Date formerly published by the Bureau of the Census in The Monthly Feport on the Labor Force (Series P-57) are shown in Section A .

## ANNUAL AVERAGES FOR STATES AND AREAS. .

Special tables showing annual averages of employment, hours and earnings, and labor turnover rates for States and metropolitan areas begin on page 52 of this issue. The national series are being converted to the 1957 Standard Industrial Classification, ana national annual averages will be published in the forthcoming Anmal Supplement.

## NEW AREA SERIES. .

The employment series in table B-8 for San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario, California, formerly limited to manufacturing, now cover all nonagricultural industries.

## DIVISION OF MANPOWER AND EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS

## Harold Goldstein, Chief

## CONTENTS Page

Employment and Unemployment Highlights, July 1961...................... ii1
Annual Averages for States and Areas, 1958-1960....................... 51

## STATISTICAL TABLES

## Section A-Labor Force, Employment, and Unemployment

## Employment Status

A- 1: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, 1929 to date....... ..... 1
A- 2: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, by sex, 1940, 1944, and 1947 to date ..... 2
A- 3: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, by age and sex.... ..... 3
A- 4: Employment status of male veterans of World War II in the civilian noninstitutional population. ..... 3
A- 5: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by ..... 4
A- 6: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by  ..... 4

A- 7: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, total ..... 5
Class of Worker, Occupation
A- 8: Employed persons by type of industry, class of worker, and sex............ ..... 5
A- 9: Employed persons with a fob but not at work, by reason for not working5
6
A-11: Major occupation group of employed persons, by color and sex............. ..... 6
Unemployment
A-12: Unemployed persons, by curation of unemployment. ..... 7
7
-14: Persons unerpi oyed 15 weeks and over by selected characteristics
-14: Persons unerpi oyed 15 weeks and over by selected characteristics ..... 7
8 ..... 7
8
Hours of Work
A-15: Persons at work, by hours worked, type of industry, and class of worker. ..... 9
A-16: Fersons employed in nonagricultural industries, by full-time or ..... 9
A-17: Wage and salary workers, by full-time or part-time status and major ..... 9
 A-18: Persons at work, by full-time or part-time status and major occupation ..... 10
A-19: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full-time or ..... 10
part-time status and selected characteristics

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# and EARNINGS 

The nationsl industry employment, hours, and earnines data showm in Sections $B$ and $C$ have been adjusted to first querter 1957 benchmark levels.

## CONTENTS--Continued

## Section B-Payroll Employment, by Industry

## National Data

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { B-1: Enaployees in nonagricultural ostablishments, by industry division, } 1919
\end{aligned}
$$

Section D-Labor Turnover
National Data
D-1: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing, 1951 to date ..... 43
D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry. ..... 44
46
D-3: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing, by sex and major industry group 1/. ..... 46
State and Area Data
D-4: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas. ..... 47
Explanatory Notes

$\qquad$ ..... 1-E
BLS Regional Offices.State Cooperating Agencies
$\qquad$

## THE MONTHLY REPORT ON THE LABOR FORCE: JULY 1961

The job situation continued to improve in construction and durable goods manufacturing in July; but unemployment remained high and long-term unemployment edged up from already high levels.

The total on nonfarm payrolls dropped by less than 200,000 (half the usual drop) to 53.2 million in July. Manufacturing employment was virtually unchanged over the month at 16.0 million, although there is normally a decline at this time. Employment in durable goods manufacturing declined, but much less than seasonally. The largest June to July changes were the seasonal decline of 250,000 in State and local governments, connected with the summer recess in the school system, and a rise of 100,000 in construction which was better than seasonal.

The factory workweek, at 40 hours in July, showed little change. Continued strength in the durable goods sector was shown by a rise of 0.3 hour, seasonally adjusted. Hourly earnings remained at a record $\$ 2.35$ and weekly earnings, at $\$ 94.00$, were not significantly changed.

After 7 months in which nonfarm payroll employment was below its year-ago mark, the total this July was equal to the record level of July 1960. Since March of this year, nonfarm industries have increased their employment by $1-1 / 4$ million workers beyond their normal seasonal rise. The number of jobs added during this period of recovery is now equal to the number of jobs cut back from the peak of July 1960, but the gains have not all taken place in the industries which suffered the losses. Manufacturing employment, for example, was still 300,000 below its year-ago level in July and 450,000 below its prerecession peak in early 1960. The job expansion has occurred in State and local governments (up 300,000 over the year) and in the finance and service industries (together, up 115,000).

As reported on August 2, total employment was 68.5 million in July. This total was little changed over the month, although there was some reduction in the farm work force. Total nonagricultural employment--including the self-employed, domestics, and unpaid family workers--remained at 62 million, equal to previous highs reached in June 1961 and the summer of 1960. Among the nonfarm employed were 3.0 million on part-time for economic reasons, 150,000 fewer than a month earlier but 200,000 more than in July 1960.

Unemployment fell seasonally by 400,000 over the month to 5.1 million in July. The seasonally adjusted rate of unemployment--6. 9 percent in July-remained practically unchanged for the eighth straight month.

State insured unemployment, which excludes students and other new jobseekers, was 2.0 million in mid-July, the same as a month earlier. In addition, there were about 520,000 jobless workers receiving benefits under the Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation program.


Long-term unemployment ( 15 weeks and over) was 1.6 million in July. Among the long-term unemployed were 1.0 million persons who had been without jobs for more than half a year. This total was 600,000 more than a year ago and about equal to the postwar high reached in August 1958.

## Nonfarm Payroll Employment

The largest change in nonfarm employment in July was the seasonal decline of 250,000 in State and local governments, connected with the summer recess in the school system. Among the other large changes was the 100,000 increase in construction employment, only part of which was seasonal; during the past few months employment in this industry has been picking up at a substantially better rate than usual for this time of year.

In the durable goods manufacturing sector, improvement was manifested mainly in a resistance to normal seasonal declines. However, there was an actual increase (instead of the usual summer cutback) in employment in the primary metals industry. There were significantly smaller-than-seasonal declines in fabricated metals and in both machinery industry groups.
 The industries connected with construction also showed some gain on a seasonally adjusted basis. In the nondurable goods sector, employment changes were mainly seasonal, including a large increase in the food processing industry. The changes in textiles and apparel reflected the seasonal pattern of the se industries in recent years. The transportation equipment industry showed a modest decline in employment from mid-June to mid-July in a prelude to the closedowns for model changeover which were scheduled to begin on a large scale at the end of July and continue into August.

Despite the large gains of recent months, employment in manufacturing was still 300,000 below its year-ago level. The primary metals industry, which earlier this year had been as much as 225,000 lower than the year before, was 25,000 below a year ago in July (but still 130, 000 below its early 1960 peak on a seasonally adjusted basis). The machinery and transportation equipment industries were each approximately 65,000 below their July 1960 levels. Over-the-year job losses of between 25,000 and 35,000 each were reported in the stone, clay, and glass, fabricated metals, textiles, and apparel industries. By contrast, electrical machinery, with 1.3 million employees, was somewhat above its July 1960 mark (and at a record for the month), and the chemicals industry, with almost 900,000 workers, was at an alltime high.

## Factory Hours and Earnings

The factory workweek remained virtually unchanged at 40.0 hours in July. There is normally a decline in the workweek at this time of year, particularly in durable goods industries. However, the declines in nearly all of the durable goods industries were substantially smaller than usual this July. Improvement was especially apparent in the construction related industries (furniture, lumber, stone, clay, and glass), and in primary metals. Changes in hours among nondurable goods industries were mainly seasonal.


At 40.0 hours in July, the factory workweek was 0.2 hour above a year ago, mainly the result of the pickup in durable goods, which was 0.5 hour above a year ago. Only in the machinery industry, among the durable goods industries, was the workweek below that of a year ago.
 In the nondurable goods sector, hours of work in food, apparel, printing, rubber, and leather were all below a year ago.

Overtime hours were unchanged over the month at 2.4 hours and equal to the level of a year ago.

Average hourly earnings were steady over the month at a record high of $\$ 2.35$ and average weekly earnings, at $\$ 94.00$, were virtually unchanged.

Weekly earnings in manufacturing were $\$ 2.86$ higher this July than in July 1960. Earnings were as much as $\$ 10$ per week higher in the primary metals industry and $\$ 5$ or more per week higher in electrical machinery, petroleum, and ordnance.
Unemployment
The unemployment rate has been at a standstill for 8 months (from December 1960 to July 1961) despite the fact that industrial production and other economic indicators have been moving upward since February. This situation finds some parallel in each of the three previous postwar recessions. In 1958, the rate moved over the 7-percent mark in April and remained close to that level until November, 7 months later. Similarly in 1954, unemployment held close to the 6 -percent level for 8 months before starting a definite downtrend. In the 1949 recession, the rate was at or close to its peak for 9 months. Thus, in each case, it was several months after the trough in economic activity was reached before unemployment began to drop significantly.

The very long-term unemployed. As might be expected, long-term unemployment tends to lag even more than total unemployment during the recovery phase of the business cycle. In the present cycle, for example, the total without jobs for more than 6 months actually rose by 100,000 in July to a peak for the year of 1.0 million. In 1958, this group did not reach a peak until August (although total unemployment had leveled off in the second quarter). These same general patterns were observed in 1955 and 1950, with long-term unemployment reaching its peak long after the turning points in economic activity.



Among those with very prolonged spells of unemployment, several groups stand out. (See table A.)

1. Men 45 years and over represented 30 percent of those out of work more than 6 months as compared with 25 percent of the civilian labor force. However, as in the case of part-time work for economic reasons, younger men have had a sharper increase in long-term unemployment since 1957.
2. Semiskilled operatives and unskilled laborers made up about half of the long-term unemployed in contrast to one-quarter of the civilian labor force. On the other hand, white-collar workers were a relatively small proportion of those unemployed 27 weeks or longer-- 18 percent as compared with 40 percent of the labor force.
3. Workers last employed in durable goods manufacturing repre sented 27 percent of the very long-term unemployed but only 13 percent of the labor force. The proportion of steel and auto workers among the long-term unemployed was nearly four times their proportion in the labor force (ll percent as compared with 3 percent). Construction workers were also a larger proportion of the July longterm unemployed than of the labor force.
4. Nonwhite workers accounted for 25 percent of the very long-term unemployed in July 1961 but for only 11 percent of the labor force. This pattern prevails both in prosperity and recession in about the same proportions.
5. Persons with no previous work experience were $7-1 / 2$ percent of the very long-term unemployed although they constitute only about 1 percent of the labor force. These are chiefly younger workers seeking their first job.

Unemployed persons looking for part-time work. In the May 1961 labor force survey, a special question was asked in order to determine whe ther unemployed persons were seeking full or part-time jobs. (See Tables B and C.) Of the 4.8 million unemployed in that month, about 550,000 ( 12 percent) were looking for part-time work. This overall proportion was a little higher than that reported for May of most other postwar years. There has been a good deal of variation, ranging from 5 percent in 1950 to 14 percent in 1956, with an overall average of about 9 percent of the unemployed seeking part-time work. The higher ratios in the more recent years (since 1956) may be the result of a long-term trend toward the utilization of more part-time labor, as well as the later timing of the survey week resulting in the inclusion of more student jobseekers in May than formerly.

The highest rates of part-time jobseeking in May 1961 were among youngsters 14 to 17 years of age (nearly 40 percent) and older persons 65 and over (about 30 percent). These two groups combined accounted for two-fifths of the total seeking part-time jobs. Another group of unemployed with a comparatively large proportion seeking part-time work was women 45 to 64 years of age ( 20 percent). Unemployed 18 and 19 year-olds of both sexes had about 15 percent of their number looking for part-time jobs. Least interested in part-time were men 20 to 64 years of age--only about 60,000 or less than 3 percent of the 2.4 million unemployed men in this age class sought part-time employment.

Table A. Characteristics of Persons Unemployed For 27 Weeks or More, July 1961

| Group | Percent distribution |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unemployed 27 weeks or more | Civilian <br> labor force |
| Total. | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White | 75.5 | 88.8 |
| Nonwhite...................................... | 24.5 | 11.2 |
| Total. | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Under 25 years of age....................... | 21.2 | 20.9 |
| 25-44 years.................................. | 36.3 | 41.5 |
| 45 years and over: Males | 30.1 | 24.9 |
| Females | 12.4 | 12.7 |
| Total. | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| White-collar workers. | 17.6 | 40.2 |
| Blue-collar workers: |  |  |
| Craftsmen.................................... | 12.9 | 12.9 |
| Operatives................................. | 29.8 | 18.0 |
| Nonfarm laborers | 16.7 | 6.3 |
| Service workers.. | 14.2 | 12.8 |
| Farmers and farm laborers. | 1.2 | 8.5 |
| No previous work experience................ | 7.6 | 1.3 |
| Total. | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Agriculture................................... | 1.3 | 9.0 |
| Nonagricultural wage and salary workers: |  |  |
| Forestry, fisheries, and mining......... | 1.5 | . 9 |
| Construction... | 10.2 | 6.1 |
| Manufacturing . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 38.4 | 24.8 |
| Durable goods............................ | 26.6 | 13.4 |
| Primary metals........................ | 6.8 | 1.6 |
| Autos........... | 4.2 | 1.2 |
| Other durable goods.................. | 15.6 | 10.6 |
| Nondurable goods........................ | 11.8 | 11.4 |
| Transportation............................. | 5.9 | 6.4 |
| Trade........... | 14.5 | 15.1 |
| Finance and service. | 14.2 | 22.0 |
| Public administration.................... | 4.3 | 4.7 |
|  | 2.0 | 9.7 |
| Total number of persons....................... | 1,026,000 | 73,639,000 |

About a fifth of the unemployed married women were seeking part-time jobs. Nonwhite women were more likely than white women to be in the market for parttime work, probably because so many work in domestic and other service activities where part-time work is widespread. In terms of occupation and industry, unemployed blue-collar workers and those last employed in construction and manufacturing were least likely to want part-time work.

## Insured Unemployment

As is usual for this time of year, State insured unemployment showed little change between mid-June and mid-July, remaining at 2.0 million. The steady decline which began in February was inter rupted by the usual rise in early July due to unemployment among persons not entitled to pay while their plants were closed for vacation periods. Exhaustions under the regular State programs dropped from 235,000 in June to an estimated 210, 000 in July.

The number of persons who had exhausted their State benefit rights and were insured under the Temporary Extended Compensation program (TEC) dropped from 683,000 in mid-June to 520,000 in mid-July. Part of this drop was due to claimants exhausting their TEC rights. (In mid-July the program had been in operation for 14 weeks; the maximum allowable for an individual is 13 weeks.)

Insured unemployment under the regular State programs showed little change in most States between June and July. The only sizable drop--20, 000 in California-was largely due to seasonal hiring in the food processing, apparel, and trade industries. Massachusetts showed the largest increase ( 15,000 ), reflecting temporary plant shutdowns for vacation periods and inventory-taking, especially in leather and textile plants.

The national rate of insured unemployment under State programs (not adjusted for seasonality), at 4.9 percent in mid-July, was unchanged from mid-June, but higher than the rate of 4.4 percent a year earlier. The rates showed slight over-the-month increases in 20 States and remained unchanged in three. The highest rates were in Puerto Rico ( 7.5 percent) and Alaska and Pennsylvania ( 7.2 percent each). Seven other States--Arkansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Mississippi, Tennessee, and West Virginia--reported rates of more than 6 percent. Nebraska and South Dakota had the lowest rates (less than 2 percent).

## Total Employment

Total nonagricultural employment was unchanged over the month at 62 million, in contrast to showing an expected seasonal pickup of about one-half million. However, there had been an unusually sharp increase in nonagricultural employment the month before and over the 2 -month period from May to July, the movement was just about seasonal. Moreover, the deviation from seasonal patterns between June and July was mainly among the self-employed, domestics, and unpaid family workers, groups which have shown erratic movements in the past.


Table B. Unemployed Persons Looking for Part-time Work, Selected Years, May 1949 to May 1961

|  | Year | Total unemployed (thousands) | Fercent of total looking for part-time work |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| May: | 1961........... | 4,768 | 11.6 |
|  | 1958........... | 4,904 | 9.6 |
|  | 1956.......... | 2,896 | 14.2 |
|  | 1955........... | 2,711 | 8.8 |
|  | 1954........... | 3,690 | 7.7 |
|  | 1952.......... | 1,840 | 11.5 |
|  | 1951........... | 1,812 | 7.1 |
|  | 1950........... | 3,306 | 5.4 |
|  | 1949........... | 3,565 | 7.0 |

Table C. Percent of Unemployed Persons Looking for Part-time Work, May 1961

| Item | May 2961 |  | Item | May 1961 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total unem- ployed Thousands) | Percent looking for parttime work |  | Total unem- ployed (Thousands) | Percent looking for part time work |
| Age and Sex |  |  | $\frac{\text { Industry of Last }}{\text { Job }}$ |  |  |
| Total, both sexes...... | 4.768 | 11.6 |  |  |  |
| Male......... | 3,033 | 7.7 | Wage and salary workers: |  |  |
| 14-17 years........ | 284 | 38.0 | Agriculture... | 150 | 17.4 |
| 18-19 years........ | 228 | 14.0 | Construction.. | 568 | 1.4 |
| 20-24 years........ | 429 | 3.6 | Manufacturing. | 1,443 | 4.0 |
| 25-44 years........ | 1,117 | 1.3 | Retail trade.. | 629 | 12.1 |
| 45-64 years........ | 845 | 3.3 | Private house- |  |  |
| 65 years and over.. | 132 | 27.3 | holds........ | 135 | 27.3 |
| Female................ | 1,734 | 18.3 | private house |  |  |
| 14-17 years........ | 178 | 37.8 | holds......... | 555 | 10.9 |
| 18-19 years........ | 186 | 16.2 | No previous work |  |  |
| 20-24 years........ | 258 | 11.9 | experience..... | 627 | 35.2 |
| 25-44 years........ | 643 | 14.0 |  |  |  |
| 45-64 years........ | 430 | 19.9 | Occupation of |  |  |
| 65 years and over.. | 39 | $1 /$ | Least Job |  |  |
| Marital Status |  |  | Whitemcollar |  |  |
|  |  |  | workers........ | 931 | 12.4 |
| Married men, wife present. | 1,651 | 3.1 | Blue-collar <br> workers. | 2,491 | 3.7 |
| Married women, husband present. | 850 | 18.5 | Private household workers... | 119 | 30.7 |
| Color |  |  | Other service workers......... | 467 | 12.3 |
| Males: White........ | 2,444 | 8.3 |  |  |  |
| Nonwhite..... | 589 | 5.6 |  |  |  |
| Females: White........ | 1,344 | 16.9 |  |  |  |
| Nonwhite....d | 390 | 22.8 |  |  |  |

Employment of adult men in nonfarm jobs (nearly 38 million) was unchanged over the month in line with seasonal expectations. At the same time, 600,000 teenagers were added to the nonfarm job total following an increase of 900, 000 in June. The overall gain in teenage jobholders from May to July was about normal. Over the month, there was a comparatively sharp decline in the employment of adult women, but it took place mainly in such seasonally contracting activities as education and domestic service.

Agricultural employment, which usually tapers off after June, dipped by 200, 000 to 6.5 million in July. Employment in agriculture was 400,000 below its July 1960 level, continuing the pattern of year-to-year decline which it has shown since April.

Full- and Part-Time Employment
As usual in July, the number of employed persons on full-week vacations rose sharply--from 2 million in June to $5-1 / 2$ million. Nonfarm workers whose hours had been reduced below 35 because of economic reasons totaled 1.1 million in July, down by 100,000 over the month. This category had been as high as 1.7 million last February, but has subsequently come down almost to the levels prevailing before the 1957-58 recession. (See chart.)

On the other hand, the number regularly working part-time involuntarily for economic reasons ${ }^{1}$ ( 1.9 million) remained close to a postwar high. In part, the high June and July levels reflected the fact that some teenagers who entered the labor force for the summer could find only part-time work.

Table D. Nonfarm Workers on Full-time and Part-time Schedules (Thousands of persons)

| Work schedules | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total nonfarm employmen | 62,046 | 62,035 | 61.805 |
| With a job but not at work.... | 7,162 | 3,688 | 7,136 |
| On full-time schedules | 46,919 | 49,675 | 4,7,146 |
| On partm-time schedules...... | 7,966 | 8,674 | 7,524 |
| Economic reasons......... | 3,011 | 3,156 | 2,789 |
| Usually full time...... | 1,119 | 1,203 | 1,120 |
| Usually part time...... | 1,892 | 1,953 | 1,669 |
| Other reasons............. | 4,955 | 5,518 | 4,735 |

${ }^{1}$ Persons who could find only part-time work, persons in chronically slack occupations or industries, and persons who used to work full-time but who have been on part-time so long that they could no longer say they usually work full-time.

The civilian labor force, which includes the employed and the unemployed, declined by 600,000 over the month to 73.6 million, an unusually large reduction for July. However, the labor force had expanded very sharply in June and on a seasonally adjusted basis was not materially different from its May level.

All of the decline over the month occurred among adult women. Their number in the labor force usually dips in July with the withdrawal of school employees ${ }^{2}$ and temporary farm workers, but the drop this year was greater than seasonal. At the same time, an expected net addition of about 400,000 teenagers to the labor force did not occur, as the usual summer influx of students and graduates had been virtually completed by the time of the June survey.

The labor force was about 900, 000 larger than in July 1960. Young persons under 25 accounted for three-fifths of the gain from a year ago. Women 45 years of age and over accounted for most of the remaining increase.

2 Teachers who do not take or look for other jobs during the summer, and who do not have definite contracts to return to work in the Fall, are counted as not in the labor force.

NOTE: For data on insured unemployment, see Unemployment Insurance Claims published weekly by the Bureau of Employment Security.

Talle A.I: Emplayment status of the meninstitutional population
1929 to tate
(Thousands of persons 14 years of age and over)

| Year and month | Total noninstitutional populam tion | Total labor force inn <br> cluding Armed Forces <br> Number $\|$Percent <br> of <br> noninsti- <br> tutional <br> popula- <br> tion |  | Total | Clivilian labor force |  |  |  |  |  | Not in labor force |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Perce labor | nt of force |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Agri- } \\ & \text { culture } \end{aligned}$ | celtural <br> industries | Number | Not season- ally adjusted | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Season- } \\ \text { ally } \\ \text { adjusted } \end{array}\right.$ |  |
| 1929................ | (2) | 49,440 | (2) |  | 49,180 | 47,630 | 10,450 | 37,180 | 1,550 | 3.2 | - | (2) |
| 1930................ | (2) | 50,080 | (2) |  | 49,820 | 45,480 | 10,340 | 35,140 | 4,340 | 8.7 | - | (2) |
| 1931................ | (2) | 50,680 | (2) | 50,420 | 42,400 | 10,290 | 32,110 | 8,020 | 15.9 | - | (2) |
| 1932................ | (2) | 51,250 | (2) | 51,000 | 38,940 | 10,170 | 28,770 | 12,060 | 23.6 | - | (2) |
| 1933................ | (2) | 51,840. | (2) | 51,590 | 38,760 | 10,090 | 28,670 | 12,830 | 24.9 | - | (2) |
| 1934................ | (2) | 52,490 | (2) | 52,230 | 40,890 | 9,900 | 30,990 | 11,340 | 21.7 | - | (2) |
| 1935................ | (2) | 53,140 | (2) | 52,870 | 42,260 | 10,110 | 32,150 | 10,610 | 20.1 | - | (2) |
| 1936................ | (2) | 53,740 | (2) | 53,440 | 44,410 | 10,000 | 34,410 | 9,030 | 16.9 | - | (2) |
| 1937................ | (2) | 54,320 | (2) | 54,000 | 46,300 | 9,820 | 36,480 | 7,700 | 14.3 | - | (2) |
| 1938................ | (2) | 54,950 | (2) | 54,610 | 44,220 | 9,690 | 34,530 | 10,390 | 19.0 | - | (2) |
| 1939................. | (2) | 55,600 | (2) | 55,230 | 45,750 | 9,610 | 36,140 | 9,480 | 17.2 | - | (2) |
| 1940................. | 100,380 | 56,180 | 56.0 | 55,640 | 47,520 | 9,540 | 37,980 | 8,120 | 14.6 | - | 44,200 |
| 1941................. | 101,520 | 57,530 | 56.7 | 55,910 | 50,350 | 9,100 | 41,250 | 5,560 | 9.9 | - | 43,990 |
| 1942................. | 102,610 | 60,380 | 58.8 | 56,410 | 53,750 | 9,250 | 44,500 | 2,660 | 4.7 | - | 42,230 |
| 1943................. | 103,660 | 64,560 | 62.3 | 55,540 | 54,470 | 9,080 | 45,390 | 1,070 | 1.9 | - | 39,100 |
| 1944.................. | 104,630 | 66,040 | 63.1 | 54,630 | 53,960 | 8,950 | 45,010 | 670 | 1.2 | - | 38,590 |
| 1945................ | 105,530 | 65,300 | 61.9 | 53,860 | 52,820 | B,580 | 44,240 | 1,040 | 1.9 | - | 40,230 |
| 1946................ | 106,520 | 60,970 | 57.2 | 57,520 | 55,250 | B,320 | 46,930 | 2,270 | 3.9 | - | 45,550 |
| 1947.................. | 107,608 | 61,758 | 57.4 | 60,168 | 57,812 | 8,256 | 49,557 | 2,356 | 3.9 | - | 45,850 |
| 1948.................. | 108,632 | 62,898 | 57.9 | 61,442 | 59,117 | 7,960 | 51,156 | 2,325 | 3.8 | - | 45,733 |
| 1949................ | 109,773 | 63,721 | 58.0 | 62,105 | 58,423 | 8,017 | 50,406 | 3,682 | 5.9 | - | 46,051 |
| 1950.................. | 110,929 | 64,749 | 58.4 | 63,099 | 59,748 | 7,497 | 52,251 | 3,351 | 5.3 | - | 46,181 |
| 1951................. | 112,075 | 65,983 | 58.9 | 62,884 | 60,784 | 7,048 | 53,736 | 2,099 | 3.3 | - | 46,092 |
| 1952.0............... | 113,270 | 66,560 | 58.8 | 62,966 | 61,035 | 6,792 | 54,243 | 1,932 | 3.1 | - | 46,710 |
| $1953^{3}$.............. | 115,094 | 67,362 | 58.5 | 63,815 | 61,945 | 6,555 | 55,390 | 1,870 | 2.9 | - | 47,732 |
| 1954................. | 116,219 | 67,818 | 58.4 | 64,468 | 60,890 | 6,495 | 54,395 | 3,578 | 5.6 | - | 48,401 |
| 1955................ | 117,388 | 68,896 | 58.7 | 65,848 | 62,944 | 6,718 | 56,225 | 2,904 | 4.4 | - | 48,492 |
| 1956................. | 118,734 | 70,387 | 59.3 | 67,530 | 64,708 | 6,572 | 58,135 | 2,822 | 4.2 | - | 48,348 |
| 1957................. | 120,445 | 70,744 | 58.7 | 67,946 | 65,011 | 6,222 | 58,789 | 2,936 | 4.3 | - | 49,699 |
| 1958................. | 121,950 | 71,284 | 58.5 | 68,647 | 63,966 | 5,844 | 58,122 | 4,681 | 6.8 | - | 50,666 |
| 19597................ | 123,366 | 71,946 | 58.3 | 69,394 | 65,581 | 5,836 | 59,745 | 3,813 | 5.5 | - | 51,420 |
| $1960{ }^{4}$............ | 125,368 | 73,126 | 58.3 | 70,612 | 66,681 | 5,723 | 60,958 | 3,931 | 5.6 | - | 52,242 |
| 1960: July......... | 125,288 | 75,215 | 60.0 | 72,706 | 68,689 | 6,885 | 61,805 | 4,017 | 5.5 |  | 50,074 |
| August...... | 125,499 | 74,551 | 59.4 | 72,070 | 68,282 | 6,454 | 61,828 | 3,788 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 50,948 |
| September... | 125,717 | 73,672 | 58.6 | 71,155 | 67,767 | 6,588 | 61,179 | 3,388 | 4.8 | 5.7 | 52,045 |
| October. | 125,936 | 13,592 | 58.4 | 71,069 | 67,490 | 6,247 | 61,244 | 3,579 | 5.0 | 6.3 | 52,344 |
| November. | 126,222 | 73,746 | 58.4 | 71,213 | 67,132 | 5,666 | 61,516 | 4,031 | 5.7 | 6.2 | 52,476 |
| December.... | 126,482 | 73,079 | 57.8 | 70,549 | 66,009 | 4,950 | 61,059 | 4,540 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 53,403 |
| 1961: January..... | 126,725 | 72,361 | 57.1 | 69,837 | Q4,452 | 4,634 | 59,818 | 5,385 | 7.7 | 6.6 | 54, 364 |
| February.... | 126,918 | 72,894 | 57.4 | 70,360 | 64, 655 | 4,708 | 59,947 | 5,705 | 8.1 | 6.8 | 54,024 |
| March........ | 127,115 | 73,540 | 57.9 | 71,011 | 65,5.16 | 4,977 | 60,539 | 5,495 | 7.7 | 6.9 | 53,574 |
| April....... | 127,337 | 73,216 | 57.5 | 70,696 | 65,734 | 5,000 | 60,734 | 4,962 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 54, 121 |
| May.......... | 127,558 | 74,059 | 58.1 | 71,546 | 66,778 | 5,544 | 61,234 | 4,768 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 53,499 |
| June......... | 127,768 | 76,790 | 60.1 | 74,286 | 68,706 | 6,671 | 62,035 | 5,580 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 50,977 |
| July......... | 127,986 | 76,153 | 59.5 | 73,639 | 68,499 | 6,453 | 62,046 | 5,140 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 51,833 |

${ }^{1}$ Data for $1947-58$ adjusted to reflect changes in the definition of employment and unemployment adopted in January ig57. Two groups averaging about one-quarter million workers which were formerly classifled as employed (with a job but not at work) --those on temporary layoff and those waiting to start new wage and salary jobs within 30 days--were assigned to different classifications, mostly to the unemployed. Data by sex, shown in table A-2, were adjusted for the years 1948.50.

Not available
${ }^{2}$ Eeginning 1953, labor force and employment figures are not strictly comparable with previous years as a result of the introduction of material from the 1950 Census into the estimating procedure. Population levels were ralsed by about $\theta 00$, 000 ; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for total and males. other categories were relatively unaffected.
${ }^{4}$ Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1980 and are therefore not strictly comparable with previous years. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of about half a million in the noninstitutional population 14 years of age and over, and about 300 , ooo in the labor force, four-fifths of this in nonagricultural employment. The levels of other labor force categories were not appreciably changed.

Talle A.2: Employmont status of the moninstitutional papuiation, by ser

| Sex, year, and month | ```Total noninsti- tutional popula- tion``` | Total labor force including Armed Forces |  | Total | Civilian labor force |  |  |  |  |  | Not in labor force |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Employed ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | nemployed |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { of } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percel } \\ & \text { labor } \end{aligned}$ | nt of force |  |
|  |  | Number | noningttutional population |  | Total | Agriculture | cultural <br> industries | Number | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { season- } \\ \text { aliy } \\ \text { adjusted } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sesson- } \\ \text { ally } \\ \text { adjusted } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| male |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940. | 50,080 | 42,020 | 83.9 |  | 41,480 | 35,550 | 8,450 | 27,100 | 5,930 | 14.3 | - | 8,060 |
| 1944................. | 51,980 | 46,670 | 89.8 | 35,460 | 35,110 | 7,020 | 28,090 | 350 | 1.0 | - | 5,310 |
| 1947. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 53,085 | 44,844 | 84.5 | 43,272 | 41,677 | 6,953 | 34,725 | 1,595 | 3.7 | - | 8,242 |
| 1948................ | 53,513 | 45,300 | 84.7 | 43,858 | 42,268 | 6,623 | 35,645 | 1,590 | 3.6 | - | 8,213 |
| 1949.................. | 54,028 | 45,674 | 84.5 | 44,075 | 41,473 | 6,629 | 34,844 | 2,602 | 5.9 | - | 8,354 |
| 1950................. | 54,526 | 46,069 | 84.5 | 44,442 | 42,162 | 6,271 | 35,891 | 2,280 | 5.1 | - | 8,457 |
| 1951................. | 54,996 | 46,674 | 84.9 | 43,612 | 42,362 | 5,791 | 36,571 | 1,250 | 2.9 | - | 8,322 |
| 1952. | 55,503 | 47,001 | 84.7 | 43,454 | 42,237 | 5,623 | 36,614 | 1,217 | 2.8 | - | 8,502 |
| $1953{ }^{2}$ | 56,534 | 47,692 | 84.4 | 44,194 | 42,966 | 5,496 | 37,470 | 1,228 | 2.8 | - | 8,840 |
| 1954................ | 57,016 | 47,847 | 83.9 | 44,537 | 42,165 | 5,429 | 36,736 | 2,372 | 5.3 | - | 9,169 |
| 1955................ | 57,484 | 48,054 | 83.6 | 45,041 | 43,152 | 5,479 | 37,673 | 1,889 | 4.2 | - | 9,430 |
| 1956. | 58,044 | 48,579 | 83.7 | 45,756 | 43,999 | 5,268 | 38,731 | 1,757 | 3.8 | - | 9,465 |
| 1957................ | 58,813 | 48,649 | 82.7 | 45,882 | 43,990 | 5,037 | 38,952 | 1,893 | 4.1 | - | 10,164 |
| 1958................ | 59,478 | 48,802 | 82.1 | 46,197 | 43,042 | 4,802 | 38,240 | 3,155 | 6.8 | - | 10,677 |
| 1959................ | 60,100 | 49,081 | 81.7 | 46,562 | 44,089 | 4,749 | 39,340 | 2,473 | 5.3 | - | 11,019 |
| 1960²........... | 61,000 | 49,507 | 81.2 | 47,025 | 44,485 | 4,678 | 39,807 | 2,541 | 5.4 | - | 11,493 |
| 1960: $\begin{aligned} & \text { July... } \\ & \\ & \text { August. } \\ & \text { Septembe } \\ & \text { October } \\ & \\ & \text { Noverber } \\ & \\ & \text { December }\end{aligned}$ | 60,956 | 50,998 | 83.7 | 48,521 | 46,017 | 5,399 | 40,617 | 2,504 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 9,958 |
|  | 61,055 | 50,678 | 83.0 | 48,229 | 45,829 | 5,226 | 40,603 | 2,400 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 10,377 |
|  | 61,158 | 49,570 | 81.1 | 47,085 | 45,003 | 5,103 | 39,900 | 2,082 | 4.4 | 5.6 | 11,588 |
|  | 61,260 | 49,455 | 80.7 | 46,964 | 44,764 | 4,855 | 39,909 | 2,200 | 4.7 | 6.1 | 11,806 |
|  | 61,393 | 49,506 | 80.6 | 47,005 | 44,509 | 4,629 | 39,881 | 2,496 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 11,886 |
|  | 61,512 | 49,186 | 80.0 | 46,688 | 43,596 | 4,259 | 39,337 | 3,092 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 12,326 |
| 1961: January...... | 61,621 | 49,031 | 79.6 | 46,539 | 42,822 | 4,027 | 38,796 | 3,717 | 8.0 | 6.5 | 12,590 |
| February..... | 61,709 | 49,109 | 79.6 | 46,608 | 42,721 | 4,094 | 38,627 | 3,887 | 8.3 | 6.5 | 12,600 |
| March........ | 61,801 | 49,309 | 79.8 | 46,812 | 43,103 | 4,258 | 38,845 | 3,709 | 7.9 | 6.6 | 12,491 |
| April......... | 61,905 | 49,299 | 79.6 | 46,812 | 43,542 | 4,298 | 39,244 | 3,270 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 12,606 |
| May........... | 62,010 | 49,753 | 80.2 | 47,272 | 44,238 | 4,553 | 39,686 | 3,033 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 12,257 |
| June.......... | 62,108 | 51,614 | 83.1 | 49,142 | 45,839 | 5,241 | 40,598 | 3,303 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 10,494 |
| July......... | 62,211 | 51,540 | 82.8 | 49,058 | 45,966 | 5,092 | 40,874 | 3,092 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 10,671 |
| FEMALE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940................. | 50,300 | 14,160 | 28.2 | 14,160 | 11,970 | 1,090 | 10,880 | 2,190 | 15.5 | - | 36,140 |
| 1944................. | 52,650 | 19,370 | 36.8 | 19,170 | 18,850 | 1,930 | 16,920 | 320 | 1.7 | - | 33,280 |
| 1947. | 54,523 | 16.915 | 31.0 | 16,896 | 16,349 | 1,314 | 15,036 | 547 | 3.2 | - | 37,608 |
| 1948. | 55,118 | 17,599 | 31.9 | 17,583 | 16,848 | 1,338 | 15,510 | 735 | 4.1 | - | 37,520 |
| 1949.. | 55,745 | 18,048 | 32.4 | 18,030 | 16,947 | 1,386 | 15,561 | 1,083 | 6.0 | - | 37,697 |
| 1950.. | 56,404 | 18,680 | 33.1 | 18,657 | 17,584 | 1,226 | 16,358 | 1,073 | 5.8 | - | 37,724 |
| 1951. | 57,078 | 19,309 | 33.8 | 19,272 | 18,421 | 1,257 | 17,164 | 851 | 4.4 | - | 37,770 |
| 1952.. | 57,766 | 19,558 | 33.9 | 19,513 | 18,798 | 1,170 | 17,628 | 715 | 3.7 | - | 38,208 |
| 19532 | 58,561 | 19,668 | 33.6 | 19,621 | 18,979 | 1,061 | 17,918 | 642 | 3.3 | - | 38,893 |
| 1954. | 59,203 | 19,971 | 33.7 | 19,931 | 18,724 | 1,067 | 17,657 | 1,207 | 6.1 | - | 39,232 |
| 1955. | 59,904 | 20,842 | 34.8 | 20,806 | 19,790 | 1,239 | 18,551 | 1,016 | 4.9 | - | 39,062 |
| 1956. | 60,690 | 21,808 | 35.9 | 21,774 | 20,707 | 1,306 | 19,401 | 1,067 | 4.9 | - | 38,883 |
| 1957. | 61,632 | 22,097 | 35.9 | 22,064 | 21,021 | 1,184 | 19,837 | 1,043 | 4.7 | - | 39,535 |
| 1958. | 62,472 | 22,482 | 36.0 | 22,451 | 20,924 | 1,042 | 19,882 | 1,526 | 6.8 | - | 39,990 |
| 1959. | 63,265 | 22,865 | 36.1 | 22,832 | 21,492 | 1,087 | 20,405 | 1,340 | 5.9 | - | 40,401 |
| $1960{ }^{\circ}$ | 64,368 | 23,619 | 36.7 | 23,587 | 22,196 | 1,045 | 21,151 | 1,390 | 5.9 | - | 40,749 |
| 1960: $\begin{aligned} \text { July..... } \\ \text { August... } \\ \\ \text { September } \\ \text { October.. } \\ \\ \text { Novernber } \\ \text { December. }\end{aligned}$ | 64,333 | 24,217 | 37.6 | 24,185 | 22,672 | 1,485 | 21,187 | 1,513 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 40,11.6 |
|  | 64,443 | 23,872 | 37.0 | 23,841 | 22,453 | 1,229 | 21,224 | 1,388 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 40,571 |
|  | 64,559 | 24,102 | 37.3 | 24,070 | 22,764 | 1,485 | 21,279 | 1,307 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 40,457 |
|  | 64,676 | 24, 1.38 | 37.3 | 24,106 | 22,726 | 1,392 | 21,333 | 1,379 | 5.7 | 6.6 | 40,538 |
|  | 64,830 | 24,240 | 37.4 | 24,208 | 22,672 | 1,037 | 21,636 | 1,536 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 40,590 |
|  | 64,971 | 23,803 | 36.8 | 23,861. | 22,413 | 692 | 21,722 | 1,448 | 6.1 | 7.1 | 41,077 |
| 190.l: $\begin{aligned} & \text { Januarr. } \\ & \text { February.... } \\ & \text { Marcin....... } \\ & \text { April....... } \\ & \text { Mav........ } \\ & \text { June....... } \\ & \\ & \text { July........ }\end{aligned}$ | 65,104 | 23,330 | 35.8 | 23,298 | 21,630 | 607 | 21,023 | 1,669 | 7.2 | 6.8 | 41,774 |
|  | 65,209 | 23,785 | 36.5 | 23,752 | 21,934 | 613 | 21,321 | 1,818 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 41,424 |
|  | 65,315 | 24,232 | 37.1 | 24,199 | 22,413 | 718 | 21,695 | 1,786 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 41,083 |
|  | 65,431 | 23,916 | 36.6 | 23,884 | 22,192 | 701 | 21,490 | 1,692 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 41,515 |
|  | 65,548 65,660 | 24,306 25,176 | 37.1 38.3 | 24,274 | 22,540 | +991 | 21,549 | 1,734 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 41,242 |
|  | 65,660 | 25,176 | 38.3 | 25,144 | 22,867 | 1,430 | 21,437 | 2,277 | 9.1 | 7.5 | 40,483 |
|  | 65,775 | 24,612 | 37.4 | 24,580 | 22,533 | 1,36. | 21,172 | 2,048 | 8.3 | 7.5 | 41, 163 |

[^0]Tablo A.j: Employmont statis of tho meminstitutional mpanation, ly age aut sex
July 1961

| Age and sex | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total Iabor force } \\ \text { Including Armed Forces } \end{gathered}$ |  | Civilian labor force |  |  |  |  |  | Not in labor force |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Percent of noninstitutional population | Employed |  | Unemployed |  | Total | Keeping house | In | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unable } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { work } \end{gathered}$ | Other |
|  | Number | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { noninsti- } \\ \text { tutional } \\ \text { population } \end{gathered}$ | Number |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Agri- } \\ & \text { cnll } \\ & \text { ture } \end{aligned}$ | Nonagri- cultural Industries | Number | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { labor } \\ \text { force } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 76,153 | 59.5 | 73,639 | 58.7 | 6,453 | 62,046 | 5,140 | 7.0 | 51,833 | 35,548 | 1,455 | 1,859 | 12,971 |
| Male. | 51,540 | 82.8 | 49,058 | 82.1 | 5,092 | 40,874 | 3,092 | 6.3 | 10,671 | 103 | 734 | 1,178 | 8,655 |
| 14 to 17 years... | 3,015 | 49.0 | 2,953 | 48.5 | 830 | 1,703 | 420 | 14.2 | 3,134 | 10 | 363 | 26 | 2,735 |
| 14 and 15 years | 1,200 | 35.7 | 1,200 | 35.7 | 416 | 684 | 100 | 8.3 | 2,161 | 7 | 201 | 12 | 1,941 |
| 16 and 17 year | 1,815 | 65.1 | 1,753 | 64.3 | 414 | 1,019 | 320 | 18.3 | 973 | 3 | 162 | 14 | 794 |
| 18 to 24 years... | 7,746 | 90.6 | 6,480 | 89.0 | 652 | 5,078 | 750 | 11.6 | 800 | 3 | 280 | 25 | 491 |
| 18 and 18 years | 2,354 | 84.8 | 1,995 | 82.6 | 260 | 1,447 | 288 | 14.4 | 421 | 2 | 108 | 12 | 299 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 5,392 | 93.4 | 4,485 | 92.2 | 392 | 3,631 | 462 | 10.3 | 379 | 1 | 172 | 13 | 192 |
| 25 to 34 years... | 10,907 | 97.9 | 10,220 | 97.8 | 632 | 9,028 | 560 | 5.5 | 235 | 2 | 69 | 72 | 92 |
| 25 to 29 years | 5,255 | 97.7 | 4,848 | 97.5 | 320 | 4,236 | 292 | 6.0 | 122 | 2 | 47 | 32 | 41 |
| 30 to 34 year | 5,652 | 98.0 | 5,372 | 97.9 | 312 | 4,792 | 268 | 5.0 | 113 | - | 22 | 40 | 51 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 11,432 | 97.9 | 11,042 | 97.8 | 756 | 9,841 | 444 | 4.0 | 250 | 7 | 20 | 101 | 123 |
| 35 to 39 year | 5,885 | 97.9 | 5,651 | 97.8 | 397 | 5,013 | 240 | 4.2 | 128 | 1 | 17 | 55 | 55 |
| 40 to 44 years. | 5,547 | 97.8 | 5,391 | 97.8 | 359 | 4,828 | 204 | 3.8 | 122 | 6 | 3 | 46 | 68 |
| 45 to 54 years.. | 9,717 | 95.3 | 9,643 | 95.3 | 892 | 8,324 | 426 | 4.4 | 477 | 11 | 2 | 166 | 299 |
| 45 to 49 years. | 5,169 | 96.3 | 5,113 | 96.2 | 421 | 4,474 | 217 | 4.3 | 200 | 6 | 1 | 61 | 132 |
| 50 to 54 year | 4,548 | 94.3 | 4,530 | 94.2 | 471 | 3,850 | 209 | 4.6 | 277 | 5 | 1 | 105 | 167 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 6,516 | 87.0 | 6,511 | 87.0 | 811 | 5,321 | 380 | 5.8 | 976 | 6 | 1 | 263 | 706 |
| 55 to 59 years. | 3,737 | 91.9 | 3,733 | 91.9 | 458 | 3,066 | 219 | 5.6 | 330 | 2 | 1 | 114 | 213 |
| 80 to 64 years.. | 2,779 | 81.1 | 2,778 | 81.1 | 353 | 2,255 | 170 | 6.1 | 646 | 4. |  | 149 | 493 |
| 85 years and over. | 2,210 | 31.5 | 2,210 | 31.5 | 518 | 1,580 | 111 | 5.0 | 4,798 | 65 |  | 525 | 4,208 |
| 65 to 69 years.. | 1,178 | 43.3 | 1,178 | 43.3 | 227 | 881 | 70 | 6.0 | 1,542 | 25 |  | 126 | 1,391 |
| 70 years and over | 1,032 | 24.1 | 1,032 | 24.1 | 291 | 699 | 41 | 4.0 | 3,256 | 40 | - | 399 | 2,817 |
| Fenale. | 24,612 | 37.4 | 24,580 | 37.4 | 1,361 | 21,172 | 2,048 | 8.3 | 41,163 | 35,446 | 720. | 681 | -4.315 |
| 14 to 17 years. | 1,663 | 28.1 | 1,668 | 28.1 | 227 | 1,122 | 318 | 19.1 | 4,264 | 589 | 366 | 13 | 3,295 |
| 14 and 15 yea | 565 | 17.5 | 565 | 17.5 | 118 | 370 | 77 | 13.7 | 2,660 | 209 | 191 | 7 | 2,252 |
| 16 and 17 years | 1,103 | 40.7 | 1,103 | 40.7 | 109 | 752 | 241 | 21.9 | 1,604 | 380 | 175 | 6 | 1,043 |
| 18 to 24 years. | 4,311 | 50.9 | 4,294 | 50.8 | 170 | 3,563 | 560 | 13.0 | 4,152 | 3,510 | 281 | 26 | 334 |
| 18 and 18 years | 1,616 | 59.5 | 1,610 | 59.4 | 56 | 1,276 | 278 | 17.2 | 1,099 | 710 | 164 | 11 | 214 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 2,695 | 46.9 | 2,684 | 46.8 | 114 | 2,287 | 282 | 10.5 | 3,053 | 2,800 | 117 | 15 | 120 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 4,025 | 35.3 | 4,017 | 35.3 | 195 | 3,509 | 314 | 7.8 | 7,366 | 7,240 | 30 | 20 | 76 |
| 25 to 29 year | 1,893 | 34.6 | 1,888 | 34.6 | 82 | 1,645 | 161 | 8.5 | 3,573 | 3,518 | 12 | 6 | 37 |
| 30 to 34 years. | 2,132 | 36.0 | 2,129 | 35.9 | 113 | 1,864 | 153 | 7.2 | 3,793 | 3,722 | 18 | 14 | 39 |
| 35 to 44 years.. | 5,285 | 42.9 | 5,280 | 42.9 | 251 | 4,694 | 335 | 6.3 | 7,025 | 6,869 | 27 | 32 | 97 |
| 35 to 39 year | 2,568 | 40.5 | 2,565 | 40.5 | 126 | 2,275 | 164 | 6.4 | 3,769 | 3,682 | 21 | 14 | 52 |
| 40 to 44 years. | 2,717 | 45.5 | 2,715 | 45.5 | 125 | 2,419 | 171 | 6.3 | 3,256 | 3,187 | 6 | 18 | 45 |
| 45 to 54 years... | 5,345 | 49.5 | 5,343 | 49.5 | 288 | 4,729 | 325 | 6.1 | 5,448 | 5,320 | 12 | 55 | 62 |
| 45 to 49 years. | 2,887 | 50.7 | 2,886 | 50.7 | 153 | 2,564 | 168 | 5.8 | 2,802 | 2,728 | 3 | 36 | 35 |
| 50 to 54 year | 2,458 | 48.1 | 2,457 | 48.1 | 135 | 2,165 | 157 | 6.4 | 2,646 | 2,592 | 9 | 19 | 27 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 3,064 | 37.4 | 3,064 | 37.4 | 162 | 2,744 | 158 | 5.2 | 5,134 | 4,969 | 3 | 61 | 102 |
| 55 to 59 years. | 1,880 | 43.0 | 1,880 | 43.0 | 98 | 1,692 | 90 | 4.8 | 2,495 | 2,440 | 2 | 19 | 35 |
| 60 to 64 years. | 1,184 | 31.0 | 1,184 | 31.0 | 64 | 1,052 | 68 | 5.7 | 2,639 | 2,529 | 1 | 42 | 67 |
| 65 years and over. | 915 | 10.5 | 915 | 10.5 | 66 | 810 | 38 | 4.2 | 7,772 | 6,948 | - | 474 | 350 |
| 65 to 69 years. | 575 | 18.2 | 575 | 18.2 | 49 | 499 | 26 | 4.5 | 2,592 | 2,475 | - | 55 | 62 |
| 70 years and ove | 340 | 6.2 | 340 | 6.2 | 17 | 311 | 12 | 3.6 | 5,180 | 4,473 |  | 419 | 288 |

NOTE: Total noninstitutional population may be obtained by summing total labor force and not in labor force; civilian noninstitutional population by summing civilian labor force and not in labor force.

Data include Alaska and Hawail beginaing 1960. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)


| Employment status | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | June 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total. | 14,411 | 14,415 | 14,459 |
| Civilian labor force.............................. | 13,991 | 14,034 | 14,058 |
| Employed. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 13,353 | 13,447 | 13,573 |
| Agriculture. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 591 | 586 | 621 |
| Nonagricultural industries................. | 12,762 | 12,861 | 12,952 |
| Unemployed. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 638 | 587 | 485 |
| Not in labor force. .,............................ | 418 | 382 | 401 |

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawali beginning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Table A.5: Employment stalus of the civilian noniastitutional popalation, by marital status and sex

| Sex and employment status | July 1962 |  |  |  | June 1961 |  |  |  | July 1960 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Married, spouse present | Married, spouse absent | Widowed or divorced | Single | Married, spouse present | Marrled, spouse absent. | Widowed <br> or divorced | Single | Married, spouse present | Married, spouse absent | Widowed <br> or divorced | Sinǵle |
| MALE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tal | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Labor force.. | 89.1 | 83.3 | 53.3 | 68.7 | 89.3 | 84.0 | 54.5 | 68.8 | 89.1 | 83.9 | 54.6 | 7.3 |
| Not in labor force. | 10.9 | 16.7 | 46.7 | 31.3 | 10.7 | 16.0 | 45.5 | 37.2 | 10.9 | 16.1 | 45.4 | 28.7 |
| Labor force.. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Employed.................... | 95.8 | 88.5 | 91.6 | 87.1 | 95.9 | 89.2 | 91.9 | 84.5 | 96.7 | 92.5 | 93.4 | 88.7 |
| Aǵriculture............... | 8.4 | 14.0 | 12.2 | 16.6 | 8.6 | 14.4 | 12.2 | 17.3 | 9.2 | 13.0 | 11.2 | 17.9 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 87.4 | 74.5 | 79.4 | 70.5 | 87.3 | 74.8 | 79.7 | 67.2 | 87.5 | 79.5 | 82.2 | 70.8 |
| Unemployed......-.......... | 4.2 | 11.5 | 8.4 | 12.9 | 4.1 | 10.8 | 8.1 | 15.5 | 3.3 | 7.5 | 6.6 | 11.3 |
| FEMALE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Labor force.................. | 31.8 | 54.8 | 37.4 | 52.1 | 33.0 | 55.3 | 38.3 | 52.0 | 33.6 | 58.1 | 36.8 | 54.7 |
| Not in labor force..... | 68.2 | 45.2 | 62.6 | 47.9 | 67.0 | 44.7 | 61.7 | 48.0 | 68.4 | 41.9 | 63.2 | 45.3 |
| Labor force.................... | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 200.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Employed..................... | 93.4 | 87.6 | 92.6 | 88.6 | 93.1 | 89.7 | 93.2 | 85.6 | 94.7 |  | 94.9 | 91.6 |
| Agriculture............... | 6.5 | 4.7 | 2.8 | 5.2 | 6.7 | 4.8 | 3.1 | 5.4 | 7.5 | 4.1 | 2.8 | 5.8 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 86.9 | 82.9 | 89.8 | 83.4 | 86.4 | 84.9 | 90.1 | 80.2 | 87.2 | 87.8 | 92.1 | 85.8 |
| Unemployed................... | 6.6 | 12.4 | 7.4 | 11.4 | 6.9 | 10.3 | 6.8 | 14.4 | 5.3 | 8.1 | 5.1 | 8.4 |

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawali beginning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Tanle A.f: Employment status of the civilian noniinstitutional population, by color and sex

| Color and employment status | July 1961 |  |  | June 1961 |  |  | July 1960 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| WHITE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 312.484 | 53,639 | 58,846 | 112,301 | 53,557 | 58,745 | 110,106 | 52,530 | 57,576 |
| Labor force.................................. | 65,411 58.2 | 44,161 82.3 | 21,250 36.1 | 65,964 58.7 | 44,190 82.5 | 21,774 37.1 | 64,523 58.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 43,617 \\ 83.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20,906 \\ 36.3 \end{array}$ |
| Employed...................................... | 61,331 | 41,696 | 19,635 | 61,488 | 41,542 | 19,946 | 61,376 | 41,657 | 19,79 |
| Agriculture. | 5,322 | 4,346 | 975 | 5,468 | 4,445 | 1,023 | 5,746 | 4,644 | 1,101 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 56,009 | 37, 349 | 18,660 | 56,019 | 37,097 | 18,922 | 55,630 | 37,013 | 18,617 |
| Unemployed...... | 4,080 | 2,465 | 1,615 | 4,476 | 2,648 | 1,828 | 3,148 | 1,960 | 1,188 |
| Fercent of labor force | 6.2 | 5.6 | 7.6 | 6.8 | 6.0 | 8.4 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 5.7 |
| Not in labor force. | 47,073 | 9,478 | 37,596 | 46,337 | 9,367 | 36,971 | 45,583 | 8,913 | 36,670 |
| NONWHITE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total.............................................. | 12,988 | 6,091 | 6,897 | 12,962 | 6,079 | 6,883 | 12,674 | 5,949 | 6,725 |
| Labor force......................................... Percent of population................. | $\begin{array}{r} 8,228 \\ 63.4 \end{array}$ | 4,897 80.4 | 3.330 48.3 | 8,322 64.2 | 4,952 81.5 | 3,370 49.0 | $\begin{array}{r} 8,183 \\ 64.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,904 \\ 82.4 \end{array}$ | 3,279 48.8 |
| Emp loyed................................... | 7,168 | 4,271 | 2,897 | 7,218 | 4,297 | 2,922 | 7,314 | 4,360 | 2,954 |
| Agriculture................................. | 1,131 | 746 | 385 | 1,202 | 796 | 407 | 1,139 | 755 | 384 |
| Nonagricultural industries................ | 6,036 | 3,525 | 2,512 | 6,016 | 3,501 | 2,515 | 6,175 | 3,605 | 2,570 |
| Unemp loyed. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,060 | 627 | 433 | 1,104 | 655 | 449 | 869 | 544 | 325 |
| Fercent of labor force................ | 12.9 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 13.3 | 13.2 | 13.3 | 10.6 | 17.1 | 9.9 |
| Not in labor force. | 4,760 | 1,193 | 3,567 | 4,640 | 1,127 | 3,513 | 4,491 | 1,045 | 3,446 |

NOTE: Data Include Alaska and Hawall beginning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Region; Class of Worker Reasons Employed Persons
Table A.7: Employment status of the civilian nonimstitational popalation, Not at Work total and urban, by region

| Region | July 1961 |  |  |  |  | June 1962 |  |  |  |  | July 1960 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percent of population in labor force | Labor force |  |  |  | Percent of population in labor force | Labor force |  |  |  | Percent of population in labor force | Labor force |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | loyed |  |  |  |  | ployed |  |  |  |  | loyed |  |
|  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Agri- } \\ & \text { cul- } \\ & \text { ture } \end{aligned}$ | Nonagricultural industries | Unem- <br> ployed |  | Total | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Agri-} \\ \text { cul- } \\ \text { ture } \end{gathered}$ | Nonagricultural <br> indus- <br> tries | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Unem- } \\ \text { ployed } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  | Total | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Agri- } \\ \text { cul- } \\ \text { ture } \end{array}\right\|$ | Nonagricultural tries | Unem- <br> ployed |
| Total. | 58.7 | 100.0 | 8.8 | 84.2 | 7.0 | 59.3 | 100.0 | 9.0 | 83.5 | 7.5 | 59.2 | 100.0 | 9.5 | 85.0 | 5.5 |
| Northeast | 59.5 | 100.0 | 2.8 | 89.9 | 7.3 | 59.2 | 100.0 | 2.5 | 89.6 | 7.9 | 59.4 | 100.0 | 2.7 | 91.2 | 6.1 |
| North Cent | 58.4 | 100.0 | 10.2 | 83.2 | 6.6 | 59.2 | 100.0 | 10.6 | 82.2 | 7.2 | 59.5 | 100.0 | 11.6 | 83.7 | 4.7 |
| South. | 57.7 | 100.0 | 13.0 | 80.4 | 6.6 | 59.1 | 100.0 | 13.7 | 79.1 | 7.2 | 58.6 | 100.0 | 13.7 | 80.6 | 5.7 |
| West. | 59.8 | 100.0 | 8.2 | 84.2 | 7.6 | 59.9 | 100.0 | 7.9 | 84.1 | 8.0 | 59.6 | 100.0 | 9.3 | 85.1 | 5.6 |
| Urban. | 59.3 | 100.0 | 1.2 | 90.9 | 7.9 | 59.7 | 100.0 | 1.2 | 90.3 | 8.5 | 59.5 | 100.0 | 1.4 | 92.5 | 6.1 |
| Northeast. | 59.8 | 100.0 | .6 | 91.5 | 7.9 | 59.5 | 100.0 | . 5 | 91.2 | 8.3 | 59.3 | 100.0 | .7 | 92.9 | 6.4 |
| North Centra | 58.6 | 100.0 | . 8 | 91.1 | 8.1 | 59.3 | 100.0 | 1.0 | 90.2 | 8.8 | 59.3 | 100.0 | .9 | 93.3 | 5.8 |
| South. | 59.2 | 100.0 | 1.8 | 90.6 | 7.6 | 60.1 | 100.0 | 1.9 | 89.8 | 8.3 | 60.0 | 100.0 | 2.1 | 91.9 | 6.0 |
| West..... | 59.9 | 100.0 | 2.3 | 90.0 | 7.7 | 60.0 | 100.0 | 2.1 | 89.2 | 8.7 | 59.7 | 100.0 | 2.7 | 91.3 | 6.0 |

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawall beglnning 1900. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)
Table A.E: Employed persons, by type of indastry, class of worker, and sex

| Type of industry and class of worker | July 1961 |  |  | June 1961 |  |  | July 1960 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Fenale |
| Total | 68,499 | 45,966 | 22,533 | 68,706 | 45,839 | 22,867 | 68,689 | 46,017 | 22,672 |
| Agriculture | 6,453 | 5,092 | 1,361 | 6,671 | 5,241 | 1,430 | 6,885 | 5,399 | 1,486 |
| Wage and salary worke | 2,230 | 1,756 | 474 | 2,269 | 1,813 | 457 | 2,403 | 1,927 | 475 |
| Self-employed workers. | 2,845 | 2,703 | 142 | 2,891 | 2,739 | 152 | 2,962 | 2,843 | 119 |
| Unpaid family workers. | 1,377 | 632 | 745 | 1,508 | 689 | 820 | 1,520 | 629 | 891 |
| Nonagricultural industrie | 62,046 | 40,874 | 21,172 | 62,035 | 40,598 | 21,437 | 61,804 | 40,618 | 21,186 |
| Wage and salary workers | 55,047 | 35,790 | 19,257 | 54,969 | 35,533 | 19,428 | 54, 845 | 35,547 | 19,298 |
| In private households. | 2,528 | 447 | 2,080 | 2,688 | 518 | 2,17 | 2,589 | 397 | 2,191 |
| Government workers. | 7,637 | 4,770 | 2,867 | 7,809 | 4,816 | 2,993 | 7,466 | 4,560 | 2,906 |
| Other wage and salary worker | 44,882 | 30,573 | 14,310 | 44,464 | 30,199 | 14, 264 | 44,790 | 30,590 | 14,201 |
| Self-employed workers........ | 6,291 | 4,929 | 1,362 | 6,371 | 4,941 | 1,430 | 6,264 | 4,938 | 1,325 |
| Unpaid family workers.. | 709 | 156 | 553 | 706 | 124 | 581 | 695 | 132 | 563 |

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawail beginning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)
Table A-S: Employed persons with a job but not at work, by reason for not working and pay status

| Reason for not working | July 1961 |  |  |  | June 1963 |  |  |  | July 1960 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Nonagricultural industries |  |  | Total | Nonagricultural industries |  |  | Total | Nonagricultural industries |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Wage and salary workers |  |  | Total | Wage and salary workers |  |  | Total | Wage and salary workers |  |
|  |  |  | Number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percent } \\ & \text { paid } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Number | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Percent } \\ \text { paid } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Number | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { paid } \end{gathered}$ |
| Total. | 7,357 | 7,162 | 6,713 | 70.8 | 3,839 | 3,688 | 3,316 | 59.3 | 7,291 | 7,136 | 6,711 | 70.9 |
| Ead weather.... | 88 | 34 | 27 | (1) | 75 | 32 | 26 | (1) | 23 | 20 | 16 | (1) |
| Industrial dispute. | 53 | 53 | 53 | - | 18 | 18 | 18 | - | 38 | 38 | 38 | - |
| Vacation.. | 5,568 | 5,534 | 5,295 | 80.7 | 2,178 | 2,153 | 2,022 | 76.9 | 5,692 | 5,636 | 5,415 | 80.5 |
| Illness. | 833 | 762 | 670 | 34.9 | 807 | 743 | 635 | 35.3 | 783 | 729 | 625 | 33.8 |
| All other............... | 814 | 781 | 669 | 36.9 | 761 | 742 | 617 | 30.6 | 756 | 713 | 618 | 29.8 |

${ }^{1}$ Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000 .
NOTE: Persons on temporary (less than 30 -day) layoff and persons scheduled to start new wage and salary jobs within 30 days have not been included in the category "With a job but not at work" since January 1957. Most of these persons are now classified as unemployed. These sroups numbered 102,000 and 166,000 , respectively, in July 1961.

Data include $A l a s k a$ and Hawall beginning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

| Occupation | July 1961 |  |  |  |  |  | July 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Male | Female | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { distribution } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Total | Male | Female | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { distribution } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Male | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \mathrm{Fe}- \\ \text { male } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  |  | Total | Male | $\mathrm{Fe}$ male |
| Total | 68,499 | 45,966 | 22,533 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 68,689 | 46,017 | 22,672 | 100.0 | 200.0 | 100.0 |
| Professional, technical, and kindred workers......... | 7,200 | 4,754 | 2,448 | 10.5 | 10.3 | 10.9 | 7,042 | 4,560 | 2,481 | 10.3 | 9.9 | 10.9 |
| Medical and other health workers................... | 1,301 | 572 | 729 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 3.2 | 1,289 | 539 | 749 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 3.3 |
| Teachers, except college. | 1,150 | 274 | 876 | 1.7 | ${ }^{.} 6$ | 3.9 | 1,175 | 301 | 874 | 1.7 | 8.7 | 3.9 |
| Other professional, technical, and kindred workers | 4,749 | 3,908 | 843 | 6.9 | 8.5 | 3.7 | 4,578 | 3,720 | 858 | 6.7 | 8.1 | 3.8 |
| Farmers and farm managers | 2,800 | 2,660 | 139 | 4.1 | 5.8 | 4.6 | 2,950 | 2,833 | 217 | 4.3 | 6.2 | 4.5 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm... | 6,852 | 5,771 | 1,083 | 10.0 | 12.6 | 4.8 | 6,940 3,457 | 5,852 | 1,088 | 10.1 5.0 | 12.7 6.4 | 4.8 |
| Salaried workers.. | 3,514 | 3,012 | 532 | 5.2 2.4 | 6.6 2.8 | 2.4 | 3,457 | 2,942 | 515 366 | 5.0 2.5 | 6.4 3.0 | 2.3 1.6 |
| Selfemployed workers in retail trade... | 1,627 1,681 | 1,274 | 354 | 2.4 | 2.8 3.2 | 1.6 .9 | 1,736 1,747 | 1,370 1,540 | 366 207 | 2.5 | 3.0 3.3 | 1.6 |
| Self-employed workers, except retall | 1,681 | 1,485 | 197 | 2.5 | 3.2 | $\cdot 9$ | 1,747 | 1,540 | 207 | 2.5 | 3.3 | . 9 |
| Clerical and kindred wor | 10,039 | 3,272 | 6,766 | 14.7 | 7.1 | 30.0 | 9,907 | 3,169 | 6,736 | 14.4 | 6.9 | 29.7 |
| Stenographers, typlsts, and s | 2,379 | 88 | 2,291 | 3.5 | $\cdot 2$ | 10.2 | 2,385 | 61 | 2,323 | 3.5 | . 1 | 10.2 |
| Other clerical and kindred wo | 7,660 | 3,184 | 4,475 | 17.2 | 6.9 | 19.9 | 7,522 | 3,108 | 4,413 | 11.0 | 6.8 | 19.5 |
| Sales work | 4,500 | 2,810 | 1,689 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 7.5 | 4,405 | 2,656 | 1,750 | 6.4 | 5.8 | $7 \cdot 7$ |
| Retail trad | 2,639 | 1,173 | 1,466 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 6.5 | 2,597 | 1,069 | 1,529 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 6.7 |
| Other sales | 1,861 | 1,637 | 223 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 1.0 | 1,808 | 1,587 | 221 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 1.0 |
| Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred | 8,984 | 8,770 | 212 | 13.1 | 19.1 | . 9 | 8,852 | 8,625 | 227 | 12.9 | 18.7 | 1.0 |
| Carpenters. | 936 | 936 |  | 1.4 | 2.0 |  | 871 | 870 | 1 | 1.3 | 1.9 | (1) |
| Construction craftsmen, except | 1,918 | 1,910 | 8 | 2.8. | 4.2 | (1) | 1,928 | 1,914 | 14 | 2.8 | 4.2 | ${ }^{1}$ |
| Mechanics and repairmen. | 2,248 | 2,227 | 20 | 3.3 | 4.8 | .$^{1}$ | 1,992 | 1,983 | 8 | 2.9 | 4.3 | (1) |
| Metal craftsmen, except mecha | 955 | 950 | 5 | 1.4 | 2.1 | (1) | 1,161 | 1,148 | 14 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 1 |
| Other craftsmen and kindred wor | 1,803 | 1,698 | 105 | 2.6 | 3.7 | . 5 | 1,753 | 1,639 | 114 | 2.6 | 3.6 | . 5 |
| Foremen, not elsewhere classifie | 1,124 | 1,049 | 74 | 1.6 | 2.3 | - 3 | 1,147 | 1,071 | 76 | 1.7 | 2.3 | . 3 |
| Operatives and kindred wor | 12,000 | 8,687 | 3,313 | 17.5 | 18.9 | 14.7 | 12,276 | 8,841 | 3,435 | 17.9 | 19.2 | 15.2 |
| Drivers and deliverymen. | 2,395 | 2,375 | 20 | 3.5 | 5.2 | . 1 | 2,471 | 2,450 | 21 | 3.6 | 5.3 | 1 |
| Other operatives and kindred work |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable goods manufacturing. | 3,266 | 2,453 | 1,786 | 4.8 | 5.3 3.7 | 3.6 | 3,458 3,475 | 2,539 | 1,778 | 5.0 | 5.5 3.7 | 4.1 |
| Nondurable boods manufacturi other industries.............. | 3,479 2,860 | 1,693 | 1,786 693 | 4.1 4.2 | 3.7 4.7 | 7.9 3.1 | 3,475 2,872 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,697 \\ & 2,155 \end{aligned}$ | 1,778 716 | 5.1 4.2 | 3.7 4.7 | 7.8 3.2 |
| Private household worker | 2,096 |  | 2,059 | 3.1 | . 1 | 9.1 | 2,195 | 45 | 2,150 | 3.2 | . 1 | 9.5 |
| Service workers, except private ho | 6,603 | 3,042 | 3,561 | 9.6 | 6.6 | 15.8 | 6,305 | 3,012 | 3,293 | 9.2 | 6.5 | 14.5 |
| Protective service workers. | 837 | 806 | 31 | 1.2 | 1.8 | $\cdot 1$ | 786 | 748 | 38 | 1.1 | 1.6 | . 2 |
| Waiters, cooks, and bartend | 1,830 | 528 | 1,302 | 2.7 | 1.1 | 5.8 | 1,719 | 515 | 1,204 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 5.3 |
| Other service workers. | 3,936 | 1,708 | 2,228 | 5.7 | 3.7 | 9.9 | 3,800 | 1,749 | 2,051 | 5.5 | 3.8 | 9.0 |
| Farm lahorers and foreme | 3,363 | 2,191 | 1,172 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 3,578 | 2,266 | 1,312 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 5.8 |
| Paid workers. | 2,002 | 1,561 | 441 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 2,074 | 1,643 | 431 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 1.9 |
| Unpaid family workers. | 1,361 | 630 | 731 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 3.2 | 1,504 | 623 | 880 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 3.9 |
| Laborers, except farm and mine | 4,065 | 3,972 | 93 | 5.9 | 8.6 | $i^{4}$ | 4,243 | 4,159 | 85 | 6.2 | 9.0 |  |
| Construction |  | 969 | 4 | 1.4 | 2.1 | (1) | 1,033 | 1,027 | 6 | 1.5 | 2.2 | (1.) |
| Manufacturin | 1,076 | 1,044 | 32 | 1.6 | 2.3 | . 1 | 1,126 | 1,087 | 39 | 1.6 | 2.4 | . 2 |
| Other industries. | 2,016 | 1,959 | 57 | 2.9 | 4.3 | . 3 | 2,084 | 2,045 | 40 | 3.0 | 4.4 | . 2 |

${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05. NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawai beginning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)
Table A.ll: Major occupation group of employed persons, by color and sex

| Major occupation group | July 1961 |  |  |  |  |  | July 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White |  |  | Nonwhite |  |  | White |  |  | Nonwhite |  |  |
|  | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |
| Total....................... thous ands.. | 61,331 | 41,696 | 12,635 | 7,168 | 4,271 | 2,897 | 61,376 | 41,657 | 19,719 | 7,314 | 4,360 | 2,954 |
| Fercent | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Professional, technical, and kindred workers | 11.3 | 11.1 | 11.7 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 5.1 | 11.0 | 10.6 | 11.8 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 5.3 |
| Farmers and farm managers................. | 4.2 | 5.9 | . 6 | 3.3 | 5.0 | . 7 | 4.4 | 6.3 | . 5 | 3.2 | 5.0 | . 5 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm. | 10.9 | 13.5 | 5.2 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 12.0 | 13.7 | 5.2 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Clerical and kindred worke | 15.6 | 7.3 | 33.1 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 9.1 | 15.3 | 7.0 | 32.8 | 7.0 | 5.8 | 8.8 |
| Sales workers. | 7.1 | 6.6 | 8.4 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 7.0 | 6.2 | 8.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.6 |
| Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers..... | 14.0 | 20.1 | 1.0 | 5.8 | 9.5 | . 5 | 13.7 | 19.7 | 1.1 | 5.9 | 9.5 | . 5 |
| Operatives and kindred workers.............. | 17.3 | 18.5 | 14.9 | 19.0 | 22.8 | 13.5 | 17.7 | 18.8 | 15.4 | 19.1 | 23.1 | 13.1 |
| Private household workers. | 1.9 | ${ }_{5} \cdot 1$ | 5.7 | 13.4 | . 3 | 32.6 | 1.9 | . 1 | 5.8 | 14.0 | . 3 | 34.1 |
| Service workers, except private household... | 8.6 | 5.7 | 14.9 | 18.4 | 16.0 | 22.0 | 8.2 | 5.7 | 13.5 | 17.1 | 14.3 | 21.2 |
| Farm laborers and foremen. | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 12.0 | 11.7 | 12.5 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 21.6 | 11.0 | 12.4 |
| Laborers, except farm and mine | 5.1 | 7.4 | . 4 | 12.8 | 21.2 | . 4 | 5.2 | 7.5 | . 3 | 14.2 | 23.4 | . 6 |

[^1]Table A.12: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment

| Duration of unemployment | July 1961 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 2960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oct. } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juy } \\ & \underline{1960} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total. | 5,140 | 100.0 | 5,580 | 4,768 | 4,962 | 5,495 | 5,705 | 5,385 | 4,540 | 4,031 | 3,579 | 3,388 | 3,788 | 4,017 |
| Less than 5 week | 1,995 | 38.8 | 2,857 | 1,672 | 1,600 | 1,729 | 2,063 | 2,200 | 2,107 | 1,840 | 1,637 | 1,655 | 1,697 | 1,871 |
| Less than | 18 | . 4 | 63 | 29 | 13 |  | 12 | 11 | 17 | 18 | 27 | 28 | 16 | 18 |
| 1 week | 436 | 8.5 | 817 | 420 | 366 | 515 | 500 | 409 | 558 | 441 | 421 | 441 | 472 | 385 |
| 2 we | 559 | 10.9 | 853 | 459 | 497 | 416 | 540 | 636 | 579 | 557 | 496 | 488 | 522 | 550 |
| 3 | 459 | 8.9 | 667 | 386 | 369 | 407 | 507 | 579 | 541 | 459 | 366 | 387 | 392 | 481 |
| wee | 523 | 10.2 | 458 | 378 | 355 | 383 | 505 | 565 | 412 | 366 | 327 | 312 | 295 | 436 |
| 5 to 14 we | 1,511 | 29.4 | 1,148 | 1,181 | 1,234 | 1,903 | 2,018 | 1,845 | 1,418 | 1,204 | 949 | 928 | 1,275 | 1,311 |
| 5 to 6 week | 622 | 12.1 | 343 | 348 | 334 | 371 | 450 | 504 | 394 | 325 | 331 | 212 | 279 | 532 |
| 7 to 10 wee | 621 | 12.1 | 502 | 503 | 493 | 726 | 958 | 777 | 600 | 522 | 358 | 391 | 645 | 501 |
| 11 to 14 weeks | 268 | 5.2 | 303 | 330 | 407 | 806 | 610 | 564 | 424 | 357 | 260 | 325 | 351 | 278 |
| 15 weeks and over | 1,634 | 31.8 | 1,575 | 1,915 | 2,128 | 1,862 | 1,624 | 1,339 | 1,015 | 987 | 992 | 805 | 816 | 834 |
| 15 to 28 weeks. | 608 | 11.8 | 647 | 1,008 | 1,205 | 1,063 | 950 | 696 | 516 | 488 | 492 | 388 | 402 | 418 |
| 27 weeks' and ove | 1,026 | 20.0 | 928 | 907 | 923 | 799 | 674 | 643 | 499 | 499 | 500 | 417 | 414 | 416 |
| Average duration. | 16.1 | - | 13.9 | 16.9 | 17.5 | 15.4 | 13.6 | 13.0 | 12.2 | 13.2 | 13.8 | 12.9 | 12.3 | 11.8 |

Table A.13: Unemployed persons, by major occupation group and industry group

| occupation and industry | July 1961 |  | June 1961 |  | July 1960 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { distribution } \end{gathered}$ | Unemployment rate ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { distribution } \end{gathered}$ | Unemployment rate 1 | Percent dlstribution | Unemployment ratel |
| MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP | 100.0 | 7.0 | 100.0 | 7.5 | 100.0 | 5.5 |
| Professional, technical, and kindred workers.......... | 3.0 | 2.1 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 1.7 |
| Farmers and farm managers. | . 3 | . 5 | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 | . 1 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm. | 2.6 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.0 |
| Clerical and kindred worke | 10.0 | 4.9 | 10.6 | 5.6 | 9.9 | 3.9 |
| Sales workers | 4.2 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 3.9 |
| Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred worker | 10.1 | 5.5 | 9.3 | 5.5 | 9.6 | 4.2 |
| Operatives and kindred workers. | 24.1 | 9.4 | 21.3 | 9.2 | 25.4 | 7.7 |
| Private household workers | 3.6 | 8.1 | 3.3 | 7.5 | 3.3 | 5.6 |
| Service workers, except private household. | 11.0 | 7.9 | 10.5 | 8.3 | 10.0 | 6.0 |
| Farm laborers and foremen. | 2.3 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.5 |
| Laborers, except farm and mine | 10.8 | 12.0 | 10.3 | 12.5 | 13.2 | 11.1 |
| No previous work experience. | 18.2 | - | 21.8 | - | 16.1 | - |
| INDUSTRY GROUP |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ${ }^{2}$ | 100.0 | 7.0 | 100.0 | 7.5 | 100.0 | 5.5 |
| Experienced wage and salary workers | 79.1 | 6.6 | 76.1 | 6.9 | 81.2 | 5.4 |
| Agriculture. | 2.7 | 5.8 | 2.8 | 6.5 | 3.7 | 5.8 |
| Nonagricultural industries | 76.4 | 6.7 | 73.3 | 6.9 | 77.5 | 5.4 |
| Mining, forestry, and fisheries | 1.4 | 10.4 | 1.2 | 9.8 | 1.6 | 8.5 |
| Construction. | 9.8 | 11.2 | 8.8 | 11.6 | 9.2 | 8.6 |
| Manufacturing. | 27.0 | 7.6 | 25.3 | 7.7 | 28.3 | 6.2 |
| Durable goods.. | 16.2 | 8.4 | 15.1 | 8.4 | 15.7 | 6.3 |
| Frimary metal industries. | 2.4 | 10.7 | 2.5 | 12.2 | 3.3 | 10.5 |
| Fabricated metal product | 1.9 | 7.2 | 1.8 | 7.3 | 1.6 | 5.3 |
| Machinery......... | 2.4 | 7.7 | 1.8 | 6.3 | 1.9 | 4.2 |
| Electrical equipment. | 2.0 | 6.8 | 1.9 | 6.9 | 2.1 | 5.7 |
| Transportation equipment. | 3.5 | 9.1 | 3.4 | 9.6 | 3.9 | 7.7 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment. | 1.9 | 10.8 | 1.7 | 10.5 | 2.5 | 10.5 |
| All other transportation equipment. | 1.6 | 7.6 | 1.8 | 8.9 | 1.4 | 5.2 |
| Other durable goods industries. | 4.1 | 8.9 | 3.8 | 8.6 | 2.9 | 5.1 |
| Nondurable goods....... | 10.8 | 6.6 | 10.2 | 6.9 | 12.6 | 6.2 |
| Food and kindred products. | 2.9 | 7.8 | 2.5 | 7.5 | 2.5 | 5.6 |
| Textile-mill products. | 1.5 | 8.0 | 1.3 | 7.6 | 1.7 | 6.6 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products..... | 2.8 | 10.5 | 2.8 | 12.1 | 3.5 | 10.6 |
| Other nondurable goods industries................ | 3.6 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.9 |
| Transportation and public utilities. | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.1 |
| Railroads and railway express. | 1.1 | 5.6 | . 9 | 5.5 | 1.2 | 4.5 |
| Other transportation....... | 2.1 | 6.4 | 1.9 | 5.9 | 2.1 | 5.0 |
| communication and other public utilities. | . 9 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 3.8 | 1.5 | 3.1 |
| Wholesale and retail trade.... | 15.7 | 7.2 | 15.3 | 7.7 | 16.0 | 5.7 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estat | 1.5 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 3.6 | 1.4 | 2.1 |
| Service industries... | 14.7 | 5.6 | 14.5 | 5.9 | 14.5 | 4.5 |
| Professional | 4.6 | 3:6 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 2.6 |
| All other service industries. | 10.1 | 7.7 | 10.0 | 8.2 | 10.4 | 6.3 |
| Public administration............................... | 2.2 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 1.9 | 2.3 |

[^2] previous work experience, not shown separately. NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawali beginning igbo. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Table A.14: Persons memplojed 15 weeks and over, by solected characteristies

| Characteristics | July 1961 |  | June 1961 |  | July 1960 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { distribution } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Percent of } \\ \text { unemployed } \\ \text { in each } \\ \text { group } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { distribution } \end{gathered}$ | Percent of unemployed in each group | $\begin{gathered} \text { Percent } \\ \text { distribution } \end{gathered}$ | Percent of unemployed in each group |
| AGE AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total................................................. | 100.0 | 31.8 | 100.0 | 28.2 | 100.0 | 20.8 |
| Male: 14 years and over. | 67.0 | 35.4 | 65.8 | 31.4 | 66.3 | 22.1 |
| 14 to 17 years. | 1.3 | 5.0 | 2.2 | 5.8 | 2.0 | 4.7 |
| 18 and 19 years......................................... | 4.1 | 23.3 | 3.6 | 14.5 | 3.6 | 10.8 |
| 20 to 24 years. | 9.5 | 33.5 | 9.6 | 30.9 | 8.5 | 19.8 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 13.5 | 39.3 | 11.8 | 34.1 | 12.0 | 21.0 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 11.0 | 40.3 | 12.0 | 40.5 | 11.5 | 26.8 |
| 45 to 84 years. | 24.0 | 48.6 | 22.2 | 49.2 | 24.9 | 35.4 |
| 85 years and over | 3.7 | 54.1 | 4.5 | 59.2 | 3.7 | (1) |
| Female: 14 years and over | 33.0 | 26.3 | 34.2 | 23.6 | 33.7 | 18.6 |
| 14 to 19 years. | 2.6 | 7.0 | 3.4 | 6.7 | 2.9 | 6.3 |
| 20 to 24 years | 5.0 | 28.7 | 4.4 | 23.0 | 5.4 | 18.6 |
| 25 to 34 years | 5.4 | 28.1 | 6.0 | 30.0 | 7.2 | 21.1 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 6.9 . | 33.4 | 8.5 | 38.2 | 7.6 | 24.5 |
| 45 years and over | 13.2 | 41.5 | 11.9 | 36.1 | 10.7 | 25.5 |
| marital status and sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total................................................ | 100.0 | 31.8 | 100.0 | 28.2 | 100.0 | 20.8 |
| Male: Married, wife present. | 38.7 | 41.8 | 38.2 | 40.8 | 37.4 | 26.4 |
| Single. | 21.6 | 26.6 | 20.5 | 20.3 | 21.3 | 15.5 |
| Other. | 6.7 | 43.4 | 7.1 | 46.7 | 7.5 | 36.2 |
| Female: Married, husband present | 18.7 | 35.3 | 19.5 | 33.1 | 18.6 | 23.0 |
| Single. | 5.8 | 12.6 | 6.5 | 10.7 | $7 \cdot 9$ | 12.0 |
| other. | 8.6 | 32.0 | 8.2 | 32.7 | 7.3 | 21.1 |
| COLOR AND SEX |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total..................................................... | 100.0 | 31.8 | 100.0 | 28.2 | 100.0 | 20.8 |
| White. | 78.1 | 31.3 | 76.9 | 27.1 | 73.6 | 19.5 |
| Male | 52.4 | 34.7 | 50.3 | 29.9 | 47.8 | 20.4 |
| Female | 25.7 | 26.1 | 26.5 | 22.9 | 25.8 | 18.1 |
| Nonwhite | 21.9 | 33.7 | 23.1 | 33.0 | 26.4 | 25.3 |
| Male.. | 14.6 | 38.1 | 15.4 | 37.1 | 18.5 | 28.3 |
| Female........................... | 7.3 | 27.5 | 7.7 | 26.9 | 7.9 | 20.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| rotal................................................... | 100.0 | 31.8 | 100.0 | 28.2 | 100.0 | 20.8 |
| Professional, technical, and kindred workers................. | 1.2 | 12.8 | 2.0 | 12.7 | 2.3 | 16.0 |
| Farmers and farm managers..................................... | . 2 | (1) | . 1 | (1) | . 2 | (1) |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors, except far | 2.5 | 31.1 | 2.4 | 30.2 | 2.3 | (1) |
| Clerical and kindred workers.............. | 11.3 | 36.1 | 11.4 | 30.4 | 9.8 | 20.7 |
| Sales workers............................ | 4.7 | 35.8 | 4.6 | 34.1 | 3.7 | 17.5 |
| Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers..................... Operatives and kindred workers.......................... ${ }^{\text {a }}$, | 12.5 | 39.4 | 13.0 | 39.3 | 8.9 | 19.1 |
|  | 30.9 | 40.8 | 31.1 | 41.2 | 35.5 | 29.1 |
| Private household workers................ Service workers, except private household | 2.9 | 25.9 | 2.2 | 19.2 | 2.8 | 17.6 |
| Service workers, except private household Farm laborers and foremen................ | 12.1 | 34.7 | 9.4 | 25.3 | 9.1 | 19.0 |
| Farm laborers and foremen................................... Laborers, except farm and mlne........................ | . 7 | 9.4 | . 8 | 9.8 | 1.6 | 9.9 |
| Laborers, except farm and mlne...... | 14.3 | 42.1 | 15.9 | 43.7 | 17.7 | 27.9 |
| No previous work experience $\qquad$ <br> INDUSTRY GROUP | 6.7 | 11.7 | 7.0 | 9.1 | 6.2 | 8.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100.0 | 31.8 | 100.0 | 28.2 | 100.0 | 20.8 |
| Experienced wage and salary workers .......................... | 91.2 | 36.7 | 90.4 | 33.5 | 89.8 | 23.0 |
| Agriculture......................... | . 9 | 10.1 | 1.4 | 14.0 | 2.4 | 13.4 |
| Nonagricultural industries ...... | 90.3 | 37.6 | 89.0 | 34.3 | 87.4 | 23.4 |
| Mining, forestry, and fisheries......................... | 1.7 | (1) | 1.5 | (1) | 4.7 | (1) |
| Construction. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 9.8 | 31.6 | 10.8 | 34.6 | 9.2 | 20.9 |
| Manufacturing..... | 36.5 | 43.1 | 39.5 | 43.9 | 38.7 | 28.5 |
| Durable goods............................................ | 24.7 | 48.4 | 27.5 | 51.2 | 21.9 | 29.1 |
| Nondurable goods. ....................................... | 11.9 | 35.0 | 11.9 | 33.0 | 16.8 | 27.7 |
| Transportation and public utilities...................... | 5.8 | 45.7 | 6.0 | 41.0 | 6.3 | 27.3 |
| Wholesale and retall trade................................ | 17.4 | 35.4 | 15.6 | 28.7 | 12.6 | 16.3 |
| Service and finance, insurance, and real eatate......... Public administration ${ }^{\text {a }}$................................. | 15.2 3.9 | 29.8 56.6 | 12.9 2.8 | 22.3 35.8 | 13.2 2.8 | 17.3 |
| Public administration......................................... | 3.9 | 56.6 | 2.8 | 35.8 | 2.8 | (1) |

${ }^{1}$ Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000 . ${ }^{2}$ Includes self-employed, unpaid family workers, and persons with no previous work experience, not shown separately. NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawail besinning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

## Talle $\mathbf{A}-15$ : Porsous at wort, by hours workol, type if industry, and elass of worker

July 1961

| Hours worked | Total | Agriculture |  |  |  | Nonagricultural Industrieg |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Selfemployed workers | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Unpald } \\ \text { fam1ly } \\ \text { workers } \end{array}\right.$ | Total | Wage and salary workers |  |  |  | Selfemployed workers | Unpald family workers |
|  |  | Total |  |  |  |  | Total | Private households | Government | Other |  |  |
| Total at work...thousands. | 61,141 | 6,256 | 2,164 | 2,716 | 1,377 | 54,885 | 48,337 | 2,407 | 5,903 | 40,027 | 5,841 | 707 |
| Percent | 100.0 | 100,0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1 to 34 hours....................... | 19.2 | 30.3 | 35.6 | 20.7 | 40.8 | 18.1 | 17.7 | 65.4 | 10.9 | 15.7 | 18.7 | 40.6 |
| 1 to 14 hours. | 5.8 | 8.1 | 13.3 | 8.2 | - | 5.6 | 5.5 | 38.7 | 2.2 | 4.0 | 6.8 | - |
| 15 to 21 hour | 5.2 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 6.0 | 19.8 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 13.0 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 5.4 | 22.3 |
| 22 to $2 \theta$ hou | 3.9 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 3.9 | 10.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 8.4 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 9.0 |
| 30 to 34 hou | 4.3 | 5.4 | 5.8 | 2.6 | 10.3 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 9.3 |
| 35 to 40 hours. | 46.9 | 14.6 | 16.5 | 12.2 | 16.2 | 50.5 | 54.5 | 17.8 | 66.3 | 55.0 | 21.5 | 23.0 |
| 35 to 39 hour | 6.1 | 5.9 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 8.8 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 6.8 | 3.7 | 8.6 |
| 40 hours. | 40.8 | 8.7 | 11.6 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 44.4 | 48.1 | 13.4 | 61.6 | 48.2 | 17.8 | 14.4 |
| 41 hours and ove | 33.6 | 55.1 | 48.0 | 67.0 | 43.1 | 31.4 | 27.9 | 16.7 | 23.0 | 29.3 | 59.6 | 36.3 |
| 41 to 47 hours | 7.5 | 5.5 | 7.2 | 3.3 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 4.7 | 6.1 | 8.6 | 6.4 | 5.7 |
| 48 hours... | 6.4 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 3.4 | 5.9 | 7.0 | 7.1 | $5 \cdot 3$ |
| 48 hours and ove | 19.7 | 46.0 | 37.3 | 60.0 | 32.1 | 16.8 | 13.1 | 8.6 | 21.0 | 13.7 | 46.1 | 25.3 |
| 49 to 54 hours | 6.1 | 9.2 | 11.2 | 8.6 | 7.0 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 5.5 | 11.2 | 3.8 |
| 55 to 59 hours | 2.6 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 4.3 | 2.0 |
| 60 to 69 hours. | 5.3 | 10.8 | 7.7 | 13.9 | 9.7 | 4.7 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 3.6 | 15.2 | 7.5 |
| 70 hours and over............... | 5.7 | 21.9 | 13.8 | 34.1 | 10.7 | 3.9 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 15.4 | 12.0 |
| Average hours.. | 41.2 | 47.0 | 41.5 | 54.3 | 41.5 | 40.5 | 39.6 | 24.3 | 41.2 | 40.3 | 48.0 | 40.4 |

Tallo A.18: Employed prsens, by typo of indestry, by full-time or part-tians status and reason for part time

| (Thousands of persons 14 years of age and over) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hours worked, usual status, and reason working part time | Agriculture | Nonagricultural industries | Hours worked, usual status, and reason working part time | Agriculture | Nonaǵricultural industries |
| Total............................ | 6,453 | 62,046 | Usually work full time-Continued |  |  |
|  |  |  | Part time for other reasons..... | 465 | 1,938 |
| With a job but not at work................ | 195 | 7,162 | Own lllnes | 44 | 486 |
| At work. | 6,256 | 54,885 | Vacation | 14 | 501 |
| 41 hours and over | 3,454 | 17,227 | Bad weather..................... | 341 | 399 |
| 35 to 40 hours. | 910 | 27,754 | Hol iday. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 12 |
| 1 to 34 hours........................... Usually work full time on present job: | 1,894 | 9,904 | All other............................ <br> Usually work part time on | 67 | 539 |
| Part time for economic reasons....... | 72 | 1,119 | present job: |  |  |
| Slack work. | 61 | 868 | For economle reasons ${ }^{1} . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 379 | 1,892 |
| Material shortages or repairs.... | - | 63 | Average hours.................... | 18.0 | 17.1 |
| New job started. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 7 | 129 | For other reascras................. | 977 | 4,955 |
| Job terminated..................... | 5 | 60 |  |  |  |
| Average hours. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 22.5 | 23.6 | Average hours for total at work.... | 47.0 | 40.5 |

${ }^{1}$ Primarily includes persons who could find only part-tige work. NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawail beginning 1960. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Talle A.17: Wage and salary workers, by full-time or partime status and major indistry group
July 1961

| Major industry group | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { at } \\ \text { work } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | 1 to 34 hours |  |  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 35 \text { to } \\ 39 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 40 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | 41 hours and over |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Usually worik fulltime on present job |  | Usually work parttime on present job |  |  |  |  | 41 to |  |  |
|  |  |  | Part time for economic reasons | Part time for other reasons | For economic reasons | For other reasons |  |  | Total | $\begin{gathered} 47 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | hours | and over |
| Agriculture.. | 100.0 | 35.6 | 1.3 | 7.0 | 15.6 | 12.6 | 4.9 | 11.6 | 48.0 | 7.2 | 3.5 | 37.3 |
| Nonagricultural industries. | 100.0 | 17.7 | 2.0 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 8.4 | 6.4 | 48.1 | 27.9 | 8.1 | 6.7 | 13.1 |
| Construction... | 100.0 | 19.7 | 4.5 | 8.6 | 3.8 | 2.8 | 6.0 | 47.2 | 27.0 | 9.6 | 5.3 | 12.1 |
| Manufacturing.. | 100.0 | 11.0 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 5.8 | 59.4 | 23.8 | 7.5 | 6.2 | 10.1 |
| Durable goods..... | 100.0 | 8.7 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 1.0 | . 9 | 3.0 | 66.5 | 21.9 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 9.1 |
| Nondurable goods...................... | 100.0 | 13.6 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 4.6 | 9.0 | 51.2 | 26.2 | 8.5 | 6.4 | 11.3 |
| Transportation and public utilities..... Wholesale and retail trade............. | 100.0 | 7.9 | 1.5 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 4.2 | 63.8 | 24.2 | 6.7 | 5.2 | 12.3 |
| Wholesale and retail trade............. | 100.0 | 20.4 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 5.4 | 11.8 | 6.4 | 33.6 | 39.6 | 10.5 | 10.1 | 19.0 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate..... Service industries........................... | 100.0 | 13.1 | . 4 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 9.4 | 16.3 | 45.7 | 24.9 | 8.6 | 3.2 | 13.1 |
| Service industries.............................. Educational services....................... | 100.0 | 31.3 28.6 | 1.5 | 3.2 | 7.3 | 19.3 | 6.5 | 36.1 | 26.1 | 7.3 | 6.2 | 12.6 |
| Educational services................... Other professional services........ | 100.0 | 28.6 | 1.3 | 8.7 | 2.8 | 15.8 | 8.1 | 44.7 | 18.4 | 5.8 | 3.5 | 9.1 |
| Other professional services........... All other service industries........ | 100.0 | 17.7 | 1.0 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 12.5 | 7.1 | 49.5 | 25.7 | 7.6 | 5.6 | 12.5 |
| All other industries.......... | 100.0 | 39.9 8.1 | 1.9 . | 2.5 3.7 | 11.5 1.0 | 24.0 2.9 | 5.7 4.6 | 26.3 62.0 | 28.0 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 13.4 |

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawail beginning 1960. (See footnote 4, tabke A-1.)
605185 O-61-4

Talle A.18: Persons at work, by full-tine or part-time status and major occupation grous
July 1961

| Major occupation group | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { at } \\ \text { work } \end{gathered}$ | 1 to 34 hours |  |  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 35 \text { to } \\ 39 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 40 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | 41 hours and over |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aver- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Usually work full time on present job |  | Usually work part time on present job |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49 |  |
|  |  | Total | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Part time } \\ \text { for } \\ \text { economic } \\ \text { reasons } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Part time for other reasons | For economic reasons | $\begin{aligned} & \text { For } \\ & \text { other } \\ & \text { reasons } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Total | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{cc} 41 & \text { to } \\ 47 \\ \text { hours } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 48 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { hours } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Total. | 1000 | 12.2 | 1.2 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 9.7 | 6.1 | 40.8 | 33.6 | 7.5 | 6.4 | 19.7 | 41.2 |
| Professional, technical, and kindred workers. | 100.0 | 15.2 | . 7 | 4.1 | 1.1 | 9.3 | 5.5 | 49.4 | 30.0 | 7.0 | 4.4 | 18.6 | 41.4 |
| Parmers and farm managers. | 100.0 | 20.2 | 1.1 | 8.0 | . 9 | 10.2 | 5.0 | 6.9 | 67.9 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 61.0 | 54.7 |
| Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm. $\qquad$ | 100.0 | 7.3 | 1.0 | 2.4 | . 4 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 28.3 | 60.5 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 44.3 | 50.4 |
| Clerical and kindred worker | 100.0 | 14.3 | . 7 | 2.9 | 1.3 | 9.4 | 11.5 | 58.6 | 15.6 | 7.1 | 3.4 | 5.1 | 38.3 |
| Sales workers........ | 100.0 | 27.6 | . 8 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 20.1 | 6.4 | 28.9 | 37.0 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 21.3 | 38.7 |
| Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers. | 100.0 | 10.0 | 2.3 | 3.8 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 4.5 | 52.8 | 32.6 | 9.7 | 8.3 | 14.6 | 41.7 |
| Operatives and kindred workers. | 100.0 | 14.3 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 6.0 | 50.4 | 29.4 | 8.1 | 6.7 | 14.6 | 41.1 |
| Private household workers. | 100.0 | 62.3 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 16.5 | 41.0 | 5.4 | 14.0 | 18.3 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 9.8 | 26.1 |
| Service workers, except private household. | 100.0 | 24.2 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 5.2 | 15.4 | 4.9 | 35.8 | 35.1 | 6.8 | 12.3 | 16.0 | 39.8 |
| Farm laborers and foremen.. | 100.0 | 38.6 | 1.1 | 7.3 | 10.1 | 20.1 | 6.5 | 9.0 | 45.8 | 7.3 | 3.2 | 35.3 | 41.2 |
| Laborers, except farm and mine.... | 100.0 | 33.2 | 4.5 | 7.4 | 11.9 | 9.4 | 3.9 | 141.4 | 21.6 | 8.8 | 4.6 | 8.2 | 34.7 |

NOTE: Data lnclude Alaska and Hawall beginning 1880. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)
Table A.19: Persens at work in moagricultural industries, by full-time and part-time status and selected characteristics
July 1961


NOTE: Data Include Alaska and Hawall beginning 1900. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

1918 to date
(In thousands)

| Year and month | TOTAL | Mining | Contract construction | Manufacturing | Transportation and public utilities | Wholesale and retail trade | Finance, insurance, and real estate | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Service and } \\ \text { miscellaneous } \end{array}$ | Government |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1919.............. | 26,829 | 1,124 | 1,021 | 10,534 | 3,711 | 4,664 | 1,050 | 2,05 | 2,671 |
| 1920. | 27,088 | 1,230 | 848 | 10,534 | 3,998 | 4,623 | 1,110 | 2,142 | 2,603 |
| 1921............... | 24,125 | 953 | 1,012 | 8,132 | 3,459 | 4,754 | 1,097 | 2,187 | 2,531 |
| 1922............... | 25,569 | 920 | 1,185 | 8,986 | 3,505 | 5,084 | 1,079 | 2,268 | 2,542 |
| 1923................ | 28,128 | 1,203 | 1,229 | 10,155 | 3,882 | 5,494 | 1,123 | 2,431 | 2,611 |
| 1924............... | 27,770 | 1,092 | 1,321 | 9,523 | 3,806 | 5,626 | 1,163 | 2,516 | 2,723 |
| 1925............... | 28,505 | 1,090 | 1,446 | 9,786 | 3,824 | 5,810 | 1,166 | 2,591 | 2,802 |
| 1926............... | 29,539 29,691 | 1,176 1,105 | 1,555 1,608 | 9,997 | 3,940 | 6,033 | 1,235 1,295 | 2,755 2,871 | 2,848 2,917 |
| 1927.............. | 29,691 29,710 | 1,105 1,041 | 1,608 1,606 | 9,839 9,766 | 3,891 3,822 | 6,165 | 1,295 1,360 | 2,871 | 2,917 2,996 |
| 1929............... | 31,041 | 1,078 | 1,497 | 10,534 | 3,907 | 6,401 | 1,431 | 3,127 | 3,066 |
| 1930............... | 29,143 | 1,000 | 1,372 | 9,401 | 3,675 | 6,064 | 1,398 | 3,084 | 3,149 |
| 1931............... | 26,383 | 864 | 1,214 | 8,021 | 3,243 | 5,531 | 1,333 | 2,913 | 3,264 |
| 1932.............. | 23,377 | 722 | 970 | 6,797 | 2,804 | 4,907 | 1,270 | 2,682 | 3,225 |
| 1933............... | 23,466 | 735 | 809 | 7,258 | 2,659 | 4,999 | 1,225 | 2,614 | 3,167 |
| 1934............... | 25,699 | 874 | 862 | 8,346 | 2,736 | 5,552 | 1,247 | 2,784 | 3,298 |
| 1935............... | 26,792 | 888 | 912 | 8,907 | 2,771 | 5,692 | 1,262 | 2,883 | 3,477 |
| 1936.............. | 28,802 | 937 | 1,145 | 9,653 | 2,956 | 6,076 | 1,313 | 3,060 | 3,662 |
| 1937.............. | 30,718 | 1,006 | 1,112 | 10,606 | 3,114 | 6,543 | 1,355 | 3,233 | 3,749 |
| 1938............... | 28,902 | 882 | 1,055 | 9,253 | 2,840 | 6,453 | 1,347 | 3,196 | 3,876 |
| 1939.............. | 30,311 | 845 | 1,150 | 10,078 | 2,912 | 6,612 | 1,399 | 3,321 | 3,995 |
| 1940............... | 32,058 | 916 | 1,294 | 10,780 | 3,013 | 6,940 | 1,436 | 3,477 | 4,202 |
| 1941............... | 36,220 | 947 | 1,790 | 12,974 | 3,248 | 7,416 | 1,480 | 3,705 | 4,660 |
| 1942.............. | 39,779 | 983 | 2;170 | 15,051 | 3,433 | 7,333 | 1,469 | 3,857 | 5,483 |
| 2و43............... | 42,106 | 927 | 1,567 | 17,381 | 3,619 | 7,189 | 1,435 | 3,919 | 6,080 |
| 2و44............... | 41,534 | 883 | 1,094 | 17,111 | 3,798 | 7,260 | 1,409 | 3,934 | 6,043 |
| 1945................ | 40,037 | 826 | 1,132 | 15,302 | 3,872 | 7,522 | 1,428 | 4,011 | 5,944 |
| 1و46............... | 41,287 | 852 | 1,661 | 14,461 | 4,023 | 8,602 | 1,619 | 4,474 | 5,595 |
| 1947............... | 43,462 | 943 | 1,982 | 15,290 | 4,122 | 9,196 | 1,672 | 4,783 | 5,474 |
| 1948................ | 44,448 | 982 | 2,169 | 15,321 | 4,141 | 9,519 | 1,741 | 4,925 | 5,650 |
| 1949............... | 43,315 | 918 | 2,165 | 24,178 | 3,949 | 9,513 | 1,765 | 4,972 | 5,856 |
| 1950............... | 44,738 | 889 | 2,333 | 14,967 | 3,977 | 9,645 | 1,824 | 5,077 | 6,026 |
| 1951.............. | 47,347 | 926 | 2,603 | 16,104 | 4,166 | 10,012 | 1,892 | 5,264 | 6,389 |
| 1952............... | 48,303 | 885 | 2,634 | 16,334 | 4,185 | 10,281 | 1,967 | 5,411 | 6,609 |
| 1953................ | 49,681 | 852 | 2,622 | 17,238 | 4,221 | 10,527 | 2,038 | 5,538 | 6,645 |
| 1954............... | 48,431 | 777 | 2,593 | 15,995 | 4,009 | 10,520 | 2,122 | 5,664 | 6,751 |
| 1955................ | 50,056 | 777 | 2,759 | 16,563 | 4,062 | 10,846 | 2,219 | 5,915 | 6,914 |
| 1956............... | 51,766 | 807 | 2,929 | 16,903 | 4,161 | 11,221 | 2,308 | 6,160 | 7,277 |
| 1957.............. | 52,162 | 809 | 2,808 | 16,782 | 4,151 | 11,302 | 2,3418 | 6,336 | 7,626 |
| 1958.............. | 50,543 | 721 | 2,648 | 15,468 | 3,903 | 11,141 | 2,374 | 6,395 | 7,893 |
| 1959 1 | 51,975 | 676 | 2,767 | 16,168 | 3,902 | 11,385 | 2,425 | 6,525 | 8,127 |
| 19592 | 52,205 | 677 | 2,708 | 16,199 | 3,921 | 11,439 | 2,433 | 6,558 | 8,190 |
| $1960{ }^{3}$ | 53,137 | 665 | 2,795 | 16,369 | 3,921 | 11,698 | 2,494 | 6,573 | 8,522 |
| 1960: July....... | 53,184 | 657 | 3,125 | 16,296 | 3,959 | 11,648 | 2,539 | 6,751 | 8,209 |
| August..... | 53,320 | 674 | 3,157 | 16,429 | 3,941 | 11,649 | 2,545 | 6,721 | 8,204 |
| Septembor.. | 53,743 | 665 | 3,095 | 16,538 | 3,927 | 11,722 | 2,524 | 6,734 | 8,538 |
| October.... | 53,631 | 657 | 3,031 | 16,34I | 3,909 | 11,799 | 2,510 | 6,734 | 8,650 |
| November... | 53,370 | 64.8 | 2,870 | 16,156 | 3,887 | 11,900 | 2,508 | 6,701 | 8,700 |
| December... | 53,547 | 642 | 2,573 | 15,363 | 3,862 | 12,465 | 2,513 | 6,648 | 8,981 |
| 1961: January..... | 51,661 | 630 | 2,404 | 15,608 | 3,781 | 17,518 | 2,498 | 6,551 | 8,671 |
| February... | 51,314 | 621 | 2,283 | 15,501 | 3,777 | 11,332 | 2,502 | 6,561 | 8,737 |
| March...... | 51,621 | 623 | 2,433 | 15,524 | 3,767 | 11,391 | 2,515 | 6,600 | 8,768 |
| April...... | 52,073 | 624 | 2,638 | 15,564 | 3,775 | 11, 414 | 2,528 | 6,714 | 8,786 |
| May . . . . . . . | 52,645 | 632 | 2,822 | 15,756 | 3,792 | 11,502 | 2,537 | 6,788 | 8,816 |
| June....... | 53,367 | 640 | 3,060 | 16,014 | 3,836 | 11,615 | 2,563 | 6,828 | 8,811 |
| Julj. ....... | 53,198 | 634 | 3,158 | 15,994 | 3,853 | 11,592 | 2,595 | 6,811 | 8,561 |

[^3]Tabla 8-2: Employens in menagrientural establishments, by indestry

| Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers 1 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juy } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kay } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1962 . \end{aligned}$ | June 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { July } \\ 1960 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| TOTAL. | 52,937 | 53,116 | 52,407 | 52,923 | 53,309 | - | - | - | - | - |
| MINING. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 632 | 638 | 630 | 655 | 681 | - | 497 | 488 | 507 | 534 |
| metal miming. | 88.1 | 87.5 | 86.6 | 94.5 | 96.7 | - | 72.1 | 71.4 | 78.4 | 80.4 |
| Iron mining. | - | 27.9 | 27.8 | 34.2 | 35.3 | - | 23.2 | 23.2 | 29.4 | 30.5 |
| copper mining. | - | 32.7 | 31.3 | 32.1 | 32.9 | - | 26.3 | 25.8 | 25.3 | 26.0 |
| Lead and zinc mining | - | 10.0 | 9.9 | 11.1 | 21.4 | - | 8.1 | 8.1 | 8.9 | 9.1 |
| anthracite minimg. | - | 8.7 | 8.7 | 10.7 | 21.8 | - | 7.6 | 7.6 | 9.0 | 10.0 |
| BITUMIMOUS-COAL NIMIRE. | 128.9 | 137.5 | 136.3 | 140.5 | 164.2 | - | 120.6 | 119.3 | 119.1 | 144.3 |
| crude-petroleun ahd matural-gas PRODUCTIOM. | - | 290.8 | 286.8 | 291.6 | 291.6 | - | 202.3 | 197.6 | 202.3 | 202.9 |
| Petroleum and natural-gas production (except contract services).............. | - | 169.9 | 168.4 | 178.4 | 177.0 | - | 97.5 | 95.5 | 103.9 | 103.2 |
| mommetallic miming ano quarryimg........ | 124.8 | 133.7 | 171.2 | 217.9 | 116.8 | - | 94.4 | 92.1 | 97.8 | 96.4 |
| CONTRACT COMSTRUCTION. | 3,131 | 3,035 | 2,799 | 3,098 | 2,977 | - | 2,603 | 2,374 | 2,669 | 2,558 |
| NONBUILDING CONSTRUCTION.. | - | 649 | 580 | 659 | 643 | - | 567 | 496 | 573 | 558 |
| Highway and street construction. | - | 326.8 | 280.7 | 320.1 | 315.0 | - | 299.1 | 253.8 | 292.6 | 286.7 |
| Other nonbuilding construction.. | - | 322.2 | 299.1 | 338.7 | 328.1 | - | 267.7 | 241.7 | 280.1 | 271.0 |
| BUILDING CONSTRUCTION. | - | 2,386 | 2,219 | 2,439 | 2,334 | - | 2,036 | 1,878 | 2,096 | 2,000 |
| general contractors. | - | 819.2 | 749.9 | 857.9 | 816.8 | - | 710.2 | 644.9 | 752.4 | 714.7 |
| special-trade contractors................ | - | 1,566.8 | 1,469.0 | 1,580.6 | 1,517.6 | - | 1,325.3 | 1,232.6 | 1, 343.9 | 1,285.4 |
| Plumbing and heating................... | - | 310.6 | 302.4 | 315.5 | 317.3 | - | 254.1 | 245.8 | 256.2 | 253.4 |
| Painting and decorating................ | - | 254.0 | 230.1 | 251.6 | 234.2 | - | 229.9 | 206.8 | 229.5 | 212.7 |
| Electrical work......................... | - | 186.8 | 174.2 | 199.6 | 187.9 | - | 147.4 | 136.6 | 159.9 | 149.6 |
| Other special-trade contractors........ | - | 815.4 | 762.3 | 813.9 | 784.2 | - | 693.9 | 643.4 | 698.3 | 669.7 |
| MANJFACTURING. | 5,948 | 15,975 | 15,726 | 16,250 | 16,422 | 21,828 | 22,866 | 21,643 | 42,245 | 12,332 |
| DURABLE GOODS. | 9,124 | 9,169 | 9,039 | 9, 342 | 9,504 | 6,661 | 6,710 | 6,595 | 6,888 | 7,056 |
| NONDURABLE G00ds. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 6,824 | 6,806 | 6,687 | 6,908 | 6,918 | 5,167 | 5,156 | 5,048 | 5,257 | 5,276 |
| Durable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ordmamce ano accessories. | 153.8 | 154.6 | 153.4 | 146.0 | 149.6 | 73.1 | 74.5 | 73.9 | 72.3 | 72.4 |
| LUMBER AMO wood prooucts.. | 655.9 | 661.1 | 617.2 | 674.2 | 685.9 | 588.0 | 593.3 | 550.6 | 606.1 | 617.4 |
| Logsing camps and contractors............. | - | 135.5 | 103.7 | 122.0 | 126.1 | - | 128.5 | 96.4 | 114.6 | 278.6 |
| Sawnills and planing mills............... | - | 297.4 | 290.5 | 320.1 | 324.8 | - | 268.3 | 262.3 | 291.4 | 296.0 |
| Millwork, plywood, prefabricated structural wood products. | - | 132.3 | 128.0 | 131.8 | 133.0 | - | 111.2 | 107.5 | 110.9 | 112.0 |
| Wooden containers......................... | - | 40.8 | 40.8 | 43.9 | 44.8 | - | . 37.2 | 37.3 | 39.9 | 40.8 |
| Miscellaneous wood products............... | - | 55.1 | 54.2 | 56.4 | 57.2 | - | 48.1 | 47.1 | 49.3 | 50.0 |
| furniture ano fixtures....................... | 372.4 | 372.2 | 367.8 | 385.0 | 391.0 | 309.5 | 308.3 | 304.3 | 320.9 | 326.7 |
| Household furniture..... | - | 268.2 | 266.0 | 275.0 | 279.9 |  | 228.9 | 227.0 | 235.6 | 240.4 |
| Office, public-building, and professional furniture. | - | 47.0 | 46.1 | 48.7 | 49.4 | - | 36.4 | 35.5 | 38.4 | 38.8 |
| Partitions, shelving, lockers, and firtures. | - | 34.0 | 33.3 | 37.1 | 37.1 | - | 25.2 | 24.4 | 28.1 | 28.1 |
| Screens, blinds, and miscellaneous furniture and fixtures. | - | 23.0 | 22.4 | 24.2 | 24.6 | - | 17.8 | 17.4 | 18.8 | 19.4 |
| stome, clay, and glass products........... | 533.5 | 534.2 | 525.7 | 557.3 | 562.6 | 427.1 | 428.2 | 420.1 | 449.9 | 456.1 |
| Flat glass........................ |  | 27.3 | 27.4 | 30.0 | 30.5 | - | 23.2 | 23.3 | 25.8 | 26.2 |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or blown.... | - | 105.3 | 104.7 | 106.9 | 109.8 | - | 88.4 | 88.2 | 90.0 | 93.2 |
| Glass products made of purchased slass... | - | 16.0 | 15.9 | 16.4 | 16.5 | - | 12.8 | 12.7 | 13.4 | 13.6 |
| Cement, hydraulic......................... | - | 40.3 | 39.0 | 43.2 | 43.0 | - | 32.9 | 31.6 | 35.3 | 35.3 |
| Structural clay products.................. | - | 69.9 | 69.4 | 76.2 | 75.7 | - | 59.9 | 58.5 | 66.1 | 65.8 |
| Pottery and related products............. | - | 43.5 | 43.3 | 47.8 | 49.1 | - | 36.8 | 36.5 | 40.9 | 42.2 |
| Concrete, ${ }^{\text {bypsum, and plaster products... }}$ | - | 116.8 | 113.4 | 120.1 | 120.0 | - | 92.1 | 88.7 | 94.8 | 95.0 |
| Cut-stone and stone products............. | - | 17.8. | 38.0 | 17.8 | 18.4 | - | 15.4 | 15.5 | 15.2 | 15.8 |
| Misc. nonmetallic mineral products. | 1 - | 97.3 | 95.6 | 98.9 | 99.6 | - | 66.7 | 65.1 | 68.4 | 69.0 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table B.2: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry-Contiaued

| Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | June 1960 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | June 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Durable Goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Primary metal industries.. | 1,130.5 | 1,118.1 | 1,096.8 | 1,156.1 | 1,203.1 | 909.8 | 897.4 | 877.4 | 923.8 | 970.3 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills: | - | 532.5 | 519.7 | 549.0 | 580.0 | - | 429.2 | 417.7 | 438.7 | 468.9 |
| Iron and steel foundries. | - | 208.4 | 205.4 | 220.7 | 226.8 | - | 175.7 | 172.9 | 187.1 | 193.1 |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals. |  | 54.3 | 53.3 | 59.1 | 59.2 |  | 41.9 | 41.0 | 46.3 | 46.6 |
| Secondary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals........................... |  | 11.8 | 11.4 | 11.8 | 11.9 |  | 8.7 | 8.3 | 8.6 | 8.6 |
| Rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals. | - | 112.2 | 120.9 | 211.3 | 113.5 | - | 84.8 | 83.4 | 82.7 | 85.2 |
| Nonferrous foundries. | - | 57.4 | 56.3 | 59.1 | 61.6 | - | 46.8 | 45.6 | 47.6 | 50.3 |
| Miscellaneous primary metal industri | - | 141.5 | 139.8 | 145.1 | 150.1 | - | 110.3 | 108.5 | 112.8 | 117.6 |
| FABRICATED METAL PRODUCT | 1,040.1 | 1,042.4 | 1,027.4 | 1,063.2 | 1,086.3 | 798.8 | 801.1 | 788.0 | 817.3 | 840.1 |
| Tin cans and other tinware |  | 60.3 | 59.3 | 63.5 | 63.6 | - | 52.3 | 51.1 | 55.4 | 55.6 |
| Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware | - | 128.5 | 127.2 | 126.9 | 132.2 | - | 100.5 | 99.4 | 98.6 | 103.8 |
| Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbers'supplies........................... | - | 110.9 | 109.3 | 124.6 | 115.9 | - | 83.3 | 82.0 | 86.4 | 87.8 |
| Fabricated structural metal products.... | - | 284.2 | 277.8 | 294.8 | 293.1 |  | 201.6 | 195.8 | 220.1 | 208.1 |
| Metal stamping, coating, and engraving.. | - | 224.2 | 223.7 | 225.8 | 236.3 | - | 181.2 | 181.1 | 182.4 | 192.8 |
| Lighting fixtures.. | - | 47.6 | 45.7 | 47.1 | 49.1 | - | 36.4 | 34.8 | 36.0 | 37.9 |
| Fabricated wire products. | - | 53.2 | 52.7 | 54.6 | 56.6 | - | 42.2 | 41.8 | 43.1 | 45.2 |
| Miscellaneous fabricated metal products. | - | 133.5 | 131.7 | 135.9 | 139.5 | - | 103.6 | 102.0 | 105.3 | 108.9 |
| hachinery (except electrical) | 1,570.0 | 1,582.2 | 1,579.4 | 1,635.3 | 1,658.6 | 1,067.1 | 1,081.5 | 1,081.7 | 1,130.4 | 1,154.1 |
| Engines and turbines... | 1,570.0 | 95.5 | 97.5 | 100.2 | 101.3 | - | 57.0 | 58.8 | 61.3 | 62.9 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractor | - | 146.5 | 152.9 | 145.5 | 148.8 | - | 100.8 | 107.4 | 98.7 | 101.5 |
| Construction and mining machine | - | 115.1 | 114.2 | 125.6 | 127.6 | - | 78.0 | 77.4 | 85.5 | 87.4 |
| Metalworking machinery....... | - | 243.8 | 239.6 | 258.4 | 264.8 | - | 175.5 | 171.8 | 190.2 | 195.6 |
| Special-industry machinery lexcept metalworking machinery). $\qquad$ | - | 174.0 | 173.0 | 176.2 | 178.0 | - | 118.7 | 118.7 | 122.4 | 124.2 |
| General industrial machinery....... | - | 215.6 | 213.6 | 228.5 | 230.8 | - | 133.6 | 132.0 | 143.7 | 146.5 |
| Office and store machines and devices | - | 144.1 | 142.8 | 140.6 | 140.4 | - | 92.4 | 91.9 | 92.6 | 92.9 |
| Service-industry and household machines. | - | 182.9 | 185.5 | 186.6 | 192.6 | - | 132.2 | 134.7 | 136.5 | 143.0 |
| Miscellaneous machinery parts. | - | 264.7 | 260.3 | 273.7 | 274.3 | - | 193.3 | 189.0 | 199.5 | 200.1 |
| ELECTRICAL MACHIMERY.. | 1,306.9 | 1,309.3 | 1,296.6 | 1,292.4 | 1,297.0 | 844.0 | 845.9 | 836.5 | 849.6 | 858.7 |
| Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus. | - | 411.1 | 407.6 | 414.3 | 413.6 | - | 272.5 | 269.3 | 276.0 | 277.6 |
| Electrical appliances................... | - | 38.4 | 37.6 | 38.7 | 39.3 | - | 28.4 | 27.7 | 28.7 | 29.4 |
| Insulated wire and cabl | - | 28.8 | 26.4 | 27.0 | 28.5 | - | 22.2 | 19.9 | 20.4 | 21.8 |
| Electrical equipment for | - | 67.3 | 66.6 | 69.7 | 71.3 | - | 50.9 | 50.3 | 52.9 | 54.6 |
| Electric lamps.......... | - | 25.4 | 25.8 | 28.2 | 29.1 | - | 21.9 | 22.2 | 24.5 | 25.4 |
| Communication equipment. | - | 691.1 | 685.4 | 664.9 | 665.7 | - | 416.0 | 413.2 | 410.8 | 413.7 |
| Miscellaneous electrical produc | - | 47.2 | 47.2 | 49.6 | 49.5 | - | 34.0 | 33.9 | 36.3 | 36.2 |
| transportation equiphent | 1,526.9 | 1,549.1 | 1,543.3 | 1,590.7 | 1,607.9 | 1,039.6 | 1,064.1 | 1,059.2 | 1,104.8 | 1,127.2 |
| Motor vehicles and equip | 1, | 718.1 | 708.4 | 745.6 | 784.7 | - | 553.6 | 544.1 | 573.9 | 614.9 |
| Aircraft and parts..... | - | 636.6 | 639.9 | 630.4 | 618.1 | - | 356.4 | 359.9 | 358.4 | 347.5 |
| Alrcraft.... | - | 361.4 | 362.1 | 371.1 | 37.2 | - | 196.6 | 199.5 | 212.2 | 214.2 |
| Aircraft engines and parts. | - | 140.4 | 141.2 | 125.3 | 114.9 | - | 82.7 | 83.0 | 69.8 | 58.4 |
| Aircraft propellers and parts. | - | 11.4 | 12.4 | 11.1 | 8.3 | - | 6.5 | 7.1 | 5.9 | 2.7 |
| Other aircraft parts and equipment | - | 123.4 | 124.2 | 122.9 | 123.7 | - | 70.6 | 70.3 | 70.5 | 72.2 |
| Ship and boat building and repairing | - | 138.8 | 141.3 | 144.2 | 134.0 | - | 114.4 | 117.2 | 119.4 | 111.1 |
| Ship building and repairing. | - | 119.8 | 120.7 | 124.6 | 110.9 | - | 98.5 | 99.8 | 103.2 | 91.4 |
| Boat building and repairing. | - | 19.0 | 20.6 | 19.6 | 23.1 | - | 15.9 | 17.4 | 16.2 | 19.7 |
| Railroad equipment............ | - | 45.7 | 44.2 | 60.0 | 60.8 | - | 31.9 | 30.6 | 44.8 | 45.6 |
| other transportation equipment | - | $9 \cdot 9$ | 9.5 | 10.5 | 10.3 | - | 7.8 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 8.1 |
| instruments and related products......... | 338.3 | $339 \cdot 9$ | 337.8 | 348.5 | 352.8 | 212.4 | 213.8 | 22.2 | 223.4 | 227.5 |
| Laboratory, scientific, and engineering instruments. | - | 63.5 | 63.8 | 65.8 | 65.9 |  | 33.2 | 33.6 | 35.8 | 35.7 |
| Mechanical measuring and controlling instruments | - | 98.6 | 98.6 | 99.0 | 101.0 | - | 63.5 | 63.0 | 64.4 | 66.2 |
| Optical instruments and lenses........... | - | 18.0 | 17.8 | 18.1 | 18.5 | - | 11.9 | 12.8 | 12.3 | 12.7 |
| Surgical, medical, and dental instruments. | - | 44.7 | 44.6 | 45.3 | 45.8 | - | 29.7 | 29.6 | 30.1 | 30.4 |
| Ophthalmle goods. | - | 25.4 | 24.9 | 26.9 | 27.2 | - | 19.6 | 19.2 | 21.1 | 21.3 |
| Photographic appa | - | 64.2 | 63.2 | 66.8 | 65.9 | - | 35.9 | 35.6 | 39.1 | 38.7 |
| Watches and clocks | - | 25.5 | 25.0 | 26.6 | 28.5 | - | 20.0 | 19.4 | 20.6 | 22.5 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

| Industry | A11 enployees |  |  |  |  | Production workers 1 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1962 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1962 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | June 1961 | May <br> 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | June 1960 |
| Durable Goode-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WISCELLAMEOUS MAMUFACTURIAS IMDUSTRIES. | 496.0 | 506.1 | 493.9 | 492.9 | 508.9 | 391.2 | 401.4 | 390.6 | 389.1 | 405.2 |
| Jewelry, Bllvervare, and plated w | - | 43.5 | 43.5 | 44.5 | 45.8 | - | 34.6 | 34.6 | 35.3 | 36.5 |
| Muaical inatruments and parts. | - | 17.5 | 17.6 | 18.0 | 18.6 | - | 14.2 | 14.3 | 14.6 | 15.2 |
| Toys and sporting goods.... | - | 101.7 | 97.3 | 95.1 | 98.6 | - | 85.2 | 80.9 | 80.0 | 83.5 |
| Pens, pencils, other office suppl | - | 32.6 | 31.8 | 32.2 | 31.8 | - | 23.7 | 23.0 | 24.0 | 23.8 |
| Costume jevelry, buttons, notions | - | 55.1 | 53.2 | 57.4 | 59.7 | - | 43.8 | 42.1 | 45.9 | 47.8 |
| Pabricated plasties products... | - | 97.3 | 95.0 | 98.7 | 95.6 | - | 75.6 | 73.6 | 71.5 | 74.8 |
| Other manufacturing industries.. | - | 158.4 | 155.5 | 153.0 | 158.8 | - | 124.3 | 122.1 | 117.8 | 123.6 |
| Mondurable Goode |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FOOD AID KIMDRED PRODUETS. | 1,526.0 | 1,461.7 | 1,402.1 | 1,521.4 | 1,469.2 | 1,064.4 | 1,008.0 | 950.8 | 1,064.1 | 1,015.4 |
| Meat products. | - | 303.6 | 297.1 | 305.7 | 303.4 | - | 242.1 | 235.7 | 243.4 | 241.8 |
| Dairy products. | - | 99.5 | 95.0 | 102.4 | 102.0 | - | 67.2 | 63.3 | 70.4 | 70.3 |
| Canning and preservin | - | 216.8 | 190.9 | 254.6 | 207.7 | - | 180.0 | 154.6 | 219.3 | 173.1 |
| Grainmill products. | - | 110.9 | 108.5 | 112.3 | 110.2 | - | 77.0 | 74.8 | 78.3 | 76.6 |
| Eakery products. | - | 289.3 | 284.6 | 292.0 | 290.8 | - | 163.5 | 159.2 | 165.0 | 164.4 |
| Sugar........... | - | 24.6 | 24.7 | 26.3 | 25.8 | - | 18.9 | 19.2 | 21.3 | 20.4 |
| Confectionery and related prody | - | 68.9 | 65.7 | 66.9 | 70.0 | - | 55.0 | 51.7 | 52.6 | 55.3 |
| Beverages....... | - | 210.1 | 204.1 | 221.7 | 220.2 | - | 111.5 | 105.1 | 117.8 | 117.9 |
| Miscellaneous food products............. | - | 138.0 | 131.5 | 139.5 | 139.1 | - | 92.8 | 87.2 | 96.0 | 95.6 |
| tobaceo malufactu | 74.3 | 74.4 | 73.4 | 78.5 | 77.8 | 64.3 | 64.5 | 63.3 | 68.7 | 67.9 |
| Cigarettes.. |  | 38.2 | 37.3 | 38.4 | 38.2 | - | 32.8 | 31.9 | 33.4 | 33.1 |
| Cliers.. | - | 22.8 | 22.7 | 24.3 | 25.4 | - | 21.3 | 21.1 | 22.7 | 23.8 |
| Tobecco and snuff........................ | - | 5.9 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 6.3 | - | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 5.2 |
| Tobacco stemming and redrying. . . . . . . . . . | - | 7.5 | 7.5 | 9.6 | 7.9 | - | 5.5 | 5.4 | 7.4 | 5.8 |
| TEXTILE-MILL PRODUGTS. | 917.2 | $9 \times 8.0$ | 916.0 | $9+1.8$ | 961.7 | 823.9 | 834.0 | 823.0 | 847.8 | 866.7 |
| Scouring and combing plants.............. | - | 5.5 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.5 |  | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| Yarn and threadmills. | - | 101.0 | 99.5 | 103.1 | 106.5 | - | 92.9 | 91.6 | 94.9 | 97.7 |
| Broad-woven fabric mills. | - | 373.1 | 370.2 | 389.1 | 393.7 | - | 344.2 | 341.4 | 360.4 | 364.7 |
| Marrow fabrics and smallva | - | 28.3 | 28.1 | 28.8 | 29.5 | - | 24.7 | 24.5 | 25.1 | 25.9 |
| Knitting mills........................... | - | 225.3 | 220.5 | 217.7 | 225.5 | - | 204.1 | 199.4 | 196.6 | 204.6 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles........... | - | 88.6 | 86.9 | 89.0 | 90.1 | - | 76.0 | 74.9 | 76.7 | 77.7 |
| Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings.... | - | 41.4 | 41.7 | 43.3 | 44.0 | - | 34.2 | 34.5 | 35.9 | 36.4 |
| Hats (except cloth and millinery)....... | - | 9.7 | 9.2 | 9.8 | 10.1 | - | 8.5 | 8.0 | 8.6 | 8.9 |
| Miscellaneous textile goods............. | - | 55.1 | 54.8 | 55.6 | 56.8 | - | 44.4 | 44.0 | 44.7 | 45.8 |
| apparel and other fimismed textile PRODUCTS. | 1,153.0 | 1,174.6 | 1,161.2 | 1,188.0 | 1,215.9 | 1,025.5 | 1,046.8 |  |  |  |
| Men's and boys' sults and coats......... | - | 110.1 | 107.1 | 109:4 | 116.1 |  | 1,99.1 | 1,96.1 | $1,07.8$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,085 \cdot 3 \\ 104.7 \end{array}$ |
| Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing. ........................................ | - | 348.6 | 342.7 | 349.5 | 357.6 | - | 39.1 316.7 | 36.1 310.7 | 97.8 318.0 |  |
| Women's outerwear... | - | 316.2 | 318.7 | 328.2 | 329.0 | - | 282.7 | 285.3 | 294.3 | 293.9 |
| Women's, chlldren's under garments...... | - | 112.8 | 112.8 | 113.0 | 118.6 | - | 100.1 | 100.1 | 100.5 | 105.2 |
| Millinery. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 14.5 | 12.2 | 16.5 | 13.1 | - | 12.7 | 10.5 | 14.7 | 11.3 |
| Cbildren's outerwear | - | 72.9 | 70.5 | 74.8 | 75.6 | - | 65.8 | 63.7 | 67.1 | 67.9 |
| Pur foods........ | - | $7 \cdot 3$ | 6.9 | 7.3 | 7.4 | - | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| Miscellaneous apparel and accessories... | - | 58.1 | 57.0 | 57.2 | 61.7 | - | 51.8 | 50.7 | 51.2 | 55.7 |
| Other fabricated textile products. | - | 134.1 | 133.3 | 132.1 | 136.8 | - | 112.1 | 112.2 | 110.4 | 115.0 |
| Paper and allied produets................. | 551.2 | 556.4 | 548.0 | 560.5 | 567.0 | 436.5 | 442.3 | 434.7 | 444.5 | 451.8 |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills....... | - | 274.1 | 268.9 | 275.0 | 278.3 | , | 221.7 | 217.0 | 222.2 | 225.7 |
| Paperboard containers and boxes......... | - | 148.5 | 146.0 | 150.9 | 152.6 | - | 118.4 | 115.9 | 119.8 | 122.0 |
| Other paper and allied products. | - | 133.8 | 133.1 | 134.6 | 136.1 | - | 102.2 | 101.8 | 102.5 | 104.1 |
| printing, puslisilime, and allied inoustries. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newspapers. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 895.2 | 896.4 331.7 | 891.6 | 890.4 331.4 | 892.0 331.4 | 568.7 | 569.8 164.9 | 566.7 | 568.3 | 571.9 |
| Periodicals. . . | - | 64.0 | 36.4 |  |  | - | 104.9 | 164.5 | 163.7 | 165.0 |
| Books....................................... | - | 65.5 | 65.1 | 63.1 | 62 | - | 25.7 | 26.7 | 26.6 | 26.8 |
| Commercial printing. ...................... | - | 228.6 | 227.8 | 229.3 | 229.4 | - | 39.8 183.3 | 39.0 182.5 | 38.0 | 37.5 |
| Lithographing. ............................. | - | 68.5 | 68.3 | 68.2 | 68.6 | - | 1.9 | 182.5 | 183.9 51.8 | 184.5 |
| Greeting cards............................ | - | 22.9 | 21.0 | 22.0 | 22.6 | - | 16.1 | 14.3 | 16.0 | 52.0 16.6 |
| Bookbinding ame related industries...... Miscellaneous publishing and printing | - | 47.6 | 46.8 | 48.1 | 48.4 | - | 37.3 | 14.3 36.5 | 37.5 | 38.0 |
| services..... | - | 67.6 | 68.1 | 66.4 | 67.0 | - | 50.8 | 51.4 | 50.8 | 51.5 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent monthe are preliminary.

Table B-2: Employees in nonagricultural estallistments, by industry-Continued

| Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workersi |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1962 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ 1960 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Nondurable Goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| chemicals and allied products... | 887.5 | 884.4 | 881.1 | 878.9 | 877.8 | 536.4 | 536.4 | 535.4 | 536.9 | 540.4 |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals. | - | 104.7 | 103.5 | 106.1 | 105.8 | - | 68.7 | 67.9 | 69.5 | 69.5 |
| Industrial organic chemicals. | - | 346.1 | 342.2 | 347.4 | 343.7 | - | 209.3 | 205.9 | 211.3 | 211.1 |
| Drugs and medicines................... | - | 104.5 | 103.2 | 107.8 | 106.6 | - | 56.3 | 55.1 | 58.3 | 57.5 |
| Soap, cleaning and polishing preparations. | - | 55.7 | 54.9 | 52.8 | 53.1 | - | 33.2 | 32.4 | 31.7 | 31.3 |
| Paints, plements, and fillers......... | - | 77.8 | 76.6 | 79.0 | 78.4 | - | 46.1 | 45.1 | 46.7 | 46.6 |
| Gum and wood chemlcals................ | - | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 7.9 | - | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 6.4 |
| Fertillzers... | - | 36.7 | 44.2 | 31.6 | 35.8 | - | 25.9 | 33.5 | 21.6 | 25.8 |
| Vegetable and animal oils and fats.... | - | 35.6 | 36.4 | 36.3 | 36.6 | - | 22.7 | 23.4 | 23.8 | 23.9 |
| Miscellaneous chemicals................ | - | 115.7 | 112.6 | 110.0 | 109.9 | - | 68.0 | 66.0 | 67.6 | 68.3 |
| products of petroleum and coal......... | 216.2 | 220.7 | 218.2 | 230.2 | 232.5 | 142.2 | 145.7 | 143.7 | 153.2 | 155.6 |
| Petroleum refining......................... <br> Coke, other petroleum and coal | - | 176.0 | 174.6 | 183.4 | 184.0 | - | 111.2 | 110.4 | 117.0 | 117.6 |
| products........... | - | 44.7 | 43.6 | 46.8 | 48.5 | - | 34.5 | 33.3 | 36.2 | 38.0 |
| rubber prooucts. | 245.9 | 247.2 | 243.6 | 252.5 | 258.1 | 188.4 | 188.3 | 184.3 | 191.7 | 197.9 |
| Tires and inner tube | - | 95.1 | 94.0 | 103.1 | 103.5 | - | 69.0 | 67.6 | 75.9 | 76.6 |
| Rubber footwear.. | - | 23.8 | 23.5 | 21.5 | 22.0 | - | 20.1 | 19.9 | 17.6 | 18.2 |
| Other rubber products. | - | 128.3 | 126.1 | 127.9 | 132.6 | - | 99.2 | 96.8 | 98.2 | 103.1 |
| leather and leather products............ | 357.9 | 361.7 | 352.2 | 365.5 | 365.7 | 316.9 | 320.6 | 311.1 | 322.2 | 323.2 |
| Leather: tanned, curried, and finished. | - | 33.2 | 33.0 | 34.4 | 34.5 | - | 29.0 | 28.8 | 29.9 | 30.2 |
| Industrial leather belting and packing. | - | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.3 | - | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| Boot and shoe cut stock and findings.. | - | 20.6 | 19.9 | 19.5 | 19.5 | - | 18.4 | 17.6 | 17.3 | 17.3 |
| Footwear (except rubber).............. | - | 243.9 | 237.4 | 246.0 | 245.4 | - | 218.7 | 212.0 | 218.9 | 218.9 |
| Luğая̆е................................ | - | 15.3 | 14.8 | 16.4 | 16.0 | - | 12.9 | 12.5 | 14.1 | 13.8 |
| Handbasgs and small leather goods...... | - | 28.6 | 27.7 | 30.1 | 30.2 | - | 24.6 | 23.7 | 25.9 | 26.0 |
| Gloves and miscellaneous leather goods. | - | 15.4 | 14.9 | 14.8 | 15.8 | - | 13.4 | 13.0 | 12.9 | 13.8 |
| TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES...... | 3,833 | 3,816 | 3,773 | 3,939 | 3,942 |  |  |  |  |  |
| TRANSPORTATION........ | 2,483 | 2,480 | 2,445 | 2,573 | 2,592 | - | - | - | $-$ | - |
| Interstate railroads. |  | 832.2 | 819.8 | 912.2 | 919.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Class I railroads... | - | 725.0 | 713.4 | 800.7 | 807.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Local railways and bus lines. | - | 88.4 | 88.5 | 90.8 | 91.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Trucking and warehousing............... | - | 873.6 | 857.3 | 879.3 | 887.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other transportation and services | - | 685.3 | 679.3 | 690.2 | 694.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bus lines, except local............... | - | 42.0 | 41.0 | 41.9 | 40.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Alr transportation (common carrier)... Pipe-line transportation (except | - | 151.6 | 150.5 | 152.4 | 152.1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| natural gas)............................... | - | 24.1 | 23.6 | 24.7 | 24.6 |  |  | . |  |  |
| COMMUNICATIOM. | 737 | 731 | 728 | 752 | 744 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Telephone. | - | 695.1 | 691.7 | 714.0 | 707.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Telegraph. | - | 35.4 | 35.4 | 37.3 | 36.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES.. | 613 | 605 | 600 | 614 | 606 | - | 533 | 528 | 544 | 537 |
| Gas and electric utilities |  | 581.3 | 576.4 | 589.2 | 582.5 | - | 512.2 | 508.3 | 522.1 | 515.7 |
| Electric light and power utilitie | - | 254.5 | 251.9 | 260.0 | 257.3 | - | 217.6 | 215.6 | 224.4 | 221.6 |
| Gas utillties................... | - | 156.3 | 156.0 | 156.7 | 155.3 | - | 139.1 | 139.2 | 140.2 | 139.0 |
| Electric light and gas utilities comblned. <br> Local utilities, not elsewhere | - | 170.5 | 168.5 | 172.5 | 169.9 |  | 155.5 | 153.5 | 157.5 | 155.1 |
| classifled... | - | 24.1 | 23.6 | 24.4 | 23.9 | - | 20.7 | 20.1 | 21.7 | 21.1 |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE. | 11,535 | 11,559 | 11,446 | 11,591 | 11,637 | - | - | - | - | - |
| WhOLESALE TRADE. | 3,130 | 3,114 | 3,086 | 3,138 | 3,129 | - | 2,655 | 2,628 | 2,693 | 2,687 |
| function............................... | $\pm$ | 1,846.3 | 1,827.7 | 1,870.9 | 1,867.1 | - | 1,590.1 | 1,571.6 | 1,625.1 | 1,621.8 |
| Automotive............................... | - | 142.0 | 140.4 | 142.2 | 141.5 | - | 121.4 | 119.9 | 123.2 | 122.3 |
| Groceries, food specialties, beer, <br> wines, and liquors....................... | . | 312.0 | 310.5 | 315.4 | 314.1 | - | 274.5 | 273.9 | 280.4 | 278.9 |
| Electrical goods, machinery, hardware, and plumbing equipment.................. Other full-service and limited- | - | 439.7 | 438.7 | 459.5 | 458.1 |  | 374.2 | 373.3 | 394.7 | 394.0 |
| function wholesalers........ | - | 952.6 | 938.1 | 953.8 | 953.4 | - | 820.0 | 804.5 | 826.8 | 826.6 |
| Wholesale distributors, oth | - | 1,267.4 | 1,258.2 | 1,267.0 | 1,261.6 | - | 1,065.0 | 1,056.4 | 1,067.7 | 1,065.4 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Tatile B-2: Employees in nonagricultural establishmeats, by industry-Continued

| Industry | All employees |  |  |  |  | Production workers 1 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mizy } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { liay } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1 \geqslant 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RETAIL TRADE.. | 8,405 | 8, 54 | 8,360 | 8,453 | 8,508 | - | - | - |  | - |
| General merchandise stores | 1,435.9 | 1,464. 8 | 1,456.9 | 1,433.1 | 1,462.5 | - | 1,352.1 | 1,343.2 | 1,328.4 | 1,359.5 |
| Department stores and general <br> mail-order houses......................... | - | 932.4 | 923.7 | 917.2 | 934.2 | - | 855.9 | 347.9 | 342.9 | 861.3 |
| Other general merchandise stores....... |  | 332.4 | 533.2 | 515.9 | 523.3 | - | 496.2 | 495.3 | 435.5 | 493.2 |
| Food and !iguor stores............ | 1,646.2 | 1,642.8 | 1,638.2 | 1,659.9 | 1,655.6 | - | 1,495.3 | 1,489.2 | 1,518.4 | 1,513.4 |
| Grocery, meat, and vegetable market | , | 1,197.6 | 1,190.8 | 1,204. 8 | 1,203.7 | - | 1,120.9 | 1,120.8 | 1,131.3 | 1,129.0 |
| Dairy-product stores and dealers....... | - | 226.6 | 220.7 | 22\%. 6 | 226.8 | - | 189.5 | 134.3 | 194.7 | 192.4 |
| other food and liguor stores........... |  | 218.6 | 216.7 | 225.5 | 225.1 | - | 184.9 | 184.1 | 192.4 | 192.0 |
| Automotive and accessorles dealers...... | 805.7 | 802.0 | 793.2 | 824.5 | 827.4 | - | 701.6 | 694.0 | 728.1 | 729.4 |
| Apparel and accessorles stores.. | 594.7 | 617.4 | 614.0 | 557.8 | 623.3 | - | 556.1 | 553.8 | 542.8 | 571.7 |
| Other retail trade ${ }^{2}$........... | 3,922.2 | 3,417.0 | 3,357.4 | 3,937.5 | 3,933.9 | - | 2,111.2 | 2,07s.0 | 2,139.7 | 2,129.0 |
| Furniture and applance stores. | - | 386.3 | 303.6 | 348.1 | 397.0 | - | 347.3 | 343.3 | 357.9 | 356.9 |
| Drus stores................... | - | 399.3 | 355.5 | 390.6 | 393.6 | - | 376.5 | 373.3 | 377.9 | 378.2 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE....... | 2,586 | 2,564 | 2,523 | 2,530 | 2,496 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Banks and trust companies................ | 2, | 690.3 | 604.5 | 682.9 | 671.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Security dealers and exchanges. | - | 174.9 | 112.1 | 102.9 | 100.4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Insurance carriers and agents........... | - | 963.1 | 957.0 | 946.8 | 930.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other finance agencies and real estate.. | - | 785.1 | 774.5 | 797.1 | 793.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS. | 6,775 | 6,793 | 6,753 | 6,715 | 6,745 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hotels and lodging places................ | - | 508.3 | 478.2 | 591.7 | 524.5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Personal services: Laundries. $\qquad$ | - | 307.0 | 302.8 | 315.6 | 314.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Cleaning and dyeing plant | - | 184.6 | 181.9 | 175.5 | 181.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Motion pictures... | - | 190.2 | 188.8 | 192.1 | 190.7 | - | - | - | - | - |
| GOVEPRMENT. | 8,497 | 8,746 | 6,752 | 8,14 | 8,409 |  | - | - | - | - |
| FEDERAL ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2,252 | 2,241 | 2,205 | 2,205 | 2,204 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Executive. | , | 2,212.2 | 2,176.8 | 2,177.3 | 2,176.6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Department of Defense. | - | 917.9 | 913.2 | 919.1 | 922.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Post office Department | - | 579.3 | 571.9 | 564.8 | 560.0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other agencles......................... | - | 715.0 | 691.7 | 693.4 | 693.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Leglslativ | - | 23.5 | 23.1 | 22.8 | 22.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Judicial. | - | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| State and local. | 6,245 | 6,505 | 6,547 | 5,940 | 6,205 | - | - | - | - | - |
| State. |  | 1,654.6 | 1,661.5 | 1,539.2 | 1,575.2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Local. | - | 4,850.4 | 4,885.6 | 4,400.6 | 4,629.9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Education. | - | 3,049.0 | 3,174.1 | 2,538.8 | 2,851.3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| other...... | - | 3,456.0 | 3,373.0 | 3,401.0 | 3,353.8 | - | - | - | - | - |
| for all other industries, to nonsupervisory workers. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{3}$ Data are prepared by the U.S..Civil Service Commission and relate to civilian employment only. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Tablie B-3: Federal military persounel

| Branch ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | Branch ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL. | 2,515 | 2,505 | 2,507 | Navy. | 626.7 | 621.1 | 618.0 |
| Army.. | 858.6 | 856.2 | 873.1 | Marine Corps..... | 176.6 | 176.6 | 170.6 |
| Air Force............... | 321.2 | 819.4 | 814.8 | Coast Gua | 31.5 | 31.6 | 30.6 |

${ }^{1}$ Data refer to forces both in continenteal United States and abroad.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Defense and U.S. Department of Treabury.

Tallo E-4: Emplojoes in nonagriciltaral estahlishmuats, Iy indestry division and selectad groups, seasonaily adjested

| Industry division and group | All employees |  |  | Production workers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jüy } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juae } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nay } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total. <br> Total without Alaska and Hawaiii.............................. | $\begin{aligned} & 53,422 \\ & 53,160 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 53,186 \\ 52,938 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 52,780 52,541 | - | - | - |
| Mining.................................................... | 635 | 635 | 636 | - | - | - |
| Contract construction.................................. | 2,888 | 2,844 | 2,752 | - | - | - |
| Manufacturing. <br> Durable goods. <br> Mondurable goods. | 16,109 9,234 6,875 | 16,047 9,163 6,884 | 15,910 9,058 6,852 | 11,997 6,772 5,225 | 11,941 6,706 5,235 | $\begin{array}{r} 21,819 \\ 6,614 \\ 5,205 \end{array}$ |
| Durable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ordnance and accessorles................................ | 254 | 155 | 153 | 73 | 75 | 74 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 643 | 640 | 614 | 576 | 573 | 548 |
| Furniture and flxtures... | 385 | 382 | 376 | 323 | 318 | 312 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | 537 | 531 | 526 | 431 | 426 | 420 |
| Primary metal Industries... | 1,140 | 1,118 | 1,101 | 919 | 897 | 881. |
| Fabrlcated metal products. | 1,065 | 1,046 | 1,031 | 824 | 805 | 792 |
| Machinery (except electrical). | 1,586 | 1,571 | 1,568 | 1,083 | 1,071 | 1,071 |
| Electrical machinery......... | 1,338 | 1,318 | 1,305 | 875 | 855 | 845 |
| Transportation equipment...... | 1,527 | 1,549 | 1,543 | 1,040 | 1,064 | 1,059 |
| Instriments and related products. | 342 | 341 | 339 | 216 | 215 | 213 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food and kindred products................................ | 1,464 | 1,477 | 1,475 | 1,012 | 1,025 | 1,019 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | 84 | 83 | 83 | 74 | 74 | 73 |
| Textile-m111 products................................... | 942 | 928 | 920 | 849 | 834 | 827 |
| Apparel and other flnished textlie products.......... | 1,204 | 1,220 | 1,216 | 1,074 | 1,091 | 1,089 |
| Paper and allied products............................... | 555 | 556 | 552 | 441 | 442 | 439 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industrles.......... | 901 | 896 | 895 | 575 | 570 | 570 |
| Chemlcals and allied products............... | 899 | 894 | 886 | 547 | 544 | 538 |
| Products of petroleum and coal | 213 | 219 | 217 | 139 | 144 | 143 |
| Rubber producta............... | 252 | 247 | 245 | 194 | 188 | 185 |
| Leather and leather products.. | 361 | 364 | 363 | 320 | 323 | 322 |
| Transportation and public utilities.................... |  |  |  | - | - | - |
| Transportation. | 2,471 | 2,468 | 2,445 | - | - | - |
| Communication.......... Other public utilities. | 730 604 | 731 602 | 728 603 | - | - | - |
| Other public utilities. | 604 | 602 | 603 | - | - | - |
| Wholesale and retail trade. | 11,679 | 11,632 | 11,577 | - | - | - |
| Wholesale trade.. | 3,246 | 3,145 8,487 | 3,133 | - | - | - |
| Retail trade.. | 8,533 | 8,487 | 8,444 | - | - | - |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate.................... | 2,535 | 2,529 | 2,528 | - | - | - |
| Service and miscellaneous.. | 6,741 | 6,693 | 6,653 | - | - | - |
| Government. | 8,768 | 8,757 | 8,709 |  |  |  |
| Federal. | 2,263 | 2,252 | 2,227 | - | - | - |
| State and local...................................... | 6,505 | 6,505 | 6,482 | - | - | - |

${ }^{1}$ Detail adds to the total without Alaska and Hawail.
NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.


| Region ${ }^{1}$ | June 1961 |  |  | May 1961 |  |  | June 1960 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Private | Navy | Total | Private | Navy |
| ALL REGIONS. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 213.8 | 219.8 | 94.0 | 214.3 | 120.7 | 93.6 | 203.2 | 110.9 | 92.3 |
| North atlantici. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 96.7 | 54.5 | 42.2 | 96.8 | 54.8 | 42.0 | 84.4 | 43.0 | 42.4 |
| South atlantic............................... | 39.7 | 21.6 | 18.1 | 39.6 | 21.5 | 18.1 | 38.4 | 20.1 | 18.3 |
| Gulf........., .............................. | 18.9 | 18.9 | - | 18.2 | 18.2 | - | 22.2 | 22.2 | - |
| Paciflc..................................... | 51.9 | 18.2 | 33.7 | 52.6 | 19.1 | 33.5 | 50.5 | 17.9 | 32.6 |
| Great Lakes | 3.2 | 3.2 | - | 3.6 | 3.6 | - | 4.0 | 4.0 | - |
| Inland............................................ | 3.4 | 3.4 | - | 3.5 | 3.5 | - | 3.7 | 3.7 | - |

${ }^{1}$ The North atlantle region includes all yards bordering on the atlantle in Conn., Del., Malne, Md., Masa., N. H., N.J., N. Y., Pa., R. I., Vt. The South atlantic reslon includes all yards bordering on the atlantic in Ga., N. C., S.C., Va. The Gulf region includes all yards in Pla., and all yards bordering on the Gulf of Mexlco in ala., La., Miss., Tex. The Pacific region includes all yards in Callf., Oregon., Wash. The Great Lakes region includes all yards borderlng on the Great Lakes in Ill., Mich., Minn., N. Y., Ohio, Pa., Wis. The Inland region lncludes all other yards. INavy data include Curtis Bay Cosst Guard Yard.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
'605185 0-61-5

Talle Bf: Womon amployees in manufacturias, by industry

| Industry | Number <br> (in thousands) |  | Percent of total employment |  | Industry | Number <br> (in thousands) |  | Percent of total employment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \overline{A p r} \\ 196 i \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\overline{\text { Apr. }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\mathrm{Apr}} \mathrm{i} \\ & 196 \mathrm{i} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| MANUFACTURING. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4,071 | 4,248 | 26 | 26 | Durable Goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |
| DURABLE 6000 | 1,601 | 1,698 | 18 | 38 | machimery (except electrical)........... | 216.1 | 228.1 | 14 | 14 |
| NONDURABLE GOODS | 2,470 | 2,550 | 37 | 37 | Engines and turbines. | 14.0 | 14.6 | 14 | 14 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Agricultural machinery | 13.1 | 12.9 | 8 | 8 |
| Durable Goods |  |  |  |  | Construction and mining machinery..... | 9.4 | 10.9 | 8 | 8 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Metalworking machinery.................. | 28.8 | 31.0 | 12 | 12 |
| OROMAMCE AMO ACCESSORIES................ | 30.0 | 28.5 | 20 | 19 | Special-industry machinery (except metalworking machinery)............. | 18.0 | 18.1 | 11 | 10 |
|  |  |  |  |  | General industrial machinery. | 27.5 | 30.5 | 13 | 13 |
| LUMBER AMO WODD PRODUCTS. | 39.7 | 43.4 | 7 | 7 | Office and store machines and devices. | 34.9 | 35.4 | 24 | 26 |
| Logeing camps and contractor | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2 | 2 | Service-industry and household |  |  |  |  |
| Sawnills and planing mills. | 11.2 | 12.4 | 4 | 4 | machines. | 25.2 | 26.7 | 14 | 14 |
| Millwork, plywood, prefabricated structural wood products............... | 8.9 | 9.4 | 7 | 7 | Miscellaneous machinery parts. | 45.2 | 48.0 | 18 | 17 |
| Wooden containers..................... | 7.2 | 8.0 | 18 | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous wood products.......... | 11.0 | 12.2 | 20 | 21 | electrical machinery........................ Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial | 475.9 | 490.0 | 37 | 38 |
| furniture ano fixtures. | 62.3 | 54.0 | 17 | 16 | apparatus..... | 123.7 | 131.3 | 31 | 31 |
| Household furniture. | 45.6 | 46.0 | 17 | 16 | - Electrical appliances. | 11.2 | 12.3 | 30 | 31 |
| Office, public-building, and |  |  |  |  | Insulated wire and cable | 6.9 | 7.1 | 25 | 25 |
| professional furniture...... | 6.0 | 5.7 | 13 | 12 | Electrical equipment for vehicles | 23.4 | 27.7 | 37 | 38 |
| Partitions, shelving, lockers, and |  |  |  |  | Electric lamps... | 16.7 | 19.7 | 64 | 66 |
| fixtures.. | 2.9 | 3.3 | 9 | 9 | Communication equipment. | 278.7 | 276.2 | 41 | 42 |
| Screens, blinds, and miscellaneous furniture and fixtures................. | 7.8 | 9.0 | 36 | 37 | Miscellaneous electrical products..... | 15.3 | 15.7 | 33 | 33 |
|  |  |  |  |  | framsportation equiphent. | 170.8 | 190.8 | 11 | 12 |
| stone, clay, ano olass products. | 84.0 | 90.8 | 16 | 16 | Motor vehiclḗs and equipmen | 63.1 | 19.8 76.7 | 10 | 10 |
| Flat slass..................... | 1.2 | 1.3 | 5 | 4 | Aircraft and parts........... | 97.2 | 103.0 | 15 | 15 |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or |  |  |  |  | Ship and boat bullding and repairing.. | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4 | 4 |
| blown........................... | 33.3 | 34.5 | 32 | 33 | Railroad equipment..................... | 3.6 | 4.1 | 8 | 7 |
| Glass products made of purchased slass................................ | 3.9 | 4.6 | 25 | 27 | Other transportation equipment......... | 1.9 | 2.1 | 20 | 20 |
| Cement, hydraulic. | 1.1 | 1.1 | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structural clay products............. | 5.9 | 6.7 | 9 | 9 | instruments and related products....... | 107.9 | 117.6 | 32 | 33 |
| Pottery and related products.......... Concrete, gypsum, and plaster | 13.4 | 25.8 | 31 | 32 | Laboratory, scientific, and engineering instruments.. |  |  |  |  |
| products.................................... | 6.2 | 7.1 | 6 | 6 | neering instruments................... | 14.0 | 14.6 | 22 | 22. |
| Cut-stone and stone products... | . 7 | . 7 | 4 | 4 | instruments........................... | 30.2 | 31.6 | 31 |  |
| Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral |  |  |  |  |  | 5.3 | 5.4 | 30 | 29 |
| products. | 18.3 | 19.0 | 20 | 19 | Surgical, medical, and dental instruments. $\qquad$ | 21.0 | 21.6 | 47 | 48 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Ophthalmic goods.......................... | 9.5 | 11.5 |  |  |
| PRIMARY METAL IMOUSTRIES........... | 63.4 | 70.7 | 6 | 6 | Photographic apparatus................. | 16.2 | 17.3 | 26 | 26 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills............................. | 20.5 | 23.6 | 4 | 4 | Watches and clocks.................... | 11.7 | 15.6 | 50 | 53 |
| Iron and steel foundries.............. | 9.6 | 10.5 | 5 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals. | 2.0 | 2.1 | 4 | 4 | miscellaneous manufacturing industries. | 181.5 16.8 1 | 188.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 38 \\ & 38 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Secondary smelting and refining of | 2.0 | 2.1 | 4 | 4 | Jewelry, sllverware, and plated ware.. Musical instruments and parts.......... | 16.8 4.2 | 17.9 4.7 | 38 34 24 | 39 |
| nonferrous metals................ | . 9 | 1.0 | 8 | 8 | Toys and sporting goods................. | 40.4 | 38.8 | 44 | 44 |
| Rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals. | 9.4 | 9.8 |  |  | Pens, penclis, other office supplies.. | 15.9 | 16.1 | 51 | 51 |
| Nonferrous foundries.................. | . 6.6 | 7.5 | 12 | 12 | Costume Jewelry, buttons, notions..... Pabrlcated plastics products | 25.7 28.5 | 30.4 29.9 | 49 | 51 |
| Miscellaneous primary metal industries............... | 14.4 | 16.2 |  |  | Other manufacturing industries. | 50.0 | 29.9 | 33 | 32 |
| industries............................ | $\underline{24}$ | 16.2 | 11 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS.............. | 169.7 | 185.6 | 17 | 17 | Nondurable Goods |  |  |  |  |
| Tin cans and other tinware | 13.0 | 13.7 | 22 | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware.... | 33.4 | 38.2 | 28 | 29 | FOOd AMD KIMDRED PRODUCTS................. | 335.3 | 340.6 | 24 | 24 |
| Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbers' supplies |  |  |  |  | Meat products............................ . | 71.3 | 71.0 | 24 | 24 |
| Fabricated structural metal products. | 12.8 20.9 | 13.6 20.9 | 12 8 | 12 | Dairy products.......................... | 19.4 | 20.0 | 21 | 21 |
| Metal stamping, coating, and |  |  |  |  | Graln-mill products | 79.2 16.2 | 76.3 16.8 | 42 15 | 41 |
| engraving........................... | 38.8 | 42.2 | 18 | 18 | Bakery products......................... | 16.2 57.8 | $\underline{10.8}$ | 15 20 | 15 21 |
| Lighting fixtures. | 12.5 | 24.0 | 27 | 28 | Sugar.................................... | 2.8 | 2.7 | 11 | 10 |
| Fabricated wire products................ | 11.7 | 14.2 | 23 | 24 | Confectionery and related products.... | 31.9 | 34.3 | 49 | 49 |
| Miscellaneous fabricated metal products........................................ | 26.6 | 28.8 | 21 | 20 | Beverages.............................. | 21.0 35.7 | 21.5 37.7 | 10 | 10 |

Talle B.6: Women emplayees in mamuacturing, by indestry-Conlinued

| Industry | Number <br> (in thousands) |  | Percentof totalemploy-ment |  | Industry | Number <br> (in thousands.) |  | Percent of total employment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr: } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \overline{\mathrm{Apr}} \\ 296 i \\ \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\text { Apr }} \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 196 i \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\text {Apr }}$ | $1 \begin{aligned} & \text { APr. } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| Nondurable Goods-Continued |  |  |  |  | Nondurable Goods-COntinued |  |  |  |  |
| tobacco mamufactures. | 35.1 | 39.2 | 47 | 50 | printime, publishimg, and allied |  |  |  |  |
| Cigarettes. | 14.5 | 15.4 | 39 | 41 | imdustries-continued |  |  |  |  |
| Cigars. | 16.8 | 19.1 | 74 | 75 | Lithographing. . | 19.1 | 19.0 | 28 | 28 |
| Tobacco and snuff. | 2.3 | 2.5 | 38 | 40 | Greeting cards. | 12.7 | 12.7 | 62 | 62 |
| Tobacco stemming and redrying........ | 1.5 | 2.2 | 17 | 23 | Bookbinding and related industries..... Miscellaneous publishing and printing | 18.9 | 19.7 | 40 | 41 |
|  |  |  |  |  | services................................ | 17.9 | 15.8 | 26 | 24 |
| textilemill products.................. | 391.7 | 411.6 | 43 | 43 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scouring and combing plants.......... | . 9 | 1.0 | 19 | 19 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yarn and thread mills................ | 41.6 | 45.4 | 42 | 43 | chenicals and allied products. | 157.8 | 158.3 | 18 | 18 |
| Broad-woven fabric mills | 136.7 | 147.8 | 37 | 37 | Industrial inorganic chemicals.......... | 8.8 | 9.0 | 9 | 9 |
| Narrow fabrics and smallwa | 14.8 | 15.8 | 53 | 54 | Industrial organic chemicals | 49.0 | 48.0 | 14 | 14 |
| Knitting mills.... | 150.4 | 251.6 | 69 | 70 | Drugs and medicines.. | 37.6 | 38.9 | 37 | 37 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles........ | 18.9 | 19.3 | 22 | 22 | Soap, cleaning and polishing |  |  |  |  |
| Carpets, russ, other floor coverings. | 10.1 3.6 | 11.1 4.2 | 25 44 | 24 44 | preparations............. |  | 12.8 10.7 | 14 | 24 14 |
| Hats lexcept cloth and millineryl... | 3.6 | 4.2 15.4 | 44 | 44 | Paints, pigments, and filler | 10.5 .5 | 10.7 .5 | 14 |  |
| Miscellaneous textile goods.......... | 14.7 | 15.4 | 27 | 27 | Gum and wood chemicals. <br> Fertilizers. | .5 2.5 | .5 2.5 | 6 | 5 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Vegetable and animal oils and fat | 3.0 | 3.3 | 8 |  |
| apparel and other finished textile |  |  |  |  | Miscellaneous chemicals... | 32.9 | 32.6 | 29 | 30 |
| PRODUCTS........................... | 934.8 | 971.6 | 80 | 80 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats...... | 71.9 | 77.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing. | 287.0 | 296.8 | 84 | 85 | PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUK AMD COAL Petroleum refining............ | 16.5 13.7 | 17.1 13.8 | 8 | 7 8 |
| Women's outerwear..................... | 277.0 | 283.0 | 84 | 84 | Coke, other petroleum and coal |  |  |  |  |
| Women's, children's under garments... | 97.8 | 104.2 | 86 | 87 | products.. | 2.8 | 3.3 | 7 | 7 |
| Millinery..... | 11.5 | 13.2 | 73 | 74 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Children's out | 57.7 | 59.9 | 87 | 86 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fur goods.............................. | 1.6 | 1.7 | 28 | 26 | rubser products. | 60.0 | 64.0 | 25 | 25 |
| Miscellaneous apparel and accessories. | 45.2 | 47.0 | 79 | 78 | tires and inner tub | 12.4 | 14.1 | 13 | 14 |
| Other fabricated textile products.... | 85.1 | 88.6 | 64 | 64 | Rubber footwear $\qquad$ Other rubber products. $\qquad$ | 12.8 34.8 | 12.3 37.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | 55 28 |
| Paper ano allieo products.............. | 112.2 | 118.3 | 21 | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills.... | 29.8 | 31.0 | 11 | 11 | leather and leather products............ | 180.6 | 185.8 | 51 | 52 |
| Paperboard containers and boxes..... | 34.2 | 36.7 | 24 | 24 | Leather: tanned, curried, and |  |  |  |  |
| Other paper and allied products...... | 48.2 | 50.6 | 36 | 37 | finished.. | 3.8 | 4.2 | 12 | 12 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Industrial leather belting and packing. $\qquad$ | 1.6 | 1.4 | 35 | 32 |
| printing, publishing, aho allied |  |  |  |  | Boot and shoe cut stock and findings... | 8.5 | 7.9 | 43 | 43 |
| industries......................... | 246.0 | 243.1 | 28 | 27 | Footwear (except rubber). | 132.0 | 135.2 |  |  |
| Newspapers | 60.9 | 59.0 | 18 | 18 | Luggage. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 6.3 | 7.1 | 44 | 45 |
| Periodicals | 30.4 | 30.2 | 47 | 47 | Handbags and small leather goods....... | 19.7 | 20.4 | 65 | 66 |
| Books.. | 29.7 56.4 | 29.1 57.6 | 46 25 | 47 25 | Gloves and miscellaneous leather |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial printing.. | 56.4 | 57.6 | 25 | 25 | goods.. | 8.7 | 9.6 | 61 | 61 |

NOTE: Data relate to the United States without Alaska and Hawail.

Talle B-7: Emplojous in anagrientural establishments, ij indestry division and State

| State | total |  |  | Mining |  |  | Contract construction |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | June 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { June } \\ 1961 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| Alabana. | 766.5 | 764.6 | 773.6 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 13.0 | 41.7 | 39.9 | 43.9 |
| Alaska.. | 64.2 | 58.3 | 64.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 7.1 | 4.9 | 8.2 |
| Arizona | 340.5 | 343.1 | 329.1 | 15.5 | 15.4 | 15.6 | 34.0 | 33.5 | 32.6 |
| Arkansas. | 362.9 | 362.3 | 373.0 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 19.8 | 18.5 | 22.4 |
| California. | 4,986.3 | 4,923.5 | 4,922.4 | 30.1 | 29.8 | 31.2 | 295.3 | 287.1 | 300.0 |
| Colorado.. | 528.7 | 518.9 | 515.4 | 15.1 | 14.7 | 16.0 | 37.1 | 36.0 | 34.9 |
| Connecticut | 924.6 | 910.6 | 920.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 48.0 | 41.7 | 45.6 |
| Delaware. | 153.2 | 150.0 | 157.7 | (2) | (2) | (2) | 11.5 | 11.1 | 11.4 |
| District of Columbi | 541.3 | 538.1 | 538.6 | (2) | (2) | (2) | 20.2 | 19.7 | 21.7 |
| Florida........... | 1,294.3 | 1,304.6 | 1,288.2 | 8.9 | 9.0 | 8.7 | 108.2 | 104.9 | 117.2 |
| Georgia. | 1,027.5 | 1,022.6 | 1,045.4 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 51.7 | 48.8 | 59.2 |
| Idaho. | 160.5 | 155.4 | 159.2 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 11.2 | 10.1 | 10.9 |
| fllinois. | 3,411.4 | 3,378.3 | 3,447.5 | 26.4 | 25.8 | 27.9 | 181.5 | 176.5 | 181.0 |
| Indiana. | 1,407.2 | 1,387.5 | 1,452.9 | 10.1 | 9.8 | 10.5 | 69.0 | 64.3 | 77.2 |
| Iowa. . | 680.9 | 679.0 | 687.5 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 37.1 | 33.7 | 42.2 |
| Kansas. | 558.4 | 555.1 | 558.7 | 16.6 | 16.3 | 17.3 | 39.4 | 37.1 | 36.5 |
| Kentucky. | 651.5 | 643.5 | 658.9 | 31.1 | 30.5 | 34.8 | 45.2 | 38.8 | 43.7 |
| Louisiana | 777.3 | 773.8 | 795.8 | 42.4 | 42.7 | 44.7 | 49.6 | 48.4 | 57.6 |
| Maine. | 285.9 | 273.9 | 289.3 | (2) | (2) | (2) | 15.7 | 13.8 | 16.0 |
| Maryland........... | 920.2 | 905.3 | 909.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 67.0 | 61.0 | 66.9 |
| Massachusetts.. | 1,927.6 | 1,901.6 | 1,935.4 | (2) | (2) | (2) | 80.6 | 74.8 | 85.6 |
| Michigan.. | 2,249.3 | 2,234.2 | 2,335.8 | 13.8 | 13.2 | 16.2 | 100.7 | 90.5 | 93.2 |
| Minnesota. | (3) | 918.3 | 940.4 | (3) | 15.4 | 17.5 | (3) | 53.7 | 63.5 |
| Mlssissippi | 402.6 | 401.8 | 399.8 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.7 | 22.3 | 20.8 | 20.9 |
| Missouri... | 1,336.1 | 1,322.5 | 1,365.1 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 68.0 | 63.7 | 67.1 |
| Montana.. | 173.4 | 166.8 | 175.2 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 8.0 | 14.7 | 12.8 | 13.5 |
| Nebraska. | 386.6 | 383.8 | 384.2 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 27.6 | 26.4 | 27.1 |
| Nevada.. | 108.3 | 104.4 | 105.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 8.6 | 8.2 | 7.7 |
| New Hampshire. | 199.7 | 194.5 | 200.0 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | 10.1 | 9.3 | 10.4 |
| New Jersey... | 2,024.3 | 1,994.3 | 2,038.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 107.8 | 103.8 | 104.5 |
| New Mexico. | 242.9 | 239.1 | 241.6 | 20.2 | 20.2 | 20.8 | 19.0 | 18.2 | 19.6 |
| New York. | 6,184.5 | 6,135.4 | 6,217.4 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 10.0 | 270.7 | 252.3 | 283.8 |
| North Carolina | 1,186.4 | 1,181.3 | 1,188.3 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 71.0 | 66.8 | 71.4 |
| North Dakota | 127.4 | 123.7 | 130.1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 11.3 | 9.4 | 12.4 |
| Ohio.. | 3,064.1 | 3,026.7 | 3,156.6 | 19.2 | 19.2 | 20.2 | 140.4 | 128.0 | 246.6 |
| Oxlahoma. | 581.3 | 576.8 | 591.2 | 45.1 | 44.2 | 46.2 | 32.4 | 31.9 | 37.1 |
| Oregon... | 524.3 | 501.3 | 522.9 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 25.5 | 22.9 | 29.3 |
| Pennsylvania. | 3,675.4 | 3,635.4 | 3,765.1 | 49.8 | 49.6 | 59.1 | 175.5 | 163.5 | 178.2 |
| Rhode Island. | 290.1 | 286.9 | 293.8 | (2) | (2) | (2) | 12.9 | 12.1 | 13.1 |
| South Carolina. | 577.9 | 576.6 | 581.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 37.6 | 36.6 | 37.5 |
| South Dakota. | 142.6 | 137.8 | 143.9 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 11.8 | 10.4 | 13.6 |
| Tennessee.. | 911.0 | 904.0 | 923.2 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 44.4 | 42.1 | 48.1 |
| Texas | 2,554.8 | 2,550.2 | 2,551.7 | 121.1 | 119.7 | 124.3 | 166.7 | 163.8 | 172.6 |
| Utah. | 269.4 | 265.6 | 266.6 | 13.6 | 13.2 | 14.3 | 16.9 | 15.4 | 16.1 |
| Vermont. | 107.9 | 104.9 | 110.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 6.5 | 5.8 | 7.3 |
| Vlreinia. | 1,025.5 | 1,016.1 | 1,021.4 | 17.1 | 17.0 | 17.4 | 75.4 | 72.1 | 72.1 |
| Washington. | 833.5 | 814.8 | 831.3 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 48.2 | 45.4 | 49.6 |
| West Virginia | 443.8 | 444.2 | 463.2 | 46.3 | 45.9 | 57.0 | 22.1 | 20.4 | 21.8 |
| Hisconsin. | 1,187.3 | 1,171.3 | 1,199.8 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 61.1 | 56.4 | 60.3 |
| Wyoming............ | 107.6 | 99.4 | 103.9 | 10.6 | 10.1 | 10.6 | 13.5 | 12.2 | 13.0 |

[^4]NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Talle B.7: Employes in managricaltural establishnents, by indestry division and Stat-Contimad


See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Tathe E.7: Enplayees in mangrientural estalishmonts, iy industry divisian and Stato-Contimad

| State | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Service and miscellaneous |  |  | Government |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| Alabama........................... | 32.6 | 32.4 | 32.6 | 91.1 | 91.0 | 90.5 | 162.2 | 165.8 | 155.6 |
| Alaska.. | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 24.0 | 23.6 | 23.4 |
| Arizona. .......................... | 16.7 | 16.6 | 16.0 | 47.6 | 48.2 | 44.4 | 69.7 | 72.5 | 66.0 |
| Arkansas. | 14.3 | 13.8 | 13.4 | 46.6 | 46.1 | 46.9 | 69.9 | 74.1 | 69.6 |
| California. | 257.5 | 256.0 | 251.5 | 758.1 | 748.8 | 722.1 | 909.7 | 902.5 | 871.2 |
| Colorado......................... | 25.9 | 25.3 | 25.6 | 80.1 | 77.2 | 77.9 | 112.3 | 111.8 | 107.3 |
| Connecticu | 54.6 | 54.4 | 52.3 | 117.4 | 115.8 | 114.9 | 95.4 | 95.2 | 93.7 |
| Delaware. | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 20.8 | 19.3 | 20.6 | 18.9 | 18.7 | 18.6 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{\text {4 }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$...... | 28.1 | 27.9 | 27.8 | ول1. 1 | 94.0 | 90.8 | 267.9 | 265.3 | 265.4 |
| Florida................ | 82.6 | 82.2 | 81.6 | 211.3 | 216.9 | 208.0 | 228.4 | 228.3 | 219.7 |
| Georgia.......................... | 49.7 | 49.0 | 48.9 | 114.3 | 114.1 | 114.7 | 193.1 | 194.4 | 185.2 |
| Idaho............................ | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 20.3 | 20.0 | 20.5 | 34.8 | 33.9 | 33.6 |
| Illinois.......................... | 181.6 | 180.4 | 176.3 | 435.9 | 432.2 | 434.4 | 434.0 | 432.4 | 416.9 |
| Indiana. | 58.4 | 58.0 | 57.5 | 141.0 | 141.1 | 140.7 | 197.3 | 195.1 | 191.3 |
| Iowa. . | 33.1 | 32.3 | 32.4 | 96.1 | 96.9 | 92.7 | 116.2 | 119.3 | 113.2 |
| Kansas........................... | 23.8 | 23.4 | 23.7 | 71.0 | 70.5 | 70.4 | 111.9 | 115.6 | 110.1 |
| Kentucky | 25.6 | 25.7 | 25.4 | 85.2 | 87.0 | 85.1 | 113.3 | 114.2 | 109.6 |
| Louisian | 36.2 | 35.7 | 35.4 | 101.6 | 101.6 | 102.7 | 148.7 | 148.1 | 142.7 |
| Maine.. | 9.2 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 31.6 | 29.9 | 31.7 | 49.5 | 49.2 | 48.6 |
| Maryland 4 | 45.8 | 45.1 | 44.9 | 131.1 | 129.3 | 125.9 | 149.2 | 148.6 | 141.9 |
| Massachusetts. | 102.8 | 102.1 | 100.8 | 312.9 | 308.3 | 307.3 | 254.8 | 253.5 | 244.6 |
| Michigan. | 83.8 | 83.2 | 81.7 | 266.8 | 264.7 | 266.0 | 335.1 | 336.9 | 331.5 |
| Minnesota. | (3) | 46.2 | 46.4 | (3) | 125.2 | 122.4 | (3) | 151.7 | 146.4 |
| Mississipp | 13.7 | 13.7 | 13.4 | 43.6 | 44.1 | 43.1 | 87.4 | 90.3 | 85.3 |
| Missouri. | 72.5 | 71.7 | 71.6 | 186.1 | 186.3 | 185.7 | 197.2 | 199.0 | 193.7 |
| Montana. | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 23.6 | 22.5 | 23.9 | 41.3 | 39.8 | 40.0 |
| Nebrask | 23.7 | 23.2 | 22.9 | 55.8 | 56.0 | 54.9 | 77.3 | 80.1 | 76.5 |
| Nevada. | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 37.9 | 35.3 | 37.3 | 19.9 | 19.9 | 18.6 |
| New Hampshire.................... | 7.5 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 26.4 | 24.5 | 26.3 | 23.4 | 23.3 | 22.5 |
| New Jersey.. | 91.8 | 90.9 | 90.4 | 268.0 | 262.5 | 259.0 | 243.8 | 242.8 | 236.3 |
| New Mexico | 9.7 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 39.9 | 38.7 | 39.0 | 66.3 | 66.4 | 64.2 |
| New York. | 496.5 | 495.0 | 482.4 | 1,012.0 | 1,001.1 | 986.3 | 849.5 | 854.9 | 827.3 |
| North Carolin | 44.0 | 43.4 | 42.3 | 128.6 | 127.0 | 126.8 | 164.0 | 170.9 | 159.1 |
| North Dakot | 5.2 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 19.6 | 19.6 | 19.0 | 33.4 | 32.9 | 33.5 |
| ohio.. | 123.1 | 121.3 | 120.1 | 379.7 | 377.8 | 375.2 | 417.9 | 415.4 | 402.4 |
| Oklahoma | 27.7 | 27.6 | 26.9 | 73.4 | 73.5 | 73.4 | 134.2 | 134.5 | 130.5 |
| Oregon.. | 21.3 | 21.0 | 20.9 | 67.8 | 66.2 | 64.7 | 101.1 | 99.8 | 94.9 |
| Pennsylvania. | 155.0 | 154.0 | 153.7 | 518.8 | 514.9 | 508.3 | 445.0 | 445.3 | 431.8 |
| Rhode Island. | 12.7 | 12.6 | 12.7 | 39.7 | 39.2 | 39.0 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 39.9 |
| South Carolina. | 21.2 | 21.1 | 21.0 | 55.5 | 55.2 | 55.1 | 93.9 | 97.2 | 94.6 |
| South Dakota | 6.0 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 20.6 | 19.4 | 20.1 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.9 |
| Tennessee. | 39.8 | 39.3 | 39.8 | 119.6 | 118.6 | 119.2 | 149.4 | 149.7 | 144.9 |
| Texas. | 133.5 | 131.5 | 130.3 | 343.2 | 340.9 | 335.6 | 431.1 | 444.0 | 421.0 |
| Utah. | 11.9 | 11.8 | 11.3 | 35.0 | 34.7 | 34.2 | 61.8 | 63.4 | 60.8 |
| Vermont. | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 16.8 | 15.6 | 16.7 | 16.7 | 16.4 | 16.1 |
| Virginia ${ }^{4}$ | 45.2 | 44.6 | 44.0 | 125.0 | 123.6 | 124.7 | 194.8 | 195.8 | 190.0 |
| Washington. | 38.6 | 38.0 | 39.2 | 107.2 | 105.6 | 105.7 | 169.6 | 169.1 | 166.3 |
| West virginia | 12.8 | 12.7 | 12.9 | 51.2 | 51.0 | 51.3 | 66.4 | 71.2 | 62.3 |
| Wisconsin.. | 46.9 | 46.5 | 46.0 | 150.4 | 150.9 | 145.9 | 165.7 | 162.5 | 160.9 |
| Wyoming... | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 13.7 | 10.9 | 13.7 | 23.2 | 22.5 | 21.2 |

[^5]Talle B-8: Employous in monagriciltural astablishments for selected aras, by industy allosion

| Industry division | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Siay } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ALABAMA |  |  |  |  |  | ARIzond |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Birmingham |  |  | Mobile |  |  | Phoenix |  |  | Tucson |  |  |
| TOTAL. . | 197.7 | 197.5 | 202.5 | 90.3 | 89.6 | 92.9 | 184.7 | 187.0 | 178.7 | 71.3 | 72.1 | 67.2 |
| Mining. | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 |
| Contract construction.. | 13.3 | 13.2 | 13.1 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 18.1 | 17.7 | 18.2 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 6.7 |
| Manufacturing. | 56.9 | 56.2 | 60.6 | 16.2 | 15.3 | 17.4 | 34.2 | 34.2 | 33.7 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 8.4 |
| Trans. and pub, util... | 16.3 | 16.1 | 16.9 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 10.2 | 13.0 | 12.9 | 13.1 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.5 |
| Trade................. | 46.0 | 46.0 | 46.8 | 19.7 | 19.5 | 19.7 | 49.6 | 50.0 | 47.5 | 16.3 | 16.4 | 15.8 |
| Flnance | 13.7 | 13.7 | 13.6 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 12.8 | 11.7 | 11.4 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.8 |
| Service | 23.8 | 23.6 | 23.9 | 10.4 | 10.4 | 10.5 | 25.6 | 26.6 | 24.1 | 12.4 | 12.6 | 10.9 |
| Government.............. | 20.8 | 21.8 | 19.3 | 25.3 | 26.1 | 25.5 | 31.8 | 33.3 | 30.1 | 15.5 | 16.4 | 14.2 |
|  | ARKAYSAS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Fayetteville |  |  | Fort Smith |  |  | Little Rock- <br> H. Lititle Rock |  |  | Pine Bluff |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 13.7 | 13.8 | 13.2 | 22.0 | 22.3 | 22.2 | 80.3 | 79.9 | 31.2 | 16.7 | 16.9 | 17.4 |
| Mining. | (1) | (1) | (1) | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction. | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 7.3 | . 8 | . 7 | . 9 |
| Manufacturing.. | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 15.2 | 15.1 | 14.6 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 5.3 |
| Trans. and pub. util... | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 |
| Trade, ................ | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 18.1 | 18.1 | 18.8 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Finance | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 7 | . 7 | . 6 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 5.9 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 |
| Service................ | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 11.9 | 11.7 | 11.8 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| Government. ............. | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 15.4 | 15.7 | 24.8 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.1 |
|  | CALIFORIIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Presno |  |  | Los AngelesLong Beach |  |  | Sacramento |  |  | San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario |  |  |
| TOTAL. .................. | - | - | - | 2,377.7 | 2,360.3 | 2,353.6 | 172.5 | 170.7 | 167.4 | 193.4 | 191.9 | 191.1 |
| Mining. . | - | - | - | 11.7 | 11.6 | - 12.1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Contract construction. | - | - | - | 123.7 | 121.5 | 129.9 | 11.9 | 11.2 | 12.2 | 13.3 | 12.9 | 13.5 |
| Manufacturing. . | 13.6 | 13.2 | 14.1 | 764.9 | 762.0 | 781.0 | 29.5 | 29.7 | 29.3 | / 33.6 | 2/ 32.9 | 2/ 34.8 |
| Trans. and pub. util. | - | - | - | 144.3 | 142.6 | 143.6 | 12.1 | 11.9 | 11.4 | 15.3 | 15.0 | 16.1 |
| Trade. | - | - | - | 523.0 | 518.1 | 512.6 | 32.8 | 32.5 | 32.5 | 42.0 | 41.7 | 42.7 |
| Finance | - | - | - | 128.2 | 127.6 | 124.3 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.5 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . | - | - | - | 375.6 | 371.6 | 358.0 | 17.9 | 17.6 | 16.7 | 27.8 | 28.4 | 26.4 |
|  | - | - | - | 306.3 | 305.3 | 292.1 | 60.6 | 60.2 | 58.1 | 53.0 | 52.7 | 50.8 |
|  | CALIFORMIA-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | San Diego |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { San Francisco- } \\ & \text { Oakland } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | San Jose |  |  | Stockton |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 266.3 | 264.8 | 260.2 | 1,007.5 | 998.2 | 995.5 | 206.6 | 201.2 | 290.7 | - | - | - |
| Mining. | . 7 | .7 | . 7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.0 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | - | - | - |
| Contract construction.. | 17.3 | 17.1 | 20.1 | 60.6 | 58.3 | 60.3 | 15.4 | 24.8 | 15.5 | - | - | - |
| Manu facturing. | 71.3 | 71.3 | 66.5 | 195.7 | 192.6 | 198.9 | 73.2 | 70.0 | 66.1 | 12.2 | 12.1 | 12.4 |
| Trans. and pub. util | 14.3 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 104.3 | 103.5 | 104.3 | 9.5 | 9.4 | 9.2 | - | - | - |
| Trade........... | 52.6 | 52.2 | 52.7 | 217.9 | 216.4 | 216.1 | 35.9 | 35.2 | 34.9 | - | - | - |
| Financ | 11.2 | 11.2 | 11.1 | 73.6 | 73.0 | 70.9 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 7.2 | - | - | - |
| Service. | 40.5 | 40.1 | 39.0 | 11.6 .8 | 146.6 | 142.2 | 35.0 | 34.4 | 31.0 | - | - | - |
| Government | 57.9 | 58.2 | 56.1 | 206.9 | 205.6 | 200.3 | 29.8 | 29.7 | 26.7 | - | - | - |
|  | COLORADO |  |  | CONEECTICUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Denver |  |  | Eridgeport |  |  | Hartford |  |  | New Britain |  |  |
| TOTAL. . | 339.2 | 334.4 | 328.4 | 123.2 | 121.6 | 123.6 | 240.8 | 236.9 | 237.7 | 38.3 | 38.0 | 39.9 |
| Mining. | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.6 | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) |
| Contract construction.. | 23.6 | 23.7 | 22.8 | 65.9 | 65.6 | 65.9 | 88.8 | 89.4 | 838.4 | 1.4 | $2{ }^{1} \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{1}$ | 23.4 |
| Manufacturing.......... | 68.4 | 67.4 | 63.1 | 65.0 | 64.4 | 60.3 | 87.8 | 87.0 | 88.0 | 22.0 | 22.1 | 23.8 |
| Trans. and pub. util.. | 29.5 | 29.1 | 29.8 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Trade........... | 79.9 | 73.9 | 30.3 | 20.7 | 20.5 | 20.3 | 45.7 | 45.7 | 45.3 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.6 |
| Finance | 20.1 | 19.6 | 19.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 32.0 | 31.9 | 30.5 | . 9 | . 9.5 | . 8 |
| Service. | 54.1 | 52.1 | 51.7 | 12.4 | 12.1 | 12.1 | 29.1 | 29.1 | 28.2 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Government. ............. | 59.3 | 59.3 | 56.7 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 24.5 | 24.5 | 24.2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 |
|  | COMMECTICUT-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | delamare |  |  |
|  | New Haven |  |  | Stamford |  |  | Waterbury |  |  | Wilminǵton |  |  |
| TOTAL................... | 126.7 | 125.3 | 126.9 | 63.2 | 62.6 | 61.3 | 66.1 | 55.2 | 67.6 | 131.7 | 129.6 | 136.0 |
| Mining. | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction.. | 7.4 | 6.7 | 7.5 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 9.2 |
| Manufacturing. | 43.3 | 43.5 | 44.3 | 24.3 | 24.2 | 24.0 | 36.4 | 36.0 | 33.4 | 52.3 | 52.6 | 57.1 |
| Trans. and pub. util... | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 9.0 |
| Trade................. | 24.4 | 24.4 | 24.3 | 13.0 | 12.9 | 12.4 | 10.1 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 23.8 | 23.2 | 24.3 5.5 |
| Finance. | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.5 |
| Service. | 20.2 | 19.9 | 20.4 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 10.8 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 18.2 | 16.8 | 17.7 13.2 |
| Government. | 11.7 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 13.3 | 13.1 | 13.2 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Tatle B-8: Employees in nonagrientural estalishments for solected areas, by indastry division- Coatianed

| Industry division | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kay } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { June } \\ 1960 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | district of columbia |  |  | FLORIOA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | washington |  |  | Jacksonville |  |  | Miami |  |  | 82. Petersburg |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 753.2 | 748.6 | 74ó. 8 | 山2.6 | $\underline{4} 2.8$ | 142.3 | 304.9 | 307.5 | 300.7 | 193.9 | 193.6 | 195.1 |
| Mining. .. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction. | 52.6 | 50.6 | 52.0 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 12.2 | 22.5 | 21.6 | 22.4 | 20.45 | 19.9 | 20.0 |
| Manufacturing. | 35.6 | 35.2 | 35.1 | 21.6 | 21.4 | 20.2 | 41.7 | 42.2 | 41.9 | 35.6 | 35.6 | 36.8 |
| Trans. and pub. uti | 43.6 | 44.4 | 45.4 | 15.2 | 15.3 | 14.7 | 35.5 | 35.5 | 35.7 | 14.0 | 14.1 | 14.4 |
| Trade...... | 146.0 | 4.4 .9 | 246.5 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 85.4 | 86.1 | 85.6 | 57.1 | 57.5 | 58.4 |
| Finance | 41.6 | 41.4 | 4.12 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.0 | 20.5 | 20.2 | 19.7 | 11.8 | 11.6 | 11.3 |
| Servi | 136.9 | 137.7 | 133.4 | 18.3 | 18.3 | 18.4 | 61.6 | 64.2 | 59.4 | 27.4 | 27.3 | 27.6 |
| Governmen | 296.9 | 294.4 | 293.4 | 22.8 | 22.7 | 22.3 | 37.7 | 37.7 | 36.0 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 26.6 |
|  | QEOBOIA |  |  |  |  |  | loano |  |  | ILLTMOIS |  |  |
|  | Atlanta |  |  | Savannah |  |  | Boise |  |  | Chicago |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 367.2 | 363.6 | 370.1 | 52.2 | 52.5 | 55.0 | 27.0 | 26.2 | 25.8 | (4) | 2,342.3 | 2,393.1 |
| Mining. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (4) | 6.4 | 6.2 |
| Contract construction. | 23.4 | 22.3 | 23.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.9 | (4) | 113.2 | 113.6 |
| Manufacturing. | 82.4 | 81.5 | 86.0 | 13.8 | 13.9 | 15.1 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.6 | (4) | 808.9 | 856.7 |
| Trans. and pub. util. | 35.8 | 35.4 | 36.0 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | (4) | 190.7 | 201.5 |
| Trade...... | 94.1 | 93.6 | 97.6 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.5 | 7.5 | 7.3 | 7.3 | (4) | 511.6 | 508.2 |
| Finance | 28.1 | 27.7 | 27.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | (4) | 24. 6 | 141.2 |
| Service | 50.5 | 50.2 | 49.5 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | (4) | 324.5 | 331.2 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . | 52.9 | 52.9 | 49.9 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.7 | (4) | 242.2 | 234.6 |
|  | Thotnin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Evensville |  |  | Fort Wayne |  |  | Indianapolis |  |  | South Bend |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 62.6 | 62.0 | 63.3 | 84.3 | 83.4 | 84.6 | 295.1 | 292.7 | 296.5 | 74.8 | 74.5 | 83.1 |
| Mining. ..... | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract constructio | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 13.8 | 13.0 | 14.1 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 3.1 |
| Manufacturing. . | 23.4 | 23.1 | 24.1 | 34.4 | 33.9 | 34.7 | 99.3 | 98.2 | 101.5 | 31.5 | 31.5 | 39.3 |
| Trans. and pub, util. | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 21.8 | 21.7 | 22.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.4 |
| Trade. | 14.2 | 14.1 | 14.2 | 19.0 | 19.0 | 18.9 | 67.0 | 67.2 | 67.7 | 15.3 | 15.4 | 15.6 |
| Finance | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 20.8 | 20.6 | 19.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Service. | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 31.9 | 31.7 | 30.9 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 10.8 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 40.5 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 5.9 |
|  | 10 ma |  |  | Kans. 8 |  |  |  |  |  | KEMTUCKY |  |  |
|  | Des Moines |  |  | Topeka |  |  | Wichita |  |  | Louisville |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 101.8 | 100.3 | 104.8 | 47.7 | 47.3 | 48.6 | 117.5 | 116.1 | 118.6 | 237.6 | 237.0 | 245.5 |
| Mining............ | (1) | (1) | (1) | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction. | 5.9 | 3.0 | 6.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.8 | 12.9 | 12.2 | 14.6 |
| Manufacturing....... | 21.6 | 21.4 | 23.3 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 41.7 | 41.3 | 43.6 | 81.7 | 81.0 | 85.5 |
| Trans, and pub. util | 8.8 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 6.9 | 20.1 | 20.4 | 21.7 |
| Trade....... | 25.6 | 25.1 | 26.7 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 25.7 | 25.5 | 26.0 | 51.1 | 51.1 | 52.8 |
| Finance | 11.2 | 11.0 | 17.6 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.1 |
| Service. | 14.5 | 14.6 | 14.4 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 15.5 | 15.2 | 14.7 | 33.3 | 34.0 | 32.0 |
| Government............. | 14.5 | 14.7 | 14.0 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 11.7 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.2 | 26.5 | 26.4 | 26.9 |
|  | Louisiama |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MAIME |  |  |
|  | Baton Rouge |  |  | New orleans |  |  | Shreveport |  |  | Lewlston-Auburn |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 68.7 | 69.3 | 70.9 | 283.3 | 285.1 | 289.5 | 72.7 | 72.6 | 73.6 | 27.2 | 26.5 | 27.6 |
| Mining. . | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction. | 6.7 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 17.6 | 17.5 | 17.7 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.6 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Manufacturing... | 16.9 | 16.6 | 17.7 | 44.0 | 43.7 | 46.4 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.2 | 13.9 | 13.4 | 14.4 |
| Trans. and pub, util | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 43.3 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.4 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 9 |
| Trade....... | 14.1 | 4.0 | 15.1 | 73.5 | 73.6 | 74.1 | 19.4 | 19.4 | 19.7 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.4 |
| Finance | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 17.9 | 17.9 | 18.1 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | . 8 | . 3 | . 8 |
| Service. | 8.1 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 42.9 | 44.2 | 44.2 | 9.4 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . | 14.6 | 15.6 | 14.0 | 37.i4 | 38.6 | 37.7 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 10.7 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
|  | MAIME - Continued |  |  | MARYLAMD |  |  | MASSACHUSETTS |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Portland |  |  | Baltimore |  |  | Boston |  |  | Pall River ${ }^{2} 5$ |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 53.3 | 51.6 | 52.9 | 621.0 | 615.5 | 674.9 | 1,088.6 | 1,076.7 | 1,038.6 | 44.3 | 43.9 | 4.6 |
| Mining. . . . . . . | (1) | (1) | (1) | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | - | - | - |
| Contract construction. | 2.9 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 37.9 | 35.8 | 37.7 | 47.6 | 4.4.4 | 50.4 | $\overline{-}$ | 5 |  |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . | 12.9 | 12.0 | 12.6 | 196.0 | 194.9 | 195.3 | 298.5 | 295.2 | 301.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.5 |
| Trans. and pub. util.. | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 53.0 | 53.4 | 55.7 | 66.2 | 65.7 | 68.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| Trade................. | 14.5 | 14.3 | 14.5 | 126.6 | 124.3 | 125.4 | 244.3 | 241.8 | 244.5 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 8.1 |
| Finance. | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 33.7 | 33.3 | 32.8 | 76.3 | 75.6 | 74.4 | - | - | - |
| Service. | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 34.3 | 84.3 | 83.1 | 211.9 | 209.9 | 209.2 | - | - | - |
| Government. . | 5.1 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 83.4 | 83.1 | 34.0 | 413.8 | 74.1 | 41.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.


| Industry division | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { inay } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1962 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & \text { 1961 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MABSACHUSETTS - Continuod |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MICHIGAM |  |  |
|  | New Bedford ${ }^{2} 5$ |  |  | Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke |  |  | Worcester |  |  | Detrolt |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 49.0 | 43.0 | 50.1 | 173.1 | 171.8 | 172.7 | 173.3 | 212.1 | 115.5 | 1,215.6 | 1,136.9 | 1,202.0 |
| Mining. |  | - | - | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |  | . 9 | . 8 |
| Contract construction | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 6.3 | 5.8 | 6.3 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 47.9 | 42.4 | 49.7 |
| Manufacturing. | 25.3 | 25.3 | 27.4 | 69.9 | 69.7 | 72.1 | 50.5 | 49.6 | 52.2 | 436.4 | 459.7 | 574.4 |
| Trans. and pub. util | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 8.6 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 70.0 | 69.9 | 74.0 |
| Trade......... | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.5 | 33.3 | 32.9 | 32.4 | 29.6 | 19.8 | 20.6 | 232.8 | 230.3 | 235.5 |
| Finance | - | - | - | 8.3 | 8.3 | 3.3 | 5.4 | 3.3 | 5.4 | 50.0 | 49.7 | 49.4 |
| Service | - | - | - | 26.3 | 26.2 | 26.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 14.9 | 152.2 | 151.3 | 148.9 |
| Government. . . . . . . . | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 20.6 | 20.7 | 19.0 | 13.7 | 13.7 | 13.4 | 135.4 | 132.3 | 129.3 |
|  | MICHIGAH-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Flint |  |  | rand Raplds |  |  | Lanslng |  |  | MuskegonMuskegon Helghts |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 274.6 | 213.7 | 218.4 | 213.6 | 112.5 | 175.2 | 87.4 | 07.4 | 89.6 | 45.2 | 44.8 | 47.0 |
| Mining. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.8 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| Manufacturing | 66.1 | 66.0 | 69.4 | 46.3 | 46.0 | 49.3 | 27.2 | 27.3 | 29.3 | 24.5 | 24.4 | 26.0 |
| Trans. and pub. util | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| Trade. | 16.3 | 16.1 | 17.6 | 23.5 | 23.5 | 23.9 | 15.2 | 15.2 | 15.3 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 7.4 |
| nance | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Service | 10.3 | 10.4 | 10.0 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 14.4 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.1 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.3 |
| Government.. | 10.6 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 9.6 | 9.5 | 9.4 | 25.3 | 25.7 | 25.1 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.3 |
|  | MICHIGAM-continued |  |  | MIMMESOTA |  |  |  |  |  | MISSISSIPPI |  |  |
|  | Saginaw |  |  | Duluth |  |  | Minneapolis-st. Paul |  |  | Jackson |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 52.7 | 52.1 | 54.9 | (4) | 38.1 | 39.7 | (4) | 531.9 | 543.6 | 63.5 | 63.5 | 63.2 |
| Mlning. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (4) | (1) | (1) | (4) | (1) | (1) | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 |
| Contract construction | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.9 | (4) | 1.7 | 2.0 | (4) | 29.3 | 32.2 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 5.0 |
| Manufacturing. | 22.3 | 21.7 | 24.8 | (4) | 8.0 | 7.9 | (4) | 147.0 | 151.2 | 10.9 | 11.0 | 11.3 |
| Trans. and pub. util | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.0 | (4) | 3.5 | 6.5 | (4) | 47.0 | 51.1 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Trade. | 12.0 | 11.0 | 10.7 | (4) | 8.7 | 9.5 | (4) | 130.0 | 132.3 | 14.8 | 14.7 | 14.7 |
| Finance | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | (4) | 1.8 | 1.8 | (4) | 34.2 | 34.4 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.8 |
| Service. | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.9 | (4) | 7.2 | 7.0 | (4) | 74.1 | 73.0 | 9.0 | 9.1 | 9.0 |
| Government............ | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.1 | (4) | 5.2 | 5.1 | (4) | 70.4 | 69.3 | 13.6 | 14.0 | 13.3 |
|  | HISSOURI |  |  |  |  |  | MOMtama |  |  | MEbraska |  |  |
|  | Kansas City |  |  | st. Louls |  |  | Great Falls |  |  | Omaha |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 379.7 | 376.5 | 383.7 | 716.1 | 709.4 | 736.4 | 24.0 | 22.6 | 21.0 | 161.9 | 160.7 | 161.0 |
| Mining. | . 8 | . 3 | . 9 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.6 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (3) | (3) | (3) |
| Contract construction. | 21.6 | 21.0 | 17.7 | 34.1 | 32.4 | 38.0 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 9.2 | 9.4 | 10.2 |
| Manufacturing. | 103.8 | 102.9 | 106.0 | 250.6 | 245.1 | 265.6 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 37.6 | 36.8 | 37.3 |
| Trans. and pub, uthl | 39.4 | 39.7 | 41.8 | 65.4 | 65.0 | 69.3 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 19.2 | 18.9 | 20.4 |
| Trade. | 94.8 | 93.5 | 96.6 | 151.8 | 149.5 | 154.0 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.7 | 37.1 | 37.0 | 36.8 |
| Finance. | 26.6 | 26.4 | 26.4 | 37.8 | 37.6 | 37.8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 13.9 | 13.6 | 13.3 |
| Servi | 49.0 | 48.7 | 49.4 | 95.5 | 94.9 | 83.6 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 24.0 | 23.8 | 23.7 |
| Government........... | 43.7 | 45.5 | 44.9 | 78.3 | 78.4 | 76.7 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 20.9 | 21.3 | 19.4 |
|  | MEVADA |  |  | EW HAMPSH |  |  | MEW JERSEY |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Reno |  |  | nchester |  |  | Jersey City |  |  | Newark ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |
| total. | 34.7 | 33.6 | 33.0 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 43.7 | 253.9 | 254.2 | 257.5 | 653.3 | 64.6 | 661.6 |
| Mining. | (6) | (6) | (6) | (1) | (1) | (1) | 6 |  |  | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Contract constructio | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 32.3 | 31.1 | 30.5 |
| Manufacturing. | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 17.2 | 17.2 | 18.2 | 214.9 | 115.3 | 119.0 | 232.6 | 227.4 | 245.2 |
| trans. and pub. util. | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 37.7 | 37.7 | 37.0 | 48.2 | 47.7 | 47.7 |
| Trade.. | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 3.7 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 37.5 | 37.8 | 37.7 | 127.0 | 126.3 | 129.2 |
| Finance | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 8.6 | 45.7 | 45.4 | 45.7 |
| Service | 10.5 | 9.8 | 10.3 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 22.4 | 22.3 | 21.0 | 96.8 | 96.2 | 94.4 |
| Government............ | 5.9 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 26.1 | 26.0 | 25.8 | 69.7 | 69.b | 67.9 |
|  | MEW JERSEY - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MEM MEXICO |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paterson- } \\ \text { clifton-Passalc } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Perth Amboy ${ }^{\text {? }}$ |  |  | Trenton |  |  | Albuquerque |  |  |
| total. | 367.6.4 | 362.7 | 366.4.4 | 101.6 | 175.4 | 184.5 | 104.5 | 104.3 | 107.7 | $81.1 \quad 79.7$ \%1.9 |  |  |
| Mining. . |  | $\begin{array}{r\|r} .4 & .4 \\ 23.0 & 22.3 \end{array}$ |  | . 5 | . 5 | . 8 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract constructio |  |  |  |  | 22.7 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 9.3 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 7.6 |
| Manufacturing... | 156.4 | 151. 5 | 261.5 | 85.7 | 34.0 | 90.3 | 35.3 | 35.7 | 38.8 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.8 |
| Trans. and pub. util.. | $21.5$ | 21.3 | 21.2 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.6 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 6.8 |
| Trade... | $\begin{aligned} & 76.0 \\ & 12.3 \end{aligned}$ | 75.3 | 75.5 | 29.6 | 29.4 | 29.7 | 17.4 | 17.2 | 17.3 | 19.2 | 18.9 | 18.7 |
| Finance |  | 12.3 | 11.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 5.0 |
| Service | 43.9 | 43.6 | 42.4 | $1 \% .1$ | 16.8 | 16.3 | 16.2 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 18.4 | 18.0 | 18.7 |
| Government | $33.3$ | 33.0 | 31.9 | 26.1 | 25.9 | 25.3 | 19.4 | 19.2 | 18.6 | 17.4 | 17.3 | 17.3 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are prellminary.
6051850-61-6

Iath 18: Emplogoas in nonagricaltural astahishmants for salectad arass, by indistry division.Cantinuad

| Industry division | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { June } \\ & 1261 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | June 1960 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | MEM | Y0RE |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Albany-Schenectady-Troy |  |  | Blnghanton |  |  | Buffalo |  |  | Eleira ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |
| TOTAL. . | 222.6 | 215.2 | ${ }^{227}{ }^{1} 1$ | 77.9 | 77.2 | 78.2 | 417.1 | 412.9 | 439.9 | 31.5 | 31.1 | 33.3 |
| Mining. . . . . . . . . . | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | - | - | - |
| Contract construction. | 8.8 | 2.6 61.6 | 8.6 65.6 | 3.5 39.2 | 3.2 38.9 | 3.6 39.7 | 19.5 164.7 | 17.7 163.6 | 25.7 179.1 | 14.5 | 14.3 | 16.1 |
| Manufactioring....... | 61.9 17.1 | 61.6 17.1 | 65.6 17.9 | 39.2 3.9 | 38.9 3.9 | 39.7 3.9 | 164.7 32.1 | 163.6 31.7 | 179.1 34.2 | 14.5 | 14.3 | 16.1 |
| Trans. and pub. util. Trade............... | 17.1 43.2 | 17.1 42.9 | 17.9 44.1 | 3.9 12.5 | 3.9 12.4 | 3.9 12.4 | 32.1 82.1 | 31.7 81.6 | 34.2 84.5 | $\overline{6} .1$ | $\overline{6.1}$ | $\overline{6} .1$ |
| Trade. | 43.2 9.4 | 42.9 9.3 | 44.1 9.0 | 12.5 2.3 | 12.4 2.3 | 12.4 2.3 | 82.1 16.5 | 81.6 16.3 | 84.5 15.9 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 |
| Pinance Servic | 9.4 33.6 | 9.3 33.1 | 3.9 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 55.2 | 55.1 | 53.9 | - | - |  |
| Government........... | 48.6 | 48.7 | 48.2 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 47.1 | 46.9 | 46.5 | - | - | - |
|  | MEW YORK-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nassau and Suffolk Counties 7 |  |  | New York City ${ }^{7}$ |  |  | Now York-NortheasternNow Jersey |  |  | Rochestor |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 442.9 | 433.9 | 437.5 | 3,546.9 | 3,530.4 | 3,557.4 | 5,706.0 | 5,661.0 | 5,727.1 | 220.2 | 216.8 | 220.0 |
| Mining. | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 5.3 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract constructi | 39.4 | 37.6 | 38.7 | 128.5 | 123.7 | 133.7 | 258.4 | 248.2 | 260.9 | 11.4 | 10.2 | 11.5 |
| Yenufacturing. | 124.1 | 123.7 | 126.7 | 911.5 | 908.6 | $9+2.0$ | 1,699.9 | 1,688.1 | 1,761.6 | 105.1 | 103.7 | 106.4 |
| Trans. and pub. util | 23.2 | 23.1 | 23.2 | 317.9 | 317.4 | 317.8 | 474.7 | 473.5 | 474.6 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 9.6 |
| Trade | 103.3 | 100.2 | 99.9 | 742.0 | 739.9 | 746.5 | 1,169.5 | 1,161.8 | 1,173.2 | 39.6 | 39.5 | 38.8 |
| Pina | 19.1 | 19.0 | 17.6 | 395.5 | 394.5 | 383.8 | 497.0 | 495.5 | 483.2 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.6 |
| Serv | 66.8 | 63.7 | 66.1 | 632.8 | 632.3 | 619.8 | 927.1 | 920.4 | 904.9 | 25.6 | 25.3 | 24.9 |
| Government. ............. | 67.0 | 66.6 | 65.3 | 416.9 | 412.3 | 411.9 | 675.3 | 669.2 | 663.5 | 22.3 | 21.9 | 21.2 |
|  | DEE Yonk-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mortin chnolina |  |  |
|  | Syr acuse |  |  | Ut1 ca-Rome |  |  | Westchester County |  |  | Charlotte |  |  |
| TOTAL.. | $\stackrel{180.7}{(1)}$ | ${ }_{178}{ }^{1} \mathrm{I}^{3}$ | 184.1 $(1)$ | $\underset{(1)}{101.8}$ | ${ }_{\text {(1) }}^{100.5}$ | $102.2$ | $\underset{(1)}{224}$ | ${ }_{(1)}^{221} 6$ | ${ }_{(1)}^{297}{ }^{8}$ | ${ }_{(1)}^{105.8}$ | $\underset{\text { (1) }}{106.2}$ | $\underset{(1 .)^{1}}{106.1}$ |
| Mining................ | ${ }_{8.0}$ | 7.3 | $\stackrel{(1)}{8.7}$ | 4.0 | (1) 3.7 | 3.7 | 16.0 | 15.3 | 17.6 | 9.1 | 8.6 | 9.2 |
| Manufacturing. | 66.8 | 65.0 | 69.0 | 38.6 | 38.0 | 39.4 | 63.5 | 63.5 | 65.6 | 25.9 | 26.0 | 25.7 |
| Trans. and pub. ut | 12.0 | 12.1 | 12.6 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 14.9 | 14.9 | 15.2 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 10.9 |
| Trade.......... | 36.7 | 36.6 | 37.2 | 16.8 | 16.6 | 16.8 | 48.4 | 47.6 | 49.4 | 28.7 | 28.5 | 29.7 |
| Finance | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.4 |
| Servi | 24.1 | 24.1 | 23.7 | 10.3 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 43.2 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 14.6 | 14.5 | 14.6 |
| Governme | 24.4 | 24.3 | 24.1 | 22.5 | 22.6 | 22.4 | 27.8 | 27.6 | 27.2 | 9.1 | 10.2 | 8.6 |
|  |  | 10 | CAROL | 7-Cont | 10 d |  |  | Thim diko | A |  | 0 H 10 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ensboro } \\ & \text { h poln } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ton-S |  |  | Fargo |  |  | Akron |  |
| total. <br> Mining. <br> Contract construction. Manufacturimg. <br> Trans. and pub, util. <br> Trade. <br> Finance. $\qquad$ <br> Service. $\qquad$ <br> Government. | - | - | - | - | - | - | 24.2 |  | 23.6 | 167.4 | 166.7 | 176.2 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | (1) | (1) | (1) 2.5 | 5.17 | 4.9 | 6.1 |
|  | 42. | - | 44.1 | 88.7 | 37.7 | 37.4 | 2.8 1.8 | 2.3 1.7 | 2.5 1.9 | 5.5 76.4 | 4.9 | 6.2 84.3 |
|  | 42.4 | 42.1 | 44.1 | 38.7 | 37.7 | 37.4 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.9 2.8 | 76.4 | 76.3 12.4 | 84.3 13.0 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 12.3 | 12.4 | 13.0 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7.9 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 32.1 | 32.0 | 33.0 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1.8 3.5 | 1.8 3.5 | 1.7 3.5 | 5.3 20.5 | 5.2 20.7 | 5.0 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3.5 3.8 | 3.5 3.5 | 3.5 3.3 | 20.5 15.1 | 20.7 15.1 | 20.2 14.5 |
|  | canton |  |  | Cincinnati |  |  | Cleveland |  |  | Columbus |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 107.4 | 105.0 | 111.8 | 393.9 | 389.5 | 402.2 | 684.3 | 674.3 | 707.1 | 259.8 | 256.4 | 257.5 |
| mining. | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | - 3 | . 3 | -3 | . 7 | . 7 | .6 | . 7 | - 7 | . 8 |
| Contract constructio | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 17.8 | 15.7 | 18.5 | 32.0 | 30.2 | 32.5 | 13.0 | 11.4 | 13.2 |
| Manufacturing. | 49.9 | 48.6 | 54.7 | 145.6 | 144.4 | 153.9 | 264.3 | 260.6 | 288.2 | 69.4 | 69.1 | 7.9 |
| Trens. and pub. uti | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 32.2 | 32.0 | 32.6 | 43.9 | 43.6 | 46.7 | 17.9 | $17 \cdot 7$ | 18.3 |
| Trade. | 20.6 | 20.2 | 21.0 | 81.6 | 80.9 | 82.7 | 141.8 | 141.0 | 143.2 | 53.7 | 52.9 | 53.9 |
| Pinance | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 21.5 | 21.3 | 21.4 | 31.8 | 31.5 | 31.5 | 16.4 | 16.1 | 15.9 |
| Service. | 12.1 | 12.1 | 11.9 | 52.1 | 51.6 | 51.2 | 91.8 | 90.8 | 88.1 | 35.9 | 35.7 | 35.4 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . | 9.6 | 9.4 | 8.9 | 42.8 | 43.2 | 41.6 | 78.0 | 75.8 | 76.2 | 53.0 | 52.8 | 48.1 |
|  | OMIO-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | oxlatoúa |  |  |
|  | Dayton |  |  | Toledo |  |  | Youngstown-warren |  |  | Oklahoma City |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 241.3 | 239.8 | 247.0 | 150.1 | 149.4 | 158.9 | 156.8 | 154.4 | 164.9 | 174.1 | 174.4 | 174.4 |
| Mining. | . 5 | . 4 | . 5 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 |
| Contract constructi | 9.1 | 8.4 | 9.7 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 7.4 | 10.0 | 9.3 | 10.7 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 13.1 |
| Manufacturing. | 98.4 | 98.2 | 104.0 | 53.3 | 53.8 | 60.0 | 71.2 | 70.3 | 77.8 | 20.6 | 20.4 | 20.6 |
| Trans. and pub. util. | 10.1 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 13.3 | 12.8 | 13.9 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 9.5 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.9 |
| Trade.. | 42.6 | 42.2 | 42.8 | 34.0 | 33.8 | 35.6 | 27.8 | 27.3 | 29.2 | 42.5 | 41.9 | 42.3 |
| pinance | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10.3 |
| Service | 28.4 | 28.3 | 28.0 | 21.8 | 21.9 | 21.7 | 18.8 | 18.8 | 18.3 | 21.7 | 21.6 | 21.7 |
| Government. | 45.7 | 45.7 | 45.5 | 14.7 | 14.9 | 14.3 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 14.6 | 47.3 | 48.6 | 46.6 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.


| Industry division | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1962 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1962 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1962 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1963 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | OKLAM | -Cont | ued |  | OREGOM |  |  |  | PEMMS | Al\|a |  |  |
|  | Tulsa |  |  | Portland |  |  | Allentown- <br> Bethleher-Rastion |  |  | Erie |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 129.8 | 128.9 | 135.7 | 271.4 | 264.1 | 27.3 | 179.9 | 177.9 | 185.6 | 75.4 | 74.6 | 78.2 |
| Mining. | 12.6 | 12.4 | 13.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | (1) | (1) |  |
| Contract construction. | $7 \cdot 7$ | 7.5 | 9.1 | 15.1 | 13.7 | 16.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 7.6 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.5 |
| Manufacturing.......... | 26.8 | 26.7 | 29.0 | 65.6 | 61.8 | 66.6 | 94.1 | 92.7 | 98.8 | 33.9 | 33.7 | 36.4 |
| Trane. and pub. util... | 13.5 | 13.4 | 15.1 | 27.5 | 26.9 | 28.3 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 11.0 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.5 |
| Trade. | 31.4 | 32.5 | 32.0 | 67.4 | 66.2 | 66.4 | 29.1 | 28.7 | 29.6 | 14.0 | 13.8 | 14.5 |
| Finance. | $7 \cdot 3$ | 7.1 | 7.2 | 15.4 | 15.2 | 15.0 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 |
| Service................. | 18.6 | 18.4 | 18.3 | 39.3 | 38.9. | 38.1 | 20.9 | 21.2 | 20.4 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 9.9 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . . | 21.9 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 41.1 | $41.4^{\circ}$ | 40.3 | 13.4 | 13.1 | 13.0 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.0 |
|  | PEMMSYLVAMIA-COntInyod |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Harrisbure |  |  | Lencaster |  |  | Philadelphia |  |  | P1ttsburgh |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 143.2 | 141.1 | 145.4 | 95.0 | 93.5 | 95.0 | 1,500.3 | 1,491.2 | 1,507.8 | 745.4 | 738.0 | 787.2 |
| Mining.................. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 13.0 |
| Contract conetruction.. | 8.2 | 7.7 | 8.9 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 73.0 | 71.2 | 74.5 | 37.0 | 34.8 | 40.7 |
| Manufacturiag. | 32.8 | 32.1 | 34.3 | 46.0 | 45.1 | 47.2 | 533.9 | 530.3 | 553.2 | 268.6 | 266.2 | 296.0 |
| Trans, and pub. util. | 11.9 | 11.7 | 12.7 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 107.7 | 106.4 | 111.9 | 56.5 | 56.2 | 61.5 |
| Trade. | 25.9 | 25.5 | 26.1 | 17.2 | 17.0 | 17.1 | 304.3 | 301.8 | 297.0 | 151.6 | 150.2 | 155.5 |
| Financ | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 80.9 | 80.7 | 80.0 | 32.2 | 32.0 | 32.7 |
| Service | 17.9 | 17.7 | 18.2 | 11.6 | 11.5 | 11.1 | 216.0 | 216.8 | 210.3 | 115.8 | 124.8 | 115.2 |
| Government.............. | 40.4 | 40.4 | 39.1 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 183.0 | 182.5 | 179.1 | 73.0 | 73.1 | 72.6 |
|  | PEIMS YLYAMIA-Contlased |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Reading |  |  | Seranton |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { WIIKes-Barro- } \\ & \text { Hasleton } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | York |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 99.9 | 99.4 | 102.3 | 75.3 | 74.2 | 77.4 | 99.9 | 99.4 | 104.3 | 83.0 | 81.7 | 84.2 |
| Minin§.................. | (1) | (1) | (1) | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 6.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction. . | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 4.5 |
| Manufacturing.......... | 48.9 | 48.9 | 52.3 | 29.5 | 28.8 | 30.6 | 38.9 | 38.8 | 41.6 | 41.5 | 40.7 | 43.0 |
| Trans, and pub, util... | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.7 |
| Tride..... | 15.6 | 15.5 | 15.6 | 14.6 | 14.5 | 14.5 | 18.6 | 18.7 | 19.0 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 13.9 |
| Finance. | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Service................. | 12.6 | 12.5 | 12.6 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 11.9 | 11.8 | 11.6 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 8.4 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . | 9.0 | 8.9 | 8.2 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 7.8 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 11.8 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 7.9 |
|  | RHODE ISLAND |  |  | SOUTM CAROLIM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Providence- <br> Pawtucket |  |  | Charleaton |  |  | columbla |  |  | Greenville |  |  |
| TOTAL. |  | 289.5 |  | 56.7 |  | 56.8 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 69.6 | 69.6 | 70.1 | 71.3 |
| Mining.................. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction. | 12.8 | 12.0 | 12.9 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 5.8 |
| Manufacturing.......... | 129.0 | 126.9 | 134.8 | 9.3 | $9 \cdot 3$ | 9.9 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 12.6 | 32.8 | 32.5 | 33.1 |
| trana. and pub. util... | 14.5 | 14.3 | 14.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.3 |
| Trade. | 53.9 | 53.7 | 53.1 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 12.1 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 15.5 | 13.3 | 13.1 | 13.0 |
| Finadee. | 12.7 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Service. | 37.2 | 36.7 | 36.8 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.8 |
| Government. | 33.3 | 33.3 | 33.1 | 18.3 | 18.6 | 17.8 | 17.2 | 18.3 | 17.3 | 6.3 | 7.1 | 6.2 |
|  | SOUTM DAROTA |  |  | TEMEESEE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | slour Falla |  |  | Chattanooda |  |  | Enoxville |  |  | Memphis |  |  |
| TOTAL. . | 27.2 | 26.7 | 27.4 | 92.0 | 92.2 | 92.7 | 110.6 | 112.0 | 112.9 | (4) | 189.6 | 190.8 |
| Mining................. | (1) | (1) | (1) | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | (4) | $\cdot 3$ | . 3 |
| Contract construction.. | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.9 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 6.9 | (4) | 9.9 | 10.5 |
| Manufacturing.......... | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 42.0 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 42.1 | (4) | 44.1 | 45.6 |
| Trans. and pub. util... | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 6.5 | (4) | 15.9 | 16.1 |
| Trade...... | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.9 | 17.4 | 17.6 | 17.4 | 21.5 | 22.4 | 23.1 | (4) | 51.5 | 51.3 |
| Finance. | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | (4) | 9.6 | 9.6 |
| Service. | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 12.0 | (4) | 26.8 | 26.8 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 11.0 | 11.2 | 10.6 | 16.8 | 17.7 | 16.7 | (4) | 31.5 | 30.6 |
|  | TEMIESBEECCOAtinuod |  |  | TEXA8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Hashville |  |  | Dallas |  |  | Fort worth |  |  | Houstos |  |  |
| TOTAL................... | 140.3 | 140.9 | 138.9 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | (1) | (1) | (1) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Contract construction.. | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - ${ }^{-1}$ | - | - | - |
| Manu facturing. . . . . . . . | 39.7 | 40.2 | 38.5 | 96.2 | 95.6 | 93.6 | 52.5 | 52.5 | 54.2 | 91.9 | 91.4 | 94.0 |
| Trans. and pub. util... | 10.9 | 11.0 | 11.0 | - | - | - | - | - | $\checkmark$ | - | - | - |
| Trade.... | 30.4 | 30.2 | 32.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Finarice. ................ | 10.3 | 10.0 | 10.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Service. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 21.9 | 22.0 | 21.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Govarment. | 19.5 | 20.1 | 19.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

See footnotes at end of table. Mork: Data for the current anth are prelialnary.


| Industry division | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 2961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Nay } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jume } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 2961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nay } \\ & 2961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TEXAS-Continued |  |  | UTAH |  |  | VERMOMT |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | San Antonio |  |  | Salt Lake city |  |  | Burlington |  |  | Springfield 5 |  |  |
| TOTAL. ................... |  |  | - | 146.1 | 143.3 | 139.9 | 21.4 | 20.5 | 20.7 | 10.9 | 31.2 | 12.1 |
| Mining................. |  | - | - | 7.0 | 6.9 | 7.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Contract construction. | - 6 |  | - 5 | 9.2 | 8.5 | 8.8 | 4 | 4.8 | - |  | $\overline{5}$ | 6.6 |
| Manufacturing. ......... | 23.6 | 23.3 | 23.5 | 26.5 | 25.8 | 24.3 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 6.6 |
| Trans. and pub. util... | - | - | - | 13.5 38.9 | 13.4 38.1 | 13.1 37.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 5.5 | 1.5 5.3 | .8 1.7 | . 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Trade................... | - | - | - | 9.0 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.3 |  | - |  |
| Service. | - | - | - | 20.0 | 19.9 | 19.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Government.............. | - |  | - | 22.0 | 21.8 | 21.1 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | VIRGINIA |  |  |  |  |  | WASHIMGTOM |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | NorfolkPortsmouth |  |  | Richmond |  |  | Seattle |  |  | Spokane |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 150.9 | 149.6 | 150.7 | 168.7 | 167.5 | 166.1 | 372.2 | 367.3 | 372.2 | 76.3 | 74.1 | 77.2 |
| Mining. | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction. | 11.3 | 10.8 | 21.3 | 12.6 | 12.0 | 11.7 | 17.6 | 16.6 | 18.5 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 5.1 |
| Manufacturing. | 16.6 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 41.6 | 213.9 | 111.5 | 112.1 | 13.7 | 12.9 | 13.6 |
| Trans. and pub, util. | 14.8 | 14.3 | 14.8 | 15.8 | 15.7 | 15.8 | 29.8 | 29.3 | 30.9 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 8.2 |
| Trade....... | 37.3 | 37.2 | 37.0 | 38.9 | 38.8 | 38.8 | 84.5 | 83.1 | 85.0 | 20.3 | 19.6 | 20.6 |
| Finance | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 13.5 | 13.4 | 13.4 | 22.3 | 22.0 | 22.4 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Service | 18.1 | 17.8 | 18.0 | 21.0 | 20.8 | 20.8 | 48.1 | 47.7 | 48.3 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 12.8 |
| Government.............. | 47.1 | 47.2 | 47.2 | 25.2 | 25.3 | 23.8 | 56.0 | 57.1 | 55.0 | 13.1 | 13.0 | 12.9 |
|  | WASHIMGTOM-Continued |  |  | WEST VIROIMIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{\text { tacoma }}{\text { atale }}$ |  |  | Charleston |  |  | HuntingtonAshland |  |  | Wheeling |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 78.7 | 77.1 | 79.4 | 75.9 | 74.9 | 78.3 | 64.0 | 63.4 | 67.1 | 52.0 | 51.0 | 53.4 |
| Mining...... | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.3 |
| Contract construction. | 4.3 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 2.9 |
| Manufacturing.. | 16.9 | 16.6 | 18.0 | 22.4 | 22.1 | 23.4 | 22.2 | 21.9 | 25.0 | 16.1 | 16.2 | 16.6 |
| Trans. and pub. util. | 6.1 | 5.8 | 6.6 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.2 |
| Trade.......... | 16.6 | 16.2 | 16.3 | 15.8 | 15.7 | 16.9 | 13.4 | 13.3 | 14.1 | 12.5 | 12.2 | 13.0 |
| Finance | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| Service. | 10.4 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 8.9 | 9.0 | 8.9 | $7 \cdot 5$ | 7.6 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 6.7 |
| Government.............. | 20.7 | 20.7 | 20.4 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 7.6 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.9 |
|  | wisconsin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Green Bay |  |  | Kenosha |  |  | La Crosse |  |  | Madison |  |  |
| TOTAL.. | 35.8 | 35.3 |  | 35.3 | 34.7 | 35.4 |  | 22.5 |  | 78.5 | $77 \cdot 3$ |  |
| Minıng. .............. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |  | (1) |  | (1) |  |
| Contract construction. | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.0 | . 8 | -9 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 5.0 |
| Manufacturing.......... | 21.7 | 21.5 | 11.9 | 19.7 | 19.6 | 20.7 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 12.9 | 12.8 | 13.4 |
| Trans, and pub, ut11... | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.1 |
| Trade....... | 9.6 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 16.4 | 16.3 | 15.6 |
| Financ | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 7 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | . 5 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.8 |
| Service... | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 9.9 |
| Government.............. | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 25.6 | 25.3 | 24.4 |
|  | WISCOHSIN-Continued |  |  |  |  |  | WYOMINB |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Milwaukee |  |  | Racine |  |  | Casper |  |  | Cheyenne |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 447.7 | 443.8 | 459.5 | 42.2 | 41.7 | 40.8 | 19.6 | 19.0 | 18.7 | 23.3 |  | 22.0 |
| Mining. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | 4.0 | 3.7 | 4.0 | (1) | (1) | (1). |
| Contract construction.. | 22.9 | 21.6 | 22.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 5.7 |
| Manufacturing.......... | 185.3 | 183.5 | 198.7 | 19.1 | 19.1 | 18.6 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Trans. and pub. util... | 28.2 | 27.8 | 28.5 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.4 |
| Trade... | 88.2 | 88.3 | 89.6 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.1 |
| Finance. | 21.9 | 21.8 | 21.9 | 1.2 | 1. 2 | 1.1 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 9 | . 9 | . 8 |
| Service. | 55.9 | 57.1 | 54.6 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.6 |
| Government | 45.2 | 43.6 | 43.3 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.2 |

Combined with service.
${ }^{2}$ Revised series; not strictily comparable with previously published data.
3 Combined with construction.
4 Not available.
5 Total includes data for industry divisions not shown separately.
${ }^{6}$ Combined with manufacturing.
7Subarea of New York-Northeastern New Jersey.
NOIE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside beck cover.

Tath 6-1: Aress hors and osnings of pradection werkers in menfecturing 1815 to ditt

| Year and month | Manufacturing |  |  | Durable goods |  |  | Nondurable goods |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Averaǵe } \\ \text { weekly } \\ \text { earnings } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { weekly } \\ \text { hours } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { hourly } \\ \text { earnlngg } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Average } \\ \text { weekly } \\ \text { earnlngs } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { weekly } \\ \text { hours } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average hourly egrnings | Average weekly earnings | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { weekly } \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { hourly } \\ \text { earnings } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1919................. | \$22.08 | 46.3 | \$0.477 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1920...................... | 26.30 | 47.4 | . 555 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1921...................... | 22.18 | 43.1 | . 515 | - | - | - |  | - | - |
| 1922. ..................... | 21.51 | 44.2 | . 487 | d25 | - | - |  |  | - |
| 1923. ...................... | 23.82 | 45.6 | . 522 | \$25.78 | - | - | \$21.94 | - | - |
| 1924...................... | 23.93 | 43.7 | . 547 | 25.84 | - | - | 22.07 | - | - |
| 1925. ..................... | 24.37 | 44.5 | . 547 | 26.39 | - | - | 22.44 | - | - |
| 1926. ..................... | 24.65 | 45.0 | . 548 | 26.61 | - | - | 22.75 |  | - |
| 1927...................... | 24.74 | 45.0 | . 550 | 26.66 | - | - | 23.01 |  | - |
| 1928...................... | 24.97 | 44.4 | . 562 | 27.24 | - | - | 22.88 | - | - |
| 1929...................... | 25.03 | 44.2 | . 566 | 27.22 | - | - | 22.93 | - | - |
| 1930...................... | 23.25 | 42.1 | . 552 | 24.77 |  |  | 21.84 | - |  |
| 1931..................... | 20.87 | 40.5 | . 515 | 21.28 |  |  | 20.50 | - | - |
| 1932..................... | 17.05 | 38.3 | . 446 | 16.21 | 32.6 | \$0.497 | 17.57 | 41.9 | \$0.420 |
| 1933..................... | 16.73 | 38.1 | . 442 | 16.43 | 34.8 | . 472 | 16.89 | 40.0 | . 427 |
| 1934. .................... | 18.40 | 34.6 | . 532 | 18.87 | 33.9 | . 556 | 18.05 | 35.1 | . 515 |
| 1935..................... | 20.13 | 36.6 | . 550 | 21.52 | 37.3 | . 577 | 19.11 | 36.1 | . 530 |
| 1936. ..................... | 21.78 | 39.2 | . 556 | 24.04 | 41.0 | . 586 | 19.94 | 37.7 | . 529 |
| 1937..................... | 24.05 | 38.6 | . 624 | 26.91 | 40.0 | . 674 | 21.53 | 37.4 | . 577 |
| 1938...................... | 22.30 | 35.6 | . 627 | 24.01 | 35.0 | . 686 | 21.05 | 36.1 | . 584 |
| 1939...................... | 23.86 | 37.7 | . 633 | 26.50 | 38.0 | . 698 | 21.78 | 37.4 | . 582 |
| 1940. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 25.20 | 38.1 | . 661 | 28.44 | 39.3 | . 724 | 22.27 | 37.0 | . 602 |
| 1941..................... | 29.58 | 40.6 | . 729 | 34.04 | 42.1 | . 808 | 24.92 | 38.9 | . 640 |
| 1942..................... | 36.65 | 42.9 | . 853 | 42.73 | 45.1 | . 947 | 29.13 | 40.3 | . 723 |
| 1943..................... | 43.14 | 44.9 | . 961 | 49.30 | 46.6 | 1.059 | 34.12 | 42.5 | . 803 |
| 19لو4.................... | 46.08 | 45.2 | 1.019 | 52.07 | 46.6 | 1.117 | 37.12 | 43.1 | .861 |
| 1945..................... | 44.39 | 43.4 | 1.023 | 49.05 | 44.1 | 1.111 | 38.29 | 42.3 | . 904 |
| 1946. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 43.82 | 40.4 | 1.086 | 46.49 | 40.2 | 1.156 | 41.14 | 40.5 | 1.015 |
| 1947. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 49.97 | 40.4 | 1.237 | 52.46 | 40.6 | 1.292 | 46.96 | 40.1 | 1.171 |
| 1948. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 54.14 | 40.1 | 1.350 | 57.11 | 40.5 | 1.410 | 50.61 | 39.6 | 1.278 |
| 1949. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 54.92 | 39.2 | 1.401 | 58.03 | 39.5 | 1.469 | 51.41 | 38.8 | 1.325 |
| 1950..................... | 59.33 | 40.5 | 1.465 | 63.32 | 41.2 | 1.537 | 54.71 | 39.7 | 1.378 |
| 1951..................... | 64.71 | 40.7 | 1.59 | 69.47 | 41.6 | 1.67 | 58.46 | 39.5 | 1.48 |
| 1952..................... | 67.97 | 40.7 | 1.67 | 73.46 | 41.5 | 1.77 | 60.98 | 39.6 | 1.54 |
| 1953..................... | 71.69 | 40.5 | 1.77 | 77.23 | 41.3 | 1.87 | 63.60 | 39.5 | 1.61 |
| 1954...................... | 71.86 | 39.7 | 1.81 | 77.18 | 40.2 | 1.92 | 64.74 | 39.0 | 1.56 |
| 1955...................... | 76.52 | 40.7 | 1.88 | 83.21 | 41.4 | 2.01 | 68.06 | 39.8 | 1.71 |
| 1956...................... | 79.99 | 40.4 | 1.98 | 86.31 | 41.1 | 2.10 | 71.10 | 39.5 | 1.80 |
| 1957.................... | 82.39 | 39.8 | 2.07 | 88.66 | 40.3 | 2.20 | 73.51 | 39.1 | 1.88 |
| 1958..................... | 83.50 | 39.2 | 2.13 | 90.06 | 39.5 | 2.28 | 75.27 | 38.8 | 1.94 |
| 1959. | 89.47 | 40.3 | 2.22 | 97.10 | 40.8 | 2.38 | 79.60 | 39.6 | 2.01 |
| $1960{ }^{1}$ | 90.91 | 39.7 | 2.29 | 98.25 | 40.1 | 2.45 | 81.33 | 39.1 | 2.08 |
| 1960: July............. | 91.14 | 39.8 | 2.29 | 97.76 | 39.9 | 2.45 | 82.37 | 39.6 | 2.08 |
| August........... | 90.35 | 39.8 | 2.27 | 97.20 | 40.0 | 2.43 | 81.77 | 39.5 | 2.07 |
| September........ | 91.08 | 39.6 | 2.30 | 98.15 | 39.9 | 2.46 | 81.72 | 39.1 | 2.09 |
| October........ | 91.31 | 39.7 | 2.30 | 98.89 | 40.2 | 2.46 | 81.51 | 39.0 | 2.09 |
| November. | 90.39 | 39.3 | 2.30 | 97.42 | 39.6 | 2.46 | 81.48 | 38.8 | 2.10 |
| December........ | 89.55 | 33.6 | 2.32 | 96.97 | 39.1 | 2.48 | 80.18 | 38.0 | 2.11 |
| 1961: January.......... | 90.25 | 38.9 | 2.32 | 97.22 | 39.2 | 2.48 | 81.41 | 38.4 | 2.12 |
| February.......... | 90.25 | 38.9 | 2.32 | 97.07 | 39.3 | 2.47 | 81.02 | 38.4 | 2.11 |
| Narch. ........... | 90.71 | 39.1 | 2.32 | 97.96 | 39.5 | 2.48 | 82.04 | 38.7 | 2.12 |
| April............. | 91.57 | 39.3 | 2.33 | 99.35 | 39.9 | 2.49 | 82.43 | 38.7 | 2.13 |
| May............... | 92.66 | 39.6 | 2.34 | 100.50 | 40.2 | 2.50 | 83.07 | 39.0 | 2.13 |
| June.............. | 94.24 | 40.1 | 2.35 | 101.91 | 40.6 | 2.51 | 83.92 | 39.4 | 2.13 |
| July.............. | 94.00 | 40.0 | 2.35 | 101.40 | 40.4 | 2.51 | 84.32 | 39.4 | 2.14 |

${ }^{1}$ Preliminary,
NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.
Data on hours of work based on the household survey are shown in tables A-15 through A-19.
National data in all tebles in Section $C$ relate to the United States without Alaska and Hawail.

| Major industry group | Averafe weekly earnings |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Averag } \\ & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | weekly hours |  | Average hourly earninge |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { July } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JuIy } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |  | June | Juy | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juiy } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1961 | 1960 |  |  |  |
| MANJFACTURING. | \$94.00 | \$94. 24 | \$91.14 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 39.8 | \$2.35 | \$2.35 | \$2.29 |
| DURABLE G000S. | 101.40 | 101.91 | 97.76 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 39.9 | 2.51 | 2.51 | 2.45 |
| nowdurable goods. | 84.32 | 83.92 | 82.37 | 32.4 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 2.14 | 2.13 | 2.08 |
| Durable Ooods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ordnance and accessories. | \$111.66 | \$ 210.43 | \$105.20 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 40.0 | \$2.73 | \$2.72 | \$2.63 |
| Lumber and wood products | 85.01 | 85.03 | 81.35 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 39.3 | 2.12 | 2.11 | 2.07 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | 75.76 | 75.01 | 74.40 | 40.3 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 1.88 | 1.88 | 1.86 |
| Stone, clay, and glass produc | 96.59 | 96.41 | 93.02 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 2.35 | 2.34 | 2.28 |
| Primary metal industries.. | 319.07 | 117.09 | 108.75 | 40.5 | 40.1 | 38.7 | 2.94 | 2.92 | 2.81 |
| Pabricated metal products | 103.07 | 103.16 | 99.63 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 2.52 | 2.51 | 2.46 |
| Machinery dexcept electrical | 106.52 | 107.57 | 105.11 | 40.5 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 2.63 | 2.63 | 2.57 |
| Electrical machinery.. | 95.44 | 95.75 | 90.39 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 39.3 | 2.38 | 2.37 | 2.30 |
| Transportation equipment. | 313.65 | 113.81 | 110.15 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 2.82 | 2.81 | 2.74 |
| Instruments and related produ | 98.01 | 98.90 | 95.75 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 2.42 | 2.43 | 2.37 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industrie | 79.20 | 80.00 | 76.44 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 39.4 | 1.98 | 1.99 | 1.94 |
| Nondurable Oooda |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pood and kindred products | 91.35 | 92.25 | 89.60 | 40.6 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.18 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | 71.05 | 75.43 | 68.43 | 38.2 | 39.7 | 37.6 | 1.86 | 1.90 | 1.82 |
| Textlle-mill products. | 65.44 | 65.93 | 64.31 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 39.7 | 1.64 | 1.64 | 1.62 |
| Apparel and other finished tertile produc | 57.40 | 56.05 | 56.42 | 36.1 | 35.7 | 36.4 | 1.59 | 1.57 | 1.55 |
| Faper and allied products................ | 100.77 | 100.77 | 97.33 | 42.7 | 42.7 | 42.5 | 2.36 | 2.36 | 2.29 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industri | 107.54 | 106.97 108.84 | 106.20 106.08 | 38.0 41.7 | 37.8 41.7 |  | 2.83 2.62 | 2.83 2.61 | 2.78 2.55 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 109.25 126.16 | 108.84 126.16 | 106.08 | 41.7 41.5 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 2.62 3.04 | 3.61 | 2.55 2.92 |
| Products of petroleum and coal. |  | 126.16 103.60 | 103.53 | 41.5 39.9 | 41.5 40.0 | 41.5 40.6 | 3.04 2.60 | 2.59 | 2.92 2.55 |
| Rubber products......... Leather and leather produ | 103.74 63.79 | 103.60 63.67 | 103.53 62.98 | 39.9 38.2 | 40.9 37.9 | 40.6 38.4 | 2.60 1.67 | 1.68 | 1.64 |

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.
Talle C.3: Average avorime howrs and avorage hourly saraings axclating evertime of prodection werters in asenfectoring, by major indestry group

| Major industry group | Average overtime hours |  |  |  |  | Average hourly earninǵs excluding overtime ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | June 1960 | June 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| MANUFACTURIMG. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.5 | \$2.28 | \$2.28 | \$2.22 |
| DUPABLE GOODS.... | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 2.38 |
| MOMDURABLE GOODS. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 2.01 |
| Durable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ordnance and accessories. | - | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | \$2.66 | \$2.66 | \$2.57 |
| Lumber and wood products............................. | - | 3.1 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 2.03 | 2.01 | 1.99 |
| Furniture and fixtures.. | - | 2.2 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.83 | 1.83 | 1.81 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. | - | 3.4 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.19 |
| Primary metal industries. | - | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 2.86 | 2.85 | 2.76 |
| Fabricated metal products.. | - | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.43 | 2.44 | 2.38 |
| Machinery (except electrical). | - | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.56 | 2.57 | 2.49 |
| Electrical machinery..... | - | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1,6 | 1.8 | 2.32 | 2.32 | 2.25 |
| Transportation equipment... | - | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.74 | 2.74 | 2.66 |
| Instruments and related products.. | - | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2. 37 | 2.36 | 2.30 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | - | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.89 |
| Nondursble Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food and kindred products.......................... | - | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 2.16 | 2.18 | 2.10 |
| Tobacco manufactures................................. | - | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.79 |
| Textile-mill products. | - | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 1.59 | 1.59 | 1.58 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products....... | - | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.55 | 1.56 | 1.52 |
| Paper and allied products.......................... | - | 4.4 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 2.24 | 2.24 | 2.17 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied indust | - | 2.4 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 2.9 | (2) | (8) | (18) |
| Chemicals and allied products.... | - | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.53 | 2.50 | 2.45 |
| Products of petroleum and coal. | - | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.96 | 2.96 | 2.84 |
| Rubber products........... | - | 2.3 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.51 | 2.49 | 2.45 |
| Leather and leather produ | - | 2.3 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 2.7 1.3 | 1.65 | 1.66 | 1.62 |

[^6]Table C.4: Inderes of agragate meath man-hours and parrolis Serisonally Adjusted Hours in industrial and construction activitios ${ }^{1}$

| Activity | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Man-hours |  |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 99.5 | 99.3 | 95.0 | 101.3 | 102.3 |
| MINING. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 62.7 | 62.3 | 59.7 | 63.8 | 66.8 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION. | 242.7 | 137.6 | 122.3 | 242.9 | 135.5 |
| MANUFACTURING. | 95.8 | 96.3 | 93.5 | 97.8 | 99.9 |
| DURABLE GOODS. | 100.3 | 101.3 | 98.7 | 102.4 | 106.1 |
| MONDURABLE GOODS. | 90.4 | 90.3 | 87.3 | 92.3 | 92.5 |
| Durable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ordnance and accessories...................... | 323.6 | 327.4 | 326.3 | 313.0 | 319.7 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 77.2 | 78.4 | 72.1 | 78.0 | 81.8 |
| Furniture and fixtures....................... | 103.2 | 101.9 | 97.7 | 106.2 | 108.7 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products............ | 99.4 | 99.9 | 96.9 | 103.8 | 10:.9 |
| Primary metal industries.................... | 90.7 | 88.7 | 85.2 | 88.0 | 92.9 |
| Fabricated metal products. | 103.9 | 104.6 | 101.6 | 105.3 | 109.2 |
| Machinery (except electrical) | 93.4 | 95.4 | 94.9 | 99.7 | 102.7 |
| Electrical machinery.. | 131.8 | 133.2 | 130.4 | 130.1 | 134.2 |
| Transportation equipment. | 104.6 | 107.6 | 107.2 | 110.9 | 114.1 |
| Instruments and related produc | 110.7 | 112.0 | 110.2 | 116.3 | 119.4 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 101.4 | 104.6 | 100.4 | 99.3 | 104.8 |
| Nondurable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food and kindred products. | 86.5 | 82.8 | 77.7 | 87.5 | 82.4 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | 61.0 | 63.6 | 60.1 | 64.2 | 66.3 |
| Textile-mill products. | 69.2 | 70.6 | 68.5 | 70.9 | 73.4 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products. | 98.5 | 99.5 | 96.8 | 102.5 | 104.7 |
| Paper and allied products................. | 109.5 | 171.0 | 107.8 | 170.9 | 113.0 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries. | 114.2 | 113.7 | 113.0 | 174.7 | 115.1 |
| Chemicals and allied products................ | 105.9 | 106.0 | 104.6 | 105.6 | 107.1 |
| Products of petroleum and coal | 73.2 | 80.1 | 78.1 | 84.2 | 84.7 |
| Rubber products.. | 94.6 89.2 | 94.7 89.7 | 92.1 84.5 | 97.7 91.2 | 100.8 90.1 |
| Leather and leather products. | Payrolls |  |  |  |  |
| MINING. | - | 101.9 | 97.2 | 103.3 | 108.4 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION. | - | 262.1 | 232.7 | 262.8 | 246.9 |
| MANUFACTURING. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 169.8 | 170.8 | 164.8 | 169.0 | 172.5 |

${ }^{1}$ For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, data relate to construction workers.
NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.


| Industry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | June 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | June 1960 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing. | 40.1 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 39.9 |
| Durable goods. | 40.7 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.2 |
| Mondurable goods. | 39.2 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.5 |
| Building construction......................... |  | 35.6 | 35.0 | 36.0 | 35.6 |
| Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) | - | 37.7 | 37.6 | 37.6 | 37.6 |

${ }^{1}$ For manufacturinǵ, data refer to production and related workers; for building construction, to construction workers; and for retail trade, to nonsupervisory workers.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Talle C-6: Gross hours and earnings of prodection werkers, ${ }^{1}$ hy indestry

| Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nay } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | June $1960$ |
| MINING. | \$111.92 | \$108.81 | \$110.83 | 41.3 | 40.3 | 41.2 | \$2.71 | \$2.70 | \$2.69 |
| hetal mining. | 113.30 | 108.67 | 110.27 | 41.5 | 40.1 | 41.3 | 2.73 | 2.71 | 2.67 |
| Iron mining | 116.92 | 109.07 | 110.98 | 39.5 | 37.1 | 38.4 | 2.96 | 2.94 | 2.89 |
| Copper mining. | 116.69 | 111.49 | 115.46 | 42.9 | 41.6 | 43.9 | 2.72 | 2.68 | 2.63 |
| Lead and zinc mining | 91.20 | 88.46 | 95.04 | 40.0 | 38.8 | 41.5 | 2.28 | 2.28 | 2.29 |
| anthracite mining. | 91.46 | 90.12 | 93.23 | 34.0 | 33.5 | 33.9 | 2.69 | 2.69 | 2.75 |
| bitumimous-coal hinimg. | 124.03 | 114.75 | 121.69 | 37.7 | 35.2 | 37.1 | 3.29 | 3.26 | 3.28 |
| crude-petroleuk amd matural-gas production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum and natural-gas production except services). ............................................. | 117.97 | 117.38 | 113.52 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 2.92 | 2.92 | 2.81 |
| monmetallic minimg and quarryimo. | 103.01 | 100.95 | 101.70 | 44.4 | 43.7 | 45.2 | 2.32 | 2.31 | 2.25 |
| CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION. | 126.41 | 123.03 | 121.18 | 37.4 | 36.4 | 37.4 | 3.38 | 3.38 | 3.24 |
| monbuilding construction. | 126.59 | 121.39 | 121.06 | 41.1 | 39.8 | 41.6 | 3.08 | 3.05 | 2.91 |
| Highway and street construction | 121.47 | 113.54 | 117.43 | 41.6 | 39.7 | 42.7 | 2.92 | 2.86 | 2.75 |
| other nonbuilding construction. | 132.03 | 129.68 | 125.15 | 40.5 | 39.9 | 40.5 | 3.26 | 3.25 | 3.09 |
| BUILDING COMSTRUCTION. | 125.96 | 123.54 | 121.24 | 36.3 | 35.5 | 36.3 | 3.47 | 3.48 | 3.34 |
| general contractors. | 116.84 | 114.28 | 211.13 | 36.4 | 35.6 | 36.2 | 3.21 | 3.21 | 3.07 |
| SPECIAL-trade contractors. | 131.04 | 128.51 | 126.69 | 36.3 | 35.5 | 36.3 | 3.61 | 3.62 | 3.49 |
| Plumbing and heating.. | 138.34 | 137.62 | 134.87 | 37.9 | 37.6 | 38.1 | 3.65 | 3.66 | 3.54 |
| Painting and decorating. | 121.45 | 119.02 | 118.62 | 35.0 | 34.2 | 35.2 | 3.47 | 3.48 | 3.37 |
| Electrical work. | 155.56 | 154.71 | 149.38 | 38.6 | 38.2 | 38.7 | 4.03 | 4.05 | 3.86 |
| other special-trade contractors | 126.74 | 122.48 | 121.41 | 35.7 | 34.6 | 35.5 | 3.55 | 3.54 | 3.42 |
| MANUFACTURING. | 94.24 | 92.66 | 91.60 | 40.1 | 39.6 | 40.0 | 2.35 | 2.34 | 2.29 |
| DURABLE GOODS. | 101.91 | 100.50 | 98.98 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 2.51 | 2.50 | 2.45 |
| NOMDURABLE GOODS. | 83.92 | 83.07 | 82.16 | 39.4 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 2.08 |
| Durable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ordmance amo accessories. | 110.43 | 110.98 | 107.30 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 2.72 | 2.72 | 2.63 |
| LUMBER AMO WODD products. | 85.03 | 83.20 | 83.84 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 40.5 | 2.11 | 2.08 | 2.07 |
| Sawmills and planing mills. | 80.79 | 80.39 | 81.18 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 41.0 | 1.91 | 1.98 | 1.98 |
| Sawnills and planing mills, general | 82.01 | 81.20 | 82.61 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 41.1 | 2.02 | 2.00 | 2.01 |
| South ${ }^{\text {West }}$ | 53.97 | 55.28 | 54.83. | 41.2 | 42.2 | 42.5 | 1.31 | 1.31 | 1.29 |
|  | 102.66 | 100.22 | 100.22 | 40.1 | 39.3 | 39.3 | 2.56 | 2.55 | 2.55 |
| Millwork, plywood, prefabricated structural wood products.................................................... | 88.40 | 86.48 | 83.37 | 41.5 | 40.6 | 39.3 39.7 | 2.56 | 2.13 | 2.5 2.10 |
| Millwor | 86.94 | 83.84 | 81.59 | 41.8 | 40.7 | 39.8 | 2.08 | 2.06 | 2.05 |
| Plywood. | 88.34 | 89.16 | 85.17 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 39.8 | 2.16 | 2.18 | 2.14 |
| Wooden containers. | 62.12 | 61.61 | 62.42 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 1.53 | 1.51 | 1.53 |
| Wooden boxes, other than cira | 61.71 | 60.83 | 61.76 | 40.6 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 1.52 | 1.48 | 1.51 |
| Miscellaneous wood products. | 70.52 | 69.43 | 70.55 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 41.5 | 1.72 | 1.71 | 1.70 |
| furmiture amo fixtures. | 75.01 | 72.56 | 74.77 | 39.9 | 38.8 | 40.2 | 1.88 | 1.87 | 1.86 |
| Household furniture. | 70.27 | 67.58 | 69.83 | 39.7 | 38.4 | 39.9 | 1.77 | 1.76 | 1.75 |
| Wood household furniture, except uphols | 64.64 | 62.65 | 64.62 | 40.4 | 39.4 | 40.9 | 1.60 | 1.59 | 1.58 |
| Wood household furniture, upholstered. | 74.31 | 69.33 | 72.96 | 38.5 | 36.3 | 38.2 | 1.93 | 1.91 | 1.91 |
| Mattresses and bedsprings...... | 79.31 | 77.66 | 80.13 | 38.5 | 37.7 | 38.9 | 2.06 | 2.06 | 2.06 |
| Office, public-building, and professional furnitur | 85.84 | 85.41 | 88.40 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 41.5 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 2.13 |
| Wood office furniture. | 70.21 | 66.59 | 74.29 | 41.3 | 39.4 | 43.7 | 1.70 | 1.69 | 1.70 |
| Metal office furniture................... | 95.44 | 95.20 | 97.17 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 41.0 | 2.38 | 2.38 | 2.37 |
| Partitions, shelving, lockers, and fixtures.... Screens, blinds, and misc. furniture and fixtur | 98.74 | 97.20 | 96.76 | 40.8 | 40.0 | 41.0 | 2.42 | 2.43 | 2.36 |
| Screens, blinds, and misc. furniture and fixtur | 80.99 | 77.41 | 77.36 | 40.7 | 39.9 | 40.5 | 1.99 | 1.94 | 1.91 |
| stohe, clay, and glass products. | 96.41 | 94.83 | 93.07 | 41.2 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 2.34 | 2.33 | 2.27 |
| Flat slass............ | 124.90 | 124.19 | 125.29 | 39.4 | 39.3 | 39.9 | 3.17 | 3.16 | 3.14 |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or blown | 95.44 | 94.56 | 92.86 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 2.38 | 2.37 | 2.31 |
| Glass contalners....... | 98.64 | 98.40 | 94.19 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 2.40 | 2.40 | 2.32 |
| Pressed or blown glass............... Glass products made of purchased glass. | 90.24 | 88.54 | 90.68 | 38.4 | 38.0 | 39.6 | 2.35 | 2.33 | 2.29 |
| Glass products made of purchased glass Cement, hydraulic..................... | 78.39 | 76.82 | 73.71 | 40.2 | 39.6 | 39.0 | 1.95 | 1.94 | 1.89 |
| Cement, hydraulic.. | 107.16 | 105.82 | 105.63 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 41.1 | 2.62 | 2.60 | 2.57 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Talle C-6: Gross hours and earriags of production workers, 1 by industry-Contiaued


See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are prellminary.

Table 6.f: Grass hours and earings of prodection werkers, ${ }^{1}$ is indestry-Gontimed

| Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average | hourly earhings |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | June 1960 | June | Mey | June | June 1961 | May | June 1960 |
| Durable Goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| machimery (except electrical)-Contlnued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction and mining machinery. | \$105.30 | \$106.86 | \$102.77 | 40.5 | 41.1 | 40.3 | \$2.60 | \$2.60 | \$2.55 |
| Construction and mining machinery, except for oil fields.. | 104.94 | 106.25 | 104.34 | 39.9 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 2.63 | 2.63 | 2.57 |
| Oil-field machinery and tools. | 107.02 | 107.68 | 98.36 | 42.3 | 42.9 | 39.5 | 2.53 | 2.51 | 2.49 |
| Metalworking machiner | 116.33 | 116.47 | 122.24 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 43.5 | 2.81 | 2.82 | 2.81 |
| Machine | 109.89 | 109.21 | 110.83 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 42.3 | 2.70 | 2.69 | 2.62 |
| Metalworkling machinery lexcept machine | 112.33 | 112.46 | 114.51 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 42.1 | 2.76 | 2.77 | 2.72 |
| Machine-tool accessorle | 120.96 | 121.93 | 131.42 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 44.7 | 2.88 | 2.91 | 2.94 |
| Special-industry machinery lexcept metalworking machiner | 103.17 | 101.68 | 102.61 | 41.6 | 41.0 | 42.4 | 2.48 | 2.48 | 2.42 |
| Food-products machi | 104.39 | 102.36 | 101.93 | 41.1 | 40.3 | 41.1 | 2.54 | 2.54 | 2.48 |
| Textlle mac | 91.91 | 89.76 | 88.41 | 41.4 | 40.8 | 41.9 | 2.22 | 2.20 | 2.11 |
| Paper-industries mach | 108.93 | 102.92 | 116.00 | 43.4 | 41.5 | 46.4 | 2.51 | 2.48 | 2.50 |
| Printing-trades machinery and equip | 113.57 | 117.00 | 114.38 | 41.6 | 42.7 | 43.0 | 2.73 | 2.74 | 2.66 |
| General industrial mach | 106.30 | 105.11 | 103.91 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 41.4 | 2.58 | 2.57 | 2.51 |
| Pumps, air and gas compresso | 103.82 | 102.50 | 103.15 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 42.1 | 2.52 | 2.50 | 2.45 |
| Conveyors and conveying equipment | 106.13 | 104.81 | 106.75 | 40.2 | 39.7 | 40.9 | 2.64 | 2.64 | 2.61 |
| Blowers, exhaust and ventilating | 100.86 | 99.38 | 95.18 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 2.46 | 2.46 | 2.35 |
| Industrial trucks, tractors, | 106.52 | 104.14 | 103.63 | 40.5 | 39.9 | 40.8 | 2.63 | 2.61 | 2.54 |
| Mechanical power-transmission equipme | 108.36 | 105.82 | 103.12 | 41.2 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 2.63 | 2.60 | 2.54 |
| Mechanical stokers and industrial furnace | 104.24 | 101.25 | 99.70 | 41.2 | 40.5 | 41.2 | 2.53 | 2.50 | 2.42 |
| Office and store machines and | 110.27 | 107.86 | 103.42 | 41.3 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 2.67 | 2.65 | 2.56 |
| Computing machines and cash regis | 119.94 | 118.08 | 122.88 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 2.89 | 2.88 | 2.76 |
| Typewriters. | 97.39 | 95.08 | 86.41 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 39.1 | 2.33 | 2.28 | 2.21 |
| Service-industry and household | 102.21 | 102.36 | 98.65 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 2.53 | 2.54 | 2.46 |
| Domestic laundry equipm | 106.00 | 103.21 | 96.39 | 40.0 | 38.8 | 37.8 | 2.65 | 2.66 | 2.55 |
| Commercial laundry, dry-cleaning, and pressing | 94.25 | 92.92 | 91.98 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 2.31 | 2.30 | 2.26 |
| Sewing machines | 104.08 | 106.17 | 108.93 | 41.3 | 41.8 | 44.1 | 2.52 | 2.54 | 2.47 |
| Refrigerators and air-conditioning | 103.02 | 103.28 | 98.95 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 39.9 | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.48 |
| Miscellaneous machinery | 105.52 | 103.57 | 101.25 | 40.9 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 2.58 | 2.57 | 2.50 |
| Fabricated pipe, fittings, and | 103.02 | 101.75 | 98.70 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.48 |
| Ball and roller bearings | 107.74 | 104.68 | 99.58 | 40.2 | 39.5 | 38.9 | 2.68 | 2.65 | 2.56 |
| Machine shops (job and | 105.57 | 103.89 | 102.92 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 41.5 | 2.55 | 2.54 | 2.48 |
| electrical machime | 95.75 | 94.40 | 92.23 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 2.37 | 2.36 | 2.30 |
| Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| industrial apparat | 100.19 | 99.05 | 96.88 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 2.48 | 2.47 | 2.41 |
| Wiring devices and suppl | 89.02 | 87.12 | 83.07 | 40.1 | 39.6 | 39.0 | 2.22 | 2.20 | 2.13 |
| Carbon and graphite products (electrical). | 99.29 | 98.00 | 97.12 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 2.47 | 2.45 | 2.41 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instruments......................... | 91.88 108.79 | 91.88 107.06 | 89.55 104.49 | 40.3 | 40.3 40.4 | 39.8 | 2.28 2.66 | 2.28 | 2.25 2.58 |
| Motors, generators, and motor-generator Power and distribution transformers.... | 108.79 | 107.06 103.06 | 104.49 102.41 | 40.9 40.8 | 40.4 40.1 | 40.5 40.8 | 2.66 2.58 | 2.65 2.57 | 2.58 |
| Power and distribution transformers. | 103.06 | 102.40 | 100.10 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 2.57 | 2.57 2.56 | 2.51 2.49 |
| Electrical welding apparatu | 103.17 | 104.90 | 110.59 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 42.7 | 2.56 | 2.59 | 2.59 |
| Electrical appliances. | 94.32 | 95.28 | 91.25 | 39.3 | 39.7 | 39.5 | 2.40 | 2.40 | 2.31 |
| Insulated wire and cabl | 93.10 | 89.88 | 89.68 | 43.1 | 42.0 | 42.3 | 2.16 | 2.14 | 2.12 |
| Electrical equipment for vehic | 107.27 | 103.83 | 97.23 | 41.1 | 40.4 | 39.4 | 2.61 | 2.57 | 2.47 |
| Electric lamps. | 90.62 | 89.93 | 86.75 | 39.4 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 2.30 | 2.30 | 2.23 |
| Communication equipment. | 92.46 | 90.74 | 89.24 | 40.2 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 2.30 | 2.28 | 2.22 |
| Radios, phonographs, television sets, and | 90.63 | 89.55 | 86.76 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 2.26 | 2.25 | 2.18 |
| Radio tubes. | 86.18 | 85.79 | 84.02 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 2.16 | 2.15 | 2.09 |
| Telephone, telegraph, and related squip | 104.81 | 100.65 | 103.42 | 41.1 | 40.1 | 41.7 | 2.55 | 2.51 | 2.48 |
| Miscellaneous electrical products | 90.63 | 90.40 | 88.43 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 39.3 | 2.26 | 2.26 | 2.25 |
| Storage batteries.. | 103.17 | 100.84 | 99.90 | 40.3 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 2.56 | 2.54 | 2.51 |
| Primary batteries (dry and wet). | 79.30 | 78.88 | 78.88 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 1.92 | 1.91 | 1.91 |
| X-ray and nonradio electronic tub | 99.95 | 99.29 | 98.49 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 40.7 | 2.42 | 2.41 | 2.42 |
| transportation equiphent. | 113.81 | 113.40 | 110.97 | 40.5 | 40.5 | 40.5 | 2.81 | 2.80 | 2.74 |
| Motor vehicles and equiprent. | 116.28 | 115.71 | 112.87 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 2.85 | 2.85 | 2.78 |
| Motor vehicles, bodies, parts, and accessori | 117.91 | 117.62 | 115.18 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 2.89 | 2.89 | 2.83 |
| Truck and bus bodies. | 101.91 | 99.43 | 101.19 | 40.6 | 39.3 | 41.3 | 2.51 | 2.53 | 2.45 |
| Trailers (truck and automobil | 91.20 | 91.08 | 86.02 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 39.1 | 2.28 | 2.26 | 2.20 |
| Alrcraft and parts | 111.65 | 112.20 | 110.57 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.71 |
| Alrcraf | 111.10 | 111.65 | 110.57 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.71 |
| Alrcraft engines and parts. | 111.91 | 212.61 | 112.89 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 41.2 | 2.77 | 2.76 | 2.74 |
| Aircraft propellers and parts | 109.31 | 110.76 | 106.85 | 42.7 | 42.6 | 42.4 | 2.56 | 2.60 | 2.52 |
| Other alrcraft parts and equipment. | 113.16 | 111.93 | 108.40 | 41.3 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 2.74 | 2.73 | 2.67 |
| Ship and boat bullding and repalring | 109.76 | 111.60 | 105.60 | 39.2 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 2.80 | 2.79 | 2.66 |
| Ship building and repairing. | 114.07 | 116.40 | 110.76 | 39.2 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 2.91 | 2.91 | 2.79 |
| Boat bullding and repairing | 83.95 | 83.39 | 80.58 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 39.5 | 2.12 | 2.09 | 2.04 |
| Rallroad equipment. . | 109.62 | 108.59 | 110.65 | 38.6 | 38.1 | 39.1 | 2.84 | 2.85 | 2.83 |
| Locomotives and parts | 115.06 | 114.33 | 112.00 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 2.82 | 2.83 | 2.80 |
| Rallroad and street cars | 107.45 | 106.11 | 110.19 | 37.7 | 37.1 | 38.8 | 2.85 | 2.86 | 2.84 |
| Other transportation equipment | 91.13 | 88.43 | 86.36 | 40.5 | 39.3 | 38.9 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.22 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Tatle 6-f: Gross hours and arrimgs of prodection warkers, ${ }^{1}$ by industry-Continuad


See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table C-6: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, ${ }^{1}$ by industry-Continued

| Industry | Average | weekly earnings |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { June } \\ 1960 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | May 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| Nondurable Goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| textile-mill prooucts-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Knitting mills | \$59.60 | \$58.37 | \$58.67 | 38.7 | 37.9 | 38.6 | \$1.54 | \$1.54 | \$1. 52 |
| Full-fashioned hosie | 58.14 | 58.29 | 57.22 | 38.0 | 38.1 | 37.4 | 1.53 | 1.53 | 1.53 |
| North ${ }^{4}$. | 61.23 | 60.51 | 59.66 | 39.0 | 38.3 | 38.0 | 1.57 | 1.58 | 1.57 |
| South ${ }^{2}$. | 56.93 | 57.53 | 56.17 | 37.7 | 38.1 | 37.2 | 1.51 | 1.51 | 1.51 |
| Seamless hos | 53.96 | 53.34 | 53.72 | 38.0 | 37.3 | 38.1 | 1.42 | 1.43 | 1.41 |
| North ${ }^{4}$.. | 54.52 | 55.86 | 54.10 | 37.6 | 38.0 | 38.1 | 1.45 | 1.47 | 1.42 |
| South ${ }^{2}$. | 54.10 | 53.20 | 53.72 | 38.1 | 37.2 | 38.1 | 1.42 | 1.43 | 1.41 |
| Knit out | 63.47 | 62.16 | 61.92 | 38.7 | 37.9 | 38.7 | 1.64 | 1.64 | 1.60 |
| Knit under | 56.30 | 53.58 | 55.25 | 38.3 | 36.7 | 38.1 | 1.47 | 1.46 | 1.45 |
| Dyeing and finishing texti | 76.32 | 74.82 | 75.00 | 42.4 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 1.80 | 1.79 | 1.79 |
| Dyeing and finlshing textiles (except wool). | 75.90 | 74.40 | 74.58 | 42.4 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 1.79 | 1.78 | 1.73 |
| Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings......... | 83.58 | 80.99 | 79.60 | 42.0 | 40.7 | 40.2 | 1.99 | 1.99 | 1.98 |
| Wool carpets, russ, and carpet yarn | 76.70 | 74.34 | 73.34 | 40.8 | 39.6 | 38.4 | 1.88 | 1.89 | 1.91 |
| Hats (except cloth and millinery).. | 65.47 | 64.53 | 62.53 | 37.2 | 37.3 | 37.0 | 1.76 | 1.73 | 1.69 |
| Miscellaneous textile goods. | 79.54 | 77.18 | 76.55 | 41.0 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 1.94 | 1.92 | 1.89 |
| Felt goods (except woven felts and hats) | 83.82 | 82.21 | 82.61 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 2.08 | 2.04 | 2.06 |
| Lace goods.. | 71.24 | 70.13 | 70.31 | 38.3 | 37.5 | 37.2 | 1.86 | 1.37 | 1.89 |
| Paddings and upholstery filling. | 82.01 | 80.40 | 79.77 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.7 | 2.04 | 2.01 | 1.96 |
| Processed waste and recovered fibe | 67.46 | 66.65 | 64.62 | 41.9 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 1.61 | 1.61 | 1.58 |
| Artificial leather, oilcloth, and other coated fab | 109.22 | 105.27 | 103.64 | 44.4 | 43.5 | 44.1 | 2.46 | 2.42 | 2.35 |
| Cordage and twine................................ | 64.85 | 62.76 | 62.31 | 39.3 | 38.5 | 38.7 | 1.65 | 1.63 | 1.61 |
| apparel and other fimished textile products. | 56.05 | 55.62 | 55.90 | 35.7 | 35.2 | 36.3 | 1.57 | 1.58 | 1.54 |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats. | 68.32 | 67.55 | 72.58 | 35.4 | 35.0 | 38.2 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.90 |
| Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing | 48.18 | 47.39 | 49.37 | 36.5 | 35.9 | 37.4 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 |
| Shirts, collars, and nightwear | 48.21 | 47.16 | 50.03 | 36.8 | 36.0 | 37.9 | 1.31 | 1.31 | 1.32 |
| Separate trousers | 48.42 | 48.01 | 51.57 | 35.6 | 35.3 | 38.2 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.35 |
| Work shirts. | 43.19 | 42.12 | 43.90 | 36.6 | 36.0 | 37.2 | 1.18 | 1.17 | 1.18 |
| Women's outerw | 58.28 | 57.93 | 56.95 | 33.3 | 33.1 | 33.7 | 1.75 | 1.75 | 1.69 |
| Women's dress | 57.69 | 60.96 | 54.08 | 31.7 | 32.6 | 32.0 | 1.82 | 1.87 | 1.69 |
| Household appare | 48.14 | 51.48 | 48.77 | 34.6 | 36.0 | 35.6 | 1.40 | 1.43 | 1.37 |
| Women's suits, coats, and s | 69.63 | 59.30 | 69.97 | 33.8 | 30.1 | 34.3 | 2.06 | 1.97 | 2.04 |
| Women's, children's under garmen | 52.27 | 52.20 | 51.12 | 36.3 | 36.0 | 36.0 | 1.44 | 1.45 | 1.42 |
| Underwear and nightwear, except | 50.01 | 49.48 | 48.74 | 36.5 | 35.6 | 36.1 | 1.37 | 1.39 | 1.35 |
| Corsets and allied garments. | 57.44 | 58.67 | 56.05 | 35.9 | 36.9 | 35.7 | 1.60 | 1.59 | 1.57 |
| Millinery. | 63.11 | 54.72 | 58.56 | 34.3 | 29.9 | 32.0 | 1.34 | 1.83 | 1.83 |
| Chlldren's outer | 54.09 | 51.98 | 53.05 | 37.3 | 35.6 | 37.1 | 1.45 | 1.46 | 1.43 |
| Miscellaneous apparel and acces | 53.14 | 53.13 | 52.27 | 36.4 | 35.9 | 36.3 | 1.46 | 1.48 | 1.44 |
| Other fabricated textile product | 65.45 | 64.05 | 61.94 | 38.5 | 37.9 | 38.0 | 1.70 | 1.69 | 1.63 |
| Curtains, draperies, and other house | 54.68 | 53.36 | 51.83 | 37.2 | 36.3 | 36.5 | 1.47 | 1.47 | 1.42 |
| Textile bags.. | 65.40 | 62.37 | 62.65 | 39.4 | 37.8 | 39.4 | 1.66 | 1.65 | 1.59 |
| Canvas products | 63.83 | 62.80 | 63.52 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 1.58 | 1.57 | 1.58 |
| paper amo allied prdoucts.. | 100.77 | 98.75 | 97.13 | 42.7 | 42.2 | 42.6 | 2.36 | 2.34 | 2.28 |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills | 109.00 | 107.88 | 106.19 | 43.6 | 43.5 | 43.7 | 2.50 | 2.48 | 2.43 |
| Paperboard containers and boxes. | 95.40 | 91.43 | 89.64 | 42.4 | 41.0 | 41.5 | 2.25 | 2.23 | 2.16 |
| Paperboard boxes....... | 94.71 | 90.83 | 89.02 | 42.2 | 41.1 | 41.6 | 2.23 | 2.21 | 2.14 |
| Fiber cans, tubes, and drums. | 104.72 | 95.75 | 93.20 | 44.0 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 2.38 | 2.37 | 2.29 |
| Other paper and allied produc | 88.99 | 87.94 | 85.70 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 41.4 | 2.16 | 2.15 | 2.07 |
| primting, publishing, and allied industr | 106.97 | 107.07 | 105.54 | 37.8 | 37.7 | 38.1 | 2.83 | 2.84 | 2.77 |
| Newspapers. | 113.28 | 113.96 | 112.10 | 35.4 | 35.5 | 35.7 | 3.20 | 3.21 | 3.14 |
| Periodicals | 112.84 | 109.25 | 174.09 | 40.3 | 39.3 | 40.6 | 2.80 | 2.78 | 2.81 |
| Books....... | 98.25 | 97.61 | 93.43 | 40.1 | 40.5 | 40.1 | 2.45 | 2.41 | 2.33 |
| Commercial prin | 104.83 | 104.83 | 105.18 | 38.4 | 38.4 | 39.1 | 2.73 | 2.73 | 2.69 |
| Lithographing. | 110.09 | 109.03 | 109.53 | 38.9 | 38.8 | 39.4 | 2.83 | 2.81 | 2.78 |
| Greeting cards. | 72.77 | 73.60 | 69.74 | 38.1 | 36.8 | 37.9 | 1.91 | 2.00 | 1.84 |
| Bookbinding and related industries. | 85.31 | 84.42 | 82.64 | 38.6 | 38.2 | 38.8 | 2.21 | 2.21 | 2.13 |
| Miscellaneous publishing and printing serv | 122.62 | 122.18 | 116.18 | 38.2 | 38.3 | 37.6 | 3.21 | 3.19 | 3.09 |
| chemicals and allied prooucts. | 108.84 | 106.14 | 105.59 | 41.7 | 41.3 | 41.9 | 2.61 | 2.57 | 2.52 |
| Industrial inorganic cher | 119.97 | 117.99 | 116.20 | 41.8 | 41.4 | 41.8 | 2.87 | 2.85 | 2.78 |
| Alkalies and chlorine. | 119.26 | 117.29 | 115.79 | 41.7 | 41.3 | 41.8 | 2.86 | 2.84 | 2.77 |
| Industrial organic chemicals. | 115.92 | 113.16 | 112.67 | 42.0 | 41.3 | 42.2 | 2.76 | 2.74 | 2.67 |
| Plastics, except synthetic rubber | 120.25 | 116.89 | 116.48 | 43.1 | 42.2 | 43.3 | 2.79 | 2.77 | 2.69 |
| Synthetic rubber. | 129.17 | 122.82 | 123.26 | 41.4 | 40.4 | 41.5 | 3.12 | 3.04 | 2.97 |
| Synthetic flber | 98.06 | 95.34 | 96.74 | 41.2 | 40.4 | 41.7 | 2.38 | 2.36 | 2.32 |
| Explosives. | 107.57 | 107.42 | 105.22 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 2.63 | 2.62 | 2.56 |
| Druss and medicines. | 97.53 | 96.00 | 94.19 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 2.42 | 2.40 | 2.32 |
| Soap, cleaning and polishing preparatio | 119.14 | 113.44 | 113.82 | 42.4 | 41.1 | 42.0 | 2.81 | 2.76 | 2.71 |
| Soap and glycerin. | 131.89 | 124.31 | 124.79 | 43.1 | 41.3 | 42.3 | 3.06 | 3.01 | 2.95 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Talle C-6: Gress hours and amaings of pradection workers. ${ }^{1}$ by indestry-Continnad

| Industry | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1.961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| Nondurable Goods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| chemicals amd allied products-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paints, plements, and flllers. | \$105.50 | \$104.33 | \$103.07 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 41.9 | \$2.53 | \$2.52 | \$2.46 |
| Paints, varnishes, lacquers, and enamels | 103.25 | 102.09 | 100.32 | 41.8 | 41.5 | 41.8 | 2.47 | 2.46 | 2.40 |
| Gum and wood chemicals. | 89.45 | 89.67 | 90.29 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 43.2 | 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.09 |
| Fertilizers..... | 81.54 | 80.56 | 80.70 | 41.6 | 42.4 | 42.7 | 1.96 | 1.90 | 1.89 |
| Vegetable and animal ofls and fats. | 95.90 | 92.84 | 92.17 | 44.4 | 44.0 | 44.1 | 2.16 | 2.11 | 2.09 |
| Vegetable olls... | 85.50 | 84.04 | 85.11 | 43.4 | 44.0 | 44.1 | 1.97 | 1.91 | 1.93 |
| Animal olls and fats.. | 108.77 | 104.28 | 100.99 | 45.7 | 44.0 | 44.1 | 2.38 | 2.37 | 2.29 |
| Miscellaneous chemicals. | 99.39 | 97.85 | 94.77 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 2.43 | 2.41 | 2.34 |
| Essential olls, perfumes, cosmetics | 83.81 | 81.58 | 77.77 | 40.1 | 39.6 | 38.5 | 2.09 | 2.06 | 2.02 |
| Compressed and liquefied gases........................... | 118.71 | 117.86 | 113.28 | 41.8 | 41.5 | 41.8 | 2.84 | 2.84 | 2.71 |
| Products of petroleum and coal. | 126.16 | 123.82 | 119.60 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 3.04 | 3.02 | 2.91 |
| Petroleum refining.... | 130.92 | 128.84 | 123.22 | 41.3 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 3.17 | 3.15 | 3.02 |
| Coke, other petroleum and coal products. | 131.83 | 108.32 | 108.36 | 42.2 | 41.5 | 42.0 | 2.65 | 2.61 | 2.58 |
| RUGBER Products.. | 103.60 | 101.89 | 102.72 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 40.6 | 2.59 | 2.56 | 2.53 |
| Tires and inner tubes | 122.58 | 115.58 | 122.39 | 39.8 | 38.4 | 40.6 | 3.08 | 3.01 | 2.99 |
| Rubber footwear.. | 82.68 | 86.24 | 82.82 | 39.0 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 2.12 | 2.14 | 2.04 |
| Other rubber products. | 94.54 | 95.00 | 92.34 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 2.34 | 2.34 | 2.28 |
| leather and leather products. | 63.67 | 61.82 | 62.37 | 37.9 | 36.8 | 37.8 | 1.68 | 1.68 | 1.65 |
| Leather: tanned, curried, and finished | 86.80 | 85.32 | 86.27 | 40.0 | 39.5 | 40.5 | 2.17 | 2.16 | 2.13 |
| Industrial leather belting and packing | 85.22 | 82.14 | 78.21 | 40.2 | 39.3 | 39.3 | 2.12 | 2.09 | 1.99 |
| Boot and shoe cut stock and findings | 62.56 | 60.10 | 59.44 | 39.1 | 37.8 | 38.1 | 1.60 | 1.59 | 1.56 |
| Footwear (except rubber) | 61.24 | 59.33 | 60.00 | 37.8 | 36.4 | 37.5 | 1.62 | 1.63 | 1.60 |
| Lustage................ | 71.42 | 68.17 | 66.42 | 39.9 | 38.3 | 39.3 | 1.79 | 1.78 | 1.69 |
| Handbags and small leather goods. | 56.32 | 56.41 | 56.30 | 35.2 | 35.7 | 36.8 | 1.60 | 1.58 | 1.53 |
| Gloves and miscellaneous leather goods | 53.87 | 54.10 | 54.24 | 36.9 | 36.8 | 36.9 | 1.46 | 1.47 | 1.47 |
| TRANSPORTAFION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TRAMSPORTATION: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interstate rallroads: <br> Class I rallroads | (5) | (5) | 110.42 | (5) | (5) | 42.8 | (5) | (5) | 2.58 |
| Local rallways and bus lines. | 103.49 | 102.53 | 100.92 | 43.3 | 42.9 | 43.5 | 2.39 | 2.39 | 2.32 |
| COMAUNICATION: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone.... | 92.59 | 91.03 | 88.26 | 39.4 | 38.9 | 39.4 | 2.35 | 2.34 | 2.24 |
| Switchboard operating employees ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 70.85 | 70.06 | 69.94 | 36.9 | 36.3 | 37.6 | 1.92 | 1.93 | 1.86 |
| Line construction employees ${ }^{2}$............................. | 129.30 | 126.39 | 121.12 | 43.1 | 42.7 | 42.8 | 3.00 | 2.96 | 2.83 |
| Telegraph ${ }^{\text {b }}$. | 105.33 | 106.00 | 104.00 | 42.3 | 42.4 | 42.8 | 2.49 | 2.50 | 2.43 |
| OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gas and electric utilities.................................. | 112.46 | 212.46 | 109.34 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.68 |
| Electric light and power utilities | 113.02 | 112.61 | 109.88 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 2.77 | 2.76 | 2.68 |
| Gas utilities..................... | 104.26 | 104.26 | 101.15 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2.51 |
| Electric light and gas utilities combined. | 219.02 | 118.84 | 115.62 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 2.91 | 2.92 | 2.82 |
| WHOLESALE ANO RETAIL TRADE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale trade. | 96.15 | 95.04 | 93.09 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 2.38 | 2.37 | 2.31 |
| RETAIL TRADE (EXCEPT EATING AMD DRIMKIMO PLACES). | 70.87 | 69.56 | 68.80 | 37.9 | 37.4 | 37.8 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.82 |
| General merchandise stores................................. | 51.75 | 50.32 | 49.74 | 34.5 | 34.0 | 34.3 | 1.50 | 1.48 | 1.45 |
| Department stores and general mall-order houses.......... | 58.45 | 56.93 | 56.00 | 35.0 | 34.5 | 35.0 | 1.67 | 1.65 | 1.60 |
| Food and 11quor stores......... | 74.05 | 73.36 | 72.16 | 35.6 | 35.1 | 35.9 | 2.08 | 2.09 | 2.01 |
| Automotive and accessories dealers. | 92.84 | 91.75 | 91.29 | 44.0 | 43.9 | 44.1 | 2.11 | 2.09 | 2.07 |
| Apparel and accessories stores. | 54.70 | 53.72 | 52.82 | 34. 4 | 34.0 | 34.3 | 1.59 | 1.58 | 1.54 |
| Other retall trade: <br> Furniture and appliance stores. | 80.54 | 77.90 | 77.08 | 41.3 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 1.95 | 1.90 | 1.88 |
| Lumber and hardware supply stores.......................... | 84.58 | 83.78 | 82.88 | 42.5 | 42.1 | 42.5 | 1.99 | 1.99 | 1.95 |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE: <br> Banks and trust companies. | 71.60 | 71.60 | 69.75 | 37.1 | 37.1 | 37.3 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.87 |
| Security dealers and exchanges............................... | 147.59 | 150.44 | 117.16 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Insurance carriers........ | 89.81 | 89.88 | 87.99 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Talle C.6: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, ${ }^{1}$ by industry-Continued

| Industry | Avaraǵe weekly earninǵs |  |  | Average weekly |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { hours } \\ & \text { June } \\ & 19600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Average } \\ \text { June } \\ 1961 \end{array}$ | hourly earnings |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June <br> 1901 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hay } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Way } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nay } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
| SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels and lodging places: Hotels, year-round ${ }^{9}$..... | 4 | \$50.27 | 248.80 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 40.0 | \%1.25 | \$1.26 | \$1.22 |
| Personal services: |  | 49.88 | 43.68 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 22 |
| Laundries............................................................. | 57.63 | 57.49 | 57.66 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 1.43 | 1.43 | 1.43 |
| Motion pictures: Motion picture production and distribution. | 122.34 | 117.99 | 112.12 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

${ }^{1}$ For mining and manufacturing, laundries, and cleaning and dyeing plants, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for all other industries, to nonsupervisory workers.
${ }^{2}$ South: Includes the following 17 States-Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florlda, Georgla, Keftucky, Loulsiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virglnia.
${ }^{8}$ West: Includes California, Oregon, and Washington.
North: Includes all States except the 17 listed as South in footnote 2.
${ }^{5}$ Not available.
${ }^{6}$ Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as switchboard operators; service assistants; operating room instructors; and pay-station attendants. In 2960. such employees made up 35 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours and earnings data.
${ }^{7}$ Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as central office craftsmen; installation and exchange repair craftsmen; line, cable, and conduit craftsmen; and laborers. In 1960, such employees made up 30 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours and earnings data.
${ }^{8}$ Data relate to domestic employees except messengers.
${ }^{9}$ Money payments only; additional value of board, room, uniforms, and tids, not included.

NOTL: Lata ior the current month are prelininary.

Talle C.7: Gross and spondable average weekly earnings in indestriad and construction activities, in current and 1947.45 idellars 1

${ }^{1}$ For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.


| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | June 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| ALABAMA...................................... | \$78.79 | \$ 76.24 | \$77.01 | 40.2 | 39.5 | 39.9 | \$1.96 | \$2.93 | \$1.93 |
| Birmingham. .............................. | 103.48 | 99.45 | 101.89 | 39.8 | 39.0 | 39.8 | 2.50 | 2.55 | 2.56 |
| Mobile. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 91.34 | 91.71 | 88.93 | 39.2 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 2.33 | 2.31 | 2.24 |
| ALASKA...................................... | 233.56 | 144.65 | 132.89 | 42.4 | 43.7 | 39.2 | 3.15 | 3.31 | 3.39 |
| ARIZONA.................................... | 101.91 | 101.75 | 99.87 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 41.1 | 2.51 | 2.50 | 2.43 |
| Phoenix.................................... | 102.47 | 101.91 | 101.02 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 41.4 | 2.53 | 2.51 | 2.44 |
| ARKANSAS.................................... | 63.99 | 63.99 | 63.34 | 40.5 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.56 |
| Fort Smith. | 68.1 .1 | 68.21 | 64.94 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 39.6 | 1.69 | 1.68 | 1.64 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rock. | 64.48 | 64.24 | 65.04 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 40.4 | 1.62 | 1.61 | 1.61 |
| Pine Bluff................................ | 76.52 | 76.14 | 73.68 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 39.4 | 1.88 | 1.88 | 1.87 |
| CALIFORNLA. | 108.80 | 107.59 | 104.54 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 2.72 | 2.71 | 2.62 |
| Bakersfield | 112.63 | 111.16 | 107.06 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 40.4 | 2.83 | 2.80 | 2.65 |
| Fresno... | 93.86 | 92.26 | 86.68 | 38.0 | 37.2 | 37.2 | 2.47 | 2.48 | 2.33 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 107.33 | 105.87 | 103.46 | 40.2 | 39.8 | 40.1 | 2.67 | 2.66 | 2.58 |
| Sacramento. | 117.56 | 116.81 | 112.20 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 40.0 | 2.91 | 2.87 | 2.78 |
| San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontari | 109.87 | 211.10 | 107.07 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 2.74 | 2.75 | 2.67 |
| San Diego | 132.31 | 112.87 | 106.90 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 39.3 | 2.78 | 2.78 | 2.72 |
| San Francisco-Oaklan | 114.17 | 113.78 | 110.48 | 39.1 | 39.1 | 39.6 | 2.92 | 2.91 | 2.79 |
| San Jose | 109.45 | 111.35 | 112.19 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 41.4 | 2.75 | 2.77 | 2.71 |
| Stockton. | 104.15 | 100.62 | 99.35 | 39.6 | 38.7 | 39.9 | 2.63 | 2.60 | 2.49 |
| COLORADO. | 102.36 | 104.55 | 99.63 | 40.3 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 2.54 | 2.55 | 2.43 |
| Denver. | 102.77 | 103.38 | 98.74 | 40.3 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 2.55 | 2.54 | 2.42 |
| CONNECTICUT. | 97.10 | 96.39 | 93.32 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 2.38 | 2.38 | 2.31 |
| Bridgeport. | 102.09 | 101.35 | 97.68 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 40.7 | 2.46 | 2.46 | 2.40 |
| Hartford.. | 100.37 | 100.21 | 98.23 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 2.46 | 2.45 | 2.39 |
| New Britai | 93.85 | 93.38 | 90.91 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 39.7 | 2.37 | 2.37 | 2.29 |
| New Haven | 93.67 | 92.97 | 91.66 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 2.33 | 2.33 | 2.28 |
| Stamford. | 100.35 | 99.94 | 98.17 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 2.49 | 2.48 | 2.43 |
| We.terbury.................................. | 99.36 | 96.63 | 93.50 | 41.4 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 2.40 | 2.38 | 2.32 |
| DEIAMARE. | 92.77 | 92.84 | 92.74 | 41.6 | 40.9 | 41.4 | 2.23 | 2.27 | 2.24 |
| Wilmington. | 109.33 | 108.53 | 108.05 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 42.4 | 2.66 | 2.66 | 2.61 |
| DISIRICT OF COLIMBIA: <br> Washington....................................... | 102.77 | 100.98 | 98.60 | 40.3 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.49 |
| FLORIDA. | 79.13 | 79.27 | 76.45 | 41.0 | 41.5 | 41.1 | 1.93 | 1.91 | 1.86 |
| Jacksonville | 83.21 | 82.20 | 79.20 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 39.6 | 2.07 | 2.05 | 2.00 |
| Miami. | 75.83 | 76.55 | 74.24 | 39.7 | 40.5 | 39.7 | 1.91 | 1.89 | 1.87 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 79.84 | 77.08 | 78.26 | 41.8 | 41.0 | 42.3 | 1.91 | 1.88 | 1.85 |
| GEORGIA. | 66.80 | 66.47 | 66.23 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 1.67 | 1.67 | 1.66 |
| Atlanta | 82.78 | 83.60 | 81.80 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 2.08 | 2.09 | 2.05 |
| Savennah.................................. | 92.10 | 94.79 | 88.99 | 41.3 | 42.7 | 41.2 | 2.23 | 2.22 | 2.16 |
| IDAHO......................................... | 100.85 | 87.86 | 102.29 | 43.1 | 39.4 | 43.9 | 2.34 | 2.23 | 2.33 |
| ILIINOIS..................................... | (1) | 100.39 | 98.03 | (1) | 39.9 | 40.1 | (1) | 2.52 | 2.44 |
| Chícago.................................... | (1) | 101.60 | 99.90 | (1) | 39.9 | 40.2 | (1) | 2.55 | 2.49 |
| IIDIANA. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 104.64 | 101.96 | 101.86 | 40.4 | 39.8 | 40.3 | 2.59 | 2.56 | 2.53 |
| Indianapolis............................... | (1) | 100.21 | 100.74 | (1) | 39.9 | 40.7 | (1) | 2.51 | 2.48 |
| IOWA.......................................... | 98.07 | 98.44 | 91.77 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 39.5 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 2.32 |
| Des Moines................................ | 101.84 | 100.45 | 98.17 | 38.9 | 38.7 | 39.2 | 2.62 | 2.59 | 2.51 |
| KANSAS. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.12 | 98.65 | 95.91 | 41.3 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 2.40 | 2.40 | 2.35 |
| Topeka..................................... | 101.31 | 98.44 | 106.18 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 42.5 | 2.44 | 2.38 | 2.50 |
| Wichitr.................................. | 102.86 | 103.17 | 98.99 | 40.5 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 2.54 | 2.56 | 2.47 |

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are prellminary.

Table C8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers in manufacturing, by State and selected areas-Continnod

| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & \text { 2061. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1962 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { June } \\ 2951 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & .1952 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| KENTUCKY. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | \$89.24 | \$86.85 | \$95.01 | 40.2 | 39.3 | 40.1 | \$2. 22 | p2. 21 | \$2.12 |
| Louisville................................. . . . | 103.72 | 99.19 | 97.97 | 41.3 | 39.8 | 40.7 | 2.51 | 2.49 | 2.41 |
| LOUSIANA. | 91.69 | 89.95 | 87.56 | 41.3 | 40.7 | 41.3 | 2.22 | 2.21 | 2.12 |
| Baton Rouge. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 122.96 | 119.88 | 117.14 | 41.4 | 40.5 | 41.1 | 2.97 | 2.96 | 2.85 |
| New Orleans. | 95.00 | 92.10 | 90.50 | 40.6 | 39.7 | 40.4 | 2.34 | 2.32 | 2.24 |
| Shreveport... | 83.81 | 84.65 | 80.20 | 40.? | 40.5 | 39.9 | 2.09 | 2.09 | 2.01 |
| MAINE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 72.98 | 71.71 | 71.69 | 40.1 | 39.4 | 40.5 | 1.82 | 1.82 | 1.77 |
| Leviston-Auburn | 63.27 | 58.97 | 61.02 | 39.3 | 36.4 | 37.9 | 1.61 | 1.62 | 1.61 |
| Portland.... | 79.59 | 84.46 | 76.63 | 39.4 | 41.4 | 39.5 | 2.02 | 2.04 | 1.94 |
| MARYIAND. | 93.20 | 92.50 | 90.90 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 40.4 | 2.33 | 2.33 | 2.25 |
| Baltimore | 98.25 | 97.51 | 96.05 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 40.7 | 2.45 | 2.45 | 2.36 |
| MASSACHUSEITS. | 85.75 | 84.67 | 83.60 | 39.7 | 39.2 | 40.0 | 2.16 | 2.16 | 2.09 |
| Boston.... | 93.13 | 92.20 | 89.55 | 39.8 | 39.4 | 39.8 | 2.34 | 2.34 | 2.25 |
| Fall River. | 60.1 .9 | 59.85 | 60.06 | 35.2 | 35.0 | 36.4 | 1.71 | 1.71 | 1.65 |
| New Bedford. | 66.91 | 66.75 | 67.12 | 37.8 | 37.5 | 38.8 | 1.77 | 1.78 | 1.73 |
| Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke | 90.27 | 88.98 | 89.32 | 40.3 | 39.9 | 40.6 | 2.24 | 2.23 | 2.20 |
| Worcester................... | 89.50 | 87.69 | 88.48 | 39.6 | 38.8 | 40.4 | 2.26 | 2.26 | 2.19 |
| MICHIGAN. | 111.34 | 112.88 | 111.90 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.9 | 2.76 | 2.79 | 2.74 |
| Detroit. | 120.72 | 119.79 | 118.64 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 2.97 | 2.97 | 2.92 |
| Flint....................................... | 121.97 | 122.03 | 122.27 | 40.2 | 40.8 | 41.8 | 3.03 | 2.99 | 2.93 |
| Grand Rapids............................... | 102.76 | 103.21 | $\underline{101.71}$ | 40.0 | 40.3 | 40.8 | 2.57 | 2.56 | 2.49 |
| Lansing.... | 11.3 .93 | 113.04 | 112.40 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 2.83 | 2.81 | 2.81 |
| Muskegon-Muskegon Heiehts................ | 100.40 | 102.48 | 102.40 | 38.6 | 39.1 | 39.4 | 2.60 | 2.62 | 2.60 |
| Saginaw...................................... | 110.31 | 110.70 | 108.95 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 2.74 | 2.74 | 2.69 |
| MINNESOTA . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | (1) | 97.73 | 94.47 | (1) | 40.2 | 40.4 | (1) | 2.43 | 2.34 |
| Duluth..................................... | (1) | 94.47 | 104.17 | (1) | 38.1 | 40.4 | (1.) | 2.48 | 2.58 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | (1) | 100.59 | 97.15 | (1) | 39.8 | 40.1 | (1) | 2.53 | 2.42 |
| MISSISSIPPI................................ | 62.06 | 60.52 | 61.86 | 40.3 | 39.3 | 40.7 | 1.54 | 1.54 | 1.52 |
| Jackson..................................... | 75.95 | 71.90 | 72.85 | 43.4 | 41.8 | 42.6 | 1.75 | 3. 72 | 1.71 |
| MISSOURI..................................... | 90.12 | 88.99 | 87.69 | 39.4 | 38.8 | 39.3 | 2.29 | 2.29 | 2.23 |
| Kansas City................................ | 97.98 | 97.01 | 95.74 | 39.6 | 39.2 | 39.6 | 2.47 | 2.47 | 2.42 |
| St. Louis.................................... | 101.73 | 100.43 | 99.59 | 39.7 | 39.2 | 40.1 | 2.56 | 2.56 | 2.49 |
| MONTARA....................................... | 101.09 | 97.86 | 96.68 | 40.6 | 39.3 | 39.3 | 2.49 | 2.49 | 2.46 |
| NEBRASKA.................................... | 90.94 | 90.47 | 88.01 | 42.7 | 42.0 | 42.6 | 2.13 | 2.15 | 2.07 |
| Onaha.......................................... | 99.59 | 98.86 | 95.21 | 42.3 | 42.4 | 42.4 | 2.35 | 2.33 | 2.25 |
| NEVADA....................................... | 115.46 | 112.80 | 117.58 | 40.8 | 40.0 | 42.6 | 2.83 | 2.82 | 2.76 |
| NES HAMPSHIRE.............................. | 73.71 | 72.76 | 71.33 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 1.82 | 1.81 | 1.77 |
| Manchester. | 67.30 | 66.95 | 65.02 | 38.9 | 38.7 | 38.7 | 1.73 | 1.73 | 1.68 |
| NES JERSEY.................................. | 98.01 | 96.79 | 95.63 | 40.3 | 39.8 | 40.4 | 2.43 | 2.43 | 2.37 |
| Jersey City ${ }^{\text {2 }}$.............................. | 95.99 | 94.97 | 96.31 | 39.7 | 39.1 | 40.4 | 2.42 | 2.43 | 2.38 |
| Newark ${ }^{2}$. .................................. | 98.82 | 97.97 | 96.92 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 2.45 | 2.44 | 2.39 |
| Paterson-Clifton-Passaic ${ }^{2}$.............. | 98.12 | 97.27 | 94.91 | 40.1 | 39.7 | 40.2 | 2.45 | 2.45 | 2.36 |
| Perth Amboy ${ }^{2}$............................. | 103.53 | 101.90 | 98.94 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 2.52 | 2.52 | 2.44 |
| Trenton...................................... | 97.12 | 96.72 | 92.61 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 2.42 | 2.42 | 2.33 |
| NEW MEXICO.................................. | 82.39 | 85.60 | 82.82 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 40.8 | 2.07 | 2.14 | 2.03 |
| Albuquerque................................. | 90.13 | 94.47 | 87.56 | 40.6 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 2.22 | 2.26 | 2.12 |

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table Cf: Grass hours and annings af mroluction werkers in manuaturing, by stati and seloctad aroas-Continad

| State and area | Averaǵe weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & \text { labl } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| NEN YORK.................................... | \$92.43 | \$91.56 | \$89.75 | 38.9 | 38.7 | 39.0 | \$2.37 | \$2.37 | \$2.30 |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy.................. | 100.28 | 98.98 | 95.89 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 2.51 | 2.49 | 2.40 |
| Binghamton................................ | 86.33 | 85.92 | 83.28 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 38.8 | 2.16 | 2.16 | 2.15 |
| Buffalo.................................. | 111.81 | 111.49 | 107.27 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 2.76 | 2.76 | 2.67 |
| Elmira.................................. | 92.85 | 92.26 | 90.39 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 2.28 | 2.28 | 2.24 |
| Nassau and Suffolk Counties ${ }^{2}$.......... | 102.07 | 100.54 | 100.54 | 40.2 | 39.5 | 40.8 | 2.54 | 2.54 | 2.47 |
| New York C1ty ${ }^{2}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$..................... | 87.37 | 86.53 | 84.45 | 37.5 | 37.4 | 37.7 | 2.33 | 2.31 | 2.24 |
| New York-Northeastern New Jersey........ | 92.49 | 91.63 | 89.86 | 38.7 | 38.5 | 38.9 | 2.39 | 2.38 | 2.31 |
| Rochester................................ | 102.73 | 102.47 | 101.74 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 41.0 | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.48 |
| Syracuse................................... | 99.39 | 97.99 | 96.69 | 40.7 | 40.1 | 40.9 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 2.37 |
| Utica-Rome................................. | 88.70 | 89.01 | 86.34 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 2.25 | 2.26 | 2.18 |
| Westchester County ${ }^{2}$.................... | 93.83 | 94.49 | 92.39 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 2.38 | 2.38 | 2.32 |
| NORTH CAROLTNA. ............................ | 63.27 | 62.02 | 62.47 | 40.3 | 39.5 | 40.3 | 1.57 | 1.57 | 1.55 |
| Charlotte................................. | 70.21 | 69.46 | 65.93 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 40.2 | 1.70 | 1.69 | 1.64 |
| Greensboro-High Point..................... | 60.16 | 59.36 | 59.88 | 37.6 | 37.1 | 37.9 | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.58 |
| NORTH DAKOTA............................... | 89.80 | 88.95 | 83.39 | 43.5 | 43.3 | 42.2 | 2.07 | 2.05 | 1.98 |
| Fargo...................................... | 98.96 | 93.25 | 86.03 | 40.8 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 2.42 | 2.39 | 2.18 |
| OHIO........................................ | 108.53 | 107.12 | 104.75 | 40.5 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 2.68 | 2.67 | 2.59 |
| Akron. | 113.27 | 110.74 | 115.16 | 38.7 | 38.3 | 40.2 | 2.93 | 2.89 | 2.86 |
| Canton | 107.35 | 104.01 | 100.31 | 39.1 | 38.3 | 37.9 | 2.75 | 2.72 | 2.65 |
| Clncinnati. | 102.36 | 101.32 | 3.00. 15 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 41.3 | 2.52 | 2.51 | 2.42 |
| Cleveland. | 111.64 | 110.20 | 108.51. | 40.5 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 2.76 | 2.75 | 2.69 |
| Columbus. | 103.28 | 99.61 | 100.67 | 40.7 | 39.8 | 40.7 | 2.54 | 2.50 | 2.47 |
| Dayton.. | 117.51 | 114.69 | 112.70 | 41.7 | 40.8 | 41.5 | 2.82 | 2.81 | 2.72 |
| Toledo..................................... | 111.05 | 110.34 | 108.44 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 2.77 | 2.77 | 2.71 |
| Youngstown-Warren.......................... | 119.35 | 114.33 | 109.93 | 39.8 | 38.3 | 37.8 | 3.00 | 2.99 | 2.91 |
| ОКІАНОМА..................................... | 87.76 | 86.69 | 85.89 | 41.2 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 2.10 |
| Oklahoma City............................. | 82.40 | 81.40 | 82.37 | 41.2 | 40.7 | 41.6 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.98 |
| Tulsa...................................... | 93.75 | 91.48 | 91.43 | 41.3 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 2.27 | 2.27 | 2.28 |
| ORECON. . | 100.59 | 101.69 | 96.70 | 38.6 | 38.8 | 37.7 | 2.61 | 2.62 | 2.57 |
| Portland................................... | 100.09 | 100.72 | 96.92 | 38.0 | 38.5 | 38.4 | 2.63 | 2.62 | 2.52 |
| PEnNSYLVANiA. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 91.96 | 90.79 | 90.55 |  | 38.8 | 39.2 | 2.34 | 2.34 | 2.31 |
| Allentow-Bethlehem-Easton. . . . . . . . . . . . | 87.40 | 85.88 | 88.17 | 38.0 | 37.5 | 38.5 | 2.30 | 2.29 | 2.29 |
| Erie..... | 100.94 | 99.31 | 97.27 | 41.2 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 2.45 | 2.44 | 2.39 |
| Harrisburg. | 81.81 | 80.16 | 81.40 | 40.3 | 39.1 | 39.9 | 2.03 | 2.05 | 2.04 |
| Lancaster.. | 82.82 | 81.40 | 79.60 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 2.05 | 2.04 | 1.98 |
| Philadelphia............................. | 97.27 | 95.89 | 94.56 | 39.7 | 39.3 | 39.9 | 2.45 | 2.44 | 2.37 |
| Pittsburgh. ................................ | 1.22 .11 | 110.01 | 108.42 | 39.2 | 38.6 | 39.0 | 2.86 | 2.85 | 2.78 |
| Reading.................................. | 81.58 | 80.73 | 78.97 | 39.6 | 39.0 | 38.9 | 2.06 | 2.07 | 2.03 |
| Scranton................................. | 67.66 | 67.33 | 68.32 | 37.8 | 37.2 | 38.6 | 1.79 | 1.81 | 1.77 |
| Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 63.19 | 62.48 | 62.07 | 35.7 | 35.5 | 36.3 | 1.77 | 1.76 | 1.71 |
| York....................................... | 80.95 | 79.58 | 77.11 | 41.3 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 1.96 | 1.96 | 1.89 |
| RHODE ISLAND................................. | 78.74 | 77.97 | 75.20 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.88 |
| Providence-Pawtucket...................... | 77.18 | 76.00 | 75.33 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.5 | 1.92 | 1.90 | 1.86 |
| SOUTH CAROLINA............................. | 64.96 | 64.16 | 64.53 | 40.6 | 40.1 | 41.1 | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.57 |
| Charleston................................. | 71.82 | 72.62 | 76.26 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 41.9 | 1.80 | 1.82 | 1.82 |
| SOUTH DAKOTA................................ | 100.42 | 95.97 | 90.09 | 47.9 | 46.0 | 45.0 | 2.10 | 2.09 | 2.00 |
| Stoux Falls............................... | $\underline{114.72}$ | 106.42 | 101.23 | 50.7 | 46.7 | 45.1 | 2.26 | 2.28 | 2.24 |
| TENNESSEE.................................... | (1) | 74.24 | 74.48 | (1) | 39.7 | 40.7 | (1) | 1.87 | 1.83 |
| Chattanooga................................ | 78.96 | 77.18 | 77.39 | 40.7 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 1.94 | 1.92 | 2.93 |
| Knoxville................................... | 88.66 | 85.14 | 85.68 | 40.3 | 38.7 | 40.8 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 2.10 |
| Memphis...................................... | 85.88 | 84.45 | 81.81 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 2.11 | 2.08 | 2.01 |
| Nashville.................................. | 82.00 | 81.58 | 78.57 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 40.5 | 2.05 | 2.06 | 1.94 |

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.


| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekiy hours |  |  | Average | hourly earnings |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 196.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{May} \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1960 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | June 1960 |
| TEXAS....................................... | \$91.84 | \$92. 10 | \$88.97 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 41.0 | \$2.24 | \$2.23 | \$2.17 |
| Dallas. | 83.82 | 82.39 | 80.36 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 2.01 | 1.99 | 1.96 |
| Fort Worth | 96.15 | 98.23 | 93.37 | 40.4 | 41.1 | 39.9 | 2.38 | 2.39 | 2.34 |
| Houston. | 110.83 | 219.24 | 103.98 | 42.3 | 42.4 | 41.1 | 2.62 | 2.60 | 2.53 |
| San Antonio | 67.49 | 68.17 | 70.00 | 39.7 | 40.1 | 40.7 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.72 |
| UTAH........................................ | 105.59 | 104.40 | 102.21 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 2.62 | 2.61 | 2.53 |
| Salt Iake City............................ | 101.35 | 98.89 | 96.87 | 41.2 | 40.2 | 40.7 | 2.46 | 2.46 | 2.38 |
| VERNONT..................................... | 78.02 | 77.30 | 77.10 | 41.5 | 40.9 | 41.9 | 1.88 | 1.89 | 1.84 |
| Burlington.. | 79.40 | 80.40 | 79.30 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 41.3 | 1.98 | 2.00 | 1.92 |
| Springfield.................................. | 89.60 | 88.94 | 92.00 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 42.2 | 2.18 | 2.18 | 2.18 |
| VIRGINTA...................................... | 74.15 | 72.10 | 73.21 | 40.3 | 39.4 | 40.9 | 1.84 | 1.83 | 1.79 |
| Norfolk-Portsmouth. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 77.36 | 80.48 | 77.08 | 40.5 | 41.7 | 41.0 | 1.91 | 1.93 | 1.88 |
| Richmond................................... | 83.84 | 81.40 | 82.41 | 40.7 | 39.9 | 41.0 | 2.06 | 2.04 | 2.01 |
| WASHINGTON. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 106.65 | 106.11 | 102.57 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 39.0 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.63 |
| Seattle................................... | 104.64 | 106.77 | 102.18 | 38.9 | 39.4 | 39.0 | 2.69 | 2.71 | 2.62 |
| Spokane.................................... | $\underline{214.69}$ | 115.37 | 104.54 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 39.3 | 2.86 | 2.87 | 2.66 |
| Tacoma..................................... | 104.15 | 103.47 | 99.07 | 39.3 | 38.9 | 38.4 | 2.65 | 2.66 | 2.58 |
| WEST VIRGINLA............................... | 98.55 | 96.78 | 94.23 | 39.9 | 39.5 | 39.1 | 2.47 | 2.45 | 2.41 |
| Charleston................................ | 120.29 | 120.07 | 116.24 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 2.97 | 2.95 | 2.87 |
| Wheeling................................... | 96.52 | 96.75 | 95.06 | 38.3 | 38.7 | 38.8 | 2.52 | 2.50 | 2.45 |
| WISCONSIN................................... | 98.33 | 96.92 | 98.03 | 40.8 | 40.2 | 41.2 | 2.41 | 2.41 | 2.38 |
| Kenosha.................................... | 123.71 | 108.46 | 126.85 | 43.5 | 39.6 | 44.6 | 2.84 | 2.74 | 2.84 |
| La Crosse.................................. | 95.95 | 96.38 | 94.32 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 2.40 | 2.43 | 2.37 |
| Madison.................................... | 110.50 | 107.40 | 104.25 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 2.72 | 2.67 | 2.60 |
| Mhlwaukee.................................. | 105.64 | 105.53 | 107.51 | 39.6 | 39.5 | 40.7 | 2.67 | 2.67 | 2.64 |
| Racine...................................... | 102.68 | 102.14 | 96.23 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 39.5 | 2.55 | 2.56 | 2.44 |
| WYOMING..................................... | 96.00 | 94.60 | 92.60 | 37.5 | 37.1 | 36.6 | 2.56 | 2.55 | 2.53 |
| Саярет........................................ | 112.33 | 111.51 | 112.42 | 38.6 | 37.8 | 38.9 | 2.91 | 2.95 | 2.89 |

${ }_{2}^{1}$ Not available.
${ }^{2}$ Subarea of New York-Northeastern New Jersey.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

1052 to dite

${ }^{1}$ Beginning with January 1950, transfers between establishments of the same firm are included in total accessions and total separations, therefore rates for these ltems are not strictly comparable with prior data. Transfers comprise part of other accessions and other separations, the rates for which are not shown separately.

HOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
Data in all tables in Section D relate to the Unlted States without Alaska and Hawall.

Taile D-2: Lator turswer rates, by industry

| Industry | Accession rates |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  | Quits |  | Layoffs |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | May $1961$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nay } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ |
| MANUFACTURING. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4.0 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| DURABLE GOODS. | 4.2 | 3.8 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 2.9 | . 9 | . 7 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| HOMDURABLE GOODS ${ }^{1}$ | 3.7 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.0 |
| Durable Goode |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ORDMAMCE AMD accessorles. | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.4 |
| Lumber amo mood products. | 8.3 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 1.3 |
| Logsing camps and contractor | 19.2 | 13.5 | 15.1 | 9.5 | 9.0 | 6.5 | 4.5 | 1.8 | 4.5 | 4.1 |
| Sawnills and planing mills. | 5.4 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.3 | . 7 |
| Millwork, plywood, prefabricated structural wood products.. | 5.1 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 1.4 | . 3 | . 5 |
| furniture and fixtures. | 3.7 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 3.5 | 1.1 | 1.1 | .9 | 1.9 |
| Household furniture. | 3.4 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 3.7 | 1.2 | 1.2 | . 9 | 1.9 |
| Other furniture and fixtures | 4.5 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.7 |
| stone, clay, and blass products................................. | 4.9 | 3.6 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | . 7 | .6 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Glass and glass products. | 6.2 | 3.5 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 2.7 | 3.8 | .7 | . 8 | 1.3 | 2.2 |
| Cement, hydraulic...... | 3.5 | 4.5 | 2.3 | .9 | 1.7 | 1.3 | .3 | $\cdot 3$ | . 9 | . 6 |
| Structural clay products. | 4.8 | 3.9 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.0 | . 6 | .7 | . 6 |
| Pottery and related products.................................. | 2.5 | 2.7 | . 9 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 1.9 | . 8 | . 8 | 1.7 | . 7 |
| primary metal imdustries. | 3.8 | 4.6 | . 8 | . 7 | 2.0 | 2.2 | . 4 | .4 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills | 4.1 | 5.5 | .4 | . 2 | 1.7 | 1.8 | .3 | . 2 | . 9 | 1.1 |
| Iron and steel foundries. | 3.5 | 4.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 2.5 | .6 | . 5 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Gray-iron foundrles. | 3.4 | 4.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.2 | 2.8 | . 7 | . 6 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Malleable-iron foundries | 2.9 | 4.6 | .7 | 1.0 | 2.4 | 1.9 | . 7 | .5 | 1.0 | . 6 |
| Steel foundries........ | 4.0 | 3.6 | 1.1 | . 8 | 2.0 | 2.4 | . 4 | .5 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals: Primary smelting and refining of copper, lead, and zinc... | 2.0 | 1.6 | . 8 | . 8 | 1.4 | 1.8 | . 5 | .5 | .5 | . 4 |
| Rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals: |  |  |  |  | 1.4 | 1.8 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 4 |
| Rolling, drawlng, and alloylng of copper................... | 2.2 | 2.2 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.0 | . 4 | . 3 | . 9 | . 3 |
| Nonferrous foundries............................................ | 4.4 | 5.7 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 3.8 | 3.0 | . 8 | . 9 | 2.5 | 1.6 |
| Other primary metal industries: <br> Iron and steel forgings. | 3.7 | 3.7 | $\cdot 7$ | 1.3 | 2.6 | 2.1 | . 6 | . 5 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| fabricated metal products.. | 4.1 | 4.6 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 3.0 | 3.0 | $\cdot 9$ | . 7 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| Cutiery, hand tools, and hardwar | 3.3 | 5.9 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 2.5 | . 8 | .7 | . 7 | .9 |
| Cutlery and edge tools... | 2.0 | 1.1 | 1.6 | . 9 | 1.2 | 1.7 | . 6 | . 9 | . 2 | . 4 |
| Hand tools... | 2.6 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | .6 | . 6 | .4 | .7 |
| Hardware.............................................. | 4.1 | 7.8 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 2.8 | - 9 | . 7 | . 9 | 1.1 |
| Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbers' supplies. | 3.1 | 3.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 2.0 | .7 | .7 | 1.6 | . 8 |
| Sanitary ware and plumbers' supplies........................ Ofl burners, nonelectric heating and cooking apparatus, | 2.6 | 4.5 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 2.5 | 1.2 | .4 | .5 | 1.6 | . 3 |
| not elsewhere classified.................................... | 3.4 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 2.4 | . 8 | . 8 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| Fabricated structural metal products. | 5.5 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 1.3 | . 8 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| Metal stamping, coating, and engraving. | 3.3 | 4.9 | 1.3 | . 8 | 3.7 | 4.6 | . 7 | . 5 | 2.6 | 3.3 |
| hachimery (except electrical)..................................... | 2.9 | 2.7 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 2.4 | 2.6 | . 6 | . 5 | 1.3 | 1.6 |
| Engines and turbines...... | 3.8 | 2.7 | 2.6 | . 9 | 2.0 | 3.0 | . 8 | .6 | . 8 | 1.8 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors.......................... | 2.1 | 2.9 | . 4 | . 7 | 5.7 | 4.7 | .4 | .6 | 4.2 | 3.4 |
| Construction and mining machinery. | 3.0 | 2.7 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.9 | .7 | .7 | .7 | . 9 |
| Metalworking machinery.. | 2.7 | 2.2 | 1.2 | . 8 | 1.9 | 2.7 | . 5 | . 5 | 1.1 | 1.8 |
| Machine tools.. | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.2 | . 6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | . 5 | . 5 | . 9 | 1.1 |
| Metalworking machinery (except machine tools).............. | 2.6 | 1.9 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.9 | 2.4 | . 5 | . 5 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| Machine-tool accessories.................................. | 3.6 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 2.4 | 4.6 | . 6 | . 6 | 1.5 | 3.3 |
| Special-industry machinery (except metalworking machinery). | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.0 | . 7 | . 6 | . 8 | 1.0 |
| General industrial machinery........ | 3.4 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | . 8 | . 6 | .7 | . 9 |
| Office and store machines and devices. | 3.3 | 1.8 | 1.6 | . 8 | 1.6 | 2.3 | . 7 | . 6 | . 2 | 1.0 |
| Service-industry and household machines. | 3.0 | 2.3 | 1.3 | . 8 | 2.7 | 3.7 | . 5 | .4 | 1.7 | 2.9 |
| Miscellaneous machinery parts.. | 2.8 | 3.7 | 1.4 | . 8 | 2.6 | 2.0 | .6 | .4 | 1.5 | 1.1 |
| ELECTRICAL MACHIMERY............................................... | 3.5 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 2.3 | .9 | . 7 | . 8 | 1.0 |
| Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| industrial apparatus....................................... | 3.4 | 2.8 | 1.7 | . 9 | 2.6 | 2.0 | . 9 | . 5 | .7 | . 8 |
| Communication equipment.................................... | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 2.4 | .9 | . 8 | . 5 | 1.0 |
| Radios, phonosraphs, television sets, and equipment....... Telephone, telegraph, and related equipment.............. | 5.9 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.5 |
| Telephone, telegraph, and related equipment............... | 1.9 4.6 | 1.4 | 1.7 | . 7 | . 9 | . 8 | . 4 | . 3 | (2) | . 2 |
| Electrical appliances, lamps, and miscellaneous products... | 4.6 | 3.4 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 1.0 | . 8 | 2.3 | 1.7 |

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

|  |
| :---: |
|  |

See footnotes at end of table, NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Talive D-2: Laber ternever rates, by indestry-Continued

${ }^{1}$ Data for the printing, publishing, and allled industries group are excluded.
2 Less than 0.05.
${ }^{3}$ Not available.
${ }^{4}$ Data relate to domestic criployees except messengers.
NOIE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table 0.3: Labor turnover rates in mauracturing, iy sex and major indestry group ${ }^{1}$
April 1961

| Major industry group | Men (per 100 men) |  |  | Women (per 100 women) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total accessions | Separations |  | Total accessions | Separations |  |
|  |  | Total | Quits |  | Total | Quits |
| MANUFACTURING. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $3 \cdot 3$ | 2.6 | 0.6 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 1.3 |
| OURABLE GOOOS. | 3.7 | 2.8 | . 6 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 1.0 |
| MONDURABLE GOODS. | 2.5 | 2.2 | .7 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 1.5 |
| Durable Gooda |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ordnance and accessories............................. | 2.1 | 1.9 | . 6 | 2.7 | 4.5 | 1.2 |
| Lumber and wood products........................... | 5.8 | 3.1 | 1.4 | 6.4 | 2.3 | . 9 |
| Furniture and fixtures... | 2.7 | 3.2 | 1.0 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 1.0 |
| Stone, clay, and dlass products................... | 3.5 | 3.0 | . 5 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 1.0 |
| Primary metal industries............................. | 4.1 | 2.0 | . 3 | 2.9 | 2.2 | . 8 |
| Fabricated metal products........................... | 4.8 | 2.7 | . 6 | 5.8 | 2.9 | 1.0 |
| Machinery (except electrical)....................... | 2.4 | 2.2 | . 5 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.0 |
| Electrical machinery. | 1.7 | $2 \cdot 2$ | . 6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 1.1 |
| Transportation equipment. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5.2 | 4.5 | . 6 | 3.8 | 3.5 | . 9 |
| Instruments and related products................... | 1.4 | 1.4 | . 4 | 2.3 | 2.7 | . 9 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries............ | 3.3 | 3.0 | 1.0 | 6.5 | 4.7 | 1.2 |
| Nondurable Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food and kindred products............................ | 3.3 | 2.9 | . 6 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 1.2 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | +7 | 1.7 | . 5 | 1.1 | 3.1 | 1.7 |
| Textile-mill products. | 2.9 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 1.4 |
| Apparel and other finlshed textile products...... | 2.9 | 3.3 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 4.1 | 1.9 |
| Paper and allied products............................ | 2.1 | 1.7 | . 5 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 1.0 |
| Chemicals and allied products...................... | 1.5 | 1.2 | - 3 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 1.1 |
| Products of petroleum and coal...................... | 1.2 | 1.0 | .2 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.0 |
| Rubber products. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.2 | 1.6 | . 4 | 5.2 | 2.8 | 1.0 |
| Leather and leather products....................... | 3.1 | 4.2 | 1.6 | 4.0 | 5.2 | 1.7 |

${ }^{1}$ These flgures are based on a slightly smaller sample than those in tables D-1 and D-2, inasmuch as some firms do not report separate data for women. Data for the printing, publishing, and allied industries group are excluded.

Table D-4: Labor turnover rates in manuacturing for selectod States and areas

| State and area | Accession rates |  |  |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { Separation rates }}{\text { Quits }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  |  |  | Layoffs |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 2961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ |
| ALABAMA ${ }^{1}$ | 4.4 | 3.9 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| Birmingham. | (2) | 3.8 | (2) | . 7 | (2) | 2.6 | (2) | . 3 | (2) | 1.8 |
| Mobile ${ }^{2}$................................ | 7.1 | 10.6 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 5.5 | 12.4 | . 5 | . 6 | 4.6 | 11.2 |
| ARIzOMA, . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.8 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| Phoenix................................... | 4.0 | 4.4 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 4.1 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 1.9 |
| aricansas. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 6.1 | 5.1 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 2.0 |
| Fort Snith. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4.3 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 4.1 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.8 | . 4 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rock. .......... | 6.1 | 6.3 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.3 | . 4 |
| Pine Bluff................................ | 3.5 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | . 6 | 2.6 |
| CALIPORNIA ${ }^{1}$. ............................ | 4.7 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 4.5 | 4.3 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| Sacramento ${ }^{1}$........... | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.2 | . 3 |
| San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario 1 ..... | 4.9 | 4.6 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 4.5 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 2.7 |
| San Diego ${ }^{1}$ | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| San Francisco-Oakland I | 5.7 | 4.9 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 2.7 |
| San Jose ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 3.8 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | . 5 | . 3 |
| Stockton ${ }^{1}$ | 4.2 | 5.6 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 11.5 | 4.1 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 9.4 | 1.5 |
| commecticut. | 2.9 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.1 |
| Bridgeport. | 2.4 | 1.8 | 1.2 | . 9 | 1.9 | 2.2 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | 1.1 |
| Hartford. . | 2.2 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | . 8 | . 9 | . 7 | . 7 |
| Hew Britain | 2.2 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 2.8 | . 6 | . 8 | 1.1 | 1.6 |
| Hew Haven. | 2.4 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 6 | . 5 |
| Waterbury.. | 2.9 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 1.0 | . 8 | . 7 | 1.6 |
| DELANARE ${ }^{2}$ | 1.8 | 2.1 | . 9 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 2.1 | . 6 | . 7 | $\cdot 7$ | 1.0 |
| Wilmington ${ }^{\text {1 }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$......................... | 1.4 | 1.7 | .5 | . 8 | 1.4 | 1.9 | . 4 | . 5 | . 7 | . 9 |
| DISTRICT OF COLNMBIA: <br> Washington........................................ | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 1.7 | . 6 | - 3 |
| FLORIDA. | 5.6 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 3.1 |
| Jacksonville | 6.6 | 5.1 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 2.6 |
| Mrami.. | 6.4 | 5.1 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 6.5 | 5.8 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.8 | 5.8 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 4.8 | 6.2 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 4.3 |
| GEORGIA. . | 4.1 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Atlanta 3 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 1.3 | 1.2 | . 9 | 1.5 |
| IDAHO ${ }^{4}$ | 9.8 | 8.7 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.6 |
| trdiama ${ }^{1}$ | 4.5 | 4.2 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 2.7 | 2.6 | . 8 | . 6 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Indianapolis 5 .......................... | 3.4 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 2.7 | 1.9 | . 7 | . 6 | 1.5 | . 7 |
| IOHA. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4.0 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 4.2 | 3.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 2.7 | 1.9 |
| Des Moines. | 3.8 | 3.3 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.8 |
| kaisas ${ }^{6}$ | 3.7 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.1 |
| Topeka..... | 3.4 | 3.8 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.5 | . 9 | 1.7 | 2.5 | . 5 |
| Wichita ${ }^{6}$. | 2.7 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 3.8 | 1.2 | . 9 | . 7 | 2.5 |
| KEITUCKY. . | 3.6 | 3.6 | 1.2 | . 8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | . 7 | .6 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| Louisiara. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.5 | 3.2 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 2.1 | . 7 | . 6 | 2.0 | 1.2 |
| Hev Orleans 7 ........................... | 6.5 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 4.6 | 3.6 | .9 | .7 | 3.3 | 2.6 |
| MAINE. ..................................... | 5.7 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.9 |
| Portland. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2.0 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.1 | . 9 |

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table 0-4: Labor tornover rates in manfacturiag for selected States and areas-Contizued

| State and area | Accession rates |  |  |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  | Quits |  | Layoffs |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1962 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| MARYIAND. | 3.8 | 4.1 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| Beltimore................................. | 3.6 | 3.9 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 3.2 | 3.3 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| MASSACHUSETTS. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4.0 | 3.4 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 2.0 |
| Boston.. | 3.7 | 3.4 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| Fall River. | 4.9 | 5.3 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 4.1 | 5.2 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 3.4 |
| Hew Bedford. | 5.0 | 3.7 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 4.8 | 3.7 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 1.9 |
| Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke............ | 5.3 | 2.9 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 3.6 | 5.0 | 1.0 | . 9 | 2.1 | 3.6 |
| Worcester................................ | 3.2 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 2.9 | . 9 | . 8 | 1.0 | 1.8 |
| MINNESOTA. | 4.2 | 4.1 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul..................... | 4.2 | 3.9 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| MISSISSIPPI. | 5.5 | 5.0 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 2.3 |
| Jackson. | 3.8 | 4.3 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.7 | . 9 |
| MISSOURI....................................... | 4.2 | 3.4 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.7 |
| MOFTAAKA ${ }^{4}$ | 5.4 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 1.5 | 1.4 | . 4 | . 5 |
| NEVADA, ..................................... | 4.2 | 5.3 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| new hamplhire. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5.0 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 2.1 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.7 |
| NEEN MEXICO............................... | 5.5 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 2.1 |
| Albuquerque.............................. | 3.9 | 4.4 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 1.0 | . 7 |
| NEW YORK................................... | 4.3 | 3.8 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 1.0 | . 9 | 2.8 | 3.2 |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy. | 3.2 | 2.8 | 1.1 | . 6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | . 6 | . 5 | . 7 | 1.4 |
| Binghamton. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2.5 | 2.6 | . 9 | . 9 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 8 | . 4 |
| Buffalo.................................. | 4.3 | 3.8 | . 7 | .5 | 2.2 | 2.6 | . 4 | . 3 | 1.4 | 1.9 |
| Elm1ra.................................... | 4.1 | 4.4 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 2.7 | 3.3 | . 9 | . 5 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
| Nassau and Suffolk Counties | 3.4 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.8 |
| New York City. | 5.4 | 4.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 4.6 | 5.2 |
| Rochester. | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.1 | . 8 | 1.8 | 1.6 | . 7 | . 6 | . 7 | . 6 |
| Syracuse.................................. | 3.2 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.9 | . 6 | . 7 | . 4 | . 8 |
| Utica-Rome. | 3.2 | 3.1 | 1.5 | . 8 | 2.9 | 3.0 | . 7 | . 6 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| Westchester County...................... | 3.7 | 4.4 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 2.2 | 1.8 |
| NORTH CAROLINA. | 3.4 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 1.3 | . 8 | . 9 |
| Charlotte.. | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | . 8 | . 5 |
| Greensboro-High Point. . | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | . 5 | . 3 |
| NORIT DAKOTA. | 3.1 | 5.7 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 1.3 |  | . 3 |
| Fargo.......... | 3.2 | 6.1 | 2.3 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.1 | (2) | . 2 |
| OKIAFOMA ${ }^{8}$ | 4.1 | 3.8 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.5 |
| Oklahoma City. | 4.6 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.9 |
| Tulsa ${ }^{8}$..... | 4.3 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 | . 4 | . 8 |
| OREGON 1 | 7.0 | 8.2 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.7 |
| Portland 1. | 5.3 | 5.7 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 2.2 |
| RHODE ISIAND............................... | 5.7 | 5.4 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.9 |
| Providence-Pawtucket. | 5.6 | 5.2 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.7 |
| SOUTH CAROLTNA 9 ......................... | 3.5 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 1.6 | 1.5 | . 8 | 1.0 |
| Charleston............................... . | 3.6 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 7.2 | 4.5 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 4.7 | 2.1 |

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D.4: Laber turnover rates in manuiacturing for selected States and areas-Coatianed

| State and area | Accession rates |  |  |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total |  | New hires |  | Total |  | Quits |  | Layoffs |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kay } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1961 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { May } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1961 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| SOUTH DAKOTA. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 7.3 | 5.1 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 2.0 |
| Stoux Falls. | 8.3 | 3.6 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| TENAESSEE. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.5 | 3.3 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.4 | 1.2 |
| Chettanooga 7 ........................... | 3.5 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 1.1 | . 9 | 1.4 | . 7 |
| Knoxville................................. | 1.6 | 1.2 | . 8 | . 4 | 3.4 | 1.5 | . 4 | . 4 | 2.8 | . 9 |
| Memphis. | 3.9 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| Nashville................................ | 4.0 | 3.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 2.5 | 1.6 |
| TEXAS ${ }^{10}$ | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 1.0 | .7 | 1.1 |
| VERMONT. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.2 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.1 |
| Burlington. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2.7 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 2.6 | . 8 | . 7 | 2.0 | 1.7 |
| Springfield................................ | 1.5 | 1.7 | . 4 | - 3 | 4.6 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 1 | 3.3 | . 6 |
| VIRGINIA. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.7 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| Morfolk-Portsmouth | 4.9 | 5.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 10.1 | 4.4 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 6.7 | 2.1 |
| Richmond. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.7 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.5 |
| WASHINGTON $1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 4.3 | 4.6 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| WEST VIRGIMIA.............................. | 3.8 | 3.5 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 2.3 | 2.2 | . 6 | . 6 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Charleston............................... | 1.9 | 1.2 | . 8 | . 5 | . 8 | . 8 | . 2 | . 2 | . 4 | . 4 |
| Wheeling......................... | 3.0 | 2.7 | . 5 | . 4 | 1.6 | 1.4 | . 3 | . 3 | . 8 | . 6 |

[^7]
## Annual Averages

## for

# States and Metropolitan Areas 

## 1958-1960

CONTENTS Page
SB-1: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division andState........................................................................................52
SB-2: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, byindustry division...................................................................................SC-1: Gross hours and earnings of production workers in manufacturing, by State61
SD-1: Labor turnover rates in mamufacturing for selected States and areas....... ..... 65

Table SB-I: Emplojoss in monagricultural astalishments, iy indestry division aud State


[^8]Table SB-I: Emplegoes in nanagrientural estallishments, by indenstry division and Stata-Continuad

| State | Manufacturing |  |  | Transportation and public utllities |  |  | Wholesale and retail trade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 |
| Alabama. | 234.9 | 237.1 | 232.5 | 49.4 | 49.4 | 48.8 | 150.4 | 148.2 | 142.5 |
| Alaska. | 5.7 |  |  | 6.6 |  | - | 7.7 |  |  |
| Arizon | 48.5 | 46.0 | 41.4 | 24.5 | 23.6 | 22.6 | 80.8 | 74.1 | 68.3 |
| Arkansa | 102.2 | 99.1 | 90.1 | 28.0 | 28.2 | 28.3 | 81.7 | 79.9 | 76.4 |
| Californi | 1,315.0 | 1,311.4 | 1,215.3 | 357.0 | 354.8 | 353.7 | 1,068.9 | 1,030.8 | 973.0 |
| colorado | 87.7 | 80.8 | 75.3 | 43.6 | 43.7 | 43.3 | 122.6 | 119.2 | 213.2 |
| Connectic | 406.3 | 406.6 | 389.2 | 44.5 | 44.5 | 45.0 | 158.9 | 153.9 | 151.6 |
| Delaware | 58.9 | 57.5 | 57.7 | 11.1 | 13.0 | 10.8 | 29.1 | 28.3 | 27.5 |
| District of Columbia | 20.4 | 20.2 | 19.6 | 28.2 | 28.1 | 28.4 | 84.2 | 83.0 | 83.3 |
| Florida | 206.4 | 199.2 | 179.6 | 100.8 | 98.5 | 95.2 | 359.6 | 344.2 | 323.0 |
| Georgia. | 338.7 | 338.8 | 319.6 | 72.5 | 71.9 | 70.8 | 221.1 | 218.9 | 211.3 |
| Idaho | 30.1 | 30.3 | 27.4 | 15.1 | 15.2 | 15.6 | 39.7 | 38.8 | 36.9 |
| Illino | 1,185.8 | 1,205.9 | 1,163.9 | 284.0 | 284.4 | 286.4 | 727.8 | 721.1 | 710.2 |
| Ind | 590.8 | 584.4 | 548.1 | 93.4 | 94.6 | 93.3 | 281.9 | 275.6 | 268.4 |
| Iowa. | 176.2 | 178.2 | 165.0 | 54.3 | 54.6 | 54.6 | 170.7 | 167.5 | 162.8 |
| Kansas | 124.3 | 120.0 | 119.7 | 53.5 | 54.8 | 54.9 | 130.8 | 127.9 | 122.5 |
| Kentucky. | 169.8 | 170.5 | 161.4 | 51.7 | 53.0 | 54.4 | 139.5 | 138.0 | 134.3 |
| Loui | 142.5 | 143.3 | 143.8 | 83.4 | 84.0 | 83.7 | 182.7 | 181.2 | 178.0 |
| Maine | 104.1 | 103.4 | 100.3 | 18.1 | 18.2 | 18.6 | 54.0 | 53.5 | 52.4 |
| Maryland. | 259.4 | 256.6 | 257.6 | 72.5 | 71.3 | 71.5 | 191.6 | 184.6 | 178.9 |
| Massachusetts. | 694.0 | 698.4 | 665.7 | 106.1 | 107.8 | 109.8 | 387.0 | 379.1 | 373.6 |
| Michigan | 964.2 | 952.4 | 887.4 | 135.1 | 137.0 | 135.5 | 447.1 | 439.7 | 429.9 |
| Minneso | 227.4 | 224.7 | 218.6 | 82.8 | 83.8 | 84.6 | 228.4 | 228.0 | 224.8 |
| Mississipp | 119.6 | 119.3 | 113.0 | 25.6 | 25.5 | 25.3 | 84.4 | 82.5 | 79.5 |
| Missouri. | 391.6 | 390.9 | 374.5 | 123.2 | 123.6 | 122.1 | 313.2 | 309.4 | 304.3 |
| Montana. | 20.2 | 19.9 | 20.2 | 19.0 | 19.4 | 19.3 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 39.1 |
| Nebra | 66.7 | 63.8 | 60.0 | 37.6 | 38.2 | 37.9 | 93.5 | 90.9 | 87.8 |
| Nevada. | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 9.1 | 8.8 | 8.6 | 19.7 | 19.3 | 18.0 |
| New Hampsh | 87.4 | 86.5 | 80.6 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 10.2 | 34.4 | 32.8 | 31.8 |
| New Jersey. | 805.2 | 801.2 | 775.3 | 14.8 | 146.8 | 118.2 | 376.7 | 364.4 | 355.1 |
| New Mexico. | 16.3 | 16.8 | 15.6 | 20.4 | 20.4 | 19.9 | 49.9 | 48.8 | 46.0 |
| New York. | 1,886.8 | 1,900.3 | 1,874.4 | 483.7 | 487.9 | 491.0 | 1,252.1 | 1,241. 2 | 1,225.7 |
| North Caroli | 503.2 | 496.9 | 469.6 | 65.1 | 63.9 | 62.1 | 222.4 | 213.9 | 205.1 |
| North Dakota | 6.6 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 12.8 | 12.9 | 12.7 | 37.3 | 37.3 | 36.2 |
| ohio. | 1,257.9 | 1,262.6 | 1,196.5 | 208.8 | 208.6 | 207.7 | 610.8 | 603.4 | 586.5 |
| Okl ahoma. | 86.3 | 87.0 | 85.1 | 48.0 | 47.8 | 48.0 | 137.4 | 132.8 | 128.0 |
| Oregon... | 143.9 | 146.7 | 136.6 | 4.2 | 44.8 | 45.2 | 113.6 | 109.6 | 103.7 |
| Pennsylvanla | 1,436.2 | 1,407.3 | 1,398.0 | 278.6 | 281.4 | 286.7 | 696.4 | 690.1 | 684.3 |
| Rhode Island. | 118.4 | 119.8 | 113.2 | 14.8 | 34.8 | 14.8 | 53.7 | 52.2 | 51.2 |
| South Carolina. | 243.9 | 238.4 | 227.4 | 25.4 | 25.8 | 26.3 | 101.5 | 99.9 | 96.0 |
| South Dakota. | 12.8 | 13.3 | 12.5 | 10.2 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 38.1 | 37.7 | 36.4 |
| Ter | 314.8 | 307.0 | 289.7 | 55.3 | 55.7 | 56.8 | 193.5 | 191.1 | 187.2 |
| Texas | 490.0 | 488.8 | 480.9 | 226.8 | 229.2 | 224.6 | 647.1 | 635.3 | 611.4 |
| Utah. | 46.9 | 42.2 | 38.9 | 22.1 | 22.4 | 22.3 | 59.3 | 57.3 | 54.1 |
| Vermont. | 35.4 | 35.6 | 33.3 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 20.6 | 20.1 | 19.6 |
| virginia. | 275.0 | 269.9 | 257.8 | 83.1 | 84.0 | 85.0 | 216.6 | 210.8 | 202.1 |
| washington. | 217.4 | 225.9 | 219.3 | 61.5 | 61.0 | 61.5 | 181.6 | 176.8 | 171.0 |
| West virginia. | 125.3 | 126.6 | 122.2 | 44.7 | 45.5 | 46.8 | 83.7 | 84.0 | 85.2 |
| Wisconsin.. | 460.5 | 460.0 | 431.8 | 74.8 | 74.3 | 73.9 | 243.4 | 236.7 | 228.8 |
| Wyoming... | 7.4 | 7.4 | 6.9 | 12.0 | 11.8 | 12.2 | 21.1 | 20.1 | 19.3 |

[^9]Table SB-I: Emplopeas in monagrientiral astablishments, by indistry division and State-Contimed

| State | Finance, insurance, and real estate |  |  | Service and miscellaneous |  |  | Government |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 |
| Alabama........... | 32.4 | 32.7 | 31.0 | 90.3 | 87.9 | 83.6 | 159.7 | 154.3 | 149.5 |
| Alaska | 1.5 | - | - | 5.4 |  |  | 22.7 | 6 |  |
| arizona. | 15.9 | 14.1 | 12.1 | 46.0 | 42.2 | 37.3 | 67.9 | 63.4 | 59.5 |
| Arkansas | 13.4 | 12.9 | 12.2 | 46.0 | 44.9 | 42.3 | 71.7 | 70.5 | 70.2 |
| Californi | 251.1 | 236.2 | 222.1 | 717.3 | 678.6 | 623.2 | 867.7 | 830.9 | 798.6 |
| Colorado. | 25.1 | 24.5 | 23.2 | 75.9 | 71.5 | 67.0 | 107.5 | 103.8 | 99.6 |
| Connecticu | 52.8 | 51.3 | 49.9 | 112.6 | 108.0 | 103.8 | 94.1 | 90.7 | 88.9 |
| Delaware....... | 6.2 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 19.5 | 18.5 | 17.6 | 18.6 | 18.2 | 18.0 |
| District of Columbia | 27.7 | 28.2 | 27.3 | 90.5 | 87.2 | 82.3 | 262.0 | 256.2 | 231.8 |
| Florida........... | 81.8 | 77.3 | 70.4 | 214.8 | 206.6 | 189.4 | 219.9 | 207.6 | 195.2 |
| Georgia. | 48.7 | 46.7 | 44.9 | 174.0 | 171.2 | 108.9 | 186.0 | 180.2 | 175.6 |
| Idaho. | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 19.8 | 19.3 | 18.9 | 32.8 | 32.1 | 31.7 |
| Illinois | 175.7 | 175.0 | 176.7 | 426.8 | 417.8 | 412.9 | 415.2 | 404.2 | 398.3 |
| Indian | 57.0 | 55.0 | 3/50.8 | 139.1 | 136.4 | 3/ 122.3 | 188.7 | 180.5 | 174.9 |
| Iowa. | 31.8 | 30.1 | - 29.1 | 92.2 | 89.3 | - 85.8 | 175.2 | 122.1 | 110.9 |
| Kansas. | 23.3 | 22.6 | 21.7 | 69.6 | 68.1 | 65.0 | 174.3 | 110.9 | 108.4 |
| Kentucky | 25.0 | 24.5 | 24.0 | 85.5 | 84.2 | 81.8 | 310.2 | 108.9 | 107.3 |
| Louisian | 35.2 | 34.6 | 33.4 | 101.6 | 100.1 | 96.1 | 14.4 .4 | 140.4 | 137.9 |
| Maine. | 9.0 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 30.2 | 29.9 | 28.5 | 48.0 | 45.9 | 44.6 |
| Maryl and | 44.6 | 42.7 | 41.6 | 122.7 | 118.0 | 111.8 | 142.4 | 137.7 | 132.2 |
| Massachusetts. | 100.2 | 96.8 | 95.7 | 299.3 | 288.7 | 272.5 | 247.9 | 24.1 | 235.1 |
| Michigan. | 81.7 | 80.4 | 78.6 | 263.8 | 253.1 | 24.0 | 332.7 | 324.7 | 320.3 |
| Minnesota | 45.9 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 121.9 | 120.1 | 116.3 | 145.2 | 14.3 .1 | 139.7 |
| Mississipp | 13.4 | 12.8 | 17.9 | 43.3 | 42.3 | 40.7 | 87.5 | 84.4 | 82.3 |
| Missouri. | 71.0 | 68.9 | 67.2 | 183.8 | 179.4 | 173.1 | 192.8 | 187.1 | 186.3 |
| Montana. | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 22.8 | 22.6 | 22.2 | 38.6 | 37.0 | 35.8 |
| Nebrask | 22.6 | 22.0 | 21.8 | 54.5 | 53.8 | 52.2 | 77.6 | 76.0 | 74.8 |
| Nevada | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 35.3 | 31.3 | 27.3 | 18.9 | 18.1 | 17.2 |
| New Hampshir | 7.2 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 24.6 | 23.6 | 22.5 | 22.5 | 21.9 | 21.7 |
| New Jersey. | 89.9 | 89.0 | 88.4 | 251.9 | 242.3 | 230.8 | 236.4 | 230.5 | 225.9 |
| New Mexico. | 9.5 | 9.3 | 8.4 | 37.5 | 36.1 | 33.1 | 64.0 | 60.8 | 57.9 |
| New York.. | 483.1 | 475.7 | 467.7 | 969.0 | 928.6 | 893.9 | 836.5 | 807.1 | 792.8 |
| North Carolina | 42.1 | 39.5 | 3/34.7 | 125.1 | 122.8 | 3/101.6 | 163.7 | 158.2 | 154.1 |
| North Dakot | 5.1 | 5.0 | - 4.7 | 19.0 | 18.5 | 3/ 17.2 | 32.1 | 31.3 | 30.3 |
| Ohio... | 119.1 | 116.4 | 112.5 | 368.2 | 360.9 | - 349.2 | 399.0 | 386.7 | 379.4 |
| Oklahoma. | 26.5 | 25.0 | 23.9 | 72.3 | 70.4 | 65.8 | 131.0 | 127.7 | 126.1 |
| Oregon. | 20.7 | 19.7 | 19.5 | 63.2 | 59.2 | 56.9 | 94.5 | 91.5 | 88.0 |
| Pennsylvania. | 153.1 | 150.3 | 148.8 | 499.9 | 487.7 | 475.1 | 435.0 | 427.1 | 422.9 |
| Rhode Island. | 12.6 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 38.6 | 37.2 | 35.3 | 40.0 | 39.2 | 38.8 |
| South Carolina | 21.0 | 20.1 | 19.4 | 55.0 | 53.8 | 52.2 | 95.5 | 93.5 | 91.7 |
| South Dakota. | 5.6 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 19.6 | 19.0 | 18.7 | 38.8 | 38.0 | 37.1 |
| Tennessee. | 39.4 | 37.7 | 36.7 | 117.9 | 116.6 | 112.8 | 145.4 | 144.9 | 143.2 |
| Texas. | 128.9 | 124.7 | 122.6 | 333.5 | 322.0 | 308.0 | 431.0 | 419.2 | 407.5 |
| Utah. | 11.2 | 10.8 | 10.1 | 33.1 | 31.6 | 29.1 | 62.1 | 60.3 | 58.2 |
| Vermont. | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 16.5 | 16.3 | 15.8 | 16.0 | 15.9 | 15.8 |
| Virginia ${ }^{4}$. |  |  |  | 123.0 | 121.0 |  |  | 187.3 |  |
| Washington.. | 38.7 | 37.8 | 35.5 | 103.4 | 99.9 | 95.8 | 166.2 | 163.7 | 160.7 |
| West virginia | 12.9 | 12.6 | 12.5 | 50.6 | 50.2 | 49.5 | 66.5 | 65.3 | 64.3 |
| Wisconsin. | 45.9 | 43.6 | 41.7 | 14.7 | 139.8 | 133.5 | 157.2 | 151.4 | 148.8 |
| Wyoming. . . . . . . . | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 10.9 | 10.4 | 10.0 | 21.6 | 20.7 | 20.7 |

[^10]

| Industry division | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ALABAMA |  |  |  |  |  | ARIzOMT |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Biralugham |  |  | Mobile |  |  | Phoenix |  |  | Tucson |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 200.6 | 196.6 | 197.8 | 92.0 | 92.0 | 89.2 | 181.4 | 164.5 | 145.5 | 68.6 | 65.2 | 59.4 |
| Mining. | 7.9 | 7.0 | 8.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) | . 6 | . 5 | . 4 | 2.8 | 2.6 |  |
| Contract construction.. | 12.6 | 11.1 | 10.8 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 18.3 | 16.7 | 14.4 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 2.3 |
| Manufacturing. | 59.1 | 60.5 | 64.0 | 17.2 | 17.4 | 18.0 | 33.1 | 29.7 | 25.3 | 8.4 | 9.2 | 8.9 |
| trans. and pub. util.. | 16.5 | 16.2 | 15.7 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 10.1 | 13.0 | 12.2 | 11.6 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 8.9 |
| Trade. . | 46.8 | 46.1 | 45.0 | 19.6 | 19.1 | 18.6 | 48.4 | 43.5 | 39.2 | 16.0 | 14.8 | 13.6 |
| Finance | 13.5 | 13.2 | 12.8 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 11.4 | 9.9 | 8.5 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 13.6 |
| Service | 23.6 | 22.7 | 22.2 | 10.4 | 10.2 | 9.6 | 25.5 | 23.2 | 19.7 | 11.6 | 10.3 | 2.2 |
| Governmen | 20.6 | 19.8 | 18.9 | 25.6 | 25.4 | 23.7 | 31.1 | 28.8 | 26.4 | 14.9 | 13.7 | 12.6 |
|  | ARXAMSAS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Fayetteville |  |  | Fort Smith |  |  | Little Rock- <br> N. Little Rock |  |  | Pine Bluff |  |  |
| total. | 13.2 | 13.0 | 11.9 | 22.3 | 23.3 | 23.6 | 80.7 | 78.3 | 75.8 | 17.5 | 17.5 |  |
| Mining. | (1) | (1) | (1) | . 3 | . 4 | . 3 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction. | . 7 | . 8 | . 6 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 5.8 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| Manufacturing... | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 15.2 | 15.1 | 14.0 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 4.1 |
| Trans. and pub. util... | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Trade. | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 18.8 | 18.5 | 17.8 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 |
| Pinance | . 4 | . 4 | . 3 | . 6 | .6 | . 6 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.5 | . 6 | . 6 | . 5 |
| Service | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 11.6 | 11.2 | 10.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| Government | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 15.1 | 14.5 | 14.2 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 |
|  | CALIFORKIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Fresno |  |  | Los AngelesLong Beach |  |  | Sacramento |  |  | San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| total. | - | - | - | 2,355.9 | 2,297.4 | 2,161.2 | 166.1 | 159.6 | 145.8 | 189.0 | 186.2 | 179.4 |
| Mining. | - | - | - | 12.1 | 12.8 | 13.5 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Contract construction. | - | - | - | 125.3 | 128.3 | 120.1 | 11.6 | 12.1 | 9.6 | 12.9 | 14.3 | 16.0 |
| Manufacturing. | 14.2 | 13.8 | 12.8 | 785.3 | 785.3 | 730.6 | 28.4 | 26.6 | 21.8 | 34.4 | 34.6 | 33.1 |
| Trans. and pub. util. | - | - | - | 143.6 | 141.1 | 140.9 | 11.6 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 15.5 | 15.6 | 15.7 |
| Trade.... | - | - | - | 514.3 | 494.4 | 467.8 | 32.2 | 30.8 | 28.1 | 41.5 | 40.1 | 37.7 |
| Finance | - | - | - | 124.4 | 116.1 | 109.8 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 6.0 |
| Service | - | - | - | 358.2 | 341.2 | 313.5 | 16.6 | 15.2 | 13.4 | 27.0 | 25.5 | 23.7 |
| Governmen | - | - | - | 292.7 | 278.1 | 265.0 | 58.5 | 57.2 | 55.7 | 50.0 | 48.4 | 45.9 |
|  | CALIFORMA-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | San Diego |  |  | San FranciscoOakland |  |  | San Jose |  |  | Stockton |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 260.6 | 259.5 | 235.7 | 991.6 | 972.8 | 940.7 | 192.1 | 173.9 | 150.6 | - | - | - |
| Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 7 | . 6 | . 4 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | - | - | - |
| Contract construction.. | 19.0 | 21.5 | 17.8 | 58.2 | 59.8 | 56.7 | 14.7 | 15.3 | 12.9 | - | - | - |
| Manu facturing....... | 67.8 | 72.7 | 67.2 | 198.5 | 197.2 | 190.9 | 68.7 | 60.9 | 51.0 | 12.8 | 12.7 | 12.0 |
| Trans. and pub. util | 13.9 | 13.3 | 12.3 | 104.8 | 106.0 | 106.3 | 9.3 | 8.7 | 8.1 | - | - | - |
| Trade.. | 53.1 | 51.3 | 46.9 | 217.0 | 212.3 | 204.8 | 34.6 | 31.9 | 29.0 | - | - | - |
| Finance | 11.1 | 10.5 | 9.7 | 71.2 | 67.3 | 64.5 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 5.7 | - | - | - |
| Service. | 38.7 | 35.9 | 31.1 | 141.2 | 135.1 | 128.2 | 30.8 | 26.7 | 22.1 | - | - | - |
| Government | 56.3 | 53.7 | 50.2 | 198.9 | 193.1 | 187.5 | 26.8 | 23.6 | 21.6 | - | - | - |
|  | COLORADO |  |  | COMEECTICUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Denver |  |  | Bridgeport ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | Hartford ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | New Britaln |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 327.4 | 321.6 | 292.2 | 123.2 | 121.5 | 214.6 | 235.9 | 233.6 | 206.0 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 38.2 |
| Hining. | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.3 | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) |
| Contract construction.. | 22.1 | 22.6 | 21.0 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 11.4 | 11.0 | 10.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Manufacturing. .......... | 63.9 | 58.1 | 52.2 | 66.3 | 65.9 | 61.9 | 86.6 | 87.7 | 72.8 | 23.7 | 24.3 | 23.2 |
| Trans, and pub. utll... | 29.6 | 29.6 | 29.0 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 9.3 | 9.7 | 9.0 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Trade.................. | 80.4 | 77.8 | 72.6 | 20.3 | 19.7 | 18.9 | 45.5 | 44.5 | 41.2 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| Finance | 19.2 | 18.7 | 18.0 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 31.0 | 30.2 | 29.5 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 |
| Service............... | 50.9 | 47.1 | 43.7 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 10.5 | 28.1 | 26.8 | 22.0 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.0 |
| Government............. | 56.7 | 53.3 | 51.4 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 9.0 | 24.2 | 23.8 | 21.2 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
|  | COMMECTICUT-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | delamare |  |  |
|  | New Haven |  |  | Stamford ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | Waterbury |  |  | wilmington |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 125.4 | 123.7 | 121.2 | 60.8 | 57.3 | 52.1 | 67.2 | 67.5 | 64.1 | 133.6 | 230.1 | 128.6 |
| Mining. .... | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Cantract construction.. | 7.0 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 8.6 | 9.3 | 9.4 |
| Mamufacturlnǵ. ......... | 44.0 | 44.0 | 42.5 | 23.9 | 22.3 | 20.9 | 38.2 | 39.2 | 36.3 | 56.8 | 55.5 | 56.0 |
| Trans. and pub. util... | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.7 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 9.1 | 8.9 | 8.5 |
| Trade.................. | 23.9 | 23.1 | 22.9 | 12.4 | 11.4 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 9.5 | 9.4 | 23.8 | 22.8 | 22.1 |
| Pinance. | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.2 |
| Service. | 19.9 | 19.3 | 18.6 | 10.5 | 10.0 | 8.7 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 16.7 | 15.4 | 14.7 |
| Government. . . . . . . | 11.8 | 11.7 | 11.2 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 13.2 | 12.9 | 12.7 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table SB-2: Eqployees in nonagrienltural estallishments fer stected areas, ly industry division-Continued


See footnotes at ond of table.

Table SB-2: Emplejees in nanagriedtural astalishmants fer selected arens, ity indestry division-Continuad

| Industry division | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Massachusetts-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MICHIGAN |  |  |
|  | New Bedford 5 |  |  | Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke |  |  | Worcester |  |  | Detroit |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 49.5 | 49.3 | 48.6 | 171.9 | 168.5 | 163.7 | 114.1 | 111.4 | 108.1 | 1,194.1 | 1,182.0 | 1,138.8 |
| Mining. | - | - | - | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | 4.9 | 1.0 |  |
| Contract construction.. | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 46.4 | 49.1 | 47.3 |
| Manufacturing. | 27.0 | 26.8 | 26.7 | 72.2 | 72.5 | 69.4 | 51.7 | 50.7 | 49.6 | 512.4 | 506.8 | 473.9 |
| Trans. and pub, util.. | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 72.5 | 71.4 | 69.9 |
| Trade. | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 32.5 | 31.1 | 30.9 | 20.4 | 20.2 | 19.5 | 235.6 | 233.6 | 230.4 |
| Finance | - | - | - | 8.2 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 49.1 | 49.0 | 48.6 |
| Servic | - | - | - | 25.4 | 23.7 | 23.0 | 14.7 | 13.8 | 12.9 | 146.9 | 143.6 | 141.4 |
| Government.............. | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 19.5 | 18.6 | 18.2 | 13.5 | 13.2 | 12.8 | 130.3 | 127.6 | 126.5 |
|  | MICHIGAM- Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | F11nt |  |  | Grand Raplds |  |  | Lansing |  |  | MuskegonMuskegon Helghts |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 118.8 | 112.2 | 4/106.8 | 116.1 | 113.5 | 4/105.2 | 89.3 | 87.6 | 4/82.3 | 45.8 | 45.6 | 4/42.8 |
| Mining. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction.. | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 5.4 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Manufacturing.. | 70.8 | 64.6 | 61.0 | 49.5 | 49.1 | 43.1 | 29.9 | 29.0 | 26.0 | 25.2 | 25.7 | 23.5 |
| Trans, and pub. util.. | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| Trade............... | 17.4 | 17.3 | 16.7 | 24.1 | 23.3 | 22.6 | 15.3 | 15.2 | 14.9 | 7.2 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| Finance | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 1.0 | $\cdot 9$ | 4.8 |
| Service | 9.9 | 9.7 | $4 / 8.7$ | 14.4 | 13.8 | 4/12.9 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 4/8.0 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4/3.9 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . | 10.4 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 8.9 | 24.7 | 24.3 | 23.3 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
|  | michigan-continued |  |  | MIMNESOTA |  |  |  |  |  | Mississippl |  |  |
|  | Saginaw |  |  | Duluth |  |  | Minneapolls-St. Paul |  |  | Jackson |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 54.4 | 52.8 | 4/49.5 | 38.9 | 39.0 | 40.0 | 537.5 | 533.4 | 519.1 | 63.2 | 61.7 | 59.4 |
| Maning. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | . 9 | 1.0 | . 9 |
| Contract construction.. | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 30.2 | 31.1 | 28.9 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 4.9 |
| Manufacturing. | 24.4 | 23.7 | 21.7 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 8.3 | 149.6 | 147.5 | 144.4 | 11.2 | 11.5 | 11.1 |
| Trans. and pub. | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 50.6 | 51.9 | 51.6 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.4 |
| Trade.. | 10.7 | 10.4 | 10.2 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 10.1 | 132.1 | 131.7 | 128.9 | 14.7 | 14.2 | 13.8 |
| Finance. | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 34.1 | 33.1 | 32.8 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 3.9 |
| Service. | 5.9 | 5.8 | $4 / 5.1$ | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 72.4 | 70.8 | 67.5 | 9.1 | 8.6 | 8.0 |
| Government.............. | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 68.4 | 67.2 | 64.9 | 13.5 | 12.5 | 12.2 |
|  | NISSOURI |  |  |  |  |  | Montala |  |  | NEBRASKA |  |  |
|  | Kansas Clty |  |  | St. Louls |  |  | Great Falls |  |  | Omaha |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 384.0 | 384.7 | 370.8 | 730.8 | 725.2 | 711.9 | 20.5 | 20.1 | 19.6 | 159.2 | 156.1 | 150.4 |
| Mining. | . 8 | . 9 |  | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (3) | (3) | (3) |
| Contract construction. | 20.0 | 23.7 | 22.8 | 35.4 | 34.9 | 33.6 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 9.3 | 9.6 | 9.2 |
| Manufacturing.. | 104.6 | 103.7 | 99.4 | 263.5 | 26.1 | 256.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 37.1 | 35.5 | 32.9 |
| Trans. and pub, util. | 41.4 | 42.5 | 41.5 | 67.9 | 66.9 | 65.3 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 19.8 | 20.4 | 20.5 |
| Trade. . | 96.7 | 97.4 | 94.0 | 153.5 | 152.0 | 151.5 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 36.8 | 36.0 | 34.9 |
| Finance | 26.5 | 25.6 | 24.6 | 37.6 | 37.0 | 36.5 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 13.2 | 12.9 | 13.0 |
| Service. | 49.0 | 48.5 | 46.7 | 92.8 | 91.5 | 89.5 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 23.0 | 22.6 | 21.7 |
| Government. . . . . . . . . . . . | 45.0 | 42.4 | 41.0 | 77.4 | 75.8 | 75.7 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 20.2 | 19.3 | 18.4 |
|  | hevada |  |  | MEW HAMPSHIRE |  |  | HEW JERSEY |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Reno |  |  | Manchester |  |  | Jersey Clity ${ }^{7}$ |  |  | Newark ${ }^{\text {l }}$ |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 32.2 | 30.0 | 28.1 | 43.0 | 42.7 | 41.4 | 257.2 | 258.4 | 261.9 | 655.7 | 643.4 | 624.9 |
| Mining. | (6) | (6) | (6) | (1) | (1) | (1) | - | - | - | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Contract construction. | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 6.4 | 29.5 | 28.6 | 27.7 |
| Manufacturing......... | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 18.1 | 18.3 | 17.7 | 119.1 | 120.7 | 122.8 | 242.5 | 241.7 | 232.0 |
| Trans. and pub. util. | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 38.0 | 38.1 | 39.5 | 47.4 | 46.2 | 45.4 |
| Trad | 7.5 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 37.6 | 37.7 | 38.5 | 128.5 | 125.6 | 123.4 |
| Finance | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 8.9 | 8.8 | 8.6 | 45.5 | 45.4 | 46.4 |
| Serv | 9.7 | 8.9 | 8.0 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 21.6 | 21.4 | 20.6 | 93.5 | 89.5 | 85.1 |
| Government............ | 5.4 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 25.9 | 25.9 | 25.5 | 67.8 | 65.3 | 63.7 |
|  | MEW JERSEY-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MEW MEXICO |  |  |
|  | Paterson-Clifton-Passatc 7 |  |  | Perth Amboy 1 |  |  | Trenton |  |  | Al buquerque |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 364.8 | 359.8 | 345.1 | 181.0.7 | 174.9 | 167.8 | 106.1 | 104.4.1 | 100.3.1 | 80.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 78.8 \\ & (1) \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{72.0}$ |
| Mınıng................ | . 4 | . 3 | . 3 |  | . 7 | . 7 | . 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contract construction. | 21.6 | 21.9 | 20.9 | 9.5 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 5.8 | 5.2 | 4.3 | 7.3 |  | 6.6 |
| Manufact uring.......... | 161.0 | 163.7 | 156.7 | 87.6 | 86.9 | 83.7 | 37.7 | 38.5 | 36.8 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 6.9 |
| Trans. and pub. util... | 21.3 | 21.0 | 20.6 | 9.5 | 9.1 | 8.7 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 5.9 |
| Trade.. | 75.6 | 71.8 | 69.5 | 29.6 | 27.3 | 25.7 | 17.8 | 17.6 | 17.4 | 18.5 | 18.0 | 16.4 |
| Flnance | 11.8 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.5 |
| Service | 41.1 | 39.1 | 36.1 | 16.1 | 14.8 | 13.9 | 15.8 | 15.1 | 14.2 | 18.1 | 17.4 | 16.0 |
| Government. | 32.0 | 30.7 | 29.7 | 24.8 | 23.7 | 23.6 | 18.8 | 18.1 | 17.7 | 17.1 | 16.3 | 15.7 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table SB-2: Emphyees in nonagrientural estalistumets tor setected arass, by industry division-Continued

| Industry division | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TEM TOM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Albany- } \\ \text { Schenectady-Troy } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Binghamion |  |  | Buffalo |  |  | Elalira 5 |  |  |
| total. | 223.2 | 223.6 | 225.8 | 77.8 | 78.2 | 77.8 | 434.1 | 430.7 | 427.0 | 32.9 | 32.1 | 31.7 |
| Mining. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | - | - | - |
| Contract construction. | 7.5 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 24.7 | 25.6 | 22.5 | - | - | - |
| Manufacturing. | 64.0 | 66.8 | 71.3 | 39.7 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 176.8 | 173.9 | 175.5 | 16.0 | 15.3 | 15.0 |
| Trans. and pub. util. | 17.6 | 17.4 | 17.6 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 33.5 | 34.1 | 34.4 | - | - | - |
| Trade. | 43.7 | 43.2 | 43.4 | 12.4 | 12.5 | 12.8 | 83.7 | 85.5 | 86.6 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.2 |
| Financ | 8.9 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 15.9 | 15.6 | 15.5 | - | - | - |
| Servi | 33.1 | 32.2 | 31.1 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 53.0 | 51.2 | 48.6 | - | - | - |
| Goverament............. | 48.3 | 47.8 | 45.9 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 46.5 | 44.8 | 43.9 | - | - | - |
|  | DEW YORK-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nassau and } \\ \text { Suffolk counties? } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | New York city 7 |  |  | Now York-NortheasternNew Jersey |  |  | Rochester |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 427.9 | 412.3 | 386.0 | 3,557.1 | 3,531.3 | 3,493.2 | 5,700.2 | 5,631.1 | 5,520.6 | 219.7 | 215.5 | 213.6 |
| Mining | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction. | 34.3 | 35.0 | 32.6 | 123.2 | 121.3 | 114.6 | 242.1 | 240.0 | 228.9 | 10.6 | 9.9 | 9.7 |
| Yanufacturing.......... | 126.2 | 122.4 | 112.5 | 953.6 | 967.4 | 959.0 | 1,767.0 | 1,778.3 | 1,737.9 | 107.0 | 105.3 | 104.6 |
| Trans. and pub. | 22.8 | 22.6 | 22.8 | 318.5 | 320.5 | 322.2 | 474.9 | 474.8 | 476.5 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 9.7 |
| Trade.................. | 98.7 | 92.0 | 87.1 | 747.1 | 738.2 | 732.1 | 1,170.4 | 1,143.7 | 1,125.0 | 38.8 | 38.3 | 38.2 |
| Finamce | 18.0 | 16.3 | 14.6 | 384.8 | 378.1 | 372.9 | 484.2 | 474.8 | 468.4 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 7.1 |
| Servic | 62.2 | 59.4 | 54.5 | 619.1 | 600.4 | 585.1 | 895.9 | 866.1 | 835.1 | 24.5 | 24.1 | 23.8 |
| Government............. | 65.8 | 64.5 | 62.0 | 408.9 | 403.4 | 405.4 | 660.7 | 648.3 | 643.7 | 21.5 | 20.7 | 20.6 |
|  | DEM York-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | hortin carolina |  |  |
|  | Syrscuse |  |  | Utica-Rome |  |  | Westchester County ${ }^{\text {? }}$ |  |  | Charlotte |  |  |
| TOTAL.. | 180.3 | 178.1 | 174.7 | 100.5 | 100.2 | 101.3 | 222.7 | 217.5 | 209.1 | 106.3 | 102.2 | 96.0 |
| Mining. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 16.1 | 16.3 | 16.3 | 8.6 | 7.8 | 7.1 |
| Manufacturing. | 67.4 | 67.8 | 66.0 | 39.2 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 65.7 | 63.9 | 59.7 | 26.1 | 25.9 | 24.8 |
| Trans. and pub. util | 12.5 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 15.3 | 15.1 | 15.2 | 10.9 | 10.3 | 9.8 |
| Trade. . | 37.0 | 36.2 | 35.8 | 16.3 | 16.0 | 17.6 | 48.3 | 46.4 | 44.4 | 29.6 | 28.9 | 27.7 |
| Pinanc | 8.7 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 10.9 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 6.5 |
| Service. | 23.4 | 22.9 | 22.7 | 9.8 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 39.0 | 38.2 | 36.9 | 14.4 | 13.7 | 12.3 |
| Government.............. | 23.8 | 22.7 | 21.9 | 22.5 | 21.7 | 21.1 | 27.3 | 26.8 | 26.1 | 9.4 | 8.6 | 7.8 |
|  | HORTH CAROLIM-Contlnyod |  |  |  |  |  | HORTM DAKOTA |  |  | 0810 |  |  |
|  | GreensboroHigh point |  |  | Minatod-salen |  |  | Pardo |  |  | Akron |  |  |
| TOTAL. . | - | - | - | - | - | - | 22.8 | 22.8 | 22.4 | 174.8 | 175.9 | 172.8 |
| Mining. ................ | - | - | - | - | - | - | (1) | (1) | (1) | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 |
| Contract construction |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | T | 5 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 5.6 | 6.9 | 7.0 |
| Hanufacturing. | 44.1 | 43.7 | 42.1 | 39.0 | 37.3 | 35.2 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 83.9 | 85.5 | 84.0 |
| Trans. and pub, util | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 12.9 | 12.7 | 12.5 |
| Trade...... | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7.9 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 32.9 | 32.6 | 32.2 |
| Pinance | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.4 |
| Service................. | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 19.8 | 19.2 | 19.0 |
| Government.............. | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 14.6 | 14.2 | 13.6 |
|  | Ofio-continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Canton |  |  | Cincinnati |  |  | Cleveland |  |  | Columbus |  |  |
| total. | 110.1 | 109.2 | 104.9 | 398.1 | 400.0 | 388.5 | 696.1 | 693.6 | 672.6 | 254.0 | 252.2 | 243.7 |
| Mining. ...... | . 5 | . 5 | . 6 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 6 | . 5 | . 4 | . 8 | . 8 | . 7 |
| Contract construction.. | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 17.5 | 20.1 | 19.3 | 31.1 | 33.8 | 34.6 | 12.2 | 14.4 | 13.9 |
| Manufacturin | 54.1 | 54.2 | 50.4 | 152.9 | 156.4 | 150.0 | 282.5 | 282.9 | 267.1 | 70.7 | 70.7 | 66.8 |
| Trans. and pub. | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 32.5 | 32.4 | 32.4 | 45.9 | 46.1 | 45.7 | 18.3 | 18.5 | 18.5 |
| Tr | 20.7 | 20.1 | 19.6 | 82.7 | 81.2 | 79.0 | 143.7 | 141.5 | 138.4 | 53.6 | 52.9 | 50.5 |
| Pin | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 21.1 | 20.6 | 20.1 | 31.3 | 31.2 | 31.1 | 15.6 | 15.2 | 15.0 |
| Service................ | 11.6 | 11.7 | 11.4 | 49.7 | 48.5 | 47.5 | 86.7 | 85.2 | 84.1 | 34.6 | 33.7 | 32.8 |
| Government. ........... | 8.9 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 41.6 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 74.3 | 72.3 | 71.1 | 48.3 | 46.0 | 45.5 |
|  | Ofio-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | OXLAHOMA |  |  |
|  | Dayton |  |  | Toledo |  |  | Youngstown-Warren |  |  | Oklahoma City |  |  |
| TOTAL. . | 245.3 | 246.0 | 233.3 | 157.7 | 156.7 | 153.9 | 163.5.4 | 158.5.4 | 155.8 | $\begin{array}{r} 173.5 \\ 6.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 169.2 \\ 7.2 \end{array}$ | 160.6 |
| Mining. ........ | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 |  |  | . 4 |  |  | 7.0 |
| Contract construction | 9.3 | 10.9 | 9.4 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 8.6 | 9.6 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 12.2 | 12.6 | 10.0 |
| Manufacturing.. | 103.6 | 105.1 | 98.1 | 60.0 | 59.5 | 57.4 | 78.1 | 75.9 | 75.9 | 20.3 | 19.2 | 17.9 |
| Trans. and pub. util. | 10.1 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 13.8 | 14.1 | 13.6 | 9.4 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 12.9 | 13.3 | 13.1 |
| Trade.. | 42.8 | 42.2 | 40.1 | 35.3 | 35.0 | 34.3 | 29.1 | 29.2 | 28.3 | 42.3 | 40.2 | 38.6 |
| Finance. | 6.4 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 10.3 | 9.8 | 9.3 |
| Service... | 27.5 | 26.7 | 25.5 | 21.3 | 21.0 | 20.9 | 18.1 | 17.6 | 17.0 | 21.5 | 21.0 | 19.7 |
| Governmen | 45.2 | 44.6 | 44.3 | 14.4 | 13.9 | 13.8 | 14.4 | 13.9 | 13.6 | 47.1 | 45.9 | 45.0 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table SB-2: Emphyees in nanagrienltural estalishmants for sobected areas, by industry ivision-Continual


See footnotee at ond of table.

Table SB-2: Emphyees in nongericultural estalisbments for selected areas, by industry division-Coatinuad

| Industry division | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TEXAS-Continued |  |  | UTAH |  |  | VERMOMT |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | San antonio |  |  | Salt Lake City |  |  | Burlington |  |  | Springfield 5 |  |  |
| TOTAL. .................. | - | - | - | 138.4 | 133.2 | 126.9 | 20.4 | 20.4 | 19.5 | 11.8 | 11.4 | 11.0 |
| Mining. . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | - | 6.7 | 5.6 | 6.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Contract construction.. | - |  | - | 8.5 | 8.8 | 8.2 | - | - | - | - |  |  |
| Manufacturing.......... | 23.3 | 22.6 | 21.7 | 24.5 | 22.3 | 21.1 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 6.0 |
| Trans. and pub, util... |  | - | - | 12.9 | 13.1 | 13.1 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | . 8 | . 8 | . 7 |
| Trade.................. | - | - | - | 37.3 | 36.0 | 33.8 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| Finance. | - | - | - | 8.6 | 8.3 | 7.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Service. |  |  | - | 18.7 | 18.2 | 16.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Goverament | - | - | - | 21.2 | 20.9 | 19.9 | - |  | - | - |  | - |
|  | VIROIMIA |  |  |  |  |  | WASHITOTOM |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | NorfolkPortsmouth |  |  | Richmond |  |  | Seattle ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | Spokane |  |  |
| TOTAL. . | 149.9 | 150.1 | 146.9 | 166.4 | 163.7 |  |  |  |  | 75.5 | 75.9 | 74.2 |
| Mining. | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |  |
| Contract construction.. | 10.7 | 11.6 | 10.9 | 11.2 | 11.5 | 11.6 | 17.4 | 18.8 | 15.3 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.3 |
| Manufacturing. | 16.6 | 16.3 | 15.9 | 42.0 | 41.7 | 40.3 | 111.7 | 120.3 | 108.7 | 13.2 | 13.6 | 13.2 |
| Trans. and pub, util. | 14.9 | 15.4 | 16.4 | 15.7 | 15.5 | 15.4 | 30.0 | 30.1 | 28.0 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 8.3 |
| Trade. | 37.4 | 36.4 | 34.7 | 39.4 | 38.9 | 38.0 | 84.6 | 83.2 | 73.1 | 20.4 | 20.4 | 19.7 |
| Finance | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 13.3 | 13.1 | 13.1 | 22.1 | 22.0 | 19.3 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| Service | 17.4 | 16.9 | 15.8 | 20.5 | 19.8 | 18.6 | 47.2 | 45.4 | 40.2 | 12.5 | 12.3 | 12.3 |
| Government............. | 47.2 | 47.8 | 47.7 | 24.1 | 23.0 | 22.3 | 55.5 | 54.7 | 48.7 | 12.8 | 12.6 | 12.3 |
|  |  |  |  | WEST YIRGIIIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | WASHIMGTOM-Continued |  |  | Charleston |  |  | HuntingtonAshland |  |  | Wheeling |  |  |
| TOTAL. |  | 76.3 |  | 77.2 | 77.5 | 77.3 | 65.9 | 65.9 | 65.0 | 53.4 | 52.7 | 54.3 |
| Mining.. | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.4 | 4.1 | 5.1 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| Contract construction. | 4.1 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.6 |
| Manufacturing. | 17.3 | 16.5 | 15.9 | 23.1 | 22.7 | 22.8 | 23.6 | 23.2 | 22.3 | 16.8 | 16.7 | 17.4 |
| Trans, and pub. util... | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.3 |
| Trade. | 16.2 | 15.8 | 15.2 | 16.8 | 16.8 | 16.6 | 14.4 | 15.0 | 15.1 | 13.1 | 12.7 | 12.8 |
| Plnance | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| Service | 10.0 | 9.7 | 9.3 | 8.9 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 7.3 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.6 |
| Government.............. | 20.3 | 20.2 | 20.2 | 9.6 | 9.1 | 8.9 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.5 |
|  | M1sconsin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Green Bay |  |  | Kenosha |  |  | Le Crosse |  |  | Madison |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 35.5 | - | - | 34.9 | - | - | 22.0 | - | - | 75.0 | - | - |
|  | (1) | - | - | (1) | - | - | (1) | - | - | (1) | - | - |
| Contract construction. | 1.7 | - | - | 1.4 | - | - | . 8 | - | - | 4.5 | - | - |
| Manufacturing. ......... | 12.1 | - | - | 20.6 | - | - | 7.5 | - | - | 13.2 | - | - |
| Trans. and pub. util... | 3.5 | - | - | 2.0 | - | - | 2.0 | - | - | 4.1 | - | - |
| Trade.................. | 9.2 | - | - | 4.7 | - | - | 5.2 | - | - | 15.6 | - | - |
| Finance. | 1.0 | - | - | . 6 | - | - | . 5 | - | - | 3.8 | - | - |
| Service.. | 4.6 | - | - | 3.3 | - | - | 3.6 | - | - | 9.9 | - | - |
| Governmen | 3.4 | - | - | 2.3 | - | - | 2.4 | - | - | 24.1 | - | - |
|  | WISCONSIN-Continued |  |  |  |  |  | WYOMIMO |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Milwaukee |  |  | Racine |  |  | Casper |  |  | Cheyenne |  |  |
| TOTAL. | 454.8 |  |  |  |  |  | 18.4 | 17.7 | 16.9 | 20.9 | 18.3 | 16.3 |
| Mining. . | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.4 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Contract construction. | 21.7 | 21.3 | 20.5 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 1.5 |
| Manufacturing.......... | 195.6 | 193.7 | 182.6 | 19.6 | 21.5 | 20.5 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 1.1 | . 9 |
| Trans. and pub. util... | 28.1 | 27.9 | 28.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.1 |
| Trade. | 90.7 | 88.7 | 85.6 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.6 |
| Finance. | 21.8 | 21.0 | 20.7 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 7 | . 7 | . 6 | . 8 | . 8 | . 7 |
| Service. | 54.4 | 51.4 | 48.3 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| Government. | 42.6 | 41.3 | 40.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.6 |

${ }_{2}$ Combined with service.
${ }^{2}$ Data for 1958 not strictly comparable with series for later years because of change in area definition.
${ }_{4}^{3}$ Combined with construction.
${ }^{4}$ Data not strictly comparable with that shown for later years.
${ }_{6}$ Total includes data for industry divisions not shown separately.
6 Combined with manufacturing.
${ }^{\text {Combined with manufacturins. }}$ Subarea of New York-Northeastern New Jersey.
SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

Talite SC-I: Gross howrs and earnings of production morkers in manufaturing, by State and solected areas

| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 |
| Alabama. | \$75.65 | \$74.21 | \$70.07 | 39.4 | 39.9 | 38.5 | \$1.92 | \$1.86 | \$1.82 |
| Birmingham. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100.84 | 95.74 | 92.83 | 39.7 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 2.54 | 2.43 | 2.35 |
| Mobile...... | 89.95 | 87.20 | 81.66 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 38.7 | 2.26 | 2.18 | 2.11 |
| ALASKA....................................... | 127.87 | - | - | 38.4 | - | - | 3.33 | - | - |
| ARİZNA. | 99.14 | 98.09 | 92.92 | 40.3 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 2.46 | 2.41 | 2.30 |
| Phoenix.................................... . | 99.88 | 99.95 | 93.96 | 40.6 | 41.3 | 40.5 | 2.46 | 2.42 | 2.32 |
| ARKANSAS. | 62.71 | 62.02 | 59.30 | 40.2 | 40.8 | 39.8 | 1.56 | 1.52 | 1.49 |
| Fort Smith. | 65.40 | 65.34 | 61.60 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 38.5 | 1.66 | 1.65 | 1.60 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rock | 63.36 | 61.81 | 58.40 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 1.58 | 1.53 | 1.46 |
| Pline Eluff.. | 76.11 | 75.24 | 71.32 | 40.7 | 41.8 | 42.2 | 1.87 | 1.80 | 1.69 |
| CALIFORNLA. | 104.28 | 101.71 | 97.36 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 2.62 | 2.53 | 2.44 |
| Bakersflela. | 106.53 | 103.94 | 102.82 | 39.9 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 2.67 | 2.56 | 2.52 |
| Fresno.. | 86.68 | 84.45 | 80.78 | 37.2 | 37.7 | 37.4 | 2.33 | 2.24 | 2.16 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach. | 103.34 | 101.66 | 96.80 | 39.9 | 40.5 | 40.0 | 2.59 | 2.51 | 2.42 |
| Sacramento........... | 116.85 | 111.51 | 105.92 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 41.7 | 2.85 | 2.70 | 2.54 |
| San Bernardino-Hdverside-Ontario | 106.80 | 101.75 | 100.04 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 40.5 | 2.67 | 2.55 | 2.47 |
| San Diego... | 110.57 | 106.11 | 104.58 | 40.5 | 40.5 | 41.5 | 2.73 | 2.62 | 2.52 |
| San Francisco-Oakland. | 109.37 | 105.59 | 99.84 | 39.2 | 39.4 | 39.0 | 2.79 | 2.68 | 2.56 |
| San Jose.. | 108.88 | 102.66 | 97.03 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 2.63 | 2.51 | 2.39 |
| Stockton.................................... | 98.98 | 94.30 | 90.45 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 2.45 | 2. 34 | 2.25 |
| COLORADO... | 98.25 | 95.71 | 90.50 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 40.4 | 2.42 | 2.34 | 2.24 |
| Denver....................................... | 98.25 | 96.17 | 90.90 | 40.6 | 41.1 | 40.4 | 2.42 | 2.34 | 2.25 |
| CONNECTICUT.. | 93.26 | 93.11 | 85.54 | 40.2 | 41.2 | 39.6 | 2.32 | 2.26 | 2.16 |
| Bridgeport ${ }^{1}$............................... | 96.72 | 95.53 | 89.55 | 40.3 | 41.0 | 39.8 | 2.40 | 2.33 | 2.25 |
| Hartford ${ }^{1}$................................. | 98.40 | 95.82 | 87.36 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 39.0 | 2.40 | 2.32 | 2.24 |
| New Britain................................ | 89.77 | 91.27 | 81.30 | 39.2 | 41.3 | 38.9 | 2.29 | 2.21 | 2.09 |
| New Haven................................... | 90.52 | 88.70 | 82.11 | 39.7 | 40.5 | 39.1 | 2.28 | 2.19 | 2.10 |
| Stamford. | 99.47 | 98.46 | 91.53 | 40.6 | 41.9 | 40.5 | 2.45 | 2.35 | 2.26 |
| Waterbury.................................... | 92.57 | 95.57 | 87.16 | 39.9 | 42.1 | 39.8 | 2.32 | 2.27 | 2.19 |
| DELANARE. .................................. |  | 89.82 |  |  |  |  | 2.28 | 2.24 |  |
| Wilmington.................................. | $104.78$ | 102.36 | 93.90 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 38.8 | 2.60 | 2.54 | 2.42 |
| DISIRICT OF COLUMBTA: <br> Washington........................................ | 97.61 | 95.36 | 92.23 | 39.2 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 2.49 | 2.39 | 2.30 |
| FLORIDA. | 76.07 | 73.51 | 68.68 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 40.4 | 1.86 | 1.78 | 1.70 |
| Jacksonville | 80.60 | 78.60 | 72.13 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 39.2 | 2.01 | 1.96 | 1.84 |
| Mami. | 74.77 | 72.00 | 67.32 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 1.86 | 1.80 | 1.70 |
| Tarpa-Petersburg. ........................... | 75.76 | 72.45 | 67.03 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 39.9 | 1.83 | 1.75 | 1.68 |
| GEORGIA. | 65.40 | 64.88 | 60.45 | 39.4 | 40.3 | 39.0 | 1.66 | 1.61 | 1.55 |
| Atlanta.................................... | 81.35 | 80.20 | 76.42 | 39.3 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 2.07 | 2.00 | 1.92 |
| Savannah.................................... | 88.32 | 85.90 | 81.38 | 40.7 | 41.9 | 41.1 | 2.17 | 2.05 | 1.98 |
| IDAHO.......................................... | 90.00 | 90.01 | 85.69 | 40.0 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 2.25 | 2.19 | 2.09 |
| ILILINOIS. | 97.70 | 96.66 | 89.85 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 39.4 | 2.45 | 2.38 | $2.28$ |
| Chicago..................................... | 99.59 | 98.12 | (2) | 40.1 | 40.7 | (2) | 2.49 | 2.41 | (2) |
| Indiana...................................... | 100.49 100.26 | 100.35 100.36 | ${ }_{\text {92, }}{ }^{2} .03$ | 40.0 40.4 | 41.0 41.3 | ${ }_{(2)}^{39}$ | 2.51 2.48 | 2.45 2.43 | $2.34$ <br> (2) |
| ITWA......................................... | 93.68 | 93.22 | 86.82 | 39.8 | 40.8 | 40.1 | 2.35 | 2.29 | 2.16 |
| Des Moines.................................. | 97.80 | 98.64 | 90.10 | 38.5 | 39.6 | 38.7 | 2.54 | 2.49 | 2.33 |
| KANSAS....................................... | 95.82 | 93.72 | 91.31 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 2.35 | 2.29 | 2.21 |
| Topeka........................................ | 98.44 | 97.93 | 89.56 | 40.7 | 41.8 | 40.9 | 2.42 | 2.34 | 2.19 |
| Wichita.................................... | 99.89 | 97.49 | 95.89 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 41.3 | 2.50 | 2.44 | 2.32 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table SC-I: Grass honrs and asmings of prodection workors in manfacturing, by Stato and seloctal aroas-Continual

| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1950 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 |
| KENIUCKY. | \$83.92 | \$33.02 | \$79.00 | 39.4 | 40.3 | 39.9 | \$2.13 | \$2.06 | \$1.98 |
| Loutsville................................ | 97.23 | 95.38 | 20.62 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 2.43 | 2.35 | 2.23 |
| LOUTSIANA. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 86.50 | 85.08 | 81.61 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 40.4 | 2.12 | 2.07 | 2.02 |
| Baton Rouge................................ | 116.97 | 113.02 | 107.46 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 2.86 | 2.77 | 2.66 |
| New Orleans.............................. | 87.86 | 86.18 | 81.16 | 39.4 | 39.9 | 39.4 | 2.23 | 2.16 | 2.06 |
| Shreveport................................. | 83.02 | 83.30 | 78.53 | 41.1 | 41.9 | 40.9 | 2.02 | 2.00 | 1.92 |
| MAINE. . . . ................................... | 71.15 | 69.19 | 66.00 | 40.2 | 40.7 | 40.0 | 1.77 | 1.70 | 1.65 |
| Lewiston-Auburn. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 58.04 | 58.90 | 55.72 | 36.5 | 38.0 | 36.9 | 1.59 | 1.55 | J. 51 |
| Portland................................... | 78.79 | 76.33 | 71.96 | 40.2 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 1.96 | 1.88 | 1.79 |
| MARYLAND.. | 90.63 | 88.32 | 24.63 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 39.7 | 2.26 | 2.20 | 2.13 |
| Beltimore.................................. | 95.91 | 92.39 | 89.18 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 2.38 | 2.31 | 2.24 |
| MASSACHUSETTS.............................. | 81.96 | 80.93 | 75.87 | 39.2 | 39.9 | 39.0 | 2.09 | 2.03 | 1.95 |
| Boston. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 87.62 | 85.81 | 82.27 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 39.2 | 2.25 | 2.17 | 2.10 |
| Fall River................................. | 59.11 | 59.48 | 56.09 | 35.6 | 36.8 | 35.9 | 1.66 | 1.62 | 1.56 |
| New Bedford................................ | $64 \cdot 37$ | 64.94 | 60.10 | 37.2 | 38.7 | 37.4 | 1.73 | 1.68 | 1.61 |
| Springfleld-Chicopee-Holyoke............ | 88.17 | 87.71 | 82.67 | 40.1 | 40.6 | 39.9 | 2.20 | 2.16 | 2.07 |
| Worcester................................... | 87.43 | 86.97 | 80.65 | 39.7 | 40.6 | 38.7 | 2.20 | 2.14 | 2.08 |
| MICHIGAN. | 112.00 | 108.71 | 99.13 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 39.4 | 2.75 | 2.66 | 2.52 |
| Detroit. | 118.88 | 116.24 | 103.87 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 38.8 | 2.92 | 2.84 | 2.68 |
| Flint.... | 125.72 | 114.61 | 108.26 | 42.4 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 2.97 | 2.82 | 2.69 |
| Grand Rapids.............................. | 102.19 | 99.23 | 91.83 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 39.7 | 2.52 | 2.44 | 2.31 |
| Lensing.................................... | 11.6 .20 | 107.08 | 107.47 | 40.7 | 39.6 | 40.8 | 2.86 | 2.70 | 2.63 |
| Muskegon-Muskegon Heights................ | 101.55 | 96.82 | 92.58 | 39.3 | 38.9 | 38.1 | 2.58 | 2.49 | 2.43 |
| Sagtnew................................... | 111.53 | 104.21 | 97.22 | 41.2 | 40.5 | 39.9 | 2.71 | 2.57 | 2.44 |
| MITNIESOTA. | 94.95 | 92.02 | 87.44 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 40.0 | 2.36 | 2.27 | 2.19 |
| Duruth. .................................... | 99.94 | 96.76 | 91.37 | 39.4 | 38.6 | 37.7 | 2.54 | 2.51 | 2.43 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul..................... | 98.03 | 95.21 | 90.08 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 39.8 | 2.45 | 2.35 | 2.26 |
| MLSSISSIPPI. | 60.50 | 60.64 | 60.25 | 39.8 | 40.7 | 39.9 | 1.52 | 1.49 | 1.51 |
| Jackson,................................... | 70.55 | 69.28 | 67.30 | 41.5 | 42.5 | 41.8 | 1.70 | 1.63 | 1.61 |
| MLSSOURI.................................... | 87.57 | 85.11 | 80.47 | 39.1 | 39.7 | 38.8 | 2.24 | 2.14 | 2.08 |
| Kansas Cyty................................ | 96.87 | 95.06 | 91.20 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 2.44 | 2.36 | 2.27 |
| St. Louls.................................. | 98.97 | 95.08 | 89.56 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 39.3 | 2.49 | 2.38 | 2.28 |
| MONTANA....................................... | 95.55 | 94.17 | 91.08 | 39.0 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 2.45 | 2.39 | 2.30 |
| INEBRASKA..................................... | 87.28 | 84.80 | 80.36 | 42.0 | 42.4 | 41.6 | 2.08 | 2.00 | 1.93 |
| Omaha. ....................................... | 93.97 | 91.75 | 86.09 | 41.9 | 42.3 | 41.3 | 2.24 | 2.17 | 2.09 |
| nevada....................................... | 113.30 | 107.68 | 104.26 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 40.1 | 2.75. | 2.62 | 2.60 |
| NEW HAMPSHIRE............................... | 70.45 | 69.26 | 65.51 | 39.8 | 40.5 | 39.7 | 1.77 | 1.71 | 1.65 |
| Manchester................................. | 64.56 | 63.86 | 60.74 | 38.2 | 38.7 | 38.2 | 1.69 | 1.65 | 1.59 |
| NEW JERSEX.................................. |  | 92.45 | 86.80 | 39.6 | 40.3 | 39.4 | 2.37 | 2.29 | 2.20 |
| Jersey Clty 3 ............................ | 94.13 | 92.15 | (2) | 39.5 | 40.1 | (2) | 2.38 | 2.30 | (2) |
| Newark ${ }^{3}$.................................. | 95.52 | 93.66 | (2) | 40.0 | 40.6 | (2) | 2.39 | 2.31 | (2) |
| Paterson-Clifton-Pessaic ${ }^{1} 3$............. | 93.89 | 93.00 | 86.23 | 39.4 | 40.4 | 39.7 | 2.38 | 2.30 | 2.17 |
| Perth Amboy 3 ............................... | 97.84 | 95.86 | 89.36 | 40.1 | 40.5 | 39.4 | 2.44 | 2.37 | 2.27 |
| Trenton.................................... | 92.94 | 91.66 | 85.24 | 39.6 | 40.7 | 39.5 | 2.35 | 2.25 | 2.16 |
| NEW MEXICO.................................. | 84.02 | 83.23 | 82.61 | 40.2 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 2.09 | 2.03 | 2.01 |
| Albuquerque................................ | 88.70 | 86.74 | 86.74 | 40.5 | 41.5 | 41.7 | 2.19 | 2.09 | 2.08 |



| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 |
| NEW YORK. | \$89.61 | \$87.71 | \$83.07 | 38.8 | 39.3 | 38.5 | \$2.31 | \$2.23 | \$2.16 |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 95.96 | 96.95 | 92.57 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 39.4 | 2.40 | 2.42 | 2.35 |
| Binghemton................................ | 83.43 | 80.51 | 74.51 | 39.0 | 39.1 | 37.6 | 2.14 | 2.06 | 1.98 |
| Bưfolo................................... | 108.31 | 105.92 | 98.83 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 39.5 | 2.69 | 2.61 | 2.51 |
| E]mira... | 88.81 | 87.85 | 83.37 | 39.9 | 40.3 | 39.6 | 2.22 | 2.18 | 2.10 |
| Nassau and Suffolk Counties ${ }^{3}$.......... | 98.97 | 97.08 | 91.01 | 40.1 | 40.7 | 40.2 | 2.47 | 2.39 | 2.26 |
| New York Clty ${ }^{3}$..... | 84.36 | 83.04 | 79.62 | 37.3 | 38.1 | 37.3 | 2.26 | 2.18 | 2.13 |
| New York-Northeastern New Jersey........ | 89.09 | 87.58 | 83.33 | 38.4 | 39.1 | 38.4 | 2.32 | 2.24 | 2.17 |
| Rochester................................. | 100.88 | 96.28 | 90.28 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 39.3 | 2.48 | 2.39 | 2.29 |
| Syracuse. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 96.15 | 95.54 | 87.09 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 39.4 | 2.38 | 2.34 | 2.21 |
| Utica-Rome. | 86.84 | 85.32 | 82.19 | 39.6 | 40.3 | 40,0 | 2.20 | 2.12 | 2.05 |
| Westchester County ${ }^{3}$.................... | 92.34 | 89.42 | 84.41 | 39.4 | 39.7 | 39.3 | 2.34 | 2.25 | 2.15 |
| NORTH CAROLINA. | 61.14 | 61.20 | 56.41 | 39.7 | 40.8 | 38.9 | 1.54 | 1.50 | 1.45 |
| Charlotte............................. | 68.47 | 67.07 | 64.37 | 41.0 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 1.67 | 1.62 | 1.57 |
| Greensboro-High Point.................... | 59.57 | 60.28 | 54.68 | 37.7 | 39.4 | 37.2 | 1.58 | 1.53 | 1.47 |
| NORTH DAKOTA. | 81.56 | 81.65 | 79.95 | 41.4 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 1.97 | 1.94 | 1.90 |
| Fargo....................................... | 87.68 | 86.37 | 85.72 | 39.6 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 2.22 | 2.14 | 2.11 |
| онНО...................................... | 104.13 | 102.82 | 93.42 | 40.0 | 40.7 | 38.9 | 2.60 | 2.53 | 2.40 |
| Akron.. ......... ........................... | 111.61 | 111.14 | 95.27 | 39.1 | 40.6 | 37.0 | 2.85 | 2.74 | 2.57 |
| Canton. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 101.96 | 106.46 | 93.53 | 38.2 | 40.2 | 37.7 | 2.67 | 2.65 | 2.48 |
| Cincinnati............................... | 99.05 | 95.67 | 88.85 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 40.0 | 2.43 | 2.33 | 2.22 |
| Cleveland................................. | 107.66 | 106.84 | 95.57 | 40.3 | 41.2 | 38.9 | 2.67 | 2.59 | 2.46 |
| Columbus.................................. | 99.40 | 96.25 | 89.52 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 39.4 | 2.47 | 2.38 | 2.27 |
| Dayton. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 211.76 | 108.79 | 100.11 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 39.6 | 2.73 | 2.63 | 2.53 |
| Toledo. | 108.36 | 108.04 | 99.15 | 40.0 | 40.5 | 39.2 | 2.71 | 2.67 | 2.53 |
| Youngstow-Warren. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 111.47 | 115.97 | 100.86 | 38.1 | 39.7 | 36.5 | 2.93 | 2.92 | 2.76 |
| OKIAHOMA. | 85.47 | 85.70 | 82.22 | 40.7 | 41.4 | 40.5 | 2.10 | 2.07 | 2.03 |
| Oklahoma Clty. ............................ | 81.36 | 79.68 | 75.67 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 40.9 | 1.97 | 1.92 | 1.85 |
| Tulsa..... | 92.52 | 93.48 | 91.7 | 40.4 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 2.29 | 2.28 | 2.27 |
| ORIEGON. | 97.04 | 96.36 | 92.51 | 38.1 | 38.7 | 38.4 | 2.55 | 2.49 | 2.41 |
| Portland. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 97.37 | 95.11 | 90.37 | 38.5 | 38.9 | 38.1 | 2.53 | 2.45 | 2.37 |
| PENNSYLVANLA................................ | 89.86 | 88.70 | 82.56 | 38.9 | 39.6 | 38.4 | 2.37 | 2.24 | 2.15 |
| Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton. . . . . . . . . . . . | 86.41 | 82.30 | 77.12 | 37.9 | 38.1 | 36.9 | 22.8 | 2.16 | 2.09 |
| Erie..................................... | 97.51 | 96.59 | 88.88 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 39.5 | 2.39 | 2.35 | 2.25 |
| Harrisburg. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 79.17 | 77.42 | 71.63 | 39.0 | 39.3 | 37.7 | 2.03 | 1.97 | 1.90 |
| Lancaster. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 79.00 | 78.76 | 73.75 | 39.9 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 1.98 | 1.94 | 1.83 |
| Philadelphia. ............................. | 93.53 | 92.00 | 85.41 | 39.3 | 40.0 | 39.0 | 2.38 | 2.30 | 2.19 |
| Pittsburgh. ................................ | 109.48 | 110.12 | 99.96 | 39.1 | 39.9 | 38.3 | 2.80 | 2.76 | 2.61 |
| Reading. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 78.38 | 79.20 | 72.00 | 38.8 | 39.8 | 38.3 | 2.02 | 1.99 | 1.88 |
| Scranton. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 66.55 | 65.36 | 62.96 | 37.6 | 38.0 | 37.7 | 1.77 | 1.72 | 1.67 |
| Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 61.71 | 60.72 | 58.24 | 36.3 | 36.8 | 36.4 | 1.70 | 1.65 | 1.60 |
| York.......................................... | 76.00 | 77.00 | 72.67 | 40.0 | 41.4 | 40.6 | 1.90 | 1.86 | 1.79 |
| RHODE ISLAND...... | 73.70 | 72.98 | 69.13 | 39.2 | 40.1 | 39.5 | 1.88 | 1.82 | 1.75 |
| Providence-Pawtucket 1 | 73.87 | 74.07 | 69.25 | 39.5 | 40.7 | 39.8 | 1.87 | 1.82 | 1.74 |
| SOUTH CAROLINA.............................. | 63.27 | 62.61 | 56.55 | 40.3 | 40.8 | 39.0 | 1.57 | 1.51 | 1.45 |
| Charleston, ................................. | 71.82 | 70.88 | 66.80 | 39.9 | 40.5 | 40.0 | 1.80 | 1.75 | 1.67 |
| SOUIH DAKOTA............................... | 90.90 | 90.32 | 82.96 | 45.0 | 46.8 | 44.6 | 2.02 | 1.93 | 1.86 |
| Sioux Falls................................ | 101.68 | 102.82 | 92.97 | 45.8 | 48.5 | 45.8 | 2.22 | 2.12 | 2.03 |
| tennesser. .................................. | 73.23 | 7.46 | 67.03 | 39.8 | 40.6 | 39.2 | 1.84 | 1.76 | 1.71 |
| Chattanooga............................... | 74.48 | 74.74 | 69.99 | 39.2 | 40.4 | 39.1 | 1.90 | 1.85 | 1.79 |
| Knoxville. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 84.38 | 83.22 | 81.14 | 39.8 | 40.4 | 39.2 | 2.12 | 2.06 | 2.07 |
| Menphis.................................... | 81.81 | 78.72 | 72.31 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 39.3 | 2.01 | 1.92 | 1.84 |
| Nashville.................................. | 79.58 | 76.73 | 72.54 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 1.95 | 1.89 | 1.80 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## State and Area Hours and Earnings

Talle SC-1: Gross honrs and earnings of mrodection workers in manfactuing, by State ad solectod aroas-Continuad

| State and area | Average weekly earnings |  |  | Average weekly hours |  |  | Average hourly earnings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 |
| TEXAS....................................... | \$89.19 | \$89.02 | \$85.06 | 41.1 | 41.6 | 40.7 | \$2.17 | \$2.14 | \$2.09 |
| Dallas.................................... | 81.36 | 80.29 | 78.34 | 41.3 | 41.6 | 40.8 | 1.97 | 1.93 | 1.92 |
| Fort Worth ${ }^{1}$ | 95.65 | 96.22 | 96.80 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 2.35 | 2.37 | 2.39 |
| Houston. | 104.39 | 103.07 | 97.57 | 41.1 | 41.9 | 40.6 | 2.54 | 2.46 | 2.40 |
| San Antonio............................... | 69.08 | 66.83 | 63.68 | 40.4 | 41.0 | 39.8 | 1.71 | 1.63 | 1.60 |
| UTAH. ........................ | 98.89 | 93.60 | 90.23 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 39.4 | 2.46 | 2.34 | 2.29 |
| Salt Lake Clty............................. | 94.70 | 90.50 | 86.98 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 2.35 | 2.24 | 2.18 |
| VERMONT... | 76.59 | 74.76 | 69.19 | 41.4 | 42.0 | 40.4 | 1.85 | 1.78 | 1.71 |
| Burlington. | 78.74 | 76.31 | 71.22 | 40.8 | 41.7 | 40.5 | 1.93 | 1.83 | 1.76 |
| Springfield. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 91.78 | 89.02 | 77.45 | 42.1 | 42.8 | 39.0 | 2.18 | 2.08 | 1.99 |
| VIPGINIA. | 70.62 | 69.02 | 65.50 | 39.9 | 40.6 | 39.7 | 1.77 | 1.70 | 1.65 |
| Norfoik-Portsmouth | 76.57 | 74.74 | 70.84 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 39.8 | 1.90 | 1.85 | 1.78 |
| Fi chmond, . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 79.60 | 78.55 | $74 \cdot 37$ | 40.0 | 40.7 | 40.2 | 1.99 | 1.93 | 1.85 |
| WABHITMTON. | 101.78 | 98.81 | 94.28 | 38.7 | 38.9 | 38.8 | 2.63 | 2.54 | 2.43 |
| Seattre ${ }^{1}$ | 101.53 | 97.52 | 93.90 | 38.9 | 38.7 | 38.8 | 2.61 | 2.52 | 2.42 |
| Spokane..................................... . | 107.29 | 104.54 | 100.98 | 39.3 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 2.73 | 2.64 | 2.55 |
| Тасота...................................... | 98.68 | 98.69 | 92. 30 | 38.1 | 38.7 | 38.3 | 2.59 | 2.55 | 2.41 |
| WEST VIRGINIA............................... | 93.27 | 92.43 | 86.40 | 38.7 | 39.0 | 38.4 | 2.41 | 2.37 | 2.25 |
| Charleston. | 118.03 | 116.21 | 106.67 | 40.7 | 41.1 | 40.1 | 2.90 | 2.83 | 2.66 |
| Wheeling. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 93.94 | 90.91 | 86.33 | 38.5 | 38.4 | 38.2 | 2.44 | 2.37 | 2.26 |
| WISCONSIN. .................................. | 96.32 | 94.55 | 87.53 | 40.6 | 41.3 | 40.4 | 2.37 | 2.29 | 2.17 |
| Kenosha. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 121.06 | 115.83 | 98.21 | 42.8 | 43.4 | 40.4 | 2.82 | 2.67 | 2.43 |
| La Crosse.................................. | 94.86 | 91.23 | 88.79 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 2.38 | 2.30 | 2.24 |
| Medison. .................................... | 105.39 | 102.92 | 94.26 | 40.1 | 40.8 | 39.3 | 2.63 | 2.52 | 2.40 |
| Milwaukee................................. | 105.09 | 103.67 | 94.96 | 40.0 | 40.8 | 39.5 | 2.63 | 2.54 | 2.40 |
| Racine............................ . . . . . . . . | 96.10 | 97.37 | 92.23 | 39.2 | 40.3 | 39.7 | 2.45 | 2.42 | 2.32 |
| WYOMING. | 95.25 | 94.22 | 94.09 | 37.5 | 38.3 | 39.7 | 2.54 | 2.46 | 2.37 |
| Casper............... | 124.73 | 116.69 | 174.80 | 39.7 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 2.89 | 2.91 | 2.87 |

${ }^{1}$ Data for 1958 not strictly comparable with subsequent years because of change in area definition. ${ }^{2}$ Kot available.
3 Subarea of New York-Northeastern New Jersey.
SOURCF: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

| State and area | Accession rates |  |  |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | New hires |  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Qults |  |  | Layoffs |  |  |
|  | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 2959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 |
| alabama ${ }^{2}$................................ | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.7 |
| Birmingham. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.1 | (3) | (3) | . 9 | (3) | (3) | 4.0 | (3) | (3) | . 5 | (3) | (3) | 2.9 | (3) | (3) |
|  | 8.9 | 9.9 | (3) | 2.4 | 2.2 | (3) | 9.5 | 10.4 | (3) | 1.5 | 1.5 | (3) | 7.6 | 8.4 | (3) |
| ARIZONA. | 5.0 | 5.3 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 2.8 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 2.1 |
| Phoenix..................................... | 5.6 | 5.8 | (3) | 4.5 | 4.7 | (3) | 5.0 | 4.6 | (3) | 2.2 | 2.2 | (3) | 2.1 | 1.7 | (3) |
| ARKANSAS. | 4.7 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 2.7 |
| Fort Smith | 4.8 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.7 |
| Little Rock-North Little Rock | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 1.6 | 1.8 |
| Pine Bluff.................... | 4.3 | 4.4 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 2.1 | 4.7 | 3.9 | $3 \cdot 3$ | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| CALTFORNIA ${ }^{2}$.............................. | 4.5 | 5.1 | (3) | 3.1 | 3.9 | (3) | 5.0 | 4.9 | (3) | 1.8 | 2.1 | (3) | 2.5 | 1.9 | (3) |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach | 4.5 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 5.0 | 4.8 | $4 \cdot 3$ | 1.9 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 2.2 |
| Sacramento ${ }^{2}$........... | 3.2 | (3) | (3) | 2.5 | (3) | (3) | 2.4 | (3) | (3) | 1.3 | (3) | (3) | . 7 | (3) | (3) |
| San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario | 3.7 | (3) | (3) | 2.1 | (3) | (3) | 5.1 | (3) | (3) | 1.4 | (3) | (3) | 3.2 | (3) | (3) |
| San Diego ${ }^{2}$ | 2.7 | 2.9 | (3) | 2.1 | 2.4 | (3) | 3.6 | 2.9 | (3) | 1.3 | 1.5 | (3) | 1.9 | $\cdot 9$ | (3) |
| San Francisco-Oakland | 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 3.1 |
| San Jose ${ }^{2}$. | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Stockton ${ }^{2}$ | 5.5 | (3) | (3) | 3.2 | (3) | (3) | 5.9 | (3) | (3) | 1.6 | (3) | (3) | 3.5 | (3) | (3) |
| CONNECTICUT. | 2.5 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | . 9 | 1.4 | . 9 | 1.8 |
| Bridgeport 4 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.2 | . 9 | 1.0 | . 7 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 2.2 |
| Hartford 4 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 1.1 | . 8 | 1.0 | . 7 | 1.6 |
| New Britain | 2.0 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 2.0 | . 8 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 2.9 | . 9 | 1.0 | .6 | 2.1 | . 7 | 1.9 |
| New Haven. | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 1.1 | .7 | 1.6 |
| Waterbury................................... | 2.0 | 2.8 | 2.2 | . 9 | 1.9 | . 9 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 1.3 | . 7 | 1.5 | . 5 | 1.6 |
| DELAWARE ${ }^{2}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$............................. | 2.3 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 2.8 | 4.3 | 3.4 | -9 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 2.1 |
| Wilmington ${ }^{\text {2 }}$.............................. | 1.9 | 4.1 | 2.7 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 3.9 | 3.1 | . 7 | .7 | .6 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 2.0 |
| DISIRICT OF COLNMBIA: <br> Washington. | 3.8 | 3.9 | (3) | 3.4 | 3.6 | (3) | 3.9 | 3.9 | (3) | 2.5 | 2.5 | (3) | . 8 | . 8 | (3) |
| FLORIDA.. | 6.3 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.7 |
| Jacksonville | 8.1 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 3.8 | 8.9 | 9.5 | 10.4 | 2.6 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 6.7 |
| Miami........ | 5.2 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 4.2 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.9 |
| Tarpa-St. Petersburg...................... | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 2.2 |
| GEORGIA..................................... | 3.6 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 |
| Atlanta 5 ................................. | 3.8 | 4.9 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 3.8 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.1 |
| ІІАНО 6 ............................. | 6.0 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 7.1 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 4.3 | 3.1 | 3.6 |
| INDIANA ${ }^{2}$ | 3.2 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 1.0 | 1.2 | . 7 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 2.7 |
| Indianapolis 7 ........................... | 2.6 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 1.4 | 2.0 | . 8 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 3.4 | . 9 | 1.0 | . 6 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 2.4 |
| IOWA. | 4.0 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 2.2 |
| Des Moines.................................. | 3.7 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
| KANSAS ${ }^{8}$ | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 2.6 |
| Topeka...................................... | 2.6 | 2.8 | (3) | 1.9 | 2.3 | (3) | 3.0 | 2.6 | (3) | 1.4 | 1.5 | (3) | 1.2 | . 9 | (3) |
| Wichita 8 ............................... | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.0 |
| KENTUCKY. ..................................... | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | . 9 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 2.8 |
| LOUISIANA.................................. | 3.7 |  | 3.4 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | . 9 |  | . 8 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.7 |
| New Orleans 9 ............................ | 4.2 | (3) | (3) | 1.9 | (3) | (3) | 4.6 | (3) | (3) | 1.0 | (3) | (3) | 3.0 | (3) | (3) |

See footnotes at end of table.

| State andearea | Accession rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  | New hires |  |  | Total |  |  | Quits |  |  | Layoffs |  |  |
|  | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 |
| MAINE. . | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.7 |
| Portland................................... | 3.1 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.1 | . 8 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| MARYIAND. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.6 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Beltimore.................................. | 3.3 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 1.0 | 1.2 | . 9 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.0 |
| MASSACHUSETTS. | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 2.1 |
| Boston......... | 3.4 | 3.8 | (3) | 2.2 | 2.8 | (3) | 3.8 | 3.5 | (3) | 1.6 | 1.6 | (3) | 1.5 | 1.2 | (3) |
| Fall River.................................. | 4.2 | 4.6 | (3) | 2.4 | 2.6 | (3) | 4.8 | 4.8 | (3) | 1.8 | 1.7 | (3) | 2.6 | 2.6 | (3) |
| New Bedford. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4.4 | 5.1 | (3) | 2.3 | 3.1 | (3) | 4.7 | 4.6 | (3) | 1.5 | 1.8 | (3) | 2.5 | 2.0 | (3) |
| Springfleld-Chicopee-Holyoke............. | 3.3 | 3.4 | (3) | 1.8 | 2.2 | (3) | 3.8 | 3.2 | (3) | 1.2 | 1.2 | (3) | 2.1 | 1.5 | (3) |
| Worcester................................... | 3.1 | 3.5 | (3) | 2.1 | 2.5 | (3) | 3.2 | 2.1 | (3) | 1.2 | 1.3 | (3) | 1.4 | 1.0 | (3) |
| MINNESOTA. | 4.6 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.9 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul...................... | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 2.3 |
| MISSISSIPPI | 4.2 | 4.7 | (3) | 2.8 | 3.4 | (3) | 4.7 | 4.4 | (3) | 1.8 | 2.0 | (3) | 2.4 | 1.9 | (3) |
| Jackson.................................... | 3.3 | 3.6 | (3) | 2.5 | 3.0 | (3) | 4.1 | 3.6 | (3) | 1.5 | 1.6 | (3) | 1.9 | 1.3 | (3) |
| MISSOURI..................................... | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 2.4 |
| M | (3) | (3) | 2.8 | (3) | (3) | 1.9 | (3) | (3) | 3.2 | (3) | (3) | 1.4 | (3) | (3) | 1.2 |
| NEVADA........................................ | 5.4 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| NEW HAMPSHIRE................................ | 4.4 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.3 |
| NEN MEXICO................................... | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 6.0 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| Albuquerque................................. | 4.0 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| NEW YORK.. | 4.1 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | . 9 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.8 |
| Albany-Schenectady-Troy............... . . . | 2.6 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 | .5 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.5 | .7 | . 6 | .6 | 1.6 | . 9 | 1.6 |
| Binghamton. ............................... | 2.5 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | . 9 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.1 | . 8 | . 4 | . 3 | . 5 |
| Buffalo.................................... | 2.9 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | . 8 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 4.0 | . 7 | . 8 | . 6 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 3.1 |
| Elmira...... | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 1.7 | 1.8 | . 8 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | .7 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| Nassau and Suffolk Count | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.4 |
| New York City....... | 5.2 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 5.9 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.6 |
| Rochester...... | 2.4 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | . 8 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 7 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| Syracuse... | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 1.1 | . 9 | 1.7 | . 8 | 1.3 |
| Utica-Rome. | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 8 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 2.5 |
| Westchester County....... | 4.6 | 4.4 | 3.8 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.2 |
| NORTH CAROLTNA.............................. | 3.2 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
| Charlotte................................... | 3.1 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 1.3 | . 6 | .7 | 1.0 |
| Greensboro-High Point. .................... | 2.9 | - 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.7 | . 6 | . 4 | . 7 |
| NORTH DAKOTA. | 3.4 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 3.4 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.8 | 2.6 |
| Fargo....................................... | 3.5 | 5.6 | (3) | 2.2 | 2.4 | (3) | 3.4 | 8.5 | (3) | 1.8 | 1.7 | (3) | 1.3 | 6.4 | (3) |
| OKIAHOMA ${ }^{10}$ | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 2.8 |
| Oklahoma City . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5.8 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 2.4 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 3.3 |
|  | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 2.5 |
| ORECON ${ }^{2}$ | 5.3 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 3.7 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 3.0 |
| Portland 2. | 4.5 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 3.0 | 2.71 | 3.4 |

See footnotes at end of table.

| State and. area | Accession rates |  |  |  |  |  | Separation rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  | New hires |  |  | Total |  |  | Quits |  |  | Layoffs |  |  |
|  | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 | 1960 | 1959 | 1958 |
| RHODE ISLAND................................ | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 6.2 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 4.1 |
| Providence-Pawtucket..................... | 5.2 | 5.3 | (3) | 3.0 | 3.2 | (3) | 6.0 | 5.3 | (3) | 2.1 | 2.0 | (3) | 3.2 | 2.6 | (3) |
| SOUTH CAROLIMA ${ }^{11} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 3.2 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
| Charleston..... | 6.0 | 6.8 | 6.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 4.9 |
| SOUTH DAKOTA. | 5.3 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 2.7 |
| Sioux Falls................................. | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 |
| TENNESSEE................................... | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | .9 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.9 |
| Chattanooga ${ }^{\text {9 }}$............................ | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 1.2 | 1.2 | .9 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 2.3 |
| Knoxville................................ | 1.8 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 1.2 | . 7 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 2.0 | . 7 | $\cdot 7$ | .4 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.4 |
| Memphis...................................... . | 3.5 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 2.8 |
| Nashville.................................. | 3.4 | 3.4 | (3) | 2.2 | 2.1 | (3) | 3.4 | 3.3 | (3) | 1.4 | 1.5 | (3) | 1.6 | 1.5 | (3) |
| TEXAS ${ }^{12}$ | 3.0 | 3.5 | (3) | 2.1 | 2.4 | (3) | 3.1 | 3.4 | (3) | 1.4 | 1.6 | (3) | 1.3 | 1.2 | (3) |
| VERMONT..................................... | 2.8 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| Burlington.................................. | 2.5 | 3.4 | (3) | 1.7 | 2.3 | (3) | 2.7 | 2.7 | (3) | 1.4 | 1.4 | (3) | .9 | . 8 | (3) |
| Springfield................................ | 1.8 | 2.8 | (3) | 1.0 | 1.7 | (3) | 2.4 | 1.9 | (3) | . 8 | . 8 | (3) | 1.1 | .6 | (3) |
| VIRGINIA.................................... | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 2.0 |
| Norfolk-Portsmouth. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5.3 | (3) | (3) | 3.6 | (3) | (3) | 5.3 | (3) | (3) | 1.4 | (3) | (3) | 3.1 | (3) | (3) |
| Richmond.................................... | 3.2 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.6 |
| WASHINGTON ${ }^{2}$.............................. | 3.5 | (3) | 3.9 | 2.2 | (3) | 2.2 | 3.9 | (3) | 3.5 | 1.5 | (3) | 1.3 | 2.0 | (3) | 1.8 |
| WEST VIRGINIA................................ | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.5 | . 9 | 1.2 | . 7 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 3.0 | .6 | .7 | .5 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 2.3 |
| Charleston................................. | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 7 | . 7 | .4 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.5 | . 2 | . 3 | . 2 | 1.0 | . 5 | 1.1 |
| Wheeling. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.3 | . 5 | . 8 | .4 | 4.0 | 2.9 | 3.3 | . 5 | .5 | .4 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 2.7 |

[^11]
## Explanatory Notes

## Additional information concerning the preparation of the

labor force, employment, hours and earnings, and labor
turnover series-concepts and scope, survey methods, and
limutations-is contained in technical notes for each of
these series, available from the Bureau of Labor Statis.
tics free of charge. Use order blank on page 9-E.

## INTRODUCTION

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) household interviews and (2) payroll reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained fros a sample survey of the population. The survey in conducted each month by the Bureau of the Censua for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides a comprehensive measure of the labor force, i.e., the total number of persons 14 years of age and over who are employed or unemployed. It also providea data on their personal and economic characteristics such as age, sex, color, marital status, occupations, hours of work, and duration of unemployment. The information is collected by trained intervievert from a sample of about 35,000 households in 333 areas throughout the country and is based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week ending nearest the 15 th of the month.

Data based on establishment payroll records are compiled each month from mall questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The payroll survey providen detailed industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly and weekly earnings, and labor turnover for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas.

The figures are based on payroll reports from a eample of 180,000 eatablishments employing about 25 aillion nonfarm wage and ealary workers. The data relate to all workers, full- or part-time, who received pay during the payroll period ending nearest the 15 th of the month.

## Relation between the household and payroll series

The household and payroll data supplenent one anotber, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reporte.

Data from these two sources differ from each other becauge of differences in definition and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasona for diacrepancies. The factors which have a differential effect on levels and trends of the two series are described below:

## Enployment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, and unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises. Employment in both farm and nonfarm industries is included. The payroll survey covers only rage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarn establishments.

Multiple Jobholding. The household approach provides information on the work status of the population without duplication since each person is classified as employed, unemplojed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once, and are classified ac cording to the job at which they worked the greatest number of
hours during the urvey week. In the figures based on establishment records, persons vho worked in more than one establishment during the raporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absencen from jobe. The hougehold ourvey includes among the eqployed all persons who had jobs but vere not at work during the murvey veek--that in, were not working or looking for work but had jobs from which they vere temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on paid sick leave, paid racation, or paid holiday are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

## Hours of Mork

The household aurvey meagures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded froz the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid aick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

## Comparability of the household interviev data with other series

Unemployent infurance dete. The unemployed totel from the household survey includes all pertion who did not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work or vere waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, regardless of whether or not they vere eligible for unemployment insurance. Figurea on unemployment ingurance clainas, prepared by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Departinent of Labor, exclude peraone who have exhausted their benefit rights, new worker: who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systeme (agriculture, State and local government, domentic service, self-erployed, umpaid fanily work, nonprofit organizations, and firms below a minimun size).

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at vork and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation, but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under if in the Agricultural Narketing Service (AMS) series and the treatment of dual jobholders who are counted more than once if they worked on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estiating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of impact on differences in level and trend of the two series.

## Comparability of the payroll employment data with other series

Statistics on manufactures and businese, Burean of the Census. BLS eatabliahment statistics on esployment differ from enployment counts derived by the Bureau of the Censu froin
its censuses or annual sample surveys of manfacturing eatablishments and the censusea of businese establishmente. The ma Jor reason for lack of comparability is different treatrent of business units considered parts of an establiohwent, euch as central administrative offices and aumiliary unite, and in the industrial claseification of establishmente due to different reporting petterne by multi-unit companies. There are also differences in the cope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Dusiness excludes professional services, tranaportation companien, and financial emtablishonte, while theae are included in BLS statietice.

County Business Patterns. Deta in County Business Patterns, published jointly by the U.S. Departments of Comerce and Health, Education, and Welfare, differ from DLS entablishment statiatice in the unite considered integral parte of an establishment and in induetrial claseification. In addition, CBP data exclude employment in nonprofit inetitutions, interetate railroade, and government.

Epploynent covered by Unemployent Insurance prorana. Not all nonfarim vage and malery vorkers are covered by the dinemploywent Insurance prograne. All vorkers in certein ectivities, auch as nomprofit organization and interstate railroade, are excluded. In addition, orall firne in covered industrien are aleo excluded in 32 States. In general, these are eatablishwente rith less than four enployees.

## LABOR FORCE DATA

## COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statietice on the employment etatus of the population, the personal, occupational, and other cononic characteristica of employed and unemployed persone, and related labor force data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Censut in itt Current Population Surver (CPS). (A detailed description of this eurvey appeare in Concepte and Nethods Used in the Current Eeployment and Unemployent Statistics Prepered by the Bureau of the Ceneus, U.S. Bureau of the cencue, Current Population Reporte, Seriee $P-23$, No. 5. Thie report is available fro: DLS on request.)

The me monthly surveys of the population are conducted vith a ecientifically selected eample designed to represent the civilian noningtitutional population 14 years and over. Reepondente are intervieved to obtain information about the employsent tatue of eech member of the household 14 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or atatue during the calendar week, Sunday through saturday, ending nearest the 15 th of the month. This is known as the surver week. Actual field intervieving it conducted in the following week.

Inmaten of institutions and persons under 14 yeare of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations and are excluded fron the population and labor force statistice show in this report. Data on membera of the Armed Forces, yho are included as part of the categories "total noninstitutional population" and "total labor force," are obtained from the Department of Defenge.

The sample for CFB is spread over 333 areas comprising 641 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 Btates and the Dietrict of Columbia. At present, completed interview are obteined each month fron about 35,000 bouseholde. Thare are bout 1,500 additional sample households from vhich information should be collected but is not because the occupants are not found at home after repaated calls, are temporarily absent, or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterviev rate for the survey of about 4 percent. Part of the cample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for approximately three-fourths of the sample to be comon from one month to the next, and one-half to be common vith the sase month a year ago.

## CONCEPTS

Employed Persong comprise (a) all thome vho during the survey veek did any vork at all either as paid employees, or in their own businece or profecsion, or on their orn flerm, or who worked 15 houre or more as unpaid vorkers on a farm or in a buainess operated by a member of the fanily, and (b) all those who vere not vorking or looking for vork but who had jobe or businenpes fron vhich they vere temporarily abselt because of illvese, bad valher, vacation, or labor-management diepute, or because they ver taking time off for various other reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who beld more than one job are counted in the job at vhich they worked the greateat number of hours during the aurvey veek.

Included in the total are employed citisens of foreign countries, temporarily in the Unitel Stated, who are not living on the premises of an Embansy (e.g., Mexican migretory farm workers).

Excluded are perions vhote only activity consisted of work around the house (euch as own home housevork, and painting or repairing own home) or volunteer vork for religious, charitable, and airilar organizations.

Unerployed Persons comprise all persons vho did not vork at al during the survey veek and vere looking for vork, regardlesa of whether or not they vere eligible for unemployment insurance. Also included as unemployed are those vho did not work at all and (a) were vaiting to be called back to a job fron vhich they had been laid off; or (b) vere vaiting to report to a nev vage or aalary job Hithin 30 deya (and were not in achool during the survey week); or (c) vould heve been looking for vork except that they vere temporarily ill or believed no vork wal available in their line of vork or in the commanity. Pertons in this latter category vill uavally be reeidente of a comunity in which there are only a fev dominant industries which vere ghut down during the aurvey veek. Hot included in this category are person who say they vere not looking for vork because they vere too old, too young, or handicapped in any vay.

The Unemployment Rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force, i.e., the sum of the employed and unemployed. This meanure can also be computed for groupa vithin the labor force classified by sax, age, marital tatus, color, tc. When applied to induatry and occupation groups, the labor-force base for the unemployment rate also represents the sum of the employed and the unemployed, the latter classified according to industry and occupation of their latent full-time civilian job.

Duration of Unemployment represents the length of tiee (through the current murver week) during vhich person classified as unemployed had been contimuously looking for vork or vould have been looking for work except for temporary illness, or belief that no vork was available in their live of vork or in the co aunity. For permons on layoff, duration of uperployment represents the number of full veeks eince the terainetion of their most recent employment. Average duration is an arithnetic mean conputed from a distribution by ingle veek of unemployment.

The Civilian Labor Force compriset the total of all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria deacribed above. The "total labor force" also includes members of the Armed Forces etationed either in the United States or abroad.

Mot in Lebor Force includea all civiliant 14 years and over vho are not classified as enployed or unenployed. These persont are further classified as "engaged in orn home hourework," "in school," "unable to vork" because of long-term physical or mental illness, and "other." The "other" group includes for the nost part retired persons, those reported as too old to work, the voluntarily ide, and eeasonal workers for whom the survey veek fell in an "ofr" eeason and who were not reported as unemployed. Permone doing only incidentel unpeid family vork (lese than 15 hours) are almo clasified as not in the labor force.

Occupation, Industry, and Class of Worker apply to the job held in the eurvey veek. Personn with tyo or more jobe are claanified in the job at which they vorked the greatest number of hours during the survey veek. The occupation and industry groups used in data derived from the CPS household intervievs are defined as in the 1960 censur of Population. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups ie available upon request.

The industrial clasaification syaten used in the Census of Population and the Current Population Survey differs somewhat from that used by the BLS in ita reporte on employment, by induetry. Enployent levels by induetry fron the household survey, although useful for many analytical purposes, are not published in order to avoid public mieunderatanding ince they differ from the payroll series because of differences in claesification, campling variability, and other reasons. The industry figures from the household: ourvey are used an base for published diatributions on hour of work, unemployent ratee, and other
characteriatice of induetry groups auch as age, sex, and occupation.

The clase-of-worker breakdown pecifies "wage and calary workers," subdivided into private and government workers, "self-employed workers," and "popaid fanily workers." Hege and salary workert receive wagen, aslary, comission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a governmental unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own businese, profeseion, or trade, or operate a farn. Unpaid fandy worker are pertons working without pay for 15 hours a veek or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood or marriage.

Bours of Nork etatietice relate to the actual number of hours worked daring the eurvey veek. For exaple, a person who normally work 40 houre veek but who was off on the Veterens bay holiday would be reported as vorking 32 houre even though he vas paid for the holidey.

For permons working in more than one job, the ficuree relate to the numiver of hours worked in all jobs during the reek. However, all the hours are credited to the anajor job.

Parsons who worked 35 hourd or more in the aurvey vek are designated as working "full time"; persone who worked betreen 1 and 34 hourg are designated as working "part time." Part-time workert are claseified by their uavel otetus at their present job (either full tia or part tiad) and by their reason for working part time during the aurvey week (economic or other reasone). "Econonic reasons" include: 8lack vork, material shortagen, repairs to plent or equipent, start or termination of job during the veek, and imability to find full-time work. "Other reasons" include:- Labor diapute, bad weather, own 11lpess, vacetion, demende of hom housevork, achool, no desire for full-time work and full-tine worker only during peak aeason.

## ESTIMATING METHODS

The eatinating procedure is esmentially one of using eample reaulte to obtain percentages of the population in a given category. The publiohed eatimates are then obtained by multiplying these percentage dietributions by independent eatimates of the population. The principel eteps involved are hown belov. Under the estination methods used in the CPS, all of the resulte for a given month becone available aimaltaneousis and are besed on returns fron the entire penel of respondente. There are no subsequent adjustrent: to independent benchmark date on labor force, employnent, or unemployment. Therefore, revisione of the hiatorical data are not an inherent feature of thie tetietical proeran.

1. Koninteryiev adjustment. The weighte for all interviaved housebolds are adjueted to the ertent needed to account for occupied sample householde for which no information vas obtained becase of absence, impaneable roads, refurale, or unavailability for other reasons. This adjustment is made eperately by groupe of sample areas and, within thece, for eix groups--color (white and nomwite) within the three residence categories (urban, rural nonfarm, and rural farm). The proportion of sample houceholds not intervieved varies from 3 to 5 percent depending on weather, vacations, etc.
2. Ratio estimates. The dietribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by change, from that of the Nation as whole, in ach characteristice as age, color, sex, and reaidence. Since these population charecteriatics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal meacurements made from the sample, the latter estimates can be mubstantially improved when veighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stagea of ratio estimates as follors:

## a. Firot-atage retio estimate. This is the pro-

 cedure in which the sample proportions are weighted by the known 1950 Censue date on the color-residence dictribution of the population. This tep takea into account the differences exdsting at the time of the 1950 census between the colorreaidence diatribution for the Fation and for the aaple areas.b. Second-atage ratio estimate. In this step, the ample proportions are vighted by independent current eatimates of the population by age, sex, and color. These estimates are prepared by carrying forward the most recent ceneus data (1950) to take account of mubeequent aging of the population,
mortality, and migration betreen the United Staten and other countries.
3. Composite estimate procedure. In derivins etetiatics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is ueed vhich takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parte of the eaple ( 75 percent) as vell an the eample reeults for the current month. Thie procedure reducee the ampling variability eepecially of month-to-month changes but also of the levele for mont iteme.

Seasonal Adjustment
The seasonal adjustment method used for the Labor force series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving average method, with a provision for "moving" adjustwent factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. In the case of unemployment, four age-sex groups (male and female unemployed workers under age 20 and aged 20 and over) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to give a seasonally adjusted total unemployment figure. The seasonally edjusted rate of unemployment is derived by dividing the seasonally adjusted figure for total unemployment (the sum of the four seasonally adjusted age-sex components) by the figure for the seasonally adjusted civilian labor force. A description of the basic method vas published in the August 1960 Monthily Labor Review; the method for unemployment is discussed on page x11 of the February 1961 issue of Employment and Earnings.

Seasonal adjustment factors for major components of the labor force to be applied to data for 1959 and later are shown in table A. Seasonally adjusted aggregates for these and other major series for the period July 1948 through December 1960 are shown on peges x111 through xalil of the February 1961 1ssue. These factors and seasonally adjusted data replace those published in BLS Special Labor Force Report No. 8, New Seasonal Adjustment Factors for Labor Force Components.

Table A. Seasonal adjustment factors for the labor force and major components, to be used for the period 1959-61

| Month | Civil- <br> ian <br> labor <br> force | Employment |  |  | Unemployment |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Agri-culture | Nonagricultural industries | Males |  | Females |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aged } 14 \\ \text { to } 19 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Aged } 14 \\ \text { to } 19 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aced } \\ 20 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
| Jan | 97.7 | 96.8 | 81.0 | 98.6 | 96.5 | 124.5 | 73.8 | 110.6 |
| Feb. | 97.8 | 96.8 | 80.5 | 98.5 | 95.2 | 131.9 | 75.2 | 108.6 |
| Mar. | 98.4 | 97.7 | 86.2 | 98.9 | 91.0 | 124.6 | 76.2 | 103.0 |
| Apr. | 99.0 | 98.8 | 95.0 | 99.2 | 85.0 | 108.1 | 88.3 | 99.3 |
| May. . . | 100.2 | 100.3 | 106.7 | 99.6 | 93.0 | 94.7 | 110.0 | 99.4 |
| June. . | 102.6 | 102.1 | 119.5 | 100.2 | 172.6 | 92.8 | 203.0 | 100.3 |
| July.. | 102.8 | 102.6 | 117.6 | 101.0 | 141.7 | 90.9 | $1+9.3$ | 102.4 |
| Aug. . . | 101.8 | 102.3 | 111.3 | 101.3 | 99.4 | 84.9 | 99.4 | 99.7 |
| Sept. . | 100.2 | 101.3. | 108.8 | 100.3 | 76.9 | 79.3 | 86.0 | 96.0 |
| Oct. | 100.7 | 101.7 | 110.4 | 100.9 | 75.8 | 77.0 | 73.5 | 93.8 |
| Nov | 99.8 | 1.00 .2 | 97.7 | 100.5 | 82.9 | 90.3 | 92.8 | 97.9 |
| Dec. | 99.2 | 99.4 | 85.6 | 101.0 | 89.8 | 101.1 | 72.7 | 88.5 |

## Reliability of the Eatimates

Since the estinates are besed on a ample, they may differ fron the figures that would heve been obtained if it vere poasible to take complete censue using the same schedulen and procedures.

The atendard error is masure of aampling variability, that ia, the variation that night occur by chance becauge only amaple of the population is surveyed. The chances are about two out of three that an eatimate from the sample would differ from a complete centus by leas than the tandard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be lese than twice the standard error.

Table B shows the average tandard error for the elator employment atatus categorias, by sex, computed from data for 12 recent monthg. Eotimates of change derived from the murvey are also subject to sapling variability. The standard error of change for congecutive monthe is also shown in table D. Tp otandard errore of level hown in table $B$ are acceptable approx1mation of the otenderd errors of year-to-year change.

| Table B. Average atandard error of major employnent status categories <br> (In thousands) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Enployment status and sex | Average standard error of-- |  |
|  | Monthly level | ```Month-to- month change (consecutive months only)``` |
| BOTH SEXES |  |  |
| Labor force and total employment. | 250 | 180 |
| Agriculture........................ | 200 | 120 |
| Honagricultural employment....... | 300 | 180 |
| Unemployment. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 100 | 100 |
| MAIS |  |  |
| Labor force and total employment. | 120 | 90 |
| Agriculture. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 180 | 90 |
| Nonagricultural employment........ | 200 | 120 |
| Unemploywent. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 75 | 90 |
| FBMAL |  |  |
| Labor force and total enployment. | 180 | 150 |
| Agriculture. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 75 | 55 |
| Honegricultural employsent....... | 180 | 120 |
| Uremployment . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 65 | 65 |

The figures presented in table $C$ are to be used for other characteristics and are approximations of the standard errors of all such characteristics. They should be interpreted as providing an indicetion of the order of magnitude of the atandard errors rather than as the precise etandard error for any specific item.

Table C. Standard error of level of monthly estimates

| Size of estinate | Both meres |  | Male |  | Female |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Nonwhite | Total or <br> white | Honwhite |  | Nonwhite |
| 10. | 5 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 50. | 11 | 10 | 14 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 100. | 15 | 14 | 20 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| 250. | 24 | 21 | 31 | 21 | 22 | 21 |
| 500. | 34 | 30 | 43 | 30 | 31 | 30 |
| 1,000. | 48 | 40 | 60 | 40 | 45 | 40 |
| 2,500............. | 75 | 50 | 90 | 50 | 70 | 50 |
| 5,000.............. | 100 | 50 | 110 | -••• | 100 | . $\cdot$ |
| 10,000. . . . . . . . . . | 140 | . | 140 | -• | 130 | . . . |
| 20,000... . . . . . . . | 180 | . . . | 150 | $\cdots$ | 170 | . . . |
| 30,000... . . . . . . . | 210 | .... | - | ... | . . | ... |
| 40,000... . . . . . . . | 220 | . . . | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | . . . |

The atandard error of the change in an item from one month to the next month is more closely related to the etandard error of the monthly level for that item than to the size of the epecific month-to-nonth change itself. Thus, in order to use the approximations to the standard errors of month-to-month changes as presented in table $D$, it is firat necessary to obtain the fandard error of the monthly level of the iten in table $C$, and then find the standard error of the month-to-month change in table $D$ corresponding to this atendard error of level. It should be noted that table $D$ applien to estimates of change betreen 2 consecutive months. For changes between the current month and the same month last year, the standard errors of level shown in table C are acceptable approximations.

Illustration: Assume that the tables ahowed the total momer of persons working a specific number of hours, as $15,000,000$, an increase of 500,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the first column of table $C$ shows that the standard error of $15,000,000$ is about 160,000 . Coneequently, the chances are about 68 out of 100 that the figure which would have been obtained from a complete count of the number of persons working the given number of houra would have differed by leas than 160,000 from the sample estimate. Using the 160,000
as the atandard error of the monthly level in table $D$, it may be seen that the standard error of the 500,000 increase is about 135,000.

Table D. Stendard error of eatimatea of

| Stendard error of monthly level | Standard error of month-tomonth change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fstimates relating to agricultural employment | All eatimates except those relating to agricultural employment |
| 10................................ | 14 | 12 |
| 25................................. . . | 35 | 26 |
|  | 70 | 48 |
| 100. | 100 | 90 |
| 150..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 110 | 130 |
| 200................................ . . | . . . | 160 |
| 250. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ... | 190 |
| 300..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | -• | 220 |

The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed by using sample dats for both numerator and denominator depende upon both the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which the percentage is based. Where the numerator is a ubclass of the denominator, estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding absolute estimates of the numerator of the percentage, particularly if the percentage is large ( 50 percent or greater). Table $E$ shows the standard errors for percentages derived from the aurvey. Inear interpolation way be used for percentages and base figures not shown in table F .

Table E. Standard error of percentagea

| Eatimated percentage | Base of percentage (thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 150 | 250 | 500 | 1,000 | 2,000 | 3,000 |
| 1 or 99.... | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| 2 or 98. | 1.4 | 1.1 | . 8 | . 5 | . 4 | . 3 |
| 5 or 95.... | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.2 | . 9 | . 6 | . 5 |
| 10 or 90... | 3.0 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 1.2 | . 8 | . 7 |
| 15 or 85... | 3.5 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 1.0 | . 8 |
| 20 or 80... | 4.0 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 1.1 | . 9 |
| 25 or 75... | 4.2 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| 35 or 65 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 2.6 | $1: 9$ | 1.3 | 1.1 |
| 50.. | 4.9 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
|  | 5,000 | 10,000 | 25,000 | 50,000 | 75,000 |  |
| 1 or 99.... | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |  |
| 2 or 98.... | . 2 | . 2 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 |  |
| 5 or 95.... | . 4 | . 3 | . 2 | . 1 | . 1 |  |
| 10 or 90.... | . 5 | .4 | . 2 | . 2 | . 1 |  |
| 15 or 85.... | . 6 | . 4 | . 3 | . 2 | . 2 |  |
| 20 or 80.... | .7 | . 5 | . 3 | . 2 | . 2 |  |
| 25 or 75.... | . 8 | . 5 | . 3 | . 2 | . 2 |  |
| 35 or 65.... | . 8 | . 6 | .4 | . 3 | . 2 |  |
| 50.......... | . 9 | . 6 | . 4 | . 3 | . 2 |  |

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA

## COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover in nonfarm establishments, by geographic location.

## Federal-State Cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements with State agencies, the respondent fills out only 1 employment or labor turnover schedule, which is then used for national, State, and area estimates. This eliminates duplicate reporting on the part of respondents and, together with the use of identical techniques at the national and State levels, ensures maximum geographic comparability of estimates.

State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the information to prepare State and area series and then send the data to the BLS for use in preparing the national series. The BLS and the Bureau of Employment Security jointly finance the current employment atatistics program in 43 States, the turnover program in 41 states.

## Shuttle Schedules

The Form BLS 790 is used to collect employment, payroll, and man-hours data, Form 1219 labor turnover data. Both schedules are of the "shuttle" type, with space for each month of the calendar year.

The BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the pay period ending nearest the l5th of each month. The labor turnover achedule providea for the collection of information on the total number of accesaions and separations, by type, during the calendar month.

## INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION

Eatablishments are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annusl sales volume. This information is collected each year on a product supplement to the monthly 790 or 1219 report. In the case of an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the most important product or activity.

Prior to publication of State and area data for January 1959, all national, State, and area employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover series were classified in accordance with the following documents: (1) For manufacturing, Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Volume I, Bureau of the Budget, 1945 , and (2) for nonmanufacturing, Industrial Classification Code, Social Security Board, 1942. Beginning with January 1959 (with an overlap for 1958), State and area series are classified under the revised Standard Industrial Classification Manual published in 1957. The national industry atatistics will be converted to the 1957 SIC in 1961.

## COVERAGE

## Employment, Hours, and Earnings

Monthly reports on employment and, for most industries, payroll and man-hours are obtained from approximately 180,000 establishments. The table below show the approximate proportion of total employment in each induatry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Approximate atze and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample 1/

| Industry diviaion | Number of establishments in sample | Employees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fumber in } \\ & \text { sample } \end{aligned}$ | Percent of total |
| Mining....... | 3,500 | 393,000 | 47 |
| Contract construction...... | 22,000 | 860,000 | 26 |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 43,900 | 11,779,000 | 69 |
| Transportation and public utilities: Interatate railroade (ICC)............ | -.. | 1,152,000 | 97 |
| Other transportation and public utilities............ | 15,700 | 1,693,000 | 57 |
| Wholesale and retail trade.. | 65,100 | 2,244,000 | 20 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate................... | 12,900 | 757,000 | 33 |
| Service and miscellaneous... | 11,400 | 848,000 | 13 |
| Government: |  |  |  |
| Comaisaion) 2/....... | --- | 2,196,000 | 100 |
| State and local............. | 5,800 | 3,148,000 | 63 |

I/ Since some firms do not report payroll and man-hour information, hours and earnings estimates may be basedion a sifghty smaller ample than employment extimates.
2/ State and area estimatea of Federal employment are based on 2,300 reports covering $1,430,000$ employees, collected through the BLS-State cooperative program.

Labor turnover reports are received from approximately 10,500 establishments in the manufacturing, mining, and communication induatries (see table below). The following manufacturing industries are excluded from the labor turnover sample: Printing, publishing, and allied industries (since April 1943); canning and preserving fruits, vegetables, and sea foods; women's and misses' outerwear; and fertilizer.

Approximate aize and coverage of BLS labor turnover sample used in computing national rates

| Industry | ```Nuniber of establishments in sample``` | Employees |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number in sample | Fercent of total |
| Manufacturing. . . . . . . . . . . . | 10,200 | 5,994,000 | 39 |
| Durable goods............ | 6,400 | 4,199,000 | 43 |
| Nondurable goods.......... | 3,800 | 1,795,000 | 32 |
| Metal mining................ | 120 | 57,000 | 53 |
| Coal mining: |  |  |  |
| Anthracite................ . | 20 | 6,000 | 19 |
| Bituminous................ | 200 | 71,000 | 32 |
| Communication: |  |  |  |
| Telephone | (1/) | 661,000 | 88 |
| Telegraph. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | (1/) | 28,000 | 65 |

1/ Does not apply.

## CONCEPTS

## Industry Employment

Employment data for all except Federal Government refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. For Federal Government eatablishments, current data generally refer to persons who received pay for the last day of the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family vorkers, farm workers, and domestic workers in households. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; Federal military personnel are shown separately, but their number is excluded from total nonagricultural employment.

Persons on an establishment payroll who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), paid holiday, or paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period and are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period, are counted as emplinyed. Persons are not counted as employed who are laid off, on leave without pay, or on strike for the entire period, or who are hired but do not report to work during the period.

## Benchmark Adjustments

Employment estimates are periodically compared with complete counts of employment in the various industries defined as nonagricultural, and appropriate adjustments made as indicated by the total counts or benchmarks. The comparison made for the first 3 months of 1957, the last benchmark adjustment, reaulted in changes amounting to 0.5 percent of all nonagricultural employment, identical with the extent of the adjustment to the first quarter 1956 benchmark. The changes were less than 0.5 percent for three of the eight major industry divisions; under 2 percent for two other divisions; and 3.2, 3.3, and 6.4 percent for the remaining three divisions. The manufacturing total was changed by only 0.1 percent for the second successive year. Hithin manufacturing, the benchmark and eatimate differed by 1.0 percent or less in 39 of the 132 individual industries, 41 industries were adjusted by 1.1 to 2.5 percent, and an additional 27 industries differed by 2.6-5.0 percent. One significant cause of differences between the benchmark and eatimate is the change in industrial classification of individual firms, which is usually not reflected in BLS eatimates until they are adjusted to new benchmarks. Other causes are sampling and reaponse errors.

The basic sources of benchmark information are the quarterly tabulations of employment data, by industry, compiled by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations are prepared under Bureau of Employment Security direction. Supplementary tabulations prepared by the U.S. Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance are used for the group of establishments exempt from State unemployment insurance laws because of their
small aize. Benchmarks for industries wholly or partly excluded from the unemployment insurance lavs are derived from a variety of other sources.

The BLS estimates relating to the benchmark guarter (the first guarter of the year) are compared with the new benchmark levels, industry by industry. Where revisions are necessary, the monthly estimates are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one. The new benchmark for each industry is then projected to the current month by use of the sample trends. Under this procedure, the benchmerk is used to establish the level of employment while the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level.

## Seasonal Adjustment

Employment series for many industries reflect a regularly recurring seasonal movement which can be measured on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change in employment which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation, it is possible to clarify the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. Seasonally adjusted employment aggregates are published. These estimates are derived by the use of factors based on free-hand adjustments of 12 -month moving averages. Seasonal factors are available on request.

The new adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving average method presently used for the labor force and weekly hours series (see pages $3-E$ and $7-E$ ) will eventually be applied to the industry employment series. In order to avoid an interim revision, the shift to the new seasonal adjustment method for the latter series will be made at the time the series are converted to the 1957 Standard Industrial Classification in 1961.

## Industry Hours and Earnings

Hours and earninge data are derived from reports of payrolls and man-hours for production and related vorkers or nonsupervisory employees. These terms are defined below. When the pay period reported is longer than 1 veek, the figures are reduced to a weekly basis.

Production and Related Workers include vorking foremen and all nonsupervisory vorkers (including leadmen and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and recordkeeping and other aervices closely associated with the above production operations.

Nonsupervisory Employees include employees (not above the vorking supervisory level) such as office and clerical workere, repairmen, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, linemen, laborers, janitors, watchmen, and similar occupational levels, and other employees whose aervices are closely associated with those of the employees liated.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period), other pay not earned in pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay), and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded.

Man-Hours cover man-hours worked or paid for, during the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month, for production, construction, and nonsupervisory workers. The manhours include hours paid for holidays and vacationa, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime Hours cover premium overtime hours of production and related workers during the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Overtime hours are those for which premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or workweek. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if premium wage rates vere paid. Hours for which only shift differential, bazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiume were paid are excluded.

## Gross Average Hourly and Weekly Earninge

Average hourly earninge for manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries are on a "gross"!basis, reflecting not only changes in basic hourly and incentive vage rates, but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work, and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. Employment shifts between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments also affect the general earnings averages. Averages for groaps and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time, while rates are the amounts stipulatad for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series, however, does not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various velfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earisings for those employees not covered under the production-worker or nonsupervisoryemployee definitions.

Aross average weekly earninge are derived by multiplying average veekly houra by average hourly earninga. Therefore, veekly earnings are affected not only by changes in grose average hourly earnings, but also by changes in the length of the vorkweek, part-time vork, stoppages for varying causes, labor turnover, and absentaeis.

## Average Weekly Hours

The vorkreek information relaten to the average hours for which pay vas received, and it different from atandard or echeduled hours. Such factors as absenteeism, labor turnover part-tine vork, and stoppage cause average weekly hours to be lover than scheduled hours of vork for an eatablishment. Group average further reflect changes in the vorkreek of component induetries.

## Average Overtime Hourg

The overtime hours represent that portion of the gross average weekly hours which were in excess of regular hours and for which premium payments were made. If an employee vorks on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total cospensation his holiday pay plus traight-time pay for hours vorked that day, no overtime hours vould be reported.

Since overtime hour are premivi houra by definition, the gross weekiy hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, premiuns may be paid for hours in excess of the atraight-tine vorkday although less than a full week is vorked. Diverse trends on the induatry-group level may also be caued by a marked change in gross houre for a component industry vhere little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages, absenteeiam, and labor turnover my not have the game influence on overtime hours as on gross hours.

## Spendable Average Weekly Earninga

Spendable average weekly earnings in current dollars are obtained by deducting estineted Federal social security and income taxe from gross veekly earnings. The anount of income tax liability depends on the number of dependente supported by the worker, as well an the level of hin gross income. To reflect these variables, apendable earninge are computed for two types of incone receivers-a vorker with no dependente, and a vorker with three dependents. The computations are based on the gross average veekly earnings for all production and related vorkera in manufacturing, mining, or contract construction vithout regard to marital status, family composition, or total fanily income.
"Real" earnings are computed by dividing the current Consumer Price Inder into the earnings average for the current month. The resulting level of earnings expressed in 1947-49 dollars is thus adjusted for changes in purchasing pover aince the base period.

## Average Hourly Earnings Excluding Overtime

Average hourly earnings excluding premium overtime
pay are computed by dividing the total production-worker pay roll for the industry group by the sum of total productionworker man-hours and one-half of total overtine man-hours. Prior to January 1956, data were based on the application of adjustment factors to gross average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Review, May 1950, pp. 537-540). Both methods eliminate only the earnings due to overtime paid for at one and one-balf times the straight-time rates. No adjustment is made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than t1me and one-half.

## Indexes of Aggregate Weekly Payrolls and Man-Hours

The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls and man-hours are prepared by dividing the current nonth's aggregate by the monthly average for the 1947-49 period. The man-hour aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production-worker employment, and the payroll aggregates are the product of gross average weekly earnings and production-worker employment.

## Railroad Hours and Earnings

The figures for class I railroade (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly date aumarized in the M-300 report of the Interatate Conmerce Commisaion and relate to all employees who received pay during the month except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC Group I). Gross average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hour paid for. Average weekly hour are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a veekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Groes average weekly earninge are derived by multiplying average veekly hour by average hourly earnings.

## Seasonal adjustment

Seasonally adjusted average weekly hours for selected industries were introduced in the July 1960 issue of Fmployment and Earnings. The new adaptation of the standard ratio-tomoving average metbod used for the labor force series (see page 3-E) was also used to adjust the weekly hours data for seasonality.

## Labor Turnover

Labor turnover is the gross movement of wage and salary vorkers into and out of employment status vith reapect to individual establishmente. This movement, which relates to a calendar month, is divided into two broad types: Accessions (new hires and rehirea) and separations (terminations of employment initiated by either employer or employee). Each type of action is cumulated for a celendar month and expressed at a rate per 100 employees. The data relate to all employees, whether full- or part-time, permanent or temporary, including executive, office, sales, other salaried personnel, and production vorkers. Tranafers to another establiahment of the company are included beginning with January 1959.

Separations are terminations of employsent during the calendar month and are classified according to cause: quita, layoffs, and other separations, as defined below.

Quits are terminations of employment initiated by employees, fallure to report after being hired, and unauthorized
absences, if on the last day of the month the person has been absent more than 7 consecutive calendar days.

Layoffs are suspensions without pay lasting or expected to lat more than 7 consecutive calendar days, initiated by the employer without prejudice to the vorker.

Other separations, vhich are not published separately but are included in total separations, are terminations or employment because of diecharge, permanent diaability, death, retirement, transfers to another establishment of the company, and entrance into the Armed Forces expected to last more than 30 consecutive calendar days.

Accesalons are the total number of permanent and temporary additions to the employment roll including both nev and rehired employees.

Few hires are temporary or permanent additions to the employment roll of former employees not recalled by the employer, or persons tho have never before been employed in the eatablishment, except for those tranaferred from other establishwents of the company.

Other accessions, which are not published separately but are included in total accessions, are all additions to the employment roll which are not clasaified as new hires.

## Comparability With Employment Series

Month-to-month changes in total employment in manufacturing industries reflccted by labor turnover rates are not comparable uith the changes shown in the Bureau's employnent series for the following reasons: (1) Accessions and separations are computed for the entire calendar month; the employment reports refer to the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month; (2) the turnover sample excludes certain industries (see Coverage, p. 5-E); (3) plante on trike are not included in the turnover computations beginning with the month the atrike starts through the month the vorkers return; the influence of such stoppages is reflected, however, in the employment figures.

## STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover data are collected and prepared by state agencies in cooperation rith BLS. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the state agencies listed on the inside back cover. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS for preparing national estimates. For enployment, the sum of the state figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals because of differences in the timing of benchmark adjustments, slightly varying methods of computation, and, since January 1959, a different classification syatem. (See Industrial Classification, p. 5-E.)

Por Alaska and Havaii, satisfactory employment estimates cannot be derived by subtracting the U.S. totals without Alaska and Hawaif fron the totals including the 2 new States.

## ESTIMATING METHODS

The procedures used for eatimating industry employment, hours, earning and labor turnover statistics are summarized in the following table. Details are given in the appropriate technical notes, which are available on request.

Summary of Methods for Computing Industry Statistics
on Employment, Hours, Earnings, and Labor Turnover

| Iter | Individual mamufacturing and nonmanufacturing inductries | Total nonagricultural divisions, Enor groups, and groups |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monthly Data |  |
| All employees | All-employee antinate for previous month Eultiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all enployees in previous month, for eample establishmenta which reported for both months. | Sum of all-enployee estinaten for component induttries. |
| Production or noneupervisory workers; Women employees | All-employee entinate for current month maltiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in cample establishments for current month, (2) ratio of women to all employees. | Sum of production- or nonsupervisory-vorker estimates, or wowen estimates, for component industrien. |
| Gross average weekly hours | Production- or nonsupervisory-worker man-hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers. | Average, veighted by production- or nonsupervisory-vorker employent, of the average weekly hours for component industries. |
| Average veekly overtime houre | Production-worker overtime Ean-hour: divided by number of production workers. | Average, veighted by production-worker employment, of the average weekiy overtime hour for component industries. |
| Grome average hourly earainge | Total production- or nonsupervisory-worker payroll divided by total production- or nontupervisory-worker man-hours. | Average, veighted by aegregate man-hours, of the average hourly earninge for comporent industries. |
| Grome average weekly earnings | Product of grose average veekly houre and average hourly earninte. | Product of groas averege veekly houre and everage hourly earninge. |
| Lebor turnover ratee (total, men, and women) | The number of particular actions (e.g., quite) in reporting firme divided by total employment in thote firms. The reault is maltiplied by 100 . For men (or women), the muber of men (women) who quit is divided by the total number of men (women) employed. | Average, veighted by employment, of the ratea for component industries. |
|  | Annual Average Data |  |
| All employees and production or nonsuperyisory workers | Sum of monthly eatimates divided by 12. | Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12. |
| Grons average weekly houra | Annual total of aggregate man-houra (produc-tion- or nonsupervisory-worker enployment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment. | Average, veifhted by production- or nonsupervi年ory-vorker enployment, of the anmual averagen of veekly hours for component industries. |
| Average weekly overtim houre | Ahnual total of aggregate overtime man-houre (production-worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by anmual sum of employment. | Average, weighted by production-worker employment, of the annual averages of veekly overtime hours for component industries. |
| Grose average hourly earninge | Annual total of aggregate payralee (productionor nonsupervisory-worker employment multiplied by weekiy earninge) divided by annual aggregate men-hours. | Average, weighted by aggregate man-hours, of the annual everages of hourly earninge for component industries. |
| Groses average veekly earninga | Product of grose average weekly houre and average hourly earninge. | Product of gross average veakly hours and average hourly earnings. |
| Lebor turnover rates | Sum of monthly rates divided by 12. | Sum of monthly rates divided by 12. |

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABDR

## Bureau of Labor Statistics

## COOPERATING STATE AGENCIES <br> Employment and Labor Turnover Statistics Programs

ALABAMA
ALASKA
ARIZONA
ARKANSAS
CALIFORNLA

COLORADO*
CONNECTICUT
DELAWARE
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
FLORIDA
georgia
IDAHO
ILLINOIS*
INDIANA
IOWA
KANSAS
KENTUCKY
LOUISLANA
MAINE
MARYLAND
MASSACHUSETTS

## MICHIGAN*

MINNESOTA
MISSISSIPPI
MISSOURI
MONTANA
NEBRASKA
NEVADA
NEW HAMPSHIRE
NEW JERSEY*
NEW MEXICO
NEW YORK
NORTH CAROLINA
NORTH DAKOTA
OHIO *
OKLAHOMA
OREGON
PENNSYLVANLA*
RHODE ISLAND
SOUTH CAROLINA
SOUTH DAKOTA
TENNESSEE
TEXAS
UTAH*
VERMONT
VIRGINIA
W ASHINGTON
WEST VIRGINIA
WISCONSIN*
WYOMING*
-Department of Industrial Relations, Montgomery 4.
-Employment Security Division, Department of Labor, Juneau.
-Unemployment Compensation Division, Employment Security Commission, Phoenix.
-Employment Security Division, Department of Labor, Little Rock.
-Division of Labor Statistics and Research, Department of Industrial Relations, San Francisco 1 (Employment). Research and Statistics, Department of Employment, Sacramento 14 (Turnover).
-U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Denver 2.
-Employment Security Division, Department of Labor, Hartford 15.
-Unemployment Compensation Commis sion, Wilmington 99.
-U. S. Employment Service for D. C., Washington 25 .
-Industrial Commission, Tallahassee.
-Employment Security Agency, Department of Labor, Atlanta 3.
-Employment Security Agency, Boise.
-Division of Unemployment Compensation and State Employment Service, Department of Labor, Chicago 6.
-Employment Security Division, Indianapolis 4.
-Employment Security Commission, Des Moines 8.
-Employment Security Division, Department of Labor, Topeka.

- Bureau of Employment Security, Department of Economic Security, Frankfort.
-Division of Employment Security, Department of Labor, Baton Rouge 4.
- Employment Security Commission, Augusta.
-Department of Employment Security, Baltimore 1.
-Division of Statistics, Department of Labor and Industries, Boston 16 (Employment). Research and Statistics, Division of Employment Security, Boston 15 (Turnover).
-Employment Security Commission, Detroit 2.
-Department of Employment Security, St. Paul 1.
-Employment Security Commission, Jackson.
-Division of Employment Security, Jefferson City.
- Unemployment Compensation Commission, Helena.
-Division of Employment Security, Department of Labor, Lincoln 1.
-Employment Security Department, Carson City.
-Department of Employment Security, Concord.
- Bureau of Statistics and Records, Department of Labor and Industry, Trenton 25.
-Employment Security Commission, Albuquerque.
- Bureau of Research and Statistics, Division of Employment, State Department of Labor 500 Eighth Avenue, New York 18.
-Division of Statistics, Department of Labor, Raleigh (Employment). Bureau of Research and Statistics, Employment Security Commission, Raleigh (Turnover).
-Unemployment Compensation Division, Workmen's Compensation Bureau, Bismarck.
-Division of Research and Statistics, Bureau of Unemployment Compensation, Columbus 16.
- Emplovment Security Commission, Oklahoma City 2.
-Department of Employment, Salem.
- Bureau of Employment Security, Department of Labor and Industry, Harrisburg.
-Division of Statistics and Census, Department of Labor, Providence 3 (Employment). Department of Employment Security, Providence 3 (Turnover).
-Employment Security Commission, Columbia 1.
-Employment Security Department, Aberdeen.
- Department of Employment Security, Nashville 3.
- Employment Commission, Austin 1.
-Department of Employment Security, Industrial Commission, Salt Lake City 10.
-Unemployment Compensation Commission, Montpelier.
-Division of Research and Statistics, Department of Labor and Industry, Richmond 14 (Employment). Employment Commission, Richmond 11 (Turnover).
-Employment Security Department, Olympia.
- Department of Employment Security, Charleston 5.
- Unemployment Compensation Department, Industrial Commission, Madison 1.
-Employment Security Commission, Casper.
*Employment statistics program only.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ See footnote 1, table A-1. 'See footnote 3, table A-1. ${ }^{3}$ See footnote 4, table A-1.

[^1]:    NOTE: Data fnclude Alaska and Hawail beginning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Percent of labor force in each group who were unemployed. 2includes self-employed, unpaid family workers, and persons with no

[^3]:    1 Data relate to the United States without Alaska and Hawail.
    2 Data for this line and 1960 forward relate to the United States including Alaska and Hawaii.
    3 Preliminary.
    NOIE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

[^4]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Combined with construction.
    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ Combined with service.
    ${ }_{4}$ Hot available.
    ${ }^{4}$ Federal employment in the Maryland and Virginia sectors of the District of Columbia metropolitan area is included in data for District of Columbia.

    NOIE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
    SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on Inside back cover.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.
    ${ }^{2}$ Not available as average overtime rates are significantly above time and one-half. Inclusion of data for the group in the nondurable-goods total has little effect.

    NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Excludes canning and preserving.
    2 Not available.
    ${ }_{4}$ Excludes agricultural chemicals and miscellaneous manufacturing.
    ${ }_{5}$ Excludes canning and preserving, and sugar.
    ${ }_{5} 5$ Excludes canning and preserving, and newspapers.
    ${ }^{6}$ Excludes instruments and related products.
    7 Excludes printing and publishing.
    ${ }_{9}{ }_{9}$ Excludes new-hire rate for transportation.
    ${ }_{10}{ }^{9}$ Excludes tobacco stemming and redrying.
    ${ }^{10}$ Excludes canning and preserving, sugar, and tobacco.
    HONE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
    SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

[^8]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^9]:    See footnotes at end of table

[^10]:    ${ }_{2}^{1}$ Combined with construction.
    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ Combined with service.
    ${ }_{4}^{3}$ Not comparable with data for subsequent years.
    ${ }^{4}$ Federal employment in the Maryland and Virginia sectors of the District of Columbia metropolitan area is included in data for District of Columbia.

    SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

[^11]:    ${ }^{1}$ Beginning with January 1959, transfers between establishments of the same firm are included in total accessions and total separations, therefore rates for these items are not strictly comparable with prior data. Transfers comprise part of other accessions and other separations, the rates for which are not shown separately.
    ${ }^{2}$ Excludes canning and preserving.
    ${ }^{3}$ Hot available.
    ${ }^{4}$ Data for 1958 not strictly comparable with series for later years because of change in area definition.
    ${ }^{5}$ Excludes agricultural chemicals and miscelleneous manufacturing.
    ${ }^{6}$ Excludes canning and preserving, and sugar.
    ${ }^{7}$ Excludes canning and preserving, and newspapers.
    ${ }^{8}$ Excludes instruments and related products.
    ${ }^{9}$ Excludes printing and publishing.
    ${ }^{20}$ Excludes printing and publishing.
    ${ }_{12}$ Excludes tobacco stemming and redrying.
    ${ }^{12}$ Excludes canning and preserving, sugar, and tobacco.
    SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

