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# MONTHLY REPORT on the LABOR FORCE

Vol. 13 No. 4

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# **CAUTION**

Periodically, the Bureau adjusts the industry employment series to a recent benchmark to improve their accuracy. These adjustments may also affect the hours and earnings series because employment levels are used as weights. All industry statistics shown in this report are adjusted to a March 1965 benchmark. Data from April 1965 forward are subject to revision at the time of the next benchmark adjustment. The user is referred to the technical note in the back of this volume for further details regarding the benchmark adjustments as well as other aspects of the program.

Beginning with September 1966 and subsequent issues of Employment and Earnings and Monthly

Report on the Labor Force, data in tables B-1 through B-6, C-1 through C-8 and D-1 through D-4 are based on March 1965 benchmarks. Therefore issues prior to September 1966 cannot be used in conjunction with national industry data now shown in sections B, C, and D. Comparable data for prior periods will be published in Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States, 1909-66, BLS Bulletin 1312-4.

When industry data are again adjusted to new benchmarks, another edition of Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States will be issued containing the revised data extending from April 1965 forward to a current date, as well as the prior historical statistics.

<sup>1</sup> Quarterly data included in February, May, August, and November issues.

# SUMMARY EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENTS, SEPTEMBER 1966

The September survey of employment and unemployment revealed continuing demand for qualified and experienced workers, an extensive withdrawal of younger workers from the labor force in order to resume their education, and substantial job gains for adult women. The job situation for Negroes and for unskilled workers showed no significant change after a deterioration from April to August. The highlights of the September survey are:

- 1. Employment of teenagers was unusually high during the summer, reflecting the impact of the youth employment campaign. In September, about 3 million youngsters withdrew from the labor force to return to school. Teenage employment in September (seasonally adjusted) was almost identical with the May total.
- 2. There was a sharp employment increase among women 25 years of age and over. The adult female labor force rose correspondingly, reflecting increased participation of women in response to improved job opportunities.
- 3. The net result was that nonfarm employment (as measured by establishment as well as household data) changed about in line with seasonal expectations. The number of employees on nonfarm payrolls rose 400,000 to 64.9 million in September, a record for the month. Since September 1965, payroll employment has risen by 3 million.
- 4. The Negro unemployment rate, at 7.8 percent, was not significantly changed from the 7.9 percent average in the May-August period. The unemployment rate for whites was 3.3 percent in September, as compared with 3.4 percent in the May-August period. The ratio of Negro to white unemployment rates continues at 2.4:1, a considerable rise from the 2:1 ratio which has been prevalent in recent years.
- 5. The job situation for workers with good professional or manual skills, and with good training and experience, remains very favorable. Unemployment rates were only 2.3 percent for white-collar workers and 1.8 percent for skilled craftsmen. Married men, who account for over half of the labor force, had a rate of 1.9 percent (seasonally adjusted). The job situation is considerably weaker for workers with less skill and experience. For example, the rate for unskilled workers was 5.8 percent.
- 6. The over-all unemployment rate was 3.8 percent, seasonally adjusted, with 2.6 million actual jobseekers. The number of unemployed usually edges down in October and then rises with cutbacks in agriculture, construction, and other seasonal activities. Thus far in 1966, the level of unemployment has shown little change except for normal seasonal variations.

# Payroll Employment, Hours, and Earnings

September employment changes in the major industry groups were comparatively close to seasonal expectations. Moderate improvements were recorded in government and transportation, the latter being attributable to the end of the airline strike.

Employment in contract construction declined by 116,000 in September, slightly more than usual at this time of year. On a seasonally adjusted basis, construction employment was slightly above a year ago but down 200,000 from its March peak, due to the slowdown in private residential construction.

Manufacturing employment rose by 125,000 to 19.5 million. On a seasonally adjusted basis, manufacturing was off 75,000 from August, reflecting the return to school of many youngsters hired in the spring. Manufacturing was up over 1 million from September 1965.

Factory workers' weekly earnings averaged \$113.44 in September, up \$1.66 from August. With the workweek unchanged at 41.4 hours, the entire increase was attributable to a 4-cent rise in hourly earnings to \$2.74-an alltime high. Hourly earnings increased in all industries (except tobacco); however, the return to payrolls of 150,000 workers in transportation equipment accounted for approximately half of the increase. Their absence from payrolls was partially responsible for a 1 cent decline in hourly earnings between July and August.

# Unemployment

Total unemployment declined seasonally by 350,000 to 2.6 million. Over the year, unemployment was down 300,000, with the entire decline among persons seeking full-time work. The unemployment rate for full-time workers was 3.4 percent in September, down from 4.0 percent a year earlier. The situation for part-time workers—the vast majority of whom are women and teenagers—was unchanged over the year.

Unemployment rates for men (2.4 percent), women (3.8 percent), and teenagers (12.2 percent) were not significantly changed over the month, or since the beginning of the year. Nonetheless, with the exception of the rate for Negroes, all measures of unemployment showed significant reductions from a year ago. The overall rate was down from 4.4 to 3.8 percent. About two-thirds of the improvement occurred among those out of work 15 weeks or longer. Long-term unemployment, at 0.6 percent of the labor force in the third quarter, was at its lowest level since late 1953.

The deterioration in the Negro job situation during the late spring and summer resulted from inadequate employment gains for Negroes in the semiskilled, unskilled, and farm occupations, with a consequent rise in the level of unemployment among experienced workers. In the service occupations, which include private household and other service jobs, employment actually declined, whereas a moderate increase is usual during this period. The increase in the Negro unemployment rate was not due to an inordinate increase in the Negro labor force, or in the number of inexperienced workers seeking jobs.

Seasonally Adjusted Changes in White and Nonwhite Labor Force

		In thousands	)	<del></del>		
	ŀ	CHANGE				
	SeptDec. 1965	JanApril 1966	May-Aug. 1966	SeptDec. 1965 to May- August 1966	JanApril 1966 to May- Aug. 1966	
Whites:						
Civilian labor force	67,522	68,026	68,200	+678	+174	
Employment	64,964	65,721	65,837	+873	+116	
Unemployment	2,558	2,305	2,363	<b>-</b> 195	+ 58	
Unemployment rate	3.8	3.4	3.5	-0.3	+0.1	
Nonwhites:						
Civilian labor force	8,504	8,662	8,582	+ 78	<b>-</b> 80	
Employment	7,834	8,049	7,904	+ 70	<del>-</del> 145	
Unemployment	671	613	679	+ 8	+ 66	
Unemployment rate	7.9	7.1	7.9	0.0	+0.8	

State insured unemployment dropped by 225,000 to 756,000 between mid-August and mid-September. The volume always declines over this period, but this year the fall was greater than usual because the peak of the automobile layoffs occurred in August. All States except Nevada and Oregon reported less joblessness. The largest reductions occurred among the leading auto States--Michigan (73, 300), New York (14, 900), California (14, 100), Missouri (13, 700), Wisconsin (10, 800), and Ohio (10, 200). The insured jobless rate (seasonally adjusted) moved down from 2.5 to 2.2 percent over the month.

Recent Weekly State Insured Unemployment Data (In thousands)

	_	Current			Year earlier	
Week ended	Initial	Insured	Rate	Initial	Insured	Rate
	claims	unemployment	(Pct.)	claims	unemployment	(Pct.)
1966						
August 13	180	978	2.1	219	1,133	2.5
August 20	158	926	2.0	211	1,129	2.5
August 27	144	867	1.8	198	1,119	2.5
September 3	145	8 <b>0</b> 0	1.7	182	1,066	2.3
September 10	135	773	1.6	163	1,047	2.3
September 17	155	756	1.6	177	962	2.1
September 24	144	743	1.6	171	930	2.0
October 1	144			177	~ ~	~-

# Total Employment and Labor Force

The employment of adult women rose in September, continuing the rapid expansion of recent years. In contrast, the employment of adult men showed little change over the month or over the year. This difference in trend reflects the comparative shortage of adult men (97 percent of all men aged 25 to 54 are in the labor force and only 2.1 percent of them are unemployed) and the strong demand for workers. Teenage employment was up 350,000 over the year.

The labor force was up by 2 million over the year to 80.1 million in September. One-fourth of the rise was in the Armed Forces, with the remainder in the civilian labor force.

# EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT IN THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY: 1947-1966

James R. Wetzel and Lyle Ryter \*

Over the postwar period, employment in the construction industry expanded by 60 percent and the structure and composition of the industry changed significantly. Perhaps the most important of these changes was the rapid expansion in the number and size of general contractors in the immediate postwar period. This change, coupled with the gradual increase in the dollar value and physical volume of construction projects, gave rise to a series of related changes.

- l. Employment increased substantially, but the pattern of unemployment--both seasonal and cyclical--remained nearly the same. In 1965, the construction unemployment rate averaged 9 percent--higher than any other major industry.
- 2. Management and related services grew in importance. In contract construction the proportion of persons employed in these activities rose from 11 percent in 1947 to 15 percent in 1965.
- 3. Special trade contractors proliferated and grew in size. In 1965, they employed 1.5 million workers--three times as many as in 1945.
- 4. The geographic distribution of construction employment changed. The most rapid expansion occurred in the South.
- 5. Construction workers were able to command substantial earnings increases. Their average weekly earnings rose from \$59.00 in 1947 to \$138.00 in 1965. The increase (133 percent) was the largest of any of the major industry groups.
- 6. The technology of the industry changed subtly but persistently. There was a distinct movement to off-site employment in prefabrication of material. In addition, improved techniques, materials, and capital equipment both increased productivity and provided the potential for a lengthened building season.

#### Employment

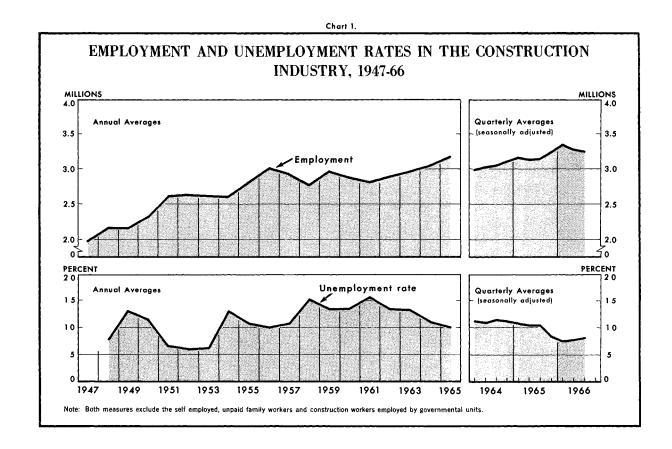
Following the Great Depression and World War II, a shortage of homes, commercial buildings, and roads gave rise to a building boom. In sequence, there was a residential building cycle, a plant building cycle, and a nonresidential building cycle. Superimposed on these periods of high activity was a large Federal highway building program begun in 1956. These cycles of increased activity contributed to the continuous but erratic growth of the industry.

Between 1947 and 1965, the real value of new construction put in place doubled while employment in contract construction increased by 60 percent. Construction had a greater relative rise in both output and employment than any other major goods-producing industry. During the first decade of the postwar period, the high rate of household formation, combined with the stored-up construction demand from the Depression and War, created a builders' market. This postwar boom carried contract construction employment from 2 million in 1947 to over 2.6 million in 1951. Between 1951 and 1954, construction employment was stable.

<sup>\*</sup>Of the Division of Employment and Unemployment Analysis, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

In 1955, the investment-goods boom, coupled with an advance in public construction (especially State and local), provided the impetus for a strong employment expansion. The basis of this post-Korean pickup was the high rates of utilization of plant and equipment (to a great extent outmoded) during 1953 and the expanded public roads programs. Construction employment increased by 300,000 between 1954 and 1957. Between 1957 and 1962, construction employment fluctuated moderately about the 2.9 million level, reflecting the slowdown in economic activity during the 1958 and 1961 recessions. From 1962 on, however, employment in the construction industry increased steadily, rising to a level of 3.4 million (seasonally adjusted) in March 1966.

Short-term future trends in the industry are difficult to forecast. Stringent credit conditions, coupled with overbuilding in some areas, have contributed to a pronounced falloff in the leading indicators of future construction activity. In spite of this unfavorable situation, employment in construction activities continued to show significant gains from a year earlier but has not shown a distinct trend since March. It is not possible to estimate with any degree of precision the ultimate short-term impact of the cutback in demand on construction employment; however, the



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>In August, new residential housing starts dipped to their lowest level since late 1960. The number of permits issued to build new homes fell even more dramatically, reaching the lowest level since the series began in 1959. At the same time, the value and volume of commercial and industrial construction contracts continued to move down from peak April levels.

long-run outlook for employment in the industry is favorable. The real output of the industry is expected to increase sharply in the next decade, and employment requirements are expected to increase by more than one-third between 1964 and 1975. <sup>2</sup>

# Unemployment

The unemployment rate for workers in the construction industry is substantially higher than in any other major industry. The average rate over the postwar period exceeds 10 percent (chart 1). During the Korean war, the rate dipped to a low of 6 percent, reflecting the absence of young men. During the 1958-62 period of slack construction demand, the annual rate reached a peak of 15-1/2 percent. These rates were more than twice the rates for all experienced workers. In 1965, the construction industry accounted for 5-1/2 percent of the civilian labor force and 11 percent of all the unemployed. One-fifth of the unemployed construction workers were without work for 15 weeks or more.

Table 1. Work Experience and Extent of Unemployment, 1964

	Industr	y <u>1</u> /	Occupation			
Item	Con- struction	Manufac- turing	Carpenters	Crafts- men <u>2</u> /	Laborers	
Parsons with ownerions						
Persons with experience Number (thousands)	4,501	20,364	943	1,974	1,110	
Percent distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Worked full time	91.0	94.8	88.4	91.8	85.1	
50 to 52 weeks	48.8	67.7	45.5	56.4	29.1	
27 to 50 weeks	28.1	16.7	33.7	27.0	30.1	
1 to 26 weeks	14.1	10.4	9.2	8.4	25.9	
Worked part time	8.9	5.3	11.6	8.3	14.9	
worked part time	0.7	] ,,,	1	0.5	14.5	
Persons with unemployment	•		ţ			
Number (thousands)	1,624	3,739	351	658	504	
Percent of all workers	36.1	18.4	37.2	33.3	45.4	
Total duration	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1 to 2 weeks				<b>,</b>	1	
(year-round workers)	8.3	13.6	12.0	10.6	6.7	
1 to 4 weeks						
(part-year workers)	15.4	23.5	18.8	17.3	10.1	
5 to 10 weeks	22.2	21.7	24.5	22.3	20.2	
11 to 14 weeks	16.1	12.9	15.4	16.5	17.1	
15 to 26 weeks	25.2	17.5	19.7	21.7	27.8	
27 weeks or more	12.7	10.8	9.7	11.7	18.1	
Spells of unemployment						
Percent of unemployed with:	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1 spell of unemployment	43.7	66.5	43.3	40.3	46.2	
2 spells of unemployment	25.6	18.8	18.5	22.9	25.0	
3 or more spells	30.7	14.7	38.2	36.8	28.8	
or more speris	30.7	14./	30.2	30.0	20.0	

<sup>1/</sup> Wage and salary workers only.

<sup>2/</sup> All construction craftsmen except carpenters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>America's Industrial and Occupational Manpower Requirements 1964-75, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Only half of the construction industry's employees worked all year at a full-time job in 1964, as compared to two-thirds of all factory employees. Of the construction workers, 36 percent had one or more spells of unemployment, while only 18-1/2 percent of the factory workers experienced some unemployment. Over half of the 1.6 million construction workers who had some unemployment in 1964 had two or more spells. Nearly 500,000 had three or more spells of unemployment.

The waste implicit in chronic and extended unemployment is indicated both by the number unemployed and the frequency of their unemployment. At least 600,000 construction workers were unemployed for aggregate periods in excess of 15 weeks. About 200,000 were off the job for more than half the year. As the occupational data in table 1 show, the unemployment situation for laborers was particularly acute in 1964, even though it was a year of high construction activity.

# Characteristics of the Construction Work Force

In 1965, nearly 4.6 million workers were employed in construction activities. The vast majority--3.2 million--were on payrolls in contract construction. An additional 750,000 were self-employed and an estimated 600,000 were employed by governmental units--Federal, State, and local.

With the exception of certain managerial, clerical, and sales functions, few women are employed in the construction industry. In 1965, there were approximately 200,000 women, about 4 percent of the total.

As table 2 shows, the construction industry employment distribution by age almost parallels the employment distribution for the Nation. There has been some tendency for workers under 25 years of age to be drawn into the industry in the past 10 years. This increase may represent the influence of increased demand, but it is more likely that the comparative lack of workers aged 25 to 34--due to low birth rates during the Depression and World War II--led to a breakdown in the age barrier to some construction jobs.

Table 2. Male Employment in Construction, by Age, 1955, 1960, and 1965

(Percent distribution)								
		1965		1960		1955		
Age	All males <u>1</u> /	Construction	A11 males <u>1</u> /	Construction	A11 males <u>1</u> /	Construction		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
14 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 years and over	17.1 21.2 23.6 20.9 17.3	14.6 21.6 25.7 21.4 16.7	14.2 22.9 24.5 20.8 17.5	13.2 23.2 26.1 21.2 16.3	12.1 25.4 24.6 19.9 17.9	11.4 25.0 24.4 21.1 18.0		

<sup>1/</sup> Refers only to males employed in nonagricultural industries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Work experience data for 1965 are not yet available. Figures cited in the text and table 1 were drawn from Samuel Saben, Work Experience of the Population in 1964, Special Labor Force Report No. 62.

The construction industry has a higher ratio of craftsmen to all employees than any other major industry. 4 About half of all construction workers are craftsmen and foremen. Another 20 percent are laborers, and over 10 percent are operatives. The remaining 20 percent are managers, administrators, and professional, technical, or clerical workers. There has been a slow rise in the proportion of construction industry employees who are not directly involved in construction work. The increase in non-construction activities is attributable to the increasing complexity of the industry. This trend may be expected to continue as the scope and size of most construction projects expand.

Table 3. Construction Employment by Industry Subdivision and Class of Worker, Selected Years

(In thousands)							
Item	1965	1959	1953	1947			
Payroll employment in contract construction 1/  Construction workers (percent) 2/  General building contractors  Construction workers (percent) 2/  Construction workers (percent) 2/  Special trade contractors  Construction workers (percent) 2/	3,181 85.1 997.6 85.8 643.2 86.4 1540.6 84.0	2,960 85.7 959.0 87.0 586.5 88.1 1414.1 83.9	2,623 87.9 969.2 89.1 480.1 88.9 1174.0 86.5	1,982 88.7 762.0 90.4 363.0 88.4 857.0 87.4			
Self employment in construction 3/	730	769	655	695			
Construction employment by government, Federal, State, and local 3/	583	501	398	(4)			

<sup>1/</sup> Data drawn from industry reports. See Employment and Earnings Statistics for the U.S. 1909-66, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 1312-4.

Managerial, Professional, Sales, and Clerical Workers. Workers not directly involved in construction increased absolutely and as a percentage of total employment in contract construction. Such workers made up 11 percent of total employment in 1947 and 15 percent in 1965. Similar increases occurred in the component industries. The proportion in heavy construction rose from 11-1/2 percent in 1957 to 13-1/2 percent in 1965. In special trades, the proportion rose from 12-1/2 percent in 1947 to 16 percent in 1965. In general building, it rose from 9-1/2 percent in 1947 to 14 percent in 1965.

Data on the detailed occupational distribution of nonproduction workers are very limited. Since 1958, the movement among nonproduction occupations in construction has been such that professional, technical, and clerical workers have shown moderate

<sup>2/</sup> Construction workers--shown here as a percent of total--include the following employees in the contract construction division: Working foremen, journeymen, mechanics, apprentices, laborers, etc., whether working at the site of construction or in shops or yards, at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{3}{4}$  Estimates based on unpublished data drawn from the Current Population Survey. A Not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Occupational distributions drawn from Labor Force and Employment, Special Labor Force Reports Nos. 4, 14, 23, 31, 43, 52, and 67.

advances while managers, officials, and proprietors have declined slightly. The reduction for managers reflects a relative decline in self employment.

Blue-collar Construction Workers. Payroll employment of blue-collar construction workers increased by more than one-half in the postwar period, rising from 1.8 million in 1947 to 2.7 million in 1965. This increase was an across-the-board advance with all component industries taking part. Special trades showed the largest increase, rising from 750,000 in 1947 to 1.3 million in 1965--an increase of 73 percent. Construction worker employment increased by 73 percent in heavy construction and by 24 percent in general building.

Since 1958, the greatest relative gains in construction employment have been made by operatives, bringing their proportion to 10 percent of all workers. Craftsmen have retained their dominance, accounting for 50 percent of all employed workers in construction. Between 1958 and 1965, the proportion of laborers employed in construction declined moderately. The decline of low-skill, on-site jobs for laborers is partially attributable to the mechanization of loading and unloading jobs and introduction of construction machinery.

#### Employment Trends in Component Industries

Total construction employment expanded sharply, with the largest gain in contract construction. Self employment showed little change over this period. Employment in contract construction increased by more than half between 1947 and 1965, rising from 2.0 million to 3.2 million. In the same period, the value of new construction put in place rose by \$30 billion to \$62 billion (after adjusting for price change).

The payrolls of general building contractors increased by one-third between 1947 and 1951, then stabilized at about 1 million. The post-1951 stability in this industry was a function of the operational techniques of general contractors. In essence, the general contractor is a broker; he simply agrees to complete a building. Generally, he constructs part of the building with his own men and subcontracts the remaining work to special trade contractors. Since 1951, employment in general contracting has shown little change, while employment in subcontracting by special trade contractors has grown.

Employment trends in special trades, much like general contracting, tend to reflect changes in the total volume of construction. As the value of total construction rose by \$20 billion between 1947 and 1956, an increase of 70 percent in real terms, employment in the special trades industries rose 500,000 to a record 1.4 million. After this spurt, however, employment rose much more slowly. A net gain of 180,000 between 1957 and 1965 was due partially to the addition of semi-luxury items such as air conditioning to the basic requirements of new buildings and partially due to the pickup in maintenance, expansion, and improvement of existing installations.

Employment in heavy construction--the building of streets, highways, sewers, and other heavy construction--rose from 365,000 to 560,000 between 1947 and 1956. The expanded need for better highway and sewer systems reflected the postwar trend to suburban living and increased highway travel. From 1957 to 1965 employment in heavy construction proceeded much more slowly, growing by 65,000. This leveling off reflected a slowdown in the trend toward suburban living (fewer one-family homes) and technological gains in sewer, street, and highway construction.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Figures on the value of construction put in place are on a constant dollar basis. See: Construction Statistics 1915-1964, a supplement to Construction Review, U. S. Department of Commerce, BDSA, January 1966; and Value of New Construction Put in Place 1962-1965, Construction Reports C30-655, U. S. Department of Commerce.

#### Real Estate Employment

Employment in real estate varies directly with the growth of the Nation's stock of structures, their turnover, and the level of construction activity. Employment trends in construction and real estate are closely related and, in fact, some firms engaged in construction are classified in the real estate industry; speculative builders, mainly small in size, are classified as subdividers and developers and as operative builders in the real estate industry rather than the construction industry. Taken together, these small groups account for only 19 percent of real estate employment but are among the fastest growing segments of the industry. Of the increase in real estate employment between March 1959 and March 1965, 23,000 (47 percent) occurred among subdividers and developers and operative builders.

#### Geographic Distribution

The characteristics of the construction industry differ significantly by geographic location. Basically, these disparities reflect regional differences in the type of work typically done, weather patterns, the availability of labor and extent of unionization, the size of establishments in the industry, and the level of construction activity in that locale.

The South has a larger proportion of construction workers than any of the other regions. Over one-third of all contract construction personnel were employed in the South in 1965, and their proportion has been on a steady uptrend since 1955. In the only available measure of the volume of construction activity by region, housing starts, the South has led by a wide margin since 1959.

Table 4.	Construction	Employment	bу	Region	1,	1
----------	--------------	------------	----	--------	----	---

(Percent distribution)							
Area	1965	1960	1955	1950			
Northeast New England Middle Atlantic  North Central East North Central West North Central  South South Atlantic East South Central West South Central West South Central Pacific.	22.6 5.8 16.8 25.4 17.5 7.9 34.4 18.1 5.9 10.4	24.0 5.8 18.2 26.9 18.6 8.3 30.7 16.0 5.2 9.5	25.1 6.0 19.1 29.5 20.9 8.6 29.0 14.8 4.9 9.3	26.2 6.1 20.1 27.7 19.3 8.4 29.5 14.4 5.1 10.0			

<sup>1/</sup> Employment and Earnings Statistics of States and Small Areas, Bulletin 1370-3, U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

All available evidence indicates that Southern construction is more highly labor intensive than that in other regions (table 5). At least three factors have some influence on the use of labor versus capital. First, Southern construction projects may be smaller. Second, weather patterns conducive to year-round work are more prevalent in the South. Finally, the existence of a large, nonunion labor force probably

encourages labor intensive techniques. Significant changes in the application of advanced techniques in the South could bring a substantial reduction in the overall level of construction employment, with little or no change in total output.

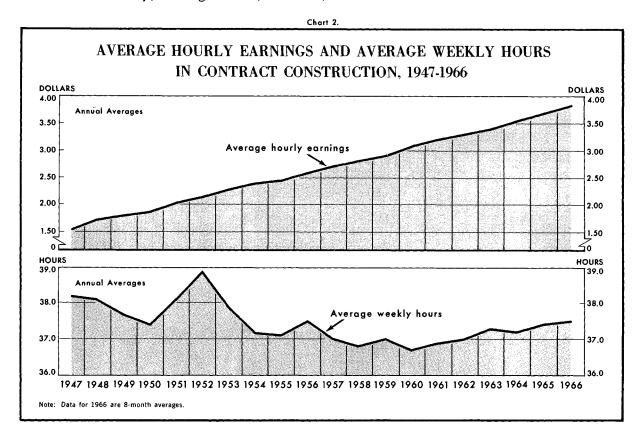
Table 5. On-site Man-hour Requirements per \$1,000 of Contract Cost, by Region 1/

Project	Northeast	North Central	South	West
Schools  Hospitals  Federal office buildings  Public housing  College housing  Private one-family housing	76.0	82.6	99.0	80.6
	91.4	85.0	95.3	81.1
	110.4	100.2	96.0	89.2
	95.9	106.0	142.1	98.4
	85.0	86.9	111.5	84.3
	73.5	61.4	91.4	56.8

<sup>1/</sup> These data summarize several studies made between 1959 and 1963. See Claiborne M. Ball, "Employment Effects of Construction Expenditures," Monthly Labor Review, February 1965, pp. 154-158.

# Hours and Earnings of Construction Workers

In 1965, the weekly earnings of construction workers averaged \$138, a rise of \$79 from 1947. In 1957-59 dollars, the increase amounted to a 65 percent rise. Over the same period, average weekly hours showed a net decline of 1 hour to 37.4 hours in 1965 (chart 2). The average hourly earnings of construction workers, increased steadily, rising from \$1.54 to \$3.69 between 1947 and 1965.



Weekly earnings in construction are among the highest in all of the goods-producing industries. The high levels of weekly and hourly earnings are frequently attributed to the high degree of seasonality in the industry. Since 1960, average hourly earnings in construction have risen at an annual rate of 3.6 percent, while average hourly earnings in manufacturing rose at an annual rate of 3.0 percent.

Among the three component industries, hourly earnings increased smoothly and at about the same rate through the postwar period. Special trades employment had the highest average hourly earnings, \$3.94 an hour in 1965. Earnings for production workers in general building were \$3.55 an hour. Heavy construction earnings, at \$3.38 an hour, were the lowest for the construction industries but higher than in most other industries.

The dispersion of hours levels among the three component industries reflects partially the influence of weather. Heavy construction, with all outdoor work, is most affected by the weather. During the weeks worked in 1965, the workweek in this component averaged 40.8 hours--3.4 hours above those of the industry as a whole due to the highly truncated work season. Hours in special trades industries and general building averaged 36.8 and 36.1, respectively. Whereas special trade and general building have shown a general trend of declining hours, the workweek in heavy construction has remained the same over the postwar period.

Type of contractor	Average hourly earnings		Average weekly hours		Average weekly earning	
	1965	1947	1965	1947	1965	1947
Contract construction  General building contractors  Heavy construction  Special trade contractors		\$1.54 1.50 1.38 1.65	37.4 36.1 40.8 36.8	38.2 37.0 40.0 38.7	\$138.01 128.16 137.90 144.99	55.54 55.20

Table 6. Average Hours and Earnings of Construction Workers, 1947 and 1965

#### Seasonality in Construction Employment

In recent years, there have been several innovations which permit more winter construction work. Prominent among these are: the use of polyethylene sheets to enclose work areas and to protect workers from the elements, chemical additives which allow concrete to be poured at lower temperatures, and the development of rubber-tired construction equipment capable of operating on adverse ground areas. These developments could reduce the seasonal pattern of construction activity and, consequently, of construction employment. Nevertheless, there has been a moderate but steady increase in the seasonal swings of construction employment. This increase can not be attributed to shifts in construction among regions or to shifts in types of construction.

Currently, cost factors and custom call for projects to be started in the spring and to be completed primarily during favorable weather. A few factors--including unusually high construction activity and abnormal shortages in skilled occupations which delay projects already underway--might tend toward increased employment in the winter months, but the lack of extensive experience under these conditions precludes detailed analysis.

Apparently, the increasing possibility and practicality of winter work have not made it economical in comparison with summer work; it is only economical as compared with past winters. Each contractor tries to do as much work as possible in the

warmer months because it costs him less. For the industry as a whole, however, some of these savings are offset by the increased cost of unemployment insurance. In spite of the higher rates of unemployment insurance, the industry still costs the insurance program considerably more than it pays into the fund. Thus, other more stable industries subsidize unemployment payments to construction workers.

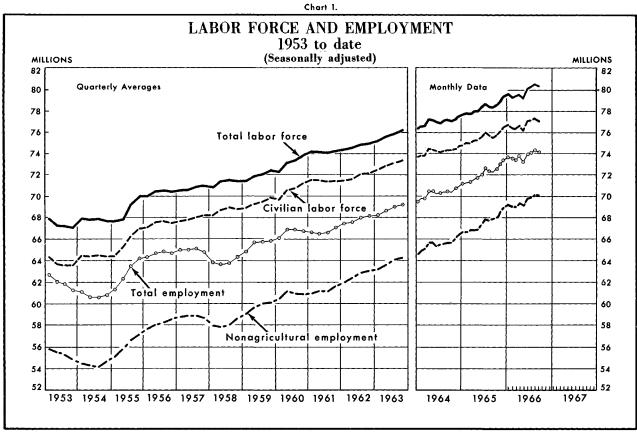
#### Employment Outlook

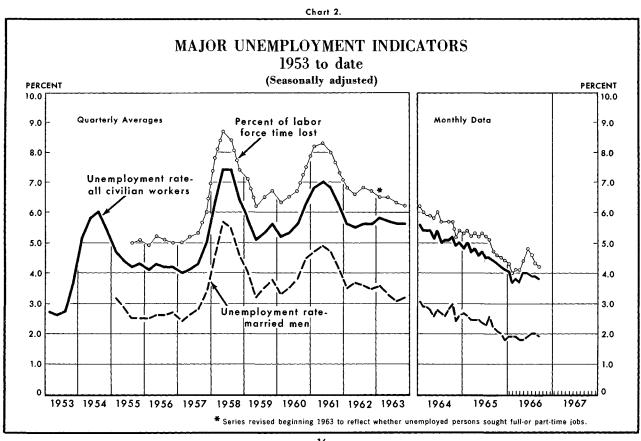
The employment outlook for contract construction is very promising. Employment requirements are expected to rise by more than one-third to more than 4 million in 1975.

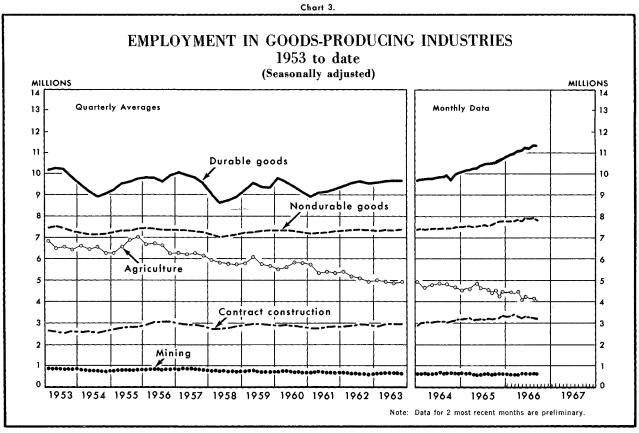
According to the latest assessment of the technological effects on employment in the construction industry, "the effects on employment will be more than offset by the anticipated increases in growth in construction." Standardization of the dimensions of construction materials, prefabrication, new and improved materials, and new scheduling techniques all contribute to the continuous advance of technological change in the construction industry. These developments portend strong increases in some special trades, while employment in other occupations declines or remains stable. The reductions may not be restricted to the unskilled occupations. For example, "mainly because of longer-lasting, easier to apply paints and off-site preparation of materials," the employment of painters and carpenters is expected to increase less than that of most skilled workers. At the same time, the employment of lesser skilled helpers, tenders, and laborers who load and unload materials at the work site is not expected to increase significantly in the future.

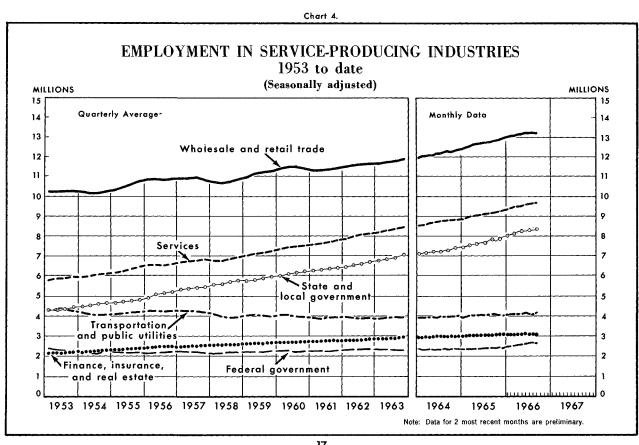
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>For a detailed discussion see America's Industrial and Manpower Requirements 1964-75, U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

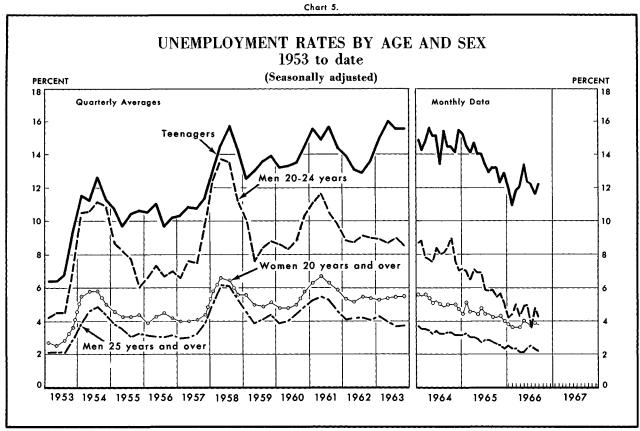
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Technological Changes in Major American Industries, Bulletin 1474, U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, February 1966.

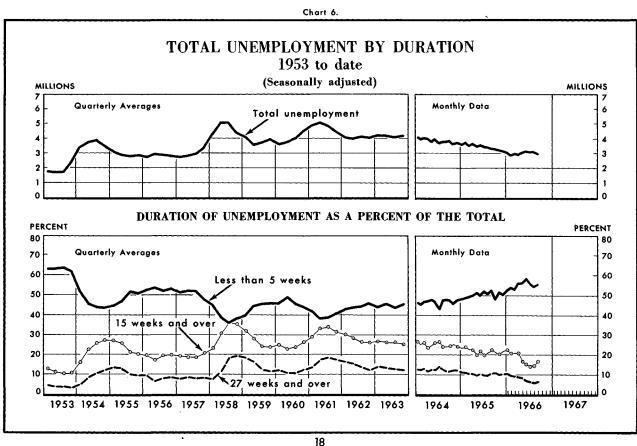


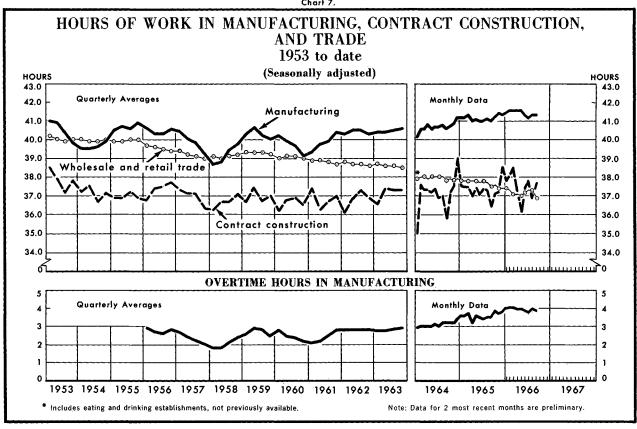


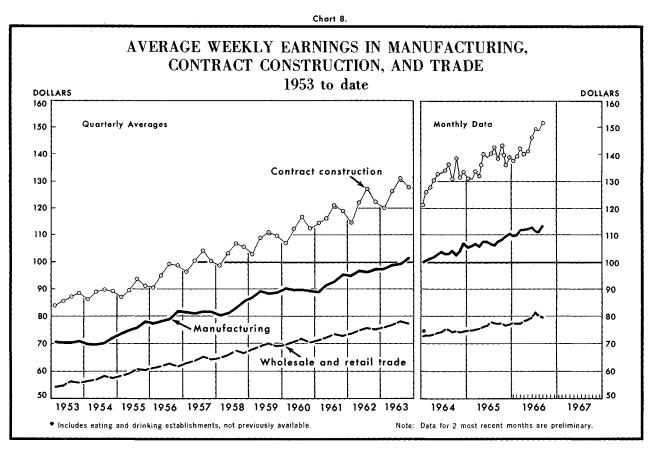


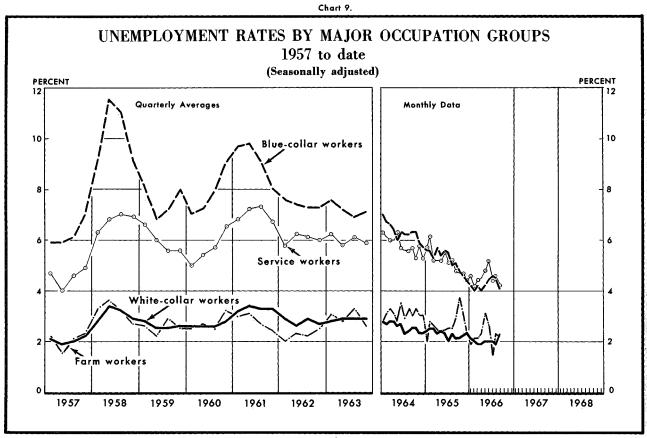


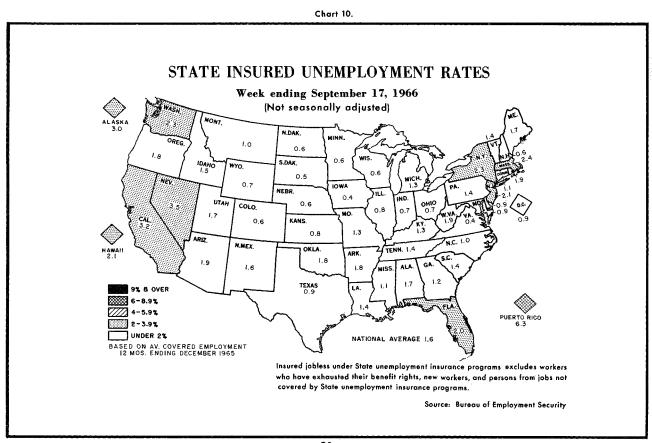


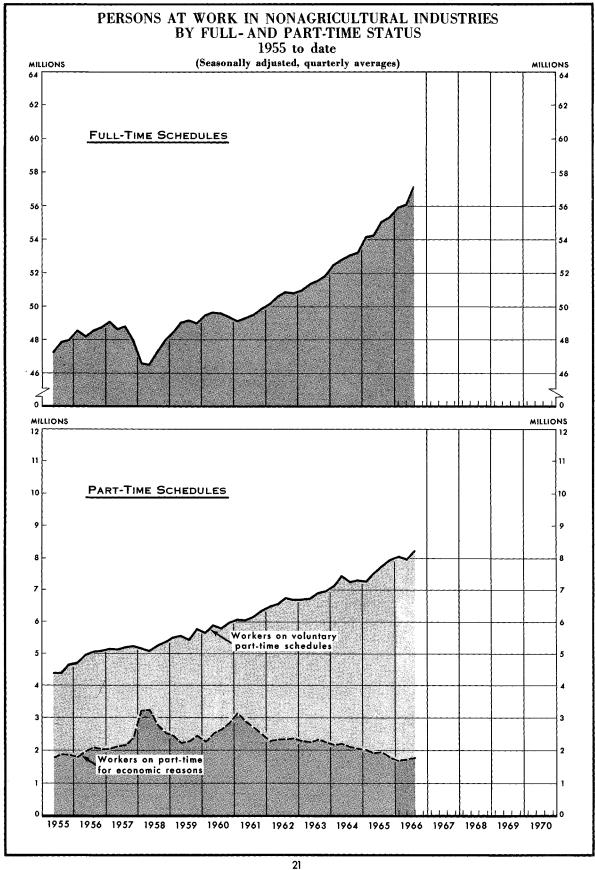


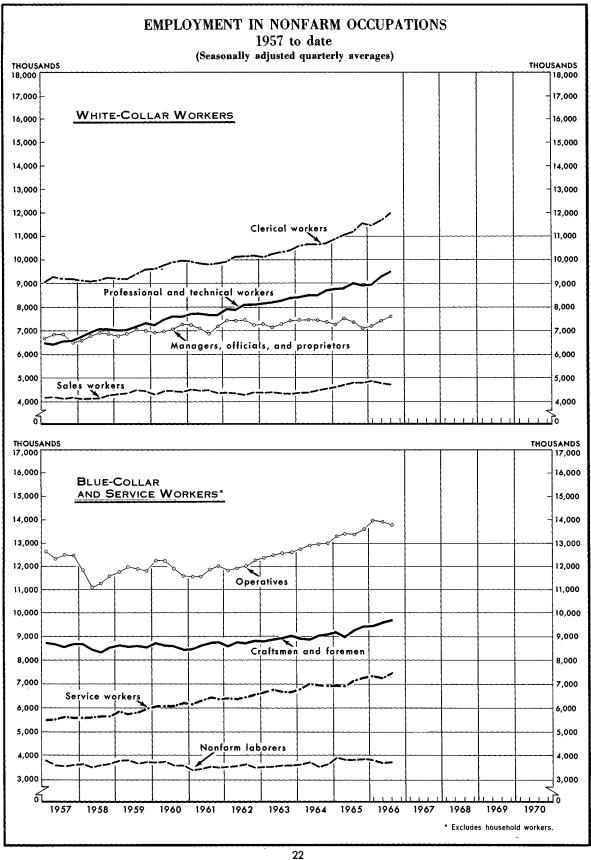


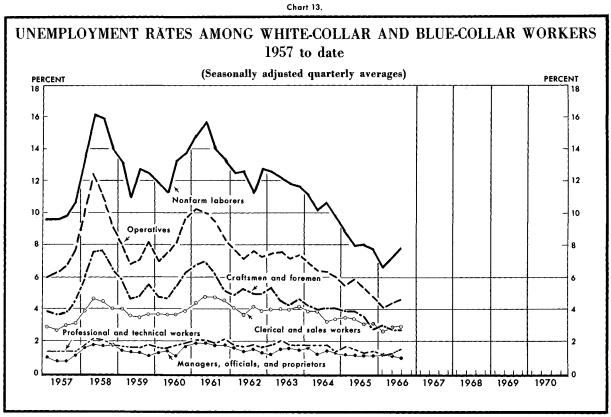














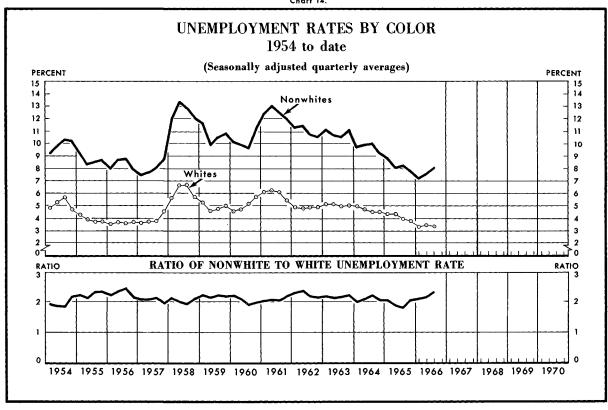


Table A-1: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, 1929 to date

(In thousands)

1		i		1	iousenas)	Civi	lian labor force	<del></del>			l
	Total	Total lab	or force	,		Employed 1			Unemployed	1	1
	noninsti-	ł	Percent	1			Nonagri-		Perc	ent of force	Not in
Year and month	tutional popula- tion	Number	of popula- tion	Total	Total	Agri- culture	cultural indus- tries	Number	Not season- ally adjusted	Season- ally adjusted	labor force
1929	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	49,440 50,080 50,680 51,250 51,840	(2) (2) (2) (2)	49,180 49,820 50,420 51,000 51,590	47,630 45,480 42,400 38,940 38,760	10,450 10,340 10,290 10,170 10,090	37,180 35,140 32,110 28,770 28,670	1,550 4,340 8,020 12,060 12,830	3.2 8.7 15.9 23.6 24.9	-	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)
1934	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	52,490 53,140 53,740 54,320 54,950	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	52,230 52,870 53,440 54,000 54,610	40,890 42,260 44,410 46,300 44,220	9,900 10,110 10,000 9,820 9,690	30,990 32,150 34,410 36,480 34,530	11,340 10,610 9,030 7,700 10,390	21.7 20.1 16.9 14.3 19.0	-	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	(2) 100,380 101,520 102,610 103,660	55,600 56,180 57,530 60,380 64,560	(2) 56.0 56.7 58.8 62.3	55,230 55,640 55,910 56,410 55,540	45,750 47,520 50,350 53,750 54,470	9,610 9,540 9,100 9,250 9,080	36,140 37,980 41,250 44,500 45,390	9,480 8,120 5,560 2,660 1,070	17.2 14.6 9.9 4.7 1.9	-	(2) 14,200 13,990 12,230 39,100
1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	104,630 105,530 106,520 107,608 108,632	66,040 65,300 60,970 61,758 62,898	63.1 61.9 57.2 57.4 57.9	54,630 53,860 57,520 60,168 61,442	53,960 52,820 55,250 57,812 59,117	8,950 8,580 8,320 8,256 7,960	45,010 44,240 46,930 49,557 51,156	670 1,040 2,270 2,356 2,325	1.2 1.9 3.9 3.9 3.8	- - - -	38,590 40,230 45,550 45,850 45,733
1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 <sup>3</sup>	109,773 110,929 112,075 113,270 115,094	63,721 64,749 65,983 66,560 67,362	58.0 58.4 58.9 58.8 58.5	62,105 63,099 62,884 62,966 63,815	58,423 59,748 60,784 61,035 61,945	8,017 7,497 7,048 6,792 6,555	50,406 52,251 53,736 54,243 55,390	3,682 3,351 2,099 1,932 1,870	5.9 5.3 3.3 3.1 2.9	-	46,051 46,181 46,092 46,710 47,732
1954	116,219 117,388 118,734 120,445 121,950	67,818 68,896 70,387 70,744 71,284	58.4 58.7 59.3 58.7 58.5	64,468 65,848 67,530 67,946 68,647	60,890 62,944 64,708 65,011 63,966	6,495 6,718 6,572 6,222 5,844	54,395 56,225 58,135 58,789 58,122	3,578 2,904 2,822 2,936 4,681	5.6 4.4 4.2 4.3 6.8	- - - -	48,401 48,492 48,348 49,699 50,666
1959	123,366 125,368 1 <b>27,852</b> 1 <b>30,081</b> 132,124 134,143 136,241	71,946 73,126 74,175 74,681 75,712 76,971 78,357	58.3 58.0 57.4 57.3 57.4 57.5	69,394 70,612 71,603 71,854 72,975 74,233 75,635	65,581 66,681 66,796 67,846 68,809 70,357 72,179	5,836 5,723 5,463 5,190 4,946 4,761 4,585	59,745 60,958 61,333 62,657 63,863 65,596 67,594	3,813 3,931 4,806 4,007 4,166 3,876 3,456	5.5 5.6 6.7 5.6 5.7 5.2 4.6	-	51,420 52,242 53,677 55,400 56,412 57,172 57,884
1965: September	136,670	78,044	57.1	75,321	72,446	4,778	67,668	2,875	3.8	4.4	58,626
1966: January February March April May June	137,394 137,562 137,741 137,908 138,100 138,275	77,409 77,632 78,034 78,914 79,751 82,700	56.3 56.4 56.7 57.2 57.7 59.8	74,519 74,708 75,060 75,906 76,706 79,601	71,229 71,551 72,023 73,105 73,764 75,731	3,577 3,612 3,780 4,204 4,292 5,187	67,652 67,652 67,939 68,244 68,900 69,472 70,543	3,290 3,158 3,037 2,802 2,942 3,870	4.4 4.2 4.0 3.7 3.8 4.9	3.9 3.7 3.8 3.7 4.0 4.0	59,985 59,930 59,707 58,994 58,349 55,575
July August September	138,444 138,648 138,839	82,771 82,468 <b>80,</b> 052	59.8 59.6 57.7	79,636 79,290 76,823	76,411 76,369 74,251	5,010 4,707 4,373	71,402 71,662 69,878	3,225 2,921 2,573	4.0 3.7 3.3	3.9 3.9 3.8	55,673 56,180 58,787

Data for 1947-56 adjusted to teflect changes in the definition of employment and unemployment adopted in January 1957. Two groups averaging about one-quarter million workers which were formerly classified as employed (with a job but not at work)—those on temporary layoff and those waiting to start new wage and salary jobs within 30 days—were assigned to different classifications, mostly to the unemployed. Data by sex, shown in table A-2, were adjusted for the years 1948-56.

2Not available.

NOTE: Data for 1929-39 based on sources other than direct enumeration.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Beginning 1953, labor force and employment figures are not strictly comparable with previous years as a result of the introduction of material from the 1950 Census into the estimating procedure. Population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for total and males. Other categories were relatively unaffected.

Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960 and are therefore not strictly comparable with previous years. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of about half a million in the noninstitutional population 14 years of age and over, and about 300,000 in the labor force, four-fifths of this in nonagricultural employment. The levels of other labor force categories were not appreciably changed.

Figures for periods prior to April 1962 are not strictly comparable with current data because of the introduction of 1960 Census data into the estimation procedure. The change primarily affected the labor force and employment totals, which were reduced by about 200,000. The unemployment totals were virtually unchanged.

# HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-2: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, by sex, 1940, 1944, and 1947 to date

(In thousands)

				(In tho	usands)						
		Total lab	or force			Ci▼	ilian labor forc	e			]
	Total	Total inc	or roice			Employed I		Ţ	Inemployed 1		]
	noninsti-		Percent	] :			None			ent of	Not in
Sex, year, and month	tutional	l .	of	T1			Nonagri- cultural			force	labor
, ,,	popula-	Number	popula-	Total	Total	Agri- culture	indus•	Number	Not	Season-	force
1	tion		tion	1			tries		season- ally	ally	İ
†		l		1			1		adjusted	adjusted	l
MALE	<del></del>							1			
1940	50,080	42,020	83.0	41,480	35,550	8,450	27,100	5,930	14.3	۱ ـ	8,060
1944	51,980	46,670	83.9 89.8	35,460	35,110	7,020	28,090	350	1.0	l -	5,310
1947	53,085	hh 8hh	84.5	43,272	41,677	6.953	31,725	1,595	3.7	-	8,242
10h2	53,513	45,300	84.7	43,858	42,268	6,953 6,623	35,645	1,590	3.6	-	8,213
1949	54 <b>,0</b> 28	45,674	84.5	44,075	41,473	629,6	1 34.844	2,602	5.9	-	8,354
1950	54,526	46,069	84.5	44,442	42,162	6,271	35,891 36,571	2,280	5.1	1 -	8,457
1951	54,996	46,674	84.9	43,612	42,362	5,791	36,571	1,250	2.9	-	8,322
1952 1953 <sup>2</sup> 195 <sup>4</sup>	55,503	47,001	84.7	43,454	42,237	5,623	36,614	1,217	2.8	-	8,502 8,840
1953 2	56,534	47,692 47,847	83.9	44,194 44,537	42,966 42,165	5,496 5,429	37,470 36,736	2,372	2.8 5.3	-	9,169
1954	57,016 57,484	48,054	83.6	45,041	43,152	5,479	37,673	1,889	4.2		9,430
1955	58,044	48,579	83.7	45,756	43,999	5,268	38,731	1,757	3.8	_	9,465
1957	58,813	48,649	82.7	45,882	43,990	5,037	38,952	1,893	4,1	_	10,164
1957	59,478	48,802	82.1	46,197	43,042	4.802	38,240	3,155	6.8	-	10,677
1959	60,100	49,081	81.7	46,562	44,089	4,749	39,340	2,473	5.3	-	11,019
1959 1960 <sup>3</sup>	61,000	49,507	81.2	47,025	44,485	4,678	39,807	2,541	5.4	-	11,493
1961	62,147	49,918	80.3	47,378	44,318	4,508	39,811	3,060	6.5	-	12,229
1962 <sup>4</sup>	63,234	50,175	79.3	47,380	44,892	4,266	40,626	2,488	5-3	-	13,059
1963	64,163	50,573	78.8	47,867	45,330	4,021	41,309	2,537	5.3	i -	13,590
1964	65,065	51,118	78.6	48,410	146,139	3,884	42,255	2,271	4.7	-	13,947
1965	66,027	51,705	78.3	49,014	47,034	3,729	43,304	1,980	4.0	•	14,322
1965: September	66,235	51,398	77.6	48,706	47,199	3 <b>,</b> 763	43,436	1,507	3.1	3.9	14,837
1966: January	66,563	50.550	76.3	47,922		3 060	42,890	1,963	4.1	а.ь	15,785
February	66,638	50,778	76.4	48,021	45,959 46,112	3,069 3,098	43,014	1,909	4.0	3.4 3.2	
March	66,718	50,911 51,180	76.7	48.240	46,393	3,225	43,168	1,847	3.8	3.4	15,727 15,539
April	66,792	51,748	77.5	48,773	47,217	3,533	43,684	1,556	3.2	3.1	1 15.044
May	66,879	52,135	78.0	49,123	47.586	3.496	44,090	1,537	3.1	3.3	14,744
June	66,956	54,405	81.3	51,340	47,586 49,336	3,496 4,048	45,282	2,010	3.9	3.4	12,551
July	(= aaa	54,599	0	\-0	lo mo		h= 000		3.3	3.4	12,433
August	67,032 67,122	54,283	81.5 80.9	51,498 51,138	49,773 49,648	3,893 3,731	45,880 45,917	1,725 1,489	2.9	3 <b>.3</b>	12,839
September	67,208	52,074	77.5	48,878	47,611	3,459	44,152	1,266	2.6	3.3	15,135
FEMALE	-1,7		1,	40,010	.,,=_	3,.,,	,			3.3	->,->>
FEMALE	50,300	14,160	28.2	14,160	11,970	1,090	10,880	2,190	15.5	١ ـ	36,140
1940 1944	52,650	19,370	36.8	19,170	18.830	1,930	16,920	320	1.7	-	33,280
10/1/7	54,523	16,915	31.0	16,896	16,349 16,348	1,314	15,036	547	3.2	-	37,608
1948	55.118	17,599	31.9	17,583	16,348	1,338	15,510	735	4.1	-	37,520 37,697
1949	55,745	18,048	32.4	18,030	16,947	1,386	15,561	1,083	6.0	-	37,697
1948 1949 1950	404 و 56	18,680	33.1	18,657	17,584	1,226	16,358	1,073	5.8	-	37,724
1952	57,078 57,766	19,309 19,558	33.8 33.9	19,272	18,421 18,798	1,257 1,170	17,164 17,628	851	4.4 3.7	:	37,770 38,208
1972	58,561	19,668	33.6	19,621	18,979	1,061	17,918	715 642	3.3	=	38,893
1954	59,203	10.071	33.7	19,931	18,724	1,067	17,657	1,207	6.1		39,232
1953 <sup>2</sup>	59,904	20,842	34.8	20,806	19,790	1,239	18,551	1,016	4.9		39,062
1956	60,690	21,808	35•9	21,774	20,707	1,306	19,401	1,067	4.9	-	38,883
1957	61,632	22,097	35.9	22,064	डा,०डा	1.184	19,837	1,043	4.7	-	39,535
1970	62,472	22,482	36.0	22,451	20,924	1,042	19,882	1,526	6.8	-	39,990
1959	63,265	22,865	36.1	22,832	21,492	1,087	20,405	1,340	5.9	-	40,401
1960 3	64,368	23,619	36.7	23,587	22,196	1,045	21,151	1,390	5.9	-	40,749
1961	65,705 66,848	24,257	36.9	24,225 24,474	22,478	955 924	21,523	1,747	7.2	-	41,448
1962 <sup>4</sup>	67,962	24,507 25,141	36.7 37.0	25,109	22,954 23,479		22,031 22,554	1,519	6.2	•	42,341
1964	69,079	25,854	37.4	25,823	24,218	925 877	23,341	1,605	6.5	-	42,822 43,225
1965	70,215	26,653	38.0	26,621	25,145	856	24,289	1,476	5.5	-	43,562
1965: September	70,434	26,646	37.8	26,615	25,246	1,015	24,232	1,368		5•3	43,788
1966: January	70,831	· '	Ì	1					5.1		i
February	70,924	26,631 26,721	37.6 37.7	26,597 26,687 26,821	25,271 25,4 <b>3</b> 8	508 514	24,762	1,327	5.0	4.9	44,200
March	71,023	26,855	37.8	26,821	25.630	555	24,924	1 100	4.7 4.4	4.6 4.6	14,203
April	71,117	27.166	38.2	27,133	25,630 25,888	671	25,075 25,216	1,190 1,245	4.6	4.8	44,168 43,950
Mey	71,221	27,617	38.8	27.584	26,179	797	1 25.382	1,405	5.1	5.2	43,60
June	71,319	28,295	39.7	27,133 27,584 28,261	25,888 26,179 26,401	1,139	25,262	1,860	6.6	5.1	43,024
July	בנו( דמי	28 172	30 1	1 1				1			ľ
August	71,413 71,527 71,632	28,172 28,186 27,980	39.4 39.4	28,138 28,153 27,946	26,638 26,720 26,639	1,117 976 914	25,522 25,745	1,500 1,432	5•3 5•1	4.9 5.1	43,240 43,343 43,65
September											

<sup>1</sup>See footnote 1, table A-1. 2See footnote 3, table A-1. 3See footnote 4, table A-1. 4See footnote 5, table A-1.

Table A-3: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, by sex and color

(In thousands)

		Total			Male		Female			
Employment status	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept, 1965	
Total	138,839	138,648	136,670	67,208	67,122	66,235	71,632	71,527	70,434	
Total labor force.  Civilian labor force.  Employed.  Agriculture  Nonagricultural industries  Unemployed.  Unemployment rate	80,052 76,823 74,251 4,373 69,878 2,573 3,3	82,468 79,290 76,369 4,707 71,662 2,921 3.7	78,044 75,321 72,446 4,778 67,668 2,875 3.8	52,074 48,878 47,611 3,459 44,152 1,266 2,6	54,283 51,138 49,648 3,731 45,917 1,489 2,9	51,398 48,706 47,199 3,763 43,436 1,507	27,980 27,946 26,639 914 25,726 1,306 4.7	28,186 28,153 26,720 976 25,745 1,432 5,1	26,646 26,615 25,246 1,015 24,232 1,368 5,1	
Not in the labor force	58,787	56,180	58,626	15,135	12,839	14,837	43,652	43,341	43,788	
Total labor force.  Civilian labor force.  Employed.  Agriculture.  Nonagricultural industries.  Unemployed  Unemployment rate Not in the labor force	71,027 68,072 66,077 3,720 62,357 1,995 2.9 53,007	73,256 70,347 68,172 4,068 64,104 2,175 3.1 50,614	69,203 66,715 64,430 3,849 60,581 2,284 3,4 52,985	46,804 43,881 42,876 3,027 39,849 1,005 2.3 13,424	48,813 45,934 44,777 3,284 41,494 1,157 2,5 11,343	46,204 43,744 42,544 3,149 39,394 1,200 2.7 13,196	24,222 24,191 23,201 693 22,508 990 4.1 39,583	24,444 24,414 23,395 785 22,610 1,019 4.2 39,272	23,000 22,971 21,887 700 21,187 1,084 4,7 39,789	
NONWHITE										
Total labor force.  Civilian labor force.  Employed.  Agriculture  Noagricultural industries.  Unemployed  Unemployed  Unemployed rate  Not in the labor force	9,026 8,751 8,174 654 7,520 577 6,6 5,780	9,212 8,943 8,196 638 7,558 746 8,3 5,566	8,841 8,606 8,015 928 7,087 591 6,9 5,641	5,269 4,997 4,736 433 4,303 261 5,2 1,710	5,470 5,204 4,871 448 4,423 333 6,4 1,496	5,194 4,962 4,656 614 4,042 306 6,2 1,642	3,758 3,755 3,438 221 3,217 316 8,4 4,070	3,742 3,739 3,326 191 3,135 413 11.1 4,070	3,647 3,644 3,360 315 3,045 284 7.8 3,999	

Table A-4: Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force, by age and sex

(In thousands)

		Total		Men, 2	20 years and	dover	Women,	20 years a	nd over	Teena	gers, 14-19	years
Full- and part-time employment status	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965
FULL TIME			_	ľ				ļ ļ			}	
Civilian labor force	66,889	70,542	66,017	43,355	43,659	43,340	19,969	19,629	19,212	3,565	7,254	3,465
Full-time schedules 1	63,216 1,762		61,881 1,914	41,757 803	41,952 772	41,491 843	18,536 723	18,195 641	17,663 763	2,926 233	5,776 915	2,727 308
Unemployed, looking for full-time			·	ŀ							}	}
work	1,911 2.9	2,29 <b>1</b> 3.2		795 1,8	935 2.1	1,006 2.3	710 3.6	793 4.0	786 4.1	406 11.4	563 7.8	430 12.4
PART TIME							İ					
Civilian labor force	9,934 9,272	8,749 8,117		1,496 1,419	1,546 1,445	1,443 1,354	4,860 4,6 <b>1</b> 5	4,284 4,075	4,493 4,275	3,578 3,238	2,919 2,597	3,368 3,022
work	662 6.7	632 7.2		77 5.1	101 6.5	89	245	209	218	340	322	346
Unemployment rate	0.7	7.2	/.0	3.1	6.5	6.2	5.0	4.9	4.9	9.5	11.0	10.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.

# HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-5: Unemployed persons, by age and sex

	Th	ousands of per	sons	U	nemployment n	ate	Per	cent distribut	ion
Age and sex	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965
Total	2,573	2,921	2,875	3.3	3.7	3.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male  14 to 19 years  14 and 15 years  16 to 19 years  20 years and over  20 to 24 years  25 years and over  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 54 years  55 to 64 years  65 years and over	1,266 395 42 352 871 169 702 172 156 178 134	1,489 454 72 381 1,035 217 818 221 200 166 163 68	1,507 413 35 378 1,094 233 861 235 197 184 186 58	2.6 9.8 6.4 10.5 1.9 3.6 1.7 1.4 1.9 2.9	2.9 7.7 6.4 8.0 2.3 4.2 2.0 2.2 1.8 1.6 2.4	3.1 10.5 5.1 11.7 2.4 4.9 2.2 2.4 1.8 1.8 2.7	49.2 15.3 1.6 13.7 33.9 6.6 27.3 6.7 6.9 2.4	51.0 15.5 2.5 13.0 35.4 7.6 6.8 5.7 5.6	52.4 14.4 1.2 13.1 38.0 8.1 29.9 8.2 6.8 6.4 6.5
Female	1,306 350 26 324 956 237 719 231 230 152 78	1,432 431 28 403 1,001 252 749 228 238 178 81 24	1,368 358 359 1,011 198 813 256 278 182 81	4.7 11.2 6.3 12.0 3.9 6.7 3.4 5.0 3.9 2.0 2.8	5.1 10.2 4.2 11.3 4.2 7.0 3.7 5.3 4.2 3.1 2.2 2.6	5.1 12.3 14.2 4.3 5.9 4.8 5.9 4.8 2.3 1.7	50.8 13.6 1.0 12.6 37.2 9.2 27.9 9.0 8.9 5.9 3.0	49.0 14.8 1.0 13.8 34.3 8.6 25.6 8.1 2.8	47.6 12.5 - 12.5 35.2 6.9 28.3 8.9 9.7 6.3 2.8

Table A-6: Unemployed persons, by industry of last job

	U	nemployment ra	ite	Percent distribution			
Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	
Total	3.3	3.7	3.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Experienced wage and salary workers	3.2	3.5	3.5 4.8	82.1	81.7	79•5	
Agriculture	3.8	5.0	4.8	2.2	3.1	3.0	
Nonagricultural industries	3.1	3.4	3.5	79.9	78.6	76.6	
Mining, forestry, fisheries	4.8	1.9	3.7	1.1	.4	.8	
Construction	4.8	4.3	5.8	7.9	6.8	8.7	
Manufacturing	2.8	3.1	3.1	22.5	22.6	21.2	
Durable goods	2.4	3.0	2.6	11.5	12.6	10.2	
Primary metal industries	1.4	2.1	1.5	.8	1.0	.6	
Fabricated metal products	2.6	2.5	1.9	1.6	1.3	1.0	
Machinery.	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2	
Electrical equipment	2.3	2.2	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.3	
Transportation equipment	2.8	5.3	2.0	2.4	3.8	1.5	
Motor vehicles and equipment	2.0	9.3	1.7	.8	3.0	.6	
All other transportation equipment	3.6	2.0	2.4	1.6	.8	.8	
Other durable goods industries	3.0	3.5	4.9	3.2	3.3	4.6	
Nondurable goods	3.3	3.3	3.7	11.0	10.1	11.1	
Food and kindred products	3.4	3.1	4.2	2.8	2.3	3.0	
Textile mill products	4.2	3.2	4.0	1.6	1.1	1.4	
Apparel and other finished textile products	5.0	5.6	5.4	2.6	2.8	2.5	
Other nondurable goods industries	2.4	2.6	2.9	4.0	3.9	4.2	
Transportation and public utilities	1.7	1.9	2.4	3.1	3.2	3.9	
Railroads and railway express	1.4	1.4	3.1	.4	3.2	9	
Other transportation	2.0	3.2	3.1	1.5	2.1	2.0	
Communication and other public utilities	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.3	.8	1.0	
Wholesale and retail trade	3.9	4.3	4.0	18.3	18.5	16.3	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2.0		2.4	2.4	2.6	2.6	
Service industries		2.4		20.7	22.1	20.1	
Professional services	3·3 2·4	4.0	3.8	8.9	10.2	8.1	
		3.4	2.6				
All other service industries	4.6	4.7	5.3	11.7	11.9	12.0	
Public administration.	2.4	1.6	2.2	3.8	2.3	3.0	
Self-employed and unpaid family workers	•6	-4	.7	2.3	1.5	2.3 18.1	
No previous work experience	-	-	-	15.7	16.8		
14 to 19 years	-	-	-	12.4	13.6	13.8	
20 years and over	-	-	-	3.3	3.2	4.3	

Table A-7: Unemployed persons, by occupation of last job

	U	nemployment ra	ite	Pe	ercent distributi	on
Occupation	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965
Total	3.3	3.7	3.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
White-collar workers Professional and technical Managers, officials, and proprietors Clerical workers Sales workers Blue-collar workers Craftsmen and foremen Operatives Nonfarm laborers Service workers Private household workers Other service workers Farm workers Farm taborers and farm managers Farm laborers and faremen No previous work experience	2.3 1.7 1.3 3.3 1.6 3.8 3.8 4.0 9 4.4 2.8	2.1 2.1 .9 2.8 2.2 3.8 2.0 4.5 5.8 4.7 5.0 4.6 1.7	2.1 1.3 .8 3.8 4.1 2.5 4.6 9 4.5 4.7 1.9 3.2	30.9 6.3 3.6 15.8 5.1 35.9 7.1 19.9 8.9 15.3 3.5 11.8 2.2 2.1	24.7 6.4 2.4 12.2 3.7 39.2 7.3 22.7 9.1 16.7 4.1 12.6 2.6 .1 2.4	24.0 4.2 2.1 13.0 4.7 39.6 8.6 21.3 9.7 15.3 12.3 3.0 .5 2.5 18.1

Table A-8: Unemployed persons, by marital status and household relationship

	Tho	usands of pers	sons	Ua	employment ra	te	Percent distribution			
Characteristics	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	
MARITAL STATUS										
Total  Male  Married, wife present  Single  14 to 19 years  20 years and over  Other marital status  Female  Married, husband present  Single  14 to 19 years  20 years and over  Other marital status	586 386 200 139	2,921 1,489 646 714 443 272 129 1,432 617 527 377 150 288	2,875 1,507 638 703 402 301 166 1,368 435 304 131 276	3.3 2.6 1.4 7.0 10.3 4.3 5.3 4.7 4.1 6.6 10.9	3.7 2.9 1.7 6.8 5.3 4.7 5.1 6.9 9.9 5.3	3.8 3.1 1.7 8.2 10.9 6.2 6.1 7.0 12.1 3.5 5.0	100.0 49.2 21.1 22.8 15.0 7.8 5.4 50.8 25.1 11.2 4.9	100.0 51.0 22.1 24.5 15.2 9.3 4.4 49.0 21.1 18.0 12.9 5.1	100.0 52.4 22.2 24.4 14.0 10.5 5.8 47.6 22.9 15.11 10.6 9.6	
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP										
Total Household head Living with relatives Not living with relatives Wife of head Other relative of head Non-relative of head	2,573 885 667 218 622 1,018 50	2,921 978 794 185 589 1,290 64	2,875 979 775 203 637 1,199 60	3.3 1.9 1.6 3.9 4.0 7.7 3.7	3.7 2.1 2.0 3.4 4.0 7.6 4.8	3.8 2.1 1.9 3.7 4.4 8.9 4.2	100.0 34.4 25.9 8.5 24.2 39.5 1.9	100.0 33.5 27.2 6.3 20.2 44.1 2.2	100.0 34.0 27.0 7.1 22.2 41.7 2.1	

Table A-9: Employment status of persons 16-21 years of age in the noninstitutional population, by color (In thousands)

		Total			White		Nonwhite			
Employment status	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	<b>S</b> ept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	
IN SCHOOL								-		
Civilian labor force		151 139 12 7•9 715	2,14 2,134 308 12.6 6,738	2,317 2,108 209 9.0 5,853	139 124 15 10.8 607	2,239 1,979 260 11.6 5,879	250 181 69 27•6 800	20 17 3 15.0 108	207 156 51 24.6 856	
NOT IN SCHOOL										
Civilian labor force  Employed  Unemployed  Unemployment rate  Not in the labor force	609	11,466 10,490 976 8.5 6,043	6,359 5,703 656 10.3 2,556	5,547 5,104 443 8.0 2,496	10,086 9,383 703 7.0 5,210	5,532 5,032 500 9.0 2,211	897 732 165 18.4 414	1,382 1,106 276 20.0 834	825 667 158 19•2 347	

# **HOUSEHOLD DATA**

Table A-10: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment

	Thous	ands of pe	rsons	Perce	nt distrib	ution		Thous	ands of pe	rsons	Percent distribution		
Duration of unemployment	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Category	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965
Total	2,573	2,921	2,875	100.0	100.0	100.0	Total	2 <b>,57</b> 3	2,921	2,875	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	1,527	1,559	1,599	59.4	53.4	55.6							
5 to 14 weeks	629	977	668	24.4	33.4	23.2	Persons on temporary						
5 and 6 weeks	171	242	160	6.6	8.3	5.6	layoff	64	141	73	2.5	4.8	2.5
7 to 10 weeks	233	489	245	9.1	16.7	8.5							
11 to 14 weeks	224	245	262	8.7	8.4	9.1	Persons scheduled to begin						
15 weeks and over	417	385	609	16.2	13.2	21.2	new jobs within 30 days.	184	233	154	7.2	8.0	5.4
15 to 26 weeks	2 <b>3</b> 4	187	295	9.1	6.4	10.3	1						
27 weeks and over	183	199	314	7.1	6.8	10.9	All other unemployed	2,325	2,547	2,648	90.4	87.2	92.1
Average (mean) duration	9.6	9.6	11.6		-	-	1	_,,,	- '	. •			

Table A-11: Long-term unemployed, by industry and occupation of last job

		Unemployed 15	weeks and over			Unemployed 27	weeks and over		Civilian labor
Characteristics	Percent of in each	unemployed group	Percent di	stribution	Percent of in each	unemployed group	Percent di	stribution	force (percent distribution)
	Sept. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966
INDUSTRY								•	
Total	16.2	21.2	100.0	100.0	7.1	10.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
Experienced wage and salary workers. Agriculture Nonagricultural industries Mining, forestry, fisheries. Construction Manufacturing. Durable goods Nondurable goods Transportation and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate, and service industries Public administration  Self-employed and unpaid family workers No previous work experience	15.8 (1) 16.0 (1) 13.8 16.2 14.6 17.7 (1) 12.1 15.2 (1) (1) 16.3	22.2 27.1 22.0 (1) 23.0 23.0 22.3 23.6 25.2 21.3 21.8 (1)	79.9 1.2 78.7 3.1 6.7 22.3 10.3 12.0 6.0 13.7 21.6 5.0	83.2 3.8 79.4 1.8 8.7 23.0 10.7 12.3 4.6 16.4 23.3 1.5	7.5 (1) 7.6 (1) 10.8 7.9 8.5 7.4 (1) 4.9 5.1 (1)	11.7 9.4 11.8 (1) 10.4 15.7 15.8 15.7 17.1 9.8 9.4 (1)	86.4 1.1 85.3 4.3 12.0 25.0 13.6 11.4 7.6 12.5 16.3 7.6	85.4 2.5 82.9 2.5 8.2 30.4 14.6 15.8 6.0 14.6 19.3 1.9	86.9 1.9 85.0 .8 5.5 27.0 15.7 11.3 6.1 15.5 24.9 5.2
OCCUPATION									
Total	16.2	21.2	100.0	100.0	7.1	10.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
White-collar workers	13.2 19.0	19.5 18.4	2 <b>5.</b> 2 7 <b>.</b> 5	22.1 3.8	5.4 6.1	9.7 10.4	23.8 5.5	21.3 4.1	44.4 12.4
Managers, officials, and proprietors Clerical workers Sales workers Blue-collar workers Craftsmen and foremen. Operatives Nonfarm laborers Service workers Private household workers Other service workers Farm workers Farm laborers Farm laborers And farm managers Farm laborers and foremen No previous work experience	(1) 7.9 19.7 19.0 20.9 18.3 19.2 15.0 (1) 12.9 (1) (1) (1)	(1) 17.4 22.4 23.9 25.0 21.4 21.0 (1) 20.4 (1) (1) (1)	3.8 7.7 6.2 42.3 9.1 22.6 10.6 14.2 4.8 9.4 1.0 1.4	2.8 10.7 4.9 44.6 9.7 25.1 9.8 15.2 3.4 11.8 4.6 1.1 3.4	(1) 3.9 6.8 11.1 13.2 9.7 12.7 5.1 (1) 5.3 (1) (1) (1) 2.2	(1) 8.0 10.4 14.0 18.2 14.0 10.4 10.0 (1) 10.2 (1) (1) (1) 5.4	4.4 8.8 5.0 56.9 13.3 27.6 16.0 11.0 2.2 8.8 3.3 2.2 1.1	3.2 9.6 4.5 51.0 27.4 9.2 14.0 11.5 4.8 2.5 8.9	9.9 15.8 6.2 36.9 13.1 18.6 5.1 12.9 3.0 9.9 5.3 2.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000.

Table A-12: Long-term unemployed, by sex, age, color, and marital status

	U	nemployed 15	weeks and ov	er	U	nemployed 27	weeks and ove	r	Civilian labor force
Characteristics	Percent of a		Percent d	istribution	Percent of a		Percent di	stribution	(percent distribution
	Sept. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966
AGE									
Total	16.2	21.2	100.0	100,0	7.1	10.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
ale	20,6	23.8	62.4	58.9	10.7	14.9	74.7	71.1	63.6
14 to 19 years	11.1	14.3	10.5	9.7	1.0	5.8	2.2	7.6	5.2
20 to 24 years	14.2	15.5	5.7	5.9	2.4	4.3	2,2	3.2	6,2
25 to 44 years	18.8	25.8	14.8	18.4	11.6	15.9	20.9	21.9	27.2
45 years and over	34.9	35.3	31.3	24.8	24.0	28.3	49.5	38.4	25.0
emale	11.9	18.3	37.6	41.1	3.5	6.6	25.3	28.9	36.4
14 to 19 years	8.3	17.9	6.9	10.5	1.4	3.6	2.7	4.1	4.1
20 to 24 years	6.8	19.2	3.8	6.2	1.3	8.1	1.6	5.1	4.6
25 to 44 years	13.7	16.1	15.1	14.1	3.3	5.4	8,2	9.2	13.7
45 years and over	19.1	22.2	11.7	10.2	8.9	11.8	12.6	10.5	14.0
·	1				1		{		}
COLOR					1			1	1
Total	16.2	21.2	100.0	100.0	7.1	10.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
ite, total	15.7	19.5	75.1	73.3	7.0	10.6	76.4	76.5	88.6
Male	19.8	21.8	47.7	43.0	11.2	14.3	62.1	54.6	57.1
Female	11.5	17.1	27.3	30.3	2.6	6.4	14.3	21.9	31.5
onwhite, total	17.9	27.4	24.9	26.7	7.5	12.5	23.6	23.5	11.4
Male	23.8	31.7	14.9	15.9	8.8	17.3	12.6	16.8	6.5
Female	13.3	23,2	10.1	10.8	6.3	7.4	11.0	6.7	4.9
MARITAL STATUS		1				ļ			
Total	16.2	21.2	100.0	100.0	7.1	10.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
ale	20.6	23.8	62.4	58,9	10.7	14.9	74.7	71.1	63.6
Married, wife present	24.0	26.8	31.2	28.1	14.8	20.5	44.0	41.6	49.3
Single	14.8	17.1	20.9	19.7	4.3	8.1	13.7	18.1	11.0
14 to 19 years	11.4	13.9	10.6	9.2	1.0	5.2	2.2	6.7	4.9
20 years and over	21.5	21.3	10.3	10.5	10.5	12.0	11.5	11.4	6.1
Other marital status	31.7	39.8	10.6	10.9	22.3	21.7	17.0	11.4	3.4
emale	11.9	18.3	37.6	41.1	3.5	6.6	25.3	28.9	36.4
Married, husband present	9.5	13.8	14.7	14.9	2.2	4.4	7.7	9.2	20.7
Single	13.3	18.6	13.2	13.3	3.6	4.8	8.2	6.7	8.3
14 to 19 years	9.3	19.1	6.5	9,5	1,0	3.9	1.6	3.8	3.5
20 years and over	22.2	17.6	6.7	3.8	9.5	7.6	6.6	3.2	4.8
Other marital status	15.9	28.6	9.4	13.0	6.9	14.5	9.3	12.7	7.4
	1		1		I '"'	1	1 703	1	, ·· ·

Table A-13: Unemployed persons looking for full- or part-time work, by age and sex

Age and sex		ng for full-time vusuads of perso			ng for part-time usands of perso		Looking for part-time work as a percent of unemployed in each group				
	Sept.	Aug.	Sept.	Sept.	Aug.	Sept.	Sept.	Aug.	Sept.		
	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965		
Total	1,911	2,291	2,222	662	632	653	25.7	21.6	22.7		
Male	973	1,218	1,186	294	272	321	23.2	18.3	21.3		
	178	283	180	2 <b>17</b>	171	232	54.9	37.7	56.3		
Going to school	4	2	15	214	8	214	98.2	(1)	93.4		
	175	288	167	10	170	19	5.4	37.1	10.2		
	136	194	190	33	23	44	19.5	10.6	18.8		
25 to 54 years	492	562	597	14	25	21	2.8	4.3	3,4		
	<b>16</b> 6	179	218	30	52	26	15.3	22.5	10.7		
Female	938	1,073	1,036	368	360	332	28.2	25.1	24.3		
	228	280	250	123	151	109	35.0	35.0	30.4		
Going to school	8	1	5	96	7	86	92.3	(1)	(1)		
	220	281	245	27	149	22	10.9	34.7	8.2		
	196	228	169	41	24	29	17.3	9.5	14.6		
25 to 54 years	439 77	496 69	549 7 <b>0</b>	175 29	148 36	164 28	28.5 27.4	23.0 34.3	23 <b>.0</b> (1)		

1/Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000.

# HOUSEHOLD DATA

Table A-14: Total labor force, by age and sex

Age and sex	Thous	ands of pe	ersons	Labor force parzicipation rate					
	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965			
Total	80,052	82,468	78,044	57.7	59.5	57.1			
(ale		54,283	51,398	77.5	80.9	77.6			
14 to 19 years	4,494		4,269	41.5	59.1	41.0			
14 and 15 years	662	, ,	682	18.0	31.1	19.1			
16 and 17 years	1,451		1,450	41.2	61.7	41.1			
18 and 19 years	2,381		2,137	65.7	84.8	64.4			
20 to 24 years	6,117		5,905	86.8	92.6	86.9			
25 to 34 years		10,799	10,682	97.4	97.7	97.6			
35 to 44 years		11,387	11,506	97.3	97.4	97.6			
45 to 54 years		10,218	10,112	95.8	95.4	95.3			
55 to 64 years	6,915		6,752	85.1	84.3	84.3			
55 to 59 years	3,992		3,926	90.0	89.6	89.9			
60 to 64 years	2,923		2,826	79.2	78.0	77.4			
65 years and over	2,132	2,156	2,172	27,6	27.9	28.3			
Female		28,186	26,646	39.1	39.4	37.8			
14 to 19 years	3,124	4,246	2,916	29.6	40.2	28.7			
14 and 15 years	408	662	389	11.4	18.6	11.2			
16 and 17 years	982	1,391	919	28.6	40.5	26.7			
18 and 19 years	1,733	2,192	1,608	48.8	61.6	49.2			
20 to 24 years	3,568	3,619	3,372	50.6	51.7	49.6			
25 to 34 years	4,646	4,335	4,336	40.9	38.2	38.6			
35 to 44 years	5,865	5,617	5,744	47.8	45.7	46.4			
45 to 54 years	6,003	5,759	5,766	52.6	50.5	51.3			
55 to 64 years	3,823	3,696	3,561	42.7	41.4	40.6			
55 to 59 years	2,350	2,279	2,214	48.9	47.5	47.0			
60 to 64 years	1,473	1,417	1,347	35.6	34.3	33.2			
65 years and over	952	912	952	9.5	9.1	9.7			

Table A-15: Employed persons, by age and sex

		(In thou	sands)			
Age and sex		Male			Female	
	Sept.	Aug.	Sept.	Sept.	Aug.	Sept.
	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965
All industries	47,611	49,648	47,199	26,639	26,720	25,246
	3,631	5,479	3,510	2,767	3,808	2,552
	4,580	4,918	4,518	3,319	3,356	3,162
	9,785	9,768	9,703	4,407	4,100	4,072
	10,782	10,767	10,950	5,630	5,374	5,462
	9,987	9,948	9,842	5,848	5,580	5,583
	6,776	6,679	6,562	3,745	3,616	3,480
	2,069	2,089	2,115	924	887	936
Nonagricultural industries	44,152	45,917	43,436	25,726	25,745	24,232
	3,168	4,673	2,990	2,656	3,574	2,423
	4,385	4,687	4,249	3,269	3,303	3,090
	9,369	9,382	9,250	4,248	3,952	3,945
	10,211	10,228	10,310	5,459	5,206	5,265
	9,255	9,223	9,092	5,621	5,374	5,322
	6,122	6,044	5,902	3,590	3,492	3,316
	1,643	1,680	1,643	881	844	872
Agriculture	3,459	3,731	3,763	914	976	1,015
	463	806	520	111	234	129
	195	232	268	49	53	72
	416	387	453	159	148	127
	571	539	640	170	168	198
	732	724	750	227	206	261
	654	634	660	155	124	164
	426	409	471	43	43	64

Table A-16: Employed persons, by class of worker and occupation

		Total		1	Male		}	Female	
Characteristics	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965
CLASS OF WORKER									
Total  Nonagricultural industries  Wage and salary workers  Private household workers  Government workers  Other wage and salary workers  Self-employed workers.  Unpaid family workers.  Agriculture.  Wage and salary workers  Self-employed workers.  Unpaid family workers.	74,251 69,878 63,218 2,441 10,332 50,445 6,075 584 4,373 1,430 2,231	76,369 71,662 64,865 2,644 9,966 52,255 6,101 695 4,707 1,761 2,144 803	72,446 67,668 61,003 2,503 9,732 48,768 6,068 596 4,778 1,672 2,301 805	47,611 44,152 39,549 309 5,997 33,243 4,562 40 3,459 1,121 2,079 260	49,648 45,917 41,091 427 5,980 34,684 4,713 112 3,731 1,381 2,018	47,199 43,436 38,719 329 5,861 32,529 4,656 62 3,763 1,305 2,175 283	26,639 25,726 23,668 2,131 4,334 17,203 1,513 544 914 309 152 452	26,720 25,745 23,774 2,217 3,987 17,570 1,388 583 976 380 126 470	25,246 24,232 22,284 2,174 3,871 16,239 1,413 535 1,015 367 126 522
OCCUPATION					}			,,,,	
Variete-collar workers.  Professional and technical.  Managers, officials, and proprietors. Clerical workers. Sales workers. Blue-collar workers Craftsmen and foremen Operatives. Nonfarm laborers Service workers. Private household workers Other service workers Farm workers Farm workers Farm boorers and foremen.	74,251 33,313 9,399 7,496 11,768 4,650 27,402 9,894 13,804 3,704 9,538 2,214 7,324 3,997 2,156 1,841	76,369 33,473 8,880 7,576 12,289 4,728 28,687 10,219 14,125 4,343 9,869 2,276 7,593 4,341 2,053 2,288	72,446 31,831 8,953 7,181 11,051 4,646 26,870 9,603 13,472 3,795 9,354 2,215 7,139 4,392 2,221 2,171	47,611 18,282 5,927 6,258 3,319 2,778 22,842 9,598 9,647 3,597 3,322 63 3,259 3,166 2,014 1,152	49,648 18,545 5,760 6,408 3,516 2,861 24,123 9,941 9,969 4,213 3,550 60 3,490 3,430 1,931 1,499	47,199 17,860 5,730 6,098 3,192 2,840 22,618 9,325 9,582 3,711 3,258 47 3,211 3,464 2,108	26,639 15,032 3,470 1,238 8,450 1,874 4,561 296 4,157 108 6,217 2,151 4,066 831 142 689	26,720 14,930 3,120 1,168 8,775 1,867 4,560 276 4,154 130 6,318 2,215 4,103 912 122 790	25,246 13,970 3,222 1,083 7,859 1,806 4,253 278 3,891 84 6,097 2,168 3,929 928 113 815

Table A-17: Employed persons, by hours worked

(In thousands)

			(III CHOUSE	1			1			
		All industrie	s	Nona	gricultural ind	ustries	Agriculture			
Hours worked	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	
Total	74,251	76,369	72,446	69,878	71,662	67,668	4,373	4,707	4,778	
With a job but not at work		7,718 68,651	2,989 69,457	2,889 66,988	7,561 64,100	2,843 64,825	108	157 4,551	145 4,632	
1-34 hours	13,602	12,081	12,559	12,284	10,741	11,159	4,266 1,317 60	1,341	1,400	
5-14 hours	. 3,355	2,770 8,573	3,307	2,997 8,413	2,422 7,645	2,962 7,281	357 902	348 929	345 963	
35 hours or more	57,651 33,069	56,571 32,985	56,899 32,381	54,704 32,361	53,359 32,218	53,666 31,626	2,948 708	3,211 768	3,233 755	
41 hours and over		23,586 41.3	24,518 41.0	22,343 40.4	21,141 41.0	22,040 40.7	2,240 45.7	2,443 46.7	2,478 44.9	

Table A-18: Employed persons, by full- or part-time status

(In thousands)

(In thousands	9					
		All industries	s	Nonag	ricultural indu	stries
Full- or part-time status	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept.
Total	74,251	76,369	72,446	69,878	71,662	67,668
lith a job but not at work	2,997 71,253	7,718 68,651	2,989 69,457	2,889 66,988	7,561 64,100	2,843 64,825
On full-time schedules	60,543 57,651	59,022 56,571	59,202 56,899	57,366 54,704	55,557 53,359	55,669 53,666
1-34 hours for noneconomic reasons Bad weather	2,892 492	2,451	2,303	2,662 340	2,198	2,003
Industrial disputeVacation	22 271	38 665	53 301	22 269	38 642	53 294
Iliness. Holiday	735 699	633	754	710 699	592 -	720 -
All other reasons	673 1,762	705 2,327	694 1,913	622 1,572	661 2,006	650 1,705
Usually work full time	956 22.6	1,042 23,2	963 23.3	840 22.8	881 23.8	851 23.7
Usually work part time	804 18.1	1,285 17.5	950 17.6	732 17.7	1,125 17.5	854 17.8
On part time for noneconomic reasons; usually work part time.	8,949	7,302	8,343	8,049	6,536	7,451

Table A-19: Employed persons with a job, but not at work, by reason not working and pay status

(In thousands)

				(III the	usanus)							
							Nonagri	cultural inc	ustries			
	A	ll industrie	s						Wage and sa	lary worker	s	
Reason not working				l	Total			Number		1	Percent paid	i
	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965
Total	2,997	7,718	2,989	2,889	7,561	2,843	2,576	7,079	2,505	59.6	64.1	59.8
Bad weathet Industrial dispute Vacation Illness All other reasons.	50 1,423	34 110 5,736 956 882	52 41 1,389 1,008 499	13 50 1,395 929 502	14 110 5,690 904 845	36 41 1,365 953 450	10 50 1,326 821 369	13 110 5,421 810 726	23 41 1,261 829 353	84.3 38.1 28.5	74.3 35.4 30.3	89.8 35.9 18.1

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65 to 69 years ......

#### Table A-20: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, by age and sex

September 1966

(In thousands) Total labor force Civilian labor force Not in labor force Employed Unemployed Unable Nonagri-cultural indus-Percent Keeping Percent of Agri-cul-ture Total Other Age, sex, and color Number Total house school work population Numl Total labor force tries 130 6,574 7,223 48,873 47,611 3,459 44,152 1,266 2.6 15,135 1,209 52,074 77.5 3,015 8 2,914 gα 18.0 2,074 1,451 14.2 1,404 1,234 198 1,035 170 12.1 4 1,919 6 144 232 992 2,381 65.7 1,960 1,778 115 1,663 182 9.3 1,243 16 929 637 4,749 4,580 4,385 169 43 248 195 3.6 6,117 86.8 5,067 4,790 187 28 93 5,534 96.7 4,969 179 97 30 to 34 years ...... 1.5 27 42 4,891 237 4,579 99 31 42 142 90 5,563 54 4 97.5 5,282 5,228 267 4,961 1.0 98 40 to 44 years ..... 5,800 97.0 5,656 5,554 304 5,250 102 1.8 179 5 5 71 4,885 4,370 187 3 75 108 45 to 49 years ...... 5,410 96.7 5,327 5,225 340 101 1.9 77 265 100 159 50 to 54 years ......... 94.8 4,833 4,762 392 1.6 4,862 3,992 3,568 77 443 160 278 55 to 59 years ...... 90.0 3,988 3,911 343 60 to 64 years ...... 2,923 79.2 2,922 2,865 311 2,554 57 1.9 769 1 161 606 27 1.450 1,251 43.9 1,251 1,210 216 994 41 3.3 1.599 122 354 3,589 4,003 61 70 years and over 881 18.0 881 859 210 649 21 2.4 42,876 46,805 77.7 43,881 3,027 39,849 1,005 2.3 13,424 114 5.723 .000 .588 5,269 75.5 4,997 4,736 433 4,303 261 5.2 1,710 16 851 209 635 34,976 6,536 1.465 27,980 39.1 27,946 26,639 914 25,726 1,306 4.7 43,652 676 3,039 97 14 and 15 years....... 11.4 408 383 37 346 6.3 3,163 408 982 28.6 982 866 825 116 11.8 2,456 245 2,073 10 128 18 and 19 years ..... 1,733 48.8 1,726 1,518 32 1,486 208 12.1 1,820 650 946 7 217 2,896 3,348 385 34 20 to 24 years . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3,568 2,408 50.6 41.1 3,556 2,403 3,319 49 3,269 2,223 237 6.7 4.2 3,482 3,448 22 16 179 50 30 īňń 25 to 29 years . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 33 3,262 30 to 34 years ...... 2,235 79 2,025 3,213 2,238 40.7 2,104 131 5.9 10 35 91 3,271 3,205 14 17 2,668 43.0 2,665 2,456 117 4.4 2,548 40 to 44 years ..... 3,197 3,195 3,082 79 3,003 113 3.5 3,130 3.066 14 6 44 50.5 69 2,951 2,670 2,799 2,616 45 to 49 years ..... 3,156 53.0 3,155 3,076 125 78 2.5 2,702 19 74 2,531 6 30 48 102 2.6 50 to 54 years ........ 2.847 52.1 2.846 2,772 55 to 59 years ....... 48.9 2,350 2,212 46 2,460 27 52 2.350 2,304 60 to 64 years ....... 35.6 1,473 1,441 63 1,378 32 2.2 2,662 2,549 5 43 65 1,473

Table A-21: Nonagricultural wage and salary workers, by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and industry

24

19

693

221

539

342

22,508

3,217

18

9

990

316

3.1

2.6

4.1

8.4

2,851

6.233

39,583

4,070

2,703

5,469

32,093

2,883

5,670

866

43

420

572

104

104

344

1.249

216

September 1966

(Percent distribution)

		F	ull- or part-ti	me status			Ho	urs of w	ork	
		On		On part time				T		1 40
Industry	Total at	full- time	Economic reasons				1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 48	49 hours
	work	sche- dules	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Usually work part time	work	hours	hours	hours	over
Total <sup>1</sup>	100.0	85.8	1.2	1.1	11.7	100.0	17.9	51.0	15.2	15.9
Construction	100.0	91.4	4.0	1.2	3.5	100.0	16.2	54.4	13.5	16.0
Manufacturing	100.0	95.2	1.5	.4	2.8	100.0	9.1	56.3	18.9	15.6
Durable goods	100.0	97.4	.9	.2	1.5	100.0	6.5	56.9	19.9	16.7
Nondumble goods	100.0	92,1	2.4	.7	4.7	100.0	12.8	55.5	17.5	14.1
Transportation and public utilities	100.0	93.1	.9	.9	5.2	100.0	9.9	58.7	15.2	16.3
Wholesale and retail trade	100.0	76.6	.9	1.5	21.0	100.0	26.2	37.4	17.4	19.0
Finance, insurance, and real estate		91.0	.5	.3	8.3	100.0	12.9	61.5	11.1	14.6
Service industries	100.0	73.9	.9	2.3	22.9	100.0	29.2	44.5	11.6	14.7

Includes forestry and fisheries, mining and public administration, not shown separately.

581

371

24,222

3,758

16.9

38.0

48.0

5.6

581

371

24,191

3,755

563

361

23,201

3,438

Table A-22: Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and occupation

September 1966

(Percent distribution)

			Full or p	art-time statu	s		Hours of work						
	Tota	1	On		On part time			1					
Occupation	at work		full- time	Economic	reasons	Other reasons	Total at	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 48	49 hours	Average hours, total	
	Thousands	Percent	sched- ules	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Usually work part time	work	hours	hours	hours	over	at work	
White-collar workers	31,878	100.0	87.4	.5	.4	11.8	100.0	16.6	49.4	13.0	21.1	41.4	
Professional and technical	8,987	100.0	90.3	.3	.1	9.4	100.0	13.8	49.3	14.8	22.2	42.1	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	7,198	100.0	95.8	.5	.2	3.5	100.0	8.2	32.5	16.4	42.9	48.9	
Clerical workers	11,234	100.0	85.5	.6	.5	13.5	100.0	18,3	66.0	9.4	6.4	37.6	
Sales workers	4,459	100.0	72.9	.5	1.2	25.3	100.0	31.3	34.9	12.7	21.0	37.4	
Blue-collar workers	26,257	100.0	90.8	2.3	1.1	5.8	100.0	13.9	50.2	18.8	17.1	41.5	
Craftsmen and foremen	9,525	100.0	95.0	1.6	.5	2.8	100.0	8.7	50.4	20.0	20.8	43.3	
Operatives	13,152	100.0	91.6	2.6	.9	4.8	100.0	13.1	51.2	19.2	16.4	41.9	
Nonfarm laborers	3,580	100.0	76.2	2.7	3.7	17.4	100.0	30.7	45.8	13.7	9.8	35.5	
Service workers	9,217	100.0	64.2	1.2	3.5	30.8	100.0	37.5	38.1	11.6	12.5	34.1	
Private household workers	2,165	100.0	35.8	.6	9.2	54.4	100.0	65.2	22.4	5.1	7.3	23.4	
Other service workers	7,052	100.0	73.3	1.4	1.7	23.6	100.0	29.1	43.3	13.6	14.0	37.4	

Table A-23: Occupation group of employed persons, by sex and color

September 1966

		Thousands					Perce	nt distrib	ution			
Occupation	Total	Male	Female					White		1	Nonwhite	
	Total	Mare	Lemmie	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	74,251	47,611	26,639	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
mi	33,313	18,282	15,032	44.9	38.4	56.4	47.9	40.7	61.1	20.5	17.1	25.
Thite-collar workers						1 1	. •	13.2	13.7	6.9	5.8	8.4
Professional and technical	9,399	5,927	3,470 893	12.7	12.4	13.0	13.4	1.2	3.5	1.5	-	2.
Medical and other health	1,463	676		2.0 2.9	1.2 1.4	3.4 5.6	2.0 3.0	1.5	5.8	2.3	9.9	4.
Teachers, except college	2,178 5,758	4,682	1,502 1,075	7.8		4.0	8.3	10.5	4.3	3.1	3.9	1.
Managers, officials, and proprietors	7,496			10.1	13.1	4.6	11.0	14.3	5.1	2.4	3.1	1.
Salaried workers	4,776	6,258 3,984	1,238 792	6.4	8.4	3.0	7.1	9.1	3.3	1.1	1.4	- 0
Self-employed workers in retail trade		966	792 264	1.7	2.0	1.0	1.8	2.2	1.1	.6	1.7	
Self-employed workers in retail trade	1,230		182	2.0		- 1	2.2	3.0	7.7	.6	9	۰
Clerical workers	1,490	1,308				21.7	16.6	7.0	34.4	9.4	6.4	13.
Stenographers, typists, and secretaries	11,768	3,319	8,450			31.7		1,1	12,2	1.6	(1)	3.
Other clerical workers	3,024	53	2,972	4.1	.1	1 -	4.4		22,2		, , ,	9.
Sales workers	8,744	3,266	5,478			20.6		6.9		7.8	1.9	1.
Retail trade	4,650	2,778	1,874	6.3	5.8			6.3	7.8	1.8		
Other sales workers	2,767	1,111	1,657	3.7	2.3		4.0	2.5	6.9	1.2	1.1	1.
	1,883	1,667	217	2.5	3.5	8		3.8	9	1,3.6	-7	٠,٠
Blue-collar workers	27,402	22,842						46.7	17.1	41.5	59.3	16.
Craftsmen, foremen	9,894	9,598			-	1.1	14.0	20.9	1.1	8.0	13.2	٠ ا
Carpenters	860	856			1.8	(1)	1.2	1.9	(1)	.6	1.1	1
Construction craftsmen, except carpenters	2,038	2,030			4.3	(1)	2.9	4.4	(1)	1.8	3.0	1
Mechanics and repairmen	2,466	2,450			5.1	.1	3,4	5.3	.1	2.4	4.0	١ .
Metal craftsmen, except mechanics	1,202	1,185	17			.1	1.7	2.6	(1)	9.9	1.4	
Foremen, not elsewhere classified	1,934	1,776				.6	2.8	3.9	.6	1.4	2.2	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,394	1,301	93		2.7	3	2.0	2.9	.4	1.0	1.4	٠
Operatives	13,804	9,647	4,157		20.3		18.2	19.5	15.6	22.0		15.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2,584	2,528	56		5.3	2	3.4	5.1 14.4	15.4	4.1 17.9	7.0 19.9	15.
Other operatives	11,220	7,119	4,101							,	9.0	2
Durable goods manufacturing	4,608	3,407	1,201					6.9	4.8	6.3	1 -	6.
Nondurable goods manufacturing	3,824	1,725						3.5	8.1	5.2	4.6	
Other industries	2,788	1,987	801					3.9	2.5	6.4	6.3	6.
Nonfarm laborers	3,704	3,597						6.3	4	11.4		
Construction	708	707		1.0			.8	1.2	(1)	2.5	4.3	
Manufacturing	1,125	1,054						1.9	.2	3.2		، ا
Other industries	1,871	1,836						3.2	1	5.8	9.8	٠.٠
Service workers	9,538	3,322						6.1	19.1	30.6		51,
Private household workers	2,214	63						.1	5.2	11.6		27.
Service workers, except private household	7,324	3,259						5.9	13.9	19.0		24 .
Protective service workers	867	830						1.8	.2	.6		٠ ـ ا
Waiters, cooks, and bartenders	1,998	577						1.1	5.3	3.9		5.
Other service workers	4,459	1,852						3.1	8.5	14.5		18.
Farm workers	3,997	3,166						6.5	2.6	7.4		6.
Farmers and farm managers	2,156	2,014						4.4	.4	2.1		1.
Farm laborers and foremen	1,841	1,152						2.1	2.2			5.
Prid workers	1,147	896				.9	1.2	1,6	.6	4.1		
Unpaid family workers	694	256	438	.9	.5	1.6	.9	.5	1.6	1.1	.8	1.

 $<sup>\</sup>underline{1}$ / Less than 0.05 percent.

# Table A-24: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full-time and part-time status, hours of work, and selected characteristics September 1966

			(Per	cent distribut	ion)							
			Full or p	art-time statu	s		,	1	lours of wo	rik		
	Tota	ıl	_		On part time	-						
Characteristics	at work	¢	On full- time	Economic	reasons	Other reasons	Total at	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 hours and	Average hours, total	
	Thousands	Percent	sched- ules	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Usually work part time	work	hours	hours	OA61 NUG	at work	
AGE AND SEX												
Total	66,988	100.0	85.7	1.3	1.1	12.0	100.0	18.3	48.3	33.4	40.4	
Male	42,442 1,498 1,635 4,233 9,124 9,876 14,545 1,533 24,545 1,166 1,443 3,123 4,054 5,204 8,728	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	91.7 17.4 72.2 92.1 97.5 98.2 96.0 66.6 75.1 13.5 76.9 85.6 77.4 76.4 79.5	1.2 .2 2.9 1.8 1.1 .9 1.3 1.3 .5 2.2 1.4 1.5 1.6	.6 1.3 2.1 .8 .4 .3 .6 1.6 1.9 1.0 3.5 1.2 1.8	6.4 81.1 22.8 5.3 1.0 .7 2.0 30.4 21.7 85.0 17.4 11.8 19.3 20.3 17.5	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	12.1 84.3 31.6 12.2 6.3 5.4 8.1 38.7 29.0 87.0 27.3 18.9 26.9 27.6 25.0	45.5 11.0 45.5 48.4 45.6 46.0 48.9 35.6 53.1 10.5 59.1 65.3 55.8 53.9 53.3	42.3 4.7 22.9 39.4 48.1 48.7 42.9 25.6 17.9 2.5 13.6 15.8 17.3 18.5 21.7	43.3 17.3 35.9 42.4 45.8 46.0 44.6 34.9 35.4 14.1 34.8 37.5 35.8 36.4	
65 years and over	828	100.0	54.0	.6	3.3	42.1	100.0	48.2	36.7	15.1	31.6	
Male: Single  Married, wife present  Other  Female: Single  Married, husband present  Other	6,768 33,527 2,148 5,608 13,907 5,031	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	70.7 96.0 91.3 70.6 74.7 81.3	1.5 1.1 2.0 1.1 1.3 1.5	1.3 .4 1.7 1.4 1.7 3.1	26.5 2.5 5.0 26.9 22.3 14.1	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	33.1 7.9 13.6 32.7 29.6 23.1	42.9 46.0 47.3 53.3 52.6 54.3	24.0 46.1 39.1 14.0 17.8 22.6	34.6 45.1 43.2 32.8 35.7 37.9	
COLOR AND SEX												
White Male Female Nonwhite Male Female	59,806 38,342 21,464 7,181 4,100 3,081	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	85.9 91.9 75.3 82.7 89.8 73.3	1.1 1.1 1.2 2.2 2.5 1.8	.8 .4 1.4 3.8 2.4 5.6	12.1 6.5 22.0 11.3 5.3 19.2	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	17.9 11.8 28.7 21.8 15.3 30.4	47.6 44.6 53.0 53.9 54.2 53.6	34.4 43.5 18.2 24.3 30.5 15.9	40.7 43.6 35.6 38.2 40.6 34.9	

Table A-25: Persons at work, by hours of work, and class of worker

September 1966 (Percent distribution)

			Agric	ulture				Nonag	ricultural i	ndustries		
	1		Wage and	2.4	T		W	age and sa	lary worke	rs		[
Hours of work	Total	Total salary em	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers	Total	Total	Private house- holds	Govern- ment	Other	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers	
Total at work thousands	71,253	4,266	1,398	2,155	712	66,988	60,643	2,392	9,879	48,372	5,762	583
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 to 34 hours	19.1	30.9	37.8	20.4	49.0	18.3	17.9	66.9	13.7	16.3	21.2	36.0
1 to 14 hours	6.0 5.1	9.7 9.8	17.0 9.3	8.3 6.0	22.2	5.8 4.8	5.6	42.7 12.1	3.5	4.2	8.1 4.7	22.4
22 to 29 hours	4.0	6.3	5.4	3.0	18.0	3.8	4.7 3.8	7.0	4.1 2.8	3.8	4.0	7.2
30 to 34 hours	4.0	5.1 16.6	6.2	3.1 12.3	8.8 20.9	3.9 48.3	3.8 51.0	5.1 21.0	3.4 60.5	3.9 50.5	4.4 22.6	6.3 24.1
35 to 39 hours	6.1	6.5	7.4	4.1	12.1	6.1	6.2	5.5	6.2	6.3	4.6	7.9
40 hours	40.3	10.1	13.6	8.2	8.8	42.2	44.7	15.5	54.3	44.2	18.0	16.3
41 to 47 hours	34.5 8.0	52.5 4.9	6.3	67.3 4.0	30.1 4.4	33.4 8.2	31.1 8.3	12.2 3.1	25.8 8.2	33.1 8.6	56.2 6.9	39.9 5.8
48 hours	6.7	4.5	4.1	5.1	4.1	6.8	6.9	1.8	4.3	7.7	6.2	6.5
49 hours and over	19.8 7.0	43.1 7.2	30.7	58.4 8.4	21.6 4.9	18.3 7.0	15.9 6.6	7.3	13.4	16.8	43.1 11.5	27.6 6.7
55 to 59 hours	3.0	3.5	5.0	2.9	2.5	3.0	2.9	.8	2.8	3.0	4.4	2.1
60 to 69 hours	5.4 4.3	13.2 19.2	9.6	18.0 29.0	5.8 8.4	4.9 3.4	4.1 2.3	1.6 1.4	3.1	2.4	13.5 13.7	7.7 11.1
Average hours, total at work	40.8	45.7	39.0	52.7	37.4	40.4	39.9	22.9	40.2	40.7	46.3	41.3

Table A-26: Summary employment and unemployment estimates, by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Employment status	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	June 1966	May 1966.	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Jan. 1966	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Sept. 1965
TOTAL													
Total labor force	80,342	80,549		80,185		79,674	79,315	79,279		79,408		78,606	
Civilian labor force	77,113	77,371		77,086		76,666		76,355		76,567		75,846	
Employed	74,165	74,338		73,997		73,799		73,521		73,441		72,561	
Agriculture	4,049	4,158		4,238			4,363	4,442		4,486		4,551	
	70,116	70,130		69,759		69,317		69,079		68,955		68,010	
	56,742	57,394		56,717		55,421		55,954		55,884		54,725	
On part-time for economic reasons 1	1,636	1,716	1,977	2,004			1,622	1,681	1,819	1,745	1,819	1,821	
Usually work full time	832	356	975		839	776	820	899	902	766	817	848	843
Usually work part time	804	860	1,002	964	768	795	802	782	917	979	1,002	973	
On voluntary part-time schedules <sup>1</sup>	8,324	8,412	8,011	7,790	7,985	8,167	8,016	7,948	8,070	8,030	7,915	7,884	
Unemployed	2,948	3,033	3,026	3,089	3,037	2,867	2,906	2,834	3,039	3,126	3,197	3,285	3,314
MEN, 20 YEARS AND OVER													}
Civilian labor force	44,666	44,833		44,780		44,836		44,823		44,751		44,539	
Employed	43,583	43,691		43,621		43,772		43,680		43,579		43,234	
Agriculturé	2,884	2,855		2,860			2,980	2,990			2,933		3,120
Nonagricultural industries	40,699	40,836		40,761		40,737		40,690		40,544			40,165
Unemployed	1,083	1,142	1,159	1,159	1,064	1,064	1,158	1,143	1,184	1,172	1,235	1,305	1,361
WOMEN, 20 YEARS AND OVER													
Civilian labor force	24,930	24,481		24,226		24,000		24,016		24,121			23,774
Employed		23,527		23,286		23,133		23,145		23,157			22,771 697
Agriculture		647	687	682	632	728	732	754	765	769	684	749	
Nonagricultural industries		22,880		22,604		22,405		22,391		22,388		989	22,074
Unemployed	948	954	888	940	961	867	854	871	917	964	1,030	909	1,003
BOTH SEXES, 14-19 YEARS													
Civilian labor force	7,517	8,057	8,041		7,525	7,830		7,516		7,695		7,528	
Employed	6,600	7,120	7,062			6,894		6,696		6,705	6,647	6,537	
Agriculture	532	656	603		583	719	651	698	728	682	656	671	
Nonagricultural industries	6,068	6,464	6,459		5,930	6,175	6,075	5,998	6,155	6,023		5,866	
Unemployed	917	937	979	990	1,012	936	894	820	938	990	932	991	950

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These categories will not add to the nonagricultural industries total because of the exclusion of persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey week.

Table A-27: Seasonally adjusted rates of unemployment

Selected unemployment rates	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	June 1966	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Jan. 1966	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Oct. 1965	Sept. 1965
Total (all civilian workers)	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.7	3.8	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4
Men, 20 years and over	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.0
20-24 years	4.3	4.8	3.6	5.0	4.9	4.3	5.0	4.4	4.2	5.1	5.7	5.5	5.9
25 years and over	2.2	2.3	2.5	2,3	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.7
Women, 20 years and over	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.9	4.0	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.2	4.2
Both sexes, 14-19 years		11.6	12.2	12.3	13.4	12.0	11.7	10.9	12.0	12.9	12.3	13.2	13.2
White workers	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.9	3.9
Nonwhite workers	7.8	8.2	7.9	7.9	7.6	7.0	7.2	7.0	7,0	7.5	8.1	7.9	8.1
Married men	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2
Full-time workers 1	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.8	4.0
Blue-collar workers	4.1	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.1
Experienced wage and salary workers	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.0
Labor force time lost	4.2	4.3	4.6	4.8	4.4	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mbox{Adjusted}$  by provisional seasonal factors.

Table A-28: Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(in thousands)

Duration of unemployment	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	June 1966	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Jan. 1966	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	Oct. 1965	Sept. 1965
Less than 5 weeks	807	1,666 927 451 249 202	1,710 912 435 220 215	1,816 815 476 251 225	1,789 856 536 261 275	1,625 670 603 343 260	1,543 787 588 319 269	1,514 721 579 315 264	1,548 738 661 354 307	1,532 869 660 355 305	1,618 903 644 334 310	1,562 992 697 350 347	1,703 858 728 384 344
civilian labor force	.6	.6	.6	.6	.7	.8	.8	-,8	.9	.9	.8	.9	1.0

### HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Table A-29: Rates of unemployment by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

Age and sex	Sept.	Aug.	July	June	May	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Dec.	Nov.	0et.	Sept.
	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1965	1965	1965	1965
Total, 14 years and over	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.0	3•7	3.8	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4
14 to 17 years	13.3	11.9	12.6	12.6	14.7	12.5	13.1	11.7	12.7	14.7	13.2	13.0	13.5
	9.4	7.3	7.8	7.8	9.5	6.4	6.7	7.8	8.7	12.4	9.0	6.7	5.5
	15.2	14.1	14.9	15.0	17.2	15.6	16.3	13.5	14.7	15.8	15.4	16.0	17.3
18 years and over  18 and 19 years  20 to 24 years  25 years and over  25 to 54 years  55 years and over	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.9	3.9
	10.9	11.1	12.1	12.3	11.9	11.8	10.4	10.3	11.2	11.6	11.3	13.5	12.5
	5.2	5.5	4.6	5.8	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.4	5.6	6.6	5.9	5.9
	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.1
	2.6	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.2
	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.4	2.8	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.0
Males, 18 years and over	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.4	3.3
18 and 19 years	10.0	9.5	10.9	11.5	10.8	10.3	9.9	9.3	9.7	9.9	8.7	12.9	10.2
	4.3	4.8	3.6	5.0	4.9	4.3	5.0	4.4	4.2	5.1	5.7	5.5	5.9
	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.7
	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5
	2.7	2.8	3.1	2.6	3.0	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.7	3.1	3.4	3.4
Females, 18 years and over	4.3	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.0	4.8	4.9
18 and 19 years	12.1	12.8	13.5	13.1	13.3	13.5	11.1	11.5	13.1	13.6	14.3	14.1	15.1
	6.5	6.5	5.9	6.8	6.4	6.4	5.5	5.9	7.1	6.3	7.7	6.5	5.7
	3.3	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9
	3.7	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.9	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.9	4.1	4.5	4.6
	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.6	2.0	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.9	2.9	2.1	2.3

Table A-30: Employed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands) Sept. 1966 Aug. July May Mer. Jan. June Age and sex 1966 1966 1966 1966 1966 1966 1966 1966 <u> 1965</u> 1965 1965 1965 73,231 73,441 74,165 74,338 74,072 73,799 73,435 73,521 73,715 72,914 72,561 Total, 14 years and over ....... 73,997 72,297 3,231 3,382 1,223 3,401 3,257 1,079 3,412 3,438 3,489 3,546 1,221 3,392 14 and 15 years . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1,214 1,139 1,198 1,107 1,258 1,142 1,155 1,198 1,167 1,115 16 and 17 years ......... 2,178 2,325 2,273 2,240 2,124 2,231 2,159 2,255 2,325 2,251 2,203 2,225 2,086 18 years and over ........ 70,837 70,805 70,616 70,440 70,057 70,304 70,017 70,100 70,212 70,069 69,521 69,230 69,189 3,418 3,392 7,979 7,850 58,907 58,775 3,347 3,424 7,792 7,759 58,961 59,029 30,392 30,397 28,641 28,676 3,370 3,226 7,739 7,738 58,960 58,557 30,410 30,118 3,120 3,014 7,684 7,767 58,426 58,408 29,971 29,954 3,294 3,595 7,856 7,948 59,687 59,262 3,542 3,294 8,010 7,997 58,888 58,766 3,542 8,010 18 and 19 years . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3,586 7,989 59,041 25 years and over . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 30,372 30,139 29,162 29,059 30,086 30,175 28,798 28,588 25 to 44 years..... 30,139 30,028 30,211 30,244 28,904 45 years and over ...... 28,715 28,615 28,587 28,411 45,548 45,397 45,634 45,467 45,487 45,474 Males, 18 years and over . . . 45,326 45,614 45,572 45,420 45,137 44,953 44,947 1,776 1,942 4,524 4,615 1,874 1,874 1,946 1,895 1,783 1,850 1,839 1,689 1,654 18 and 19 years..... 1,897 1,780 4,624 4,605 4,594 39,046 39,020 20,444 20,565 18,583 18,439 4,623 4,595 39,137 38,998 20,578 20,576 18,571 18,493 4,549 4,553 39,088 39,024 20,633 20,530 18,498 18,521 4,543 4,569 39,038 38,788 20,546 20,445 18,490 18,316 1,469 4,498 38,795 38,795 20,408 20,438 18,357 18,349 20 to 24 years...... 39,026 39,057 20,353 20,382 39,002 20,363 18,576 45 years and over . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 18,659 18,647 Females, 18 years and over .. 24,892 24,660 25,511 25,191 25,044 24,670 24,550 24,613 24,738 24,649 24,384 24,277 24,242 1,497 3,243 19,873 20,005 9,759 9,867 10,143 10,155 18 and 19 years......... 1,645 1,544 1,518 1,446 1,518 1,653 1,640 1,511 1,531 1,431 1,360 3,356 3,255 19,770 19,777 9,633 9,668 10,144 10,122 3,196 3,169 19,922 19,769 9,864 9,673 3,332 3,333 20,661 20,205 10,019 9,757 3,365 20,039 9,665 3,405 3,403 19,842 19,746 9,642 9,610 20 to 24 years..... 3,215 3,269 19,631 19,613 9,563 9,516 10,012 9,986 25 years and over ..... 10,328 10,215 10,149 10,095 10.097

NOTE: Due to the independent seasonal adjustment of several of the series, detail will not necessarily add to totals.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL EMPLOYMENT

Table B-1: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division 1919 to date

(In thousands)

					,	(In thousand	18/						
			Contract	Manufac-	Transpor-	Wholes	ale and reta	il trade	Finance,	Service	L	Government	
Year and month	TOTAL	Mining	construc- tion	turing	public utilities	Total	Wholesale trade	Rotail trade	insumoce, and real estate	and miscel- laneous	Total	Federal	State and local
1919	27,088	1,133	1,021	10,659	3,711	4,514	-	-	1,111	2,263	2,676	-	_
1920	27,350	1,239	848	10.658	3,998	4,467	-	-	1.175	2,362	2,603	-	-
1921	24,382	962	1,012	8,257	3,459	4,589		-	1,163	2,412	2,528	-	-
1922	25,827 28,394	929 1,212	1,185	9,120	3,505 3,882	4,903 5,290	-	-	1,144	2,503 2,684	2,538 2,607	:	-
1923	20,354	1,616	1,229	10,500	3,002	,,250	-	•	1,190	2,004	2,001	•	-
1924	28,040	1,101	1,321	9,671	3,807	5,407	-	-	1,231	2,782	2,720	-	-
1925	28,778	1,089	1,446	9,939	3,826	5,576	-	-	1,233	2,869	2,800	-	-
1920	29,819 29,976	1,185	1,555	10,156 10,001	3,942 3,895	5,784	-	-	1,305 1,367	3,046 3,168	2,846	-	•
1926 1927 1928	30,000	1,050	1,606	9,947	3,828	5,908 5,874		-	1,435	3,265	2,915		-
	l			1		١.				l	1		
1929		1,087	1,497	10,702	3,916 3,685	6,123	-	-	1,509	3,440	3,065	533	2,532
1931	26,649	1,009	1,372	9,562	3,254	5,797 5,284		-	1,407	3,376 3,183	3,148 3,264	526 560	2,622 2,704
1932	23,628	731	970	6.931	2.816	4,683		-	1,341	2,931	3,225		1 2.666
1933	23,711	744	809	7,397	2,672	4,755	-	-	1,295	2,873	3,166	559 565	2,601
1934	25,953	883	862	8,501	2 750	5.080			, ,,	2.050		(50	ì
1935	27,053	897	912	9,069	2,750 2,786	5,281 5,431		-	1,319	3,058 3,142	3,299 3,481	652 753	2, <i>6</i> 47 2,728
1936	29,082	946	1,145	9,827	2,973	5,809		-	1,388	13.326	3,668	826	2,842
1937	31,026	1,015	1,112	10,794	3,134	6,265	-	-	1,432	3,518	3,756	833	2,923
1938	29,209	891	1,055	9,440	2,863	6,179	-	-	1,425	3,473	3,883	829	3,054
1939	30,618	854	1,150	10,278	2,936	6,426	1,684	4,742	1,462	3,517	3,995	905	3,090
1940	32,376 36,554	925	1,294	10,985	3,038	6,750	1,754	4,996	1.502	3.681	4,202	996	3,206
1941	36,554	957	1,790	13,192	3,274	7,210	1,873	5,338	1,549	3.921	4,660	1,340	3,320
1942	40,125 42,452	992 925	2,170 1,567	15,280	3,460 3,647	7,118 6,982	1,821	5,297 5,241	1,538	4,084	5,483	2,213	3,270
±,,,	72,772	767	1,,01	11,002	3,041	0,902	1,141	7,041	1,502	4,148	6,080	2,905	3,174
1944		892	1,094	17,328	3,829	7,058	1,762	5,296	1,476	4,163	6,043	2,928	3,116
1945	40,394	836	1,132	15,524	3,906	7,314	1,862	5,452	1,497	4,241	5,944	2,808	3,137
1940	41,674 43,881	862 955	1,661	14,703	4,061 4,166	8,376	2,190 2,361	6,186	1,697	4,719	5,595	2,254	3,341
1946 1947 1948	44,891	994	2,169	15,582	4,189	8,955 9,272	2,489	6,595 6,783	1,754	5,050 5,206	5,474 5,650	1,892 1,863	3,582 3,787
	i	1		1	<b>)</b> .	1	. '		1			_,	1
1 <i>9</i> 49 1950	43,778 45,222	930	2,165	14,441	4,001	9,264	2,487	6,778	1,857	5,264	5,856	1,908	3,948
1951	47,849	929	2,333 2,603	15,241	4,034 4,226	9,386	2,518 2,606	6,868 7,136	1,919	5,382 5,576	6,026	1,928 2,302	4,098 4,087
1952	48,825	898 866	2,634	16,632	4,248	10,004	2,687	7,317	2,069	5.730	6,609	2,420	4,188
1953	50,232	866	2,623	17,549	4,290	10,247	2,727	7,520	2,146	5,867	6,645	2,305	4,340
1954	49,022	791	2,612	16,314	4,084	10,235	2,739	7,496	2,234	6,002	6,751	0.100	1. 560
1955	50,675	792	2,802	16,882	4,141	10,535	2.796	7,740	2,335	6,274	6,914	2,188 2,187	4,563 4,727
1956	52,408	822	2,999	17,243	14,244	10,858	2,884	7.974	2,429	6,536	7,277	2,209	5.069
1957	52,894	826	2,923	17,174	4,241	10,886	2,893	7,992	2,477	6,749	7,616	2,217	5,399 5,648
1950	51,363	751	2,778	15,945	3,976	10,750	2,848	7,902	2,519	6,806	7,839	2,191	5,648
1959 1960	53,313	732	2,960	16,675	4,011	11,127	2,946	8,182	2,594	7,130	8,083	2,233	5,850
1960	54,234	712	2,885	16,796	4,004	11,391	3,004	8,388	2,669	7,423	8,353	2,270	6,083
1962	54,042 55,596	672 650	2,816 2,902	16,326 16,853	3,903 3,906	11,337 11,566	2,993 3,056	8,344 8,511	2,731	7,664	8,594	2,279	6,315
1961 1962 1963	56,702	635	2,963	16,995	3,903	11,778	3,104	8,675	2,877	8,028 8,325	8,890 9,225	2,340 2,358	6,550 6,868
1964	58,332	634	3,050	17,274	3,951	12,160	3 <b>,1</b> 89	8,971	2,957	8,709	9,596	2,348	7,249
1965	60,770	632	3,181	18,032	4,033	12,683	3,317	9,366	3,019	9,098	10,091	2,378	7,713
1965: September		631	3,460	18,477		12,750	3,370	9,380	3,045	9,235	10,152	2,373	7,779
October November.	62,141 62,392	633	3,431	18,461	4,104	12,852	3,388	9,464	3,038	9,263	10,359	2,384	7,975
December.	63,038	635 632	3,341 3,167	18,496 18,473	4,092 4,087	13,078	3,394 3,4 <b>1</b> 5	9,684 10,347	3,033 3,034	9,245	10,472	2,402 2,543	8,070
1966: January	61,439	621	2,940	18,333	4,026	1				9,245	l .		8,095
February.	61,622	617	2,818	18,518	4,026	12,835	3,371 3,367	9,464 9,371	3,0 <b>1</b> 8 3,024	9,176 9,250	10,490	2,406 2,431	8,084 8,191
March	62,243	620	2,981	18,651	4,056	12,826	3,374	9,452	3,043	9,331	10,022	2,460	8,275
April	62,928	590	3,156	18,774	4,077	13,015	3,386	9,629	3,056	9,465	10,795	2,493	8,302
May June	63,465 64,563	630 645	3,277	18,906	4,115	13,061	3,400	9,661	3,070	9,572	10,834	2,513	8,321
		645	3,521	19,258	4,180	13,239	3,473	9,766	3,112	9,702	10,906	2,592	8,314
July August	64,274 64,482	645 649	3,623 3,636	19,123	4,171 4,150	13,225	3,511 3,516	9,714	3,148	9,782	10,557	2,637 2,641	7,920 7,872
September		642	3,520	19,524	4,208	13,245	3,484	9 <b>,7</b> 08 9 <b>,</b> 761	3,146 3,100	9,766 9,700	10,513	2,641 2,611	7,872
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NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 beachmark month.

Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

(In thousands)

			(in t	housands)							
SIC				l employees					ction workers		
Code	Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
	TOTAL · · · ·	64,880	64,482	64,274	61,863	61,324		2200			
	MINING	642	649	645	631	644	500	50 <b>7</b>	502	493	504
10 101 102	METAL MINING Iron ores. Copper ores.	- - -	88.4 26.5 33.2	87.7 25.8 33.0	83.8 26.1 29.6	85.5 26.3 31.0	-	73•5 22•4 27•2	72 <b>.</b> 8 21.7 27.0	69.8 22.1 24.4	71.0 22.2 25.5
11,12 12	COAL MINING	 	142.3 134.1	139.5 131.9	135.4 125.6	139.0 129.5		123.8 116.6	121.0 114.3	117.7 108.9	121.2 112.7
13 131,2 138	CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS Crude petroleum and natural gas fields Oil and gas field services	- - -	291.0 157.0 134.0	289.6 156.9 132.7	287.0 156.8 130.2	293.6 160.3 133.3		203.3 87.3 116.0	202.1 87.3 114.8	201.4 88.5 112.9	206.9 91.3 115.6
14 142 144	QUARRYING AND NONMETALLIC MINING Crushed and broken stone		127.6 44.2 42.5	127.8 14.3 42.4	124.8 43.4 42.6	125•7 43•9 42•8	- - -	106.2 37.9 -	106.5 37.9 -	104.3 37.2 -	105.0 37.7 -
	CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	3,520	3,636	3,623	3,460	3,541	3,028	3,137	3,122	2,979	3,056
	GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS		1,165.9	1,153.3	1,077.7	1,105.8		1,019.0	1,004.4	934•5	961.1
16 161 162	HEAVY CONSTRUCTION	- - -	781.2 412.4 368.8	782.2 411.7 370.5	752.1 398.1 354.0	781.0 419.6 361.4	- - -	690•3 375•3 315•0	690.5 374.4 316.1	662.5 362.8 299.7	690.9 383.3 307.6
17 171 172 173 174	SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS  Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning  Painting, paperhanging, and decorating  Electrical work  Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work  Roofing and sheet metal work	- - -	1,688.8 383.3 161.6 260.3 253.6 118.3	1,687.8 384.6 157.7 255.2 253.4 117.8	1,630.4 376.2 161.3 239.1 252.4 116.0	1,654.0 380.8 164.8 243.3 251.7 118.3	1 1 1 1 1	1,428.1 311.6 145.6 211.5 232.2 %.8	1,427.3 312.9 141.8 206.4 231.8 96.2	1,381.5 308.2 146.6 193.3 231.2 95.0	1,404.4 311.9 150.0 197.2 230.6 97.2
-	MANUFACTURING	19,524	19,398	19,123	18,477	18,263	14 <b>,</b> 569	14,423	14,159	13,811	13,578
19,24,25, 32-39	DURABLE GOODS	11,418	11,256	11,213	10,614	10,418	8,484	8,311	8,277	7,896	7,692
20-23, 26-31	HONDURABLE GOODS	8,106	8,142	7,910	7,863	7,845	6,085	6,112	5,882	5 <b>,</b> 915	5,886
19 192 1925 194 191,3569	Durable Goods  ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES Ammunition, except for small arms. Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories	264.2 195.8 - - 53.9	162 <b>.</b> 9	256.4 189.5 162.9 14.6 52.3	230.9 175.3 157.2 12.5 43.1	226.8 172.8 155.5 12.3 41.7	127.4 83.4 - - 38.0	122.8 79.4 55.5 6.2 37.2	120.2 77.2 55.6 6.2 36.8	99•7 65•1 51•5 5•0 29•6	95.8 62.8 49.9 4.9 28.1
24	LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE	638 <b>.</b> 2	650.2	648.5	629.6	637.8	<b>5</b> 58 <b>.</b> 9	569.8	568.5	55 <b>3.</b> 4	561.6
241 242 2421 243 2431 2432 244 2441,2 249	Logging camps and logging contractors Sawmills and planing mills. Sawmills and planing mills, general Millwork, plywood, and related products Millwork Veneer and plywood. Wooden containers Wooden boxes, shook, and crates Miscellaneous wood products	104.8 251.4 168.6 - 35.7	107.3 256.6 216.3 171.8 73.4 77.1 36.5 28.5	106.2 256.5 217.4 172.5 73.1 78.0 36.1 28.3	97.1 256.7 218.1 166.9 72.5 75.0 34.6 26.3	98.3 259.9 221.1 169.9 73.9 75.5 35.1 26.8	229.6 141.7 32.0	234.4 197.6 144.2 59.2 70.4 32.9 25.7 66.9	234.6 198.8 145.6 58.9 71.3 32.2 25.4	235.2 200.1 140.5 58.8 68.5 31.2 23.7 63.4	238.1 202.8 143.5 60.2 68.9 31.7 24.1 63.9

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands)

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(In	thousands)							
SIC			A	lli employee	s		ľ	Pro	duction work	ers 1	
Code	Industry	Sept.	Aug.	July	Sept.	Aug.	Sept.	Aug.	July	Sept.	Aug.
		1966	1966	1966	1965	1965	1966	1966	1966	1965	1965
					1						
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		ļ.	į.	Ì	ł		\$	ļ	Į		
	Durable GoodsContinued	ļ	ļ	}	[	İ	ŀ	1	}		
		1	1	İ	}	l	Ì	1	1		
		1	i	j	}	1	j	1	1	1	İ
		j	1	J	1	1	J	1	1	ļ	
25	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	464.1	466.0	451.9	437.5	432.8	385.2	387.4	374.4	363.8	359.4
251	Household furniture	334.6	334.0	325.9	314.2	311.5	285.9	285.9	278.4	269.1	266.7
2511	Wood house furniture, unupholstered		175.4	170.2	164.1	162.2		156.0	151.1	146.4	144.8
2512	Wood house furniture, upholstered	-	83.5	82.4	79.9	78.6	i -	69.6	68.7	66.6	65.5
2515	Mattresses and bedsprings	-	38.8	38.2	37.2	37.1	l –	30.8	30.4	29.4	29.3
252	Office furniture		33.9	33.5	30.4	30.0	l –	26.3	26.3	23.8	23.5
254	Partitions; office and store fixtures	-	48.6	46.5	45.3	45.2	-	36.4	34.4	34.1	33.9
253,9	Other furniture and fixtures	48.0	49.5	46.0	47.6	46.1	37.2	38.8	35.3	36.8	35.3
		1	1 .,,,	1010	1	1012	1 3,1-	] 50.0	37,3	]	3,13
			ł		1			i	ļ	ì	·
		1	I		1		1	1	1	1	
32	STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	650.9	660.5	661.6	649.8	648.7	523.8	532.7	532.7	524.8	522.0
321	Flat glass		32.6	32.4	33.4	33.0	-	25.4	25.4	27.0	26.5
322	Glass and glassware, pressed or blown		126.5	125.2	118.0	117.9	109.6	110.5	109.4	103.1	103.0
3221	Glass containers		69.4	69.4	66.0	66.8		61.7	61.6	58.4	59.2
3229	Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c	-	57.1	55.8	52.0	51.1	-	48.8	47.8	44.7	43.8
324	Cement, hydraulic		39.6	39.6	39.0	39.2	30.3	30.9	30.9	30.4	30.5
325	Structural clay products		72.1	72.7	71.4	71.2	58.5	60.5	61.9	60.9	60.4
3251	Brick and structural clay tile		32.4	32.8	32.3	32.7		28.8	29.3	28.8	29.0
326	Pottery and related products		42.7	42.2	45.5	44.1	۱ ـ	36.2	35.4	39.0	37.5
327	Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	183.3	187.7	189.4	186.3	188.3	142.1	146.0	146.9	144.8	146.1
328,9	Other stone and mineral products		136.4			132.7	102.4		103.4	100.5	99.8
3291	Abrasive products		28.8	136.3	133.0	26.1	1 -02.7	103.7	19.8		17.4
) <del>-</del> /-		ŀ	20.0	20.0	[ 20.0	20.1		20.0	1 19.0	17.3	1 -1
		1		}		i	l		1	1	
33	PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	1 351.6	1,356.2	1,353.4	1,312.4	1.320.7	1,102.7	1,104.4	1,102.2	1,071.4	1,078.3
331	Blast furnace and basic sreel products	671.6	670.7	676.9	663.3	682.5	549.6	547.0	553.6	542.2	560.4
3312	Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills		590.6	596.2	585.2	605.8	7.5.0	483.5	489.7	480.2	499.8
332	Iron and steel foundries	ſ			229.1	225.7	202.3	203.5	201.4	196.2	192.8
3321	Gray iron foundries		238.7 140.4	236.7				120.8			114.4
3322	Malleable iron foundries			139.3	135.8	133.0	_		119.5	117.4	
3323	Steel foundries		27.2	27.3	26.6	26.2	_	23.0	23.1	22.6	22.2
333,4	Nonferrous smelting and refining	1	71.1	70.1	66.7	66.5	1	59.7	58.8	56.2	56.2
335	Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding.	209.9	78.5	79.2	75.1	75.1 194.0	59.2 162.8	60.3 163.6	158.7	58.7 152.8	58.4 148.5
3351	Copper rolling, drawing, and extruding	203.3	49.4	206.5 48.0	46.9	45.6	-	38.1	36.3	36.3	34.8
3352	Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding.	_	68.2	67.6	64.4	63.9	_	53.6		50.0	49.3
3357	Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating		70.4			64.3			53.0	51.9	50.1
336	Nonferrous foundries		88.6	67.4	65.9	80.7	74.4	55.2	52.3	68.8	67.7
3361	Aluminum castings		43.8	85.7				75.1	72.0	34.2	
3362,9	Other nonferrous castings		44.8	43.0	40.1	39.4	_	37.7	36.7		33.4
339	Miscellaneous primary metal industries		68.4	42.7	41.7	41.3	54.4	37.4	35.3	34.6	34.3
3391	Iron and steel forgings			68.4	65.4	62.7		54.9	55.2	52.7	50.5
2291	non and steer roughings	_	45.4	45.4	44.0	41.4		36.9	37.1	36.2	34.0
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34	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS		1,362.4	1,339.2	1,294.3	1,274.9	1,064.2	1,059.4	1,035.2	1,005.4	984.9
341	Metal cans	64.9	66.1	66.0	65.0	64.9	55.0	56.3	56.2	55.2	55.2
342	Cutlery, hand rools, and general hardware	162.9	160.0	155.3	155.6	152.9	129.8	126.6	121.1	122.6	119.8
3421,3,5	Cutlery and hand tools, including saws		65.3	63.2	61.5	60.6	-	52.5	50.2	48.8	47.8
3429	Hardware, n.e.c.		94.7	92.1	94.1	92.3	-	74.1	70.9	73.8	72.0
343	Heating equipment and plumbing fixtures	78.8	79.6	78.1	80.0	78.2	59.1	59.8	58.6	60.3	58.8
3431,2	Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods .	-	35.8	34.9	37-3	36.4	-	28.8	28.0	30.4	29.5
3433	Heating equipment, except electric	(	43.8	43.2	42.7	41.8		31.0	30.6	29.9	29.3
344	Fabricated structural metal products	410.4	412.8	410.7	387.8	388.7	300.3	302.4	300.5	282.6	283.2
3441	Fabricated structural steel	-	112.8	٦٠٠.7	106.8	108.3	-	84.5	83.3	79.8	81.2
3442	Metal doors, sash, frames, and trim		70.7	70.1	69.7	69.4	-	51.8	51.2	51.2	50.9
3443	Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	-	108.4	107.8	100.4	100.7	-	77.2	76.6	70.4	70.4
3444	Sheet metal work	I -	74.7 46.2	75.1 46.0	68.8	68.7	-	54.7 34.2	55.3 34.1	50.6	50.5
3446,9	Architectural and misc. metal work	1 .			42.1	41.6		34.2	34.1	30.6	30.2
345	Screw machine products, bolts, etc		108.1	107.2	99•5	98.5	86.5	85.6	84.7	79.1	77.8
3451	Screw machine products		55.0	49.2	45.1	44.7	-	42.7	42.0	38.5	37.8
3452	Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers .		58.1	58.0	54.4	53.8	l -	42.9	42.7	40.6	40.0
346	Metal stampings	240.3	232.6	221.5	225.3	211.3	192.1	188.1	176.8	183.8	170.0
347	Coating, engraving, and allied services	85.0	83.6	81.6	77.6	76.5	72.2	70.6	68.5	65.3	63.9
348	Miscellaneous fabricated wire products		67.8	67.9	63.0	62.4	54.8	55.2	55.1	51.0	50.4
349	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	151.1	151.8	150.9		141.5	114.4	114.8	11,3.7	105.5	105.8
3494,8	Valves, pipe, and pipe fittings	i -	88.5	150.9	82.5	141.5 84.7	l ~	63.9	63.3		61.2

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands) All employees Production workers 1 SIC July Industry Aug. 1965 Aug. 1965 July Sept. 1966 Code 1966 1965 1966 Durable Goods -- Continued 1,887.5 98.4 34.4 64.0 1,743.7 90.8 31.7 1,732.6 90.4 32.6 1,204.9 1,891.6 94.7 1,891.0 1,333.2 64.5 1,323.7 1,221.3 1,325.2 35 351 MACHINERY........... 99.0 34.3 64.7 18.0 18.6 20.2 20.2 3511 Steam engines and turbines . . . . . . . . . 48.3 57.8 47.3 43.9 Internal combustion engines, n.e.c. . . . . 3519 104.5 95.9 174.6 143.9 145.2 106.7 352 Farm machinery and equipment..... 278.3 279.0 154.5 281.4 259.7 140.9 255.6 136.9 190.2 190.7 192.9 178.0 353 Construction and related machinery . . . . . 109.4 153.4 40.5 100.0 96.9 3531,2 Construction and mining machinery . . . . 39.5 38.0 39.5 39.2 27.6 27.1 3533 Oil field machinery and equipment . . . . \_ 39.9 41.0 26.0 27.0 24.7 3535,6 Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes. 304.3 73.8 102.9 232.0 52.5 86.6 334.2 81.0 334.8 81.0 307.4 74.8 255.1 252.7 56.6 252.7 56.4 Metalworking machinery and equipment . . . 336.5 227.8 354 51.1 84.1 3541 Machine tools, metal cutting types . . . \_ 105.0 92.9 46.1 112.6 113.9 3544 Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures . . 45.3 40.3 52.6 61.9 54.7 40.0 3545 78.8 72.8 194.1 40.2 72.9 57.1 140.6 78.7 57.0 52.6 3542,8 204.0 203.0 43.1 44.0 28.7 141.1 134.2 132.6 193.4 40.1 139.9 27.8 203.3 42.8 Special industry machinery . . . . . . . . . . . . 25.9 34.3 19.0 27.7 34.6 20.2 25.5 3551 Food products machinery . . . . . . . . . . . . . 44.4 28.4 44.2 26.9 43.9 26.8 34.1 20.3 3552 3555 280.7 280.5 263.5 189.7 186.8 187.2 281.9 260.7 175.9 177.0 356 General industrial machinery . . . . . . . . . 44.3 46.4 43.6 46.2 39.0 45.4 42.1 44.4 77.i 76.2 68.3 72.6 3561 Pumps; air and gas compressors . . . . . 59•3 53•4 214•8 59.5 52.8 57•3 49•8 56.4 3562 49.3 39.7 37.4 36.7 39.0 Mechanical power transmission goods . 3566 194.8 1<sup>1</sup>+9.7 218.6 217.4 193.2 129.2 127.1 116.1 113.2 129.5 357 Office, computing, and accounting machines 93.6 92.6 82.1 165.9 164.4 85.7 83.6 3571 Computing machines and cash registers . 82.6 117.0 76.4 117.5 119.3 110.7 110.7 76.4 Service industry machines . . . . . . . . . . . . . 358 69.5 188.2 52.3 168.0 51.4 167.6 3585 Refrigeration, except home refrigerators . 74.1 214.2 68.0 46.6 47.8 73.1 212.4 169.4 214.2 149.5 146.1 359 191.4 .936.0 1,887.8 ,698.9 ,664.1 1,344.9 .140.7 1,955.5 1,302,2 1,172.6 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES . . . 365.7 173•2 57•4 46•7 134.2 45.3 197.6 68.2 195.0 174.5 58.1 136.4 46.0 119.2 38.3 117.7 Electric distribution equipment..... 198.0 137.0 361 67.3 52.3 37.5 Electric measuring instruments . . . . . . 3611 47.2 37.8 52.9 37.2 33.5 47.4 3612 Power and distribution transformers . . . 33.1 76.5 75.4 69.2 52.6 51.7 47.1 69.1 Switchgear and switchboard apparatus... Electrical industrial apparatus..... 3613 158.1 220.3 220.1 118.7 216.6 118.7 194.6 105.3 193.7 158.8 155.0 85.7 362 3621 39.7 134.1 40.8 58.7 53.2 52.6 41.7 35.0 3622 165.2 58.9 30.8 160.2 47.4 26.7 188.1 173.4 166.0 148.9 145.6 48.3 130.1 41.6 124.1 363 51.4 51.5 26.6 37.6 3632 \_ 30.3 23.3 20.3 23.9 Household laundry equipment. . . . . . . . 3633 43.1 40.2 39.9 38.4 33.8 30.9 32.0 30.2 Electric housewares and fans 3634 137.4 28.5 46.5 62.4 148.3 194.5 192.3 190.1 176.4 170.9 152.2 150.2 132.0 Electric lighting and wiring equipment . . . 364 31.7 56.5 82.7 27.8 43.3 60.9 36.0 62.1 35.3 60.1 31.9 48.0 31.3 46.1 3641 32.4 ·\_ 3642 59.7 84.3 94.7 163.4 468.4 70.3 140.7 94.2 70.9 3643,4 145.9 421.5 115.2 149.9 238.8 Radio and TV receiving sets ...... 185.5 176.4 140.2 128.6 117.1 112.1 365 416.3 473.9 122.7 233.0 83.2 207.3 78.4 476.5 236.4 211.2 123.8 344.6 114.2 82.4 79.5 3661 306.3 315.8 62.4 Radio and TV communication equipment. 351.2 384.2 154.0 149.8 128.9 3662 376.4 74.2 296.0 54.6 289.3 52.8 239.9 43.3 196.6 233.6 42.3 Electronic components and accessories . . 383.3 308.8 295.7 76.4 3671-3 61.1 253.4 104.2 302.2 241.4 236.5 Electronic components, n.e.c. . . . . . 307.8 247.4 191.3 3674.9 Misc. electrical equipment and supplies. . . 109.3 106.3 104.5 100.8 84.4 81.5 79.7 81.2 78.0 3694 Electrical equipment for engines . . . . . 57.0 56.7 56.0 54.2 43.9 43.9 42.0 1.865.3 1,299.2 608.9 251.2 42.8 TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT ...... 1,786.5 1,775.7 862.2 ,267.6 .142.5 1.650.6 1,375.5 1,222.0 1,939.4 37 526.0 179.9 18.6 807.7 349.3 55.7 561.1 207.4 47.1 721.7 274.2 31.9 750.9 299.5 59.3 673.5 270.6 51.5 371 Motor vehicles and equipment . . . . . . . . . 864.8 675.2 362.2 63.7 3711 Passenger car bodies. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3712 28.6 36.6 37.2 35.1 33.1 29.5 30.0 266.9 26.5 3713 279.8 458.4 354.7 258.9 Motor vehicle parts and accessories . . . 3714 775•7 437•0 211•7 451.7 245.1 120.8 630.6 340.2 787.9 767.2 639.9 466.3 368.7 359.8 372 343.7 191.4 251.2 120.3 430.4 192.1 188.8 3721 187.1 106.2 211.4 Aircraft engines and engine parts . . . . 101.8 86.9 141.4 127.0 125.4 104.8 103.3 85.8 70.4 69.2 Other aircraft parts and equipment . . . . 3723,9 156.0 128.3 144.1 118.0 173.1 141.8 Ship and boat building and repairing. . . . . 167.6 170.2 159.8 138.2 133.8 130.8 373 131.6 3731 Ship building and repairing . . . . . . . . 140.1 116.4 110.0 107.4 25.0 47.5 27.7 23.8 44.7 23.4 30.1 31.3 59.1 3732 Boat building and repairing . . . . . . . . 26.1 55.2 56.9 47.9 Other transportation equipment . . . . . . . . 46.9 375,9

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands)

	r			n thousands							
SIC	Industry	a		li employee		1 <del></del>	04		duction work		T
Code	industry	Sept. 1966	Aug 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
	Durable GoodsContinued										
38 381	INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS Engineering and scientific instruments	433.7	433•3 74•1	429.3 73.4	394•7 70•7	391.8 70.4	280.0	278.8 39.0	274.9 38.1	254.9 36.8	250.7 36.1
382	Mechanical measuring and control devices .	108.0	107.4	107.1	99.2	99.0	71.1	70.3	70.0	65.3	64.5
3821	Mechanical measuring devices	-	66.6	66.4	61.6	61.1	-	41.4	41.4	38.6	37.8
3822 383,5	Automatic remperature controls	-	40.8	40.7	37.6	37.9	- ,	28.9	28.6	26.7	26.7
385	Optical and ophthalmic goods	49•7	49.0 33.3	47.6 32.5	46.1	144.9 30.5	35.6	35.0 25.4	34.0 24.8	33.2 24.0	32.2 23.2
384	Surgical, medical, and dental equipment	64.8	64.8	65.4	57.9	57.5	46.3	46.1	45.6	40.3	40.0
386	Photographic equipment and supplies	(*)	100.1	99.0	87.0	87.5	(*)	57.4	57.3	51.5	51.5
387	Watches and clocks	- '	37.9	36.8	33.8	32.5	-	31.0	29.9	27.8	26.4
	MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING						l				
39	INDUSTRIES	458.5	454.4	431.9	446.9	437.0	367.2	363.8	343.6	360.7	350.9
391 394	Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	49.5	48.9	45.3	46.6	45.8	38.4	38.1	34.9	36.7	36.0
3941-3	Toys, amusement, and sporting goods  Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles	_	130.0	121.5 74.8	135.5	129.3 86.1	_	109.4	63.1	115.6 79.0	109.4 74.0
3949	Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c.	-	46.6	46.7	14.4	43.2	_	37.8	38.1	36.6	35.4
395	Pens, pencils, office, and art materials	-	36.4	36.1	34.5	34.3	-	26.8	26.7	25.6	25.4
396	Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions	-	59.9	54.8	57.1	57-3	-	49.9	45.4	47.2	47.2
393 <b>,8,</b> 9 393	Other manufacturing industries	180.1	179.2	174.2	173.2	170.3 24.6	140.8	139.6	135.4	135.6 21.0	132.9
	musical institutions and parts	_	27.2	26.8	25•2	24.0	_	22.5	22.2	21.0	20.3
	Nondurable Goods										
20	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	1,892.1	1,892.2	1,806.8	1,873.7	1,871.1	1,291.8	1,285.3	1,200.4	1,274.4	1,265.4
201	Meat products	328.0	329.5	326.8	323.1	323•2	263.6	263.2	261.1	257.7	257.4
2011	Meat packing	-	193.1 54.2	192.9	192.8	193•2 52•6	-	149.0 38.7	149.3 38.1	148.8 37.2	148.8 37.6
2013 2015	Sausages and other prepared meats  Poultry dressing and packing	_	82.2	53.5 80.4	52 <b>.</b> 1 78 <b>.</b> 2	77.4	_	75.5	73.7	71.7	71.0
202	Dairy products	279.8	289.0	291.1	288.7	296.0	126.8	133.4	135.6	132.2	137.3
2024	Ice cream and frozen desserts		33.8	34.1	31.4	33.9	-	18.2	18.8	16.7	18.7
2026	Fluid milk	~	207.5	208.3	208.4	211.8	-	78.1	78.6	78.0	79•7
203 2031,6	Canned and preserved food, except meats	-	376.7 48.5	304.9 48.2	368.3 40.9	359.1 47.2		331.2 43.1	260.9 43.3	326.2 36.4	317.4 42.5
2032,3	Canned food, except sea foods	_	221.2	168.0	224.8	215.1		194.0	141.4	199.0	190.0
2037	Frozen food, except sea foods	-	61.0	51.1	62.4	55.9	-	55.4	45.7	57.0	50.4
204	Grain mill products	125.4	127.3	128.0	127.5	128.2	88.3	90.4	90.5	90.4 21.0	90.6
2041 2042	Flour and other grain mill products	-	29 <b>.</b> 6 5 <b>7.</b> 9	29•7 58•1	29 <b>.</b> 3 58 <b>.</b> 4	29.4 58.6	-	21.4 38.9	21.4 39.1	39.5	20.9 39.8
2042	Prepared feeds for animals and fowls Bakery products	281.2	285.6	275•5	285.8	287.7	163.4	167.0	157.1	166.4	167.9
2051	Bread, cake, and perishable products	-	242.0	240.1	242.3	244.3	-	130.9	128.8	130.1	131.6
2052	Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels	-	43.6	35.4	43.5	43.4	-	36.1	28.3	36.3	36.3
206 207	Sugar	75.1	30.8 74.7	30.4 69.5	31.1 80.3	30.4 76.4	61.8	23.7 61.4	23.3 56.1	24.3 65.9	23 <b>.7</b> 61 <b>.</b> 7
2071	Candy and other confectionery products	75.1	60.8	55.7	65.5	61.9	- 01.9	51.5	46.3	55.1	51.3
208	Beverages	231.1	239.4	241.2	225.9	228.3	119.4	124.7	126.0	116.8	116.9
2082	Malt liquors	-	64.2	66.3	63.4	64.4	-	42.9 54.1	44.7 54.9	42.2 45.3	42.5 47.8
2086 2 <b>0</b> 9	Bottled and canned soft drinks Miscellaneous food and kindred products	139.0	134.8 139.2	135.7 139.4	121.2 143.0	125.2 141.8	90.1	90.3	89.8	94.5	92.5
21	TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	93.0	88.0	73.8	101.7	92.6	80 <b>.</b> 0	75.4	61.7	89.2	80.4
211	Cigarettes	-	40.0	39.7	39.6	39.3	- ]	32.8	32.5	33.0	32.7
212	Cigars	-	22.0	21.0	24.4	24.0	-	20.5	19•5	22.7	22.3
22	TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	957.8	966.8	947.5	933.1	931.0	854.4	862.9	843.7	833.6	831.5
221	Cotton broad woven fabrics	238.5	239.7	238.3	229.3	229.5	219.5	220.2	219.3	210.1	210.5
222	Silk and synthetic broad woven fabrics	96.2	96.6 45.0	95•9 45•4	92.3	92.1	86.9	87.3	86.3	83.3	83.2
223 224	Weaving and finishing broad woolens	43.8	45.0 31.7	30.6	44.5 30.0	44.7 29.7	38.1	39•3 28•3	39•3 27•1	39.1 26.8	39•2 26•4
225	Knitting	31.8 237.7	241.8	234.1	237.9	237.6	28.5	216.9	209.5	214.3	214.0
2251	Women's full and knee length hosiery	200	55.4	54.1	53.6	53.1	213.9	50.7	49.5	48.9	48.5
2252	All other hosiery	-	43.8	43.2	44.5	44.7	-	40.2	39.4	40.9	41.2
2253 2254	Knit underweat	_	75.0 36.0	73-4	76.3 34.4	75•9 34•5	-	65.8 32.4	64.4 29.7	67.7 31.2	67.2 31.3
226	Finishing textiles, except wool and knit	76.3	76.6	33.0 75.9	74.7	75•1	64.3	64.6	63.9	63.5	63.9
227	Floor covering	-10.3	42.6	39.8	41.6	46.5	- !	34.8	32.2	34.1	33.0
228	Yarn and thread	115.8	118.0	114.4	110.1	109.8	107.4	109,6	106.1	102.1	101.9
229	Miscellaneous textile goods	74.6	74.81	73.1	72.7	72.0	61.5	61.9	60.0	60.31	59•4

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands)

	<del></del>	г		(In thousand							
SIC	Industry	Sont		ll employee:		Λίνα	Sent	Aug.	luction work	ers' . Sept.	Δ12α
Code	Humer)	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	1966	1966	1965	Aug. 1965
	Nondurable GoodsContinued				1		1				
23	APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS	1,411.1	1,422.3	1,353.1	1,382.4	1,376.6	1,253.1	1,265.6	1,198.5	1,231.5	1,225.9
231	Men's and boys' suits and coats	121.2	120.9	115.3	120.4	120.0	107.9	107.9	102.7	108.3	108.0
232 2321	Men's and boys' furnishings	368.7	372.5 133.5	360.5 131.3	358.5 130.0	358.6 130.6	332.6	336.5 120.8	325.0 118.9	325.1 118.0	325.7 118.8
2327	Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear  Men's and boys' separate trousers	_	79.0	76.8	76.1	76.9	_	74.2	72.0	71.4	72.3
2328	Work clothing	_	79.9	78.3	76.6	75.7	-	70.8	69.4	68.7	68.0
233	Women's, misses', and juniors' outerwear	429.4	435.9	412.9	425.7	427.8	383.2	390.5	368.6	381.4	382.9
2331 2335	Women's hiouses, waists, and shirts Women's, misses', and juniors' dresses	_	52.6	49.9	52.0	52.8	-	48.2	45.3	47.6	48.4 184.9
2337	Women's suits, skirts, and coats	_	208.3	191.4 97•9	207.4 96.8	206.8		186.8	170.9	185.9 87.3	89.2
2339	Women's and misses' outerwear, n.e.c	_	74.7	73.7	69.5	69.5	-	64.8	63.9	60.6	60.4
234	Women's and children's undergarments	130.7	129.1	120.4	124.6	123.4	115.8	114.7	106.1	110.2	108.9
2341 2342	Women's and children's underwear	_	85.0	79.5	82.3	81.5	_	77.1	71.6	74.9	74.1
2342	Corsets and allied garments		44.1 29.2	10.9 27.0	42.3 29.4	41.9 30.1		37.6 26.1	34.5 24.0	35•3 26•4	34.8 27.0
236	Girls' and children's outerwear	80.3	82.0	81.5	78.4	79•3	71.8	73.3	72.7	70.0	71.0
2361	Children's dresses, blouses, and shirts	-	35•9 82•1	36.2	34.9	34.8	i -	32.5 71.4	32.7 66.5	31.5	31.4
237,8 239	Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel	170.0		76.8	80.1	78.5				69.8	68.3
2391,2	Miscellaneous fabricated textile products . Housefurnishings	170.9	170.6 59.8	158.7 57.4	16 <b>5.</b> 3 59 <b>.</b> 4	158.9 57.9	145.5	145.2 51.1	132.9 48.6	140.3 51.2	134.1 49.7
	-		1			ļ	1		l .	1	
26	PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	677.7	684.1	678.2	650.0	647.2	528.0	533.6 176.9	527.8 178.0	508.1 170.9	504.5 173.4
261,2,6 263	Paper and pulp	220 <b>.</b> 2	224.0 70.4	225 <b>.</b> 1 69 <b>.</b> 5	214.5 68.4	217.5 66.3	173.8 54.8	55.7	54.9	54.5	52.4
264	Converted paper and paperboard products	171.9	174.4	171.4	162.6	162.8	126.1	128.3	125.7	119.2	119.4
2643	Bags, except textile bags	-	39.6	39.0	37.5	36.7	-	32.0	31.4	30.2	29.4
265 2651,2	Paperboard containers and boxes	216.4	215.3 69.6	212.2 67.3	204.5 66.1	200.6 64.7	173.3	172.7 58.0	169.2 55.7	163.5 55.0	159.3
2653	Folding and setup paperboard boxes Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	_	96.8	96.5	91.5	89.6	_	75.2	74.4	70.9	5 <b>3.</b> 4 68 <b>.</b> 7
	*								,	1	
	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED		1,034.6	1 020 h	987•9	985.4	650 3	657.4	653.2	628.0	624.0
27 271	Newspaper publishing and printing	1,035.0 355.1	353.4	1,030.4 354.1	347.3	347.4	658.1	177.8	178.0	177-3	176.1
272	Periodical publishing and printing	- 3//•±	73.9	73•3	347.3 71.1	70.7	-	177.8 25.8	25.2	25.9	25.5
273	Books		90.6	89.9	81.4	81.8	258.7	56.5 256.4	55.9 254.8	50.1 245.0	50.0 241.4
275	Commercial printing	329.9	327.2 207.3	325.5 206.2	313.1 200.5	309 <b>.</b> 1	250.7	164.0	163.2	158.8	155.9
2751 2752	Commercial printing, except lithographic.  Commercial printing, lithographic	-	107.7	107.1	101.8	101.0		82.6	81.8	77.6	76.8
278	Bookbinding and related industries	55•7	57.6	56.5	51.3	53.0	46.2	47.9	46.9	42.1	43.7
274,6,7,9	Other publishing and printing industries	<b>13</b> 2.6	131.9	131.1	123.7	123.4	93.3	93.0	92.4	87.6	87.3
28	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	967.8	978.8	970.3	917.1	922.3	576.9	585.4	577.8	550.2	553.8
281	Industrial chemicals	303.8	307.6	305.5	291.3	294.8	170.2	173.2	171.8	166.3	168.9
2812	Alkalies and chlorine	-	25.9	25.8	23.4	23.8	-	18.0	17.9	16.2	16.5
2818 2819	Industrial organic chemicals, n.e.c Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c	-	124.2	123.3	114.8	115.8	- 1	56.5 56.1	56.1 55.4	53.2 56.1	54.0
282	Plastics materials and synthetics	214.2	92.9 215.2	214.1	91.3 199.8	93.1 199.6	141.4	142.3	141.2	134.8	57.5 134.3
2821	Plastics materials and resins		oL.7	93.8	86.6	87.0	-	59•4	58.3	55.0	55.1
2823,4	Synthetic fibers	-	106.6	106.5	100.2	99.6	-	73.8 69.4	73.8	71.1	70.6
283 2834	Drugs	129.1	131.0 96.7	130.1 96.0	120.8 89.3	121.6 89.9	67.3	49.1	68.7 48.6	63.1 45.0	63.7 45.4
284	Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	110.7	111.7	109.0	107.3	107.3	68.8	69.0	66.3	66.1	66.3
2841	Soap and detergents	-	39.6	38.3	39•1 38•7	39.2 38.3	-	27.4 24.3	26.2 23.1	27.2	27.3
2844 285	Toilet preparations	- 67 <b>.</b> 1	39 <b>.</b> 9 69 <b>.</b> 0	39.0 68.6	66.7	68.1	- 37•5	39.1	38.7	37.4	38.6
287	Agricultural chemicals	51.9	51.1	50.6	50.5	50.1	33.1	32.0	31.5	31.7	31.3
2871,2	Fertilizers, complete and mixing only		35•9	35•3	36.9	36.0		24.1	23.5	24.9	24.0
286,9	Other chemical products	91.0	93.2	92.4	80.7	80.8	58.6	60.4	59.6	50.8	50.7
29	PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED	100 /	187.9	190.1	185.0	186.7	116.6	118.3	118.2	115.3	116.2
29	INDUSTRIES	185.6 148.5	149.4	151.6	147.8	149.3	89.9	90.5	90.3	88.8	89.4
295,9	Other petroleum and coal products	37.1	38.5	38.5	37.2	37.4	26.7	27.8	27.9	26.5	26.8
	RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS						1		1	1	
30	PRODUCTS	524.4	521.1	509.6	480.2	474.7	409.8	406.9	395.1	375.0	368.8
301	Tires and inner tubes	110.6	109.5	109.1	103.6	102.9	77.7	77.5	77.3	74.1	73.5
302,3,6 307	Other rubber products	182.4	181.5 230.1	177.9 222.6	173.4 203.2	171.1 200.7	145.2 186.9	143.9 18 <b>5.</b> 5	140.0	137.5 163.4	134.6 160.7
, v	mascentaneous prastics products	231.4		1			100.9				1
31	LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	361.3	366.5	350.3	352.2	357•5	316.6	321.4	306.0	309.5	315.1
311 314	Leather tanning and finishing Footwear, except rubber	31.2	31.8	31.2	32.0	31.6	27.2	27.8	27.2	27.9	27.5
312,3,5-7,9	Other leather products	237.6 92.5	242.5 92.2	234.6	231•7 88•5	237 <b>.1</b> 88.8	210.6 78.8	215.4 78.2	207.8		211.7 75.9
317	Handbags and personal leather goods		92.2 38.1	84.5 33.3	88.5 36.5	36.2	-	78.2 33.4	71.0	75.4 31.7	75.9 31.6

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands)

	<del></del>			(In thousand	s)						
SIC	Industria	L		Ali employee	s			Pr	oduction wor	kers 1	
Code	Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
			ļ		1						
	TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC		l				ŀ	l	İ		}
~	UTILITIES	4,208	4,150	4,171	4,113	4,099					
40	RAIL ROAD TRANSPORTATION	_	727.7	730.4	739.9	748.7	l	_	l . <u>.</u>		١.
4011	Class I railroads <sup>2</sup>		636.2	638.4	644.4	653.4		i -	-		
						ŀ		ļ		i	
41	LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENGER TRANSIT	_	246.6	246.8	270.5	252.0	l _	_	ł _	l _	l _
411	Local and suburban transportation	_	79.6	79.9	82.5	81.5	_	75.2	75.5	78,2	77.1
412	Taxicabs	~	104.2	104,5	107.7	106.3	-	-	-	-	
413	Intercity and rural bus lines	-	44.8	44.1	43.6	43.9	-	41.4	40.6	40.3	40.6
	MOTOR FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION AND			}			1		}	]	
42 422	STORAGE Public warehousing	-	1,029.3	1,030.7	998.8	982.6	i -	940.8	942.4		897.3
45	AIR TRANSPORTATION	]	31,4	79.5	81.8 234.9	76.2 233.2		71.6	69.7	71.8	66.5
451,2	Air transportation, common carriers	-	174.1	187.7	210.1	209.1	_	_	-	_	_
16	PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION		19.4	19.4	19.6	20.0	İ	16.3	16.3	16.4	16.8
44,47	OTHER TRANSPORTATION		323.2	330.9	323.7	317.4		_	-	_	
18	COMMUNICATION	_	948.7	944.9	890.7	900.8	l	755.0	750.4	705.8	716.4
481	Telephone communication	-	796.1	792.2	742.9	754.3	_	638.4	634.0	592.8	604.5
482 483	Telegraph communication <sup>3</sup>		33.5	33.6	31.6	31.7	i -	23.2	23.1	22.1	22.0
40)	Radio and television broadcasting	-	112.8	112.8	109.9	108.5	_	91.3	91.2	89.0	87.9
49 491	ELECTRIC, GAS, AND SANITARY SERVICES		653.2	652.4	635.1	643.9	-	567.9	567.1	553.5	563,1
492	Electric companies and systems Gas companies and systems		264.8 161.7	263.9 162.0	256.9 157.8	260.0 160.7	-	226.3 140.2	225.3 140.4	218.3 138.1	221.3 141.9
493	Combined utility systems		183.0	182.8	179.2	181.6		163.1	163.1	161.0	163.3
494-7	Water, steam, and sanitary systems	-	43.7	43.7	41.2	41.6	-	38.3	38.3	36.1	36.6
-	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE		13,224	13,225		12,679	11,802	11,788	11,798	11,378	11,314
50 501	WHOLESALE TRADE	3,484	3,516	3,511	3,370	3,372	2,952	2,982	2,977	2,864	2,869
502	Motor vehicles and automotive equipment .  Drugs, chemicals, and allied products	_	266,4	266.5	258.2 199.9	259.6 199.9	_	223,2 174,5	223.0 172.7	216.6 165.6	218.4 165.3
503	Dry goods and apparel	-	150.1	148.6	142.6	143.7	-	122.0	120.7	115.3	116.4
504	Groceries and related products	-	517.5	532.1	521.6	511.8	-	455,1	468,6	461.0	451.8
506 507	Electrical goods	_	283.5	282.4 159.3	262.0 153.0	264.0 153.6	-	232.9	232.3 135.6	217.2 130.4	220.8 131.0
508	Hardware, plumbing, and heating goods	-	636.9	635.5	589.2	589.0	_	541.8	541.1	499.3	499.9
509	Miscellaneous wholesalers	-	1,190.1		1,139.6		-	1,011.4		968.1	973.7
52-59	RETAIL TRADE	9,761	9,708	9,714	9,380	9,307	8,850	8,306	8,821	8,514	3,445
53 531	GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES	~	1,889.3	1,385.5	1,844.9	1,792.4	, -	1,730.0	1,731.7	1,689.0	1,639.9
532	Department stores	_	1,180.9	1,185.1	1,146.2	1,116.3	-	1,079.1	1,087.5	1,048,2	1,021.6 104.8
533	Limited price variety stores	-	308.1	304.2	306.5	295.6	-	287.3	283,7	286.4	275.3
54 541-3	FOOD STORES	-	1,541.5	1,548.9	1,470.2	1,450.5	-	1,431.1		1,363.0	1,344.1
	Grocery, meat, and vegetable stores		1,368.7	1,374.9	1,298.6	1,281.3	-	1,269,8	1,276.8	1,201.6	1,185.0
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES STORES		632,1	632.6	629.4	606,3	-	566.0	567.7	566,2	544.0
561 562	Men's and boys' apparel atores		106.6	106.7 230.8	101.8	99.9	_	96.3 211.8	96.7 209.2	91.7 210.8	89.7 205.5
565	Family clothing stores	_	97.2	100.4	97.6	94.9	<u>-</u>	90.1	93.2	90.4	87.7
566	Shoe stores	-	123.0	124.1	125.8	118.1	-	105.6		110.2	102.6
57	FURNITURE AND APPLIANCE STORES	_	426.2	426.4	413.3	410.8	-	374.8	375.1	364.7	362,2
571	Furniture and home furnishings	-	273.2	274.7	266.1	265.0	-	239.7	241.5	234.8	233.4
58 52,55,59	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES		2,076.1		1,982.4	1,998.6	] -	1,940.0 2,764.0	1,934.8 2,772.5	1,850.9 2,680.2	1,864.9 2,690.2
52,55,59 52	Building materials and bardware	-	3,142,4	568.5	551.8	562.7	-	487.1	492.3	475.8	487.4
55	Auto dealers and service stations	-	1,486.5	1,490.6	1,435.1	1,439.2	-	-	-	-	-
551,2	Motor vehicle dealers	-	747.4	751.5	730.6	731.8	-	638.8	642.0	629.4	631.5
553,9 554	Other vehicle and accessory dealers Gasoline service stations	<u> </u>	193,9 545.2	193.5 545.6	177.0 527.5	180.2 527.2	_	168.4	168.1	152.6	156.9
59	Miscellaneous retail stores	_	1,092.6		1,052.4	1				_	-
591	Drug stores	-	415.7	414.3	399.6	396.5	-	378.5	376.5	365.0	361.2
596 598	Farm and garden supply stores		100.6		96.8 103.7	96.6	_	88.6	- 88.8	90.7	89.6
,,,,	. Fuel and the degrets	'	1 102.8	102.9	1 103./	102.3		1 00.0	00.0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	07.0

### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA EMPLOYMENT**

Table B-2; Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands)

				n thousands)			<del></del>	D	hader 1	l	
SIC	Industry	Cont		ll employees		Δ17 <i>α</i>	Sept.	Aug.	luction work	ers ' Sept.	Aug.
Code	industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	1966	1966	1966	1965	1965
						,					
	FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL		ļ	}				;			
	ESTATE 4	3,100	3,146	3,148	3,045	3,075	2,479	2,521	2,5 <b>2</b> 6	2,443	2,476
60	Banking	_	839.0	835.4	796.9	806.1	_	701.9	698.3	667.7	676.5
61	Credit agencies other than banks	_	337.8	337.3	329.6	331.2	-	269.7	269.7	264.9	266.9
612	Savings and loan associations	-	95.8		97.2	98.4	-	77.4	78.4	79.5	80.7
614	Personal credit institutions	-	183.0		174.1	174.4	-	-	-		-
62 63	Security dealers and exchanges	_	144.0 915.4		128.9 896.3	130.7 903.4	_	126.5 648.3	127.7 645.4	113.6 635.8	115.3 643.9
631	Life insurance	-	484.2	482.5	481.4	484.7	-	283.3	282.2		286.4
632	Accident and health insurance		64.1	62.7	55.0	55.4	-	55•7	54.4		
633	Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		327.1	325.2	317.5	320.3	_	275.7	274.5	270.4	273.6
64 65	Insurance agents, btokers, and services Real estate	_	244.1 582.9	243.7 593.4	234.8 578.5	237.0 586.5	-		_	_	_
656	Operative builders	-	43.6		50.2	50.9	-	- 1	_	-	_
66,67	Other finance, insurance, and real estate	-	82.5	82.5	80.2	80.5	-	-	-	-	-
_	SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS	9,700	9,766	9,782	9,235	9,271					
70	Hotelsand lodging places	_	790.0	789.5	676.7	774.9	_	_	_	_	_
701	Hotels, tourist courts, and motels	_	651.4	653.1	601.0	636.3	_	611.1	612.9	563.2	597•4
72	Personal services	-	1,014.1		988.4	987.7		=	=	- n	Ent. a
721 73	Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants Miscellaneous business services	_	561.4 1,232.8	565.6 1,225.6	548.9 1,127.8	550.1 1,120.0	-	508.5	5 <b>12.</b> 0	492.8	494.2
731	Adventising		116.4		111.9	111.7	-	1 - 1	-		-
732	Credit reporting and collection agencies .	-	68.1	68.7	66.4	66.6		_	-	_	-
78	Motion pictures		199.5		192.6	198.6					
781	Motion picture filming and distributing  Motion picture theaters and services	-	55.8 143.7		50.5 142.1	52.0 146.6	-	35•9	36.6	31.7	32.4
782,3 80	Medical and other health services		2,266.1						_	-	-
806	Hospitals	-	1,463.1	1,460.1	1,377.6	1,377.3	-	-	-	~	-
81	Legal services		200.9	202.3			-	-	-	-	-
82 821	Educational services	<u> </u>	870.8 282.4		910.3 317.2	816.7 272.1	-	_ :	-	_	_
822	Higher educational institutions	_	521.4		530.0	483.9			_	-	-
89	Miscellaneous services	-	497.7	497.2	462.7	464.0	-	-	-	-	_
891 892	Engineering and architectural services	-	273.4 69.9		250.1 67.2	251.4 68.3	_	- 1	<u>-</u>	-	-
892	GOVERNMENT		'	1		· ·	}		_	_	
_			10,513	10,557	10,152	9,752		1			-
1	FEDERAL GOVERNMENT 5	2,611	2,641	2,637	2,373	2,408					_
	Executive	~	2,608.0	2,604.2	2,341.3 943.4	2,376.1 954.9	-	-	-	-	-
	Department of Defense	[	1,055.4			608.5	-		-		_
	Other agencies	<u>-</u>	863.2		795.1	812.7	-		_	_	_
	Legislative	-	27.1	27.0	25.8	26.2	-	-	-	-	-
	Judicial	-	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.8	-	-	-	-	-
92,93	STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT	8,330	7,872	7,920	7,779	7,3 <del>44</del>					
92	State government	-	2,103.7					-	-	-	-
	State education	~	666.6			578.8		-	-	-	-
	Other State government	_	1,437.1	1,432.8	1,352.9	1,373.0	<b>!</b>	_	_		_
	Local government	_	5,768.7	5,807.4	5,768.8	5,392.0	-	_	-	_	-
•	Local education	-	2,922.8	2,959.6	3,116.5	2,676.2	-	-	-	-	-
	Other local government	-	2,845.9	2,847.8	2,652.3	2,715.8	-	-	-	-	-
							l				
	<del></del>	L	L	<u> </u>	L	L	<u> </u>		لــــــا		<u> </u>

<sup>1</sup>For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for all other industries, To nonsupervisory workers.

2Beginning January 1965, data relate to railroads with operating revenues of \$5,000,000 or more.

3Data for nonsupervisory workers exclude messengers.

4 Data for nonoffice salesmen excluded from nonsupervisory count for all series in this division.

5 Prepared by the U.S. Civil Service Commission. Data relate to civilian employment only and exclude Central Intelligence and National Security Agencies.

\*Not available.
NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT

Table B-4: Indexes of employment on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division, 1919 to date, monthly data seasonally adjusted

1957-59=100

Vers and nomb			T		<del>,                                      </del>	<del> </del>	<del>,</del>					<del></del>		
Varied comb   TOTAL   Maining   Consumer			1	Contract			Wholes	sale and retail	l trade	1		G	overnment	·
1920	Year and month	TOTAL	Mining	construc-	1	public	Total			and real	miscel-	Total	Federal	and
1920	1000	e1 6	1107	25 h	64.0	00.0	h1.3	_	_	hao	32.8	2h 1		_
1922					0.0	91.0		1	1					1 -
1922   \$9.2   120.6   \$4.0   \$9.49   \$8.0   \$40.4   \$-1   \$-1   \$45.2   \$5.3   \$3.3   \$2.3   \$-1   \$-1   \$1.28   \$1.3   \$1.4   \$5.1   \$2.9   \$2.9   \$2.9   \$3.5   \$1.1   \$-1   \$1.4   \$5.1   \$2.9   \$2.9   \$2.9   \$3.5   \$1.1   \$-1   \$1.4   \$5.1   \$2.5   \$2.9   \$2.9   \$3.5   \$1.1   \$-1   \$1.6   \$1.7   \$1.6   \$1.7   \$1.6   \$1.7   \$1.6   \$1.7   \$1.6   \$1.7   \$1.6   \$1.7   \$1.6   \$1.7   \$1.6   \$1.7   \$1.6   \$1.7   \$1.6   \$1.7   \$1	1920	52.1		29.4		90.1		-	-			33.2	1	; -
1922	1921	46.4	124.9	35.1		84.9		1	-				i -	-
1928	1922	49.2		41.0	54.9	86.0	144.9	} -	-	45.2	36.3	32.3	-	1 -
1886						95.2	48.4	-	-	47.0			-	
1865		'		ł	_		105	ł	1		1.0.0			1
1966								_	1					-
1966	1925					22.2		] -	í		11.0	35.7	1	-
1966		56.8	153.9					-	1				1	-
1899		57.1						! -	-					-
1990	1928	57.1	136.4	55.6	59-9	93.9	53.8	-	-	56.7	47.4	38.2	-	-
1990	1000	50.5	161 2	53.0	6h.5	96.1	56.1	_	_	59-6	10.0	20.1	24.1	k5.0
1932	1929			77.9				1	1					
1932							19.1	1	ļ					
1933							40.4	1	1					
1934.   49,4   114.7   29.9   51.2   67.5   48.4   -   -   52.1   44.4   42.0   29.4   47.0     1935.   51.5   116.5   31.6   34.6   68.4   49.7   -   52.8   45.6   44.4   34.0   48.4     1936.   55.4   122.9   39.7   59.2   72.9   51.2   -   -   54.6   54.2   46.7   37.3   39.1     1937.   59.1   131.6   38.5   65.0   76.9   77.4   -     56.6   51.0   44.2   45.7   37.3   39.1     1938.   59.1   131.6   38.5   65.0   76.9   77.4   -     56.6   51.0   44.9   37.4     1939.   58.3   110.9   39.8   61.9   72.0   58.8   58.1   59.1   77.8   51.0   59.2     1940.   61.6   120.1   44.8   66.2   74.5   61.8   60.6   62.3   59.8   53.4   53.6   45.0   59.2     1941.   69.6   124.3   62.0   79.5   80.3   66.0   64.7   66.5   61.2   59.9   59.4   60.5   59.9     1941.   69.6   124.3   62.0   79.5   80.3   66.0   64.7   66.5   61.2   59.9   59.4   60.5   59.9     1941.   69.8   120.1   54.3   106.0   89.5   63.9   60.1   65.3   59.4   60.2   77.5   131.2     58.4   79.7   111.8   37.9   104.4   39.9   64.6   60.8   60.0   60.3   60.2   77.5   131.2     58.4   79.3   111.9   77.5   88.6   59.6   67.0   64.3   67.9   59.2   66.5   77.8   10.8     1946.   79.3   111.9   77.5   88.6   79.6   67.7   75.6   77.1   67.1   68.4   77.1     1946.   87.5   124.0   68.7   93.7   102.2   80.0   81.5   82.2   69.3   73.2   69.8   85.5     1947.   83.5   124.0   68.7   93.7   102.2   80.0   81.5   82.9   84.5   73.4   76.3   74.6     1948.   87.5   124.0   68.7   93.7   102.2   80.0   81.5   82.9   84.5   73.4   76.3   74.6     1958.   93.0   112.0   60.8   93.8   93.0   89.9   89.9   89.5   73.4   74.6   66.6   87.1   72.6     1959.   93.0   105.6   93.2   93.6   93.8   93.9   93.5   93.6   93.5   93.6   93.8   93.0     1959.   93.0   105.6   93.2   93.8   93.8   93.9   93.5   93.5   93.6   93.8   93.0     1959.   93.0   93.8   93.8   93.8   93.9   93.5   93.5   93.6   93.8   93.8     1959.   93.0   93.8   93.8   93.8   93.9   93.5   93.5   93.8   93.8     1959.   93.0   93.8   93.8   93.8   93.8   93.5   93.5   93.8     1959.   93.	1932	45.0						b	-					47.5
1935	1933	45.1	96.6	28.0	44.6	65.6	43.5	-	-	51.2	41.7	40.4	25.5	46.2
1935	102h	1,0 1	111 0	20.0	51.2	67.5	Po P	_	_	52.1	hh b	han	20.1	M7.0
1936														NA L
1937. 95.1 131.8 38.5 65.0 76.9 77.2 56.6 - 5.9 56.3 50.4 87.9 37.6 \$2.2 139.8 139.5 55.6 15.7 36.5 55.9 70.2 56.6 5.8 31.0 \$7.9 37.6 \$2.2 139.0 139.0 61.6 120.1 140.8 66.2 74.5 61.8 60.6 62.3 59.4 53.4 53.6 45.0 56.9 1940. 61.6 61.2 120.1 140.8 66.2 74.5 61.8 60.6 62.3 59.4 53.4 53.6 45.0 56.9 1940. 61.6 61.8 66.0 62.3 59.1 57.8 53.6 45.0 56.9 1940. 61.6 61.8 66.0 62.2 74.5 61.8 60.6 62.3 59.4 53.4 53.6 45.0 56.9 1941. 61.0 140.1		21.5						1	-					
1938.   55.6   115.7   36.5   56.9   70.2   56.6   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -		55.4		39.7				4	-				37.3	
1938							57.4	4	-			+7.59		
1940. 66.6 124.3 62.0 79.5 80.3 66.0 64.7 66.2 59.4 53.4 55.0 8.9 1942. 76.4 128.8 75.2 82.1 84.9 65.2 62.9 66.0 60.8 59.2 69.9 100.0 78.1 1943. 80.8 120.1 79.3 106.0 89.5 63.9 60.1 65.3 59.4 60.2 77.5 131.2 53.1 1945. 76.9 106.6 39.2 93.5 97.8 67.0 10.1 65.3 59.4 60.2 77.5 131.2 53.1 1945. 76.9 106.6 39.2 93.5 97.8 67.0 10.1 65.3 59.4 60.2 77.5 131.2 53.1 1945. 76.9 106.6 39.2 93.5 97.8 67.0 10.1 66.3 99.2 61.5 77.5 131.2 53.1 1945. 76.9 106.6 39.2 93.5 97.8 67.0 64.3 67.9 59.2 61.5 77.5 126.8 79.3 1947. 1948. 83.5 124.0 60.7 93.7 102.2 82.0 81.5 82.2 69.3 73.2 60.8 85.5 129.1 75.1 93.9 102.8 84.9 85.9 84.5 72.3 73.2 63.8 85.5 67.2 76.2 1949. 83.4 10.8 83.6 1949. 89.0 85.9 84.5 72.3 73.2 63.8 85.5 77.0 84.1 67.2 1949. 83.4 10.8 83.6 1949. 89.0 85.9 84.5 72.3 73.2 63.8 85.5 77.0 84.1 67.2 1949. 83.1 10.8 83.6 1949. 89.0 85.9 84.5 72.3 73.2 63.8 85.5 77.0 84.1 67.2 1949. 88.1 17.0 80.8 91.8 99.0 85.9 84.5 72.3 73.4 68.1 67.2 1949. 88.1 1949. 89.0 85.9 84.5 72.3 73.2 63.8 85.5 77.0 84.1 67.2 1949. 89.1 120.6 80.2 98.8 103.7 89.2 90.0 88.9 84.5 78.8 78.1 78.4 66.2 70.1 79.5 1949. 99.1 120.6 80.2 98.8 100.2 93.7 94.6 93.2 28.8 93.2 28.8 83.1 84.2 195.3 74.4 195.3 74.6 195.3 74.5 195.3 79.6 112.5 90.9 105.7 105.3 93.8 94.2 93.7 84.8 85.1 84.7 104.1 77.1 1954. 99.8 106.6 90.2 96.8 100.7 105.3 93.8 94.2 93.7 84.8 85.1 84.7 104.1 77.1 1954. 99.8 106.6 103.9 103.9 105.7 105.3 93.8 94.2 93.7 94.6 93.4 88.3 87.0 88.0 88.8 81.0 1953. 74.5 1	1938	55.6	115.7	36.5	56.9	70.2	56.6	-	- '	56.3	50.4	49.5		54.2
1940. 66.6 124.3 62.0 79.5 80.3 66.0 64.7 66.2 59.4 53.4 55.0 8.9 1942. 76.4 128.8 75.2 82.1 84.9 65.2 62.9 66.0 60.8 59.2 69.9 100.0 78.1 1943. 80.8 120.1 79.3 106.0 89.5 63.9 60.1 65.3 59.4 60.2 77.5 131.2 53.1 1945. 76.9 106.6 39.2 93.5 97.8 67.0 10.1 65.3 59.4 60.2 77.5 131.2 53.1 1945. 76.9 106.6 39.2 93.5 97.8 67.0 10.1 65.3 59.4 60.2 77.5 131.2 53.1 1945. 76.9 106.6 39.2 93.5 97.8 67.0 10.1 66.3 99.2 61.5 77.5 131.2 53.1 1945. 76.9 106.6 39.2 93.5 97.8 67.0 64.3 67.9 59.2 61.5 77.5 126.8 79.3 1947. 1948. 83.5 124.0 60.7 93.7 102.2 82.0 81.5 82.2 69.3 73.2 60.8 85.5 129.1 75.1 93.9 102.8 84.9 85.9 84.5 72.3 73.2 63.8 85.5 67.2 76.2 1949. 83.4 10.8 83.6 1949. 89.0 85.9 84.5 72.3 73.2 63.8 85.5 77.0 84.1 67.2 1949. 83.4 10.8 83.6 1949. 89.0 85.9 84.5 72.3 73.2 63.8 85.5 77.0 84.1 67.2 1949. 83.1 10.8 83.6 1949. 89.0 85.9 84.5 72.3 73.2 63.8 85.5 77.0 84.1 67.2 1949. 88.1 17.0 80.8 91.8 99.0 85.9 84.5 72.3 73.4 68.1 67.2 1949. 88.1 1949. 89.0 85.9 84.5 72.3 73.2 63.8 85.5 77.0 84.1 67.2 1949. 89.1 120.6 80.2 98.8 103.7 89.2 90.0 88.9 84.5 78.8 78.1 78.4 66.2 70.1 79.5 1949. 99.1 120.6 80.2 98.8 100.2 93.7 94.6 93.2 28.8 93.2 28.8 83.1 84.2 195.3 74.4 195.3 74.6 195.3 74.5 195.3 79.6 112.5 90.9 105.7 105.3 93.8 94.2 93.7 84.8 85.1 84.7 104.1 77.1 1954. 99.8 106.6 90.2 96.8 100.7 105.3 93.8 94.2 93.7 84.8 85.1 84.7 104.1 77.1 1954. 99.8 106.6 103.9 103.9 105.7 105.3 93.8 94.2 93.7 94.6 93.4 88.3 87.0 88.0 88.8 81.0 1953. 74.5 1	1939	58.3	110.0	30.8	61.0	72-0	58.8	58.1	50.1	57-8	51-0	50.9	10.0	54.9
1941	1040	67.6		i ii ă						50 h	53.4			56.9
1942			120.1											58.0
1943		76 1	124.3											
1944.   79.7   115.8   37.9   104.4   93.9   64.6   66.0   66.0   58.3   66.4   77.0   132.2   55.3     1945.   76.9   104.6   39.2   33.5   95.8   67.0   64.3   67.9   59.2   61.5   75.8   16.8   59.7     1946.   79.3   111.9   77.5   86.6   99.6   76.7   75.6   77.1   67.1   66.4   71.3   101.8   59.7     1947.   83.5   124.0   66.7   93.7   102.2   82.0   81.5   82.2   69.3   73.2   69.8   85.5   63.6     1948.   85.5   129.1   75.1   93.9   102.8   84.9   85.9   84.5   73.4   75.5   72.0   84.1     1949.   83.4   120.8   75.0   87.0   96.2   84.8   85.9   84.5   73.4   76.3   74.6   86.2   70.1     1950.   86.1   17.0   80.8   91.8   99.0   85.9   85.9   85.6   75.8   76.1   76.8   87.1   72.8     1951.   91.1   120.6   90.2   96.8   103.7   89.2   90.0   86.9   76.7   80.9   81.4   104.0   76.8     1952.   93.0   116.6   91.2   100.2   104.2   91.6   92.8   91.2   81.8   83.1   84.2   109.3   74.4     1953.   95.6   112.5   90.9   105.7   105.3   93.8   94.2   93.7   84.8   85.1   84.7   104.1   77.1     1954.   93.3   102.7   90.5   96.3   100.2   93.7   94.6   93.4   88.3   87.0   86.0   94.8   82.7     1956.   99.8   106.8   103.9   103.9   103.9   103.9   104.0   99.7   99.9   99.6   99.4   96.0   94.8   92.7   99.8     1957.   100.7   107.5   101.2   103.5   104.0   99.7   99.9   99.6   97.9   97.9   97.9   99.9     1958.   97.8   97.5   97.5   102.2   103.5   104.0   99.7   99.9   99.6   97.9   97.9   99.0     1959.   101.5   95.1   102.5   100.5   98.4   103.9   103.3   103.7   104.5   105.5   105.1   107.7   106.5   102.5   103.9     1960.   103.3   92.5   99.9   101.2   98.2   104.3   103.7   104.5   107.5   105.9   106.1     1961.   102.9   87.3   87.5   96.8   99.6   99.4   96.0   94.8   92.7   99.8   99.0     1959.   101.5   95.1   102.5   100.5   98.4   103.9   103.3   103.7   104.5   105.5   10														
1945	1943	60.6	120.1	54-3	106.0	89.5	03.9	00.1	65.3	59.4	60.2	112	131.2	70.4
1945. 76.9 108.6 39.2 93.5 95.8 67.0 64.3 67.9 59.2 61.5 75.8 126.8 55.7 1946. 77.3 111.9 75.5 88.6 99.6 76.7 75.6 77.1 67.1 67.1 68.4 71.3 101.8 59.3 1947. 83.5 129.1 75.1 93.7 102.2 82.0 81.5 82.2 69.3 73.2 69.8 85.5 63.6 1948. 85.5 129.1 75.1 93.9 102.2 82.0 81.5 82.2 69.3 73.2 69.8 85.5 63.6 76.0 1949. 83.1 120.8 75.0 87.0 98.2 84.8 85.9 84.5 72.3 75.5 72.0 84.1 67.2 1949. 83.1 120.8 75.0 87.0 98.2 84.8 85.9 84.5 73.4 76.3 74.6 86.2 70.1 1950. 98.1 120.6 90.2 98.8 103.7 89.2 90.0 85.9 89.9 85.6 75.8 76.1 76.8 87.1 72.8 1951. 93.1 120.6 90.2 98.8 103.7 89.2 90.0 85.9 89.7 87.7 80.9 81.4 100.7 72.6 1952. 93.0 116.6 91.2 100.2 104.2 91.6 92.8 91.2 81.8 83.1 84.2 109.3 74.4 1953. 95.1 112.5 90.9 105.7 105.3 93.8 94.2 91.6 81.8 83.1 84.2 109.3 74.4 1953. 95.6 112.5 90.9 105.7 105.3 93.8 94.2 91.6 81.8 83.1 84.2 109.3 74.4 1953. 95.1 102.7 90.5 98.3 100.2 93.7 94.6 93.4 88.3 87.0 86.1 98.8 81.0 1955. 95.5 102.9 97.1 101.7 101.6 85.5 96.5 96.5 96.4 92.3 91.0 88.1 96.8 81.0 1955. 96.5 102.9 97.1 101.7 101.6 85.5 96.5 96.5 96.8 92.7 99.9 99.0 1957. 100.2 103.9 104.1 99.4 99.6 99.4 96.0 94.8 92.7 99.8 90.0 1957. 101.2 103.5 104.0 99.7 99.9 99.6 97.9 97.9 97.9 97.1 100.1 55.9 105.1 100.7 107.5 101.2 103.5 104.0 99.7 99.9 99.6 97.9 97.9 97.9 97.1 100.1 55.9 196.1 103.3 92.5 99.9 100.2 98.2 104.8 103.9 103.5	1944	79.7	115.8	37.9	104.4	93.9	64.6	60.8	66.0	58.3	60.4	77.0	132.2	55-3
1946	1945		108.6			95.8		64.3				75.8		55.7
1948	1946				88.6							71.3		59.3
1949   83, h   120,8   75,0   87,0   98,2   84,8   85,9   84,5   72,3   75,5   72,0   84,1   76,2   76,1   74,6   86,2   70,1   76,0   86,1   117,0   80,8   91,8   99,0   85,9   86,6   75,8   76,7   76,8   76,1	10h7			28.7										63.6
1949   83.h   120.8   75.0   87.0   96.2   84.8   85.9   84.5   73.h   76.3   74.6   86.2   70.1     1950   86.1   117.0   80.8   91.8   99.0   85.9   86.9   85.6   75.8   76.1   76.8   87.1   77.8     1951   91.1   120.6   90.2   96.8   103.7   89.2   90.8   88.9   78.7   80.9   81.1     1952   93.0   116.6   91.2   100.2   104.2   91.6   92.8   91.2   81.8   83.1   84.2     1953   95.6   112.5   90.9   105.7   105.3   93.8   94.2   90.8     1954   95.6   112.5   90.9   105.7   105.3   93.8   94.2   93.7   84.8   85.1   84.7   104.1     1954   95.5   102.9   97.1   101.7   101.6   96.5   96.5   96.4   82.3   91.0   86.1   84.8     1956   96.5   102.9   97.1   101.7   101.6   96.5   96.5   96.4   92.3   91.0   86.1   96.8     1956   96.8   103.9   103.9   104.1   99.4   99.6   99.4   96.0   94.8   92.7   99.8     1959   100.7   107.5   101.2   103.5   104.0   99.7   99.9   99.6   97.9   97.1   100.1     1959   101.5   95.1   102.5   103.5   104.0   99.7   99.9   99.6   97.9   97.9   97.1   100.1     1950   103.3   92.5   99.9   101.2   96.2   104.3   103.7   104.5   105.5   107.7   106.5   102.5     1960   103.3   92.5   99.9   101.2   96.2   104.3   103.7   104.5   105.5   107.7   106.5   102.5     1961   102.9   87.3   97.5   96.4   95.8   103.8   103.3   104.0   107.9   111.2   109.5   102.5     1962   105.9   94.4   100.5   104.1   99.9   109.9	134(								02.2					
1950	1940	0).)	129.1	12.1	93.9	102.0	.04.9	05.9	04.7	12.3	12.7	72.00	04-1	3,,,_
1950	1949		120.8	75.0	87.0	98.2		85.9	84.5	73.4	76.3		86.2	
1951	1950	86.1	117.0		91.8	99.0	85.9	86.9			78.1	76.8		
1952		91.1								78.7				72.6
1953														74.4
1954													104.1	77.1
1955	1051	00.0			-00		~ ~	0.6		00.0		96.0		81.0
1956							23.7	24.0						
1957. 196. 107.5 96.2 96.1 103.5 104.0 99.7 99.9 99.6 97.9 97.1 100.1 99.9 100.3 105.5 107.5 96.2 96.1 97.5 98.4 98.5 99.6 98.7 99.9 99.0 100.3 109.9 100.3 109.9 100.3 109.9 100.3 109.9 100.3 109.9 100.3 109.9 100.3 109.9 109.9 109.5	1977													
1958						104.1		99.6						
1959	1957						99.7	99.9	99.6					
1960	1950	91.0	97.5	96.2	90.1	91.5	90.4	90.3	98.5	99.6	98.7	33.9	99.0	100.0
1960	1959	101.5	95.1	102.5	100.5	98.4	101.9	101.7	102.0	102.5	103.4	103.0	100.0	103.9
1961														
1962														
1963														
1964   115.7   82.1   10.2   108.6   98.9   111.3   110.1   111.8   116.9   126.3   122.3   106.1   128.7   129.5   116.7   119.3   132.0   128.6   107.4   136.9   129.5   133.8   130.4   107.4   136.9   120.2   133.8   130.4   107.8   139.4   139.4   139.4   139.4   139.5   139.4   139.5   139.4   139.4   139.4   139.4   139.5   139.4   139.5   139.4   139.5   139.4   139.5   139.4   139.5   139.4   139.5   139.4   139.5	1063												102.1	
1965	1064		82.3									110.0	100.5	
1965: September 0ctober 117.0 81.4 110.4 109.9 99.9 117.3 115.8 117.8 120.2 133.8 130.4 107.4 138.7 139.4 100.6 November. 117.8 81.9 112.0 110.8 100.1 117.9 116.3 118.5 120.4 134.6 131.5 108.3 140.6 119.2 120.5 135.3 132.3 108.3 141.7 120.6 130.7 118.9 Retruary. 118.9 82.5 114.9 111.9 100.4 119.1 117.1 119.9 120.6 135.8 133.0 109.4 142.3 136.1 120.6 136.5 134.1 110.7 143.8 120.6 136.5 136.4 133.0 137.2 136.6 136.5 136.4 133.0 137.2 136.6 136.5 136.7 136.4 133.0 137.2 136.6 136.5 136.7 136.7														
October. 117.0 81.4 110.4 109.9 99.9 117.3 115.8 117.8 120.2 133.8 130.4 107.8 139.4 140.6 120.2 118.5 120.4 134.6 131.5 108.4 140.6 120.2 118.5 120.4 134.6 131.5 108.4 140.6 120.2 120.5 135.3 132.3 108.3 144.7 120.2 120.4 120.1 120.6 135.8 133.0 109.4 142.3 120.2 120.4 120.1 120.6 136.5 134.1 120.4 142.3			1 1	1		90.9	170.7	114.5	116.7	119.3	152.0	T50.0	107.4	130.9
October:   117.0   81.4   110.4   109.9   99.9   117.3   115.8   117.8   120.2   133.8   130.4   107.8   133.4		116.5				99•7		115.6	117.4	120.0	133.1	129.8	107.4	138.7
November 117.8 81.9 112.0 110.8 100.1 117.9 116.3 118.5 120.4 134.6 131.5 108.4 140.6 120.6 135.8 132.3 108.3 144.7 120.4 120.6 135.8 133.0 109.4 142.3 130.1 120.4 120.						99.9		115.8			133.8			
December. 118.5 82.2 115.5 111.4 100.2 118.5 116.6 119.2 120.5 135.3 132.3 108.3 141.7 108.6 139.6 139.6 139.6 139.6 141.7 119.6 82.3 115.1 112.8 100.7 119.4 117.5 120.1 120.6 136.5 134.1 110.7 143.3 115.4 113.5 100.8 119.8 118.2 120.4 121.1 137.2 135.5 111.9 144.8 120.7 120.9 81.6 112.2 114.5 101.4 120.5 119.0 121.1 121.6 138.0 137.5 136.4 113.0 145.7 120.6 121.0 120.6 138.0 137.5 136.4 113.0 146.3 146.3 140.7 146.3 140.7 146.3 140.7 140.8 120.5 120.1 120.6 138.0 137.5 136.4 120.6 140.8 120.5 120.6			81.9	112.0	110.8	100.1		116.3			13/1 6			
1966: January. 118.9 82.5 114.9 111.9 100.4 119.1 117.1 119.9 120.6 135.8 133.0 109.4 142.3 139.4 139.3 117.5 147.9 149.6 136.5 134.1 113.0 149.7 149.8 149.7 120.9 82.6 132.0 122.2 82.2 111.6 115.6 102.0 121.4 129.5 122.1 122.2 139.8 139.9 118.2 148.5	December.	118.5	82.2											
February. 119.6 82.3 115.1 112.8 100.7 119.4 117.5 120.1 120.6 136.5 134.1 110.7 143.3 March 120.4 82.7 118.4 113.5 100.8 119.8 118.2 120.4 121.1 137.2 135.5 111.9 144.8 April 120.6 81.6 112.2 114.5 101.4 120.5 119.0 121.1 121.6 137.5 136.4 113.0 145.7 143.3 June 121.8 82.1 114.3 115.5 101.4 120.5 119.8 121.5 122.1 138.5 138.7 114.0 146.6 147.6 July 122.2 82.6 112.4 115.6 100.6 121.5 120.1 121.9 122.5 139.8 139.4 139.3 117.5 147.9 September 122.2 82.2 111.6 115.6 102.0 121.4 119.5 122.1 122.2 139.8 139.9 118.2 148.5	1066. January		: 1					1						
March 120.4 82.7 118.4 113.5 100.8 119.8 118.2 120.4 121.1 137.2 135.5 111.9 143.8 145.7 120.9 81.6 112.2 114.0 120.6 121.0 121.0 121.1 121.6 123.1 137.5 136.4 113.0 145.7 120.9 120.2 114.0 120.5 119.0 121.1 121.6 138.0 137.2 114.0 146.3 120.5 120.1 121.0 121.1 121.6 138.0 137.2 114.0 146.3 120.5 120.1 121.1 121.6 138.0 137.2 114.0 146.3 120.5 120.1 120.5 120.5 120.1 120.5 120.5 120.1 120.5 120.5 120.5 120.1 120.5														
April 120.4   62.7   118.4   113.5   100.8   119.8   118.2   120.4   121.1   137.2   135.5   111.9   144.8   120.4   120.5   120.9	reprusty.											134.1	110.7	
April   120.6   77.3   115.4   114.0   100.9   120.2   118.6   120.8   121.3   137.5   136.4   113.0   145.7   120.9   120.1   120.5   119.0   121.1   121.6   138.0   137.2   114.0   146.3   145.7   120.5   120.1   120.5   120.5   120.1   120.5   120							119.8		120.4		137.2			
Hay 120.9 81.6 112.2 114.5 101.4 120.5 119.0 121.1 121.6 138.0 137.2 114.0 146.3 147.6 121.0 119.8 121.5 122.1 138.5 138.7 116.1 147.6 146.3 147.6 121.0 121.1 121.4 120.3 121.8 122.2 82.6 112.4 116.1 100.6 121.5 122.1 122.2 82.2 111.6 115.6 102.0 121.4 119.5 122.1 122.2 139.8 139.4 139.9 118.2 148.5						100.9	120.2	118.6	120.8		137.5			
June 121.8 82.1 114.3 115.5 101.6 121.0 115.8 121.5 122.1 138.5 138.7 116.1 147.6 147.6 121.0 121.4 120.3 121.8 122.3 139.4 139.3 117.5 147.9 147.9 147.9 147.9 122.2 82.2 111.6 115.6 102.0 121.4 119.5 122.1 122.2 139.8 139.9 118.2 148.5				112.2	114.5									
July 122.0 82.6 114.2 115.2 101.1 121.4 120.3 121.8 122.3 139.4 139.3 117.5 147.9 147.9 147.9 147.9 122.2 82.2 82.2 111.6 115.6 102.0 121.4 119.5 122.1 122.2 139.8 139.8 139.9 118.2 148.5	June	121.8	82.1											
August 122.2 82.6 112.4 116.1 100.6 121.5 120.1 121.9 122.5 139.8 139.4 117.9 147.9 147.9 147.9 147.9 148.5	711712	122 0	ا ہے ہ											
September 122.2 82.2 111.6 115.6 102.0 121.4 119.5 122.1 122.2 139.8 139.9 118.2 148.5														
September 122.2 82.2 111.6   115.6   102.0   121.4   119.5   122.1   122.2   139.8   139.9   118.2   148.5														147.9
	pehremmer	122.2	82.2	111.6	115.6	102.0	121.4	119.5	122.1	122.2	139.8	139.9	118.2	148.5
		1				1				- 1				-
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NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 benchmark month.

Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT

Table B-5: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by industry, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

					(In thousan	ds)							
Industry division and group	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	June 1966	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Jan. 1966	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Sept. 1965
TOTAL	64,181	64,196	64,072	63,983	63,517	63,350	63,247	62,811	62,469	62,241	61,864	61,437	61,180
							_		_		_	_	
MINING	633	636	636	632	<b>62</b> 8	595	637	634	635	633	631.	627	622
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	3,223	3,246	3,297	3,300	3,238	3, 333	3,419	3 <b>, 32</b> 3	3, 318	3, 334	3, 234	3,186	3,168
MANUFACTURING	19,195	19,268	19,128	19,167	19,002	18,923	18,840	18,722	18,566	18,492	18,392	18,242	18,157
DURABLE GOODS ,	11,306	11,329	11,210	11,220	11,122	11,065	11,007	10,911	10,805	10,725	10,641	10,550	10,508
Ordnance and accessories.  Lumber and wood products  Furniture and fixtures.  Stone, clay, and glass products.  Primary metal industries.  Fabricated metal products.  Machinery  Electrical equipment  Transportation equipment  Instruments and related products.  Miscellaneous manufacturing.	1,354	260 621 461 637 1,355 1,361 1,901 1,944 1,919 430	257 622 456 643 1,338 1,346 1,888 1,903 1,888 430 439	257 628 458 641 1,333 1,348 1,865 1,904 1,915 428 443	253 623 456 643 1,315 1,341 1,846 1,877 1,901 424 443	249 633 451 1,307 1,345 1,827 1,860 1,887 418	245 642 451 649 1,300 1,344 1,818 1,824 1,881 415 438	243 633 448 646 1,295 1,332 1,810 1,805 1,853 412 434	238 638 446 648 1,290 1,322 1,797 1,773 1,819 406 428	232 626 442 642 1,284 1,310 1,786 1,751 1,807 401 444	234 618 437 1,280 1,304 1,779 1,727 1,795 397 435	232 611 433 632 1,287 1,758 1,778 1,772 395 430	608 431 630 1,309 1,279 1,751 1,684
NONDURABLE GOODS	7,889	7,939	7,918	7,947	7,880	7,858	<b>7,</b> 833	7,811	7,761	7,767	7,751	7,692	7,649
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and related products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and related products. Rubber and plastic products	1,747 77 950 1,387 671 1,032 965 183 518 359	1,760 80 959 1,395 677 1,035 970 184 520 359	1,763 85 955 1,388 679 1,031 963 186 518 350	1,760 86 957 1,424 674 1,026 961 183 515 361	1,748 85 952 1,412 665 1,018 945 183 508 364	1,757 86 950 1,396 664 1,017 937 182 506 363	1,767 86 948 1,386 662 1,009 936 181 500 358	1,762 85 945 1,384 661 1,007 932 181 496 358	1,758 85 942 1,356 657 1,003 927 182 494 357	1,758 86 939 1,381 654 997 924 182 492 354	1,776 85 935 1,370 650 995 919 182 486 353	1,751 84 929 1,365 646 989 916 182 479	84 926 1,359 644 985 914 182 475
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,158	4,101	4,122	4,143	4,132	4,114	<b>4,1</b> 09	4,105	4,091	4,083	4,080	4,071	4,064
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE.	13,260	13,264	13,256	13,217	13,164	13,128	13,085	13,045	13,009	12,941	12,880	12,809	12,765
WHOLESALE TRADE	3,460 9,800	3,478 9,786	3,483 9,773	3,470 9,747	3,445 9,719	3,434 9,694	3,422 9,663	3,404 9,641	3,391 9,618	3,378 9,563	3,367 9,513	3,354 9,455	
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	3,091	3,100	3,095	3,090	3,076	3,068	3,064	3,051	3,052	3,049	3,045	3,041	3,036
SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS	9,642	9,641	9,609	9,549	9,515	9,484	9,463	9,410	9,363	9,329	9,282	9 <b>,22</b> 6	9,180
GOVERNMENT	10,979	10,940	10,929	10,885	10,762	10 <b>,7</b> 05	10,630	10,521	10,435	10,380	10,320	10,235	10,188
FEDERALSTATE AND LOCAL	2,616 8,363	2,610 8,330	2,601 8,328	2,571 8,314	2,523 8,239	2,501 8,204	2,477 8,153	2,451 8,070	2,423 8,012	2,397 7,983	2,400 7,920	2,386 7,849	2,378 7,810

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT

Table B-6: Production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry, seasonally adjusted
(In thousands)

			(1	n thousan	ds)								
Major industry group	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	June 1966	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Jan. 1966	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Sept. 1965
MANUFACTURING	14,255 8,378					14,100 8,226				13,779 7,973	13,706 7,905	_	13,503 7,794
	0,370	0,404	0,293	0,320	0,201	0,220	0,190	0,123	0,033	1,913	1,905	1,020	1) 134
Ordnance and accessories	126	124	122	120	178	114	112	1110	106	100	101	1.00	99
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	537	542	543	550	546	554	563	556	557	549	542	535	532
Furniture and fixtures	378	381.	378	381.	379	374	375	372	370	367	362	359	357
Stone, clay, and glass products	505	512	515	515	516	521	525	520	525	516	509	507	506
Primary metal industries	1,100	1,104	1,090	1,086	1,070	1,066	1,058	1,055	1,051	1,044	1,043	1,052	1,068
Fabricated metal products,	1,048	1,061	1,043	1,048	1,046	1,049	1,047	1,039	1,029	1,020	1,015	997	991
Machinery	1,340	1,338	1,331	1,312	1,229	1,284	1,278	1,274	1,262	1,256	1,250	1,234	1,227
Electrical equipment and supplies	1,350	1,353	1,320	1,327	1,308	1,297	1,268	1,260	1,233	1,216	1,195	1,177	1,159
Transportation equipment	1,372	1,361	1,324	1,358	1,351	1,344	1,344	1,323	1,296	1,290	1,284	1,267	1,264
Instruments and related products	277	278	277	276	273	270	269	266	261.	258	255	253	252
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	345	350	350	355	355	353	351	<b>3</b> 48	343	3 <b>57</b>	349	344	339
NONDURABLE GOODS	5,877	<b>5,</b> 933	5,908	5,953	5,893	5,874	5,858	5 <b>,</b> 844	5,800	5,806	5,801	5,742	5,709
Food and kindred products	1,153	1,165	1,165	1,166	1,154	1,163	1,174	1,169	1,163	1,163	1,182	1,155	1,137
Tobacco manufactures ,,,	65	67	73	74	73	74	74	73	73	73	72	72	73
Textile mill products	846	856	850	854	850	847	846	843	842	838	835	830	826
Apparel and related products	1,230	1,240	1,232	1,268	1,257	1,239	1,230	1,231	1,204	1,229	1,220	1,214	1,209
Paper and allied products	521	529	530	525	519	5 <b>1</b> 8	5 <b>1</b> 5	514	512	509	506	502	501
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	654	658	656	654	648	647	642	641	639	633	633	628	624
Chemicals and allied products	575	583	577	578	564	559	560	558	555	553	551	547	549
Petroleum refining and related industries	114	115	115	115	113	113	112	113	113	113	113	113	113
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	404	407	403	403	396	395	390	387	386	384	379	373	370
Leather and leather products	31.5	31.3	307	31.6	319	31.9	31.5	31.5	31.3	311	310	308	307

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

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#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

(in thousands)

			TOTAL	··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ī	Mining		Contr	act constru	ction		Manufacturin	g
	State and area	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965
1 2 3 4 56	ALABAMA Birmingham Huntsville Mobile Montgomery Tuscaloosa	925.2 220.5 81.6 101.8 65.6	922.2 220.2 82.2 102.3 65.1 31.7	892.2 215.7 77.3 106.2 62.4 30.1	8.6 4.0 (1) (1) (1) (1)	8.7 4.1 (1) (1) (1) (1)	8.4 3.8 (1) (1) (1) (1)	61.2 13.6 3.9 5.6 6.1	60.3 13.5 4.0 5.6 6.2 1.9	57.6 13.6 4.7 6.2 5.7 2.0	292.3 66.4 14.1 21.7 9.6 8.8	289.8 66.2 14.1 21.9 9.6 8.8	283.1 66.5 13.7 22.8 9.1 8.6
7	ALASKA	83.1	83.2	81.4	1.3	1.3	1.1	9.4	8.7	10.2	10.3	11.5	10.1
8 9 10	ARIZONA	421.3 246.8 79.2	420.9 246.8 78.8	396.8 228.2 72.1	16.8 .2 4.1	16.6 .2 4.1	15.7 .1 3.6	23.0 13.3 5.6	23.2 13.4 5.7	18.3 11.1 3.8	77.1 59.8 7.7	76.2 59.2 7.4	63.5 48.8 6.1
11 12 13 14 15	ARKANSAS. Fayetteville Fort Smith. Little Rock-North Little Rock Pine Bluff	488.5 22.6 37.4 103.9 22.5	485.5 22.7 37.6 103.8 22.4	473.1 20.5 38.7 101.5 22.0	(1) (1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1)	32.7 1.5 1.8 9.8 1.7	31.9 1.7 1.8 9.8 1.6	32.7 1.2 2.1 9.6 1.5	146.7 8.1 12.9 20.0 5.6	144.4 7.9 13.3 19.8 5.7	135.9 6.8 13.4 19.3 5.5
16. 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	CALIFORNIA Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove Bakersfield Fresno 2 Los Angeles-Long Beach Oxnard-Ventura Sacramento 2 San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario San Diego San Francisco-Oakland San Jose Santa Barbara Santa Rosa Stockton Vallejo-Napa	325.2 86.0 108.1 2,590.9 75.4 244.8 253.7 287.3 1,127.1	6,087.1 323.7 87.0 107.8 2,591.0 74.6 240.1 254.7 284.6 1,119.8 304.2 68.4 41.5 79.0	5,868.3 296.5 82.9 105.1 2,480.0 70.6 233.0 242.8 271.6 1,097.8 281.9 64.8 41.7 78.3	33.5 1.9 7.9 1.0 10.0 2.7 4 2.1 1.9 2 1.1 .2	33.6 1.9 7.9 1.0 10.2 2.7 .4 2.1 .4 1.9 .2 1.1	32.6 1.8 7.92 10.4 2.6 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.0	322.2 21.6 3.9 5.9 113.9 14.3 14.3 164.3 2.8 3.9 2.5	325.4 21.8 3.9 6.0 114.2 4.3 13.6 13.8 64.8 17.2 2.9 4.0 2.5	341.6 21.7 4.1 5.7 121.3 4.9 17.1 16.5 15.0 68.7 17.9 4.1 3.3 4.0 2.7	1,540.6 107.9 9.0 18.2 811.5 12.2 31.8 47.4 55.9 212.0 111.5 10.7 7.9 19.6	1,509.1 107.6 9.0 17.2 811.0 11.9 28.0 47.1 55.2 206.1 106.4 10.7 6.2 14.8 7.3	1,461.7 97.5 8.7 17.8 760.8 12.2 32.6 43.4 49.9 209.7 98.3 10.0 6.7 19.2 6.3
31 32	COLORADO	633.4 395.1	631.2 393.4	603.2 379.1	13.5 3.6	13.5 3.6	12.7 3.5	42.9 26.2	42.7 26.1	40.9 23.5	98.8 71.0	97.8 70.0	91.7 65.2
33 34 35 36 37 38 39	CONNECTICUT Bridgeport Hartford New Britain New Haven Stamford Waterbury		1,089.2 145.1 286.3 44.4 144.4 70.9 73.8	1,041.5 138.7 273.1 42.1 141.6 67.9 71.9	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	56.6 6.5 13.8 2.0 9.4 4.0 2.7	56.1 6.3 13.5 2.0 9.3 4.1 2.7	55.6 6.4 14.1 1.9 9.7 4.0 2.6	468.9 76.2 107.9 24.8 46.3 24.7 39.2	465.9 75.3 109.3 24.7 47.0 24.9 38.9	438.0 70.5 98.6 23.3 45.2 22.6 37.8
40 41	DELAWARE	188.1 168.9	189.0 170.0	181.9 163.0	{ <u>1</u> }	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	15.0 12.5	14.9 12.3	14.2 11.5	67.9 64.7	67.9 64.9	65.1 62.3
42 43	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 4 Washington SMSA	(5) (5)	660.0 1,003.0	630.2 950.8	(5) (5)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(5) (5)	26.3 7 <b>7.</b> 3	28.2 77.9	(5) (5)	21.5 43.2	20.6 40.8
44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51	FLORIDA Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood Jacksonville Miami Orlando Pensacola Tampa-St. Petersburg West Palm Beach	1,654.6 109.6 163.1 348.4 105.5 56.8 239.4 76.8	1,653.2 109.1 163.5 354.8 105.0 56.7 237.9 76.0	1,584.4 102.1 158.9 351.3 98.6 55.3 228.5 70.9	1,000,000,000	11.1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	10.1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	143.1 14.6 10.7 23.7 9.2 4.6 19.0 8.4	141.9 14.1 10.8 23.6 9.0 4.6 18.9 8.3	142.7 14.0 11.0 22.8 9.4 4.4 19.1 8.2	261.9 12.4 23.3 54.6 18.7 14.4 44.5 14.7	259.2 12.3 23.7 55.0 18.5 14.4 42.9 14.2	243.0 11.4 21.5 53.5 17.0 14.8 40.1 13.5
52 5 <b>3</b>	GEORGIA	1,310.5 486.1	1,314.1 494.7	1,260.7 4 <b>7</b> 5.0	5.4 (1)	5.6 (1)	5.5 (1)	69.0 24.3	73.8 28.4	80.0 35.0	420.3 108.9	421.5 114.0	403.2 105.1

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

### for States and selected areas, by industry division

#### (In thousands)

	insportation ublic utilit		Whole	sale and retai	il trade		ance, insura		Service	e and miscel	laneous		Governmen	:	Π
Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	
1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	
53.3 16.9 2.1 9.2 4.4 1.2	52.9 16.8 2.1 9.3 4.4 1.2	52.1 16.7 2.0 9.7 4.2 1.2	170.2 48.9 11.2 23.2 14.1 5.4	169.8 48.9 11.3 23.2 14.0 5.4	166.9 48.9 11.2 23.0 13.8 5.2	37.1 15.5 2.2 4.3 4.4	37.1 15.5 2.1 4.3 4.3	36.8 15.3 1.8 4.4 4.2	117.4 28.1 19.5 15.3 9.9 3.1	117.9 28.0 20.0 15.2 9.8 3.1	115.8 27.4 18.7 15.0 9.6 3.0	185.1 27.1 28.6 22.5 17.1 10.1	185.7 27.2 28.6 22.8 16.8 10.4	171.5 23.5 25.2 25.1 15.8 9.2	123456
8.2	8.1	8.0	10.8	10.7	10.2	2.3	2.2	2.1	8.3	8.2	7.6	32.5	32•5	32.1	7
26.1	26.2	24.7	95•7	96.0	92.8	22.4	22.5	22.0	67.6	67.8	69•1	92.6	92.4	90.7	8
14.5	14.5	1 <b>3.</b> 4	59•5	59.6	57.8	16.0	16.1	16.0	39.3	39.4	37•9	44.2	44.4	43.1	9
5.1	5.1	5.1	17•8	17.8	16.9	3.7	3.7	3.7	13.7	13.7	13•3	21.5	21.3	19.6	10
31.9	31.9	31.0	99.7	99.1	97.0	19.4	19.3	18.2	64.3	63.9	63.4	89.1	90.3	90.0	11
1.7	1.7	1.6	4.5	4.4	4.2	•5	.5	•5	2.3	2.4	2.2	4.0	4.1	3.9	12
2.7	2.7	2.7	8.0	8.0	8.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	5.7	5.6	5.6	4.6	4.6	5.0	13
9.0	9.0	8.8	22.4	22.4	21.9	8.1	8.1	7.6	15.2	15.2	14.9	19.4	19.6	19.6	14
2.8	2.8	2.7	4.1	4.0	4.0	•8	.8	•8	2.8	2.8	2.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	15
400.2 11.1 6.4 8.3 155.6 18.3 17.9 16.4 106.4 106.7 14.2	399.9 11.1 6.7 8.4 155.0 3.5 18.0 16.3 106.2 14.0 3.3	397.4 10.3 6.2 8.3 150.8 3.4 17.7 17.8 15.5 110.5 12.8 2.5 6.5	1,334.2 71.3 20.1.4 567.7 17.5 49.9 241.2 53.3 15.8 10.9 18.1	1,330.2 71.0 20.2 31.2 567.3 17.5 48.2 55.2 62.2 240.7 52.7 10.8 18.0 10.6	1,288.2 64.4 19.3 31.3 551.3 16.3 47.1 52.9 60.4 236.1 49.1 49.2 10.5 17.6	332.7 14.0 2.7 4.9 150.5 2.4 9.96 14.1 83.6 10.9 2.6 1.8	331.9 14.1 2.7 4.9 150.8 2.4 9.6 14.1 83.5 10.9 2.6 3.4 2.6	323.6 13.6 2.8 4.7 147.1 2.3 9.4 14.1 82.0 10.9 2.6 2.6 1.7	97.3 49.8 16.8 10.0 29.5 42.2 51.0 180.3 55.7 15.4 6.7	994.6 49.0 12.0 16.9 441.7 10.0 29.4 42.5 49.6 180.3 55.4 15.2 6.6 10.7	947.2 45.4 11.1 16.7 420.2 9.1 27.9 39.6 49.1 171.2 50.3 14.6	1,161.3 47.6 24.6 340.3 22.7 91.6 64.3 72.9 237.1 47.3 16.2 8.4 22.5	1,162.4 47.2 24.6 22.2 340.8 22.3 64.6 73.0 236.3 47.6 8.8 21.9 27.2	1,076.0 41.8 22.8 19.4 318.1 19.8 80.4 61.3 67.1 217.7 42.1 14.1 8.5 18.0 25.4	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
45.8	45•7	45.5	145.9	145.6	141.0	31.8	31.8	31.5	103.3	102.7	100.2	151.4	151.4	139•7	31
30.8	30•6	31.2	98.0	97.8	93.9	24.3	24.2	24.0	68.1	68.1	66.1	73.1	73.0	71•7	32
47.1 5.6 9.8 2.0 13.3 2.7 2.8	46.7 5.7 9.9 2.0 13.0 2.8 2.8	46.6 5.4 9.6 1.9 13.0 2.8 2.8	192.6 24.6 50.6 6.7 27.4 14.9 11.3	192.4 24.9 51.3 6.6 27.7 15.1 11.3	183.7 24.5 50.1 6.3 26.9 15.0 10.9	62.5 4.3 36.1 1.0 7.5 3.1	61.5 4.3 35.3 1.0 7.5 3.1	60.2 4.2 35.3 .9 7.4 3.0 1.8	146.9 16.5 36.3 4.2 26.0 14.3 8.9	147.0 16.5 36.4 4.3 26.1 14.5 8.9	143.0 16.6 35.5 4.2 25.8 14.0 8.8	119.1 11.8 31.1 3.9 14.0 6.7 7.4	119.6 12.1 30.6 3.9 13.9 6.5 7.3	114.4 11.2 30.0 3.4 13.6 6.6 7.2	33 34 35 36 37 38 39
10.4	10.5	10.5	35•9	36.1	34.6	7.6	7.6	7•2	25.6	26.5	25.1	25•7	25•5	25.2	40
8.9	9.1	9.0	30•9	31.0	30.0	6.8	6.8	6•5	23.0	23.8	22.4	22•1	22•1	21.3	41
(5)	32.2	32.0	<b>(</b> 5)	88.4	88.4	(5)	33•3	32.3	(5)	120.5	115.3	(5)	337.8	3 <b>13.</b> 4	142
(5)	51.8	51.8	(5)	185.1	180.0	(5)	62•9	58.4	(5)		188.0	(5)	381.4	35 <b>3.</b> 9	143
106.7 6.4 16.9 28.8 6.0 3.1 16.2 3.7	109.0 6.7 16.6 31.8 6.0 3.1 16.2 3.7	113.7 6.2 16.9 37.8 5.8 3.2 16.8 3.7	440.6 31.5 45.4 97.8 31.3 12.2 69.1 18.9	439.0 31.4 45.6 98.4 31.1 12.1 69.4 18.9	420.1 28.8 45.5 96.1 28.9 12.0 66.9 17.6	99.9 8.0 14.9 25.3 7.2 2.2 14.5 4.7	99.9 7.9 15.0 25.3 7.2 2.2 14.5 4.6	98.9 7.5 14.5 25.0 6.9 2.2 13.9 4.5	290.4 19.3 23.7 75.3 17.4 6.1 39.4 12.6	291.5 19.4 23.7 76.5 17.5 6.1 39.4 12.6	277.0 18.5 23.8 74.8 16.8 5.7 37.3	301.0 17.4 28.2 42.9 15.7 14.2 36.7	301.6 17.3 28.1 44.2 15.7 14.2 36.6 13.7	278.9 15.7 25.7 41.3 13.8 13.0 34.4 11.8	45 46 47 48 49 50
86.8	87.2	84.3	277.9	2 <b>7</b> 5•3	262.3	63.0	62.9	61.6	149.0	148.6	146.0	239 <b>.</b> 1	239•2	217.8	52
14.8	45.3	44.6	129.6	129•1	122.8	35.9	35.9	35.0	69.8	69.2	67.3	72 <b>.</b> 8	72•8	65.2	53

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

(In thousands)

	State and area		TOTAL			Mining		Cont	ract constru	ction		Manufacturin	g
	20216 #PO MARK	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965
1 2	GEORGIA (continued) Augusta Savannah.	76.9 58.8	76.8 58.5	72.3 57.5	{ <u>1</u> }	{ <u>1</u> }	<del>[1</del> ]	5.4 3.2	5.5 3.3	7.0 3.8	29.6 16.0	29.6 15.6	27.3 15.6
3 4	HAWAII	237•5 201•6	239.8 203.1	226.1 190.4	{ <u>1</u> }	{ <u>1</u> }	{ <u>1</u> }	18.6 16.1	18.8 16.2	17.9 15.1	29.7 21.7	32.0 23.4	29.7 21.4
5	IDAHO 2	192.5 34.7	189.5 34.7	187.1 33.2	3.6 (1)	3.7 (1)	3.6 (1)	13.6 2.2	13.6 2.2	14.4 2.4	35•7 3•9	33.6 3.9	35.0 3.8
7 8 9 10 11	ILLINOIS. Chicago. Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Peoria Rockford	4,061.1 2,772.2 (5) (5) (5)	4,039.6 2,752.5 128.3 118.7 104.5	3,888.7 2,676.5 122.7 115.7 95.2	25.6 6.6 (5) (5) (5)	25.7 6.4 (3) (3) (3)	26.3 6.7 (3) (3) (3)	187.5 116.8 (5) (5) (5)	185.2 116.0 6.9 6.9 4.8	182.6 114.3 6.6 7.2 4.5	1,395.9 961.8 (5) (5) (5)	1,376.0 944.8 49.7 47.9 57.0	1,319.3 914.1 46.5 45.5 50.5
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	INDIANA.  Evansville. Fort Wayne. Gary-Hammond-East Chicago Indianapolis. Muccie South Bend Terre Haute.	1,729.8 80.8 103.7 211.4 380.5 42.1 92.1 49.1	1,722.7 81.4 103.1 211.0 378.7 41.9 91.8 48.5	1,638.3 78.6 100.5 209.9 365.4 398.7 46.3	8.0 2.0 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	8.1 2.0 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	8.3 1.8 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	91.8 4.3 5.0 13.7 18.3 1.8 3.4	91.3 4.3 5.6 13.6 1.8 3.9 2.3	85.0 4.6 5.0 13.4 18.8 1.7 3.9 2.1	718.0 30.8 42.7 111.4 130.3 19.0 37.1	711.9 31.9 42.1 111.4 129.3 18.7 37.0	678.0 28.9 41.3 111.1 124.2 17.8 34.8
55 50 50	IOWA	797.2 62.0 110.2	795.1 61.9 110.7	758.9 57.4 109.2	3.8 (1) (1)	3.8 (1) (1)	3.6 (1) (1)	50.0 3.6 6.0	49.8 3.5 6.0	46.1 2.9 5.6	212.6 27.4 24.5	209.8 27.3 24.6	194.7 24.3 23.1
23 24 25	KANSAS	623.1 56.8 145.2	628.9 56.8 145.7	600.3 53.3 131.4	12.8 .1 2.6	13.2 .1 2.7	13.9 .1 3.0	35•3 4.0 7•7	35.6 4.0 7.6	38.5 3.0 7.3	136.6 8.3 54.3	139.1 8.3 54.1	121.8 7.4 43.7
26 27	KENTUCKY	800.4 282.2	796.8 282.5	771.2 273.1	33.0 (1)	28.0 (1)	28.8 (1)	52.7 15.6	54.6 15.9	53.7 15.4	219.0 100.2	218.9 99.8	209.7 94.7
28 29 30 31 32 33	LOUISIANA Baton Rouge Lake Charles Monroe New Orleans Shre veport	958.3 90.8 36.6 33.1 353.5 82.3	955.9 90.6 37.0 33.1 352.3 82.2	905.9 84.9 33.8 32.0 341.6 77.6	53.4 .3 1.3 .5 12.8 5.3	. 53.3 1.3 1.5 12.7 5.3	50.7 .3 1.3 .5 12.6 5.3	91.5.4 15.4 5.4 28.4 26.5	91.8 14.9 5.5 28.4 6.4	83.3 13.5 4.5 3.9 27.3 5.9	166.7 16.7 8.2 6.1 60.0 12.5	166.2 16.8 8.0 6.1 60.6 12.7	159.5 16.3 7.5 6.0 59.0
34 35 36	MAINE	312.1 27.6 59.9	311.6 27.3 59.7	305.1 26.2 59.2	(1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1)	17.5 1.4 3.7	17.6 1.4 3.7	17.2 1.2 3.7	116.4 13.6 14.6	115.0 13.3 14.4	112.8 12.8 14.4
37 38	MARYLAND 4	,144.8 706.2	1,138.8 706.4	1,079.2 671.7	2.5	2.5 •9	2.5 •9	90.8 45.8	89.8 45.2	88.8 44.3	287.7 204.2	283.1 205.3	277.1 196.6
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	MASSACHUSETTS Boston Brockton Fall River Lawrence-Haverhill Lowell New Bedford. Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke Worcester	2,129.5 1,190.3 46.9 44.9 75.9 48.1 190.4	2,118.7 1,188.8 46.1 43.4 75.0 48.1 53.1 188.7 125.8	2,078.4 1,158.2 45.3 44.3 75.2 48.0 53.3 184.2 122.9	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	रात वित्तत्त्त्त्	13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 1	98.3 57.7 2.2 (1) 2.5 2.7 1.9 8.1	98.3 57.1 2.2 (1) 2.4 2.7 1.9 8.1	104.0 56.9 2.2 (1) 2.4 2.7 1.96 5.3	702.0 296.9 17.2 22.0 38.9 20.3 27.7 75.1	691.9 295.7 16.5 20.6 38.2 19.5 26.6 73.8 50.9	676.5 288.7 16.5 21.6 38.8 19.8 26.9 71.4

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

### for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued

(In thousands)

	nsportation ublic utilit		Wholes	ale and retai	l trade	Fine	nce, insura	ance,	Servic	e and miscel	llaneous	<u> </u>	Government	<u></u>	T
Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	
1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	
3.4	3.4	3.0	12.7	12,6	11.7	2.7	2.7	2.4	7.1	7.1	7.0	16.0	15.9	13.9	1 2
6.4	6.6	6.6	13.0	12.8	12.4	2.8	2.8	2.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	9.6	9.6	8.5	
17.3 14.7	17.4 14.9	16.8 14.3	53.8 46.3	54.1 46.6	50.3 42.9	13.4 12.4	13.6 12.5	13.1	40.9 34.6	41.1 34.7	39•1 32•9	63.8 55.8	62.8 54.8	59•2 51•6	34
14.2	14.2	14.5	46.8	46.3	45.0	7.4	7•3	7•2	27.6	27.6	26.8	43.6	43.2	40.6	5
3.1	3.1	3.0	9.7	9.7	8.9	2.3	2•3	2•2	5.1	5.1	4.8	8.4	8.4	8.1	
280.0 197.2 (5) (5)	282.3 198.6 6.9 6.5 3.5	280.4 198.2 6.7 6.5 3.3	851.6 586.8 (5) (5)	850.1 585.5 25.2 24.4 19.0	821.9 572.7 25.0 24.4 17.3	210.1 162.3 (5) (5) (5)	210.5 162.3 4.8 4.6 2.7	204.8 160.2 4.7 4.4 2.9	594.6 440.6 (5) (5)	595.2 440.3 14.8 15.7 10.8	569.9 425.6 14.3 15.0 10.4	515.9 300.2 (5) (5) (5)	514.6 298.6 19.9 12.8 6.8	483.5 284.8 19.0 12.6 6.3	7 8 9 10 11
97.0 97.5 13.4 26.4 4.7 4.2	96.7 4.9 7.5 13.4 26.4 4.7 4.2	93.7 5.0 7.2 13.3 25.1 2.2 4.6 4.2	326.4 17.2 21.8 33.2 82.1 7.8 18.5 12.4	327.0 17.2 21.9 33.1 81.8 7.9 18.4 12.2	314.2 17.3 21.5 32.9 79.0 7.6 18.5 11.5	67.4 2.9 5.4 5.5 25.3 1.3 4.7	67.3 2.9 5.4 5.5 25.1 1.3 4.7	65.5 2.9 5.3 5.4 24.2 1.3 4.6 1.6	177.7 10.7 12.4 17.7 43.2 4.3 14.7	177-9 10.3 12.3 17-5 42.8 4.3 14.6 5.4	170.2 10.6 11.9 17.3 41.4 4.1 14.3 5.2	243.5 8.0 8.9 16.5 55.1 55.5 7.9	242.5 7.9 8.9 16.5 54.9 5.5 7.8	223.4 7.5 8.3 16.5 52.7 4.8 8.0 7.5	13 14 15 16 17 18
51.4	51.6	51.0	192.2	191.7	185.6	37•7	37•9	36.5	114.4	114.1	110.5	135.1	136.5	130.9	22
3.2	3.1	3.1	12.2	12.0	11.9	2•7	2•7	2.7	7.9	7.8	7.7	5.2	5.4	4.9	21
7.8	7.9	8.1	27.8	27.9	28.1	12•0	12•2	12.4	16.6	16.7	17.2	15.6	15.6	14.9	20
51.5	51.8	51.0	142.7	143.2	141.7	26.8	26.8	26.4	88.3	88.1	86.0	129.1	131.1	121.0	23
7.3	7.3	7.1	11.9	11.9	11.6	3.3	3.3	3.1	8.6	8.5	8.3	13.4	13.6	12.8	24
7.5	7.5	7.4	30.8	30.9	29.5	6.0	6.2	6.1	20.3	20.4	19.3	16.1	16.5	15.2	25
55.2	55.4	55.0	162.6	163.6	156.5	31.5	31.6	30.3	106.7	106.0	102.8	139•7	138.7	134.4	26
21.1	21.2	21.2	60.3	60.4	58.8	14.7	14.7	14.3	40.4	40.6	39.2	29•9	29.9	29 <b>.</b> 6	27
91.5	91.1	83.7	209.7	208.7	203.0	43.3	42.9	41.4	132.2	131.7	124.6	170.2	170.2	159.7	28
5.1	5.0	4.8	18.3	18.4	17.2	4.7	4.7	4.5	11.7	11.5	11.1	18.3	19.0	17.3	29
3.3	3.4	3.2	7.3	7.3	7.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	4.4	4.4	4.3	5.4	5.4	4.7	30
2.2	2.2	2.1	8.4	8.4	8.4	1.7	1.7	1.7	4.5	4.5	4.4	5.2	5.2	5.0	31
46.3	46.1	44.7	84.9	83.6	81.5	20.3	20.2	19.8	55.9	55.9	55.1	14.8	44.6	41.8	32
8.7	8.8	8.7	21.4	21.1	20.7	4.0	4.0	4.0	11.6	11.5	11.2	12.3	12.2	11.4	33
16.9 5.4	17.3 .9 5.4	16.9 .9 5.4	58.1 5.5 15.7	57.8 5.4 15.7	57.6 5.3 15.6	10.2 .8 4.6	10.2 .9 4.5	10.0 .8 4.4	38.3 3.7 9.7	37•9 3•7 9•6	37•7 3•5 9•6	54.7 1.7 6.2	55.8 1.7 6.4	52.9 1.7 6.1	
74.0 53.4	73.9 53.4	72.0 52.6	247.9 145.5	248.4 145.7	233•7 140•2	59.1 36.7	59.1 36.7	56.0 35.4	185.1 107.3	184.3 107.0	173.4 101.3	197.7	197.7	175.7 100.4	37 38
106.4 65.0 2.8 1.7 1.9 2.6 8.4 5.9	107.1 65.7 2.8 1.7 1.9 1.9 2.6 8.4 5.9	107.5 67.1 2.8 1.7 1.9 2.6 8.5 5.8	427.9 260.9 11.2 8.5 13.3 8.8 9.6 34.7 22.6	127.9 261.5 11.2 8.5 13.3 9.6 34.6 22.4	420.4 250.9 10.8 8.4 13.1 8.8 9.3 34.8 22.1	112.7 81.3 1.4 (1) 2.1 1.3 (1) 8.7 6.1	113.0 81.3 1.4 (1) 2.1 1.3 (1) 8.8 6.1	111.0 79.7 1.4 (1) 2.1 1.3 (1) 8.7 6.0	387.7 255.6 5.2 8.4 9.3 7.4 8.2 30.7 20.2	387.5 256.4 5.1 8.3 9.3 7.4 8.3 30.7 20.2	376.4 248.9 5.0 8.2 9.3 7.2 8.0 29.3 19.3	294.5 172.9 6.9 4.3 7.9 6.5 4.1 24.5 14.8	293.0 171.1 6.9 4.3 76.5 4.1 24.3	282.6 166.0 6.6 4.4 7.6 6.3 4.6 23.9 14.3	41 42 43 44 45

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

(In thousands)

	State and area		TOTAL	1		Mining	ļ	Contr	act constru	ction		Manufacturin	8
	State and atom	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	MICHIGAN. Ann Arbor Bay City Detroit Flint Grand Rapids. Kalamazoo Lansing. Muskegon-Muskegon Heights Saginaw.	2,731.2 80.7 29.2 1,350.3 133.6 166.1 65.1 105.3 50.6 66.9	2,764.3 85.6 27.9 1,371.5 144.8 158.7 64.0 113.8 50.2 64.9	2,620.3 82.2 27.4 1,321.2 133.8 154.8 60.5 107.8 48.3 61.9	13.2 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	13.5 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	14.3 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	126.2 3.7 1.4 55.9 6.8 3.4 5.9 3.4 5.9	123.7 3.6 1.5 54.8 6.1 9.5 3.3 5.5 1.8 3.6	128.8 3.0 1.2 61.5 7.2 9.2 4.0 4.9 1.7 3.3	1,063.9 25.0 12.5 550.8 67.7 74.1 28.9 30.3 28.4 31.2	1,091,9 30.2 11.1 574.1 78.5 67.5 28.0 37.8 28.1 29.1	1,024.9 29.3 11.5 537.8 68.5 65.5 24.8 36.4 26.4 28.0
11 12 13	MINNESOTA.  Duluth-Superior.  Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,160.1 57.4 683.5	1,149.0 57.2 678.3	1,099.6 54.1 643.5	16.8 (1) (1)	16.8 (1) (1)	16.0 (1) (1)	75.8 3.1 42.8	74.7 3.1 42.1	70•5 3•0 39•3	286.3 10.7 185.8	281.3 10.9 184.1	269.9 10.0 172.5
14 15	MISSISSIPPI	503.7 77.5	501.4 77.6	483.8 75.0	5•5 •8	5•5 •8	5 <b>.</b> 8	32.4 6.0	32.0 6.3	31.9 6.2	164.2 13.3	162.7 13.2	155.4 12.5
16 17 18	MISSOURI  Kansas City St. Louis	1,517.7 455.9 853.5	1,533.0 461.6 859.6	1,477.3 443.9 819.9	8.2 .6 2.9	8.2 .6 2.9	8.4 .6 3.1	81.6 26.1 46.1	84.4 25.8 48.7	85.9 25.8 47.8	434.2 121.3 287.8	443.2 128.4 289.2	413.9 113.2 276.5
19 20 21	MONTANA Billings. Great Falls	194.6 24.9 23.7	195.3 25.2 23.4	188.3 24.8 23.2	7.5 (1) (1)	7•5 (1) (1)	7.6 (1) (1)	15.3 1.7 2.3	15.1 1.7 2.2	14.5 1.7 2.7	24.6 2.8 3.4	24.5 2.8 3.4	23.2 2.8 3.3
22 23	NEBRASKA	434.1 185.4	433.9 185.3	417.4 177.4	2 <b>.</b> 1 (3)	(3)	(3)	27.2 13.2	27.1 13.0	27.0 12.2	77.6 38.1	76.9 38.1	69 <b>.</b> 7 35 <b>.</b> 5
24 25	NEVADA <sup>2</sup>	164.7 49.9	165.0 50.1	164.7 49.1	4.2 (7)	4.2 (7)	4.0 (7)	9.0 4.8	9•7 5•0	11.9 5.5	7•2 2•8	7•3 2•8	7•3 2•7
26 27	NEW HAMPSHIRE	248.5 47.4	246.7 46.8	231.6 45.2	(1)3	(1)3	(1)2	13.2 2.6	13.1 2.6	11.7 2.5	97•9 18•4	96.4 18.0	90.6 17.4
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	NEW JERSEY Atlantic City Jersey City  Newark Paterson-Clifton-Passaic Perth Amboy Trenton.	2,355.5 68.7 257.3 736.1 433.7 223.7 122.9	2,349.7 65.5 255.9 737.6 431.9 222.8 122.1	2,287.1 65.0 253.9 720.7 421.6 214.4 120.2	3.2 - .6 .4 .8 (1)	3.2 6 .4 .8 (1)	3.6 - .9 .5 .8 (1)	124.1 3.9 7.1 36.0 25.4 11.8 5.3	123.5 4.1 7.0 36.1 25.4 11.8 5.1	119.9 3.3 7.0 35.2 24.7 11.7	857.0 10.1 116.1 251.5 176.1 103.4 42.5	850.5 9.1 114.8 252.7 174.1 102.1 41.6	839.6 9.8 114.9 244.0 172.3 100.6 41.5
35 36	NEW MEXICO 2	273.4 96.5	275•1 97•5	268 <b>.</b> 3 93 <b>.</b> 4	16.8 (1)	16.7 (1)	17•2 (1)	19.9 7.7	20.0 7.8	21.8 7.5	18.9 8.6	18.9 8.6	17.6 8.2
333944444444444555	NEW YORK Albany-Schenectady-Troy Binghamton Buffalo Elmira Monroe County 9 Nassau and Suffolk Counties 10 New York-Northeastern New Jersey New York SMSA 8 New York City 10 Rochester Rockland County 10 Syracuse Utica-Rome Westchester County 10	(5) 256.1 101.7 467.5 37.0 282.7 609.4 (5) (5) (5) 320.4 209.3 111.3 274.3	6,697.5 256.2 100.8 462.4 36.5 281.4 609.3 6,179.1 4,532.2 3,597.3 318.8 501.0 110.7 276.0	6,569.2 249.5 100.4 452.4 35.3 265.2 575.7 6,010.8 3,576.9 302.2 48.2 200.8 106.2 270.0	(5) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (5) (5) (5) (1) (1) (1)	9.5 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) 4.8 3.0 2.4 (1) (1) (1)	9•9 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) 5•3 3•1 (1) (1) (1) (1)	(5) 13.3 4.4 23.6 1.5 17.2 41.9 (5) (5) (5) 18.9 3.3 12.0 3.9 17.5	287.9 13.1 3.9 23.0 1.6.8 41.8 256.8 176.5 114.7 18.6 3.2 11.8 3.9	281.4 11.8 5.4 23.0 2.4 14.5 40.9 254.8 176.1 113.9 15.9 3.8 12.0 3.9 17.6	(5) 66.6 47.4 180.0 186.6 130.1 145.5 (5) (5) (5) 143.3 14.3 70.7 41.9 68.9	1,874.4 66.7 47.0 175.0 16.1 129.4 143.4 1,723.9 1,080.2 850.7 142.0 14.3 69.9 41.1 71.7	1,859,9 64.3 45.2 171.5 14.6 121.2 135.9 1,733.6 1,101.2 880.1 134.2 14.1 66.1 38.9 71.2

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

#### for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued

(In thousands)

	insportation ublic utilit		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade	Fina	ance, insura nd real estat	nce,	Service	e and miscel	laneous		Government		Π
Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	1
1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	
141.8 1.8 1.5 74.9 4.7 9.5 2.3 3.2 2.4 4.5	142.2 1.8 1.5 74.3 5.0 9.4 2.3 3.3 2.3 4.5	136.7 2.7 1.5 71.0 4.9 9.2 2.2 3.2 2.6 3.9	534.1 10.2 6.6 279.5 21.9 32.6 11.3 19.1 7.5 11.7	534.7 10.3 6.5 279.7 21.9 32.5 11.3 19.2 7.5 11.7	512.9 9.5 6.2 267.9 21.5 31.6 11.1 18.1 7.5 11.4	99.1 1.9 .7 59.1 3.5 5.9 1.8 3.7 1.3 1.8	99.4 1.9 .7 59.8 3.5 5.8 1.8	96.0 1.7 .7 58.3 3.3 5.6 1.8 3.5 1.3 1.8	345.9 8.0 3.7 178.4 14.1 20.6 7.7 12.5 4.7	347.1 7.9 3.7 178.1 14.1 20.3 7.7 12.5 4.8 7.7	332.0 7.6 3.5 177.6 13.4 20.6 7.4 12.3 4.5 7.3	407.0 30.1 2.8 150.9 15.6 13.5 9.8 31.0 4.4 6.4	411.9 29.8 2.9 149.9 15.6 13.6 9.7 31.8 4.4 6.5	374.6 28.5 2.8 146.1 15.0 13.1 9.4 29.5 4.3 6.1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
81.9	81.1	81.7	267.lı	265.7	259.4	54.3	54.0	53.1	171.0	170.2	163.8	206.7	205.2	185.1	11
9.1	9.2	9.2	12.9	12.9	12.3	1.9	1.9	2.0	10.1	10.0	9.7	9.6	9.3	8.1	12
50.7	50.2	51.7	161.2	160.0	156.1	39.9	39.6	38.8	109.0	108.5	104.3	94.0	93.7	80.6	13
27.4	26.9	26.3	93.1	92.7	91.5	17•1	17.1	16.7	56.2	56.5	56.1	107.8	108.0	100.1	14
4.9	.4.9	4.8	18.0	17.9	17.5	5•5	5.5	5.3	12.0	12.0	12.0	17.0	17.0	15.9	15
115.8	116.9	117.3	337.8	338.6	333•4	81.7	82.1	81.3	221.1	221.6	214.9	237•3	238.0	222.2	16
41.3	41.3	45.6	112.6	112.6	109•7	29.8	29.6	29.1	65.9	65.7	63.8	58•3	57.6	56.1	17
65.7	66.2	65.4	176.3	177.1	168•0	42.8	43.1	42.0	128.6	129.0	123.0	103•3	103.4	94.1	18
18.6	18.7	18.5	45.8	45.4	44.5	7•5	7,4	7.2	27•3	27.1	26.5	48.0	49.6	46.3	19
2.4	2.4	2.5	7.7	7.7	7.7	1•6	1,6	1.5	4•7	4.7	4.6	4.0	4.3	4.0	20
2.1	2.1	2.1	6.3	6.1	5.9	1•3	1,3	1.3	3•6	3.6	3.7	4.7	4.7	4.2	21
36.9	36.9	36.7	105.4	105.3	102.6	25.4	25 <b>.</b> 4.	25 <b>.</b> 4	71.8	72.0	68 <b>.</b> 7	87.6	88.1	85.2	22
20.7	20.7	20.3	44.2	44.1	42.5	14.6	14 <b>.</b> 7	14 <b>.</b> 6	29.8	30.1	28 <b>.</b> 9	24.8	24.8	23.6	23
11.4	11.6	11.7	31.1	31.1	30.6	6 <b>.</b> 2	6.2	6.4	65.6	64.9	64.6	30.0	30.0	28 <b>.</b> 2	24
4.2	4.2	4.4	10.7	10.6	10.1	2 <b>.</b> 7	2.7	2.5	16.6	16.7	15.9	8.1	8.1	8 <b>.</b> 0	25
9.9	10.0	9.6	43.4	43.2	9•14	8.7	8.7	8.5	48.3	48.3	44.3	26.8	26.7	25 <b>.</b> 8	26
2.8	2.8	2.8	10.0	9.9	40•9	2.7	2.7	2.7	7.2	7.2	6.7	3.6	3.6	3 <b>.</b> 7	27
160.2 3.6 35.0 51.8 22.8 10.5 6.2	160.1 3.6 34.8 51.8 22.8 10.6 6.2	158.4 3.5 33.9 53.7 22.8 9.9 6.2	460.2 20.6 36.9 143.4 94.5 39.7 19.4	461.9 19.4 37.2 143.5 94.8 40.0 19.6	142.2 19.7 36.9 139.5 90.9 36.3 19.3	104.8 2.9 8.7 49.9 14.8 4.6 4.5	104.4 2.9 8.8 49.6 14.8 4.6 4.5	102.3 2.8 8.7 49.6 14.2 4.5	341.0 18.0 25.3 114.8 57.9 21.5	341.2 16.8 25.3 115.3 57.9 21.6 21.7	330.6 16.4 24.9 114.4 56.2 20.7 21.1	305.0 9.6 28.2 88.1 41.8 31.4 23.5	304.9 9.6 28.0 88.0 41.7 31.3 23.4	290.5 9.5 27.6 83.4 40.0 29.9 22.3	28 29 30 31 32 33 34
20.0	20.0	19.8	57•9	57•7	56.6	11.5	11.5	11.7	50.5	50.2	49.7	77•9	80.1	73•9	35
6.7	6.7	6.6	23•1	23•1	22.7	5.8		5.9	22.9	22.7	22.1	21•7	22.8	20•4	36
(5) 14.7 5.0 32.1 1.63 24.8 (5) (5) (5) 13.1 2.3 13.8 5.4 17.1	475.2 14.7 4.9 31.9 1.7 11.1 24.8 475.5 311.8 13.0 2.3 13.7 5.4	479.7 14.3 4.9 32.5 1.6 11.1 25.4 481.7 317.8 12.9 2.3 13.3 5.4 16.2	(5) 50.8 16.6 89.0 6.5 48.1 151.6 (5) (5) 54.4 8.8 43.6 17.8 60.4	1,351.4 50.4 16.4 88.7 6.5 48.2 153.2 1,280.6 964.8 740.8 54.5 8.9 43.3 17.7 61.1	1,333.3 50.4 16.5 88.1 6.4 45.5 144.9 1,250.0 946.4 734.9 52.0 8.1 42.4 17.5 58.5	(5) 9.7 2.9 17.5 9.8 26.1 (5) (5) (5) 10.5 1.8 9.9 9.4.1 12.6	519.9 9.8 17.6 9.8 9.0 522.9 145.1 404.8 10.5 1.8 9.9 4.1 12.6	512.7 9.7 2.8 17.0 9.3 24.7 515.3 438.2 399.2 10.0 1.7 9.1 12.7	(5) 41.2 10.7 62.9 5.5 38.8 113.4 (5) 42.9 8.5 30.0 13.2 60.6	1,180.4 40.4 10.7 63.3 5.5 38.8 114.1 1,087.9 867.9 686.6 42.9 8.4 30.1 13.2 59.7	39.9 10.5 60.9 5.1 36.5 104.8	(5) 61.9 14.9 62.6 4.4 27.4 106.2 (5) (5) 37.3 11.5 29.3 37.2	998.9 61.1 14.9 62.9 4.3 27.4 106.0 826.7 639.3 485.4 37.3 11.5 28.3 36.8	939.9 59.4 15.0 59.4 4.2 27.0 99.1 780.4 599.5 454.7 10.7 283.9 35.0	43 45 47 49 50

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

(In thousands)

			TOTAL			Mining		Cont	ract constru	ction		Menufecturin	g
	State and area	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965
1 2 3 4 5 6	NORTH CAROL INA Asheville Charlotte Greensboro-High Point Raleigh Winston-Salem	1,486.3	1,468.2	1,426.7	3.0	3.0	2.9	96.8 11.3 7.8	98.5 11.3 7.9	91.9	626.1 20.1 36.3 48.9 12.7 38.8	609.0 20.0 36.3 49.0 12.3 34.5	596.6 18.6 34.8 48.4 11.1 37.8
7 8	NORTH DAKOTA	149•7 35•1	150.3 35.1	151.7 33.6	(1)	2.0 (1)	2.1 (1)	12.1 3.1	12.0 3.0	15.8 3.1	8.6 2.3	8.7 2.3	9•3 2•3
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	OHIO	3,516.2 219.3 123.9 450.7 797.8 328.1 295.8 211.8 182.0	3,496.9 216.6 124.3 448.6 791.8 319.6 294.7 209.9 183.4	3,379.1 208.1 120.7 430.3 770.1 314.7 279.8 204.3 176.3	20.8 .3 .5 1.1 1.0 .6 .4	735510645 20 11	20.1	169.6 8.7 5.0 21.5 34.1 17.7 14.4 10.2 9.7	167.3 8.6 4.8 21.1 33.6 17.4 14.0 10.1 9.4	164.8 8.7 4.8 21.0 33.9 17.6 14.0 9.5 8.9	1,390.7 95.6 60.9 161.0 309.7 84.5 125.2 78.6 84.7	1,373.2 93.5 61.1 159.2 302.3 78.5 124.5 76.1	1,323.6 91.6 59.2 152.3 295.5 80.8 114.9 76.7 83.3
18 19 20	OKLAHOMA Oklahoma City Tulsa	675.6 218.2 161.3	674.7 218.2 161.1	655.4 210.6 153.8	43.6 6.8 13.6	43.7 6.8 13.6	42.8 6.9 13.7	36.1 12.9 9.9	36.1 13.0 9.8	38.5 15.2 9.5	113.6 30.0 39.7	112.5 30.0 39.6	106.2 27.9 36.3
21 22 23	OREGON	659.3 63.7 338.1	648.1 62.6 335.6	625.5 61.2 319.7	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	38.3 4.4 17.0	37.6 4.2 16.8	36.6 4.1 17.1	180.2 20.9 83.5	172.9 20.4 81.9	170.2 21.1 75.8
4 5 6 7 8 9 9 4 9 3 4 5 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	PENNSYLVANIA Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton Altoona Erie Harrisburg Johnstown Lancaster Philadelphia Pittsburgh Reading Scranton Wilkes-Barre—Hazleton York	4,105.5 204.7 44.5 89.9 164.4 76.2 112.0 1,639.7 81.9 113.5 81.9 114.6	4,097.5 203.7 44.5 89.9 164.1 75.8 1111.2 1,641.8 827.9 112.3 81.1 113.2	3,973.9 200.1 43.0 86.6 161.4 73.7 106.9 1,592.1 809.9 110.8 79.9 110.7 112.0	44.1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	43.5 (11.1) 9 36 73 (1.1) 9 11 36 73 (1.1) 9 11 36 31	46.6 (1) (1) (1) 5.0 (1) 1.4 10.0 (1)	197.8 9.5.4.8 9.8.6 7.3.4.2 87.4.2 4.57	196.78 8.8 1.55 3.88 2.4 7.2 86.9 4.3 4.5 5.8	191.0 8.4 1.4 38.0 1.8 6.9 2 4.1 2.2 5.9	1,570.4 104.3 14.6 43.7 39.5 56.3 573.2 299.8 573.6 52.5 59.5	2,559.7 104.5 14.7 43.8 39.0 27.4 55.8 571.3 299.0 55.1 33.8 51.5 58.2	1,507.2 103.5 13.1 41.6 37.7 263.2 551.6 293.6 55.2 33.1 47.8 56.9
37 38	RHODE ISLAND	328.1 338.1	325.8 333.3	323.2 328.3	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	17.4 17.3	17.0 16.8	16.2 16.0	124.5 142.3	123.3 139.1	123.2 137.6
39 44 44	SOUTH CAROLINA	725.6 76.5 85.3 104.8	724.9 76.0 85.8 104.7	684.2 71.0 81.8 100.2	1.8 (1) (1)	1.8 (1) (1) (1)	1.7 (1) (1) (1)	47.1 6.7 6.9 8.3	47.9 6.6 6.9 8.4	46.4 6.3 6.6 8.0	317.1 12.5 17.4 53.1	314.6 12.5 17.5 52.9	295.8 11.3 17.0 49.9
. 43 44	SOUTH DAKOTA	151.4 30.9	153.4 31.0	152.9 30.7	2.5 (1)	2.5 (1)	2.5 (1)	8.7 1.8	8.7 1.8	11.0 2.8	14.0 5.7	14.2 5.7	13.8 5.4
454449 44449	TENNESSEE	(5) 118.0 135.7 235.5 201.0	1,199.0 117.0 135.7 232.9 200.8	1,133.0 110.8 130.6 224.2 192.1	(5) 1.7 .3 (1)	7.2 .2 1.7 .3 (1)	7.3 .2 1.7 .3 (1)	(5) 6.3 6.9 14.0 12.7	70.4 6.6 6.9 13.9 12.8	65.2 5.5 5.9 13.2 13.0	(5) 50.7 47.8 56.1 60.8	424.4 49.7 47.7 55.6 59.9	396.9 46.1 46.4 50.6 56.4
50 51 52 53	TEXAS Austin Beaumont-Port Arthur. Corpus Christi	3,054.7 - - -	3,038.1 - - -	2,934.9 - -	109.1	109.1	112.0	194.0 - -	17 <sup>1</sup> 4.2 - -	197.6	612.3 6.9 33.7 10.4	617.6 6.8 35.0 10.5	578.3 6.4 35.0 10.4

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

#### for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued

#### (in thousands)

Tra	nsportation ublic utilit	and ies	Wholes	ale and retai	l trade		nce, insure		Service	and miscel	laneous		Government		1
Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	1
1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	
77.6	76.9	75.2	262.2	262.0	257.8	55.9	56.0	54.4	163.6	164.2	159.7	201.1	198,6	188,2	1 2
14.2	14.4 6.0	14.6 5.9	37.7 23.3	37•7 23•3	37.3 22.4	9.5 6.6	9.6 6.7	9.2 6.4	19.1	19.1	18.2	15.1	15.0	13.3	3
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 6
12.3	12.3	12.3	41.9	41.9	41.4	6.6	6.6	6.5	25.1	25.1	24.7	40.9	41.8	<b>3</b> 9•5	7 8
3.1	3.1	3.0	10.7	10.8	10.6	2.1	2.1	2.1	6.4	6.4	6.0	7.4	7.4	6•5	
210.6 14.0 6.5 32.8 49.7 19.5 11.6 16.5	210.7 14.0 6.5 33.0 50.0 19.5 11.6 16.4	205.9 13.8 6.2 33.1 48.5 19.0 11.3 16.0 9.5	670.7 402.3 90.0 159.5 44.3 32.3	679.4 90.4 90.6 90.6 91.6 91.6 91.6 91.6 91.6 91.6 91.6 91	654.3 39.4 22.0 89.5 157.1 64.5 48.2 31.7	137.6 6.3 4.2 24.3 37.4 20.4 8.5 7.1 4.6	137.6 6.3 4.1 24.3 37.6 20.4 8.4 7.0 4.6	134.1 6.1 4.0 23.7 36.6 19.5 8.2 6.9 4.5	448.0 27.5 14.3 60.9 111.5 35.6 30.6 23.6	448.9 27.3 14.5 60.9 111.7 35.8 23.6	429.5 26.1 14.4 58.9 107.1 46.9 34.2 29.2	468.3 26.3 10.5 54.9 50.5 24.8 16.8	466.6.9.9.5.6.9.5.0.5.6.9.5.6.9.5.6.9.5.6.9.5.6.9.5.6.9.5.6.9.5.6.9.5.6.9.5.6.9.5.0.5.6.9.5.6.9.5.5.6.9.5.5.6.9.5.5.6.9.5.5.6.9.5.5.6.9.5.5.6.9.5.0.5.5.6.9.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5	446.7 22.2 9.5 51.4 90.5 48.2 22.3 15.8	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
48.2	48.4	47.7	151.6	152.3	149.3	31.7	31.7	31.7	92.4	92.1	89.6	158.4	157.9	149.6	18
14.3	14.2	14.0	50.6	50.6	50.1	13.5	13.5	13.5	31.0	30.9	29.9	59.1	59.2	53.1	19
14.7	14.7	14.3	36.8	37.0	35.2	7.6	7.6	7.4	24.4	24.2	23.6	14.6	14.6	13.8	20
48.3	48.4	47.9	149.1	147.6	140.8	29.3	29.5	28.6	92.7	92.0	87.8	119.8	118.3	111.9	21
4.0	4.0	3.9	13.2	12.9	12.1	2.5	2.4	2.3	8.2	8.2	7.5	10.5	10.5	10.2	22
29.1	29.4	29.1	83.5	82.6	79.4	19.8	19.8	19.1	52.4	52.5	50.1	52.8	52.6	49.1	23
264.0 10.8 7.91 11.78 4.98 109.4 56.1 5.9 5.9 5.9	265.88 75.188 75.188 1105.60 55.5 55.5	5.5 5.0 109.6	738.3 32.3 7.3 15.0 31.2 12.4 18.8 316.6 158.1 17.0 15.1 18.7	738.7 31.6 7.2 14.9 30.9 12.4 18.7 317.5 158.2 16.7 15.0 18.5	724-38 30-82 714-50-89 117-88 117-88 118-69 118-69	170.00 12.92 0.50 0.24.45.66 0.32 0.50 0.24.45.66	169.7 5.9.2 7.9 1.2.0 7.2.0 2.5.6 2.9.4 3.4.4 2.6.6 3.4.4 2.6.6	167.4 5.7 1.2 7.1 2.7 7.1 1.9 2.4 833.8 2.5 6.5	598.7 24.6 6.8 11.6 22.3 10.7 14.4 248.0 136.9 15.1 11.8 12.7	599.1 24.4 6.8 11.6 22.1 10.6 14.2 250.8 137.2 15.1 11.9 12.7	576.1 23.9 6.3 11.3 21.2 10.7 13.6 241.7 12.4 11.7	522.2 17.2 5.2 8.2 42.7 10.3 7.4 93.3 10.8 8.9 13.3	524.8 17.2 5.2 8.2 43.3 10.3 7.9 213.6 93.3 10.7 8.9 13.3	497.8 16.4 5.0 8.0 45.5 10.1 78.1 9.9 8.7 13.1	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 36
15.2	14.8	15.0	59•1	58.7	58.1	14.1	14.3	14.1	50.4	50.3	49.8	47.4	47.4	46.8	37
14.7	14.4	14.5	58•2	57.9	56.7	14.0	14.0	13.9	48.4	48.2	47.1	43.2	42.9	42.5	38
30.5	30.5	28.5	117.8	117.6	115.1	24.2	24.2	23.9	70.8	70.8	69.3	116.3	117.5	103.5	39
5.1	5.1	4.8	14.9	14.8	14.3	3.1	3.1	3.0	8.7	8.7	8.4	25.5	25.2	22.9	40
5.6	5.5	5.3	18.4	18.5	17.9	5.4	5.4	5.2	10.1	10.2	10.0	21.5	21.8	19.8	41
4.1	4.1	4.0	17.2	17.2	16.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	10.3	10.3	10.1	8.2	8.2	8.0	42
10.0	10.1	10.1	40.5	40.6	40.4	6.8	6.9	6.9	24.3	24.2	24.9	44.9	46.4	43.5	43
2.8	2.8	2.8	9.6	9.5	9.2	1.9	1.8	1.8	5.2	5.2	4.9	4.0	4.2	3.8	44
(5)	60.3	58.3	(5)	231.4	221.6	(5)	49.1	47.7	(5)	156.0	147.9	(5)	200.2	188.1	45
5•7	5.6	5.6	21.9	21.8	20.8	6.0	6.0	5.8	14.0	13.9	13.6	13.2	13.2	13.1	46
7•1	7.1	6.9	28.0	27.9	26.8	4.4	4.4	4.4	16.9	16.9	16.0	22.9	23.1	22.5	47
17•9	17.5	17.1	60.7	59.0	58.0	12.4	12.4	12.4	35.2	35.5	33.3	38.9	38.7	39.3	48
12•0	12.2	11.6	42.1	41.9	40.2	12.6	12.7	12.2	31.1	31.3	30.2	29.7	30.0	28.5	49
237-9	237.1	229.2	756.2	753.1 - -	726.8	163.7	163.7	156.5	454.0	452.0	433.1	527.5 - -	531.3	501.4 - - -	50 51 52 53

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

#### (In thousands)

			TOTAL			Mining		Contr	act construc	ction	1	da nufacturing	5
	State and area	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965
1 2 3 4 5	TEXAS (continued) Dallas El Paso Fort Worth Houston San Antonio	518.1 - 594.1 212.9	516.4 - 575.1 212.3	487.5 - 576.9 203.0	8.0 - 26.1 1.6	8.1 - 26.0 1.6	8.0 - 25.2 1.7	34.0 - 56.5 13.0	33.6 - 38.3 13.1	31.0 - 54.3 12.8	132.6 19.0 69.8 122.5 26.3	133.6 18.7 71.9 122.1 26.3	122.3 16.7 59.2 117.8 26.7
6 7	UTAH <sup>2</sup> Salt Lake City <sup>2</sup>	321.5 171.5	320.9 171.7	306.6 166.6	11.9 7.0	12.3 7.0	12.2 7.0	18.4 11.1	18.2 11.0	18.5 10.6	51.0 28.1	50.6 28.1	50•5 28•3
8 9 10	VERMONT Butlington 11. Springfield 11	135.9 31.4 14.0	134.0 30.3 13.6	128.5 27.4 13.5	1.2	1.2	1.2	9.1 - -	8.2 - -	8.0 -	44.0 9.1 7.4	43.2 9.0 7.1	40.1 7.0 7.2
11 12 13 14 15 16	VIRGINIA Lynchburg News-Hampton Norfolk-Portsmouth Richmond Roanoke	1,286.3 47.2 86.6 180.1 209.0 71.9	1,276.0 46.8 86.1 180.7 207.6 71.7	1,224.3 44.6 82.6 171.5 199.5 69.1	15.6 (1) (1) (1) .1 .2	15.5 (1) (1) .1 .2	15.2 (1) (1) (1) .1 .2 .1	102.6 3.2 5.8 14.6 16.1 5.3	102.5 3.1 5.8 14.6 16.0 5.3	98.4 2.9 6.0 14.2 15.2 5.3	341.3 21.6 26.3 18.9 50.4 17.1	336.4 21.3 25.9 19.9 49.3 17.0	325.6 20.0 25.3 19.2 48.7 16.6
17 18 19 20	WASHINGTON Seattle-Everett Spokane Tacoma	1,003.4 485.6 79.0 94.3	990.6 479.5 79.2 94.7	908.4 419.4 77.1 87.7	1.9 (1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1) (1)	1.9 (1) (1) (1)	62.6 29.8 5.0 5.6	60.9 28.3 5.0 5.4	52.2 22.4 4.0 5.1	279.6 161.0 13.4 19.9	274.0 159.0 13.4 20.3	233.0 120.3 13.3 19.0
21 22 23 24	WEST VIRGINIA  Charleston  Huntington-Ashland  Wheeling	494.3 83.6 79.2 56.4	496.4 83.5 78.7 56.3	482.8 79.3 76.9 54.6	48.9 3.4 .8 2.8	48.5 3.3 .8 2.8	48.3 3.4 .9 2.6	26.3 4.0 3.3 4.3	26.8 4.1 3.7 4.4	26.0 3.8 4.2 4.0	132.7 22.6 27.6 16.8	131.4 22.8 27.0 16.7	128.7 20.5 26.2 16.8
25 26 27 28 29 30 31	WISCONSIN Green Bay Kenosha La Crosse Madison Milwaukee Racine	1,408.6 48.0 31.0 27.9 100.9 525.7 52.9	1,401.2 47.3 28.9 27.4 101.4 517.4 53.6	1,357.1 45.0 35.5 26.6 93.9 504.2 51.8	3.3 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	3.4 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	3.3 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	75.1 3.1 1.4 1.2 7.8 25.0 2.5	74.0 3.1 1.4 1.3 7.8 23.5 2.4	69.7 2.4 1.6 1.1 6.9 23.9	517.4 16.3 13.9 9.7 16.1 212.6 25.2	509.2 15.8 11.4 9.2 15.9 206.7 25.9	505.7 15.5 18.6 9.3 15.0 203.2 25.3
32 33 34	WYOMING <sup>2</sup>	107.5 17.6 18.0	107.7 17.4 18.2	106.5 18.1 18.0	9.5 2.9 (1)	9•3 2•8 (1)	9.2 3.1 (1)	8.3 1.2 1.5	8.4 1.2 1.6	9.3 1.6 1.4	6.8 1.5 .9	6.8 1.5 •9	6.9 1.4 1.0

<sup>1</sup> Combined with service.
2 Series revised to 1966 benchmark; not strictly comparable with previously published data.

<sup>3</sup> Combined with construction.

Federal employment in Maryland and Virginia sectors of the Washington Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area is included in data for the District of Columbia.

<sup>5</sup> Not available.

<sup>6</sup> Series revised to 1965 benchmark; not strictly comparable with previously published data.
7 Combined with manufacturing.
8 Area included in New York-Northeastern New Jersey Standard Consolidated Area.
9 Subarea of Rochester Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.
10 Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

<sup>11</sup> Total includes data for industry divisions not shown separately.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary. SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA EMPLOYMENT

### for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued

(In thousands)

	nsportation ublic utilit		Wholesa	ile and retai	l trade		nce, insura		Servic	e and miscel	laneous		Government	:	T
Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1 <i>9</i> 66	Aug. 1965	
43.2	42.9 -	38 <b>.</b> 8	142.5 -	140.8 -	132.6	цо.7 -	40.9	39•9	70.5	70.0	68 <b>.</b> 8	46.6 -	46.6 -	46.2	1 2
58.5 10.1	59.0 10.0	59.0 9.7	159.1 54.1	158.7 53.7	155.4 52.7	30.5 13.5	30.4 13.5	29.7 13.2	81.1	80.9 30.2	79.6 28.7	59.8 64.0	59•7 63•9	55•9 57•5	3 4 5
22.0 14.3	21.9 14.2	22.0 14.2	71.1 45.4	70.8 45.0	69.1 43.6	13.2	13.2 10.1	13.0	44.7 25.7	44.7 25.4	42.5 24.3	89.2 29.8	89 <b>.</b> 2 30 <b>.</b> 9	78.8 28.6	6 7
7.2 1.7 .8	7.2 1.7	7•2 1•7 •8	23.7 6.0 1.8	23.6 6.1 1.7	23.3 5.7 1.7	4.7 - -	4•7 -	4.4 - -	26.9	26.7 - -	25.6 -	19.3 - -	19.3	19.0	8 9 10
87.0 2.5 4.2 15.8 16.7 9.7	86.4 2.5 4.1 15.7 16.7 9.7	86.6 2.4 4.0 15.5 16.1 9.4	263.7 7.7 14.1 42.6 47.9 16.3	261.2 7.7 14.1 42.4 48.0 16.3	251.0 7.5 13.7 41.0 45.2 15.7	58.0 1.8 2.5 7.8 15.9 3.5	58.0 1.8 2.5 7.8 15.9 3.4	55.2 1.8 2.4 7.5 15.7 3.3	176.5 5.6 9.1 25.9 28.0	176.0 5.6 9.1 25.8 27.8 11.1	167.6 5.5 8.9 24.5 26.5 10.5	241.6 4.8 24.6 54.4 33.8 8.8	240.0 4.8 24.6 54.4 33.7 8.8	224.7 4.5 22.3 49.5 31.9 8.2	11 12 13 14 15 16
65.7 33.7 7.6 5.8	66.0 33.2 7.5 5.7	63.0 32.4 7.6 5.5	213.6 100.4 21.2 20.8	209.7 99.0 21.0 20.7	201.1 93.7 21.0 19.2	47.5 28.0 4.3 4.7	47.2 27.8 4.4 4.7	14.9 26.0 4.4 4.4	134.7 63.7 13.8 14.0	133.3 62.6 13.9 14.1	126.0 59.3 13.8 13.1	196.8 69.0 13.7 23.5	197.6 69.6 14.0 23.8	186.3 65.3 13.0 21.4	17 18 19 20
41.5 8.7 8.2 4.0	41.6 8.7 8.3 4.0	41.0 8.4 8.0 3.9	85.3 17.9 16.4 11.9	84.7 17.5 16.3 11.8	83.8 17.4 16.4 11.6	14.2 3.5 2.9 2.0	14.2 3.5 2.9 2.1	13.9 3.4 2.9 2.0	57•3 10•2 9•0 8•5	57.6 10.2 9.0 8.5	55•9 10•0 8•7 8•1	88.0 13.5 11.0 6.2	91.6 13.6 10.9 6.3	85.0 12.7 9.9 5.8	21 22 23 24
76.2 4.2 1.1 2.1 5.1 28.7 1.9	76.5 4.3 1.3 2.1 5.1 28.7 1.9	75.7 4.1 1.2 2.1 4.8 28.4 2.0	287.2 11.4 6.0 6.2 20.8 104.4 9.4	287.6 11.4 6.1 6.2 20.8 104.4 9.5	275.4 10.6 5.6 6.0 19.7 100.8 9.0	5½.9 1.4 .7 .6 5.2 25.3 1.3	55.0 1.4 .7 .6 5.2 25.3 1.3	52.8 1.3 .7 .6 4.9 24.6 1.3	188.8 7.0 4.8 4.8 14.7 71.1 7.1	188.4 6.9 4.8 4.8 14.6 71.0 7.0	180.1 6.6 4.6 4.6 13.6 68.1 6.6	205.7 4.6 3.2 3.2 31.3 58.7 5.6	207.1 4.6 3.2 3.3 32.1 57.8 5.6	194.4 4.5 3.1 3.0 29.0 55.2 5.3	25 26 27 28 29 30 31
10.8 1.7 2.8	10.8 1.7 2.8	10.9 1.7 2.8	23.7 4.1 3.7	23.6 4.1 3.8	24.0 4.3 4.2	3.6 .8 1.0	3.6 .8 1.0	3.5 .8 1.0	16.6 2.1 2.9	16.7 2.0 2.8	16.0 2.2 2.6	28.2 3.3 5.2	28.5 3.3 5.3	26.7 3.0 5.0	32 33 34

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-1: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls
1919 to date

		Manufacturing			Durable goods		N	ondurable goo	ds
Year and month	Average weekly earnings	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	Average weekly earnings	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	Average weekly earnings	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
1919	\$21.84	46.3	\$0.472						
.920	26.02	47.4	.549	•		l -			
921	21.94	43.1	509			i -	i - 1		1
922	21.28	44.2	.509 .482	1 -		-			I -
923	23.56	45.6	516	\$25.42			\$21.50		-
				ł	ł	i			j
1924	23.67	43.7 44.5	.541	25.48 26.02	1 :	•	21.63	-	-
925	왕.끄		-541			-	21.99	-	
926	24.38	45.0	.542	26.23	•	-	22.29	-	•
1927	24.47	45.0	, 544 <u>4</u>	26.28	-	-	22.55	-	•
1928	24.70	<del>1,1</del> °,1	.556	26.86	•	-	22.42	-	-
1929	24.76	44.2	.560	26.84	l -	l <u>-</u>	22.47	_	_
1930	23.00	42.1	546	24.42		l <b>-</b>	21.40		1 -
1931	20.64	40.5	509	20.98	1 -		20.09	_	[
932	16.89	38.3	441	15.99	32.5	\$0.492	17.26	41.9	\$0.412
.933	16.65	38.1	.437	16.20	34.7	.467	16.76	40.0	.419
, <del>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>	10.0)	30.1		1 20.20	3	1 '**'	20.,0	+0.0	29
1934	18.20	34.6	.526	18.59	33.8	.550	17.73	35.1	.505
1935	19.91	36.6	. 544	21.24	37.2	.571	18.77	36,1	•520
1936	21.56	39.2	- 550	23.72	40.9	.580	19.57	37.7	.519
1937	23.82	38.6	.617	26,61	39.9	.667	21.17	37.4	.566
1937 1938	22.07	35.6	.620	23.70	34.9	.679	20.65	36.1	.572
	00 64	27.7	607	26.19	27.0	(0)	2 26	1	F=2
1939	23.64	37.7	.627		37.9	.691	21.36 21.83	37-4	•572
L940	24.96	38.1	.655	28.07	39.2	.716		37.0	.590 .627
L941	29.48	40.6	726	33.56	42.0	1799	24.39	38.9	
L942	36.68	43.1	.851	42.17	45.0	•937	28.57	40.3	.709
1943	43.07	45.0	•957	48.73	46.5	1.048	33-45	42.5	.787
1944	45.70	45.2	1.011	51.38	46.5	1.105	36.38	1.0.1	.844
1945	44.20	43.5	1.016	48.36	44.6	1.099	37.48	43.1	886
1949				16.50	40.4			42.3	
1946	43.32	40.3	1.075	46.22		1.144	40.30	40.5	•995
1947	49.17	40.4	1.217	51.76	40.5	1.278	46.03	40.2	1.145
1948	53.12	40.0	1.328	56.36	40.4	1.395	49.50	39.6	1.250
1949	53.38	39.1	1.378	57.25	39.4	1.453	50.38	38.9	1.295
1950	58.32	40.5	1.440	62.43	41.1	1.519	53.48	39.7	1.347
1951	63.34	40.6	1.56	68.48	41.5	1.65	56.88		1.44
1050	67.16	40.7	1.65	72.63	41.5	1.75	59.95	39.5	1.51
1952		40.5	1.74	76.63	41.2	1.75		39.7	
1953	70.47	40.5	1.14	10.03	41.5	1.00	62.57	39.6	1.58
1954	70.49	39.6	1.78	76.19	40.1	1.90	63.18	39.0	1.62
1955	75.70	40.7	1.86	82.19	41.3	1.99	66.63	39.9	1.67
1956	78.78	40.4	1.95	85.28	41.0	2.08	70.09	39.6	1.77
1957	81.59	39.8	2.05	85.28 88.26	40.3	2.19	72.52	30.2	1.85
1958	82.71	39.2	2.11	89.27	39.5	2.26	74.11	39.2 38.8	1.91
	00 -4	100		06.05	1 10 -	1 2	- C	į	1
1959	88.26	40.3	2.19	96.05	40.7	2.36	78.61	39.7	1.98
1960	89.72	39.7	2.26	97.44	40.1	2.43	80.36	39.2	2.05
1961	92.34	39.8	2.32	100.35	40.3	2.49	82.92	39.3	2.11
1962	96.56	40.4	2.39	104.70	40.9	2.56	85.93	39.6	2.17
L963	99.63	40.5	2.39 2.46	108.09	41.1	2.63	87.91	39.6 39.6	2.22
964	102.97	40.7	2.53	112.19	41.4	2.71	90.91	39.7	2.29
.965	107.53	41.2	2.61	117.18	42.0	2.79	94.64	40.1	2.36
965: September	107.83		2.63		1	1		3 .	
October		41.0	2.64	117.18	41.7	2.81	95.68	40.2	2.38
	109.03	41.3 41.4	2.04	118.72	42.1	2.82	95.68	40.2	2.38
November December	109.71	10.7	2.65 2.66	119.43	42.2	2.83 2.84	95.68 96.32 96.96	40.3	2.39
	110.92	41.7	li .	120.98	42.6	2.84	96.96	40.4	2.40
.966: January	110.00	41.2	2.67	119.99 120.69	42.1	2.85	95.52	39.8	2,40
February	110.27	41.3	2.67	120.69	42.2	2.86	95.52 96.88	40.2	2.41
March	110.95	41.4	2.68	120.69	42.2	2.86	96.88	40.2	2.41
April	111.24	41.2	2.70	121.54	42.2	2.88	96.88 96.96	39.9	2.43
May	112.05	41.5	2.70	121.82	42.3	2.88	98.33	40.3	2.44
June	112.74	41.6	2.71	121.82	42.3	2.88	99.23	40.5	2.45
July	111.11	41.0	2.71	119.81	41.6	2.88	99.14	40.3	2.46
August	111.78	41.4	2.70	120.54	42.0	2.87	98.98	40.4	
September		1		1		1			2.45
	113.44	41.4	2.74	123.52	42.3	2.92	99.29	40.2	2.47

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has not significantly affected the hours and earnings series. Data for the 2 most recent months are pteliminary.

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry

		1	Averag	e weekly ea	rnings		<u> </u>	Averag	e hourly ear	nings	
SIC Code	Industry	Sept.	Aug.	July	Sept.	Aug.	Sept.	Aug.	July	Sept.	Aug.
		1966	1966	1966	1965	1965	1966	1966	1966	1965	1965
	MINING	\$133.92	47 27 SO	da 21 16	dade as	41 OF 85	\$3.10	42.06	#2.0E	49.02	\$2.92
10	METAL MINING	Φτ22•35	\$131.89 134.83	\$131.46 135.79	\$124.23 131.57	\$1.25.85 127.71	42.10	\$3.06 3.18	\$3.05 3.18	<b>\$2.</b> 93 3.14	
101	Iron ores	-					_				3.07
102	Copper ores	<u>-</u>	138.45	143.99 139.64	133.54 143.44	130.71 136.32	_	3.25 3.25	3.31 3.21	3 <b>.21</b> 3 <b>.2</b> 6	3.09 3.20
11,12	COAL MINING	l <u>-</u> .	150.06	145.70		141.98	_	3.66	(*)	3.46	3.48
12	Bituminous	-	152.81	148.03	135.29	144.67		3.70	(*)	3.50	3.52
••	CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL	}	1)2.01	140.03	131.50	1	1	3.10	(-)	3.70	3.72
13	GAS	Į	122.12	123.70	116.47	117.12		2.86	2.87	2.76	2.73
131,2	Crude petroleum and natural gas fields.	ł	125.96	129.68	125.14	123.41	l .	3.11	3.14	3.03	3.01
138	Oil and gas field services	1	118.72	119.26	110.08	112.59		2.68	2.68	2.56	2.53
14	QUARRYING AND HONMETALLIC MINING	ł	128.86	127.64	122.62	122.25	l .	2.73	2.71	2.62	2.59
142	Crushed and broken stone	-	130.87	130.91	122.98	123.50	_	2.66	2.65	2.52	2.49
			- '			}					
	CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	151.67	148.99	150.15	138.75	143.54	3.96	3.88	3.85	3.75	3.69
15	GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS	-	137.63	137.27	128.16	131.33	<b>!</b> -	3.74	3.70	3.60	3.54
16	HEAVY CONSTRUCTION		152.70	154.07	139.44	148.86	1 -	3.61	3.55	3.46	3.43
161	Highway and street construction	-	153.04	155.46	139.26	149.18	l -	3.51	3.47	3.38	3.36
162	Other heavy construction	-	151.81	152.21	139.52	147.42	-	3.73	3.65	3•55	3.51
17	SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS	1 -	155.32	156.59	146.00	149.33	-	4.12	4.11	4.00	3.94
171	Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	-	163.10	163.12	152.00	154.05	-	4.15	4.14	4.00	3.94
172	Painting, paperhanging, and decorating	-	144.23	145.04	139.62	139.05	-	3.93	3.92	3.90	3.82
173	Electrical work	-	180.97	180.12	166.06	172.18	-	4-57	4.56	4.44	4.37
174	Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work	-	143.78	144.63	134.59	140.87	<b>}</b> -	4.05	4.04	3.8 <del>9</del>	3.87
176	Roofing and sheet metal work	-	127.80	129.23	122.85	123.01	-	3,60	3.57	3.50	3-37
	MANUFACTURING	113.44	111.78	m.n	107.83	106.45	2.74	2.70	2.71	2.63	2.59
10.24.25.22.22	DUBARI E COORS	1 305 -5	300 51	330 05	125.00	,,,,		0.00	0.00	A 09	
19,24,25,32-39 20-23,26-31	DURABLE GOODS	123.52	120.54	119.81	117.18	115.51	2.92	2.87	2.88 2.46	2.81	2.77
20-23,20-31	NONDORABLE GOODS	99.29	98.98	99.14	95.68	95.11	2.47	2.45	2.40	2.38	2.36
	Durable Goods										
19	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	137.07	134.30	133.88	131.99	131.88	3.21	3.19	3.18	3.15	3,14
192	Ammunition, except for small arms	137.85	135.71	134.23	135.43	137.38		3.27	3.25	3.24	3.24
1925	Guided missiles and spacecraft,	131.05	132.11	134.23	132.43	131.30	3.29	3.51	3.27	3.24	3.54
.,.,	complete	_	150.17	145.81	142.38	145.43	l _	3-55	3.48	3.39	3.39
194	Sighting and fire control equipment	_	125.66	127.62	126.36	127.89	_	3.08	3.09	3.12	3.15
191,3,5,6,9	Other ordnance and accessories	137.54	133.59	133.90	125.24	120.77	3.07	3.05	3.05	2.94	2.91
		-31.5			,		5	1 300			
	LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT	1	Ì	}			ļ	1			
24	FURNITURE	93.38	94.53	93.66	91.02	91.49	2.30	2.30	2.29	2.22	2.21
242	Sawmills and planing mills	86.07	87.53	86.90	84.25	84.46	2.12	2.14	2.13	2.06	2.05
2421	Sawmills and planing mills, general.	-	89.73	89.13	86.28	86.72	-	2.21	2.19	2.12	2.11
243	Millwork, plywood, and related products	100.45	100.60	99.63	97•94	99.36	2.45	2.43	2.43	2.36	2.36
2431	Millwork	-	98.90	98.25	94.94	96.28	-	2.43	2.42	<b>2.</b> 35	2.32
2432	Veneet and plywood	-	102.30	100.77	101.20	101.63		2.43	2.44	2.37	2.38
244	Wooden containers	78.77	77.65	75.95	73.44	73.93	1.88	1.84	1.83	1.80	1.79
2441,2	Wooden boxes, shook, and crates		76.86	75.18	72.16	72.63	l	1.80	1.79	1.76	1.75
249	Miscellaneous wood products	88.80	87.98	87.12	86,53	86.32	2,15	2.12	2.13	2.09	2.08
25	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	02 1/1	93.04	80.12	89.66	89.46	2.00	2.21	9 10	2.15	0 10
251	Household furniture	93.44	86.74	89.13	84.25		2.23	2.09	2.19	2.15	2.13
2511	Wood house furniture, unupholstered.	87.35	81.87		78.73	83.62 78.07	2.11	1.94	2.06	<b>2.</b> 03	2.01 1.85
2512	Wood house furniture, unuprotistered		92.21	78.91 84.92	89.32	87.45	] -	2.26	1.92	1.87	
2515	Mattresses and bedsprings	l -	95.41	90.94	97.11	95.45	-		2.20	2.20 2.34	2.17
252	Office furniture		115.28	110.50	107.20	108.07	] _	2.35 2.62	2.32 2.60	2.47	2.30 2.49
254	Partitions; office and store fixtures	_					<u> </u>	1 ~ ~			
253,9	Other furniture and fixtures	101.67	120.06	115.93	115.75	120.22 91.80	2.37	2.76	2.70	2.73 2.23	2.72
		101.01	99•79	97•75	92.99	74.00	[3	عد،ء ا	2.30	£•£3	2,16
32	STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	115.90	115.06	113.82	112.10	111.35	2.74	2.72	2.71	2.65	2.62
321	Flat glass		142.27	141.60	154.66	145.39	''	3.47	3.54	3.58	3.47
322	Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	112.89	109.89	109.76	106.13	106.13	2.74	2.70	2.71	2.64	2.64
3221	Glass containers		112.07	110.70	107.06	108.27		2.74	2.74	2.69	2.70
3229	Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c.	_	107.46	108.40	105.26	103.57	-	2.66	2.67	2.58	2.57
324	Cement, hydraulic	132.07	132.92	134.82	132.29	123.52	3.19	3.18	3.21	3.12	3.02
325	Structural clay products	98.88	98.77	97.94	95.95	96.02	2.40	2.38	2.36	2.29	2.27
3251	Brick and structural clay tile	-	95.00	93.06	91.37	91.56		2.23	2.20	2.12	2.10
326	Pottery and related products	-	99.70	95.94	95.76	94.72	_	2.48	2.46	2.40	2.38
327	Concrete, gypsum and plaster				]					_,.,	,
	products	121.76	122.49	120.87	116.67	118.82	2.73	2.71	2.68	2.61	2.60
328,9	Other stone and mineral products	117.60	117.04	114.68	111.19	111.14	2.80	2.78	2.75	2.66	2.64
3291	Abrasive products	-	116.81	118.71	110.83	109.21	-	2.87	2.84	2.75	2.71
	•	,		1		1	1	, ,	(		<b>.</b> _

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry

SIC	Indiana.			age weekly l					ge overtime		
Code	Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
	MINING	43.2	43-1	43.1	42.4	43.1	-	-	-	-	-
) )1	METAL MINING	-	42.4	42.7	41.9	41.6	-	-	-	į	-
2	Iron ores	-	42.6	43.5	41.6	42.3	1 -	ı	1	1	-
,12,	Copper ores	-	43.4	43.5	₩.0	42.6	-	-		į	_
,12,	COAL MINING		41.0	( <del>*</del> )	39.1 39.4	40.8 41.1	l -	1 -	-	į	-
	1		41.3	(")	39.4		1	1	1	į	
	GAS		3.0.7	20.3	200	100		i		ł	
1,2	Crude petroleum and natural gas fields		42.7 40.5	43.1	42.2	42.9 41.0		ı	1	į	
8	Oil and gas field services		44.3	41.3 44.5	41.3 43.0	44.5	1 .	1	1	1	
	QUARRYING AND NONMETALLIC MINING		47.2	47.1	46.8	47.2	1		1	1	ł
2	Crushed and broken stone	_	49.2	49.4	48.8	49.6	1 .	1	1	İ	İ
			7712	17.	10,0	.,,,,,	l	1	1	}	ł
	CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	38.3	38.4	39.0	37.0	38.9		}			
	GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS	-	36.8	37.1	35.6	37.1				ł	
	HEAVY CONSTRUCTION	-	42.3	43.4	40.3	43.4	•	ł			
	Highway and street construction	-	43.6	44.8	41.2	44.4		1	ì	ľ	
!	Other heavy construction	-	40.7	41.7	39.3	42.0	} ·	1	į.		
	SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS	-	37.7	38.1	36.5	37.9	1 '		1		1
	Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	-	39.3	39.4	38.0	39.1	1		1		1
<u>.</u> I	Painting, paperhanging, and decorating	-	36.7	37.0	35.8	36.4	1	1	-		1
	Electrical work	-	39.6	39.5	37.4	39.4	1	ł		İ	
•	Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work	-	35.5	35.8	34.6	36.4		1			
5	Roofing and sheet metal work	~	35.5	36.2	35.1	36.5	-	_	_	_	-
	MANUFACTURING	41.4	41.4	41.0	41.0	41.1	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.5
24,25,32-39	DURABLE GOODS	42.3	42.0	41.6	41.7	41.7	4.6	4.3	4.1	4.0	3.8
23,26-31	NONDURABLE GOODS	40.2	40.4	40.3	40.2	40.3	3.6	3.5	3•5	3-5	3.2
	Durable Goods								1	·	
	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	42.7	42.1	42.1	41.9	42.0		4.0	3.7	3.4	3.4
!	Ammunition, except for small arms	41.9	41.5	41.3	41.8	42.4	ſ	3.3	3.0	3.3	3.6
25	Guided missiles and spacecraft,	,	1		12.0	1.204	1	, ,,,	3.0	1 303	J. U
	complete		42.3	41.9	42.0	42.9		_	-	-	-
í	Sighting and fire control equipment	_	40.8	41.3	40.5	40.6	1 .	3.0	3.4	1.8	2.0
1,3,5,6,9	Other ordnance and accessories	44.8	43.8	43.9	42.6	41.5		5.6	5.4	3.9	3.1
	LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT					1	l		1		
	FURNITURE	40.6	41.1	40.9	41.0	41.4	1	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.2
!	Sawmills and planing mills	40.6	40.9	40.8	40.9	41.2	l	3.8	4.1	4.0	4.3
21	Sawmills and planing mills, general		40.6	40.7	40.7	41.1	j	J.0		-	
3	Millwork, plywood, and related products	41.0	41.4	41.0	41.5	42.1	ł	4.1	3.9	4.1	4.6
31	Millwork	_	40.7	40.6	40.4	41.5	l	~	3.7	-	-
32	Veneer and plywood	_	42.1	41.3	42.7	42.7		-	l –	-	_
	Wooden containers	41.9	42.2	41.5	40.8	41.3	I	4.5	4.5	3.7	3.7
1,2	Wooden boxes, shook, and crates	-	42.7	42.0	41.0	41.5	ļ	-	1 -	'	'
)	Miscellaneous wood products	41.3	41.5	40.9	41.4	41.5	1	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.7
	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	ha o	100	ho =	ha	200		h	1 22		2.0
ı	Household furniture	41.9	42.1	40.7	41.7	42.0	1	4.3	3.3	3.9	3.8
1 []	Wood house furniture, unupholstered.	41.4	41.5	40.1	41.5	41.6	1	4.0	2.9	3.8	3.5
12	Wood house furniture, unupnoistered	_	42.2	41.1	42.1	42.2	ļ	_	-		_
5	Mattresses and bedsprings	_	40.8	38.6	40.6	40.3	İ	_	1 -	-	-
·	Office furniture	_	40.6	39.2	41.5	41.5		1	4.7	4.2	4.6
	Partitions; office and store fixtures	_	44.0	42.5	43.4 42.4	43.4 44.2		5.6 5.4	4.7	4.2	
i i,9	Other furniture and fixtures	42.9	43.5 43.2	41.7 42.5	42.4	42.5	1	5.0	4.6	4.0	5.4 4.3
	STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	ho o		hen	ha a	ha s	ł	), a	), 7	4.6	
	Flat glass	<b>42.</b> 3	42.3	42.0	42.3	42.5		4.8	4.7		4.7
! 2	Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	41.2	41.0	40.0	43.2	41.9	'	3.7	4.2	5.0 4.6	3.3
21	Glass containers	41.6	40.7	40.5	40.2	40.2	I	4.3	4.1	4.0	4.1
29	Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c.	-	40.9	40.4	39.8	40.1	l .	_	-	-	_
., <del>,</del>	Cement, hydraulic	41.4	40.4	40.6	40.8	40.3	l <u>-</u>	l	1		
<b>1</b> 5	Structural clay products		41.8	42.0	42.4	40.9	-	3.1	3.3	2.9	2.4
1	Brick and structural clay tile	41.2	41.5	41.5	41.9	42.3	[	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.0
	Pottery and related products	_	42.6	42.3	43.1	43.6	l -	• •		27	•
5 7	Concrete, gypsum and plaster	-	40.2	39.0	39•9	39.8	1	2.9	2.0	2.7	2.2
	products	44.6	45.2	45.1	44.7	45.7	- 1	7.0	7.0	6.3	7.4
	P	*****	47.2				I ~	7.2	7.2		
8,9	Other stone and mineral products	42.0	42.1	41.7	41.8	42.1	}	4.4	4.0	3.7	3.9

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

SIC	Yadaram.			ge weekly e					ge hourly ea		
Code	Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
	Durable GoodsContinued								Ì		
3 31	PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	\$141.01	\$138.51	\$136.86	\$133.44	\$1,32.51	\$3.31	\$3.29	\$3.29	\$3.20	\$3.17
312	Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills	148.10	145.85	147.03	138.29	139.67	3.56	3.54 3.59	3.56 3.61	3.44 3.49	3.39
32	Iron and steel foundries	129.17	126.82	121.13	126.88	121.13	2.99	2.97	2.94	2.91	2.85
321	Gray iron foundries		125.13	117.50	126.72	119.14		2.91	2.88	2.88	2.81
322	Malleable iron foundries	-	127.71	122.00	123.97	118.44	-	3.07	3.05	2.98	2.91
323	Steel foundries		129.50	127.62	128.18	126.73		3.04	3.01	2.94	2.92
133,4	Nonferrous smelting and refining	132.80	130.09	130.09	128.78	124.27	3.11	3.09	3.09	3.03	2.98
135 1351	Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding.	139.33	136.89	133.55	133.32 139.46	130.20	3.11	3.09	3.07	3.03	3.00
352	Copper rolling, drawing, and excruding Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding	-	140.48	136.63	137.90	135.25	_	3.20 3.20	3.19 3.17	3.17	3.09 3.16
357	Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating .	_	129.65	125.71	125.55	121.95	_	2.92	2.91	2.86	2.81
36	Nonferrous foundries	121.98	119.29	114.80	112.47	111.64	2.85	2.82	2.80	2.71	2.69
361	Aluminum castings		118.14	115.62	112.89	110.57	-	2.84	2.82	2.74	2.71
362,9	Other nonferrous castings		120.12	114.26	112.02	112.41	-	2.80	2.78	2.68	2.67
39	Miscellaneous primary metal industries	152.68	147.15	141.86	144.86	138.60	3.47	3.43	3.41	3.33	3.30
391	Iron and steel forgings	-	151.50	146.01	150.60	143.79		3.59	3.57	3.47	3.44
34	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	123.83	121.26	119.42	116.48	115.35	2.90	2.86	2.85	2.78	2.74
341	Metal cans	143.77	148.74	151.52	133.22	140.92	3.29	3.32	3.33	3.21	3.21
42	Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware.	115.79	113.30	109.76	111.90	108.50	2.77	2.73	2.71	2.69	2.64
421,3,5	Cutlery and hand tools, including saws ,	-	112.17	108.67	106.40	105.73	-	2.69	2.67	2.57	2.56
429 43	Hardware, n.e.c.	/=\	113.85	110.70	115.93	110.56		2.75	2.74	2.78	2.69
131,2	Hearing equipment and plumbing fixtures Sanitary were and plumbers' brass goods .	(*)	111.38	106.13	106.53	104.66	(*)	2.71 2.73	2.66 2.63	2.65 2.67	2.61
433	Heating equipment, except electric	1 -	111.51	107.47	104.54	101.91	_	2.70	2.68	2.62	2.58
4	Fabricated structural metal products	121.82	120.69	118.56	116.06	116.33	2.88	2.86	2.85	2.77	2.75
441	Fabricated structural steel		123.83	120.22	120.13	120.98	-	2.90	2.89	2.84	2.82
442	Metal doors, sash, frames, and trim	-	100.37	98.98	97.92	99.07	-	2.46	2.45	2.40	2.37
443	Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	-	126.18	125.04	122.11	120.25		2.99	2.97	2.88	2.87
<b>444</b> 446.9	Sheet metal work	-	126.78	124.80	119.23	120.27	-	2.99 2.86	3.00 2.84	2.88	2.85
45	Screw machine products, bolts, etc	127.27	122.69	119.85	120.50	119.30	2.86	2.82	2.81	2.77	2.73
451	Screw machine products,	751.51	119.17	118.09	112.04	111.89	~	2.69	2.69	2.63	2.59
452	Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers	-	129.35	125.11	128.76	126.41	_	2.96	2.93	2.90	2.86
46	Metal stampings	136.28	131.82	129.74	126.10	122.96	3.14	3.08	3.06	2.96	2.90
47	Coating, engraving, and allied services	109.98	108.12	105.73	102.92	100.12	2.60	2.55	2.56	2.48	2.43
48 40	Miscellaneous fabricated wire products	114.01	110.72	110.04	105.50	103.58	2.67	2.63 2.81	2.62 2.82	2.53	2.49
49 494,8	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	(*)	118.30 121.98	117.03	113.84	113.42	(*)	2.87	2.85	2.73 2.77	2.72 2.76
35	MACHINERY	136.09	133.11	131.89	127.12	124.95	3.10	3.06	3.06	2.97	2.94
51	Engines and turbines	141.43	143.29	141.53	135.43	1,32.57	3.32	3.34 3.46	3.33	3.24	3.21
511 519	Steam engines and turbines	-	152.59	149.80	147.05	144.67	_		3.42	3.46	3.42
52	Internal combustion engines, n.e.c Farm machinery and equipment		139.50	137.85	130.73 122.72	127.30		3.29 3.10	3.29 3.06	3.15 2.95	3.12
53	Construction and related machinery	135.10	133.92	132.25	126.65	124.66	3.12	3.10	3.09	2.98	2.94
31,2	Construction and mining machinery		137.71	136.85	128.21	127.38	_	3.21	3.22	3.06	3.04
33	Oil field machinery and equipment	-	121.98	119.57	118.56	117.70	_	2.85	2.82	2.77	2.75
35,6	Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes		133.20	133.50	126.15	121.97	~	3.00	3.00	2.90	2.8
41	Metalworking machinery and equipment	152.59	148.79	149.70	141.19	139.10	3.31	3.27	3.29	3.18	3.14
41 44	Machine tools, metal cutting types  Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	-	147.84	144.05	137.98	133.46	_	3.21	3.18	3.08	3.04
45	Machine tool accessories	_	160.43 138.47	166.38 137.41	152.77	151.31	_	3.48 3.05	3.54 3.64	3.41 2.93	3:37
42,8	Miscellaneous metalworking machinery	-	139.48	137.46	133.11	133,15	_	3.17	3.16	3.06	3.04
5	Special industry machinery	128.76	126.14	122.41	120.37	117.85	2.90	2.88	2.86	2.78	2.76
51	Food products machinery	- '	132.44	129.43	125.70	125.27		3.01	3.01	2.93	2.9
52	Textile machinery	-	106.58	100.74	103.25	101.01	-	2.45	2.41	2.39	2.30
55	Printing trades machinery		136.08	135.02	128.23	126.60	-	3.15	3.14	3.01	3.00
6	General industrial machinery	138.53	135.39	131.46	127.12	125.83	3.12	3.07	3.05	2.97	2.94
661 662	Pumps; air and gas compressors	-	130.98	128.92	120.13	120.13	-	2.97	2.95	2.82	
562 566	Ball and roller bearings		140.94		135.52	132.24	_	3.16	3.13	3.08	3.0
57	Office, computing, and accounting machines	131.52	137.20	131.58	125.54	127.01	3.08	3.09 3.05	3.06 3.08	2.94 3.01	2.9
571 .	Computing machines and cash registers.	عر اس ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	134.08	129.36 135.66	133.25	129.69	J.00	3.20	3.23	3.15	3.1
58	Service industry machines	115.23	113.99	114.12	109.35	110.15	2.79	2.76	2.77	2.70	2.6
585	Refrigeration, except home refrigerators.	-	111.93	113.70	107.33			2.75	2.78	2.69	2.67
59	Miscellaneous machinery	129.94	125.86	124.85	1 119.56	اند.ورر ا	2.92	2.88	2.87	2,80	2.7

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

sic	}		Aver	age weekly l	10 <b>115</b>			Averag	ge overtime l	iou re	
Code	Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
	Durable GoodsContinued										
	ļ									- 0	
33 331	PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	42.6 41.6	42.1 41.2	41.6 41.3	41.7	41.8 41.2	_	4.2 3.0	3.9 3.1	3.8 2.5	3.7 2.8
3312	Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills	-AL-10	40.9	41.1	39.9	41.0	_	J. U	J. 1		
332	Iron and steel foundries	43.2	42.7	41.2	43.6	42.5	-	5.1	4.5	5.7	5.1
3321	Gray iron foundries		43.0	40.8	44.0	42.4	-	-	-		-
3322 3323	Malleable iron foundries		41.6 42.6	40.0 42.4	41.6 43.6	40.7 43.4		_	<u> </u>		
333,4	Nonferrous smelting and refining	42.7	42.1	42.1	42.5	41.7	_	3.9	3.8	4.1	3.3
335	Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding.	44.8	44.3	43.5	44.6	43.4	-	6.1	5.5	5.7	5.1
3351	Copper rolling, drawing, and extruding	-	45.1	45.1	44.7	44.7	-	-	-	-	-
3352	Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding	-	43.9	43.1	43.5	42.8	***		_	-	_
3357 336	Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating .  Nonferrous foundries	42.8	44.4 42.3	43.2 41.0	43.9 41.5	43.4 41.5		4.7	3.7	3.4	3.5
3361	Aluminum castings.	72.0	41.6	41.0	41.2	40.8	_	7.1	3.1	3.7	3.7
3362,9	Other nonferrous castings	_	42.9	41.1	41.8	42.1			-	_	~
339	Miscellaneous primary metal industries	44 °O	42.9	41.6	43.5	42.0	-	5.9	4.8	5.6	4.9
3391	Iron and steel forgings	4	42.2	40.9	43.4	41.8	-		-	-	-
34	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	42.7	42.4	41.9	41.9	42.1	_	4.7 5.6	4.3 6.9	4.2	4.0
341	Metal cans	43•7	44.8	45.5	41.5	43.9	-			4.3	5.0
342 3421,3,5	Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware .	41.8	41.5	40.5	41.6 41.4	41.1		3.5	3.1	3.3	3.0
3429	Cutlery and hand tools, including saws . Hardware, n.e.c	_	41.7 41.4	40.7	41.7	41.3 41.1	_	_	_	-	_
343	Heating equipment and plumbing fixtures	(*)	41.1	39.9	40.2	40.1	-	3.0	2.3	2,9	2.5
3431,2	Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods.	`-'	40.9	39.7	40.5	40.6	-	_	-		- '
3433	Heating equipment, except electric		41.3	40.1	39.9	39.5	_	1		-	
344	Fabricated structural metal products	42.3	42.2	41.6	41.9	42.3		4.3	4.1	4.1	4.0
3441 3442	Fabricated structural steel		42.7 40.8	41.6 40.4	42.3 40.8	42.9 41.8	] [	_	_		
3443	Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)		42.2	42.1	42.4	41.9	_	-	-	-	-
3444	Sheet metal work	-	42.4	41.6	41.4	42.2	-		-	-	-
3446,9	Architectural and misc. metal work		42.2	42.2	42.1	42.4	-		-		
345 3451	Screw machine products, bolts, etc	44.5	իկ.o իկ.g	43.3	43.5 42.6	43.7 43.2	_	6.6	5.9	5.4	5.1
3452	Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers	_	43.7	43.9 42.7	44.4	44.2	_	-	-	_	
346	Metal stampings	43.4	42.8	42.4	42.6	42.4		5.5	5.1	5.0	4.8
347	Coating, engraving, and allied services	42.3	42.4	41.3	41.5	41.2	-	5.4	4.4	4.6	4.0
348	Miscellaneous fabricated wire products	42.7	42.1	42.0	41.7	41.6	-	4.6	4.4	3.7	3.9
349 3494,8	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	(*)	42.1 42.5	41.5 41.8	41.7 42.2	41.7 41.7	_	4.2	3.8	3.7	3.4
35	MACHINERY	43.9	43.5	43.1	42.8	42.5	~	5.4	5.2	4.5	4.4
351 3511	Engines and turbines	42.6	42.9 44.1	42.5	41.8 42.5	41.3 42.3	-	5.9	5.8	4.5	4.1
3519	Internal combustion engines,n.e.c	_	42.4	43.8 41.9	41.5	40.8	_	-			_
352	Farm machinery and equipment	_	41.2	40.8	41.6	40.4	_	3.4	3.2	2.9	2.5
353	Construction and related machinery	43.3	43.2	42.8	42.5	42.4	-	5.0	5.2	4.2	4.1
3531,2	Construction and mining machinery Oil field machinery and equipment	_	42.9	42.5	41.9	41.9		_	-	-	
3533 3535,6	Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes	_	42.8 44.4	42.4	42.8 43.5	42.8 43.1		_	_		_
354	Metalworking machinery and equipment	46.1	45.5	45.5	44.4	44.3	-	7.2	7.4	6.1	6.0
3541	Machine tools, metal cutting types		46.2	45.3	44.8	43.9	-		<b>-</b>	~	
3544 3545	Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures Machine tool accessories		46.1	47.0	144.8	144.9	-	-		-	_
3542,8	Miscellaneous metalworking machinery	_	45.4 44.0	45.2 43.5	44.1 43.5	44.3 43.8	-		_ :		
355	Special industry machinery	1414 . 14	43.8	43.5 42.8 43.0	43.3		-	5.4	4.7	4.8	4.4
3551	Food products machinery	**	43.8 44.0	43.0	43.3 42.9	42.7 42.9	-	-	-	-	
3552	Textile machinery		43.5	41.8	43.2	42.8	-	-	-		
3555 356	Printing trades machinery	44.4	43.2 44.1	43.0 43.1	42.6 42.8	42.2 42.8	-	5.8	5.0	4.6	4.4
3561	Pumps; air and gas compressors	****	44.1	43.7	42.6	42.6	=		7.0	-7+U	
3562	Ball and roller bearings	-	44.6	43.3	44.0	43.5	_	-	_		
3566	Mechanical power transmission goods		44.44	43.0	42.7	43.2	-		_		
357	Office, computing, and accounting machines	42.7	42.1	42.0	42.2	41.7	} -	3.5	3.2	3.6	2.9
3571 358	Computing machines and cash registers.  Service industry machines	ha a	41.9 41.3	142.0	42.3 40.5	41.7 41.1		3.4	3.4	2.9	3.0
3585	Refrigeration, except home refrigerators.	41.3	40.7	41.2 40.9	39.9	40.4	_	3.4	3.7		2.0
359	Miscellaneous machinery	44.5	43.7	43.5	42.7	43.0	- ا	6.0	5.9	4.8	5.2

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

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Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, 1 by industry--Continued

SIC	Ta.k			ge weekly e					ge hourly ea		
Code	Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
·		>									
	Durable GoodsContinued										
	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND				İ						
6	SUPPLIES	\$109.98	\$107.68	\$106.11	\$105.67	\$104.60	\$2.65	\$2.62	\$2.62	\$2.59	\$2.5
61	Electric distribution equipment	118.58	115.64	117.46	113.58	113.16	2.79	2.76	2.79	2.75	2.7
611 612	Electric measuring instruments  Power and distribution transformers	-	100.30	102.36	101.00	99.94	_	2.52	2.54	2.50 2.86	2.4
613	Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	-	125.57	121.84	120.41	120.98	_	2.88 2.87	2.86	2.86	2.8
62	Electrical industrial apparatus	121.26	117.18	127.60	11.3.15	111.78	2.82	2.79	2.78	2.72	2.7
3621	Motors and generators	121.20	118.58	119.28	116.20	113.85	_	2.81	2.80	2.78	2.7
622	Industrial controls	-	114.26	113.55	109.45	108.09	_	2.74	2.71	2.65	2.6
363	Household appliances	122.25	119.13	116.28	114.93	113.42	2.89	2.85	2.85	2.81	2.7
3632	Household refrigerators and freezers	_	133.88	133.03	126.58	124.34	-	3.15	3.13	3.11	3.0
3633	Household laundry equipment	-	124.49	117.32	119.14	116.76	-	2.95	2.97	2.92	2.89
3634	Electric housewares and fans		96.93	93.22	98.33	97.27	- 1.0	2.37	2.36	2.41	2.3
364		102.34	101.68	99.20	100.37	98.01	2.49	2.48	2.48	2.46	2.4
3641 3642	Electric lamps	-	105.37	100.73	104.30	101.05	_	2.57 2.45	2.55 2.46	2.55 2.46	2.5
3643,4	Wiring devices **	[	100.70	98.40	99.88	96.72 98.16	_	2.47	2.45	2.42	2.40
365	Radio and TV receiving sets	95.41	95.71	91.57	92.90	92.06	2.35	2.34	2.33	2.34	2.2
366	Communication equipment.	122.64	118.37	117.33	118.12	116.88	2.92	2.88	2.89	2.86	2.8
3661	Telephone and telegraph apparatus		118.15	112.81	119.94	120.25	_	2.91	2.90	2.89	2.8
3662	Radio and TV communication equipment	-	118.40	119.52	116.60	114.93	-	2.86	2.88	2.83	2.8
367	Electronic components and accessories	91.83	91.48	89.27	88.62	86.72	2.29	2.27	2.26	2.21	2.19
3671-3	Electron tubes	-	110.34	102.06	104.17	102.50	-	2.56	2.52	2.51	2.50
674,9	Electronic components, n.e.c	l <del>-</del> ,	87.34	86.46	84.96	83.32	-	2.20	2.20	2.14	2.13
369 3694	Misc. electrical equipment and supplies Electrical equipment for engines	119.43	114.00	114.34	113.15	111.78	2.92 -	2.85 2.97	2.88 3.00	2.78 2.94	2.7
37	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	143.65	139.77	137.94	135.01	130.82	3 <b>. 3</b> 8	3.32	3.30	3.23	3.1
371	Motor vehicles and equipment	150.23	142.35	140.42	142.13	136.45	3.51	3.43	3.40	3.36	3.2
3711	Motor vehicles	-	143.64	145.25	147.13	138.85	_	3.60	3.50	3-47	3.42
3712	Passenger car bodies	-	160.58	136.04	124.25	135.68	-	3.86	3.58	3.50	3.4
3713	Truck and bus bodies	-	125.40	118.69	111.11	114.33	-	2.93	2.86	2.71	2.69
3714 372	Motor vehicle parts and accessories Aircraft and parts	7 h h . 70	144.16	141.02	146.40	139.10	-	3.40	3.39	3.35	3.2
3721	Aircraft	144.72	144.86	142.23	130.73	130.52	3-35	3.33 3.37	3.30 3.36	3.15 3.16	3.1
3722	Aircraft engines and engine parts	_	144.62	140.61	133.56	127.30	-	3.34	3.27	3.18	3.12
3723,9	Other aircraft parts and equipment	_	141.19	138.53	131.75	131.82	_	3.18	3.17	3.10	3.08
373	Ship and boat building and repairing	129.74	129.34	130.29	123.32	120.50	3.18	3.17	3.17	3.03	2.99
3731	Ship building and repairing	- '	136.45	136.86	129.88	126.36	-	3.32	3.33	3.16	3.12
3732	Boat building and repairing	-	97.51	100.53	90.71	92.98	-	2.45	2.44	2.35	2.30
374 375,9	Railroad equipment	-	133.87	93.30	130.25 96.93	125.19 95.82		3.33 2.40	3.35 2.38	3.24 2.33	3.2
38	INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS .	113.82	111.90	111.90	108.99	108.05	2.71	2.69	2.69	2.62	2.6
381	Engineering and scientific instruments	-	128.29	131.89	124.80	125.63	<b>-</b> .	3.04	3.06	3.00	3.0
382 1921	Mechanical measuring and control devices	115.50	113.01	112.19	110.35	109.41	2.75	2.71	2.71	2.64	2.6
1821 1822	Mechanical measuring devices Automatic temperature controls	l <u>-</u>	117.00	116.45	111.72	111.04		2.74 2.67	2.74 2.66	2.66	2.6
183,5	Optical and ophthalmic goods	104.41	107.60	105.60	99.96	98.28	2.48	2.44	2.45	2.38	2.3
385	Ophthalmic goods	107.71	92.21	93.25	90.45	88.17	_	2.26	2.28	2.19	2.1
384	Surgical, medical, and dental equipment	94.42		91.94	90.40	89.55	2.32	2.31	2.31	2.26	2.2
386 387	Photographic equipment and supplies Watches and clocks	(*)	131.33 92.48	131.58	127.15 86.94	124.95 87.23	(*)	3.09 2.25	3.06 2.25	2.95 2.19	2.9
19	MISC. MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	89.42		86.24	85.20	85.01	2.23	2.20	2.20	2.13	2.1
91	Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	104.25	1	95.35	97.06	94.53	2.50	2.45	2.42	2.35	2.3
194	Toys, amusement, and sporting goods		78.80	77.60	76.62	76.44		1.99	2.00	1.94	1.9
941-3	Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles	-	76.82	75.08	74.26	73.88	_	1.94	1.94	1.88	1.8
1949	Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c	-	83.37	81.72	82.58	81.16	- ,	2.10	2.09	2.08	2.0
95	Pens, pencils, office and art materials	-	85.60	84.02	84.46	83.84	-	2.14	2.16	2.07	2.0
96	Cosrume jewelry, buttons, and notions		80.40	78.56	77.62	77.41		2.02	2.03	1.96	1.9
<b>93,8,9</b> 9 <b>3</b>	Other manufacturing industries	95.60	94.80	93.62	92.63	9 <b>2.</b> 69	<b>2.3</b> 9	2.37 2.42	2.37	2.31	2.3
10	Nondurable Goods FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	104.00	103.09	105.59	100.60	99.60	2.50	2.49	2.52	2.43	2.4
01	Meat products	114.24		109.74	110.46	105.63	2.72	2.67	2.67	2.63	2.5
.01											
011 013	Meat packing	-	127.82	128.85 120.96	131.33	124.44	-	3.08	3.09 2.88	3.04 2.82	2.9

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, 1 by industry--Continued

SIC	1 .			age weekly l					ge overtime		
Code	Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
	Durable GoodsContinued		1233								
	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND										
6	SUPPLIES	41.5	41.1	40.5	40.8	40.7		3.3	3.2	3.1	2.7
51	Electric distribution equipment	42.5	41.9	42.1	41.3	41.3	-	3.6	3.9	3.1	2.8
611	Electric measuring instruments	_	39.8	40.3	40.4	40.3	-	· -	3=2		
612	Power and distribution transformers	~	43.6	42.6	42.1	42.3		_	_	-	-
513	Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	-	42.4	43.4	41.6	41.5	-	_	_	_	-
62	Electrical industrial apparatus	43.0	42.0	42.5	41.6	41.4	-	4.4	4.3	3.6	3.:
521	Motors and generators	-	42.2	42.6	41.8	41.4	-	-		-	i -
522	Industrial controls		41.7	41.9	41.3	41.1	-	- '		-	-
63	Household appliances	42.3	41.8	40.8	40.9	40.8	-	3.7	3.6	3.2	2.0
632	Household refrigerators and freezers	-	42.5	42.5	40.7	40.5	-	_	-	-	-
633	Household laundry equipment	-	42.2	39·5 39·5	40.8	40.4	-	-	-	-	_
534	Electric housewares and fans		40.9		40.8	40.7	-				1
64 641	Electric lighting and wiring equipment	41.1	41.0	40.0	40.8	40.5	-	3.3	2.8	2.9	2.6
641 642	Electric lamps	_	41.0 41.1	39.5 40.0	40.9 40.6	40.1 40.3	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_
643,4	Wiring devices.	_	41.0	40.2	40.9	40.9	_	_	_		_
55	Radio and TV receiving sets	40.6	40.9	39.3	39.7	40.2	_	3.1	2.7	3.2	2.
66	Communication equipment.	42.0	41.1	40.6	41.3	41.3	_	3.0	2.7	3.3	2.
561	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	TZ.00	40.6	38.9	41.5	41.9	_	_	'		
662	Radio and TV communication equipment	_	41.4	41.5	41.2	40.9	-	_	_	-	-
57	Electronic components and accessories.	40.1	40.3	39.5	40.1	39.6	<b>}</b> –	2,8	2.9	2.8	2.
671-3	Electron tubes	-	43.1	40.5	41.5	41.0	l –	-		-	_
674,9	Electronic components, n.e.c	-	39.7	39.3	39.7	39•3	-	-	-	i -	-
69	Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	40.9	40.0	39.7	40.7	40.5	-	2.9	2.5	2.9	2.0
694	Electrical equipment for engines	-	38.3	39•5	40.0	39.7	-	-	-	-	-
7 71	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	42.5 42.8	42.1 41.5	41.8 41.3	41.8 42.3	41.4 41.6		4.8 5.0	4.5 4.4	4.4 5.0	4.
711	Motor vehicles	-	39.9	41.5	42.4	40.6		7.0		7.0	{ -
712	Passenger car bodies	_	41.6	38.0	35.5	39.1		_	-	_	١ _
713	Truck and hus bodies	_	42.8	41.5	41.0	42.5		_	_	-	-
714	Motor vehicle parts and accessories	-	42.4	41.6	43.7	42.8		-	_	_	i –
72	Aircraft and parts	43.2	43.5	43.1	41.5	41.7		5.2	5.0	3.7	3.0
721	Aircraft	~	43.3	42.9	40.8	41.8	· ·	-	· -	· -	-
3722	Aircraft engines and engine parts	-	43.3	43.0	42.0	40.8		-	_	! -	-
3723,9	Other aircraft parrs and equipment	. ~.	44.4	43.7	42.5	42.8		-		-	_
373	Ship and boat building and repairing	40.8	40.8	41.1	40.7	40.3		3.7	4.1	3.9	3.0
3731	Ship building and repairing	-	41.1	41.1	41.1	40.5	· ·	_	_	_	_
3732 374	Boat building and repairing		39.8	41.2	38.6	39.4		i i			1
575,9	Railroad equipment	_ :	40.2 40.7	40.8 39.2	40.2 41.6	39.0 41.3		3.4 3.1	3.9 2.6	2.6 3.8	3.
8	INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS	42.0	41.6	41.6	41.6	41.4	-	3.5	3.4	3.4	2.
881	Engineering and scientific instruments	_	42.2	43.1	41.6	41.6		3.8	4.0	3.9	3.
82	Mechanical measuring and control devices	42.0	41.7	41.4	41.8	41.6		3.8	3.9	3.4	3.:
821	Mechanical measuring devices	-	42.7	42.5	42.0	41.9		-	· -	-	-
822	Automatic temperature controls	_	40.3	39.7	41.4	41.0	1	-	-		
883,5 85	Optical and ophthalmic goods	42.1	41.5	41.6	42.0	42.0	1	3,2	3.0	3.0	2.
84	Ophthalmic goods	40.7	40.8	40.9	41.3	41.2	ĺ	2.7	2.8	2.7	
86	Photographic equipment and supplies	(*)	40.5	39.8	40.0	39.8	·-	2.9	2.6	2.3	2.
87	Watches and clocks	(-7	42.5 41.1	43.0 40.6	43.1 39.7	42.5 40.2	1.2	2.6	3.9 2.3	2.7	3. 2.
9	MISC. MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	40.1	40.0	39.2	40.0	40.1		3.0	2.3	3.0	2.
191	Jewelry, silverwate, and plated ware	41.7	41.5	39.4	41.3	41.1		4.2	2.2	3.7	3.
94	Toys, amusement, and sporting goods	-	39.6	38.8	39.6	39.4	-	2.9	2.3	3.1	2.
941-3	Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles	_	39.6	38.7	39.5	39.3	-		_	_	-
949	Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c	_	39.7	39.1	39.7	39.4		ļ		2.8	
95 nk	Pens, pencils, office and art materials	_	40.0	38.9	40.8	40.7	] _	2.5	2.0	2.4	2.
96 03 8 0	Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions  Other manufacturing industries	40.0	39.8	38.7	39.6 40.1	39.9	-	2.9 2.8	2.2	2.9	2.
93,8,9 93	Musical instruments and parts	40.0	40.0 40.5	39•5 40•2	40.1	40.3 41.0	_	2.6	2.3 2.3	3.2	2.
10	Nondurable Goods FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	41.6	41.4	41.9	41.4	41.5		4.0	4.7	4.2	3.
201	Meat products	42.0	40.9	41.1	42.0	41.1	1	4.3	4.5	5.0	4.
2011	Meat packing.	42.0	41.5	41.7	43.2	41.9		-	7.7	J.0	-
2013	Sausages and other prepared meats	_	41.0	42.0	41.8	41.0			_	-	_
2015	Poultry dressing and packing		39.6	39.5	39.4	39.5	ı	l	l	f .	į.

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

SIC	<b>1</b>	0,		ge weekly e	<u>_</u>	T			ge bourly ea		
Code	Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
	Nondurable GoodsContinued										
	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS-Continued	\$111.19	\$108.97	\$112.92	\$106.85	\$104.90	\$2.61	\$2.57	\$2.59	\$2.52	\$2.46
)2 )24	Dairy products		106,23	117.30	106.23	104.17	φε.ot	2.61	2.63	2.61	2.5
26	Fluid milk		113.48	116.75	112.23	110.17	-	2.67	2.69	2.61	2.5
3	Canned and preserved food, except meats	_	86.27	82.58	80.58	81.61	-	2.13	2.08	2.04	2.0
31,6	Canned, cured and frozen sea foods	_	73.83	68.35	61.76	70.12	-	1.99	1.92	1.79	1.8
32,3	Canned food, except sea foods	-,	89.38	89.04	84.04	84.05	-	2.18	2.11	2.07	2.0
37	Frozen food, except sea foods	100 55	84.66 118.95	74.66 120.38	117.86	80.06 115.79	2.67	2.04 2.62	2.60	1.95 2.54	2.4
04 041	Grain mill products	122.55	127.68	130.20	133.44	127.30	Z401	2.80	2.80	2.78	2.7
142	Prepared feeds for animals and fowls.		102.46	104.06	100.38	100.94	_	2,18	2.15	2.10	2.0
05	Bakery products	105.18	105.41	106.71	102.47	101.66	2,61	2.59 2.64	2.59	2.53	2.5
051	Bread, cake, and perishable products	-	108.50	108.36	104.86	103.63	~		2.63	2.57	2.5
052	Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels	-	94.32	98.23	95.12	95.52	-	2.40	2.39	2.39	2.40
)6 	Sugar	90.00	89.28	127.75 87.36	119.57 87.12	120.53 86.67	0.00	2.88	2.93	2.82	2.7
07 071	Confectionery and related products	89.91	84.99	83.59	83.23	82.81	2.22	2.13	2.16	2.05	2.00
),, <u>,</u> )8	Beverages		119.55	130.23	114.49	114.54	2.89	2.86	2.92	2.82	2.78
082	Mait liquors		154.19	169.51	146.03	146.69		3.77	3.87	3.66	3.6
986	Bottled and canned soft drinks		93.96	102.93	85.88	87.49	Ŧ.	2.16	2.19	2.04	2.03
9	Miscellaneous food and kindred products.	103.57	101.99	101.50	99.92	99,17	2.46	2.44	2.44	2.34	2.3
1 11	TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS		83.76	87.23	78.21	77.90	2.11	2.17	2.32	1.98 2.64	2.05
11 12	Cigarettes		106.11	104.72	96.10	97.38 65.32	-	2.70	2.72		2.59
		1					-	1.77	1.76	1.70	1.73
<b>?</b> 21	Cotton broad woven fabrics.	82.98 86.86	83.16	81.76	78.62 81.60	79.19 81.60	1.99 2.02	1.98	1.97	1.89	1.8
22	Silk and synthetic broad woven fabrics	86.90	89.59	89.35	85.06	85.61	2.04	2.05	2.04	1.96	1.9
23	Weaving and finishing broad woolens	87.98	88.60	88.39	84.58	85.34	2.08	2.07	2.07	1.99	1.98
24	Narrow fabrics and smallwares	81.71	81.45	80.48	75.85	75.85	1.95	1.93	1.93	1.85	1.89
25	Knitting	72.37	73.47	70.27	69.03	69.70	1.87	1.86	1.83	1.77	1.76
251 252	Women's full and knee length hosiery	-	72.73	67.70	68.64	70.58	-	1.86	1.82	1.76	1.75
252 253	Knit outerwest.	1	63.24	61.34	60.04 72.39	60.37 72.57	-	2.01	1.61	1.58 1.89	1.86
254	Knit underwear	1 -	77•79 68•95	73.48	64.85	65.40	_	1.75	1.72	1.68	1.60
26	Finishing textiles, except wool and knit	92.24	91.38	89.03	85.68	86.09	2.15	2.14	2.13	2.04	2.0
27	Floor covering	-	85.17	80.39	84.78	85.94	-	1.99	1.98	1.94	1.9
28 29	Yarn and thread	79.24 95.44	78.81	78.07	75.05 89.25	75.50 87.57	1.86 2.23	1.85 2.19	1.85 2.18	1.77	2.09
3	APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS	67.45	70.11	67.88	67.33		1,90	1.90	1.87	1.86	1.83
31	Men's and boys' suits and coats	85.57	87.19	85.03	83.54	67.34 83.44	2,24	2.23	2.22	2.21	2.19
32	Men's and boys' furnishings	59.20	60.10	58.56	58.28	58.14	1.60	1.59	1.57	1.55	1.53
321	Men's and boys' shirts and nightwest	-	59.19	57.04	58.28	57.23	-	1.57	1.55	1.55	1.5
327 328	Men's and boys' separate trousers Work clothing	-	59.57 58.21	59.28 56.54	57.60	58.37	-	1.58	1.56	1.54	1.49
33	Women's, misses', and juniors' outerwear .	68.04	73.56	71.90	56.17 69.14	56.92 71.14	2.10	1.54 2.12	1.52 2.09	2.07	2.0
331	Women's blouses, waists, and shirts	00.04	60.70	60.19	59.68	60.37		1.78	1.76	1.74	1.72
335	Women's, misses', and juniors' dresses	_	72.79	69.96	68.04	69.55	_	2.16	2,12	2.10	2.07
337	Women's suits, skirts, and coats	-	88.35	87.54	82.99	86.27	-	2,51	2.48	2.47	2.43
339	Women's andmisses' outerwest, n.e.c		63.47	63.10	60.36	61.35	- <del>-</del> -	1.72	1.71	1.71	1.6
34	Women's and children's undergaments,	62,95	63.92	61.99	61.92	61.66	1.72	1.70	1.68	1.66	
141 142	Women's and children's underwear Corsets and allied garments	-	61.99	65.52	59.78 65.87	60.04 64.96		1.64 1.82	1.62 1.82	1.59	1.5
35	Hata, caps, and millinery	-	75.40	71.28	71.57	73.14	=	2.00	1.98	1.79 1.95	1.9
6	Girls' and children's outerwest	59.51	63.86	63.86	60.33	61.75	1.74	1.74	1.74	1.69	1.6
361	Children's dresses, blouses, and shirts.		61.76	62.07	58,12	60.42		1.73	1.71	1.67	1.66
7,8	Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel		74.23 75.64	73.43	72.86	72.56	-	1.99	1.99	1.98	1.8
9 91,2	Miscellaneous fabricated textile products. Housefurnishings	75.40	75.64 65.66	69.92	74.50 65.57	71.25 63.29	2.00	1.98 1.71	1,90 1,70	1.69	1.8
		100 00	120.34	120.50	116.48	115.18	0.50	2.76		2,69	2.60
5 51,2,6	PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	122.20 138.60	136.95		132.16	129.20	2.79 3.08	3.05	2.77 3.05	2.09	2.9
53	Paperboard	139.67	137.20	137.56 139.38	134.85	134.52	3.09	3.09	3.07	3.01	2.9
54	Converted paper and paperboard products .	106.17	104.66	103.91	99-77	98.95	2.51	2.48	2.48	2.41	2.3
543	Baga, except textile bags		97.53	97.88	93.61	93.89	-	2.35	2.37	2.30	2,29
55 551,2	Paperboard containers and boxes	111.63	110.08	108.54	106.75	105.72	2.59	2.56	2.56	2.50	2.4
551,2 553	Folding and setup paperboard boxes Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		97.58	95.65	93.34 118.01	93.34 116.25	-	2.34 2.70	2.35 2.69	2,26 2,67	2.6

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

SIC	Industry	- Gart		rage weekly		1 X	<u> </u>		ge overtime		T A
Code	industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
	Nondurable GoodsContinued									-	
				1		`		}	{		
02	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS-Continued Dairy products	42.6	42.4	43.6	42.4	42.3	Ì	3.8	4.6	3.9	3.6
024	Ice cream and frozen desserts	7610 	40.7	44.6	40.7	41.5		3.0	7.0	3.9	3.0
026	Fluid milk	-	42.5	43.4	43.0	42.7	_	_		_	_
03	Canned and preserved food, except meats.	-	40.5	39.7	39.5	40.4	-	3.4	3.6	3.2	2.9
031,6	Canned, cured and frozen sea foods	-	37.1	35.6	34.5	37.1	-	-	-	_	-
032,3 037	Canned food, except sea foods	-	41.0	42.2	40.6	40.8	-	-	-	-	-
04	Frozen food, except sea foods Grain mill products	45.9	41.5 45.4	36.6 46.3	39.5 46.4	41.7 46.5	] [	7.0	7.9	8.1	7.6
041	Flour and other grain mill products	-7.7	45.6	46.5	48.0	46.8	-	'	-	"-	"
042	Prepared feeds for animals and fowls		47.0	48.4	47.8	49.0	-	-	-		-
05	Bakery products	40.3	40.7	41.2	40.5	40.5	-	3.8	4.3	3.6	3.4
051	Bread, cake, and perishable products	-	41.1	41.2	40.8	40.8	-	-	-	-	-
052 06	Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels	_	39.3	41.1	39.8	39.8	-	4.0	4.8		4.5
07	Confectionery and related products	40.5	42.4	43.6 39.0	42.4 40.9	43.2 40.5	_	3.1	2.3	5.2 3.4	2.9
71	Candy and other confectionery products.		39.9	38.7	40.6	40.2		J	-:3	J	
8	Beverages	40.8	41.8	44.6	40.6	41.2	_	4.2	6.7	3.4	3.6
082	Malt liquors	_	40.9	43.8	39.9	40.3	-	-	-	-	-
086	Bottled and canned soft drinks	ha 3	43.5	47.0	42.1	43.1	-	,	,		, w
9	Miscellaneous food and kindred products.	42.1	41.8	41.6	42.7	42.2	-	4.2	4.4	4+5	4.2
i	TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS	39.4	38.6	37.6	39.5	38.0	_	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.2
11	Cigarettes	_	39.3	38.5	36.4	37.6	-	2.2	2.5	.7	.7
12	Cigars	_	37.1	36.2	38.3	38.2	-	.9	.8	1.3	1.4
2	TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS		100	1.7 =	119 6	10' 0	ŀ	1. 1.	1 1. 1.	١, ١	1 1. 2
21	Cotton broad woven fabrics.	41.7 43.0	42.0 43.0	41.5 42.6	41.6 42.5	41.9 42.5		4.4 5.0	4.4 5.5	4.5 5.3	4.3
22	Silk and synthetic broad woven fabrics	42.6	43.7	43.8	43.4	43.9		5.2	5.6	5.7	5.4
23	Weaving and finishing broad woolens	42.3	42.8	42.7	42.5	43.1	_	4.4	5.0	4.7	5.4
24	Narrow fabrics and smallwares	41.9	42.2	41.7	41.0	41.0	_	4.0	3.7	3.5	3.4
25	Knitting	38.7	39.5	38.4	39.0	39.6	-	3.0	2.6	2.9	2.9
251 252	Women's full and knee length hosiery	-	39.1	37.2	39.0	40.1	-	-	-	-	_
253	Knit outerwear.	-	38.8 38.7	38.1 37.3	38.0 38.3	38.7 38.6	-	-		-	-
254	Knit underwear	_	39.4	39.6	38.6	39.4	-		_	_	_
26	Finishing textiles, except wool and knit	42.9	42.7	41.8	42.0	42.2	l -	4.8	4.5	4.5	4.5
27	Floor covering		42.8	40.6	43.7	44.3	_	4.8	3.5	5.6	6.2
28	Yam and thread	42.6	42.6	42.2	42.4	42.9	- 1	4.8	4.7	4.9	4.9
29	Miscellaneous textile goods	42.8	42.7	42.5	42.3	41.9	-	4.6	4.2	4.8	4.1
23	APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS	35.5	36.9	36.3	36.2	36.8	_	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.5
231	Men's and boys' suits and coats	38.2	39.1	38.3	37.8	38.1	-	1.8	1.3	1.7	1.6
32	Men's and boys' furnishings	37.0	37.8	37.3	37.6	38.0	_	1.5	1.1	1.3	1.4
321 327	Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear  Men's and boys' separate trousers	_	37.7	36.8	37.6	37.9	- 1	-	-	-	-
328	Work clothing	_	37•7 37•8	38.0	37.4	37.9 38.2	-	-	-	-	-
33	Women's, misses', and juniors' outerwear .	32.4	34.7	37.2 34.4	37.7 33.4	34.7	] [	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.4
331	Women's blouses, waists, and shins	_	34.1	34.2	34.3	35.1	_				
335	Women's, misses', and juniors' dresses	_	33.7	33.0	32.4	33.6	-	_	-	_	-
337	Women's suits, skirts, and coats	-	35.2	35.3	33.6	35.5	-	_	-	-	-
339 34	Women's and misses' outerwear, n.e.c	~ ~	36.9	36.9	35.3	36.3	-	٠-٠			
341	Women's and children's undergaments Women's and children's underwear	36.6	37.6	36.9	37.3	37.6	-	1.8	1.5	1.9	1.6
342	Corsets and allied gaments	_	37.8 37.2	37.3 36.0	37.6 36.8	38.0 36.7	_	-	_	_	_
35	Hats, caps, and millinery		37.7	36.0	36.7	37.7		1.8	1.3	1.2	1.7
36	Girls' and children's outerwear	34.2	36.7	36.7	35.7	37.2	_	1.8	1.7	1.3	1.8
361	Children's dresses, blouses, and shirts.	-	35•7	36.3	34.8	37.2 36.4	-	-	_	_	-
37,8 IO	Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel		37·3 38·2	36.9	36.8	37.4	-	1.7	1.1	1.7	1.5
39 391,2	Miscellaneous fabricated textile products. Housefurnishings	37•7	38.2 38.4	36.8 36.6	38.6 38.8	37•9 37•9	=	2.3	1.6	2.0	1.6
6	PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	43.8	43.6	43.5	43.3	43.3	_	5.6	5.5	5.7	5.2
261,2,6	Paper and pulp	45.0	44.9	45.1	44.8	44.4	_	6.4	6.3	6.6	5.9
63	Paperboard	45.2	44.4	45.4	44.8	45.6	-	7.3 4.4	7.6	8.4	7.7
64	Converted paper and paperboard products	42.3	42.2	41.9	41.4	42.4	-	4.4	4.3	3.7	3.5
2643 265	Bags, except textile bags	h a	41.5	41.3	40.7	41.0	-		'		1
651,2	Paperboard containers and boxes Folding and setup paperboard boxes	43.1	43.0	42.4	42.7	42.8	=	5.1	4.9	5.3	4.8
653	Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		41.7 44.1	40.7 43.2	41.3 44.2	41.3 44.2	-	! <del>-</del>	-	ı	_

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

sic			Avera	ge weekly e	emings		J	Avera	ge hourly e	emings	
Code	Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
	Nondarable GoodsContinued										
	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED			ĺ		}		1	i		
27	INDUSTRIES	\$125.44	\$123.17	\$121.83	\$120.59	\$118.81	\$3.20	\$3.15	\$3.14	\$3,10	\$3 07
271	Newspaper publishing and printing	127.00	125.17	124.17	122.30	119.49	3.47	3,42	3.43	3.36	3.31
272 273	Periodical publishing and printing	-	132.93 116.05	132.76	131.05 114.93	129.60	-	3.25 2.75	3.27 2.73	3,22 2,73	3.20 2.71
275	Books	129.77	128.24	126,25	123.47	121.75	3.22	3.19	3.18	3.11	3.09
2751	Commercial printing, except litho		124.97	121.60	120.17	117.48	-	3.14	3.11	3.05	3.02
2752	Commercial printing, lithographic	-	133.66	133.82	130.33	130.65	-	3.26	3.28	3.21	3.21
278 274,6,7,9	Bookbinding and related industries Other publishing and printing industries .	93.31 127.20	93.45	92.19	92.19 121.99	90.40	2.43 3.27	2.39 3.21	2.37	2.37 3.12	2.33
28	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	126.12	125.70	126.00	123.65	120.93	3.01	3.00	3.00	2.93	2.90
281	Industrial chemicals	140.53	139.77	141.53	140.15	136.18	3.33	3.32	3.33	3.29	3.25
2812	Alkalies and chlorine	-	136.90	139.26	137.76	131.70	-	3.31	3.30	3.28	3.22
2818 2819	Industrial organic chemicals, n.e.c Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c	-	150.23	153.64	147.23	145.69	] -	3.51 3.21	3.54	3.44	3.42
282	Plastics materials and synthetics	124.62	125.21	126.52	123.69	121.11	2.96	2.96	2.97	2.89	2.87
2821	Plastics materials and resins	-	136.53	138.71	134.77	132,24	-	3.11	3,11	3.07	3.04
2823,4	Synthetic fibers	-	112.75	113.44	112.83	109.59		2.75	2.76	2.68	2.66
283 2834	Pharmaceutical preparations	113.83	110.28	110.68	107.18	105.32	2.79	2.75 2.68	2.76 2.68	2.64	2.62 2.57
284	Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	120.89	122.93	121.42	116.62	114.65	2.92	2.92	2.94	2.81	2.81
2841	Soap and detergents	-	152.95	150.15	143.52	141.76	-	3.50	3.50	3.33	3.32
2844	Toilet preparations	120 00	97.27	96.38	93.30	91.26	2 06	2.39	2.44	2.35	2.34
285 287	Paints, varnishes, and allied products Agricultural chemicals	120.98	119.00 104.16	118.01	114.68	99.30	2.86	2.84	2.83 2.47	2.75 2.40	2.72
2871,2	Fertilizers, complete and mixing only.	-	99.66	99.54	97.06	94.62		2.39	2.37	2.30	2.28
286,9	Other chemical products	123.22	120.80	120.38	119.14	113.16	2.92	2.89	2.88	2.83	2.80
29 291	Petroleum refining	145.27	142.30	147.06 153.91	143.12	138.78	3.41	3.38	3.42 3.63	3.29	3.25
295,9	Other petroleum and coal products	150.00	148.16 123.36	125.27	123.85	123.47	3.58 2.89	2.81	2.79	2.71	2.69
,.	RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS	-50000			}	1					
30	PRODUCTS	114.75	111.45	110.27	110.46	110.30	2.70	2,66	2.67	2.63	2,62
301 302,3,6	Tires and inner tubes	170.25	163.91	162.94	162.62	163.08	3.75 2.61	3.70 2.58	3.72 2.57	3.63 2.53	3.60 2.50
307	Miscellaneous plastics products	95.26	93.11	92.21	93.21	91.91	2,29	2.26	2.26	2.23	2,22
31	LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	74.66	75.46	74.49	71.82	72.19	1.97	1.93	1.91	1.90	1.88
311	Leather tanning and finishing	101.20	100.19	100.19	98.40	97.75	2.53	2.48	2.48	2.40	2.39
314 312,3,5-7,9 317	Footwear, except rubber	71.63 72.76	73.13 73.71 69.55	72.71 70.88 68.63	68.63 70.87 67.69	69.34 70.67 68.04	1.90 1.93	1.88 1.89 1.84	1.85 1.88 1.84	1.84 1.86 1.81	1.82 1.85 1.80
-	TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES:										
4011	RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION: Class I railroads <sup>2</sup>		(*)	(*)	131.54	129.77		(*)	(*)	3.01	2.99
	LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENGER		}								1
411	TRANSIT: Local and suburban transportation	_	114.44	114.59	109.56	110.33	_	2,68	2.69	2.59	2.59
413	Intercity and rural bus lines	-	160.51	148.50	138.34	143.04	-	3,33	3.30	3.12	3.13
42	MOTOR FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION AND		126.65	126 /5	122.00	120 60			1	2.30	2.03
42 422	Public warehousing	_	136.63 98.29	136.42 98.33	133.92 94.16	132.62 96.05		2.38	3.18 2.41	3.10 2.28	2.36
46	PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION	-	147.65	150.38	147.84	145.73	-	3.61	3.65	3.52	3.52
48	COMMUNICATION	-	117.62	119.19	118.12	113.52	-	2.89	2.90	2.86	2.81
481 4817	Telephone communication	-	112.61 82.88	114,12 85,20	112.75 82.43	108,27	_	2.76	2.77	2.73	2.68
4818	Line construction employees4	_	160.20	162.74	164.00	154.25	_	3,46	3.47	3.46	3.39
482	Telegraph communication 5	-	131.07	131.07	126,15	126.00	-	3.02	3.02	2.90	2.89
483	Radio and television broadcasting	-	150.08	152.05	153.03	146,43	-	3.79	3.83	3.76	3.67
49	ELECTRIC, GAS, AND SANITARY SERVICES		136.54	139.35	133.86	130,60	-	3.29	3.31	3.21	3.17
491 492	Electric companies and systems	-	139.61 124.64	143.90 124.64	137.10	133.31	-	3.34 3.04	3.37 3.04	3.28 2.98	3.22 2.95
493	Combined utility systems	-	148.57	152.70	145.05	141.59	_	3.58	3.61	3.47	3.42
494-7	Water, steam, and sanitary systems		109.74					2.67	2.69	2.56	2.55

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, 1 by industry--Continued

SIC			Ave	age weekly l	bours		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Avera	ge ovenime	ponta	
Code	Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
	Nondurable GoodsContinued			}							:
	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED								,		
27	INDUSTRIES	39.2	39.1	38,8	38.9	38.7	-	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.2
271 272	Newspaper publishing and printing	36.6	36.6 40.9	36,2 40,6	36.4 40.7	36.1 40.5	_	2.6 4.5	2.6 3.9	2.6	2.3
273	Periodical publishing and printing Books	_	42.2	41.8	42.1	42.5		5.1	4.9	4.7 4.9	3.3 5.6
275	Commercial printing	40.3	40.2	39.7	39.7	39.4	_	4.2	3.8	3.8	3,3
2751	Commercial printing, except litho	-	39.8	39.1	39.4	38.9	-	-	_	_	-
2752	Commercial printing, lithographic	<b>-</b> .	41.0	40.8	40.6	40.7	-		-	<b>-</b> .	<del>-</del> -
278 274,6,7,9	Bookbinding and related industries Other publishing and printing industries .	38.4 38.9	39.1 38.7	38.9 38.8	38.9 39.1	38.8 39.1	-	3.0 3.4	2.8 3.2	2.6 3.4	2.5 3.5
28	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	41.9	41,9	42,0	42,2	41.7	_	3.3	3.3	3,4	3.0
281 2812	Industrial chemicals	42.2	42.1	42.5	42.6	41.9		3.4	3.5	3,7	3.1
2812	Alkalies and chlorine	-	41.3	42.2	42.0	40.9	-	-	-	-	-
2819	Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c	-	42.8 41.3	43.4 41.5	42.8 42.2	42.6 41.3	_	-	-	-	-
282	Plastics materials and synthetics	42.1	42.3	42.6	42.8	42.2	_	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.1
2821	Plastics materials and resins	-	43.9	44.6	43.9	43.5	-	-	-	~	-
2823,4	Synthetic fibers	_	41.0	41.1	42.1	41.2	-	-			
283 2834	Drugs	40.8	40.1	40.1	40.6	40.2	-	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.4
284	Pharmaceutical preparations Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	41.4	39.6 42.1	39.1 41.3	39.8 41.5	39.4 40.8	_	3.8	3,2	3.1	- 2,8
2841	Soap and detergents	+±.+	42.1	42.9	43.1	40.8		J.0	J, 2	J.1	-
2844	Toilet preparations	-	40.7	39.5	39.7	39.0	-	-		-	-
285	Paints, varnishes, and allied products.	42.3	41.9	41.7	41.7	42.0	-	3,3	3,0	3.2	3.2
287 2871,2	Agricultural chemicals	42.3	42.0	42.2	42.4	41.9	_	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.5
286,9	Fertilizers, complete and mixing only .  Other chemical products	42.2	41.7 41.8	42.0 41.8	42.2 42.1	41.5 42.2		3.2	3.3	3.3	3.1
•	PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED	42.2	41.0	41.0	72.1	72.2			3,3	3.3	3,1
29	INDUSTRIES	42.6	42.1	43.0	43.5	42.7	-	2.9	3.7	3.4	3.2
291	Petroleum refining	41.9	41.5	42.4	42.8	41.7		2.0	2.7	2.4	2.1
295,9	Other petroleum and coal products RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS	45.0	43.9	44.9	45.7	45,9	-	5.7	6.8	6.7	6.8
30	PRODUCTS	42.5	41.9	41.3	42.0	42,1	-	4.3	3.9	4,3	4.1
301	Tires and inner tubes	45.4	44.3	43.8	44.8	45,3	-	5.9	5.8	6.6	6.3
302,3,6	Other rubber products	42.2	41.6	40.6	40.8	41.1	-	4.0	3.3	3.3	3.2
307 31	Miscellaneous plastics products LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	41.6	41.2	40.8	41.8	41.4		4.0	3.5	4.2	3.9
311	Leather tanning and finishing	37.9 40.0	39.1 40.4	39.0 40.4	37.8 41.0	38.4 40.9	_	2.2 3.2	2.2 3.4	1.9 3.2	1.9 3.0
314	Footwear, except rubber	37.7	38.9	39.3	37.3	38.1	-	2.0	2.1	1.7	1.7
312,3,5-7,9	Other leather products	37.7	39.0	37.7	38.1	38.2	-	2.3	1.8	2.1	2.0
317	Handbags and personal leather goods	-	37.8	37,3	37.4	37.8	-	2.3	1.8	1.9	2.0
-	TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES:										
<b>/</b> ***	RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION: Class I railroads <sup>2</sup>		(*)	(*)	43.7	43.4					
	LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENGER				1						
411	TRANSIT:  Local and suburban transportation		42.7	42.6	42.3	42.6					
413	Intercity and rural bus lines		48.2	45.0	44.5	45.7			-		
42	MOTOR FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION AND				,,,,	45.5					
42 422	STORAGE Public warehousing	-	43.1	42.9	43.2	43.2		<del>-</del>	_	_	-
46	PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION	-	41.3 40.9	40.8	41.3 42.0	40.7 41.4	· ·	-	-	-	=
48	COMMUNICATION	-	40.7	41.1	41.3	40.4		-	-	-	-
481	Telephone communication	-	40.8	41.2	41.3	40.4	-	_	_	-	_
4817 4818	Switchboard operating employees 3 Line construction employees 4	-	37.0 46.3	37.7 46.9	37.3 47.4	36.8 45.5	_	_	-	-	
482	Telegraph communication 5	_	43.4	43.4	43.5	43.6	_	-	-	-	_
483	Radio and television broadcasting	•	39.6	39.7	40.7	39.9		-	-	-	-
49	ELECTRIC, GAS, AND SANITARY SERVICES	-	41.5	42.1	41.7	41.2		-	-	-	-
491	Electric companies and systems	-	41,8	42,7	41.8	41.4	-	-	-	-	-
492 493	Gas companies and systems Combined utility systems	_	41.0	41.0	41.3	40.6 41.4	-		_	_	_
494-7	Water, steam, and sanitary systems		41.5	42.3	41.8 41.8	41.4			_ [	-	_
.,	,,,,,,,	_	41+1	41.7	. 41.0	41,7	•	. "	,		

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

SIC			Averag	e weekly ear	nings				ge hourly ear		
Code	Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
-	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	\$79.70	\$80.73	\$80.94	\$77.25	\$77.75	\$2.16	\$2.13	\$2,13	\$2.06	\$2.03
50	WHOLESALE TRADE	112.20	111.25	112.20	106.90	106.34	2.75	2.72	2.73	2,62	2.60
501	Motor vehicles and automotive equipment		103.49	105.58	101.82	99.72		2.47	2.49	2.43	2.38
502	Drugs, chemicals, and allied products		112.96	114.33	110.16	108.27		2.8i	2.83	2.72	2,68
503	Dry goods and apparel		108.67	107.82	104.23	104.23	_	2.83	2.83	2.75	2.75
504	Groceries and related products		103.91	105.75	97.44	98.29	_	2,51	2.50	2.40	2.38
506	Electrical goods	-	123.94	123.48	123.55	121.41	_	2.93	2.94	2,88	2.85
507	Hardware, plumbing, and heating goods .	l _	106.49	106.34	103.53	103.32		2.61	2.60	2.55	2.52
508	Machinery, equipment, and supplies	۱ _	123.49	123.37	115.51	116,06	-	2.99	2.98	2.79	2.79
509	Miscellaneous wholesalers	_	110.70	111.10	107.33	107.06	_	2.74	2.75	2.67	2.65
52-59	RETAIL TRADE	68.90	70.11	70.48	67.16	68.07	1,93	1.90	1.91	1.84	1.82
53	General merchandise stores	00.90	62.59	62.93	60.50	60.19	1.90	1.83	1.84	1.79	1.76
531	Department stores	_	66.84	67.18	64.51	64.22	_	1.96	1.97	1.92	1.90
532	Mail order houses	_	72.07	71.55	72.67	70.56	_	2.03	2.05	1.98	1.96
	Limited price variety stores		47.53	47.23	44.47	45.44		1.49	1.49	1.43	1.42
533 54	Food stores	_	74.62	75.05	71.76	72.78		2.12	2.12	2.08	2.05
	Grocery, meat, and vegetable stores	_				74.05	1 -	2.15	2.15	2.12	2.08
541-3		1	75.90	76.33	73.35			1.76	1.78	1.73	1.69
56	Apparel and accessories stores	-	59.84	60.52	57.61	57-97				1.94	
561	Men's and boys' apparel stores	-	74.01	74.78	69.26	71.00	-	2,05	2.06		1.94
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	-	52.63	54.26	51.61	51.10	i -	1.59	1.61	1.57	1.53
565	Family clothing stores	~	59-31	60.12	57.11	58.14	-	1.76	1.80	1.71	1.70
566	Shoe stores	-	60.86	59.88	59.33	58.65	-	1.79	1.82	1.86	1.72
57	Furniture and appllance stores	-	91.37	91.77	88.75	89.20	-	2.29	2.30	2,23	2.23
571	Furniture and home furnishings	-	91.43	90.12	87.96	87.78	-	2.28	2.27	2,21	2.20
58	Eating and drinking places	-	48.93	48.79	45.46	46.70	-	1.39	1.39	1.31	1.29
52,55,59	Other retail trade	-	86.90	87.53	83.23	84.46	l -	2.13	2.14	2.05	2.04
52	Building materials and hardware	-	92.86	93.51	89.89	89.67	-	2.19	2,19	2.13	2.10
551,2	Motor vehicle dealers	-	108.97	110.77	103.05	105.08	- ا	2.54	2.57	2.38	2.41
553,9	Other vehicle and accessory dealers	-	92.40	92.82	85.41	88,20	-	2.10	2.10	1.95	2.00
591	Drug stores		64.25	65.15	62.65	63.53	l -	1.82	1.83	1.79	1.75
598	Fuel and ice dealers	-	97.53	98.33	94.05	92.99	-	2,35	2.33	2,25	2.23
	FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL	l	1 , , , ,	1	, ,	, ,	l .	}	1	i	)
	ESTATE7	92.13	92,13	92.75	89.04	88.91	2.49	2.47	2.48	2.40	2.39
60	Banking		82.21	82.43	79.18	79.24		2.21	2.21	2.14	2.13
61	Credit agencies other than banks		85.96 87.05	86.41	84.52 84.44		i	2,28	2.28	2.23	2.25
612	Savings and loan associations	_	87.05	89.07	84.44	85.28 85.27	_	2.34	2.35	2.27	2.28
62	Security dealers and exchanges	1	130.98	135.42	124,21	120.11	_	3.54 2.68	3.65	3.33 2.58	3.22
63	Insurance carriers	_	99.70	99.80	95.98	96.23		2.68	2.69	2.58	2.58
631	Life insurance	_	99.82	99.65	95.37	95.63	l _	2.72	2.73	2,62	2.62
632	Accident and health insurance	_	89.41	88.91	85.01	85.98		2.41	2.39	2.31	2.33
633	Fire, marine, and casualty insurance.	1 -	101.41	101.90	99.06	99.06	l - '	2.69	2.71	2.60	2.60
055	SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS: Hotels and lodging places:										
701	Hotels, tourist courts, and motels 6	}	53.44	53.72	51,65	51.74	1	1.41	1.41	1.37	1.33
701	Personal Services:	ì	/3•74	73.15	1 72,00	74017	1		1	11	1 ~•55
201	Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants.	1	61.12	61.76	59.06	58,67	1	1.60	1.60	1.53	1.52
721		1	01.15	07.10	75.00	20.01	1	1	1	1 /3	-•,5
781	Motion pictures:  Motion picture filming and distributing	_	162.51	165.68	149.36	153.98	-	3.86	3.88	3.82	3.84

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

57.0			Ave	rage weekly	nours			Avera	ge overtime !	hours	
SIC Code	Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug 196
_	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	36.9	37.9	38.0	37-5	38.3					
50	WHOLESALE TRADE	40.8	ه.مدا	h1.1	40.8	ם מגו	_	_	_		_
501	Motor vehicles and automotive equipment	_	40.9 41.9	41.1 42.4	41.9	40.9 41.9	i -	_	l -	_	-
502	Drugs, chemicals, and allied products.	_	40.2	40.4	40.5	40.4	-	_	-	_	
503	Dry goods and apparel	_	38.4	38.1	37.9	37.9	-	-	_		
504	Groceries and related products	_	41.4	42.3	40.6	41.3		_	-		
506	Electrical goods	_	42.3	42.0	42.9	42.6	! -		) <u> </u>	-	
507	Hardware, plumbing, and heating goods .	_	40.8	40.9	40.6	41.0	-	-	-	-	-
508	Machinery, equipment, and supplies	-	41.3	41.4	41.4	41.6	- 1	_	_	_	,
509	Miscellaneous wholesalers	_	40.4	40.4	40.2	40.4	l -	-	\ <del></del>	-	
52-59	RETAIL TRADE	35.7	36.9	36.9	36.5	37.4	_	<b>}</b> –	1 -		-
53	General merchandise stores	-	34.2	34.2	33.8	34.2	<b>!</b> -	۱ -	-	-	1
531	Department stores	_	34.1	34.1	33.6	33.8		\ <b>-</b>	-	-	1 .
532	Mail order houses	***	35.5	34.9	36.7	36.0	] -	_	\ <b>-</b>	_	l
533	Limited price variety stores	_	31.9	31.7	31.1	32.0	-	-	-	-	
54	Food stores	_	35.2	35.4	34.5	35.5	-	-	-	-	1
541-3	Grocery meat, and vegetable stores		35.3	35.5	34.6	35.6	٠ -	-	-	-	1
56	Apparel and accessories stores		34.0	34.0	33.3	34.3	1 -	1 -	-	1 -	
561	Men's and boys' apparel stores	_	36.1	36.3	35.7	36.6	_	-	1 -	_	ŀ
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	-	33.1	33.7	33.0	33.4	_	-	_	_	l
565	Family clothing stores	-	33.7	33.4	33.4	34.2	-	-	_	-	
566	Shoe stores	-	34.0	32.9	31.9	34.1	l -	-	_	1 -	
57	Furniture and appliance stores		39.9	39.9	39.8	40.0	-	-	-	-	1
571	Furniture and home furnishings	-	40.1	39.7	39.8	39.9	_	-	_	_	1
58	Eating and drinking places 6	۱ ـ	35.2	35.1	34.7	36.2	_	-	_	i -	1
52,55,59	Other retail trade	_	46.8	40.9	40.6	41.4	l -	-	-	-	1
52	Building materials and hardware	_	42.4	42.7	42.2	42.7	l -	-	_	<b>)</b> –	1
551,2	Motor vehicle dealers	l -	42.9	43.1	43.3	43.6	l -	-	-	) -	1
553,9	Other vehicle and accessory dealers	1 -	44.0	44.2	43.8	44.1		_	-	j -	ļ
591	Drug stores	_	35 - 3	35.6	35.0	36.3	-	-	-	<b> </b>	1
598	Fuel and ice dealers	-	41.5	42.2	41.8	41.7	-	-	-	-	
	ESTATE7	37.0	37.3	37.4	37.1	37.2	١	l _	-	\ <b>-</b>	l
60	Banking	31.0	37.2	37.3	37.0	37.2	_	۱ ـ	-	1 -	1
61	Credit agencies other than banks	-	37.7	37.9	37.9	37.9		<u></u>	_	-	1
612	Savings and loan associations	_	37.2	37.9	37.2	37.4	١ ـ	_	_	_	
62	Security dealers and exchanges	_	37.0	37.1	37.3	37.3	1 -	l _	_	_	1
63	Insurance carriers	_	37.2	37.1	37.2	37.3	1 -	_	_	_	1
631	Life insurance	_	36.7	36.5	36.4	36.5	1 -	-	I -	-	1
632	Accident and health insurance	_	37.1	37.2	36.8	36.9	l -	_	<b>-</b>	-	1
633	Fire, marine, and casualty insurance.				38.1	38.1	l _	_	<b>}</b> _	_	ł
055	SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS: Hotels and lodging places:		37.7	37.6	30.1	30.1					
701	Hotels, tourist courts, and motels 6 Personal Services:		37•9	38.1	37.7	38.9					
721	Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants. Motion pictures:		38.2	38.6	38.6	38.6					
781	Motion picture filming and distributing.	-	42.1	42.7	39.1	40.1	l -	-	-	-	1

<sup>1</sup> For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for all other industries, to

nonsupervisory workers.

2 Beginning January 1965, data relate to railroads with operating revenues of \$5,000,000 or more. Data for February 1966; \$139.91, \$3.13, and \$44.7.\$

3 Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as switchboard operators; service assistants; operating room instructors; and pay-station attendants. In 1964, such employees made up 31 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours and earnings data.

4 Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as central office craftsmen; installation and exchange repair craftsmen; line, cable, and conduit craftsmen; and laborers. In 1964, such employees made up 31 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours

Onduit cratesies; and assorers. In 1904, such employees made by 91 per and earnings data.

Data relate to nonsupervisory employees except messengers.

Money payments only; tips, not included.

That of co nonoffice salesmen excluded from all series in this division.

Not available.

<sup>\*\*-</sup>June 1966 revised data for: SIC 364-Electric lighting and wiring equipment, \$101.59 and \$2.49; SIC 3643,4-Wiring devices, \$101.60 and \$2.46.
NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-3: Average hourly earnings excluding overtime of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry

		Average hou	rly earnings excludir	ig overtime <sup>1</sup>	
Major industry group	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965
AANUFACTURING	. \$2,60	\$2.57	\$2.59	\$2,51	\$2,49
DURABLE GOODS .	. 2.77	2.73	2.74	2,68	2.65
Ordnance and accessories	.   -	3,05	3.04	3.02	3.02
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	. ] -	2,20	2.18	2.12	2.11
Furniture and fixtures		2.11	2,10	2.05	2.03
Stone, clay, and glass products		2,58	2.57	2.51	2,49
Primary metal industries	.   -	3.13	3.15	3.06	3.03
Fabricated metal products		2,71	2,71	2,65	2,62
Machinery		2.89	2.89	2.82	2.80
Electrical equipment and supplies		2.52	2,52	2,50	2,49
Transportation equipment		3.14	3.13	3,07	3.01
Instruments and related products		2.58	2,58	2,52	2.52
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	·   -	2.12	2.14	2.06	2.05
NONDURABLE GOODS	. 2.36	2.35	2.35	2.29	2.27
Food and kindred products		2.38	2.39	2,31	2,29
Tobacco manufactures	.   -	2,12	2.27	1.94	2,02
Textile mill products		1.88	1.88	1.80	1.80
Apparel and related products	.   -	1.86	1.84	1.82	1.80
Paper and allied products	.   -	2,60	2.60	2,53	2.51
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	. (2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Chemicals and allied products		2.88	2.89	2.82	2.80
Petroleum refining and related industries	.   -	3.27	3.28	3.17	3,13
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	.   -	2.53	2,55	2,50	2.49
Leather and leather products	.   •	1,88	1.86	1.85	1,83

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-4: Gross and spendable average weekly earnings in selected industries, in current and 1957-59 dollars<sup>1</sup>

					Spen	dable averag	e weekly ea	mings	
to horses	Gross av	erage weekl	y earnings	Worker	with no dep	endents	Worker	with three de	pendents
Industry	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.
	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965
MINING: Current dollars 1957-59 dollars	\$131.89	\$131.46	\$125.85	\$106.64	\$106.29	\$103.77	\$115.38	\$115.02	\$112.24
	115.90	116.03	114.41	93.71	93.81	94.34	101.39	101.52	102.04
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION: Current dollars	148.99	150.15	143,54	120.14	121.04	117.89	129.64	130.60	127.10
	130.92	132.52	130,49	105.57	106.83	107.17	113.92	115.27	115.55
MANUFACTURING: Current dollars	111.78	111.11	106.45	91,14	90.63	88.21	99.00	98.47	95.87
	98.22	98.07	96.77	80,09	79.99	80.19	86.99	86.91	87.15
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE: Current dollars	80.73	80.94	77.75	67.07	67.24	65.18	74.08	74.25	72,12
	70.94	71.44	70.68	58.94	59.35	59.25	65.10	65.53	65,56
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE: Current dollars	92 <b>.1</b> 3	92.75	88.91	76.05	76.53	74.02	83.29	83.79	81.20
	80 <b>.</b> 96	81.86	80.83	66.83	67.55	67.29	73.19	73.95	73.82

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; for wholesale and rerail trade, to nonsupervisory workers.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

<sup>2</sup>Not available as average overtime rates are significantly above time and one-half. Inclusion of data for the group in the nondurable goods total has little effect.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-5: Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours and payrolls in industrial and construction activities 1

Total		ana co	1957-59=100			
Non-Name			Aug.	July 1066	Sept.	Aug.
MINING	Industry		11900		1909	1 1907
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION   126.1   131.2   132.4   120.1   129.4	TOTAL	119.9	119.6	117.2	113.0	113.0
DURABLE GOODS	AINING	85•7	86.8	85•9	83.0	86.3
DURABLE GOODS	CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	126.1	131.2	132.4	120.1	129•4
Ordnance and accessories         153.1         1h5.6         1h2.5         117.7         113.3           Lumber and wood products, except funiture         101.3         10h.5         103.7         101.2         103.8           Funiture and fixtures         129.8         131.1         122.5         122.1         121.5           Scoor, clay, and glass products         113.3         115.4         114.5         113.4         113.5           Primary netal industries         119.0         117.9         116.3         113.3         11h.2           Fabricated metal products         128.6         127.4         122.7         119.4         117.3           Machinery         138.2         136.0         13h.5         123.3         120.9           Electrical equipment and supplies         152.4         148.7         141.9         128.7         12h.7           Transportation equipment         117.7         103.5         109.3         106.7         95.1           Instruments and related products         129.0         127.2         125.5         116.1         113.7           Miscellancous manufacturing industries         120.3         119.0         109.9         117.9         114.8           MOHOURABLE GOODS         112.4	MANUFACTURING	120.5	119.1	116.0	113.2	111.3
Lumber and vood products, except furniture 101.3 104.5 103.7 101.2 103.8 Furniture and fixtures 129.8 131.1 122.5 122.1 121.5 Stone, clay, and glass products. 113.3 115.4 114.5 113.4 113.5 Frimary metal industries 119.0 117.9 116.3 113.3 114.2 Fabricated metal products 128.6 127.4 122.7 119.4 117.3 126.7 129.3 120.9 Electrical equipment and supplies 152.4 148.7 141.9 128.7 124.7 124.7 Transportation equipment and supplies 152.4 148.7 141.9 128.7 124.7 133.5 109.3 106.7 95.1 125.1 116.1 113.7 117.7 103.5 109.3 106.7 95.1 127.2 125.5 116.1 113.7 113.7 113.6 108.9 109.9 117.9 114.8 113.6 108.9 109.2 109.1 17.9 114.8 113.6 108.9 109.2 109.1 Food and kindred products 160.5 105.4 99.5 104.5 103.9 109.1 105.3 105.3 107.1 103.4 102.5 103.0 Apparel and related products 116.7 122.4 114.2 116.9 118.4 122.5 103.0 Apparel and related products 116.7 122.4 114.2 116.9 118.4 113.6 118.2 116.9 118.4 112.2 111.0 Chemicals and allied products 118.6 118.2 116.8 111.8 111.2 Petroleum retining and retated industries 182.1 82.2 83.9 82.8 81.9 Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products 153.3 150.1 116.6 136.5 1	DURABLE GOODS	126.7	123.3	121.5	116.2	113.1
Furniture and fixtures. 129.8 131.1 122.5 122.1 121.5 Stone, clay, and glass products. 113.3 115,4 114.5 113.4 113.5 Stone, clay, and glass products. 113.3 115,4 114.5 113.4 113.5 Primary metal industries. 119,0 117,9 116.3 113.3 114.2 Fabricated metal products 128.6 127.4 122.7 119.4 117.3 Machinery. 138.2 136.0 134.5 123.3 120.9 Electrical equipment and supplies. 152.4 148.7 141.9 128.7 124.7 Transportation equipment 117.7 103.5 109.3 106.7 95.1 Instruments and related products 129.0 127.2 125.5 116.1 113.7 Misscellaneous manufacturing industries 120.3 119.0 109.9 117.9 114.8 MONDURABLE GOODS. 112.4 113.6 108.9 109.2 109.1 Food and kindred products. 106.5 105.4 99.5 104.5 103.9 Tobacco manufactures 96.1 88.6 70.8 107.3 93.0 Textile mill products 106.3 107.1 103.4 102.5 103.0 Apparel and related products 116.7 122.4 114.2 116.9 118.4 Paper and allied products 116.5 118.7 117.2 112.3 111.6 Printing, publishing, and allied industries. 126.5 118.1 116.8 111.8 111.2 Petroleum refining and related industries 82.1 82.2 83.9 82.8 81.9 Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products 153.3 150.1 143.6 136.5 136.5 146.5 146.5 136.5 146.5 146.5 136.5 146.5 146.5 146.6 135.2 97.7 101.0 CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION 177.0 180.2 180.2 180.3 159.5 169.1	Ordnance and accessories	153.1	145.6	142.5	174.4	113.3
Scone, clay, and glass products.	Lumber and wood products, except furniture	101.3	104.5	103.7	101.2	103.8
Primary metal industries	Furniture and fixtures	129.8	131.1	122.5	122.1	121.5
Fabricased metal products   128.6   127.4   122.7   119.4   117.3	Stone, clay, and glass products	113.3	115.4	114.5	11.3.4	113.5
Machinery.   138.2   136.0   134.5   123.3   120.9	Primary metal industries	119.0	117.9	11.6.3	113.3	11,4.2
Electrical equipment and supplies	Fabricated metal products	128.6	127.4	122.7	119.4	11.7.3
117.7   103.5   109.3   106.7   95.1	Machinery	138.2	136.0	134.5	123.3	120.9
129.0   127.2   125.5   116.1   113.7	Electrical equipment and supplies	152.4	148.7	141.9	128.7	124.7
NonDurable Goods	Transportation equipment	117.7	103.5	109.3	106.7	95.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	Instruments and related products	129.0	127.2	125.5	116.1	113.7
Food and kindred products	Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	120.3	119.0	109.9	117.9	4.8 يادر
Tobacco manufactures	NONDURABLE GOODS	112.4	113.6	108.9	109.2	109.1
Textile mill products	Food and kindred products	106.5	105.4	99•5	<b>1</b> 04•5	103.9
Apparel and related products	Tobacco manufactures	96.1	88.6	70.8	107.3	93.0
Paper and allied products	Textile mill products	105.3	107.1	103.4	102.5	103.0
Printing, publishing, and allied industries 118.6 118.2 116.4 112.2 111.0 Chemicals and allied products 116.5 118.1 116.8 111.8 111.2 Petroleum refining and related industries 82.1 82.2 83.9 82.8 81.9 Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products 153.3 150.1 143.6 138.5 136.5 Leather and leather products 98.2 102.7 97.7 95.8 98.9 Payrolls  MINING	Apparel and related products	116.7	122.4	114.2	116.9	118.4
Chemicals and allied products       116.5       118.1       116.8       111.8       111.2         Petroleum refining and related industries       82.1       82.2       83.9       82.8       81.9         Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products       153.3       150.1       143.6       138.5       136.5         Leather and leather products       98.2       102.7       97.7       95.8       98.9         Payrolls         MINING       106.5       106.6       105.2       97.7       101.0         CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION       177.0       180.2       180.3       159.5       169.1	Paper and allied products	117.9	118.7	117.2	112.3	111.6
Petroleum refining and related industries	Printing, publishing, and allied industries	118.6	118.2	116.4	112.2	111.0
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	Chemicals and allied products	116.5	118.1	116.8	ш <b>.</b> 8	111.2
Leather and leather products   98.2   102.7   97.7   95.8   98.9	Petroleum refining and retated industries	82.1	82.2	83.9	82.8	81.9
Payrolls  MINING	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	153.3	150.1	143.6	138.5	136.5
MINING	Leather and leather products	98.2	102.7	97.7	95.8	98.9
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION			<u> </u>	Payrolls		
	MINING	106.5	106.6	105.2	97•7	101.0
MANUFACTURING	CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	177.0	180.2	180.3	159•5	169.1
	MANUFACTURING	156.0	152.0	148.6	140.8	136.6

<sup>1</sup> For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, data relate to construction workers.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED HOURS

Table C-6 Average weekly hours of production workers on payrolls of selected industries!

Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	June 1966	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Jan. 1966	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Sept. 1965
MINING	43.1	42.5	43.2	42.9	42.6	41.7	43.2	42.7	42.6	42.9	42.1	42.3	42.3
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	37.7	36.9	37.8	37.4	36.1	37.2	38.5	38.1	37.8	38.6	37.2	37.1	36.4
MANUFACTURING	41.4 3.9	41.4 4.0	41.0 3.8	41.3 3.9	41.5 4.0	41.5 4.0	41.5 4.1	41.5 4.1	41.4 4.0	41.3 3.8	41.4 3.7	41.2 3.8	41.0 3.5
Overtime hours	42.3 4.3	42.1 4.3	41.8 4.3	42.0 4.2	42.2 4.4	42.3 4.4	42.3 4.4	42.4 4.5	42.4 4.4	42.2 4.1	42.2 4.1	42.1 4.0	41.7 3.8
Ordnance and accessories	<b>42.</b> 8	42.2	42.7	42.1	42.4	42.2	42.0	42.3	42.4	42.4	42.4	42.4	42.0
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	40.2	40.5	40.6	40.5	41.4	41.3	41.1	41.2	41.4	41.5	41.2	41.1	40.6
Furniture and fixtures	41.3	41.5	41.0	41.8	42.0	41.6	41.9	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.5	41.1
Stone, clay, and glass products	42.0	41.7	41.5	41.9	41.8	42.1	42.8	42.4	42.5	43.0	42.2	41.9	42.0
Primary metal industries	42.7	42.4	41.6	42.0	42.2	41.8	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.3	41.2	41.6	41.8
Fabricated metal products	42.5	42.2	42.1	42.3	42.4	42.4	42.4	42.5	42.5	42.3	42.3	42.2	42.7
Machinery	44.3	43.8	43.3	43.8	43.8	43.7	¥¥.0	43.9	43.8	43.8	43.7	43.5	43.2
Electrical equipment and supplies	41.4	41.2	40.9	41.2	41.3	41.4	41.3	41.5	41.5	41.4	41.2	41.0	40.7
Transportation equipment	42.8	43.2	42.1	42.3	42.2	43.4	42.9	43.3	43.4	43.0	42.9	42.8	42.1
Instruments and related products	42.0	41.6	41.7	42.0	42.4	42.0	42.4	42.3	42.2	41.7	41.7	41.8	41.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	40.0	39.9	39.7	40.1	40.3	40.0	40.3	40.2	40.0	40.2	40.2	40.0	39.9
NONDURABLE GOODS	40.1 3.3	40.1 3.4	40.1 3.4	40.3 3.4	40.3 3.4	40.3 3.5	40.4 3.5	40.5 3.5	40.2 3.4	40.2 3.3	40.3 3.3	40.1 3.3	40.3 3.2
Food and kindred products	41.0	41.0	41.3	41.0	40.9	41.1	42.1	41.5	41.1	41.1	41.1	41.1	40.8
Tobacco manufactures	38.0	38.3	37.9	38.0	38.5	39.2	39•4	41.3	38.9	37.8	37•9	37.7	38.1
Textile mill products	41.9	41.9	41.7	42.2	42.2	41.9	42.4	42.3	42.2	42.0	41.9	41.8	41.8
Apparel and related products	35.4	36.3	36.2	36.5	36.5	36.4	36.5	36.5	36.3	36.4	36.5	36.4	36.1
Paper and allied products	43.5	43.3	43,4	43.4	43.7	43•7	43.5	43.5	43.3	43.5	43.7	43.3	43.0
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.0	38.7	<b>3</b> 8.9	38.7	38.7	38.5	38.7	38.6	38.5	38.7
Chemicals and allied products	41.8	42.0	42.0	42.0	41.9	42.3	42.0	42.1	42.0	42.0	42.0	41.9	42.1
Petroleum refining and related industries	41.6	41.9	42.4	42.5	42.5	42.6	42.6	42.6	42.3	42.0	42.4	42.5	42.5
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	42.2	41.8	41.5	41.7	42.1	42.4	42.2	42.3	42.3	<b>42.</b> 3	42.4	42.3	41.7
Leather and leather products	38.4	38,6	38.3	38.7	39.0	39.0	38.5	38.7	38.5	38.4	38.6	38.5	38.3
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	36.9	37-3	37.3	37.2	37.0	37.1	37.1	37.3	37•4	37-4	37•4	37.6	37.5
WHOLESALE TRADE	40.8	40.9	40.9	40.6	40.7	40.7	40.8	40.9	41.0	40.9	40.8	40.9	40,8
RETAIL TRADE	35•7	36.1	36.1	36.0	35•9	35•9	36.0	36.1	36.2	36.3	36.3	36.4	36.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for wholesale and retail trade, to non-supervisory workers.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Table C-7: Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours in industrial and construction activities seasonally adjusted

1957-59=100

1957-59=100													
Industry	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	June 1966	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Jan. 1966	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Sept. 1965
TOTAL	115.5	115.8	115.0	115.8	114.2	114.8	116.0	114.8	113.6	113.5	111.5	110.1	108.7
MINING	84.0	83.7	84.6	83.8	82.7	75•7	85.4	84.1	84.1	84.1	82.6	82.3	81.3
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	112.1	110.7	115.3	114.4	108.1	115.3	122.8	117.6	116.8	119.8	111.3	109.1	106.5
MANUFACTURING	117.7	118.4	116.5	117.7	116.9	116.7	116.3	115.9	114.5	113.8	113.0	111.6	4.0בנ
DURABLE GOODS	125.2	125.2	122.2	123.6	123.0	122.8	122.3	121.5	120.2	118.8	117.4	116.0	114.7
Ordnance and accessories	151.7	147.2	146.6	142.1	140.8	135.4	132.4	130.9	126.4	119.3	120.5	119.3	117.0
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	96.3	97•9	98.4	99.4	100.8	102.1	103.2	102.2	102.9	101.6	99.6	98.1	96.4
Furniture and fixtures	125.6	127.2	124.7	128.1	128.1	125.2	126.4	124.8	124.1	123.1	121.4	119.9	118.0
Stone, clay, and glass products	108.5	109.2	109.3	110.4	170.3	112.2	114.9	112.8	114.1	113.5	109.9	108.6	108.7
Primary metal industries	119.0	118.6	114.9	115.6	114.4	112.9	112.3	112.0	111.6	109.2	108.9	110.9	113.1
Fabricated metal products	126.2	126.8	124.4	125.6	125.6	126.0	125.7	125.1	123.9	122.2	121.6	119.2	117.1
Machinery	140.1	138.3	136.0	135.6	134.2	132.4	132.7	132.0	130.4	129.8	128.9	126.6	125.1
Electrical equipment and supplies	150.3	149.9	145.2	147.0	145.3	144.4	140.9	140.6	137.6	135.4	132.4	129.8	126.9
Transportation equipment	118.2	178°3	112.2	115.6	114.7	117.4	116.0	115.3	113.2	111.6	3.011	109.1	107.1
Instruments and related products.,	127.5	126.7	126.6	127.0	126.8	124.3	125.0	123.3	120.7	117.9	116.5	115.9	114.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	112.7	114.1	113.5	116.3	116.8	115.3	115.5	114.3	112.1	117.2	114.6	112.4	110.5
NONDURABLE GOODS	107.9	109.5	109.0	110.1	109.0	108.8	108.5	108.6	107.2	107.2	107.3	105.9	104.9
Food and kindred products	93.6	94.6	95•3	94.7	93.5	94.6	95•5	96.1	94.6	94.6	96.2	94.0	91.9
Tobacco manufactures	75.3	78.2	84.4	85.7	85.7	88.4	88.9	91.9	86.6	84.1	83.2	82.7	84.8
Textile mill products	104.7	105.9	104.7	106.4	105.9	104.8	105.9	105.3	105.0	104.0	103.3	102.5	102.0
Apparel and related products	114.2	118.0	117.0	121.4	120.3	118.3	117.7	117.8	114.6	117.3	116.8	115.9	114.5
Paper and allied products	115.7	116.9	117.4	116.3	115.7	115.5	114.3	114.1	113.1	113.0	112.9	110.9	109.9
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	117.2	117.9	117.6	117.2	115.2	115.7	114.2	114.0	113.1	112.6	112.3	111.1	111.0
Chemicals and allied products	115.8	117.9	116.7	116.9	113.8	113.9	113.3	113.2	112.3	111.9	111.5	110.4	111.3
Petroleum refining and related industries	78.3	. 79.6	80.5	80.7	79.3	79•5	78.8	79•5	78.9	78.4	79.1	79•3	79•3
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	149.9	149.6	147.1	147.8	146.6	147.3	144.7	144.0	143.6	142.8	141.3	138.8	135.7
Leather and leather products	99.0	98.9	96.2	100.1	101.8	101.8	99.2	99.8	98.6	97•7	97•9	97.0	96.2

For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, data relate to construction workers.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas

	Averag	e weekly ea	rnings	Avera	e weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings
State and area	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.
ALABAMA	1966 \$97.21	1966 \$96.14	1965 \$94.24	<u>1966</u> 41.9	<u>1956</u> 41.8	1965 41.7	1966 \$2,32	\$2.30	1965
Birmingham	123.06	123.02	119.56	42.0	41.7	42.1	2.93	2.95	\$2.26 2.84
Mobile	113.32	114.11	109.48	42.6	42.9	40.7	2.66	2.65	2.69
ALASKA	(1)	187.82	159.10	(1)	50.9	45.2	(1)	3,69	3,52
				1					
ARIZONA	120.25	118,56	114.54	41.9	41.6	41.2	2.87	2.85	2.78
Phoenix	118.86 144.24	118.44 138.93	11 <b>5.</b> 51 114.76	42.0 42.8	42.0 42.1	41.4 38.9	2.83 3.37	2.82 3.30	2.79 2.95
	144,24	130.73	214.70	42.0	42.1	30.9	3.37	3.30	1 2.93
ARKANSAS	78.31	78.25	75.76	41.7	41.4	41.4	1.89	1.89	1.83
Fort Smith	77.89	76.78	73.03	42.1	41.5	39.9	1.85	1.85	1.83
Pine Bluff	79.61 95.79	81.89 93.94	77.23 95.57	41.9 42.2	43.1 41.2	42.2 42.1	1.90 2.27	1.90 2.28	1.83
	33.13	22.74	33,37	42.2	41.2	72.1	2,2/	2.20	1 2.27
CALIFORNIA	100 15	120.24	100 70	(10	40.0	40.7		0 17	2 0,
CALIFORNIA	129.15 129.90	129.34 130.83	123.73 125.14	41.0 41.5	40.8 41.8	40.7 41.3	3.15 3.13	3.17 3.13	3.04
Bakersfield	132.47	133.93	132.84	39.9	40.1	41.0	3.32	3.34	3.24
Fresno	108.35	109.76	103.75	39.4	39.2	39.3	2.75	2.80	2.64
Los Angeles-Long Beach	128.34	127.20	120,80	41.4	41.3	40.4	3.10	3.08	2.99
Oxnard-Ventura	113.68	116.51	106.97	38.8	39.9	37.8	2.93	2.92	2.83
Sacramento	137.50	137.24	129.17	40.8	39.1	39.5	3.37	3,51	3.27
San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario	125.36	125.66	121.18	40.7	40.8	40.8	3.08	3.08	2.97
San Diego	138.31 136.89	137.23 139.49	132.84 132.44	40.8 40.5	40.6 40.2	41.0 40.5	3.39	3.38	3.24
San Jose	130.00	131.43	123.79	41.8	41.2	41.4	3.38 3.11	3.47 3.19	3.27 2.99
Santa Barbara	124.53	122.06	125.24	40.3	39.5	40.4	3.09	3.09	3.10
Santa Rosa	102.82	107.52	102.94	39.7	38.4	38.7	2.59	2.80	2.66
Stockton	122.11	128.30	113.10	40.3	40.6	38.6	3.03	3.16	2.93
Vallejo-Napa	124.58	127.14	113.84	39.3	39.0	38.2	3.17	3.26	2.98
COLORADO	120.41	121.67	117.59	42.1	42.1	41.7	2.86	2.89	2.82
Denver	124,53	123.61	119.94	42.5	41.9	41.5	2.93	2.95	2.89
CONNECTICUT	120.98	120.41	112.56	42.9	42.7	42.0	2.82	2.82	2.00
Bridgeport	123.55	121.98	115.64	42.9	42.7	41.9	2.88	2.87	2.68 2.76
Hartford.	131.57	130.98	119.13	44.3	44.1	42.7	2.97	2.97	2.79
New Britain	125.13	124.56	116.47	43.6	43.4	42.2	2.87	2.87	2.76
New Haven	121.11	119.85	103.74	42.2	42.2	39.9	2.87	2.84	2.60
Stamford	119.83	120,10	114.53	41.9	41.7	41.8	2.86	2.88	2.74
Waterbury	120.06	121.21	115.40	43.5	43.6	42.9	2.76	2.78	2.69
OF AWARE	106 11	110 20	112 00	,,,	40.0	41.0	2 70	0.75	
DELAWARE	106.11 120.36	112.20 129.47	113.28 125.44	39.3 38.7	40.8 41.1	41.8 41.4	2.70 3.11	2.75 3.15	2.71 3.03
*Immigrous	120.50	223.47	100.44	30.7	71.1	71.4	3.11	3,13	3.03
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: Washington SMSA	(1)	119.43	113.24	(1)	40.9	40.3	(1)	2.92	2.81
Washington SMSA	(1)	117,43	113.24	(1)	40.9	40.5	(1)	2.92	2.01
FLORIDA	96.44	96.64	91.36	42.3	42.2	42.1	2.28	2.29	2.17
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood	89.16	90.01	(1)	40.9	41.1	(1)	2.18	2.19	(1)
Jacksonville	92.11	90.76	89.95	40.4	40.7	40.7	2.28	2.23	2.21
Miami	89.23 91.94	89.86 96.35	85.67	41.5 41.6	41.6 43.4	40.6	2.15 2.21	2.16	2.11
Orlando	113.13	115.87	(1) 107.61	41.9	42.6	(1) 42 <b>.2</b>	2.70	2,22 2,72	(1) 2.55
Tampa-St. Petersburg.	98.56	102.05	94.38	42.3	42.7	42.9	2.70	2.39	2.20
West Palm Beach.	110.70	108.75	(1)	45.0	43.5	(1)	2.46	2.50	(1)
			, ,	1		``		-	` '
GEORGIA	35,90	85.28	82.39	41.5	41.0	41.4	2.07	2.08	1.99
Atlanta	104.04	103.83	102.41	40.8	40.4	40.8	2.55	2.08	2.51
Savannah	109.30	110.30	101.93	42.2	42.1	41.1	2.59	2.62	2.48
		,							
iaΨau	101.02	102.93	85.14	44.7	47.0	39.6	2.26	2.19	2.15
	-					•			
DAHO	117.38	118,67	112.32	40.9	40.5	41.6	2.87	2.93	2.70
LLINOIS	121.63	120.35	115.98	41.5	41.1	41.2	2.93	2.93	2.81
				1 /2**	/***	7: 7	·		2002
Chicago	125.13	122.71	118.52	41.9	41.2	41.4	2.99	2.98	2.86

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

## **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas--Continued

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		e weekly e			ge weekly			e hourly e	arnings
State and area	Αυε.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Αυς.	Aug.	July	Aug.
	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965
ILLINOIS-(Continued)		1 2,000		1700	1,000	1-1905	1900	1990	1905
Peoria	(1)	\$141.52	\$130.72	(1)	42.5	41.6	(1)	\$3.33	\$3.14
Rockford	(1)	120,32	116.39	(1)	42.4	42.8	(1)	2.84	2.72
INDIANA	\$126.96	124.31	121.26	41.9	41.3	41.7	\$3.03	3.01	2.91
	(1)	125.22	123.85	(1)	41.6	42.4	(1)	3.01	2.92
IOWA Cedar Rapids Des Moines	117.76	115.92	110.69	40.6	40.0	40.1	2.90	2.90	2.76
	120.18	120.03	115.06	41.7	42.0	41.3	2.88	2.86	2.78
	128.65	122.69	124.00	39.9	38.6	39.6	3.23	3.18	3.13
KANSAS	118.77	119.42	114.07	42.6	42.6	42.6	2.79	2.80	2.68
	130.92	121.26	129.90	44.3	42.5	43.6	2.96	2.86	2.98
	128.83	129.71	116.59	42.6	43.0	42.0	3.03	3.02	2.77
KENTUCKY Louisville	104.30	104.23	102.41	40.9	40.4	40.8	2.55	2.58	2.51
	122.80	122.12	119.93	41.3	40.9	41.3	2.97	2.99	2.90
LOUISIANA Baton Rouge. New Orleans. Shreveport	112.67	112.52	110.94	42.2	42.3	43.0	2.67	2.66	2.58
	137.57	143.40	138.74	40.7	42.3	42.3	3.38	3.39	3.28
	119.99	117.59	116.30	42.1	41.7	42.6	2.85	2.82	2.73
	107.35	106.75	105.64	42.6	42.7	44.2	2.52	2.50	2.39
MAINE Lewiston-Aubum Portland	89.86	89.01	84.87	41.6	41.4	41.2	2.16	2.15	2.06
	76.44	75.84	71.39	39.4	39.5	38.8	1.94	1.92	1.84
	94.58	94.16	91.49	41.3	41.3	41.4	2.29	2.28	2.21
MARYLANDBaltimore	110.16	112.48	106.66	40.8	41.2	41.5	2.70	2.73	2.57
	117.42	118.94	113.16	41.2	41.3	41.3	2.85	2.88	2.74
MASSACHUSETTS Boston Brockton Fall River Lawrence-Haverhill Lowell New Bedford Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke	104.14 111.93 90.98 74.30 95.84 87.47 84.32 107.53 112.61	103.17 111.50 88.40 71.68 94.41 89.04 83.81 106.49 110.70	99.23 106.53 81.27 69.26 90.62 83.67 81.18 103.98 107.90	41.0 40.7 40.8 36.6 40.1 39.4 39.4 41.2 41.4	40.3 40.4 40.0 36.2 39.5 39.4 38.8 40.4	40.5 40.2 37.8 35.7 39.4 39.1 39.6 41.1 41.5	2.54 2.75 2.23 2.03 2.39 2.22 2.14 2.61 2.72	2.56 2.76 2.21 1.98 2.39 2.26 2.16 2.61 2.74	2.45 2.65 2.15 1.94 2.30 2.14 2.05 2.53 2.60
MICHIGAN Ann Arbor Detroit Flint Grand Rapids Kalamazoo Lansing Muskegon-Muskegon Heights Saginaw	141.23	141.65	133.92	42.9	42.6	42.5	3.29	3,33	3.15
	141.26	137.16	129.66	42.6	41.4	40.8	3.32	3,31	3.18
	153.20	152.95	142.95	13.3	43.5	42.8	3.54	3,52	3.34
	160.72	156.14	145.44	43.1	42.2	41.2	3.73	3,70	3.53
	120.64	119.99	116.19	42.3	42.1	41.9	2.85	2,85	2.77
	133.72	137.62	121.99	43.9	44.9	42.3	3.05	3,07	2.88
	153.17	137.98	132.00	43.9	41.2	40.0	3.49	3,35	3.30
	130.17	128.05	119.95	42.1	41.4	40.4	3.09	3,09	2.97
	143.56	136.61	126.40	42.7	41.0	39.9	3.36	3,33	3.17
MINNESOTA  Duluth-Superior  Minneapolis-St. Paul	114.50	115.94	110.60	41.0	41.7	40.9	27.9	2.78	2.71
	1 <b>21.</b> 64	116.94	108.58	41.3	40.1	39.5	2.95	2.92	2.75
	123.59	123.15	118.71	41.6	41.6	41.3	2.97	2.96	2.88
MISSISSIPPI	79.42	78.25	76.86	41.8	41.4	42.0	1.90	1.89	1.83
	87.07	83.69	85.89	44.2	42.7	44.5	1.97	1.96	1.93
MISSOURI Kansas City St. Louis	108.25	108.22	104.56	40.3	40.1	40.2	2.69	2.70	2.60
	121.76	123.03	112.75	41.7	42.0	40.5	2.92	2.94	2.78
	120.47	119.77	117.99	40.3	39.8	40.5	2.99	3.01	2.91
MONTANA	115.82	116.00	120.13	39.8	40.0	42.3	2.91	2.90	2.84
NEBRASKA	105.83	104.10	104.10	43.4	42.7	44.0	2.44	2.44	2.37
	114.07	112.35	112.87	42.7	42.0	43.1	2.67	2.68	2.62

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas--Continued

	Averag	e weekly e	ernings	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Averag	e hourly e	ernings
State and area	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1966	Aug. 1965
NEVADA	\$133.81	\$135.05	\$130.17	41.3	41.3	40.3	\$3.24	\$3.27	\$3.23
NEW HAMPSHIRE	87.54	86.50	85.49	41.1	40.8	41.5	2.13	2.12	2.06
Manchester	81.56	80.57	80.00	39.4	39.3	40.2	2.07	2.05	1.99
ATOM THYON								Í .	
NEW JERSEY	116.18 87.42	116.16	111.93	41.2	40.9	41.0	2.82	2.84	2.73
	114.95	85.75 112.44	84.38	40.1 41.2	39.7 40.3	39.8	2.18	2.16	2.12
Jersey City 2 Newark 2	116.05	116.16	111.52	41.3	40.9	40.6 41.0	2.79 2.81	2.79 2.84	2.70 2.72
Paterson-Clifton-Passaic 2	114.77	115.34	112.07	40.7	40.9	40.9	2.82	2.82	2.74
Perth Amboy 2	125.97	124.49	115.71	42.7	42.2	40.6	2.95	2.95	2,85
Trenton	115.46	114.49	109.34	40.8	40.6	40.2	2.83	2,82	2.72
NEW MEXICO	92,00	92.57	94.80	40.0	40.6	40.0	2,30	2.28	2.37
Albuquerque	98.40	96.00	96.23	40.0	40.0	39.6	2.46	2.40	2,43
NEW YORK	(1) 122.84	109.97	106.00	(1) 41.5	39.7	39.7	(1) 2.96	2.77	2.67
Albany-Schenectady-Troy		120.13	116.40		41.0	40.7		2.93	2.85
BinghamtonBuffalo	106.04 134.40	101.85 131.97	103.22	41.1	40.1	40.8	2.58	2.54	2.53
Elmira	112,20	109.48	128.63 109.34	42.0 41.1	41.5	41.9	3.20	3.18	3.07
Monroe County 3	131.55	132,49	123.14	42.3	40.4 42.6	40.8 41.6	2.73	2.71	2.68
Nassau and Suffolk Counties 4	116.90	112.31	108,27	41.6	40.4	40,4	3,11 2,81	3.11 2.78	2.96
New York-Northeastern New Jersey	(1)	109.14	104.66	(1)	39.4	39.2	(1)	2.77	2.68 2.67
New York SMSA 2	1 (1)	103.79	100.08	(1)	38.3	38.2	(1)	2.71	2.62
New York City 4	(1)	102.60	98.66	(1)	38.0	37.8	ì	2.70	2.61
Rochester	127.62	128.17	118.98	42.4	42.3	41.6	3.01	3.03	2.86
Rockland County 4	115.51	112.59	109.08	41.7	40.5	40.7	2.77	2.78	2.68
Syracuse	118.24	116.18	113.58	41.2	40.2	41.3	2.87	2.89	2.75
Utica-Rome	108.58	106.49	101.66	41.6	40.8	40.5	2.61	2.61	2.51
Westchester County 4	105.47	101.79	105,86	39.8	37.7	39.5	2.65	2.70	2,68
NORTH CAROLINA	80,29	79.32	75.95	41.6	41.1	41.5	1.93	1.93	1.83
Charlotte	84.23	83,00	80.79	41.7	41.5	42.3	2.02	2.00	1.91
Orechsboro-niga Foldt	81.19	80,40	76.36	40.8	40.4	40.4	1.99	1.99	1.89
NORTH DAKOTA	106.48	108.29	100.40	42.7	43.7	42.3	0.50	2 40	
Fargo-Moorhead	112.89	112.35	106.07	41.9	42.4	42.3	2.50 2.69	2.48 2.65	2.38 2.57
OHIO	130.33	120.06	1	1				}	
Akron	142.91	130.06 149.11	125.55 144.68	42.2 41.2	42.1 42.9	42.0 43.0	3.09	3.09	2.99
Canton	127.06	127.28	121.44	41.2	41.4	40.2	3.47 3.08	3.48 3.07	3.36 3.02
Cincinnati	120,34	121.20	117.22	41.8	41.9	41.9	2.88	2.89	2.80
Cleveland	134.75	131.79	129,20	42.8	42.0	42.5	3.15	3.14	3.04
Columbus	122.52	120.65	116.44	41.2	40.8	40.7	2.97	2.96	2.86
Dayton	144.93	147.68	135.19	43.1	43.6	42.4	3.36	3.39	3.19
Toledo	137.78 138.31	129.83 139.69	131.15 133.37	42.7	40.9	42.1	3.23	3.17	3.12
Tomigoown_Agridi	130.31	139.09	133.37	41.2	41.3	40.8	3.36	3.38	3.27
OKLAHOMA	105.17	105.17	100.98	41.9	41.9	41.9	2.51	2.51	2,41
Oklahoma City	100.38	99.25	97.13	42.0	41.7	42.6	2.39	2,38	2.28
Tulsa	120,96	118.96	112.46	43.2	43.1	42.6	2.80	2,76	2,64
OREGON	120.50	122.14	119.19	39.9	39.4	41.1	3.02	3.10	2.90
Eugene	125.25	126.36	126,58	41.2	40.5	43.2	3.04	3.12	2.93
Portland	118.78	122.98	118.30	39.2	39.8	40.1	3.03	3,09	2.95
PENNSYLVANIA	110.84	110.84	106.49	40.6	40.6	40.8	2,73	2,73	2.61
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	107.05	106.62	102.83	39.5	39.2	39.4	2,71	2,72	2.61
Altoona	90.46	88.59	88.66	39.5	39.2	40.3	2.29	2.26	2,20
Erie	120.83 97.77	119.71	113.55	43.0	42.6	41.9	2.81	2.81	2.71
Johnstown	109.62	99.55 114.86	94.94 107.62	40.4 37.8	40.8 39.2	41,1	2.42	2.44	2.31
Lançaster	102.17	98.49	97.76	41.7	40.7	38.3 41.6	2.90 2.45	2.93 2.42	2.81 2.35
Philadelphia	118,37	118.37	112.48	41.1	41.1	40.9	2.88	2.42	2.75
Pittsburgh	132.11	133,49	127.30	40.9	41.2	40.8	3,23	3,24	3.12
Reading.	95.20	95.52	95.65	39.5	39.8	40.7	2.41	2.40	2.35
Scranton	84.96	82.32	77.96	39.7	39.2	37.3	2.14	2.10	2.09
Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton	78,17	76.84	73.16	37.4	37.3	36.4	2.09	2.06	2.01
	96.83	96.83	93,09	42.6	42.1	42.9	2.32	2.30	2.17
RHODE ISLAND	93.48	93.43	89.13	41.0	40.8	40.7	2.28	2.29	2.19
FIUVICENCE*PRWINCKET*WAIWICK	93.94	92.57	89.16	41.2	40.6	40.9	2.28	2,28	2,18

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

#### , l **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas--Continued

	Averag	e weekly e	rnings	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings
State and area	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.	Aug.	July	Aug.
	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965
SOUTH CAROLINA	\$82.96	\$82.15	\$79.80	41.9	41.7	42.0	\$1.98	\$1.97	\$1.90
Charleston	93.38	92.62	85.28	40.6	40.8	41.2	2.30	2.27	2.07
Greenville	84.94	81.09	79.66	42.9	41.8	42.6	1.98		
Stellyme	]	01.09	79.00	42.9	41.0	42.0	1.98	1.94	1.87
SOUTH DAKOTA	107.58	111.39	100.37	45.2	47.0	43.8	2.38	2,37	2,29
Sioux Falls	126,02	124.82	114.77	47.2	47.1	44.4	2,67	2.65	2.58
TENNESSEE	89.64	88.97	85.69	41.5	41.0	41.0	2.16	2.17	2.09
Chattanooga	(1)	98.77	94.24	(1)	41.5	41.7	(1)	2.38	2.26
Knoxville	100.28	99.87	96.22	41.1	41.1	40.6	2.44	2.43	2.37
Memphis	100.80	100.02	100.54	42.0	41.5	42.6	2.40	2.41	2.36
Nashville	97.34	97.64	93.15	41.6	41.2	41.4	2.34	2.37	2.25
TEXAS	107.84	107.59	103.74	41.8	41.7	42.0	2,58	2.58	2.47
Austin	80.78	80.78	74.12	40.8	40.8	40.5	1.98	1.98	1.83
Beaumont-Port Arthur		141.54	133.40	39.9	42.0	41.3	3.35	3.37	3.23
Corpus Christi	125.04	124.62	122.51	42.1	42.1	42.1	2.97	2.96	2.91
Dallas	95.30	95.47	93.75	40.9	40.8	41.3	2.33	2.34	2.27
El Paso	75.55	74.43	74.09	40.4	39.8	37.8	1.87	1.87	1.96
Fort Worth	117.45	117.79	105.57	42.4	40.9	41.4	2.77	2,88	2.55
Houston	129.73	130.03	123.70	43.1	43.2	43.1	3.01	3.01	2.87
San Antonio	83.60	84.42	77.36	41.8	42.0	40.5	2.00	2.01	1.91
		}	}		1				İ
UTAH	120.25	122.66	115.14	40.9	41.3	40.4	2.94	2,97	2.85
Salt Lake City	116.60	115.34	111.78	41.2	40.9	40.5	2.83	2.82	2.76
VEDNOVE									
VERMONT	99.39	97.98	92.23	43.4	42.6	42.5	2.29	2.30	2.17
Burlington	105.36	102.77	99.16	43.9	43.0	43.3	2.40	2.39	2.29
Springfield	116.93	112,23	107.69	44.8	43.5	43,6	2.61	2.58	2.47
VIRGINIA	91.12	90.91	86.94	41.8	41.7	41.4	2.18	2.18	2.10
Lynchburg	88.13	87.44	87.16	43.2	43.5	43.8	2.04	2.01	1.99
Norfolk-Portsmouth	91.94	95.37	84.35	41.6	42.2	39.6	2.21	2.26	2.13
Richmond	101.02	101.18	94.00	41.4	40.8	40.0	2.44	2.48	2.35
Roanoke	87.98	85.28	87.44	42.3	41.4	43.5	2.08	2.06	2.01
WASHINGTON	130.90	130.90	123.82	40.4	40.4	40.2	3.24	3.24	3.08
Seattle-Everett	137.27	137.50	126.58	41.1	40.8	40.7	3.34	3.24	3.11
Spokane	127.12	131.87	124.18	39.6	40.7	39.8	3.21	3.24	3.12
Tacoma	125.05	122.15	120.69	39.2	38.9	39.7	3.19	3.14	3.04
WEST VIRGINIA	113.52	114.33	108.93	40.4	40.4	39.9	2.81	2.83	2.73
Charleston	139.83	138.55	134.31	42.5	42.5	41.2	3.29	3.26	3.26
Huntington-Ashland	116.66	116.05	112.13	38.0	37.8	38.4	3.07	3.07	2.92
Wheeling	117.96	115.95	113,12	41.1	40.4	40.4	2.87	2.87	2.80
WISCONSIN	118.30	118.00	112.41	41.9	41.8	41.8	2.82	2.82	2.69
Green Bay	119.37	122.09	115.85	44.0	44.1	44.3	2.71	2.77	2.61
Kenosha	128.66	124.87	124.26	39.2	39.4	40.0	3.28	3.17	3.11
La Crosse	104.77	108.55	100.72	39.3	40.2	39.0	2.66	2.70	2.58
Madison	123.09	124.73	116.99	41.6	42.0	41.0	2.96	2.97	2.85
Milwaukee	132.63	132.29	124.30	41.8	41.7	41.3	3.17	3.18	3.01
Racine	125.07	12 <b>7.</b> 73	115.79	41.0	41.2	39.9	3.05	3,10	2.90
WYOMING	121.47	122.78	105.43	41.6	41.2	38.2	2.92	2.98	2.76
Casper	120.58	123.87	116.39	38.4	39.2	36.6	3.14	3.16	3.18

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Ance available.

2 Area included in New York-Northeastern New Jersey Standard Consolidated Area.

3 Subarea of Rochester Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

4 Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

Table D-1: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing 1956 to date

					(1	er 100 emple	yees)						
Year	Jan.	Feb.	Маг.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	An nual average
						Total access	ions						
1956	3.798 3.798 3.71668 4.716686	3.3.6.7.5.0.6.3.4.5.0.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3	3.6 3.8 4.3 3.8 3.5 3.5 3.7 4.9	4.0 3.1 4.1 3.4 4.0 4.0 3.8 3.8 4.6	4.1 3.6 3.6 4.2 3.9 4.3 4.3 4.3 5.1	5.1 4.8 4.7 5.4 4.7 5.0 5.0 4.8 5.1 5.6	4.3 4.2 4.4 3.9 4.4 4.6 4.4 4.5 5.1	4.9 4.1 5.2 4.9 5.1 4.8 5.1 5.4	5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1 4.7 4.8 4.8 5.5	5.1 3.5 4.0 3.9 3.5 4.3 3.9 4.0 4.5	3.6 2.6 3.4 2.9 3.4 2.9 3.2 3.9	2.7 2.0 2.7 3.6 2.3 2.6 2.4 2.5 2.6 3.1	4.2 3.6 4.2 3.8 4.1 4.1 3.9 4.0
						New hire	s						
1956	2.5 2.3 1.2 2.0 2.2 1.5 2.2 1.9 2.4 3.2	2.4 2.0 1.1 2.1 2.2 1.4 2.1 1.8 2.0 2.4 3.1	2.2 2.0 1.1 2.4 2.0 1.6 2.2 2.0 2.2 2.8 3.7	2.5 2.1 1.3 2.5 2.0 1.8 2.4 2.3 2.4 2.6	2.8 2.3 1.5 2.7 2.1 2.8 2.5 2.5 3.0	3.6 3.2 2.2 3.7 3.0 2.9 3.5 3.3 4.3	2.9 2.8 2.1 3.0 2.4 2.5 2.7 2.9 3.2 3.9	3.4 2.7 2.4 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.2 3.4 3.9	3.4 2.5 2.6 3.5 2.8 3.0 3.1 3.2 3.5	3.2 2.1 2.2 2.6 2.1 2.7 2.5 2.6 2.8 3.5	2.3 1.3 1.7 1.9 1.5 2.0 1.8 2.2 2.9	1.8 .8 1.3 1.5 1.0 1.4 1.2 1.4 2.2	2.8 2.2 1.7 2.6 2.2 2.5 2.4 2.4 3.1
						Total separa	tions						
1956	4.1 3.8 5.4 3.7 3.6 4.7 3.9 4.0 4.0	4.1 3.4 4.1 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.2 3.3 3.1 3.6	3.9 3.7 4.5 3.3 4.0 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.4	3.9 3.8 4.4 3.6 4.2 3.4 3.6 3.5 3.7 4.3	4.3 3.9 3.9 3.5 3.5 3.6 3.6 3.6 4.3	4.2 3.7 3.6 4.0 3.6 3.8 3.5 3.5	3.8 3.7 3.7 4.0 4.4 4.1 4.4 4.3 5.3	4.6 4.7 4.1 4.6 4.8 4.2 5.1 4.8 4.3 5.1	5.5 5.5 4.5 5.3 5.3 5.1 5.0 4.9 5.1	4.4 5.0 4.1 5.5 4.7 4.2 4.4 4.1 4.2	4.0 4.9 3.6 4.7 4.0 4.0 3.9 3.6 3.9	3.4 4.6 3.5 3.9 4.8 4.0 3.8 3.7 3.7	4.2 4.1 4.1 4.3 4.0 4.1 3.9 3.9
***************************************					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Quits				·			
1956	1.6 1.5 .9 1.1 1.2 .9 1.1 1.1 1.2	1.6 1.4 .8 1.0 1.2 .8 1.1 1.0 1.1	1.7 1.5 .8 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.5	1.8 1.6 .8 1.4 1.0 1.3 1.3 1.7 2.5	1.8 1.6 .9 1.5 1.3 1.1 1.5 1.4 1.5 2.5	2.0 1.6 1.0 1.5 1.4 1.2 1.5 1.4 1.4 2.5	1.9 1.7 1.1 1.6 1.4 1.2 1.4 1.5 1.8 2.5	2.7 2.3 1.5 2.1 1.8 1.7 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.6 3.6	3.2 2.7 1.9 2.6 2.3 2.3 2.4 2.4 2.7 3.5	2.1 1.6 1.3 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.7	1.6 1.1 1.0 1.2 .9 1.1 1.1 1.2	1.2 .8 .8 1.0 .7 .9 .8 .8 1.0	1.9 1.6 1.1 1.5 1.3 1.2 1.4 1.4 1.5
	<u></u>					Layoffs				Г	,		<del>,</del>
1956	1.9 1.7 4.0 2.1 1.8 3.2 2.1 2.2 2.0 1.6	2.0 1.5 2.9 1.5 1.7 2.6 1.6 1.6 1.2	1.7 1.5 3.3 1.6 2.2 2.3 1.6 1.7 1.6	1.6 1.7 3.2 1.6 2.2 1.9 1.6 1.6 1.4	1.9 1.8 2.6 1.4 1.9 1.8 1.6 1.5 1.4	1.6 1.4 2.0 1.4 2.0 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.3	1.5 1.6 2.3 1.8 2.4 2.3 2.2 2.0 2.1 1.8 2.0	1.4 1.9 2.1 1.8 2.4 1.8 2.2 1.9 1.4	1.8 2.3 2.1 2.0 2.4 2.1 1.9 1.8 1.5	1.7 3.0 2.3 3.2 2.8 2.0 2.2 1.9 1.8	1.9 3.4 2.2 2.9 3.1 2.2 2.3 2.1 1.7	1.8 3.4 2.4 2.4 3.6 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.1	1.7 2.1 2.6 2.0 2.4 2.2 2.0 1.8 1.7

Beginning with January 1959, transfers between establishments of the same firm are included in total accessions and total separations, therefore rates for these items are not strictly comparable with prior data. Transfers comprise part of other accessions and other separations, the rates for which are not shown separately.

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has not significantly affected the labor turnover series.

Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry

(Per 100 employees)

	(Per 100 er			<del></del>	···-						
		To	Accessio		Li-sa	Т-		Separatio		Lay	-660
SIC Code	Industry		July	New Aug.	July	Aug.	July	Qui Aug.	July	Aug.	July
		Aug. 1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966
			1			1					
	MANUFACTURING	6.1	5.1	4.7	3.9	5.6	5-3	3.6	2.5	1.1	2.0
	MANUFACTURING	3.1	7•4	***	3.9	7.0	7.3	3.0			]0
					1						1
					ŀ						
19,24,25,32-39	DURABLE GOODS	5.7	4.5	4.4	3.5	5.3	5.4	3.3	2.3	1.0	2.2
20-23,26-31	NONDURABLE GOODS	6.6	6.0	5.2	4.4	6.0	5•3	4.0	2.8	1.2	1.7
					Ì						
	Durable Goods										
							}				
19	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	4.5	3.8	3.6	3.1	3.2	3.0	1.9	1.5	.5	.6
192	Ammunition, except for small arms		3.7	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.0	1.8	1.6	.6	-5
194	Sighting and fire control equipment	3.4	3.8	2.8	3.3	1.7	1.4	1.1	.8	.1	.1
191,3,5,6,9	Other ordnance and accessories	4.7	4.3	4.2	3.3	3.9	3.4	2.6	1.5	.4	1.0
24	LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE	7.1	6.4	6.4	5.8	8.4	6.6	6.0	4.6	1.3	.9
242	Sawmills and planing mills		5.9	6.1	5.4	7.8	6.1	6.0	4.6	9	.9
2421	Sawmills and planing mills, general		5.5	5.6	5.0	7.4	5.8	5.5	4.3	.9	.6
243	Millwork, plywood, and related products	5.9	4.9	5.3	4.6	8.9	5.7	5.6	3.7	2.2	.9
2431 2432	Millwork  Veneer and plywood.	,	4.2	4.2	4.0	7.8	5•3 5•6	5.0 5.7	3.4 3.8	1.5	.7
244	Wooden containers		5.0 8.7	8.2	4.7 7.3	9.7	8.3	6.5	4.7	2.0	2.4
2441,2	Wooden boxes, shook, and crates		9.6	8.4	8.1	10.4	8.3	6.7	5.1	2.3	2.1
249	Miscellaneous wood products	8.3	6.7	7.6	5.6	8.7	7.3	6.9	4.2	•5	2.0
2.		。,				١.,	6.4	6.2		_	١,,
25 251	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	8.6	6.8	7.7	6.0	8.1	6.7	6.4	4.2 4.5	.6	1.1
2511	Wood house furniture, unupholstered		7.4	8.5	6.4	8.9	7.1	7.3	4.9	.2	1.0
2512	Wood house furniture, upholstered		5.9	6.3	5.2	6.0	5.1	4.9	3.8	.2	-5
2515	Mattresses and bedsprings		6.7	7.4	6.2	6.9	5.9	5.2	3.9	1 .3	1 .9
252	Office furniture	7.7	5.0	7.2	4.7	7.3	3.9	5.2	2.8	.4	.2
32	STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	4.7	4.6	3.8	3.7	5.7	4.5	3.6	2.5	1.0	1.1
321	Flat glass		3.0	1.6	i.i	6.4	3.2	1.8	.6	2.3	2.1
322	Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	4.4	4.9	3.5	3.5	4.7	4.4	3.2	2.2	.4	1.2
3221	Glass containers	3.8	4.8	3.3	3.8	4.9	3.8	3.6	2.8	•3	.2
3229 324	Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c		5.1 1.9	3.7	3.2	3.3	5.2 1.5	2.7	1.5	•5	2.4
325	Structural clay products.		4.7	4.0	4.2	7.4	5.3	5.1	3.7	1.5	7
3251	Brick and structural clay tile		5.9	4.6	5.3	7.4	5.5	5.7	4.2		•5
326 3291	Pottery and related products		4.3 3.7	4.7	2.8 3.3	5.2 3.2	4.7	3.5 1.9	2.5 1.5	(1)	1.3
,_,		1 2.0	3•1	2.0	3.3	"-			1.7	`-'	
33	PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES		3.0	3.1	2.3	4.2	3.6	2.7	1.5	-3	1.1
331	Blast furnace and basic steel products		2.1	2.0	1.5	3.6	2.3	2.1	.8	1 .3	1 .3
3312 332	Iron and steel foundries	1>	2.0 4.2	1.8	1.5 3.4	3.5	6.7	(2)	.8 <b>2.</b> 6	(2)	2.0
3321	Gray iron foundries		4.3	(2)	3.4	(2) (2) (2)	8.7	(2) (2) (2)	2.8	(2) (2) (2)	2.9 4.6
3322	Malleable iron foundries	(2)	4.2	(2)	3.3	(2)	5.0	(2)	3.0		.7
3323	Steel foundries	(2)	3.9	(2)	3.3	(2)	3.5 2.8	(2)	2.1	(2)	.4
333,4	Nonferrous smelting and refining		3.1	3.0	2.8	3.8		2.5	1.5	.2	1 .4
335 3351	Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding		3.8	2.7	1.9	3.0	3.6 2.6	1.9	1.4	•3	1.5
3352	Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extrading		3.2	1.9	2.6	2.6	3.2	1.4	1.7	.5	5
3357	Nonferrous wire drawing, and insulating		5.5	(2)	2.1	(2)	5.4	(2)	1.4	(ž)	3.3
336	Nonferrous foundries	8.3	5.5	7.6	4.3	7.6	5.6	5.8	3.0	•5	1.2
3361	Aluminum castings		5-4	7.6	4.3	7.6	5.3	6.2	3.2		.6
3362,9	Other nonferrous castings		5.7	7:5	4.3	7:5	6.0	5.4	2.9		1.9
339 3391	Miscellaneous primary metal industries		3.0 2.6	(2)	2.9	(2)	4.4	(2)	1.7		2.7
	1	1 (~)	, 2.0	1 (2)	1 247	; ( <del>-</del> )	1 707	· (~)	,	, (-/	

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

	(Per 100 e	mployees	Accessio	n rates				Separati	on rates		
SIC	Industry	Tot		New I	nires	To		Qu	its	Lay	offs
Code	moustry	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966
	Durable GoodsContinued										
34	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	6.0	5.2	5.3	4.0	6.0	5 h	4.0	2.6		١
341	Metal cans	4.8	5.2 6.1	3.2	3.8	6.5	5.4 4.5	3.5	1.6	1.5	1.7
342	Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware	(2)	5.2	(2) (2)	2.8	(2)	4.8	(2) (2)	2.2		1.7
3421,3,5	Cutlery and hand tools, including saws	(2)	4.6	(2)	2.7	(2)	4.7		2.1	{2 2}	1.9
3429 343	Hardware, n.e.c. Heating equipment and plumbing fixtures	(2) 4.9	5.6 4.2	(2) 4.5	2.8	(2)	4.8	(2)	2.2	(2)	1.6
3431,2	Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods	4.0	3.4	3.5	3.8	5.4 5.4	4.5	3.3	2.7	1 9	•7
3433	Heating equipment, except electric.	5.6	5.0	5.2	4.5	5.4	4.3	3.0	2.8	1.0	.8
344	Fabricared structural metal products	5.5	5.4	5.0	5.6	6.0	4.9	4.1	2.9	.8	.9
3441	Fabricated structural steel	5.6	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.8	5.1	3.9	2.9	.9	1.1
3443	Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	4.4	4.1	4.1	3.8	4.4	3.7	3.3	2.2	.3	.6
3446,9 345	Architectural and miscellaneous metal work	6.2 5.8	5.8 5.1	5.4 5.4	5•3 4•2	6.5	4.7	4.6	2.9	8.	8.
3452	Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers	4.6	3.5	4.4	3.3	5.8 5.1	3.5	3.6	2.8	•3	.8
346	Metal stampings	(2)	5.4	(2)	3.0	(2)	8.3	(2)	2.0	(2)	5.4
348	Miscellaneous fabricated wire products	6.5	5.2	6.0	4.9	6.2		4.9	3.0	·-ś	.2
349	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	4.2	3.7	3.8	3.1	5•3 4•8	4.5 3.8	3.4	2.4	1.0	-5
3494,8	Valves, pipe, and pipe fittings	4.3	3.3	3.9	2.9	4.8	3.4	3.2	2.2	•7	-4
35	MACHINERY	4.2	3.8	3.7	2.9	4.3	3.8	2.8	1.9	.4	1.0
351	Engines and rurbines	5.5	4.2	3.9	2.5	4.6	4.0	2.6	1.1	1.0	2.0
3511 3519	Sceam engines and turbines	1.7 7.6	3.3 4.7	1.1 5.3	2.4	1.5	1.8	3.6	.6 1.4	(1)	(1)
352	Farm machinery and equipment.	4.6	2.9	3.7	2.5	6.3 5.1	4.5	3.3	2.1	1.6	3.1
353	Construction and related machinery	4.0	3.2	3.7	2.8	4.0	3.1	2.8	1.8	1.1	1.4
3531,2	Construction and mining machinery	3.5	3.1	3.2	2.8	3.4	2.7	2.1	1.5	.1	.2
3533	Oil field machinery, and equipment	3.8	3.1	3.5	2.5	5.1	3.7	3.8	2.7	.2	.2
3535,6	Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes.	4.4	3.7	4.3	3.2	4.7	2.9	3.5	1.7	.1	.5 .8
354 3541	Metalworking machinery and equipment	3.5	3.2	3.1	2.7	4.0	3.3	2.6	1.8	.5	1 .8
3545	Machine tool accessories.	3.0 4.3	2.9 3.4	2.8 4.1	2.7	3.0 4.0	2.3	2.2	1.8	(1)	.1
3542,8	Miscellaneous metalworking machinery	3.2	2.ī	2.6	1.3	3.4	3.2 2.1	2.9	1.3	:1	.5
355	Special industry machinery	3.6	3.0	3.3	2.5	3.7	3.0	2.7	1.8	.2	•5
3551	Food products machinery	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.7	3.4	3.1	2.2	1.6	-3	•7
3552	Textile machinery  General industrial machinery	4.8	3.6	4.3	2.8	5.0	4.2	3.5	2.4	.2	•6
356 3561	Pumps; air and gas compressors	3.8 3.7	4.0 3.0	3.5 3.4	2.6	3.7	3.9	2.6	1.7	• <u>2</u>	1.3
3562	Ball and roller bearings.	(2)	5.1	(2)	1.8	(2)	5.6	(2)	1.7	(2)	3.7
3566	Mechanical power transmission goods	3.6	4.7	3.4	2.4	3.6	4.4	2.5	1.4	, 2 2	2.2
357	Office, computing, and accounting machines	3.6	4.6	3.2	2.8	2.9	3.8	1.8	1.4	i	1.3
3571	Computing machines and cash registers	2.8	3.6	2.4	2.7	2.5	2.6	1.5	1.3	1.1	.2
358 3585	Service industry machines	5•5 5•5	3.9 4.1	4.7 4.4	3.2 3.1	6.3 6.8	4.3 4.7	4.1 4.1	2.4	1.2	1.3
36					. '	1 .	1.		1	1	1
361	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES Electric distribution equipment	5.9 4.5	4.3 3.4	4.6 3.7	3.4 3.0	4.4 3.9	4.0 2.9	3.1 2.8	2.0 1.8	.3	1.0
3611	Electric measuring instruments	5.6	3.5	4.5	3.2	4.9	3.1	3.4	2.0	.2	•3 •4
3612	Power and distribution transformers	4.3	3.5	3.4	3.0	3.7	2.7	2.7	1.6	(1)	
3613 362	Switchgear and switchboard apparatus  Electrical industrial apparatus	3.6	3.2	3.2	2.7	3.2	2.9	2.3	1.7	(1)	•3 •4 •5 •2
3621	Motors and generators	4.3 4.0	4.1 4.0	3.7	3.4 3.3	3.8 3.6	3.1	2.8	1.9	.2	•#
3622	Industrial controls	5.0	4.1	3•5 4•3	3.6	4.3	3.1 2.9	3.1	2.0	•3	•3
363	Household appliances	7.5	4.0	3.9	3.0	5.0	6.6	3.1	2.1	.6	3.5
3632	Household refrigerators and freezers	(2)	3.6	(2)	2.3	(2)	11.9	(2)	1.8	(2)	8.9
3633	Household laundry equipment	4.8	2.9	4.1	2.6	5.2	2.0	3.4	1.4	•7	í
3634	Electric housewares and fans  Electric lighting and wiring equipment	7.7	4.3	5.6	3.5	6.7	5.2	4.3	3.0	1.5	1.3
364 3641	Electric lamps	5.8	4.8	4.8	3.5	4.5	5.2	3.3	2.4	.4	2.0
3642	Lighting fixtures	5•5 7•5	1.4 6.0	3.4 6.1	1.2 4.1	2.5	2.9	1.8	1.0	•1	1.4
3643,4	Wiring devices	4.7				5.5	6.9	3.7	2.7	•7	3.2
365	Radio and TV receiving sets	10.2	5.4 6.7	4.3 8.9	4.0 5.4	4.5 5.1	5.1 4.9	3.5 3.8	2.7	.2 .1	1.5
366	Communication equipment	4.3	3.5	3.5	2.8	3.2	2.6	2.1	1.5	.2	•5
3661	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	(2)	1.0	3.5 (2) 4.1	.9	(2)	2.3	(2)	1.0	(2)	•5
3662 367	Radio and TV communication equipment	4.9	4.3	4.1	3.5	3.3	2.7	2.1	1.6	•3	-3
3671-3	Electron tubes	7-5	4.7	5.6	3.8	6.1	4.8	4.4	2.7	-5	1.0
3674,9	Electronic components, n.e.c.	7•5 7•5	3.1 5.1	5.5 5.7	2.5 4.1	4.3 6.6	3.1 5.2	2.8 4.9	1.4 3.0	.1 .6	1.0
369	Miscellaneous electrical equipment and supplies	5.2	3.8	4.3	2.6	4.3 3.6	2.9	2.8	1.8	5	•4 •4
3694	Electrical equipment for engines	15.5	2.8	3.3	1.2	* ``≯	2.1	2.4	1.1	1 77 1	

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE; Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

	(Per 100 em	ployees)	Accessio	n rates		Γ		Separati	on rates		
SIC		Tot		Newl	ires	To		Qui	ts	Layo	offs
Code	Industry	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966		Aug. 1966	July 1966
	Durable GoodsContinued										
37 371 3711 3712 3713 3714 372 3721 3722 3723,9 373 3731 374 375,9	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles Passenger car bodies Truck and bus bodies Motor vehicle parts and accessories. Aircraft and parts Aircraft Aircraft engines and engine parts Other aircraft parts and equipment Ship and boat building and repairing Ship building and repairing Railroad equipment Other transportation equipment	7.4 (2) (2) (2) (2) 4.3 4.4 3.7 7.9 8.4 7.3	4.53 2.74.4 3.35 4.35 4.36 5.4 10.52	3.2 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) 3.9 3.4 5.0 5.2 4.8	3.17 1.77 4.15 1.57 4.15 3.47 5.66 5.44	6.2 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3.0 (2) (3.0 (3.0 (4.2 (9.4 (4.5) (10.2)	9.8 17.3 11.0 15.1 8.5 15.7 2.4 2.8 4.2 8.3 8.0 4.1 8.7	2.2 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) 1.8 2.1 1.9 2.1 7.2	1.8 1.2 1.3 2.9 1.0 1.76 1.4 2.5 3.5 3.0 1.23	3.1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) .2 .2 .2 .1 3.9 4.1 1.1	7-1 15-0 18-6 13-9 4-7 13-7 -2 -8 -6 3-5 3-8 1-8
38 381 382 3821 3822 383,5 384 386 387	INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS  Engineering and scientific instruments  Mechanical measuring and control devices  Mechanical measuring devices  Automatic temperature controls  Optical and ophthalmic goods  Surgical, medical, and dental equipment.  Photographic equipment and supplies  Watches and clocks	4.8 4.4 4.6 3.9 5.7 4.8 5.3 (2) 7.3	4.1 3.7 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.9 5.1 5.2	4.2 3.4 3.9 3.6 4.3 4.8 (2) 6.7	349898588 349898588	3.8 3.8 3.9 4.6 (2) 6.2	3.77 3.60 3.66 3.4 3.4 1.9	22.66.84.5)	1.8 1.6 1.9 1.8 2.1 2.0 2.1 1.2 2.3	.3 .4 .6 .2 .2 .2 (2)	.8 1.3 1.0 .7 1.5 1.0 .4 .2 2.0
39 391 394 3941-3 3949 395 396 393,8,9	MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES  Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware.  Toys, amusement, and sporting goods.  Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles.  Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c  Pens, pencils, office and art materials  Cosrume jewelry, buttons, and notions  Other manufacturing industries	8.0 6.5 11.6 14.3 6.7 6.1 7.0 6.5	7.7 6.5 11.9 16.3 4.9 5.4 9.7 4.9	7.0 5.6 10.3 12.7 5.7 5.5 6.0 5.7	5.4 3.2 8.3 10.8 4.3 4.0 5.8 4.1	6.8 5.0 9.2 10.0 7.6 6.0 6.9 5.7	6.6 7.7 8.6 9.7 6.7 4.4 8.7 4.8	4.6 3.7 6.2 7.4 4.1 4.9 3.5	3.3 2.7 4.6 5.3 3.5 2.6 3.6	1.0 .2 1.5 1.1 2.3 .3 .7 1.0	2.3 4.4 2.4 2.5 2.1 1.2 4.3 1.2
	Nondurable Goods										
20 201 2011 2015 204 2041 2042 205 2051 2052 207 2071 208 2082	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS  Meat products.  Meat packing Poultry dressing and packing Grain mill products Flour and other grain mill products Prepared feeds for animals and fowls.  Bakery products Bread, cake, and perishable products. Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels Confectionery and related products Candy and other confectionery products Beverages.  Malt liquors	7.7 5.9 14.9 3.9 2.9 4.7 4.2 8.4 11.7 13.3 5.3	9.2 7.2 14.9 13.5 1.1 1.9 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8	8.0 5.1 2.2 13.5 3.6 3.7 4.2 3.9 6.3 8.7 9.8 4.1	7.0 5.4 5.4 12.4 9.0 3.2 4.6 4.6 5.0 5.7 2 3.5	8.3 6.9 13.18 8.89 5.38 4.80 6.9 7.30	6.07 10.946 14.43 1.6666 4.8 15.6668	4.8 4.9 2.2 12.7 3.66 3.66 3.66 3.7 5.4 4.0	3.4.4.4.8.3.3.9.0.5.4.8.8.8.1.1.2.2.3.2.3.3.3.2.3	2.4824.4865557836	2.3 1.9 2.7 .3 .9 .7 .64 2.5 3.0 1.9 3.5
21 211 212	TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	1.8	9.0 1.3 8.3	9•7 1•5 <b>(</b> 2)	4.0 1.0 3.2	8.0 1.8 (2)	5.5 1.2 12.7	2.9 1.1 (2)	1.7 .7 3.2	4.3 (1) (2)	3.2 (i) 8.7

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

(Per 100 employees)

	(Per 100 er	nployees)	<del>,                                     </del>					<u> </u>			
SIC		Tot	Accession	on rates New h	ires	Tot		Separatio Qui		Layo	ffs
Code	Industry	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966
	Nondurable GoodsContinued	1900	1900	1900	200	1,000	1300	1200	1700	1700	1200
22 221 222 223 224 225 2251 2252 2254 226 227 228 229	TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS Cotton broad woven fabrics Silk and synthetic broad woven fabrics Weaving and finishing broad woolens Narrow fabrics and smallwares Knitting Women's full and knee length hosiery All other hosiery Knit underwear Finishing textiles, except wool and knit Floor covering Yarn and thread Miscellaneous textile goods	5.6 6.1 6.4 6.0 5.1 4.6 5.3	34.76.2888.766.06 5.44.65.444.75	5.18 5.4.06 5.9.566 5.4.5.66 3.38 5.1.2	4.5866230998934 4.30998934	6.4 5.7 6.2 7.5 6.0 4.5 6.0 4.5 6.1 9.1 9.5	55594122949728 54566444375	86871699936413 44434344474	3.53.4.74.6.8.6.4.8.1 3.6.4.8.1 3.6.4.8.1	0.6	1.1 .2 .9 1.4 2.1 1.8 .3 .8 .1.7 1.7
23 231 232 2321 2327 2328 234 2341 2342	APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS  Men's and boys' suits and coats  Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear.  Men's and boys' separate trousers  Work clothing.  Women's and children's undergarments.  Women's and children's underwear.  Corsets and allied garments.	6.8	7.4 4.6 6.8 6.5 6.2 7.3 7.6 6.7	5.2 4.0 6.4 6.4 6.8 5.2 5.2	4.5.1 3.1 5.6 5.4 5.5 5.5 5.9 4.1	7.0 4.1 7.3 7.5 6.9 6.4	7.9 5.3 7.6 7.3 6.8 7.4 7.6 8.1 6.8	4.9 4.9 6.0 6.2 6.5 5.4 4.4	3.77 2.708 4.96 4.39 4.39 3.49	1.7 .5 .5 .4 .3 .8 .5 .5 .5	3.2 2.1 1.8 1.0 .9 2.4 2.1 2.9
26 261,2,6 263 264 264 265 265 2651,2 2653	PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS  Paper and pulp  Paperboard  Converted paper and paperboard products  Bags, except textile bags  Paperboard containers and boxes  Folding and setup paperboard boxes.  Corrugated and solid fiber boxes.	2.9 5.4 7.7 6.0	3.3 2.7 9.2 2.9 5.2 5.8 9	3.8 1.8 2.7 4.7 5.9 5.5 6.4 5.5	3.49 1.94 4.4 5.2 4.5 4.5	4.99 9.88 5.8.46 6.7 6.4	3.5 1.9 2.2 4.3 6.6 5.7 4.7	3.4 1.9 2.5 4.8 5.8 4.9 5.0	2.2 1.0 1.3 2.8 3.9 3.2 3.3	5,4,489,533	.5 .3 .6 1.3 .7 1.3
	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES	4.0	3.7	3.4	3.1	4.2	3.3	3.0	2.1	.6	.6
28 281 282 2821 2823,4 283 2834 284 2841 2844 285 286,9	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS Industrial chemicals Plastics materials and synthetics Plastics materials and resins Synthetic fibers Drugs Pharmaceutical preparations Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods. Soap and detergents Toilet preparations Paints, varnishes, and allied products. Other chemical products		21.221.237.2298	2.4 1.5 2.5 1.4 2.3 2.4 3.6 2.6	2.1 1.5 1.8 2.3 1.3 2.1 3.5 2.1 3.5 2.2 5.1 2.4 3.3	0 1 8 2 4 5 6 5 2 3 8 8 5 2 2 5 5 5 2 5 8 8 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	237878911556	0.4 95.4 90.1 396.8 1.2.1 1.232 3.22	1.1 .7 1.0 1.1 .8 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.2 1.3	ო ო აქ. ა ა. 4. 4. ა ო 4.	.5 .1 .3 .2 .4 1.7 1.2 .4
29 291 295,9	PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED INDUSTRIES Petroleum refining	1.9 1.4 3.7	2.2 1.8 4.0	1.7 1.2 3.4	2.0 1.6 3.6	2.5 1.9 5.1	2.1 1.7 3.6	1.4 1.0 3.1	.9 .6 2.2	•5 •4 •9	.6 .6
30 301 302,3,6 307	RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS PRODUCTS Tires and inner tubes Other rubber products. Miscellaneous plastics products.	5.6	5.9 2.0 6.1 7.7	5.6 2.0 4.2 8.5	4.4 1.5 3.6 6.4	6.2 2.6 5.6 8.4	5.7 1.5 6.6 7.1	4.5 1.8 3.7 6.4	2.8 •7 2•5 4.1	.6 .3 .9	1.8 .2 3.0 1.6

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

		<u> </u>	Accessio	n rates				Separatio	n rates		
SIC		To	tal	New l	nires	Tot	al	Quit	s	Layo	
Code	Indu stry	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966	Aug. 1966	July 1966
	Nondurable GoodsContinued							1			
31 311 314	LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS  Leather tanning and finishing  Footweat, except tubber.	5.5	7•5 5•9 7•2	5.6 4.1 5.2	5.3 3.8 5.2	7•9 6•8 7•9	8.1 6.1 7.9	5.9 4.4 6.1	4.4 2.8 4.7	0.9 1.5 .7	2.7 2.7 2.3
	NONMANUFACTURING								<u> </u> 		
10 101 102	METAL MINING	1.8	3.2 1.7 2.7	2.6 1.1 2.2	2.7 1.1 1.9	3.3 2.1 2.7	3.7 2.9 3.3	2.3 1.1 2.1	2.0 .7 1.7	.2 .2 .1	.8 1.5 .8
11,12 12	COAL MINING		1.6 1.6	1.4 1.5	1.1	1.6 1.6	2.5 2.3	.9	.9 .9	.2	1.2
481 482	COMMUNICATION: Telephone communication Telegraph communication <sup>3</sup> .		3•5 3•0	-	-	(2) (2)	2.0 2.5	(2) (2)	1.5 1.3	(2) (2)	.1 .6

<sup>1</sup> Less than 0.05.
2 Not available.
3 Data relate to all employees except messengers.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED LABOR TURNOVER

Table D-4: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing, 1956 to date seasonally adjusted

				(Pe	r 100 emplo	yees)						
Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
		<b>.</b>	·	T	otal accessi	ons			<u></u>		<del>\</del>	
1956	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.8	4.3	4.0
1957	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.9	3.3	3-3	3.3	3.1	3.0
1958	3.1	3.1	3.1	3-3	3.5	3.7	3.9	3-9	4.0	3.9 3.8	3.9	4.2
1959 1	4.0	4.3	4.6	4.3	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.8	4.2	5.6
1960 1961	4.2	4.1	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.9	3.8	3.5	3.6	3.6
1961	3.9	3.7	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.2 4.0	3.8	4.3	4.3	4.1
1963	4.3 3.8	4.2	4.1 3.8	4.2 4.1	4.2 3.8	4.0 3.8	4.2	3.8	4.0 3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8
1963 1964	3.8	3.8 4.0		3.9	3.8	4.1	3.9 4.0	4.0	3.9	3.9 4.0	3.7 4.0	3.9 4.1
1965	4.0	4.1	3.9 4.3	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.9	4.8
1966	4.9	4.9	5.2	4.8	5.1	5.3	4.6	4.8		,		,
		L,			New hires			L	·		<del></del>	<u> </u>
1956	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.9	2.8	2.0
1957	2.8	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.6	2.9 1.3
1958	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2
1959	2.4	2.6	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.6
1960	2.6	2.8	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.8
1961	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.5
1962	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.1
1963	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.5 2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.5
1964	2.4	2.5	2.6		2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.8
1965	2.9	3.0	3-3	2.8	2.9	3.1	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.6	3.8
1966	3.8	3.9	4.3	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.5	3.6	<u> </u>		l	L
				1	otal separat	ions		,				
1956	4.2	4.9	4.2	4.0	4.5	4.4	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.0	3.7
1957	3.9 5.4	4.0	4.0	3.9 4.6	4.1	3.9 3.8	3.8	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.8	4.9
1958 1959 <sup>1</sup>	5.4	4.8	4.9	4.6	4.2	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.5 4.2	3.8	3.6	3.7 4.1
1959	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.2		5.0	4.6 4.4	5.0
1960	3.6	4.1 4.6	4.4	4.4	4.3 3.8	4.4 4.0	4.3 4.0	4.3	4.2 4.1	4.3	4.0	4.1
1961 1962	4.6	4.0	4.2 4.0	3.6 3.9	4.2	4.2	4.2	3•7 4•4	3.9	3.9 4.1	4.0	3.9
1963	3.9 4.0	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.9	4.1	3.8	3.8	4.0	3.8
1964	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.1	3.6	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.8
1965	3.7	3.7	3.8	4.1	3.9	4.6	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.1	4.0	4.3
1966	4.i	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.9	5.0	4.6				
			-		Quits	<u> </u>				L		
1956	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9	1:9	1.9	1.9
1957	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.3
1958	1.1	1.1	1.0	-: 6	1.0	1.0	1.1	ī.i	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3
1959	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6
1960	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1
1961 1962	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4
1902	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3
1963	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4 1.6	1.4	1.3
1964 1965	1.5	1.4	1.4 1.8	1.4	1.5 1.7	1.4	1.5 1.8	1.5	1.5 2.0	2.0	1.5 2.2	2.3
1966	1.7 2.3	1.7 2.4	2.7	1.9 2.7	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.0		د.ء
					Layoffs				l		<u> </u>	
1956		0.0		16	<u> </u>	1 10	1 7	1 3 5	1.0	1 6	1.7	, ,
1957	1.6	2.3 1.7	1.8 1.6	1.6 1.7	2.1 2.0	1.7	1.7 1.8	1.5 2.1	1.8 2.3	1.5 2.7	1.7 3.0	1.5 2.7
1958	1.5 3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.9
1959	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.9	2.5	1.9
1960	1.5	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8
1961	2.8	3.0	2.5	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2	1.9	2.2	1.8	1.9	2.0
1962	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9
1963	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7
1964	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.6
1965	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4
1966	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.7	1.0	1		ı -	Ī

Beginning with January 1959, transfers between establishments of the same firm are included in total accessions and total separations, therefore rates for these items are not strictly comparable with prior data. Transfers comprise part of other accessions and other separations, the rates for which are not shown separately.

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has not significantly affected the labor turnover series. Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas

(Per 100 employees)

	,		n 100 emp	loyees)	ı · · · · ·		Senarati	on rates		
<b>0</b> 1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	To	tal		hires	To	tal		its	Lay	offs
State and area	July	June	July	June	July	June	July	June	July	June
	1966	1966	1966	<u>1966</u>	1966	<u> 1966</u>	1966	1966	1966	1966
ALABAMA 1	(2)	5.5	(2)	4.1	(2)	4.2	(2)	2.4	(2)	1.2
Birmingham	3.1 9.4	4.1 11.1	2.0	3.1 4.3	3.3 5.6	2.5 13.3	1.1	1.1	1.4	.9 10.3
AND LECTURE CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	7.4	11.1	2.9	4.3	3.0	13.3		2.2	2.1	10.3
ALASKA	38.6	40.0	34.7	34.7	15.8	14.2	7.3	7.7	7.1	4.9
ARIZONA	5.6	7.0	4.7	5.5	5.0	5.1	2.6	2.5	1.4	1.5
Phoenix	5.5	6.5	4.7	5.2	5.0	5.2	2.5	2.5	1.4	1.6
ARKANSAS	7.9	9.0	6.9	8.1	8.2	7.2	5.6	5.0	1.6	1.2
Fort Smith	7.8	8.3	6.8	7.5	17.4	10.5	8.2	6.7	8.4	2.8
Little Rock-North Little Rock	4.9	7.5	4.7	6.8	4.6	5.6	3.6	4.1	.2	.6
Pine Bluff	5.0	7.1	4.4	6.3	5.2	6.0	4.2	4.3	.2	1.0
CALIFORNIA 1	5.4	7.0	4,6	5.9	5.7	5.0	2.7	2.7	1.9	1.1
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove *	-	7,	-	-		= -	3.	3.0	-	1 0
Los Angeles-Long Beach 1 Sacramento *	5.8	7.0	5.0	6.0	6.8 -	5.3	3.0	3.0	2.5	1.0
San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario *	-	-	_		-	-	-	-	-	-
San Diego *	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	i -	-
San Francisco-Oakland *	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stockton *		-		[ ]		-	-	1	-	-
COLORADO	6.0	8.0	4.4	7.0	4.4	4.4	2,7	2.4	.8	1.0
CONNECTICUT	4.0	5.7	3.7	5.0	3 <b>.</b> 2	3.2	2.2	2.2	.2	.2
Bridgeport	(2)	5.6	(2)	4.6	(2)	2.8	(2)	1.9	(2)	.3
Hartford	4.8	5.6	4.7	5.1	2.8	3.0	1.9	2.1	(3)	.1
New Britain	(2)	5.8	(2)	5.1	(2)	3.0	(2)	2.2	(2)	(3)
New Haven	(2) (2)	5.4 5.4	(2) (2)	4.4 5.1	(2) (2)	3.4 2.6	(2)	2.2	(2) (2)	.1 .3
Waterbury	(2)	5.3	(2)	4.4	(2)	3.1	(2) (2)	2.1	(2)	.4
DELAWARE 1	2.9	5.4	2.4	4.5	12.4	2.7	1.5	1.6	9.9	.3
Wilmington 1	2.4	4.8	2.0	4.0	12.1	2.2	1.3	1.3	9.9	.3
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:	(0)		(0)		(0)	٠,				
Washington SMSA	(2)	3,4	(2)	3.3	(2)	2.4	(2)	1.8	(2)	.1
FLORIDA	6.8	7.3	5.8	6.2	6.0	6.7	3.7	3.5	1.4	2.3
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood	(2)	8.8	(2)	8.2	(2)	7.5	(2)	4.8	(2)	1.0
Jacksonville	7.5 6.9	8.9 7.1	5.3 6.1	7.1 6.3	4.7 5.2	5.5 6.0	3.4 3.1	3.3 3.4	1.4	1.6 1.9
Orlando	4.2	6.4	2.8	5.4	5.3	10.9	1.8	2.5	2.5	7.6
Pensacola	1.7	2.3	1.5	2.1	1.5	1.7	1.0	1.4	.2	.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg	9.3	7.9 7.1	6.9	6.2	6.4	7.9	3.8	3.5	1.5	3.4
West Paim Beach	(2) 5.5	7.1 6.0	(2) 4.6	6.7 4.9	(2) 5.5	5.9 4.8	(2) 3,2	4.5 3.2	(2)	.7
Atlanta 4	5.0	5.7	4.5	4.9	7.8	4.8	2.9	2.8	3.9	.5
НАМАП 5	3.0	5.1	2.2	4.1	2.2	2.5	1.4	1.6	.2	.2
IDAHO 6	6.3	10.8	5.7	9.0	5.0	6.7	3.3	3.9	1.9	1.8
ILLINOIS:	4.8	7.1	4.4	6.4	4.4	4.5	3.0	3.0		
Chicago	4.0	/+1	4.4	<b>0.4</b>	*•*	4,3	٥,٠	),,0	.3	•
INDIANA 1	3.9 4.2	6.6 7.2	3.0 3.2	5.7 6.1	4.4 5.4	4.5 5.2	2.2	2.4 2.4	1.3 2.3	1.1 1.5
IOWA	4.1	6.4	3,5	5.5	3.8	3.3	2.3	2.3	.9	.3
Cedar Rapids	6.0	6.4	4.8	5.2	3.4	3.5	2.1	2.0	.8	.9
Des Moines	4.3	7.0	3.6	5.8	4.1	4.0	2.7	2.5	.5	.5
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See footnotes at end of table, NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA LABOR TURNOVER

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas--Continued

(Per 100 employees) Accession rates Separation rates New hi Quits Layoffs State and area July 1966 July 1966 July 1966 June July June June July June June 1966 1966 1966 KANSAS 4.6 3.2 5.3 4.2 7.3 3.8 6.1 4.8 2.7 2.8 1.0 1.6 2.5 5.1 4.2 6.8 Topeka...... 1.9 1.4 1.5 2.1 2.8 Wichita....... 7.7 4.0 5.0 3.9 6.8 2.8 .1 1.1 5.1 4.1 3.2 4.2 .7 .5 KENTUCKY ..... 3.8 3.5 2.3 2.1 .8 4.3 5.2 3.0 Louisville..... 4.1 3.0 3.6 1.8 1.9 .9 LOUISIANA .....
New Orleans 8 ...... 6.1 6.3 4.6 4.8 4.1 3.9 1.9 1.8 1.4 1.3 2.0 4.7 7.5 2.7 5.0 5.0 5.0 1.8 2.1 1.8 MAINE ..... 6.9 11.2 5.5 8.4 5.6 5.3 4.1 3.9 .6 5.6 6.3 5.1 5.3 4.8 4.2 3.6 3.0 .3 .5 1.4 MARYLAND ..... 6.1 3.9 5.1 2.0 Baltimore ..... 4.5 5.8 3.4 4.8 4.1 3.4 1.8 1.8 1.6 .9 6.5 3.3 2.3 MASSACHUSETTS ..... 5.6 6.6 3.3 3.5 3.8 5.8 7.6 5.5 10.2 .4 6.0 3.1 5.1 2.0 2.2 2.6 3.9 4.2 3.3 2.4 Fall River 5.0 5.9 ........ 9.6 6.9 3.9 5.9 7.Ó 11.2 3.1 2.6 7.7 3.5 6.5 4.6 2.2 2.8 4.2 6.6 2.9 5.8 5.4 3.7 2.4 2.7 1.6 .4 Worcester ...... 5.3 2.4 3.9 10.6 4.7 1.6 1.7 8.0 1.9 4.7 2.2 3.5 10.7 3.6 4.2 1.5 1.6 8.1 Kalamazog \* ..... \_ Lansing \_ . \_ Lansing \*
Muskegon-Muskegon Heights \*
Saginaw \* (2) 8.6 (2) 7.1 (2) 3.7 (2) 2.4 (2) .6 MINNESOTA ..... 8.0 7.8 (2) (2) 7.3 6.5 (2) (2) 3.7 3.6 (2) (2) 3.0 (2) (2) Duluth-Superior ..... (2) .6 (2) (2) 5.6 6.3 7.7 (2) 5.2 5.5 7.3 (2) 4.8 5.5 5.1 (2) 3.9 3.4 4.2 (2) MISSISSIPPI ..... 1.1 .1 9/4.4 6.2 9/3.6 5.2 9/5.4 3.9 9/2.6 2.4 9/1.8 MISSOURI ..................... Kansas City 4.6 3.7 6.4 5.6 3.7 5.2 4.8 4.5 7.3 2.3 1.9 2.3 1.9 4.2 1.1 4.1 St. Louis ..... 3.8 .9 7.3 5.2 3.4 3.2 .3 MONTANA 6 .. 4.6 8.6 4.1 4.9 .8 5.7 8.3 4.8 6.8 4.2 4.3 3.0 3.1 .6 .5 NEBRASKA .. . . . 3.5 6.7 2.4 5.3 5.5 5.3 3.0 2.3 1.9 2.0 NEVADA ... . . . . 4.9 7.5 4.3 6.7 4.8 3.4 .5 NEW HAMPSHIRE ... **NEW JERSEY:** 4.0 2.5 3.7 3.3 1.4 1.5 2.6 4.9 4.8 .9 2.9 5.2 1.7 .7 4.8 5.7 4.6 3.1 1.6 2.9 Newark ...... 5.0 5.6 3.1 4.4 6.8 1.9 1.9 .7 5.0 4.3 3.4 5.1 1.5 2.5 3.4 5.8 2.5 2.6 1.3 1.4 .4 5.3 2.6 1.9 Trenton ...... 6.3 3.6 1.8

4.5

3.9

3.5

3.6

5.3

5.4

3.1

2.9

7.1

2.3

4.5

2.7

3.6

3.1

1.9

1.3

1.1

2.7

.9

5.4

.2

1.9

1.5

1.2

2.1

1.8

(3)

1.8

3.7

3.1

2.3

2.9

5.9

4.8

4.5

4.5

5.8

See footnotes at end of table.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

5.5

4.0

3.2

3.9

NEW YORK

Buffalo....

Elmira .......

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA LABOR TURNOVER

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas--Continued

(Per 100 employees)

			r 100 emp on rates	loyees	<del></del>		Separatio	n rates		
State and acce	To	tal		hires	To	tal		its	Lay	offs
State and area	July	June	July	June	July	June	July	June	July	June
	1966	1966	1966_	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966
NEW YORK (continued)				<b>.</b> .		١,,				
Nassau and Suffolk Councies 30	5.0 5.7	6.1 5.8	4.3 3.9	5.3 4.1	4.0 5.9	4.0 5.0	2.4 1.9	2.3	0.9	1.0
New York City 10	6.1	5.9	4.0	4.0	6.4	5.4	1.8	1.6	3.5	2.9
Rochester	5.5	6.5	4.6	5.7	3.4	3.0	1.8	1.8	1.0	.5
Syracuse	4.8	6.4	3.6	5.0	2.9	3.0	2.0	2.0	.3	.3
Utica-Rome Westchester County 10	3.4	5.3	2.9	4.3	2.5	3.0	1.6	1.6	.3	.8
Westchester County 19	4.1	6.1	2.9	4.4	6.7	4.6	1.9	1.7	4.0	2.0
NORTH CAROLINA	5.3	6.6	4.4	5.7	5.0	4.4	3.9	3.4	.3	.3
Charlotte	6.0	6.5	5.6	6.0	5.6	5.0	4.5	3.9	.2	.4
Greensboro-High Point	5.0	7.2	4.6	6.2	5.0	4.7	3.9	3.6	.3	.2
NORTH DAKOTA	4.1	6,5	3.8	5.3	3.7	3.7	2.8	2.5	.5	.8
Fargo-Moorhead	4.1	6.8	3.6	4.8	4.3	2.3	3.3	1.8	.6	(3)
ОНЮ	3.4	5.6	2.6	4.6	4.0	3.5	1,6	1.7	1.6	.9
Akron	2.5	4.5	2.0	3.6	2.9	2.5	1.0	1.3	1.3	.3
Canton	3.3	5.7	2.7	5.1	3.1	3.0	1.7	1.8	.3	.3
Cincinnati	4.0	5.3	3.4 2.6	4.4	3.6	4.5	1.9	1.9	.7	1.6
Cleveland	3.3 4.6	5.6 4.2	3.3	4.8 3.4	5.1 4.0	3.4 3.8	1.7	1.8	2.6 1.0	1.2
Columbus	3.2	4.4	2.5	3.6	2.7	2.9	1.5	1.5	1.4	.6
Dayton	3.2	6.1	2.5	4.9	3.3	4.2	1.5	2.0	.9	1.3
Youngstown-Warren	2.4	6.2	1.9	4.5	2.4	3.2	1.0	1.2	.6	1.3
OKLAHOMA *	_	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Oklahoma City	5.6	5.9	4.7	5.0	5.5	5.8	3.4	3.4	1.1	1.7
Tulsa 11	4.2	6.9	4.0	6.8	4.3	3.7	2.9	2.6	.5	i.i
OREGON 1	5.2	9.9	4.8	9.1	5.7	6.2	3.3	4.1	1.4	.9
Portland 1	5.0	8.9	4.5	7.8	5.5	5.3	2.7	3.1	1.9	1.1
PENNSYLVANIA *			_	_	_		-		_	_
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	3,7	5.2	2.3	4.5	5.1	2.7	1.7	1.7	2.6	.4
Altoona	5.6	6.7	4.3	6.0	5.6	4.8	3.0	3.2	2.1	.8
Erie	3.0	6.0	2.3	4.9	2.9	2.8	1.4	1.7	.6	.3
Harrisburg	4.5	5.8	2.8	4.6	2.8	2.8	1.7	1.8	.4	.5
Johnstown	3.5	4.8	2.8	4.4	3.2	2.0	1.5	1.2	.8	-4
Lancaster	3.1	6.5	2.8	6.0	3.1	3.7	2.3	2.5	.2	•4
Philadelphia	3.6	5.3	2.8	4.5	3.6	3.3	1.6	1.7	1.3	.8
Pitesburgh	2.4	4.0	1.6 2.7	3.1	2.5 6.1	1.9 4.1	.8 2.2	2.2	.8 3.1	.6 1.2
Reading	3.7 5.6	5.9 5.9	3.5	5.0 4.7	5.3	3.3	2.3	1.9	2.3	.6
Wilkes-BarreHazleton	4.8	5.5	2.7	4.4	5.8	3.5	2.2	2.0	2.9	1.0
York	6.3	7.6	4.1	6.6	6.3	4.3	3.6	3.2	2.2	.6
RHODE ISLAND	9.2	7.8	4.3	6.6	9.4	5.3	3.3	3.8	5.2	.7
Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick	9.7	7.9	4.5	6.7	9.8	5.2	3.2	3.6	5.7	.7
SOUTH CAROLINA *	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	<b>-</b> '	-	-
Charleston * Greenville	5.9	7.4	5.3	6.9	5.6	5.5	4.6	4.4	.3	.2
SOUTH DAKOTA	3.8	7.8	2.6	6.0	4.6	5.7	2.8	3.4	1.4	1.6 2.6
Sioux Falls	5.3	10.3	2.8	7.4	6.0	6.0	2.3	3.1	3.4	2.0
TENNESSEE *	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chattanooga * Knoxville *	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
	7.8	7.4	7.1	6.7	6.6	5.3	4.1	3.1	1.3	1.0
Memphis	/.°	-	7.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	, .				,	, .			, ,	_
EXAS 12	4.5 5.1	6.1 6.7	3.9 4.5	5.4 6.1	4.5 4.5	4.1 4.3	2.7 3.2	2.8 3.1	1.0 .3	.5 .3
Fort Worth 12	5.4	6.8	4.5	5.8	4.5 8.7	4.7	2.9	3.1	4.9	1.0
Houston 12	3.7	5.4	3.3	5.0	3.2	3.4	2.2	2.4	.2	.3
San Antonio 12	3.7	5.8	3.5							, ,-
	2.1	٥.٥	3.3	5.1	3.3	3.6	2.5	3.0	.2	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** STATE AND AREA LABOR TURNOVER

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas--Continued

(Per 100 employees)

			r 100 emp	loyees)						
ļ			on rates				Separatio		,	
State and area		tal		hires	·	tal	I ———	its		ffs
	Ju ly 1966	June 1966	July 1966	June 1966	July 1966	June 1966	July 1966	June 1966	July 1966	June 1966
UTAH 6	5.5 4.2	7.1 6.1	4.0 3.3	5.2 5.4	4.0 3.6	4.9 4.2	2.2	2.6 2.6	1.1	1.7 1.0
VERMONT Burlington Springfield.	3.3 3.0 2.4	4.6 4.9 3.5	2.5 2.0 2.0	4.2 4.4 3.2	2.9 2.5 1.8	3.2 2.6 2.1	2.2 1.7 1.3	2.2 1.8 1.5	.2 .2 (3)	.4 .2 .3
VIRGINIA  Norfolk-Portsmouth * Richmond Roanoke *	4.7 5.1	6.0 - 5.0 -	3.7 3.3	4.9 4.3	4.1 - 4.1 -	3.8 - 3.7 -	2.6	2.6 2.1	.8	.5 - .8 -
WASHINGTON * Seattle-Everett 13 Spokane * Tacoma *	6.7	11.3	5.3 -	- 9.7 -	5.0 -	5.4	3.4	3.9 -	- .6 -	.6 -
WEST VIRGINIA Charleston. Huntington-Ashland * Wheeling *	(2) 2.1	4.3 5.2 -	(2) 1.3 -	3.5 4.8 - -	(2) 2.7 -	2.7 1.6 -	(2) .7 -	1.2 .8 -	(2) 1,7 -	.8 .5 -
WISCONSIN Green Bay Kenosha La Crosse Madison Milwaukee Racine	5.2 3.1 2.3 8.2 4.3 3.9 3.6	7.9 6.9 4.2 8.9 7.5 6.8 6.1	4.1 2.6 1.7 3.4 3.6 2.7 2.4	6.8 6.2 1.8 7.5 6.8 6.0 5.4	5.7 2.6 63.1 8.7 3.0 3.5 3.6	4.4 1.6 5.0 3.9 3.4 5.5 4.5	2.2 1.6 1.4 1.9 2.0 1.9	2.3 1.2 .9 1.6 2.4 2.1 2.3	2.7 .6 60.8 5.0 .2 .8	1.4 .1 3.7 1.4 .2 2.4 1.1
WYOMING 6	5.8	9.0	5.2	8.5	5,5	7.2	3.4	2,9	1.4	3.4

<sup>\*</sup>Labor turnover data discontinued owing to reduction in resources available for program. Excludes canning and preserving.

Not available.

Sless than 0.05.

Excludes agricultural chemicals and miscellaneous manufacturing.

<sup>5</sup>Excludes canned fruit, vegetables, preserves, jams, and jellies.

DExcludes canned truit, vegetables, preserves, jams, and jell of Excludes canning and preserving, and sugar.

Texcludes canning and preserving, and newspapers.

Sexcludes printing and publishing.

July rates exclude aircraft and parts.

Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

Recludes new-hire rate for transportation equipment.

Recludes canning and preserving, sugar, and tobacco.

<sup>15</sup> Excludes canning and preserving, sugar, and touctor.
15 Excludes canning and preserving, printing and publishing.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

## UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE DATA

Table E-1: insured unemployment under State programs

(Week including the 12th of the month)

-	(Week	ncluding th				Rate (per	cent of average	covered
		Num	ber (in thousan	ds)			employment)	<del> </del>
State	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965	chang Aug. 1966	Sept.	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	Sept. 1965
TOTAL 2	755.7	9783	961.7	-222.6	-206.0	1.6	2.1	2.1
	9991	1,1503	1865.8	-1513	-266.8	2.2	2.5	2.9
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas	102 12 53 63	11.0 1.2 5.8 7.1	121 13 79 68	8 5 9	-1.9 -2.5 -5	1.7 3.0 1.9 1.8	1.8 2.9 2.1 2.1	21 35 28 21
California*	1432	157.3	1778	-14.1	-3 4.6	3 2	3.5	4.1
	2.4	3.2	29	-8	-5	.6	.8	.7
	9.1	15.5	141	-6.3	-5.0	1 1	1.8	1.7
	1.3	5.6	29	-4.3	-1.5	9	3.8	2.1
District of Columbia Florida Georgia Hawaii	2.8 22.0 11.3 4.0	3.4 28.3 16.0 4.0	3.6 25.4 14.9 3.8	7 -6.3 -4.7	-9 -3.5 -3.6 .2	9 2.0 1.2 2.1	1.1 2.5 1.8 2.1	1 2 2 4 1 7 2 1
Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa	2.0 222 8.3 1.9	3.3 31.3 12.2 3.7	1.7 34.5 11.9 3.4	-1.2 -9.1 -3.8 -1.8	-123 -3.6 -1.5	1 .5 .8 .7 .4	2.4 1.1 1.0 .7	1.3 1.3 1.0 .7
Kansas	3.0	6.1	5.1	-3.1	-2.0	.8	1.6	1.4
Kentucky	6.9	8.6	10.7	-1.7	-3.8	1.3	1.7	2.2
Louisiana	8.8	10.6	13.4	-1.8	-4.6	1.4	1.7	2.3
Maine	3.5	3.7	4.7	-2	-1.2	1.7	1.8	2.4
Maryland	7.0 382 26.4 4.4	11.7 40.0 99.7 6.3	11.8 43.7 31.5 8.2	-4.6 -1.8 -73.3 -1.9	-4.8 -5.5 -5.2 -3.8	2.4 1.3 .6	1.5 2.5 4.8 .8	1.6 2.9 1.7 1.1
Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska	3.5 14.2 1.6	4.2 27.8 1.4 1.9	3 9 1 8.5 1.6 3.0	=.6 -13.7 -2 -3	4 -4.3 5 -1.5	1.3 1.0 .6	1.3 2.6 1.2 .7	1.3 1.8 1.4 1.2
Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico	43	4.1	4.9	2	5	3.5	3.3	4.0
	9	1.2	2.1	-2	-1.2	.6	.7	1.3
	362	4.9.1	4.5.2	-129	-9.1	2.1	2.9	2.8
	28	2.9	3.3	-1	5	1.6	1.7	1.9
New York. North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	1229	137.7	138.7	-149	-1 5.9	2.3	2.6	2.7
	10.6	13.8	14.1	-32	-3.5	1.0	1.3	1.4
	5	.6	.4	-2		.6	.8	.6
	17.7	27.9	26.0	-102	-8.3	.7	1.1	1.1
Oklahoma.	7.6	8.4	9.8	8	-22	1.8	2.0	2.5
Oregon	8.3	8.0	7.9	2	.4	1.8	1.7	1.8
Pennsylvania	42.1	47.5	56.4	-5.4	-143	1.4	1.5	1.9
Puerto Rico * ?	51.6	42.6	62.7	9.0	-111	6.3	6.2	6.7
Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee	4.8	63	5.8	-1.5	-1.0	1.9	2.5	2.4
	7.4	92	7.9	8	6	1.4	1.6	1.7
	.4	5	.6	1	-2	.5.	.7	.7
	10.8	115	13.8	7	-3.0	1.4	1.5	1.9
Texas	180	230	281	-5.0	-1 0 1	.9	1.1	1.4
Utah	33	39	4.8	-6	-1.5	1.7	1.9	2.4
Vermont	12	13	1.5	-1	-3	1.4	1.5	1.9
Virginia	3.4	58	5.1	-2.4	-1.7	.4	.7	6
Washington	15.0	17.1	22.7	-2.1	-7.8	23	2.6	3.6
	6.5	8.0	7.3	-1.4	-7	19	2.4	2.2
	6.6	17.4	10.6	-10.8	-4.0	6	1.7	1.1
	.4	.6	.7	-1	-2	.7	9	1.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Based on unrounded data; changes of less than 50 not shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Include data under the program for Puerto Rico's sugarcane workers. Rates exclude the sugarcane workers as comparable covered employment data are not yet available.

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes insured unemployment under extended duration provisions of regular State laws.

## UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE DATA

Table E-2: Insured unemployment in 150 major labor areas 2

(In thousands, for week including the 12th of the month)

Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	State and area	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	State and area	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966	State and area	Sept. 1966	Aug. 1966
2.4 1.5	2.5 1.3	INDIANA Evansville Ft. Wayne	.5 1.0	.7 .8 1 1	NEW HAMPSHIRE Manchester	'n	.3	Pennsylvania continued York	ì	1.
3.3	3.5	Indianapolis South Bend Terre Haute	1 .5 .5 .4	2.5 .8 .5	NEW JERSEY Atlantic City Jersey City Newark New Brunswick. Paterson Trenton	.8 4.9 11.4 3.3 8.1	.8 62 160 59 104	PUERTO RICO * Mayaguez Ponce San Juan	1.0 1.3 3.5	9 13 3.7
.4	.4	Des Moines	.3	.3		1	1	RHODE ISLAND	5.1	6.9
		Wichita	.8	.8	Albuquerque	1.1	11	Flooridence	0.1	
3.0 62.6 4.4 10.1 8.8 24.3	33 689 48 105 84 281	KENTUCKY Louisville  LOUISIANA Baton Rouge New Orleans	1.6 .5 3.1	2.4 .5 3.3		1060	23 .6 9.7 112.8	SOUTH CAROLINA Charleston Greenville	.6 .8	·
5.0 1.2	6.6 1.7	Shreveport	.6	.8	Rochester Syracuse Utica	2.0 1.1 1.2	2.8 2.0 2.3	TENNESSEE Chatranooga Knoxville	.6 .7	9 1.0 2.0
1.4	2.0	Portland	.6	.5	Asheville	.4	.4	Memphis Nashville	1.8 1.3	2.0 1.6
1.5 1.3 .4 1.3	23 29 12 27	MASSACHUSETTS Boston Brockton	4.8 1.7.6 1.1 2.5	191 11 18	Charlotte Durham Greensboro Winston-Salem	.7 .6 .5	.8 .7 .6 .8	TEXAS Austin Beaumont Corpus Christi Dallas El Paso	.4 .8 .5 2.3 1.0	.4 .9 .5 5.0 1.0
1.1	1 .5	Lawrence Lowell New Bedford Springfield	2,8 1,6 2,5 3,3	2.7 1.6 1.7 3.6	Akron	.8 .6 2.8 3.1 1.0	1.0 .7 4.8 5.1 1.4	Ft. Worth Houston San Antonio	1 0 2 3 1 3	1.7 2.8 1.3
4.1	5.3	MICHIGAN Battle Creek	3 161	.8 540	Dayton Hamilton Lorain Steubenville	.7 .4 .2 .4 .3 .3	1.2 8 2.5 2.0	UTAH Salt Lake City · ·	2.0	2
.5 5.4	.7 9.0	Flint Grand Rapids Kalamazoo	1.5 1.1 3	1 6.4 2.3 .5	Youngstown	.7	0.\$	VIRGINIA Hampton Norfolk	.3 .5 .2	.4 1 2 3 3
2.7	3.3	Muske gon Saginaw	.4	1.3	Oklahoma City. Tulsa	1.7 1.2	1.8 1.3	Roanoke	æ	.3
31 .4 .4 .3	7.5 .5 .4 .3	MINNESOTA  Duluth  Minneapolis	.4 1.8	.5 3 3	OREGON Portland	3.4	3.4	WASHINGTON Seattle Spokane Tacoma	4.8 1.7 1.5	5 2 1 .6 1 .7
3.1	3.0	MISSISSIPPI Jackson	æ	.4	PENNSYL VANIA Allentown Altoona Erie Harrisburg	1.9 .6 .4 1.2	2 2 .7 .7 1 0	WEST VIRGINIA Charleston Huntington Wheeling	.7 .8 .6	.9 1.0 9
1 3.4 .4 .5 .2	193 .7 1.0	Kansas City St. Louis NEBRASKA	32 7.5	9.9 16.7	Johnstown Lancaster Philadelphia Pittsburgh Reading Scranton Wilkes-Barre	16.7 7.3 1.0 2.2 3.9	20.5 3.3 1.4 2.0 3.4	WISCONSIN Kenosha Madison Milwaukee Racine	3 2 2.1 .4	3.6 3 3.1 1.5
	1966  2.4.5  3.3  .4  3.0.6.4.4.1.8.3.0.2  1.4  1.5.3.4.3.5.1  1.4  4.1  5.2  3.4.4.3.5  3.4.4.3.5  3.4.4.3.5  3.4.4.3.5  3.4.4.3.5	1966 1966  2.4 2.5 1.5 1.3  3.3 3.5  4.4 4 1.5 1.7 1.4 2.0 1.5 2.9 1.7 1.4 2.0 1.5 2.9 1.7 1.4 2.7 1.5 1.4 6.1 4.1 5.3 5.4 2.7 1.5 1.4 6.1 4.1 5.3 5.4 2.7 3.1 3.0 1.4 4.3 5.5 3.1 3.0 1.4 4.3 5.5 3.1 3.0 1.4 4.3 5.5 3.1 3.0 1.4 4.3 5.5 3.1 3.0 1.4 4.3 5.5 3.1 3.0 1.4 4.3 5.5 3.1 3.0 1.4 4.3 5.5 3.1 3.0 1.4 4.3 5.5 3.1 3.0 1.4 4.3 5.5 3.1 3.0 1.4 4.3 5.5 3.1 3.0 1.4 4.3 5.5 3.1 3.0 1.4 4.3 5.5 3.1 3.0 1.4 4.3 5.5 3.1 3.0	1966   1966   State and area	1966   1966   State and area   1966	1966   1966   State and area   1966   1966	1966   1966   State and area   1966   1966	1966   1966   1966   State and area   1966   1966   1966   State and area   1966   1966   State and area   1966   1966   State and area   1966   1966   State and area   1966   1966   State and area   1966   1966   State and area   1966   1966   State and area   1966   1966   State and area   1966   1966   1966   State and area   1966	1966   1966   Saxe and area   1966	1966   1966	1966   1966

Insured jobless under State, Federal Employee, and Ex-Servicemen's unemployment insurance programs.

For full name of labor area, see Area Trends in Employment and Unemployment published by the Eureau of Employment Security.

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes insured unemployed under extended duration provisions of regular State laws.

# **QUARTERLY AVERAGE TABLES**

# 3rd Quarter 1966

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Table 1: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, by sex and color

3rd Quarter Averages
(In thousands)

		Total			Male	,	Female			
Employment status	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964	
Total	138,644	136,465	134,401	67,120	66,141	65,181	71,524	70,325	69,219	
Total labor force.  Civilian labor force.  Employed.  Agriculture  Nonagricultural industries  Unemployed.  Unemployment rate	81,764 78,583 75,677 4,697 70,980 2,906 3.7 56,880	79,785 77,082 73,837 5,180 68,658 3,245 4,2 56,679	78,111 75,366 71,771 5,483 66,288 3,594 4.8 56,290	53,651 50,504 49,011 3,695 45,316 1,493 3.0 13,469	52,926 50,253 48,461 4,080 44,380 1,792 3.6 13,215	52,241 49,527 47,504 4,341 43,163 2,023 4.1 12,940	28,113 28,079 26,666 1,002 25,664 1,413 5.0 43,411	26,861 26,830 25,377 1,099 24,277 1,453 5.4 43,464	25,869 25,839 24,268 1,143 23,125 1,571 6.1 43,350	
Not in the labor force	30,000	30,079	30,290	13,409	13,213	12,940	43,411	43,404	45,550	
Total labor force.  Civilian labor force.  Employed.  Agriculture.  Nonagricultural industries.  Unemployed  Unemployment rate Not in the labor force	72,573 69,662 67,465 4,036 63,429 2,197 3.2 51,297	70,836 68,366 65,832 4,307 61,524 2,534 3.7 51,176	69,386 66,867 64,106 4,639 59,467 2,761 4.1 50,878	48,216 45,336 44,184 3,248 40,935 1,152 2.5 11,939	47,617 45,175 43,761 3,489 40,272 1,414 3.1 11,701	47,037 44,546 42,959 3,781 39,178 1,587 3.6 11,468	24,357 24,326 23,281 787 22,494 1,045 4.3 39,358	23,220 23,192 22,071 818 21,253 1,121 4,8 39,475	22,349 22,321 21,147 858 20,289 1,174 5.3 39,410	
HONWHITE					<u> </u>					
Total labor force.  Civilian labor force.  Employed.  Agriculture  Nonagricultural industries.  Unemployed  Unemployed  Unemployedr rate  Not in the labor force	9,192 8,922 8,212 661 7,551 709 7.9 5,583	8,949 8,716 8,006 873 7,133 711 8.2 5,503	8,724 8,498 7,665 844 6,821 833 9,8 5,412	5,435 5,168 4,827 446 4,381 341 6.6 1,530	5,309 5,078 4,700 591 4,109 378 7.4 1,514	5,204 4,981 4,544 560 3,985 436 8.8 1,471	3,756 3,753 3,385 215 3,170 368 9.8 4,053	3,641 3,638 3,306 281 3,024 332 9.1 3,989	3,520 3,518 3,121 284 2,836 397 11.3 3,940	

Table |2: Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force, by age and sex 3rd Quarter Averages

(In thousands)

1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964	10//					
				- 2703	1704	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964
										·	
69,400	68,294	66,983	43,533	43,616	43,375	19,681	19,049	18,507	6,186	5,629	5,101
				41,562 913	40,933 1,072		17,396 786	16,674 877	4,822 732	4,237 753	3,771 710
· ` }	-	2,944 4.4	902 2.1	1,141 2.6	1,370 3,2	743 3.8	867 4.6	956 5.2	632 10.2	639 11.4	620 12.2
8,552	8,190	8,383 7,732	i i		1,538 1,446	4,475 4,277	4,376 4,201	4,216 4,010	3,170 2,817	2,923 2,574	2,628 2,276
6.9	599 6.8	7.8	79 5.1	74 5.0	6.0	198 4.4	175 4.0	206 4.9	353 11.1	349 11.9	352 13.4
E	64,906 2,218 2,276 3.3 9,183 8,552 631	64,906 63,193 2,218 2,454 2,276 2,647 3.3 3,9 9,183 8,789 8,552 8,190 631 599	64,906 63,193 61,379 2,218 2,454 2,660 2,276 2,647 2,944 3.3 3.9 4.4 9,183 8,789 8,383 8,552 8,190 7,732 631 599 651	64,906 63,193 61,379 2,218 2,454 2,660 791 2,276 2,647 2,944 902 3.3 3.9 4.4 2.1  9,183 8,789 8,383 1,539 8,552 8,190 7,732 1,460 631 599 651 79	64,906     63,193     61,379     41,840     41,562       2,218     2,454     2,660     791     913       2,276     2,647     2,944     902     1,141       3.3     3.9     4.4     2.1     2.6       9,183     8,789     8,383     1,539     1,491       8,552     8,190     7,732     1,460     1,417       631     599     651     79     74	64,906     63,193     61,379     41,840     41,562     40,933       2,218     2,454     2,660     791     913     1,072       2,276     2,647     2,944     902     1,141     1,370       3.3     3.9     4.4     2.1     2.6     3.2       9,183     8,789     8,383     1,539     1,491     1,538       8,552     8,190     7,732     1,460     1,417     1,446       631     599     651     79     74     92	64,906     63,193     61,379     41,840     41,562     40,933     18,243       2,218     2,454     2,660     791     913     1,072     695       2,276     2,647     2,944     902     1,141     1,370     743       3.3     3.9     4.4     2.1     2.6     3.2     3.8       9,183     8,789     8,383     1,539     1,491     1,538     4,475       8,552     8,190     7,732     1,460     1,417     1,446     4,277       631     599     651     79     74     92     198	64,906     63,193     61,379     41,840     41,562     40,933     18,243     17,396       2,218     2,454     2,660     791     913     1,072     695     786       2,276     2,647     2,944     902     1,141     1,370     743     867       3.3     3.9     4.4     2.1     2.6     3.2     3.8     4.6       9,183     8,789     8,383     1,539     1,491     1,538     4,475     4,376       8,552     8,190     7,732     1,460     1,417     1,446     4,277     4,201       631     599     651     79     74     92     198     175	64,906     63,193     61,379     41,840     41,562     40,933     18,243     17,396     16,674       2,276     2,647     2,944     902     1,141     1,370     743     867     956       3.3     3.9     4.4     2.1     2.6     3.2     3.8     4.6     5.2       9,183     8,789     8,383     1,539     1,491     1,538     4,475     4,376     4,216       8,552     8,190     7,732     1,460     1,417     1,446     4,277     4,201     4,010       631     599     651     79     74     92     198     175     206	64,906     63,193     61,379     41,840     41,562     40,933     18,243     17,396     16,674     4,822       2,218     2,454     2,660     791     913     1,072     695     786     877     732       2,276     2,647     2,944     902     1,141     1,370     743     867     956     632       3.3     3.9     4.4     2.1     2.6     3.2     3.8     4.6     5.2     10.2       9,183     8,789     8,383     1,539     1,491     1,538     4,475     4,376     4,216     3,170       8,552     8,190     7,732     1,460     1,417     1,446     4,277     4,201     4,010     2,817       631     599     651     79     74     92     198     175     206     353	64,906     63,193     61,379     41,840     41,562     40,933     18,243     17,396     16,674     4,822     4,237       2,276     2,647     2,944     902     1,141     1,370     743     867     956     632     639       3.3     3.9     4.4     2.1     2.6     3.2     3.8     4.6     5.2     10.2     11.4       9,183     8,789     8,383     1,539     1,491     1,538     4,475     4,376     4,216     3,170     2,923       8,552     8,190     7,732     1,460     1,417     1,446     4,277     4,201     4,010     2,817     2,574       631     599     651     79     74     92     198     175     206     353     349

<sup>1</sup>Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.

Table 3: Unemployed persons, by age and sex

3rd Quarter Averages

	Th	ousands of pe	rsons		Unemployment :	rate	P	ercent distribu	tion
Age and sex	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964
Total	2,906	3,245	3,594	3.7	4.2	4.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	1,493	1,792	2,023	3.0	3.6	4.1	51.4	55.2	56.3
14 to 19 years	513	577	561	9.4	11.2	12.2	17.7	17.8	15.6
14 and 15 years	77	79	78	7.6	7.7	8.4	2.6	2.4	2.2
16 to 19 years	437	498	482	9.9	12.1	13.1	15.0	15.3	13.4
20 years and over	980	1,215	1,464	2.2	2.7	3.3	33.7	37.4	40.7
20 to 24 years	186	264	359	3.7	5.2	7.2	6.4	8.1	10.0
25 years and over	794	951	1,105	2.0	2.4	2.7	27.3	29.3	30.7
25 to 34 years	215	265	268	2.2	2.7	2.7	7.4	8.2	7.5
35 to 44 years	181	209	256	1.7	1.9	2.3	6.2	6.4	7.1
45 to 54 years	176	212	271	1.7	2.1	2.7	6.1	6.5	7.5
55 to 64 years	153	198	230	2.2	2.9	3.4	5.3	6.1	6.4
65 years and over	69	67	80	3.2	3.1	3.7	2.4	2.1	2.2
emale	1,413	1,453	1,571	5.0	5.4	6.1	48.6	44.8	43.7
14 to 19 years	471	410	409	12.0	12.0	13.1	16.2	12.6	11.4
14 and 15 years	38	21	21	6.5	4.0	4.3	1.3	.6	.6
16 to 19 years	433	389	388	13.0	13.5	14.7	14.9	12.0	10.8
20 years and over	941	1,043	1,162	3.9	4.5	5.1	32.4	32.1	32.3
20 to 24 years	238	249	272	6.6	7.3	8.4	8.2	7.7	7.6
25 years and over	703	794	890	3.4	4.0	4.6	24.2	24.5	24.8
25 to 34 years	216	226	267	4.9	5.4	6.6	7.4	7.0	7.4
35 to 44 years	220	268	264	3.9	4.7	4.8	7.6	8.3	7.3
45 to 54 years	163	189	220	2.8	3.3	3.9	5.6	5.8	6.1
55 to 64 years	81	88	111	2.2	2.5	3.3	2.8	2.7	3.1
65 years and over	24	23	28	2.6	2.4	3.0	.8	.7	.8

Table 4: Unemployed persons, by industry of last job

3rd Quarter Averages

	t	Inemployment	rate	1	Percent distrib	ution
Industry	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964
Total	3.7	4.2	4.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Experienced wage and salary workers	3,3	3.8	4.4	78.0	76.7	79.5
Agriculture	4.1	4.9	6.3	2.5	2.9	3.7
Nonagricultural industries.	3.3	3.7	4.4	75.5	73.8	75.8
Mining, forestry, fisheries	3.1	4.6	7.1	.7	.9	1.3
Construction	4.6	6.1	6.6	7.0	8.5	8.0
Manufacturing.	3.0	3.5	4.5	21.9	21.4	24.3
Durable goods	2.8	3.1	4.4	11.6	10.8	13.2
Primary metal industries	1.7	1.5	2.7	1.8	.6	1.0
Fabricated metal products	2.9	2.1	4.4	1.6	1.0	1.8
Macbinery.	1.9	2.2	3.0	1.4	1.3	1.5
Electrical equipment	2.2	3.3	4.6	1.5	1.8	2.1
Transportation equipment	4.2	3.8	5.1	3.1	2.5	2.8
Motor vehicles and equipment	5.8	4.7	5.1	2.0	1.5	1.3
All other transportation equipment	2.7	3.0	5.1	1.1	1.0	1.5
Other durable goods industries	3.4	4.5	5.6	3.2	3.7	4.0
Nondurable goods	3.4	4.0	4.7	10.3	10.5	11.1
Food and kindred products	3.8	5.1	5.6	2.8	3.1	3.1
Textile mill products	3.4	4.0	6.0	1.2	1.3	1.8
Apparel and other finished textile products	5.2	5.8	6.6	2.6	2.4	2.6
Other nondurable goods industries	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.8	3.8	3.5
Transportation and public utilities	2.0	2.3	3.1	3.3	3.3	4.0
	1.6	2.5	3.4	1 .4		1 .8
Railroads and railway express	2.8			1.8	.6	
Other transportation		3.2	3.9	1.1	1.8	1.9
Communication and other public utilities	1.5 4.3	1.5	2.3 4.9	18.1	16.8	1.3
Wholesale and retail trade		2.3			2.2	2.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2.2		2.5	2.3		
Service industries	3.6	3.9	4.4	19.7	18.5	18.3
Professional services	2.8	2.9	3.1	8.8	7.5	6.7
All other service industries	4.5	5.1	6.1	10.8	11.0	11.5
Public administration	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.6	2.3	2.0
elf-employed and unpaid family workers	.6	.8	.6	1.9	2.6	1.9
o previous work experience	-	-	-	20.1	20.7	18.7
14 to 19 years	-	-	-	17.0	17.1	14.9
20 years and over	-	-	-	3.1	3.6	3.8

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Table 5: Unemployed persons, by occupation of last job 3rd Quarter Averages

	U	nemployment r	ate	Percent distribution			
Occupation	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964	
Total	3•7	4.2	4.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White-collar workers		2.2	2.5	24.8	22.1	21.6	
Professional and technical		1.6	2.1	5.5	4.2	4.8	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	1.0	1.1	1.4	2.5	2.4	2.9	
Clerical workers	3.0	3.1	3.3	12.7	11.0	10.3	
Sales workers	2.5	3.0	2.9	4.1	4.5	3.7	
Blue-collar workers	3•7	4.4	5-3	37.4	38.8	41.0	
Craftsmen and foremen	2.0	2.7	3.1	7.1	8.2	8.3	
Operatives	4.2	5.0	5.9	21.3	22.0	22.9	
Nonfarm laborers	5.9	6.2	8.2	9.0	8.6	9.8	
Service workers	4.4	5.0	5.6	15.5	15.5	15.5	
Private household workers	4.3	4.6	5.2	3.4	3.3	3.4	
Other service workers	4.5	5.1	5.8	12.1	12.2	12.0	
Farm workers		1.9	2.2	2.1	2.9	3.2	
Farmers and farm managers	1 .	•3	•3	-:	.ź	2.2	
Farm laborers and foremen		3.3	3.8	2.0	2.6	3.0	
No previous work experience	1 .	1 2	1 3.0	20.1	20.7	18.7	

Table 6: Unemployed persons, by marital status and household relationship

3rd Quarter Averages Percent distribution Thousands of persons Unemployment rate Characteristics 1966 1964 1966 1964 1964 1965 1965 1966 1965 MARITAL STATUS 3,245 1,792 740 885 560 325 167 2,906 1,493 616 742 502 3,594 2,023 847 4.8 100.Ö 100.0 100.0 3.6 4.1 51.4 55.2 22.8 56.3 23.6 2.3 9.8 12.4 7.7 8.7 21.2 1.6 954 544 7•3 9•7 4•8 8.8 25.5 17.3 8.3 27.3 17.3 10.0 26.5 14 to 19 years ..... 11.4 15.1 410 11.4 Other marital status . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 136 222 5.0 4.7 5.1 6.2 1,413 589 561 410 1,453 644 1,571 691 5.4 4.4 6.1 4.9 8.4 48.6 20.3 19.3 14.1 43.7 19.2 15.3 44.8 Married, husband present ...... 19.8 520 349 171 289 7.7 11.5 4.6 550 360 7.7 11.8 16.0 12.9 5.1 6.2 10.8 10.0 151 263 190 4.0 5.3 8.9 5.3 9.2 330 4.8 5.3 HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP 3,245 1,095 880 215 614 2,906 954 746 208 3,594 1,260 1,004 4.8 100.0 100.0 100.0 32.8 25.7 7.2 2.4 2.8 33.7 27.1 35.1 27.9 2.5 4.9 4.9 1.8 3.8 3.8 2.2 4.0 4.3 9.4 4.3 256 664 6.6 7.1 18.5 569 19.6 18.9 Wife of head ...... 1,587 45.5 45.6 6.1

Table 7: Employment status of persons 16-21 years of age in the noninstitutional population, by color 3rd Quarter Averages, in thousands

		Total			White		Nonwhite			
Employment status	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964	
IN SCHOOL										
Civilian labor force.  Employed .  Unemployed .  Unemployment rate  Not in the labor force.	1,031 923 108 10.5 2,857	981 859 122 12.4 2,870	730 622 108 14.8 2,318	927 843 84 9.1 2,498	887 792 95 <b>10.</b> 7 2,508	663 576 87 13.1 2,034	104 80 24 23.1 358	94 66 28 (1) 362	69 46 23 (1) 285	
NOT IN SCHOOL			ļ.					1		
Civilian labor force.  Employed  Unemployed.  Unemployment rate  Not in the labor force	957	9,135 8,363 772 8.5 4,819	9,171 8,079 1,092 11.9 5,206	8,620 7,927 693 8.0 4,059	8,069 7,463 606 7.5 4,150	8,097 7,269 828 10.2 4,499	1,233 969 264 21.4 651	1,067 902 165 15.5 669	1,072 808 264 24.6 706	

<sup>1/</sup> Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000.

Table 8: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment

3rd Quarter Averages

	Thous	sands of pe	rsons	Perc	ent distrib	ution		Thous	ands of pe	rsons	Perce	ent distrib	ition
Duration of unemployment	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964	Category	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964
Total	2,906	3,245	3,594	100.0	100.0	100.0	Total	2,906	3,245	3,594	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	1,629	1,700	1,687	56.1	52.4	46.9	1						
5 to 14 weeks	885	943	1,104	30.5	29.0	30.7	Persons on temporary						
5 and 6 weeks	302	279	313	10.4	8.6	8.7	layoff	107	119	118	3.7	3.7	3.3
7 to 10 weeks	377	420	510	13.0	12.9	14.2							ł
11 to 14 weeks	206	243	281	7.1	7.5	7.8	Persons scheduled to begin				1		İ
15 weeks and over	392	603	803	13.5	18.6	22.4	new jobs within 30 days.	184	172	175	6.3	5.3	4.9
15 to 26 weeks	191	280	324	6.6	8.6	9.0					1		İ
27 weeks and over	200	322	480	6.9	9.9	13.4	All other unemployed	2,615	2,954	3,301	90.0	91.0	91.8
Average (mean) duration	9.3	11.3	13.0	-	-	<b>-</b>					1		ļ

Table 9: Long-term unemployed, by industry and occupation of last job

3rd Quarter Averages

		Unemployed 15	weeks and over			Unemployed 27	weeks and over		Civilian labo
Characteristics		unemployed group	Percent di	stribution	Percent of t in each		Percent di	stribution	force (percen distribution)
	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
INDUSTRY									
Total	13.5	18.6	100.0	100.0	6.9	9,9	100.0	100.0	100.0
xperienced wage and							1		
salary workers	14.8	20.5	85.7	84.6	7.6	10.8	85.9	83.5	86.7
Agriculture	(1)	(1)	1.3	2.2	(1)	(1)	1.0	1.9	2.2
Nonagricultural industries	15.1	20.7	84.4	82.4	7.7	11.0	84.9	81.7	84.5
Mining, forestry, fisheries	(1)	(1)	2.0	1.7	(1)	(1)	2.0	2.2	.8
Construction	15.8	20.8	8.2	9.5	10.4	10.2	10.6	8.7	5.6
Manufacturing	16.9	21.6	27.3	24.9	8.7	12.3	27.6	26.4	26.6
Durable goods	17.3	20.8	14.8	12.1	9.5	12.0	16.1	13.0	15.3
Nondurable goods	16.4	22.5	12.5	12.8	7.7	12.6	11.6	13.4	11.3
Transportation and public		Ì	ł		1	ļ		1	
utilities	(1)	23.4	5.4	4.2	(1)	17.8	6.5	5.9	6.1
Wholesale and retail trade	13,1	19.8	17.6	17.9	6.8	9.9	18.1	16.8	15.7
Finance, insurance, and real		1	ł				į		
estate, and service industries	12.5	20.1	20.4	22.4	4.9	9.5	15.6	19.9	24.4
Public administration	(1)	(1)	3.6	1.8	(1)	(1)	4.5	1.9	5.2
elf-employed and unpaid				k F	1	•	}	}	1
family workers	(1)	(1)	4.8	3,3	(1)	(1)	7.0	5.0	12.5
o previous work experience	6.3	10.9	9.4	12.1	2.4	5.5	7.0	11.5	.7
OCCUPATION									
Total	13.5	18.6	100.0	100.0	6.9	9.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
hite-collar workers	13.0	18.9	24.0	22.6	6.4	9.0	23.0	20.1	43.4
Professional and rechnical	13.2	16.1	5.4	3.6	4.4	8.0	3.5	3.4	11.7
Managers, officials, and		1	1	2.0	1	713	1	27	1
proprietors	(1)	(1)	3.8	3.6	(1)	(1)	5.0	3.7	9.7
Clerical workers	9.5	18.4	9.0	10.9	4.6	8.7	8.5	9.6	15.8
Sales workers	19.2	17.9	5.9	4.3	10.0	7.6	6.0	3.4	6.1
ue-collar workers	17.0	22.0	47.3	45.9	9.4	12.2	51.0	47.5	37.3
Craftsmen and foremen	20.8	24.1	11.0	10.6	12.6	15.0	13.0	12.3	13.0
Operatives	15.5	21.5	24.6	25.5	7.4	10.9	23.0	24.1	18.6
Nonfarm laborers	17.6	21.1	11.8	9.8	11.5	12.9	15.0	11.1	5.6
ervice workers	14.4	19.7	16.6	16.4	6.9	11.3	15.5	17.6	13.0
Private household workers	13.0	21.3	3.3	3.8	3.0	10.2	1.5	3.4	3.0
Other service workers	14.8	19.2	13.3	12.6	8.0	11.6	14.0	14.2	10.1
arm workers	(1)	(1)	2.6	3.0	(1)	(1)	3.5	3.4	5.6
Farmers and farm managers	(1)	(1)	1.0	.8	(1)	(1)	2.0	1.5	2.7
Farm laborers and foremen	(1)	(1)	1.5	2.2	(1)	(1)	1.5	1.9	2.9
lo previous work experience	6.3	10.9	9.4	12.1	2.4	5.5	7.0	11.5	.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000.

Table 10: Long-term unemployed, by sex, age, color, and marital status

3rd Quarter Averages

•	υ	nemployed 15	weeks and ove	er	U	nemployed 27	weeks and ove	r	Civilian labor force
Characteristics		unemployed 1 group	Percent d	istribution	Percent of u in each		Percent di	stribution	(percent distribution
	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
AGE									
Total	13.5	18.6	100.0	100.0	6.9	9.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
lale	16.3	19.4	61.9	57.8	9.4	12.1	70.1	66.8	64.3
14 to 19 years	4.3	8.1	5.6	7.8	1.0	4.3	2.5	7.8	6.9
20 to 24 years	11.3	15.5	5•3	6.8	1.1	7.2	1.0	5.9	6.4
25 to 44 years	16.4	21.3	16.5	16.8	10.6	12.4	20.9	18.3	26.6
45 years and over	34.2	33.4	34.5	26.4	23.1	23.5	45.8	34.8	24.4
emale	10.5	17.5	38.1	42.2	4.2	7.4	29.9	33.2	35.7
14 to 19 years	5.1	11.0	6.1	7.5	2.3	3.7	5.5	4.7	5.0
20 to 24 years	7.1	14.9	4.3	6.1	1.7	5.2	2.0	4.0	4.6
25 to 44 years	14.4	18.4	16.0	15.1	5.3	8.1	11.4	12.4	12.8
45 years and over	17.2	27.0	11.7	13.5	8.2	13.0	10.9	12.1	13.4
COLOR									
Total	13.5	18.6	100.0	100.0	6.9	9.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
hite, total	13.5	18.0	75.7	75.8	6.6	9.6	72.8	75.8	88.6
Male	16.7	19.2	49.1	44.9	9.8	12.0	55.9	52.8	57.7
Female	10.0	16.6	26.6	30.8	3.3	6.6	16.8	23.0	31.0
onwhite, total	13.5	20.5	24.3	24.2	7.6	11.0	27.2	24.2	11.4
Male	15.0	20.4	13.0	12.8	8.2	11.9	13.9	14.0	6.6
Female	12.0	20.8	11.3	11.4	7.3	9.9	13.4	10.2	4.8
MARITAL STATUS				}	1	1		1	1
Total,	13.5	18.6	100.0	100.0	6.9	9.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
ale	16.3	19.4	61.9	57.8	9.4	12.1	70.1	66.8	64.3
Married, wife present	22.6	25.5	35.6	31.4	14.1	16.9	43.1	38.7	47.9
Single	8.9	12.5	16.9	18.3	3.4	7.2	12.9	19.8	12.9
14 to 19 years	4.4	7.7	5.6	7.1	1.0	4.3	2.5	7.4	6.6
20 years and over	18.3	20.6	11.3	п.1	8.8	12.3	10.4	12.4	6.3
Other marital status	27.2	28.7	9.5	8.0	21.3	16.2	14.4	8.4	3.4
emale	10.5	17.5	38.1	42.2	4.2	7.4	29.9	33.2	35•7
Married, husband present	10.4	17.2	15.6	18.4	3.6	7.1	10.4	14.2	19.5
Single	8.4	12.1	l 11.8	10.6	3.6	4.8	9•9	7.7	9.2
14 to 19 years	5.6	11.5	5.9	6.6	2.2	3.7	4.5	4.0	4.4
20 years and over	15.2	14.0	5.9	4.0	7-3	7.0	5.4	3.7	4.8
Other marital status	15.6	27.7	10.5	13.3	7.2	12.5	9.4	l ii.i	7.0

Table 11: Unemployed persons looking for full- or part-time work, by age and sex  $$\operatorname{\mathtt{3rd}}$  Quarter Averages

Age and sex		ing for full-time ousands of perso			ng for part-time usands of perso		Looking for part-time work as a percent of unemployed in each group			
	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964	
Total	2,277	2,647	2,944	630	598	651	21.7	18.4	18.1	
Male	1,213 311	1,481 340	1,706 336	281 202	311 237	317 225	18.8 39.4	17.4 41.1	15.7 40.1	
Going to school	4 309 165	10 331 242	17 320 338	78 124 21	86 152 22	60 165 21	(1) 28.6 11.3	(1) 31.5 8.3	(1) 34.0 5.8	
20 to 24 years	559 179	666	338 767 265	15 43	20 32	27 44	2.6 19.4	2.9 12.1	3.4 14.2	
Female	1,064 320	1,166 299	1,238 282	349 151	287 111	33 <sup>1</sup> 4 127	24.7 32.1	19.8 27.1	21.2 31.1	
Major activity: Going to school	2 319 204	5 294 218	284 237	41 110 34	36 74 31	37 91 36	(1) 25.6 14.3	(1) 20.1 12.4	(1) 24.2 13.2	
25 to 54 years	466 73	563 86	62 <u>3</u> 97	133 32	119	129 42	22.2 30.5	17.4 23.2	17.2 30.2	

<sup>1/</sup> Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000.

Table 12: Total labor force, by age and sex
3rd Quarter Averages

Age and sex	Thous	ands of pe	ersons	Labor force participation rate					
	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964			
Total	81,764	79,785	78,111	59.0	58.5	58.1			
fale	53,651	52,926	52,241	79.9	80.0	80.1			
14 to 19 years	5,892	5,541	5,116	54.5	53.4	51.6			
14 and 15 years	1,007	1,021	934	27.5	28.7	26.6			
16 and 17 years	2,013	1,949	1,895	57.2	55.3	52.5			
18 and 19 years	2,872	2,571	2,287	79.1	78.2	81.6			
20 to 24 years	6,350	6,167	5,964	90.7	91.0	91.7			
25 to 34 years	10,786	10,686	10,681	97.6	97.8	97.9			
35 to 44 years	11,373	11,487	11,548	97.2	97.4	97.3			
45 to 54 years	10,219	10,130	10,027	95.4	95.5	95.5			
55 to 64 years	6,882	6,750	6,750	84.8	84.4	85.5			
55 to 59 years	3,983	3,930	3,912	89.9	90.2	90.9			
60 to 64 years	2,899	2,820	2,838	78.6	77.4	79.1			
65 years and over	2,149	2,165	2,154	27.8	28.3	28.4			
emale	28,113	26,861	25,869	39.3	38.2	37.4			
14 to 19 years	3,930	3,410	3,121	37.2	33.7	32.2			
14 and 15 years	595	516	482	16.7	14.9	14.1			
16 and 17 years	1,285	1,147	1,150	37.4	33.4	32.6			
18 and 19 years	2,049	1,747	1,489	57.5	54.0	53.7			
20 to 24 years	3,591	3,421	3,246	51.3	50.4	49.6			
25 to 34 years	4,413	4,221	4,076	38.9	37.6	36.3			
35 to 44 years	5,684	5,656	5,508	46.3	45.6	44.1			
45 to 54 years	5,851	5,675	5,620	51.3	50.5	50.7			
55 to 64 years	3,733	3,530	3,370	41.8	40.3	39.2			
55 to 59 years	2,300		2,089	47.9	46.7	45.3			
60 to 64 years	1,433		1,281	34.7	33.0	32.2			
65 years and over	912	945	927	9.1	9.6	9.7			

Table 13: Employed persons, by age and sex
3rd Quarter Averages
(In thousands)

		(In thou	sands)			
Age and sex		Male			Female	
	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964
All industries	49,011	48,461	47,504	26,666	25,377	24,268
14 to 19 years	4,919	4,569	4,053	3,451		2,707
20 to 24 years	4,817	4,828	4,653	3,341		2,964
25 to 34 years	9,760	9,676	9,650	4,190		3,801
35 to 44 years	10,772	10,907	10,888	5,458		5,239
45 to 54 years	9,939	9,832	9,670	5,685		5,398
55 to 64 years	6,724	6,548	6,516	3,652		3,260
65 years and over	2,080	2,098	2,075	887	922	899
Nonagricultural		l				
industries		44,380	43,163	25,664		23,125
14 to 19 years	4,208	3,782	3,213	3,263		2,510
20 to 24 years	4,584		4,316	3,286		2,890
25 to 34 years	9,351	9,213	9,151	4,032		3,631
35 to 44 years	10,222	10,277	10,177	5,275		5,030
45 to 54 years	9,216	9,057	8,902	5,465		5,143
55 to 64 years	6,085		5,824	3,500		3,103
65 years and over	1,652	1,638	1,581	844	852	819
				1	[	[
Agriculture	3,695	4,080	4,341	1,002	1,099	1,143
14 to 19 years	711	788	840	189		197
20 to 24 years	233		337	55		74
25 to 34 years	408	465	499	157		171
35 to 44 years	550	631	711	184		209
45 to 54 years	723	775	768	222		255
55 to 64 years	640	686	692	153		156
65 years and over	429	461	493	43	70	80
			1		l	}

Table 14: Employed persons, by class of worker and occupation

3rd Quarter Averages

<u></u>			(In thousan	ds)					
		Total			Male			Female	
Characteristics	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964
CLASS OF WORKER									
Total	75,677	73,837	71,771	49,011	48,461	47,504	26,666	25,377	24,268
Nonagricultural industries	70,981	68,658	66,288	45,316	44,380	43,163	25,665	24,277	23,125
Wage and salary workers	64,224	61,901	59,506	40,566	39,543	38,222	23,658	22,358	21,284
Private household workers	2,583	2,647	2,666	396	435	422	2,187	2,211	2,245
Government workers	10,103	9,485	8,889	5,974	5,763	5,434	4,128	3,722	3,455
Other wage and salary workers	51,538	49,769	47,951	34,196	33,345	32,366	17,343	16,425	15,584
Self-employed workers	6,106	6,143	6,186	4,656	4,753	4,845	1,450	1,390	1,340
Unpaid family workers	651	614	597	94	84	96	557	530	501
Agriculture	4,696	5,180	5,483	3,695	4,080	4,341	1,001	1,099	1,143
Wage and salary workers	1,676	1,823	1,969	1,318	1,462	1,579	358	360	390
Self-employed workers	2,189	2,392	2,495	2,056	2,245	2,337	134	147	159
Unpaid family workers	831	965	1,018	321	373	425	509	592	594
OCCUPATION								_	
Total	75,677	73,837	71,771	49,011	48,461	47,504	26,666	25,377	24,268
White-collar workers	33,390	31,986	30,825	18,451	18,014	17,705	14,940	13,973	13,121
Professional and technical	9,048	8,599	8,123	5,798	5,559	5,305	3,251	3,039	2,819
Managers, officials, and proprietors	7,551	7,364	7,432	6,344	6,239	6,319	1,207	1,126	1,113
Clerical workers	12,080	11,310	10,773	3,458	3,389	3,325	8,622	7,921	7,448
Sales workers	4,711	4,713	4,497	2,851	2,827	2,756	1,860	1,887	1,741
Blue-collar workers	28,187	27,493	26,485	23,695	23,288	22,432	4,492	4,204	4,053
Craftsmen and foremen	10,028	9,638	9,356	9,747	9,363	9,115	281	275	241
Operatives	13,995	13,596	13,196	9,906	9,782	9,476	4,089	3,813	3,720
Nonfarm laborers	4,164	4,259	3,933	4,042	4,143	3,841	122	116	92
Service workers	9,797	9,544	9,328	3,493	3,376	3,323	6,303	6,168	6,006
Private household workers	2,244	2,243	2,258	59	58	66	2,184	2,185	2,193
Other service workers	7,553	7,301	7,070	3,434	3,318	3,257	4,119	3,983	3,813
Farm workers	4,305	4,816	5,133	3,375	3,783	4,043	931	1,033	1,090
Farmers and farm managers	2,095	2,311	2,444	1,970	2,173	2,294	126	138	150
Farm laborers and foremen	2,210	2,505	2,689	1,405	1,610	1,749	805	895	940
				] =,					

# Table 15: Employed persons, by hours worked 3rd Quarter Averages

(In thousands)

		All industrie	s	Nona	gricultural ind	ıstries	Agriculture			
Hours worked	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964	1966	1965	1964	
Total	75,677	73,837	71,771	70,980	68,658	66,288	4,697	5,180	5,483	
With a job but not at work  At work  1-34 hours  1-4 hours  5-14 hours  35 hours or more  35-40 hours  41 hours and over  Average hours, total at work	6,256 69,421 12,664 807 2,957 8,901 56,758 32,819 23,939 41,2	6,250 67,587 12,221 885 2,973 8,360 55,366 31,693 23,673 41.2	6,194 65,577 17,871 855 2,989 14,026 47,707 26,943 20,764 40.0	6,126 64,855 11,317 743 2,620 7,953 53,539 32,086 21,453 40,7	6,106 62,552 10,782 808 2,639 7,332 51,770 30,868 20,902 40,8	6,034 60,254 16,307 782 2,659 12,866 43,949 26,137 17,812 39,3	130 4,566 1,348 63 338 948 3,219 733 2,486 47.2	144 5,035 1,441 77 335 1,029 3,593 824 2,769 47.1	160 5,323 1,565 74 331 1,161 3,758 807 2,951 47.0	

Table 16: Employed persons, by full- or part-time status
3rd Quarter Averages

(In thousands) All industries Nonagricultural industries Full- or part-time status 1966 1965 1964 1966 1965 1964 70,980 73,837 75,677 71.771 68,658 66,288 6,250 67,587 57,621 55,366 6,106 62,552 53,796 51,776 6,256 6,194 6,126 6,034 65,577 55,856 69,421 59,320 64,855 55,884 60,254 51,826 43,949 35 hours or more...... 56,758 47,707 53,539 2,562 363 28 2,255 282 2,345 240 8,149 2,026 332 177 243 17 43 17 520 688 Vacation ..... 508 672 617 494 587 576 640 541 5,894 638 5,923 241 241 750 715 684 704 660 595 2,454 1,057 23.4 2,660 1,114 On part time for economic reasons..... 2,218 1,015 23.0 2,120 894 23.7 1,922 869 2,273 916 22.2 21.9 23.3 1,226 1,357 1,203 17.6 1,397 1,546 1,053 Average hours..... **17.**5 On part time for noneconomic reasons, usually 7,883 7,512 7,062 7,048 6,632 6,155

Table 17: Employed persons with a job, but not at work, by reason not working and pay status
3rd Quarter Averages

(In thousands) Nonagricultural industries Wage and salary workers All industries Reason not working Total Percent paid 1966 1965 1964 1966 1965 1964 1966 1965 1964 1966 1965 1964 6,256 6,250 6,194 5,707 6,126 6,106 6,034 5,678 5,592 64.6 66.5 65.3 22 29 18 (1) 15 (1) 89 49 29 89 89 49 49 4,418 29 4,464 977 4,298 917 ,404 4,255 ,213 4,199 75.8 78.7 4,036 786 78.2 901 717 927 799 835 37.4 36.0 36.3 593 All other reasons..... 742 737 922 584 695 862 32.0 29.3 29.3

1/Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000.

Table 18: Summary employment and unemployment estimates, by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

Quarterly Averages

(In thousands)

		1966			19	965			1	964		19	263
Employment status	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd
TOTAL													
Total labor force	80,375	79,724	79,413	78,973	78,515	78,103	77,693	77,243	76,995	77,127	76,521	76,141	75,854
Civilian labor force	77,194	76,673	76,483	76,175	75,812	75,420	74,989	74,512		74,381		73,400	73,107
Employed	74,192		73,557		72,434	71,863	71,354	70,773	70,477	70,449	69,764	69,255	69,030
Agriculture	4,117		4,411	4,437		4,763				4,779	4,793	4,925	4,907
Nonagricultural industries	70,075		69,146		67,891		66,777			65,670	64,971	64,330	64,123
On full-time schedules 1	57,147		55,882		55,006		54,146	53,212	53,010	52,746	52,495	51,897	51,507
On part-time for economic reasons!	1,776	1,727		1,795		1,919			2,100		2,178		2,344
Usually work full time	888	885		810		912			939		1,019		1,120
Usually work part time	889	842		985		1,007		1,096	1,161		1,159		1,223
On voluntary part-time schedules 1	8,249	7,982		7,943		7,510		7,284	7,241		7,100		6,896
Unemployed	3,002	2,998	2,926	3,203	3,378	3,557	3,635	3,739	3,774	3,932	4,026	4,145	4,077
MEN, 20 YEARS AND OVER							ļ				]		
Civilian labor force	44,748	44.759	44,811	44.618	44,809	44.966	44,934	44 688	44 664	44,595	44 434	44,296	44,290
Employed	43,620		43,649		43,410		43,371			42,877		42,381	42,427
Agriculture	2,864		2,969		3,160		3,210		3,360			3,395	3,397
Nonagricultural industries	40,755		40,681		40,250		40,161			39,576		38,986	39,030
Unemployed	1,128		1,162	1,237		1,493			1,685		1,810		1,863
WOMEN, 20 YEARS AND OVER				İ			ļ		[			ļ	
Civilian labor force	24,575	24, 103	24,020	23.956	23,805	23.557	23 454	23,228	23 065	23,224	22 894	22,758	22,495
Employed	23,645		23,139		22,773		22,345			22,011		21,515	21,265
Agriculture	656	681		734		780		758	762		756		787
Nonagricultural industries	22,989	22,499	22,389		22.041		21,592			21,250		20,700	20,478
Unemployed	930	923		994		1,082			1,151		1,271		1,230
BOTH SEXES, 14-19 YEARS						-							
Civilian labor force	7,872	7,812	7,652	7,601	7,199	6,897	6,601	6,596	6,522	6,562	6,462	6 344	6,322
Employed	6,927	6,832		6,630		5,915		5,630	5,584		5,517		5,338
Agriculture	597	666		670		700		663	702		748	714	723
Nonagricultural industries	6,330	6,166		5,960		5,215			4.882		4,769		4,615
Unemployed	944	979	884	971	948	982			938		945	988	984

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>These categories will not add to the nonagricultural industries total because of the exclusion of persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey week.

Table 19: Seasonally adjusted rates of unemployment Quarterly Averages

Selected unemployment rates		1966		<b>!</b>	1.	965			1	964		1	963
	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd
Total (all civilian workers)	3.9	3.9	3.8	4.2	4.5	4.7	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.5	5.6	5.6
Men, 20 years and over	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.2
20-24 years	4.2	4.7	4.5	5.4	5.9	7.0	6.8	7.9	8.2	7.9	8.5	8.5	9.0
25 years and over	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.7
Women, 20 years and over	3.8	3.8	3.7	4.1	4.3	4.6	4.7	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.6	5.5	5.5
Both sexes, 14-19 years	12.0	12.5	11.6	12.8	13.2	14.2	14.6	14.6	14.4	15.3	14.6	15.6	15.6
White workers	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.9	5.0	4.9
Nonwhite workers	8.0	7.5	7.1	7.8	8.2	8.1	8.9	9.3	10.0	9.9	9.8	11.1	10.6
Married men	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.1
Full-time workers 1	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.8	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.5	5.3
Blue-collar workers	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.6	5.2	5.6	5.5	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.7	7.1	6.9
Experienced wage and salary workers	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.8	4.1	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.9	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.4
Labor force time lost	4.4	4.4	4.1	4.5	5.0	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.7	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Adjusted by provisional seasonal factors.

Table 20: Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted Quarterly Averages (In thousands)

Duration of unemployment		1966			19	965			19	964		19	63
Duracion of wiemployment	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd
ess than 5 weeks	1,667	1,743	1,535	1,571	1,739	1,812	1,737	1,730	1.736	1.849	1.830	1.864	1,79
to I4 weeks	882	780	749	921	939	1,030	1.026	1.075	1.114	1,134	1,132	1,216	1,2
weeks and over	462	538	609	667	710	769	837	909	942	980	1,040	1,053	1,0
15-26 weeks		285	329	346	379	413	446	466	452	493	537	531	5
27 weeks and over	206	253	280	321	331	356	391	443	490	487	503	522	53
weeks and over as a percent of				1		1		· ·	'	-			•
ivilian labor force	.6	•7	.8	.9	.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1

# HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

Table 21: Rates of unemployment by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

Quarterly Averages

41		1966		Ĺ	1	965		<u>L</u>	1	964		1	L963
Age and sex	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd	2nd	1st	4th	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd
Total, 14 years and over	3.9	3.9	3.8	4.2	4.5	4.7	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.5	5.6	5.6
14 to 17 years	12.6	13.2	12.5	13.6	13.4	13.9	14.7	14.1	14.1	15.3	14.9	15.9	15.2
14 and 15 years	8,2	7.8	7.7	9.4	6.9	7.4	7.6	77	8.0	7.9	8.6	9.1	7.9
16 and 17 years	14.7	15.9	14.8	15.7	16.6	16.8	18.0	17.2	16.9	18.9	17.9	19.1	19.0
18 years and over	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.6	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.1
18 and 19 years	11.4	12.0	10.7	12.1	12.8	15.0	14.4	15.2	14.6	15.4	14.5	15.3	15.7
20 to 24 years	5.1	5.5	5.2	6.0	6.3	7.2	7.2	7.9	8.1	8.4	8.8	8.9	9.1
25 years and over	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.1
25 to 54 years	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.2
55 years and over	2.7	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.8	3.8	4.2	4.1	3.8
ales, 18 years and over	2.9	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.5	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.7	4.6
18 and 19 years	10.1	10.9	9.6	10.5	12.1	14.4	12.7	14.6	15.0	15.1	14.4	15.2	15.7
20 to 24 years	4.2	4.7	4.5	5.4	5.9	7.0	6.8	7.9	8.2	7.9	8.5	8.5	9.0
25 years and over	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.7
25 to 54 years	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.7	3.6
55 years and over	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.5	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.2	4.0
emales, 18 years and over	4.4	4.5	4.2	4.8	4.9	5.3	5.4	5.6	5.5	5.8	6.1	6.0	6.1
18 and 19 years	12.8	13.3	11.9	14.0	13.7	15.9	16.6	16.4	14.2	15.7	14.7	15.4	15.8
20 to 24 years	6.3	6.5	6.2	6.8	6.9	7.6	7.8	7.9	8.0	9.2	9.3	9.5	9.2
25 years and over	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.6	5.0	4.8	4.9
25 to 54 years	3.7	3.6	3.5	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.6	4.8	4.9	4.9	5.2	5.1	5.4
55 years and over	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.5	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.4	4.1	3.8	3.5

Table 22: Employed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

Quarterly Averages

(In thousands)

			(In t	nousands)								
	1966			19	965			19	964		1	963
3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd	2nd	1st	4th	3rd
74,192	73,676	73,557	72,972	72,434	71,863	71,354	70,773	70,477	70,449	69,764	69,255	69,030
3,403	3,386					2,977				3,043	2,857	
2,259	2,198					1,939				1,986	1,847	
										66,693		66,258
		58,922	58,648			58,124				57,166		56,860
1						29,950				29,548		29,461
29,041	28,700	28,644	28,456	28,396	28,339	28,216	28,021	27,880	27,925	27,656	27,514	27,344
45,504	45,528	45,476	45,170	45,114	45,023	44,865	44,488	44,356	44,167	43,912	43,744	43,798
										1,324		1,347
						18,377				18,047		18,012
25,249	24,746	24,633	24,436	24,179	23,728	23,523	23,293	23,099	23,116	22,781	22,665	22,460
						1,184				1,160	1,154	
1												
10,414	10,169	10,140	10,068	10,031	9,917	9,839	9,/61	9,729	9,773	9,609	9,518	9,332
	3,403 1,144 2,259 70,753 3,492 7,931 59,330 30,180 29,041 45,504 1,888 4,588 39,028 20,366 18,627 25,249 1,604 3,343 20,302 9,814	3rd 2nd  74,192 73,676  3,403 3,386 1,144 1,188 2,259 2,198  70,753 70,274 3,492 3,418 7,931 8,002 59,330 58,854 30,180 30,157 29,041 28,700  45,504 45,528  1,888 1,851 4,588 4,609 39,028 39,068 20,366 20,529 18,627 18,531  25,249 24,746  1,604 1,567 3,343 3,393	3rd 2nd 1st  74,192 73,676 73,557  3,403 3,386 3,441 1,144 1,188 1,195 2,259 2,198 2,246  70,753 70,274 70,109 3,492 3,418 3,388 7,931 8,002 7,799 59,330 58,854 58,922 30,180 30,157 30,345 29,041 28,700 28,644  45,504 45,528 45,476  1,888 1,851 1,874 4,588 4,609 4,565 39,028 39,086 39,037 20,366 20,529 20,580 18,627 18,531 18,504  25,249 24,746 24,633  1,604 1,567 3,514 3,343 3,393 3,234 20,302 19,786 19,885 9,814 9,628 9,765	1966   3rd   2nd   1st   4th   74,192   73,676   73,557   72,972   3,403   3,386   3,441   3,399   1,144   1,188   1,195   1,173   2,259   2,198   2,246   2,226   70,753   70,274   70,109   69,606   3,492   3,418   3,388   3,238   7,931   8,002   7,799   7,720   59,330   58,854   58,922   56,648   30,180   30,157   30,345   30,166   29,041   28,700   28,644   28,456   45,504   45,528   45,476   45,170   1,888   1,851   1,874   1,769   4,588   4,609   4,565   4,527   39,028   39,086   39,037   38,874   20,366   20,529   20,580   20,466   18,627   18,531   18,504   18,388   25,249   24,746   24,633   24,436   1,604   1,567   1,514   1,469   3,343   3,393   3,234   3,193   20,302   19,786   19,885   19,774   9,814   9,628   9,765   9,700	3rd         2nd         1st         4th         3rd           74,192         73,676         73,557         72,972         72,434           3,403         3,386         3,441         3,399         3,200           1,144         1,188         1,195         1,173         1,109           2,259         2,198         2,246         2,226         2,091           70,753         70,274         70,109         69,606         69,293           3,492         3,418         3,388         3,238         3,035           7,931         8,002         7,799         7,720         7,833           59,330         58,854         58,922         58,648         58,425           30,180         30,157         30,345         30,166         29,954           29,041         28,700         28,644         28,456         28,396           45,504         45,528         45,476         45,170         45,114           1,888         1,851         1,874         1,769         1,677           4,588         4,609         4,565         4,527         4,627           39,028         39,088         39,037         38,874         38,810	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966

NOTE: Due to the independent seasonal adjustment of several of the series, detail will not necessarily add to totals.

# HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUARTERLY AVERAGES

Table 23: Employment status by color, sex, and age, seasonally adjusted

Quarterly Averages, in thousands

Characteristics		1966			1	965			1	964		1	963
Characteristics	3rd	2nd	lst .	4th	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd
WHITE													
Civilian labor force	68,359	68,062	68,000	67,685	67,226	67.013	66,717	66,160	65,891	66.081	65,602	65,244	64,917
Men, 20 years and over	40,220			40,174	40,343		40,496		40,223		40,043		39,869
Women, 20 years and over	21,214	20,807	20,754	20,676	20,509	20,386	20,296	20,013	19,891	20,087	19,823	19,692	19,428
Both sexes, 14-19 years	6,925	6,936	6,880	6,835	6,374	6,111	5,925	5,890	5,777	5,813	5,736	5,631	5,620
Employed	66,058	65,692	65,689	65,145	64,559	64,125	63,832	63,190	62,954	62,957	62,386	61,999	61,710
Men, 20 years and over	39,321	39,433	39,418	39,157	39,215	39,273	39,244	38,941	38,871	38,798	38,594	38,402	38,385
Women, 20 years and over	20,519	20,093	20,070	19,910	19,722	19,545	19,431	19,152	19,028	19,155	18,836		18,482
Both sexes, 14-19 years	6,218	6,167	6,200	6,079	5,622	5,307	5,156	5,097	5,055	5,004	4,956	4,854	4,843
Unemployed	2,301	2,369	2,311	2,540	2,668	2,888	2,886	2,970		3,125			3,208
Men, 20 years and over	899	886	947	1,017	1,128	1,243		1,315	1,353	1,384	1,449		1,485
Women, 20 years and over	695	715	684	766	788	840		861	863	932	987	949	946
Both sexes, 14-19 years	707	769	680	757	752	805		794	722	809			777
Unemployment rate	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.8	4.0	4.3		4.5	4.5	4.7	4.9	5.0	4.9
Men, 20 years and over	2.2	2,2	2.3	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.7
Women, 20 years and over	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.7	3.8	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.6	5.0	4.8	4.9
Both sexes, 14-19 years	10.2	11.1	9.9	11.1	11.8	13.2	13.0	13.5	12.5	13.9	13.6	13.8	13.8
NONWHITE					j								
Civilian labor force	8,641	8,539	8,656	8,539	8,463	8,371	8,391	8,381	8,271	8,284	8,229	8,168	8,120
Men, 20 years and over	4,477	4,421	4,489	4,461	4,426	4,450	4,469	4,445	4,404	4,431	4,416	4,374	4,377
Women, 20 years and over	3,284	3,288	3,302	3,267	3,243	3,178	3,182	3,198	3,137	3,133	3,080	3,077	3,038
Both sexes, 14-19 years	880	830	864	811	794	743	740	738	730	720	732	717	705
Employed	7,954	7,896	8,042	7,872	7,765	7,690	7,642	7,602	7,446	7,467	7,420	7,264	7,261
Men, 20 years and over	4,256	4,207	4,275	4,242	4,164	4,193	4,156	4,125	4,081	4,089	4,054	3,978	4,008
Women, 20 years and over	3,044	3,081	3,108	3,039	2,996	2,937	2,940	2,922	2,842	2,854	2,800	2,782	2,747
Both sexes, 14-19 years	653	608	659	591	605	560	546	555	523	524	567	504	506
Unemployed	687	643	614	667	698	681	749	779	825	817	808	904	859
Men, 20 years and over	221	214	214	219	262	257	312	320		342		397	369
Women, 20 years and over			194	227	247	241		276		279		295	291
Both sexes, 14-19 years	227		206	220	189	182		183	207	196		213	199
Unemployment rate	8.0		7.1	7.8	8.2	8.1		9.3		9.9		11.1	10.6
Men, 20 years and over			4.8	4.9	5.9	5.8		7.2	7.3	7.7		9.1	8.4
Women, 20 years and over	1		5.9	6.9	7.6	7.6		8.6		8.9		9.6	9.6
Both sexes, 14-19 years	25.8	26.7	23.8	27.1	23.8	24.5	26.4	24.8	28.4	27.2	22.7	29.7	28.2

Table 24: Total employment and unemployment rates, by occupation, seasonally adjusted

Quarterly Averages, in thousands

Characteristics		1966			19	65				64			963
Characteristics	3rd	2nd	1st	4th	3rd	2nd	lst	4th	3rd	2nd	1st	4th	3rd
EMPLOYED (In thousands)													ļ
White-collar workers		33,078	32,515	32,378	32,399	32,111	31,591	31,423	31,143	31,035	30,870	30,565	30,246
Professional and technical	9,482	9,265	8,949	8,911	9,010	8,828	8,790	8,738	8,509	8,511	8,428	8,388	8,283
Managers, officials and proprietors	7,587	7,413	7,216	7,121	7,398	7,549	7,279	7,398	7,477	7,476	7,457	7,431	7,292
Clerical workers		11,650	11,494	11,529	11,187	11,029	10,906	10,725	10,663	10,665	10,613	10,403	10,325
Sales workers	4.713	4,750	4,856	4,816	4,804	4,705	4,617	4,563	4,495	4,382	4,372	4,344	4,347
Blue-collar workers	27.165	27,175	27,271	26,835	26,483	26,182	26,407	25,770	25,529	25,535	25,316	25,238	25,111
Craftsmen and foremen	9,679		9,459	9,427	9,303	8,976	9,194	9,074	9,040	8,890	8,934	9,026	8,969
Operatives	13.752	13,941	13,993	13,577	13,360	13,368	13,264	13,056	12,962	12,928	12,755	12,604	12,589
Nonfarm laborers	3,734		3,818	3,831	3,820	3,838	3,949	3,640	3,527	3,716	3,628	3,609	3,554
Service workers		9,474	9,619	9,642	9,480	9,116	9,139	9,225	9,277	9,427	9,097	8,957	9,060
Farmers and farm laborers	3,777	3,950	4,073	4,110	4,218	4,431	4,318	4,388	4,500	4,430	4,479	4,577	4,579
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE							1						
Whire-collar workers	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.8
Professional and technical		1.2	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Managers, officials and proprietors		1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.6
Clerical workers	3.0	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.4	3,6	3.5	3.3	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.1
Sales workers	2.6	3.1	2.7	3.4	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.4	3.0	3.9	3.3	3.9	4.0
Blue-collar workers	4.4		4.1	4.6	5.2	5.6	5.5	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.7	7.1	6.9
Craftsmen and foremen	2.7	2.7	3.0	2.8	3.6	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.3		4.3
Operatives			4.2		5.4	5.9	5.5	6.1	6.4	6.5	7.0		7.2
Nonfarm laborers	7.8		6.7		8.1	8.0		9.9	10.7		11.2		11.9
Service workers	4.4		4.4		5.0	5.3	5.7	5.5	5.7		6.1		6.1
Farmers and farm laborers	2.0	7.0	2.0		2.6	2.4		3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1		3.3

# Technical Note

Additional information concerning the preparation of the labor force, employment, hours and earnings, and labor turnover series—concepts and scope, survey methods, and limitations—is contained in technical notes for each of these series, available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics free of charge. Order blank follows Technical Note.

#### INTRODUCTION

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from three major sources: (1) household interviews, (2) payroll reports from employers; and (3) administrative statistics of unemployment insurance systems.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, color, marital status, occupations, hours of work, and duration of unemployment. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 35,000 households, representing 357 areas in 701 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment payroll records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The payroll survey provides detailed industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly and weekly earnings, and labor turnover for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The figures are based on payroll reports from a sample of establishments employing about 25 million nonfarm wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full- or part-time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th of the month.

Data based on administrative records of unemployment insurance systems furnish a complete count of insured unemployment among the two-thirds of the Nation's labor force covered by unemployment insurance programs. Weekly reports, by State, are issued on the number of initial claims, the volume and rate of insured unemployment under State unemployment insurance programs, and the volume under programs of unemployment compensation for Federal employees, exservicemen, and for railroad workers. These statistics are published by the Bureau of Employment Security, U.S. Department of Labor in "Unemployment Insurance Claims,"

### Relation between the household and payroll series

The household and payroll data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definition and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on levels and trends of the two series are as follows:

#### Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, and unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises. Employment in both farm and nonfarm industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household approach provides information on the work status of the population without duplication since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once, and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment records, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all persons who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week--that is, were not working or looking for work but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers

for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

#### Hours of Work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

# Comparability of the household interview data with other series

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, regardless of whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (agriculture, State and local government, domestic service, self-employed, unpaid family work, nonprofit organizations, and firms below a minimum size).

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation, but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage

are the inclusion of persons under 14 in the Statistical Research Service (SRS) series and the treatment of dual jobholders who are counted more than once if they worked on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of impact on differences in level and trend of the two series.

# Comparability of the payroll employment data with other series

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses or annual sample surveys of manufacturing establishments and the censuses of business establishments. The major reasons for some noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes contract construction, professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns, published jointly by the U.S. Departments of Commerce and Health, Education, and Welfare, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Not all nonfarm wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. All workers in certain activities, such as interstate railroads, are excluded. In addition, small firms in covered industries are also excluded in 32 States. In general, these are establishments with less than four employees.

# Labor Force Data

#### COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other economic characteristics of employed and unemployed persons, and related labor force data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in "Concepts and Methods Used in Household Statistics on Employment and Unemployment from the

Current Population Survey'' (BLS Report 279). This report is available from BLS on request.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted with a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population 14 years and over. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 14 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week,

Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week, Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 14 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this report. Data on members of the Armed Forces, who are included as part of the categories "total noninstitutional population" and "total labor force," are obtained from the Department of Defense.

Each month, 35,000 occupied units are designated for interview. About 1,500 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not found at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of about 4 percent. In addition to the 35,000 occupied units there are 5,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not to be enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year ago.

#### **CONCEPTS**

Employed persons comprise (a) all those who during the survey week did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business profession, or on farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, and (b) all those who were not working or looking for work but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labormanagement dispute, or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries, temporarily in the United States, who are not living on the premises of an Embassy.

Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (such as own home housework, and painting or repairing own home) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons comprise all persons who did not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work, regardless of whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Also included as unemployed are those who did not work at all and (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (b) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days (and were not in school

during the survey week); or (c) would have been looking for work except that they were temporarily ill or believed no work was available in their line of work or in the community.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work or would have been looking for work except for temporary illness, or belief that no work was available in their line of work or in the community. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Average duration is an arithmetic mean computed from a distribution by single weeks of unemployment.

The civilian labor force comprises the total of all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "total labor force" also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed either in the United States or abroad.

The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, marital status, color, etc.

Not in labor force includes all civilians 14 years and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as "engaged in own home housework," "in school," "unable to work" because of long-term physical or mental illness, and "other," The "other" group includes for the most part retired persons, those reported as too old to work, the voluntarily idle, and seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an "off" season and who were not reported as unemployed. Persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the labor force.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their latest full-time civilian job lasting 2 weeks or more. The occupation and industry groups used in data derived from the CPS household interviews are defined as in the 1960 Census of Population. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies "wage and salary workers," subdivided into private and government workers, "self-employed workers," and "unpaid family workers." Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a governmental unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their

own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, a person who normally works 40 hours a week but who was off on the Veterans Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though he was paid for the holiday.

For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week. However, all the hours are credited to the major job.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more in the survey week are designated as working "full time"; persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working "part time." Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full time or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or other reasons), "Economic reasons" include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of job during the week, and inability to find full-time work, "Other reasons" include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home housework, school, no desire for full-time work and full-time worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1-34 hours for noneconomic reasons but usually work full time.

Full- and part-time labor force. The full-time labor force consists of persons working on full-time schedules, persons involuntarily working part time (because full-time work is not available) and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The part-time labor force consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Persons with a job but not at work during the survey week are distributed proportionately between the full-time and voluntary part-time employment categories.

Labor force time lost is a measure of man-hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available man-hours. It is computed by assuming: (1) that unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) that those looking for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers during the survey week, and (3) that persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

Under the estimation methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. There are no subsequent adjustments to independent benchmark data on labor force, employment, or unemployment. Therefore, revisions of the historical data are not an inherent feature of this statistical program.

- 1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability for other reasons. This adjustment is made separately by groups of sample areas and, within these, for six groups—color (white and nonwhite) within the three residence categories (urban, rural nonfarm, and rural farm). The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 4 to 6 percent depending on weather, vacations, etc.
- 2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the Nation as a whole, in such characteristics as age, color, sex, and residence. Since these population characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the latter estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
- a. First-stage ratio estimate. This is the procedure in which the sample proportions are weighted by the known 1960 Census data on the color-residence distribution of the population. This step takes into account the differences existing at the time of the 1960 Census between the color-residence distribution for the Nation and for the sample areas.
- b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this step, the sample proportions are weighted by independent current estimates of the population by age, sex, and color. These estimates are prepared by carrying forward the most recent census data (1960) to take account of subsequent aging of the population, mortality, and migration between the United States and other countries.
- 3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75 percent) as well as the sample results for the current month. This procedure reduces the sampling variability especially of month-to-month changes but also of the levels for most items.

#### Reliability of the Estimates

Since the estimates are based on a sample, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures.

The standard error is a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variations that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population is surveyed. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

Table A shows the average standard error for the major employment status categories, by sex, computed from data for past months. Estimates of change derived from the survey are also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of change for consecutive months is also shown in table A. The standard errors of level shown in table A are acceptable approximations of the standard errors of year to year change.

Table A. Average standard error of major employment status categories

#### (In thousands)

	Average stand	ard error of
Employment status and sex	Monthly level	Month- to-month change (consecutive months only)
BOTH SEXES		
Labor force and total employment	250 200 300 100	180 120 180 100
MALE	,	
Labor force and total employment	120 180 200 75	90 90 120 90
FEMALE		
Labor force and total employment	180 75 180 65	150 55 120 65

The figures presented in table B are to be used for other characteristics and are approximations of the standard errors of all such characteristics. They should be interpreted as providing an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard errors rather than as the precise standard error for any specific item.

The standard error of the change in an item from one month to the next month is more closely related to the standard error of the monthly level for that item than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the approximations to the standard errors of month-to-month changes as presented in table C, it is first necessary to obtain the standard error of the monthly level of the item in table B, and then find the standard error of the month-to-month change in table C corresponding to this standard error of level. It should be noted that table C applies to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. For changes between the current month and the same month last year, the standard errors of level shown in table B are acceptable approximations.

Table B. Standard error of level of monthly estimates

#### (In thousands)

	Both a	sexes	Mal	le	Female		
Size of estimate	Total or white	Non- white	Total or white	Non- white	Total or white	Non- white	
••	_	_	_		_	_	
10	5	5	7	5	5	5	
50	11	10	14	10	10	10	
100	15	14	20	14	14	14	
250	24	21	31	21	22	21	
500	34	30	43	30	31	30	
1,000	48	40	60	40	45	40	
2,500	75	50	90	50	70	50	
5,000	100	50	110	l 1	100	l	
10,000	140		140		130	1	
20,000	180		150		170		
30,000	210		- • •				
40,000	220		•••	•••	•••	•••	
40,000	220		•••	•••	• • •		

Illustration: Assume that the tables showed the total number of persons working a specific number of hours as 15,000,000, an increase of 500,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the first column of table B shows that the standard error of 15,000,000 is about 160,000. Consequently, the chances are about 68 out of 100 that the sample estimate differs by less than 160,000 from the figure which would have been obtained from a complete count of the number of persons working the given number of hours. Using the 160,000 as the standard

error of the monthly level in table C, it may be seen that the standard error of the 500,000 increase is about 135,000.

Table C. Standard error of estimates of month-to-month change

(In thousands)

-		or of month- h change
Standard error of monthly level	Estimates relating to agricultural employment	All esti- mates ex- cept those relating to agricultural employment
1.0	1.4	10
10	14	12
25	35	26
50	70	48
100	100	90
150	110	130
200	250	160
250		190
300	•••	220

The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which the percentage is based. Where the numerator is a subclass of the denominator, estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding absolute estimates of the numerator of the percentage, particularly if the percentage is large (50 percent or greater). Table D shows the standard errors for percentages derived from the survey. Linear interpolation may be used for percentages and base figures not shown in table D.

Table D. Standard error of percentage

Base of percent-			Es	timat	ed pe	rcent	age		
ages (thou- sands)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	20 or 80	25 or 75	35 or 65	50
150	1.0 .8 .6 .4 .3 .2 .2 .1 .1	1.4 1.1 .8 .5 .4 .3 .2 .2 .1	2.2 1.7 1.2 .9 .6 .5 .4 .3 .2 .1	3.0 2.3 1.7 1.2 .8 .7 .5 .4 .2 .2	3.5 2.8 2.0 1.4 1.0 .8 .6 .4 .3 .2 .2	4.0 3.1 2.2 1.6 1.1 .9 .7 .5 .3 .2 .2	4.2 3.4 2.4 1.7 1.2 1.0 .8 .5 .3 .2 .2	4.7 3.7 2.6 1.9 1.3 1.1 .8 .6 .4	4.9 3.9 2.8 1.9 1.4 1.1 .9 .6 .4 .3 .2

# Establishment Data

#### COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover in nonfarm establishments, by industry and geographic location.

#### Federal-State Cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements with State agencies, the respondent fills out only one employment or labor turnover schedule, which is then used for national, State, and area estimates. This eliminates duplicate reporting on the part of respondents and, together with the use of identical techniques at the national and State levels, insures maximum comparability of estimates.

State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the information to prepare State and area series and then send the data to the BLS for use in preparing the national series.

#### Shuttle Schedules

Two types of data collection schedules are used: Form BLS 790--Monthly Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours; and Form DL 1219--Monthly Report

on Labor Turnover. These schedules are of the "shuttle" type, with space for each month of the calendar year. The schedule is returned to the respondent each month by the collecting agency so that the next month's data can be entered. This procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures he has reported for previous months.

The BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of non-agricultural establishments and, for most industries, payroll and man-hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The labor turnover schedule provides for the collection of information on the total number of accessions and separations, by type, during the calendar month,

#### **CONCEPTS**

#### Industrial Classification

Establishments are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. This information is collected each year on a supplement to the

monthly 790 or 1219 report. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the most important product or activity.

All national, State, and area employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover series are classified in accordance with the *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, Bureau of the Budget, 1957, as amended by the 1963 Supplement.

#### Industry Employment

Employment data except that for the Federal Government refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers in households. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; Federal military personnel are excluded from total nonagricultural employment.

Persons on an establishment payroll who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday or paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period and are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period, are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are laid off, on leave without pay, or on strike for the entire period, or who are hired but do not report to work during the period.

#### Industry Hours and Earnings

Hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and man-hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in contract construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the remaining nonfarm components. These terms are defined below. When the pay period reported is longer than 1 week, figures are reduced to a weekly basis.

Production and related workers include working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including leadmen and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and recordkeeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Construction workers include the following employees in the contract construction division: Working foremen, journeymen, mechanics, apprentices, laborers, etc.,

whether working at the site of construction or in shops or yards, at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairmen, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, linemen, laborers, janitors, watchmen, and similar occupational levels, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period), other pay not earned in pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay), and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded.

Man-hours cover man-hours worked or paid for, during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month, for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. The man-hours include hours paid for holidays and vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours cover premium overtime hours of production and related workers during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Overtime hours are those for which premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or workweek. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if premium wage rates were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

### Gross Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings

Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis, reflecting not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work, and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. Shifts in the volume of employment between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments also affect the general earnings averages. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time, while rates are the amounts stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series, however, does not measure the level of total labor costs on

the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the production-worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory-employee definitions.

Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in gross average hourly earnings, but also by changes in the length of the workweek, part-time work, stoppages for varying causes, labor turnover, and absenteeism.

#### Average Weekly Hours

The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received, and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as absenteeism, labor turnover, part—time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

#### Average Overtime Hours

The overtime hours represent that portion of the gross average weekly hours which were in excess of regular hours and for which premium payments were made. If an employee worked on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, gross weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction, from month-tomonth; for example, premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industry-group level may also be caused by a marked change in gross hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on gross hours.

#### Railroad Hours and Earnings

The figures for class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees who received pay during the month, except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I). Gross average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

#### Spendable Average Weekly Earnings

Spendable average weekly earnings in current dollars are obtained by deducting estimated Federal social security and income taxes from gross weekly earnings. The amount of income tax liability depends on the number of dependents supported by the worker and his marital status, as well as on the level of his gross income. To reflect these variables, spendable earnings are computed for a worker with no dependents, and a married worker with three dependents. The computations are based on the gross average weekly earnings for all production or nonsupervisory workers in the industry division without regard to total family income.

"Real" earnings are computed by dividing the current Consumer Price Index into the earnings averages for the current month. The level of earnings is thus adjusted for changes in purchasing power since the base period (1957-59).

#### Average Hourly Earnings Excluding Overtime

Average hourly earnings excluding premium overtime pay are computed by dividing the total productionworker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production-worker man-hours and one-half of total overtime man-hours. Prior to January 1956, these data were based on the application of adjustment factors to gross average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly  $Labor\ Review$ , May 1950, pp. 537-540). Both methods eliminate only the earnings due to overtime paid for at  $1\frac{1}{2}$  times the straight-time rates. No adjustment is made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

#### Indexes of Aggregate Weekly Payrolls and Man-Hours

The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls and manhours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the monthly average for the 1957-59 period. The man-hour aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production-worker employment, and the payroll aggregates are the product of gross average weekly earnings and production-worker employment.

#### Labor Turnover

Labor turnover is the gross movement of wage and salary workers into and out of employed status with respect to individual establishments. This movement, which relates to a calendar month, is divided into two broad types: Accessions (new hires and rehires) and separations (terminations of employment initiated by either employer or employee). Each type of action is cumulated for a calendar month and expressed as a rate per 100 employees. The data relate to all employees, whether full- or part-time, permanent or temporary, including executive, office, sales, other salaried personnel, and production workers. Transfers to another establishment of the company are included, beginning with January 1959.

Accessions are the total number of permanent and temporary additions to the employment roll, including both new and rehired employees.

New hires are temporary or permanent additions to the employment roll of persons who have never before been employed in the establishment (except employees transferring from another establishment of the same company) or of former employees not recalled by the employer.

Other accessions, which are not published separately but are included in total accessions, are all additions to the employment roll which are not classified as new hires, including transfers from another establishment of the company,

Separations are terminations of employment during the calendar month and are classified according to cause: Quits, layoffs, and other separations, are defined as follows:

Quits are terminations of employment initiated by employees, failure to report after being hired, and unauthorized absences, if on the last day of the month the person has been absent more than 7 consecutive calendar days.

Layoffs are suspensions without pay lasting or expected to last more than 7 consecutive calendar days, initiated by the employer without prejudice to the worker.

Other separations, which are not published separately but are included in total separations, are terminations of employment because of discharge, permanent disability, death, retirement, transfers to another establishment of the company, and entrance into the Armed Forces for a period expected to last more than 30 consecutive calendar days.

#### Comparability With Employment Series

Month-to-month changes in total employment in manufacturing industries reflected by labor turnover rates are not comparable with the changes shown in the Bureau's employment series for the following reasons: (1) Accessions and separations are computed for the entire calendar month; the employment reports refer to the pay period which includes the 12th of the month; and (2) employees on strike are not counted as turnover actions although such employees are excluded from the employment estimates if the work stoppage extends through the report period.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the industry statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique, which is a form of

ratio estimation, and (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks, and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

#### The "Link Relative" Technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a link relative. The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these "link relatives." Other features of the general procedures are described later in the table, Summary of Methods for Computing Industry Statistics on Employment, Hours, Earnings, and Labor Turnover. Further details are given in the technical notes on Measurement of Employment, Hours, and Earnings in Nonagricultural Industries and on Measuremnt of Labor Turnover, which are available upon request.

#### Size and Regional Stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified production— or nonsupervisory—worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

#### Benchmark Adjustments

Employment estimates are periodically compared with comprehensive counts of employment which provide "benchmarks" for the various nonagricultural industries, and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1965 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary source of benchmark information is the employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations, covering three-fourths of the total nonfarm employment in the United States, are prepared under the direction of the Bureau of Employment Security. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates relating to the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necessary, the monthly series of estimates are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under

this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment, while the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are therefore subject to revision. To provide users of the data with a convenient reference source for the revised data, the BLS publishes as soon as possible after each benchmark revision a summary volume of employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover statistics.

#### THE SAMPLE

#### Design

The sampling plan used in the current employment statistics program is an optimum allocation design known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." The universe of establishments is stratified first by industry and then within each industry by size of establishment in terms of employment. For each industry the total size of sample is distributed among the size class cells on the basis of average employment per establishment in each cell. In practice, this is equivalent to distributing the predetermined total number of establishments required in the sample among the cells on the basis of the ratio of employment in each cell to total employment in the industry. Within each stratum the sample members are selected at random.

Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the samples for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in a relatively few establishments, a large percentage of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the larger establishments with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments, and also for a substantial number of the smaller ones. Many industries in the trade and service divisions fall into this category. In order to keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to accept samples in these divisions with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS employment and labor turnover statistics programs, with their emphasis on pro-

ducing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after reports are mailed by respondents, and at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail. The tendency of such a sample to produce biased estimates of the level of earnings for certain industries is counteracted by the stratified estimating procedure described under "Estimating Methods."

#### Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. The table that follows shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample, March 1965 1

	Employ	ees
Industry division	Number reported	Percent of total
Mining	287,000	46
Contract construction	620,000	22
Manufacturing	11,338,000	64
Transportation and public utilities:		
Railroad transportation (ICC) Other transportation and	697,000	96
public utilities	1,740,000	54
Wholesale and retail trade Finance, insurance and real	2,403,000	20
estate	1,030,100	35
Service and miscellaneous	1,682,000	19
Government: Federal (Civil Service		
Commission) <sup>2</sup>	2,326,000	100
State and local	3,980,000	52

Since a few establishments do not report payroll and man-hour information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> State and area estimates of Federal employment are based on reports from a sample of Federal establishments, collected through the BLS-State cooperative program.

The table below shows the approximate coverage, in terms of employment, of the labor turnover sample.

Approximate size and coverage of BLS labor turnover sample, March 1965

1 '	1,00	
	Emple	oyees
Industry	Number reported	Percent of total
Manufacturing	10,809,200	61
Metal mining	65,800	80
Coal mining Communication:	61,600	43
Telephone	579,200	80
Telegraph	21,600	68

#### Reliability of the Employment Estimates

The estimates derived from the establishment survey may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures. The relatively large size of the BLS establishment sample assures a very high degree of accuracy. Therefore, sampling variability as expressed in standard errors of the estimate is of little consequence, particularly with respect to month-to-month changes. However, since the use of the link relative technique requires the use of the previous month's estimate as the base in computing the current month's estimate, small sampling and response errors may cumulate over several months. To remove this accumulated error, the estimates are adjusted to new benchmarks annually. In addition to the sampling and response errors, the benchmark revision adjusts the estimates for changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks.) In fact, at the more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjustments. Another cause of differences, generally minor, arises from improvements in the quality of the benchmark data. (A detailed description of the March 1965 benchmark is available from the Bureau upon request.)

The entire difference between the estimate and benchmarks is assumed to have accumulated at a regular rate. Accordingly, the all employee series, for months between the current and the last preceding benchmark, are adjusted by tapering out the difference back from the current benchmark to the last previous benchmark. The series for months subsequent to the benchmark month are revised by projecting the level of the new benchmark by the trend of the unadjusted series.

For the most recent months, national, State, and area estimates are preliminary and are so footnoted in the tables. These figures are based on less than the total sample and are revised when all the reports in the sample design have been received.

An approximation of the standard deviations (based on the experience of the last several years) of revisions between (1) final estimates and benchmarks, and (2) preliminary and final estimates, are presented in the following table. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the revisions will be less than the amount indicated for each size of estimate. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the revisions will be less than twice the amount indicated.

Average standard deviation of revisions between final estimates and benchmarks and between preliminary and final estimates

Size of empl.	Standard deviati	ons of revisions
estimate	Final <sup>1</sup>	Preliminary
50,000	2,000	600
100,000	2,500	900
200,000	4,000	1,300
500,000	7,500	2,400
1,000,000	12,000	4,100
	-	

<sup>1</sup> Assuming 12-month intervals between benchmark revisions.

A comparison of the actual amounts of revisions made in the last 3 benchmark years follows:

Nonagricultural payroll employment estimates, by industry division, as a percentage of the benchmark for 1963-65

1964	1965
8 99.7	99.5 100.9 99.8 100.1 99.4 100.7 97.9
	8 99.4 8 99.7 8 99.0

#### STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours; earnings, and labor turnover data are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with BLS. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of *Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force* that contains State and area annual averages. Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by

BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification.

For the States and the areas shown in the B and C sections of this periodical, all the annual average data for the detailed industry statistics currently published by each cooperating State agency are presented (from the earliest data of availability of each series) in a summary volume published annually by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

#### UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE DATA

Insured unemployment represents the number of persons reporting a week of unemployment under an unemployment insurance program. It includes some persons who are working part time who would be counted as employed in the payroll and household surveys. Excluded are persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (agriculture, State and local government, domestic service, self-employment, unpaid family work, nonprofit organizations, and firms below a minimum size). The rate of insured unemployment is the number of insured unemployed expressed as a percent of average covered employment in a 12-month period ending 6 to 8 months prior to the week of reference. Initial

claims are notices filed by those losing jobs covered by an unemployment insurance program that they are starting a period of unemployment. A claimant who continues to be unemployed a full week is then counted in the insured, unemployment figure.

Because of differences in State laws and procedures under which unemployment insurance programs are operated, State unemployment rates generally indicate, but do not precisely measure, differences among the individual States. Persons wishing to receive a detailed description of the nature, sources, inclusions and exclusions, and limitations of unemployment insurance data should address their inquiries to Bureau of Employment Security, Washington, D.C.

#### SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

Many economic statistics reflect a regularly recurring seasonal movement which can be estimated on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation, it is possible to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. However, in evaluating deviations from the seasonal pattern--that is, changes in a seasonally adjusted series -- it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but, in addition, are affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment data are published regularly in Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force.

The seasonal adjustment method used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving average method, with a provision for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in the booklet, The BLS Seasonal Factor Method (1966), which may be obtained from the Bureau on request. An earlier version of the method is described in Appendix G of the 1962 Report of the President's Committee to Appraise Employment and Unemployment Statistics, Measuring Employment and Unemployment.

For establishment data, the seasonally adjusted series on weekly hours and labor turnover rates for industry groupings are computed by applying factors directly to the corresponding unadjusted series, but seasonally adjusted employment totals for all employees and production workers by industry divisions are obtained by summing the seasonally adjusted data which are published for component industries. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours seasonally adjusted, for mining, contract construction, and the major industries in manufacturing are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production workers, seasonally adjusted and dividing by the 1957-59 base. For total, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods, the indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly man-hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1957-59 base.

The seasonally adjusted establishment data for Federal Government are based on a series which excludes the Christmas temporary help employed by the Post Office Department in December. The employment of these workers constitutes the only significant seasonal change in Federal Government employment during the winter months. Furthermore, the volume of such employment may change substantially from year to year because of administrative decisions by the Post Office Department. Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the data upon which the seasonally adjusted series is based. Factors currently in use for the establishment data are shown in the September 1966 Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force, and revisions will be made coincidental with the adjustment of series to new benchmark levels.

For each of the three major labor force components-agricultural and nonagricultural employment, and unemployment-data for four age-sex groups (male and female workers under age 20, and age 20 and over) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to give seasonally adjusted total figures. In order to produce seasonally adjusted total employment and civilian labor force data, the appropriate series are aggregated. The seasonally adjusted rate of unemployment is derived by dividing the seasonally adjusted figure for total unemployment (the sum of four seasonally adjusted age-sex components) by the figure for the

seasonally adjusted civilian labor force (the sum of twelve seasonally adjusted age-sex components).

The seasonal adjustment factors applying to current data are based on a pattern shown by past experience. These factors are revised in the light of the pattern revealed by subsequent data. Revised seasonally adjusted series for major components of the labor force based on data through December 1965 are published in the February 1966 Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force. Revisions will be made annually as each additional year's data become available.

## Summory of Methods for Computing Industry Statistics

## on Employment, Hours, Earnings, and Labor Turnover

Item	Basic estimating cells (industry, region, size, or region/size cell)	Aggrégate industry levels (divisions, groups and, where stratified, individual cells)	
	Monthly Data		
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multi- plied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months.	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.	
Production or nonsupervisory workers; women employees .	All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) ratio of women to all employees.	Sum of production- or nonsupervisory-worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.	
Gross average weekly hours ·	Production- or nonsupervisory-worker man-hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers.	Average, weighted by production- or nonsuper- visory-worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.	
Average weekly overtime hours	Production-worker overtime man-hours divided by number of production workers.	Average, weighted by production-worker employ- ment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.	
Gross average hourly earnings	Total production- or nonsupervisory-worker pay- roll divided by total production- or nonsuper- visory-worker man-hours.	Average, weighted by aggregate man-hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.	
Gross average weekly earnings	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	
Labor turnover rates (total, men, and women).	The number of particular actions (e.g., quits) in reporting firms divided by total employment in those firms. The result is multiplied by 100. For men (or women), the number of men (women) who quit is divided by the total number of men (women) employed.	Average, weighted by employment, of the rates for component cells.	
	Annual Ave	erage Data	
All employees and production or non- supervisory workers+	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	
Gross average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate man-hours (production- or nonsupervisory-worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate man-hours for production or nonsupervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.	
Average weekly overtime hours	Annual total of aggregate overtime man-hours (production-worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime man-hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.	
Gross average hourly earnings .	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (production- or nonsupervisory-worker employment multiplied by weekly earnings) divided by annual aggregate man-hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annual aggregate man-hours.	
Gross average weekly earnings	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	
Labor turnover rates	Sum of monthly rates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly rates divided by 12.	

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