 13.76 | 14.89 | 14.92 | 646.63 | 696.85 | 698.26 |
| Grand Rapids .................................................................... | 42.5 | 42.1 | 40.3 | 10.20 | 10.71 | 10.64 | 433.50 | 450.89 | 428.79 |
| Jackson ..........................................................................! | 42.0 | 43.2 | 41.1 | 9.82 | 9.84 | 10.01 | 412.44 | 425.09 | 411.41 |
| Kalamazoo | 42.1 | 43.5 | 41.3 | 11.33 | 11.80 | 11.74 | 477.22 | 513.30 | 484.86 |
| Lansing-East Lansing ........................................................ | 44.3 | 46.2 ; | 41.1 | 13.41 | 14.78 | 14.37 | 594.31 | 682.84 | 590.61 |
| Muskegon .......................................................................! | 41.0 | 41.4 | 39.8 | 10.77 | 11.27 | 11.19 | 441.59 | 466.58 | 445.36 |
| Saginaw-Bay City-Midland | 44.9 | 44.1 ' | 42.5 | 14.38 | 13.81 | 14.09 | 646.18 | 609.02 | 598.82 |
| Minnesota | 40.3 | 40.2 : | 40.0 | 9.72 | 9.91 | 9.96 | 391.72 | 398.38 | 398.40 |
| Duluth ............................................................................i | 38.8 | 37.5 , | 37.3 | 10.41 | 10.46 | 10.43 | 403.91 | 392.25 | 389.04 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul | 40.9 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 10.37 | 10.58 | 10.63 | 424.13 | 425.32 | 429.45 |
| St. Cloud ......................................................................... | 37.3 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 8.62 | 9.33 | 9.22 | 321.53 | 385.33 | 380.79 |
| Mississippi ....................................................................... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 40.7 | 40.8 : | 40.9 | 6.91 | 7.15 | 7.24 | 281.24 | 291.72 | 296.12 |
| Jackson | 40.5 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 7.71 | 8.06 | 8.11 | 312.26 | 331.27 | 333.32 |
| Missouri | 40.4 | 39.7 | 39.3 | 9.08 | 9.50 | 9.51 | 366.83 | 377.15 | 373.74 |
| Kansas City ..................................................................... | 41.5 | $41.4{ }^{\prime}$ | 41.2 | 10.36 | 10.87 | 10.74 | 429.94 | 450.02 | 442.49 |
| St. Joseph ........................................................................ | 38.4 | 40.2 | 39.3 | 8.07 | 8.46 | 8.39 | 309.89 | 340.09 | 329.73 |
| St. Louis .......................................................................... | 41.1 | 40.0 | 39.1 | 10.40 | 11.08 | 11.07 | 427.44 | 443.20 | 432.84 |
| Springfield | 39.5 | 39.9 | 38.7 | 8.16 | 8.39 | 8.37 | 322.32 | 334.76 | 323.92 |
| Montana .......................................................................... | 39.3 | 38.1 . | 38.4 | 10.76 | 10.89 | 10.78 | 422.87 | 414.91 | 413.95 |

See footnotes at end of table.

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolis in States and selected areas-Continued

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| ---: | :--- |
|  |  |

See footnotes at end of table.

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas-Continued


ESTABLISHMENT DATA
STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas-Continued

| State and area | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  | Average weekly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. $1984$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| West Virginia | 40.4 | 39.9 | 39.0 | \$9.66 | \$10.18 | \$10.20 | \$390.26 | \$406.18 | \$397.80 |
| Charleston ... | 43.0 | 42.8 | 42.9 | 11.80 | 12.32 | 12.31 | 507.40 | 527.30 | 528.10 |
| Huntington-Ashland | 40.3 | 40.0 | 37.6 | 10.93 | 10.82 | 11.14 | 440.48 | 432.80 | 418.86 |
| Parkersburg-Marietta | 41.7 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 10.93 | 11.19 | 11.33 | 455.78 | 456.55 | 465.66 |
| Wheeling ... | 40.0 | 41.3 | 38.4 | 11.05 | 11.44 | 11.48 | 442.00 | 472.47 | 440.83 |
| Wisconsin ......................................................................... | 41.4 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 10.12 | 10.31 | 10.19 | 418.97 | 422.71 | 413.71 |
| Appleton-Oshkosh ........................................................... | 42.3 | 42.5 | 41.6 | 9.67 | 10.03 | 9.97 | 409.04 | 426.27 | 414.75 |
| Eau Claire | 39.7 | 41.4 | 42.0 | 9.92 | 9.97 | 10.11 | 393.82 | 412.76 | 424.62 |
| Green Bay .......................................................................: | 41.3 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 10.69 | 10.92 | 10.92 | 441.50 | 447.72 | 446.63 |
| Janesville-Beloit | 41.3 | 42.7 | 39.4 | 11.17 | 12.38 | 11.90 | 461.32 | 528.63 | 468.86 |
| Kenosha ......................................... ................................ | 41.4 | 39.2 | 38.9 | 11.77 | 12.48 | 11.66 | 487.28 | 489.22 | 453.57 |
| La Crosse | 38.9 | 38.7 | 38.3 | 8.79 | 8.80 | 8.89 | 341.93 | 340.56 | 340.49 |
| Madison .. | 39.4 | 41.8 | 40.0 | 9.47 | 9.48 | 9.42 | 373.12 | 396.26 | 376.80 |
| Milwaukee ....................................................................... ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 41.7 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 11.25 | 11.54 | 11.42 | 469.13 | 476.60 | 465.94 |
| Racine | 41.8 | 38.9 | 39.0 | 10.29 | 10.34 | 10.31 | 430.12 | 402.23 | 402.09 |
| Sheboygan | 39.8 | 39.5 | 39.8 | 9.43 | 9.92 | 9.91 | 375.31 | 391.84 | 394.42 |
| Wausau ........................................................................... | 41.1 | 42.2 | 40.9 | 9.15 | 9.44 | 9.48 | 376.06 | 398.37 | 387.73 |
| Wyoming | 37.9 | 38.8 | 36.9 | 8.76 | 8.57 | 8.67 | 332.00 | 332.52 | 319.92 |
| Puerto Rico ................................................................ | 39.5 | 36.2 | (') | 4.91 | 5.13 | (') | 193.94 | 185.71 | (') |
| Virgin Islands ................................................................... | 43.0 | 41.9 | 41.3 | 10.31 | 9.90 | 8.96 | 443.33 | 414.81 | 370.05 |

[^21]this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1984 benchmarks except Rhode Island and Puerto Rico.

C-9. Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments by major industry, seasonally adjusted

| Industry | Millions of hours (annual rate) ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Percent change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1985' } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\prime} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } 1984 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Mar. } 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } 1985 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Feb. } 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } 1985 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Mar. } 1985^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ |
| Total | 179,892 | 179,173 | 180,675 | 3.6 | -0.4 | 0.8 |
| Private sector ................................. | 147,860 | 147,707 | 148,726 | 4.0 | -. 1 | . 7 |
| Mining | 2,249 | 2,244 | 2,268 | 2.9 | -. 2 | 1.1 |
| Construction .............................................. | 8,838 | 8,857 | 9,015 | 13.5 | . 2 | 1.8 |
| Manufacturing ............................................ | 41,482 | 40,852 | 41,117 | . 7 | -1.5 | . 6 |
| Durable goods ......................................... | 25,076 | 24,644 | 24,820 | 1.7 | -1.7 | . 7 |
| Nondurable goods .................................... | 16,407 | 16,208 | 16,297 | -. 7 | -1.2 | . 5 |
| Transportation and public utilities ................. | 10,722 | 10,806 | 10,803 | 3.7 | . 8 | . 0 |
| Wholesale trade ....................................... | 11,355 | 11,372 | 11,426 | 4.8 | . 1 | . 5 |
| Retail trade ................................................ | 25,804 | 25,891 | 26,203 | 4.6 | . 3 | 1.2 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate .............. | 10,944 | 10,985 | 11,024 | 4.3 | . 4 | . 4 |
| Services .................................................... | 36,467 | 36,700 | 36,869 | 4.9 | . 6 | . 5 |
| Government | 32,031 | 31,466 | 31,950 | 1.9 | -1.8 | 1.5 |

${ }^{1}$ Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52 .

- = preliminary.
' = revised.
NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees-production workers,
nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers-and are based largely on establishment data. See BLS Handbook of Methods, BLS Bulletin 2134-1, chapter 13, Productivity Measures: Business Economy and Major Sectors. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

C-10. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted
$(1977=100)$

| Item | Annual average |  | Quarterly index |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1983 | 1984 | 1982 |  |  | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV | 1 | 11 | III | IV |
| Business sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons | 103.7 | 107.0 | 100.3 | 100.9 | 101.6 | 102.2 | 103.6 | 104.3 | 104.7 | 105.7 | 107.0 | 107.2 | 108.2 |
| Output | 111.0 | 120.9 | 106.4 | 106.1 | 105.8 | 106.9 | 110.1 | 112.5 | 114.7 | 117.8 | 121.0 | 121.5 | 123.2 |
| Hours | 107.1 | 112.9 | 106.1 | 105.1 | 104.1 | 104.7 | 106.2 | 107.9 | 109.5 | 111.4 | 113.0 | 113.4 | 113.8 |
| Compensation per hour | 161.7 | 168.6 | 153.9 | 156.7 | 158.4 | 160.2 | 161.0 | 161.8 | 164.2 | 166.7 | 167.5 | 169.3 | 171.1 |
| Real compensation per hour | 98.4 | 98.4 | 97.2 | 97.3 | 98.0 | 99.0 | 98.5 | 97.9 | 98.4 | 98.6 | 98.2 | 98.3 | 98.5 |
| Unit labor costs | 156.0 | 157.5 | 153.4 | 155.3 | 155.9 | 156.8 | 155.4 | 155.1 | 156.8 | 157.7 | 156.5 | 158.0 | 158.2 |
| Unit nonlabor payments | 145.5 | 157.1 | 137.0 | 135.8 | 136.5 | 139.8 | 144.6 | 147.9 | 149.1 | 151.6 | 157.2 | 158.5 | 160.6 |
| Implicit price deflator ....... | 152.4 | 157.4 | 147.9 | 148.7 | 149.3 | 151.0 | 151.7 | 152.7 | 154.2 | 155.6 | 156.7 | 158.1 | 159.0 |
| Nonfarm business sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons | 103.4 | 106.3 | 99.4 | 100.3 | 100.5 | 101.6 | 103.6 | 104.1 | 104.4 | 105.2 | 106.6 | 106.3 | 107.0 |
| Output ... | 111.2 | 120.8 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 105.2 | 106.7 | 110.4 | 112.7 | 115.2 | 118.0 | 121.0 | 121.3 | 122.8 |
| Hours | 107.5 | 113.6 | 106.7 | 105.7 | 104.7 | 105.1 | 106.5 | 108.2 | 110.3 | 112.3 | 113.6 | 114.1 | 114.7 |
| Compensation per hour | 162.0 | 168.7 | 153.2 | 156.0 | 157.9 | 160.1 | 161.5 | 162.4 | 164.0 | 166.5 | 168.0 | 169.5 | 171.0 |
| Real compensation per hour | 98.6 | 98.4 | 96.8 | 96.8 | 97.7 | 99.0 | 98.8 | 98.3 | 98.3 | 98.4 | 98.4 | 98.4 | 98.5 |
| Unit labor costs .................... | 156.6 | 158.8 | 154.2 | 155.6 | 157.1 | 157.6 | 155.9 | 155.9 | 157.1 | 158.3 | 157.6 | 159.5 | 159.8 |
| Unit nonlabor payments | 147.0 | 157.1 | 137.5 | 136.8 | 136.4 | 140.6 | 146.4 | 149.4 | 151.4 | 152.2 | 156.8 | 158.0 | 160.8 |
| Implicit price deflator ................................ | 153.4 | 158.2 | 148.6 | 149.3 | 150.2 | 151.9 | 152.7 | 153.8 | 155.2 | 156.3 | 157.3 | 159.0 | 160.1 |
| Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons | 111.6 | 116.8 | 106.3 | 108.8 | 107.8 | 109.1 | 110.8 | 113.4 | 113.1 | 114.2 | 115.3 | 117.4 | 117.1 |
| Output ..................................................... | 104.4 | 116.6 | 100.0 | 99.7 | 96.7 | 98.4 | 102.4 | 107.2 | 109.6 | 113.0 | 115.4 | 117.4 | 117.4 |
| Hours. | 93.5 | 99.8 | 94.1 | 91.7 | 89.6 | 90.2 | 92.4 | 94.6 | 96.9 | 98.9 | 100.1 | 100.0 | 100.2 |
| Compensation per hour | 163.4 | 169.4 | 157.2 | 159.8 | 161.0 | 162.7 | 163.0 | 163.5 | 164.6 | 167.1 | 168.3 | 169.9 | 172.1 |
| Real compensation per hour | 99.4 | 98.8 | 99.4 | 99.2 | 99.6 | 100.6 | 99.6 | 98.9 | 98.6 | 98.8 | 98.6 | 98.7 | 99.1 |
| Unit labor costs ........................................\| | 146.4 | 145.0 | 148.0 | 146.9 | 149.3 | 149.1 | 147.0 | 144.1 | 145.5 | 146.4 | 146.0 | 144.7 | 146.9 |
| Durable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons | 111.5 | 117.6 | 104.7 | 107.6 | 106.6 | 108.5 | 110.8 | 113.5 | 113.1 | 115.1 | 116.0 | 118.2 | 118.0 |
| Output. | 102.6 | 118.1 | 98.3 | 97.4 | 93.2 | 95.6 | 100.1 | 105.7 | 109.0 | 113.9 | 116.5 | 119.3 | 119.8 |
| Hours | 92.0 | 100.4 | 93.9 | 90.5 | 87.4 | 88.1 | 90.4 | 93.2 | 96.4 | 98.9 | 100.4 | 101.0 | 101.5 |
| Compensation per hour | 162.5 | 167.8 | 156.8 | 159.7 | 160.7 | 162.2 | 162.2 | 162.5 | 163.4 | 165.8 | 167.0 | 168.1 | 170.0 |
| Real compensation per hour | 98.9 | 97.9 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 99.4 | 100.2 | 99.2 | 98.4 | 97.9 | 98.1 | 97.8 | 97.6 | 97.9 |
| Unit labor costs ......................................\| | 145.8 | 142.7 | 149.7 | 148.4 | 150.7 | 149.5 | 146.5 | 143.2 | 144.4 | 144.0 | 144.0 | 142.2 | 144.1 |
| Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons .................. | 111.9 | 115.7 | 108.5 | 110.4 | 109.6 | 110.0 | 110.9 | 113.3 | 113.2 | 112.8 | 114.3 | 116.2 | 115.8 |
| Output | 107.1 | 114.3 | 102.5 | 103.1 | 101.9 | 102.6 | 105.7 | 109.5 | 110.5 | 111.7 | 113.8 | 114.6 | 113.8 |
| Hours ... | 95.7 | 98.9 | 94.4 | 93.4 | 93.0 | 93.3 | 95.3 | 96.6 | 97.6 | 99.0 | 99.5 | 98.6 | 98.2 |
| Compensation per hour ....... | 165.6 | 171.9 | 158.0 | 160.5 | 162.7 | 164.5 | 165.1 | 165.7 | 167.1 | 169.5 | 170.6 | 172.7 | 175.0 |
| Real compensation per hour | 100.7 | 100.3 | 99.9 | 99.6 | 100.7 | 101.7 | 101.0 | 100.3 | 100.1 | 100.2 | 100.0 | 100.3 | 100.8 |
| Unit labor costs ....................................... | 148.0 | 148.6 | 145.6 | 145.4 | 148.5 | 149.6 | 148.8 | 146.2 | 147.6 | 150.2 | 149.2 | 148.7 | 151.1 |
| Nonfinancial corporations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per all-employee hour .................... | 106.1 | 108.5 | 102.1 | 103.3 | 103.2 | 104.0 | 105.8 | 107.2 | 107.2 | 108.1 | 108.9 | 108.2 | (') |
| Output | 112.6 | 122.8 | 108.0 | 107.9 | 106.4 | 107.5 | 111.4 | 114.7 | 117.0 | 120.2 | 123.1 | 123.1 | (') |
| Hours | 106.2 | 113.2 | 105.8 | 104.5 | 103.1 | 103.4 | 105.2 | 106.9 | 109.2 | 111.2 | 113.1 | 113.8 | (') |
| Compensation per hour | 161.0 | 166.6 | 153.5 | 156.2 | 157.7 | 159.2 | 160.6 | 161.8 | 162.6 | 164.8 | 165.8 | 167.1 | () |
| Real compensation per hour . | 97.9 | 97.2 | 97.0 | 97.0 | 97.5 | 98.4 | 98.2 | 97.9 | 97.4 | 97.5 | 97.2 | 97.1 | (') |
| Total unit costs ...... | 155.2 | 156.4 | 154.0 | 154.7 | 157.0 | 156.7 | 155.2 | 154.4 | 154.7 | 155.0 | 155.0 | 157.5 | () |
| Unit labor costs | 151.8 | 153.6 | 150.3 | 151.3 | 152.9 | 153.1 | 151.7 | 150.9 | 151.7 | 152.5 | 152.3 | 154.5 | (') |
| Unit nonlabor costs | 164.9 | 164.4 | 164.3 | 164.4 | 168.8 | 167.0 | 165.1 | 164.4 | 163.3 | 162.0 | 162.8 | 165.9 | (') |
| Unit profits ............... | 117.2 | 148.0 | 86.8 | 86.6 | 75.6 | 92.5 | 111.8 | 126.6 | 135.9 | 143.2 | 151.1 | 145.3 | (') |
| Implicit price deflator ............................... | 150.9 | 155.4 | 146.3 | 146.9 | 147.7 | 149.4 | 150.2 | 151.2 | 152.6 | 153.6 | 154.6 | 156.1 | (') |

Not available.
SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

C-11. Percent changes from the preceding quarter and year in productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted annual rates

| Item | Percent change from |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Previous quarter |  |  |  |  |  | Same quarter, previous year |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { III } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { IV } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 111 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { IV } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 111 \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { IV } \\ 1983 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ill } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { IV } \\ 1984 \end{gathered}$ |
| Business sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons | 2.8 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 4.9 | 0.6 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 3.3 |
| Output | 9.3 | 7.8 | 11.4 | 11.2 | 1.8 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 8.4 | 10.2 | 9.9 | 8.0 | 7.4 |
| Hours ... | 6.4 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 6.0 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 5.2 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 5.1 | 4.0 |
| Compensation per hour | 2.0 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 1.9 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 4.2 |
| Real compensation per hour | -2.2 | 1.9 | . 8 | -1.8 | . 7 | . 8 | .6 | . 4 | -. 4 | -. 3 | . 4 | . 1 |
| Unit labor costs | -. 8 | 4.6 | 2.1 | -2.9 | 3.7 | . 6 | -. 1 | . 6 | . 6 | . 7 | 1.9 | 8 |
| Unit nonlabor payments ..................................... | 9.5 | 3.1 | 7.0 | 15.4 | 3.4 | 5.5 | 8.9 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 8.7 | 7.1 | 7.8 |
| Implicit price deflator ........................................... | 2.5 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.1 |
| Nonfarm business sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons ............................ | 2.1 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 5.5 | -1.1 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 2.5 |
| Output .............................................................. | 8.7 | 9.1 | 103 | 10.6 | . 7 | 5.2 | 6.3 | 9.5 | 10.6 | 9.7 | 7.6 | 6.6 |
| Hours | 6.5 | 8.0 | 7.2 | 4.8 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 5.4 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 5.4 | 4.0 |
| Compensation per hour ....................................... | 2.2 | 4.1 | 6.1 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 4.3 |
| Real compensation per hour ...............................i | -2.0 | . 0 | . 7 | . 0 | -. 1 | . 2 | 1.5 | . 6 | -. 5 | -. 3 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Unit labor costs .................................................\| | . 1 | 3.0 | 3.1 | -1.7 | 4.7 | . 8 | . 2 | . 0 | . 4 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 1.7 |
| Unit nonlabor payments ..................................... | 8.4 | 5.3 | 2.3 | 12.5 | 3.1 | 7.3 | 9.2 | 10.9 | 8.3 | 7.1 | 5.7 | 6.2 |
| Implicit price deflator ............................................. | 2.7 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.2 |
| Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons | 9.7 | -1.0 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 7.4 | -. 9 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Output ................................................................ | 20.5 | 9.1 | 12.9 | 8.9 | 7.1 | -. 2 | 7.6 | 13.4 | 14.8 | 12.7 | 9.5 | 7.1 |
| Hours ................................................................... | 9.8 | 10.2 | 8.8 | 4.6 | -. 2 | . 7 | 3.1 | 8.1 | 9.7 | 8.3 | 5.8 | 3.4 |
| Compensation per hour ...................................... | 1.3 | 2.9 | 6.2 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.5 |
| Real compensation per hour ............................... | -2.9 | -1.2 | . 8 | -. 8 | 1 | 1.6 | -. 3 | -1.0 | -1.7 | -1.0 | -. 3 | . 4 |
| Unit labor costs ................................................. | -7.7 | 3.9 | 2.3 | -1.1 | -3.4 | 6.2 | -1.9 | -2.6 | -1.9 | -. 7 | . 4 | . 9 |
| Durable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons ............................. | 10.2 | -1.2 | 7.2 | 3.1 | 7.9 | -. 7 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.3 |
| Output .............................................................. | 24.2 | 13.2 | 18.9 | 9.5 | 10.2 | 1.5 | 8.5 | 17.0 | 19.2 | 16.3 | 12.9 | 9.9 |
| Hours. | 12.8 | 14.6 | 10.9 | 6.2 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 10.3 | 12.3 | 11.1 | 8.4 | 5.3 |
| Compensation per hour ....................................... | . 8 | 2.1 | 6.1 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 4.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 4.1 |
| Real compensation per hour ...............................: | -3.3 | -2.0 | . 8 | -. 9 | -1.0 | 1.2 | -. 8 | -1.5 | -2.2 | -1.4 | -. 8 | . 0 |
| Unit labor costs .................................................\| | -8.5 | 3.3 | -1.0 | -. 2 | -4.8 | 5.6 | -3.5 | -4.2 | -3.7 | -1.7 | -. 7 | -. 2 |
| Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per hour of all persons ............................ | 9.0 | -. 6 | -1.3 | 5.5 | 6.5 | -1.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 2.3 |
| Output .............................................................. | 15.3 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 8.0 | 2.6 | -2.8 | 6.2 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 7.7 | 4.6 | 3.0 |
| Hours ............................................................... | 5.8 | 4.0 | 5.8 | 2.4 | -3.7 | -1.6 | 3.5 | 4.9 | 6.1 | 4.5 | 2.1 | 7 |
| Compensation per hour ........................................ | 1.4 | 3.4 | 5.8 | 2.7 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 4.8 |
| Real compensation per hour ...............................i | -2.7 | -. 7 | . 5 | -1.0 | 1.4 | 1.9 | . 6 | -. 6 | -1.4 | -1.0 | 1 | . 7 |
| Unit labor costs ................................................. | -7.0 | 4.0 | 7.2 | -2.6 | -1.4 | 6.8 | . 6 | -. 6 | . 4 | . 2 | 1.7 | 2.4 |
| Nonfinancial corporations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output per all-employee hour .............................. | 5.3 | -. 2 | 3.6 | 2.8 | -2.5 | ${ }^{1}$ () | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 2.9 | . 9 | (') |
| Output ...............................................................-1 | 12.4 | 8.4 | 11.6 | 9.8 | . 2 | (') | 6.3 | 10.0 | 11.8 | 10.5 | 7.4 | (') |
| Hours .................................................................. | 6.7 | 8.6 | 7.7 | 6.8 | 2.8 | (') | 2.4 | 5.9 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 6.4 | () |
| Compensation per hour ...................................... | 3.1 | 2.0 | 5.7 | 2.4 | 3.2 | (') | 3.6 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.3 | (') |
| Real compensation per hour ................................. | -1.1 | -2.1 | 4 | -1.3 | -. 4 | (') | 1.0 | -. 1 | -. 9 | -1.0 | -. 9 | (1) |
| Total unit costs .................................................. | -2.0 | . 8 | . 6 | . 2 | 6.5 | (') | -. 2 | -1.5 | -1.1 | -. 1 | 2.0 | (1) |
| Unit labor costs ............................................... | -2.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | -. 4 | 5.9 | (') | -. 2 | -. 8 | -.4 | . 4 | 2.4 | (') |
| Unit nonlabor costs ......................................... | -1.7 | -2.6 | -3.2 | 2.0 | 8.0 | () | 0 | -3.2 | -3.0 | -1.4 | 9 | (') |
| Unit profits ......................................................... | 64.8 | 32.6 | 23.4 | 23.8 | -14.5 | (') | 46.3 | 79.8 | 54.8 | 35.2 | 14.7 | (') |
| Implicit price deflator .......................................... | 2.8 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 3.9 | (') | 3.0 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.2 | (') |

- Not available

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas
(Numbers in thousands)


See footnotes at end of table.

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)


[^22]STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)


See footnotes at end of table.

D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)

| State and area | Civilian labor force |  |  | Unemployed |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Number |  |  |  | Percent of labor force |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1984 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb. } \\ 1985^{\circ} \end{array}$ |
| New York' | 7,988.9 | 8,178.9 | 8,088.3 | 648.7 | 573.0 | 577.0 | 8.1 | 7.0 | 7.1 |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy | 395.2 | 404.9 | 400.2 ! | 27.2 | 23.9 | 21.1 | 6.9 | 5.9 | 5.3 |
| Binghamton .................... | 122.2 | 128.3 | 125.9 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 5.2 |
| Buffalo | 437.1 | 437.8 | 429.1 | 48.1 | 36.1 | 32.1 | 11.0 | 8.2 | 7.5 |
| Elmira | 36.7 | 36.7 | 35.7 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 10.9 | 8.4 | 8.1 |
| Glens Falls | 46.2 | 46.9 | 46.0 | 4.4 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 9.5 | 8.2 | 7.8 |
| Nassau-Suffolk | 1,364.8 | 1,413.5 | 1,393.7 | 78.1 | 66.3 | 59.6 | 5.7 | 4.7 | 4.3 |
| New York | 3,656.6 | 3,753.1 | 3,730.4 | 310.6 | 284.3 | 321.3 | 8.5 | 7.6 | 8.6 |
| New York City ${ }^{1}$ | 3,028.0 | 3,111.0 | 3,098.0 | 278.0 | 256.0 | 296.0 | 9.2 | 8.2 | 9.6 |
| Orange County ... | 108.9 | 112.6 | 111.2 | 8.3 | 7.3 | 6.2 | 7.6 | 6.5 | 5.6 |
| Poughkeepsie . | 114.1 | 117.4 | 115.6 | 6.5 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 5.7 | 4.3 | 3.6 |
| Rochester .... | 469.5 | 478.9 | 469.8 | 35.9 | 28.3 | 25.1 | 7.7 | 5.9 | 5.3 |
| Syracuse .. | 304.8 | 312.7 | 307.6 | 21.8 | 20.3 | 17.7 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 5.8 |
| Utica-Rome ..................................................................... | 129.9 | 133.6 | 131.0 | 11.4 | 10.8 | 9.5 | 8.8 | 8.1 | 7.2 |
| North Carolina ${ }^{1}$ | 2,954.8 | 2,999.4 | 3,021.8 | 217.1 | 213.2 | 201.4 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 6.7 |
| Asheville ... | 81.1 | 82.9 | 83.5 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 6.8 |
| Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill | 546.2 | 551.5 | 555.2 | 31.6 | 33.7 | 31.0 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 5.6 |
| Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point ................. | 463.5 | 473.3 | 476.0 | 28.3 | 26.7 | 24.7 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.2 |
| Raleigh-Durham .................................................................. | 350.2 | 368.4 | 372.7 | 13.6 | 12.2 | 11.1 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.0 |
| North Dakota ..................................................................... | 303.7 | 309.6 | 316.0 | 19.9 | 23.4 | 23.8 | 6.6 | 7.5 | 7.5 |
| Bismarck ... | 40.0 | 42.0 | 42.3 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 7.5 | 8.2 | 8.5 |
| Fargo-Moorhead | 73.2 | 75.7 | 76.4 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.1 |
| Grand Forks .. | 27.8 | 28.5 | 29.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 4.9 |
| Ohio ${ }^{1}$ | 4,922.3 | 5,021.8 | 5.000 .7 | 498.9 | 453.6 | 464.6 | 10.1 | 9.0 | 9.3 |
| Akron | 294.9 | 295.5 | 296.4 | 34.9 | 27.7 | 29.0 | 11.8 | 9.4 | 9.8 |
| Canton | 179.1 | 182.0 | 180.1 | 21.8 | 19.6 | 19.4 | 12.2 | 10.8 | 10.8 |
| Cincinnati | 667.4 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 58.5 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | 8.8 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Cleveland | 888.9 | 896.2 | 891.1 | 81.1 | 73.1 | 73.6 | 9.1 | 8.2 | 8.3 |
| Columbus | 636.5 | 654.6 | 655.0 | 50.2 | 43.8 | 45.0 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 6.9 |
| Dayton-Springtield | 431.9 | 442.4 | 441.0 | 37.8 | 30.9 | 32.6 | 8.8 | 7.0 | 7.4 |
| Toledo ..... | 282.3 | 289.4 | 286.5 | 25.8 | 24.9 | 24.6 | 9.1 | 8.6 | 8.6 |
| Youngstown-Warren | 212.1 | 214.6 | 212.2 | 26.2 | 26.1 | 25.1 | 12.4 | 12.2 | 11.8 |
| Oklahoma | 1,531.8 | 1.527 .2 | 1,519.9 | 114.6 | 126.4 | 123.2 | 7.5 | 8.3 | 8.1 |
| Enid . | 31.3 | 29.4 | 30.4 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 5.6 | 7.9 | 8.0 |
| Lawton | 39.6 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 5.4 | 6.6 | 5.9 |
| Oklahoma City | 486.2 | 489.4 | 485.7 | 27.5 | 32.9 | 31.8 | 5.7 | 6.7 | 6.5 |
| Tulsa ................................................................................ | 357.7 | 354.4 | 350.7 | 28.4 | 28.1 | 27.3 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.8 |
| Oregon | 1,319.0 | 1,332.1 | 1,322.3 | 137.2 | 144.3 | 149.4 | 10.4 | 10.8 | 11.3 |
| Eugene-Springfield | 129.7 | 130.7 | 130.0 | 13.7 | 14.8 | 15.5 | 10.6 | 11.3 | 11.9 |
| Portland | 609.1 | 619.6 | 612.1 | 51.8 | 52.0 | 52.4 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.6 |
| Salem | 119.1 | 120.5 | 120.1 | 12.4 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 10.4 | 10.8 | 10.8 |
| Pennsylvania ${ }^{1}$ | 5,342.6 | 5,413.6 | 5,383.8 | 585.8 | 467.6 | 500.9 | 11.0 | 8.6 | 9.3 |
| Allentown-Bethlehem | 301.8 | 310.5 | 308.0 | 28.8 | 26.0 | 27.1 | 9.6 | 8.4 | 8.8 |
| Altoona ........ | 55.4 | 55.3 | 54.2 | 8.8 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 15.9 | 11.2 | 11.3 |
| Beaver County .. | 78.9 | 76.1 | 76.6 | 12.7 | 9.8 | 11.0 | 16.1 | 12.9 | 14.4 |
| Erie ................. | 120.3 | 121.1 | 122.2 | 15.0 | 11.6 | 12.6 | 12.5 | 9.6 | 10.3 |
| Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle .............................................. | 295.3 | 308.4 | 303.8 | 21.0 | 19.9 | 19.9 | 7.1 | 6.4 | 6.6 |
| Johnstown.. | 99.4 | 99.3 | 99.7 | 17.6 | 13.5 | 15.1 | 17.7 | 13.6 | 15.1 |
| Lancaster .... | 183.4 | 191.1 | 189.1 | 11.5 | 11.1 | 10.5 | 6.3 | 5.8 | 5.5 |
| Philadelphia | 2,185.8 | 2,212.2 | 2,211.7 | 170.8 | 135.5 | 146.5 | 7.8 | 6.1 | 6.6 |
| Pittsburgh ........... | 952.4 | 942.5 | 935.0 | 128.9 | 98.4 | 107.5 | 13.5 | 10.4 | 11.5 |
| Reading ........... | 157.5 | 164.2 | 163.4 | 13.4 | 11.5 | 13.0 | 8.5 | 7.0 | 7.9 |
| Scranton-Wilkes-Barre | 330.6 | 335.3 | 334.5 | 40.5 | 34.9 | 36.0 | 12.2 | 10.4 | 10.8 |
| Sharon .......... | 49.1 | 48.8 | 48.1 | 7.8 | 5.7 | 6.0 | 15.8 | 11.6 | 12.5 |
| State College | 51.3 | 52.1 | 54.2 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 10.0 | 7.8 | 9.0 |
| Williamsport .. | 50.8 | 50.8 | 51.0 | 7.3 | 5.3 | 6.1 | 14.3 | 10.4 | 11.9 |
| York ................................................................................. | 176.9 | 187.1 | 181.3 | 18.2 | 16.6 | 14.1 | 10.3 | 8.9 | 7.8 |
| Rhode Island | 481.6 | 491.8 | 488.8 | 33.4 | 25.9 | 27.6 | 6.9 | 5.3 | 5.6 |
| Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro .. | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 138.0 | 136.6 | (2) | 9.5 | 9.5 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 6.9 | 7.0 |
| Providence | 324.8 | 329.7 | 328.1 | 21.6 | 16.3 | 17.8 | 6.6 | 5.0 | 5.4 |
| South Carolina .................................................................. | 1,432.0 | 1,482.5 | 1,505.0 | 109.9 | 118.5 | 114.3 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 7.6 |
| Charleston. | 175.5 | 184.5 | 187.0 | 11.1 | 10.5 | 9.4 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 5.0 |
| Columbia | 199.3 | 202.3 | 205.4 | 9.7 | 9.6 | $\bigcirc$ | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.0 |
| Greenville-Spartanburg ...................................................... | 283.4 | 290.9 | 296.5 | 18.5 | 19.1 | 19.0 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.4 |
| South Dakota ..................................................................... | 326.3 | 332.6 | 334.1 | 16.6 | 19.6 | 20.4 | 5.1 | 5.9 | 6.1 |
| Sioux Falls ....................................................................... | 67.1 | 69.9 | 69.3 | 2.7 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 5.5 |

See footnotes at end of table.

STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)

| State and area | Civilian labor force |  |  | Unemployed |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Number |  |  | Percent of labor force |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1985ㅇ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1984 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1985^{p} \end{aligned}$ |
| ! |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee | 2,155.4 | 2,254.3 | 2,237.3 | 206.4 | 211.3 | 202.2 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 9.0 |
| Chattanooga ....................................................................! | 195.4 | 203.9 | 203.1 | 16.6 | 15.5 | 15.5 | 8.5 | 7.6 | 7.6 |
| Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol | 202.8 | 207.6 | 206.0 | 19.6 | 17.9 | 18.4 | 9.6 | 8.6 | 8.9 |
| Knoxville ..........................................................................\| | 260.9 | 264.5 | 260.6 | 28.0 | 26.4 | 24.5 | 10.7 | 10.0 | 9.4 |
| Memphis | 436.7 | 458.0 | 454.6 | 36.1 | 33.4 | 30.0 | 8.3 | 7.3 | 6.6 |
| Nashville .......................................................................... | 457.4 | 486.0 | 483.7 | 28.2 | 26.2 | 24.4 | 6.2 | 5.4 | 5.0 |
| Texas ${ }^{1}$ | 7,582.1 | 7,754.8 | 7,826.8 | 447.5 | 536.0 | 552.5 | 5.9 | 6.9 | 7.1 |
| Abilene ............................................................................. | 62.2 | 63.1 | 63.5 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 4.1 | 5.1 | 4.9 |
| Amarilo | 98.6 | 99.0 | 99.5 | 4.7 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 4.8 | 6.0 | 5.9 |
| Austin .... | 351.7 । | 380.9 | 387.8 | 9.9 | 14.7 | 13.8 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 3.6 |
| Beaumont-Port Arthur .......................................................i | 175.1 | 173.7 | 175.4 | 19.3 | 22.7 | 23.1 | 11.0 | 13.1 | 13.2 |
| Brazoria | 81.8 | 81.9 | 82.5 | 5.2 | 5.9 | 6.5 | 63 | 7.2 | 7.8 |
| Brownsville-Harlingen ........................................................ | 89.4 | 92.7 | 92.6 | 12.2 | 13.7 | 14.2 | 13.6 | 14.8 | 15.4 |
| Bryan-College Station | 56.2 | 56.5 | 59.5 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Corpus Christi | 163.8 | 167.1 | 168.9 | 13.6 | 15.2 | 15.8 | 8.3 | 9.1 | 9.4 |
| Dallas | 1,247.3 | 1,280.3 \| | 1,288.8 | 41.8 | 55.7 | 57.6 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 4.5 |
| El Paso .............................................................................\| | 195.4 । | 200.5 , | 202.5 | 18.7 | 23.2 | 24.2 | 9.6 | 11.6 | 11.9 |
| Fort Worth-Arlington .................... .....................................; | 573.2 | 592.7 | 596.0 | 22.3 | 28.6 | 28.1 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 4.7 |
| Galveston-Texas City ....................................................... | 90.7 | 94.6 I | 95.7 | 8.0 | 11.0 | 11.1 | 8.8 | 11.6 | 11.6 |
| Houston ............................................................................! | 1,621.1 | 1,639.9 | 1,657.2 | 107.0 | 120.0 | 124.9 | 6.6 | 7.3 | 7.5 |
| Killeen-Temple ...................................................................... | 73.2 ! | 76.3 | 76.6 | 3.5 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 6.6 | 6.7 |
| Laredo ..............................................................................\| | 38.6 | 39.6 | 39.5 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 19.0 | 18.1 | 17.6 |
| Longview-Marshall ............................................................: | 76.5 | 76.7 | 76.9 | 6.3 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 8.2 | 9.7 | 9.5 |
| Lubbock ............. | 110.5 | 110.8 | 112.5 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 5.6 |
| McAllen-Edinburg-Mission ................................................i | 116.7 | 122.7 | 125.0 | 26.7 | 28.7 | 29.8 | 22.9 | 23.4 | 23.9 |
| Midland ............................................................................; | 62.3 \| | 66.6 | 66.3 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 4.4 |
| Odessa .............................................................................. ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | 64.7 | 69.4 \| | 69.3 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 5.7 |
| San Angelo .....................................................................! | 48.8 | 49.8 | 50.2 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 4.5 |
| San Antonio ...................................................................... | 504.7 | 521.8 | 527.8 | 23.1 | 29.3 | 31.3 | 4.6 | 5.6 | 5.9 |
| Sherman-Denison | 41.2 | 42.3 | 42.9 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 6.0 | 6.8 | 7.7 |
| Texarkana | 47.6 | 50.6 | 50.9 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 8.1 | 8.9 | 9.6 |
| Tyler | 79.4 । | 79.7 | 80.9 | 3.5 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| Victoria .............................................................................i | 37.0 \| | 37.1 | 37.3 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 6.2 |
| Waco .................................. ..............................................I | 88.7 ; | 91.4 | 92.1 | 3.7 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 4.2 | 6.1 | 5.8 |
| Wichita Falls ........................................................................i | 60.8 ! | 61.6 | 61.8 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 5.9 | 6.1 |
| Utah $\qquad$ | 697.4 | 742.0 | 736.7 | 54.4 | 55.4 | 57.2 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.8 |
| Provo-Orem | 88.2 | 94.3 \| | 94.2 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 8.0 | 8.4 | 7.8 | 8.5 |
| Salt Lake City-Odgen ....................................................... i | 448.0 | 479.1 1 | 473.2 | 31.5 | 32.0 | 32.9 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 6.9 |
| Vermont ............................................................................. | 268.0 | 274.2 | 272.6 | 17.3 | 14.0 | 14.9 | 6.5 | 5.1 | 5.5 |
| Burlington ...........................................................................: | 71.1 | 73.3 | 73.5 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 3.8 |
| Virginia ............................................................................... | 2.746 .8 | 2,877.2 | 2,850.9 | 155.4 | 169.6 | 167.3 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 5.9 |
| Charlottesville ..................................................................! | 67.2 | 71.5 ! | 71.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.4 |
| Danville | 53.7 | 54.8 | 55.3 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 9.9 | 9.5 | 10.8 |
| Lynchburg ........................................................................' | 71.6 ! | $74.5{ }^{\prime}$ | 74.1 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 6.1 | 6.9 |
| Nortolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News ................................. | 531.3 | 562.5 । | 558.7 | 26.2 | 28.1 | 28.0 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Richmond-Petersburg | 394.0 | 404.3 | 399.9 | 19.4 | 19.8 | 18.1 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.5 |
| Roanoke | 112.2 ; | 118.4 | 116.4 | 6.6 | 5.8 | 5.2 | 5.9 | 4.9 | 4.5 |
| Washington ........................................................................ | 2,021.1 | 2,065.7 | 2,071.0 | 218.2 | 225.1 | 219.8 | 10.8 | 10.9 | 10.6 |
| Seattle ............................................................................. | 894.5 ! | 937.3 | 938.5 | 77.5 | 79.3 | 76.0 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 8.1 |
| West Virginia ....................................................................! | 761.0 i | 764.4 | 758.5 | 131.2 | 121.2 | 116.6 | 17.2 | 15.9 | 15.4 |
| Charleston ........................................................................! | 122.3 ! | 124.0 | 123.8 | 17.1 | 15.9 | 15.5 | 14.0 | 12.8 | 12.6 |
| Huntington-Ashland | 125.8 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | 20.8 | $\left(^{2}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 16.5 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| Parkersburg-Marietta | 71.6 | 72.2 | 72.0 | 9.8 | 8.2 | 8.6 | 13.7 | 11.3 | 11.9 |
| Wheeling ..........................................................................\| | 78.3 | 78.2 | 77.1 | 12.6 | 11.9 | 11.4 | 16.0 | 15.2 | 14.8 |
| Wisconsin ..........................................................................' | 2,356.6 | 2,358.5 | 2,355.1 | 214.9 | 192.4 | 189.2 | 9.1 | 8.2 | 8.0 |
| Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah ................................................. 1 | ${ }^{(2)} 1$ | 152.3 | 152.0 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 12.6 | 12.0 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 8.3 | 7.9 |
| Eau Claire ........................................................................! | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 59.0 | 59.7 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 5.5 | 5.2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 9.4 | 8.7 |
| Green Bay ....................................................................... | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 96.2 | 96.1 | (2) | 7.1 | 6.7 | (2) | 7.4 | 6.9 |
| Janesville-Beloit ................................................................ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 69.2 | 69.1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 5.2 | 5.0 | ${ }^{2}{ }^{2}$ | 7.5 | 7.3 |
| Kenosha | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 56.0 | 53.3 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 5.3 | 8.8 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | 9.5 | 16.4 |
| La Crosse ........................................................................ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 50.2 | 49.7 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 3.6 | 3.3 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 7.1 | 6.5 |
| Madison ............................................................................ | $(2)^{2}$ | 190.6 | 191.6 | (2) | 9.8 | 9.5 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 5.2 | 5.0 |
| Milwaukee .............................................................................' | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 705.6 | 704.2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 46.7 | 44.4 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 6.6 | 6.3 |
| Pacine ................................................................................ : | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 84.4 | 85.2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 9.6 | 10.3 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 11.4 | 12.0 |
| Sheboygan ......................................................................' | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 52.8 | 52.3 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 3.5 | 3.3 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 6.7 | 6.2 |
| Wausau ............................................................................ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 52.9 | 52.5 | (2) | 5.7 | 5.4 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 10.8 | 10.3 |
| Wyoming ............................................................................... | 246.6 | 237.9 | 242.5 | 19.8 | 17.8 | 18.9 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 7.8 |

1 Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey. Official estimates for North Carolina prior to 1985 are not derived from the Current Population Survey. See the Explanatory Notes for State and Area Labor Force Data.
${ }^{2}$ Not available.

- = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Estimates for 1984 have been benchmarked to 1984 Current Population Survey annual averages. Except in the 11 States and 2 areas designated by footnote 1. estimates for 1985 are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication.

## Explanatory Notes

## Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers for a sample of about 59,500 households, representing 729 areas in 1,973 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The establishment survey is designed to provide industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are currently based on payroll reports from a sample of over 200,000 establishments employing over 35 million nonagricultural wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full- or part-time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th day of the month.

## RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.
Data from these two sources differ from each other
because of differences in definitions and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two series are as follows.

## Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), selfemployed persons, unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in familyoperated enterprises, and members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States. Civilian employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once and are classified according the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.
Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week-that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

For a comprehensive discussion of the differences between household and establishment survey employment data, see Gloria P. Green's article "Comparing Employment Estimates From Household and Payroll Surveys," Monthly Labor Review, December 1969.

## Hours of work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

## Earnings

The household survey measures median earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the household survey earnings series, see Technical Description of the Quarterly Data on Weekly Earnings from the Current Population Survey, bls Bulletin 2113.

## COMPARABILITY OF THE HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). Beginning in January 1978, coverage was extended to include domestic workers whose employers paid $\$ 1,000$ or more in wages in any calendar quarter, agricultural employees whose employers engaged 10 or more workers in 20 weeks or paid a total of $\$ 20,000$ or more in wages in any calendar quarter, and almost all State and local government employees.

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are
sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the Monthly Labor Review.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the Economics and Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

## COMPARABILITY OF THE PAYROLL EMPLOY. MENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the blS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP), published by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, cBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

## Employment covered by State unemployment insurance

 programs. Most nonagricultural wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, certain activities, such as interstate railroads, parochial schools, and churches are not covered by unemployment insurance whereas these are included in the BLS establishment statistics.
## COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other characteristics of the employed, the unemployed, and persons not in the labor force, and related data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, bls Report 463. Historical national data are published in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey: A Databook, BLS Bulletin 2096.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted with a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. Separate statistics are also collected for 14 - and 15 -year-olds. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12 th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 14 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations, and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this report. Data on the members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States, who are included as part of the categories "noninstitutional population," "labor force," and "total employment." are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Each month about 59,500 occupied units are eligible for interview. About 2,500 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of between 4 or 5 percent. In addition to the 59,500 occupied units, there are 11,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not to be enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from 1 month to the next and one half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

## CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those used
since 1967 are as follows:
Employed persons are (a) all civilians who, during the survey week, did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labormanagement disputes, or personal reasons, whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States are also included in the employed total.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons are all civilians who had no employment during the survey week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and (a) had made specific efforts to find employment someting during the prior 4 weeks, or (b) were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off, or (c) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Measurements of mean and median duration are computed from a distribution of single weeks of unemployment.

Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into four major groups. (1) Job losers are persons whose employment ended involuntarily who immediately began looking for work, and persons on layoff. (2) Job leavers are persons who quit or otherwise terminated
their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work. (3) Reentrants are persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer but were out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work. (4) New entrants are persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer. Each of these four categories of the unemployed may be expressed as an unemployment rate or proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers.

Jobseekers are all unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4 -week period preceding the survey week. Jobseekers do not include those persons unemployed because they (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or (b) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work, including going to a public or private employment agency or to an employer directly, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or utilizing some other method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point.

The civilian labor force comprises all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The labor force also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.
The overall unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force, including members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.
The unemployment rate for all civilian workers represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, etc.
Participation rates represent the proportion of the population that is in the labor force. The labor force participation rate is the ratio of the labor force, including the resident Armed Forces, to the noninstitutional population. The civilian labor force participation rate is the ratio of the civilian labor force to the civilian noninstitutional population. Civilian labor force participation rates are usually published for sex-age groups, often cross-classified by other demographic characteristics such as race and educational attainment.
Employment-population ratios represent the proportion of the noninstitutional population that is employed. The total employment-population ratio is total employment, including the resident Armed Forces,
as a percent of the noninstitutional population. The civilian employment-population ratio is the percentage of all employed civilians in the civilian noninstitutional population.

Not in the labor force includes all persons who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as engaged in own home housework, in school, unable to work because of longterm physical or mental illness, retired, and other. The "other" group includes individuals reported as too old or temporarily unable to work, the voluntarily idle, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season and who were not reported as looking for work, and persons who did not look for work because they believed that no jobs were available in the area or that no jobs were available for which they could qualify-discouraged workers. Persons doing only incidental, unpaid family work (less than 15 hours in the specified week) are also classified as not in labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work, desire for a job at the time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are published on a quarterly basis. As of January 1970, the detailed questions for persons not in the labor force are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for 3 previous months and would not be in for the subsequent month. Between 1967 and 1969 these questions were asked in those households entering the sample for the first time and those returning for the second 4 months of interviewing, i.e., the "incoming" groups.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their last full-time job lasting 2 weeks or more. The classifications of occupations and industries used in data derived from the CPS are defined as in the 1980 census. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies wage and salary workers subdivided into private and government workers; self-employed workers; and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to
whom they are related by birth or marriage.
Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

The distribution of employment by hours worked relates to persons at work during the survey week. At work data differ from data on total employment because the latter include persons in the zero-hoursworked category, with a job but not at work. Included in this latter group are persons who were on vacation, ill, involved in a labor dispute, or otherwise absent from their jobs for voluntary, noneconomic reasons.
Persons who worked 35 hours or more in the survey week are designated as working full time. Persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working part time. Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or other reasons). Economic reasons include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of a job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. Other reasons include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home, housework, school, no desire for full-time work, and full-time worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1 to 34 hours for noneconomic reasons and usually work full time.

The full-time labor force consists of persons working on full-time schedules, persons involuntarily working part time (part time for economic reasons), and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The parttime labor force consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Persons with a job but not at work during the survey week are classified according to whether they usually work full or part time.

Labor force time lost is a measure of aggregate hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available aggregate hours. It is computed by assuming that; (1) unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) those working for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary parttime workers during the survey week, and (3) persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

White, black, and other are terms used to describe the race of workers. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. All tables in this publication which contain racial data, with the exception of A-5 and its annual counterpart, present data for the black population group. Because of their relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican living on the mainland, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings data are provided from responses to the question "How much does ...USUALLY earn per week at this job before deductions?'" Included are any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding the incorporated self-employed) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the $\$ 10$ interval within which each median falls.

The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used to deflate the earnings series.

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status are terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were reported as members of the same household even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent, includes persons who are separated because of marital discord, as well as persons who are living apart because either the husband or the wife was employed and living away from home, serving in the Armed Forces, or had a different place of residence for any reason.

A household consists of all persons-related family members and all unrelated persons-who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters.

A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in familes maintained by either men or women without a spuse.

Family refers to a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family even though they may include a related subfamily, that is, a married couple or a parent-child group related by birth or marriage to the householder and sharing the living quarters. The count of families used in this publication excludes unrelated subfamilies such as lodgers, guests, or resident employees living in a household but not related to the householder. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other persons maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

## HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

## Change in lower age limit

The lower age limit for official statistics on the labor force, employment, and unemployment was raised from 14 to 16 years of age in January 1967. Insofar as possible, historical series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the population 16 years and over. For a detailed discussion of this and other definitional changes introduced at that time, including estimates of their effect on the various series, see "New Definitions for Employment and Unemployment," Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force, February 1967.

## Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the changes introduced in 1967, there are several other periods of noncomparability in the labor force data: (1) Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000 ; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000 , primarily affecting the figures for totals and
men; other categories were relatively unaffected. (2) Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force, four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected. (3) Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged. (4) Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000 ; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; and unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. (5) A subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced in March 1973. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000 , and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000 . Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.

In addition, beginning in January 1974, the methodology used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an inflation-deflation approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20 - to 24 -year-old men-particularly those of the black-and-other population-but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation', in the February 1974 issue of Employment and Earnings.

Effective in July 1975, as a result of the immigration of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by $76,000-30,000$ men and 46,000 women. The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, and all of the changes were in the other population.

Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of Employment and Earnings.

Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.

Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio estimation method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979' in the February 1979 issue of Employment and Earnings.
Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on naticnai .olimates or labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginni gin January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of Emp!oyment and Earnings. In addition. current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure are derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in total population and estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 that are described above, and data users should make allowances for them in making certain data comparisons.

Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment methodology was updated to account for results obtained from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of Employment and Earnings. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.

Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure-the noninterview adjust-
ment, the first and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite estimator-were revised. The new procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin, which have been revised, to the extent possible, back to January 1980.

## Changes in the ocr.upational and industrial classification system

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisons of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of Employment and Earnings.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. These systems differ from those developed for the 1970 census which were used in the CPS from January 1971 through December 1982.

The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved from the Standard Occupational Classification system (SOC). While the CPS occupational data are now comparable with other data sources, the new system is so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers". Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification system (SIC), as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had much less of an adverse
effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from 'retail"' to "wholesale"' trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation", and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration."

Additional information on the 1980 census occr ${ }^{\circ}$ pational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983"' in the February 1983 issue of Employment and Earnings.

## Changes in the sample design

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. Most of these changes were made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates.

One major change made after every decennial census is to change the sample design to make use of the recently collected census materials. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are increased occasionally. In 1953, the current rotation plan was introduced in which a sample unit is interviewed for 4 months, leaves the sample for 8 months, and then returns to the sample for another 4 months. When Alaska and Hawaii achieved statehood, three more sample areas were added to account for the population in these States. After the 1960 census, selection of a major portion of the sample from census address lists was begun, though a portion of the sample is still collected using area sampling. Following the 1970 census, the ultimate sampling unit was changed from a noncontiguous cluster of six housing units to a usually contiguous cluster of four housing units. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia and designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States, was incorporated into the design. In October 1978 a coverage improvement sample, composed of approximately 450 sample household units which represented 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units, was included in computing the estimates in order to provide coverage of mobile homes and new construction units that previously had no chance for selection in the CPS sample selected from the 1970 census frame. In January 1983, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added to the existing sample. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. Beginning in January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to SMSA's, which were redefined in 1973.

Beginning in 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was
selected based on 1980 census information rather than 1970 census information. The selection of new sample areas provided an opportunity to improve the efficiency of the sample design. Sample areas chosen to replace incoming sample areas account for only 10 percent of the national estimate. The new CPS sample has resulted in increased reliability for State estimates with a slightly reduced sample size. The reliability of national estimates is unaffected. Sample households are chosen from 729 sample areas, which represent 1,973 geographic areas in the United States. This current number of sample areas is not completely comparable to the old number of sample areas since many of the sample areas have been redefined. (See pp. 7-10 of the May 1984 issue of Employment and Earnings, for an overview of these new definitions and the introduction of the new sample.)

Table A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use during the different data collection periods. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in the Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## ESTIMATING METHODS

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. Tl : estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Beginning in 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State will have the same probability of selection. These estimates are then adjusted for noninterviews, and the ratio estimation procedure is applied.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately by combinations of similar sample areas that are not necessarily contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within each combination of sample areas there is a further breakdown by residence. MSA sample areas are categorized by central city and the balance of the MSA. Residence categories of non-MSA areas are urban and rural. The proportion of sample households not inter-

| Time period | Number of sample | Households eligible |  | Households visited but not eligible |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | areas | Interviewed | Not interviewed |  |
| Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954 | 68 | 21.000 | 500-1.000 | 3.000-3.500 |
| Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956 | 230 | 21.000 | 500-1.000 | $3.000-3.500$ |
| May 1956 to Dec. 1959 | '330 | 33.500 | 1.500 | 6.000 |
| Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963 | 2333 | 33.500 | 1.500 | 6.000 |
| Mar 1963 to Dec 1966 | 357 | 33.500 | 1.500 | 6,000 |
| Jar. 1967 to July 1971 | 449 | 48.000 | 2.000 | 8.500 |
| Aug. 1971 to July 1972 | 449 | 45.000 | 2.000 | 8.000 |
| Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977 | 461 | 45.000 | 2.000 | 8.000 |
| Jan 1978 to Dec. 1979 | 614 | 53.500 | 2.500 | 10,000 |
| Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981 | 629 | 62.200 | 2.800 | 12.000 |
| May 1981 to Dec 1984 | 629 | 57.800 | 2.500 | 11.000 |
| Jan. 1985 to present | 729 | 57.000 | 2.500 | 11.000 |

[^23]viewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on u eather, vacation, etc.
2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole, in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and residence. Since these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
a. First-stage ratio estimate. In the CPS, a portion of the 729 sample areas is chosen to represent other areas not in the sample; the remainder of the sample areas represent only themselves. The first-stage ratio estimation procedure was designed to reduce the portion of the variance resulting from requiring sample areas to represent nonsample areas. Therefore, this procedure is not applied 10 sample areas which represent only themselves. The adjustment is made at the State level for each of the 43 States which contains nonsample areas by race cells of black and non-black. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each cell at the time of the 1980 census between the race distribution of the population in sample areas and the known race distribution of the State.
b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this stage, the sample proportions of persons in specific categories are adjusted to the distribution of independent current estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population in the same categories. The second-stage ratio adjustment which is performed to further reduce variability of the estimates and to correct to some extent for CPS undercoverage relative to the decennial census, is carried out in three steps. In the first step, the sample estimates are adjusted within each State and the District of Columbia

- Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.
to an independent control for the population 16 years and over for the State. The second step involves an adjustment by Hispanic origin to a national estimate for 8 age-sex categories by Hispanic and non-Hispanic. In the third step, a national adjustment is made by the race categories of white, black, and other races to independent estimates by age and sex. The white and black categories contain 32 age-sex groups each while the other races category has 6 age-sex cells. The entire second-stage adjustment procedure is iterated six times, each time beginning at the weights developed the previous time. This ensures that the sample estimates of the population for both State and national age-sex-raceorigin categories will be virtually equal to the independent population control totals. This second-stage adjustment procedure incorporates changes instituted in January 1985. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985"' in the February 1985 issue of Employment and Earnings.

The controls by State for the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over are an arithmetic extrapolation of the trend in the growth of this segment of the population from the April 1, 1980. census through the latest available July 1 estimate, adjusted as a last step to a current estimate of the U.S. population of this group. State estimates by age for July 1 are published annually in Current Population Reports. Series P-25. For a description of the methodology used in developing the State total, use Report 640 of that series. A description of the age estimates methodology is available on request from the Chicf of the Population Division, U.S. Burcau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Prior to January 1985, there was no separate control for Hispanics in the second-stage ratio procedure. These Hispanic controls are prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census count for Hispanies by adding estimated Hispanic births and immigrants and subtracting estimated Hispanic deaths and emigrants 10 yield an
estimate of the Hispanic population by age and sex.
During the period from January 1982 to December 1984, the "inflation-deflation" method was temporarily discontinued in the preparation of the independent national controls used for the age-sex-race groups in the third step of the second-stage ratio estimation procedure. These controls were prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census data after taking account of subsequent aging of the population, births, deaths, and net migration and then subtracting the estimate for the institutional population and Armed Forces. Beginning in January 1985, the "inflation-deflation" method of deriving independent population controls was reintroduced into the CPS estimation procedure. With the "inflation-deflation" method, the independent controls are prepared by inflating the 1980 census counts to include estimated undercounts by age, sex and race, aging this population forward to each subsequent month and later age by adding births and net migration, and subtracting deaths. These post-censal population estimates are then deflated to census level to reflect the pattern of net undercount in the most recent census by age, sex, and race. Because an estimate of undercount is first added and then subtracted, the size of each race-sex group is unaffected by the "inflation-deflation" method. Similarly, the final estimate is affected only by the age structure of the undercount, but not the level. This feature of the method is important since the exact amount of undercount in the 1980 census remains unknown.

Data on births and deaths between April 1, 1980, and the estimate date are based on tabulations of vital statistics for the resident population made by the National Center for Health Statistics and data on deaths of military personnel overseas from the Department of Defense. Estimates of net civilian immigration are based on data provided by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Puerto Rico Planning Board. The civilian noninstitutional population is derived by subtracting the Armed Forces and the institutional population for the estimate date from the total including Armed Forces overseas. The institutional population is computed by applying institutional proportions derived from the 1980 census to the total population, including Armed Forces overseas for the estimate date. All computations described above are performed in cells defined by single year of age, race, and sex. The independent national control totals are then obtained by collapsing these cells into broader age groups for the population 16 years and older.
3. Composite estimute procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75
percent), as well as the sample results for the current month. Also included is an additional term which is an estimate of the net difference between incoming and continuing parts of the current month's sample. Almost all estimates of month-to-month change are improved by this procedure, and most estimates of level are also improved, but to a lesser extent.

## Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

## Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey-sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided primarily indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, c.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, inability to recall information, errors made in collection such as in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data, and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey have been studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A deseription of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the Currem Population Survey Reinterview Program, January 1961 through December 1966.

Technical Paper No. 19. Bureal of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in the "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates from Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, Journal of the American Statistical Association, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the decennial census, undercoverage is about 6 percent. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women, and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races combined than for whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race-origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-origin group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980 census.
Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in "An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey," by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive and up-to-date discussion of various sources of error, and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated error were calculated from each sample, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from
one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard error above the estimate would include the average of all possible samples.
3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possibie samples.

In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a large number of estimates and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations are required. First, the standard errors in this volume reflect the sample design and estimation procedures in effect prior to the expansions for State estimates. Thus, these standard errors may slightly overstate the standard errors applicable to the present design. Second, instead of computing an individual standard error for each estimate, generalized sets of standard errors are computed for various types of characteristics. This generalization yields more stable estimates of the standard errors. Consequently, the sets of standard errors provided give an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error of an estimate rather than the precise standard error.
Tables B and C show approximate standard errors for major employment status characteristics fo- monthly estimates and for changes for consecutive months. These standard errors are applicable to the level of the estimates in recent months.

Tables D through H provide generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for estimated totals, unemployment rates, and percentages. Table I contains factors for use with table H for computing standard errors, as described below, for monthly level and month-to-month change for percentages. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the table may be approximated by linear interpolation. The standard error for estimated changes from one month to the next is more closely related to the monthly level for the characteristic than to the size of the specific month-to-month changa itself. Thus, in order to use the generalized standard errors for month-to-month change as given in the tables of standard errors, it is necessary to obtain the monthly estimate for the characteristic. It should be noted that the tables of standard errors for month-to-month change apply only to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. Estimates of change for nonconsecutive months are subject to higher standard errors. Table J contains factors for use with tables D, F, H, and I to compute approximate standard errors for levels, labor force participation rates, and percentages as pertaining to the year-to-year change of

Table B. Standard errors for major employment status categories
(In thousands)

monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. Note that standard errors for changes in quarterly and yearly estimates apply only to consecutive quarters and years. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors must be adjusted due to the differences in the sample size. For years prior to 1956, the standard errors should be multiplied by 1.50, and for the 1956-66 period, they should be multiplied by 1.22 . Table K provides generalized standard errors for quarterly estimates of persons and families for use with the CPS earnings data.

Standard errors for estimated totals. Tables D and E provide generalized standard errors for monthly totals and for month-to-month change. The figures given in these tables are to be used for the characteristics as indicated.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month the number of persons working a specific number of hours was $12,000,000$, an increase of 400,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the second column of table $\mathbf{D}$ shows that the standard error on an estimate of $12,000,000$ is about 159,000 . The 68 -percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from $11,841,000$ to $12,159,000$. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Recall that the standard error of a month-to-month change is

Table C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

| Characteristic | Standard error of- |  | Characteristic | Standard error of- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monthly level | Consecutive month change |  | Monthly level | Consecutive month change |
| Total (all civilian workers) | 0.12 | 0.12 | Occupation-Continued |  |  |
| Men, 20 years and over | . 16 | 16 |  |  |  |
| Women, 20 years and over | . 18 | . 19 | Precision production, craft, and repair | 0.38 | 0.42 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years | . 66 | . 78 | Machine operators, assemblers, and |  |  |
| White workers | . 12 | . 13 | inspectors | . 52 | . 59 |
| Black workers | . 55 | . 58 | Transportation and material moving | . 68 | . 78 |
| Married men, spouse present | . 16 | . 17 | Handiers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and |  |  |
| Married women, spouse present | . 22 | . 23 | laborers forming forestry, and fishing | . 80 | . 93 |
| Full-time workers | . 13 | . 13 | Farming, forestry, and fishing | . 88 | 1.01 |
| Part-time workers | . 34 | . 42 | Industry | 1 |  |
| Unemployed 15 weeks and over | . 07 | . 09 | dustry | I |  |
|  |  |  | Nonagricultural private wage and salary |  |  |
| Occupation |  |  | workers . | .14 1.47 | . 15 |
| Occupairon |  |  | Mining | 1.47 | 1.68 |
|  |  |  | Construction. | . 71 | 81 |
| Executive, administrative, and managerial | . 25 | . 28 | Manufacturing | . 28 | . 31 |
| Professional specialty | . 20 | . 23 | Durable goods | . 35 | . 39 |
| Technicians and related support | . 49 | . 55 | Nondurable goods | . 44 | . 50 |
| Sales | . 31 | . 35 | Transportation, communications, and |  |  |
| Administrative support. including clerical | . 26 | 29 | public utilities | 43 | . 48 |
| Private household | 1.28 | 1.45 | Wholesale and retail trade | . 28 | . 31 |
| Protective service | . 80 | . 90 | Finance and services | . 22 | . 24 |
| Service, except private household and |  |  | Government workers | . 25 | . 28 |
| protective . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 41 | . 46 | Agricultural wage and salary workers | 1.29 | 1.50 |


| Estimated monthly level | Characteristic ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Agricultural employment | Labor force data other than unemployment and agricultural employment data |  |  |  |  |  | Unemployment |  |
|  |  | Total or white | Black | Total or white, 16 to 19 years | Black, 16 to 19 years | Total or white men only, or women only | Black men only, or women only | Total or white | Slack |
| 50 | 14 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 |
| 100. | 19 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| 500. | 43 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 29 | 32 | 31 | 33 | 35 |
| 1,000. | 61 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 33 | 45 | 42 | 47 | 49 |
| 2,000.. | 85 | 68 | 64 | 63 | - | 63 | 55 | 66 | 67 |
| 4,000. | 120 | 95 | 84 | 80 | - | 87 | 66 | 93 | 88 |
| 6,000.. | 146 | 116 | 94 | 86 | - | 105 | 58 | 113 | 99 |
| 8,000 .. | - | 133 | 97 | 83 | - | 120 | 23 | 129 | - |
| 10,000 | - | 147 | 94 | 70 | - | 132 | - | 143 | - |
| 15,000 | - | 177 | 50 | - | - | 155 | - | 172 | - |
| 20,000 | - | 201 | - | - | - | 170 | - | 195 | - |
| 30,000 | - | 236 | - | - | - | 188 | - | - | - |
| 40,000 | - | 261 | - | - | - | 189 | - | - | - |
| 50,000 | - | 278 | - | - | - | 175 | - | - | - |
| 60,000 | - | 288 | - | - | - | 141 | - | - | - |
| 70,000 | - | 293 | - | - | - | 61 | - | - | - |
| 80,000 | - | 293 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 100,000 | - | 273 | - | $\sim$ | - | - | - | - | - |
| 120,000 .................................... | - | 231 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| ${ }^{1}$ When determining the standard error of an estimate for a group on the estimated number of employed persons age 20 to 54 years, use which is a subset of the age, sex, or race groups listed, use the standard the column for total employed. error for the next larger group, e.g., when determining the standard error |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

primarily dependent on the size of the monthly estimate. Thus, using linear interpolation in the first column of table $E$, the standard error on a month-to-month change of 400,000 , when the monthly level is approximately $12,000,000$, is about 118,000 .

Standard errors for rates and percentages. The reliability of an estimated unemployment rate or an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator. depends upon both the size of the rate or percentage and the total upon which the rate or percentage is based. Estimated rates and percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerator of the rates or percentages: this is particularly true for percentages of 50 percent or more. As a general rule, percentages are not published when the monthly base is less than 75,000 , the quarterly average base is less than 60,000 , or the annual average base is less than 35,000 .

Tables $F$ and $G$ show generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for unemployment rates. Generalized standard errors for estimated monthly percentages and estimated month-tomonth change in percentage can be obtained through the use of the standard errors in table H and the factors in table 1 . First obtain the standard error from table $H$ for the specific percentage and base. The generalized standard error is then calculated by multiplying the standard error from table H by the appropriate factor
from table I. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the factor indicated by the numerator of the percentage.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month 3.6 percent of a total of $90,771,000$ employed persons are employed in agriculture. The standard error on an estimate of 3.6 percent with a base of $90,771,000$ is obtained from table H ( 0.09 percent). The appropriate factor from table I for the numerator of the percentage, agricultural employment, is 1.26 . The generalized standard error on the estimated 3.6 percent is then approximately $0.09 \times$ $1.26=0.1$ percentage point.

Standard errors for year-to-yeur change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. The approximate standard errors of levels, rates, and percentages involving year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages may be obtained by using table J in conjunction with the other tables. Standard errors for estimates of change are more closely related to the level of the estimate than to the size of the specific change. Thus, to obtain the standard error of an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, or an estimate of a change in level, rate, or percentage, it is first necessary to find the appropriate estimate of level. For an estimate
of an average level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of this estimate. For an estimate of change in level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of the average of the two estimates affecting the change. Then, after computing the standard error by treating these estimates as monthly estimates and using the procedures above, multiply this result by a suitable factor from table J to obtain the approximate standard error for the average or change.

Illustration. Suppose that one is interested in the year-to-year change of a monthly unemployment rate. Assume that for a certain month the unemployment rate is 6.9 percent, based on a total of $95.676,000$ in the civilian labor force, and that a year prior to this the unemployment rate was 6.1 percent, based on a total of $94,254,000$ in the civilian labor force for the month. First the standard error on the average of the two estimates, 6.5 percent with a base of $94,965,000$, is $o b-$ tained from table $F$ ( 0.12 percentage point). The appropriate factor, then, from table J is 1.40 . The approximate standard error on the change of 0.8 percent is then given by $0.12 \times 1.40=0.17$ percentage point.

The approximate standard error of levels involving year-to-year change of quarterly estimates pertaining to CPS earnings data for persons and families may be obtained by using table K in conjunction with the following formula:

Standard
crror of year-to-year
change

$$
\sqrt{\left.\left(\begin{array}{c}
\text { Stand- } \\
\text { ard } \\
\text { error }
\end{array}\right)^{2} \cdot\left(\begin{array}{c}
\text { Stand- } \\
\text { ard } \\
\text { error }
\end{array}\right)^{2}\right)_{2(P)}^{2}\left(\begin{array}{c}
\text { Stand- } \\
\text { ard } \\
\text { error }
\end{array}\right) \quad\left(\begin{array}{c}
\text { Stand- } \\
\text { ard } \\
\text { error }
\end{array}\right)}
$$

Where X is the estimate for one quarter and Y is the estimate for another quarter. The coefficient, P , is a measure of the correlation between the estimates $X$ and $Y$ resulting from the presence of some of the same respondents in the sample for each estimate. For consecutive year-to-year changes of quarterly estimates, the values of $P$ are .30 for persons (total, white, and black) and .35 for families (total, white, and black). The respective values for estimates of Hispanics are .45 and . 55.

Illustration. Assume that in a given quarter the number of women employed as full-time wage and salary workers was $27,000.000$ and in the same quarter a year later, their number had increased to $29,000,000$. Using linear interpolation in the eighth column of table K, the standard error of an estimate of $27,000,000$ is 216,000 ; for $29,000,000$ it is 221,000 . Using the above formula, the standard error of the $2,000,000$, year-to-year change is:
$\sqrt{(216,000)^{2}+(221,000)^{2} \cdot 2(.30)(216,000)(221,000)}$,
or about 259,000 .

Table E. Standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change
(In thousands)

| Estimated monthly level | Characteristic ${ }^{\prime}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Labor force data other than unemployment and agricultural employment data |  |  |  | Unemployment |  |  |  |
|  | Total or white | Black | Total or white, 16 to 19 years | Black, 16 to 19 years | Total or white | Both sexes 16 to 19 years, or part-time labor force ${ }^{2}$ | Black | Black, 16 to 19 years |
| 50 ........................................i | 8 | 8 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 12 |
| 100 ...................................... \| | 11 | 11 | 18 | 18 | 16 | 18 | 17 | 18 |
| 500 ...................................... | 25 | 25 | 39 | 34 | 37 | 40 | 38 | 35 |
| 1,000 .............. | 36 | 35 | 54 | 36 | 51 | 54 | 52 | 37 |
| 2,000 ................................... | 50 | 47 | 72 | - | 72 | 70 | 69 | - |
| 4,000 ....................................! | 70 | 62 | 88 | - | 99 | 78 ! | 85 | - |
| 6,000 .................................... | 86 | 70 | 88 | - | 118 | 60 | 87 | - |
| 8,000 .................................... | 98 | 73 | 71 | - | 132 | - | - | - |
| 10,000 .................................. | 109 | 71 | 1 - | - | 143 | - | - | - |
| 15.000 ..................................\| | 131 | 42 | - - | - | 160 | - 1 | - | - |
| 20,000 ................................... | 148 | - | - | - | 165 | - 1 | - | - |
| 30,000 .................................. | 174 | - | 1 - | - | - | - \| | - | - |
| 40,000 .................................. | 191 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 50,000 ................................... | 203 | - | 1 - | - | - 1 | \| - | - | - |
| 60,000 .................................. | 210 | - | ; - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 70,000 ................................... | 212 | - | - - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 80,000 .................................. | 211 | - | 1 - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 100,000 ................................. | 193 | - | 1 - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 120,000 .................................. | 153 | - | , | - | - | - | - | - |

Table F. Standard errors for unemployment rates

| Monthly base of unemployment rate (In thousands) | Monthly unemployment rate (percent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 50 |
| 50 | 2.09 | 2.94 | 4.57 | 6.28 | 7.46 | 8.34 | 9.01 | 9.05 | 9.87 | 10.21 |
| 100 | 1.48 | 2.08 | 3.23 | 4.44 | 5.28 | 5.90 | 6.37 | 6.73 | 6.98 | 7.22 |
| 500 ..................................................................\| | . 66 | . 93 | 1.45 | 1.99 | 2.36 | 2.64 | 2.85 | 3.01 | 3.12 | 3.27 |
| 1,000 | 47 | . 66 | 1.02 | 1.40 | 1.67 | 1.87 | 2.01 | 2.13 | 2.21 | 2.28 |
| 2,000 | . 33 | . 46 | . 72 | . 99 | 1.18 | 1.32 | 1.42 | 1.50 | 1.56 | 1.61 |
| 4,000 ................................................................! | . 23 | . 33 | 51 | 70 | . 83 | . 93 | 1.01 | 1.06 | 1.10 | 1.14 |
| 6,000 | . 19 | . 27 | . 42 | . 57 | . 68 | . 76 | . 82 | . 87 | . 90 | . 93 |
| 10,000 | . 15 | . 21 | . 32 | . 44 | . 53 | . 59 | . 64 | . 67 | . 70 | . 72 |
| 20,000 .............................................................i | . 10 | . 15 | . 23 | .31 | . 37 | . 42 | . 45 | . 47 | . 49 | . 51 |
| 60,000 | . 06 | . 08 | . 13 | . 18 | . 21 | . 24 | 26 | . 27 | . 27 | 29 |
| 100,000 ............................................................ ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | . 05 | . 07 | . 10 | . 14 | . 17 | . 19 | . 20 | . 21 | . 22 | 22 |

Table G. Standard errors for month-to-month change in unemployment rates

| Monthly base of unemployment rate (in thousands) | Monthly unemployment rate (percent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 5 | - - | 15 | - 20 | -- | 30 | 35 | 50 |
| 50 .................................................................... | 2.32 | 3.28 | 5.14 | 7.18 | 8.69 | 9.90 | 10.93 | 11.81 | 12.58 | 14.48 |
| 100 .................................................................. | 1.64 | 2.32 | 3.64 | 5.08 | 614 | 7.00 | 7.12 | 8.35 | 8.89 | 10.17 |
| 500 | . 73 | 1.04 | 1.63 | 2.27 | 2.74 | 3.13 | 3.45 | 3.73 | 3.97 | 4.53 |
| 1,000 | . 52 | . 73 | 1.15 | 1.60 | 1.94 | 2.21 | 2.44 | 2.63 | 2.80 | 3.19 |
| 2,000 ................................................................\| | . 37 | 52 | . 81 | 1.13 | 1.37 | 1.56 | 1.72 | 1.85 | 1.97 | 2.24 |
| 4,000 ............................................................... | . 26 | . 37 | . 57 | . 80 | . 96 | 1.10 | 1.20 | 1.30 | 1.38 | 1.56 |
| 6,000 ................................................................ | . 21 | . 30 | . 47 | . 65 | . 78 | . 89 | . 98 | 1.05 | 1.11 | - |
| 10,000 ............................................................... 1 | . 16 | 23 | . 36 | . 50 | . 60 | . 68 | . 75 | . 80 | - | - |
| 20,000 ..............................................................i | . 12 | . 16 | . 25 | . 35 | . 42 | . 47 | . 51 | . 54 | - | - |
| 60,000 .............................................................. | . 07 | . 09 | . 14 | . 19 | . 22 | . 23 | . 24 | - | - | - |
| 100,000 ...............................................................\| | . 05 | . 07 | . 11 | . 14 | . 15 | . 15 | - | - | - | - |

Table H. Standard errors for estimated percentages and month-to-month change in percentages for labor force data


NOTE: The standard errors in this table must be multiplied by the factors in table $/$ to obtain the approximate standard error for a specific characteristic.

Table I. Factors to be used with Table H to compute approximate standard errors for percentages and month-to-month change in percentages

| Characteristic | Factor |  | Characteristic | Factor |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monthly level | Month-tomonth change |  | Monthly level | Month-tomonth change |
| Agricultural employment: |  |  | Unemployment: |  |  |
| Total or full-time labor force .... | 1.26 | 1.05 | Part-time labor force, duration of |  |  |
| Part-time labor force ....... | 1.26 | 1.50 | unemployment, left last job, |  |  |
| Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment data: |  |  | reentering labor force. ............................. | 1.01 | 1.21 |
| Total .............................................. | 1.00 | . 74 | Total or white: |  |  |
| Men only .................... | . 93 | . 84 | Total .......... | . 97 | 1.08 |
| Women only | . 86 | . 75 | Both sexes, 16 to 19 years ..................... | . 97 | 1.21 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years | 1.00 | 1.18 | Black: |  |  |
| Part-time labor force ........................ | 1.00 | 1.18 | Total $\qquad$ <br> Both sexes, 16 to 19 years $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.04 \\ & 1.04 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.13 \\ & 1.24 \end{aligned}$ |

Table J. Factors to be used with Tables, D, F, H, and I to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages and change in yearly averages,

| Characteristic | Factor |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year-to-year change of monthly estimate | Quarterly averages | Change irı quarterly averages | Yearly averages | Change in yearly averages |
| Agricultural employment: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total or men ............................................... | 1.30 | 0.89 | 0.80 | 0.72 | 0.70 |
| Women or teenagers (16 to 19 years) $\qquad$ <br> Part time | 1.30 | . 83 | . 80 | . 58 | . 70 |
|  | 1.40 | . 74 | . 80 | . 46 | . 70 |
| Labor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment data: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total or white ............................................... | 1.30 | . 88 | . 88 | . 67 | . 70 |
| Black or teenagers <br> ( 16 to 19 years) | 1.30 | . 82 | . 88 | . 57 | . 70 |
| Part time ..................................................... | 1.40 | . 74 | . 88 | . 46 | . 60 |
| Unemployment: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ........................................................... | 1.40 | . 76 | . 88 | . 50 | . 65 |
| Part time ...................................................... | 1.40 | . 69 | . 88 | . 39 | . 54 |

Table K. Standard errors for estimates of quarterly level, to be used with CPS earnings data


## Establishment Data (Tables B-1 through C-8)

## COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, and earnings in nonagricultural establishments, by industry and geographic location. Historical statistics are published in Employment, Hours, and Earnings, United States, 1909-84, and Employment Hours and Earnings, States and Areas, 1939-82 and their annual supplements.

## Federal-State cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements, responding establishments report employment, hours, and earnings data to State agencies. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the reported data to prepare State and area series and also send the reported data to the BLS (Washington Office) for use in preparing the national series. This avoids a duplicate reporting burden on establishments, and together with the use of similar estimating techniques at the national and State levels, promotes increased comparability between estimates.

## Shuttie schedules

Form Bls 790-Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours is the name of the data collection schedule. The collection agency returns the schedule to the respondent each month so that the next month's data can be entered on the space alotted for that month. This "shuttle" procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures that have been reported for previous months.
Form bls 790 provides for entry of data on the total number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments and, for most industries, employment, payroll, and hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month.

## CONCEPTS

## Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation and for States and areas are classified in accordance with the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SICM), Office of Management and Budget. The BIS tabulates and estimates statistics which distinguish between private and public establishments, thus maintaining continuity with previously published statistics for the private and government sector.

## Industry employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12 th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military persouncl are evcluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency are also excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

## Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing' and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's
own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operation.

Construction workers include the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12 th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. 'Fringe benefits" (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours cover the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12 th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours covers hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the work week during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

A verage hourly and weekly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average weekly earnings estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survev period, and absentecism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-term trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, parttime work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-lime pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Table L. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

| Employment, hours. and earnings | Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size, or region/size cell) | Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monthly data |  |
| All employees ............................ | All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months. ${ }^{1}$ | Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells. |
| Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees | All-employees estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current mionih, (2) estimated ratio of women to a!: employees. ${ }^{2}$ | sum of production or nonsupervisory worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells. |
| Average weekly hours | Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. ${ }^{2}$ | Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells. |
| Average weekly overtime hours . . . . . . . . . . . | Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers.? | Average, weighted by production worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells. |
| Average hourly earnings | Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells. |
| Average weekly earnings | Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. | Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earrings. |
|  | Annual average data |  |
| All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers . | Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12. | Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12. |
| Average weekly hours | Annual total of aggregate hours (production or nonsupervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment. | Annual total of aggregate hours for production or nonsupervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers. |
| Average weekly overtime hours | Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (production worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment. | Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers. |
| Average hourly earnings | Annual total of aggregate payrolls product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours. | Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate hours. |
| Average weekly earnings | Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. | Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. |

${ }^{1}$ The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.
${ }^{2}$ The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio. average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly earnings are modified by
a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, ovetime premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages. absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours.

Railroads hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by mulliplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Real earnings, or earnings in constant dollars, are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

A verage hourly earnings excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings excluding overtime premium pay are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. Prior to January 1956, these data were based on the application of adjustment factors to average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Review, May 1950, pp. 537-40). Both methods eliminate only the earnings due to overtime paid for at $1^{1 /}$ times the straight-time rates. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1977. For basic industries, the hour aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hour aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Indexes of diffusion of changes in number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls. These indexes measure the percent of industries which posted increases in employment over the specified time span. The indexes are calculated from 185 seasonally adjusted employment series (two-digit nonmanufacturing industrics and threedigit manufacturing industries) covering all nonagricultural payroll employment in the private sector. A more detailed discussion of these indexes appears in "Introduction of Diffusion Indexes," in the December 1974 issue of Limployment and Earnings.

## ESTIMATING METHODS

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the establishment statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique which is a form of ratio estimation; (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks; and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

## The "link relative" technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a "link relative." The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these "link relatives." In addition, bias correction factors are applied to selected employment estimates each month. The size of the bias correction factors is determined from past benchmark comparisons. Beginning with data for April 1983, these factors are modified by changes in the sample link relatives for the most recent quarter. Other features of the general procedures are described in table 1 ..

## Size and regional stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified production or nonsupervisory worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods in table L , may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

## Benchmark adjustments

Employment estimates are compared periodically with benchmarks (comprehensive counts of empioyment) for the various nonagricultural industries and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The mdustry estimates are currently projected from March 1983 levels. Normally, henchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary sources of benchmark information are employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by States agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations cover about 98 percent of employees on nonagricultural payrolls in the United States. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates for the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necesary, the monthly series of estimates between benchmark periods are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment; the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level. A comparision of the actual amounts of revisions made at the time of the March 1983 benchmark adjustment is shown in table M .

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are subject to revision. Revised data are published as soon as possible after each benchmark revision.

## THE SAMPLE

## Design

The sampling plan used in the Current Employment Statistics program is known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This design is an optimum allocation design among strata since the sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost

Table M. Comparison of nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates for March 1983

| Industry | Benchmark | Estimate | Percent difference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 88,208.000 | 88,172,000 | (') |
| Mining | 945,000 | 996,000 | -5.4 |
| Construction | 3,469,000 | 3,453,000 | . 5 |
| Manutacturing | 17,956,000 | 18.166.000 | -1.2 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 4,923,000 | 4,913,000 | . 2 |
| Wholesale trade | 5,156,000 | 5,145,000 | . 2 |
| Retail trade | 14,971,000 | 14,810,000 | 1.1 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 5,361,000 | 5,359,000 | (') |
| Services | 19,262,000 | 19,279,000 | -. 1 |
| Government | 16,165,000 | 16,051,000 | . 7 |

considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in relatively few establishments, a large percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments and also for a substantial number of the small ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to design samples for these industries with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than do establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS Current Employment Statistics program, with its emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after the reference period, and, at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail.

## Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table $N$ shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

## Reliability of the employment estimates

Although the relatively large size of the BLS establishment sample assures a high degree of accuracy, the estimates derived from it may differ from the figures that would be obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures. As discussed under the previous section, a "link relative" technique is used to estimate employment. This requires the use of the previous month's estimate as

Table N. Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March $1983{ }^{\prime}$

| Industry | Number of establishments in sample | Employees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number reported | Percent of total |
| Total | 195.100 | 35.141.000 | 40 |
| Mining | 2.600 | 324.000 | 34 |
| Construction | 19.100 | 667.000 | 19 |
| Manufacturing | 49.200 | 9.951 .000 | 55 |
| Transportation and public utilities: |  |  |  |
| Railroad transportation (ICC) | 30 | 341.000 | 93 |
| Other transportation and public utilities: | 8.700 | 2.353 .000 | 52 |
| Wholesale trade | 16.800 | 820.000 | 16 |
| Retail trade | 30.800 | 2.660 .000 | 18 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 13.400 | 2.040 .000 | 38 |
| Services | 33.100 | 4.291.000 | 22 |
| Government: |  |  |  |
| Federal ${ }^{2}$ | 4.800 | 2.731 .000 | 100 |
| State | 3.700 | 3.051 .000 | 81 |
| Local | 12.900 | 5.912 .000 | 61 |

' Since a few establishments do not report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.
? National estimates of Federal employment by agency are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 4,800 reports covering about 64 percent of employment in Federal establishments.
the base in computing the current month's estimate. Thus, small sampling and response errors may cumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the estimates are usually adjusted annually to new benchmarks. In addition to taking account of sampling and response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks). In fact, at the more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjusiments. Another cause of differences arises from improvements in the quality of the benchmark data. Table $O$ presents the average percent revisions of the five most recent benchmarks for major industry divisions. Detailed descriptions of individual benchmark revisions are available from the Bureau upon request.

The hours and earnings estimates for basic estimating cells are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. The hours and earnings estimates, however, are subject to sampling errors which may be expressed as relative errors of the estimates. (A relative error is a standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate.) Relative errors for major industries are presented in table $O$ and for individual industries with the specified number of entployees in table $P$. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the hours and earnings estimates from the sample would differ by a
smaller percentage than the relative error from the averages that would have been obtained from a complete census.

One measure of the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-meansquare error (RMSE). The measure is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in estimates:

RMSE $=\sqrt{(\text { Standard Deviation })^{2}+(\text { Bias })^{2}}$
If the bias is small, the chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the samle would differ from its benchmark by less than the root-mean-square error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the root-mean-square error.
Approximations of the root-mean-square errors (based on the most recent benchmark revisions) of differences between final estimates and benchmarks are presented in table $P$.

For the two most recent months, estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary and are so footnoted in the tables. These figures are based on less than the total sample and are revised when all the reports in the sample have been received. Table $Q$ presents root-mean-square errors of the amounts of revisions that may be expected between the preliminary and final levels of employment and preliminary and final month-to-month changes. Revisions of preliminary hours and carnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings.

## STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, and earnings data
Table $\mathbf{O}$. Average benchmark revision in employment estimates and relative errors for average weekly hours and average houriy earnings by industry
(In percent)

| industry | Average benchmark revision in estimates of employment' | Average weekly hours | ive <br> S' <br> Average hourly earnings |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 0.2 | - | - |
| Total private | . 2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Mining | 2.1 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| Construction | 1.7 | . 2 | 5 |
| Manufacturing | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| Durable goods | 5 | . 1 | 3 |
| Nondurable goods ........................ | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| Transportation and public utilities ...., | . 4 | 7 | 6 |
| Wholesale trade .............................. | . 3 | 2 | . 4 |
| Retail trade ..................................... | 1.2 | 2 | 4 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 2 | 2 | . 4 |
| Services | 4 | 4 | 6 |
| Government ${ }^{3}$ | 7 | - | - |
| 'The average percent revision in employment for the 1979-83 benchmarks. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Relative errors relate to 1982 data. <br> ${ }^{3}$ Estimates for government are based on a total count for Federal |  |  |  |
| Government provided by the Office sample of State and local governme | of Person nt reports. | I Manag | ment and |

Table P. Root-mean-square errors of differences between benchmarks and estimates of employment and average relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings

| Size of employment estimate | Root-meansquare error of employ. ment estimates. | Relative errors (in percent) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Average weekly hours | Average hourly earnings |
| 50,000 | 2,100 | 2.2 | 4.0 |
| 100.000 | 3,900 | 1.3 | 2.3 |
| 200.000 | 5,600 | 11 | 2.0 |
| 500,000 | 14,000 | . 9 | 16 |
| 1,000,000 | 15.000 | 8 | 1.2 |
| 2.000,000 | 26,000 | 5 | . 9 |

Assuming 12 -month intervals between benchmark revisions
? Relative errors relate to 1982 data.
are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with bis. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of Emplowment and Earnings that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by bis for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of

Table Q. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

| Industry | Root-mean-square error of- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monthly level | Month-to-month change |
| Total nonagricultural employment ...... | 114.600 | 105.000 |
| Goods-producing | 39.600 | 34.300 |
| Mining | 5.500 | 5.100 |
| Construction | 22.000 | 18.200 |
| Manufacturing. | 29.000 | 28.500 |
| Durable two-digit industries | 5.400 | 5.200 |
| Nondurable two-digit industries | 3.900 | 3.900 |
| Service-producing | 93.600 | 91.500 |
| Transportation and public utilities. | 13.400 | 14.000 |
| Wholesale trade | 9.000 | 8.300 |
| Retail trade | 42.600 | 30.100 |
| Finance. insurance, and real estate | 9.300 | 8.200 |
| Services | 34.500 | 28.000 |
| Government | 71.300 | 62.800 |

NOTE Data at the division level are based on differences from January 1978 through December 1983. Two-digit industry data are based on differences from January 1982 through December 1983
differing industrial and geographic stratification.
For the States and the areas shown in the B and C sections of this periodical, all the annual average data for the detailed industry statistics currently published by each cooperating State agency are presented in a summary volume published annually by the BI.S.

# Productivity Data (Tables C-9 through C.11) 

## COLLECTION

Productivity data are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from establishment data and from estimates of compensation and gross national product supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Federal Reserve Board.

## CONCEPTS

Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments refer $t o$ hours paid for all employees-production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers.

Output is the constant-dollar market value of final goods and services produced in a given period. Indexes of outpur per hour of all persons measure changes in the volume of goods and services produced per paid hour of labor input.

Compensation per hour includes wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. The data also in-
clude an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplementary payments for the self-employed, except for nonfinancial corporations, in which there are no self-employed.

Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour adjusted to climate the effect of changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPl-U).

Unit labor costs measure the labor compensation cost required to produce one unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation per hour by output per hour.

Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from the current-dollar gross national product and dividing by output. In these tables, unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustments per unit of output.

The implicit price deflator is derived by dividing the current-dollar estimate of gross product by the
constant-dollar estimate, making the deflator, in effect, a price index for gross product of the sector reported.

## NOTES ON THE DATA

For the business sector and the nonfarm business sector, these indexes relate to the gross domestic product less household and institutions, owner-occupied housing, and statistical discrepancy. For the nonfinancial corporate sector, the indexes refer to the gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.

Manufacturing output data are supplied by the

Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Deparıment of Commerce, and the Federal Reserve Board. Quarterly measures have been adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to annual estimates of output (gross product originating) from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Compensation and hours data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Historical statistics for most productivity measures appear in Trends in Multifactor Productivity, 1948-81, BLS Bulletin 2178. Additional information may be obtained from the Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523-9261).

# State and Area Labor Force Data (D table) 

## FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for Siates, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a FederalState cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which are derived from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis of determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act and the Public Works and Economic Development Act.

Annual average data for the States and areas shown in table D are published in Employment and Earnings (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BL.S bulietin, Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment.

Labor force and unemployment estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The report "Employment and Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available on microfiche only on a subscription basis.

## ESTIMATING METHODS

The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates in 11 large States: New York, California, Illinois, Ohio, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Texas, Massachusetts, North Carolina, and Florida; and two areas: L.os Angeles--Long Beach metropolitan area and New York City, are sufficiently reliable to be used directly from the CPS. For a description of the CPS concepts see "Household Data," above.

Monthly labor force and unemployment estimates in the remaining 39 States, District of Columbia, and 253 labor market areas are prepared in several stages. The civilian labor force is the sum of the employment and unemployment levels, which are estimated in accordance with the BLS Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

1. Preliminary estimate-employment: The total civilian employment estimate is based on data from the survey of establishments which produces an estimate of payroll employment. This place-of-work estimate must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed for the several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships which existed at the time of the 1970 decennial census. These factors are applied to the payroll employment estimates for the current period to obtained adjusted employment estimates, to which are added estimates for employment not cover by UI.
2. Preliminary estimate-unemployment: In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three building block categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State unemployment insurance (UI) laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation. This is referred to below as the UI- based estimate.

An estimate for those previously employed in covered industries is derived from a count of current employment insurance claimants, plus estimates of claimants whose benefits have been exhausted, those persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons (because they quit, were discharged for cause,
etc., but would otherwise have been eligible), and person who either filed claims late or not at all.

The estimate of those previously employed in industries not covered by UI is derived by applying to the employment estimate for each noncovered industry or class of worker subgroup in the State, the ratio of covered unemployment to covered employment weighted by factors reflecting national historical relationships.

For the third category, new entrants and reentrants into the labor force, a composite estimate is developed from equations that relate the total entrants into the labor force to the experienced unemployed and the experienced labor force. For each month, the estimate of entrants into the labor force is a function of: (a) the month of the year; (b) the level of the experienced unemployed; (c) the level of the experienced labor force; and (d) the proportion of the working age population that is considered "youth." The composite estimate of total entrants is defined as:
$\mathrm{U}=\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{X}+\mathrm{E})+\mathrm{BX}$, where
$\mathrm{U}=$ total entrant unemployment
$E=$ total civilian employment
$X=$ total experienced unemployment
$\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}=$ synthetic factors incorporating
seasonal variation and an assumed
relationship between the proportion of
youths in the working population and the
historical relationship of entrants to the
experienced unemployed ( $B$ factor) or the
experienced labor force (A factor).
3. Correction factors for employment and unemployment are then applied at the State level of the UI-based estimates obtained above for each of the 39 States and the District of Columbia. These correction factors are based on the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based estimates for the 6 -month period ending in the current month (e.g. a 6-month moving average).
4. Substate adjustment for additisity. Independent estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State (obtained directly from the CPS in the 11 large States or by the UI-based method in the remaining States), and labor market areas (LMA's) within the State). The total of the geographic areas in the L.MA's exhausts the geographic boundaries of the State. A proportional adjustment is applied to all sub-state LMA estimates to ensure that the sub-state estimates of employment and unemployment add to the independent State totals. In California and New York, which also have sub-state areas taken directly from the CPS, the additivity adjustment for the reamining areas is applied to the State total minus the direct CPS area.
5. Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year monthly estimates prepared by the State employment security agencies using UI-based estimating procedures are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLS to the annual average CPS estimates for the 39 States and the District of Columbia for which monthly CPS estimates are not available. This adjustment is necessary because the State-prepared estimates are not as reliable as the CPS annual averages due to differences in the State UI laws, the structual limitations of the UI-based estimating method, and errors in the UI data.

The benchmarked estimates are produced in three stages. First, the monthly UI-based estimates are adjusted by the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based annual averages. Second, the difference between the ratio of annual averages for two consecutive years is wedged into the monthly estimates in ordei to minimize the disturbance to the original series. Finally, the third stage estimates are forced into agreement with CPS annual averages. In the 11 States which use CPS estimates monthly, no benchmark correction is required, as the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal CPS annual averages.

## Seasonal Adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating
changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published regularly in Employment and Earnings.

The seasonal adjustment program used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving
average method. It provides for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in The $X-1 I$ Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program, Technical Paper No. 15, Bureau of the Census (1967).

Beginning in January 1980, BLS introduced two major modifications in the seasonal adjustment methodology for data from the household survey. First, the data are being seasonally adjusted with a new procedure called X-11 ARIMA, which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the existing standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in The X-II ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method, by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue NO. 12-564E, February 1980. The X-11 procedure was originally developed at the Bureau of the Census and had been used by the BLS to seasonally adjusted labor force series since 1973. Tests have shown that use of the X-11 ARIMA procedure, which places more emphasis on recent data, provides better seasonal adjustments than does the $\mathrm{X}-11$ method alone.

The second change is that seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the first 6 months of the year rather than for the entire year. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in Employment and Eurnings a set of seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components-agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment-data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is the sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components, plus the resident Armed Forces total (not adjusted for seasonality), and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components; the total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components; and the overall unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

Revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December

1984, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment rate for the first 6 months of 1985, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment methodology are published in the January 1985 issue of Employment and Earnings. Revised seasonally adjusted data covering the 1980-84 revision period for a broader range of labor force series are published in the February 1985 issue of this publication.

Beginning in July 1980, the BLS also uses the X-11 ARIMA methodology in seasonally adjusting the establishment data, which previously had been computed using the BLS Seasonal Factor Method. All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors used in calculating the current year's estimates are based on actual data through March 1984 and projected data through March 1985. The ARIMA model options for projecting the data series for 1 year ahead have been used in seasonally adjusting the establishment series since June 198I.

Seasonal adjustment factors are directly applied to the component levels. Seasonally adjusted totals for most of these series are then obtained by taking a weighted average of the seasonally adjusted data for the component series. Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly hours.

Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100 . Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1977 base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, wholesale trade, retail trade, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods industries, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1977 base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series

Beginning in June 1983, seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjusted data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. In earlier years the number of these workers was substantial, and at
times varied greatly from year to year, based on administrative decisions of the Postal Service. Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the unadjusted data upon which the seasonal adjustment factors were based. In the past several years, the number of these workers has decreased to the point where their presence has no impact on seasonal adjustment. Temporary census takers for the 1980 decennial census are
removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment.

The revised seasonally adjusted series for the establishment data reflect experience through March 1984. Seasonal adjustment factors to be used for current adjustment appear in the June 1984 issue of Emplorment and Earnings.


[^0]:    ' Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.
    NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

[^1]:    Data on the number of jobseekers and the jobsearch methods used exclude persons on layoff.
    NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

[^2]:    Less than 0.05 percent

[^3]:    Data not shown where base is less than 75,000 .

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.
    ${ }_{2}$ Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.
    ${ }^{3}$ Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

    - Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

[^5]:    ' The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

[^6]:    ' Persons on part-time schedules for economic reasons are included in
    whether seeking full- or part-time work.

[^7]:    ' Includes small number of men not looking for work because of
    "home responsibilities."

[^8]:    ' Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

    2 Data not shown where base is less than 60,000 .

[^9]:    Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised data are not available for 1984.

    Data not shown where base is less than 60,000 .
    NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces; published data are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to

[^10]:    Data not shown where base is less than 100,000 .
    Less than 0.05 percent.
    NOTE Data on medran weekly earnings are now derived using $\$ 10$

[^11]:    ' Data exclude families in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data not shown where base is less than 50,000 .
    NOTE: Data on families for 1984 reflect revised editing and weighting

[^12]:    Data not shown where base is less than 50,000 .
    NOTE: Data on median weekly earnings are now derived using $\$ 10$

[^13]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^14]:    Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

    Beginning in January 1978, data relate to line haul raiiroads with operating revenues of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more.

    Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from the nonsupervisory count for all series in this division.

    4 Prepared by the Office of Personne! Management. Data relate to

[^15]:    Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate and services.

[^16]:    ' Not available.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data for Niagara Falls and New York City, New York, were revised in last month's issue of this publication.
    $p=$ preliminary.

[^17]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^18]:    - Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.
    ${ }^{2}$ Beginning in January 1978, data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of $\$ 50,000,000$ or more.
    ${ }^{3}$ Money payments only; tips, not included.
    ${ }^{4}$ Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from all series in this

[^19]:    Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction: and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services
    ${ }^{2}$ Not available.

    -     - preliminary

[^20]:    Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; und services.
    ${ }^{2}$ These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

[^21]:    1 Not available.
    ${ }^{p}=$ preliminary.
    NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of

[^22]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^23]:    Beginning in May 1956. these areas were chosen to provide cover age in each State and the District of Columbia

