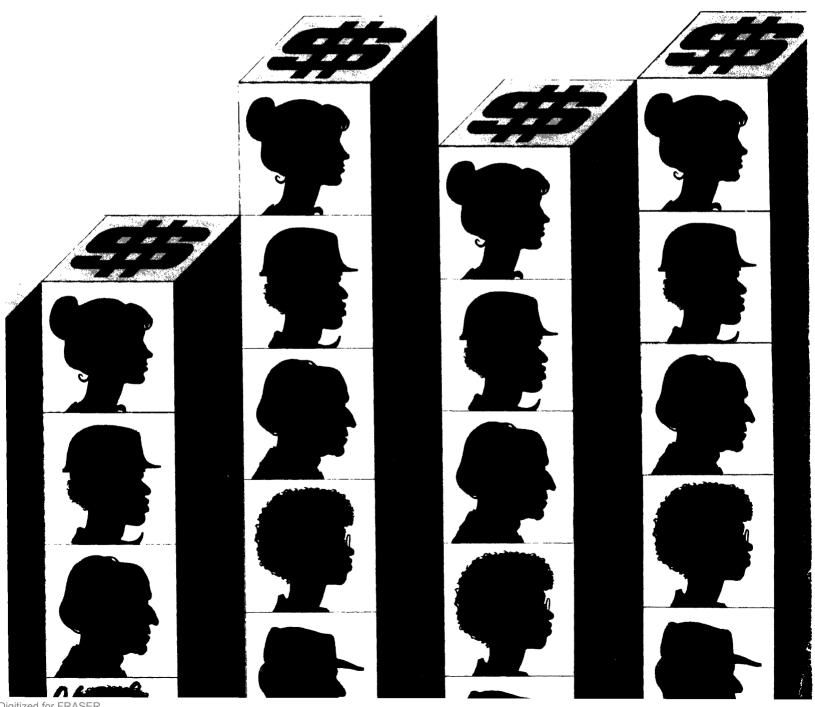


### EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

April 1985

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

In this issue: 1984 annual averages Revised seasonally adjusted labor force series Data on union affiliation



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### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

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**BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS** Janet L. Norwood, Commissioner

Employment and Earnings is prepared by the Division of Data Development and Users' Services and the Division of Monthly Industry Employment Statistics in collaboration with the Division of Special Publications. The data are collected by the Bureau of the Census (Department of Commerce) and State employment security agencies, in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics. A brief description of the cooperative statistical programs of the BLS with these agencies is presented in the Explanatory Notes. The State agencies are listed on the inside back cover.

Employment and Earnings may be ordered through the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Subscription price per year \$31 domestic and \$38.75 foreign. Single copy \$4.50 domestic and \$5.63 foreign. Annual supplement \$8 domestic and \$10 foreign. Prices are subject to change by the U.S. Government Printing Office. For ordering information call (202) 783-3238.

Communications on material in this publication should be addressed to: Editors, Employment and Earnings, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, D.C. 20212, or phone: Gloria P. Green (202) 523-1821. Send correspondence on circulation and subscription matters (including address changes) to the Superintendent of Documents.

The Secretary of Labor has determined that publication of this periodical is necessary in the transaction of the public business required by law of this Department. Use of funds for printing this periodical has been approved by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget through July 1, 1985. Second-class postage paid at Washington, D.C. and at additional mailing addresses.

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ISSN 0013-6840

### Calendar of Features

In addition to the monthly data appearing regularly in Employment and Earnings special features appear in most of the issues as shown below:

#### Household data

Annual averages Union affiliation Jan. Jan., Feb. Revised seasonally adjusted series Quarterly averages: Seasonally adjusted data, persons not in labor force, persons of Hispanic origin, Vietnam-era veterans

Jan.

Jan., Apr.,

July, Oct.

May

### Establishment data

National annual averages:

weekly earnings data

and nonveterans, family relationship data,

Jan. Industry divisions (preliminary)

Industry detail (final) Mar.

Women employees (final) Mar.

June1 National data revised to reflect new benchmarks and new seasonal factors

Supplement<sup>2</sup> Revised historical national data

May Area definitions

#### State and area labor force data

State and area annual averages

May Annual averages

<sup>1</sup> Issue varies. Latest revised data introduced June 1984.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Month of publication varies. The latest supplement was published in July 1984.

## **Employment and Earnings**

Vol. 32 No. 4 April 1985

Editors: Gloria Peterson Green, Rosalie K. Epstein

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# **Employment and Unemployment Developments, March 1985**

Employment rose markedly in March, and unemployment was unchanged. The overall unemployment rate of 7.2 percent and the civilian worker rate of 7.3 percent were both the same as in February.

Civilian employment—as measured by the monthly survey of households—totaled 107.1 million in March, up 430,000 over the month. At 60.3 percent, the proportion of the civilian population with jobs was the highest ever recorded.

The number of persons on nonagricultural payrolls—as measured by the monthly establishment survey—advanced by 380,000. Strong job growth continued in the service-producing sector, while manufacturing employment was little changed.

### Unemployment

The seasonally adjusted level of unemployment, 8.4 million workers, did not change from February to March. Similarly, the March unemployment rates of 7.2 percent for the labor force including the resident Armed Forces, and 7.3 percent for civilian workers only, were unchanged over the month. Unemployment has been little changed since last autumn, after declining sharply from the recession high of late 1982.

Unemployment rates for adult men (6.2 percent), adult women (6.7 percent), and teenagers (18.2 percent) were either the same or virtually unchanged over the month. After rising in February, the unemployment rate for black workers fell 1.1 percentage points to 15.2 percent, about the same as the rates prevailing in the September-January period. The white unemployment rate remained at 6.2 percent, and the rate for workers of Hispanic origin was little changed at 10.2 percent. (See tables A-33 and A-34.)

The median duration of unemployment was little changed over the month at 7.1 weeks, and the average (mean) duration held at 15.9 weeks. The number unemployed for more than 6 months remained at 1.3 million. (See table A-40.)

### Civilian employment and the labor force

Civilian employment rose by 430,000 in March to a seasonally adjusted level of 107.1 million, and the employment-population ratio reached a new record of 60.3 percent. Most of the employment advance occurred among adult women, as their employment total rose by

a quarter of a million to 44.0 million. Over the year, the number of employed persons rose by 3.0 million; adult women accounted for 56 percent of this gain, adult men 36 percent, and teenagers the remainder. (See table A-33.)

The civilian labor force also rose by 430,000 in March, reaching a level of 115.5 million. This increase was also concentrated among adult women, whose labor force participation rate continued to set new records. The labor force increased by 2.6 million over the year.

### **Discouraged workers**

In the first quarter of 1985, there were 1.3 million discouraged workers—persons who report that they want to work but had not actively sought a job during the previous 4-week period because they thought they could not find one. Nearly one-third of the discouraged total cited personal factors such as age or lack of training; the remainder cited job market factors. The number of discouraged workers has come down very little in the past year, following a decline of about half a million from the recession high. (See table A-53.)

#### industry payroll employment

Total nonagricultural payroll employment rose by 380,000 in March to 96.5 million, after adjustment for seasonality. The bulk of the job growth occurred in the service-producing sector, with particularly strong advances in services (145,000) and retail trade (80,000). Over the past year, these two industry divisions have accounted for more than half of the total payroll employment expansion of 3.4 million. Over-the-month increases also took place in wholesale trade and finance, insurance, and real estate. (See table B-4.)

Construction employment increased by 130,000 after seasonal adjustment, more than offsetting a weather-induced decline that took place in February. The March employment level was a record 4.6 million, 90,000 above January and up by more than 400,000 from a year earlier.

In contrast, manufacturing employment was little changed in March, following a decline in the prior month. Over-the-month movements among individual manufacturing industries were generally small and somewhat offsetting, although motor vehicle jobs have declined by 35,000 since January. After recovering

about three-quarters of the jobs lost during the recession, there has been no net growth in total factory jobs since last summer.

### Weekly hours

The average workweek of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls edged up 0.1 hour in March to 35.1 hours. The manufacturing workweek rose by half an hour to 40.4 hours, nearly recouping the weather-related cutbacks that occurred in February. Factory overtime hours remained unchanged at 3.3 hours. (See table C-5.)

The index of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls rose by 0.7 percent in March to 115.0 (1977 = 100), reflecting the increase in both employment and hours. The manufacturing index increased 1.0 percent over the month to 95.4 but was still below the levels which had prevailed throughout most of 1984. (See table C-6.)

### Hourly and weekly earnings

Average hourly earnings increased 0.5 percent in

March, and average weekly earnings increased 0.8 percent, seasonally adjusted. Before adjustment for seasonality, average hourly earnings rose 1 cent to \$8.53, and weekly earnings increased by \$2.06 to \$297.70. Compared to a year earlier, hourly earnings were up 29 cents, and weekly earnings rose by \$9.30. (See tables C-1 and C-7.)

### The Hourly Earnings Index

The Hourly Earnings Index (HEI) was 164.4 (1977 = 100) in March, seasonally adjusted, an increase of 0.4 percent from February. For the 12 months ended in March, the increase (before seasonal adjustment) was 3.3 percent. The HEI excludes the effects of two types of changes unrelated to underlying wage rate movements—fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts. In dollars of constant purchasing power, the HEI decreased 0.1 percent during the 12-month period ended in February. (See table C-7.)

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL**

### A-1. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951 to date

(Numbers in thousands)

( }		 				Labor f	orce				
Year	Noninsti-					Empl	oyed		Unem	ployed	Not i
and ; month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civiliar	1		Percent	labo force
!		 	population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor force	
		Number   Or   Or   Or   Or   Or   Or   Or							L		
951	106,764	. 64 160	60.1	62 104	2 142	50.061	6 726	E2 22E	2.055	2.0	42,6
952	107,617		: 1						1		43,0
953'			, :		1 '			·	1	1	44,0
954									1		44,6
955			1		. 1						44,6
956			:		1 1						44,4
957	114,213				1 ' 1				1 .	i .	45,3
958										1	46,0
959								,	1 '	:	46,9
10CO'	110 100	71 490	60.0	67.600	1 061	65 770	E 450	60.010	2.050	! !	47.6
1960'	119,106	1									47,6
961			,							:	48,3
962'	122,214								1	1	49,5
963		1 '	1		1					1	50,5
964									1		51,3
965										1	52,0
1966			1		1 .		1			i	52,
967			1								52,
968							! '		1 .	1	53,
969	136,573	82,972	60.8	80,140	2,238	77,902	3,606	74,296	2,832	3.4	53,
970	139,203	84,889	61.0	80,796	2,118	78,678	l 3,463	1 1 75,215	4.093	4.8	54,
971	142,189	86,355	60.7	81,340	1,973	79,367	3,394			5.8	55,
972'			60.9			82,153			1	5.5	57.
1973'			61.3				,	•			57.
1974				1							58,
1975	154,831	1	61.6				1	1		8.3	59,
1976			62.0					•		•	59,
1977					•						60,
1978'		103.882	63.5					!	1	1	59,
1979						1	1				59,
1980	i 169,349	108.544	64.1	. 100.907	1.604	99.303	3.364	95.938	7.637	7.0	60.
1981	171,775					1				1	61,
1982			,							1	62,
1983									1		62,
1984			1				1		1 .		62,
			<b>_</b>	L	Monthly d	ata, seasc	nally adjuste	i		<u>.</u>	L
	ļ		T	1		γ		T	7	F	ī ·
1984:		1	į	i 	1		1		!	1	1
March											62,
April			j								62,
May			:								62,
June	:			1 '		1 '	i -				62,
July											62,
August											62,
September		115,484		107,114		105,394	3,319	102,075	8,370		62
October	1	115,721		107,354		105,649	3,169	102,480	8,367	7.2	62.
November December		115,773	•	; 107,631 ; 107,971	1,699 1,698	105,932	3,334 3,385	102,598 102,888	8,142		63
Dodding	173,004	1 10,102		107,371	: 1,050	1 100,213	0,303	102,000	8,191	7.1	62
1985:	1 470 001	1110 570		100.000	1.007	100.001	0.000	100.074		! 70	
January	,	116,572		108,088		106,391	3,320	103,071	8,484		62
February		116,787		108,388		106,685	3,340	103,345	8,399		62
March	. 179,368	117,215	65.3	108,820	1,701	107,119	3,362	103,757	8,396	, 7.2	62

Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

<sup>2</sup> The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for

NOTE: Revisions of seasonally adjusted monthly and quarterly data (shown in tables A-1 through A-3 and A-32 through A-53 of this publication) for the most recent 5-year period are made at the beginning of each calendar year.

seasonal variation.

### A-2. Employment status of the noninstitutional population 16 years and over by sex, 1974 to date

	1	<u> </u>				Labor f	orce				
Sau year	Noninsti-					Empl	oyed		Unem	oloyed	Not in
Sex, year, and month	tutional population	Number	Percent of		Resident		Civilian		ural Number   Of labor force   S	Percent of	labor force
	 		population	Total	Armed Forces	Total	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	Number	labor	
	1					Annual aver	ages				
MEN			700	54.000	4.050	50.004	2010	50.405	0.744		45.00
974		57,397	79.2	54,682	1,658	53,024	2,919	50,105 49,032			15,06
975		57,899	78.4 78.0	53,457	1,600	51,857 ¦ 53,138 !	2,824 2,744	50,394			15,99
976		58,756		54,720 56,291	1,582	54,728	2,744	52,057			16,58
977		59,959	78.1		1,563						16,79
978'		61,151	78.3	58,010	1,531	56,479	2,718	53,761			16,9
979	79,509	62,215	78.2	59,096	1,489	57,607	2,686	54,921	3,120	5.0	17,2
980		62,932	77.8	58,665	1,479	57,186	2,709	54,477			17,9
981	; 82,023	63,486	77.4	58,909	1,512	57,397	2,700	54,697	4,577	7.2	18,5
982	83,052	63,979	77.0	57,800	1,529	56,271	2,736	53,534	6,179	9.7	19,0
983	¦ 84,064	64,580	76.8	58,32∩	1,533	56,787	2,704	54,083	6,260	9.7	19,4
984	85,156	65,386	76.8	60,642	1,551	59,091	2,668	56,423	4,744	7.3	19,7
					Monthly (	iata, seasor	nally adjusted?				
984:			<del>_</del> <del>_</del>		 			<del></del> /-	i		
March	84,880	65,151	76.8	60,262	1,542	58,720	2,652	56,068	4.889	7.5	19,7
April		65,200	76.7	60,289	1,548	58,741	2,710	56,031			19,7
May		65,304	76.8	60,578	1,545	59,033	2,706	56,327			19,7
June		65,348	76.8	60,758	1,545	59,213	2,691	56,522			19,7
July		65,412	76.8	60,687	1,551	59,136	2,690	56,446			19,7
August		65,357	76.7	60,766	1.563	59,203	2,636	56,567			19,9
September		65,589	76.8	60,959	1,571	59,388	2,669	56,719			19,7
October		65,558	76.7	61,018	1,557	59,461	2,551	56,910			
						59,603	2,701				19,8
November		65,657	76.8	61,155	1,552 1,550	59,702	2,747	56,902			19,8
December	85,607	65,814	¦ 76.9 I	61,252	1,550 I	99,702	2,747	56,955 !	4,302	0.9	¦ 19,7
1985: January	85,629	65,822	1 1 76.9	61,213	1,549	59,664	2,683	56,981	4 609	70	¦   19,8
February		65,818	76.8	61,226	1,554	59,672	2,674	56,998			19,8
March		65,923	76.9	61,427	1,553	59,874	2,644	57,231			19,8
		· <del></del>	i	L	<u></u>	Annual ave	rages	L	·	L	L
WOMEN	<u> </u>	·	·		·		T		i	T	Γ
1974	79,375	36,274	45.7	33,832	63	33,769	596	33,173			43,1
975		37,553	46.4	34,067	78	33,989	584	; 33,404			43,3
1976		39,069	47.4	35,701	86	35,615		35,027			43,4
1977		40,705	48.5	37,381	92	37,289	612	36,677			43,2
978'		42,731	50.0	39,669	100	39,569	; 669	, 38,900			42,7
1979	86,951	44,343	51.0	41,325	108	41,217	661	40,556	3,018	6.8	42,6
1980	88,472	45,611	51.6	42,241	124	42,117	656	41,461	3 370	7.4	42,8
1981		46,829	52.2	43,133	133	43,000	667	42,333			42,9
1982		47,894	52.7	43,395	139	43,256	665	42,591			42,9
983		48,646	53.0	44,190	143	44,047	680	43,367			43,1
984		49,855	53.7	46,061	146	45,915	653	45,262			43,0
		. <u>.</u>		<u> </u>	Monthly	data, seaso	naliy adjusted	!		<u></u>	<del></del>
	i	-!	<u> </u>	Γ- ·····	, — <del>-</del> -	,	Ţ · ~ ÷	7 ·		1	
1984:		1 40.441	F0.4	1 45 5 47		45 400	050	1 44 750	1 0001		1
March		49,441	53.4	45,547	144	45,403	653	44,750			43,1
April		49,695	53.6	45,806	145	45,661	669	44,992			43,0
May		50,108	54.0	46,274	145	46,129	661	45,468			42,6
June		49,961	53.8	46,323	145	46,178	677	45,501			42,9
July		50,154	54.0	46,388	147	46,241	643	45,598			42,8
August		49,984	53.7	46,094	149	45,945	628	45,317			43,0
September	} 93,132	49,895	53.6	46,155	149	46,006	650	45,356	3,740	7.5	43,
October		50,163	53.8	46,336	148	46,188	618	45,570	3,827	7.6	43,
November		50,116	53.7	46,476	147	46,329	633	45,696	3,640	7.3	43,
December	93,397	50,348	53.9	46,719	148	46,571	638	45,933	3,629	7.2	43,
1985:	i			! =	i .	1	1	1	1	1	
January		50,750	54.3	46,875	148	46,727	637	46,090	3,875	7.6	42,
February		50,970	54.5	47,162	149	47,013	666	46,347	3,807	7.5	42,5
March	93,603	51,293	54.8	47,392	148	47,244	718	46,526	3,900	7.6	42.3

Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the Explanatory Notes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

### HOUSEHOLD DATA HISTORICAL

### A-3. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over, 1951 to date

Year	Civilian noninsti-		Civilian la	bor force		Unemployment rates					
and month	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Unemployed	Total	Men Wome				
				Annual	averages			<del></del>			
951	104,621	62.017	59.2	59,961	2.055	3.3	2.8	4.4			
952		62,138	59.0	60,250	1,883	3.0	2.8	3.6			
9531		63,015	58.9	61,179	1,834	2.9	2.8	3.3			
954		63,643	58.8	60,109	3,532	5.5	5.3	6.0			
955	1 '	65,023	59.3	62,170	2,852	4.4	4.2	4.9			
956	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	66,552	60.0	63,799	2,750	4.1	3.8	4.8			
)57		66,929	59.6	64,071	2,859	4.3	4.1	4.7			
958		67,639	59.5	63,036	4,602	6.8	6.8	6.8			
959	115,329	68,369	59.3	64,630	3,740	5.5	5.2	5.9			
601	117,245	69,628	59.4	65,778	3,852	5.5	5.4	5.9			
961	118,771	70,459	59.3	65,746	4,714	6.7	6.4	7.2			
962 <sup>†</sup>		70,614	58.8	66,702	3,911	5.5	5.2	6.2			
963		71,833	58.7	67.762	4,070	5.7	5.2	6.5			
964		73,091	58.7	69,305	3,786	5.2	4.6	6.2			
		74,455	58.9		3,366	4.5	4.0				
965				71,088				5.5			
966		75,770	59.2	72,895	2,875	3.8	3.2	4.8			
967		77,347	59.6	74,372	2,975	3.8	3.1	5.2			
968		78,737	59.6	75,920	2,817	3.6	2.9	4.8			
969	134,335	80,734	60.1	77,902	2,832	3.5	2.8	4.7			
970	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	4,093	4.9	4.4	5.9			
971		84.382	60.2	79.367	5,016	5.9	5.3	6.9			
972'		87,034	60.4	82,153	4,882	5.6	5.0	6.6			
973'		89.429	60.8	85.064	4.365	4.9	4.2	6.0			
974		91,949	61.3	86,794	5,156	5.6	4.9	6.7			
975		93.775	61.2	85,846	7.929	8.5	7.9	9.3			
		96,158	61.6		7,406	7.7	7.1	:			
976				88,752				8.6			
977		99,009	62.3	92,017	6,991	7.1	6.3	8.2			
978¹		102,251	63.2	96,048	6,202	6.1	5.3	7.2			
979	164,863	104,962	63.7	98,824	6,137	5.8	5.1	6.8			
980	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	7,637	7.1	6.9	7.4			
981	170,130	108,670	63.9	100,397	8,273	7.6	7.4	7.9			
982	172,271	110,204	64.0	99,526	10.678	9.7	9.9	9.4			
983		111,550	64.0	100.834	10,717	9.6	9.9	9.2			
984		113,544	64.4	105,005	8,539	7.5	7.4	7.6			
	; ;	· 		onthly data ea	easonally adjuste						
	; 						<del>-</del>				
984:	1	: !	1								
March		112,906	64.2	104,123	8,783	7.8	7.7	7.9			
April		113,202	64.3	104,402	8,800	7.8	. 7.7	7.8			
May	176,123	113,722	64.6	105,162	8,560	7.5	7.4	7.7			
June		113,619	64.5	105,391	8,228	7.2	7.2	7.3			
July		113,868	64.5	105,377	8,491	7.5	7.4	7.5			
August		113,629	64.3	105,148	8,481	7.5	7.2	7.8			
September	,	113,764	64.4	105,394	8,370	7.4	7.2	7.5			
October		114,016	64.4	105,649	8,367	7.3	7.1	7.7			
		114,016	64.4	105,932	8,142	7.3 7.1	7.1	7.7			
November December		114,074	64.6	105,932	8,191	7.1	7.0 7.1	7.3 7.2			
985:	!	!			1		•				
anuary	177,384	114,875	64.8	106,391	8,484	7.4	7.2	7.7			
								. 7.5 · 7.6			
February March	177,516	115,084	64.8 65.0	106,685 107,119	8,399 8,396	7.4 7.3 7.3		7.1 7.0			

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Not strictly comparable with prior years. For an explanation, see "Historical Comparability" under the Household Data section of the

Explanatory Notes.

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

### A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race

	ļ				March	1985					
	ĺ		Civi	lian labor force				Not	in labor for	ce	·
Age, sex, and race	Civilian noninsti-	<u> </u> 	Percent	; 	Unem	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	}		Going	Unable	
	tutional population	Total	of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	to school	to work	Other reasons
TOTAL				<u> </u>	   	!					+ ! !
16 years and over	177,667	i 114,394	64.4	105,768	8,625	7.5	63,273	30,051	9,501	2,649	21,072
16 to 19 years		7,404	50.8	6,013	1,391	18.8	7,178	421	6,112	26	618
16 to 17 years		2,854	39.5	2,223	632	22.1	4,368	98	4,038	9	224
18 to 19 years		4,550 15,390	61.8 76.1	3,790 13,586	760 1,804	16.7	2,810 4,847	323 1,795	2,075 2,277	17 64	2 395 711
20 to 24 years		76,510	81.5	71,740	4,769	6.2	17,359	12,714	1,069	831	2,744
25 to 34 years		33,257	82.3	30,855	2,401	7.2	7,165	5,228	801	208	928
25 to 29 years		17,088	81.8	15,756	1,332	7.8	3,793	2,639	532	99	522
30 to 34 years		16,168	82.7	15,100	1,070	6.6	3,372	2,589	269	109	406
35 to 44 years		25,806	83.1	24,368	1,438	5.6	5,259	4,021	194	246	796
35 to 39 years		14,234	83.5	13,423	811	5.7	2,816	2,170	128	122	390
40 to 44 years		11,573	82.6	10,945	627	5.4	2,443	1,845	67	125	1 407
45 to 54 years		17,447 9,298	77.9 80.7	16,517 8,767	930 532	5.3 5.7	4,935 2,221	3,465 1,633	74 51	378 153	1,019
45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years		8,149	75.0	7,750	399	4.9	2,221	1,832	22	224	636
55 to 64 years55		12,112	54.7	11,559	553	4.6	10,050	5,311	30	624	4.086
55 to 59 years		7,314	64.7	6,959	355	4.9	3,992	2,423	27	336	1,206
60 to 64 years		4,798	44.2	4,600	198	4.1	6,057	2,888	3	287	2,880
65 years and over	26,818	2,978	11.1	2,870	109	3.6	23,840	9,810	13	1,103	12,914
65 to 69 years		1,698	18.3	1,629	69	4.1	7,580	3,242	5	257	4,077
70 years and over	17,540	1,280	7.3	1,240	39	3.0	16,261	6,569	j 8	846	8,837
Men	i L	 	 	1	) !				i ļ		· •
6 years and over		63,641	75.6	58,773	4,868	7.6	20,570	434	4,884	1,453	13,799
16 to 19 years		3,816	52.2	3,061	756	19.8	3,491	18	3,149	10	316
16 to 17 years		1,478	40.1	1,120	358	24.2	2,207	6	2,074	3	124
18 to 19 years		2,338	64.6	1,941	398	17.0	1,284	11	1,075	7	192
20 to 24 years		8,095 42,837	82.4 93.8	7,043	1,052	13.0 6.2	1,726 2,838	17 156	1,247 ! 475	44 572	1,634
25 to 34 years		18,597	94.2	17,255	1,342	7.2	1,150	62	404	150	1 534
25 to 29 years		9,494	93.1	8,741	753	7.9	703	33	295	77	297
30 to 34 years		9,102	95.3	8,514	589	6.5	447	30	109	73	236
35 to 44 years		14,344	95.0	13,555	789	5.5	759	60	53	167	479
35 to 39 years		7,899	95.3	7,456	443	5.6	390	; 37	; 37	i 82	235
40 to 44 years		6,445	94.6	6,099	346	5.4	369	24	16	85	244
45 to 54 years		9,897	91.4	9,363	533	5.4	929	33	19	256	622
45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years		5,233 4,664	93.3 89.4	4,925 4,438	308	5.9 4.8	374 556	14 19	10	114	236
55 to 64 years	,	7,089	68.2	6,760	329	4.6	3,308	69	9	384	2,845
55 to 59 years		4.249	79.5	4.046	202	4.8	1,093	34	9	227	824
60 to 64 years		2,841	56.2	2,714	127	4.5	2,215	35	1 1	158	2.022
65 years and over	11,010	1,804	16.4	1.737	67	3.7	9,206	175	4	442	8,585
65 to 69 years		1,020	24.5	982	i 38	3.7	3,143	52	· -	131	2,960
70 years and over	6,847	784	11.4	754	29	3.8	6,064	124	. 4	311	5,625
Women	1			•	1	1	1	1	!	:	
16 years and over	93,455	50,753	54.3	46.995	3,758	7.4	42,702	29,616	4,616	1,196	7,273
16 to 19 years	7,274	3,588	49.3	2,952	636	17.7	3,686	403	2,964	17	303
16 to 17 years		1,376	38.9	1,103	274	19.9	2,160	91	1,964	6	100
18 to 19 years		2,212	59.2	1,850	362	1 16.4	1,526	312	1,000	11	203
20 to 24 years		7,295	70.0	6,543	752	10.3	3,120	1,778	1,030	20	292
25 to 54 years		33,672 14,660	69.9	31,567 13,601	1,059	6.3	14,521	12,558 5,165	594	259 58	1,110
25 to 29 years		7,594	71.1	7,015	579	7.6	3,090	2,606	237	22	225
30 to 34 years		7,066	70.7	6,586	481		2,925	2,559	160		1 170
35 to 44 years		11,462	71.8	10,813	649	5.7	4,500	i 3,961	142		318
35 to 39 years	8.761	6,335	72.3	5,967	. 368	5.8	2,426	2,140	91		
40 to 44 years		5,128	71.2	4.846	281	. 0.0	2,074	1,821	51	. 40	163
45 to 54 years		7,550	65.3	7,153	396	5.2	4,006	3,432	55	122	397
45 to 49 years		4,065	68.8	3,842	. 224	, 55	. 1,047		41	. 39	. 147
50 to 54 years55 to 64 years		3,485 5,023	61.7 42.7	3,312 4,7 <b>9</b> 9	. 173 224	5.0 4.5	2,159	1,813 5,242	. 13 20	83	250
55 to 59 years		3,066	51.4	2,913	153	5 0	6,742 2,899		: 18	239	1,240 382
60 to 64 years		1,957	33.7	1,886	71	3.6	3,843		. 10	110	362 858
65 years and over		1,174	7.4	1,133	41	3.5	14,633		9	661	4,328
65 to 69 years	5,115	678	13.3	647	31	4.6	4,437		5	126	1,117
70 years and over		496	4.6	486	10	2.1	10,197		4	535	3,212

### A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

					March	1985					
			Civi	lian labor force	•			Not	in labor for	ce	
Ann now and read	Civilian				Unem	oloyed			ì		
Age, sex, and race	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
WHITE		<del>-</del>		1					-		
16 years and over	153,296	99,148	64.7	92,634	6,514	6.6	54,147	26,446	7,337	2,075	18,289
16 to 19 years		6,449	54.0	5,403	1,046	16.2	5,496	327	4,676	2,075	470
16 to 17 years		2,538	43.0	2,032	506	19.9	3,370	77	3,100	9	183
18 to 19 years		3,911	64.8	3,370	541	13.8	2,126	251	1,576	14	286
20 to 24 years		13,219 66,021	77.8 82.0	11,900	1,319	10.0	3,762 14,493	1,423 10,959	1,831 801	45 636	463 2,098
25 to 34 years		28,449	82.9	26,701	1,748	6.1	5,868	4,453	587	162	667
25 to 29 years		14,572	82.6	13,630	942	6.5	3,080	2,229	392	87	374
30 to 34 years		13,876	83.3	13,071	806	5.8	2,789	2,224	195	75	293
35 to 44 years		22,361	83.4 83.8	21,279	1,082	4.8 7.4	4,452 2,388	3,500 1,890	153 100	195 102	604
35 to 39 years	1	10,045	83.0	9,567	478	4.8	2,064	1,620	53	93	304
45 to 54 years	i '	15,211	78.5	14,449	761	5.0	4,172	3,006	61	279	827
45 to 49 years 50 to 54 years	9,928	8,052	81.1	7,631	421	5.2	1,877	1,418	46	114	300
		7,159 10,797	′ 75.7 ¹ 55.0	6,819	1 340 1 469	5.9 4.3	2,296 8,849	1,618 4,782	14 17	i 165 ! 472	527 3,578
55 to 64 years			65.3	6,202	302	1 4.6	3,457	2,174	14	252	1,017
60 to 64 years	•	4,293		4,126	167	3.9	5,392	2,608	2	221	2,561
65 years and over	24,211	2,663	1	2,574	88	3.3	21,548	8,955	13	900	11,680
65 to 69 years		1,526	18.4	1,471	55 34	3.6	6,780	2,916	j 5 I 8	190	3,668
70 years and over	15,905	1,137	. 7.1	1,104	34	3.0	14,768	6,039	, .	710	9,012
Men	į	i	! !		1	l i	1	 		!	ļ.
16 years and over	i 73,187	55,877	, 76.3	52,143	3,734	6.7	17,311	322	3,853	1,153	11,982
16 to 19 years	6,005	3,317	55.2	2,748	569	17.2	2,688	13	2,443	8	
16 to 17 years		1,303	43.2	1,021	282	21.6	1,716	5	1,610	3	97
18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years		2,014	67.4 83.8	1,727	287 782	14.3	973	7 14	833 1,040	32	i 127
25 to 54 years		37,529	94.7	35,477	2,052	5.5	2,119	102	363	440	1,213
25 to 34 years		16,151	95.1	15,129	1,022	6.3	827	33	311	121	
25 to 29 years		i 8,187	93.8	,	1 564	6.9	539	21	238	68	213
30 to 34 years		7,964	96.5	, ,,,,,,,,	458	5.7 4.8	288		73	53 132	
35 to 44 years		12,633	95.8 95.8	12,031 6,600	338	: 4.9	561 302		30	68	-
40 to 44 years		5,696	95.7		265	4.6	259		11	64	
45 to 54 years	9,476	8,744	92.3	8,316	427	4.9	1 732		j 11	188	
45 to 49 years		4,588	94.2	4,352	236	5.1	285	13	i 7	87	178
50 to 54 years55 to 64 years	4,003	4,156 6,415	90.3 69.2	. 3,965 6,142	191 273	4.6	2,856	12 42	1 3	101 305	2,507
55 to 59 years		3,845	81.1	3,678	167	4.3	896	21	2	183	691
60 to 64 years	4,531	2,570	56.7	2,464	107	4.1	1,960	22	1	122	1,816
65 years and over		1,648	16.6	1,590	58	, 0.0	8,303		4	368	7,780
65 to 69 years 70 years and over		933	24.9 11.5	902	31	3.3	2,810 5,493	111	4	106 262	2,663 5,117
Women		:			i	!	i i	!	1	i I	:
16 years and over	80,108	43,272	54.0	40,491	2,781	6.4	36,837	26,124	3,485	922	6,306
16 to 19 years	5,940	3,132	52.7	2,655	477	15.2	2,808	315	2,233	14	
16 to 17 years		1,235	42.7	1,011	224	18.1	1,654	71 243	1,490	6 8	, 87
18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years		1,897 , 6,251	62.2 72.1	1,644 5,713	538		1,154	1,409	791		
25 to 54 years		28,492	69.7	26,952	1,540	5.4	12,374	10,857	438		
25 to 34 years	17,339	12,297	70 9	11,571	726	5.9	5,042		276		305
25 to 29 years		6,385	71.5 70.3	6,007	378	5.9	2,541		1 154		
30 to 34 years35 to 44 years		5,912 9,727	70.3 71.4	5,565 9,248	479	5.9 . 4.9	2,501 3,891	2,212	122		
35 to 39 years		5,378	72.1	5,112	267	5.0	2,086	1,857	70		
40 to 44 years	6,154	4,349	70.7	4,136	213	4.9	1,805	1,598	42	29	135
45 to 54 years	9,907	6,467	65.3	6,133	334	5.2	3,440	2,982	49	91	318
45 to 49 years		3,464 3,003	68.5 61.9	3,279 2,854	185	5.3 1 5.0	1,592	1,403	39	27	122
50 to 54 years55 to 64 years		4,382	42.2	2,854 4,187	. 196	4.5	5,992	4,740	10		
55 to 59 years		2.659	50.9	2,524	135	, 5.1	2.561	2.153	12		
60 to 64 years	5,154	1,723	33 4	1,662	61	3.5	3,431	2,587	2	98	
65 years and over		1,015	71	985	30	3.0	13,246	8.805	, 9	532	
65 to 69 years		593	13.0 4.4	569 416	24 7	4.0 1.6	ა,970 9,275	2,876 5,928	5 4	: 84 448	
70 years and over	9,698	422		410	,	. 1.0	3,213	. 3,320	-	440	2,093

### A-4. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race—Continued

					Maich	1985					
			Civi	ian labor force	:			Not	in labor for	се	
Age, sex, and race	Civilian				Unemp	ployed					
, gen on a second	noninsti- tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
BLACK											
6 years and over	19,569	12,121	61.9	10,276	1,844	15.2	7,449	2,896	1,660	515	l l 2,374
6 years and over 16 to 19 years	1	786	36.2	474	312	39.7	1,383	2,090 84	1,167	2	131
16 to 17 years	1,083	247	22.8	143	104	42.2	835	20	779	-	37
18 to 19 years		538	49.6	331	208	38.6	548	64	388	2	95
20 to 24 years		1,780	67.1	1,343	437	24.6	873	322	317	18	215
25 to 54 years		8,235	78.8	7,231	1,004	12.2	2,214	1,338	168	169	537
25 to 34 years		3,845 2,020	79.4 78.6	3,266 1,672	580 349	15.1 17.3	995 551	588 319	141 96	42 12	223 124
25 to 29 years		1,825	80.4	1,595	230	12.6	444	270	45	30	99
30 to 34 years	3,247	2,634	81.1	2,343	291	11.1	613	396	23	44	150
35 to 39 years		1,471	82.6	1,304	167	11.4	309	212	16	18	63
40 to 44 years		1,163	79.3	1,039	124	10.7	304	183	8	27	86
45 to 54 years	2,361	1,755	74.3	1,622	132	7.5	606	354	4	83	164
45 to 49 years		964	79.0	881	83	8.6	256	164	3	27	64
50 to 54 years	1,141	791	69.3	742	50	6.3	350	191	2	57	101
55 to 64 years		1,055	51.4	983	72	6.8	999	411	ļ <b>8</b>	135	444
55 to 59 years		645	59.1	596	49	7.6	447	196	8	77	165
60 to 64 years		409	42.6	387	22	5.5	552	215	i -	58	279
65 years and over		266	11.8	246	20	7.5	1,980	741	-	191	1,047
65 to 69 years		137 128	16.9 8.9	124 123	13	9.5	676	267 475	_	62	348 700
70 years and over	1,432	120	0.9	123		4.7	1,304	4/5	, -	129	/00
Men		•		,	ļ	{					!
6 years and over	8,747	6,064	69.3	5,105	957	15.8	2,684	98	774	261	1,545
16 to 19 years		412	38.9	246	166	40.3	650	5	569	-	76
16 to 17 years	543	135	24.9	75	61	44.9	407	1	382	-	25
18 to 19 years		277	53.2	172	105	38.0	243	4	187	-	52
20 to 24 years		909	75.6	676	234	25.7	294	3	140	11	139
25 to 54 years		4,090	87.7	3,586	504	12.3	574	50	63	109	350
25 to 34 years		1,904	88.0	1,629	275	14.4	261	27	56	28	149
25 to 29 years		1,026	89.1	860	166	16.2	126	12	36	9	69
30 to 34 years		878 1,289	86.7 89.3	770 1,143	146	12.3 11.3	135 154	16 15	20	19 29	104
35 to 39 years		723	91.7	647	76	10.6	65	6	5	13	1 41
40 to 44 years	1	566	86.4	496	70	12.3	89	8	2	16	63
45 to 54 years	1	896	84.9	814	82	9.2	159	8	1	52	97
45 to 49 years		483	88.6	430	53	11.1	62	1	2	15	45
50 to 54 years		413	80.9	384	29	6.9	97	7	i	38	53
55 to 64 years		529	57.5	483	46	8.7	391	24	2	70	294
55 to 59 years		322	65.1	290	32	9.8	172	12	2	40	118
60 to 64 years		207	48.6	193	14	6.9	219	12	; -	31	176
65 years and over		124	13.8	115	9	7.3	774	16	j -	71	686
65 to 69 years		65	19.0	59	<b>6</b>	(1)	280	5	j -	25	250
70 years and over	552	58	10.5	56	3	(')	494	11	-	! 46 !	437
Women		ļ		İ	-				İ		
6 years and over	10,822	6,057	56.0	5,171	887	14.6	4,765	2,798	885	254	828
16 to 19 years		373	33.7	227	146	39.1	733	79	598	2 2	55
16 to 17 years		112	20.7	68	44	39.1	429	19	397	l	12
18 to 19 years		261	46.2	159	102	39.1	305	60	201	2	43
20 to 24 years		870	60.1	667	204	23.4	579	319	177	7	76
25 to 54 years		4,145	71.7	3,645	500	12.1	1,640	1,288	105	60	187
25 to 34 years		1,941	72.6	1,636	305	15.7	734	561	85	14	74
25 to 29 years		994	70.1	812	183	18.4	425	307	60	3	55
30 to 34 years		947	75.4	825	122	12.9	309	254	25	11	19
35 to 44 years		1,345 748	74.5 75.4	1,200 657	145 91	10.8 12.1	459 244	381 206	17 11	15	22
40 to 44 years		597	73.5	543	54	9.1	215	175	6	11	23
45 to 54 years		859	65.8	809	50	5.9	447	346	3	31	67
45 to 49 years		481	71.3	451	30	6.2	194	163	1	12	19
50 to 54 years		378	59.9	358	21	5.5	253	184	2	19	48
55 to 64 years		526	46.4	500	26	4.9	607	387	6	65	150
55 to 59 years		324	54.1	306	18	5.5	274	184	6	38	47
60 to 64 years		202	37.8	194	8	4.0	333	203	! -	27	103
65 years and over	1,348	142	10.5	131	11	7.6	1,206	725	-	120	361
65 to 69 years		72	15.4	65	7	(1)	396	262	-	37	98
70 years and over	. 880	70	8.0	67	3	(1)	810	464		83	263

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

### A-5. Employment status of the black-and-other civilian noninstitutional population by age and sex

1					March 1985				
				(	Civilian labor force				
Age and sex	Civilian noninsti-				Employed		Unem	ployed	Not in labor force
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Agriculture	Nonagri- cultural industries	Number	Percent of labor force	
TOTAL		1					†		
18	24,371	15,245	62.6	13,134	210	10.004	0444	400	0.40
6 years and over	2,637	955	36.2	610	20	12,924 590	2,111	13.8 36.1	9,125 1,681
16 to 17 years	1,314	316	24.1	190	3	187	126	39.8	998
18 to 19 years	1,322	639	48.3	420	17	403	219	34,3	683
20 to 24 years	3,256	2,171	66.7	1,686	22	1,664	485	22.3	1,085
25 to 54 years	13,357	10,490	78.5	9,312	127	9,186	1,178	11.2	2,867
25 to 34 years	6,105	4,808	78.8	4,155	43	4,112	654	13.6	1,297
25 to 29 years	3,229	2,516	77.9	2,126	26	2,101	389	15.5	713
30 to 34 years	2,876	1,211	42.1	2,028	18	2,011	264	21.8	583
35 to 44 years	4,252	3,445	81.0	3,090	49	3,041	356	10.3	80
35 to 39 years	2,345	1,917	81.7	1,711	33 16	1,678	206	10.7	42
40 to 44 years	1,907	1,528	80.1	1,378	15 34	1,363	150	9.8	379
45 to 54 years	2,999 1,590	2,236 1,247	74.6 78.4	1,136	34 19	2,033 1,117	169	i 7.5 I 8.9	76: 34:
45 to 49 years50 to 54 years	1,408	990	70.3	931	16	916	58	5.9	41
55 to 64 years	2,516	1,315	52.3	1,231	24	1,207	83	6.4	1,20
55 to 59 years	1,345	810	60.2	757	13	744	53	6.5	53
60 to 64 years	1,170	505	43.1	474	11	463	30	6.0	66
65 years and over	2,607	315	12.1	295	18	277	20	6.4	2,29
65 to 69 years	972	173	17.8	158	12	146	14	8.1	79
70 years and over	1,635	143	8.7	136	6	131	10	7.0	1,49
Men				1		ì    -			
6 years and over	11,024	7,765	70.4	6,630	197	6,433	1,134	14.6	3,26
16 to 19 years	1,302	500	38.4	313	20	293	187	37.3	80
16 to 17 years	666	175	26.2	99	3	96	76	43.4	49
18 to 19 years	636	325	51.0	214	16	198	111	34.1	31
20 to 24 years	1,508 6,028	1,126 5,309	74.7 88.1	856 4,696	20 121	836 4,576	270	24.0	38
25 to 54 years	2,769	2,445	88.3	2,125	39	2,086	613 320	11.5	71 32
25 to 29 years	1,471	1,307	88.8	1,118	23	1,095	189	14.5	16
30 to 34 years	1,298	1,138	87.7	1,007	17	991	131	11.5	15
35 to 44 years	1,909	1,710	89.6	1,524	47	1,478	186	10,9	19
35 to 39 years	1,049	961	91.6	856	31	825	105	10.9	8
40 to 44 years	859	749	87.2	668	15	i 653	1 81	10.8	11
45 to 54 years	1,350	1,153	85.4	1,047	35	1,012	106	9.2	19
45 to 49 years	734	645	87.9	573	19	554	72	11.1	ļ €
50 to 54 years	616	508	82.4	473	16	458	34	6.8	10
55 to 64 years	1,126	674	59.9	619	24	595	56	8.3	45
55 to 59 years	601	404	67.2	369	12	356	35	8.8	19
60 to 64 years	525	270	51.5	250	11	239	20	7.5	2
65 years and over	1,060 420	156 87	14.7 20.7	147	14 8	1 133 1 72	9 7	6.0 7.7	90
65 to 69 years 70 years and over	640	69	10.8	66	5	61	, 3	(5)	57
Women		1	!	!	! !	!	ļ 1	 	i !
16 years and over	13,347	7,481	!   56.1	6,504	13	6,491	977	13.1	l   5,8€
16 to 19 years	1,334	456	34.2	297	ı -	297	158	34.8	87
16 to 17 years	648	141	21.8	91	1 -	91	50	35.4	50
18 to 19 years	686	314	45.8	206	<u>-</u>	206	108	34.5	3
20 to 24 years	1,747	1,045	59.8	830	2	828	215	20.5	70
25 to 54 years	7,329	5,181	70.7	4,616	6	4,610	565	10.9	2,14
25 to 34 years	3,336 1,758	2,363	70.8 68.8	2,029	3	2,026	333	14.1	9
25 to 29 years	1,758	1,209	73.1	1,008 1,021	1 1	1,006	1 200	16.6 1 11.5	5-4
30 to 34 years	2,344	1,735	74.0	1,565	. 2	1,563	170	9.8	6
35 to 39 years	1,296	956	73.8	855	2	853	101	10.5	3.
40 to 44 years	1,048	779	74.3	710	i -	710	69	8.8	20
45 to 54 years	1,649	1,083	65.7	1,021	_	1,021	63	5.8	56
45 to 49 years	856	602	70.2	563	-	563	39	6.4	2
50 to 54 years	792	482	60.8	458	i -	458	24	4.9	3
55 to 64 years	1,390	640	46.1	612	į <b>1</b>	612	28	4.3	7
55 to 59 years	745	406	54.6	388	1	388	18	4.3	3
60 to 64 years	645	234	36.3	224	-	224	10	4.3	j 4
65 years and over	1,547	159	10.3	149	5	144	11	6.8	1,3
65 to 69 years	552	86	15.5	78	4	74	1 7	8.7	4
70 years and over	995	74	7.4	70	†	70	, 3	<sup>1</sup> (¹)	9.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

### A-6. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, and age

Employment status and	To	otal	Men, 20 y		Women, 20		Both sexes yea	
race	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	175,824	177,667	75,880	76,904	85,064	86,181	14,880	14,582
Civilian labor force	111,828	114,394	59.104	59,825	45,454	47,165	7,270	7,404
Percent of population	63.6	64.4	77.9	77.8	53.4	54.7	48.9	50.8
Employed	102,770	105,768	54,630	55,713	42,363	44,043	5,778	6,013
Agriculture	2,872	2,909	2,156	2,105	496	557	220	247
Nonagricultural industries	99,898	102,859	52,474	53,608	41.866	43,485	5,558	5,766
Unemployed	9,057	8,625	4,474	4,112	3,091	3,122	1,492	1,391
Unemployment rate	8.1	7.5	7.6	6.9	6.8	6.6	20.5	18.8
Not in labor force	63,996	63,273	16,776	17,079	39,611	39,016	7,610	7,178
White		-						
Civilian noninstitutional population	152,285	153,296	66,516	67,182	73,491	74,168	12,278	11,945
Civilian labor force	97,514	99,148	52,126	52,560	38.884	40.139	6,503	6,449
Percent of population	64.0	64.7	78.4	78.2	52.9	54.1	53.0	54.0
Employed	90,619	92.634	48,652	49.395	36,643	37.836	5,324	5,403
Agriculture		2.699	1,966	1,927	470	545	216	22
Nonagricultural industries	87,967	89,935	46,685	47,468	36,173	37,292	5.108	5,170
Unemployed	6,895	6,514	3,474	3,165	2.241	2,303	1,179	1.04
Unemployment rate	7.1	6.6	6.7	6.0	5.8	5.7	18.1	16.
Not in labor force	54,771	54,147	14,390	14,622	34,606	34,029	5,774	5,49
Black					i i i			
Civilian noninstitutional population	19,248	19,569	7,542	7,685	9,525	9,715	2,181	2,169
Civilian labor force	11,692	12,121	5,619	5,651	5,413	5,684	660	786
Percent of population	60.7	61.9	74.5	73.5	56.8	58.5	30.3	36.2
Employed		10,276	4,722	4,860	4,657	4,943	363	474
Agriculture	163	155	143	138	17	<sup>'</sup> 3	3	14
Nonagricultural industries	9,578	10,121	4,578	4,721	4,640	4,940	360	460
Unemployed		1,844	897	791	756	741	298	312
Unemployment rate	16.7	15.2	16.0	14.0	14.0	13.0	45.1	39.
Not in labor force	7,556	7,449	1,924	2.034	4,112	4.031	1.520	1,38

A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

				March	1985			
				Civ	vilian labor force	е		
Employment status, years of school completed, race, and Hispanic origin	Civilian noninsti-				Employed		Unem	ployed
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time <sup>1</sup>	Part time¹	Number  1,057 800 257 685 372 291 81 575 430 145 381 194 152 42 482 370 112 304 178 139 39 794 607 188 429 366 513 281 227 54 169 59 122 106 148 80 58 22 68 42 26 50 18	Percent of labor force
TOTAL ENROLLED								
otal, 16 to 24 years	16,771	8,024	47.8	6,967	1,844	5,124	1,057	13.2
16 to 19 years		4,707	42.8	3,907	482	3,425		17.0
20 to 24 years	5,781	3,317	57.4	3,060	1,362	1,698	257	7.8
High school	8,634	3,535	40.9	2,850	302	2,548	685	19.4
College		4,489	55.2	4,118	1,542	2,576	372	8.3
Full-time students		3,287	48.4	2,996	701	2,295		8.8
Part-time students	1,340	1,202	89.7	1,121	841	281	81	6.7
Men, 16 to 24 years	8.512	4,009	47.1	3,434	950	2,484	575	14.3
16 to 19 years		2,350	42.4	1,921	266	1,654		18.3
20 to 24 years		1,658	55.9	1,513	684	830		8.7
	1							
High school		1,849	41.2	1,468	193	1,275		20.6
College Full-time students		2,160 1,615	53.7	1,966 1,463	757 371	1,209 1,092		9.0
Part-time students		545	92.7	503	386	117		7.6
			i	Š	1	•••	!	1
Women, 16 to 24 years		4,016	48.6	3,534	894	2,640		12.0
16 to 19 years		2,357	43.3	1,987	216	1,771		15.7
20 to 24 years	2,813	1,659	59.0	1,547	678	869	112	6.8
High school	4,147	1,687	40.7	1,382	109	1,273	304	18.0
College		2,329	56.6	2,151	785	1,367		7.6
Full-time students		1,672	49.8	1,533	330	1,203	139	8.3
Part-time students	753	657	87.3	618	454	164	39	6.0
White							1	i i
otal, 16 to 24 years	13,788	6,986	50.7	6,191	1 1,599	4,592	, , , 704	11.4
16 to 19 years	1 1	4,137	46.2	3,530	433	3,097		14.7
20 to 24 years		2,849	58.9	2,661	1,166	1,495		6.6
	, '						i	į
Women		3,492 3,494	. 49.6 51.8	3,063 3,128	831 768	2,232 2,360		12.3
WOMEN		3,434	31.0	3,120	, 700 i	2,300	1 300	10.0
High school	6,925	3,079	44.5	2,566	269	2,297	513	16.7
College		3,907	56.9	3,626	1,330	2,296		. 7.3
Full-time students		2,901	50.4	2,673	607	2,066		7.8
Part-time students	1,107	1,006	90.9	952	i 723	229	54	5.3
Black	i i		1		; ; [		} 1	
Total, 16 to 24 years		796	34.1	568	203	365		28.
16 to 19 years		454 341	27.6	285 283	41 162	244 121		1 37.1 1 17.
20 to 24 years		. 341	50.0	203	102	. 121	. 59	1 17.
Men	1,128	384	34.0	262	97	165	122	31.
Women	1,202	412	34.3	306	105	200	106	25.
18 short	1 1007	, 057	05.7	000	1 07	100	140	
High school	1,387	357 439	25.7 46.5	209	27 176	182		41. 18.
CollegeFull-time students		279	37.0	221	75	146	, ••	20.
Part-time students		160	84.0	138	101	37		13.
Hispanic origin		•	:	!	-	!	1	1
Total, 16 to 24 years	1,195	454	38.0	386	136	250	69	. 14,
16 to 19 years		250	29.9	209	47	162		. 16.
20 to 24 years		204	57.2	178	89	89		12
	1		1	!				
Women		255 199	41.5 34.4	205 181	87 49	118 132		, 19. 9.
	İ		i				*	•
High school		199 255	26.5 57.5	169 218	35	. 134 117	30	. 15. 14.
College Full-time students		172	1 48.2	143	54	88	29	16.

See footnotes at end of table.

### A-7. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 to 24 years of age by school enrollment, years of school completed, sex, race, and Hispanic origin—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	Ĺ			March	1985			
				Civ	vilian labor ford	e		
Employment status, years of school completed, race, and Hispanic origin	Civilian noninsti-				Employed		Unem	ployed
	tutional population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Full time <sup>1</sup>	Part time <sup>1</sup>	Number  2,138 592 1,547 880 1,258 285 65 1,232 326 906 575 657 130 43 906 266 640 305 601 155 21 1,571 440 1,132 922 650 685 887 192 54 143 379 278 243 181 341 88	Percent of labor force
TOTAL NOT ENROLLED								i i
Total, 16 to 24 years	18,047	14,770	81.8	12,632	11,684	947		14.5
16 to 19 years		2,697	75.1	2,105	1,888	217		21.9
20 to 24 years	14,456	12,073	83.5	10,526	9,796	730	1,547	12.8
Less than 4 years of high school		3,065	67.1	2,185	2,006	180		28.7
4 years of high school		11,704	86.8	10,446	9,679	768		10.8
1 to 3 years of college		3,278 1,271	90.3 96.3	2,993 1,207	2,764 1,148	229 58		8.7 5.1
Man 46 to 04 years	8.616	7.002	91.7	6,670	6,429	241	1 222	15.6
Men, 16 to 24 years		7,902 1,466	83.1	1,140	1,069	71		22.2
20 to 24 years		6,436	93.9	5,530	5,359	170		14.1
·	į		90.7	1 474		60	676	20.4
Less than 4 years of high school4 years of high school		2,049 5,853	83.7 94.9	1,474 5,195	1,411 5,017	63 178		28.1 11.2
1 to 3 years of college		1,486	95.2	1,355	1,300	56	1	8.8
4 years of college or more		569	97.7	526	509	17		7.6
Women, 16 to 24 years	9,431	6,868	72.8	5,962	5,256	706	906	13.2
16 to 19 years		1,231	67.4	965	819	147		21.6
20 to 24 years	7,603	5,637	74.1	4,996	4,437	560	640	11.4
Less than 4 years of high school	2,121	1,016	47.9	711	594	117	305	30.0
4 years of high school	7,309	5,852	80.1	5,251	4,661	589		10.3
1 to 3 years of college		1,793	86.6	1,638	1,464	174		8.6
4 years of college or more	738	702	95.2	681	640	41	. 21	3.0
White	;	i !	1				1 1	
Total, 16 to 24 years		12,683 2,312	83.8 77.2	11,111 1,872	10,279 1,675	833 198		12.4
16 to 19 years		j 2,372 j 10,370	85.4	9,239	8,604	635		19.0
Man	7,276	6,793	93.4	5,872	5,694	177	000	100
Women	; :	5,889	74.9	5,240	4,585	655		13.6
Less than 4 years of high school	3,693	2,612	70.7	1,927	1,770	156	685	26.2
4 years of high school		10,071	88.0	9,184	8,508	676	887	8.8
1 to 3 years of college		2,793	91.2	2,602	2,401	201		6.9
4 years of college or more	1,199	1,163	97.0	1,109	1,057	52	; 54 i	4.6
Black	! !	! ! !	!	! 	,   		i I	1 i
Total, 16 to 24 years		1,770	71.0	1,249	1,154	95		29.5
16 to 19 years		331 1,438	63.5 73.0	! 189 ! 1,060	172 982	16 78		43.1 26.3
Na							1 070	
Women		938	82.4 61.5	660 588	607 547	53 42		29.6
Less than 4 years of high school		; i 391	50.7	· 211	196	14	181	46.2
4 years of high school		1,379	80.1	1,038	957	80		24.7
1 to 3 years of college		405	85.7	317	292	25	88	21.7
4 years of college or more		72	94.8	; 61 :	58	3	11	15.4
Hispanic origin	1	1	1	1		; ;	1	•
Total, 16 to 24 years		1,335	74.5	1,111	1,031	79	. 224	16.8
16 to 19 years		255 1,079	66.2 76.7	201 910	182 849	19	1 169	21.3
•		) 	4	1	•	ı	1	
Women	929 863	843 492	, 90.7 . 57.0	; 701 ; 410	685 346	1 16 : 64	142	16.8 16.6
	*		•	1	i		•	:
Less than 4 years of high school		635 699	67.3 82.4	484	459 573	25 54	151 72	23.8 i 10.3
1 to 3 years of college		201	89.4	174	, 161	13	27	13.5
4 years of college or more		38	(²)	38	36	2	-	(2)

Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000

NOTE: In the summer months, the educational attainment levels of youth not

college students into that group. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

enrolled in school are increased by the temporary movement of high school and

### A-8. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age, not seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

	Civil noninsti popul	tutional	Civilian labor force										
Veteran status		ĺ	Tot	al	Emplo	oyed	Unemployed						
and age	Mar. 1 1984	Mar. 1985	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Mar.	Number Mar.		ber	Perce labor				
	i !	i i	1984	1985	1984	1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985			
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS	!	1	į		Ţ								
Total, 30 years and over	7,372 6,398	7,596 i 6,511 i	6,905	7,111	6,462	6,713	443 399	398 361	6.4 6.5	5.6 5.8			
30 to 44 years	1,855	1,458		6,263 1,404	5,745   1,611	5,902 1,293	150	111	8.5	7.9			
35 to 39 years	3,220	3,388	3,111	3,257	2,926	3,086	185	171	5.9	5.3			
40 to 44 years	1,323	1,665	1,272	1,602	1,208	1,523	64	79	5.0	4.9			
45 years and over	974	1,085	761	848	717	811	44	37	5.8	4.4			
NONVETERANS	!	1	!	i	! ;	:	; !						
Total, 30 to 44 years			15,097	16,047	14,188	15,096	909	951	6.0	5.9			
30 to 34 years	7,222						455	459 \	6.7	6.2			
35 to 39 years	4,682	4,829						268	5.9	5.9			
40 to 44 years	4,045	4,303	3,827	4,040	3,636	3,816	191	224	5.0	5.5			

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population. Data

for 25- to 29-year-old veterans are no longer shown in this table because the group is rapidly disppearing (into the 30-34 age category) and the numbers remaining for some labor force categories are not large enough to warrant their continued publication.

### A-9. Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex, age, and race

(Numbers in thousands)

					March 1985				
		Full	-time labor	force			Part-time	labor force	
Sex, age, and race		Emplo	oyed	(loo	mployed oking for me work)		Employed on	(loo	mployed king for me work)
	Total	Full-time schedules¹	Part time for economic reasons	Number	Percent of full-time labor force	Total	voluntary part time¹	Number	Percent of part-time labor force
TOTAL									
Total, 16 years and over	97,248	84,758	5,466	7,023	7.2	17,146	15,544	1,602	9.3
16 to 19 years	2,982	1,866	504	611	20.5	4,423	3,643	780	17.6
16 to 17 years	398	202	75	122	30.6	2,456	1,946	510	20.8
18 to 19 years	2,583	1,665	429	490	19.0	1,967	1,697	270	13.7
0 years and over	94,266	82,892	4,962	6,412	6.8	12,724	11,902	822	6.5
20 to 24 years	12,717	10,073	1,085	1,560	12.3	2,673	2,428	244	9.1
25 years and over	81,548	72,819	3,878	4,853	6.0	10,051	9,474	579	5.8
25 to 54 years	69,523	61,925	3,254	4,345	6.2	6,985	6,562	425	6.1
55 years and over	12,025	10,894	623	508	4.2	3,065	2,912	154	5.0
Men, 16 years and over	58,169	51,357	2,571	4,241	7.3	5,472	4,845	627	11.5
16 to 19 years	1,679	1,064	271	344	20.5	2,137	1,725	412	19.3
0 years and over	56,490	50,293	2,300	3,897	6.9	3,335	3,120	215	6.4
20 to 24 years		5,470	573	971	13.8	1,080	1,000	81	7.5
25 years and over		44,823	1,727	2,926	5.9	2,255	2,120	134	5.9
25 to 54 years55 years and over	41,883 7,593	37,796 7,028	1,487	2,600	6.2	954 1,301	891 1,230	63 · 71	6.6 5.5
·		33,401	2,895	2,782	7.1	11,674	10,699	975	8.4
Women, 16 years and over	•	802	2,093	2,762	20.5		1 '	368	16.1
6 to 19 years	1,302	32,599			1	2,286	1,918	1	
20 years and over	37,776 5,703	4,603	2,662 512	2,515 589	6.7	9,388	8,781 1,429	607 163	6.5 10.3
20 to 24 years		27,997	2,150	1,926	6.0	1 .	7,354	443	5.7
25 years and over		24,130	1,767	1,744	6.3	7,796 6,031	5,671	361	6.0
25 to 54 years55 years and over		3,867	383	183	4.1	1,765	1,683	83	4.7
White		}			}				
Men, 16 years and over	51,078	45,763	2,077	3,237	6.3	4,799	4,303	496	10.3
16 to 19 years	1,441	960	230	251	17.4	1,875	1,557	318	17.0
20 years and over	49,637	44,803	1,847	2,986	6.0	2,923	2,745	178	6.1
20 to 24 years	6,053	4,863	472	718	11.9	915	852	63	6.9
25 years and over	43,583	39,940	1,375	2,268	5.2	2,009	1,893	115	5.7
25 to 54 years		33,551	1,169	2,001	5.4	808	757	51	í 6.3
55 years and over	6,862	6,389	206	267	3.9	1,201	1,136	64	5.3 
Women, 16 years and over		28,405	2,343	1,993	6.1	10,531	9,743	788	7.5
16 to 19 years		720	197	186	16.8	2,029	1,737	292	14.4
20 years and over		27,685	2,146	1,807	5.7	8,501	8,005	496	5.8
20 to 24 years		4,028 23,657	1,739	1,390	8.6 5.2	1,399	1,278	121 375	8.6
25 years and over		20,277	1,437	1,235	5.4	7,102 5,541	6,727 5,238	303	5.3 5.5
55 years and over		3,380	301	1,255	4.0	1,560	1,489	72	1 4.6
Black		i							
		4.046	1		150				ļ ļ
Men, 16 years and over 16 to 19 years		4,316	407 35	848	15.2 41.5	491 202	382 123	109	22.2
20 years and over	1	1	373	761	14.2	289	259	30	10.5
20 to 24 years		492	89	220	27.5	108	94	13	10.5
25 years and over	4,560	3,735	283	541	11.9	181	164	17	9.4
25 to 54 years		3,235	257	492	12.3	105	92	1 11	10.5
55 years and over	)	500	26	1	8.5	76	72	6	7.9
Women, 16 years and over	5,167	3,976	j 476		13.8	890	718	172	19.4
16 to 19 years		59	31	78	46.3	205	137	68	33.3
20 years and over			445		12.7	685	581	104	15.2
20 to 24 years			92		22.6	145	105	40	27.6
25 years and over	4,273	3,448	353	461	10.8	540	476	65	12.0
25 to 54 years		3,049	285		11.8	364	311	54	14.8
55 years and over	492	399	! 68	i 15	3.0	176	165	11	6.3

<sup>1</sup> Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed

proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.

### A-10. Employment status of persons in families by family relationship

(Numbers in thousands)

					March 19	85				
		Civili	an labor for	се			Not	in labor i	force	
Family relaionship				Unem	ployed					İ
	Total	Percent of population	Employed	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	Going to school	Unable to work	Other reasons
Total, 16 years and over <sup>1</sup>	93,758	64.7	86,630	7,128	7.6	51,068	24,468	8,706	2,007	15,887
Husbands	38,996	78.7	37,210	1,787	4.6	10.580	165	195	879	9.340
With employed wife		91.4	22,251	959	4.1	2,189	74	121	298	1,696
With unemployed wife		91.4	1,156	178	13.3	125	6	3	17	100
With wife not in labor force		63.6	13,803	650	4.5	8,266	86	72	565	7,544
Wives	26,855	54.2	25,397	1,459	5.4	22,718	19,433	374	294	2,617
With employed husband		62.9	22,248	1,156	4.9	13.803	12,549	302	85	867
With unemployed husband		63.6	959	178	15.6	650	587	15	8	39
With husband not in labor force		21.9	2,189	125	5.4	8,266	6,296	57	202	1,711
Relatives in married-couple families	13,108	60.8	11,349	1,759	13.4	8,461	820	5,860	293	1,488
16 to 19 years		50.4	4,052	805	16.6	4,780	105	4,305	18	351
20 to 24 years	5,186	73.7	4,569	617	11.9	1,852	167	1,387	32	266
25 years and over	3,065	62.6	2,728	337	11.0	1,829	548	168	243	871
Women who maintain families	6,165	60.8	5,529	636	10.3	3,967	2,893	171	187	716
Relatives in families maintained by women		58.5	4,262	1,088	20.3	3,800	773	1,767	249	1,010
16 to 19 years	1,375	45.9	969	406	29.6	1,620	77	1,374	-	169
20 to 24 years		72.9	1,410	348	19.8	654	134	323	13	184
25 years and over	2,217	59.2	1,883	334	15.1	1,526	562	70	236	657
Men who maintain families	1,873	77.5	1,683	190	10.1	545	34	44	43	425
Relatives in families maintained by men		58.6	1,201	211	14.9	997	350	295	62	289
16 to 19 years		52.7	241	44	15.4	255	12	210	-	33
20 to 24 years	401	76.4	339	62	15.5	124	33	58	6	26
25 years and over	726	54.0	621	105	14.5	618	305	27	56	230

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown.

NOTE: Estimates shown in this table for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

### A-11. Unemployed persons by marital status, race, age, and sex

		Me	en			Won	nen	
Marital status, race, and age	Thousa pers		Unempl rat		Thousa pers		Unempi rat	
	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985
Total, 16 years and over	5,304	4,868	8.4	7.6	3,753	3,758	7.7	7.4
larried, spouse present	2,189	1,972	5.4	4.8	1,523	1,590	5.7	5.7
/idowed, divorced, or separated	618	663	10.6	10.8	867	858	9.0	8.6
ingle (never married)	2,497	2,233	15.2	13.6	1,363	1,309	11.0	10.2
White, 16 years and over	4,127	3,734	7.4	6.7	2,768	2,781	6.6	6.4
Married, spouse present	1,862	1,646	5.1	4.4	1,259	1,346	5.3	5.4
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	452	479	9.4	9.4	599	600	7.7	7.
Single (never married)	1,813	1,609	13.0	11.7	909	835	8.8	8.0
Black, 16 years and over	1,066	957	17.8	15.8	885	887	15.5	14.
Married, spouse present	265	240	8.9	8.0	210	197	9.6	8.
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	149	165	16.2	17.6	252	235	14.9	13.
Single (never married)	651	553	30.9	25.9	423	455	23.3	21.
Total, 25 years and over	3,347	3,061	6.6	5.9	2,291	2,370	6.0	5.5
Married, spouse present	1,994	1,764	5.2	4.5	1,209	1,274	5.0	5.0
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	571	623	10.3	10.5	759	760	8.4	8.
Single (never married)	781	673	11.6	9.8	323	335	6.5	6. 
White, 25 years and over	2,646	2,383	5.9	5.2	1,693	1,766	5.2	5.
Married, spouse present	1,694	1,477	4.9	4.2	1,006	1,077	4.7	4.
Vidowed, divorced, or separated	417	445	9.1	9.2	510	524	7.0	6.
lingle (never married)	535	460	9.5	8.1	178	164	4.6	4.
Black, 25 years and over	617	558	13.2	11.8	527	537	11.5	11.
Married, spouse present	247	211	8.7	7.4	158	154	7.9	7.
Nidowed, divorced, or separated	137	160	15.5	17.5	233	214	14.4	12.
Single (never married)	233	188	25.2	19.1	137	168	14.5	15.

### A-12. Unemployed persons by occupation and sex

	Thousa pers			ι	Jnemployr	ment rates	3	
Occupation	То	tal	To	tal	Me	en	Wor	men
	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985
Total, 16 years and over	9,057	8,625	8.1	7.5	8.4	7.6	7.7	7.4
Managerial and professional specialty	608	612	2,4	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.7	2.4
Executive, administrative, and managerial	350	337	3.0	2.7	2.5	2.4	3.8	3.2
Professional specialty	257	275	1.9	2.0	1.7	2.1	2.0	1.8
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,755	1,715	5.2	4.9	4.3	4.0	5.7	5.4
Technicians and related support	84	116	2.6	3.5	2.5	2.8	2.6	4.2
Sales occupations	723	729	5.6	5.5	3.9	3.8	7.5	7.3
Administrative support, including clerical	948	871	5.5	4.8	6.0	4.9	5.3	4.7
Service occupations	1,473	1,378	9.6	8.8	9.7	8.5	9.5	9.0
Private household	84	65	8.6	6.1	(')	(')	9.1	5.9
Protective service	114	80	6.6	4.6	6.2	4.0	9.7	8.2
Service, except private household and protective	1,274	1,233	10.0	9.6	10.9	10.0	9.5	9.4
Precision production, craft, and repair		1,201	9.1	8.4	9.2	8.2	8.5	10.2
Mechanics and repairers		240	6.3	5.1	6.2	5.2	7.0	3.2
Construction trades		642	14.1	12.5	14.0	12.3	18.7	18.9
Other precision production, craft, and repair	289	319	6.6	7.2	6.2	6.3	7.9	10.3
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		2,335	12.8	12.5	12.9	12.1	12.8	13.6
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		1,013	11.5	11.6	10.9	10.3	12.3	13.3
Transportation and material moving occupations		442	11.2	8.9	11.6	9.1	6.9	7.0
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		880	16.7	17.9	16.5	17.8	18.0	18.2
Construction laborers		255	27.6	31.6	27.0	30.4	(')	(')
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	634	625	14.8	15.2	14.2	14.8	17.1	16.5
Farming, forestry, and fishing	381	367	11.2	10.7	10.7	10.6	13.5	11.0
No previous work experience		974	¦ -	_	-	-	-	¦ -
16 to 19 years		651	j -	-	-	<b>!</b> -	-	i -
20 to 24 years	197	185	! -	¦ -	-	i -	-	-
25 years and over	120	139	-	1 -	i -	_	i -	l –

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

### A-13. Unemployed persons by industry and sex

	Thousa pers			ι	Jnemploy	ment rates	5	
Industry	To	tai	To	tal	M	en	Wor	nen
	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985
Total, 16 years and over	9,057	8,625	8.1	7.5	8.4	7.6	7.7	7.4
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	6,761	6,555	8.2	7.7	8.6	8.0	7.7	7.3
Mining	122	126	12.2	12.5	13.7	   13.4	5.1	! 6.3
Construction	1,006	1,018	18.0	17.5	18.5	18.0	12.6	13.1
Manufacturing	1,765	1,799	8.0	8.1	7.5	7.1	9.1	10.1
Durable goods	1,053	1,735	8.1	7.8	8.1	7.1	8.0	9.5
Lumber and wood products	102	1,035	14.4	13.7	13.7	13.5	18.4	9.5 14.5
	62	53	14.4	13.7 8.7	13.7	6.0	18.4 8.3	14.5
Funiture and fixtures	76	56	12.4	9.8	14.1	10.8	i 7.0	6.7
Stone, clay, and glass products	109	98	11.7	11.0	11.4		14.4	, 6.7 7.9
Primary metal industries	128	124			1	1		
Fabricated metal products				8.7	9.4		7.4 6.9	8.2
Machinery, except electrical	182	186	6.7	6.6	6.6			7.9
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	160	187	6.8	7.9			7.4	10.9
Transportation equipment	141	154	5.8	5.9	0.0	0.2		8.3
Automobiles	83	85	6.8	6.8	6.3	5.6	8.8	10.7
Other transportation equipment	58	69	4.7	5.1	5.4	4.8	2.1	5.7
Professional and photographic equipment	32 i			3.7	3.7	2.4	6.3	5.8
Other durable goods industries	61 (		10.8	10.3	8.2	8.9	13.6	12.2
Nondurable goods	712		7.9	8.6	0.0	6.9	10.2	10.8
Food and kindred products	191 )	. –	10.8	12.4	9.3	10.9	14.0	15.6
Textile mill products	81	•	9.4	9.7	6.8	8.2	, 12.2	11.3
Apparel and other textile products	133 (		9.5	11.6	8.5	12.0		, 11.4
Paper and allied products	25		3.7	5.4	2.2		, 10.0	. 8.5
Printing and publishing		83	6.7	4.7			, 7.5	6.9
Chemicals and allied products	51	67	4.3	5.4	2.5	4.5	, 7.7	, 7.4
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products  Other nondurable goods industries	60 55	59 51	7.7 9.8	7.7 11.0	; 5.3 <sub>1</sub> 9.1	6.3 6.9	11.1 10.8	10.3 17.0
·		]		1		:	1	
Transportation and public utilities	323	281	5.5	4.7	, 6.0	5.2	4.3	3.3
Transportation	259	221	6.6	5.3	7.2	6.1	4.7	
Communications and other public utilities	64	60	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.9	2.9
Wholesale and retail trade	1,841	1,720	8.8	8.0	7.6	, . <u>.</u>		8.9
Wholesale trade	285	217	7.0	, 5.2	6.9		7.3	5.7
Retail trade	.,	1,503	9.2	, 8.6	7.9	7.9	, 10.4	9.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate	256	252		3.8			4.1	3.9
Service industries		1,361	6.9		1	. 6.7	6.3	5.9
Professional services		514		4.1		3.5	. 4.4	4.4
Other service industries	915	847	10.2	8.9	10.7	9.4	9.6	8.5
Agricultural wage and salary workers			19.1	16.1	18.1	15.5	23.8	18.3
Government, self-employed, and unpaid family workers			3.4	3.1	3.6	3.1	3.2	3.2
No previous work experience	1,083	974	! -		( -	_	_	-

### A-14. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, and race

Reason for unemployment	Totunemp		Me 20 ye and c	ears	Worr 20 ye and o	ears	Both s 16 to yea	19	Wh	ite	Blad	ck
,	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED	 			—— <del>+</del> 		 	+					
Total unemployed	9,057	8,625		4,112	3,091	3,122	1,492	1,391	6,895	6,514	1,951	1,844
Job losers	5,089	4,578	3,355	2,951	1,422	1,348	312	279	3,986	3,495	<sup>C</sup> 1,001	947
On layoff	1,452	1,349	1,013	882	365	389	74	78	1,263	1,167	171,	157
Other job losers	3,637	3,229	2,342	2,069	1,057	959	238	201	2,723	2,328	; <sup>C</sup> 831.	788
Job leavers	730	795	301	328	344	383	84	84	604	661	C1001	110
Reentrants	2.157	2.282	683	718	1,143	1,183	331	381	1,553	1,717	550.	490
New entrants	1,082	971	136	115	182	208	765	648	752	641	300	297
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION		ļ ' l .			ļ	ļ		l 1	1		! !	
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	56.2	53.0	75.0	71.7	46.0	43.2	21.0	20.0	57.8	53.6	<sup>C</sup> 51.3	51.4
On layoff	16.0	15.6	22.6	21.4	11.8	12.5	5.0	5.6	18.3	17.9	8.8	8.5
Other job losers	40.2	37.4	52.4	50.3	34.2	30.7	16.0	14.4	39.5	35.7	C42.6	42.7
Job leavers	8.1	9.2	6.7	8.0	11.1	12.3	5.6	6.1	8.8	10.1	C 5.1	6.0
Reentrants	23.8	26.5	15.3	17.5	37.0			27.4	22.5	26.4	28.2	26.6
New entrants	11.9	11.3	3.0	2.8	5.9		51.3	46.5	10.9	9.8	15.4	16.1
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE		:   	; ·		i		 	!		 	j 	
Job losers	4.6	4.0	5.7	5.0	3.1	2.8	4.3	3.8	4.1	3.5	C8.6	7.8
Job leavers	.7	.7	.5	.5	.8	.8	1.2	1.1	.6	.7	C.9	9.
Reentrants	1.9	2.0	1.2		2.5	2.5	4.6	5.1		1.7		4.0
New entrants	1.0	j .8	.2			.4		8.7			2.6	

c = corrected.

### A-15. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, sex, age, and duration of unemployment

(Percent distribution)

	ļ			March 1985			_
	Total une	mployed		Durati	on of unemplo	yment	
Reason, sex, and age					1:	weeks and o	ver
	Thousands     of persons	Percent	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks
Total, 16 years and over	8,625	100.0	36.6	31.3	32.1	15.3	16.8
ob losers	4,578	100.0	28.7	32.9	38.3	18.9	19.4
On layoff	1,349	100.0	36.0 i	35.2	28.8	20.3	8.5
Other job losers		100.0	25.7	32.0	42.3	18.3	24.0
ob leavers	1 1	100.0	40.5	36.6	23.0	12.6	10,3
Reentrants		100.0	46.6	27.4	25.9	11.4	14.6
lew entrants		100.0	47.2	28.0	24.8	9.8	15.0
Men, 20 years and over	4,112	100.0	27.3	32.9	39.8	19.5	20.3
ob losers	2,951	100.0	25.0	34.0	41.0	20.5	20.5
On layoff	882	100.0	32.1	37.2	30.8	23.5	7.3
Other job losers	2,069	100.0	22.0	32.7	45.4	19.3	26.1
ob leavers		100.0	32.1	36.2	31.7	17.5	14.3
Reentrants	718	100.0	33.6 j	28.8	37.5	16.8	20.7
lew entrants	115	100.0	34.7	19.3	4 <del>6</del> .0	15.2	30.8
Women, 20 years and over	3,122	100.0	42.4	29.4	28.2	12.1	16.1
lob losers	1,348	100.0	33.6	29.8	36.6	16.2	20.4
On layoff	389	100.0	42.8	30.3	26.8	14.3	12.5
Other job losers	959	100.0	i 29.8	29.6	40.6	16.9	23.7
ob leavers	383	100.0	45.7	36.8	17.5	9.6	8.0
Reentrants		100.0	<sup>!</sup> 51.1	26.7	22.2	8.8	13.4
New entrants		100.0	44.7	27.6	27.7	10.0	17.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,391	100.0	51.0	30.8	18.2	10.1	8.1
lob losers	279	100.0	44.8	<sub>i</sub> 36.7	í 18.5	15.0	3.5
On layoff	78	100.0	46.3	37.2	16.5	14.9	1.6
Other job losers	201	100.0	44.3	36.5	19.3	15.0	4.2
lob leavers	84	100.0	49.5	37.1	13.4	7.6	5.7
Reentrants	381	100.0	57.3	27.0	15.8	9.3	6.5
New entrants		100.0	50.2	29.7	20.1	8.8	11.3

### A-16. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment

· i		To	tal		Full-time workers						
Duration of unemployment	Thousands	of persons	Percent di	stribution	Thousand	s of persons	Percent distribution				
!	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	<b>Ma</b> r. 1985			
Total, 16 years and over	9,057	8,625	100.0	100.0	7,540	7,023	100.0	100.0			
Less than 5 weeks	2,983	3,159	32.9	36.6	i 2,207	2,230	29.3	31.8			
5 to 14 weeks	2,735	2,696	30.2	31.3	2,297	2.277	30.5	32.4			
5 to 10 weeks	1,751	1,818	19.3	21.1	1,442	1,513	19.1	21.5			
11 to 14 weeks	984	879	10.9 i	10.2	855	764	11.3	10.9			
15 weeks and over	3,339	2,770	36.9	32.1	3.035	2,516	40.3	35.8			
15 to 26 weeks	1,417	1,321	15.6	15.3	1,257	1.168	16.7	16.6			
27 weeks and over	1,923	1,449	21.2	16.8	1,778	1,348	23.6	19.2			
27 to 51 weeks	723	593	8.0	6.9	659	544	8.7	7.7			
52 weeks and over	1,199	856	13.2	9.9	1,120	804	14.9	11.4			
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	20.2	17.0	!	~	22.0	18.8	- '	-			
Median duration, in weeks	10.3	8.7	-	-	11.6	10.1		-			

### A-17. Unemployed persons by sex, age, race, marital status, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		We	eks	Percent of unemployed in group				
en, 16 years and over to 19 years to 24 years to 34 years to 44 years to 54 years to 64 years to 64 years years and over  /omen, 16 years and over to 19 years	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	Unem 15 w and	, ,	
				March 198	35			Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar 1985	
Total, 16 years and over	8,625	3,159	2,696	1,321	1,449	17.0	8.7	32.9	36.6	36.9	32.1	
		710	428	140	113	10.0	4.9	46.6	51.0	22.9	18.2	
•		700	581	266	257	15.4	8.1		38.8	35.9	29.0	
•		799	789	392	421	18.0	9.7	29.8	33.3	37.3	33.9	
		463	445	231				-				
			1	1	298	19.0	10.0	29.9	32.2	44.0	36.8	
		273	279	162	216	22.4	11.4	27.7	29.3	44.3	40.7	
•	1 .	176	143	111	124	20.2	11.1		31.8	46.0	42.4	
S years and over	109	38	31	19	20	18.0	9.0	40.0	35.1	33.2	36.5	
Men, 16 years and over		1,509		877	899	18.9	10.5	28.6	31.0	42.2	36.5	
6 to 19 years	756	385	231	75	65	10.3	4.9	44.4	50.9	22.5	18.5	
20 to 24 years	1,052	340	356	197	158	16.6	9.8	28.8	32.3	42.5	33.8	
		366	463	254	258	19.7	11.6	24.4	27.3	43.8	38.2	
•		j 190	264	148	187	22.4	. 12.6	23.7	24.1	49.8	42.4	
		123	160	1	137		14.0	23.2	23.0	52.1	47.0	
		86	91		78	22.7	13.4	27.3		49.5	46.	
55 years and over			17	14	17	(')	(')	: (')	(')	(')	· (')	
Women 16 years and over	3,758	1,650	. 1,114	444	550	14.4	i , 6.6	39.0	43.9	. 29.3	26.4	
		325	197	65	48	9.7		49.2	51.2	23.3	17.8	
20 to 24 years		360	225	68	99	13.8	5.6	37.6	47.9	26.5	22.	
		1										
25 to 34 years		433	326	138	163		7.2	37.0	40.9	28.4	28.	
35 to 44 years		273	181	83	112	14.9	7.2	38.4	42.1	36.2	29.	
45 to 54 years			119	48	80	17.8	8.7	34.9	37.8	31.9	32.	
55 to 64 years		90	. 52	! 37		16.5	8.5	30.1	40.1	38.5	, 36.	
65 years and over	41	18	14	5	4	į (')	i (1)	(')	(')	(')	()	
White, 16 years and over	6,514	2,426	2,045	1,019	1,024	16.4	8.6	33.6	37.2	36.3	31.	
Vien	3,734	1,144	1,229	715	647	18.6	10.7	29.1	30.6	41.8	¹ 36.	
Women	2,781	1,283	816	305	377	13.6	6.0	40.4	46.1	28.1	24.	
Black, 16 years and over	1,844	645	565	263	372	18.5	8.2	29.4	35.0	39.4	34.	
Men		306	301			20.1	9.2	26.0	32.0	44.7	36.	
Women	1	339	264	124		16.8	7.3	33.5	38.2	33.0	32.	
Men, 16 years and over:	!			i	İ		ļ	1	į	ļ.	į	
Married, spouse present	1,972	514	644	402	411	20.7	12.2	25.6	26.1	45.7	41.	
Widowed, divorced, or separated	1 .	181		126	146	22.2	12.0	23.4	27.3	47.3	40.	
Single (never married)		814	727	349	343		8.8	32.5	36.5	37.9	31.	
Women, 16 years and over:		1		1	į			İ	!	!		
Married, spouse present	i 1,590	708	. 475	181	227	13.6	6.5	39.6	44.5	28.7	25.	
Widowed, divorced, or separated	•	363	242		147	16.1	7.3	36.1	42.3	30.1	29.	
		579			176	1	6.3	40.3	44.3			
Single (never married)	1, 1,309	5/9	397	15/	: 1/6	14.3	6.3	40.3	44.3	29.5	25.	

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

### A-18. Unemployed persons by occupation, industry, and duration of unemployment

		Thous	ands of p	ersons		∤ We	eks	Perc	ent of in g	unempl roup	oyed
Occupation and industry	Total	Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over	Average (mean) duration	Median duration	less	ployed than eeks	15 w	ployed veeks over
				March 19	85	<u> </u>		Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985
OCCUPATION				] 		   	]   	i i			
Managerial and professional specialty	612	199	209	82	121	18.4	9.4	31.2	32.6	l ∤ 37.9	33.3
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,715	688	520	250	257	15.1	7.6	37.2	40.1	29.5	29.6
Service occupations	1,378	575	408	172	222	16.2	7.7	33.4	41.8	34.0	28.6
Precision production, craft, and repair	1,201	375	394	227	204	17.5	10.5	30.1	31.2	40.6	35.9
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	2,335	716	768	413	438	18.9	10.6	27.4	30.7	44.6	36.4
Farming, forestry, and fishing	367	139	103	74	51	17.0	9.7	31.2	37.8	37.9	34.0
INDUSTRY'			   	i Į	i ]	!	 	į	į I	!	j i
Agriculture	257	96	87	50	i 25	14.8	8.9	32.6	37.3	31.6	29.0
Construction	1,034	275	407	224	128	16.3	11.2	31.4	26.6	38.2	34.1
Manufacturing		604	539	289	378	19.2	10.2	27.7	33.4	44.5	36.8
Durable goods		354	289	171	227	19.7	10.4	26.6	34.0	46.7	38.2
Nondurable goods		250	250	117	151	18.5	9.8	29.3	32.5	41.2	34.9
Transportation and public utilities	339	114	108	57	61	18.0	10.0	25.5	33.5	43.3	34.6
Wholesale and retail trade		682	572	204	266	15.6	7.7	35.0	39.6	31.9	
Finance and service industries		739	537	309	322	16.6	8.5	34.3	38.8	35.4	
Public administration	242	72	72	43	55	22.4	11.5	20.8	29.8	43.0	40.3
No previous work experience	974	461	272	95	146	14.6	5.6	43.7	47.4	30.1	24.7

<sup>1</sup> Includes wage and salary workers only.

A-19. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, age, race, and jobsearch methods used

					March 1985	5			
	Thousands	of persons		Methods us	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers		
Sex, age, and race	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	Other	Average number of methods used
Total, 16 years and over	8,625	7,140	26.8	6.3	75.6	33.3	17.8	5.5	1.65
16 to 19 years		1,295	14.3	2.5	82.5	23.5	14.4	2.8	1.40
20 to 24 years		1,552	28.9	7.2	75.3	33.1	18.0	3.2	1.66
25 to 34 years	· 1 1 1	1,919	31.8	7.2	75.7	38.5	18.6	5.5	1.77
35 to 44 years		1,152	29.5	7.6	74.7	38.7	17.2	7.4	1.75
45 to 54 years		720	30.1	6.3	73.6	29.9	20.8	8.1	1.69
55 to 64 years		412	25.2	5.8	62.9	31.6	20.4	13.1	1.59
55 years and over		91	9.9	8.8	64.8	34.1	16.5	5.5	1.40
Men, 16 years and over	4,868	3,848	28.6	5.9	76.9	32.6	21.0	6.7	1.72
16 to 19 years		685	13.1	1.0	83.1	22.2	18.5	2.2	1.40
20 to 24 years		875	31.4	7.1	74.9	32.5	22.1	3.3	1.71
25 to 34 years		1,013	36.4	7.8	76.6	41.6	23.3	6.4	1.92
35 to 44 years		585	31.1	6.3	79.0	36.2	17.8	10.1	1.81
45 to 54 years		382	29.6	6.0	75.7	29.1	25.1	10.5	1.76
55 to 64 years		249	26.5	4.8	66.7	24.5	18.9	18.1	1.59
65 years and over		59	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')
Women, 16 years and over	i 3,758	3,293	24.7	6.7	74.1	34.2	13.9	4.1	1.58
16 to 19 years	636	610	15.6	4.1	82.0	25.1	9.7	3.4	1.40
20 to 24 years		677	25.6	7.2	75.9	33.8	12.7	3.0	1.58
25 to 34 years		906	26.6	6.6	74.6	35.1	13.2	4.3	1.60
35 to 44 years		567	27.7	9.0	70.4	41.3	16.6	4.8	1.70
45 to 54 years		338	30.8	6.2	71.3	30.8	15.7	5.3	1.60
55 to 64 years		162	22.8	8.0	57.4	42.0	22.8	5.6	1.59
65 years and over		33	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(')	(*)
White, 16 years and over	6,514	5,228	25.7	6.0	76.0	34.2	17.9	5.7	1.65
Men		2,837	28.1	5.9	76.8	33.2	20.8	7.2	1.72
Women		2,390	22.8	6.2	75.0	35.4	14.5	3.9	1.58
Black, 16 years and over		1,679	29.6	6.7	74.8	30.0	16.9	4.8	1.63
Men	957	860	29.4	5.5	77.9	29.7	21.3	4.9	1.69
Women	887	820	29.8	8.0	71.5	30.4	12.2	4.8	1.57

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

30 days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

A-20. Unemployed jobseekers by sex, reason for unemployment, and jobsearch methods used

					March 1985	5			
	Thousands	of persons		Methods u	sed as a per	cent of total	jobseekers		T
Sex and reason	Total unem- ployed	Total job- seekers	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Employer directly	Placed or answered ads	Friends or relatives	5.5 5.5 5.3 6.6 3.3 6.7 7.0 6.1 8.1 2.6 4.1 2.1 4.6 5.6 3.9	Average number of methods used
Total, 16 years and over		7,140	26.8	6.3	75.6	33.3	17.8	5.5	1.65
Job losers <sup>1</sup>	4,578	3,206	34.8	6.6	77.4	34.8	21.4		1.81
Job leavers	795	796	25.0	9.4	75.0	35.4	16.6		1.67
Reentrants	2,282	2,177	20.5	6.2	71.8	34.3	14.6		1.54
New entrants	971	962	15.8	2.8	78.5	24.2	13.7		1.38
Men, 16 years and over	4,868	3,848	28.6	5.9	76.9	32.6	21.0	6.7	1.72
Job losers <sup>†</sup>	3,139	2,177	34.6	5.3	77.5	33.4	24.1		1.82
Job leavers	368	362	25.7	11.3	76.8	35.4	21.0	6.1	1.76
Reentrants	937	889	22.0	7.0	73.2	33.4	16.4	8.1	1.60
New entrants	423	420	13.8	1.9	81.2	24.0	15.0	2.6	1.39
Women, 16 years and over	3,758	3,293	24.7	6.7	74.1	34.2	13.9	4.1	1.58
Job losers'	1,438	1,030	35.1	9.3	77.1	38.0	15.8		1.77
Job leavers	427	434	24.4	7.8	73.5	35.5	12.9		1.59
Reentrants	1,345	1,288	19.3	5.6	71.0	34.8	13.2		1.49
New entrants	548	542	17.3	3.5	76.4	24.4	12.7		1.38

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\tiny $1$}}$  Data on the number of jobseekers and the jobsearch methods used exclude persons on layoff.

NOTE: The jobseeker total is less than the total unemployed because it does not include persons on layoff or waiting to begin a new job within

<sup>30</sup> days, groups for whom jobseeking information is not collected. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method.

### A-21. Employed civilians in agriculture and nonagricultural industries by age and sex

(In thousands)

	To	otal	Me	en	Worr	nen
Industry and age	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985
All industries	102,770	105,768	57,622	58,773	45,148	46,995
16 to 19 years	5,778	6,013	2,992	3,061	2,786	2,952
16 to 17 years	2,003	2,223	1,037	1,120	966	1,103
18 to 19 years	3,775	3,790	1,955	1,941	1,820	1,850
20 to 24 years	13,728	13,586	7,267	7,043	6,461	6,543
25 to 54 years	69,082	71,740	39,040	40,173	30,042	31,567
25 to 34 years	29,755	30,855	16,746	17,255	13,009	13,601
35 to 44 years	23,212	24,368	13,074	13,555	10,138	10,813
45 to 54 years	16,115	16,517	9,220	9,363	6,895	7,153
55 to 64 years	11,345	11,559	6,610	6,760	4,736	4,799
55 to 59 years	6.883	6,959	4,021	4,046	2,862	2,913
	4.463	4,600	2,589	2,714	1,874	1.886
60 to 64 years	2,837	2,870	1,713	1,737		
65 years and over	2,037	2,070	1,713	1,737	1,124	1,133
Agriculture	2,872	2,909	2,335	2,314	537	595
16 to 19 years	220	247	179	209	41	37
16 to 17 years	86	104	68	85	18	18
18 to 19 years	134	143	111	124	23	19
20 to 24 years	356	323	293	259	63	64
25 to 54 years	1,680	1,645	1,328	1,261	351	384
25 to 34 years	678	632	554	489	124	142
35 to 44 years	552	541	432	405	120	136
45 to 54 years	449	473	342	367	108	106
55 to 64 years	380	417	328	352	51	66
55 to 59 years	201	215	172	178	30	37
60 to 64 years	178	202	157	174	22	29
65 years and over	236	277	206	234	30	43
Nonagricultural industries	99.898	102,859	55,287	56,459	44,611	46,400
16 to 19 years	5,558	5,766	2,813	2,851	2,745	2,915
16 to 17 years	1,917	2,119	968	1.035	948	1,084
18 to 19 years	3,641	3.647	1.845	1,817	1,796	1,831
1	13,372	13,263	6,975	6,784	6,397	6,479
20 to 24 years	67,401	70,095	37,711	38,913	29,691	31,183
25 to 54 years	29,077	30,224	16,192	16,765		
25 to 34 years	22,660	23,828	12,642		12,885	13,458
35 to 44 years		1 '	, –	13,150	10,018	10,677
45 to 54 years	15,665	16,044	8,878	8,997	6,788	7,047
55 to 64 years	10,966	11,142	6,282	6,408	4,684	4,734
55 to 59 years	6,682	6,744	3,850	3,868	2,832	2,876
60 to 64 years	4,284	4,398	2,432	2,540	1,852	1,858
65 years and over	2,600	2,593	1,507	1,503	1,094	1,090

### A-22. Employed civilians by occupation, sex, and age

(In thousands)

	To	tal		Me	en	! 		Wom	nen	
Occupation	16 ye		16 ye		20 ye		16 ye		20 ye	
	Mar. 1984	Mar.   1985	Mar.   1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1	Mar. 1985
Total	. 102,770	105,768	57,622	58,773	54,630	55,713	45,148	46,995	42,363	44,043
Managerial and professional specialty		26,009	14,509		14,439	14,794		11,145	10,394	
Executive, administrative, and managerial		12,313	7,668	7,944	7,635	7,911	3,841	4,370	3,819	4,323
Officials and administrators, public administration  Other executive, administrative, and managerial		467    8,459 <sub> </sub>	315 <sub> </sub> 5,419,	289 <sup>°</sup> 5,849 <sup>°</sup>	315। 5,388،	289i 5,816 <sub>i</sub>	154 <sub>1</sub> 2,325	178 <sub>1</sub> 2,610	153 2,307	178 2,579
Management-related occupations		3,387	1,933	1,805		1,806	1,363	1,582	1,358	1,566
Professional specialty			6,841	6,921	6,804	6,883	6,619	6,775	6,575	6,702
Engineers		1,637	1,516	1,515 <sub> </sub>		1,514	95	122	95:	122
Mathematical and computer scientists  Natural scientists			384  279 <sub>1</sub>	356 319	3841 278:	356 <sup>1</sup> 319 <sup>1</sup>	143 85	124 <sup>1</sup> 75 !	143 <sub>:</sub> 85	124 73
Health diagnosing occupations			655,	637		637	100	116:	100:	115
Health assessment and treating occupations		1,971	239	310		308	1,640	1,662	1,636	1,655
Teachers, college and university			415 <sup>1</sup>	500	4121	495	250	275	246	274
Teachers, except college and university					1,030	991	2,665	2,711'	2,648:	
Lawyers and judges Other professional specialty occupations			580 <sub>1</sub> 1,737		580, 1,710,	558 1,705	92 1,549	144 1,547 <sub>į</sub>		143 1,517
Technical, sales, and administrative support					10,997		20,328	21,486	18,953	
Technicians and related support  Health technologists and technicians			1,631 143	1,685 172	1,607. 139	1,655° 168°	1,557 909	1,524i 916,		1,499 903
Engineering and science technicians		1,096	843	848		831				242
Technicians, except health, engineering, and science					636	657		360	402	354
Sales occupations						6,114	5,628	6,020	4,829	
Supervisors and proprietors		, -,		2,193	2,214,	2,168	887 722	1,014 887	868	992
Sales representatives, finance and business services			1,233	1,298		1,289 1,176	225	258 <sup>1</sup>	702 d 221 i	
Sales workers, retail and personal services			1,795		1,519	1,464	3,751	3,823	2,995	3,007
Sales-related occupations	72			i 18	28,	17	44	39	43	38
Administrative support, including clerical						3,267			12,584	13,297
Supervisors  Computer equipment operators			335 259	361 257		360 249	360 449	363 i 516.	361 <sup>3</sup> 426	362 483
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists						120	4,716		4,524	
Financial records processing			252		244	252				2,210
Mail and message distributing					508	505		310	234	290
Other administrative support, including clerical	7,017	7,471	1,822	1,905	1,713	1,781	. 5,195	5,567	4,917	5,242
Service occupations			5,497			4,871	8,442	8,523	7,374	7,502
Private household Protective service			46 1,419		36 1,376	17 1,441	. 852 184	972 207	697 167	78 <sup>-</sup> 202
Service, except private household and protective			4,032		3,175	3,413			6,510	6,519
Food service			1,773			1,285	3,183	3,105	2,535	2,50
Health service			182		165	189		1,552		1,48
Cleaning and building service			1,689 388		1,510 341	1,594 345		1,110 1,576	997 1,503	1,05 1,47
Precision production, craft, and repair							1,036	1,099	996	1,050
Mechanics and repairers						4,181	135	153	129	150
Construction trades Other precision production, craft, and repair						4,266 3,221	60 841	94 853	54 813	. 80 820
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	16,437	16,301	12,002	12,044	10,976	11,012	4,435	4,256	4,231	4,05
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors						4,390		3,167	3,264	3,08
Manufacturing industries					3,594	3,610		2,767	2,867	2,710
Durable goods Nondurable goods						2,386 1,224		1,120 1,647	1,150 1,717	1,099 1,61
Nonmanufacturing industries						780	415	401	397	37
Transportation and material moving occupations					3,824	3,981	389	387	372	36
Motor vehicle operators				2,920		2,812		344	305	323
Other transportation and material moving occupations						1,170 2,641	67 666	43 702	67 595	4: 60
Construction laborers						482		15		1;
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers						2,159		687	581	59
Farming, forestry, and fishing						2,333				
Farm operators and managers						1,130				
Other farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	1,685	1,747	1,427	1,439	1,228	1,202	259	309	225	27

### A-23. Employed civilians by occupation, race, and sex

(Percent distribution)

	To	otal	Me	en !	Wor	nen
Occupation and race	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	<b>Ma</b> r. 1984	Mar. 1985
TOTAL		†				
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)	102,770	105,768	57,622	58,773	45,148	46,995
Percent	1 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
lanagerial and professional specialty	24.3	24.6	25.2	25.3	23.2	23.
Executive, administrative, and managerial		11.6	13.3	13.5	8.5	9.3
Professional specialty		12.9	11.9	11.8	14.7	14.
echnical, sales, and administrative support		31.3	20.0	19.7	45.0	45.
Technicians and related support		3.0	2.8 11.4	2.9 ! 11.0 !	3.4 12.5	3. 12.
Sales occupations		: 16.4 i	5.7	5.8	29.1	29.
Service occupations		13.5	9.5	9.8	18.7	18.
Private household	:	.9	.1	(')	1.9	2.
Protective service		1.6	2.5	2.5	.4	
Service, except private household and protective		11.0	7.0	7.2	16.4	
recision production, craft, and repair			20.0	20.4	2.3	2.
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	,	15.4	20.8	20.5	9.8	9.
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	,	7.3	7.8	7.8	7.5	6.
Transportation and material moving occupations		4.3	6.8	7.0	.9	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		3.8	6.2	5.7 <sup>1</sup>	1.5	1.
arming, forestry, and fishing	3.0	2.9	4.5	4.4	1.0	1.
White	į.					
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		92,634	51,381 100.0	52,143 100.0	39,238 100.0	40,49 100.
Managerial and professional specialty	25.3	25.7	26.2	26.4	24.1	24
Executive, administrative, and managerial	11.8	12.3	14.0	14.2	8.9	9.
Professional specialty	13.5	13.4	12.2	12.2	15.1	15
Fechnical, sales, and administrative support		31.7	20.3		46.3	46
Technicians and related support		3.0	2.8	2.9	٠	3
Sales occupations		12.4	12.1	11.6	13.2	13
Administrative support, including clerical		, 16.3	. 5.4	5.6	29.7	30
Service occupations		12.1	8.6			16
Private household		.7 1.5	.1 . 2.3	(')	1.4 4	! 1
Protective service		9.8		2.3 6.1	15.4	14
Precision production, craft, and repair		12.9	0.2	21.1	2.2	2
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		14.7		19.5		8
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		6.9	7.5	7.5	6.8	. 6
Transportation and material moving occupations		4.1	6.5		.9	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		3.6	5.8	5.3	. 1.5	
Farming, forestry, and fishing		3.0	4.5	4.4	1.1	. 1
Black						
Total, 16 years and over (thousands)		10,276 100.0	4,933 100.0	5,105	4,808 100.0	5,17 100
				100.0		
Managerial and professional specialty		14.6	12.7	12.4	15.6	
Executive, administrative, and managerial		6.5		6.7 5.6	4.8	; 6
Professional specialty		8.2 27.0			10.9	10 : 38
Technical, sales, and administrative support		2.9	16.1 2.0	14.9	· 36.0 3.6	: 36
Sales occupations	,	6.4	5.5		6.8	. 8
Administrative support, including clerical			8.6	8.3	25.6	26
Service occupations		25.0	'	20.7	31.1	29
Private household		2.9	.2	.1	5.6	; 5
Protective service		2.5	4.3	4.3	.8	!
Service, except private household and protective		19.6	14.1	16.2	24.7	22
Precision production, craft, and repair		8.5	15.1	14.6	2.4	2
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	23.9	22.8	33.0	: 33.3	14.5	12
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		10.6	11.1	11.5	11.9	: 9
Transportation and material moving occupations		6.1	11.0	11.4	1.0	:
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		6.2	10.9	10.4	1.6	2
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2.5	2.1	4.5	4.1	.4	

Less than 0.05 percent.

### A-24. Employed civilians by age, sex, and class of worker

(In thousands)

Ì				,	March 1985				
			Nonagricultura	l industries			! !	Agriculture	
Age and sex		Wage and s	alary workers		0.4			0-4	
	Total	Private household workers	Government	Other	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers	Wage and salary workers	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers
Total, 16 years and over	94,813	1,153	16,324	77,335	7,707	340	1,338	1,376	195
16 to 19 years	5,665	220	286	5,159	80	21	203	12	32
16 to 17 years	2,077	148	85	1,844	34	8	88	1 1	15
18 to 19 years	3,588	72	201	3,315	46	13	115	11	17
20 to 24 years	12,908	123	1,244	11,541	326	29	233	66	23
25 to 34 years	28,253	165	4,493	23,595	1,918	53	363	245	24
35 to 44 years	21,576	171	4,721	16,684	2,144	107	218	268	55
15 to 54 years	14,391	163	3,148	11,080	1,571	83	153	288	31
55 to 64 years	9,951	197	2,080	7,674	1,158	33	103	299	16
55 to 59 years	6,008	100	1,243	4,665	715	21	56	153	6
60 to 64 years	3,943	97	836	3,009	443	12	47	146	9
65 years and over	2,069	114	354	1,601	509	14	64	199	14
Men, 16 years and over	51,233	96	7,787	43,350	5,179	47	1,072	l 1,190	52
16 to 19 years	2,775	27	116	2,631	57	20	174	11	25
16 to 17 years	999	17	39	943	28	7	73	i 1	11
18 to 19 years	1,775	10	77	1,688	28	13	i 100	10	13
20 to 24 years	6,548	10	542	5,996	222	14	190	<sup> </sup> 56	<sub>i</sub> 13
25 to 34 years	15,515	17	2,009	13,489	1,244	6	282	204	3
35 to 44 years	11,744	17	2,327	9,400	1,402	4	: <b>17</b> 7	221	6
45 to 54 years	7,944	10	1,560	6,375	1,052	-	111	256	<u>.                                    </u>
55 to 64 years	5,574	10	1,052	4,512	834	_	87	265	<u> </u>
55 to 59 years	3,366	6	637	2,722	503	-	i 45	134	! <del>-</del>
60 to 64 years	2,209	4	415	1,790	331	_	42	131	! -
65 years and over	1,132	4	182	946	368	3	51	177	5
Women, 16 years and over	43,579	1,057	8,537	33,985	2,529	292	265	186	! ! 143
16 to 19 years	2,890	193	170	2,528	į <b>23</b>	1	30	-	7 7
16 to 17 years	1,078	131	46	901	5	1	15	_	. 3
18 to 19 years	1,812	62	124	1,627	18	-	; 15	1	4
20 to 24 years	6,360	113	702	5,545	104	16	44	10	10
25 to 34 yearsi	12,738	148	2,484	10,106	674	46	. 80	41	. 21
35 to 44 years	9,832	154	2,394	7,284	743	102	41	47	48
45 to 54 years	6,446	153	1,588	4,705	518	83	42	i 32	32
55 to 64 years	4,377	187	1,028	3,162	325	32	16	34	16
55 to 59 years	2,643	94	606	1,942	212	21	! 11	19	7
60 to 64 years	1,734	93	422	1,220	112	12	5	15	9
65 years and over	936	1	172	655	142	12	1 12	22	9

### A-25. Employed civilians by industry and occupation

(In thousands)

							March	1985					
		Manager profess spec	sional	adı	cal, sal ministra suppor			rvice pations	Preci-		Operators fabricators and labore	s,	
Industry	Total em- ployed	Executive, adminis- trative, and mana- gerial	Profes- sional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Adminis- trative support, including clerical	Private house- hold	Other service¹	sion produc- tion, craft, and repair	Machine oper- ators, assem- blers, and inspec- tors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Farming, forestry, and fishing
Agriculture	2,909	55	78	17	5		-	13	19	11	33	13	2,552
Mining	917	133	93	58	16	120	-	13	286	30	142	28	-
Construction	6,614	835	148	60	61	472	-	17	3,841	i 81	411	676	12
Manufacturing	20,942	2,348	1,632	773	692	2,544	i -	434	4,084	6,528	891	938	79
Durable goods		1,441	1,128	558	297	1,465	-	257	2,846	3,602	435	486	68
Nondurable goods	8,358	907	504	214	394	1,079	-	176	1,239	2,926	455	453	10
Transportation and public						İ	i		ļ	I	:	: I	1
utilities	7,539	846	405	212	319		-	236	1,338	121	1,536	448	14
Wholesale and retail trade	21,789	1,803	395	73	8,917		· -	4,138	1,388	262	890	1,611	43
Wholesale trade	4,265		55	30	1,707	846	-	38	278	136	441		15
Retail trade	17,525	1,371	340	44	7,210	1,423	-	4,099	1,109	126	449	1,327	28
Finance, insurance, and			;				ļ		*	1	!	l	
real estate			136	117	1,756		-	313	98	18	17	14	47
Services		3,562	10,186	1,663	693	,	1,000		1,778	662	519	279	267
Private households			10	5	1	, 9	1,000		3	1	-	15	51
Other service industries		3,563	10,176	1,659	692		, -	6,897	1,776	661	519	264	216
Professional services	21,933		9,222	1,409	127		-	4,093	350	i 137	301	75	, 52
Public administration	4,864	1,056	622	236	17	1,365	! -	1,132	242	40	66	37	51

Includes protective service, not shown separately.

#### A-26. Employed civilians with a job but not at work by reason, sex, and pay status

(In thousands)

Ĺ	Alindus				Nonagricultur	al industries		
Dance and weeking and any			Tot	tal	V	Vage and sale	ary workers'	
Reason not working and sex	Mar.	Mar.			Paid ab	sences	Unpaid a	bsences
	1984	1985	Mar. 1984	Mar.   1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985	Mar. 1984	Mar. 1985
Total, 16 years and over	4,425	4,238	4,275	4,118	1,991	1,857	1,692	1,725
Vacation	1,750	1,845	1,731	1,796	1,152	1,118	411	509
liness	1,494	1,315	1,451	1,291	617	520	685	632
Bad weather	196	90	152	73	(²)	(2)	O :	(°)
Industrial dispute	15	32	15	32	(²)	(2)	(2)	Ö
All other reasons	970	956	927	926	222	220	597	584
Men, 16 years and over	2,306	2,116	2,167	2,018	1,048	941	751	745
/acation	905	961	884	927	635	609	162	212
liness	766	617	725	597	322	245	311	278
All other reasons <sup>3</sup>	636	537	557	494	92	87	278	255
Women, 16 years and over	2,118	2,121	2,108	2,100	943	918	942 :	979
/acation	845	884	847	869	517	509	249	297
liness	728	698	726	694	294	276	374	355
All other reasons <sup>3</sup>	545	539	535	537	132	133	320	328

<sup>1</sup> Excludes private household workers.

Pay status not available separately for bad weather and industrial dispute; these categories are included in all other reasons.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes bad weather and industrial dispute, not shown separately. NOTE: Estimates for "all other reasons" by pay status may be biased because of high response variance; data should be used with caution.

### A-27. Persons at work by hours of work and type of industry

			March	1985		
Hours of work		Thousands of p	ersons		Percent distrib	ution
	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries	All industries	Agriculture	Nonagricultural industries
Total, 16 years and over	101,531	2,790	98,741	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 to 34 hours	24,385	843	23,543	24.0	30.2	23.8
1 to 4 hours	785	50	736	.8	1.8	.7
5 to 14 hours	4,690	184	4,506	4.6	6.6	4.6
15 to 29 hours	12,410	443	11,968	12.2	15.9	12.1
30 to 34 hours	6,500	166	6,333	6.4	6.0	6.4
35 hours and over	77,145	1.946	75.199	76.0	69.8	; 76.2
35 to 39 hours	6,943	133	6,810	6.8	4.8	6.9
40 hours	41,562	538	41,024	40.9	19.3	41.5
41 hours and over	28,640	1,275	27,365	28.2	45.7	27.7
41 to 48 hours	10,548	252	10,296	10.4	9.0	10.4
49 to 59 hours	10,611	381	10,230	10.5	13.7	10.4
60 hours and over	7,481	642	6,839	7.4	23.0	6.9
Average hours, total at work	38.9	43.2	38.8	_	_	_
Average hours, workers on full-time schedules	43.6	50.8	43.4	_	-	-

### A-28. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by reason for working less than 35 hours, type of industry, and usual status

			March	1985			
December working less than 25 hours		All industries		Nonagricultural industries			
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	
Total, 16 years and over	24,385	6,327	18,059	23,543	6,031	17,512	
conomic reasons	5,466	1,862	3,604	5,249	1,754	3,495	
Slack work	2,612	1,535	1,077	2,465	1,439	1,026	
Material shortages or repairs to plant and equipment	60	60	-	59	59	-	
New job started during week	195	195	-	188	188	_	
Job terminated during week	72	72	_	68	68	_	
Could find only part-time work	2,527	-	2,527	2,469	-	2,469	
Other reasons	18,919	4,464	14,455	18,294	4,277	14,017	
Does not want, or unavailable for, full-time work	12,241	-	12,241	11,915	-	11,915	
Vacation	939	939	-	933	933	! -	
Illness	1,690	1,521	169	1,650	1,491	159	
Bad weather	387	387	-	314	314	-	
Industrial dispute	10	10	-	9	9	-	
Legal or religious holiday	61	i <b>61</b>	-	61	61	-	
Full time for this job	1,546	į –	1,546	1,498	-	1,498	
All other reasons	2,046	1,547	499	1,915	1,469	446	
average hours:						Ì	
Economic reasons	22.0	24.1	20.9	22.0	24.3	20.9	
Other reasons	20.5	25.7	18.9	20.5	25.8	18.9	
Norked 30 to 34 hours:							
Economic reasons	1,701	831	870	1,653	802	851	
Other reasons	4,799	2,234	2,565	4.680	2,175	2,505	

# A-29. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by class of worker and full- or part-time status

j					March 198	35			
N. A. A.	T-4-1	On part	0-		On full-time	e schedule	s	Average	Average
Industry	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
Total, 16 years and over	98,741	5,249	14,017	79,475	52,110	10,296	17,069	38.8	43.4
Wage and salary workers	91,172	4,633	12,651	73,888	49,684	9,739	14,465	38.6	43.0
Mining	853	20	23	810	189	117	240	45.1	46.2
Construction	5,085	416	243	4,426	3,149	442	835	39.5	42.2
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	19,889 11,981 7,909	711 264 446	689 309 380	18,489 11,408 7,083	12,367 7,540 4,829	2,868 1,791 1,076	3,254 2,077 1,178	41.4 42.0 40.5	42.9 43.0 42.6
Transportation and public utilities	6,819 19,306 6,270	257 1,488 100	363 4,729 632	6,199 13,089 5,538	4,077 8,055 3,835	864 2,064 657	1,258 2,970 1,046	41.5 36.1 39.9	43.5 43.6 42.5
Service industries Private households All other industries Public administration	28,275 1,104 27,171 4,675	1,576 214 1,362 64	5,723 498 5,225 250	20,976 392 20,584 4,361	14,484 276 14,208 3,265	2,283 35 2,248 444	4,209 81 4,128 652	36.7 25.2 37.2 40.8	42.9 44.3 42.9 42.3
Self-employed workers	7,229 340	603 14	1,228 138	5,398 188	2,308 118	543 14	2,547 56	40.9 34.3	48.6 43.8

## HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-30. Persons at work in nonagricultural industries by sex, age, race, marital status, and full- or part-time status

	 			March	n 1985 			
	_	! On part	_	On 1	full-time sched	dules	Average	Average
Sex, age, race, and marital status	Total at work	time for economic reasons	On voluntary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 hours   or more	hours, total at work	hours, workers on full-time schedules
TOTAL	<b> </b> :	i ,			 	) !		1
Total, 16 years and over		5,249	14,017	79,475	52,110	27,365	38.8	43.4
16 to 19 years	5,589	474	3,373	1,742	1,327	415	24.2	40.5
16 to 17 years	2,060	68	1,805	187	153	34	17.0	35.6
18 to 19 years	3,529	406	1,568	1,555	1,174	381	28.4	41.0
20 years and over	93,152	4,775	10,644	77,733	50,784	26,949	39.6	43.4
20 to 24 years	j 12,817	1,070	2,192	9,555	6,832	2,723	36.4	41.9
25 years and over	80,335	3,704	8,452	68,179	43,951	24,228	40.2	43.6
25 to 44 years	52,023	2,493	4,695	44,835	28,461	16,374	<sup>i</sup> 40.6	43.8
45 to 64 years		1,101	2,588	22,240	14,678	<sup>1</sup> 7,562	40.3	43.5
65 years and over		111	1,169	1,103	812	291	28.5	41.5
Men, 16 years and over		2,406	4,192	47,843	27,941	19,902	41.8	44.9
16 to 19 years	2,767	. 241	1,565	961	683	278	25.5	41.2
16 to 17 years	1,005	40	853	112	94	' 18	17.9	35.8
18 to 19 years		200	712	849	589	260	29.9	42.0
20 years and over	51,674	: 2,165	2,627	46,882	27,259	19,623	42.7	44.9
20 to 24 years	6,570	561	' 878 <sup>'</sup>	5,131	3,356	1,775	37.9	42.9
25 years and over	45,105	1,604	1,749	41,752	23,903	17,849	43.4	45.2
25 to 44 years		1,117	628	27,227	15,189	12,038	44.0	45.5
45 to 64 years	14,747	453	484	13,810	8,224	5,586	43.3	44.8
65 years and over		. 35	636	713	489	224	30.3	42.5
Women, 16 years and over	44,300	2,843	9,825 I	31,632	24,168	7,464	. 35.0	41.1
16 to 19 years	2,822	233	1,808	781	. 643	138	' 22.9	39.5
16 to 17 years	,	28	952	75	57	18	16.1	35.5
18 to 19 years		205	856	707	587	120	26.9	39.9
20 years and over		2,610	8,017	30,851	23,525	7,326	<sup>i</sup> 35.9	41.2
20 to 24 years	6,247	510	1,314	4,423	3,476	947	34.7	40.7
25 years and over	35,230	. 2,100	6,703	26,427	20,047	6,380	36.1	j 41.3
25 to 44 years	23,050	1,377	4,066	17,607	13,271	4,336	36.4	41.2
45 to 64 years		649	2,104	8,429	6,453	1,976	36.3	41.4
65 years and over		75	533	390	322	68	26.1	39.6
RACE								i
White, 16 years and over	: . 86,379	4,248	12,642	69,489	44,392	25,097	38.9	43.6
Men		1,955	3,702	42,579	24,132	18,447	42.1	45,1
Women		2,293	8,940	26,910	20,261	6,649	34.9	41.2
Black, 16 years and over	9,649	855	994	7,800	6,151	1,649	i , 37.4	41.4
Men	. 4,772	379	343	4,050	2,985	1,065	39.1	. 42.5
Women	4,877	475	651	3,751	3,167	584	35.7	40.2
MARITAL STATUS						:	:	ī
Men, 16 years and over:	3				•	1	:	
Married, spouse present		1,109	1,273	33,862	19,126	14,736	43.7	45.3
Widowed, divorced, or separated		280	228	4,607	2,704	i 1,903	42.6	44.9
Single (never married)		1,017	2,692	9,372	6,110	3,262	36.3	43.2
Women, 16 years and over:							,	:
Married, spouse present		1,353	5,670	17,526	13,725	3,801	35.0	40.8
Widowed, divorced, or separated		723	1,135	6,781	4,876	1,905	37.4	, 41.8
Single (never married)	., 11,112	768	3,020	, 7,324	5,566	1,758	33.4	41.3

# A-31. Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by sex and full- or part-time status

	i			N	March 198	35			
				Ţ (	on full-tim	e schedule	s	T	Average
nagerial and professional specialty recutive, administrative, and managerial ofessional specialty hnical, sales, and administrative support achnicians and related support ales occupations diministrative support, including clerical vice occupations ivate household otective service ervice, except private household and protective cision production, craft, and repair erators, fabricators, and laborers ansportation and material moving occupations andlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers magerial and professional specialty executive, administrative, and managerial rofessional specialty chnical, sales, and administrative support echnicians and related support ales occupations diministrative support, including clerical vice occupations diministrative support, including clerical vice occupations diministrative support, including clerical vice occupations diministrative support, including clerical vice occupations diministrative support, including clerical vice occupations diministrative support, including clerical vice occupations divide household rotective service ervice, except private household and protective cision production, craft, and repair erators, fabricators, and laborers lachine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ransportation and material moving occupations andlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers lachine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ransportation and material moving occupations andlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers lachine operators, assemblers, and inspectors ransportation and material moving occupations andlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	Total at work	On part time for economic reasons	On volun- tary part time	Total	40 hours or less	41 to 48 hours	49 hours or more	Average hours, total at work	hours, workers on full- time sched- ules
Total, 16 years and over	98,606	5,209	14,003	79,393	51,997	10,293	17,103	38.8	43.4
Managerial and professional specialty	24,917	505	2,326	22,086	. 12,360	2,787	6,939	42.3	45.3
Executive, administrative, and managerial		181	615	11,117	5,878	1,380	3,859	44.5	46.2
Professional specialty		324	1,710	10,969	6,482	1,407	3,080	40.4	44.4
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1,278	5,801	24,777	17,286	3,115	4,376	37.4	42.4
		704	364 2,539	2,689 8,792	1,967	1,300	400 2,848	39.2	42.0 45.4
	1	534	2,898	13,296	10,676	1,492	1,128	36.3	40.5
		1,467	4,012	8,176	6,079	840	1,257	32.9	42.2
Private household	1 1	172	449	337	240	j 31	66	24.6	43.0
Protective service	<sub>i</sub> 1,590	50	155	1,385	826	207	353	41.9	45.5
Service, except private household and protective		1,246	3,408	6,453	5,014	601	838	32.4	41.5
Precision production, craft, and repair		733	461	11,349	7,385	1,637	2,326	41.2	43.3
		1,225	1,404	13,006	8,886	1,914	2,205	39.2	42.8
		480	274	6,695	4,852	1,044	800	40.0	41.8
		267	390	3,619	2,003		1,090	41.7	45.6
	İ	•	741	2,691		344	316	:	41.3
Men, 16 years and over	54,202	2,362	4,141	47,699	27,792	6,647	13,260	41.9	44.9
Managerial and professional specialty	14,370	194	627	13,549	6,542	1,668	5,339	45.5	47.1
Executive, administrative, and managerial		102	222	7,390	3,386	893	3,112	46.6	47.8
Professional specialty		92	406	6,158	3,156	775	2,227	44.2	46.3
		258	1,092	9,880	5,387	1,529	2,964	1	45.2
		8	116	1,518	1,014		290	41.2	43.1
		169	637 339	5,476	2,369	860	2,246	43.7 39.4	47.3 42.4
		459	1,119	3,941	2,758	455 456	727	36.3	
·		-103	8	. 12	8	, 430	4	(')	(')
		39	99	1,261	745	184	332	43.1	. 45.8
Service, except private household and protective			1,011	2,669	2,005		392	34.1	42.2
Precision production, craft, and repair		673	343	10,478	6,745	1,508	2,225	41.5	43.5
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	11,590	779	960	9,852	6,360	1,486	2,005	40.1	43.€
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		176	. 127	4,138	2,798	686	654	41.4	
Transportation and material moving occupations		221	244	3,445	1,875		1,066	. 42.8	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3,239	381	589	2,269	1,688	295	286	35.2	41.6
Women, 16 years and over	44,404	2,847	9,863	31,694	24,205	3,646	3,843	35.0	41.1
Managerial and professional specialty	10,547	311	1,698	8,537	5,818	1,120	1,599	38.1	42.5
Executive, administrative, and managerial		79	394	3,727	2,492	487	747	40.6	43.1
Professional specialty		232	1,305	4,811	3,326		852	36.4	
Technical, sales, and administrative support		1,020	4,709	14,897	11,900	1,585	1,412	34.9	
Technicians and related support		33	248	1,171	952	109	110	36.9	40.6
Sales occupations		535 453	1,902	3,316	2,274	440	602 700	32.8	42.2
Service occupations		1,009	2,559 2,893	10,410 4,234	8,673 3,321	1,037 383	530	35.5 30.6	40.0 41.2
Private household			441	326	231	32	63		42.9
Protective service		11	55	125	81	23	21	33.1	43.0
Service, except private household and protective		832	2,397	3,784	3,009	329	446	31.4	41.0
Precision production, craft, and repair		61	118	871	640	130	101	37.8	
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		447	444	3,154	2,526	428	200	36.3	40.3
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors			147		2,054	358	146		
Transportation and material moving occupations						22		29.7	40.5
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	671	97	152	423	343	49	30	32.6	39.8

Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

#### A-32. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

<b>F</b>					19	84						1985	
Employment status and sex	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
TOTAL								Ì					
Noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	177,510	177,662	177,813	177,974	178,138	178,295	178,483	178,661	178,834	179,004	179,081	179,219	179,368
Labor force'	114,592	114,895	115,412	115,309	115,566	115,341	115,484	115,721	115,773	116,162	116,572	116,787	117,215
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>	64.6	64.7	64.9	64.8	64.9	64.7	64.7	64.8	64.7	64.9	65.1	65.2	65.3
Total employed <sup>1</sup>	105,809	106,095	106,852	107,081	107,075	106,860	107,114	107,354	107,631	107,971	108,088	108,388	108,820
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>	59.6	59.7	60.1	60.2	60.1	59.9	60.0	60.1	60.2	60.3	60.4	60.5	60.7
Resident Armed Forces	1,686	1,693	1,690	1,690	1,698	1,712	1,720	1,705	1,699	1,698	1,697	1,703	1,701
Civilian employed	104,123	104,402	105,162	105,391	105,377	105,148	105,394	105,649	105,932	106,273	106,391	106,685	107,119
Agriculture	3,305	3,379	3,367	3,368	3,333	3,264	3,319	3,169	3,334	3,385	3,320	3,340	3,362
Nonagricultural industries	100,818	101,023	101,795	102,023	102,044	101,884	102,075	102,480	102,598	102,888	103,071	103,345	103,757
Unemployed	8,783	8,800	8,560	8,228	8,491	8,481	8,370	8,367	8,142	8,191	8,484	8,399	8,396
Unemployment rate4	7.7	7.7	7.4	7.1	7.3	7.4	7.2	7.2	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.2	7.2
Not in labor force	62,918	62,767	62,401	62,665	62,572	62,954	62,999	62,940	63,061	62,842	62,509	62,432	62,153
Men				<u> </u>		!			İ	<b>\</b> :		:	\ 
Noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	84.880	84.953	   85.024	85,101	!   85,179	85,257	85,352	85,439	85,523	85,607	85.629	। ⊢85.692	: ∣ 85.764
Labor force'		65,200		65,348	65,412		65,589					65,818	
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>		76.7	76.8	76.8	76.8		76.8	76.7	76.8			76.8	
Total employed'		60.289	60.578	60.758	60,687	60,766	60.959	61.018	61,155	61,252		61,226	61,427
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>		71.0	71.2	71.4	71.2	71.3	71.4	71.4					
Resident Armed Forces		1,548	1,545		1,551	1,563	1,571	1,557	1,552				
Civilian employed					59,136								
Unemployed			4.726										
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>			7.2		7.2	7.0				, -			
Not in labor force	19,729						1						1
Women				  -	ļ	} 		<u> </u> 	į		1		ļ
Noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	92.630	92,709	92,789	92,873	92,958	93,039	93,132	   93,222	93,311	93.397	93,452	93.527	93.603
Labor force						, ,							
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>			,			,	1 .						
Total employed <sup>1</sup>													1
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>													
Resident Armed Forces			:	•							1		
Civilian employed	II .							1					,
Unemployed	, ,												
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>			, ,							1	,		
Not in labor force													

<sup>1</sup> Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

Armed Forces).

NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-32 through A-41 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

# A-33. Employment status of the civillan noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,					19	84						1985	
sex, and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
TOTAL													
Civilian noninstitutional population'		175,969											
Civilian labor force	112,906	113,202	113,722	113,619	113,868	113,629	113,764	114,016	114,074	114,464	114,875	115,084	115,514
Percent of population	64.2	64.3	64.6	64.5	64.5	64.3	64.4	64.4	64.4	64.6	64.8	64.8	
Employed										106,273	106,391	106,685	
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	59.2	59.3	59.7	59.8	59.7	59.5	59.6	59.7	59.8	59.9	60.0	60.1	60.3
Unemployed	8,783	8,800	8,560	8,228	8,491	8,481	8,370	8,367	8,142	8,191	8,484	8,399	8,396
Unemployment rate	7.8	7.8	7.5	7.2	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.3	7.3
Men, 20 years and over								ļ !	} 	   			
Civilian noninstitutional population'	75,880	75,973	76,073	76,176	76,269	76,350	76,451	76,565	76,663	76,753	76,760	76,829	76,904
Civilian labor force	59,400	59,474	59,572	59,668	59,730	59,771	59,892	59,913	59,994	60,131	60,033	60,061	60,152
Percent of population	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.3	78.2	78.2	78.2
Employed	55,352	55,387	55,663	55,861	55,846	55,935	56,075	56,182	56,269	56,372	56,234	56,287	56,421
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	72.9	72.9	73.2	73.3	73.2	73.3	73.3	73.4	73.4	73.4	73.3	73.3	73.4
Agriculture		2,446	2,443	2,448	2,444	2,406	2,414	2,334	2,434	2,494	2,417	2,362	2,326
Nonagricultural industries	52,970	52,941	53,220	53,413	53,402	53,529	53,661	53,848	53,835	53,878	53,817	53,926	54.095
Unemployed			3,909		3,884	3,836	3,817	3,731	3,725	3,759	3,798	3,774	3.73
Unemployment rate		6.9	6.6	6.4	6.5		6.4	6.2		6.3	6.3	6.3	6.2
Not in labor force		16,499	16,501	16,508	16,539	16,579	16,559	16,652	16,669	16,622	16,727	16,768	16,752
Women, 20 years and over	! !	 	 	! !	[ 	i i		ļ	! ! !	   	 		<u> </u> 
Civilian noninstitutional population'	85,064	85,168	85,272	85,380	85,488	85,581	85,688	85,793	85,897	85,995	86,015	86,086	86,18
Civilian labor force	45,482	45,685	46,130	45,958	46,131	46,092	45,950	46,264	46,279	46,463	46,771	46,894	47,193
Percent of population	53.5	53.6	54.1	53.8	54.0	53.9	53.6	53.9	53.9	54.0	54.4	54.5	54.8
Employed		42,524	43,003	42,986	43,001	42,878	42,906	43,091	43,252	43,511	43,610	43,768	44.014
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		49.9	50.4	50.3	50.3	50.1	50.1	50.2	50.4	50.6	50.7	50.8	51.
Agriculture		613	603	611	580	573	590	569	580	595	592	614	
Nonagricultural industries	,	41.911	42,400	42,375	42,421	42,305	42,316	42,522	42,672	42,916	43,018	43,153	43,35
Unemployed		3.161					3,044						
Unemployment rate			6.8								6.8		
Not in labor force	1												
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		ļ		!	! !	! i	!		İ				
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	14,880	14,828	!   14,778	!   14,728	14,683	1 14,653	14,624	14,598	14,575	14,557	14,610	14,600	14,58
Civilian labor force	8,024	8,043	8,020	7,993	8,007	7,766	7,922	7,839	7,801	7,870	8,072	8,129	8,16
Percent of population	53.9	54.2	54.3	54.3	54.5	53.0	54.2	53.7	53.5	54.1	55.2	55.7	56.0
Employed	6,437	6,491	6,496	6,544	6,530	6,335	6,413	6,376	6,411	6,390	6,547	6,630	6,68
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	43.3	43.8	44.0	44.4	44.5	43.2	43.9	43.7	44.0	43.9	44.8	45.4	45.
Agriculture	336	320	321	309	309	285	315	266	320	296	311	364	37
Nonagricultural industries		6,171	6,175	6,235	6,221			6,110	6,091	6,094	6,236	6,266	6,30
Unemployed	1,587	1,552	1,524	1,449	1,477	1,431	1,509	1,463	1,390	1,480	1,525	1,499	1,48
Unemployment rate		19.3	19.0	18.1	18.4	18.4	19.0	18.7	17.8	18.8			18.
Not in labor force	6.856	6,785	6,758	6,735	6.676	6.887	6.702	6.759	6.774	6.687	6,538	6,471	6,41

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.
 Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

population.

## HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,					19	34 				]		1985	
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
WHITE				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							- /-		
Civilian noninstitutional population'													
Civilian labor force			98,749	98,690			98,426	98,631	98,630	99,005	99,496		100,035
Percent of population		64.7	64.9	64.8	64.8	64.4	64.6	64.6	64.6	64.8	65.0	65.1	j 65.3
Employed	91,750	91,852;	92,330	92,516	92,389	91,951	92,177	92,407	92,587	92,884	93,124	93,552	93,785
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	60.2	60.4	60.7	60.7	60.7	60.3	60.5	60.6	60.6	60.8	60.8	61.1	61.2
Unemployed	6,593	6,567	6,419	6,174	6,238	6,272	6,249	6,224	6,043	6,121	6,372	6,159	6,250
Unemployment rate	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.2
Men, 20 years and over					:								!
Civilian labor force	52,354	52,387	52,387	52,524	52,393	52,392	52,494	52,508	52,586	52,695	52,727	52,750	52,823
Percent of population		78.8	78.7	78.8	78.6	78.6		78.6	78.7		78.6		
Employed		49,284	49,397		49,509	49,497	49,604				49,808	1	
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		74.1:	74.2	74.5	74.3	74.3	74.4	74.4	74.5		74.3		
		3,103		2,862	2,884	2,895	2,890	:	2,841				
Unemployed Unemployment rate					2,004 5.5	2,095 5.5		2,841 5.4	2,841 5.4		2,918 5.5	•	
			***			***				, .,		,	
Women, 20 years and over				\ 				·					]
Civilian labor force		38,987	39,331	39,172	, ,	39,130		39,271	39,237	39,434	39,789	39,925	40,15
Percent of population		53.1	53.5	53.3	53.4	53.1	52.9	53.2			53.7	53.9	54.
Employed	. 36,579	36,667	37,041	36,968	36,987	36,827	36,784	36,979	37,063	37,259	37,440	37,681	37,798
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	. 49.8	49.9	50.4	50.3	50.3	50.0	49.9	50.1	50.2	50.4	50.6	50.8	51.0
Unemployed		2,320 i	2,290	2,204	2,295	2,303	2,230	2,292	2,174	2,175	2,348		
Unemployment rate	i '	6.0	5.8			5.9							
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	•	!			•			•		i		İ	
Civilian labor force	7,114	7,045	7,031	6,994	6,952	6,701	6,918	6,852	6,807	6,876	6,981	7,036	7,05
Percent of population		57.6	57.8	57.7	57.5	55.5							
Employed	1		5,892			5,627			1	1	5,876		
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	1 1		48.4	48.5		46.6				1			
		1,144	1,139			1,074		5	1,028	1	1		
Unemployed						16.0							
Unemployment rate													
Men Women			16.9 15.5		17.4 12.9							3	
BLACK							•	I					
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	10 2/18	19,274	19,302	19,330	19,360	19,386	19,416	19,449	19,481	10.513	: 19,518	19,542	19.56
Civilian labor force			11,968				12,082				12,315		
		1	62.0				,					1 '	
Percent of population								10,340				1	i
Employed Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>			52.1		,								
			1,915									t	
Unemployed Unemployment rate			16.0									1	1 '
Men, 20 years and over					:	,		Ì					!
Civilian labor force	5,641	5,599	5,660	   5,654	5,709	5,718	5.697	5,739	5.729	: 9: 5,762	5.699	5,735	5,68
							1 '	1					
Percent of population													
Employment population ratio <sup>2</sup>													
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>													
Unemployed Unemployment rate													1
Women, 20 years and over				1				:		!	4	i	
Civilian labor force	. 5,417	'. 5,459	5,519	9 5,474	5,525	5,589	5,538	; 3 5,601	5,704	1- 5,703	5,709	9, 5,67	i 1: 5,68
Percent of population								1					
Employed											:		
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>													
Unemployed													i
Unemployment rate					3 13.8	, 13.8		3 13.4					

See footnotes at end of table.

A-34. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,					198	34	,					1985	
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
BLACK—Continued				1	]								
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years		į	ļ	į	į	ļ	}	!	[ j	ĺ	[	j	
Civilian labor force	787	840	789	831	849	835	847	868	843	841	907	904	913
Percent of population	36.1	38.6	36.4	38.5	39.4	38.8	39.5	40.5	39.4	39.4	41.7	41.6	42.1
Employed	420	468	439	523	490	490	492	519	496	487	525	514	530
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	19.3	21.5	20.2	24.2	22.7	22.8	22.9	24.2	23.2	22.8	24.1	23.7	24.4
Unemployed	367	372	350	308	359	345	355	349	347	354	382	390	383
Unemployment rate	46.6	44.3	44.4	37.1	42.3	41.3	41.9	40.2	41.2	42.1	42.1	43.1	41.9
Men	44.3	42.9	41.4	38.2	42.3	40.51	41.0	43.8	42.0	43.8	45.3	41.1	40.9
Women	49.4	45.9	48.1	35.8	42.2	42.2	43.0	36.2	40.2	40.1	38.5	45.3	43.1
HISPANIC ORIGIN		ļ	İ	j	i !	ļ	j	1	,	, !	 	ĺ	
Civilian noninstitutional population'	11.058	11,088	11,118	11,148	11,180	11,209	11,240	11,270	11,301	11,332	11.363	11,394	11,425
Civilian labor force	7,144	7,113	7,170	7,267	7,264	7,299	7.353	7,384	7,394	7,472	7.255	7,330	7,365
Percent of population	64.6	64.2	64.5	65.2	65.0	65.1	65.4	65.5	65.4 <sup>1</sup>		63.8	64.3	64.5
Employed		6,294	6,402	6,519	6,503	6,521	6,573	6,574	6,636	6,698	6,487	6,621	6,615
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		56.8	57.6	58.5	58.2	58.2	58.5	58.3	58.7	59.1	57.1	58.1	57.9
Unemployed	811	819	768	748	761	778	780	810	758	774	768	709	750
Unemployment rate	11.4	11.5	10.7	10.3	10.5	10.7	10.6	11.0	10.3	10.4	10.6	9.7	10.2
	1 !	!	i							! !		i	

<sup>1</sup> The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

# A-35. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

0.1	1984   Mar.   Apr.   May   June   July   Aug.   Sept.   Oct.   N								1		1985		
Category	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
CHARACTERISTIC	 	! ! !	; ! !			 		1		,   ;   !		; ; ; ;	
Total	104.123	104.402	105.162	105.391	105.377	105,148	105,394	105,649	105,932	106.273	106,391	106,685	107,119
Married men, spouse present												39,357	
Married women, spouse present												26,108	
Women who maintain families					5,626				5,396		5,584		5,631
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER		( ; !	i	 		   	     			} :		. ! ! .	
Agriculture:	¦	ا ا	' 		,	 		i	ı	! .		· ·	
Wage and salary workers	1,522	1,627	1,580	1,578	1,519	1,453	1,565	1,511	1,593	1.733	1,596	1.611	1,610
Self-employed workers			1,549		1,557	1,562		1,487			1,531		1,502
Unpaid family workers			239		220			187			227		263
Nonagricultural industries:							, ,,,					·	
Wage and salary workers	92 747	92,908	93 780	93 845	93,768	93.680	94 140	94 415	94 442	94 725	95.068	95,348	95 756
Government		15,765								15,858			
Private industries		77,143					78,259			78,867			79,752
Private households					1,238						1,374		1,210
Other industries		75,863			76,891		77,061						
Self-employed workers						7,807					7,783		
Unpaid family workers						321		314	357			4	
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME	 		! :	i I			:	! !		•		!	:
All industries:			!	!	!	•	1 1						
Part time for economic reasons	5.619	5.758	5.625	5.831	5,759	5,582	5,690	5,710	5.623	5,814	5,628	5,335	5,664
Slack work							2,461	2,514			2,431		
Could only find part-time work													,
Voluntary part time		13,326										13,647	
Nonagricultural industries:	!	i i	: '	1		,		:					
Part time for economic reasons	5,465	5,520	5,377	5,549	5,482	5,384	5,449	5,483	5,413	5,596	5,389	: . 5,077:	5,400
Slack work											2,287	2,040	
Could only find part-time work											2.749		2.649
Voluntary part time							12,669						13.137

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

## HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# A-36. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

0					19	84						1985	
Sex and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	104,123	104,402	105,162	105,391	105,377	105,148	105,394	105,649	105,932	106,273	106,391	106,685	107,119
16 to 24 years	20,587	20,628	20,786	20,982	20,797	20,349	20,584	20,647	20,721	20,673	20,716	20,705	20,685
16 to 19 years	6,437	6,491	6,496	6,544	6,530	6,335	6,413	6,376	6,411	6,390	6,547	6,630	6,684
16 to 17 years	2,376	2,383	2,462	2,434	2,429	2,336	2,480	2,418	2,415	2,432	2,513	2,584	2,596
18 to 19 years	4,080	4,109	4,038	4,124	4,080	3,923	3,964	3,972	3,968	3,970	4,038	4,041	4,097
20 to 24 years	14,150	14,137	14,290	14,438	14,267	14,014	14,171	14,271	14,310	14,283	14,169	14,074	14,001
25 years and over	83,537	83,778	84,358	84,499	84,625	84,783	84,802	84,995	85,203	85,562	85,664	85,910	36,487
25 to 54 years	69.304	69.539	70.005	70,352	70,392	70.567	70,563	70.859	71.006	71,294	71.508	71.634	71,978
55 years and over	14,237	14,277	14,262	14,206	14,215	14,202	14,255	14,142	14,191	14,252	14,221	14,239	14,492
Men, 16 years and over	58,720	58,741	59,033	59,213	59,136	59,203	59,388	59,461	59,603	59,702	59,664	59,672	59,874
16 to 24 years	10.937	10,938	10.995	11,063	10,853	! : 10,738	! 10,870	10,882	10,955	10,898	10,870	10,749	i   10,785
16 to 19 years		3,354	3,370	3,352	3,290	3,268	3.313	3,279	3,334	3,330	3,430	3,385	3,454
16 to 17 years		1,225	1,276			1,167	1,319	1,249	1,258	1,286	1,317	1,329	1,327
18 to 19 years	, .		· '								2.104		
20 to 24 years					, ,					7.568	7,440	7.364	7.332
25 years and over			48,044			48,447			48.644	48,770	48,790	48.862	49,118
25 to 54 years						40,035			40,300	40,384	40.357	40,455	40.534
55 years and over								8,362	8,341	8,365			
Women, 16 years and over	45,403	45,661	46,129	, 46,178	46,241	45,945	46,006	46,188	46,329	46,571	46,727	i '; 47,013	47,244
16 to 24 years	9,650	9,690	9,791	9,919	9,944	9,611	9,714	9,765	9,766	9,775	9,846	9,956	9,899
16 to 19 years			3,126	3,192	3,240	3,067	3,100	3,097	3,077	3,060	3,117	3,246	3,230
16 to 17 years		1,158	1,186	1,194	1,218	1,169	1,161	1,169	1,157	1,146	1,196	1,255	1,269
18 to 19 years		1,980	1,935	2,012	2,015	1,883	1,939	1,933	1,910	1,918	1,934	1,996	1,985
20 to 24 years		6,553			6,704	6,544	6,614	6,668	6,689	6,715	6,729	6,710	6,669
25 years and over									36,559	1 36,792	36,874	37,048	37,370
25 to 54 years					30,499	30,532			30,706	30,910	31,150	31,179	31,443
55 years and over											, ,	i '	

# A-37. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Soy and ago					198	4				: !		1985	
Sex and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	8,783	8,800	8,560	8,228	8,491	8,481	8,370	8,367	8,142	8,191	8,484	8,399	8,39
16 to 24 years	3,457	3,495	3,405,	3,199	3,285	3,284	3,336	3,225	3,147	3,230	3,251	3,281	3,23
16 to 19 years	1,587	1,552	1,524	1,449	1,477	1,431	1,509	1,463	1,390	1,480	1,525	1,4991	1,48
16 to 17 years	697	676°	639:	613:	6351	630	656	613	604	646	675	648	68
18 to 19 years	901	880	879:	832	816	784	852 <sup>1</sup>	8581	802!	854	848	851.	81
20 to 24 years	1,870	1,943	1,881	1,750	1,808	1,853	1,827	1,762	1,757	1,750	1,726!	1,782	1,75
25 years and over	5,317	5,307	5,169	5,069	5,202	5,1551	5,070 <sup>i</sup>	5,109	4,998	4,965	5,233	5,116:	5,14
25 to 54 years	4,657	4,637	4,499	4,342	4,576	4,513	4,421	4,422	4,350	4,354;	4,606	4,519:	4,54
55 years and over	653	641	670	666	663	672	667	701:	649	615	631	580	59
Men, 16 years and over	4,889	4,911	4,726	4,590	4,725	4,591	4,630	4,540	4,502	4,562	4,609	4,592	4,49
16 to 24 years	1,878	1,920	1,828	1,784	1,838	1,788	1,861	1,742	1,735 <sup>1</sup>	1,789	1,745	1,806	1,73
16 to 19 years	841	824	817	783	841	755	813 <sup>1</sup>	809	777	803	811	818	76
16 to 17 years	372	372	353	358	354	333	350	338	320	318	354	346	37
18 to 19 years	473	457	464	433	469	406	466	476	462	490	461	466	39
20 to 24 years	1,037	1,096	1,011	1,001	997	1,033	1,048	9331	958 <sup>!</sup>	986	934	988	97
25 years and over	3,001	2,994	2,900	2,806	2,863	2,810	2,805	2,794	2,777	2.785	2.853	2.775	2.75
25 to 54 years	2,575	2,587	2,488	2,405	2,477	2,404	2,393	2,381	2,372	2,393	2,484	2,418	2,40
55 years and over	411	395	407	391	404	408	426	411	409	388	377	352	33
Women, 16 years and over	3,894	3,889	3,834	3,638	3,766	3,890	3,740	3,827	3,640	3,629	3,875	3,807	3,90
16 to 24 years	1,579	1,575	1,577	1,415	1,447	1,496	1,475	1,483	1,412	1,441	1,506	1,475	1,50
16 to 19 years	746	728	707	666	636	676	696	654	613	677	714	681	72
16 to 17 years	325	304	286	255	281	297	306	275.	284	328	321	302	30
18 to 19 years	428	423	415	399	347	378	386	382	340	364	387	385	41
20 to 24 years	833	847	870	749	811	820	779	829.	799	764	792	794	78
25 years and over		2,313	2,269	2,263	2,339	2,345	2,265.	2,315	2,221	2,180	2,380	2,341	2,39
25 to 54 years	2,082	2.050	2,011	1,937	2,099	2,109	2,028	2,041	1,978	1,961		2,100	2,14
55 years and over	242	246	263	275	259	264	241	290	240	227		229	26

# A-38. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

					198	34						1985	
Sex and age	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total, 16 years and over	7.8	7.8	7.5	7.2	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.3	7.3
16 to 24 years	14.4	14.5	14.1	13.2	13.6	13.9	13.9	13.5	13.2	13.5	13.6	13.7	13.5
16 to 19 years	19.8	19.3	19.0	18.1	18.4	18.4	19.0	18.7	17.8	18.8	18.9	18.4	18.2
16 to 17 years	22.7	22.1	20.6	20.1	20.7	21.2	20.9	20.2	20.0	21.0	21.2	20.0	20.9
18 to 19 years	18.1	17.6	17.9	16.8	16.7	16.7	17.7	17.8	16.8	17.7	17.4	17.4	16.5
20 to 24 years	11.7	12.1	11.6	10.8	11.2	11.7	11.4	11.0	10.9	10.9	10.9	11.2	11.1
25 years and over	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.8	5.6	5.6
25 to 54 years	6.3	6.3	6.0	5.8	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.8	6.1	5.9	5.9
55 years and over	4.4	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.4	4.1	4.2	3.9	4.0
Men, 16 years and over	7.7	7.7	7.4	7.2	7.4	7.2	7.2	7,1	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.0
16 to 24 years	14.7	14.9	14.3	13.9	14.5	14.3	14.6	13.8	13.7	14.1	13.8	14.4	13.9
16 to 19 years	20.0	19.7	19.5	18.9	20.4	18.8	19.7	19.8	18.9	19.4	19.1	19.5	18.1
16 to 17 years	23.0	23.3	21.7	22.4	22.6	22.2	21.0	21.3	20.3	19.8	21.2	20.7	22.2
18 to 19 years	18.2	17.7	18.1	17.0	18.5	16.6	18.7	18.9	18.3	19.3	18.0	18.6	15.7
20 to 24 years	12.0	12.6	11.7	11.5	11.6	12.1	12.2	10.9	11.2	11.5	11.2	11.8	11.7
25 years and over	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.3
25 to 54 years		6.2	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.6	5.6
55 years and over	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.4	4.3	4.0	3.8
Women, 16 years and over	7.9	7.8	7.7	7.3	7.5	7.8	7.5	7.7	7.3	7.2	7.7	7.5	7.6
16 to 24 years	14.1	14.0	13.9	12.5	12.7	13.5	13.2	13.2	12.6	12.8	13.3	12.9	13.2
16 to 19 years	1	18.8	18.4	17.3	16.4	18.1	18.3	17.4	16.6	18.1	18.6	17.3	18.2
16 to 17 years	1 -1 -	20.8	19.4	17.6	18.7	20.3	20.9	19.0	19.7	22.3	21.2	19.4	19.5
18 to 19 years		17.6	17.7	16.5	14.7	16.7	16.6	16.5	15.1	16.0	16.7	16.2	17.4
20 to 24 years		11.4	11.5	10.0	10.8	11.1	10.5	11.1	10.7	10.2	10.5	10.6	10.5
25 years and over	1	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.0	6.1	5.9	6.0	5.7	5.6	6.1	5.9	6.0
25 to 54 years		6.4	6.2	6.0	6.4	6.5	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.4	6.3	6.4
55 years and over	1	4.0	4.3	4.5	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.8	3.9	3.7	4.2	3.8	4.2

## A-39. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

•	i				19	84						1985	
Category	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar
CHARACTERISTIC	1	!		1		 	i		 		i	 I	
Fotal (all civilian workers)	: 7.8	1 1 7.8	7.5	7.2	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.3	7.3
Men, 20 years and over	6.8	6.9	6.6	6.4	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.2
Women, 20 years and over	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.5	6.8	7.0	6.6	6.9	6.5	6.4	6.8	6.7	6.
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years			19.0	18.1	18.4	18.4	19.0	18.7	17.8	18.8	18.9	18.4	18.
White	6.7	6.7	6.5	!   6.3	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.
Black and other			14.3	13.7	14.8	14.3	13.8	13.8	13.7	13.6	13.7	14.6	13.
Black	। 16.6	16.7	16.0	15.2	16.6	15.8	15.1	15.3	15.1	15.0	14.9	16.3	15.
Hispanic origin	11.4	11.5	10.7	10.3	10.5	10.7	10.6	11.0	10.3	10.4	10.6	9.7	10.
Married men, spouse present	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.6	!   4.4	. 4.
Married women, spouse present	, 5.8	5.8	5.8	5.7			5.7	5.7	5.4	5.4	5.7	5.4	1 5.
Women who maintain families	, 10.8	10.5	10.0	9.8	9.8	10.3	10.1	10.4	10.8	9.6	10.0	11.0	10.
Full-time workers	7.5	7.5	7.2	6.7	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.1	. 6.
Part-time workers			9.4	10.0	9.6		9.3	9.1	8.6	8.8	9.3	8.7	9.
Unemployed 15 weeks and over'	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.1	; 2.
Labor force time lost <sup>2</sup>	8.9	8.8	8.6	8.4	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.4	8.2	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.
INDUSTRY	:				!		i i	!	!	1		l i	1
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	7.7	7.7	7.3	7.0	7.4	7.4	i 7.3	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.3	   7.
Mining	10.8	10.1	8.8	7.5	. 7.7	10.2	8.6	10.5	11.7	10.7	10.1	<sup>1</sup> 10.9	11.
Construction	13.6	14.4	. 14.7	14.6	. 14.6	14.1	13.9	13.7	14.2	13.7	13.4	13.4	13.
Manufacturing	7.6	7.7		7.3	7.5		7.4	7.3		7.2	7.6	7.5	7.
Durable goods		7.5	7.1	7.2	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.
Nondurable goods		8.0	7.3	7.5	8.5	8.1	8.1	7.8	7.4	1 7.2	8.1	8.2	. 8.
Transportation and public utilities		5.5	5.7	5.3	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.3	5.2	5.0	4.9	5.5	: 4.
Wholesale and retail trade		8.7	8.0	. 7.3	7.8	7.7	i 8.0	7.9	7.6	7.5	7.7	7.7	7
Finance and service industries		6.1	. 5.7	5.5	5.9	6.0	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.
Agricultural wage and salary workers	14.6	12.7	13.8	: 12.3	14.3	: 13.1	14.7	13.7	11.2	12.2	15.5	13.6	12

Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.

for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time

## HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# A-40. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Marks of assessed					19	84						1985	
Weeks of unemployment	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
DURATION								-					
Less than 5 weeks	3,378	3,407	3,275	3,229	3,409	3,513	3,313	3,395	3,352	3,282	3,662	3,524	3,590
5 to 14 weeks	2,514	2,485	2,440	2,303	2,449	2,406	2,533	2,406	2,324	2,516	2,552	2,469	2,478
15 weeks and over	2,894	2,842	2,833	2,630	2,672	2,621	2,605	2,527	2,428	2,374	2,243	2,416	2,400
15 to 26 weeks	1,122	1,102	1,173	1,012	1,088	1,116	1,106	1,092	990	972	941	1,076	1,065
27 weeks and over	1,772	1,740	1,660	1,618	1,584	1,505	1,499	1,435	1,438	1,402	1,302	1,340	1,335
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	18.9	18.7	18.5	18.1	18.0	17.6	17.3	16.7	17.4	17.3	15.3	15.9	15.9
Median duration, in weeks	8.4	8.1	8.3	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.3	7.3	7.4	6.7	7.2	7.1
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION								,	) :	·			] i
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	   100.0
Less than 5 weeks	38.4	39.0	38.3	39.6	40.0	41.1	39.2	40.8	41.4	40.2	43.3	41.9	42.4
5 to 14 weeks	28.6	28.5	28.5	28.2	28.7	28.2	30.0	28.9	28.7	30.8	30.2	29.4	29.3
15 weeks and over	32.9	32.5	33.1	32.2	31.3	30.7	30.8	30.3	30.0	29.1	26.5	28.7	28.3
15 to 26 weeks	12.8	12.6	13.7	12.4	12.8	13.1	13.1	13.1	12.2	11.9	11.1	12.8	12.6
27 weeks and over	20.2	19.9	19.4	19.8	18.6	17.6	17.7	17.2	17.7	17.2	15.4	15.9	15.8

# A-41. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

Daniel Company					19	84				İ		1985	
Reasons for unemployment	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers	4,622	4,531	4,373	4,271	4,475	4,227	4,188	4,261	4,141	4,176	4,313	4,251	4,158
On layoff	1,248	1,117	1,187	1,162	1,165	1,146	1,110	1,151	1,068	1,070	1,229	1,240	1,163
Other job losers		3,414	3,186	3,109	3.310	3,081	3,078	3,110	3.073	3.106	3,084	3,011	2,995
Job leavers		792	812	809	850	833	841	829	869	858	884	865	848
Reentrants	2,208	2,301	2,184	1,989	2,111	2,294	2,254	2,150	2,161	2,218	2,244	2,233	2,341
New entrants	1,200	1,197	1,170	1,134	1,092	1,088	1,057	1,060	1,024	1,011	1,049	1,035	1,090
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION													
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	52.5	51.4	51.2	52.1	52.5	50.1	50.2	51.3	50.5	50.5	50.8	50.7	49.3
On layoff	14.2	12.7	13.9	14.2	13.7	13.6	13.3	13.9	13.0	12.9	14.5	14.8	13.8
Other job losers		38.7	37.3	37.9	38.8	36.5	36.9	37.5	37.5	37.6	36.3	35.9	35.5
Job leavers		9.0	9.5	9.9	10.0	9.9	10.1	10.0	10.6	10.4	10.4	10.3	10.0
Reentrants	25.1	26.1	25.6	24.2	24.8	27.2	27.0	25.9	26.4	26.8	26.4	26.6	27.7
New entrants	13.6	13.6	13.7	13.8	12.8	12.9	12.7	12.8	12.5	12.2	12.4	12.3	12.9
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE				:		: 		1					
Job losers	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.7	3.6
Job leavers	.7	.7	.7	7	.7	.7	.7	.7	.8	.7	.8	.8	.7
Reentrants	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0
New entrants		1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	.9	.9	.9	.9	.9	.9	.9

#### A-42. Employment status of the noninstitutional population, including Armed forces stationed in the United States, by sex, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

English work states and and		19	82			19	83			19	84		1985
Employment status and sex	ı	11	III	IV	ı	li li	111	IV	1	II	HI	IV	1
TOTAL					·								 
Noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	173,161	173,686	174,200	174,710	175,170	175,626	176,129	176,639	177,364	  177,816	178,305	178,834	179,222
Labor force'													
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>	64.2	64.4	64.4	64.4	64.2	64.3	64.6	64.4	64.5	64.8	64.8	64.8	65.2
Total employed'		101,368	101,209	100,785	100,892	101,559	103,262	104,280	105,454	106,676	107,016	107,652	108,432
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>		58.4	58.1	57.7	57.6	57.8	58.6	59.0			60.0	60.2	60.5
Resident Armed Forces		1.666	1,678	1.664	1,665	1,669	1.680	1.689	1.685	1.691	1,710	1.701	1.700
Civilian employed				99,121	99,227		101.582			104.985		105.951	106.732
Agriculture			3,393	3.457	3,412	3,397	3,426	3,287	3.321	3.371	3,305		
Nonagricultural industries		96,326	96,139	95,663	95,815	96,493	98,156			101,614			
Unemployed				11,772	11,500				8,882				
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>		9.3	9.8	10.5	10.2	10.0			7.8				
Not in labor force					62,779	62,785		62,850					62.364
140t in labor force	02,070	01,302	02,000	02,104	02,770	02,700	02,007	02,000	00,020	02,011	02,041	02,040	1 02,004
Men				i			! !	! 	İ	ļ Ī			i i
Noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>	82.678	82.926	83,167	83,435	83,720	83,934	84,178	84,424	84,812	85,026	85,263	85,523	! ⊩85.695
Labor force'					64,062	64,448		64.813			65,453		
Percent of population?			77.0	1 '	76.5	76.8	1 '		1 '	76.8	76.8	76.8	
Total employed'			57,637		57,354	57,828		59,333					
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>		69.9	69.3	68.8	68.5	68.9		70.3		71.2		71.5	
Resident Armed Forces		1,527		1,523	1,529			1,538	1,541	1,546	1.562	1.553	
Civilian employed		56,451	56,099	55,858	55,825		57,187	57,795		58,996	59,242		
Unemployed	1 '		6,410	6,912	6,708			5,480			4,649		
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>					10.5					7.3		6.9	
Not in labor force			19,120						,				
Women		10,007		10,1.2	10,000	10,100	,	.0,5	,	10,1 12	10,010 	10,5	10,011
women				: 		 	į	Ì		}	<u> </u> 		ļ
Noninstitutional population	90,482	90,759	91,033	91,274	91,450	91,693	j 91,952	92,215	92,552	92,790	93,043	93,311	93,527
Labor force'	47,368	47,814	48,147	48,264	48,329	48,393	48,878	48,976	49,269	49,921	50,011	50,209	51,004
Percent of population <sup>2</sup>	52.4	52.7	52.9	52.9	52.8	52.8	53.2	53.1	53.2	53.8	53.8	53.8	54.5
Total employed'	43,219	43,390	43,572	43,404	43,537	43,730	44,539	44,947	45,381	46,134	46,212	46,510	47,143
Employment-population ratio <sup>3</sup>		47.8	47.9		47.6	47.7	48.4	48.7					
Resident Armed Forces		138	140	1			144	151	144	_	1		
Civilian employed			43,432	1		43,589							1
Unemployed		4,425	4,574			,		4,029			3.799		
Unemployment rate <sup>4</sup>		9.3	9.5		9.9								
Not in labor force			42.886			43.300							
		i,040	.2,000	10,010	10,12	10,000	10,014	,200	10,200	12,000	10,002	10,102	1

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

Armed Forces).

NOTE: The population and Armed Forces figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in tables A-42 through A-51 will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Labor force as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

Total employment as a percent of the noninstitutional population.

Unemployment as a percent of the labor force (including the resident

# A-43. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		198	32			19	83			19	84		1985
sex, and age	1	11	111	IV	ı	11	111	IV	1	н	101	IV.	ı
TOTAL													
· ·		172,020											
Civilian labor force		110,118									113,754		115,15
Percent of population		64.0	64.1	64.1	63.8	63.9	64.2	64.1	64.1	64.5	64.4	64.5	64.
Employed			99,531	99,121	99,227					104,985			
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		58.0	57.7	57.3	57.2	57.4	58.2	58.6	59.1	59.6	59.6	59.8	60.
Unemployed	9,670	10,416	10,984	11,772	11,500	11,282	10,470	9,509	8,882	8,529	8,447	8,233	8,42
Unemployment rate	8.8	9.5	9.9	10.6	10.4	10.1	9.3	8.5	7.9	7.5	7.4	7.2	7.
Men, 20 years and over				 					i !	 			
Civilian noninstitutional population1	73,205		73,775								76,356	76,660	76,83
Civilian labor force			58,125		,			59,048	,	,	59,798	60,013	60,08
Percent of population		78.9	78.8	78.7	78.2	78.5	78.6	78.4	78.3		78.3	78.3	78.
Employed			52,810		52,550		53,867	54,457	55,199		55,952	56,274	56,31
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>			71.6		70.6	71.0	71.8	72.3	72.8		73.3	1	
Agriculture			2,423	2,444	2,426		2,476	2,367	2,383	, -,	2,421	2,421	2,36
Nonagricultural industries			50,388		50,124	50,605		52,090			53,531	53,854	
Unemployed		4,903	5,315			5,578	5,110	4,592			3,846	_, _,	
Unemployment rate			9.1	9.9	9.7	9.5	8.7	7.8	7.0		6.4	6.2	
Not in labor force	15,606	15,535	15,650	15,749	16,236	16,086	16,041	16,277	16,434	16,503	16,558	16,647	16,74
Women, 20 years and over		}		}		<u> </u>  -	İ	l i	[ [				
Civilian noninstitutional population1					1 '			84,554					
Civilian labor force						44,371	44,850				46,058	46,335	
Percent of population			52.9					53.3					
Employed			40,273		40,332								
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>			48.5					i					
Agriculture			598	,						1		581	
Nonagricultural industries							40,719						
Unemployed													
Unemployment rate			8.3										1 7.
Not in labor force	39,208	39,090	39,100	39,246	39,317	39,529	39,377	39,520	39,687	39,349	39,528	39,560	39,14
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years			! }	1		i 	}	}	1				
Civilian noninstitutional population'	1 '												
Civilian labor force			8,453	, -,						_,		1 '	1 '
Percent of population			53.8			1		1	1	1		(	1
Employed			6,448	.,	, -			1 '	, , ,	1			
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>			,										
Agriculture							i	1		:			
Nonagricultural industries			6,076					1	,			.,	
Unemployed													
Unemployment rate								,					,
Not in labor force	. 7.258	7,277	7.256	3 <sup>1</sup> 7.159	7.226	7.170	6.980	1 7.053	6.909	6,759	6,755	6.740	6.47

 $^{\rm 1}$  The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.  $^{\rm 2}$  Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

population.

A-44. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, race, sex, age, and		19	B2 			19	83			19	84		1985
Hispanic origin	ı	li	III	ı IV	ı	=	Ξ	IV	1	=	III	IV	ı
WHITE													
Civilian noninstitutional population <sup>1</sup>													
Civilian labor force		96,214	96,358	96,567 64.4	96,231 64.1	96,688	97,424	97,620	98,096	98,619			
Percent of population		64.4 88,159	64.4 87,869	87,460		64.2	64.5 89,526	64.5 90,467	64.5	64.8	64.6	64.7	65
Employed		59.0	58.7	58.3	87,422	88,126 58.5	59.3	59.8	91,437	92,233			
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	7,447	8,055	8,488	9,107	58.2 8,809		7,898	7,153	60.1 6,659	60.6 6,387	60.5 6,253	60.7	61
Unemployed Unemployment rate	7.8	8.4	8.8	9.4	9.2		8.1	7,133	6.8	6.5	6.4	6,129 6.2	
Men, 20 years and over													ļ
Civilian labor force	50,950	51,239	51,318	51,418	51,215	51,654	51,889	52,004	52,292	52,433	52,426	52,596	   52,76
Percent of population	79.2	79.4	79.2	79.2	78.6	78.8	79.0	78.9	78.7	78.8	78.6	78.7	78
Employed	47,459	47,377	47,116	46,890	46,798	47,305	47,913	48,441	49,102	49,448	49,537	49,751	49,90
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	73.8	73.4	72.7	72.2	71.8	72.2	72.9	73.5	73.9	74.3	74.3	74.5	74.
Unemployed	3,491	3,862	4,203	4,528	4,417	4,349	3,976	3,563	3,190	2,985	2,890	2,846	2,86
Unemployment rate	6.9	7.5	8.2	8.8	8.6	8.4	7.7	6.9	6.1	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.
Women, 20 years and over							] [		i i	! 	 	! { 	1
Civilian labor force	36,983	37,381	37,608	37,732	37,730	37,857	38,320	38,546	38,721	39,163	39,142	39,314	39,95
Percent of population		52.2	52.4	52.4	52.2		52.7	52.8		53.3			
Employed	34,520	34,715	34,860	34,735	34,830	35,096	35,769	36,190	36,426	36,892	36,866	37,100	37,64
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		48.5	48.6	48.2	48.2	48.4	49.2	49.6	49.6	50.2			50.
Unemployed	2,463	2,667	2,748	2,997	2,900	2,761	2,551	2,357	2,295	2,271	2,276	2,214	2,31
Unemployment rate	6.7	7.1	7.3	7.9	7.7	7.3	6.7	6.1	5.9	5.8	j 5.8	5.6	5.
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years							ļ !	,   	<u> </u>  -	!	ļ	i ì	;
Civilian labor force		7,594	7,432		7,286		7,214						
Percent of population	1	57.8	57.1	57.4	56.8	56.5	57.5	:		57.7	56.8	56.9	58
Employed		6,067	5,894	5,836		5,725	5,844			5,893			
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		46.2	45.3		45.2		46.6			i			
Unemployed		1,527	1,538		1,492		1,371						
Unemployment rate		20.1	20.7	21.3	20.5		19.0						1
Men		ı	22.3		,		19.9				i		
Women	18.4	18.5	19.0	20.0	18.9	19.6	18.0	¦ 16.6 ⊦	ı 15.8 !	15.4	14.6	i 14.9	i 14
BLACK						 	ļ ļ	, 	l !	! 	[ 	;	1
Civilian noninstitutional population'			18,628		(		18,968		1				19,54
Civilian labor force			11,363										1 '
Percent of population		60.6		1	61.6		61.8		!	ı	1		
Employed		9,161	9,192		9,219		9,460		1	, .		10,409	
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		49.4	49.3	!									
Unemployed Unemployment rate		2,070 18.4	2,171 19.1		2,359 20.4		2,255 19.3						
Men, 20 years and over						i i	<u> </u> 	!	i !	ļ 1	i	(	<i>i</i>
Civilian labor force	5,307	5,337	   5,372	5,468	5,462	!   5.526	5,581	J 5.548	: : 5.649	5,638	: 5,708	5,743	5, 5,70
Percent of population	1 '				74.9		.,						
Employed			•		4,398		4,589						
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>													
Unemployed			962		1,065								
Unemployment rate		16.8						;					
Women, 20 years and over			l İ		 		ļ	į I	! i	! }	i		
Civilian labor force	5,078	5,108	5,167	5,208	5,320	5,288	5,322	, 5,298	' 5,376	! 5,484	: 5,551	5,669	5,68
Percent of population	56.0	56.0	56.3	56.5									
Employed		4,328		4,349	1		i						
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		47.5			47.4		•			i '			
				1					766				
Unemployed	. 726	,,,,,		, 000							743		

See footnotes at end of table.

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

#### A-44. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin, seasonally adjusted-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status,		198	2	í 1		198	33	İ		198	34		1985
race, sex, age, and Hispanic origin	1	n ;	m ;	IV	1	u į	tii l	IV	ŀ	11	101 j	IV	1
BLACK—Continued Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	i !	:	i   !	 	ļ !	İ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	    		      	1	1	
Civilian labor force	850	786	824	832	796 i	837	813	786	791	820	844	851	908
Percent of population	37.6	34.8	36.7	37.1	35.4	37.5	36.6	35.7	36.2	37.8	39.2	39.8	41.8
Employed	469	3931	421	429	429	420	405	411	428	477	491 <sup>i</sup>	501 <sub>1</sub>	523
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>	20.7	17.4	18.8	19.1	19.11	18.8	18.2	18.7	19.6	22.0	22.8	23.4	24.1
Unemployed	381	3931	403	403	367	417	408	375	363	343	3531	350	385
Unemployment rate	44.8	50.0 <sup>1</sup>	48.9	48.4	46.11	49.8	50.2	47.7	45.9	41.9	41.8	41.1	42.4
Men	44.0	51.7	48.8	50.9	46.8	51.5	51.9	44.6 <sup>1</sup>	45.6	40.91	41.3	43.2	42.5
Women	45.9	47.9	48.9	45.6	45.2	48.0	48.3	51.2	46.2	43.0	42.5	38.81	42.3
HISPANIC ORIGIN	! 	i (		1	; !	ļ		!	Ì	 	i	!	
Civilian noninstitutional population'	10,280	10,376	10,470	10,563	10,657	10,750	10,841	10,933	11.026	11.118	11.209	11.301	11.394
Civilian labor force		6,640	6,619	6,719		6,850	6,939	6,995	7.079	7,183	7,305	7,417	7,317
Percent of population		64.0	63.2	63.6		63.7	64.0	64.01	64.2		65.2	65.6	64.2
Employed		5,747		5,685		5,872	6,050	6,149		6.405	6,532	6.636 <sup>1</sup>	6,574
Employment-population ratio <sup>2</sup>		55.4		•	53.4	54.6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	56.2	57.1	1	58.3	58.7	
Unemployed		893	958	1,033		978		846	780	1	773	781	
Unemployment rate		13.4	:			14.3	,	12.1	11.0		10.6		

The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation.

population.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented

and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data for persons of Hispanic origin for 1984 and earlier years have been revised to reflect new population estimates and are not comparable to previously published data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional

# A-45. Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Numbers in thousands)

Full- and part-time status,	1	198	32	i		198	83	!		198	34	i	1985
sex and age	1	11	111	IV	ı		111	IV	,   	11	JH I	IV	1
FULL TIME			<del>-</del>						i	i	1		
Total:		ļ	!	ļ	!	!		i	į		í	!	
Civilian labor force		94,106	94,503	95,087	94,993	95,501	96,049		96,832	97,529		98,335	
Employed'	.   85,565	85,359	85,220	85,010	85,172	85,982	87,177	88,283	89,447	90,541	90,791	91,498	91,927
Unemployed	8,057	8,747	9,283	10,077	9,821	9,520	8,872	7,973	7,385	6,988	6,958	6,837	6,913
Unemployment rate	. 8.6	9.3	9.8	10.6	10.3	10.0	9.2	8.3	7.6	7.2	7.1 i	7.0	7.0
Men, 20 years and over:	j	J I		!	(	!	İ	·	į	!	1		
Civilian labor force	54,599	54,948	55,043	55,346	55,048			55,924			56,724		56,886
Employed'	, 50,380	50,311	49,998	49,807	49,685	50,308	51,005	51,583	52,346	52,856	53,114	53,347	53,344
Unemployed	⊧ 4,219¦	4,637	5,045	5,539	5,362	5,280	4,835	4,341		3,668	3,610	3,4981	3,542
Unemployment rate	7.7	8.4	9.2	10.0	9.7	9.5	8.7	7.8	6.9	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.2
Women, 20 years and over:	1	. !		į	-	!	i	!	;	i	;		
Civilian labor force						35,632		36,162					37,880
Employed'	31,727	31,850	32,055		32,282	32,474						34,946	35,315
Unemployed		2,972	3,062	3,360	3,331	3,158			2,626		2,562	2,500	
Unemployment rate	7.9	8.5	8.7	9.5	9.4	8.9	8.3	7.5	7.2	6.9	6.9	6.7	6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:				1	i		;	1	1				
Civilian labor force		4,336		4,420	4,332	4,281	4,204		4,098		3,918		4,073
Employed'	: 3,458	3,198	3,167		3,205	3,200	3,140			3,256	3,132		3,268
Unemployed	1,117	1,138	1,176	1,178	1,128	1,081	1,064	927	854	783	786	839	805
Unemployment rate	24.4	26.2	27.1	26.7	26.0	25.3	25.3	22.2	20.8	19.4	20.1.	20.8	19.8
PART TIME		! , !	!	1			•						
Total:	1		:	:	!								
Civilian labor force	: 15,787	16,014	16,020	15,848	15,717	15,645	16,008	15,891	15,846	15,952;	15,954	15,883	16,326
Employed'	! 14,187	14,370	14,299	14,118	14,053	13,919	14,389	14,336	14,363	14,430	14,441	14,480	14.826
Unemployed	1,600	1,643	1,722	1,730	1,663	1,726	1,619	1,556	1,483	1,522	1,513	1,403	1,501
Unemployment rate				10.9	10.6	11.0	10.1	9.8	9.4	9.5	9.5	8.8	9.2
Men, 20 years and over:	1	!	!	i 1									
Civilian labor force	2,965	3,027	3,099	3,030	3,103	3,055	3,146	3,130	3,085	3,074	3,053	3,163	3,170
Employed	2,719	2,777	2,827	2,756	2,823	2,778	2,870	2,866	2,837	2,815	2,816	2,917	2,944
Unemployed	246	250	271	275	280	276	276	264	248	259	237	245	226
Unemployment rate	8.3	8.3	8.8	9.1	9.0	9.0	8.8	8.4	8.0	8.4.	7.8	7.8	7.1
Women, 20 years and over:			!										
Civilian labor force	8,737	8,756	8,833	8,776	8,693	8,699	8,857	8,867	8,830	8,921	8,942	8,891	9,117
Employed	,							8,302	8,302				
Unemployed								565	528		582		
Unemployment rate									6.0	6.1		6.2	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:	•	,		'									
Civilian labor force	4,086	4,230	4,089	4,041	3,921	3,891	4,005	3,894	3,930	3,957	3,959	3,830	4,039
Employed		,							3,223	3,237	3,265		
Unemployed								726	707	720	694	610	
Unemployment rate		19.2	20.3	21.1	19.7	21.4	19.5		18.0	18.2	17.5	15.9	

Persons on part-time schedules for economic reasons are included in the full-time employed category; unemployed persons are allocated by

whether seeking full- or part-time work.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

# A-46. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

		198	32			19	83			19	84		1985
Category	ı		111	١٧	1	11	H	IV	1	11	111	IV	
CHARACTERISTIC	į		1	İ	-	!		į					
	t		:		i		!						l
	00.750	00.700	00.504	00.404	00.007	00.000	101 500	100 501	100 760	104 005	105,306	105.054	100 70
otal		99,702											
Married men, spouse present										39,044		39,278	
Married women, spouse present		24,131									25,735		
Women who maintain families	5,116	5,069	5,153	5,059	5,065	4,964	5,078	5,257	5,383	5,570	5,517	5,390	5,58
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF					!						;		
WORKER				;	:				!	-	:		
	,			1	;					İ			İ
Agriculture:				;					i			1	į
Wage and salary workers	1,425.	1,463	1,523	1,600.	1,602 <sup>i</sup>	1,573	1,619	1,510	1,512	1,595	1,512	1,612	! 1.6
Self-employed workers		1,663	1,615	1,625	1,574	1,587							
Unpaid family workers		259	250	231	247	235	242		225				, , ,
Nonagricultural industries:	020	200	250	201	247	200		204			200		1
Wage and salary workers	00 012	88,654	99 449	97 025	87 080	99 669	90,164	01 107	02 211	93,511	93.863	94.527	95.3
Government				15,495	15,453							15,880	1,-
Private industries			72,904		72,527								
			1,207		1,223		1,282	1,244				1,233	
Private households Other industries		1,193		71.232	71.304	71,915							
			71,697										
Self-employed workers		7,281	7,353	7,343	7,413	7,488				. ,	7,768	7,766	
Unpaid family workers	420	409	398	371	359	354	362	428	341	337	319	343	3
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME				:	· . :			İ	!	i	l :	I	
All industries:				;			•	:					]
Part time for economic reasons	5,567	6,067	6,343	6.735	6.569	6,259	6,217	6.017	5,834	5,738	5,677	5,716	5,5
Slack work			3,397	3,470	3,142	2.856	- ,-						
Could only find part-time work		2,443	2,679	2.926									, .
Voluntary part time				12,833			13,098					, -	
• •					:					: 	:	1	i i
Nonagricultural industries:			0.000	0.00-									. ے
Part time for economic reasons			6,006								1 '		
Slack work		3,120	3,170	3,261	3,002	2,690		2,412					
Could only find part-time work		2,357	2,581	2,807									
Voluntary part time	12,360	12,637	12,514	12,341	12,290	12,208	12,551	12,603	12,588	12,781	12,734	12,709	13,0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute.

# A-47. Employed civilians by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Control		198	32	,	·	19	83	_		19	84		1985
Sex and age	1	В	151	١٧	1	n	111	IV	1	11	111	IV	
Total, 16 years and over	99,753	99,702	99,531	99,121	99,227	99,889	101,582	102,591	103,768	104,985	105,306	105,951	106,732
16 to 24 years	20,586	20,354	20,075	19,947	19,864	19,844	20,245	20,282	20,553	20,799	20,577	20,680	20,702
16 to 19 years	6,745	6,597 ·	6,448	6,409	6,344	6,258	6,386	6,371	6,452	6,510	6,426	6,392	6,620
16 to 17 years	2,661	2,547	2,412	2,401	2,364	2,284	2,318	2,316	2,352	2,426	2,415	2,422	2.564
18 to 19 years	4,079:	4,059	4,043	3,994	3,978	3,982	4,069	4,058	4,110	4,090	3,989	3,970	4,059
20 to 24 years	13,841	13,757	13,627	13,538	13,519	13,586	13,860	13,912	14,101	14,288	14,151	14,288	14.081
25 years and over	79,156	79,371	79,465	79,157	79,353	80,068	81,338	82,291	83,202	84,212	84,737	85,253	86.021
25 to 54 years	64,869	64,956	65,066	64,909	65,156	65,924	67.069	67,940	68.957	69.965	70.507	71.053	71,707
55 years and over											14,224	14,195	14,318
Men, 16 years and over	56,671	56,451	56,099	55,858	55,825	56,301	57,187	57,795	58,531	58,996	59,242	59,589	59,737
16 to 24 years	10,856	10,619	10,443	10,392	10,349	10.410	10,641	10.706	10.851	10,999	10,820	10,912	10.801
16 to 19 years	3,544	3,396	3,289	3,287	3,275	3,253			3,332		3,290		
16 to 17 years	1,405	1,350	1,232	1,242	1,243.	1,189	1,213	1.208			1.232	1.264	1.324
18 to 19 years	2,128	2,054	2.069	2.036	2.027	2.071	2.112	2,134	2,103	2,115			
20 to 24 years		7,223	7,154	7,104	7,074	7.157	-, -				7,530	7,597	7.379
25 years and over	45,801		45,657	45,446				47,070				48.659	
25 to 54 years		37,237	37,107	36,978	37,038							40.303	
55 years and over			8,550	8,469			8,479				8,398	8,356	8,466
Women, 16 years and over	43,082	43,252	43,432	43,263	43,401	43,589	44,395	44,796	45,237	45,989	46,064	46,363	: 46,995
16 to 24 years	9,730	9,735	9,632	9,555	9,514	9,434	9,604	9,576	9,702	9,800	9,756	9,769	9.900
16 to 19 years		3,201	3,159	3,122	3,069	3,005	3,066	3.032		3,152			3,198
16 to 17 years		1,197	1,180	1,159	1,120	1,095	1,104	1,109			1,183		
18 to 19 years		2,004	1,974	1,958	1,951	1,911				1,976			
20 to 24 years		6.534	6,473	6,433		6,429	6,539			6,648		6,691	
25 years and over			33,807	33,711	33,888	34,143							, .
25 to 54 years				27,931		28,410		29,369		30,314		30.750	
55 years and over			5,852			5,727					5.826		
,	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,		- 7. 5 .	-,	-,	1	,• ,,	1	1 2,000	1,020	-,000	. 5,55

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

# A-48. Unemployed persons by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

		198	82			19	83			198	14		1985
Sex and age	ı	II į	III	IV	ı	11	111	IV	1	11	111	īv	1
Total, 16 years and over	9,670	10,416	10,984	11,772	11,500	11,282	10,470	9,509	8,882	8,529	8,447	8,233	8,426
16 to 24 years	4,147	4,298	4,433	4,618	4,449	4,352	4,091	3,714	3,472	3,366	3,302	3,201	3,256
16 to 19 years	1,920	1,951	2,006	2,027	1,907	1,917	1,839	1,647	1,570	1,508	1,472	1,444	1,503
16 to 17 years	798	816	841	869	773	798	749	689	677	643	640	621	669
18 to 19 years	1,125	1,135	1,153	1,167	1,137	1,118	1,074	971	895	864	817	838	837
20 to 24 years	2,227	2,347	2,427	2,592	2,543	2,435	2,252	2,067	1,902	1,858	1,829	1,756	1,753
25 years and over	5,528	6,135	6,544	7,148	7,048	6,954	6,375	5,789	5,404	5,182	5,142	5,024	5,166
25 to 54 years	4,863	5,355	5,792	6,311	6,220	6,094	5,637	5,067	4,727	4,493	4,503	4,375	4,556
55 years and over	663	750	787	834	824	824	774	731	669	659	667	655	603
Men, 16 years and over	5,522	5,991	6,410	6,912	6,708	6,620	6,131	5,480	4,993	4,742	4,649	4,535	4,565
16 to 24 years	2,362	2,458	2,527	2,660	2,537	2,494	2,350	2,080	1,902	1,844	1,829	1,755	1,762
16 to 19 years	1,050	1,088	1,095	1,126	1,060	1,042	1,021	889	840	808	803	796	798
16 to 17 years	448	461	469	495	425	429	413	365	358	361	346	325	359
18 to 19 years	603	631	618	633	636	618	597	528	482	451	447	476	440
20 to 24 years	1,312	1.370	1,432	1,534	1,477	1,452	1,329	1,192	1,062	1,036	1,026	959	964
25 years and over	3,159	3,536	3,885	4,259	4,161	4,127	3,787	3,406	3,079	2,900	2,826	2.785	2,793
25 to 54 years	2,752	3,071	3,428	3,725	3,632	3,580	3,319	2,940	2,656	2,493	2,425	2,382	2,434
55 years and over		451	477	531	523	535	487	468	416	398	413	403	35€
Women, 16 years and over	4,149	4,425	4,574	4,860	4,792	4,662	4,339	4,029	3,888	3,787	3,799	3,699	3,861
16 to 24 years	1,785	1,839	1,906	1,958	1,913	1,857	1,742	1,634	1,570	1,522	1,473	1,445	1,494
16 to 19 years		863	911	901	847	875	819	759	730	700	669	648	70
16 to 17 years	350	355	372	374	348	369	336	324	319	282	295	296	310
18 to 19 years	522	504	535	534	501	500	477	443	413	412	370	362	397
20 to 24 years	915	977	995		1,066	982	923	875	840	822	803	797	789
25 years and over	2,368	2.599	2.658	.,	2.887	2.827	2,589	2.382	2.325	2.282	2.316	2,239	2.373
25 to 54 years	2,111	2,283	2,364	2,586		2,514	2,318	2,127	2,071	1,999	2,079	1,993	2,12
55 years and over	262	299	309	302	301	290	288	263	253	261	255	252	247

# A-49. Unemployment rates by sex and age, seasonally adjusted

(Civilian workers)

		19	82			19	83			19	84		1985
Sex and age	t ·	Н	111	IV	ı	11	111	IV	1	- 11	Ш	IV	1
Total, 16 years and over	8.8	9.5	9.9	10.6	10.4	10.1	9.3	8.5	7.9	7.5	7.4	7.2	7.3
16 to 24 years	16.8	17.4	18.1	l l 18.8	18.3	18.0	16.8	15.5	14.5	13.9	13.8	13.4	13.6
16 to 19 years	22.2	22.8	23.7	24.0	23.1	23.4	22.4	20.5	19.6	18.8	18.6	18.4	18.5
16 to 17 years	23.1	24.3	25.8	26.6	24.6	25.9	24.4	22.9	22.4	20.9	21.0	20.4	20.7
18 to 19 years	21.6	21.9	22.2	22.6	22.2	21.9	20.9	19.3	17.9	17.4	17.0	17.4	17.1
20 to 24 years	13.9	14.6	15.1	16.1	15.8	15.2	14.0	12.9	11.9	11.5	11.4	10.9	11.1
25 years and over	6.5	7.2	7.6	8.3	8.2	8.0	7.3	6.6	6.1	5.8	5.7	5.6	5.7
25 to 54 years	7.0	7.6	8.2	8.9	8.7	8.5	7.8	6.9	6.4	6.0	6.0	5.8	6.0
55 years and over	4.4	4.9	5.2	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.1	4.8	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.0
Men, 16 years and over	8.9	9.6	10.3	11.0	10.7	10.5	9.7	8.7	7.9	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.1
16 to 24 years	17.9	18.8	19.5	20.4	19.7	19.3	18.1	16.3	14.9	14.4	14.5	13.9	14.0
16 to 19 years	22.9	24.3	25.0	25.5	24.4	24.3	23.5	21.0	20.1	19.4	19.6	19.4	18.9
16 to 17 years	24.2	25.5	27.6	28.5	25.5	26.5	25.4	23.2	22.6	22.5	21.9	20.5	21.3
18 to 19 years		23.5	23.0	23.7	23.9	23.0	22.0	19.8	18.6	17.6	17.9	18.8	17.4
20 to 24 years		15.9	16.7	17.8	17.3	16.9	15.4	13.9	12.4	11.9	12.0	11.2	11.6
25 years and over		7.2	7.8	8.6	8.4	8.2	7.5	6.7	6.1	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.4
25 to 54 years		7.6	8.5	9.2	8.9	8.7	8.0	7.1	6.3	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.7
55 years and over	4.5	5.0	5.3	5.9	5.8	6.0	5.4	5.2	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.6	4.0
Women, 16 years and over	8.8	i <b>9</b> .3	9.5	10.1	9.9	9.7	8.9	8.3	7.9	7.6	7.6	7.4	7.6
16 to 24 years	15.5	15.9	16.5	17.0	   16.7	16.4	15.4	14.6	≀ ∣ 13.9	13.4	/   13.1	! ! 12.9	13.1
16 to 19 years	21.4	21.2	22.4	22.4	21.6	22.6	21.1	20.0	19.0	18.2	17.6	17.4	18.1
16 to 17 years	21.8	22.9	24.0	24.4	23.7	25.2	23.3	22.6	22.1	19.3	19.9	20.3	20.0
18 to 19 years	21.1	20.1	21.3	21.4	20.4	20.8	19.6	18.7	17.1	17.3	16.0	15.9	16.8
20 to 24 years	12.3	13.0	13.3	14.1	14.2	13.3	12.4	11.8	11.3	11.0	10.8	10.6	10.5
25 years and over	6.6	7.2	7.3	7.9	7.9	7.6	6.9	6.3	6.1	5.9	6.0	5.8	6.0
25 to 54 years		7.6	7.8	8.5	8.4	8.1	7.4	6.8	6.5	6.2	6.4	6.1	6.4
55 years and over		4.9	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.1

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

## A-50. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

(Unemployment rates)

0.1		19	82			19	83			19	84		1985
Category		11	111	IV	-	11	≡	IV		И	111	IV	
CHARACTERISTIC													1
Total (all civilian workers)	8.8	9.5	9.9	10.6	10.4	10.1	9.3	8.5	7.9	7.5	7.4	7.2	7.3
Men, 20 years and over		8.5	9.1	9.9	9.7	9.5	8.7	7.8	7.0	6.6	6.4	6.2	6.3
Women, 20 years and over	7.6	8.2	8.3	9.0	8.9	8.5	7.8	7.3	7.0	6.7	6.8	6.6	6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	22.2	22.8	23.7	24.0	23.1	23.4	22.4	20.5	19.6	18.8	18.6	18.4	18.5
White	7.8	8.4	8.8	9.4	9.2	8.9	8.1	7.3	6.8	6.5	6.4	6.2	6.3
Black and other	16.1	17.0	17.6	18.7	18.6	18.7	17.5	16.3	15.3	14.4	14.3	13.7	14.0
Black	17.6	18.4	19.1	20.5	20.4	20.5	19.3	17.8	16.7	16.0	15.8	15.1	15.5
Hispanic origin	12.0	13.4	14.5	15.4	15.4	14.3	12.8	12.1	11.0	10.8	10.6	10.5	10.1
Married men, spouse present	5.5	6.2	6.9	7.5	7.2	6.9	6.1	5.5	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4
Married women, spouse present		7.4	7.3	8.1	7.7	7.6	6.8	6.2	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.5	5.7
Women who maintain families	10.5	11.8	12.2	12.4	13.1	12.9	12.0	10.8	10.8	10.1	10.1	10.3	10.4
Full-time workers	8.6	9.3	9.8	10.6	10.3	10.0	9.2	8.3	7.6	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.0
Part-time workers		10.3	10.7	10.9	10.6	11.0	10.1	9.8	9.4	9.5	9.5	8.8	9.2
Unemployed 15 weeks and over	2.5	3.0	3.4	4.0	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.1	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.1	1 2.0
Labor force time lost <sup>2</sup>	10.0	10.6	11.2	12.1	11.8	11.4	10.6	9.7	9.0	8.6	8.5	8.3	8.2
INDUSTRY		į ! 1			}		1	)   	i   		 	}	 
Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers	9.1	9.9	10.4	11.2	10.8	10.4	9.6	8.6	7.8	7.4	7.4	7.2	7.2
Mining	8.7	11.8	16.5	18.2	18.5	19.8	16.2	12.4	11.3	8.7	8.9	11.0	10.7
Construction	18.5	19.1	20.8	22.1	20.2	19.4	17.9	15.9	14.6	14.6	14.2	13.9	13.4
Manufacturing		11.8	12.8	14.2	13.1	12.2	10.6	8.9	7.8	7.4	7.4	7.2	7.6
Durable goods	11.0	12.5	13.9	16.1	14.5	13.2	11.3	9.1	7.7	7.2	6.9	7.0	7.3
Nondurable goods	9.9	10.7	11.2	11.4	11.0	10.7	9.6	8.5	8.0	7.6	8.2	7.5	8.1
Transportation and public utilities		6.8	6.8	7.9	8.1	7.7	7.2	6.7	5.5	5.5	5.9	5.2	5.0
Wholesale and retail trade		10.1	10.1	10.6	10.9	10.3	9.7	9.2	8.3	8.0	7.8	7.6	7.6
Finance and service industries	6.4	6.9	6.9	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.2	6.7	6.3	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8
Agricultural wage and salary workers	14.1	15.9	14.5	14.8	15.9	17.1	15.5	15.7	14.6	12.9	14.1	12.3	13.8

NOTE: Data for persons of Hispanic origin for 1984 and earlier years have been revised to reflect new population estimates and are not comparable to previously published data.

# A-51. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

Waste of carries		19	82			19	83			19	84	1	1985
Weeks of unemployment	1	11	Ш	IV	l.	н	IN	IV	ı	11	111	IV	1
DURATION													
Less than 5 weeks	3,880	3,835	3,924	3,901	3,639	3,616	3,605	3,391	3,345	3,304	3,412 i	3,343	3,592
5 to 14 weeks	3,099	3,327	3,383	3,462	3,208	3,032	2,869	2,625	2,508	2,409	2,463	2,415	2,500
15 weeks and over	2,709	3,265	3,731	4,443	4,628	4,454	4,117	3,510	3,032	2,768	2,633	2,443	2,353
15 to 26 weeks	1,442	1,623	1,827	2,053	1,932	1,673	1,587	1,328	1,163	1,096	1,103	1,018	1.027
27 weeks and over	1,267	1,642	1,904	2,390	2,696	2,781	2,531	2,182	1,870	1,673	1,529	1,425	1,326
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	13.8	15.0	16.1	17.6	19.2	20.1	20.6	20.0	19.3	18,4	17.6	17.1	15.7
Median duration, in weeks	7.4	8.6	9.0	10.1	10.5	11.2	9.7	9.3	8.6	8.0	7.6	7.3	7.0
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION				i 1 1									i 1 1
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks		36.8	35.5	33.0	31.7	32.6	34.0	35.6	37.6	39.0	40.1	40.8	42.5
5 to 14 weeks		31.9	30.6	29.3	28.0	27.3	27.1	27.6	28.2	28.4	28.9	29.5	29.6
15 weeks and over		31.3	33.8	37.6	40.3	40.1	38.9	36.9	34.1	32.6	30.9	29.8	27.9
15 to 26 weeks		15.6	16.6	17.4	16.8	15.1	15.0	13.9	13.1	12.9	13.0	12.4	12.2
27 weeks and over	13.1	15.8	17.2	20.2	23.5	25.0	23.9	22.9	21.0	19.7	18.0	17.4	15.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unemployment as a percent of the civilian labor force.
<sup>2</sup> Aggregate hours lost by the unemployed and persons on part time for economic reasons as a percent of potentially available labor force hours.

# A-52. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted

Secretary to a secretary and		19	82			19	83			19	84		1985
Reasons for unemployment	ı	=	101	IV	ı	=	10)	≥ .	1	11	111	IV	ı
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED													
Job losers	5,418	6,022	6,547	7,250	6,848	6,721	6,083	5,254	4,730	4,392	4,297	4,193	4,241
On layoff	1,869	2,018	2,286	2,432	2,087	1,924	1,634	1,339	1,259	1,155	1,140	1,096	1,211
Other job losers	3,549	4,004	4,261	4,818	4,761	4,797	4,449	3,915	3,471	3,236	3,156	3,096	3,030
Job leavers	885	877	811	792	859	815	795	851	791	804	841	852	866
Reentrants	2,222	2,393	2,442	2,491	2,515	2,450	2,410	2,264	2,193	2,158	2,220	2,176	2,273
New entrants	1,092	1,102	1,264	1,282	1,190	1,294	1,225	1,154	1,162	1,167	1,079	1,032	1,058
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION				i					·  - 			,	!   
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Job losers	56.3	57.9	59.2	61.4	60.0	59.6	57.9	55.2	53.3	51.5	50.9	50.8	50.3
On layoff	19.4	19.4	20.7	20.6	18.3	17.1	15.5	14.1	14.2	13.6	13.5	13.3	14.3
Other job losers	36.9	38.5	38.5	40.8	41.7	42.5	42.3	41.1	39.1	38.0	37.4	37.5	35.9
Job leavers	9.2	8.4	7.3	6.7	7.5	7.2	7.6	8.9	8.9	9.4	10.0	10.3	10.3
Reentrants	23.1	23.0	22.1	21.1	22.0	21.7	22.9	23.8	24.7	25.3	26.3	26.4	26.9
New entrants	11.4	10.6	11.4	10.9	10.4	11.5	11.7	12.1	13.1	13.7	12.8	12.5	12.5
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE										i	!	 	[ , , , ,
Job losers	5.0	5.5	5.9	6.5	6.2	6.0	5.4	4.7	4.2	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.7
Job leavers		.8	.7	.7	.8	.7	.7	.8	.7	.7	.7	.7	.8
Reentrants	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0
New entrants	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	.9	.9	.9

# HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-53. Persons not in the labor force by reason, sex, and race, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

Reason, sex, and race		198	32 			190	83 			198	34 		198
		li	III :	IV	- 1		111	IV	1		<del> </del>	IV	ا 
TOTAL	ļ	i	1	:   	į	į	į į	İ			ļ	}	
otal not in labor force	62,073	61,902	62,006	62,154	62,779	62,785	62,397	62,850	63,029	62,611	62,841	62,948	62,3
Do not want a job now	55,927	55,774	55,429	55,357	55,996	56,051	55,681	56,565	56,809	56,534	57,103	56,799	56,8
Current activity: Going to school	6,318	6,887	6,314	6,467	6,562	6,470	6,361	6,584	6,646	6,456	6,893	6,393	6,2
III, disabled		3,989	4.056	4,023	3,970	4,003		3,856	4,088	4,072	4,033	3,786	4,1
Keeping house		28,374		28,113		28,362		28,501					
Retired		12,173			12,963		12,959	13,178				14,313	
Other activity	4,591	4,351	4,230		4,225	4,238	4,239	4,446	4,244	4,384	4,518	4,397	4,
Want a job nowReason not looking:	6,229	6,585	6,569	6,893	6,513	6,506	6,709	6,276	6,242	5,956	5,936	6,140	5,
School attendance	1,660	1,719	1,717	1,852	1,669	1,500	1,776	1,534	1,555	1,608	1,509	1,483	1,
Ill health, disability		780	753	730	696	697	829	833	732			847	١,
Home responsibilities		1,466	1,366	1,386	1,383	1,454	1,432	1,381	1,499			1,382	1.
Think cannot get a job		1,494	1,639	1,813	1,779	1,710	1,612	1,447	1,350	1,275	1,211	1,303	1
Job-market factors		1,083	1,240	1,390	1,411	1,306		1,044	939			935	
Personal factors		411	399	423	368	404	408	404	411	348		368	
Other reasons'		1,126	1,093	1,112	986	1,144	1,060	1,080	1,107	1,060		1,126	1
Men otal not in labor force	18.959	18,957	19,120	10 142	19,658	19,485	19,324	10.611	! ! ! 19,746	10.740	10.010	40.047	10
	,							19,611	!	'	Ì	,	
Do not want a job now	! !	1					16,962	17,485	ļ	1	·		
Want a job now	2,114	2,148	2,262	2,338	2,227	2,176	2,378	2,143	2,047	2,037	1,951	2,020	1
Reason not looking:	1 005	907	011	000	000	770	1 044	000	016	700	700	704	i
School attendance		338	911 <sup>1</sup> 331 <sup>1</sup>		882 300			820 373				734	
III health, disability Think cannot get a job	1	570										402 502	
Other reasons'							1					382	
Women  Fotal not in labor force	43,114	42,945	42,886	43,010	43,121	≀ !   <b>43,30</b> 0	¦ ! 43,074	43,239	43,283	42,869	l l i <b>43,032</b>	43,102	42
Do not want a job now	39,128	38,746	38,426	38,466	38,808	! ¦ 38,813	38,719	∖ 39,080	   39,123	38,888	! 39,276	39,038	38
Want a job now	4,115	4,437	4,307	4,555	4,286	4,329	4,331	¦   4,133	4,195	3,919	। <sup>i</sup> 3,985	4,120	! ! 3
Reason not looking:	1	1					! 	1	1	1	!	i	i i
School attendance		. 1	806					1				-	1
III health, disability													
Home responsibilities													
Think cannot get a job Other reasons				1,148 728	1,068 652								
White	1	1			!		:	1	i t	I !	! !	!	! !
Total not in labor force	53,375	53,095	53,228	53,360	54,002	53,978	53,570	53,707	54,005	53,615	53,961	53,911	53
Do not want a job now	48,841	48,502	48,521	48,560	48,985	49,176	48,852	49,202	49,547	49,382	49,581	49,529	49
Want a job now	4,480	4,689	4,803	4,920	4,750	4,806	4,727	4,549	4,474	4,221	4,271	4,388	4
Reason not looking: School attendance	. 1,196	1,198	1,259	1,304	, 1,223	1,106	! 1,144	1,101	1,089	1,108	1,057	1,053	ί.
III health, disability								1 '					
Home responsibilities								I .	1				
Think cannot get a job													
Other reasons'	!								1			:	
Black	. 7045	i i 7040	! ! 7.005	7.040		7.000		7 465		1	7.00	1 7010	.1 -
Total not in labor force	1	1	1		t t	i	1	ì	1	1	1	l I	i
Do not want a job now	1	i i	ì				ļ	!	1	1		į	i
Want a job nowReason not looking:	1,599		1	1,730	:	1	3i 1,698	1,531	1,572	2 1,504	1,474	1,547	·! ·
School attendance		1		473	413	328	3¦ 477	409	409	420	355	; 374	ŀį
III health, disability													
Home responsibilities								•					
Think cannot get a job		1			•				•	•			
Other reasons'	\ 200	191	175	199	, 165	i' 230	)! 170	174	1: 249	9) 177	7i 189	9) 163	3'

<sup>&#</sup>x27; includes small number of men not looking for work because of

<sup>&</sup>quot;home responsibilities."

A-54. Persons not in the labor force by reason, sex, and age

(In thousands)

	То	al				Αç	je			
Reason and sex			16 to		20 to		25 to		60 ye	
	1984	1985	l 1984	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985	I 1984	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985
TOTAL								į		
Total not in labor force	64,272	63,702	7,708	7,285	5,111	4,803	22,092	21,600	29,362	30,014
Do not want a job now	57,823	57,651	6,266	5,908	3,903	3,760	18,862	18,570	28,794	29,414
Going to school	8,412	7,939	5,488	5,127	1,963	1,950	947	838	15	25
III, disabled		4,043	31	31	107	81	1,915	1,899	1,959	2,033
Keeping house	: · ·	27,304	364	340	1,403	1,305	13,631		12,938	12,520
Retired		14,412	-	_	_	_	365		13,179	14.054
Other activity		3,953	383	410	430	424	2,004			782
Want a job nowReason for not looking:	}	6,051	1,441	1,377	1,210	1,040	3,229	3,031		
School attendance		1,682	1,139	1,129	374	274	268	270 -		
III health, disability		730	9	16	52	67	520		149	
Home responsibilities		1,229	91	42	323	280	1,007			19
Think cannot get a job		1,317	138	99	297	226	770			
Job-market factors		915	91	73	217	145	575	593 i		
Personal factors		402	47	26	80	81	195		96	127
Other reasons'	1,044	1,092	64	91	164	193	664	646	153	162
Men					i		'			
Total not in labor force	20,532	20,717	3,743	3,538	1,756	1,702	3,898	3,966	11,134	11,511
Do not want a job now	18,329	18,688	3,000	2,860	1,381 i	1,372 !	3,090	3,214	10,859	11,243
Going to school	4,315	4,110	2,805	2,630	1,062	1,085	448	390	-	4
III, disabled	2,095	2,081 j	7	19	55	39	1,111	1,090	920	935
Keeping house		366	6	13	6	į <b>19</b>	106	127	226	208
Retired	9,485	9,815	-	_	-		309	280	9.176	9,535
Other activity	2,092	2,316	182	198	' 258 i	229	1,116	1,327	537	561
Want a job nowReason for not looking:	2,203	2,029	743	680	377	330	809	754	274	268
School attendance	962	819	632	590	183	130	141	95	5	5
III health, disability	. 357		9	8	19	44	255	210	. 75	83
Think cannot get a job		528		50	124		239	278	98	. 113
Other reasons¹	. 357	337	36	32	51	. 67	174	171	96	67
Women			· 	i	į	1				
Total not in labor force	43,740	42,985	3,964	3,747	3,354	3,101	18,193	17,634	18,227	18,502
Do not want a job now	39,494	38,963	3,265	3,050	2,522	2,387	15,772	15,355	17,934	18,171
Current activity:			0.000		i					_
Going to school		3,829	2,682	2,497	901	864	498	446	15	22
III, disabled Keeping house		1,962		13	1 207	1 41	804	810	1,039	1,097
	1	26,938	358	327	1,397	1,287	13,525	13,013	12,711	12,313
Retired Other activity		4,597 1,637	201	213	172	195	57 888	78 1,008	4,003 166	4,519 220
Want a job now	4,246	4,022	699	698	   832 	! 714 :	2,421	2,279	293	333
School attendance	. 826	863	508	539	191	146	126	177	1	2
III health, disability		385		7	33	24	265	257	74	97
Home responsibilities		1,229		: 42	323	280	1,007	888	49	19
Think cannot get a job		789	73	51	173	; 137	530	482	113	120
Timik carriot got a job										

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Includes small number of men not looking for work because of "home responsibilities."

NOTE: Detail in tables A-54 and A-55 may not add to not-in-labor-

force totals because of differences in the weighting patterns used in aggregating these data.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

A-55. Persons not in the labor force by reason, race, Hispanic origin, age, and sex

(In thousands)

	То	tal			Aç	je 		<u> </u>		Se	X	
Reason, race, and Hispanic origin		, ! !	16 to		25 to		60 ye		Me	en !	Won	nen
	1984	1985	l 1984	l 1985	l 1984 j	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985
WHITE	!	i		! !	İ		<u>_</u>		i	Ī.	i	
Total not in labor force	55,017	54,549	9,784	9,334	18,729	18,193	26,504	27,021	17,299	17,455	37,718	37,094
Do not want a job now	50,431	50,076	8,012	7,631	16,390	15,926	26,024	26,520	15,720	15,931	34,711	34,144
Current activity:	!	'		! = = =			ji	ا۔ ۔	i	1	1	
Going to school			5,834		731	639	9	26	3,380			2,978
III, disabled	3,311	3,213	101	80	1,535	1,475			1,744	1,653	1,567	1,560
Keeping house			1,467	1,349	12,150				267	254		
Retired			-		338	326	11,856	12,692	8,604			
Other activity	2,895	32,036,	610	640	1,636	1,863	650	702	1,725	1,852	1,170	1,354
Want a job nowReason for not looking:	4,585	4,472	1,770	1,702	2,338	2,267	481	502	1,578	1,524	3,008	2,949
School attendance	1,233	1,190	1,072	990	154	197	6	4	686	627	547	564
III health, disability			48	47	389		102	139	280	271	256:	
Home responsibilities			253	232		695				'	1,068	
Think cannot get a job		3	240						335 <sup>i</sup>	346		
Other reasons		1	157					151	-			
BLACK	· !	1 :		1	1	!	:	. !		: !	:	
Total not in labor force	.; 7,614	7,458	2,506	, 2,238	, 2,623	2,651	2,484	2,569	2,634	2,678	4,980	4,779
Do not want a job now	5,994	6,053	1,723	1,577	1,863	1,996	2,411	2,483	2,099	! 2,244	3,896	3,811
Current activity:	3,334	0,000	1,723	1,577	1,003	, 1,550	: 2,411:	2,403	2,099	2,244	3,090	3,011
Going to school	1,384	1,256	1,264	: 1,158	115	i 101	. 5		672	628	713	629
III, disabled			32	18	330						312	
Keeping house			245	245	1,100	ì			67			
Retired			-	1	20			-				421
Other activity			182							376	220	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		!			,		!					
Want a job now	1,619	1,403	782	661	761	656	73	85	534	433	1,084	. 967
Reason for not looking:	1				٠	;						
School attendance			375	-	88	_		2			227	272
III health, disability			14	. 38	. 120			36			109	132
Home responsibilities			149	77	205			4	:		•••	
Think cannot get a job			181		212				171			
Other reasons'	215	154	63	62	! 136	1 86	; 14	. 6	65	37	150	117
HISPANIC ORIGIN						i	1					
Total not in labor force	3,997	4,135	1,189	. 1,217	1,929	1,910	880	1,008	1,110	. 1,182	2,887	2,952
Do not want a job now	(²)	3,614	(²)	. 969	(°)	1,671	(°)	973	; (²)	1,014	(°)	2,598
Current activity:	. 14.					t						
Going to school		698	(*)	637	(2)	61	1 1		()	341	٠,	356
III, disabled	136	351	(2)	21	(2)	196	. 226	134		184	: .:	. 167
Keeping house		1,867	(2)	232	(*)	1,218		417	. ()	40	()	1,827
Retired Other activity		406 292	()	- 79	(°) (°)	' 14 ' 182		392 30	*.*	267 182		138 110
Want a job now		521	(*)	248	0	238		33	. '	168		354
Reason for not looking:	. 2.		, in		2.5				<b>,</b> 3.			
School attendance		135	• • •	116	()	19	`'		Ő	65	٠,	7
III health, disability		29	`.'	5	()	16	* .*	7	1.7	. 9	. ,	20
Home responsibilities		132	٠.,٠	44	(1)	. 88	1		<u>.                                    </u>		· ()	132
Think cannot get a job		146	`.,'	45	(2)	78		22		62		84 47
Other reasons		79		38	. 6	78 37		4		32		

Includes small number of men not looking for work because of "home responsibilities."

force data by reason are not available for 1984.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised not-in-labor-

A-56. Persons not in the labor force who desire work but think they cannot get jobs by reason, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(In thousands)

L				1st Quai	ter 1985			
Reason and sex			Α	ge	į	Race	and Hispani	ic origin
	Total	16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	25 to 59 years	60 years and over	White	Black	Hispanio origin
TOTAL		i		1				i i
Personal factors:		i		!	· .		1	i
Employers think too young or old	145	, 6	1	30	109 ¦	125	i 19	8
Lacks education or training	148	15	42	86	' 4 İ	106	28	95
Other personal handicap	109	5	38	51	14	90	20	1 4
Job-market factors:		ļ		1	! ;		!	!
Could not find work	563	49	106	355	54	358	200	72
Thinks no job available	352	24	39	238	52	248	i <b>8</b> 7	, 26
Men		1		į	! ;   ;		:	1
Personal factors:		i		!			i	í
Employers think too young or old	78	6	1	16	55	66	. 10	, 6
Lacks education or training	28	4	j 11	12	I	17	10	່ 3
Other personal handicap	28	-	i 9	16	4	25	3	! 3
Job-market factors:				j	!			
Could not find work	253	: 24	44	; 156	29	141	106	32
Thinks no job available	141	14	23	77	27 i	98	35	18
Women			1	!	: !			1
Personal factors:		•	ı	!				
Employers think too young or old	67	i _	l _	14	53 .	59	' 9	1 2
Lacks education or training	120	: 11	. 31	73	4	89	17	33
Other personal handicap	81	5	29	37	10	65	17	1
Job-market factors:		:	I	1				
Could not find work	309	24	! 62	197	26	217	94	40
Thinks no job available	212	10	16	160	25	150	53	9

Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

# A-57. Work-seeking intentions of persons not in the labor force and work history of those who intend to seek work within the next 12 months by sex, age, and race

(in thousands)

	Tol	al			Ag	je				Ra	ce	
Work-seeking intentions, work history, and sex	1	1	16 to		25 to yea		60 ye and c		Wh	ite	Bla	ck
	1984	1985	l 1984	l 1985	l 1984	1 1985	1 1984	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985	l 1984	I 1985
TOTAL						·						
Do not intend to seek work	   53.173 <sub> </sub>	53,204;	6.339	6.101	18.034	17,640	26,799	29,463	46.404	46,239	5,517	5,665
Intend to seek work in the next 12 months	11,098	10,496	6,478	5,987	4,057	3,959	562	551	8,612	8,309	2.097	1,792
Never worked	2,442	2,128	2,255	1,949	182	171	4	6	1,686	1,466	634	543
Last worked over 5 years ago	1,393	1,319	104	90	1,111	1,017	178	158	1,037	1,003	343	271
Last worked 1 to 5 years ago	2,572	2,148	972	713	1,381	1,252	219	183	1,909	1,670	557	395
Worked during previous 12 months	4,691	4,902	3,149	3,236	1,383	1,463	160	203	3,979	4,170	564	583
Men	; ] i	ļ					į					i
Do not intend to seek work	16,263	16,686	2,472	2,450	2,937	3,019	10.854	11,218	13,938	14,200	1,893	2.070
Intend to seek work in the next 12 months		4,031	3,028	2,790	960	948	280	293				
Never worked		962	1,023	935	26	26	1	_2	757	679	250	231
Last worked over 5 years ago		242	21	15	148	156	75			173	81	54
Last worked 1 to 5 years ago		664	335	243	388	320	121	100				105
Worked during previous 12 months	2,132	2,162	1,649	1,599	398	446	84	118	1,842	1,875	222	218
Women		:		: 								! 
Do not intend to seek work	36,910	36.519	3.867	3,652	15,097	14,623	17,945	18.245	32,466	32.039	3.624	3.595
Intend to seek work in the next 12 months				3,197	3,096			258	5,252	5,055	1,356	1,184
Never worked		1,166	1,232	1,015	156	145	4	6	929	787	384	312
Last worked over 5 years ago		1,077	84	75	963	915	103	86	879	830	262	217
Last worked 1 to 5 years ago		1,483	637	468	993	931	98	83	1,306	1,143	369	290
Worked during previous 12 months		2,740	1,499	1,637	982	1,018	76	84	2,137	2,295	341	365

A-58. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status, sex, and age  TOTAL	   1984	Ĺi	1 .		1 .	! .		:
TOTAL	1304	1985	1984	1985	1984	1985	1984	1985
	— <del> </del> — ——	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>					
Divilian noninstitutional population	175.679	177,522	152,101	153,196	19,222	19,543	11,027	11,394
Civilian labor force		113,820	97,084	98,648	11,609	12,085	7,029	7,259
Percent of population		64.1	63.8	64.4	60.4	61.8	63.7	63.7
Employed	102,000	104,934	89,870	91,891	9,669	10,221	6,186	6,456
Agriculture	2,845	2,858	2,606	2,632	176	171	255	244
Nonagricultural industries		102,077	87,265	89,259	9,493	10,050	5,931	6,21
Unemployed		8,886	7,214	6,757	1,940	1,864	843	803
Unemployment rate  Not in labor force		7.8 63,702	7.4	6.8 54,549	16.7 7,614	15.4 7,458	12.0 3,997	11. 4,13
Men, 16 years and over		i			1		,	Ì
. •	92 271	04 140	72.604	72 140	8,596	8,735	5,403	5,58
Civilian noninstitutional population  Civilian labor force		84,143 63,426	72,604 55,305	73,140 55,685	5,962	6,057	; 4,294	4,40
Percent of population		75.4	76.2	76.1	69.4	69.3	79.5	78.
Employed		58,358	50,935	51,750	4,912	5,081	3773	3,91
Agriculture		2,316	2,093	2,106	165	165	229	21
Nonagricultural industries		56,041	48,842	49,644	4,747	4,916	3,544	3,69
Unemployed		5,069	4,370	3,935	1,051	976	521	49
Unemployment rate		8.0	7.9	7.1	17.6	16.1	12.1	11.
Not in labor force	20,532	20,717	17,299	17,455	2,634	2,679	i 1,110	1,18
Men, 20 years and over		1	1			į	! {	! 
Civilian noninstitutional population	75,786	76,831	66,404	67,123	7,528	7,671	4,782	4,97
Civilian labor force	58,997	59,652	51,993	52,397	5,606	5,656	4,002	4,11
Percent of population		77.6	78.3	78.1	74.5	73.7	83.6	82.
Employed		55,378	48,284	49,072	4,720	4,850	3,563	3,68
Agriculture		2,134	1,933	1,938	162	158	209	20
Nonagricultural industries		53,245	46,351	47,134	4,558	4,693	3,354	3,47
Unemployed		4,274	3,710	3,325	886	806	438	43
Unemployment rate  Not in labor force		7.2	7.1 14,411	6.3 14,726	15.8 1,922	14.3 2,015	11.0 781	10. 86
Women, 16 years and over	İ	İ		i		: 1	j	
Civilian noninstitutional population	92,408	93,379	79,497	80,057	10,626	   10,807	5,623	5,80
Civilian labor force		50,394	41,779	42,963	5,647	6,028	2,736	2,85
Percent of population		54.0	52.6	53.7	53.1	55.8	48.7	49.
Employed		46,577	38,935	40.141	4,757	5,140	2,414	2,54
Agriculture		541	513	526	11	6	26	2
Nonagricultural industries		46,035	38,422	39,615	4,746	5,134	2,387	2,51
Unemployed	3,848	j 3,818	2,844	2,822	889	888	322	31
Unemployment rate		7.6	6.8	6.6	15.7	14.7	11.8	10.
Not in labor force	43,740	42,985	37,718	37,094	4,980	4,779	2,887	2,95
Women, 20 years and over				İ		İ	İ	
Civilian noninstitutional population		86,094	73,377	74,104	9,507	9,699	5,004	5,19
Civilian labor force	45,187	46,856	38,660	39,877	5,343	5,656	2,474	2,63
Percent of population	53.2	54.4	52.7	53.8	56.2	58.3	49.4	50.
Employed		43,659	36,321	37,515	4,585	4,912	2,214	2,37
Agriculture  Nonagricultural industries		512 43,147	480 35,841	497 37,018	4,574	4,907	23 2,190	2,34
Unemployed		3,197	2,339	2,362	759	743	260	2,34
Unemployment rate		6.8	6.1	5.9	14.2	13.1	10.5	10.
Not in labor force		39,238	34,717	34,227	4,164	4,043	2,531	2,55
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years								
Civilian noninstitutional population	14,931	14,597	12,320	11,969	2,187	2,173	1,240	1,22
Civilian labor force		7,312	6,431	6,374	659	773	554	50
Percent of population		50.1	52.2	j 53.3	j 30.1	35.6	44.7	41.
Employed	5,737	5,897	5,266	5,304	364	458	409	40
Agriculture		212	193	197	3	8	22	1:
Nonagricultural industries		5,685	5,073	5,106	361	450	387	39
Unemployed		1,415	1,165	1,070	296	315	145	10
Unemployment rate  Not in labor force		19.4 7,285	18.1 5,889	16.8 5,595	44.8   1,528	40.7 1,400	26.1 686	20. 71

¹ Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-59. Employment status of civilians of Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin by sex and age

(Numbers in thousands)

<u> </u>	Total Hispa	anic origin'	Mexica	n origin	Puerto Ric	an origin	Cubar	origin
Employment status, sex, and age	l 1984	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985	1 1984	l 1985
TOTAL								
Civilian noninstitutional population	11,027	11,394	6,541	6,663	1,548	1,620	826	876
Civilian labor force	i .	7,259	4,270	4,426	828	840	535	576
Percent of population	63.7	63.7	65.3	66.4	53.5	51.9	64.8	65.8
Employed	6,186	6,456	3,724	3,902	715	718	492	537
Agriculture	255	244	230	219	4	1	9	6
Nonagricultural industries	5,931	6,211	3,494	3,684	712	717	483	530
Unemployed	843	803	547	523	112	123	43	39
Unemployment rate		11.1	12.8	11.8	13.6	14.6	8.0	6.8
Not in labor force	3,997	4,135	2,270	2,238	721	780	291	300
Men, 16 years and over	l I							
Civilian noninstitutional population		5,585	3,330	3,381	680	714	390	435
Civilian labor force		4,403	2,672	2,758	502	491	306	331
Percent of population		78.8	80.2	81.6	73.8	68.8	78.5	76.1
Employed		3,911	2,313	2,427	440	423	280	307
Agriculture		218	210	194	2	1	5	6
Nonagricultural industries		3,693	2,103	2,233	438	422	275	300
Unemployed		492	359	331	62	67	27	' 24
Unemployment rate		11.2	13.4	12.0	12.3	13.8	8.7	7.3
Not in labor force	1,110	1,182	657	623	178	223	84	104
Men, 20 years and over	1							
Civilian noninstitutional population	4,782	4,974	2,913	2,981	595	626	361	408
Civilian labor force		4,113	2,468	2,543	472	461	289	321
Percent of population		82.7	84.7	85.3	79.3	73.6	80.1	78.7
Employed		3,681	2,168	2,254	426	401	264	299
Agriculture		205	191	182	2	1	204	6
Nonagricultural industries		3,475	1,977	2,072	423	401	260	293
Unemployed		433	300	289	47	60	25	21
Unemployment rate		10.5	12.2	11.4	9.9	12.9	8.5	6.7
Not in labor force		861	445	438	123	165	72	87
Women, 16 years and over	į	1		ĺ				
Civilian noninstitutional population	5,623	5,808	3,211	3,283	869	906	436	441
Civilian labor force		2,856	1,598	1,668	326	350	229	245
Percent of population		49.2	49.8	50.8	37.5	38.6	52.5	55.6
Employed		2,545	1,410	1,475	275	295	213	230
Agriculture		27	20	24	1	_	4	
Nonagricultural industries	i i	2,518	1,390	1,451	274	295	208	230
Unemployed		311	188	192	51	55	16	15
Unemployment rate		10.9	11.7	11.5	15.5	15.7	7.0	6.2
Not in labor force		2,952	1,613	1,615	543	556	207	196
Women, 20 years and over						į		i
Civilian noninstitutional population	5,004	5,195	2,831	2,912	778	804	   410	412
Civilian labor force	1 '	2,637	1,424	1,530	300	378	217	231
Percent of population		50.8	50.3	52.5	38.6	39.6	52.9	56.1
Employed		2,371	1,278	1,366	256	273	202	218
Agriculture		24	17	22	1		4	
Nonagricultural industries		2,346	1,261	1,344	255	273	198	218
Unemployed		266	146	164	44	45	14	: 13
Unemployment rate		10.1	10.3	10.7	14.6	14.2	6.6	5.7
Not in labor force		2,558	1,407	1,382	478	485	194	181
			,					i
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	i		}					1
Civilian noninstitutional population		1,224	797	770	176	191	55	57
Civilian labor force		509	378	352	56	61	29	: 24
Percent of population		41.6	47.4	45.7	31.8	31.9	(²)	(2)
Employed		405	278	282	34	43	25	19
Agriculture		15	22	14	-	-	i -	-
Nonagricultural industries		390	256	268	34	43	25	, 19
Unemployed		104	100	70	22	18	4	. 5
Unemployment rate		20.5	26.6	19.9	(²)	29.0	(²)	(')
Not in labor force	686	715	419	418	120	130	25	33

<sup>1</sup> Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Hispanic origin, not shown separately.

Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

NOTE: Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

A-60. Employed civilians by selected social and economic categories, race, and Hispanic origin

(In thousands)

	То	tal	Wh	ite	Bla	ick	Hispanic	origin¹
Category	l 1984	I 1985	l 1984	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985
CHARACTERISTIC				į				
Total (all civilian workers)	102,000	104,934	89,870	91,891	9,669	10,221	6,186	6,456
Men		58,358	50,935	51,750	4,912	5,081	3773	3,911
Women	44,820	46,577	38,935	40,141	4,757	5,140	2,414	2,545
OCCUPATION			İ	ļ				
Managerial and professional specialty	24,689	25,671	22,661	23,451	1,361	1,491	791	827
Executive, administrative, and managerial	11,336	12,107	10,541	11,165	527	637	417	415
Professional specialty	13,353	13,564	12,121	12,286	834	854	375	412
Technical, sales, and administrative support		32,807	28,474	29,270	2,489	2,687	1,559	1,630
Technicians and related support		3,246	2,745	2,810	265	281	126	139
Sales occupations		12,403	11,274	11,447	580	668	510	541 950
Administrative support, including clerical	16,450	17,159	14,455	15,012	1,644	1,738	923	950
Service occupations	13,841	14,264	11,050	11,235	2,375	2,513	1,102	1,131
Private household		1,021	630	684	280	309	85	95
Protective service	1,649	1,669	1,364	1,377	254	264	77	89
Service, except private household and protective	11,260	11,575	9,056	9,174	1,841	1,940	940	947
Precision production, craft, and repair	12,563	12,895	11,439	11,749	881	877	877	981
Mechanics and repairers		4,405	3,898	4,028	305	294		274
Construction trades		4,440	3,867	4,091	267	289		348
Other precision production, craft, and repair	4,095	4,050	3,675	3,629	308	294	313	358
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	16,293	16,323	13,604	13,508	2,333	2,426	1,584	1,626
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7,850	7,801	6,500	6,423	1,133	1,129		900
Transportation and material moving occupations		4,447	3,598	3,744	602	647	282	286
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		4,076	3,506	3,341	598		1	440
Construction laborers	. 565	538	467	437	89	1	1	64
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	. 3,618	3,537	3,039	2,904	508	555	340	376
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2,940	2,973	2,642	2,678	230	227	273	262
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER		ļ				Ì		
Agriculture:	}					į		Ì
Wage and salary workers	. 1,236			1,133	150			
Self-employed workers	. 1,448		1,392	1,329	25	_		24
Unpaid family workers	. 162	175	158	170	į <b>1</b>	2	! 1	[ 2
Nonagricultural industries:			70.750	04.007	0.404	0.700	5 500	5.874
Wage and salary workers	91,123		79,750	81,867 13,361	9,164 2,293			803
Government Private industries		16,167 77,947	13,271 66,479	68,506	6.871	7,335		
Private households		1,202	771	813	322			1 .
Other industries			65,708	67.694	6,549			
Self-employed workers		7,644	7,203	7,091	326			
Unpaid family workers		319	311	301	3	<b>4</b>	22	. 16
FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS <sup>2</sup>		ļ	 		} [		! !	]
Full-time schedules				73,626	7,843			
Part time for economic reasons			4,751	4,427	863			
Part time for noneconomic reasons	. 14,781	15,251	13,508	13,838	963	1,046	660	679

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

<sup>2</sup> Employed persons "with a job but not at work" are distributed

proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

## A-61. Employed civilians of Mexican, Puerto Rican, and Cuban origin by selected social and economic categories

Catagon	Total H orig		Mexica	n origin	Puerto ori		Cuban	origin
Category	l 1984	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985	I 1984	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985
CHARACTERISTIC								
Total (all civilian workers)	6,186	6,456	3,724	3,902	715	718	492	537
Men		3,911	2,313	2,427	440	423	280	307
Women	2,414	2,545	1,410	1,475	275	295	213	230
OCCUPATION								
Managerial and professional specialty	791	827	375	372	105	109	116	107
Executive, administrative, and managerial	417	415	203	202	59	54	53	52
Professional specialty	375	412	172	170	46	56	62	55
Technical, sales, and administrative support	1,559	1,630	867	925	207	201	141	158
Technicians and related support	126	139	67	83	20	22	9	10
Sales occupations		541	304	323	47	43	48	54
Administrative support, including clerical	923	950	496	520	141	133	85	95
Service occupations	1,102	1,131	656	671	136	138	54	66
Private household		95	41	55	5	4	3	4
Protective service		89	44	50	16	22	3	4
Service, except private household and protective		947	571	565	115	113	48	59
Precision production, craft, and repair	877	981	572	650	79	80	69	84
Mechanics and repairers		274	162	179	30	22	25	19
Construction trades		348	202	243	17	24	22	24
Other precision production, craft, and repair	313	358	207	228	33	34	22	42
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	1,584	1,626	1,012	1,056	178	186	104	116
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	892	900	558	550	110	111	59	70
Transportation and material moving occupations	282	286	168	189	40	30	18	20
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		440	286	317	28	44	27	26
Construction laborers		64	56	56	1	2	3	3
Other handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	340	376	231	262	27	42	24	23
Farming, forestry, and fishing	273	262	242	228	10	4	В	6
MAJOR INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WORKER								
Agriculture:					İ		ļ	!
Wage and salary workers	230	219	214	203	4	1	6	3
Self-employed workers	24	24	15	16	-	-	3	3
Unpaid family workers	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
Nonagricultural industries:				1			İ	
Wage and salary workers		5,874	3,281	3,470	689	697	437	494
Government		803	493	477	109	112	30	41
Private industries		5,071	2,788	2,994	580	585	408	453
Private households		103	49	62	6	4	3	4
Other industries		4,968	2,739 198	2,932	574 23	581	405 44	449 36
Self-employed workers		322 16	150	12	-	19	3	1
FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS <sup>2</sup>								
Full-time schedules	5,079	5,310	3,009	3,170	622	612	417	463
Part time for economic reasons	; .	467	321	350	35	33	20	19
Part time for noneconomic reasons	;	679	394	383	58	73	55	54

¹ Includes persons of Central or South American origin and of other Hispanic origin, not shown separately.
² Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.

NOTE: Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

A-62. Employed civilians by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(In thousands)

	Tota	ıl :	Whit	e ·	Blac	k :	Hispanic o	origin¹
Sex and age	I 1984	1 1985	I 1984	I 1985	l 1984	I .	1984	1 1985
Total, 16 years and over	102,000	104,934	89,870	91,891	9,669	10,221	6,186	6,456
16 to 19 years	5,737	5,897	5,266	5,304	364	458	409;	405
16 to 17 years	1,964	2,175	1,844.	1,994	85	137	129	140
18 to 19 years	3,773:	3,722	3,422	3,309	279	321	281	26
20 to 24 years	13,632	13,614	12,040	11,911	1,281 i	1,358	1,009	1,059
25 years and over	82,632	85,423	72,564	74,675 <sub>i</sub>	8,024	8,405	4,771	4,99
25 to 54 years	68,516	71,238	59,813!	61,982	6,896	7,203	4,220	4,437
55 years and over	14,116	14,185	12,751	12,694	1,128	1,201	551!	555
Men, 16 years and over	57,180	58,358	50,935	51,750	4,912	5,081	3773	3,91
16 to 19 years	2,903,	2,979	2,651	2,678	191	231	210 <sup>.</sup>	23
16 to 17 years	1,000	1,095	935	1,004	50:	66	65	7
18 to 19 years	1,903	1,884	1,717	1,674	141	164	145:	16
20 to 24 years	7,1901	7,054	6,350	6,190	675¦	6821	616	65
25 years and over	47,088	48,324	41,933	42,882	4,045	4,168	2,952	3,02
25 to 54 years	38,762	39,971	34,302	35,281	3,477	3,581	2,617;	2,69
55 years and over	8,326	8,354	7,631	7,601	568	587	336	33
Women, 16 years and over	44,820	46,577	38,935	40,141	4,757	5,140	2,414	2,54
16 to 19 years	2,834	2,918	2,614	2,626	173 <sup>!</sup>	228	200	17-
16 to 17 years	964	1,080	909	990	351	71'	64	7
18 to 19 years	1.870	1,837	1,706	1,636	138	157	136	10
20 to 24 years	6,4421	6,560	5,690	5,722	606	675	392	40
25 years and over	35,544	37,099	30,631	31.793	3.979	4,237	1,819 <sup>1</sup>	1,96
25 to 54 years	29,754	31,268	25,511	26,701	3,419	3.622	1,603	1,74
55 years and over	5,790	5,831	5.120	5,093	560	614	215	21

¹ Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-63. Unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Civilian workers)

	Т	otal	White		: BI	ack	Hispanic origin¹		
Sex and age	l 1984	1985	l 1984	. I 1985	l 1984	, I , 1985	   1984	l 1985	
Total, 16 years and over	8.4	7.8	7.4	6.8	16.7	15.4	12.0	11.1	
16 to 19 years	20.6	19.4	18.1	16.8	44.8	: : 40.7	26.1	20.5	
16 to 17 years	23.6	21.5	21.8	19.5	49.1	40.9	32.0	21.7	
18 to 19 years	18.9	18.1	16.0	15.0	43.4	40.7	23.2	19.9	
20 to 24 years	13.0	12.1	10.9	10.2	28.7	25.2	15.2	14.5	
25 years and over	6.7	6.2	5.9	5.5	12.3	11.5	9.8	9.4	
25 to 54 years	7.0	6.5	6.2	5.7	12.9	12.2	9.8	9.6	
55 years and over	5.1	4.5	4.7	4.3	9.8	7.1	9.7	8.1	
Men, 16 years and over	8.9	8.0	7.9	7.1	17.6	16.1	12.1	11.2	
16 to 19 years	22.4	21.1	19.9	18.6	46.4	42.5	28.4	20.5	
16 to 17 years	25.0	23.3	23.5	21.6	46.8	42.2	35.1	27.0	
18 to 19 years	21.0	19.7	17.8	16.7	46.2	42.6	24.9	17.3	
20 to 24 years	14.3	13,4	12.3	11.6	29.6	26.1	15.3	15.9	
25 years and over	7.0	6.2	6.3	5.5	13.0	11.9	9.9	9.3	
25 to 54 years	7.3	6,5	6.6	5.8	13.3	12.4	9.9	9.4	
55 years and over	5.5	. 4,7	5.0	4.3	11.0	9.0	9.9	8.2	
Women, 16 years and over	7.9	7.6	6.8	6.6	15.7	14.7	11.8	10.9	
16 to 19 years	18.6	17.5	16.2	14.9	43.0	38.9	23.7	20.5	
16 to 17 years	22.0	19.5	20.0	17.4	52.0	39.7	28.5		
18 to 19 years	16.8	16.3	14.0	13.3	40.2	38.5	21.2	23.5	
20 to 24 years	11.4	10.7	9.2	8.7	27.8	24.2	15.0	12.0	
25 years and over	6.2	6.1	5.4	5.4	. 11.7	11.1	9.5	9.7	
25 to 54 years	6.6	6.4	5.7	5.6	12.5	12.0	9.6	9.9	
55 years and over	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.2	6.5	5.2	9.2	8.0	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have

been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

# A-64. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

	<sub>i</sub> To	Total		White		ck i	Hispanic	origin¹
Weeks of unemployment	1984	l 1985	1984	l 1985 j	1984	ا 1985	1 1984	l 1985
DURATION	<del>                                     </del>	- — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	<u></u>	·				
Total, 16 years and over	9,406	8,886	7,214	6,757 l	1,940	1,864	843	803
ess than 5 weeks		3,489	2,566	2,736	580	660	340 (	331
to 14 weeks		2,793	2,181	2,151	561	554	260 i	266
15 weeks and over	3,350	2,604	2,467	1,871	799	650	243	206
15 to 26 weeks		1,202	1,056	893	280	271	134 i	95
27 weeks and over	1	1,402	1,410	977	519	379	109	111
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	19.7	16.1	19.0	15.2	22.9	18.9	14.3	14.5
Median duration, in weeks	9.5	7.7	9.1	7.4	10.0	7.8	7.7	7.5
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	1	l	!			! !	·	
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ess than 5 weeks		<sup>j</sup> 39.3	35.6	40.5	29.9	35.4	40.4 i	41.2
to 14 weeks		91.4	30.2	31.8	28.9	29.7	30.8	33.1
15 weeks and over		29.3	34.2	27.7	41.2	34.9	28.8	25.7
15 to 26 weeks	14.6	13.5	14.6	13.2	14.4	14.5	15.9	11.8
27 weeks and over		15.8	19.5	14.5	26.8	20.4	12.9	13.8

Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-65. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

! !	То	tal	Wh	nite	Bla	ıck	Hispanio	origin¹
Reasons for unemployment	l 1984	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985	l 1984	l 1985 i	l 1984	1985
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED								
Total, 16 years and over	9,406	8.886	7.214	6.757	1,940	1.864	843	803
Job losers	5,399	4.836	4.255	3,755	1,015	C940	528	476
On layoff	1,586	1,524	1,385	1,333	179	166	135	108
Other job losers	3,813	3,312	2,870	2,422	834	C774	393	368
Job leavers	786	859	661	723	100	C108	55	76
Reentrants	2,194	2,270	1,595	1,662	529	542	163	171
New entrants	1,028	921	702	616	295	274	97	80
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION				i !	,			!
Total unemployed	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	! ! 100.0
Job losers	57.4	54.4	59.0	55.6	52.3	<sup>C</sup> 50.4	62.6	59.2
On layoff	16.9	17.2	19.2	19.7	9.2	8.9	16.0	13.4
Other job losers	40.5	37.3	39.8	35.8	43.0	<sup>C</sup> 41.5	46.6	45.8
Job leavers	8.4	9.7	9.2	10.7	5.2	<sup>C</sup> 5.8	6.5	9.5
Reentrants	23.3	25.5	22.1	24.6	27.3	29.1	19.3	21.3
New entrants	10.9	10.4	9.7	9.1	15.2	14.7	11.5	10.0
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE			; ! ! !	 	; ; ;	i		! !
Job losers	4.8	4.2	4.4	3.8	8.7	°7.8	7.5	6.6
Job leavers		.8	.7	' .7	.9	c.9	.8	. 1.1
Reentrants	2.0	2.0	1.6	1.7	4.6	4.5	2.3	2.4
New entrants	.9	.8	i 7	6	2.5	2.3	1.4	, 2.4 , 1.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Data for 1984 have been revised and are not comparable to previously published data.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

c = corrected.

#### A-66. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age

(Numbers in thousands)

 	Civil noninsti popul	tutional	Civilian labor force									
	j	·	То	tal	Emple	oyed !		Unemp	loyed			
Veteran status and age	         1984	J 1985	1985	I I 984 1985 i	1984	   1985 	Number		Percent of labor force			
	<u>.</u> !	! !	1984				l 1984	l 1985	l 1984	1985		
VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS	1	İ	j	į	!	!						
Total, 30 years and over	7,351 6,384	7,580 6,510	6,877 6,136	7,095 6,259	6,405 5,707	6,677 5,882	471 428	418 377	6.9 7.0	5.9 6.0		
30 to 34 years	1,891	1,482	1,793	1,427	1,621	1,306	172	121	9.6	8.5		
35 to 39 years	3,199	3,393	3,100	3,267	2,912	3,091	188	176	6.1	5.4		
40 to 44 years	1,294	1,635	1,243	1,565	1,174	1,485	69	80	5.6	5.1		
45 years and over	967	1,070	741	836	698 <sub> </sub>	795	43	41	5.8	4.9		
NONVETERANS				! i		j		i				
Total, 30 to 44 years	15,865	16,872	15,009	15,965	14,029	14,984	979	981	6.5	6.1		
30 to 34 years	7,172	7,777	6,778	7,396	6,278	6,899	500	497	7.4	6.7		
35 to 39 years	4,664	4,803	4,423	4,538	4,150	4,285	273	253	6.2	5.6		
40 to 44 years	4,029	4,292	3,808	4,031	3,602	3,800	206	231 ¦	5.4	5.7		

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are men who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who have never served in the Armed Forces; published data are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population. Data for

25- to 29-year-old veterans are no longer shown in this table because the group is rapidly disappearing (into the 30-34 age category) and the numbers remaining for some labor force categories are not large enough to warrant their continued publication.

#### A-67. Employment status of male Vietnam-era veterans and nonveterans by age, race, and Hispanic origin

(Numbers in thousands)

			Vete	rans					Nonve	terans		
Employment status and age	wh.	nite	Bla	ick	Hispani	ic origin	l Wh	ite	Bla	ick		ic origin
. ,	, I 1984	l 1985	1 1984	l 1985	l 1984	1985	I 1984	1985	1984	l 1985	l 1984	I 1985
TOTAL, 30 to 44 years	!		!			į	; <del>-</del>	i †		! ··	† 	
Civilian noninstitutional population		5,806	612	600	, ( <u>'</u> )	249	13,646	14,493	1,640	1,751	i (')	1,410
Civilian labor force	5,502	5,603	568	563	(')	239	13,043	13,857	1,458	1,536	. (')	1,297
Employed		5,301	501	505	(')	į 221	12,295	13,092	1,264	1,353	i (')	4,469
Unemployed		303	67	59	' ( <u>'</u> )	18	747	765	194	183	i (')	1 128
Unemployment rate	<sub>i</sub> 6.5	5.4	11.8	10.5	i (')	7.5	5.7	5.5	13.3	11.9	' (')	9.9
30 to 34 years	1	! I		!			: [	į		Ì	:	i
Civilian noninstitutional population	1,669	1,289	i 197	170	i (')	66	6,180	6,732	749	794	' (')	: ; 578
Civilian labor force	1,590	1,249	180	158	' () -	62	5,905	6,475	669	693	(i)	541
Employed	1,448	1,156	152	i 134	I (¹)	57	5,530	6,080	561	606	! (ˈj :	489
Unemployed		93	28	24	( )	5	374	395	108	87	ı (')	52
Unemployment rate	8.9	7.4	15.6	15.2	(')	8.1	6.3 <sup>1</sup>	6.1	16.1	12.6	) ()	9.6
35 to 39 years	!	1	i :	İ	1	i	' ' 	ļ			İ	
Civilian noninstitutional population	2,872	3,033	293	301	! (')	125	i 3,999	4,118	464	: : 478	. ()	475
Civilian labor force		2,928	273	286	; (')	122	3,829	3,918	417	427	l Ö	430
Employed	2,643	2,784	240	265	' (')	113	3,623	3,728	358	377	(5)	384
Unemployed	154	144	33	22	: (')	<sub>i</sub> 9	206	190	59	50	Ö	46
Unemployment rate	<sub> </sub> 5.5	4.9	12.1	7.7	<sub>i</sub> (')	7.4	5.4	4.8	14.1	11.7	C	10.7
40 to 44 years	ı			1	i	1		!			:	:
Civilian noninstitutional population	1,159	1,484	. 122	129	. ()	58	3,467	3.643	427	479	(')	357
Civilian labor force		1,426	115	119	' ő -	55	3,309	3,464	372	416	. Ö	326
Employed			109	106	: Ö :	51	3,142	3,284	345	370		296
Unemployed		66	6	13	. (1)	. 4	167	180	27	. 46	, 6°	30
Unemployment rate			5.2	10.9	1 8	: 65	5.0	5.2	7.3	11.1	1 8	9.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised data are not available for 1984.

the bulk of the Vietnam-era veteran population. Data for 25- to 29-year-old veterans are no longer shown in this table because the group is rapidly disppearing (into the 30-34 age category) and the numbers remaining for some labor force categories are not large enough to warrant their continued publication. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

NOTE: Male Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces; published data are limited to those 30 to 44 years of age, the group that most closely corresponds to

# **HOUSEHOLD DATA** NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

#### A-68. Unemployment in families by type of family, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members

(Numbers in thousands)

	! 		। 1984					l 1985		
			With uner	nployment:				With uner	nployment:	
Type of family, race, and Hispanic origin			Perd	cent of fam	nilies:			Perd	ent of fam	nilies:
Type of family, face, and thispanic origin	Total families			With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time	Total families	Total		With at least one employed person in family	
TOTAL	i			1						
Total families	61.538	6.897	! i 31.5	68.5	58.3	62,151	6,547	31.4	68.6	58.8
With children under 18 years of age		4.058	33.3	66.7	56.1	30.965	3.846	33.7	66.3	56.5
Married-couple families		4,038	24.2	75.8	65.4	49.613	4,643	22.6	77.4	67.5
With children under 18 years of age		3,012	23.3	76.7	65.5	23,911	2.790	22.5	77.5	67.5
Families maintained by women		1.572	53.1	46.9	36.5	10.148	1.547	54.6	45.4	35.1
With children under 18 years of age		929	62.9	37.1	27.9	6,105	922	64.2	35.8	26.2
Families maintained by men		346	39.0	61.0	55.2	2,391	358	44.8	55.2	47.9
With children under 18 years of age		117	57.3	42.7	39.3	949	133	58.2	41.8	37.3
White	i i	:	!	]		İ	' ! 			
Total families	53,574	5,400	29.1	70.9	60.6	53,879	5,083	28.3	71.7	61.7
With children under 18 years of age		3,117	29.7	70.3	59.4	26,077	2,963	29.8	70.2	59.8
Married-couple families		4,260	24.6	75.4	65.0	45,024	3,958	22.4	77.6	67.4
With children under 18 years of age		2,535	23.5	76.5	65.4	21,352	2.362	22.3	77.7	67.1
Families maintained by women	1 '	887	48.3	51.7	40.8	6.940	870	50.2	49.8	39.0
With children under 18 years of age		495	57.0	43.0	32.1	3,961	503	59.6	40.4	29.8
Families maintained by men		253	37.2	62.8	56.5	1,915	255	43.5	56.5	49.8
With children under 18 years of age	666	88	56.3	43.7	39.1	764	99	57.6	42.4	36.4
Black	İ		!					ļ		
Total families	6.595	1,327	40.7	59.3	: i 49.9	6,746	1.269	43.6	56.4	47.7
With children under 18 years of age		827	45.6	54.4	44.9	3,914	750	49.3	50.7	43.5
Married-couple families		595	20.0	80.0	70.3	3,376	531	22.8	77.2	69.9
With children under 18 years of age		386	19.9	80.1	67.9	1,762	318	21.8	78.2	71.6
Families maintained by women		653	59.3	40.7	31.1	2,977	649	60.2	39.8	30.2
With children under 18 years of age	1,952	418	68.9	31.1	23.7	1,993	402	70.1	29.9	21.6
Families maintained by men		80	43.8	56.2	51.3	393	89	47.2	52.8	43.8
With children under 18 years of age	136	! 22	! (')	(')	(')	159	31	(')	(')	(')
Hispanic origin	:		1	1			; ;	i i	 	İ
Total families	. (²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	3,932	599	38.1	61.9	54.6
With children under 18 years of age	. i (²)	' (²)	! (²)	· (²)	(²)	2,622	419	40.3	59.7	52.0
Married-couple families		(²)	ı (²)	; (²)	(°)	2,783	411	30.2	69.8	62.2
With children under 18 years of age	. ¹ (²)	, (²)	, (²)	(²)	! (²)	1,900	308	31.8	68.2	60.4
Families maintained by women	.: (²)	(²)	(²)	. (²)	(²)	917	142	57.0	43.0	35.2
With children under 18 years of age	. (²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	647	94	66.3	33.7	25.3
Families maintained by men		(²)	(²)	(²)	(2)	231	46	()	()	(')
With children under 18 years of age	. (²)	; (²)	(°)	(²)	(²)	75	17	(')	(')	(')

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 60,000. <sup>2</sup> Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised data are not available for 1984.

A-69. Unemployed persons by family relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members

	į	19	) 184	i į		19	I 85	
		Perc	ent of unemple	oyed:		Perc	ent of unempt	oyed:
Family relationship, race, and Hispanic origin	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time
TOTAL		i		ĺ				
Total unemployed in families <sup>1</sup>	7,846	33.5	66.5	56.4	7,332	33.9	66.1	56.3
Husbands		44.2	j 55.8	41.0	1,906	42.0	58.0	43.0
With children under 18 years of age		45.4	54.6 79.8	38.4 71.9 1	1,193 1,462	46.4 20.1	53.6 79.9	37.6 72.9
With children under 18 years of age		19.2	80.8	72.7	929	18.5	81.5	75.0
Relatives in married-couple families		13.1	86.9	79.6	1,811	13.2	86.8	80.5
Women who maintain families		84.6	15.4	10.4	657	83.6	16.4	9.9
With children under 18 years of age		91.8	8.2	4.7	528	92.4	7.6	3.0
Relatives in families maintained by women  Men who maintain families		35.4 68.0	64.6 32.0	50.9 j	1,096 184	37.8 68.0	62.2	49.1 21.5
With children under 18 years of age		91.1	8.9	7.9	88	84.3	15.7	9.2
Relatives in families maintained by men		23.8	76.2	71.6	216	31.2	68.8	64.7
White	1	I	!	!		!	! !	!
Total unemployed in families <sup>1</sup>	6,018	31.5	68.5	58.4	5,571	30.9	69.1	58.9
Husbands	1,843	<sup>!</sup> 45.0	55.0	40.0	1,626	42.0	58.0	42.0
With children under 18 years of age		46.4	53.6	37.1	1,001	46.6	53.4	36.0
With children under 18 years of age		20.5	79.5 80.5	71.8	1,249 784	18.8 16.8	81.2 83.2	74.4 76.8
Relatives in married-couple families		13.1	86.9	90.1	1,480	13.0	87.0	80.1
Women who maintain families		80.4	19.6	13.9	364		21.1	12.5
With children under 18 years of age		89.9	10.1	5.7	277	90.3	9.7	2.7 54.4
Relatives in families maintained by women  Men who maintain families		32.2 67.9	67.8 32.1	54.2 25.8	570 129	33.0 67.4	67.0 32.6	22.9
With children under 18 years of age		(²)	(²)	(²)	65	83.5	. 16.5	8.3
Relatives in families maintained by men		19.6	i 80.4	75.1	153	31.4	68.6	64.7
Black	i	İ	!	į ,			i	! 
Total unemployed in families <sup>1</sup>		41.0	59.0	48.9	1,539	44.6	55.4	46.9
Husbands		34.9 35.3	65.1	51.8	207	38.8	61.2	52.7
With children under 18 years of age Wives		00.0	64.7 : 79.7	i 48.6	138 165	42.0	58.0 71.1	50.0 62.1
With children under 18 years of age		18.7	81.3	68.0	110	26.9	73.1	65.0
Relatives in married-couple families			87.3	77.4	274	13.5	86.5	83.2
Women who maintain families		89.7	10.3	6.4	_	89.8	10.2	6.7
With children under 18 years of age		93.6	6.4	3.9	241	95.1	4.9 57.0	3.3 43.2
Relatives in families maintained by women  Men who maintain families		: 39.5 (²)	60.5 (²)	46.8 (2)	508 47	(2)	, (²)	(2)
With children under 18 years of age		; (²)	1 (2)	' (²) ;		) (²)	' (²)	(2)
Relatives in families maintained by men		36.6	63.4	60.1	55	(2)	: (²)	(²)
Hispanic origin	;	1	:			i	!	
Total unemployed in families!		(3)	(3)	(3)	684	39.6	60.4	52.0
Husbands		(3) (3)	' (3) (3)	; (3)	183 143	55.7 60.8	44.3 39.2	34.5
Wives		(3)	; (³)	(³) .	128	18.1	81.9	75.8
With children under 18 years of age		(3) (3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> )	97 156	18.8 16.4	81.2 83.6	74.1 73.5
Women who maintain families	•	(3)	1 (3)	· (3)	64	80.9	19.1	11.8
With children under 18 years of age		( <sup>3</sup> )	' (3)	(³)	52	; (²)	(²)	(²)
Relatives in families maintained by women	(3)	(³)	( <sup>3</sup> )	(3)	96	36.4	63.6	53.2
Men who maintain families		· (3)	(3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	28	(²)	(²)	(²)
TYTOT CHILDREN BROWN TO YEARS OF AUG.	(3)	(³)	, (3)	( <sup>3</sup> )	12	, (²)	(²)	' (²)

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown. Estimates for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised

to reflect new population estimates. Revised data are not available for 1984.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

# A-70. Employed civilians by family relationship, race, Hispanic origin, and presence of employed family members

			l 984	i		19	) 185	
		Per	rcent of emplo	yed:		Per	cent of employ	yed:
Family relationship, race, and Hispanic origin	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time	Total	With no employed person in family	With at least one employed person in family	With at least one person in family employed full time
TOTAL							 	
Total employed in families <sup>1</sup>	84,282	25.8	74.2	62.2	86,037	24.8	75.2	63.4
Husbands		34.8	65.2	46.6	37,046	33.3	66.7	48.2
With children under 18 years of age		37.4 10.5	62.6 89.5	41.2 83.8	21,601	35.6	64.4 89.9	42.6 84.5
With children under 18 years of age		7.3	92.7	87.8	25,203 13,639	10.1 6.2	93.8	89.4
Relatives in married-couple families		7.3	92.7	88.1	11,294	6.7	93.3	88.8
Women who maintain families	5,308	65.3	34.7	22.3	5,502	63.3	36.7	23.2
With children under 18 years of age	3,518	80.3	19.7	8.9	3,599	79.0	21.0	8.8
Relatives in families maintained by women		26.2	73.8	62.7	4,152	24.9	75.1	64.5
Men who maintain families		55.3 79.2	44.7 20.8	32.0 10.0	1,641 772	57.7 81.3	42.3 18.7	31.6 9.1
Relatives in families maintained by men		18.4	81.6	72.8	1,199	20.1	79.9	73.3
White								İ
Total employed in families <sup>1</sup>	74,653	25.2	74.8	62.4	75,761	24.3	75.7	63.5
Husbands		35.2	64.8	45.6	33,745	33.9	66.1	47.0
With children under 18 years of age		38.1 10.0	61.9 90.0	39.5 84.3	19,446 22,528	36.4 9.7	63.6 90.3	40.8 85.0
With children under 18 years of age		6.8	93.2	88.5	12,016	5.9	94.1	89.8
Relatives in married-couple families		7.3	92.7	88.3	10,101	6.7	93.3	88.9
Women who maintain families		62.8	37.2	23.6	3,964	60.3	39.7	24.5
With children under 18 years of age		78.9	21.1	9.1	2,542	76.7	23.3	9.0
Relatives in families maintained by women  Men who maintain families		26.1 55.0	73.9 45.0	62.4 31.0	3,097 1,354	24.4 56.3	75.6 43.7	64.9 31.9
With children under 18 years of age		77.6	22.4	10.0	634	79.4	20.6	9.5
Relatives in families maintained by men		17.8	82.2	74.4	972	19.3	80.7	74.3
Black								
Total employed in families <sup>1</sup>		31.8	68.2	58.6	7,931	30.7	69.3	60.0
Husbands		29.0 28.3	71.0 71.7	58.5 58.8	2,380 1,500	25.7 25.0	74.3 75.0	61.9 62.5
Wives		15.1	84.9	78.2	1,945	14.5	85.5	78.7
With children under 18 years of age		11.2	88.8	82.8	1,151	8.3	91.7	85.4
Relatives in married-couple families		7.8	92.2	84.1	835	6.6	93.4	86.5
Women who maintain families	1,302	73.1	26.9	17.2	1,416	72.4	27.6	18.7
With children under 18 years of age		84.3	15.7	8.0	977	85.4	14.6	8.3
Relatives in families maintained by women		28.0 60.9	72.0 39.1	62.2 32.3	949 234	27.0 68.0	73.0 32.0	62.1 28.3
With children under 18 years of age		88.4	11.6	7.7	120	94.6	5.4	5.4
Relatives in families maintained by men		24.3	75.7	64.1	172	27.1	72.9	64.4
Hiapanic origin								
Total employed in families¹		(2)	(²)	(²)	5,280	28.3	71.7	62.1
Husbands		(²) (²)	(²) (²)	(2)	2,180 1,614	41.7 44.5	58.3 55.5	46.0 42.9
Wives	. (2)	(A)	(²)	(2)	1,300	10.2	89.8	82.8
With children under 18 years of age		(²) (²)	(²) (²)	(²) (²)	885 783	8.5 7.1	91.5 92.9	84.3 88.2
Women who maintain families	. (2)	(²)	(²)	(²)	389	59.4	40.6	26.7
With children under 18 years of age	. (²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	258	71.5	28.5	15.8
Relatives in families maintained by women	. (²)	(²)	(²)	(2)	321	23.1	76.9	66.1
Men who maintain families		(²) (²)	(²) (²)	(²) (²)	159 54	45.5 (³)	54.5 (³)	44.3 (3)
**************************************	(2)	(2)	(²)	(9)	148	11.8	88.2	82.1

Excludes persons living alone or with nonrelatives, persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown. Estimates for husbands, wives, and women who maintain families are somewhat different from marital status estimates shown in other tables in this publication because of differences in definitions and weighting patterns used in aggregating the data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Beginning in January 1985, data for persons of Hispanic origin have been revised to reflect new population estimates. Revised data are not available for 1984.
<sup>3</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 60,000.
NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

A-71. Median weekly earnings of families by type of family, number of earners, and race

		of families usands)	Median weekly earnings					
Type of family, number of earners, and race	IV	ļ IV	! IV	IV		hange over ear in:		
	1983	1984	1983	1984	Current dollars	Constan dollars		
TOTAL		i	· I			<u> </u>		
otal families with earners '	40,965	41,411	!   \$485	\$513	5.9	1.6		
Married-couple families		33,606	524	568	8.3	3.9		
One earner		13,201	354	379	6.9	2.6		
Husband	.,	10,322	404	426	5.3	1.0		
Wife		2,166	199	204	2.5	-1.7		
Other family member		713	206	209	1.3	-2.9		
Two or more earners		20.406	654	698	6.7	2.4		
Husband and wife		17,646	661	703	6.4	2.1		
Husband and other family member(s)		2.164	663	702	5.9	1.5		
Wife and other family member(s)		463	402	447	11.2	6.6		
Other family members only		132	419	422	6	-3.5		
Families maintained by women		6,116	272	290	6.4	2.1		
One earner		4,214	219	229	4.6	.3		
Householder	, ,	3,275	226	240	6.1	1.8		
Other family member		940	201	195	-3.0	-7.0		
Two or more earners		1,902	434	482	10.9	6.4		
Families maintained by men	., .,	1,688	418	450	7.7	3.3		
One earner		1,008	327	359	9.9	5.4		
Two or more earners		681	576	638	10.7	6.2		
White					!			
otal families with earners 1	. 35,474	35,685	500	532	6.4	2.0		
Married-couple families		30,089	530	575	8.6	4.1		
One earner		11,954	360	395	9.8	5.3		
Husband		9,472	406	444	9.4	4.9		
Wife	1	1,839	200	205	2.5	-1.7		
Two or more earners		18,136	661	704	6.5	2.2		
Husband and wife	•	15,648	667	709	6.3	1.9		
Families maintained by women		4,323	285	306	7.3	2.9		
Families maintained by men	,	1,273	442	474	7.2	2.9		
Black	į	İ	ļ		1	:		
otal families with earners 1	. 4.484	4.599	366	381	4.2	(²)		
Married-couple families	,	2,624	465	480	3.1	1		
One earner		882	269	274	1.7	1  2		
Husband		554	312	342	9.6	5		
Wife		282	164	200	21.7	1.7		
Two or more earners	-1	1,743	593	611	3.0	1		
Husband and wife		1,745	606	624	3.1	1		
Families maintained by women		1,641	236	241	2.2	2		
	., 1,700	1,071	. 200	,				

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Data exclude families in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used to deflate quarterly and annual earnings data. Because the Index for the most recent quarter is not available at the time *Employment and Earnings* is published, it is necessary to lag the publication of these tables by 1 quarter. Data on families for 1984 reflect revised editing and weighting procedures and are not comparable to data for 1983 and prior years. Moreover, data on median weekly earnings are now derived using \$10 intervals rather than the \$50 intervals previously used; prior years' data have been recalculated. Data on persons of Hispanic origin for 1984 and earlier years have not been adjusted to reflect the new population estimates introduced in January 1985. Thus, publication of data for Hispanics (tables A-71, A-73, and A-74) has been discontinued and will be resumed with first quarter 1985 averages in the July issue.

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

A-72. Families with unemployed members and wage and salary workers by type of family and median weekly earnings

	Number of (in thou		Median weekly earnings					
Type of family and relationship of unemployed members to wage and salary earners	IV	IV	IV	IV	Percent change of the year in:			
	1983	1984	1983	1984	Current dollars	Constant dollars		
Married-couple families †	3,428	2,898	\$362	\$387	6.9	2.5		
Husband unemployed	1,025	856	210	216	3.0	-1.2		
Wife only earner	784	686	203	206	1.4	-2.7		
Wife and other earner(s)	141	97	369	(2)	(²)	(²)		
Other earner(s) only	100	73	205	(²)	(2)	(²)		
Wife unemployed	1,123	1,032	364	\$393	7.9	3.5		
Husband only earner	992	850	350	362	3.4	9		
Husband and other earner(s)	109	159	502	567	13.0	8.4		
Other earner(s) only	22	23	(²)	(²)	(2)	(²)		
Other member(s) unemployed	1,280	1,010	\$551	\$594	7.8	3.4		
Husband or wife earner	612	447	468	479	2.4	-1.8		
Both husband and wife earners	630	526	647	730	12.8	8.2		
Other combinations of earners	39	37	(²)	(2)	(²)	(²)		
Families maintained by women 1	669	740	\$238	\$238	.3	-3.8		
Householder unemployed	98	115	(²)	174	(²)	(²)		
Other member(s) unemployed	571	625	\$247	251	1.6	-2.6		
Families maintained by men 1	255	214	330	349	5.5	1.2		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data exclude families in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.
<sup>2</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 100,000.

NOTE: Data on families for 1984 reflect revised editing and weighting

procedures and are not comparable to data for 1983 and prior years. Moreover, data on median weekly earnings are now derived using \$10 intervals rather than the \$50 intervals previously used; prior years' data have been recalculated.

A-73. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics

		of workers usands)	Median weekly earnings						
Characteristic	IV	IV	IV	lv		hange over ear in:			
	1983 1984		1983	1984	Current dollars	Constant dollars			
SEX AND AGE			i 	!   	!   	 			
Total, 16 years and over	72,175	75,839	\$320	\$337	5.4	1.1			
Men, 16 years and over	43,043 6,568 36,475	45,186 6,802 38,384	385 228 407	403 243 429	4.6 6.8 5.4	.3 2.4 1.1			
Women, 16 years and over	29,131 5,248 23,883	30,654 5,505 25,149	255 203 271	267 205 287	4.7 1.3 6.2	.4 -2.8 1.9			
FAMILY RELATIONSHIP		i		i i		!			
Husbands Wives Others in married-couple families		30,455 16,400 6,246	408 257 208	445 276 227	8.9 7.7 9.0	4,4 3.3 4.5			
Women who maintain families	3,962 2,514	4,133 2,582	259 216	270 228	4.4 5.4	.1 1.1			
Men who maintain families	1,374 914	1,304 880	378 238	401 242	6.1 1.7	1.8 -2.5			
All other women '	6,947 5,944	7,575 6,264	356 284	371 298	4.2 4.7	1 : .5			
RACE AND SEX		: 	[ ! !	!	i i	<b>!</b>			
White	62,788 37,910 24,877	65,390 39,630 25,760	325 400 256	351 406 272	7.7 1.6 6.0	3.3 -2.6 1.7			
Black Men Women	7,484 4,028 3,456	8,250 4,339 3,911	266 305 234	272 307 247	2.2 .6 5.5	-2.0 -3.5 1.2			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The majority of these persons are living alone or with nonrelatives. Also included are persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown.

NOTE: Data on median weekly earnings are now derived using \$10 intervals rather than the \$50 intervals previously used; prior years' data have been recalculated.

#### **HOUSEHOLD DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES**

A-74. Median weekly earnings of part-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics

	Number of thou		Median weekly earnings						
Characteristic	: :	IV .	IV	IV		hange over ear in:			
	1983 	1984	1983	1984	Current dollars	Constant dollars			
SEX AND AGE		! i		!					
Total, 16 years and over	17,848	17,651	\$87	\$89	3.1	-1.1			
Men, 16 years and over	5,644	5,445 j	82	85	, 3.2	-1.0			
16 to 24 years	3,288	3,306	67	73	8.3	3.8			
25 years and over	2,355	2,140	111	118	6.0	1.7			
Women, 16 years and over	12.205	12.206	88	92	4.3	(²)			
16 to 24 years		i 4,023 i	67	68	2.2	-2.0			
25 years and over		8,182	103	106	3.0	-1.2			
FAMILY RELATIONSHIP		!		!					
Husbands	1,544	1,300	111	114	2.0	-2.1			
Wives	6,464	6,431	104	107	3.0	-1.2			
Others in married-couple families	4,876	4,854	63	66	3.8	5			
Women who maintain families	917	845	88	100	13.0	8.4			
Others in such families	1,249	1,258	69	77	10.3	5.8			
Men who maintain families	106	108	103	. 133	29.9	24.6			
Others in such families	362	327	80	. 70	-12.9	-16.4			
All other men 1	934	878	107	108	.5	-3.6			
All other women 1	1,397	1,649	93	. 96	3.0	-1.2			
RACE AND SEX		•		1					
White	15,758	15,493	87	. 90	3.0	-1.2			
Men	4,891	4,651	81	84	3.5	7			
Women	10,867	10,842	90	93	3.5	7			
Black	1,673	1,733	86	88	3.4	8			
Men		607	92	99	7.4	3.1			
Women	1,080	1,126	. 83	87	4.6	.3			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The majority of these persons are living alone or with nonrelatives. Also included are persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown.

Less than 0.05 percent. NOTE: Data on median weekly earnings are now derived using \$10 intervals rather than the \$50 intervals previously used; prior years' data have been recalculated.

A-75. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and sex

		of workers ausands)	Median weekly earnings					
Occupation and sex	IV	i			i	hange over ear in:		
	1983	1984	1983	1984	Current dollars	Constar dollars		
TOTAL		1	:	1	,	:		
Managerial and professional specialty	17,894	18,994	\$450	ı <b>\$494</b>	9.8	5.3		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	8,241	9,050	458	502	9.7	5.2		
Professional specialty	9,654	9,944	440	479	8.9	4.4		
Technical, sales, and administrative support	21,954	23,007	289	, 302	4.7	.5		
Technicians and related support		2,597	,	382	5.7	1.3		
Sales occupations	6,462	7,180	306	314	2.8	1.4		
Administrative support, including clerical		13,230	264	278 209	5.2 1.4	9		
Private household	7,361 241		105	135	28.7	23.4		
Protective service	1,395	1,469	359	386	; 20.7 , 7.6	3.2		
Service, except private household and protective	5,725	5,630	199	202	1.2	-2.9		
Precision production, craft, and repair		10,856	· 199	390	2.2	-1.9		
Mechanics and repairers	3,553	3,786	384	399	4.0	3		
Construction trades	3,096	3,780	383	393	2.7	-1.5		
Other precision production, craft, and repair	3,545	3,676	378	383	1.5	-2.6		
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	13,668	14,205	280	294	4.8	.6		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7,208	7,456	264	282	6.9	2.5		
Transportation and material moving occupations		3,736	336	357	6.2	. 1.9		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2,961	3,014	249	254	2.1	-2.1		
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1,102	1,341	201	205	2.1	-2.1		
Men								
Managerial and professional specialty	10,484	11,129	521	570	9.4	4.9		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	5,276	5,812	550	. 579	5.1	. 8		
Professional specialty		5,317	508	556	9.5	5.1		
Technical, sales, and administrative support	8,355	8,662	400		1.4	-2.8		
Technicians and related support	1,476	1,453	420	452	7.6	3.2		
Sales occupations	3,885	4,277	, 402	405	.9	-3.3		
Administrative support, including clerical	2,994	2,932	360	391	8.4	4.0		
Service occupations	3,765	3,688	257	259	, 1.0	-3.2		
Private household	7	15	(¹)	(')	(') : 9.1	(¹) 4.7		
Protective service	1,273 2,485	1,319	\$368 215	\$402 221	2.7	-1.5		
Service, except private household and protective		. 2,354	400	402	.3	-3.8		
Precision production, craft, and repair	9,283 3,428	10,023 3,672	385	400	3.8	4		
Construction trades	3,426	3,349	. 384	399	4.0	2		
Other precision production, craft, and repair	2,798	3,002	409	409	(²)	-4.1		
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	10,162	10,449	315	325	3.0	-1.3		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	4,298	4,456	328	329	.1	-3.9		
Transportation and material moving occupations	3,336	3,528	348	360	3.4	~.8		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2,528	2,465	256	267	4.3	(²)		
Farming, forestry, and fishing	994	1,235	203	206	1.5	-2.6		
Women	<u>.</u>	<b>.</b>		<b></b> .				
Managerial and professional specialty	7,410	7,865	362	394	8.7	4.3		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	2,964	3,238	349	369	5.9	1.6		
Professional specialty  [echnical, sales, and administrative support	4,446	4,627	378 251	402 257	6.3 2.4	2.0 -1.8		
• •	13,600	14,345	-			1.8		
Technicians and related support	1,117 2,577	1,144 2,903	306 205	325 208	6.2 1.9	-2.3		
Administrative support, including clerical	9,906	10,298	252	208 259	2.6	-2.3 -1.6		
Service occupations	3,596	3,749	175	183	5.1	-1.0		
Private household	233	323	104	134	28.7	23.4		
Protective service	122	150	275	283	3.0	-1.2		
Service, except private household and protective	3,241	3,276	176	185	5.1	.8		
Precision production, craft, and repair	911	833	253	255	.5	-3.6		
Mechanics and repairers	125	113	355	343	-3.4	-7.3		
Construction trades	39	45	( )	(')	(')	(')		
Other precision production, craft, and repair	747	675	\$246	\$246	·	-3.9		
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	3,506	3,757	206	220	6.8	2.5		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	2,910	3,000	204	219	7.1	2.8		
Transportation and material moving occupations	163	207	253	295	16.7	12.0		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	433	549	206	211	2.1	-2.1		
Farming, forestry, and fishing	109	105	164	182	11.1	6.6		

Data not shown where base is less than 100,000.

Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE Data on median weekly earnings are now derived using \$10

intervals rather than the \$50 intervals previously used; data for 1983 have been recalculated.

#### 1. Median weekly earnings of families by type of family, number of earners and race

		of families usands)		Median wee	kly earnings	
Type of family, number of earners, and race	1 1000	1004	4000	4004		nange over ear in:
	1983	1984 1 1	1983	1984	Current dollars	Constant dollars
TOTAL					i	
Total families with earners 1	40,701	40,949	\$470	\$502	6.8	2.1
Married-couple families		33,075	508	550	8.4	3.6
One earner		13,538	354	368	4.1	5
Husband		10,609	403	414	2.6	-1.9
Wife	.,	2,220	202	205	1.5	-3.0
Other family member		708	200	202	1.4	-3.1
Two or more earners		19,537	647	682	5.4	.8
Husband and wife		16,695	655	691	5.5	.8
Husband and other family member(s)		2,182	651	686	5.3	.7
Wife and other family member(s)		498	387	426	9.8	5.0
Other family members only		162	370	412	11.4	6.5
Families maintained by women		6,294	267	283	5.7	1.1
One earner		4,343	216	203		1.1
		, , , ,	226	237	1 4.9	3
Householder		3,366	188	203	8.3	3.5
Other family member	•	977				
Two or more earners		1,951	439	453	3.2	-1.3
Families maintained by men		1,581	407	419	1 0.1	-1.4
One earner		963	324	337	4.0	5
Two or more earners	647	618	584	613	ı <b>4.9</b> İ	; .3 ;
White	1	!				:
Total families with earners 1		35,336	487	512	5.2	, . <b>6</b>
Married-couple families	29,404	29,590	516	556	7.8	3.1
One earner	12,867	12,223	362	383	6.0	1.3
Husband	10,106	9,708	406	426	5.0	.4
Wife	2,127	1,879	202	205	1.7	-2.8
Two or more earners	1 16,538	17,368	653	689	5.5	.8
Husband and wife	14,055	14,802	661	699	5.8	j 1.2
Families maintained by women	4,354	4,510	282	301	6.7	2.0
Families maintained by men	1,380	1,236	429	445	3.7	8
Black		İ	Ì			
Total families with earners 1	4,564	4,579	348	367	5.2	.1
Married-couple families		2.648	424	462	8.9	1 .4
One earner		967	252	256	1.8	3
Husband		634	301	307	1.7	3
Wife		281	188	194	3.2	1
Two or more earners		1.681	566	602	6.4	.2
Husband and wife	1,699	1,470	588	614	4.5	(²)
Families maintained by women	1,492	1,640	225	241	6.9	.2
Families maintained by men		292	329	365	10.9	.6
- and manually by mon annumental annumental		232	525	1	1 . 3.5	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data exclude families in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Data on families for 1984 reflect revised editing and weighting

procedures and are not comparable to data for 1983 and prior years. Moreover, data on median weekly earnings are now derived using \$10 intervals rather than the \$50 intervals previously used; prior years data have been recalculated.

### 2. Families with unemployed members and wage and salary workers by type of family and median weekly

		of families usands)	Median weekly earnings						
Type of family and relationship of unemployed members to wage and salary earners	4000		1000	1004		hange over ear in:			
,	1983	! 1984 ! !	1983	1984	Current dollars	Constant			
Married-couple families'	4,090	3,168	<b>\$</b> 355	\$367	3.5	-1.0			
Husband unemployed	1.325	952	! 208	221	6.4	1.7			
Wife only earner	1,026	735	203	205	1.2	-3.3			
Wife and other earner(s)	167	127	367	407	10.8	5.9			
Other earner(s) only	132	89	158	163	2.9	-1.7			
Wife unemployed	1,282	1,072	364	368	1.2	-3.3			
Husband only earner	1,100	906	346	351	1.3	-3.2			
Husband and other earner(s)	158	138	577	609	5.5	.8			
Other earner(s) only	24	28	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)			
Other member(s) unemployed	1,483	   1,144	\$557	\$560	.6	: ! -3.8			
Husband or wife earner	667	507	446	421	-5.7	-9.8			
Both husband and wife earners	759	581	685	718	4.9	.3			
Other combinations of earners	57	56	209	206	-1.3	-5.6			
amilies maintained by women'	737	725	239	235	-1.4	J -5.7			
Householder unemployed	110	105	159	153	-4.0	-8.2			
Other member(s) unemployed	627	620	251	251	3	-4.7			
Families maintained by men1	241	203	323	336	4.3	3			
I I		1	t .	1	i	1			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data exclude families in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other person maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

<sup>2</sup> Data not shown where base is less than 50,000.

NOTE: Data on families for 1984 reflect revised editing and weighting

procedures and are not comparable to data for 1983 and prior years. Moreover, data on median weekly earnings are now derived using \$10 intervals rather than the \$50 intervals previously used; prior years data have been recalculated.

#### HOUSEHOLD DATA ANNUAL AVERAGES

#### 3. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics

		of workers usands)		Median wee	kly earnings	
Characteristic	1983	1984	4000	1984		hange over ear in:
	1983	1984	1983	1984   	Current dollars	Constant dollars
SEX AND AGE			! !		} [	i i
Total, 16 years and over	70,976	74,912	\$309	\$326	5.7	1.0
Men, 16 years and over	42,309 6,702 35,607	44,654 7,153 37,501	379 223 405	400 232 421	5.6 3.9 3.9	1.0 6 7
Women, 16 years and over	28,667 5,345 23,322	30,258 5,538 24,720	252 201 263	259 203 282	3.1   1.4   7.1	-1.5 -3.0 2.4
FAMILY RELATIONSHIP			 	Í Í	 	1
Husbands	28,720 14,884 6,207	29,932 15,821 6,652	   407   255   205	430 271 212	5.7 6.2 3.1	1.0 1.6 1.4
Women who maintain families Others in such families	3,948 2,464	4,220 2,690	255 211	262 222	2.8 5.1	-1.7 .5
Men who maintain families Others in such families	1,331 879	1,212 864	377 227	383 237	1.8 4.5	-2.7 1
All other men 1	6,740 5,803	7,387 6,133	352 273	367 288	4.2 5.7	1.0
RACE AND SEX		!		 	]	!
White Men Women	61,739 37,378 24,361	! 64,889 ; 39,331 ; 25,558	321 397 253	339 403 264	5.6 1.5 4.4	1.0 -3.0 1
Black Men Women	7,373 3,883 3,490	8,023 4,227 3,797	257 299 231	265 304 242	2.9 1.6 4.7	-1.7 -2.9

<sup>&#</sup>x27; The majority of these persons are living alone or with nonrelatives. Also included are persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown.

NOTE: Data on median weekly earnings are now derived using \$10 intervals rather than the \$50 intervals previously used; prior years' data have been recalculated.

#### 4. Median weekly earnings of part-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics

		of workers usands)	Median weekly earnings						
Characteristic	; ; ; 1983	1984	1983	1984		hange over ear in:			
	1963	1964	1963   	1984	Current dollars	Constant dollars			
SEX AND AGE	į					! ! }			
Total, 16 years and over	17,314	17,282	\$87	\$90	3.1	-1.4			
Men, 16 years and over	5,547	5,368	83	85	2.2	-2.3			
16 to 24 years	3,272	3,208	69	73	6.4	1.7			
25 years and over	2,275	2,160	110	109	~.8	-5.2			
Women, 16 years and over	11,767	11,914	89	93	4.8	.2			
16 to 24 years		4.006	68	72	5.1	.5			
25 years and over		7,908	103	106	2.5	-2.0			
FAMILY RELATIONSHIP	1					 			
Husbands	1,468	1,382	112	112	1	-4.5			
Wives	6,165	6,210	104	107	2.6	-1.9			
Others in married-couple families	4,859	4,836	65	68	4.8	.2			
Women who maintain families	861	893	98	100	1.6	-2.8			
Others in such families	1,225	1,298	70	74	5.6	1.0			
Men who maintain families	111	94	109	107	-1.8	-6.1			
Others in such families	332	289	80	81	1.2	-3.3			
All other men 1	846	786	106	107	1.0	-3.5			
All other women '	1,447	1,495	92	98	6.8	2.1			
RACE AND SEX	i i	!			i I				
White	15,307	15,182	i i <b>88</b>	91	3.2	-1.3			
Men		4,601	83	85	1.9	-2.5			
Women		10,581	90	94	4.4	2			
Black	1,606	1,675	83	85	3.5	-1.0			
Men		592	85	86	1.5	-3.0			
Women	1,013	1,083	81	85	4.4	2			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The majority of these persons are living alone or with nonrelatives. Also included are persons in married-couple families where the husband or wife is in the Armed Forces, persons in unrelated subfamilies, and those whose family status is unknown.

NOTE: Data on median weekly earnings are now derived using \$10 intervals rather than the \$50 intervals previously used; prior years' data have been recalculated.

#### 5. Median weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and sex

		of workers usands)		Median w	eekly earnings	3
Occupation and sex				•		hange over ear in:
	1983	1984	1983	1984	Current dollars	Constant dollars
					. uoliais	. uoliais
TOTAL						
Managerial and professional specialty	17,451	18,580	\$440	\$463 400	5.4	0.7 2.6
Executive, administrative, and managerial  Professional specialty	8,117 9,334	9,725	456 422	490 454	7.3 7.7	3.0
Technical, sales, and administrative support		22.590	282	300	6.6	1.9
Technicians and related support	2,574	2,664	357	381	6.9	2.2
Sales occupations	6,313	6,850	305	316	3.8	8
Administrative support, including clerical		13,076	258	273	5.8	1.2
Service occupations		7,624	205	208	1.6	-2.9
Private household	278 1,453	338	' 111 ' 350	131 364	18.2 4.2	13.0 4
Protective service		1,457 5,828	194	201	3.5	-1.1
Precision production, craft, and repair	9,963	10,644	379	386	1.9	-2.6
Mechanics and repairers	3,538	3,707	376	398	5.9	1.3
Construction trades	3,011	3,249	372	385	3.5	1.0
Other precision production, craft, and repair		3,687	385	379	-1.6	-5.9
Operators, fabricators, and laborers		14,129	276	287	4.0	6
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		7,299	261	279	7.0	2.3 1.9
Transportation and material moving occupations	3,358 2,970	3,651 3,179	328 244	350 250	6.6 2.7	-1.8
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1,280	1,345	200	203	1.9	-2.5
3, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,			•	
Men						
Managerial and professional specialty	10,312	10,852	508	553	8.9	4.1
Executive, administrative, and managerial  Professional specialty	5,344 4,967	5,726 5,126	530 505	568 534	7.3 5.6	2.5 1.0
Technical, sales, and administrative support	8,125	8,542	395	404	2.3	-2.2
Technicians and related support	1,428	1,474	423	451	6.6	1.9
Sales occupations	3,853	4,148	400	403	.9	-3.5
Administrative support, including clerical	2,844	2,920	362	380	5.0	.4
Service occupations	3,723	3,755	255	259	1.5	-2.9
Private household	11	11	(') *056	(¹) •070	. (')	(')
Protective service	1,314 2,398	1,308 2,437	\$356 216	\$378 224	6.2 3.8	1.5 8
Precision production, craft, and repair	9,180	9,779	399	401	.4	-4.0
Mechanics and repairers	3,418	3,593	378	399	5.7	1.0
Construction trades	2,966	3,210	376	387	2.9	-1.6
Other precision production, craft, and repair		2,976	407	406	1	-4.5
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	9,833	10,514	307	321	4.5	~.1
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		4,371	323 339	331 354	2.4 4.3	-2.1 3
Transportation and material moving occupations  Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		3,462 2,680	249	258	3.4	-1.2
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1,137	1,212	202	205	1.6	-2.8
Women	7 100	7 700	255	279	6.4	1.7
Managerial and professional specialty  Executive, administrative, and managerial	7,139 2,772	7,728 3,130	355 340	378 358	6.4 5.3	.7
Professional specialty	4,367	4,598	363	394	8.6	3.8
Technical, sales, and administrative support	13,517	14,048	248	256	3.1	-1.4
Technicians and related support	1,146	1,189	301	312	3.6	-1.0
Sales occupations	2,460	2,703	204	212	3.8	7
Administrative support, including clerical		10,156 3,868	249 172	257 180	2.9 4.8	-1.6 .2
Private household	3,598 267	3,868	109	130	4.6 19.4	ے. 14.1
Protective service	139	149	249	288	15.5	10.4
Service, except private household and protective	3,193	3,391	175	182	3.9	6
Precision production, craft, and repair		865	251	254	1.1	-3.3
Mechanics and repairers	120	114	340	340	.2	-4.3
Construction trades	45 610	39 711	(¹)	(¹) \$246	(')	(`) -3.6
Other precision production, craft, and repair		711 3,615	\$244 205	\$246 209	. <del>9</del> 2.0	-3.6 -2.5
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		2,928	203	208	2.3	-2.3 -2.2
Transportation and material moving occupations		189	253	253	2	-4.5
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		499	208	207	6	~5.0
Farming, forestry, and fishing		133	165	177	7.3	2.6

Data not shown where base is less than 50,000.

NOTE: Data on median weekly earnings are now derived using \$10

intervals rather than the \$50 intervals previously used. Data for 1983 have been recalculated.

#### B-1. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1934 to date

(In thousands)

	1	!		Goods	-producing		į			Ser	vice-produc	ing			
Year and month	Total	Total private	Total	Mining	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total	Transpor- tation and public utilities	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Federal	State	Loc
	1						Anı	nual averag	BS						
34		22,641	10,261	883	877	8,501	15,679	2,750	(')	(')	1,304	3,045	652	(¹)	(1
935	27,039	23,558	10,893	897	927	9,069	16,146	2,786	()	j 😲 –	1,320	3,128	753	(1)	C
936 937		25,400	11,933	946	1,160	9,827	17,135	2.973	(1)	(*)	1,373	3,312	826 833	(t) (t)	(¹ (¹
938		27,255 25,311	12,936 11,401	1,015 891	1,127	10,794 9,440	18,075	3,134 2,863	(¹)   (¹)	1 8	1,417	3,503 3,458	829	8	e
939		26,608	12,297	854	1,165	10,278	18,306	2,936	હિં	6	1,447	3,502	905	Ö	Ċ
40	32,361	28,159	13,221	925	1,311	10,985	19,140	3,038	1,835	4,914	1,485	3,665	996	(1)	C
941	36,539	31,877	15,963	957	1,814	13,192	20,574	3,274	1,960	5,251	1,525	3,905	1,340	(')	i (
942		34,624	18,470	992	2,198	15,280	21,636	3,460	1,906	5,212	1,509	4,066	2,213	(¹)	(
943		36,356	20,114	925	1,587	17,602	22,320	3,647	1,822	5,160	1,481	4,130	2,905	(1)	Ç
944 945		35,822 34,431	19,328	892	1,108	17,328	22,536	3,829	1,845	5,214 5,365	1,461	4,145	2,928 2,808	(¹)	(
946		36,056	17,507 17,248	836 862	1,147	15,524 14,703	22,867	4,061	1,949 2,291	6,084	1,675	4,222 4,697	2,254	8	(
947		38,382	18,509	955	2,009	15,545	25,348	4,166	2,471	6,485	1,728	5,025	1,892	(7)	j (
948		39,216	18,774	994	2,198	15,582	26,092	4,189	2,605	6,667	1,800	5,181	1,863	(1)	( (°
949		37,897	17,565	930	2,194	14,441	26,189	4,001	2,602	6,662	1,828	5,240	1,908	Ö	(
950		39,170	18,506	901	2,364	15,241	26,691	4,034	2,635	6,751	1,888	5,357	1,928	(1)	g
951		41,430	19,959	929	2,637	16,393	27,860	4,226	2,727	7,015	1,956	5,547	2,302	()	(
952		42,185	20,198	898	2,668	16,632	28,595	4,248	2,812	7,192	2,035	5,699	2,420	(1)	l g
953		43,556	21,074	866	2,659	17,549	29,128	4,290	2,854	7,393	2,111	5,835	2,305	(1)	į g
954 955		42,238 43,727	19,751 20,513	791 792	2,646 2,839	16,314 16,882	29,239	4,084 4,141	2,867 2,926	7,368	2,200 2,298	5,969 6,240	2,188 2,187	(¹) (¹)	(
956		45,091	21,104	822	3,039	17,243	31,266	4,141	3,018	7,840	2,389	6,497	2,209	1,250	3,
957		45,239	20,964	828	2,962	17,174	31,889	4,241	3,028	7,858	2,438	6,708	2,217	1,328	4,
958		43,483	19,513	751	2,817	15,945	31,811	3,976	2,980	7,770	2,481	6,765	2,191	1,415	4.
959²	53,268	45,186	20,411	732	3,004	16,675	32,857	4,011	3,082	8,045	2,549	7,087	2,233	1,484	4,0
960		45,836	20,434	712	2,926	16,796	33,755	4,004	3,143	8,248	2,629	7,378	2,270	1,536	4,
961		45,404	19,857	672	2,859	16,326	34,142	3,903	3,133	8,204	2,688	7,620	2,279	1,607	4,
962		46,660	20,451	650	2,948	16,853	35,098	3,906	3,198	8,368	2,754	7,982	2,340	1,668	4,1
963 964		47,429 48,686	20,640	635 634	3,010	16,995 17,274	36,013 37,278	3,903 3,951	3,248 3,337	8,530 8,823	2,830	8,277 8,660	2,358	1,747 1,856	5, 5,
965		50,689	21,926	632	3,232	18,062	38,839	4,036	3,466	9,250	2,977	9,036	2,378	1,996	5,
966		53,116	23,158	627	3,317	19,214	40,743	4,158	3,597	9,648	3,058	9,498	2,564	2,141	6,
967	65,803	54,413	23,308	613	3,248	19,447	42,495	4,268	3,689	9,917	3,185	10,045	2,719	2,302	6.
968		56,058	23,737	606	3,350	19,781	44,160	4,318	3,779	10,320	i 3,337	10,567	2,737	2,442	6,
969	70,384	58,189	24,361	619	3,575	20,167	46,023	4,442	3,907	10,798	3,512	11,169	2,758	2,533	6,
970	70,880	58,325	23,578	623	3,588	19,367	47,302	4,515	3,993	11,047	3,645	11,548	2,731	2,664	7,
971		58,331	22,935	i 609	3,704	18,623	48,278	4,476	4,001	11,351	3,772	11,797	2,696	2,747	7.
972		60,341	23,668	628	3,889	19,151	50,007	4,541	4,113	11,836	3,908		2,684	2,859	7,
973		63,058	24,893	642	4,097	20,154	51,897	4,656	4,277	12,329	1 1,0 10	12,857	2,663	2,923	8,
974		64,095	24,794	697	4,020	20,077	53,471	4,725	4,433	12,554	,	13,441	2,724	3,039	8,
975 976		62,259	22,600	752	3,525	18,323	54,345	4,542	4,415	12,645		13,892	2,748	3,179 3,273	8,   8,
977		67,344	23,352	779 813	3,576 3,851	18,997 19,682	56,030 58,125	4,582 4,713	4,546 4,708	13,209	4,271	14,551	2,733 2,727	3,273	9,
978		71,026	25,585	851	4,229	20,505	61,113	4,923	4,969	14,573		16,252	2,753	3,474	9,
979		73,876	26,461	958	4,463	21,040	63,363	5,136	5,204	14,989		17,112	2,773	3,541	9,
980	90,406	74,166	25,658	1,027	4,346	20,285	64,748	5,146	5,275	15,035	5,160	17,890	: i 2,866	3,610	9,
981	91,156	75,126	25,497	1,139	4,188	20,203	65,659	5,165	5,358	15,189		17,630	2,772	3,640	9,
982	89,566	73,729	23,813	1,128	3,905	18,781	65,753	5,082	5,278	15,179	5,341	19,036	2,739	3,640	9,
983		74,288	23,394	957	3,940	18,497	66,744	4,958	5,259	15,545	5,467	19,665	2,752	3,660	9,
984	94,156	78,187	24,904	. 998 	4,316	19,590	69,254	5,170	5,526	16,261	5,665	20,662	2,783	3,702	9,
	į					м	onthly dat	a, seasonal	ly adjusted	j					
984: March	93,058	77,185	24 505	978	4,151	10.466	T	F 110	T	16.030	T	20.076	2770	1 2606	
April		77,165	24,595 24,760	984	4,151	19,466 19,530	68,463 68,689	5,112 5,129	5,457 5,473	16,030	5,613 5,640	20,378	2,770 2,771	3,686 3,693	i 9. i 9.
May		77,864	24,851	995	4,286	19,570	68,935	5,144		16,166	5,662	20,549	2,785	3,699	, 9,
June		78,241	24,974	1,002	4,343	19,629	69,161	5,163	5,502	16,245		20,681	2,777	3,699	9,
July	, 94,350	78,422	25,059	1,007	4,356	19,696	69,291	5,175	5,528	16,283		20,701	2,779	3,697	9,
August		78,566	25,098	1,017	4,356	19,725	69,425	5,202	5,544	16,295		20,748	2,785	3,714	9,
September		78,698	25,010	1,020	4,374	19,616	69,797	5,213		16,342	5,684	20,861	2,804	3,725	9,
October		79,054	25,080	1,012	4,382	19,686	70,077			16,468	5,705	20,964	2,793	3,719	j 9,
November		79,371	25,123	1,009	4,396		70,374	5,226	5,623	16,644		21,030	2,804	3,724	9,
December	95,681	79,618	25,258	1,000	4,457	19,801	70,423	5,249	5,641	16,626	5,749	21,095	2,809	3,711	l 9,∶
January	96.045	79,971	25,338	1,000	4,530	19,808	70,707	5,266	5,665	16,707	5,764	21,231	2,807	3,713	9,
February		80,064	25,227	999	4,489	19,739	70,707	5,279	5,670	16,757	5,800	21,231	2,805	3,726	
March <sup>p</sup>		80,417	25,328	997	4,618		71,210	5,266	5,685	16,836	5,828	21,474		3,744	, -,

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data (beginning April 1983) and all seasonally adjusted data (beginning January 1980) are subject to revision.

Not available.
 Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning in 1959. This inclusion resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 benchmark month.

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es		Production workers					
Industry	SIC	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985⁵	
Total	i	91,612	92,234	94,628	94,846	95,660	- i	-	_	_ 1		
Total private	!	75,477	76,030	78,558	78,490	79,203	60,909	61,384	63,417	63,314	63,90	
Mining		964	967	993	985	987	686	689	707	700	70	
Metal mining	10	57.9	58.1	50.9		-	42.2	42.3			_	
Iron ores	. 101	! 11.1	11.4	7.5	7.5	- :	7.9	8.3	5.5	5.5	-	
Copper ores	¦102	19.0	18.6	14.9	14.3	-	13.3	12.9	10.5	10.1	-	
Coal mining	111 12	198.5	201.3	192.6	195.3	_	160.0	162.9	155.1	157.9	_	
Bituminous coal and lignite mining		195.8	198.6	189.8		_	157.6	160.5	152.7		_	
5 0	i	1			!			i		į '		
Oil and gas extraction	13	607.2					408.8	405.4			-	
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids .	¦131,2	256.4					118.1	117.8			-	
Oil and gas field services	138	350.8	347.4	388.4	381.8	-	290.7	287.6	319.5	312.9	-	
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	100.5	104.7	105.2	103.7 <sup>i</sup>	l <u>.</u> i	74.5	78.6	78.2	76.8	_	
Crushed and broken stone		30.6	32.9	32.6			23.2	25.4		24.9	-	
Sand and gravel		; 30.7	32.0	33.6	32.6	! <u>-</u>	_ '	_	· -	¦ - '	_	
Chemical and fertilizer minerals	<mark> </mark> 147	21.3	21.3	21.0	21.1	-		- !	_	-	-	
Construction		3,774	i 3,794	4,122	4,009	4,216	2,858	2,864	3,153	3,040	3,23	
General building contractors	115	1 000 7	1,010.8	1 088 0	[ : 1.054.9	1 . 1,108,2	723.8	729.5	796.2	760.9	_	
Residential building construction		475.9				,	330.8	331.1	365.9		_	
Operative builders		59.8				•	32.5	33.9			_	
Nonresidential building construction		465.0					360.5	364.5		382.4	-	
Heavy construction contractors	116	679.6	702.8	691.4	i 677.2		 i 538.3	558.6	551.9	536.9		
Highway and street construction		174.1		186.3			136.8	150.0				
Heavy construction, except highway		505.5					401.5				; -	
Special trade contractors	  17	2.094.0	2 080 0	2,342.1	2,276.6	! } -	1,595.4	1,576.2	1 804 5	1,742.0	_	
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	171	510.5		, ,			370.7	366.6			i -	
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating	172	119.7			:		97.1					
Electrical work		409.0		461.0	i .		307.5				-	
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		320.2		:		i -	267.8	262.7			-	
Carpentering and flooring		120.5			130.2		89.1	88.3	97.5	95.0	_	
Roofing and sheet metal work		156.9	147.5	172.9	154.4	i -	122.3	112.7	135.9	118.0	-	
Manufacturing	İ	19,181	19,323	19,579	19,540	19,568	13,163	13,280	13,363	13,331	13,36	
Durable goods		11,339	11,456	11,716	11,691	11,718	7,638	7,736	7,853	7,829	7,85	
Lumber and wood products	24	676.9	688.0	682.9	679.1	685.0	565.9	576.3	570.3	565.6	570.	
Logging camps and logging contractors	241	75.9	73.7				58.9			i	-	
Sawmills and planing mills	242	202.7				1	179.8				-	
Sawmills and planing mills, general		167.8				¦ -	149.1	151.1				
Hardwood dimension and flooring		30.3					26.7				-	
Millwork, plywood, and structural members		211.4				,	175.9				i -	
Millwork		1 77.9		80.9	1		62.9 44.5		66.2 49.2			
Wood kitchen cabinets		55.2	56.3 24.6				21.6	1				
Hardwood veneer and plywoodSoftwood veneer and plywood		36.7		1		1	33.3				1	
Wood containers		38.8					33.0					
					1			,				
Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products	245 2451	67.8 50.9 80.3	70.9 52.9	! 66.9 ! 49.1	68.3 51.1	<u> </u>	51.4 40.3 66.9	54.3 42.3	!	50.7 39.1	50.7 52.0 39.1 41.0 69.4 70.2	

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972	1	All	employe	es	i	Production workers'					
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985°	
Durable goods—Continued												
Furniture and fixtures	<sub> </sub> 25	478.9	480.5	495.7	496.1	495.4	383.4	384.7	397.0	396.3	395.	
Household furniture	251	292.6	293.2			i <b>-</b> ļ	244.8	245.7	244.6	245.5	-	
Wood household furniture		128.9	128.7		128.2	-	112.0	111.7	111.7	112.0	-	
Upholstered household furniture		90.1		90.8	91.8	-	73.5		74.7	75.4	-	
Metal household furniture		31.2	31.5	31.1		- !	25.7		25.5	25.2	~	
Mattresses and bedsprings	•	29.5	29.8		28.8	i <del>-</del>	22.6		21.5		-	
Office furniture		63.4 24.8	63.8	71.7 26.6	70.9	-	49.2 18.5	49.2 18.8	55.4 20.5	54.4 20.6	-	
Public building and related furniture  Partitions and fixtures		63.3	25.1 63.7	67.7	26.8 67.6	-	46.9	47.2	49.9	49.5	_	
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		34.8	34.7	38.2	38.0	_	24.0	23.8	26.6		_	
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	57 <b>6.3</b>	585.8	587.4	580.0	591.2	437.5	446.6	446.9	439.5	450	
Flat glass		16.0	15.8	15.8	15.5	-	12.7	12.5	12.6	12.3	-	
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	101.5	101.2	94.9	94.1	! - }	85 5	85.7	79.9	79.3	-	
Glass containers		51.9	51.8	48.3	47.3	-	45.3	45.6	42.6		-	
Pressed and blown glass, nec	3229	49.6	49.4	ì	J	' '	40.2	40.1	37.3	37.4		
Products of purchased glass		48.5	48.9	50.0	50.5	, ,	33.4		35.2	34.9	ı	
Cement, hydraulic		25.7	26.2 37.9	25.9 37.6	24.9 37.3	-	20.1 28.1	20.5 29.1	20.0 28.8		-	
Pottery and related products		39.8	40.5	1	40.9	! - !	31.4	32.0	32.2		! -	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		179.3	185.5	191.9	186.5	í :	135.1	140.4			_	
Concrete block and brick		17.2	17.7	17.8	17.1	l - i	11.6	11.8	11.8		! -	
Concrete products, nec		62.4	64.4	67.0	66.2	_	45.7	47.4	49.8	(	1	
Ready-mixed concrete		81.5	85.0	88.3	84.4	-	63.5	66.8	69.8	65.9	-	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		118.2	119.0	119.8	119.4	i - i	83.0	84.0	83.5	83.1	i -	
Abrasive products	3291	24.0	24.0	24.6	24.4	! - !	16.0		16.4			
Asbestos products Mineral wool		12.3	12.3 27.2	12.2 26.9	12.4 26.6	: 1	9.3	9.3	9.3 -	9.5	- -	
Primary metal industries	33	873.2	881.2	856.1	) 850.8	851.8	663.9	671.4	649.4	!   646.2	646	
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		345.9		ı	1		265.7			1	-	
Blast furnaces and steel mills		278.0		249.6			215.1	1	192.8		_	
Steel pipe and tubes	3317	24.6	24.8	23.8	23.8	-	17.8	18.0	17.4	17.5	-	
Iron and steel foundries	332	153.4	155.7			! -	120.4		124.1	123.6		
Gray iron foundries		98.9	99.9	99.7			80.2		81.5			
Malleable iron foundries		12.3					9.0	i i	9.0		1	
Steel foundries, nec		31.0				1 3	23.1		23.2			
Primary nonferrous metals		53.3	54.2	1	:	-	39.4					
Primary aluminum		28.9	29.6 189.1	27.8 193.2	27.6 191.0	!	22.5 134.1		21.3 137.2		: -	
Nonferrous rolling and drawing  Copper rolling and drawing		25.5	25.8		25.6		19.2		19.7			
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		31.1			30.9	1 1	24.0	24.2	23.0			
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		80.9			82.0		57.7	57.8	59.4	1		
Nonferrous foundries		86.8	87.9	:	90.7	! - !	69.9	70.8	72.9			
Aluminum foundries	3361	52.8	53.4	55.1	55.1	-	43.4	43.9	45.2	45.3	-	
Fabricated metal products		1,436.7						1,065.0		1,096.0		
Metal cans and shipping containers  Metal cans		61.1	61.7 49.3	58.2 46.2			51.5 42.0		49.2 39.9			
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware		145.8					109.2					
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades		45.2					33.4			,		
Hardware, nec	3429	87.0					66.6	1		1		
Plumbing and heating, except electric	343	63.5	64.0	62.9	63.2	- 1	45.1	45.4	44.6	44.8	<u> </u>	
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		26.8					20.3					
Heating equipment, except electric		27.2					17.7					
Fabricated structural metal products		435.2					292.6					
Fabricated structural metal Metal doors, sash, and trim		76.8			80.4 87.3		53.0 60.3	•			í	
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		105.0					60.3					
Sheet metal work	13444	110.2	111.8	115.5	114.6	· - i	79.9	81.5	84.9	83.7	-	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		es		Production workers¹						
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	<b>Ma</b> r. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985
Ourable goods—Continued											
Fabricated metal products—Continued	}	Í		Ì							
Screw machine products, bolts, etc		92.3	93.4	97.7	98.4	- 1	70.6	71.3	74.9	75.8	-
Screw machine products		44.1	44.8	47.5	48.0		35.7	36.2	38.6	39.2	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		48.2	48.6		50.4	-	34.9	35.1	36.3	36.6	-
Metal forgings and stampings		249.6	252.4	261.0	259.5	-	200.3	202.6	209.9	208.8	-
Iron and steel forgings		32.9	33.6	33.1 104.1	33.1	: 1	25.4 83.5	25.9	25.7 89.2	25.6 88.2	-
Automotive stampings  Metal stampings, nec		97.6	98.4 109.3	112.5	102.6 112.5	_ [	83.1	84.2 84.2	86.6	86.6	_
Metal services, nec		99.7	103.3	104.0		- I	80.0	81.4	83.3	83.5	_
Plating and polishing		68.7	69.8	71.8	71.9	! !	56.3	57.3	58.4	58.7	-
Metal coating and allied services		31.0	31.3	32.2	32.0		23.7	24.1	24.9	24.8	_
Ordnance and accessories, nec		65.3	66.1	69.0	68.9	-	41.8	42.6	44.5	45.3	_
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		29.8	30.4	32.4	32.7	¦ - ¦	19.0	19.4	21.0	21.8	-
Misc. fabricated metal products	349	224.2	225.7	230.8		-	162.6	163.7	167.8	168.6	-
Valves and pipe fittings	3494	84.0	84.9	1	87.0	i - I	56.1	57.0	58.4	58.8	} -
Misc. fabricated wire products	3496	56.0	56.2	55.2	55.4	-	42.8	42.8	42.3	42.2	-
Machinery, except electrical	35	2,155.7		2,243.1	2,244.5	2,249.4	1,304.8	1,323.3	1,365.4	1,368.9	1,371
Engines and turbines		113.5	r .	!		-	70.9	71.8	70.9	70.2	
Turbines and turbine generator sets		34.7	34.7		!	1 1	17.0	17.2	17.9	17.9	1
Internal combustion engines, nec		78.8	79.6			, ,	53.9	54.6	53.0		
Farm and garden machinery		117.9	119.6				79.4	80.9	72.2		
Farm machinery and equipment		93.7	95.5 270.2			1 1	61.8	63.4	52.3		(
Construction and related machinery  Construction machinery		92.4	93.4			! !	160.5 54.8	165.0 55.8	173.5 56.3	56.2	
Mining machinery		22.8					13.3	14.1	15.3		l
Oil field machinery		72.1	73.9				46.1	47.6	50.6		Į.
Conveyors and conveying equipment		27.4	27.8		1	1	14.2	14.5	16.3	1	
Industrial trucks and tractors		26.4			,	1	17.3	17.8	18.9	18.6	-
Metalworking machinery	354	301.0	303.0	321.0	321.0	-	213.8	214.6	230.4	230.3	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types		54.3	54.8	57.4	57.4	i - !	32.4		36.1	36.1	-
Machine tools, metal forming types		18.2			20.2	1	11,0	1	12.5	t .	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		131.6			:		103.3	1	109.7		-
Machine tool accessories		56.8			61.0	,	39.7	40.1	43.4	43.3	-
Power driven hand tools		22.8				í i	16.5	l .	17.7 103.0		i
Special industry machinery Food products machinery		165.0 36.8	:	l l	l .	1 1	98.4 22.7	22.7	22.5	22.4	
Textile machinery		21.0		1	1	1	14.6	1	13.6		_
Printing trades machinery		33.1					19.1	19.3	20.6		۱ -
General industrial machinery		267.0		l .	1		168.6	171.9	182.3		1
Pumps and pumping equipment		51.3	•	1		1	29.3		31.3	31.4	-
Ball and roller bearings		47.7	48.5	50.9	50.3	-	35.9	36.6			-
Air and gas compressors		21.5					10.9				
Blowers and fans		33.9					20.7	t .			1
Speed changers, drives, and gears		19.8					13.2		14.3	1	1
Power transmission equipment, nec		18.6					12.5 198.2		14.0 194.2	1	
Office and computing machines  Electronic computing equipment		494.7 429.3					164.5				
Retrigeration and service machinery		173.3					121.0				
Refrigeration and heating equipment		122.8					87.6				
Misc. machinery, except electrical	359	257.9					194.0	197.2	209.9	209.8	-
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves	3592	36.4	36.9	38.3	38.0	-	28.8				
Machinery, except electrical, nec	3599	221.5	224.2	236.1	236.1	-	165.2	167.8	178.6	178.8	-
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	2,164.3	2,188.6	2,273.0	2,264.2	2,260.3	(   1,339.2	1,358.2	1,388.1	1,376.0	1,37
Electric distributing equipment		111.5		114.0		1	80.1	80.9	1	,	
Transformers		49.8					35.1	1			ì
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		61.7					45.0				
Electrical industrial apparatus		210.8					149.0				
Motors and generators		105.5		1		1	82.0				
Industrial controls		65.9	i				40.0	1	i		i
Household appliances		152.3					120.2			!	
Household refrigerators and freezers		31.3 20.2					25.7 15.8				
Household laundry equipment					· ∠U.C		. 108	. 13.0		. 10.2	

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972	<u> </u>	All	employe	es			Produ	ction wo	rkers¹	, — —
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar 1985
Durable goods—Continued	1	i									
Electrical and electronic equipment—Continued	- {	ļ			 					ŀ	
Electric lighting and wining equipment	364	199.2	201.7	206.7	206.6	-	146.7	148.6	151.0	151.5	} -
Electric lamps	3641	28.2	28.3	9 7 وے	29.9	-	24.5	24.6	25.8	25.9	-
Current-carrying wiring devices		84.2	85.3	87.3	86.9	-	56.8	57.5	58.3	58.2	<i>-</i>
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		17.4	17.6	18.0	17.8	-	12.5	12.7	12.8	12.8	-
Residential lighting fixtures	3645	27.4	28.0	27.5	28.1	i - i	21.0	21.6	20.8	21.4	-
Radio and TV receiving equipment	365	88.4	88.5	86.7	85.5	-	61.8	61.5	58.2	57.7	-
Radio and TV receiving sets	3651	68.9	69.2	69.2	68.3	- 1	47.5	47.4	45.7	45.4	-
Communication equipment	366	593.7	598.1	644.3	647.0	- '	271.1	275.6	297.1	296.3	i -
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		146.4	148.2	155.0	154.3	- 1	93.5	95.3	101.0	100.8	<u> </u>
Radio and TV communication equipment		447.3	449.9	489.3	492.7	- 1	177.6	180.3	196.1	195.5	-
Electronic components and accessories		648.8	660.3	700.7	694.1	! - ]	394.6	402.1	417.6	410.3	-
Electronic tubes		40.4	40.7	43.1	42.9	-	24.7	24.9	26.6	26.7	-
Semiconductors and related devices		253.8	258.3	286.0	284.1	-	111.1	113.4	123.1	119.9	-
Electronic components, nec		270.5	274.9	287.3	285.0	-	193.8	196.9	203.5	201.7	-
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		159.6	:	160.3	159.1	! -	115.7	115.8	115.3	113.6	-
Storage batteries		31.4		31.4	30.6	-	24.8	24.3	24.7	24.0	-
Engine electrical equipment	3694	64.2	64.3	66.0	65.6	-	51.1	51.1	51.5	50.7	-
Transportation equipment	<mark> </mark>  37	1,886.8	1,907.4	1,985.5	1,989.7	1,995.0	1,215.8	1,230.9	1,266.5	1,266.1	1,27
Motor vehicles and equipment		852.1	863.0	885.9	879.3	877.6	659.3	669.0	686.0	680.4	▎ .
Motor vehicles and car bodies		385.6		402.9	398.8	_	287.5	292.8	299.7	296.6	١.
Truck and bus bodies		38.4		40.3	41.3	[ _	30.0	30.4	31.5	32.4	١.
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		381.2	383.8	395.1	391.5	! - !	304.4	306.6	317.7	314.1	١.
Truck trailers		29.9	31.1	29.1	28.9	¦ - ¦	23.3	24.5	22.2	22.1	
Aircraft and parts		588.2	591.0	630.6	634.1	- :	284.2	285.8	300.1	299.5	
Aircraft		312.5	314.1		337.2	_ !	132.9	133.4	137.5	139.3	! .
Aircraft engines and engine parts		141.4	141.8		151.1	i - 1	74.1	74.7	79.3	76.2	
Aircraft equipment, nec		134.3			145.8	i - I	77.2	77.7	83.3	84.0	
Ship and boat building and repairing		201.7	203.6	205.3	208.6	_	155.0	154.9	154.3	157.4	j -
Ship building and repairing		155.2	155.5		158.8		116.5	114.8	114.7	117.1	! .
Boat building and repairing		46.5	48.1	49.2	49.8	! - '	38.5	40.1	39.6		[ .
Railroad equipment		33.3	35.0	35.3	34.7	i -	22.0	23.7	24.3	24.0	
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		145.3	146.6		166.0		48.0	48.5	57.4	58.4	
Guided missiles and space vehicles		112.1	113.0	126.4	128.1	j - ,	36.0		42.9	43.8	! .
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		49.5	50.8	49.3	51.0		34.7	35.9	33.4		1
Travel trailers and campers		22.5		20.4	21.8	-	18.2		16.3		
Instruments and related products	38	711.3	714.8	729.5	729.0	731.6	400.1	402.1	403.9	404.5	   40
Engineering and scientific instruments		77.7	78.6			1 -	35.2	35.6	37.5		
Measuring and controlling devices		243.5			259.0	! _ '	142.5	144.2	146.8		
Environmental controls		45.1		47.5	46.8	[ _ ]	29.0	29.9			
Process control instruments		52.9	53.3	55.1	55.1	,	25.4	25.7	27.3		
Instruments to measure electricity		102.9			111.6	! _ !	59.3	59.7	60.3	60.1	
Optical instruments and lenses		33.3			32.1	] _	17.1	16.7	16.8	17.3	
Medical instruments and supplies		174.9		172.9	173.7		106.7	107.1	104.8	105.5	
Surgical and medical instruments		85.8	86.1	82.7	83.3		49.8		,	47.3	
Surgical appliances and supplies		74.8		75.3			48.6	49.0		49.5	
Ophthalmic goods	385	40.7		41.6			27.9			1	
Photographic equipment and supplies	386	124.8		124.7			59.3			58.5	
Watches, clocks, and watchcases		16.4				-	11.4		11.7		
Miscellaneous manufacturing	39	378.5	383.0	376.5	374.5	375.6	273.7	277.5	! 269.4	269.5	. 27
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		52.5		53.1			36.6		36.4		
Jewelry, precious metal		35.1					24.4				
Musical instruments		18.0				. ,	14.1				
Toys and sporting goods	≀394	113.4	116.8				83.4		81.5		
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		55.5					38.9	40.7	35.8		
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		57.9		59.5			44.5		45.7		
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		33.0					22.5				
Costume jewelry and notions	396	36.4		34.9	34.2	,	27.3				
Costume jewelry	3961	20.0	19.7		18.2	<u> </u>	14.9				
Miscellaneous manufactures	<sup>!</sup> 399	125.2	126.5	124.8		- ;	89.8		89.6		
Signs and advertising displays		48.8			52.1		34.4				

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	1972	<u></u>	All	employe	es			Produc	tion wor	kers1	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985
londurable goods	)	7,842	7,867	7,863	7,849	7,850	5,525	5,544	5,510	5,502	5,50
Food and kindred products	20	1,578.5		1,608.8	1,594.1	1,590.5	1,078.6		1,108.9		1,091
Meat products		343.2	345.9	358.7	358.7	-	285.7	288.8	299.9	300.0	i -
Meat packing plants		142.7	144.6	148.4	146.9	-	116.7	118.4	122.3	121.0	
Sausages and other prepared meats		71.0	71.0	71.6	71.3	-	52.6	52.9	51.9	51.6	-   -
Poultry dressing plants  Dairy products		112.4 159.6	113.0 160.2	120.2 158.8	122.6 158.6	_	101.4 91.8	102.3 92.4	109.1 92.1	111.4 91.8	-
Cheese, natural and processed		36.2	36.0	35.9	35.6	_	27.7	27.4	27.5		1
Fluid milk		87.0	87.2	87.1	87.0	_ (	40.8	41.2	41.5	41.2	
Preserved fruits and vegetables		207.6	204.9	213.8	211.1	_	166.7	164.2	171.4	: .	
Canned specialties		25.0	24.5	26.1	25.8	-	18.0	17.6	18.3		
Canned fruits and vegetables	2033	64.8	63.0	63.0	63.3	-	50.0	48.2	48.5	49.2	-
Frozen fruits and vegetables	2037	43.2	43.6	44.9	44.2	l – í	37.4	37.8	38.7	37.9	i -
Grain mill products		130.6	129.2	128.1	127.1	-	88.6		86.9	85.5	) ·
Flour and other grain mill products		25.1	24.9	23.8	23.6	-	15.3	15.0	14.5	14.3	ļ ·
Prepared feeds, nec		46.9	46.6	45.8	45.2	- 1	29.8	29.3	29.0	28.5	
Bakery products		212.7	212.8	208.1	206.8	- 1	126.0	126.3	123.8 89.9	122.8 88.9	
Bread, cake, and related products  Cookies and crackers		168.7	168.8 44.0	165.7 42.4	164.2 42.6	_	90.5 35.5	90.7 35.6	33.9	ŧ	1
Sugar and confectionery products		102.1	96.4	111.7	106.6	_ [	77.9	72.5	87.2		
Cane and beet sugar		25.8	23.9	29.8	27.8	_	19.3	17.7	23.7		
Confectionery products		56.5	53.0	61.1	58.5	_	45.3	41.9	49.4		
Fats and oils		40.6		42.7	42.0	_	30.3	30.0	32.0		
Beverages		221.0	222.4	220.3	219.0	-	92.5	93.8	92.3	91.8	; ·
Malt beverages	2082	47.1	47.7	45.6	46.3	-	28.2	29.0	28.1	29.0	1
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	128.5	129.6	130.9	129.4	- 1	40.9	41.6	41.3		
Misc. food and kindred products	¦209	161.1	163.7	166.6	164.2	-	119.1	121.2	123.3	120.9	į .
Tobacco manufactures		64.7	63.6	71.4	68.2	65.1	48.2	47.1	54.8	51.6	1 4
Cigarettes	211	45.3	44.8	45.6	45.5	-	33.2	32.7	33.8	33.7	١ -
Textile mill products	22	762.2	763.9	722.4	715.5	710.8	660.6	661.8	623.4	616.0	61
Weaving mills, cotton	221	124.7	123.7	115.6	113.9	i - i	111.6	110.9	103.5	101.9	ĺ
Weaving mills, synthetics	222	93.4	92.8	89.2	87.3	j - j	83.5	82.7	79.2	1	
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		19.0	19.2	18.4		ļ <b>-</b>	16.1	16.2	15.5	15.4	
Narrow fabric mills		23.0		22.5		ļ <b>-</b> ,	19.8	19.8	19.2	19.1	
Knitting mills		207.9		195.1	194.5		181.1	182.2	169.4		
Women's hosiery, except socks		35.9		33.2		-	32.5	31.9	29.8		
Hosiery, nec		35.3 61.4		33.4		-	31.7 52.6	31.7 53.7	30.0 49.2		
Knit outerwear mills Knit underwear mills		30.7		57.3 29.1			26.5	26.8	25.0	:	
Circular knit fabric mills		25.3		23.7	1	1	21.6	21.7	20.0		
Textile finishing, except wool		65.3		61.4		•	55.2			50.1	•
Finishing plants, cotton		25.6				1	21.6		20.3	19.8	1
Finishing plants, synthetics		24.0		22.6	21.9	-	20.2	20.3	18.7		
Floor covering mills	227	51.4	52.3	53.6	53.7	-	41.2				
Yarn and thread mills		114.1					101.7		94.0		
Yarn mills, except wool		78.4		72.9			70.7				
Throwing and winding mills		18.1 63.4					16.2 50.4				
•				:	1	)		1			
Apparel and other textile products  Men's and boys' suits and coats		1,209.7 73.0	1,215.5 72.8			1,174.9	1,025.5 63.6				
Men's and boys' furnishings		, 337.7					289.7				
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		97.8				:	84.7	84.7			
Men's and boys' separate trousers		66.3					57.4		58.0		
Men's and boys' work clothing		101.2		1	:	1			86.2		
Women's and misses' outerwear		402.3	401.1	371.7	381.9	l -	340.6	339.0			
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		60.5					51.8				
Women's and misses' dresses		; 131.1					111.7				
Women's and misses' suits and coats		55.1					45.7				
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec	2339	155.6	155.6	151.7	ຸ່ 154.5		: 131.4	, 131.3	126.5	129.8	: .

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es 		+	Produc	ction wor	kers¹ 	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985		Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Ma 198
Nondurable goods—Continued	_ +										
Apparel and other textile products—Continued	i			1		İ	Ι,		-		1
Women's and children's undergarments	234	88.6	89.1	84.8	85.3	_	74.9	75.3	71.1	71.7	-
Women's and children's underwear		72.1	72.3	69.4	69.9	· -	62.5	62.6	59.6	60.1	-
Brassieres and allied garments	2342	16.5	16.8	15.4	15.4	<u> </u>	12.4	12.7	11.5	11.6	-
Children's outerwear	236	63.0	62.4	61.3	61.4	· –	53.5	52.9	51.7	51.9	
Children's dresses and blouses	2361	26.1	25.6	25.0			23.0	22.7	22.1	22.1	
Misc. apparel and accessories		47.1	47.2	44.2	44.4		39.2	39.4	36.1	36.6	
Misc. fabricated textile products		178.8	180.8	176.9	176.2	i	148.1	149.8	145.1	144.9	
Curtains and draperies		26.8	26.4	26.2			, 22.1	21.7		21.6	i
House furnishings, nec		50.7	52.0	49.9			43.1	44.2	42.2	42.2	
Automotive and apparel trimmings	2396	32.8	33.5 <sub> </sub>	32.7	32.3	- ا	27.0	27.7	27.0	26.7	
Paper and allied products	26	674.3	676.8	679.5	678.0	679.4	506.3	508.5	512.1	510.3	51
Paper and pulp mills	261,2,6	201.6	202.8	204.4	203.8	-	152.4	153.3	154.0	153.2	J
Paper mills, except building paper	262	175.9	177.0	178.9	178.0	-	131.6	132.4	133.5	132.4	ļ
Paperboard mills	263	59.5	59.1	59.2	59.0	ı <del>-</del>	45.7	45.3	45.5	45.1	İ
Misc. converted paper products		1 219.2	220.0	221.5	221.9		159.5	160.6	162.8		1
Paper coating and glazing		56.8	57.0	58.5	58.6	-	37.1	37.2	37.7		
Envelopes	2642	25.7	25.7	26.1	26.1	· -	19.91	20.0	20.3		
Bags, except textile bags		48.8	48.9	48.9	48.3	-	38.0	38.1	38.4		1
Paperboard containers and boxes		194.0		194.4				149.3	149.8	148.7	
Folding paperboard boxes		41.2	41.6	40.8			02.0	32.4	32.3	31.8	
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		101.1	101.7	102.3	102.0		, 0.0.	76.2	77.0	76.8	
Sanitary food containers	2654	22.9	23.0	22.1	22.3	_	18.8	18.9	18.1	18.4	
Printing and publishing		1,333.3	1,341.6	1,390.3	1,392.0	<sup>1</sup> 1,398.3	734.3	740.0	765.2	770.1	. 7
Newspapers	271	437.1	437.1	450.3	450.9	! -	, 163.8	164.3	171.2	171.3	ì
Periodicals	272	i 102.2	102.8	107.0	106.2	<u>'</u> -	23.3	23.0	25.0	26.6	
Books	273	101.0	101.7	104.9	105.4	-	51.5	51.5	51.8	53.2	l
Book publishing	2731	73.7	74.2	78.1	78.7		29.0	29.0	30.2		
Book printing	2732	27.3	27.5	26.8	26.7	-	22.5	22.5	21.6		
Miscellaneous publishing		54.2	55.01	57.4			29.11	29.7	31.0	31.8	
Commercial printing		454.3	459.2		479.2	•	332.9	337.1	346.9		
Commercial printing, letterpress		155.6	156.8		162.8		115.6	116.7	120.0		
Commercial printing, lithographic		273.7			289.3		197.4	200.0	205.8	206.8	
Manifold business forms		48.7		49.4	49.5	•	33.7	33.7	34.5	34.5	:
Blankbooks and bookbinding Printing trade services		66.3 45.8	67.3' 45.9	70.31 47.8	70.2 47.6		53.2 33.9	54.1° 33.9	56.4 35.1	56.7 35.0	i
Timing trade sorvices			,	1	•	•	00.0	00.0			,
Chemicals and allied products			1,053.2	1,058.0	1,059.3	1,063.1	585.2	587.5	582.9	583.5	
Industrial inorganic chemicals		155.2	155.4		157.8	-	78.7	79.1	79.4		
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		106.3			108.3	-	55.3	55.5	56.3		
Plastics materials and synthetics		175.7	175.6	171.8			115.3	115.2	113.4		-
Plastics materials and resins		75.1		75.9	75.5		44.2	44.5	44.8		
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		70.7		67.0	67.3		50.0	49.7	47.6	47.3	
Drugs		199.6			199.2		97.2	96.5	90.8	90.8	
Pharmaceutical preparations		158.1	158.0±				75.8 91.5	75.1 92.0	72.8 93.2	72.8 93.6	
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		144.8		148.4 43.8	148.7 43.9		27.7	27.3	27.8	27.5	
Soap and other detergents  Toilet preparations		42.9 63.6	63.9	65.2	65.8		42.3	43.4	43.5	44.3	
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations.		38.3		39.4			21.5	21.3	21.9	21.8	
Paints and allied products		60.2		61.3	61.5		29.3	29.8	29.5	29.8	
Industrial organic chemicals		161.2	162.2	164.6	165.2		81.9	82.7	84.8	84.5	
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		33.0	33.0	33.2	33.2		19.7	19.9	20.7	20.8	
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, ne		128.2		131.4	132.0		62.2	62.8	64.1	63.7	
Agricultural chemicals		61.2		60.9	61.1	-	37.8	38.8	37.9	38.5	
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	91.5	91.7	93.9	94.2	-	53.5	53.4	53.9	54.0	
Petroleum and coal products	29	186.1	186.2	180.0	178.6	179.1	107.6	108.3	106.5	106.6	1
Petroleum refining		151.5	151.0	146.1	144.5		83.8	83.6	83.2	83.0	
Paving and roofing materials		23.2	23.7	22.6	22.9		16.7	17.5	16.4		

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972	<u></u>	All	employe	es 			Produc	ction wor	kers'	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985°
Nondurable goods—Continued			ļ				İ		Ì		
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	777.1	785.1	802.4	805.5	806.0	605.9	612.6	622.0		625
Tires and inner tubes		98.2	98.8	102.9	103.2	-	68.7	69.1	72.4		-
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	[ 17.1	17.5	14.9	14.6	-	14.4	14.8	12.6	12.2	i -
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	000.4	00.0	00.5	00.6	00.0		16.0	466	16.0	15.7	l I
and belting Fabricated rubber products, nec		108.5	23.5 109.3	23.6 108.2	23.3 107.9	-	16.2 84.1	16.6 84.6	16.0 83.2		_
Miscellaneous plastics products		530.3		552.8	556.5	_ i	422.5	427.5	437.8	440.6	
moconariocas plastico producto		1 000.0	000.0	002.0	000.0		122.0	121,0	40,.0	!0.0	j
Leather and leather products	31	207.0	205.5	184.2	183.0	182.8	173.0	171.8	151.9	150.9	151
Leather tanning and finishing		18.5	18.3	16.3	16.3	-	15.5	15.2	13.3	13.2	¦ -
Footwear, except rubber		125.1	124.2	110.0	108.6	i 1	106.5	105.6	92.8		
Men's footwear, except athletic		51.2		46.6	45.6		41.2	41.2	37.5	١.	
Women's footwear, except athletic		48.1	I	42.3	40.4		42.6	42.0		35.3	
Luggage		12.2		11.3	11.3		8.9	8.3	8.2	8.3	
Handbags and personal leather goods	317	27.8	28.1	25.2	25.4	-	22.8	23.1	20.0	20.5	-
ransportation and public utilities		5,031	5,055	5,189	5,202	5,207	4,131	4,152	4,271	4,279	4,2
Transportation		2,769	2,793	2,921	2,939	2,943	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-
Railroad transportation	40	364.3	366.2	350.4	344.3	' - i	_	-	_	! _	! _
Class I railroads <sup>2</sup>	4011	335.7	336.7	323.0		1 .	-	- 1	-	- }	۱ -
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	267.3	267.3	270.4	271.0	! - !	248.6	248.6	249.8	250.6	] _
Local and suburban transportation	411	80.2		81.4			73.7	73.7		1	
Taxicabs		39.2		38.3						-	! -
Intercity highway transportation		36.8	36.4	36.6	35.8		34.0	33.8	33.5	32.8	_ ا
School buses		92.1		95.2	95.7	-	-	-	<del>-</del>	-	-
Trucking and warehousing			1,245.5					1,082.5	1,133.8		i
Trucking and trucking terminals Public warehousing		1,148.7 85.2	1 '	1,211.1 93.0	1,219.4 91.7		999.4 71.2	1,011.8 70.7	1,055.5 78.3		-
Water transportation	44	189.5	194.2	213.6	222.0	] _ ;	) 	-	ļ <u> </u>	_	_
Local water transportation	445	27.0		27.9	l		_	-	-	-	-
Water transportation services	446	97.1		118.1	125.3	i - :	-	-	į -	-	-
Transportation by air	45	459.8	462.2	498.0	500.6	- 1	i -	_	:   -	-	_
Air transportation		402.8		435.9			_	_	i -	<u> </u>	-
Air transportation services	458	57.0	57.3	62.1	61.9	i -	_	-	-	-	¦ -
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	20.8	20.8	20.7	20.5	· -	14.7	14.6	14.6	14.5	ļ -
Transportation services	47	233.3	237.2	264.2			<u> </u>	-	-	-	-
Freight forwarding	¦471	57.1	! <b>57.5</b>	· 68.1	69.2	-	-	; <b>-</b>	-	-	-
Communication and public utilities		2,263					-	-	-	-	-
Communication		1,384.0		1,376.3			1,046.2		1,043.1		
Telephone communication		994.4					738.6		716.0		
Radio and television broadcasting  Radio broadcasting	483	226.8				j <u>-</u>	182.6	183.2	187.3	186.8	i I
Television broadcasting		116.5				] [	-	_	-	-	<u> </u>
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40	i 878.5	878.7	i □ <b>891.7</b>	889.2	-	699.7	699.9	708.2	705.0	
Electric services		431.2					337.5		346.8	1	
Gas production and distribution		169.6			1		134.6	ı	I		
Combination utility services		201.0	!		II .	1	161.1	l .		1	
Sanitary services		53.8				-	47.8			49.4	-
Wholesale trade		5,389	5,421	5,622	5,619	5,649	4,327	4,355	4,533	4,526	4,5
Durable goods		3,171	3,192	3,323	3,325	3,342	2,531	∣ ∣ 2,548	2,660	2,659	1 -
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		409.4					325.4				
Automobiles and other motor vehicles		99.0 277.2	100.1	105.2	104.9		1 -	! -	! -	-	-
			277.3		282.2						

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(in thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	ction wor	kers1	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985°	Feb. 1984		Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985
Wholesale trade—Continued											
Durable goods—Continued	i							j			
Furniture and home furnishings		119.1			123.1	-	98.7	97.9	103.6	103.4	-
Furniture		49.9	49.5		52.7		-	- ;	- :	- ¦	-
Home furnishings		69.2	68.3	70.6	70.4	- !	160.6	_     160 6	160.0	- 167.9	-
Lumber and construction materials		194.4 90.2	196.3 91.4		203.4 94.2		160.6	162.6	168.3	167.9	-
Lumber, plywood, and millwork Construction materials, nec		104.2	104.9	109.5	109.2	,	_ [ ]	_	_	_	_
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		72.6	73.2		71.9	_ '	59.9	60.6	59.9	60.0	_
Metals and minerals, except petroleum	505	129.2				_ :	103.8		107.5	107.5	_
Electrical goods		454.3	459.1		484.1	_ '	362.0		383.3	383.3	-
Electrical apparatus and equipment	5063	241.5	242.1	258.1	257.9	-	-	! - j	-	-	-
Electrical appliances, TV and radios	5064	72.1	73.8	73.2	73.5	- !	-	:	-	- :	_
Electronic parts and equipment		140.7	143.2			- ;	-	i		-	-
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		241.6	242.5	252.4			196.1	196.7	203.8	203.3	-
Hardware		81.7	82.0	84.7	84.7		-	!	-	!	-
Plumbing and hydronic heating supplies		100.8	i	105.3			1.066.4	1 073 0	1 124 0	i :1 127 4	_
Machinery, equipment, and supplies  Commercial machines and equipment		1,360.2 471.1	1,369.9 474.1	500.1	1,443.5 504.7	· -	1,000.4	1,073.9	1,134.9	1,13/.4	Ū
Construction and mining machinery		75.5			82.3	_	_	_	-		
Farm machinery and equipment		133.5				_	· -	<u> </u>	_	· _ i	i _
Industrial machinery and equipment	5084	300.6		323.8		_	_	;	-		
Industrial supplies		128.5	129.7		138.3		_	1	-		
Professional equipment and supplies		152.8	154.2	157.8	158.0	-	-	- 1	-	· -	_
Miscellaneous durable goods		190.5		193.7	192.8		157.8	159.4	158.7	158.0	-
Scrap and waste materials	¦5093	90.0	90.9	92.8	91.8	-	· -	-	-	j - !	-
Alamah mahila asasah		0.040	0.000	0.000	0.004	0.007	1700	1.007	4.070	. 4007	ı
Nondurable goods		2,218	2,229 169.7	2,299 176.6			1,796 137.0	1,807 138.5	1,873 143.6		_
Paper and paper products  Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		168.0 155.9	156.2		156.5		129.0		130.8	•	:
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		173.8		175.5	175.5	_	127.9		131.2		_
Groceries and related products		697.6		1	733.3	i -	600.0		633.0		! -
Groceries, general line		224.4			238.7	-	-	-	-	: -	_
Meats and meat products		64.6		65.6	65.1		<u> </u>	!	_	! -	! -
Fresh fruits and vegetables		89.5	88.6	91.9	90.1	- '	-	! -	-	l –	! -
Chemicals and allied products	516	124.7	125.3	128.8	127.6	-	86.3		91.9		-
Petroleum and petroleum products		209.0	208.6	208.4	209.0		154.9	155.0	156.6	156.9	-
Petroleum bulk stations and terminals		82.8	83.0		82.5		-	- 1	-	-	-
Petroleum products, nec		126.2	125.6	l .		i	40.4	-	407.4	100.5	
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages		148.4			i		124.1	124.3	127.4	126.5	_
Beer and ale Wines and distilled beverages		92.1 56.3	92.1 56.6		94.8 57.9	: -	· -	_	_		i I
Miscellaneous nondurable goods		397.2	400.2		408.0	ì	319.2	323.5	330.0	330.4	! _
Farm supplies		146.6					-	: -	_	-	· _
		1			ı		}	!			Ĺ
Retail trade		15,517	15,629	16,456	16,271	16,432	13,873	13,968	14,726	14,531	14,59
Ruilding materials and garden evention	E2	600.0	6107	607.0	620.4	1	506.4	521.2	527.6	519.8	1
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials		603.8	619.7 328.5	627.8 333.9	329.5	' -	273.6		282.3		-
Hardware stores		149.3	150.3				125.9		133.0		
				!		!		i	i		:
General merchandise stores						2,282.6		2,000.9			
Department stores				2,082.4		· -		1,720.1			
Variety stores Misc, general merchandise stores		198.7 115.8				<u> </u>	181.3 99.8		200.7 110.9	190.1 106.6	
miss, general meterialise stores		113.0	, 119.Z	127.0	123.0	<u>-</u>	. 33.0	30.9 J	110.9		-
Food stores	54	2,596.7	2,592.2	2,700.7	2,699.3	2,713.7	2,413.7	2,407.4	2,508.9	2,504.7	_
Grocery stores					2,377.5			2,123.1			i -
Meat markets and freezer provisioners		56.7					-		-	j -	-
Dairy products stores		37.0					; <u> </u>	i	-	-	j ~
Retail bakeries	¦546	144.1	144.5	152.9	153.4	-	130.9	131.4	137.5	137.3	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	155	1,709.9	: 1.722.0	1.763.9	1.762.5	1.774.6	1.432.5	1.443.2	1,477.0	1.473.5	
New and used car dealers		798.0	803.5	832.6			657.9		684.5		_
Auto and home supply stores		269.8				1	225.8				<u> </u>
Gasoline service stations		566.8					490.2			496.8	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es .—.—.			Produc	ction wor	kers¹	,
Industry	SIC	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985°
Retail trade—Continued		T		i							
Apparel and accessory stores	<sup> </sup> 56	941.6	944.1	998.0	960.3	- !	791.0	793.1	845.2	807.2	-
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings	<sup> </sup> 561	114.9	114.0	116.8	112.4	- !	95.0	94.5	98.7	94.0	
Women's ready-to-wear stores	1562	338.3	340.8	362.3	351.9	-	286.1	288.7	308.9	299.1	-
Family clothing stores	565	174.4	174.0	190.6	180.1	- :	151.4	150.9	166.9	155.8	-
Shoe stores	566	205.3	206.6	208.0	200.3	! - !	166.5	167.7	169.5	161.0	<b>-</b>
Furniture and home furnishings stores	<sup> </sup> 57	636.2	638.0	695.8	691.8	- ¦	532.2	532.9	583.7	579.2	۱ –
Furniture and home furnishings stores	571	371.9	374.8	390.2	388.5	_	310.0	312.2	325.3	323.0	-
Furniture stores	5712	240.9	242.8	250.5	250.0	-	-	_	-	<u> </u>	' -
Household appliance stores	<sup>1</sup> 572	79.7	78.0	84.0	83.1	- :	68.0	66.4	71.5	70.6	
Radio, television, and music stores	573	184.6	185.2	221.6	220.2	; - 1	154.2	154.3	186.9	185.6	
Radio and television stores		124.2	125.6	152.2	151.1	j - 1	- '	-	-	~	-
Music stores	5733	60.4	59.6	69.4	69.1	-	-	-	-	٠ -	\ -
Eating and drinking places	58	4,864.6	4,966.4	5,091.0	5,119.3	5,235.4	4,444.0	4,539.8	4,646.2	4,669.3	_
Miscellaneous retail	59	2,024.4	2,005.9	2,149.1	2,127.3	-	1,751.9	1,729.5	1,857.2	1,834.0	ا -
Drug stores and proprietary stores	591	, 521.1)	519.4	566.5	564.1	¦	458.5	456.2	499.6	497.4	_
Liquor stores	592	122.2	120.6	119.8,	118.3	! - ;	-	} -	-	-	! -
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	649.4	645.3 <sup>!</sup>	709.7	678.6	: - ;	555.8	550.6	612.3	579.1	i -
Sporting goods and bicycle shops	5941	; 111.3:	109.4	127.3	119.1	', <u>-</u> '	-	۱ –	-	ì -	
Book stores	5942	67.2	66.6	70.4	72.0	-	-	-	i -	ı -	· -
Stationery stores		66.8	67.6	71.9	72.3	· - :	-	l <b>-</b>	-	-	-
Jewelry stores	5944	135.7	133.7	147.9	138.7	'	-	i -	-	- ا	: -
Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	j5947	113.0	112.6	117.4	110.8	' - !	-	! -	-	-	<u> </u>
Sewing, needlework, and piece goods		65.6	66.0	74.4	74.0	' - i	-	-	-	-	-
Nonstore retailers		256.5	256.0	263.6	263.1	i -	233.8	233.1	238.3	237.2	-
Mail order houses		119.9	118.8	127.1	123.2	, - '	-	-	l –	· -	, -
Merchandising machine operators	5962	82.4	82.5	85.0	85.8	! -	-	-	; -		-
Fuel and ice dealers	598	109.1	107.7	114.6	114.8		90.9		96.0		-
Retail stores, nec	<sub> </sub> 599	295.6	286.0	301.3	314.2	: - :	249.2	238.1	' 248.7	262.2	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>3</sup>	1	5,546	5,565	5,727	5,746	5,777	4,111	4,128	4,235	4,244	4,2
Finance		2,804	2,816	2,900	2,910	2,925	_	i _	i -	! -	<u> </u>
Banking	60	1 664 0	1 667 7	1,699.6	1 700 7		1 236 4	1,238.9	1 248 9	1 247 2	
Commercial and stock savings banks		1,514.8				i		1,119.1			
State banks, Federal Reserve		335.3		340.5		1	1,117.0		- 1,120.0	1,120.1	1 _
State banks, not Federal Reserve		379.8					_	· _			1 -
Mutual savings banks		76.7	77.2				_	-	! _	: -	
·	ļ	;				l			i		ĺ
Credit agencies other than banks		662.3	668.7				503.6				
Savings and loan associations		306.2	308.1				236.3	237.6	•		! -
Federal savings and loan associations		177.2	178.3	185.6			-	i -	-	ļ <b>-</b>	; -
State associations, insured		, 120.1	120.7	129.3				-		100.4	1 -
Personal credit institutions		207.2	209.1	218.0			158.1	159.6	168.3	169.4	·
Business credit institutions		36.1 89.2	36.6 91.2	41.6 101.3		1		-	! <del>-</del>	I -	-
					i	ì	l İ	į.	ļ		!
Security, commodity brokers, and services Security brokers and dealers		335.4 274.6	338.1 276.5	344.4 280.7	348.3 284.1		· -	1 - -	-		! <del>-</del>
Holding and other investment offices		141.2		145.2		1	i <b>-</b>	_		· ·	
	•				:	!	: 	ı	1		i
Insurance	1	1,737	1,740	1,782	1,788	1,794	i -	-	-	_	-
Insurance carriers	,63	1,240.4	1,242.6	1,256.5	1,257.3	٠ -	836.0				
Life insurance		540.8	540.0	537.5	538.2	!! -	j 324.4	1	329.5	332.0	)' -
Medical service and health insurance		150.1	151.1	162.2	163.9	-	119.9				
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance	633	469.8	470.8	474.4	473.1	-	327.9	328.3	332.3	331.9	) -
Title insurance	636	44.1	44.6	44.3	44.2	<u>-</u>	l -	_	-	-	· -
Insurance agents, brokers, and service	j64	496.8	497.5	525.8	530.4	· -	-	_	· _	_	-

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972	<u></u>	All	employe	es			Produ	ction wor	kers'	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	<b>Ma</b> r. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	<b>Ma</b> r. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985
Finance, insurance, and real estate—Continued		Ţ									
Real estate, and combined real estate, insurance, etc	.	1,005	1,008	1,045	1,048	1,058	-	_	-	· ~	-
Real estate	. 65	989.1	992.5	1,028.6	1,031.5	- !	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate operators and lessors		476.9	474.8	482.4	484.9	- '	-	- 1	-	-	-
Real estate agents and managers	. 653	374.7	377.6	398.4	399.4	-	_	-	-	-	_
Subdividers and developers	. 655	112.0	114.1	120.5	120.2	-	- '	-	- 1	ı <b>-</b>	-
Combined real estate, insurance, etc	. 66	15.9	15.9	16.2	16.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services	 	20,075	20,276	20,870	21,118	21,367	17,760	17,948	18,429	18,663	18,89
Hotels and other lodging places	70	1 142 4	1 177 5	1 202 3	1,227.1	_ !	_	_	_	_ /	_
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts			1,148.7			- 1	1,008.9	1,041.8	1,056.8	1,081.4	_
	1										
Personal services		992.6		1,063.1		-	-		-		_
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services		352.7	352.2	368.3		-	313.9	313.9	327.9	326.9	_
Photographic studios, portrait		53.4	52.8	55.7	56.7	-			-	200	-
Beauty shops Funeral service and crematories		304.8	305.8 73.4	330.4 73.7			277.7	278.6	300.1	300.9	-
runeral service and crematones		/2.5	/ 3.4	/3./	i i		_	· -	-	-	_
Business services		1 '	3,836.3			4,228.4		3,341.3			-
Advertising		174.9	174.9	183.0			131.5	131.7	138.8	138.9	-
Advertising agencies		133.4		139.8		-	-	-	-	- ;	-
Credit reporting and collection	732	76.4		82.5		- 1	-	-	-	i -	_
Mailing, reproduction, and stenographic	733	153.2		165.1				-	-	504.7	i -
Services to buildings		571.7	574.0	630.4	638.6	-	519.9	522.8	573.9	581.7	<u>'</u> -
Personnel supply services		734.1	764.8	840.1		-	-	' <del>-</del>	-	-	_
Employment agencies		151.1	157.8	180.3		-	-	! -	-	-	! -
Temporary help supply services		549.5	572.8	624.8		-	·	: <u>-</u>	. <del>.</del> .	. <del>-</del>	-
Computer and data processing services		455.7		509.0			384.8	386.7	426.9	435.7	-
Computer programming and software		148.6		168.6			-	-	-	-	
Data processing services	7374	238.6	240.4	270.8	276.7	-	-	· -	-	· -	ı –
Miscellaneous business services	739	1,609.5	1,623.3	1,725.6	1,725.3	_	-	_	_	_	-
Research development laboratories, nec	,7391	174.6	175.4	189.0	189.6	-	-	-	-	-	, -
Management and public relations	7392	427.1	431.9	460.3	465.5		-	-	-	-	' -
Detective and protective services	7393	374.9	374.4	394.5	391.1	_	-	-	-	j -	-
Equipment rental and leasing	7394	136.3	138.7	146.6	146.1	· –	· -	l –	_	_	_
Photofinishing laboratories		74.9	73.6	82.5	79.1	-	-	ı –	-		i -
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	643.3	   652.1	697.6	: . 706.2	_	544.4	551.7	588.7	595.3	i _
Automotive rentals, without drivers		128.3	130.0	•	-		_	_	_	_	, -
Automotive repair shops		392.5				-	328.1	332.8	356.4	356.6	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	292.2	295.4	311.6	311.0	l _	243.3	246.2	260.2	259.6	_
Electrical repair shops		85.7	86.0	85.0			-		-	; -	
Motion pictures	79	206.6	212.1	221.5	220.5	!	177.7	183.4	189.9	188.3	
Motion picture production and services		100.0	103.1	108.8		_	83.8			92.3	
Motion picture theaters		96.2	98.5			_		- 67.1	- 91.1	, -	! -
Amusement and recreation services	l ∶79	   754.1	!   780.0	i <sub>i</sub> 736.9	750.5	! -	678.1	699.1	657.0	669.4	i _
Health services	80	6 021 5	6 033 q	. 6.121 a	6 131 2	6 163 4	5 395 5	5 403 7	5 466 7	5,473.8	i _
Offices of physicians		885.5		933.5		5,100.4	742.8				
Offices of dentists		423.1	423.2			<u> </u>	374.0				! _
Nursing and personal care facilities		-			1,177.1		i			1,063.6	
Skilled nursing care facilities		722.8		751.5		_	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,022.3	-,555.5	. ,500.0	_
Nursing and personal care, nec		404.8		421.7		_			_	-	: -
Hospitals					2,952.2	· -	2 755 7	- : 27527	2 602 7	2,694.6	-
General medical and surgical hospitals			2,846.4		2,782.2	_	2,755.7	. 2,1 52.1	_,000.7	2,034.0	! -
Psychiatric hospitals		49.0					- : <u>-</u>		_	_	-
Specialty hospitals, excluding psychiatric		116.2				! <del>-</del>	· -	! -		-	-
					!		- 		-	-	
Medical and dental laboratories		109.8				-	_		-	- 1	-
Outpatient care facilities		183.9	185.6	200.4	202.1	-		-	-	· -	

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

#### B-2. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	1972		All	employe	es			Produc	tion wor	kers¹	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	<b>Ma</b> r. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb.   1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985°
Services—Continued	. +			i							
Legal services	;81	623.9	628.2	670.8	675.2	- ;	526.2	530.2	568.9	573.8	-
Educational services	82	1,297.4	1,304.4	1,221.0	1,322.5	- i	-	_	_	ا - ا	_
Elementary and secondary schools		346.2				_ '	- i	- ,	-	_ /	_
Colleges and universities		826.0	830.2	743.0	836.4	- 1	- :	_ i	-	_	_
Correspondence and vocational schools	¦824	58.9	60.4	59.4	60.5 <sup>1</sup>	- i	- ;	- !	-	! - ;	~
Social services	- 83	1,273.8	1 286 4	1.362.3	1 375 3	_	_	i i	_		_
Individual and family services		278.8	282.3				_ ;	_	_	ا _ '	_
Job training and related services		198.8	202.4			_	- 1	- 1			
Residential care		256.0			270.4	_	_	_ [	-		
riesideridal care		250.0	257.4	200.7	270.4	- 1	_	- !	-	· -	_
Museums, botanical and zoological gardens	84	36.6	37.5	41.8	41.8	- ¦	- ',	- !	-	- !	-
Membership organizations	86	; 1,502.1	1,503.8	1,479.8	1,496.8	-	- !	_	_	] -	-
Business associations	861	85.7	86.7	86.2	88.7	- :	_ i	- !	-	'	-
Labor organizations	863	137.1	136.9	134.0	136.6	_ 1	- !	- 1	_	_ :	-
Civic and social associations	864	316.0	318.0	311.8	323.2	- !	- ;	- ;	_	-	_
Miscellaneous services	89	1.104.7	1.111.8	1.180.6	1,199.0	_ !	907.3	914.9	971.1	989.5	_
Engineering and architectural services		583.4	589.1	641.6			486.3		539.0	543.5	۱ _
Noncommercial research organizations		108.2				_ !	_ 1		_	_	_
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping		392.2	392.9	406.5		~	313.5	314.5	322.3	334.6	~
Government	i	16,135	16,204	16,070	16,356	16,457 <sup>1</sup>	- ;	- ;	-	-	-
Federal Government <sup>4</sup>		2,746	2,756	2,785	2,788	2,797	- ¦	-	_	-	-
Executive, by agency4	i	2 601 2	2,700.9	2 728 8	_	_	_ ;	_	_	_	_
Department of Defense		949.0			. [ '		_	_ !	_	! _ '	_
Postal Service		667.5						- 1	-		
						_		_ i	-	! - ;	_
Other executive agencies			1,079.4			-	- 1		-	_	į
Legislative		38.8 16.3	38.9 16.1	39.3 17.1		<u>-</u>	_ ;	Ξ 1	_	! -	
	:						i :				
Federal government, by industry:	•	400 =			1070	i	;	i			
Manufacturing activities		136.5				- !	- :	- :	-	! - !	-
Shipbuilding and repairing	:3/31	82.7	82.5	83.5	83.4	- ,	- 1	-	-	-	_
Transportation and public utilities, except Postal			·								
Service		38.0				- '	-	-	-	- !	-
Services		399.7	400.0				- '	-	_	-	-
Hospitals	806	238.8	238.6	241.2	242.0	-	- i	-	_	: -	-
State government		3,770				3,845	-	- ,	-	-	
Hospitals		468.7	469.0	472.7					-	i -	-
Education	82	1,587.8	1,595.4	1,462.3	, 1,590.6	-	-	-	-		
General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions		1 124 8	1 130 3	1.146.2	1,150.8	_	_	· _ !	_	İ -	: _
-									i	! !	ı
Local government		9,618				9,815	_	-	-	<u> </u>	-
Transportation and public utilities		491.1		503.8			- 1	- '	-		
Hospitals		635.6		613.2				-	_	<u> </u>	. <del>-</del>
Education	82	5,418.9	5,447.6	5,392.4	5,528.6	-	-	-	-	; -	-
General administration, including executive, legislative, and judicial functions		2,792.9	2,804.1	2,823.2	2,830.9	_	-	_	_		

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

civilian employment only and exclude the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency. - Data not available.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

risurance, and real estate; and services.

Beginning in January 1978, data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from the

nonsupervisory count for all series in this division.

4 Prepared by the Office of Personne! Management. Data relate to

preliminary.

#### B-3. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group

(In thousands)

Industry	Dec. 1983	Jan. 1984	Nov. 1984	Dec. 1984	Jan. 1985
Total	41,316	40,590	43,142	43,313	42,595
Total private	33,411	32,785	34,966	35,194	34,554
Goods-producing	6,702	6,673	6,992	6,961	6,894
Mining	116	115	125	125	126
Construction	400	397	436	434	430
Manufacturing	6,186	6,161	6,431	6,402	6,338
Durable goods	2.944	2.944	3.128	3,126	3,104
Lumber and wood products		101	107	107	105
Furniture and fixtures		142	151	151	151
				-	
Stone, clay, and glass products		113	119	118	116
Primary metal industries		102	107	106	107
Fabricated metal products		314	331	331	329
Machinery, except electrical	¦ 467 <sub> </sub>	468	495	496	494
Electrical and electronic equipment	911	915	976	975	970
Transportation equipment	314	316	346	351	351
Instruments and related products		305	316	317	314
Miscellaneous manufacturing		168	181	175	168
Nondurable goods	3,242	3,217	3,303	3,276	3,234
Food and kindred products	494	478	518	508	490
Tobacco manufactures	24	24	25	25	25
Textile mill products	364	361	351	348	344
Apparel and other textile products		958	955	944	938
Paper and allied products		155 ı	162	162	160
		546 ·	579	581	579
Printing and publishing					
Chemicals and allied products		275	286	288	285
Petroleum and coal products		30	29	29	29
Rubber and misc. plastics products		269	281	280	276
Leather and leather products	123	122	117	113	109
Service-producing	34,614	33,917	36,150	36,352	35,701
Transportation and public utilities	1,372	1,367	1,435	1,438	1,434
Wholesale trade	1,506	1,498	1,608	1,608	1,597
Retail trade	8,483	7,987	8,827	9,052	8,543
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3,335	3,340	3,474	3,498	3,503
Services	12,013	11,920	12,630	12,637	12,583
Government	7.905	7.805	8.176	8,119	8,041
Federal		950	972	975	974
State		1,621	1,734 İ	1.723	1,692
Local		5,234	5,470	5,421	5,375
	0,204	0,204	0,470	٠,٠٠٠	0,070

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-4. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Industry	<u></u>				19	84 				i		1985	
	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.⁰	Mar.º
Total	,   93,058	93,449	93,786	:  94,135	94,350	94,523	94,807	95,157	95,497	95,681	96,045	96,157	96,53
Total private	77,185	77,546	77,864	78,241	78,422	78,566	78,698	79,054	79,371	  79,618	79,971	80,064	80,41
ioods-producing	. 24,595	 <sub> </sub> 24,760	24,851	24,974	25,059	25,098	25,010	25,080	25,123	25,258	25,338	25,227	25,32
Mining			995	!   1,002	1,007			1,012	1,009	1,000			99
Oil and gas extraction	. 607	612	619 	623	629	636	642	643	648	646	641	636	63
Construction			4,286 1,126	4,343 1,135	4,356 1,133	4,356 1,132	4,374 1,140			4,457 1,159		4,489 1,171	4,61 1,20
Manufacturing	19,466					19,725	19,616	19,686	19,718	19,801	19,808	19,739	19,71
Durable goods	., 11,513	11,551	11,598	11,652	11,702	!   11,758	11,696	i 11,752	  11,776	11,834	11,844	11,797	11,77
Lumber and wood products			711	712		706	703	710			715	708	70
Furniture and fixtures			482					487	492	1	497	497	49
Stone, clay, and glass products			605	605	606	603		606	606		614	608	6
Primary metal industries		879				879	1	866	865		1	854	8
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		345		i	342	334	324	320		i	319		3
Fabricated metal products			1,469		1,490		1,485	1,495					
Machinery, except electrical		_, -,										2,242	
Electrical and electronic equipment		-,				2,267		2,269				2,276	
Transportation equipment				-		1,961			1 -			2,002	
Motor vehicles and equipment				855		894	864	865			912		:
Instruments and related products	. 718	719	722	723	727	726	. 726	729	731	732	731	733	7
Miscellaneous manufacturing	. 388	388	385	384	386	389	388	390	389	390	389 <sub> </sub>	383	( 3
Nondurable goods		7,979							7,942		7,964	7,942	
Food and kindred products												1,654	
Tobacco manufactures			67	67	66	65		i 69	67		69	69	
Textile mill products			762	759		751	744	735	731	727	728	721	, 7
Apparel and other textile products	. 1,218	1,226	1,217	1,209	1,206	1,200	1,181	1,178	1,178	1,186	1,185	1,177	1,1
Paper and allied products	. 680	680	681	685	687	686	680	684	683	684	684	683	i €
Printing and publishing		1,348	1,356	1,362	1,368	1,371	1,375	1,380	1,386	1,386	1,390	1,392	, 1,3
Chemicals and allied products											1,065	1,064	1,0
Petroleum and coal products			188		187	187	1 '					183	
Rubber and misc. plastics products			795							1		813	
Leather and leather products			206				1				1		
ervice-producing	. 68,463	68,689	68,935	69,161	 <sub> </sub> 69,291	69,425	69,797	70,077	70,374	†  70,423	! 70,707	70,930	71,2
Transportation and public utilities	.; 5,112	5,129	5,144	5,163	5,175	5,202	5,213	5,225	5,226	5,249	5,266	5,279	i 5,2
Transportation	., 2,839	2,862	2,871	2,883	2,896	2,924	2,937	2,951	2,953	2,974	2,984	3,002	2,9
Communication and public utilities			2,273	2,280	2,279	2,278	2,276	2,274	2,273	2,275	2,282	2,277	2,2
Wholesale trade												5,670	
Durable goods	3,205	3,215	3,235			3,278						3,348	
Nondurable goods	2,252	2,258	! 2,257 :	2,253	2,260	2,266	2,295	2,311	2,306	2,313 	2,325	2,322	` 2,3 
Retail trade													
						2,303	1 .				2,368		
Food stores								2,677	2,696				
Automotive dealers and service stations Eating and drinking places			1,751 5,183		□ 1,762 □ 5,211						1,780 5,359	1,795 5,389	1 .
Finance, insurance, and real estate	. 5.613	5.640	: ⊢ 5.662	5,676	5,676	∖   5,679	5,684	5,705	5,725	5,749	5,764	5,800	5,8
Finance		2,851			2,854	1				1 '	i ·		1 .
Insurance				1,752			1			1			
Real estate		1 '		1,066	1					1			
Services	, 20,378	20,449	, 20,549	20,681	20,701	20,748	20,861	20,964	21,030	21,095	21,231	21,331	
Business services		1 .		4,014	1					4,151		4,229	4,2
Health services				6,064						6,115			
	1			1			1	1	j.	1		I.	
Government			15,922	15,894	15,928	15,957	'¦ 16,109	16,103	<sub> </sub> 16,126	16,063	<sub> </sub> 16,074		
Government				1		1	1 '	16,103 ; 2,793	1	1	1		2,8
	2,770	2,771	2,785	2,777	2,779	1	2,804	2,793	2,804	2,809	2,807	2,805	2,8

introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

p = preliminary.
 NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are

B-5. Women employees on nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

						198	84						1985
Industry	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Total	40,858	41,074	41,210	41,390	41,584	41,735	41,966	42,094	42,246	42,442	42,654	42,680	42,877
Total private	33,140	33,333	33,463	33,618	33,793	33,948	34,081	34,176	34,290	34,482	34,695	34,756	34,923
Goods-producing	6,773	6,820	6,854	6,886	6,904	6,919	6,943	6,947	6,916	6,935	6,944	6,988	6,997
Mining	117	117	117	117	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	125	128
Construction	404	407	409	413	418	423	424	429	432	436	435	437	438
Manufacturing	6,252	6,296	6,328	6,356	6,367	6,376	6,398	6,396	6,361	6,375	6,384	6,426	6,431
Durable goods  Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing  Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products	142 116 103 317 468 921 319 306 176 3,279 505 23 364 974 157	3,003 105 143 117 103 320 473 932 324 308 178 3,293 506 23 366 979 158 549 279 30	3,031 106 144 118 104 322 476 946 327 310 178 3,297 504 23 367 982 157 552 279	3,043 107 144 117 105 321 481 952 327 310 179 3,313 508 24 365 989 158 557 281	3,057 106 144 117 105 325 485 957 330 311 177 3,310 506 24 364 983 159 562 281	3,075 107 146 117 105 324 492 965 332 311 176 3,301 505 23 361 973 162 566 282	3,089 107 146 116 105 328 494 970 335 313 175 3,309 514 24 360 968 162 568 284	3,108 107 145 117 106 328 496 977 341 312 179 3,288 504 23 356 964 162 570 285 29		350 946	3,112 107 149 118 107 329 494 973 344 315 176 3,272 506 23 348 946 162 578 289		3,135 108 151 119 108 332 494 977 355 315 176 3,296 518 24 348 954 162 580 289
Rubber and misc. plastics products Leather and leather products	275 124	278 125	280 123	278 123	279 122	278 121	278 121	278 117	278 115	279	280 114	282	282 111
Service-producing	34,085	34,254	34,356	34,504	34,680	34,816	35,023	35,147	35,330	35,507	35,710	35,692	35,880
Transportation and public utilities	1,373	1,378	1,380	1,385	1,388	1,400	1,409	1,416	1,420	1,420	1,425	1,428	1,440
Wholesale trade	1,508	1,519	1,532	1,534	1,542	1,544	1,556	1,561	1,580	1,588	1,591	1,597	1,608
Retail trade	8,084	8,121	8,154	8,204	8,265	8,323	8,360	8,394	8,446	8,530	8,637	8,588	8,647
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3,358	3,367	3,374	3,387	3,403	3,419	3,429	3,444	3,450	3,472	3,481	3,505	3,521
Services	12,044	12,128	12,169	12,222	12,291	12,343	12,384	12,414	12,478	12,537	12,617	12,650	12,710
Government Federal State Local	7,718 962 1,620 5,136	7,741 964 1,629 5,148	7,747 967 1,636 5,144	7,772 964 1,650 5,158	7,791 968 1,660 5,163	7,787 962 1,670 5,155	7,885 962 1,668 5,255	7,918 967 1,676 5,275	7,956 976 1,680 5,300	978 1,673	7,959 981 1,672 5,306	983 1,673	

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all

seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** EMPLOYMENT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-6. Production or nonsupervisory workers 'on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

					198	34						1985	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. <sup>p</sup>	Mar. <sup>p</sup>
Total private	62,443	62,800	63,060	63,363	63,494	63,616	63,708	63,996	64,289	64,451	64,736	64,800	65,034
Goods-producing	17,297	17,446	17,507	17,600	17,654	17,671	17,581	17,630	17,646	17,760	17,827	17,712	17,807
Mining	698	707	714	720	720	729	730	724	722	715	711	711	711
Construction	3,211	3,296	3,328	3,388	3,393	3,384	3,403	3,409	3,419	3,474	3,547	3,506	3,631
Manufacturing	13,388	13,443	13,465	13,492	13,541	13,558 <sup>1</sup>	13,448	13,497	13,505	13,571	13,569	13,495	13,465
Durable goods		7,799	7,826	7,860	7,899	7,945	7,876	7,915	7,925	7,969	7,965	7,911	7,887
Lumber and wood products		5991	596	597	594	592	589	595	596		600	592	593
Furniture and fixtures	387	387	385	387	388	386	383	388	395	397	398	397	398
Stone, clay, and glass products		464	465	466	466	464		464	465	470	471	465	467
Primary metal industries		668	676	674	669	668	655	658	657	653	653	649	641
Fabricated metal products		1,074	1,083	1,091	1,101	1,103	1,096	1,103	1,108		1,108	1,105	
Machinery, except electrical		1,329	1,342	1,356	1,370	1,379	1,368	1,379	1,372	1,376	1,367	1,365	1,362
Electrical and electronic equipment		1,371	1,377	1,379	1,390	1,401	1,395	1,398	1,398		1,394		1,378
Transportation equipment	1,221	1,221 <sub> </sub>	1,217	1,224	1,233	1,265	1,241	1,240	1,243	1,274	1,287		1,261
Instruments and related products		403	404	405	406	403		405	407	406	405	407	407
Miscellaneous manufacturing	282	283	281	281	282	<sup>284</sup>	283	285	284	284	282	278	277
Nondurable goods		5,644	5,639 i	5,632	5,642	5,613	5,572	5,582	5,580	5,602	5,604	5,584	
Food and kindred products		1,143	1,1421	1,142	1,152	1,140	1,131	1,137	1,140		1,156	1,151	
Tobacco manufactures		50'	50 <sub>!</sub>		50	49	53	53	51		53	52	51
Textile mill products		665	661	658	652	649		634 <sub>1</sub>	629		629	620	617
Apparel and other textile products		1,039	1,033	1,021	1,018	1,013	998	996 <sub>i</sub>		, ,	1,001		993
Paper and allied products		512	512	515	516	516	510 <sub>1</sub>	514			516	515	516
Printing and publishing		744	748	752	757	757		762	765	763	766	769	770
Chemicals and allied products		589	588	590	591				588		587	586	587
Petroleum and coal products		111	111	110	110	110	110	110	110	109	110	111	
Rubber and misc. plastics products		616	621	623		622		626	630		631	631	1
Leather and leather products	175	175	173	171 i	172	165	161	160	159	158	155	154	154
Service-producing	45,146	45,354	45,553	45,763	45,840	45,945	46,127	46,366	46,643	46,691	46,909	47,088	47,227
Transportation and public utilities	4,207	4,228	4,236	4,253	4,265	4,293	4,295	4,305	4,310	4,330	4,336	4,349	4,341
Wholesale trade	4,395	4,406	4,425	4,430	4,458	4,466	4,502	4,529	4,531	4,551	4,574	4,576	4,597
Retail trade	14,341	14,434	14,493	14,558	14,586	14,592	14,626	14,735	14,920	14,883	!   14,950	14,996	14,989
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4.165	4,175	4,195	4,217	4,217	4,233	4,227	4,240	4,252	4,269	4,282	4,296	4,309
Services	18,038	18,111	18,204	18,305	18,314	18,361	18,477	18,557	18,630	18,658	18,767	18,871	18,991

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary. NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

B-7. Indexes of diffusion: Percent of industries in which employment' increased, seasonally adjusted

Time span	Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Over 1-month span	1983 1984 1985	54.3 71.1 58.4	46.5 73.2 9 46.2	60.8 67.0 9 54.6	68.9 63.8	69.5 64.1	64.6 63.0	74.3 62.4	68.6 57.6	69.5 40.8	75.4 65.7	69.7 51.9	73.8 63.5
Over 3-month span	1983 1984 1985	46.8 82.4 9 57.0	57.3 80.5 9 52.7	64.1 76.5	75.1 71.1	75.7 68.4	77.8 68.9	74.1 63.5	81.6 58.1	80.8 58.6	78.9 53.5	79.5 64.9	77.6 61.9
Over 6-month span	1983 1984 1985	50.8 81.9	63.0 82.7	69.2 79.7	75.1 75.4	80.0 69.2	82.4 63.2	84.1 62.4	82.4 62.7	84.6 63.5	85.9 60.5	86.8 P 55.1	83.8 ° 60.8
Over 12-month span	1983 1984 1985	49.5 86.5	54.3 81.9	61.9 78.9	71.1 76.8	77.3 74.3	79.5 73.8	83.8 71.1	88.1 ° 63.5	86.8 9 61.9	87.3	85.4	87.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the number of employees, seasonally adjusted for 1, 3, and 6 month spans, on the payrolls of 185 private nonagricultural industries. Data for the 12-month span are unadjusted.

p = preliminary.

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment

rising. (Half of the unchanged components are counted as rising.) Data are centered within the spans. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining	i	Co	onstruction	n
State and area	Feb.	Jan. 1	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup> 1	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Nebeur	1.054.6	4		i	+	•	4		
Alabama Birmingham		.,	.,	13.9 <sub>1</sub> 7.3 <sub>1</sub>	14.7 <sub>1</sub> 7.6	14.8 7.8	60.1 <sup>-</sup> 18.7 <sup>-</sup>	63.71 18.21	62. 18.
Huntsville				.1	.11		3.5	3.7	3.
Mobile				1.0	1.0	1.0:	9.3	11.3	11.
Montgomery		114.5		.11	.1.		6.0	6.5	6.
Tuscaloosa		52.0	53.1	2.4;	2.7	2.7	1.9	2.3	2.
llaska	206.9	215.5	218.8	8.21	9.4	9.7	16.2	14.2	15.0
rizona		1,225.6		14.1	12.5	12.3	88.1	103.5	104.
Phoenix Tucson		804.2 223.2	813.61 224.91	.6¹ 3.6¹	.6 <sub>)</sub> 2.8,	.6° 2.6°	60.8 <sup>1</sup> 17.2	72.3 19.1	73. 19.
ırkansas	761.5	. 780.8 i	782.0 <sup> </sup>	5.3 <sub>.</sub>	5.6	5.5	29.0	33.2	32.
Fayetteville-Springdale		41.4		(')	(')	415	1.5	1.6	1.
Fort Smith	65.0	66.3	66.0	1.2	1.2	1.3	2.5	2.8	2.
Little Rock-North Little Rock	209.8	214.8	214.4	.4,	.4	.4.	9.6	10.9	10.
Pine Bluff	30.3	30.7	30.8	(')	(')	(')	1.0:	1.1	1.1
alifornia		10,664.8		48.8	49.5	49.2	406.9	439.9	447.
Anaheim-Santa Ana		982.6	985.7	4.1	4.3	4.2	40.3	47.3	47.
Bakersfield		151.5		15.0	15.4,	15.4	7.2	8.3	8.
Fresno		186.6	188.3	1.2,	1.1,		9.4	10.7	10.
Los Angeles-Long Beach		3,772.5	3,794.2	12.6	12.1	11.7	105.5	112.8	114.
Modesto		88.3		.1	.1.	.1.	4.5	4.8	4.1
Oakland		744.2	746.7	1.9	1.8,	1.9	37.2	41.2	42.
Oxnard-Ventura		178.6	179.1	3.3	3.3	3.3	7.5	8.5	8.
Riverside-San Bernardino		497.8		1.3	1.3	1.3	29.0	33.7	34.0
Sacramento		474.2	477.1	.7	.8.	.8	19.3	23.6	23.
Sal Diogo		95.9	95.8 757.4	.3 · .5 ·	.3 · .7 ,	.3	3.3	3.6	3.0
San Diego		752.9 907.2		2.5	2.5	.7 2.7	37.0 28.1	44.3 29.2	44. 29.
San Jose		793.9	795.6		2.5 .21	.2	27.1	31.1	31.
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		136.7	136.3	.2 <sub>.</sub> 1.5	1.4	1.4	5.7	6.3	6.
Santa Rosa-Petaluma		108.8	108.8	.6	.7	.7	5.8	6.2	6.
Stockton		124.4	125.0	.1	.1	.1	5.6	6.1	6.
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa		109.2	109.7	.4	.4.	.4	5.2	5.5	5.0
Colorado Denver-Boulder		1,388.0 896.7	1,393.6 901.6	35.3 24.7	36.1 24.1,	35.4 23.7	79.7 50.0	84.7 52.7	82. 52.
Connecticut	1,474.0	1,535.7	1,533.2	1.3	1.1	1.1	51.0	57.8	56.
Bridgeport-Milford	180.9	187.5	187.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	4.8	5.6	5.
Hartford		425.2	424.2	1	.1	.1	12.2	13.7	13.
New Britain		60.8	60.9	(')	(')	(')	2.1	2.2	2.
New Haven-Meriden		237.2	237.8	.2	.3	.3	8.4	10.6	10.
Stamford		118.3 85.3	117.7 84.7	.7 (¹)	.7 <sup>.</sup> (¹)	.7 (¹)	4.0 2.5	4.3 2.9	4.: 2.:
Delaware		282.1	282.3	.1	.1	.1	14.2	15.6	15.
Wilmington		247.3	247.3	.2	.2	.2	15.4	17.2	16.
District of Columbia Washington MSA		612.5 1,823.0	613.0 1,821.3	.1 .9	.1 1.0	.1 .9	10.1 83.7	10.6 96.0	10. 93.
Florida	4,127.8	4,364.1	4,394,7	10.1	10.5	10.5	297.8	333.7	334.
Daytona Beach		95.1	96.8	(')	(')	(¹)	6.2	7.0	7.
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood Pompano Beach		414.4	416.5	`′ .2	.4	.4	31.1	32.8	33.
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		91.3	94.3	(¹)	(')	(¹)	10.1	10.7	10.
Gainesville		82.5	83.8	(')	(')	(')	4.5	4.7	4.
Jacksonville		350.8	352.2	.6	.6	.6	23.4	27.3	27.
Lakeland-Winter Haven	127.4	131.9	131.8	4.8	5.0	5.0	8.1	8.8	8.
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay	123.6	129.3	129.6	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	7.7	8.3	8
Miami-Hialeah	761.4	787.4	782.7	.9	.9	.9	36.7	39.2	38
Orlando	372.4	389.5	391.4	(')	(1)	(')	28.7	31.2	30
Pensacola	109.2	115.6	116.5	.4	.5	.5	8.1	9.1	9
Sarasota	87.9	88.5	88.4	<b>(</b> 1)	(¹)	(')	9.2	9.4	9
Tallahassee		91.0	91.3	(')	(')	(')	4.3	4.8	4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater			711.8	.7	7	.7	53.7	58.4	57
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Deiray Beach	266.1	279.4	281.8	(')	(¹)	(1)	24.0	25.2	25

### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

Charles and area	M:	anufacturin	g		sportation a blic utilities		Wholesale and retail trade			
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	
Alabama	353.3	352.1	353.0	70.6	71.4	71.5	277.5	292.5	289	
Birmingham		53.9	53.7	29.0	29.7	29.7	83.1	85.3	84	
Huntsville	29.1	30.7	30.8	2.2	2.3	2.3	17.6	21.5	21	
Mobile	24.7	24.8	25.0	9.5	9.5	9.6	37.7	41.0	40	
Montgomery		17.5 8.2	17.6 8.2	4.4 1.8	4.5 <sup>1</sup> 1.9	4.5 1.9	24.4 10.4	25.9 10.9	25 10	
Tuscaloosa			į	;	:	ļ	i	į		
Naska	7.0	6.9	8.0:	17.6	18.1	17.8	40.5	44.0	43	
Arizona Phoenix	: I	178.5 130.6	178.9 131.0	59.0 38.4	62.2 40.7	63.0 41.1	277.5° 188.8	301.3 205.0	302 205	
Tucson	` - <u>-</u> -i	29.8	29.9	8.5	8.7	8.9	46.0	49.9	49	
Arkansas	209.3	210.7	209.6	43.5	45.5	45.0	164.8	173.7	172	
Fayetteville-Springdale		9.3	9.3	3.0	3.2	3.2	9.5	10.2	10	
Fort Smith	l i	22.9	22.9	3.1	3.4	3.4	14.0	14.7	14	
Little Rock-North Little Rock		33.3	33.0:	13.9	14.2	14.2	48.4	51.2	50	
Pine Bluff		5.7	5.7	3.3	3.3	3.4	5.9	6.2	6	
California		2,046.4	2,050.6	534.1	545.5	545.8	2,429.2	2,571.7	2,562	
Anaheim-Santa Ana		236.2	235.7	30.5	32.3	32.3	228.7	246.0	245	
Bakersfield		10.5	10.5	7.3	7.7	7.8	37.2	39.9	39	
Fresno	i	20.5	20.4	9.7	10.1	10.0	46.5	47.3	47	
Los Angeles-Long Beach	;	902.6	905.0	191.2	197.7	196.0	842.6	873.3	874	
Modesto		17.9	18.0	4.3	4.4	4.4	21.6	23.3	22	
Oakland		102.8	102.9	44.3	45.4	45.6	179.0	189.7	187	
Oxnard-Ventura		26.9	26.9	7.1	7.2	7.2	43.0	45.0°	44	
Riverside-San Bernardino		61.7	61.9	26.4	28.2	28.1	121.1	128.8	128	
Sacramento	,	32.3	32.4	22.2	23.2	23.2	108.8 25.1	116.0	116	
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey		8.5 116.3	8.3 117.4	4.3 29.7	4.7 31.0	4.7 31.0	166.9	26.5 180.7	26 180	
San Diego		86.0	86.7	83.9	85.3	84.8	197.0	205.1	203	
San Jose		291.7	291.2	20.8	22.1	22.2	139.8	148.0	147	
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc	i	24.1	23.9	5.4	5.5	5.5	30.6	31.6	31	
Santa Rosa-Petaluma		17.8	17.8	5.0.	5.0	5.0,	26.2	28.0	27	
Stockton	1	20.4	20.2	7.8	7.5	7.9	27.1	29.8	29	
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa		9.4	9.7	4.1	4.3	4.3	24.7	26.6	26	
Colorado	187.6,	191.3	190.4	84.6	86.0	85.9	329.2	341.8	340	
Denver-Boulder	128.7	130.7	130.0	62.1	63.7	63.5	211.4	219.8	219	
Connecticut		426.8	425.1	64.5	67.6	67.5	316.4	331.9	329	
Bridgeport-Milford		64.8	65.1	7.2	7.2	7.2.	39.2	41.7	41	
Hartford	I	93.3	93.1	15.5	16.1	16.0	87.6	89.6	88	
New Britain		24.0	24.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	11.0	11.0	11	
New Haven-Meriden		50.3	50.0	17.3	18.1;	18.2	49.6	54.1	54	
Stamford Waterbury		30.3 30.3	30.1 30.1	4.6 2.9	4.6 3.1	4.6 3.1	26.3 15.8¦	28.3 <sup>‡</sup> 16.7	28 16	
Delaware	69.0	72.2	72.1	12.2	12.3	12.3	57.3	63.0	62	
Wilmington		63.8	63.8	11.8	12.1	12.2	48.4	51.6	50	
District of Columbia		14.3 77.6	14.3 77.5	25.5 79.8	26.4 86.2	26.3 86.4	60.3 340.7	63.5 368.0	63 363	
Florida	492,7	518.0	518.5	238.2	246.6	248.2	1,093.3	1,163.6	1,162	
Daytona Beach		10.6	10.9	3.3	3.3	3.4	26.2	27.7	28	
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood Pompano Beach	, ,	44.8	44.4	21.0	20.2	20.5	118.1	123.0	123	
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		4.2	4.3	4.1	4.4	4.4	25.7	27.8	29	
Gainesville		5.6	5.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	17.8	17.7	17	
Jacksonville		37.1	37.1	26.6	27.3	27.4	88.1	94.8	94	
Lakeland-Winter Haven		23.7	23.8	5.9	5.9	5.8	32.7	35.4	35	
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		26.5	26.6	5.2	5.4	5.4	26.6	28.7	28	
Miami-Hialeah		97.0	96.6	70.2	71.1	70.6	197.5	205.8	202	
Orlando		45.9 12.5	46.6	19.0	20.1	20.3	100.4	107.8	108	
Sarasota		12.5	12.5	6.0	6.2	6.3	26.0	27.9	27	
	i i	7.0° 3.8	6.9	3.4	3.5	3.5	26.7	26.0	25	
Tallahassee Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		3.8 89.4	3.8 89.2	2.7 35.6	2.8	2.9	19.0	19.3	19	
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach		36.9	37.1	35.6 10.5	36.2 10.6	36.0 10.6	184.5	195.8	195	
TTOSK TAILI DEACH-DUCA HAIDII-DEILAY DEACH		30.5	31.1	10.5	10.0	0.01	71.2:	72.9	73	

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area		nce, insura d real esta			Services		Government			
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985	
labama	61.1	63.8	64.0	223.1	228.6	229.5	295.0	296.2	299	
Birmingham	·	25.1	25.2	75.1	76.2	76.7	58.6	58.7	59	
Huntsville	2.8	2.9	2.9	17.6	19.0	19.0	27.9	27.9	28	
Mobile		7.4	7.4	30.1	31.1	31.1	26.8	27.1	2	
Montgomery Tuscaloosa		6.6 1.6		21.9 6.9	22.6 7.1	22.6 7.2	30.3 18.3	30.8 17.3	30 18	
laska	11.6	12.5	12.6	41.0	43.1	43.2	64.8	67.3	69	
rizona	69.2	73.7	74.0	265.1	284.8	288.2	212.1	209.1	21	
Phoenix		57.4	57.6	181.3	194.8	197.2	105.0	102.8	10	
Tucson	<sub> </sub> 9.5	10.4	10.5	48.4	52.9	53.7	48.4	49.6	5	
rkansas	34.7	36.3	36.4	131.9	132.0	134.3	143.0	143.8	14	
Fayetteville-Springdale		1.5	1.5	5.8	5.8	5.8	10.5	9.8	1	
Fort Smith		2.5	2.5	12.0	12.0	12.0	6.9	6.8		
Little Rock-North Little RockPine Bluff	,	14.8 1.5	14.9 1.5	44.8 5.7	45.4 5.6	45.4 5.6	44.6 7.2	44.6 7.3	4	
			i	Ì	i	i	į	1		
alifornia	:	700.8	701.1	2,457.2	2,570.6	2,594.0	1,750.3	1,740.4	1,75	
Anaheim-Santa Ana		72.5	73.0	217.1	237.0	238.7	105.0	107.0	10	
BakersfieldFresno		5.7 <sup>1</sup> 12.8	5.6 12.8	27.1 40.4	28.6 42.5	28.8 42.7	34.0 39.8	35.4  41.6		
os Angeles-Long Beach		252.1	252.7	915.9	953.3	966.7	470.7	468.6	47	
Modesto	i 1	3.9	3.9	17.6	18.4	18.5	15.2	15.5	7.	
Dakland	1	43.8	43.9	157.5	165.2	167.6	152.4	154.3	15	
Oxnard-Ventura		11.2	i i	36.4	37.2	37.4	38.2	39.3		
Riverside-San Bernardino	20.7	21.1	21.1	106.8	113.4	113.9	104.8	109.6	10	
Sacramento	25.9	26.8	26.8	91.4	97.0	97.7	150.9	154.5	1	
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey		4.8	4.8	21.8	22.6	22.8	24.9	24.9	:	
San Diego	:	49.3		173.0	187.0	188.2	142.7	143.6	14	
San Francisco		110.9	110.8	246.6	255.4	256.4	133.4	132.8	13	
San Jose	i :	31.4	31.4	181.8	190.2	192.1	79.0	79.2		
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc Santa Rosa-Petaluma		7.1 7.3	7.1 7.3	33.0 22.0	35.7 23.2	35.8 23.2	24.9 20.3	25.0 20.6	:	
Stockton	1	6.5	6.5	25.8	25.8	26.4	27.0	28.2		
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa	;	4.0		22.1	23.5	23.7	35.3	35.5	;	
olorado Denver-Boulder	1 1	94.6 66.6	94.9 66.7	301.5 198.0	306.0 201.5	308.3 203.4	244.7 136.3	247.5 137.6	25 14	
onnecticut		125.1 8.7	124.7 8.8	322.4 39.5	339.1 41.4	339.5 41.6	187.3 18.1	186.3	18	
Bridgeport-Milford Hartford			1	89.1	93.5	93.8	54.4	18.1 55.2	:	
New Britain				10.9	11.2	11.2	6.5	6.3		
New Haven-Meriden		13.9		59.2	61.3	61.4	29.7	28.6		
Stamford	9.2	9.5	9.5	28.6	30.4	30.3	10.1	10.2		
Vaterbury	3.7	3.8	3.8	17.7	18.3	18.3	10.0	10.2		
elawareWilmington	16.3 15.0	18.2 16.4	18.3 16.5	54.3 48.5	58.1 52.0	58.7 52.3	43.4 34.7	42.6 34.0	;	
atulat of Calumbia	34.6	35.4	35.5	100.4	205.1	205.9	255.4	257.1	2	
strict of Columbia Washington MSA		105.7	: I	199.4 522.7	547.0	549.9	534.6	257.1 j 541.5 l		
orida	291.3	307.2	309.2	1,048.3	1,111.5	1,126.5	656.1	673.0	6	
Daytona Beach	5.4	5.9		25.3	25.4	25.9	15.7	15.2		
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood Pompano Beach				107.3	108.1	109.1	49.9	51.7	:	
Fort Myers-Cape Coral				21.8	23.0	23.8	13.4	13.9		
Gainesville					18.1		31.1	31.3		
lacksonville					80.0	80.9	51.7	52.9		
_akeland-Winter Haven Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		7.7 4.6	. !	28.1 34.7	27.7 36.1	27.8 36.4	17.2 19.1	17.7		
Miami-Hialeah		62.9		201.4	207.9	208.8	98.0	19.6 102.6	1	
Orlando				109.3	111.5	112.4	96.0 46.7	47.7	,	
Pensacola		5.1		,	27.6			26.7		
Sarasota			;		24.2	24.2				
Tallahassee					17.8	17.8		37.8		
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	50.7	54.0	i .			186.0	1	i	]	
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach	20.5	21.5	21.7	73.1	77.8	78.8	33.4	34.4		

#### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total	!		Mining		Co	onstructio	n
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb 1985
eorgia	2,356.9	2,537.9	2,539.1	7.7	8.0	8.0	117.4	136.5	13
Albany		47.9	48.2	.1	.1	.1	2.4	2.1	
Athens		58.1	57.9	1	.1!	.1	1.6	1.5	
Atlanta		1,238.3	1,243.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	56.1	67.4	6
Augusta		137.1	136.0	.4	.4	.5	7.1	6.8	
Columbus		88.0	87.3	.1	.1	.1	5.0	5.2	
Macon-Warner Robins		109.5	109.1	.2	.2	.2	4.5	4.5	
Savannah	-	94.2	94.2	.1	.1	.1	5.0	5.7	
waii	410.3	414.4	419.6	(')	(')	(')	17.0	16.2	
ionolulu	333.6	335.0	339.9	()	(')	(1)	14.4	13.6	
aho		322.4	323.0	3.9	3.6	3.5	11.1	11.7	
Boise City	79.8 <sub>1</sub>	82.5	82.8	(')	(')	c)	4.6	4.6	
nois		4,593.1	4,590.9	24.5	22.9	22.8	123.1	127.0	1.
Aurora-Elgin	1 :	122.5	120.8	( <u>)</u>	()	( <u>)</u>	2.9	3.5	
Bloomington-Normal		49.0	51.6	(¹)	()	()	.9	.91	
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul		73.1	75.9	(')	(')	(')	1.4	1.6	ı
chicago		2,778.2	2,772.2	1.8	1.5	1.8	75.7	79.5	!
Pavenport-Rock Island-Moline		140.8	142.2	()	( <u>)</u>	()	4.1	4.2	1
ecatur	l'	49.6	48.8	()	() j	(')	1.5	1.7	
oliet		90.2	90.5	(') <u> </u>	(')	()	3.0	3.9	1
(ankakee	30.5	30.5	30.7	(')	(¹) !	(1)	1.0	1.1	:
ake County		168.4	164.6	(¹) I	(')	(')	4.1	4.8	
Peoria	125.9	126.9	126.2	(')	(')	(1)	4.6	4.9	ļ
Rockford	110.3	113.6	113.1	(1)	(')	(')	2.6	2.9	!
pringfield	85.0	85.3	85.8	(')	(')	Ö	2.0	2.2	
diana	2,058.7	2,129.8	2,131.7	9.3	9.1	8.9	64.2	75.7	
Anderson	46.2	47.2	46.9	(')	(')	(¹)	.9!	1.0	1
Ikhart-Goshen	84.2	86.7	87.6	(')	(¹)	(1)	1.8,	2.1	i
Evansville	116.5	119.8	119.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	5.1	6.0	i .
ort Wayne	151.0	158.7	158.3	.1!	.1	.1	4.7	5.7	
Sary-Hammond		209.4	209.3	(')	.1	(1)	7.9	9.3	1
ndianapolis	:	538.5	537.8	.8:	.8	.8	18.9	21.9	i
afayette		59.1	59.7	.1	.1	.1	1.1	1,4	
Muncie		47.0	47.1	(')	(¹)	(¹)	1.0	1.2	1
South Bend-Mishawaka		103.4	103.1	- 6 L	Ö	_ ტ ∃	3.5	3.8	ĺ
Terre Haute		50.5	50.9	.4	.4	.4	1.5	;	
wa	1,045.1	1,046.9	1,049.2	1.6	1.5	1.4	27.6 <sub>j</sub>	30.2	
Cedar Rapids	76.3	77.0	76.9	.1	.1.	.1	2.1	2.0	i
Des Moines	183.21	186.5	185.4	(')	(¹)	(¹)	5.1	6.0	
Oubuque		39.7	39.4	(1)	(')	(')	.9	1.2	
owa City	46.8	47.6	49.0	(1)	(')	(1)	1.5	1.4	i
Sioux City	46.6	46.9	46.8	(i)	(') i	(')	1.3	1.11	1
Vaterloo-Cedar Falls	63.3	59.8	59.8	(')	(f)	Ö ¦	1.5	1.6	i
nsas	938.6	958.5	961.7	17.3	17.4	16.8	37.5	35.7	!
awrence		28.3	28.4	(°)	(')	() ]	.8	.9	
opekaVichita		81.5 199.8	82.2 199.4	.1  3.3	.1 3.4	(¹) [ 3.1]	2.6 8.3	2.3 8.3	
		1,218,4	ļ	i	i .	i	:		i
entuckyexington-Fayette		1,218.4	1,214.7 158.4	42.5 .6	45.1	45.0	41.7	46.3	l l
_exington=rayette		393.3	392.7	.6; .6	.7  .7	.7 .7	6.6	7.2	
Owensboro		32.4	31.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	15.3 1.5	16.6 1.9	! 
ouisiana	1,568.3	1,589.3	1,582.1	80.6	81.4	80.1	113.3	110.2	i ' 1
Nexandria		45.1	45.2	.3	.3	.3		2.7	
Baton Rouge		217.5	216.0	1.0	1.2	1.2	20.1	23.4	Ι,
louma-Thibodaux		62.6	62.3	7.9	8.5	8.3	3.0	3.1	
afayette		97.2	97.5	16.5	17.0	16.6	5.4	5.3	!
ake Charles		57.5	58.1	2.1	1.9	2.0	4.3	1	1
Aonroe		52.4	52.3	.6	.7	.7	3.0	2.9	1
Nonice		537.5	534.0	.0 <sub>1</sub> 19.0 <sub>1</sub>	20.3	20.0	35.7		
Shreveport	i	143.5	143.0	5.1	5.1	20.0 5.0		32.2 9.1	! 
aine	425.1	434.8	436.9	:  1.	.1	: j 1.	i 15.0	16.7	İ
_ewiston-Auburn		35.5	35.4	(1)	(4)	(')	1.2	1	
Portland	i	101.3	102.2	-8 :	8 1	8	4.2	1.3 5.0	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Ma	ınufacturin	g		sportation blic utilitie		Wholesa	le and reta	ail trade
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Georgia	530.3	548.6	545.6	149.9	158.6	160.6	570.3	644.9	644.
Albany	9.9	10.6	10.7	2.5	2.5	2.4	10.8	11.0	11.
Athens	15.1	15.5	15.3	1.5	1.6	1.6	11.3	11.9	11.8
Atlanta	168.4	178.2	177.2 <sub> </sub>	96.3	103.4	104.1	320.9	350.4	350.8
Augusta	35.1	36.2	35.9	4.3	4.4	4.3	26.6	28.1 <sup>1</sup>	27.0
Columbus	21.1	21.4	21.3	3.2	3.3	3.3	17.7	19.2	18.9
Macon-Warner Robins	19.1	18.6	18.6	4.3	4.4	4.4	22.1	23.4	23.1
Savannah	15.8	16.2	16.2	9.2	10.0	10.1	21.4	22.5	22.4
Honolulu	21.7 15.5	20.6 14.4	20.9 14.9	31.4 25.9	32.1 26.5	32.3 26.7	108.4 87.5	111.9 89.0	112.0 89.1
daho	52.5	53.2	53.1.	18.6	18.6	18.4	79.1	82.5	81.6
Boise City	9.8	10.3	10.3	5.2	5.4	5.3	20.5	21.4	21.4
linois	986.4	965.8	961.8	272.8	270.5	272.4	1,113.0	1,150.2	1,136.8
Aurora-Elgin	38.4	35.6	36.1	3.3	3.2.	3.2	31.5,	33.0	31.8
Bloomington-Normal	5.3	5.1	5.2	3.3	3.2	3.2	12.1	12.8	12.6
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	7.5:	7.2	7.1	2.3	2.4	2.4	17.5	18.3	18.2
Chicago	583.3	590.7	589.6	163.6	171.7	172.0	639.2	686.0	676.7
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	34.1	29.4	31.1	7.7	7.6	7.7	37.8	38.7	38.0
Decatur	15.4,	15.6	15.2	3.7	3.9	3.9	10.5	11.1	10.9
Joliet,	19.8	19.9	20.4 <sub>j</sub>	8.5	8.8	8.7	19.0	22.1	21.€
Kankakee	5.2	5.3	5.4	1.1	1.1,	1.2	7.5	7.6	7.5
Lake County	39.1	41.0	40.8	5.1	5.0	5.1	39.9	43.3	40.6
Peoria	34.2	32.7	32.2	6.6	6.7	6.5	31.1	31.3	31.0
Rockford	42.91 5.0	44.8 4.7	44.6 4.7 լ	4.2 · 3.9	4.3 4.0	4.3 4.2	24.4 17.6	24.9 <sub>1</sub> 17.6	24.5 17.6
ndiana	611.5	616.3	615.3	101.4	105.3	105.3	463.2	496.1	491.3
Anderson	19.1	19.1	18.8	1.2	1.2	1.2	9.4	10.1	10.1
Elkhart-Goshen	46.9	46.8	47.7	2.6	2.7	2.7	15.0	16.4	16.3
Evansville	32.4	31.6	31.7	6.3	6.5	6.5	28.9	30.2	29.9
Fort Wayne	42.9	45.7	45.8	9.6	10.3	10.4	36.9	38.5	37.8
Gary-Hammond	68.1	60.9	60.4	12.9	13.3	13.2	46.5	49.1	48.€
Indianapolis	109.6	110.5	110.3	29.9	31.4	31.3	129.6	139.1	136.7
Lafayette	10.9	11.3	11.3	1.7,	1.8	1.8	11.3	12.1	11.9
Muncie	11.3	11.2	11.1	1.8	2.0	2.0	11.11	11.4	11.4
South Bend-Mishawaka Terre Haute	24.5 10.2	25.4 10.0	25.8† 10.1	4.2 2.6	4.4 2.6	4.4 2.6	24.9 13.4	27.5 14.2	27.0 14.1
owa	208.8	207.1	206.6	49.9	50.1	50.2	264.6	265.8 <sup>1</sup>	263.3
Cedar Rapids	20.8	21.2	21.1	3.7	3.6	3.6	18.9	19.0	18.7
Des Moines	23.1	23.4	23.4	11.1	10.9	10.8	47.9¦	49.1	48.0
Dubuque	11.2	11.6	11.6	1.7	1.7	1.7,	8.5	9.0	8.8
lowa City	3.7	4.0	4.0	1.0	1.1	1.1:	8.6	8.6	8.8
Sioux City Waterloo-Cedar Falls	9.4 17.1	9.6 15.1	9.6 14.7	3.4 2.2	3.3 2.1	3.2 2.1	12.2 14.1 <sub>1</sub>	12.2 14.0	12.1 13.8
(ansas	173.3	175.7	175.3	62.8	62.0	60.0	007.0	040.6	044.6
Lawrence	4.3	4.1		1.2	63.0	63.3	227.9 5.9	242.6 5.9	241.0 6.0
Topeka	9.5	9.4	4.2, 9.6	7.3	1.2 7.3	1.1 7.4	17.7	18.9	19.0
Wichita	53.5	55.2	55.4	9.9	10.2	10.2	45.4	47.8	46.9
(entucky	251.2	258.4	256.5	62.7	66.9	67.1	267.4	289.9	285.2
Lexington-Fayette	28.6	30.2	29.6	7.1	7.5	7.5	34.3	37.0	36.8
Louisville	88.7	87.0	86.8	22.9	23.2	22.9	92.5	98.4	97.5
Owensboro	5.8	6.3	6.3	2.2	2.3	2.3	7.8	8.2	7.8
ouisiana	176.7	181.3	179.1	116.8	118.3	117.5	370.8	381.2	377.7
Alexandria	3.4	3.5	3.5	2.1	2.3	2.3	10.4	11.1	11.0
Baton Rouge	21.2	21.4	21.2	10.3	10.9	10.9	49.8	52.9	52.0
Houma-Thibodaux	5.1	6.2	6.3	7.3	7.2	7.3	14.7	15.3	15.1
Lafayette	5.9	5.8	5.7	7.0	7.2	7.2	25.4	25.9	25.9
Lake Charles		9.0	9.1	4.2	4.4	4.4.	14.2	14.6	14.6
Monroe	7.4	7.2	7.1	2.7	2.7	2.7	14.4	16.1	16.0
New Orleans	46.8 20.8	48.0 22.7	47.0 22.6	47.3 8.8	46.8 8.7	46.9 8.6	135.4 32.5	142.9 34.7	140.7 34.3
faine	110.2	107.8	106.6	18.5	18.9	19.1	91.6	99.4	97.9
Lewiston-Auburn	11.6	107.5	10.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	8.0	8.3	97.8 8.2
Portland	15.5	16.3	16.3	5.4	5.5	5.6	27.2	28.9	28.5

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area  Seorgia Albany Althens Atlanta Augusta Columbus Macon-Warner Robins Savannah  Itawaii Honolulu  daho Boise City  Ilinois Aurora-Elgin Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  Indiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette Muncie	1.6 78.5 5.0 5.6 6.6 4.0 31.9 27.3 23.1 8.0 313.7 6.5 8.4 224.2 7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 5.4 6.3 4.3 7.6	Jan. 1985 133.0, 2.2: 1.8 85.0, 5.1; 5.9 6.7 4.0 27.5; 23.3 8.0 318.2 6.6 8.5; 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7; 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5; 4.4 7.6 103.6 1.6 2.2	Feb. 1985° 133.0 2.2 1.8 85.2 5.9 6.7 4.0 32.0 27.4 23.3 8.2 317.5 6.5 8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2 7.3 6.6 1.4 7.6 103.7	Feb. 1984 415.2 6.6 7.7 245.8 21.0 12.8 17.8 18.6 107.5 84.3 60.4 15.8 1,027.5 22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1 19.3	Jan. 1985  461.4 7.1 8.2 275.6 22.5 13.0 19.1 18.8 109.8 86.1 10,42.9 26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8 19.0	Feb. 1985° 466.8 7.1 8.2 277.5 22.5 13.0 19.3 18.9 110.6, 86.8 62.3 16.9 1,047.1 25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0 19.1	Feb. 1984  441.7 11.5 17.5 172.4 32.9 19.2 32.2 16.3  92.4 78.7 68.4 15.9  703.2 13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4 11.7	Jan. 1985 446.9 12.3 17.5 177.0 33.5 19.8 32.6 17.0 91.8 77.9 67.3 15.8 695.6 14.5 8.8 28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1 15.9	Feb. 1985° 4488 122 177 1788 333 199 322 177 93 759 166 7100 144 277 5 157 72 296 16
Albany Althens Altlanta Augusta Columbus Macon-Warner Robins Savannah  Ilawaii Honolulu  daho Boise City  Ilinois Aurora-Elgin Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  Indiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	2.1 1.6 78.5 5.0 5.6 6.6 4.0 31.9 27.3 23.1 8.0 313.7 6.5 8.4 2.4 2.4 2.7 3.5 1.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1	2.2: 1.8. 85.0 5.1: 5.9 6.7 4.0 32.0 27.5: 23.3 8.0 318.2 6.6 8.5 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7: 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5: 4.4 7.6	2.2 1.8 85.2 5.9 6.7 4.0 32.0 27.4 23.3 8.2 317.5 6.5 8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 4.4 7.6	6.6 7.7 245.8 21.0 12.8 17.8 18.6 107.5 84.3 60.4 15.8 1,027.5 22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	7.1 8.2 275.6 22.5 13.0 19.1 18.8 109.8 86.1 1,042.9 26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	7.1 8.2 277.5 22.5 13.0 19.3 18.9 110.6 86.8 62.3 16.9 1,047.1 25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	11.5 17.5 17.5 17.2.4 32.9 19.2 32.2 16.3 92.4 78.7 68.4 15.9 703.2 13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	12.3 17.5 177.0 33.5 19.8 32.6 17.0 91.8 77.9 67.3 15.8 28.7 340.8 28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1	12 177 178 33 19 32 17 93 79 69 16 710 14 11 31 34 42 7 5
Albany Athens Atlanta Augusta Columbus Macon-Warner Robins Savannah  lawaii Honolulu daho Boise City  llinois Aurora-Elgin Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  ndiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	2.1 1.6 78.5 5.0 5.6 6.6 4.0 31.9 27.3 23.1 8.0 313.7 6.5 8.4 2.4 2.4 2.7 3.5 1.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1	2.2: 1.8. 85.0 5.1: 5.9 6.7 4.0 32.0 27.5: 23.3 8.0 318.2 6.6 8.5 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7: 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5: 4.4 7.6	2.2 1.8 85.2 5.9 6.7 4.0 32.0 27.4 23.3 8.2 317.5 6.5 8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 4.4 7.6	6.6 7.7 245.8 21.0 12.8 17.8 18.6 107.5 84.3 60.4 15.8 1,027.5 22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	7.1 8.2 275.6 22.5 13.0 19.1 18.8 109.8 86.1 1,042.9 26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	7.1 8.2 277.5 22.5 13.0 19.3 18.9 110.6 86.8 62.3 16.9 1,047.1 25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	11.5 17.5 17.5 17.2.4 32.9 19.2 32.2 16.3 92.4 78.7 68.4 15.9 703.2 13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	12.3 17.5 177.0 33.5 19.8 32.6 17.0 91.8 77.9 67.3 15.8 28.7 340.8 28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1	12 177 178 33 19 32 17 93 79 69 16 710 14 11 31 34 42 7 5
Athens Atlanta Augusta Columbus Macon-Warner Robins Savannah  Iawaii Honolulu  Iawaii Honolulu  Illinois Aurora-Elgin Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Laka County Peoria Rockford Springfield  Indiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	1.6 78.5 5.0 5.6 6.6 4.0 31.9 27.3 23.1. 8.0 313.7 6.5 8.4 224.2 7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 6.3 4.3 7.6	1.8 85.0 5.1 5.9 6.7 4.0 32.0 27.5 23.3 8.0 318.2 6.6 8.5 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5 4.4 7.6 103.6 1.6	1.8 85.2 5.2 5.9 6.7 4.0 32.0 27.4 23.3 8.2 317.5 6.5 8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4 7.6	7.7 245.8 21.0 12.8 17.8 18.6 107.5 84.3 60.4 15.8 1,027.5 22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	8.2 275.6 22.5 13.0 19.1 18.8 109.8 86.1 109.8 26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	8.2 277.5 22.5 13.0 19.3 18.9 110.6, 86.8 62.3 16.9 1,047.1 25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	17.5 172.4 32.9 19.2 32.2 16.3 92.4 78.7 68.4 15.9 703.2 13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	17.5 177.0 33.5 19.8 32.6 17.0 91.8 77.9 67.3 15.8 695.6 14.5 8.8 28.7 340.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1 15.9	17 178 33 19 32 17 93 79 69 16 710 14 11 31 344 27 5 15 7
Atlanta Augusta Columbus Macon-Warner Robins Savannah  Itawaii Honolulu  daho Boise City  Illinois Aurora-Elgin Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	78.5 5.0 5.6 6.6 4.0 31.9 27.3 23.1. 8.0 313.7 6.5 8.4 224.2 7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 6.3 4.3 4.3 7.6	85.0 5.1 5.9 6.7 4.0 27.5 23.3 8.0 318.2 6.6 8.5 25 230.0 7.2 27.5 23.0 7.2 27.5 10.1 10.	85.2 5.9 6.7 4.0 32.0 27.4 23.3 8.2 317.5 6.5 8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4 7.6	245.8 21.0 12.8 17.8 18.6 107.5 84.3 60.4 15.8 1,027.5 22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	275.6 22.5 13.0 19.1 18.8 86.1 62.2 17.0 1,042.9 26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	277.5 22.5 13.0 19.3 18.9 110.6 86.8 62.3 16.9 1,047.1 25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	172.4 32.9 19.2 32.2 16.3 92.4 78.7 68.4 15.9 703.2 13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	177.0 33.5 19.8 32.6 17.0 91.8 77.9 67.3 15.8 695.6 14.5 8.8 28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 6.9	178 33 19 32 17 93 79 69 16 710 14 11 314 27 5 15
Augusta Columbus Macon-Warner Robins Savannah  lawaii Honolulu  daho Boise City  linois Aurora-Elgin Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  ndiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	5.0 5.6 6.6 4.0 31.9 27.3 23.1 8.0 313.7 6.5 8.4 2.4 2.4 2.7 3.5 1.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1 4.5	5.1 5.9 6.7 4.0 32.0 27.5 23.3 8.0 318.2 6.6 8.5 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5 4.4 7.6	5.2 5.9 6.7 4.0 32.0 27.4 23.3 8.2 317.5 6.5 8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4 7.6	21.0 12.8 17.8 18.6 107.5. 84.3 60.4 15.8 1,027.5 22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	22.5 13.0 19.1 18.8 109.8 86.1 62.2 17.0 1,042.9 26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	22.5 13.0 19.3 18.9 110.6, 86.8 62.3 16.9 1,047.1 25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	32.9 19.2 32.2 16.3 92.4 78.7 68.4 15.9 703.2 13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	33.5 19.8 32.6 17.0 91.8 77.9 67.3 15.8 695.6 14.5 8.8 28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 6.9	33 19 32 17 93 79 69 16 710 14 11 31 344 27 5 15 7
Columbus Macon-Warner Robins Savannah  Ilawaii Honolulu  daho Boise City  Ilinois Aurora-Elgin Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  Indiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	5.6 6.6 4.0 31.9 27.3 23.1 8.0 313.7 6.5 8.4 2.4 224.2 7.0 7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1	5.9 6.7 4.0 32.0 27.5 23.3 8.0 318.2 6.6 8.5 2.5 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5 4.4 7.6	5.9 6.7 4.0 32.0 27.4 23.3 8.2 317.5 6.5 8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 4.4 7.6	12.8 17.8 18.6 107.5. 84.3 60.4 15.8 1,027.5 22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	13.0 19.1 18.8 109.8 86.1 1,042.9 26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	13.01 19.3 18.9 110.6, 86.8 62.3 16.9 1,047.1 25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	19.2 32.2 16.3 92.4 78.7 68.4 15.9 703.2 13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	19.8 32.6 17.0 91.8 77.9 67.3 15.8 695.6 14.5 8.8 28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1	19 32 17 93 79 69 16 710 14 11 31 344 27 5 15 729
Macon-Warner Robins Savannah  Iawaii Honolulu  daho Boise City  Illinois Aurora-Elgin Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	6.6 4.0 31.9 27.3 23.1 8.0 313.7 6.5 8.4 2.4 224.2 7.0 2.7 3.5 4.3 4.3 4.3 101.2 1.5 2.1 4.5	6.7 4.0 32.0 27.5 318.2 6.6 8.5 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5 4.4 7.6	6.7; 4.0; 32.0; 27.4; 23.3; 8.2; 317.5; 6.5; 8.5; 2.5; 230.1; 7.2; 7.2; 7.3; 6.4; 4.4; 7.6; 103.7;	17.8 18.6 107.5 84.3 60.4 15.8 1,027.5 22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	19.1 18.8 109.8 86.1 62.2 17.0 1,042.9 26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	19.3 18.9 110.6, 86.8 62.3 16.9 1,047.1 25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	32.2 16.3 92.4 78.7 68.4 15.9 703.2 13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	32.6 17.0 91.8 77.9 67.3 15.8 695.6 14.5 8.8 28.7 340.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 6.9 29.1	32 17 93 79 69 16 710 14 11 31 344 27 5 15 7
Savannah  Idawaii Honolulu  daho Boise City  Illinois Aurora-Elgin Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	4.0 31.9 27.3 23.1. 8.0 313.7 6.5 8.4 2.4 2.4 2.7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 6.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1 4.5	32.0 27.5 23.3 8.0 318.2 6.6 8.5 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5 4.4 7.6	32.0 27.4 23.3 8.2 317.5 6.5 8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4 7.6	18.6 107.5 84.3 60.4 15.8 1,027.5 22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	18.8 109.8 86.1 62.2 17.0 1,042.9 26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	18.9, 110.6, 86.8 62.3 16.9 1,047.1 25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	16.3 92.4 78.7 68.4 15.9 703.2 13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	17.0 91.8 77.9 67.3 15.8 695.6 14.5 8.8 28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1 15.9	17 93 79 69 16 710 14 11 31 344 27 5 15 7
Honolulu  daho Boise City  llinois Aurora-Elgin Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  ndiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	27.3 23.1 8.0 313.7 6.5 8.4 2.4 224.2 7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 6.3 4.3 4.3 101.2 1.5 2.1	27.5 23.3 8.0 318.2 6.6 8.5 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5 4.4 7.6 103.6 1.6	27.4 23.3 8.2 317.5 6.5 8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2 7.3 6.4 4.4 7.6	84.3 60.4 15.8 1,027.5 22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	86.1 62.2 17.0 1,042.9 26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	86.8 62.3 16.9 1,047.1 25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	78.7 68.4 15.9 703.2 13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	77.9. 67.3 15.8 695.6 14.5 8.8 28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1 15.9	79 69 16 710 14 11 31 344 27 5 15 7
daho Boise City    Ilinois	23.1. 8.0 313.7 6.5 8.4 2.4 224.2 7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1	23.3 8.0 318.2 6.6 8.5 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5 4.4 7.6	23.3 8.2 317.5 6.5 8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4 7.6	60.4 15.8 1,027.5 22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	62.2 17.0 1,042.9 26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	62.3 16.9 1,047.1 25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	68.4 15.9 703.2 13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	67.3 15.8 695.6 14.5 8.8 28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1	69 16 710 14 11 31 344 27 5 15 7
Boise City    Ilinois	8.0 313.7 6.5 8.4 2.4.2 7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1 4.5	8.0° 318.2 6.6 8.5° 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7° 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5° 4.4 7.6	8.2 317.5 6.5; 8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2; 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4; 7.6	15.8 1,027.5 22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	17.0 1,042.9 26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	1,047.1 25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	15.9 703.2 13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	15.8 695.6 14.5 8.8 28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1	710 14 11 31 344 27 5 15 7
Aurora-Elgin Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  mdiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	6.5 8.4 2.4 224.2 7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1	6.6 8.5 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5 4.4 7.6	6.5; 8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2; 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4; 7.6	22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	14.5 8.8 28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1	14 11 31 344 27 5 15 7
Aurora-Elgin Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  mdiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	6.5 8.4 2.4 224.2 7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1	6.6 8.5 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5 4.4 7.6	6.5; 8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2; 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4; 7.6	22.4 9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	26.0 9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	25.7 9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	13.8 11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	14.5 8.8 28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1	14 11 31 344 27 5 15 7
Bloomington-Normal Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  Indiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	8.4 2.4. 224.2 7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1	8.5° 2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7° 3.6° 1.4° 7.3° 6.5° 4.4° 7.6° 103.6° 1.6° 1.6° 1.6° 1.6° 1.6° 1.6° 1.6° 1	8.5 2.5 230.1 7.2; 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4 7.6	9.3 12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	9.7 12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	9.8 12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	11.5 32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	8.8 28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1	11 31 344 27 5 15 7 29
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  Indiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	2.4 224.2 7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 5.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1 4.5	2.5 230.0 7.2 2.7! 3.6! 1.4 7.3 6.5 4.4 7.6	2.5 230.1 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4 7.6	12.1 667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	12.4 678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	12.6 680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	32.0 345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	28.7 340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1	31 344 27 5 15 7 29
Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  Indiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	224.2 7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 5.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1 4.5	230.0 7.2 2.7! 3.6  1.4  7.3  6.5: 4.4- 7.6.	230.1 7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4 7.6	667.2 26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	678.0 26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	680.4 26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	345.9 26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	340.8 26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9 29.1	344 27 5 15 7 29
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Decatur Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield Idiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	7.0 2.7 3.5 1.4 5.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1 4.5	7.2 2.7! 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5: 4.4 7.6	7.2 2.7 3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4 7.6	26.4 9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	26.9 9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	26.9 9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	26.6 5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	26.8 5.5 14.9 6.9, 29.1	27 15 29
Decatur Joliet  Kankakee  Lake County  Peoria  Rockford  Springfield  Idiana  Anderson  Elkhart-Goshen  Evansville  Fort Wayne  Gary-Hammond Indianapolis  Lafayette	2.7 3.5 1.4 5.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1	2.7! 3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5: 4.4 7.6	2.7 3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4 7.6	9.1 16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	9.1 16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	9.0 16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	5.5 15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	5.5 14.9 6.9, 29.1 15.9	1: 2:
Joliet Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  Idiana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	3.5 1.4 5.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1 4.5	3.6 1.4 7.3 6.5 4.4 7.6	3.6 1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4 7.6	16.8 7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	16.7 7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	16.8 7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	15.7 7.2 30.1 15.4	14.9 6.9, 29.1 15.9	1
Kankakee Lake County Peoria Rockford Springfield  diana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	1.4 5.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1 4.5	1.4 7.3 6.5 4.4 7.6 103.6 1.6	1.4 7.0 6.4 4.4 7.6	7.1 30.8 27.5 20.1	7.1 37.2 28.9 20.8	7.2 36.7 29.2 21.0	7.2 30.1 15.4	6.9 29.1 15.9	2
Lake County	5.4 6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1 4.5	7.3 6.5 4.4 7.6 103.6 1.6	7.0 6.4 4.4 7.6	30.8 27.5 20.1	37.2 28.9 20.8	36.7 29.2 21.0	30.1 15.4	29.1 15.9	2
Peoria Rockford Springfield  diana Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	6.3 4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1 4.5	6.5 4.4 7.6 103.6 1.6	6.4 4.4 7.6	27.5 20.1	28.9 20.8	29.2 21.0	15.4	15.9	
Rockford	4.3 7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1 4.5	4.4 7.6 103.6 1.6	4.4 7.6 103.7	20.1	20.8	21.0			
Springfield	7.6 101.2 1.5 2.1 4.5	7.6 103.6 1.6	7.6					,	1
Anderson Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	1.5 2.1 4.5	1.6		1			29.5	30.2	3
Elkhart-Goshen Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	2.1 4.5			371.4 <sup>1</sup>	388.9	394.2	336.6	334.8	33
Evansville Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette	4.5	2.0	1.6	8.5	8.6	8.6	5.6	5.6	
Fort Wayne Gary-Hammond Indianapolis Lafayette			2.2	10.7	11.4	11.4	5.1	5.1	
Gary-Hammondndianapolisafayette	10.4	4.6	4.6	25.5	26.7	26.7	11.0	11.5	1
ndianapolis	10.4	10.7	10.7	29.7	31.1	31.2	16.7	16.6	1
_afayette	8.3;	7.6	7.5	39.5	40.1	41.1	30.0	29.0	2
	38.9	39.4	39.6	105.8	111.9	113.1	83.9	83.5	8
Muncie	2.5	2.7	2.7	9.7	10.1	10.1	20.5	19.6	2
	1.5	1.5 <sub>1</sub>	1.5	8.6	8.8	8.9	11.1	10.9	1
South Bend-Mishawaka		4.9	4.9	25.8 <sup>1</sup>	26.6	26.6	10.6	10.8	1
Terre Haute	1.7	1.7	1.7	9.6	10.0	10.1	10.3	10.0	1
Owa	60.4 4.5	62.0 <sup>1</sup> 4.6	62.0 <sup>1</sup> 4.6	223.7 16.3	222.7 16.2	224.2 16.4	208.4 9.9	207.4 10.3	21 1
Des Moines	23.1	23.7	23.6	43.9	44.4	44.7	28.9	29.0	2
	1,3	1.4		11.0	11.2	11.2	3.7	3.6	
Dubuque			1.4	6.4	6.6	6.8	24.4	24.5	2
owa City	1.2	1.3	1.3						
Sioux City Waterloo-Cedar Falls		2.6 <sub>1</sub> 3.1	2.6 3.1	11.6 13.2	11.8 12.8	11.9 12.7	6.2 12.1	6.3 11.2	1
ansas	50.3	51.6	51.8	179.4	184.9	186.4	190.1	187.6	19
_awrence	.9	.9	.9	4.3	4.6	4.6	10.5	10.7	1
FopekaVichita	5.7 9.8	5.8 9.9	5.7 10.0	17.4 40.6	18.0 40.2	18.1 40.5	20.2	19.8	2
							24.7	24.8	2
entucky	53.7	56.2	56.1	227.6	231.2	233.6	224.4	224.5	22
Lexington-Fayette	7.7	8.0	8.0	33.3	35.5	35.9	33.8	33.1	3
Louisville	25.1 1.1	25.4 1.2'	25.6 1.2	84.3 6.3	86.2 6.7	86.9 6.6	56.1 4.8	55.9 4.8	5
puisiana	82.4	83.1 <sup>1</sup>	83.3	306.7	311.2	312.3	321.0	322.6	32
Alexandria	2.4	2.5	2.5	9.6:	9.8	9.9	12.8	12.9	1
Baton Rouge	12.5	13.3	13.3	38.5	39.5	40.2	53.8	54.9	5
Houma-Thibodaux	2.4	2.4	2.4	9.1	9.1	9.0	10.6	10.8	1
_afayette	4.2	4.1	4.1:	19.0	19.4	19.4	13.2	12.5	i
ake Charles	2.9	2.7	2.6	11.3	10.7	10.6	10.8	11.0	1
Monroe	3.9	4.1	4.1	10.5	10.4	10.6	11.0	8.3	
New Orleans		31.9	31.9	128.1	129.0	129.3	88.4	86.4	8
Shreveport	7.7	7.8	7.8	28.5	30.0	29.9	25.2	25.4	2
aine	18.8	20.3	20.3	84.9	88.0	89.3	86.0	83.6	8
_ewiston-Auburn	1.7	1.8	1.9	8.7	8.8	8.9	3.5	3.5	Ŭ
Portland	8.6	9.1	9.1	21.8	22.9	22.9	13.9	13.6	1

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total	; [		Mining		Co	onstruction	n
State and area	Feb.	Jan.   1985	Feb.	Feb.	Jan. 1985	Feb.	Feb.	Jan. 1985 !	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Maryland	1,736.0	1,816.7	1,818.9	↓	1.6	i 1.7j	97.9	 119.4	114.7
Baltimore MSA		966.6	968.0	.1!	.1	.1	45.6	52.2 <sub>i</sub>	50.
Baltimore City		428.9	432.5	(')	(')	(')	14.1	16.7	15.9
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	598.1	627.2	627.9 <sup>)</sup>	.4	.4	.4	43.1	47.7	45.9
Aassachusetts	2,755.1	2,875.1	2,889.2	.9	1.0	.9	77.9	91.1	87.0
Boston	1,565.9	1,664.0	1,668.3	.4	.5	.4	42.6	49.4	47.6
Brockton	63.0 i	66.4	66.1	(')	(¹) i	(')	2.1	2.5	2.
Fall River	:	54.0	53.9	(')	()	()	1.2	1.4	1.
Fitchburg-Leominster	37.4	37.7	38.1	()	(1)	(1)	1.2	1.3,	1.3
Lawrence-Haverhill		150.1	150.3	() !	<u>()</u> '	()	11.0	6.5	6.
Lowell	94.3	101.5	101.6	( <u>'</u> )	( <u>)</u>	() i	2.9	3.5	3.4
New Bedford		66.2	66.2	()	( <u>)</u>	(1)	1.5	1.71	1.5
Pittsfield	37.0	39.2	39.0	(')	(') i	(')	.9	1.3	1.
Springfield	216.0	225.0 177.3	225.21	.1}	.11	.1	4.8	5.7	5.4
Worcester	170.4	177.3	178.5	.1	۱۱.	.1;	4.8	6.0	5.1
lichigan	3,285.5	3,349.4	3,350.5	8.7	8.7		73.1	75.8	72.
Ann Arbor		146.3	148.5	.1:	(1)	(')	3.5	2.7	2.
Battle Creek		52.9		(') !	(')	(') '	1.0	1.1	1.
Benton Harbor		56.6	57.1	.1	(')	(')	1.0	1.0	1.
Detroit	1,624.1	1,680.7 <sub>1</sub>		.7	.6	.6	35.2	42.2	40.
Flint		169.2	164.3	(') !	(¹) i	()	3.2	3.8	3.
Grand Rapids	274.8	277.2	279.8	.4	(1)	() (	8.1:	8.5	8.
Jackson	46.15	46.7	46.5	.3	(')	(') (')	.8	.8:	
Kalamazoo	93.4	94.1.	94.3	.1	(¹) :	· · · · ·	2.3	2.5	2.4
Lansing-East Lansing	183.2	186.6	187.6	.5.	(')	(1)	2.9	3.4	3.3
Muskegon	51.7 139.2	53.6 143.7 <sup>!</sup>	53.5 143.3	.1 .2	(') i	() ; ()	1.2 5.5	1.4 4.4'	1.4 4.3
Almanata	1 746 0	1 000 4	4 000 5	0.0	5.4	7.0	40.0	60.1	50.
Minnesota  Duluth	1,746.3 83.8	1,828.4° 80.7,	1,833.5 81.7	8.8 5.8	2.6	7.0° 4.2	49.8 1.8	60.1: 2.1	58.9 1.8
Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,126.1	1,186.3	1,189.2	(')	(')	(')	33.3	41.4	40.
Rochester	52.6	54.9	54.1	(i)	(¹)	- ( <del>'</del> ) :	1.3	1.5	1.0
St. Cloud	57.5	60.0		Ö	· 65	- ĕ ,	2.0	2.4	2.3
Aississippi Jackson	806.0 156.9	831.9 164.3	834.9 163.8	9.1 <sup>-</sup> 1.7	9.3 <sup>§</sup> 1.8	9.0 1.7	34.2 7.2	35.7 <sup>1</sup> 8.2	37. <sup>-</sup> 7.9
					,				
Missouri	1,967.9	1,998.9	1,996.6	6.3	5.9	5.7	73.2	72.0	69.
Kansas City	648.3	663.4	661.8	.6	.7	.6	23.3	25.7	24.
St. Joseph	35.1	34.8	34.9	(')	(')	(')	1.0	1.4	1.0
St. Louis	1,009.9' 92.9	1,035.8 93.7	1,034.5 94.4	3.3˚ .1	3.6 <sup>1</sup> .1	3.4˚	42.0 2.9	44.2 3.0	42.4 3.2
Montana	270.1	278.8	278.7	7.1	7.3	7,2	9.6	11.0	11.3
		270.0		7.1	7.5	7.2	9.0	11.0	11.
Nebraska	606.3	630.2	631.2	1.5	1.5	1.5	19.2	20.5	19.8
Lincoln	97.1	99.5	100.1.	(,) ,	(')	(')	2.9	3.4	3.
Omaha	269.5	277.1	276.8	.3	.3	.3	8.5	9.6	9.
Nevada	408.7	434.6	437.1	6.1	6.9	6.8	19.6	22.6	23.
Las Vegas	231.3	246.5	247.2	.3	.4	.4	12.5	14.1	14.4
Reno	113.1	118.9	120.2	.6	.7	.7	4.4	5.4	5.0
New Hampshire	420.4	451.4	449.5	.3;	.3	i .3	23.9	25.0	25.0
Manchester	73.0	77.4	76.8	(')	(')	(')	3.1	3.9	3.
Nashua	75.4	82.1	82.0	.1	.1	.1	2.6	3.1	3.
New Jersey	3,207.1	3,346.3	3,337.1	1.9	2.0	2.0	108.8	134.2	131.
Atlantic City	127.9	143.2	143.7	(')	(')	(')	6.5	6.9	6.
Bergen-Passaic	610.7	630.8	629.9	(1)	.1	.1	19.4	22.6	21.
Camden	367.1	378.7	377.2	.1	.1	.1	12.9	15.1	14.
Hackensack	409.1	(')	(')	(')	(1)	(')	13.0	(')	(')
Jersey City		223.2	222.5	(¹)	(1)	(¹)	4.6	5.3	5.
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		460.2	459.0	(')	.6	.6	15.2	19.3	18.
Monmouth-Ocean		281.3	278.9	(')	(1)	(')	11.7	16.3	15.
Newark		929.8	927.2	.6	7	.6	26.6	32.8	31.
Trenton	169.8	171.2	171.5	(')	(')	(1)	3.0	3.9	3.
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	51.1	50.0	49.7	(1)	.3	.3	1.3	1.9	' <b>1</b> .

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

0.1	Ма	ınufacturin	g .		sportation Iblic utilitie		Wholesale and retail trade			
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985	
laryland	216.8	214.9	212.8	85.8	91.5	91.4	424.3	455.0	452	
Baltimore MSA	143.5	139.5	138.4	56.9	57.7	57.5	222.8;	232.3	232	
Baltimore City	55.6	54.1	54.2	33.2	33.1	33.2	90.6	89.6	91	
Suburban Maryland-D.C.	33.2	32.8	32.6	16.8	19.4	19.3	157.5	170.9	168	
lassachusetts	661.6	688.5	687.2	119.4	123.2	123.9	621.7	667.5	663	
Boston		335.4	337.2	73.0	77.4	77.9	347.1	374.1	370	
Brockton	12.5	12.8	12.7	4.1	4.3	4.2	17.6		19	
	19.8		,	i	1.7		I	19.3	12	
Fall River	14.0	20.0	20.3	1.7 1.6	1.5	1.7	11.5 8.4	12.4	',	
Fitchburg-Leominster	51.4	13.4 56.7	13.5 57.1	5.4	6.0 <sub>1</sub>	1.4 6.0	28.4	9.0	2	
	39.0	1		3.4	3.2			30.3		
Lowell		43.1	43.2			3.2	18.7	20.2	2	
New Bedford	24.8	24.9	25.1	2.3	2.3	2.3	13.5	14.5	1	
Pittsfield	11.5	12.3	12.3	.9:	.9	.9	8.9	9.6	_	
Springfield Worcester	55.4 46.2	56.3 49.4	56.0° 49.3	8.4 7.2	8.7 7.3	8.8 7.4	48.0 38.8	52.3 41.6	5 4	
***************************************		70.1	40.0		7.0		00.01	71.0	7	
ichigan	933.1	961.2	957.4	138.8	135.7	136.1	713.2	749.7	73	
Ann Arbor	36.3	38.9	38.6	3.4	3.4	3.6	21.5	22.0	2	
Battle Creek	14.3	14.7	14.0	1.8	1.9	1.9	8.9	9.4		
Benton Harbor	19.4	19.8	19.7	2.4	2.5	2.5	10.6	11.1	_ 1	
Detroit	449.0	462.9	464.0	74.9	72.9	72.7	373.7	398.4	39	
flint	64.2	67.0	61.8	4.8 <sub>j</sub>	4.3	4.3	37.3	39.6	3	
Grand Rapids	92.6	96.0	96.2	10.7	10.9	10.9	66.3	67.4	$\epsilon$	
lackson	11.7 <sub>1</sub>	12.5	12.5	4.8	4.3	4.4	9.6	9.9		
(alamazoo	28.1	28.3	28.4	2.9	2.9	2.91	19.6	20.5	2	
ansing-East Lansing	38.2	39.0	39.5	5.3	5.2	5.4	33.1	35.2	3	
Nuskegon	18.1	19.6	19.5	2.8	2.8	2.8	10.3	10.7	1	
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	45.5	46.6	46.2	7.1	7.0	7.0	29.5	32.2	3	
nnesota	357.5	372.4	374.5	94.7	95.9	96.3	429.4	465.0	45	
Ouluth	6.4	6.5	6.3	5.9	5.5	5.6	20.6	21.0	2	
Minneapolis-St. Paul	247.9	259.1	260.6	64.3	67.1	67.6	272.7	296.9	29	
Rochester	10.5	10.9	10.9	1.8	1.9	1.9	10.6	12.3	1	
St. Cloud	10.5	10.2	10.4	3.7	3.8	3.8	16.2	17.9	1	
ssissippi	214.6	219.1	219.6	38.0	39.2	39.4	166.9	179.1	17	
lackson	19.1	20.1	20.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	38.0	41.5	4	
ssouri	424.1	432.9	429.1	132.2	133.6	133.6	462.6	475.3	47	
(ansas City	114.9	119.5	119.6	50.5	51.4	51.6	166.0	170.0	16	
St. Joseph	8.9	8.0	8.2	2.1	1.8	1.9	8.2	8.4	•	
St. Louis	223.1	227.5	225.7	72.5	73.6	73.2	232.9	247.0	24	
Springfield		19.3	19.3	6.0	6.0	6.0 <sub>1</sub>	25.2	25.8	- 2	
ontana	21.4	21.7	21.4	20,1	19.8	19.7	72.2	76.9	7	
		į			Ţ	-				
braska	86.1,	88.6	88.5	42.2	42.3	42.0	154.9	160.4	15	
incoln		12.7	12.8	6.3	6.2	6.2	21.2	21.2	4	
mana	36.2	35.8	35.7	22.6	22.7	22.6	68.2	70.4	(	
vada	20.1	21.2	21.2	24.2	25.0	25.1	81.5	88.4	8	
as Vegas	7.2	7.5	7.5	13.7	13.9	14.0	47.2	50.8	5	
Reno	7.9	8.3	8.2	7.8	8.0	8.0	24.7	26.3	2	
w Hampshire	119.9	125.9	124.3;	14.8	14.9	14.8	95.2	109.1	10	
Aanchester	15.2	15.6	15.6	4.8	4.6	4.7	18.9	20.4	2	
lashua		37.8	37.5	2.1	2.3	2.3	14.9	16.6	1	
w Jersey	717.0	723.2	722.3	211.2	215.5	215.8	747.0	799.4	78	
tlantic City	8.2	8.2	8.4	5.7	5.9	5.9	25.5	33.1	3	
ergen-Passaic	167.0	170.4	170.6	29.8	30.2	30.3	173.0	180.9	17	
camden	72.1	74.9	75.7	16.6	16.5	16.5	97.2	101.6	9	
lackensack										
ersev Citv	57.1	(') 55.6	(') 55.3	21.4 26.4	(')	(')	125.8	(')	(,)	
	113.7				28.2	28.5	48.9	51.5		
Aiddlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		113.6	113.3	33.3	34.1	34.3	104.8	111.9	11	
Monmouth-Ocean	31.1	33.4	33.2	12.9:	12.9	12.9	70.1	76.3	7	
Vewark	202.3	205.4	205.5	76.4	80.0	80.2	182.0	193.2	19	
renton	33.0	33.0	32.7	5.4	5.5	5.7	26.6	28.4	2	
/ineland-Millville-Bridgeton	15.8	13.7	13.7	1.9 <sup>1</sup>	2.0	2.0	9.4	10.0		

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		ce, insura I real esta			Services			overnment	t
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985 j	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. :	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
laryland	100.2	106.4	106.5	423.8	447.9	453.4	385.7	380.0	386.
Baltimore MSA		63.2	63.1	223.9	226.8	228.7	200.2	194.8	197.
Baltimore City		41.2	41.3	117.1	115.0	116.9	81.9	79.2	79.
Suburban Maryland-D.C.		34.5	34.5	165.1	171.7	173.9	149.3	149.8	152.
lane and the state of the state	470.0	400.0	100.0	707.0	7500	770.5	070.4	200.4	
Boston Boston		180.8 124.5	183.2 125.0	727.2 477.6	756.9 510.3 <sup>1</sup>	773.5 <sub>i</sub> 516.0	373.1 189.8	366.1 192.4	370. 194.
Brockton		2.5	2.5	12.2	13.0		11.9	12.0	
						13.0			12.
Fall River	2.7	2.7 <sub>j</sub>	2.7	9.3	9.4	9.3	6.8	6.4	6.
Fitchburg-Leominster		1.4	1.4	6.5	6.7	6.7	4.5	4.4	4.
Lawrence-Haverhill		5.5	5.4	25.9	27.5!	28.0	18.4	17.6	17.
Lowell	2.8	3.2	3.2	15.1	16.0	15.9	12.5	12.3	12
New Bedford		2.4	2.4	10.4	10.8	10.8	9.6	9.6	9.
Pittsfield	2.0:	2.1	2.1	8.2	8.31	8.3	4.5	4.7	4.
Springfield	13.5	14.1	14.1	49.3	50.7	51.7	36.5	37.1	37.
Worcester	10.4!	11.3	11.1	40.3	40.1	41.5	22.6	21.7	22
lichigan	150.7	154.2	154.6	687.5 <sup>i</sup>	697.0	701.9 <sup>1</sup>	580.4	567.0	581.
Ann Arbor	4.0	4.1	4.1	26.9	28.9	29.0	47.7	46.1	48
Battle Creek	_	3.6,	3.6	10.6	11.0	10.9	11.4	11.2	11
Benton Harbor		2.1	2.1	12.5	12.3	12.7	8.1	7.7	8
Detroit									
		90.3	90.9	377.1	387.7	389.4	226.4	225.6	229
Flint		5.8	5.8	27.4	26.8	27.1	22.8	21.9	22
Grand Rapids		11.1	11.1	56.8	55.4	57.3	28.8	27.7	28
Jackson	1.6	1.6	1.6	9.1	9.2	9.0	8.2	8.3	8.
Kalamazoo	3.7	3.7	3.8	20.7	20.7	20.5	16.1	15.5	16.
Lansing-East Lansing	9.5	9.7	9.7	30.3	31.5	31.8	63.4	62.2	63.
Muskegon	1.3	1.4	1.4	9.8	9.91	10.0	8.0	7.8	7.
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	5.4	5.5	5.6	27.0	28.4	28.6	19.0	19.5	19.
linnesota	103,7	107.5	107.6	402.9	42E 2	427.0	200.4	206.7	202
Duluth	2.9	107.5 3.0	107.6 3.0	21.1	425.3 21.0	427.8 21.2	299.4, 19.3	296.71 19.0	303. 19.
Minneapolis-St. Paul	78.5		80.8						
_ •		80.8		270.2	285.4	287.7	158.5	155.5	159.
Rochester	1.5 2.0	1.5, 2.1	1.5; 2.0	21.6 11.2	21.8 11.7	21.8, 11.7	5.1° 11.8	5.0 11.8	5. 12.
			1						
lississippi Jackson		34.4 12.5	34.4' 12.6	124.6 <sub>[</sub> 32.6	126.21 33.2	127.3 33.4	185.2° 36.4	188.8 36.9	189. 36.
								••••	
lissouri	111.9	113.3	113.4	422.4	428.6	431.2	335.1	337.3	343.
Kansas City	48.0	49.7	49.6	142.4	144.6	145.0	102.6	101.7	102.
St. Joseph	1.9	2.1	2.1.	7.3	7.3	7.2	5.7	5.8	5.
St. Louis	60.3	62.5	62.6	239.0	242.0	243.8	136.8	135.4	138.
Springfield	4.2	4.4	4.4	22.6	22.9	22.8	12.7	12.3	13.
lontana	13.1	13.4	13.3	57.7	59.8	60.4	68.9	68.8	69.
oheade	42.2	43.8	44.1	120.7	1077	1000	120 E	105.0	107
ebraska	42.2		44.1	130.7	137.7	138.8	129.5	135.3	137
Lincoln Omaha	7.1 24.7	7.4 25.7	7.4 25.8	19.3 67.2	20.1 69.6	20.2 70.1	28.2 41.9	28.6 43.0	29 43
		20.,	20.0	07.2	00.0	10.1	,,,,	40.0	40
evada	19.1	20.8	20.9	178.7	190.7	191.7	59.4	59.0	60
Las Vegas	11.1	12.1	12.2	111.2	119.2	119.3	28.1	28.5	29
Reno	6.3	6.7	6.7	44.4	47.1	47.7	17.0	16.4	17.
ew Hampshire	22.5	24.7	24.7	85.9	92.2	92.6	57.9	59.3	59
Manchester	6.3	6.7	6.7	17.3	18.5	18.5	7.4	7.6	7
Nashua		2.7	2.7	12.5	13.8	14.0	5.6	5.7	5.
our lorsou	176 7	106.0	100 1	740.01	754.5°	7540	E05.0	E04.0	<b>50</b> -
ew Jersey	176.7 6.1	186.2 6.7	186.1 6.7	718.9		754.8	525.6	531.3	535
Atlantic City				52.2	57.7	57.8	23.7	24.6	24
Bergen-Passaic		31.8	32.0	124.1	127.5	128.0	67.5	67.3	68
Camden		19.3	19.5	80.7	82.1	81.6	69.0	69.1	69
Hackensack		(')	(¹)	84.1	(')	(1)	43.5	(1)	(¹)
Jersey City		8.1	8.1	36.5	34.8	34.7	39.2	39.7	39
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon	24.4	25.5	25.0	82.6	87.1	87.8	69.6	68.1	68
Monmouth-Ocean	12.8	13.2	13.2	64.7	70.8	71.0	56.7	58.3	58
Newark		68.2	68.2	215.2	219.1	219.2	133.2	130.4	130
INCWAIR									
Trenton	8.2	8.2	8.0	45.1	44.7	45.0	48.4	47.5	48

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total	ĺ		Mining	;	Co	onstructio	n
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb.	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
			t	<del>_</del>		·	i		
New Mexico	489.1	504.6	506.5	21.5	21.1	20.5	33.3	34.2	
Albuquerque	202.5	211.9	212.3	.2!	.2	.2!	14.2	15.1	
Las Cruces	34.8	36.4	36.5	()	()	(')	2.2	2.5	2.5
New York	7,377.8	7,522.2	7,546.0	5.9	6.3	6.1	214.6	236.0	230.0
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	361.9	369.7	371.8	.2	.2	.2	10.3	11.9	11.4
Binghamton	111.7	116.2 <sup>!</sup>	116.8	(')	(1)	(') <sup>!</sup>	3.4	4.2	4.
Buffalo	392.0	400.4	401.3	.5	.6	.6	9.7	11.2	10.
Elmira	33.8	34.5	34.2	(¹) j	(1)	(')	.7	1.0	
Glens Falls	39.0	39.7 <sup>t</sup>	39.6	(¹) .	(¹) ; (¹) ;	(')	1.0	1.1	1.
Monroe County	346.1	353.6	353.8	.2	.2	.2	8.1	9.7	9.
Nassau-Suffolk	990.5	1,030.0	1,028.9	.2	2	.2	38.01	42.1	40.
New York PMSA	3,854.7	3,913.4	3,922.0	1.6	1.6 <sup> </sup>	1.6	108.2	114.0	112.
New York City <sup>2</sup>	3,384.1	3,431.4	3,440.8	1.4	1.3;	1.3	87.9	91.4	90.5
Niagara Falls <sup>2</sup>	73.8	74.5	75.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.2	2.2	2.
Orange County	84.0	87.0	87.9	(¹)	(¹) j	(')	2.2	2.7	2.
Poughkeepsie	106.7	110.3	110.8	(1)	(¹) ¹	(1)	3.8;	4.6	4.5
Rochester	423.2	434.5	435.1	.6	.8	.8!	10.0	12.4	11.6
Rockland County	87.2	91.8	91.7	(')	(¹) ;	(¹)	2.7	3.5	3.4
Syracuse	270.8	276.8 <sup>1</sup>	278.0	.3,	.3;		13.2	14.3	13.7
Utica-Rome	112.3	114.4	114.8	.1	1	.1	2.0	2.6	2.4
Westchester County	369.8	375.8 <sup>!</sup>	375.1	.1,	.1	.1	16.9	18.3	17.5
	- 1	į	İ	!	į.	i		!	!
North Carolina	2,502.0	2,585.6	2,586.2	4.3	4.6	4.6	117.9	138.7	136.6
Asheville	69.7°	71.7	71.5	.1	.1 :	.1	2.8	3.01	
Charlotte-Gastonia Rock-Hill	487.3	488.6	488.3	.3,	.3	.3,	23.6	25.2 <sub>1</sub>	
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	416.0	424.6	424.8	.31	.3	.3'	18.1	19.5	19.0
Raleigh-Durham	316.9	335.1	335.7	.3	.3	.2.	17.8	21.7	21.4
North Dakota	245.8	249.4	249.4	7.0	7.4	7.4	11.7	11.2	10.8
Bismarck	34.6	35.5	35.3	.2	.2	.2	1.4	1.3	1.2
Fargo-Moorhead	63.9	66.0	66.2	(')	()	(')	2.2	2.61	
Grand Forks	26.6	27.1!	27.6	(¹)	(')	(')	.9	1.0	.9
									'
Ohio	4,126.2	4,241.1	4,243.4	26.7	27.0	26.5	116.2	126.7	121.7
Akron	244.8	250.1	251.5	(')	(')	(') :	5.6	7.4	
Canton	144.2.	148.0	147.5	()	(1)	(')	3.8	4.6	4.0
Cincinnati	578.6	602.01	601.6	(')	(1)	(')	18.4	19.1	18.6
Cleveland	829.4	839.7	840.1	(')	<u>(</u> ) ,	(')	23.2	24.3	
Columbus	558.3	578.0,	581.5	( <u>)</u> (	( <u>)</u>	<u>(')</u>	16.0	18.0	17.5
Dayton-Springfield	381.7	396.4	396.1	(')	(¹)	(')	9.6	12.0	
Toledo	250.7	256.6	255.9	()	<u>(</u> ) .	(')	6.5	6.8	6.0
Youngstown-Warren	178.4	180.1	180.0	(')	(')	(')	4.2	5.0	4.7
Oklahoma	1,171.5	1,177.2	1,174.4	74.7	75.6	73.7	51.0	45.3	43.7
Enid	26.1	25.6	25.5	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.3	1.1	1,1
Lawton	32.3	33.1	33.3	.3	.3	.3	1.2	1.0	1.0
Oklahoma City	430.5	437.1	437.8	20.6	20.5	20.2	19.2	17.9	
Tulsa	294.9	298.3	297.7	21.5	21.3	21.2	14.5	14.0	13.9
Oregon	985.8	1,003.1	1,003.9	1.3	1.2;	1.3	25.4	28.2	27.7
Eugene-Springfield	93.7	95.0	95.3	.2	.2	.2	2.2	2.7	2.6
Portland	493.6	510.3	511.0	.5	. 5	5	13.9	16.2	16.0
Salem	80.7	83.1	83.8	.1:	(1)	(')	2.1	2.6	2.6
Pennsylvania	4,524.9	4.625.1	4.624.2	37.3	38.7	38.3	144.3	163.4	155 (
Allentown-Bethlehem	4,524.9 254.1	260.6	260.5	.3	.2	.2	7.2	8.1	155.8 7.6
Altoona	45.8	47.2	46.8	.s .1	(')	(')	1.3	1.6	1.4
Beaver County	55.5	54.1	54.3	(b)	Ö	(')	2.9	2.6	2.6
Delaware Valley	1,573.7	1,600.5	1.606.6	.8	1.0	9	54.0	59.8	
Erie	1,573.7	1,600.5	108.2	.0	.2	.2	2.3	2.5	56.3
Harrisburg Lebanon-Carlisle	259.6	267.7	266.6	.1	.2	ے. 1.	2.3 7.4	9.0	2.4
	72.6	75.3	75.0	5.8	5.4.	5.6			8.0
Johnstown Lancaster							1.8	2.4	2.3
	154.7 1,937.1	159.0 1,979.1	159.9 1.983.8	.3 .9	.3 1.1	.3	6.0	7.4 74.9	7.2
Dhiladolphia DMSA			1 30.10			1.0	66.9	/4.4	70.9
Philadelphia PMSA									
Philadelphia PMSA Philadelphia City Pittsburgh	743.8 818.4	745.5 821.2	751.6 816.7	(¹) 7.0	(¹) 7.1	(¹) 7.2	15.0 31.4	16.3 33.0	15.4 32.1

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

State and area  ew Mexico Albuquerque Las Cruces  ew York Albany-Schenectady-Troy Binghamton Buffalo Elmira Glens Falls Monroe County Nassau-Suffolk New York PMSA	18.4 3.4 1,314.4 55.2 39.8 77.9 8.0	Jan. 1985 36.5 19.2 3.5 1,316.3 54.2 40.8	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup> 36.7 19.2 3.5	Feb. 1984 29.9 12.2	Jan. 1985 30.0	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Albuquerque Las Cruces  ew York  Albany-Schenectady-Troy  Binghamton  Buffalo  Elmira  Glens Falls  Monroe County  Nassau-Suffolk	18.4 3.4 1,314.4 55.2 39.8 77.9 8.0	19.2 3.5 1,316.3 54.2 40.8	19.2 3.5 1,320.8	12.2		30.0			
Albuquerque Las Cruces  ew York  Albany-Schenectady-Troy  Binghamton  Buffalo  Elmira  Glens Falls  Monroe County  Nassau-Suffolk	18.4 3.4 1,314.4 55.2 39.8 77.9 8.0	19.2 3.5 1,316.3 54.2 40.8	19.2 3.5 1,320.8	12.2			111.8	119.0	117.6
ew York Albany-Schenectady-Troy Binghamton Buffalo Elmira Glens Falls Monroe County Nassau-Suffolk	1,314.4 55.2 39.8 77.9 8.0	1,316.3 54.2 40.8	1,320.8			12.1		54.2	53.4
Albany-Schenectady-Troy Binghamton Buffalo Elmira Glens Falls Monroe County Nassau-Suffolk	55.2 39.8 77.9 8.0	54.2 40.8	' 1		1.4	1.41	6.7	7.5	7.4
Albany-Schenectady-Troy Binghamton Buffalo Elmira Glens Falls Monroe County Nassau-Suffolk	55.2 39.8 77.9 8.0	54.2 40.8	' 1	415.0 <sup> </sup>	: 412.6	412.4	1,506.5	1,557.5	1,548.7
Binghamton Buffalo Elmira Glens Falls Monroe County Nassau-Suffolk	39.8 77.9 8.0	40.8	54.1	16.4	16.3	16.2	75.4	79.8	79.8
Buffalo Elmira Glens Falls Monroe County Nassau-Suffolk	77.9 8.0		40.6	4.0!	4.1.	4.2	20.3	21.4	21.4
Glens Falls		80.5	79.9	20.9	20.7	20.4	93.8	97.8	97.5
Monroe County Nassau-Suffolk	. 10.1	8.1	7.9	1.4	1.4	1.4.	8.7	9.1	9.0
Nassau-Suffolk		10.0	9.8	1.11		1.2,		8.6	8.6
		127.9:	127.2	10.3	10.3	10.4	66.0	69.2	68.2
New York PMSA	1	179.7	179.7	44.8	45.4	45.4		278.0	275.
New York City <sup>2</sup>		504.3	512.1	261.7	258.8	258.9	724.2	739.9	737.0
Niagara Falls <sup>2</sup>		418.0 25.0	425.6 25.1	237.41 3.3	235.1 3.6	235.2 <sub>i</sub> 3.6	612.8° 15.4°	624.4	621.8
Orange County		15.1	15.3	5.5ı	5.4	5.5	20.1	16.3 <sub>.</sub> 21.6	16.0 21.6
Poughkeepsie		34.6	34.5	3.1	3.3	3.3i		19.0	18.8
Rochester		148.6	147.9	12.9 i	13.0	13.0		87.3	86.0
Rockland County	16.2	15.8	15.9	4.1	4.2	4.2	19.5	21.4	21.2
Syracuse		59.2	58.7	15.3	15.3	15.3	58.7	61.8	61.0
Utica-Rome	27.0	26.9	27.1	4.3	4.3	4.4	22.5 <sup>1</sup>	23.7	23.4
Westchester County	68.2	69.1	69.2	19.7	19.0	19.0	88.5	90.5	90.4
orth Carolina	826.3	819.5	815.8	124.1	128.1	129.0	522.1	561.1	558.6
Asheville		19.6	19.5	3.3	3.4	3.4	15.5	16.7	16.4
Charlotte-Gastonia Rock-Hill		146.9	145.9	41.1.	41.0	41.3	112.2	116.2	115.6
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		152.9	153.0	22.6	22.8	22.9		91.5.	91.0
Raleigh-Durham	54.3	58.2	58.1	15.3	15.9	15.9	63.3	67.0	66.5
orth Dakota	15.2	15.3	15.4	15.9	16.3	16.4	64.6	67.3	66.5
Bismarck		1.9	1.8	2.8 <sup>i</sup>	2.8	2.8	9.3	9.5	9.3
Fargo-Moorhead	4.6	4.8	4.9	3.8	!	3.8	18.5	19.8	19.7
Grand Forks	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	7.4	8.0	8.1
hio	1,103.8	1,126.3	1,121.5	200.3	203.5	204.0	934.2	978.8	972.0
Akron		67.6	67.7	12.9	13.2	13.4 <sup>†</sup>	57.3	59.7	59.3
Canton	44.8	46.3	46.3 <sup>i</sup>	6.2	6.1 <sup>i</sup>	6.1	33.2	34.8	34.6
Cincinnati		144.6	144.2	31.4	31.8	32.1		150.4	149.8
Cleveland		212.7	212.4	41.0	41.3	41.4	194.0	200.2	198.7
Columbus	102.2	105.9	105.7	25.8	26.6	26.9	134.1'	141.4	140.7
Dayton-Springfield Toledo		105.0± 65.1:	104.6 64.5	14.7 <sup>1</sup> 13.9	15.5 <sub>,</sub> 13.9	15.5 <sup>‡</sup> 13.9 <sup>‡</sup>		85.6 63.7	84.8 63.0
Youngstown-Warren		53.8	53.4	7.6	7.6	7.6		43.4	43.1
kiahoma	170.8	172.4	172.2	64.8	63.1:	62.5	282.2	287.2	284.3
Enid		1.9	1.9	2.6	2.6	2.5	7.2	7.4	7.3
Lawton		3.6	3.6	1.3	1.2,	1.2	8.0	8.1	8.0
Oklahoma City		53.1	52.8	22.4	21.5	21.4	108.7	113.5	112.9
Tulsa	49.9	51.7	51.6	20.3	20.4	20.5	70.4,	72.2	71.4
regon	192.2	194.3	192.4	56.0	54.3	54.5	240.5!	253.5	251.4
Eugene-Springfield		18.5.	18.5	4.1	4.0i	4.1	23.5	24.4	24.3
Portland		92.5	92.0	33.7	33.5	33.8	130.7	137.7	136.8
Salem	10.7	10.5	10.6	2.6	2.4	2.4	18.4	19.0	18.8
ennsylvania	1,110.9	1,100.8	1,098.6	: 239.5 <sub>i</sub>	245.5	246.8	988.6	1,040.8	1,021.0
Allentown-Bethlehem		89.3	89.7	13.7	13.7	13.7	51.7	55.4	54.4
Altoona		11.1;	11.1	5.1	5.0	4.9		11.9	11.8
Beaver County		16.0	16.3	5.2	4.9	5.0	10.9	11.7	11.5
Delaware Valley		321.9	321.8	76.9	77.8	78.4		357.0 <sup>1</sup>	352.9
Erie		36.2	36.6	3.4	4.3	4.3	21.5	23.4	23.0
Harrisburg Lebanon-Carlisle		52.7	52.1	17.9	17.5 <sub>1</sub>	17.6	55.0	58.9	58.1
Johnstown		12.2	12.2	4.4	5.0	5.01		16.1	15.7
Lancaster		57.0	57.2	6.7	6.7	6.9	35.6	38.4;	37.8
Philadelphia PMSA	!	396.7:	397.6	93.6 45.4	94.3	94.9	441.2	458.6	452.4
Philadelphia CityPittsburgh		106.0 139.2	106.0 138.5	45.4 48.6	44.9 48.2	45.2 <sup>1</sup> 47.9 <sub>1</sub>	142.5 198.0	145.9 203.5	144.2 200.1

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		ce, insurai d real esta			Services	 	G	overnmen	t
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
New Mexico	24.1	24.9	25.0	102.2	108.2	108.7	131.2	130.7	133.
Albuquerque	12.0	13.0	13.1	51.6	54.2	54.2	43.6	43.9	44.
Las Cruces		1.4	1.4	4.6	4.9	4.9	15.2	15.2	15.4
New York	694.5	! 704.1 <sub>1</sub>	704.2	1,915.3	1,972.4	1,990.9 <sub>1</sub>	1,311.6	1,317.0	1,332.
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		18.4	18.4	83.8	86.4	87.7	102.8	102.5	104.0
Binghamton	3.6	3.6	3.6	20.3	21.6	21.7	20.2	20.3	21.
Buffalo	21.6	22.4	22.4	96.4	97.5	99.3	71,1	69.8	70.
Elmira		1.1	1.1	7.7	7.7 į	7.8	6.2	6.2	6.
Glens Falls	1.9	1.8	1.8	7.8	8.3	8.3	8.5	8.3	8.
Monroe County		17.2	17.2	78.8	80.6	81.6	39.3	38.5	39.
Nassau-Suffolk		61.5	61.5	239.7	250.0	251.0	173.5	173.1	175.
New York PMSA		528.5	528.9	1,115.7		1,153.3	603.5	616.8	617.
New York City <sup>2</sup>		501.2	501.9	991.5	1,021.7	1,025.8	525.2	538.2	538.
Niagara Falls <sup>2</sup>	1.8 3.2	1.9 <sub> </sub> 3.4	1.9; 3.4	14.3	13.9	14.6	12.1	11.5	12.
Orange County Poughkeepsie		3.4 3.4	3.4	17.6 21.5	17.9 <sup>!</sup> 21.6	18.1 22.3	20.9 23.7	20.9 23.6	21. 23.
Rochester		18.9	18.9	91.6	93.7	95.2i	60.7	59.7:	61.
Rockland County		3.5	3.5	21.0	22.2	22.3	20.2	20.9	20.
Syracuse		18.0	18.0	61.3	60.7	63.4	47.5	47.2	47.0
Utica-Rome	6.0	6.0	6.0	22.2	22.4	22.7	28.2	28.3	28.
Westchester County	22.4	23.2	23.0	99.6	101.8	101.3	54.4	53.91	54.6
North Carolina	102.4	106.3	106.3	385.4	403.2	404.1	419.5	424.1	431.
Asheville	2.3	2.6	2.6	13.9;	14.7	14.9	11.3	11.6	11.
Charlotte-Gastonia Rock-Hill		26.4	26.3	79.4	78.8	78.9	55.3	53.8	55.
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point	19.4	19.3	19.3	66.2	67.2	67.7	50.1	51.1	51.0
Raleigh-Durham	,	17.5	17.6	68.9	73.1	73.2	80.3	81.4	82.8
North Dakota	11.9	12.3	12.3	56.6	57.3	57.4 <sup> </sup>	62.9;	62.3	63.2
Bismarck		1.6	1.6	9.7	10.1	10.2	7.7	8.1	8.2
Fargo-Moorhead		4.3	4.3	16.7	17.2	17.1	14.0	13.5	13.9
Grand Forks	1.0	1.1	1.1	5.9	5.8	5.8	8.7	8.4	8.9
Ohio	207.7	213.8	214.6	872.1	907.4	912.1	665.1	657.7 <sub>1</sub>	671.
Akron	9.1	9.3	9.3	51.1	51.4	51.5	42.2	40.8	42.
Canton	6.3	6.4	6.4	30.5	31.0	31.0	18.1 j	17.6 <sub>i</sub>	17.0
Cincinnati	33.0	35.6	35.7	129.6	138.3	138.7	80.8	81.7	82.2
Cleveland		48.4	48.5	196.6	198.6	199.4	115.1	113.0	114.7
Columbus	45.7	47.7	47.7	121.8	127.7	128.5	111.8	109.4	113.
Dayton-Springfield	15.7	16.2	16.2	87.2	90.0	90.9!	72.3	71.8	72.4
Toledo Youngstown-Warren		10.3 7.2	10.3 7.2	56.5 38.7	56.8 <sup>1</sup> 39.3 <sub>1</sub>	56.9 39.6	40.0 23.3	39.7, 23.3	40.8 23.8
•	i		i	!	!		,	20.0	20.0
Oklahoma	1	64.8 1,3	64.7 1.3	218.0	218.7 5.4	219.9	246.6	250.1	253.4
Lawton		1.5	1.5	5.3 <sub> </sub> 5.6	5.6 <sub>1</sub>	5.5 5.7	3.9 11.1	3.7° 11.8	3.8 12.0
Oklahoma City		28.2	28.3	82.2	84.6	85.0:	97.0	97.8	99.7
Tulsa		17.3	17.4	67.9	67.3	67.6	33.5	34.1	
Oregon	64.1	67.2	66.9	198.8	205.3	207.8	198.1	199.1	201.9
Eugene-Springfield		4.4	4.3	190.0	19.5	207.8 19.7	21.7	21.3	201.8
Portland	40.8	41.5	41.6i	110.9	114.3	115.4	73.9	74.1	74.9
Salem	5.1	5.2	5.2	14.9	15.7	16.1	26.9	27.7	28.
Pennsylvania	246.7	257.2	256.3	1,079.6	1,111.7)	1,125.9	678.0	667.0	681.5
Allentown-Bethlehem		10.3	10.3	52.0	55.2	55.9	28.8	28.4	28.7
Altoona		1.5 <sub>i</sub>	1.5	9.1	9.1	9.1	7.0	7.0	6.9
Beaver County	1.8	1.9	1.9	9.9	10.2	10.2	7.3	6.8	6.8
Delaware Valley		118.0	117.8	439.8	446.4	456.7	224.5	218.6	221.8
Erie		5.0	5.1 <sup>1</sup>	23.5	22.9	23.7	12.8	12.0	12.9
Harrisburg Lebanon-Carlisle		15.0	15.1	49.2	51.1	51.0	62.7	63.4	64.6
Johnstown		4.1	4.1	17.1	17.9	17.9;	12.2	12.2	12.2
Lancaster		5.7	5.6 <sub>j</sub>	29.2	29.6	29.9	14.7	13.91	15.0
Philadelphia PMSA		137.3	137.2	516.4	528.5	538.3	293.7	287.7	291.5
Philadelphia City Pittsburgh	. :	66.4 49.7	66.0 <sub>1</sub> 49.3.	229.2 <sub> </sub> 226.8,	227.6! 234.5 <sub>1</sub>	237.0 i 234.0	138.3 106.8	138.41 106.0 <sub>1</sub>	137.8 107.6

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total			Mining		C	onstructio	n
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Feb.   1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Pennsylvania-Continued	i						· ·	! 	
Reading	138.9	143.8	143.4	0.2	(')	(¹) :	3.8	4.9	4.7
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre		266.3	267.8	.8!	1.0	1.0	7.3	7.9	7.2
Sharon	38.5	39.3	38.9	.3	.4	.3	.7į	.8	.7
State College		47.8	49.9	.3	3	.3	1.2	1.6	1.5
Williamsport	43.4	44.4	44.4	.1	(')	(')	.9	1.0	1.0
York	151.1	159.7	158.7	.3	.4	.41	5.9	6.9	6.5
Rhode Island	401.2	411.1	410.2	.1	.1	.1	10.4	11.2	10.9
Pawtucket-Woodsocket-Attleboro	119.2	121.8	120.9 <sub>j</sub>	.1	.1	.1	2.8	3.2	3.1
Providence	281.0	286.2	285.4	.11	.1]	.1	7.8	8.8	8.5
South Carolina	1,224.8	1,293.5	1,298.9	1.7	1.8	1.8:	77.8	81.2	82.5
Charleston		168.6	169.2	()	(')	(')	11.9	12.2	12.2
Columbia	195.5	197.2	198.7	Ö.	Č)	(i)	15.2 <sub>i</sub>	12.2	12.1
Greenville-Spartanburg	272.7	278.8	278.5	Ö	(') į	Ö	17.5	18.1	17.9
South Dakota	236.5	238.8	237.9	2.5	2.5	2.4	6.9	7.2	7.0
Sioux Falls	57.6	59.5	58.9	(¹) ,	(¹)	(1)	1.9		2.3
Tennessee	1,753.0	1,810.9	1,809.3	7.2	7.1	7.1	67.5	71.2	66.2
Chattanooga		176.1	175.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	6.1	7.1.	7.1
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	145.5	149.3	148.1	.1;	.2	.2	4.5	5.9	5.8
Knoxville		226.5	225.4	1.8	1.9	1.9	9.7		8.9
Memphis	362.4	377.1	378.1	.2	.1;	.1	14.4:	16.1	15.9
Nashville	393.0	412.9	414.0	.5	.4	.3 <sub>1</sub>	19.7	21.5	21.4
Texas	6,337.0	6.487.4	6,513.9	266.4	272.7	272.7	424.7	422.9	425.7
Abilene	52.0	53.5	53.7	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.0	2.9	2.9
Amarillo		79.6	79.7	1.9	1.7		4.4	4.6	4.5
Austin	312.6	339.9	345.2	1.0	1.1:	i	22.1		28.5
Beaumont-Port Arthur	141.6	139.7	140.0	2.9	3.0	2.9	9.6	8.7	8.8
Brazoria	58.2	58.8	58.5	2.3	2.3	2.3	6.5	6.9	6.5
Brownsville-Harlingen	63.1	64.9	64.5 j	.1,	.1	.1	3.6	3.5	3.5
Bryan-College Station	47.3	47.9	50.3 <sup>!</sup>	1.4	1.5	1.5	2.9	3.1	3.1
Corpus Christi	130.4	134.0	134.3	7.6 <sup>1</sup>	7.5	7.5	10.5	10.9	11.1
Dallas	1,192.5	1,229.9	1,231.0	23.5	23.4	23.5	74.8	76.2	77.2
El Paso	168.2	171.3	172.3	.4	.4	.4	8.8	8.7	9.0
Ft. Worth-Arlington	453.8 <sup>!</sup>	471.6	472.6	4.5	4.8	4.8	27.5	28.3	28.7
Galveston-Texas City	69.7	72.2	72.7!	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.9	3.8	3.8
Houston	1,442.6	1,468.9	1,473.8	93.6	96.5	96.8	118.0	110.6	109.6
Killeen-Temple	61.7	63.9	63.8	.1 <sub>j</sub>	.1;	.1	3.6	3.5	3.5
Laredo	30.3	32.2	31.9°	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.1	1.1
Longview-Marshall	65.9	66.9	66.7	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.9	4.7	4.7
Lubbock	90.3	92.6	93.2	.5	.6	.6	4.2	4.3	4.6
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	78.8	80.8	81.4	1.6	1.8	1.8	4.4	4.3	4.3
Midland	49.9	54.0	53.6	12.6	12.9	12.7	3.0	2.9	2.9
Odessa	50.6	54.9	54.4	8.4	8.6	8.6	3.4	4.1	3.9
San Angelo	36.8	38.1	38.5	.9!	.9	.9	2.4	2.5	2.5
San Antonio	447.4	463.6	466.0	3.4	3.6	3.6	32.8	34.3	35.1
Sherman-Denison	35.5 42.8	36.6 46.2	37.2 46.1	.3	.3 .1	.3	1.2 1.8	1.2	1.2
Texarkana Tyler	60.2	60.8	61.0	.1 3.6	3.5	3.4	2.9	1.7 2.8	1.6 2.8
Victoria	28.4	29.3	29.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.0 2.7
Waco	74.8	76.4	77.1	.2	.2	.2	3.9		4.1
Wichita Falls	50.8	51.7	51.7	3.3	3.4	3.4	1.9	2.0	2.0
Utah	579.9	610.7	611.4	13.9	11.2	11,3	27.0	33.2	32.6
Provo-Orem	65.7	70.1	70.1	.1	.1	.1	27.3 2.4	3.0	32.0
Salt Lake City-Ogden	400.8	421.4	422.0	5.5	3.4	3.4	17.8	22.2	22.2
Vermont	211.0	217.4	218.7	41	2	•	9.0	'	10.0
Vermont  Burlington	63.6	66.0	66.8	(')	.3·	.3 (¹)	9.0 2.9	10.7 3.3	

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

	Ma	nufacturin	g		sportation Iblic utilitie		Wholesa	ale and reta	ail trade
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Pennsylvania-Continued					1			i	
Reading	52.6j	52.8	52.4	5.8	5.9	5.9	27.8	29.7	29.
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	75.9	74.9	75.1	14.1	14.3	14.3	55.7	58.54	57.
Sharon	10.0	10.4	10.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	8.9	9.6	9.
State College	7.8	8.0	8.0	1.2	1.3	1.3	8.4	9.1	9
Williamsport	14.5	15.1	15.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	9.2	9.6	9
York	58.2	60.0	59.7	6.2	7.2	7.2	34.2	36.9	36
Rhode Island	118.8	119.0	118.5	13.3	13.4	13.4	83.8	88.4	87
Pawtucket-Woodsocket-Attleboro	55.2	55.7	55.2	3.4	3.5	3.5	25.0	25.5	25
Providence	74.6	75.2	74.6	9.9	9.7	9.7	57.5	59.8	59
South Carolina	375.2	378.1	374.7	54.0	55.3	55.4	244.6	268.0	267
Charleston	19.2	20.1	19.9	7.8	8.7	8.8	37.8	41.2	40
Columbia	27.7	28.6	28.7	8.7	9.1	9.1	40.7	41.8	41
Greenville-Spartanburg	100.4	100.9	99.7	9.3	9.8	9.7	57.7	60.0	59
South Dakota	27.4 <sup>!</sup>	27.4	26.5	12.0	12.1	12.1	!  61.6	63.21	62
Sioux Falls	8.5	8.6	7.8	4.4	4.6	4.7	15.9	16.2	
Fennessee	486.9	490.8	490.1	85.2	89.5	91.2	390.8	428.3	426
Chattanooga	43.3	43.5	43.7	7.0	7.2	7.3	37.4	39.6	39
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	52.7 <sup>†</sup>	54.3	54.1	6.6	5.9	5.9	29.6	31.3	29
Knoxville	50.0	50.8	50.7	8.3	8.8	8.8	51.2	53.6	53
Memphis	52.7	51.7	52.2	28.8	31.3	31.3	98.0	104.0	103
Nashville	83.7	86.0	86.2	21.0	23.5	23.5	93.2	100.1	100
Texas	979.8	999.6	999.2	367.3	371.7	371.9	1,579.2	1,617.6	1,607
Abilene	5.3	5.7	5.7	2.9	2.8	2.8	13.6	14.4	14
Amarillo	9.8	9.6	9.7	6.5	6.3	6.3	23.5	24.0	23
Austin	37.7	41.5	41.8	8.6	9.4	9.4	67.9	73.1	73
Beaumont-Port Arthur	31.5	29.3	29.4	11.3	11.9	12.0	32.81	33.61	33
Brazoria	17.2	17.0	16.8	2.6	2.5	2.5	10.5	10.6	10
Brownsville-Harlingen	10.5	10.7	10.0	3.1	3.1	3.2	17.4	18.3	18
Bryan-College Station	3.1	3.3	3.31	1.6	1.6	1.6	10.0	10.6;	10
Corpus Christi	13.1!	14.0	13.9	7.8	7.6	7.5	32.6	34.0	34
Dallas	218.0	222.2	222.1	74.9	75.9	75.7	315.8	327.11	
El Paso	36.3	38.1	38.3	9.9	9.6	9.7	39.3	41.0	40
Ft. Worth-Arlington	105.3	109.6	110.2	23.5	23.8	24.2	124.3	129.0	127
Galveston-Texas City	10.5	10.2	10.5	6.2	6.1	5.9	13.6	13.3	13
Houston	174.5	175.11	174.3	99.0	101.3	101.0	362.2	372.0	370
Killeen-Temple	8.3 1.8	8.5	8.4	2.9 <sub> </sub> 3.3	3.2	3.2	14.6 8.9	15.8	15
	14.9	1.9 15.3	1.7, 15.4	3.4	3.6	3.5		10.0	
Longview-Marshall	9.1.		8.9	4.7	3.3 5.1	3.4 <sub>1</sub> 5.1	16.0	16.6	16 27
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	10.5	8.9		2.7			26.0	27.1	25
Midland	3.5	11.2 3.6	11.4 3.5	2.7	2.6	2.7	24.3 <sup>4</sup> 11.7 <sup>7</sup>	25.0	
Odessa	3.5 <sub>1</sub> 4.9 <sub>1</sub>	4.9	4.8	2.3	2.6 <sup>1</sup> 2.7	2.6 2.7		12.9	12 16
San Angelo	5.4	5.3	5.5	3.8	3.8 <sub>i</sub>	3.8	14.4 8.9	16.2° 9.7	9
San Antonio	50.4	51.5	51.7	18.0	17.9	17.9		122.5	121
Sherman-Denison	11.7	11.6	12.1,	2.1		2.1	114.4 7.4		
Texarkana	6.8	7.7:	7.7	2.0	2.1 1.9	1.9	10.1	8.1 11.8	11
Tyler	12.1	12.7	12.8	3.0	2.8	2.8	15.4:	15.9	11 15
Victoria	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.5	1.5	1.4	7.7		
Waco	15.5	15.2	15.5 <sub>i</sub>	3.3	3.6	3.6	18.4	8.0 19.4	19
Wichita Falls	8.8	9.2	9.1	2.6	2.5	2.5	12.1	12.4	12
Itah	90.6	95.3	95.4	36.3	36.2	36.2	133.9	144.0	142
Provo-Orem	11.8	12.4	12.3	2.1	2.2	2.2	13.2	14.4	14
Salt Lake City-Ogden	61.1	64.2	64.5	28.8	28.2	28.2	98.6	105.8	104
/ermont	48.1	48.3	48.5	9.0	9.4	9.3 <sup>†</sup>	45.1	47.3	47
Burlington	15.9,	16.6	16.6	2.6	2.5i	2.6	13.9	14.9	15
_	4.1	4.1	4.1	.6	.6	.7!	2.3		

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(in thousands)

		ce, insura I real esta			Services	1	G	iovernment	t
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>		Jan. 1985			Jan. 1985	- Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Pennsylvania-Continued		7.0	+	05.7	+		40.5	457	
Reading Scranton-Wilkes-Barre		7.0° 11.3 <sub>1</sub>	7.0 <sub>:</sub> 11.3	25.7 <sup>1</sup> 56.1	27.6, 58.3	27.2 59.3	16.5 <sub>1</sub> 41,6	15.7 40.1	16.4 41.8
Sharon		1.3,	1.3	9.9,	9.7		5.3	5.1	5.2
State College		1.4	1.4	7.0	7.4	7.4	19.8	18.7	20.6
Williamsport		2.2	2.2	8.4	8.7	8.8:	6.2	5.9	5.9
York		4.1	4.2	24.7	26.5	26.5	17.6	17.7	17.8
Rhode Island	22 1	23.6	23.7	94.91	97.5	98.1	57.8	57.9	57.8
Pawtucket-Woodsocket-Attleboro	3.1	3.3	3.31	19.8	20.8	20.8	9.8	9.7	9.
Providence	18.4	18.8	19.1	69.7 <sup>1</sup>	70.8	71.4	43.0	43.0	42.9
South Carolina	51.9,	54.8	55.0	182.0	206.8	209.1	237.6	247.5	252.9
Charleston		7.6	7.7	28.7	30.2	30.3	47.2	48.5	49.
Columbia	15.2	15.8	15.7	32.7	33.9	34.7	55.0	55.5	56.9
Greenville-Spartanburg	10.7	11.4	11.4	41.2	42.7	43.5	35.61	35.61	36.
South Dakota	12.8	13.2	13.3:	55.6	56.4	56.8	57.7	56.8	57.3
Sioux Falls	4.8	5.6	5.6;	15,1	15.2	15.5	7.0	7.0	7.
Tennessee	84.0	85.0	84.1	333.1	346.8	347.3	298.4	292.2	296.6
Chattanooga	9.9	10.3	10.4	31.6	32.7	32.3	32.0	34.7	34.5
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol		4.9	4.9	23.0	23.5	24.0	24.2	23.3	23.3
Knoxville	9.2	9.1	9.1	47.8	48.0	47.8	47.6	45.1	44.9
Memphis	21.0	21.4	21.2	83.7	87.6	87.7	63.6	64.9	65.8
Nashville	27.6	29.1	29.3	86.2	90.4	91.3	61.1	61.9	61.9
Texas	406.8	420.9	422.2	1,231.5	1,270.5	1,283.3	1,081.3	1,111.5	1,131.
Abilene		2.7	2.7	12.4	12.8	12.9	8.0	8.2	8.2
Amarillo		4.4:	4.4	15.0	15.2		13.8	13.8	14.0
Austin		23.5	23.8	66.1	75.4		88.6	88.0	91.6
Beaumont-Port Arthur		5.5	5.6	27.6	27.8	27.8 <sub>i</sub>	20.3	19.9	20.
Brazoria		2.1	2.1,	7.4	7.3		9.6	10.1	10.0
Brownsville-Harlingen		3.2	3.2	11.2	11.8 7.3 <sup>‡</sup>	11.8	14.0	14.2	14.3
Bryan-College Station	1.9 6.4	2.0 6.3	2.0 <sup>±</sup> 6.3	7.2 25.3	26.7		19.2 27.1;	18.5 27.0	20.7 27.2
Dallas		116.1	116.3	247.0	256.5	257.9	128.0	132.5	132.8
El Paso	8.4	8.4	8.5	29.7	29.3	29.6	35.4	35.8	36.
Ft. Worth-Arlington		26.1	26.1	86.3	89.0·		58.1	61.0	61.
Galveston-Texas City	4.7	4.8	4.8	10.8	12.2	12.2	19.0	20.8	21.
Houston	104.8	110.0	110.6	316.2	325.1	330.4	174.3	178.3	180.
Killeen-Temple	2.5	2.7	2.7	11.5	11.7	11.8	18.2	18.4	18.
Laredo	1.4	1.6	1.5	4.9	4.8	5.0	7.4	7.5	7.
Longview-Marshall	2.9	3.0	3.0	10.9	10.9	10.9	8.1	8.5	8.4
Lubbock	5.4	5.7	5.7	19.5	19.7	19.8	20.9	21.2	21.
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	3.4	3.5	3.5	11.7	12.2	12.2	20.2	20.2	20.
Midland	3.4	3.5	3.5	8.0	8.9	9.0	5.4	6.7	6.
Odessa		2.3	2.3	7.6	8.4	8.2	7.0	7.7	7.8
San Angelo	1.7	1.8	1.8	7.1	7.5	7.5	6.6	6.6	6.
San Antonio		34.4	34.7	96.3	99.2	101.0	99.1	100.2	100.6
Sherman-Denison		1.4	1.4	6.7	7.0	7.1	4.8	4.9	4.9
Texarkana	1.7	1.7	1.8	8.0	8.5.	8.5	12.3	12.8	12.8
Tyler		3.4	3.4	12.0	11.9	12.0	7.9	7.8	8.0
Victoria		1.6	1.6	5.2	5.4 17.6	5.4	4.2	4.2	4.2
Waco Wichita Falls		4.9 2.5	5.0 2.5	17.1 9.4	17.6 9.6	18.0 9.6	11.6 10.3	11.5 10.1	11.6 10.2
Utah	28.8	30.6	30.7	117,4	126.8	127.7	131.8	133.4	134.8
Provo-Orem		2.1	2.1	22.2	23.2	23.5	11.9	12.6	12.7
Salt Lake City-Ogden		24.4	24.5	79.0	85.3	86.0	86.8	87.8	88.7
Vermont	9.1	9.6	9.6	52.3	55.3	55.3	38.0	36.5	38.2
Burlington		2.7	2.7	14.3	15.5	15.5	11.3	10.5	11.3
									1.

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

		Total	ļ		Mining	***	Co	onstructio	n
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°
Virginia	2,243.9	2,355.5	2,351.6	17.8	16.5	17.2	114.6	132.7	130.3
Bristol	27.4	28.1	28.7	.1	.1	.11		1.0	.9
Charlottesville		61.4	61.1	.1	.1	$\mathbf{J}_{i}$	2.8	3.1	
Danville	38.8	39.6	39.6	.1	.1	.1	1.3	1.4	1.3
Lynchburg		69.0	68.5	.1	.1	.1	2.3	2.4	2.2
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News		486.0	486.1	.1	.1		26.8	29.9	29.5
Northern Virginia	! i	589.9	586.7	.5	.5	.4i	30.6	37.7	37.0
Richmond-Petersburg	377.2	384.1	383.9	.3	.3	.3,	18.3	21.1	20.7
Roanoke	102.5	108.7	108.1	.1	.1	.1	4.8	5.2	5.2
Washington	1,591.7	1,636.4	1,639.1	2.5	2.5	ا 2.5;	68.4 i	70.3	71.0
Seattle	781.7	815.6	817.7	.4	.4	.4	34.7	36.3	37.1
West Virginia	577.7	583.2	578.6	49.4	43.1	44.3	17.0	19.8	16.7
Charleston	103.7	105.4	104.7	3.6	2.8	2.8	3.4 <sup>1</sup>	3.9	3.3
Huntington-Ashland	95.7	97.8	96.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.6	3.0 <sup>‡</sup>	2.5
Parkersburg-Marietta	54.8	56.4	55.7	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.9	2.2	1.8
Wheeling		57.1	56.6	3.0	2.7	2.7	1.7	1.9	1.5
Wisconsin	1,873.1	1,937.4	1,934.9	1.2	1.1	1.0	48.5	52.9	48.5
Appleton-Oshkosh Neenah	125.0	129.4	129.4	(¹)	(')	(¹) :	4.3	5.0	4.8
Eau Claire	48.4	49.3	50.0	(')	(')	(1)	1.1	1.0	1.0
Green Bay	82.3	85.2	85.2	' (') i	(')	(')	2.7	3.2	3.1
Janesville-Beloit	51.0	52.3	52.1	(')	(')	(5)	1.1.	1.3	1.2
Kenosha	40.7	40.3	35.6 <sup>1</sup>	(')	(1)	(1)	1.0	.8.	.7
La Crosse	45.5	47.5	47.2	Ö	(')	(1)	1.21	1.2	1.1
Madison	174.0	180.0	180.8	(')	Ö	(5)	4.9	5.0	4.5
Milwaukee	640.9	658.8	657.6 <sup>i</sup>	(')	(')	(¹)	15.4	17.7	16.1
Racine	65.0	64.8	64.7	(')	(')	- (i) - i	1.2	1.7	1.5
Sheboygan	42.0	43.5	43.0	(') l	(') i	(') :	1.1	1.4	1.2
Wausau	i	40.8	40.4	_ (i) _ !	Ö	(ť) '	1.0	1.1	.9
Wyoming	194.5	188.6	188.2	27.7 <sup>†</sup>	26.7	26.2	11.0	8.6	8.8
Puerto Rico	658.0	(¹) !	(')	.7	(')	(')	28.3	(')	(')
Caguas		( <sup>1</sup> ) :	(¹) :	(¹) i	(') <sub>1</sub>	(¹) I	(')	(')	(i)
Mayaguez	36.8	(6)	Ö	(ť) <sup>'</sup>	('j	(¹)	(1)	Ċί	Ö
Ponce		(') ı	(') i	.1;	('j) :	Ċ	`´1.8	(†)	Ö
San Juan	336.1	Ö	(')	.3 ື	(')	(j) '	18.6	· (i)	Ö
Virgin Islands	37.0	36.2	36.4	(') i	(')	<b>('</b> )	2.2	1.9	2.0

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

State and area	Ma	ınufacturin	9		sportation blic utilitie		Wholesale and retail trade			
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	
Virginia	413.7	419.3	418.4	123.2	129.8	129.8	487.0	527.6	519.	
Bristol	9.4	9.9	10.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	6.2	6.6	6.	
Charlottesville	10.1	10.1	9.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	10.2	10.6	10.	
Danville		17.4	17.5	9	1.0	1.0	7.2	8.0	7.	
Lynchburg	25.7	25.7	25.3	2.9 <sup>1</sup>	3.1	3.1	12.2	13.0	13.	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News		67.7	67.2 <sup>1</sup>	24.5	24.8	24.9	108.01	117.2	116.	
Northern Virginia		30.4	30.5	37.5	40.5	40.8	123.0	133.6	131.	
Richmond-Petersburg		64.6	64.8	21.2	21.6	21.5	89.5	91.31	90.	
Roanoke	1	20.9	20.6	7.9	8.2	8.2	26.0	28.6	28.	
Washington	276.8	282.5 <sub>i</sub>	283.4	86.9	88.4	88.2	385.7	401.5	398.	
Seattle	147.9	157.0	158.1	52.3	53.5	53.5	193.3	202.7	200.	
West Virginia	90.2	89.1 <sup>1</sup>	88.6	38.7	38.5	38.4	125.5	130.6	128.	
Charleston	i 13.31	13.3	13.2	8.9	8.9	8.9 <sup>!</sup>	26.5	27.6	27.	
Huntington-Ashland	20.5	20.91	20.7 <sup>1</sup>	8.0	7.9	8.0 <sup>1</sup>	24.0	25.1	24.	
Parkersburg-Marietta	14.6,	14.7	14.4	2.1	2.2	2.2	13.0	13.5	13.	
Wheeling	8.2	7.8	7.8 <sub>1</sub>	3.3	3.3	3.2	14.6	14.7	14.	
Wisconsin		510.0	503.0	87.8	88.11	88.3 <sup>i</sup>	425.8 <sup> </sup>	454.8	450.	
Appleton-Oshkosh Neenah		46.2	45.6	4.7	4.7!	4.8	26.2	28.8	28.	
Eau Claire	8.7 <sub>i</sub>	9.0	9.2	2.6	2.6	2.6	13.4	14.2	14.	
Green Bay	21.8	22.3	22.2	5.9	5.9	5.9	22.0	23.3 <sub>i</sub>	23.	
Janesville-Beloit	18.5	18.8	18.5	2.2	2.2	2.21	11.8	12.3	12.	
Kenosha	16.0 <sup>t</sup>	15.3 <sub>1</sub>	10.7	1.4	1.5	1.5	7.7	8.2	8.	
La Crosse	10.2	10.9	10.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	12.1 <sup>†</sup>	12.6 <sup>1</sup>	12.	
Madison	19.3	20.7	20.4	6.0	6.2	6.2	37.2	39.31	39.	
Milwaukee	173.6	173.4	172.1	32.7	32.7	32.9	141.2	147.91	146.	
Racine	25.8	24.1	24.3	2.1	2.2	2.2	13.9 <sup>[</sup>	14.7	14.	
Sheboygan	18.2 <sup>¹</sup>	19.0 <sub>i</sub>	18.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	7.6	8.1	7.	
Wausau	10.9	10.7	10.7	2.2	2.1	2.1	10.1	10.6	10.	
Wyoming	7.4	8.5	8.0	16.2	15.5	15.3	43.5	42.4	42.	
Puerto Rico	149.0	(')	(¹)	15.3	(')	(') i	103.0	(')	(')	
Caguas	8.0	(1)	(1)	(')	(')	(')	5.0 <sub>i</sub>	(1)	(')	
Mayaguez	14.0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(')	5.3	(6)	(¹)	
Ponce	9.7,	(')	(i) 1	(')	(1)	(')	7.1 <sup>[</sup>	(')	(¹)	
San Juan	32.2	(¹) ±	Ö	11.8	Ö	Ö	66.3	(i)	Ċ	
Virgin Islands	2.5	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.4	8.1	8.1	8.	

# B-8. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls in States and selected areas by major industry—Continued

(In thousands)

0.1		nce, insura d real esta		_	Services		Government			
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	
Virginia	113.4	117.4	117.7	469.1	495.7	499.3	505.1 <sub>1</sub>	516.4	519.3	
Bristol	1	1.1	1.1	3.7	3.8	4.0	5.1	4.5	4.9	
Charlottesville		3.4	3.5	9.4	9.8	9.8	20.4	22.4	22.3	
Danville	1	1.1	1.1	5.1 i	5.5	5.5	5.1	5.2	5.2	
Lynchburg	. 3.1	3.2	3.2	12.1	12.3	12.5	8.8	9.2	9.2	
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News		21.2	21.2	96.9	102.0	102.8	120.4	123.1	124.3	
Northern Virginia		35.8	35.5	158.3	170.3	170.1	129.4	141.2	141.2	
Richmond-Petersburg		29.3	29.4	69.0	69.6	70.4	86.8	86.2	86.5	
Roanoke		6.5	6.4	23.3	24.8	24.9	14.4	14.5	14.6	
Washington	92.6	94.6	94.1	339.1	351.5	353.91	339.71	345.1	347.3	
Seattle	. 58.4	60.1	60.1	170.0	178.3	179.9	124.7	127.3	128.4	
West Virginia		23.5	23.5	104.5	107.6	108.0	129.9	131.0	130.5	
Charleston		5.6,	5.6 <sub>i</sub>	21.7!	22.2	22.3	20.9	21.2	21.1	
Huntington-Ashland	. 3.9	3.9	3.9	15.8	16.3	16.3	19.0	19.7	19.2	
Parkersburg-Marietta	. i 2.0	2.2	2.1 <sub> </sub>	10.9	11.2	11.21	9.2	9.3	9.5	
Wheeling	. 2.8	2.9	2.9	14.4	14.51	14.6	9.1	9.4	9.2	
Wisconsin	. 99.4	104.2	104.2	390.6	407.3	410.2	316.6	318.9	328.7	
Appleton-Oshkosh Neenah	. 6.1	6.4	6.4	22.3	22.5	22.6	16.1	15.6	16.2	
Eau Claire	. 1.8	1.8	1.8	10.4	10.8	10.7,	10.5	9.9	10.4	
Green Bay	. 2.7	2.8	2.8	17.0.	17.4	17.5	10.1	10.3	10.€	
Janesville-Beloit	. 1.5	1.5	1.5	9.5	9.7	9.9 <sub>i</sub>	6.5	6.4	6.5	
Kenosha	.; .9)	.9,	.9	7.5	7.4	7.4	6.2	6.3	6.2	
La Crosse	. 1.3	1.3	1.3	11.7	12.3	12.1	7.0 <sup>1</sup>	7.2;	7.3	
Madison	. 13.7	14.6	14.8	36.0	37.3	37.8 <sup>i</sup>	56.8	56.8	58.0	
Milwaukee	. 43.7	44.9	44.9	153.1	161.2;	163.0	80.9	80.7	81.8	
Racine	.1 2.21	2.2	2.2	11.9 <sup>!</sup>	11.9	12.1	7.9	7.9 <sup>1</sup>	7.9	
Sheboygan	. 1.8 <sup> </sup>	1.8¦	1.8	6.7	6.6 °	6.6	5.3	5.3	5.4	
Wausau	. 3.8	3.8	3.7	7.1	7.1	7.1	6.0	5.3	5.5	
Wyoming	7.9	8.1	8.0	30.5	29.5	29.5	50.3	49.3	50.2	
Puerto Rico	. 28.4	(')	(,) j	87.5	(')	(¹) i	245.8	(¹)	(¹)	
Caguas		(')	(1)	(¹)	(1)	(1)	8.6	(1)	(¹)	
Mayaguez		(')	(i) !	(¹) .	(1)	(1)	12.5	(')	(¹)	
Ponce		(')	(1)	6.8	(1) :		15.8	(1)	(1)	
San Juan		Ö	Ö	59.2	Ö	Ċ)	126.3	(')	(')	
Virgin Islands	. 1.8	1.9	1.9	6.3	6.4	6.5	13.7	13.4	13.4	

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1984 benchmarks except Puerto Rico.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Data for Niagara Falls and New York City, New York, were revised in last month's issue of this publication.  $^\rho = \text{preliminary}.$ 

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date

Vd	•	Total private <sup>1</sup>			Mining			Construction	l
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
	•			A	nnual averag	es			
964	38.7	\$2.36	\$91.33	41.9	\$2.81	\$117.74	37.2	\$3.55	\$132.06
965	38.8	2.46	95.45	42.3	2.92	123.52	37.4	3.70	138.38
966	38.6	2.56	98.82	42.7	3.05	130.24	37.6	3.89	146.26
967	38.0	2.68	101,84	42.6	3.19	135.89	37.7	4.11	154.95
968	37.8	2.85	107.73	42.6 ·	3.35	142.71	37.3	4.41	164.49
969	37.7	3.04	114.61	43.0	3.60	154.80	37.9	4.79	181.54
970	37.1	3.23	119.83	42.7	3.85	164.40	37.3	5.24	195.45
971	36.9	3.45	127.31	42.4	4.06	172.14	37.2	5.69	211.67
972	37.0	3.70	136.90	42.6	4.44	189.14	36.5	6.06	221.19
973	36.9	3.94	145.39	42.4	4.75	201.40	36.8	6.41	235.89
974	36.5	4.24	154.76	41.9	5.23	219.14	36.6	6.81	249.2
975	36.1	4.53	163.53	41.9	5.95	249.31	36.4	7.31	266.08
976	36.1	4.86	175.45	42.4	6.46	273.90	36.8	7.71	283.73
977	36.0	5.25	189.00	43.4	6.94	301.20	36.5	8.10	295.6
978	35.8	5.69	203.70	43.4	7.67	332.88	36.8	8.66	318.6
979	35.7	6.16	219.91	43.0	8.49	365.07	37.0	9.27	342.99
980	35.3	6.66	235.10	43.3	9.17	397.06	37.0	9.94	367.78
981	35.2	7.25	255.20	43.7	10.04	438.75	36.9	10.82	399.26
982	34.8	7.68	267.26	42.7	10.77	459.88	36.7	11.63	426.8
983	35.0	8.02	280.70	42.5	11.27	478.98	37.2	11.92	443.4
984	35.3	8.33	294.05	43.4	11.58	502.57	37.8	12.03	454.7
		1	! !	Monthly data	a, not seasor	i nally adjusted	l J		L
1984:						1			
March	35.0	\$8.24	\$288.40	42.8	\$11.60	\$496.48	36.7	\$11.97	\$439.30
April	35.3	8.29	292.64	43.0	11.62	499.66	37.5	11.95	448.13
May	35.2	8.28	291.46	43.2	11.56	499.39	38.2	11.99	458.0
June	35.5	8.29	294.30	43.7	11.57	505.61	38.6	11.94	460.8
July	35.6	8.32	296.19	43.0	11.57	497.51	38.6	11.97	462.0
August	35.5	8.30	294.65	43.5	11,57	503.30	38.5	12.01	462.3
September	35.5	8.43	299.27	44.0	11.66	513.04	38.5	12.15	467.7
October	35.2	8.40	295.68	43.2	11.52	497.66	38.0	12.14	461.3
November	35.1	8.43	295.89	43.5	11.57	503.30	37.4	12.01	449.1
December	35.5	8.46	300.33	44.2	11,64	514.49	37.6	12.17	457.5
985:	55.5		000.00	,,,_		•••••	51.15		
January	34.8	8.50	295.80	43.0	11.79	506.97	36.4	12.22	444.8
February <sup>p</sup>	34.7	8.52	295.64	42.9	11.85	508.37	36.4	12.26	446.20
March <sup>p</sup>	34.9	8.53	297.70	43.3	11.82	511.81	37.3	12.20	455.00

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

		Manufa	acturing		Transp	ortation and utilities	public	Wholesale trade			
Year and month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Hourly earnings, excluding overtime	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	
					Annual	averages					
1964	40.7	\$2.53	\$2.43	\$102.97	(²)	(²)	(²)	40.7	\$2.52	\$102.56	
965	41.2	2.61	2.50	107.53	41.3	\$3.03	\$125.14	40.8	2.61	106.49	
966	41.4	2.71	2.59	112.19	41.2	3.11	128.13	40.7	2.73	111.11	
967	40.6	2.82	2.71	114.49	40.5	3.23	130.82	40.3	2.88	116.06	
968	40.7	3.01	2.88	122.51	40.6	3.42	138.85	40.1	3.05	122.31	
1969	40.6	3.19	3.05	129.51	40.7	3.63	147.74	40.2	3.23	129.85	
1970	39.8	3.35	3.23	133.33	40.5	3.85	155.93	39.9	3.44	137,26	
1971	39.9	3.57	3.45	142.44	40.1	4.21	168.82	39.5	3.65	144.18	
1972	40.5	3.82	3.66	154.71	40.4	4.65	187.86	39.4	3.85	151.69	
1973	40.7	4.09	3.91	166.46	40.5	5.02	203.31	39.3	4.08	160.34	
1974	40.0	4.42	4.25	176.80	40.2	5.41	217.48	38.8	4.39	170.33	
1975	39.5	4.83	4.67	190.79	39.7	5.88	233.44	38.7	4.73	183.05	
1976	40.1	5.22	5.02	209.32	39.8	6.45	256.71	38.7	5.03	194.66	
1977	40.3	5.68	5.44	228.90	39.9	6.99	278.90	38.8	5.39	209.13	
1978	40.4	6.17	5.91	249.27	40.0	7.57	302.80	38.8	5.88	228.14	
1979	40.2	6.70	6.43	269.34	39.9	8.16	325.58	38.8	6.39	247.93	
1980	39.7	7.27	7.02	288.62	39.6	8.87	351.25	38.5	6.96	267.96	
1981	39.8	7.99	7.72	318.00	39.4	9.70	382.18	38.5	7.56	291.06	
1982	38.9	8.49	8.25	330.26	39.0	10.32	402.48	38.3	8.09	309.85	
1983	40.1	8.83	8.51	354.08	39.0	10.80	421.20	38.5	8.54	328.79	
1984	40.7	9.17	8.80	373.22	39.4	11.15	439.31	38.6	8.94	345.08	
				Month	y data, not	seasonally a	djusted				
1984:		Ţ ———								T	
March	40.7	\$9.09	\$8.73	\$369.96	39.0	\$11.02	\$429.78	38.3	\$8.79	\$336.66	
April	40.9	9.11	8.75	372.60	39.3	11.07	435.05	38.5	8.89	342.27	
May	40.6	9.11	8.76	369.87	39.2	11.03	432.38	38.6	8.86	342.00	
June	40.8	9.14	8.77	372.91	39.8	11.07	440.59	38.7	8.90	344.43	
July	40.3	9.18	8.82	369.95	40.0	11.18	447.20	38.8	8.97	348.04	
August	40.4	9.14	8.77	369.26	39.7	11.17	443,45	38.8	8.95	347.26	
September	40.7	9.23	8.84	375.66	39.9	11.27	449.67	38.8	9.05	351.14	
October	40.5	9.22	8.85	373.41	39.2	11.23	440.22	38.7	8.99	347.91	
November	40.7	9.30	8.92	378.51	39.5	11.29	445.96	38.7	9.06	350.62	
December	41.2	9.38	8.99	376.51	39.5	11.29	447.14	38.9	9.18	357.10	
1985:	41.2	9.30	0.39	300.40	39.3	11.32	447.14	30.9		ļ	
January	40.3	9.42	9.06	379.63	38.9	11.31	439.96	38.4	9.14	350.98	
February	39.7	9.42	9.06	373.97	39.1	11.32	442.61	38.2	9.17	350.29	
March <sup>o</sup>	40.3	9.44	9.09	380.43	39.2	11.29	442.57	38.5	9.16	352.66	

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

C-1. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, 1964 to date—Continued

Year and		Retail trade			ance, insurai nd real esta		<u></u>	Services	
month	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings	Weekly hours	Hourly earnings	Weekly earnings
		<u>-</u>		Aı	nnual averag	es			
964	37.0	\$1.75	\$64.75	37.3	\$2.30	\$85.79	(²)	(²)	(²)
965	36.6	1.82	66.61	37.2	2.39	88.91	35.9	\$2.05	1 \$73.60
966	35.9	1.91	68.57	37.3	2.47	92.13	35.5	2.17	77.04
967	35.3	2.01	70.95	37.1	2.58	95.72	35.1	2.29	80.38
968	34.7	2.16	74.95	37.0	2.75	101.75	34.7	2.42	. 83.97
969	34.2	2.30	78.66	37.1	2.93	108.70	34.7	2.61	90.57
]	04.2	2.00	70.00	07.1	i <b>2</b> .00	100.70	04.1	2.01	
970	33.8	2.44	82.47	36.7	3.07	112.67	34.4	2.81	96.66
971	33.7	2.60	87.62	36.6	3.22	117.85	33.9	i 3.04	103.06
972	33.4	2.75	91.85	36.6	j 3.36	122.98	33.9	3.27	110.85
973	33.1	2.91	96.32	36.6	3.53	129.20	33.8	3.47	117.29
974	32.7	3.14	102.68	36.5	3.77	137.61	33.6	3.75	126.00
975	32.4	3.36	108.86	36.5	4.06	148.19	33.5	4.02	134.67
976	32.1	3.57	114.60	36.4	4.27	155.43	33.3	4.31	143.52
977	31.6	3.85	121.66	36.4	4.54	165.26	33.0	4.65	153.45
978	31.0	4.20	130.20	36.4	4.89	178.00	32.8	4.99	163.67
979	30.6	4.53	138.62	36.2	5.27	190.77	32.7	5.36	175.27
980	30.2	4.88	147.38	36.2	5.79	209.60	32.6	5.85	. 190.71
981	30.1	5.25	158.03	36.3	6.31	229.05	32.6	6.41	208.97
982	29.9	5.48	163.85	36.2	6.78	245.44		6.92	225.59
983	29.8	5.74	171.05	36.2	7.29	263.90	32.7		238.71
984	30.0	5.89	176.70	36.5	7.62	278.13	32.8	7.62	249.94
904	30.0	5.09	170.70	30.5	7.02 	276.13	32.0	1.02	249.5
			1	Monthly data	a, not seasor	nally adjusted	t		
1984:			1		1 ————	i	 		T
March	29.6	\$5.89	\$174.34	36.3	\$7.54	\$273.70	32.6	\$7.54	\$245.80
April	29.8	5.90	175.82	36.5	7.62	278.13	32.7	1.00	248.52
May	30.0	5.88	176.40	36.3	7.55	274.07	32.6	,	246.10
June	30.4	5.88	178.75	36.3	7.58	275.15	32.9	7.53	247.74
July	30.7	5.87	180.21	36.7	7.60	278.92	33.1	<sub>i</sub> 7.56	250.24
August	30.6	5.84	178.70	36.4	7.57	275.55	33.0	7.53	248.49
September	30.1	5.89	177.29	36.6	7.76	284.02	32.8	7.69	252.23
October	29.7	5.88	174.64	36.5	7.67	279.96	32.6	7.69	250.69
November	29.7	5.94	176.42	36.4	7.71	280.64	32.6	7.74	252.32
December	30.6	5.89	180.23	36.7	7.78	285.53	32.8	7.82	256.50
985:		!	1		1			1	1
January	29.1	5.99	174.31	36.5	i 7.77	283.61	32.5	7.82	254.15
February	29.1	6.01	174.89	36.4	7.87	286.47	32.5	7.84	254.80
March <sup>p</sup>	29.4	6.00	176.40	36.4	7.88	286.83	32.5	7.85	255.13

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

 P = preliminary.
 NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

Not available.

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry

	1972		Averag	e weekly	hours	i		Average	e overtin	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Ma 1985
Total private		35.0	35.0	34.8	34.7	34.9	-	_	_	_	-
Mining		42.9	42.8	43.0	42.9	43.3	-	j -	j -	' -	: : -
Matal mining	10	40.0	40.5	40.5	40.7				}	ı	ì
Netal mininglron ores		40.3	40.5 38.4	40.5 39.7	40.7 39.4	_	_	: -	! -	! -	i -
Copper ores		41.3	41.4	42.0	42.9		_	i -			-
••	ļ					ĺ				1	i
Coal mining		41.1	41.3	40.9	40.5	- '	-	-	-	-	1
Bituminous coal and lignite mining	. 12	41.1	41.3	40.9	40.6	-	-	-	-	; -	
Oil and gas extraction	i 13	44.0	43.5	44.1	44.1	<b>-</b>	_	_	_	_	, ,
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids		42.1	41.4	43.3	42.4	_	_	_	_		.
Oil and gas field services		44.7	44.4	44.4	44.8	_	-	-	-	-	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14.4	40.7	40.0	40.0	410	1		!			
Crushed and broken stone		42.7   42.6	43.2 43.1	42.0 42.5	41.8	-	_	_	_	i -	
	;	1 72.0	40.1	72.0	'''			i	:		İ
Construction	.	37.0	36.7	36.4	36.4	37.3	-	-	-	-	
General building contractors	:	36.5	36.3	25.0	35.5			<u> </u>			ļ
General building contractors		35.7	35.6	35.9 35.2	35.5	_	_	-	1 -	-	
Operative builders		38.4	38.9	38.4	37.6	-	_	-	_	-	İ
Nonresidential building construction		37.1	36.8	36.3	35.9	-	-	_	_	_	1
	1				1	İ		:		1	
Heavy construction contractors		40.8	40.2	39.8	39.8	-	-	j -	-	-	
Highway and street construction  Heavy construction, except highway		39.9 J	39.0 40.7	40.0 39.7	39.1 40.0	] [	_	-	_	] _	i
rieavy constituction, except highway	. 102	41.1	40.7	39.1	1 40.0	į -	_	-	-	-	
Special trade contractors	. 17	36.0	35.7	35.6	35.8	i -	_	-	-	i -	
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		37.3	37.3	37.9	37.2	-	ļ <b>-</b>	-	-	-	
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		34.7	34.3	34.1	34.5	-	-	-	-	-	
Electrical work		38.6 34.3	38.1 33.8	38.3 33.2	37.6 33.9	[	-	! <del>-</del>	_	_	·
Carpentering and flooring		34.4	34.0	34.1	34.2	-	_	! -	i -	-	İ
Roofing and sheet metal work		30.9	30.8	30.0	31.3	1	-	-	-	-	
Nanufacturing		40.7	40.7	40.3	39.7	40.3	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.1	
Durable goods		41.4	41.4	41.1	40.3	41.1	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.4	:
Lumber and wood products	04	39.8	39.9	38.9	38.3	39.1	) i <b>3.1</b>	3.2	2.7	2.6	Ì
Logging camps and logging contractors		38.7	39.1	37.7	36.3	35.1	3.1	3.0	2.9	1	
Sawmills and planing mills		41.2	40.7	40.0	39.4	_	3.9	j 3.8	3.4	3.3	1
Sawmills and planing mills, general		41.4	41.0	40.1	39.7	-	4.1	3.9	3.5		
Hardwood dimension and flooring		40.5	39.8	40.3	38.7	-	3.3	3.1	2.8		
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork		39.6 39.4	40.1 39.8	39.4 38.6	38.3	! - ! -	2.9	3.4	1.6		
Wood kitchen cabinets		38.8	39.5	39.2	37.2	_	2.6	3.5	2.3	1	
Hardwood veneer and plywood		40.6	40.6	40.4	39.8	-	3.9	3.8	3.0		
Softwood veneer and plywood		40.6	41.0	41.3	41.2	-	4.1	4.3	3.9	1	1
Wood containers		38.8	38.6	37.1	36.9	i -	2.6	2.4	1.8		-
Wood buildings and mobile homes  Mobile homes		36.5 36.5	37.5 38.1	35.1 35.3	35.7 36.0	-	1.5	1.8 j 1.9	1.2 1.1		
Miscellaneous wood products		40.3	40.0	39.8	39.7	-	2.8	2.7	2.8	1	
Furniture and fixtures	25	39.1	39.5	39.4	38.6	39.2	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.4	
Household furniture		38.8	39.1	39.4	38.2	1 - 35.2	2.2	2.1	2.0		
Wood household furniture		39.2	39.3	39.1	38.1		2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2	
Upholstered household furniture		37.8	38.6	38.9	38.4	-	1.5	1.5			
Metal household furniture		40.3	39.8	39.6	39.8	-	2.8	, 2.6	2.3		:
Mattresses and bedsprings		38.4 40.2	38.5 41.0	37.7 41.0	36.7 40.1	<u> </u>	2.1	2.2	1.3 3.2		1
Public building and related furniture		39.9	40.2	:	38.2	-	3.1	3.5	2.7		1
Partitions and fixtures		38.8	39.4	39.3	1	-	2.5	2.9	2.1		
Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures		40.1	39.6	39.6	39.0	i -	1.4	1.2	2.0	1.7	!
Stone, clay, and glass products	. 32	41.5	41.4	40.5	40.3	41.4	4.3	4.4	3.9	4.3	
Flat glass	321	43.2	43.5	43.9		-	4.4		5.8		
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	322	40.7	40.6	40.6	39.8	-	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.4	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly 6	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985°
Total private		\$8.24	\$8.24	\$8.50	\$8.52	<b>\$</b> 8.53	\$288.40	\$288.40	\$295.80	\$295.64	\$297.7
Mining	! '1	11.49	11.60	11.79	11.85	11.82	492.92	496.48	506.97	508.37	511.81
Metal mining	140	12.81	12.85	13.25	13.30	_	516.24	520.43	536.63	541.31	
Iron ores		12.36	12.45	12.74		! -	484.51	478.08	505.78	517.32	-
Copper ores		13.35	13.31	13.88	!	! -	551.36	551.03	582.96	586.87	-
										! !	ì
Coal mining  Bituminous coal and lignite mining	1 '	14.42 14.47	14.56 14.61	15.18 15.24	15.40 15.47	_	592.66 594.72	601.33	620.86 623.32	623.70 628.08	-
Bitaninious coar and lighte mining	12	14.47	14.011	13.24	13.47	- !	. 334.72	000.00	023.32	020.00	-
Oil and gas extraction		10.61	10.72	10.86	10.82	_ ا	466.84	466.32	478.93	477.16	-
Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gas liquids		12.70	12.75	13.28	i	ı	534.67	527.85	575.02	559.68	-
Oil and gas field services	.1138	9.82	9.94	10.00	9.99	-	438.95	441.34	444.00	447.55	-
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels	14	9.71	9.64	10.01	10.15	l _	414.62	416.45	420.42	424.27	_
Crushed and broken stone		8.92	8.90	9.15			379.99	i	388.88	384.89	-
	:				I	, 			i <b></b> .		
Construction	:	11.99	11.97	12.22	12.26	12.20	443.63	439.30	444.81	446.26	455.06
General building contractors	15	10.70	10.69	11.02	11.11	_	i 390.55	388.05	395.62	394.41	_
Residential building construction		9.91	9.91	10.37		l -	353.79	352.80	365.02	366.45	_
Operative builders		8.90	8.75	9.50	9.25	ļ -	341.76	340.38	364.80	347.80	-
Nonresidential building construction	154	11.57	11.57	11.74	11.81	-	429.25	425.78	426.16	423.98	-
Heavy construction contractors	16	11.75	11.81	11.86	12.02	_	479.40	474.76	472.03	478.40	_
Highway and street construction		9.90	9.97	10.05	10.48	i -	395.01	388.83	402.00	409.77	_
Heavy construction, except highway		12.36	12.46	12.52		-	508.00	507.12	497.04	501.60	-
Special trade contractors	17	12.68	12.63	12.88	i 12.85	_	456.48	450.89	458.53	460.03	_
Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning		12.53	12.52	13.00		_	467.37	467.00	492.70	482.11	_
Painting, paper hanging, and decorating		11.63	11.56	11.90	1	! -	403.56	396.51	405.79	407.45	-
Electrical work		14.04	14.00	14.09	1	i	541.94	533.40	539.65	528.66	-
Masonry, stonework, and plastering		12.49	12.44	12.85			428.41	420.47		435.28	-
Carpentering and flooring		11.56	11.28	11.72 11.15		1	397.66 338.66	383.52 330.18	399.65 334.50	399.80 338.35	_
Manufacturing	.1	9.06	9.09	9.42	9.42	9.44	368.74	369.96	379.63	373.97	380.43
Durable goods	1	9.63	9.66	9.97	9.97	9.99		399.92	409.77	401.79	410.59
	,		- 1		:	l	i	Į	1		}
Lumber and wood products  Logging camps and logging contractors		7.88	7.87 10.31	8.05 10.70			313.62 395.13	314.01 403.12	313.15 403.39	308.70 388.41	313.19
Sawmills and planing mills		8.36	8.35	8.45	8.43		344.43	339.85	338.00	332.14	_
Sawmills and planing mills, general		8.82	8.80	8.89	8.86	:	365.15	360.80		351.74	-
Hardwood dimension and flooring		5.73	5.76	6.05	6.07	i -	232.07	229.25	243.82	234.91	i -
Millwork, plywood, and structural members Millwork		7.72	7.72 7.85	7.92 8.07	8.01 8.19	_	305.71 311.26	309.57	312.05 311.50	306.78 307.13	-
Wood kitchen cabinets		7.90	7.03	7.13			273.93	277.69	279.50	267.84	] _
Hardwood veneer and plywood		6.25	6.31	6.50		-	253.75	256.19	262.60	257.11	-
Softwood veneer and plywood		9.45	9.57	9.86		-	383.67		407.22	406.64	-
Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes		5.63 6.95	5.65 6.95	5.75 7.10	5.82 7.13	-	218.44 253.68	218.09 260.63	213.33	214.76 254.54	_
Mobile homes		6.97	6.98	7.13	7.13		254.41	265.94	251.69	256.32	-
Miscellaneous wood products		6.75	6.75	6.95	7.01	-	272.03	270.00	276.61	278.30	-
Furniture and fixtures	. 25	6.75	6.76	7.03	7.04	7.08	263.93	267.02	276.98	271.74	277.54
Household furniture	. 251	6.21	6.23	6.43	6.44	-	240.95	243.59	250.77	246.01	-
Wood household furniture		5.69	5.69	5.88			223.05	223.62	229.91	225.55	-
Upholstered household furniture		6.75 6.24	6.76 <sup>-</sup> 6.31 ·	7.00 6.58			255.15 251.47	260.94 251.14	272.30 260.57	268.80 262.68	_
Mattresses and bedsprings		7.00	7.05	7.13			268.80	271.43	268.80	259.10	-
Office furniture	. 252	7.47	7.43	7.97	7.93	: -	300.29	304.63	326.77	317.99	-
Public building and related furniture		7.40	7.44	7.60			295.26	299.09	304.00	290.70	-
Partitions and fixtures		8.22 7.30	8.21 7.27	8.32 7.60			318.94 292.73		326.98	326.31 296.01	-
	i		i i			ļ	,	1	I	200.01	-
Stone, clay, and glass products		9.38	9.40	9.69	1		389.27	389.16		391.31	401.99
Flat glassGlass and glassware, pressed or blown		12.54	12.73 10.25	13.56 10.68			541.73 414.73	553.76	595.28 433.61	575.72 424.67	_
Glass and glassware, pressed of blown	.   322	10.19	10.20	10.00	10.07	-	. 414.73	+10.10	400.01	724.0/	_

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972	1	Averag	ge weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	_
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Ma 198
urable goods—Continued		+			· ·			· i		+ ;	1
Stone, clay, and glass products—Continued		!						!			
Glass containers	3221	40.5	40.6	40.5	39.4	_	4.6	4.7	4.5	5.1	
Pressed and blown glass, nec		41.0	40.6	40.8	40.2		3.6	3.5	3.4	3.7	
Products of purchased glass		41.5	41.2	41.1	39.6	- '	3.4	3.3	3.6		
Cement, hydraulic		42.1	42.5	40.0	40.3		3.4	3.9	3.0		1
Structural clay products		41.7	42.3	40.5	41.0	· -	3.6	3.9	3.3	3.5	:
Pottery and related products		39.8	39.4		39.5		2.2	2.3	2.4	2.6	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		41.9	41.7	40.0	40.6	-	5.6	5.7	4.5	5.1	ĺ
Concrete block and brick		42.2	42.6	41.9	40.0	_	5.4	6.2	4.2	3.9	İ
Concrete products, nec	3272	42.8	42.4	41.4	42.2	i – .	5.1	5.2	4.7	5.4	1
Ready-mixed concrete	3273	39.9	39.9	37.5	38.8	, <del>-</del> '	5.1	5.2	3.9	4.9	
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products	329	42.2	42.2	41.3	40.5	j - ,	4.1	4.2	3.6	4.1	
Abrasive products	3291	41.8	41.4	41.3	39.7	-	3.1	3.0	3.1	2.4	
Asbestos products		43.4	43.7	42.6	42.2	<b> </b> -	4.7	4.7	4.0	3.8	
Primary metal industries	33	42.0	42.0	41.0	40.9	41.2	4.1	4.1	3.6	3.8	;
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		41.2	41.2	39.6	40.8	40.8	3.6	3.4	2.8	3.6	i
Blast furnaces and steel mills		, 40.8	40.6	38.9	40.7	-	3.5	3.3	2.6	3.6	
Steel pipe and tubes	3317	42.6	42.6	42.0	40.7	-	3.9	3.8	3.7	4.2	1
Iron and steel foundries	i332	41.8	41.7	40.3	39.5	! -	4.0	4.0	3.3	3.4	!
Gray iron foundries	3321	41.9	41.7	40.5	39.3	-	4.4	4.3	3.7	3.7	:
Malleable iron foundries	:3322	41.3	40.6	39.0	38.2	j -	2.9	2.9	2.2	2.8	:
Steel foundries, nec	3325	41.1	41.2	39.3	40.1	-	3.0	3.3	2.1	2.6	1
Primary nonferrous metals	333	42.1	42.3	41.8	41.5	-	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.6	į
Primary aluminum	3334	42.1	42.4	41.9	41.6	ļ -	3.7	3.9	3.5	3.6	i
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	43.5	43.7	43.2	42.0	-	5.4		5.2	5.0	
Copper rolling and drawing	3351	45.0	45.1	42.8	41.9	-	6.0	5.8	4.3	4.1	1
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil	,3353	43.8	43.7	42.2	41.8		6.3	6.2	5.0		1
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating	3357	42.8	43.3	43.6	42.2	. <b>-</b>	5.2	5.4	5.9	5.4	
Nonferrous foundries	. 336	42.2	42.0	42.0	41.1	-	3.9		3.8	3.5	
Aluminum foundries	. 3361	42.6	42.3	42.0	41.1	-	4.1	4.1	3.8	3.6	
Fabricated metal products	. 34	41.5	41.3		40.3	41.1		3.5	3.3	3.4	i
Metal cans and shipping containers		42.9	41.8		41,1	_	5.3	4.7	4.8	4.9	1
Metal cans		42.5	41.6	42.7	41.3	-	5.3	4.7	5.2		
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware		41.1	40.9	40.7	40.0	-	3.2	2.9	3.3	3.2	!
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades .  Hardware, nec		40.4 41.4	40.3	39.7 41.0	39.7 39.9	i -	2.5 3.7	2.3	1.8	2.3	
Plumbing and heating, except electric		40.5	40.0		38.2		2.5	2.1	1.9	1.9	
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		41.7	41.2		40.1	-	3.1	2.9	2.7	3.1	1
Heating equipment, except electric		39.3	38.6	38.3	35.9	-	1.8	1.0	1.5	.8	;
Fabricated structural metal products		40.2	40.3	40.4	39.8	l -	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	1
Fabricated structural metal		40.4	40.4	40.4	40.5	! -	2.8	2.9	2.6	3.1	
Metal doors, sash, and trim		39.6	39.8	39.7	38.3	-	2.1	2.4	1.9	1.7	!
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	. 3443	41.6	41.7	42.0	41.4	1 -	3.1	3.2	3.7	3.6	ļ
Sheet metal work	. 3444	39.6	39.7	39.8	; 39.5	i _	3.0	2.9	2.5	2.5	1
Architectural metal work	. 3446	40.3	40.2	40.3	39.3		2.7	2.7	2.4	1.7	!
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	. 345	43.2	43.1	42.8	42.6	! -	5.0	5.1	4.4	4.7	1
Screw machine products	. 3451	42.3	42.3	42.5	41.9	· -	4.5	4.7	4.2	4.1	1
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers	. 3452	44.1	43.9	43.0	43.3		5.6	5.5		5.4	
Metal forgings and stampings		43.1	42.9	42.8	40.8	! -	4.9	4.8	, 4.8		i
Iron and steel forgings		42.5	42.8	42.6	41.5	; -	4.5	4.7	4.1		
Automotive stampings	. 3465	45.0	44.8	45.4	41.6	-	6.3	6.2	6.6		
Metal stampings, nec	. 3469	41.4	41.2	40.2		-	3.7	3.6	3.1	3.0	
Metal services, nec	. 347	41.5	41.0	40.5	40.4	-	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.6	1
Plating and polishing		41.3	40.8	40.0	39.6	, -	3.6		3.0	3.1	
Metal coating and allied services		42.1	41.5	41.6			4.4	4.0			ì
Ordnance and accessories, nec		41.4	41.4	41.2		٠ -	2.8	2.8		2.5	
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		40.3	40.8	40.6	41.2		1.6	1.6	2.0		
Misc. fabricated metal products		41.1	41.1	40.5	39.9	-	3.0		2.5		
Valves and pipe fittings		41.1 40.7	41.2 40.4	40.7 39.8	40.1 39.9	-	3.2	3.4 2.7	2.8	3.1 i 2.4	
·			:				•				
Machinery, except electrical		41.9	42.0	41.7			3.8		3.5		
Engines and turbines		43.1	42.7	41.8		-	- 5.6	5.4		3.3	
Turbines and turbine generator sets		40.3	39.8	39.4		-	3.3	3.3	3.3		
Internal combustion engines, nec		44.0	43.6	42.6		-	6.3		1		
Farm and garden machinery	352	41.0	41.4	39.8	40.6	-	3.1	3.1	2.6		
Farm machinery and equipment		41.6	41.5	39.1	39.9	_	, 3.2	j 3.1	2.2	2.5	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972	Ĺ	Average	hourly e	arnings	ļ		Average	e weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	<b>Mar</b> . 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985°
Durable goods—Continued					·						
Stone, clay, and glass products—Continued			!						ĺ		
Glass containers		\$10.67	\$10.71			-	\$432.14	\$434.83		\$436.95	~
Pressed and blown glass, nec		9.66	9.72	10.27	10.21	-	396.06	394.63	419.02	410.44	-
Products of purchased glass		8.22	7.98	8.37	8.33	-	341.13	328.78	344.01	329.87	-
Cement, hydraulic Structural clay products		13.39	13.49	13.36	13.38	-	563.72	573.33 323.17	534.40 324.41	539.21 323.90	~
Pottery and related products	:	7.59 7.98	7.64 8.01	8.01 8.44	7.90 8.41	-	316.50 317.60	315.59	331.69	332.20	_
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products		9.15	9.17	9.31	9.39	-	383.39	382.39	372.40	381.23	_
Concrete block and brick		7.87	7.99	7.96	8.13	_	332.11	340.37	333.52	325.20	_
Concrete products, nec		8.21	8.23	8.43	8.41	-	351.39	348.95	349.00	354.90	-
Ready-mixed concrete		10.12	10.07	10.24	10.41	-	403.79	401.79	384.00	403.91	_
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		9.26	9.32	9.74	9.87	-	390.77	393.30	402.26	399.74	-
Abrasive products	3291	8.87	8.94	9.26	9.26	_ !	370.77	370.12	382.44	367.62	-
Asbestos products	3292	9.59	9.64	9.77	9.89	<b>-</b> [	416.21	421.27	' 416.20 	417.36	i -
Primary metal industries		11.49	11.44	11.50	11.65		482.58	480.48	471.50	476.49	\$480.
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		13.10		13.07	13.43	13.41	539.72 556.51	534.36	517.57	547.94	547.1
Blast furnaces and steel mills  Steel pipe and tubes		13.64	13.48	13.63 10.79	14.09	_	556.51 449.43	547.29 448.58	530.21 453.18	573.46 433.86	<u>-</u>
Iron and steel foundries		10.55	10.53	10.79	1	 	423.43	422.42	418.72	410.01	_
Gray iron foundries		10.13		10.83	10.80	_	437.02	434.10	438.62	424.44	_
Malleable iron foundries		10.43	10.80	10.97	10.87	_	447.28	438.48		415.23	
Steel foundries, nec	1	9.45		9.54	9.63	_	388.40	394.28	374.92	386.16	_
Primary nonferrous metals	i	13.34	13.33		!	' - '	561.61	563.86	573.08	570.21	-
Primary aluminum		13.86	13.84	14.07	14.13	- :	583.51	586.82	589.53	587.81	-
Nonferrous rolling and drawing	335	10.94	10.96	11.01	11.00	-	475.89	478.95	475.63	462.00	-
Copper rolling and drawing		10.07	10.06	9.97	9.85	-	453.15	453.71	426.72	412.72	Ì -
Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil		14.01		13.59	13.65	-	613.64	609.62	573.50	570.57	i -
Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		10.31	10.41	10.74	10.69	-	441.27	450.75	468.26	451.12	-
Nonferrous foundries		8.99 9.24			9.17 9.32	- -	379.38 393.62	378.00 391.70	385.98 391.86	376.89 383.05	-
Fabricated metal products	34	9.31	9.31	9.57	9.56	9.60	386.37	384.50	394.28	385.27	394.5
Metal cans and shipping containers		12.28	12.34			- 3.00	526.81		542.30	526.49	-
Metal cans	1	12.97		13.53		_	551.23	540.38	577.73	559.62	! -
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware	i	9.11	9.08	9.60		_	374.42	371.37	390.72	382.40	-
Hand and edge tools, and hand saws and blades	3423,5	8.46	8.47	8.62	8.61	_ ا	341.78	341.34	342.21	341.82	i -
Hardware, nec	3429	9.42	9.36	10.10	10.03	-	389.99	384.70	414.10	400.20	ļ -
Plumbing and heating, except electric		8.30		8.47			336.15	331.60	335.41	329.67	-
Plumbing fittings and brass goods		8.07		8.30	1		336.52		336.98	337.64	
Heating equipment, except electric	ì	8.26	i			i	324.62		323.25	303.36	
Fabricated structural metal products		8.82		8.98	t .	- -	354.56 375.32	354.64	362.79	359.39	-
Fabricated structural metal		9.29	9.24 7.06	l .			281.56	373.30 280.99	293.38	374.22	[ _
Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		9.92		,	10.04	1	412.67		422.10	415.66	_
Sheet metal work	1	8.93					353.63		370.94	370.12	
Architectural metal work	,3446	9.05				' <b>-</b>	364.72	363.41		355.27	-
Screw machine products, bolts, etc	¦345	8.75	i 8.74	j 8.93	8.99	_	378.00	376.69	382.20	382.97	-
Screw machine products	13451	8.04	8.04	8.28		-	340.09	340.09	351.90	347.35	-
Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers		9.44			1	· -	416.30		413.23	420.88	-
Metal forgings and stampings	,	10.76		11.27			463.76	463.75	482.36	456.55	-
Iron and steel forgings		11.82			•	-	502.35	513.60	523.98	505.47	
Automotive stampings  Metal stampings, nec		12.62			•	-	567.90 345.28	568.96 343.20	602.00	553.70 336.94	_
Metal services, nec		7.49					310.84	305.45	309.83	308.25	i -
Plating and polishing		7.36	:			i -	303.97	298.66		298.19	_
Metal coating and allied services		7.80	i			_	328.38	:	327.81	332.42	
Ordnance and accessories, nec		9.92	•	1		-	410.69		412.41	419.33	! -
Ammunition, except for small arms, nec		9.39	9.43	9.53	9.58	-	378.42	384.74	386.92	394.70	-
Misc. fabricated metal products		8.74	è			· -	359.21	359.63		352.72	-
Valves and pipe fittings  Misc. fabricated wire products		9.32	:	i		-  -	383.05 317.87	385.63 315.52	384.62 318.00	381.35 316.01	<u>-</u>
·	:	9.87	!		:	10.15	1	i		!	401
Machinery, except electrical		12.68			,	10.15	413.55 546.51		; 422.00 ; 553.01	415.33 526.10	421.
Turbines and turbines  Turbines and turbine generator sets		11.94					481.18		486.59	509.59	-
Internal combustion engines, nec		12.89	•			_		567.24		531.66	_
Farm and garden machinery		9.59					393.19		378.90	389.76	-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972	,	Averaç	je weekly	hours	i		Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	<b>Ma</b> r. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	<b>Ma</b> 1985
Purable goods—Continued	<u> </u>	<del> </del>									
Machinery, except electrical—Continued		ļ ,			:					}	1
Construction and related machinery	353	41.2	41.5	41.7	41.2	-	3.1	3.2	2.8	2.9	-
Construction machinery		, 41.0	41.3	41.8	41.0	- I	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.5	ļ _
Mining machinery	.,3532	41.1	41.4	41.0	40.2	-	2.6	2.9	2.8	2.6	; -
Oil field machinery		41.8	42.3	43.0	42.5	-	4.4	4.2	3.4	3.4	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment		39.4	40.3	40.1	40.1	-	2.3	2.9	2.9	3.1	-
Industrial trucks and tractors		41.3	41.7	40.7	39.6	-	3.4	3.6	2.5	2.8	-
Metalworking machinery		42.8	42.8	42.9	42.2	-	4.8	4.7	4.9	4.8	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types		42.3	42.0	42.8	42.3	-	3.5	3.4	4.1	4.3	1 .
Machine tools, metal forming types		42.8	42.8	41.4	40.4	- '	4.6	4.7	3.3	3.2	
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	:	43.6	43.7	43.8	43.0	-	5.8	5.6	6.0	5.8	•
Machine tool accessories		42.2	42.0	42.4	41.6	-	4.3	4.0	3.8	3.8	
Power driven hand tools		40.9	40.6	41.2	40.2	-	3.4	3.2	4.1	3.4	
Special industry machinery		41.6	41.6	41.5	41.4	-	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.6	
Food products machinery		41.8	41.5	41.7	41.4	' - i	2.8	2.6	2.9	3.0	1
Textile machinery		41.8	41.8 41.7	41.4	40.9	-	3.3 3.5	3.3	2.6	2.3 3.5	i
Printing trades machinery		41.7		40.6	41.0	-	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.5	1
General industrial machinery		42.1	42.0	41.5	40.7	<del>-</del>				2.7	1
Pumps and pumping equipment		42.2	42.1	41,2			3.7	3.6	2.8	1	
Ball and roller bearings		44.0	43.8	43.0	42.8		4.7	5.0	3.8	4.8	i
Air and gas compressors		41.2	41.1	41.1	40.7	-	2.9 2.9	3.1	2.7	2.8	i
Blowers and fans		40.2	40.7	40.0	39.4	<del>-</del>		1	1.4	1.9	
Speed changers, drives, and gears		41.2	40.4	41.3	39.5	1	3.9	3.1	3.5 2.9	3.0	:
Power transmission equipment, nec		42.2	41.6	41.1	39.8	' <b>-</b>	4.8 3.0	4.2	2.9	2.5	
Office and computing machines		42.2	42.3 42.4	41.9 42.2	41.1	. <del>-</del>	3.0	3.0	2.7	2.5	
Electronic computing equipment  Refrigeration and service machinery		42.4 41.3	42.4	40.1	41.2 39.2	i -	3.1	3.8	3.1	3.0	İ
Refrigeration and heating equipment		41.6	41.7	40.1	39.4	_	3.6	3.8	3.4		
Misc. machinery, except electrical		41.6	41.7	41.7	1	-	3.9		4.0		i
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves		42.0	42.3	43.1	41.3	_	3.8	4.1	5.0	3.7	
Machinery, except electrical, nec		41.5	41.6	41.5	40.9	_	3.9	3.9	3.8	l .	
Electrical and electronic equipment	. 36	41.1	41.0	40.7	39.9	40.6	3.1	3.2	l i 2.8	2.7	
Electric distributing equipment		40.5	40.5	41.0	40.6	-	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.9	;
Transformers		41.3	41.1	41.8	41.2	-	2.9	2.8	3.3	3.2	1
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		40.0	40.1	40.4	40.0	-	2.3	2.6	2.2	2.7	i
Electrical industrial apparatus		41.1	41.2	40.7	39.8	! -	3.2	3.3	2.7	2.8	ļ
Motors and generators		41.8	41.7	41.4	40.4	<u> </u>	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.6	1
Industrial controls		39.7	40.1	39.4	38.4	! _	2.7	2.7	1.4	1.6	ĺ
Household appliances		40.6	40.2	39.8	37.7	-	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.0	ì
Household refrigerators and freezers		40.6	40.7	39.7	37.9	į -	2.3	2.2	1.9	1.9	
Household laundry equipment		42.2			35.0	-	3.4	.7	1.7	1.4	
Electric housewares and fans		39.6	39.3	38.9	37.9	-	2.6	2.3	1.9	1.6	
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		40.9	41.1	39.7	39.5	<u> </u>	3.1	3.5	2.4	2.6	
Electric lamps		40.8	42.0	41.5	41.6		2.6	3.4	3.3		
Current-carrying wiring devices		41.4	41.3	38.3	39.0	-	3.6	3.8	1.8		
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		39.9	39.5	40.5	39.5	ļ -	2.0	1.7	2.5		
Residential lighting fixtures		40.1	39.7	38.7	38.7	· -	2.4	2.6	1.8		
Radio and TV receiving equipment		40.6	41.0	39.0	37.3	<u> </u>	3.1	3.2			
Radio and TV receiving sets		41.2	41.9	39.7	37.3	-	3.6	3.8	2.5	i	
Communication equipment		41.6	41.0	41.7			2.9	2.8	2.7		
Telephone and telegraph apparatus		41.9	40.8	42.2	41.6	ļ -	3.6	3.1	2.9		
Radio and TV communication equipment		41.4	41.1		41.0		2.5	2.6	2.7		
Electronic components and accessories		41.2	41.2	40.7	40.0	-	3.5		3.0		
Electronic tubes		42.2	43.0	43.3	41.9	<del>-</del>	3.0	3.2	2.7		
Semiconductors and related devices		41.7		40.7	39.6	-	4.2	4.3	3.6		
Electronic components, nec		41.0	40.9	40.8	1	i -	3.4	3.4	3.1	:	1
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		41.5 41.3	41.4 40.2	40.7	39.5 40.2		2.0	1.4	2.6		
Storage batteries					40.2	: -	2.0		/ n	2.0	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972	1	Average	hourly e	arnings	ļ		Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Durable goods—Continued										:	
Machinery, except electrical—Continued		1						: 			
Construction and related machinery		\$10.62	\$10.71	i -		-	\$437.54	\$444.47			-
Construction machinery		11.34	11.41	11.56	11.51	-	464.94	471.23	483.21	471.91	-
Mining machinery		11.21	11.18	11.39		( - )	460.73	462.85	466.99	457.48	-
Oil field machinery		11.02	11.12		10.84	-	460.64	470.38	463.54	460.70	-
Conveyors and conveying equipment	3535	8.95	9.18	9.90	9.92	-	352.63	369.95	396.99	397.79	_
Industrial trucks and tractors	3537	9.09	9.15	9.24	9.22	' - i	375.42	381.56	376.07	365.11	-
Metalworking machinery		10.07	10.05	10.35	10.40	-	431.00	430.14	444.02	438.88	-
Machine tools, metal cutting types		9.98	10.03	10.36	10.45	-	422.15	421.26	443.41	442.04	-
Machine tools, metal forming types		10.59	10.60	10.67	10.75	-	453.25	453.68	441.74	434.30 475.58	-
Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures		10.70	10.70	11.04	11.06	- 1	466.52	467.59	483.55	1	-
Machine tool accessories		9.22	9.11	9.37	9.42	-	389.08	382.62	397.29	391.87	i -
Power driven hand tools		8.16	8.11		8.37	-	333.74	329.27	343.61	336.47	_
Special industry machinery	355	9.56	9.62		9.99	-	397.70	400.19	416.25	413.59	-
Food products machinery	3551	10.02	10.07	10.30	10.31	-	418.84	417.91	429.51 324.58	426.83 321.47	-
Textile machinery		7.44	7.54		7.86	-	310.99	315.17	431.17	429.27	-
Printing trades machinery		9.84	9.97		10.47	l .	410.33	415.75	i	404.97	_
General industrial machinery		9.67	9.66	1	9.95		407.11	405.72	410.02		-
Pumps and pumping equipment		10.18			10.55		429.60	427.74		422.00 436.99	-
Ball and roller bearings		9.75		10.07	10.21	-	429.00	433.18	433.01	436.99	_
Air and gas compressors		9.61	9.45	9.93	10.07	i -	395.93	388.40	408.12	343.96	_
Blowers and fans	3504	8.78		8.72	8.73		352.96	351.65	348.80		_
Speed changers, drives, and gears	3500	10.24	10.21	10.60	10.64	-	421.89	412.48	437.78 414.29	420.28 399.19	-
Power transmission equipment, nec		9.74	9.80	10.08	10.03	- '	411.03	407.68		371.96	Ī .
Office and computing machines		8.83	8.84	8.97	9.05		372.63	373.93	375.84	369.15	-
Electronic computing equipment		8.75	8.77	8.89	8.96 9.89		371.00 396.07	371.85 400.48	375.16 397.39	387.69	-
Refrigeration and service machinery		9.59	9.65	9.91	!		410.18	412.83	416.77	401.49	1 -
Refrigeration and heating equipment		9.86 9.68	9.90		10.19 9.94		402.69	403.66	416.77	406.55	
Misc. machinery, except electrical		4	9.68		12.42		486.78	492.80	553.84	512.95	] _
Carburetors, pistons, rings, and valves  Machinery, except electrical, nec		11.59	11.65 9.33	1			388.03	388.13	392.59	388.96	_
masimisty, except discultant, riss imminimum.	0000	0.00	3.00	0.10	1		555.55	5555		0.000	
Electrical and electronic equipment	36	8.86	8.88	9.28	9.27	\$9.34	364.15	364.08	377.70	369.87	\$379.2
Electric distributing equipment		8.42	8.49	8.76	8.76	-	341.01	343.85	359.16	355.66	-
Transformers	3612	8.36	8.45	8.81	8.74	-	345.27	347.30	368.26	360.09	-
Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	3613	8.47	8.53	8.72	8.79	-	338.80	342.05	352.29	351.60	-
Electrical industrial apparatus		8.98	9.01		9.48	-	369.08	371.21	384.21	377.30	-
Motors and generators		9.00		9.46			376.20	376.55	391.64	382.18	-
Industrial controls	3622	8.64	8.65	9.13	9.25	-	343.01	346.87	359.72	355.20	-
Household appliances		8.90					361.34	356.57	360.59	343.07	-
Household refrigerators and freezers		10.19			10.42		413.71	415.95	412.48	394.92	-
Household laundry equipment		10.69					451.12	412.88	441.05	380.10	-
Electric housewares and fans		6.84			7.09		270.86	269.21	273.47	268.71	-
Electric lighting and wiring equipment		8.31				1	339.88	342.77	341.02	338.91	_
Electric lamps		9.52			9.97		388.42	400.68	414.59	414.75	1 -
Current-carrying wiring devices		7.78					322.09	322.97	297.21	306.54	_
Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices		8.46			8.84		337.55	333.78	358.83	349.18	-
Residential lighting fixtures		6.53			6.50		261.85	258.45	260.84 358.80		į -
Radio and TV receiving equipment		8.76			8.91	_	355.66	360.80 381.29			_
Radio and TV receiving sets		9.09				1	374.51 438.88		461.20	454.44	_
Communication equipment Telephone and telegraph apparatus		10.55				1	430.86	435.42 427.58	454.92	448.86	
Radio and TV communication equipment		10.53			11.15		436.77	439.36	464.09	457.15	i -
Electronic components and accessories							317.65	318.06	330.48	324.80	! [
		7.71					419.89	431.29	447.29	434.08	l I
Electronic tubes  Semiconductors and related devices		9.95 9.03					376.55	377.52	389.09	378.18	<u>-</u>
Electronic components, nec		7.07					289.87	289.98	301.92	300.11	1 -
Misc. electrical equipment and supplies		9.60					398.40	401.17	411.07	396.19	-
miss. discalled equipitient and supplies			1	1		i	415.07	408.43	420.89	426.92	1
Storage batteries	13691	10.05									

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972	1	Averag	je weekly	hours	i		Average	overtim	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar 1985
Durable goods—Continued	;					-					
Transportation equipment	37	42.9	43.0	43.0	41.5	42.8	4.6	4.9	5.1	4.7	-
Motor vehicles and equipment		43.9	44.4	44.2	41.8	43.9	5.5	6.1	6.3	5.3	-
Motor vehicles and car bodies	3711	43.8	45.2	45.0	42.0	_	5.7	7.1	7.7	5.8	
Truck and bus bodies		40.3	40.5	41.3	39.0	_	2.7	3.0	3.7	3.9	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		44.6	44.3	44.2	42.1		5.9	5.7	5.7	5.3	: -
Truck trailers		41.7	42.2	39.7	38.8	_	4.2	4.4	2.0	1.9	١ _
Aircraft and parts		42.2	41.6	42.3	42.2	_	3.8	3.6	4.3	4.8	i I
Aircraft		42.2	41.0	42.0	42.2	_	3.0	3.0	-		!
		40.1	400	40.7	410		4.5	, ,	5.2	5.1	i '
Aircraft engines and engine parts		42.1	42.0	42.7	41.0			4.8		1	'
Aircraft equipment, nec		42.8	42.3	43.2	43.2	- !	4.1	3.9	4.9	5.5	'
Ship and boat building and repairing		41.4	40.8	40.5	40.1	<del>-</del>	3.7	3.6	3.1	3.1	'
Ship building and repairing		41.3	40.6	40.8	40.1	- 1	4.0	3.8	3.4	3.3	į .
Boat building and repairing		41.6	41.3	39.9	40.0	-	3.0	2.8	2.1	2.7	
Railroad equipment		38.4	40.2	39.5	39.2	-	1.5	2.5	1.5	2.0	} .
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts	[376	42.1	41.7	42.3	41.7	- !	3.4	3.3	4.7	4.3	1
Guided missiles and space vehicles		42.4	41.9	42.3	42.1	i - i	3.5	3.4	5.0	4.9	
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		39.9	40.5	40.8	37.4	_	2.8	3.5	2.7	2.8	1
Travel trailers and campers		38.6	39.2	38.6	32.9	-	2.5	3.1	1.2	1.5	1
Instruments and related products	38	41.2	41.2	41.0	40.5	41.1	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5	1
Engineering and scientific instruments		41.3	40.9	41.9	41.9	-	2.6	2.6	3.0	2.8	-
				40.9	40.0		2.3	2.4	2.1	2.2	i
Measuring and controlling devices		41.5	41.3			!					ĺ
Environmental controls		41.3	40.8	39.4	36.9	-	2.9	2.6	1.8	2.0	i
Process control instruments		41.7	41.5	41.3	41.4	-	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.9	ĺ
Instruments to measure electricity		42.1	41.7	41.8	41.1	-	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.2	
Optical instruments and lenses		42.7	44.0	42.2	41.5	· -	3.2	3.9	3.2	3.0	
Medical instruments and supplies	384	40.4	40.3	40.3	39.9	j -	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	İ
Surgical and medical instruments	3841	i 40.3	40.3	40.5	40.1	-	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	1
Surgical appliances and supplies	3842	40.6	40.3	40.1	39.6	i -	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.3	]
Ophthalmic goods	385	39.9	40.0	39.9	39.3	i -	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.6	:
Photographic equipment and supplies		41.7	42.4	42.8	42.7	! _	2.5	2.6	3.1	3.2	-
Watches, clocks, and watchcases		40.6	40.8	39.2	39.5	-	2.7	3.2	1.6	2.7	1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	20	39.6	39.6	38.6	38.5	39.0	2.1	2.3	1.7	1.7	1
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		37.9	37.8	37.8	37.6	33.0	1,3	1.5	1.5	1.4	i
						1				1	i
Jewelry, precious metal		36.8	36.7	36.9	36.6	-	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.2	
Musical instruments		40.1	39.5	38.8	37.3	-	1.5	1.4	1.0	1.3	1
Toys and sporting goods		40.2	40.3	38.0	38.2	-	2.3	2.5	1.3	1.3	i
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		39.3	38.9	37.2	38.2	-	1.8	1.7	1.1	1.1	
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		40.9	41.5	38.7	38.2	i -	2.7	3.2	1.5	1.4	
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		40.8	40.9	39.8	40.7	i -	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.7	
Costume jewelry and notions	396	37.1	36.8	37.5	38.0	-	1.9	1.9	1.5	1.8	
Costume jewelry		35.4	35.7	36.5	36.5	_	1.4	1.6	9.	1.0	İ
Miscellaneous manufactures	399	40.1	40.1	39.4	38.8	-	2.3	2.5	2.1	2.1	ĺ
Signs and advertising displays	3993	39.9	40.1	39.9	39.0	-	2.6	2.9	2.3	2.0	ĺ
Nondurable goods		39.6	39.6	39.2	38.8	39.3	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.8	1.
Food and kindred products		39.1	39.3		38.9	39.4	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.3	
Meat products		38.0	38.8	39.4	37.9	- 33.4	2.8	3.2	3.3	2.7	
Meat packing plants		39.5	40.4	40.8	39.5	1 [	3.4	4.1	3.8	2.9	1
		39.5	38.9	39.3	39.5	-	2.6	2.8	3.5	3.1	
Sausages and other prepared meats					35.9	i -		2.6	2.5	2.0	
Poultry dressing plants		36.0	36.8	37.9		-	2.2				
Dairy products		40.7	40.8	40.7	40.8	-	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.8	
Cheese, natural and processed		39.2	38.9	38.8	39.5	-	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.6	
Fluid milk		41.7	41.9	41.6	41.6	-	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.2	
Preserved fruits and vegetables		38.8	38.4	38.0	37.2	-	3.2	2.6	3.0	2.7	
Canned specialties		40.6	40.0	40.4	37.5	-	6.2	3.7	5.9	3.9	
Canned fruits and vegetables	2033	39.0	38.3	37.9	37.8	-	2.7	2.4	2.8	2.9	1
Frozen fruits and vegetables		38.2	37.8	37.6	36.1	_	3.0	2.2	2.8	2.8	
Grain mill products		42.3	42.4	44.2	43.3	ļ <u>.</u>	4.9	5.0	5.8	5.6	
Flour and other grain mill products		44.2	44.4	46.4	47.0	ĺ _	6.4	6.1	6.5	7.3	
Prepared feeds, nec		42.3	42.6	43.2	42.4	_	4.8	4.8	5.4	5.1	
Bakery products		38.1	38.4	38.3	38.9	_	2.9	2.9	2.7	3.2	
Bread, cake, and related products			1	37.1			3.0	3.0	2.8	3.2	1
		37.3	37.6	i	37.8	-		1			
Cookies and crackers	2052	40.0	40.4	41.3	41.8	-	2.5	2.4	2.5	3.5	1

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Durable goods—Continued											
Transportation equipment	. 37	\$12.00	\$12.12	\$12.64	\$12.59	\$12.57	\$514.80	\$521.16	\$543.52	\$522.49	
Motor vehicles and equipment		12.41	12.62	13.35	13.29	13.27	544.80	560.33	590.07	555.52	582.55
Motor vehicles and car bodies		13.65	13.99	14.95	14.87	-	597.87	632.35	672.75	624.54	-
Truck and bus bodies		9.57	9.69	10.32	10.55	-	385.67	392.45	426.22	411.45	-
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		11.98	12.07	12.63	12.62	-	534.31	534.70	558.25	531.30	-
Truck trailers		8.94	8.83	9.01	9.04	-	372.80	372.63	357.70	350.75	-
Aircraft and parts		12.29	12.31	12.52	12.57	-	518.64	512.10	529.60	530.45	-
Aircraft		40.44		-	40.70	-		-	544.00		-
Aircraft engines and engine parts  Aircraft equipment, nec		12.11	12.23	12.74	12.76		509.83	513.66	493.78	523.16 496.37	-
	1	11.11	11.11 10.30	11.43 10.45	11.49 10.44		475.51 430.56	469.95 420.24	423.23	418.64	-
Ship and boat building and repairing Ship building and repairing		11.33	11.28	11.27	11,28	_	467.93	457.97	459.82	452.33	-
Boat building and repairing		7.61	7.55	8.00	8.00	_	316.58	311.82	319.20	320.00	1 -
Railroad equipment		12.47	12.25	12.45	12.68		478.85	492.45	491.78	497.06	_
Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts		11.81	11.82	12.05	12.09	_	497.20	492.89	509.72	504.15	_
Guided missiles and space vehicles		12.00	12.04	12.25	12.31	_	508.80	504.48	518.18	518.25	-
Miscellaneous transportation equipment		9.57	9.54	10.05	9.88	_	381.84	386.37	410.04	369.51	-
Travel trailers and campers		8.58	8.50	8.64	8.07	-	331.19	333.20	333.50	265.50	-
Instruments and related products	. 38	8.66	8.71	8.96	9.06	9.08	356.79	358.85	   <b>367.36</b>	366.93	373.19
Engineering and scientific instruments		9.29	9.28	9.87	9.79	_	383.68	379.55	413.55	410.20	-
Measuring and controlling devices		8.64	8.66	8.70	8.86	-	358.56	357.66	355.83	354.40	-
Environmental controls		8.19	8.24	8.28	8.51	: -	338.25	336.19	326.23	314.02	-
Process control instruments		8.75	8.81	8.84	8.95	-	364.88	365.62	365.09	370.53	-
Instruments to measure electricity	. 3825	8.90	8.92	8.89	9.09	i -	374.69	371.96	371.60	373.60	-
Optical instruments and lenses	. 383	9.57	9.79	10.07	10.27	-	408.64	430.76	424.95	426.21	-
Medical instruments and supplies	. 384	7.66	7.69	7.88	7.99	-	309.46	309.91	317.56	318.80	-
Surgical and medical instruments	. 3841	7.74	7.74	8.05	8.16	-	311.92	311.92	326.03	327.22	-
Surgical appliances and supplies	. 3842	7.58	7.62	7.71	7.84	i -	307.75	307.09	309.17	310.46	-
Ophthalmic goods		6.37	6.39	6.79	6.81	-	254.16	255.60	270.92	267.63	-
Photographic equipment and supplies Watches, clocks, and watchcases		11.27	11.35 6.50	11.86 6.81	11.91 6.87	-	469.96 263.49	481.24 265.20	507.61 266.95	508.56	-
	İ		ĺ		7.45	7.17		!	277.53	075.00	279.63
Miscellaneous manufacturing		6.97	6.97 7.50	7.19 7.66	7.15 7.62	7.17	276.01 282.36	276.01	289.55	275.28	279.03
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware		7.45	7.49	7.79	7.76	' -   -	274.53	274.88	287.45	284.02	_
Jewelry, precious metal  Musical instruments		6.77	6.85	6.88	6.75		271.48	270.58	266.94	251.78	
Toys and sporting goods		6.35	6.32	6.59	6.48	ļ <u>-</u>	255.27	254.70	250.42	247.54	-
Dolls, games, toys, and children's vehicles		6.15	6.13	6.38	6.28	1	241.70	238.46	237.34	239.90	_
Sporting and athletic goods, nec		6.52	6.48	6.75	6.66		266.67	268.92	261.23	254.41	_
Pens, pencils, office, and art supplies		7.32		7.57	7.59		298.66	299.80	301.29	308.91	_
Costume jewelry and notions		5.83		5.79	5.86		216.29	213.81	217.13	222.68	_
Costume jewelry		5.26	5.26	5.32			186.20	187.78	194.18	197.10	_
Miscellaneous manufactures		7.62	7.62	7.87	7.88	1	305.56	305.56	310.08	305.74	_
Signs and advertising displays		8.12		8.35	8.39		323.99	329.22	333.17	327.21	-
Nondurable goods		8.24	8.27	8.60	8.61	8.62	326.30	327.49	337.12	334.07	338.77
Food and kindred products	. 20	8.37	8.39	8.50	8.55	8.56	327.27	329.73	335.75	332.60	337.26
Meat products		7.27	7.29	7.14		j -	276.26	282.85		270.99	-
Meat packing plants	. 2011	8.26	8.28		7.94	-	326.27	334.51	323.54	313.63	i -
Sausages and other prepared meats		8.79		8.67	8.70	-	340.17	343.49	340.73	334.08	-
Poultry dressing plants		5.43			5.66	-	195.48	200.93	213.76	203.19	_
Dairy products		8.75			9.01	-	356.13	354.96	367.11	367.61	-
Cheese, natural and processed		8.39		8.38		: -	328.89	324.82	325.14	330.62	į -
Fluid milk		8.92		9.31			371.96	369.14	387.30	388.54	i -
Preserved fruits and vegetables  Canned specialties	203	7.69	7.66	7.92 9.33	8.04 9.57		298.37	294.14		299.09	_
Canned fruits and vegetables	- 2032	9.23 7.85		9.33 8.18		_	374.74 306.15	357.60 305.25	376.93		1 -
Frozen fruits and vegetables		7.85		7.23	7.46		276.57	269.89	271.85	315.25 269.31	_
Grain mill products		9.88		10.35		<del>-</del>	417.92	422.30	457.47		} _
Flour and other grain mill products	2041	10.13		10.33	l .	1	447.75	446.22		476.11	_
Prepared feeds, nec		7.51	7.54	7.88			317.67	321.20		330.72	-
Bakery products		9.15		9.61			348.62	350.59		373.05	_
		9.12					340.18	342.91		361.75	_
Bread, cake, and related products											

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Ma 1985
londurable goods—Continued											
Food and kindred products—Continued		!				į l					1
Sugar and confectionery products	206	40.4	39.2	40.1	39.2	! <b>-</b>	2.9	2.7	3.1	2.9	_ ا
Cane and beet sugar		43.0	40.3	44.2	41.8	- '	4.8	4.2	6.2	5.5	i -
Confectionery products		39.1	38.5	37.8	37.7	- 1	2.1	2.1	1.9	2.1	-
Fats and oils		43.3	42.6	44.0	42.8		5.0	4.2	5.3	5.1	_
Beverages	!	39.7	40.3	39.7	39.3	i _	2.8	3.3	3.0	2.8	_
Malt beverages		42.6	43.9	42.3	40.9	_	4.2	5.1	5.2	4.3	i -
Bottled and canned soft drinks		38.4	38.7	38.6	38.5	ĺ <u> </u>	2.3	2.7	2.1	2.2	ļ.
Misc. food and kindred products		37.6	37.6	37.1	37.7	!   <b>-</b>	3.4	3.6	3.3	3.8	ļ .
Tobacco manufactures	21	36.4	36.9	37.3	i 37.2	36.7	:   .7	.8	1.0	.9	
Cigarettes		35.9	37.4	37.4	37.4	-	.6	.7	.7	.8	
Textile mill products	22	40.6	40.4	39.0	38.5	38.8	3.6	   3.5	2.6	2.6	ļ.
Weaving mills, cotton		40.5	39.7	39.7	38.9		3.8	3.6	3.0	2.9	
Weaving mills, synthetics		41.4	40.7	39.4	38.9	! -	3.9	3.6	2.6	2.6	ĺ
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		42.4	41.0	42.1	41.2	: - ! -	4.6	3.9	3.6	3.2	
		41.0	40.8	39.3	39.4	<u> </u>	2.9	2.9	1.9	1.8	
Narrow fabric mills		1				ļ <u>-</u>	ì				
Knitting mills		38.8	38.7 39.3	36.8	36.8	1	2.6 3.6	2.5 3.2	1.9	2.0	ĺ
Women's hosiery, except socks		40.0		38.7	39.0	-			3.4		i
Hosiery, nec		37.4	37.6	35.7	36.2	-	1.7	1.9	1.2	1.5	
Knit outerwear mills		37.7	37.8	35.9	35.4	-	2.0	2.2	1.4	1.4	
Knit underwear mills		37.0	37.2	34.7	35.2	-	1.2	1.1	.7	1.0	!
_ Circular knit fabric mills		41.0	40.8	38.2	38.6	-	3.8	3.3	2.4	2.6	
Textile finishing, except wool		42.2	42.3	39.6	39.6	ļ -	4.5	4.6	3.2	3.6	
Finishing plants, cotton		42.3	42.6	40.7	40.9	-	4.3	4.7	3.5	3.8	1
Finishing plants, synthetics	<sub> </sub> 2262	41.1	41.2	39.3	39.0	-	4.1	4.1	3.4	3.7	1
Floor covering mills	227	40.9	42.3	39.4	38.6	-	4.0	4.9	2.9	2.5	i
Yarn and thread mills	228	40.7	40.9	38.7	38.3	· -	3.9	3.9	2.6	2.6	1
Yarn mills, except wool	2281	41.4	41.7	38.9	38.3	_	4.5	4.3	2.8	2.8	,
Throwing and winding mills	2282	i 37.6	37.2	37.3	37.3	i -	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.5	
Miscellaneous textile goods		42.8	43.1	42.6	41.3	-	3.9	4.3	3.6	3.5	
Apparel and other textile products	,23	36.7	!   36.7	35.7	35.4	35.9	1.5	1.6	1.1	1.2	j
Men's and boys' suits and coats		36.7	36.7	35.7	34.2	-	1.3	1.2	1.0	.8	
Men's and boys' furnishings		37.2	37.4	35.6	35.1	-	1.2	1.3	8.		1
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		36.9	36.9	35.0	34.8	_	1.1	1.1	.6	j .8	i
Men's and boys' separate trousers		37.8	37.3	36.0	34.9		1.4	1.2	1.1		
Men's and boys' work clothing		37.4	37.9	36.3	35.5	-	1.1	1.3	.8	1.4	į
Women's and misses' outerwear		35.3	35.0	34.4	34.7	: -	1.6	1.5	1.1	1.2	1
Women's and misses' blouses and waists		35.2	34.7	34.3	34.1	i -	1.3	1.3	.9	1.2	1
Women's and misses' dresses		34.0	33.6	33.4	i 34.0		1.2	1.1	.9 .9	1.0	
Women's and misses' suits and coats		33.9	33.7	33.5	33.0		4.4	1.3	6	.7	
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		36.9	36.8	35.4	36.1	: <del>-</del>	2.1	2.1	1.4	1.5	'
Women's and children's undergarments		37.2	37.5	35.4	35.4	! -	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.1	
		37.2	37.5	35.8	35.4		1.5	1.7	1.1	i 1.1	1
Women's and children's underwear		37.3	37.5	35.8	36.3	1 -	1.4		1.1	1.3	
Brassieres and allied garments Children's outerwear		37.0	36.4		35.9	1	1.4	1.9	; I.I ; .9	1.3	4
Children's dresses and blouses		37.3 37.2	35.4	35.6	96.0	•		1.4	.8	1.3	
Misc. apparel and accessories		37.5	37.5	36.0	35.9	_	1.4	1.9	.0	1.0	
						-					
Misc. fabricated textile products		38.6	38.7	38.4	37.9	_	1.9	2.2	2.2		
Curtains and draperies		37.4		37.5	36.8	! -	1.5	1.7	1.3	i	
House furnishings, nec  Automotive and apparel trimmings		38.6 40.7	38.3 40.7	36.4 42.5	36.3 40.2	-	2.0	3.2		1.7	
Automotive and apparer unimings	2390	40.7	40.7	42.5	, 40.2	_	1 2.5	3.2	ŀ	1	İ
Paper and allied products		42.9 44.8	42.7	42.9			i 4.7 6.6	4.8 6.6	4.7 6.4		1
Paper and pulp mills			44.5	44.5							
Paper mills, except building paper		45.0	44.6	44.6	44.9		6.6		6.5		į
Paperboard mills		43.9	43.7	44.7	44.2	: -	7.0	7.3			
Misc. converted paper products		41.7	41.6	41.8	41.2	-	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.0	
Paper coating and glazing		42.7		42.9		· -	3.2	3.3		,	
Envelopes		41.2		42.3		-	3.3	3.0	3.9		
Bags, except textile bags		42.3	41.8	42.4	41.0		3.4	3.3	3.7		
Paperboard containers and boxes		41.9	41.9	41.7	40.9	: -	3.8	4.0			
Folding paperboard boxes	2651	42.4		41.9	41.3	:	3.9	4.0	3.4		
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		43.0	42.9	, 42.5	41.1	-	4.6	4.7	4.3	3.6	
Sanitary food containers		40.7	41.4		42.1	:	2.7	3.1	3.8		

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972	<u> </u>	Average	hourly e	earnings			Average	weekly e	arnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985°	Feb. 1984	<b>Ma</b> r. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985°
Nondurable goods—Continued		!									
Food and kindred products—Continued		i							] }		
Sugar and confectionery products	206	\$8.17	\$8.25	\$8.33	\$8.40	- 1	\$330.07	\$323.40	\$334.03	\$329.28	-
Cane and beet sugar	2061-3	9.65	9.92	9.48	9.65	-	414.95	399.78	419.02	403.37	i -
Confectionery products	2065	7.02	7.11	7.15	7.26	-	274.48	273.74	270.27	273.70	! -
Fats and oils	207	8.84	8.82	8.54	8.66	<b>-</b> i	382.77	375.73	375.76	370.65	-
Beverages	208	10.75	10.94	11.27	11.28	-	426.78	440.88	447.42	443.30	-
Malt beverages	2082	14.50	14.77	15.51	15.54	-	617.70	648.40	656.07	635.59	-
Bottled and canned soft drinks	2086	8.14	8.21	8.37	8.41	-	312.58	317.73	323.08	323.79	-
Misc. food and kindred products	209	7.68	7.65	7.67	7.79	-	288.77	287.64	284.56	293.68	-
Tobacco manufactures	21	11.13	11.29	11.20	11.60	\$11.69	405.13	416.60	417.76	431.52	\$429.
Cigarettes	211	13.40	13.39	14.18	14.22	- ,	481.06	500.79	530.33	531.83	-
Textile mill products		6.40	6.41	6.59	6.60	6.63	259.84	258.96	257.01	254.10	257.2
Weaving mills, cotton		6.76	6.75	6.85	6.84	-	273.78	267.98	271.95	266.08	-
Weaving mills, synthetics		6.88	6.88	7.04	7.08	-	284.83	280.02	277.38	275.41	
Weaving and finishing mills, wool		6.73	6.75	6.91	6.96	-	285.35	276.75	290.91	286.75	-
Narrow fabric mills	224	6.04	6.04	6.28	6.27	-	247.64	246.43	246.80	247.04	-
Knitting mills		5.84	5.86	6.09	6.07	-	226.59	226.78	224.11	223.38	-
Women's hosiery, except socks		5.71	5.73	6.10	5.98	-	228.40	225.19	236.07	233.22	-
Hosiery, nec	2252	5.55	5.62	5.72	5.72	-	207.57	211.31	204.20	207.06	-
Knit outerwear mills		5.69	5.72	5.94	5.95	-	214.51	216.22	213.25	210.63	-
Knit underwear mills		5.55	5.56	5.68	5.71	-	205.35	206.83	197.10	200.99	ļ -
Circular knit fabric mills		6.43	6.41	6.75	6.75	ļ -	263.63	261.53	257.85	260.55	-
Textile finishing, except wool	226	6.76	6.79	6.95	7.02	-	285.27	287.22	275.22	277.99	-
Finishing plants, cotton	2261	6.88	6.90	6.98	7.05	-	291.02	293.94	284.09	288.35	-
Finishing plants, synthetics	2262	7.15	7.16	7.38	7.42	-	293.87	294.99	290.03	289.38	-
Floor covering mills	227	6.44	6.52	6.76	6.67	! -	263.40	275.80	266.34	257.46	-
Yarn and thread mills	228	6.07	6.07	6.08	6.14	-	247.05	248.26	235.30	235.16	-
Yarn mills, except wool	2281	6.11	6.09	6.05	6.14	-	252.95	253.95	235.35	235.16	-
Throwing and winding mills	2282	5.84	5.87	6.06		-	219.58	218.36	226.04	225.67	-
Miscellaneous textile goods		6.97	7.01	7.28	7.41	-	298.32	302.13	310.13	306.03	-
Apparel and other textile products	23	5.46	5.48	5.70	5.68	5.71	200.38	201.12	203.49	201.07	204.9
Men's and boys' suits and coats	231	6.36	6.36	6.68	6.69	-	233.41	233.41	238.48	228.80	i -
Men's and boys' furnishings	232	5.05	5.08	5.25	5.24	ļ <b>-</b>	187.86	189.99	186.90	183.92	-
Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear	2321	4.86	4.88	5.06	5.03	-	179.33	180.07	177.10	175.04	-
Men's and boys' separate trousers	2327	5.13	5.16	5.39	5.33	-	193.91	192.47	194.04	186.02	-
Men's and boys' work clothing	2328	5.00	5.09	5.20	5.23	-	187.00	192.91	188.76	185.67	-
Women's and misses' outerwear	233	5.40	5.42	5:56	5.57	i -	190.62	189.70	191.26	193.28	i -
Women's and misses' blouses and waists	2331	5.01	5.04	5.18	5.20	-	176.35	174.89	177.67	177.32	i -
Women's and misses' dresses		5.59	5.64	5.80	5.80	i -	190.06	189.50	193.72	197.20	-
Women's and misses' suits and coats		6.04	6.05	6.23	6.27	-	204.76	203.89	208.71	206.91	-
Women's and misses' outerwear, nec		5.19	5.20	5.33	5.32	-	191.51	191.36	188.68	192.05	-
Women's and children's undergarments		5.01	5.04	5.27		1	186.37	189.00	188.67	186.20	-
Women's and children's underwear		4.91	4.94	5.19			183.14		185.80	182.34	-
Brassieres and allied garments		5.50	5.53	5.68			203.50	205.72	203.34		-
Children's outerwear		4.95	4.96	5.08		:	184.64	180.54	185.42	182.01	: -
Children's dresses and blouses		4.92	4.94	4.91		1		174.88		176.04	-
Misc. apparel and accessories		5.34	5.38	5.48			200.25	201.75	197.28	. 196.37	i -
Misc. fabricated textile products		6.37		6.81			245.88	245.75	261.50	253.93	-
Curtains and draperies	2391	5.16		5.30			192.98	198.14	198.75	192.46	-
House furnishings, nec  Automotive and apparel trimmings	(2392	5.59 9.85	5.53 9.80	5.81 10.95	ſ		215.77 400.90	211.80	1 211.48 2 465.38	211.63 426.92	! -
					1	ļ	Ì	: 1	]		457
Paper and allied products		10.22	:	10.67				437.68	457.74	452.83	457.
Paper and pulp mills		12.12					542.98	539.34	571.38	572.16	-
Paper mills, except building paper	262	12.11		12.87	1	l .	544.95	539.66	574.00	576.52	-
Paperboard mills	263	12.62		13.13		i	554.02	554.55	586.91	587.86	
Misc. converted paper products		8.97	9.01	9.27			374.05	374.82	387.49	381.10	
Paper coating and glazing		10.17		10.59			434.26	437.93	454.31	456.66	, -
Envelopes	2642	8.22		8.47	1		338.66	334.09	358.28	351.95	
Bags, except textile bags		8.40		8.70		l .	355.32	354.05	368.88	351.78	-
Paperboard containers and boxes	265	8.71	i	9.01			364.95	367.46	375.72	368.51	-
Folding paperboard boxes	2651	8.99	•	9.22			381.18	383.66	386.32	380.37	' -
Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		8.98		9.31	1		386.14	387.39	395.68	383.46	-
Sanitary food containers	2654	8.28	8.35	8.78	8.60	-	337.00	345.69	370.52	362.06	; -

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry	1972 SIC Code	Feb.		Т					~	T	
Nondurable goods—Continued	1	1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985
Printing and publishing	27	37.6	38.0	37.5	37.4	37.8	2.6	2.9	2.5	2.5	-
Newspapers		33.4	33.8	33.0	33.6	- 1	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.5	-
Periodicals		37.1	37.0	38.2	38.4	-	2.3	2.1	2.7	2.7	-
Books		39.5	39.7	39.4	39 4	- 1	3.1	3.5	2.9	2.8	-
Book publishing	1	38.4	38.6	38.6	38.1	- 1	2.0	2.5	2.2	2.3	-
Book printing		40.9	41.1	40.5	41.3	- }	4.6	4.7	3.8	3.5	-
Miscellaneous publishing		35.6	36.6	35.4	36.4	_	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.2	-
Commercial printing	i	38.8	39.4	38.8	38.4	_	3.1	3.6	2.9	3.0	-
Commercial printing, letterpress		38.3	38.5	38.3	38.1	- 1	2.9	2.9	2.4	2.5	i -
Commercial printing, lithographic		38.9	39.7	38.9	38.3	-	3.3	3.8	3.1	3.1	_
Manifold business forms		41.4	41.3	41.5	40.1	_ }	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.0	_
Blankbooks and bookbinding		38.9	39.1	38.9	38.3	_	1.9	2.3	2.0	1.8	-
Printing trade services		39.9	40.0	38.6	38.8	-	4.2	4.4	3.3	3.6	-
Chemicals and allied products	28	42.0	41.9	41.9	41.7	42.2	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.2	_
Industrial inorganic chemicals		42.5	42.2	41.6	41.7	~	3.3	3.2	3.0	3.1	_
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		42.8	42.3	42.0	42.0	_	3.3	3.2	3.0	3.1	_
Plastics materials and synthetics		42.5	42.4	42.5	42.4	_	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.6	1 -
Plastics materials and resins	1	43.8	43.5	43.6	43.6	_	5.4	5.0	4.2	4.7	1 -
		, !	42.0			_	3.0	2.6	3.0	2.7	[
Organic fibers, noncellulosic		42.0 41.0	40.4	42.3 40.7	41.9 41.0	_	2.7	2.0	2.5	2.7	-
Drugs		1 3			1				2.3	2.6	
Pharmaceutical preparations	!	40.6	40.4	40.5	41.1	-	2.6	2.6			-
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		41.3	40.9	40.9	41.1	-	3.1	2.8	2.5	2.4	-
Soap and other detergents		43.4	43.8	43.5	43.1	-	4.7	4.5	4.1	3.6	-
Toilet preparations		39.9	39.0	38.9	39.8	-	2.4	1.9	1.4	1.5	-
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		41.2	41.1	41.4	41.1	-	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	-
Paints and allied products		41.7	42.3	40.7	40.2	-	3.0	3.2	2.7	2.4	-
Industrial organic chemicals		42.9	42.9	43.6	42.9	-	3.9	4.1	4.0	3.8	-
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		42.1	41.9	43.7	41.8	-	3.5	3.7	4.8	4.1	-
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec.		43.1	43.2	43.6	43.3	-	4.0	4.2	3.7	3.7	
Agricultural chemicals		42.9	42.9	43.1	42.2	-	5.0	5.4	4.4	4.1	-
Miscellaneous chemical products	289	41.7	41.7	41.7	40.7	-	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.3	-
Petroleum and coal products	29	43.5	43.6	42.8	42.4	42.8	3.9	4.2	3.6	3.7	-
Petroleum refining	291	43.8	44.0	43.1	42.8	; -	3.7	4.0	3.5	3.7	-
Paving and roofing materials	295	43.2	42.9	42.1	41.4	-	5.4	5.5	4.6	4.2	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	42.0	41.7	41.4	40.6	41.3	4.1	4.1	3.5	3.4	-
Tires and inner tubes	301	45.3	44.8	43.8	42.9	-	6.2	6.3	4.7	4.3	-
Rubber and plastics footwear		40.2	40.2	37.1	36.9	-	2.7	2.7	1.3	1.3	-
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	1				l	!	İ	i		1	-
and belting	303.4	43.1	43.5	41.1	40.3	! -	4.4	4.2	3.0	2.7	-
Fabricated rubber products, nec		41.8	41.5	41.4	40.0	_	3.4	3.3	3.0	3.0	-
Miscellaneous plastics products		41.5	41.2	41.1	40.4	-	3.9	3.9	3.5	3.4	
Leather and leather products	31	36.8	36.1	36.4	36.1	36.8	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.1	-
Leather tanning and finishing		39.5	39.3	39.6	39.9	_	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.7	
Footwear, except rubber		35.9	35.1	35.9	35.3		1,1	1.1	.9	1.0	
Men's footwear, except athletic		36.2	35.9	35.5	35.2	-	1.0	1.0	.8	1.0	
Women's footwear, except athletic		35.4	34.4	35.8	34.5	1 _	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.1	,
Luggage		37.3	38.7	37.8	37.8	_	2.1	2.4	1.7		- 1
Handbags and personal leather goods		38.3	37.4	36.5	35.8	-	1.7	1.7	.7	,	ì
ransportation and public utilities		39.0	39.0	38.9	39.1	39.2	-	-	-	-	-
Railroad transportation:										1	
Class I railroads <sup>2</sup>	4011	42.5	42.5	41.0	43.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local and interurban passenger transit	. 41	33.0	32.7	33.1	33.5	-	-	-	-	-	
Local and suburban transportation		37.5	37.5	38.0	37.8	-	-	-	-	-	.
Intercity highway transportation		34.7	33.7	38.8	39.9	-	-	-	-	-	.
Trucking and warehousing	. 42	38.4	38.5	38.0	37.8	_	-	-	_	-	
Trucking and trucking terminals	4213	38.4	38.5	37.9	37.8	-	-	_	-	_	.
Public warehousing		37.8	38.0	38.0	i	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	41.1	38.6	41.6	40.5		-		_	_	i .

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	e weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985°
Nondurable goods—Continued	† :			:							
Printing and publishing		\$9.30	\$9.29	\$9.57	\$9.59	\$9.61	\$349.68	\$353.02	\$358.88	\$358.67	\$363.2
Newspapers		9.40	9.33	9.69			313.96	315.35	319.77	325.25	-
Periodicals	:	9.95	9.88	10.13	ı i		369.15	365.56	386.97	391.68	-
Books		8.47	8.31	8.53			334.57	329.91	336.08	334.51	-
Book publishing		7.96	8.03	8.00	8.05		305.66	309.96	308.80	306.71	-
Book printing		9.09	8.64	9.23	9.08		371.78	355.10	373.82	375.00	i -
Miscellaneous publishing		8.43	8.28	8.54	8.49		300.11	303.05	302.32	309.04	-
Commercial printing		9.52	9.57	9.88	9.95		369.38	377.06	383.34	382.08	_
Commercial printing, letterpress  Commercial printing, lithographic		9.06 9.71	9.08 9.79	9.39 10.11	9.43 10.19		347.00 377.72	349.58 388.66	359.64 393.28	359.28 390.28	] [
Manifold business forms		9.48	9.79	9.76	9.72	,	392.47	392.35	405.04	389.77	
Blankbooks and bookbinding		7.37	7.43	7.49			286.69	290.51	291.36	284.95	1 -
Printing trade services		11.39	11.35	11.54			454.46	454.00	445.44	455.51	] -
Chemicals and allied products	28	10.90	10.95	11.42	11.42	11.41	457.80	458.81	478.50	476.21	481.50
Industrial inorganic chemicals		12.10	12.12	12.61			514.25	511.46	524.58	526.25	-
Industrial inorganic chemicals, nec		12.07	12.13	12.64			516.60	513.10	530.88	531.30	-
Plastics materials and synthetics		10.88	10.94	11.50	11.61	-	462.40	463.86	488.75	492.26	-
Plastics materials and resins	2821	11.80	11.89	12.34	12.47	-	516.84	517.22	538.02	543.69	-
Organic fibers, noncellulosic	2824	10.47	10.47	11.19			439.74	439.74	473.34	475.15	-
Drugs	283	10.09	10.17	10.55			413.69	410.87	429.39	433.37	-
Pharmaceutical preparations		9.67	9.72	10.20			392.60	392.69	413.10	420.86	-
Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		9.85	9.80	10.19			406.81	400.82	416.77	413.06	-
Soap and other detergents		12.86	12.75	13.13			558.12	558.45	571.16	554.70	-
Toilet preparations		8.11	8.05	8.49			323.59	313.95	330.26	335.51	-
Polishing, sanitation, and finishing preparations		9.09	9.17	9.44			374.51	376.89	390.82	390.04	-
Paints and allied products		9.66	9.65	10.06	•		402.82	408.20	409.44	401.60	-
Industrial organic chemicals		13.08	13.23	13.69			561.13	567.57	596.88	589.02	-
Cyclic crudes and intermediates		12.47	12.63	13.14			524.99	529.20	574.22	548.42	-
Gum, wood, and industrial organic chemicals, nec		13.27	13.42	13.87			571.94	579.74	604.73	602.74	-
Agricultural chemicals Miscellaneous chemical products		10.57	10.43 9.97	10.97 10.34		1	453.45 412.00	447.45 415.75	472.81 431.18	457.87 424.50	_
Petroleum and coal products	29	13.43	13.44	13.97	14.00	13.96	584.21	585.98	597.92	593.60	597.49
Petroleum refining		14.49	14.50	15.03			634.66	638.00	647.79	645.85	-
Paving and roofing materials		9.67	9.71	10.13		:	417.74	416.56	426.47	416.48	-
Rubber and misc. plastics products	30	8.16	8.20	8.50	8.47	8.48	342.72	341.94	351.90	343.88	350.22
Tires and inner tubes	301	12.78	12.87	13.28	13.07	-	578.93	576.58	581.66	560.70	-
Rubber and plastics footwear	302	5.18	5.18	5.49	5.51	-	208.24	208.24	203.68	203.32	-
Reclaimed rubber, and rubber and plastics hose	}	}				i		:			
and belting		8.30	8.22	8.82	8.17		357.73	357.57	362.50	329.25	-
Fabricated rubber products, nec		7.86	7.89	8.19			328.55	327.44	339.07	328.80	-
Miscellaneous plastics products	. 307	7.50	7.54	7.79	7.80	-	311.25	310.65	320.17	315.12	-
Leather and leather products	. 31	5.67	5.68	5.82	5.79	5.79		205.05	211.85	209.02	213.0
Leather tanning and finishing		7.36	7.42	7.81	7.73		290.72	291.61	309.28	308.43	-
Footwear, except rubber		5.41	5.42	5.51			194.22	190.24	197.81	193.80	-
Men's footwear, except athletic		5.64	5.67			-	204.17		205.90	202.75	-
Women's footwear, except athletic		5.26	5.26	5.29		-	186.20		189.38	183.20	-
Luggage  Handbags and personal leather goods		6.60 5.42	6.43 5.41	6.56 5.59			246.18 207.59	248.84	247.97 204.04	240.79	_
Fransportation and public utilities		11.01	į		:	:	}	429.78	439.96	442.61	442.5
Railroad transportation:						!	:	1	1	1	
Class   railroads <sup>2</sup>	4011	13.38	13.21	13.42	13.87	-	568.65	561.43	550.22	596.41	-
Local and interurban passenger transit	. 41	7.56	7.55	7.63	7.59	-	249.48	246.89	252.55	254.27	_
Local and suburban transportation		8.23					308.63	307.50	301.72	301.64	-
Intercity highway transportation		11.80					409.46		444.65	444.49	-
Trucking and warehousing	. 42	10.43	10.50	10.45	10.54	_	400.51	404.25	397.10	398.41	-
Trucking and trucking terminals		10.63					408.19	411.57	402.88	405.22	-
Public warehousing		7.61					287.66	292.98	303.62	303.96	-
Pipe lines, except natural gas	46	14 46	14.72	15.64	15.21		594.31	568.19	650.62	616.01	} _

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averag	je weekly	hours			Average	overtim	e hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Ma 198
ransportation and public utilities—Continued											T
Communication	48	39.5	39.4	39.4	39.6	-	-	_	-	-	-
Telephone communication		39.9	39.7	39.9	40.2	- i	_	-	-	-	) -
Radio and television broadcasting		37.6	37.3	37.3	37.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Floatria and and anniture anning	40	41.2	41.3	41.4	41.5					_	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services		41.3	41.4	41.3	41.4		_	i	ĺ -		]
Electric services		41.1	40.6	41.2	41.4	_	-	i -	_	i -	
		41.3	41.7	42.3	41.2	_	_	ļ <u>-</u>	_	[	]
Combination utility services		41.3	41.7	41.0	40.5		_	-	-	_	
·		38.2	38.3	38.4	38.2	38.5	_	_	_	_	
/holesale trade	 	36.2	36.3	30.4	30.2	36.3	_	i -	_	_	
Durable goods	50	38.8	38.9	39.0	38.8	-	_	-	i -	-	
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment	501	38.7	38.6	38.7	38.0	-	_	-	-	-	1 .
Furniture and home furnishings		37.7	38.1	37.1	37.2		_	-	-	-	
Lumber and construction materials		38.2	38.4	38.8	38.4	-	-	_	-	) -	
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods	504	38.1	38.3	38.7	38.6	-	_		-	-	1
Metals and minerals, except petroleum		41.0	40.8	40.5	39.7	_	_	-	-	_	İ
Electrical goods		38.7	38.6	39.2	38.9	_	_	-	_	-	İ
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		38.3	38.4	38.7	38.0	_	_	_	_	i -	1
Machinery, equipment, and supplies		39.1	39.3	39.4	39.3	_	_	_	_	i _	ł
Miscellaneous durable goods		37.6	37.6	37.9	37.8	-	_	-	-	-	
Nondurable reads	<b>.</b>	37.5	37,4	37.6	37.5	_		_	_		
Nondurable goods					37.8	l .	-	_	-	_	
Paper and paper products		37.0	36.9	37.6		-	-	I -	[ _	-	i
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		37.3	37.5	37.6	37.3	-	-	ļ	i	-	1
Apparel, piece goods, and notions		36.5	36.5	35.7	35.7	-	i -	-	_	-	
Groceries and related products		37.9	38.2	38.2	38.1		-	_	-	-	i
Chemicals and allied products		39.0	38.7	39.4	39.1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Petroleum and petroleum products		38.8	38.9	39.8	39.5	-	_	-	_	-	
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages  Miscellaneous nondurable goods		35.6 37.3	35.6 36.9	35.5 37.3	35.8 37.1	_	-	_	-	_	
etail trade	ì	29.4	29.6	29.1	29.1	29.4	_	_	_	_	
	į				i		1	1	ļ	İ	1
Building materials and garden supplies		35.3	35.6	35.7	35.7	-	-	-	-	_	
Lumber and other building materials		36.2	36.9	37.4	37.4	-	-	-	-	-	
Hardware stores	525	32.5	32.6	32.5	32.5	-	j -	-	-	-	ļ
General merchandise stores		27.9	28.6	28.3	27.5	-	-	-	-	-	ļ
Department stores	531	27.8	28.5	28.2	27.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variety stores	533	27.8	28.9	28.9	28.6	-	-	-	-	-	
Misc. general merchandise stores	539	29.0	29.6	29.4	29.2	-	-	-	-	-	
Food stores	54	30.0	30.2	29.9	29.8	-	i -	-	i -	-	
Grocery stores	541	30.1	30.3	30.2	30.0	_	_	_	_	-	
Retail bakeries	546	28.0	28.1	27.6	28.4	-	-	-	-	-	
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	36.7	36.9	36.8	36.7	l _	_	_	_	_	
New and used car dealers		38.0	38.0	37.7	37.6	_	_	_	_	_	
Auto and home supply stores	553	39.1	39.5	39.6	39.2	l <u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	
Gasoline service stations		33.9	34.1	34.3	34.3	-	-	-	-	-	
Apparel and accessory stores	56	27.4	27.6	26.8	27.0	_	_	_	_	_	
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		29.9	29.8	30.9	30.7	_	_	1 -	1 -	1 -	
Women's ready-to-wear stores		26.5	26.6	25.8	26.0	_					
Family clothing stores		26.9	27.3	26.8	26.8	_	_	1 <u>-</u>	1 -	1 -	i
Shoe stores		27.3	27.1	26.1	26.4	-	_	_	_	_	
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57	33.7	33.9	33.8	22.4	1					İ
Furniture and home furnishings stores		33.8	34.1		33.4	-	-	_	_	-	
Household appliance stores		33.5	1	34.1	33.7	_	-	-	-	-	
Radio, television, and music stores		33.5	34.2	33.4 33.4	33.2	_	-	_	_	_	
	i	Ì		İ			İ		}		
Eating and drinking places3	∣58	26.0	26.1	25.0	25.3	-	-	-	-	i -	ì

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

Industry  Fransportation and public utilities—Continued Communication Telephone communication Radio and television broadcasting  Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services Gas production and distribution	481  483  49	Feb. 1984 \$11.07 11.73 9.37	Mar. 1984 \$11.07	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985°
Fransportation and public utilities—Continued Communication Telephone communication Radio and television broadcasting Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services	481  483  49	11.73	\$11.07								
Telephone communication Radio and television broadcasting  Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services	481  483  49	11.73	\$11.07								
Radio and television broadcasting	483  49		÷	\$11.61	\$11.52	-	\$437.27	\$436.16		\$456.19	-
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	0.07	11.73	12.35	12.33	-	468.03	465.68	492.77	495.67	-
Electric services		9.37	9.36	10.07	9.70	-	352.31	349.13	375.61	360.84	-
Electric services		11.93	12.00	12.60	12.65	_	491.52	495.60	521.64	524.98	_
		11.96	12.02	12.71	12.80	_	493.95	497.63	524.92	529.92	-
		10.93	10.99	11.48	11.45	_	449.22	446.19	472.98	471.74	-
Combination utility services		13.94	14.03	14.46		_	575.72	585.05	611.66		
Sanitary services		8.86	8.90	9.70	9.65	_	364.15	369.35	397.70	390.83	-
Wholesale trade	ļ	8.79	8.79	9.14	9.17	\$9.16	335.78	336.66	350.98	350.29	\$352.6
Durable goods	50	8.76	8.77	9.17	9.19	_	339.89	341.15	357.63	356.57	_
Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		8.00	8.07	8.38	8.31	_	309.60	311.50	324.31	315.78	]
Furniture and home furnishings		7.90	7.96	8.09	8.03	_	297.83	303.28	300.14	298.72	]
Lumber and construction materials		8.51	7.96 8.47	8.55	8.61	_	325.08	325.25	331.74	330.62	] -
		9.43	9.42	10.01	9.92	_	359.28	360.79	387.39	382.91	_
Sporting goods, toys, and hobby goods		9.43	9.42	9.90	9.92	_	390.32	388.42	400.95	392.24	] _
		9.10	9.52	9.61	9.61	_	352.17	351.26	376.71	373.83	
Electrical goods		8.28		8.57	8.57	_	317.12	317.57	331.66	325.66	_
Hardware, plumbing, and heating equipment		1	8.27		9.72	_	357.37	359.20	380.60	382.00	_
Machinery, equipment, and supplies  Miscellaneous durable goods		9.14 7.56	9.14 7.53		7.53	_	284.26	283.13	285.77	284.63	_
Wiscellarieous durable goods	:	7.50	7.55	7.54 	7.55	-	204.20	203.13	203.77	204.00	-
Nondurable goods	51	8.83	8.82	9.10	9.15	-	331.13	329.87	342.16	343.13	-
Paper and paper products	.!511	9.61	9.51	9.77	9.91	-	355.57	350.92	367.35	374.60	-
Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries		9.67	9.59	9.79	9.94	-	360.69	359.63	368.10	370.76	-
Apparel, piece goods, and notions	513	8.62	8.65	9.00	9.00	-	314.63	315.73	321.30	321.30	-
Groceries and related products		8.92	8.93	9.24	9.32	-	338.07	341.13	352.97	355.09	-
Chemicals and allied products		10.28	10.30	11.03	11.24	-	400.92	398.61	434.58	439.48	_
Petroleum and petroleum products	517	10.02	10.01	9.95	9.94	_	388.78	389.39	396.01	392.63	<b> </b> -
Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	1518	10.26	10.34	10.91	10.62	-	365.26	368.10	387.31	380.20	-
Miscellaneous nondurable goods	1519	7.20	7.21	7.44	7.46	-	268.56	266.05	277.51	276.77	-
Retail trade		5.89	5.89	l 5.99	6.01	6.00	173.17	174.34	174.31	174.89	176.40
Building materials and garden supplies	52	6.41	। ∣ 6.39	i 6.56	6.61	_	226.27	227.48	234.19	235.98	-
Lumber and other building materials		6.58				_	238.20	244.28	255.44	256.94	-
Hardware stores		5.64			5.75	-	183.30	182.89	185.25	186.88	-
General merchandise stores	53	5.81	5.78	5.68	। j 5.86	_	   162.10	165.31	160.74	161.15	-
Department stores		6.03					167.63	171.00	164.97	165.44	_
Variety stores		4.51	4.48			_	125.38	129.47	132.65	132.13	_
Misc. general merchandise stores		4.56		1			132.24	134.68	137.89	138.41	-
Food stores	: :54	7.68	· i 7.69	7.69	7.70	! _	230.40	232.24	229.93	229.46	l _
Grocery stores		7.96					239.60	241.49	239.49	238.50	_
Retail bakeries		5.23					146.44	147.81	145.45	151.09	-
Automotive dealers and service stations	<sup>1</sup> 55	6.93	6.99	i i 7.08	7.15	_	254.33	257.93	260.54	!   262.41	_
New and used car dealers		8.26		8.43			313.88	317.30		321.86	_
Auto and home supply stores		6.26			6.48	_	244.77	246.88	255.42	254.02	l -
Gasoline service stations		j 5.25			1	-	177.98	179.71	182.48	181.45	-
Apparel and accessory stores	56	5.07	, i 5.04	: └ 5.34	1 5.27	   _	138.92	139.10	143.11	142.29	_
Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings		5.84	1				174.62	171.95	194.05	188.19	-
Women's ready-to-wear stores		4.78		1			126.67	126.62	130.55	130.52	-
Family clothing stores		4.94	1				132.89	135.41	141.50	137.48	-
Shoe stores		5.08					138.68	136.58	135.46	137.28	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores	57		6.68	7.29	ı   7.1 <b>3</b>	! 	224.11	226.45	246.40	238 14	
		6.65			-		224.11	220.45		238.14	-
Furniture and home furnishings stores		6.93					1	1		239.27	] -
Household appliance storesRadio, television, and music stores		6.43					232.16 215.41			236.72	-
Eating and drinking places <sup>3</sup>	50	4.33		: ' 4.37	i ! 4.37		11259	11075	109.25	11056	

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry—Continued

	1972		Averaç	je weekly	hours			Averag	e overtin	ne hours	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985°	Mar. 1985
Retail trade—Continued				-							
Miscellaneous retail	59	30.7	30.6	30.6	30.8	-	-	-	_	_	-
Drug stores and proprietary stores		28.8	28.7	29.6	29.5	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores		29.1	29.0	28.2	28.7	_	-	_	\ _	-	! -
Nonstore retailers		33.0	33.8	33.8	33.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fuel and ice dealers		37.9	38.4	39.9	39.5	_	_	_	_	_	i _
Retail stores, nec		33.2	31.8	31.4	32.9		_	_		-	
rietair stores, nec		33.2	31.0	31.4	32.9	-	_	1 -	_	-	-
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>4</sup>		36.4	36.3	36.5	36.4	36.4	-	_	-	-	-
Banking	60	36.5	36.4	36.4	36.3	_	_	_	_	} _	-
Commercial and stock savings banks	602	36.5	36.3	36.4	36.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit agencies other than banks	61	36.9	36.8	37.3	37.3		_	_	_	_	_
Savings and loan associations		36.1	36.1	36.9	36.8	_		_	_	1 _	_
Personal credit institutions		37.2	37.2	37.5	37.4	l <u> </u>	_				1 _
r crooner credit institutions		37.2	37.2	57.5	37.4	-	_	! -	} _	_	-
Insurance carriers	63	37.3	37.2	37.2	37.3	_	_	l _	_	_	١ _
Life insurance		37.1	37.1	36.9	37.2	_	_		1 -	-	
Medical service and health insurance		37.9	37.8	37.8	37.7	_	_	_	-	_	i
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		37.9	37.0	37.8	37.1	_	_	_	-	-	į -
Fire, manne, and casualty insurance	033	37.2	37.1	37.2	37.1	_	-	_	-	_	-
Services		32.6	32.6	32.5	32.5	32.5	-	-	-	-	-
Hotels and other lodging places:	1	İ								1	l i
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts <sup>3</sup>	701	30.2	30.4	29.4	30.1	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-
Personal services:		İ			į		ļ		1	İ	
	704	33.5	33.5	33.7	33.8	_			1	1	ì
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services						_	_	_	-	1 -	-
Beauty shops <sup>3</sup>	/23	28.7	29.1	29.7	30.1	_	-	_	-	-	i -
Business services	73	33.5	33.6	33.3	33.3	_	_	_	_	1 _	! _
Advertising		35.7	35.8	36.1	36.1	_	_	_		1 [	1 _
		28.6	28.9	28.2	28.3	_	_		-	-	-
Services to buildings				l .		[	-	-	_	-	-
Computer and data processing services	/3/	38.6	38.3	38.3	37.6	-	_	_	_	-	-
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	37.6	37.9	37.2	37.3	-	_	_	1 -	_	-
Automotive repair shops	753	39.0	39.5	38.9	38.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous repair services		38.2	38.1	38.2	38.1	_	-	-	-	_	-
		1									1
Motion pictures		29.5	29.4	29.6	29.9	-	j -	-	-	-	-
Motion picture production and services	781	39.1	38.4	37.7	38.3	-	-	-	-	} -	-
Amusement and recreation services	79	29.4	29.4	29.3	29.6	-	-	-	-	-	j -
Health services	80	32.4	32.4	32.4	32.3	_	i -	_	_	i -	! -
Offices of physicians		31.0	30.9	30.6	30.6	_	_	_	-	-	-
Offices of dentists		28.5	28.7	28.4	28.3	<u> </u>	_	! -	! _	1 -	-
Nursing and personal care facilities		31.1	31.0	31.4	30.9	-	i -	_	-	-	
Hospitals		33.9	33.9	34.1	34.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Legal services	81	34.5	34.7	34.7	34.4	_	_	-	_	-	-
	ļ	20.5	200	20.4	20.5						1
Miscellaneous services		39.5	39.9	39.4	39.5	-	-	1 -	-	_	j -
Engineering and architectural services		39.8	40.1	40.0	39.8	-	_	-	-	-	! -
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping	893	39.9	40.4	39.1	39.9	-	-	; -	-	· -	-

C-2. Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by detailed industry-Continued

	1972		Average	hourly 6	earnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	SIC Code	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985°
Retail trade—Continued											
Miscellaneous retail		\$5.84	\$5.82	<b>\$</b> 5.95				\$178.09	\$182.07	\$184.18	i -
Drug stores and proprietary stores		5.45	5.39	5.48		-	156.96	154.69	162.21	160.78	-
Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	594	5.54	5.55	5.62	5.68	- '	161.21	160.95	158.48	163.02	-
Nonstore retailers	596	6.25	6.22	6.29	6.34	- !	206.25	210.24	212.60	209.22	ļ <b>-</b>
Fuel and ice dealers	598	8.17	8.16	8.70	8.76	- 1	309.64	313.34	347.13	346.02	-
Retail stores, nec	599	6.05	6.07	6.25	6.29	- !	200.86	193.03	196.25	206.94	i -
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>4</sup>		7.54	7.54	7.77	7.87	\$7.88	274.46	273.70	283.61	286.47	\$286.83
Banking	60	6.49	6.49	6.71	6.77	- 1	236.89	236.24	244.24	245.75	-
Commercial and stock savings banks		6.36	6.35	6.57	6.62	-	232.14	230.51	239.15	240.31	i -
Credit agencies other than banks	61	6.70	6.76	7.03	7.06	_	247.23	248.77	262.22	263.34	i -
Savings and loan associations	612	6.06	6.11;	6.45	6.47	- :	218.77	220.57	238.01	238.10	-
Personal credit institutions		6.58	6.65	6.80	6.83	· - '	244.78	247.38	255.00		-
Insurance carriers	63	8.45	8.49	8.38	8,49	! !	315.19	315.83	: : 311.74	316.68	i _
Life insurance		8,44	8.50	7.96			313.12	315.35	293.72		۱ _
Medical service and health insurance		8.16	8.16	8.44			309.26	308.45	319.03	317.43	_
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		8.48	8.51	8.66			315.46	315.72	322.15	328.34	-
Services		7.55	7.54	7.82	7.84	7.85	246.13	245.80	254.15	254.80	255.13
Hotels and other lodging places:		!	ļ			· .		! }	!	I	i
Hotels, motels, and tourist courts <sup>3</sup>	701	5.40	5.39	5.65	5.64	- !	163.08	163.86	166.11	169.76	j -
Personal services:	į	'	i		;				į	ı	
Laundry, cleaning, and garment services	721	5.53	5.54	5.71	5.71	i	185.26	185.59	192.43	193.00	i _
Beauty shops <sup>3</sup>		5.47	5.61	5.70		-	156.99	163.25	169.29	175.78	i –
Business services	72	7.02	7 70	8.06	0.11			261.74	268.40	270.06	ļ
		7.83	i			· -	262.31 363.78		376.52	383.38	-
Advertising		10.19	10.23	10.43							
Services to buildings		6.18	6.11	6.16	6.22 10.74	-	176.75 402.98		173.71 407.51	176.03	-
Computer and data processing services	j/3/	10.44	10.41	10.64	10.74	;	402.98	: 398.70 i	1 407.51	1 403.02	i -
Auto repair, services, and garages	75	7.07	7.06	7.32	7.26	' - '	265.83	267.57	272.30	270.80	i -
Automotive repair shops		7.68	7.64	7.91	7.92	_ :	299.52	301.78	307.70	306.50	-
Miscellaneous repair services	76	8.70	8.77	8.72	8.73	-	332.34	334.14	333.10	332.61	
Motion pictures	78	11.88	12.45	11.98	12.26	i _ !	350.46	366.03	354.61	: 366.57	! -
Motion picture production and services		15.88	16.91	16.25			620.91		612.63		<u> </u>
Amusement and recreation services	79	6.67	6.68	7.14	6.88	: i - ;	196.10	196.39	209.20	203.65	_
Health services	<sub>:</sub> 80	7.64	7.64	7.98	8.01	_	247.54	: : 247.54	258.55	258.72	<u> </u>
Offices of physicians		7.42		7.84			230.02		239.90	241.74	i -
Offices of dentists		7.24	7.27	7.58			206.34		215.27	216.21	-
Nursing and personal care facilities		5.35	5.35				166.39		173.64	170.57	_
Hospitals		8.42		8.88	1	,	285.44		302.81		
Legal services	81	9.53	9.51	10.12	10.27	_	328.79	330.00	: : 351.16	353.29	-
Miscellaneous services	89	10.89	10.81	11.34	. 11.39	· · -	430.16	431.32	446.80	449.91	_
Engineering and architectural services		11.87	11.78 <sup>†</sup>	12.36		, - i		472.38		497.10	ı -

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

### division.

P = preliminary. NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

insurance, and real estate; and services.

Beginning in January 1978, data relate to line haul railroads with operating revenues of \$50,000,000 or more.

Money payments only; tips, not included.

Data for nonoffice sales agents are excluded from all series in this

<sup>-</sup> Data not available.

#### C-3. Average hourly earnings, excluding overtime' of production workers on manufacturing payrolls

Industry	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>9</sup>		Mar. 1985°
						-
fanufacturing	\$8.70	\$8.73	\$9.06	\$9.06		\$9.09
Durable goods	9.23	9.25	9.57	9.57		9.60
Lumber and wood products	7.59	7.57	7.78	7.79		(²)
Furniture and fixtures	6.55	6.56	6.84	6.83	,	(²)
Stone, clay, and glass products	8.92	8.93	9.25	9.23		(²)
Primary metal industries	10.95	10.92	11.02	11.13		(²)
Fabricated metal products	8.93	8.93	9.19	9.18		(²)
Machinery, except electrical	9.45	9.47	9.72	9.72	:	(²)
Electrical and electronic equipment	8.53	8.55	8.98	8.96		(²)
Transportation equipment	11.39	11.46	11.93	11.92		(²)
Instruments and related products	8.42	8.45	8.70	8.80		(²)
Miscellaneous manufacturing;	6.79	6.77	7.04	7,00		(²)
Nondurable goods	7.93	7.95	8.30	8.31		\$8.33
Food and kindred products	8.04	8.05	8.15	8.20	:	(²)
Tobacco manufactures	11.02	11,17	11.05	11.46		(²)
Textile mill products	6.13	6.14	6.37	6.38	- 1	(²)
Apparel and other textile products	5.35	5.36	5.62	5.58		(²)
Paper and allied products	9.69	9.71	10.12	10.14		( <sup>2</sup> )
Printing and publishing	8.98	8.94	9.26	9.28		(²)
Chemicals and allied products	10.47	10.51	. 11.00	11.00		(²)
Petroleum and coal products	12.85	12.82	13.41	13.41		(²)
Rubber and misc. plastics products	7.78	7.82	8.16	8.13		(²)
Leather and leather products	5.56	5.57	5.73	5.70	1	(²)

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

C-4. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers'on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry, in current and constant (1977) dollars.

		Average	hourly e	arnings			Average	weekly e	earnings	
Industry	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985°	Feb. 1984	Mar. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1985°
Total private:				-	•	•	,			•
Current dollars	\$8.24	\$8.24	\$8.50	\$8.52	\$8.53	\$288.40	\$288.40	\$295.80	\$295.64	
Constant (1977) dollars	4.93	4.93	4.93	4.92	(²)	172.59	172.59	171.78	170.99	(²)
Mining:		;								
Current dollars	11.49	11.60	11.79	11.85	\$11.82	492.92	496.48	506.97	508.37	\$511.81
Constant (1977) dollars	6.88	6.94	6.83			294.99	297.12	294.41	294.03	(²)
Construction:										
Current dollars	11.99	11.97	12.22	12.26	\$12.20	443.63	439.30	444.81	446.26	\$455.06
Constant (1977) dollars	7.18	7.16	7.08	7.07	(²)	265.49	262.90	258.31	258.10	(²)
Manufacturing:								,		
Current dollars	9.06	9.09	9.42	9.42	\$9.44	368.74	369.96	379.63	373.97	\$380.43
Constant (1977) dollars	5.42	5.44	5.47	5.45	(²)	220.67	221.40	220.46	216.29	(²)
Transportation and public utilities:										
Current dollars	11.01	11.02	11.31	11.32	\$11.29	429.39	429.78	439.96	442.61	\$442.57
Constant (1977) dollars	6.59	6.60	6.58	6.55	(²)	256.97	257.20	255.49	255.99	(²)
Wholesale trade:										
Current dollars	8.79	8.79	9.14	9.17	\$9.16	335.78	336.66	350.98	350.29	\$352.66
Constant (1977) dollars	5.26	5.26	5.31	5.31	(²)	•	201.47	203.82	202.60	(²)
Retail trade:										
Current dollars	5.89	5.89	5.99	6.01	\$6.00	173.17	174.34	174.31	174.89	\$176.40
Constant (1977) dollars	3.53	3.52	3.46	3.46	(²)	-	104.33	101.23	101.15	(²)
Finance, insurance, and real estate:										
Current dollars	7.54	7.54	7.77	7.87	\$7.88	274.46	273.70	283.61	286.47	\$286.83
Constant (1977) dollars	4.51	4.51	4.52	4.53	(²)	164.25	163.79	164.70	165.69	(²)
Services:		,			•	•				
Current dollars	7.55	7.54	7.82	7.84	\$7.85	246.13	245.80	254.15	254.80	\$255.10
Constant (1977) dollars	4.52	4.51	4.54	4.54	(²)	147.30	147.10	147.59	147.37	(²)

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate the earnings series. Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all unadjusted data from April 1983 forward are subject to revision.

Not available.

p preliminary.

Not available.

preliminary.

C-5. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers' on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

					19	84					l I	1985	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. <sup>p</sup>	Mar. <sup>p</sup>
Total private	35.3	35.4	35.3	35.3	35.2	35.2	35.4	35.1	35.2	35.3	35.2	35.0	35.1
Mining	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Construction	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Manufacturing	40.7	41.1	40.6	40.6	40.5	40.5	40.6	40.4	40.5	40.7	40.6	39.9	40.4
Overtime hours	3.5	3.7	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3
Durable goods	41.4	41.8	41.3	41.2	41.2	41.2	41.5	41.3	41.2	41.4	41.4	40.5	41.0
Overtime hours	3.7	4.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5
Lumber and wood products	40.1	40.4	39.6	39.4	39.3	39.4	40.2	39.7	39.5	40.0	40.0	38.8	39.3
Furniture and fixtures	39.6	39.7	39.7	39.1	39.8	39.1	39.9	39.6	39.8	39.6	40.5	39.4	39.3
Stone, clay, and glass products	41.9	42.3	42.1	41.8	41.9	41.7	42.0	41.8	41.8	41.7	41.6	41.2	41.9
Primary metal industries	41.8	42.2	42.1	41.7	41.5	41.0	41.3	41.3	41.5	41.2	41.0	40.9	41.0
Blast furnaces and basic steel products	41.2	41.0	41.6	41.1	39.9	39.6	40.0	40.1	40.8	39.7	39.7	40.8	40.9
Fabricated metal products	41.3	41.8	41.4	41.3	41.3	41.1	41.5	41.3	41.1	41.4	41.4	40.5	41.1
Machinery, except electrical	41.9	42.3	41.9	42.0	41.8	42.0	42.0	41.9	41.7	41.8	41.7	41.0	41.4
Electrical and electronic equipment	41.0	41.3	41.0	40.8	40.8	40.9	41.2	40.9	41.0	41.0	40.8	40.0	40.6
Transportation equipment	42.9	43.5	42.4	42.3	42.2	42.4	42.8	42.4	42.4	43.0	43.3	41.7	42.6
Motor vehicles and equipment	44.4	44.8	42.9	43.1	42.4	43.3	43.9	43.3	43.4	44.4	44.6	42.1	43.9
Instruments and related products	41.1	41.4	40.7	41.3	41.3	41.1	41.5	41.2	41.5	41.8	41.2	40.5	41.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(2)
Nondurable goods	39.8	40.2	39.6	39.6	39.4	39.5	39.4	39.3	39.4	39.6	39.5	39.1	39.5
Overtime hours		3.4	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.9	3.0
Food and kindred products		40.1	39.7	39.8	39.5	39.7	39.6	39.6	39.7	40.1	39.8	39.5	39.9
Tobacco manufactures		(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Textile mill products		41.2	40.0	40.0	39.8	39.4	39.2	38.7	39.0	39.2	39.3	38.7	39.0
Apparel and other textile products		37.4	36.5	36.4	35.8	36.0	35.9	35.9	36.0	36.4	36.2	35.6	36.0
Paper and allied products	43.0	43.2	43.1	42.9	43.3	43.1	43.1	43.0	43.2	43.1	43.1	42.7	43.1
Printing and publishing		38.2	38.0	37.7	37.7	37.8	37.9	37.8	37.9	37.7	37.9	37.7	37.7
Chemicals and allied products	42.0	42.0	41.8	41.9	41.9	42.0	41.8	41.6	41.7	41.9	42.0	41.8	42.3
Petroleum and coal products	44.7	43.7	43.5	43.1	43.2	43.9	43.1	43.5	43.5	42.9	43.4	43.4	43.9
Rubber and misc. plastics products	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(2)	(²)	(2)	(²)
Leather and leather products	36.7	37.5	36.5	36.7	37.0	36.0	36.5	36.4	36,4	36.9	37.0	36.5	37.4
Transportation and public utilities	39.2	39.5	39.4	39.6	39.8	39.4	39.8	39.1	39.4	39.2	39.2	39.4	39.4
Wholesale trade	38.5	38.7	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.7	38.8	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.5	38.7
Retail trade	30.1	30.0	30.1	30.2	29.9	29.9	30.0	29.8	29.9	30.1	29.8	29.7	29.8
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(²)	(²)	(*)	(²)	!   (°)	(²)	(²)	(²)	<b>(</b> ²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Services	32.8	32.8	32.7	32.7	32.7	32.6	32.8	32.7	32.7	32.8	32.7	32.7	32.7

Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance,

insurance and real estate; and services.

These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

# C-6. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers ¹ on private nonagricultural payrolls by major industry and manufacturing group, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

Industra.					19	84				j		1985	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. <sup>p</sup>	Mar. <sup>p</sup>
Total private	110.9	112.0	112.0	112.7	112.6	112.7	113.4	113.2	114.0	114.6	114.6	114.2	115.0
Goods-producing	98.1	100.1	99.5	99.9	99.9	100.1	100.0	99.7	100.2	100.9	101.2	99.2	100.6
Mining	111.7	114.7	115.5	117.1	116.2	118.0	119.2	115.8	117.1	116.5	113.5	114.5	115.3
Construction	107.7	112.6	113.7	116.4	115.3	115.6	117.2	116.2	118.1	118.7	121.5	119.5	124.1
Manufacturing	95.7	97.0	96.0	96.0	96.1	96.2	95.8	95.7	95.9	96.8	96.7	94.5	95.4
Durable goods  Lumber and wood products  Furniture and fixtures  Stone, clay, and glass products  Primary metal industries  Blast furnaces and basic steel products  Adchinery, except electrical  Electrical and electronic equipment  Transportation equipment  Motor vehicles and equipment  Instruments and related products  Miscellaneous manufacturing  Nondurable goods  Food and kindred products  Tobacco manufactures  Textile mill products  Apparel and other textile products  Paper and allied products	93.3 112.2 95.5 91.8 108.8 85.8 97.4 97.1 87.6 84.5 94.2	95.8 98.6 103.1 89.2 74.1 62.3 91.5 95.2 113.6 96.8 91.8 109.3 86.5 98.8 98.7 93.4 85.7 99.6 7	95.0 96.1 102.5 89.0 74.8 63.7 91.3 95.3 113.2 94.1 86.3 107.7 85.3 97.4 97.7 92.0 82.7 99.3	95.1 95.8 101.5 88.6 73.9 62.7 91.8 96.5 112.8 94.4 109.6 84.8 97.2 92.0 82.3 92.5	95.5 95.1 103.6 88.8 73.0 60.4 92.6 97.0 113.7 94.9 86.7 109.9 85.4 96.9 98.0 88.7 81.1 90.7	96.0 95.0 101.3 88.0 72.0 58.1 114.9 97.8 93.1 108.5 85.5 96.5 97.5 88.6 79.9 90.8	96.0 96.4 102.5 88.4 71.1 56.9 92.7 97.3 115.3 96.8 89.8 109.6 86.1 95.6 93.8 78.7 89.2	95.9 96.2 103.1 88.2 71.4 56.3 92.8 97.9 114.7 95.8 88.4 109.3 86.3 95.5 97.0 95.6 76.7 89.0	95.9 95.9 105.5 88.4 71.6 57.3 92.8 96.9 115.0 96.1 89.7 110.7 85.8 97.5 92.4 76.7 89.2 99.8	96.9 97.8 105.5 89.1 70.7 55.3 93.8 97.4 114.9 99.9 97.0 111.2 86.2 96.6 93.0 76.8 90.9 99.9	96.8 97.8 108.1 89.1 70.4 55.3 93.4 96.6 114.1 101.6 98.8 109.3 84.9 96.5 99.1 92.8 77.3 90.2	94.1 93.6 104.9 87.1 69.8 56.1 91.2 94.8 110.9 96.5 90.7 108.0 82.9 95.2 97.9 93.5 75.0 88.2 99.9	98.8 88.9 75.2 89.0
Printing and publishing	114.6 96.1 88.4	99.6 116.6 96.2 86.5 113.8	99.3 116.6 95.6 86.1 113.1 78.3	99.5 116.3 96.1 84.5 113.5 77.8	100.6 117.1 96.3 84.7 113.4 78.9	117.4 96.7 86.1 112.7 73.7	95.9 117.8 95.9 84.5 112.2 72.9	99.5 118.2 95.5 85.3 112.9 72.2	95.4 95.4 85.3 114.5 71.8	95.8 95.8 83.4 114.9 72.3	119.1 95.9 85.1 114.4 71.1	95.3 95.3 85.9 112.2 69.7	119.1 96.6 87.6
Service-producing	117.9	118.6	119.0	119.7	119.7	119.7	120.8	120.7	121.6	122.1	•	122.4	123.0
Transportation and public utilities		104.4	104.3	105.2	106.1	105.7	106.8	105.2	106.1	106.1	106.2	107.1	106.9
Wholesale trade	112.5	113.3	113.5	113.7	! . 114.4	: : 114.9	116.1	116.2	116.3	116.8	117.4	j. 117.1	118.3
Retail trade	109.9	110.3	111.1	111.9	111.0	! j 111.1	111.7	111.8	113.6	114.1	113.4	113.4	113.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate	122.2	123.1	123.1	124.0		124.2	125.4	125.1	125.4	126.6	126.0	126.0	126.8
Services	:	131.4	131.7	132.4	!	132.4	134.1	134.2	: 134.8	135.4	! ; 135.7	136.5	137.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and services.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

C-7. The Hourly Earnings Index and average hourly and weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers 'on private nonagricultural payrolls, seasonally adjusted

Industry.		_			19	84						1985	
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. <sup>p</sup>	Mar.
					Hou	rly Earnir	ngs Index	²(1977=	100)				
Total private (in current dollars)	159.1	159.9	159.6	160.3	160.8	160.6	161.6	161.3	162.0	163.1	162.8	163.8	164.4
Mining	(³)	(3)	(3)	(3)	ල	(3)	(³)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Construction	146.3	146.6	147.0	147.1	146.6	146.6	146.8	146.3	146.5	147.5	148.0	149.5	149.8
Manufacturing	161.2	161.6	162.0	162.3	162.9	163.3	163.4	163.8	164.5	165.1	165.9	166.6	167.3
Transportation and public utilities	160.9	161.3	160.9	162.1	162.6	161.9	163.0	163.0	163.1	164.3	163.4	164.7	165.2
Wholesale trade	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(3)	(³)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Retail trade	153.2	153.7	153.4	153.8	154.0	153.6	154.0	153.9	155.1	155.4	154.8	155.8	156.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	(°)	(³)	(³)	ල	(³)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Services	160.8	162.3	161.4	162.5	163.4	162.8	164.7	164.0	164.8	166.6	164.8	165.9	167.0
Total private (in constant dollars)4	95.0	95.3	94.8	94.1	95.1	94.1	94.2	94.0	94.4	94.7	94.4	94.6	( <sup>5</sup> )
		l	<b>!</b> ·	<b>!</b>	-	Average	hourly e	arnings				-	+
Total private	\$8.25	\$8.31	\$8.29	\$8.33	\$8.35	\$8.34	\$8.40	\$8.38	\$8.42	\$8.47	\$8.45	\$8.50	\$8.54
Mining	(³)	(3)	(3)	(³)	(3)	(3)	(³)	(3)	(3)	(³)	(³)	(3)	(3)
Construction		\$12.03	\$12.07	\$12.07	\$12.04	\$12.05	\$12.05	\$12.02	\$12.03	\$12.11	\$12.11	\$12.22	\$12.19
Manufacturing	9.09	9.11	9.12	9.15	9.17	9.20	9.22	9.25	9.30	9.33	9.37	9.42	9.44
Transportation and public utilities	11.08	11.11	11.09	11.16	11.22	11.16	11.23	11.20	11.21	11.27	11.24	11.31	11.35
Wholesale trade	8.82	8.88	8.85	8.94	8.98	8.97	9.05	9.00	9.08	9.18	9.07	9.14	9.19
Retail trade	5.87	5.89	5.87	5.89	5.89	5.88	5.90	5.89	5.94	5.94	5.94	5.96	5.98
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7.54	7.62	7.53	7.61	7.64	7.57	7.78	7.68	7.71	7.82	7.71	7.81	7.53
Services	7.52	7.60	7.56	7.59	7.64	7.62	7.69	7.67	7.72	7.79	7.73	7.79	7.83
				L	·	Average	weekly	earnings	L				1.
		Γ	Ī			ı – –	г <u>-</u> -	T	Ţ	Ī			1
Total private:													
													1 000 7
In current dollarsIn constant (1977) dollars	291.23 173.97			294.05 174.51		293.57 171.98	297.36 173.29	294.14 171.31	296.38 172.62				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data relate to production workers in mining and manufacturing; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate: and services.

components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.

<sup>4</sup> The Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) is used to deflate these series.

NOTÉ: Establishment survey estimates are currently projected from March 1983 benchmark levels. When more recent benchmark data are introduced, all seasonally adjusted data from January 1980 forward are subject to revision.

insurance and real estate; and services.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes the effects of two types of changes that are unrelated to underlying wage rate movements: Fluctuations in overtime in manufacturing and interindustry employment shifts.

<sup>3</sup> These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the

These series are not published seasonally adjusted because the seasonal components are small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Not available.

p = preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas

	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly e	arnings
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Alabama	40.9	40.2	39.0	\$7.81	\$8.35	\$8.43	\$319.43	\$335.67	\$328.77
Birmingham		39.8	37.8	8.11	8.45	8.65	326.83	336.31	326.97
Mobile		42.2	43.7	9.82	9.92	10.09		418.62	
	1 050								
Naska	35.3	33.5	34.5	14.58	14.52	13.98	514.67	486.42	482.31
Arizona		40.3	40.7	9.19 <sup>[</sup>	9.55	9.58	374.95		
Phoenix		(')	(')	()	(') :			(')	, (¹)
Tucson	<sub>¦</sub> (')	(')	(¹)	(¹) '	(1)	(')	. (')	(')	. (1)
Arkansas	40.3	40.3	40.2	7.22	7.46	7.48	290.97	300.64	300.70
Fayetteville-Springdale	39.5	38.6	39.9	6.18	6.49	6.45	244.11	250.51	257.30
Fort Smith	40.1	39.9	40.3	7.57	7.77	7.85	303.56	310.02	316.36
Little Rock-North Little Rock	40.1	40.9	40.9	7.84	8.16	8.20	314.38	333.74	335.38
Pine Bluff	41.9	40.8	41.4	9.06	9.27	9.16	379.61	378.22	379.22
California	40.1	40.0	39.8	9.61	9.99	9.98	385.36	399.60	397.20
Colorado	39.6	41.6	41.4	9.20	0.25	0.25	364.32	200.00	207.00
Denver-Boulder		41.6 41.6	41.4		9.35 9.75	9.35 9.74	383.90	388.96 405.60	387.09 403.24
Connecticut		42.4	42.3		9.47		387.60	401.53	400.5
Bridgeport-Milford		41.6	41.4	9.50	10.07	10.09	404.70	418.91	417.7
Hartford		42.7	42.5	9.68	10.00	9.91	410.43	427.00	421.1
New Britain		42.3	42.0	9.31	9.78	9.55	387.30	413.69	401.10
New Haven-Meriden		41.1	41.6	9.06	9.10	9.04	371.46	374.01	376.0
Stamford		42.7 43.8	42.6 43.5	8.85 7.80	9.20 7.81	9.20 7.89	361.08 349.44	392.84 342.08	391.92
•			l				0.0,		. 0.0,22
Pelaware		41.8 42.3	39.7 39.8	9.30 10.39	9.97 11.47	9.75 11.25	386.88 443.65	416.75 485.18	387.08 447.75
**************************************	42.1	42.3	39.0	10.39	11.47	11.23	443.03	, 405.10	447.73
District of Columbia: Washington MSA	37,7	38.0	37.1	9.92	10,64	10.43	373.98	404.32	386.95
***asimilyton won	; 37.7	36.0	37.1	3.32	10,04	10.43	373.30	+04.32	300.5
lorida		41.1	41.1		7.78	7.75	312.16	319.76	318.50
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		42.0	42.2	7.12 '	7.45	7.62	291.92	. 312.90	321.56
Jacksonville		41.6	39.7		8.20	7.86	321.18	341.12	
Lakeland-Winter Haven		41.7	42.3	7.46	7.76	7.64	315.56	323.59	323.17
Miami-Hialeah		39.0	39.8	6.42	6.85	6.77	254.23	267.15	269.4
Orlando		42.4	42.0	7.85	8.18	8.17	333.63		343.14
Pensacola		46.4	45.9	9.06	9.35	9.36	395.02	433.84	429.62
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach		41.3 41.8	41.0 43.7	7.48 7.65	7.69 8.12	7.62 8.05	313.41	317.60 339.42	1 312.42 351.79
West Fain Deach-Doca Haton-Denay Beach	40.0	41.0	. 40.7	7.05	0.12	0.03	333.34	333.42	331.73
Georgia		40.7	39.6		7.89	7.89	300.03	321.12	312.4
Atlanta		40.7 42.0	38.9 41.9	8.52 9.45	9.02 10.09	9.24 10.06	346.76 397.85	367.11 423.78	359.44 421.5
		72.0	41.0	0.40	10.05	10.00	007.00	420.70	721.0
Honolulu		35.6 36.6	36.4 37.3	8.51 8.55	8.52 8.60	8.51 8.57	324.23 323.19	303.31 314.76	309.76 319.66
			i						
daho		37.9	36.6	9.09	9.26	9.33	338.15	350.95	341.48
Ilinois Aurora-Elgin		40.4	39.6	9.96	10.25	10.25	406.37	414.10	405.90
•		39.6	39.6 40.0	9.83	9.81	10.00	368.63	388.48	396.0
Bloomington-Normal		39.3 39.3	38.9	9.52 9.36	10.50	10.54	372.23 365.98	412.65	421.6 364.1
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul		40.8	40.4	9.36	9.28	9.36		364.70 411.67	
Chicago					10.09	10.09	401.23	411.67	407.6
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline		41.1	40.6	12.26	12.01	12.04	476.91	493.61	488.8
Decatur		41.3	39.8	12.73	13.14	13.21	473.56	542.68	525.7
Joilet		39.6	39.1	10.74	11.16	10.79	440.34	441.94	421.8
Kankakee		37.9	38.6	7.53	9.40	9.56	266.56	356.26	369.0
Lake County		40.1	39.3	9 30	9.70	9.67	372.00	388.97	380.0
Peoria		44.4	40.7	12.20	12.68	12.58	466.04	562.99	512.0
Rockford	41.4	42.0	42.0	9.81	10.42	10.45	406.13	437.64	438.9
Springfield	39.3	41.7	40.0	11.19	11.75	11.89	439.77	489.98	475.6

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Averaç	ge weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly	earnings
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
indiana	41.9	41.4	36.6	\$10.42	\$10.61	\$10.81	\$436.60	\$439.25	\$395.6
Gary-Hammond	41.5	41.0	40.4	13.46	13.39	13.62	558.59	548.99	550.2
Indianapolis	41.9	41.8	40.1	10.43	10.98	11.16	437.02	458.96	447.52
lowa	39.9	40.3	39.6	10.21	10.20	10.21	407.38	411.06	404.3
Cedar Rapids	41.5	42.0	40.5	10.70	11.04	11.22	444.05	463.68	454.4
Des Moines	40.1	40.3	39.7	12.05	11.87	11.92	483.21	478.36	473.2
Dubuque	40.5	39.2	39.9	10.94	11.42	11.50	443.07	447.66	458.8
Sioux City	36.2	37.6	35.9	8.65	8.16	8.22	313.13	306.82	295.10
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	40.3	40.2	(')	12.91	12.99	(')	520.27	522.20	(1)
Cansas	40.2	38.2	38.5	9.42	9.35	9.28	378.68	357.17	357.2
Topeka	40.0	41.8	41.8	9.51	10.24	9.97	380.40	428.03	416.7
Wichita	41.6	37.8	38.3	10.23	9.82	9.92	425.57	371.20	379.94
Kentucky	39.0	38.6	(')	9.16	9.38	(¹)	357.24	362.07	(')
Lexington-Fayette	39.6	39.9	36.3	9.67	9.80	10.01	382.93	391.02	393.39
Louisville	40.1	40.0	39.7	10.40	10.59	\$10.63	417.04	423.60	\$422.01
Louisiana	41.7	41.2	41.5	9.98	10.28	10.22	416.17	423.54	424.13
Baton Rouge	42.2	43.6	40.9	11.72	12.54	11.88	494.58	546.74	485.89
New Orleans	42.2	40.8	40.8	10.44	10.49	10.33	440.57	427.99	421.46
Shreveport	43.7	41.6	41.4	9.86	10.29	10.36	430.88	428.06	428.90
Maine	40.2	40.0	39.3	7.82	8.35	8.44	314.36	334.00	331.69
Lewiston-Auburn	38.8	38.2	37.7	6.35	6.79	6.80	246.38	259.38	256.36
Portland	39.3	39.4	38.4	7.58	8.55	8.60	297.89	336.87	330.24
Maryland	40.7	40.7	40.0	9.30		9.84	378.51	402.12	393.60
Baltimore MSA	41.4	41.1	40.9	9.82	10.15	10.15	406.55	417.17	415.14
Massachusetts	40.7	39.4	(')	8.29	8.84	(')	337.40	348.30	(¹)
Boston	39.9	39.6	(¹)	8.99	9.46	(')	358.70	374.62	(')
Brockton	39.9	37.8	(¹)	6.45	6.91	. (')	257.36	261.20	(¹)
Fall River	37.8	35.0	(¹)	6.68	6.97	(')	252.50	243.95	(1)
Lawrence-Haverhill	40.1	40.2	(¹)	8.48	8.54		340.05	343.31	(')
Lowell	40.0	42.9	(')	7.79	8.13	(')	311.60	348.78	()
New Bedford	39.6	40.0	(')	7.37	7.78	()	291.85	311.20	(')
Springfield	41.9 40.4	41.3 40.5	(') (')	8.38 8.54	8.74 8.79	(') (')	351.12 345.02	360.96 356.00	(') (')
100000	40.4	40.0	( )	0.04	. 0.70	( )	043.02	000.00	( )
Michigan	43.4	43.8	41.6	11.95	12.65	12.68	518.63	554.07	527.49
Ann Arbor	45.1	45.9	44.7	12.58	13.75	13.32	567.36	631.12	595.40
Battle Creek	41.3	42.4	41.2	12.09	13.10	12.72	499.21	555.44	524.06
Detroit	43.6	44.0	42.5		13.24	13.32	550.67	582.56	566.10 698.26
Grand Rapids	47.0 { 42.5	46.8 42.1	46.8 40.3	13.76 10.20	14.89 10.71	14.92 10.64	646.63 433.50	696.85 450.89	428.79
Jackson	42.0	43.2	41.1	9.82	9.84	10.04	412.44	425.09	411.41
Kalamazoo	42.1	43.5	41.3		11.80	11.74	477.22	513.30	484.86
Lansing-East Lansing	44.3	46.2	41.1			14.37	594.31	682.84	590.61
Muskegon	41.0	41.4	39.8	10.77	11.27	11.19	441.59	466.58	445.36
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	44.9	44.1		14.38	13.81	14.09	646.18	609.02	598.82
Minnesota	40.3	40.2	40.0	9.72	9.91	9.96	391.72	398.38	398.40
Duluth	38.8	37.5	37.3	10.41	10.46	10.43	403.91	392.25	389.04
Minneapolis-St. Paul	40.9	40.2	40.4	10.37	10.58	10.63	424.13	425.32	429.45
St. Cloud	37.3	41.3		8.62	9.33	9.22	321.53	385.33	380.79
Mississippi	40.7	40.8	40.9	6.91	7.15	7.24	281.24	291.72	296.12
Jackson	40.5	41.1	41.1	7.71	8.06	8.11	312.26	331.27	333.32
Missouri	40.4	39.7	39.3	9.08	9.50	9.51	366.83	377.15	373.74
Kansas City	41.5 <sup>!</sup>	41.4	41.2	10.36	10.87	10.74	429.94	450.02	442.49
St. Joseph	38.4	40.2	39.3	8.07	8.46	8.39	309.89	340.09	329.73
St. Louis	41.1	40.0	39.1	10.40	11.08	11.07	427.44	443.20	432.84
Springfield	39.5	39.9	38.7	8.16	8.39	8.37	322.32	334.76	323.92
Montana	39.3	38.1	38.4	10.76	10.89	10.78			

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly e	arnings
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Nebraska	40.4	40.3	39.4	\$8.84	\$8.94	\$8.92	\$357.14	\$360.28	\$351.4
Lincoln		40.1	40.3	9.28	9.28	9.46	376.77	372.13	381.2
Omaha		40.2	39.3	9.25	9.31	9.20	374.63	374.26	361.5
Januaria.	40.1	40.5	20.2	0.04	0.04		050.40	000.07	
Nevada Las Vegas		39.7	38.3 39.1	8.94 11.06	8.94 11.41	9.33 11.40	358.49 430.23	362.07 452.98	357.3 445.7
New Hampshire	40.9	41.1	40.5	7.66	8.08	8.14	! 313.29	332.09	329.6
Manchester		39.5	39.6	7.34	7.89	7.99	290.66	311.66	316.4
Nashua		41.2		9.05	9.56	9.80	382.82	393.87	397.8
New Jersey	41.4	41.1	41.1	9.40	9.76	9.75	389.16	401.14	400.7
Atlantic City		37.5	38.1	8.48	8.51	8.46	305.28	319.13	322.3
Bergen-Passaic		42.0	42.0	8.72	9.32	9.36	361.01	391.44	
Camden		40.8	40.6	9.44	9.77	9.70	383.26	398.62	393.8
Hackensack		(')	(')	8.37	(')	; (')	341.50	(')	(')
Jersey City		40.4	40.0	8.96	8.86	8.87	358.40	357.94	354.8
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		42.4	42.9	10.14	10.53		431.96	446.47	454.0
Newark		41.7	41.8	9.15	9.60	9.57	381.56	400.32	400.0
Trenton		38.5	38.7	8.98	9.43	9.68	356.51	363.06	374.0
ew Mexico	39.8	39.3	: : 38.9	7.87	8.39	8.13	313.23	329.73	316.2
Albuquerque		39.5	39.3	7.72	8.07		297.99	318.77	319.5
lew York	39.9	39.7	39.8	9.15	9.61	9.59	365.09	381.52	381.6
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		39.6	39.5	9.12		9.38		375.80	370.
Binghamton		40.8	40.4	8.20	8.34	8.45		340.27	341.
Buffalo		41.6	41.6	(')	12.02	11.99	(¹)	500.03	498.
Elmira		40.0	40.9	8.93	9.02	8.89	363.45	360.80	363.
Glens Falls		38.8	39.7	9.20	9.54	9.59	368.00	370.15	380.
Monroe County		43.5	43.3	11.86	12.58	12.65	504.05	547.23	547.
Nassau-Suffolk		39.8	41.0	9,11	9.14	9.26	373.51	363.77	379.0
New York PMSA		37.1	37.4	8.27	8.64	8.73	306.82	320.54	326.
New York City		36.7	37.0	8.17	8.53	8.61	299.84	313.05	318.
Niagara Falls		42.4	42.3	; (¹)	12.49	12.29	· (¹)	529.58	519.8
Orange County		38.9	38.5	! ( <del>'</del> )	7.14	7.14	. В	277.75	274.
Poughkeepsie		42.4	42.5	8.74	8.67	8.63	381.94	367.61	366.
Rochester		42.8	42.7	11.14	11.75	11.85	471.22	502.90	506.
Rockland County		41.0	40.8	9.37	9.57		379.49	392.37	392.
Syracuse		41.6	41.4	10.27	10.77	10.78	430.31	448.03	446.
Utica-Rome		41.2	40.7	8.32	8.74	8.63	345.28	360.09	351.
Westchester County		39.2		8.74	9.34	9.39	346.98	366.13	370.
lorth Carolina	39.8	39.2	39.0	6.92	7.16	7.19	275.42	280.67	280.
Asheville		40.6	38.2	6.99	7.32	7.42	281.70	297.19	283.
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		39.4	39.0	7.00	7.20	7.23	279.30	283.68	281.
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		38.9	39.8	7.51	7.83	7.83	289.89	304.59	311.
Raleigh-Durham		41.1	41.0	7.95	8.18	8.26	320.39	336.20	338.
lorth Dakota	38.6	38.5	38.4	7.77	7.98	8.01	299.92	307.23	307.
Fargo-Moorhead	37.5	38.4	37.8	8.25	8.12	8.05	309.38	311.81	304.
Phio	42.4	42.3	40.2	10.83	11.30	11.39	459.19	477.99	457.8
Akron	43.8	44.1	43.5	10.68	10.89	10.89	467.78	480.25	473.
Canton	40.8	40.1	40.1	10.82	10.84	10.82	441.46	434.68	433.
Cincinnati	41.4	42.3	39.7	10.38	10.87	10.84	429.73	459.80	430.
Cleveland	42.2	42.2	41.5	10.78	11.20	11.13	454.92	472.64	461.
Columbus	40.1	40.3	38.7	10.42	10.64	10.80	417.84	428.79	417.
Dayton-Springfield	42.7	43.4	41.2	11.00	11.75	11.91	469.70	509.95	490.
Toledo		43.4 44.0	42.1 42.5	11.50 12.60	12.20	12.27	496.80 549.36	529.48 585.20	516.
Youngstown-Warren					13.30	13.04			554.
Oklahoma			38.5	9.50	9.84	9.63	391.40	411.31	370.
Oklahoma City		43.0 40.2	41.2 40.1	10.07 10.09	10.75 10.49	10.27 10.39	415.89 411.67	462.25 421.70	423. 416.
Tuisa									
Oregon				10.44	10.61	10.55	406.12	413.79	405.
Eugene-Springfield			39.2	10.68	10.83	10.77	410.11	429.95	422.
Portland			38.2 36.8	10.48 9.69	10.49 9.44	10.42 9.41	415.01 358.53	409.11 345.50	398. 346.

See footnotes at end of table.

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C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

!	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly e	earnings
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Pennsylvania	40.2	39.3	39.6	\$9.22	\$9.46	\$9.49	\$370.64	\$371.78	. \$375.80
Allentown-Bethlehem	38.9	38.8	39.0	9.60	10.12	10.11	373.44	392.66	394.29
Altoona	38.8	37.3	38.0	8.07	8.30	8.24	313.12	309.59	313.12
Beaver County	40.9	39.1	40.1	11.66	11.48	11.58	476.89	448.87	464.30
Delaware Valley	39.7	39.7	40.0	9.60	9.93	9.93	381.12	394.22	397.2
Erie	41.2	41.7	42.1 ,	9.81	9.95	10.02	404.17	414.92	421.8
Harrisburg Lebanon-Carlisle	40.4	38.9	39.0 <sup>1</sup>	8.85	8.99	9.02	357.54		. 351.7
Johnstown		37.4	36.7		8.52			318.65	313.7
Lancaster	40.4	39.5	39.4	8.60	9.10	9.14	347.44	359.45	
Philadelphia PMSA	39.9	39.9	40.1	9.57	9.90	9.89	381.84	395.01	396.5
Pittsburgh	40.9	38.8	40.0	10.98	10.86		449.08	421.37	436.8
Reading		40.7	40.6	9.32	9.78	9.71	385.85	398.05	394.2
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre		38.5		7.55	8.02	8.06	287.66	308.77	307.8
Williamsport		38.3	38.4	8.14	8.38	8.45	321.53	320.95	324.4
York		40.3		8.48	8.81	8.92	355.31	355.04	
Rhode Island	40.2	(¹)	()	7.08	(¹)	(')	284.62	(¹)	(¹)
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro		6	' (5)	(')	(5)	$\dot{o}$	(')	Ö	Ö
Providence	40.0	6	, Ö'	6.93	Ċ	, (f)	277.20	(')	Ö
South Carolina	41,0	40.2	39.7	7.20	7.48	7.54	295.20	300.70	299.34
Charleston	41.7	44.6	45.1	8.58	9.23	9.06	357.79	411.66	408.6
Columbia	40.4	40.8	40.1	7.06	7.47	7.48	285.22	304.78	299.95
Greenville-Spartanburg		40.2	40.2	7.01	7.32		285.31	294.26	295.07
South Dakota	40.2	42.3	40.9	7.08	7.44	7.38	284.62	314.71	301.84
Sioux Falls	43.7	46.1	44.4	6.79	7.16	7.27	296.72	330.08	322.79
Tennessee	40.4	40.9	38.9	7.81	8.17	8.23	315.52	334.15	320.1
Chattanooga	43.0	41.1	38.0	7.28	7.54	7.70	313.04	309.89	292.60
Knoxville	39.1	40.9	36.7	8.75	7.88	8.20	342.12	322.29	300.9
Memphis	41.3	40.5	, 40.3 i	8.03	8.58	8.65	331.64	347.49	348.6
Nashville	41.1	40.8	40.1	8.67	9.19	8.98	356.34	374.95	360.1
Texas	41.4	41.1	40.9	9.00	9.23	9.23	372.60	379.35	377.5
Dallas	40.7	41.3	41.3 i	8.44	8.86	. 8.87	343.51	365.92	366.30
Houston	41.7	43.1	42.0	10.65	10.98	11.00	444.11	473.24	462.0
San Antonio	40.6	38.8	39.4	6.62	6.80	6.81	268.77	263.84	268.3
Utah	41.2	39.4	40.0	8.79	9.17	9.22	362.15	361.30	368.86
Salt Lake City-Ogden	40.9	40.2	39.9	8.39	8.76	8.87	343.15	352.15	353.9 <sup>-</sup>
Vermont	40.6	40.8	40.6 ±	7.88	8.30	8.33	319.93	338.64	338.20
Burlington	(')	(¹)	' (')	(¹) ·	(¹)	(')	(¹)	(')	(¹)
Springfield	42.0	41.5	40.8	8.12	8.18	8.10	341.04	339.47	330.48
Virginia	40.1	39.4	39.2	7.97	8.37	8.49	319.60	329.78	332.8
Bristol	38.4	37.2	. 37.2	6.88	6.95	6.85	264.19	258.54	254.8
Charlottesville	41.9	39.0	39.2	6.96	6.98	6.96	291.62	272.22	272.8
Danville	42.6	39.2	39.8	7.58	7.59	7.65	322.91	297.53	304.47
Lynchburg		38.7	39.3	7.71	7.96	7.99	304.55	308.05	314.0
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News		(')	. (')	8.44	(¹)	(1)	348.57	(')	(1)
Northern Virginia	40.7		40.3	8.52	8.59	8.75	346.76	343.60	352.6
Richmond-Petersburg		39.6	39.9	10.41	10.88	10.98	429.93	430.85	438.1
Roanoke	40.1		40.2	7.11	7.50	7.57	285.11	309.75	304.3

# **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-8. Average hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls in States and selected areas—Continued

:	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly e	arnings
State and area	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>
Mack Vissiale	40.4	39.9	39.0	\$9.66	\$10.18	<b>6</b> 40.00	#000 00	E400 40	\$397.80
West Virginia						\$10.20	\$390.26	\$406.18	
Charleston		42.8	42.9	11.80	12.32	12.31	507.40	527.30	528.10
Huntington-Ashland		40.0	37.6	10.93	10.82	11.14	440.48	432.80	418.86
Parkersburg-Marietta		40.8	41.1	10.93	11.19	11.33	455.78	456.55	465.66
Wheeling	40.0	41.3	38.4	11.05	11.44	11.48	442.00	472.47	440.83
Wisconsin	41.4	41.0	40.6	10.12	10.31	10.19	418.97	422.71	413.71
Appleton-Oshkosh	42.3	42.5	41.6	9.67	10.03	9.97	409.04	426.27	414.75
Eau Claire		41.4	42.0	9.92	9.97	10.11	393.82	412.76	424.62
Green Bay		41.0	40.9	10.69	10.92	10.92	441.50	447.72	446.63
Janesville-Beloit	41.3	42.7	39.4	11.17	12.38	11.90	461.32	528.63	468.86
Kenosha		39.2	38.9	11.77	12.48	11.66	487.28	489.22	453.57
La Crosse	38.9	38.7	38.3	8.79	8.80	8.89	341.93	340.56	340.49
Madison		41.8	40.0	9.47	9.48		373.12	396.26	376.80
Milwaukee	41.7	41.3	40.8	11.25	11.54	11.42	469.13	476.60	465.94
Racine		38.9	39.0	10.29	10.34	10.31	430.12	402.23	402.09
Sheboygan	39.8	39.5	39.8	9.43	9.92		375.31	391.84	394.42
Wausau		42.2	40.9	9.15	9.44		376.06	398.37	387.73
Wyoming	37.9	38.8	36.9	8.76	8.57	8.67	332.00	332.52	319.92
Puerto Rico	39.5	36.2	(')	4.91	5.13	(')	193.94	185.71	(')
Virgin Islands	43.0	41.9	41.3	10.31	9.90	8.96	443.33	414.81	370.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Not available.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of

this publication. All State and area data have been adjusted to March 1984 benchmarks except Rhode Island and Puerto Rico.

C-9. Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments by major industry, seasonally adjusted

Industry	Millions of hours (annual rate)			Percent change		
	Jan. 1985'	Feb. 1985'	<b>Mar</b> . 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Mar. 1984 to Mar. 1985 <sup>o</sup>	Jan. 1985 to Feb. 1985'	Feb. 1985 to Mar. 1985 <sup>o</sup>
Total	179,892	179,173	180,675	3.6	-0.4	0.8
Private sector	147,860	147,707	148,726	4.0	1	.7
Mining	2,249	2,244	2,268	2.9	2	1.1
Construction	8,838	8,857	9,015	13.5	.2	1.8
Manufacturing	41,482	40,852	41,117	.7	-1.5	.6
Durable goods	25,076	24,644	24,820	1.7	-1.7	.7
Nondurable goods	16,407	16,208	16,297	7	-1.2	.5
Transportation and public utilities	10,722	10,806	10,803	3.7	.8	0.
Wholesale trade	11,355	11,372	11,426	4.8	.1	.5
Retail trade	25,804	25,891	26,203	4.6	.3	1.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate	10,944	10,985	11,024	4.3	.4	.4
Services	36,467	36,700	36,869	4.9	.6	.5
Government	32,031	31,466	31,950	1.9	-1.8	1.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total hours paid for 1 week in the month, seasonally adjusted, multiplied by 52.

\* = preliminary.

\* = revised.

NOTE: Data refer to hours of all employees—production workers,

nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers—and are based largely on establishment data. See *BLS Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 2134-1, chapter 13, Productivity Measures: Business Economy and Major Sectors. SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

#### PRODUCTIVITY DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

C-10. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted

(1977 = 100)

	Annual	average					Qua	arterly inc	lex				<u> </u>
Item	1983	1984		1982			19	83			19	84	
	1903	1964	11	111	IV	1	н	111	IV	ı	11	Ш	IV
Business sector											Ş	ļ	
Output per hour of all persons		107.0	100.3	100.9	101.6	102.2	103.6	104.3	104.7	105.7	107.0	107.2	108.2
Output		120.9	106.4	106.1	105.8	106.9	110.1	112.5	114.7	117.8	121.0	121.5	123.2
Hours		112.9	106.1	105.1	104.1	104.7	106.2	107.9	109.5	111.4	113.0	113.4	113.8
Compensation per hour		168.6	153.9	156.7	158.4	160.2	161.0	161.8	164.2	166.7	167.5	169.3	171.1
Real compensation per hour		98.4	97.2	97.3	98.0	99.0	98.5	97.9	98.4	98.6	98.2	98.3	98.5
Unit labor costs		157.5	153.4	155.3	155.9	156.8	155.4	155.1	156.8	157.7	156.5	158.0	158.2
Unit nonlabor payments	1	157.1	137.0	135.8	136.5	139.8	144.6	147.9	149.1	151.6	157.2	158.5	160.6
Implicit price deflator	152.4	157.4	147.9	148.7	149.3	151.0	151.7	152.7	154.2	155.6	156.7	158.1	159.0 
Nonfarm business sector			]						·				
Output per hour of all persons	. 103.4	106.3	99.4	100.3	100.5	101.6	103.6	104.1	104.4	105.2	106.6	106.3	107.0
Output	. 111.2	120.8	106.0	106.0	105.2	106.7	110.4	112.7	115.2	118.0	121.0	121.3	122.8
Hours	. 107.5	113.6	106.7	105.7	104.7	105.1	106.5	108.2	110.3	112.3	113.6	114.1	114.7
Compensation per hour	. 162.0	168.7	153.2	156.0	157.9	160.1	161.5	162.4	164.0	166.5	168.0	169.5	171.0
Real compensation per hour	. 98.6	98.4	96.8	96.8	97.7	99.0	98.8	98.3	98.3	98.4	98.4	98.4	98.5
Unit labor costs	. 156.6	158.8	154.2	155.6	157.1	157.6	155.9	155.9	157.1	158.3	157.6	159.5	159.8
Unit nonlabor payments		157.1	137.5	136.8	136.4	140.6	146.4	149.4	151.4	152.2	156.8	158.0	160.8
Implicit price deflator		158.2	148.6	149.3	150.2	151.9	152.7	153.8	155.2	156.3	157.3	159.0	160.1
•		100.2					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	100.0	100.2	100.0		100.0	
Manufacturing	İ	ļ											
Output per hour of all persons		116.8	106.3	108.8	107.8	109.1	110.8	113.4	113.1	114.2	115.3	117.4	117.1
Output		116.6	100.0	99.7	96.7	98.4	102.4	107.2	109.6	113.0	115.4	117.4	117.4
Hours	. 93.5	99.8	94.1	91.7	89.6	90.2	92.4	94.6	96.9	98.9	100.1	100.0	100.2
Compensation per hour	. 163.4	169.4	157.2	159.8	161.0	162.7	163.0	163.5	164.6	167.1	168.3	169.9	172.1
Real compensation per hour	. 99.4	98.8	99.4	99.2	99.6	100.6	99.6	98.9	98.6	98.8	98.6	98.7	99.1
Unit labor costs	146.4	145.0	148.0	146.9	149.3	149.1	147.0	144.1	145.5	146.4	146.0	144.7	146.9
Durable goods		<u> </u>		į							i		
Output per hour of all persons	111.5	117.6	104.7	107.6	106.6	108.5	110.8	113.5	113.1	115.1	116.0	118.2	118.0
Output	. 102.6	118.1	98.3	97.4	93.2	95.6	100.1	105.7	109.0	113.9	116.5	119.3	119.8
Hours		100.4	93.9	90.5	87.4	88.1	90.4	93.2	96.4	98.9	100.4	101.0	101.5
Compensation per hour	1	167.8	156.8	159.7	160.7	162.2	162.2	162.5	163.4	165.8	167.0	168.1	170.0
Real compensation per hour		97.9	99.1	99.1	99.4	100.2	99.2	98.4	97.9	98.1	97.8	97.6	97.9
Unit labor costs		142.7	149.7	148.4	150.7	149.5	146.5	143.2	144.4	144.0	144.0	142.2	144.1
			'					'''	' ' ' '		.,,,,	''-	
Nondurable goods											_	}	
Output per hour of all persons		115.7	108.5	110.4	109.6	110.0	110.9	113.3	113.2	112.8	114.3	116.2	115.8
Output		114.3	102.5	103.1	101.9	102.6	105.7	109.5	110.5	111.7	113.8	114.6	113.8
Hours		98.9	94.4	93.4	93.0	93.3	95.3	96.6	97.6	99.0	99.5	98.6	98.2
Compensation per hour		171.9	158.0	160.5	162.7	164.5	165.1	165.7	167.1	169.5	170.6	172.7	175.0
Real compensation per hour	100.7	100.3	99.9	99.6	100.7	101.7	101.0	100.3	100.1	100.2	100.0	100.3	100.8
Unit labor costs	148.0	148.6	145.6	145.4	148.5	149.6	148.8	146.2	147.6	150.2	149.2	148.7	151.1
Nonfinancial corporations					 i								
Output per all-employee hour		108.5 122.8	102.1 108.0	103.3 107.9	103.2 106.4	104.0 107.5	105.8 111.4	107.2 114.7	107.2 117.0	108.1 120.2	108.9	108.2	()
•		113.2	105.8	107.5	103.1	107.5	105.2	106.9	109.2		123.1 113.1	123.1 113.8	()
Compensation per hour		166.6	153.5	156.2	157.7	159.2	160.6		162.6	111.2		1	()
- •	I				1	1		161.8	1	164.8	165.8	167.1	(')
Real compensation per hour		97.2	97.0	97.0	97.5	98.4	98.2	97.9	97.4	97.5	97.2	97.1	(')
Total unit costs		156.4	154.0	154.7	157.0	156.7	155.2	154.4	154.7	155.0	155.0	157.5	Ö
Unit labor costs		153.6	150.3	151.3	152.9	153.1	151.7	150.9	151.7	152.5	152.3	154.5	()
Unit nonlabor costs	1	164.4	164.3	164.4	168.8	167.0	165.1	164.4	163.3	162.0	162.8	165.9	()
Unit profits		148.0	86.8	86.6	75.6	92.5	111.8	126.6	135.9	143.2	151.1	145.3	()
Implicit price deflator	150.9	155.4	146.3	146.9	147.7	149.4	150.2	151.2	152.6	153.6	154.6	156.1	(')

<sup>1</sup> Not available.

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

C-11. Percent changes from the preceding quarter and year in productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, seasonally adjusted annual rates

					P	ercent ch	nange fro	m 				
Item			Previous	quarter				Same	quarter,	previous	s year	
	III 1983	IV 1983	l 1984	li 1984	III 1984	IV 1984	III 1983	IV 1983	l 1984	II 1984	ÍII 1984	IV 1984
Business sector											i i	
Output per hour of all persons	2.8	1.4	4.0	4.9	0.6	3.8	3.4	3.1	3.5	3.3	2.7	3.3
Output		7.8	11.4	11.2	1.8	5.5	6.1	8.4	10.2	9.9	8.0	7.4
lours	6.4	6.2	7.2	6.0	1.2	1.6	2.6	5.2	6.5	6.4	5.1	4.0
Compensation per hour	1	6.1	6.2	1.9	4.4	4.4	3.3	3.7	4.1	4.0	4.6	4.2
Real compensation per hour		1.9	.8	-1.8	.7	.8	.6	.4	4	3	.4	.1
Jnit labor costs		4.6	2.1	-2.9	3.7	.6	1	.6	.6	.7	1.9	.8
Jnit nonlabor paymentsmplicit price deflator	:	3.1 4.1	7.0 3.7	15.4 2.9	3.4 3.6	5.5 2.2	8.9 2.7	9.2 3.3	8.4 3.0	8.7 3.3	7.1 3.6	7.8 3.1
Nonfarm business sector	i	 					Ì				:	
Output per hour of all persons	2.1	1.0	2.9	5.5	-1.1	2.9	3.9	3.9	3.5	2.9	2.1	2.5
Output		9.1	103	10.6	.7	5.2	6.3	9.5	10.6	9.7	7.6	6.6
Hours		8.0	7.2	4.8	1.8	2.2	2.3	5.4	6.9	6.6	5.4	4.0
Compensation per hour		4.1	6.1	3.7	3.6	3.7	4.1	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.4	4.3
Real compensation per hour	i -2.0	.0	.7	.0	1	.2	1.5	.6	5	3	.2	.2
Unit labor costs	1	3.0	3.1	-1.7	4.7	8.	.2	٥. :	.4	j 1.1	2.3	1.7
Unit nonlabor paymentslmplicit price deflator		5.3	2.3	12.5 2.8	3.1 4.2	7.3 2.9	9.2 3.0	10.9 3.3	8.3 2.9	7.1	5.7 3.4	6.2
Manufacturing		!		!		!	1	1	i.		İ	
Output per hour of all persons	9.7	-1.0	3.7	4.0	7.4	9	4.3	4.9	4.7	4.1	3.5	3.5
Output	20.5	9.1	12.9	8.9	7.1	2	7.6	13.4	14.8	12.7	9.5	7.1
Hours	9.8	10.2	8.8	4.6	2	.7	3.1	8.1	9.7	8.3	. 5.8	3.4
Compensation per hour Real compensation per hour Unit labor costs	-2.9	2.9 -1.2 3.9	6.2 .8 2.3	2.9 8 -1.1	3.7 .1 -3.4	5.2 1.6 6.2	2.3 3 -1.9	2.2 -1.0 -2.6	2.7 -1.7 -1.9	3.3 -1.0 7	3.9 3 .4	4.5
Durable goods	;	ip:	İ				:	:				•
Output per hour of all persons	10.2	-1.2	7.2	3.1	7.9	7	5.5	6.1	6.1	4.7	4.2	4.3
Output		13.2	18.9	9.5	10.2	1.5	8.5	17.0	19.2	16.3	12.9	9.9
Hours	12.8	14.6	10.9	6.2	2.1	2.3	2.9	10.3	12.3	11,1	8.4	5.3
Compensation per hour		2.1	6.1	2.8	2.6	4.8	1.8	1.7	2.2	2.9	3.4	4.1
Real compensation per hourUnit labor costs		-2.0 3.3	.8 1.0–	9 2	-1.0 -4.8	1.2 5.6	8 -3.5	-1.5 -4.2	-2.2 -3.7	-1.4 -1.7	8 7	.0
Nondurable goods	!	i			!	;		ŀ		1	İ	ļ
Output per hour of all persons	9.0	6	: -1.3	5.5	6.5	-1.2	2.7	3.3	2.6	3.1	2.5	2.3
Output		3.4	4.4	8.0	2.6	-2.8	6.2	8.4	8.8	7.7	4.6	3.0
Hours		4.0	5.8	2.4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-1.6	3.5	4.9	6.1	4.5	2.1	.7
Compensation per hour		3.4	5.8	2.7	5.1	5.5	3.2	2.7	3.0	3.3	4.3	4.8
Real compensation per hourUnit labor costs		4.0	.5 7.2	-1.0 -2.6	1.4 -1.4	1.9 6.8	.6 , .6	6 6	-1.4 .4	-1.0 i .2	.1 1.7	.7
Nonfinancial corporations	:	;	; !	•	:	;			!		ĺ	!
Output per all-employee hour		2	3.6	2.8	-2.5	(¹)	3.8	3.9	4.0	2.9	.9	; (')
Output		8.4	11.6	9.8	.2	()	6.3	: 10.0	11.8	10.5	7.4	; ( <u>)</u>
Hours		8.6	7.7	6.8	2.8	' ()	2.4	5.9	7.5	7.5	6.4	()
Compensation per hour		2.0	5.7	2.4	3.2	(')	3.6	3.1	3.6	3.3	! 3.3	; ( <u>)</u>
Real compensation per hour		-2.1	.4	-1.3	6.5	; (')	1.0	1	9	-1.0	,9	† (')
Total unit costs		.8 2.1	.6	.2		· ()		-1.5 - 8	-1.1	:1	2.0	(')
Unit labor costs		2.1	2.0 -3.2	4 2.0	5.9 8.0	(')	2 .0	8 -3.3	4	.4	2.4	i (')
Unit profits		-2.6 32.6	-3.2 23.4	23.8	8.0 14.5	(') (')	46.3	-3.2 · 79.8	-3.0 54.8	-1.4 35.2	' 9 14.7	(')
												(') (')
Implicit price deflator	2.8	3.6	2.7	2.6	3.9	· (')	3.0	3.3	2.8	2.9	3.2	

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Not available.

SOURCE: Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523 9261).

## STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas

(Numbers in thousands)

	: Chui	lian labar fan				Unempl	- ·		-
State and area	Ĺ	lian labor for	ce i		Number			Percent of labor force	_
	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb 1985
Nabama	1,753.0	1,794.8 ;	1,793.5	205.4 :	203.7	194.7	11.7	11.4	10.
Birmingham		402.6	403.4	43.4	39.0	38.2	10.9	9.7	9.
Huntsville		122.5 '	121.3	8.5 i	9.7	8.0	7.6	7.9	6.
Mobile			199.8	26.2	22.7	21.4	13.4	11.4	10.
Montgomery		133.9	133.5	12.0	11.3	10.6	9.3	8.4	8.
Tuscaloosa		57.8	59.0	5.6	5.3	5.3	9.9	9.1	9.
Naska	231.0	240.4	246.2	28.5	26.9	26.6	12.3	11.2	10.
rizona		1,472.1	1,477.6	81.8	82.0	83.2	5.8	5.6	5
Phoenix		936.1	939.2	39.4	40.0 j	40.2	4.4	4.3	4
Tucson	258.1	269.1	269.0	14.1 j	13.9	14.0	5.5	5.2	5
ırkansas		983.6	987.5	99.9	95.9	94.2	9.8	i 9.7	9
Fayetteville-Springdale		45.7	46.4	2.6	2.6	2.3	5.6	5.6	5
Fort Smith		80.3	79.4	6.4	6.6	6.3	7.8	8.3	8
Little Rock-North Little Rock		222.8	221.4	17.3	15.1	14.4	7.6	6.8	6
Pine Bluff	37.4	36.2	36.3	3.5 1	3.4	3.3	9.5	9.3	
alifornia¹		12,761.4	12,713.0	1,074.5	1,023.6	943.8	8.8	8.0	
Anaheim-Santa Ana			1,325.1	62.3	56.1	50.9	5.0	4.3	
Bakersfield		216.2	216.5	30.6	25.5	27.5	14.6	j 11.8	1:
Fresno		290.6	286.3	44.5	42.4	43.6	16.1	14.6	15
Los Angeles-Long Beach <sup>1</sup>		3,981.0	3,907.0	282.0	317.0	261.0	7.5	8.0	
Modesto		135.0	136.9	29.3	23.6	25.8   60.5 <sub> </sub>	21.5	i 17.5	14
Oakland		928.7 273.8	931.2 · 274.0	74.5 21.6	65.7	19.4	8.2 8.1	7.1 · 7.8	
Oxnard-Ventura		685.9	683.6	63.5	21.2 55.4	53.0	9.6	8.1	! .
Sacramento		582.2	584.7	59.0	51.9	48.1	10.5	8.9	
Salinas-Seaside-Monterey		145.6	145.5	21.1	21.2	20.3	14.9	1 14.5	1.
San Diego		889.9	897.0	60.1	54.4	50.0	7.1	6.1	
San Francisco		851.2	853.9	51.9		40.6	6.2	5.2	
San Jose		891.4	897.0	52.7	45.3	44.1	6.2	5.1	
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc		169.8	170.1	11.3	10.8	10.5 j	6.9	6.4	
Santa Rosa-Petaluma		159.2	159.0	13.4	11.9	11.3	8.7	7.5	į ·
Stockton		173.5	173.2	31.5	26.8	27.3	18.6	15.5	1
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa		144.3	142.8	15.7	13.3	12.7	11.0	, 9.2	
olorado	1,672.1	1,689.3	1,689.7	108.9	118.4	118.2	6.5	7.0	
Denver-Boulder	1,004.7	1,017.7	1,017.8	53.1	61.2	60.1	5.3	6.0	; !
Connecticut	1,625.5	1,675.1	1,669.4	90.1	93.3	90.8	5.5	5.6	. :
Bridgeport-Milford		218.4	216.7	13.0	14.5	13.1	6.2	6.6	:
Hartford		405.0	403.1	21.0	21.7	20.8	5.3	5.4	:
New Britain		71.1	71.2	4.5	4.6	4.6	6.5	6.4	
New Haven-Meriden		250.9	251.8	14.3	14.6	14.2	5.9	, 5.8	
Stamford Waterbury		128.4 102.0	128.1 100.7	4.8 6.1	4.0 7.0	4.4 j 6.5 <sup>j</sup>	3.8 6.2	3.1   6.8	
, valence .	294.3	308.8	309.2	22.3	23.0	22.8	7.6	7.4	
Vilmington		272.6	273.8	19.4		20.2	7.4	7.2	
district of Columbia		328.3	324.2	31.0	28.2	27.8	9.8	8.6	
Washington MSA	1,881.7	2,002.0	1,977.3	85.4	89.6	79.8	4.5	4.5	
lorida¹		5,236 7	5,245.7	307.7	341.6	305.5	6.1	6.5	
Daytona Beach		126.8	128.7		. 6.8	6.2	5.3	5.3	
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach		548.3	550.3	26.2	30.1		4.9	5.5	
Fort Myers-Cape Coral		119.7 93.5	122.0 96.0	6.0 3.4	6.4 3.7	5.7 ; 4.1	5.3 3.7	5.4 4.0	
Jacksonville		387.6	391.7	21.9	22.6	23.3	6.0	5.8	
Lakeland-Winter Haven		159.8	159.8	14.2	16.1		9.2	10.1	
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay		142.3	142.4	7.9	7.6	6.9	5.8	5.4	
Miami-Hialeah		871.7	856.3	62.3	70.4	58.3	7.4	8.1	
Orlando		463.7	465.6	23.3	26.2	22.5	5.2	5.6	
Pensacola		139.9	141.8	7.5	9.5		5.7	6.8	
Sarasota		94.7	94.7			4.2	4.1	5.3	
Tailahassee		106.0	1063	4.7	5.5	4.8	4.6	5.2	1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater		862.4	864.5	45.1	48.2	43.5	5.5	5.6	
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach		337.5	342.0	17.7	18.9	17.9	5.5	5.6	

#### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

		ra- l-b · · ·	L			Unemp				
State and area	i Civi	lian labor for	ce		Number	! 		Percent of labor force	,	
	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Fe 198 ↓ —	
eorgia	2,669.2	2,774.4	2,792.7	171.1	166.6	171.5	6.4	6.0		
Albany		53.0	53.5 i	4.5	4.1	4,1	8.5	7.7		
Athens		66.2	66.5	3.5	3.7	4.0	5.3	5.6		
Atlanta		1,233.4	1,245.5	63.9	55.9	58.9	5.4	4.5	1	
Augusta		140.8	140.6	10.8	9.4	10.0	7.7	6.7	į	
Columbus		92.1	91.3	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.9	7.8	İ	
Macon-Warner Robins	112.1	111.7	111.8	7.9	7.8	7.9	7.1	7.0	i	
Savannah	! ;	96.0	96.7	6.8	6.4	6.9	7.2	6.6		
Honolulu		468.0 356.4	473.1 361.4	26.7 18.1	24.4 16.9	21.2   14.6	5.7 5.0	5.2 4.7	İ	
laho		457.9	460.3	40.3	44.1	44.0	9.0	9.6	] ]	
Boise City	98.1	102.4	103.5	6.4	6.8	7.0	6.6	6.6	ļ	
linois <sup>1</sup>	j 5,554.1	5,631.1	5,573.0	559.4	554.6	523.3	10.1	9.8	Ì	
Aurora-Elgin		162.4	161.4	14.4	13.5	13.9	8.9	8.3	ļ	
Bloomington-Normal	61.4	59.5	61.2	4.5	4.4	4.5	7.3	7.4	l I	
Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul	81.6	79.4	81.4	5.4	5.0 '	4.9	6.7	6.3	į	
Chicago		3,086.4	3,046.2	266.9	259.1	245.8	8.8	8.4	1	
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	176.7	177.6	171.2	23.3	28.0	22.9	13.2	15.8	į '	
Decatur	59.9	60.1	58.9	7.2	6.4	6.2	12.0	10.7		
Joliet	178.0	182.9	182.0	17.8	17.0 j	16.5	10.0	9.3		
Kankakee		42.6	41.8	5.8	5.8	5.4	13.6	13.6		
Lake County		239.5	236.7	16.5	15.7	14.7	7.3	6.6	į	
Peoria		156.1	154.5	21.1	18.7	17.7	13.4	12.0	'	
Rockford		138.8 100.7	136.7 100.5	14.7 7.8	14.1 7.9	13.9 7.5	10.8 7.7	! 10.2 <sub>1</sub> 7.8	1	
ndiana	! .	2,607.9	2,629.6	247.9	266.4 i	286.4	9.7	10.2	1	
Anderson	1 1	55.9	55.7	4.6	5.6	5.7	8.4	10.0	' 1	
Elkhart-Goshen	79.9	85.0 <sup>‡</sup>	83.7	4.4	8.5	6.5	5.5	9.9	i	
Evansville	133.0	(²) i	(²)	11.8 į	(²)	(²) ,	8.9	! (²)	1	
Fort Wayne		172.1	172.7	15.3	13.8	14.8	9.1	8.0		
Gary-Hammond	264.0	260.5 i	262.5	38.6	42.5	44.3	14.6	16.3	'	
Indianapolis	598.6	611.1	614.0	47.3	46.4	49.7	7.9	7.6		
Lafayette		63.8	64.7	3.9	3.8	4.1 '	6.1	5.9		
Muncie		54.6	55.5	5.5 1	6.0	6.8	10.1	11.0		
South Bend-Mishawaka Terre Haute		125.4 61.9 j	126.6 63.4	8.9 7.2 ;	10.1 7.0	11.6 8.0 ¦	7.4 11.6			
	ii	1,389.9	į		132.4	131.3	8.6	l , 9.5	!	
owa		86.6	1,398.8 84.2	118.2 6.8	6.7	6.8 į	8.2	7.8		
Des Moines		198.7	198.9	13.5	14.2	14.2	6.9	7.1	i	
Dubuque		43.8	43.5	4.3	5.5	5.0	10.3	12.5	.	
lowa City		49.6	51.1	1.8 i	2.0	1.9	3.6	4.0	:	
Sioux City		54.2	54.5	4.6	5.2	5.2	8.5	9.5	į	
Waterloo-Cedar Falls		70.6	71.0	9.0	10.3	10.2	12.3	14.6	l	
(ansas		1,180.4	1,190.9	64.8	68.5	66.3	5.5	5.8	ļ	
Lawrence		34.6	35.1	1.6	1.6	1.5	4.7 5.8	4.7 6.2		
TopekaWichita		83.6 223.9	84.4 224.7	4.8 12.8	5.2 ( 13.7 <sub>(</sub>		5.9		į	
Centucky	1,678.6	1,695.9	1,679.5	183.0	164.8	162.8	10.9	9.7		
Lexington-Fayette	187.7	(²)	(²)	9.1	(²)	(²)	4.9	, (²)		
Louisville Owensboro		(²) (²)	(²) (²) i	43.5 · 4.4 <sub>-</sub>	(²) [ (²) .	(²) (²)	9.6 9.9	(²) ! (²)		
ouisiana	1	1,916.1	1,910.1	210.2	219.2	221.9	11.0	11.4	i .	
Alexandria		61.8	61.9	5.4	5.8	5.9		9.4	,	
Baton Rouge		252.2	249.2	21.5	23.8	23.9	8.9	9.5		
Houma-Thibodaux	1	85.2	84.2	10.3	9.7	9.5	12.2	11.3		
Lafayette		108.6	108.5	10.0	9.3	9.3	9.0	8.5	i	
Lake Charles	77.5	76.4	75.3	12.0	11.8	11.7	15.5	15.5	•	
Monroe		60.3	59.8	6.4	6.3		10.2	10.4		
New Orleans		570.3 160.3	564.7 159.3	55.1 14.3	63.6 13.9	63.2 · 13.9	9.7 9.1	11.2 ' 8.7	i	
•	1	•	١.,		38.5	36.6				
Maine		529.4		41.1 3.5		36.6	7.8 8.3	7.3 8.9		
Lewiston-Auburn Portland		41.2 101.2	, 41.7 « 103.4	3.5 5.1 :	3.7 4.4	3.5	8.3 5.1	8.9 4.4		
, oracid		101.2	,00.4	5.1	7.7	0.0	3.1	7.7		
Waryland	2,183.5	2,257.3	2,243.2	135.4	137.7	130.9	6.2	6.1		
Baltimore			1,091.1	74.2	76.4	72.4	6.9	7.0		

## STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

#### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

						Unemp	·		
State and area	·	lian labor for	ce :		Number			Percent of labor force	
	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Fet
Innechuratta!	0.004.5	0.010.5	0.000.6	100.0	107.0	100.0	6.0	4.6	4
Boston		3,019.5 1,500.8	3,038.6 1,511.5	188.9	137.8 55.5	132.9 53.5	6.3	4.6 3.7	3
				(²)			(²)		. 4
Brockton		87.7	87.8	(²)	4.3	4.2	(²)	4.9	
Fall River		71.4	71.3	(²)	6.0	5.7	(²)	8.4	. 8
Fitchburg-Leominster		43.5	44.0	(²)	2.4	2.3 ¦	(²)	5.4	5
Lawrence-Haverhill	(²)	181.0 '	182.0	(²)	10.1	10.0	(²)	5.6	' 5
Lowell	(2)	153.5	154.2	(²)	5.4 j	5.4	(²)	3.5	: 3
New Bedford		79.4	79.4	(²)	6.8	6.3 '	(²)	8.5	7
Pittsfield		46.8	47.4	(²)	2.2 :	2.2	(²)	i 4.8	
Springfield		265.2	267.0	(²)	13.5	13.4	(²)		: 5
Worcester		200.3	202.4	(²) .	8.8	8.3	(²)	4.4	: 2
***************************************		200.5	202.4	· (7	0.0	0.0	( )	1.4	, -
ichigan¹		4,309.3	4,328.7	535.8	519.8	441.1	12.6	12.1	10
Ann Arbor		(2)	(²)	(2)	(2)	(²) '	(²)	! (²)	' (²
Battle Creek		(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²) :	( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	. (2
Benton Harbor		(²)	(²) :	(²) ;	(²) :	(²)	(²)	(²)	(*
Detroit		(²)	(²) ;	(²)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	· (4
Flint		(2)	(²)	(²) !	(²) .	(²)	(²)	(2)	· (4
Grand Rapids		(²)	(²) '	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	è
Jackson	(2)	(²)	(²) ;	(²) <sup>1</sup>	(²)	(2)	(2)	(²)	: 6
Kalamazoo									
		( <sup>2</sup> )	(²)	(-)	(²)	(²) ;	(²)	( <sup>2</sup> )	, ( <sup>2</sup>
Lansing-East Lansing		(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²) '	(²)	(²)	(3
Muskegon		(²) :	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²) <sub>1</sub>	(²)	(²)	(2
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	(2)	(²)	(²) ;	(²)	<sup>(2)</sup> j	(²)	(²)	· (²)	(2
innesota	2.149.2	2,193.6	2,196.0	166.6	164.6	152.8	7.8	7.5	7
Duluth	(²)	106.5	103.6	(²) ·	17.7	14.4	( <sup>2</sup> )	16.7	13
Minneapolis-St.Paul		1,261.7	1,264.9	(²)	63.1	60.9	(²)	5.0	4
Rochester		62.0	60.9	3.1	3.1	2.8	5.3	5.0	
St. Cloud		80.8	81.2	7.7	8.2	7.9	9.8	10.1	9
lississippi	ا : 1,053.6 :	1,074.8	1,074.1	124.5	125.7	121.9	11.8	11.7	11
Jackson		177.4	177.0 !	13.4	12.7	12.2	7.8	7.2	. 6
lissouri	2,339.3	2,338.7	2,356.9	202.6	190.9	196.8	8.7	<sup>!</sup> 8.2	i . •
Kansas City		728.7	729.4	45.7	43.8	41.8	6.3	6.0	5
St. Joseph		40.4	40.5	3.8	3.6	3.4	8.9	9.0	į
									; 6
St. Louis		1,157.1	1,158.8	110.0 · 7.3	99.4   7.0	100.8 6.8	9.5 6.3	8.6 6.1	
Springried	115.4	114.8	115.8	7. <b>3</b>	7.0 i	0.0	0.3	. 0.1	
ontana	386.6	397.5	398.4	35.2	36.4	33.0	9.1	9.2	į į
ebraska		794.9	798.8	43.0	47.4	49.5	5.6	6.0	
Lincoln	110.8 1	113.1	113.7	4.3	4.6	4.6	3.8	4.0	4
Omaha	296.6	304.6	305.0	16.5	18.3	18.6	5.6	6.0	•
evada	478.3	497.7	496.3	43.1	44.0	41.0	9.0	8.8	8
Las Vegas		282.0	280.5	25.5	25.7	23.9	9.4	9.1	. 8
Reno		133.9	134.4	9.4	9.9	9.2	7.2	7.4	6
aw Hamnahira	F00 4	E00.0	E46.7	20.0	20.0	20.7	40		ί.
lew Hampshire		523.8	516.7	23.8	30.2	29.7	4.8	5.8	
Manchester		90.0 <sup>1</sup> 94.5 <sub>1</sub>	86.3 į 93.2 <sub>.</sub>	3.0 2.9	4.4 3.8	3.6   3.5	3.5 3.3	4.9 4.1	! 4
			i .	:		050.0		!	! .
ew Jersey¹		3,779.8 1 173.0	3,824.2 175.7	254.9 19.0	253.4   17.9	253.2   17.8	6.7 11.6	6.7 10.4	1 10
Bergen-Passaic		726.4	737.2	43.7	43.4	45.0	6.0	6.0	; (
Jersey City		241.6	242.0	27.3	29.7	27.6	11.1	12.3	1
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon		542.3	548.4	26.7	25.4	25.2 :	4.9	4.7	1
Monmouth-Ocean	401.3	416.0	417.6	25.8	24.5	23.9	6.4	5.9	
Newark	934.4	931.7	943.3	60.2	63.6	64.8	6.4	6.8	(
Trenton	168.5		166.0	9.0	9.1	8.8	5.3	5.5	
Vineland-Millville~Bridgeton	58.1	54.6	54.6	8.6	7.9	7.5	14.8	14.5	13
ew Mexico	610.2	630.6	632.7	50.7	49.9	50.2	8.3	7.9	
Albuquerque		240.1	240.7	15.2	13.9	14.1	6.7	5.8	! !
Las Cruces	41.2	43.6	43.7	3.2	3.4	3.3	7.9	į 7.7	: 7

#### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	0	l.b 4		Unemployed							
State and area	Civi	lian labor for	rce		Number			Percent of labor force			
	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Fel 198		
ann Mandal	7,000,0	0.470.0	0.000.0	640.7	570.0	577.0		7.0	,		
ew York¹		8,178.9	8,088.3	648.7	573.0	577.0	8.1	7.0	7		
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		404.9	400.2 !		23.9	21.1	6.9	5.9	5		
Binghamton		128.3	125.9	7.7	7.6	6.5	6.3	5.9	: 5		
Buffalo		437.8	429.1	48.1	36.1	32.1	11.0	8.2	1 7		
Elmira		36.7	35.7	4.0	3.1	2.9	10.9	8.4	) {		
Glens Falls		46.9	46.0	4.4	3.8	3.6	9.5	8.2	i :		
Nassau-Suffolk		1,413.5	1,393.7	78.1	66.3	59.6	5.7	4.7	! 4		
New York		3,753.1	3,730.4	310.6	284.3	321.3	8.5	7.6	! !		
New York City <sup>1</sup>		3,111.0	3,098.0	278.0	256.0	296.0	9.2	8.2	! !		
Orange County	108.9	112.6	111.2	8.3	7.3	6.2	7.6	6.5			
Poughkeepsie	114.1	117.4	115.6	6.5	5.0	4.2	5.7	4.3	:		
Rochester	469.5	478.9	469.8	35.9	28.3	25.1	7.7	5.9	! !		
Syracuse		312.7	307.6	21.8	20.3	17.7	7.2	6.5	[ :		
Utica-Rome		133.6	131.0	11.4	10.8	9.5	8.8	8.1			
orth Carolina¹		2,999.4	3,021.8	217.1	213.2	201.4	7.3	7.1			
Asheville		82.9	83.5	6.2	5.8	5.6	7.6	7.0	1 1		
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill		551.5	555.2	31.6	33.7	31.0	5.8	6.1			
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point		473.3	476.0	28.3	26.7	24.7	6.1	5.6	}		
Raleigh-Durham	350.2	368.4	372.7	13.6	12.2	11.1	3.9	3.3			
orth Dakota		309.6	316.0	19.9	23.4	23.8	6.6	7.5	ļ		
Bismarck		42.0	42.3	3.0	3.5	3.6	7.5	8.2	İ		
Fargo-Moorhead		75.7	76.4	3.8	4.2	3.9	5.2	5.5			
Grand Forks	27.8	28.5	29.4	1.4	1.6	1.4	4.9	5.5	1		
hio¹		5,021.8	5,000.7	498.9	453.6	464.6	10.1	9.0	1		
Akron	294.9	295.5	296.4	34.9	27.7	29.0	11.8	9.4	ì		
Canton	179.1	182.0	180.1	21.8	19.6	19.4	12.2	10.8	10		
Cincinnati	667.4	(²)	(²)	58.5	(²)	(²)	8.8	(²)	ì (		
Cleveland		896.2	891.1	81.1	73.1	73.6	9.1	8.2	1 3		
Columbus		654.6	655.0	50.2	43.8	45.0	7.9	6.7			
Dayton-Springfield		442,4	441.0	37.8	30.9	32.6	8.8	7.0			
Toledo		289.4	286.5	25.8	24.9	24.6	9.1	8.6			
Youngstown-Warren		214.6	212.2	26.2	26.1	25.1	12.4	12.2	1		
klahoma	1,531.8	1,527.2	1,519.9	114.6	126.4	123.2	7.5	8.3	l		
Enid		29.4	30.4	1.8	2.3	2.4	5.6	7.9	Į.		
Lawton		40.0	39.7	2.1	2.6	2.4	5.4	6.6	i		
Oklahoma City		489.4	485.7	27.5	32.9	31.8	5.7	6.7	1		
Tulsa		354.4	350.7	28.4	28.1	27.3	7.9	7.9	i		
regon	1,319.0	1,332.1	1,322.3	137.2	144.3	149.4	10.4	10.8	1		
Eugene-Springfield		130.7	130.0	13.7	14.8	15.5	10.6	11.3	1		
Portland		619.6	612.1	51.8	52.0	52.4	8.5	8.4	1		
Salem		120.5	120.1	12.4	13.0	13.0	10.4	10.8	1		
ennsylvania¹	5,342.6	5,413.6	5,383.8	585.8	467.6	500.9	11.0	8.6			
Allentown-Bethlehem		310.5	308.0	28.8	26.0	27.1	9.6	8.4			
Altoona		55.3	54.2	8.8	6.2	6.1	15.9	11.2	1		
Beaver County	78.9	76.1	76.6	12.7	9.8	11.0	16.1	12.9	1		
Erie		121.1	122.2	15.0	11,6	12.6	12.5	9.6	1 1		
Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle		308.4	303.8	21.0	19.9	19.9	7.1	6.4			
Johnstown		99.3	99.7	17.6	13.5	15.1	17.7	13.6	1		
Lancaster	183.4	191.1	189.1	11.5	11.1	10.5	6.3	5.8	1		
Philadelphia		2,212.2	2,211.7	170.8	135.5	146.5	7.8	6.1			
Pittsburgh		942.5	935.0	128.9	98.4	107.5	13.5	10.4	1		
Reading		164.2	163.4	13.4	11.5	13.0	8.5	7.0	(		
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre		335.3	334.5	40.5	34.9	36.0	12.2	10.4	į 1		
Sharon		48.8	48.1	7.8	5.7	6.0	15.8	11.6	1		
State College		52.1	54.2	5.1	4,1	4.9	10.0	7.8			
Williamsport		50.8	51.0	7.3	5.3	6.1	14.3	10.4	¦ 1		
York		187.1	181.3	18.2	16.6	14.1	10.3	8.9	!		
hode Island	481.6	491.8	488.8	33.4	25.9	27.6	6.9	5.3	-		
Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro		138.0	136.6	(²)	9.5	9.5	( <sup>2</sup> )	6.9	į –		
Providence		329.7	328.1	`21.6	16.3	17.8	6.6	5.0			
outh Carolina	1,432.0	1,482.5	1,505.0	109.9	118.5	114.3	7.7	8.0	ļ		
Charleston	175.5	184.5	187.0	11.1	10.5	9.4	6.3	5.7			
Columbia		202.3	205.4	9.7	9.6	ا و.ع	4.9	4.7	i .		
Greenville-Spartanburg		290.9	296.5	18.5	19.1	19.0	6.5	6.6	i		
outh Dakota	326.3	332.6	334.1	16.6	19.6	20.4	5.1	5.9	!		
	67.1	69.9	69.3	2.7	3.5	3.8	4.0	5.0	1		

#### STATE AND AREA LABOR FORCE DATA **NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

#### D-1. Labor force status by State and selected metropolitan areas-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

i	<b>-</b>		!			Unemp	Jnemployed				
State and area	Civil	ian labor for	ce		Number			Percent of labor force			
	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb. 1985 <sup>p</sup>	Feb. 1984	Jan. 1985	Feb 1985		
!	0.455.4	0.0540 j	0.007.0	706.4	24.0	200.2					
ennessee Chattanooga	2,155.4 195.4	2,254.3	2,237.3 203.1	206.4   16.6	211.3 15.5	202.2 15.5	9.6 8.5	9.4 7.6	9. 7.		
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol	202.8	207.6	206.0	19.6	17.9	18.4	9.6	8.6	8.		
Knoxville	260.9	264.5	260.6	28.0	26.4	24.5	10.7	10.0	9.		
Memphis	436.7	458.0	454.6	36.1	33.4	30.0	8.3	7.3	6.		
Nashville	457.4	486.0	483.7	28.2	26.2	24.4	6.2	5.4	5.		
j exas¹	7,582.1	7,754.8	7,826.8	447.5	536.0	552.5	5.9	6.9	7		
Abilene	62.2	63.1	63.5	2.6	3.2	3.1	4.1	5.1	4		
Amarillo	98.6	99.0	99.5	4.7	5.9	5.8	4.8	6.0	5		
Austin	351.7	380.9	387.8	9.9	14.7	13.8	2.8	3.9	š		
Beaumont-Port Arthur	175.1	173.7	175.1	19.3	22.7	23.1	11.0	13.1	13		
Brazoria	81.8	81.9	82.5	5.2	5.9	6.5	63	7.2	7		
Brownsville-Harlingen	89.4	92.7	92.6	12.2	13.7	14.2	13.6	14.8	15		
Bryan-College Station	56.2	56.5	59.5	2.0	2.5	2.7	3.6	4.5	4		
Corpus Christi	163.8	167.1	168.9	13.6	15.2	15.8	8.3	9.1	9		
Dallas	1,247.3	1,280.3	1,288.8	41.8	55.7	57.6	3.4	4.4	4		
El Paso	195.4	200.5	202.5	18.7	23.2	24.2	9.6	11.6	11		
Fort Worth-Arlington	573.2	592.7	596.0	22.3	28.6	28.1	3.9	4.8	''		
Galveston-Texas City	90.7	94.6	95.7	8.0	11.0	11.1	8.8	11.6	11		
Houston	1,621.1	1,639.9	1,657.2	107.0	120.0	124.9	6.6	7.3	' <del>'</del>		
				3.5					ίć		
Killeen-Temple	73.2	76.3 39.6	76.6 39.5		5.1	5.1	4.8	6.6	17		
Laredo	38.6			7.3	7.2	7.0	19.0	18.1			
Longview-Marshall	76.5	76.7	76.9	6.3	7.4	7.3 !	8.2	9.7	9		
Lubbock	110.5	110.8	112.5	6.3	5.9	6.3	5.7	5.3	5		
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	116.7	122.7	125.0	26.7	28.7	29.8	22.9	23.4	23		
Midland	62.3	66.6	66.3	2.5	3.1	2.9	4.1	4.7	1 4		
Odessa	64.7	69.4	69.3	3.8	3.9	3.9	5.9	5.6	5		
San Angelo	48.8	49.8	50.2	1.9	2.5	2.2	3.9	5.0	4		
San Antonio	504.7	521.8	527.8	23.1	29.3	31.3	4.6	5.6	5		
Sherman-Denison	41.2	42.3	42.9	2.5	2.9	3.3	6.0	6.8	[ 7		
Texarkana	47.6	50.6	50.9	3.8	4.5	4.9	8.1	8.9	9		
Tyler	79.4	79.7	80.9	3.5	4.6	4.8	4.4	5.7	5		
Victoria	37.0	37.1	37.3	2.5	2.3	2.3	6.7	6.1	\		
Waco	60.8	91.4   61.6 ,	92.1   61.8	3.7   2.7 i	5.6   3.6	5.4   3.8	4.2 4.5	6.1 5.9	5		
'	i	1		ì	i	ì		]			
tah	697.4	742.0	736.7	54.4	55.4	57.2	7.8	7.5	7		
Provo-Orem	88.2 j	94.3	94.2	7.4	7.4	8.0	8.4	7.8	8		
Salt Lake City-Odgen	448.0	479.1	473.2	31.5	32.0	32.9	7.0	6.7	•		
ermont	268.0	274.2	272.6	17.3	14.0	14.9	6.5	5.1	5		
Burlington	71.1	73.3	73.5	<b>3.1</b> į	2.4	2.8	4.4	3.3	;		
inelata	0.740.0	0.077.0	0.050.0	455.4	460.0	167.0		j	١.		
irginia	2,746.8	2,877.2	2,850.9	155.4	169.6	167.3	5.7	5.9	5		
Charlottesville	67.2	71.5	71.0	2.9	2.9	3.1	4.4	4.1			
Danville	53.7	54.8	55.3	5.3	5.2	6.0	9.9	9.5	10		
Lynchburg	71.6		74.1	4.1	4.6 28.1	5.1 28.0	5.7	6.1 5.0	) ;		
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	531.3 394.0	562.5	558.7	26.2		18.1	4.9 4.9		į i		
Roanoke	112.2	404.3 <sub>i</sub> 118.4	399.9 116.4	19.4   6.6	19.8   5.8	5.2	4.9 5.9	4.9 4.9	:		
/ashington	2,021.1	2,065.7	2,071.0 j	218.2	225.1	219.8	10.8	10.9	10		
Seattle	894.5		938.5	77.5	79.3	76.0	8.7	8.5	1		
/est Virginia	761.0 j	764.4	758.5	131.2	121.2	116.6	17.2	15.9	15		
Charleston	122.3	124.0	123.8	17.1	15.9	15.5	14.0	12.8	12		
Huntington-Ashland	125.8	(²)	(²)	20.8	(²)	(²)	16.5	(²)	(4		
Parkersburg-Marietta	71.6	72.2	72.0	9.8	8.2	8.6	13.7	11.3	1.		
Wheeling	78.3	78.2	77.1	12.6	11.9	11.4	16.0	15.2	14		
risconsin	2,356.6	2,358.5	2,355.1	214.9	   192.4	189.2	9.1	8.2			
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah		152.3	152.0	(²)	12.6	12.0	(²)	8.3	}		
Eau Claire		59.0	59.7	(²)	5.5	5.2	(²)	9.4	; 8		
Green Bay	(2)	96.2	96.1	(2)	7.1	6.7	(2)	7.4	}		
Janesville-Beloit	(²)	69.2	69.1	(²)	5.2	5.0	(²)	7.5	{ ;		
Janesville-Deloit	(²) ı	56.0	53.3	(²)	5.3	8.8	(²)	9.5	16		
	(²)	50.2 !	49.7	(²)	3.6	3.3	(2)	7.1	Ì		
Kenosha		190.6	191.6	(2)	9.8	9.5	(²)	5.2			
Kenoshal La Crosse	( <sup>2</sup> )										
Kenosha	(²) (²)	705.6	704.2	( <sup>2</sup> )	46.7	44.4	(4)	6.6	6		
Kenoshal La Crosse	(2) (2) (2)		704.2 85.2	(²) (²)	46.7     9.6	44.4 10.3	(²) (²)	6.6 11.4	1 1		
Kenosha La Crosse Madison Milwaukee	(²)	705.6		(²)	١ .						
Kenosha La Crosee Madison Milwaukee Racine	(²) (²)	705.6 84.4	85.2		9.6	10.3	(²)	11.4	1.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data are obtained directly from the Current Population Survey. Official estimates for North Carolina prior to 1985 are not derived from the Current Population Survey. See the Explanatory Notes for State and Area Labor Force Popura...

Data.

Not available.

p = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Estimates for 1984 have been benchmarked to 1984 Current Population Survey annual averages. Except in the 11 States and 2 areas designated by footnote 1, estimates for 1985 are provisional and will be revised when new benchmark information becomes available. Area definitions are published annually in the May issue of this publication.

### **Explanatory Notes**

#### Introduction

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) Household interviews, and (2) reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population 16 years of age and over. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed, and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, family relationship, marital status, occupation, and industry attachment. The survey also provides data on the characteristics and past work experience of those not in the labor force. The information is collected by trained interviewers for a sample of about 59,500 households, representing 729 areas in 1,973 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The establishment survey is designed to provide industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly earnings, and average weekly earnings for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The employment, hours, and earnings series are currently based on payroll reports from a sample of over 200,000 establishments employing over 35 million nonagricultural wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full- or part-time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th day of the month.

## RELATION BETWEEN THE HOUSEHOLD AND ESTABLISHMENT SERIES

The household and establishment data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other

because of differences in definitions and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on the levels and trends of the two series are as follows.

#### **Employment**

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises, and members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States. Civilian employment in both agricultural and nonagricultural industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household survey provides information on the work status of the population without duplication, since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once and are classified according the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment reports, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all civilians who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week—that is, were not working but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

For a comprehensive discussion of the differences between household and establishment survey employment data, see Gloria P. Green's article "Comparing Employment Estimates From Household and Payroll Surveys," Monthly Labor Review, December 1969.

#### Hours of work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, production or nonsupervisory employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

#### **Earnings**

The household survey measures median earnings of wage and salary workers in all occupations and industries in both the private and public sectors. Data refer to the usual earnings received from the worker's sole or primary job. Data from the establishment survey generally refer to average earnings of production and related workers in mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries. For a comprehensive discussion of the household survey earnings series, see Technical Description of the Quarterly Data on Weekly Earnings from the Current Population Survey, BLS Bulletin 2113.

### COMPARABILITY OF THE HOUSEHOLD DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not have a job at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). Beginning in January 1978, coverage was extended to include domestic workers whose employers paid \$1,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, agricultural employees whose employers engaged 10 or more workers in 20 weeks or paid a total of \$20,000 or more in wages in any calendar quarter, and almost all State and local government employees.

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

For an examination of the similarities and differences between State insured unemployment and total unemployment, see "Measuring Total and State Insured Unemployment" by Gloria P. Green in the June 1971 issue of the *Monthly Labor Review*.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 16 in the Economics and Statistics Service series and the treatment of dual jobholders, who are counted more than once if they work on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of their impact on differences in the levels and trends of the two series.

#### COMPARABILITY OF THE PAYROLL EMPLOY-MENT DATA WITH OTHER SERIES

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of Census from its censuses or sample surveys of manufacturing and business establishments. The major reasons for noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in the BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns (CBP), published by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Most nonagricultural wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. However, certain activities, such as interstate railroads, parochial schools, and churches are not covered by unemployment insurance whereas these are included in the BLS establishment statistics.

# Household Data (A tables)

#### **COLLECTION AND COVERAGE**

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other characteristics of the employed, the unemployed, and persons not in the labor force, and related data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey, BLS Report 463. Historical national data are published in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey: A Databook, BLS Bulletin 2096.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted with a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 16 years of age and over. Separate statistics are also collected for 14- and 15-year-olds. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 14 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations, and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this report. Data on the members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States, who are included as part of the categories "noninstitutional population," "labor force," and "total employment." are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Each month about 59,500 occupied units are eligible for interview. About 2,500 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of between 4 or 5 percent. In addition to the 59,500 occupied units, there are 11,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not to be enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from 1 month to the next and one half to be common with the same month a year earlier.

#### **CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS**

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data have been modified, but not substantially altered, since the inception of the survey in 1940; those used since 1967 are as follows:

Employed persons are (a) all civilians who, during the survey week, did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labormanagement disputes, or personal reasons, whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States are also included in the employed total.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries who are temporarily in the United States but not living on the premises of an embassy. Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (painting, repairing, or own home housework) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons are all civilians who had no employment during the survey week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and (a) had made specific efforts to find employment someting during the prior 4 weeks, or (b) were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off, or (c) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Measurements of mean and median duration are computed from a distribution of single weeks of unemployment.

Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into four major groups. (1) *Job losers* are persons whose employment ended involuntarily who immediately began looking for work, and persons on layoff. (2) *Job leavers* are persons who quit or otherwise terminated

their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work. (3) Reentrants are persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer but were out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work. (4) New entrants are persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer. Each of these four categories of the unemployed may be expressed as an unemployment rate or proportion of the entire civilian labor force; the sum of the four rates thus equals the unemployment rate for all civilian workers.

Jobseekers are all unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week. Jobseekers do not include those persons unemployed because they (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off or (b) were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days. Jobseekers are grouped by the methods used to seek work, including going to a public or private employment agency or to an employer directly, seeking assistance from friends or relatives, placing or answering ads, or utilizing some other method. Examples of the "other" category include being on a union or professional register, obtaining assistance from a community organization, or waiting at a designated labor pickup point.

The civilian labor force comprises all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The labor force also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The overall unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force, including members of the Armed Forces stationed in the United States.

The unemployment rate for all civilian workers represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, etc.

Participation rates represent the proportion of the population that is in the labor force. The labor force participation rate is the ratio of the labor force, including the resident Armed Forces, to the noninstitutional population. The civilian labor force participation rate is the ratio of the civilian labor force to the civilian noninstitutional population. Civilian labor force participation rates are usually published for sex-age groups, often cross-classified by other demographic characteristics such as race and educational attainment.

Employment-population ratios represent the proportion of the noninstitutional population that is employed. The total employment-population ratio is total employment, including the resident Armed Forces,

as a percent of the noninstitutional population. The civilian employment-population ratio is the percentage of all employed civilians in the civilian noninstitutional population.

Not in the labor force includes all persons who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as engaged in own home housework, in school, unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness, retired, and other. The "other" group includes individuals reported as too old or temporarily unable to work, the voluntarily idle, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an off season and who were not reported as looking for work, and persons who did not look for work because they believed that no jobs were available in the area or that no jobs were available for which they could qualify—discouraged workers. Persons doing only incidental, unpaid family work (less than 15 hours in the specified week) are also classified as not in labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work, desire for a job at the time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are published on a quarterly basis. As of January 1970, the detailed questions for persons not in the labor force are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for 3 previous months and would not be in for the subsequent month. Between 1967 and 1969 these questions were asked in those households entering the sample for the first time and those returning for the second 4 months of interviewing, i.e., the "incoming" groups.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their last full-time job lasting 2 weeks or more. The classifications of occupations and industries used in data derived from the CPS are defined as in the 1980 census. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies wage and salary workers subdivided into private and government workers; self-employed workers; and unpaid family workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a government unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to

whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

The distribution of employment by hours worked relates to persons at work during the survey week. At work data differ from data on total employment because the latter include persons in the zero-hours-worked category, with a job but not at work. Included in this latter group are persons who were on vacation, ill, involved in a labor dispute, or otherwise absent from their jobs for voluntary, noneconomic reasons.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more in the survey week are designated as working full time. Persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working part time. Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or other reasons). Economic reasons include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of a job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. Other reasons include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home, housework, school, no desire for full-time work, and full-time worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1 to 34 hours for noneconomic reasons and usually work full time.

The full-time labor force consists of persons working on full-time schedules, persons involuntarily working part time (part time for economic reasons), and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The part-time labor force consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Persons with a job but not at work during the survey week are classified according to whether they usually work full or part time.

Labor force time lost is a measure of aggregate hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available aggregate hours. It is computed by assuming that; (1) unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) those working for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers during the survey week, and (3) persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

White, black, and other are terms used to describe the race of workers. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. All tables in this publication which contain racial data, with the exception of A-5 and its annual counterpart, present data for the black population group. Because of their relatively small sample size, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican living on the mainland, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Vietnam-era veterans are those who served in the Armed Forces of the United States between August 5, 1964, and May 7, 1975. Data are limited to men in the civilian noninstitutional population; i.e., veterans in institutions and women are excluded. Nonveterans are men who never served in the Armed Forces.

Usual weekly earnings data are provided from responses to the question "How much does ... USUAL-LY earn per week at this job before deductions?" Included are any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to wage and salary workers (excluding the incorporated self-employed) who usually work full time on their sole or primary job.

Median earnings indicate the value which divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians as shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the \$10 interval within which each median falls.

The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used to deflate the earnings series.

Single, never married; married, spouse present; and other marital status are terms used to define the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, applies to husband and wife if both were reported as members of the same household even though one may be temporarily absent on business, vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, etc. Other marital status applies to persons who are married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent, includes persons who are separated because of marital discord, as well as persons who are living apart because either the husband or the wife was employed and living away from home, serving in the Armed Forces, or had a different place of residence for any reason.

A household consists of all persons—related family members and all unrelated persons—who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters.

A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The term is never applied to either husbands or wives in married-couple families but relates only to persons in families maintained by either men or women without a spouse.

Family refers to a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family even though they may include a related subfamily, that is, a married couple or a parent-child group related by birth or marriage to the householder and sharing the living quarters. The count of families used in this publication excludes unrelated subfamilies such as lodgers, guests, or resident employees living in a household but not related to the householder. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is either single, widowed, divorced, or married, spouse absent. Data on the earnings of families exclude all those in which there is no wage or salary earner or in which the husband, wife, or other persons maintaining the family is either self-employed or in the Armed Forces.

#### HISTORICAL COMPARABILITY

#### Change in lower age limit

The lower age limit for official statistics on the labor force, employment, and unemployment was raised from 14 to 16 years of age in January 1967. Insofar as possible, historical series have been revised to provide consistent information based on the population 16 years and over. For a detailed discussion of this and other definitional changes introduced at that time, including estimates of their effect on the various series, see "New Definitions for Employment and Unemployment," Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force, February 1967.

#### Noncomparability of labor force levels

In addition to the changes introduced in 1967, there are several other periods of noncomparability in the labor force data: (1) Beginning in 1953, as a result of introducing data from the 1950 census into the estimating procedures, population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment were increased by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for totals and

men; other categories were relatively unaffected. (2) Beginning in 1960, the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii resulted in an increase of about 500,000 in the population and about 300,000 in the labor force, four-fifths of this increase was in nonagricultural employment; other labor force categories were not appreciably affected. (3) Beginning in 1962, the introduction of data from the 1960 census reduced the population by about 50,000 and labor force and employment by about 200,000; unemployment totals were virtually unchanged. (4) Beginning in 1972, information from the 1970 census was introduced into the estimation procedures, increasing the population by about 800,000; labor force and employment totals were raised by a little more than 300,000; and unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. (5) A subsequent population adjustment based on the 1970 census was introduced in March 1973. This adjustment, which affected the white and black-and-other groups but had little effect on totals, resulted in the reduction of nearly 300,000 in the white population and an increase of the same magnitude in the black-and-other population. Civilian labor force and total employment figures were affected to a lesser degree; the white labor force was reduced by 150,000, and the black-and-other labor force rose by about 210,000. Unemployment levels and rates were not significantly affected.

In addition, beginning in January 1974, the methodology used to prepare independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population was modified to an inflation-deflation approach. This change in the derivation of the estimates had its greatest impact on estimates of 20- to 24-year-old men—particularly those of the black-and-other population—but had little effect on estimates of the total population 16 years and over. Additional information on the adjustment procedure appears in "CPS Population Controls Derived from Inflation-Deflation Method of Estimation", in the February 1974 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Effective in July 1975, as a result of the immigration of Vietnamese refugees into the United States, the total and black-and-other independent population controls for persons 16 years and over were adjusted upward by 76,000—30,000 men and 46,000 women. The addition of the refugees increased the black-and-other population by less than 1 percent in any age-sex group, and all of the changes were in the other population.

Beginning in January 1978, the introduction of an expansion in the sample and revisions in the estimation procedures resulted in an increase of about 250,000 in the civilian labor force and employment totals; unemployment levels and rates were essentially unchanged. An explanation of the procedural changes and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1978" in the February 1978 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in October 1978, the race of the individual was determined by the household respondent for the incoming rotation group households, rather than by the interviewer as before. The purpose of this change was to provide more accurate estimates of characteristics by race. Thus, in October 1978, one-eighth of the sample households had race determined by the household respondent and seven-eighths of the sample households had race determined by interviewer observation. It was not until January 1980 that the entire sample had race determined by the household respondent. The new procedure had no significant effect on the estimates.

Beginning in January 1979, the first-stage ratio estimation method was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. Differences between the old and new procedures existed only for metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates, not for the total United States. The reasoning behind the change and an indication of the differences appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey in January 1979" in the February 1979 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Beginning in January 1982, the second-stage ratio adjustment methodology was changed in the CPS estimation procedure. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginni g in January 1982" in the February 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings. In addition, current population estimates used in the second-stage estimation procedure are derived from information obtained from the 1980 census, rather than the 1970 census. This change caused substantial increases in total population and estimates of persons in all labor force categories. Rates for labor force characteristics, however, remained virtually unchanged. Some 30,000 labor force series were adjusted back to 1970 to avoid major breaks in series. The adjustment procedure used is also described in the February 1982 article cited above. The revisions did not, however, smooth out the breaks in series occurring between 1972 and 1979 that are described above, and data users should make allowances for them in making certain data comparisons.

Beginning in January 1983, the first-stage ratio adjustment methodology was updated to account for results obtained from the 1980 census. The purpose of the change and an indication of its effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. There were only slight differences between the old and new procedures in estimates of levels for the various labor force characteristics and virtually no differences in estimates of participation rates.

Beginning in January 1985, most of the steps of the CPS estimation procedure—the noninterview adjust-

ment, the first and second-stage ratio adjustments, and the composite estimator—were revised. The new procedures are described in the Estimating Methods section. A description of the changes and an indication of their effect on national estimates of labor force characteristics appear in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of this publication. Overall, the revisions had only a slight effect on most estimates. The greatest impact was on estimates of persons of Hispanic origin, which have been revised, to the extent possible, back to January 1980.

## Changes in the occupational and industrial classification system

Beginning in 1971, the comparability of occupational employment data was affected as a result of changes in the occupational classification system for the 1970 census that were introduced into the CPS. Comparability was further affected in December 1971, when a question relating to major activity or duties was added to the monthly CPS questionnaire in order to determine more precisely the occupational classification of individuals. As a result of these changes, meaningful comparisons of occupational employment levels could not be made between 1971-72 and prior years nor between those 2 years. Unemployment rates were not significantly affected. For a further explanation of the changes in the occupational classification system, see "Revisions in Occupational Classifications for 1971" and "Revisions in the Current Population Survey" in the February 1971 and February 1972 issues, respectively, of *Employment* and Earnings.

Beginning in January 1983, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1980 census were introduced into the CPS. These systems differ from those developed for the 1970 census which were used in the CPS from January 1971 through December 1982.

The 1980 census occupational classification system evolved from the Standard Occupational Classification system (SOC). While the CPS occupational data are now comparable with other data sources, the new system is so radically different in concepts and nomenclature from the 1970 system that comparisons of historical data are not possible without major adjustments. For example, the 1980 major group "sales occupations" is substantially larger than the 1970 category "sales workers". Major additions include "cashiers" from "clerical workers" and some self-employed proprietors in retail trade establishments from "managers and administrators, except farm."

The industrial classification system used in the 1980 census is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification system (SIC), as modified in 1977. The adoption of the new system had much less of an adverse

effect on historical comparability than did the new occupational system. The most notable changes from the 1970 system were the transfer of farm equipment stores from "retail" to "wholesale" trade, postal service from "public administration" to "transportation", and some interchange between "professional and related services" and "public administration."

Additional information on the 1980 census occupational and industrial classification systems appears in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1983" in the February 1983 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

#### Changes in the sample design

Since the inception of the survey, there have been various changes in the design of the CPS sample. Most of these changes were made in order to improve the efficiency of the sample design and/or to increase the reliability of the sample estimates.

One major change made after every decennial census is to change the sample design to make use of the recently collected census materials. Also, the number of sample areas and the number of sample persons are increased occasionally. In 1953, the current rotation plan was introduced in which a sample unit is interviewed for 4 months, leaves the sample for 8 months, and then returns to the sample for another 4 months. When Alaska and Hawaii achieved statehood, three more sample areas were added to account for the population in these States. After the 1960 census, selection of a major portion of the sample from census address lists was begun, though a portion of the sample is still collected using area sampling. Following the 1970 census, the ultimate sampling unit was changed from a noncontiguous cluster of six housing units to a usually contiguous cluster of four housing units. In January 1978, a supplemental sample of 9,000 housing units, selected in 24 States and the District of Columbia and designed to provide more reliable annual average estimates for States, was incorporated into the design. In October 1978 a coverage improvement sample, composed of approximately 450 sample household units which represented 237,000 occupied mobile homes and 600,000 new construction housing units, was included in computing the estimates in order to provide coverage of mobile homes and new construction units that previously had no chance for selection in the CPS sample selected from the 1970 census frame. In January 1983, another supplemental sample of 9,000 households selected in 32 States and the District of Columbia was added to the existing sample. A sample reduction of about 6,000 units was implemented in May 1981. Beginning in January 1982, the sample was expanded by 100 households to provide additional coverage in counties added to SMSA's, which were redefined in 1973.

Beginning in 1985, a new State-based CPS sample was

selected based on 1980 census information rather than 1970 census information. The selection of new sample areas provided an opportunity to improve the efficiency of the sample design. Sample areas chosen to replace incoming sample areas account for only 10 percent of the national estimate. The new CPS sample has resulted in increased reliability for State estimates with a slightly reduced sample size. The reliability of national estimates is unaffected. Sample households are chosen from 729 sample areas, which represent 1,973 geographic areas in the United States. This current number of sample areas is not completely comparable to the old number of sample areas since many of the sample areas have been redefined. (See pp. 7-10 of the May 1984 issue of Employment and Earnings, for an overview of these new definitions and the introduction of the new sample.)

Table A provides a description of some aspects of the CPS sample design in use during the different data collection periods. A more detailed account of the history of the CPS sample design appears in the Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, or Concepts and Methods Used in Labor Force Statistics Derived From the Current Population Survey, Report 463, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Beginning in 1985, almost all sample persons within the same State will have the same probability of selection. These estimates are then adjusted for noninterviews, and the ratio estimation procedure is applied.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately by combinations of similar sample areas that are not necessarily contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) status and size. Within each combination of sample areas there is a further breakdown by residence. MSA sample areas are categorized by central city and the balance of the MSA. Residence categories of non-MSA areas are urban and rural. The proportion of sample households not inter-

Table A. Characteristics of the CPS sample, 1947 to date

Time period	Number of sample	Househo	: Households visited but	
Table period	areas	Interviewed	Not interviewed	not eligible
Aug. 1947 to Jan. 1954	68	21.000	500-1.000	3.000~3.500
Feb. 1954 to Apr. 1956	230	21.000	500-1,000	3.000~3,500
May 1956 to Dec. 1959	'330	33.500	1.500	6.000
Jan. 1960 to Feb. 1963	²333	33,500	1,500	6.000
Mar 1963 to Dec. 1966	357	33.500	1.500	6,000
Jan. 1967 to July 1971	449	48.000	2.000	8.500
Aug. 1971 to July 1972	449	45,000	2,000	8.000
Aug. 1972 to Dec. 1977	461	45,000	2.000	8.000
Jan 1978 to Dec. 1979	614	53.500	2.500	10,000
Jan. 1980 to Apr. 1981	629	62.200	2.800	12.000
May 1981 to Dec. 1984	629	57.800	2.500	11.000
Jan. 1985 to present	729	57,000	2.500	. 11,000

Beginning in May 1956, these areas were chosen to provide coverage in each State and the District of Columbia

viewed varies from 4 to 5 percent, depending on weather, vacation, etc.

2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole, in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and residence. Since these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:

a. First-stage ratio estimate. In the CPS, a portion of the 729 sample areas is chosen to represent other areas not in the sample; the remainder of the sample areas represent only themselves. The first-stage ratio estimation procedure was designed to reduce the portion of the variance resulting from requiring sample areas to represent nonsample areas. Therefore, this procedure is not applied to sample areas which represent only themselves. The adjustment is made at the State level for each of the 43 States which contains nonsample areas by race cells of black and non-black. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each cell at the time of the 1980 census between the race distribution of the population in sample areas and the known race distribution of the State.

b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this stage, the sample proportions of persons in specific categories are adjusted to the distribution of independent current estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population in the same categories. The second-stage ratio adjustment which is performed to further reduce variability of the estimates and to correct to some extent for CPS undercoverage relative to the decennial census, is carried out in three steps. In the first step, the sample estimates are adjusted within each State and the District of Columbia

to an independent control for the population 16 years and over for the State. The second step involves an adjustment by Hispanic origin to a national estimate for 8 age-sex categories by Hispanic and non-Hispanic. In the third step, a national adjustment is made by the race categories of white, black, and other races to independent estimates by age and sex. The white and black categories contain 32 age-sex groups each while the other races category has 6 age-sex cells. The entire second-stage adjustment procedure is iterated six times, each time beginning at the weights developed the previous time. This ensures that the sample estimates of the population for both State and national age-sex-raceorigin categories will be virtually equal to the independent population control totals. This second-stage adjustment procedure incorporates changes instituted in January 1985. The nature and effect of these changes are discussed in detail in "Changes in the Estimation Procedure in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1985" in the February 1985 issue of *Employ*ment and Earnings.

The controls by State for the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over are an arithmetic extrapolation of the trend in the growth of this segment of the population from the April 1, 1980, census through the latest available July 1 estimate, adjusted as a last step to a current estimate of the U.S. population of this group. State estimates by age for July 1 are published annually in *Current Population Reports*, Series P-25. For a description of the methodology used in developing the State total, use Report 640 of that series. A description of the age estimates methodology is available on request from the Chief of the Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Prior to January 1985, there was no separate control for Hispanics in the second-stage ratio procedure. These Hispanic controls are prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census count for Hispanics by adding estimated Hispanic births and immigrants and subtracting estimated Hispanic deaths and emigrants to yield an

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Three sample areas were added in 1960 to represent Alaska and Hawaii after statehood.

estimate of the Hispanic population by age and sex.

During the period from January 1982 to December 1984, the "inflation-deflation" method was temporarily discontinued in the preparation of the independent national controls used for the age-sex-race groups in the third step of the second-stage ratio estimation procedure. These controls were prepared by carrying forward the 1980 census data after taking account of subsequent aging of the population, births, deaths, and net migration and then subtracting the estimate for the institutional population and Armed Forces. Beginning in January 1985, the "inflation-deflation" method of deriving independent population controls was reintroduced into the CPS estimation procedure. With the "inflation-deflation" method, the independent controls are prepared by inflating the 1980 census counts to include estimated undercounts by age, sex and race, aging this population forward to each subsequent month and later age by adding births and net migration, and subtracting deaths. These post-eensal population estimates are then deflated to census level to reflect the pattern of net undercount in the most recent census by age, sex, and race. Because an estimate of undercount is first added and then subtracted, the size of each race-sex group is unaffected by the "inflation-deflation" method. Similarly, the final estimate is affected only by the age structure of the undercount, but not the level. This feature of the method is important since the exact amount of undercount in the 1980 census remains unknown.

Data on births and deaths between April 1, 1980, and the estimate date are based on tabulations of vital statistics for the resident population made by the National Center for Health Statistics and data on deaths of military personnel overseas from the Department of Defense. Estimates of net civilian immigration are based on data provided by the Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Department of Defense, the Office of Personnel Management, and the Puerto Rico Planning Board. The civilian noninstitutional population is derived by subtracting the Armed Forces and the institutional population for the estimate date from the total including Armed Forces overseas. The institutional population is computed by applying institutional proportions derived from the 1980 census to the total population, including Armed Forces overseas for the estimate date. All computations described above are performed in cells defined by single year of age, race, and sex. The independent national control totals are then obtained by collapsing these cells into broader age groups for the population 16 years and older.

3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75)

percent), as well as the sample results for the current month. Also included is an additional term which is an estimate of the net difference between incoming and continuing parts of the current month's sample. Almost all estimates of month-to-month change are improved by this procedure, and most estimates of level are also improved, but to a lesser extent.

#### Rounding of estimates

The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of independent rounding of totals and components to the nearest thousand. Similarly, sums of percent distributions may not always equal 100 percent because of rounding. Differences, however, are insignificant.

#### Reliability of the estimates

There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided primarily indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Nonsampling error. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown, but special studies have been conducted to quantify some sources of nonsampling error in the CPS, as discussed below. The effect of nonsampling error should be small on estimates of relative change, such as month-to-month change. Estimates of monthly levels would be more severely affected by the nonsampling error.

Nonsampling errors in surveys can be attributed to many sources, e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, inability to recall information, errors made in collection such as in recording or coding the data, errors made in processing the data, errors made in estimating values for missing data, and failure to represent all sample households and all persons within sample households (undercoverage).

Nonsampling errors occurring in the interview phase of the survey have been studied by means of a reinterview program. This program is used to estimate various sources of error as well as to evaluate and control the work of the interviewers. A random sample of each interviewer's work is inspected through reinterview at regular intervals. The results indicate, among other things, that the data published from the CPS are subject to moderate systematic biases. A description of the CPS reinterview program and some of the other results may be found in the Current Population Survey Reinterview Program, January 1961 through December 1966.

Technical Paper No. 19, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The effects of some components of nonsampling error in the CPS data can be examined as a result of the rotation plan used for the sample, since the level of the estimates varies by rotation group. A description of these effects appears in the "The Effects of Rotation Group Bias on Estimates from Panel Surveys," by Barbara A. Bailar, Journal of the American Statistical Association, Volume 70, No. 349, March 1975.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the decennial census, undercoverage is about 6 percent. It is known that the CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, race and Hispanic origin. Generally, undercoverage is larger for men than for women, and larger for blacks, Hispanics, and other races combined than for whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race-origin population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the biases due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-origin group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980 census.

Additional information on nonsampling error in the CPS appears in "An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey," by Camilla Brooks and Barbara Bailar, Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards; in "The Current Population Survey: An Overview," by Marvin Thompson and Gary Shapiro, Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Vol. 2, April 1973; and in The Current Population Survey, Design and Methodology, Technical Paper No. 40, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. This last document includes a comprehensive and up-to-date discussion of various sources of error, and describes attempts to measure them in the CPS.

Sampling error. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated error were calculated from each sample, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from

one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard error above the estimate would include the average of all possible samples.
- 3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 2 standard errors below the estimate to 2 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a large number of estimates and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations are required. First, the standard errors in this volume reflect the sample design and estimation procedures in effect prior to the expansions for State estimates. Thus, these standard errors may slightly overstate the standard errors applicable to the present design. Second, instead of computing an individual standard error for each estimate, generalized sets of standard errors are computed for various types of characteristics. This generalization yields more stable estimates of the standard errors. Consequently, the sets of standard errors provided give an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard error of an estimate rather than the precise standard error.

Tables B and C show approximate standard errors for major employment status characteristics for monthly estimates and for changes for consecutive months. These standard errors are applicable to the level of the estimates in recent months.

Tables D through H provide generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for estimated totals, unemployment rates, and percentages. Table I contains factors for use with table H for computing standard errors, as described below, for monthly level and month-to-month change for percentages. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the table may be approximated by linear interpolation. The standard error for estimated changes from one month to the next is more closely related to the monthly level for the characteristic than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the generalized standard errors for month-to-month change as given in the tables of standard errors, it is necessary to obtain the monthly estimate for the characteristic. It should be noted that the tables of standard errors for month-to-month change apply only to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. Estimates of change for nonconsecutive months are subject to higher standard errors. Table J contains factors for use with tables D, F, H, and I to compute approximate standard errors for levels, labor force participation rates, and percentages as pertaining to the year-to-year change of

Table B. Standard errors for major employment status categories

(In thousands)

	Standard	d error of—
Employment status, sex, age, and race	Monthly level	Month-to- month change (con- secutive months only)
Total, 16 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	252	193
Employed	270	205
Unemployed	137	138
Men, 20 years and over:		1
Civilian labor force	152	131
Employed	167	146
Unemployed	96	96
Women, 20 years and over:		
Civilian labor force	190	143
Employed	190	147
Unemployed	83	86
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:		
Civilian labor force	83	90
Employed	86	97
Unemployed	58	64
Black, 16 years and over:	•	!
Civilian labor force	87	66
Employed	95	71
Unemployed	66	69
Men, 20 years and over:	00	1
Civilian labor force	50	44
Employed	57	51
Unemployed	45	48
Women, 20 years and over:	70	
Civilian labor force	67	47
Employed	67	49
Unemployed	43	46
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years:	40	1
Civilian labor force	32	37
Employed	27	31
Employed Unemployed	30	32
Unemployed		1

monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. Note that standard errors for changes in quarterly and yearly estimates apply only to consecutive quarters and years. For years prior to 1967, the standard errors must be adjusted due to the differences in the sample size. For years prior to 1956, the standard errors should be multiplied by 1.50, and for the 1956-66 period, they should be multiplied by 1.22. Table K provides generalized standard errors for quarterly estimates of persons and families for use with the CPS earnings data.

Standard errors for estimated totals. Tables D and E provide generalized standard errors for monthly totals and for month-to-month change. The figures given in these tables are to be used for the characteristics as indicated.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month the number of persons working a specific number of hours was 12,000,000, an increase of 400,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the second column of table D shows that the standard error on an estimate of 12,000,000 is about 159,000. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 11,841,000 to 12,159,000. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Recall that the standard error of a month-to-month change is

Table C. Standard errors for unemployment rates by major characteristics

	Standard	error of—		Standard	error of—
Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Consecutive month change
Total (all civilian workers)	0.12	0.12	Occupation—Continued		
Men, 20 years and over Women, 20 years and over Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.16 .18	.16 .19 .78	Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and	0.38	0.42
White workers	.12 .55	.13 .58	inspectors Transportation and material moving Handiers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and	.52 .68	.59 .78
Married men, spouse present Married women, spouse present Full-time workers	.22	.17	laborers Farming, forestry, and fishing	.80 .88	.93   1.01
Part-time workers Unemployed 15 weeks and over		.42	Industry	ļ I	
Occupation			Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers Mining Construction	.14 1.47	.15 1.68 .81
Executive, administrative, and managerial		.28	Manufacturing	.28	.31
Professional specialty		.23	Durable goods		.39
Technicians and related support	.49 .31	.55   .35	Nondurable goods Transportation, communications, and	.44 i	.50
Administrative support, including clerical		.29	public utilities	.43	.48
Private household	1.28	1.45	Wholesale and retail trade	.28	.31
Protective service	.80	.90	Finance and services Government workers		.24 .28
protective	.41	.46	Agricultural wage and salary workers	1.29	1.50

					Characteristic	1			
		Labor force	data other t	han unemploy	ment and agr	icultural empl	oyment data	Unemployment	
Estimated monthly level	Agricultural employment	Total or white	Black	Total or white, 16 to 19 years	Black, 16 to 19 years	Total or white men only, or women only	Black men only, or women only	Total or white	Black
50	14	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	11
00	19	15	15	15	15	14	14	15	16
00		34	34	33	29	32	31	33	35
000		48	47	46	33	45	42	47	49
000		68	64	63	-	63	55	66	67
000		95	84	80	_	87	66	93	88
000		116	94	86	-	105	58	113	99
000	_	133	97	83	-	120	23	129	_
0.000	_	147	94	70	_	132	-	143	_
5,000		177	50	_	_	155	_	172	_
0.000		201	_	i -	_	170	-	195	_
0,000	-	236	-	_	_	188	;	- 1	_
0,000		261	_	-	_	189	_	_	_
0,000		278	_	-	_	175	- {	_	_
0,000		288	_	i -	_	141	- !	- 1	_
0,000		293	_	i -	_	61	i - i	<u>-</u>	_
0,000		293	_	_	_	_	- 1	-	_
00,000		273	_	-	_	_	-	_ {	_
20,000	_	231	_	_	-	_	_	_ ]	_

<sup>&#</sup>x27; When determining the standard error of an estimate for a group which is a subset of the age, sex, or race groups listed, use the standard error for the next larger group, e.g., when determining the standard error

on the estimated number of employed persons age 20 to 54 years, use the column for total employed.

primarily dependent on the size of the monthly estimate. Thus, using linear interpolation in the first column of table E, the standard error on a month-to-month change of 400,000, when the monthly level is approximately 12,000,000, is about 118,000.

Standard errors for rates and percentages. The reliability of an estimated unemployment rate or an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the rate or percentage and the total upon which the rate or percentage is based. Estimated rates and percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerator of the rates or percentages; this is particularly true for percentages of 50 percent or more. As a general rule, percentages are not published when the monthly base is less than 75,000, the quarterly average base is less than 60,000, or the annual average base is less than 35,000.

Tables F and G show generalized standard errors for monthly level and month-to-month change for unemployment rates. Generalized standard errors for estimated monthly percentages and estimated month-to-month change in percentage can be obtained through the use of the standard errors in table H and the factors in table I. First obtain the standard error from table H for the specific percentage and base. The generalized standard error is then calculated by multiplying the standard error from table H by the appropriate factor

from table I. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the factor indicated by the numerator of the percentage.

Illustration. Assume that in a given month 3.6 percent of a total of 90,771,000 employed persons are employed in agriculture. The standard error on an estimate of 3.6 percent with a base of 90,771,000 is obtained from table H (0.09 percent). The appropriate factor from table I for the numerator of the percentage, agricultural employment, is 1.26. The generalized standard error on the estimated 3.6 percent is then approximately 0.09 x 1.26 = 0.1 percentage point.

Standard errors for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages. The approximate standard errors of levels, rates, and percentages involving year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, changes in quarterly averages, yearly averages, and changes in yearly averages may be obtained by using table J in conjunction with the other tables. Standard errors for estimates of change are more closely related to the level of the estimate than to the size of the specific change. Thus, to obtain the standard error of an estimate of an average level, rate, or percentage, or an estimate of a change in level, rate, or percentage, it is first necessary to find the appropriate estimate of level. For an estimate

of an average level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of this estimate. For an estimate of change in level, rate, or percentage, find the standard error of the average of the two estimates affecting the change. Then, after computing the standard error by treating these estimates as monthly estimates and using the procedures above, multiply this result by a suitable factor from table J to obtain the approximate standard error for the average or change.

Illustration. Suppose that one is interested in the year-to-year change of a monthly unemployment rate. Assume that for a certain month the unemployment rate is 6.9 percent, based on a total of 95,676,000 in the civilian labor force, and that a year prior to this the unemployment rate was 6.1 percent, based on a total of 94,254,000 in the civilian labor force for the month. First the standard error on the average of the two estimates, 6.5 percent with a base of 94,965,000, is obtained from table F (0.12 percentage point). The appropriate factor, then, from table J is 1.40. The approximate standard error on the change of 0.8 percent is then given by  $0.12 \times 1.40 = 0.17 \text{ percentage point}$ .

The approximate standard error of levels involving year-to-year change of quarterly estimates pertaining to CPS earnings data for persons and families may be obtained by using table K in conjunction with the following formula:

Where X is the estimate for one quarter and Y is the estimate for another quarter. The coefficient, P, is a measure of the correlation between the estimates X and Y resulting from the presence of some of the same respondents in the sample for each estimate. For consecutive year-to-year changes of quarterly estimates, the values of P are .30 for persons (total, white, and black) and .35 for families (total, white, and black). The respective values for estimates of Hispanics are .45 and .55.

Illustration. Assume that in a given quarter the number of women employed as full-time wage and salary workers was 27,000,000 and in the same quarter a year later, their number had increased to 29,000,000. Using linear interpolation in the eighth column of table K, the standard error of an estimate of 27,000,000 is 216,000; for 29,000,000 it is 221,000. Using the above formula, the standard error of the 2,000,000, year-to-year change is:

 $\sqrt{(216,000)^2 + (221,000)^2 - 2(.30)(216,000)(221,000)}$ , or about 259,000.

Table E. Standard errors for estimates of month-to-month change

Characteristic' Labor force data other than unemployment and agricultural Unemployment employment data Estimated monthly level Both sexes 16 Black, 16 to Total or white, Black, 16 to to 19 years, or Total or white Black Total or white Riack 16 to 19 years 19 years part-time labor 19 years 12 12 100 11 11 18 18 16 18 17 18 500 25 25 39 34 37 40 38 35 36 36 35 54 54 52 37 1.000 51 50 47 72 72 70 69 2.000 70 62 88 78 85 4,000 86 70 118 60 87 6,000 73 8.000 132 10,000 109 143 131 42 160 165 20,000 148 174

191

203

210

212

193

reentering the labor force, persons who left their last job, and persons by duration of unemployment.

40,000

50,000

70,000

80,000 . 100.000

120,000 .....

(In thousands)

See footnote 1, table D.
 Part-time labor force for unemployment also includes persons

Table F. Standard errors for unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate (In		Monthly unemployment rate (percent)											
thousands)	1	2		5	10	15	20	25	30	35	50		
50	2.09	2.94	4	.57	6.28	7.46	8.34	9.01	9.05	9.87	10.21		
100	1.48	2.08	, 3	.23	4.44	5.28	5.90	6.37	6.73	6.98	7.22		
500	.66	.93	່ 1	.45	1.99	2.36	2.64	2.85	3.01	3.12	3.27		
1,000	.47	.66	<sub>i</sub> 1	.02	1.40	1.67	1.87	2.01	2.13	2.21	2.28		
2,000	.33	.46	,	.72	.99	1.18	1.32	1.42	1.50	1.56	1.61		
4,000	.23	.33		.51	.70	.83	.93	1.01	1.06	1.10	1,14		
6,000	.19	27		.42	.57	.68	.76	.82	.87	.90	.93		
10,000	.15	.21		.32	.44	.53	.59	.64	.67	.70	.72		
20,000	.10	.15	'	.23	.31	; .37 <sup>!</sup>	.42	.45	.47	.49	.51		
60,000	.06	.08	:	.13	18	.21	.24	.26	.27	.27	.29		
100,000j	.05	.07		.10	.14	.17	.19	i .20	.21	.22	.22		
						Ĺi		L	<u> </u>		<u></u>		

Table G. Standard errors for month-to-month change in unemployment rates

Monthly base of unemployment rate (In	1	Monthly unemployment rate (percent)										
thousands)	1	2	!	5	1	10	15	20	25	30	35	50
0	2.32	3.28	7.	5.14		7.18	8.69	9.90	10.93	11.81	12.58	14.48
00	: 1.64	2.32	;	3.64	:	5.08	6 14	7.00	7.12	8.35	8.89	10.17
00	: .73	1.04	١	1.63	٠	2.27	2.74	3.13	3.45	3.73	3.97	4.5
.000	! .52	.73		1.15	!	1.60	1.94	2.21	2.44	2.63	2.80	3.19
.000	37	.52		.81	1	1.13	¹ 1.37 <sup>!</sup>	1.56	1.72	1.85	1.97	2.2
.000	26	.37		.57	į	.80	.96	1.10	1.20	1.30	1.38	1.5
,000	1 .21	.30	1	.47		.65	.78 <sup>!</sup>	.89	.98	1.05	1,11	_
0,000		.23	f	.36	1	.50	.60	.68	.75	.80	_	_
0,000		.16		.25		.35	.42	.47	.51	.54		_
0,000		.09	1	.14		.19	.22	.23	.24	- 1	_ `	_
00,000	: OE	.07	i	.11	!	.14	.15	.15	_	- 1	_	_

Table H. Standard errors for estimated percentages and month-to-month change in percentages for labor force data

Monthly base of percentages	l			Per	monthly level					
(In thousands)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	20 or 80	25 or 75	30 or 70	35 or 65	50
50	2.14	3.01	4.69	6.46	7.68	8.61	9.32	9.86	10.27	10.76
100	, 1.51	2.13	3.32	4.57	5.43	6.09	6.59	6.97	7.26	7.61
500	.68	.95	. 1.48	2.04	2.43	2.72	2.95	3.12	3.25	3.40
1,000	.48	.67	1.05	1.44	i 1.72	1.92	2.08	2.21	2.30	2.41
2,000	24	.48	.74	1.02	1.22	1.36	1.47	1.56	1.62	1.70
4,000	.24	.34	52	.72	86	.96	1.04	1.10	1.15	1.20
6,000	.20	.28	.43	.59	.70	.79	.85	.90	.94	.98
10.000	' .15	.21	.33	.46	.54	61	.66	.70	.73	.76
20.000	.11	.15	.23	' .32	.38	43	.47	49	.51 i	.54
40,000	08	.11	.17	.23	.27	.30	33	.35	36	.38
60,000	.06	.09	.14	.19	.22	.25	.27	.28	.30 <sup>1</sup>	.31
80,000	.05	.08	.12	.16	.19	.22	.23	.25	.26	.27
100,000	.05	.07	.10	.14	17	.19	.21	.22	.23	.24
160,000	.04	.05	.08	.11	.13	.15	.16	i .17	.18	.19

NOTE: The standard errors in this table must be multiplied by the factors in table I to obtain the approximate standard error for a specific characteristic.

Table I. Factors to be used with Table H to compute approximate standard errors for percentages and month-to-month change in percentages

	Fa	ctor		Factor		
Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	Characteristic	Monthly level	Month-to- month change	
Agricultural employment:			Unemployment:			
Total or full-time labor force	1.26	1.05	Part-time labor force, duration of		!	
Part-time labor force	1.26	1.50	unemployment, left last job,		į	
Labor force data other than agricultural			reentering labor force	1.01	1.21	
employment and unemployment data:		ĺ	All other unemployment characteristics:			
Total	1.00	.74	Total or white:		1	
Men only	.93	.84	Total	.97	1.08	
Women only	.86	.75	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	.97	1.21	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1.00	1.18	Black:		ł	
Part-time labor force	1.00	1.18	Total	1.04	1.13	
		İ	Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1.04	1.24	

Table J. Factors to be used with Tables, D, F, H, and I to compute the approximate standard errors for levels, rates, and percentages for year-to-year change of monthly estimates, quarterly averages, change in quarterly averages, yearly averages and change in yearly averages,

	Factor								
Characteristic	Year-to-year change of monthly estimate	Quarterly averages	Change irı quarterly averages	Yearly averages	Change in yearly averages				
Agricultural employment:			!						
Total or men	1.30	0.89	0.80	0.72	0.70				
Women or teenagers (16 to 19 years) Part time	1.30	.83	.80	.58	.70				
abor force data other than agricultural employment and unemployment data:	1.40	.74	.80	.46	.70				
Total or white Black or teenagers	1.30	.88	.88	.67	.70				
(16 to 19 years)	1.30	.82	.88	.57	.70				
Part time	1.40	.74	.88	.46	.60				
inemployment:			 						
Total	1.40	.76	.88	.50	.65				
Part time	1.40	.69	.88	.39	.54				

Table K. Standard errors for estimates of quarterly level, to be used with CPS earnings data

(In thousands)

	İ			C	Characteristic				
		Total	<u>-</u>			en		Wor	nen
1	Part-time	Total or full-time workers		Part-time	Total or full-time workers			Total, full-time, or part-time workers	
	workers	Total or white	Black	workers	Total	White	Black	Total or white	Black
)	5	5	5	5	 5	5	 5	5	5
)		12	12	11	12	12	12	11	11
·		1 15	15	13	15	15	15	13	13
00	· · -	17	17	15	17	i 17	17	15	15
50	19	21	21	19	21	21	21	1 19	19
00	22	24	24	22	24	24	24	. 22	21
50	24	27	27	24	27	27	27	24	24
00	26	: 30	30	26 <sup>i</sup>	30	30	29	26	26
00	34	38	38	34	38	38	37	94	33
50		47	46	42	47	47	45	42	41
000	48	54	53	48 i	54	54	50	48	46
500		66	63	59	66	66	59	59	56
000		76	72 :	68	76	76	65	68	63
500		85	79	75	84	84	69	75	69
000		. 93	85	82	92	92	71	82	74
000		119	100	105	117	116	64	105	85
500		145	107	127	140	138	-	127	_
0,000		165	102	144	157	155	_	145	_
5,000		198		187	183	179	_	173	_
0,000		224		192	199	193	-	1 195	_
5,000		244	_ :	207	209	199	. ~	i 211	_
	; —	261	- ;	219	212	198	_	224	_
0.000	1	286	- ;	236	201	174	_	242	_
0,000		301	- 1	_ 1		_	_	! - <del>-</del> -	_
5.000	•	304	_ '	_ '	_	_	_	_ :	_
00,000		255	_ '	_ !	_	i _ '	_	! - :	_

# Establishment Data (Tables B-1 through C-8)

#### COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, and earnings in nonagricultural establishments, by industry and geographic location. Historical statistics are published in *Employment, Hours, and Earnings, United States, 1909-84*, and *Employment Hours and Earnings, States and Areas, 1939-82* and their annual supplements.

#### Federal-State cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements, responding establishments report employment, hours, and earnings data to State agencies. State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the reported data to prepare State and area series and also send the reported data to the BLS (Washington Office) for use in preparing the national series. This avoids a duplicate reporting burden on establishments, and together with the use of similar estimating techniques at the national and State levels, promotes increased comparability between estimates.

#### Shuttle schedules

Form BLS 790—Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours is the name of the data collection schedule. The collection agency returns the schedule to the respondent each month so that the next month's data can be entered on the space alotted for that month. This "shuttle" procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures that have been reported for previous months.

Form BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the total number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments and, for most industries, employment, payroll, and hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month.

#### CONCEPTS

#### Industrial classification

Establishments reporting on Form BLS 790 are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. Since January 1980, this information is collected on a supplement to the quarterly unemployment insurance tax reports filed by employers. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the principal product or activity.

All data on employment, hours, and earnings for the Nation and for States and areas are classified in accordance with the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SICM), Office of Management and Budget. The BLS tabulates and estimates statistics which distinguish between private and public establishments, thus maintaining continuity with previously published statistics for the private and government sector.

#### Industry employment

Employment data, except those for the Federal Government, refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid volunteer or family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; military personnel are excluded. Employees of the Central Intelligence Agency and the National Security Agency are also excluded.

Persons on establishment payrolls who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday, on paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period even though they are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are on layoff, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period, or who were hired but have not yet reported during the period.

#### Industry hours and earnings

Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-producing industries.

Production and related workers include working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial, guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's

own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operation.

Construction workers include the following employees in the construction division: Working supervisors, qualified craft workers, mechanics, apprentices, helpers, laborers, etc., engaged in new work, alterations, demolition, repair, maintenance, etc., whether working at the site of construction or working in shops or yards at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, physicians, lawyers, accountants, nurses, social workers, research aides, teachers, drafters, photographers, beauticians, musicians, restaurant workers, custodial workers, attendants, line installers and repairers, laborers, janitors, guards, and other employees at similar occupational levels whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period); other pay not earned in the pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay); tips; and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded. "Fringe benefits" (such as health and other types of insurance, contributions to retirement, etc., paid by the employer) are also excluded.

Hours cover the hours paid for during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. Included are hours paid for holidays, vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours covers hours worked by production or related workers for which overtime premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or the workweek during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if overtime premiums were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

Average hourly and weekly earnings. Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis. They reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. They also reflect shifts in the number of employees between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time; rates are the amount stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series do not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the production worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory employee definitions.

Average weekly earnings estimates are derived by multiplying average weekly hours estimates by average hourly earnings estimates. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in average hourly earnings but also by changes in the length of the workweek. Monthly variations in such factors as proportion of part-time workers, stoppages for varying reasons, labor turnover during the survey period, and absenteeism for which employees are not paid may cause the average workweek to fluctuate.

Long-term trends of average weekly earnings can be affected by structural changes in the makeup of the work force. For example, persistent long-term increases in the proportion of part-time workers in retail trade and many of the services industries have reduced average workweeks in these industries and have affected the average weekly earnings series.

Average weekly hours. The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as unpaid absenteeism, labor turnover, partime work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

Average overtime hours. The overtime hours represent that portion of the average weekly hours which exceeded regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid. If an employee were to work on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his or her holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Table L. Summary of methods for computing industry statistics on employment, hours, and earnings

Employment, hours, and earnings	Basic estimating cell (industry, region, size, or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry level (division and, where stratified, industry)
		ly data
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample estab- lishments which reported for both months.1	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.
Production or nonsupervisory workers, women employees	All-employees estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) estimated ratio of women to al! employees. <sup>2</sup>	estimates, or estimates of women employees, for
Average weekly hours	Production or nonsupervisory worker hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. <sup>2</sup>	Average, weighted by production or nonsupervisory worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.
Average weekly overtime hours	Production worker overtime hours divided by number of production workers. <sup>2</sup>	Average, weighted by production worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.
Average hourly earnings	Total production or nonsupervisory worker payroll divided by total production or nonsupervisory worker hours. <sup>2</sup>	Average, weighted by aggregate hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.
	Annual av	erage data
All employees, women employees, and production or nonsupervisory workers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.
Average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate hours (production or non- supervisory worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	supervisory workers divided by annual sum of
Average weekly overtime hours	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours (pro- duction worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.
Average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (product of production or nonsupervisory worker employment by weekly hours and hourly earnings) divided by annual aggregate hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate hours.
Average weekly earnings	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The estimates are computed by multiplying the above product by bias adjustment factors, which compensate for the underrepresentation of newly formed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample

a wedging technique designed to compensate for changes in the sample arising mainly from the voluntary character of the reporting. The wedging procedure accepts the advantage of continuity from the use of the matched sample and, at the same time, tapers or wedges the estimate toward the level of the latest sample average.

ed enterprises and other sources of bias in the sample.

<sup>2</sup> The sample production-worker ratio, women-worker ratio, average weekly hours, average overtime hours, and average hourly earnings are modified by

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, ovetime premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industry group level also may be caused by a marked change in hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on average hours.

Railroads hours and earnings. The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I) who received pay during the month. Average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

Real earnings, or earnings in constant dollars, are calculated from the earnings averages for the current month using a deflator derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

Average hourly earnings excluding overtime. Average hourly earnings excluding overtime premium pay are computed by dividing the total production worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production worker hours and one-half of total overtime hours. Prior to January 1956, these data were based on the application of adjustment factors to average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Review, May 1950, pp. 537-40). Both methods eliminate only the earnings due to overtime paid for at 116 times the straight-time rates. No adjustments are made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

Indexes of aggregate weekly hours. The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the average of the 12 monthly figures for 1977. For basic industries, the hour aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production worker or nonsupervisory worker employment. At all higher levels of industry aggregation, hour aggregates are the sum of the component aggregates.

Indexes of diffusion of changes in number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls. These indexes measure the percent of industries which posted increases in employment over the specified time span. The indexes are calculated from 185 seasonally adjusted employment series (two-digit nonmanufacturing industries and three-digit manufacturing industries) covering all nonagricultural payroll employment in the private sector. A more detailed discussion of these indexes appears in "Introduction of Diffusion Indexes," in the December 1974 issue of Employment and Earnings.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the establishment statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique which is a form of ratio estimation; (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks; and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

#### The "link relative" technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a "link relative." The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these "link relatives." In addition, bias correction factors are applied to selected employment estimates each month. The size of the bias correction factors is determined from past benchmark comparisons. Beginning with data for April 1983, these factors are modified by changes in the sample link relatives for the most recent quarter. Other features of the general procedures are described in table 1.

#### Size and regional stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified production or nonsupervisory worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods in table L, may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

#### Benchmark adjustments

Employment estimates are compared periodically with benchmarks (comprehensive counts of employment) for the various nonagricultural industries and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1983 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary sources of benchmark information are employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by States agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations cover about 98 percent of employees on nonagricultural payrolls in the United States. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates for the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necesary, the monthly series of estimates between benchmark periods are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment; the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level. A comparision of the actual amounts of revisions made at the time of the March 1983 benchmark adjustment is shown in table M.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are subject to revision. Revised data are published as soon as possible after each benchmark revision.

#### THE SAMPLE

#### Design

The sampling plan used in the Current Employment Statistics program is known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." This design is an optimum allocation design among strata since the sampling variance is proportional to the average size of establishments. Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the sample for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost

Table M. Comparison of nonagricultural employment benchmarks and estimates for March 1983

Industry	Benchmark	Estimate	Percent differ- ence
Total	88,208.000	88,172,000	(')
Mining Construction Manutacturing Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate	3,469,000 17,956,000 4,923,000 5,156,000 14,971,000 5,361,000	996,000 3,453,000 18.166.000 4,913,000 5,145,000 14,810,000 5,359,000	-5.4 .5 -1.2 .2 .2 1.1
Services	19,262,000 16,165,000	19,279,000 16,051,000	1 .7

Less than 0.05 percent.

considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in relatively few establishments, a large percent of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the large establishments with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments and also for a substantial number of the small ones. Many industries in the trade and services divisions fall into this category. To keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to design samples for these industries with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than do establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS Current Employment Statistics program, with its emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after the reference period, and, at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail.

#### Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. Table N shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

#### Reliability of the employment estimates

Although the relatively large size of the BLS establishment sample assures a high degree of accuracy, the estimates derived from it may differ from the figures that would be obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures. As discussed under the previous section, a "link relative" technique is used to estimate employment. This requires the use of the previous month's estimate as

Table N. Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1983'

	Number of estab-	Employees		
Industry	lishments in sample	Number reported	Percent of total	
Total	195.100	35.141.000	40	
Mining	2.600 19.100	324.000 667.000	34 19	
Manufacturing Transportation and public utilities:	49.200	9.951.000	55	
Railroad transportation (ICC) Other transportation and	30	341.000	93	
public utilities:	8.700	2.353.000	52	
Wholesale trade	16,800	820.000	16	
Retail trade	30.800	2.660.000	18	
Finance, insurance, and				
real estate	13,400	2.040,000	38	
Services	33,100	4.291.000	22	
Government:				
Federal <sup>2</sup>	4.800	2.731.000	100	
State	3,700	3.051.000	81	
Local	12.900	5.912.000	61	

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Since a few establishments do not report payroll and hours information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

the base in computing the current month's estimate. Thus, small sampling and response errors may cumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the estimates are usually adjusted annually to new benchmarks. In addition to taking account of sampling and response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks). In fact, at the more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjustments. Another cause of differences arises from improvements in the quality of the benchmark data. Table O presents the average percent revisions of the five most recent benchmarks for major industry divisions. Detailed descriptions of individual benchmark revisions are available from the Bureau upon request.

The hours and earnings estimates for basic estimating cells are not subject to benchmark revisions, although the broader groupings may be affected slightly by changes in employment weights. The hours and earnings estimates, however, are subject to sampling errors which may be expressed as relative errors of the estimates. (A relative error is a standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate.) Relative errors for major industries are presented in table O and for individual industries with the specified number of employees in table P. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the hours and earnings estimates from the sample would differ by a

smaller percentage than the relative error from the averages that would have been obtained from a complete census.

One measure of the reliability of the employment estimates for individual industries is the root-mean-square error (RMSE). The measure is the standard deviation adjusted for the bias in estimates:

RMSE = 
$$\sqrt{\text{(Standard Deviation)}^2 + (\text{Bias})^2}$$

If the bias is small, the chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the samle would differ from its benchmark by less than the root-mean-square error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the root-mean-square error.

Approximations of the root-mean-square errors (based on the most recent benchmark revisions) of differences between final estimates and benchmarks are presented in table P.

For the two most recent months, estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary and are so footnoted in the tables. These figures are based on less than the total sample and are revised when all the reports in the sample have been received. Table Q presents root-mean-square errors of the amounts of revisions that may be expected between the preliminary and final levels of employment and preliminary and final month-to-month changes. Revisions of preliminary hours and earnings estimates are normally not greater than 0.1 of an hour for weekly hours and 1 cent for hourly earnings.

#### STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, and earnings data

Table O. Average benchmark revision in employment estimates and relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings by industry

(in	percent)
_	

	Average bench- mark revi-	Relative errors		
Industry	sion in estimates of employ- ment	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	
Total	0.2	_	-	
Total private	.2	0.1	0.2	
Mining	2.1	1.0	1.3	
Construction	1.7	.2	.5	
Manufacturing	.5	.1	.2	
Durable goods	.5	.1	.3	
Nondurable goods	.4	.1	.2	
Transportation and public utilities,	.4	.7	6	
Wholesale trade	.3	.2	.4	
Retail trade	1.2	.2	.4	
Finance, insurance, and real estate.	.2	.2	.4	
Services	.4	.4	.6	
Government <sup>3</sup>	7	-	-	

<sup>&#</sup>x27;The average percent revision in employment for the 1979-83 benchmarks.

National estimates of Federal employment by agency are provided to BLS by the Office of Personnel Management. Detailed industry estimates for the Executive Branch, as well as State and area estimates of Federal employment, are based on a sample of 4,800 reports covering about 64 percent of employment in Federal establishments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Estimates for government are based on a total count for Federal Government provided by the Office of Personnel Management and a sample of State and local government reports.

Table P. Root-mean-square errors of differences between benchmarks and estimates of employment and average relative errors for average weekly hours and average hourly earnings

	Root- mean- square	Relative errors' (in percent)		
Size of employment estimate	error of employ- ment esti- mates	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	
50,000	2,100	2.2	4.0	
100,000	3,900	1.3	2.3	
200,000	5,600	1 1	2.0	
500,000	14,000	.9	16	
1,000,000	15,000	.8	1.2	
2,000,000	26,000	.5	.9	

Assuming 12-month intervals between benchmark revisions. Relative errors relate to 1982 data.

are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with BUS. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Eurnings* that contains State and area annual averages (usually the May issue). Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BUS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of

Table Q. Errors of preliminary employment estimates

	Root-mean-s	square error of—
Industry	Monthly level	Month-to-month change
Total nonagricultural		
employment	114.600	105.000
Goods-producing	39.600	34.300
Mining	5.500	5,100
Construction	22,000	18,200
Manufacturing	29.000	28.500
Durable two-digit		İ
industries Nondurable two-digit	5.400	5.200
industries	3.900	3.900
Service-producing	93.600	91.500
Transportation and public	13.400	i
utilities		14.000
Wholesale trade	9.000	8.300
Retail trade	42.600	30.100
Finance, insurance, and		1
real estate	3.500	8.200
Services	01.000	28.000
Government	71.300	62.800

NOTE: Data at the division level are based on differences from January 1978 through December 1983. Two-digit industry data are based on differences from January 1982 through December 1983

differing industrial and geographic stratification.

For the States and the areas shown in the B and C sections of this periodical, all the annual average data for the detailed industry statistics currently published by each cooperating State agency are presented in a summary volume published annually by the BLS.

# Productivity Data (Tables C-9 through C-11)

#### COLLECTION

Productivity data are compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from establishment data and from estimates of compensation and gross national product supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce and the Federal Reserve Board.

#### **CONCEPTS**

Hours of wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments refer to hours paid for all employees—production workers, nonsupervisory workers, and salaried workers.

Output is the constant-dollar market value of final goods and services produced in a given period. Indexes of output per hour of all persons measure changes in the volume of goods and services produced per paid hour of labor input.

Compensation per hour includes wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. The data also in-

clude an estimate of wages, salaries, and supplementary payments for the self-employed, except for nonfinancial corporations, in which there are no self-employed.

Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour adjusted to elimate the effect of changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U).

Unit labor costs measure the labor compensation cost required to produce one unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation per hour by output per hour.

Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from the current-dollar gross national product and dividing by output. In these tables, unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

*Unit profits* include corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustments per unit of output.

The *implicit price deflator* is derived by dividing the current-dollar estimate of gross product by the

constant-dollar estimate, making the deflator, in effect, a price index for gross product of the sector reported.

#### **NOTES ON THE DATA**

For the business sector and the nonfarm business sector, these indexes relate to the gross domestic product less household and institutions, owner-occupied housing, and statistical discrepancy. For the nonfinancial corporate sector, the indexes refer to the gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business.

Manufacturing output data are supplied by the

Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Federal Reserve Board. Quarterly measures have been adjusted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to annual estimates of output (gross product originating) from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Compensation and hours data are from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Historical statistics for most productivity measures appear in *Trends in Multifactor Productivity*, 1948-81, BLS Bulletin 2178. Additional information may be obtained from the Office of Productivity and Technology (202 523-9261).

## State and Area Labor Force Data (D table)

#### FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM

Labor force and unemployment estimates for States, labor market areas (LMA's), and other areas covered under Federal assistance programs are developed by State employment security agencies under a Federal-State cooperative program. The local unemployment estimates which are derived from standardized procedures developed by BLS are the basis of determining eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act and the Public Works and Economic Development Act.

Annual average data for the States and areas shown in table D are published in *Employment and Earnings* (usually the May issue). For regions, States, selected metropolitan areas, and central cities, annual average data classified by selected demographic, social, and economic characteristics are published in the BLS bulletin, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment*.

Labor force and unemployment estimates for counties, cities, and other small areas have been prepared for administration of various Federal economic assistance programs and may be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The report "Employment and Unemployment in States and Local Areas" is published monthly through GPO and is available on microfiche only on a subscription basis.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

The civilian labor force and unemployment estimates in 11 large States: New York, California, Illinois, Ohio, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Texas, Massachusetts, North Carolina, and Florida; and two areas: Los Angeles—Long Beach metropolitan area and New York City, are sufficiently reliable to be used directly from the CPS. For a description of the CPS concepts see "Household Data," above.

Monthly labor force and unemployment estimates in the remaining 39 States, District of Columbia, and 253 labor market areas are prepared in several stages. The civilian labor force is the sum of the employment and unemployment levels, which are estimated in accordance with the BLS Manual for Developing Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

- 1. Preliminary estimate—employment: The total civilian employment estimate is based on data from the survey of establishments which produces an estimate of payroll employment. This place-of-work estimate must be adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Factors for adjusting from place of work to place of residence have been developed for the several categories of employment on the basis of employment relationships which existed at the time of the 1970 decennial census. These factors are applied to the payroll employment estimates for the current period to obtained adjusted employment estimates, to which are added estimates for employment not cover by UI.
- 2. Preliminary estimate—unemployment: In the current month, the estimate of unemployment is an aggregate of the estimates for each of three building block categories: (1) Persons who were previously employed in industries covered by State unemployment insurance (UI) laws; (2) those previously employed in industries not covered by these laws; and (3) those who were entering the civilian labor force for the first time or reentering after a period of separation. This is referred to below as the UI- based estimate.

An estimate for those previously employed in covered industries is derived from a count of current employment insurance claimants, plus estimates of claimants whose benefits have been exhausted, those persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons (because they quit, were discharged for cause,

etc., but would otherwise have been eligible), and person who either filed claims late or not at all.

The estimate of those previously employed in industries not covered by UI is derived by applying to the employment estimate for each noncovered industry or class of worker subgroup in the State, the ratio of covered unemployment to covered employment weighted by factors reflecting national historical relationships.

For the third category, new entrants and reentrants into the labor force, a composite estimate is developed from equations that relate the total entrants into the labor force to the experienced unemployed and the experienced labor force. For each month, the estimate of entrants into the labor force is a function of: (a) the month of the year; (b) the level of the experienced unemployed; (c) the level of the experienced labor force; and (d) the proportion of the working age population that is considered "youth." The composite estimate of total entrants is defined as:

A(X+E) + BX, where

U=

U = total entrant unemployment
E = total civilian employment
X = total experienced unemployment
A,B = synthetic factors incorporating
seasonal variation and an assumed
relationship between the proportion of
youths in the working population and the
historical relationship of entrants to the

experienced unemployed (B factor) or the

experienced labor force (A factor).

3. Correction factors for employment and unemployment are then applied at the State level of the UI-based estimates obtained above for each of the 39 States and the District of Columbia. These correction factors are based on the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based estimates for the 6-month period ending in the current month (e.g. a 6-month moving average).

- 4. Substate adjustment for additivity. Independent estimates of employment and unemployment are prepared for the State (obtained directly from the CPS in the 11 large States or by the UI-based method in the remaining States), and labor market areas (LMA's) within the State). The total of the geographic areas in the LMA's exhausts the geographic boundaries of the State. A proportional adjustment is applied to all sub-state LMA estimates to ensure that the sub-state estimates of employment and unemployment add to the independent State totals. In California and New York, which also have sub-state areas taken directly from the CPS, the additivity adjustment for the reamining areas is applied to the State total minus the direct CPS area.
- 5. Benchmark correction procedures. Once each year monthly estimates prepared by the State employment security agencies using UI-based estimating procedures are adjusted, or benchmarked, by BLS to the annual average CPS estimates for the 39 States and the District of Columbia for which monthly CPS estimates are not available. This adjustment is necessary because the State-prepared estimates are not as reliable as the CPS annual averages due to differences in the State UI laws, the structual limitations of the UI-based estimating method, and errors in the UI data.

The benchmarked estimates are produced in three stages. First, the monthly UI-based estimates are adjusted by the ratio of the CPS to the UI-based annual averages. Second, the difference between the ratio of annual averages for two consecutive years is wedged into the monthly estimates in order to minimize the disturbance to the original series. Finally, the third stage estimates are forced into agreement with CPS annual averages. In the 11 States which use CPS estimates monthly, no benchmark correction is required, as the average of the 12 monthly State CPS estimates will equal CPS annual averages.

### **Seasonal Adjustment**

Over the course of a year, the size of the Nation's labor force, the levels of employment and unemployment, and other measures of labor market activity undergo sharp fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the statistics from month to month. These adjustments make it easier to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. In evaluating

changes in a seasonally adjusted series, it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but are also affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment-based data are published regularly in *Employment and Earnings*.

The seasonal adjustment program used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving

average method. It provides for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in *The X-11 Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program*, Technical Paper No. 15, Bureau of the Census (1967).

Beginning in January 1980, BLS introduced two major modifications in the seasonal adjustment methodology for data from the household survey. First, the data are being seasonally adjusted with a new procedure called X-11 ARIMA, which was developed at Statistics Canada as an extension of the existing standard X-11 method. A detailed description of the procedure appears in The X-11 ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Method, by Estela Bee Dagum, Statistics Canada Catalogue NO. 12-564E, February 1980. The X-11 procedure was originally developed at the Bureau of the Census and had been used by the BLS to seasonally adjusted labor force series since 1973. Tests have shown that use of the X-11 ARIMA procedure, which places more emphasis on recent data, provides better seasonal adjustments than does the X-11 method alone.

The second change is that seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the first 6 months of the year rather than for the entire year. In July of each year, BLS calculates and publishes in *Employment and Earnings* a set of seasonal adjustment factors for use in the second half, based on the experience through June. Revisions of historical data for the most recent 5 years are made at the beginning of each calendar year. However, as a result of the revisions to the estimates for 1970-81 based on 1980 census population counts, revisions to seasonally adjusted series in early 1982 were carried back to 1970.

All labor force and unemployment rate statistics, as well as the major employment and unemployment estimates, are computed by aggregating independently adjusted series. For example, for each of the three major labor force components-agricultural employment, nonagricultural employment, and unemployment-data for four sex-age groups (men and women under and over 20 years of age) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to derive seasonally adjusted total figures. The seasonally adjusted figure for the labor force is the sum of eight seasonally adjusted civilian employment components, plus the resident Armed Forces total (not adjusted for seasonality), and four seasonally adjusted unemployment components; the total for unemployment is the sum of the four unemployment components; and the overall unemployment rate is derived by dividing the resulting estimate of total unemployment by the estimate of the labor force. Because of the independent seasonal adjustment of various series, components will not necessarily add to totals.

Revised seasonally adjusted data for selected labor force series based on the experience through December 1984, new seasonal adjustment factors to be used to calculate the civilian unemployment rate for the first 6 months of 1985, and a description of the current seasonal adjustment methodology are published in the January 1985 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Revised seasonally adjusted data covering the 1980-84 revision period for a broader range of labor force series are published in the February 1985 issue of this publication.

Beginning in July 1980, the BLS also uses the X-11 ARIMA methodology in seasonally adjusting the establishment data, which previously had been computed using the BLS Seasonal Factor Method. All series are seasonally adjusted using the multiplicative models under X-11 ARIMA. Seasonal adjustment factors used in calculating the current year's estimates are based on actual data through March 1984 and projected data through March 1985. The ARIMA model options for projecting the data series for 1 year ahead have been used in seasonally adjusting the establishment series since June 1981.

Seasonal adjustment factors are directly applied to the component levels. Seasonally adjusted totals for most of these series are then obtained by taking a weighted average of the seasonally adjusted data for the component series. Seasonally adjusted average weekly earnings are the product of seasonally adjusted average hourly earnings and seasonally adjusted average weekly

Average weekly earnings in constant dollars, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by dividing average weekly earnings, seasonally adjusted, by the seasonally adjusted Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), and multiplying by 100. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production or nonsupervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, and dividing by the 1977 base. For total private, total goods-producing, total private service-producing, wholesale trade, retail trade, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods industries, the indexes of aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1977 base.

Seasonally adjusted data are not published for a number of series characterized by small seasonal components relative to their trend-cycle and/or irregular components. These failed or unsatisfactory seasonally adjusted series are used in the aggregation to broader level seasonally adjusted series

Beginning in June 1983, seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment are derived from unadjusted data which include Christmas temporary workers employed by the Postal Service. In earlier years the number of these workers was substantial, and at times varied greatly from year to year, based on administrative decisions of the Postal Service. Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the unadjusted data upon which the seasonal adjustment factors were based. In the past several years, the number of these workers has decreased to the point where their presence has no impact on seasonal adjustment. Temporary census takers for the 1980 decennial census are

removed prior to the calculation of seasonal adjustment factors for Federal Government employment.

The revised seasonally adjusted series for the establishment data reflect experience through March 1984. Seasonal adjustment factors to be used for current adjustment appear in the June 1984 issue of *Employment and Earnings*.