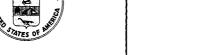
# **EMPLOYMENT**

# and EARNINGS





Vol. 7 No. 2

August 1960

Page

Data formerly published by the Bureau of the Census in The Monthly Report on the Labor Force (Series P-57) are shown in Section A.

#### NEW AREA SERIES ...

The employment series for Erie and York, Pennsylvania, formerly limited to manufacturing, now cover all nonagricultural industry divisions, as shown in table B-8.

Manufacturing labor turnover rates for Chattanooga, Tennessee, are now included in table D-4.

# DIVISION OF MANPOWER AND EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS Harold Goldstein, Chief

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# **EMPLOYMENT** and EARNINGS

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# Including THE MONTHLY REPORT ON THE LABOR FORCE

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**National Data** 

**National Data** 

State and Area Data

State and Area Data

National Data

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# EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT HIGHLIGHTS July 1960

#### THE MONTHLY REPORT ON THE LABOR FORCE: JULY 1960

Changes in employment and unemployment were on the whole seasonal between June and July. However, employment in construction picked up more than seasonally and there were continued job cutbacks in the steel industry.

Unemployment dropped by 400,000 over the month to 4.0 million in July. The reduction was about usual for this period and the seasonally adjusted rate of unemployment of 5.4 percent was not significantly different from the 5.5-percent rate of the month before. Unemployment among teenagers dropped sharply as many of the youngsters who sought work in June found jobs by July. Unemployment among adults, however, rose moderately for the second month with job cuts in durable goods industries, mainly autos and steel. State insured unemployment, which does not include new entrants into the job market, rose by nearly 150,000 from mid-June to 1.7 million in mid-July. This increase was somewhat more than seasonal.

The number of persons unemployed 15 weeks or longer was unchanged over the month at 800,000 and was about the same as a year ago.

Total employment, at 68.7 million, continued at a record high, but was not substantially changed from June. Total nonagricultural employment, including the self-employed, domestics, and unpaid family workers, was 61.8 million in July, also approximately the same as a month earlier. At the same time, the number of workers on nonfarm payrolls dropped by 365,000 over the month to 53.2 million largely as a result of vacation-taking by workers who did not receive pay for the period and were therefore not included in the payroll count. (The figure on total nonagricultural employment based on the household survey includes workers on vacation from a job whether or not they are paid.)

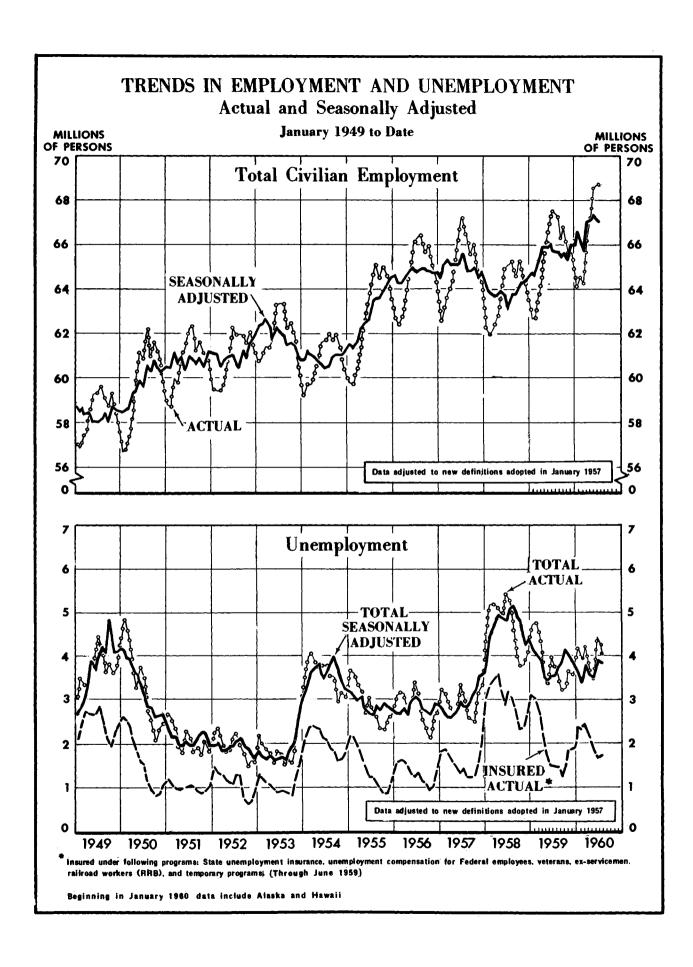
#### Nonfarm Payroll Employment

The July decline in nonfarm payroll employment was about usual for this time of year, although there were contrasting developments in several industries. Employment in the construction industry rose by 120,000 over the month, a comparatively large June to July increase. On the other hand, durable goods industries reported a drop of 170,000 jobs.

There was a cutback of 40,000 workers in the primary metals industry—the fifth successive monthly decline. The contraction in steel operations also brought job reductions in some other industries. Mining employment dropped more than seasonally as some coal mines which observed their customary vacation closedown around the end of June did not reopen in mid-July for lack of demand from steel mills. In addition, transportation employment (both in railroads and in trucking) dropped off by 25,000 partly as a result of these developments.

Automobile employment also fell in July, in part because manufacturers started to trim auto inventories in anticipation of an early model changeover. In addition, operations at some plants were hindered by material shortages resulting from a strike at a supplier plant.

Declines in a number of manufacturing industries reflected vacation-taking without pay by some workers. However, chiefly because of the developments in steel and autos, the 160,000 reduction in all factory jobs between June and July to 16.3 million was greater than usual.



Other employment changes were mainly connected with the season. The largest change, a drop of 270,000 government employees, was due mainly to the reduction in school system employment during the summer recess.

Over the year, employment was up in State and local governments (300,000), wholesale and retail trade (260,000), service (120,000), and finance (50,000). Manufacturing employment, however, was down by 160,000 (mainly in steel and aircraft); mining, and transportation and public utilities were down by 50,000 and 20,000 respectively.

## Factory Hours and Earnings

The factory workweek dipped by 0.2 hours to 39.8 hours in July. The decline was about normal for this period, and the seasonally adjusted level consequently showed no change. (See table C-5.) The transportation equipment industry reported one of the larger declines (0.6 hours), the result of a drop in auto production. An increase of 0.3 hours in the primary metals industry did not reflect a longer workweek, since many workers previously on short time were on vacations and were paid for 40 hours.

As a result of the decline in the factory workweek, earnings of production workers edged off by 46 cents over the month to \$91.14 per week. Hourly earnings remained unchanged at \$2.29.

Weekly earnings were \$1.49 higher than a year ago, reflecting a 6-cent rise in hourly earnings over the year. The workweek, however, was 0.4 hours less.

#### Total Labor Force

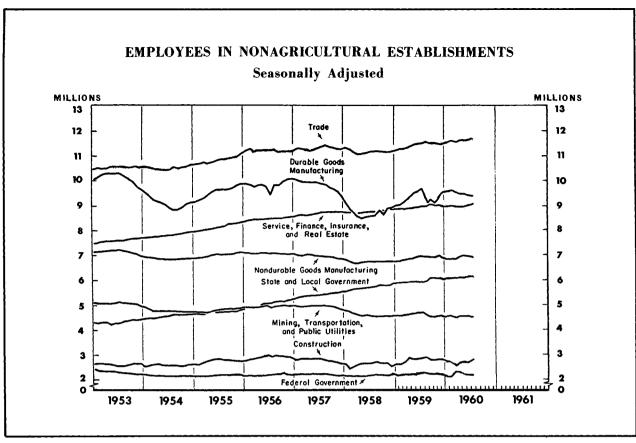
The total labor force, including the Armed Forces as well as all civilian workers, dipped by 300,000 over the month to 75.2 million in July. All of the reduction occurred among adult women, a group which usually declines slightly at this time of year when teachers leave the labor force for the summer. (Only those with contracts to return to work in the fall are counted as employed.) In most years, there are also reductions among women in the farm work force in July, but farm operations have been delayed this year because of bad weather in early spring.

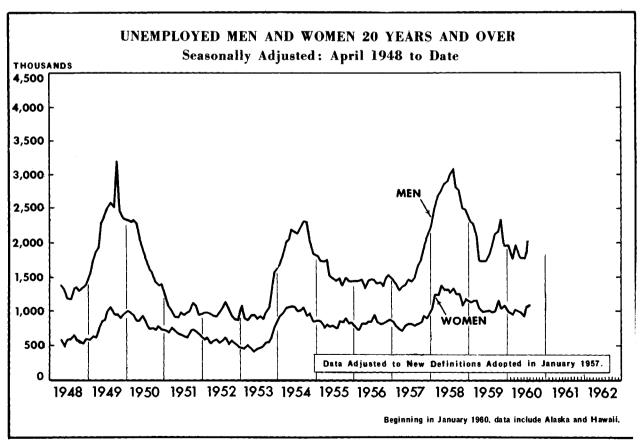
The number of teenagers in the labor force (8-1/4 million) was virtually unchanged over the month, in contrast to a seasonally expected increase of about 400,000. This year, partly because of the lateness of the June survey week, much of the labor force increase expected among school-age youngsters in July had already been reflected in the June figures.

For the last 4 months, the labor force has shown an average growth of about 1 million from the corresponding 1959 levels. (This comparison allows for the inclusion of Alaska and Hawaii in this year's figures.) During 1960, this growth has been rather uneven, and in the 1st quarter the gain from 1959 averaged only about 300,000.

## Total and part-time employment

Total employment was virtually unchanged over the month at 68.7 million, after reaching an all-time record level in June. Both farm and non-farm employment were about stable at 6.9 million and 61.8 million respectively. About 600,000 additional teenagers were employed in nonfarm jobs in July. At the same time, there was a reduction of an almost equal number of adult workers--mostly school employees but also some men from hard goods manufacturing industries.





Nonfarm employment continued at an all-time record in July, 800,000 above a year earlier. All of the growth over the year was recorded among women. Farm employment was as high as a year ago, but there had been a further drop of about 200,000 in the number of farm self-employed.

As usual, the number of nonfarm employees on vacation reached a peak in July, rising by more than 3 million over the month to about 5-1/2 million. The great majority of these workers—over 80 percent—were paid by their employers for all or part of the time off. The proportion on paid vacations was about the same as in July 1959. Altogether, there were about 1 million employees on unpaid vacations in July, up sharply from June, but only slightly higher than in July 1959.

The number of regular full-time workers on part time because of slack work and other economic factors (including the start of new jobs during the survey week) was 1.1 million in July as compared with 1.4 million in June and 900,000 a year ago. Since April, this total on reduced workweeks because of economic reasons has averaged higher than in 1959; most of the increase has been among factory workers. In the spring and early summer of 1959, when durable goods production was being accelerated in anticipation of the steel strike, there was less part time and more overtime.

#### Characteristics of the Unemployed

Duration of Unemployment. The number unemployed less than 5 weeks (representing new spells of unemployment) fell sharply in July, dropping by 800,000 from its unusually high June level to 1.9 million. After allowance for seasonal changes, the number of short-term unemployed was about the same in July as in May and in most other months this year.

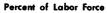
On the other hand, the number unemployed 5 to 10 weeks rose by 350,000 in July. This increase was greater than usual, reflecting the especially large influx of new jobseekers in June and the inability of some to find jobs within a month. Long-term unemployment (15 weeks and over) remained unchanged over the month at 800,000, and was about the same as a year ago.

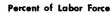
Age, Sex, and Marital Status. Unemployment among teenagers fell sharply by 550,000 to 1.0 million, following the abnormally large increase in June. These young persons accounted for one-third of the unemployed in June but only one-tourth in July. Teenagers entering the labor force this summer appear to be finding jobs at about the same rate as a year ago. About 13 percent of those in the labor market were unemployed in July 1960, the same proportion as in July 1959.

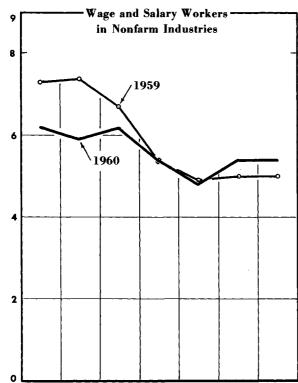
On a seasonally adjusted basis, the number of unemployed teenagers in July was slightly below the number in May before their unusually large influx into the labor market began. On the other hand, the number of unemployed men and women 20 and over has risen moderately over the last 2 months whereas little change is normally expected for this time of year. (See chart on page vi.) As in June, the unemployment rate among married men was slightly higher than a year earlier.

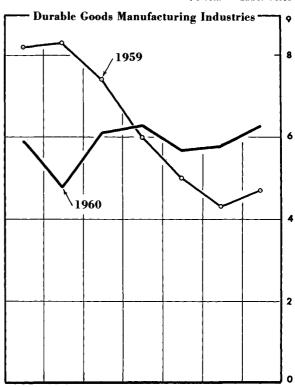
# **UNEMPLOYMENT RATES**

JANUARY-JULY 1959 AND 1960



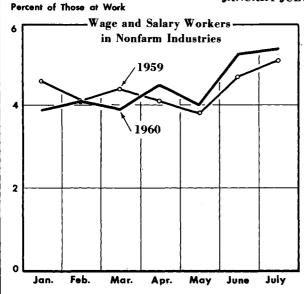


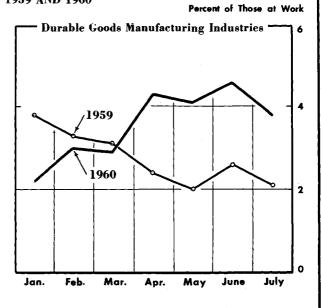




# PART-TIME EMPLOYMENT FOR ECONOMIC REASONS

JANUARY-JULY 1959 AND 1960





Note: Nationwide steel strike began in the middle of the July 1959 survey week.

#### Unemployment among Married Men

Month		Number ousands)	: Rate : (Percent of married : in labor force)					
	1960	: 1959	1960	: 1959				
January	1,540	1,899	4.3	<b>5.</b> 3				
February	1,440	1,936	4,0	5 <b>.4</b>				
March	1,612	1,665	4.5	4.7				
April	1, 271	1,213	3.5	3. <b>4</b>				
May	1, 108	1,058	3.1	3.0				
June	1, 104	958	3. 1	2.7				
July	1, 182	1,055	3.3	2.9				

NOTE: Nationwide steel strike began on July 15, 1959.

Industry Attachment of Last Job. Most of the 400,000 drop in unemployment occurred among young job-seekers with no previous work experience. These new workers number 650,000 among the unemployed in July, as compared with 1 million a month ago. Unemployment also declined among young workers whose previous job experience was in trade or service. At the same time, the number of unemployed factory workers edged up over the month, largely as a result of cutbacks in steel and autos.

Unemployed new workers totaled about the same as a year earlier. The unemployment rate was slightly higher than a year earlier among experienced workers, but was substantially higher for hard-goods manufacturing workers. Within that sector, the unemployment rate in the primary metals industry was twice as high as a year ago, after having doubled over the last 2 months.

# Table A-1: Employment status of the minustitutional population 1929 to date

(Thousands of persons 14 years of age and over)

	····	(T	housands o	f persons	14 years o						
		Total labor		<del></del>	,	Civili	an labor fo	rce			
	Total	cluding Arm	Percent		<b> </b>	Employed	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>	Inemployed	ent of	1
	noninsti-	Į.	of		1	1	Nonagri-	l l	4	force	Not in
Year and month	tutional	Ì	noninsti-	Total	1	Agri-	cultural	j	Not	1	labor
	popula-	Number	tutional	1 -01-2	Total	culture	indus-	Number	season-	Season-	force
	tion1	1	popula-	{			tries	l	ally	ally	1
		1	tion	}	i	1	}	İ	adjusted	adjusted	ł
	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	1		·	<u> </u>			ļ	·	
1929	(2)	49,440	(2)	49,180	47,630	10,450	37,180	1,550	3.2	۱ -	(2)
1930	(2)	50.080	(2)	49,820	45,480	10.340	35.140	4,340	8.7	-	(2)
1931	(2)	50,680	(2) (2)	50,420	42,400	10,290	32,110	8.020	15.9	-	(2)
1931 1932	(2)	51,250	(2)	51,000	38,940	10,170	32,110 28,770	12,060	23.6	_	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)
1933	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	51,840	(2)	51,590	38,760	10,090	28,670	12,830	24.9	-	(2)
	1		1		1	Ì	1			1	/
1934	(2) (2)	52,490	(2) (2)	52,230	40,890	9,900	30,990	11,340	21.7	-	(2)
1935	(2)	53,140	(2)	52,870	42,260	10,110	32,150	10,610	20.1	! -	(2) (2)
1936 1937 1938	(2)	53,740	(2) (2) (2)	53,440	44,410 46,300	10,000	34,410 36,480	9,030 7,700	16.9	-	(2)
1937	(2)	54,320	(2)	54,000	46,300	9,820	36,480	7,700	14.3	-	(2) (2)
1938	(2)	54,950	(2)	54,610	44,220	9,690	34,530	10,390	19.0	-	(2)
1939	(2)	55,600	(2)	55 230	45,750	9,610	36,140	9,480	17.2	_	(2)
1940	100,380	56,180	(2) 56.0 56.7	55,230 55,640	47,520	9,540	37,980	8 120	14.6	-	44,200
1041	101,520	57.530	56.7	55,910	50,350	9,100	41,250	5,560	9.9	_	43,990
1942	102,610	60,380	58.8	55,910 56,410	53.750	9,250	44,500	2,660	4.7		42,230
1941 1942 1943	103,660	64,560	62.3	55,540	53,750 54,470	9,080	45,390	1,070	1.9		39,100
						l		•			
1944	104,630	66,040	63.1	54,630	53,960	8,950	45,010	670	1.2	-	38,590
1945	105,520	65,290	61.9	53,860	52,820	8.580	44,240	1,040	1.9	-	40,230
1945. 1946. 1947. 1948.	106,520	60,970	57.2	57,520 60,168	55,250 57,812	8,320	46,930	2,270	3.9	-	45,550
1947	107,608	61,758	57.4	60,168	57,812	8,256	49,557	2,356	3.9	-	45,850
1948	108,632	62,898	57•9	61,442	59,117	7,960	51,156	2,325	3.8	-	45,733
1949	109,773	63,721	58.0	62,105	58,423	8 017	50,406	3,682	5.9	]	46,051
1950	110,929	64,749	58.4	63,099	59,748	8,017 7,497	52 251	3,351	5.3	_	46,181
1951	112,075	65,983	58.9	62,884	60,784	7,048	52,251 53,736	2,099	3.3	-	46,092
1952	113,270	66,560	58.8	62,966	61,035	6,792	54,243	1,932	3.1	_	46,710
1950	115,094	67,362	58.5	63,815	61,945	6,555	55,390	1,870	2.9	-	47,732
			í								
1954	116,219	67,818 68,896	58.4	64,468	60,890	6,495	54,395	3,578	5.6	- 1	48,401
1955	117,388	68,896	58.7	65,848	62,944	6,718	56,225	2,904	4.4	- 1	48,492
1956	118,734	70,387	59.3 58.7	67,530	64,708	6,572	58,135	2,822	4.2	- 1	48,348
1955	120,445	70,744	50.7	67,946	65,011	6,222	58,789	2,936	4.3	- 1	49,699
1950	121,950	71,284	58.5	68,647	63,966	5,844	58,122	4,681	6.8	-	50,666
1959	123,366	71,946	58.3	69,394	65,581	5,836	59,745	3,813	5.5	-	51,420
1959: July	123,422	73,875	59.9	71.338	67.59h	6,825	60,769	3,714	5.2	5.1	49,547
August	123,549	73,875 73,204	EO 3 1	71,338 70,667 69,577	67,594 67,241	6,357 6,242	60,884	3,426	4.8	5.4	50,345
September	123,659	72,109	58.3	69,577	66.3/17	6,242	60.105 i	3.230	4.6	5.6	51,550
October	123,785	72,629	58.7	70.103	66,831	6.124	60,707	3,272	4.7	6.0	51,155
November	123,908	71,839	58.0	69,310 69,276	66,831 65,640 65,699	5,601	60,040	3,670	5.3	5.9	52,068
December	124,034	71,808	57.9	69,276	65,699	4,811	60,888	3,577	5.2	5.5	52,225
1960: 4 January	124,606	70,689	56.7	68,168	64,020	4,611	59,409	1, 11.0	6.7	۱ ۲	£3 03.5
February	124,716	70.970	56.7 56.9	68,449	64,520	4,619	59,409	4,149 3,931	6.1 5.7	5.2 4.8	53,917 53,746
March	124,839	70,993	56.9	68,473	61267	4,565	59,702	Ji 206	6.1	5.4	53,740 53,845
April	124,917	72,331	57.9	69,819	66,159	5,393	60,765	3,660	5.2	5.0	52,045
May	125,033	73,171	57.9 58.5	70,667	67,208	5,393 5,837	61,371	3,459	4.9	1.0	52,587 51,862
June	125,162	73,1 <b>71</b> 75,499	60.3	73,002	68,579	6,856	61,371 61,722	4,423	6.1	4.9 5.5	49,663
July	125,288	75,215	60.0	72,706	68,689	6,885	61,805	4,017	5.5	5.4	50,074
}											
1	1	1	1	ſ							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data for 1947-56 adjusted to reflect changes in the definition of employment and unemployment adopted in January 1957. Two iroups averaging about one-quarter million workers which were formerly classified as employed (with a job but not at work)—those on emporary layoff and those waiting to start new wage and salary jobs within 30 days—were assigned to different classifications, ostly to the unemployed. Data by sex, shown in table A-2, were adjusted for the years 1948-56.

<sup>2</sup>Not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Beginning 1953, labor force and employment figures are not strictly comparable with previous years as a result of the introduction of material from the 1950 Census into the estimating procedure. Population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, otal employment, and agricultural employment by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for total and males. Other categories were relatively unaffected.

<sup>4</sup>Data for 1960 include-Alaska and Hawaii and are therefore not strictly comparable with previous years. This inclusion nas re-

<sup>\*</sup>Data for 1960 include Alaska and Hawaii and are therefore not strictly comparable with previous years. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of about half a million in the noninstitutional population 14 years of age and over, and about 300,000 in the abor force, four-fifths of this in nonagricultural employment. The levels of other labor force categories were not appreciably changed.

Table A-2: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, by sex

				housands of	persons 1	4 years o						
		m-+-1	Total labor cluding Arm				Civili Employed <sup>1</sup>	an labor fo		nemployed	r	
		Total noninsti-	1-2-2-2-2-2-11-	Percent			B. Project				nt of	Not in
Sex.	ear, and month	tutional	İ	of				Nonagri-	ł		force	labor
		popula-	Number	noninsti-	Total	Total	Agri-	cultural	Number	Not	Season-	force
		tion		tutional popula-	i		culture	indus- tries		season- ally	ally	
				tion				Ulles		adjusted	adjusted	
	MALE											
		_							İ	İ		0.4
1940		50,080	42,020	83.9	41,480	35,550	8,450	27,100	5,930	14.3	-	8,060 5,310
1944		51,980 53,085	46,670 44,844	89.8 84.5	35,460 43,272	35,110 41,677	7,020 6,953	28,090 3 <sup>1</sup> 4,725	350 1,595	1.0 3.7	<u>-</u>	8,242
1048		53,513	45,300	84.7	43,858	42,268	6,623	35.645	1,590	3.6	_	8,213
1949		51,028	45,674	84.5	I 44.075 I	41,473	6,629	34,844	2.602	5.9	_	8,354
1950		54,526	46,069	84.5	44,442	112,162	6,271	35,891	2,280	5.1	-	8,457
1951		54,996	46,674	84.9	43,612	112,362	5,791	36,571	1,250	2.9	-	8,322
1952.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	55,503	47,001 47,692	84.7 84.4	43,454 44,194	42,237 42,966	5,623 5,496	36,614 37,470	1,217	2.8	_	8,502 8,640
1955		56,534 57,016	47,847	83.9	44,537	42,165	5,429	36,736	2,372	5.3	_	9,169
1955		57,484	48,054	83.6	45,041	43,152	5,479	37,673	1,889	4.2	-	9,430
1956		58,044	48,579	83.7	45,756	կ3,999	5,268	38,731	1,757	3.8	-	9,465
1957	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	58,813	48,649	82.7 82.1	45,882 46,197	43,990 43,042	5,037 4,802	38,952 38,240	1,893 3,155	4.1 6.8		10,164 10,677
		59,478 60,100	48,802 49,081	81.7	46,562	44.089	4,749	39,340	2,473	5.3		11,019
1909	•••••	00,100	45,001	01.1	40,702			ا مهرورز	2,417	] "	_	
1959:	July	60,128	50,684	84.3	48,179	45,863 45,587	5,369 5,050	40,493	2,315	4.8	4.9	9,444
	August	60,186	50,230	83.5	47,725	45,587	5,050	40,537	2,138	4.5 4.3	5.3 5.6	9,956 11,113
	September	60,222 60,278	49,110 49,045	81.5 81.4	46,610 46,551	կկ, 588 կկ, 5կկ	4,824 4,782	39,764 39,762	2,022	4.3	5.8	11,233
	November	60,333	1,8,729	80.8	46,232	L3.863	4,526	39,337	2,370	5.í	6.0	11,604
	December	60,389	48,778	80.8	46,278	43,873	4,128	39,744	2,405	5.2	5.2	11,612
1960:3	Jamu <b>ary</b>	60,664	48,412	79.8	145,923	43,103	3,995	39,108	2,821	6.1	5.1	12,251
_,	February	60,710	48,487	79.9	45,999	43,328	4,009	39,319	2,672	5.8	4.6	12,223
	March	60,763	48,445	79-7	45,958	43,048	4,010	39,038	2,910	6.3	5.3	12,319
	April	60,790	49,060	80.7	46,580 46,865	9را1, بلبا 681, بلبا	4,575	39,574 39,932	2,431 2,184	5.2 4.7	4.8 4.8	11,730
	May	60,842 60,900	49,337 50,949	83.7	48,484	45,788	5,325	40,462	2,696	5.6	5.2	9,951
	July	60,956	50,998	83.7	48,521	46,017	5,399	40,617	2,504	5.2	5.3	9,958
	FEMALE		1									
									}	1		
		50,300	14,160	28.2	14,160	11,970	1,090	10,880	2,190	15.5	-	36,140
1944		52,650 54,523	19,370 16,915	36.8 31.0	19,170 16,896	18,850 16,349	1,930 1,314	16,920 15,036	320 547	1.7 3.2		33,280 37,608
1948		55,118	17,599	31.9	17,583	16,848	1,338	15,510	735	4.1		37,520
1949		55,745 56,404	18,048	32.4	18,030	16.947	1,386	15,561	1,083	6.0	-	37,697
1950		56,404	18,680	33.1	18,657	17,584 18,421	1,226	15,358	1,073	5.8	-	37,724
1952		57,078 57,766	19,309 19,558	33.8	19 <b>,27</b> 2 19,513	18,798	1,257	17,164 17,628	851 715	14.14	-	37,770 38,208
1953 ²		58,561	19,668	33.6	19,621	18,979	1,061	17,918	61,2	3.3	_	38,893
1954		59,203	19,971	33.7	19,931	18,724	1,067	17,657	1,207	6.1	-	39.232
1955		59,904 60,690	20,842	34.8	20,806	19,790	1,239	18,551	1,016		] -	39,062
1957		61,632	21,808 22,097	35.9 35.9	21,774 22,064	20,707 21,021	1,306 1,184	19,161 19,837	1,067 1,043	4.9	:	38,883 39,535
1958		52,472	22,482	35.9 36.0	22,451	20,924	1,042	19,882	1,526	6.8	_	39,990
	•••••	63,265	22,865	36.1	22,832	21,492	1,087	20,405	1,340		-	40,401
1959:	July	63,294	23,191	36.6	23,159	21,731	1,455	20,276	1,429	6.2	5.6	40,102
	August	63.363	22.97)	36.3	22,912	21,654	1,307	20,347	1,288	5.6 5.3 5.4	5.6 5.7 5.6	40,389
	September	63,437	22,999	36.3	22,967	21,759	1,418	20,341	1,209	5.3	5.6	40,437
	October	63,506	23,584	37.1	23,552	22,287	1,343	20,945	1,265	5.6	6.4 5.8	39,922 40,464
	November December	63,574 63,644	23,110 23,030	36.4 36.2	23,078 22,998	21,777 21,826	1,074 683	20,703 21,144	1,301 1,172	5.1	6.1	40,614
3060.3		1	1	1	1		675	1	1,328	6.0	i	41,665
1960;3	January	63,942 64,005	22,277 22,482	34.8 35.1	22,245 22,450	20,917 21,192	615	20,301	1.258	5.6	5.5 5.8 5.4	41.523
	March	64,074	22,548	35.2	22,516	21.219	555	[ 20,664	1,296	5.8	5.8	41,523 41,527
	April	64,128	23,271	36.3	23,239	22,010	819	21,191	1,229	5.3	5.4	40,857
	May	64,191	23,835	37.1	23,803	22,527	1,088	21,439	1,276	7.0	5.2 5.9	40,356 39,712
	June	64,262	24,550	38,2	24,518	22,791		21,260	1,727	ł		1
	July	64,333	24,217	37.6	24,185	22,672	1,485	21,187	1,513	6.3	5.6	40,116
		<u>L</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				],	1	<u></u> _	L

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See footnote 1, table A-1. <sup>2</sup>See footnote 3, table A-1. <sup>3</sup>See footnote 4, table A-1.

Table A-3: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, by age and sex

July 1960

(Thousands of persons 14 years of age and over)

25 to 29 years		<del></del>		isands of	persons 14				r)		Not In	1.6	e	
Age and sex					CIVI					<b> </b>	NOT IN	labor	orce	
Number   Number   tutional   turn		including A		ŀ	Percent of			Unei		Į.	}	]	Unabla	
Total 75.215 6.0.0 72.706 99.2 6,885 61,805 1,017 5.5 50,076 14,798 1,245 1,773 12,277 Male 20,298 83.7 48,521 83.0 5,399 40,617 5.5 50,076 14,798 1,245 1,773 12,277 11 to 17 years 1,044 37.3 1,044 37.3 388 594 592 8.6 1,756 3 1,89 1,89 1,105 270 14.6 997 - 159 10 82 10 to 24 years 1,044 37.3 1,044 37.3 388 594 592 8.6 1,017 597 - 159 10 82 10 to 24 years 1,044 37.3 1,89 1,89 1,89 10 and 17 years 1,044 37.3 1,89 1,89 10 and 17 years 1,044 37.3 1,89 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Age and sex	l		M	noninsti~	Agri-		[	•		Keeping	In	1	
Total		Number		Number	tutional			Number		TOTAL	house	school		Other
Total. 75,215 60.0 72,706 59.2 6,885 60.805 4,017 5.5 90,076 34,798 1,245 1,773 12,257  Male. 50,998 83.7 48,521 83.0 5,399 40,617 2,504 5.2 9,998 73 648 1,091 8,147  14 to 17 years. 2,921 51.5 2,874 51.1 842 1,669 362 12.6 2,753 3 307 19 2,425  14 and 15 years. 1,004 37.3 1,004 37.3 360 5,49 92 6.8 1,756 3 148 91 1,506  18 and 19 years. 7,499 92.0 6,193 90.5 694 4,180 667 11.1 80.2 1,669 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120					population				Labor	ľ	ł	ļ	WOLK	l
Male.   50,998   83.7   88,521   83.0   5,399   10,617   2,504   5.2   9,998   73   648   1,091   8,117   14 to 17 years   2,921   51.5   2,874   51.1   842   1,669   362   12.6   2,753   3   307   19   2,425   14 and 15 years   1,044   37.3   1,044   37.3   508   564   92   14.8   1,756   3   144   9   1,756   16 and 17 years   1,677   65.3   1,693   64.7   464   4,162   270   14.8   1,756   3   144   9   1,756   18 and 19 years   2,109   92.0   6,193   64.7   464   4,162   676   15.1   309   24   18 and 19 years   2,135   94.2   4,157   33.0   82.2   273   1,485   673   15.1   309   24   18 to 24 years   10,920   97.6   10,296   97.5   659   9,071   477   4.7   263   7   62   55   19   25 to 29 years   5,237   97.3   4,821   97.0   359   4,206   223   41.1   115   7   222   30   56   35 to 42 years   5,500   96.0   5,63   97.7   865   97.75   356   3.3   234   8   10   88   148   45 to 54 years   5,133   97.6   10,976   97.7   865   97.75   356   33.3   234   8   10   88   148   25 to 58 years   5,500   96.0   5,63   97.9   300   500   177   31.1   122   2   6   41   7   25 to 58 years   5,133   97.6   10,976   97.7   865   97.75   356   33.3   234   8   10   88   148   25 to 58 years   5,133   96.1   5,005   96.1   475   4,660   181   3.4   132   6   4   4   7   25 to 58 years   5,133   96.1   5,005   96.1   475   4,660   181   3.4   132   6   4   4   7   25 to 58 years   5,200   96.0   5,63   97.5   97.6   500   177   31.1   122   2   6   4   1   7   25 to 58 years   5,133   96.1   5,005   96.1   475   4,660   181   3.4   132   6   4   4   7   25 to 68 years   5,133   96.1   5,005   96.1   449   4,472   196   3.2   206   4   7   653   13   25 to 68 years   6,309   86.7   6,304   86.7   81.9   81.1   122   6   4   7   7   25 to 68 years   6,309   86.7   6,304   86.7   81.9   81.1   81.5   7   9   14   12   18   25 to 69 years   1,231   46.7   1,231   46.7   292   31.1   36   30.1   31.5   3,605   31.1   32.6   33.1   30.6   33.1   30.6   33.1   30.6   33.1   30.6   37.7   33.1   36.3   37.0   37.7   37.6   3		<u> </u>	population			1	tries		force				l	
Male.   50,998   83.7   88,521   83.0   5,399   10,617   2,504   5.2   9,998   73   648   1,091   8,117   14 to 17 years   2,921   51.5   2,874   51.1   842   1,669   362   12.6   2,753   3   307   19   2,425   14 and 15 years   1,044   37.3   1,044   37.3   508   564   92   14.8   1,756   3   144   9   1,756   16 and 17 years   1,677   65.3   1,693   64.7   464   4,162   270   14.8   1,756   3   144   9   1,756   18 and 19 years   2,109   92.0   6,193   64.7   464   4,162   676   15.1   309   24   18 and 19 years   2,135   94.2   4,157   33.0   82.2   273   1,485   673   15.1   309   24   18 to 24 years   10,920   97.6   10,296   97.5   659   9,071   477   4.7   263   7   62   55   19   25 to 29 years   5,237   97.3   4,821   97.0   359   4,206   223   41.1   115   7   222   30   56   35 to 42 years   5,500   96.0   5,63   97.7   865   97.75   356   3.3   234   8   10   88   148   45 to 54 years   5,133   97.6   10,976   97.7   865   97.75   356   33.3   234   8   10   88   148   25 to 58 years   5,500   96.0   5,63   97.9   300   500   177   31.1   122   2   6   41   7   25 to 58 years   5,133   97.6   10,976   97.7   865   97.75   356   33.3   234   8   10   88   148   25 to 58 years   5,133   96.1   5,005   96.1   475   4,660   181   3.4   132   6   4   4   7   25 to 58 years   5,133   96.1   5,005   96.1   475   4,660   181   3.4   132   6   4   4   7   25 to 58 years   5,200   96.0   5,63   97.5   97.6   500   177   31.1   122   2   6   4   1   7   25 to 58 years   5,133   96.1   5,005   96.1   475   4,660   181   3.4   132   6   4   4   7   25 to 68 years   5,133   96.1   5,005   96.1   449   4,472   196   3.2   206   4   7   653   13   25 to 68 years   6,309   86.7   6,304   86.7   81.9   81.1   122   6   4   7   7   25 to 68 years   6,309   86.7   6,304   86.7   81.9   81.1   81.5   7   9   14   12   18   25 to 69 years   1,231   46.7   1,231   46.7   292   31.1   36   30.1   31.5   3,605   31.1   32.6   33.1   30.6   33.1   30.6   33.1   30.6   33.1   30.6   37.7   33.1   36.3   37.0   37.7   37.6   3			(0.0	70 mo/	50.0	C 00=	67 905	1. 02.77		EO 077	ah 708	2 0/15	1 772	10 057
14 to 17 years. 2,921 51.5 2,87h 51.1 8b2 1,669 562 12.6 2,753 3 307 19 2,425 14 and 19 years. 1,04h 57.3 1,04h 57.3 1,04h 57.3 368 564 92 8.8 1,756 3 1h8 91 1,956 16 and 17 years. 1,677 65.3 1,830 64.7 1,454 1,105 270 1h.8 997 - 159 10 829 18 to 24 years. 7,499 92.0 6,193 90.5 664 1,854 1,756 3 1h8 97 1,958 10 to 24 years. 2,12h 87.3 1,856 85.2 273 1,269 276 15.1 399 - 95 7 226 10 24 years. 5,335 94.2 1,337 93.0 64.1 3,577 358 8.2 389 1 1h5 17 16h 17 16h 17 17	lotal	75,215	60.0	12,700	59.2	0,002	01,005	4,017	2.7	30,014	34, 190	1,247	1,113	12,271
14 to 17 years. 2,921 51.5 2,87h 51.1 8b2 1,669 562 12.6 2,753 3 307 19 2,425 14 and 19 years. 1,04h 57.3 1,04h 57.3 1,04h 57.3 368 564 92 8.8 1,756 3 1h8 91 1,956 16 and 17 years. 1,677 65.3 1,830 64.7 1,454 1,105 270 1h.8 997 - 159 10 829 18 to 24 years. 7,499 92.0 6,193 90.5 664 1,854 1,756 3 1h8 97 1,958 10 to 24 years. 2,12h 87.3 1,856 85.2 273 1,269 276 15.1 399 - 95 7 226 10 24 years. 5,335 94.2 1,337 93.0 64.1 3,577 358 8.2 389 1 1h5 17 16h 17 16h 17 17			i					l	l	0	۱ ۔	0.0		0 -1
14 and 15 years.	Maie	50,998	83.7	48,521	83.0	5,399	40,617	2,504	5.2	9,958	73	040	1,091	0,147
14 and 15 years.		1				ł	۔۔ ا				{ _		١	
16 and 17 years	14 to 17 years			2,874										
18 to 24 years	14 and 15 years	1,044	37•3								3		-	
18 and 19 years	16 and 17 years	1,877	65.3			454	1,105			997				
20 to 24 years.   5,315   94.2   4,357   93.0   421   3,577   358   6.2   389   4   145   17   164   25 to 24 years.   10,920   97.6   10,236   97.5   650   9,711   477   4.7   263   7   82   55   13   25 to 28 years.   5,633   96.0   5,417   97.9   331   4,863   223   4.1   115   7   22   30   58   30 to 24 years.   11,334   97.6   10,976   97.7   865   9,756   336   3.3   224   6   10   88   188   35 to 24 years.   5,900   96.0   5,663   97.9   390   5,096   177   3.1   122   2   6   41   73   45 to 39 years.   5,493   97.6   5,653   97.6   475   4.660   161   3.4   122   2   6   41   73   45 to 54 years.   5,113   96.1   5,086   96.1   44.9   4,472   164   3.2   206   4   5   63   134   45 to 64 years.   5,131   96.1   5,086   96.1   44.9   4,472   164   3.2   206   4   5   63   134   55 to 64 years.   6,399   86.7   6,394   86.7   61.9   5,311   224   4.1   979   11   - 276   63   24   55 to 64 years.   2,723   80.4   2,722   80.4   373   2,213   156   3.5   3.7   8   - 121   188   60 to 64 years.   2,222   33.1   2,222   80.4   3,36   3,41   4.1   979   11   - 276   63   65 to 69 years.   1,231   46.7   1,251   46.7   2,222   33.1   588   1,612   2.5   6.4   6.5   33   - 155   55   65 years and over.   2,222   33.1   2,222   80.4   336   677   18   18   8.1   8.3   18   14 to 17 years.   1,661   30.6   1,681   30.6   24.7   1,240   193   11.5   3,800   128   15 to 64 years.   4,107   51.0   4,091   50.9   165   3,497   42.9   10.5   3,402   22.9   16 to and 17 years.   1,641   30.6   4,096   50.9   165   3,497   42.9   10.5   3,402   22   16 to and 17 years.   1,402   59.6   4,105   59.6   19.8   3.70   22.9   22.9   37   12.0   22.9   37   12.0   30   30   30   30   30   30   30	18 to 24 years	7,499	92.0	6,193			4,862				4			
28 to 24 years	18 and 19 years	2,184	87.3	1,836	85.2		1,285	278	15.1					
25 to 34 years	20 to 24 years	5.315	94.2	4.357	93.0	421	3,577	358	8.2	329	4	145	17	164
23 to 29 years.	•	''''	1 .	,,,,,					l :		i	i	i	
25 to 29 years. 5, 237	25 to 34 years	10,920	97.6	10,238	97•5	690	9,071	477	4.7		7	82	55	119
30 to 34 years. 5.663						359	4,208	254	5-3	148	-	60	25	63
3st of 39 years. 5,500						331	4.863	223	4.1	115	7	22	30	56
3st of 39 years. 5,500						865				254	1 8	10	88	148
40 to 44 years. 5, 454											2	6	41	73
45 to 54 years 9,622 95.6 9,561 95.6 901 8,336 324 3,4 445 7 9 113 266 45 to 49 years 5,131 96.1 5,025 96.1 449 4,472 164 3.2 206 4 5 63 134 50 to 54 years 4,491 94.9 4,472 164 3.2 206 4 5 63 134 50 to 54 years 6,339 86.7 6,334 86.7 349 5311 224 4.1 979 11 - 276 693 55 to 59 years 3,676 92.1 3,672 92.1 446 3,098 128 3.5 317 8 - 121 186 60 to 64 years 2,723 80.4 2,722 80.4 373 2,21 88 3.5 50.6 62 3 - 155 55 years and over 2,282 33.1 2,282 33.1 588 1,612 82 3.6 4,615 33 - 488 4,000 65 to 69 years 1,251 46.7 1,251 46.7 252 935 64 5.1 1,430 7 - 125 1,299 70 years and over 1,031 24.4 1,031 24.4 336 677 18 1.8 3,185 26 - 363 2,797  Female 24,217 37.6 24,185 37.6 1,485 21,187 1,513 6.3 40,116 34,725 598 662 4,111 14 to 17 years 1,681 30.6 1,681 30.6 24,71 1,280 193 11.5 3,808 518 294 12 2,984 14 and 15 years 1,147 41.1 1,147 41.1 1,147 41.1 1,147 41.1 1,147 41.1 1,147 51.0 4,091 29.9 165 3,497 489 10.5 3,947 3,321 298 13 376 18 and 19 years 4,107 51.0 4,091 50.9 165 3,497 489 10.5 3,947 3,321 298 13 376 20 to 24 years 4,205 47.2 2,635 47.1 92 2,301 242 9.2 2,955 2,754 107 5 109 25 to 34 years 4,205 36.6 4,196 39.6 210 3,701 28 5 6.8 7,276 7,109 34 27 100 5 100 25 100 29 years 2,265 47.1 92 2,301 282 9.2 2,955 2,754 107 5 109 25 to 34 years 4,205 36.6 4,196 39.6 210 3,701 28 5 6.8 3,707 12 13 465 5 6.9 5 7,77 3,500 3,402 22 14 61 30 5 6 6 2 6 7,77 3,500 3,402 22 14 61 30 5 6 6 8 7,276 7,109 34 27 100 5 109 30 to 34 years 2,265 37.1 2,223 37.0 124 1,966 133 6.0 3,778 3,707 12 13 46 5 6 6 8 9,727 2,688 19 31 30 5 5 to 39 years 2,265 5 47.1 2,223 37.0 124 1,966 133 6.0 3,778 3,707 12 13 46 5 5 6 6 9,727 6 7,209 34 27 100 5 109 35 to 39 years 2,266 37.1 2,223 37.0 124 1,966 133 6.0 3,778 3,707 12 13 46 5 5 6 6 9,727 6 7,98 3,797 12 13 6 5 5 to 39 years 2,283 50.4 2,287 50.3 161 2,590 126 4.3 5,560 2,479 5 20 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6						475	1.660			132		4	47	75
45 to 49 years. 5,131 96.1 5,005 96.1 1 1 4 4,172 164 3.2 206 4 5 63 134 5 5 to 49 years. 4,491 94.9 4,476 94.9 452 3,864 160 3.6 239 3 4 80 155 to 49 years. 3,676 92.1 3,672 92.1 146 3,098 128 3.5 37 8 - 121 188 60 to 64 years. 2,723 80.4 2,722 80.4 373 2,213 136 5.0 662 3 - 155 50 69 years and over. 2,282 33.1 2,282 33.1 588 1,612 82 3.6 4,615 33 - 185 155 65 to 69 years and over. 1,031 24.4 1,031 24.4 336 677 18 1.8 3,185 26 - 363 2,797 70 years and over. 1,031 24.4 1,031 24.4 336 677 18 1.8 3,185 26 - 363 2,797 70 years and over. 1,031 24.4 1,031 24.4 336 677 18 1.8 3,185 26 - 363 2,797 18 10 17 years. 1,681 30.6 1,681 30.6 24.7 1,210 193 11.5 3,808 518 294 12 2,984 14 and 15 years. 5,54 19.8 594 19.8 594 19.8 19.8 158 154 13.5 1,644 374 164 19 years. 1,117 1.1,17 11.1 1,117 11.1 10 883 154 13.5 1,644 374 164 19 years. 1,117 51.0 1,045 59.5 73 1,196 180 199 10.5 3,947 3,321 238 13 376 18 and 19 years. 1,1462 59.6 1,1456 59.5 73 1,196 187 12.8 992 597 131 8 267 20 to 24 years. 2,665 17.1 2,223 37.0 124 1,902 19.2 2,595 2,734 107 5 109 361 1,973 36.0 86 1,735 152 7.7 3,500 3,1402 22 114 63 30 to 34 years. 2,665 17.1 2,223 37.0 124 1,966 133 6.0 3,778 3,707 12 13 46 to 49 years. 2,665 17.1 1,973 36.0 86 1.735 152 7.7 3,500 3,1402 22 114 63 30 to 34 years. 2,665 17.1 2,223 37.0 124 1,966 133 6.0 3,778 3,707 12 13 46 to 49 years. 2,667 14.5 5,5191 14.5 5,2675 14.5 139 2,255 122 14.8 3,166 3,727 14 12 63 40 to 44 years. 2,677 14.5 5 2,675 14.5 139 2,255 122 124 14.8 3,166 3,727 14 12 63 40 to 44 years. 2,677 15.5 5,2675 14.5 139 2,255 122 124 14.8 3,166 3,727 14 12 63 40 to 44 years. 2,677 14.5 5 2,675 14.5 134 2,176 102 14.2 2,594 2,720 6 18 53 to 59 years. 2,266 37.1 2,223 37.0 124 1,966 133 6.0 3,778 3,707 12 13 14 50 50 50 54 years. 2,686 50.4 2,577 14.5 5 2,677 14.5	40 to 44 years	7,774	"'"	7,327	7,100	'''	.,,,,,		50.		(		'	,,,
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14 to 17 years.	70 years and over	1,031	24.4	1,031	24.4	336	677	18	1.0	3,105	20		5∞3	2,191
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14 and 15 years. 594 19.8 594 19.8 138 357 39 7.3 2,164 144 130 3 1,887 18 and 17 years. 1,147 41.1 1,147 41.1 109 883 154 13.5 1,644 374 164 9 1,097 18 to 24 years. 4,107 51.0 4,091 50.9 165 3,497 429 10.5 3,947 3,321 238 13 376 18 and 19 years. 1,462 59.6 1,456 59.5 73 1,196 187 12.8 992 587 131 8 267 20 to 24 years. 2,645 47.2 2,635 47.1 92 2,301 242 9.2 2,955 2,734 107 5 109 25 to 34 years. 1,979 36.1 1,973 36.0 86 1,735 152 7.7 3,500 3,402 22 14 61 30 to 34 years. 2,226 37.1 2,223 37.0 124 1,966 133 6.0 3,776 3,770 12 13 46 35 to 44 years. 2,519 39.8 2,516 39.7 139 2,255 122 4.8 3,816 3,727 14 12 63 40 to 44 years. 2,677 45.5 2,675 45.5 154 2,387 135 5.1 3,205 3,154 5 19 27 45 to 54 years. 2,677 45.5 2,675 45.5 154 2,387 135 5.1 3,205 3,154 5 19 27 45 to 54 years. 2,838 50.4 2,837 50.3 161 2,550 126 4.4 2,798 2,720 6 18 53 to 49 years. 2,838 50.4 2,837 50.3 161 2,550 126 4.4 2,798 2,720 6 18 53 to 49 years. 2,838 50.4 2,837 50.3 161 2,550 126 4.4 2,798 2,720 6 18 53 to 49 years. 2,838 50.4 2,837 50.3 161 2,550 126 4.4 2,798 2,720 6 18 53 to 54 years. 2,838 50.4 2,837 50.3 161 2,550 126 4.4 2,798 2,720 6 18 53 to 54 years. 2,906 36.1 2,906 36.1 191 2,618 96 3.3 5,135 4,964 3 75 93 55 to 59 years. 1,1737 40.6 1,737 40.6 105 1,572 59 3.4 2,551 2,492 - 45 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54	Female	24,217	37.6	24,185	37.6	1,485	21,167	1,513	6.3	40,116	34,725	290	502	4,111
14 and 15 years. 594 19.8 594 19.8 138 357 39 7.3 2,164 144 130 3 1,887 18 and 17 years. 1,147 41.1 1,147 41.1 109 883 154 13.5 1,644 374 164 9 1,097 18 to 24 years. 4,107 51.0 4,091 50.9 165 3,497 429 10.5 3,947 3,321 238 13 376 18 and 19 years. 1,462 59.6 1,456 59.5 73 1,196 187 12.8 992 587 131 8 267 20 to 24 years. 2,645 47.2 2,635 47.1 92 2,301 242 9.2 2,955 2,734 107 5 109 25 to 34 years. 1,979 36.1 1,973 36.0 86 1,735 152 7.7 3,500 3,402 22 14 61 30 to 34 years. 2,226 37.1 2,223 37.0 124 1,966 133 6.0 3,776 3,770 12 13 46 35 to 44 years. 2,519 39.8 2,516 39.7 139 2,255 122 4.8 3,816 3,727 14 12 63 40 to 44 years. 2,677 45.5 2,675 45.5 154 2,387 135 5.1 3,205 3,154 5 19 27 45 to 54 years. 2,677 45.5 2,675 45.5 154 2,387 135 5.1 3,205 3,154 5 19 27 45 to 54 years. 2,838 50.4 2,837 50.3 161 2,550 126 4.4 2,798 2,720 6 18 53 to 49 years. 2,838 50.4 2,837 50.3 161 2,550 126 4.4 2,798 2,720 6 18 53 to 49 years. 2,838 50.4 2,837 50.3 161 2,550 126 4.4 2,798 2,720 6 18 53 to 49 years. 2,838 50.4 2,837 50.3 161 2,550 126 4.4 2,798 2,720 6 18 53 to 54 years. 2,838 50.4 2,837 50.3 161 2,550 126 4.4 2,798 2,720 6 18 53 to 54 years. 2,906 36.1 2,906 36.1 191 2,618 96 3.3 5,135 4,964 3 75 93 55 to 59 years. 1,1737 40.6 1,737 40.6 105 1,572 59 3.4 2,551 2,492 - 45 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54			(	- (0-	(	01.5	3 010	100	,,,	2 909	E3.0	oo).	10	0.080
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25 to 34 years	18 and 19 years	1,462	59.6	1,456	59•5					992				
25 to 29 years	20 to 24 years	2,645	47.2	2,635	47.1	92	2,301	242	9.2	2,955	2,734	107	5	109
25 to 29 years						l l			ا ہے ا		ا ـ ـ ـ ا	_,		
25 to 29 years	25 to 34 years	4,205		4,196										
30 to 34 years	25 to 29 years		36.1	1,973	36.0		1,735							
35 to 44 years			37•1 <b> </b>	2,223	37.0						3,707		13	
40 to 44 years						293	4,642	257		7,021	6,881		31	90
40 to 44 years										3,816		14		
45 to 54 years 5,251 49.5 5,249 49.5 294 4,726 228 4.3 5,362 5,199 11 38 113 45 to 49 years 2,838 50.4 2,837 50.3 161 2,550 126 4.4 2,798 2,720 6 18 53 50 to 54 years 2,413 48.5 2,412 48.5 133 2,176 102 4.2 2,564 2,479 5 20 60 55 to 64 years 2,906 36.1 2,906 36.1 191 2,618 96 3.3 5,135 4,964 3 75 93 55 to 59 years 1,737 40.6 1,737 40.6 105 1,572 59 3.4 2,544 2,472 3 30 39 60 to 64 years 1,169 31.1 1,169 31.1 86 1,046 37 3.2 2,591 2,492 - 45 54 65 years and over 872 10.3 872 10.3 84 763 24 2.8 7,565 6,732 - 486 348 65 to 69 years 520 16.9 520 16.9 51 454 14 2.7 2,563 2,430 - 59 74								135	5.1	3,205		5	19	27
45 to 49 years	-; • · · · · · · · · · · ·	_,-,-,,	,,,,	_, ,,		1	, , ,							
45 to 49 years	45 to 54 years	5.251	49.5	5,240	49.5	294	4,726	228	4.3	5,362	5,199	l n	38	113
50 to 54 years													<b>18</b>	53
55 to 64 years								102				5 !		60
55 to 59 years 1,737    40.6    1,737    40.6    105    1,572    59    3.4    2,544   2,472    3    30    39    30    39    30    39    30    39    30    39    30														93
65 to 69 years										2,544			30	39
65 to 69 years													45	54
65 to 69 years												_	486	348
														74
70 years and over 372 050 372 060 33 307 20 211 7,502 7,302 7 721 21												_ 1	427	274
	'O lears and over	374	0,0	3,2	3.0	33	3~9	~		,, <u>z</u>	.,,,,-		'	

NOTE: Total noninstitutional population may be obtained by summing total labor force and not in labor force; civilian noninstitutional population by summing civilian labor force and not in labor force.

Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Table A-4: Employment status of male veterans of World War II in the civilian noninstitutional population

Employment status	<b>July</b>	June	July
	1960	1960	1959
Total	14,459	14,463	14,462
Civilian labor force	14,058	14,077	14,092
	13,573	13,624	13,669
	621	587	595
	12,952	13,037	13,074
	485	453	423
Not in labor force	401	384	370

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

# Marital Status and Color

Table A-5: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by marital status and sex

(Percent distribution of persons 14 years of age and over)

	l	July 1	960	<del></del>		June	1960		July 1959				
Sex and employment status	Married, spouse present	spouse	Widowed or divorced	Single	Married, spouse present	Married, spouse absent.	Widowed or divorced	Single	Marrled, spouse present	Married, spouse absent	Widowed or divorced	Single	
MALE	}		}	}									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Labor force Not in labor force	89.1 10.9	83.9 16.1	54.6 45.4	71.3 28.7		85.7 14.3	54•7 45•3	70.5 29.5	90.0 10.0	86.3 13.7	52.2 47.8	71.1 28.9	
Labor force	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	_100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
EmployedAgriculture Nonagricultural industries Unemployed	9.2 87.5	92.5 13.0 79.5 7.5	93.4 11.2 82.2 6.6	88.7 17.9 70.8 11.3	8.8	92.8 15.0 77.8 7.2	92.7 11.6 81.1 7.3	86.1 18.1 68.0 13.9	97.1 9.0 88.1 2.9	92.1 22.0 70.1 7.9	93.4 13.4 80.0 6.6	88.9 17.4 71.5 11.1	
FEMALE	}							ļ	}	1			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Labor force		58.1 41.9	36.8 63.2	54.7 45.3		57•4 42•6	37.6 62.4	55.2 44.8	30.7 69.3	56.0 ₩.0	37.4 62.6	52.7 47.3	
Labor force	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Employed	7.5 87.2	91.9 4.1 87.8 8.1	94.9 2.8 92.1 5.1	91.6 5.8 85.8 8.4	7.9	91.2 3.3 87.9 8.8	95.3 3.1 92.2 4.7	87.2 5.4 81.8 12.8	94•7 7•8 86•9 5•3	92.7 3.2 89.5 7.3	94.6 2.8 91.8 5.4	91.9 5.7 86.2 8.1	

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawali beginning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Table A-6: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, by color and sex

(Thousands of persons 14 years of age and over)

Color and employment status	J	uly 1960		J	Ame 1960		٠	<b>mly 1959</b>	
Color and employment status	Total	Male	Pemale	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
WHITE								}	
Total	110,106	<u>5</u> 2,530	57,576	110,008	52,492	57,515	108,688	51,907	56,781
Labor force  Percent of population		43,617 83.0	20,906 36•3	64,692 58 <b>.</b> 8	43,569 83.0	21,123 36.7	63,510 58.4	43,447 83.7	20,063 35•3
Employed	55,630	41,657 4,644 37,013 1,960 4.5	19,719 1,101 18,617 1,188 5.7	61,152 5,573 55,579 3,540 5,55	41,397 4,548 36,849 2,173 5.0	19,756 1,026 18,730 1,367 6.5	60,629 5,839 54,790 2,880 4.5	41,701 4,710 36,992 1,745 4.0	18,928 1,129 17,798 1,135 5•7
Not in labor force	45,583	8,913	36,670	45,316	8,923	36,393	45,178	8,460	36,718
NONWHITE									
Total	12.674	5,949	6,725	12,657	5,943	6,715	12,196	5,716	6,480
Labor force  Percent of population	8,183 <i>6</i> 4.6	4,904 82.4	3,279 48.8	8,310 65.7	4,914 82.7	3,396 50.6	7,828 64.2	4,732 82.8	3,096 47.8
Employed	7,314 1,139 6,175 869 10.6	4,360 755 3,605 544 11.1	2,954 384 2,570 325 9•9	7,427 1,283 6,144 883 10,6	4,391 778 3,613 523 10.6	3,036 505 2,530 360 10.6	6,965 986 5,978 863 11.0	4,162 660 3,501 570 12.0	2,803 326 2,477 293 9•5
Not in labor force	4,491	1,045	3,446	4,348	1,028	3,319	4,369	985	3,384

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

## .Table A-7: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population, total and urban, by region

(Percent distribution of persons 14 years of age and over)

		Jì	ıly 196	io .			Jı	ine 19	60			Ji	ıly 19	59	
			Lab	or force				Lab	or force				Lab	or force	
Region	Percent of pop-		Em	ployed		Percent of pop-		Em	ployed		Percent of pop-		Em	ployed	
	ulation in labor force		Agri- cul- ture	Nonagri- cultural indus- tries		ulation in labor force		Agri- cul- ture	Nonagri~ cultural indus- tries		ulation in labor force	Total	Agri- cul- ture	Nonagri- cultural indus- tries	
Total	59.2	100.0	9.5	85.0	5.5	59.5	100.0	9.4	84.5	6.1	59.0	100.0	9.6	85.2	5.2
Northeast North Central South	59.4 59.5 58.6 59.6	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	13.7	91.2 83.7 80.6 85.1	6.1 4.7 5.7 5.6	59.7 59.8 59.2 59.3	100.0 100.0 100.0	11.1 14.4	83.5 79.5	6.7 5.4 6.1 6.2	59.3 59.3 58.4 59.4	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	12.0 13.1	83.7 81.1	6.1 4.3 5.8 4.3
Urban	59.5	100.0	1.4	92.5	6.1	_59.8	100.0	1.3	92.0	6.7	<u>59.2</u>	100.0	1.1	93.0	5.9
Northeast North Central South	59.3 59.3 60.0 59.7	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	.9 2.1	92.9 93.3 91.9 91.3	6.4 5.8 6.0 6.0	59.9 59.9 60.0 59.4	100.0 100.0 100.0	1.0 1.9	92.6 91.1	6.9 6.4 7.0 6.3	59.4 58.5 59.8 58.9	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	1.0 1.9	93.8 91.3	6.5 5.2 6.8 4.6

NOTE: Data Include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Table A-8: Employed persons, by type of industry, class of worker, and sex

(Thousands of persons 14 years of age and over)

Type of industry	Ju	ly 1960		J	une 1960		Ju	ly 1959	
and class of worker	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	68,689	46,017	22,672	68,579	45.788	22,791	67,594	45,863	21,731
Agriculture Wage and salary workers Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers	6,885 2,403 2,962 1,520	5,399 1,927 2,843 629	1,486 475 119 891	6,856 2,323 2,924 1,610	5,325 1,877 2,801 647	1,531 446 122 963	6,825 2,1142 3,137 1,514	5,369 1,768 2,997 603	1,455 373 140 911
Nonagricultural industries	61,804 54,845 2,589 7,466 144,790 6,264 695	40,618 35,547 397 4,560 30,590 4,938 132	21,186 19,298 2,191 2,906 14,201 1,325 563	61,722 54,589 2,630 7,559 44,400 6,430 703	1,0,1,62 35,280 388 1,568 30,321, 5,01,9	21,260 19,310 2,242 2,991 14,077 1,381 569	60, 769 53, 787 2,622 7,288 43,878 6,336 64,6	40,493 35,364 463 4,600 30,302 5,008 120	20, 276 18, 422 2, 160 2, 688 13, 574 1, 328 526

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Table A-9: Employed persons with a job but not at work, by reason for not working and pay status

(Thousands of persons 14 years of age and over)

	July 1960						e 1960		July 1959				
		Nonagri	cultural	industries		Nonagri	cultural :	industries		Nonagri	cultural industries		
Reason for not working	Total	Total	Wage and salary workers		Total	Total	Wage and salary workers		Total	Total	Wage and salary workers		
			Number	Percent paid			Number	Percent paid			Number	Percent paid	
Total	7,291	7,136	6,711	70.9	3,772	3,691	3,323	60.5	7,085	6,890	6,437	68.8	
Bad weatherIndustrial disputeVacationIllness	23 38 5,692 783 756	20 38 5,636 729 713	16 38 5,415 625 618	(1) - 80.5 33.8 29.8	19 58 2,293 767 634	14 58 2,275 726 617	7 58 2,141 639 478	77.3 31.8 32.2	79 196 5,141 880 789	40 196 5,105 803 <b>7</b> 46	26 196 4,863 719 632	81.9 35.5 29.0	

1Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000.

NOTE: Persons on temporary (less than 30-day) layoff and persons scheduled to start new wage and salary jobs within 30 days have not been included in the category "With a job but not at work" since January 1957. Most of these persons are now classified as unemployed. These groups numbered 185,000 and 147,000, respectively, in July 1960.

Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)



Table A-18: Occupation group of employed persons, by sex

(Thousands of persons 14 years of age and over)
July 1960 July 1959 Percent Percent Occupation group distribution distribution Total Ma la Female Total Male Panal 4 Total Male Total Male male male 46,017 22.672 100.0 100.0 100.0 67,594 45,863 100.0 68,689 21,731 100.0 100.0 7,0h2 4,560 539 Professional, technical, and kindred workers..... 2,481 10.3 9.9 10.9 6,771 4,463 2,309 704 10.0 9.7 10.6 1,289 1.2 3.3 3.9 523 i.i Medical and other health workers..... 749 1.9 1.8 3.2 301 874 1.7 1,076 251 822 1.6 3.8 Teachers, except college..... 1,175 .7 4,469 3,112 7,008 3,686 2,981 8.0 6.5 12.7 4,578 2,950 3,720 2,833 8.1 6.2 3.8 783 131 Other professional, technical, and kindred workers 858 6.7 6.6 3.6 117 4.6 .6 5.2 Farmers and farm managers..... ,088 515 1,131 527 373 10.4 5.2 2.6 Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm... 940 5,852 10.1 12.7 4.8 876 3,484 1,769 2,942 1,370 1,540 2,957 Salaried workers..... ,457 5.0 6.4 2.3 6.4 2.4 1,396 1,736 366 2.5 1.6 Self\_employed workers in retail trade...... 3.0 3.0 1.7 1,755 231 2.6 Self-employed workers, except retail trade...... 1,523 207 3.3 1.1 1.747 3.3 . 9 9,342 2,283 7,059 4,468 2,616 6,736 2,323 4,413 1,750 1,529 9,907 2,385 7,522 1կ.կ 3.5 11.0 2,997 78 6,345 6.6 Clerical and kindred workers..... 3,169 6.9 29.7 13.8 29.2 Stenographers, typists, and secretaries..... .í 6.8 5.8 10.2 19.5 7.7 6.7 3.4 61 2,205 6.4 10.1 2,919 2,762 1,108 3,108 2,656 4,140 Other clerical and kindred workers..... 19.1 4,405 6.4 3.8 1,706 6.6 3.9 7.8 Sales workers..... 6.0 1,069 2.3 Retail trade..... 1,808 221 3.4 1,852 1,654 198 2.7 Other sales workers..... 2.6 1.0 3.6 .9 13.1 8,852 18.7 1.0 8,842 8,638 18.9 Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers..... 8,625 227 12.9 201: 1.0 909 1,881 1.3 1.9 909 1,894 1.3 871 870 7/1 2.0 4.1 ıμ Ĵ٦ .1 1,928 1.914 Construction craftsmen, except carpenters...... (1) 1,992 1,161 1,753 1,983 (1) 8 2,088 2,069 19 4.5 4.3 3.1 2.9 Mechanics and repairmen........ 1,148 7 78 86 14 1.7 2.5 1.6 2.4 Metal craftsmen, except mechanics..... 1,100 1,092 .1 114 3.6 1,729 2.6 3.6 Other craftsmen and kindred workers..... 1,639 .4 1.7 2.3 .3 1,036 2.3 Foremen, not elsewhere classified..... 76 12,212 2,443 8,996 2,434 18.1 3.6 19.5 5.3 Operatives and kindred workers..... 12,276 8.841 15.2 3,216 3,435 **ոհ.8** 17.9 19.2 (i) 2,450 3.6 5.3 Drivers and deliverymen..... 2,471 .1 Other operatives and kindred workers: 3,589 3,306 2,874 3,458 Durable goods manufacturing..... 2,539 920 866 Nondurable goods manufacturing..... 3,475 1,697 1,778 3.7 7.8 1,621 1,685 4.9 3.5 7.8 2,872 2,155 716 4.2 4.7 3.2 2,218 656 4.3 4.8 3.0 2,150 3,293 2,195 6,305 786 9.5 14.5 2,155 Ь5 2,201 3.2 6.5 Ъ6 3.3 8.8 9.9 14.6 Private household workers...... 5,981 755 2,823 3,012 9.2 3,158 6.2 Service workers, except private household..... 5.3 Protective service workers..... 748 38 1.1 1.6 719 36 1.1 1.6 2.5 Waiters, cooks, and bartenders..... 1,719 1,204 1,754 1,256 515 497 2.6 1.1 3,800 1,607 1.749 2,051 3.8 9.0 3,472 1,866 5.1 3.5 8.6 Other service workers..... 5.2 3.0 2.2 4.9 3.6 1.4 3,413 1,884 1,529 2,152 5.1 2.8 3,578 2,266 1,311 5.8 1,260 5.8 Farm laborers and foremen..... 4.7 2,074 1,504 1,643 1,556 596 431 880 1.9 327 3.4 Paid workers...... 1.5 1.3 Unpaid family workers..... 623 3.9 933 2.3 (1)<sup>5</sup> 6.2 1.5 1.6 6.3 Laborers, except farm and mine..... 4,243 4,159 85 6 9.0 (1) 4,246 4,131 űŚ 9.0 934 1,258 Construction..... 1,033 1,027 2.2 2.4 931 Ъ 2.0 `. 2 Manufacturing 1.126 1.087 39 1,187 70 1.9 2.6 .3 2,084 3.0 2,045 4.4 2,054 Other industries..... М 2,013

Table A-11: Major occupation group of employed persons, by color and sex

(Percent distribution of persons 14 years of age and over) July 1960 July 1959 White Nonwhite White Nonwhite Major occupation group Total Male Female Total Male **Female** Male Male Total Total Female **Female** 2,803 Total ..... thousands... 61.376 41.657 19,719 7.314 4.360 2.954 60,629 18.928 6,965 4.162 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Percent..... Professional, technical, and kindred workers 11.5 11.8 5.3 10.6 10.7 10. 4.9 5.0 Farmers and farm managers..... 4.4 6.3 3.2 4.7 6.6 3.7 5.7 Managers, officials, and proprietors, 5.7 32.5 8.8 2.3 5.5 1.5 13.7 7.0 6.2 33.0 2.5 2.9 11.3 13.8 2.4 2.0 except farm...... 1.9 7.0 5.8 8.8 14.8 15.3 32.8 6.7 4.6 6.8 Clerical and kindred workers...... 7.0 8.6 7.2 1.4 1.6 6.5 1.4 1.6 Sales workers..... Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers.... 13.7 19.7 18.8 5.9 9.9 23.5 14.4 Operatives and kindred workers..... 17.7 15.4 19.1 23.1 13.1 17.8 19.2 14.8 20.0 14.9 34.1 21.2 5.3 4.2 Private household workers..... 1.9 5.7 5.8 14.0 1.9 6.0 14.9 36.2 13.5 14.3 13.6 5.1 17.1 7.9 4.5 5.3 21.0 Service workers, except private household... 17.1 Farm laborers and foremen...... 4.5 9.4 25.1 4.3 11.0 12.4 10.0 10.8 14.2 Laborers, except farm and mine...... 23.4 15.2 .6 . 3 .6

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

<sup>1</sup> Less than 0.05. NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

## Table A-12: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment

(Thousands of persons 14 years of age and over)

Duration of unemployment	<u>July</u> Number	1960 Percent	June 1960	May 1960	Apr. 1960	Mar. 1960	Feb. 1960	Jan. 1960	Dec. 1959	Nov. 1959	0ct. 1959	Sept. 1959	Aug. 1959	July 1959
Total	4,017	100.0	4,423	3,459	3,660	4.206	3,931	4,149	3,577	3.670	3.272	3,230	3,426	3,744
Less than 5 weeks	1,871 18 385	46.6 .4 9.6	2,654 86 758	12	1,580 25 443	1,516 12 395	1,476 28 414	1 <b>,90</b> 9 16 387	1,683 11 400	1,846 23 393	1,607 28 389	1,539 31 406	1,567 25 451	1,773 16 450
2 weeks	550 481 436	13.7 12.0 10.9	777 635 399	464 3 <b>7</b> 9 314	456 332 325	429 361 319	413 317 304	506 516 483	567 422 284	601 463 366	518 388 284	471 370 261	435 358 298	506 420 381
5 to 14 weeks 5 to 6 weeks		32.7 13.2 12.5	954 283 412	900 272 372	876 213 354	1,474 294 561	1,491 410 685	1,330 341 589	1,083 305 528	1,040 320 444	939 269 382	955 257 405	1,076 282 504	1,154 440 463
11 to 14 weeks	278 834	6.9 20.8	<b>25</b> 9 816	256 920	309 1,204	619 1,217	396 964	400 910 441	250 811	276 784	288 726	293 736	290 783	251 817
15 to 26 weeks	418 416 11.8	10.4	420 396 10•3	509 411 12.8	<b>7</b> 05 499 14.3	715 502 14.2	533 431 13.1	469 12•7	381 430 12.9	356 428 <b>12.4</b>	333 393 <b>13.</b> 1	340 396 13•7	290 493 13.8	302 515 13•4

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Table A-13: Unemployed persons, by major occupation group and industry group

(Persons 14 years of age and over)

	July		June_		July :	
Occupation and industry	Percent	Unemployment	Percent	Unemployment	Percent	Unemployment
	distribution	rate1	distribution	rate1	distribution	rate1
MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP				}	<u> </u>	
Total	100.0	5,5	100.0	6.1	100.0	5.2
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	3.0	1.7	4.2	2.5	3.6	2.0
Farmers and farm managers		-i	•2	.3	.2	•3
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm		1.0	2.2	1.4	2.6	1.4
Clerical and kindred workers	9.9	3.9	9.1	3.9	8.9	3.4
Sales workers	4.4	3.9	4.3	4.1	4.3	3.5
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	9.6	¥.2	8.2	3.9	8.1	3.3
Operatives and kindred workers	25.4	7.7	22.2	7.4	23.1	6.6
Private household workers		5.6	3.0	5.6	3.8	6.1
Service workers, except private household		6.0	9.2	6.3	10.4	6.1
Farm laborers and foremen	3.3	3.5	3.3	3.9	4.0	4.2
Laborers, except farm and mine	13.2	11.1	11.2	10.7	12.9	10.2
No previous work experience	1 2		23.0	10.1	18.1	10.2
no providus work experience	10.1	_	2,10	-	10.1	-
INDUSTRY GROUP						
Total 2	100.0	5.5	100.0	6,1	100.0	5.2
Experienced wage and salary workers	81.2	5.4	74.4	5.5	<b>7</b> 9 <b>.</b> 8	5.1
Agriculture	3.7	5.8	3•5	6.3	4.7	7.6
Nonagricultural industries	77.5	5.4	70.9	5.4	75.1	5.0
Mining, forestry, and fisheries	1.6	8.5	1.3	8.2	1.9	10.1
Construction	9.2	8.6	7•9	8.4	9.4	8.1
Manufacturing	28.3	6.2	24.0	5.9	23.7	5.0
Durable goods	15.7	6.3	13.2	5.8	12.6	4.7
Primary metal industries	3.3	10.5	2.0	7.2	1.6	4.5
Fabricated metal products	1.6	5.3	1.3	5•0	1.4	4.5
Machinery (except electrical)	1.9	4.2	2.0	5.1	1.5	3.5
Electrical machinery	2.1	5 <b>.7</b>	1.8	5.4	1.3	3.8
Transportation equipment	3.9	7•7	3.1	6.5	3.1	5.4
Motor vehicles and equipment	2,5	10.5	1.7	7•7	1.8	7.2
All other transportation equipment	1.4	5.2	1.5	5.6	1.3	3.9
Other durable goods industries	2.9	5.1	3.0	5.6	3•7	5•7
Nondurable goods	12.6	6.2	10.8	5•9	11.1	5•5
Food and kindred products	2.5	5.6	2.4	6.1	2.9	6.8
Textile-mill products	1.7	6.6	1.2	5•7	1.7	6.1
Apparel and other finished textile products	3•5	10.6	2.9	9.6	3.2	10.0
Other nondurable goods industries	4.9	4.9	4.2	4.7	3•3	3.3
Transportation and public utilities	4.8	4.1	4.4	l₁.0	4.5	3•5
Railroads and railway express	1.2	4.5	1,2	5.0	1.3	3.9
Other transportation	2.1	5.0	2.0	5.0	2.3	5.2
Communication and other public utilities	1.5	3.1	1.2	2.6	•9	1.8
Wholesale and retail trade	16.0	5.7	16.0	6.4	16.5	5 <b>•7</b>
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1.4	2.1	1.4	2.4	1.6	2.1
Service industries	14.5	4.5	14.3	4.8	15.7	4.7
Professional services	4.1	2.6	4.8	3.2	4.9	3.1
All other service industries	10.4	6.3	9•5	6.6	10.8	6.1
Public administration	1.9	2.3	1.6	2.2	1.7	2.0

Percent of labor force in each group who were unemployed. Includes self-employed, unpaid family workers, and persons with no previous work experience, not shown separately. NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Table A-14: Persons unemployed 15 weeks and over, by selected characteristics

(Persons 14 years of age and over)

	years of age		June 1	960	July 1959		
Characteristics	Percent distribution	Percent of unemployed in each group	Percent distribution	Percent of unemployed in each group	Percent distribution	Percent of unemployed in each group	
AGE AND SEX							
Total	100.0	20.8	100.0	18.4	100.0	21.8	
Male: 14 years and over	66.3	22.1	68.7	20.9	68.9	24.4	
14 to 17 years	2.0	4.7	4.0	5.7	2.4	5.1	
18 and 19 years	3.6	10.8	2.6	6.4	3.8	13.5	
20 to 24 years	8.5	19.8	7.2	17.4	7.1	18.7	
25 to 34 years	12.0	21.0	8.5	16.3	12.6	27.0	
35 to 44 years	11.5	26.8	13.7	30.7	13.3	32.8	
45 to 64 years	24.9 3.7	35.4	27 <b>.</b> 2 5.5	39 <b>.</b> 8	24.3	35.2 42.3	
65 years and over	33.7	18.6	31.3	14.8	31.0	17.8	
14 to 19 years	2.9	6.3	3.5	4.4	3.5	7.6	
20 to 24 years	5.4	18.6	6.6	19.7	3.5	14.6	
25 to 34 years	7.2	21.1	4.9	15.9	4.5	16.3	
35 to 44 years	7.6	24.5	6.1	22.1	8.1	26.5	
45 years and over	10.7	25.5	10.1	26.3	11.4	25.1	
MARITAL STATUS AND SEX		]					
Total	100.0	20.8	100.0	18.4	100.0	21.8	
Male: Married, wife present	37.4	26.4	35.8	26.5	37.7	29.2	
Single	21.3	15.5	23.4	13.7	23.0	17.5	
Other	7.5	36.2	9.5	40.4	8.3	37.2	
Female: Married, husband present	18.6	23.0	14.0	19.5	15.0	18.8	
Single	7.9	12.0	9.0	8.7	8.8	14.6	
Other	7.3	21.1	8.2	23.4	7.2	21.1	
COLOR AND SEX		}			ł		
Total	100.0	20.8	100.0	18.4	100.0	21.8	
White	73.6	19.5	75.7	17.5	76.3	21.8	
Male	47.8	20.4	52.6	19.8	51.0	24.0	
Female	25.8	18.1	23.1	13.8	25.3	18.3	
Nonwhite	26.4	25.3	24.3	22.5	23.8	22.6	
Male	18.5	28.3	16.0	25.0	17.8	25.6	
Female	7.9	20.3	8.3	18.9	6.0	16.7	
MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP	1						
Total	100.0	20.8	100.0	18.4	100.0	21.8	
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	2.3	16.0	2.4	10.8	3.7	21.9	
Farmers and farm managers	.2	(5)	.1	(1)	.2	(1)	
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm  Clerical and kindred workers	2.3 9.8	(1) 20.7	3.5 10.5	(1) 21.4	4.3	36.5 28.8	
Sales workers	3.7	17.5	3.9	16.8	11.7	14.9	
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	8.9	19.1	11.6	26.3	9.7	26.5	
Operatives and kindred workers	35.5	29.1	29.6	24.7	29.0	27.6	
Private household workers	2.8	17.6	1.7	10.5	1.3	7.6	
Service workers, except private household	9.1	19.0	10.3	20.7	11.3	24.0	
Farm laborers and foremen	1.6	9.9	1.8	10.3	2.2	12.0	
Laborers, except farm and mine	17.7	27.9	16.6	27.5	16.1	27.3	
No previous work experience	6.2	8.0	7.7	6.2	7.6	9.1	
INDUSTRY GROUP					[		
Total <sup>2</sup>	100.0	20.8	100.0	18.4	100.0	21.8	
Experienced wage and salary workers		23.0	88.4	21.9	89.8	24.4	
Agriculture		13.4	2.0	10.2	2.7	12.5	
Nonagricultural industries		23.4	86.4	22.5	87.1	25.2	
Mining, forestry, and fisheries		(1)	3.3	(1)	3.1	(1)	
Construction		20.9	11.5	27.0	11.3	26.3	
Manufacturing		28.5	32.9	25.4	32.0	29.1	
Durable goods Nondurable goods		29.1	20.2 12.7	28.3 21.8	18.7	32.0	
Transportation and public utilities		27.3	7.8	33.2	13.3 6.8	25.8 33.3	
		16.3	15.2	17.5	17.8	23.5	
Wholesale and retail trade							
Wholesale and retail trade  Service and finance, insurance, and real estate		17.3	13.6	15.9	13.5	16.9	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000. <sup>2</sup>Includes self-employed, unpaid family workers, and persons with no previous work experience, not shown separately. NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1980. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

## Table A-15: Persons at work, by hours worked, type of industry, and class of worker

July 1960

(Percent distribution of persons 14 years of age and over)

	(Percent distribution of persons 14 years of age and over)												
			Agricu	lture				lonagric	ultural	industri	es		
Hours worked	Total	Total	Wage and salary workers	Self- employed workers		Total	Wage Total	Private house- holds	Govern- ment		Self- employed workers		
Total at workthousands  Percent	61,398 100.0	6,729 100.0	2,363 100.0	2,846 100.0	1,520 100.0	54,668 100.0			5,818 100.0	39,850 100.0	5,839 100.0	696 100.0	
1 to 34 hours.  1 to 14 hours.  15 to 21 hours.  22 to 29 hours.  30 to 34 hours.  35 to 40 hours.  40 hours.  41 hours and over.  41 to 47 hours.  48 hours.  49 hours and over.  49 to 54 hours.  55 to 59 hours.  60 to 69 hours.  70 hours and over.	18.0 54.9 3.8 47.3 47.3 41.0 34.7 7.5.6 6.0 2.9 5.9	26.3 6.0 10.3 5.6 4.4 14.5 5.9 8.6 59.0 4.7 4.9 49.4 8.2 3.6 15.1 22.5	33.9 10.4 11.4 6.3 5.8 17.1 6.4 10.7 48.9 7.1 7.0 34.8 9.0 3.5	15.4 5.5 4.1 3.4 29.8 3.7 74.9 2.8 3.8 7.4 2.9 19.4 38.8	35.4 - 20.3 8.9 6.2 19.1 10.1 45.5 4.7 4.2 36.6 8.4 10.1 13.0	17.0 4.3 3.6 4.2 51.3 5.0 31.7 7.8 8 17.8 17.8 3.8 3.8	16.66 4.00 3.5 4.35 55.66 49.00 27.99 6.7 13.32 2.53 2.33	34.0 11.5 8.1 6.0 21.2 6.0 15.2 19.1 5.7 3.9 9.5 2.1 1.6	10.3 1.9 2.7 2.2 3.5 67.4.6 62.8 22.2 7.1 10.5 3.4 2.5 2.5	14.9 3.8 3.8 3.4 4.3 55.9 49.0 29.3 8.2 13.9 5.5 2.5 2.5 2.3	17.8 6.9 4.3 3.4 20.5 4.1 16.4 61.7 7.3 7.3 7.7 10.4 4.5 16.4	39.8 - 20.1 12.0 7.7 20.5 7.5 13.0 39.5 8.4 4.8 26.3 5.1 7.8 11.0	
Average hours	41.7	49.1	41.5	58.7	43.1	40.8	39.9	26.8	41.0	40.6	48.6	40.7	

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Table A-16: Persons employed in nonagricultural industries, by full-time or part-time status and reason for part time

Thousands of persons 14 years of age and over)

(Tr	ousands	or per	rsons 14	years of age and over)			
Hours worked, usual status, and	July	June	July	Hours worked, usual status, and	July	June	July
reason working part time	1960	1960	1959	reason working part time	1960	1960	1959
Total	61,805	61,722	60,769		ļ		
	ł	ł		Part time for other reasons	1,766	1,969	1,980
With a job but not at work						520	412
At work	54,668	158,032	53,879	Vacation	457	329	409
41 hours and over						376	360
35 to 40 hours	28,076	129,838	27,425	Holiday	26	{ 83	1 1
1 to 34 hours	9,288	10,152	9,016	All other	623	661	798
Usually work full time on present job:	İ	l				{	1
Part time for economic reasons		1,371		Usually work part time on present job:		1	Ì
Slack work	861	1,024	642	For economic reasons 1	1,669	1,547	1,726
Material shortages or repairs				Average hours	17.2	17.3	17.4
New job started	140	233	109	For other reasons	4.735	5,266	4.447
Job terminated	62	233 48	61		,		' '
Average hours	24.9	25.0	23.6	Average hours for total at work	40.8	40.6	40.8

<sup>1</sup>Primarily includes persons who could find only part-time work. NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Table A-17: Wage and salary workers, by full-time or part-time status and major industry group

July 1960

(Percent distribution of persons 14 years of age and over)

			1		41 hours and over							
Major industry group	Total at		Usually wo time on pre		Usually v	ork part resent job	ا مما	40		41 to	48	49 hours
	work	Total	Part time for economic			For other	hours	nours	Total	47 hours	hours	
			reasons	reasons	reasons	reasons			<u> </u>			
Agriculture	100.0	33.9	2.5	4.9	11.8	14.7	6.4	10.7	48.9	7.1	7.0	34.8
Nonagricultural industries	100.0	16.6	2.1	3.2	3.3	8,0	6.6	49.0	27.9	7.9		13.3
Construction	100.0	18.0	5.3	6.2	3.6	2.9	5.0	51.0	25.9	8.5	5.1	12.3
Manufacturing	100.0	10.0	3.1	3.4	1.2	2.3	6.2	60.5	23.4	7.2	6.1	10.1
Durable goods	100.0	8.2	3.1	3.6	.7	š	3.1	66.7	22.1	6.7		9.6
Nondurable goods	100.0	11.9	3.0	3.1	1.8	4.0	10.0	53.1	25.0	7.8	6.4	10.8
Transportation and public utilities	100.0	7.3	1.5	2.6	1.2	2.0	3.9	61.1	27.9	8.3	5.9	13.7
Wholesale and retail trade	100.0	19.6	1.1	2.0	4.8	11.7	5.6	35.4	39.4	9.9	10.4	19.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	100.0	11.4	•9	2.3	.9	7.3	20.0	46.0	22.4	7.9	2.8	11.7
Service industries			1.3	3.1	6.8	18.7	7.4	36.6	26.3	7.6	6.2	12.5
Educational services	100.0	25.4	1.1	8.6	.3	15.4	13.2	42.9	18.4	7.8		7.8
Other professional services			.4	2.5	1.3	11.5	6.5	52.5	25.2	6.7	5.8	12.7
All other service industries	100.0	39.0	1.8	2.5	11.2	23.5	6.7	26.0	28.3	8.0	7.1	13.2
All other industries	100.0	9.1	1.4	4.0	61.9	24.9	5.2	6.0	13.7			

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Table A-18: Persons at work, by full-time or part-time status and major occupation group July 1960

(Percent distribution of persons 14 years of age and over)

<del></del>													
				1 to 34 h	ours			1	41	hours	and o	ver	1
Major occupation group	Total at work	Total	time on p	work full resent job Part time for other reasons	time on p	work part resent job For other reasons		40 hours	Total	41 to 47 hours	hours	49 hours and over	Aver- age hours
Total	100.0	18.0	2.0	3.3	3,2	9.5	6.3	41.0	34.7	7.5	6.6	20.6	41.7
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	100.0		0.4 2.1	3.9 2.6	1.3	9.0 10.1		47•3 6•2		7.6 2.7		18.3 68.8	41.6 58.9
Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm	100.0 100.0 100.0	13.6	•7 •6 •9	2.6 2.6 2.1	.4 1.4 3.9	3•7 9•0 17•9	12.2	26.3 58.8 31.7		10.1 6.7 8.9	8.8 3.4 7.5	43.6 5.3 21.2	38.5
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Operatives and kindred workers Private household workers	100.0 100.0 100.0	13.5	2.7 4.3 1.1	3.8 3.9 2.5	1.4 2.0 17.7	2.0 3.3 37.1	5.9	54.4 50.4 15.2	31.7 30.1 19.6	9.1 7.4 6.1		14.6 15.2 9.3	
Service workers, except private household	100.0 100.0 100.0	35.9	1.3 2.0 5.2	2.4 4.1 4.5	4.6 7.4 9.0	15.5 22.4 8.7	7.6	37.6 9.0 46.3	33•5 47•5 22•1	7.0 6.1 7.0	5.7	16.2 35.7 10.3	41.9

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

Table A-19: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full-time and part-time status and selected characteristics July 1960

(Percent distribution of persons 14 years of age and over) 1 to 34 hours Total 41 Usually work full Usually work part at work 35 to hours Average Characteristics time on present job time on present job 40 and hours Part time | Part time For For hours (In thou-Percent for economic for other other economic sands) reasons reasons reasons AGE AND SEX 54,668 100.0 17.0 8.7 51.3 31.7 40.8 2.0 3.2 43.1 38.0 36,591 100.0 12.1 3.2 1.8 2.5 4.2 50.0 2.2 59.8 24.1 16,1 35.9 3.6 100.0 14 to 17 years..... 1,641 4,563 1.7 2.6 100.0 12.4 2.8 3.4 52.1 42.1 18 to 24 years..... 40.8 8,247 100.0 7•3 7•8 2.9 1.0 ĭ.5 51.8 50.8 44.5 1.9 25 to 34 years..... 45.0 2.3 41.5 8,730 100.0 3.5 1.1 ٠9 35 to 44 years..... 44.1 52.0 38.9 3.6 1.9 12,011 100.0 9.2 1.5 45 to 64 years..... 1,398 1.4 2.1 25.9 26.3 36.4 65 years and over..... 100.0 32.9 3.5 4.3 17.8 4.3 18.8 36.3 26.8 Pemale.... 18,077 100.0 1.8 57.1 18.3 15.1 14.4 1,194 100.0 1.1 ĭ.ĭ 37.1 27.8 14 to 17 years..... 67.4 58.3 54.4 37.1 36.5 18 to 24 years..... 3,135 3,124 100.0 1.4 3.0 9.6 16.2 17.6 2.5 100.0 24.1 2.2 25 to 34 years..... 3,900 6,044 26.9 4.2 3.2 17.2 16.8 18.8 100.0 2.3 100.0 52.7 21.8 45 to 64 years..... 100.0 .8 3.7 38.3 30.9 24.1 33.3 65 years and over..... MARITAL STATUS AND SEX 8.2 12.2 27.1 6,723 100.0 25.0 2.1 37.7 44.5 Male: Single..... 100.0 1.0 2.3 50.4 40.9 27,993 8.7 Married, wife present..... 2.1 100.0 3.3 3.7 51.5 33.7 41.5 1,875 4,901 100.0 25.4 14.1 59.0 15.5 35.5 Female: Single..... 18.0 9**,2**98 3,878 100.0 29.5 2.2 3.6 2.6 21.1 52.5 51.8 35.9 38.1 Married, husband present..... 24.6 100.0 23.6 2.0 4.6 14.0 COLOR AND SEX 100.0 8.6 51.4 16.0 100.0 1.8 4.3 17.7 49.6 39.1 43.4 15.801 100.0 1.7 3.2 55.3 25.9 3.3 Female..... 23.7 50.7 100,0 7.9 5.8 4.4 39.6 3,306 100.0 18.9 5.4 3.3 54.0 27.1

2.8

4.5

10.9

45.7

17.3

34.1

2,276 NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1960. (See footnote 4, table A-1.)

100.0

35.5

## Table B-1: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division

#### 1919 to date

(In thousands)

				(In thous	sands)				
Year and month	TOTAL	Mining	Contract construction	Manufacturing	Transportation and public utilities	Wholesale and retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Service and miscellaneous	Government
1919. 1920. 1921. 1922.	. 27,088 . 24,125 . 25,569	1,124 1,230 953 920 1,203	1,021 848 1,012 1,185 1,229	10,53 <sup>1</sup> , 10,53 <sup>1</sup> , 8,132 8,986 10,155	3,711 3,998 3,459 3,505 3,882	4,664 4,623 4,754 5,084 5,494	1,050 1,110 1,097 1,079 1,123	2,05 <sup>1</sup> , 2,142 2,187 2,268 2,431	2,671 2,603 2,531 2,542 2,611
1924 1925 1926 1927	. 28,505 . 29,539 . 29,691	1,092 1,080 1,176 1,105 1,041	1,321 1,446 1,555 1,608 1,606	9,523 9,786 9,997 9,839 9,786	3,806 3,824 3,940 3,891 3,822	5,626 5,810 6,033 6,165 6,137	1,163 1,166 1,235 1,295 1,360	2,516 2,591 2,755 2,871 2,962	2,723 2,802 2,848 2,917 2,990
1929	. 29,143 . 26,383 . 23,377	1,078 1,000 864 722 735	1,497 1,372 1,214 970 809	10,534 9,401 8,021 6,797 7,258	3,907 3,675 3,243 2,804 2,659	6,401 6,064 5,531 4,907 4,999	1,431 1,398 1,333 1,270 1,225	3,127 3,084 2,913 2,682 2,614	3,066 3,149 3,264 3,225 3,167
1934	. 26,792 . 28,802 . 30,718	874 888 937 1,006 882	862 912 1,145 1,112 1,055	8,346 8,907 9,653 10,606 9,253	2,736 2,771 2,956 3,114 2,840	5,552 5,692 6,076 6,543 6,453	1,247 1,262 1,313 1,355 1,347	2,784 2,883 3,060 3,233 3,196	3,298 3,477 3,662 3,749 3,876
1939 1940 1941, 1942	32,058 36,220 39,779	845 916 947 983 917	1,150 1,294 1,790 2,170 1,567	10,078 10,780 12,974 15,051 17,381	2,912 3,013 3,248 3,433 3,619	6,612 6,940 7,416 7,333 7,189	1,399 1,436 1,480 1,469 1,435	3,321 3,477 3,705 3,857 3,919	3,995 4,202 4,660 5,483 6,080
1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	40,037 41,287 43,462	883 826 852 943 982	1,094 1,132 1,661 1,982 2,169	17,111 15,302 14,461 15,290 15,321	3,798 3,872 4,023 4,122 4,141	7,260 7,522 8,602 9,196 9,519	1,409 1,428 1,619 1,672 1,741	3,93 <sup>1</sup> 4 4,011 4,474 4,783 4,925	6,043 5,944 5,595 5,474 5,650
1949 1950 1951 1952	44,738 47,347 48,303	918 889 916 885 852	2,165 2,333 2,603 2,634 2,622	14,178 14,967 16,104 16,334 17,238	3,949 3,977 4,166 4,185 4,221	9,513 9,645 10,012 10,281 10,527	1,765 1,824 1,892 1,967 2,038	4,972 5,077 5,264 5,411 5,538	5,856 6,026 6,389 6,609 6,645
1954	50,056 51,766 52,162	777 777 807 809 721	2,593 2,759 2,929 2,808 2,648	15,995 16,563 16,903 16,782 15,468	4,009 4,062 4,161 4,151 3,903	10,520 10,846 11,221 11,302 11,141	2,122 2,219 2,308 2,348 2,374	5,664 5,916 6,160 6,336 6,395	6,751 6,914 7,277 7,626 7,893
1959 <sup>1</sup> 1959 <sup>2</sup>	51,975 52,205	676 677	2,767 2,788	16,168 16,199	3,902 3,921	11,385 11,439	2,425 2,433	6,525 6,558	8,127 8,190
August September. October November. December.	52,316 52,889 52,802 53,021	712 641 622 622 661 669	3,060 3,132 3,068 2,985 2,877 2,719	16,456 16,212 16,400 16,226 16,307 16,510	3,969 3,942 3,947 3,929 3,931 3,958	11,379 11,415 11,519 11,605 11,778 12,402	2,483 2,482 2,460 2,449 2,446 2,446	6,637 6,616 6,651 6,648 6,627 6,581	7,900 7,876 8,222 8,338 8,394 8,704
1960: January February March April May June	52,284 52,398 53,076 53,195	659 670 667 678 679 681	2,472 2,408 2,331 2,611 2,853 3,008	16,498 16,548 16,505 16,408 16,378 16,453	3,900 3,905 3,918 3,936 3,943 3,962	11,478 11,382 11,379 11,675 11,599 11,676	2,437 2,447 2,452 2,471 2,478 2,504	6,507 6,518 6,545 6,679 6,752 6,781	8,351 8,406 8,601 8,618 8,513 8,470
July	53,171	658	3,129	16,295	3,953	11,643	2,536	6,757	8,200

<sup>1</sup> Data relate to the United States without Alaska and Hawaii.

2 Data include Alaska and Hawaii. The monthly data shown below relate to the United States including Alaska and Hawaii.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

# Current Industry Employment

Table B-2: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry

(In	thousands
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	(In thousands)  All employees Production workers1												
			l employe										
Industry	July 1960	June 1960	May 1960	July 1959	June 1959	July 1960	June 1960	May 1960	July 1959	June 1959			
TOTAL	52,910	53,284	52,957	52,343	52,580	_	-						
MINING	656	679	677	710	713		532	532	562	565			
METAL MINING	95.1	95•5	96.1	97.4	97•7	-	78.7	80.0	80.1	80.9			
Iron mining	-	33•5	35.3	35.2	35.4	-	28.3	30.5	30.2	30.5			
Copper mining		32.0 11.7	31.3	31.0 12.7	31.1 12.6	_	26.1 9.4	25.6 9.7	25.3 10.2	25.6 10.2			
Lead and zinc mining			'										
ANTHRACITE MINING	-	11.7	12.2	17.1	15.3	•	9•9	10.5	15.5	13.6			
BITUMINOUS-COAL MINING	145.8	164.0	167.2	171.3	177.9	· '	144.1	147.7	152.5	158.5			
CRUDE-PETROLEUM AND NATURAL-GAS PRODUCTION		291.4	286.2	310.7	308.7		203.3	198.3	218.6	216.8			
Petroleum and natural-gas production		-		1 -	•								
(except contract services)	-	176.9	174.2	184.0	182.8	-	103.5	101.2	108.4	107.3			
NONMETALLIC MINING AND QUARRYING	116.1	116.6	115.7	113.8	113.2		96.2	95•9	95•5	95•0			
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	3,102	2,983	2,830	3,035	2,986		2,565	2,420	2,632	2,583			
NONBUILDING CONSTRUCTION	_	648	594	687	685		565	513	<b>6</b> 06	604			
Highway and street construction		316.1	284.2	343.0	335.0	-	288.3	256.6	315.6	307.2			
Other nonbuilding construction	-	331.8	310.1	344.1	350.0	-	276.4	256.8	290.1	297.2			
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION		2,335	2,236	2,348	2,301		2,000	1,907	2,026	1,979			
GENERAL CONTRACTORS		815.0	774.2	836.7	824.0		714.7	675.1	737-2	724.3			
SPECIAL-TRADE CONTRACTORS	_	1,519.5	1,461.9	1,511.3	1,477.2	-	1,285.6	1,232.0	1,288.4	1,254.6			
Plumbing and heating		310.5			314.0	-	252.4	246.7	264.6	256.2			
Painting and decorating	_	237.1		239.9	217.7	-	215.3	201.3	218.3	197.2			
Electrical work		186.3	176.5	179.1	176.5	-	147.8	139.4	142.8	140.7			
Other special-trade contractors	-	785.6	759•2	768.8	769.0	-	0,0.1	044.0	502.7	000.5			
MANUFACTUR ING	16,249	16,414	16,348	16,410	16,455	12,155	12,330	12,292	12,433	12,524			
DURABLE GOODS	9,332	9,500	9,516	9,523	9,581	6,886	7,057	7,084	7,161	7,248			
MONDURABLE GOODS	6,917	6,914	6,832	6,887	6,874	5,269	5,273	5,208	5,272	5,276			
Durable Goods				ļ		1				ļ			
ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	134.4	149.5	149.4	142.4	139.7	60.7	72.2	73.0	72.2	72.9			
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	677.8	689.1	660.7	694.4	691.8	608.7	620.1	592.5	627.0	623.8			
Logging camps and contractors		127.6	108.5	115.3	112.1	_	120.3	101.8	108.6				
Sawmills and planing mills		326.3	318.1	330.4	330.9	-	296.8	288.8	302.2	302.4			
Millwork, plywood, prefabricated		133.6	132.7	147.0	145.9	Į	112.5	111.7	125.4	124.1			
structural wood products		44.8					40.8	40.8	41.0	41.8			
Miscellaneous wood products		56.8					49.7		49.8				
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	385.6	390.7	388.3	382.2	384.1	320.7	326.3	324.3	319.5	320.7			
Household furniture		279.6					240.3						
Office, public-building, and profes-		1	1	į		1		1	1				
sional furniture	-	49.6	48.3	45.8	46.2	· ·	38.7	37.6	35.9	36.0			
Partitions, shelving, lockers, and fixtures		37.0	35•7	35•5	35.6	1 .	28.0	26.8	26.8	26.7			
Screens, blinds, and miscellaneous		}		1			20.0		l .	1			
furniture and fixtures	-	24.5	24.8	1		-	19.3	19.6	18.9	20.0			
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS							455.4	451.6	463.5	465.8			
Flat glass		29.7					25.5	26.6					
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown Glass products made of purchased glass		109.4					92.9	90.5	85.7	88.1			
Glass products made of purchased glass Cement, hydraulic		42.9			17.8 43.2		13.6	13.7 34.5	36.0				
Structural clay products		75.7					65.5	65.9	68.5	68.4			
Pottery and related products		48.8					41.9	41.7	42.4	42.4			
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	1	120.5					95.6						
Cut-stone and stone products		18.4			18.2	-	15.9	15.6	15.9	15.7			
Misc. nonmetallic mineral products		99.5	100.1	101.0			69.3	69.9	71.5				

Table B-2: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry-Continued

(In thousands)											
			ll employ					ction wor		- Rus	
Industry	July	June	May 1060	July	June	July	June 1960	May 1060	July	June	
	1960	1960	1960	1959_	1959	1960	7300	1960_	1959	1959	
Durable Goods-Continued	1		}	-	1	l		}	1	1	
					i .				1 .		
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	1,159.3	1,201.9	1,224.9	1,266.1	1,291.4	926.5	968.9	992.6	1,038.4	1,066.5	
Blast furnaces, steel works, and	Ì	582.4	606.5	630.8	651.8	1	470.8	495.3	521.2	543.1	
rolling mills	_	, ,	222.5	_	231.4		189.8	188.8	197.7	199.8	
Iron and steel foundries	-	223.2		230.1	231.44	l ~	109.0	100.0	1 -5101	199.0	
nonferrous metals	] .	59.4	58.6	56.9	56.3		46.8	46.1	44.5	44.1	
Secondary smelting and refining of	l		, , , , ,	, , , ,		1					
nonferrous metals		11.9	12.1	12.5	12.5	i	8.6	8.9	9.4	9.4	
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of	ľ			}			۱ ۵-۰	0			
nonferrous metals	-	113.7	112.2	119.4	119.6	-	85.4	84.2	92.2	92.7	
Nonferrous foundries	-	61.7	61.1	64.1	64.8	-	50.3	119.7	52.5 120.9	53.4 124.0	
Miscellaneous primary metal industries	~	149.6	151.9	152.3	155.0	} -	11.05	11701	120.9	124.0	
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	1,065.9	1,087.1	1,080.8	1,084.1	1.102.0	823.5	841.1	836.5	846.9	865.8	
Tin cans and other tinware		63.9	62.2	62.8	63.1		55.9	54.3	55.0	55.4	
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware	l -	132.2	133.0	132.4	136.4	1 -	103.7	104.4	104.4	108.4	
Heating apparatus (except electric) and	I	_	1	}				}	}	1	
plumbers' supplies	l -	115.8	116.0	116.6	118.7	į -	88.0	88.1	89.2	91.5	
Fabricated structural metal products	-	293.4	287.7	303.1	301.6	-	208.4	204.4	221.5	220.7	
Metal stamping, coating, and engraving	-	236.1	236.5	228.0	233.5	-	192.5	192.9	186.0	191.5	
Lighting fixtures	-	49.4	48.1	47.6	48.8	-	38.2	37.0	36.9 44.9	38.2 46.5	
Fabricated wire products	-	56.7	57.4	56.0	57.7	i -	45.3	45.9			
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products.	-	139.6	139.9	137.6	142.2	-	109.1	109.5	109.0	113.6	
MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)	1,636.2	1,657.4	1,660.9	1,633.9	1,644.9	1,131.3	1,155.5	1,159.3	1,149.4	1,167.0	
Engines and turbines	2,0500	101.6	103.2	104.1	105.1	-,-,-,-	63.3	64.5	66.4	67.5	
Agricultural machinery and tractors		149.6	149.3	171.5	173.0	٠	102.9	101.7	124.6	127.1	
Construction and mining machinery	_	127.4	130.3	135.5	136.2	-	87.5	89.9	94.1	95.5	
Metalworking machinery	_	265.1	263.5		239.4	-	196.1	195.7	175.5	176.3	
Special-industry machinery (except	l					1		ļ	ĺ	1	
metalworking machinery)	-	177.5	176.5	165.9	166.2	-	124.0	123.5	114.9	115.6	
General industrial machinery	-	230.9	230.1	226.2	225.5	-	146.8	146.5	143.1	143.3	
Office and store machines and devices	! -	140.4	138.9	129.8	132.6	-	93.0	92.3	87.7	90.2	
Service-industry and household machines.	i -	192.4	196.5	186.3	187.2		143.3	146.9	138.3	141.1	
Miscellaneous machinery parts	~	272.5	272.6	275.3	279.7	ı –	198.6	198.3	204.8	210.4	
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY	1,286.8	1,295.7	1,289.6	1,241.6	1,232.6	843.0	858.4	855.1	835.9	832.5	
Electrical generating, transmission,	1,200.0	±,=,,,,,,,,	1,20,00	2,2,2,2	2,2000	1 3.50	•,•••	1	1 33,13	1	
distribution, and industrial apparatus.	_	413.7	414.8	407.0	405.6	-	277.3	279.3	277.8	277.9	
Electrical appliances	1 -	39.1	38.9	36.9	37.0	-	29.3	29.1	27.3	27.5	
Insulated wire and cable		28.6	28.6	26.9	27.9	-	21.8	22.0	20.4	21.4	
Electrical equipment for vehicles	_	71.3	70.9	68.6	69.8	-	54.6	54.3	52.9	54.3	
Electric lamps	! - !	29.1	29.5	27.5	27.4	-	25.4	25.8	23.8	23.7	
Communication equipment	- 1	664.5	658.0	625.8	615.8	-	413.7	408.8	397.9	391.8	
Miscellaneous electrical products		49.4	48.9	48.9	49.1	-	36.3	35.8	35.8	35•9	
		2 (0( )	2 (50 9	1 (00 0	3 700 7	1 100 k			2 007 1	2 001 0	
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	1,579.6		1,652.8	1,692.8 744.3	1,703.7	1,100.4	615.5	615.8	1,207.4	1,224.0	
Motor vehicles and equipment	-	784.1 616.7	785.0 658.3	735.6	754•2 735•3	-	345.6	388.0	448.6	451.3	
Aircraft and parts	-	371.2	381.4	433.4	434.0		213.8	223.5	264.8	266.0	
Aircraft engines and parts		113.4	138.7	146.8	146.6		56.9	82.4	86.4	86.8	
Aircraft propellers and parts	- !	8.3	14.1	14.3	14.4	_	2.7	8.5	9.2	9.3	
Other aircraft parts and equipment	_	123.8	124.1	141.1	140.3	i -	72.2	73.6	88.2	89.2	
Ship and boat building and repairing	_	134.7	137.4	144.6	148.0		112.6	114.7	120.5	124.3	
Ship building and repairing	-	111.4	112.3	123.3	124.2	-	92.6	93.0	102.3	103.5	
Boat building and repairing	-	23.3	25.1	21.3	23.8	- 1	20.0	21.7	18.2	20.8	
Railroad equipment	-	60.7	61.6	57-7	55.8	-	45.5	46.7	43.2	41.7	
Other transportation equipment	-	10.2	10.5	10.6	10.4	-	8.0	8.4	8.8	8.6	
	ا، ـ ، ا	250.0	357.5	200.0	222.2	م امما	207.0	207 7	200.0	202 5	
INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS	349.4	352.8	351.3	339.2	339•2	224.2	227.2	227.7	220.8	223.5	
Laboratory, scientific, and engineering		65.9	66.0	65.3	63.9	I	35.6	35.8	35•5	35.0	
instruments	-	97.9	90.0	97•3	03.9	-	39.0	32.0	32.2	35.0	
Mechanical measuring and controlling		101.0	100.2	94.3	94.6	_	66.2	66.4	62.9	63.9	
instruments Optical instruments and lenses	_	18.6	18.4	15.3	15.0	_	12.8	12.7	10.3	10.1	
Surgical, medical, and dental	_	10,0		-,.,		l -		'		}	
instruments	_	45.8	45.1	42.0	43.5	_	30.5	30.2	27.7	29.4	
Ophthalmic goods	_	27.0	27.6	25.6	25.7	_	21.6	21.5	20.1	20.2	
Photographic apparatus	_	65.9	65.5	65.7	65.0	} -	38.6	38.7	39.5	39.3	
Watches and clocks	_	28.6					22.5				
				-			•	•	•	-	

Table 8-2: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry-Continued

Industry	(In thousands)										
### Durable Goods—Continued #### Nisciliantous Manufacturing insustraits. #### April ### 1995 ### Nisciliantous Manufacturing insustraits. #### 15.9											
### Durable Goods—Continued    Journal of Goods—Continued   1994.2   598.2   1994.7   1897.1   1897.2   397.3   397.3   396.2   396.3	Industry										
### STELLAMEOUS MANUFACTURISE HOUSTRIES.   49A.2   290.2   490.7   480.7   480.2   391.2   50.5   50	Durable Condo Continued										
Section   Sect	burable doods-continued						ļ				
### Busical instruments and parts — 18.6   18.6   15.5   15.7   - 15.2   15.3   12.3   12.6   Typy and sporting \$6004s	MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	494.2	508.2				391.2				
The state of the s	Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	-					-				
Pens, pencils, other office supplies. — 31.9 31.6 31.1 30.8 — 23.6 23.6 22.9 22.7 47.9 25.1 5.9 4 39.5 — 23.6 23.6 22.9 22.7 47.9 24.5 25.1 — 23.6 25.		-									
Continue   Jewelry   Duttons, notions							•				
### Patricated plantics products 94.9 94.8 91.5   92.1 - 74.3   74.2 71.6   72.3   ### Rondurable Goods  ##		1					ľ				
### Transaction in description in description   -   158.9   156.7   152.8   194.4   -   123.7   122.6   118.6   120.6   ### Rondurable Goods		1					t .				
		_					-				
Poss AND KIEDRED PRODUCTS   1,531.6   1,467.9   1,516.0   1,479.2   1,771.7   1,033.2   967.4   1,061.7   1,029.6					,						
Reat products		3 cm 6	1 167 0	1 hab 0	, 516.0	1 120 0		2 032 0	067 h	1 061 7	1 000 6
Dalry products		1,751.0				205 8	1,071.7				
Caming and preserving. — 205,3   184.7   293.7   214.2 — 170.6   190.8   223.6   179.9   Grain-mill products. — 200.4   286.1   286.8   284.6 — 163.8   160.9   162.5   162.3   Sugar. — 27.7   25.1   26.2   25.9 — 28.4   19.4   20.5   26.2   Sugar. — 27.7   25.1   26.2   25.9 — 28.4   19.4   20.5   26.2   Sugar. — 27.7   27.1   27.2   27.2   21.4   27.2   21.4   Confectionery and related products. — 20.9   211.1   227.9   216.4   18.4   12.2   115.6   Miscellaneous food products. — 139.4   134.5   137.6   134.3 — 95.6   91.5   94.0   Miscellaneous food products. — 179.4   77.7   78.5   77.3   79.9   69.6   67.9   60.3   67.2   69.9   Clarettes. — 27.4   25.7   25.7   27.0 — 23.3   22.5   25.1   25.4   Tobacco and smiff. — 6.2   6.2   6.6   6.9 — 5.2   5.2   5.1   5.4   Tobacco and conting plants. — 5.5   5.4   5.5   5.7   5.7   5.7   Scouring and conting plants. — 5.5   5.4   5.5   5.7   5.7   30.1   20.5   Tarn and thread mills. — 106.4   105.7   111.2   112.0 — 97.5   97.6   102.7   103.1   Surrow fabrics and smillurers. — 22.5   23.3   23.7   25.7   25.7   25.7   25.7   25.7   White smills. — 29.1   29.1   26.5   25.6   25.6   25.6   Spiral-wore fabric mills. — 29.1   29.1   26.5   25.6   25.6   Spiral-wore fabric mills. — 29.1   29.1   26.5   25.6   25.6   Spiral-wore fabric mills. — 29.1   29.1   26.5   25.6   25.6   Spiral-wore fabric mills. — 29.1   29.1   25.5   25.7   25.7   25.7   Spiral-wore fabric mills. — 29.1   29.1   20.2   25.5   25.7   25.7   25.7   Spiral-wore fabric mills. — 29.1   29.1   29.1   29.1   20.2   20.5   20.6   20.7   Spiral-wore fabric mills. — 29.1   29.	•	_									
Grain-mill products. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		ľ		184.7			•				
Sagar		-					- 1			78.9	
Confectionery and related products 70.1 69.5 66.3 Ti.0 - 155.h 94.8 94.2 57.0 Miscellaneous food products 120.9 211. 217.9 216.4 118.4 112.2 115.6 116.0 Miscellaneous food products 130.h 134.5 137.6 111.3 - 95.6 91.5 94.0 97.8 116.0 Miscellaneous food products 77.7 77.7 78.5 73.7 79.9 69.6 67.9 68.3 67.2 69.9 112.0 112.0 115.6 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 115.0 112.3 112.0 112.3 112.0 112.3 112.0 112.0 112.3 112.0 1		-	290.4	286.1	286.8	284.6	-	163.8		162.5	
Beverages	Sugar	_	25.7			25.9					
Miscellaneous food products		-									
TOBACCO MARNFACTURES 79.4 77.7 76.5 77.3 79.9 69.6 67.9 68.3 67.2 69.9 cligarettes 79.4 77.7 76.5 77.3 77.9 69.6 67.9 68.3 67.2 69.9 cligarettes 25.4 25.5 25.7 27.0 23.8 23.7 24.1 25.4 705acco and snuff. entrying 77.7 91. 91. 8.5 75.6 5.9 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.7 5.0 705acco stemming and centrying 77.7 91. 91. 8.5 75.6 6.9 6.9 6.3 77.7 30.7 77.9 19.1 8.5 75.6 6.9 6.9 6.3 77.7 91. 91. 8.5 75.6 6.9 6.9 6.3 77.7 91. 91. 8.5 75.6 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.3 77.7 91. 91. 8.5 75.6 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6		-									
Clgars.	Miscellaneous food products	-	139.4		137.6	141.3	-		i		1
Cigara 25,4 25,5 25,7 27,0 - 23,6 23,7 24,1 25,4 Tobacco and smiff 6,2 6,2 6,8 6,9 - 5,2 5,2 5,2 5,7 7,8 Tobacco stemming and redrying 7.7 9,1 9,1 8,5 - 5,6 6,9 6,9 6,9 6,3 TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS 942,1 960,8 956,3 964,7 975,1 847,8 866,0 862,9 872,1 882,8 Scouring and combing plants 5,5 5,4 5,6 5,7 - 5,0 4,9 5,2 5,1 Yara and thread mills 106,4 105,7 111,2 112,0 - 97,5 97,6 102,7 103,1 870,4 more fabric mills 294,5 29,5 29,3 29,0 30,2 - 25,6 25,6 26,1 26,6 Knitting mills 294,5 221,6 221,6 221,6 221,6 221,6 221,6 221,6 221,6 221,6 221,6 221,6 221,6 221,8 224,9 - 20,6 200,7 200,7 204,8 Dyeing and finishing textiles 90,0 30,9 88,4 89,6 - 77,7 77,7 76,4 77,6 Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings 44,1 44,9 45,6 45,7 - 36,3 37,2 38,0 36,9 8,8 Hate (except cloth and millimery) 10,2 10,1 9,8 10,2 - 8,9 6,9 8,7 9,0 8,7 49,0 8,8 10,2 - 5,6 8,5 5,7 1 57,7 - 45,9 45,6 46,6 47,0 Mnscallaneous textile gloods 56,8 55,5 57,1 57,7 - 45,9 45,6 46,6 47,0 Mnscallaneous textile gloods 56,8 55,5 57,1 57,7 - 45,9 45,6 46,6 47,0 Mnscallaneous textile gloods 56,8 55,5 77,1 57,7 - 45,9 45,6 46,6 47,0 Mnscallaneous textile gloods 56,8 55,5 77,1 57,7 - 45,9 45,6 46,6 47,0 Mnscallaneous textile gloods 76,8 55,5 57,1 57,7 - 45,9 45,6 46,6 47,0 Mnscallaneous textile gloods 76,8 55,5 57,1 57,7 - 45,9 45,6 46,6 47,0 Mnscallaneous appraisance of the standard sta		79.4					69.6				
Tobacco and smuff		1 -					-				
Tobacco stemming and redrying 7.7 9.1 9.1 9.1 8.5 - 5.6 6.9 6.9 6.3  TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS. 942.1 960.8 994.7 975.1 847.8 860.0 862.9 872.1 55.1 5.4 5.6 5.7 975.1 847.8 860.0 862.9 872.1 55.1 106.4 105.7 111.2 112.0 - 97.5 97.6 102.7 55.1 106.4 105.7 111.2 112.0 - 97.5 97.6 102.7 120.1 120.1 112.0 - 97.5 97.6 102.7 120.1 120.1 120.0 - 97.5 97.6 102.7 120.1 120.1 120.0 - 97.5 97.6 102.7 120.1 120.1 120.0 - 97.5 97.6 102.7 120.1 120.1 120.0 - 97.5 97.6 102.7 120.1 120.1 120.0 - 97.5 97.6 102.7 120.1 120.1 120.0 - 97.5 97.6 102.7 120.1 120.1 120.0 - 97.5 97.6 102.7 120.1 120.1 120.0 - 97.5 97.6 102.7 120.1 120.1 120.0 - 97.5 97.6 102.7 120.1 120.1 120.0 - 97.5 17.0 120.1 120.1 120.0 - 97.5 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0		1									
Securing and combing plants.   942.1   960.8   956.3   964.7   975.1   847.8   866.0   862.9   872.1   882.8   8500ring and combing plants.   -     5.5   5.4   5.8   5.7   -     5.0     4.9   5.2   5.1   174   187.3   1870.4   197.7   111.2   112.0   -     97.5   97.6   102.7   103.1   1870.4   105.7   111.2   112.0   -     97.5   97.6   102.7   103.1   1870.4   1870.											
Scouring and combing plants								1	1	1 .	
Yearn and thread mills		942.1			1 1		847.8				
Broad-woven fabric mills		] -					_				
Narrow fabrics and smallwares 29.5   29.3   224.9   - 25.8   25.6   25.6   26.1   26.6   Knitting mills 294.6   221.6   221.3   224.9   - 203.6   200.7   200.7   204.8   Dyeing and finishing textiles 90.0   89.9   89.4   89.6   - 77.7   77.7   77.7   76.4   77.6   Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings   - 44.1   44.9   45.6   45.7   - 36.3   37.2   38.0   38.0   Hats (except cloth and millimery) 10.2   10.1   9.8   10.2   - 8.9   8.9   8.7   9.0   Hats except cloth and millimery) 56.8   56.5   57.1   57.7   - 45.9   45.6   46.6   47.3    APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE   1,189.1   1,216.8   1,207.9   1,178.6   1,200.2   1,060.3   1,067.0   1,079.1   1,047.5   1,067.9   Hen's and boys' furnishings and work clothing 358.5   353.7   339.0   390.5   336.7   295.4   293.0   293.3   299.4   Momen's outerwear   330.2   326.1   330.5   336.7   295.4   293.0   293.3   299.4   Momen's outerwear   - 118.5   118.4   112.7   116.8   113.7   10.9   13.0   16.4   11.5   Children's outerwear   - 75.0   73.2   74.5   76.8   67.2   65.5   66.0   68.5   Fur goods 7.2   69.9   10.9   9.9   5.3   5.2   7.8   7.5   Miscellaneous apparel and accessories   - 61.8   59.6   57.7   60.7   55.8   53.8   53.8   54.6   Other fabricated textile products.   136.6   138.1   131.0   131.8   114.8   116.7   110.1   110.1    PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS.   559.3   566.8   562.7   561.3   565.0   443.8   451.5   449.0   129.3   PAPIRITING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED   1809171118   - 229.7   227.6   226.6   27.0   25.3   25.8    ROUSTINES.   889.1   330.3   330.4   333.6   322.0   164.3   164.0   159.9   160.7   Periodicals.   62.2   62.2   62.7   60.9   60.6   26.6   27.0   25.3   25.8    PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED   1809171111   190.1   190.1   190.1   190.1   190.1    PAPER AND ALLIED   1900171   190.1		-									
Note   Continue   Co		1									
Dyeing and finishing textiles		1									204.8
Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings		1							1 i		
Hats (except cloth and millinery)		_			45.6						
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS		- 1	10.2		9.8	10.2	l -				
1,189.1   1,216.8   1,279.9   1,178.6   1,200.2   1,060.3   1,087.0   1,047.5   1,04	Miscellaneous textile goods	-	56.8	56.5	57.1	57•7	-	45.9	45.6	46.6	47.3
Men's and boys' suits and coats  Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing  S38.5  Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing  S38.5  Men's outerwear  Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing  S38.5  Men's outerwear  Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing  Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing  Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing  Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing  Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing  Men's and boys' furnishings and work  Men's and boys' furnishings and work  Men's and boys' furnishings and work  Men's and boys' furnishings and work  Men's and boys' furnishings and work  Men's and boys' furnishings and work  Clothing  Men's and boys' furnishings and work  118.5  Men's and boys' furnishings and work  118.5  Men's and boys' furnishings and work  118.5  Men's and boys' furnishings and work  118.5  118.6  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.6  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.6  118.7  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.8  118.7  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.7  118.7  118.9  118.6  118.7  118.6  118.7  118.7  118.7  118.8  118.8  118.9  118.8  118.9  118.6  118.7  118.9  118.6  118.7  118.8  118.8  118.8  118.9  1		1 180 1	1.216.8	1.207.9	1.178.6	1.200.2	1.060.3	1.087.0	1.079.1	1.047.5	1.067.9
Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing.  - 358.5 353.7 339.0 340.5 - 327.1 322.9 309.0 310.5 women's outerwear.  - 330.2 328.1 330.5 336.7 - 295.4 293.0 293.3 299.4 women's outerwear.  - 118.5 118.4 112.7 116.8 - 105.5 105.5 100.0 104.4 millinery.  - 12.7 11.9 18.6 13.7 - 10.9 13.0 16.4 115.		1,109.1									
Clothing.		_		_,		_5.5	1 -			75	
Nomen's, children's under garments		- ا	358.5	353-7	339.0	340.5	<b>,</b> -				
Millinery.	Women's outerwear	-									
Children's outerwear.		-									
Pur goods		I .									
Miscellaneous apparel and accessories   61.8   59.6   136.6   136.1   131.0   131.8   -   55.8   53.8   51.8   54.6   136.6   136.6   136.1   131.0   131.8   -   114.8   116.7   110.1   1		-								1 .	
Other fabricated textile products 136.6 138.1 131.0 131.8 - 114.8 116.7 110.1 110.1  PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS		-									
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS		-				1 1	_				
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills.		ţ		_	1	1		l	1		1
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills 276.2 274.4 276.9 277.9 - 225.6 225.9 227.0 Paperboard containers and boxes 152.5 151.7 151.7 153.8 - 121.9 121.5 120.8 123.0 Other paper and allied products 136.1 136.6 132.7 133.3 - 104.0 104.9 102.3 103.3 PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED 18DUSTRIES. 889.1 890.8 885.9 864.8 862.8 563.7 569.7 566.8 552.1 554.9 Newspapers 331.3 329.4 323.6 322.0 - 164.3 164.0 159.9 160.7 Periodicals 62.2 62.7 60.9 60.6 - 26.6 27.0 25.3 25.8 Books 62.2 62.2 57.1 57.1 - 37.7 37.4 34.4 35.2 Commercial printing 229.7 227.3 222.9 222.6 184.2 182.5 178.8 178.9 Greeting cards 21.4 20.6 20.9 20.8 - 15.4 14.6 15.3 15.5 Bookbinding and related industries 48.5 48.0 45.8 46.0 - 38.2 37.7 36.0 36.3 Miscellaneous publishing and printing - 67.0 67.3 68.0 67.7 - 51.4 51.8 52.7 52.6	PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	559 • 3		562.7			443.8				
Other paper and allied products 136.1 136.6 132.7 133.3 - 104.0 104.9 102.3 103.3  PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES. 889.1 890.8 885.9 864.8 862.8 563.7 569.7 566.8 552.1 554.9  Newspapers 331.3 329.4 323.6 322.0 - 164.3 164.0 159.9 160.7  Periodicals 62.7 60.9 60.6 - 26.6 27.0 25.3 25.8  Books 62.2 62.2 57.1 57.1 - 37.7 37.4 34.4 35.2  Commercial printing 229.7 227.3 222.9 222.6 - 184.2 182.5 178.8 178.9  Lithographing - 68.5 68.4 65.6 66.0 - 51.9 51.8 49.7 49.9  Greeting cards 21.4 20.6 20.9 20.8 - 15.4 14.6 15.3 15.5  Bookbinding and related industries 48.5 48.0 45.8 46.0 - 38.2 37.7 36.0 36.3  Miscellaneous publishing and printing - 67.0 67.3 68.0 67.7 - 51.4 51.8 52.7 52.6		-									
PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED  INDUSTRIES		1 -				1	_				
Newspapers	Other paper and allied products	-	136.1	136.6	132.7	133.3	l -	104.0	104.9	102.3	103.3
Newspapers	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED	1	1	1				l		l _	1
Periodicals 62.2 62.7 66.9 60.6 - 26.6 27.0 25.3 25.8 Books 62.2 62.2 57.1 57.1 - 37.7 37.4 34.4 35.2 Commercial printing 229.7 227.3 222.9 222.6 184.2 182.5 178.8 178.9 Greeting cards 21.4 20.6 20.9 20.8 - 15.4 14.6 15.3 15.5 Bookbinding and related industries 48.5 48.0 45.8 46.0 - 38.2 37.7 36.0 36.3 Miscellaneous publishing and printing services 67.0 67.3 68.0 67.7 - 51.4 51.8 52.7 52.6	INDUSTRIES	889.1									
Books		-									
Commercial printing 229.7 227.3 222.9 222.6 - 184.2 182.5 178.8 178.9 Lithographing 68.5 65.6 66.0 - 51.9 51.8 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5		-									
Lithographing 68.5 68.4 65.6 66.0 - 51.9 51.8 49.7 49.9 Greeting cards 21.4 20.6 20.9 20.8 - 15.4 14.6 15.3 15.5 Bookbinding and related industries 48.5 48.0 45.8 46.0 - 38.2 37.7 36.0 36.3 Miscellaneous publishing and printing services 67.0 67.3 68.0 67.7 - 51.4 51.8 52.7 52.6		-				320.4		1 181.0			
Greeting cards		-									
Bookbinding and related industries 48.5 48.0 45.8 46.0 _ 38.2 37.7 36.0 36.3 Miscellaneous publishing and printing services 67.0 67.3 68.0 67.7 _ 51.4 51.8 52.7 52.6		-									
Miscellaneous publishing and printing services		1 -									
services 67.0 67.3 68.0 67.7 - 51.4 51.8 52.7 52.6		1 -			1	1	1 -		5,11		
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '		-	67.0	67.3	68.0	67.7	_	51.4	51.8	52.7	52.6
See footnotes at and of table. NOME: Data for the Court washing and the second second		•	ı	1	1	1	•	ı	•	ı	)

Table B-2: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry-Centinued

			In thous			<u> </u>				
Industry	July	June	l employe May	July	June	July	June	May		June
	1960	1960	1960	1959	1959	1960	1960	1960	July 1959	1959
Nondurable Goods-Continued										
CHENICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	878.0	877.3	879.6	847.8	843.2	543.2	541.1	546.7	526.6	526.9
Industrial inorganic chemicals	-	105.6		103.6	102.2	-	69.6	69.2	68.9	68.1
Industrial organic chemicals	-	343.3			326.7	_	211.6	210.0	205.7	501.1
Drugs and medicines	-	106.7	105.4	104.8	103.2	_	57.6	56.6	57.2	56.8
rations	- '	53.2	52.8	51.0	50.9		31.3	30.8	30.2	30.3
Paints, pigments, and fillers	-	78.5				~	46.6	46.3	45.0	45.4
Gum and wood chemicals	-	8.0		7.8	7.5	-	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.1
Fertilizers Vegetable and animal oils and fats	] [	35.7 36.5		31.6 37.3	34.1 37.6	-	25.8 23.9	34.1 24.9	21.7	24.3 24.7
Miscellaneous chemicals	_	109.8		105.3	105.1	-	68.2	68.4	66.5	66.8
	020 7								270.0	7601
PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL Petroleum refining	230.7	232.0 183.8		237.5 189.3	238.3	154.8	155.5 117.8	154.9	158.2	160.4 122.3
Coke, other petroleum and coal	-	100.0	103.2	10,.,	1,0.2	_	:-	1	1 220,4	
products	-	48.2	48.7	48.2	48.1	-	37.7	38.2	37.8	38.1
RUBBER PRODUCTS	256.5	258.3		264.0		194.7	198.3	197.6	203.4	196.1
Tires and inner tubes	_	103.7		106.7	97.0 22.3		76.9 18.2	77.0	79.7 18.3	70.7 18.2
Other rubber products		132.6		134.8		-	103.2	102.5	105.4	107.2
-			Ì			l	{	Ì		ì
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS Leather: tanned, curried, and finished.	361.1	365.5 34.5	357.6 34.0	375.1 36.9	374.4 37.4	319.4	323.1 30.2	315.2 29.7	334.6 32.4	333.9 33.1
Industrial leather belting and packing.	_	4.3	4.2	5.0	5.1	-	3.2	3.1	3.9	4.0
Boot and shoe cut stock and findings		19.4	18.7	19.6	19.9	-	17.2	16.6	17.6	17.9
Footwear (except rubber)	-	245.2		252.2	252.2	-	218.7	212.3	227.3	227.0
Luggage	-	16.0 30.3	15.8	15.5 30.2	15.3 28.8	-	13.7 26.2	13.5	13.2 26.3	13.0 25.0
Gloves and miscellaneous leather goods		15.8		15.7	15.7		13.9	14.0	13.9	13.9
<b></b>	1	1		}			,			
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	3,933	3,942	3,924	3,949	3,944	-	-	-	-	-
TRANSPORTATION	2,565	2,590	2,585	2,589	2,602	-	-	-	-	-
Interstate railroads	ļ · -	919.1	914.5	960.4	967.8	-	-	-	-	-
Class I railroads	-	807.4 91.4		846.2 92.3	850.3 92.5	-	-	-	- -	<u>-</u>
Local railways and bus lines Trucking and warehousing		886.3	880.3	855.7	853.9	-	_		_	[ -
Other transportation and services	-	693.5	698.6	680.1	687.6	-	-	-	-	_
Bus lines, except local		40.9	40.0	42.3	41.2	-	-	-	-	-
Air transportation (common carrier)	_	151.2	153.0	146.6	145.4	-	-	-	-	-
Pipe-line transportation (except natural gas)	_	24.6	24.1	25.9	25.6	_	-	_	-	
COMMUNICATION	750	745	74ュ	750	744	-	_	_	_	-
Telephone	- '	708.1 36.6	704.0 36.6	711.7 37.2	705.7	-	<u>-</u>	_	_	<u> </u>
rereRtahm	-	50.0	~	ع ار	'.''	-	_		1 -	
OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES	618	607	598	610	598	- 1	537	529	2111	533
Gas and electric utilities Electric light and power utilities	- :	582.8 257.5	574.6 254.1	585.7 259.4	574.7 258.2	-	515.7 221.2	508.0 218.2	522.6 226.2	512.0 224.7
Gas utilities		155.5	153.2	156.3	154.6	_	138.8	136.9	140.7	139.3
Electric light and gas utilities			1						1	
combined	-	169.8	163.3	170.0	161.9	-	155.7	152.9	155.7	148.0
classified	-	23.9	23.7	23.9	23.6	7	21.1	20.9	21.3	21.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	11,586	11,620	11,543	11,324	11,352	-	-	-	_	-
WHOLESALE TRADE	3,140	3,128	3,111	3,069	3,054	-	2,688	2,670	2 <b>,64</b> 6	2,637
Wholesalers, full-service and limited-	ļ <u>.</u> }	1,866.4	1,851.4	1,820.6	1,813.2	_	1,621.2	1,606.3	1,589.4	1,584.4
function	] [	141.3	140.5	137.3	135.7		121.6	121.0	119.6	118.1
Groceries, food specialties, beer,	]				1					
wines, and liquors	-	315.4	313.0	305.5	306.6	-	280.4	277.9	273.1	274.1
Electrical goods, machinery, hardware, and plumbing equipment		458.4	455.2	452.0	449.2	-	394.7	392.4	391.4	389.0
Other full-service and limited- function wholesalers	_	951.3	942.7	925.8	921.7	-	82h.5	815.0	805.3	803.2
Wholesale distributors, other	-	1,261.9			1,240.9	-			1,056.1	

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

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Table B-2: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry-Continued

			In thousa. 1 employe		<del></del>	F	Produ	ction wor	kers 1	
Industry	July 1960	June 1960	May 1960	July 1959	June 1959	July 1960	June 1960	May 1960	July 1959	June 1959
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE—Continued										
RETAIL TRADE	8,446 1,425.8	8,492 1,457.0	8,432 1,465.6	8,255 1,396.7	8,298 1,422.4	- -	1,355.3	1,362.4	1,301.5	1,326.4
mail-order houses Other general merchandise stores Food and liquor stores	- 1,664.0	928.9 528.1 1.657.4	932.1 533.5 1,648.7	898.7 498.0	913.2 509.2 1.616.6	- -	857.3 498.0 1.516.1	859.4 503.0	830.4 471.1 1.468.4	844.7 481.7 1.489.9
Grocery, meat, and vegetable markets  Dairy-product stores and dealers	-	1,204.5	1,200.7	1,158.4 231.0	1,173.4 228.1	-	1,129.8	1,126.2	1,080.8	1,100.7
Other food and liquor stores  Automotive and accessories dealers  Apparel and accessories stores	823.0 592.8	225.6 826.3 628.4	225.2 819.0 626.7	210.9 798.9 572.1	215.1 796.1 602.2	- -	194.4 728.3 571.7	193.7 722.5 570.2	188.1 708.6 521.0	192.3 705.3 550.5
Other retail trade 2		3,923.0 396.4	3,872.2 399.0	3,887.0	3,860.8 387.8	-		2,095.4	2,110.9 352.1	2,090.6
Drug stores	_	398.0	392.0	384.4	375•5	-	377•7	371.6	363.3	355•3
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE Banks and trust companies		2,495	2,469	2,475	2,442	- -	-	_		-
Security dealers and exchanges Insurance carriers and agents	-	671.5 100.5 930.4	99.9 922.3	649.8 97.4 914.1	638.4 95.1 902.4	-   -	-	-	-	=
Other finance agencies and real estate	-	793.0	783.5	813.4	806.5	-	-	-	-	-
SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS	6,721 -	6,746 525•3	6,717 497.1	6,603 602.6	6,623 532.7	-	-	-	-	-
Laundries		314.2 179.9	311.5 179.4	317.5 169.3	316.9 176.0	- -	-	-	-	-
Motion pictures	-	190.0	190.3	192,9	191.1	-	-	-	-	-
GOVERNMENT	8,136	8,405	8,449	7,837	8,065					-
FEDERAL 3 Executive		2,204 2,176.6	2,212 2,184.6	2,190 2,162.0	2,185 2,156.9	<u>-</u>		-	-	_
Department of Defense		922.8	917.1	949.6	948.1	i -	-	_	-	-
Post Office Department		560.0 693.8	553.3 714.2	549.4 663.0	547.3 661.5	-	-	-	-	-
Other agencies		22.8	22.5	22.7	22.8		-	-	-	-
Judicial	-	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.8		] -	-	-	-
STATE AND LOCAL		6,201 1,570.9	6,237 1,578.8	5,647 1.480.1	5,880	-	-	-	-	-
Local		4,630.1	4,658.0	4,166.7	4,360.7	-	-	-	-	-
EduçationOther	-	2,852.9 3,348.1	2,978.5 3,258.3	2,335.5	2,617.5	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for all other industries, to nonsupervisory workers.

<sup>2</sup>Data for nonsupervisory workers exclude eating and drinking places.

<sup>3</sup>Data are prepared by the U.S. Civil Service Commission and relate to civilian employment only.

Table B-3: Federal military personnel

Branch 1	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	Branch 1	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959
TOTAL	2,508	2,496	2,535	Navy	617.6	611.5	626.3
Army	873.1	868.1	862.0	Marine Corps	170.6	171.3	175.6
Air Force	816.5	814.2	840.4	Coast Guard	30.5	30.5	30.4

 $<sup>^1\</sup>mathrm{Data}$  refer to forces both in continental United States and abroad. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Defense and U.S. Department of Treasury.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Data relate to the United States without Alaska and Hawaii.

# Table B-4: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and selected groups, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

	(In tho					
Industry division and group		All employees	·, <del></del>		oduction work	
	July 1960	June 1960	May 1960	July 1960	June 1960	May 1960
TotalTotal without Alaska and Hawaii <sup>1</sup>	53,395 53,133	53,362 53,114	53,344 53,105		-	- 
Mining	659	676	684	-	-	-
Contract construction	2,862	2,796	2,783	-	-	-
Manufacturing  Durable goods  Nondurable goods	16,417 9,444 6,973	16,489 9,494 6,995	16,540 9,537 7,003	12,333 7,000 5,333	12,405 7,052 5,353	12,476 7,106 5,370
Durable Goods				ľ		<u> </u>
Ordnance and accessories.  Lumber and wood products.  Furniture and fixtures.  Stone, clay, and glass products.  Primary metal industries.  Pabricated metal products.  Machinery (except electrical).  Electrical machinery.  Transportation equipment.  Instruments and related products.  Miscellaneous manufacturing industries.	134 665 399 567 1,168 1,051 1,653 1,318 1,580 354 515	150 667 401 558 1,202 1,091 1,646 1,305 1,666 354 514	149 658 396 558 1,230 1,085 1,650 1,299 1,653 352 507	61 597 334 460 936 849 1,148 874 1,100 229	72 599 336 453 969 845 1,145 867 1,127 228 411	73 590 332 452 998 841 1,148 864 1,174 229 405
Nondurable Goods						
Food and kindred products	1,472 89 968 1,242 563 895 889 228 263 364	1,482 88 961 1,263 567 891 887 230 258 368	1,487 90 960 1,266 568 889 885 231 258 369	1,022 80 874 1,110 448 570 554 152 201 322	1,029 78 866 1,132 452 570 549 154 198 325	1,035 79 867 1,136 454 570 550 154 199 326
Transportation and public utilities	3,904 2,552 743 609	3,926 2,577 745 604	3,927 2,585 741 601	~ ~ - -	-	- - , -
Wholesale and retail trade	11,731 3,156 8,575	11,695 3,160 8,535	11,675 3,158 8,517	- -		-
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2,477	2,470	2,469			
Service and miscellaneous	6,688	6,646	6,618			
GovernmentFederalState and local	8,395 2,206 6,189	8,416 2,215 6,201	8,409 2,234 6,175	- - -	- - -	- - -

<sup>1</sup>Detail adds to the total without Alaska and Hawaii. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table B-5: Employees in private and Government shippards, by region

(In thousands)

			,						
Region <sup>1</sup>		June 1960			May 1960		June 1959		
	Total	Private	Navy	Total	Private	Navy	Total	Private	Navy
ALL REGIONS	203.7	111.4	92.3	203.9	112.3	91.6	217.4	_124.2_	93.2
North Atlantic <sup>2</sup> South AtlanticGulf.	84.4 38.4 21.9	43.0 20.1 21.9	41.4 18.3	84.6 38.3 23.7	43.5 20.0 23.7	41.1 18.3	100.6 37.0 22.1	59•9 18•3 22•1	40.7 18.7
PacificGreat Lakes	51.0 4.4	18.4	32.6	49.3	17.1	32.2	49.6 3.8 -	15.8	33.8
Inland	3.6	3.6	- 1	3.7	3.7	- 1	4.3	4.3	_

<sup>1</sup>The North Atlantic region includes all yards bordering on the Atlantic in Conn., Del., Maine, Md., Mass., N.H., N.J., N.Y., Pa., R.I., Vt. The South Atlantic region includes all yards bordering on the Atlantic in Ga., N.C., S.C., Va. The Gulf region includes all yards in Fla., and all yards bordering on the Gulf of Mexico in Ala., La., Miss., Tex. The Pacific region includes all yards in Calif., Oregon., Wash. The Great Lakes region includes all yards bordering on the Great Lakes in Ill., Mich., Minn., N.Y., Ohio, Pa., Wis. The Inland region includes all other yards.

<sup>2</sup>Navy data include Curtis Bay Coast Guard Yard.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table B-6: Women employees in manufacturing, by industry

Industry	Num (in tho		of temp	cent otal loy-	Industry		ber usands)	Percent of tota employ- ment	
	Apr. 1960	Apr. 1959	Amr.	Apr. 1959		Apr. 1960	Apr. 1959	Apr.	Apr. 1959
MANUFACTURING	4,248	4,143	26	26	Durable Goods—Continued				
DURABLE GOODS	1,698 2,550	1,639 2,505	18 37	18 37	MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL) Engines and turbines	228.1 14.6	220.0 15.2	14 14	14 15
Durable Goods					Agricultural machinery and tractors Construction and mining machinery	12.9 10.9	13.2	8	8 8
DROMANCE AND ACCESSORIES	28.5	26.2	19	19	Metalworking machinery	31.0	28.4 17.1	12	12
.UMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	43.4	42.9	7	7	General industrial machinery Office and store machines and devices.	30.5 35.4	29.0 33.6	13 26	13 26
Logging camps and contractors  Sawmills and planing mills  Millwork, plywood, prefabricated	1.4 12.4	1.3 12.5	4	14	Service-industry and household machines Miscellaneous machinery parts	26.7 48.0	25.3 47.7	14 17	14 18
structural wood products	9.4 8.0	9.8 8.2	18	7 19					١.
Miscellaneous wood products	12.2	11.1	21	20	ELECTRICAL MACHINERY  Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial	490.0	453.7	38	38
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	64.0 46.0	65.3 47.8	16 16	17 17	apparatus Electrical appliances	131.3 12.3	122.2 11.6	31 31	31 32 24
Office, public-building, and professional furniture	5.7	5.4	12	12	Insulated wire and cable  Electrical equipment for vehicles  Electric lamps	7.1 27.7 19.7	26.7 17.3	25 38 66	38 65
Partitions, shelving, lockers, and fixtures	3.3	3.4	9	10	Communication equipment	276.2 15.7	252.6	42 33	43 35
furniture and fixtures	9.0	8.7	37	36		190.8	194.1	12	111
BTONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	90.8	88.8 \1.6	16 4	16 5	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	76.7 103.0	71.8	10 15	10 15
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	34.5	31.8	33	32	Ship and boat building and repairing Railroad equipment	4.9 4.1	4.8	7	8
Glass products made of purchased glass	4.6	4.9 1.1	27	27 3	Other transportation equipment	2.1	2.0	20	20
Structural clay products	6.7 15.8	7.0 15.4	32	33	INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS Laboratory, scientific, and engi-	117.6	111.7	33	34
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	7.1	6.8	6	6	neering instruments Mechanical measuring and controlling	31.6	29.6	22	23
Cut-stone and stone products Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral products	19.0	19.5	19	20	instruments Optical instruments and lenses Surgical, medical, and dental	5.4	4.6	32 29	33
	70.7	69.0			instrumentsOphthalmic goods	21.6	19.5	48 42 26	46
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	23.6	68.9	6	6	Photographic apparatus	17.3 15.6	17.3 16.0	53	53
Iron and steel foundries Primary smelting and refining of	10.5	10.1	5	5	MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES.	188.6	178.4	38	38
nonferrous metals	1.0	1.9	8	8	Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware  Musical instruments and parts	17.9 4.7 38.8	17.1 4.2	39 25 44	38 24 45
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals	9.8	9.6	9	8	Toys and sporting goods  Pens, pencils, other office supplies  Costume jewelry, buttons, notions	16.1 30.4	35.8 15.2 29.5	51 51	50
Nonferrous foundries	7.5	8.0	12	13	Fabricated plastics products Other manufacturing industries	29.9 50.8	28.8 47.8	31 32	32 32
industries	16.2	15.6	l m	10	Nondurable Goods				
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	185.6 13.7	188.8	17 23	18 24	1011411 4010 6004			١.	
Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbers' supplies	38.2	38.9	29 12	29 12	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	340.6 71.0 20.0	335.8 71.6	24 24 21	24 24 21
Fabricated structural metal products. Metal stamping, coating, and	20.9	13.7	7	7	Dairy products	76.3 16.8	19.8 74.2 16.6	41 15	4) 15
engraving	142.2 14.0 14.2	14.5 14.3 13.9	18 28 24	19 29 24	Bakery products Sugar Confectionery and related products	60.3 2.7 34.3	56.6 2.7 33.7	21 10 49	20 11 48
Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	1	28.3	20	21	Beverages	21.5	21.3	10	111

# Table B-6: Women employees in manufacturing, by industry-Continued

Industry		ber usands)	of t	cent otal loy-	Industry		ber usands)	ment	
	Apr. 1960	Apr. 1959	Apr.	nt Apr. 1959		Apr. 1960	Apr. 1959	Apr.	Apr. 1959
Nondurable Goods-Continued					Nondurable Goods—Continued				
TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	39.2 15.4 19.1 2.5 2.2	11.1 15.9 20.6 2.8 1.8	50 41 75 40 23	8545	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES—Continued Lithographing	19.0 12.7 19.7	17.6 11.6 19.0	28 62 41 24	27 62 41 26
TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS	411.6 1.0 45.4 147.8 15.8 151.6 19.3 11.1 4.2 15.4	416.2 .9 47.4 150.9 16.0 149.9 19.1 11.7 4.1 16.2	13 19 13 37 51 70 22 14 27	43 17 43 85 69 22 54 29	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	158.3 9.0 48.0 38.9 12.8 10.7	152.6 8.3 46.1 38.4 11.7 10.6 .5 2.3	18 9 14 6 5 9 14 16 5 9	18 8 14 37 23 14 6 5 9
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS  Men's and boys' suits and coats  Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing	971.6 77.2 296.8	946.0 72.1 278.6	80 68 85 84	80 66 85 81	Miscellaneous chemicals  PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL  Petroleum refining	3.3 32.6 17.1 13.8	3.4 31.3 17.2 14.4	30 7 8	30 7 8
Women's outerwear Women's, children's under garments Millinery Children's outerwear Fur goods Miscellaneous apparel and accessories. Other fabricated textile products	283.0 104.2 13.2 59.9 1.7 47.0 88.6	283.7 102.6 12.6 61.2 1.9 45.7 87.6	87 74 86 26 78 64	87 74 86 22 78 65	Coke, other petroleum and coal products.  RUBSER PRODUCTS.  Tires and inner tubes.  Other rubber products.	3.3 64.0 14.1 12.3 37.6	58.0 13.3 9.0 35.7	25 14 55 28	6 25 14 52 28
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills Paperboard containers and boxes Other paper and allied products	118.3 31.0 36.7 50.6	116.4 30.6 37.4 48.4	21. 11. 24. 37	21 11 25 37	LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS Leather: tanned, curried, and finished	185.8 4.2	187.8 4.6	52 12	52 12
PRIMTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES	2h3.1 59.0 30.2 29.1 57.6	233.5 57.7 28.5 26.0 55.6	27 18 47 47 25	27 18 146 145 25	Industrial leather belting and packing.  Boot and shoe cut stock and findings Footwar (except rubber)  Luggage Handbags and small leather goods Gloves and miscellaneous leather goods	1.4 7.9 135.2 7.1 20.4	1.8 8.2 138.2 7.0 19.2	92 72 73 73 35	37 43 57 46 67

NOTE: Data relate to the United States without Alaska and Hawaii.

Table B-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State

			(In the	usands)					
		TOTAL		ł	Mining		Contra	et construc	tion
State	June	May	June	June	May	June	June	May	June
	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959
AlabamaArizonaArkansasCaliforniaColorado	757.5	758.1	748.7	12.6	12.8	12.7	46.0	Цц.0	46.1
	323.2	325.5	300.2	15.8	15.6	16.1	30.8	30.7	26.0
	364.0	364.2	356.9	6.4	6.2	6.4	21.7	20.0	20.0
	4,824.6	4,777.0	4,662.0	31.7	31.2	33.3	308.2	302.ц	293.6
	501.6	488.8	496.1	17.1	16.4	15.4	36.2	32.9	38.0
Connecticut  Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia	(1)	899.2	887.5	(1)	(2)	(2)	(1)	146.9	44.1
	155.2	152.3	153.5	(3)	(3)	(3)	12.5	12.1	13.1
	519.4	518.3	515.7	(3)	(3)	(3)	22.5	21.7	22.9
	1,259.2	1,280.8	1,222.5	8.5	8.4	7.6	114.6	11/1.14	130.1
	1,020.6	1,022.4	1,007.2	5.8	5.8	5.7	57.0	55.8	60.5
IdahoIllinoisIndianaIowa	155.4	153.0	157.6	2.3	2.7	3.6	11.1	10.5	11.6
	3,445.1	3,429.0	3,457.4	27.9	28.0	29.7	181.0	178.3	178.7
	1,419.7	1,412.9	1,418.3	10.5	10.3	10.7	72.1	66.8	66.6
	684.4	678.5	674.2	4.1	4.0	4.2	42.5	38.0	43.6
	551.5	552.0	560.4	17.9	17.9	18.9	34.8	32.6	39.9
Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts	637.0	639.8	638.1	30.1	29.8	29.1	36.7	34.5	40.1
	778.0	776.5	778.8	42.6	41.6	46.7	55.6	55.3	60.3
	286.0	273.6	283.3	(3)	(3)	(3)	16.5	15.2	16.5
	901.7	893.4	898.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	66.7	63.7	68.7
	1,903.0	1,881.1	1.890.9	(3)	(3)	(3)	85.6	82.2	89.1
Michigan Minnesota. Mississippi. Missouri. Montana.	2,283.0	2,284.1	2,303.5	16.7	16.2	15.9	99.3	98.6	108.8
	940.4	930.3	936.3	17.5	19.1	19.7	63.5	55.3	61.8
	396.3	397.6	388.6	6.5	6.4	6.3	25.2	23.9	26.0
	1,315.4	1,305.8	1,319.8	7.7	7.8	8.2	61.7	58.4	69.4
	167.1	160.8	169.3	7.6	7.5	8.9	12.1	10.4	13.1
Nebraska Nevada. New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico.	372.7	370.4	370.3	3.0	2.9	3.1	23.5	22.6	24.2
	101.9	98.8	97.3	3.4	3.3	3.2	7.5	7.5	7.5
	197.1	192.2	193.8	.3	.3	.3	9.5	8.9	9.8
	1,994.7	1,977.4	1,958.6	3.7	3.6	3.7	106.0	104.7	96.1
	239.4	236.2	235.0	21.1	21.1	20.2	19.5	19.6	22.6
New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma.	6,236.3	6,202.4	6,144.4	10.1	9.9	10.6	295.2	286.3	289.9
	1,146.1	1,150.9	1,123.0	3.8	3.8	3.1	66.0	64.6	63.8
	130.4	126.4	131.2	2.4	2.3	2.4	13.2	11.3	15.1
	3,148.9	3,144.7	3,138.9	20.9	20.6	20.5	159.4	152.7	157.2
	570.6	567.8	572.0	45.7	45.1	49.5	33.2	32.2	37.1
Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota	511.3	496.1	504.3	1.2	1.1	1.2	28.3	25.8	25.0
	3,695.8	3,688.1	3,740.7	61.0	62.9	67.6	185.3	175.6	192.0
	281.4	278.6	282.0	(3)	(3)	(3)	12.9	12.3	13.1
	558.6	557.9	544.4	1.7	1.6	1.6	38.9	38.3	32.6
	140.5	136.8	139.0	2.5	2.3	2.6	11.6	10.9	11.3
Tennessee Texas	894.1	887.1	888.0	7.2	7.3	8.0	50.4	46.8	48.7
	2,514.6	2,506.9	2,488.5	124.7	123.4	132.1	172.1	167.7	175.5
	266.6	264.3	261.2	14.4	14.2	14.7	16.1	15.1	16.8
	108.9	106.0	109.6	1.3	1.2	1.2	6.9	6.3	7.4
	1,015.3	1,014.5	995.8	17.1	17.1	17.4	77.4	76.1	72.8
Washington West Virginia. Wisconsin Wyoming.	816.5	805.0	809.5	1.9	1.8	1.7	50.1	47.9	46.8
	456.8	458.0	462.6	59.5	60.8	63.1	20.4	19.3	20.3
	1,190.8	1,172.7	1,184.7	4.2	3.8	4.1	60.6	54.9	59.3
	97.2	93.5	93.2	9.8	9.6	9.5	10.7	11.1	9.9

Table B-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State-Continued

	}	lanufacturin			nsportation		Wholesa	le and reta	il trade
State	June	May	June	June	May	June	June	May	June
	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959
AlabamaArizonaArxansas	238.1 49.3 102.2 1,281.4 85.8	239.lı lı9.2 101.7 1,278.1 82.9	240.1 47.1 100.5 1,284.6 82.6	49.4 25.2 28.4 356.4 44.1	49.4 24.5 28.1 353.4 43.4	1,9.1 24.1 28.3 352.1 44.5	151.1 78.6 81.6 1,069.1 119.1	150.2 78.6 81.5 1,048.6 117.3	146.4 72.5 80.3 1,012.9
Connecticut	(1)	403.5	404.8	(1)	14.7	以.6	(1)	156.lı	152.8
	60.3	59.4	59.7	10.8	10.8	11.1	28.9	28.lı	28.0
	20.1	20.1	20.1	28.3	28.3	28.2	84.1	8lı.0	82.5
	202.7	206.8	193.9	98.1	98.7	97.1	349.2	359.lı	332.2
	335.2	336.4	337.8	72.5	72.9	71.7	223.8	223.1	215.0
Idaho	30.1	29.6	30.3	15.3	15.0	15.3	38.9	38.5	39.2
	1,192.8	1,191.6	1,233.7	288.4	286.3	289.0	727.5	723.8	718.6
	594.1	593.7	608.9	93.0	93.3	96.3	275.7	274.9	273.2
	177.2	174.3	180.8	56.1	54.9	55.3	170.4	169.6	167.0
	114.0	111.7	121.0	55.2	54.4	56.3	128.4	127.5	129.8
Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts	167.1	169.0	170.5	52.0	51.7	53.4	140.0	139.9	136.3
	143.3	142.2	114.9	85.4	85.3	85.3	184.8	184.5	181.4
	109.1	101.4	108.8	18.1	17.7	18.4	55.0	54.0	54.7
	259.4	257.9	267.3	73.2	73.2	72.9	191.2	187.8	187.3
	693.0	687.1	699.2	107.6	106.8	108.8	393.5	387.4	385.2
Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana.	952.7	958.1	968.5	136.9	136.8	140.5	429.6	431.1	440.9
	229.3	22 <b>7.</b> 5	226.5	85.4	84.4	86.7	229.5	227.7	229.1
	119.0	118.2	117.2	25.4	25.1	25.1	84.5	84.0	82.6
	396.4	391.8	395.2	120.6	119.7	123.6	303.2	301.1	305.3
	21.0	19.8	20.5	19.7	19.3	20.1	38.7	38.5	39.9
Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico	65.8 5.3 87.9 793.7 18.0	64.5 5.2 86.9 787.5 17.4	64.8 5.6 87.4 798.5 18.0	38.3 9.5 9.8 149.3 20.7	37.5 9.4 9.8 9.8 148.9 20.7	39.1 9.4 10.0 142.3 20.9	90.4 21.4 34.5 373.6 50.9	90.5 20.6 33.7 367.7 49.5	90.8 20.2 33.0 365.1 49.2
New York	1,900.8	1,898.9	1,897.1	487.7	487.5	492.1	1,279.2	1,268.4	1,254.4
North Carolina	491.9	490.4	489.1	65.6	65.1	63.4	215.9	215.6	209.4
North Dakota	7.1	6.9	7.4	13.5	13.1	13.5	38.1	37.7	37.6
Ohio	1,268.3	1,274.9	1,291.0	208.8	208.5	212.0	602.1	599.4	595.9
Oklahoma.	88.3	87.3	88.9	48.2	47.4	48.4	134.8	133.5	132.7
Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota.	150.0	142.5	155.0	45.7	44.3	45.7	111.5	109.8	108.2
	1,436.7	1,439.8	1,469.4	281.4	281.3	289.4	693.3	689.9	696.3
	119.1	117.4	119.4	15.3	15.1	15.0	51.1	51.1	52.4
	239.6	238.7	235.0	26.4	26.1	25.8	97.7	97.7	98.3
	13.2	13.1	13.6	10.2	9.9	10.1	38.1	37.5	38.5
Tennessee Texas	311.6	308.9	304.8	55.8	55.6	55.8	190.2	189.0	190.2
	491.6	490.0	495.3	228.3	226.7	229.3	645.0	643.7	628.9
	46.9	45.8	44.1	23.0	22.4	23.0	60.0	59.1	58.6
	36.0	35.8	36.5	7.8	7.7	7.7	20.9	20.3	20.6
	272.9	273.3	267.9	84.0	83.7	85.3	214.0	213.1	209.5
Washington	220.7	217.9	228.7	62.7	60.8	61.8	179.3	176.1	174.3
	130.0	128.4	131.4	45.1	14.8	46.6	82.8	82.4	83.8
	458.9	454.9	470.0	76.6	75.5	76.7	242.9	240.5	237.0
	7.4	6.7	7.1	12.3	11.8	12.5	20.5	19.6	19.7

Table 8-7: Employees in nonagricultural establishments, by industry division and State-Continued

		nce, irsura d real esta	nce,	Service	and miscel	laneous		Government	
State	June	May	June	June	May	June	June	May	June
	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959
AlabamaArizonaArkansasCaliforniaColorado	29.8	29.4	30.3	74.5	74.1	74.1	156.0	158.8	149.9
	14.6	14.5	13.5	43.1	43.7	39.6	65.8	68.7	61.3
	12.1	12.0	11.9	42.6	42.1	41.7	69.0	72.6	67.8
	240.0	238.7	226.5	651.8	643.2	617.4	885.7	881.4	841.6
	23.7	23.5	23.8	70.7	68.3	69.8	104.6	104.1	102.5
Connecticut  Delaware District of Columbia 5  Florida Georgia	(1)	51.0	49.6	(1)	103.3	101.5	(1)	93.6	90.0
	5.8	5.7	5.8	17.9	16.9	17.7	19.0	19.0	18.1
	25.4	25.2	26.2	80.2	79.7	76.9	258.8	259.3	258.9
	74.0	73.6	72.0	193.5	198.8	182.4	218.6	220.7	207.2
	43.1	42.8	41.8	97.0	97.1	96.0	186.2	188.5	178.7
IdahoIllinoisIndianaIowa	5.5	5.5	5.4	18.8	18.5	19.2	33.4	32.7	33.0
	176.3	174.6	176.2	434.4	429.3	424.1	416.9	417.1	407.4
	54.3	53.9	52.6	129.5	129.7	126.1	190.6	190.2	183.8
	31.0	30.1	29.9	87.0	88.6	83.1	116.1	119.0	110.3
	22.1	21.7	21.6	68.5	68.4	67.0	110.6	114.8	105.9
Kentucky	22.7	22.3	22.1	78.8	81.7	76.8	109.6	110.9	109.8
	32.3	32.0	31.4	92.1	92.4	90.4	141.9	143.2	138.4
	8.8	8.8	8.7	30.5	28.6	30.4	48.0	147.9	45.8
	43.1	42.5	42.2	117.6	116.4	114.1	148.1	149.5	143.6
	98.2	97.5	96.0	280.5	275.2	274.4	244.6	244.9	238.2
Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana	76.8	76.5	75.5	235.5	235.0	235.9	335.6	331.7	317.5
	46.4	45.7	45.2	122.4	124.0	121.1	146.4	146.5	146.3
	12.1	12.1	11.7	38.8	39.1	38.3	84.9	88.8	81.3
	66.2	65.1	66.6	164.4	165.0	164.2	195.2	196.9	187.3
	6.3	6.3	6.2	21.4	20.4	21.8	40.3	38.6	38.8
Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico	21.3	20.8	20.7	53.0	52.9	52.5	77.2	78.6	75.2
	3.2	3.1	2.9	33.3	31.2	30.8	18.3	18.4	17.7
	7.2	7.1	6.9	25.2	22.9	24.2	22.6	22.6	22.2
	89.4	89.1	88.6	241.4	237.6	232.7	237.6	238.3	231.6
	8.6	8.5	8.7	36.8	35.9	34.9	63.8	63.5	60.5
New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma	482.4	481.0	470.8	960.1	949.2	936.1	821.0	821.1	793.4
	39.0	38.5	36.4	107.4	106.4	106.7	156.5	166.5	151.1
	5.0	5.0	4.9	19.0	19.0	18.6	32.1	31.2	31.8
	115.3	113.4	111.3	373.7	373.4	360.1	400.6	401.9	391.1
	24.5	24.4	24.3	64.4	64.5	65.6	131.5	133.4	125.5
Oregon	20.0	19.8	19.5	60.2	58.9	58.6	94.4	93.9	91.1
	147.4	145.8	145.7	458.9	456.2	453.1	431.8	436.6	427.2
	12.1	12.0	12.1	33.0	32.8	32.6	37.9	37.9	37.4
	17.0	16.9	16.6	44.5	44.4	44.3	92.8	94.2	90.2
	5.7	5.5	5.4	19.6	19.0	19.1	39.8	38.7	38.5
Tennessee  Texas.  Utah <sup>4</sup> Vermont  Virginia <sup>5</sup>	35.1	34.8	34.0	101.3	101.5	101.0	142.5	143.2	145.5
	120.5	118.5	117.1	307.1	304.7	299.1	425.3	432.2	411.2
	11.2	11.2	10.9	34.2	33.3	33.5	60.8	63.2	59.6
	3.8	3.8	3.8	16.3	15.0	16.2	16.1	15.9	16.2
	42.9	42.2	41.9	113.2	112.5	111.3	193.8	196.5	189.7
Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming.	37.9	37.3	37.2	98.8	97.1	94.8	165.1	166.1	164.2
	12.3	12.1	12.4	45.5	45.4	45.4	61.1	65.0	59.6
	43.1	42.2	42.0	144.3	143.8	140.6	160.2	157.2	155.0
	2.7	2.7	2.6	12.4	10.5	11.3	21.4	21.5	20.6

Not available.

Combined with construction.
Combined with service.
Revised series; not strictly comparable with previously published data.
Federal employment in the Maryland and Virginia sectors of the District of Columbia metropolitan area is included in data for District of Columbia.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

Table B-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division

				(	In thousa	inds)						
	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June	June	May 1960	June	June	May 1960	June
Industry division	1500	1 1500	ALA	BAMA.	1 1900	1959	1960	1900	1959 Ari	1960 Zoná	1900	1959
	1	Birmingha	1	1	Mobile			Phoenix			Tucson	
TOTAL	196.5	195.5	197.0	92.1	93•2	91.6	172.0	174.8	156.8	66.1	66.7	62.1
Mining	8.2	8.3	8.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	.6	.6	.4	2.7	2.7	2.7
Contract construction	11.1	11.0	10.7	5.3	5.2	5.2	17.5	17.6	15.2	6.9	6.9	6.0
Manufacturing	60.9	59.8	62.8	17.5	18.7	17.9	32.9	32.9	29.9	8.3	8.3	9.2
Trans. and pub. util	15.8	15.7	15.9	10.2	10.3	10.3	12.6	12.6	12.0	5•7	5.5	5.4
Trade	45.7 11.9	45.2 11.9	45.9 11.7	19.7	19.7	18.7 4.2	10.4	46.7	42.2	15.5	15.5	14.3
Service	23.4	23.1	23.0	3.7	10.0	10.3	22.0	10.3 22.9	9.6 19.9	2.6 10.2	2.5 10.3	2.4 9.2
Government	19.5	20.5	18.9	25.7	25.6	25.0	29.6	31.2	27.6	14.2	15.0	12.9
		ARKANSAS	1	<u> </u>	1			CALIFORNI		٠	l	<u> </u>
		ittle Rock			Fresno			s Angele			Sacramento	<del></del>
		Little Ro	1		1	1		ong Beacl			<del></del>	ı——
TOTAL	79.4	79.4	77.9	-	· -	-	2,318.0	2,311.1	2,254.0	170.5	169.7	160.8
Mining	(1) 7.0	(1) 6.1	(1) 6.1	<u> </u>	_		12.8	12.6 140.8	13.1	14.4	.2 13.9	12.6
Manufacturing	14.9	15.4	15.1	12.6	12.1	12.7	763.1	766.3	769.3	28.9	29.2	27.5
Trans. and pub. util	8.0	7.9	8.0	-	-	-	143.5	143.6	141.1	10.7	10.5	10.9
Trade	18.5	18.7	18.3	-	-	-	510.5	506.5	489.8	33.7	33•7	30.6
Finance	5.1	5.0	5.0	-	-	-	120.2	119.6	112.8	6.8	6.8	6.7
Service	14.3	11.4	11.2	-	-	-	332.7 292.8	328.8	316.6	16.0	15.8	14.6
Government	14.3	14.9	14.0		<del></del>	AL LEADH LA	- Continu	292.9	279.2	59.8	59.6	57.7
		Bernardi			San Diego			n Francis			San Jose	
70741	Rive	erside-Ont	ario	060.0	ı	ı	205.5	Oakland				160 1
TOTAL	]		1 -	260.9	259.6	257•9 •6	995.5	988.7 1.9	973•7	189.1 .1	185.3 .1	169.1 .1
Contract construction	-	_	_	21.5	20.8	22.5	62.5	61.2	61.7	16.7	16.2	15.6
Manufacturing	34.2	34.5	36.4	66.8	67.0	72.6	202.5	200.8	200.0	66.9	65.1	57.8
Trans. and pub. util	-	-	-	14.4	14.2	13.7	103.9	103.6	106.2	9.1	9.0	8.7
Trade	<b>-</b>	-	-	53•3	53.0	50.9	218.8	216.8	211.8	34.2	33•5	31.6
Finance	-	-	-	11.3	36.3	10.5	67.5	67.3	65.5	7.2	7.1	6.5
Service	]		[	36.7 56.3	56.4	33•3 53•8	137.1 201.3	136.8 200.3	132.4 194.1	28.7 26.2	28.3 26.0	25 <b>.</b> 2 23.6
Government	CALLEO	RNIA— Con	tinued	70.5	COLORADO				CONNEC			23.0
		Stockton			Denver			Bridgepor			Hartford	
		l	ı <del></del>						,	(-)		
TOTAL	:			313.8 4.4	306.8 4.3	306.6 4.2	(3) (3)	120.6	121.4	(3)	233.6	232.1
Mining	! :		<u>-</u>	23.4	21.2	23.8	(3)	(4) 5•0	(4) 5.6	(3) (3)	(4) 10.8	(4) 12.0
Manufacturing	11.6	11.5	12,1	62.5	61.0	58.1	(3)	65.5	66.1	(3)	89.9	87.8
Trans. and pub. util	-	-	-	30.2	29.7	29.9	(3)	5.5	5•6+	(3) (3)	9.9	9.7
Trade	-	-	-	76.9	75.4	77.2	(3)	20.1	19.9		44.1	44.3
Finance	-	-	-	17.7	17.6	18.2	(3)	3.4	3.3	(3)	30.2	30.1
Service	_		_	44.3 54.4	43.3 54.3	42.7 52.5	(3) (3)	11.4 9.8	9.5	(3) (3)	24.2 24.4	24.4 23.8
Government	-	-					-Continu		3.7	(3)		23.0
	N N	ew Britai	n		New Haver	ı		Stamford			Waterbury	
TOTAL	39.4	39.6	39•7	(3)	122.9	122.5	59.6	58.4	57•4	66.4	65.6	67.0
Mining	(4)	(4)	(4)	(3)	(4)		(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Contract construction	1.5	1.4	1.4	(3)	6.7	(4) 6.6	3.9	3.6	3.7	2.1	2.0	2.0
Manufacturing	23.9	24.3	24.4	(3)	43.8	43.7	23.1	22.8	22.5	38.0	37.5	39.3
Trans. and pub. util	1.8	1.8	1.8	(3)	12.1	12.3	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.8
Trade	5•3 •8	5•3 •8	5•3 •8	(3)	23.5 6.3	23.3	11.7	11.5	2.2	9.9	9.8	9.6
Service	3.1	3.1	3,1	1 /3/	18.4	6.5 18.4	2.3	2.3 10.3	10.0	1.6 6.3	1.6 6.1	1.6 6.1
Government	2.9	3.0	2.9	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	12.0	11.7	5.2	5.2	4.9	5.7	5.8	5.7
		DELAWARE	<u>-</u>		CT OF CO				FLOR			
		Wilmington	1	1	Washingto	n	J	cksonvil	le		Miami	
TOTAL	130.8	128.6	130.3	714.2	713.0	704.9	139.6	139.4	138.1	300.7	305.9	292.0
Mining	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Contract construction	9.3	9.0	9.6	52.7	51.3	52.1	10.9	10.9	11.9	24.3	24.2	27.2
Manufacturing	56.8	56 <b>.</b> 2	57.2	34.5	34.5 46.2	34.0 45.8	19.7	19.9	20.2 14.4	41.8 31.3	42.9	41.6
Trans. and pub. util	8.6 23.0	8.6 22.7	8.8 22.4	46.2 142.2	141.8	45.8 138.9	13.9 41.4	14.1 41.2	39.6	34•3 85•5	34.9 86.7	34•5 78•9
Trade Finance	5.3	5.2	5.2	37.6	37.3	36.9	13.4	13.3	13.1	19.4	19.4	19.4
Service	14.7	13.7	14.5	114.2	114.6	111.4	18.0	17.9	17.3	59-3	62.0	56.3
Government	13.1	13.2	12.6	286.8	287.3	285.8	22.3	22.1	21.6	36.1	35.8	34.1
	<u> </u>					·	·					

Table B-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division- Continued

				t	In thousa	nds)						
	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959
Industry division		DA-Conti		-700		GEOR			-277		IDAHO	
	St.	Tampa- Petersby	174		Atlanta		i	Savannah			Boise	
					262.0					25.3	01. 0	
TOTAL	191.5 (1)	192.3	185.8 (1)	361.1 (1)	361.8 (1)	357.9 (1)	54;7 (1)	55,3 (1)	54.9 (1)	25.1 (1)	24.8 (1)	25.2 (1)
Contract construction	21.2	21.3	22.7	21.2	21.0	21.8	3.5	3.6	4.2	2.1	2.0	2.2
Manufacturing	36.1	35.9	34.4	84.5	85.0	88.1	15.7	15.8	16.2	2.5	2.5	2.7
Trans. and pub. util Trade	14.4 56.9	14.2 57.9	13.8 54.4	35•7 96•7	36.0 96.6	35.1 93.1	6.4 12.9	12.8	6.3 12.3	2.5 7.3	2.5 7.3	2.5 7.3
Finance	10.6	10.6	9.9	25.5	25.4	25.1	2.4	2.4	2.3	i.6	1.6	1.6
Service	26.2	26.2	26.2	47.4	47.4	46.6	6.3	6.3	6.3	3.7	3.6	3.6
Government	26.1	26.2	24.4	50.1	50.4	48.1	7.5	7.8	7.3	5.4	5•3	5.3
		Chicago			vansville			Fort Wayne		Iz	dianapoli	.9
	<del></del>							ı——i		<del></del> 1		
TOTAL	(3)	2,378.3	2,398.2	62.6 1.7	62.3 1.7	64.5 1.6	80.3 (1)	80.5 (1)	83.3 (1)	291.9 (1)	292.8	291.7 (1)
Mining	{3}	113.2	113.9	2.9	2.7	2.8	3.6	3.4	4.4	15.0	14.4	14.1
Manufacturing	(3)	852.6	877.7	23.9	23.8	26.0	33.7	34.0	35.7	101.2	102.0	103.4
Trans. and pub. util	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	200.2	203.8	4.5	4.4	4.6	6.7	6.7	6.7	20.5	21.0	21.9
Trade	{3}	506.0 139.8	501.0 141.4	14.1 2.3	14.1 2.3	14.1 2.3	17.8 4.3	17.7 4.3	18.0 4.2	64.9 19.2	65.5 19.0	64.3 18.4
Finance	{}{	326.1	325.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.9	7.9	7.9	31.2	30.9	30.3
Government	(3)	234.4	229.1	5.9	6.0	5.8	6.3	6.5	6.4	39.9	40.0	39.3
	INDIA	ANA— Cont	nued		IOWA				KAN	SAS		
	s	South Bend			es Moines			Topeka			Wichita	
TOTAL	82.6	81.9	84.0	103.3	100.3	101.4	48.1	47.4	48.3	117.4	118.1	125.2
Mining	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	.1	.1	.1	1.9	1.9	1.9
Contract construction Manufacturing	3.3 39.3	3.1 39.1	3.3 41.3	6.2 23.3	5.0 22.8	6.0 23.5	4.1 6.5	3.7 6.5	3.4 6.8	5.8 44.1	5.7 44.7	7.5 48.9
Trans. and pub. util	4.7	4.8	4.9	9.0	8.8	8.7	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.2	7.4
Trade	15.1	15.0	15.1	25.3	25.0	25.0	9.4	9.3	9.6	25.3	25.4	26.3
Finance	3.8	3.8	3.7	11.5	11.1	11.3	2.7	2.6	2.5	5.4 14.8	5.3 14.7	5.4 14.9
Service	10.6 5.8	10.4	10.1 5.6	14.1 14.0	14.0 13.9	13.7 13.4	6.6 11.5	11.5	6.5 12.3	13.1	13.4	13.1
		KENTUCKY	· · · · · ·					LOUISIANA				
	L	ouisville		В	aton Roug	e	N	ew Orlean	s	s	breveport	
TOTAL	243.0	244.4	246.2	70.5	71.7	71.6	280.8	281.5	281.7	72.7	72.1	72.1
Mining	(1)	(1)	(1)	-3	-3	.4	7.7	7.5	8.0	5.1	5.1	5.1
Contract construction		14.6 84.5	15.9 87.1	7.0 18.0	6.8 17.9	7.9 18.5	17.2 45.6	17.0 45.3	19.0 46.5	6.8 9.0	6.5 8.9	7.2 9.1
Manufacturing	83.9 21.7	21.6	22.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	42.2	42.2	44.1	9.3	9.2	9.0
Trade	52.6	52.9	52.2	14.5	14.4	15.1	73.4	73.4	72.4	19.6	19.6	19.4
Finance	11.6	11.6	11.6	3.3	3.3	3.2	16.5	16.4	15.9	3.2	3.2	3.2
Service	31.2 27.1	32.7 26.6	30.5 26.4	7.9 14.9	8.1 16.4	7.8 14.1	41.2 36.9	41.7 38.0	40.7 35.1	9.5	9.4 10.2	9.1 10.0
Governmento		20.0		INE		2772	30.9	MARYLAND	3/•=		SSACHUSET	
	Lew	iston-Aub			Portland			Baltimore	-		Boston	
TOTAL	~ .	26.0	~ .	52.7		50 E	601.0	617.0	600.0	1 070 6	1 0E7 l	1,072.9
TOTAL	27.3 (1)	26.8	27.1 (1)	53.1 (1)	51.2 (1)	52.5 (1)	621.2	617.2	622.0	1,070.6	1,057.4	(1)
Contract construction.	1.2	1.2	1.1	3.1	3.0	3.1	39.4	37.1	40.5			55.2
Manufacturing		14.0	14.5	12.8	11.8	13.0	196.0	195.7	203.2	53.0 292.4	289.1	303.9
Trans. and pub. util Trade	1.0	1.0	.9 5.2	5.7 14.8	5.6 14.4	5.6 14.6	55.2 125.7	55.3 123.9	55.0 123.7	68.9 248.8	68.4 244.9	70.0 243.5
Finance	5.3 •7	5.1 .7	7.7	3.6	3.6	3.5	32.3	32.1	31.8	73.8	73.3	71.8
Service	3.3	3.3 1.5			8.1	8.2	81.1	80.9	78.2	192.5	189.6	189.8
Government	1.5	1.5	1.4	4.9	4.7	4.5	90.6	91.3	88.7	141.2	141.2	138.7
		all River	5		ew Bedfor	SACHUSETT	ı ———	7	<del></del>	l		
		i						gfield-Ho	1		Worcester	
TOTAL	42.1	42.2	42.1	49.6	49.8	50.1	163.7	163.4	165.4	109.5	109.4	109.1
Mining		:	-	1.4	1.3	1.5	(1) 6.9	6.7	(1) 7 <b>.</b> 2	(1) 4.0	(1) 3.9	4.6
Manufacturing	23.9	24.1	24.2	27.4	27.9	27.2	69.5	69.4	71.5	51.2	51.2	51.0
Trans. and pub. util	1.6	1.6	1.5	2.2	2.1	2.2	8.4	8.3	8.5	4.3	4.3	4.5
Trade	7.4	7.4	7.6	8.5	8.5	8.6	30.2 8.1	30.4 8.1	30.2	19.3	19.4	19.0
Finance	-	-			-	_	21.6	21.5	7.9 21.9	5.1 12.2	5.0 12.2	5.0 11.9
Government	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.7	3.8	4.0	19.0	19.0	18.2	13.4	13.4	13.1
		•		·	<b></b>		<u> </u>	<del></del>	·			<u> </u>

Table B-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division-Continued

					(In thous	ands)						
Industry division	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959
		Detroit			Flint		1	and Rapid	ls		Lansing	
TOTAL	1,159.8	1,162.4	1,169.6 .8	117.1	117.5	112.9	113.7	112.9 (1)	113.2 (1)	88.8	88.1	89.6
Contract construction	40.9	41.4	49.0	3.9	3.8	4.3	5.6	5.4	6.3	4.5	4.0	4.8
Manufacturing	512.3	514.8	514.3	69.1	69.9	65.3	49.4	48.8	49.4	29.5	29.4	30.6
Trans. and pub. util	69.9	70.1	71.1	17.0	4.5	4.4	8.0	7.9	8.0	3.3	3.3	3.4 15.7
Trade Finance	227.0 47.6	228.1 47.4	230.8 46.7	17.2 2.4	17.0	17.4	23.6	23.7 4.1	23.2 4.1	15.7 2.9	15.7	2.9
Service	130.6	130.8	129.5	9.5	9.4	9.0	13.5	13.6	12.7	8.2	8.1	7.9
Government	130.7	129.0	127.3	10.5	10.4	10.2	9.4	9.3	9.5	24.7	24.8	24.4
	<del>-</del>	<del> </del>	II CH I GAN-			·	<del> </del>		MINN	SOTA		
		Muskegon- egon Helg	hts		Saginaw	,		Duluth		1	apolis-St.	Paul
TOTAL	45.5	45.9	45.4	53.6	53.2	53.7	39.7	39•3	41.6	543.6	540.0	539.5
Mining	(i)	(í)	(í)	(ĭ)°	(ĭ)	(ĭj'	[ (í)'	(í)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(í)
Contract construction	1.4	1.4	1.6	2.9	2.6	2.8	2.0	1.7	2.7	32.2	30.1	33.6
Manufacturing	25.7	26.3	26.0	24.7	24.6	25.2	7.9	8.1	8.7	151.2	150.3	148.9
Trans, and pub. util	2.5	2.5	2.2	5.1	5.0	4.9	6.5	6.2	6.9	51.1	51.1	52.1
Trade	6.8	6.7	6.8	10.2	10.2	10.2	9.5	9.4	9.6	132.3	131.6	131.5
Finance	.9	.8	.8	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.8	1.8	1.7	34.4	33.9	33.4
Service	3.9	3.9	3.8	5.3	5.3	5.2	7.0	7.0	7.1	73.0	73.5	71.5 68.5
Government	4.3	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	5.1	5.0	4.9	69.3	69.5	00.5
		Jackson	<u>'</u>	K	ansas Cit	MISS y	ı ————	St. Louis		G:	MONTANA reat Fall:	8
TOTAL	(2.4	(2.0)		200	20.0	206.5		<b>500</b> 3			1 200	00.0
TOTAL	63.0	62.9	61.2	368.6	364.3	386.7	734.5	730.1	732.0	20.4	19.8	20.8
Contract construction	1.0	1.0 5.6	1.1 4.9	8.7	.9 8.0	.9 25.2	2.5 39.3	2.8 37.2	3.0 38.1	(1) 1.8	(1) 1.6	(1) 2.3
Manufacturing	5.9 11.1	11.0	11.5	106.1	102.5	107.2	263.7	263.5	267.6	3.1	3.1	3.2
Trans. and pub. util	4.4	4.4	4.5	41.2	41.3	42.7	68.7	67.8	67.6	2.3	2.2	2.2
Trade	14.7	14.5	14.2	95.0	94.5	95.9	154.8	154.1	151.6	5.8	5.6	5.7
Finance	4.4	4.4	4.3	24.8	24.4	24.6	36.7	36.2	36.3	(í)		(1)
Service	8.7	8.7	8.5	48.3	48.1	48.4	90.3	89.7	90.3	`4.1	( <u>1)</u> 4.0	4.2
Government	12.8	13.3	12.2	43.6	44.6	41.8	78.5	78.8	77.5	3.3	3•3	3.2
Ţ		NEBRASKA.			NEVADA		NE	W HAMPSHI	RE		NEW JERSE'	
		Om ah a			Reno	,		anchester		J	ersey Cit	y 7
TOTAL	160.8	159.3	158.2	32.4	31.5	30.3	43.2	42.5	42.6	258.3	259.1	260.0
Mining	(4)	(4)	(4)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(1)	(1)	(1)	-	_	-
Contract construction	10.6	10.0	10.1	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.2	2.0	2.2	8.7	8.3	7.6
Manufacturing	37.3	36.8	36.4	2.1	2.1	2,2	18.3	18.1	18.4	118.3	119.1	121.6
Trans. and pub. util	20.5	20.1	21.0	3.4	3.3	3.3	2.8	2.8	2.8	38.2	38.5	37.4
Trade	35.8	35.8	36.0	7.6	7.4	6.9	8.5	8.4	8.2	38.0	37.9	37.8
Service	12.6 23.9	12.5 23.9	12.3 23.2	1.4 9.9	1.4 9.3	1.2 9.1	2.5 5.5	2.4	2.4	9.1	9.1 20.6	8.9 20.6
Government	20.1	20.4	19.2	5.2	5.1	4.7	3.3	5.5 3.3	5•3 3•3	20.5 25.5	25.6	26.1
					HE		-Continue					
•		Newark 7		Cli	Paterson- fton-Pass			rth Amboy	7		Trenton	
TOTAL									2/2.3	104.8	104.7	103.5
	A) E O	620 2	اد ۱۶۶	257 7	356 2	35B 5	175.2	ן 172.₽ ו				رەزىسى
	645.2	639.3	635.2	357•7	356.3	358.5	175.3	173.8	169.1 .7			
Mining	1.0	1.0	1.2	.4	.4	358.5 •3 21.8	•7	173.8 .6 9.0	•7	.1	4.8	.1
Mining	1.0 27.6 242.0	1.0 26.1 238.9	1.2 27.1 242.8			•3		•6	8.7 84.6	.1 5.1 39.1	.i	4.7 39.7
Mining	1.0 27.6 242.0 45.3	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2	1.2 27.1 242.8 43.2	.4 20.5 159.7 21.3	20.3 159.2 21.1	21.8 164.4 19.8	9.2 87.9 9.1	9.0 87.2 9.0	8.7 84.6 8.7	5.1 39.1 5.8	.1 4.8 39.2 5.7	4.7 39.7 5.7
Mining Contract construction Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util Trade	1.0 27.6 242.0 45.3 126.1	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2 125.3	1.2 27.1 242.8 43.2 122.4	20.5 159.7 21.3 72.8	20.3 159.2 21.1 72.8	21.8 21.8 164.4 19.8 71.3	9.2 87.9 9.1 27.4	9.0 87.2 9.0 27.3	8.7 84.6 8.7 26.8	5.1 39.1 5.8 17.6	4.8 39.2 5.7 17.6	39.7 5.7 17.3
Mining Contract construction Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util Trade Finance	1.0 27.6 242.0 45.3 126.1 45.1	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2 125.3 44.9	1.2 27.1 242.8 43.2 122.4 44.8	20.5 159.7 21.3 72.8 12.6	20.3 159.2 21.1 72.8 12.4	21.8 164.4 19.8 71.3 12.3	9.2 87.9 9.1 27.4 3.3	9.0 87.2 9.0 27.3 3.2	8.7 84.6 8.7 26.8 3.2	5.1 39.1 5.8 17.6	4.8 39.2 5.7 17.6 3.9	39.7 5.7 17.3 3.8
Mining. Contract construction. Manufacturing. Trans. and pub. util. Trade. Finance. Service.	1.0 27.6 242.0 45.3 126.1 45.1 89.8	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2 125.3 44.9 89.2	1.2 27.1 242.8 43.2 122.4 44.8 87.6	20.5 159.7 21.3 72.8 12.6 38.8	20.3 159.2 21.1 72.8 12.4 38.4	21.8 164.4 19.8 71.3 12.3 37.4	.7 9.2 87.9 9.1 27.4 3.3	9.0 87.2 9.0 27.3 3.2 13.1	8.7 84.6 8.7 26.8 3.2 12.6	.1 5.1 39.1 5.8 17.6 3.9	1 4.8 39.2 5.7 17.6 3.9 14.9	4.7 39.7 5.7 17.3 3.8 14.2
Mining Contract construction Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util Trade Finance	1.0 27.6 242.0 45.3 126.1 45.1 89.8 68.3	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2 125.3 44.9 89.2 68.7	1.2 27.1 242.8 43.2 122.4 44.8 87.6 66.1	20.5 159.7 21.3 72.8 12.6	20.3 159.2 21.1 72.8 12.4	21.8 164.4 19.8 71.3 12.3	9.2 87.9 9.1 27.4 3.3	.6 9.0 87.2 9.0 27.3 3.2 13.1 24.4	8.7 84.6 8.7 26.8 3.2	5.1 39.1 5.8 17.6	4.8 39.2 5.7 17.6 3.9	39.7 5.7 17.3 3.8
Mining. Contract construction. Manufacturing. Trans. and pub. util. Trade. Finance. Service.	1.0 27.6 242.0 45.3 126.1 45.1 89.8 68.3	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2 125.3 44.9 89.2	1.2 27.1 242.8 43.2 122.4 44.8 87.6 66.1	.4 20.5 159.7 21.3 72.8 12.6 38.8 31.6	.4 20.3 159.2 21.1 72.8 12.4 38.4 31.7	.3 21.8 164.4 19.8 71.3 12.3 37.4 31.2	9.2 87.9 9.1 27.4 3.3 13.2 24.5	9.0 87.2 9.0 27.3 3.2 13.1	.7 8.7 84.6 8.7 26.8 3.2 12.6 23.8	.1 5.1 39.1 5.8 17.6 3.9	1 4.8 39.2 5.7 17.6 3.9 14.9	4.7 39.7 5.7 17.3 3.8 14.2
Mining Contract construction Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util Trade Finance. Service Government	1.0 27.6 242.0 45.3 126.1 45.1 89.8 68.3	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2 125.3 44.9 89.2 68.7 EW MEXICO	1.2 27.1 242.8 43.2 122.4 44.8 87.6 66.1	.4 20.5 159.7 21.3 72.8 12.6 38.8 31.6	20.3 159.2 21.1 72.8 12.4 38.4 31.7	21.8 164.4 19.8 71.3 12.3 37.4 31.2	.7 9,2 87.9 9.1 27.4 3.3 13.2 24.5	.6 9.0 87.2 9.0 27.3 3.2 13.1 24.4 HEW YORK	8.7 84.6 8.7 26.8 3.2 12.6 23.8	.1 5.1 39.1 5.8 17.6 3.9 14.8 18.4	.1 4.8 39.2 5.7 17.6 3.9 14.9 18.5	.1 4.7 39.7 5.7 17.3 3.8 14.2 18.0
Mining. Contract construction. Manufacturing. Trans. and pub. util. Trade. Finance. Service. Government.	1.0 27.6 242.0 45.3 126.1 45.1 89.8 68.3	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2 125.3 44.9 89.2 68.7 EW MEXICO	1.2 27.1 242.8 43.2 122.4 44.8 87.6 66.1	20.5 159.7 21.3 72.8 12.6 38.8 31.6	20.3 159.2 21.1 72.8 12.4 38.4 31.7 Albany-nectady-T	21.8 164.4 19.8 71.3 12.3 37.4 31.2	9,2 87,9 9,1 27,4 3,3 13,2 24,5	.6 9.0 87.2 9.0 27.3 3.2 13.1 24.4 MEW YORK	8.7 84.6 8.7 26.8 3.2 12.6 23.8	.1 5.1 39.1 5.8 17.6 3.9 14.8 18.4	4.8 39.2 5.7 17.6 3.9 14.9 18.5	.1 4.7 39.7 5.7 17.3 3.8 14.2 18.0
Mining. Contract construction. Manufacturing. Trans. and pub. util. Trade. Finance. Service. Government.	1.0 27.6 242.0 45.3 126.1 45.1 89.8 68.3	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2 125.3 44.9 89.2 68.7 EW MEXICO	1.2 27.1 242.8 43.2 122.4 44.8 87.6 66.1	.4 20.5 159.7 21.3 72.8 12.6 38.8 31.6 Sche	.4 20.3 159.2 21.1 72.8 12.4 38.4 31.7 Albany-nectady-T	-3 21.8 164.4 19.8 71.3 12.3 37.4 31.2	.7 9.2 87.9 9.1 27.4 3.3 13.2 24.5	.6 9.0 87.2 9.0 27.3 3.2 13.1 24.4 MEW YORK Singhamton 78.1 (1)	8.7 84.6 8.7 26.8 3.2 12.6 23.8	.1 5.1 39.1 5.8 17.6 3.9 14.8 18.4	.1 4.8 39.2 5.7 17.6 3.9 14.9 18.5 Buffalo	.1 4.7 39.7 5.7 17.3 3.8 14.2 18.0
Mining Contract construction Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util Trade Finance Service Government  TOTAL Mining Contract construction	1.0 27.6 242.0 45.3 126.1 45.1 89.8 68.3	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2 125.3 44.9 89.2 68.7 EW MEXICO	1.2 27.1 242.8 43.2 122.4 44.8 87.6 66.1	.4 20.5 159.7 21.3 72.8 12.6 38.8 31.6 Sche	20.3 159.2 21.1 72.8 12.4 38.4 31.7 Albany- nectady-T 222.9 (1) 9.2	-3 21.8 164.4 19.8 71.3 12.3 37.4 31.2	.7 9.2 87.9 9.1 27.4 3.3 13.2 24.5	.6 9.0 87.2 9.0 27.3 3.2 13.1 24.4 NEW YORK Singhamton 78.1 (1) 3.6	7 8.7 84.6 8.7 26.8 3.2 12.6 23.8	.1 5.1 39.1 5.8 17.6 3.9 14.8 18.4	.1 4.8 39.2 5.7 17.6 3.9 14.9 18.5 Buffalo	.1 4.7 39.7 5.7 17.3 3.8 14.2 18.0
Mining Contract construction Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util Trade Finance Service Government  TOTAL Mining Contract construction Manufacturing	1.0 27.6 242.0 45.3 126.1 45.1 89.8 66.3	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2 125.3 44.9 89.2 68.7 EW MEXICO 1buquerqu 81.0 (1) 8.4 7.7	1.2 27.1 242.8 43.2 122.4 44.8 87.6 66.1 78.7 (1) 8.4 7.7	.4 20.5 159.7 21.3 72.8 12.6 38.8 31.6 Sche	.4 20.3 159.2 21.1 72.8 12.4 38.4 31.7 Albany-nectady-T 222.9 (1) 9.2 65.0	21.8 164.4 19.8 71.3 12.3 37.4 31.2	79.2 87.9 9.1 27.4 3.3 13.2 24.5 78.8 (1) 3.9	.6 9.0 87.2 9.0 27.3 3.2 13.1 24.4 NEW YORK Singhamton 78.1 (1) 3.6 39.4	8.7 84.6 8.7 26.8 3.2 12.6 23.8 79.2 (1) 3.6 40.5	.1 5.1 39.1 5.8 17.6 3.9 14.8 18.4	#4.9 Buffalo #40.1 (1) 29.9 178.9	44.2.5 (1) 28.3 18.0
Mining. Contract construction. Manufacturing. Trans. and pub. util. Trade. Finance. Service. Government.  TOTAL. Mining. Contract construction. Manufacturing. Trans. and pub. util.	1.0 27.6 242.0 45.3 126.1 45.1 89.8 68.3	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2 125.3 44.9 89.2 68.7 EW MEXICO 1buquerqu 81.0 (1) 8.4 7.7 6.6	1.2 27.1 242.8 43.2 122.4 44.8 87.6 66.1 78.7 (1) 8.4 7.7 6.3	20.5 159.7 21.3 72.8 12.6 38.8 31.6 Sche 225.6 (1) 10.0 65.3 17.5	20.3 159.2 21.1 72.8 12.4 38.4 31.7 Albany- nectady-T 222.9 (1) 9.2 65.0 17.3	21.8 164.4 19.8 71.3 12.3 37.4 31.2 70y 224.6 (1) 9.0 67.3 17.5	78.8 (1) 3.9 9.1 27.4 3.3 13.2 24.5	.6 9.0 87.2 9.0 27.3 3.2 13.1 24.4 NEW YORK Vinghamton 78.1 (1) 3.6 39.4 4.0	8.7 84.6 8.7 26.8 3.2 12.6 23.8 79.2 (1) 3.6 40.5 4.1	.1 5.1 39.1 5.8 17.6 3.9 14.8 18.4	Buffalo  Buffalo  440.1 (1) 29.9 134.9	1 4.7 39.7 5.7 17.3 3.8 14.2 18.0
Mining Contract construction Manufacturing Trans. and pub. util Trade Finance Service Government  TOTAL Mining Contract construction Manufacturing	81.7 (1) 8.6 81.7 (1) 8.6 7.7 (1)	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2 125.3 44.9 89.2 68.7 EW MEXICO 1 buguerguerguerguerguerguerguerguerguergue	78.7 (1) 8.4 7.6 66.1 78.7 (1) 8.4 7.7 6.3 18.3	205.6 (1) 10.0 65.3 11.9 225.6 (1)	Albany- nectady-T 22.9 (1) 9.2 65.0 17.3 144.1	21.8 164.4 19.8 71.3 12.3 37.4 31.2 70y 224.6 (1) 9.0 67.3 17.5 44.3	79.2 87.9 9.1 27.4 3.3 13.2 24.5 78.8 (1) 3.9 39.7 3.9 13.0	9.0 87.2 9.0 27.3 3.2 13.1 24.4 NEW YORK 11nghamton 78.1 (1) 3.6 39.4 4.0 13.0	78.7 81.6 8.7 26.8 31.2 12.6 23.8 79.2 (1) 3.6 40.5 4.1 12.7	.1 5.1 39.1 5.8 17.6 3.9 14.8 18.4	# .1 # .8 39.2 5.7 17.6 3.9 14.9 18.5 Buffalo ##0.1 (1) 29.9 176.9 178.9 34.9 83.6	1 4.7 39.7 5.7 17.3 3.8 14.2 18.0 442.5 (1) 28.3 182.1 35.6 86.1
Mining. Contract construction. Manufacturing. Trans. and pub. util. Trade. Finance. Service. Government.  TOTAL. Mining. Contract construction. Manufacturing. Trans. and pub. util. Trade.	1.0 27.6 242.0 45.3 126.1 45.1 89.8 68.3	1.0 26.1 238.9 45.2 125.3 44.9 89.2 68.7 EW MEXICO 1buquerqu 81.0 (1) 8.4 7.7 6.6	1.2 27.1 242.8 43.2 122.4 44.8 87.6 66.1 78.7 (1) 8.4 7.7 6.3	20.5 159.7 21.3 72.8 12.6 38.8 31.6 Sche 225.6 (1) 10.0 65.3 17.5	20.3 159.2 21.1 72.8 12.4 38.4 31.7 Albany- nectady-T 222.9 (1) 9.2 65.0 17.3	21.8 164.4 19.8 71.3 12.3 37.4 31.2 70y 224.6 (1) 9.0 67.3 17.5	78.8 (1) 3.9 9.1 27.4 3.3 13.2 24.5	.6 9.0 87.2 9.0 27.3 3.2 13.1 24.4 NEW YORK Vinghamton 78.1 (1) 3.6 39.4 4.0	8.7 84.6 8.7 26.8 3.2 12.6 23.8 79.2 (1) 3.6 40.5 4.1	.1 5.1 39.1 5.8 17.6 3.9 14.8 18.4	Buffalo  Buffalo  440.1 (1) 29.9 134.9	1 4.7 39.7 5.7 17.3 3.8 14.2 18.0

Table B-8: Employees in nenagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division-Continued

				( )	In thousa	nds)							
Industry division	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	<b>June</b> 1960	Мау 1960	June 1959	June 1960 Continue	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	
	Elmira 5			Nassau and Suffolk Counties 7			New York City 7			New York-Northeastern New Jersey			
TOTAL	33.2	32.9	31.6	423.7	416.0	418,2	3,577.5	3,573.3	3,529.3	5,697.2	5,675.3	5,628.0	
Mining	-	- 1	-	(1)	(1)	(1)	1.9	1.9	1.9	5.2	5.1 249.8	5•3 258 <b>.</b> 9	
Contract construction Manufacturing	16.1	15.9	14.6	35.7 119.9	34.8 119.1	40.4 120.0	134.5 961.9	130.3 965.6	132.4 959.0	258.1 1,766.3	1,766.1	1,768.2	
Trans. and pub. util	-	-7.7	-7.0	23.0	23.0	22.9	322.0	322.4	323.9	475.9	476.3	473.3	
Trade	6.1	6.1	6.1	98.4	95.9	93.7	766.3	763.7	746.2	1,182.9	1,175.8	1,150.9	
Finance	-	-	-	17.3	17.1	15.9	384.5	383.9	376.7	484.0	482.6	473.9	
Service	-	-	-	61.2 68.2	58.2 67.9	59.6 65.6	598.4 408.2	598.5 407.0	584.1 405.1	863.4 661.6	859.5 660.0	845.1 652.4	
GO A EL HWETTON	<b>.</b>			00.2			-Continue		407.1	001.0	300.0	0)2.4	
	Rochester			Syracuse			Utica-Rome			Westchester County 7			
TOTAL	(3)	217.8	217.6	181.0	178.8	179.9	102.0	100.8	103.1	225.5	224.3	224.5	
Mining	(3)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)		(1)	(1)	(1)	(i)	(1)	(1)	
Contract construction	(3)	9.9	11.1	9.1	7.7	8.8	4.4	3.8	4.4	18.2	18.3	18.8	
Manufacturing	(3)	105.0	105.4	69.1	68.6	69.1	39.5	39.5	40.7	65.2	65.4	64.2	
Trans. and pub. util	(3)	9.7	9.9	12.7	12.6	12.7	5.7	5.6	5.7	14.9 48.8	15.0 47.9	15.2 47.8	
Trade	(3) (3)	39.3 7.8	39.0 7.6	36.3 7.9	36.1 7.9	36.5 7.9	16.7 3.8	16.4 3.7	17.2 3.7	11.0	10.9	11.0	
Service	(3)	24.8	24.1	22.2	22.5	22.0	10.0	9.9	9.8	39.7	39.6	40.7	
Government	(ší	21.2	20.5	23.8	23.5	22.9	21.9	21.8	21.5	27.7	27.1	26.8	
Ì		<u> </u>			RTH CAROL					NORTH DAKOTA			
	Charlotte			Greensboro- High Point			Wi	Winston-Salem			Fargo		
TOTAL	104.7	104.8	101.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	23.6	23.2	23.6	
Mining	(1)	(1)	(1)	-	-	-	- '	- '	-	(1)	(ĭ)	(ĭ)	
Contract construction	9.5	9.0	7.9			, <del>-</del> -	l <u></u> ,			2.5	2.2	2.6	
Manufacturing	25.4	25.9	25.7	44.8	44.9	44.9	37.4	38.0	36.7	1.9	1.8	2.2	
Trans. and pub. util	10.4 29.1	10.4 28.8	10.1 28.5	-	-			_	-	2.8	2.7 7.9	2.7 7.6	
TradeFinance	7.2	7.1	6.7			[	[	_		7.9 1.7	1.7	1.6	
Service	13.5	13.5	13.3	-	-	-	-	_	_	3.5	3.5	3.5	
Government	9.6	10.1	8.8	-	-	-	-	-	· -	3.3	3.3	3.3	
						01	10						
	Akron			Canton			Cincinnati			Cleveland			
TOTAL	175.7	175.6	169.5	112.5	112.3	113.5	397.8	397.9	398.6	701.2	698.6	701.5	
Mining	.1	.1	8.1	•5 1. 7	.6	6	21.5	21.2	-3	31.5	20.5	-5	
Contract construction Manufacturing	7.7 83.6	7.2 83.6	78.2	4.7 57.2	4.6 57.5	58.0	154.0	154.8	20.7 156.4	34.0 288.7	32.2 289.5	35.0 291.6	
Trans. and pub. util	12.5	12.5	12.6	6.4	6.4	6.5	32.5	32.5	32.7	45.0	45.0	46.2	
Trade	32.8	32.7	32.6	20.1	19.8	20.1	78.6	78.3	79.1	140.0	139.6	138.8	
Finance	4.7	4.6	4.6	3.2	3.1	3.1	20.2	19.7	19.5	31.5	31.2	30.8	
Service	19.6 14.6	19.9	19.2	11.4	11.3	11.8	49.2	48.7	48.9	85.9	85.8	85.0	
Government	14.0	14.8	14.2	9.0	9.0	8.9	41.5	42.5	40.8	75.6	74.9	73.7	
	Columbus			OHIOC			ontinued Toledo			Youngstown			
TOT41	055 -	05()		21.6		01-0		1		<del></del>	1-1-		
TOTAL	257•3 •7	256.4	254.1 .8	246.2 .4	245.4 .4	247.8	159.3	158.8	155.6 .2	160.6	163.1	170.2 .4	
Contract construction.	16.0	15.0	16.0	10.5	9.7	11.1	9.1	8.4	8.1	8.3	8.1	8.7	
Manufacturing	72.9	73.1	71.5	103.4	103.5	106.3	59.4	59.6	1 =	76.9	79.5	87.1	
Trans. and pub. util	18.3	18.3	18.5	9.9	9.8	9.7	13.4	13.3	13.8	9.4	9.4	9.5	
Trade	53.3	53.3	52.7	42.3	42.2	41.9	35.3	35.0	34.5	29.7	29.6	29.1	
Finance	14.5	14.2	14.1	6.2	6.1	6.2	6.0	5.8	5.6	4.1	4.1	4.0	
Service	34.8 46.8	34.7 47.3	33.5 46.9	27.8 45.6	27.8 45.7	27.0 45.1	21.3 14.6	21.5 14.9	21.1	17.7 14.2	17.7	17.5 13.8	
Government	+0.0	71.5	L		4).1	47.1	14.0		14.1				
	OKLA						OREGON			PENNSYLVANIA Allentown-			
	Oklahoma City			Tulsa				Portland	, ———	Bethlehem-Easton			
TOTAL	168.8	168.2	163.9	131.0	130.4	129.8	265.2	259.9		179.6	180.0	177.0	
Mining	6.9	6.9	6.9	13.0	12.8	13.7	(1)	(1)	(1)	-5	-5	.5	
Contract construction  Manufacturing	12.4 20.0	11.7	13.0	9.8 28.0	9.6 28.2	9.4	16.2	15.0		7.3	7.3	8.2	
Trans. and pub. util	12.2	19.6 12.2	19.2 12.6	14.9	14.9	29.4 13.7	65.9 27.9	63.6 27.3	66.8 28.0	97.5 11.0	97.6	94.3 11.1	
Trade	41.4	41.2	38.5	31.8	31.6	30.8	65.9	65.1	63.6	28.0	27.9	28.0	
Finance	9.5	9.5	9.4	6.5	6.4	6.4	14.3	14.1	14.0	4.6	4.6	4.6	
Service	20.6	20.6	20.6	16.2	16.1	16.1	35.4	35.2	34.9	17.9	18.1	17.7	
Government	45.8	46.5	43.7	10.8	10.8	10.3	39.6	39.6	39.2	12.8	13.0	12.6	

Table B-8: Employees in nenagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division-Continued

				(	In thousa	inds)							
Industry division	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959 INSYLVANIA	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	
	Erie			Harrisburg			Lancaster			Philadelphia			
TOTAL	76.4	75+9	75.8	143.0	142.1	142.1	93.2	92.3	92.0	1,485.5	1,484.2	1,478.3	
Mining	(1)	(í)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	2.0	2.0	1.8	
Contract construction	2.2	2.0	3.0	9.1	8.6	8.3	5.1	4.9	5.3	73.6	70.2	78.2	
Manufacturing	36.4	36.3	35.3	34.8	35.0	35.8	47.0	46.6	47.3	555.8	556.9	551.7	
Trans. and pub. util Trade	5.5 14.0	13.8	5.7 13.9	12.7 24.8	12.7	13.1	5.0 16.4	16.3	4.7 16.0	112.6 289.2	112.2 289.9	112.2 292.4	
Finance		2.3	2.2	5.2	5.1	5.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	76.0	75.2	75.4	
Service	9.0	8.9	8.8	17.5	16.9	16.3	10.0	9.9	9.6	196.0	197.1	189.4	
Government	7.0	7.1	6.9	38.9	39.2	39.1	7.5	7.6	7.0	180.3	180.7	177.2	
				PENNSYLVANI			A—Contin			Wilkes-Barre			
	Pittsburgh			Reading				Scranton	,	Hazleton Hazleton			
TOTAL	776.8	780.9	800.5	100.7	100.7	100.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining	13.8	13.8	14.2 44.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	<b>-</b>	-	-	-	-	-	
Contract construction  Manufacturing	43.3 294.9	42.1 300.6	316.6	4.2 52.4	4.0 52.4	4.5 51.7	29.3	29.0	30.1	40.5	40.3	40.7	
Trans. and pub. util	61.3	61.9	63.6	5.8	5.8	5.9			, ,,,,,	10.7	70.5	-	
Trade	156.0	154.7	155.6	15.3	15.3	15.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Finance	31.1	31.0	31.4	3.6	3.6	3.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Service	104.0	103.7	103.0	11.1	11.1	17.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Government	72.4	73.1	72.0	8.3	8.5	8.1	-	-	SOUTH C	- I	-	-	
	PENNSYLVANIA—Continued York			RHODE ISLAND Providence			SOUTH C			Columbia			
TOTAL	82.6	82.0	82.9	279.8	277.8	280.0	55.8	56.4	55.4	70.3	70.0	68.4	
Mining	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	70.3	(1)	(1)	
Contract construction.	4.6	4.6	5.0	11.4	10.9	ii.6	3.6	3,6	4.1	4.7	4.7	4.2	
Manufacturing	42.4	41.9	42.4	131.1	130.1	130.7	10.2	10.3	9.9	12.2	12.2	11.9	
Trans. and pub. util	5.1	5.0	4.8	13.6	13.4	13.4	4.6	4.6	4.8	5.3	5.3	5.2	
Trade	13.4	13.3	13.8	48.6	48.6	49.8	12.3	12.2	11.7	15.6	15.6	15.3	
Finance	1.7	1.7	1.6	11.7	11.6	11.7	2.4	2.4	2.3	4.4	4.4	4.3	
Service	7.6	7.5	7.3	30.5	30.3	30.2	5.3	5.3	5.9	8,2	8.1	8.0	
Government	7.8	8.0	8.0	32.9	32.9	32.6	17.4	18.0	16.7	19.9 ESSEE	19.7	19.5	
	Greenville			Sioux Falls			Chattanooga			Knoxville			
TOTAL	70.5	70.9	67.6	26.5	26.2	26.5	91.3	90.6	90.0	(3)	112.4	110.2	
Mining	(i)	(i)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(ĭ)	.1	1.1	.1	(3) (3) (3) (3)	1.7	1.7	
Contract construction	6.4	6.3	5.2	2.0	1.7	1.8	4.1	4.2	4.3	(3)	7.6	7.2	
Manufacturing	32.6	32.5	31.6	5.6	5.7	5.9	41.4	40.8	41.0	(3)	42.6	42.3	
Trans. and pub. util	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.6	2.5	2.5	4.8	4.8	4.8	(3)	6.6	6.6	
Trade	13.1	13.0	12.5 2.6	7.8	7.7	7.9	16.0 4.8	15.9 4.9	15.9 4.8	(3)	22.0	22.3	
Service	2.6 6.4	2.6 6.4	6.5	1.5 4.0	1.5 4.0	1.5 3.9	8.9	9.0	9.1	}3\	3.2 11.2	3.2 11.1	
Government	5.9	6.6	5.7	3.1	3.2	3.0	11.2	10.9	10.0	(3)	17.5	15.8	
				-Continue						XAS			
	Memphis		Nashville			Dallas			Fort Worth				
TOTAL	(3)	190.3	182.6	138.7	139.9	137.2	-		-			-	
Mining	(3)	.2	10.8	•3	•3	•3	-	-	-	-	- }	-	
Contract construction	(3)	10.3	10.8	8.1	7.7	7.3	•	-	-		-	•	
Manufacturing	\ <u>3</u> {	46.1	40.7	37.9	39.1	39.5	90.8	91.5	91.5	52.7	52.9	55.1	
Trans. and pub. util Trade	\ <u>3</u> {	16.1 51.2	16.1 50.3	11.0 31.1	11.0 31.0	11.1 30.2	-	-	-	-	•		
II auc	ર્લ	9.2	8.9	9.6	9.5	9.4	-			: <u> </u>		-	
Pinance				21.8	21.9	21.1	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Finance	(3)		27.0			18.3		-	-	! - }	-	-	
Finance Service Government	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	25.8 31.4	25.6 29.9	18.9	19.4						VERMONT		
Service	(3) (3)	25.8	29.9	18.9	19.4			UTAR			VERMONT	· · · · · · ·	
Service	(3)	25.8	29.9	ontinued	n Antonio		Sal	UTAN t Lake Ci	ty 2	I	VERMONT Surlingtor	5	
Service	(3)	25.8 31.4	29.9	ontinued			Sal		138.2	20.9		20.9	
Service	(3)	25.8 31.4	29.9	ontinued			140.0	138.4 7.1	138.2 7.3	1	Burlingtor		
Service	•	25.8 31.4 Houston	29.9 TEXAS—C	ontinued Sa	n Antonio		140.0 7.2 8.8	138.4 7.1 8.4	138.2 7.3 9.3	20.9	20.4	20.9	
TOTAL	-	25.8 31.4	29.9 TEXAS—C	ontinued Sa	n Antonio		140.0 7.2 8.8 24.3	138.4 7.1 8.4 24.1	138.2 7.3 9.3 23.2	20.9 - - 4.9	20.4 - 4.9	20.9	
TOTAL	•	25.8 31.4 Houston	29.9 TEXAS—C	ontinued Sa	n Antonio		140.0 7.2 8.8 24.3 13.1	138.4 7.1 8.4 24.1 12.9	138.2 7.3 9.3 23.2 13.4	20.9 - 4.9 1.7	20.4 - 4.9 1.7	20.9 - 5.0 1.6	
TOTAL	- - 92.9	25.8 31.4 Houston	29.9 TEXAS—C	ontinued Sa	n Antonio		140.0 7.2 8.8 24.3 13.1 37.6	138.4 7.1 8.4 24.1 12.9 37.1	138.2 7.3 9.3 23.2 13.4 36.6	20.9 - 4.9 1.7 5.5	20.4 - 4.9	20.9	
TOTAL	•	25.8 31.4 Houston	29.9 TEXAS—C	ontinued Sa	n Antonio		140.0 7.2 8.8 24.3 13.1	138.4 7.1 8.4 24.1 12.9	138.2 7.3 9.3 23.2 13.4	20.9 - 4.9 1.7	20.4 - 4.9 1.7	20.9 - 5.0 1.6	

Table 8-8: Employees in nonagricultural establishments for selected areas, by industry division-Continued

(In thousands)

					In thouse	навт								
	June	May	June	June	llay	June	June 1960	May 1960	June	June 1960	May	June		
Tm dunak mun disulation	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959		1950	1959		1960	1959		
Industry division	VERMO	NT-Conti	nued		31. 6.5.	VIRG	INIA			<u>H</u>	ASHINGTON			
	s	pringfiel	a 5	i	Norfolk- Portsmout	h		Richmond			Seattle			
TOTAL	12.0	11.8	11.7	151.1	150.9	150.3	164.5	164.5	162.6	369.1	367.0	3 <b>7</b> 1.9		
Mining	-	-	- 1	•2	.2	,2	.2	•2	•2	(1)	(1)	(1)		
Contract construction	-	_	-	12.2	11.9	12.4	12.8	12.6	12.0	18.7	17.9	19.0		
Manufacturing	6.6	6.6	6.2	16.5	16.9	15.6	41.4	41.7	41.7	113.2	113.0	120.3		
Trans. and pub. util	.8	.8	.8	15.2	15.2	15.5	15.6	15.6	15.6	31.5	31.2	30.7		
Trade	1.6	1.6	1.6	36.8	36.7	36.4	38.5	38.5	38.3	81.9	81.5	82.0		
Finance		_	_	5.4	5.3	5•3	13.0	12.9	12.9	21.7	21.2	21.5		
Service	_			18.0	17.6	17.4	19.6	19.5	19.4	46.1	45.4	43.9		
Government		-	l	46.8	47.1	17.5	23.4	23.5	22.5	56.0	56.8	54.5		
				Continue					WEST V					
			. Saindion				ļ			Huntington-				
		Spokane			Tacoma		Charleston							
TOTAL	76.6	75•3	78.3	77.7	76.8	76.5	77.5	77.0	78.5	67.1	66.3	68.0		
Mining	(1)	(1)	(1)	(i)	(1)	(1)	3.4	3.4	4.1	1.2	1.2	1.0		
Contract construction	4.6	14.5	5.1	4.8	4.8	5.0	3.8	3.6	14.14	2.7	2.7	3.2		
Manufacturing	13.7	13.4	14.6	17.1	16.9	16.6	23.4	23.2	22.9	25.0	24.1	25.2		
Trans. and pub. util	8.2	7.9	8.5	6.2	6.1	6.3	9.0	3.9	9.0	6.9	6.8	7.2		
Trade	20.6	20.4	20.4	16.3	15.9	15.9	16.9	16.6	16.7	14.1	14.0	15.0		
Finance	4.0	3.9	4.2	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.3	2.4	2.3	2.4		
Service	12.5	12.4	12.4	9.2	9.0	S.8	5•3 8•9	9.0	9•3	7.3	7.4	7.0		
Government	13.0	. 12.8	13.1	20.4	20.6	20.5	9.1	9.3	8.8	7.6	7.9	7.2		
GOVETIMENT			-	20.4	20.0	,		9•3	G•0	1.0		1.2		
	WEST VIE	GINIACo	ntinued			W13C	PHSIM		<del></del>	ļ	MACHING			
		Wheeling			Milwaukee			Racine			Casper			
TOTAL	53.4	53•9	5½•5	453.6	449.7	451.9	40.8	40.6	43.9	19.1	18.9	18.0		
Mining	3.3	3.3	3.1	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(ĭ)	4.6	4.3	3.7		
Contract construction	2.9	2.5	2.8	23.3	22.0	23.2	1.7	1.6	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.7		
Manufacturing	16.6	17.1	18.3	197.9	196.7	199.7	18.4	18.6	21.9	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Trans. and pub. util	4.2	4.1	4.2	28.1	27.8	28.2	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.7		
Trade	13.0	13.2	1.2.7	88.6	88.3	87.9	7.6	7.4	7.5	4.3	4.1	4.3		
Finance	2.1	2.0	2.1	21.3	20.9	20.6	1.0	1.0	•9	.8	.8	•7		
Service	6.7	7.0	6.9	51.3	51.8	50.4	5.9	5.7	5•3	2.0	2.0	1.8		
Government	4.9	4.8	4.5	43.0	42.2	41.9	4.4	4.4	4.3	2.0	2.4	2.1		
		L	·		L		<del></del>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L			

<sup>1</sup> Combined with service.
2 Revised series; not strictly comparable with previously published data.
3 Not available.

Not available.

\*Combined with construction.

Total includes data for industry divisions not shown separately.

Combined with manufacturing.

Subarea of New York-Northeastern New Jersey.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

Table C-1: Gross hours and earnings of production workers in manufacturing
1919 to date

	Manufacturing		g	į t	ourable good	s	Nondurable goods				
Year and month	Average weekly earnings	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	Average weekly earnings	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	Average weekly earnings	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings		
919	\$22.08	46.3	\$0.477								
920	26.30	47.4	•555		-	1 _	-	-	1 -		
921	22.18	43.1	515		-				-		
922	21.51	14.2	487	l . i	_	1 .	_	-	1 _		
923	23.82	45.6	.522	\$25.78	-	-	\$21.94	-	-		
924	23.93	43.7	•5 <del>4</del> 7	25.84	-	<b>-</b>	22.07	-	-		
925	24.37	44.5	-547	26,39	-	-	22.44	-	-		
926	24.65	45.0	.548	26,61	-	i <b>-</b>	22.75	_	-		
927	24.74	45.0	.550	26.66	-	-	23.01	-	-		
928	24.97	1 <del>1</del> 71 ° 11	.562	27.24	-	-	22,88	-	-		
929	25.03	<u>μ</u> μ.2	.566	27.22	-	-	22.93	-	-		
.930	23.25	42.1	•552	24.77	-	-	21.84	-	-		
.931	20.87	40.5	•515	21.28		1	20.50		4. 5		
.932	17.05	38.3	.446	16.21	32.6	\$0.497	17.57	41.9	\$0.420		
933	16.73	38.1	.442	16.43	34.8	.472	16.89	40.0	.427		
934	18.40	34.6 36.6	.532	18.87	33.9	.556	18.05	35.1	.515		
935	20.13		• 550	21.52	37.3	•577	19.11	36.1	•530		
936	21.78	39.2	•556	24.04	41.0	1 .586	19.94	37•7	•529		
.937	24.05	38.6	.624	26.91	40.0	.674	21.53	37.4	•577		
.938	22.30	35.6	.627	24.01	35.0	.686	21.05	36.1	.584		
.939	23.86	37.7	.633	26.50	38.0	.698	21.78	37.4	.582		
940	25.20	38.1	.661	28.44	39.3	.724	22.27	37.0	.602		
941	29.58	40.6	.729	34.04	42.1	.808	24.92	38.9	.640		
942	36.65	42.9	.853	42.73	45.1	.947	29.13	40.3	.723		
943	43.14	<b>њ.</b> 9	.961	49.30	46.6	1.059	34.12	42.5	.803		
ا	46.08	45.2	1.019	52.07	46.6	1.117	37.12	43.1	.861		
.945	44.39	43.4	1.023	49.05	<b>հի.1</b>	1.111	38.29	42.3	-904		
946	43.82	40.4	1.086	46.49	40.2	1.156	41.14	40.5	1.015		
947	49.97	40.4	1.237	52,46	40.6	1.292	46.96	40.1	1.171		
948	54.14	40.1	1.350	57.11	40.5	1.410	50.61	39.6	1.278		
949	54.92	39.2	1.401	58.03	39-5	1.469	51.41	38.8	1.325		
.950	59.33	40.5	1.465	63.32	41.2	1.537	54.71	39•7	1.378		
.951	64.71	40.7	1.59	69.47	41.6	1.67	58.46	39.5	1.48		
.952	67.97	40.7	1.67	73.46	41.5	1.77	60.98	39.6	1.54		
953	71.69	40.5	1.77	77.23	41.3	1.87	63.60	39-5	1.61		
954	71.86	39.7	1.81	77.18	40.2	1.92	64.74	39.0	1.66		
955	76.52	40.7	1.88	83.21	41.4	2.01	68.06	39.8	1.72		
.956	79-99	40.4	1.98	86.31	41.1	2.10	71.10	39.5	1.80		
957 958	82.39 83.50	39.8 39.2	2.07 2.13	88.66 90.06	40.3 39.5	2.20 2.28	73.51 75.27	39.1 38.8	1.88		
.959	89.47	40.3	2.22	97.10	40.8	2,38	79.60	39.6	2.01		
.959: July	89.65	40.2	2.23	96.80	40.5	2.39	80.00	39.8	2.01		
August	88.70	40.5	2.19	95.88	40.8	2.35	80.20	40.1	2,00		
September	89.47	40.3	2.22	96.70	40.8	2.37	80.79	39.8	2.03		
October	89.06	40.3	2.21	96.52	1,0.9	2.36	79.79	39.5	2.02		
November	88.98	39.9	2.23	95.44	40.1	2.38	80.39	39.6	2.03		
December	92.16	40.6	2.27	99.87	41.1	2.43	81.19	39.8	2.04		
960: January	92.29	40.3	2.29	100.86	41.0	2.46	80.77	39.4	2.05		
February	91.14	39.8	2.29	98.98	40.4	2.45	79.95	39.0	2,05		
March	90.91	39.7	2,29	98.74	40.3	2.45	79.93	38.8	2.06		
April	89.60	39.3	2,28	97.36	39.9	2.44	79.52	38.6	2.06		
May	91.37	39.9	2.29	98.58	40.4	2.կկ	81.35	39.3	2.07		
June	91.60	40.0	2.29	98.98	40.4	2.45	82,16	39.5	2.08		
July	91.14	39.8	2.29	97.84	40.1	2.կկ	81.95	39.4	2.08		

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Data on hours of work based on the household survey are shown in tables A-15 through A-19.

Data in all tables in Section C relate to the United States without Alaska and Hawaii.

#### Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group

	Average			1			Average	, <del></del>	
Major industry group	July	June	July	July	June	July	July	June	July
	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959
MANUFACTURING	\$91.14	\$91.60	\$89.65	39.8	40.0	40.2	\$2.29	\$2.29	\$2.23
DURABLE GOODS	97.84 81.95	98 <b>.</b> 98 82 <b>.</b> 16	96.80 80.00	40.1 39.4	40.4 39.5	40.5 39.8	2.44 2.08	2.45 2.08	2.39 2.01
Durable Goods									
Ordnance and accessories	107.71	107.30	105.06	40.8	40.8	41.2	2.64	2.63	2.55
Lumber and wood products	81.99	83.43	80.19	39.8	40.5	40.5	2.06	2.06	1.98
Furniture and fixtures	74.40	74.77	74.66	40.0	40.2	40.8	1.86	1.86	1.83
Stone, clay, and glass products	92.80	93.07	92.13	40.7	41.0	41.5	2.28	2.27	2.22
Primary metal industries	109.48	109.80	108.19	39.1	38.8	38.5	2.80	2.83	2.81
Fabricated metal products	98.98	99.96	97.17	40.4	40.8	41.0	2.45	2.45	2.37
Machinery (except electrical)	104.45	105.88	103.25	40.8	41.2	41.3	2.56	2.57	2.50
Electrical machinery	91.54	92.23	89.02	39.8	40.1	40.1	2.30	2.30	2.22
Transportation equipment	108.93	110.97	108.53	39.9	40.5	40.8	2.73	2.74	2.66
Instruments and related products	95.58	95.41	93.71	40.5	40.6	41.1	2.36	2.35	2.28
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	77.02	77.41	75.60	39.7	39.9	40.0	1.94	1.94	1.89
Nondurable Goods			<u>}</u>						
Food and kindred products	88.94	88,51	85.48	40.8	40.6	40.9	2.18	2.18	2.09
Tobacco manufactures	67.50	71.89	70.58	37.5	39.5	40.1	1.80	1.82	1.76
Textile-mill products	64.31	65.69	63.83	39.7	40.3	40.4	1.62	1.63	1.58
Apparel and other finished textile products	55.90	55.90	55.57	36.3	36.3	36.8	1.54	1.54	1.51
Faper and allied products	96.22	96.67	95.03	42.2	42.4	43.0	2.28	2.28	2.21
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	106.09	105.54	103.52	38.3	38.1	38.2	2.77	2.77	2.71
Chemicals and allied products	105.41	105.34	100.28	41.5	41.8	41.1	2.54	2.52	2.44
Products of petroleum and coal	120.83	119.31	118.78	41.1	41.0	41.1	2.94	2.91	2.89
Rubber products	103.68	103.12	107.10	40.5	40.6	42.5	2.56	2.54	2.52
Leather and leather products		62.37	60.90	38.2	37.8	38.3	1.65	1.65	1.59

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-3: Average overtime hours and average hourly earnings excluding overtime of production workers in manufacturing, by major industry group

Major industry group		Average	overtin	3	Average hourly earnings excluding overtime 1			
Hajor Industry group	July 1960	June 1960	May 1960	July 1959	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959
MANUFACTURING	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.9	\$2.22	\$2,22	\$2.16
DURABLE GOODS	2.2	2.3 2.6	2.4	2.7 2.8	3.0 2.7	2.38	2.37 2.01	2.32 1.94
Durable Goods					ļ			
Ordnance and accessories.  Lumber and wood products		1.9 3.3 2.4 3.0 1.5 2.6 2.6 1.9 2.2 2.0 2.2	1.9 3.2 2.4 3.1 1.5 2.6 2.7 1.7 2.6 2.0 2.2	2.1 3.5 2.8 3.6 2.4 3.0 2.9 2.1 2.6 2.4 2.4	2.2 3.7 2.7 3.6 3.1 3.3 2.3 2.8 2.7	2.57 1.98 1.81 2.19 2.77 2.38 2.49 2.25 2.67 2.29 1.88	2.55 1.95 1.80 2.19 2.77 2.49 2.24 2.64 2.69	2.49 1.90 1.78 2.12 2.74 2.29 2.41 2.16 2.57 2.23 1.84
Nondurable Goods								
Food and kindred products	-	3.2 1.2 2.9 1.4 4.2 2.8 2.5 1.9 2.6 1.3	3.1 1.0 2.9 1.3 4.3 3.0 2.5 1.6 2.2	3.4 1.8 3.1 1.4 4.7 2.9 2.4 2.3 4.8 1.3	3.4 1.5 3.3 1.4 4.6 2.8 2.4 1.7 3.9 1.3	2.10 1.79 1.58 1.51 2.17 (2) 2.45 2.84 2.46 1.62	2.11 1.78 1.57 1.51 2.15 (2) 2.42 2.84 2.45 1.63	2.01 1.70 1.52 1.48 2.08 (2) 2.35 2.82 2.34 1.58

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

<sup>2</sup>Not available as average overtime rates are significantly above time and one-half. Inclusion of data for the group in the nondurable-goods total has little effect.

## Table C-4: Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours and payrolls Seasonally Adjusted Hours in industrial and construction activities 1

(1947-49-100)

(1947–49–100)												
Activity	July 1960	June 1960	May 1960	July 1959	June 1959							
			Man-hours									
TOTAL	101.5	102.3	100.8	104.0	105.7							
MINING	62.8	66.2	66.2	66.9	71.4							
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	144.2	135.9	126.3	140.1	138.9							
MANUFACTURING	98.0	99.9	99.4	101.3	103.3							
DURABLE GOODS	102.7 92.3	106.1 92.5	106.5 90.9	108.0 93.2	111.7 93.2							
Durable Goods					}							
Ordnance and accessories.  Lumber and wood products	268.1 79.4 106.1 104.9 89.2 105.9 99.6 130.9 109.6 117.0 100.6	318.8 82.2 108.5 105.6 92.6 109.1 102.7 134.2 114.0 118.9 104.7	326.3 77.7 107.5 104.6 95.2 108.5 103.3 133.1 119.8 118.8 102.9	322.0 83.2 108.0 108.9 98.4 110.5 102.5 130.7 123.1 116.9 98.6	325.0 84.4 108.2 110.0 109.6 115.3 105.6 132.4 125.4 118.7 101.2							
Nondurable Goods				İ								
Food and kindred products.  Tobacco manufactures.  Textile-mill products.  Apparel and other finished textile products.  Paper and allied products.  Printing, publishing, and allied industries.  Chemicals and allied products.  Products of petroleum and coal.  Rubber products.  Leather and leather products.	87.5 64.9 70.8 102.4 110.0 114.2 106.8 84.4 99.1 89.9	82.3 66.5 73.5 104.9 112.5 114.9 107.2 84.5 101.1 90.1	78.5 64.5 72.9 104.2 112.0 115.0 107.8 83.6 98.7 84.2 Payrolls	86.9 67.0 74.2 102.6 113.5 111.4 102.5 86.1 108.6 94.5	84,4 68.2 75.9 104.2 114,4 111.7 103.6 86.8 99.2 94.0							
			_									
MÍNING		107.5	107.8	106.5	115.4							
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	~	247.5	230.5	244.4	240.0							
MANUFACTUR ING	169.2	172.5	171.5	170.2	174.4							

 $^1$ For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, data relate to construction workers.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-5: Average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, of production workers in selected industries 1

Industry	July	June	May	July	June
	1960	1960	1960	1959	1959
Manufacturing	39.9	39.9	40.1	40.3	40.6
Durable goods	40.4	40.2	40.5	40.8	41.2
	39.2	39.5	39.7	39.6	39.8
	-	35.6	35.4	35.6	36.1
Retail trade (except eating and drinking places)	_	37.6	37.6	38.2	38.1

<sup>1</sup>For manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for building construction, to construction workers; and for retail trade, to nonsupervisory workers.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-6: Grass boars and earnings of production workers, 2 by industry

	Average	weekly e	arnings	Average	week1	y hours	Average	hourly	arnings
Industry	June 1960	May 1960	June	June 1960	May 1960	June	June	May 1960	June
MINING		\$110.70	1959 \$111.49	41.0	41.0	1959 41.6	1960 \$2.69		1959
	1	ľ	ľ .					\$2.70	\$2.68
METAL MINING	111.99	114.01	107.79	42.1 41.0	42.7 41.6	41.3 40.2	2.66	2.67 2.89	2.61 2.89
Copper mining		115.54	106.60	43.6	44.1	42.3	2.61	2.62	2.52
Lead and zinc mining	93.94	94.58	91.66	41.2	41.3	40.2	2.28	2.29	2.28
ANTHRACITE MINING	93.56	82.29	82.75	33•9	29.6	30.2	2.76	2.78	2.74
BITUMINOUS-COAL MINING	120.41	119.03	126.49	36.6	36.4	38.8	3,29	3.27	3.26
CRUDE-PETROLEUM AND NATURAL-GAS PRODUCTION: Petroleum and natural-gas production (except contract									
services)	113.81	116.03	112.56	40.5	41.0	40.2	2.81	2.83	2.80
NONMETALLIC MINING AND QUARRYING	100.80	98.78	98.08	45.0	43.9	45.2	2.24	2.25	2,17
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	121.13	119.56	116.66	37•5	36.9	38.0	3•23	3.24	3.07
MONBUILDING CONSTRUCTION	120.47	118.03	117.46	41.4	40.7	42.1	2.91	2.90	2.79
Highway and street construction	117.43 123.91	111.90	113.88	42.7 40.1	41.6 39.7	43.3 40.8	2.75 3.09	2.69 3.12	2.63 2.96
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	120.88	119.91	116,66	36.3	35•9	36.8	3•33	3•34	3.17
GENERAL CONTRACTORS	110.77	110.26	108.19	36.2	35.8	36.8	3.06	3.08	2.94
SPECIAL-TRADE CONTRACTORS	126.67	124.93	121.81	36.4	35•9	36.8	3.48	3.48	3.31
Plumbing and heating	134.85	132.68	128.78	38.2	37.8	38.1	3.53	3.51	3.38
Painting and decorating Electrical work		116.60	114.52	35.2	34.6	35.9	3.36	3.37	3.19
Other special-trade contractors	148.99	148.23	143.91 116.28	38.9 35.6	38.5 35.0	39.0 36.0	3.83 3.41	3.85 3.42	3.69 3.23
								-	
MANUFACTURING	1	91.37	91.17	40.0	39•9	40.7	2,29	2.29	2.24
DURABLE GOODS		98.58 81.35	99•36 79•60	40.4 39.5	40.4 39.3	41.4 39.8	2.45	2.44 2.07	2.40 2.00
Durable Goods									
ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	107.30	107.79	105.47	40.8	41.3	41.2	2.63	2.61	2.56
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	83.43	81.40	82.19	40.5	40.1	41.3	2.06	2.03	1.99
Sawmills and planing mills	79.77	78.94	80.70	40.7	40.9	41.6	1.96	1.93	1.94
Sawmills and planing mills, general	81.19	80.36	81.54	40.8	41.0	41.6	1.99	1.96	1.96
South <sup>2</sup> West <sup>3</sup>	54.95 99.96	55.17	53.68 100.61	42.6	43.1	42.6 40.9	1.29	1.28	1.26 2.46
Millwork, plywood, prefabricated structural wood	33.30	97.61	100.01	39•2	39•2	40.9	2.55	2.49	2.40
products	82.76	84.42	85.90	39.6	40.2	41.7	2.09	2.10	2.06
Millwork	81.19	80,58	84.20	39.8	39-5	42.1	2.04	2.04	2.00
PlywoodWooden containers	84.77	88.99	88.82	39.8	41.2	41.7	2.13	2.16	2.13
Wooden boxes, other than cigar	62.12	62.47 62.40	61.12 61.15	40.6 40.6	41.1 41.6	41.3 41.6	1.53	1.52	1.48 1.47
Miscellaneous wood products	70.14	69.29	66.74	41.5	41.0	41.2	1.69	1.69	1.62
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	74.77	74.19	74.66	40.2	40.1	40.8	1.86	1.85	1.83
Household furniture	70.05	69.65	70.64	39.8	39.8	40.6	1.76	1.75	1.74
Wood household furniture, except upholstered	64.46	65.25	64.43	40.8	41.3	41.3	1.58	1.58	1.56
Wood household furniture, upholstered	73.15	70.69	74.29	38.1	37.4	39.1	1.92	1.89	1.90
Mattresses and bedsprings	80.52 88.18	81.24	82,21	38.9 41.4	38.5	40.9	2.07	2.11	2,01
Wood office furniture	74.02	87.54 71.66	85.90 69.01	43.8	41.1	41.1 42.6	2.13	2.13	2.09 1.62
Metal office furniture	97.41	96.29	96.12	41.1	40.8	40.9	2.37	2.36	2.35
Partitions, shelving, lockers, and fixtures	96.88	94.60	95.91	41.4	40.6	41.7	2.34	2.33	2.30
Screens, blinds, and mlsc. furniture and fixtures	77.16	76.76	75.81	40.4	40.4	41.2	1.91	1.90	1.84
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	93.07	92.84	92.16	41.0	40.9	41.7	2.27	2.27	2.21
Flat glass	124.26	124.97	134.94	39.7	39.8	42.3	3.13	3.14	3.19
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	92.63	93.15	87.78	40.1	40.5	39.9	2.31	2.30	2.20
Pressed or blown glass	94.19 90.23	94.89 90.74	88.44 86.51	40.6 39.4	40.9	40.2	2.32	2.32	2.20
Glass products made of purchased glass	73.52	72.95	74.70	38.9	39.8 38.6	39.5 40.6	1.89	1.89	2.19 1.84
Cement, hydraulic	106.14						2.57	2.54	2.40

<sup>1</sup> See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table C-6: Gress bours and earnings of production workers, 1 by industry-Continued

	Average	Washin -	anninda	Avena	o weelst	Average weekly earnings Average weekly hours Average hourly earning									
Industry	June	May	June	June	May	June	June	May	June June						
	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959						
Durable Goods—Continued		1			1		1								
	ŀ		l	l	ľ		ŀ	}	Ì						
STOME, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS—Continued Structural clay products	\$83.22	\$83.23	\$81.77	1,1 0	1,10	1 10 2	*	<b>*</b> 0.03	<b>4</b> 1 00						
Brick and hollow tile	78.63	78.49	76.97	41.2 42.5	41.0 42.2	41.3 43.0	\$2.02	\$2.03	\$1.98 1.79						
Floor and wall tile	82.21	81.80	83.43	40.1	39.9	41.1	2.05	2.05	2.03						
Sewer pipe	87.36	86.94	78.38	41.8	41.8	38.8	2.09	2.08	2.02						
Clay refractories  Pottery and related products	92.58 82.24	93.60 81.70	91.87	38.9 37.9	39.0 38.0	38.6	2.38	2.40	2.38 2.10						
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products	94.60	93.74	95.58	44.0	43.4	45.3	2.15	2.16	2.11						
Concrete products	92.12	90.90	92.16	44.5	43.7	45.4	2.07	2.08	2.03						
Cut-stone and stone products	77.46	78.81	76.59	41.2	41.7	41.4	1.88	1.89	1.85						
Abrasive products	96.72 97.61	97.44 100.15	97.86	40.3 39.2	39.9	42.0 41.6	2.40	2.40 2.51	2.33 2.47						
Asbestos products	101.75	101.33	103.53	41.7	41.7	43.5	2.44	2.43	2.38						
Nonclay refractories	96.98	101.66	102.05	37•3	39.1	39.4	2.60	2.60	2.59						
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	109.80	109.70	118.43	38.8	38.9	41.7	2.83	2.82	2.84						
Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills	115.81	116.21	129.38	37.6	38.1	41.6	3.08	3.05	3.11						
Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills, except electrometallurgical products	115.88	116.28	129.79	37•5	38.0	41.6	3.09	3.06	3.12						
Electrometallurgical products	108.14	107.87	102.29	40.2	40.4	39.8	2.69	2.67	2.57						
Iron and steel foundries	98.00	96.61	101.02	39.2	38.8	41.4	2.50	2.49	2.44						
Gray-iron foundries	96.43	95.94	100.02	39.2	39.01	41.5	2.46	2.46	2.41						
Malleable-iron foundries	91.58	89.65	96.87	38.0 39.7	37•2 39•2	40.7 41.6	2.41	2.41	2.38 2.55						
Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals	108.77	108.47	104.86	41.2	41.4	40.8	2.64	2.62	2.57						
Primary smelting and refining of copper, lead, and zinc	100.60	100.19	96.88	41.4	41.4	41.4	2.43	2,42	2.34						
Primary refining of aluminum	120.18	120.07 95.06	119.07 94.62	40.6 40.1	40.7 40.8	40.5	2.96	2.95	2.94						
Secondary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals Rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals	93.03	108.54	113.85	41.2	40.5	41.5 42.8	2.32	2.33 2.68	2.28 2.66						
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of copper	108.62	103.08	112.92	41.3	39.8	43.6	2.63	2.59	2.59						
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of aluminum	114.95	115.64	116.62	41.2	41.3	42.1	2.79	2.80	2.77						
Nonferrous foundries  Miscellaneous primary metal industries	101.91	101.50	100.77	40.6 39.8	40.6 39.9	41.3 42.7	2.51 2.76	2.50 2.76	2.44 2.78						
Iron and steel forgings	112.90	115.02	116.44	39.2	39.8	41.0	2.88	2.89	2.84						
Wire drawing	104.41	102.83	114.38	39.7	39.4	43.0	2.63	2.61	2.66						
Welded and heavy-riveted pipe	109.93	109.25	122.69	39.4	39•3	42.9	2.79	2.78	2,86						
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	99.96	99.96	99.72	40.8	40.8	41.9	2.45	2.45	2.38						
Tin cans and other tinware	117.43	116.47	113.42	42.7	42.2	42.8	2.75	2.76	2.65						
Cutlery and edge tools	93.20 82.42	93.90	93•34 80•79	40.0 40.4	40.3 40.4	41.3 40.6	2.33	2.33	2.26 1.99						
Hand tools	92.27	92.97	92.80	39.6	39.9	40.7	2.33	2.33	2.28						
Hardware	97.04	97.61	96.98	40.1	40.5	41.8	2.42	2.41	2.32						
Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbers' supplies.  Sanitary ware and plumbers' supplies	92.51 94.46	92.28	93.43 96.48	39.2 38.4	39.1 38.6	40.8 40.2	2.36 2.46	2.36	2.29 2.40						
Oil burners, nonelectric heating and cooking apparatus,	<i>7</i> 4.40	77.71	90.40	30.4	30.0	40.2	2.40	2.47	2.40						
not elsewhere classified	91.64	91.18	92.06	39•5	39-3	41.1	2.32	2.32	2.24						
Fabricated structural metal products	102.26 102.51	100.86	99.29	41.4 41.5	40.9	41.4 41.2	2.47	2.46 2.46	2.42 2.41						
Metal doors, sash, frames, molding, and trim	93.38	93.50	94.07	40.6	40.3	40.9	2.30	2.32	2.30						
Boiler-shop products	105.50	105.34	100.61	41.7	41.8	40.9	2.53	2.52	2.46						
Sheet-metal work  Metal stamping, coating, and engraving	104.83 106.66	102.91	107.00	41.6 41.5	41.0 41.7	42.8	2.52 2.57	2.51	2.50 2.48						
Vitreous-enameled products	79.00	70.25	86.97	39.7	35.3	44.6	1.99	2.59 1.99	1.95						
Stamped and pressed metal products	113.13	115.06	111.45	41.9	42.3	42.7	2.70	2.72	2.61						
Lighting fixtures	90.63	89.60	91.12	40.1	40.0	41.8	2.26	2.24	2.18						
Fabricated wire products	88.53 95.91	89.38 95.75	92.60 101.48	39•7 40•3	39•9 40•4	41.9 43.0	2.23 2.38	2.24 2.37	2.21 2.36						
Metal shipping barrels, drums, kegs, and pails		108.88	129.72	40.1	41.4	47.0	2.61	2.63	2.76						
Steel springs	106.52	107.18	110.33	40.5	40.6	42.6	2.63	2.64	2.59						
Bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets	98.74 92.52	97.60 92.75	93.70	40.3 40.4	40.0 40.5	43.1 42.4	2.45	2.44	2.42 2.21						
MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)	105.88	106.14	104.75	41.2	41.3	41.9	2.57	2.57	2.50						
Engines and turbines	113.15	113.15	112.44	40.7	40.7	41.8	2.78	2.78	2.69						
Steam engines, turbines, and water wheels	119.84	118.84	115.62	40.9	40.7	41.0	2.93	2.92	2.82						
Diesel and other internal-combustion engines, not	111 11	111 50	111 70	3.0 =	10.7	امما	0.72	,	066						
elsewhere classified	111.11	111.52 102.91	111.72 106.55	40.7 40.0	40.7 40.2	42.0 41.3	2.73	2.74	2.66 2.58						
Tractors	106.40	105.60	110.54	40.0	40.0	41.4	2.66	2.64	2.67						
Agricultural machinery (except tractors)	99.05	100.04	100.94	40.1	40.5	41.2	2.47	2.47	2.45						

Table C-6: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, 1 by industry-Continued

### Durable Goods—Continued  ### MAGNETAY (EXCEPT LECTRICAL)—Continued  *## Construction and mining sachimery.  ### Mining Section   1,000   1		Average	weekly e	arnings		weekly	y hours	Average	hourly e	arnings
### MACHERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)—Continued Construction and minist smalltery. accept for all fields.    100.07	Industry				June 1960					June 1959
Construction and mining sachinery, except for col fields, 1906, 1918, 1906, 1918, 1907, 1908, 1918, 1909, 1918, 1909, 1918, 1909, 1918, 1919, 19	Durable Goods—Continued									
011-field machinery and tools. 95.09   38.22   112.91   39.4   39.6   55.9   2.50   2.	MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)—Continued	}								
011-field machinery and tools. 95.09   38.22   112.91   39.4   39.6   55.9   2.50   2.								\$2.55	\$2.53	\$2.47
Metaloreking machinery										2.48
Machine tools										2.46 2.70
Metalication accessories   131,09   112.86   108.99   12.1   16.8   15.5   15.7   2.79   2.94   2.95   2.										2.53
Sachina-tool accessories.   131,71   133,34   123,36   13,8   13,8										2.62
Froed-products mechinery.  101,92 103,75 101,76   11,1   11,5   12,1   2,16   2,90   2,10   2										2.81
Testils machinery	Special-industry machinery (except metalworking machinery).									2.34
Paper-industries machinery on equipment										2.40
Frinting-trades machinery and equipment. 113.65   13.16   10.11   12.6   12.7   12.7   2.66   2.65   2.51   2.51   2.66   2.65   2.51										2.05
General industrial mechinery.   103.1d.   103.1d.   102.1d.   102.1d.   102.1d.   102.1d.   103.1d.   102.1d.   103.1d.   102.1d.									2.35	
Pumps, air and gas compressors										2.45
Conveyors and conveying equipment   195,56   104,12   107,61   10,6   10,6   10,2   12,2   2,60   2,59   2, Industrial truncks, tractors, etc.   102,72   105,73   107,27   106,6   11,3   12,4   2,53   2,37   2,2   1,5   2,3   1,5   2,3   1,5   2,3   1,5   2,3   2,5										2.37
Industrial trucks, tractors, etc. 102.72   105.73   107.27   10.6   10.3   10.4   2.59   2.56   2. Mechanical stokers and industrial furnaces and ovens. 29.53   99.55   75.64   11.3   11.1   11.2   2.11										2.55
Mechanical power-transmission equipment   103,12   104,30   106,82   10.6   10.9   12.9   2.51   2.55   2.55   2.06								2.35		2.28
Mechanical stokers and industrial furnaces and ovens										2.53
Office and store machines and devices. 103,12 103,28 99,38 10.0.1 10.5 10.1 2,26 2.75 2.75 Computing machines and cash registers. 112,28 111.76 10.9 10.1 10.7 11.7 2.76 2.74 2.75 yearsters. 102,28 111.52 111.76 10.9 10.7 11.7 2.76 2.74 2.75 yearsters. 102,28 111.52 111.76 10.9 10.7 11.7 2.76 2.74 2.75 yearsters. 102,08 111.52 111.76 10.9 10.1 10.7 11.7 2.76 2.74 2.75 yearsters. 102.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10										2.49
Computing machines and cash registers										2.37
Typewriters.   86,11   90,51   82,17   89,16   10,2   10,3   10,9   2,16   2,16   2,26   2,28   2,20										2.46
Service-industry and household machines.   98,89   99,11   98,16   10,2   10,3   10,9   2,16   2,16   2,20   2,58   2,5										2.12
Domestic laundry equipment										2.40
Commercial laundry, dry-cleaning, and pressing machines.   90,15   91,13   87,51   10,02   10,05   10,7   2.25   2.25   2.8										2.47
Refrigerators and air—conditioning units.							40.7			2.15
Riscallaneous machinery parts   100.60   100.85   103.81   100.1   10.5   12.2   2.19   2.19   2.19   2.19   2.19   2.19   2.19   2.19   2.19   2.19   2.19   2.19   2.19   2.19   2.19   2.10   2.1		109.37	109.62		44.1	14.2	41.8	2.48		2.37
Pabricated pipe, fittings, and valves.   97,76   97,27   99,87   39,9   39,7   11,1   2,15   2,15   2,16   2,15   2,16   2,15   2,16   2,15   2,16   2,15   2,16										2.42
Ball and roller bearings.			1							2.46
Machine shops (job and repair).   102.18   102.92   101.13   11.2   11.5   12.5   2.18   2.18   2.										2.43
Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatures	· ·	1 -222-7								2.45
Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus	nachine shops (job and repair)	102.10	102.92	104.15	412	41.9	42.5	2.40	2.40	2.45
Moderices and supplies   96.88   96.21   96.00   10.2   10.1   11.2   2.11   2.10	ELECTRICAL MACHINERY	92.23	91.37	90.58	40.1	39.9	40.8	2.30	2.29	2.22
Wiring devices and supplies	Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and				l .			l .		1
Carbon and graphite products (electrical). 96.96   98.12   95.35   10.1   10.5   11.1   2.10   2.13   2. Electrical indicating, measuring, and recording instruments.   89.82   89.87   86.27   10.1   10.3   10.5   2.21   2.23   2. Motors, generators, and motor-generator sets   101.75   102.91   102.92   10.6   10.2   11.5   2.58   2.56   2.5   2. Fower and distribution transformers   102.91   99.90   100.60   11.0   39.8   11.1   2.51   2.51   2.5										2.33
Electrical indicating, measuring, and recording instruments.  89,82 89,87 86,27 40.1 10.3 10.5 2.24 2.23 2. Motors, generators, and motor-generator sets.  104,75 102.91 102.92 10.6 10.0 2 11.5 2.58 2.56 2.   Switchgear, switchboard, and industrial controls.  100.10 100.85 100.13 10.2 10.5 11.5 2.49 2.49 2.49 2.49 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.51										2.06
Abstraments		90.90	90.42	72.35	40.4	40.5	41.1	2.40	2.45	2.32
Motors, generators, and motor-generator sets.   104,75   102,91   102,92   10.6   10.2   11.5   2.58   2.56   2.		80.82	89.87	86.27	30.7	lin.3	10.5	2.21	2.23	2.13
Power and distribution transformers										2.48
Electrical welding apparatus.										2.43
Electrical appliances    91.64   91.80   89.27   39.5   39.4   39.5   2.32   2.33   2.5										2.42
Insulated wire and cable.										2.54
Electrical equipment for vehicles. 97.32 98.55 96.16 39.1 39.9 10.7 2.17 2.17 2.27 2.20 2.20 2.20 2.20 2.20 2.20 2.2										2.26
Communication equipment. 89.24 87.34 86.67 h0.2 39.7 h0.5 2.22 2.20 2. Radios, phonographs, television sets, and equipment. 86.76 85.50 85.88 39.8 39.4 40.7 2.18 2.17 2. Radio tubes. 83.60 81.37 79.00 h0.0 39.5 39.9 2.09 2.06 l. Telephone, telegraph, and related equipment 104.08 100.45 98.66 h1.8 14.0 h0.6 2.49 2.45 2.45 2. Miscellaneous electrical products. 88.13 89.65 88.34 39.3 40.2 h0.9 2.25 2.23 2. Storage batteries. 100.15 98.15 100.43 39.9 39.9 h1.5 2.51 2.46 2. Primary batteries (dry and wet). 78.88 79.04 71.46 h1.3 41.6 39.7 1.91 1.90 1. X-ray and nonradio electronic tubes. 98.49 99.55 97.75 40.7 40.8 h0.9 2.42 2.44 2. Motor vehicles and equipment. 110.97 111.66 109.06 h0.5 h0.9 h1.0 2.74 2.73 2. Trailers (truck and automobile). 80.8 80 86.16 89.46 39.0 39.3 40.0 2.20 2.20 2. Aircraft and parts. 110.84 110.29 107.98 h0.9 h1.0 1.0 1.1 2.69 2. Aircraft engines and parts. 110.57 109.48 107.20 h0.9 h1.0 h0.9 2.71 2.69 2. Aircraft propellers and parts. 110.58 110.29 109.30 h1.3 h1.4 2.75 2.77 2.60 2. Ship and boat building and repairing. 100.84 110.25 105.30 39.6 h0.1 39.2 2.66 2.63 2. Ship and boat building and repairing. 100.86 110.25 105.30 39.6 h1.2 h0.5 2.76 2.60 2.87 2.80 2.80 2.80 2.80 2.80 2.80 2.80 2.80										2.09
Communication equipment.		86.75			38.4	39.5				2.37
Radios, phonographs, television sets, and equipment										2.14
Telephone, telegraph, and related equipment.		86.76	85.50			39.4	40.7			2.11
Miscellaneous electrical products.										1.98
Storage batteries   100.15   98.15   100.13   39.9   39.9   11.5   2.51   2.16   2.16   2.1										2.43
Primary batteries (dry and wet)	· · ·	1								2.16
X-ray and nonradio electronic tubes.   90.49   99.55   97.75   40.7   40.8   40.9   2.42   2.44   2.										1.80
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT										2.39
Motor vehicles and equipment.   112.46   113.85   111.22   40.6   41.1   41.5   2.77	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	70.47	//•//	1 //•1/	1	40.0	400			,
Motor vehicles, bodies, parts, and accessories.   111, 19   116.18   113.02   10.6   11.2   11.1   2.82   2.82   2.82   2.82   100.94   99.70   102.77   11.2   11.2   11.2   13.0   2.15   2.12   2.82   2	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	110.97	111.66	109.06	40.5	40.9	41.0	2.74	2.73	2,66
Truck and bus bodies.   100.9\( \)   99.70   102.77   \( \)   11.2   \( \)   13.0   2.\( \)   2.\( \)   2.\( \)   2.\( \)   2.\( \)   2.\( \)   39.3   42.0   2.\( \)										2.68
Trailers (truck and automobile). 85.80 86.46 89.46 39.0 39.3 42.0 2.20 2.20 2.20 2.20 2.20 2.20 2.20										2.73
Aircraft and parts.										2.39
Aircraft engines and parts. 110.57 109.48 107.20 40.8 40.7 40.3 2.71 2.69 2. Aircraft engines and parts. 113.58 111.92 109.30 41.3 41.3 41.4 2.75 2.71 2. Aircraft propellers and parts. 106.85 118.30 103.58 42.4 45.5 41.6 2.52 2.60 2. Other aircraft parts and equipment 108.40 109.66 109.30 40.6 41.0 42.2 2.67 2.66 2. Ship and boat building and repairing. 105.34 105.46 100.74 39.6 40.1 39.2 2.66 2.63 2. Ship building and repairing. 110.88 110.25 105.30 39.6 39.8 39.0 2.80 2.77 2. Boat building and repairing. 80.39 64.05 79.79 39.6 41.2 40.5 2.03 2.04 1. Railroad equipment. 109.48 111.39 113.42 39.1 39.5 40.8 2.80 2.82 2. Locomotives and parts. 109.60 115.62 112.88 40.0 41.0 41.5 2.74 2.82 2.										2,13
Aircraft engines and parts. 113.58 111.92 109.30 11.3 11.3 11.4 2.75 2.71 2. Aircraft propellers and parts. 106.85 118.30 103.58 42.4 45.5 11.6 2.52 2.60 2. Other aircraft parts and equipment. 108.40 109.06 109.30 10.6 11.0 12.2 2.67 2.66 2. Ship and boat building and repairing. 105.34 105.46 100.74 39.6 10.1 39.2 2.66 2.63 2. Ship building and repairing. 110.88 110.25 105.30 39.6 39.8 39.0 2.80 2.77 2. Boat building and repairing. 80.39 84.05 79.79 39.6 11.2 10.5 2.03 2.04 1. Railroad equipment. 109.48 111.39 113.42 39.1 39.5 10.8 2.80 2.82 2. Locomotives and parts. 109.60 115.62 112.88 10.0 11.0 11.5 2.74 2.82 2.										2.64 2.66
Aircraft propellers and parts.										2.64
Other aircraft parts and equipment.       108.40       109.06       109.30       40.6       41.0       42.2       2.67       2.66       2.81         Ship and boat building and repairing.       105.34       105.46       100.74       39.6       40.1       39.2       2.66       2.63       2.         Ship building and repairing.       110.88       110.25       105.30       39.6       39.0       2.80       2.77       2.         Boat building and repairing.       80.39       84.05       79.79       39.6       41.2       40.5       2.03       2.04       1         Railroad equipment.       109.48       111.39       113.42       39.1       39.5       40.8       2.80       2.82       2.         Locomotives and parts.       109.60       115.62       112.88       40.0       41.0       41.5       2.74       2.82       2.					42.1		蓝.8	2.52	2.60	2.49
Ship and boat building and repairing.     105.34     105.46     100.74     39.6     40.1     39.2     2.66     2.63     2.80       Ship building and repairing.     110.88     110.25     105.30     39.6     39.8     39.0     2.80     2.77     2.80       Boat building and repairing.     80.39     84.05     79.79     39.6     41.2     40.5     2.03     2.04     1       Railroad equipment.     109.48     111.39     113.42     39.1     39.5     40.8     2.80     2.82     2.       Locomotives and parts.     109.60     115.62     112.88     40.0     41.0     41.5     2.74     2.82     2.				109.30						2.59
Boat building and repairing. 80,39 84.05 79.79 39.6 41.2 40.5 2.03 2.04 1. Railroad equipment. 109,48 111.39 113,42 39.1 39.5 40.8 2.80 2.82 2. Locomotives and parts. 109,60 115,62 112.88 40.0 41.0 41.5 2.74 2.82 2.				100.74						2.57
Railroad equipment										2.70
Locomotives and parts										1.97
						39.5				2.78
	•									2.72
										2.19

Table C-8: Gross boars and earnings of production workers, 1 by industry-Continued

	Average	weekly e	arnings	Averag	e weekl	y hours	Average	hourly	earnings
Industry	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959
Durable Goods—Continued									
INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS  Laboratory, scientific, and engineering instruments  Mechanical measuring and controlling instruments  Optical instruments and lenses  Surgical, medical, and dental instruments  Ophthalmic goods  Photographic apparatus  Watches and clocks	\$95.41 114.95 93.67 98.53 85.69 78.61 106.86 78.01	\$94.77 112.88 93.90 98.36 83.62 80.10 106.31 77.41	\$94.35 112.10 95.30 90.05 82.62 78.55 105.32 77.42	40.6 41.8 40.2 41.4 41.0 39.7 41.1 39.2	40.5 41.5 40.3 41.5 40.2 40.4 40.9 38.9	41.2 42.3 41.8 40.2 40.7 40.7 41.3 39.7	\$2.35 2.75 2.33 2.38 2.09 1.98 2.60 1.99	\$2.34 2.72 2.33 2.37 2.08 1.99 2.60 1.99	\$2.29 2.65 2.28 2.21 2.03 1.93 2.55 1.95
WiSCELLAMEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	77.h1 80.16 76.67 89.10 90.58 69.45 65.49 77.61 70.88 70.05 83.23 80.19	77.41 80.77 77.46 89.51 87.38 71.16 67.73 78.00 72.18 68.29 83.03 81.00	76.95 77.87 74.88 85.81 86.93 67.69 64.85 73.26 71.69 70.88 83.82 81.00	39.9 40.9 41.0 40.5 40.8 38.8 38.3 39.8 39.8 40.8 39.7	39.9 41.0 41.2 40.5 39.9 39.1 38.7 40.0 40.1 38.8 40.9	40.5 41.2 41.6 40.1 41.2 38.9 38.6 39.6 40.5 40.5	1.94 1.96 1.87 2.20 2.22 1.79 1.71 1.95 1.79 1.76 2.04	1.94 1.97 1.88 2.21 2.19 1.82 1.75 1.95 1.80 1.76 2.03	1.90 1.89 1.80 2.11 1.71 1.76 1.85 1.77 1.75 2.01 2.00
Meat products.  Meat packing, wholesale.  Sausages and casings.  Dairy products.  Condensed and evaporated milk.  Ice cream and ices.  Canning and preserving.  Sea food, canned and cured.  Canned fruits, vegetables, and soups.  Grain-mill products.  Flour and other grain-mill products.  Prepared feeds.  Bakery products.  Bread and other bakery products.  Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels.  Sugar.  Cane-sugar refining.  Beet sugar.  Confectionery and related products.  Confectionery.  Bottled soft drinks.  Malt liquors.  Distilled, rectified, and blended liquors.  Miscellaneous food products.  Corn sirup, sugar, oil, and starch.  Manufactured ice.	75.40	88.91 99.555 112.59 103.91 89.013 93.75 70.05 57.14 73.30 84.18 96.14 87.05 89.32 78.00 97.61 107.33 88.55 71.50 68.78 99.79 73.39 121.30 85.90 105.84 83.08	85.69 94.60 107.38 100.49 87.77 86.10 95.48 66.42 62.30 67.90 92.38 96.34 86.07 84.25 86.37 75.62 93.89 104.13 84.89 70.27 67.77 98.77 97.140 119.69 91.33 81.33 80.03 82.19	40.6 40.7 41.6 42.3 42.27 42.4 37.7 38.8 43.4 44.9 41.3 49.9 41.3 39.8 40.8 40.1 39.1 54.8 40.1 40.8 40.1 40.8 40.1 40.8 40.8 40.8 40.8 40.8 40.8 40.8 40.8	40.6 40.8 41.7 41.13 38.7 32.4 43.5 40.6 40.6 40.6 41.6 5 39.5 41.7 9.2 41.3 41.3 41.3 41.6 41.6 41.6 41.6 41.6 41.6 41.6 41.6	410.6 412.4 42.4 42.4 43.3 35.8 44.4 45.3 40.5 39.4 40.3 39.4 40.3 39.4 40.3 39.4 40.3 40.3 40.3 40.3 40.3 40.3 40.3 40	2.18 2.47 2.47 2.47 2.151 2.26 1.88 2.18 1.98 2.17 2.21 2.39 2.60 2.82 1.76 2.47 2.47 2.45 2.47 2.47	2.19 2.44 2.70 2.48 2.151 2.27 1.87 2.17 2.217 2.216 2.30 2.41 2.58 2.30 2.41 2.58 2.47 6.20 2.41 2.58 2.47 1.75 2.47 1.75 2.47 1.81	2.09 2.33 2.60 2.37 2.10 2.19 1.75 2.09 2.16 1.75 2.07 2.11 1.90 2.45 2.15 1.77 1.72 2.38 2.77 2.18 1.72 2.19
TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	71.89 85.28 54.52 70.46 66.02	68.58 80.26 54.43 68.08 61.78	67.99 80.60 54.14 67.03 60.64	39.5 41.0 37.6 38.5 39.3	38.1 38.4 37.8 37.2 37.9	39.3 40.5 38.4 38.3 37.9	1.82 2.08 1.45 1.83 1.68	1.80 2.09 1.44 1.83 1.63	1.73 1.99 1.41 1.75 1.60
TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS.  Scouring and combing plants. Yarn and thread mills. Yarn mills. Thread mills.  Broad-woven fabric mills. Cotton, silk, synthetic fiber. North <sup>4</sup> South <sup>2</sup> Woolen and worsted. Narrow fabrics and smallwares	65.69 74.03 59.58 60.13 61.60 66.58 65.44 69.94 64.62 74.55 68.47	65.36 73.15 59.89 60.59 60.96 66.01 64.87 69.70 64.46 73.25 66.50	64.46 75.85 60.35 60.90 58.31 64.02 62.58 67.49 61.76 74.36 66.98	40.3 42.3 39.2 39.3 38.5 41.1 40.9 40.9 40.9 41.0	40.1 41.8 39.4 39.6 38.1 41.0 40.8 41.0 40.8 42.1 40.3	40.8 40.5 40.6 39.4 41.3 40.9 40.9 40.9 41.6	1.63 1.75 1.52 1.53 1.60 1.62 1.60 1.71 1.58 1.75	1.63 1.75 1.52 1.53 1.60 1.61 1.59 1.70 1.58	1.58 1.72 1.49 1.50 1.48 1.55 1.53 1.65 1.51

Table C-6: Gross hours and earnings of production workers,  $^{\mathbf{1}}$  by industry—Continued

Industry	June	May 1960	June	June June	May	June June	June	May	June
<del></del>	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959
Nondurable Goods — Continued						l		1	
TEXTILE-WILL PRODUCTS—Continued					_				<b>!</b>
Knitting mills Full-fashioned hosiery	\$58.67 57.38	\$58.22 57.76	\$58.41 57.15	38.6	38.3 38.0	39.2 37.6	\$1.52	\$1.52	\$1.49 1.52
North <sup>4</sup>	59.82	60.22	59.44	37.5 38.1	38.6	38.1	1.53 1.57	1.56	1.56
South <sup>2</sup>	56.17	56.55	56.47	37.2	37.7	37.4	1.51	1.50	1.51
Seamless hosiery	53.86	52.88	53.27	38.2	37.5	38.6	1.41	1.41	1.38
North <sup>4</sup> South <sup>2</sup>	54.10 53.86	53.53 52.88	52.39 53.13	38.1 38.2	37•7 37•5	39.1 38.5	1.42 1.41	1.42	1.34
Knit outerwear	62.08	61.66	61.15	38.8	38.3	39.2	1.60	1.61	1.56
Knit underwear	54.72	55.68	57.20	38.0	38.4	40.0	1.44	1.45	1.43
Dyeing and finishing textiles	75.00 74.58	74.05 73.63	74.22 74.22	41.9 41.9	41.6 41.6	42.9 42.9	1.79 1.78	1.78	1.73
Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings	79.79	79.00	79.76	40.3	40.1	40.9	1.98	1.97	1.95
Wool carpets, rugs, and carpet yarn	73 • 34	74.10	75.98	38.4	39.0	40.2	1.91	1.90	1.89
Hats (except cloth and millinery)	62.70 77.14	61.66 75.58	62.93 75.03	37.1 40.6	36.7 40.2	36.8 41.0	1.69	1.68	1.71
Miscellaneous textile goods	82.61	78.99	81.81	40.1	39.3	40.7	2.06	2.01	2.01
Lace goods	70.31	70.30	70.10	37.2	37.0	38.1	1.89	1.90	1.84
Paddings and upholstery filling	79.98	77.81	74.59	40.6	39.9	40.1	1.97	1.95	1.86
Processed waste and recovered fibers	64.62 106.18	102.29	103.26	40.9 44.8	41.9 43.9	41.8 44.7	1.58 2.37	2.33	1.55 2.31
Cordage and twine	62.63	62.08	63.20	38.9	38.8	40.0	1.61	1.60	1.58
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	55.90	55.90	55.05	36.3	36.3	36.7	1.54	1.54	1.50
Men's and boys' suits and coats	72.19	69.12	65.65	38.4	38.4	37.3	1.88	1.80	1.76
Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing	48.99	48.84	49.02	37.4	37.0	38.3	1.31	1.32	1,28
Shirts, collars, and nightwear	49.52 51.30	49.24 50.67	49.02 49.66	37.8 38.0	37.3 38.1	38.3 38.2	1.31	1.32	1.28
Work shirts	43.66	42.84	45.94	37.0	36.0	39.6	1.18	1.19	1.16
Women's outerwear	57.29	59.00	57.29	33.7	34.5	34.1	1.70	1.71	1.68
Women's dresses	54.25 48.91	60.72	54.77	32.1	34.5 36.4	32.6 36.3	1.69	1.76	1.68
Household apparel	69.91	50.60 63.88	68.54	35.7 34.1	32.1	34.1	2.05	1.39	1.35
Women's, children's under garments	50.98	51.05	51.15	35.9	35.7	36.8	1.42	1.43	1.39
Underwear and nightwear, except corsets	48.60	48.28	48.94	36.0	35.5	36.8	1.35	1.36	1.33
Corsets and allied garments	55.89 56.70	56.52 55.94	56.09 56.43	35.6 31.5	36.0 30.4	36.9 31.7	1.57	1.57	1.52
Children's outerwear	53.05	51.62	52.08	37.1	36.1	37.2	1.43	1.43	1.40
Miscellaneous apparel and accessories	52.42	52.27	52.97	36.4	36.3	37.3	1.44	1.44	1.42
Other fabricated textile products	62.27 52.26	61.66 52.31	60.13	38.2 36.8	38.3 37.1	38.3 37.3	1.63	1.61	1.57
Textile bags	62.49	62.40	62.09	39.3	39.0	39.3	1.59	1.60	1.58
Canvas products	63.27	63.52	61.71	40.3	39•7	40.6	1.57	1.60	1.52
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	96.67	96.05	94.60	42.4	42.5	43.0	2.28	2.26	2.20
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	105.46 89.64	104.64 88.34	102.75 87.99	43.4 41.5	43.6 40.9	44.1   41.9	2.43 2.16	2.40	2.33
Paperboard containers and boxes	89.02	87.12	87.36	41.6	40.9	42.0	2.14	2.13	2.10
Fiber cans, tubes, and drums	92.29	97.41	91.84	40.3	41.1	41.0	2.29	2.37	2.24
Other paper and allied products	85.70	86.11	83.40	41.4	41.8	41.7	2.07	2.06	2.00
PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES	105.54	106.37	102.87	38.1	38.4	38.1	2.77	2.77	2.70
Newspapers Periodicals	112.99	113.31	108.63	36.1 41.0	36.2 40.7	35.5 40.1	3.13	3.13	3.06
Books	93.60	94.25	90.62	40.0	40.8	39.4	2.34	2.31	2.71
Commercial printing	104.91	105.06	101.92	39.0	39.2	39.2	2.69	2.68	2.60
LithographingGreeting cards	107.92	110.55	106.26	39.1	40.2	39.5	2.76	2.75	2.69
Bookbinding and related industries	72.38 82.43	73.53 81.20	70.02	38.5 38.7	38.1 38.3	38.9 38.7	1.88	1.93	1.80
Miscellaneous publishing and printing services	114.88	115.97	115.28	37.3	37.9	38.3	3.08	3.06	3.01
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	105.34	103.58	100.43	41.8	41.6	41.5	2.52	2.49	2.42
Industrial inorganic chemicals	115.92	114.53	111.22	42.0	41.8	41.5	2.76	2.74	2.68
Alkalies and chlorine	116.18	115.75	110.24	42.4	42.4 41.8	41.6	2.74	2.73	2.65
Plastics, except synthetic rubber	116.85	110.77	106.91	42.3 43.6	42.9	41.6 43.2	2.67	2.68	2.57
Synthetic rubber	123.26	122.60	121.80	41.5	41.7	42.0	2.97	2.94	2.90
Synthetic fibers	96.10	92.62	89.13	41.6	40.8	40.7	2.31	2.27	2.19
Explosives  Drugs and medicines	104.30	102.36	90.17	40.9	40.3	40.8	2.55	2.54	2.45
Scap, cleaning and polishing preparations	113.28	110.95	104.55	41.8	41.4	41.0	2.71	2.68	2.55
Soap and glycerin	124.62	120.60	112.33	42.1	41.3	40.7	2.96	2.92	2.76
				-				•	•

Table C-8: Gross hours and paraings of production workers.  $^{\mathbf{1}}$  by industry—Continued

Average weekly earnings Average weekly hours Average hourly earnings									
Industry	June	May	June	June	May	June	June	May	June
·	1960	1960	<u>1959</u>	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959_
Nondurable Goods—Continued	1	1		<b>!</b>				Ì	
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued		l		l	1		ŀ		1
Paints, pigments, and fillers	\$103.07	\$102.41	\$98.88		41.8	41.9	\$2.46	\$2.45	\$2.36
Paints, varnishes, lacquers, and enamelsGum and wood chemicals	100.32	99.90	96.60 84.40		41.8 42.8	42.0 42.2	2.40	2.39 2.05	2.30
Pertilizers	80.56	79.74	78.38		43.1	42.6	1.90	1.85	1.84
Vegetable and animal oils and fats	92.42	89.42	87.20		43.2	43.6	2.11	2.07	2.00
Vegetable oils	84.97	98.44	81.75 93.66	43.8 43.7	43.5 42.8	42.8	1.94 2.32	1.89 2.30	1.91 2.10
Miscellaneous chemicals	94.94	95.06	92.03	40.4	40.8	40.9	2.35	2.33	2.25
Essential oils, perfumes, cosmetics	113.28	78.19	77.60 105.66	38.5 41.8	38.9 42.5	40.0 41.6	2.02	2.01	1.94 2.54
combiessed and indecrea Researching	•		}						l
PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL	119.31	118.03	120.39	41.0 40.7	40.7 40.9	40.9 40.4	2.91 3.01	2.90 3.01	2.88 2.98
Petroleum refining	108.78	102.51	108.29	42.0	40.2	42.3	2.59	2.55	2.56
			-0-1						
RUBBER PRODUCTS Tires and inner tubes	103.12	100.04	98.74 108.93	40.6 40.6	39•7 39•7	40.3 36.8	2.54 3.00	2.52 2.96	2.45
Rubbar footwear	82.21	81.40	81.58	40.3	40.1	41.2	2.04	2.03	1.98
Other rubber products	92•57	90.12	94.98	40.6	39•7	42.4	2.28	2.27	2.24
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	62.37	59.90	61.50	37.8	36.3	38.2	1.65	1.65	1.61
Leather: tanned, curried, and finished	86.05	83.07	80.94	40.4	39.0	39.1	2.13	2.13	2.07
Industrial leather belting and packing	77.81	77.03 58.25	83.38 58.74	39.3 38.0	39.1 37.1	41.9   38.9	1.98	1.97 1.57	1.99
Footwear (except rubber)	59.84	56.80	59.44	37.4	35.5	38.1	1.60	1.60	1.56
Luggage	66.70	65.07	65.63	39•7	38.5	39-3	1.68	1.69	1.67
Handbags and small leather goods	57•38 54•39	57.07 52.71	54.54 51.66	37•5 37•0	37.3 36.1	37.1 36.9	1.53 1.47	1.53 1.46	1.47
Groves and middeligueous resoure: Sonds	7.35	72.11	71.00	31.0	30.1	30.9		1.40	1
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES:	{ 								
TRANSPORTATION:									
Interstate railroads:	<u> </u>								
Class I railroads	(6)	107.59	108.28	(6)	41.7	42.8	(6)	2.58	2.53
LOCAL FAILWays and Dus lines	99•99	99•79	95.92	43.1	43.2	43.6	2,32	2.31	2,20
COMMUNICATION:	00.00	0-0-	0= 00					0.0	
Telephone Switchboard operating employees 6	69.94	87.81 70.69	85.02 68.08	39•5 37•6	39.2 37.4	39.0 37.2	2.23 1.86	2.24 1.89	2.18 1.83
Line construction employees7	120.98	119.71	115.48	42.9 42.8	42.6	42.3 42.2	2.82	2.81	2.73
Telegraph <sup>8</sup>	104.00	97•75	96.64	42.8	42.5	42.2	2,43	2.30	2,29
OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES:									
Gas and electric utilities	109.20	109.34	105.37 106.60	40.9 40.9	40.8 40.9	41.0 41.0	2.67	2.68 2.68	2.57 2.60
Electric light and power utilities	109.20	109.61 101.15	98.49	40.9	40.3	40.7	2.67 2.49	2,51	2.42
Electric light and gas utilities combined	115.34	116.18	110.54	40.9	41.2	41.4	2.82	2.82	2.67
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE:									
WHOLESALE TRADE	92.69	92.46	91.13	40•3	40.2	40.5	2.30	2.30	2.25
RETAIL TRADE (EXCEPT EATING AND DRINKING PLACES)	68.80	67.69	67.79		37.4	38.3	1.82	1.81	1.77
General merchandise stores  Department stores and general mail-order houses	49.74 56.35	48.87 55.04	48.72 54.72	34•3 35•0	33•7 34•4	34.8 35.3	1.45	1.45	1.40 1.55
Pood and liquor stores	71.96	70.60	70.29	35.8	35.3	36.8	2.01	2.00	1.91
Automotive and accessories dealers	91.73	90.87	90.41	44.1	43.9	44.1	2.08	2.07	2.05
Apparel and accessories stores	52.82	51.56	52.55	34.3	33•7	34.8	1.54	1.53	1.51
Furniture and appliance stores	76.89	75.07	75•95	40.9	40.8	41.5	1.88	1.84	1.83
Lumber and hardware supply stores	82,88	82.49	80.70	42.5	42.3	42.7	1.95	1.95	1.89
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE:									
Banks and trust companies	69.56	69.75	67.69	37.4	37•3	37.4	1.86	1.87	1.81
Security dealers and exchanges	114.74	111.54	123.72	-	-	-		-	-
Insurance carriers	88.23	88.15	85.91	- 1	- 1	- I	- !	- 1	-

Table C-6; Gross bours and paraings of production workers. 1 by industry-Continued

	Average	weekly e	arnings	Average	weekly	hours	Average	hourly	arnings
Industry	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959
SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS:							1		
Hotels and lodging places: Hotels, year-round9	\$48.28	\$48.28	\$47.32	39.9	39.9	40.1	\$1.21	\$1.21	\$1.18
Personal services: Laundries	48.80	48.68	46.92	40.0	39.9 39.4	40.1	1.22	1.22	1.17
Cleaning and dyeing plants	57.06	55.95	54.79	39.9	39.4	39.7	1.43	1.42	1.38
Motion-picture production and distribution	112.11	113.37	103.15	-	-	-	- 1	-	-

<sup>1</sup> For mining and manufacturing, laundries, and cleaning and dyeing plants, data refer to production and related workers; for con-

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table C-7: Gross and spendable average weekly earnings in industrial and construction activities, in current and 1947-49 dollars 1

		Mining		Contra	ct constr	uction	Manufacturing			
Type of earnings	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	
Gross average weekly earnings:	ł		}		,			}	1	
Current dollars	\$110.29	\$110.70	\$111.49	\$121.13	\$119.56	\$116.66	\$91.60	\$91.37	\$91.17	
1947-49 dollars	87.19							72.34	73.23	
Spendable average weekly earnings:		ŀ						İ	ļ	
Worker with no dependents:								l	ļ	
Current dollars	88.56	88.88	89.94		95.66	93.90	74.03 58.52	73.85	74.15	
1947-49 dollars	70.01	70.37	72.24	76.58	75.74	93.90 75.42	58.52	73.85 58.47	74.15 59.56	
Worker with 3 dependents:		İ							ł	
Current dollars	96.90	97.23	98.34	105.79	104.50	102.58	81.59	81.41	81.71	
1947-49 dollars	76.60	76.98	78.99	83.63	82.74	82.39	64.50	64.46	65.63	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

tract construction, to construction workers; and for all other industries, to nonsupervisory workers.

\$South: Includes the following 17 States—Alabama. Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louislana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

\*West: Includes California, Oregon, and Washington.

<sup>\*</sup>North: Includes all States except the 17 listed as South in footnote 2.

Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as switchboard operators; service assistants; operating room instructors; and pay-station attendants. In 1959, such employees made up 36 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours and earnings data.

Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as central office craftsmen; installation and exchange repair craftsmen; line, cable, and conduit craftsmen; and laborers. In 1959, such employees made up 30 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours and earnings data.

\*BData relate to domestic employees except messengers.

Money payments only; additional value of board, room, uniforms, and tips, not included.

Table C-8: Gross bours and earnings of production workers in manufacturing, by State and selected areas

State and area	Averag			Averag	e weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings
State and area	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959
									1
ALABAMABirmingham	\$77.20 102.66	\$76.03 101.81	\$76.59 102.06	40.0 40.1	39.6 40.4	40.1 40.5	\$1.93 2.56	\$1.92 2.52	\$1.91 2.52
Mobile	88.93	91.71	85.57	39.7	40.4	39.8	2.24	2.27	2.15
	30.75	71.11	0,,,,	}	10.1	33.0			
ARIZONA	98.01	99.39	99.87	40.5	40.9	41.1	2.42	2.43	2.43
Phoenix	100.77	100.28	103.21	41.3	41.1	42.3	2.44	2.44	2.44
	(0.40	(0.00	(0.3-			,,,,	]		
ARKANSASIittle Rock-North Iittle Rock	63.08 64.87	63.70 63.99	62.17 60.85	40.7 39.8	41.1 40.5	40.9 40.3	1.55	1.55 1.58	1.52 1.51
CALIFORNIA	104.54	103.62	103.28	39.9	39.7	40.5	2.62	2.61	2.55
Bakersfield	107.06	107.74	102.21	40.4	40.2	40.4	2.65	2.68	2.53
Fresno	87.19	85.07	81.92	37.1	36.2	36.9	2.35	2.35	2.22
Los Angeles-Long Beach	103.46	102.29	102.82	40.1	39.8	40.8	2.58	2.57	2.52
Sacramento	110.80	113.29	114.63	40.0	40.9	42.3	2.77	2.77	2.71
San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario	107.33	106.93	105.01	40.2	40.2	40.7	2.67	2.66	2.58
San Diego	107.29	110.84	107.16	39.3	40.9	40.9	2.73	2.71	2.62
San Francisco-Oakland	110.48	107.64	107.06	39.6	39.0	39.8	2.79	2.76	2.69
San Jose	111.51	112.86	104.65	41.3	41.8	41.2	2.70	2.70	2.54
Stockton	100.00	95.89	92.27	40.0	39-3	39.6	2.50	2.44	2.33
COLORADO	100.04	98.90	99.30	41.0	40.7	41.9	2.44	2.43	2.37
Denver	98.90	98.90	95.94	40.7	40.7	41.0	2.43	2.43	2.34
CONNECTICUT	(1)	92.69	93.38		40.3	41.5	(0)	2.30	2.25
Bridgeport	(1) (1)	97.03	95.06	(1)	40.6	40.8	(1)	2.39	2.33
Hartford	) <del>;</del> {	97.51	95.63	\ <del>`</del>	40.8	41.4	1 154	2.39	2.31
New Britain	90.91	89.60	93.44	39.7	39.3	41.9	2.29	2.28	2.23
New Haven	(i)	91.25	89.13	(1)	40.2	40.7		2.27	2.19
Stamford	98.17	97.69	98.65	46.4	40.2	41.8	(1) 2.43	2.43	2.36
Waterbury	93.50	92.17	97.58	40.3	39.9	42.8	2.32	2.31	2.28
	,,,,,,,	)i			33-3				
DELAWARE	92.29	91.35	91.84	41.2	40.6	41.0	2.24	2.25	2.24
Wilmington	108.05	105.52	104.74	41.4	40.9	41.4	2.61	2.58	2.53
District of Columbia:				1					
Washington	98.85	98.21	96.15	39.7	39.6	40.4	2.49	2.48	2.38
TOTA.	76.45	76.59	72.98	41.1	41.4	41.0	1.86	1.85	1.78
Jacksonville	79.20	81.81	77.21	39.6	40.3	39.8	2.00	2.03	1.94
Miemi	74.24	75.14	72.00	39.7 42.1	40.4	40.0	1.87	1.86	1.80
Tampa-St. Petersburg	77.88	77.65	71.68	42.1	42.2	40.5	1.85	1.84	1.77
GECRGIA	66.23	66.63	65.53	39.9	39.9	40.7	1.66	1.67	1.61
Atlanta	81.80	82.19	81.00	39.9	39.9	40.3	2.05	2.06	2.01
Savannah	87.26	87.29	84.02	40.4	40.6	41.8	2.16	2.15	5.01
TRATEO	100.00	88.66	05 60	44.0	ho a	42.3		2.20	2.26
IDAHO	102.08	00.00	95.60	44.0	40.3	42.3	2.32	2.20	2.20
TLLINOIS	(1)	97.79	98.79	la	40.1	41.3	l as	2.44	2.39
Chicago	( <u>1</u> )	99.46	100.44	8	40.1	41.4	(1)	2.48	2.43
TURNAMA	101 00	101 ch	102.20	,, ,	ho a	ha =		0.53	م ام
INDIANA	101.83	101.04	103.38	40.3	40.3	41.5	2.53	2.51	2.49
IOWA	91.84	92.50	93.78	39.5	39.9	41.2	2.32	2.32	2.28
Des Moines	99.36	100.30	99.76	39.0	39.1	40.0	2.55	2.56	2.49
KANSAS	95.90	95.34	92.36	40.9	41.0	40.8	2.35	2.33	2.26
RMNOMO									
Topeka	107.54 98.99	102.09	76.34	43.0	43.3	34.4	2.50 2.47	2.36	2.22

### State and Area Hours and Earnings

Table C6: Gross hours and earnings of production workers in manufacturing, by State and selected areas-Continued

	Average	weekly ea			rnings				
State and area	June	May	June	June	May	June	June	May	June
	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959
KENTUCKY	\$85.01	\$85.20	\$84.66	40.1	<b>40.</b> 0	140.7	\$2.12	\$2.13	\$2.08
	97.97	96.06	96.58	40.7	39.9	41.0	2.41	2.41	2.36
LOUISIANA.  Baton Rouge  New Orleans Shreveport	87.76	86.28	84.25	41.2	40.7	40.7	2.13	2.12	2.07
	116.72	119.11	109.33	41.1	41.5	39.9	2.84	2.87	2.74
	90.45	88.26	86.00	40.2	39.4	40.0	2.25	2.24	2.15
	79.40	80.39	83.00	40.1	40.6	41.5	1.98	1.98	2.00
MAINE	71.69	70.80	68.78	40.5	40.0	40.7	1.77	1.77	1.69
Lewiston-Auburn	61.02	58.40	62.33	37.9	36.5	39.7	1.61	1.60	1.57
Portland	76.63	81.36	76.22	39.5	41.3	41.2	1.94	1.97	1.85
MARYLAND	90.90	91.94	91.62	40.4	40.5	40.9	2.25	2.27	2.24
	96.05	96.87	96.76	40.7	40.7	41.0	2.36	2.38	2.36
MASSACHUSETTS. Boston. Fall River. New Bedford. Springfield-Holyoke. Worcester.	83.60	82.58	82.22	40.0	39.7	40.5	2.09	2.08	2.03
	89.55	88.31	87.23	39.8	39.6	40.2	2.25	2.23	2.17
	60.06	60.52	57.40	36.4	36.9	36.1	1.65	1.64	1.59
	67.12	64.98	66.02	38.8	38.0	39.3	1.73	1.71	1.68
	89.32	88.00	89.60	40.6	40.0	41.1	2.20	2.20	2.18
	88.48	88.26	91.56	40.4	40.3	42.0	2.19	2.19	2.18
MICHIGAN Detroit Flint. Grand Rapids Lansing. Muskegon-Muskegon Reights Saginaw	111.86	111.23	110.18	40.9	40.7	41.5	2.74	2.73	2.66
	118.68	118.27	119.02	40.7	40.6	42.1	2.92	2.91	2.83
	122.27	121.88	114.87	41.8	42.0	41.2	2.93	2.90	2.79
	101.01	103.41	99.51	40.6	41.1	40.8	2.49	2.52	2.44
	112.23	118.29	108.02	39.8	41.8	40.2	2.82	2.83	2.69
	103.26	102.56	99.58	39.9	39.6	40.3	2.59	2.59	2.47
	108.84	109.65	105.49	40.4	41.1	41.0	2.69	2.67	2.57
MINNESOTA  Duluth.  Minneapolis-St. Paul	94.47	93.52	93.00	40.4	40.1	40.9	2.34	2.33	2.27
	104.17	101.53	102.37	40.4	40.5	39.6	2.58	2.51	2.58
	97.15	95.85	95.94	40.1	39.8	40.8	2.42	2.41	2.35
MISSISSIPPIJackson	61.41	60.10	60.49	40.4	39.8	40.6	1.52	1.51	1.49
	72.41	69.53	69.11	42.1	40.9	42.4	1.72	1.70	1.63
MISSOURI	87.84	87.15	85.80	39•5	39.2	40.2	2.23	2.22	2.14
	96.70	96.29	98.37	40•0	39.9	41.1	2.42	2.42	2.39
	99.15	98.90	95.90	40•0	39.9	40.4	2.48	2.48	2.38
MONTANA	100.94	98.55	93.45	40.7	39.9	39.1	2.48	2.47	2.39
NEERASKA	88.01	88.26	84.40	42.4	42.7	42.9	2.08	2.07	1.97
	95.52	93.49	90.26	42.4	42.0	41.9	. 2.25	2.23	2.15
NEVADA	113.94	113.97	107.83	42.2	41.9	41.0	2.70	2.72	2,63
NEW HAMPSHIRE	71.15	70.45	69.60	40.2	39.8	40.7	1.77	1.77	1.71
	64.68	63.67	64.08	38.5	37.9	38.6	1.68	1.68	1.66
NEW JERSEY.  Jersey City <sup>2</sup> Newark <sup>2</sup> Paterson-Clifton-Passaic <sup>2</sup> Perth Amboy <sup>2</sup> Trenton	95.47 96.31 97.20 94.79 98.66 91.44	94.83 93.89 96.71 94.04 99.31 92.53	93.06 92.97 95.04 94.30 96.34 92.60	40.4 40.6 40.2 40.6 39.5	40.2 39.7 40.5 39.9 40.9 39.9	40.6 40.3 41.0 41.0 40.6 41.1	2.36 2.38 2.39 2.36 2.43 2.31	2.36 2.37 2.39 2.36 2.43 2.32	2.29 2.31 2.32 2.30 2.37 2.25
NEW MEXICO	83.82	86.50	85.46	40.3	40.8	42.1	2.08	2.12	2.03
	88.22	90.54	90.94	40.1	40.6	42.3	2.20	2.23	2.15

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers in manufacturing, by State and selected areas-Continued

	Averag	e weekly ea	rnings	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings
State and area	June	May	June	June	May	June	June	May	June
	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959	1960	1960	1959
NEW YORK. Albany-Schenectady-Troy. Binghamton Buffelo. Elmira	\$89.75	\$89.38	\$88.62	39.0	38.9	39.6	\$2.30	\$2.30	\$2.24
	95.89	96.61	(1)	39.9	40.0	(1)	2.40	2.41	(1)
	83.28	80.34	80.41	38.8	37.5	39.3	2.15	2.14	2.05
	(1)	108.76	108.16	(1)	40.4	41.0	(1)	2.69	2.64
	90.39	89.57	89.52	40.4	40.1	40.6	2.24	2.23	2.20
Nassau-Suffolk Counties 2 New York City 2 New York-Northeastern New Jersey Rochester Syracuse Utica-Rome Westchester County 2	100.54	98.75	98.67	40.8	40.3	40.9	2.47	2.45	2.41
	84.45	83.96	83.14	37.7	37.5	38.2	2.24	2.24	2.17
	89.86	89.40	88.26	38.9	38.7	39.4	2.31	2.31	2.24
	(1)	99.64	97.46	(1)	40.7	40.6	(1)	2.45	2.40
	96.69	96.21	(1)	40.9	40.6	(1)	2.37	2.37	(1)
	86.34	86.61	85.76	39.6	39.7	40.5	2.18	2.18	2.12
	92.39	92.97	90.52	39.8	40.0	39.8	2.32	2.33	2.28
NORTH CAROLINA	62.47	62.47	62.06	40.3	40.3	41.1	1.55	1.55	1.51
	65.93	68.39	66.49	40.2	41.2	41.3	1.64	1.66	1.61
	60.04	61.30	61.60	38.0	38.8	40.0	1.58	1.58	1.54
NORTH DAKOTA	83 <b>.</b> 84	81.70	82,84	42.1	41.3	42.6	1.99	1.98	1.94
	86 <b>.</b> 77	85.06	86,69	39.2	38.5	40.7	2.22	2.21	2.13
OHIO	104.34 114.74 102.75 100.01 106.54 100.26 112.57 105.35 110.09	104.09 111.37 96.39 99.94 109.24 99.37 111.51 105.39 106.88	105.75 106.92 110.26 97.10 110.73 97.27 111.63 109.91 126.64	40.3 40.1 38.7 41.3 40.0 40.6 41.4 39.9 37.8	40.1 39.2 36.4 41.3 40.8 40.4 41.2 40.1 36.6	41.5 39.6 41.2 41.4 42.1 40.8 42.4 40.8 42.1	2.59 2.86 2.66 2.42 2.66 2.47 2.72 2.64 2.91	2.65 2.468 2.468 2.463 2.63 2.63 2.92	2.55 2.70 2.68 2.35 2.63 2.38 2.63 2.69 3.01
OKIAHOMA	86.10	85.67	86.74	41.0	40.6	41.5	2.10	2.11	2.09
Oklahoma City	82.39	81.99	78.44	41.4	41.2	41.5	1.99	1.99	1.89
Tulsa	91.37	92.69	95.04	39.9	40.3	41.5	2.29	2.30	2.29
OREGON	97 <b>.68</b>	98.79	96.81	38.2	38.5	38.8	2.56	2.57	2.50
	96 <b>.</b> 38	98.26	95.54	38.4	38.9	38.9	2.51	2.53	2.46
PENNSYLVANIA Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton Erie Harrisburg Lancaster Philadelphia Pittsburgh Reading Scranton Wilkes-Barre—Hazleton York	89.83 87.94 98.53 81.60 79.19 94.25 108.14 79.17 68.11 61.85 76.52	90.78 89.08 97.99 78.95 79.20 94.16 109.20 80.58 66.70 64.13 77.90	91.83 86.75 97.94 80.78 79.35 93.09 115.64 80.80 65.28 60.92 79.75	39.1 38.4 41.4 40.0 40.2 39.6 38.9 39.0 38.7 36.6	39.3 38.9 41.0 38.7 40.0 39.9 39.0 39.5 37.9 41.0	40.1 38.9 41.5 39.6 40.3 40.4 40.4 40.4 36.7 2	2.30 2.29 2.38 2.04 1.97 2.38 2.78 2.03 1.76 1.69	2.31 2.29 2.39 2.04 1.98 2.36 2.80 2.04 1.76 1.71	2.29 2.23 2.36 2.04 1.94 2.31 2.80 2.00 1.70 1.66 1.89
RHODE ISIAND	76.19	75.20	75•36	40.1	40.0	40.3	1.90	1.88	1.87
	75.33	75.17	74•85	40.5	40.2	40.9	1.86	1.87	1.83
SOUTH CAROLINA	64.94	64.94	62.21	41.1	41.1	41.2	1.58	1.58	1.51
	74.93	75.35	70.18	41.4	41.4	40.8	1.81	1.82	1.72
SOUTH DAKOTASioux Falls	89.39	89.26	90.47	45.0	44.8	47.6	1.99	1.99	1.90
	100.94	100.78	103.49	45.0	46.0	49.8	2.24	2.19	2.08
TENNESSEE	74.34	73.60	70.82	40.4	40.0	40.7	1.84	1.84	1.74
	76.80	75.83	75.81	40.0	39.7	41.2	1.92	1.91	1.84
	85.26	85.88	84.05	40.6	40.7	40.8	2.10	2.11	2.06
	81.81	81.81	71.81	40.7	40.5	38.4	2.01	2.02	1.87
	77.71	78.14	76.70	40.9	40.7	40.8	1.90	1.92	1.88

See footnotes at end of table.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table C4: Gross hours and earnings of production workers in manufacturing, by State and selected areas-Continued

	Avera	ge weekly e	arnings	Averag	e weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings
State and area	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959	June 1960	May 1960	June 1959
TEXAS	\$88.56	\$89.62	\$90.30	41.0	41.3	42.0	\$2.16	\$2.17	\$2.15
Dallas	79.93	81.70	80.60	41.2	41.9	42.2	1.94	1.95	1.91
Fort Worth	93.22	95.82	95.94	39.5	40.6	41.0	2.36	2.36	2.34
Houston	105.59	107.27	105.83	41.9	42.4	42.5	2.52	2.53	2.49
San Antonio	70.45	69.94	67.40	41.2	40.9	41.1	1.71	1.71	1.64
UTAH	103.89	99.70	98.49	40.9	40.2	40.7	2.54	2.48	2.42
Salt Lake City	96.93	93.90	92.16	40.9	40.3	40.6	2.37	2.33	2.27
VERMONT	77.28	77.89	75.75	42.0	42.1	42.6	1.84	1.85	1.78
Burlington	78.88	78.47	76.65	41.3	41.3	42.2	1.91	1.90	1.82
Springfield	92.00	95.26	90.88	42.2	43.3	43.1	2.18	2.20	2.11
VIRGINIA	73.39	71.91	69.60	41.0	40.4	40.7	1.79	1.78	1.71
Norfolk-Portsmouth	76.70	74.45	75.26	40.8	39.6	40.9	1.88	1.88	1.84
Richmond	82.61	79•19	78.94	41.1	40.2	40.9	2.01	1.97	1.93
WASHINGTON	102.44	102.05	100.08	39.1	39.1	39.4	2.62	2.61	2.54
Seattle	100.88	101.40	98.67	38.8	39.0	39.0	2.60	2.60	2.53
Spokane	105.34	106.26	105.97	39.6	39.5	40.6	2,66	2.69	2.61
Tacoma	98.42	100.36	99•33	38.0	38.6	38.8	2.59	2,60	2.56
WEST VIRGINIA	94.23	93.36	94.01	39.1	38.9	39•5	2.41	2.40	2.38
Charleston	116.24	115.66	113.70	40.5	40.3	40.9	2.87	2.87	2.78
Wheeling	95.06	89.63	98.31	38.8	37•5	39.8	2.45	2.39	2.49
wisconsin	98.03	97.73	94.57	41.2	40.9	41.3	2.38	2.39	2.29
Kenosha	126.85	126.31	104.16	44.6	44.4	40.6	2.84	2.84	2.57
La Crosse	94.32	96.72	93.24	39.7	40.7	40.0	2.37	2.38	2.33
Madison	104.25	105.77	100.70	40.1	40.6	40.6	2.60	2,60	2.48
Milwaukee	107.51	106.76	104.10	40.7	40.6	41.0	2.64	2.63	2.54
Racine	96.23	96,23	99.50	39•5	39•4	41.0	2.44	2.44	2.43
WYOMING	94.83	97.12	98.30	36.9	37.5	38.7	2.57	2.59	2.54
Casper	113.87	123.55	123.19	39.4	41.6	41.9	2.89	2.97	2.94

Note available.

Subarea of New York-Northeastern New Jersey.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

Table D-1: Labor turnever rates in manufacturing 1951 to date

						(Per 100 e	mployees	).					
Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual average
						Total ac	cessions						
1951	5.4.4 4.8 3.3 3.5 2.5 3.6	4.5 3.9 4.2 2.5 3.1 2.8 2.3 2.9	4.6 3.4 2.8 3.6 2.8 2.8 2.6 2.7	4.5.7.3.4.5.3.8.5.5.8 4.3.3.3.2.2.3.2.2.3.2.3.2.3.2.3.2.3.2.3.	4.5 3.9 4.1 2.8 3.4 3.0 3.6 3.6	4.99 5.15 34.29 3.84 3.6	4.2 4.4 4.1 2.4 3.4 3.3 3.3	4.5 5.9 3.3 3.5 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	4.3 5.6 4.0 3.4 4.1 3.3 4.0 3.9	4.4 5.2 3.3 3.6 4.1 4.2 2.9 3.1	3.9 4.0 2.7 3.3 3.0 2.2 2.8 3.0	3.0 3.3 2.1 2.5 2.5 2.3 1.7 2.4 3.8	4.4 4.4 3.9 3.0 3.7 3.4 2.9 3.6
						New 1	ires						
1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1957 1958 1959	3.9 3.1 3.4 1.7 2.2 2.0 1.0 1.5	3.5 2.9 3.3 1.8 2.1 1.7 .9 1.7	3.7 2.8 3.5 1.2 1.9 1.7 1.5	3.7 2.8 3.5 1.2 2.1 1.7 2.0 1.4	3.7 2.9 3.3 1.4 2.5 2.3 1.0 2.2 1.7	4.084.99.0660 Q	3.3 3.5 3.5 4.5 2.1 1.5 2.1 2.1	3.4 3.9 3.8 3.6 2.6 2.5	3.2 4.4 3.0 1.9 3.1 2.0 1.9 2.6	3.4 4.1 2.4 1.8 2.9 2.6 1.7 1.7	2.8 3.3 1.7 2.4 1.9 1.1 1.3	2.0 2.6 1.1 1.3 1.7 1.5 .7 1.1	3.4 3.3 3.0 1.6 2.4 2.3 1.8 1.3 2.0
r						Total ser	arations						
1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 <sup>1</sup>	4.1 4.0 3.8 4.3 2.9 3.6 3.3 5.0 3.1	8 96 5 5 6 0 96 0 33 33 2 3 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 2 3	4.1 3.7 4.1 3.7 3.9 3.3 4.2 2.8 3.7	4.6 4.1 3.1 3.1 3.3 4.1 3.6	4.9.4.3.2.7.4.6.9.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3	4.3.9.2.1.0.9.8.2.0.9.2.0.9.2.0.9.2.0.9.2.0.0.9.2.0.0.9.2.0.0.0.0	4.4 5.0 3.1 3.4 3.1 3.1 3.3	5.4.8.5.0.9.0.5.7 4.8.3.4.3.5.7	5.192 5.294 4.4 3.3 4.3	4.7 4.5 3.3 3.5 4.0 3.2 4.7	4.35.4.0 3.1.3 4.0 3.1.3 4.0 4.1	3.5 3.4 4.0 3.0 2.8 3.8 2.8 3.1	4.4 4.1 4.3 3.5 3.3 3.5 3.6 3.4
						Qui	ts						
1951	2.1 1.9 2.1 1.1 1.0 1.4 1.3 .9	2.1 1.9 2.2 1.0 1.0 1.3 1.2 .7 .8	2.5 2.0 2.5 1.0 1.3 1.4 1.3 .7 1.0	2.7 2.2 2.7 1.1 1.5 1.3 .7 1.1	2.8 2.2 2.7 1.0 1.5 1.4 .8 1.3	2.5 2.2 2.6 1.1 1.5 1.6 1.3 .8	2.4 2.2 2.5 1.1 1.6 1.5 1.4 .9	3.1 3.0 2.9 1.4 2.2 2.2 1.9 1.2	3.1 3.5 3.1 1.8 2.8 2.6 2.2 1.5 2.2	2.5 2.8 2.1 1.2 1.8 1.7 1.3 1.1	1.9 2.1 1.5 1.0 1.4 1.3 .9	1.4 1.7 1.1 .9 1.1 1.0 .7	2.4 2.3 2.3 1.1 1.6 1.4 .9
						Layo	offs						
1951	1.0 1.4 .9 2.8 1.5 1.7 1.5 3.8 1.7	0.8 1.3 .8 2.2 1.1 1.8 1.4 2.9 1.3	0.8 1.1 2.3 1.3 1.6 1.4 3.2 1.3 2.2	1.0 1.3 .9 2.4 1.2 1.4 1.5 3.0 1.3 2.0	1.2 1.1 1.0 1.9 1.1 1.6 1.5 2.4 1.1	1.0 1.1 .9 1.7 1.2 1.3 1.1 1.8 1.0	1.3 2.2 1.1 1.6 1.3 1.2 1.3 2.0	1.4 1.0 1.3 1.7 1.3 1.2 1.6 1.9	1.3 .7 1.5 1.7 1.1 1.4 1.8 1.6	1.4 .7 1.8 1.6 1.2 1.3 2.3 1.7 2.8	1.7 .7 2.3 1.6 1.2 1.5 2.7 1.6 2.6	1.5 1.0 2.5 1.7 1.4 1.4 2.7 1.8	1.2 1.3 1.9 1.2 1.5 1.7 2.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Beginning with January 1959, transfers between establishments of the same firm are included in total accessions and total separations, therefore rates for these items are not strictly comparable with prior data. Transfers comprise part of other accessions and other separations, the rates for which are not shown separately.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Data in all tables in Section D relate to the United States without Alaska and Hawaii.

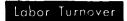


Table D-2: Labor turnever rates, by industry

	er 100 employees) Accessi		sion rates		- <del></del>		Separation ra			
		Accession tal		hires	——————————————————————————————————————	tal S		on rate		offs
Industry	June	Maxy	June	May	June	May	June	May	June	May
MANUFACTURING	1960 3•6	1960 3.2	1960 2.2	1960 1.7	1960 3•2	1960 3•3	1960 1.1	1960 1.1	1960 1.6	1960
DURABLE GOODS	1	3.2	1.9	1.6	3.6	3•5	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.9
NONDURABLE GOODS <sup>1</sup>	3.9	3.3	2.6	1.9	2.5	2.9	1.3	1.3	.8	1.1
Durable Goods										ř
ORDMANCE AND ACCESSORIES	3•5	2.1	1.9	1.4	3.7	2.2	0.9	0.8	2,0	1.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	6.3 (2)	6.9 17.8	5•2 (2)	5.5 15.0	4.7 (2)	3.9 4.6	2.1 (2)	2.2	1.8 (2)	1.1
Sawmills and planing mills	6.4	4.7	15.5	3.7 -	3.6	3.7	2.1	2.2	`.é	8.
Millwork, plywood, prefabricated structural wood products		3-5	2.5	2.4	3.5	3.8	1.6	2.0	1.4	1.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Household furniture	3•3 3•2	4.0 4.2	2.3	2.6	3.1 3.4	3•5 3•7	1.4	1.7	1.1 1.4	1.1
Other furniture and fixtures	3.6	3-5	2.6	2.2	2.3	2.8	1.1	1.2	6	8.
STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTSGlass and glass products		2.8	1.8	1.5	3.6	2.8	•7	.8	2.5 4.4	1.5
Cement, hydraulic		3•3 3•4	2.1	1.7	5.8 1.3	2.9	•9   •3	•9 •5	7.6	1.4
Structural clay products	4.2	3.3	2.7	2.1	3.5	3.9	1.0	1.1	1.9	2.2
Pottery and related products	2.1	2.4	1.2	1.3	2.2	3.0	.8	1.1	1.0	1.5
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	2.2	1.8	.7	.5	4.7	4.4	.4	•5 •4	3.8	3.4
Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills		1.3	.2	.2	6 <b>.</b> i	5.3	.2	-4	5.4	4.4
Iron and steel foundries		2.6	1.2	•8	3.2	3.8	-8	• <u>7</u>	1.8	2.5
Gray-iron foundries		1.4	1.2	•7	2.9	3.7	1.0	•7 1.0	1.4	2.6
Steel foundries		2.8	1.3	1.1	2.7 3.8	4.7 3.3	1.6	.6	2.6	3.3
Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals: Primary smelting and refining of copper, lead, and zinc		1.8	1.8	1.6	1.0	2.3		.9	(3)	.2
Rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals: Rolling, drawing, and alloying of copper		1.4		ł		· -	•5			1.6
Nonferrous foundries	2.5 4.0	3.3	2.0	1.2	2.0 5.3	2.2 3.7	1.1	.8	1.1 3.4	2.3
Other primary metal industries: Iron and steel forgings		2.1	•7	•7	4.3	5.0	.6	•5	3.4	4.2
FARRIALTER METAL BRANGER		1	1	1	l		1			
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	7.5	3.9	2.2	1.7	3.5	3.4	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.8
Cutlery and edge tools		3.4	1.5	1.6	2.7	3.3	1.1	1.2	1.0 .8	2.0
Hand tools		2.2	2.0	1.6	1.9	3.3	1.1	1.5	.4	1.0
Hardware	2.7	4.0	1.0	•7	3.1	3.5	1.0	.7	1.4	2.3
Heating apparatus (except electric) and plumbers' supplies.	2.6	2.4	1.7	1.5	2.1	3.1	8.	.9	.6	1.6
Sanitary ware and plumbers' supplies	1.7	1.5	1.0	8.	2.1	2.6	-9	•7	.6	1.4
Oil burners, nonelectric heating and cooking apparatus, not elsewhere classified				١	١.,		_ ا		_	١. ـ
Fabricated structural metal products	J	4.0	2.2	1.9	2.1	3.4	1.1	1.0	.7	1.7
Metal stamping, coating, and engraving	5.1 4.0	5.1	3.9 1.2	1.3	3.2 4.8	3.3 3.8	8.	1.0	1.5 3.4	2.1
MACHINERY (EXCEPT ELECTRICAL)		2.3	1.8	1.2	2.9	3.1	.8	.8	1.6	1.8
Engines and turbines	2.0	1.8	1.0	.9	2.2	2.6	•6	.8	1.0	1.5
Agricultural machinery and tractors	4.4	2.9	1.0	1.1	4•7	5.3	•7	.8	3•3	3.7
Metalworking machinery		2.1	1.7	1.2	3.8	3.2	.9 .8	•9	2.5	1.8
Machine tools		1.6	1.7	1.3	2.3	2.4	.9	.7 .8	1.0 1.0	1.2
Metalworking machinery (except machine tools)	2.8	2.1	2.2	1.4	1.9	1.7	.7	.7		1.6
Machine-tool accessories	2.3	2.6	1.8	1.5	2.6	3.0	8.	.8	1.4	1.8
Special-industry machinery (except metalworking machinery).	3.1	2.2	2.5	1.7	1.8	2.0	.8	.9	•5	7
General industrial machinery	3.2 3.4	2.4	2.3	1.5	2.4	2.7	1.9	•9	•9	1.3
Service-industry and household machines	2.6	2.4	1.7	1.2	1.8 6.0	2.4 3.3	1.0	•9	•5 4•5	1.0 2.1
Miscellaneous machinery parts	2.6	2.2	1.4	6	2.0	4.0	.6	.6	.9	3.1
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY	3•3	2.8	1.8	1.3	3.0	3.1	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.4
Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus	2.6	2.0	1.5	.9	2.8	3.0	.9	.8	1.2	1.4
Communication equipment	3.5	3.0	1.9	1.5	2.8	3.2	1.0	1.1	.9	1.5
Radios, phonographs, television sets, and equipment	5.2	4.2	2.5	2.0	3.8	4.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	2.0
Telephone, telegraph, and related equipment Electrical appliances, lamps, and miscellaneous products		4.3	1.6 2.7	1.6	1.3 3.7	1.3 3.7	1.0	1.2	1.9	1.8

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry-Continued

(Per		loyees)								
		Accessi tal		hires	To	tal		ion rat its		offs
Industry	June	May	June	May	June	May	June	May	June	May
	1960	1960	1960_	1960	<u> 1960</u>	1960	<u>1960</u>	<u>1960</u>	1960	1960
Durable Goods—Continued		]				·		l	<b>!</b>	
TO LUCROSTITI ON CONTROL	۱	١,,		3.0	1. 0	3.8	0.9	0.8	2.5	2.և
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	(2)	3.3	1.4	1.2	4.0 (2)	3.4	(2)	.6	(2)	2.1
Aircraft and parts	2.3	1.5	1.4	8.	2.9	2.7	i.i	1.0	1.5	1.4
Aircraft	2.0	1.4	1.2	.7	2.8	2.6	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.3
Aircraft engines and parts	(2)	2.2	1.6	.6 1.8	2.5 (2)	2.5 1.5	(2)	.7	1.4	1.5 .3
Other aircraft parts and equipment	4.2	2.9	2.6	1.7	4.6	4.7	1.9	1.4	2.1	2.5
Ship and boat building and repairing	8.2	10.0	2.8	4.2	9.7	9.6	1.8	1.7	7.1	7.1
Railroad equipment	8.2	8.0 6.7	(2)	3.1 4.8	8.2 (2)	7.7	(2)	.7	5.9 (2)	6.0 .7
Railroad and street cars	8.7	8.7	.7	2.2	9.5	10.4	.3	.6	7.6	8.8
Other transportation equipment	2.7	3.4	1.9	1.6	1.6	2.3	1.0	1.1	.1	-4
INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS	2.8	2.0	2.2	1.3	2.4	2.3	1.0	.8	.9	1.0
Photographic apparatus	(2)	1.1	(2)	.8	(2)	1.0	(2)	.5	(2)	.2
Watches and clocks  Professional and scientific instruments	2.9	3.2	1.0	1.2	2.9	4.8	1.1	8.	1.1	3.1
FIGURESSIONAL and Scientific instruments	3.3	2.1	2.7	1.5	2.7	2,1	1.1	.9	1.1	.9
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES		4.9	2.5	2.6	3.9	3.9	1.3	1.5	1.8	1.7
Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	2.5	1.9	2.1	1.5	2.0	2.1	1.2	1.1	-2	•.7
Nondurable Goods					ł				[	
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	5.0	4.6	3.0	2.2	2.7	3.7	1.0	1.1	1.3	2.1
Meat products	3.7	5.4	1.4	1.1	1.9	3.5	-5	.6	1.1	2.5
Grain-mill products		3.6	3.1	1.7	3.5	2.8	1.9	1 .7	2.3	1.7
Bakery products  Beverages:	5.3	3.7	3.8	3.1	3.0	3.5	1.4	1.6	.9	1.2
Malt liquors	(2)	4.9	(2)	2.8	(2)	3.0	(2)	.6	(2)	2.0
TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	1.2	2.5	.8	1.3	1.3	1.5	.7	.9	.2	.4
Cigarettes	.4	2.1	.2	1.0	.3	.9	.1	5	(3)	٠,3
Cigars Tobacco and snuff	2.3	3.2	1.5 1.5	1.7	2.6 1.4	2.6	1.7	1.6	.5	.6 .2
3,022,000			1.0							
TEXTILE-WILL PRODUCTS	3.5	3.3	2.3	2.0	2.8	2.9	1.5	1.6	1.8	•9
Yarn and thread mills Broad-woven fabric mills	3.6	2.7	2.5	2.3	3.1 2.8	3.1 2.8	1.6	1.9	1.0	•7 •7
Cotton, silk, synthetic fiber	2.9	2.5	1.8	1.5	2.6	2.6	1.6	1.6	.6	.6
Woolen and worsted	5.2 1.8	4.5 5.4	3.2	2.7 3.1	4.0 2.9	4.0 3.1	1.7 2.0	2.0	1.7	1.5 .8
Full-fashioned hosiery	(2)	7.6	(2)	2.3	(2)	2.5	(2)	1.9	(2)	.3
Seamless hosiery	6.1	4.0	3.6	2.7	2.7	3.2	1.9	1.8	.5	1.1
Knit underwear  Dyeing and finishing textiles	(2) 2.2	2.8	(2)	2.0	(2) 1.7	2.7 1.7	(2)	1.7	(2) •8	.8
Carpets, rugs, other floor coverings	(2)	2.0	(2)	7.7	(2)	4.6	(2)	.6	(2)	3.7
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	3.8	4.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	4.0	2.1	2.6	.5	1.0
Men's and boys' suits and coats	3.4	3.9	2.6	3.0	1.9	4.7	1.3	1.8	.3	2.4
Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing	4.1	4.2	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.7	2.3	2.8	.3	•7
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	3.8	2.5	2.8	1.8	2.5	2.3	1.1	1.0	.8	.8
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	3.5	1.7	2.8	1.2	1.3	1.3	.6	.5	.4	.5
Paperboard containers and boxes	4.3	3.6	3.1	2.4	3.1	3.1	1.6	1.4	.8	.8
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	3.0	1.7	2.5	1.2	1.4	1.3	.7	.6	.4	.4
Industrial inorganic chemicals	2.9	1.5	2.2	1.1	.9	1.8	.5	.6	.1	-8
Industrial organic chemicals	2.4	1.3 1.3	1.8 1.6	.8	1.0	•9	.4 .4	.3	.3	.5
Drugs and medicines	3.2	1.3	2.8	.9	1.1	1.5	.6	.8	.2	.3 .5 .5
Paints, pigments, and fillers	3.4	2.0	2.6	1.4	1.6	1.2	.8	-5	-5	.2
PRODUCTS OF PETROLEUM AND COAL	1.8	1.2	1.2	.8	1.3	.9	.3	.3	.5	.3
Petroleum refining	1.4	.8	1.0	-7	.9	.8	•3	.2	.2	•3
RUBBER PRODUCTS	3.3	2.7	1.1	.7	3.0	2.7	.8	.8	1.7	1.5
Tires and inner tubes	2.3	1.5	.8	•3	1.8	1.6	.3	.3	1.2	1.0
Rubber footwear Other rubber products	4.3	4.0 3.4	1.7 1.3	1.4	4.3 3.8	4.5 3.2	1.8	2.1	1.2 2.2	1.7 1.9
								ĺ		
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	5.7	5.1	3.9 2.5	2.6	3.6	4.2	2.4	2.0	.8 1.2	1.6 1.5
Footwear (except rubber)	3.8 6.0	3.0 5.4	4.1	1.1 2.8	2.5 3.8	2.4 4.4	.8 2.6	.6 2.2	.8	1.7
See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current m	,				. 555	,,,,,,		1		

Table B-2: Labor turnever rates, by industry-Continued

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	тоо емр	10,000,								
		Accessi	on rates	3	Separation rates					
T 311 - 4 - 111	To	tal	New 1	nires	To	tal	Qu:	lts	Lay	offs
Industry	June 1960	<b>May</b> 1960	June 1960	May 1960	June 1960	<b>May</b> 1960	June 1960	May 1960	June 1960	May 1960
NONHANUFACTURING:					ľ					
METAL MINING		3.6	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.7	0.8	1.6	0.4	0.2
Copper mining		1.8	1.2	1.1	(2)	1.3 2.5	(2)	.3 1.3	.6 (2)	.5   .1
Lead and zinc mining		2.7	3.2	1.9	2.5	3.9	1.6	2.2	.2	.2
ANTHRACITE MINING	2.5	1.0	.6	.1	4.7	3.1	.1	.7	2.8	1.6
BITUMINOUS-COAL MINING	1.1	1.0	.6	.5	4.4	4.0	-3	•3	3.8	3.5
COMMUNICATION:	(2)	1.5	(2)	-	(2) (2)	1.4	(2)	1.1	(2) (2)	.1
Telegraph		1.4	(2)	-	(2)	1.9	(2)	.9	(2)	.6

Data for the printing, publishing, and allied industries group are excluded.

Not available.

Less than 0.05.

Data relate to domestic employees except messengers.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table B-3: Lahor turnover rates in manufacturing, by sex and major industry group 1

April 1960

	Men (per	100 men	)	Women (pe	r 100 wo	men)
Major industry group	Total	Separ	ations	Total	Separa	ations
	accessions	Total	Quits	accessions	Total	Quits
MANUFACTURING	2.6	3.5	1.0	3.3	4.2	1.6
DURABLE GOODS		3.8 2.5	1.0	3.1 3.4	4.4 4.0	1.4
Durable Goods						į
Ordnance and accessories.  Lumber and wood products.  Furniture and fixtures.  Stone, clay, and glass products.  Primary metal industries.  Fabricated metal products.  Machinery (except electrical).  Electrical machinery.  Transportation equipment.  Instruments and related products.  Miscellaneous manufacturing industries.	3.4 2.7 1.6 3.2 1.9 1.9 3.2	2.9 5.1 4.4 2.8 3.6 4.2 3.1 3.2 5.0 1.7 3.8	.8 2.4 2.6 .5 .9 .8 .8 .8	2.2 6.9 3.8 2.9 2.0 3.3 2.1 2.5 2.0 2.3	3.8 2.5 3.6 4.0 3.1 5.5 3.5 4.4 3.7 3.9	1.5 1.6 1.5 1.3 1.0 1.2 1.3 1.5 1.0
Nondurable Goods		}	{			
Food and kindred products	1.3 2.6 3.2 1.9 1.2 .7	3.2 1.4 3.3 3.5 1.9 1.2 1.1 2.7	.9 .6 1.7 2.1 .8 .4 .2 .6	5.7 1.3 3.1 3.4 3.5 2.3 1.1 2.6	5.0 1.9 3.8 4.1 3.4 3.1 1.8 6.3	1.4 1.0 1.7 2.5 1.5 1.3 1.1 1.1

<sup>1</sup> These figures are based on a slightly smaller sample than those in tables D-1 and D-2, inasmuch as some firms do not report separate data for women. Data for the printing, publishing, and allied industries group are excluded.

Table 0-4: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas

			100 emp	loyees)						
		Accession tal	on rates	hires		tal		ion rates	T.av	offs
State and area	May 1960	Apr. 1960	May 1960	Apr. 1960	May 1960	Apr. 1960	May 1960	Apr. 1960	May 1960	Apr. 1960
ALABAMA 1	4.0 9.3	3.9 9.8	2.3 5.8	2.0 3.7	4.0 7.4	3.5 6.4	1.1	1.1	2.4 4.9	2.0 3.9
ARIZONAPhoenix	5.1 5.7	5.7 5.7	4.4 5.0	4.4 5.0	5.2 6.1	4.4 4.9	2.3 2.7	2.1 2.4	2.2 2.6	1.7
ARKANSAS Little Rock-North Little Rock	5•3 4•7	6.3 4.5	3.7 3.1	3.9 3.6	4.9 6.4	4.0 4.9	2.5 2.4	2.2 2.5	1.9 3.6	1.3
CALIFORNIA:  Los Angeles-Long Beach 1 San Diego 1 San Francisco-Oakland 1 San Jose 1	4.0 2.7 4.6 3.4	4.0 2.2 4.5 3.6	3.0 1.9 2.8 2.8	2.9 1.6 2.7 3.1	4.7 3.4 4.8 3.0	5.5 4.4 4.6 2.6	1.8 1.1 1.3 1.5	2.0 1.4 1.5 1.5	2.1 1.8 2.6 •9	2.6 2.5 2.4 .5
CONNECTICUT Bridgeport Hartford New Britain New Haven	2.6 2.0 2.2 1.8 2.7 2.3	2.2 1.7 2.3 1.5 1.8 1.7	1.5 1.2 1.5 1.1 1.8	1.4 1.1 1.5 1.0 1.3	3.0 2.8 2.6 2.7 2.7 2.7	3.1 2.8 2.6 3.7 2.7	1.1 .8 .9 .8 1.2	1.2 .9 1.1 .9 1.1	1.4 1.6 1.3 1.5 .8 1.4	1.4 1.5 1.1 2.2 .9
DELAWARE	2.5 2.2	2.6 2.2	1.5 1.2	1.7 1.3	2.3 1.9	3•3 2•9	1.1 .8	1.0 .8	.6 .6	1.6 1.6
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: Washington	4.0	4.5	3•1	4.2	3•7	4.4	2.3	2.9	•7	1.0
FIORIDA	5.6 8.2 5.8 4.4	6.4 8.0 5.1 5.6	4.0 4.5 5.2 2.5	4.1 3.2 4.3 3.3	6.6 9.3 6.8 6.0	6.7 7.1 6.0 7.2	2.5 2.3 2.7 2.0	2.7 2.3 2.6 2.5	3.4 6.1 3.4 3.5	3.3 4.3 2.7 3.9
GEORGIAAtlanta <sup>2</sup>	3•7 3•2	3.6 3.1	2.4 2.3	2.5 2.1	3.8 3.7	3.8 3.9	1.7 1.5	1.7 1.5	1.5 1.6	1.5 1.8
IDABO <sup>3</sup>	10.8	7.6	6.4	5.0	4.1	7.1	2.1	2.6	1.3	3•9
INDIANA 1	(4) 2•5	3.0 2.0	(4) 1.2	1.5 1.1	(4) 3•7	3•9 3•2	(4) 1.0	1.1	(4) 2•2	2.3 1.8
IOMA Des Moines	4.5 4.2	4.1 4.7	1.9 3.3	2.0 3.4	3.8 3.9	4.4 5.4	1.4 2.3	1.4 2.3	2.0 1.2	2.5 2.6
KANSAS <sup>6</sup> Topeka Wichita <sup>6</sup>	3.7 3.2 2.0	3.0 2.6 2.0	2.1 2.1 1.3	1.7 1.3 1.1	3•7 3•4 3•3	3•7 2•7 3•3	1.2 1.4 1.0	1.2 1.0 1.2	2.0 1.8 1.8	2.1 1.4 1.7
KENTUCKY	3.2	3•3	1.5	1.7	4.9	3•2	1.0	1.0	3.4	1.8
LOUISIANA	4.2	4.2	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.7	.8	1.0	1.0	1.1
MAINEPortland	6.5 4.3	3.6 2.6	3.6 2.0	1.8 1.9	3.6 2.1	4.3 1.8	1.9 1.3	1.7 1.1	1.2 .5	2.1 •5
MARYIAND Baltimore	3.4 3.2	3.4 3.1	2.0 1.8	1.8 1.7	3.1 3.1	3.5 3.4	1.0 •9	1.1 1.0	1.7 1.7	1.9 1.9

Table D-4: Labor turnever rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas-Continued

(Per 100 employees) Accession rates Separation rates										
State and area		tal		hires		tal	Qu	its	Lay	offs
DVAUC AND AICE	May 1960	Apr. 1960	May 1960	Apr. 1960	May 1960	Apr. 1960	May 1960	Apr. 1960	May 1960	Apr. 1960
MASSACHUSEFTS. Boston. Fall River. New Bedford. Springfield-Holyoke. Worcester.	3.5 3.1 3.5 4.1 3.0	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 2.8 2.8	2.2 2.0 1.9 1.9 2.1 2.1	2.0 2.0 2.1 2.3 1.7 2.1	3.7 3.3 5.1 3.8 3.7 2.8	4.2 4.9 5.6 4.0 2.8	1.4 1.5 1.7 1.4 1.1	1.5 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.1	1.6 1.1 2.9 1.9 2.2 1.1	2.0 1.8 2.8 3.4 2.4 1.0
MINNESOTA Minneapolis-St. Paul	<b>4.</b> 6 4.5	4.1 4.3	2.9 2.9	2.2 2.3	4.6 4.3	4.2 4.4	1.6 1.6	1.7 1.8	2.5 2.2	1.9 2.0
MISSISSIPPIJackson	4.6 3.5	3.8 3.8	3•5 3•2	2.8 3.0	4.7 5.1	4.4 4.3	1.9 1.5	1.9	2.3 3.2	1.9 1.7
MISSOURI	3.9	3•7	2.8	2,2	3.8	4.4	1.7	1.6	1.6	2.3
MONTANA 3	6.3	7•5	4.5	4.7	4.6	5.6	1.7	1.9	1.0	1.4
NEVADA	4.2	5•9	3.4	5•3	5•3	5.4	3.3	2.8	1.3	•9
NEW HAMPSHIRE	4.8	3•5	3•7	2.5	4.7	4.5	2.5	2.2	1.5	1.5
NEW MEXICO 7	5.0 3.5	6.8 3.9	3.7 3.1	5•9 3•7	4.1 2.6	6•9 3•5	2.2 1.6	3.6 1.7	1,1	2.0
NEW YORK Albany-Schenectady-Troy. Binghamton Buffalo. Elmira Nassau and Suffolk Counties. New York City. Rochester. Syracuse Utica-Rome Westchester County.	4.0 2.2 2.6 4.5 2.9 5.1 2.8 3.2	3.4 2.1 1.6 2.2 3.8 2.5 4.4 1.8 2.1 3.7	2.3 1.2 1.1 1.4 1.8 2.0 2.9 1.4 1.7 2.0 2.5	2.0 .6 .8 1.0 1.7 1.8 2.9 1.1 1.2 1.1 2.2	4.3 2.6 3.2 4.3 2.9 5.7 2.0 2.9 3.7	4.8 2.56 2.9 4.0 3.1 6.7 2.1 4.3	1.1 .7 1.1 .6 1.1 1.1 1.2 .9 1.0 1.0	1.2 .6 1.2 .7 1.0 1.4 1.3 .8 1.1 1.1	2.5 .6 .5 2.2 2.3 1.3 3.7 .8 1.5 1.3	3.0 .9 .5 1.8 2.2 1.2 4.5 1.1 1.6 2.5 2.2
NORTH CAROLINA	3.2 2.7 2.5	2.9 3.6 2.3	2.4 2.3 2.1	2.2 3.0 2.0	3.1 3.3 3.0	3.4 3.4 3.5	1.8 1.6 1.9	1.7 2.0 2.2	.8 1.0 .4	1.0 •5 •7
NORTH DAKOTAFargo	7.4 6.1	7.4 6.7	4.7 3.8	2.3 2.1	3•3 2•7	2.3 2.3	2.4 2.2	1,4	•3	•3
OKIAHOMA <sup>8</sup> Oklahoma City	4.5 6.6 3.5	4.1 6.0 3.6	3.3 4.3 2.7	2.7 4.0 2.8	4.4 5.2 3.9	4.0 4.2 4.0	2.0 2.8 2.0	1.6 2.1 1.5	1.8 1.7 1.6	1.9 1.5 1.7
OREGON <sup>1</sup>	6.1 4.4	6•3 5•0	4.5 3.3	4.8 3.4	5.2 4.7	5.7 4.7	2.3 1.6	2.5 1.6	2.1 2.4	2.4 2.5
RHODE ISIAND	5.0 4.7	4.5 4.1	3.0 2.8	2.8 2.5	5.0 4.8	6 <b>.1</b> 5 <b>.</b> 9	2.0 2.0	2.0 1.9	2.2 2.1	3•3 3•1
SOUTH CAROLINA 9	3.9 7.6	3•5 9•1	2.8 4.6	2.5 4.4	3•7 9•2	3•5 9•9	2.0 2.1	1.9 2.0	1.0 5.4	•9 6•2

Table B-4: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas-Continued

		Accessi	on rates				Separation	n rates		
State and area		tal		hires		tal		its	Lay	ffs
State and area	May 1960	Apr. 1960	May 1960	Apr. 1960	May 1960	Apr. 1960	May 1960	Apr. 1960	May 1960	Apr. 1960
SOUTH DAKOTA	7.6 5.7	7.2 6.2	4.4 1.5	3.0 1.1	5.6 5.2	4.7 4.9	2.4 1.5	1.9	2.7 3.5	2.5 3.0
TENNESSEE	3.4 3.4 1.8 3.0 4.6	3.3 2.9 1.9 3.8 3.3	2.1 2.1 .9 2.0 2.3	2.0 1.9 .8 2.8 2.2	3.2 2.5 2.2 3.4 3.3	3.4 2.9 1.9 4.1 4.3	1.2 1.1 .6 1.1 1.4	1.3 1.2 .7 1.6 1.5	1.6 1.0 1.3 1.6 1.5	1.6 1.2 .9 1.8 2.4
TEXAS 10	2.6	2.9	1.9	2.1	2.4	3.1	1.2	1.4	.8	1.3
VERMONT Burlington Springfield	3.1 2.4 1.6	2.7 2.2 1.8	2.1 1.3 .8	1.4 .7 1.2	3.3 2.6 1.8	3.6 3.6 2.6	1.8 1.7 1.0	1.5 1.7 .9	1.0 .4 •5	1.5 1.4 1.5
VIRGINIARichmond	3.3 3.2	3.3 3.7	2.3 2.4	2.2 2.6	3.5 3.1	3.8 4.4	1.4	1.5 1.8	1.5 1.1	1.7 1.8
WASHINGTON 1	4.1	4.2	2.9	2.6	4.3	3.4	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.1
WEST VIRGINIA	2.8 1.2 3.6	2.0 1.1 1.9	1.1 .7 .5	.8 .6 .4	2.6 1.0 5.4	2.5 1.3 5.9	.6 .2 .7	•5 •3 •6	1.5 .6 4.1	1.5 .8 4.6

<sup>1</sup> Excludes canning and preserving.

Excludes canning and preserving, and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.

Excludes canning and preserving, and sugar.

Not available.

Excludes canning and preserving, and newspapers.

Excludes instruments and related products.

<sup>7</sup> Excludes furniture and fixtures.
8 Excludes new-hire rate for transportation equipment.

<sup>9</sup> Excludes tobacco stemming and redrying.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

## **Explanatory Notes**

Additional information concerning the preparation of the labor force, employment, hours and earnings, and labor turnover series—concepts and scope, survey methods, and limitations—is contained in technical notes for each of these series, available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics free of charge. Use order blank on page 9-E.

#### INTRODUCTION

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from two major sources: (1) household interviews and (2) payroll reports from employers.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides a comprehensive measure of the labor force, i.e., the total number of persons 14 years of age and over who are employed or unemployed. It also provides data on their personal and economic characteristics such as age, sex, color, marital status, occupations, hours of work, and duration of unemployment. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 35,000 households in 330 areas throughout the country and is based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week ending nearest the 15th of the month.

Data based on establishment payroll records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The payroll survey provides detailed industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly and weekly earnings, and labor turnover for the Mation, States, and metropolitan areas.

The figures are based on payroll reports from a sample of 180,000 establishments employing about 25 million nonfarm wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full- or part-time, who received pay during the payroll period ending nearest the 15th of the month.

#### Relation between the household and payroll series

The household and payroll data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definition and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The factors which have a differential effect on levels and trends of the two series are described below:

#### Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, and unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises. Employment in both farm and nonfarm industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household approach provides information on the work status of the population without duplication since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once, and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of

hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment records, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes emong the employed all persons who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week-that is, were not working or looking for work but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on paid sick leave, paid vacation, or paid holiday are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

#### Hours of Work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

#### Comparability of the household interview data with other series

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, regardless of whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (agriculture, State and local government, domestic service, self-employed, unpaid family work, nonprofit organizations, and firms below a minimum size).

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation, but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage are the inclusion of persons under 14 in the Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) series and the treatment of dual jobholders who are counted more than once if they worked on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of impact on differences in level and trend of the two series.

#### Comparability of the payroll employment data with other series

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of the Census from

its censuses or annual sample surveys of manufacturing establishments and the censuses of business establishments. The major reason for lack of comparability is different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, and in the industrial classification of establishments due to different reporting patterns by multi-unit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes professional services, transportation companies, and financial establishments, while these are included in BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns, published jointly by the U.S. Departments of Commerce and Health, Education, and Welfare, differ from BIS establishment statistics in the units considered integral parts of an establishment and in industrial classification. In addition, CBP data exclude employment in nonprofit institutions, interstate railroads, and government.

Employment covered by Unemployment Insurance programs. Not all nonfara wage and salary workers are covered by the Unemployment Insurance programs. All workers in certain activities, such as nonprofit organizations and interstate railroads, are excluded. In addition, small firms in covered industries are also excluded in 34 States. In general, these are establishments with less than four employees.

#### LABOR FORCE DATA

#### COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other economic characteristics of employed and unemployed persons, and related labor force data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). (A detailed description of this survey appears in Concepts and Methods Used in the Current Employment and Unemployment Statistics Prepared by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 5. This report is available from BLS on request.)

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted with a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population 1½ years and over. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 1½ years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, ending nearest the 15th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under l4 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this report. Data on members of the Armed Forces, who are included as part of the categories "total noninstitutional population" and "total labor force," are obtained from the Department of Defense.

The sample for CPS is spread over 333 areas comprising 641 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50
States and the District of Columbia. At present, completed interviews are obtained each month from about 35,000 households.
There are about 1,500 additional sample households from which
information should be collected but is not because the occupants are not found at home after repeated cells, are temporarily absent, or are unawailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of about 4 percent.
Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan
provides for approximately three-fourths of the sample to be
common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common
with the same month a year ago.

#### CONCEPTS

Employed Persons comprise (a) all those who during the survey week did any work at all either as paid employees, or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the family, and (b) all those who were not working or looking for work but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, or labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries, temporarily in the United States, who are not living on the premises of an Embassy (e.g., Mexican migratory farm workers).

Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (such as own home housework, and painting or repairing own home) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed Persons comprise all persons who did not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work, regardless of whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Also included as unemployed are those who did not work at all and (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (b) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days (and were not in school during the survey week); or (c) would have been looking for work except that they were temporarily ill or believed no work was available in their line of work or in the community. Persons in this latter category will usually be residents of a community in which there are only a few dominant industries which were shut down during the survey week. Bot included in this category are persons who say they were not looking for work because they were too old, too young, or handicapped in any way.

The Unemployment Rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force, i.e., the sum of the employed and unemployed. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, marital status, color, etc. When applied to industry and occupation groups, the labor-force base for the unemployment rate also represents the sum of the employed and the unemployed, the latter classified according to industry and occupation of their latest full-time civilian job.

Duration of Unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work or would have been looking for work except for temporary illness, or belief that no work was available in their lime of work or in the community. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. Average duration is an arithmetic mean computed from a distribution by single weeks of unemployment.

The Civilian Labor Force comprises the total of all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "total labor force" also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed either in the United States or abroad.

Not in Labor Force includes all civilians 14 years and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as "engaged in own home housework," "in school," "unable to work" because of long-term physical or mental illness, and "other." The "other" group includes for the most part retired persons, those reported as too old to work, the voluntarily idle, and seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an "off" season and who were not reported as unemployed. Persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the labor force.

Occupation, Industry, and Class of Worker apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The occupation and industry groups used in data derived from the CPS household interviews are defined as in the 1950 Census of Population. Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The industrial classification system used in the Census of Population and the Current Population Survey differs somewhat from that used by the BLS in its reports on employment, by industry. Employment levels by industry from the household survey, although useful for many analytical purposes, are not published in order to avoid public misunderstanding since they differ from the payroll series because of differences in classification, sampling variability, and other reasons. The industry figures from the household survey are used as a base for published distributions on hours of work, unemployment rates, and other

characteristics of industry groups such as age, sex, and occupation.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies "wage and salary workers," subdivided into private and government workers, "self-employed workers," and "unpaid family workers." Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a governmental unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood or marriage.

Hours of Work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, a person who normally works 40 hours a week but who was off on the Veterans Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though he was paid for the holiday.

For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week. However, all the hours are credited to the major job.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more in the survey week are designated as working "full time"; persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working "part time." Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full time or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or other reasons). "Economic reasons" include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. "Other reasons" include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own ill-mess, vacation, demands of home housework, school, no desire for full-time work and full-time worker only during peak season.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

The estimating procedure is essentially one of using sample results to obtain percentages of the population in a given category. The published estimates are then obtained by multiplying these percentage distributions by independent estimates of the population. The principle steps involved are shown below. Under the estimation methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. There are no subsequent adjustments to independent benchmark data on labor force, employment, or unemployment. Therefore, revisions of the historical data are not an inherent feature of this statistical program.

- 1. <u>Moninterview adjustment</u>. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability for other reasons. This adjustment is made separately by groups of sample areas and, within these, for eix groups—color (white and nomwhite) within the three residence categories (urban, rural nonfarm, and rural farm). The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 3 to 5 percent depending on weather, vacations, etc.
- 2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by change, from that of the Nation as a whole, in such characteristics as age, color, sex, and residence. Since these population characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the latter estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
- a. First-stage ratio estimate. This is the procedure in which the sample proportions are weighted by the known 1950 Census data on the color-residence distribution of the population. This step takes into account the differences existing at the time of the 1950 Census between the color-residence distribution for the Ration and for the sample areas.
- b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this step, the sample proportions are weighted by independent current estimates of the population by age, sex, and color. These estimates are prepared by carrying forward the most recent census data (1950) to take account of subsequent aging of the population,

mortality, and migration between the United States and other countries.

3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75 percent) as well as the sample results for the current month. This procedure reduces the sampling variability especially of month-to-month changes but also of the levels for most items.

#### Seasonal Adjustment

The seasonal adjustment method used for unemployment and other labor force series is a new adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving average method, with a provision for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description and illustration of the method will be published later this year.

Seasonal adjustment factors for major components of the labor force to be applied to data for 1958 and later periods are shown in table A. Factors for broad age-sex groups and for duration of unemployment categories will be included in the publication cited in the preceding paragraph. In computing these factors, the pre-1957 data were adjusted to reflect the new definitions of employment and unemployment adopted in January 1957. Seasonally adjusted aggregates for these series for 1947 to date are available on request.

Table A. Seasonal adjustment factors for the labor force and major components, to be used for the period 1958-60

	Civil-	Civil- Employ			บ	nemplo;	yment	
Month	ian labor	ian		Nonagri- cultural			Rate	
	force	Total	cul- ture	indus- tries	Total	Both sexes	Males	Fe- males
Jan	97.7	96.9	81.3	98.6	114.2	116 7	121.6	108.2
Feb	98.0	97.0	81.8		116.3		125.9	
Mar	98.4	97.7	86.2		111.1		120.0	
Apr	99.0	98.6	93.6	,,,-	103.1	104.1	107.7	, ,,,,
May	100.1	100.1	106.0	99.5	99.4	99.2		102.4
June	102.4	101.8	118.2	100.0	113.2	110.4		118.6
July	102.7	102.4	117.9		105.0	102.3		111.0
Aug	101.8	102.3	111.1	101.3	91.2	89.5		
Sept	100.4	101.2	109.9		83.9	83.5	77.8	
0ct	100.6	101.8	112.0	100.7	78.8	78.2	74.8	
Nov	100.0	100.5	97.4	100.9	90.0	89.9		96.6
Dec	99.1	99.4	85.0	101.0	93.5	94.4	99.6	84.2
i							1	}

In evaluating deviations from the seasonal patternthat is, changes in a seasonally adjusted series—it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but, in addition, are affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself.

#### Reliability of the Estimates

Since the estimates are based on a sample, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures.

The standard error is a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variations that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population is surveyed. The chances are about two out of three that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

Table B shows the average standard error for the major employment status categories, by sex, computed from data for 12 recent months. Estimates of change derived from the survey are also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of change for consecutive months is also shown in table B. The standard errors of level shown in table B are acceptable approximations of the standard errors of year-to-year change.

Table B. Average standard error of major employment status categories

(In thousands) Average standard error of --Employment status Month-toand sex month change Monthly level (consecutive months only) BOTH SEXES 180 Labor force and total employment. 250 Agriculture.....
Nonagricultural employment..... 200 120 300 180 Unemployment...... MALE Labor force and total employment. 120 180 Agriculture....... Monagricultural employment..... 200 Unemployment..... PEMATE 150 55 120 Labor force and total employment. 180

The figures presented in table C are to be used for other characteristics and are approximations of the standard errors of all such characteristics. They should be interpreted as providing an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard errors rather than as the precise standard error for any specific item.

Agriculture.....

Monagricultural employment...... Unemployment.....

75 180

Table C. Standard error of level of monthly estimates

	Both	sexes	Ma.	le	Female	
Size of estimate	Total or white	Non- white	Total or white	Non- white	Total or white	Non- white
10,000	5	5	7	5	5	5
50,000		10	14	10	10	10
100,000		14	20	14	14	14
250,000		21	31	21	22	21
500,000		30	43	30	31	30
1,000,000	48	40	60	40.	45	40
2,500,000	75	50	90	50	70	50
5,000,000		50	110		100	
10,000,000			140		130	<b></b>
20,000,000			150		170	
30,000,000	210					<b> </b>
40,000,000	220					

The standard error of the change in an item from one month to the next month is more closely related to the standard error of the monthly level for that item than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the approximations to the standard errors of month-to-month changes as presented in table D, it is first necessary to obtain the standard error of the monthly level of the item in table C, and then find the standard error of the month-to-month change in table D corresponding to this standard error of level. It should be noted that table D applies to estimates of change be-tween 2 consecutive months. For changes between the current month and the same month last year, the standard errors of level shown in table C are acceptable approximations.

Illustration: Assume that the tables showed the total number of persons working a specific number of hours, as 15,000,000, an increase of 500,000 over the previous month.

Linear interpolation in the first column of table C shows that
the standard error of 15,000,000 is about 160,000. Consequently,
the chances are about 68 out of 100 that the figure which would have been obtained from a complete count of the number of persons working the given number of hours would have differed by less than 160,000 from the sample estimate. Using the 160,000

as the standard error of the monthly level in table D, it may be seen that the standard error of the 500,000 increase is about 135,000.

Table D. Standard error of estimates of month-to-month change

ands)			
Standard error of month-to- month change			
Estimates relating to agricultural employment	All estimates except those relating to agricultural employment		
14	12		
	26		
70	48		
100	90		
110	130		
	160		
	190		
	220		
	month Estimates relating to agricultural employment  14 35 70 100 110		

The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator depends upon both the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which the percentage is based. Where the numerator is a subclass of the denominator, estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding absolute estimates of the numerator of the percentage, particularly if the per-centage is large (50 percent or greater). Table E shows the standard errors for percentages derived from the survey. Linear interpolation may be used for percentages and base figures not shown in table E.

Table E. Standard error of percentages

Estimated	Base of percentage (thousands)						
percentage	150	250	500	1,000	2,000	3,000	
1 or 99	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	
2 o <del>. 98</del>	1.4	1.1	.8	.5	.4	.3	
5 or 95	2.2	1.7	1.2	.9 1.2	.6	1 .5	
10 or 90	3.0	2.3	1.7	1.2	.8	.7	
15 or 85	3.5	2.8	2.0	1.4	1.0	.8	
20 or 80	4.0	3.1	2.2	1.6	1.1	.9	
25 or 75	4.2	3.4	2.4	1.7	1.2	1.0	
35 or 65	4.7	3.7	2.6	1.9	1.3	1.1	
50	4.9	3.9	2.8	1.9	1.4	1.1	
	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000	75,000		
1 or 99	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1		
2 or 98	.2	.2	.1	.1	.1		
5 or 95	.4	.3	.2	.1	.1		
10 or 90	.5	.3 .4	.2	.2	.1		
15 or 85	.6	.4.	.2 .3	.2	.2		
20 or 80	.7	.5	.3	.2 .2 .2	.2		
25 or 75	8.		.3 .4 .4	.2	.2		
35 or 65	.8	.5 . <b>6</b>	. 4	.3	.2		
50	ا و.	.6	. 4	1 .3	.2		

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA

#### COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover in nonfarm establishments, by geographic location.

#### Federal-State Cooperation

Under cooperative arrangements with State agencies, the respondent fills out only 1 employment or labor turnover schedule, which is then used for national, State, and area estimates. This eliminates duplicate reporting on the part of respondents and, together with the use of identical techniques at the national and State levels, ensures maximum geographic comparability of estimates.

State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the information to prepare State and area series and then send the data to the BLS for use in preparing the national series. The BLS and the Bureau of Employment Security jointly finance the current employment statistics program in 43 States, the turnover program in 41 States.

#### Shuttle Schedules

The Form BLS 790 is used to collect employment, payroll, and man-hours data, Form 1219 labor turnover data. Both schedules are of the "shuttle" type, with space for each month of the calendar year.

The BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the pay period ending nearest the 15th of each month. The labor turnover schedule provides for the collection of information on the total number of accessions and separations, by type, during the calendar month.

#### INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION

Establishments are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. This information is collected each year on a product supplement to the monthly 790 or 1219 report. In the case of an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the most important product or activity.

Prior to publication of State and area data for January 1959, all national, State, and area employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover series were classified in accordance with the following documents: (1) For manufacturing, Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Volume I, Bureau of the Budget, 1945, and (2) for nonmanufacturing, Industrial Classification Code, Social Security Board, 1942. Beginning with January 1959 (with an overlap for 1958), State and area series are classified under the revised Standard Industrial Classification Manual published in 1957. The national industry statietics will be converted to the 1957 SIC early in 1961.

#### COVERAGE

#### Employment, Hours, and Earnings

Monthly reports on employment and, for most industries, payroll and man-hours are obtained from approximately 180,000 establishments. The table below shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payrolls sample  $\underline{1}/$ 

	Number of establish-	Employees		
Industry division	ments in sample	Number in sample	Percent of total	
Mining	3,500	393,000	47	
Contract construction	22,000	860,000	26	
Manufacturing	43,900	11,779,000	69	
Transportation and public	3,,,	_,,,,,,		
utilities: Interstate				
railroads (ICC)		1,152,000	97	
Other transportation and				
public utilities	15,700	1,693,000	57	
Wholesale and retail trade	65,100	2,244,000	20	
Finance, insurance, and	-,,	,		
real estate	12,900	757,000	3 <b>3</b>	
Service and miscellaneous	11,400	848.000	13	
Government:	,	,	-5	
Federal (Civil Service				
Commission) 2/		2,196,000	100	
State and locel	5,800	3,148,000	63	
D4000 000 100011111111111111111111111111	,,,,,,	3,2.0,000		

<sup>1/</sup> Since some firms do not report payroll and man-hour information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

#### Labor Turnover

Labor turnover reports are received from approximately 10,500 establishments in the manufacturing, mining, and communication industries (see table below). The following manufacturing industries are excluded from the labor turnover sample: Printing, publishing, and allied industries (since April 1943); canning and preserving fruits, vegetables, and sea foods; women's and misses' outerwear; and fertilizer.

Approximate size and coverage of BLS labor turnover sample used in computing mational rates

	Number of establish-	Employees			
Industry	ments in sample	Number in	Percent of total		
Manufacturing	10,200	5,994,000	39		
Durable goods	6,400	4,199,000	39 43		
Nondurable goods	3,800	1,795,000	32		
Metal mining	120	57,000	53		
Anthracite	20	6,000	19		
Bituminous	200	71,000	32		
Communication: Telephone	(1/) (1/)	661,000	88		
Telegraph	(1/)	28,000	65		

<sup>1/</sup> Does not apply.

#### CONCEPTS

#### **Industry Employment**

Employment data for all except Federal Government refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, current data generally refer to persons who received pay for the last day of the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers in households. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; Federal military personnel are shown separately, but their number is excluded from total nonagricultural employment.

Persons on an establishment payroll who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), paid holiday, or paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period and are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period, are counted as employed. Persons are not counted as employed who are laid off, on leave without pay, or on strike for the entire period, or who are hired but do not report to work during the period.

#### Benchmark Adjustments

Employment estimates are periodically compared with complete counts of employment in the various industries defined as nonagricultural, and appropriate adjustments made as indicated by the total counts or benchmarks. The comparison made for the first 3 months of 1957, the last benchmark adjustment, resulted in changes amounting to 0.5 percent of all nonagricultural employment, identical with the extent of the adjustment to the first quarter 1956 benchmark. The changes were less than 0.5 percent for three of the eight major industry divisions; under 2 percent for two other divisions; and 3.2, 3.3, and 6.4 percent for the remaining three divisions. The manufacturing total was changed by only 0.1 percent for the second successive year. Within manufacturing, the benchmark and estimate differed by 1.0 percent or less in 39 of the 132 individual industries, 41 industries were adjusted by 1.1 to 2.5 percent, and an additional 27 industries differed by 2.6-5.0 percent. One significant cause of differences between the benchmark and estimate is the change in industrial classification of individual firms, which is usually not reflected in BLS estimates until they are adjusted to new benchmarks. Other causes are sampling and response errors.

The basic sources of benchmark information are the quarterly tabulations of employment data, by industry, compiled by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations are prepared under Bureau of Employment Security direction. Supplementary tabulations prepared by the U.S. Bureau of Old Age and Survivors Insurance are used for the group of establishments exempt from State unemployment insurance laws because of their

<sup>2/</sup> State and area estimates of Federal employment are based on 2,300 reports covering 1,430,000 employees, collected through the BLS-State cooperative program.

small size. Benchmarks for industries wholly or partly excluded from the unemployment insurance laws are derived from a variety of other sources.

The BIS estimates relating to the benchmark quarter (the first quarter of the year) are compared with the new benchmark levels, industry by industry. Where revisions are necessary, the monthly estimates are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one. The new benchmark for each industry is then projected to the current month by use of the sample trends. Under this procedure, the benchmark is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level.

#### Seasonal Adjustment

Employment series for many industries reflect a regularly recurring seasonal movement which can be measured on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change in employment which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation, it is possible to clarify the cyclical and other non-seasonal movements in the series. Seasonally adjusted employment aggregates are published. These estimates are derived by the use of factors based on free-hand adjustments of 12-month moving averages. Seasonal factors are available on request.

#### Industry Hours and Earnings

Hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and man-hours for production and related workers or nonsupervisory employees. These terms are defined below. When the pay period reported is longer than 1 week, the figures are reduced to a weekly basis.

Production and Related Workers include working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including leadmen and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and recordkeeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Monsupervisory Employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairmen, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, linemen, laborers, janitors, watchmen, and similar occupational levels, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues; also included is pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period), other pay not earned in pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay), and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded.

Man-Hours cover man-hours worked or paid for, during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month, for production, construction, and nonsupervisory workers. The manhours include hours paid for holidays and vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime Hours cover premium overtime hours of production and related workers during the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Overtime hours are those for which premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or workweek. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if premium wage rates were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

#### Gross Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings

Average hourly earnings for manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries are on a "gross" basis, reflecting not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work, and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. Employment shifts between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments also affect the general earnings averages. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period or time, while rates are the amounts stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series, however, does not measure the level of total labor costs on the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the production-worker or nonsupervisory-employee definitions.

Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in gross average hourly earnings, but also by changes in the length of the workweek, part-time work, stoppages for varying causes, labor turnover, and absenteeism.

#### Average Weekly Hours

The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received, and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

#### Average Overtime Hours

The overtime hours represent that portion of the gross average weekly hours which were in excess of regular hours and for which premium payments were made. If an employee works on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, the gross weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction from month to month; for example, premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the streight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends on the industry-group level may also be caused by a marked change in gross hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on gross hours.

#### Spendable Average Weekly Earnings

Spendable average weekly earnings in current dollars are obtained by deducting estimated Federal social security and income taxes from gross weekly earnings. The amount of income tax liability depends on the number of dependents supported by the worker, as well as on the level of his gross income. To reflect these variables, spendable earnings are computed for two types of income receivers—a worker with no dependents, and a worker with three dependents. The computations are based on the gross average weekly earnings for all production and related workers in manufacturing, mining, or contract construction without regard to marital status, family composition, or total family income.

"Real" earnings are computed by dividing the current Consumer Price Index into the earnings average for the current month. The resulting level of earnings expressed in 1947-49 dollars is thus adjusted for changes in purchasing power since the base period.

#### Average Hourly Earnings Excluding Overtime

Average hourly earnings excluding premium overtime pay are computed by dividing the total production-worker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production-worker man-hours and one-half of total overtime man-hours. Prior to January 1956, data were based on the application of adjustment factors to gross average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Review, May 1950, pp. 537-540). Both methods eliminate only the earnings due to overtime paid for at one and one-half times the straight-time rates. No adjustment is made for other premium payment provisions, such as

holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

#### Indexes of Aggregate Weekly Payrolls and Man-Hours

The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls and man-hours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the monthly average for the 1947-49 period. The man-hour aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production-worker employment, and the payroll aggregates are the product of gross average weekly earnings and production-worker employment.

#### Railroad Hours and Earnings

The figures for Class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees who received pay during the month except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC Group I). Gross average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for, reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

#### Labor Turnover

Labor turnover is the gross movement of wage and salary workers into and out of employment status with respect to individual establishments. This movement, which relates to a calendar month, is divided into two broad types: Accessions (new hires and rehires) and separations (terminations of employment initiated by either employer or employee). Each type of action is cumulated for a calendar month and expressed as a rate per 100 employees. The data relate to all employees, whether full- or part-time, permanent or temporary, including executive, office, sales, other salarted personnel, and production workers. Transfers to another establishment of the company are included beginning with January 1959.

Separations are terminations of employment during the calendar month and are classified according to cause: Quits, layoffs, and other separations, as defined below.

Quits are terminations of employment initiated by employees, failure to report after being hired, and unauthorized absences, if on the last day of the month the person has been absent more than 7 consecutive calendar days.

Layoffs are suspensions without pay lasting or expected to last more than 7 consecutive calendar days, initiated by the employer without prejudice to the worker.

Other separations, which are not published separately but are included in total separations, are terminations of

employment because of discharge, permanent disability, death, retirement, transfers to another establishment of the company, and entrance into the Armed Forces expected to last more than 30 consecutive calendar days.

Accessions are the total number of permanent and temporary additions to the employment roll including both new and rehired employees.

New hires are temporary or permanent additions to the employment roll of former employees not recalled by the employer, or persons who have never before been employed in the establishment, except for those transferred from other establishments of the company.

Other accessions, which are not published separately but are included in total accessions, are all additions to the employment roll which are not classified as new hires.

#### Comparability With Employment Series

Month-to-month changes in total employment in manufacturing industries reflected by labor turnover rates are not comparable with the changes shown in the Bureau's employment series for the following reasons: (1) Accessions and separations are computed for the entire calendar month; the employment reports refer to the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month; (2) the turnover sample excludes certain industries (see Coverage, p. 5-E); (3) plants on strike are not included in the turnover computations beginning with the month the strike starts through the month the workers return; the influence of such stoppages is reflected, however, in the employment figures.

#### STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover data are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with BLS. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals because of differences in the timing of benchmark adjustments, slightly varying methods of computation, and, since January 1959, a different classification system. (See Industrial Classification, p. 5-E.)

For Alaska and Hawaii, satisfactory employment estimates cannot be derived by subtracting the U.S. totals without Alaska and Hawaii from the totals including the 2 new States.

#### ESTIMATING METHODS

The procedures used for estimating industry employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover statistics are summarized in the following table. Details are given in the appropriate technical notes, which are available on request.

# Summary of Methods for Computing Industry Statistics on Employment, Hours, Earnings, and Labor Turnover

Item	Individual manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries	Total nonagricultural divisions, major groups, and groups					
	Monthly Data						
ill employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multiplied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which re- ported for both months.	Sum of all-employee estimates for component industries.					
roduction or consupervisory workers; comen employees	All-employee estimate for current month multiplied by (1) ratio of production or nonsupervisory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) ratio of women to all employees.	Sum of production- or nonsupervisory-worker estimates, or women estimates, for component industries.					
cross average weekly hours	Production- or nonsupervisory-worker man-hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers.	Average, weighted by production- or nonsupervisory-worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component industries.					
verage weekly overtime cours	Production-worker overtime man-hours divided by number of production workers.	Average, weighted by production-worker employment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component industries.					
cross average hourly earnings	Total production- or nonsupervisory-worker payroll divided by total production- or nonsupervisory-worker man-hours.	Average, weighted by aggregate man-hours, of the average hourly earnings for component industries.					
ross average weekly arnings	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.					
abor turnover rates total, men, and women)	The number of particular actions (e.g., quits) in reporting firms divided by total employment in those firms. The result is multiplied by 100. For men (or women), the number of men (women) who quit is divided by the total number of men (women) employed.	Average, weighted by employment, of the rates for component industries.					
	Annual Av	verage Data					
all employees and produc- tion or nonsupervisory orkers	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.					
ross average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate man-hours (production- or nonsupervisory-worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Average, weighted by production- or nonsupervisory-worker employment, of the annual averages of weekly hours for component industries.					
verage weekly overtime ours	Annual total of aggregate overtime man-hours (production-worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Average, weighted by production-worker employment, of the annual averages of weekly overtime hours for component industries.					
cross average hourly arnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls/(production- or nonsupervisory-worker employment multiplied by weekly earnings) divided by annual aggregate man-hours.	Average, weighted by aggregate man-hours, of the annual averages of hourly earnings for component industries.					
iross average weekly arnings	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.					
abor turnover rates	Sum of monthly rates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly rates divided by 12.					

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Bureau of Labor Statistics

#### **COOPERATING STATE AGENCIES**

**Employment and Labor Turnover Statistics Programs** 

ALABAMA -Department of Industrial Relations, Montgomery 4. -Unemployment Compensation Division, Employment Security Commission, Phoenix, ARIZONA ARKANSAS -Employment Security Division, Department of Labor, Little Rock. CALIFORNIA -Division of Labor Statistics and Research, Department of Industrial Relations San Francisco 1 (Employment). Research and Statistics, Department of Employment, Sacramento 14 (Turnover).

-U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Denver 2.
-Employment Security Division, Department of Labor, Hartford 15.

-Unemployment Compensation Commission, Wilmington 99. COLORADO\* CONNECTICUT DELAWARE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA -U. S. Employment Service for D. C., Washington 25. FLORIDA -Industrial Commission, Tallahassee. -Employment Security Agency, Department of Labor, Atlanta 3.
-Employment Security Agency, Boise.
-Division of Unemployment Compensation and State Employment Service, GEORGIA IDAHO ILLINOIS\* Department of Labor, Chicago 6. INDIANA -Employment Security Division, Indianapolis 25. Employment Security Commission, Des Moines 8.

-Employment Security Division, Department of Labor, Topeka.

-Bureau of Employment Security, Department of Economic Security, Frankfort.

-Division of Employment Security, Department of Labor, Baton Rouge 4.

-Employment Security Commission, Augusta. IOWA KANSAS KENTUCKY LOUISIANA MAINE -Employment Security Commission, Augusta.

Department of Employment Security, Baltimore 1.

Division of Statistics, Department of Labor and Industries, Boston 16 (Employment).

Research and Statistics, Division of Employment Security, Boston 15 (Turnover).

-Employment Security Commission, Detroit 2.

Department of Employment Security, St. Paul 1.

-Employment Security Commission, Jackson.

Division of Employment Security, Jefferson City. MARYLAND MASSACHUSETTS MICHIGAN\* MINNESOTA MISSISSIPPI MISSOURI MONTANA -Unemployment Compensation Commission, Helena. -Division of Employment Security, Department of Labor, Lincoln 1.
-Employment Security Department, Carson City.
-Department of Employment Security, Concord.
-Bureau of Statistics and Records, Department of Labor and Industry, Trenton 25. NEBRASKA NEVADA NEW HAMPSHIRE NEW JERSEY\* -Employment Security Commission, Albuquerque,
-Bureau of Research and Statistics, Division of Employment, State Department of Labor, NEW MEXICO NEW YORK 500 Eighth Avenue, New York 18.

-Division of Statistics, Department of Labor, Raleigh (Employment). Bureau of Research and Statistics, Employment Security Commission, Raleigh (Turnover).

-Unemployment Compensation Division, Workmen's Compensation Bureau, Bismarck. NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA -Division of Research and Statistics, Bureau of Unemployment Compensation, Columbus 16.
-Employment Security Commission, Oklahoma City 2.
-Department of Employment, Salem. OHIO \* OKLAHOMA OREGON -Bureau of Employment Security, Department of Labor and Industry, Harrisburg.
-Division of Statistics and Census, Department of Labor, Providence 3 (Employment).
Department of Employment Security, Providence 3 (Turnover). PENNSY LVANIA\* RHODE ISLAND -Employment Security Commission, Columbia 1. -Employment Security Department, Aberdeen, -Department of Employment Security, Nashville 3. -Employment Commission, Austin 1. SOUTH CAROLINA SOUTH DAKOTA TENNESSEE TEXAS UTAH\* -Department of Employment Security, Industrial Commission, Salt Lake City 10. VERMONT -Unemployment Compensation Commission, Montpelier. VIRGINIA -Division of Research and Statistics, Department of Labor and Industry, Richmond 14 (Employment). Unemployment Compensation Commission, Richmond 11 (Turnover). - Employment Security Department, Olympia. WASHINGTON -Department of Employment Security, Charleston 5.
- Unemployment Compensation Department, Industrial Commission, Madison 3. WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN\* WYOMING\* -Employment Security Commission, Casper.

\*Employment statistics program only.