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## CAUTION

Periodically, the Bureau adjusts the industry employment series to a recent benchmark to improve their accuracy. These adjustments may also affect the hours and earnings series because emplòyment levels are used as weights. All industry statistics shown in this report are adjusted to a March 1965 benchmark. Data from April 1965 forward are subject to revision at the time of the next benchmark adjustment. The user is referred to the technical note in the back of this volume for further details regarding the benchmark adjustments as well as other aspects of the program.

Beginning with September 1966 and subsequent issues of Employment and Earnings and Monthly

Report on the Labor Force, data in tables B-1 through $\mathrm{B}-6, \mathrm{C}-1$ through $\mathrm{C}-8$ and $\mathrm{D}-1$ through D-4 are based on March 1965 benchmarks. Therefore issues prior to September 1966 cannot be used in conjunction with national industry data now shown in sections $B, C$, and $D$. Comparable data for prior periods will be publishedin Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States, 1909-66, BLS Bulletin 1312-4.

When industry data are again adjusted to new benchmarks, another edition of Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States will be issued containing the revised data extending from April 1965 forward to a current date, as well as the prior historical statistics.

[^0]
# Summary Employment And Unemployment Developments, September 1966 

The September survey of employment and unemployment revealed continuing demand for qualified and experienced workers, an extensive withdrawal of younger workers from the labor force in order to resume their education, and substantial job gains for adult women. The job situation for Negroes and for unskilled workers showed no significant change after a deterioration from April to August. The highlights of the September survey are:

1. Employment of teenagers was unusually high during the summer, reflecting the impact of the youth employment campaign. In September, about 3 million young sters withdrew from the labor force to return to school. Teenage employment in September (seasonally adjusted) was almost identical with the May total.
2. There was a sharp employment increase among women 25 years of age and over. The adult female labor force rose correspondingly, reflecting increased participation of women in response to improved job opportunities.
3. The net result was that nonfarm employment (as measured by establishment as well as household data) changed about in line with seasonal expectations. The number of employees on nonfarm payrolls rose 400,000 to 64.9 million in September, a record for the month. Since September 1965, payroll employment has risen by 3 million.
4. The Negro unemployment rate, at 7.8 percent, was not significantly changed from the 7.9 percent average in the May-August period. The unemployment rate for whites was 3.3 percent in September, as compared with 3.4 percent in the May-August period. The ratio of Negro to white unemployment rates continues at 2.4 : 1 , a considerable rise from the $2: 1$ ratio which has been prevalent in recent years.
5. The job situation for workers with good professional or manual skills, and with good training and experience, remains very favorable. Unemployment rates were only 2. 3 percent for white-collar workers and 1.8 percent for skilled craftsmen. Married men, who account for over half of the labor force, had a rate of 1.9 percent (seasonally adjusted). The job situation is considerably weaker for workers with less skill and experience. For example, the rate for unskilled workers was 5. 8 percent.
6. The over-all unemployment rate was 3.8 percent, seasonally adjusted, with 2.6 million actual jobseekers. The number of unemployed usually edges down in October and then rises with cutbacks in agriculture, construction, and other seasonal activities. Thus far in 1966, the level of unemployment has shown little change except for normal seasonal variations.

## Payroll Employment, Hours, and Earnings

September employment changes in the major industry groups were comparatively close to seasonal expectations. Moderate improvements were recorded in government and transportation, the latter being attributable to the end of the airline strike.

Employment in contract construction declined by 116,000 in September, slightly more than usual at this time of year. On a seasonally adjusted basis, construction employment was slightly above a year ago but down 200, 000 from its March peak, due to the slowdown in private residential construction.

Manufacturing employment rose by 125,000 to 19.5 million. On a seasonally adjusted basis, manufacturing was off 75,000 from August, reflecting the return to school of many youngsters hired in the spring. Manufacturing was up over l million from September 1965.

Factory workers' weekly earnings averaged \$113.44 in September, up \$1.66 from August. With the workweek unchanged at 41.4 hours, the entire increase was attributable to a 4-cent rise in hourly earnings to \$2.74--an alltime high. Hourly earnings increased in all industries (except tobacco); however, the return to payrolls of 150,000 workers in transportation equipment accounted for approximately half of the increase. Their absence from payrolls was partially responsible for a 1 cent decline in hourly earnings between July and August.

## Unemployment

Total unemployment declined seasonally by 350,000 to 2.6 million. Over the year, unemployment was down 300,000 , with the entire decline among persons seeking full-time work. The unemployment rate for full-time workers was 3.4 percent in September, down from 4.0 percent a year earlier. The situation for part-time workers--the vast majority of whom are women and teenagers--was unchanged over the year.

Unemployment rates for men (2. 4 percent), women ( 3.8 percent), and teenagers (12.2 percent) were not significantly changed over the month, or since the beginning of the year. Nonetheless, with the exception of the rate for Negroes, all measures of unemployment showed significant reductions from a year ago. The overall rate was down from 4.4 to 3.8 percent. About two-thirds of the improvement occurred among those out of work 15 weeks or longer. Long-term unemployment, at 0.6 percent of the labor force in the third quarter, was at its lowest level since late 1953.

The deterioration in the Negro job situation during the late spring and summer resulted from inadequate employment gains for Negroes in the semiskilled, unskilled, and farm occupations, with a consequent rise in the level of unemployment among experienced workers. In the service occupations, which include private household and other service jobs, employment actually declined, whereas a moderate increase is usual during this period. The increase in the Negro unemployment rate was not due to an inordinate increase in the Negro labor force, or in the number of inexperienced workers seeking jobs.

Seasonally Adjusted Changes in White and Nonwhite Labor Force

|  | (In thousands) |  |  | CHANGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sept.-Dec. } \\ 1965 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan.-April } \\ 1966 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May-Aug . } \\ 1966 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Sept.-Dec. 1965 to MayAugust 1966 | Jan.-April 1966 to MayAug. 1966 |
| Whites: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 67,522 | 68,026 | 68,200 | +678 | +174 |
| Employment | 64,964 | 65,721 | 65,837 | +873 | +116 |
| Unemployment | 2,558 | 2,305 | 2,363 | -195 | + 58 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.5 | -0.3 | +0.1 |
| Nonwhites: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 8,504 | 8,662 | 8,582 | + 78 | - 80 |
| Employment | 7,834 | 8,049 | 7,904 | $+70$ | -145 |
| Unemployment | 671 | 613 | 679 | + 8 | +66 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.9 | 7.1 | 7.9 | 0.0 | +0.8 |

State insured unemployment dropped by 225,000 to 756,000 between mid-August and mid-September. The volume always declines over this period, but this year the fall was greater than usual because the peak of the automobile layoffs occurred in August. All States except Nevada and Oregon reported less joblessness. The largest reductions occurred among the leading auto States--Michigan (73, 300), New York ( 14,900 ), California $(14,100)$, Missouri $(13,700)$, Wisconsin $(10,800)$, and Ohio ( 10,200 ). The insured jobless rate (seasonally adjusted) moved down from 2.5 to 2.2 percent over the month.

Recent Weekly State Insured Unemployment Data
(In thousands)

| Week ended | Current |  |  | Year earlier |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Initial } \\ & \text { claims } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rate } \\ (\text { Pct. }) \end{gathered}$ | Initial claims | Insured unemp loyment | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rate } \\ \text { (Pct.) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August 13... | 180 | 978 | 2.1 | 219 | 1,133 | 2.5 |
| August 20...... | 158 | 926 | 2.0 | 211 | 1,129 | 2.5 |
| August 27...... | 144 | 867 | 1.8 | 198 | 1,119 | 2.5 |
| September 3.... | 145 | 800 | 1.7 | 182 | 1,066 | 2.3 |
| September 10... | 135 | 773 | 1.6 | 163 | 1,047 | 2.3 |
| September 17... | 155 | 756 | 1.6 | 177 | 962 | 2.1 |
| September 24... | 144 | 743 | 1.6 | 171 | 930 | 2.0 |
| October 1...... | 144 | -- | -- | 177 | -- | -- |

## Total Employment and Labor Force

The employment of adult women rose in September, continuing the rapid expansion of recent years. In contrast, the employment of adult men showed little change over the month or over the year. This difference in trend reflects the comparative shortage of adult men ( 97 percent of all men aged 25 to 54 are in the labor force and only 2. 1 percent of them are unemployed) and the strong demand for workers. Teenage employment was up 350,000 over the year.

The labor force was up by 2 million over the year to 80.1 million in September. One-fourth of the rise was in the Armed Forces, with the remainder in the civilian labor force.

# Employment And Unemployment In The Construction Industry: 1947-I966 <br> James R. Wetzel and Lyle Ryter* 

Over the postwar period, employment in the construction industry expanded by 60 percent and the structure and composition of the industry changed significantly. Perhaps the most important of these changes was the rapid expansion in the number and size of general contractors in the immediate postwar period. This change, coupled with the gradual increase in the dollar value and physical volume of construction projects, gave rise to a series of related changes.

1. Employment increased substantially, but the pattern of unemployment--both seasonal and cyclical--remained nearly the same. In 1965, the construction unemployment rate averaged 9 percent--higher than any other major industry.
2. Management and related services grew in importance. In contract construction the proportion of persons employed in these activities rose from 11 percent in 1947 to 15 percent in 1965.
3. Special trade contractors proliferated and grew in size. In 1965, they employed 1.5 million workers--three times as many as in 1945.
4. The geographic distribution of construction employment changed. The most rapid expansion occurred in the South.
5. Construction workers were able to command substantial earnings increases. Their average weekly earnings rose from $\$ 59.00$ in 1947 to $\$ 138.00$ in 1965. The increase ( 133 percent) was the largest of any of the major industry groups.
6. The technology of the industry changed subtly but persistently. There was a distinct movement to off-site employment in prefabrication of material. In addition, improved techniques, materials, and capital equipment both increased productivity and provided the potential for a lengthened building season.

## Employment

Following the Great Depression and World War II, a shortage of homes, commercial buildings, and roads gave rise to a building boom. In sequence, there was a residential building cycle, a plant building cycle, and a nonresidential building cycle. Superimposed on these periods of high activity was a large Federal highway building program begun in 1956. These cycles of increased activity contributed to the continuous but erratic growth of the industry.

Between 1947 and 1965, the real value of new construction put in place doubled while employment in contract construction increased by 60 percent. Construction had a greater relative rise in both output and employment than any other major goodsproducing industry. During the first decade of the postwar period, the high rate of household formation, combined with the stored-up construction demand from the Depression and War, created a builders' market. This postwar boom carried contract construction employment from 2 million in 1947 to over 2.6 million in 1951. Between 1951 and 1954, construction employment was stable.

[^1]In 1955, the investment-goods boom, coupled with an advance in public construction (especially State and local), provided the impetus for a strong employment expansion. The basis of this post-Korean pickup was the high rates of utilization of plant and equipment (to a great extent outmoded) during 1953 and the expanded public roads programs. Construction employment increased by 300,000 between 1954 and 1957. Between 1957 and 1962, construction employment fluctuated moderately about the 2.9 million level, reflecting the slowdown in economic activity during the 1958 and 1961 recessions. From 1962 on, however, employment in the construction industry increased steadily, rising to a level of 3.4 million (seasonally adjusted) in March 1966.

Short-term future trends in the industry are difficult to forecast. Stringent credit conditions, coupled with overbuilding in some areas, have contributed to a pronounced falloff in the leading indicators of future construction activity. ${ }^{1}$ In spite of this unfavorable situation, employment in construction activities continued to show significant gains from a year earlier but has not shown a distinct trend since March. It is not possible to estimate with any degree of precision the ultimate shortterm impact of the cutback in demand on construction employment; however, the

Chart 1.

## EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATES IN THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY, 1947-66



[^2]long-run outlook for employment in the industry is favorable. The real output of the industry is expected to increase sharply in the next decade, and employment requirements are expected to increase by more than one-third between 1964 and 1975. ${ }^{2}$

## Unemployment

The unemployment rate for workers in the construction industry is substantially higher than in any other major industry. The average rate over the postwar period exceeds 10 percent (chart 1). During the Korean war, the rate dipped to a low of 6 percent, reflecting the absence of young men. During the 1958-62 period of slack construction demand, the annual rate reached a peak of $15-1 / 2$ percent. These rates were more than twice the rates for all experienced workers. In 1965, the construction industry accounted for $5-1 / 2$ percent of the civilian labor force and $1 l$ percent of all the unemployed. One-fifth of the unemployed construction workers were without work for 15 weeks or more.

Table 1. Work Experience and Extent of Unemployment, 1964

| Item | Industry 1/ |  | Occupation |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Construction | Manufacturing | Carpenters | Crafts- men 2/ | Laborers |
| Persons with experience |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number (thousands).......... | 4,501 | 20,364 | 943 | 1,974 | 1,110 |
| Percent distribution....... | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Worked full time. | 91.0 | 94.8 | 88.4 | 91.8 | 85.1 |
| 50 to 52 weeks | 48.8 | 67.7 | 45.5 | 56.4 | 29.1 |
| 27 to 50 weeks | 28.1 | 16.7 | 33.7 | 27.0 | 30.1 |
| 1 to 26 weeks........... | 14.1 | 10.4 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 25.9 |
| Worked part time......... | 8.9 | 5.3 | 11.6 | 8.3 | 14.9 |
| Persons with unemployment |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number (thousands).......... | 1,624 | 3,739 | 351 | 658 | 504 |
| Percent of all workers..... | 36.1 | 18.4 | 37.2 | 33.3 | 45.4 |
| Total duration............... | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1 to 2 weeks (year-round workers).... | 8.3 | 13.6 | 12.0 | 10.6 | 6.7 |
| 1 to 4 weeks <br> (part-year workers)..... | 15.4 | 23.5 | 18.8 | 17.3 | 10.1 |
| 5 to 10 weeks............. | 22.2 | 21.7 | 24.5 | 22.3 | 20.2 |
| 11 to 14 weeks. | 16.1 | 12.9 | 15.4 | 16.5 | 17.1 |
| 15 to 26 weeks............ | 25.2 | 17.5 | 19.7 | 21.7 | 27.8 |
| 27 weeks or more......... | 12.7 | 10.8 | 9.7 | 11.7 | 18.1 |
| Spells of unemployment |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent of unemployed with:.. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1 spell of unemployment.... | 43.7 | 66.5 | 43.3 | 40.3 | 46.2 |
| 2 spells of unemployment... | 25.6 | 18.8 | 18.5 | 22.9 | 25.0 |
| 3 or more spells............ | 30.7 | 14.7 | 38.2 | 36.8 | 28.8 |

1/ Wage and salary workers only.
2/ All construction craftsmen except carpenters.

[^3]Only half of the construction industry's employees worked all year at a full-time job in 1964, as compared to two-thirds of all factory employees. ${ }^{3}$ Of the construction workers, 36 percent had one or more spells of unemployment, while only $18-1 / 2$ percent of the factory workers experienced some unemployment. Over half of the 1.6 million construction workers who had some unemployment in 1964 had two or more spells. Nearly 500,000 had three or more spells of unemployment.

The waste implicit in chronic and extended unemployment is indicated both by the number unemployed and the frequency of their unemployment. At least 600,000 construction workers were unemployed for aggregate periods in excess of 15 weeks. About 200,000 were off the job for more than half the year. As the occupational data in table 1 show, the unemployment situation for laborers was particularly acute in 1964, even though it was a year of high construction activity.

## Characteristics of the Construction Work Force

In 1965 , nearly 4.6 million workers were employed in construction activities. The vast majority--3. 2 million--were on payrolls in contract construction. An additional 750,000 were self-employed and an estimated 600,000 were employed by governmental units--Federal, State, and local.

With the exception of certain managerial, clerical, and sales functions, few women are employed in the construction industry. In 1965 , there were approximately 200,000 women, about 4 percent of the total.

As table 2 shows, the construction industry employment distribution by age almost parallels the employment distribution for the Nation. There has been some tendency for workers under 25 years of age to be drawn into the industry in the past 10 years. This increase may represent the influence of increased demand, but it is more likely that the comparative lack of workers aged 25 to 34 --due to low birth rates during the Depression and World War II--led to a breakdown in the age barrier to some construction jobs.

Table 2. Male Employment in Construction, by Age, 1955, 1960, and 1965
(Percent distribution)

| Age | 1965 |  | 1960 |  | 1955 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Al1 males 1/ | Construction | Al1 males <br> 1/ | Construction | A11 males 1/ | Construction |
| Total......... | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 14 to 24 years..... | 17.1 | 14.6 | 14.2 | 13.2 | 12.1 | 11.4 |
| 25 to 34 years..... | 21.2 | 21.6 | 22.9 | 23.2 | 25.4 | 25.0 |
| 35 to 44 years..... | 23.6 | 25.7 | 24.5 | 26.1 | 24.6 | 24.4 |
| 45 to 54 years..... | 20.9 | 21.4 | 20.8 | 21.2 | 19.9 | 21.1 |
| 55 years and over.. | 17.3 | 16.7 | 17.5 | 16.3 | 17.9 | 18.0 |

1/ Refers only to males employed in nonagricultural industries.
${ }^{3}$ Work experience data for 1965 are not yet available. Figures cited in the text and table 1 were drawn from Samuel Saben, Work Experience of the Population in 1964, Special Labor Force Report No. 62.

The construction industry has a higher ratio of craftsmen to all employees than any other major industry. ${ }^{4}$ About half of all construction workers are craftsmen and foremen. Another 20 percent are laborers, and over 10 percent are operatives. The remaining 20 percent are managers, administrators, and professional, technical, or clerical workers. There has been a slow rise in the proportion of construction industry employees who are not directly involved in construction work. The increase in non-construction activities is attributable to the increasing complexity of the industry. This trend may be expected to continue as the scope and size of most construction projects expand.

Table 3. Construction Employment by Industry Subdivision and Class of Worker, Selected Years

| Item | 1965 | 1959 | 1953 | 1947 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Payroll employment in contract construction | 3,181 | 2,960 | 2,623 | 1,982 |
| Construction workers (percent) 2/ | 85.1 | 85.7 | 87.9 | 88.7 |
| General building contractors | 997.6 | 959.0 | 969.2 | 762.0 |
| Construction workers (percent) $2 /$ | 85.8 | 87.0 | 89.1 | 90.4 |
| Heavy construction | 643.2 | 586.5 | 480.1 | 363.0 |
| Construction workers (percent) 2/ | 86.4 | 88.1 | 88.9 | 88.4 |
| Special trade contractors. | 1540.6 | 1414.1 | 1174.0 | 857.0 |
| Construction workers (percent) 2/ | 84.0 | 83.9 | 86.5 | 87.4 |
| Self employment in construction 3 | 730 | 769 | 655 | 695 |
| Construction employment by government, Federal, State, and local 3/.......... | 583 | 501 | 398 | (4) |
| 1/ Data drawn from industry reports. See Employment and Earnings Statistics for the U. S. 1909-66, U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Bulletin 1312-4. |  |  |  |  |
| 2/ Construction workers--shown here as a percent of total--include the fol- |  |  |  |  |
| lowing employees in the contract construction division: Working foremen, journeymen, mechanics, apprentices, laborers, etc., whether working at the site of construction or in shops or yards, at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades. |  |  |  |  |
| 3/ Estimates based on unpublished dat <br> 4/ Not available. | the | rent $P$ | ulatio | Survey |

Managerial, Professional, Sales, and Clerical Workers. Workers not directly involved in construction increased absolutely and as a percentage of total employment in contract construction. Such workers made up 11 percent of total employment in 1947 and 15 percent in 1965. Similar increases occurred in the component industries. The proportion in heavy construction rose from 11-1/2 percent in 1957 to 13-1/2 percent in 1965. In special trades, the proportion rose from 12-1/2 percent in 1947 to 16 percent in 1965. In general building, it rose from $9-1 / 2$ percent in 1947 to 14 percent in 1965.

Data on the detailed occupational distribution of nonproduction workers are very limited. Since 1958, the movement among nonproduction occupations in construction has been such that professional, technical, and clerical workers have shown moderate
${ }^{4}$ Occupational distributions drawn from Labor Force and Employment, Special Labor Force Reports Nos. 4, 14, 23, 31, 43, 52, and 67.
advances while managers, officials, and proprietors have declined slightly. The reduction for managers reflects a relative decline in self employment.

Blue-collar Construction Workers. Payroll employment of blue-collar construction workers increased by more than one half in the postwar period, rising from 1.8 million in 1947 to 2.7 million in 1965. This increase was an across-the-board advance with all component industries taking part. Special trades showed the largest increase, rising from 750,000 in 1947 to 1.3 million in 1965 --an increase of 73 percent. Construction worker employment increased by $73^{\circ}$ percent in heavy construction and by 24 percent in general building.

Since 1958 , the greatest relative gains in construction employment have been made by operatives, bringing their proportion to 10 percent of all workers. Craftsmen have retained their dominance, accounting for 50 percent of all employed workers in construction. Between 1958 and 1965, the proportion of laborers employed in construction declined moderately. The decline of low-skill, on-site jobs for laborers is partially attributable to the mechanization of loading and unloading jobs and introduction of construction machinery.

## Employment Trends in Component Industries

Total construction employment expanded sharply, with the largest gain in contract construction. Self employment showed little change over this period. Employment in contract construction increased by more than half between 1947 and 1965, rising from 2.0 million to 3.2 million. In the same period, the value of new construction put in place rose by $\$ 30$ billion to $\$ 62$ billion (after adjusting for price change). ${ }^{5}$

The payrolls of general building contractors increased by one-third between 1947 and 1951 , then stabilized at about 1 million. The post- 1951 stability in this industry was a function of the operational techniques of general contractors. In essence, the general contractor is a broker; he simply agrees to complete a building. Generally, he constructs part of the building with his own men and subcontracts the remaining work to special trade contractors. Since 1951, employment in general contracting has shown little change, while employment in subcontracting by special trade contractors has grown.

Employment trends in special trades, much like general contracting, tend to reflect changes in the total volume of construction. As the value of total construction rose by $\$ 20$ billion between 1947 and 1956 , an increase of 70 percent in real terms, employment in the special trades industries rose 500,000 to a record l. 4 million. After this spurt, however, employment rose much more slowly. A net gain of 180,000 between 1957 and 1965 was due partially to the addition of semi-luxury items such as air conditioning to the basic requirements of new buildings and partially due to the pickup in maintenance, expansion, and improvement of existing installations.

Employment in heavy construction--the building of streets, highways, sewers, and other heavy construction--rose from 365,000 to 560,000 between 1947 and 1956 . The expanded need for better highway and sewer systems reflected the postwar trend to suburban living and increased highway travel. From 1957 to 1965 employment in heavy construction proceeded much more slowly, growing by 65, 000。 This leveling off reflected a slowdown in the trend toward suburban living (fewer one-family homes) and technological gains in sewer, street, and highway construction.

[^4]Employment in real estate varies directly with the growth of the Nation' s stock of structures, their turnover, and the level of construction activity. Employment trends in construction and real estate are closely related and, in fact, some firms engaged in construction are classified in the real estate industry; speculative builders, mainly small in size, are classified as subdividers and developers and as operative builders in the realestate industry rather than the construction industry. Taken together, these small groups account for only 19 percent of real estate employment but are among the fastest growing segments of the industry. Of the increase in real estate employment between March 1959 and March 1965, 23, 000 (47 percent) occurred among subdividers and developers and operative builders.

## Geographic Distribution

The characteristics of the construction industry differ significantly by geographic location. Basically, these disparities reflect regional differences in the type of work typically done, weather patterns, the availability of labor and extent of unionization, the size of establishments in the industry, and the level of construction activity in that locale.

The South has a larger proportion of construction workers than any of the other regions. Over one-third of all contract construction personnel were employed in the South in 1965, and their proportion has been on a steady uptrend since 1955. In the only available measure of the volume of construction activity by region, housing starts, the South has led by a wide margin since 1959.

Table 4. Construction Employment by Region 1/
(Percent distribution)

| Area | 1965 | 1960 | 1955 | 1950 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nor theast | 22.6 | 24.0 | 25.1 | 26.2 |
| New England | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 6.1 |
| Middle Atlantic | 16.8 | 18.2 | 19.1 | 20.1 |
| North Central. | 25.4 | 26.9 | 29.5 | 27.7 |
| East North Central. | 17.5 | 18.6 | 20.9 | 19.3 |
| West North Central | 7.9 | 8.3 | 8.6 | 8.4 |
| South.. | 34.4 | 30.7 | 29.0 | 29.5 |
| South Atlantic. | 18.1 | 16.0 | 14.8 | 14.4 |
| East South Central. | 5.9 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 5.1 |
| West South Central. | 10.4 | 9.5 | 9.3 | 10.0 |
| West. | 17.6 | 18.3 | 16.4 | 16.6 |
| Mountain | 4.3 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 4.0 |
| Pacific. | 13.3 | 13.4 | 12.3 | 12.6 |

1/ Employment and Earnings Statistics of States and
Small Areas, Bulletin 1370-3, U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

All available evidence indicates that Southern construction is more highly labor intensive than that in other regions (table 5). At least three factors have some influence on the use of labor versus capital. First, Southern construction projects may be smaller. Second, weather patterns conducive to year-round work are more prevalent in the South. Finally, the existence of a large, nonunion labor force probably
encourages labor intensive techniques. Significant changes in the application of advanced techniques in the South could bring a substantial reduction in the overall level of construction employment, with little or no change in total output.

Table 5. On-site Man-hour Requirements per $\$ 1,000$ of Contract Cost, by Region 1/

| Project | Northeast | North Central | South | West |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Schools. | 76.0 | 82.6 | 99.0 | 80.6 |
| Hospitals. | 91.4 | 85.0 | 95.3 | 81.1 |
| Federal office buildings...... | 110.4 | 100.2 | 96.0 | 89.2 |
| Public housing. | 95.9 | 106.0 | 142.1 | 98.4 |
| College housing. | 85.0 | 86.9 | 111.5 | 84.3 |
| Private one-family housing.... | 73.5 | 61.4 | 91.4 | 56.8 |

1/7 These data summarize several studies made between 1959 and
1963. See Claiborne M. Ball, "Employment Effects of Construction
Expenditures," Monthly Labor Review, February Expenditures," Monthly Labor Review, February 1965, pp. 154-158.

Hours and Earnings of Construction Workers
In 1965, the weekly earnings of construction workers averaged $\$ 138$, a rise of $\$ 79$ from 1947. In 1957-59 dollars, the increase amounted to a 65 percent rise. Over the same period, average weekly hours showed a net decline of 1 hour to 37. 4 hours in 1965 (chart 2). The average hourly earnings of construction workers, increased steadily, rising from $\$ 1.54$ to $\$ 3.69$ between 1947 and 1965 .

Chart 2.

## AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS AND AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS IN CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION, 1947-1966.



Weekly earnings in construction are among the highest in all of the goodsproducing industries. The high levels of weekly and hourly earnings are frequently attributed to the high degree of seasonality in the industry. Since 1960, average hourly earnings in construction have risen at an annual rate of 3.6 percent, while average hourly earnings in manufacturing rose at an annual rate of 3.0 percent.

Among the three component industries, hourly earnings increased smoothly and at about the same rate through the postwar period. Special trades employment had the highest average hourly earnings, $\$ 3.94$ an hour in 1965. Earnings for production workers in general building were $\$ 3.55$ an hour. Heavy construction earnings, at $\$ 3.38$ an hour, were the lowest for the construction industries but higher than in most other industries.

The dispersion of hours levels among the three component industries reflects partially the influence of weather. Heavy construction, with all outdoor work, is most affected by the weather. During the weeks worked in 1965, the workweek in this component averaged 40.8 hours- 3 . 4 hours above those of the industry as a whole due to the highly truncated work season. Hours in special trades industries and general building averaged 36.8 and 36.1 , respectively. Whereas special trade and general building have shown a general trend of declining hours, the workweek in heavy construction has remained the same over the postwar period.

Table 6. Average Hours and Earnings of Construction Workers, 1947 and 1965

| Type of contractor | Average <br> hourly earnings |  | Average <br> weekly <br> hours |  | Average <br> weekly earnings |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1965 | 1947 | 1965 | 1947 | 1965 | 1947 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contract construction............ | $\$ 3.69$ | $\$ 1.54$ | 37.4 | 38.2 | $\$ 138.01$ | $\$ 58.87$ |
| General building contractors... | 3.55 | 1.50 | 36.1 | 37.0 | 128.16 | 55.54 |
| Heavy construction............ | 3.38 | 1.38 | 40.8 | 40.0 | 137.90 | 55.20 |
| Special trade contractors..... | 3.94 | 1.65 | 36.8 | 38.7 | 144.99 | 63.74 |

## Seasonality in Construction Employment

In recent years, there have been several innovations which permit more winter construction work. Prominent among these are: the use of polyethylene sheets to enclose work areas and to protect workers from the elements, chemical additives which allow concrete to be poured at lower temperatures, and the development of rubber-tired construction equipment capable of operating on adverse ground areas. These developments could reduce the seasonal pattern of construction activity and, consequently, of construction employment. Nevertheless, there has been a moderate but steady increase in the seasonal swings of construction employment. This increase can not be attributed to shifts in construction among regions or to. shifts in types of construction.

Currently, cost factors and custom call for projects to be started in the spring and to be completed primarily during favorable weather. A few factors--including unusually high construction activity and abnormal shortages in skilled occupations which delay projects already underway--might tend toward increased employment in the winter months, but the lack of extensive experience under these conditions precludes detailed analysis.

Apparently, the increasing possibility and practicality of winter work have not made it economical in comparison with summer work; it is only economical as compared with past winters. Each contractor tries to do as much work as possible in the
warmer months because it costs him less. For the industry as a whole, however, some of these savings are offset by the increased cost of unemployment insurance. In spite of the higher rates of unemployment insurance, the industry still costs the insurance program considerably more than it pays into the fund. Thus, other more stable industries subsidize unemployment payments to construction workers.

## Employment Outlook

The employment outlook for contract construction is very promising. Employment requirements are expected to rise by more than one-third to more than 4 million in 1975.

According to the latest assessment of the technological effects on employment in the construction industry, "the effects on employment will be more than offset by the anticipated increases in growth in construction. 17 Standardization of the dimensions of construction materials, prefabrication, new and improved materials, and new scheduling techniques all contribute to the continuous advance of technological change in the construction industry. These developments portend strong increases in some special trades, while employment in other occupations declines or remains stable. The reductions may not be restricted to the unskilled occupations. For example, "mainly because of longer-lasting, easier to apply paints and off-site preparation of materials," the employment of painters and carpenters is expected to increase less than that of most skilled workers. At the same time, the employment of lesser skilled helpers, tenders, and laborers who load and unload materials at the work site is not expected to increase significantly in the future。
${ }^{6}$ For a detailed discussion see America's Industrial and Manpower Requirements 1964-75, U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
${ }^{7}$ Technological Changes in Major American Industries, Bulletin 1474, U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, February 1966.

Chart 1.


Chart 2.


## EMPLOYMENT IN GOODS-PRODUCING INDUSTRIES <br> 1953 to date

(Seasonally adjusted)


Chart 4.

EMPLOYMENT IN SERVICE-PRODUCING INDUSTRIES
1953 to date



Chart 6.
TOTAL UNEMPLOYMENT BY DURATION
1953 to date


DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AS A PERCENT OF THE TOTAL



Chart 8.

## averace weekly earning in manufacturing, CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION, AND TRADE



## UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUPS <br> 1957 to date

(Seasonally adjusted)


Chart 10.

STATE INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT RATES


Insured jobless under State unemployment insurance programs exeludes warkers who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers, and persons from jobs not covered by State unemployment insurance programs.


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## UNEMPLOYMENT RATES AMONG WHITE-COLLAR AND BLUE-COLLAR WORKERS 1957 to date



Chart 14.

## UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY COLOR 1954 to date



Table A.1: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, 1929 to date

| Year and month | Total noninstitutional population | Total labor force |  |  | Civilian labor force |  |  |  |  |  | Not in labor force |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Employed ${ }^{\text { }}$ |  |  | Unemployed ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { popula- } \\ \text { tion } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Agriculture | Nonagrisultural indus ries |  | Percent of labor force |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total |  |  | Number | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { season- } \\ \text { ally } \\ \text { adjusted } \end{gathered}$ | Seasonally adjusted |  |
|  | (2) | 49,440 | (2) |  |  |  | 37,180 |  |  |  | (2) |
| 1929................ | (2) | 40,080 | (2) | 49,820 | 47,630 45,480 | 10,450 10,340 | 37,180 | 1,550 | 3.2 8.7 | - | (2) |
| 1930................ | (2) | 50,000 50,680 | (2) | 49,820 50,420 | 45,400 42,400 | 10,340 10,290 | 32,110 | 4,340 8,020 | 15.9 | - | (2) |
| 1932................ | (2) | 5],250 | (2) | 51,000 | 38,940 | 10,170 | 28,770 | 12,060 | 23.6 | - | (2) |
| 1933................. | (2) | 51,840 | (2) | 51,590 | 38,760 | 10,090 | 28,670 | 12,830 | 24.9 | - | (2) |
| 1934... | (2) | 52,490 | (2) | 52,230 | 40,890 | 9,900 | 30,990 | 11,340 | 21.7 | - | (2) |
| 1935................ | (2) | 53,140 | (2) | 52,870 | 42,260 | 10,110 | 32,150 | 10,610 | 20.1 | - | (2) |
| 1936................ | (2) | 53,740 | (2) | 53,440 | 44,410 | 10,000 | 34,410 | 9,030 | 16.9 | - | (2) |
| 1937................ | (2) | 54,320 | (2) | 54,000 | 46,300 | 9,820 | 36,480 | 7,700 | 14.3 | - | (2) |
| 1938.0.............. | (2) | 54,950 | (2) | 54,610 | 44,220 | 9,690 | 34,530 | 10,390 | 19.0 | - | (2) |
| 1939................ | (2) | 55,600 | (2) | 55,230 | 45,750 | 9,610 | 36,140 | 9,480 | 17.2 | - | (2) |
| 1940................ | 100,380 | 56,180 | 56.0 | 55,640 | 47,520 | 9,540 | 37,980 | 8,120 | 14.6 | - | 44,200 |
| 1و41................ | 101,520 | 57,530 | 56.7 | 55,910 | 50,350 | 9,100 | 41,250 | 5,560 | 9.9 | - | 43,990 |
| 1و42................ | 102,610 | 60,380 | 58.8 | 56,410 | 53,750 | 9,250 | 44,500 | 2,660 | 4.7 | - | 42,230 |
| 1و43................ | 103,660 | 64,560 | 62.3 | 55,540 | 54,470 | 9,080 | 45,390 | 1,070 | 1.9 | * | 39,100 |
| 1944........ | 104,630 | 66,040 | 63.1 | 54,630 | 53,960 | 8,950 | 45,010 | 670 | 1.2 | - | 38,590 |
| 1945................ | 105,530 | 65,300 | 61.9 | 53,860 | 52,820 | 8,580 | 44,240 | 1,040 | 1.9 | - | 40,230 |
| 1946................ | 106,520 | 60,970 | 57.2 | 57,520 | 55,250 | 8,320 | 46,930 | 2,270 | 3.9 | - | 45,550 |
| 1947................ | 107,608 | 61,758 | 57.4 | 60,168 | 57,812 | 8,256 | 49,557 | 2,356 | 3.9 | - | 45,850 |
| 1948................. | 108,632 | 62,898 | 57.9 | 61,442 | 59,117 | 7,960 | 51,156 | 2,325 | 3.8 | - | 45,733 |
| 1949................ | 109,773 | 63,721 | 58.0 | 62,105 | 58,423 | 8,017 | 50,406 | 3,682 | 5.9 | - | 46,051 |
| 1950................ | 110,929 | 64,749 | 58.4 | 63,099 | 59,748 | 7,497 | 52,251 | 3,351 | 5.3 | - | 1+6,181 |
| 1951................ | 112,075 | 65,983 | 58.9 | 62,884 | 60,784 | 7,048 | 53,736 | 2,099 | 3.3 | - | 46,092 |
| 1952................ | 113,270 | 66,560 | 58.8 | 62,966 | 61,035 | 6,792 | 54,243 | 1,932 | 3.1 | - | 46,710 |
| 19533 ............. | 115,094 | 67,362 | 58.5 | 63,815 | 61,945 | 6,555 | 55,390 | 1,870 | 2.9 | - | 47,732 |
| 1954....... | 116,219 | 67,818 | 58.4 | 64,468 | 60,890 | 6,495 | 54,395 | 3,578 | 5.6 | - | 48,401 |
| 1955................ | 117,388 | 68,896 | 58.7 | 65,848 | 62,944 | 6,718 | 56,225 | 2,904 | 4.4 | - | 48,492 |
| 1956................ | 118,734 | 70,387 | 59.3 | 67,530 | 64,708 | 6,572 | 58,135 | 2,822 | 4.2 | - | 48,348 |
| 1957................ | 120,445 | 70,744 | 58.7 | 67,946 | 65,011 | 6,222 | 58,789 | 2,936 | 4.3 | - | 49,699 |
| 1958................ | 121,950 | 71,284 | 58.5 | 68,647 | 63,966 | 5,844 | 58,122 | 4,681 | 6.8 | - | 50,666 |
|  | 123,366 | 71,946 | 58.3 | 69,394 | 65,581 | 5,836 | 59,745 | 3,813 | 5.5 | - | 51,420 |
| 19604 ${ }^{4}$............ | 125,368 | 73,126 | 58.3 | 70,612 | 66,681 | 5,723 | 60,958 | 3,931 | 5.6 | - | 52,242 |
| 1961............... | 127,852 | 74,175 | 58.0 | 71,603 | 66,796 | 5,463 | 61,333 | 4,806 | 6.7 | - | 53,677 |
| 19625 ${ }^{5}$............ | 130,081 | 74,681 | 57.4 | 71,854 | 67,846 | 5,190 | 62,657 | 4,007 | 5.6 | - | 55,400 |
| 1963............... | 132,124 | 75,712 | 57.3 | 72,975 | 68,809 | 4,946 | 63,863 | 4,166 | 5.7 | - | 56,412 |
| 1964. | 134,143 | 76,971 | 57.4 | 74,233 | 70,357 | 4,761 | 65,596 | 3,876 | 5.2 | - | 57,172 |
| 1965. | 136,241 | 78,357 | 57.5 | 75,635 | 72,179 | 4,585 | 67,594 | 3,456 | 4.6 | - | 57,884 |
| 1965: September... | 136,670 | 78,044 | 57.1 | 75,321 | 72,446 | 4,778 | 67,668 | 2,875 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 58,626 |
| 1966: January..... | 137,394 | 77,409 | 56.3 | 74,519 | 71,229 |  |  |  | 4.4 | 3.9 |  |
| February.... | 137,562 | 77,632 | 56.4 | 74,708 | 71,551 | 3,612 | 67,939 | 3,158 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 59,930 |
| March....... | 137,741 | 78,034 | 56.7 | 75,060 | 72,023 | 3,780 | 68,244 | 3,037 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 59,707 |
| April....... | 137,908 | 78,914 | 57.2 | 75,906 | 73,105 | 4,204 | 68,900 | 2,802 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 58,994 |
| May.......... | 136,100 | 79,751 | $57 \cdot 7$ | 76,706 | 73,764 | 4,292 | 69,472 | 2,942 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 58,349 |
| Jrne........ | 138,275 | 82,700 | 59.8 | 79,601 | 75,731 | 5,187 | 69,452 | 3,870 | 4.9 | 4.0 | 55,575 |
| July......... | 138,444 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August....... | 138,648 138,839 | 82,468 | 59.6 | 79,290 | 76,369 | 4,707 | 71,402 | 2,921 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 56,180 |
| September... | 138,839 | 80,052 | 57.7 | 76,823 | 74,251 | 4,373 | 69,878 | 2,573 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 58,787 |

I Data for $^{\text {1947.56 adjusted to teflect changes in the definition of employment and unemployment adopted in January 1957. Two groups averaging about one-quarter million }}$ workers which were formerly classified as employed (with a job but not at work)-those on temporary layoff and those waiting to start new wage and salary jobs within 30 days.were assigned to different classifications, mostly to the unemployed. Data by sex, shown in table A-2, were adjusted for the years 1948-56.
${ }^{2}$ Not available.
${ }^{3}$ Beginning 1953, labor force and employment figures are not strictly comparable with previous years as a result of the incraduction of material from the 1950 Census inco the estimating procedure. Population levels were raised by about 600,000 ; labor force, total employment, and agriculeural employment by about 350,000 , primarily affecting the figures for toxal and males. Other categories were relatively unaffected.

4Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960 and are therefore not strictly comparable with previous years. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of about half a million in the noainstitutional population 14 years of age and over, and about 300,000 in the labor force, four-fiths of this in nonagricultural employment. The levels of ocher labor force categories were not appreciably changed.
${ }^{5}$ Figures for periods prior to April 1962 are not strictly comparable with current data because of the introduction of 1960 Census data into the estimation procedure. The change primarily affected the labor force and employment cotals, which were reduced by about 200,000 . The unemployment totals were virtually unchanged.

NOTE: Data for 1929-39 based on sources other than direct enumeracioo.

Table A-2: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over,
by sex, 1940, 1944, and 1947 to date

${ }^{1}$ See footnote 1, table A-1. ${ }^{2}$ See footnote 3, table A-1. ${ }^{3}$ See footnote 4, table A-1. ${ }^{4}$ see footnote 5 , table A-1.

Table A.3: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, by sex and color

| (In chousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employment status | Total |  |  | Male |  |  | Female |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augo } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augo } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Sept. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augo } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept, } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Toral | 138,839 | 138,648 | 136,670 | 67,208 | 67,122 | 66,235 | 71,632 | 71,527 | 70.434 |
| Total labor force. | 80,052 | 82,468 | 78,044 | 52,074 | 54,283 | 51,398 | 27,980 | 28,186 | 26,646 |
| Civilian labor force | 76,823 | 79,290 | 75,321 | 48,878 | 51,138 | 48,706 | 27,946 | 28,153 | 26,615 |
| Employed. . | 74,251 | 76,369 | 72,446 | 47,611 | 49,648 | 47,199 | 26,639 | 26,720 | 25,246 |
| Agriculture | 4,373 | 4,707 | 4,778 | 3,459 | 3,731 | 3,763 | 914 | 976 | 1,015 |
| Nonagriculutal industries | 69,878 | 71,662 | 67,668 | 44,152 | 45,917 | 43,436 | 25,726 | 25,745 | 24,232 |
| Unemployed. | 2,573 | 2,921 | 2,875 | 1,266 | 1,489 | 1,507 | 1,306 | 1,432 | 1,368 |
| Unemployment race | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 5.1 |
| Not in the labor force. | 58,787 | 56,180 | 58,626 | 15,135 | 12,839 | 14,837 | 43,652 | 43,341 | 43,788 |
| WHITE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total labor force. | 71,027 | 73,256 | 69,203 | 46,804 | 48,813 | 46,204 | 24, 222. | 24,444 | 23,000 |
| Civilian labor force. | 68,072 | 70,347 | 66,715 | 43,881 | 45,934 | 43,744 | 24,191 | 24,414 | 22,971 |
| Employed. | 66,077 | 68,172 | 64,430 | 42,876 | 44,777 | 42,544 | 23, 201 | 23,395 | 21,887 |
| Agriculture | 3,720 | 4,068 | 3,849 | 3,027 | 3,284 | 3,149 | 693 | 785 | 700 |
| Nonagricultural industries. | 62,357 | 64,104 | 60,581 | 39,849 | 41,494 | 39,394 | 22,508 | 22,610 | 21,187 |
| Unemployed | 1,995 | 2,175 | 2,284 | 1,005 | 1,157 | 1,200 | 990 | 1,019 | 1,084 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.7 |
| Not in the labor force | 53,007 | 50,614 | 52,985 | 13,424 | 11,343 | 13,196 | 39,583 | 39,272 | 39,789 |
| NONWHITE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total labor force. | 9,026 | 9,212 | 8,841 | 5,269 | 5,470 | 5,194 | 3,758 | 3,742 | 3,647 |
| Civilian labor force | 8,751 | 8,943 | 8,606 | 4,997 | 5,204 | 4,962 | 3,755 | 3,739 | 3,644 |
| Employed. . | 8,174 | 8,196 | 8,015 | 4,736 | 4,871 | 4,656 | 3,438 | 3,326 | 3,360 |
| Agriculture | 654 | 638 | 928 | 433 | 448 | 614 | 221 | 191 | 315 |
| Noaagricultural industries. | 7,520 | 7,558 | 7,087 | 4,303 | 4,423 | 4,042 | 3,217 | 3,135 | 3,045 |
| Unemployed | 577 | 746 | 591 | 261 | 333 | 306 | 316 | 413 | 284 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.6 | 8.3 | 6.9 | 5.2 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 8.4 | 11.1 | 7.8 |
| Not in the labor force | 5,780 | 5,566 | 5,641 | 1,710 | 1,496 | 1,642 | 4,070 | 4,070 | 3,999 |

Table A.4: Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force, by age and sex

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full- and part-time employment status | Total |  |  | Men, 20 years and over |  |  | Women, 20 years and over |  |  | Teenagers, 14 -19 years |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug。 } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & \hline 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| FULL TIME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force. . . | 66,889 | 70,542 | 66,017 | 43,355 | 43,659 | 43,340 | 19,969 | 19,629 | 19,212 | 3,565 | 7,254 | 3,465 |
| Employed: <br> Full-time schedules ${ }^{1}$ | 63,216 | 65,924 | 61,881 | 41,757 | 41,952 | 41,491 | 18,536 | 18,195 | 17,663 | 2,926 |  | 2,727 |
| Part time for economic reasons. | 1,762 | 2,327 | 1,914 | 803 | -7172 | +843 | 18,523 | 18,1941 | 17,663 763 | -233 | 5,776 915 | $\begin{array}{r}2,727 \\ \hline 008\end{array}$ |
| Unemployed, looking for full-time work | 1,911 | 2,291 | 2,222 | 795 | 935 | 1,006 | 710 | 793 | 786 | 406 | 563 | 430 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 11.4 | 7.8 | 12.4 |
| Part time |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force. | 9,934 | 8,749 | 9,304 | 1,496 | 1,546 | 1,443 | 4,860 | 4,284 | 4,493 | 3,578 | 2,919 | 3,368 |
| Employed (voluntary part time) ${ }^{1}$. | 9,272 | 8,117 | 8,651 | 1,419 | 1,445 | 1,354 | 4,615 | 4,075 | 4,275 | 3,238 | 2,597 | 3,022 |
| Unemployed, looking for part-time work | 662 | 632 | 653 | 77 | 101 | 89 | 245 | 209 | 218 | 340 | 322 | 346 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.7 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 5.1 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 9.5 | 11.0 | 10.3 |

[^5]Table A.5: Unemployed persons, by age and sex

| Age and sex | Thousands of persons |  |  | Unemployment rave |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. $1966$ | Aug. $1966$ | Sept. $1965$ | Sept. $1966$ | Aug. <br> 1966. | Sept. $1965$ | Sept. $1966$ | Aug. $1966$ | Sept. $1965$ |
| Total | 2.573 | 2,922 | 2,875 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male | 1,266 | 1,489 | 1,507 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 49.2 | 51.0 | 52.4 |
| 14 to 19 years | 395 | 454 | 413 | 9.8 | 7.7 | 10.5 | 15.3 | 15.5 | 14.4 |
| 14 and 15 years | 42 | 72 | 35 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 5.1 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 1.2 |
| 16 to 19 years | 352 | 381 | 378 | 10.5 | 8.0 | 11.7 | 13.7 | 13.0 | 13.1 |
| 20 years and over | 871 | 1,035 | 1,094 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 33.9 | 35.4 | 38.0 |
| 20 to 24 years | 169 | 217 | 233 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 6.6 | 7.4 | 8.1 |
| 25 years and over | 702 | 818 | 861 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 27.3 | 28.0 | 29.9 |
| 25 to 34 years | 172 | 227 | 235 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 6.7 | 7.6 | 8.2 |
| 35 to 44 years | 156 | 200 | 197 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 6.1 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| 45 to 54 years | 178 | 166 | 184 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 6.9 | 5.7 | 6.4 |
| 55 to 64 years | 134 | 163 | 186 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 6.5 |
| 65 years and over | 62 | 68 | 58 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.0 |
| Female. | 1,306 | 1,432 | 1,368 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 50.8 | 49.0 | 47.6 |
| 14 to 19 years | 350 | 431 | 358 | 11.2 | 10.2 | 12.3 | 13.6 | 14.8 | 12.5 |
| 14 and 15 years | 26 | 28 | $\because$ | 6.3 | 4.2 | - | 1.0 | 1.0 | - |
| 16 to 19 years | 324 | 403 | 359 | 12.0 | 17.3 | 14.2 | 12.6 | 13.8 | 12.5 |
| 20 years and over | 956 | 1,001 | 1,017 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 37.2 | 34.3 | 35.2 |
| 20 to 24 years | 237 | 252 | 198 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 5.9 | 9.2 | 8.6 | 6.9 |
| 25 years and over | 719 | 749 | 813 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 27.9 | 25.6 | 28.3 |
| 25 to 34 years | 231 | 228 | 256 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 9.0 | 7.8 | 8.9 |
| 35 to 44 years | 230 | 238 | 278 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 8.9 | 8.1 | 9.7 |
| 45 to 54 years | 152 | 178 | 182 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 6.3 |
| 55 to 64 years . . | 78 | 81 | 81 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| 65 years and over | 27 | 24 | 16 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 1.1 | . 8 | . 6 |

Table A-6: Unemployed persons, by industry of last job

| Industry | Unemployment rate |  |  | Percent discribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. $1966$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | Sept. $1965$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total . | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Experienced wage and salary workers | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 82.1 | 81.7 | 79.5 |
| Agriculture . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.8 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Nonagricultural industries. | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 79.9 | 78.6 | 76.6 |
| Mining, forestry, fisheries | 4.8 | 1.9 | 3.7 | 1.1 | . 4 | . 8 |
| Construction | 4.8 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 7.9 | 6.8 | 8.7 |
| Manufacturing. | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 22.5 | 22.6 | 21.2 |
| Durable goods. | 2.4 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 11.5 | 12.6 | 10.2 |
| Primary metal industries | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1.5 | . 8 | 1.0 | .6 |
| Fabricated metal producrs | 2.6 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.0 |
| Machinery. | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.2 |
| Electrical equipment | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| Transportarion equipment | 2.8 | 5.3 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 1.5 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 2.0 | 9.3 | 1.7 | . 8 | 3.0 | . 6 |
| All ocher transportation equipment | 3.6 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 1.6 | . 8 | . 8 |
| Other durable goods industries | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.9 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 4.6 |
| Nondurable goods | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 11.0 | 10.1 | 11.1 |
| Food and kindred products. | 3.4 | 3.1 | 4.2 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 3.0 |
| Textile mill products | 4.2 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.4 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products | 5.0 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.5 |
| Other nondurable goods induscries. | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.2 |
| Transportaciod and public utilities | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.9 |
| Railroads and railway express. | 1.4 | 1.4 | 3.1 | . 4 | . 4 | . 9 |
| Other transportacion | 2.0 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| Communication and ocher public acilities | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.3 | . 8 | 1.0 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 18.3 | 18.5 | 16.3 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| Service industries. | 3.3 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 20.7 | 22.1 | 20.1 |
| Professional services | 2.4 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 8.9 | 10.2 | 8.1 |
| All other service industries | 4.6 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 11.7 | 11.9 | 12.0 |
| Public administration. | 2.4 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 3.0 |
| Self-employed and unpaid family workers | . 6 | . 4 | . 7 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 2.3 |
| No previous work experience. | - | - | - | 15.7 | 16.8 | 18.1 |
| 14 to 19 years | - | - | - | 12.4 | 13.6 | 13.8 |
| 20 years and over | - | - | - | 3.3 | 3.2 | 4.3 |

Table A-7: Unemployed persons, by occupation of last job

| Occupation | Unemployment rate |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1906 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White-collar workers | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 30.9 | 24.7 | 24.0 |
| Professional and technical | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 4.2 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors | 1.2 | -9 | . 8 | 3.6 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| Clerical workers. . . . . . . . . . | 3.3 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 15.8 | 12.2 | 13.0 |
| Sales workers | 2.8 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 4.7 |
| Blue-collar workers | 3.3 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 35.9 | 39.2 | 39.6 |
| Craftsmea and foremen | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 7.1 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 8.6 |
| Operacives . . . | 3.6 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 19.9 | 22.7 | 21.3 |
| Nonfamm laborers, | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.9 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 9.7 |
| Service workers | 4.0 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 15.3 | 16.7 | 15.4 |
| Private bousehold workers | 3.9 | 5.0 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 3.1 |
| Other service workers | 4.0 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 11.8 | 12.6 | 12.3 |
| Farm workers. | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.0 |
| Farmers and farm managers. | . 2 | . 2 | . 6 | . 2 | . 1 | . 5 |
| Farm laborers and foremen | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| No previous work experience | - | - | - | 15.7 | 16.8 | 18.1 |

Table A-8: Unemployed persons, by marital status and household relationship

| Characreristics | Thousands of persons |  |  | Unemployment rate |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & \text { I966 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| MARITAL STATUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,573 | 2,921 | 2,875 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male | 1,266 | 1,489 | 1,507 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 49.2 | 51.0 | 52.4 |
| Married, wife present | 542 | 646 | 638 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 21.1 | 22.1 | 22.2 |
| Single . . . . . | 586 | 714 | 703 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 8.2 | 22.8 | 24.5 | 24.4 |
| 14 to 19 years.. 20 years and over | 386 | 443 | 402 | 10.3 | 7.8 | 10.9 | 15.0 | 15.2 | 14.0 |
| 20 years and over | 200 | 272 | 301 | 4.3 | $5 \cdot 3$ | 6.2 | 7.8 | 9.3 | 10.5 |
| Other marical status | 139 | 129 | 166 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 6.1 | 5.4 | 4.4 | 5.8 |
| Female. | 1,306 | 1,432 | 1,368 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 50.8 | 49.0 | 47.6 |
| Married, husband presear | 645 | 617 | 658 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 25.1 | 21.1 | 22.9 |
| Single . | 415 | 527 | 435 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 16.1 | 18.0 | 15.1 |
| 14 to 19 years | 289 | 377 | 304 | 10.9 | 9.9 | 12.1 | 11.2 | 12.9 | 10.6 |
| 20 years and over | 126 | 150 | 131 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 4.6 |
| Other marital status | 246 | 288 | 276 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 9.6 |
| HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,573 | 2,921 | 2,875 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Household head | 885 | 978 | 979 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 34.4 | 33.5 | 34.0 |
| Living with relatives | 667 | 794 | 775 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.9 | . 25.9 | 27.2 | 27.0 |
| Not living with relatives | 218 | 185 | 203 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 8.5 | 6.3 | 7.1 |
| Wife of head | 622 | 589 | 637 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 24.2 | 20.2 | 22.2 |
| Other celative of head | 1,018 | 1,290 | 1,199 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 8.9 | 39.5 | 44.1 | 41.7 |
| Non-relative of head | 50 | 64 | 60 | 3.7 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.1 |

Table A.9: Employment status of persons $16-21$ years of age in the noninstitutional population, by color

| Employmeat stacus | Tocal |  |  | White |  |  | Nonwhite |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & \hline \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| IN SCHOOL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force. | 2,569 | 151 | 2,442 | 2,317 | 139 | 2,239 | 250 | 20 | 207 |
| Employed | 2,291 | 139 | 2,134 | 2,108 | 124 | 1,979 | 181 | 17 | 156 |
| Unemployed. | 278 | 12 | 308 | 209 | 15 | 260 | 69 | 3 | 51 |
| Unemployment rate | 10.8 | 7.9 | 12.6 | 9.0 | 10.8 | 11.6 | 27.6 | 15.0 | 24.6 |
| Not in the labor force. | 6,653 | 715 | 6,738 | 5,853 | 607 | 5,879 | 800 | 108 | 856 |
| NOT IN SCHOOL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force. | 6,446 | 11,466 | 6,359 | 5,547 | 10,086 | 5,532 | 897 | 1,382 | 825 |
| Employed | 5,837 | 10,490 | 5,703 | 5,104 | 9,383 | 5,032 | 732 | 1,106 | 667 |
| Unemployed. . | 609 | 976 | 656 | 443 | 703 | 500 | 165 | 276 | 158 |
| Unemployment rate | 9.4 | 8.5 | 10.3 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 18.4 | 20.0 | 19.2 |
| Not in the labor force | 2,910 | 6,043 | 2,556 | 2,496 | 5,210 | 2,211 | 414 | 834 | 347 |

Table A-10: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment

| Duration of unemployment | Thousands of persons |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  | Category | Thousands of persons |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 19666 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Auge } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 2966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total | 2,573 | 2,921 | 2,875 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | Total | 2,573 | 2,921 | 2,875 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks | 1,527 | 1,559 | 1,599 | 59.4 | 53.4 | 55.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 to 14 weeks | 629 | 977 | 668 | 24.4 | 33.4 | 23.2 | Persons on temporary |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 and 6 weeks | 171 | 242 | 160 | 6.6 | 8.3 | 5.6 | layoff | 64 | 141 | 73 | 2.5 | 4.8 | 2.5 |
| 7 to 10 weeks. | 233 | 489 | 245 | 9.1 | 16.7 | 8.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 to 14 weeks. | 224 | 245 | 262 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 9.1 | Persons scheduled to begin |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 weeks and over | 417 | 385 | 609 | 16.2 | 13.2 | 21.2 | new jobs wichin 30 days | 184 | 233 | 154 | 7.2 | 8.0 | 5.4 |
| 15 to 26 weeks. | 234 | 187 | 295 | 9.1 | 6.4 | 10.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 weeks and over. . . . . Average (mean) duration. . | 183 9.6 | 199 9.6 | 314 11.6 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 10.9 | All other unemployed. . . | 2,325 | 2,547 | 2,648 | 90.4 | 87.2 | 92.1 |
|  |  |  |  | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table A-11: Long-term unemployed, by industry and occupation of last job

| Characteristics | Unemployed 15 weeks and over |  |  |  | Unemployed 27 weeks and over |  |  |  | Civilian labor <br> force (percenc <br> distribution) <br> Sept. <br> 1966 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percent of unemployed in each group |  | Percent discribution |  | Percent of unemployed in each group |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 19866 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & \text { I965 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 19866 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 19666 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1985 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Industry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 16.2 | 21.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 7.1 | 10.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture . . . | (1) | 27.1 | 1.2 | 3.8 | (1) | 9.4 | 1.1 | 2.5 | 86.9 1.9 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 16.0 | 22.0 | 78.7 | 79.4 | 7.6 | 11.8 | 85.3 | 82.9 | 85.0 |
| Mining, forestry, fisheries. | (1) | (1) | 3.1 | 1.8 | (1) | (1) | 4.3 | 2.5 | . 8 |
| Construction . . . . . . . | 13.8 | 27.3 | 6.7 | 8.7 | 10.8 | 10.4 | 12.0 | 8.2 | 5.5 |
| Manufacturing. | 16.2 | 23.0 | 22.3 | 23.0 | 7.9 | 15.7 | 25.0 | 30.4 | 27.0 |
| Durable goods | 14.6 | 22.3 | 10.3 | 10.7 | 8.5 | 15.8 | 13.6 | 14.6 | 15.7 |
| Nondurable goods. | 17.7 | 23.6 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 7.4 | 15.7 | 11.4 | 15.8 | 12.3 |
| Transportation and public utilities | (1) | 25.2 | 6.0 | 4.6 | (1) | 17.1 | 7.6 | 6.0 | 6.1 |
| Wholesale and retail crade | 12.1 | 21.3 | 13.7 | 16.4 | 4.9 | 9.8 | 12.5 | 14.6 | 15.5 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate, and service industries Public administration . . . . . . | ${ }_{(15}^{15}{ }^{2}$ | ${ }_{(1)}{ }^{1}$ | 21.6 5.0 | 23.3 1.5 | (i) ${ }^{1}$ | (1) 9 | 16.3 7.6 | 19.3 1.9 | 24.9 5.2 |
| Self-employed and unpaid family workers | (1) | (1) | 4.6 | 3.3 | (1) | (1) | 8.7 | 5.7 | 12.6 |
| No previous work experience | 16.3 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 13.5 | 2.2 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 8.9 | . 5 |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 16.2 | 21.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 7.1 | 10.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White-collar workers. | 13.2 | 19.5 | 25.2 | 22.1 | 5.4 | 9.7 | 23.8 | 21.3 | 44.4 |
| Professional and technical. | 19.0 | 18.4 | 7.5 | 3.8 | 6.1 | 10.4 | 5.5 | 4.1 | 12.4 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors. . . . . . . | (1) | (1) | 3.8 | 2.8 | (1) | (1) | 4.4 | 3.2 | 9.9 |
| Clerical workers. . . . . . | 7.9 | 17.4 | 7.7 | 10.7 | 3.9 | 8.0 | 8.8 | 9.6 | 15.8 |
| Sales workers | 19.7 | 22.4 | 6.2 | 4.9 | 6.8 | 10.4 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 6.2 |
| Blue-collar workers | 19.0 | 23.9 | 42.3 | 44.6 | 11.1 | 14.0 | 56.9 | 51.0 | 36.9 |
| Craftsmen and foremen. | 20.9 | 23.9 | 29.1 | 9.7 | 13.2 | 18.2 | 13.3 | 14.3 | 13.1 |
| Operatives | 18.3 | 25.0 | 22.6 | 25.1 | 9.7 | 14.0 | 27.6 | 27.4 | 18.6 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 19.2 | 21.4 | 10.6 | 9.8 | 12.7 | 10.4 | . 16.0 | 9.2 | 5.1 |
| Service workers | 15.0 | 21.0 | 14.2 4.8 | 15.2 | 5.1 | 10.0 | 11.0 | 14.0 | 12.9 |
| Private household workers | (1) | (1) | 4.8 | 3.4 | (1) | (1) | 2.2 | 2.5 | 3.0 |
| Other service workers | 12.9 | 20.4 | 9.4 | 11.8 | 5.3 | 10.2 | 8.8 | 11.5 | 9.9 |
| Farm workers. . . . . . | (1) | (1) | 2.4 | 4.6 | (1) | (1) | 3.3 | 4.8 | 5.3 |
| Farmers and famm managers | (1) | (1) | 1.0 1.4 | 1.1 | (1) | 1 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.8 |
| Farm laborers and foremen. | (1) | (1) | 1.4 15.8 | 3.4 | (1) | (1) | 1.1 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| No previous work experience | 16.3 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 13.5 | 2.2 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 8.9 | . 5 |

${ }^{1}$ Percenr not shown where base is less than 100,000 .

Table A-12: Long-term unemployed, by sex, age, color, and marital status

| Characteristics | Unemployed 15 weeks and over |  |  |  | Unemployed 27 weeks and over |  |  |  | Civilian labor force (percent distribution) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percent of unemployed in each group |  | Percent distribution |  | Percent of unemployed in each group |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept }_{0} \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept。 } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept } t_{6} \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 16.2 | 21.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 7.1 | 10.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male | 20.6 | 23.8 | 62.4 | 58.9 | 10.7 | 14.9 | 74.7 | 71.1 | 63.6 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 11.1 | 14.3 | 10.5 | 9.7 | 1.0 | 5.8 | 2.2 | 7.6 | 5.2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 14.2 | 15.5 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 6.2 |
| 25 to 44 years. | 18.8 | 25.8 | 14.8 | 18.4 | 11.6 | 15.9 | 20.9 | 21.9 | 27.2 |
| 45 years and over. | 34.9 | 35.3 | 31.3 | 24.8 | 24.0 | 28.3 | 49.5 | 38.4 | 25.0 |
| Female. . . | 11.9 | 18.3 | 37.6 | 41.1 | 3.5 | 6.6 | 25.3 | 28.9 | 36.4 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 8.3 | 17.9 | 6.9 | 10.5 | 1.4 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 6.8 | 19.2 | 3.8 | 6.2 | 1.3 | 8.1 | 1.6 | 5.1 | 4.6 |
| 25 to 44 years. | 13.7 | 16.1 | 15.1 | 14.1 | 3.3 | 5.4 | 8.2 | 9.2 | 13.7 |
| 45 years and over | 19.1 | 22.2 | 11.7 | 10.2 | 8.9 | 11.8 | 12.6 | 10.5 | 14.0 |
| COLOR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 16.2 | 21.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 7.1 | 10.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White, total | 15.7 | 19.5 | 75.1 | 73.3 | 7.0 | 10.6 | 76.4 | 76.5 | 88.6 |
| Male . | 19.8 | 21.8 | 47.7 | 43.0 | 11.2 | 14.3 | 62.1 | 54.6 | 57.1 |
| Female | 11.5 | 17.1 | 27.3 | 30.3 | 2.6 | 6.4 | 14.3 | 21.9 | 31.5 |
| Nonwhite, total | 17.9 | 27.4 | 24.9 | 26.7 | 7.5 | 12.5 | 23.6 | 23.5 | 11.4 |
| Male | 23.8 | 31.7 | 14.9 | 15.9 | 8.8 | 17.3 | 12.6 | 16.8 | 6.5 |
| Female | 13.3 | 23.2 | 10.1 | 10.8 | 6.3 | 7.4 | 11.0 | 6.7 | 4.9 |
| MARITAL STATUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 16. 2 | 21.2 | 100, 0 | 100.0 | 7.1 | 10.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male. | 20.6 | 23.8 | 62.4 | 58.9 | 10.7 | 14.9 | 74.7 | 71.1 | 63.6 |
| Married, wife present | 24.0 | 26.8 | 31.2 | 28.1 | 14.8 | 20.5 | 44.0 | 41.6 | 49.3 |
| Single . . . . . . . . . | 14.8 | 17.1 | 20.9 | 19.7 | 4.3 | 8.1 | 13.7 | 18.1 | 11.0 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 11.4 | 13.9 | 10.6 | 9.2 | 1.0 | 5.2 | 2.2 | 6.7 | 4.9 |
| 20 years and over. | 21.5 | 21.3 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 12.0 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 6.1 |
| Other marital stans | 31.7 | 39.8 | 10.6 | 10.9 | 22.3 | 21.7 | 17.0 | 11.4 | 3.4 |
| Female. | 11.9 | 18.3 | 37.6 | 41.1 | 3.5 | 6.6 | 25.3 | 28.9 | 36.4 |
| Married, husband present | 9.5 | 13.8 | 14.7 | 14.9 | 2.2 | 4.4 | 7.7 | 9.2 | 20.7 |
| Single . . . . . . . . . . | 13.3 | 18.6 | 13.2 | 13.3 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 8.2 | 6.7 | 8.3 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 9.3 | 19.1 | 6.5 | 9.5 | 1,0 | 3.9 | 1.6 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| 20 years and over. | 22.2 | 17.6 | 6,7 | 3.8 | 9.5 | 7.6 | 6.6 | 3.2 | 4.8 |
| Othes marital status | 15.9 | 28.6 | 9.4 | 13.0 | 6.9 | 14.5 | 9.3 | 12.7 | 7.4 |

Table A-13: Unemployed persons looking for full- or part-time work, by age and sex

| Age and sex | Looking for fall-time work (housands of persons) |  |  | Looking for part-time work (housands of persons) |  |  | Looking for part-sime work as a percent of unemployed in each group |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Sept. 1966 | Aug. 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | Aug. 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Toral | 1,911 | 2,291 | 2,222 | 662 | 632 | 653 | 25.7 | 21.6 | 22.7 |
| Male. | 973 | 1,218 | 1,186 | 294 | 272 | 321 | 23.2 | 18.3 | 21.3 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 178 | 283 | 180 | 217 | 171 | 232 | 54.9 | 37.7 | 56.3 |
| Major activity: Going to school | 4 | 2 | 15 | 214 | 8 | 214 | 98.2 | (1) | 93.4 |
| All other. . . . | 175 | 288 | 167 | 10 | 170 | 19 | 5.4 | 37.1 | 10.2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 136 | 194 | 190 | 33 | 23 | 44 | 19.5 | 10.6 | 18.8 |
| 25 to 54 years. | 492 | 562 | 597 | 14 | 25 | 21 | 2.8 | 4.3 | 3.4 |
| 55 years and over. | 166 | 179 | 218 | 30 | 52 | 26 | 15.3 | 22.5 | 10.7 |
| Female. | 938 | 1,073 | 1,036 | 368 | 360 | 332 | 28.2 | 25.1 | 24.3 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 228 | 280 | 250 | 123 | 151 | 109 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 30.4 |
| Major activity: Going to school. | 8 | 1 | 5 | 96 | 7 | 86 | 92.3 | (1) | (1) |
| All other. . . . . | 220 | 281 | 245 | 27 | 149 | 22 | 10.9 | 34.7 | 8.2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 196 | 228 | 169 | 41 | 24 | 29 | 17.3 | 9.5 | 14.6 |
| 25 to 54 years. | 439 | 496 | 549 | 175 | 148 | 164 | 28.5 | 23.0 | 23.0 |
| 55 years and over. | 77 | 69 | 70 | 29 | 36 | 28 | 27.4 | 34.3 | (1) |

1/Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000 .

Table A-14: Total labor force, by age and sex

| Age and sex | Thousands of persons |  |  | Labor force parcicipation rate |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Sept。 } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total. | 80,052 | 82,468 | 78,044 | 57.7 | 59.5 | 57.1 |
| Male | 52,074 | 54,283 | 51,398 | 77.5 | 80.9 | 77.6 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 4,494 | 6,393 | 4,269 | 41.5 | 59.1 | 41.0 |
| 14 and 15 years. . | 662 | 1,141 | 682 | 18.0 | 31.1 | 19.1 |
| 16 and 17 years. . | 1,451 | 2,172 | 1,450 | 41.2 | 61.7 | 41.1 |
| 18 and 19 years. | 2,381 | 3,080 | 2,137 | 65.7 | 84.8 | 64.4 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 6,117 | 6,482 | 5,905 | 86.8 | 92.6 | 86.9 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 10,782 | 10,799 | 10,682 | 97.4 | 97.7 | 97.6 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 11,363 | 11,387 | 11,506 | 97.3 | 97.4 | 97.6 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 10,272 | 10,218 | 10,112 | 95.8 | 95.4 | 95.3 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 6,915 | 6,847 | 6,752 | 85.1 | 84.3 | 84.3 |
| 55 to 59 years. | 3,992 | 3,969 | 3,926 | 90.0 | 89.6 | 89.9 |
| 60 to 64 years. | 2,923 | 2,878 | 2,826 | 79.2 | 78.0 | 77.4 |
| 65 years and over. . | 2,132 | 2,156 | 2,172 | 27.6 | 27.9 | 28.3 |
| Female. | 27,980 | 28,186 | 26,646 | 39.1 | 39.4 | 37.8 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 3,124 | 4,246 | 2,916 | 29.6 | 40.2 | 28.7 |
| 14 and 15 years. | 408 | 662 | 389 | 11.4 | 18.6 | 11.2 |
| 16 and 17 years. . | 982 | 1,391 | 919 | 28.6 | 40.5 | 26.7 |
| 18 and 19 years. . | 1,733 | 2,192 | 1,608 | 48.8 | 61.6 | 49.2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 3,568 | 3,619 | 3,372 | 50.6 | 51.7 | 49.6 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 4,646 | 4,335 | 4,336 | 40.9 | 38.2 | 38.6 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 5,865 | 5,617 | 5,744 | 47.8 | 45.7 | 46.4 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 6,003 | 5,759 | 5,766 | 52.6 | 50.5 | 51.3 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 3,823 | 3,696 | 3,561 | 42.7 | 41.4 | 40.6 |
| 55 to 59 years. . . | 2,350 | 2,279 | 2,214 | 48.9 | 47.5 | 47.0 |
| 60 to 64 years. . . | 1,473 | 1,417 | 1,347 | 35.6 | 34.3 | 33.2 |
| 65 years and over. . | 952 | 912 | 952 | 9.5 | 9.1 | 9.7 |

Table A-15: Employed persons, by age and sex

| Age and sex | Male |  |  | Female |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| All industri | 47,611 | 49,648 | 47,199 | 26,639 | 26,720 | 25,246 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 3,631 | 5,479 | 3,510 | 2,767 | 3,808 | 2,552 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 4,580 | 4,918 | 4,518 | 3,319 | 3,356 | 3,162 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 9,785 | 9,768 | 9,703 | 4,407 | 4,100 | 4,072 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 10,782 | 10,767 | 10,950 | 5,630 | 5,374 | 5,462 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 9,987 | 9,948 | 9,842 | 5,348 | 5,580 | 5,583 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 6,776 | 6,679 | 6,562 | 3,745 | 3,616 | 3,480 |
| 65 years and over. . | 2,069 | 2,089 | 2,115 | 924 | 887 | 936 |
| Nonagricultural industries . | 44,152 | 45,917 | 43,436 | 25,726 | 25,745 | 24,232 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 3,168 | 4,673 | 2,990 | 2,656 | 3,574 | 2,423 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 4,385 | 4,687 | 4,249 | 3,269 | 3,303 | 3,090 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 9,369 | 9,382 | 9,250 | 4,248 | 3,952 | 3,945 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 10,211 | 10,228 | 10,310 | 5,459 | 5,206 | 5,265 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 9,255 | 9,223 | 9,092 | 5,621 | 5,374 | 5,322 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 6,122 | 6,044 | 5,902 | 3,590 | 3,492 | 3,316 |
| 65 years and over. . | 1,643 | 1,680 | 1,643 | 881 | 844 | 872 |
| Agriculcure . . . . . . | 3,459 | 3,731 | 3,763 | 914 | 976 | 1,015 |
| 14 to 19 years. . . . | 463 | 806 | 520 | 111 | 234 | 129 |
| 20 to 24 years. . . . | 195 | 232 | 268 | 49 | 53 | 72 |
| 25 to 34 years. . . . | 416 | 387 | 453 | 159 | 148 | 127 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 571 | 539 | 640 | 170 | 168 | 198 |
| 45 to 54 years. . . . | 732 | 724 | 750 | 227 | 206 | 261 |
| 55 to 64 years. . . . | 654 | 634 | 660 | 155 | 124 | 164 |
| 65 years and over. . | 426 | 409 | 471 | 43 | 43 | 64 |

Table A-16: Employed persons, by class of worker and occupation

| Characteristics | Total |  |  | Male |  |  | Female |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. <br> 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug。 } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| CLASS OF WORKER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 74,251 | 76,369 | 72,446 | 47,611 | 49,648 | 47,199 | 26,639 | 26,720 | 25,246 |
| Nonagriculural induscries | 69,878 | 71,662 | 67,668 | 44,152 | 45,917 | 43,436 | 25,726 | 25,745 | 24,232 |
| Wage and salary workers | 63,218 | 64,865 | 61,003 | 39,549 | 41,091 | 38,719 | 23,668 | 23,774 | 22,284 |
| Private household worke | 2,441 | 2,644 | 2,503 | 309 | 427 | 329 | 2,131 | 2,217 | 2,174 |
| Goverament workers | 10,332 | 9,966 | 9,732 | 5,997 | 5,980 | 5,861 | 4,334 | 3,987 | 3,871 |
| Other wage and salary workers | 50,445 | 52,255 | 48.768 | 33,243 | 34,684 | 32,529 | 17,203 | 17,570 | 16,239 |
| Self-employed workers. | 6,075 | 6,101 | 6,068 | 4,562 | 4,713 | 4,656 | 1,513 | 1,388 | 1,413 |
| Unpaid family workers. | 584 | 695 | 596 | 40 | 112 | 62 | 544 | 583 | 535 |
| Agriculture. | 4,373 | 4,707 | 4,778 | 3,459 | 3,731 | 3,763 | 914 | 976 | 1,015 |
| Wage and salary workers | 1,430 | 1,761 | 1,672 | 1,121 | 1,381 | 1,305 | 309 | 380 | 367 |
| Self-employed warkers. | 2,231 | 2,144 | 2,301 | 2,079 | 2,018 | 2,175 | 152 | 126 | 126 |
| Unpaid family workers. | 712 | 803 | 805 | 260 | 333 | 283 | 452 | 470 | 522 |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 74,251 | 76,369 | 72,446 | 47,611 | 49,648 | 47,199 | 26,639 | 26,720 | 25,246 |
| White-collar workers | 33,313 | 33,473 | 31,831 | 18,282 | 18,545 | 17,860 | 15,032 | 14,930 | 13,970 |
| Professional and techni | 9,399 | 8,880 | 8,953 | 5,927 | 5,760 | 5,730 | 3,470 | 3,120 | 3,222 |
| Managers, officials, and proprieco | 7,496 | 7,576 | 7,181 | 6,258 | 6,408 | 6,098 | 1,238 | 1,168 | 1,083 |
| Clerical workers | 11,768 | 12,289 | 11,051 | 3,319 | 3,516 | 3,192 | 8,450 | 8,775 | 7,859 |
| Sales workers | 4,650 | 4,728 | 4,646 | 2,778 | 2,861 | 2,840 | 1,874 | 1,867 | 1,806 |
| Blue-collar workers | 27,402 | 28,687 | 26,870 | 22,842 | 24,123 | 22,618 | 4,561 | 4,560 | 4,253 |
| Craftsmen and foremen | 9,894 | 10,219 | 9,603 | 9,598 | 9,941 | 9,325 | 296 | 276 | 278 |
| Operatives | 13,804 | 14,125 | 13,472 | 9,647 | 9,969 | 9,582 | 4,157 | 4,154 | 3,891 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 3,704 | 4,343 | 3,795 | 3,597 | 4,213 | 3,711 | 108 | 130 | 84 |
| Service workers | 9,538 | 9,869 | 9,354 | 3,322 | 3,550 | 3,258 | 6,217 | 6,318 | 6,097 |
| Private household workers | 2,214 | 2,276 | 2,215 | 63 | 60 | 47 | 2,151 | 2,215 | 2,168 |
| Ohter service workers. | 7,324 | 7,593 | 7,139 | 3,259 | 3,490 | 3,211 | 4,066 | 4,103 | 3,929 |
| Fatil workers | 3,997 | 4,341 | 4,392 | 3,166 | 3,430 | 3,464 | 831 | 912 | 928 |
| Farmers and farm managers | 2,156 | 2,053 | 2,221 | 2,014 | 1,931 | 2,108 | 142 | 122 | 113 |
| Farct laborers and foremen. | 1,841 | 2,288 | 2,171 | 1,152 | 1,499 | 1,356 | 689 | 790 | 815 |

Table A-17: Employed persons, by hours worked

| Hours worked | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  | Agriculcure |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All industries |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug, } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | Sept. $1965$ |
| Total | 74,251 | 76,369 | 72,446 | 69,878 | 71,662 | 67,668 | 4,373 | 4,707 | 4,778 |
| Wicha job but not at work | 2,997 | 7,718 | 2,989 | 2,889 | 7,561 | 2,843 | 108 | 157 | - 145 |
| At work. . | 71,253 | 68,651 | 69,457 | 66,988 | 64,100 | 64,825 | 4,266 | 4,551 | 4,632 |
| 1-34 hours. | 13,602 | 12,081 | 12,559 | 12,284 | 10,741 | 11,159 | 1,317 | 1,341 | 1,400 |
| $1-4$ hours | 930 | 738 | 1,004 | 872 | 675 | 914 | 60 | 63 | 91 |
| 5-14 hours | 3,355 | 2,770 | 3,307 | 2,997 | 2,422 | 2,962 | 357 | 348 | 345 |
| 15-34 hours | 9,315 | 8,573 | 8,245 | 8,413 | 7,645 | 7,281 | 902 | 929 | 963 |
| 35 hours or more | 57,651 | 56,571 | 56,899 | 54,704 | 53,359 | 53,666 | 2,948 | 3,211 | 3,233 |
| 35-40 hours | 33,069 | 32,985 | 32,381 | 32,361 | 32,218 | 31,626 | 708 | 768 | 755 |
| 41 hours and over . . . | 24,582 | 23,586 | 24,518 | 22,343 | 21,141 | 22,040 | 2,240 | 2,443 | 2,478 |
| Average hours, total at work | 40.8 | 41.3 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 41.0 | 40.7 | 45.7 | 46.7 | 44.9 |

Table A-18: Employed persons, by full- or part-time status

| (In thousands) |
| :--- |
| Full- or part-time status |
|  |

Table A-19: Employed persons with a job, but not at work, by reason not working and pay status

| Reason not working | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All industries |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total |  |  | Wage and salary workers |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Number | Percent paid |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug。 } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept }_{e} \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept, } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug。 } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \overline{\text { Aug. }} \\ 1966 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total | 2,997 | 7,718 | 2,989 | 2,889 | 7,561 | 2,843 | 2,576 | 7,079 | 2,505 | 59.6 | 64.1 | 59.8 |
| Bad weacher | 32 | 34 | 52 | 13 | 14 | 36 | 10 | 13 | 23 | - | - | - |
| Industrial dispuce | 50 | 110 | 41 | 50 | 110 | 41 | 50 | 110 | 41 | - | - | - |
| Vacation. | 1,423 | 5,736 | 1,389 | 1,395 | 5,690 | 1,365 | 1,326 | 5,421 | 1,261 | 84.3 | 74.3 | 39.8 |
| Ullness | 969 | 956 | 1,008 | 929 | 904 | 953 | 821 | 810 | 829 | 38.1 | 35.4 | 35.9 |
| All ocher reasons. | 523 | 882 | 499 | 502 | 845 | 450 | 369 | 726 | 353 | 28.5 | 30.3 | 18.1 |

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Table A-20: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, by age and sex
September 1966

| Age, sex, and color | Total labor force |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not in labor force |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number | Percent of population | Total | Employed |  |  | Unemployed |  | Total | Keeping house | $\underset{\text { school }}{\text { In }}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Unable } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { work } \end{array}$ | Ocher |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Agri- culture | Nonagricultural tries | Number | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { labor } \\ \text { force } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 52,074 | 77.5 | 48,373 | 47,611 | 3,459 | 44,152 | 1,266 | 2.6 | 15,135 | 130 | 6,574 | 1,209 | 7,223 |
| 14 and 15 years | 662 | 18.0 | 662 | 620 | 150 | 469 | 42 | 6.4 | 3,015 |  | 2,914 | 4 | 89 |
| 16 and 17 years | 1,451 | 14.2 | 1,404 | 1,234 | 198 | 1,035 | 170 | 12.1 | 2,074 | 4 | 1,919 | 6 | 144 |
| 18 and 19 years | 2,381 | 65.7 | 1,960 | 1,778 | 115 | 1,663 | 182 | 9.3 | 1,243 | 3 | 992 | 16 | 232 |
| 20 to 24 years | 6,117 | 86.8 | 4,749 | 4,580 | 195 | 4,385 | 169 | 3.6 | 929 | 1 | 637 | 43 | 248 |
| 25 to 29 years | 5,534 | 96.7 | 5,067 | 4,969 | 179 | 4,790 | 97 | 1.9 | 187 | 3 | 63 | 28 | 93 |
| 30 to 34 years | 5,248 | 98.1 | 4,891 | 4,816 | 237 | 4,579 | 75 | 1.5 | 99 | - | 31 | 27 | 42 |
| 35 to 39 years | 5,563 | 97.5 | 5,282 | 5,228 | 267 | 4,961 | 54 | 1.0 | 142 | 4 | 7 | 42 | 90 |
| 40 to 44 years | 5,800 | 97.0 | 5,656 | 5,554 | 304 | 5,250 | 102 | 1.8 | 179 | 5 | 5 | 71 | 98 |
| 45 to 49 years | 5,410 | 96.7 | 5,327 | 5,225 | 340 | 4,885 | 101 | 1.9 | 187 | 1 | 3 | 75 | 108 |
| 50 to 54 years | 4,862 | 94.3 | 4,833 | 4,762 | 392 | 4,370 | 77 | 1.6 | 265 | 7 | - | 100 | 159 |
| 55 to 59 years | 3,992 | 90.0 | 3,988 | 3,911. | 343 | 3,568 | 77 | 1.9 | 443 | 5 | - | 160 | 278 |
| 60 to 64 years | 2,923 | 79.2 | 2,922 | 2,865 | 311 | 2,554 | 57 | 1.9 | 769 | 2 | 1 | 161 | 606 |
| 65 to 69 years | 1,251 | 43.9 | 1,251 | 1,210 | 216 | 994 | 41 | 3.3 | 1,599 | 27 | - | 122 | 1,450 |
| 70 years and over | 881 | 18.0 | 881 | 859 | 210 | 649 | 21 | 2.4 | 4,003 | 61 | - | 354 | 3,589 |
| White | 46,805 | 77.7 | 43,881 | 42,876 | 3,027 | 39,849 | 1,005 | 2.3 | 13,424 | 114 | 5,723 | 1,000 | 6,588 |
| Nonwhite. | 5,269 | 75.5 | 4,997 | 4,736 | 433 | 4,303 | 261 | 5.2 | 1,710 | 16 | 851 | 209 | 635 |
| Female | 27,980 | 39.1 | 27,946 | 26,639 | 914 | 25,726 | 1,306 | 4.7 | 43,652 | 34,976 | 6,536 | 676 | 1,465 |
| 14 and 15 years | 408 | 11.4 | 408 | 383 | 37 | 346 | 26 | 6.3 | 3,163 | 22 | 3,039 | 6 | 97 |
| 16 and 17 years | 982 | 28.6 | 982 | 356 | 41 | 325 | 116 | 11.3 | 2,456 | 245 | 2,073 | 10 | 128 |
| 18 and 19 years | 1,733 | 48.8 | 1,726 | 1,518 | 32 | 1,486 | 208 | 12.1 | 1,820 | 650 | 946 | 7 | 217 |
| 20 to 24 years | 3,568 | 50.6 | 3,556 | 3,319 | 49 | 3,269 | 237 | 6.7 | 3,482 | 2,896 | 385 | 22 | 179 |
| 25 to 29 years | 2,408 | 41.1 | 2,403 | 2,303 | 30 | 2,223 | 100 | 4.2 | 3,448 | 3,348 | 34 | 16 | 50 |
| 30 to 34 years | 2,238 | 40.7 | 2,235 | 2,104 | 79 | 2,025 | 131 | 5.9 | 3,262 | 3,213 | 7 | 10 | 33 |
| 35 to 39 years | 2,668 | 43.0 | 2,665 | 2,548 | 91 | 2,456 | 117 | 4.4 | 3,271 | 3,205 | 14 | 17 | 35 |
| 40 to 44 years | 3,197 | 50.5 | 3,195 | 3,082 | 79 | 3,003 | 113 | 3.5 | 3,130 | 3,066 | 14 | 6 | 44 |
| 45 to 49 years | 3,156 | 53.0 | 3,155 | 3,076 | 125 | 2,951 | 78 | 2.5 | 2,799 | 2,702 | 9 | 19 | 69 |
| 50 to 54 years | 2,847 | 52.1 | 2,846 | 2,772 | 102 | 2,670 | 74 | 2.6 | 2,616 | 2,531 | 6 | 30 | 48 |
| 55 to 59 years | 2,350 | 48.9 | 2,350 | 2,304 | 92 | 2,212 | 46 | 2.0 | 2,460 | 2,377 | 4 | 27 | 52 |
| 60 to 64 years | 1,473 | 35.6 | 1,473 | 1,441 | 63 | 1,378 | 32 | 2.2 | 2,662 | 2,549 | 5 | 43 | 65 |
| 65 to 69 years | 581 | 16.9 | 581 | 563 | 24 | 539 | 18 | 3.1 | 2,351 | 2,703 | - | 43 | 104 |
| 70 years and over | 371 | 5.6 | 371 | 361 | 19 | 342 | 9 | 2.6 | 6,233 | 5,469 | - | 420 | 344 |
| White | 24,222 | 38.0 | 24,191 | 23,201 | 693 | 22,508 | 990 | 4.1 | 39,583 | 32,093 | 5,670 | 572 | 1,249 |
| Nonwhite. | 3,758 | 43.0 | 3,755 | 3,438 | 221 | 3,217 | 316 | 8.4 | 4,070 | 2,883 | 866 | 104 | 216 |

Table A-21: Nonagricultural wage and salary workers, by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and industry
September 1966

|  | (Percent | discributi |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Il- or part-t | status |  |  |  | urs of w |  |  |
|  |  | On |  | On part tim |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industry | Total | fulltime | $\underset{\substack{\text { Eco } \\ \text { res }}}{ }$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ocher } \\ & \text { reasons } \end{aligned}$ | Total at | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { to } \\ 34 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 35 \\ 40 \\ 40 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ 48 \\ \hline 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 49 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | work | schedules | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Usually } \\ & \text { work } \\ & \text { full time } \end{aligned}$ | Usually work part time | Usually work part time | work | hours | hours | hours | - and |
| Total ${ }^{1}$. | 100.0 | 85.8 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 11.7 | 100.0 | 17.9 | 51.0 | 15.2 | 15.9 |
| Construction | 100.0 | 91.4 | 4.0 | 1.2 | 3.5 | 100.0 | 16.2 | 54.4 | 13.5 | 16.0 |
| Manufacturing. | 100.0 | 95.2 | 1.5 | . 4 | 2.8 | 100.0 | 9.1 | 56.3 | 18.9 | 15.6 |
| Durable goods | 100.0 | 97.4 | . 9 | . 2 | 1.5 | 100.0 | 6.5 | 56.9 | 19.9 | 16.7 |
| Nondurable goods | 100.0 | 92.1 | 2.4 | . 7 | 4.7 | 100.0 | 12.8 | 55.5 | 17.5 | 14.1 |
| Transportation and public urilities | 100.0 | 93.1 | . 9 | . 9 | 5.2 | 100.0 | 9.9 | 58.7 | 15.2 | 16.3 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. | 100.0 | 76.6 | . 9 | 1.5 | 21.0 | 100.0 | 26.2 | 37.4 | 17.4 | 19.0 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 100.0 | 91.0 | . 5 | . 3 | 8.3 | 100.0 | 12.9 | 61.5 | 11.1 | 14.6 |
| Service industries. | 100.0 | 73.9 | . 9 | 2.3 | 22.9 | 100.0 | 29.2 | 44.5 | 11.6 | 14.7 |

[^6]Table A-22: Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and occupation

| September 1966 <br> (Percent distribution) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Occupation | Full or part-ime stacus |  |  |  |  |  | Hours of work |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total at work |  | Onfull. time schedules | On part cime |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { ac } \\ \text { work } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { to } \\ 34 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35 \\ \text { no } 40 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ \text { to } 48 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 49 } \\ & \text { hours } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ | Average hours, total at work |
|  |  |  | Economic reasons | Ocher <br> reasons <br> Usually <br> work <br> part time |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Thousands | Percent |  |  | Usually work full time | Usually work part time |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White-collar workets | 31,878 | 100.0 |  | 87.4 | . 5 | . 4 | 11.8 | 100.0 | 16.6 | 49.4 | 13.0 | 21.1 | 41.4 |
| Professional and rechnical. | 8,987 | 100.0 | 90.3 | . 3 | . 1 | 9.4 | 100.0 | 13.8 | 49.3 | 14.8 | 22.2 | 42.1 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors | 7,198 | 100.0 | 95.8 | . 5 | . 2 | 3.5 | 100.0 | 8.2 | 32.5 | 16.4 | 42.9 | 48.9 |
| Clerical workers . . . . . . . . | 11,234 | 100.0 | 85.5 | . 6 | . 5 | 13.5 | 100.0 | 18.3 | 66.0 | 9.4 | 6.4 | 37.6 |
| Sales workers | 4,459 | 100.0 | 72.9 | . 5 | 1.2 | 25.3 | 100.0 | 31.3 | 34.9 | 12.7 | 21.0 | 37.4 |
| Blue-collar workers. | 26,257 | 100.0 | 90.8 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 5.8 | 100.0 | 13.9 | 50.2 | 18.8 | 17.1 | 41.5 |
| Craftsmen and foremen | 9,525 | 100.0 | 95.0 | 1.6 | . 5 | 2.8 | 100.0 | 8.7 | 50.4 | 20.0 | 20.8 | 43.3 |
| Operatives | 13,152 | 100.0 | 91.6 | 2.6 | . 9 | 4.8 | 100.0 | 13.1 | 51.2 | 19.2 | 16.4 | 41.9 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 3,580 | 100.0 | 76.2 | 2.7 | 3.7 | 17.4 | 100.0 | 30.7 | 45.8 | 13.7 | 9.8 | 35.5 |
| Service workers | 9,217 | 100.0 | 64.2 | 1.2 | 3.5 | 30.8 | 100.0 | 37.5 | 38.1 | 11.6 | 12.5 | 34.1 |
| Private honsehold workers | 2,165 | 100.0 | 35.8 | . 6 | 9.2 | 54.4 | 100.0 | 65.2 | 22.4 | 5.1 | 7.3 | 23.4 |
| Other service workers | 7,052 | 100.0 | 73.3 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 23.6 | 100.0 | 29.1 | 43.3 | 13.6 | 14.0 | 37.4 |

Table A-23: Occupation group of employed persons, by sex and color
September 1966

| Occupation | Thousands |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Tocal | Male | Female | White |  |  | Nonw bite |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Male | Female | Total | Mele | Female |
| Total | 74,251 | 47,611 | 26,639 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White-collar workers | 33,313 | 18,282 | 15,032 | 44.9 | 38.4 | 56.4 | 47.9 | 40.7 | 61.1 | 20.5 | 17.1 | 25.2 |
| Professional and technical | 9,399 | 5,927 | 3,470 | 12.7 | 12.4 | 13.0 | 13.4 | 13.2 | 13.7 | 6.9 | 5.8 | 8.4 |
| Medical and other health | 1,463 | 569 | 893 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 3.5 | 1.5 | -9 | 2.2 |
| Teachers, except college | 2,178 | 676 | 1,502 | 2.9 | 1.4 | 5.6 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 5.8 | 2.3 | . 9 | 4.3 |
| Other professional and iechnical | 5,758 | 4,682 | 1,075 | 7.8 | 9.8 | 4.0 | 8.3 | 10.5 | 4.3 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 1.9 |
| Managers, officials, and propriecors | 7,496 | 6,258 | 1,238 | 10.1 | 13.1 | 4.5 | 11.0 | 14.3 | 5.1 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 1.5 |
| Salaried workers. | 4,776 | 3,984 | 792 | 6.4 | 8.4 | 3.0 | 7.1 | 9.1 | 3.3 | 1.1 | 1.4 | . 7 |
| Self-employed workers in retail trade | 1,230 | 966 | 264 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.1 | . 6 | . 7 | -6 |
| Self-employed workers, excepr retail trade | 1,490 | 1,308 | 182 | 2.0 | 2.7 | . 7 | 2.2 | 3.0 | . 7 | .6 | . 9 | . 3 |
| Clerical workers | 11,768 | 3,319 | 8,450 | 15.8 | 7.0 | 31.7 | 16.6 | 7.0 | 34.4 | 9.4 | 6.4 | 13.6 |
| Stenographers, typists, and secretarie | 3,024 | 53 | 2,972 | 4.1 | . 1 | 11.2 | 4.4 | . 1 | 12.2 | 1.6 | (1) | 3.8 |
| Othet clerical workers | 8,744 | 3,266 | 5,478 | 11.8 | 6.9 | 20.6 | 12.3 | 6.9 | 22.2 | 7.8 | 6.4 | 9.7 |
| Sales workers | 4,650 | 2,778 | 1,874 | 6.3 | 5.8 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 7.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 |
| Retail trade. | 2,767 | 1,111 | 1,657 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 6.2 | 4.0 | 2.5 | 6.9 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| Orther sales workers | 1,883 | 1,667 | 217 | 2.5 | 3.5 | . 8 | 2.8 | 3.8 | $\bigcirc 9$ | . 6 | . 7 | . 3 |
| Blue-collar workers | 27,402 | 22,842 | 4,561 | 36.9 | 48.0 | 17.1 | 36.3 | 46.7 | 17.1 | 41.5 | 59.3 | 16.9 |
| Craftsmen, foremen | 9,894 | 9,598 | 296 | 13.3 | 20.2 | 1.1 | 14.0 | 20.9 | 1.1 | 8.0 | 13.2 | -9 |
| Carpenters. . . . . . | 860 | 856 | 4 | 1.2 | 1.8 | (1) | 1.2 | 1.9 | (1) | . 6 | 1.1 | - |
| Construction craftsmen, except carpenters | 2,038 | 2,030 |  | 2.7 | 4.3 | (1) | 2.9 | 4.4 | (1) | 1.8 | 3.0 | - |
| Mechanics and repairmen . . | 2,466 | 2,450 | 16 | 3.3 | 5.1 | . 1 | 3.4 | 5.3 | (1) 1 | 2.4 | 4.0 | . 1 |
| Metal craftsmen, except mechanics Orher craftsmen and kindred workers | 1,202 | 1,185 | 17 | 1.6 | 2.5 | . 1 | 1.7 | 2.6 | (1) | -9 | 1.4 | - 3 |
| Other crattsmen and kindred workers Foremen, not elsewhere classified. | 1,934 1,394 | 1,776 | 158 93 | 2.6 1.9 | 3.7 2.7 | $\bigcirc$ | 2.8 2.0 | 3.9 2.9 | -6 | 1.4 | 2.2 | -3 |
| Operatives . . . . . . . . . . | 13,804 | 9,647 | 4,157 | 18.6 | 20.3 | 15.6 | 18.2 | 19.5 | 15.6 | 22.0 | 26.9 | 15.3 |
| Drivers and deliverymen | 2,584 | 2,528 |  | 3.5 | 5.3 | $\bigcirc 2$ | 3.4 | 5.1 | .2 | 4.1 | 7.0 | . 1 |
| Other operatives. . | 11,220 | 7,119 | 4,101 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 15.4 | 14.8 | 14.4 | 15.4 | 17.9 | 19.9 | 15.2 |
| Durable goods manufacturing | 4,608 | 3,407 | 1,201 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 4.5 | 6.2 | 6.9 | 4.8 | 6.3 | 9.0 | 2.6 |
| Noodurable goods manufacturing | 3,824 | 1,725 | 2,099 | 5.2 | 3.6 | 7.9 | 5.1 | 3.5 | 8.1 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 6.1 |
| Other industries. | 2,788 | 1,987 | 801 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 2.5 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6.5 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 3,704 | 3,597 | 108 | 5.0 | 7.6 | -4 | 4.2 | 6.3 | 04 | 11.4 | 19.2 | -7 |
| Construction | 708 | 707 | 1 | 1.0 | 1.5 | (1) | . 8 | 1.2 | (1) | 2.5 | 4.3 | - |
| Manufacturing | 1,125 | 1,054 | 72 | 1.5 | 2.2 | -3 | 1.3 | 1.9 | ${ }^{2}$ | 3.2 | 5.1 | . 5 |
| Other industries | 1,871 | 1,836 | 35 | 2.5 | 3.9 | . 1 | 2.1 | 3.2 | .1 | 5.8 | 9.8 | . 2 |
| Service workers | 9,538 | 3,322 | 6,217 | 12.8 | 7.0 | 23.3 | 10.7 | 6.1 | 19.1 | 30.6 | 15.3 | 51.6 |
| Private household workers | 2,214 | 63 | 2,151 | 3.0 | . 1 | 8.1 | 1.9 | . 1 | 5.2 | 11.6 | . 2 | 27.3 |
| Service workers, except private household | 7,324 | 3,259 | 4,066 | 9.9 | 6.8 | 15.3 | 8.7 | 5.9 | 13.9 | 19.0 | 15.1 | 24.3 |
| Protective service workers | 867 | 830 | 37 | 1.2 | 1.7 | - | 1.2 | 1.8 | . 2 | . 6 | 1.1 | . 1 |
| Waiters, cooks, and bartenders | 1,998 | 577 | 1,421 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 5.3 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 5.3 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 5.6 |
| Other service workers | 4, 1 ,59 | 1,852 | 2,608 | 6.0 | 3.9 | 9.8 | 5.0 | 3.1 | 8.5 | 14.5 | 11.4 | 18.6 |
| Farm workers | 3,997 | 3,166 | 831 | 5.4 | 6.6 | 3.1 | 5.1 | 6.5 | 2.6 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 6.3 |
| Farners and farm managers | 2,156 | 2,014 | 142 | 2.91 | 4.2 | . 5 | 3.0 | 4.4 | .4 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 1.1 |
| Farm laborers and foremen. | 1,841 | 1,152 | 689 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.2 |
| Pbit workers . . . . . | 1,147 694 | 896 | 251 | 1.5 | 1.9 | $\bigcirc 9$ | 1.2 | 1.6 | .6 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 3.6 |
| Unpaid family workers | 694 | 256 | 438 | -9 | .5 | 1.6 | -9 | . 5 | 1.6 | 1.1 | . 8 | 1.6 |

1/ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table A-24: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full-time and part-time status, hours of work, and selected characteristics September 1966

| Characteristics | (Percent distribution) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full or part-time starus |  |  |  |  |  | Hours of work |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total at work |  | Onfuntimesimed-ules | On part time |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { at } \\ \text { work } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ 34 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \text { to } \\ & 40 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ \text { hours } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ | Average hours, tocal at work |
|  |  |  | Economic reasoas | OtherreasonsUsuallyworkpart time |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Thousands | Percent |  |  | Usually work full time | Usually work part time |  |  |  |  |  |
| AGE AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 42,442 | 100.0 |  | 91.7 | 1.2 | . 6 | 6.4 | 100.0 | 12.1 | 45.5 | 42.3 | 43.3 |
| 14 to 17 y ears | 1,498 | 100.0 | 17.4 | . 2 | 1.3 | 81.1 | 100.0 | 84.3 | 11.0 | 4.7 | 17.3 |
| 18 and 19 years | 1,635 | 100.0 | 72.2 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 22.8 | 100.0 | 31.6 | 45.5 | 22.9 | 35.9 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 4,233 | 100.0 | 92.1 | 1.8 | . 8 | 5.3 | 100.0 | 12.2 | 48.4 | 39.4 | 42.4 |
| 25 to 34 y yars. | 9,124 | 100.0 | 97.5 | 1.1 | . 4 | 1.0 | 100.0 | 6.3 | 45.6 | 48.1 | 45.8 |
| 35 wo 44 years. | 9,876 | 100.0 | 98.2 | . 9 | . 3 | . 7 | 100.0 | 5.4 | 46.0 | 48.7 | 46.0 |
| 45 to 64 years. | 14,545 | 100.0 | 96.0 | 1.3 | . 6 | 2.0 | 100.0 | 8.1 | 48.9 | 42.9 | 44.6 |
| 65 years and over | 1,533 | 100.0 | 66.6 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 30.4 | 100.0 | 38.7 | 35.6 | 25.6 | 34.9 |
| Female | 24,545 | 100.0 | 75.1 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 21.7 | 100.0 | 29.0 | 53.1 | 17.9 | 35.4 |
| 14 to 17 years. | 1,166 | 100.0 | 13.5 | . 5 | 1.0 | 85.0 | 100.0 | 87.0 | 10.5 | 2.5 | 14.1 |
| 18 and 19 years. | 1,443 | 100.0 | 76.9 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 17.4 | 100.0 | 27.3 | 59.1 | 13.6 | 34.8 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 3,123 | 100.0 | 85.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 11.8 | 100.0 | 18.9 | 65.3 | 15.8 | 37.5 |
| 25 to 34 y ears. | 4,054 | 100.0 | 77.4 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 19.3 | 100.0 | 26.9 | 55.8 | 17.3 | 35.8 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 5,204 | 100.0 | 76.4 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 20.3 | 100.0 | 27.6 | 53.9 | 18.5 | 36.4 |
| 45 to 64 years. | 8,728 | 100.0 | 79.5 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 17.5 | 100.0 | 25.0 | 53.3 | 21.7 | 37.4 |
| 65 years and over | 828 | 100.0 | 54.0 | . 6 | 3.3 | 42.1 | 100.0 | 48.2 | 36.7 | 15.1 | 31.6 |
| marital status and sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male: Single . . | 6,768 | 100.0 | 70.7 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 26.5 | 100.0 | 33.1 | 42.9 | 24.0 | 34.6 |
| Married, wife present | 33,527 | 100.0 | 96.0 | 1.1 | . 4 | 2.5 | 100.0 | 7.9 | 46.0 | 46.1 | 45.1 |
| Other | 2,148 | 100.0 | 91.3 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 5.0 | 100.0 | 13.6 | 47.3 | 39.1 | 43.2 |
| Female: Single | 5,608 | 100.0 | 70.6 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 26.9 | 100.0 | 32.7 | 53.3 | 14.0 | 32.8 |
| Married, husband present | 13,907 | 100.0 | 74.7 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 22.3 | 100.0 | 29.6 | 52.6 | 17.8 | 35.7 |
| Other. | 5,031 | 100.0 | 81.3 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 14.1 | 100.0 | 23.1 | 54.3 | 22.6 | 37.9 |
| COLOR AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 59,806 | 100.0 | 85.9 | 1.1 | . 8 | 12.1 | 100.0 | 17.9 | 47.6 | 34.4 | 40.7 |
| Male | 38,342 | 100.0 | 91.9 | 1.1 | . 4 | 6.5 | 100.0 | 11.8 | 44.6 | 43.5 | 43.6 |
| Female | 21,464 | 100.0 | 75.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 22.0 | 100.0 | 28.7 | 53.0 | 18.2 | 35.6 |
| Noawhite | 7,181 | 100.0 | 82.7 | 2.2 | 3.8 | 11.3 | 100.0 | 21.8 | 53.9 | 24.3 | 38.2 |
| Male | 4,100 | 100.0 | 89.8 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 5.3 | 100.0 | 15.3 | 54.2 | 30.5 | 40.6 |
| Female | 3,081 | 100.0 | 73.3 | 1.8 | 5.6 | 19.2 | 100.0 | 30.4 | 53.6 | 15.9 | 34.9 |

Table A-25: Persons at work, by hours of work, and class of worker September 1966

| Hours of work | Total | Agricul mure |  |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Fage and salary. workers | Selfemployed workers | Unpaid family workers | Total | Wage and salary workers |  |  |  | Selfemployed workers | Unpaid femily workers |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Private households | Govemment | Ocher |  |  |
| Total ar work . . .thousandsPetceot. . . . . . . | 71,253 | 4,266 | 1,398 | 2,155 | 712 | 66,988 | 60,643 | 2,392 | 9,879 | 48,372 | 5,762 | 583 |
|  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 10034 hours | 19.1 | 30.9 | 37.8 | 20.4 | 49.0 | 18.3 | 17.9 | 66.9 | 13.7 | 16.3 | 21.2 | 36.0 |
| 1 to 14 hours. | 6.0 | 9.7 | 17.0 | 8.3 | - | 5.8 | 5.6 | 42.7 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 8.1 | - |
| 15 to 21 hours | 5.1 | 9.8 | 9.3 | 6.0 | 22.2 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 12.1 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 22.4 |
| 22 to 29 hours | 4.0 | 6.3 | 5.4 | 3.0 | 18.0 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 7.0 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 7.2 |
| 30 to 34 hours | 4.0 | 5.1 | 6.2 | 3.1 | 8.8 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 6.3 |
| 35 to 40 hours | 46.4 | 16.6 | 21.1 | 12.3 | 20.9 | 48.3 | 51.0 | 21.0 | 60.5 | 50.5 | 22.6 | 24.1 |
| 35 to 39 hours | 6.1 | 6.5 | 7.4 | 4.1 | 12.1 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 4.6 | 7.9 |
| 40 hours. | 40.3 | 10.1 | 13.6 | 8.2 | 8.8 | 42.2 | 44.7 | 15.5 | 54.3 | 44.2 | 18.0 | 16.3 |
| 41 hours and over | 34.5 | 52.5 | 41.1 | 67.3 | 30.1 | 33.4 | 31.1 | 12.2 | 25.8 | 33.1 | 56.2 | 39.9 |
| 41 to 47 hours | 8.0 | 4.9 | 6.3 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 3.1 | 8.2 | 8.6 | 6.9 | 5.8 |
| 48 hours. . | 6.7 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 1.8 | 4.3 | 7.7 | 6.2 | 6.5 |
| 49 hours and over. | 19.8 | 43.1 | 30.7 | 58.4 | 21.6 | 18.3 | 15.9 | 7.3 | 13.4 | 16.8 | 43.1 | 27.6 |
| 49 to 54 hours | 7.0 | 7.2 | 6.4 | 8.4 | 4.9 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 3.4 | 5.4 | 7.0 | 11.5 | 6.7 |
| 55 to 59 hours | 3.0 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 2.9 | . 8 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 4.4 | 2.1 |
| 60 to 69 bours | 5.4 | 13.2 | 9.6 | 18.0 | 5.8 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 13.5 | 7.7 |
| 70 hours and over. | 4.3 | 19.2 | 9.7 | 29.0 | 8.4 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 13.7 | 11.1 |
| Average bours, total at work | 40.8 | 45.7 | 39.0 | 52.7 | 37.4 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 22.9 | 40.2 | 40.7 | 46.3 | 41.3 |

HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Table A－26：Summary employment and unemployment estimates，by age and sex，seasonally adiusted

| （In thousands） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employment status | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1966 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apro } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar。 } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb。 } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec。 } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Sept． 1965 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total labor force | 80，342 | 80，549 | 80，233 | 80，185 | 79，313 | 79，674 | 79，315 | 79，279 | 79，644 | 79，408 | 78，906 | 78，606 | 78，334 |
| Civilian labor force | 77，113 | 77，371 | 77，098 | 77，086 | 76，268 | 76，666 | 76，341 | 76，355 | 76，754 | 76，567 | 76,111 | 75，846 | 75，611 |
| Employed．．．． | 74，165 | 74，338 | 74，072 | 73，997 | 73，231 | 73，799 | 73，435 | 73，521 | 73，715 | 73，441 | 72,914 | 72，561 | 72，297 |
| Agriculare | 4，049 | 4，158 | 4，144 | 4，238 | 4，076 | 4，482 | 4，363 | 4，442 | 4，429 | 4，486 | 4，273 | 4，551 | 4，418 |
| Nonagriculural industries | 70， 116 | 70，180 | 69，928 | 69，759 | 69 ， 155 | 69，317 | 69， 072 | 69，079 | 69，286 | 63，955 | 68，641 | 68，010 | 67，879 |
| On full－time schedules ${ }^{1}$ | 56，742 | 57，394 | 57，305 | 56，717 | 56，002 | 55，421 | 55，839 | 55，954 | ［55，854 | 55，384 | 55，299 | 54，725 | $55,063$ |
| On part－cime for economic seasons ${ }^{1}$ ． | 1，636 | 1，716 | 1，977 | 2，004 | 1，607 | 1，571 | 1，622 | 1，681 | 1，819 | 1，745 | 1，819 | 1，821 | 1，780 |
| Usually work full time ．．．．．．． | 832 | 356 | 975 | 1，040 | 839 | 776 | 820 | 899 | 902 | 766 | 817 | 848 | 843 |
| Usually work part time | 804 | 860 | 1，002 | 964 | 768 | 795 | 802 | 782 | 917 | 979 | 1，002 | 973 | 937 |
| On voluntary part－time schedules ${ }^{1}$ ． | 8，324 | 8，412 | 8，011 | 7，790 | 7，985 | 8，167 | 8，016 | 7，948 | 8，070 | 8，030 | 7，915 | 7，884 | 7，702 |
| Unemployed ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 2，948 | 3，033 | 3，026 | 3，089 | 3，037 | 2，867 | 2，906 | 2，834 | 3，039 | 3，126 | 3，197 | 3，285 | 3，314 |
| MEN， 20 YEARS AND OVER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 44，666 | 44，833 | 44，744 | 44，780 | 44，661 | 44， 836 | 44， 822 | 44，823 | 44，788 | 44，751 | 44，565 | 44，539 | 44，646 |
| Employed．．．．． | 43，583 | 43，691 | 43，585 | 43，621 | 43，597 | 43，772 | 43，664 | 43，680 | 43，604 | 43，579 | 43，330 | 43，234 | $43,285$ |
| Agriculture．．．．．．．．． | 2，884 | 2，355 | 2，854 | 2，860 | 2，361 | 3，035 | 2，980 | 2，990 | 2，936 | 3，035 | 2，933 | 3，131 | 3，120 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 40，699 | 40，836 | 40，731 | 40，761 | 40，736 | 40，737 | 40，684 | 40，690 | 40，668 | 40，544 | 40，397 | 40，103 | 40，165 |
| Unemployed ．．．．．．．． | 1，083 | 1，142 | 1，159 | 1．159 | 1，064 | 1，064 | 1，158 | 1，143 | 1，184 | 1，172 | 1，235 | 1，305 | 1，361 |
| WOMEN，20．YEARS AND OVER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 24，930 | 24，481 | 24，313 | 24，226 | 24，082 | 24，000 | 23，899 | 24，016 | 24，145 | 24，121 | 23，967 | 23，779 | $23,774$ |
| Employed ．．． | 23，982 | 23，527 | 23，425 | 23，286 | 23，121 | 23，133 | 23，045 | 23，145 | 23，228 | 23，157 | 22，937 | 22，790 | 22，771 |
| Agriculture ．．．．．．．． | \％ 633 | ， 647 | 687 | 682 | ， 632 | 728 | 732 | 22， 754 | 765 | 769 76 | 684 | 749 | 697 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 23，349 | 22，880 | 22，738 | 22，604 | 22，489 | 22，405 | 22， 313 | 22，391 | 22，463 | 22，388 | 22，253 | 22，041 | $22,074$ |
| Unemployed ．．．．．．．． | 948 | 954 | 888 | 940 | 961 | 867 | 854 | 871 | 917 | 964 | 1，030 | 989 | 1，003 |
| BOTH SEXES，14－19 YEARS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 7，517 | 8，057 | 8，041 | 8，080 | 7，525 | 7，830 | 7，620 | 7，516 | 7，821 | 7，695 | 7，579 | 7，528 | $7,191$ |
| Employed．． | 6，600 | 7，120 | 7，062 | 7，090 | 6，513 | 6，894 | 6，726 | 6，696 | 6，883 | 6，705 | 6，647 | 6，537 | 6，241 |
| Agriculture ．．．．．．．．． | 532 6,068 | 6 656 | 603 6.459 | 696 6,394 | 583 5 | 719 6.175 | 651 5.075 | 698 $5 \quad 998$ | 728 6,155 | 682 6,023 | 656 5.991 | 671 5,866 | 601 5,640 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 6，068 | 6,464 937 | 6,459 979 | 6,394 990 | 5,930 1,012 | 6,175 936 | 6,075 894 | 5,998 820 | 6,155 938 | 6,023 990 | 5,991 932 | 5,866 991 | 5,640 950 |
| Unemployed ． | 917 | 937 | 979 | 990 | 1，012 | 936 | 894 | 820 | 938 | 990 | 932 | 991 | 950 |

${ }^{1}$ These categoties will not add to the nonagricultural iudustries cotal because of the exclusion of persons＂with a iob
but not at work＇＂during the survey week．
Table A－27：Seasonally adjusted rates of unemployment

| Selected unemployment rates | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug。 } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | May $1966$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr。 } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar。 } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | Feb。 <br> 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec。 } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novo } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept。 } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total（all civilian workers） | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 |
| Men， 20 years and over． | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | $2: 4$ | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.0 |
| 20－24 years ．．．． | 4.3 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.9 |
| 25 years and over | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 |
| Women， 20 years and over | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| Boch sexes，14－19 years． | 12.2 | 11.6 | 12.2 | 12.3 | 13.4 | 12.0 | 11.7 | 10.9 | 12.0 | 12.9 | 12.3 | 13.2 | 13.2 |
| White workers | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Nonwhite workers． | 7.8 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 8.1 |
| Married men ． | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| Full－time workers ${ }^{1}$ | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.0 |
| Blue－collar workers． | 4.1 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.1 |
| Experienced wage and salary workers | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 4.7 |
| Labor force time lost． | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.7 |

${ }^{1}$ Adjusted by provisional seasonal factors．
Table A－28：Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment，seasonally adjusted

| Duration of unemployment | Sept． <br> 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | June 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan。 } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | Dec． <br> 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1965 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { Sept. } \\ 1965 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than 5 weeks | 1，626 | 1，666 | 1，710 | 1，816 | 1，789 | 1，625 | 1，543 | 1，514 | 1，548 | 1，532 | 1，618 | 1，562 | 1，703 |
| 5 to 14 weeks | 807 | 927 | 912 | 815 | 856 | 670 | 787 | 721 | 738 | 869 | 903 | 992 | 858 |
| 15 weeks and over | 499 | 451 | 435 | 476 | 536 | 603 | 588 | 579 | 661 | 660 | 644 | 697 | 728 |
| 15－26 weeks | 298 | 249 | 220 | 251 | 261 | 343 | 319 | 315 | 354 | 355 | 334 | 350 | 384 |
| 27 weeks and over | 201 | 202 | 215 | 225 | 275 | 260 | 269 | 264 | 307 | 305 | 310 | 347 | 344 |
| 15 weeks and over as a percent of civilian labor force | ． 6 | ． 6 | ． 6 | ． 6 | ． 7 | ． 8 | ． 8 | －． 8 | ．9 | ． 9 | ． 8 | ． 9 | 1.0 |

Table A-29: Rates of unemployment by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

| Age and sex | $\begin{gathered} \text { sept. } \\ 1966 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Apr. } \\ 1966 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nar. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Feb} . \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ 1966 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total, 14 years and over .. | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 |
| 14 to 17 years. | 23.3 | 11.9 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 14.7 | 12.5 | 13.1 | 11.7 | 12.7 | 14.7 | 13.2 | 13.0 | 13.5 |
| 14 and 15 years | 9.4 | 7.3 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 9.5 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 7.8 | 8.7 | 12.4 | 9.0 | 6.7 | 5.5 |
| 16 and 17 years | 15.2 | 14.1 | 14.9 | 15.0 | 17.2 | 15.6 | 16.3 | 13.5 | 24.7 | 15.8 | 15.4 | 16.0 | 17.3 |
| 18 years and over | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| 18 and 19 years | 10.9 | 11.1 | 12.1 | 12.3 | 11.9 | 21.8 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 11.2 | 11.6 | 11.3 | 13.5 | 12.5 |
| 20 to 24 years | 5.2 | 5.5 | 4.6 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 5.9 | 5.9 |
| 25 years and over | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.1 |
| 25 to 54 years. | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.2 |
| 55 years and over | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| Males, 18 years and over | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.3 |
| 18 and 19 years. | 10.0 | 9.5 | 10.9 | 11.5 | 10.8 | 10.3 | 9.9 | 9.3 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 8.7 | 12.9 | 10.2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 4.3 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.9 |
| 25 years and over | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 |
| 25 to 54 years | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| 55 years and over | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Females, 18 years and over | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.9 |
| 18 and 19 years. | 12.1 | 12.8 | 13.5 | 13.1 | 13.3 | 13.5 | 11.1 | 11.5 | 13.1 | 13.6 | 14.3 | 14.1 | 15.1 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 6.5 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 6.8 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 7.7 | 6.5 | 5.7 |
| 25 years and over | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.9 |
| 25 to 54 years | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 4.6 |
| 55 years and over | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 2.3 |

Table A-30: Employed persons by age and sex, seasonally adiusted

| (In chousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age and sex | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1.966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ney } \\ & -1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Jan} . \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & \hline 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total, 14 years and over | 74,165 | 74,338 | 74,072 | 73,997 | 73,231 | 73,799 | 73,435 | 73,521 | 73,715 | 73,441 | 72,924 | 72,561 | 72,297 |
| 14 to 17 years. | 3,257 | 3,539 | 3,412 | 3,438 | 3,231 | 3,489 | 3,382 | 3,397 | 3,546 | 3,406 | 3,401 | 3,392 | 3,201 |
| 14 and 15 years | 1,079 | 1,224 | 1,139 | 1,198 | 1,107 | 1,258 | 1,223 | 1,142 | 1,221 | 1,155 | 1,198 | 1,167 | 1,115 |
| 16 and 17 years | 2,178 | 2,325 | 2,273 | 2,240 | 2,124 | 2,237 | 2,159 | 2,255 | 2,325 | 2,251 | 2,203 | 2,225 | 2,086 |
| 18 years and over | 70,837 | 70,805 | 70,616 | 70,440 | 70,057 | 70,304 | 70,017 | 70,100 | 70,212 | 70,069 | 69,521 | 69,230 | 69,189 |
| 18 and 19 years | 3,294 | 3,595 | 3,586 | 3,542 | 3,294 | 3,418 | 3,392 | 3, 447 | 3,424 | 3,370 | 3,226 | 3,120 | 3,014 |
| 20 to 24 years | 7,856 | 7,948 | 7,989 | 8,010 | 7,997 | 7,979 | 7,850 | 7,792 | 7,759 | 7,739 | 7,738 | 7,684 | 7,767 |
| 25 years and over | 59,687 | 59,262 | 59,041 | 58,888 | 58,766 | 58,907 | 58,775 | 58,961 | 159,029 | 58,960 | 58,557 | 58,426 | 58,408 |
| 25 to 44 years. | 30,372 | 30,139 | 30,028 | 30,086 | 30,175 | 30,211 | 30,244 | 30, 392 | 30,397 | 30,410 | 30,118 | 29,971 | 29,954 |
| 45 years and over | 29,162 | 29,059 | 28,904 | 28,798 | 28,588 | 28,75 | 28,615 | 28,641 | 28,676 | 28,587 | 28,411 | 28,369 | 28,335 |
| Males, 18 years and over | 45,326 | 45,614 | 45,572 | 45,548 | 45,397 | 45,634 | 45,467 | 45,487 | 45,474 | 45,420 | 45,137 | 44,953 | 44,947 |
| 18 and 19 years | 1,776 | 1,942 | 1,946 | 1,895 | 1,783 | 1,874 | 1,874 | 1,850 | 1,897 | 1,839 | 1,780 | 1,689 | 1,654 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 4,524 | 4,615 | 4,624 | 4,605 | 4,594 | 4,623 | 4,595 | 4,549 | 4,553 | 4,543 | 4,569 | 4,469 | 4,498 |
| 25 years and over | 39,026 | 39,057 | 139,002 | 39,046 | 39,020 | 39,137 | 38,998 | 39,088 | 39,024 | 39,038 | 38,788 | 38,795 | 38,795 |
| 25 to 44 years.. | 20,353 | 20,382 | 20,363 | 20,444 | 20,565 | 20,578 | 20,576 | 20,633 | 20,530 | 20,546 | 20,445 | 20,408 | 20,438 |
| 45 years and ove | 18,659 | [18,647 | 18,576 | 18,583 | 18,439 | 18,57 | 18,493 | 18,498 | 18,521 | 18,490 | 18, 316 | 18, 357 | 18, 349 |
| Females, 18 years and over | 25,511 | 25,191 | 25,044 | 24,892 | 24,660 | 24,670 | 24,550 | 24,613 | 24,738 | 24,649 | 24,384 | 24,277 | 24,242 |
| 18 and 19 years | 1,518 | 1,653 | 1,640 | 1,645 | 1,511 | 1,544 | 1,518 | 1,497 | 1,527 | 1,531 | 1,446 | 1,437 | 1,360 |
| 20 to 24 years.. | 3,332 | 3,333 | 3,365 | 3,405 | 3,403 | 3,356 | 3,255 | 3,243 | 3,206 | 3,196 | 3,169 | 3,215 | 3,269 |
| 25 years and over | 20,661 | 20,205 | 20,039 | 19,842 | 19,746 | 19,770 | 19.777 | 19,873 | 20,005 | 19,922 | 19,769 | 19,631 | 19,613 |
| 25 to 44 years.. 45 years and over | 10,019 | 9,757 | 19,665 | 9,642 | 9,610 | 9,633 | 9,668 | 9,759 | 9,867 | 9,864 | 9,673 | 9,563 | 9,516 |
| 45 yeats and ove | 10,503 | 20,412 | 10,328 | 10,215 | 10,149 | 10,144 | 10,122 | 10,143 | 10,155 | 10,097 | 10,095 | 10,012 | 9,986 |

NOTE: Due to the independent seasonal adjustment of several of the series, detail will not necessarily add to totals.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL EMPLGYMENT 

Table B.1: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division
1919 to date
(In mousande)

| Year and moach | TOTAL | Mining | Contract conteruc. tion | Manufacturing | Traosportation and public utilitie | Wholeasle and retail conde |  |  | Finance, insurnoce and reat | $\begin{gathered} \text { Service } \\ \text { mind } \\ \text { masel- } \\ \text { laneous } \end{gathered}$ | Govermment |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Tomi | Wholeasle ctade | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rotail } \\ & \text { crinde } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Total | Federal | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Seace } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { iocal } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1919...... | 27,088 | 1,133 | 1,002 | 10,659 | 3,72 | 4,214 | - | - | 1,171 | 2,263 | 2,676 | - | - |
| 1920........... | 27,350 | 1,239 | 848 | 10,658 | 3,998 | 4,467 |  |  | 1,175 | 2,362 | 2,603 | - |  |
| 1921. | 24,382 | 962 | 1,012 | 8,257 | 3,459 | 4,589 | - |  | 1,163 | 2,412 | 2,528 | - |  |
| 1922............ | 25,827 | 929 | 1,185 | 9,120 | 3,505 | 4,903 |  |  | 1,144 | 2,503 | 2,538 |  |  |
| 1923............ | 28,394 | 1,212 | 1,229 | 10,300 | 3,882 | 5,290 | - | - | 1,190 | 2,684 | 2,607 | - | - |
| 1924........... | 28,040 | 1,101 | 1,329 | 9,671 | 3,807 | 5,407 | - | - | 1,231 | 2,782 | 2,720 | - |  |
| 1925..... | 28,778 | 1,089 | 1,446 | 9,939 | 3,826 | 5,576 |  |  | 1,233 | 2,869 | 2,800 | - |  |
| 1926. | 29,819 | 1,185 | 1,555 | 10,156 | 3,942 | 5,784 |  |  | 1,305 | 3,046 | 2,846 | - |  |
| 1927. | 29,976 | 1,114 | 1,608 | 10,001 | 3,895 | 5,908 |  | - | 1,367 | 3,168 | 2,915 | - |  |
| 1928. . . . . . . . . | 30,000 | 1,050 | 1,606 | 9,947 | 3,828 | 5,074 | - | - | 1,435 | 3,265 | 2,995 | - | - |
| 1929. | 30,339 | 1,067 | 1,497 | 10,702 | 3,916 | 6,123 | - |  | 1,509 | 3,440 | 3,065 | 533 | 2,532 |
| 1930. | 29,424 | 1,009 | 1,372 | 9,562 | 3,685 | 5,797 | - |  | 1,475 | 3,376 | 3,148 | 526 | 2,6e2 |
| 1931. | 26,649 | 873 | 1,214 | 8,170 | 3,254 | 5,204 |  |  | 1,407 | 3,183 | 3,264 | 560 | 2,704 |
| 1932. | 23,628 | 731 | 970 | 6,931 | 2,816 | 4,683 |  |  | 1,341 | 2,931 | 3,225 | 559 | 2,666 |
| 1933............ | 23,72 | 744 | 809 | 7,397 | 2,672 | 4,755 | - | - | 1,295 | 2,873 | 3,166 | 565 | 2,601 |
| 1934. | 25,953 | 883 | 862 | 8,501 | 2,750 | 5,281 | - | - | 1,309 | 3,058 | 3,299 | 652 | 2,047 |
| 1935. | 27,053 | 897 | 912 | 9,069 | 2,786 | 5,432 | - | - | 1,335 | 3,142 | 3,487 | 753 | 2,728 |
| 1936. | 29,082 | 946 | 1,145 | 9,827 | 2,973 | 5,809 | - |  | 1,388 | 3,326 | 3,668 | 826 | 2,842 |
| 1937. | 37,026 | 1,015 | 1,112 | 10,794 | 3,134 | 6,265 | - |  | 1,432 | 3,518 | 3,756 | 833 | 2,923 |
| 1938. | 29,209 | 891 | 1,055 | 9,440 | 2,863 | 6,179 | - | - | 1,425 | 3,473 | 3,883 | 829 | 3,054 |
| 1939........... | 30,618 | 854 | 1,150 | 10,278 | 2,936 | 6,426 | 1,684 | 4,742 | 1,462 | 3,577 | 3,995 | 905 | 3,090 |
| 1940.......... | 32,376 | 925 | 1,294 | 10,985 | 3,038 | 6,750 | 1,754 | 4,996 | 1,502 | 3,681 | 4,202 | 996 | 3,206 |
| 1941. | 36,554 | 957 | 1,790 | 13,192 | 3,274 | 7,210 | 1,873 | 5,338 | 1,549 | 3,921 | 4,660 | 1,340 | 3,320 |
| 1942. | 40,125 | 992 | 2,170 | 15,290 | 3,460 | 7,118 | 1,821 | 5,297 | 1,538 | 4,084 | 5,483 | 2,213 | 3,270 |
| 1943............ | 42,452 | 925 | 1,567 | 17,602 | 3,647 | 6,982 | 1,741 | 5,241 | 1,502 | 4,148 | 6,080 | 2,905 | 3,174 |
| 19444........... | 41,883 | 892 | 1,094 | 17,328 | 3,829 | 7,058 | 1,762 | 5,296 | 1,476 | 4,163 | 6,043 | 2,928 | 3,116 |
| 1945.......... | 40,394 | 836 | 1,132 | 15,524 | 3,906 | 7,304 | 1,862 | 5,452 | 1,497 | 4,241 | 5,944 | 2,808 | 3,137 |
| 1946. | 41,674 | 862 | 1,661 | 14,703 | 4,067 | 8,376 | 2,190 | 6,186 | 1,697 | 4,719 | 5,595 | 2,254 | 3,341 |
| 1947........... | 43,881 | 955 | 1,982 | 15,545 | 4,166 | 8,955 | 2,361 | 6,595 | 1,754 | 5,050 | 5,474 | 1,892 | 3,582 |
| 1948............ | 44,891 | 994 | 2,169 | 15,582 | 4,189 | 9,272 | 2,489 | 6,783 | 1,829 | 5,206 | 5,650 | 1,863 | 3,787 |
| 1949. 1950. | 43,778 45,202 | 930 901 | 2,165 2,333 | 14,441 15,241 | 4,001 | 9,264 | 2,487 | 6,778 | 1,857 | 5,204 | 5,856 | 1,908 | 3,948 |
| 1951. | 47,849 | 929 | 2,63 2,603 | 16,393 | 4,226 | 9,306 | 2,918 2,606 | 6,068 | 1,919 | 5,302 |  | 1,928 2,302 | 4,098 |
| 1952........... | 48,8e5 | 898 | 2,634 | 16,632 | 4,248 | 10,004 | 2,667 | 7,317 | 2,069 | 5,730 | 6,609 | 2,402 | 4,188 |
| 1953............ | 50,232 | 866 | 2,623 | 17,549 | 4,290 | 10,247 | 2,727 | 7,520 | 2,146 | 5,867 | 6,645 | 2,305 | 4,340 |
| 1954. | 49,022 | 791 | 2,612 | 16,314 | 4,084 | 10,235 | 2,739 | 7,496 | 2,234 | 6,002 | 6,751 | 2,188 | 4,563 |
| 1955... | 50,675 | 792 | 2,802 | 16,880 | 4,141 | 10,535 | 2,796 | 7,740 | 2,335 | 6,274 | 6,914 | 2,187 | 4,727 |
| 1956. . | 52,408 | 828 | 2,999 | 17,243 | 4,244 | 10,858 | 2,884 | 7,974 | 2,429 | 6,536 | 7,277 | 2,209 | 5,069 |
| 1957. | 52,894 | 828 | 2,923 | 17,174 | 4,241 | 10,886 | 2,893 | 7,992 | 2,477 | 6,749 | 7,616 | 2,207 | 5,399 |
| 1958............ | 51,363 | 751 | 2,778 | 15,945 | 3,976 | 10,750 | 2,848 | 7,902 | 2,519 | 6,806 | 7,839 | 2,191 | 5,648 |
| 1959............ | 53,313 | 732 | 2,960 | 16,675 | 4,011 | 11,127 | 2,946 | 8,182 | 2,594 | 7,130 | 8,083 | 2,233 | 5,850 |
| 1960........... | 54,234 | 72 | 2,685 | 16,796. | 4,004 | 11,391 | 3,004 | 8,388 | 2,669 | 7,423 | 8,353 | 2,270 | 6,083 |
| 1961. | 54,042 | 672 | 2,816 | 16,326 | 3,903 | 11, 337 | 2,993 | 8, 344 | 2,731 | 7,664 | 8,594 | 2,279 | 6,315 |
| 1962............ | 55,596 | 650 | 2,902 | 16,853 | 3,906 | 11,566 | 3,056 | 8,517 | 2,800 | 8,028 | 8,890 | 2, 340 | 6,550 |
| 1963. ........... | 56,702 | 635 | 2,963 | 16,995 | 3,903 | 11,778 | 3,104 | 8,675 | 2,871 | 8,325 | 9,225 | 2,358 | 6,868 |
| 1964. | 58,332 | 634 | 3,050 | 17,274 | 3,951 | 12,160 | 3,189 | 8,971 | 2,957 | 8,709 | 9,596 | 2,348 | 7,249 |
| 1965. | 60,770 | 632 | 3,181 | 18,032 | 4,033 | 12,683 | 3,317 | 9,366 | 3,019 | 9,098 | 10,091 | 2,378 | 7,713 |
| 1965: September | 61,863 | 631 | 3,460 | 18,477 | 4,113 | 12,750 | 3,370 | 9,380 | 3,045 |  | 10,152 |  |  |
| October.. November. | 62,141 | 633 | 3,431 | 18,461 | 4,104 | 12,852 | 3,388 | 9,464 | 3,038 | 9,263 | 10,359 | 2,384 | 7,975 |
| November. | 62,392 | 635 | 3,341 | 18,496 | 4,092 | 13,078 | 3,394 | 9,684 | 3,033 | 9,245 | 10,472 | 2,402 | 8,070 |
| December. | 63,038 | 632 | 3,167 | 18,473 | 4,087 | 13,762 | 3,415 | 10,347 | 3,034 | 9,245 | 10,638 | 2,543 | 8,095 |
| 1966: January.. | 61,439 | 621 | 2,940 | 18,333 | 4,026 | 12,835 | 3,371 | 9,464 | 3,018 | 9,176 | 10,490 | 2,406 | 8,084 |
| February. | 61,622 | 617 | 2,818 | 18,518 | 4,035 | 12,738 | 3,367 | 9,371 | 3,024 | 9,250 | 10,622 | 2,431 | 8,191 |
| Narch.... | 62,243 | 620 | 2,981 | 18,651 | 4,056 | 12,826 | 3,374 | 9,452 | 3,043 | 9,331 | 10,735 | 2,460 | 8,275 |
| April..... | 62,928 | 590 | 3,156 | 18,774 | 4,077 | 13,015 | 3,386 | 9,629 | 3,056 | 9,465 | 10,795 | 2,493 | 8,302 |
| May....... | 63,465 | 630 | 3,277 | 18,906 | 4,115 | 13,061 | 3,400 | 9,661 | 3,070 | 9,572 | 10,834 | 2,513 | 8,321 |
| June..... | 64,563 | 645 | 3,521 | 19,258 | 4,180 | 13,239 | 3,473 | 9,766 | 3,112 | 9,702 | 10,906 | 2,592 | 8,324 |
| July..... Ausust. September | 64,274 64,482 64,880 | 645 649 642 | 3,623 3,636 3,520 | 19,123 19,398 19,524 | 4,171 4,150 4,208 | 13,225 13,224 13,245 | 3,511 3,516 3,484 | 9,714 9,708 9,761 | 3,148 3,146 3,100 | 9,782 9,766 9,700 | 10,557 10,53 10,941 | 2,637 2,641 2,611 | $\begin{aligned} & 7,920 \\ & 7,872 \\ & 8,330 \end{aligned}$ |

[^7]
## ESTABLISHMENT DATA <br> EMPLOYMENT

Table B.2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

| SICCode | Industry | All employces |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{\text {I }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1906 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuTy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ang } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { गuIy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| . | TOTAL. . | 64,880 | 64,482 | 64,274 | 61,863 | 61,324 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | MINING | 642 | 649 | 645 | 631 | 644 | 500 | 507 | 502 | 493 | 504 |
| 10 | METAL MINING | - | 88.4 | 87.7 | 83.8 | 85.5 |  | 73.5 | 72.8 | 69.8 | 71.0 |
| 101 | fon ores. | - | 26.5 | 25.8 | 26.1 | 26.3 | - | 22.4 | 21.7 | 22.1 | 22.2 |
| 102 | Copper ores. | - | 33.2 | 33.0 | 29.6 | 31.0 |  | 27.2 | 27.0 | 24.4 | 25.5 |
| 11,12 | COAL MINING | - | 142.3 | 139.5 | 135.4 | 139.0 | - | 123.8 | 121.0 | 117.7 | 121.2 |
| 12 | Bituminous. | * | 134.1 | 131.9 | 125.6 | 129.5 | - | 116.6 | 114.3 | 108.9 | 112.7 |
| 13 | crude petroleum and matural gas. | - | 291.0 | 289.6 | 287.0 | 293.6 | - | 203.3 | 202.1 | 201.4 | 206.9 |
| 131,2 | Crude petroleum and natural gas fields. | - | 157.0 | 156.9 | 156.8 | 160.3 | - | 87.3 | 87.3 | 88.5 | 91.3 |
| 138 | Oil and gas field services | - | 134.0 | 132.7 | 130.2 | 133.3 | - | 116.0 | 114.8 | 112.9 | 115.6 |
| 14 | quarrying and nonmetallic mining | - | 127.6 | 127.8 | 124.8 | 125.7 | - | 106.2 | 106.5 | 104.3 | 105.0 |
| 142 | Crusted and broken stone | - | 44.2 | 44.3 | 43.4 | 43.9 | - | 37.9 | 37.9 | 37.2 | 37.7 |
| 144 | Sand and gravel. . | - | 42.5 | 42.4 | 42.6 | 42.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION. | 3,520 | 3,636 | 3,623 | 3,460 | 3,541 | 3,028 | 3,137 | 3,122 | 2,979 | 3,056 |
|  | general building contractors |  | 1,165.9 | 1,153.3 | 1,077.7 | 1,105.8 |  | 1,019.0 | 1,004.4 | 934.5 | 961.1 |
| 16 | heavy construction. | - | 781.2 | 782.2 | 752.1 | 781.0 | - | 690.3 | 690.5 | 662.5 | 690.9 |
| 161 | Highway and sereet construction | - | 412.4 | 411.7 | 398.1 | 419.6 | - | 375.3 | 374.4 | 362.8 | 383.3 |
| 162 | Other heavy construction. | - | 368.8 | 370.5 | 354.0 | 361.4 | - | 315.0 | 316.1 | 299.7 | 307.6 |
| 17 | special trade contractors |  | 1,688.8 | 1,687.8 | 1,630.4 | 1,654.0 | - | 1,428.1 | 1,427.3 | 1,381.5 | 1,404.4 |
| 171 | Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning. . |  | 383.3 | 384.6 | 376.2 | 380.8 | - | 313.6 | 312.9 | 308.2 | 311.9 |
| 172 | Painting, paperhanging, and decorating .- | - | 161.6 | 157.7 | 161.3 | 164.8 | - | 145.6 | 141.8 | 146.6 | 150.0 |
| 173 | Electrical work . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 260.3 | 255.2 | 239.1 | 243.3 | - | 211.5 | 206.4 | 193.3 | 197.2 |
| 174 | Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work. . | - | 253.6 | 253.4 | 252.4 | 251.7 | - | 232.2 | 231.8 | 231.2 | 230.6 |
| 176 | Roofing and sheet metal work . . . . . . . . | - | 118.3 | 117.8 | 116.0 | 118.3 | - | 96.8 | 96.2 | 95.0 | 97.2 |
| - | MANUFACTURING | 19,524 | 19,398 | 19,123 | 18,477 | 18,263 | 14,569 | 14,423 | 14,159 | 13,811 | 13,578 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 19,24,25, \\ & 32-3,9^{\prime} \end{aligned}$ | durable coods | 11,418 | 11,256 | 11,213 | 10,614 | 10,418 | 8,484 | 8,311 | 8,277 | 7,896 | 7,692 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 20-23, \\ & 26-31 \end{aligned}$ | nondurable goods | 8,106 | 8,142 | 7,910 | 7,863 | 7,845 | 6,085 | 6,112 | 5,882 | 5,915 | 5,886 |
|  | Durable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES. | 264.2 | 259.3 | 256.4 | 230.9 | 226.8 | 127.4 | 122.8 | 120.2 | 99.7 | 95.8 |
| 192 | Ammunition, excepr for small arms . . . . . | 195.8 | 191.9 | 189.5 | 175.3 | 172.8 | 83.4 | 79.4 | 77.2 | 65.1 | 62.8 |
| 1925 | Guided raissiles and spacecraft, complete | 18. | 162.9 | 162.9 | 157.2 | 155.5 | - | 55.5 | 55.6 | 51.5 | 49.9 |
| 194 | Sighting and fire control equipment | - | 14.7 | 14.6 | 12.5 | 12.3 |  | 6.2 | 6.2 | 5.0 | 4.9 |
| 191,3569 | Other ordnance and accessories | 53.7 | 52.7 | 52.3 | 43.1 | 41.7 | 36.0 | 37.2 | 36.8 | 29.6 | 28.1 |
|  | LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | FURNITURE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 638.2 | 650.2 | 648.5 | 629.6 | 637.8 | 558.9 | 569.8 | 568.5 | 553.4 | 561.6 |
| 241 | Logging camps and logging contractors .. | 104.8 | 107.3 | 106.2 | 97.1 | 98.3 |  | - | - | - |  |
| 242 | Sawmills and planing mills. . . . . . . . . . | 251.4 | 256.6 | 256.5 | 256.7 | 259.9 | 229.6 | 234.4 | 234.6 | 235.6 | 238.1 |
| 2421 | Sawmills and planing mills, general . . . |  | 216.3 | 217.4 | 218.1 | 221.1 |  | 197.6 | 198.8 | 200.2 | 202.8 |
| 243 | Millwork, plywood, and related products . . | 168.6 | 171.8 | 172.5 | 166.9 | 169.9 | 142.7 | 144.2 | 145.6 | 140.5 | 143.5 |
| 2431 | Millwork. |  | 73.4 | 73.1 | 72.5 | 73.9 | - | 59.2 | 58.9 | 58.9 | 60.2 |
| 2432 | Veneer and plywood. | - | 77.1 | 78.0 | 75.0 | 75.5 | - | 70.4 | 71.3 | 68.5 | 68.9 |
| 244 | Wooden cuntainers | 35.7 | 36.5 | 36.1 | 34.6 | 35.1 | 32.0 | 32.9 | 32.2 | 31.2 | 31.7 |
| 2441,2 | Wooden boxes, shook, and crates |  | 28.5 | 28.3 | 26.3 | 26.8 |  | 25.7 | 25.4 | 23.7 | 24.1 |
| 249 | Miscellaneous wood products | 77.7 | 78.0 | 77.2 | $7^{\text {l/ }} 3$ | 74.6 | 66.6 | 66.9 | 66.2 | 63.4 | 63.9 |

[^8]Table B.2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry-Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juyy } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Durable Goods.-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | FURNITURE AND FIXTURES | 464.1 | 466.0 | 451.9 | 437.5 | 432.8 | 385.2 | 387.4 | 374.4 | 363.8 | 359.4 |
| 251 | Household furniture | 334.6 | 334.0 | 325.9 | 314.2 | 311.5 | 285.9 | 285.9 | 278.4 | 269.1 | 266.7 |
| 2511 | Wood house fumiture, unupholstered |  | 175.4 | 170.2 | 164.1 | 162.2 | - | 156.0 | 151.1 | 146.4 | 144.8 |
| 2512 | Wood house furniture, upholstered. | - | 83.5 | 82.4 | 79.9 | 78.6 | - | 69.6 | 68.7 | 66.6 | 65.5 |
| 2515 | Mattresses and bedsprings | - | 38.8 | 38.2 | 37.2 | 37.1 | - | 30.8 | 30.4 | 29.4 | 29.3 |
| 252 | Office furniture | - | 33.9 | 33.5 | 30.4 | 30.0 | - | 26.3 | 26.3 | 23.8 | 23.5 |
| 254 | Parcitions; office and store fixtures | - | 48.6 | 46.5 | 45.3 | 45.2 | - | 36.4 | 34.4 | 34.1 | 33.9 |
| 253,9 | Other furniture and fixtures | 48.0 | 49.5 | 46.0 | 47.6 | 46.1 | 37.2 | 38.8 | 35.3 | 36.8 | 35.3 |
| 32 | STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS. | 650.9 | 660.5 | 661.6 | 649.8 | 648.7 | 523.8 | 532.7 | 532.7 | 524.8 | 522.0 |
| 321 | Flat glass |  | 32.6 | 32.4 | 33.4 | 33.0 |  | 25.4 | 25.4 | 27.0 | 26.5 |
| 322 | Glass and glassware, pressed or blown | 125.5 | 126.5 | 125.2 | 118.0 | 117.9 | 109.6 | 110.5 | 109.4 | 103.1 | 103.0 |
| 3221 | Glass containers. | - | 69.4 | 69.4 | 66.0 | 66.8 | - | 61.7 | 61.6 | 58.4 | 59.2 |
| 3229 | Pressed and blown glassware, | - | 57.1 | 55.8 | 52.0 | 51.1 | - | 48.8 | 47.8 | 44.7 | 43.8 |
| 324 | Cement, hydraulic | 39.0 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 30.3 | 30.9 | 30.9 | 30.4 | 30.5 |
| 325 | Structural clay producrs. | 69.3 | 72.1 | 72.7 | 71.4 | 71.2 | 58.5 | 60.5 | 61.9 | 60.9 | 60.4 |
| 3251 | Brick and structural clay tile. |  | 32.4 | 32.8 | 32.3 | 32.7 | - | 28.8 | 29.3 | 28.8 | 29.0 |
| 326 | Poctery and celared products. | - | 42.7 | 42.2 | 45.5 | 44.1 | - | 36.2 | 35.4 | 39.0 | 37.5 |
| 327 | Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products. | 183.3 | 187.7 | 189.4 | 186.3 | 188.3 | 142.1 | 146.0 | 146.9 | 144.8 | 146.1 |
| 328,9 | Other stone and mineral products. | 135.1 | 136.4 | 136.3 | 133.0 | 132.7 | 102.4 | 103.7 | 103.4 | 100.5 | 99.8 |
| 3291 | Abrasive products. |  | 28.8 | 28.6 | 26.0 | 26.1 | - | 20.0 | 19.8 | 17.3 | 17.4 |
| 33 | primary metal indu | 1,351.6 | 1, 356.2 | 1,353.4 | 1, 312.4 | 1,320.7 | 1,102.7 | 1,104.4 | 1,102.2 | 1,071.4 | 1,078.3 |
| 331 | Blast furnace and basic sreel products | 671.6 | 670.7 | - 676.9 | 1, 663.3 | - 682.5 | 549.6 | 547.0 | 553.6 | 542.2 | 560.4 |
| 3312 | Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills. | - | 590.6 | 596.2 | 585.2 | 505.8 |  | 483.5 | 489.7 | 480.2 | 499.8 |
| 332 | Iron and steel foundries. | 237.0 | 238.7 | 236.7 | 229.1 | 225.7 | 202.3 | 203.5 | 201.4 | 196.2 | 192.8 |
| 3321 | Gray iron foundries |  | 140.4 | 139.3 | 135.8 | 133.0 | - | 120.8 | 119.5 | 117.4 | 114.4 |
| 3322 | Malleable iron foundries | - | 27.2 | - 27.3 | 26.6 | 26.2 | - | 23.0 | 23.1 | 20.6 | 22.2 |
| 3323 | Steel foundries. | - | 71.1 | 70.1 | 66.7 | 66.5 | - | 59.7 | 58.8 | 56.2 | 56.2 |
| 333,4 | Nonferrous smelting and cefining. . . | $77 \cdot 3$ | 78.5 | 79.2 | 75.1 | 75.1 | 59.2 | 60.3 | 61.3 | 58.7 | 58.4 |
| 335 | Nonferrous rolling, deawing, and extruding. | 209.9 | 211.3 |  | 197.7 | 194.0 | 162.8 | 163.6 | 158.7 | 152.8 | 148.5 |
| 3351 | Copper rolling, drawing, and extruding. | - | 49.4 | 48.0 | 46.9 | 45.6 | - | 38.1 | 36.3 | 36.3 | 34.8 |
| 3352 | Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding. | - | 68.2 | 67.6 | 64.4 | 63.9 | - | 53.6 | 53.0 | 50.0 | 49.3 |
| 3357 | Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating | - | 70.4 | 67.4 | 65.9 | 64.3 | - | 55.2 | 52.3 | 51.9 | 50.1 |
| 336 | Nonferrous foundries | 87.6 | 88.6 | 85.7 | 81.8 | 80.7 | 74.4 | 75.1 | 72.0 | 68.8 | 67.7 |
| 3361 | Aluminum castings | - | 43.8 | 43.0 | 40.1 | 39.4 | - | 37.7 | 36.7 | 34.2 | 33.4 |
| 3362,9 | Other nonferrous castings. | - | 44.8 | 42.7 | 41.7 | 41.3 | - | 37.4 | 35.3 | 34.6 | 34.3 |
| 339 | Miscellaneous primary metal induser | 68.2 | 68.4 | 68.4 | 65.4 | 62.7 | 54.4 | 54.9 | 55.2 | 52.7 | 50.5 |
| 3391 | Iron and steel forgings | - | 45.4 | 45.4 | 44.0 | 41.4 | - | 36.9 | 37.1 | 36.2 | 34.0 |
| 34 | fabricated metal products | 1,370.3 | 1,362.4 | 1,339.2 | 1,294.3 | 1,274.9 | 1,064.2 | 1,059.4 | 1,035.2 | 1,005.4 | 984.9 |
| 341 | Metal cans | 1, 64.9 | -66.1 | - 66.0 | - 65.0 | 1, 64.9 | 55.0 | 56.3 | 56.2 | 1,00.2 | 55.2 |
| 342 | Cutlery, hand rools, and general hardware | 162.9 | 160.0 | 155.3 | 155.6 | 152.9 | 129.8 | 126.6 | 121.1 | 122.6 | 119.8 |
| 3421,3,5 | Cutlery and hand tools, including saws | - | 65.3 | 63.2 | 61.5 | 60.6 | - | 52.5 | 50.2 | 48.8 | 47.8 |
| 3429 | Hardware, n.e.c. . | - | 94.7 | 92.1 | 94.1 | 92.3 | - | 74.1 | 70.9 | 73.8 | 72.0 |
| 343 | Heating equipment and plumbing fixtures. | 78.8 | 79.6 | 78.1 | 80.0 | 78.2 | 59.1 | 59.8 | 58.6 | 60.3 | 58.8 |
| 3431,2 | Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods. | $\cdots$ | 35.8 | 34.9 | 37.3 | 36.4 | - | 28.8 | 28.0 | 30.4 | 29.5 |
| 3433 | Heating equipment, except elecrric. | - | 43.8 | 43.2 | 42.7 | 41.8 | - | 32.0 | 30.6 | 29.9 | 29.3 |
| 344 | Fabricated structural metal products | 410.4 | 412.8 | 410.7 | 387.8 | 388.7 | 300.3 | 302.4 | 300.5 | 282.6 | 283.2 |
| 3441 | Fabricated structural steel. | - | 112.8 | 117 | 106.8 | 108.3 | - | 84.5 | 83.3 | 79.8 | 81.2 |
| 3442 | Metal doors, sash, frames, and urim. | - | 70.7 | 70.1 | 69.7 | 69.4 | - | 51.8 | 51.2 | 51.2 | 50.9 |
| 3443 | Fabricated plate work (boiler shops) | - | 108.4 | 107.8 | 100.4 | 100.7 | - | 77.2 | 76.6 | 70.4 | 70.4 |
| 3444 | Sheet metal work. . . . . . . . . | - | 74.7 | 75.1 | 68.8 | 68.7 | - | 54.7 | 55.3 | 50.6 | 50.5 |
| 3446,9 | Architectural and misc. metal work. | - | 46.2 | 46.0 | 42.1 | 41.6 |  | 34.2 | 34.1 | 30.6 | 30.2 |
| 345 | Screw machine products, bolrs, ecc. | 109.4 | 108.1 | 107.2 | 99.5 | 98.5 | 86.5 | 85.6 | 84.7 | 79.1 | 77.8 |
| 3451 | Screw machine products.. | - | 55.0 | 49.2 | 45.1 | 44.7 | - | 42.7 | 42.0 | 38.5 | 37.8 |
| 3452 | Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers . | - | 58.1 | 58.0 | 54.4 | 53.8 | - | 42.9 | 42.7 | 40.6 | 40.0 |
| 346 | Metal stampings. . . . | 240.3 | 232.6 | 227.5 | 225.3 | 211.3 | 192.1 | 188.1 | 176.8 | 183.8 | 170.0 |
| 347 | Coating, engraving, and allied services | 85.0 | 83.6 | 81.6 | 77.6 | 76.5 | 72.2 | 70.6 | 68.5 | 65.3 | 63.9 |
| 348 | Miscellaneous fabricated wire products. | 67.5 | 67.8 | 67.9 | 63.0 | 62.4 | 54.8 | 55.2 | 55.1 | 51.0 | 50.4 |
| 349 | Miscellareous fabricated metal products | 151.1 | 151.8 | 150.9 | 140.5 | 241.5 | 124.4 | 214.8 | 113.7 | 105.5 | 105.8 |
| 3494,8 | Valves, pipe, and pipe fittings. |  | 88.5 | 88.1 | 82.5 | 84.7 | - | 63.9 | 63.3 | 59.4 | 61.2 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data fot the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table 8-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry-Continued

| SICCode | Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{Juy} \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966{ }^{\prime} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Auge } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Durable Goods-.Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35 | MACHINERY. | 1,891.6 | 1,891.0 | 1,887.5 | 1,743.7 | 1,732.6 | 1,333.2 | 1,325.2 | 1,323.7 | 1,221.3 | 1,204.9 |
| 351 | Engines and rurbines | 94.7 | 99.0 | 98.4 | 90.8 | 90.4 | 64.5 | 68.5 | 67.5 | 61.9 | 61.3 |
| 3511 | Steam engines and urbines |  | 34.3 | 34.4 | 31.7 | 32.6 |  | 20.2 | 20.2 | 18.0 | 18.6 |
| 3519 | Internal combustion engines, n.e. |  | 64.7 | 64.0 | 59.1 | 57.8 |  | 48.3 | 47.3 | 43.9 | 42.7 |
| 352 | Farm machinery and equipment. . |  | 143.9 | 245.2 | 134.1 | 133.3 |  | 104.5 | 106.7 | 97.3 | 95.9 |
| 353 | Construction and relared machin | 278.3 | 279.0 | 281.4 | 259.7 | 255.6 | 190.2 | 190.7 | 192.9 | 178.0 | 174.6 |
| 3531,2 | Construction and mining machinery |  | 154.5 | 153.4 | 140.9 | 136.9 | - | 109.4 | 108.6 | 100.0 | 96.9 |
| 3533 | Oil field machinery and equipment. |  | 39.5 | 40.5 | 39.2 | 39.5 |  | 26.6 | 27.6 | 26.9 | 27.1 |
| 3535,6 | Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes. |  | 39.9 | 41.0 | 37.6 | 38.0 |  | 26.0 | 27.0 | 24.7 | 25.0 |
| 354 | Metalworking machinery and equipment . . . | 336.5 | 334.2 | 334.8 | 307.4 | 304.3 | 255.1 | 252.7 | 252.7 | 232.0 | 227.8 |
| 35 | Machine rools, meral cutting rypes |  | 81.0 | 81.0 | 74.8 | 73.8 | - | 56.6 | 56.4 | 52.5 | 51.1 |
| 3544 | Special dies, rools, jigs, and fixtures |  | 112.6 | 113.9 | 105.0 | 102.9 | - | 92.9 | 94.0 | 86.6 | 84.1 |
| 3545 | Machine cool accessories . . . . . . |  | 61.9 | 61.1 | 54.8 | 54.7 |  | 46.1 | 45.3 | 40.3 | 40.0 |
| 3542,8 | Miscellaneous metalworking machinery . |  | 78.7 | 78.8 | 72.8 | 72.9 |  | 57.1 | 57.0 | 52.6 | 52.6 |
| 355 | Special industry machinery | 204.0 | 203.3 | 203.0 | 194.1 | 193.4 | 141.1 | 140.6 | 139.9 | 134.2 | 132.6 |
| 3551 | Food products machinery | - | 42.8 | 43.1 | 40.2 | 40.1 | - | 27.7 | 27.8 | 25.9 | 25.5 |
| 3552 | Textile machinery |  | 44.4 28.4 | 44.0 28.7 | 44.2 26.9 | 43.9 26.8 |  | 34.6 20.2 | 34.1 20.3 | 34.3 19.0 | 34.0 18.6 |
| 3555 | Printing trades machinery |  | 280.7 | 280.5 | 260.7 | 263.5 | 1899.7 | 186.8 | 187.2 | 175.9 | 18.6 177.0 |
| 356 | General industrial machinery | 281.9 | 280.7 77.1 | 28.5 76.2 | 68.3 | 26.5 72.6 |  | 44.3 | 43.6 | 175.9 39.0 | 177.0 42.1 |
| 3561 3562 | Pumps; air and gas compressors |  | 59.5 | 59.3 | 57.3 | 56.4 |  | 46.4 | 46.2 | 45.4 | 44.4 |
| 3566 | Mechanical power transmission goods |  | 52.8 | 53.4 | 49.8 | 49.3 |  | 39.0 | 39.7 | 37.4 | 36.7 |
| 357 | Office, computing, and accounting machines | 218.6 | 217.4 | 214.8 | 194.8 | 193.2 | 129.5 | 129.2 | 127.1 | 116.1 | 113.2 |
| 71 | Computing machines and cash registers . |  | 165.9 | 164.4 | 149.7 | 148.8 |  | 93.6 | 92.6 | 85.7 | 83.6 |
| 358 | Service industry machines . . . . | 177.5 | 119.3 | 117.0 | 110.7 | 210.7 | 82.6 | 84.2 | 82.1 | 76.4 | 76.4 |
| 3585 | Refrigeration, except home refrigerato |  | 74.1 | 73.1 | 68.0 | 69.5 |  | 52.3 | 51.4 | 46.6 | 47.8 |
| 359 | Miscellaneous machinery | 214.2 | 214.2 | 212.4 | 191.4 | 188.2 | 169.4 | 168.0 | 167.6 | 149.5 | 146.1 |
| 36 | ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPL | 1,955.5 | 1,936.0 | 1,887.8 | 1,698.9 | 1,664.1 | 1,365.7 | 1,314.9 | 1,302.2 | 1,172.6 | 1,140.7 |
| 361 | Electric distribution equipment | 198.0 | 197.6 | 195.0 | 174.5 | 173.2 | 137.0 | 136.4 | 134.2 | 119.2 | 117.7 |
| 3611 | Electric measuring instruments |  | 68.2 | 67.3 | 58.1 | 57.4 |  | 146.0 | 45.3 | 38.3 | 37.5 |
| 3612 | Power and distribution uransformers | - | 52.9 | 52.3 | 47.2 | 46.7 | - | 37.8 | 37.2 | 33.5 | 33.1 |
| 3613 | Switchgear and switchboard apparaus |  | 76.5 | 75.4 | 69.2 | 69.1 |  | 52.6 | 51.7 | 47.4 | 47.1 |
| 362 | Electrical industrial apparatus | 220.3 | 220.1 | 216.6 | 194.6 | 193.7 | 158.8 | 158.1 | 155.0 | 136.5 | $135 \cdot 9$ |
| 3621 | Motors and generators | - | 118.7 | 118.7 | 105.3 | 105.1 | - | 85.8 | 85.7 | 74.7 | 74.4 |
| 3622 | Industrial concrols. |  | 61.4 | 58.7 | 53.2 | 52.6 |  | 41.7 | 39.7 | 35.0 | 34.9 |
| 363 | Household appliances | 188.1 | 185.2 | 173.4 | 166.0 | 160.2 | 148.9 | 145.6 | 134.1 | 130.1 | 124.1 |
| 3632 | Household refrigerators and ff | - | 58.9 | 51.4 | 51.5 | 47.4 | - | 48.3 | 40.8 | 41.6 | 37.6 |
| 3633 | Household laundry equipment. | - | 30.8 | 30.3 | 26.6 | 26.7 |  | 23.9 | 23.3 | 20.3 | 20.4 |
| 34 | Eleccric housewares and fans |  | 43.1 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 38.4 | - | 33.8 | 30.9 | 32.0 | 30.2 |
| 364 | Electric lighting and wiring equipm | 194.5 | 192.3 | 190.1 | 176.4 | 170.9 | 152.2 | 150.2 | 148.3 | 137.4 | 132.0 |
| 41 | Electric lamps | - | 36.0 | 35.3 | 32.4 | 31.7 | - | 31.9 | 31.3 | 28.5 | 27.8 |
| 42 | Lighting fixtures | - | 62.1 | 60.1 | 59.7 | 56.5 | - | 48.0 | 46.1 | 46.5 | 43.3 |
| 3643,4 | Wiring devices | - | 94.2 | 94.7 | 84.3 | 82.7 | - | 70.3 | 70.9 | 62.4 | 60.9 |
| 365 | Radio and TV receiving sets | 185.5 | 176.4 | 163.4 | 145.9 | 140.2 | 149.9 | 140.7 | 128.6 | 117.1 | 112.1 |
| 366 | Communication equipment | 476.5 | 473.9 | 468.4 | 421.5 | 416.3 | 238.8 | 236.4 | 233.0 | 211.2 | 207.3 |
| 3661 | Telephone and celegraph apparacus. | - | 122.7 | 123.8 | 115.2 | 114.2 |  | 82.4 | 83.2 | 79.5 | 78.4 |
| 3662 | Radio and TV communication equipment |  | 351.2 | 344.6 | 306.3 | 302.1 | - | 154.0 | 149.8 | 131.7 | 128.9 |
| 367 | Electronic components and accessories | 383.3 | 384.2 | 376.4 | 315.8 | 308.8 | 295.7 | 296.0 | 289.3 | 239.9 | 233.6 |
| 3671-3 | Eleceron rubes |  | 76.4 | 74.2 | 62.4 | 61.4 |  | 54.6 | 52.8 | 43.3 | 42.3 |
| 3674,9 | Electronic components, n.e. | - | 307.8 | 302.2 | 253.4 | 247.4 | - | 241.4 | 236.5 | 196.6 | 191.3 |
| 369 | Misc. elecrrical equipment and suppl | 109.3 | 106.3 | 104.5 | 104.2 | 100.8 | 84.4 | 81.5 | 79.7 | 81.2 | 78.0 |
| 3694 | Electrical equipmeat for engines | - | 57.0 | 56.7 | 56.0 | 54.2 | - | 44.2 | 43.9 | 43.9 | 42.0 |
| 37 | TRAHSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 1,939.4 | 1,786.5 | 1,865.3 | 1,775.7 | 1,650.6 | 1,375.5 | 1,222.0 | 1,299.2 | 1,267.6 | 1,142.5 |
| 371 | Motor vehicles and equipment | 864.8 | 727.7 | 807.7 | 862.2 | 750.9 | 675.2 | 526.0 | 608.9 | 673.5 | 561.1 |
| 3711 | Motor vehicles |  | 274.2 | 349.3 55.7 | 362.2 | 299.5 | - | 178.9 | 251.2 | 270.6 | 207.4 |
| 3712 | Passenger car bodies. | - | 31.9 | 55.7 | 63.7 | 59.3 | - | 18.6 | 42.8 | 51.5 | 47.1 |
| 3713 | Truck and bus bodies. | - | 36.6 | 37.2 | 35.1 | 33.1 | - | 29.5 | 30.0 | 28.6 | 26.5 |
| 3714 | Moror vehicle parts and accessories | - | 354.7 | 341.5 | 374.5 | 331.9 | - | 279.8 | 266.9 | 302.1 | 258.9 |
| 372 | Aircrafz and parts. | 787.9 | 775.7 | 767.2 | $639 \cdot 9$ | 630.6 | 466.3 | 458.4 | 451.7 | 368.7 | 359.8 |
| 3721 | Aircraft. | - | 437.0 | 430.4 | 343.7 | 340.2 |  | 251.2 | 245.1 | 190.1 | 188.8 |
| 3722 | Aircraft engines and engine parts | - | 211.7 | 211.4 | 191.4 | 187.1 | - | 120.3 | 120.8 | 106.2 | 101.8 |
| 3723,9 | Other aircraft parts and equipment | - 6 | 127.0 | 125.4 | 104.8 | 103.3 | - | 86.9 | 85.8 | 70.4 | 69.2 |
| 373 | Ship and boat building and repairing. | 167.6 | 170.2 | 173.1 | 159.8 | 156.0 | 138.2 | 141.4 | 144.1 | 133.8 | 130.8 |
| 3731 | Ship building and repairing |  | 140.1 | 141.8 | 131.6 | 128.3 | - | 176.4 | 118.0 | 110.0 | 107.4 |
| 3732 | Boat building and repairing | - | 30.1 | 31.3 | 28.2 | 27.7 | - | 25.0 | 26.1 | 23.8 | 23.4 |
| 374 | Railtoad equipmenc. | - | 60.4 | 59.1 | 56.9 | 55.2 | - | 47.5 | 46.1 | 44.7 | 42.9 |
| 375,9 | Other transportation equipment |  | 58.5 | 58.2 | 56.9 | 57.9 | - | 48.7 | 48.4 | 46.9 | 47.9 |

[^9]Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry..Continued

| SIC Code | Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{l} \text { July } \\ 1966 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & I 965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aust. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Durable Goods--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | instruments and related products | 433.7 | 433.3 | 429.3 | 394.7 | 391.8 | 280.0 | 278.8 | 274.9 | 254.8 | 250.7 |
| 381 | Engineering and scientific instruments |  | 74.1 | 73.4 | 70.7 | 70.4 |  | 39.0 | 38.1 | 36.8 | 36.1 |
| 382 | Mechanical measuring and control devices | 108.0 | 107.4 | 107.1 | 99.2 | 99.0 | 71.1 | 70.3 | 70.0 | 65.3 | 64.5 |
| 3821 | Mechanical measuring devices. |  | 66.6 | 66.4 | 61.6 | 61.1 |  | 41.4 | 41.4 | 38.6 | 37.8 |
| 3822 | Automatic remperature controls | - | 40.8 | 40.7 | 37.6 | 37.9 | - | 28.9 | 28.6 | 26.7 | 26.7 |
| 383,5 | Optical and ophthalmic goods | 49.7 | 49.0 | 47.6 | 46.1 | 44.9 | 35.6 | 35.0 | 34.0 | 33.2 | 32.2 |
| 385 | Ophthalmic goods . . . . . |  | 33.3 | 32.5 | 31.5 | 30.5 |  | 25.4 | 24.8 | 24.0 | 23.2 |
| 384 | Surgical, medical, and dental equipment. | 64.8 | 64.8 | 65.4 | 57.9 | 57.5 | 46.3 | 46.1 | 45.6 | 40.3 | 40.0 |
| 386 | Photographic equipment and supplies | (*) | 100.1 | 99.0 | 87.0 | 87.5 | (*) | 57.4 | 57.3 | 51.5 | 51.5 |
| 387 | Watches and clocks | ( | 37.9 | 36.8 | 33.8 | 32.5 | - | 31.0 | 29.9 | 27.8 | 26.4 |
|  | miscel laneous makuf acturfng |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 | imdustries. . . | 458.5 | 454.4 | 431.9 | 446.9 | 437.0 | 367.2 | 363.8 | 343.6 | 360.7 | 350.9 |
| 391 | Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware | 49.5 | 48.9 | 45.3 | 46.6 | 45.8 | 38.4 | 38.1 | 34.9 | 36.7 | 36.0 |
| 394 | Toys, amusement, and sporting goods | - | 130.0 | 121.5 | 135.5 | 129.3 | $\bigcirc$ | 109.4 | 101.2 | 115.6 | 109.4 |
| 3941-3 | Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles | - | 83.4 | 74.8 | 91.1 | 86.1 | - | 71.6 | 63.1 | 79.0 | 74.0 |
| 3949 | Sporting and athletic goods, n,e.c. .. | - | 46.6 | 46.7 | 44.4 | 43.2 | - | 37.8 | 38.1 | 36.6 | 35.4 |
| 395 | Pens, pencils, office, and art materials | - | 36.4 | 36.1 | 34.5 | 34.3 | - | 26.8 | 26.7 | 25.6 | 25.4 |
| 396 | Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions. | - | 59.9 | 54.8 | 57.1 | 57.3 | - | 49.9 | 45.4 | 47.2 | 47.2 |
| 393,8,9 | Other manufacturing industries.... | 180.1 | 179.2 | 174.2 | 173.2 | 170.3 | 140.8 | 139.6 | 135.4 | 135.6 | 132.9 |
| 393 | Musical instruments and parts |  | 27.2 | 26.8 | 25.2 | 24.6 | - | 22.5 | 22.2 | 21.0 | 20.3 |
|  | Nondurable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS. | 1,892.1 | 1,892.2 | 1,806.8 | 1,873.7 | 1,871.1 | 1,291.8 | 1,285.3 | 1,200.4 | 1,274.4 | 1,265.4 |
| 201 | Meat products. | 328.0 | 329.5 | 326.8 | 323.1 | 323.2 | 1,263.6 | 263.2 | 261.1 | 257.7 | 257.4 |
| 2011 | Meat packing | - | 193.1 | 192.9 | 192.8 | 193.2 | 23.6 | 149.0 | 149.3 | 148.8 | 148.8 |
| 2013 | Sausages and other prepared me | - | 54.2 | 53.5 | 52.1 | 52.6 | - | 38.7 | 38.1 | 37.2 | 37.6 |
| 2015 | Poultry dressing and packing. | - | 82.2 | 80.4 | 78.2 | 77.4 | - | 75.5 | 73.7 | 71.7 | 71.0 |
| 202 | Dairy products. . . . . . . . | 279.8 | 289.0 | 291.1 | 288.7 | 296.0 | 126.8 | 133.4 | 135.6 | 132.2 | 137.3 |
| 2024 | Ice cream and frozen dessert | 79.8 | 33.8 | 34.1 | 31.4 | 33.9 | $\underline{-}$ | 18.2 | 18.8 | 16.7 | 18.7 |
| 2026 | Fluid milk. | - | 207.5 | 208.3 | 208.4 | 211.8 | - | 78.1 | 78.6 | 78.0 | 79.7 |
| 203 | Canned and preserved food, excepr meats | - | 376.7 | 304.9 | 368.3 | 359.1 | - | 331.2 | 260.9 | 326.2 | 317.4 |
| 2031,6 | Canned, cured, and frozen sea foods. | - | 48.5 | 48.2 | 40.9 | 47.2 | - | 43.1 | 43.3 | 36.4 | 42.5 |
| 2032, 3 | Canned food, except sea foods | - | 221.2 | 168.0 | 224.8 | 215.1 | - | 194.0 | 141.4 | 199.0 | 190.0 |
| 2037 | Frozen food, except sea foods. | - | 61.0 | 51.1 | 62.4 | 55.9 |  | 55.4 | 45.7 | 57.0 | 50.4 |
| 204 | Grain mill products. . . . . . . . | 125.4 | 127.3 | 128.0 | 127.5 | 128.2 | 38.3 | 90.4 | 90.5 | 90.4 | 90.6 |
| 2041 | Flour and other grain mill products. | - | 29.6 | 29.7 | 29.3 | 29.4 | - | 21.4 | 21.4 | 21.0 | 20.9 |
| 2042 | Prepared feeds for animals and fowls | - | 57.9 | 58.1 | 58.4 | 58.6 |  | 38.9 | 39.1 | 39.5 | 39.8 |
| 205 | Bakery products. . . . . . . . . | 281.2 | 285.6 | 275.5 | 285.8 | 287.7 | 163.4 | 167.0 | 157.1 | 166.4 | 167.9 |
| 2051 | Bread, cake, and perishable products | - | 242.0 | 240.1 | 242.3 | 244.3 | - | 130.9 | 128.8 | 130.1 | 131.6 |
| 2052 | Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels . . . . . . | - | 43.6 | 35.4 | 43.5 | 43.4 | - | 36.1 | 28.3 | 36.3 | 36.3 |
| 206 | Sugar. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 30.8 | 30.4 | 31.1 | 30.4 |  | 23.7 | 23.3 | 24.3 | 23.7 |
| 207 | Confectionery and related products . . . . . | 75.1 | 74.7 | 69.5 | 80.3 | 76.4 | 61.8 | 61.4 | 56.1 | 65.9 | 61.7 |
| 2071 | Candy and other confectionery products. . |  | 60.8 | 55.7 | 65.5 | 61.9 |  | 51.5 | 46.3 | 55.1 | 51.3 |
| 208 | Beverages.... | 231.1 | 239.4 | 241.2 | 225.9 | 228.3 | 119.6 | 124.7 | 126.0 | 116.8 | 116.9 |
| 2082 | Malt liquors. |  | 64.2 | 66.3 | 63.4 | 64.4 | - | 42.9 | 44.7 | 42.2 | 42.5 |
| 2086 | Bottled and canned soft drinks | 1390 | 134.8 | 135.7 | 121.2 | 125.2 | - | 54.1 | 54.9 | 45.3 | 47.8 |
| 209 | Miscellaneous food and kindred products | 139.0 | 139.2 | 139.4 | 143.0 | 141.8 | 90.4 | 90.3 | 89.8 | 94.5 | 92.5 |
| 21 | tobacco manufactures. | 93.0 | 88.0 | 73.8 | 101.7 | 92.6 | 80.0 | 75.4 | 61.7 | 89.2 | 80.4 |
| 211 | Cigarettes |  | 40.0 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.3 |  | 32.8 | 32.5 | 33.0 | 32.7 |
| 212 | Cigars... | - | 22.0 | 27.0 | 24.4 | 24.0 | - | 20.5 | 19.5 | 22.7 | 22.3 |
| 22 | TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS | 957.8 | 966.8 | 947.5 | 933.1 | 931.0 | 854.4 | 862.9 | 843.7 | 833.6 | 831.5 |
| 221 | Cotton broad woven fabrics | 238.5 | 239.7 | 238.3 | 229.3 | 229.5 | 219.5 | 220.2 | 219.3 | 210.1 | 210.5 |
| 222 | Silk and synchetic broad woven fabrics. | 96.2 | 96.6 | 95.9 | 92.3 | 92.1 | 86.9 | 87.3 | 86.3 | 83.3 | 83.2 |
| 223 | Weaviog and finishing broad woolens. | 43.8 | 45.0 | 45.4 | 44.5 | 44.7 | 38.1 | $39 \cdot 3$ | 39.3 | 39.1 | 39.2 |
| 224 | Narrow fabrics and small wares | 31.8 | 31.7 | 30.6 | 30.0 | 29.7 | 28.5 | 28.3 | 27.1 | 26.8 | 26.4 |
| 225 | Knitting. . . . . . . . | 237.7 | 241.8 | 234.2 | 237.9 | 237.6 | 213.0 | 216.9 | 209.5 | 214.3 | 214.0 |
| 2251 | Women's full and knee length hosiery | $\underline{3}$ | 55.4 | 54.2 | 53.6 | 53.1 | 2 | 50.7 | 49.5 | 48.9 | 48.5 |
| 2252 | All ocher hosiery . | - | 43.8 | 43.2 | 44.5 | 44.7 | - | 40.2 | 39.4 | 40.9 | 41.2 |
| 2253 | Knir outerwear | - | 75.0 | 73.4 | 76.3 | 75.9 | - | 65.8 | 64.4 | 67.7 | 67.2 |
| 2254 | Knit underweat. | - | 36.0 | 33.0 | $3{ }^{1+4}$ | 34.5 | - | 32.4 | 29.7 | 31.2 | 31.3 |
| 226 | Finishing textiles, ercept wool and knit. | 76.3 | 76.6 | 75.9 | 74.7 | 75.1 | 64.3 | 64.6 | 63.9 | 63.5 | 63.9 |
| 227 | Floor covering. |  | 42.6 | 39.8 | 41.6 | 40.5 | - | 34.8 | 32.2 | 34.1 | 33.0 |
| 228 | Yarn and chread. | 115.8 | 118.0 | 114.4 | 110.1 | 109.6 | 107.4 | 109.6 | 106.3 | 102.2 | 101.9 |
| 229 | Miscellaneous cextile goods | 74.6 | 74.8 | 73.1 | 72.7 | 72.0 | 61.5 | 61.9 | 60.0 | 60.3 | 59.4 |

[^10]Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued


[^11]Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\mathrm{SIC}
$$
Code} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Industry} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{All employees} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{Production workers ${ }^{1}$} <br>
\hline \& \& Sept. \& ${ }_{19}{ }^{\text {ang. }}$ \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{July} \\
& 1965 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$ \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Sept. } \\
& 1955 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$ \& Aug

1965 \& Sept.

1966 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Aug: } \\
& 1965
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{July} \\
& 1966
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& Sept.

1965 \& ${ }_{1965}$ <br>
\hline - \& TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES. \& 4,208 \& 4,150 \& 4,171 \& 4,113 \& 4,099 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 40 \& rall moad transportation. \& - \& 727.7 \& 730.4 \& 739.9 \& 748.7 \& $\cdots$ \& - \& - \& . \& - <br>
\hline 4011 \& Class 1 railroads ${ }^{2}$. \& - \& 636.2 \& 638.4 \& 644.4 \& 653.4 \& .- \& - \& - \& .. \& - <br>
\hline 41 \& LOCAL and interurban passenger \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 411 \& Local and suburban cransportation \& - \& 246.6
79.6 \& 246.8
79.9 \& 270.5
82.5 \& 252.0
81.5 \& - \& $\overline{75,2}$ \& 75.5 \& $\overline{78.2}$ \& 77.1 <br>
\hline 412 \& Taxicabs \& - \& 104.2 \& 104.5 \& 107.7 \& 106.3 \& - \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 413 \& Interciry and rural bus lines \& - \& 44.8 \& 44.1 \& 43.6 \& 43.9 \& - \& 41.4 \& 40.6 \& 40.3 \& 40.6 <br>
\hline \& motor freicht transportation and \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 422 \& Public warebousiog \& = \& $1,029.3$
31.4 \& $1,030.7$
79.5 \& 998.8
31.8 \& 982.6
76.2 \& - \& 940.3
71.6 \& 942.4
69.7 \& 12.7
71.8 \& 897.3 <br>
\hline 45 \& ar transportation \& - \& 201.6 \& 215.6 \& 234.9 \& 233.2 \& - \& - \& \& \& <br>
\hline 451,2 \& Air transportatioa, common carrier \& - \& 174.1 \& 187.7 \& 210.1 \& 209.1 \& -- \& - \& - \& - \& - <br>
\hline 16 \& pipeline transportation. \& \& 19.4 \& 19.4 \& 19.6 \& 20.0 \& \& 16.3 \& 16.3 \& 16.4 \& 16.8 <br>
\hline 44,47 \& other transportation \& \& 323.2 \& 330.9 \& 323.7 \& 317.4 \& \& - \& - \& - \& <br>
\hline 18 \& commumication \& - \& 948.7 \& 944.9 \& 890.7 \& 900.8 \& \& 755.0 \& 750.4 \& 705.8 \& 716.4 <br>
\hline ${ }_{4}^{481}$ \& Telephose communication \& - \& 796.1 \& 792.2 \& 742.9 \& 754.3 \& - \& 635.4 \& 634.0 \& 592.8 \& 604.5 <br>
\hline 482 \& Telegraph communication ${ }^{3}$ \& - \& 33.5 \& 33.6 \& 31.6 \& 31.7 \& - \& 23.2 \& 23.1 \& 22.1 \& 22.0 <br>
\hline 483 \& Radio and celevision broadcasting \& - \& 112.8 \& 112.8 \& 109.9 \& 108.5 \& - \& 91.3 \& 91.2 \& 39.0 \& 87.9 <br>
\hline 49 \& electric gas, and santtary services. . \& - \& 653.2 \& 652.4 \& 635.1 \& 643.9 \& - \& 567.9 \& 567.1 \& 553.5 \& 563,1 <br>
\hline 491 \& Electric companies and systems. \& - \& 264.8 \& 263.9 \& 256.9 \& 260.0 \& - \& 226.3 \& 225.3 \& 218.3 \& 221.3 <br>
\hline 492 \& Gas companies and systems \& - \& 161.7 \& 162.0 \& 157.8 \& 160.7 \& - \& 140, 2 \& 140.4 \& 138.1 \& 141.9 <br>
\hline 493 \& Combined utility systems \& - \& 183.0 \& 182.8 \& 179.2 \& 181.6 \& - \& 163.1 \& 163.1 \& 161.0 \& 163.3 <br>
\hline 4947 \& Water, steam, and sanitary systems \& - \& 43.7 \& 43.7 \& 41.2 \& 41.6 \& - \& 38.3 \& 38.3 \& 36.1 \& 36.6 <br>
\hline - \& Wholesale and retall trade \& 13,245 \& 13,224 \& 13,225 \& 12,750 \& 12,579 \& 11,802 \& 11,788 \& 11,793 \& 11,373 \& 11,314 <br>
\hline 50 \& WHOLESALE TRADE. \& 3,484 \& 3,516 \& 3,511 \& 3,370 \& 3,372 \& 2,952 \& 2,982 \& 2,977 \& 2,864 \& 2,869 <br>
\hline 501 \& Mocor vehicles and automotive equipment \& 3,484 \& 266.4 \& 266.5 \& 258.2 \& 259.6 \& 2, \& 223.2 \& 223.0 \& 216.6 \& 218.4 <br>
\hline 502 \& Drugs, chemicals, and allied products \& - \& 211.0 \& 209.0 \& 199.9 \& 199.9 \& - \& 174.5 \& 172.7 \& 165.6 \& 165.3 <br>
\hline 503 \& Dry goods and apparel. \& - \& 150.1 \& 148.6 \& 142.6 \& 143.7 \& - \& 122.0 \& 120.7 \& 115.3 \& 116.4 <br>
\hline 504 \& Groceries and releced products \& - \& 517.5 \& 532.1 \& 521.6 \& 511.8 \& - \& 455.1 \& 468.6 \& 461.0 \& 451.8 <br>
\hline 506 \& Electrical goods \& - \& 283,5 \& 282.4 \& 262.0 \& 264.0 \& - \& 232.9 \& 232.3 \& 217.2 \& 220.8 <br>
\hline 507 \& Hartware, plambing, and hearing gooda \& - \& 160.2 \& 159.3 \& 153.0 \& 153.6 \& - \& 136.3 \& 135.6 \& 130.4 \& 131.0 <br>
\hline 508 \& Machinery, equipment, and supplies \& - \& 636.9 \& 635.5 \& 589.2 \& 589.0 \& - \& 541.8 \& 541.1 \& 499.3 \& 499.9 <br>
\hline 509 \& Miscellmeneous molesalers \& - \& 1,190.1 \& 1,188.1 \& 1,139.6 \& 1,144.2 \& - \& 1,011.4 \& 1,009.2 \& 968.1 \& 973.7 <br>
\hline 52-59 \& RETAIL TRADE . . . . . . . . \& 9,761 \& 9,708 \& 9,714 \& 9,380 \& 9,307 \& 8,850 \& 8,305 \& 8, 321. \& 8,514 \& 3,445 <br>
\hline 53 \& GENERAL MERCHAMDISE STORES \& 9, \& 1,839.3 \& 1,385.5 \& 1,344.9 \& 1,792.4 \& 8,850 \& 1,730.0 \& 1,731.7 \& 1,689.0 \& 1,639.9 <br>
\hline 531 \& Deparment stores \& - \& 1,130.9 \& 1,185.1 \& 1,146.2 \& 1,116.3 \& - \& 1,079.1 \& 1,087.5 \& 1,048.2 \& 1,021.6 <br>
\hline 532 \& Mail order houses \& - \& 116.0 \& 114.5 \& 118.1 \& 111.8 \& - \& 108.5 \& 107.0 \& 110.8 \& 104.8 <br>
\hline 533 \& Limiced price variety stores \& - \& 308.1 \& 304.2 \& 306.5 \& 295.6 \& - \& 287.3 \& 283.7 \& 286.4 \& 275.3 <br>
\hline 54 \& FOOD Stores \& - \& 1,541.5 \& 1,543.9 \& 1,470.2 \& 1,450.5 \& - \& 1,431,1 \& 1,438.9 \& 1,363.0 \& 1,344.1 <br>
\hline 541.3 \& Grocery, meat, and vegetable stores \& - \& 1,368.7 \& 1,374.9 \& 1,298.6 \& 1,231.3 \& - \& 1,269.8 \& 1,276.8 \& 1,201.6 \& 1,185.0 <br>
\hline 56 \& APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES STORES \& - \& 632.1 \& 632.6 \& 629.4 \& 606.3 \& - \& 566.0 \& 567.7 \& 566.2 \& 544.0 <br>
\hline 561 \& Men's and boys' apparel arores \& - \& 106.6 \& 106.7 \& 101.8 \& 99.9 \& - \& 96.3 \& 96.7 \& 91.7 \& 89.7 <br>
\hline 562 \& Women's ready-to-wear stores \& - \& 234.1 \& 230.8 \& 232.8 \& 227.0 \& - \& 211.8 \& 209.2 \& 210.8 \& 205.5 <br>
\hline 565 \& Family eloching stores \& - \& 97.2 \& 100.4 \& 97.6 \& 94.9 \& - \& 90.1 \& 93.2 \& 90.4 \& 87.7 <br>
\hline 566 \& Shoe stores . . \& - \& 123.0 \& 124.1 \& 125.8 \& 118.1 \& - \& 105.6 \& 107.0 \& 110.2 \& 102.6 <br>
\hline 57 \& FURHITURE AMD APPLIANCE STORES \& - \& 426.2 \& 426.4 \& 413.3 \& 410.3 \& - \& 374.8 \& 375.1 \& 364.7 \& 362.2 <br>
\hline 571 \& Fuminure and home fumishings \& - \& 273.2 \& 274.7 \& 266.1 \& 265.0 \& - \& 239.7 \& 241.5 \& 234.8 \& 233.4 <br>
\hline 58 \& EATHNG AMO DRminuc places \& - \& 2,075.1 \& 2,069.5 \& 1,982,4 \& 1,998.6 \& - \& 1,940.0 \& 1,934.8 \& 1,850.9 \& 1,864.9 <br>
\hline 52,55,59 \& otmer retall trade .... \& - \& 3,142,4 \& 3,151.5 \& 3,039.3 \& 3,048.8 \& - \& 2,764.0 \& 2,772.5 \& 2,680.2 \& 2,690.2 <br>
\hline 52 \& Building materials and bardware \& - \& 563.3 \& 568.5 \& 551.8 \& 562.7 \& - \& 487.1 \& 492.3 \& 475.8 \& 487.4 <br>
\hline 55 \& Auto dealers and service stations \& - \& 1,486.5 \& 1,490.6 \& 1,435.1 \& 1,439.2 \& - \& \& - \& \& <br>
\hline 551,2 \& Motor vehicle dealers . \& - \& 747.4 \& 751.5 \& 730.6 \& 731.8 \& - \& 638.8 \& 642.0 \& 629.4 \& 631.5 <br>
\hline 553,9 \& Other vebicle and accessory dealers \& - \& 193.9 \& 193.5 \& 177.0 \& 180.2 \& - \& 168.4 \& 168.1 \& 152.6 \& 156.9 <br>
\hline 554 \& Gasoline service stations. \& - \& 545.2 \& 545.6 \& 527.5 \& 527.2 \& - \& - \& - \& - \& - <br>
\hline 59 \& Miscellaneous retail stores \& - \& 1,092.6 \& 1,092.4 \& 1,052.4 \& 1,046.9 \& - \& - \& - \& - \& $\overline{-}$ <br>
\hline 591 \& Drug stores ..... \& - \& 415.7 \& 414.3 \& 399.6 \& 396.5 \& - \& 378.5 \& 376.5 \& 355.0 \& 361.2 <br>
\hline 596
598 \& Farm and garden supply stores \& - \& 100.6 \& 101.1 \& 96.8 \& ${ }^{96.5}$ \& - \& -8, 6 \& -8. 8 \& $\overline{90.7}$ \& $\overline{89.6}$ <br>
\hline \& Fuel and ice dealers. \& \& 102.8 \& 102.9 \& 103.7 \& 102.3 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

[^12]Table B-2; Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

| SICCode | Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers 1 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{July} \\ 1966 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Aug. 1965 |
|  | FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE 4 | 3,100 | 3,146 | 3,148 | 3,045 | 3,075 | 2,479 | 2,521 | 2,526 | 2,443 | 2,476 |
| 60 | Banking | - | 839.0 | 835.4 | 796.9 | 806.1 | - | 701.9 | 698.3 | 667.7 | 676.5 |
| 61 | Credit agencies other than banks | - | 337.8 | 337.3 | 329.6 | 331.2 | - | 269.7 | 269.7 | 264.9 | 266.9 |
| 612 | Savings and loan associacions | - | 95.8 | 96.9 | 97.2 | 98.4 | - | 77.4 | 78.4 | 79.5 | 80.7 |
| 614 | Personal credit insticutions | - | 183.0 | 181.3 | 174.1 | 174.4 | - |  |  |  | - |
| 62 | Security dealers and exchanges | - | 144.0 | 144.7 | 128.9 | 130.7 | - | 126.5 | 127.7 | 213.6 | 115.3 |
| 63 | In surance cartiers | - | 915.4 | 911.2 | 896.3 | 903.4 | - | 648.3 | 645.4 | 635.8 | 643.9 |
| 631 | Life insurance | - | 484.2 | 482.5 | 481.4 | 484.7 | - | 283.3 | 282.2 | 282.4 | 286.4 |
| 632 | Accident and health insurance | - | 64.1 | 62.7 | 55.0 | 55.4 | - | 55.7 | 54.4 | 47.0 | 47.3 |
| 633 | Fire, marine, and casualty insurance | - | 327.1 | 325.2 | 317.5 | 320.3 | - | 275.7 | 274.5 | 270.4 | 273.6 |
| 64 | In surance agents, brokers, and services. | - | 244.1 | 243.7 | 234.8 | 237.0 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 65 | Real estate | - | 582.9 | 593.4 | 578.5 | 586.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 656 | Operative builders | - | 43.6 | 44.2 | 50.2 | 50.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 66,67 | Other finance, insurance, and real eatate . | - | 82.5 | 82.5 | 80.2 | 80.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS. | 9,700 | 9,766 | 9,782 | 9,235 | 9,271 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70 | Horetrand lodging places | - | 790.0 | 789.5 | 676.7 | 774.9 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 701 | Hotels, tourist courts, and motels | - | 651.4 | 653.1 | 601.0 | 636.3 | - | 611.1 | 612.9 | 563.2 | 597.4 |
| 72 | Personal services . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 1,014.1 | 1,016.8 | 988.4 | 987.7 550.1 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 721 73 | Laundries, cleaniog and dyeing plants . . Miscellaneous busine ss services . . . . . | - | 561.4 $1,232.8$ | 1, 565.6 | 548.9 $1,127.8$ | 550.1 $1,120.0$ | - | 508.5 | 512.0 | 492.8 | 494.2 |
| 731 | Advertising | _ | 126.4 | 114.8 | 117.9 | 111.7 | - | - | - | - | _ |
| 732 | Credit reporting and collection agencies | - | 68.1 | 68.7 | 66.4 | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 78 | Motion pictures . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 199.5 | 202.1 | 192.6 | 198.6 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 781 | Mocion picture filming and distributing. | - | 55.8 | 58.5 | 50.5 | 52.0 | - | 35.9 | 36.6 | 31.7 | 32.4 |
| 782,3 | Motion picture meaters and services | - | 143.7 | 143.6 | 142.1 | 146.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 80 | Medical and orher healch services | - | 2,266.1 | 2,260.1 | 2,113.3 | 2,115.6 | - | $\sim$ | - | - | - |
| 806 | Hospirals | - | 1,463.1 | 1,460.1 | 1,377.6 | 1,377.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 81 | Legal serrices. | - | 200.9 | 202.3 | 186.2 | 190.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 82 | Educational services | - | 870.8 | 886.1 | 910.3 | 816.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 821 | Elementary and secondary schools | - | 282.4 | 285.9 | 317.2 | 272.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 822 | Higher educational instivutions | - | 521.4 | 533.4 | 530.0 | 483.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 89 | Miscellaneous services | - | 497.7 | 497.2 | 462.7 | 464.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 891 | Engineering and architectural services | - | 273.4 | 273.9 | 250.1 | 251.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 892 | Nooprofit research organizations | - | 69.9 | 69.9 | 67.2 | 68.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | COVERNMENT. | 10,941 | 10,513 | 10,557 | 10,152 | 9,752 |  |  |  |  | - |
| 1 | Federal government ${ }^{5}$ | 2,611 | 2,641 | 2,637 | 2,373 | 2,408 |  |  |  |  | - |
|  | Execuive | - | 2,608.0 | 2,604.2 | 2,341.3 | 2,376.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Deparment of Defense | - | 1,055.4 | 1,050.7 | 943.4 | 954.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Post Office Depasunent | - | 689.4 | 683.1 | 602.8 | 608.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Orher agencies | - | 863.2 | 870.4 | 795.1 | 812.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Legislative | - | 27.1 | 27.0 | 25.8 | 26.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | judicial | - | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 92,93 | State and local government | 8,330 | 7,872 | 7,920 | 7,779 | 7,344 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 92 | State governmeat | - | 2,103.7 | 2,112.4 | 2,010.3 | 1,951.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Stace education | - | 666.6 | 679.6 | 657.4 | 578.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Other Stare government . . . . . . . . . . | - | 1,437.1 | 1,432.8 | 1,352.9 | 1,373.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| , | Local govemment | - | 5,768.7 | 5,807.4 | 5,768.8 | 5,392.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Local education | - | 2,922.8 | 2,959.6 | 3,116.5 | 2,676.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Other local government | - | 2,845.9 | 2,847.8 | 2,652.3 | 2,715.8 | - | - | - | - | - |

1For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for all orher industries, to nonsupervisory workers.

2Beginning January 1965, data relare to railroads with operating revenues of $\$ 5,000,000$ or more.
Beginning January 1965, data relate to railroads with
Hata for nonsupervisory workers exclude messengers.
Mata for nonsupervisory workers exclude messengers.
${ }^{4}$ Data for nonoffice salesmen excluded from nonsupervisory count for all series in this division
${ }^{5}$ Prepared by the U.S. Civil Service Commission. Data relate to civilian employment only and exclude Central Intelligence and National Security Agencies.

- Not available.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminacy.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT 

Table B-4: indexes of employment on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division, 1919 to date, monthly data seasonally adiusted

| Year and moach | rotal | Mining | Concract construction | Manufacturing | Transporration and public utiliciea | Wholesale and remil crade |  |  | Finance, insurance, and real escate | Service and miscellaneous | Government |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Tocal | Tholesale trade | Retail rade |  |  | Toma | Federal | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Scate } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { local } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1919............. | 51.6 | 147.1 | 35.4 | 64.2 | 91.0 | 41.3 | - | - | 43.9 | 32.8 | 34.1 | - | - |
| 1920............ | 52.1 | 160.9 | 29.4 | 64.2 | 98.1 | 40.9 | - | - | 46.4 | 34.3 | 33.2 |  |  |
| 1921............. | 46.4 | 124.9 | 35.1 | 49.7 | 84.9 | 42.0 |  | - | 46.0. | 35.0 | 32.2 |  |  |
| 1922............. | 49.2 | 120.6 | 41.0 | 54.9 | 86.0 | 44.9 | - | * | 45.2 | 36.3 | 32.3 | - |  |
| 1923............. | 54.1 | 157.4 | 42.6 | 62.1 | 95.2 | 48.4 | - | - | 47.0 | 38.9 | 33.2 | - |  |
| 1924............. | 53.4 | 143.0 | 45.8 | 58.3 | . 93.4 | 49.5 | - | - | 48.7 | 40.3 | 34.7 | - | - |
| 1925............. | 54.8 | 141.4 | 50.1 | 59.9 | 93.9 | 51.1 | - | - | 48.7 | 41.6 | 35.7 |  |  |
| 1926............ | 56.8 | 153.9 | 53.9 | 61.2 | 96.7 | 53.0 | , | - | 51.6 | 44.2 | 36.3 |  |  |
| 1927............. | 57.1 | 144.7 | 55.7 | 60.3 | 95.6 | 54.1 | - | - | 54.0 | 45.9 | 37.2 | - |  |
| 1928.............. | 57.1 | 136.4 | 55.6 | 59.9 | 93.9 | 53.8 | - | - | 56.7 | 47.4 | 38.2 | - |  |
| 1929............. | 59.7 | 141.2 | 51.9 | 64.5 | 96.1 | 56.1 | - | - | 59.6 | 49.9 | 39.1 | 24.1 | 45.0 |
| 1930............. | 56.0 | 131.0 | 47.5 | 57.6 | 90.4 | 53.1 | - | - | 58.3 | 49.0 | 40.1 | 23.8 | 46.6 |
| 1931. | 50.7 | 113.4 | 42.1 | 49.2 | 79.8 | 48.4 | - | - | 55.6 | 46.2 | 41.6 | 25.3 | 48.0 |
| 1932. | 45.0 | 94.9 | 33.6 | 41.8 | 69.1 | 42.9 | - | - | 53.0 | 42.5 | 41.1 | 25.2 | 47.3 |
| 1933............. | 45.1 | 96.6 | 28.0 | 44.6 | 65.6 | 43.5 | - | - | 51.2 | 41.7 | 40.4 | 25.5 | 46.2 |
| 1934. | 49.4 | 114.7 | 29.9 | 51.2 | 67.5 | 48.4 | - | - | 52.1 | 44.4 | 42.0 | 29.4 | 47.0 |
| 1935............. | 51.5 | 116.5 | 31.6 | 54.6 | 68.4 | 49.7 | - | - | 52.8 | 45.6 | 44.4 | 34.0 | 48.4 |
| 1936............. | 55.4 | 122.9 | 39.7 | 59.2 | 72.9 | 53.2 | - | - | 54.9 | 48.2 | 46.7 | 37.3 | 50.5 |
| 1937............. | 59.1 | 131.8 | 38.5 | 65.0 | 76.9 | 57.4 | - | - | 56.6 | 51.0 | 47.9 | 37.6 | 51.9 |
| 1938............. | 55.6 | 115.7 | 36.5 | 56.9 | 70.2 | 56.6 | - | - | 56.3 | 50.4 | 49.5 | 37.4 | 54.2 |
| 1939............. | 58.3 | 210.9 | 39.8 | 61.9 | 72.0 | 58.8 | 58.1 | 59.1 | 57.8 | 51.0 | 50.9 | 40.9 | 54.9 |
| 1940............. | 61.6 | 120.1 | 44.8 | 66.2 | 74.5 | 61.8 | 60.6 | 62.3 | 59.4 | 53.4 | 53.6 | 45.0 | 56.9 |
| 1941............. | 69.6 | 124.3 | 62.0 | 79.5 | 80.3 | 66.0 | 64.7 | 66.5 | 61.2 | 56.9 | 59.4 | 60.5 | 58.9 |
| 1942............. | 76.4 | 128.8 | 75.2 | 92.1 | 84.9 | 65.2 | 62.9 | 66.0 | 60.8 | 59.2 | 69.9 | 100.0 | 58.1 |
| 1943.............. | 80.8 | 120.1 | 54.3 | 106.0 | 89.5 | 63.9 | 60.1 | 65.3 | 59.4 | 60.2 | 77.5 | 131.2 | 56.4 |
| 1944. | 79.7 | 115.8 | 37.9 | 104.4 | 93.9 | 64.6 | 60.8 | 66.0 | 58.3 | 60.4 | 77.0 | 132.2 | 55.3 |
| 1945. | 76.9 | 108.6 | 39.2 | 93.5 | 95.8 | 67.0 | 64.3 | 67.9 | 59.2 | 61.5 | 75.8 | 126.8 | 55.7 |
| 1946. | 79.3 | 111.9 | 57.5 | 88.6 | 99.6 | 76.7 | 75.6 | 77.1 | 67.1 | 68.4 | 71.3 | 101.8 | 59.3 63.6 |
| 1947............. | 83.5 | 124.0 | 68.7 | 93.7 | 102.2 | 82.0 | 81.5 | 82.2 | 69.3 | 73.2 | 69.8 | 85.5 | 63.6 |
| 1948............. | 85.5 | 129.1 | 75.1 | 93.9 | 102.8 | 84.9 | 85.9 | 84.5 | 72.3 | 75.5 | 72.0 | 84.1 | 67.2 |
| 1949. | 83.4 | 120.8 | 75.0 | 87.0 | 98.2 | 84.8 | 85.9 | 84.5 | 73.4 | 76.3 | 74.6 | 86.2 | 70.1 |
| 1950............. | 86.1 | 127.0 | 80.8 | 91.8 | 99.0 | 85.9 | 86.9 | 85.6 | 75.8 | 78.1 | 76.8 | 87.1 | 72.8 |
| 1951. | 91.1 | 120.6 | 90.2 | 98.8 | 103.7 | 89.2 | 90.0 | 88.9 | 78.7 | 80.9 | 81.4 | 104.0 | 72.6 |
| 1952............. | 93.0 | 126.6 | 91.2 | 100.2 | 104.2 | 92.6 | 92.8 | 91.2 | 81.8 | 83.1 | 84.2 | 109.3 | 74.4 |
| 1953............. | 95.6 | 112.5 | 90.9 | 105.7 | 105.3 | 93.8 | 94.2 | 93.7 | 84.8 | 85.1 | 84.7 | 104.1 | 77.1 |
| 1954. | 93.3 | 102.7 | 90.5 | 98.3 | 100.2 | 93.7 | 94.6 | 93.4 | 88.3 | 87.0 | 86.0 | 98.8 | 81.0 |
| 1955.............. | 96.5 | 102.9 | 97.1 | 101.7 | 101.6 | 96.5 | 96.5 | 96.4 | 92.3 | 91.0 | 88.1 | 98.8 | 83.9 |
| 1956............. | 99.8 | 106.8 | 103.9 | 103.9 | 104.1 | 99.4 | 99.6 | 99.4 | 96.0 | 94.8 | 98.7 | 99.8 | 90.0 |
| 1957.............. | 100.7 97 | 107.5 | 101.2 | 103.5 | 104.0 | 99.7 | 99.9 | 99.6 | 97.9 | 97.9 | 97.1 | 100.1 | 95.9 100.3 |
| 1958.............. | 97.8 | 97.5 | 96.2 | 96.1 | 97.5 | 98.4 | 98.3 | 98.5 | 99.6 | 98.7 | 99.9 | 99.0 | 100.3 |
| 1959.. | 101.5 | 95.1 | 102.5 | 100.5 | 98.4 | 101.9 | 101.7 | 102.0 | 102.5 | 103.4 | 103.0 | 100.9 | 103.9 |
| 1960. | 103.3 | 92.5 | 99.9 | 101.2 | 98.2 | 104.3 | 103.7 | 104. 5 | 105.5 | 107.7 | 106.5 | 102.5 | 208.0 |
| 1961.......... | 102.9 | 87.3 | 97.5 | 98.4 | 95.8 | 103.8 | 103.3 | 104.0 | 107.9 | 111.2 | 109.5 | 102.9 | 212.1 |
| 1962. | 105.9 | 84.4 | 100.5 | 101.5 | 95.8 | 105.9 | 105.5 | 206.1 | 110.7 | 116.4 | 113.3 | 105.7 | 216.3 |
| 1963 | 108.0 | 82.5 | 102.6 | 102.4 | 95.8 | 107.8 | 107.2 | 108.1 | 113.7 | 120.7 | 117.6 | 206.5 | 121.9 |
| 1964. | 111.1 | 82.3 | 105.6 | 104.1 | 96.9 | 171.3 | 110.1 | 111.8 | 116.9 | 126.3 | 122.3 | 106.1 | 128.7 |
| 1965............. | 115.7 | 82.1 | 110.2 | 108.6 | 98.9 | 116.1 | 1214.5 | 216.7 | 119.3 | 132.0 | 128.6 | 107.4 | 136.9 |
| 1965: September | 116.5 |  | 109.7 | 109.4 |  | 116.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October.. | 117.0 | 81.4 | 110.4 | 109.9 | 99.9 | 117.9 | 115.8 | 117.8 | 120.2 | 133.1 133.8 | 129.8 $i$ $i$ | 107.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 138.7 \\ & 139.4 \end{aligned}$ |
| Noverrber. | 117.8 | 81.9 | 112.0 | 110.8 | 100.1 | 117.9 | 116.3 | 118.5 | 120.2 | 133.8 134.6 | 130.4 137.5 | 107.8 | 138.4 140.6 |
| December. | 118.5 | 82.2 | 115.5 | 111.4 | 100.2 | 118.5 | 116.6 | 119.2 | 120.5 | 135.3 | 132.3 | 108.3 | 141.7 |
| 1966: January. . | 118.9 | 82.5 | 214.9 | 171.9 112.8 | 100.4 | 119.1 | 117.1 | 119.9 | 120.6 |  |  |  |  |
| February. | 119.6 120.4 | 82.3 82.7 | 115.1 118.4 | 112.8 113.5 | 100.7 100.8 | 119.4 119.8 | 117.5 118.2 | 120.1 | 120.6 | 135.8 137 | 133.1 | 110.7 | 143.3 |
| April..... | 120.4 120.6 | 82.7 77.3 | 118.4 | 113.5 114.0 | 100.8 | 119.8 | 118.2 | 120.4 | 121.1 | 137.2 | 135.5 | 111.9 | 144.8 |
| May....... | 120.9 | 81.6 | 115.4 | 114.5 | 100.9 101.4 | 120.2 | 118.6 119.0 | 120.8 121.1 | 121.3 121.6 | 137.5 138.0 | 136.4 | 113.0 | 145.7 146.3 |
| Jun | 121.8 | 82.1 | 114.3 | 125.5 | 101.6 | 121.5 121.0 | 119.8 | 121.5 | 122.1 | 1388.0 138.5 | 137.2 138.7 | 114.0 | 146.3 147.6 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { July. .... } \\ & \text { August... } \end{aligned}$ September | 122.0 122.2 | 82.6 82.6 82.6 | 114.2 112.4 | 115.2 116.1 | $\underline{101.1}$ | 121.4 | 120.3 | 121.8 | 122.3 122.5 | 139.4 139.8 | 139.3 139.4 | 117.5 117.9 | 147.9 147.9 |
| September | 122.2 | 82.2 | 111.6 | 115.6 | 102.0 | 121.4 | 119.5 | 122.1 | 122.2 | 139.8 | 139.9 | 118.2 | 148.5 |

[^13]Data for the 2 most tecent monchs are preliminary.

Table B-5: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by industry, seasonally adiusted

| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry division and group | Sept. $1966$ | Aus. $1966$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Myy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | Jan. <br> 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. $1965$ | Oct. <br> 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| TOTAL | 64,181 | 64,196 | 64,072 | 63,983 | 63,517 | 63,350 | 63,247 | 62,817 | 62,469 | 62,241 | 61,864 | 61,437 | 61,180 |
| MINING . . . . | 633 | 636 | 636 | 632 | 628 | 595 | 637 | 634 | 635 | 633 | 631 | 627 | 622 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 3,223 | 3,246 | 3,297 | 3,300 | 3,238 | 3,333 | 3,419 | 3,323 | 3,318 | 3,334 | 3,234 | 3,186 | 3,168 |
| manufacturing. . . | 19,195 | 19,268 | 19,128 | 19,167 | 19,002 | 18,923 | 18,840 | 18,722 | 18,566 | 18,492 | 18,392 | 18,242 | 18,157 |
| durablegoods. . | 11,306 | 11,329 | 11,210 | 11,220 | 11,122 | 21,065 | 11,007 | 10,917 | 10,805 | 10,725 | 10,641 | 10,550 | 10,508 |
| Ordnance and accessories. | 263 | 260 | 257 | 257 | 253 | 249 | 245 | 243 | 238 | 232 | 234 | 232 | 230 |
| Lumber and wood producrs | 616 | 621 | 622 | 628 | 623 | 633 | 642 | 633 | 638 | 626 | 618 | 611 | 608 |
| Furniture and firwures | 457 | 461 | 456 | 458 | 456 | 451 | 451 | 448 | 446 | 442 | 437 | 433 | 431 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 631 | 637 | 643 | 641 | 643 | 647 | 649 | 646 | 648 | 642 | 635 | 632 | 630 |
| Primary metal industries. | 1, 348 | 1,355 | 1,338 | 1,333 | 1,375 | 1,307 | 1,300 | 1,295 | 1,290 | 1,284 | 1,280 | 1,292 | 1,309 |
| Fabricated metal producrs. | 1,354 | 1,361 | 1,346 | 1,348 | 1,341 | 1,345 | 1,344 | 1,332 | 1,322 | 1,310 | 1,304 | 1,287 | 1,279 |
| Machinery . | 1,900 | 1,901 | 1,888 | 1,865 | 1,846 | 1,827 | 1,818 | 1,810 | 1,797 | 1,786 | 1,779 | 1,758 | 1,751 |
| Electrical equipment . | 1,939 | 1,944 | 1,903 | 1,904 | 1,877 | 1,860 | 1,824 | 1,805 | 1,773 | 1,751 | 1,727 | 1,708 | 1,684 |
| Transportation equipment . . . . . | 1,931 | 1,919 | 1,888 | 1,915 | 1,901 | 1,887 | 1,881 | 1,853 | 1,819 | 1,807 | 1,795 | 1,772 | 1,769 |
| Instruments and related products. | - 433 | - 430 | - 430 | 428 | 424 | 418 | 415 | 412 | 406 | 401 | 397 | 395 | 392 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing. | 436 | 440 | 439 | 443 | 443 | 441 | 438 | 434 | 428 | 444 | 435 | 430 | 425 |
| nondurable goods | 7,889 | 7,939 | 7,918 | 7,947 | 7,880 | 7,858 | 7,833 | 7,811 | 7,761 | 7,767 | 7,751 | 7,692 | 7,649 |
| Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures . | 1,747 | 1,760 80 | 1,763 85 | 1,760 86 | 1,748 85 | 1,757 86 | 1,767 86 | 1,762 85 | 1,758 85 | 1,758 86 | 1,776 85 | 1, 751 | 1,730 84 |
| Textile mill products. | 950 | 959 | 955 | 957 | 952 | 950 | 948 | 945 | 942 | 939 | 935 | 929 | 926 |
| Apparel and related products | 1,387 | 1,395 | 1,388 | 1,424 | 1,412 | 1,396 | 1,386 | 1,384 | 1,356 | 1,381 | 1,370 | 1,365 | 1,359 |
| Paper and allied products. | - 671 | - 677 | - 679 | 674 | 665 | 664 | 662 | 661 | 657 | 654 | - 650 | 646 | 644 |
| Printing and publishing | 1,032 | 1,035 | 1,031 | 1,026 | 1,018 | 1,017 | 1,009 | 1,007 | 1,003 | 997 | 995 | 989 | 985 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 965 | 970 | 963 | 961 | 945 | 937 | 936 | 932 | 927 | 924 | 919 | 916 | 914 |
| Petroleum and related products | 183 | 184 | 186 | 183 | 183 | 182 | 181 | 181 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 |
| Rubber and plastic products | 518 | 520 | 518 | 515 | 508 | 506 | 500 | 496 | 494 | 492 | 486 | 479 | 475 |
| Leather and leacher products. | 359 | 359 | 350 | 361 | 364 | 363 | 358 | 358 | 357 | 354 | 353 | 351 | 350 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES | 4,158 | 4,101 | 4,122 | 4,143 | 4,132 | 4,124 | 4,109 | 4,105 | 4,091 | 4,083 | 4,080 | 4,071 | 4,064 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 13,260 | 13,264 | 13,256 | 13,217 | 13,164 | 13,128 | 13,085 | 13,045 | 13,009 | 12,941 | 12,880 | 12,809 | 12,765 |
| Whole sale trade | 3,460 | 3,478 | 3,483 | 3,470 | 3,445 | 3,434 | 3,422 | 3,404 | 3,391 | 3,378 | 3,367 | 3,354 | 3,347 |
| retail trade. | 9,800 | 9,786 | 9,773 | 9,747 | 9,719 | 9,694 | 9,663 | 9,641 | 9,618 | 9,563 | 9,513 | 9,455 | 9,418 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate. | 3,091 | 3,100 | 3,095 | 3,090 | 3,076 | 3,068 | 3,064 | 3,051 | 3,052 | 3,049 | 3,045 | 3,041 | 3,036 |
| SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS. . | 9,642 | 9,641 | 9,609 | 9,549 | 9,515 | 9,484 | 9,463 | 9,410 | 9,363 | 9,329 | 9,282 | 9,226 | 9,180 |
| GOVERNMENT . . . | 10,979 | 10,940 | 10,929 | 10,885 | 10,762 | 10,705 | 10,630 | 10,521 | 10,435 | 10,380 | 10,320 | 10,235 | 10,188 |
| federal. | 2,616 | 2,610 | 2,601 | 2,571 | 2,523 | 2,501 | 2,477 | 2,451 | 2,423 | 2,397 | 2,400 | 2,386 | 2,378 |
| state and local. | 8,363 | 8,330 | 8,328 | 8,314 | 8,239 | 8,204 | 8,153 | 8,070 | 8,012 | 7,983 | 7,920 | 7,849 | 7,810 |

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA <br> SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT 

Table B-6: Production warkers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry, seasonally adjusted

| Major induatry group | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Aus. } \\ 1966 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juny } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Mar. } \\ \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ 1.966 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \hline 2965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MANUFACTURING ...... ...... | 14,255 | 14,337 | 24,201 | 14,281 | 24,154 | 14,100 | 14,048 | 13,967 | 13,833 | 13,779 | 43,706 | 13,567 | 13,503 |
| DURABLE GOODS. | 8,378 | 8,404 | 8,293 | 8,328 | 8,261 | 8,226 | 8,190 | 8,123 | 8,033 | 7,973 | 7,905 | 7,825 | 7,794 |
| Ordnance and accessories | 126 | 124 | 122 | 120 | 218 | 114 | 112 | 210 | 106 | 100 | 101 | 100 | 99 |
| Lumber and wood products, except furniture | 537 | 542 | 543 | 550 | 546 | 554 | 563 | 556 | 557 | 549 | 542 | 535 | 532 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | 378 | 381 | 378 | 381 | 379 | 374 | 375 | 372 | 370 | 367 | 362 | 359 | 357 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 505 | 512 | 51.5 | 515 | 516 | 521 | 525 | 520 | 525 | 516 | 509 | 507 | 506 |
| Primary metal industries | 1,100 | 1,104 | 1,090 | 1,086 | 1,070 | 1,066 | 1,058 | 1,055 | 1,051 | 1,044 | 1,043 | 1,052 | 1,068 |
| Fabricated metal products | 1,048 | 1,061 | 2,043 | 1,048 | 1,046 | 1,049 | 1,047 | 1,039 | 1,029 | 1,020 | 1,015 | 997 | 991 |
| Machinery. | 1,340 | 1,338 | 1,331 | 1,312 | 1,229 | 1,284 | 1,278 | 1,274 | 1,262 | 1,256 | 1,250 | 1,234 | 1,227 |
| Electrical equipment and supplies. | 1,350 | 1,353 | 1,320 | 1,327 | 1,308 | 1,297 | 1,268 | 1,260 | 1,233 | 1,216 | 1,195 | 1,177 | 1,159 |
| Transportation equipment, . . . | 1,372 | 1,361 | 1,324 | 1,358 | 1,351 | 1,344 | 1,344 | 1,323 | 1,296 | 1,290 | 1,284 | 1,267 | 1,264 |
| lnstruments and related products. | 277 | 278 | 277 | 276 | 273 | 270 | 269 | 266 | 261 | 258 | 255 | 253 | 252 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 345 | 350 | 350 | 355 | 355 | 353 | 351 | 348 | 343 | 357 | 349 | 344 | 339 |
| mondurable goods . . . . . | 5,877 | 5,933 | 5,908 | 5,953 | 5,893 | 5,874 | 5,858 | 5,844 | 5,800 | 5,806 | 5,801 | 5,742 | 5,709 |
| Food and kindred products. | 1,153 | 1,165 | 1,165 | 1,166 | 1,154 | 1,163 | 1,174 | 1,169 | 1,163 | 1,163 | 1,182 | 1,155 | 1,137 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 65 | 67 | 73 | 74 | 73 | 74 | 74 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 72 | 72 | 73 |
| Textile mill products | 846 | 856 | 850 | 854 | 850 | 847 | 846 | 843 | 842 | 838 | 835 | 830 | 826 |
| Apparel and related products | 1,230 | 1,240 | 1,232 | 1,268 | 1,257 | 1,239 | 1,230 | 1,231 | 1,204 | 1,229 | 1,220 | 1,214 | 1,209 |
| Paper and allied products | 521 | 529 | 530 | 525 | 519 | 518 | 515 | 514 | 512 | 509 | 506 | 502 | 501 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries. | 654 | 658 | 656 | 654 | 648 | 647 | 642 | 641 | 639 | 633 | 633 | 628 | 624 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 575 | 583 | 577 | 578 | 564 | 559 | 560 | 558 | 555 | 553 | 551 | 547 | 549 |
| Petroleum refining and related industries | 114 | 115 | 115 | 125 | 173 | 113 | 112 | 113 | 113 | 273 | 113 | 173 | 173 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products. | 404 | 407 | 403 | 403 | 396 | 395 | 390 | 387 | 386 | 384 | 379 | 373 | 370 |
| Leather and leacher products' | 325 | 31.3 | 307 | 316 | 339 | 319 | 315 | 335 | 313 | 331 | 310 | 308 | 307 |

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent moachs are preliminary.
235-027 O-66-4

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls
(in thousands)

|  | State and area | total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Contract construction |  |  | Mamufacturing |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Avg. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1265 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 | alabama | 925.2 | 922.2 | 892.2 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 61.2 | 60.3 | 57.6 | 292.3 | 289.8 | 283.1 |
| 2 | Birmingham | 220.5 | 220.2 | 215.7 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 13.6 | 13.5 | 13.6 | 66.4 | 66.2 | 66.5 |
| 3 | Huntsville. | 81.6 | 82.2 | 77.3 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 13.7 |
| 4 | Mobile | 101.8 | 102.3 | 106.2 | 1 | (1) | (1) | 5.6 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 21.7 | 21.9 | 22.8 |
| 5 | Montgomery | 65.6 | 65.1 | 62.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 6.1 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.1 |
| 6 | Tuscaloosa | 31.4 | 31.7 | 30.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.6 |
| 7 | ALASXA | 83.1 | 83.2 | 81.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 9.4 | 8.7 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 11.5 | 10.1 |
| 8 | Aruzona | 421.3 | 420.9 | 396.8 | 16.8 | 16.6 | 15.7 | 23.0 | 23.2 | 18.3 | 77.1 | 76.2 | 63.5 |
| 9 | Phoenix | 246.8 | 246.8 | 228.2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 1 | 13.3 | 13.4 | 11.1 | 59.8 | 59.2 | 48.8 |
| 10 | Tucson. | 79.2 | 78.8 | 72.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 3.8 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 6.1 |
| 11 | ARKANSAS | 488.5 | 485.5 | 473.1 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 32.7 | 31.9 | 32.7 | 146.7 | 144.4 | 135.9 |
| 12 | Fayetteville | 22.6 | 22.7 | 20.5 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 8.1 | $7 \cdot 9$ | 6.8 |
| 13 | Fort Smith. | 37.4 | 37.6 | 38.7 | .$^{4}$ | .$^{4}$ | ${ }^{4}$ | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 12.9 | 13.3 | 13.4 |
| 14 | Little Rock-North Little Rock | 103.9 | 103.8 | 101.5 | (1) | (1) | (I) | 9.8 | 9.8 | 9.6 | 20.0 | 19.8 | 19.3 |
| 15 | Pine Bluff. | 22.5 | 22.4 | 22.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.5 |
| 16. | California | 6,122.0 | 6,087.1 | 5,868.3 | 33.5 | 33.6 | 32.6 | 322.2 | 325.4 | 341.6 | 1,540.6 | 1,509.1 | 1,461.7 |
| 17 | Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove. | 325.2 | 323.7 | 296.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 21.6 | 21.8 | 21.7 | 107.9 | 107.6 | 97.5 |
| 18 | Bakersfield 2 | 86.0 | 87.0 | 82.9 | 7.9 | 7.9 | $7 \cdot 9$ | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.7 |
| 19 | Fresno 2 | 108.1 | 107.8 | 105.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 5.7 | 18.2 | 17.2 | 17.8 |
| 20 | Los Angeles-Long Beach | 2,590.9 | 2,591.0 | 2,480.0 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 10.4 | 113.9 | 114.2 | 121.3 | 811.5 | 811.0 | 760.8 |
| 21 | Oxnard-Ventura. | 75.4 | 74.6 | 70.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 12.2 |
| 22 | Sacramento 2 | 244.8 | 240.1 | 233.0 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | 14.1 | 13.5 | 17.1 | 31.8 | 28.0 | 32.6 |
| 23 | San Bernardino-Riverside-Ont | 253.7 | 254.7 | 242.8 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 15.3 | 15.6 | 16.5 | 47.4 | 47.1 | 43.4 |
| 24 | San Diego | 287.3 | 284.6 | 271.6 | . 4 | . 4 | . 5 | 13.7 | 13.8 | 15.0 | 55.9 | 55.2 | 49.9 |
| 25 | San Francisco-Oakland | 1,127.1 | 1,119.8 | 1,097.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 64.3 | 64.8 | 68.7 | 212.0 | 206.1 | 209.7 |
| 26 | San Jose | 310.0 | 304.2 | 281.9 | .2 | . 2 | . 2 | 16.9 | 17.2 | 17.9 | 121.5 | 106.4 | 98.3 |
| 27 | Santa Barbata | 69.4 | 68.4 | 64.8 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 10.0 |
| 28 | Santa Rosa | 42.9 | 41.5 | 41.7 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 7.9 | 6.2 | 6.7 |
| 29 | Stockion | 84.2 | 79.0 | 78.3 | .1 | . 1 | . 1 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 19.6 | 14.8 | 19.2 |
| 30 | Vallejo-Napa | 61.0 | 60.5 | 57.2 | . 2 | . 2 | .2 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 6.3 |
| 31 | COLORADO | 633.4 | 631.2 | 603.2 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 12.7 | 42.9 | 42.7 | 40.9 | 98.8 | 97.8 |  |
| 32 | Denver | 395.1 | 393.4 | 379.1 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 26.2 | 26.1 | 23.5 | 71.0 | 70.0 | 65.2 |
| 33 | CONNECTICUT | 1,093.7 | 1,089.2 | 1,041.5 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 56.6 | 56.1 | 55.6 | 468.9 | 465.9 | 438.0 |
| 34 | Bridgeport. | 145.5 | 145.1 | 138.7 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 76.2 | 75.3 | 70.5 |
| 35 | Hartiord | 285.5 | 286.3 | 273.1 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 13.8 | 13.5 | 14.1 | 107.9 | 109.3 | 98.6 |
| 36 | New Britain. | 44.6 | 44.4 | 42.1 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 24.8 | 24.7 | 23.3 |
| 37 | New Haven | 144.0 | 144.4 | 141.6 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 9.4 | 9.3 | 9.7 | 46.3 | 47.0 | 45.2 |
| 38 | Scamford. | 70.5 | 70.9 | 67.9 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 24.7 | 24.9 | 22.6 |
| 39 | Waterbury | 74.2 | 73.8 | 7.9 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 39.2 | 38.9 | 37.8 |
| 40 | delamare | 188.1 | 189.0 | 181.9 | (1) | (I) | (1) | 15.0 | 14.9 | 14.2 | 67.9 | 67.9 | 65.1 |
| 41 | Wilmington. | 168.9 | 170.0 | 163.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 12.5 | 12.3 | 11.5 | 64.7 | 64.9 | 62.3 |
|  | DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA ${ }^{4}$ | (5) | 660.0 | 630.2 | (5) | (1) | (I) | (5) | 26.3 | 28.2 | (5) | 21.5 | 20.6 |
| 43 | Washington SMSA | (5) | 1,003.0 | 950.8 | (5) | (I) | (I) | (5) | 77.3 | 77.9 | (5) | 43.2 | 40.8 |
| 4.4 | FLORIDA. | 1,654.6 | 1,653.2 | 1,584.4 | 11.0 | 11.1 | 10.1 | 143.1 | 141.9 | 142.7 | 261.9 | 259.2 | 243.0 |
| 45 | Forc Lauderdale-Hollywood | 109.6 | 109.1 | 102.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 14.6 | 14.1 | 14.0 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 11.4 |
| 46 | Jacksonville . . . . | 163.1 | 163.5 | 158.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 10.7 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 23.3 | 23.7 | 21.5 |
| 4.7 | Miami. . . . | 348.4 | 354.8 | 351.3 | (I) | (1) | (1) | 23.7 | 23.6 | 22.8 | 54.6 | 55.0 | 53.5 |
| 48 | Orlando | 105.5 | 105.0 | 98.6 | (I) | (1) | (1) | 9.2 | 9.0 | 9.4 | 18.7 | 18.5 | 17.0 |
| 40 | Pensacola. | 56.8 | 56.7 | 55.3 | I) | (1) | (1) | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 14.4 | 14.4 | 14.8 |
| 50 | Tampa-St. Peter sburg | 239.4 | 237.9 | 228.5 70.9 | , 1 | (1) | (1) | 19.0 | 18.9 | 19.1 | 44.5 | 42.9 | 40.1 |
| 51 | West Palm Beach | 76.8 | 76.0 | 70.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 14.7 | 14.2 | 13.5 |
| 52 53 | GEORGIA | 1,310.5 | $1,314.1$ 494.7 | $1,260.7$ 475.0 | (i) ${ }^{4}$ | ${ }_{(1)}^{5.6}$ | ${ }_{(1)}^{5}$ | 69.0 24.3 | 73.8 28.4 | 80.0 35.0 | 420.3 108.9 | 421.5 114.0 | 403.2 105.1 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
for States and selected areas, by industry division
(In thousands)

| Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Service and mibcellapeous |  |  | Goverament |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aut. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Auge } \\ & 1,66 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & .1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 53.3 | 52.9 | 52.1 | 170.2 | 169.8 | 166.9 | 37.1 | 37.1 | 36.8 | 117.4 | 117.9 | 115.8 | 185.1 | 185.7 | 171.5 | 1 |
| 16.9 | 16.8 | 16.7 | 48.9 | 48.9 | 48.9 | 15.5 | 15.5 | 15.3 | 28.1 | 28.0 | 27.4 | 27.1 | 27.2 | 23.5 | 2 |
| 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 11.2 | 11.3 | 11.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 19.5 | 20.0 | 18.7 | 28.6 | 28.6 | 25.2 | 3 |
| 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.7 | 23.2 | 23.2 | 23.0 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 15.3 | 15.2 | 15.0 | 22.5 | 22.8 | 25.1 | 4 |
| 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 14.1 | 14.0 | 13.8 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 9.6 | 17.1 | 16.8 | 15.8 | 5 |
| 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.2 | . 9 | -9 | . 9 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 10.1 | 10.4 | 9.2 | 6 |
| 8.2 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 10.8 | 10.7 | 10.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 7.6 | 32.5 | 32.5 | 32.1 | 7 |
| 26.1 | 26.2 | 24.7 | 95.7 | 96.0 | 92.8 | 22.4 | 22.5 | 22.0 | 67.6 | 67.8 | 69.1 | 92.6 | 92.4 | 90.7 | 8 |
| 14.5 | 14.5 | 13.4 | 59.5 | 59.6 | 57.8 | 16.0 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 37.9 | 44.2 | 44.4 | 43.1 | 9 |
| 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 17.8 | 17.8 | 16.9 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 13.7 | 13.7 | 13.3 | 21.5 | 21.3 | 19.6 | 10 |
| 31.9 | 31.9 | 31.0 | 99.7 | 99.1 | 97.0 | 19.4 | 19.3 | 18.2 | 64.3 | 63.9 | 63.4 | 89.1 | 90.3 | 90.0 | 11 |
| 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 12 |
| 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 13 |
| 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 22.4 | 22.4 | 21.9 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 7.6 | 15.2 | 15.2 | 14.9 | 19.4 | 19.6 | 19.6 | 14 |
| 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 15 |
| 400.2 | 399.9 | 397.4 | 1,334.2 | 1,330.2 | 1,288.2 | 332.7 | 331.9 | 323.6 | 997.3 | 994.6 | 947.2 | 1,161.3 | 1,162.4 | 1,076.0 | 16 |
| 11.1 | 11.1 | 10.3 | 71.3 | 71.0 | 54.4 | 14.0 | 14.1 | 13.6 | 49.8 | 49.0 | 45.4 | 47.6 | 47.2 | 41.8 | 17 |
| 6.4 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 20.1 | 20.2 | 19.3 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 11.1 | 24.5 | 24.6 | 22.8 | 18 |
| 8.3 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 31.4 | 31.2 | 31.3 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 16.8 | 16.9 | 16.7 | 21.6 | 22.2 | 19.4 | 19 |
| 155.2 | 155.0 | 150.8 | 567.7 | 567.3 | 551.3 | 150.5 | 150.8 | 147.1 | 44.1 .8 | 441.7 | 420.2 | 340.3 | 340.8 | 318.1 | 20 |
| 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 16.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 9.1 | 22.7 | 22.3 | 19.8 | 21 |
| 18.3 | 18.3 | 17.7 | 49.2 | 48.2 | 47.1 | 9:9 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 29.5 | 29.4 | 27.9 | 91.6 | 92.5 | 80.4 | 22 |
| 17.9 | 18.0 | 17.8 | 54.9 | 55.2 | 52.9 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 42.2 | 42.5 | 39.6 | 64.3 | 64.6 | 61.3 | 23 |
| 16.4 | 16.3 | 15.5 | 62.9 | 62.2 | 60.4 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 51.0 | 49.6 | 49.1 | 72.9 | 73.0 | 67.1 | 24 |
| 106.7 | 106.2 | 110.5 | 241.2 | 240.7 | 236.1 | 83.6 | 83.5 | 82.0 | 180.3 | 180.3 | 171.2 | 237.1 | 236.3 | 217.7 | 25 |
| 14.2 | 14.0 | 12.8 | 53.3 | 52.7 | 49.4 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 55.7 | 55.4 | 50.3 | 47.3 | 47.4 | 42.1 | 26 |
| 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 15.8 | 15.7 | 15.2 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 15.4 | 15.2 | 14.6 | 16.2 | 15.6 | 14.1 | 27 |
| 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 10.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 8.5 | 28 |
| 6.7 | 6.9 | 6.5 | 18.1 | 18.0 | 17.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 10.3 | 22.5 | 21.9 | 18.0 | 29 |
| 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 7.8 | $7 \cdot 7$ | 7.6 | 27.3 | 27.2 | 25.4 | 30 |
| 45.8 | 45.7 | 45.5 | 145.9 | 145.6 | 241.0 | 31.8 | 31.8 | 32.5 | 103.3 | 102.7 | 100.2 | 151.4 | 151.4 | 139.7 | 31 |
| 30.8 | 30.6 | 31.2 | 98.0 | 97.8 | 93.9 | 24.3 | 24.2 | 24.0 | 68.1 | 68.1 | 66.1 | 73.1 | 73.0 | 71.7 | 32 |
| 47.1 | 46.7 | 46.6 | 192.6 | 192.4 | 183.7 | 62.5 | 61.5 | 60.2 | 146.9 | 147.0 | 143.0 | 219.1 | 119.6 | 124.4 | 33 |
| 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 24.6 | 24.9 | 24.5 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 16.6 | 11.8 | 12.1 | 11.2 | 34 |
| 9.8 | 9.9 | 9.6 | 50.6 | 51.3 | 50.1 | 36.1 | 35.3 | 35.3 | 36.3 | 36.4 | 35.5 | 31.1 | 30.6 | 30.0 | 35 |
| 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 9 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 36 |
| 13.3 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 27.4 | 27.7 | 26.9 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 26.0 | 26.1 | 25.8 | 14.0 | 13.9 | 13.6 | 37 |
| 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 14.9 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 14.3 | 14.5 | 14.0 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 38 |
| 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 10.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.8 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 39 |
| 10.4 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 35.9 | 36.1 | 34.6 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.2 | 25.6 | 26.5 | 25.1 | 25.7 | 25.5 | 25.2 | 40 |
| 8.9 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 30.9 | 31.0 | 30.0 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 23.0 | 23.8 | 22.4 | 22.1 | 22.1 | 21.3 | 41 |
| $\left(\begin{array}{l}5 \\ (5)\end{array}\right.$ | 32.2 51.8 | 32.0 51.8 | (5) | 88.4 185.1 | 88.4 180.0 | (5) | 33.3 62.9 | 32.3 58.4 | $\left(\begin{array}{l}5 \\ 5\end{array}\right.$ | 120.5 201.3 | 115.3 188.0 | (5) | 337.8 381.4 | 313.4 353.9 | 42 43 |
| 106.7 | 109.0 | 113.7 | 440.6 | 439.0 | 420.1 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 98.9 | 290.4 | 291.5 | 277.0 | 301.0 | 301.6 | 278.9 | 44 |
| 6.4 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 31.5 | 31.4 | 28.8 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 19.3 | 19.4 | 18.5 | 17.4 | 17.3 | 15.7 | 45 |
| 16.9 | 16.6 | 16.9 | 45.4 | 45.6 | 45.5 | 14.9 | 15.0 | 14.5 | 23.7 | 23.7 | 23.8 | 28.2 | 28.1 | 25.7 | 46 |
| 28.8 | 31.8 | 37.8 | 97.8 | 98.4 | 96.1 | 25.3 | 25.3 | 25.0 | 75.3 | 76.5 | 74.8 | 42.9 | 44.2 | 41.3 | 47 |
| 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 31.3 | 31.1 | 28.9 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 17.4 | 17.5 | 16.8 | 15.7 | 15.7 | 13.8 | 48 |
| 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 12.2 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 13.0 | 49 |
| 16.2 | 16.2 | 16.8 | 69.1 | 69.4 | 66.9 | 14.5 | 14.5 | 13.9 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 37.3 | 36.7 | 36.6 | 34.4 | 50 |
| 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 18.9 | 18.9 | 17.6 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 11.6 | 13.8 | 13.7 | 11.8 | 51 |
| 86.8 | 87.2 | $84.3{ }^{-}$ | - 277.9 | 275.3 | 262.3 | 63.0 | 62.9 | 61.6 | 149.0 | 148.6 | 146.0 | 239.1 | 239.2 | 217.8 | 52 |
| 44.8 | 45.3 | 44.61 | 129.6 | 129.1 | 122.8 | 35.91 | 35.9 | 35.0 | 69.8 | 69.2 | 67.3 | 72.8 | 72.8 | 65.2 | 53 |

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls
(In thousands)

|  | State and asas | total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Coumract construction |  |  | Mamufacturing |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AuE. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{12 y} \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Alug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & \text { I966 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AuE. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & J u 1 y \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 2965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juiy } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 | GEORGIA (continued) <br> Augusta <br> Savannah. | 76.9 58.8 | 76.8 58.5 | 72.3 57.5 | $(1)$ | $\binom{1}{1}$ | $(1)$ | 5.4 3.2 | 5.5 3.3 | 7.0 3.8 | 29.6 16.0 | 29.6 15.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 27.3 \\ & 15.6 \end{aligned}$ |
| 3 | HAEMALS. Honolulu | 237.5 201.6 | 239.8 203.1 | 226.1 190.4 | $(1)$ | $(\mathrm{I}$ | $\left(\begin{array}{l}1 \\ \text { I }\end{array}\right.$ | 18.6 16.1 | 18.8 16.2 | 17.9 15.1 | 29.7 21.7 | 32.0 23.4 | 29.7 21.4 |
| 5 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} \text { IDAHO } & 2 \\ \text { Boise } & 2 \end{aligned}\right.$ | 199.5 34.7 | 189.5 34.7 | 187.1 33.2 | (i) 3.6 | ${ }_{(i)}{ }^{3}$ | (i) ${ }^{3.6}$ | 13.6 2.2 | 13.6 2.2 | 14.4 2.4 | 35.7 3.9 | 33.6 3.9 | 35.0 3.8 |
| 7 | Illinois. | 4,061.1 | 4,039.6 | 3,888.7 | 25.6 | 25.7 | 26.3 | 187.5 | 185.2 | 182.6 | 2,395.9 | 1,376.0 | 1,319.3 |
| 8 | Chicago. | 2,772. 2 | 2,752.5 | 2,676.5 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 226.8 | 116.0 | 114.3 | 961.8 | 944.8 | $914.1$ |
| 9 | Davenport-Rock Island-Moline | (5) | 128.3 | 122.7 | (5) | (3) | (3) | (5) | 6.9 | 6.6 | (5) | 49.7 | 46.5 |
| 10 | Peoria | (5) | 118.7 | 115.7 | 5 | (3) | 3 | 55 | 6.9 | 7.2 | (5) | 47.9 | 45.5 |
| 11 | Rockford | (5) | 104.5 | 95.2 | (5) |  |  |  | 4.8 | 4.5 | (5) | 57.0 | 50.5 |
| 12 | indiana.. | 1,729.8 | 1,722.7 | 1,638.3 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 91.8 | 97.3 | 85.0 | 718.0 | 71.9 | 678.0 |
| 13 | Evansville. | 80.8 | 81.4 | . 78.6 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 30.8 | 31.9 | 28.9 |
| 14 | Fort Wayne. . . . . . . . . . . | 103.7 | 103.1 | 100.5 | (I) | (1) | (1) | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 42.7 | 42.1 | 41.3 |
| 15 | Gary-Hammond-East Chicago | 211.4 | 211.0 | 209.9 | (I) | 1 | (1) | 13.7 | 13.6 | 13.4 | 111.4 | 111.4 | 111.1 |
| 16 | Indianapolis | 380.5 | 378.7 | 365.4 | (I) | \} 1 | (1) | 18.3 | 18.6 | 18.8 | 130.3 | 129.3 | 124.2 |
| 17 | Muacie . . South Bend | 42.1 | 41.9 | 39.5 | (1) | $1)$ | (1) | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 19.0 | 18.7 | 17.8 |
| 18 19 | South Bend Terre Haute | 92.1 49.1 | 91.8 48.5 | 88.7 46.3 | (1) 8 | (1) 8 | (1) | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 37.1 | 37.0 | 34.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13.3 |
| 20 | IOWA | 797.2 | 795.1 | 758.9 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 50.0 | 49.8 | 46.1 | 212.6 | 209.8 | 194.7 |
| 21 | Cedar Rapids | 62.0 | 61.9 | 57.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.6 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 27.4 | 27.3 | 24.3 |
| 22 | Des Moines | 110.2 | 110.7 | 109.2 | (1) | (1) | (I) | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 24.5 | 24.6 | 23.1 |
| 23 | KANSAS | 623.1 | 628.9 | 600.3 | 12.8 | 13.2 | 13.9 |  | 35.6 | 38.5 | 136.6 | 139.1 | 121.8 |
| 24 25 | Topeka | 56.8 145.2 | $\begin{array}{r}56.8 \\ \hline 45.7\end{array}$ | 53.3 131.4 | 8.1 | 2.17 | 3.1 | 4.0 | $\stackrel{4}{4.0}$ | 3.0 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 7.4 |
| 25 | Wichita | 245.2 | 245.7 | 131.4 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 54.3 | 54.1 | 43.7 |
| 26 | KENTUCKY. | 800.4 | 796.8 | 771.2 | 33.0 | 28.0 | 28.8 | 52.7 | 54.6 | 53.7 | 219.0 | 218.9 |  |
| 27 | Louisville | 282.2 | 282.5 | 273.1 | (I) | (1) | (1) | 15.6 | 15.9 | 15.4 | 100.2 | 99.8 | 94.7 |
| 28 | Louisiana | 958.3 | 955.9 | 905.9 | 53.4 | 53.3 | 50.7 | 91.3 | 91.8 | 83.3 | 166.7 | 166.2 | 159.5 |
| 29 | Baton Rouge. | 90.8 | 90.6 | 84.9 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | 15.6 | 24.9 | 13.5 | 16.7 | 16.8 | 16.3 |
| 30 | Lake Charles | 36.6 | 37.0 | 33.8 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 4.5 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 7.5 |
| 31 | Morroe | 33.1 | 33.1 | 32.0 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.0 |
| 32 | Now Orleans | 353.5 | 352.3 | 341.6 | 12.8 | 12.7 | 12.6 | 28.4 | 28.6 | 27.3 | 60.0 | 60.6 | 59.0 |
| 33 | Shre veport | 82.3 | 82.2 | 77.6 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 5.9 | 12. 5 | 12.7 | 10.5 |
| 34 | maine | 312.1 | 311.6 |  |  |  |  |  | 17.6 | 17.2 | 116.4 | 115.0 | 112.8 |
| 35 | Lewiston-Aubum | 27.6 | 27.3 | 26.2 | (1) | 1 | (1) | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 13.6 | 13.3 | 12.8 |
| 36 | Portland | 59.9 | 59.7 | 59.2 | (I) | (I) | (1) | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 24.6 | 14.4 | 14.4 |
| 37 38 | ${ }_{\text {Maryland }}^{\text {Baltimore . . }}$ | 1,244.8 | $2, .138 .8$ | $1,079 \cdot 2$ | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 90.8 | 89.8 | 88.8 | 287.7 | 283.1 | 277.1 |
| 38 | Baltimore | 706.2 | 706.4 | $671.7$ | .9 | . 9 | . 9 | 45.8 | 45.2 | 44.3 | 204.2 | 205.3 | 196.6 |
| 39 | Massachusetts | 2,129.5 | 2,118.7 | 2,078.4 | (1) | (1) | (I) | 98.3 | 98.3 | 104.0 | 702.0 | 691.9 | 676.5 |
| 40 | Boston . | 1,190.3 | 1,188.8 | $1,158.2$ | (1) | (1) | (1) | 57.7 | 57.1 | 56.9 | 296.9 | 295.7 | 288.7 |
| 41 | Brockton . Fall Ri ver | 46.9 44 | 46.1 | 45.3 | (1) | (1) | - | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 17.2 | 16.5 | 16.5 |
| 43 | Fall Ri ver. . . . . ${ }^{\text {L }}$ | 4.9 75.9 | 43.4 75.0 | 44.3 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | 22.0 | 20.6 | 21.6 |
| 44 | Lowell . . . . . . . | 48.9 | 48.1 | 48.0 | (1) | 1 | 1 | 2.5 2.7 | 2.4 2.7 | 2.4 | 38.9 20.3 | 38.2 | 38.8 |
| 45 | New Bedford. | 54.1 | 53.1 | 53.3 | 1 | I | \% | 2.7 1.9 | 2.7 1.9 | 2.7 1.9 | 20.3 27.7 | 19.5 26.6 | 19.8 26.9 |
| 46 | Springtield-Chicopee-Holyoke | 190.2 | 188.7 | 184.2 | (1) | (1) | (2) | 8.1 | 8.1 | 7.6 | 75.1 | 73.8 | 71.4 |
| 47 | Worcestes . . . . . . . . . . . | 126.4 | 225.8 | 122.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 51.4 | 50.9 | 50.1 |

See footnotes at and of table. NOTE: Data for the currant month are prellulnary.
for States and selected areas, by industry division.-Continued
(In thousands)

| Txampportation and public utillties |  |  | Wholesale and retall trade |  |  | Finance, Imsurance, and real entate |  |  | Serrice and macellaneous |  |  | Govermment |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug } \\ & 2966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juny } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 2965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AME. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3015 y \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ange } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 u 7 y \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 2965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Auge } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & J u 4 y \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jinly } \\ & 2966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 2965 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 3.4 6.4 | 3.4 6.6 | 3.0 6.6 | 12.7 13.0 | 12.6 12.8 | 11.7 12.4 | 2.7 2.8 | 2.7 2.8 | 2.4 2.8 | 7.18 | 7.18 | 7.0 7.8 | 16.0 9.6 | 15.9 9.6 | 13.9 8.5 | $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 17.3 14.7 | 17.4 14.9 | 16.8 14.3 | 53.8 46.3 | 54.1 46.6 | 50.3 42.9 | 13.4 | 13.6 | 13.1 12.2 | 40.9 34.6 | 41.1 34.7 | 39.1 32.9 | 63.8 55.8 | 62.8 54.8 | 59.2 51.6 | 3 |
| 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.5 | 46.8 | 46.3 | 45.0 | 7.4 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 7.2 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 26.8 | 43.6 | 43.2 | 40.6 |  |
| 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 8.9 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 6 |
| 280.0 | 282.3 | 280.4 | 851.6 | 850.1 | 821.9 | 210.1 | 210.5 | 204.8 | 594.6 | 595.2 | 569.9 | 515.9 | 514.6 | 483.5 | 7 |
| 197.2 | 198.6 | 198.2 | 586.8 | 585.5 | 572.7 | 162.3 | 162.3 | 160.2 | 410.6 | 440.3 | 425.6 | 300.2 | 298.6 | 284.8 |  |
| (5) | 6.9 | 6.7 | (5) | 25.2 | 25.0 | (5) | 4.8 | 4.7 | (5) | 14.8 | 14.3 | (5) | 19.9 | 19.0 | 9 |
| (5) | 6.5 | 6.5 | 5 | 24.4 | 24.4 | (5) | 4.6 | 4.4 | 5 | 15.7 | 15.0 | 5 | 12.8 | 12.6 | 10 |
| (5) | 3.5 | 3.3 | (5) | 19.0 | 17.3 | (5) | 2.7 | 2.9 | (5) | 10.8 | 10.4 | (5) | 6.8 | 6.3 | 11 |
| 97.0 | 96.7 | 93.7 | 326.4 | 327.0 | 314.2 | 67.4 | 67.3 | 65.5 | 177.7 | 177.9 | 170.2 | 243.5 | 242.5 | 223.4 | 12 |
| 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 17.2 | 17.2 | 17.3 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 10.7 | 10.3 | 10.6 | 8.0 | $7 \cdot 9$ | $7 \cdot 5$ | 13 |
| 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 21.8 | 21.9 | 21.5 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 22.4 | 12.3 | 11.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.3 | 14 |
| 13.4 | 33.4 | 13.3 | 33.2 | 33.1 | 32.9 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 17.7 | 17.5 | 17.3 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 16.5 | 15 |
| 26.2 | 26.2 | 25.1 | 82.1 | 81.8 | 79.0 | 25.3 | 25.1 | 24.2 | 43.2 | 42.8 | 41.4 | 55.1 | 54.9 | 52.7 | 16 |
| 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 17 |
| 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 18.5 | 18.4 | 18.5 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 14.7 | 24.6 | 14.3 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 18 |
| 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 12.4 | 12.2 | 11.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 19 |
| 51.4 | 51.6 | 51.0 | 192.2 | 191.7 | 185.6 | 37.7 | 37.9 | 36.5 | 214.4 | 114.1 | 110.5 | 135.1 | 136.5 | 130.9 | 20 |
| 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 11.9 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 21 |
| 7.8 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 27.8 | 27.9 | 28.1 | 12.0 | 12.2 | 12.4 | 16.6 | 16.7 | 17.2 | 15.6 | 15.6 | 14.9 | 22 |
| 51.5 | 51.8 | 51.0 | 142.7 | 143.2 | 142.7 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 26.4 | 88.3 | 88.1 | 86.0 | 129.1 | 131.2 | 121.0 | 23 |
| 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 17.9 | 11.9 | 11.6 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 13.4 | 13.6 | 12,8 | 24 |
| 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 30.8 | 30.9 | 29.5 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 20.3 | 20.4 | 19.3 | 16.1 | 16.5 | 15.2 | 25 |
| 55.2 | 55.4 | 55.0 | 162.6 | 163.6 | 156.5 | 31.5 | 31.6 | 30.3 | 106.7 | 106.0 | 102.8 | 139.7 | 138.7 | 134.4 | 26 |
| 21.12 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 60.3 | 60.4 | 58.8 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 24.3 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 39.2 | 29.9 | 29.9 | 29.6 | 27 |
| 91.5 | 91.1 | 83.7 | 209.7 | 209.7 | 203.0 | 43.3 | 42.9 | 41.4 | 132.2 | 131.7 | 124.6 | 170.2 | 170.2 | 159.7 | 28 |
| 5.2 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 18.3 | 18.4 | 17.2 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 11.7 | 21.7 | 11.1 | 18.3 | 29.0 | 17.3 | 29 |
| 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.2 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 7.3 | 7.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 4.7 | 30 |
| 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 5.2 | $5 \cdot 2$ | 5.0 | 31 |
| 46.3 | 46.1 | 44.7 | 84.9 | 83.6 | 81.5 | 20.3 | 20.2 | 19.8 | 55.9 | 55.9 | 55.1 | 44.8 | 44.6 | 47.8 | 32 |
| 8.7 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 21.4 | 21.1 | 20.7 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 11.6 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 12.3 | 12.2 | 17.4 | 33 |
| 16.9 | 17.3 | 16.9 | 58.1 | 57.8 |  | 20.2 | 10.2 | 10.0 | 38.3 | 37.9 | 37.7 | 54.7 | 55.8 | 52.9 | 34 |
| -9 | . 9 | .9 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.3 | . 8 | 4.9 | 4 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 1.7 | $\frac{1}{6.7}$ | 1.7 | 35 |
| 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 15.7 | 15.7 | 15.6 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 36 |
| 74.0 | 73.9 | 72.0 | 247.9 | 248.4 | 233.7 | 59.1 | 59.1 | 56.0 | 185.1 | 184.3 | 173.4 | 197.7 | 197.7 | 175.7 | 37 |
| 53.4 | 53.4 | 52.6 | 145.5 | 145.7 | 140.2 | 36.7 | 36.7 | 35.4 | 107.3 | 107.0 | 101.3 | 112.4 | 112.2 | 100.4 | 38 |
| 106.4 | 107.1 | 107.5 | 427.9 | 427.9 | 420.4 | 112.7 | 113.0 | 117.0 | 387.7 | 387.5 | 376.4 | 294.5 | 293.0 | 282.6 | 39 |
| 65.0 | 65.7 | 67.2 | 260.9 | 267.5 | 250.9 | 81.3 | 81.3 | 79.7 | 255.6 | 256.4 | 248.9 | 172.9 | 171.1 | 166.0 | 40 |
| 2.8 | 2,8 | 2.8 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 10.8 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 41 |
| 1.7 | 1.7 | 2,7 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 4.3 | $4 \cdot 3$ | 4.4 | 42 |
| 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 13.3 | 13.3 | 13.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 43 |
| 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 44 |
| 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.3 | (I) | (1) | (1) | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.0 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 45 |
| 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.5 | 34.7 | 34.6 | 34.8 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 30.7 | 30.7 | 29.3 | 24.5 | 24.3 | 23.9 | 46 |
| 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 22.6 | 22.4 | 22.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 20.2 | 20.2 | 19.3 | 14.8 | 15.0 | 24.3 | 47 |

(In thousands)

|  | Stase and area | total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Contract construction |  |  | Manufacturtug |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Avy. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1066 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Auge } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 2966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 | MICHIGAN. | 2,731.2 | 2,764.3 | 2,620.3 | 13.2 | 13.5 | 14.3 | 126.2 | 123.7 | 128.8 | 1,063.9 | 1,091.9 | 1,024.9 |
| 2 | Ann Arbor | 80.7 | 85.6 | 82.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 25.0 | 30.2 | 29.3 |
| 3 | Bay City | 29.2 | 27.9 | 27.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 12.5 | 21.1 | 21.5 |
| 4 | Detroit | 1,350.3 | 1,371.5 | 1,321.2 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.0 | 55.9 | 54.8 | 61.5 | 550.8 | 574.1 | 537.8 |
| 5 | Fliot | 133.6 | 144.8 | 133.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 6.2 | 6.1 | 7.2 | 67.7 | 78.5 | 68.5 |
| 6 | Grand Rapids | 166.1 | 158.7 | 154.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 9.8 | 9.5 | 9.2 | 74.1 | 67.5 | 65.5 |
| 7 | Kalamazoo | 65.1 | 64.0 | 60.5 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.4 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 28.9 | 28.0 | 24.8 |
| 8 | Lansing. | 105.3 | 113.8 | 107.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 5.5 | 5.5 | 4.9 | 30.3 | 37.8 | 36.4 |
| 9 | Muskegon-Muske gon Heights | 50.6 | 50.2 | 48.3 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 28.4 | 28.1 | 26.4 |
| 10 | Saginaw. | 66.9 | 64.9 | 61.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 31.2 | 29.1 | 28.0 |
| 11 | MINNESOTA. | 1,160.1 | 1,149.0 | 1,099.6 | 16.8 | 16.8 | 16.0 | 75.8 | 74.7 | 70.5 | 286.3 | 281.3 | 269.9 |
| 12 | Dulueh-Superior. | 57.4 | 57.2 | 54.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 10.7 | 10.9 | 10.0 |
| 13 | Minneapolis-St. Paul | 683.5 | 678.3 | 643.5 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 42.8 | 42.1 | 39.3 | 185.8 | 184.1 | 172.5 |
| 24 | MISSISSIPPI | 503.7 | 501.4 | 483.8 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 32.4 | 32.0 | 31.9 | 164.2 | 162.7 | 155.4 |
| 15 | Jackson. | 77.5 | 77.6 | 75.0 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 13.3 | 13.2 | 12.5 |
| 16 | MISSOURI | 1,517.7 | 1,533.0 | 1,477.3 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 81.6 | 84.4 | 85.9 | 434.2 | 443.2 | 413.9 |
| 17 | Kansas City | 455.9 | 451.6 | 443.9 | .6 | . 6 | . 6 | 26.1 | 25.8 | 25.8 | 121.3 | 128.4 | 113.2 |
| 18 | St. Louis. | 853.5 | 859.6 | 819.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 46.1 | 48.7 | 47.8 | 287.8 | 289.2 | 276.5 |
| 19 | montana. | 194.6 | 195.3 | 188.3 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 15.3 | 15.1 | 14.5 | 24.6 | 24.5 | 23.2 |
| 20 | Billings. | 24.9 | 25.2 | 24.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| 21 | Great Falls | 23.7 | 23.4 | 23.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 |
| 22 | NEBRASKA | 434.1 | 433.9 | 417.4 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 27.2 | 27.1 | 27.0 | 77.6 | 76.9 | 69.7 |
| 23 | Omaha | 185.4 | 185.3 | 177.4 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 13.2 | 13.0 | 12.2 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 35.5 |
| 24 | NEVADA 2 | 164.7 | 165.0 | 164.7 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 9.0 | 9.7 | 11.9 | 7.2 | 7.3 | $7 \cdot 3$ |
| 25 | Reno. | 49.9 | 50.1 | 49.1 | (7) | (7) | (7) | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
| 26 | NEW HAMPSHIRE | 248.5 | 246.7 | 231.6 |  |  |  | 13.2 | 13.1 | 11.7 | 97.9 | 96.4 | 90.6 |
| 27 | Manchester | 47.4 | 46.8 | 45.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 18.4 | 18.0 | 17.4 |
| 28 | NEw Jersey | 2,355.5 | 2,349.7 | 2,287.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 124.1 | 123.5 | 119.9 | 857.0 | 850.5 | 839.6 |
| 29 | Atlantic City | 68.7 | 65.5 | 65.0 | - | - | - | 3.9 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 10.1 | 9.1 | 9.8 |
| 30 | Jersey City | 257.3 | 255.9 | 253.9 | - | - 6 | - | 7.1 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 116.1 | 114.8 | 114.9 |
| 31 | Newark ${ }^{8}$. | 736.1 | 737.6 | 720.7 | . 6 | . 6 | -9 | 36.0 | 36.1 | 35.2 | 251.5 | 252.7 | 244.0 |
| 32 | Paterson-Clifton-Passaic | 433.7 | 431.9 | 421.6 | . 4 | . 4 | . 5 | 25.4 | 25.4 | 24.7 | 176.1 | 174.1 | 172.3 |
| 33 | Perth Amboy | 223.7 | 222.8 | 214.4 |  | ${ }^{.8}$ | (i) 8 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 11.7 | 103.4 | 102.1 | 100.6 |
| 34 | Trenton. | 122.9 | 122.1 | 120.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 42.5 | 41.6 | 41.5 |
|  | NEW MEXICO | 273.4 | 275.1 | 268.3 | 16.8 | 16.7 | 17.2 | 19.9 | 20.0 | 21.8 | 18.9 | 18.9 | 17.6 |
| 36 | Albuquerque | 96.5 | 97.5 | 93.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | $7 \cdot 7$ | 7.8 | 7.5 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 8.2 |
| 37 | NEW YORK | (5) | 6,697.5 | 6,509.2 | (5) | 9.5 | 9.9 | (5) | 287.9 | 281.4 | (5) | 1,874.4 | 1,859.9 |
| 38 | Albany-Schenectady-Troy | 258.1 | 256.2 | 249.5 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 13.3 | 13.1 | 11.8 | 66.6 | 66.7 | 64.3 |
| 39 | Binghamton . . . | 101.7 | 100.8 | 100.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 4.4 | 3.9 | 5.4 | 47.4 | 47.0 | 45.2 |
| 40 | Buffalo . | 467.5 | 462.4 | 452.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 23.6 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 180.0 | 175.0 | 171.5 |
| 41 | Elinira | 37.0 | 36.5 | 35.3 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.5 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 16.6 | 16.1 | 14.6 |
| 42 | Monroe County | 282.7 | 281.4 | 265.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 17.2 | 16.8 | 14.5 | 130.1 | 129.4 | 121.2 |
| 43 | Nassau and Suffolk Counties 10 | 609.4 | 609.3 | 575.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 41.9 | 41.8 | 40.9 | 145.5 | 143.4 | 135.9 |
| 44 | New York-Northea stern New Jersey | (5) | 6,179.1 | 6,081.6 | (5) | 4.8 | 5.3 | (5) | 256.8 | 254.8 | (5) | 1,723.9 | 1,733.6 |
| 45 | New York SMSA ${ }^{8}$ | (5) | 4,532.2 | 4,470.8 | (5) | 3.0 | 3.1 | (5) | 176.5 | 176.1 | (5) | 1,080.2 | 1,101.2 |
| 46 | New York City 10 | (5) | 3,597.3 | 3,576.9 | (5) | 2.4 | 2.4 | (5) | 114.7 | 133.9 | (5) | 850.7 | 880.1 |
| 47 | Rochester . . | 320.4 | 318.8 | 302.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 18.9 | 18.6 | 15.9 | 143.3 | 142.0 | 134.2 |
| 48 | Rockland County 10 | 50.4 | 50.4 | 48.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 14.3 | 24.3 | 14.1 |
| 49 | Syracuse | 209.3 | 207.0 | 200.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 12.0 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 70.7 | 69.9 | 66.1 |
| 50 | Urica-Rome | 211.3 | 110.7 | 106.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 41.9 | 41.1 | 38.9 |
| 51 | Westchester County 10 | 274.3 | 276.0 | 270.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 17.5 | 17.1 | 17.6 | 68.9 | 71.7 | 72.2 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTB: Data for the current month are preliminary.
for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued

| Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Serrice and miscellaneous |  |  | Government |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | Aug. $1965$ | Aug. 1966 | July 1966 | Aug. 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{uzy} \\ & \hline 066 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Aug. | Ju1\% 1966 | Aug. 1865 | Aug. 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Ju} \leq \hat{y} \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augo } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 141.8 | 142.2 | 136.7 | 534.1 | 534.7 | 512.9 | 99.1 | 99.4 | 96.0 | 345.9 | 347.1 | 332.0 | 407.0 | 421.9 | 374.6 | 1 |
| 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 9.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 30.1 | 29.8 | 28.5 | 2 |
| 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 6.2 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3 |
| 74.9 | 74.3 | 71.0 | 279.5 | 279.7 | 267.9 | 59.1 | 59.8 | 58.3 | 178.4 | 178.1 | 177.6 | 150.9 | 149.9 | 146.1 | 4 |
| 4.7 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 21.9 | 21.9 | 27.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 13.4 | 15.6 | 15.6 | 15.0 | 5 |
| 9.5 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 32.6 | 32.5 | 31.6 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 20.6 | 20.3 | 20.6 | 13.5 | 13.6 | 13.1 | 6 |
| 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 13.1 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | $7 \cdot 7$ | 7.7 | 7.4 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 7 |
| 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 19.1 | 19.2 | 18.1 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.3 | 31.0 | 31.8 | 29.5 | 8 |
| 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 9 |
| 4.5 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 13.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.1 | 10 |
| 81.9 | 81.1 | 81.7 | 267.14 | 265.7 | 259.4 | 54.3 | 54.0 | 53.1 | 171.0 | 170.2 | 163.8 | 206.7 | 205.2 | 185.1 | 11 |
| 9.1 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 12.9 | 12.9 | 12.3 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 10.1 | 10.0 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.3 | 8.1 | 12 |
| 50.7 | 50.2 | 51.7 | 161.2 | 160.0 | 256.1 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 38.8 | 109.0 | 108.5 | 104.3 | 94.0 | 93.7 | 80.6 | 13 |
| 27.4 | 26.9 | 26.3 | 93.1 | 92.7 | 91.5 | 17.1 | 17.1 | 16.7 | 56.2 | 56.5 | 56.1 | 107.8 | 103.0 | 100.1 | 24 |
| 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 18.0 | 17.9 | 17.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 17.0 | 17.0 | 15.9 | 15 |
| 115.8 | 116.9 | 117.3 | 337.8 | 338.6 | 333.4 | 81.7 | 82.1 | 81.3 | 221.1 | 221.6 | 214.9 | 237.3 | 238.0 | 222.2 | 16 |
| 41.3 | 41.3 | 45.6 | 112.6 | 112.6 | 109.7 | 29.8 | 29.6 | 29.1 | 65.9 | 65.7 | 63.8 | 58.3 | 57.6 | 56.1 | 17 |
| 65.7 | 66.2 | 65.4 | 176.3 | 177.1 | 168.0 | 42.8 | 43.1 | 42.0 | 128.6 | 129.0 | 123.0 | 103.3 | 103.4 | 94.1 | 18 |
| 18.6 | 18.7 | 18.5 | 45.8 | 45.4 | 44.5 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 27.3 | 27.1 | 26.5 | 48.0 | 49.6 | 46.3 | 19 |
| 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 20 |
| 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 21 |
| 36.9 | 36.9 | 36.7 | 105.4 | 105.3 | 102.6 | 25.4 | 25.4 | 25.4 | 71.8 | 72.0 | 68.7 | 87.6 | 88.1 | 85.2 | 22 |
| 20.7 | 20.7 | 20.3 | 44.2 | 44.1 | 42.5 | 14.6 | 14.7 | 14.6 | 29.8 | 30.1 | 28.9 | 24.8 | 24.8 | 23.6 | 23 |
| 11.4 | 11.6 | 11.7 | 31.1 | 31.1 | 30.6 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 65.6 | 64.9 | 64.6 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 28.2 | 24 |
| 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 1.0.1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 16.6 | 16.7 | 15.9 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 25 |
| 9.9 | 10.0 | 9.6 | 43.4 | 43.2 | 40.9 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 44.3 | 26.8 | 26.7 | 25.8 | 26 |
| 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 9.4 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 27 |
| 160.2 | 160.1 | 158.4 | 460.2 | 1.61 .9 | 142.2 | 104.8 | 104.4 | 102.3 | 34.1.0 | 341.2 | 330.6 | 305.0 | 304.9 | 290.5 | 28 |
| 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 20.6 | 19.4 | 19.7 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 18.0 | 16.8 | 16.4 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.5 | 29 |
| 35.0 | 34.8 | 33.9 | 36.9 | 37.2 | 36.9 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 25.3 | 25.3 | 24.9 | 28.2 | 28.0 | 27.6 | 30 |
| 51.8 | 51.8 | 53.7 | 143.4 | 143.5 | 139.5 | 49.9 | 49.6 | 49.6 | 214.8 | 115.3 | 114.4 | 88.1 | 88.0 | 83.4 | 31 |
| 22.8 | 22.8 | 22.8 | 94.5 | 94.8 | 90.9 | 14.8 | 14.8 | 14.2 | 57.9 | 57.9 | 56.2 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 40.0 | 32 |
| 10.5 | 10.6 | 9.9 | 39.7 | 40.0 | 36.3 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 21.5 | 21.6 | 20.7 | 31.4 | 31.3 | 29.9 | 33 |
| 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 19.4 | 19.6 | 19.3 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 21.5 | 21.7 | 21.1 | 23.5 | 23.4 | 22.3 | 34 |
| 20.0 | 20.0 | 19.8 | 57.9 | 57.7 | 56.6 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 21.7 | 50.5 | 50.2 | 49.7 | 77.9 | 80.1 | 73.9 | 35 |
| 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 23.1 | 23.1 | 22.7 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 22.9 | 22.7 | 22.1 | 21.7 | 22.8 | 20.4 | 36 |
| (5) | 475.2 | 479.7 | (5) | 1,351.4 | 1,333.3 | (5) | 519.9 | 512.7 | (5) | 1,180.4 | 1,152.4 | (5) | 998.9 | 939.9 | 37 |
| 14.7 | 14.7 | 14.3 | 50.8 | 50.4 | 50.4 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 41.2 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 61.9 | 61.1 | 59.2 | 38 |
| 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 16.6 | 16.4 | 16.5 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 14.9 | 14.9 | 2.5.0 | 39 |
| 32.1 | 31.9 | 32.5 | 89.0 | 88.7 | 88.1 | 17.5 | 17.6 | 17.0 | 62.9 | 63.3 | 60.9 | 62.6 | 62.9 | 59.4 | 40 |
| 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.4 | . 9 | -9 | -9 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 41 |
| 11.3 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 48.1 | 48.2 | 45.5 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 9.3 | 38.8 | 38.8 | 36.5 | 27.4 | 27.4 | 27.0 | 42 |
| 24.8 | 24.8 | 25.4 | 151.6 | 153.2 | 144.9 | 26.1 | 26.0 | 24.7 | 113.4 | 114.1 | 104.8 | 106.2 | 106.0 | 99.1 | 43 |
| (5) | 475.5 | 481.7 | (5) | 1,280.6 | 1,250.0 | (5) | 522.9 | 515.3 | (5) | 1,087.9 | 1,060. 5 | (5) | 826.7 | 780.4 | 44 |
| (5) | 355.2 | 361.7 | (5) | 964.8 | 946.4 | (5) | 445.1 | 438.2 | S 5 | 867.9 | 844.6 | 5) | 639.3 | 599.5 | 45 |
| (5) | 311.8 | 317.8 | (5) | 740.8 | 734.9 | (5) | 404.6 | 399.2 | (5) | 686.6 | 674.0 | (5) | 485.4 | 454.7 | 46 |
| 13.1 | 13.0 | 12.9 | 54.4 | 54.5 | 52.0 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.0 | 42.9 | 42.9 | 40.6 | 37.3 | 37.3 | 36.7 | 47 |
| 2.3 | 2.31 | 2.3 | 8.8 | 8.9 | 8.1 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 7.6 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 10.7 | 48 |
| 13.8 | 13.7 | 13.3 | 43.6 | 43.3 | 42.4 | 9.9 | $9 \cdot 9$ | 9.7 | 30.0 | 30.2 | 29.1 | 29.3 | 28.3 | 28.2 | 49 |
| 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 17.8 | 17.7 | 17.5 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 12.5 | 25.0 | 25.3 | 23.9 | 50 |
| 17.1 | 16.9 | 16.2 | 60.4 | 61.1 | 58.5 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 12.7 | 60.6 | 59.7 | 58.8 | 37.2 | 36.8 | 35.0 | 51 |

Table B.7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolis
(In thousands)

|  | State and area | total |  |  | Mening |  |  | Courraet construction |  |  | Manufecturing |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Alug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5421 y \\ & 2966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Aug. } \\ 1066 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juily } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 2065 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { July } \\ 1966 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1065 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 | NORTH CAROLINA | 1,486.3 | 1,468.2 | 1,426.7 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 96.8 | 98.5 | 91.9 | 626.1 | 609.0 | 596.6 |
| 2 | Asheville |  | - | - $\quad$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20.1 | 20.0 | 18.6 |
| 3 | Charlotte. | 143.2 | 243.4 | 137.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 11.3 | 11.3 | 9.7 | 36.3 | 36.3 | 34.8 |
| 4 | Greensboro-High Point Raleigh . . . . . . | - | - |  |  |  | - | 7.8 | 7.9 | 7.1 | 48.9 12.7 | 49.0 12.3 | 48.4 11.1 |
| 6 | Winston-Salem | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 38.8 | 34.5 | 37.8 |
| 7 | NORTH DAKOta | 149.7 | 150.3 | 151.7 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 15.8 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 9.3 |
| 8 | Fargo-Moorhead | 35.1 | 35.1 | 33.6 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
| 9 | OHIO | 3,516.2 | 3,496.9 | 3,379.1 | 20.8 | 20.7 | 20.1 | 169.6 | 167.3 | 164.8 | 1,390.7 | 1,373.2 | 1,323.6 |
| 10 | Akron. | 219.3 | 216.6 | 208.1 | . 3 | .3 | . 3 | 8.7 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 1-95.6 | - 93.5 | 1,323.6 |
| 11 | Canton | 123.9 | 124.3 | 120.7 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 60.9 | 62.2 | 59.2 |
| 12 | Cincinnati | 450.7 | 448.6 | 430.3 | . 4 | .5 | . 4 | 21.5 | 21.1 | 21.0 | 161.0 | 159.2 | 152.3 |
| 13 | Cleveland | 797.8 | 791.8 | 770.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 34.1 | 33.6 | 33.9 | 309.7 | 302.3 | 295.5 |
| 14 | Columbus | 328.1 | 319.6 | 314.7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | - 9 | 17.7 | 17.4 | 17.6 | 84.5 | 78.5 | 80.8 |
| 15 | Dayton | 295.8 | 294.7 | 279.8 | . 6 | . 6 | .5 | 14.4 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 125.2 | 124.5 | 114.9 |
| 16 | Toledo | 211.8 | 209.9 | 204.3 | . 4 | .4 | . 4 | 10.2 | 10.1 | 9.5 | 78.6 | 76.1 | 76.7 |
| 17 | Youngatown-Warren | 182.0 | 183.4 | 175.3 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 8.9 | 84.7 | 86.1 | 83.3 |
| 18 | OKLAHOMA | 675.6 | 674.7 | 655.4 | 43.6 | 43.7 | 42.8 | 36.1 | 36.1 | 38.5 | 113.6 | 112.5 | 106.2 |
| 19 | Oklahoma City | 218.2 | 218.2 | 210.6 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 12.9 | 13.0 | 15.2 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 27.9 |
| 20 | Tulsa. | 161.3 | 161.1 | 153.8 | 13.6 | 13.6 | 13.7 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 9.5 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 36.3 |
| 21 | OREGON | 659.3 | 648.1 | 625.5 | 1.6 |  |  | 38.3 | 37.6 | 36.6 | 180.2 | 172.9 | 170.2 |
| 22 | Eugene. | 63.7 | 62.6 | 61.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 20.9 | 20.4 | 21.1 |
| 23 | Portland | 338.1 | 335.6 | 319.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 17.0 | 16.8 | 27.1 | 83.5 | 81.9 | 75.8 |
| 24 | PENNSYLVANIA | 4,105.5 | 4,097.5 | 3,973.9 | 44.1 | 43.2 | 46.6 | 197.8 | 196.7 | 191.0 | 2,570.4 | 1,559.7 | 1,507.2 |
| 25 | Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton. | 204.7 | 203.7 | 200.1 | $i^{5}$ | $\mathrm{i}^{5}$ | .$^{5}$ | 9.0 | 8.8 | 8.6 | 104.3 | 104.5 | 103.5 |
| 26 | Altoona. | 44.5 | 44.5 | 43.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 14.6 | 14.7 | 13.1 |
| 27 | Erie. | 89.9 | 89.9 | 86.6 | , | 13 | $(1)$ | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 41.6 |
| 28 | Harrisburg | 164.4 | 164.1 | 161.4 | (2) | (1) | (1) | 9.8 | 9.8 | 8.0 | 39.5 | 39.0 | 37.7 |
| 29 | Johnstown | 76.2 | 75.8 | 73.7 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 27.5 | 27.4 | 26.9 |
| 30 | Lancaster | 112.0 | 111.2 | 106.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 7.3 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 56.3 | 55.8 | 53.2 |
| 31 | Philadelphia | 1,639.7 | 1,641.8 | 1,592.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 87.4 | 86.9 | 84.2 | 573.2 | 571.3 | 551.6 |
| 32 | Pittsburgh | 827.8 | 827.9 | 809.9 | 10.1 | 9.6 | 10.0 | 40.2 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 299.6 | 299.0 | 293.6 |
| 33 | Reading | 113.5 | 112.3 | 110.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 55.8 | 55.1 | 55.2 |
| 34 | Sctanton . . | 81.9 | 81.1 | 79.9 | . 7 | $\cdot 7$ | 1.1 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 34.6 | 33.8 | 33.1 |
| 35 | Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton | 114.2 | 113.2 | 110.7 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 52.2 | 51.5 | 47.8 |
| 36 | York. . | 116.6 | 115.2 | 112.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 59.5 | 58.2 | 56.9 |
| 37 | RHODE ISLAND. | 328.1 | 325.8 | 323.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 17.4 | 17.0 | 16.2 | 124.5 | 123.3 | 123.2 |
| 36 | Providence-Pawrucket-Warwick | 338.1 | 333.3 | 328.3 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 17.3 | 16.8 | 16.0 | 142.3 | 139.1 | 137.6 |
| 39 | SOUth Carolina. | 725.6 | 724.9 | 684.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 47.1 | 47.9 | 46.4 | 317.1 | 314.6 | 295.8 |
| 40 | Charleston. | 76.5 | 76.0 | 71.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 6.7 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 21.3 |
| 41 | Columbia. | 85.3 | 85.8 | 81.8 | 1) | (1) | ( 13 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 17.4 | 17.5 | 17.0 |
| 42 | Greenville | 104.8 | 104.7 | 100.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 8.3 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 53.1 | 52.9 | 49.9 |
| . 43 | SOUTH DAKOTA | 151.4 | 253.4 | 152.9 30.7 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 11.0 | 14.0 | 14.2 | 13.8 |
| 44 | Sioux Falls | 30.9 | 31.0 | 30.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.4 |
| 45 | TENNESSEE. | (5) | 2,199.0 | 4,133.0 | (5) | 7.2 | $7 \cdot 3$ | (5) | 70.4 | 65.2 | (5) | 424.4 | 396.9 |
| 46 | Chattanooga. | 118.0 | 117.0 | 110.8 | . 2 | . 2 | .2 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 5.5 | 50.7 | 49.7 | 46.1 |
| 47 | Knoxville | 135.7 | 135.7 | 130.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 3.7 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 5.9 | 47.8 | 47.7 | 46.4 |
| 48 | Memphis. | 235.5 | 232.9 | 224.2 | $\mathrm{il}^{3}$ | $\mathrm{i}^{3}$ | $\mathrm{i}^{3}$ | 14.0 | 13.9 | 13.2 | 56.1 | 55.6 | 50.6 |
| 49 | Nashville | 201.0 | 200.8 | 192.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 12.7 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 60.8 | 59.9 | 56.4 |
| 50 | texas | 3,054.7 | 3,038.1 | 2,934.9 | 109.1 | 109. 1. | 112.0 | 194.0 | 174.2 | 197.6 | 612.3 | 617.6 | 578.3 |
| 51 | Austin. | - | - | , | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.4 |
| 52 | Beaumont-Port Arthur. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.7 | 35.0 | 35.0 |
| 53 | Corpus Christi . | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10.4 | 10.5 | 10.4 |

[^14](In thousands)

| Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retall trade |  |  | Fimance, infurance, and seal eatate |  |  | Service and mincellaneous |  |  | Government |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1566 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{3 u y y} \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A24Ge } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -7 \text { Jin } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rư्ठ. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { स뭉. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \sqrt{4} \sqrt{y} \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 y \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kug: } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aưo } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jixy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AuE. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 77.6 | 76.9 | 75.2 | 262.2 | 262.0 | 257.8 | 55.9 | 56.0 | 54.4 | 163.6 | 164.2 | 159.7 | 201.1 | 198.6 | 188.2 | 1 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| 14.2 | 24.4 | 14.6 | 37.7 | 37.7 | 37.3 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 9.2 | 19.1 | 19.1 | 18.2 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 13.3 |  |
| 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 23.3 | 23.3 | 22.4 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.4 | - | - | - |  |  | - | 4 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  | - | 5. |
| 12.3 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.4 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 25.1 | 25.1 | 24.7 | 40.9 | 41.8 | 39.5 | 7 |
| 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 6.5 |  |
| 210.6 | 210.7 | 205.9 | 670.7 | 672.3 | 654.3 | 137.6 | 137.6 | 134.1 | 448.0 | 448.9 | 429.5 | 468.3 | 466.2 | 446.7 | 9 |
| 14.0 | 14.0 | 13.8 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 39.4 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 27.5 | 27.3 | 36.1 | 26.8 | 26.5 | 22.2 | 10 |
| 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 22.3 | 22.4 | 22.0 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 14.3 | 14.5 | 14.4 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 9.5 | 11 |
| 32.8 | 33.0 | 33.1 | 92.8 | 92.8 | 89.5 | 24.3 | 24.3 | 23.7 | 60.9 | 60.9 | 58.9 | 56.9 | 56.9 | 51.4 | 12 |
| 49.7 | 50.0 | 48.5 | 159.9 | 161.6 | 157.1 | 37.4 | 37.6 | 36.6 | 111.0 | 111.2 | 107.1 | 94.9 | 94.3 | 90.4 | 13 |
| 19.5 | 19.5 | 19.0 | 67.5 | 67.6 | 64.5 | 20.4 | 20.4 | 19.5 | 48.5 | 48.7 | 46.9 | 69.0 | 66.5 | 65.5 | 14 |
| 11.6 | 11.6 | 11.3 | 49.5 | 49.4 | 48.5 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 35.6 | 35.5 | 34.2 | 50.5 | 50.6 | 48.2 | 15 |
| 16.5 | 16.4 | 16.0 | 44.4 | 44.6 | 43.2 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 30.6 | 30.8 | 29.2 | 24.0 | 24.3 | 22.3 | 16 |
| 9.9 | 10.1 | 9.5 | 32.3 | 32.5 | 3.17 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 23.6 | 23.6 | 22.3 | 16.8 | 16.7 | 15.8 | 17 |
| 48.2 | 48.4 | 47.7 | 151.6 | 152.3 | 149.3 | 31.7 | 31.7 | 31.7 | 92.4 | 92.1 | 89.6 | 158.4 | 157.9 | 149.6 | 18 |
| 14.3 | 14.2 | 14.0 | 50.6 | 50.6 | 50.1 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 31.0 | 30.9 | 29.9 | 59.1 | 59.2 | 53.1 | 19 |
| 14.7 | 14.7 | 14.3 | 36.8 | 37.0 | 35.2 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 24.4 | 24.2 | 23.6 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 13.8 | 20 |
| 48.3 | 48.4 | 47.9 | 149.1 | 147.6 | 140.8 | 29.3 | 29.5 | 28.6 | 92.7 | 92.0 | 87.8 | 119.8 | 118.3 | 211.9 | 21 |
| 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 13.2 | 12.9 | 12.1 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 7.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.2 | 22 |
| 29.1 | 29.4 | 29.1 | 83.5 | 82.6 | 79.4 | 19.8 | 19.8 | 19.1 | 52.4 | 52.5 | 50.1 | 52.8 | 52.6 | 49.1 | 23 |
| 264.0 | 265.6 | 263.5 | 738.3 | 738.7 | 724.3 | 170.0 | 169.7 | 167.4 | 598.7 | 599.1 | 576.1 | 52.2 | 524.8 | 497.8 | 24 |
| 10.8 | 10.8 | 10.7 | 32.3 | 31.6 | 30.8 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 24.6 | 24.4 | 23.9 | 17.2 | 17.2 | 16.4 | 25 |
| 7.9 | 7.9 | 8.8 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 26 |
| 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 15.0 | 14.9 | 14.5 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 11.3 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 27 |
| 11.7 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 31.2 | 30.9 | 30.0 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 22.3 | 22,1 | 21.2 | 42.7 | 43.3 | 45.5 | 28 |
| 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 12.4 | 12.4 | 11.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 10.7 | 10,6 | 10.7 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 10.1 | 29 |
| 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 18.8 | 18.7 | 17.9 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 14.4 | 14.2 | 13.6 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 30 |
| 109.8 | 110.9 | 109.6 | 316.6 | 317.5 | 315.8 | 90.0 | 89.6 | 89.7 | 248.0 | 250.8 | 241.7 | 213.4 | 213.6 | 198.1 | 31 |
| 55.4 | 55.6 | 55.6 | 158.1 | 158.2 | 156.3 | 34.2 | 34.2 | 33.8 | 136.9 | 137.2 | 132.4 | 93.3 | 93.3 | 87.1 | 32 |
| 6.1 | 6,0 | 6.0 | 17.0 | 16.7 | 16.5 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 14.4 | 10.8 | 10.7 | 9.9 | 33 |
| 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 14.8 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 11.7 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 34 |
| 5.9 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 18.7 | 18.5 | 18.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.4 | 13.3 | 13.3 | 13.1 | 35 |
| 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 19.4 | 19.2 | 18.9 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 13.0 | 12.9 | 12.5 | 10.9 | 11.0 | 9.9 | 36 |
| 15.2 | 14.8 | 15.0 | 59.1 | 58.7 | 58.1 | 14.1 | 14.3 | 14.1 | 50.4 | 50.3 | 49.8 | 47.4 | 47.4 | 46.8 | 37 |
| 14.7 | 14.4 | 14.5 | 58.2 | 57.9 | 56.7 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 13.9 | 48.4 | 48.2 | 47.1 | 43.2 | 42.9 | 42.5 | 38 |
| 30.5 | 30.5 | 28.5 | 117.8 | 117.6 | 115.1 | 24.2 | 24.2 | 23.9 | 70.8 | 70.8 | 69,3 | 116.3 | 117.5 | 103.5 | 39 |
| 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 14.9 | 14.8 | 14.3 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 25.5 | 25.2 | 22.9 | 40 |
| 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 18.4 | 18.5 | 17.9 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 10.0 | 21.5 | 21.8 | 19.8 | 41 |
| 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 17.2 | 17.2 | 16.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 10.1 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 42 |
| 10.0 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 24.3 | 24.2 | 24.9 | 44.9 | 46.4 | 43.5 | 43 |
| 2.8 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 9.6 | 9.5 | 9.2 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 44 |
| (5) | 60.3 | 58.3 | (5) | 231.4 | 221.6 | (5) | 49.1 | 47.7 | (5) | 156.0 | 147.9 | (5) | 200.2 | 188.1 | 45 |
| 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 21.9 | 21.8 | 20.8 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 14.0 | 13.9 | 13.6 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.1 | 46 |
| 7.1 | $7 \cdot 1$ | 6.9 | 28.0 | 27.9 | 26.8 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 16.9 | 16.9 | 16.0 | 22.9 | 23.1 | 22.5 | 47 |
| 17.9 | 17.5 | 17.1 | 60.7 | 59.0 | 58.0 | 12.4 | 12.4 | 12.4 | 35.2 | 35.5 | 33.3 | 38.9 | 38.7 | 39.3 | 48 |
| 12.0 | 12.2 | 11.6 | 42.1 | 4.1 .9 | 40.2 | 12.6 | 12.7 | 12.2 | 31.2 | 31.3 | 30.2 | 29.7 | 30.0 | 28.5 | 49 |
| 237.9 - - - | 237.1 - - | 229.2 <br> - <br> - | 756.2 <br>  | 753.1 - - - | 726.8 $\div$ $\div$ | 163.7 <br>  | 163.7 <br> $\square$ | 156.5 <br> - <br> - | 454.0 - - - | 452.0 - - - | 433.1 <br>  <br> - | 527.5 $\sim$ $\sim$ | 531.3 - - | 501.4 $=$ | 50 51 52 53 |

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls
(In thousands)

|  | State and area | total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Contract comstruction |  |  | Mamufacturing |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuTy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augi } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | TEXAS (concinued) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dallas. | 518.1 | 516.4 | 487.5 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 34.0 | 33.6 | 31.0 | 132.6 | 133.6 | 122.3 |
|  | El Paso | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19.0 | 18.7 | 16.7 |
| 3 | Fort Worth | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 69.8 | 71.9 | 59.2 |
| 4 | Houston . . | 594.1 | 575.1 | 576.9 | 26.1 | 26.0 | 25.2 | 56.5 | 38.3 | 54.3 | 122.5 | 122.1 | 117.8 |
|  | San Antonio | 212.9 | 212.3 | 203.0 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 13.0 | 13.1 | 12.8 | 26.3 | 26.3 | 26.7 |
| 6 | UTAH ${ }^{2} \ldots$ | 321.5 | 320.9 | 306.6 | 11.9 | 12.3 | 12.2 | 18.4 | 18.2 | 18.5 | 51.0 | 50.6 |  |
| 7 | Salc Lake City 2 | 171.5 | 171.7 | 166.6 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 13.1 | 21.0 | 10.6 | 28.1 | 28.1 | 28.3 |
| 8 | VERMONT | 135.9 | 134.0 | 128.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 9.1 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 44.0 | 43.2 | 40.1 |
| 9 10 | Butington 11 | 31.4 | 30.3 | 27.4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9.1 | 9.0 | 7.0 |
| 10 | Springfield $\mathbf{L}$ | 14.0 | 13.6 | 13.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7.4 | 7.1 | 7.2 |
| 11 | virginia ${ }^{4}$ | 1,286.3 | 1,276.0 | 1,224.3 | 15.6 | 15.5 | 15.2 | 102.6 | 102.5 | 98.4 | 341.3 | 336.4 | 325.6 |
| 12 | Lyachburg . | 47.2 | 46.8 | 44.6 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 21.6 | 21.3 | 20.0 |
| 13 | Newport News-Hampton | 86.6 | 86.1 | 82.6 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 26.3 | 25.9 | 25.3 |
| 14 | Norfolk-Portsmouth. | 180.1 | 180.7 | 171.5 | . 1 | - 1 | . 1 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 14.2 | 18.9 | 19.9 | 19.2 |
| 15 | Richmond | 209.0 | 207.6 | 199.5 | .2 | . 2 | $\bigcirc$ | 16.1 | 16.0 | 15.2 | 50.4 | 49.3 | 48.7 |
| 16 | Roanoke | 71.9 | 71.7 | 69.1 | .1 | .1 | .1 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 17.1 | 17.0 | 16.6 |
| 17 | washington. | 1,003.4 | 990.6 | 908.4 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 62.6 | 60.9 | 52.2 | 279.6 | 274.0 | 233.0 |
| 18 | Seatde-Everert | 485.6 | 479.5 | 419.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 29.8 | 28.3 | 22.4 | 161.0 | 159.0 | 120.3 |
| 19 | Spokane | 79.0 | 79.2 | 77.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 13.4 | $\underline{13.4}$ | 13.3 |
| 20 | Tacoma | 94.3 | 94.7 | 87.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 5.6 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 19.9 | 20.3 | 19.0 |
| 21 | WEST VIRGEIA | 494.3 | 496.4 | 482.8 | 48.9 | 48.5 | 48.3 | 26.3 | 26.8 | 26.0 | 132.7 | 131.4 | 128.7 |
| 23 | Charleston . . . . | 83.6 | 83.5 | 79.3 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 22.6 | 22.8 | 20.5 |
| 24 | Huntington-Ashland Wheeling . . . . . | 79.2 | 78.7 | 76.9 | $\cdot 8$ | . 8 | $\cdot 9$ | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 27.6 | 27.0 | 26.2 |
| 24 | Wheeling | 56.4 | 56.3 | 54.6 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 16.8 | 16.7 | 16.8 |
| 25 | WISCONSIN | 1,408.6 | 1,401.2 | 1,357.1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 75.1 | 74.0 | 69.7 | 517.4 |  |  |
| 26 | Green Bay | 48.0 | 47.3 | 45.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 16.3 | 509.2 15.8 | 505.7 15.5 |
| 27 | Kenosha. | 31.0 | 28.9 | 35.5 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 13.9 | 11.4 | 18.6 |
| 28 | La Crosse | 27.9 | 27.4 | 26.6 | (1) | (1) | (I) | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 9.7 | 9.2 | 9.3 |
| 29 | Madison. | 100.9 | 101.4 | 93.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 7.8 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 16.1 | 25.9 | 15.0 |
| 30 | Milwaukee | 525.7 | 517.4 | 504.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 25.0 | 23.5 | 23.9 | 212.6 | 206.7 | 203.2 |
| 31 | Racine. | 52.9 | 53.6 | 51.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 25.2 | 25.9 | 25.3 |
| 32 33 | Wroming $^{\text {Casper }}{ }^{2}$ |  | 107.7 17.4 | 106.5 | 9.5 | 9.3 2.8 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 9.3 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.9 |
| 34 | $\mathrm{Casper}^{\text {Cheyenne }}{ }^{2}$ | 17.6 18.0 | 17.4 18.2 | 18.1 | ${ }_{(1)}{ }^{9}$ | ${ }_{(1)}^{2.8}$ | (1) ${ }^{3.1}$ | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 |

1 combined with service.
2 Series revised to 1966 benchmark; not strictly comparable with previously published data.
3 combined with construction.
${ }^{4}$ Federal employment in Maryland and Virginia sectors of the Washington Standard Metropolitan Statistical
Area is Inciuded in data for the District of Columbia.
5 Not available.
6 Series revised to 1965 benchmark; not strictly comparable with previously published data.
7 Combined with manufacturing.
0 area included in New York-Northeastern New Jersey Standard Consolidated Area.
${ }^{-}$Subarea of Rochester Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.
10 Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.
${ }^{11}$ Thtal includes data for industry divisions not shown separately.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.
(In thousands)

| Transportation and public utilities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Service and miscellaneous |  |  | Government |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { AuE. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augo } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug: } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1.966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ju1y } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 4.3.2 | 42.9 | 38.8 | 1.42 .5 | 140.8 | 132.6 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 39.9 | 70.5 | 70.0 | 68.8 | 46.6 | 46.6 | 46.2 | 1 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\cdots$ | - | - |  | - | - | 3 |
| 58.5 | 59.0 | 59.0 | 159.1 | 158.7 | 155.4 | 30.5 | 30.4 | 29.7 | 81.1 | 80.9 | 79.6 | 59.8 | 59.7 | 55.9 | 4 |
| 10.1 | 10.0 | 9.7 | 54.1 | 53.7 | 52.7 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.2 | 30.3 | 30.2 | 28.7 | 64.0 | 63.9 | 57.5 | 5 |
| 22.0 | 21.9 | 22.0 | 71.7 | 70.8 | 69.3 . | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.0 | 44.7 | 44.7 | 42.5 | 89.2 | 89.2 | 78.8 | 6 |
| 14.3 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 4.5 .4 | 45.0 | 43.6 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.0 | 25.7 | 25.4 | 24.3 | 29.8 | 30.9 | 23.6 | 7 |
| 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 23.7 | 23.6 | 23.3 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 26.9 | 26.7 | 25.6 | 19.3 | 19.3 | 19.0 | 8 |
| 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 6.0 | 6.1 | $5 \cdot 7$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9 |
| . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10 |
| 87.0 | 86.4 | 86.6 | 253.7 | 261.2 | 251.0 | 58.0 | 58.0 | 55.2 | 176.5 | 176.0 | 167.6 | 241.6 | 240.0 | 224.7 | 11 |
| 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 12 |
| 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 13.7 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 8.9 | 24.6 | 24.6 | 22.3 | 13 |
| 1.5 .8 | 15.7 | 15.5 | 42.6 | 42.4 | 47.0 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 25.9 | 25.8 | 24.5 | 54.4 | 54.4 | 49.5 | 14 |
| 16.7 | 2.7 | 16.1 | 47.9 | 48.0 | 45.2 | 25.9 | 15.9 | 15.7 | 28.0 | 27.8 | 26.5 | 33.8 | 33.7 | 31.9 | 15 |
| 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 16.3 | 16.3 | 25.7 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 10.5 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.2 | 16 |
| 66.7 | 66.0 | 63.0 | 213.6 | 209.7 | 201.1 | 47.5 | 47.2 | 44.9 | 134.7 | 133.3 | 126.0 | 196.8 | 197.6 | 186.3 | 17 |
| 33.7 | 33.2 | 32.4 | 100.4 | 99.0 | 93.7 | 28.0 | 27.8 | 26.0 | 63.7 | 62.6 | 59.3 | 69.0 | 69.6 | 65.3 | 18 |
| 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 21.2 | 27.0 | 21.0 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 13.8 | 13.9 | 13.8 | 13.7 | 14.0 | 13.0 | 19 |
| 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 20.8 | 20.7 | 19.2 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 14.0 | 14.1 | 13.1 | 23.5 | 23.8 | 21.4 | 20 |
| 41.5 | 41.6 | 41.0 | 85.3 | 84.7 | 83.8 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 13.9 | 57.3 | 57.6 | 55.9 | 88.0 | 91.6 | 85.0 | 21 |
| 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 27.9 | 17.5 | 17.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4. | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.0 | 13.5 | 13.6 | 12.7 | 22 |
| 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.0 | 16.4 | 16.3 | 16.4 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 8.7 | 11.0 | 10.9 | 9.9 | 23 |
| 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 23.9 | 12.8 | 11.6 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.1 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 5.8 | 24 |
| 76.2 | 76.5 | 75.7 | 287.2 | 287.6 | 275.4 | 5\%.9 | 55.0 | 52.8 | 188.8 | 188.4 | 180.1 | 205.7 | 207.1 | 194.4 | 25 |
| 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 11.4 | 11.4 | 10.6 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 26 |
| 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 5.6 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 27 |
| 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.0 | .6 | . 6 | . 6 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 28 |
| 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 20.8 | 20.8 | 19.7 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 14.7 | 14.6 | 13.6 | 31.3 | 32.1 | 29.0 | 29 |
| 28.7 | 28.7 | 28.4 | 104.4 | 104.4 | 100.8 | 25.3 | 25.3 | 24.6 | 7.1 | 71.0 | 68.1 | 58.7 | 57.8 | 55.2 | 30 |
| 1.9 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 9.4 | 9.5 | 9.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 31 |
| 10.8 | 10.8 | 10.9 | 23.7 | 23.6 | 24.0 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 16.6 | 16.7 | 16.0 | 28.2 | 28.5 | 26.7 | 32 |
| 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.3 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 33 |
| 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 34 |

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS 

Table C.1; Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payralls 1919 to date

| Year and month | Manufacturing |  |  | Durable goods |  |  | Nondurable gooda |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Average weekly earning | Average wookly hours | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { hourly } \\ & \text { earnings } \end{aligned}$ | Average weekly earninga | Average weekly hours | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { hourly } \\ & \text { earninge } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { weelly } \\ & \text { eanaigga } \end{aligned}$ | Averate weakly hours | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { hourly } \\ & \text { ourninges } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1919................... | \$21,84 | 46.3 | \$0.472 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1920................... | 26.02 | 47.4 | . 549 | - | - |  |  | - |  |
| 1921................... | 21.94 | 43.2 | . 509 | - |  |  |  | - | - |
| 1928................... | 22.28 | 44.2 | . 482 | d25 | - |  | - ${ }^{-1}$ | - |  |
| 1923................... | 23.56 | 45.6 | . 516 | \$25.42 | - | - | \$21.50 | * | - |
| 19244................... | 23.67 | 43.7 | -541 | 25.48 | - | - | 22.63 | - | - |
| 1925................... | 24.21 | 44.5 | - 541 | 26.02 | - | - | 21.99 |  |  |
| 1926. .................. | 244.38 | 45.0 | . 542 | 26.23 |  |  | 22.29 |  |  |
| 1987.................... | 24.47 24.70 | 45.0 44.4 | . 544 | 26.28 26.86 | - | - | 22.55 |  | - |
| 1929................... | 24.76 | 44.2 | . 560 | 26.84 | - | - | 22.47 | - | - |
| 1930.................... | 23.00 | 42.1 | . 546 | 24.42 | - |  | 22.40 | - |  |
| 1931. .................. | 20.64 | 40.5 | . 509 | 20.98 | - | , | 20,09 | - | - |
| 1932................... | 16.89 | 38.3 | . 441 | 15.99 | 32.5 | \$0.492 | 17.26 | 41.9 | \$0.412 |
| 1933.................... | 16.65 | 38.1 | . 437 | 16.20 | 34.7 | . 467 | 16.76 | 40.0 | . 419 |
| 1934................... | 18.20 | 34.6 | . 526 | 18.59 | 33.8 | . 550 | 17.73 | 35.1 | . 505 |
| 1935................... | 19.91 | 36.6 | . 544 | 21.24 | 37.2 40.9 | .571 .580 | 18.77 19.57 | 36.1 | . 520 |
| 1936.................... | 21.56 23.82 | 39.2 38.6 | . 550 | 23.72 26.61 | 40.9 39.9 | . 586 | 19.57 | 37.7 374 | . 519 |
| 1937.................... | 23.82 22.07 | 38.6 35.6 | . 617 | 26.61 23.70 | 39.9 34.9 | . 667 | 22.17 | 37.4 36.1 | . 566 |
|  | 23.07 |  |  | 23.10 |  |  |  | 30.1 | . 516 |
| 1939................... | 23.64 | 37.7 | . 627 | 26.19 | 37.9 | . 697 | 21.36 | 37.4 | . 57 |
| 1940.................... | 24.96 | 38.1 | . 655 | 28.07 | 39.2 | -76 | 21.83 | 37.0 | . 590 |
| 1941.................... | 29.48 | 40.6 | -726 | 33.56 | 42.0 | - 799 | 24.39 | 38.9 | -627 |
| 1942.................... | 36.68 | 43.1 | . 851 | 42.17 | 45.0 | . 937 | 28.57 | 40.3 | . 709 |
| 1943.................... | 43.07 | 45.0 | . 957 | 48.73 | 46.5 | 1.048 | 33.45 | 42.5 | . 787 |
| 1944................... | 45.70 | 45.2 | 1.013 | 51.39 | 46.5 | 1.205 | 36.38 | 43.1 | . 844 |
| 1945.................... | 44.20 | 43.5 | 1.016 | 48.36 | 44.0 | 1.099 | 37.48 | 42.3 | . 886 |
| 1946.................... | 43.32 | 40.3 | 1.075 | 46.22 | 40.4 | 1.144 | 40.30 | 40.5 | . 995 |
| 1947.................... | 49.17 | 40.4 | 1.217 | 51.76 | 40.5 | 1.278 | 46.03 | 40.2 | 1.145 |
| 1948................... | 53.12 | 40.0 | 1.328 | 56.36 | 40.4 | 1.395 | 49.50 | 39.6 | 1.250 |
| 191ヶ9.................... | 53.38 | 39.1 | 1.378 | 57.25 | 39.4 | 1.453 | 50.38 | 38.9 | 1.295 |
| 1450.................. | 53.32 | 40.5 | 1.440 | 62.43 | 41.1 | 1.519 | 53.48 | 39.7 | 1.347 |
| 1951.................... | 63.34 | 40.6 | 1.56 | 68.43 | 41.5 | 1.65 | 56.88 | 39.5 | 1.44 |
| 1952................... | 67.16 | 40.7 | 1.65 | 72.63 | 42.5 | 1.75 | 59.95 | 39.7 | 1.51 |
| 1953.................... | 70.47 | 40.5 | 1.74 | 76.63 | 41.2 | 1.86 | 62.57 | 39.6 | 1.58 |
| 1954.................... | 70.49 | 39.6 | 1.78 | 76.19 | 40.1 | 1.90 | 63.18 | 39.0 | 1.62 |
| 1955................... | 75.70 | 40.7 | 1.86 | 82.19 | 41.3 | 1.99 | 66.63 | 39.9 | 1.67 |
| 1956.................... | 78.78 | 40.4 | 1.95 | 35.28 | 41.0 | 2.08 | 70.09 | 39.6 | 1.77 |
| 1957................... | 81.59 | 39.8 | 2.05 | 88.26 | 40.3 | 2.19 | 72. 52 | 39.2 | 1.85 |
|  | 82,71 | 39.2 | 2.11 | 89.27 | 39.5 | 2.26 | 74.11 | 38.8 | 1.91 |
| 1959................... | 88.26 | 40.3 | 2.19 | 96.05 | 40.7 | 2. 36 | 73.61 | 39.7 | 1.98 |
| 1960................... | 89.72 | 39.7 | 2.26 | 97.44 | 40.1 | 2.43 | 80.36 | 39.2 | 2.05 |
| 1961.................... | 92.34 | 39.8 | 2.32 | 100.35 | 40.3 | 2.49 | 82.98 | 39.3 | 2.11 |
| 1962.................... | 96.56 | 40.4 | 2.39 | 104.70 | 40.9 | 2.56 | 85.93 | 39.6 | 2.17 |
| 1963.................... | 99.63 | 40.5 | 2.46 | 108.09 | 41.1 | 2.63 | 87.91 | 39.6 | 2.22 |
| 1964.................... | 102.97 | 40.7 | 2.53 | 112.19 | 41.4 | 2.71 | 90.92 | 39.7 | 2.29 |
| 1965.................... | 107.53 | 41.2 | 2.61 | 117.18 | 42.0 | 2.79 | 94.64 | 40.1 | 2.36 |
| 1965: September...... | 107.83 | 41.0 | 2.63 | 117.18 | 41.7 | 2.81 | 95.68 | 40.2 | 2.36 |
| October.......... | 109.03 | 41.3 | 2.64 | 118.72 | 42.1 | 2.82 | 95.68 | 40.2 | 2.38 |
| November. . . . . . . | 109.71 | 41.4 | 2.65 | 119.43 | 42.2 | 2,83 | 96.32 | 40.3 | 2.39 |
| December........ | 110.92 | 41.7 | 2.66 | 120.98 | 42.6 | 2.84 | 96.96 | 40.4 | 2.40 |
| 1966: January......... | $110.00$ | 41.2 |  |  | 42.1 | 2.85 |  | 39.8 | 2.40 |
| February....... | 110.27 | 41.3 | 2.67 | 120.69 | 42.2 | 2.86 | 96.88 | 40.2 | 2.41 |
| March. .......... | 110.95 111.24 | 41.4 | 2.68 | 120.69 | 42.2 | 2.86 | 96.88 | 40.2 | 2.41 |
| April........... | 111.24 214.05 | 41.2 | 2.70 | 121.54 | 42.2 | 2.88 | 96.96 | 39.9 | 2.43 |
| Mayr............. | $\underline{112.05}$ | 41.5 41.6 | 2.70 2.71 | 121.82 121.82 | 42.3 | 2.88 2.88 | 98.33 | 40.3 | 2.44 |
| July............ | 111.17 | 41.0 | 2.71 2.71 | 119.81 | 42.3 41.6 | 2.88 2.88 | 99.23 99.14 | 40.5 40.3 | 2.45 2.46 |
| August.......... | 111.78 | 41.4 | 2.70 | 120.54 | 42.0 | 2.87 | 98.98 | 40.4 | 2.45 |
| September...... | 113.44 | 41.4 | 2.74 | 123.52 | 42.3 | 2.92 | 99.29 | 40.2 | 2.47 |

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawail beginaing 1959. This inclusion has not sigaificancly affectad the hours and earniags series, Data for the 2 meat recent months are preliminary.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry

| $\underset{\text { Code }}{\text { SIC }}$ | Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Juyy } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jury } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | MINING | \$133.92 | \$131.89 | \$131.46 | \$124.23 | \$125.85 | \$3.10 | \$3.06 | \$3.05 | \$2.93 | \$2.92 |
| 10 | metal mining | - | 134.83 | 135.79 | 137.57 | 127.71 | - | 3.18 | 3.18 | 3.14 | 3.07 |
| 101 | Iron ores | - | 138.45 | 143.99 | 133.54 | 130.7 | - | 3.25 | 3.31 | 3.21 | 3.09 |
| 102 | Copper ores | - | 141.05 | 139.64 | 143.44 | 136.32 | - | 3.25 | 3.21 | 3.26 | 3.20 |
| 11,12 | coal mining | -- | 150.06 | 145.70 | 135.29 | 141.98 | - | 3.66 | (*) | 3.46 | 3.48 |
| 12 | Bituminous. . . . . . . . . . . . . CRUDE PEtroleum and natural |  | 152.81 | 148.03 | 137.90 | 144.67 | - | 3.70 | (*) | 3.50 | 3.52 |
| 13 | GAS . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 122.12 | 123.70 | 116.47 | 117.12 | - | 2.86 | 2.87 | 2.76 | 2.73 |
| 131,2 | Crude petroleum and natural gas fields. |  | 125.96 | 129.68 | 125.14 | 123.41 |  | 3.11 | 3.14 | 3.03 | 3.01 |
| 138 | Oil and gas field services. . . . . . . |  | 118.72 | 119.26 | 110.08 | 112.59 |  | 2.68 | 2.68 | 2.56 | 2.53 |
| 14 | quarrying and nonmetallic mining |  | 128.86 | 127.64 | 122.62 | 122.25 |  | 2.73 | 2.71 | 2.62 | 2.59 |
| 142 | Crushed and broken stone | - | 130.87 | 130.91 | 122.98 | 123.50 | - | 2.66 | 2.65 | 2.52 | 2.49 |
|  | CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 151.67 | 148.99 | 150.15 | 138.75 | 143.54 | 3.96 | 3.88 | 3.85 | 3.75 | 3.69 |
| 15 | general building contractors | - | 137.63 | 137.27 | 128.16 | 131.33 | - | 3.74 | 3.70 | 3.60 | 3.54 |
| 16 | heavy construction. | - | 152.70 | 154.07 | 139.44 | 148.86 | - | 3.61 | 3.55 | 3.46 | 3.43 |
| 161 | Highway and street construction | - | 153.04 | 155.46 | 139.26 | 149.18 | - | 3.51 | 3.47 | 3.38 | 3.36 |
| 162 | Other heavy construction | - | 151.81 | 152.21 | 139.52 | 147.42 | - | 3.73 | 3.65 | 3.55 | 3.51 |
| 17 | special trade contractors | - | 155.32 | 156.59 | 146.00 | 149.33 | - | 4.12 | 4.17 | 4.00 | 3.94 |
| 171 | Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning | - | 163.10 | 163.12 | 152.00 | 154.05 | - | 4.15 | 4.14 | 4.00 | 3.94 |
| 172 | Painting, paperhanging, and decorating | - | 144.23 | 145.04 | 139.62 | 139.05 | - | 3.93 | 3.92 | 3.90 | 3.82 |
| 173 | Electrical work | - | 180.97 | 180.12 | 166.06 | 172.18 | - | 4.57 | 4.56 | 4.44 | 4.37 |
| 174 | Ma sonty, plastering, stone and tile work | - | 143.78 | 144.63 | 134.59 | 140.87 | - | 4.05 | 4.04 | 3.89 | 3.87 |
| 176 | Roofing and sheet metal work | - | 127.80 | 129.23 | 122.85 | 123.01 | - | 3.60 | 3.57 | 3.50 | 3.37 |
|  | manuFacturing | 113.44 | 111.78 | 171.17 | 107.83 | 106.45 | 2.74 | 2.70 | 2.71 | 2.63 | 2.59 |
| 19,24,29,32-39 | DURABLE GOODS. . | 123.52 | 120.54 | 129.81 | 117.18 | 215.51 | 2.92 | 2.87 | 2.88 | 2.81 | 2.77 |
| 20-23,26-31 | NONDURABLE GOODS | 99.29 | 98.98 | 99.14 | 95.68 | 95.11 | 2.47 | 2.45 | 2.46 | 2.38 | 2.36 |
|  | Durable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES | 137.07 | 134.30 | 133.88 | 131.99 | 131.88 | 3.21 | 3.19 | 3.18 | 3.15 | 3.14 |
| 192 | Ammunition, except for small arms | 137.85 | 135.71 | 134.23 | 135.43 | 137.38 | 3.29 | 3.27 | 3.25 | 3.24 | 3.24 |
| 1925 | Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete | - | 150.17 | 145.81 | 142.38 | 145.43 | - | 3.55 | 3.48 | 3.39 | 3.39 |
| 194 | Sighting and fire concrol equipment | - | 125.66 | 127.62 | 126.36 | 127.89 | - | 3.08 | 3.09 | 3.12 | 3.15 |
| 191,3,5,6,9 | Other ordnance and accessoties | 137.54 | 133.59 | 133.90 | 125.24 | 120.77 | 3.07 | 3.05 | 3.05 | 2.94 | 2.91 |
| 24 | LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.28 | 2.21 |
| 242 | Sawmills and planing mills | 93.07 | 87.53 | 96.90 | 84.25 | 84.46 | 2.12 | 2.14 | 2.13 | 2.06 | 2.05 |
| 2421 | Sawmills and planing mills, general. | -6. | 89.73 | 89.13 | 86.28 | 86.72 | 2.12 | 2.21 | 2.19 | 2.12 | 2.11 |
| 243 | Millwork, plywood, and related products | 100.45 | 100.60 | 99.63 | 97.94 | 99.36 | 2.45 | 2.43 | 2.43 | 2.36 | 2.36 |
| 2431 | Millwork | - | 98.90 | 98.25 | 94.94 | 96.28 | - | 2.43 | 2.42 | 2.35 | 2.32 |
| 2432 | Veneer and plywood | - | 102. 30 | 100.77 | 101.20 | 101.63 | - | 2.43 | 2.44 | 2.37 | 2.38 |
| 244 | Wooden containers. | 78.77 | 77.65 | 75.95 | 73.44 | 73.93 | 1.88 | 1.84 | 1.83 | 1.80 | 1.79 |
| 2441,2 | Wooden boxes, shook, and crates |  | 76.86 | 75.18 | 72.16 | 72.63 | - | 1.80 | 1.79 | 1.76 | 1.75 |
| 249 | Miscellaneous wood products | 88.80 | 87.98 | 87.12 | 86.53 | 86.32 | 2.15 | 2.12 | 2.13 | 2.09 | 2.08 |
| 25 | furniture and fixtures | 93.44 | 93.04 | 89.13 | 89.66 | 89.46 | 2.23 | 2.21 | 2.19 | 2.15 | 2.13 |
| 251 | Household furniture | 87.35 | 86.74 | 82.61 | 84.25 | 83.62 | 2.12 | 2.09 | 2.06 | 2.03 | 2.01 |
| 2511 | Wood house furniture, unupholstered | - | 81.87 | 78.91 | 78.73 | 78.07 | - | 1.94 | 1.92 | 1.87 | 1.85 |
| 2512 | Wood house furnicure, upholstered | - | 92.21 | 84.92 | 89.32 | 87.45 | - | 2.26 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 2.17 |
| 2515 | Mattresses and bedsprings | - | 95.41 | 90.94 | 97.11 | 95.45 | - | 2.35 | 2.32 | 2.34 | 2.30 |
| 252 | Office furniture. | - | 115.28 | 110.50 | 107.20 | 108.07 | - | 2.62 | 2.60 | 2.47 | 2.49 |
| 254 | Partitions; office and store fixcures | - | 120.06 | 115.93 | 115.75 | 120.22 | - | 2.76 | 2.78 | 2.73 | 2.72 |
| 253.9 | Orher furniture and fixtures | 101.67 | 99.79 | 97.75 | 92.99 | 91.80 | 2.37 | 2.37 | 2.30 | 2.23 | 2.16 |
| 32 | Stone, clay, and glass products . . | 115.90 | 115.06 | 113.82 | 112.10 | 171.35 | 2.74 | 2.72 | 2.71 | 2.65 | 2.62 |
| 321 | Flat glass | - | 142.27 | 141.60 | 154.66 | 145.39 | - | 3.47 | 3.54 | 3.58 | 3.47 |
| 322 | Glass and glassware, pressed or blown | 112.89 | 109.89 | 109.76 | 106.13 | 106.13 | 2.74 | 2.70 | 2.7 | 2.64 | 2.64 |
| 3221 | Glass coneainers . . . . . . . . . | - | 112.07 | 170.70 | 107.06 | 108.27 | - | 2.74 | 2.74 | 2.69 | 2.70 |
| 3229 | Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c. | - | 107.46 | 108.40 | 105.26 | 103.57 | - | 2.66 | 2.67 | 2.58 | 2.57 |
| 324 | Cement, hydraulic | 132.07 | 132.92 | 134.82 | 132.29 | 123.52 | 3.19 | 3.18 | 3.21 | 3.12 | 3.02 |
| 325 | Structural clay products | 98.88 | 98.77 | 97.94 | 95.95 | 96.02 | 2.40 | 2.38 | 2.36 | 2.29 | 2.27 |
| 3251 | Brick and structural clay tile. | - | 95.00 | 93.06 | 91.37 | 91.56 | - | 2.23 | 2.20 | 2.12 | 2.10 |
| 326 | Pottery and related products | - | 99.70 | 95.94 | 95.76 | 94.72 | - | 2.48 | 2.46 | 2.40 | 2.38 |
| 327 | Concrete, gypsum and plaster products | 121.76 | 122.49 | 120.87 | 116.67 | 118.82 | 2.73 | 2.71 | 2.68 | 2.67 | 2.60 |
| 328,9 | Other stone and mineral products | 117.60 | 117.04 | 174.68 | 111.19 | 111.14 | 2.80 | 2.78 | 2.75 | 2.66 | 2.64 |
| 3291 | Abrasive products. | - | 116.81 | 118.71 | 110.83 | 109.21 | - | 2.87 | 2.84 | 2.75 | 2.71 |

[^15]Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers! by industry

| $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | Industry | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juyy } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuLy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | MINING | 43.2 | 43.1 | 43.1 | 42.4 | 43.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 10 | metal mining | - | 42.4 | 42.7 | 41.9 | 41.6 | - | - | - |  | - |
| . 101 | Iron ores | - | 42.6 | 43.5 | 41.6 | 42.3 | - | - | - |  | - |
| 102 | Copper ores | - | 43.4 | 43.5 | 44.0 | 42.6 | - | - | - |  |  |
| 11,12, | coal mining. | $\cdots$ | 41.0 | (*) | 39.1 | 40.8 | - |  | - |  |  |
| 12 | Bituminous. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Crude Petroleum and natural |  | 41.3 | (*) | 39.4 | 41.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | gas . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 42.7 | 43.1 | 42.2 | 42.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 131,2 | Crude petroleum and natural gas fields |  | 40.5 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 138 | Oil and gas field services ....... |  | 44.3 | 44.5 | 43.0 | 44.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Quarrying ano nonmetallic mining |  | 47.2 | 47.1 | 46.8 | 47.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 142 | Crushed and broken stone | - | 49.2 | 49.4 | 48.8 | 49.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION. | 38.3 | 38.4 | 39.0 | 37.0 | 38.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS | - | 36.8 | 37.1 | 35.6 | 37.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | heavy construction | - | 42.3 | 43.4 | 40.3 | 43.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 161 | Highway and street construction. | - | 43.6 | 44.8 | 41.2 | 44.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 162 | Other heavy construction | - | 40.7 | 41.7 | 39.3 | 42.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | special trade contractors . . . . | - | 37.7 | 38.1 | 36.5 | 37.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 171 | Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning | - | 39.3 | 39.4 | 38.0 | 39.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 172 | Painting, paperhanging, and decorating | - | 36.7 | 37.0 | 35.8 | 36.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 173 | Electrical work . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 33.6 | 39.5 | 37.4 | 39.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 174 | Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work | - | 35.5 | 35.8 | 34.6 | 36.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 176 | Roofing and sheet metal work . . . . | - | 35.5 | 36.2 | 35.1 | 36.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | MANUFACTURING. | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| 19,24,25,32-39 | durable goods | 42.3 | 42.0 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.0 |  |
| 20-23,26-31 | NONDURABLE GOODS | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.2 |
|  | Durable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | ordnance and accessories | 42.7 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 42.0 |  | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.4 |  |
| 192 | Ammunition, except for small arms | 41.9 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 41.8 | 42.4 |  | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 |
| 1925 | Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete | - | 42.3 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 42.9 |  | 3.3 | 3. | 3.3 | - |
| 194 | Sighting and fire control equipment | - | 40.8 | 41.3 | 40.5 | 40.6 |  |  | 3.4 | 1.8 |  |
| 191,3,5,6,9 | Other ordnance and accessories | 44.8 | 43.8 | 43.9 | 42.6 | 41.5 |  | 5.6 | 5.4 | 3.9 | 3.1 |
| 24 | LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE | 40.6 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 41.4 |  | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.2 |
| 242 | Sawmills and planing mills | 40.6 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 41.2 |  | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.3 |
| 2421 | Sawmills and planing mills, general | , | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 41.1 |  |  | - | - |  |
| 243 | Millwork, plywood, and related products | 41.0 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 41.5 | 42.1 |  | 4.1 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.6 |
| 2431 | Millwork . . . | - | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 41.5 |  | - | - | - |  |
| 2432 | Veneer and plywood | - | 42.1 | 41.3 | 42.7 | 42.7 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 244 | Wooden containers. | 41.9 | 42.2 | 41.5 | 40.8 | 41.3 |  | 4.5 | 4.5 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| 2441,2 | Wooden boxes, shook, and crates | - | 42.7 | 42.0 | 41.0 | 41.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 249 | Miscellaneous wood products. | 41.3 | 41.5 | 40.9 | 41.4 | 41.5 |  | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.7 |
| 25 | FURNITURE AND FIXTURES. | 41.9 | 42.1 | 40.7 | 41.7 | 42.0 |  | 4.3 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 3.8 |
| 251 | Hous ehold furniture | 41.4 | 41.5 | 40.1 | 41.5 | 41.6 |  | 4.0 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| 2511 | Wood house furniture, unupholstered. | . | 42.2 | 41.1 | 42.1 | 42.2 |  | 4.0 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 3. |
| 2512 | Wood house furniture, upholstered | - | 40.8 | 38.6 | 40.6 | 40.3 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 2515 | Mattresses and bedsprings | - | 40.6 | 39.2 | 41.5 | 41.5 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 252 | Office furniture . . . . . . | - | 44.0 | 42.5 | 43.4 | 43.4 |  | 5.6 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.6 |
| 254 | Partitions; of fice and store fixtures | , | 43.5 | 41.7 | 42.4 | 44.2 |  | 5.4 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 5.4 |
| 253,9 | Ocher furniture and fixtures | 42.9 | 43.2 | 42.5 | 41.7 | 42.5 |  | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 4.3 |
| 32 | stone, clay, and class products. | 42.3 | 42.3 | 42.0 | 42.3 | 42.5 |  | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.7 |
| 321 | Flat glass.... | , | 41.0 | 40.0 | 43.2 | 41.9 |  | 3.7 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 3.3 |
| 322 | Glass and glassware, pressed or blown | 41.2 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 40.2 |  | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 4.1 |
| 3221 | Glass containers . . . . . . . . . . | - | 40.9 | 40.4 | 39.8 | 40.1 |  | - | - | - |  |
| 3229 324 | Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c. | 41 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 40.3 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 324 <br> 325 | Cement, hydraulic | 41.4 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 42.4 | 40.9 | - | 3.1 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.4 |
| 325 3251 | Structural clay products . . . . | 41.2 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 41.9 | 42.3 | - | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.0 |
| 3251 326 | Brick and structural clay tile .... | - | 42.6 | 42.3 | 43.1 | 43.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 326 327 | Pottery and related products . . . . . | - | 40.2 | 39.0 | 39.9 | 39.8 |  | 2.9 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 2.2 |
| 327 | Concrete, gypsum and plaster products | 44.6 | 45.2 | 45.1 | 44.7 | 45.7 | - |  |  | 6.3 | 7.4 |
| 328,9 3291 | Other stone and mineral products Abrasive products. . . . . . | 42.0 | 42.1 40.7 | 41.7 41.8 | 41.8 40.3 | 42.1 | - | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.9 |

[^16]Table C.2, Gross hours and earnings of production workers,' by industry--Continued

| SIC Code | Industry | Average weeily eamings |  |  |  |  | Average hourly eamings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & .2966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Auge. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1.966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept.0 } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 3966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 3966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augo } \\ & 2965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Durable Goods-.Conthned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | Primary metal industries | \$141.01 | \$238.51 | \$136.86 | \$133.44 | \$232.51 | \$3.37 | \$3.29 | \$3.29 | \$3.20 | \$3.17 |
| 331 | Blast furnace and basic steel products | 148.10 | 145.85 | 147.03 | 138.29 | 139.67 | 3.56 | 3.54 | 3.56 | 3.44 | 3.39 |
| 3312 | Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills | - | 146.83 | 148.37 | 139.25 | 140.63 | - | 3.59 | 3.61 | 3.49 | 3.43 |
| 332 | Iron and steel foundries. | 129.17 | 126.82 | 121.13 | 126.88 | 121.13 | 2.99 | 2.97 | 2.94 | 2.91 | 2.85 |
| 3321 | Gray iton foundries. |  | 125.13 | 117.50 | 126.72 | 119.14 | - | 2.91 | 2.88 | 2.98 | 2.81 |
| 3322 | Malleable iron foundries | - | 127.7 | 122.00 | 123.97 | 118.44 | - | 3.07 | 3.05 | 2.98 | 2.91 |
| 3323 | Steel foundries |  | 129.50 | 127.62 | 128.18 | 126.73 | - | 3.04 | 3.01 | 2.94 | 2.92 |
| 333,4 | Nonfertous smelting and refining | 132.80 | 130.09 | 130.09 | 128.78 | 124.27 | 3.11 | 3.09 | 3.09 | 3.03 | 2.98 |
| 335 | Nonferrous solling, drawing, and extruding. | 139.33 | 136.89 | 133.55 | 133.32 | 130.20 | 3.11 | 3.09 | 3.07 | 3.03 | 3.00 |
| 3351 | Copper rolling, drawiag, and excruding. . | - | 144.32 | 143.87 | 139.46 | 138.12 | - | 3.20 | 3.19 | 3.12 | 3.09 |
| 3352 | Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding |  | 140.48 | 136.63 | 137.90 | 135.25 | - | 3.20 | 3.17 | 3.17 | 3.16 |
| 3357 | Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating . |  | 129.65 | 125.7 | 125.55 | 121.95 |  | 2.92 | 2.91 | 2.86 | 2.81 |
| 336 | Nonferrous foundries. | 121.98 | 119.29 | 114.80 | 112.47 | 111.64 | 2.85 | 2.82 | 2.80 | 2.7 | 2.69 |
| 3361 | Aluminum castings | - | 118.14 | 115.62 | 112.89 | 110.57 | - | 2.84 | 2.82 | 2.74 | 2.71 |
| 3362,9 | Other nonfertous eastings |  | 120.12 | 114.26 | 112.02 | 112.41 |  | 2.80 | 2.78 | 2.68 | 2.67 |
| 339 | Miscellaneous primary metal industries. | 152.68 | 147.15 | 141.86 | 144.86 | 1388.60 | 3.47 | 3.43 | 3.41 | 3.33 | 3.30 |
| 3391 | Iron and steel forgings | - | 151.50 | 146.01 | 150.60 | 143.79 | $-$ | 3.59 | 3.57 | 3.47 | 3.44 |
| 34 | fagricated metal products | 123.83 | 121.26 | 119.42 | 216.48 | 215.35 | 2.90 | 2.86 | 2.85 | 2.78 | 2.74 |
| 341 | Metal cans | 143.77 | 148.74 | 151.52 | 133.22 | 140.92 | 3.29 | 3.32 | 3.33 | 3.21 | 3.21 |
| 342 | Cutlery, hand rools, and general hardware | 115.79 | 113.30 | 109.76 | 111.90 | 108.50 | 2.77 | 2.73 | 2.7 | 2.69 | 2.64 |
| 3421,3,5 | Cutlery and hand tools, including saws |  | 112.17 | 108.67 | 106.40 | 105.73 |  | 2.69 | 2.67 | 2.57 | 2.56 |
| 3429 | Hardware, n.e.e. |  | 113.85 | 110.70 | 115.93 | 110.56 | - | 2.75 | 2.74 | 2.78 | 2.69 |
| 343 | Heating equipment and plumbiog firtures.. | (*) | 111.38 | 106.13 | 106.53 | 104.66 | (*) | 2.7 | 2.66 | 2.65 | 2.61 |
| 3431,2 | Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods. | $\underline{\sim}$ | 111.66 | 104.41 | 108.14 | 107.18 |  | 2.73 | 2.63 | 2.67 | 2.64 |
| 3433 | Heating equipment, except electric | - | 111.51 | 107.47 | 104.54 | 101.91 | - | 2.70 | 2.68 | 2.62 | 2.58 |
| 344 | Fabricated structural metal products | 121.82 | 120.69 | 118.56 | 116.06 | 116.33 | 2.88 | 2.86 | 2.85 | 2.77 | 2.75 |
| 3441 | Fabricated structural steel. |  | 123.83 | 120.22 | 120.13 | 120.98 |  | 2.90 | 2.89 | 2.84 | 2.82 |
| 3442 | Metal doors, sash, frames, and trim | - | 100. 37 | 98.98 | 97.92 | 99.07 | - | 2.46 | 2.45 | 2.40 | 2.37 |
| 3443 | Fabrieated plate work (boiler shops) |  | 126.18 | 125.04 | 122.11 | 120.25 | - | 2.99 | 2.97 | 2.88 | 2.87 |
| 3444 | Sheet metal work |  | 126.78 | 124.80 | 119.23 | 120.27 | - | 2.99 | 3.00 | 2.88 | 2.85 |
| 3446,9 | Archizecrural and misc, metal wor |  | 122.69 | 119.85 | 116.62 | 116.18 |  | 2.86 | 2.84 | 2.77 | 2.74 |
| 345 | Screw machine products, bolts, erc. | 127.27 | 124.08 | 121.67 | 120.50 | 119.30 | 2.86 | 2.82 | 2.81 | 2.77 | 2.73 |
| 3451 | Screw machine produces. | - | 119.17 | 118.09 | 112.04 | 111.89 | - | 2.69 | 2.69 | 2.63 | 2.59 |
| 3452 | Bolts, nuts, serews, rivets, and washers |  | 129.35 | 125.11 | 128.76 | 126.41 |  | 2.96 | 2.93 | 2.90 | 2.86 |
| 346 | Metal stampings . . . . . . | 136.28 | 137.82 | 129.74 | 126.10 | 122.96 | 3.14 | 3.08 | 3.06 | 2.96 | 2.90 |
| 347 | Coating, engraving, and allied services | 109.98 | 108.12 | 105.73 | 102.92 | 100.12 | 2.60 | 2.55 | 2.56 | 2.48 | 2.43 |
| 348 | Miscellan eous fabricsted wire products. | 114,01 | 110.72 | 110.04 | 105.50 | 103.58 | 2.67 | 2.63 | 2.62 | 2.53 | 2.49 |
| 349 | Miscellaneous fabricated metal products | (*) | 118.30 | 217.03 | 113.84 | 113.42 | (*) | 2.81 | 2.82 | 2.73 | 2.72 |
| 3494,8 | Valves, pipe, and pipe fietings. | - | 121.98 | 119.13 | 116.89 | 115.09 | ) | 2.87 | 2.85 | 2.77 | 2.76 |
| 35 | MACHINERY | 136.09 | 133.11 | 131.89 | 127.12 | 124.95 | 3.10 | 3.06 | 3.06 | 2.97 | 2.94 |
| 351 | Engines and turbines | 141.43 | 143.29 | 141.53 | 135.43 | 132.57 | 3.32 | 3.34 | 3.33 | 3.24 | 3.21 |
| 3511 | Steam engines and turbines. | - | 152.59 | 149.80 | 247.05 | 144.67 | 3.3 | 3.46 | 3.42 | 3.46 | 3.42 |
| 3519 | Internal combustion engines, $\mathbf{a}$.e. | - | 139.50 | 137.85 | 130.73 | 127.30 | - | 3.29 | 3.29 | 3.15 | 3.12 |
| 352 | Farm machinery and equipment |  | 127.72 | 124.85 | 122.72 | 117.97 |  | 3.10 | 3.06 | 2.95 | 2.92 |
| 353 | Construction and related machinery. | 135.10 | 133.92 | 132.25 | 126.65 | 124.66 | 3.12 | 3.10 | 3.09 | 2.98 | 2.94 |
| 3531,2 | Construction and mining machinery | - | 137.7 | 136.85 | 128.21 | 127.38 | - | 3.21 | 3.22 | 3.06 | 3.04 |
| 3533 | Oil field machinery and equipment | - | 121.98 | 119.57 | 118.56 | 117.70 | - | 2.85 | 2.82 | 2.77 | 2.75 |
| 3535,6 | Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes |  | 133.20 | 133.50 | 126.15 | 121.97 | $\cdots$ | 3.00 | 3.00 | 2.90 | 2.83 |
| 354 | Metalworking machinery and equipment. . . | 152.59 | 148.79 | 149.70 | 141.19 | 139.10 | 3.31 | 3.27 | 3.29 | 3.18 | 3.14 |
| 3541 | Machine tools, metal eutting types | - | 247.84 | 144.05 | 137.98 | 133.46 | - | 3.21 | 3.18 | 3.08 | 3.04 |
| 3544 3545 | Special dies, tools, ijgs , and fixtures . | - | 160.43 | 166.38 | 152.77 | 151.31 | - | 3.48 | 3.54 | 3.41 | 3.37 |
| 3542,8 | Machine tool accessories . . . . . . . . . Miscellaneous metalworking machinery. |  | 130.48 | 1374 | 133.11 | 133.15 |  | 3.05 | 3.16 | 2.93 | 2.93 |
| 355 | Miscellaneous metalworking machinery . Special industry machinery. . . . . . . . | 123.76 | 139.40 | 12.41 | 120.37 | 117.85 | 2.90 | 2.88 | 2.86 | 3.78 | 3.76 |
| 3551 | Food products machinery. | - | 132.44 | 129.43 | 125.70 | 125.27 | 2.90 | 3.01 | 3.01 | 2.93 | 2.92 |
| 3552 | Textile machinery . |  | 106.58 | 100.74 | 103.25 | 101.01 | - | 2.45 | 2.41 | 2.39 | 2.36 |
| 3555 | Printing trades machinery | - | 136.08 | 135.02 | 128.23 | 126.60 | - | 3.15 | 3.14 | 3.01 | 3.00 |
| 356 | General industrial machinery | 138.53 | 135.39 | 132.46 | 127.12 | 125.83 | 3.12 | 3.07 | 3.05 | 2.97 | 2.94 |
| 3561 | Pumps; air and gas compressors. | 130.53 | 130.98 | 128.92 | 120.13 | 120.13 | 3.12 | 2.97 | 2.95 | 2.82 | 2.82 |
| 3562 | Ball and roller beatings. | - | 140.94 | 135.53 | 135.52 | 132.24 | - | 3.16 | 3.13 | 3.08 | 3.04 |
| 3566 | Mechanical power transmission goods | - | 137.20 | 131.58 | 125.54 | 127.01 | - | 3.09 | 3.06 | 2.94 | 2.94 |
| 357 | Office, computing, and accounting machines | 131.52 | 128.42 | 129.36 | 127.02 | 124.27 | 3.08 | 3.05 | 3.08 | 3.01 | 2.98 |
| 3571 | Computing machines and eash registers. | - | 1.34.08 | 135.66 | 133.25 | 129.69 | - | 3.20 | 3.23 | 3.15 | 3.11 |
| 358 | Service industry machines | 115.23 | 113.99 | 114.12 | 109.35 | 110.15 | 2.79 | 2.76 | 2.77 | 2.70 | 2.68 |
| 3585 | Refrigeration, except home refrigerators. | - | 117.93 | 113.70 | 107.33 | 107.87 | - | 2.75 | 2.78 | 2.69 | 2.67 |
| 359 | Niscellaneous machinery. | 129.94 | 125.86 | 124.85 | 119.56 | 119.11 | 2.92 | 2.88 | 2.87 | 2,80 | 2.77 |

[^17]Table C-2: Gross hours and arnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

| SIC Code | Industry | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overrime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 2966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augo } \\ & 2966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { गuly } \\ 1966 \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sext. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sent. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juny } \\ & 3966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ause. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Durable Goods --Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | Primary metal industries . . . . . . . . | 42.6 | 42.1 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.8 | - | 4.2 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.7 |
| 331 | Blast tumace and basic steel products.. | 41.6 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 40.2 | 41.2 | - | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 2.8 |
| 3312 | Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills . . | - | 40.9 | 42.1 | 39.9 | 41.0 | - | - | $-$ | - | - |
| 332 | Iron and steel foundries . | 43.2 | 42.7 | 41.2 | 43.6 | 42.5 | - | 5.1 | 4.5 | 5.7 | 5.1 |
| 3321 | Gray iron foundries. | - | 43.0 | 40.8 | 44.0 | 42.4 | - | - | - | $\cdots$ | - |
| 3322 | Malleable iron foundries | - | 41.6 | 40.0 | 41.6 | 40.7 | - | - | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 3323 | Steel foundries | - | 42.6 | 42.4 | 43.6 | 43.4 | - | - | $\sim$ | - | $\cdots$ |
| 333,4 | Nonferrous smelting and refining . . | 42.7 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 42.5 | 41.7 | - | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.3 |
| 335 | Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding. | 44.8 | 44.3 | 43.5 | 44.0 | 43.4 | - | 6.1 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.1 |
| 3351 | Copper rolling, drawing, and exeruding. . | - | 45.1 | 45.1 | 44.7 | 44.7 | - | - | 5 | - | - |
| 3352 | Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding | - | 43.9 | 43.1 | 43.5 | 42.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3357 | Nonferrous wite drawing and insulating | - | 44.4 | 43.2 | 43.9 | 43.4 | $\cdots$ |  | - | - | $\cdots$ |
| 336 | Nonferrous foundries. | 42.8 | 42.3 | 41.0 | 41.5 | 41.5 | $\square$ | 4.7 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.5 |
| 3361 | Aluminum castings. | - | 41.6 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 40.8 | - |  |  | - |  |
| 3362,9 | Other nonferrous castings | , | 42.9 | 41.1 | 41.8 | 42.1 | - | - | - | 5 | - |
| 339 | Miscellaneous primary metal industries. | 44.0 | 42.9 | 41.6 | 43.5 | 42.0 | - | 5.9 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 4.9 |
| 3391 | Iron and steel forgings | - | 42.2 | 40.9 | 43.4 | 41.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 34 | FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS . . . . . . | 42.7 | 42.4 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 42.1 | - | 4.7 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.0 |
| 341 | Metal cans...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 43.7 | 44.8 | 45.5 | 41.5 | 43.9 | - | 5.6 | 6.9 | 4.3 | 5.0 |
| 342 | Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware . | 41.8 | 41.5 | 40.5 | 41.6 | 41.1 | - | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.0 |
| 3421,3,5 | Cutlery and hand tools, ineluding saws | - | 41.7 | 40.7 | 41.4 | 41.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3429 | Hardware, n.e.c. . . . . . . . | - | 41.4 | 40.4 | 41.7 | 41.2 | - | - | - | - | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ |
| 343 | Heating equipment and plumbing fixtures.. | (*) | 41.1 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 40.2 | - | 3.0 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 2.5 |
| 3431,2 | Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods. | - | 40.9 | 39.7 | 40.5 | 40.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3433 | Heating equipment, except electric. | - | 41.3 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 39.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 344 | Fabricared structural metal products. | 42.3 | 42.2 | 41.6 | 41.9 | 42.3 | - | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 |
| 3441 | Fabricated structural steel. . . | - | 42.7 | 41.6 | 42.3 | 42.9 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 3442 | Metal doors, sash, frames, and trim | - | 40.8 | 40.4 | . 40.8 | 41.8 | - |  | - | - |  |
| 3443 | Fabricated plate work (boiler shops) . . . | - | 42.2 | 42.1 | 42.4 | 41.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3444 | Sheet metal work . . . . . . . . | - | 42.4 | 42.6 | 41.4 | 42.2 | - |  | - | - | - |
| 3446,9 | Architectural and miss, metal work. | - | 42.2 | 42.2 | 42.1 | 42.4 | - |  | 5 | - | 5 |
| 345 | Serew machine products, bolts, etc. | 44.5 | 44.0 | 43.3 | 43.5 | 43.7 | $\cdots$ | 6.6 | 5.9 | 5.4 | 5.1 |
| 3451 | Screw machine products. . . . . . . . . . | - | 44.3 | 43.9 | 42.6 | 43.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3452 | Boles, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers | $\cdots$ | 43.7 | 42.7 | 44.4 | 44.2 | - | - | $\sim$ | - | 4 |
| 346 | Metal starnpings . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 43.4 | 42.8 | 42.4 | 42.6 | 42.4 | - | 5.5 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 4.8 |
| 347 | Coating, engraving, and allied services . - | 42.3 | 42.4 | 41.3 | 42.5 | 41.2 | - | 5.4 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.0 |
| 348 | Miscellaneous fabricated wire products. . . | 42.7 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 41.7 | 41.6 | - | 4.6 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 3.9 |
| 349 | Miscellaneous fabricatedmetal produ cts . . | (*) | 42.1 | 41.5 | 41.7 | 41.7 | - | 4.2 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.4 |
| 3494,8 | Valves, pipe, andpipe fittings . . . . | ( | 42.5 | 41.8 | 42.2 | 41.7 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 35 | mACHinery. | 43.9 | 43.5 | 43.1 | 42.8 | 42.5 | - | 5.4 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 4.4 |
| 351 | Engines and turbines . . . . | 42.6 | 42.9 | 42.5 | 41.8 | 41.3 | - | 5.9 | 5.8 | 4.5 | 4.1 |
| 3511 | Steam engines and turbines | - | 44.1 | 43.8 | 42.5 | 42.3 | - | $\underline{-}$ | - | - | - |
| 3519 | Internal combustion engines, n .e | - | 42.4 | 41.9 | 41.5 | 40.8 | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | - |
| 352 | Farm machinery and equipment | - | 41.2 | 40.8 | 41.6 | 40.4 | - | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 2.5 |
| 353 | Construction and related machinery. | 43.3 | 43.2 | 42.8 | 42.5 | 42.4 | - | 5.0 | 5.2 | 4.2 | 4.1 |
| 3531,2 | Construction and mining machinery | - | 42.9 | 42.5 | 41.9 | 41.9 | $\cdots$ | - | - | - | - |
| 3533 | Oil field machinery and equipment . . . | - | 42.8 | 42.4 | 42.8 | 42.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3535,6 | Conveyors, hoiste, and industrial cranes | $\bar{\square}$ | 44.4 | 44.5 | 43.5 | 43.1 | - | - | $-$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| 354 | Metalworking machinery and equipment . . | 46.1 | 45.5 | 45.5 | 44.4 | 44.3 | - | 7.2 | 7.4 | 6.1 | 6.0 |
| 3541 | Machine tools, metal cutting types. . . . | - | 46.2 | 45.3 | 44.8 | 43.9 | - | - |  | $\sim$ | - |
| 3544 | Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures . . | - | 46.1 | 47.0 | 44.8 | 44.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3545 | Machine tool acressories. . . . . . . . . | - | 45.4 | 45.2 | 4.1 | 44.3 | - | * | - | - | - |
| 3542,8 | Miscellaneous metalworking machinery . | - | 44.0 | 43.5 | 43.5 | 43.8 | - | $\square$ | - | - | 4 |
| 395 | Special industry machinery . . . . . . . . . | 44.4 | 43.8 | 42.8 | 43.3 | 42.7 | - | 5.4 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.4 |
| 3551 | Food produces machinery . . . . . . . . . | - | 44.0 | 43.0 | 42.9 | 42.9 | - |  |  | - | - |
| 3552 | Textile machinery . . . . | - | 43.5 | 41.8 | 43.2 | 42.8 | - | - | - | $\sim$ | - |
| 3555 | Printing trades machinery . | 44 | 43.2 | 43.0 | 42.6 | 42.2 | - |  | 5.0 |  |  |
| 356 | General industrial machinery. | 44.4 | 44.1 | 43.1 | 42.8 | 42.8 | - | 5.8 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.4 |
| 3561 | Pumps; air and gas compressors. | - | 44.1 | 43.7 | 42.6 | 42.6 | $\cdots$ | - |  |  | - |
| 3562 | Ball and roller bearings. . . . . . . . . . | - | 44.6 | 43.3 | 44.0 | 43.5 | $\square$ | - | - |  | - |
| 3566 | Mechanical power transmission goods .. | - | 44.4 | 43.0 | 42.7 | 43.2 | - | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 2.9 |
| 357 | Office, computing, and accounting machines | 42.7 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 41.7 | - | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 2.9 |
| 3571 | Computing machines and cash regiaters. | 41.3 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 42.3 | 41.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 358 | Service industry machines . . . . . . . . . | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 40.5 | 41.1 | - | 3.4 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 3.0 |
| 3585 359 | Refrigeration, except home refrigetators. Miscellaneous machinery . . . . . . . | 44.5 | 40.7 43.7 | 40.9 43.5 | 39.9 42.7 | 40.4 43.0 | - | 6.0 | 5.9 | 4.8 | 5.2 |

See foomores at end of table. NOTE: Date for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.
295-027 O- $66-5$

Toble C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry-.Continued

| SIC Code | Induscry | Average weekly eamings |  |  |  |  | Average hourly eamings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{JuLy} \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuLy } \\ & 2966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 2965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Durable Goods--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | electrical equipment and SUPPLIES | \$109.98 | \$107.68 | \$106.11 | \$105.67 | \$104.60 | \$2.65 | \$2.62 | \$2.62 | \$2.59 | \$2.57 |
| 361 | Electric distribution equipment | 118.58 | 115.64 | 127.46 | 113.58 | 173.16 | 2.79 | 2.76 | 2.79 | 2.75 | 2.74 |
| 3611 | Electric measuring instuments | - | 100.30 | 102.36 | 101.00 | 99.94 | - | 2.52 | 2.54 | 2.50 | 2.48 |
| 3612 | Power and disuribution transformers. | - | 125.57 | 121.84 | 120.41 | 120.98 | - | 2.88 | 2.86 | 2.86 | 2.86 |
| 3613 | Switchgear and switchboard apparams. | - | 121.69 | 127.60 | 118.98 | 118.69 |  | 2.87 | 2.94 | 2.86 | 2.86 |
| 362 | Electrical industrial apparatus | 121.26 | 117.18 | 118.15 | 113.15 | 111.78 | 2.82 | 2.79 | 2.78 | 2.72 | 2.70 |
| 3621 | Motors and generators. |  | 118.58 | 119.28 | 116.20 | 113.85 | - | 2.81 | 2.80 | 2.78 | 2.75 |
| 3622 | Industrial controls | - | 114.26 | 113.55 | 109.45 | 108.09 |  | 2.74 | 2.71 | 2.65 | 2.63 |
| 363 | Household appliances | 122.25 | 119.13 | 116.28 | 114.93 | 113.42 | 2.89 | 2.85 | 2.85 | 2.81 | 2.78 |
| 3632 | Household refrigerators and freezers |  | 133.88 | 133.03 | 126.58 | 124.34 | - | 3.15 | 3.13 | 3.11 | 3.07 |
| 3633 | Household laundry equipment.. | - | 124.49 | 117.32 | 119.14 | 116.76 | - | 2.95 | 2.97 | 2.92 | 2.89 |
| 3634 | Electric housewares and fans. . . \%i** |  | 96.93 | 93.22 | 98.33 | 97.27 | - | 2.37 | 2.36 | 2.41 | 2.39 |
| 364 | Electric Lighting and wiring equipment* | 102.34 | 101.68 | 99.20 | 100.37 | 98.01 | 2.49 | 2.48 | 2.48 | 2.46 | 2.42 |
| 3641 | Electric lamps | , | 105.37 | 100.73 | 104.30 | 101.05 | - | 2.57 | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.52 |
| 3642 | Lighting fixtures | - | 100.70 | 98.40 | 99.88 | 96.72 | - | 2.45 | 2.46 | 2.46 | 2.40 |
| 3643,4 | Wiring devices ${ }^{* *}$ | - | 101.27 | 98.49 | 98.98 | 98.16 | - | 2.47 | 2.45 | 2.42 | 2.40 |
| 365 | Radio and TV receiving sets. | 95.41 | 95.71 | 91.57 | 92.90 | 92.06 | 2.35 | 2.34 | 2.33 | 2.34 | 2.29 |
| 366 | Communication equipment. | 122.64 | 118.37 | 117.33 | 118.12 | 116.88 | 2.92 | 2.88 | 2.89 | 2.86 | 2.83 |
| 3661 | Telephone and celegraph appararus | - | 118.15 | 112.81 | 119.94 | 120.25 | - | 2.91 | 2.90 | 2.89 | 2.87 |
| 3662 | Radio and TV communication equipment | - | 118.40 | 119.52 | 116.60 | 114.93 | $\bigcirc$ | 2.86 | 2.88 | 2.83 | 2.81 |
| 367 | Electronic components and accessoties . . | 91.83 | 91.48 | 89.27 | 88.62 | 86.72 | 2.29 | 2.27 | 2.26 | 2.21 | 2.19 |
| 3671.3 | Electron rubes | - | 110.34 | 102.06 | 104.17 | 102.50 | - | 2.56 | 2.52 | 2.51 | 2.50 |
| 3674,9 | Electronic components, a.e.c. | - | 87.34 | 86.46 | 84.96 | 83.32 | - | 2.20 | 2.20 | 2.14 | 2.12 |
| 369 | Misc. electrical equipment and supplies | 119.43 | 114.00 | 114.34 | 113.15 | 111.78 | 2.92 | 2.85 | 2.88 | 2.78 | 2.76 |
| 3694 | Electrical equipment for engines. |  | 113.75 | 118.50 | 117.60 | 115.53 | - | 2.97 | 3.00 | 2.94 | 2.91 |
| 37 | TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 143.65 | 139.77 | 137.94 | 135.01 | 130.82 | 3.38 | 3.32 | 3.30 | 3.23 | 3.16 |
| 371 | Motor vehicles and equipment | 150.23 | 142.35 | 140.42 | 142.13 | 136.45 | $3 \cdot 51$ | 3.43 | 3.40 | 3.36 | 3.28 |
| 3711 | Motor vehicles. | - | 143.64 | 145.25 | 147.13 | 138.85 | - | 3.60 | 3.50 | 3.47 | 3.42 |
| 3712 | Passenger car bodies | - | 160.58 | 136.04 | 124.25 | 135.68 | - | 3.86 | 3.58 | 3.50 | 3.47 |
| 3713 | Truck and bus bodies | - | 125.40 | 118.69 | 111.11 | 174.33 | - | 2.93 | 2.86 | 2.71 | 2.69 |
| 3714 | Motor vehicle parts and accessories. |  | 144.16 | 141.02 | 146.40 | 139.10 | - | 3.40 | 3.39 | 3.35 | 3.25 |
| 372 | Aircraft and parts. | 144.72 | 144.86 | 142.23 | 130.73 | 130.52 | 3.35 | 3.33 | 3.30 | 3.15 | 3.13 |
| 3721 | Aircraft .. |  | 145.92 | 144.14 | 128.93 | 131.67 |  | 3.37 | 3.36 | 3.16 | 3.15 |
| 3722. | Aircraft engines and engine parts |  | 144.62 | 140.61 | 133.56 | 127.30 | - | 3.34 | 3.27 | 3.18 | 3.12 |
| 3723,9 | Other aircraft parts and equipment. | - | 141.19 | 138.53 | 131.75 | 131.82 |  | 3.18 | 3.17 | 3.10 | 3.08 |
| 373 | Ship and boar building and repairing | 129.74 | 129.34 | 130.29 | 123.32 | 120.50 | 3.18 | 3.17 | 3.17 | 3.03 | 2.99 |
| 3731 3732 | Ship building and repairing. |  | 136.45 | 136.86 | 129.88 | 126.36 | - | 3.32 | 3.33 | 3.16 | 3.12 |
| 3732 | Boat building and repairing | - | 97.51 | 100.53 | 90.71 | 92.98 | - | 2.45 | 2.44 | 2.35 | 2.36 |
| 374 | Railroad equipment . | - | 133.87 | 136.68 | 130.25 | 125.19 | - | 3.33 | 3.35 | 3.24 | 3.21 |
| 375,9 | Other transportation equipment | - | 97.68 | 93.30 | 96.93 | 95.82 | - | 2.40 | 2.38 | 2.33 | 2.32 |
| 38 | instruments and related products | 113.82 | 111.90 | 11.90 | 108.99 | 108.05 | 2.71 | 2.69 | 2.69 | 2.62 | 2.61 |
| 381 | Engineeriog and scientific instruments |  | 128.29 | 131.89 | 124.80 | 125.63 | - | 3.04 | 3.06 | 3.00 | 3.02 |
| 382 | Mechanical measuring and control devices | 115.50 | 113.01 | 112.19 | 110.35 | 109.41 | 2.75 | 2.71 | 2.71 | 2.64 | 2.63 |
| 3821 | Mechanical measuring devices | - | 117.00 | 116.45 | 111.72 | 171.04 | - | 2.74 | 2.74 | 2.66 | 2.65 |
| 3822 | Automatic temperature controls. | - | 107.60 | 105.60 | 107.64 | 107.01 | - | 2.67 | 2.66 | 2.60 | 2.61 |
| 383,5 | Optical and ophthalmic goods | 104.41 | 101.26 | 101.92 | 99.96 | 98.28 | 2.48 | 2.44 | 2.45 | 2.38 | 2.34 |
| 385 | Ophthalmic goods |  | 92.21 | 93.25 | 90.45 | 88.17 |  | 2.26 | 2.28 | 2.19 | 2.14 |
| 384 | Surgical, medical, and dental equipment. | 94.42 | 93.56 | 91.94 | 90.40 | 89.55 | 2.32 | 2.31 | 2.31 | 2.26 | 2.25 |
| 386 | Photographic equipment and supplies | (*) | 131.33 | 131.58 | 127.15 | 124.95 | (*) | 3.09 | 3.06 | 2.95 | 2.94 |
| 387 | Watches and clocks. | - | 92.48 | 91.35 | 86.94 | 87.23 | - | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.19 | 2.17 |
| 39 | misc. manufacturing industries. | 89.42 | 88.00 | 86.24 | 85.20 | 85.01 | 2.23 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 2.13 | 2.12 |
| 391 | Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware | 104.25 | 101.68 | 95.35 | 97.06 | 94.53 | 2.50 | 2.45 | 2.42 | 2.35 | 2.30 |
| 394 | Toys, amusement, and sporting goods | - | 78.80 | 77.60 | 76.82 | 76.44 | - | 1.99 | 2.00 | 1.94 | 1.94 |
| 3941-3 | Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles | - | 76.82 | 75.08 | 74.26 | 73.88 | - | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.88 | 1.88 |
| 3949 | Sporting and achlecic goods, n.e.c.. | - | 83.37 | 81.72 | 82.58 | 81.16 | - | 2.10 | 2.09 | 2.08 | 2.06 |
| 395 | Pens, pencils, office and art materials. | - | 85.60 | 84.02 | 84.46 | 83.84 | - | 2.14 | 2.16 | 2.07 | 2.06 |
| 396 | Cosrume je welry, butcons, and notions. | - | 80.40 | 78.56 | 77.62 | 77.41 | - | 2.02 | 2.03 | 1.96 | 1.94 |
| 393,8,9 | Other manufacturing industries | 95.60 | 94.80 | 93.62 | 92.63 | 92.69 | 2.39 | 2.37 | 2.37 | 2.37 | 2.30 |
| 393 | Musical instruments and parts Nondurable Goods |  | 98.01 | 97.28 | 99.29 | 97.99 | - | 2.42 | 2.42 | 2.41 | 2.39 |
| 20 | FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS | 104.00 | 103.09 | 105.59 | 100.60 | 99.60 | 2.50 | 2.49 | 2.52 | 2.43 | 2.40 |
| 201 | Meat products | 114.24 | 109.20 | 109.74 | 110.46 | 105.63 | 2.72 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.63 | 2.57 |
| 2011 | Meat packing. | - | 127.82 | 128.85 | 131.33 | 124.44 | - | 3.08 | 3.09 | 3.04 | 2.97 |
| 2013 | Sausages and ocher prepared reats | - | 117.26 | 120.96 | 117.88 | 113.57 | - | 2.86 | 2.88 | 2.82 | 2.77 |
| 2015 | Poulery dressing and packing |  | 67.72 | 66.36 | 62.65 | 62.02 | - | 1.71 | 1.68 | 1.59 | 1.57 |

[^18]Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers,' by industry--Continued

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SIC } \\ & \text { Code } \end{aligned}$ | Industry | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Durable Goods -.Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | electrical equipment and | 41.5 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 40.7 | - | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
| 361 | Electric distribution equipment | 42.5 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 41.3 | 41.3 | - | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 2.8 |
| 3611 | Electric measuring instruments. | - | 39.8 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 40.3 |  |  |  | - | - |
| 3612 | Power and distribution transfomers. | - | 43.6 | 42.6 | 42.1 | 42.3 |  |  | - | - | - |
| 3613 | Switchgear and switchboard apparatus. | - | 42.4 | 43.4 | 41.6 | 41.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 362 | Electrical industrial apparatus | 43.0 | 42.0 | 42.5 | 41.6 | 41.4 | - | 4.4 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 3.1 |
| 3621 | Motors and generators. | - | 42.2 | 42.6 | 41.8 | 41.4 | - |  |  | 3. |  |
| 3622 | Industrial controls | - | 41.7 | 41.9 | 41.3 | 41.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 363 | Household appliances | 42.3 | 41.8 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 40.8 | - | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 2.6 |
| 3632 | Household refrigerators and freezers | - | 42.5 | 42.5 | 40.7 | 40.5 | - | - | - |  | - |
| 3633 | Hou sehold laundry equipment. | - | 42.2 | 39.5 | 40.8 | 40.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3634 | Electric housewares and fans. | - | 40.9 | 39.5 | . 40.8 | 40.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 364 | Electric lighting and wiring equipment | 41.1 | 41.0 | 40.0 | 40.8 | 40.5 | - | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.6 |
| 3641 | Electric lamps | - | 41.0 | 39.5 | 40.9 | 40.1 | - | - | - |  | - |
| 3642 | Lighting fixtures | - | 41.1 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 40.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3643,4 | Wiring devices. | - | 41.0 | 40.2 | 40.9 | 40.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 365 | Radio and TV receiving sets. | 40.6 | 40.9 | 39.3 | 39.7 | 40.2 | - | 3.1 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 2.6 |
| 366 | Communication equipment. . | 42.0 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 41.3 | 41.3 | - | 3.0 | 2.7 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 2.9 |
| 3661 | Telephone and telegraph apparatus |  | 40.6 | 38.9 | 41.5 | 41.9 | - | - | - |  |  |
| 3662 | Radio and TV communication equipment | - | 41.4 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 40.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 367 | Electronic components and accessories. . | 40.1 | 40.3 | 39.5 | 40.1 | 39.6 | - | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.3 |
| 3671-3 | Electroa cubes |  | 43.1 | 40.5 | 41.5 | 41.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3674,9 | Electronic components, n.e.c. | - | 39.7 | 39.3 | 39.7 | 39.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 369 | Misc. electrical equipment and supplies | 40.9 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 40.7 | 40.5 | - | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.6 |
| 3694 | Electrical equipment for engines. | - | 38.3 | 39.5 | 40.0 | 39.7 |  |  | - |  | - |
| 37 | TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 42.5 | 42.1 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 41.4 |  | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.1 |
| 371 | Mocor vehicles and equipment | 42.8 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 42.3 | 41.6 |  | 5.0 | 4.4 | 5.0 | 4.8 |
| 3711 | Motor vehicles. | - | 39.9 | 41.5 | 42.4 | 40.6 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3712 | Passenger car bodies | - | 41.6 | 38.0 | 35.5 | 39.1 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 3713 | Truck and hus bodies | - | 42.8 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 42.5 |  | - | - | - |  |
| 3714 | Motor vehicle parts and accessories. | - | 42.4 | 41.6 | 43.7 | 42.8 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 372 | Aircraft and parts. | 43.2 | 43.5 | 43.1 | 41.5 | 41.7 |  | 5.2 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 3.6 |
| 3721 | Aircraft |  | 43.3 | 42.9 | 40.8 | 41.8 |  | - |  |  |  |
| 3722 | Aircraft engines and engine parts | - | 43.3 | 43.0 | 42.0 | 40.8 |  |  | - | - | - |
| 3723,9 | Other aircraft parrs and equipment. | - | 44.4 | 43.7 | 42.5 | 42.8 |  |  | - | - | - |
| 373 | Ship and boat building and repairing | 40.8 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 40.7 | 40.3 |  | 3.7 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.0 |
| 3731 | Ship building and repairing. | - | 41.1 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 40.5 |  |  | - | 3.9 |  |
| 3732 | Boat building and repairing | - | 39.8 | 41.2 | 38.6 | 39.4 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 374 | Railroad equipment. | - | 40.2 | 40.8 | 40.2 | 39.0 |  | 3.4 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 2.4 |
| 375,9 | Other transportation equipment | - | 40.7 | 39.2 | 41.6 | 41.3 | . | 3.1 | 2.6 | 3.8 | 3.4 |
| 38 | INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS . . | 42.0 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 41.4 |  | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 2.9 |
| 381 | Engineering and scientific instruments | . | 42.2 | 43.1 | 41.6 | 41.6 |  | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.2 |
| 382 | Mechanical measuring and control devices | 42.0 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 41.8 | 41.6 |  | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.1 |
| 3821 | Mechanical measuriag devices | . | 42.7 | 42.5 | 42.0 | 41.9 |  | 3. | 3.9 | 3 | 3.1 |
| ${ }_{3822}^{382}$ | Automatic temperature controls. | - | 40.3 | 39.7 | 41.4 | 41.0 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 383,5 385 | Oprical and ophthalmic goods . Ophchalmic goods | 42.1 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 42.0 | 42.0 |  | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.3 |
| 385 384 | Ophchalmic goods . . . . . . . . . . . . | -7 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 41.2 |  | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 1.8 |
| 384 386 | Surgical, medical, and dental equipment . Photographic equipment and supplies . . | 40.7 | 40.5 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 39.8 | - | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| 386 387 | Photographic equipment and supplies . Watches and clocks . . . . . . . . . | (*) | 42.5 | 43.0 40.6 | 43.1 39.7 | 42.5 40.2 | - | 4.0 2.6 | 3.9 2.3 | 4.5 2.7 | 3.5 2.9 |
| 39 | misc. manufacturing industries | 40.1 | 40.0 | 39.2 | 40.0 | 40.1 | - |  | 2.3 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| 391 | Jewelry, silverwate, and plated ware | 41.7 | 41.5 | 39.4 | 41.3 | 41.1 | - | 4.2 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 3.4 |
| 394 | Toys, amusement, and sporting goods. | - | 39.6 | 38.8 | 39.6 | 39.4 | - | 2.9 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
| 3941-3 | Toys, games, dolls, and play vebicles | - | 39.6 | 38.7 | 39.5 | 39.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3949 | Sporting and athietic goods, n.e.c..... | - | 39.7 | 39.1 | 39.7 | 39.4 | - |  | - | 28 | 27 |
| 395 | Pens, pencils, office and art materials. | - | 40.0 | 38.9 | 40.8 | 40.7 | - | 2.5 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
| 396 | Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions. | - | 39.8 | 38.7 | 39.6 | 39.9 | - | 2.9 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| 393,8,9 | Other manufacturing industries | 40.0 | 40.0 | 39.5 | 40.1 | 40.3 | - | 2.8 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 2.7 |
| 393 | Musical instruments and parts | - | 40.5 | 40.2 | 41.2 | 41.0 | - | 2.6 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 2.7 |
| 20 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nondurable Goods } \\ \text { FOOD ANO KINDRED PRODUCTS } \end{gathered}$ | 41.6 | 41.4 | 41.9 | 41.4 | 41.5 |  | 4.0 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 3.8 |
| 201 | Meat products | 42.0 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 42.0 | 41.1 |  | 4.3 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.1 |
| 2011 | Meat packing. . | - | 41.5 | 41.7 | 43.2 | 41.9 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Sausages and orbet prepared meats | - | 41.0 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 41.0 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Poultry dressing and packing | - | 39.6 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.5 |  | - | - | - |  |

[^19]Table C.2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry..-Continued

| SKCCode | Lndustry | Average weekly eamings |  |  |  |  | Average hourly eerniage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug: } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{JRLIF} \\ & 1066 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { segto } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ATEEO } \\ & 1065 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept } \\ & 2966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Auge } \\ & 2066 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3475 \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { septe } \\ & 19650 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug: } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Nondurable Goods .-.Contimued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 202 | POOD AND KIMDRED PRODUCTS.Contioued | \$111. 19 | \$108.97 | \$112.92 | \$106.85 | \$104.90 | \$2.61 | \$2.57 | \$2.59 | \$2.52 | \$2.48 |
| 2024 | Ice sream and trozen deas | - | 106.23 | 117.30 | 106.23 | 104.17 | \$2.61 | 2.61 | 2.63 | 2.61 | 2.51 |
| 2026 | Fluid milk | - | 113.48 | 116.75 | 112.23 | 110.17 |  | 2.67 | 2.69 | 2.61 | 2.58 |
| 203 | Canned and preserred food, except meata . | - | 86.27 | 82.58 | 80.58 | 81.61 |  | 2.13 | 2.08 | 2.04 | 2.02 |
| 2031,6 | Canned, cured mad frozen eca foods | - | 73.83 | 68.35 | 61.76 | 70.12 |  | 1.99 | 1.92 | 1.79 | 1.89 |
| 2032,3 | Canned food, except sen foods |  | 89.38 | 89.04 | 84.04 | 84.05 |  | 2.18 | 2.11 | 2.07 | 2.06 |
| 2037 | Frozen food, except sea fooda |  | 84.66 | 74.66 | 77.03 | 80.06 |  | 2.04 | 2.04 | 1.95 | 1.92 |
| 204 | Grein mill products. | 122.55 | 118.95 | 120.38 | 117.86 | 115.79 | 2.67 | 2.62 | 2.60 | 2.54 | 2.49 |
| 2041 | Flour and other grain mill products |  | 127.68 | 130.20 | 133.44 | 127.30 |  | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2.78 | 2.72 |
| 2042 | Prepared feeda for animals and fowla, . |  | 102.46 | 104,06 | 100.38 | 100.94 |  | 2,18 | 2.15 | 2.10 | 2.06 |
| 205 | Bakery products, | 105.18 | 105.41 | 106.71 | 102.47 | 101.66 | 2.61 | 2.59 | 2.59 | 2.53 | 2.51 |
| 2051 | Bread, cake, and perist able producta . | - | 108.50 | 108.36 | 104.86 | 103.63 |  | 2.64 | 2.63 | 2.57 | 2.54 |
| 2052 | Biscuit, erackers, and pretzela. | - | 94.32 | 98.23 | 95.12 | 95.52 | - | 2.40 | 2.39 | 2.39 | 2.40 |
| 206 | Sugar. . . . | - | 122.11 | 127.75 | 119.57 | 120.53 |  | 2.88 | 2.93 | 2.82 | 2.79 |
| 207 | Confectionery and related products | 89.91 | 89.28 | 87.36 | 87.12 | 86.67 | 2.22 | 2.21 | 2.24 | 2.13 | 2.14 |
| 2091 | Candy andother confectionery producta. |  | 84.99 | 83.59 | 83.23 | 82.81 |  | 2.13 | 2.16 | 2.05 | 2.06 |
| 208 | Beverages. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 117.91 | 119.55 | 130.23 | 114.49 | 174.54 | 2.89 | 2.86 | 2.92 | 2.82 | 2.78 |
| 2082 | Nait liquors | - | 154.19 | 169.51 | 146.03 | 146.69 | - | 3.77 | 3.87 | 3.66 | 3.64 |
| 2086 | Bottled and canned soft drinks | - | 93.96 | 102.93 | 85.88 | 87.49 |  | 2.16 | 2.19 | 2.04 | 2.03 |
| 209 | Miscellaneous food and kindred products. | 103.57 | 101.99 | 101.50 | 99.92 | 99.17 | 2.46 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 2.34 | 2.35 |
| 21 | TOBACCO MANUPACTURERS | 83.13 | 83.76 | 87.23 | 78.21 | 77.90 | 2.11 | 2.17 | 2.32 | 1.98 | 2.05 |
| 214 | Cigasettes. | 3.13 | 106.11 | 104.72 | 96.10 | 97.38 | - | 2.70 | 2.72 | 2.64 | 2.59 |
| 212 | Cigars' | - | 65.67 | 63.71 | 65.11 | 65.32 | - | 1.77 | 1.76 | 1.70 | 1.72 |
| 22 | TEXTILE MILL PROPUCTS | 82.96 | 83.16 | 81.76 | 78.62 | 79.19 | 1.99 | 1.98 | 1.97 | 1.89 | 1.89 |
| 221 | Coreon broad woven fabrics. | 86.86 | 86.43 | 85.63 | 81.60 | 81.60 | 2.02 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 1.92 | 1.92 |
| 222 | Silk and syndecic broad woven fabrics | 86.90 | 89.59 | 89.35 | 85.06 | 85.61 | 2.04 | 2.05 | 2.04 | 1.96 | 1.95 |
| 223 | Weaviag and finishing hroad woolens | 87.98 | 88.60 | 88.39 | 84.58 | 85.34 | 2.08 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 1.99 | 1.98 |
| 224 | Narrow fabries and smallwares | 81.71 | 81.45 | 80.48 | 75.85 | 75.85 | 1.95 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.65 | 1.85 |
| 225 | Kairing | 72.37 | 73.47 | 70.27 | 69.03 | 69.70 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.83 | 1.77 | 1.76 |
| 2251 | Women's full and knee length hosiery |  | 72.73 | 67.70 | 68.64 | 70.58 | - | 1.86 | 1.82 | 1.76 | 1.76 |
| 2292 | All other hosiery | - | 63.24 | 61.34 | 60.04 | 60.37 | - | 1.63 | 1.61 | 1.58 | 1.56 |
| 2253 | Knit ousterwers. | - | 77.79 | 73.48 | 72.39 | 72.57 | - | 2.01 | 1.97 | 1.69 | 1.88 |
| 2234 | Knit underwens | - | 68.95 | 68.11 | 64.85 | 65.40 | - | 1.75 | 1.72 | 1.68 | 1.66 |
| 226 | Finishing cextiles, except wool and knit. | 92.24 | 91.38 | 89.03 | 85.68 | 86.09 | 2.15 | 2.14 | 2.13 | 2.04 | 2.04 |
| 227 | Floor covering. |  | 85.17 | 80.39 | 84.78 | 85.94 |  | 1.99 | 1.98 | 1.94 | 1.94 |
| 228 | Yarn and thread | 79.24 | 78.81 | 78.07 | 75.05 | 75.50 | 1.86 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.77 | 1.76 |
| 229 | Miaceliman cous textile goods | 95.44 | 93.51 | 92.65 | 89.25 | 87.57 | 2.23 | 2.19 | 2.18 | 2.11 | 2.09 |
| 23 | APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS | 67.45 | 70.11 | 67.88 | 67.33 | 67.34 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.83 |
| 231 | Men's and boys' suits and coats | 85.57 | 87.19 | 85.03 | 83.54 | 83.44 | 2.24 | 2.23 | 2.22 | 2.21 | 2.19 |
| 232 | Men's aod boys' furnishings | 59.20 | 60.10 | 58.56 | 58.28 | 58.14 | 1.60 | 1.59 | 1.57 | 1.55 | 1.53 |
| 2321 | Men's and boys' ohites and nightwear | - | 59.19 | 57.04 | 58.28 | 57.23 | - | 1.57 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.51 |
| 2327 | Men'a and boys' separate trousers | - | 59.57 | 59.28 | 57.60 | 58.37 | - | 1.58 | 1.56 | 1.54 | 1.54 |
| 2328 | Work eloching |  | 58.27 | 56.54 | 56.17 | 56.92 |  | 1.54 | 1.52 | 1.49 | 1.49 |
| 239 | Women's, minses', and juniors' oucerwear . | 68.04 | 73.56 | 71.90 | 69.14 | 71.14 | 2.10 | 2.18 | 2.09 | 2.07 | 2.05 |
| 2331 | Women's blouses, waiers, and shirea. . . | - | 60.70 | 60.19 | 59.68 | 60.37 | - | 1.78 | 1.76 | 1.74 | 1.72 |
| 2335 | Women's, misses', and juniors' dressen | - | 72.79 | 69.96 | 68.04 | 69.55 | - | 2.16 | 2.12 | 2.10 | 2.07 |
| 2339 | Womeq's auita, akists, mad comes. . | - | 88.35 | 87.54 | 82.99 | 86.27 | - | 2.51 | 2.48 | 2.47 | 2.43 |
| 2339 | Women'a andmiasen' outerwerr, $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{e} . \mathrm{c}$. . |  | 63.47 | 63.10 | 60.36 | 61.35 | - | 1.72 | 1.71 | 1.71 | 1.69 |
| 234 | Women': mand childrea's undergamencs. | 62.95 | 63.92 | 61.99 | 61.92 | 61.66 | 1.72 | 1.70 | 1.68 | 1.66 | 1.64 |
| 2341 | Wowen's and children's under | - | 61.99 | 60.43 | 59.78 | 60.04 |  | 1.64 | 1.62 | 1.59 | 1.58 |
| 2342 | Corseta and allied gaments. | - | 67.70 | 65.52 | 65.87 | 64.96 |  | 1.82 | 1.82 | 1.79 | 1.77 |
| 235 | Hasa, espa, and millinery . | - | 75.40 | 72.28 | 71.57 | 73.14 | - 7 | 2.00 | 1.98 | 1.95 | 1.94 |
| 236 | Girls' nod children's outerwers. | 59.51 | 63.86 | 63.86 | 60.33 | 61.75 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.69 | 1.66 |
| 2361 | Children's deasace, blouses, mend ahirts. |  | 61.76 | 62.07 | 58.12 | 60.42 | - | 1.73 | 1.71 | 1.67 | 1.66 |
| ${ }_{239}{ }^{237}$ | Fur gooda and miacellaneous apparel . . . |  | 74.23 75.64 | 73.43 | 72.86 | 72.56 | 2.00 | 1.99 | 1.99 | 1.98 | 1.94 |
| 239 | Miseellaneous fabricated eszilie products. | 75.40 | 75.64 65.66 | 69.92 | 74.50 | 71.25 | 2.00 | 1.98 | 1.90 | 1.93 | 1.68 |
| 2391,2 | Housefurnishings. | - | 65.66 | 62,22 | 65.57 | 63.29 | - | 1.71 | 1.70 | 1.69 | 1.67 |
|  | Paper and alliled products |  | 120.34 | 220.50 | 216.48 | 115.18 | 2.79 | 2.76 | 2.77 | 2.69 | 2.66 |
| 261,2,6 | Paper and pulp | 138,60 | 136.95 | 137.56 139.38 | 132.16 134.85 | 129.20 | 3.08 | 3.05 | 3.05 | 2.95 | 2.91 |
| 264 | Paperboned . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 139.67 | 137.20 | 139.38 103.91 | 134.85 99.77 | 134.52 98.95 | 3.09 2.51 | 3.09 2.48 | 3.07 2.46 | 3.01 2.41 | 2.95 2.39 |
| 2643 | Baga, except textile baga . . . . . . . . |  | 97.53 | 97.88 | 93.61 | 93.89 | 2.51 | 2.35 | 2.37 | 2.30 | 2.29 |
| 265 | Paperbound sootciners and bozes. . . . . . | 211.63 | 110.08 | 108.54 | 106.75 | 105.72 | 2. 59 | 2.56 | 2.56 | 2.50 | 2.47 |
| 2651,2 | Foldiag nod setup paperboned borea. . . |  | 97.58 | 95.65 | 93.34 | 93.34 |  | 2.34 | 2.35 | 2.26 | 2.26 |
| 2653 | Corrugreed and solid fiber bozen . . . . . | - | 119.07 | 116.21 | 118.01 | 126.25 | - | 2.70 | 2.69 | 2.67 | 2.63 |

[^20]Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry..Continued

| $\underset{\text { Code }}{\text { SIC }}$ | Industry | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overrime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { yuny } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AuIf. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 2966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aude. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juny } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Nondurable Goods..Comtinued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUC Ps-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 202 | Dairy products | 42.6 | 42.4 | 43.6 | 42.4 | 42.3 | - | 3.8 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 3.6 |
| 2024 | lice cream and frozen desserts. | - | 40.7 | 44.6 | 40.7 | 41.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2026 | Fluid milk | - | 42.5 | 43.4 | 43.0 | 42.7 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 203 | Canned and preserved food, except meats. | - | 40.5 | 39.7 | 39.5 | 40.4 | - | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 2.9 |
| 2031,6 | Canned, cured and frozen sea foods | - | 37.1 | 35.6 | 34.5 | 37.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2032,3 | Canned food, expept sea foods | - | 41.0 | 42.2 | 40.6 | 40.8 | - | - |  |  |  |
| 2037 | Frozen food, except sea foods | - | 41.5 | 36.6 | 39.5 | 41.7 | - |  |  | , |  |
| 204 | Grain mill produers. | 45.9 | 45.4 | 46.3 | 46.4 | 46.5 | - | 7.0 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 7.6 |
| 2041 | Flour and other grain mill products |  | 45.6 | 46.5 | 48.0 | 46.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2042 | Prepared feeds for animals and fowls. | - | 47.0 | 48.4 | 47.8 | 49.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 205 | Bakery products. | 40.3 | 40.7 | 41.2 | 40.5 | 40.5 | - | 3.8 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 3.4 |
| 2051 | Bread, cake, and perishable products. | - | 41.1 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 40.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2052 | Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels. | - | 39.3 | 41.1 | 39.8 | 39.8 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 206 | Sugar. | - | 42.4 | 43.6 | 42.4 | 43.2 | - | 4.0 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 4.5 |
| 207 | Confectionery and related products | 40.5 | 40.4 | 39.0 | 40.9 | 40.5 | - | 3.1 | 2.3 | 3.4 | 2.9 |
| 2071 | Candy and other confectionery products. | - | 39.9 | 38.7 | 40.6 | 40.2 | - |  | 2.3 | 3.4 | 2.9 |
| 208 | Beverages. | 40.8 | 41.8 | 44.6 | 40.6 | 41.2 | - | 4.2 | 6.7 | 3.4 | 3.6 |
| 2082 | Malt liquors | - | 40.9 | 43.8 | 39.9 | 40.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2086 | Bottled and canned soft drinks |  | 43.5 | 47.0 | 42.1 | 43.1 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 209 | Miscellaneous food and kindred products. | 42.1 | 41.8 | 41.6 | 42.7 | 42.2 | $\cdots$ | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.2 |
| 21 | tobacco manufacturers | 39.4 | 38.6 | 37.6 | 39.5 | 38.0 | - | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.2 |
| 211 | Cigarettes. |  | 39.3 | 38.5 | 36.4 | 37.6 | - | 2.2 | 2.5 | . 7 | . 7 |
| 212 | Cigars | - | 37.1 | 36.2 | 38.3 | 38.2 | - | . 9 | . 8 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| 22 | TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS | 41.7 | 42.0 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 41.9 | - | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.3 |
| 221 | Cotton broad woven fabrics. | 43.0 | 43.0 | 42.6 | 42.5 | 42.5 | - | 5.0 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 4.7 |
| 222 | Silk and syathetic broad woven fabrics | 42.6 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 43.4 | 43.9 | - | 5.2 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.4 |
| 223 | Weaving and finishing broad woolens | 42.3 | 42.8 | 42.7 | 42.5 | 43.1 |  | 4.4 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.5 |
| 224 | Narrow fabrics and smallwares | . 41.9 | 42.2 | 41.7 | 41.0 | 41.0 |  | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.4 |
| 225 | Knitting . . . . . . . . . . . | '38.7 | 39.5 | 38.4 | 39.0 | 39.6 | - | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| 2251 | Women's fulland knee length hosiery | - | 39.1 | 37.2 | 39.0 | 40.1 | - |  | - | - |  |
| 2252 | All other hosiery | - | 38.8 | 38.1 | 38.0 | 38.7 | - |  | - | - | - |
| 2253 | Knit outerwear. |  | 38.7 | 37.3 | 38.3 | 38.6 | - |  | - | - | - |
| 2254 | Knit underwear . . . . | O | 39.4 | 39.6 | 38.6 | 39.4 | - |  | - | - |  |
| 226 | Finishing textiles, except wool and knit. | 42.9 | 42.7 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 42.2 | - | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| 227 | Floor covering. |  | 42.8 | 40.6 | 43.7 | 44.3 | - | 4.8 | 3.5 | 5.6 | 6.2 |
| 228 | Yam and thread. | 42.6 | 42.6 | 42.2 | 42.4 | 42.9 | - | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.9 |
| 229 | Miscellaneous textile goods | 42.8 | 42.7 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 41.9 | - | 4.6 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 4.1 |
| 23 | apparel and related products | 35.5 | 36.9 | 36.3 | 36.2 | 36.8 | - | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| 231 | Men's and boys' suits and coars | 38.2 | 39.1 | 38.3 | 37.8 | 38.1 | - | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| 2321 | Men's and boys' fumishings . . . . . . | 37.0 | 37.8 | 37.3 | 37.6 | 38.0 | - | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| 2321 2327 | Men's and boys's shirts and nightwear | - | 37.7 | 36.8 | 37.6 | 37.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2327 2328 | Men's and boys' separate trousers. | - | 37.7 | 38.0 | 37.4 | 37.9 | - |  | - | - | - |
| 233 | Work clothing . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4 | 37.8 | 37.2 | 37.7 | 38.2 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 2331 | women 's, misses', and juniors outerwear Women's blouses, waists, and shirs. . | 32.4 $\sim$ | 34.7 34.1 | 34.4 34.2 | 33.4 34.3 | 34.7 35.1 | - | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.4 |
| 2339 | Women's, misses', and juniors' dresses |  | 34.7 | 33.0 | 32.4 | 33.6 | - |  | - | - |  |
| 2337 | Women's suits, skirts, and coats . . . . . | - | 35.2 | 35.3 | 33.6 | 35.5 | - | - | - |  |  |
| 2339 | Women's and misses' outerwear, n.e.c.. . |  | 36.9 | 36.9 | 35.3 | 36.3 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 234 | Women's and children's undergaments. | 36.6 | 37.6 | 36.9 | 37.3 | 37.6 | - | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.6 |
| 2341 | Women's and children's underwear. |  | 37.8 | 37.3 | 37.6 | 38.0 | - | - |  |  | - |
| 2342 | Corsets and allied gaments . . . . . . . |  | 37.2 | 36.0 | 36.8 | 36.7 | - |  | - | - |  |
| 235 | Hats, caps, and millinery | - | 37.7 | 36.0 | 36.7 | 37.7 |  | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
| 236 | Girls' and children's outerwear . . . . . . | 34.2 | 36.7 | 36.7 | 35.7 | 37.2 | - | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.8 |
| 2361 | Children's dresses, blouses, and shirts. |  | 35.7 | 36.3 | 34.8 | 36.4 |  |  |  | - |  |
| 237,8 | Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel . . . |  | 37.3 | 36.9 | 36.8 | 37.4 |  | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| 239 | Miscellaneous fabricated textile products. | 37.7 | 38.2 | 36.8 | 38.6 | 37.9 | - | 2.3 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.6 |
| 2391,2 | Housefurnishings . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 38.4 | 36.6 | 38.8 | 37.9 | - |  | $\underline{-}$ |  |  |
| 26 | Paper and allied products. | 43.8 | 43.6 | 43.5 | 43.3 | 43.3 | - | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.2 |
| 261,2,6 | Paper and pulp | 45.0 | 44.9 | 45.1 | 44.8 | 44.4 | - | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 5.9 |
| 263 | Paperboard. . . | 45.2 | 44.4 | 45.4 | 44.8 | 45.6 | $\sim$ | 7.3 | 7.6 | 8.4 | 7.7 |
| 264 | Converted paper and paperboard products. | 42.3 | 42.2 | 41.9 | 41.4 | 41.4 | - | 4.4 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 3.5 |
| 2643 | Bags, except textile bags . . . . . . . . | - | 41.5 | 41.3 | 40.7 | 41.0 |  | 5 | , | . | - |
| 265 | Paperboard containers and boxes . . . . . . | 43.1 | 43.0 | 42.4 | 42.7 | 42.8 | - | 5.1 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 4.8 |
| 26s1,2 | Folding and setup paperboard boxes. . . | - | 41.7 | 40.7 | 41.3 | 41.3 | - | - | . | . | - |
| 2653 | Corrugated and solid fiber bores . . . . . | - | 44.1 | 43.8 | 44.2 | 44.2 | - | - | - | - | - |

[^21]Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers! by industry-Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | Industry | Average weekly enminge |  |  |  |  | Average hourly earoings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus\% } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug, } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Auge }_{2} \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ju1y } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept.a. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Aug; } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Nonderable Goods..Cowtinued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | printing, publishing, and allied INDUSTRIES | \$125.44 | \$123.17 | \$121.83 | \$120.59 | \$118. 81 | \$3.20 | \$3.15 | \$3.14 | \$3.10 | \$3 07 |
| 271 | Newspaper publishing and priatiog. | 127.00 | 125.17 | 124.17 | 122.30 | 119.49 | 3.47 | 3.42 | 3.43 | 3.36 | 3.31 |
| 272 | Periodical publisting and printing | - | 132.93 | 132.75 | 131.05 | 129.60 | - | 3.25 | 3.27 | 3.22 | 3.20 |
| 273 | Books | - | 116.05 | 114.11 | 114.93 | 115.18 | - | 2.75 | 2.73 | 2.73 | 2.71 |
| 275 | Commercial princing | 129.77 | 123.24 | 126.25 | 123.47 | 121.75 | 3.22 | 3.19 | 3.18 | 3.11 | 3.09 |
| 2751 | Commercial printing, except litho | - | 124.97 | 121.60 | 120.17 | 117.48 | - | 3.14 | 3.11 | 3.05 | 3.02 |
| 2752 | Commercial priating, lichographic | - | 133.66 | 133.82 | 130.33 | 130.65 | - | 3.26 | 3.28 | 3.21 | 3.21 |
| 278 | Bookbiading and related industries | 93.31 | 93.45 | 92.19 | 92.19 | 90.40 | 2.43 | 2.39 | 2.37 | 2.37 | 2.33 |
| 274,6,7,9 | Other publishing end printing industries . | 127.20 | 124.23 | 123.00 | 121.99 | 121.60 | 3.27 | 3.21 | 3.17 | 3.12 | 3.11 |
| 28 | Cnemicals amd allied products | 126.12 | 125.70 | 126.00 | 123.65 | 120.93 | 3.01 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 2.93 | 2.9 C |
| 281 | Industrial cbemicals. | 140.53 | 139.77 | 141.53 | 140.15 | 136.18 | 3.33 | 3.32 | 3.33 | 3.29 | 3.25 |
| 2812 | Alkalies and chlorine | - | 136.90 | 139.26 | 137.76 | 131.70 | - | 3.31 | 3.30 | 3.28 | 3.22 |
| 2818 | Industrial organic chemicals, n.e.c. | - | 150.23 | 153.64 | 147.23 | 145.69 | - | 3.51 | 3.54 | 3.44 | 3.42 |
| 2819 | Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c. | - | 132.57 | 133.22 | 136.31 | 131.75 | - | 3.21 | 3.21 | 3.23 | 3.19 |
| 282 | Plastics materials and synthetics | 124.62 | 125.21 | 126.52 | 123.69 | 121.11 | 2.96 | 2.96 | 2.97 | 2.89 | 2.87 |
| 2821 | Plastics materials and resins | 124.62 | 136.53 | 138.71 | 134.77 | 132.24 | - | 3.11 | 3.11 | 3.07 | 3.04 |
| 2823,4 | Synthetic fibers | - | 112.75 | 113.44 | 112.83 | 109.59 | - | 2.75 | 2.76 | 2.68 | 2.66 |
| 283 | Drugs | 113.83 | 110,28 | 110.68 | 107.13 | 105.32 | 2.79 | 2.75 | 2.76 | 2.64 | 2.62 |
| 2834 | Pharmaceurical preparations | - | 106.13 | 104.79 | 103.48 | 101.26 |  | 2.68 | 2.68 | 2.60 | 2.57 |
| 284 | Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods | 120.89 | 122.93 | 121.42 | 116,62 | 114.65 | 2.92 | 2.92 | 2.94 | 2.81 | 2.81 |
| 2841 | Soap and detergents | - | 152.95 | 150.15 | 143.52 | 141.76 | - | 3.50 | 3.50 | 3.33 | 3.32 |
| 2844 | Toilet preparations. | - | 97.27 | 96.38 | 93.30 | 91.26 |  | 2.39 | 2.44 | 2.35 | 2.34 |
| 285 | Paints, yamishes, and allied products | 120.98 | 119.00 | 118.01 | 114.68 | 114.24 | 2.86 | 2.84 | 2.83 | 2.75 | 2.72 |
| 287 | Agricultural chemicals | 105.33 | 104.16 | 104.23 | 101.76 | 99.39 | 2.49 | 2.48 | 2.47 | 2.40 | 2.37 |
| 2871,2 | Fertilizers, complete and mixing only. | - | 99.66 | 99.54 | 97.06 | 94.62 | - | 2.39 | 2.37 | 2.30 | 2.28 |
| 286,9 | Other chemical products PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED | 123.22 | 120.80 | 120.38 | 119.14 | 118.16 | 2.92 | 2.89 | 2.88 | 2.33 | 2.80 |
| 29 | industries | 145.27 | 142.30 | 147.06 | 143.12 | 138.78 | 3.41 | 3.38 | 3.42 | 3.29 | 3.25 |
| 291 | Petroleum refining | 150.00 | 148.16 | 153.91 | 148.94 | 143.03 | 3.58 | 3.57 | 3.63 | 3.48 | 3.43 |
| 295,9 | Other petroleum and coal products. | 130.05 | 123.36 | 125.27 | 123.85 | 123.47 | 2.89 | 2.81 | 2.79 | 2.71 | 2.69 |
| 30 | RUbBER and miscellaneous plastics Products . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 114.75 | 111.45 | 110.27 | 110.46 | 110.30 | 2.70 | 2.66 | 2.67 | 2.63 | 2.62 |
| 301 | Tires and inner tubes | 170.25 | 163.91 | 162.94 | 162.62 | 163.08 | 3.75 | 3.70 | 3.72 | 3.63 | 3.60 |
| 302,3,6 | Ocher rubber products | 110.14 | 107.33 | 104.34 | 103.22 | 102.75 | 2.61 | 2.58 | 2.57 | 2.53 | 2.50 |
| 307 | Miscellaneous plastics products | 95.26 | 93.11 | 92.21 | 93.21 | 91.91 | 2.29 | 2.26 | 2.26 | 2.23 | 2.22 |
| 31 | Leather and leather products | 74.66 | 75.46 | 74.49 | 71.82 | 72.19 | 1.97 | 1.93 | 1.91 | 1.90 | 1.88 |
| 311 | Leacher tanning and finishing | 101.20 | 100.19 | 100.19 | 98.40 | 97.75 | 2.53 | 2.48 | 2.43 | 2.40 | 2.39 |
| 314 | Footwear, except rubber | 71.63 | 73.13 | 72.71 | 63.63 | 69.34 | 1.90 | 1.88 | 1.85 | 1.84 | 1.82 |
| 312,3,5-7,9 | Other leather products. . | 72.76 | 73.71 | 70.88 | 70.87 | 70.67 | 1.93 | 1.89 | 1.88 | 1.86 | 1.85 |
| 317 | Handbags and perssmal leacher goods | . | 69.55 | 68.63 | 67.69 | 68.04 | - | 1.84 | 1.84 | 1.81 | 1.80 |
| - | TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 II | RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION: Class I railroads ${ }^{2}$. |  | (*) | (*) | 131.54 | 129.77 |  | (*) | (*) | 3.01 | 2.99 |
|  | Local and imterurban passenger tramsit: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 411 | Local and suburban transportation | - | 114.44 | 114.59 | 109.56 | 110.33 | - | 2.68 | 2.69 | 2.59 | 2.59 |
| 413 | Interciry and rural bus lines | - | 160.51 | 148.50 | 138.34 | 143.04 | - | 3.33 | 3.30 | 3.12 | 3.13 |
| 42 | MOTOR FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 422 | Public warehousing | - | 98.29 | 98.33 | 94.16 | 96.05 | - | 2.38 | 2.41 | 2.28 | 3.36 |
| 46 | Pipelime transportation | - | 147.65 | 150.38 | 147.84 | 145.73 | . | 3.61 | 3.65 | 3.52 | 3.52 |
| 48 | communication | - | 117.62 | 119.19 | 118.12 | 113.52 | - | 2.39 | 2.90 | 2.86 | 2.31 |
| 481 | Telephone communication | - | 112.61 | 114.12 | 112.75 | 108.27 | - | 2.76 | 2.77 | 2.73 | 2.63 |
| 4817 | Switchboard operatiog employees ${ }^{3}$ | - | 82.88 | 85.20 | 82.43 | 30.22 | - | 2.24 | 2.25 | 2.21 | 2.18 |
| 4818 | Line construction employees ${ }^{4}$ | - | 160.20 | 162.74 | 164.00 | 154.25 | - | 3.46 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 3.39 |
| 482 | Telegraph communications. | - | 131.07 | 131.07 | 126.15 | 126.00 | - | 3.02 | 3.02 | 2.90 | 2.89 |
| 483 | Radio and celevision broadcasting | - | 150.08 | 152.05 | 153.03 | 146.43 | - | 3.79 | 3.83 | 3.76 | 3.67 |
| 49 | electric, gas, and sanitary services | - | 136.54 | 139.35 | 133.36 | 130.60 | - | 3.29 | 3.31 | 3.21 | 3.17 |
| 491 | Electric companies and systems . . . . . | - | 139.61 | 143.90 | 137.10 | 133.31 | - | 3.34 | 3.37 | 3.28 | 3.22 |
| 492 | Gasa companies and systems. | - | 124.64 | 124.64 | 123.07 | 119.77 | - | 3.04 | 3.04 | 2.98 | 2.95 |
| 493 | Combined utility systems | - | 148.57 | 152.70 | 145.05 | 141.59 | - | 3.58 | 3.61 | 3.47 | 3.42 |
| 4947 | Water, stemm, mod sanitary systems. . . . | - | 109.74 | 112.17 | 107.01 | 106.85 | - | 2.67 | 2.69 | 2.56 | 2.55 |

See footnotes ar end of rable. NOTE: Daca for the 2 mose recent monchs are preliminary.

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers,' by industry-Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { SIC } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ | Industry | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug, } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} J u 1 y \\ \\ \hline \end{array} \mathbf{2 6 6 6} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug。 } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Aug. } \\ 1965 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | Nondurable Goods-.Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | printing, publishing, and allied |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | INOUSTRIES | 39.2 | 39.1 | 38.8 | 38.9 | 38.7 | - | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.2 |
| 271 | Newspaper publishing and princing. | 36.6 | 36.6 | 36,2 | 36.4 | 36.1 | - | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.3 |
| 272 | Periodical publishing and priating. | - | 40.9 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.5 | - | 4.5 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 3.3 |
| 273 | Books | - | 42.2 | 41.8 | 42.1 | 42.5 | - | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.6 |
| 275 | Commercial princing | 40.3 | 40.2 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.4 | - | 4.2 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.3 |
| 2751 | Commercial printing, except litho . | - | 39.8 | 39.1 | 39.4 | 38.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2752 | Commercial printing, lithographic | - | 41.0 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 40.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 278 | Bookbinding and related industries | 38.4 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 38.9 | 38.8 | - | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.5 |
| 274,6,7,9 | Other publishing and printing industries | 38.9 | 38.7 | 38.8 | 39.1 | 39.1 | - | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.5 |
| 28 | CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS. | 41.9 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 41.7 | - | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.0 |
| 281 | Iodustial chemicals. | 42.2 | 42.1 | 42.5 | 42.6 | 41.9 | - | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.1 |
| 2812 | Alkalies and chlorine |  | 41.3 | 42.2 | 42.0 | 40.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2818 | Industrial organic chemicals, n.e.c. | - | 42.8 | 43.4 | 42.8 | 42.6 | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2819 | Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c.. | - | 41.3 | 41.5 | 42.2 | 41.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 282 | Plastics materials and ayochetics . . | 42.1 | 42.3 | 42.6 | 42.8 | 42.2 | - | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.1 |
| 2821 | Plastics canterials and reains . . . . . . |  | 43.9 | 44.6 | 43.9 | 43.5 | - |  | - | - |  |
| 2823,4 | Syncheric fibers. | - | 41.0 | 41.1 | 42.1 | 41.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 283 | Drugs | 40.8 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 40.6 | 40.2 | - | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| 2834 | Phamaceutical preparations | - | 39.6 | 39.1 | 39.8 | 39.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 284 | Soap, cleaners, and wilet goods | 41.4 | 42.1 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 40.8 | - | 3.8 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.8 |
| 2841 | Soap and detergents. |  | 43.7 | 42.9 | 43.1 | 42.7 | - |  |  | - |  |
| 2844 | Toilet preparations | - | 40.7 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 285 | Paints, varnishes, and allied products. | 42.3 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 42.0 | - | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| 287 | Agricultural chemicals | 42.3 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 42.4 | 41.9 | - | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| 2871,2 | Fertilizers, complete and mixing only | - | 41.7 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 41.5 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 286,9 | Other chemical products . . . | 42.2 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 42.1 | 42.2 |  | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.1 |
|  | PEtroleum refining and related |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | industries. | 42.6 | 42.1 | 43.0 | 43.5 | 42.7 | . | 2.9 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.2 |
| 291 | Petroleum refining | 41.9 | 41.5 | 42.4 | 42.8 | 41.7 | - | 2.0 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| 295,9 | Other petroleum and coal products. . . . rubber and miscellaneous plastics | 45.0 | 43.9 | 44.9 | 45.7 | 45.9 | - | 5.7 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.8 |
| 30 | Products | 42.5 | 41.9 | 41.3 | 42.0 | 42.1 | - | 4.3 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.1 |
| 301 | Tires and inner tubes | 45.4 | 44.3 | 43.8 | 44.8 | 45.3 |  | 5.9 | 5.8 | 6.6 | 6.3 |
| 302,3,6 | Other rubber products | 42.2 | 41.6 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 41.1 |  | 4.0 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 |
| 307 | Miscellaneous plastics products | 41.6 | 41.2 | 40.3 | 41.8 | 41.4 | - | 4.0 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 3.9 |
| 31 | Leather and leather products | 37.9 | 39.1 | 39.0 | 37.8 | 38.4 | - | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 311 | Leather tanning and finishing | 40.0 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 41.0 | 40.9 |  | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.0 |
| 314 | Footwear, except rubber | 37.7 | 38.9 | 39.3 | 37.3 | 38.1 |  | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| 312,3,5-7,9 | Other leather products | 37.7 | 39.0 | 37.7 | 38.1 | 38.2 | - | 2.3 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| 317 | Handbags and personal leather goods. | - | 37.8 | 37.3 | 37.4 | 37.8 | - | 2.3 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| - | TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\ldots$ | railroad transportation: Class I railroads ${ }^{2}$. |  | (*) | (*) | 43.7 | 43.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | local and interurban passenger tRANSIT: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 411 | Local and suburban transportation. | - | 42.7 | 42.6 | 42.3 | 42.6 | . |  | - |  |  |
| 413 | Interciry and rural bus lines . | - | 48.2 | 45.0 | 44.5 | 45.7 |  | . | - | - | . |
| 42 | MOtor freight transportation ahd Storage . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| 422 | Public warehousing | - | 41.3 | 40.8 | 41.3 | 40.7 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 46 | Pipeline transportation | - | 40.9 | 41.2 | 42.0 | 41.4 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 48 | communication | - | 40.7 | 41.1 | 41.3 | 40.4 |  | - | - | - | - |
| 481 | Telephone communication | - | 40.8 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 40.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4817 | Switchboard operating employees ${ }^{3}$. | - | 37.0 | 37.7 | 37.3 | 36.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4818 | Line canstruction employees ${ }^{4}$ | - | 46.3 | 46.9 | 47.4 | 45.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 482 | Telegraph communication ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | - | 43.4 | 43.4 | 43.5 | 43.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 483 | Radio and television broadcasting | $\checkmark$ | 39.6 | 39.7 | 40.7 | 39.9 | . | - | - | - | - |
| 49 | electric, gas, and samitary services | - | 41.5 | 42.1 | 41.7 | 41.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 491 | Electric companies and systems . . . . | - | 41.8 | 42.7 | 41.8 | 41.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 492 | Gas companies and systems. | - | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 40.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 493 | Combined utility sy stems | - | 41.5 | 42.3 | 41.8 | 41.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 494.7 | Water, steam, and sanitary systems. . . . | - | 41.1 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 41.9 |  | - | - | - | - |

[^22]Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry.-Continued

| SIC Code | Lodustry | Average weekly earnings |  |  |  |  | Average hourly eamings |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sent. 1,866 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adug } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \sqrt[3]{3}] \\ & \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { segt. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ango } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Saxt } \\ & \hline 1906 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Auge } \\ & 1906 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3515 \\ 19666 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | 19\%\% |
| - | WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE | \$79.70 | \$80.73 | \$80.94 | \$77. 25 | \$77.75 | \$2.16 | \$2.13 | \$2.13 | \$2.06 | \$2.03 |
| 50 | wholssale trade . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 112.20 | 111.25 | 112.20 | 106.90 | 106.34 | 2.75 | 2.72 | 2.73 | 2.62 | 2.60 |
| 301 | Motor vehicl es and automotive equipment | [12.20 | 103.49 | 105.58 | 101.82 | 99.72 | 2.7 | 2.47 | 2.49 | 2.43 | 2.38 |
| 302 | Druga, chemicals, and allied producss. . | - | 112.96 | 114.33 | 110.16 | 108.27 | - | 2.81 | 2.83 | 2.72 | 2.68 |
| 303 | Dry grods and apparel . . . . . . . . . | - | 108.67 | 107.82 | 104.23 | 104.23 | - | 2.83 | 2.83 | 2.75 | 2.75 |
| 504 | Groceries and related products | - | 103.91 | 105.75 | 97.44 | 98.29 | - | 2.51 | 2.50 | 2.40 | 2.38 |
| 506 | Electical goods . . . . . . . . | - | 123.94 | 123.48 | 123.55 | 121.41 | - | 2.93 | 2.94 | 2.88 | 2.85 |
| 307 | Hasdware, plumbiog, and heating goods. | - | 106.49 | 106.34 | 103.53 | 103.32 | - | 2.61 | 2.60 | 2.55 | 2.52 |
| 508 | Machinery, equipment, and supplies. . . | - | 123.49 | 123.37 | 115.51 | 116.06 | - | 2.99 | 2.98 | 2.79 | 2.79 |
| 509 | Miscellaneous mbolesalers |  | 210.70 | 111.10 | 107.33 | 107.06 | - | 2.74 | 2.75 | 2.67 | 2.65 |
| \$2-59 | RETAALL TRADE | 68,90 | 70.11 | 70.48 | 67.16 | 68.07 | 1.93 | 1.90 | 1.91 | 1.84 | 1.82 |
| 53 | General merchandise stores |  | 62.59 | 62.93 | 60.50 | 60.19 |  | 1.83 | 1.84 | 1.79 | 1.76 |
| 531 | Depariment stores | - | 66.84 | 67.18 | 64.51 | 64.22 | - | 1.96 | 1.97 | 1.92 | 1.90 |
| 532 | Mail order houses | - | 72.07 | 71.55 | 72.67 | 70.56 | - | 2.03 | 2.05 | 1.98 | 1.96 |
| 533 | Limited price variecy stores . . . . . . . | - | 47.53 | 47.23 | 44.47 | 45.44 | - | 1.49 | 1.49 | 1.43 | 1.42 |
| 54 | Food stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 74.62 | 75.05 | 71.76 | 72.78 | - | 2.12 | 2.12 | 2.08 | 2.05 |
| 541-3 | Grocery, meat, and vegerable stores. | - | 75.90 | 76.33 | 73.35 | 74.05 | - | 2.15 | 2.15 | 2.12 | 2.08 |
| 56 | Apparel and accessories stores .... | - | 59.84 | 60.52 | 57.61 | 57.97 | - | 2.76 | 1.78 | 1.73 | 1.69 |
| 361 | Men's and boys' apparel store\#. . . . . | - | 74.01 | 74.78 | 69.26 | 71.00 | - | 2.05 | 2.06 | 1.94 | 1.94 |
| 562 | Women's ready-m-wear stores | - | 52.63 | 54.26 | 51.81 | 51.10 | - | 1.59 | 1.61 | 1.57 | 1.53 |
| 569 | Family cloching stores | - | 59.31 | 60.12 | 57.11 | 58.14 | - | 1.76 | 1.80 | 1.71 | 1.70 |
| 566 | Shoe stores . . . | - | 60.86 | 59.88 | 59.33 | 58.65 | - | 1.79 | 1.82 | 1.86 | 1.72 |
| 57 | Furaiture and appllance stoces . . . . . . | - | 91.37 | 92.77 | 88.75 | 89.20 | - | 2.29 | 2.30 | 2,23 | 2.23 |
| 571 | Furniture and home fumishings . . . . . | - | 97.43 | 90.12 | 87.96 | 87.78 | - | 2.28 | 2.27 | 2.21 | 2.20 |
| 58 | Eacing and drinking places ${ }^{6}$. . . . . . . | - | 48.93 | 48.79 | 45.46 | 46.70 | - | 1.39 | 1.39 | 1.31 | 1.29 |
| 52,53,59 | Other retail emade . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 86.90 | 87.53 | 83.23 | 84.46 | - | 2.13 | 2.14 | 2.05 | 2.04 |
| 52 | Building materials and hardware . . . . | - | 92.86 | 93.51 | 89.89 | 89.67 | - | 2.19 | 2.19 | 2.13 | 2.10 |
| 381,2 | Motor vehicle dealers . . . . . . . . . . | - | 108.97 | 110.77 | 103.05 | 105.08 | - | 2.54 | 2.57 | 2.38 | 2.41 |
| 593,9 | Other vehicle and accessory denlers. . | - | 92.40 | 92.82 | 85.41 | 88.20 | - | 2.10 | 2.10 | 1.95 | 2.00 |
| 591 | Drug stores | - | 64.25 | 65.15 | 62.65 | 63.53 | - | 1.82 | 1.83 | 1.79 | 1.75 |
| 598 | Fuel and ice dealers . . . . . | - | 97.53 | 98.33 | 94.05 | 92.99 | - | 2.35 | 2.33 | 2.25 | 2.23 |
|  | FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATET. | 92.13 | 92.13 | 92.75 | 89.04 | 88.97 | 2.49 | 2.47 | 2.48 | 2.40 | 2.39 |
| 60 | Banking. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 20.13 | 82.21 | 82.43 | 79.18 | 79.24 | 2.18 | 2.21 | 2.21 | 2.14 | 2.13 |
| 61 | Credit agencies other than banks . . . . | - | 85.96 | 86.41 | 84.52 | 85.28 | - | 2.28 | 2.28 | 2.23 | 2.25 |
| 612 | Saviags and loan associarions ..... | - | 87.05 130.98 | 89.07 135.42 | 84.44 | 85.27 120.11 | - | 2.34 3.54 | 2.35 3.65 | 2.27 3.33 | 2.28 |
| 62 | Security dealers and exchanges . . . . . | - | 130.98 99.70 | 135.42 99.80 | 124.21 95.98 | 120.11 96.23 | - | 3.54 2.68 | 3.65 2.69 | 3.33 2.88 | 3.28 2.58 |
| 63 | Insurance carriers . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 99.70 99.82 | 99.65 | 95.37 | 90.63 98.63 | - | 2.72 | 2.73 | 2.62 | 2.62 |
| 631 | Life insurance . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 89.41 | 88.91 | 85.01 | 85.98 | - | 2.41 | 2.39 |  |  |
| 632 | Aceident and health ingurance . . . . Fire, marine, and casualry insurace. | - | 89.41 101.41 | 88.91 101.90 | 85.01 99.06 | 89.98 99.06 | - | 2.69 | 2.39 2.71 | 2.60 | 2.33 2.60 |
| 633 | Fire, marine, and cnsualty insuraace. . <br> SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS: <br> Horels and lodging places: | - | 101.41 | 101.90 | 99.06 | 99.06 | - | 2.69 | 2.71 | 2.60 | 2.60 |
| 701 | Horels, rourist courrs, and morels ${ }^{6}$. . . |  | 53.44 | 53.72 | 51.65 | 51.74 |  | 1.41 | 1.41 | 1.37 | 1.33 |
| 721 | Personal Services: ${ }_{\text {Laundries, }}$ cleaning and dyeingplants. |  | 61.12 | 61.76 | 59.06 | 58.67 |  | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.53 | 1.52 |
| 781 | Motion piectures: Motion picture filming med distributing | - | 162.51 | 165.68 | 149.36 | 153.98 | - | 3.86 | 3.88 | 3.82 | 3.84 |

NOTE: Dace for the 2 moat recent monchs ace preliminacy.

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers! by industry..Continued

| SIC Code | Industry | Average weekly hours |  |  |  |  | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juily } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 2965 \end{aligned}$ |
| - | WhoLesale and retail trade | 36.9 | 37.9 | 38.0 | 37.5 | 38.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | Wholesale trade .. | 40.8 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 40.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 501 | Motor vehicles and automotive equipmens | - | 41.9 | 42.4 | 41.9 | 41.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 502 | Drugs, chemicals, and allied products. . | - | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 503 | Dry goods and appatel. . . . . . . . . . . | - | 38.4 | 38.1 | 37.9 | 37.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 504 | Groceries and related products . . . . . . | - | 41.4 | 42.3 | 40.6 | 41.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 506 | Electrical goods . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 42.3 | 42.0 | 42.9 | 42.6 | - | - | * | - | - |
| 507 | Hardware, plumbing, and heating goods. | - | 40.8 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 41.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 508 | Machinery, equipment, and supplies . . . | - | 41.3 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 509 | Miscellaneous wholesalers | - | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.4 | - | - | $\cdots$ | - | - |
| 52.59 | retail trade. . . . . . | 35.7 | 36.9 | 36.9 | 36.5 | 37.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 53 | General merchandise stores |  | 34.2 | 34.2 | 33.8 | 34.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 531 | Department stores . | - | 34.1 | 34.1 | 33.6 | 33.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 532 | Mail order houses | - | 35.5 | 34.9 | 36.7 | 36.0 | - | - | - | - |  |
| 533 | Limited price variecy stores. | - | 31.9 | 31.7 | 31.1 | 32.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 54 | Food stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 35.2 | 35.4 | 34.5 | 35.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 541-3 | Grocersmeat, and vegetable stores .. | - | 35.3 | 35.5 | 34.6 | 35.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 56 | Apparel and accessories stores . . . . | - | 34.0 | 34.0 | 33.3 | 34.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 561 | Men's and boys' apparel stores . . . . . | - | 36.1 | 36.3 | 35.7 | 36.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 562 | Women's ready-to-wear stores. . . . . . | - | 33.1 | 33.7 | 33.0 | 33.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 565 | Family clothing stores . . . . . . . . . | - | 33.7 | 33.4 | 33.4 | 34.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 566 | Shoe stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 34.0 | 32.9 | 31.9 | 34.1 | - | - | - | - |  |
| 57 | Furniture and appliance stores . . . . . . | - | 39.9 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 40.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 571 | Furniture and home furnishings. . . . . | - | 40.1 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 39.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 58 | Eating and drinking places 6 . . . . . . . | - | 35.2 | 35.1 | 34.7 | 36.2 |  | - | - | - |  |
| 52,55,59 | Other retail trade... | - | 40.8 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 41.4 | - | - | - | - |  |
| 52 | Building materials and hardware | - | 42.4 | 42.7 | 42.2 | 42.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 551,2 | Motor vehicle dealers. | - | 42.9 | 43.1 | 43.3 | 43.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 553,9 | Other vehicle and accessory dealers . . | - | 44.0 | 44.2 | 43.8 | 44.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 591 | Drug stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 35.3 | 35.6 | 35.0 | 36.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 598 | Fuel and ice dealers <br> FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL | - | 41.5 | 42.2 | 41.8 | 41.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | ESTATE ${ }^{7}$ | 37.0 | 37.3 | 37.4 | 37.1 | 37.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 60 | Banking. . . . | - | 37.2 | 37.3 | 37.0 | 37.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 61 | Credit agencies other than banks. . . . . | - | 37.7 | 37.9 | 37.9 | 37.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 612 | Savings and loan associations . . . . | - | 37.2 | 37.9 | 37.2 | 37.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 62 | Securiry dealers and exchanges ..... | - | 37.0 | 37.1 | 37.3 | 37.3 | - | - | - | - |  |
| 63 | Insurance carriers . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 37.2 | 37.1 | 37.2 | 37.3 | * | - | - | - | - |
| 631 | Life insurance | - | 36.7 | 36.5 | 36.4 | 36.5 | - | - | - | - |  |
| 632 | Accident and health insurance . . . . | - | 37.1 | 37.2 | 36.8 | 36.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 633 | Fire, marine, and casualty insurance. SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS: Hotels and lodging places: | - | 37.7 | 37.6 | 38.1 | 38.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 701 | Hotels, tourist courts, and motels 6 . . Personal Services: |  | 37.9 | 38.1 | 37.7 | 38.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 721 | Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants. |  | 38.2 | 38.6 | 38.6 | 38.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 781 | Motion pictures: Motion picture filming and distributing. | - | 42.1 | 42.7 | 39.1 | 40.1 | - | - | - | - | - |

${ }^{1}$ For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for all other industries, to nonsupervisory workers.
${ }_{3}^{2}$ Beginning January $106 \%$, data relate to railroads with operating revenues of $\$ 5,000,000$ or more. Data for February 1966: \$139.91, \$3.13, and 44.7.
${ }^{3}$ Data relate to employees in such occuparions in the celephone industry as switchboard operators; service assistants; operating room instructors; and pay-station
atrendants. In 1964, such employees made up 31 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours and earnings data.
${ }^{4}$ Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as central office craftemen; installation and exchange repair craftsmen; line, cable, and conduit craftemen; and laborers. In 1964, such employees made up 31 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours
and eamings data.
and eamings data.
$\mathbf{5}$ Data relate to nonsupervisory employees except messengers.
Data relate to nonsupervisory employees
${ }^{6}$ Money payments only; tips, not included.
${ }^{7}$ Dura for nonoffice salesmen excluded from all series in this division.
"Not available.
**-June 1966 revised data for: SIC 364-mectric lighting and wiring equipment, \$101.59 and \$2.49; SIC 3643,4~Niring devices, $\$ 101.60$ and $\$ 2.46$.
NONE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA

## HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-3: Average hourly earnings excluding overtime of production workers on manefacturing payrolls, by industry

| Major industry group | Average hourly eamings excluding overtime ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augo } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { July } \\ 1966 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septo } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| MANUFACTURING. | \$2.60 | \$2.57 | \$2.59 | \$2.51 | \$2.49 |
| durable goods | 2.77 | 2.73 | 2.74 | 2.68 | 2.65 |
| Ordnance and accessories. | - | 3.05 | 3.04 | 3.02 | 3.02 |
| Lumber and wood products, except furniture | - | 2.20 | 2.18 | 2.12 | 2.11 |
| Furniture and fixtures | - | 2.11 | 2.10 | 2.05 | 2.03 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | - | 2.58 | 2.57 | 2.51 | 2.49 |
| Primary metal industries. | - | 3.13 | 3.15 | 3.06 | 3.03 |
| Fabricated metal products. | - | 2.71 | 2.71 | 2.65 | 2.62 |
| Machinery . . | - | 2.89 | 2.89 | 2.82 | 2.80 |
| Electrical equipment and supplies | - | 2.52 | 2.52 | 2.50 | 2.49 |
| Transporration equipment | - | 3.14 | 3.13 | 3.07 | 3.01 |
| Instruments and related products | - | 2.58 | 2.58 | 2.52 | 2.52 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | - | 2.12 | 2.14 | 2.06 | 2.05 |
| nondurable goods. . | 2,36 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.29 | 2.27 |
| Food and kindred products | - | 2.38 | 2.39 | 2.31 | 2.29 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | - | 2.12 | 2.27 | 1.94 | 2.02 |
| Textile mill products. | - | 1.88 | 1.88 | 1.80 | 1.80 |
| Apparel and related products. | - | 1.86 | 1.84 | 1.82 | 1.80 |
| Paper and allied products. | - | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2.53 | 2.51 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Chemicals and allied products | - | 2.88 | 2.89 | 2.82 | 2.80 |
| Petroleum refining and related industries . | - | 3.27 | 3.28 | 3.17 | 3.13 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products | - | 2.53 | 2.55 | 2.50 | 2.49 |
| Leeather and leather produces. | - | 1.88 | 1.86 | 1.85 | 1.83 |

'Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.
${ }^{2}$ Not available as average overtime rates are significantly above time and one-half. Inclusion of data for the group in the nondurable goods total has little effect.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-4: Gross and spendable average weekly earnings in selected industries, in current and 1957.59 dollars ${ }^{1}$

| Industry | Gross average weekly earnings |  |  | Spendable average weekly eamings |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Worker with no dependents |  |  | Worker with shree dependents |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augo } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug: } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augo } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { July } \\ 1966 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug。 } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | Aug。 $1965$ |
| MINING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | \$131.89 | \$131.46 | \$125.85 | \$106.64 | \$106. 29 | \$103.77 | \$115.38 | \$115.02 | \$112. 24 |
| 1957-59 dollars | 115.90 | 116.03 | 114.41 | 93.71 | 93.81 | 94.34 | 101.39 | 101. 52 | 102.04 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 148.99 | 150.15 | 143.54 | 120.14 | 121.04 | 117.89 | 129.64 | 130.60 | 127.10 |
| 1957-59 dollars | 130.92 | 132.52 | 130.49 | 105.57 | 106.83 | 107.17 | 113.92 | 115. 27 | 115.55 |
| mandifacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 111.78 | 111.11 | 106.45 | 91.14 | 90.63 | 88.21 | 99.00 | 98.47 | 95.87 |
| 1957-59 dollars | 98. 22 | 98.07 | 96.77 | 80.09 | 79.99 | 80.19 | 86.99 | 86.91 | 87.15 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 80.73 | 80.94 | 77.75 | 67.07 | 67.24 | 65.18 | 74.08 | 74.25 | 72. 12 |
| 1957-59 dollars | 70.94 | 71.44 | 70.68 | 58.94 | 59.35 | 59.25 | 65.10 | 65.53 | 65.56 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars | 92.13 | 92,75 | 88.91 | 76,05 | 76.53 | 74.02 | 83.29 | 83.79 | 81.20 |
| 1957-59 dollars | 80.96 | 81.86 | 80.83 | 66.83 | 67.55 | 67.29 | 73.19 | 73.95 | 73.82 |

'For mining and manufactuting, data refer to production and related workers; for contract consrruction, to construction workers; for wholesale and rerail trade, to nonsupervisory workers.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

# Table C.5: Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours and payrolls in industrial and construction activities 1 

|  |  | -59=100 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Aug. } \\ 1966 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Men-hows |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 119.985.7 | 119.636.8 | 117.2 | 113.0 | 113.0 |
| MINING |  |  | 85.9 | 83.0 | 86.3 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION . . . | 126.1 | 137.2 | 132.4 | 120.1 | 129.4 |
| MANUFACTURING | 120.5 | 119.1 | 116.0 | 113.2 | 111.3 |
| durable goods . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 126.7 | 123.3 | 12.5 | 116.2 | 113.1 |
| Ordnance and accessories . . . . . . . . . . . . | 153.1 | 245.6 | 142.5 | 127.7 | 113:3 |
| Lumber sad wood products, except fumiture . . | 101.3 | 104.5 | 103.7 | 101.2 | 103.8 |
| Fumiture and fixtures . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 129.8 | 137.1 | 122.5 | 122.1 | 121.5 |
| Scone, clay, and glass products. . . . . . . . . . . | 113.3 | 115.4 | 114.5 | 113.4 | 113.5 |
| Primary metal industries . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 119.0 | 117.9 | 116.3 | 113.3 | 124.2 |
| Fabricated metal products | 128.6 | 127.4 | 122.7 | 119.4 | 117.3 |
| Machinery. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 138.2 | 136.0 | 134.5 | 123.3 | 120.9 |
| Electrical equipment and supplies . . . . . . . . | 152.4 | 248.7 | 141.9 | 128.7 | 124.7 |
| Transportarion equipment. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 217.7 | 103.5 | 109.3 | 106.7 | 95.1 |
| Instruments and rela ced products . . . . . . . . . | 129.0 | 127.2 | 125.5 | 116.1 | 113.7 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . | 120.3 | 119.0 | 109.9 | 117.9 | 134.8 |
| NOMDURABLE GODDS . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 112.4 | 113.6 | 108.9 | 109.2 | 109.1 |
| Food and kindred products . . . . . . . . . . . . | 106.5 | 105.4 | 99.5 | 104.5 | 103.9 |
| Tobacco manufacures | 96.1 | 88.6 | 70.8 | 107.3 | 93.0 |
| Textile mill products . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 105.3 | 107.1 | 103.4 | 102.5 | 103.0 |
| Apparel and related products . . . . . . . . . . | 116.7 | 122.4 | 134.2 | 116.9 | 118.4 |
| Paper and allied products | 117.9 | 118.7 | 117.2 | 112.3 | 171.6 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries. . . . | 118.6 | 118.2 | 116.4 | 112.2 | 171.0 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 116.5 | 118.1 | 116.8 | 171.8 | 111.2 |
| Petroleum refining and related industriea . . . . | 82.1 | 82.2 | 83.9 | 82.8 | 81.9 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products . . | $\begin{array}{r} 153.3 \\ 98.2 \end{array}$ | 150.1 | 143.6 | 138.5 | 136.5 |
| Learher and leather products |  | 102.7 | 97.7 | 95.8 | 98.9 |
|  | Payrolis |  |  |  |  |
| MINING . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 106.5 | 106.6 | 105.2 | 97.7 | 101.0 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 177.0 | 180.2 | 180.3 | 159.5 | 169.1 |
| MANUFACTURING . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 156.0 | 152.0 | 148.6 | 140.8 | 136.6 |

${ }^{1}$ For mining and manufactwing, dara refer to production and relaced workers; for contract construction, daca relace to construction workers.
NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C. 6 Average weekly hours of production workers on payrolls of selected industries seasonally adjusted

| Industry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Au̧. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mer. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MINING | 43.1 | 42.5 | 43.2 | 42.9 | 42.6 | 41.7 | 43.2 | 42.7 | 42.6 | 42.9 | 42.1 | 42.3 | 42.3 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION | 37.7 | 36.9 | 37.8 | 37.4 | 36.1 | 37.2 | 38.5 | 38.1 | 37.8 | 38.6 | 37.2 | 37.1 | 36.4 |
| MANUFACTURINE | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 41.0 |
| Overtime hours | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| durable gocos | 42.3 | 42.1 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 42.3 | 42.4 | 42.4 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 42.1 | $41.7$ |
| Overtime hours | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.8 |
| Ordanace and acceasories | 42.8 | 42.2 | 42.7 | 42.1 | 42.4 | 42.2 | 42.0 | 42.3 | 42.4 | 42.4 | 42.4 | 42.4 | 42.0 |
| Lumber and wood producta, except funiture | 40.2 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 41.5 | 42.2 | 41.1 | 40.6 |
| Fumiture and fixtures . | 41.3 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 41.6 | 41.9 | 42.7 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 41.1 |
| Stone, clay, and ghase products. . . . . . . . . . . . | 42.0 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 42.1 | 42.8 | 42.4 | 42.5 | 43.0 | 42.2 | 41.9 | 42.0 |
| Primary metal industrics | 42.7 | 42.4 | 41.6 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 41.6 | 41.8 |
| Fabricated metal products | 42.5 | 42.2 | 42.1 | 42.3 | 42.4 | 42.4 | 42.4 | 42.5 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 41.7 |
| Machinery. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 44.3 | 43.8 | 43.3 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 43.7 | 44.0 | 43.9 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 43.7 | 43.5 | 43.2 |
| Elecrical equipment and aupplies . . | 41.4 | 42.2 | 40.9 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 40.7 |
| Transportation equipmeac. . | 42.8 | 43.2 | 42.1 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 43.4 | 42.9 | 43.3 | 43.4 | 43.0 | 42.9 | 42.8 | 42.1 |
| Instruments and related products. | 42.0 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 42.4 | 42.0 | 42.4 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 41.6 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturiag industriea | 40.0 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 39.9 |
| MONDURABLE GOODS | 40.1 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 40.1 |
| Overtime hours . . | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 |
| Food and kindred products . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 42.1 | 42.5 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 40.8 |
| Tobacco manufacturea . | 38.0 | 38.3 | 37.9 | 38.0 | 38.5 | 39.2 | 39.4 | 41.3 | 38.9 | 37.8 | 37.9 | 37.7 | 38.1 |
| Texrile mill produces. | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 41.9 | 42.4 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.8 |
| Apparel and related producte | 35.4 | 36.3 | 36.2 | 36.5 | 36.5 | 36.4 | 36.5 | 36.5 | 36.3 | 36.4 | 36.5 | 36.4 | 36.1 |
| Paper and allied producta. | 43.5 | 43.3 | 43.4 | 43.4 | 43.7 | 43.7 | 43.5 | 43.5 | 43.3 | 43.5 | 43.7 | 43.3 | 43.0 |
| Printing, publishing, and aliiad iadustries. | 39.0 | 39.0 | 39.0 | 39.0 | 38.7 | 38.9 | 38.7 | 38.7 | 38.5 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 38.5 | 38.7 |
| Chemicals and allied produces | 41.8 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 42.3 | 42.0 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 42.1 |
| Pecroleum refining and related indusaies | 41.6 | 41.9 | 42.4 | 42.5 | 42.5 | 42.6 | 42.6 | 42.6 | 42.3 | 42.0 | 42.4 | 42.5 | 42.5 |
| Rübber and miscellaneous plantic produces. | 42.2 | 42.8 | 41.5 | 41.7 | 42.1 | 42.4 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 42.3 | 42.3 | 42.4 | 42.3 | 41.7 |
| Leacher and leather producta . . . . . . . . . . . . | 38.4 | 38.6 | 38.3 | 38.7 | 39.0 | 39.0 | 38.5 | 38.7 | 38.5 | 38.4 | 38.6 | 38.5 | 38.3 |
| WhPlLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE | 36.9 | 37.3 | 37.3 | 37.2 | 37.0 | 37.1 | 37.3 | 37.3 | 37.4 | 37.4 | 37.4 | 37.6 | 37.5 |
| Wholesale trade . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 40.8 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 40.8 |
| Retail trade . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 35.7 | 36.1 | 36.1 | 36.0 | 35.9 | 35.9 | 36.0 | 36.1 | 36.2 | 36.3 | 36.3 | 36.4 | 36.5 |

[^23]Table C.7: Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours in industrial and construction activities 1 seasonally adjusted

| Industry | 1957-59=100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | Aug. <br> 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apry. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar: } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. <br> 1965 | Nov. <br> 1965 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oat. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| TOTAL | 215.5 | 115.8 | 215.0 | 115.8 | 114.2 | 114.8 | 116.0 | 114.8 | 113.6 | 113.5 | 111.5 | 110.1 | 108.7 |
| MINING .... ..... | 84.0 | 83.7 | 84.6 | 83.8 | 82.7 | 75.7 | 85.4 | 84.1 | 84.1 | 84.1 | 82.6 | 82.3 | 81.3 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION ..... .... | 112.1 | 110.7 | 115.3 | 114.4 | 108.1 | 115.3 | 122.8 | 117.6 | 116.8 | 119.8 | 111.3 | 109.1 | 106.5 |
| MANUFACTURING ...... ...... | 117.7 | 118.4 | 116.5 | 117.7 | 116.9 | 116.7 | 116.3 | 115.9 | 114.5 | 113.8 | 113.0 | 111.6 | 120.4 |
| DURABLE GOODS . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 125.2 | 125.2 | 122.2 | 123.6 | 123.0 | 122.8 | 122.3 | 121.5 | 120.2 | 118.8 | 117.4 | 116.0 | 114.7 |
| Oednance and accessories | 151.7 | 147.2 | 146.6 | 142.1 | 140.8 | 135.4 | 132.4 | 130.9 | 126.4 | 119.3 | 120.5 | 119.3 | 117.0 |
| Lumber and wood products, except fumiture . . . | 96.3 | 97.9 | 98.4 | 99.4 | 100.8 | 102.1 | 103.2 | 102.2 | 102.9 | 101.6 | 99.6 | 98.1 | 96.4 |
| Furniture and fixtures . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 125.6 | 127.2 | 124.7 | 226.1 | 128.1 | 125.2 | 126.4 | 124.8 | 124.1 | 1.23 .1 | 121.4 | 119.9 | 118.0 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. . . . . . . . . . . | 108.5 | 109.2 | 109.3 | 110.4 | 170.3 | 112.2 | 174.9 | 112.8 | 114.1 | 113.5 | 109.9 | 108.6 | 108.7 |
| Primary metal industries . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 179.0 | 118.6 | 114.9 | 115.6 | 124.4 | 112.9 | 112.3 | 112.0 | 111.6 | 109.2 | 108.9 | 120.9 | 113.1 |
| Fabricated metal products . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 126.2 | 126.8 | 124.4 | 125.6 | 125.6 | 126.0 | 125.7 | 125.1 | 123.9 | 122.2 | 121.6 | 119.2 | 117.1 |
| Machinery. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 140.1 | 138.3 | 136.0 | 135.6 | 134.2 | 132.4 | 132.7 | 132.0 | 130.4 | 129.8 | 128.9 | 126.6 | 125.1 |
| Electrical equipment and supplies. | 150.3 | 149.9 | 145.2 | 147.0 | 145.3 | 144.4 | 140.9 | 140.6 | 137.6 | 135.4 | 132.4 | 129.8 | 126.9 |
| Transportation equipment. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 118.2 | 118.3 | 112.2 | 115.6 | 114.7 | 117.4 | 116.0 | 115.3 | 113.2 | 111.6 | 120.8 | 109.1 | 107.1 |
| Instruments and related products . . . . . . . . . . | 127.5 | 126.7 | 126.6 | 127.0 | 126.8 | 124.3 | 125.0 | 123.3 | 120.7 | 117.9 | 116.5 | 115.9 | 114.9 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . . | 112.7 | 124.1 | 113.5 | 116.3 | 116.8 | 115.3 | 115.5 | 214.3 | 112.1 | 117.2 | 114.6 | 112.4 | 210.5 |
| nondurable coods . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 107.9 | 109.5 | 109.0 | 110.1 | 109.0 | 108.8 | 108.5 | 108.6 | 107.2 | 107.2 | 107.3 | 105.9 | 104.9 |
| Food and kindred products . | 93.6 | 94.6 | 95.3 | 94.7 | 93.5 | 94.6 | 95.5 | 96.1 | 94.6 | 94.6 | 96.2 | 94.0 | 91.9 |
| Tobacco manufa crures | 75.3 | 78.2 | 84.4 | 85.7 | 85.7 | 88.4 | 88.9 | 91.9 | 86.6 | 84.1 | 83.2 | 82.7 | 84.8 |
| Textile mill products | 104.7 | 105.9 | 104.7 | 106.4 | 105.9 | 104.8 | 105.9 | 105.3 | 105.0 | 104.0 | 103.3 | 102.5 | 102.0 |
| Apparel and related products . . . . . . . . . | 114.2 | 118.0 | 117.0 | 127.4 | 120.3 | 118.3 | 117.7 | 117.8 | 214.6 | 117.3 | 116.8 | 115.9 | 114.5 |
| Paper and allied products . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 115.7 | 116.9 | 117.4 | 116.3 | 115.7 | 115.5 | 114.3 | 114.1 | 173.1 | 113.0 | 112.9 | 110.9 | 109.9 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries. . . . . | 117.2 | 117.9 | 117.6 | 117.2 | 115.2 | 115.7 | 124.2 | 214.0 | 113.1 | 112.6 | 212.3 | 111.1 | 111.0 |
| Chemicals and allied producta | 115.8 | 117.9 | 126.7 | 116.9 | 113.8 | 113.9 | 113.3 | 113.2 | 112.3 | 111.9 | 111.5 | 210.4 | 111.3 |
| Petroleum refining and related industries | 78.3 | 79.6 | 80.5 | 80.7 | 79.3 | 79.5 | 78.8 | 79.5 | 78.9 | 78.4 | 79.1 | 79.3 | 79.3 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products | 149.9 | 149.6 | 147.1 | 147.8 | 146.6 | 147.3 | 144.7 | 144.0 | 143.6 | 142.8 | 141.3 | 138.8 | 135.7 |
| Leather and leather products . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.0 | 98.9 | 96.2 | 100.1 | 101.8 | 101.8 | 99.2 | 99.8 | 98.6 | 97.7 | 97.9 | 97.0 | 96.2 |

[^24]NOTE: Data for the $\mathbf{2}$ most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas

| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekiy hours |  |  | Averafe hourly earninfa |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | Aug. $1966$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { July } \\ 1956 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augo } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{July} \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Alabama. | \$97.21 | \$96.14 | \$94.24 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.7 | \$2.32 | \$2.30 | \$2.26 |
| Birmingham | 123.06 | 123.02 | 119.56 | 42.0 | 41.7 | 42.1 | 2.93 | 2.95 | 2.84 |
| Mobile. . . . | 113.32 | 114.11 | 109.48 | 42.6 | 42.9 | 40.7 | 2.66 | 2.65 | 2.69 |
| ALASKA | (1) | 187.82 | 159.10 | (1) | 50.9 | 45.2 | (1) | 3.69 | 3.52 |
| arizona | 120.25 | 118.56 | 114.54 | 41.9 | 41.6 | 41.2 | 2.87 | 2.85 | 2.78 |
| Phoenix. | 118.86 | 118.44 | 115.51 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 41.4 | 2.83 | 2.82 | 2.79 |
| Tucson | 144.24 | 138.93 | 114.76 | 42.8 | 42.1 | 38.9 | 3.37 | 3.30 | 2.95 |
| arkansas | 78.31 | 78.25 | 75.76 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 1.89 | 1.89 | 1.83 |
| Fort Smith, | 77.89 | 76.78 | 73.03 | 42.1 | 41.5 | 39.9 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.83 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rock | 79.61 | 81.89 | 77.23 | 41.9 | 43.1 | 42.2 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.83 |
| Pine Bluff | 95.79 | 93.94 | 95.57 | 42.2 | 41.2 | 42.1 | 2.27 | 2.28 | 2.27 |
| CALIFORNIA. | 129.15 | 129.34 | 123.73 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 3.15 | 3.17 | 3.04 |
| Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove | 129.90 | 130.83 | 125.14 | 41.5 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 3.13 | 3.13 | 3.03 |
| Bakersfield | 132.47 | 133.93 | 132.84 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 41.0 | 3.32 | 3.34 | 3.24 |
| Fresno | 108.35 | 109.76 | 103.75 | 39.4 | 39.2 | 39.3 | 2.75 | 2.80 | 2.64 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach | 128.34 | 127.20 | 120.80 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 40.4 | 3.10 | 3.08 | 2.99 |
| Oxnard-Ventura . | 113.68 | 116.51 | 106.97 | 38.8 | 39.9 | 37.8 | 2.93 | 2.92 | 2.83 |
| Sacramento. | 137.50 | 137.24 | 129.17 | 40.8 | 39.1 | 39.5 | 3.37 | 3.51 | 3.27 |
| San Berardino-Riverside-Ontario | 125.36 | 125.66 | 121.18 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 3.08 | 3.08 | 2.97 |
| San Diego | 138.3 . | 13.23 | 132.84 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 41.0 | 3.39 | 3.38 | 3.24 |
| San Francisco-Oakland. | 136.89 | 139.49 | 132.44 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 3.38 | 3.47 | 3.27 |
| San Jose | 130.00 | 131.43 | 123.79 | 41.8 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 3.11 | 3.19 | 2.99 |
| Santa Barbara | 124.53 | 122.06 | 125.24 | 40.3 | 39.5 | 40.4 | 3.09 | 3.09 | 3.10 |
| Sanca Rosa. | 102.82 | 107.52 | 102.94 | 39.7 | 38.4 | 38.7 | 2.59 | 2.80 | 2.66 |
| Scockron | 122.11 | 128.30 | 113.10 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 38.6 | 3.03 | 3.16 | 2.93 |
| Vallejo-Napa | 124.58 | 127.14 | 113.84 | 39.3 | 39.0 | 38.2 | 3.17 | 3.26 | 2.98 |
| COLORADO. | 120.41 | 121.67 | 117.59 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 41.7 | 2.86 | 2.89 | 2.82 |
| Denver | 124.53 | 123.61 | 119.94 | 42.5 | 41.9 | 41.5 | 2.93 | 2.95 | 2.89 |
| CONNECTICUT. | 120.98 | 120.41 | 112.56 | 42.9 | 42.7 | 42.0 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.68 |
| Bridgeport | 123.55 | 121.98 | 115.64 | 42.9 | 42.5 | 41.9 | 2.88 | 2.87 | 2.76 |
| Hartford. . | 131.57 | 130.98 | 119.13 | 44.3 | 44.1 | 42.7 | 2.97 | 2.97 | 2.79 |
| New Britain | 125.13 | 124.56 | 116.47 | 43.6 | 43.4 | 42.2 | 2.87 | 2.87 | 2.76 |
| New Haven. | 121.11 | 119.85 | 103.74 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 39.9 | 2.87 | 2.84 | 2.60 |
| Stamford | 119.83 | 120.10 | 114.53 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 2.86 | 2.88 | 2.74 |
| Waterbury. | 120.06 | 121.21 | 115.40 | 43.5 | 43.6 | 42.9 | 2.76 | 2.78 | 2.69 |
| delamare. | 106.11 | 112.20 | 113.28 | 39.3 | 40.8 | 41.8 | 2.70 | 2.75 | 2.71 |
| Wilmington. | 120.36 | 129.47 | 125.44 | 38.7 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 3.11 | 3.15 | 3.03 |
| DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: Washingron SMSA . . . . . | (1) | 119.43 | 113.24 | (1) | 40.9 | 40.3 | (1) | 2.92 | 2.81 |
| Florida | 96.44 | 96.64 | 91.36 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 42.1 | 2.28 | 2.29 | 2.17 |
| Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood | 89.16 | 90.01 | (1) | 40.9 | 41.1 | (1) | 2.18 | 2.19 | (1) |
| Jacksonville | 92.11 | 90.76 | 89.95 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 2.28 | 2.23 | 2.21 |
| Miami . | 89.23 | 89.86 | 85.67 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 40.6 | 2.15 | 2.16 | 2.11 |
| Orlando. | 91.94 | 96.35 | (1) | 41.6 | 43.4 | (1) | 2.21 | 2.22 | (1) |
| Pensacola | 113.13 | 115.87 | 107.61 | 41.9 | 42.6 | 42.2 | 2.70 | 2.72 | 2.55 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg. | 98.56 | 102.05 | 94.38 | 42.3 | 42.7 | 42.9 | 2.33 | 2.39 | 2.20 |
| West Palm Beach. | 110.70 | 108.75 | (1) | 45.0 | 43.5 | (1) | 2.46 | 2.50 | (1) |
| georgia | 35.90 | 85.28 | 82.39 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 41.4 | 2.07 | 2.08 | 1.99 |
| Aclanta | 104.04 | 103.83 | 102.41 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 2.55 | 2.57 | 2.51 |
| Savannah. | 109.30 | 110.30 | 101.93 | 42.2 | 42.1 | 41.1 | 2.59 | 2.62 | 2.48 |
| hamail. . | 101.02 | 102.93 | 85.14 | 44.7 | 47.0 | 39.6 | 2.26 | 2.19 | 2.15 |
| IDAHO . . | 117.38 | 118,67 | 112.32 | 40.9 | 40.5 | 41.6 | 2.87 | 2.93 | 2.70 |
| illinois. | 121.63 | 120.35 | 115.98 | 41.5 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 2.93 | 2.93 | 2.81 |
| Chicago. | 125.13 | 122.71 | 118.52 | 41.9 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 2.99 | 2.98 | 2.86 |
| Davenport-Rock Island-Moline | (1) | 130.74 | 125.84 | (1) | 40.1 | 40.9 | (1) | 3.26 | 3.10 |

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are prellminary.

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas--Continued

| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Averase weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aú } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AuE. } \\ & 1985 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Au\&o } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| lllinois-(Continued) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Peoria. | (1) | \$141.52 | \$130.72 | (1) | 42.5 | 41.6 | (1) | \$3.33 | \$3.14 |
| Rockford | (1) | 120.32 | 116.39 | (1) | 42.4 | 42.8 | (1) | 2.84 | 2.72 |
| Indiana. | \$126.96 | 124.31 | 121.26 | 41.9 | 41.3 | 41.7 | \$3.03 | 3.01 | 2.91 |
| Indianapolis. | (1) | 125.22 | 123.85 | (1) | 41.6 | 42.4 | (1) | 3.01 | 2.92 |
| IOWA | 117.76 | 115.92 | 110.69 | 40.6 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 2.90 | 2.90 | 2.76 |
| Cedar Rapids | 120.18 | 120.03 | 115.06 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 41.3 | 2.88 | 2.86 | 2.78 |
| Des Moines | 128.65 | 122.69 | 124.00 | 39.9 | 38.6 | 39.6 | 3.23 | 3.18 | 3.13 |
| Kansas | 118.77 | 119.42 | 114.07 | 42.6 | 42.6 | 42.6 | 2.79 | 2.80 | 2.68 |
| Topeka | 130.92 | 121.26 | 129.90 | 44.3 | 42.5 | 43.6 | 2.96 | 2.86 | 2.98 |
| Wichita | 128.83 | 129.71 | 116.59 | 42.6 | 43.0 | 42.0 | 3.03 | 3.02 | 2.77 |
| KENTUCKY.. | 104.30 | 104.23 | 102.41 | 40.9 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 2.55 | 2.58 | 2.51 |
| Louisville | 122.80 | 122.12 | 119.93 | 41.3 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 2.97 | 2.99 | 2.90 |
| louisiana | 112.67 | 112.52 | 110.94 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 43.0 | 2.67 | 2.66 | 2.58 |
| Baton Rouge. | 137.57 | 143.40 | 138.74 | 40.7 | 42.3 | 42.3 | 3.38 | 3.39 | 3.28 |
| New Orleans. | 119.99 | 117.59 | 116.30 | 42.1 | 41.7 | 42.6 | 2.85 | 2.82 | 2.73 |
| Shreveport | 107.35 | 106.75 | 105.64 | 42.6 | 42.7 | 44.2 | 2.52 | 2.50 | 2.39 |
| Mande | 89.86 | 89.01 | 84.87 | 41.6 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 2.16 | 2.15 | 2.06 |
| Lewiston-Auburn | 76.44 | 75.84 | 71.39 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 38.8 | 1.94 | 1.92 | 1.84 |
| Portland | 94.58 | 94.16 | 91.49 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 2.29 | 2.28 | 2.21 |
| MARYLAND. | 110.16 | 112.48 | 106.66 | 40.8 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 2.70 | 2.73 | 2.57 |
| Balcimore | 117.42 | 118.94 | 113.16 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 2.85 | 2.88 | 2.74 |
| MASSACHUSETTS | 104.14 | 103.17 | 99.23 | 41.0 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 2.54 | 2.56 | 2.45 |
| Boston | 111.93 | 111.50 | 106.53 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 2.75 | 2.76 | 2.65 |
| Brockton | 90.98 | 88.40 | 81.27 | 40.8 | 40.0 | 37.8 | 2.23 | 2.21 | 2.15 |
| Fall River | 74.30 | 71.68 | 69.26 | 36.6 | 36.2 | 35.7 | 2.03 | 1.98 | 1.94 |
| Lawrence-Haverhill | 95.84 | 94.41 | 90.62 | 40.1 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 2.39 | 2.39 | 2.30 |
| Lowell | 87.47 | 89.04 | 83.67 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.1 | 2.22 | 2.26 | 2.14 |
| New Bedford | 84.32 | 83.81 | 81.18 | 39.4 | 38.8 | 39.6 | 2.14 | 2.16 | 2.05 |
| Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke. | 107.53 | 106.49 | 103.98 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 2.61 | 2.61 | 2.53 |
| Worcester. | 112.61 | 110.70 | 107.90 | 41.4 | 40.4 | 41.5 | 2.72 | 2.74 | 2.60 |
| MICHIGAN | 141.23 | 141.65 | 133.92 | 42.9 | 42.6 | 42.5 | 3.29 | 3.33 | 3.15 |
| Ana Arbor | 141.26 | 137.16 | 129.66 | 42.6 | 41.4 | 40.8 | 3.32 | 3.31 | 3.18 |
| Detroit | 153.20 | 152.95 | 142.95 | 13.3 | 43.5 | 42.8 | 3.54 | 3.52 | 3.34 |
| Flint | 160.72 | 156.14 | 145.44 | 43.1 | 42.2 | 41.2 | 3.73 | 3.70 | 3.53 |
| Grand Rapids. | 120.64 | 119.99 | 116.19 | 42.3 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 2.85 | 2.85 | 2.77 |
| Kalamazoo | 133.72 | 137.62 | 121.99 | 43.9 | 44.9 | 42.3 | 3.05 | 3.07 | 2.88 |
| Lansing. | 153.17 | 137.98 | 132.00 | 43.9 | 41.2 | 40.0 | 3.49 | 3.35 | 3.30 |
| Muskegon-Muskegon Heights | 130.17 | 128.05 | 119.95 | 42.1 | 41.4 | 40.4 | 3.09 | 3.09 | 2.97 |
| Saginaw. | 143.56 | 136.61 | 126.40 | 42.7 | 41.0 | 39.9 | 3.36 | 3.33 | 3.17 |
| minnesota, | 114.50 | 115.94 | 110.60 | 41.0 | 41.7 | 40.9 | 27.9 | 2.78 | 2.71 |
| Duluth-Superior . | 121.64 | 116.94 | 208.58 | 41.3 | 40.1 | 39.5 | 2.95 | 2.92 | 2.75 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul | 123.59 | 123.15 | 118.71 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 41.3 | 2.97 | 2.96 | 2.88 |
| MISSLSSIPPI. | 79.42 | 78.25 | 76.86 | 41.8 | 41.4 | 42.0 | 1.90 | 1.89 | 1.83 |
| Jackson. | 87.07 | 83.69 | 85.89 | 44.2 | 42.7 | 44.5 | 1.97 | 2.96 | 1.93 |
| MISSOURI | 108.25 | 108.22 | 104.56 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 2.69 | 2.70 | 2.60 |
| Kansas Ciry | 121.76 | 123.03 | 112.75 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 40.5 | 2.92 | 2.94 | 2.78 |
| St. Lowis. . | 120.47 | 119.77 | 117.99 | 40.3 | 39.8 | 40.5 | 2.99 | 3.01 | 2.91 |
| montana | 115.82 | 116.00 | 120.13 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 42.3 | 2.91 | 2.90 | 2.84 |
| nebraska | 105.83 | 104.10 | 104.10 | 43.4 | 42.7 | 44.0 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 2.37 |
| Omaha | 114.07 | 112.35 | 112.87 | 42.7 | 42.0 | 43.1 | 2.67 | 2.68 | 2.62 |

See footnotes at end of table.
HOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas--Continued

| State and area | Averase weekly earnings |  |  | Averase weekry hours |  |  | Averafe hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ju1y } \\ & .2966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug, } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { July } \\ +1966 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug, } \\ & \hline 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & \\ & \hline 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aug. } \\ \\ 1265 \end{gathered}$ |
| NEVADA. | \$133.81 | \$135.05 | \$130.17 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 40.3 | \$3.24 | \$3.27 | \$3.23 |
| NEW HAMPSHIRE | 87.54 | 86.50 | 85.49 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 41.5 | 2.13 | 2.12 | 2.06 |
| Manchester. | 81.56 | 80.57 | 80.00 | 39.4 | 39.3 | 40.2 | 2.07 | 2.05 | 1.99 |
| NEW JERSEY. | 116.18 | 116.16 | 111.93 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 2.82 | 2.84 | 2.73 |
| Atlantic City | 87.42 | 85.75 | 84.38 | 40.1 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 2.18 | 2.16 | 2.12 |
| Jersey City ${ }^{2}$ | 114.95 | 112.44 | 109.62 | 41.2 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 2.79 | 2.79 | 2.70 |
| Newark | 116.05 | 116.16 | 111.52 | 41.3 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 2.81 | 2.84 | 2.72 |
| Paterson-Clifeon-Passaic | 114.77 | 115.34 | 112.07 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.74 |
| Perih Amboy 2 | 125.97 | 124.49 | 115.71 | 42.7 | 42.2 | 40.6 | 2.95 | 2.95 | 2.85 |
| Trenton. | 115.46 | 114.49 | 109.34 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 2.83 | 2.82 | 2.72 |
| NEW MEXICO. | 92.00 | 92.57 | 94.80 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 40.0 | 2.30 | 2.28 | 2.37 |
| Albuquerque | 98.40 | 96.00 | 96.23 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 2.46 | 2.40 | 2.43 |
| NET YORK | (1) | 109.97 | 106.00 | (1) | 39.7 | 39.7 |  | 2.77 |  |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy | 122.84 | 120.13 | 116.40 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 40.7 | 2.96 | 2.93 | 2.86 |
| Binghamtoon. | 106.04 | 101.85 | 103.22 | 41.1 | 40.1 | 40.8 | 2.58 | 2.54 | 2.53 |
| Buffalo | 134.40 | 131.97 | 128.63 | 42.0 | 41.5 | 41.9 | 3.20 | 3.18 | 3.07 |
| Elmira | 112,20 | 109.48 | 109.34 | 41.1 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 2.73 | 2.71 | 2.68 |
| Monroe County | 131.55 | 132.49 | 123.14 | 42.3 | 42.6 | 41.6 | 3.11 | 3.11 | 2.96 |
| Nassau and Suffolk Counties 4 | 116.90 | 112.31 | 108.27 | 41.6 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 2.81 | 2.78 | 2.68 |
| New York-Northeastern New Jersey | (1) | 109.14 | 104.66 | (1) | 39.4 | 39.2 | (1) | 2.77 | 2.67 |
| New York SMSA ${ }^{2}$ | (1) | 103.79 | 100.08 | (1) | 38.3 | 38.2 | (1) | 2.71 | 2.62 |
| New York City 4 | (1) | 102.60 | 98.66 | (1) | 38.0 | 37.8 | (1) | 2.70 | 2.61 |
| Rochester | 127.62 | 128.17 | 118.98 | 42.4 | 42.3 | 41.6 | 3.01 | 3.03 | 2.86 |
| Rockland County | 115.51 | 112.59 | 109.08 | 41.7 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 2.77 | 2.78 | 2.68 |
| Syracuse. | 118.24 | 116.18 | 113.58 | 41.2 | 40.2 | 41.3 | 2.87 | 2.89 | 2.75 |
| Utica-Rome | 108.58 | 106.49 | 101.66 | 41.6 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 2.61 | 2.61 | 2.51 |
| Wastchester County 4 | 105.47 | 101.79 | 105.86 | 39.8 | 37.7 | 39.5 | 2.65 | 2.70 | 2.68 |
| NORTH CAROLINA. | 80.29 | 79.32 | 75.95 | 41.6 | 41.1 | 41.5 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.83 |
| Chaclotte. | 84.23 | 83.00 | 80.79 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 42.3 | 2.02 | 2.00 | 1.91 |
| Greensboro-High Point | 81.19 | 80.40 | 76.36 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 1.99 | 1.99 | 1.89 |
| NORTH DAKOTA | 106.48 | 108.29 | 100.40 | 42.7 | 43.7 | 42.3 | 2.50 | 2.48 | 2.38 |
| Fargo-Moorhead | 112.89 | 112.35 | 106.07 | 41.9 | 42.4 | 41.3 | 2.69 | 2.65 | 2.57 |
| Ohio | 130.33 | 130.06 | 125.55 | 42.2 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 3.09 |  |  |
| Akron. | 142.91 | 149.11 | 144.68 | 41,2 | 42,9 | 43.0 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 3.36 |
| Canton. | 127.06 | 127.28 | 121.44 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 40.2 | 3.08 | 3.07 | 3.02 |
| Cincinnati | 120.34 | 121.20 | 117.22 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 2.88 | 2.89 | 2.80 |
| Cleveland | 134.75 | 131.79 | 129.20 | 42.8 | 42.0 | 42.5 | 3.15 | 3.14 | 3.04 |
| Columbus. | 122.52 | 120.65 | 116.44 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 2.97 | 2.96 | 2.86 |
| Dayton | 144.93 | 147.68 | 135.19 | 43.1 | 43.6 | 42.4 | 3.36 | 3.39 | 3.19 |
| Toledo | 137.78 | 129.83 | 131.15 | 42.7 | 40.9 | 42.1 | 3.23 | 3.17 | 3.12 |
| Youngstown-Warren | 138.31 | 139.69 | 133.37 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 3.36 | 3.38 | 3.27 |
| OKLAHOMA | 105.17 | 105.17 | 100.98 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 2.51 | 2.51 | 2.41 |
| Oklahoma City | 100.38 | 99.25 | 97.13 | 42.0 | 41.7 | 42.6 | 2.39 | 2.38 | 2.28 |
| Tulsa | 120.96 | 118.96 | 112.46 | 43.2 | 43.1 | 42.6 | 2.80 | 2.76 | 2.64 |
| OREGON. | 120.50 | 122.14 | 119.19 | 39.9 | 39.4 | 41.1 | 3.02 | 3.10 | 2.90 |
| Eugene | 125.25 | 126.36 | 126.58 | 41.2 | 40.5 | 43.2 | 3.04 | 3.12 | 2.93 |
| Porcland | 118.78 | 122.98 | 118.30 | 39.2 | 39.8 | 40.1 | 3.03 | 3.09 | 2.95 |
| PENNSYLVANIA. | 110.84 | 110.84 | 106.49 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 2.73 | 2.73 |  |
| Allentown-Bechlehem-Easton | 107.05 | 106.62 | 102.83 | 39.5 | 39.2 | 39.4 | 2,71 | 2.72 | 2.61 |
| Altoona. | 90.46 | 88.59 | 88.66 | 39.5 | 39.2 | 40.3 | 2.29 | 2.26 | 2.20 |
| Erie. | 120,83 | 119.71 | 113.55 | 43.0 | 42.6 | 41.9 | 2.81 | 2.81 | 2.71 |
| Harrisburg, | $\begin{array}{r}97.77 \\ \hline 109\end{array}$ | 99,55 | 94.94 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 2.42 | 2.44 | 2.31 |
| Johnstown Lancaster | 109.62 | 114.86 | 107.62 | 37.8 | 39.2 | 38.3 | 2.90 | 2.93 | 2.81 |
| Lapcaster . ${ }_{\text {Philadelphia. }}$ | 102.17 118.37 | 98.49 | 97.76 | 41.7 | 40.7 | 41.6 | 2.45 | 2.42 | 2.35 |
| Pittsburgh . | 118.37 132.11 | 118.37 133.49 | 112.48 127.30 | 41.1 40.9 | 41.1 | 40.9 40.8 | 2.88 3.23 | 2.88 3.24 | 2.75 |
| Reading. | 95.20 | 95.52 | 95.65 | 39.5 | 39.8 | 40.7 | 2.41 | 3.24 2.40 | 2.35 |
| Scranton | 84.96 | 82.32 | 77.96 | 39.7 | 39.2 | 37.3 | 2.14 | 2.10 | 2.09 |
| Wilkes-Barre-Hazleto | 78.17 | 76.84 | 73.16 | 37.4 | 37.3 | 36.4 | 2.09 | 2.06 | 2.01 |
| York | 98.83 | 96.83 | 93.09 | 42.6 | 42.1 | 42.9 | 2.32 | 2.30 | 2.17 |
| RHODE ISLAND | 93.48 | 93.43 | 89.13 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 2.28 | 2.29 | 2.19 |
| Providence-Pawrucker-Warwick | 93.94 | 92.57 | 89.16 | 41.2 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 2.28 | 2.28 | 2.18 |

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are prellminary.

STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS
Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas-Continued

| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Auc } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug, } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |
| SOUTH CAROLINA | \$82.96 | \$82.15 | \$79.80 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 42.0 | \$1.98 | \$1.97 | \$1.90 |
| Charleston. | 93.38 | 92.62 | 85.28 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 41.2 | 2.30 | 2.27 | 2.07 |
| Greenville. | 84.94 | 81.09 | 79.66 | 42.9 | 41.8 | 42.6 | 1.98 | 1.94 | 1.87 |
| SOUTH DAKOTA | 107.58 | 111.39 | 100.3. | 45.2 | 47.0 | 43.8 | 2.38 | 2.37 | 2.29 |
| Sioux Falls | 126.02 | 124.82 | 114.77 | 47.2 | 47.1 | 44.4 | 2.67 | 2.65 | 2.58 |
| TENNESSEE | 89.64 | 88.97 | 85.69 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 2.16 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ | 2.17 | 2.09 |
| Chattanooga | (1) | 98.77 | 94.24 | (1) | 41.5 | 41.7 | (1) | 2.38 | 2.26 |
| Knoxville | 100.28 | 99.87 | 96.22 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 2.44 | 2.43 | 2.37 |
| Memphis | 100.80 | 100.02 | 100.54 | 42.0 | 41.5 | 42.6 | 2.40 | 2.41 | 2.36 |
| Nashville | 97.34 | 97.64 | 93.15 | 41.6 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 2.34 | 2.37 | 2.25 |
| TEXAS | 107.84 | 107.59 | 103.74 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 42.0 | 2.58 | 2.58 | 2.47 |
| Austin | 80.78 | 80.78 | 74.12 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 1.98 | 1.98 | 1.83 |
| Beaumont-Port Arthur | 133.67 | 141.56 | 133.40 | 39.9 | 42.0 | 41.3 | 3.35 | 3.37 | 3.23 |
| Corpus Christi | 125.04 | 124.62 | 122.51 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 2.97 | 2.96 | 2.91 |
| Dallas | 95.30 | 95.47 | 93.75 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 41.3 | 2.33 | 2.34 | 2.27 |
| El Paso | 75.55 | 74.43 | 74.09 | 40.4 | 39.8 | 37.8 | 1.87 | 1.87 | 1.96 |
| Fort Worth. | 117.45 | 117.79 | 105.57 | 42.4 | 40.9 | 41.4 | 2.77 | 2.88 | 2.55 |
| Houston | 129.73 | 130.03 | 123.70 | 43.1 | 43.2 | 43.1 | 3.01 | 3.01 | 2.87 |
| San Antonio | 83.60 | 84.42 | 77.36 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 40.5 | 2.00 | 2.01 | 1.91 |
| UTAH | 120.25 | 122.66 | 115.14 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 40.4 | 2.94 | 2.97 | 2.85 |
| Salt Lake City | 116.60 | 115.34 | 111.78 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 40.5 | 2.83 | 2.82 | 2.76 |
| VERMONT | 99.39 | 97.98 | 92.23 | 43.4 | 42.6 | 42.5 | 2.29 | 2.30 | 2.17 |
| Burlington. | 105.36 | 102.77 | 99.16 | 43.9 | 43.0 | 43.3 | 2.40 | 2.39 | 2.29 |
| Springfield. | 116.93 | 112.23 | 107.69 | 44.8 | 43.5 | 43.6 | 2.61 | 2.58 | 2.47 |
| Virginia | 91.12 | 90.91 | 86.94 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 2.18 | 2.18 | 2.10 |
| Lynchburg | 88.13 | 87.44 | 87.16 | 43.2 | 43.5 | 43.8 | 2.04 | 2.01 | 1.99 |
| Norfolk-Portsmouth | 91.94 | 95.37 | 84.35 | 41.6 | 42.2 | 39.6 | 2.21 | 2.26 | 2.13 |
| Richmond | 101.02 | 101.18 | 94.00 | 41.4 | 40.8 | 40.0 | 2.44 | 2.48 | 2.35 |
| Roanoke | 87.98 | 85.28 | 87.44 | 42.3 | 41.4 | 43.5 | 2.08 | 2.06 | 2.01 |
| WASHINGTON | 130.90 | 130.90 | 123.82 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 3.24 | 3.24 | 3.08 |
| Seartle-Everett. | 137.27 | 137.50 | 126.58 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 3.34 | 3.37 | 3.11 |
| Spok ane | 127.12 | 131.87 | 124.18 | 39.6 | 40.7 | 39.8 | 3.21 | 3.24 | 3.12 |
| Tacoma. | 125.05 | 122.15 | 120.69 | 39.2 | 38.9 | 39.7 | 3.19 | 3.14 | 3.04 |
| WEST VIRGINIA | 113.52 | 114.33 | 108.93 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 2.81 | 2.83 | 2.73 |
| Charleston. | 139.83 | 138.55 | 134.31 | 42.5 | 42.5 | 41.2 | 3.29 | 3.26 | 3.26 |
| Huntington-Ashland. | 116.66 | 116.05 | 112.13 | 38.0 | 37.8 | 38.4 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 2.92 |
| Wheeling. | 117.96 | 115.95 | 113.12 | 41.1 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 2.87 | 2.87 | 2.80 |
| WISCONSIN | 118.30 | 118.00 | 112.41 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.69 |
| Green Bay . | 119.37 | 122.09 | 115.85 | 44.0 | 44.1 | 44.3 | 2.71 | 2.77 | 2.61 |
| Kenosha | 128.66 | 124.87 | 124.26 | 39.2 | 39.4 | 40.0 | 3.28 | 3.17 | 3.11 |
| La Crosse | 104.77 | 108.55 | 100.72 | 39.3 | 40.2 | 39.0 | 2.66 | 2.70 | 2.58 |
| Madison | 123.09 | 124.73 | 116.79 | 41.6 | 42.0 | 41.0 | 2.66 | 2.97 | 2.85 |
| Milwaukee. | 132.63 | 132.29 | 124.30 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 41.3 | 3.17 | 3.18 | 3.01 |
| Racine | 125.07 | 127.73 | 115.79 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 39.9 | 3.05 | 3.10 | 2.90 |
| WYOMING | 121.47 | 122.78 | 105.43 | 41.6 | 41.2 | 38.2 | 2.92 | 2.98 | 2.76 |
| Casper | 120.58 | 123.87 | 116.39 | 38.4 | 39.2 | 36.6 | 3.14 | 3.16 | 3.18 |

$\mathbf{1}^{\text {Not }}$ available.
2 Area included in New York Northeastern New Jersey Standard Consolidated Area.
3 Subarea of Rochester Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.
4 Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.
NOIZ: Data for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: Cooperating state agencies listed on inside back cover.
235-027 O-66-6

Table D.1: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing
1956 to date

| Year | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | july | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Annual average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total accessions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956......... | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 4.2 |
| 1957......... | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 3.6 |
| 1958........ | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 3.6 |
| $1959{ }^{2}$....... | 3.8 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 5.4 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 4.2 |
| 1960......... | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 3.8 |
| 1961.......... | 3.7 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 4.1 |
| 1962......... | 4.1 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 4.1 |
| 1963......... | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 3.9 |
| 1964......... | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 4.0 |
| 1965. . . . . . . . . | 3.8 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 5.6 | $4.5$ | 5.4 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 4.3 |
| 1966........... | 4.6 | 4.2 | $4.9$ | 4.6 | 5.1 | $6.7$ | $5.1$ | $6.1$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| New hires |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956.......... | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 2.8 |
| 1957......... | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.3 | . 8 | 2.2 |
| 1958......... | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.7 |
| 1959.......... | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 2.6 |
| 1960.......... | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 2.2 |
| 1961.......... | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 2.2 |
| 1962......... | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 2.5 |
| 1963.......... | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 2.4 |
| 1964......... | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 2.6 |
| $1965 . . .$ | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 3.2 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 3.1 |
| 1965........... | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 5.6 | 3.9 | 4.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total separations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956.......... | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.9 |  | 4.3 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 4.6 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 4.2 |
| 1957........... | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 4.2 |
| 1958. $19 . . .$. | 5.4 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 4.1 |
| 1959 1....... | 3.7 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 4.1 |
| 1960......... | 3.6 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.3 |
| 1961......... | 4.7 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| 1962.......... | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.1 |
| 1963......... | 4.0 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.9 |
| 1964......... | 4.0 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.9 |
| 1965............ | 3.7 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | $4.3$ | 5.1 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| 1966......... | 4.0 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 5.3 | 5.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956. ........ | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.9 |
| 1957.......... | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 1.6 | 1.1 | . 8 | 1.6 |
| 1958......... | . 9 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.1 |
| 1959.......... | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| 1960.......... | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.3 | . 9 | . 7 | 1.3 |
| 1961......... | . 9 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 1.1 | . 9 | 1.2 |
| 1962.......... | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.1 | . 8 | 1.4 |
| 1963......... | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.1 | . 8 | 1.4 |
| 1964......... | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| 1965.......... | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.9 |
| 1966.......... | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Layoffs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956.......... | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.9 |  |  | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| 1957.......... | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 2.1 |
| 1958.......... | 4.0 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| 1959.......... | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.0 |
| 1960.......... | 1.8 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 2.4 |
| 1967.......... | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.2 |
| 1962......... | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.0 |
| 1963......... | 2.2 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.8 |
| 1964......... | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.7 |
| 1965.......... | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.4 |
| 1966......... | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 1.1 |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Beginning with January 1959, transfers berween establishments of the same firm are included in total accessions and total separations, therefore rates for these items are not strictly comparable with prior data. Transfers comprise part of ocher accessions and other separations, the rates for which are not shown separately.

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1999. This inclusion has not significantly affected the labor turnover series.
Dara for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry

| $\underset{\text { Sode }}{\text { SIC }}$ | Industry | Accession rates |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  | Quits |  | Layoffs |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuTy } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Judy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Auge } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juty } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | MANUFACTURING | 6.1 | 5.1 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 2.0 |
| 19,24,25,32-39 | DURABLE GOODS | 5.7 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 2.2 |
| 20-23,26-31 | NONDURABLE GOODS . | 6.6 | 6.0 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
|  | Durable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES | 4.5 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 1.5 | . 5 | . 6 |
| 192 | Ammunition, except for small arms. | 4.5 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.6 | .6 | . 5 |
| 194 | Sighting and fire control equipment | 3.4 | 3.8 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.1 | . 8 | . 1 | . 1 |
| 191,3,5,6,9 | Other ordnance and accessories | 4.7 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 1.5 | .4 | 1.0 |
| 24 | LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE | 7.1 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 5.8 | 8.4 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 4.6 | 1.3 | . 9 |
| 242 | Sawmills and planing mills. . . . . . . | 6.6 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 5.4 | 7.8 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 4.6 | .9 | . 6 |
| ${ }^{2421}$ | Sawmills and planing mills, general | 6.1 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 7.4 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 4.3 | . 9 | . 6 |
| 243 | Millwork, plywood, and related products | 5.9 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 8.9 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 3.7 | 2.2 | . 9 |
| 2431 | Millwork . | 4.5 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 7.8 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 3.4 | 2.0 | . 9 |
| 2432 | Veneer and plywood. | 6.7 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 4.7 | 8.3 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 3.8 | 1.5 | . 7 |
| 244 | Wooden containers | 9.1 | 8.7 | 8.2 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 9.7 | 8.3 | 6.5 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 2.4 |
| 2441,2 | Wooden boxes, shook, and crates | 9.3 | 9.6 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 10.4 | 8.3 | 6.7 | 5.1 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| 249 | Miscellaneous wood products. | 8.3 | 6.7 | 7.6 | 5.6 | 8.7 | 7.3 | 6.9 | 4.2 | . 5 | 2.0 |
| 25 | FURNITURE AND FIXTURES | 8.6 | 6.8 | 7.7 | 6.0 | 8.1 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 4.2 | .6 | 1.1 |
| 251 | Household furniture | 8.6 | 6.9 | 7.9 | 6.1 | 8.1 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 4.5 | . 4 | 1.0 |
| 2511 | Wood house furniture, unupholstered | 9.0 | 7.4 | 8.5 | 6.4 | 8.9 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 4.9 | . 2 | 1.0 |
| 2512 | Wood house furniture, upholstered. | 6.9 | 5.9 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 3.8 | . 2 | . 5 |
| 2515 | Mattresses and bedsprings | 8.0 | 6.7 | 7.4 | 6.2 | 6.9 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 3.9 | - 3 | . 9 |
| 252 | Office furniture | 7.7 | 5.0 | 7.2 | 4.7 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 3.9 | 5.2 | 2.8 | .4 | . 2 |
| 32 | Stone, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS | 4.7 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| 321 | Flat glass . . . . . | 2.5 | 3.0 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 4.9 | 3.2 | 1.8 | . 6 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| 322 | Glass and glassware, pressed or blown. | 4.4 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 2.2 | . 4 | 1.2 |
| 3221 | Glass containers. | 3.8 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 4.9 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 2.8 | - 3 | . 2 |
| 3229 | Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c. | 5.2 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 2.7 | 1.5 | . 5 | 2.4 |
| 324 | Cement, hydraulic | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | . 6 | . 5 | . 2 |
| 325 | Structural clay products. . | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 7.4 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 1.5 | . 7 |
| 3251 | Brick and structural clay tile. | 4.8 | 5.9 | 4.6 | 5.3 | 7.4 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 4.2 | - 7 | . 5 |
| 326 | Pottery and related products. | 6.0 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 2.8 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 3.5 | 2.5 | . 6 | 1.3 |
| 3291 | Abrasive products | 2.8 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.5 | (1) | - 3 |
| 33 | Primary metal industries | 3.7 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 1.5 | . 3 | 1.1 |
| 331 | Blast furnace and basic steel products. | 2.6 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 3.6 | 2.3 | 2.1 | . 9 | - 3 | - 3 |
| 3312 | Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills. | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 2.0 | . 8 | $\cdot 3$ | . 2 |
| 332 | Iron and steel foundries. | (2) | 4.2 | (2) | 3.4 | (2) | 6.7 | (2) | 2.6 | (2) | 2.9 |
| 3321 | Gray iron foundries | (2) | 4.3 | (2) | 3.4 | (2) | 8.7 | (2) | 2.8 | (2) | 4.6 |
| 3322 | Malleable iron foundries | (2) | 4.2 | (2) | 3.3 | (2) | 5.0 | (2) | 3.0 | (2) | . 7 |
| 3323 | Steel foundries...... . | (2) | 3.9 | (2) | 3.3 | (2) | 3.5 | (2) | 2.1 | (2) | . 4 |
| 333,4 | Nonfertous smelting and refining. . . | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 1.5 | .2 | . 4 |
| 3351 | Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding. | 3.2 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 1.4 | - 3 | 1.5 |
| 3351 | Copper rolling, drawing, and extruding | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 1.1 | - 3 | . 7 |
| 3352 | Aluminum rolling, drawing, and excruding. | 2.4 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 1.7 | (2) | - 5 |
| 3357 | Nonferrous wire drawing, and insulating. . | (2) | 5.5 | (2) | 2.1 | (2) | 5.4 | (2) | 1.4 | (2) | 3.3 |
| 336 | Nonferrous foundries. | 8.3 | 5.5 | 7.6 | 4.3 | 7.6 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 3.0 | $\cdot 5$ | 1.2 |
| 3361 | Aluminum castings | 8.0 | 5.4 | 7.6 | 4.3 | 7.6 | 5.3 | 6.2 | 3.2 | . 3 | . 6 |
| 3362,9 | Other nonferrous castings. | 8.6 | 5.7 | 7.5 | 4.3 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 2.9 | (8) | 1.9 |
| 3391 | Miscellaneous primary metal industries. | (2) | 3.0 | (2) | 2.9 | (2) | 4.4 | (2) | 1.7 | (2) | 1.9 |
| 3391 | Iton and steel forgings. | (2) | 2.6 | (2) | 2.5 | (2) | 4.9 | (2) | 1.5 | (2) | 2.7 |

[^25]Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry-Continued

| SICCode | Industry | Accession rates |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  | Quits |  | Layoffs |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{w} Y \mathrm{y} \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuTy } \\ & \hline 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augi } \\ & 1906 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Ju17 } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Auge } \\ & 1906 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & J u 7 y \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Augt } \\ & 1066 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3{ }^{3} \mathrm{IFy} \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Durable Goods..Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34 | FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS | 6.0 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 4.0 | 2.6 | 0.8 |  |
| 341 | Meral cans | 4.8 | 6.1 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 6.5 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.7 |
| 342 | Curlery, hand rools, and general hardware | (2) | 5.2 | (2) | 2.8 | (2) | 4.8 | (2) | 2.2 | (2) | 1.7 |
| 3421,3,5 | Cutery and hand tools, including saws. | (2) | 4.6 | (2) | 2.7 | (2) | 4.7 | (2) | 2.1 | (2) | 1.7 |
| 3429 | Hardware, n,e.c. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | (2) | 5.6 | (2) | 2.8 | (2) | 4.8 | (2) | 2.2 | (2) | 1.6 |
| 343 | Heacing equipment and plumbing fixtures | 4.9 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 5.4 | 4.5 | 3.3 | 2.7 | $\stackrel{ }{ } \cdot 9$ | . 7 |
| 3431,2 | Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods. | 4.0 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 5.4 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 1.0 | .8 |
| 3433 | Heacing equipment, except electric. | 5.6 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 2.6 | . 8 | .6 |
| 344 | Fabricared structural metal products | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 2.9 | .8 | .9 |
| 3441 | Fabricated strucrural sreel. | 5.6 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 2.9 | .9 | 1.1 |
| 3443 | Fabxicated plate work (boiler shops) | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 2.2 | . 3 | - 6 |
| 3446,9 | Archirectural and miscellaneous metal work | 6.2 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 6.5 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 2.9 | . 8 | . 8 |
| 345 | Screw machine products, boles, etc. . . . . | 5.8 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 4.2 | 5.8 | 4.6 3.5 | 4.3 | 2.8 | . 3 | . 8 |
| 3452 | Botrs, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers | 4.6 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 5.1 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 2.3 | - 2 | . 2 |
| 346 | Metal stampings . . . | (2) | 5.4 | (2) | 3.0 | (2) | 8.3 | (2) | 2.0 | (2) | 5.4 |
| 348 | Miscellaneous fabricated wire products | 6.5 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 4.9 | 6.2 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 3.0 | $\cdot 3$ | . 2 |
| 349 | Miscellaneous fabricated metal products. | 4.2 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 5.3 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 1.0 | - 5 |
| 3494,8 | Valves, pipe, and pipe fituings | 4.3 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 4.8 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.2 | . 7 | . 4 |
| 35 | machinery. | 4.2 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 2.8 | 1.9 | .4 | 1.0 |
| 351 | Engines and rurbines | 5.5 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 2.5 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 2.0 |
| 3511 | Steam eagines and curbines | 1.7 | 3.3 | 1.1 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.8 | . 6 | . 6 | (1) | (1) |
| 3519 | Internal combustion engines, a.e. | 7.6 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 2.5 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 3.6 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 3.1 |
| 352 | Farm machinery and equipment. | 4.6 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 2.5 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 3.3 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| 353 | Construction and relared machinety. | 4.0 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 1.8 | . 1 | . 4 |
| 3531,2 | Construction and miniag machinery | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 2.5 | .1 | . 2 |
| 3533 | Oil field machinery, and equipment | 3.8 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 2.7 | . 2 | . 2 |
| 3535,6 | Conveyors, hoists, and industrial crapes. | 4.4 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 3.2 | 4.7 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 1.7 | . 1 | . 5 |
| 354 | Metalworking machinery and equipment | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 1.8 | . 5 | . 8 |
| 3541 3545 | Machine cools, metal cutting types. | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 1.5 | (1) | . 1 |
| 3545 | Machine tool accessories. . . . . | 4.3 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 1.8 | $\cdot 1$ | - 5 |
| 3542,8 | Miscellaneous metalwotking machinery | 3.2 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 3.4 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.3 | .4 | . 2 |
| 355 | Special industry machinery | 3.6 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 1. 8 | . 2 | . 5 |
| 3551 | Food products machinery. | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 1.6 | . 3 | -7 |
| 3552 | Textile machinety | 4.8 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 2.8 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 2.4 | . 2 | .6 |
| 356 | General industrial machinery . | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 1.7 | . 2 | 1.3 |
| 3561 | Pumps; air and gas compressors | 3.7 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 1.7 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | . 1 |
| 3562 | Ball and roller bearings. | (2) | 5.1 | (2) | 1.8 | (2) | 5.6 | (2) | 1.2 | (2) | 3.7 |
| 3566 | Mechanical power transmis sion goods. | 3.6 | 4.7 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 2.5 | 1.4 | . 2 | 2.2 |
| 357 | Office, computing, and accounting machines | 3.6 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 1.8 | 1.4 | . 1 | 1.3 |
| 3571 | Computiog mach ines and eash registers | 2.8 | 3.6 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 1.3 | . 1 | . 2 |
| 358 | Serrice indu stry machines | 5.5 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 6.3 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 2.4 | .9 | . 9 |
| 3585 | Refrigeration, except home refrigerators | 5.5 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 3.1 | 6.8 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| 36 | ELECTRLCAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES | 5.9 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 2.0 | -3 | 1.0 |
| 361 | Electric distribution equipment | 4.5 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 1.8 | . 1 | - 3 |
| 3611 | Electric measuring instruments. . | 5.6 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 4.9 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 2.0 | . 2 | . 4 |
| 3612 3613 | Power and distribution rransformers. . | 4.3 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 1.6 | (1) | - 3 |
| 3613 362 | Switchgear and swirchboard apparatus | 3.6 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 1.7 | (I) | -3 |
| 362 | Electrical industrial apparatus. | 4.3 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 1.9 | . 2 | . 4 |
| 3621 3622 | Motors and generators. . | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 1.8 | . 3 | . 5 |
| ${ }_{3622}$ | Industrial controls. | 5.0 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.0 | . 2 | . 2 |
| 363 3632 | Household appliances . . . . . . . . . . | 7.5 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 5.0 | 6.6 | 3.1 | 2.1 | . 6 | 3.5 |
| 3632 3633 | Household refrigeracors and freezers | (2) | 3.6 | (2) | 2.3 | (2) | 11.9 | (2) | 1.8 | (2) | 8.9 |
| 3633 3634 | Household laundry equipmear. | 4.8 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 2.6 | 5.2 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 1.4 | . 7 | . 1 |
| 3634 | Electric housewares and fans. | 7.7 | 4.3 | 5.6 | 3.5 | 6.7 | 5.2 | 4.3 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| 364 3641 | Electric lighting and wiriog equipmeat Electric lamps . . . . . . . . . . | 5.8 | 4.8 | 4 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 3.3 | 2.4 | . 4 | 2.0 |
| 3641 3642 | Electric lamps Lighting fixtures | 5.5 7.5 | 1.4 6.0 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 2.5 5.5 | 2.9 6.9 | 1.8 | 1.0 | .1 | 1.4 3.2 |
| 3643,4 | Wiring derices. . . . . . . | 4.7 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 4.15 | 4.5 | 5.11 | 3.7 3.5 | 2.7 | . 2 | 3.2 1.5 |
| 365 | Radio and TV receiving sets | 10.2 | 6.7 | 8.9 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 3.8 | 2.6 | . 1 | 1.1 |
| 366 | Communication equipment. |  | 3.5 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 1.5 | . 2 | . 5 |
| 3661 | Telephone and telegraph apparaus | (2) | 1.0 | (2) | . 9 | (2) | 2.3 | (2) | 1.0 | (2) | - 9 |
| 3662 | Radio and TV communication equipment | 4.9 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 1.6 | - 3 | . 3 |
| 367 | Electronic components and accessories. | 7.5 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 3.8 | 6.1 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 2.7 | . 5 | 1.0 |
| 3671-3 | Electron tubes | 7.5 | 3.1 | 5.5 | 2.5 | 4.3 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 1.4 | . 1 | . 9 |
| 3674,9 369 | Electronic components, n.e.c. . . . . . . . . | 7.5 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 4.1 | 6.6 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 3.0 | . 6 | 1.0 |
| 369 3694 | Miscellaneous electrical equipment and supplies | 5.2 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 1.8 | . 5 | . 4 |
| 3694 | Electrical equipment for engines . . | 4.4 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 1.2 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.1 | . 4 | . 2 |

[^26]Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

| SIC <br> Code | Industry | Accession rates |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  | Quits |  | Layotfs |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3417 \\ & 3966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jixy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { गu्यु } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ju1y } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 u 1 y \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ |
| Durable Goods--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37 | TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT | 7.4 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 3.1. | 6.2 | 9.8 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 7.1 |
| 371 | Motor vehicles and equipment | (2) | 3.3 | (2) | 1.7 | (2) | 17.3 | (2) | 1.2 | (2) | 15.0 |
| 3711 | Motor vehicles . . . . . . | (2) | 2.9 | (2) | 1.7 | (2) | 21.0 | (2) | 1.3 | (2) | 18.6 |
| 3712 | Passenger car bodies | (2) | 4.7 | (2) | . 4 | (2) | 15.1 | (2) | -3 | (2) | 13.9 |
| 3713 | Truck and bus bodies | (2) | 4.4 | (2) | 4.2 | (2) | 8.5 | (2) | 2.9 | (2) | 4.7 |
| 3714 | Motor vehicle parts and accessories. | (2) | 3.3 | (2) | 1.5 | (2) | 15.7 | (2) | 1.0 | (2) | 13.7 |
| 372 | Aircraft and parts . . . . . . . . . | 4.3 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 1.7 | .2 | . 4 |
| 3721 | Aircraft . . . . | 4.4 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 1.6 | . 2 | - 2 |
| 3722 | Aircraft engines and engine parts | 3.7 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 1.4 | . 2 | . 8 |
| 3723,9 | Other aircraft parts and equipment | 5.0 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 2.5 | . 1 | . 6 |
| 373 | Ship and boar building and repairing | 7.9 | 9.4 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 9.4 | 8.3 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.5 |
| 3731 | Ship building and repairing . . . | 8.4 | 10.2 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 9.4 | 8.0 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 3.8 |
| 374 | Railroad equipment . . . . . | $7 \cdot 3$ | 3.5 | 4.4 | 2.5 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 2.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.8 |
| 375,9 | Other cransportation equipment | 8.4 | 7.2 | 7.8 | 6.4 | 10.2 | 8.7 | 7.2 | 5.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 |
| 38 | INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS | 4.8 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 3.8 3.0 | 3.3 3.7 | 2.7 2.2 | 1.8 | -3 | .8 1.3 |
| 381 | Engineering and scientific instruments | 4.4 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 1.6 | -3 | 1.3 |
| 382 | Mechanical measuring and control devices | 4.6 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 1.9 | .4 | 1.0 |
| 3821 | Mechanical measuring devices . . . . . | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 1.8 | . 6 | - 7 |
| 3822 | Automatic temperature controls | 5.7 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 2.8 | 2.1 | . 2 | 1.5 |
| 383,5 | Optical and ophthalmic goods . . | 4.8 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 2.8 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 2.0 | - 2 | 1.0 |
| 384 | Surgical, medical, and dental equipment. | 5.3 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 3.5 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 2.1 | (1) | - 4 |
| 386 | Photographic equipment and supplies . . | (2) | 5.1 | (2) | 4.8 | (2) | 1.9 | (2) | 1.2 | (2) | .2 |
| 387 | Watches and clocks . . . . . . . . . | 7.3 | 5.2 | 6.7 | 2.8 | 6.2 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 2.3 | $\cdot 3$ | 2.0 |
| 39 | MISCELLANEOUS MAMUFACTURING INDUSTRIES | 8.0 | 7.7 | 7.0 | 5.4 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 1.0 | 2.3 |
| 391 | Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware. . . . . . | 6.5 | 6.5 | 5.6 | 3.2 | 5.0 | 7.7 | 3.7 | 2.7 | . 2 | 4.4 |
| 394 | Toys, amusement, and sporting goods | 11.6 | 11.9 | 10.3 | 8.3 | 9.2 | 8.6 | 6.2 | 4.6 | 1.5 | 2.4 |
| $3941-3$ | Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles | 14.3 | 16.3 | 12.7 | 10.8 | 10.0 | 9.7 | 7.4 | 5.3 | 1.1 | 2.5 |
| 3949 | Sporting and achletic goods, n.e.c.. | 6.7 | 4.9 | 5.7 | 4.3 | 7.6 | 6.7 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| 395 | Pens, pencils, office and art materials | 6.1 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 2.5 | . 3 | 1.2 |
| 396 | Cosrume jewelry, buttons, and notions | 7.0 | 9.7 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 6.9 | 8.7 | 4.9 | 3.6 | .7 | 4.3 |
| 393,8,9 | Other manufacturing industries | 6.5 | 4.9 | 5.7 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| Nondurable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS | 10.3 | 9.2 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 8.0 | 6.2 | 4.8 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| 201 | Meat products. . . . . . . . . | 7.7 | 7.2 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 8.3 | 6.0 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 1.9 |
| 2011 | Meat packing . . | 5.9 | 4.9 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 6.9 | 4.7 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 4.2 | 2.7 |
| 2015 | Poultry dressing and packing | 14.9 | 14.9 | 13.5 | 12.4 | 13.9 | 10.9 | 12.7 | 9.4 | . 4 | -3 |
| 204 | Grain mill products . . . . . . . . . . | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.4 | - 9 |
| 2041 | Flour and ocher grain mill products | 2.9 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 1.3 | . 8 | -7 |
| 2042 | Prepared feeds for animals and fowls. | 4.7 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 2.3 | .6 | 1.1 |
| 205 | Bakery products . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4.7 4.2 | 3.1 4.9 | 4.2 | 4.6 4.6 | 4.9 4.8 | 4.4 4.3 | 3.6 | 2.9 3.0 | . 5 | .7 |
| 2051 | Bread, cake, and perishable products. | 4.2 8.4 | 4.9 6.5 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 3.0 | . 5 | . 6 |
| 2052 | Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels . . . | 8.4 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 2.5 | .5 | 1.4 |
| 207 | Confectionery and related products . . . . . | 11.7 | 8.3 | 8.7 9.8 | 5.0 5.7 | 6.9 7.9 | 6.6 7.6 | 5.4 6.2 | 3.4 3.8 | . 7 | 2.5 3.0 |
| 2071 | Candy and other confectionery products | 13.3 5.3 | 9.1 | 9.8 | 5.7 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 6.2 | 3.8 | .88 | 3.0 |
| $208$ | Beverages. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5.3 | 7.8 | 4.1 | 6.2 | 7.3 | 5.6 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| 2082 | Malt liquors . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.5 | 6.0 | 1.4 | 3.5 | 6.0 | 4.8 | 1.7 | . 8 | 3.6 | 3.5 |
| 21 | TOBACCO MANUFACTURES | 18.6 | 9.0 | 9.7 | 4.0 | 8.0 | 5.5 | 2.9 | 7.7 | 4.3 | 3.2 |
| 211 | Cigarectes. | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 7.7 | (i) | (I) |
| 212 | Cigars . | (2) | 8.3 | (2) | 3.2 | (2) | 12.7 | (2) | 3.2 | (2) | 8.7 |

[^27]Table D.2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued


Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

| sic Code | Industry | Accession rates |  |  |  | Separation races |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  | Quits |  | Layoffs |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 2966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuTy } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ju1y } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Nondurable Goods-.Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | Leather and leather products | 7.4 | $7 \cdot 5$ | 5.6 | 5.3 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 5.9 | 4.4 | 0.9 | 2.7 |
| 311 | Leather canning and finishing | 5.5 | 5.9 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 4.4 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 2.7 |
| 314 | Footwear, except rubber. | 6.8 | 7.2 | 5.2 | 5.2 | $7 \cdot 9$ | 7.9 | 6.1 | 4.7 | . 7 | 2.3 |
|  | NONMANUFACTURING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | metal mining. | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 2.0 | . 2 | . 8 |
| 101 | Iron ores. | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 1.1 | . 7 | . 2 | 1.5 |
| 102 | Copper Ores. | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 2.1 | 1.7 | .1 | . 8 |
| 11,12 | COAL mining | 2.2 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.5 | . 9 | . 9 | . 2 | 1.2 |
| 12 | Bituminous | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.3 | . 9 | -9 | . 2 | 1.0 |
| 481 | COMmUNication: <br> Telephone communication |  |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 482 | Telegraph communication ${ }^{\text {3 }}$. | (2) | 3.0 | - | - | (2) | 2.0 | (2) | 1.3 | (2) | . 16 |

${ }^{1}$ Less then 0.05 .
${ }^{2}$ Not available.
${ }^{3}$ Data relate to all employees except messengers.
NOIT: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-4: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing, 1956 to date seasonally adjusted

| (Per 100 employees) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| Total accessions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956.................... | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.0 |
| 1957..................... | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| 1958.................... | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.2 |
| 1959 ${ }^{1}$................... | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 5.6 |
| 1960...................... | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| 1961...................... | 3.9 | 3.7 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.1 |
| 1962...................... | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| 1963..................... | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.9 |
| 1964.................... | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 |
| 1965..................... | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 4.8 |
| 1966...................... | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 4.8 |  |  |  |  |
| New hires |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956. | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 |
| 1957. | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| 1958..................... | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| 1959..................... | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| 1960...................... | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 |
| 1961.................... | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| 1962.................... | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| 1963.................... | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.5 |
| 1964. | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 |
| 1965 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.8 |
| 1966.................... | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Total separations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956..................... | 4.2 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.7 |
| 1957.................... | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.9 |
| 1958.1.................. | 5.4 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.7 |
| 1959 .................. | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.1 |
| 1960..................... | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 5.0 |
| 1961..................... | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.1 |
| 1962..................... | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.9 |
| 1963..................... | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.8 |
| 1964..................... | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.8 |
| 1965...................... | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.3 |
| 1966.................... | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Quits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956..................... | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 1957...... | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| 1958. | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| 1959. | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| 1960.. | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| 1961. | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 1962. | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| 1963...................... | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| 1964..................... | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| 1965..................... | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| 1966...................... | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Layoffs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956.................... | 1.6 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| 1957..................... | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| 1958..................... | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 1959..................... | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 1.9 |
| 1960.................... | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 |
| 1961.................... | 2.8 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| 1962..................... | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| 1963..................... | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| 1964..................... | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| 1965..................... | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| 1966..................... | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.0 |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Beginning with January 1959, transfers between establishments of the same firm are included in total accessions and total separations, therefore rates for these items are not strictly comparable with prior data. Transfers comprise part of other accessions and ocher separations, the rates for which are not shown separarely.

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has not significantly affected the labor rurnover series.
Data for the current month are preliminary.

| State and area | Accession rates |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  | Quits |  | Layoffs |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ju1y } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1266 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1266 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| alabama ${ }^{1}$ | (2) | 5.5 | (2) | 4.1 | (2) | 4.2 | (2) | 2.4 | (2) | 1.2 |
| Birmingham | 3.1 | 4.1 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.4 | . 9 |
| Mobile 1 | 9.4 | 11.1 | 2.9 | 4.3 | 5.6 | 13.3 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 10.3 |
| alaska . | 38.6 | 40.0 | 34.7 | 34.7 | 15.8 | 14.2 | 7.3 | 7.7 | 7.1 | 4.9 |
| arizona. | 5.6 | 7.0 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Phoenix. | 5.5 | 6.5 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| arkansas | 7.9 | 9.0 | 6.9 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 7.2 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 1.6 | 1.2 |
| Fort Smith | 7.8 | 8.3 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 17.4 | 10.5 | 8.2 | 6.7 | 8.4 | 2.8 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rock | 4.9 | 7.5 | 4.7 | 6.8 | 4.6 | 5.6 | 3.6 | 4.1 | . 2 | . 6 |
| Pine Bluff. | 5.0 | 7.1 | 4.4 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 4.2 | 4.3 | . 2 | 1.0 |
| CALIFORNia ${ }^{1}$ | 5.4 | 7.0 | 4.6 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 1.9 | 1.1 |
| Anaheim-Sanca Ana-Garden Grove | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach 1 | 5.8 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 6.8 | 5.3 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 1.0 |
| Sacramento * | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| San Bemardino-Riverside-Oncario ** | - | - | - | * | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| San Diego' *. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| San Francisco-Oakland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| San Jose ** | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\cdots$ | - |
| Stockton |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  | - |
| COLORADO. | 6.0 | 8.0 | 4.4 | 7.0 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 2.7 | 2.4 | . 8 | 1.0 |
| CONNECTICUT. | 4.0 | 5.7 | 3.7 | 5.0 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Bridgeport | (2) | 5.6 | (2) | 4.6 | (2) | 2.8 | (2) | 1.9 | (2) | . 3 |
| Hartford. | 4.8 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 2.1 | (3) | .$^{1}$ |
| New Britain | (2) | 5.8 | (2) | 5.1 | (2) | 3.0 | (2) | 2.2 | (2) | (3) |
| New Haven | (2) | 5.4 | (2) | 4.4 | (2) | 3.4 | (2) | 2.2 | (2) | .1 |
| Stamford | (2) | 5.4 | (2) | 5.1 | (2) | 2.6 | (2) | 1.7 | (2) | . 3 |
| Waterbury. | (2) | 5.3 | (2) | 4.4 | (2) | 3.1 | (2) | 2.1 | (2) | . 4 |
| delamare 1 | 2.9 | 5.4 | 2.4 | 4.5 | 12.4 | 2.7 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 9.9 | . 3 |
| Wilmington 2 | 2.4 | 4.8 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 12.1 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 9.9 | . 3 |
| DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: <br> Washington SMSA | (2) | 3.4 | (2) | 3.3 | (2) | 2.4 | (2) | 1.8 | (2) | . 1 |
| florida. | 6.8 | 7.3 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 6.7 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 2.3 |
| Fort Lauderda le-Hollywood | (2) | 8.8 | (2) | 8.2 | (2) | 7.5 | (2) | 4.8 | (2) | 1.0 |
| Jacksonville. | 7.5 | 8.9 | 5.3 | 7.1 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | . 3 | 1.6 |
| Miami | 6.9 | 7.1 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 1.9 |
| Orlando. | 4.2 | 6.4 | 2.8 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 10.9 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 7.6 |
| Pensacola | 1.7 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 1.4 | . 2 | . 1 |
| Tampa - St. Petersburg. | 9.3 | 7.9 | 6.9 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 7.9 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 3.4 |
| West Palm Beach | (2) | 7.1 | (2) | 6.7 | (2) | 5.9 | (2) | 4.5 | (2) | . 3 |
| georgia | 5.5 | 6.0 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 1.4 | . 7 |
| Atlanta 4 | 5.0 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 7.8 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.9 | . 5 |
| hamait 5 | 3.0 | 5.1 | 2.2 | 4.1 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 | . 2 | . 2 |
| idaho 6 | 6.3 | 10.8 | 5.7 | 9.0 | 5.0 | 6.7 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 |
| illinois: <br> Chicago. . . . | 4.8 | 7.1 | 4.4 | 6.4 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | . 3 | , |
| Indiana 1 | 3.9 | 6.6 | 3.0 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
| Indianapolis 7 | 4.2 | 7.2 | 3.2 | 6.1 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 1.5 |
| 10wa | 4.1 | 6.4 | 3.5 | 5.5 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | . 9 | . 3 |
| Cedar Rapids | 6.0 | 6.4 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 2.0 | . 8 | . 9 |
| Des Moines | 4.3 | 7.0 | 3.6 | 5.8 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 2.5 | . 5 | . 5 |

See footnotes at end of table,
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

| State and area | Accession rates |  |  |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { Separation rates }}{\text { Quits }}$ |  | Layoffs |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { June } \\ 1966 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | July 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Ju1y 1966 | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1966 \end{gathered}$ | July 1966 | June 1966 |
| Kansas . | 4.6 | 7.3 | 3.8 | 6.1 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
| Topeka. | 3.2 | 6.8 | 2.5 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.1 |
| wichita | 4.5 | 7.7 | 3.9 | 6.8 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 2.8 | 2.8 | . 1 | 1.1 |
| KENTUCKY | 4.1 | 5.1 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 2.1 | . 7 | . 8 |
| Lovisville | 4.3 | 5.2 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 1.8 | 1.9 | . 5 | . 9 |
| Louisiana | 6.1 | 6.3 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| New Orleans | 4.7 | 7.5 | 2.7 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| maine | 6.9 | 11.2 | 5.5 | 8.4 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 4.1 | 3.9 | . 6 | . 6 |
| Portland | 5.6 | 6.3 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.0 | . 3 | . 5 |
| maryland | 5.1 | 6.1 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.4 | . 9 |
| Baltimore | 4.5 | 5.8 | 3.4 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.6 | . 9 |
| MASSACHUSETTS | 6.5 | 6.6 | 3.3 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 3.3 | . 4 |
| Boston | 5.8 | 6.0 | 3.1 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.6 | . 4 |
| Fall River. | 7.6 | 5.0 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 10.2 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 2.4 | 5.9 | . 4 |
| New Bedford | 9.6 | 6.9 | 3.9 | 5.9 | 11.2 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 7.0 | . 3 |
| Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke | 5.7 | 7.7 | 3.5 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 4.6 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.4 | . 4 |
| Worcester . . . . . . . . . . . | 4.2 | 6.6 | 2.9 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 3.7 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 1.6 | . 4 |
| MICHIGAN | 4.1 | 5.3 | 2.4 | 3.9 | 10.6 | 4.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 8.0 | 1.9 |
| Detroit | 3.6 | 4.7 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 10.7 | 4.2 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 8.1 | 1.4 |
| Grand Rapids * | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kalamazoo | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Lansing. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muskegon-Muskegon Heights * | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Saginaw * | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| minnesota | (2) | 8.6 | (2) | 7.1 | (2) | 3.7 | (2) | 2.4 | (2) | . 6 |
| Duluth-Superior | (2) | 8.0 | (2) | 7.3 | (2) | 3.7 | (2) | 3.0 | (2) | . 1 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul | (2) | 7.8 | (2) | 6.5 | (2) | 3.6 | (2) | 2.3 | (2) | . 6 |
| MISSISSIPPI | (2) | 6.3 | (2) | 5.5 | (2) | 5.5 | (2) | 3.4 | (2) | 1.1 |
| Jackson | 5.6 | 7.7 | 5.2 | 7.3 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 4.2 | . 3 | . 1 |
| missouri | 9/4.4 | 6.2 | 9/3.6 | 5.2 | 9/5.4 | 3.9 | 9/2.6 | 2.4 | 9/1.8 | . 6 |
| Kansas City | 4.6 | 6.4 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| St. Louis | 3.7 | 5.6 | 2.9 | 4.8 | 7.3 | 3.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 4.1 | . 9 |
| montana 6 | 4.6 | 8.6 | 4.1 | 7.3 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 3.4 | 3.2 | . 3 | . 8 |
| NEBRASKA .. | 5.7 | 8.3 | 4.8 | 6.8 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 3.0 | 3.1 | . 6 | . 5 |
| NEVADA | 3.5 | 6.7 | 2.4 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| NEw HAMPSHIRE . . | 4.9 | 7.5 | 4.3 | 6.7 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 3.4 | 3.6 | . 5 | * |
| NEW JERSEY: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jersey City | 4.0 | 4.9 | 2.5 | 3.7 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.6 | . 9 |
| Newark | 4.8 | 5.7 | 2.9 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 3.1 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 2.9 | .7 |
| Paterson-Clifton-Passaic | 5.0 | 5.6 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 6.8 | 3.4 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 4.1 | . 7 |
| Perch Amboy | 3.4 | 5.8 | 2.5 | 5.0 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | . 4 |
| Trenton | 6.3 | 5.3 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 3.6 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.5 | . 8 |
| NEW MEXICO * | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NEW YORK | 5.5 | 5.9 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 5.4 | 4.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 1.8 |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy | 4.0 | 4.8 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 1.5 | . 9 | . 3 |
| Binghamton | 3.2 | 4.5 | 2.7 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 | . 4 | (3) |
| Buffalo . | 3.9 | 4.5 | 2.3 | 3.6 | 7.1 | 3.6 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 5.4 | 1.8 |
| Elmira | 3.2 | 5.8 | 2.9 | 5.3 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 2.1 | . 2 | . 2 |

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D.5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas--Continued

| State and area | Accession rates |  |  |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { Separation rates }}{\text { Quits }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  |  |  | Layoffs |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1266 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1266 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Ju} 1 \mathrm{y} \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1266 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | June <br> 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | June $1966$ |
| NEW YORK (continued) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nassau and Suffolk Councies 30 | 5.0 | 6.1 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| New York SMSA | 5.7 | 5.8 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 5.9 | 5.0 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 2.4 |
| New York City 10 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 6.4 | 5.4 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 2.9 |
| Rochester. | 5.5 | 6.5 | 4.6 | 5.7 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.0 | . 5 |
| Syracuse. | 4.8 | 6.4 | 3.6 | 5.0 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | . 3 | . 3 |
| Utica-Rome | 3.4 | 5.3 | 2.9 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 1.6 | 1.6 | . 3 | . 8 |
| Westchester County 10 | 4.1 | 6.1 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 6.7 | 4.6 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 4.0 | 2.0 |
| NORTH CAROLINA | 5.3 | 6.6 | 4.4 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 3.4 | .3 | . 3 |
| Charlotte. | 6.0 | 6.5 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 3.9 | . 2 | . 4 |
| Greensboro-High Point. | 5.0 | 7.2 | 4.6 | 6.2 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 3.6 | . 3 | . 2 |
| north dakota | 4.1 | 6.5 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 2.5 | . 5 | . 8 |
| Fargo-Moorhead | 4.1 | 6.8 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 1.8 | . 6 | (3) |
| OHIO. | 3.4 | 5.6 | 2.6 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | . 9 |
| Akron. | 2.5 | 4.5 | 2.0 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 | . 3 |
| Cancon | 3.3 | 5.7 | 2.7 | 5.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | . 3 | . 3 |
| Cincinnati. | 4.0 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | . 7 | 1.6 |
| Cleveland | 3.3 | 5.6 | 2.6 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.6 | . 7 |
| Columbus | 4.6 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| Dayton. | 3.2 | 4.4 | 2.5 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 1.5 | 1.5 | . 4 | . 6 |
| Toledo. | 3.2 | 6.1 | 2.5 | 4.9 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 1.5 | 2.0 | . 9 | 1.3 |
| Youngstown-Warren | 2.4 | 6.2 | 1.9 | 4.5 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 1.0 | 1.2 | . 6 | 1.3 |
| OKlahoma | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - |
| Oklahoma Ciry | 5.6 | 5.9 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| Tulsa 11 | 4.2 | 6.9 | 4.0 | 6.8 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 2.6 | . 5 | . 1 |
| OREGON ${ }^{1}$ | 5.2 | 9.9 | 4.8 | 9.1 | 5.7 | 6.2 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 1.4 | . 9 |
| Porcland 1 | 5.0 | 8.9 | 4.5 | 7.8 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 1.9 | 1.1 |
| PENNSYLVANIA | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Allentown-Bechlehem-Easton. | 3.7 | 5.2 | 2.3 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.6 | . 4 |
| Altoona. | 5.6 | 6.7 | 4.3 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 2.1 | . 8 |
| Erie. | 3.0 | 6.0 | 2.3 | 4.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 1.4 | 1.7 | . 6 | . 3 |
| Harrisburg | 4.5 | 5.8 | 2.8 | 4.6 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | . 4 | . 5 |
| Johnstown. | 3.5 | 4.8 | 2.8 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.2 | . 8 | . 4 |
| Lancaster. | 3.1 | 6.5 | 2.8 | 6.0 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 2.5 | . 2 | - |
| Philadelphia | 3.6 | 5.3 | 2.8 | 4.5 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.3 | . 8 |
| Pitesburgh. | 2.4 | 4.0 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 1.9 | . 8 | . 7 | . 8 | . 6 |
| Reading . . | 3.7 | 5.9 | 2.7 | 5.0 | 6.1 | 4.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 1.2 |
| Scranton | 5.6 | 5.9 | 3.5 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 2.3 | . 6 |
| Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton | 4.8 | 5.5 | 2.7 | 4.4 | 5.8 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 1.0 |
| York. . . . . . . . . . . . | 6.3 | 7.6 | 4.1 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 2.2 | .6 |
| RHODE ISLAND | 9.2 | 7.8 | 4.3 | 6.6 | 9.4 | 5.3 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 5.2 | . 7 |
| Providence-Pawtuckec-Warwick | 9.7 | 7.9 | 4.5 | 6.7 | 9.8 | 5.2 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 5.7 | . 7 |
| SOUTH Carolina * | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Charleston, | 5.9 |  | 5.3 |  | 5.6 | 5.5 |  | 4.4 |  |  |
| Greenville. | 5.9 | 7.4 | 5.3 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 4.6 | 4.4 | . 3 | . 2 |
| South dakota | 3.8 | 7.8 | 2.6 | 6.0 | 4.6 | 5.7 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| Sioux Falls. | 5.3 | 10.3 | 2.8 | 7.4 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 2.6 |
| TENNESSEE | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Chattanooga | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bullet$ |
| Knoxville * | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Memphis . | 7.8 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 5.3 | 4.1 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 1.0 |
| Nashville * | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| texas 12 | 4.5 | 6.1 | 3.9 | 5.4 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 1.0 | . 5 |
| Dallas 22 | 5.1 | 6.7 | 4.5 | 6.1 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 3.2 | 3.1 | . 3 | . 3 |
| Fort Worth 12. | 5.4 | 6.8 | 4.6 | 5.8 | 8.7 | 4.7 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 4.9 | 1.0 |
| Houston 12 | 3.7 | 5.4 | 3.3 | 5.0 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 2.4 | . 2 | . 3 |
| San Antonio 12 | 3.7 | 5.8 | 3.5 | 5.1 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 3.0 | . 2 | . 1 |

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are prellminary.

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas-Continued.

| State and area | Accession rates |  |  |  |  |  | Separation rates |  | Layoffs |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  | Quits |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1266 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | June 1966 | July 1966 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Ju1y } \\ 1966 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1966 \end{aligned}$ |
| UTAH 6 |  | 7.1 | 4.0 | 5.2 | 4.0 | 4.9 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| Salt Lake City 6 | 4.2 | 6.1 | 3.3 | 5.4 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 2.0 | 2.6 | .9 | 1.0 |
| VErmont | 3.3 | 4.6 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | . 2 | . 4 |
| Burlington. | 3.0 | 4.9 | 2.0 | 4.4 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Springfield. | 2.4 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | (3) | . 3 |
| virginia | 4.7 | 6.0 | 3.7 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 2.6 | . 8 | .5 |
| Norfolk-Portsmouch | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Richmond | 5.1 | 5.0 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 2.1 | .9 | . 8 |
| Roanoke * | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bullet$ |
| WASHINGTON * | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Seatte-Everett ${ }^{13}$ | 6.7 | 11.3 | 5.3 | 9.7 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 3.4 | 3.9 | . 6 | . 6 |
| Spokane | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tacoma | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| wESt VIRGINIA | (2) | 4.3 | (2) | 3.5 | (2) | 2.7 | (2) | 1.2 | (2) | . 8 |
| Charleston. | 2.1 | 5.2 | 1.3 | 4.8 | 2.7 | 1.6 | . 7 | . 8 | 1.7 | . 5 |
| Huntington-Ashland | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Wheeling | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| WISCONSIN | 5.2 | 7.9 | 4.1 | 6.8 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 1.4 |
| Green Bay. | 3.1 | 6.9 | 2.6 | 6.2 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.2 | . 6 | . 1 |
| Kenosha | 2.3 | 4.2 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 63.1 | 5.0 | 1.4 | . 9 | 60.8 | 3.7 |
| La Crosse. | 8.2 | 8.9 | 3.4 | 7.5 | 8.7 | 3.9 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 5.0 | 1.4 |
| Madison | 4.3 | 7.5 | 3.6 | 6.8 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 2.4 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Milwaukee | 3.9 | 6.8 | 2.7 | 6.0 | 3.5 | 5.5 | 1.9 | 2.1 | . 8 | 2.4 |
| Racine | 3.6 | 6.1 | 2.4 | 5.4 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 1.9 | 2.3 | . 6 | 1.1 |
| wyoming 6 | 5.8 | 9.0 | 5.2 | 8.5 | 5.5 | 7.2 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 1.4 | 3.4 |

*Labor turnover data discontinued owing to reduction in resources available for program.
IExcludes canning and preserving.
2 ${ }^{\text {Not }}$ available.
${ }^{3}$ Less than 0.05 .
AExcludes agricultural chemicals and miscellaneous manufecturing.
$5_{\text {Excludes }}$ canned fruit, vegetables, preserves, jzms, and jellies.
${ }^{6}$ Excludes canning and preserving, and sugar.
7Excludes canaing and preserving, and newspapers.
Otxcludes printing and publishing.
9 July rates exciude aircraft and parts.
10Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.
3txcludes new-hire rate for transportation equipment.
12Excludes canning and preserving, sugar, and tobacco.
25Excludes canning and preserving, printing and publishing.
NOTE: Date for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

Table E-I: insured unemployment under State programs

| State | Number (in chousands) |  |  |  |  | Rate (percent of average covered employment) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | change from ${ }^{1}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sept. } \\ 1966 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & -1965 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1966 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1965 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| TOTAL? | 755.7 | 978.3 | 961.7 | -222.6 | -206.0 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| TOTAL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 9991 | $1,150.3$ | $1,265.8$ | -151.3 | -266.8 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.9 |
| Alabama | 10.2 | 11.0 | 12.1 | -. 8 | -1.9 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.1 |
| Alaska | 12 | 1.2 | 1.3 | - | - | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.5 |
| Arizona | 5.3 | 5.8 | 7.9 | -. 5 | -2.5 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.8 |
| Arkansas. | 6.3 | 7.1 | 6.8 | -. 9 | -. 5 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| California*. | 143.2 | 1573 | 1778 | -14.1 | -34.6 | 32 | 3.5 | 4.1 |
| Colorado | 2.4 | + 3.2 | 2.9 | -8 | -5 | . 6 | 8 | . 7 |
| Connecticut | 9.1 | 15.5 | 14.1 | -6.3 | -5.0 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Delaware. | 1.3 | 5.6 | 2.9 | -4.3 | -1.5 | 9 | 3.8 | 2.1 |
| District of Columbia | 2.8 | 3.4 | 3.6 | - . 7 | -. 9 | . 9 | 1.1 | 12 |
| Florida | 22.0 | 28.3 | 25.4 | -6.3 | -3.5 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| Georgia. | 11.3 | 16.0 | 14.9 | -4.7 | -3.6 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Hawaii | 4.0 | 40 | 3.8 | -- | . 2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Idaho | 2.0 | 3.3 | 1.7 | -1.2 | 4 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1.3 |
| Lllinois | 222 | 31.3 | 34.5 | -9.1 | -12.3 | . 8 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| Indiana | 8.3 | 12.2 | 11.9 | -3.8 | -3.6 | . 7 | 1.0 | 10 |
| lowa . | 1.9 | 3.7 | 3.4 | -1.8 | -1.5 | .4 | . 7 | . 7 |
| Kansas . | 3.0 | 6.1 | 5.1 | -3.1 | -2.0 | . 8 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Kentucky . | 6.9 | 8.6 | 10.7 | -1.7 | -3.8 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 2.2 |
| Louisiana | 8.8 | 10.6 | 13.4 | -1.8 | -4.6 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 23 |
| Maine | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.7 | -2 | -12 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.4 |
| Maryland . . . . | 7.0 | 11.7 | 11.8 | -4.6 | -4.8 | 9 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| Massachusetts | 382 | 40.0 | 43.7 | $-1.8$ | -5. 5 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.9 |
| Michigan . . . . | 26.4 | 99.7 | 31.5 | - 73.3 | -5.2 | 1.3 | 4.8 | 1.7 |
| Minnesota | 4.4 | 6.3 | 9.2 | -1.9 | -3.8 | . 6 | . 8 | 1.1 |
| Mississippi | 3.5 | 4.2 | 13.9 | - -6 | -. 4 | $1 \frac{1}{3}$ | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Missouri . . | 14.2 | 27.8 | 18.5 | -13.7 | -4.3 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 1.8 |
| Montana | 12 | 1.4 | 1.6 | -2 | -. 5 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| Nebraska. | 1.6 | 1.9 | 30 | - 3 | -1.5 | . 5 | . 7 | 12 |
| Nevada . . . |  |  | 4.9 | 2 | -. 5 | 3.5 | 3.3 |  |
| New Hampshire. | 39 | 1.2 | - 2.1 | - -2 | -12 | . 6 | . 7 | 1.3 |
| New Jersey . . | 36.2 | 49.1 | 45.2 | -129 | -9.1 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| New Mexico. | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.3 | - 1 | -. 5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 |
| New York. . . |  | 137.7 | 138.7 | -14.9 | -15.9 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.7 |
| North Carolina | 10.6 | 13.8 | 14.1 | -32 | -3.5 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| North Dakota . | 17.7 | 1.6 27.9 | 26.4 | -102 | -8-3 | 6 7 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  | -8.3 | .7 |  | 1.1 |
| Oklahoma. | 7.6 | 8.4 | 9.8 | -. 8 | -22 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.5 |
| Oregon | 8.3 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 2 | 4 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| Pennsylvania. | 42.1 | 47.5 | 56.4 | -5.4 | -143 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.9 |
| Puerto Rico ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ? | 51.6 | 42.6 | 62.7 | 9.0 | -111 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.7 |
| Rhode Island | 4.8 | 6.3 | 5.8 79 | -1.5 | $-1.0$ | 19 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| South Carolina | 7.4 | 9.2 | 7.9 | - 8 | -6 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| South Dakota |  |  |  | - 17 | $-2$ | . 5. | . ${ }^{\text {. }} 5$ | . 7 |
| Tennessee. . | 10.8 | 11.5 | 13.8 | -. 7 | -3.0 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.9 |
| Texas. | 18.0 | 23.0 | 28.1 | -5.0 | -10.1 | . 9 | 1.1 | 1.4 |
| Utah. | 13.3 | 3.9 | 4.8 | -6 | -1. 5 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.4 |
| Vermont | 12 | $\frac{1}{5} .3$ | $\frac{1}{5} .5$ | - 1 | - 3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.9 |
| Virginia. | 3.4 | 5.8 | 5.1 | -2.4 | -1.7 | .4 | . 7 | 6 |
| Washingron. | 15.0 | 17.1 | 22.7 | -2.1. | -7.8 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 3.6 |
| West Virginia | 6.5 | 8.0 17.4 | 17.3 | -1.4 | -7 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.2 |
| Wisconsia . | 6.6 | 17.4 | 10.6 | -10.8 | -4.0 | .6 | 1.7 | 1.1 |
| wyoming . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 4 | 6 | . 7 | -. 1 | -2 | . 7 | . 9 | 1.0 |

${ }^{1}$ Based on unrounded data; changes of less than 50 not shown.
${ }^{2}$ Include data under the program for Puerto Rico's sugarcane workers. Rates exclude the sugarcane workers as comparable covered employment data are not yet available.
*Excludes insured unemployment under extended duration provisions of regular State laws.

Table E-2: Insured unemployment' in 150 major labor areas ${ }^{2}$

${ }^{1}$ Insured jobless under State, Fedèral Employee, and Ex-Servicenen's unemployment insurance programs.
${ }^{2}$ For foll name of labor area, see Area Trends in Employment and Unemployment published by the Bureau of Employment Securlty.
*Excludes insured unemployed under extended duration provisions of regular State laws.

# QUARTERLY AVERAGE TABLES 

## 3rd Quarter 1966

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Table 1: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, by sex and color
3rd Quarter Averages
(In mousands)

| Employment status | Total |  |  | Male |  |  | Female |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| Total | 138,644 | 136,465 | 134,401 | 67,120 | 66,141 | 65,181 | 71,524 | 70,325 | 69,219 |
| Total labor force. | 81,764 | 79,785 | 78,111 | 53,651 | 52,926 | 52,241 | 28,113 | 26,861 | 25,869 |
| Civilian labor force | 78,583 | 77,082 | 75,366 | 50,504 | 50,253 | 49,527 | 28,079 | 26,830 | 25,839 |
| Employed. | 75,677 | 73,837 | 71,771 | 49,011 | 48,461 | 47,504 | 26,666 | 25,377 | 24,268 |
| Agriculture | 4,697 | 5,180 | 5,483 | 3,695 | 4,080 | 4,341 | 1,002 | 1,099 | 1,143 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 70,980 | 68,658 | 66,288 | 45,316 | 44,380 | 43,163 | 25,664 | 24,277 | 23,125 |
| Unemployed . . . . . . . . . | 2,906 | 3,245 | 3,594 | 1,493 | 1,792 | 2,023 | 1,413 | 1,453 | 1,571 |
| Unemployment tate | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 6.1 |
| Not in the labor force. | 56,880 | 56,679 | 56,290 | 13,469 | 13,215 | 12,940 | 43,411 | 43,464 | 43,350 |
| WHITE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total labor force. | 72,573 | 70,836 | 69,386 | 48,216 | 47,617 | 47,037 | 24, 357 | 23,220 | 22,349 |
| Civilian labor force | 69,662 | 68,366 | 66,867 | 45,336 | 45,175 | 44,546 | 24,326 | 23,192 | 22,321 |
| Employed. | 67,465 | 65,832 | 64,106 | 44,184 | 43,761 | 42,959 | 23,281 | 22,071 | 21,147 |
| Agriculture. | 4,036 | 4,307 | 4,639 | 3,248 | 3,489 | 3,781 | -787 | 818 | 858 |
| Nonagricultural industries. | 63,429 | 61,524 | 59,467 | 40,935 | 40,272 | 39,178 | 22,494 | 21,253 | 20,289 |
| Unemployed | 2,197 | 2,534 | 2,761 | 1,152 | 1,414 | 1,587 | 1,045 | 1,121 | 1,174 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.2 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 5,3 |
| Not in che labor force | 51,297 | 51,176 | 50,878 | 11,939 | 11,701 | 11,468 | 39,358 | 39,475 | 39,410 |
| MONWHITE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total labor force. | 9,192 | 8,949 | 8,724 | 5,435 | 5,309 | 5,204 | 3,756 | 3,641 | 3,520 |
| Civilian labor force | 8,922 | 8,716 | 8,498 | 5,168 | 5,078 | 4,981 | 3,753 | 3,638 | 3,518 |
| Employed. | 8,212 | 8,006 | 7,665 | 4,827 | 4,700 | 4,544 | 3,385 | 3,306 | 3,121 |
| Agriculture . . | + 661 | 873 | 844 | 446 | 591 | 560 | 215 | 281 | +284 |
| Nonagricultural industries. | 7,551 | 7,133 | 6,821 | 4,381 | 4,109 | 3,985 | 3,170 | 3,024 | 2,836 |
| Unemployed. . | 709 | 711 | 833 | 341 | 378 | 436 | 368 | 332 | 397 |
| Unemploymenit rate | 7.9 | 8.2 | 9.8 | 6.6 | 7.4 | 8.8 | 9.8 | 9.1 | 11.3 |
| Not in the labor force | 5,583 | 5,503 | 5,412 | 1,530 | 1,514 | 1,471 | 4,053 | 3,989 | 3,940 |

Table 12: Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force, by age and sex 3rd Quarter Averages
(In thousands)

| Full- and part-time employment starus | Total |  |  | Men, 20 years and over |  |  | Women, 20 years and over |  |  | Teenagers, 14-19 years |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| FULL Time |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force. | 69,400 | 68,294 | 66,983 | 43,533 | 43,616 | 43,375 | 19,681 | 19,049 | 18,507 | 6,186 | 5,629 | 5,101 |
| Employed: ${ }^{\text {Full-cime schedules }{ }^{1}}$ | 64,906 | 63,193 | 61,379 | 41,840 | 41,562 | 40,933 | 18,243 | 17,396 | 16,674 | 4,822 | 4,237 | 3,771 |
| Part time for economic reasons. | 2,218 | 2,454 | 2,660 | 791 | 913 | 1,072 | 18,243 | 786 | 877 | 4,732 | 753 | 710 |
| Unemployed, looking for full-time |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| work . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,276 | 2,647 | 2,944 | 902 | 1,141 | 1,370 | 743 | 867 | 956 | 632 | 639 | 620 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 10.2 | 11.4 | 12.2 |
| PART TIME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force. | 9,183 | 8,789 | 8,383 | 1,539 | 1,491 | 1,538 | 4,475 | 4,376 | 4,216 | 3,170 | 2,923 | 2,628 |
| Employed (voluntary part time) ${ }^{\text {i }}$. | 8,552 | 8,190 | 7,732 | 1,460 | 1,417 | 1,446 | 4,277 | 4,201 | 4,010 | 2,817 | 2,574 | 2,276 |
| Unemployed, looking for part-time work | $631$ | $599$ | 651 7.8 | 79 5.1 | 74 5.0 | 92 6.0 | 198 4.4 | 175 4.0 | 206 4.9 | 353 11.1 | 349 11.9 | 352 13.4 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.9 | 6.8 | 7.8 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 4.9 | 11.1 | 11.9 | 13.4 |

[^28]Table 3: Unemployed persons, by age and sex
3rd Quarter Averages

| Age and sex | Thousands of persons |  |  | Unemployment rate |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| Total | 2,906 | 3,245 | 3,594 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male | 1,493. | 1,792 | 2,023 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 51.4 | 55.2 | 56.3 |
| 14 to 19 years | 513 | 577 | 561 | 9.4 | 11.2 | 12.2 | 17.7 | 17.8 | 15.6 |
| 14 and 15 years | 77 | 79 | 78 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 8.4 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.2 |
| 16 to 19 years | 437 | 498 | 482 | 9.9 | 12.1 | 13.1 | 15.0 | 15.3 | 13.4 |
| 20 years and over | 980 | 1,215 | 1,464 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 33.7 | 37.4 | 40.7 |
| 20 to 24 years | 186 | 264 | 359 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 7.2 | 6.4 | 8.1 | 10.0 |
| 25 years and over | 794 | 951 | 1,105 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 27.3 | 29.3 | 30.7 |
| 25 to 34 years | 215 | 265 | 268 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 7.4 | 8.2 | 7.5 |
| 35 to 44 years | 181 | 209 | 256 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 7.1 |
| 45 to 54 years | 176 | 212 | 271 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 7.5 |
| 55 to 64 years | 153 | 198 | 230 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 5.3 | 6.1 | 6.4 |
| 65 years and over | 69 | 67 | 80 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| Female. | 1,413 | 1,453 | 1,571 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 48.6 | 44.8 | 43.7 |
| 14 to 19 years | 471 | 410 | 409 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 13.1 | 16.2 | 12.6 | 11.4 |
| 14 and 15 years | 38 | 21 | 21 | 6.5 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 1.3 | . 6 | . 6 |
| 16 to 19 years | 433 | 389 | 388 | 13.0 | 13.5 | 14.7 | 14.9 | 12.0 | 10.8 |
| 20 years and over | 941 | 1,043 | 1,162 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 32.4 | 32.1 | 32.3 |
| 20 to 24 years | 238 | 249 | 272 | 6.6 | 7.3 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 7.6 |
| 25 years and over | 703 | 794 | 890 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 24.2 | 24.5 | 24.8 |
| 25 to 34 years | 216 | 226 | 267 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 6.6 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 7.4 |
| 35 to 44 years | 220 | 268 | 264 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 7.6 | 8.3 | 7.3 |
| 45 to 54 years | 163 | 189 | 220 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 6.1 |
| 55 to 64 years | 81 | 88 | 111 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 3.1 |
| 65 years and over | 24 | 23 | 28 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 3.0 | . 8 | . 7 | . 8 |

Table 4: Unemployed persons, by industry of last job


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Table 5: Unemployed persons, by occupation of last job

| Occupation | Unemployment rare |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| Tocal | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White-collar workers | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 24.8 | 22.1 | 21.6 |
| Professional and technical | 1.7 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 5.5 | 4.2 | 4.8 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.9 |
| Clerical workers. | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 12.7 | 11.0 | 10.3 |
| Sales workers | 2.5 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 3.7 |
| Blue-collar workers | 3.7 | 4.4 | 5.3 | 37.4 | 38.8 | 41.0 |
| Craftsmen and foremen | 2.0 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 7.1 | 8.2 | 8.3 |
| Operatives . . . . | 4.2 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 21.3 | 22.0 | 22.9 |
| Nonfarm laborers. | 5.9 | 6.2 | 8.2 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 9.8 |
| Service workers | 4.4 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 15.5 | 15.5 | 15.5 |
| Private household workers | 4.3 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 |
| Other service workers Farm workers . . . . . . | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.8 | 12.1 | 12.2 | 12.0 |
| Farm workers . . . . . . . . . . Farmers and farm managers. | 1.4 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 3.2 |
| Farmers and farm managers. Farm laborers and foremen | - 2 | -3 | . 3 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Farm laborers and foremen No previous work experience. | 2.5 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 3.8 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 3.0 |
| No previous work experience. | - | - | - | 20.1 | 20.7 | 18.7 |

Table 6: Unemployed persons, by marital status and household relationship

| Characteristics | Thousands of persons |  |  | Unemployment rate |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| MARITAL STATUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,906 | 3,245 | 3,594 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male | 1,493 | 1,792 | 2,023 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 51.4 | 55.2 | 56.3 |
| Married, wife present | 616 | 740 | 847 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 21.2 | 22.8 | 23.6 |
| Single | 742 | 885 | 954 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 8.8 | 9.8 | 25.5 | 27.3 | 26.5 |
| 14 to 19 years | 502 | 560 | 544 | 9.7 | 21.4 | 12.4 | 17.3 | 17.3 | 15.1 |
| 20 years and over | 240 | 325 | 410 | 4.8 | 6.3 | 7.7 | 8.3 | 10.0 | 13.4 |
| Other marital status | 136 | 167 | 22 | 5.0 | 6.1 | 8.7 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 6.2 |
| Female. | 1,413 | 1,453 | 1,571 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 48.6 | 44.8 | 43.7 |
| Married, husband present | 589 | 644 | 691 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 20.3 | 19.8 | 19.2 |
| Single . . . . . . . . . | 561 | 520 | 550 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 8.4 | 19.3 | 16.0 | 15.3 |
| 14 to 19 years | 410 | 349 | 360 | 21.8 | 11.5 | 12.9 | 14.1 | 10.8 | 10.0 |
| 20 years ahd over | 151 | 171 | 190 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| Other marizal starus | 263 | 289 | 330 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 6.2 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 9.2 |
| HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,906 | 3,245 | 3,594 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Household head | 954 | 1,095 | 1,260 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 32.8 | 33.7 | 35.1 |
| Living with relatives | 746 | 880 | 1,004 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 25.7 | 27.1 | 27.9 |
| Not living with relatives | 208 | 215 | 256 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.9 | 7.2 | 6.6 | 7.1 |
| Wife of head . . . . . . . | 569 | 614 | 664 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 19.6 | 18.9 | 18.5 |
| Other relative of head | 1,323 | 1,479 | 1,587 | 8.3 | 9.4 | 10.5 | 45.5 | 45.6 | 44.2 |
| Non-relative of head | 60 | 58 | 83 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 6.1 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.3 |

Table 7: Employment status of persons $16-21$ years of age in the noninstitutional population, by color

| Employmenr status | Total |  |  | White |  |  | Noowhite |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| IN SCHOOL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force. | 1,031 | 981 | 730 | 927 | 887 | 663 | 104 | 94 | 69 |
| Employed . . | 923 | 859 | 622 | 843 | 792 | 576 | 80 | 66 | 46 |
| Unemployed. | 108 | 122 | 108 | 84 | 95 | 87 | 24 | 28 | 23 |
| Unemployment rate | 10.5 | 12.4 | 14.8 | 9.1 | 10.7 | 13.1 | 23.1 | (1) | (1) |
| Not in the labor force. | 2,857 | 2,870 | 2,318 | 2,498 | 2,508 | 2,034 | 358 | 362 | 285 |
| NOT IN SCHOOL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force. | 9,856 | 9,135 | 9,171 | 8,620 | 8,069 | 8,097 | 1,233 | 1,067 | 1,072 |
| Employed | 8,899 | 8,363 | 8,079 | 7,927 | 7,463 | 7,269 | 969 | 902 | 808 |
| Unemployed. | 957 | 772 | 1,092 | 693 | 606 | 828 | 264 | 165 | 264 24 |
| Unemployment rate | 9.7 | 8.5 | 111.9 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 10.2 | 21.4 | 15.5 | 24.6 |
| Nor in the labor force | 4,709 | 4,819 | 5,206 | 4,059 | 4,150 | 4,499 | 651 | 669 | 706 |

1/ Percent not shown where base is less then 100,000 .

# HOUSEHOLD DATA QUARTERLY AVERAGES 

Table 8: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment
3rd Quarter Averages

| Dutation of unemployment | Thousands of persons |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  | Category | Thousands of persons |  |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| Total | 2,906 | 3,245 | 3,594 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | Total | 2,906 | 3,245 | 3,594 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks | 1,629 | 1,700 | 1,687 | 56.1 | 52.4 | 46.9 |  | 107 | 119 | 118 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.3 |
| 5 to 14 weeks | 885 | 943 | 1,104 | 30.5 | 29.0 | 30.7 | Persons on temporary layoff . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 and 6 weeks | 302 | 279 | 313 | 10.4 | 8.6 | 8.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 to 10 weeks. | 377 | 420 | 510 | 13.0 | 12.9 | 14.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 to 14 weeks | 206 | 243 | 281 | 7.1 | 7.5 | 7.8 | Persons scheduled to begin new jobs within 30 days |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 weeks and over | 392 | 603 | 803 | 13.5 | 18.6 | 22.4 |  | 184 | 172 | 175 | 6.3 | 5.3 | 4.9 |
| 15 to 26 weeks | 191 | 280 | 324 | 6.6 | 8.6 | 9.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 weeks and over. . . . . | 200 | 322 | 480 | 6.9 | 9.9 | 13.4 | All other unemployed... | 2,615 | 2,954 | 3,301 | 90.0 | 91.0 | 91.8 |
| Average (mean) duration. . . | 9.3 | 11.3 | 13.0 | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 9: Long-term unemployed, by industry and occupation of last job

| Characteristics | Unemployed 15 weeks and over |  |  |  | Unemployed 27 weeks and over |  |  |  | Civilian labor force (percent distribucion) <br> 1966 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percent of unemployed in each group |  | Percent distribution |  | Percent of unemployedin each group |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1966 | 1965 | 1966 | 1965 | 1966 | 1965 |  |
| Industry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total . | 13.5 | 18.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 6.9 | 9.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Experienced wage and salary workers. Agriculture | 14.8 | 20.5 | 85.7 | 84.6 | 7.6 | 10.8 | 85.9 | 83.5 | 86.7 |
|  | (1) | (1) | 1.3 | 2.2 | (1) | (1) | 1.0 | 1.9 | 2.2 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 15.1 | 20.7 | 84.4 | 82.4 | 7.7 | 11.0 | 84.9 | 81.7 | 84.5 |
| Mining, forestry, fisheries. | (1) | (1) | 2.0 | 1.7 | (1) | (1) | 2.0 | 2.2 | . 8 |
| Construcrion | 15.8 | 20.8 | 8.2 | 9.5 | 10.4 | 10.2 | 10.6 | 8.7 | 5.6 |
| Manufacturing. | 16.9 | 21.6 | 27.3 | 24.9 | 8.7 | 12.3 | 27.6 | 26.4 | 26.6 |
| Durable goods | 17.3 | 20.8 | 14.8 | 12.1 | 9.5 | 12.0 | 16.1 | 13.0 | 15.3 |
| Nondurable goods | 16.4 | 22.5 | 12.5 | 12.8 | 7.7 | 12.6 | 11.6 | 13.4 | 11.3 |
| Transporration and public utilities $\qquad$ | (1) | 23.4 | 5.4 | 4.2 | (1) | 17.8 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 6.1 |
| Wholesale and recail crade | 13.1 | 19.8 | 17.6 | 17.9 | 6.8 | 9.9 | 18.1 | 16.8 | 15.7 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate, and service industries | 12.5 | 20.1 | 20.4 | 22.4 | 4.9 | 9.5 | 15.6 | 19.9 | 24.4 |
| Public administration . | (1) | (1) | 3.6 | 1.8 | (1) | (1) | 4.5 | 1.9 | 5.2 |
| Self-employed and unpaid family workers . . . . . | (1) | (1) | 4.8 | 3.3 | (1) | (1) | 7.0 | 5.0 | 12.5 |
| No previous work experience | 6.3 | 10.9 | 9.4 | 12.1 | 2.4 | 5.5 | 7.0 | 11.5 | . 7 |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total . | 13.5 | 18.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 6.9 | 9.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White-collar wotkers. . . . . . | 13.0 | 18.9 | 24.0 | 22.6 | 6.4 | 9.0 | 23.0 | 20.1 | 43.4 |
|  | 13.2 | 16.1 | 5.4 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 8.0 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 11.7 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors $\qquad$ | (1) | (1) | 3.8 | 3.6 | (1) | (1) | 5.0 | 3.7 | 9.7 |
| Clerical workers. . . . . | 9.5 | 18.4 | 9.0 | 10.9 | 4.6 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 9.6 | 15.8 |
| Sales workers | 19.2 | 17.9 | 5.9 | 4.3 | 10.0 | 7.6 | 6.0 | 3.4 | 6.1 |
| Blue-collar workers. | 17.0 | 22.0 | 47.3 | 45.9 | 9.4 | 12.2 | 51.0 | 47.5 | 37.3 |
| Craftsmen and foremen. | 20.8 | 24.1 | 11.0 | 10.6 | 12.6 | 15.0 | 13.0 | 12.3 | 13.0 |
| Operatives | 15.5 | 21.5 | 24.6 | 25.5 | 7.4 | 10.9 | 23.0 | 24.1 | 18.6 |
| Nonfa mm laborers | 17.6 | 21.1 | 11.8 | 9.8 | 11.5 | 12.9 | 15.0 | 11.1 | 5.6 |
| Service workers | 14.4 | 19.7 | 16.6 | 16.4 | 6.9 | 11.3 | 15.5 | 17.6 | 13.0 |
| Privare household workers | 13.0 | 21.3 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 10.2 | 1.5 | 3.4 | 3.0 |
| Other service workers | 14.8 | 19.2 | 13.3 | 12.6 | 8.0 | 11.6 | 14.0 | 14.2 | 10.1 |
| Farm workers | (1) | (1) | 2.6 | 3.0 | (1) | (1) | 3.5 | 3.4 | 5.6 |
| Farmers and farm managers | (1) | (1) | 1.0 | . 8 | (1) | (1) | 2.0 | 1.5 | 2.7 |
| Farm laborers and foremen. | (1) | (1) | 1.5 | 2.2 | (1) | (1) | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.9 |
| No previous work experience | 6.3 | 10.9 | 9.4 | 12.1 | 2.4 | 5.5 | 7.0 | 11.5 | . 7 |

${ }^{1}$ Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000 .

Table 10: Long-term unemployed, by sex, age, color, and marital status
3rd Quarter Averages

| Characteristics | Unemployed 15 weeks and over |  |  |  | Unemployed 27 weeks and over |  |  |  | Civilian labor force (percent distribution) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percent of unemployedin each group in each group |  | Percent distribution |  | Percent of unemployed in each group |  | Percent distribution |  |  |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1966 | 1965 | 1966 | 1965 | 1966 | 1965 | 1966 |
| AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 13.5 | 18.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 6.9 | 9.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male | 16.3 | 19.4 | 61.9 | 57.8 | 9.4 | 12.1 | 70.1 | 66.8 | 64.3 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 4.3 | 8.1 | 5.6 | 7.8 | 1.0 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 7.8 | 6.9 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 11.3 | 15.5 | 5.3 | 6.8 | 1.1 | 7.2 | 1.0 | 5.9 | 6.4 |
| 25 to 44 years. | 16.4 | 21.3 | 16.5 | 16.8 | 10.6 | 12.4 | 20.9 | 18.3 | 26.6 |
| 45 years and over. | 34.2 | 33.4 | 34.5 | 26.4 | 23.1 | 23.5 | 45.8 | 34.8 | 24.4 |
| Female. . . | 10.5 | 17.5 | 38.1 | 42.2 | 4.2 | 7.4 | 29.9 | 33.2 | 35.7 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 5.1 | 11.0 | 6.1 | 7.5 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 5.0 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 7.1 | 14.9 | 4.3 | 6.1 | 1.7 | 5.2 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 4.6 |
| 25 to 44 years. | 14.4 | 38.4 | 16.0 | 15.1 | $5 \cdot 3$ | 8.1 | 11.4 | 12.4 | 12.8 |
| 45 years and over | 17.2 | 27.0 | 11.7 | 23.5 | 8.2 | 23.0 | 10.9 | 12.1 | 13.4 |
| COLOR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 13.5 | 18.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 6.9 | 9.9 | 100.0 | 100:0 | 100.0 |
| White, total | 13.5 | 18.0 | 75.7 | 75.8 | 6.6 | 9.6 | 72.8 | 75.8 | 88.6 |
| Male . | 16.7 | 19.2 | 49.1 | 44.9 | 9.8 | 12.0 | 55.9 | 52.8 | 57.7 |
| Female | 10.0 | 16.6 | 26.6 | 30.8 | 3.3 | 6.6 | 16.8 | 23.0 | 31.0 |
| Nonwhite, cotal | 13.5 | 20.5 | 24.3 | 24.2 | 7.6 | 11.0 | 27.2 | 24.2 | 11.4 |
| Male | 15.0 | 20.4 | 13.0 | 12.8 | 8.2 | 31.9 | 13.9 | 14.0 | 6.6 |
| Female | 12.0 | 20.8 | 11.3 | 12.4 | 7.3 | 9.9 | 13.4 | 10.2 | 4.8 |
| MARITAL STATUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 13.5 | 18.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 6.9 | 9.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Male. | 16.3 | 19.4 | 61.9 | 57.8 | 9.4 | 12.1 | 70.1 | 66.8 | 64.3 |
| Married, wife present | 22.6 | 25.5 | 35.6 | 31.4 | 14.1 | 16.9 | 43.1 | 38.7 | 47.9 |
| Single . . . . . . . . . | 8.9 | 12.5 | 16.9 | 18.3 | 3.4 | 7.2 | 12.9 | 19.8 | 12.9 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 4.4 | 7.7 | 5.6 | 7.1 | 1.0 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 7.4 | 6.6 |
| 20 years and over. | 18.3 | 20.6 | 11.3 | 12.1 | 8.8 | 12.3 | 10.4 | 12.4 | 6.3 |
| Other marital status | 27.2 | 28.7 | 9.5 | 8.0 | 21.3 | 16.2 | 14.4 | 8.4 | 3.4 |
| Female. | 10.5 | 17.5 | 38.1 | 42.2 | 4.2 | 7.4 | 29.9 | 33.2 | 35.7 |
| Married, husband present | 10.4 | 17.2 | 15.6 | 18.4 | 3.6 | 7.1 | 10.4 | 14.2 | 19.5 |
| Single . . . . . . . . . . . | 8.4 | 12.1 | 11.8 | 10.6 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 9.9 | 7.7 | 9.2 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 5.6 | 11.5 | 5.9 | 6.6 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 4.4 |
| 20 years and over. | 15.2 | 14.0 | 5.9 | 4.0 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 7.0 | 5.4 | 3.7 | 4.8 |
| Ocher marisal scatus | 15.6 | 27.7 | 10.5 | 13.3 | 7.2 | 12.5 | 9.4 | 11.1 | 7.0 |

Toble 11: Unemployed persons looking for full- or part-time work, by age and sex
3rd Quarter Averages

| Age and sex | Looking for full-cime work (thousanda of persons) |  |  | Looking for part-cime work (thousands of persons) |  |  | Looking for part-rime wort as a percent of unemployed in each group |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| Total | 2,277 | 2,647 | 2,944 | 630 | 598 | 651 | 21.7 | 18.4 | 18.1 |
| Male. | 1,213 | 1,481 | 1,706 | 281 | 311 | 317 | 18.8 | 17.4 | 15.7 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 317 | 340 | 336 | 202 | 237 | 225 | 39.4 | 41.1 | 40.1 |
| Major activity: Going to school | 4 | 10 | 17 | 78 | 86 | 60 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| All other. . | 309 | 331 | 320 | 124 | 152 | 165 | 28.6 | 31.5 | 34.0 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 165 | 242 | 338 | 21 | 22 | 21 | 11.3 | 8.3 | 5.8 |
| 25 to 54 years. | 559 | 666 | 767 | 15 | 20 | 27 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.4 |
| 55 years and over. | 179 | 232 | 265 | 43 | 32 | 44 | 19.4 | 12.1 | 14.2 |
| Female . . . | 1,064 | 1,166 | 1,238 | 349 | 297 | 334 | 24.7 | 19.8 | 21.2 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 320 | 299 | 282 | 151 | 111 | 127 | 32.1 | 27.1 | 31.1 |
| Najor activity: Going to school. | 2 |  | 1 | 41 | 36 | 37 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
|  | 319 | 294 | 284 | 110 | 74 | 91 | 25.6 | 20.1 | 24.2 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 204 | 218 | 237 | 34 | 31 | 36 | 14.3 | 12.4 | 13.2 |
| 25 55 55 50 years and years. . . | 466 73 | 563 86 | 623 97 | 133 32 | 119 26 | $\frac{139}{42}$ | 22.2 30.5 | 17.4 23.2 | 17.2 30.2 |

# HOUSEHOLD DATA QUARTERLY AVERAGES 

Table 12: Total labor force, by age and sex 3rd Quarter Averages

| Age and sex | Thousands of persons |  |  | Labor force patricipation rate |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| Total. | 81,764 | 79,785 | 78,111 | 59.0 | 58.5 | 58.1 |
| Male | 53,651 | 52,926 | 52,241 | 79.9 | 80.0 | 80.1 |
| 14 to 19 years | 5,892 | 5,541 | 5,116 | 54.5 | 53.4 | 51.6 |
| 14 and 15 years. | 1,007 | 1,021 | 934 | 27.5 | 28.7 | 26.6 |
| 16 and 17 years. | 2,013 | 1,949 | 1,895 | 57.2 | 55.3 | 52.5 |
| 18 and 19 years. | 2,872 | 2,571 | 2,287 | 79.1 | 78.2 | 81.6 |
| 20 to 24 years | 6,350 | 6,167 | 5,964 | 90.7 | 91.0 | 91.7 |
| 25 to 34 years | 10,786 | 10,686 | 10,681 | 97.6 | 97.8 | 97.9 |
| 35 to 44 years | 11,373 | 11,487 | 11,548 | 97.2 | 97.4 | 97.3 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 10,219 | 10,130 | 10,027 | 95.4 | 95.5 | 95.5 |
| 55 to 64 years | 6,882 | 6,750 | 6,750 | 84.8 | 84.4 | 85.5 |
| 55 to 59 years | 3,983 | 3,930 | 3,912 | 89.9 | 90.2 | 90.9 |
| 60 to 64 years. . . | 2,899 | 2,820 | 2,838 | 78.6 | 77.4 | 79.1 |
| 65 years and over. . | 2,149 | 2,165 | 2,154 | 27.8 | 28.3 | 28.4 |
| Female. | 28,113 | 26,861 | 25,869 | 39.3 | 38.2 | 37.4 |
| 14 to 19 years. . . | 3,930 | 3,410 | 3,121 | 37.2 | 33.7 | 32.2 |
| 14 and 15 years. . | 595 | 516 | 482 | 16.7 | 14.9 | 14.1 |
| 16 and 17 years. . | 1,285 | 1,147 | 1,150 | 37.4 | 33.4 | 32.6 |
| 18 and 19 years. . | 2,049 | 1,747 | 1,489 | 57.5 | 54.0 | 53.7 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 3,591 | 3,421 | 3,246 | 51.3 | 50.4 | 49.6 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 4,413 | 4,221 | 4,076 | 38.9 | 37.6 | 36.3 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 5,684 | 5,656 | 5,508 | 46.3 | 45.6 | 44.1 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 5,851 | 5,675 | 5,620 | 51.3 | 50.5 | 50.7 |
| 55 to 64 years | 3,733 | 3,530 | 3,370 | 41.8 | 40.3 | 39.2 |
| 55 to 59 years . . . | 2,300 | 2,193 | 2,089 | 47.9 | 46.7 | 45.3 |
| 60 to 64 years . . . | 1,433 | 1,337 | 1,281 | 34.7 | 33.0 | 32.2 |
| 65 years and over. . | 912 | 945 | 927 | 9.1 | 9.6 | 9.7 |

Table 13: Employed persons, by age and sex 3rd Quarter Averages

| Age and sex | Male |  |  | Female |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| All industries. | 49,011 | 48,461 | 47,504 | 26,666 | 25,377 | 24,268 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 4,919 | 4,569 | 4,053 | 3,451 | 2,995 | 2,707 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 4,817 | 4,828 | 4,653 | 3,341 | 3,161 | 2,964 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 9,760 | 9,676 | 9,650 | 4,190 | 3,989 | 3,801 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 10,772 | 10,907 | 10,888 | 5,458 | 5,385 | 5,239 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 9,939 | 9,832 | 9,670 | 5,685 | 5,484 | 5,398 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 6,724 | 6,548 | 6,516 | 3,652 | 3,442 | 3,260 |
| 65 years and over. . | 2,080 | 2,098 | 2,075 | 887 | 922 | 899 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 45,316 | 44,380 | 43,163 | 25,664 | 24,277 | 23,125 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 4,208 | 3,782 | 3,213 | 3,263 | 2,803 | 2,510 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 4,584 | 4,552 | 4,316 | 3,286 | 3,098 | 2,890 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 9,351 | 9,213 | 9,151 | 4,032 | 3,854 | 3,631 |
| 35 co 44 years. | 10,222 | 10,277 | 10,177 | 5,275 | 5,180 | 5,030 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 9,216 | 9,057 | 8,902 | 5,465 | 5,226 | 5,143 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 6,085 | 5,863 | 5,824 | 3,500 | 3,265 | 3,103 |
| 65 years and over. . | 1,652 | 1,638 | 1,581 | 844 | 852 | 819 |
| Agriculture | 3,695 | 4,080 | 4,341 | 1,002 | 1,099 | 1,143 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 711 | 788 | 840 | 189 | 192 | 197 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 233 | 275 | 337 | 55 | 62 | 74 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 408 | 465 | 499 | 157 | 135 | 171 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 550 | 631 | 711 | 184 | 206 | 209 |
| 45 to 54 years.... | 723 | 775 | 768 | 222 | 258 | 255 |
| 55 to 64 years. . . . | 640 | 686 | 692 | 153 | 177 | 156 |
| 65 years and over. . | 429 | 461 | 493 | 43 | 70 | 80 |

Table 14: Employed persons, by class of worker and occupation
3rd Quarter Averages

| (In chousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chatacteristics | Total |  |  | Male |  |  | Female |  |  |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| CLASS OF WORKER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total . . . . . . . | 75,677 | 73,837 | 71,771 | 49,011 | 48,461 | 47,504 | 26,666 | 25,377 | 24,268 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 70,981 | 68,658 | 66,288 | 45,316 | 44,380 | 43,163 | 25,665 | 24,277 | 23,125 |
| Wage and salary workers | 64,224 | 61,901 | 59,506 | 40,566 | 39,543 | 38,222 | 23,658 | 22,358 | 21,284 |
| Private household workers | 2,583 | 2,647 | 2,666 | 396 | 435 | 422 | 2,187 | 2,211 | 2,245 |
| Government workers | 10,103 | 9,485 | 8,889 | 5,974 | 5,763 | 5,434 | 4,128 | 3,722 | 3,455 |
| Other wage and salary workers | 51,538 | 49,769 | 47,951 | 34,196 | 33,345 | 32,366 | 17,343 | 16,425 | 15,584 |
| Self-employed workers. . . . . . | 6,106 | 6,143 | 6,186 | 4,656 | 4,753 | 4,845 | 1,450 | 1,390 | 1,340 |
| Unpaid family workers. | 651 | 5 614 | 597 5,483 | 94 | 84 4,080 | 96 4,341 | 557 | 530 1,099 | , 501 |
| Agriculture. | 4,696 | 5,180 1,823 | 5,483 1,969 | 3,695 1,318 | 4,080 1,462 | 4,341 1,579 | 1,001 358 | 1,099 360 | 1,143 390 |
| Wage and salary workers | 1,676 2,189 | 1,823 | 1,969 | 1,318 | 1,462 | 1,579 | 358 <br> 134 | 147 | 159 |
| Self-employed wockers. Unpaid family workers. | 1,189 831 | $\begin{array}{r}1,392 \\ \hline 965\end{array}$ | 2,495 1,018 | 2,056 321 | 1,245 373 | 2,325 | 134 509 | 592 | 594 |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 75,677 | 73,837 | 71,771 | 49,011 | 48,461 | 47,504 | 26,666 | 25,377 | 24,268 |
| White-collar workers | 33,390 | 31,986 | 30,825 | 18,451 | 18,014 | 17,705 | 14,940 | 13,973 | 13,121 |
| Professional and rechaical. | 9,048 | 8,599 | 8,123 | 5,798 | 5,559 | 5,305 | 3,251 | 3,039 | 2,819 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietor | 7,551 | 7,364 | 7,432 | 6,344 | 6,239 | 6,319 | 1,207 | 1,126 | 1,113 |
| Clerical workers. | 12,080 | 11,310 | 10,773 | 3,458 | 3,389 | 3,325 | 8,622 | 7,921 | 7,448 |
| Sales workers | 4,711 | 4,713 | 4,497 | 2,851 | 2,827 | 2,756 | 1,860 | 1,887 | 1,741 |
| Blue-collar workers | 28,187 | 27,493 | 26,485 | 23,695 | 23,288 | 22,432 | 4,492 | 4,204 | 4,053 |
| Craftsmen and foremen | 10,028 | 9,638 | 9,356 | 9,747 | 9,363 | 9,115 | 281 | 275 | 241 |
| Operatives | 13,995 | 13,596 | 13,196 | 9,906 | 9,782 | 9,476 | 4,089 | 3,813 | 3,720 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 4,164 | 4,259 | 3,933 | 4,042 | 4,143 | 3,841 | 122 | 116 | 92 |
| Service workers. | 9,797 | 9,544 | 9,328 | 3,493 | 3,376 | 3,323 | 6,303 | 6,168 | 6,006 |
| Private household workers. | 2,244 | 2,243 | 2,258 | 59 | 58 | 66 | 2,184 | 2,185 | 2,193 |
| Other service workers. | 7,553 | 7,301 | 7,070 | 3,434 | 3,318 | 3,257 | 4,119 | 3,983 | 3,813 |
| Farm workers | 4,305 | 4,816 | 5,133 | 3,375 | 3,783 | 4,043 | 931 | 1,033 | 1,090 |
| Farmers and farm managers | 2,095 | 2,311 | 2,444 | 1,970 | 2,173 | 2,294 | 126 | 138 895 | 150 940 |
| Farmm laborers and foremen. | 2,210 | 2,505 | 2,689 | 1,405 | 1,610 | 1,749 | 805 | 895 | 940 |

Table 15: Employed persons, by hours worked 3nd Quarter Averages

| Hours worked | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  | Agriculture |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All industries |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| Total | 75,677 | 73,837 | 71,771 | 70,980 | 68,658 | 66,288 | 4,697 | 5,180 | 5,483 |
| With a job but not at work | 6,256 | 6,250 | 6,194 | 6,126 | 6,106 | 6,034 | 130 | 144 | 160 |
| At work. . . . . . . . . . | 69,421 | 67,587 | 65,577 | 64,855 | 62,552 | 60,254 | 4,566 | 5,035 | 5,323 |
| 1-34 hours. | 12,664 | 12,221 | 17,871 | 11,317 | 10,782 | 16,307 | 1,348 | 1,441 | 1,565 |
| 1-4 hours | 807 | 885 | 855 | 743 | 808 | 782 | 63 | 77 | 74 |
| 5-14 hours | 2,957 | 2,973 | 2,989 | 2,620 | 2,639 | 2,659 | 338 | 335 | 331 |
| 15-34 hours | 8,901 | 8,360 | 14,026 | 7,953 | 7,332 | 12,866 | 948 | 1,029 | 1,161 |
| 35 hours or more | 56,758 | 55,366 | 47,707 | 53,539 | 51,770 | 43,949 | 3,219 | 3,593 | 3,758 |
| 35-40 hours | 32,819 | 31,693 | 26,943 | 32,086 | 30,868 | 26,137 | 733 | 824 | 807 |
| 41 hours and over . . . | 23,939 | 23,673 | 20,764 | 21,453 | 20,902 40.8 | 17,812 39.3 | 2,486 | 2,769 | 2,951 |
| Average hours, tocal at work | 41.2 | 41.2 | 40.0 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 39.3 | 47.2 | 47.1 | 47.0 |

Table 16: Employed persons, by full. or part-time status 3rd Quarter Averages
(In thou sands)

| Full- or part-cime status | All industries |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| Total | 75,677 | 73,837 | 71,771 | 70,980 | 68,658 | 66,288 |
| With a job but not at work. | 6,256 | 6,250 | 6,194 | 6,126 | 6,106 | 6,034 |
| At work. . . . . . | 69,421 | 67,587 | 65,577 | 64,855 | 62,552 | 60,254 |
| On full-time schedules | 59,320 | 57,621 | 55,856 | 55,884 | 53,796 | 51,826 |
| 35 hours or more. | 56,758 | 55,366 | 47,707 | 53,539 | 51,776 | 43,949 |
| 1-34 hours for noneconomic reasons | 2,562 | 2,255 | 8,149 | 2,345 | 2,026 | 7,877 |
| Bad weather. | 363 | 282 | 332 | 240 | 177 | 243 |
| Industrial dispute. | 28 | 43 | 17 | 28 | 43 | 17 |
| Vacation | 508 | 520 | 617 | 494 | 499 | 587 |
| Hiness. | 672 | 688 | 576 | 638 | 640 | 541 |
| Holiday . . . . . . | 241 | 7 | 5,923 | 241 | 7 | 5,894 |
| Oll other reasons . . . . . . . . | 750 | 715 | ${ }^{684}$ | 704 | 660 | 595 |
| On part time for economic reasons. Usually work full time . . . . . | 2,218 | 2,454 | 2,660 | 1,922 | 2,120 | 2,273 |
| Usually work full time . . Average hours. . . . . . | 1,015 23.0 | 1,057 23.4 | 1,114 | 869 | 894 | 916 |
| Usually work part time. | 123.0 | 23.4 1,397 | 21.9 1,546 | 23.3 1,053 | 23.7 1,226 | 22.2 1,357 |
| Average hours. . . . . | 17.6 | 17.3 | 17.3 | 17.5 | 17.4 | 17.3 |
| On part time for noneconomic reasons, usually work part time. $\qquad$ | 7,883 | 7,512 | 7,062 | 7,048 | 6,632 | 6,155 |

Table 17: Employed persons with a job, but not at work, by reason not working and pay status 3ri Quarter Averages

| Reason not working | (In chousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All industries |  |  | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total |  |  | Wage and salary workers |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Number | Percent paid |  |  |
|  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |  |  |  | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 | 1966 | 1965 | 1964 |
| Total | 6,256 | 6,250 | 6,194 | 6,126 | 6,106 | 6,034 | 5,707 | 5,678 | 5,592 | 64.6 | 66.5 | 65.3 |
| Bad weather <br> Industrial dispute <br> Vacation <br> Uliness <br> All orher reasons. | 29 | 23 | 29 | 15 | 18 | 22 | 13 | 13 |  | (1) |  |  |
|  | 89 | 49 | 29 | 89 | 49 | 29 | 89 4 | 49 | 29 | $11$ | - | $\underline{-}$ |
|  | 4,444 | 4,464 | 4,298 | 4,404 | 4,418 | 4,255 | 4,213 | 4,199 | 4,036 | 75.8 | 78.7 | 78.2 |
|  | 952 742 | 977 737 | 917 922 | 901 717 | 927 695 | 867 | 799 593 | 835 584 | 786 7 | 37.4 | 36.0 | 78.2 36.3 |
|  | 742 | 737 | 922 | 717 | 695 | 862 | 593 | 584 | 727 | 32.0 | 29.3 | 36.3 29.3 |

1 Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000 .

Table 18: Summary employment and unemployment estimates, by age and sex, seasonally adjusted
Quarterly Averages
(In thousands)

| Employment status | 1966 |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  | 1964 |  |  |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3rd | 2nd | list | 4th | 3 rd | 2nd | 18t | 4th | 3rd | 2nd | $18 t$ | 4th | 3 rd |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total labor force | 80,375 | 79,724 | 79,413 | 78,973 | 78,515 | 78,103 | 77,693 | 77,243 | 76,995 | 77,127 | 76,521 | 76,141 | 75,854 |
| Civilian labor force | 77,194 | 76,673 | 76,483 | 76,175 | 75,812 | 75,420 | 74,989 | 74,512 | 74,251 | 74,381 | 73,789 | 73,400 | 73,107 |
| Employed. | 74,192 | 73,676 | 73,557 | 72,972 | 72,434 | 71,863 | 71,354 | 70,773 | 70,477 | 70,449 | 69,764 | 69,255 | 69,030 |
| Agriculture. | 4,117 | 4,265 | 4,411 | 4,437 | 4,543 | 4,763 | 4,576 | 4,677 | 4,823 | 4,779 | 4,793 | 4,925 | 4,907 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 70,075 | 69,410 | 69,146 | 68,535 | 67,891 | 67,100 | 66,777 | 66,096 | 65,653 | 65,670 | 64,971 | 64,330 | 64,123 |
| On full-time schedules ! . . . . . | 57,147 | 56,047 | 55,882 | 55,303 | 55,006 | 54,266 | 54,146 | 53,212 | 53,010 | 52,746 | 52,495 | 51,897 | 51,507 |
| On part-cime for economic reasons ${ }^{1}$ | 1,776 | 1,727 | 1,707 | 1,795 | 1,946 | 1,919 | 2,039 | 2,061 | 2,100 | 2,201 | 2,178 | 2,246 | 2,344 |
| Usually work full time | 888 | 885 | 874 | 810 | 912 | 912 | 954 | 965 | 939 | 1,021 | 1,019 | 1,055 | 1,120 |
| Usually work part time. | 889 | 842 | 834 | 985 | 1,034 | 1,007 | 1,086 | 1,096 | 1,161 | 1,180 | 1.159 | 1,191 | 1,223 |
| On voluntary part-time schedule | 8,249 | 7,982 | 8,011 | 7,943 | 7,765 | 7,510 | 7,260 | 7,284 | 7.241 | 7,446 | 7.100 | 6,946 | 6,896 |
| Unemployed | 3,002 | 2,998 | 2,926 | 3,203 | 3,378 | 3,557 | 3.635 | 3,739 | 3,774 | 3,932 | 4,026 | 4,145 | 4,077 |
| men, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 44,748 | 44,759 | 44,811 | 44,618 | 44,809 | 44,966 | 44,934 | 44,688 | 44,664 | 44,595 | 44,434 | 44,296 | 44,290 |
| Employed. | 43,620 | 43.633 | 43,649 | 43,381 | 43,410 | 43,473 | 43,371 | 43,053 | 42,980 | 42,877 | 42,624 | 42,381 | 42,427 |
| Agriculure. | 2,864 | 2,919 | 2,969 | 3,033 | 3,160 | 3,283 | 3,210 | 3,256 | 3,360 | 3,301 | 3,289 | 3,395 | 3,397 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 40,755 | 40,745 | 40,681 | 40,348 | 40,250 | 40,190 | 40,161 | 39,797 | 39,620 | 39,576 | 39,335 | 38,986 |  |
| Unemployed | 1,128 | 1,096 | 1,162 | 1,237 | 1,399 | 1,493 | 1,563 | 1,635 | 1,685 | 1,718 | 1,810 | 1,915 | 1,863 |
| women, 20 years and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 24,575 | 24,103 | 24,020 | 23,956 | 23,805 | 23,557 | 23,454 | 23,228 | 23,065 | 23,224 | 22,894 | 22,758 | 22,495 |
| Employed | 23,645 | 23,180 | 23,139 | 22,961 | 22,773 | 22,475 | 22,345 | 22,090 | 21,913 | 22,011 | 21,623 | 21,515 | 21,265 |
| Agriculture. | 656 | 681 | 750 | 734 | 732 | 780 | 753 | 758 | 762 | 761 | 736 | 816 | 787 |
| Nonagriculcural industries | 22,989 | 22,499 | 22,389 | 22,227 | 22,041 | 21,695 | 21,592 | 21,333 | 21,151 | 21,250 | 20,867 | 20,700 | 20,478 |
| Unemployed | 930 | 923 | 881 | 994 | 1,031 | 1,082 | 1,109 | 1,138 | 1,151 | 1,213 | 1,271 | 1,243 | 1,230 |
| BOTH SEXES, 14-19 YEARS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 7,872 | 7,812 | 7,652 | 7,601 | 7,199 | 6,897 | 6.601 | 6,596 | 6,522 | 6,562 | 6,462 | 6,346 | 6,322 |
| Employed. | 6,927 | 6,832 | 6,768 | 6,630 | 6,251 | 5,915 | 5,637 | 5,630 | 5,584 | 5,561 | 5,517 | 5,359 | 5,338 |
| Agriculure. | 597 | 666 | 692 | 670 | 650 | 700 | 613 | 663 | 702 | 717 | 748 | 714 | 723 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 6,330 | 6,166 | 6,076 | 5,960 | 5,600 | 5,215 | 5,024 | 4,967 | 4,882 | 4,844 | 4,769 | 4,645 | 4,615 |
| Unemployed | 944 | 979 | 884 | 971 | 948 | 982 | 964 | 966 | 938 | 1,002 | 945 | 988 | 984 |

${ }^{1}$ These categories will not add to the nonagricultural industries total because of the exclusion of persons "with a iob
but not at work" during the survey week.
Table 19: Seasonally adiusted rates of unemployment Quarterly Averages

| Selected unemployment rates | 1966 |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  | 1964 |  |  |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3rd | 2nd | lat | 4th | 3rd | 2nd | 1st | 4th | 3rd | 2nd | 1st | 4th | 3rd |
| Total (all civilian workers). | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Men, 20 years and over | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.2 |
| 20-24 years | 4.2 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 9.0 |
| 25 years and over | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.7 |
| Women, 20 years and over | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.5 |
| Both sexes, 14-19 years | 12.0 | 12.5 | 11.6 | 12.8 | 13.2 | 14.2 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 14.4 | 15.3 | 14.6 | 15.6 | 15.6 |
| White workers | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.9 |
| Nonwhite workers. | 8.0 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 8.2 | 8.1 | 8.9 | 9.3 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 11.1 | 10.6 |
| Married men . | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.1 |
| Full-time workers ${ }^{1}$ | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.3 |
| Blue-collar workers. | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 6.9 |
| Experienced wage and salary workers | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.4 |
| Labor force time lost. | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.3 |

${ }^{1}$ Adjusted by provisional seasonal factors.
Tabla 20: Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted Quarterly Averages
(he thousands)

| Duration of unemployment | 1966 |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  | 1964 |  |  |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3rd | 2nd | $18 t$ | 4th | 3xd | 2nd | $18 t$ | 4th | 3nd | 2nd | $18 t$ | 4th | 3rd |
| Less than 5 weeks | 1,667 | 1,743 | 1,535 | 1,571 | 1,739 | 1,812 | 1,737 | 1,730 | 1,736 | 1,849 | 1,830 | 1,864 | 1,799 |
| 5 to 14 weeks | 882 | 780 | 749 | 921 | 939 | 1,030 | 1,026 | 1,075 | 1,114 | 1,134 | 1,132 | 1,216 | 1,238 |
| 15 weeks and over | 462 | 538 | 609 | 667 | 710 | 769 | 837 | 909 | 942 | 980 | 1,040 | 1,053 | 1,079 |
| 15-26 weeks. | 256 | 285 | 329 | 346 | 379 | 413 | 446 | 466 | 452 | 493 | 537 | 531 | 543 |
| 27 weeks and over | 206 | 253 | 280 | 321 | 331 | 356 | 391 | 443 | 490 | 487 | 503 | 522 | 536 |
| 15 weeks and over as a percent of civilian labor force | . 6 | .7 | . 8 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 |

Table 21: Rates of unemployment by age and sex, seasonally adjusted Quarterly Averages

| Age and sex | 1966 |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  | 1964 |  |  |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3rd | 2nd | 1st | 4th | 3rd | 2nd | 1st | 4th | 3rd | 2nd | lst | 4th | 3rd |
| Total, 14 years and over | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| 14 co 17 years. | 12.6 | 13.2 | 12.5 | 13.6 | 13.4 | 13.9 | 14.7 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 15.3 | 14.9 | 15.9 | 15.2 |
| 14 and 15 years | 8.2 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 9.4 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 9.1 | 7.9 |
| 16 and 17 years | 14.7 | 15.9 | 14.8 | 15.7 | 16.6 | 16.8 | 18.0 | 17.2 | 16.9 | 18.9 | 17.9 | 19.1 | 19.0 |
| 18 years and over | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.1 |
| 18 and 19 years | 11.4 | 12.0 | 10.7 | 12.1 | 12.8 | 15.0 | 14.4 | 15.2 | 14.6 | 15.4 | 14.5 | 15.3 | 15.7 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 5.1 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 8.9 | 9.1 |
| 25 years and over | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.1 |
| 25 to 54 years. | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| 55 years and over | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.8 |
| Males, 18 years and over | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.6 |
| 18 and 19 years. | 10.1 | 10.9 | 9.6 | 10.5 | 12.1 | 14.4 | 12.7 | 14.6 | 15.0 | 15.1 | 14.4 | 15.2 | 15.7 |
| 20 co 24 years. | 4.2 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 9.0 |
| 25 years and over | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.7 |
| 25 to 54 years. | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.6 |
| 55 years and over | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.0 |
| Females, 18 years and over | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.1 |
| 18 and 19 years. | 12.8 | 13.3 | 11.9 | 14.0 | 13.7 | 15.9 | 16.6 | 16.4 | 14.2 | 15.7 | 14.7 | 15.4 | 15.8 |
| 20 to 24 years. . | 6.3 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 9.2 |
| 25 years and over | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.9 |
| 25 to 54 years. | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 5.4 |
| 55 years and over. | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.5 |

Table 22: Employed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted Quarterly Averages

| Age and sex | 1966 |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  | 1964 |  |  |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3rd | 2nd | 1 st | 4th | 3xd | 2nd | $18 t$ | 4th | 3 rd | 2nd | 1st | 4th | 3rd |
| Total, 14 y ears and over | 74,192 | 73,676 | 73,557 | 72,972 | 72,434 | 71,863 | 71,354 | 70,773 | 70,477 | 70,449 | 69,764 | 69,255 | 69,030 |
| 14 to 17 years | 3,403 | 3,386 | 3,441 | 3,399 | 3,200 | 3,058 | 2,977 | 3,032 | 3,070 | 3,117 | 3,043 | 2,857 | 2,834 |
| 14 and 15 years | 1,144 | 1,188 | 1,195 | 1,173 | 1,109 | 1,038 | 1,038 | 1,048 | 1,018 | 1,104 | 1,057 | 1,010 | 1,055 |
| 16 and 17 years | 2,259 | 2,198 | 2,246 | 2,226 | 2,091 | 2,020 | 1,939 | 1,984 | 2,052 | 2,013 | 1,986 | 1,847 | 1,779 |
| 18 years and over | 70,753 | 70,274 | 70,109 | 69,606 | 69,293 | 68,751 | 68,388 | 67,782 | 67,455 | 67,283 | 66,693 | 66,409 | 66,258 |
| 18 and 19 years | 3,492 | 3,418 | 3,388 | 3,238 | 3,035 | 2,828 | 2,714 | 2,608 | 2,504 | 2,419 | 2,484 | 2,491 | 2,511 |
| 20 co 24 years | 7,931 | 8,002 | 7,799 | 7,720 | 7,833 | 7,701 | 7,550 | 7,483 | 7,439 | 7,253 | 7,043 | 6,894 | 6,887 |
| 25 years and over | 59,330 | 58,854 | 58,922 | 58,648 | 58,425 | 58,222 | 58,124 | 57,6911 | 57,512 | 57,611 | 57,166 | 57,024 | 56,860 |
| 25 to 44 years | 30,180 | 30,157 | 30,345 | 30,166 | 29,954 | 29,908 | 29,950 | 29,640 | 29,574 | 29,710 | 29,548 | 29,488 | 29,461 |
| 45 years and over | 29,041 | 28,700 | 28,644 | 28,456 | 28,396 | 28,339 | 28,216 | 28,021 | 27,880 | 27,925 | 27,656 | 27,514 | 27,344 |
| Males, 18 years and over | 45,504 | 45,528 | 45,476 | 45,170 | 45,114 | 45,023 | 44,865 | 44,488 | 44,356 | 44,167 | 43,912 | 43,744 | 43,798 |
| 18 and 19 years | 1,888 | 1,851 | 1,874 | 1,769 | 1,677 | 1,549 | 1,530 | 1,414 | 1,353 | 1,294 | 1,324 | 1,337 | 1,347 |
| 20 to 24 years | 4,588 | 4,609 | 4,565 | 4,527 | 4,627 | 4,616 | 4,537 | 4,469 | 4,450 | 4,348 | 4,198 | 4,179 | 4,158 |
| 25 years and over | 39,028 | 39,068 | 39,037 | 38,874 | 38,810 | 38,858 | 38,798 | 38,605 | 38,553 | 38,525 | 38,390 | 38,228 | .38,293 |
| 25 no 44 years | 20,366 | 20,529 | 20,580 | 20,466 | 20,418 | 20,435 | 20,457 | 20,324 | 20,379 | 20, 377 | 20,379 | 20,206 | 20,257 |
| 45 years and over | 18,627 | 18,531 | 18,504 | 18,388 | 18,365 | 18,422 | 18,377 | 18,260 | 18,151 | 18,152 | 18,047 | 17,996 | 18,012 |
| Females, 18 years and over | 25,249 | 24,746 | 24,633 | 24,436 | 24,179 | 23,728 | 23,523 | 23,293 | 23,099 | 23,116 | 22,781 | 22,665 | 22,460 |
| 18 and 19 years. | 1,604 | 1,567 | 1,514 | 1,469 | 1,358 | 1,279 | 1,184 | 1,194 | 1,151 | 1,125 | 1,160 | 1,154 | 1,164 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 3,343 | 3,393 | 3,234 | 3,193 | 3,206 | 3,085 | 3,013 | 3,013 | 2,989 | 2,905 | 2,845 | 2,715 | 2,729 |
| 25 years and over | 20,302 | 19,786 | 19,885 | 19,774 | 19,615 | 19,364 | 19,326 | 19,086 | 18,959 | 19,086 | 18,776 | 18,796 | 18,567 |
| 25 to 44 years. | 9,814 | 9,628 | 9,765 | 9,700 | 9,536 | 9,473 | 9,493 | 9,316 | 9,195 | 9,333 | 9,169 | 9,282 | 9,204 |
| 45 years and over | 10,414 | 10,169 | 10,140 | 10,068 | 10,031 | 9,917 | 9,839 | 9,761 | 9,729 | 9,773 | 9,609 | 9,518 | 9,332 |

NOTE: Due to the independent seasonal adjustnent of several of the series, detail will not necessarily add to torals.

## HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

Table 23: Employment status by color, sex, and age, seasonally adjusted

| Characteristics | 1966 |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  | 1964 |  |  |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3rd | 2nd | 1 st | 4th | 3rd | 2nd | lst | 4th | 3rd | 2nd | $15 t$ | 4 th | 3 rd |
| WHITE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 68,359 | 68,062 | 68,000 | 67,685 | 67,226 | 67,013 | 66,717 | 66,160 | 65,891 | 66,081 | 65,602 | 65,244 | 64,917 |
| Men, 20 years and over | 40,220 | 40,319 | 40,365 | 40,174 | 40,343 | 40,516 | 40,496 | 40,257 | 40,223 | 40,181 | 40,043 | 39,921 | 39,869 |
| Women, 20 years and over | 21,214 | 20,807 | 20,754 | 20,676 | 20,509 | 20,386 | 20,296 | 20,013 | 19,891 | 20,087 | 19,823 | 19,692 | 19,428 |
| Both sexes, 14-19 years | 6,925 | 6,936 | 6,880 | 6,835 | 6,374 | 6,111 | 5,925 | 5,890 | 5,777 | 5,813 | 5,736 | 5,631 | 5,620 |
| Employed. | 66,058 | 65,692 | 65,689 | 65,145 | 64,559 | 64,125 | 63,832 | 63,190 | 62,954 | 62,957 | 62,386 | 61,999 | 61,710 |
| Men, 20 years and over, | 39,321 | 39,433 | 39,418 | 39,157 | 39,215 | 39,273 | 39,244 | 38,941 | 38,871 | 38,798 | 38,594 | 38,402 | 38,385 |
| Women, 20 years and over. | 20,519 | 20,093 | 20,070 | 19,910 | 19,722 | 19,545 | 19,431 | 19,152 | 19,028 | 19,155 | 18,836 | 18,743 | 18,482 |
| Boch sexes, 14-19 years. | 6,218 | 6,167 | 6,200 | 6,079 | 5,622 | 5,307 | 5,156 | 5,097 | 5,055 | 5,004 | 4,956 | 4,854 | 4,843 |
| Unemployed | 2,301 | 2,369 | 2,311 | 2,540 | 2,668 | 2,888 | 2,886 | 2,970 | 2,938 | 3,125 | 3,216 | 3,245 | 3,208 |
| Men, 20 years and over. | 899 | 886 | 947 | 1,017 | 1,128 | 1,243 | 1,252 | 1,315 | 1,353 | 1,384 | 1,449 | 1,518 | 1,485 |
| Women, 20 years and over. | 695 | 715 | 684 | 766 | 788 | 840 | 865 | 861 | 863 | 932 | 987 | 949 | 946 |
| Both sexes, 14-19 years. | 707 | 769 | 680 | 757 | 752 | 805 | 769 | 794 | 722 | 809 | 780 | 778 | 777 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.9 |
| Men, 20 years and over | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.7 |
| Women, 20 years and over | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.9 |
| Both sexes, 14-19 years | 10.2 | 11.1 | 9.9 | 11.1 | 11.8 | 13.2 | 13.0 | 13.5 | 12.5 | 13.9 | 13.6 | 13.8 | 13.8 |
| NONWHITE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 8,641 | 8,539 | 8,656 | 8,539 | 8,463 | 8,371 | 8,391 | 8,381 | 8,271 | 8,284 | 8,229 | 8,168 | 8,120 |
| Men, 20 years and over | 4,477 | 4,421 | 4,489 | 4,461 | 4,426 | 4,450 | 4,469 | 4,445 | 4,404 | 4,431 | 4,416 | 4,374 | 4,377 |
| Women, 20 years and over | 3,284 | 3,288 | 3,302 | 3,267 | 3,243 | 3,178 | 3,182 | 3,198 | 3,137 | 3,133 | 3,080 | 3,077 | 3,038 |
| Both sexes, 14-19 years | 880 | 830 | 864 | 811 | 794 | 743 | 740 | 738 | 730 | 720 | 732 | 717 | 705 |
| Employed | 7,954 | 7,896 | 8,042 | 7,872 | 7,765 | 7,690 | 7,642 | 7,602 | 7,446 | 7,467 | 7,420 | 7,264 | 7,261 |
| Men, 20 years and over | 4,256 | 4,207 | 4,275 | 4,242 | 4,164 | 4,193 | 4,156 | 4,125 | 4,081 | 4,089 | 4,054 | 3,978 | 4,008 |
| Women, 20 years and over. | 3,044 | 3,081 | 3,108 | 3,039 | 2,996 | 2,937 | 2,940 | 2,922 | 2,842 | 2,854 | 2,800 | 2,782 | 2,747 |
| Both sexes, 14-19 years. | 653 | 608 | 659 | 591 | 605 | 560 | 546 | 555 | 523 | 524 | 567 | 504 | 506 |
| Unemployed | 687 | 643 | 614 | 667 | 698 | 681 | 749 | 779 | 825 | 817 | 808 | 904 | 859 |
| Men, 20 years and over | 221 | 214 | 214 | 219 | 262 | 257 | 312 | 320 | 323 | 342 | 362 | 397 | 369 |
| Women, 20 years and over. | 239 | 207 | 194 | 227 | 247 | 241 | 242 | 276 | 296 | 279 | 281 | 295 | 291 |
| Both sexes, 14-19 years. | 227 | 222 | 206 | 220 | 189 | 182 | 195 | 183 | 207 | 196 | 166 | 213 | 199 |
| Unemployment rate | 8.0 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 8.2 | 8.1 | 8.9 | 9.3 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 11.1 | 10.6 |
| Men, 20 years and over | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.7 | 8.2 | 1 | 8.4 |
| Women, 20 years and over | 7.3 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 8.6 | 9.4 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 9.6 | 9.6 |
| Both sexes, 14-19 years | 25.8 | 26.7 | 23.8 | 27.1 | 23.8 | 24.5 | 26.4 | 24.8 | 28.4 | 27.2 | 22.7 | 29.7 | 28.2 |

Table 24: Total employment and unemployment rates, by occupation, seasonally adjusted Quarterly Averages, in thousands

| Characteristics | 1966 |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  | 1964 |  |  |  | 1963 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3rd | 2nd | 1 st | 4 th | 3rd | 2nd | 1st | 4th | 3rd | 2nd | 1st | 4th | 3 rd |
| EMPLOYED (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White-collar workers | 33,730 | 33,078 | 32,515 | 32,378 | 32,399 | 32,111 | 31,591 | 31,423 | 31,143 | 31,035 | 30,870 | 30,565 | 30,246 |
| Professional and technical | 9,482 | 9,265 | 8,949 | 8,911 | 9,010 | 8,828 | 8,790 | 8,738 | 8,509 | 8,511 | 8,428 | 8,388 | 8,283 |
| Managers, officials and proprietors | 7,587 | 7,413 | 7,216 | 7,121 | 7,398 | 7,549 | 7,279 | 7,398 | 7,477 | 7,476 | 7,457 | 7,431 | 7,292 |
| Clerical workers | 11,949 | 11,650 | 11,494 | 11,529 | 11,187 | 11,029 | 10,906 | 10,725 | 10,663 | 10,665 | 10,613 | 10,403 | 10,325 |
| Sales workers | 4,713 | 4,750 | 4,856 | 4,816 | 4,804 | 4,705 | 4,617 | 4,563 | 4,495 | 4,382 | 4,372 | 4,344 | 4,347 |
| Blue-collar workers. | 27,165 | 27,175 | 27,271 | 26,835 | 26,483 | 26,182 | 26,407 | 25,770 | 25,529 | 25,535 | 25,316 | 25,238 | 25,111 |
| Craftsmen and foremen | 9,679 | 9,547 | 9,459 | 9,427 | 9,303 | 8,976 | 9,194 | 9,074 | 9,040 | 8,890 | 8,934 | 9,026 | 8,969 |
| Operatives | 13,752 | 13,941 | 13,993 | 13,577 | 13,360 | 13,368 | 13,264 | 13,056 | 12,962 | 12,928 | 12,755 | 12,604 | 12,589 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 3,734 | 3,688 | 3,818 | 3,831 | 3,820 | 3,838 | 3,949 | 3,640 | 3,527 | 3,716 | 3,628 | 3,609 | 3,554 |
| Service workers | 9,729 | 9,474 | 9,619 | 9,642 | 9,480 | 9,116 | 9,139 | 9,225 | 9,277 | 9,427 | 9,097 | 8,957 | 9,060 |
| Farmers and farm laborers | 3,777 | 3,950 | 4,073 | 4,110 | 4,218 | 4,431 | 4,318 | 4,388 | 4,500 | 4,430 | 4,479 | 4,577 | 4,579 |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Whire-collar workers | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| Professional and rechnical | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Managers, officials and proprietors | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| Clerical workers | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.1 |
| Sales workers | 2.6 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.0 |
| Blue-collar workers. | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 6.9 |
| Craftsmen and foremen | 2.7 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.6 |  | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 4.3 |
| Operatives | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 7.2 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 7.8 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 9.9 | 10.7 | 10.3 | 11.2 | 11.7 | 11.9 |
| Service workers | 4.4 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 6.1 |
| Farmers and farm laborers | 2.0 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 3.3 |

## Technical Note


#### Abstract

Additional information concerning the preparation of the labor force, employment, hours and earnings, and labor turnover series--concepts and scope, survey methods, and limitations--is contained in technical notes for each of these series, available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics free of charge. Order blank follows Technical Note.


## INTRODUCTION

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from three major sources: (1) household interviews, (2) payroll reports from employers; and (3) administrative statistics of unemployment insurance systems.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, color, marital status, occupations, hours of work, and duration of unemployment. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 35,000 households, representing 357 areas in 701 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data basedon establishment payroll records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencles. The payroll survey provides detailed industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly and weekly earnings, and labor turnover for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The figures are based on payroll reports from a sample of establishments employing about 25 million nonfarm wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full- or part-time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th of the month.

Data based on administrative records of unemployment insurance systems furnish a complete count of insured unemployment among the two-thirds of the Nation's labor force covered by unemployment insurance programs. Weekly reports, by State, are issued on the number of initial claims, the volume and rate of insured unemployment under State unemployment insurance programs, and the volume under programs of unemployment compensation for Federal employees, exservicemen, and for railroad workers. These statistics are published by the Bureau of Employment Security, U.S. Department of Labor in 'Unemployment Insurance Claims."

## Relation between the household and payroll series

The household and payroll data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definition and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on levels and trends of the two series are as follows:

## Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), selfemployed persons, and unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises. Employment in both farm and nonfarm industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household approach provides information on the work status of the population without duplication since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once, and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment records, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all persons who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week--that is, were not working or looking for work but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers
for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

## Hours of Work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

## Comparability of the household interview data with other series

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, regardless of whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (agriculture, State and local government, domestic service, self-employed, unpaid family work, nonprofit organizations, and firms below a minimum size).

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation, but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage
are the inclusion of persons under 14 in the Statistical Research Service (SRS) series and the treatment of dual jobholders who are counted more than once if they worked on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of impact on differences in level and trend of the two series.

## Comparability of the payroll employment data with other series

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses or annual sample surveys of manufacturing establishments and the censuses of business establishments. The major reasons for some noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes contract construction, professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns, published jointly by the U.S. Departments of Commerce and Health, Education, and Welfare, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Not all nonfarm wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. All workers in certain activities, such as interstate railroads, are excluded. In addition, small firms in covered industries are also excluded in 32 States. In general, these are establishments with less than four employees.

## Labor Force Data

## COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other economic characteristics of employed and unemployed persons, and related labor force data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in "Concepts and Methods Used in Household Statistics on Employment and Unemployment from the

Current Population Survey" (BLS Report 279). This report is available from BLS on request.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted with a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population 14 years and over. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 14 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week,

Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 14 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this report. Data on members of the Armed Forces, who are included as part of the categories "total noninstitutional population" and "total labor force," are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Each month, 35,000 occupied units are designated for interview. About 1,500 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not found at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of about 4 percent. In addition to the 35,000 occupied units there are 5,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not to be enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year ago.

## CONCEPTS

Employed persons comprise (a) all those who during the survey week did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business profession, or on farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, and (b) all those who were not working or looking for work but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labormanagement dispute, or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries, temporarily in the United States, who are not living on the premises of an Embassy.

Excluded àre persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (such as own home housework, and painting or repairing own home) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons comprise all persons who did not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work, regardless of whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Also included as unemployed are those who did not work at all and (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (b) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days (and were not in school
during the survey week); or (c) would have been looking for work except that they were temporarily ill or believed no work was available in their line of work or in the community.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work or would have been looking for work except for temporary illness, or belief that no work was available in their line of work or in the community. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Average duration is an arithmetic mean compured from a distribution by single weeks of unemployment.

The civilian labor force comprises the total of all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "total labor force" also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed either in the United States or abroad.

The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, marital status, color, etc.

Not in labor force includes all civilians 14 years and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as "engaged in own home housework," "in school," "unable to work" because of long-term physical or mental illness, and "other." The "other" group includes for the most part retired persons, those reported as too old to work, the voluntarily idle, and seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an "off" season and who were not reported as unemployed. Persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the labor force.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their latest full-time civilian job lasting 2 weeks or more. The occupation and industry groups used in data derived from the CPS household interviews are defined as in the 1960 Census of Population. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies "wage and salary workers," subdivided into private and government workers, "self-employed workers," and "unpaid family workers." Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a governmental unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their
own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, a person who normally works 40 hours a week but who was off on the Veterans Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though he was paid for the holiday.

For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week. However, all the hours are credited to the major job.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more in the survey week are designated as working 'full time"; persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working "part time." Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full time or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or other reasons), "Economic reasons" include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. "Other reasons" include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home housework, school, no desire for full-time work and full-time worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1-34 hours for noneconomic reasons but usually work full time.

Full- and part-time labor force. The full-time labor force consists of persons working on full-time schedules, persons involuntarily working part time (because fulltime work is not available) and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The part-time labor force consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Persons with a job but not at work during the survey week are distributed proportionately between the full-time and voluntary parttime employment categories.

Labor force time lost is a measure of man-hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available man-hours. It is computed by assuming: (1) that unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) that those looking for parttime work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers during the survey week, and (3) that persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

## ESTIMATING METHODS

Under the estimation methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. There are no subsequent adjustments to independent benchmark data on labor force, employment, or unemployment. Therefore, revisions of the historical data are not an inherent feature of this statistical program.

1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability for other reasons. This adjustment is made separately by groups of sample areas and, within these, for six groups--color (white and nonwhite) within the three residence categories (urban, rural nonfarm, and rural farm). The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 4 to 6 percent depending on weather, vacations, etc.
2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the Nation as a whole, in such characteristics as age, color, sex, and residence. Since these population characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the latter estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
a. First-stage ratio estimate. This is the procedure in which the sample proportions are weighted by the known 1960 Census data on the color-residence distribution of the population. This step takes into account the differences existing at the time of the 1960 Census between the color-residence distribution for the Nation and for the sample areas.
b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this step, the sample proportions are weighted by independent current estimates of the population by age, sex, and color. These estimates are prepared by carrying forward the most recent census data (1960) to take account of subsequent aging of the population, mortality, and migration between the United States and other countries.
3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75 percent) as well as the sample results for the current month. This procedure reduces the sampling variability especially of month-to-month changes but also of the Ievels for most items.

## Reliability of the Estimates

Since the estimates are based on a sample, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures.

The standard error is a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variations that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population is surveyed. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

Table A shows the average standard error for the major employment status categories, by sex, computed from data for past months. Estimates of change derived from the survey are also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of change for consecutive months is also shown in table A. The standard errors of level shown in table A are acceptable approximations of the standard errors of year to year change.

| Employment status and sex | Average standard error of-- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monthly level | Month-to-month change (consecutive months only) |
| BOTH SEXES |  |  |
| Labor force and total employment. . . . . . | 250 | 180 |
| Agriculture. | 200 | 120 |
| Nonagricultural employment | 300 | 180 |
| Unemployment. . . . . . . . | 100 | 100 |
| MALE |  |  |
| Labor force and total employment. . . . . . . ... . | 120 | 90 |
| Agriculture. . . . . . . . . . | 180 | 90 |
| Nonagricultural employment | 200 | 120 |
| Unemployment. . . . . . . . | 75 | 90 |
| FEMALE |  |  |
| Labor force and total employment. | 180 | 150 |
| Agriculture. . | 75 | 55 |
| Nonagricultural employment | 180 | 120 |
| Unemployment. . . . . . . . . | 65 | 65 |

The figures presented in table $B$ are to be used for other characteristics and are approximations of the standard errors of all such characteristics. They should be interpreted as providing an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard errors rather than as the precise standard error for any specific item.

The standard error of the change in an item from one month to the next month is more closely related to the standard error of the monthly level for that item than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the approximations to the standard errors of month-to-month changes as presented in table $C$, it is first necessary to obtain the standard error of the monthly level of the item in table B, and then find the standard error of the month-to-month change in table $C$ corresponding to this standard error of level. It should be noted that table $C$ applies to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. For changes between the current month and the same month last year, the standard errors of level shown in table $B$ are acceptable approximations.

Table B. Standard error of level of monthly estimates
(In thousands)

| Size of estimate | Both sexes |  | Male |  | Female |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total or white | Nonwhite | Total or white | Nonwhite | Total or white | Nonwhite |
| 10 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 50 | 11 | 10 | 14 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 100 | 15 | 14 | 20 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| 250 | 24 | 21 | 31 | 21 | 22 | 21 |
| 500 | 34 | 30 | 43 | 30 | 31 | 30 |
| 1,000 | 48 | 40 | 60 | 40 | 45 | 40 |
| 2,500 | 75 | 50 | 90 | 50 | 70 | 50 |
| 5,000 | 100 | 50 | 110 | . $\cdot$ | 100 | . . |
| 10,000 | 140 | ... | 140 | . . . | 130 | $\cdots$ |
| 20,000 | 180 | . . | 150 | . . | 170 | . . . |
| 30,000 | 210 | . . | ... | . | -•• | . . . |
| 40,000 | 220 | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | . . |

Illustration: Assume that the tables showed the total number of persons working a specific number of hours as $15,000,000$, an increase of 500,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the first column of table $B$ shows that the standard error of $15,000,000$ is about 160,000. Consequently, the chances are about 68 out of 100 that the sample estimate differs by less than 160,000 from the figure which would have been obtained from a complete count of the number of persons working the given number of hours. Using the 160,000 as the standard
error of the monthly level in table C, it may be seen that the standard error of the 500,000 increase is about 135,000.

Table C. Standard error of estimates of month-to-month change
(In thousands)

| Standard error of monthly level | Standard error of month-to-month change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Estimates relating to agricultural employment | All estimates except those relating to agricultural employment |
| 10 | 14 | 12 |
| 25 | 35 | 26 |
| 50 | 70 | 48 |
| 100 | 100 | 90 |
| 150 | 110 | 130 |
| 200 | 250 | 160 |
| 250 | . $\cdot$ | 190 |
| 300 | . $\cdot$ | 220 |

The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the percentage and
the size of the total upon which the percentage is based. Where the numerator is a subclass of the denominator, estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding absolute estimates of the numerator of the percentage, particularly if the percentage is large ( 50 percent or greater). Table D shows the standard errors for percentages derived from the survey. Linear interpolation may be used for percentages and base figures not shown in table D.

Table D. Standard error of percentage

| Base of percentages (thousands) | Estimated percentage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 35 |  |
|  | or | or | or | or | or | or | or | or | 50 |
|  | 99 | 98 | 95 | 90 | 85 | 80 | 75 | 65 |  |
| 150 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 4.9 |
| 250 | . 8 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.9 |
| 500 | . 6 | . 8 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 |
| 1,000. | . 4 | . 5 | . 9 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 2,000 | . 3 | . 4 | . 6 | . 8 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| 3,000 . | . 2 | . 3 | . 5 | . 7 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| 5,000 . . | . 2 | . 2 | . 4 | . 5 | . 6 | . 7 | . 8 | . 8 | . 9 |
| 10,000. | . 1 | . 2 | . 3 | . 4 | . 4 | . 5 | . 5 | . 6 | . 6 |
| 25,000 | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 4 |
| 50,000 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 |
| 75,000 . | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 |

## Establishment Data

## COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover in nonfarm establishments, by industry and geographic location.

## Federal-State Cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements with State agencies, the respondent fills out only one employment or labor turnover schedule, which is then used for national, State, and area estimates. This eliminates duplicate reporting on the part of respondents and, together with the use of identical techniques at the national and State levels, insures maximum comparability of estimates.

State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the information to prepare State and area series and then send the data to the BLS for use in preparing the national series.

## Shuttle Schedules

Two types of data collection schedules are used: Form BLS 790--Monthly Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours; and Form DL 1219--Monthly Report
on Labor Turnover. These schedules are of the "shuttle" type, with space for each month of the calendar year. The schedule is returned to the respondent each month by the collecting agency so that the next month's data can be entered. This procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures he has reported for previous months.

The BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments and, for most industries, payroll and man-hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The labor turnover schedule provides for the collection of information on the total number of accessions and separations, by type, during the calendar month.

## CONCEPTS

## Industrial Classification

Establishments are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. This information is collected each year on a supplement to the
monthly 790 or 1219 report. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the most important product or activity.

All national, State, and area employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover series are classified in accordance with the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Bureau of the Budget, 1957, as amended by the 1963 Supplement.

## Industry Employment

Employment data except that for the Federal Government refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers in households. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; Federal military personnel are excluded from total nonagricultural employment.

Persons on an establishment payroll who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday or paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period and are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period, are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are laid off, on leave without pay, or on strike for the entire period, or who are hired but do not report to work during the period.

## Industry Hours and Earnings

Hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and man-hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in contract construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the remaining nonfarm components. These terms are defined below. When the pay period reported is longer than 1 week, figures are reduced to a weekly basis.

Production and related workers include working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including leadmen and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and recordkeeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Construction workers include the following employees in the contract construction division: Working foremen, journeymen, mechanics, apprentices, laborers, etc.,
whether working at the site of construction or in shops or yards, at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairmen, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, linemen, laborers, janitors, watchmen, and similar occupational levels, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12 th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period), other pay nor earned in pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay), and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded.

Man-hours cover man-hours worked or paid for, during the pay period which includes the 12 th of the month, for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. The man-hours include hours paid for holidays and vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours cover premium overtime hours of production and related workers during the pay period which includes the 12 th of the month. Overtime hours are those for which premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or workweek. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if premium wage rates were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

## Gross Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings

Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis, reflecting not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work, and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. Shifts in the volume of employment between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments also affect the general earnings averages. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time, while rates are the a mounts stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series, however, does not measure the level of total labor costs on
the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the pro-duction-worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisoryemployee definitions.

Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in gross average hourly earnings, but also by changes in the length of the workweek, part-time work, stoppages for varying causes, labor turnover, and absenteeism.

## Average Weekly Hours

The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received, and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

## Average Overtime Hours

The overtime hours represent that portion of the gross average weekly hours which were in excess of regular hours and for which premium payments were made. If an employee worked on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, gross weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction, from month-tomonth; for example, premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industrygroup level may also be caused by a marked change in gross hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on gross hours.

## Railroad Hours and Earnings

The figures for class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees who received pay during the month, except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I). Gross average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

## Spendable Average Weekly Earnings

Spendable average weekly earnings in current dollars are obtained by deducting estimated Federal social security and income taxes from gross weekly earnings. The amount of income tax liability depends on the number of dependents supported by the worker and his marital status, as well as on the level of his gross income. To reflect these variables, spendable earnings are computed for a worker with no dependents, and a married worker with three dependents. The computations are based on the gross average weekly earnings for all production or nonsupervisory workers in the industry division without regard to total family income.
"Real" earnings are computed by dividing the current Consumer Price Index into the earnings averages for the current month. The level of earnings is thus adjusted for changes in purchasing power since the base period (1957-59).

## Average Hourly Earnings Excluding Overtime

Average hourly earnings excluding premium overtime pay are computed by dividing the total productionworker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production-worker man-hours and one-half of total overtime man-hours. Prior to January 1956, these data were based on the application of adjustment factors to gross average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Review, May 1950, pp. 537-540). Both methods eliminate only the earnings due to overtime paid for at $1 \frac{1}{2}$ times the straight-time rates. No adjustment is made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

## Indexes of Aggregate Weekly Payrolls and Man-Hours

The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls and manhours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the monthly average for the 1957-59 period. The man-hour aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production-worker employment, and the payroll aggregates are the product of gross average weekly earnings and production-worker employment.

## Labor Turnover

Labor turnover is the gross movement of wage and salary workers into and out of employed status with respect to individual establishments. This movement, which relates to a calendar month, is divided into two broad types: Accessions (new hires and rehires) and separations (terminations of employment initiated by either employer or employee). Each type of action is cumulated for a calendar month and expressed as a rate per 100 employees. The data relate to all employees, whether full- or part-time, permanent or temporary, including executive, office, sales, other salaried personnel, and production workers. Transfers to another establishment of the company are included, beginning with January 1959.

Accessions are the total number of permanent and temporary additions to the employment roll, including both new and rehired employees.

New hires are temporary or permanent additions to the employment roll of persons who have never before been employed in the establishment (except employees transferring from another establishment of the same company) or of former employees not recalled by the employer.

Other accessions, which are not published separately but are included in total accessions, are all additions to the employment roll which are not classified as new hires, including transfers from another establishment of the company.

Separations are terminations of employment during the calendar month and are classified according to cause: Quits, layoffs, and other separations, are defined as follows:

Quits are terminations of employment initiated by employees, failure to report after being hired, and unauthorized absences, if on the last day of the month the person has been absent more than 7 consecutive calendar days.

Layoffs are suspensions without pay lasting or expected to last more than 7 consecutive calendar days, initiated by the employer without prejudice to the worker.

Other separations, which are not published separately but are included in total separations, are terminations of employment because of discharge, permanent disability, death, retirement, transfers to another establishment of the company, and entrance into the Armed Forces for a period expected to last more than 30 consecutive calendar days.

## Comparability With Employment Series

Month-to-month changes in total employment in manufacturing industries reflected by labor turnover rates are not comparable with the changes shown in the Bureau's employment series for the following reasons: (1) Accessions and separations are computed for the entire calendar month; the employment reports refer to the pay period which includes the 12th of the month; and (2) employees on strike are not counted as turnover actions although such employees are excluded from the employment estimates if the work stoppage extends through the report period.

## ESTIMATING METHODS

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the industry statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique, which is a form of
ratio estimation, and (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks, and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

## The "Link Relative" Technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a link relative. The estimates of employment (all"employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these "link relatives." Other features of the general procedures are described later in the table, Summary of Methods for Computing Industry Statistics on Employment, Hours, Earnings, and Labor Turnover. Further details are given in the technical notes on Measurement of Employment, Hours, and Earnings in Nonagricultural Industries and on Measuremnt of Labor Tumover, which are available upon request.

## Size and Regional Stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified produc-tion- or nonsupervisory-worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

## Benchmark Adjustments

Employment estimates are periodically compared with comprehensive counts of employment which provide "benchmarks" for the various nonagricultural industries, and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1965 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary source of benchmark information is the employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations, covering three-fourths of the total nonfarm employment in the United States, are prepared under the direction of the Bureau of Employment Security. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates relating to the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necessary, the monthly series of estimates are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under
this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment, while the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are therefore subject to revision. To provide users of the data with a convenient reference source for the revised data, the BLS publishes as soon as possible after each benchmark revision a summary volume of employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover statistics.

## THE SAMPLE

## Design

The sampling plan used in the current employment statistics program is an optimum allocation design known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment. " The universe of establishments is stratified first by industry and then within each industry by size of establishment in terms of employment, For each industry the total size of sample is distributed among the size class cells on the basis of average employment per establishment in each cell. In practice, this is equivalent to distributing the predetermined total number of establishments required in the sample among the cells on the basis of the ratio of employment in each cell to total employment in the industry. Within each stratum the sample members are selected at random.

Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the samples for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in a relatively few establishments, a large percentage of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the larger establishments with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments, and also for a substantial number of the smaller ones. Many industries in the trade and service divisions fall into this category. In order to keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to accept samples in these divisions with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS employment and labor turnover statistics programs, with their emphasis on pro-
ducing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after reports are mailed by respondents, and at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail. The tendency of such a sample to produce biased estimates of the level of earnings for certain industries is counteracted by the stratified estimating procedure described under "Estimating Methods."

## Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. The table that follows shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March $1965^{1}$

| Industry division | Employees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number reported | Percent of total |
| Mining | 287,000 | 46 |
| Contract construction | 620,000 | 22 |
| Manufacturing | 11,338,000 | 64 |
| Transportation and public utilities: |  |  |
| Railroad transportation (ICC) | 697,000 | 96 |
| Other transportation and public utilities. . . . . . . | 1,740,000 | 54 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. | 2,403,000 | 20 |
| Finance, insurance and real estate. | 1,030,100 | 35 |
| Service and miscellaneous. | 1,682,000 | 19 |
| Government: |  |  |
| Commission) ${ }^{2}$. . . . . | 2,326,000 | 100 |
| State and local | 3,980,000 | 52 |

${ }^{1}$ Since a few establishments do not report payroll and man-hour information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

2 State and area estimates of Federal employment are based on reports from a sample of Federal establishments, collected through the BLS-State cooperative program.

The table below shows the approximate coverage, in terms of employment, of the labor turnover sample.

| Approximate size and coverage of BLS labor turnover <br> sample, March 1965 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Industry | Employees |  |
|  | Number <br> reported | Percent <br> of total |
|  | $10,809,200$ | 61 |
| Metal mining. . . . . . | 65,800 | 80 |
| Coal mining. . . . . . | 61,600 | 43 |
| Communication: |  |  |
| Telephone . . . . . . | 579,200 | 80 |
| Telegraph . . . . . . | 21,600 | 68 |

## Reliability of the Employment Estimates

The estimates derived from the establishment survey may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures. The relatively large size of the BLS establishment sample assures a very high degree of accuracy. Therefore, sampling variability as expressed in standard errors of the estimate is of little consequence, particularly with respect to month-to-month changes. However, since the use of the link relative technique requires the use of the previous month's estimate as the base in computing the current month's estimate, small sampling and response errors may cumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the estimates are adjusted to new benchmarks annually. In addition to the sampling and response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks.) In fact, at the more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjustments. Another cause of differences, generally minor, arises from improvements in the quality of the benchmark data. (A detailed description of the March 1965 benchmark is available from the Bureau upon request.)

The entire difference between the estimate and benchmarks is assumed to have accumulated at a regular rate. Accordingly, the all employee series, for months between the current and the last preceding benchmark, are adjusted by tapering out the difference back from the current benchmark to the last previous benchmark. The series for months subsequent to the benchmark month are revised by projecting the level of the new benchmark by the trend of the unadjusted series.

For the most recent months, nationa1, State, and area estimates are preliminary and are so footnoted in the tables. These figures are based on less than the total sample and are revised when all the reports in the sample design have been received.

An approximation of the standard deviations (based on the experience of the last several years) of revisions between (1) final estimates and benchmarks, and (2) preliminary and final estimates, are presented in the following table. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the revisions will be less than the amount indicated for each size of estimate. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the revisions will be less than twice the amount indicated.

Average standard deviation of revisions between final estimates and benchmarks and between preliminary and final estimates

| Size of empl. estimate | Standard deviations of revisions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Final ${ }^{1}$ | Preliminaxy |
| 50,000. | 2,000 | 600 |
| 100,000. | 2,500 | 900 |
| 200,000. | 4,000 | 1,300 |
| 500,000. | 7,500 | 2,400 |
| 1,000,000. | 12,000 | 4,100 |

${ }^{1}$ Assuming 12 -month intervals between benchmark revisions.

A comparison of the actual amounts of revisions made in the last 3 benchmark years follows:

Nonagricultural payroll employment estimates, by industry division, as a percentage of the benchmark for 1963-65

| Industry division | 1963 | 1964 | 1965 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 101.0 | 100.0 | 99.5 |
| Mining . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.3 | 100.0 | 99.5 |
| Contract construction . . . . . . | 101.5 | 101.5 | 100.9 |
| Manufacturing . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.1 | 100.2 | 99.8 |
| Transportation and public |  |  |  |
| utilities . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.0 | 100.4 | 100.1 |
| Wholesale and retail trade . . . . | 100.6 | 100.4 | 99.4 |
| Finance, insurance, and |  |  |  |
| real estate . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.8 | 99.4 | 100.7 |
| Service and miscellaneous . . . | 100.8 | 99.7 | 97.9 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 103.8 | 99.0 | 99.8 |

## STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours; earnings, and labor turnover data are collected and prepared by State agencles in cooperation with BLS. The area statistics relate to-metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force that contains State and area annual averages. Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by

BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification.

For the States and the areas shown in the B and C sections of this periodical, all the annual average data for the detailed industry statistics currently published by each cooperating State agency are presented (from the earliest data of availability of each series) in a summary volume published annually by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE DATA

Insured unemployment represents the number of persons reporting a week of unemployment under an unemployment insurance program. It includes some persons who are working part time who would be counted as employed in the payroll and household surveys. Excluded are persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (agriculture, State and local government, domestic service, self-employment, unpaid family work, nonprofit organizations, and firms below a minimum size). The rate of insured unemployment is the number of insured unemployed expressed as a percent of average covered employment in a 12 -month period ending 6 to 8 months prior to the week of reference. Initial
claims are notices filed by those losing jobs covered by an unemployment insurance program that they are starting a period of unemployment. A claimant who continues to be unemployed a full week is then counted in the insured, unemployment figure.

Because of differences in State laws and procedures under which unemployment insurance programs are operated, State unemployment rates generally indicate, but do not precisely measure, differences among the individual States. Persons wishing to receive a detalled description of the nature, sources, inclusions and exclusions, and limitations of unemployment insurance data should address their inquiries to Bureau of Employment Security, Washington, D.C.

## SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

Many economic statistics reflect a regularly recurring seasonal movement which can be estimated on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation, it is possible to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. However, in evaluating deviations from the seasonal pattern--that is, changes in a seasonally adjusted series--it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but, in addition, are affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment data are published regularly in Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force.

The seasonal adjustment method used tor these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving average method, with a provision for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in the booklet, The $B L S$ Seasonal Factor Method (1966), which may be obtained from the Bureau on request. An earlier version of the method is described in Appendix $G$ of the 1962 Report of the President's Committee to Appraise Employment and Unemployment Statistics, Measuring Employment and Unemployment.

For establishment data, the seasonally adjusted series on weekly hours and labor turnover rates for industry groupings are computed by applying factors
directly to the corresponding unadjusted series, but seasonally adjusted employment totals for all employees and production workers by industry divisions are obtained by summing the seasonally adjusted data which are published for component industries. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours seasonally adjusted, for mining, contract construction, and the major industries in manufacturing are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production workers, seasonally adjusted and dividing by the 1957-59 base. For total, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods, the indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly man-hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1957-59 base.

The seasonally adjusted establishment data for Federal Government are based on a series which excludes the Christmas temporary help employed by the Post Office Department in December. The employment of these workers constitutes the only significant seasonal change in Federal Government employment during the winter months. Furthermore, the volume of such employment may change substantially from year to year because of administrative decisions by the Post Office Department. Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the data upon which the seasonally adjusted series is based. Factors currently in use for the establishment data are shown in the September 1966 Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force, and revisions will be made coincidental with the adjustment of series to new benchmark levels.

For each of the three major labor force components-agricultural and nonagricultural employment, and unem-ployment--data for four age-sex groups (male and female workers under age 20 , and age 20 and over) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to give seasonally adjusted total figures. In order to produce seasonally adjusted total employment and civilian labor force data, the appropriate series are aggregated. The seasonally adjusted rate of unemployment is derived by dividing the seasonally adjusted figure for total unemployment (the sum of four seasonally adjusted age-sex components) by the figure for the
seasonally adjusted civilian labor force (the sum of twelve seasonally adjusted age-sex components).

The seasonal adjustment factors applying to current data are based on a pattern shown by past experience. These factors are revised in the light of the pattern revealed by subsequent data. Revised seasonally adjusted series for major components of the labor force based on data through December 1965 are published in the February 1966 Employment and Eamings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force. Revisions will be made annually as each additional year's data become available.
on Employment, Hours, Earnings, ond Labor Turnover

| Item | Basic estimating cells (industry, region, size, or region/size cell) | Aggregate industry leveis (divisions, groups and, where stratified, individual celis) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monthly Data |  |
| All employees . | All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months. | Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells. |
| Production or nonsupervisory workers; women employees. | All-employee estimare for current month multi plied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) ratio of women to all employees. | Sum of production- or nonsupervisory-worker estimates, of estimates of women employees, for component cells. |
| Gross average weekly hours | Pruduction- or nonsupervisory-worker man-hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. | Average, weighted ty production- or nonsuper-visory-worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells. |
| Average weekly overtime hours | Production-worker overtime man-hours divided by number of production workers. | Average, weighted by production-worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells. |
| Gross a verage hourly earnings | Total production- or nonsupervisory-worker payroll divided by total production- or nonsuper-visory-worker man-hours. | Average, weighted by aggregate man-hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells. |
| Gross average weekly eamings. . | Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. | Product of gross average weekiy hours and average hourly earnings. |
| Labor turnover rates (total, men, and women). | The number of particular actions (e.g., quits) in reporting firms divided by total employment in those firms. The result is multiplied by 100. Formen (or women), the number of men (women) who quit is divided by the total number of men (women) employed. | Average, weighted by employment, of the rates for component cells. |
|  | Annual Average Data |  |
| All employees and production or nonsupervisory workers: | Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12. | Sum of monthly escimates divided by 12. |
| Gross average weekly hours | Annual total of aggregate manhours (productionor nonsupervisory-worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment. | Annual total of aggregate man-hours for production or nonsupervisory workers divided by annuad sum of employment for these workers. |
| Average weekly overtime hours. | Annual total of aggregate overtime man-hours (production-worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment. | Annual total of aggregate overtime man-hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers. |
| Gross average hourly earnings | Annual total of aggregate payrolls (productionor nonsupervisory-worker employment multiplied by weekly earnings) divided by annual aggregate man-hours. | Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by anoual aggregate man-hours. |
| Grose average weekly earnings . . | Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. | Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings. |
| Labor turnover rates . | Sum of monthly rates divided by 12. | Sum of monthly rates divided by 12 . |

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Quarterly data included in February, May, August, and November issues.

[^1]:    *Of the Division of Employment and Unemployment Analysis, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ In August, new residential housing starts dipped to their lowest level since late 1960. The number of permits issued to build new homes fell even more dramatically, reaching the lowest level since the series began in 1959. At the same time, the value and volume of commercial and industrial construction contracts continued to move down from peak April levels.

[^3]:    ${ }^{2}$ America's Industrial and Occupational Manpower Requirements 1964-75, U. So Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

[^4]:    ${ }^{5}$ Figures on the value of construction put in place are on constant dollar basis. See: Construction Statistics 1915-1964, a supplement to Construction Review, U. S. Department of Commerce, BDSA, January 1966; and Value of New Construction Put in Place 1962-1965, Construction Reports C30-655, U. S. Department of Commerce.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.

[^6]:    $\mathrm{I}_{\text {Includes }}$ forestry and fisheries, mining and public administration, not shown separately.

[^7]:    NOTE. Date

[^8]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the $\mathbf{2}$ most recent months are preliminary.

[^9]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the $\mathbf{2}$ most recent months are preliminary.

[^10]:    Sec footnotes ar end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

[^11]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months ate preliminary.

[^12]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

[^13]:    benchmark monch.

[^14]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Date for the current month are prellwinary.

[^15]:    See footnotes at mid of rable. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary

[^16]:    See foomores at end of table. NOTE: Dara for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

[^17]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the $\mathbf{2}$ most recent months are preliminary.

[^18]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

[^19]:    See footnotes at ead of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

[^20]:    See foomotes at and of emble. NOTE: Date for the 2 mont seceat monhe are prelimiang.

[^21]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE; Data for the 2 most tecent monthe are preliminary.

[^22]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

[^23]:     superrisory workers.

    NOTE: Data for the 2 moar recent monchs are prelimidary.

[^24]:    ${ }^{\prime}$ For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, data relate to construction workers.

[^25]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

[^26]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

[^27]:    See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

[^28]:    ${ }^{1}$ Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed proportionately among the full-and part-time employed categaries.

