# EMPLOYMENT and EARNINGS

#### and

## MONTHLY REPORT on the LABOR FORCE

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Joseph M. Finerty, Editor Kathryn D. Hoyle, Associate Editor

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#### **CAUTION**

Periodically, the Bureau adjusts the industry employment series to a recent benchmark to improve their accuracy. These adjustments may also affect the hours and earnings series because employment levels are used as weights. All industry statistics shown in this report are adjusted to a March 1964 benchmark. Data from April 1964 forward are subject to revision at the time of the next benchmark adjustment.

Issues of Employment and Earnings prior to December 1965 contain data adjusted to previous benchmarks and cannot be used in conjunction with national industry data now shown in sections B, C,

and D. Comparable data for prior periods are published in Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States, 1909-65, BLS Bulletin 1312-3, which may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents for \$4.25. For an individual industry, earlier data may be obtained upon request to the Bureau.

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When industry data are again adjusted to new benchmarks, another edition of Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States will be issued containing the revised data extending from April 1964 forward to a current date, as well as the prior historical statistics.

<sup>1</sup> Quarterly data included in February, May, August, and November issues.

# SUMMARY EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENTS, MAY 1966

The Nation's job situation was characterized by mixed trends in May. Total unemployment rose 140,000 to 2.9 million, moving the jobless rate up to 4.0 percent from 3.7 percent in April. The increase was concentrated among women and younger workers. On the other hand, the demand for adult male workers continued very strong, and the rate of unemployment for workers covered by unemployment insurance reached a new low.

Nonfarm payroll employment showed a larger-than-seasonal increase, with continued gains in manufacturing. Total employment, however, failed to show the expected seasonal rise, mainly because bad weather held down the usual May increase in agriculture.

#### Unemployment

Unemployment among men aged 25 and over declined seasonally by 150,000 to 740,000. Their jobless rate was unchanged at 2.1 percent, its lowest level since August 1953. The rate for married men, at 1.8 percent, was below 2 percent for the sixth consecutive month.

The unemployment rate for teenagers rose to 13.4 percent in May as the result of a larger than expected rise among 14 to 17 year-olds who were still in school. A great many of these young workers were seeking temporary summer jobs. The number of unemployed adult women rose slightly to 880,000, moving their jobless rate up from 3.6 percent in April to 4.0 percent in May.

Altogether, 640,000, or one-fifth of the 2.9 million persons unemployed in May, were seeking part-time jobs, including 420,000 teenagers, 150,000 women, and only 70,000 adult men.

The number unemployed 15 weeks or longer fell by nearly 200,000 over the month to 600,000, a greater than seasonal decline. On a seasonally adjusted basis, the long-term unemployed accounted for one-sixth of the jobless total and 0.7 percent of the civilian labor force, the lowest in ten years. The short-term unemployed (under 5 weeks) accounted for nearly three-fifths of the total in May.

#### Insured Unemployment

State insured unemployment declined a little more than seasonally between mid-April and mid-May to 882,000. This was a postwar low for May and the lowest for any month since October 1956. Except for Florida, where the winter tourist season ended, and Georgia, all States showed over-the-month declines. The largest decreases occurred in New York (29,000) and California (14,000).

The unadjusted rate of insured joblessness dropped from 2.4 to 2.0 percent over the month. On an adjusted basis, the May rate was 2.1 percent, the lowest for any month since the start of this series in January 1949. The highest rates were 9.2 percent in Alaska (down from 14.0 in April), 5.6 in Puerto Rico, 3.9 in California, and 3.7 in Nevada. In 20 States, including Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Texas, and Wisconsin, the rates were less than 1.5 percent.

# Recent Weekly State Insured Unemployment Data (In thousands)

		Current		Year earlier			
Week ended	Initial claims	Insured unemployment	Rate (Pct.)	Initial claims	Insured unemployment	Rate (Pct.)	
1966							
April 16	161	1,067	2.4	215	1,499	3.5	
April 23	157	1,015	2.3	203	1,432	3.3	
April 30	153	964	2.1	197	1,342	3.1	
May 7	164	917	2.0	210	1,270	2.9	
May 14	151	882	2.0	185	1,209	2.8	
May 21	147	<b>85</b> 3	1.9	179	1,158	2.7	
May 28	151			176			

#### Employment

Nonfarm payroll employment rose by 575,000 in May (nearly 170,000 more than seasonally) to 63.1 million. Continued job strength was evident in manufacturing and government; however, in trade, miscellaneous services, transportation, and finance, job gains were in line with the seasonal expectations. Mining employment rose 40,000 as striking workers returned to payrolls. The employment advance in contract construction (160,000) was less than seasonal because of strike activity.

Manufacturing employment increased by approximately 120,000 to 18.8 million in May. The gain was 60,000 greater than the expected pickup. Most of the advance was concentrated in the hard-goods industries, particularly in electrical equipment and machinery.

The rate of advance in nonfarm employment during the last 2 months has tapered off from the rapid expansion of the first quarter.

The factory workweek averaged 41.5 hours in May, but after seasonal adjustment was down marginally from the very high level of the last 4 months. Hours in the durable goods industries continued at a high level but were down slightly over the month (seasonally adjusted) because of workweek reductions in the auto industry. Included in the average workweek were 4.0 hours of overtime, the highest figure for May since the series began in 1956.

Average hourly earnings of factory workers were unchanged at \$2.70 in May; however, with the lengthening of the factory workweek, average weekly earnings rose to a new high of \$112.05. Weekly earnings, pushed by a lengthened workweek and a 3.4 percent advance in hourly earnings, were up 4.2 percent over the year. Hourly earnings were up 3.4 percent from May 1965.

Total employment increased 650,000 to 73.8 million in May. The rise in agricultural employment was only 100,000--400,000 less than expected for this time of year--as unfavorable weather delayed normal farm activity. Nonagricultural employment was up by 600,000, close to the expected seasonal change.

#### Changes from 1965

Despite some adverse developments in May, virtually all measures of employment and unemployment continued to show significant improvement from a year earlier. Underscoring the progress of the past year, nonfarm payroll employment was up by

3.1 million from May 1965. The largest year-to-year gains were in manufacturing (1.1 million), government (770,000), trade (475,000), and miscellaneous services (440,000).

Both full-time and voluntary part-time employment rose sharply over the year, while the number on short workweeks for economic reasons declined by 300,000. At 1.5 million, this group of underemployed workers was the smallest for any May since the early 1950's.

Unemployment was down by 400,000 over the year with half the decline among those out of work 15 weeks or longer. Jobless rates were down from May 1965 for men, women, and 18-19 year-olds and for workers in most nonfarm occupation and industry groups. The improvement was especially notable for married men, full-time workers, and skilled and semiskilled blue-collar workers.

Both white and nonwhite workers have had substantially less unemployment during the first 5 months of 1966 as compared with the same period a year ago. However, the nonwhite rate (7 percent) continued double the white rate.

# TRENDS IN FULL- AND PART-TIME EMPLOYMENT by Susan S. Holland\*

In the past 3 years employment has expanded more rapidly than at any time since World War II. Sharp employment gains and unemployment reductions among full-time workers and a decline in the number of workers on part time for economic reasons reflect fuller utilization of the Nation's labor supply. At the same time, however, these developments have reduced the supply of adult men available to fill job openings, and scattered labor shortages have emerged. In this situation, attention has been focused on the potential labor resources in the voluntary part-time work force.

Theoretically, employers could adapt to a tightening job market by hiring persons who normally prefer to work part time. However, as of the first quarter of 1966, most of the evidence indicated that this had not taken place. Part-time employment has continued to rise, but the growth since 1963 has been about in line with the uptrend of the past decade. The demand for labor has intensified sharply since the late summer of 1965, but this was not accompanied by a speedup in the growth rate of voluntary part-time employment. Moreover, part-time workers have not made significant inroads into the critical manufacturing and construction industries. Since 1963, most of the increase in part-time employment has taken place among teenagers in trade and service activities.

On the other hand, there is no evidence that part-time workers have been drawn into the full-time labor force. Nor is there any conclusive evidence that full-time jobs have been rescheduled to be filled by part-time workers. It appears that employers have been meeting their needs for full-time labor by hiring the unemployed and new labor force entrants and by extending the workweeks of part-time workers who wanted full-time work.

These are the major conclusions of a review of full-time and part-time employment trends during the current economic expansion. The more important specific findings of this study are summarized below.

- 1. The uptrend in full-time employment accelerated very sharply from 1963 to 1966. Over this 3-year period the number of workers employed full time in nonfarm industries rose by 4.9 million, 1 as contrasted with an increase of only 2.4 million during the 7-year period from 1956 to 1963. Full-time employment has been expanding at an annual rate of more than 3 percent since 1963, whereas from 1956 to 1963 it rose at an annual rate of less than 1 percent.
- 2. Voluntary part-time employment continued to advance from 1963 to 1966, expanding by 1.4 million. The annual growth rate was 6 percent during the past 3 years, only slightly more than the annual rate of 5 percent in the 1956-63 period. Part-time employment expanded rapidly between the first quarters of 1965 and 1966. However, on a seasonally adjusted basis, most of the increase took place in the early summer of 1965; since then the growth has been moderate.
- 3. The number of nonfarm workers restricted to short workweeks for economic reasons dropped by one-fourth in the last three years and is currently at the lowest

<sup>\*</sup>Of the Division of Employment and Unemployment Analysis, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>January-March averages are used throughout this article, unless otherwise specified.

level on record. This reduction, which added about half a million workers to full-time employment, was an important source of additional labor input.

4. The spurt in full-time employment since 1963 has resulted in a very sharp cut in the number of unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs--from 4.1 million in early 1963 to 2.5 million in 1966. The jobless rate (not seasonally adjusted) fell from 6.6 to 4.0 percent. In contrast, the number of unemployed persons seeking part-time work remained virtually unchanged in the 1963-66 period. However, the increase in part-time employment has been sufficient to reduce slightly the unemployment rate for part-time workers in the past year.

Table 1. Persons Employed in Nonagricultural Industries, by Full- or Part-Time Status, First Quarter Averages 1956 and 1963-66

Full- or part-time status	1966	1965	1964	1963	1956				
	(In thousands)								
Total employed  On full-time schedules  On part time for economic reasons  On voluntary part time  With a job but not at work	67,945 55,650 1,645 8,371 2,277	65,710 53,910 1,958 7,586 2,255	63,935 52,269 2,099 7,437 2,132	62,283 50,717 2,207 7,013 2,346	57,022 48,352 1,815 4,963 1,892				
	Year-to-year percent change								
	1965 1964 1963 to to to 1956 to 1966 1965 1964 (avera								
Total employed On full-time schedules On part time for economic reasons On voluntary part time With a job but not at work	3.4 3.2 -16.0 10.3 1.0	2.8 3.1 -6.7 2.0 5.8	2.7 3.1 -4.9 6.0 -9.1	1.3 0.7 6.9 5.1 4.4					

These and other findings are developed more fully in the following sections. However, at this point, it is appropriate to explain briefly the measurement of full-and part-time work. All persons who work 35 hours or more during the survey week are defined as full-time workers. Also included in the full-time group are workers who are scheduled for full-time but who work less than 35 hours for temporary reasons, such as legal holidays, bad weather, or brief illness. Part-time workers are persons who are scheduled to work 1-34 hours during the survey week. The largest group of part-time workers are those regularly working less than 35 hours by choice. The other group of part-time workers are those who work less than 35 hours but desire full-time employment. The persons on part-time workweeks for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Regular monthly data on full-time and part-time employment are not available prior to May 1955.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Persons with a job, but not at work, will be indicated separately in the tables but will not be discussed in the article. Earlier studies indicate that the great majority of this group normally work full time, but current data on their usual hours are not available.

economic reasons are "underemployed," in the sense that they do not have as much work as they would like to have.

All of the 1956-66 employment increase--both full- and part-time--took place in the nonfarm industries. Farm jobs declined steadily (by a total of 2 million) during the decade, and almost all of the drop was among full-time workers. This article will focus on changes in full- and part-time work in the nonfarm sector.

#### Full-Time Workers

A major factor in the recent employment upsurge has been a strong acceleration in full-time employment. From the mid-1950's to the early 1960's increases in full-time employment were small and irregular. Two recessions in this period actually reduced the number of full-time workers temporarily. The average annual growth in full-time employment between 1956 and 1963 was only 350,000 or 0.7 percent (table 1).

In contrast, full-time employment has climbed by almost 5 million in the past 3 years--twice the gain recorded in the entire 1956-63 period. Moreover, since 1963 the annual gain in full-time employment has averaged 1.6 million or 3 percent. Clearly then, the key factor in the 1963-66 employment rise has been the resurgence in full-time jobs. Full-time employment grew at a much faster rate in the past 3 years than in any other expansionary period since 1955. The tabulation below is based on a monthly compound interest formula and, therefore, provides a growth rate slightly different from that obtained by calculating annual percent changes. Nevertheless, it is obvious that full-time employment has risen more rapidly since April 1963 than it did either in the 1955-57 or the 1959-60 expansions.

Annual Growth Rates of Full-Time Employment

Expansionary period	Number of months	Increase (in thousands)	Annual growth rate (percent)
May 1955-September 1957	28	2,002	1.7
April 1959-July 1960	15	910	1.4
April 1963-March 1966	35	4,608	2.9

Age and Sex. The recent gains in full-time employment were distributed widely among the various age-sex groups. However, the increase for adult men, nearly 2.5 million, accounted for half of the 1963-66 pickup. In fact, full-time employment rose more than total employment for adult men. This was possible because of the 350,000 drop in the number of adult men on economic part time--almost all of whom moved into full-time employment. While men in all age groups benefited from the recent spurt in full-time, the largest proportionate increase took place among 20-24 year-olds. For these young men, full-time employment rose by 600,000 or 20 percent. There was also a small but important rise in full-time employment at the other end of the age scale. Between 1957 and 1963, the number of males age 65 and over on full-time schedules moved steadily downward, but the recent demand for full-time workers has been strong enough to reverse this long-term decline.

Adult women and teenagers also made substantial gains in full-time employment from 1963 to 1966. The increase for women, which totaled 2 million, was evident in every major age group. However, virtually all of the full-time job gain for teenagers (500,000) took place among 18-19 year-olds. Less than 10 percent of the employed 14-17 year-olds are full-time workers.

Table 2. Persons at Work in Nonagricultural Industries, by Full- or Part-Time Status, Age, and Sex, First Quarter Averages 1966
(In thousands)

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Change	from 1963 t	o 1966
Age and sex	Full-time	Economic	Voluntary	Full-time	Economic	Voluntary
	schedules	part time	part time	schedules	part time	part time
Total at work	55,650	1,646	8,373	4,934	<b>-</b> 562	1,357
Males, 14 years						
and over	37,831	836	2,967	2,779	-366	628
14-17 years	141	35	1,155	36	8	281
18-19 years		50	531	290	-29	242
20-24 years		107	377	594	-44	68
25-44 years	18,327	311	215	716	-164	21
45-64 years	13,817	299	272	1,087	-119	4
65 years and		1		1		
over	996	34	417	56	-18	12
Females, 14 years						
and over	17,819	810	5,406	2,155	-196	731
14-17 years	86	14	936	-1	-11	220
18-19 years	930	64	361	180	14	102
20-24 years	2,624	. 99	375	565	-33	52
25-44 years	7,028	300	1,802	674	-82	136
45-64 years	6,678	305	1,552	642	-74	178
65 years and				1		
over	471	27	381	93	-11	45

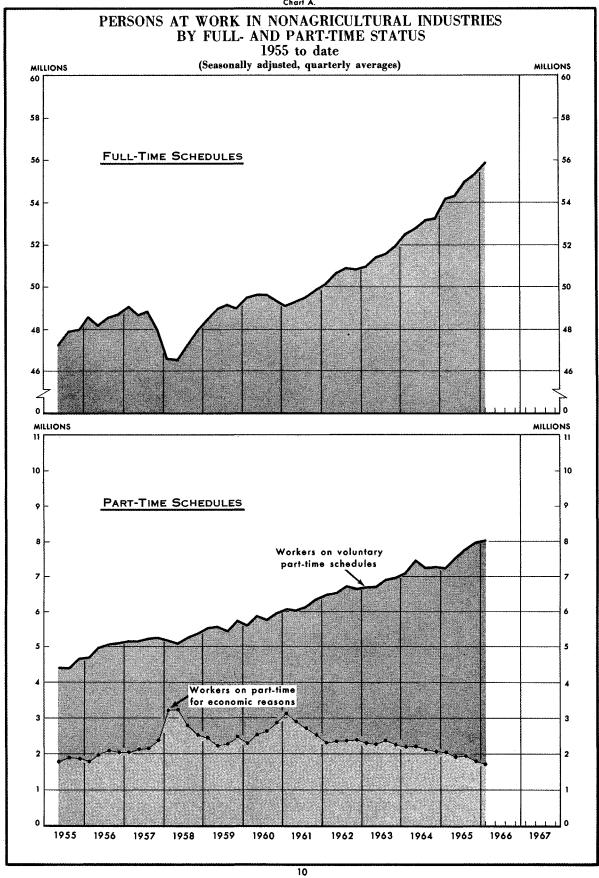
Industry and Occupation. The accelerated growth in full-time employment sinc 1963 can be attributed mainly to the stronger demand for labor in the goods-producing industries. Construction and manufacturing contributed most of the additional emploment increase in the past 3 years; these are industries where full-time workers predominate.

Full-time employment is most concentrated in occupations requiring the highes education and skill. Approximately 90 percent of all professional and managerial employees work full time, as do the great majority of skilled craftsmen. Nearly 9 o of 10 semiskilled operatives are also full-time workers. A major part of the additio employment pickup in the last 3 years has taken place among skilled craftsmen and semiskilled operatives; the vast majority of these new jobs were full-time.

#### Voluntary Part-Time Workers

The number of persons in nonagricultural industries working less than 35 hour by choice rose from 5 million in 1956 to 7 million in 1963. The annual gain in this period averaged 300,000 (almost as large as the 350,000 increase for full-time work. The year-to-year gain in voluntary part time amounted to a phenomenal 5 percent; in contrast, full-time employment rose less than 1 percent a year. The large increase in voluntary part time over the 1956-63 period raised this component from 8.7 to 11. percent of total nonagricultural employment. On the other hand, full-time employment increased only slightly and, as the tabulation on the next page shows, fell as a proper tion of nonagricultural employment.

Substantial increases in part-time employment have continued since 1963, but there has not been the marked acceleration that was evident in full-time employment Voluntary part time grew by about 6 percent a year from 1963 to 1966, maintaining o



	Nonagricultural Employment (Percent distribution)					
Full- or part-time status	1966	1963	1956			
Employed, total	100.0	100.0	100.0			
On full-time schedules	81.9	81.4	84.8			
On part time for economic reasons	2.4	3.5	3.2			
On part time for voluntary reasons	12.3	11.3	8.7			
With a job but not at work	3.4	3.8	3.3			

perhaps slightly increasing its long-term growth rate. Although there was a sharp jump in part-time employment from early 1965 to early 1966 (800,000), it is unlikely that increases of that size will be maintained. Voluntary part time has moved up steadily throughout the postwar period, but, as chart A indicates, the short-run increases have been somewhat uneven. After rising sharply in early 1964, part-time employment declined slightly and then remained about level until mid-1965 when it moved upward very strongly.

Age and Sex. Throughout most of the postwar period, voluntary part-time workers have increased as a proportion of nonfarm employment, except among men in the central age groups. However, the recent advance in full-time employment has halted the rising proportion of part-time work in all age groups except teenagers. The number of teenagers on voluntary part time shot up from 2.1 million in 1963 to almost 3.0 million in 1966. Virtually all of the job gain for 14-17 year-olds was in part-time, and by early 1966 voluntary part time accounted for almost 90 percent of total employment in this age group. Part-time employment has also moved up sharply for 18-19 year-olds (especially boys) since 1963--reflecting the increased tendency of these young people to remain in school.

Adult women accounted for approximately 400,000 of the 1.4 million rise in voluntary part time from 1963 to 1966, with most of the increase coming in the 25-64 age category. On the other hand, among 20-24 year-old women and those age 65 and over, the rise was small and part-time actually declined as a proportion of total employment. These declines reversed long-term trends--underlining again the intensity of the demand for full-time workers. Women at the younger and older ends of the age scale, who are relatively freer of home and family responsibilities, have made the largest proportionate increases in full-time employment since 1963.

Very few adult men in the central age groups work less than 35 hours by choice. Less than 2 percent of the employed 25-64 year-old males are voluntary part-time workers; the proportion in this group remained constant from 1963 to 1966. There was a small increase in part-time employment for 20-24 year-old men. For men 65 and over, however, there has been virtually no increase in part time since 1963. The proportion of older men on part time showed a marked rise during the 1950's and early 1960's but has remained stable for the past 3 years.

Industry and Occupation. The long-run employment growth in the service-producing sector continued from 1963 to 1966. Approximately one-fifth of the wage and salary workers in trade and services regularly work part time by choice. These industries accounted for almost four-fifths of the 1.4 million rise in voluntary part-time employment since 1963.

Voluntary part-time work is most prevalent in the less skilled occupation groups. Over half of all private household workers are voluntarily on short workweeks. Total employment in this occupation has shown little change in the last few years and the number on part time has also remained constant. Approximately one-fourth of the employed salesworkers and service workers except domestics work part time by choice. These two occupations together accounted for about 500,000 of the 1963-66 pickup in voluntary part time. At the same time, part time rose sharply among

clerical workers (400,000) and unskilled laborers (100,000).

Between 1965 and 1966 voluntary part-time employment advanced by about 175,000 among semiskilled operatives. In the previous two years, total employment for operatives had moved up strongly but all of that gain was in full-time jobs. The recent part-time increase for operatives is the only development that suggests part-time workers are being utilized in traditionally full-time jobs. However, at the present time, it is difficult to determine whether this increase foreshadows a new trend or is merely a temporary phenomenon. There is little other evidence to indicate that part-time workers have made significant inroads in normally full-time employment. Since 1963, most of the increase in part-time employment has occurred in the trade and service industries and in the occupations where part-time workers historically have been most concentrated.

#### Involuntary Part-Time Workers

The 1963-66 pickup in full-time employment was accompanied by a sharp drop in the number of persons on part time for economic reasons. This component of the employed, often referred to as underemployed, fluctuates sharply with changes in the business cycle. For example, during the 1958 and 1961 recessions more than 3 million nonagricultural workers were on economic part time. The number was down to 2.2 million by early 1963 and had fallen to 1,650,000 by the first quarter of 1966.

There are two major groups of economic part-time workers--both of roughly similar size. One group consists of persons who "usually work full time" but are limited to part time because of slack work, material shortages, or repairs to plant and equipment. Also included are regular full-time workers whose job ended or began during the survey week. Persons who "usually work full time" but are on part time for economic reasons are concentrated in manufacturing and construction; adult men account for more than half of this group.

The second group is those who "usually work part time" for economic reasons. This group consists primarily of persons who regularly work part time because they

Table 3. Number of Nonagricultural Workers on Part Time for Economic Reasons, by Usual Hours, Age, Sex and Color, First Quarter Averages 1963 and 1966
(In thousands)

		1966		1963				
Characteristics	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Total	Usually work full time	Usually work part time		
Age and sex Total, all workers Men, 20 years	1,645	889	756	2,207	1,067	1,140		
and over	751	503	248	1,096	644	452		
and over Both sexes,	732	310	422	931	362	569		
14-19 years	163	76	87	181	62	119		
Color Total, all workers White Nonwhite	1,645 1,188 457	889 734 155	756 454 302	2,207 1,594 613	1,067 900 167	1,140 694 446		

are unable to find full-time work. It also includes some people who used to work full time but have been on short hours for so long that they cannot say they usually work full time. Women and teenagers currently account for about two-thirds of the "usually work part time" group.

The number of persons working part time for economic reasons fell by about 550,000 or 25 percent between 1963 and 1966. This reduction reflected the increased demand for full-time manpower, particularly in the goods-producing industries. In the recovery period following the 1961 recession, more than half of the decrease in economic part time occurred among those "usually on full time." However, in the 1963-66 period, two-thirds of the drop was among "usually part-time" workers (table 3). The latter group, where women predominate, is normally slower to react to overall changes in the level of economic activity.

"Slack work" and "no full-time work available" are the reasons given by the vast majority of persons on economic part time. The number reporting these two reasons has dropped by about 30 percent since 1963. On the other hand, as the economy operates at higher levels of capacity, other reasons for economic part time become more prevalent. In the last 3 years there has been a small increase in the number of persons reporting short workweeks because of material shortages, repairs to plant and equipment, and the start or end of a job during the survey week.

Nonagricultural Workers on Economic Part Time (In thousands)

Reason	1966	1963	1963-66 change	
Total, all reasons	1,645	2,207	-562	
Slack work	781	1,104	-323	
No full-time work available	604	882	-278	
Material shortages, repairs, and				
job terminated or started	260	221	39	

Negro workers, who are concentrated disproportionately among the unemployed, are even harder hit by underemployment. In the first quarter of 1966, Negro workers made up ll percent of the labor force, 2l percent of the unemployed, and 28 percent of those on economic part time. Negroes represent about one-sixth of the "usual full-time" workers, but they account for fully 40 percent of those on economic part time who "usually work part time." Since the latter group consists primarily of persons unable to find full-time work, it is an additional measure of the great disadvantage still facing Negro workers. The above proportions remained constant between 1963 and 1966.

The high proportion of Negro workers on short hours for economic reasons partly reflects their concentration in low-skilled jobs. Involuntary part time constitutes a relatively large part of total employment among domestics and unskilled laborers where Negro employment is disproportionately heavy. However, the proportion of Negro workers on economic part time is higher than for white workers in almost every major industry division. It is probable that underemployment is more

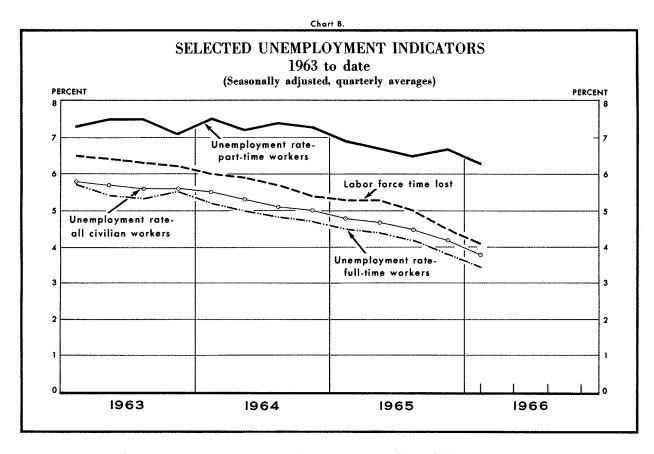
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Statistics for all nonwhite persons are used to depict the employment situation for Negroes. Negroes represent about 92 percent of all nonwhites in the United States.

common among Negroes than whites at all skill levels.

#### Unemployment Developments

The 1963-66 acceleration in full-time employment was reflected in a steady and substantial fall in the number of unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. Full-time workers tend to benefit first from increased demands for labor because they are concentrated in the goods-producing industries where employment responds quickly to rising orders and production. However, during a sustained period of high employment demand, part-time workers also benefit. The unemployment rate for part-time workers (seasonally adjusted), which remained high and virtually unchanged during 1963 and 1964, has declined gradually, but unevenly, since late 1964.

Full-Time Workers. The number of unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs dropped by 1.6 million or nearly 40 percent between 1963 and 1966. Moreover, the decreased accelerated from about 400,000 per year in the 1963-65 period to 800,000 in the last year. The unemployment rate for full-time workers (seasonally adjusted) has moved sharply and steadily downward since 1963--closely paralleling the decline in the total unemployment rate (chart B). All of the drop in total unemployment in the past three years has taken place among persons seeking full-time work.



As would be expected, the unemployment rate for adult men was the first to respond to the increased pace of economic activity. It declined steadily from 5.9 percent in early 1963 to 3.3 percent in 1966 (not seasonally adjusted). The rate for adult women did not start down until 1964, but it has fallen consistently since then. On the other hand, full-time employment for teenagers was virtually unchanged from 1963 to 1965, and their jobless rate remained close to 20 percent. However, there was a strong advance in full-time employment for 14-19 year-olds in the past year,

and the unemployment rate was cut to 14 percent (table 4). The full-time rate for adult men, which began to decline before the rates for women and teenagers, showed the largest relative improvement in the 1963-66 period. However, as the available pool of unemployed adult men dwindled, employers turned increasingly to adult women and teenagers, and the full-time unemployment rates for these two groups improved markedly.

Table 4. Unemployment Rates for Full- and Part-Time Workers, First Quarter Averages 1963-66

Age and sex	1966	1965	1964	1963 <sup>1</sup> /
Full time Total unemployed (in thousands). Rate	2,546 3.9 3.3 4.0 13.7	3,358 5.2 4.4 5.2 19.1	3,791 6.0 5.1 6.3 19.8	4,128 <u>6.6</u> 5.9 6.1 21.6
Part time Total unemployed (in thousands). Rate Men, 20 years and over Women, 20 years and over Both sexes, 14-19 years	615 6.2 5.3 3.8 9.6	626 6.8 5.9 4.7 10.5	673 7.4 7.8 4.8 10.8	635 7.2 8.6 4.6 10.4

1/ Part-time data are February-March averages.

Part-Time Workers. The expansion in part-time employment since 1963 has been sufficient to keep pace with labor force growth but was not large enough to reduce unemployment. The number of unemployed persons seeking part-time jobs has fluctuated between 600,000 and 700,000, while the number looking for full-time has dropped substantially. As a result, part-time jobseekers rose from 13 percent of all unemployed persons in 1963 to 19 percent in 1966. The uptrend in the proportion seeking part-time jobs, evident throughout the postwar period, has accelerated since 1963, along with the sharp rise in the number of young workers in the population.

Although part-time unemployment has remained about constant since 1963, the large employment increase resulted in a slight reduction in the unemployment rate. Throughout 1963 and 1964, the seasonally adjusted rate for part-time workers remained above 7 percent. However, it began to move downward unevenly in early 1965 and reached 6.3 percent by the first quarter of 1966.

Adult women and teenagers together represent more than four-fifths of the part-time labor force and they accounted for most of the past year's drop in the part-time unemployment rate. In early 1966, there were less than 1.7 million adult men in the part-time labor force and only 90,000 of them were unemployed. Therefore, although the part-time unemployment rate for men is higher than the full-time rate, it represents only a small number of workers. On the other hand, 350,000 or nearly half of the unemployed teenagers in 1966 were looking for part-time jobs. While the rate for teenagers seeking part-time work declined slightly in 1966, it was still about twice as high as the part-time rate for adults. Approximately 175,000 unemployed adult women were looking for part-time work in 1966, and their rate was below 4 percent for the first time.

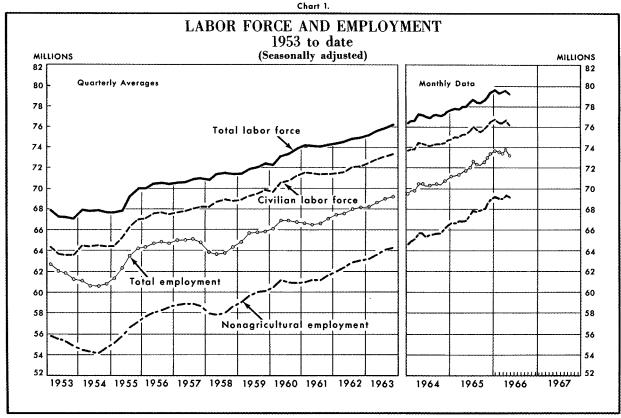
From 1963 to 1965, the unemployment rates for women and teenagers seeking part-time work were substantially lower than their respective full-time rates. Although this relationship still obtains today, the recent upsurge in full-time jobs has reduced markedly the difference between the full- and part-time unemployment rates for the two groups. In fact, for adult women, the two rates were very nearly equal in early 1966.

Labor Force Time Lost. In order to assess how well the Nation's available manpower is being utilized, it is necessary to consider the joint impact of unemployment and involuntary part-time employment. "Labor force time lost" provides such a comprehensive measure of manhours unutilized; it is expressed as a percent of manhours available. In computing labor force time lost it is assumed that: 1) unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, 2) those looking for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers, and 3) persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the number of hours they actually worked. In effect, this ratio measures the extent to which the Nation's labor force is being underutilized—in terms of manhours, not individuals. On the other hand, the unemployment rate is simply the number of unemployed persons (no distinction being made between those seeking full-time and those seeking part-time jobs) divided by the civilian labor force.

Labor force time lost has declined steadily since early 1963 and has gradually moved closer to the total unemployment rate (chart B). In the past, labor force time lost had remained above the unemployment rate because the hours lost by workers on economic part time more than offset the lesser weight carried by persons seeking part-time work. However, with the accelerated decline in economic part-time work and the increasing proportion of part-time jobseekers among the unemployed, the difference between the two series has narrowed significantly. If these trends continue, labor force time lost could move below the unemployment rate.

Labor force time lost fell from 7.3 percent in 1963 to 4.6 percent in 1966. The corollary of this movement was an increase in the proportion of manhours utilized from 92.7 to 95.4 percent. By disaggregating labor force time lost, it is possible to estimate how much of the 1963-66 improvement was attributable to each of the various components. Not surprisingly, the greatest part of the improvement (about 70 percent) came from the sharp drop in the number of persons seeking full-time jobs. Another 17 percent was attributable to the employment increase, and about 12 percent was due to the reduction in economic part time. The small changes in the number seeking part-time employment and in average hours worked had virtually no impact on labor force time lost.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Manhours lost by persons on economic part time (not included in the unemployment rate) operate to increase labor force time lost relative to the unemployment rate. On the other hand, part-time jobseekers have less weight in labor force time lost than in the unemployment rate, and this operates to lower labor force time lost relative to the jobless rate.



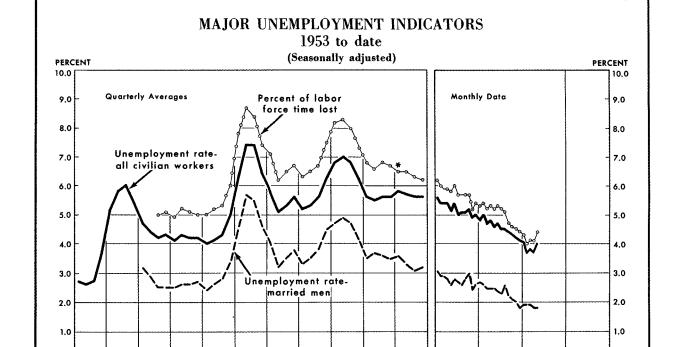


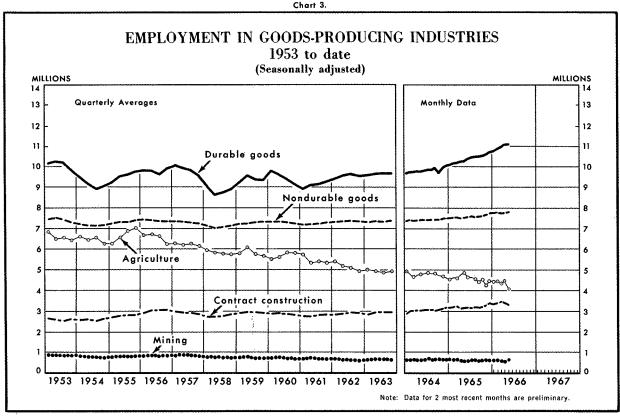
Chart 2.

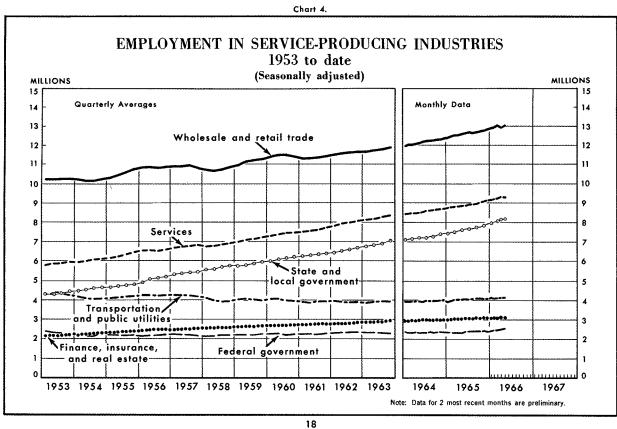
# Series revised beginning 1963 to reflect whether unemployed persons sought full-or part-time jobs.

1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963

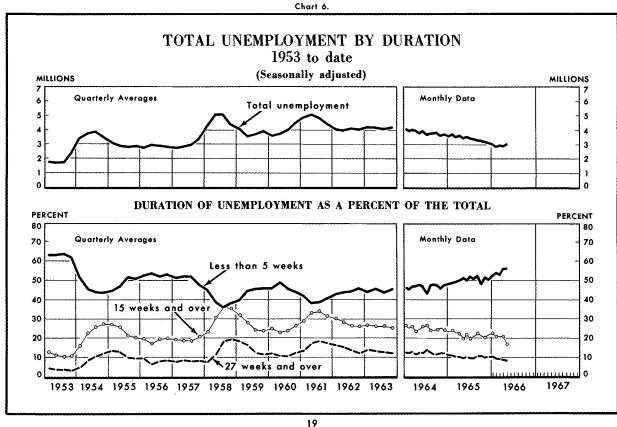
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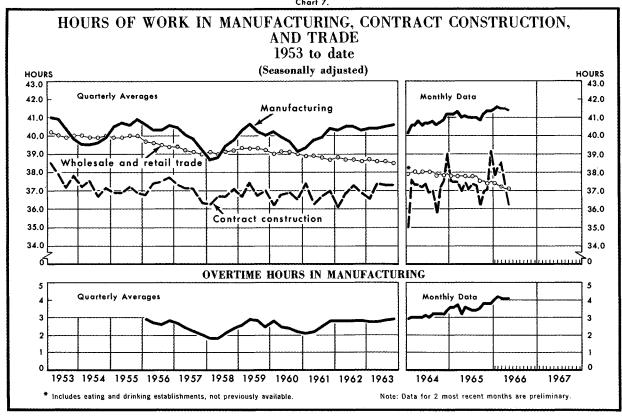
1967

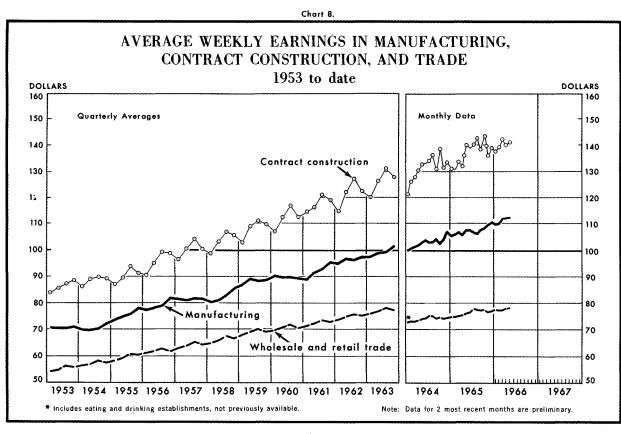


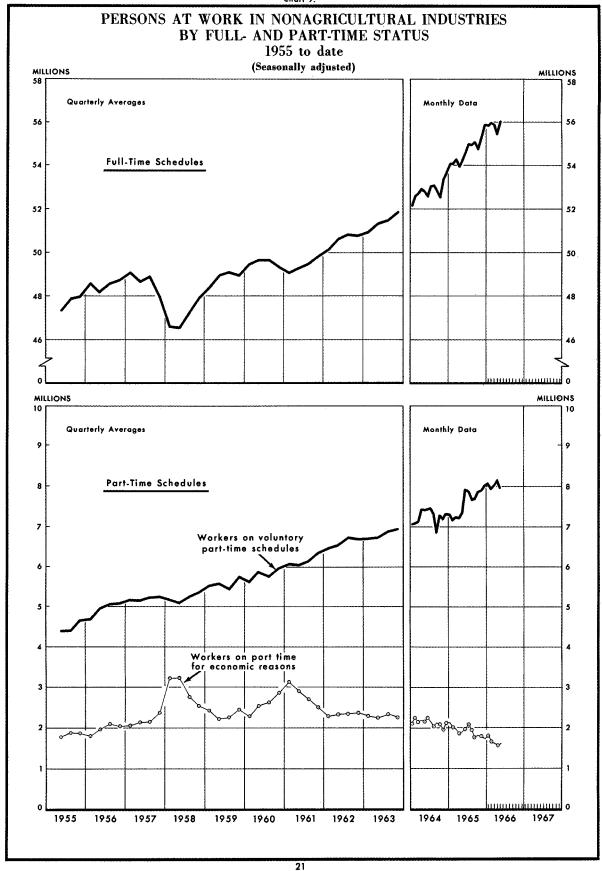


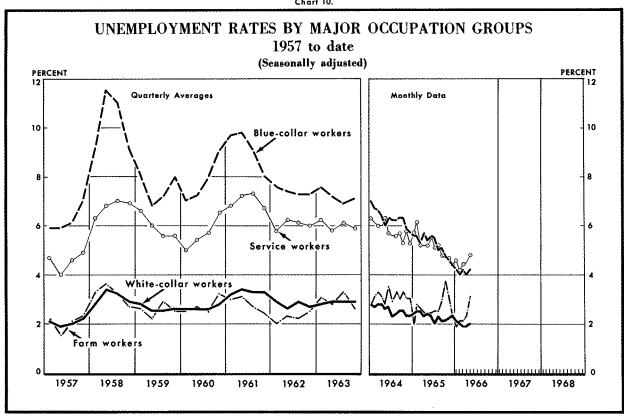












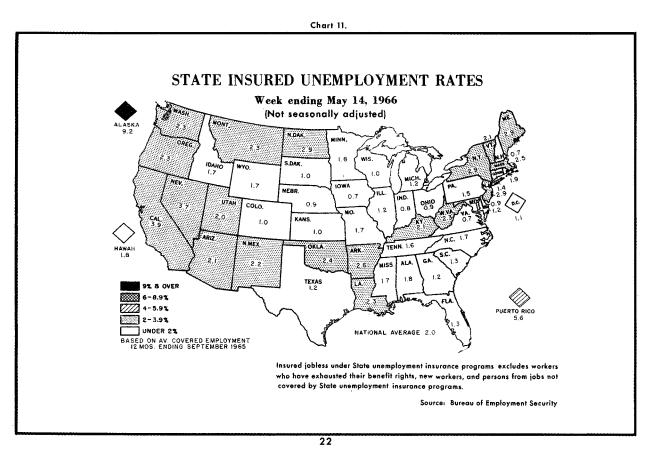


Table A-1: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, 1929 to date

(In thousands)

	,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Civ	lian labor forc				<del> </del>
		Total labor force			Γ	Unemployed 1			1		
	Total noninsti-		Percent	1		Employed 1	Nonagri-		Percent of labor force		Not in
Year and month	tutional popula- tion	Number	of popula- tion	Total	Total	Agri- culture	cultural indus- tries	Number	Not season- ally adjusted	Season- ally adjusted	labor force
1929	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	49,440 50,080 50,680 51,250 51,840	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	49,180 49,820 50,420 51,000 51,590	47,630 45,480 42,400 38,940 38,760	10,450 10,340 10,290 10,170 10,090	37,180 35,140 32,110 28,770 28,670	1,550 4,340 8,020 12,060 12,830	3.2 8.7 15.9 23.6 24.9	-	(2) (2) (2) (2)
1934	(2) (2) (2) (2)	52,490 53,140 53,740 54,320 54,950	(2) (2) (2) (2)	52,230 52,870 53,440 54,000 54,610	40,890 42,260 44,410 46,300 44,220	9,900 10,110 10,000 9,820 9,690	30,990 32,150 34,410 36,480 34,530	11,340 10,610 9,030 7,700 10,390	21.7 20.1 16.9 14.3 19.0	-	(S) (S) (S) (S)
1939 1940 1941 1942	(2) 100,380 101,520 102,610 103,660	55,600 56,180 57,530 60,380 64,560	(2) 56.0 56.7 58.8 62.3	55,230 55,640 55,910 56,410 55,540	45,750 47,520 50,350 53,750 54,470	9,610 9,540 9,100 9,250 9,080	36,140 37,980 41,250 44,500 45,390	9,480 8,120 5,560 2,660 1,070	17.2 14.6 9.9 4.7 1.9	-	(2) 44,200 43,990 42,230 39,100
1944 1945 1946 1947	104,630 105,530 106,520 107,608 108,632	66,040 65,300 60,970 61,758 62,898	63.1 61.9 57.2 57.4 57.9	54,630 53,860 57,520 60,168 61,442	53,960 52,820 55,250 57,812 59,117	8,950 8,580 8,320 8,256 7,960	45,010 44,240 46,930 49,557 51,156	670 1,040 2,270 2,356 2,325	1.2 1.9 3.9 3.9 3.8	- - -	38,590 40,230 45,550 45,850 45,733
1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 <sup>3</sup>	109,773 110,929 112,075 113,270 115,094	63,721 64,749 65,983 66,560 67,362	58.0 58.4 58.9 58.8 58.5	62,105 63,099 62,884 62,966 63,815	58,423 59,748 60,784 61,035 61,945	8,017 7,497 7,048 6,792 6,555	50,406 52,251 53,736 54,243 55,390	3,682 3,351 2,099 1,932 1,870	5.9 5.3 3.3 3.1 2.9	-	46,051 46,181 46,092 46,710 47,732
1954	116,219 117,388 118,734 120,445 121,950	67,818 68,896 70,387 70,744 71,284	58.4 58.7 59.3 58.7 58.5	64,468 65,848 67,530 67,946 68,647	60,890 62,944 64,708 65,011 63,966	6,495 6,718 6,572 6,222 5,844	54,395 56,225 58,135 58,789 58,122	3,578 2,904 2,822 2,936 4,681	5.6 4.4 4.2 4.3 6.8	-	48,401 48,492 48,348 49,699 50,666
1959	123,366 125,368 1 <b>27,852</b> 1 <b>30,08</b> 1 132,124 134,143 136,241	71,946 73,126 <b>74,175</b> 74,681 75,712 76,971 78,357	58.3 58.0 57.4 57.3 57.4 57.5	69,394 70,612 71,603 71,854 72,975 74,233 75,635	65,581 66,681 66,796 67,846 68,809 70,357 72,179	5,836 5,723 5,463 <b>5,190</b> 4,946 4,761 4,585	59,745 60,958 61,333 62,657 63,863 65,596 67,594	3,813 3,931 4,806 4,007 4,166 3,876 3,456	5.5 5.6 6.7 5.6 5.7 5.2 4.6	-	51,420 52,242 53,677 55,400 56,412 57,172 57,884
1965: May	135,982	78,425	57.7	75,741	72,407	5,128	67,278	3,335	4.4	4.6	57,556
September October November December	136,670 136,862 137,043 137,226	78,044 78,713 78,598 78,477	57.1 57.5 57.4 57.2	75,321 75,953 75,803 75,636	72,446 73,196 72,837 72,749	4,778 4,954 4,128 3,645	67,668 68,242 68,709 69,103	2,875 2,757 2,966 2,888	3.8 3.6 3.9 3.8	4.4 4.3 4.2 4.1	58,626 58,149 58,445 58,749
1966: January February March April	137,394 137,562 137,741 137,908 138,100	77,409 77,632 78,034 78,914 79, <b>7</b> 51	56.3 56.4 56.7 57.2 57.7	74,519 74,708 75,060 75,906 76,706	71,229 71,551 72,023 73,105 73,764	3,577 3,612 3,780 4,204 4,292	67,652 67,939 68,244 68,900 69,472	3,290 3,158 3,037 2,802 2,942	4.4 4.2 4.0 3.7 3.8	4.0 3.7 3.8 3.7 4.0	59,985 59,930 59,707 58,994 58,349

Data for 1947-56 adjusted to reflect changes in the definition of employment and unemployment adopted in January 1957. Two groups averaging about one-quarter million workers which were formerly classified as employed (with a job but not at work)—those on temporary layoff and those waiting to start new wage and salary jobs within 30 days—were assigned to different classifications, mostly to the unemployed. Data by sex, shown in table A-2, were adjusted for the years 1948-56.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Beginning 1953, labor force and employment figures are not strictly comparable with previous years as a result of the introduction of material from the 1950 Census into the estimating procedure. Population levels were raised by about 600,000; labor force, total employment, and agricultural employment by about 350,000, primarily affecting the figures for total and males. Other categories were relatively unaffected.

Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1900 and are therefore not strictly comparable with previous years. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of about half a million in the noninstitutional population 14 years of age and over, and about 300,000 in the labor force, four-fifths of this in nonagricultural employment. The levels of other labor force categories were not appreciably changed.

labor force categories were not appreciably changed.

Figures for periods prior to April 1962 are not strictly comparable with current data because of the introduction of 1960 Census data into the estimation procedure. The change primarily affected the labor force and employment totala, which were reduced by about 200,000. The unemployment totala were virtually unchanged.

NOTE: Data for 1929-39 based on sources other than direct enumeration.

Table A-2: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, by sex, 1940, 1944, and 1947 to date

(In thousands)

Treat		Υ	r———		\	43811437	Civ	ilian labor forc	e			T
Set, year, and month   colorate   popular			Total lab	or force						Inemployed I		1
Total   Popular claims   Popular claim				T	1	<del></del>		[	<del> </del>			Not in
Name   Propulse   Color   Co	San wase and month								1	labor	force	
MALE   1940	Sex, year, and motor		Number	1	Total	Total			Number		Season-	force
MALE   1900   \$4,000   \$3.9   \$1,100   \$35,500   \$27,100   \$5,900   \$1.3   \$-\$ \$8,000   \$1.944   \$1.940   \$1.940   \$45,670   \$8.6   \$1.5,600   \$35,100   \$7,000   \$25,000   \$3.5   \$1.0   \$-\$ \$3.100   \$1.0   \$-\$ \$3.100   \$1.0   \$-\$ \$3.100   \$1.0   \$-\$ \$3.100   \$1.0   \$-\$ \$3.100   \$1.0   \$-\$ \$3.100   \$1.0   \$-\$ \$3.100   \$1.941   \$1.940		tion	•				cattate	4				1
1944. 131.980 ks, pro 80.83 y 14.180 35,550 8,450 27,100 5,900 13-3 - 8,060 1944. 131.980 ks, pro 80.83 31,450 35,150 71,023 286,020 330 1.07 - \$3,100 1944. 131.980 ks, pro 180.83 11.96 1.07 - \$3,100 1944. 131.980 131.03 1.07 - \$3,100 1944. 131.980 131.03 1.07 - \$3,100 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.0				l					]	adjusted	adjusted	1
1944. 131.980 ks, pro 80.83 y 14.180 35,550 8,450 27,100 5,900 13-3 - 8,060 1944. 131.980 ks, pro 80.83 31,450 35,150 71,023 286,020 330 1.07 - \$3,100 1944. 131.980 ks, pro 180.83 11.96 1.07 - \$3,100 1944. 131.980 131.03 1.07 - \$3,100 1944. 131.980 131.03 1.07 - \$3,100 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.07 1.07 1944. 131.03 1.0	MAIF	i										
1951	1000	50-080	42.020	83.9	41.480	35,550	8,450	27.100	5,930	14.3	-	8,060
1951	1944	51.980		89.8		35,110	7,020	28,090			-	5,310
1951	1947	53,085		84.5	43,272		6,953	34,725	1,595	3.7	Į.	
1951	1948	53,513	45,300	84.7			6,623	35,645	1,590			8,213
1951. \$9,906 \$4,601 \$4.9,9 \$13,612 \$4.2,962 \$1,620 \$5,702 \$45,701 \$1,220 \$2.9 \$-\$8,220 \$1,501 \$2.5 \$2.5 \$2.5 \$2.5 \$2.5 \$2.5 \$2.5 \$2.5	1949	54,020	45,614	84.5				35,891	2,280		1	8.457
1952	1951	54.996	46.674	84.9	43.612	42,362	5.791	36,571	1,250		1	
1992	1952	55,503	47,001	84.7	43,454	42,237	5.623	36,614	1,217	2.8	-	
1992	1953 <sup>2</sup>	56,534	47,692				5,496	37,470	1,228		-	
1956. 95,041 46,579 83.7 45,756 43,999 5,268 38,731 1,773 3.8 - 9,465 1957 55,83 14,640 82.7 45,862 34,399 5,268 38,731 1,755 4.8 1.1 10,164 1958 50,5476 146,602 82.7 46,197 43,002 4,602 38,602 1,083 4,1 - 10,164 1959 60.3 60,100 40,002 80.7 46,762 44,602 38,603 5,155 6.8 - 110,167 1959 60.3 60,100 40,002 80.7 46,762 44,602 38,603 5,155 6.8 - 110,167 1959 60.3 60,100 40,	1954	57,016	47,847		144,537	42,165	5,429	36,736	1 880	5.3	-	
1996	1955	58 Old	18.579		45.756	113 000	5.268	38,731	1,757		ı	
1958.	1957	58.813	48.649		45.882	43,990	5.037	38,952	1,893		-	
1969   60,100   49,027   81,2   47,025   47,025   47,025   33,940   2,473   5,3   - 11,403   1961   50,100   49,027   81,2   47,025   41,405   4,676   33,957   2,431   5,635   - 11,403   1962   62,147   49,918   80,3   47,371   44,405   4,506   33,957   3,505   5,3   - 11,403   1962   62,147   49,918   80,3   47,371   44,405   4,506   44,409   2,537   5,3   - 11,403   1963   64,105   51,118   78.6   46,407   44,109   4,608   44,409   2,537   5,3   - 13,590   1964   66,027   31,705   78.3   49,014   47,034   3,789   43,304   1,980   4.0   - 13,590   1965   May   65,893   51,908   78.8   49,255   47,314   4,098   43,204   1,981   3,98   4.0   - 11,329   1965   May   66,225   51,398   77.6   48,706   47,129   3,763   43,436   1,567   3.1   3.9   4.2   13,685   1966   January   66,503   50,778   76.3   48,706   47,129   3,763   43,436   1,567   3.0   3.9   14,837   1966   January   66,503   50,778   76.3   48,904   46,615   3,100   41,509   1,763   3.6   15,405   1966   January   66,503   50,911   76.4   48,021   46,112   3,098   42,803   1,963   3.1   3.4   15,765   1967   January   66,503   50,917   76.4   48,021   46,112   3,098   42,803   1,963   3.1   3.4   15,765   1968   May   66,679   52,178   76.3   48,124   48,	1958	59,478	48,802		46,197	43,042	1 4,802	38,240	3,155		-	10,677
1965: May.   65,893   51,908   78.8   49,255   47,314   4,098   43,216   1,941   3.9   4.2   13,985	1050	1 60 100			46,562	44,089	4,749	39,340	2,473		1	
1965: May.   65,893   51,908   78.8   49,255   47,314   4,098   43,216   1,941   3.9   4.2   13,985	1960 3	61,000	49,507		17 278	hh 318	1,508	39,007	3.060		1	
1965: May.   65,893   51,908   78.8   49,255   47,314   4,098   43,216   1,941   3.9   4.2   13,985	1062 4	63.234	50-175		47,380	44.892	4,266	40.626	2.488			
1965: May.   65,893   51,908   78.8   49,255   47,314   4,098   43,216   1,941   3.9   4.2   13,985	1963	64.163	50.573	78.8	47,867	45,330	4,021	41.309	2,537		-	
1965: May.   65,893   51,908   78.8   49,255   47,314   4,098   43,216   1,941   3.9   4.2   13,985	1964	65,065		78.6	48,410	46,139	3,884	42,255			-	13,947
1965: May.   65,893   51,908   78.8   49,255   47,314   4,098   43,216   1,941   3.9   4.2   13,985	1965	66,027	51,705	78.3	49,014	47,034	3,729	43,304	1,980	4.0	-	14,322
October 66,322 \$1,461 77.6 \$48,753 \$1,720 \$3,835 \$15,165 \$1,162 \$3.0 \$3.0 \$3.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1			51,908	78.8	49,255	47,314	4,098	43,216	1,941	3.9	4.2	13,985
October 66,322 \$1,461 77.6 \$48,753 \$1,720 \$3,835 \$15,165 \$1,162 \$3.0 \$3.0 \$3.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.0 \$1	September	66,235	51.398	77.6	48,706	47,199	3.763	ha ha6	1 507	2.1	20	11. 827
Rovember			51,481			47,290		43,456				
1966: January. 66,638 50,718 76.3 47,922 45,959 3,069 42,890 1,786 3.6 3.5 15,340  1968: January. 66,638 50,918 76.4 48,021 46,112 3,098 43,014 1,909 4.0 3.2 15,787  Pebruary. 66,638 50,918 76.7 48,021 46,112 3,098 43,014 1,909 4.0 3.2 15,787  March. 66,718 51,180 76.7 48,773 47,217 3,533 43,664 1,847 3.8 3.4 15,539  April. 66,79 52,135 78.0 49,123 47,586 3,496 44,090 1,537 3.1 3.3 11,744  FEMALE  1940. 50,300 14,160 28.2 14,160 11,970 10,680 2,190 15.5 - 35,140 1947 52,650 19,370 36.8 19,170 18,830 1,930 16,985 320 1.7 - 33,280 1948 55,118 17,599 31.9 17,583 16,348 1,348 1,596 547 3.2 - 37,698 1948 55,118 17,599 31.9 17,583 16,348 1,328 15,510 735 4.1 - 37,520 1948 55,148 17,599 31.9 17,583 16,048 1,328 15,510 735 4.1 - 37,520 1949 1949 1949 1949 1949 1949 1949 194					48,438	46,910	3,351	43,559	1,528		3.6	
Pebruary 66,638 50,911 76.4 18,220 16,112 3,098 13,011 1,999 14.0 3.2 15,727 March. 66,718 51,180 76.7 18,240 14,393 3,225 143,161 1,999 14.0 3.2 15,727 March. 66,792 51,748 77.5 18,773 147,586 3,496 14,593 13,23 143,664 1,555 3.2 3.1 15,014 14,016 14,090 1,537 3.1 3.3 11,744 15.539 March. 66,879 52,135 78.0 14,160 11,970 1,090 10,880 2,190 15.5 - 36,140 1944. 52,650 19,370 36.8 19,170 18,830 1,930 16,980 320 1.77 - 33,280 1947. 58.6 1948. 55,118 17,599 31.9 17,583 16,348 1,550 735 14.1 - 37,608 1948. 55,118 17,599 31.9 17,583 16,348 1,5510 735 14.1 - 37,608 1948. 55,118 17,599 31.9 17,583 16,348 1,5510 735 14.1 - 37,520 1949. 55,748 19,309 33.8 19,272 18,821 1,257 17,164 18,386 1,5510 735 14.1 - 37,720 1950. 56,404 18,680 33.1 18,657 17,584 1,226 16,388 1,073 5.8 - 37,724 1951. 57,078 19,309 33.8 19,272 18,821 1,277 17,164 18,173 5.8 - 37,724 1951. 57,078 19,309 33.8 19,272 18,821 1,277 17,164 18,31 1,073 5.8 - 37,724 1951. 57,078 19,309 33.8 19,272 18,821 1,277 17,164 18,31 1,073 5.8 - 37,724 1951. 57,078 19,509 31.9 19,513 18,798 1,161 17,628 17,528 6.2 37,724 1951. 57,078 19,509 31.8 19,272 18,821 1,277 17,164 18,33 1.4 1,073 5.8 - 37,724 1951. 59,203 19,971 33.7 19,931 18,724 1,061 17,628 17,538 6.2 37,724 1951. 59,203 19,971 33.7 19,931 18,724 1,061 17,628 17,538 6.2 37,724 1951. 59,203 19,971 33.7 19,931 18,724 1,062 17,657 1,207 6.1 - 39,222 1955. 59,203 19,971 33.7 19,201 18,724 1,042 19,832 1,043 4.7 - 39,535 1956. 66,630 21,808 35.9 21,774 20,707 1,306 19,401 1,067 4.9 - 38,683 1957. 61,632 22,997 35.9 22,064 21,021 1,124 19,837 1,043 4.7 - 39,535 1956. 66,630 21,808 35.9 21,774 2,954 92.1 2,951 1,042 19,832 1,536 6.8 - 39,999 1,050 3 61,368 23,609 36.7 2,586 22,477 22,486 25,590 1,047 1,048 1,	December	66,489	51,148	76.9	48,340	46,615	3,106	43,509	1,726	3.6	3.5	
Pebruary   66,538   50,911   76.4   48,021   46,112   3,098   43,014   1,899   4.0   3.2   15,727   48,711   66,792   51,748   77.5   48,773   47,217   3,533   43,684   1,556   3.2   3.1   15,044   48,040   44,090   1,537   3.1   3.3   11,744   48,040   44,090   1,537   3.1   3.3   11,744   48,040   44,090   1,537   3.1   3.3   11,744   48,040   44,090   1,537   3.1   3.3   11,744   48,040   44,090   1,537   3.1   3.3   11,744   48,040   44,090   1,537   3.1   3.3   11,744   48,040   44,090   1,537   3.1   3.3   11,744   48,040   48,04						45,959	3,069	42,890	1.963	4.1	3.4	15,785
April. 66,792 51,748 177.5 48,720 46,393 3,225 43,168 1,556 3.2 3.1 15,044 May. 66,879 52,135 78.0 49,123 47,586 3,496 44,090 1,537 3.1 3.3 11,744 FEMALE  1940. 50,300 14,160 28.2 14,160 11,970 1,090 10,880 2,130 15.5 - 36,140 1944. 52,660 19,370 36.8 19,170 18,630 1,930 16,920 320 1.7 - 33,280 1947. 54,523 16,915 31.0 16,686 16,349 1,314 15,036 547 3.2 37,6208 1948. 55,118 17,599 31.9 17,583 16,348 1,338 15,510 735 4.1 - 37,520 1949. 55,745 18,046 32.4 18,030 16,947 1,386 15,561 1,083 6.0 - 37,620 1949. 55,745 18,046 32.4 18,030 16,947 1,386 15,561 1,083 6.0 - 37,620 1949. 57,766 19,359 33.9 19,513 18,798 1,170 17,684 851 4.4 - 37,770 1950. 57,078 19,309 33.8 19,272 18,781 1,226 16,389 1,073 5.8 - 37,774 1951. 57,078 19,309 33.8 19,272 18,781 1,757 17,684 851 4.4 - 37,770 1952. 57,766 19,558 33.9 19,513 18,798 1,170 17,684 781 4.9 - 39,688 1953 2 58,551 19,668 33.6 19,621 18,799 1,661 17,918 642 3.3 - 38,893 1951. 59,203 19,971 33.7 19,931 18,779 1,661 17,938 642 3.3 - 38,893 1955. 59,203 19,971 33.7 19,931 18,779 1,661 17,938 642 3.3 - 38,893 1955. 59,203 19,971 33.7 19,931 18,779 1,661 17,938 642 3.3 - 38,893 1957. 61,632 22,097 35.9 22,774 20,707 1,306 19,403 1,067 4.9 - 39,062 1955. 59,904 20,882 34.8 20,806 19,790 1,051 1,067 4.9 - 39,062 1955. 59,904 20,882 34.8 20,806 19,790 1,051 1,067 4.9 - 39,062 1955. 60,690 21,808 35.9 21,774 20,707 1,306 19,403 1,067 4.9 - 39,052 1955. 60,690 21,808 35.9 21,774 20,707 1,306 19,403 1,067 4.9 - 39,052 1955. 60,690 21,808 35.9 21,774 20,707 1,306 19,403 1,067 4.9 - 39,052 1955. 60,690 21,808 35.9 21,774 20,707 1,306 19,403 1,067 4.9 - 39,052 1955. 60,690 21,808 35.9 21,774 20,707 1,306 19,403 1,067 4.9 - 39,052 1955. 60,690 21,808 35.9 21,774 20,707 1,306 19,403 1,067 4.9 - 39,052 1955. 60,690 21,808 35.9 21,774 20,707 1,306 19,403 1,067 4.9 - 39,052 1,055 1,050 1,05							3,098		1,909			15,727
FEMALE  1940.			51,180					43,168				15,539
FEMALE  1940.												15,044
1940. 50,300 14,160 28.2 14,160 11,970 10,830 2,190 15,55 - 36,140 1944. 52,650 19,370 36.8 19,170 18,830 1,930 16,920 320 1.7 - 33,280 1947. 52,523 16,925 31.0 16,896 16,349 1,314 15,036 547 3.2 - 37,608 1948. 55,128 17,599 31.9 17,583 16,348 1,338 15,510 735 4.1 - 37,697 1949. 55,745 18,048 32.4 18,030 16,947 1,386 15,551 1,083 6.0 - 37,697 1950. 56,404 18,680 33.1 18,657 17,584 1,226 16,389 1,073 5.8 - 37,774 1952. 57,076 19,399 33.8 19,272 18,421 1,257 17,164 851 4.4 - 37,777 1952. 57,766 19,558 33.9 19,913 18,798 1,170 17,628 71,5 3.7 - 38,208 1953 2 58,561 19,668 33.6 19,621 18,579 1,061 17,938 642 3.3 - 38,893 1954. 59,203 19,971 33.7 19,931 18,724 1,067 17,936 642 3.3 - 38,893 1954. 59,904 20,842 34.8 20,806 19,790 1,239 18,551 1,016 4.9 - 39,232 1955. 59,904 20,842 33.9 22,064 21,021 1,194 19,857 1,043 4.7 - 39,232 1957 61,632 22,097 35,9 22,064 21,021 1,194 19,857 1,043 4.7 - 39,535 1958 62,472 22,462 36.0 22,451 20,924 1,042 1,045 1,982 1,586 6.8 - 39,990 1959 62,472 22,462 36.0 22,451 20,924 1,040 1,045 1,340 5.9 - 40,401 1963 3 64,368 23,619 36.7 23,578 22,105 1,045 24 66,848 24,507 36.7 24,477 22,574 20,707 1,057 20,405 1,340 5.9 - 40,401 1963 3 66,646 37.8 24,257 36.9 24,225 22,478 955 21,523 1,747 7.2 - 41,448 1963 67,562 25,141 37.0 25,149 23,402 1,057 24,252 1,536 6.5 - 42,832 1965 May make a september 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,657 25,245 37.4 22,575 36.9 24,257 36.9 24,257 36.9 24,252 22,478 955 21,523 1,747 7.2 - 41,448 1963 67,562 25,141 37.0 25,149 23,141 1,057 24,229 1,368 5.1 5,33 43,788 1965 May make a september 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,657 25,246 1,015 24,252 1,368 5.1 1,366 5.1 5,33 43,788 1965 May make a september 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,657 25,965 1,119 24,766 1,295 4.8 5.2 43,306 November 70,638 27,339 38.8 27,359 22,165 25,145 37.0 25,159 25,145 37.0 25,159 25,145 37.0 25,159 25,145 37.0 25,159 25,145 37.0 25,159 25,145 37.0 25,159 25,145 37.0 25,159 25,159 1,129 24,766 1,295 4.8 5.2 43,306 November 70,638 27,398 38.8 27,365 25,965 11,119 24,766 1,295 4.8 5.2 43,306 November 70,638 27,399	·		)=,=3)	,010	+9,123	41,,000	3,490	44,090	2,931	3.7	3.3	14, /44
1944.	FEMALE	50.300	1), 160	28.2	14 160	13 070	1 000	10.890	2 100	15.5	_	26 1340
1947	10hb	52,650			19,170	18.850	1,030	16,920		1.7		33,280
1957	1947	54.523			16.896	16.349	1.314	15,036	547	3.2	-	37,608
1957	1948	55,118	17,599	31.9	17,583	16,348	เวราห	15,510	735		-	37,520
1957	1949	55,745	18,048			16,947	1,386	15,561	1,083		Ł.	37,697
1957	1950	57.078	19,309	33.8		18,304		1 17.164	851	7.0	ł .	37,770
1957	1952	57.766	19.558		19.513	18,798	1,170	17,628			L	l 38,208
1957	1953 <sup>2</sup>	58,561	19,668	33.6	19,621	18,979	1,061	17,918		3.3	-	38,893
1957	1954	59,203	19,971	33.7	19,931	18,724	1,067	17,657	1,207	6.1	1	39,232
1957	1955	59,904	20,042		20,000	19,790	1,239	10,00	1,010		3	39,002
1962 4 66,848 24,507 36.7 24,474 22,954 924 22,031 1,519 6.2 - 42,341 1963 67,962 25,141 37.0 25,109 23,479 925 22,554 1,629 6.5 - 42,341 1963 69,079 25,654 37.4 25,823 24,218 877 23,341 1,605 6.2 - 43,225 1965 70,215 26,653 38.0 26,621 25,145 856 24,289 1,476 5.5 - 43,262 1965 84y 70,089 26,517 37.8 26,486 25,093 1,031 24,062 1,393 5.3 5.4 43,572 8eptember 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,615 25,246 1,015 24,232 1,368 5.1 5.3 43,788 0ctober 70,538 27,231 38.6 27,200 25,905 1,119 24,786 1,295 4.8 5.2 43,306 November 70,638 27,398 38.8 27,365 25,926 777 25,149 1,438 5.3 5.4 43,240 December 70,638 27,398 38.6 27,296 26,134 539 25,595 1,162 4.3 5.1 43,408 1966 January 70,931 26,631 37.6 26,687 25,271 508 24,762 1,327 5.0 4.9 44,203 44,203 44,204 71,023 26,855 37.8 26,885 37.8 26,887 25,630 555 25,075 1,190 4.4 4.6 44,168	1957	61.632	22,097				1.184	19,837	1.043		1	
1962 4 66,848 24,507 36.7 24,474 22,954 924 22,031 1,519 6.2 - 42,341 1963 67,962 25,141 37.0 25,109 23,479 925 22,554 1,629 6.5 - 42,341 1963 69,079 25,654 37.4 25,823 24,218 877 23,341 1,605 6.2 - 43,225 1965 70,215 26,653 38.0 26,621 25,145 856 24,289 1,476 5.5 - 43,262 1965 84y 70,089 26,517 37.8 26,486 25,093 1,031 24,062 1,393 5.3 5.4 43,572 8eptember 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,615 25,246 1,015 24,232 1,368 5.1 5.3 43,788 0ctober 70,538 27,231 38.6 27,200 25,905 1,119 24,786 1,295 4.8 5.2 43,306 November 70,638 27,398 38.8 27,365 25,926 777 25,149 1,438 5.3 5.4 43,240 December 70,638 27,398 38.6 27,296 26,134 539 25,595 1,162 4.3 5.1 43,408 1966 January 70,931 26,631 37.6 26,687 25,271 508 24,762 1,327 5.0 4.9 44,203 44,203 44,204 71,023 26,855 37.8 26,885 37.8 26,887 25,630 555 25,075 1,190 4.4 4.6 44,168	1958	62,472	22.482	36.0	22,451		1 1.042	19,882		6.8		
1962 4 66,848 24,507 36.7 24,474 22,954 924 22,031 1,519 6.2 - 42,341 1963 67,962 25,141 37.0 25,109 23,479 925 22,554 1,629 6.5 - 42,341 1963 69,079 25,654 37.4 25,823 24,218 877 23,341 1,605 6.2 - 43,225 1965 70,215 26,653 38.0 26,621 25,145 856 24,289 1,476 5.5 - 43,262 1965 84y 70,089 26,517 37.8 26,486 25,093 1,031 24,062 1,393 5.3 5.4 43,572 8eptember 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,615 25,246 1,015 24,232 1,368 5.1 5.3 43,788 0ctober 70,538 27,231 38.6 27,200 25,905 1,119 24,786 1,295 4.8 5.2 43,306 November 70,638 27,398 38.8 27,365 25,926 777 25,149 1,438 5.3 5.4 43,240 December 70,638 27,398 38.6 27,296 26,134 539 25,595 1,162 4.3 5.1 43,408 1966 January 70,931 26,631 37.6 26,687 25,271 508 24,762 1,327 5.0 4.9 44,203 44,203 44,204 71,023 26,855 37.8 26,885 37.8 26,887 25,630 555 25,075 1,190 4.4 4.6 44,168	1959	63,265	22,865		22,832	21,492	1,087	20,405	1,340	5.9	-	40,401
1962 4	1960 3	65 705			23,587		1,045		1,390		-	40,749
1963		66.848			24,225		322				-	h2 3h1
1964	1963.		25.141			23,479		22,554	1.629		1	42.822
1965	1964	69,079	25,854		25,823	24,218	877	23,341	1,605	6.2	-	43,225
September 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,615 25,246 1,015 24,232 1,368 5.1 5.3 43,788 0ctober 70,538 27,231 38.6 27,200 25,905 1,119 24,786 1,295 4.8 5.2 43,306 November 70,638 27,398 38.8 27,365 25,926 777 25,149 1,438 5.3 5.4 43,240 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1		70,215	26,653	38.0	26,621	25,145	856	24,289		5.5	-	43,562
September 70,434 26,646 37.8 26,615 25,246 1,015 24,232 1,368 5.1 5.3 43,788 0ctober 70,538 27,231 38.6 27,200 25,905 1,119 24,786 1,295 4.8 5.2 43,306 November 70,737 27,329 38.8 27,396 26,134 539 25,595 1,162 4.3 5.1 43,240 70,737 27,329 38.6 27,296 26,134 539 25,595 1,162 4.3 5.1 43,408 1966: January 70,831 26,631 37.6 26,597 25,271 508 24,762 1,327 5.0 4.9 44,200 70,924 26,721 37.7 26,687 25,438 514 24,924 1,249 4.7 4.6 44,203 44,	1965: May			37.8		25,093	1,031	24,062	1,393	5.3	5.4	43,572
October			26,646	37.8	26,615	25,246	1,015	24,232	1,368	}	1	43.788
December 70,535 27,399 38.6 27,395 25,925 777 25,149 1,438 5.3 5.4 43,240 27,296 26,134 539 25,595 1,162 4.3 5.1 43,408 27,296 26,134 539 25,595 1,162 4.3 5.1 43,408 27,296		70,538	27,231	38.6	27,200	25,905	1,119	24,786	1,295	4.8	5.ž	43,306
1966: January 70,831 26,631 37.6 26,597 25,271 508 24,762 1,327 5.0 4.9 44,200 February 70,924 26,721 37.7 26,687 25,438 514 24,924 1,249 4.7 4.6 44,203 March 71,023 26,855 37.8 26,821 25,630 555 25,075 1,190 4.4 4.6 44,168					27,365	25,926	777	25,149	1,438	5•3	5.4	43,240
February 70,924 25,721 37.7 25,687 25,438 514 24,924 1,249 4.7 4.6 14,203 4.6 14,203 26,855 37.8 26,821 25,630 555 25,075 1,190 4.4 4.6 14,168		<b>l</b> .	1	i	1	20,134	539	25,595	1,162	4.3	5.1	43,408
March			26,631		26,597				1,327		4.9	14,200
March (1,023   26,055   37.8   25,030   555   25,075   1,190   4.4   4.6   44,168			26,721		26,687	25,438		24,924	1,249	4.7	4.6	44,203
May	April					25,630	555	25,075	1,190			44,168
101 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201								25, 382	1,405			43,950
			1		-,,,-	,12	'''		-, ~,	,. <u>.</u>	٠.٤	73,004

<sup>1</sup>See footnote 1, table A-1. <sup>2</sup>See footnote 3, table A-1. <sup>3</sup>See footnote 4, table A-1. <sup>4</sup>See footnote 5, table A-1.

Table A-3: Employment status of the noninstitutional population 14 years and over, by sex and color

(In thousands)

		Total			Male			Female	
Employment status	May	Apr.	May	May	Apr.	May	May	Apr.	May
	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965
Total	138,100	137,908	135,982	66,879	66,792	65,893	71,221	71,117	70,089
Total labor force.  Civilian labor force.  Employed.  Agriculture  Nonagricultural industries  Unemployed.  Unemployment rate  Not in the labor force.	79,751	78,914	78,425	52,135	51,748	51,908	27,617	27,166	26,517
	76,706	75,906	75,741	49,123	48,773	49,255	27,584	27,133	26,486
	73,764	73,105	72,407	47,586	47,217	47,314	26,179	25,888	25,093
	4,292	4,204	5,128	3,496	3,533	4,098	797	671	1,031
	69,472	68,900	67,278	44,090	43,684	43,216	25,382	25,216	24,062
	2,942	2,802	3,335	1,537	1,556	1,941	1,405	1,245	1,393
	3,8	3,7	4,4	3.1	3.2	3.9	5.1	4.6	5.3
WHITE	58,349	58,994	57,556	14,744	15,044	13,985	43,604	43,950	43,572
Total labor force.  Civilian labor force.  Employed.  Agriculture.  Nonagricultural industries.  Unemployed  Unemployed  Unemployment rate  Not in the labor force	71,020	70,179	69,846	46,983	46,581	46,775	24,036	23,597	23,072
	68,233	67,428	67,389	44,227	43,861	44,346	24,005	23,566	23,044
	65,868	65,190	64,637	42,981	42,596	42,717	22,887	22,594	21,920
	3,789	3,720	4,433	3,124	3,155	3,602	665	565	832
	62,078	61,470	60,204	39,857	39,441	39,116	22,222	22,029	21,088
	2,365	2,238	2,752	1,247	1,265	1,628	1,119	972	1,124
	3,5	3.3	4.1	2.8	2.9	3.7	4,7	4.1	4.9
	52,391	53,067	51,759	12,966	13,292	12,334	39,424	39,774	39,424
NONWHITE									
Total labor force.  Civilian labor force.  Employed.  Agriculture  Nonagricultural industries.  Unemployed  Unemployment rate  Not in the labor force	8,733	8,735	8,579	5,151	5,165	5,135	3,581	3,570	3,446
	8,474	8,478	8,352	4,895	4,911	4,910	3,578	3,567	3,443
	7,897	7,915	7,770	4,605	4,620	4,596	3,292	3,294	3,173
	503	485	695	372	378	496	131	107	199
	7,394	7,430	7,075	4,233	4,242	4,100	3,161	3,187	2,974
	577	564	583	290	291	313	286	273	269
	6,8	6.7	7.0	5.9	5.9	6,4	8.0	7.7	7.8
	5,958	5,928	5,798	1,778	1,751	1,650	4,180	4,176	4,147

Table A-4: Full- and part-time status of the civilian labor force, by age and sex

(In thousands)

		Total		Men, 2	O years and	lover	Women,	20 years a	nd over	Teenag	ers, 14-19	years
Full- and part-time employment status	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965
FULL TIME												
Civilian labor force	65,750	65,395	65,282	42,993	42,936	43,307	19,601	19,420	19,056	3,156	3,039	2,919
Full-time schedules !	61,780 1,667	61,423 1,684	60,555 1,998	41,379 743				18,003 716	17,432 836	2,268 189		2,044 191
Unemployed, looking for full-rime work Unemployment rare	2,303 3.5	2,288 3,5	2,729 4.4	871 2.0	1,028 2.4		733 3.7	701 3.6	788 4.1			684 23,4
PART TIME												
Civilian labor force	10,957 10,318	10,511 9,998	10,459 9,854	1,782 1,711	1,748 1,674		4,919 4,772		4,768 4,616		•	3,921 3,531
work	639 5,8	513 4.9	605 5.8	71 4.0	74 4.2	63 3,6		137 2.8	152 3.2			390 9.9

<sup>1</sup>Employed persons with a job but not at work are distributed proportionately among the full- and part-time employed categories.

Table A-5: Unemployed persons, by age and sex

	The	ousands of pers	sons	Uı	employment re	ite	Percent distribution			
Age and sex	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	<b>May</b> 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	<b>May</b> 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	
Total	2,942	2,802	3,335	3.8	3.7	4.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Male	1,537	1,556	1,941	3.1	3.2	3.9	52.2	55.6	58.2	
14 to 19 years	596	454	621	13.7	11.1	14.9	20.2	16.2	18.6	
14 and 15 years	99	57	86	11.7	8.1	10.1	3.4	2.0	2.6	
16 to 19 years	496	397	535	14.2	11.7	16.1	16.9	14.2	16.0	
20 years and over	941	1,102	1,320	2.1	2.5	2.9	32.0	39-3	39.6	
20 to 24 years	201	207	293	4.3	4.4	6.0	6.8	7-4	8.8	
25 years and over	740	895	1,027	1.8	2.2	2.6	25.2	32.0	30.8	
25 to 34 years	187	252	245	1.9	2.5	2.5	6.4	9.0	7.3	
35 to 44 years	161	196	303	1.5	1.8	2.7	5.5	7.0	9.1	
45 to 54 years	159	192	228	1.6	1.9	2.3	5.4	6.9	6.8	
55 to 64 years	183	190	183	2.7	2.8	2.7	6.2	6.8	5.5	
65 years and over	51	65	69	2.5	3.1	3.1	1.7	2.3	2.1	
Female	1,405	1,245	1,393	5.1	4.6	5.3	47.8	44.4	41.8	
14 to 19 years	525	407	453	17.1	14.1	17.0	17.8	14.5	13.6	
14 and 15 years	49	16	34	11.1	4.1	8.9	1.7	.6	1.0	
16 to 19 years	476	391	419	18.2	15.7	18.4	16.2	14.0	12.6	
20 years and over	880	838	940	3.6	3.5	3.9	29.9	29.9	28.2	
20 to 24 years	214	204	237	6.0	5.8	7.1	7.3	7.3	7.3	
25 years and over	666	634	703	3.2	3.1	3.4	22.7	22.6	21.1	
25 to 34 years	201	172	193	4.5	3.9	4.5	6.8	6.1	5.8	
35 to 44 years	180	214	223	3.1	3.7	3.9	6.1	7.6	6.	
45 to 54 years	184	152	177	3.1	2.6	3.1	6.3	5.4	5-3	
55 to 64 years	85	76	79	ž.3	2.1	2,2	2.9	2.7	2.4	
65 years and over	17	20	32	1.8	2.0	3.1	.6	.7	1.0	

Table A-6: Unemployed persons, by industry of last job

	U	nemployment :	ate	Percent distribution			
Industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	Мву 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	
Total	3.8	3.7	4.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Experienced wage and salary workers	3.2	3.4	3.9	72.8	79.1	74.8	
Agriculture	6.2	6.7	5.2	3.0	3.3	2.6	
Nonagricultural industries.	3.2	3.3	3.9	69.8	75.8	72.2	
Mining, forestry, fisheries	3.3	2.9	6.0	.7	.6	1.0	
Construction	5.7	8.1	7.7	8.0	11.6	9.5	
Manufacturing	3.0	3.0	3.9	21.1	22.0	22.8	
Durable goods	ž.4	2.2	3.2	9.6	9.3	10.7	
Primary metal industries	1.2	1.6	1.9	.6	.8	.8	
Fabricated metal products	3.7	2.0	2.7	1.9	1.1	1.2	
Machinery	2.0	1.9	2.6	1.4	1.4	1.5	
Electrical equipment	2.4	1.9	3.6	1.6	1.2	1.8	
Transportation equipment	1.9	1.3	3.1	1.4	1.1	2.0	
Motor vehicles and equipment	1.3	1.3	1.6	.4	.5	•5	
All other transportation equipment	2.4	1.4	4.7	1.0	.6	1.5	
Other durable goods industries	2.9	3.9	4.4	2.7	3.7	3.4	
Nondurable goods	4.0	4.2	4.8	11.6	12.7	12.1	
Food and kindred products	5.2	4.5	5.0	3.2	2.9	2.7	
Textile mill products	3.4	3.0	3.8	1.2	1.1	1.2	
Apparel and other finished textile products	6.4	8.9	9.3	3.2	4.8	3.9	
Other nondutable goods industries	2.8	2.6	3.5	4.0	3.9	4.3	
Transportation and public utilities	1.7	2.2	2.1	2.7	3.6	2.8	
Railroads and railway express	1.7	1.9	1.9	.4	.5	•5	
Other transportation	2.2	2.6	2.7	1.4	1.7	1.4	
Communication and other public utilities	1.3	1.9	1.5	.9	1.4	•9	
Wholesale and retail trade	4.5	4.3	5.0	18.0	18.1	17,4	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2.0	1.8	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.4	
Service industries	2.8	2.7	3.2	15.5	15.2	14.6	
Professional services	1.8	1.4	2.2	5.8	5.0	5.9	
All other service industries	4.3	4.6	4.5	9.7	10.3	8.7	
Public administration	i.4	1.8	2.3	1.9	2.5	2.5	
Self-employed and unpaid family workers	•7	.8	.9	2.3	2.6	2.8	
No previous work experience	- :'		1 .	24.9	18.3	22.4	
14 to 19 years	_	1 -	1 -	21.5	15.1	19.4	
20 years and over	_	1 -		3.4	3.2	3.0	
	<del>-</del>	· -	_	J.4	ے•ر	J.0	

Table A-7: Unemployed persons, by occupation of last job

	Un	employment rai	te	Percent distribution			
Occupation	Мау 1966	Apr. 1966	Мау 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	
Total ····	3,8	3.7	4.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White-collar workers	1.8	1.8	2.1	20.6	21.7	20.7	
Professional and technical	.9	.9	1.3	2.8	3.0	3.5	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	1.1	1.1	.9	2.7	2.9	2.1	
Clerical workers	2.5	2.5	3,1	10.1	10.7	10.5	
Sales workers	2,9	2.9	3,2	4.9	5.1	4.6	
Blue-collar workers	3.9	4.2	4.9	37.0	41.5	40.9	
Craftsmen and foremen	2.2	2.8	3.5	7.5	9.7	9.7	
Operatives	4.4	4.3	5.5	21.4	21.9	23.3	
Nonfarm laborers.	6.0	7.1	6.1	8.2	9.9	7,9	
ervice workers	4.3	4.3	4.6	14.7	15.2	13.6	
Private household workers	2.9	3.2	2.8	2.3	2.5	1.9	
Other service workers	4.7	4.6	5.2	12.4	12.7	11.6	
arm workers	2.1	2.3	1.7	2.9	3.2	2.5	
Farmers and farm managers	.5	.5	.1	.4	.4	.1	
Farm laborers and foremen	4.0	4.5	3.3	2.5	2.9	2.4	
To previous work experience		-		24.9	18.4	22.4	

Table A-8: Unemployed persons, by marital status and household relationship

	Thou	isands of pers	ons	Un	employment ra	te	Percent distribution			
Characteristics	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	
MARITAL STATUS										
otal	2,942	2,802	3,335	3.8	3.7	4.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Male	1,537	1,556	1,941	3.1	3.2	3.9	52.2	55.6	58.2	
Married, wife present	573	709	807	1.5	1.9	2.1	19.5	25.3	24.2	
Single	862	739	952	9.8	8.7	10.6	29,3	26.4	28.5	
14 to 19 years	585	443	602	14.1	11.5	15.1	19.9	15.8	18.1	
20 years and over	277	296	350	5.9	6.4	6.9	9.4	10,6	10.5	
Other marital status	102	108	183	3,9	4.4	6,9	3,5	3.9	5,5	
Female	1,405	1,245	1,393	5,1	4,6	5,3	47.8	44.4	41.8	
Married, husband present	509	504	585	3,3	3,3	3.9	17.3	18.0	17.5	
Single	628	492	563	9.6	7.7	9.1	21.3	17.6	16.9	
14 to 19 years	480	353	416	17.8	14.0	17.5	16.3	12.6	12.5	
20 years and over	148	139	147	3.8	3.6	3.8	5.0	5.0	4.4	
Other marical status	268	249	245	4,8	4.4	4.6	9.1	8.9	7.3	
HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP										
Total	2,942	2,802	3,335	3.8	3,7	4.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Household head	871	1,017	1,141	1.9	2.2	2.5	29.6	36.3	34,2	
Living with relatives	702	831	901	1.7	2.0	2.2	23.9	29.7	27.0	
Not living with relatives	168	185	239	3.1	3.4	4.4	5.7	6.6	7, 2	
Wife of head	500	494	568	3.3	3,3	3.9	17.0	17.6	17.0	
Other relative of head	1,506	1,224	1,578	10.8	9.1	11.3	51.2	43.7	47.3	
Non-relative of bead	65	68	49	5.0	5.4	3.5	2.2	2.4	1.5	

Table A-9: Employment status of persons 16-21 years of age in the noninstitutional population, by color
(In thousands)

		Total		i	White			Nonwhite	
Employment status	May	Apr.	May	May	Apr.	May	May	Apr.	May
	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965
IN SCHOOL									
Civilian labor force.  Employed  Unemployed.  Unemployment rate  Not in the labor force.	3,855	3,382	3,582	3,531	3,072	3,329	331	311	254
	3,090	2,867	2,820	2,862	2,619	2,634	234	248	187
	765	515	762	669	453	695	97	63	67
	19.8	15.2	21.3	18.9	14.7	20.9	29,3	20.3	26.4
	7,210	7,203	6,803	6,254	6,261	5,917	954	943	886
NOT IN SCHOOL								}	
Civilian labor force. Employed. Unemployed. Unemployment rate Not in the labor force	5,176	5,424	5,248	4,456	4,714	4,509	718	712	741
	4,782	4,958	4,834	4,184	4,379	4,200	597	580	633
	394	466	414	272	335	309	121	132	108
	7,6	8,6	7,9	6.1	7.1	6,9	16.9	18,5	14.6
	1,999	2,293	2,243	1,676	1,965	1,890	325	327	351

 $<sup>\</sup>underline{1}/$  Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000.

Table A-10: Unemployed persons, by duration of unemployment

	Thous	pusands of persons Percent distribution			Thous	ands of pe	rsons	Percent distribution					
Duration of unemployment	tion of unemployment	Category	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965					
Total	2,942	2,802	3,335	100.0	100.0	100.0	Total	2,942	2,802	3,335	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 5 weeks	1,651	1,448	1,688	56.1	51.7	50,6	1						
5 to 14 weeks	689	574	842	23.4	20.5	25.3	Persons on temporary	1			i		l
5 and 6 weeks	237	138	266	8.1	4.9	8.0	layoff	54	93	79	1.8	3.3	2.4
7 to 10 weeks	315	226	390	10.7	8.1	11.7	1				İ		1
11 to 14 weeks	137	209	187	4.7	7.5	5.6	Persons scheduled to begin					ļ	
15 weeks and over	602	779	804	20.5	27.8	24.1	new jobs within 30 days.	128	· 130	123	4.4	4.6	3.7
15 to 26 weeks	307	482	442	10.4	17.2	13.2			1			ł	1
27 weeks and over	295	297	363	10.0	10.6	10.9	All other unemployed	2,760	2,579	3,133	93.8	92.0	93.9
Avetage (mean) duration	10.8	12.3	12.0	-	-	-							1

Table A-11: Long-term unemployed, by industry and occupation of last job

			weeks and over			<del></del>	weeks and over		Civilian labo
Characteristics	Percent of in each	unemployed group	Percent di	stribution	Percent of u in each		Percent di	istribution	force (percen distribution)
	May 1966	May 1965	May 1966	May 1965	May 1966	May 1965	May 1966	May 1965	May 1966
INDUSTRY								<u> </u>	1
Total	20.5	24.1	100.0	100.0	10.0	10.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
Experienced wage and					1		Ì		ł
salary workers	21.8	27.1	77.6	84.3	10.3	11.5	74.6	79.3	86.0
Agriculture	(1)	(1)	4.6	.6	(1)	(1)	1.7	1.1	1.8
Nonagricultural industries	21.4	27.9	73.0	83.7	10.5	11.8	72.9	78.2	84.2
Mining, forestry, fisheries	(1)	(1)	2.0	1.1	(1)	(1)	2.4	2.2	.8
Construction	26.0	26.4	10.1	10.4	7.7	4.1	6.1	3.6	5.4
Manufacturing	19.2	26.8	19.7	25.4	10.0	14.3	21.0	30.0	26.6
Durable goods	23,1	28.0	10,8	12.4	9.6	16.8	9.2	16.5	15.4
Nondurable goods	15.9	25.8	9.0	12.9	10.3	12,2	11.9	13.5	11.2
Transportation and public					1				1
utilities	(1)	(1)	4.3	3.7	(1)	(1)	4.7	3.9	6.0
Wholesale and retail trade	21.4	28.4	18.7	20.5	10.8	12.2	19.3	19.6	15.4
Finance, insurance, and real									
estate, and service industries	18.5	29.7	15.8	19.8	9.5	10.3	16.6	15.2	25.0
Public administration	(1)	(1)	2,3	2.7	(1)	(1)	2.7	3.9	5.0
elf-employed and unpaid		1		j	<b>1</b> i		l		ŀ
family workers	(1)	(1)	6.3	2.9	(1)	(1)	9,5	5,5	13.0
o previous work experience	13.3	13.8	16.1	12.8	6.4	7.4	15.9	15.2	1.0
OCCUPATION									
Total	20.5	24.1	100.0	100.0	10.0	10.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
hite-collar workers,	19.2	24.9	19.3	21.4	7.9	12.8	16.4	24.2	43.8
Professional and technical	(1)	22.4	3.5	3.2	(1)	12.1	2.0	3.9	12.4
Managers, officials, and	/43			١	1		1		1
proprietors	(1)	(1)	4.8	3.0		(1)	6.5	5.5	9.7
Clerical workers	14.8 15.3	22.8	7.3	10.0	3.4	11.4	3.4	11.0	15.3
Sales workers	24.4	27.6 26.8	3.7	5.2	9.0	9.2	4.4	3.9	6.4
lue-collar workers	31.8	30.1	44.2 11.6	45.4	12.9	10.6	47.8	39.9	36,8
Craftsmen and foremen	23.1	26.1	24.1	12.1	15.9	12.4	11.9	11.0	12,8
Operatives	21.3	24.6	8.5	25.2	11.9	9.9	25.6	21.2	18.8
Nonfarm laborers	24.1	34.7	17.3	8.1 19.5	12.5 11.8	10.6	10.2	7.7	5,2
Private household workers	(1)	(1)	2.2	4.2	(i)	15.5	17.4	19.3	13.1
Other service workers	25.0	31.7	15.1	15.3	12.9	(1)		4.4	3.0
arm workers	(1)	(1)	3.2	.9	(1)	13,9	16.0	14.9	10.1
Farmers and farm managers	(1)	(1)	] ","	.1		(1)	2.4	1.4	5.3
Farm laborers and foremen	(1)	1 8	3.2	1 :7		(1)	2.0	1.4	2.9
o previous work experience	13,3	13.8	16.1	12.8	6.4	7.4	15.9	15.2	1.0
o previous work experience	200,	1 23,0	1	12.0	l "•-"	7.4	13.7	15.2	1 1.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000.

Table A-12: Long-term unemployed, by sex, age, color, and marital status

AGE		24.1 25.6 16.7 20.8 25.9 39.6 22.2 13.0 11.4 31.3 32.3	Percent di May 1966  100.0 60.3 11.1 5.3 16.9 26.9 39.7 13.1 4.0 11.1 11.5	May 1965 100.0 61.7 12.9 7.6 17.6 23.6 38.3 7.3 3.3 16.1 11.5	Percent of unin each ) May 1966  10.0 12.6 5.0 3.5 17.5 24.2 7.3 5.9 5.1 7.3 11.2		100.0 65.4 10.2 2.4 20.7 32.2 34.6 10.5 3.7 9.5 10.8	100.0 67.6 12.6 8.2 20.3 26.4 4.1 3.6 14.0 10.7	(percent distribution  Hay 1966  100.0 64.0 5.7 6.2 27.4 24.8 36.0 4.0 4.7 13.3 13.9
Mag   19   AGE	.5 .6 .2 .9 .3 .2 .0 .0 .2 .6 .2	24.1 25.6 16.7 20.8 25.9 39.6 22.2 13.0 11.4 31.3 32.3	1966 100.0 60.3 11.1 5.3 16.9 26.9 39.7 13.1 4.0 11.1 11.5	1965 100.0 61.7 12.9 7.6 17.6 23.6 38.3 7.3 3.3 16.1 11.5	10.0 12.6 5.0 3.5 17.5 24.2 7.3 5.9 5.1 7.3 11.2	1965 10.9 12.7 7.4 10.2 13.5 20.0 8.4 3.3 5.5 12.3 13.5	1966 100.0 65.4 10.2 2.4 20.7 32.2 34.6 10.5 3.7 9.5 10.8	1965 100.0 67.6 12.6 8.2 20.3 26.4 3.4 4.1 3.6 14.0 10.7	1966 100.0 64.0 5.7 6.2 27.4 24.8 36.0 4.0 4.7 13.3 13.9
Total. 20 ale	.6 .2 .9 .3 .2 .0 .0 .0 .2 .6 .2	25.6 16.7 20.8 25.9 39.6 22.2 13.0 11.4 31.3 32.3 24.1 23.5 25.1 21.3	60.3 11.1 5.3 16.9 26.9 39.7 13.1 4.0 11.1 11.5	61.7 12.9 7.6 17.6 23.6 38.3 7.3 3.3 16.1 11.5	12.6 5.0 3.5 17.5 24.2 7.3 5.9 5.1 7.3 11.2	12.7 7.4 10.2 13.5 20.0 8.4 3.3 5.5 12.3 13.5	65.4 10.2 2.4 20.7 32.2 34.6 10.5 3.7 9.5 10.8	67.6 12.6 8.2 20.3 26.4 32.4 4.1 3.6 14.0 10.7	64.0 5.7 6.2 27.4 24.8 36.0 4.0 4.7 13.3 13.9
14 to 19 years   12   22   14 to 19 years   11   22   20 to 24 years   15   25 to 44 years   25 to 44 years   26   26   27   27   27   27   27   27	.6 .2 .9 .3 .2 .0 .0 .0 .2 .6 .2	25.6 16.7 20.8 25.9 39.6 22.2 13.0 11.4 31.3 32.3 24.1 23.5 25.1 21.3	60.3 11.1 5.3 16.9 26.9 39.7 13.1 4.0 11.1 11.5	61.7 12.9 7.6 17.6 23.6 38.3 7.3 3.3 16.1 11.5	12.6 5.0 3.5 17.5 24.2 7.3 5.9 5.1 7.3 11.2	12.7 7.4 10.2 13.5 20.0 8.4 3.3 5.5 12.3 13.5	65.4 10.2 2.4 20.7 32.2 34.6 10.5 3.7 9.5 10.8	67.6 12.6 8.2 20.3 26.4 32.4 4.1 3.6 14.0 10.7	64.0 5.7 6.2 27.4 24.8 36.0 4.0 4.7 13.3 13.9
14 to 19 years. 11 20 to 24 years. 15 25 to 44 years. 25 45 years and over. 41 emale. 1. 14 to 19 years 11 25 to 44 years. 11 25 to 44 years. 12 25 to 44 years. 15 26 to 44 years. 17 45 years and over 26 COLOR  Torol. 20 hite, total 15 Male 22 Female 16 nowhite, total 26 MARITAL STATUS Total. 26	.2 .9 .3 .2 .0 .0 .2 .6 .2	16.7 20.8 25.9 39.6 22.2 13.0 11.4 31.3 32.3 24.1 23.5 25.1 21.3	11.1 5.3 16.9 26.9 39.7 13.1 4.0 11.1 11.5	12.9 7.6 17.6 23.6 38.3 7.3 3.3 16.1 11.5	5.0 3.5 17.5 24.2 7.3 5.9 5.1 7.3 11.2	7.4 10.2 13.5 20.0 8.4 3.3 5.5 12.3 13.5	10.2 2.4 20.7 32.2 34.6 10.5 3.7 9.5 10.8	12.6 8.2 20.3 26.4 32.4 4.1 3.6 14.0 10.7	5.7 6.2 27.4 24.8 36.0 4.0 4.7 13.3 13.9
20 to 24 years. 15 25 to 44 years. 29 45 years and over. 41 smale. 17 14 to 19 years. 15 25 to 44 years. 15 26 to 24 years. 15 27 28 to 44 years. 17 29 to 24 years. 17 29 to 24 years. 17 20 to 24 years. 17 20 to 24 years. 17 21 to 24 years. 17 22 to 24 years. 17 24 years and over 26  COLOR  Total. 20 Male 22 Female 16 25 Male 25 Female 26 MARI TAL STATUS Total. 26	.9 .3 .2 .0 .0 .2 .6 .2	20.8 25.9 39.6 22.2 13.0 11.4 31.3 32.3 24.1 23.5 25.1 21.3	5,3 16,9 26,9 39,7 13,1 4,0 11,1 11,5	7.6 17.6 23.6 38.3 7.3 3.3 16.1 11.5	3.5 17.5 24.2 7.3 5.9 5.1 7.3 11.2	10.2 13.5 20.0 8.4 3.3 5.5 12.3 13.5	2.4 20.7 32.2 34.6 10.5 3.7 9.5 10.8	8.2 20.3 26.4 32.4 4.1 3.6 14.0 10.7	6,2 27,4 24,8 36,0 4,0 4,7 13,3 13,9
25 to 44 years	.3 .2 .0 .0 .2 .6 .2	25.9 39.6 22.2 13.0 11.4 31.3 32.3 24.1 23.5 25.1 21.3	16.9 26.9 39.7 13.1 4.0 11.1 11.5	17.6 23.6 38.3 7.3 3.3 16.1 11.5	17.5 24.2 7.3 5.9 5.1 7.3 11.2	13.5 20.0 8.4 3.3 5.5 12.3 13.5	20.7 32.2 34.6 10.5 3.7 9.5 10.8	20.3 26.4 32.4 4.1 3.6 14.0 10.7	27.4 24.8 36.0 4.0 4.7 13.3 13.9
45 years and over. 41 male 12 14 to 19 years 15 20 to 24 years 11 25 to 44 years 17 45 years and over 24  COLOR  Total 25 Male 27 Male 26 MARITAL STATUS Total 26  Manage 26  MARITAL STATUS Total 26  41 45 years and over 26  45 years and over 26  COLOR  Total 26  MARITAL STATUS Total 36  41 45 years and over 26  45 years and over 26  46  47  48  49  40  40  40  40  40  40  40  40  40	.2 .0 .0 .2 .6 .2	39.6 22.2 13.0 11.4 31.3 32.3 24.1 23.5 25.1 21.3	26.9 39.7 13.1 4.0 11.1 11.5	23.6 38.3 7.3 3.3 16.1 11.5	24, 2 7, 3 5, 9 5, 1 7, 3 11, 2	20.0 8.4 3.3 5.5 12.3 13.5	32.2 34.6 10.5 3.7 9.5 10.8	26.4 32.4 4.1 3.6 14.0 10.7	24.8 36.0 4.0 4.7 13.3 13.9
1	.0 .0 .2 .6 .2 .5 .3 .1	22, 2 13.0 11.4 31.3 32.3 24.1 23.5 25.1 21.3	39.7 13.1 4.0 11.1 11.5	38.3 7.3 3.3 16.1 11.5	7.3 5.9 5.1 7.3 11.2	8.4 3.3 5.5 12.3 13.5	34.6 10.5 3.7 9.5 10.8	32.4 4.1 3.6 14.0 10.7	36.0 4.0 4.7 13.3 13.9
14 to 19 years	.0 .2 .6 .2 .5 .3 .1	13.0 11.4 31.3 32.3 24.1 23.5 25.1 21.3	13.1 4.0 11.1 11.5 100.0 75.7 45.8	7.3 3.3 16.1 11.5 100.0 80.5 50.8	5.9 5.1 7.3 11.2	3.3 5.5 12.3 13.5	10,5 3,7 9,5 10.8	4.1 3.6 14.0 10.7	4.0 4.7 13.3 13.9
14 to 19 years	.2 .6 .2 .5 .3 .1	11.4 31.3 32.3 24.1 23.5 25.1 21.3	4.0 11.1 11.5 100.0 75.7 45.8	3.3 16.1 11.5 100.0 80.5 50.8	5.1 7.3 11.2	5.5 12.3 13.5 10.9 9.8	3.7 9.5 10.8 100.0 73.6	3.6 14.0 10.7	4.7 13.3 13.9 100.0 89.0
17	.6 .2 .5 .3 .1	31.3 32.3 24.1 23.5 25.1 21.3	11.1 11.5 100.0 75.7 45.8	16.1 11.5 100.0 80.5 50.8	7.3 11.2 10.0 9.2	12.3 13.5 10.9 9.8	9.5 10.8 100.0 73.6	14.0 10.7 100.0 74.7	13.3 13.9 100.0 89.0
25 to 44 years	.5 .3 .1	32.3 24.1 23.5 25.1 21.3	11.5 100.0 75.7 45.8	100.0 80.5 50.8	11.2 10.0 9.2	13.5 10.9 9.8	10.8 100.0 73.6	10.7 100.0 74.7	13.9 100.0 89.0
COLOR  Total	.5 .3 .1	24.1 23.5 25.1 21.3	100.0 75.7 45.8	100.0 80.5 50.8	10.0 9.2	10.9 9.8	100.0 73.6	100.0 74.7	100.0 89.0
Total	.3	23.5 25.1 21.3	75.7 45.8	80.5 50.8	9.2	9.8	73.6	74.7	89.0
15	.3	23.5 25.1 21.3	75.7 45.8	80.5 50.8	9.2	9.8	73.6	74.7	89.0
15	.1	25.1 21.3	45,8	50.8					
Maile	.1	21.3			11.8	11 0	امما	52 /	577
Female       16         owhite, total       25         Male       36         Female       26         MARITAL STATUS       36         Total       26	.1		30.0				47.0	, ,,,,	1 3/4/
### 25 ### 25 ### 25 ### 25 ### 25 ### 25 ### 25 ### 25 ### 26 ### 25 #### 25 ###### 25 #### 25 ########	.3			29.7	6.3	6.9	23.7	21,2	31.3
Female		26.8	24.3	19.5	13.5	16.0	26.4	25.3	11.0
Female	.0	27.8	14.5	10.8	15.9	16.6	15.6	14.3	6.4
Total	.6	26.0	9.8	8.7	11.2	14.9	10.8	11.0	4.7
=======================================	l								
	.5	24.1	100.0	100.0	10.0	10.9	100.0	100.0	100,0
	.6	25.6	60.3	61.7	12.6	12.7	65.4	67.6	64.0
	.2	28.0	32.6	28.1	21.3	14.5	41.2	32.3	49.2
	.5	22.1	22.4	26.1	6.8	10.9	19.9	28.7	11.5
	.3	16.8	11.0	12.6	5.0	7.3	9.8	12.2	5.4
	.9	31.1	11.5	13.6	10.8	17.1	10.1	16.6	6.1
	.4	32.8	5,3	7.5	11.8	13.1	4.1	6,6	3.4
	.0	22.2	39.7	38.3	7.3	8.4	34.6	32.4	36.0
	i	25.5	14.5	18.5	7.1	9.9	12.2	16.0	20.1
	.9	13.0	16.6	9.1	7.2	4.6	15.2	7.2	8.5
	.8	11.3	12.6	5.8	6.5	2.4	10.5	2.8	3.5
	.2	17.7	4.0	3.2	9.5	10.9	4.7	4.4	5.0
Other marital status		35.1	8.6	10.7	8.2	13.5	7.4	9.1	7.3

Table A-13: Unemployed persons looking for full- or part-time work, by age and sex

Age and sex		for full-time w ands of person			g for part-time sands of perso		Looking for part-time work as a percent of unemployed in each group			
	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	
Total	2,303	2,288	2,729	639	513	605	21.7	18.3	18.1	
Male	1,239	1,313	1,641	298	243	300	19.4	15.6	15.5	
14 to 19 years	368	285	384	227	169	237	38,2	37.2	38.2	
Going to school	262	143	210	216	159	231	45.2	52.6	52.4	
All other.	106	142	175	12	9	6	10.2	6.0	3.3	
20 to 24 years	182	182	268	19	25	24	9.5	12,1	8.2	
25 to 54 years	490	624	764	15	16	10	3,0	2.5	1.3	
55 years and over	197	222	223	36	32	32	15.5	12,6	12.5	
Female	1,064	975	1,088	341	270	305	24.3	21.7	21.9	
14 to 19 years	331	274	300	194	133	153	37.0	32.7	33.8	
Major activity:	190	114	204	178	123	145	48.4	51.9	41.5	
Going to school	141	160	96	16	11	143	10.2	6.4	7.7	
All other	188	177	212	26	28	25	12.1	13.7	10.5	
20 to 24 years	461	451	502	103	20 87		18.3			
25 to 54 years			(			91		16.2	15.3	
55 years and over	83	74	75	19	23	37	18.6	(1)	33.0	

<sup>1/</sup> Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000.

Table A-14: Total labor force, by age and sex

Age and sex	Thous	ands of pe	rsons		Labor force ticipation r	
	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965
Total	79,751	78,914	78,425	57.7	57.2	57.7
Sale	52,135		51,908		77.5	78.8
14 to 19 years	4,788		4,669		41.8	45.6
14 and 15 years	850		849	23.4	19.4	24.0
16 and 17 years	1,622		1,603		42.5	45.4
18 and 19 years	2,316		2,218		64.1	70.1
20 to 24 years	6,017	5,986	5,801	87.0	86.7	86.6
25 to 34 years	10,735		10,670		97.8	97.0
35 to 44 years	11,456	11,432	11,548		97.5	97.
45 to 54 years	10,165		10,163		95.0	95.9
55 to 64 years	6,894	6,840	6,838	85.2	84.7	85.
55 to 59 years	3,983	3,960	3,961	90.3	89.9	91.0
60 to 64 years	2,911	2,880	2,877	79.1	78.4	79.
65 years and over	2,077	2,111	2,222	26.9	27.4	29.
emale	27,617		26,517		38.2	37.
14 to 19 years	3,071	2,891	2,669		27.7	26.
14 and 15 years	442	397	381	12.5	11.3	11.
16 and 17 years	987	872	875	28.8	25.4	25.4
18 and 19 years	1,642	1,623	1,413	46.8	46.7	45.
20 to 24 years	3,608	3,551	3,327	52.1	51.4	49.5
25 to 34 years	4,509	4,465	4,306	39.9	39.5	38.3
35 to 44 years	5,733	5,737	5,794	46.6	46.6	46.
45 to 54 years	5,958	5,836	5,757	52.4	51.4	51.4
55 to 64 years	3,776	3,696	3,633	42.5	41.7	41.
55 to 59 years	2,300		2,233	48.2	46.7	47.
60 to 64 years	1,476		1,400		35,8	34.
65 years and over	962		1,030		10.0	10.

Table A-15: Employed persons, by age and sex

	,	(In thou	sands)			
Age and sex		Male			Female	
nge und sez	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965
All industries	47,386	47,217	47,314	26,179	25,888	25,093
14 to 19 years	3,752	3,635	3,557	2,539	2,478	2,209
20 to 24 years	4,527	4,503	4,577	3,382	3,334	3,080
25 to 34 years	9,773	9,689	9,678	4,300	4,285	4,107
35 to 44 years	10,896	10,839	10,848	5,549	5,519	5,567
45 to 54 years	9,905	9,859	9,850	5,772	5,682	5,578
55 to 64 years	6,707	6,646	6,650	3,690	3,620	3,554
65 years and over	2,027	2,047	2,153	946	970	998
Nona gricultural						
industries	44,090	43,684	43,216	25,382	25,216	24,062
14 to 19 years	3,232	3,110	2,923	2,488	2,431	2,126
20 to 24 years	4,321	4,279	4,270	3,336	3,305	3,024
25 to 34 years	9,369	9,287	9,202	4,164	4,210	3,954
35 to 44 years	10,339	10,275	10,206	5,394	5,354	5,350
45 to 54 years	9,181	9,146	9,025	5,583	5,517	5,268
55 to 64 years	6,055	5,981	5,909	3,530	3,485	3,395
65 years and over	1,593	1,608	1,680	889	915	944
Agriculture	3,496	3,533	4,098	797	671	1,031
14 to 19 years	521	526		51	48	83
20 to 24 years	206	224		46	29	55
25 to 34 years	404	401	476	137	76	153
35 to 44 years	556	566		154	165	217
45 to 54 years	724	713	825	190	164	309
55 to 64 years	652	665	741	161	135	158
65 years and over		439		57	55	

Table A-16: Employed persons, by class of worker and occupation

(In thousands) Total Male Female Characteristics May 1965 1965 CLASS OF WORKER 73,105 47,586 47,217 69,472 68,900 67,278 44,090 43,684 43,216 25,382 25,216 24,062 59,993 2,686 62,529 2,571 62,206 39,210 393 38,961 287 37,982 497 23,319 23,245 22,011 2,388 2,101 4,475 2,178 4,473 2,189 10,302 10,280 49,538 9,508 47,799 5,828 5,805 5,510 3,998 31,975 5,157 77 Other wage and salary workers . . . . . . . . . 49,656 32.869 16,668 1,553 16,669 1,518 15,824 1,518 32,989 4,819 Self-employed workers..... 6,371 6,191 6,674 4,673 Unpaid family workers..... 571 503 610 61 3,496 50 510 453 4,204 4,098 4,292 5,128 3,533 797 671 1,031 1,584 2,546 998 1,326 1,283 1,100 1,121 1,304 226 163 281 2,253 713 2,223 698 2,117 278 Self-employed workers..... 2,089 2,397 136 149 324 397 435 374 601 OCCUPATION 73,764 73,105 72,407 47,586 47,217 26,179 14,789 3,548 47,314 17,962 25,888 25,093 White-collar workers......... 33,029 33,038 31,907 18,239 18,150 14,890 13.946 9,445 7,345 9,331 7,309 8,815 7,526 5,897 5,803 5,519 3,528 3,297 Managers, officials, and proprietors..... 6,156 3,304 6,179 3,202 6,411 3,241 1,165 1,153 1,115 11,476 10,923 8,274 8,337 7,682 4,763 27,139 4,757 26,714 4,643 2,961 2,887 2,791 1,802 1,872 1,852 26,361 9,007 22,767 9,400 9,748 22,281 8,705 4,316 259 22,401 4,374 4,084 9,632 9,390 9,132 9,755 232 304 13,705 3,619 13,757 13,303 4,011 3,951 3,683 3,750 9,623 4,051 3,619 3,355 Nonfarm laborers 3,514 3,955 131 106 9,467 9,326 3,407 Service workers..... 3,244 6,062 6,268 6,082 2,125 7,342 Private household workers....... 2,244 2,241 2,181 2,085 2,186 7,379 3,975 7,085 4,811 Other service workers...... 3,292 3,367 3,189 4,087 748 3,977 3,896 3,883 3,260 3,226 2,063 3,827 621 984 2,161 2,437 2,033 2,293 139 127 144 Farm laborers and foremen....... 1.722 2,374 494 840 609

Table A-17: Employed persons, by hours worked

(In thousands)

		All industries		Nonage	icultural indu	stries	Agriculture			
Hours worked	May 1966	Арт. 1966	<b>May</b> 1965	May 1966	Арг. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	
Total	73,764	73,105	72,407	69,472	68,900	67,278	4,292	4,204	5,128	
With a job but not at work	2,415	2,990	2,402	2,310	2,887	2,304	105	102	97	
At work	71,349	70,115	70,005	67,162	66,013	64,974	4,187	4,102	5,031	
1-34 hours	14,154	14,119	13,522	12,772	12,825	11,966	1,382	1,294	1,556	
1-4 hours	1,137	974	1,128	1,066	941	1,055	70	33	74	
5-14 hours	3,613	3,643	3,667	3,296	3,306	3,350	316	336	319	
15-34 hours	9,404	9,500	8,725	8,409	8,576	7,563	995	925	1,162	
35 hours or more	57,195	55,995	56,482	54,391	53,189	53,008	2,806	2,809	3,475	
35-40 hours	33,576	32,848	32,312	32,951	32,263	31,654	626	586	658	
41 hours and over	23,619	23,147	24,170	21.440	20,926	21,354	2,180	2,223	2,817	
Average hours, total at work	40.4	40.3	40.9	40.1	40.0	40.3	45.8	45.5	48.6	

Table A-18: Employed persons, by full- or part-time status

(In thousands)

		All industries		Nonag	ricultural indus	tries
Full- or part-time status	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965
Total	73,764	73,105	72,407	69,472	68,900	67,278
With a job but not at work.  At work.  On full-time schedules  35 hours or more.  1-34 hours for noneconomic reasons  Bad weather Industrial dispute.  Vacation Illness, Holiday  All other reasons.	2,415 71,349 59,665 57,195 2,470 688 46 216 872 16	2,990 70,115 58,794 55,995 2,799 381 50 320 1,045 440 563	2,402 70,005 58,441 56,482 1,959 257 15 222 813 2	2,310 67,162 56,562 54,391 2,171 461 46 210 837 16	2,887 66,013 55,809 53,189 2,620 278 50 318 1,000 439 535	2,304 64,974 54,781 53,008 1,773 170 15 214 777
On part time for economic reasons.  Usually work full time  Average hours.  Usually work part time  Average hours.  On part time for noneconomic reasons, usually	1,668 865 23.6 803 18.2	1,690 899 23.2 791 17.9	1,997 994 23.6 1,003	1,545 829 23,7 716 18.4	1,507 796 23.7 711 18.0	1,828 936 23.7 892 17.6
work part time	10,014	9,632	9,568	9,055	8,694	8,367

Table A-19: Employed persons with a job, but not at work, by reason not working and pay status

(In thousands)

							Nonagr	icultural ind	lustries			
	A	ll industrie	s					1	Wage and sa	lary workers	3	
Reason not working					Total			Number		I	ercent pai	d
	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	May 1965
Total	2,415	2,990	2,402	2,310	2,887	2,304	2,080	2,535	2,025	50.9	49.3	50.3
Bad weather	65 808	75 111 1,078	21 54 759	45 65 803	51 111 1,078	12 54 752	28 65 756	40 111 993	8 54 721	(1) 91,3	(1) 80,5	87.9
Illness	947 521	1,133 593	1,063 504	904 494	1,086 561	1,005 481	841 392	983 409	891 353	33.8 20.7	37.3 19.6	36.0 18.1

<sup>1/</sup> Percent not shown where base is less than 100,000.

Table A-20: Employment status of the noninstitutional population, by age and sex

May 1966

					nousands						<del></del>		
ļ	Total lal	or force				abor force				Not i	n labor fo	rce	
		i	1		Employed	l	Unem	ployed	1	•	ĺ	Unable	
Age, sex, and color	Number	Percent of population	Total	Total	Agri- cul- ture	Nonagri- cultural indus- tries	Number	Percent of labor force	Total	Keeping house	In school	to work	Other
Maie	52,135	78.0	49,123	47,586	3,496	44,090	1,537	3,1	14,744	106	6,643	1,213	6,782
14 and 15 years	850	23.4	850	751	178	573	99	11.7	2,790	6	2,753	10	21
16 and 17 years	1,622	46.1	1,578	1,291	209	1,082	286	18.2	1,898	4	1,821	9	64
18 and 19 years	2,316	64.8	1,920	1,710	133	1,577	210	10.9	1,260	1	1,176	7	76
20 to 24 years	6,017	87.0	4,728	4,527	206	4,321	201	4.3	902	-	742	38	122
25 to 29 years	5,489	97.0	5,049	4,946	154	4,792	103	2.0	168	-	101	22	44
30 to 34 years	5,246	98.0	4,910	4,827	250	4,577	84	1.7	107	-	27	39	42
35 to 39 years	5,618	97.9	5,353	5,272	257	5,015	82	1.5	118	-	9	41	67
40 to 44 years	5.838	97.5	5,702	5,624	299	5,324	79	1.4	147	1	2	53	91
45 to 49 years	5,364	96.3	5,286	5,213	317	4,896	72	1.4	207	6	6	93	102
50 to 54 years	4,801	93.9	4,779	4,692	407	4,285	87	1.8	314	8	2	111	193
55 to 59 years	3,983	90.3	3,979	3,879	325	3,554	100	2.5	428	1	1	157	269
60 to 64 years	2,911	79.1	2,910	2,828	327	2,501	83	2.8	767	5	-	152	611
65 to 69 years	1,203	42.4	1,203	1,172	217	955	31	2.6	1,635	19	-	106	1.510
70 years and over	874	17.9	874	855	216	638	20	2.2	4,003	55	2	376	3,570
White	46,983	78.4	44,227	42,981	3,124	39,857	1,247	2.8	12,966	85	5,775	975	6,131
Nonwhite	5,151	74.3	4,895	4,605	372	4,233	290	5,9	1,778	21	868	238	650
Female	27,617	38.8	27,584	26,179	797	25,382	1,405	5,1	43,604	34,926	6,998	828	952
14 and 15 years	442	12.5	442	393	17	376	49	11.1	3,093	41	3,013	9	29
16 and 17 years	987	28.8	987	731	22	709	256	25.9	2,445	165	2,225	5	50
18 and 19 years	1,642	46.8	1,635	1,414	12	1,403	220	13.5	1,867	627	1,189	5	46
20 to 24 years	3,608	52.1	3,596	3,382	46	3,336	214	6.0	3,318	2,798	452	19	49
25 to 29 years	2,307	39.8	2,302	2,191	58	2,133	111	4.8	3,486	3,384	44	19	39
30 to 34 years	2,202	40.0	2,199	2,109	79	2,031	90	4.1	3,306	3,242	19	22	24
35 to 39 years	2,636	44.1	2,633	2,533	79	2,454	100	3.8	3,338	3,271	18	20	29
40 to 44 years	3,097	48.9	3,095	3,016	75	2,940	80	2.6	3,237	3,169	13	27	28
45 to 49 years	3,107	52.5	3,106	2,992	99	2,894	114	3.7	2,812	2,721	13	26	52
50 to 54 years	2,851	52,4	2,850	2,780	91	2,689	70	2.4	2,590	2,508	3	39	39
55 to 59 years	2,300	48.2	2,300	2,246	86	2,160	54	2.3	2,475	2,367	-	45	64
60 to 64 years	1,476	35.9	1,476	1,444	75	1,370	31	2.1	2,635	2,523	3	49	61
65 to 69 years	553	16.2	553	537	28	509	17	3.0	2,860		2	63	91
70 years and over	409	6.2	409	409	29	380	-	.1	6,142		3	480	351
White	24,036	37.9	24,005	22,887	665	22,222	1,119	4.7	39,424	31,881	6,011	684	849
Nonwhite	3,581	46.1	3,578	3,292	131	3,161	286	8.0	4,180	2,946	988	144	103

Table A-21: Nonagricultural wage and salary workers, by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and industry

May 1966

(Percent distribution)

···									
	F	ull- or part-ti	me status			Ho	us of we	ork	
	On		On part time						40
Total at	full- time			Other reasons	Total at	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 48	49 hours
work	sche- dules	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Usually work part time	work	hours	hours	hours	over
100.0	84.7	1.2	1,1	13.1	100.0	18.7	52.1	14,2	15,1
100.0	91.2	3,6	1.2	4.1	100.0	19.5	55.4	12.1	13.1
100.0	94.8	1.7	. 2	3.2	100,0	8.8	58.8	17.8	14.5
100.0	97.1	1.3	.2	1.6	100.0	6.9	58.3	19.2	15.8
100.0	92.0	2.4	.3	5.5	100.0	11.9	59.6	15.9	12.8
	93.4	1.1	.5	5.0	100.0	9.6	60.1	13.3	17.0
	75.1	1.0	1.5	22.3	100.0	26.6	39.5	15.1	18.7
100.0	91.5	.3	.4	7.7	100.0	10.4	65.4	11.1	13.0
100.0	70.7	.6	2,2	26.5	100.0	31.6	42.7	11.5	14.2
	Total at work  100.0  100.0  100.0  100.0  100.0  100.0  100.0  100.0	Total at vork schedules  100.0 84.7  100.0 91.2 100.0 97.1 100.0 92.0 100.0 93.4 100.0 75.1 100.0 91.5	Total at work dules Confulling Co	Full- or part-time status  On full- time reasons  Total at vine work schedules  100.0 84.7 1.2 1.1  100.0 91.2 3.6 1.2  100.0 94.8 1.7 .2  100.0 97.1 1.3 .2  100.0 93.4 1.1 .5  100.0 93.4 1.1 .5  100.0 91.5 .3 .4	Full- or part-time status   Characteristic	Full- or part-time status			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes forestry and fisheries, mining and public administration, not shown separately.

Table A-22: Persons at work in nonfarm occupations by full- or part-time status, hours of work, and occupation May 1966

(Percent distribution)

			·			Hour	s of work	:				
	Tota	l	On		On part time							
Occupation	at work		full- time	Economic	teasons	Other reasons	Total at	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 48	49 hours	Average hours, total
	Thousands	Percent	sched- ules	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Usually work part time	work	hours	hours	hours	ovet	work
White-collar workers	31,998	100.0	85.8	0.4	0.5	13.2	100.0	16.1	50.1	12.8	20.9	41.2
Professional and technical	9,210	100.0	88.4	.4	.4	10.8	100.0	13.6	51.3		22.6	41.6
Managers, officials, and proprietors	7,080	100.0	95.2	.3	.3	4.0	100.0		33.0		43.2	49.4
Clerical workers	11,120	100.0	83.7	.5	.5	15.4	100.0	18.6	66.0	10.1	5.4	37.2
Sales workers	4,588	100.0	71.5	.6	1.2	26.7	100.0	30.1	35.9	13.2	20.8	37.5
Blue-collar workers	26,144	100.0	90.0	2.3	.9	6.8	100.0	14.9	52.3	16.7	16.1	40.8
Craftsmen and foremen	9,300	100.0	95.4	1.7	.5	2.5	100.0	9.4	52.8	18.6	19.3	42.8
Operatives	13,259	100.0	91.0	2.6	.7	5.7	100.0	13.4	54.2	16.7	15.7	41.4
Nonfarm laborers	3,585	100.0	72.2	3.1	2.6	22,1	100.0	34.9	44.1	11.5	9.5	33.7
Service workers	9,328	100.0	62.0	1.0	3.5	33.5.	100.0	40.9	35.4	10.9	12.8	33.6
Private household workers	2,189	100.0	33.4	.7	7.9	58.2	100.0	69.4	18.5	5.5	6.8	23.0
Other service workers	7,139	100.0	70.8	1.0	2.2	25.9	100.0	32.1	40.6	12.6	14.6	36.9

Table A-23: Occupation group of employed persons, by sex and color

May 1966

		Thousands	•				Petce	nt distrib	ution			
Occupation								White	-	1	Nonwhite	
•	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Femal
Total	73,764	47,586	26,179	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
White-collar workers	33,029	19 230	14,789	44.8	38.3	56.5	47.6	40.6	60.9	21.0	17.6	25.
Professional and technical	9,445	5,397	3,548	12.8	12.4	13.6	13.5	13.2	14.3	6.7	5.3	8.
Medical and other health	1,424	567	857	1.9	1.2	3.3	2.0	1.3	3.4	1.2	.5	2.
Teachers, except college	2,173	665	1,508	2.9	1.4	5.8	3.0	1.4	5.9	2.6	1.1	4.
Other professional and technical	5,848	4,665	1,183	7.9	9.8	4.5	8.5	10.5	4.9	2.9	3.7	i .
Managers, officials, and proprietors	7,345	6,179	1,165	10.0	13.0	4.5	10.8	14.0	4.9	2.5	3.3	1.
	4,545	3,822	722	6.2	8.0	2.8	6.8	8.7	3.1	1.2	1.5	-
Salaried workers	1,314	1.036		1.8	2.2	1.1	1.9	2.3	1.1	.7	.8	
Self-employed workers in retail trade	1,486	1,321	165	2.0	2.8	1.6	2.2	3.0	.7	.7	1.0	
Self-employed workers, except retail trade				15.6	6.7	31.6	16.3	6.7	34.2	9.7	6.8	13
Clerical workers	11,476	3,202		4.2	.1	11.5	4.5	0.7	12.6	1.7	1 .1	3
Stenographers, typists, and secretaries	3,065	44			6.6		11.8	6.6	21.5	8.0	6.7	9
Other clerical workers	8,411	3,158		11.4		6.9	7.0	6.7	7.6	2.1	2.1	1
Sales workers	4,763	2,961	1,802	6.5	6.2							
Retail trade	2,823	1,259		3.8	2.6	6.0	4.1	2.8	6.6	1.5	1.3	1
Other sales workers	1,940	1,702	238	2.6	3.6	9	2.9	3.9	1.0	.6	8.	
Blue-collar workers	27,139	22,767	4,374	36.8	47.8		36.2	46.5	16.7	42.0		16
Craftsmen, foremen	9,632	9,400		13.1	19.8	.9	13.7	20.5	.9	7.5	12.5	1
Carpenters	875	876		1.2	1.8	-	1.3	1.9	<b>-</b> .	.6	1.1	1
Construction craftsmen, except carpenters	2,005	1,994		2.7	4.2	(1)	2.8	4.3	.1	2.0		1
Mechanics and repairmen	2,350	2,340		3.2	4.9	(1)	3.3	5.1	(1)	2.1	3.6	
Metal craftsmen, except mechanics	1,237	1,222		1.7	2.6	.1	1.8	2.7	(1)	.9	1.4	ł
Other craftsmen and kindred workers	1,799	1,676		2.4	3.5	.5	2.6	3.7	.5	1.3		1
Foremen, not elsewhere classified	1,366	1,292		1.9	2.7	,3	2.0	2.9	.3	.6		1
Operatives	13,757	9,748		18.6			18.2	19.8	15.3	22.2		15
Drivers and deliverymen	2,582	2,532	50	3.5	5.3		3.4	5.0	.2	4.7	8.0	١
Other operatives	11,175	7,216		15.1	15.2	15.1	14.9	14.7	15.1	17.5		15
Durable goods manufacturing	4,641	3,416		6.3	7.2	4.7	6.2	7.0	4.9	6.7		3
Nondurable goods manufacturing	3,708	1,678		5.0		7.8	5.0	3.4	8.0	5.3	1	1 6
Other industries,	2,826	2,122		3.8			3.6	4.3	2.3	5.6		5
Nonfarm laborets	3,750	3,619		5.1			4.2	6.2	.5	12.2		1
Construction	680	679	1	.9			.7	1.1	(1)	2.7		
Manufacturing	1,074	1,004					1.2	1.7	.3	3.3		1
Other industries	1,996	1,936					2.3	3.4	.2	6.2		i
ervice workers	9,623	3,355	6,268	13.0	7.1		10.9	6.2	19.6	31.1	1	53
Private household workers	2,244	63		3.0		8.3	2.0	1.1	5.5	11.7	1	27
Service workers, except private household	7,379	3,292	4,087	10.0	6.9	15.6	8.9	6.1	14.1	19.4		26
Protective service workers	865	810		1.2	1.7	.2	1.2	1.8	.2	.6	.7	1
Waiters, cooks, and barrenders	1,996	560	1,436	2.7	1.2	5.5	2.6	1.1	5.4	3.7	2.3	1. :
Other service workers	4,518	1,922	2.596	6.1	4.0	9.9	5.0	3.2	8.5	15.1	11.6	20
arm workers	3,975	3,226		5.4			5.3	6.7	2.7	5.9	7.3	4
Farmers and farm managers	2,202	2,063		3.0	4.3	.5	3,2	4.6	.5	1.6	2.2	1
Farm laborers and foremen.	1,773	1,163			,		2.2	2.2	2.2	4.4	5.1	] 3
Paid workers	1,073	885					1.2	1.6	1 .5	3.7		2
Unpaid family workers	700	278					1.0	1.6	1.7			

<sup>1/</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table A-24: Persons at work in nonagricultural industries, by full-time and part-time status, hours of work, and selected characteristics

May 1966

······································	Γ			cent distribut art-time statu					lours of wo	rk	
	Tota		T	att-time state	On part time		ļ		odis or we	<u>-</u>	Γ
Characteristics	at worl		On full- time	Economic		Other reasons	Total at	1 to 34	35 to :	41 hours	Average hours, total
Characteristics	Thousands	Percent	sched- ules	Usually work full time	Usually work part time	Usually work part time	work	hours	hours	and o <del>ve</del> r	at work
AGE AND SEX											
Total	67,162	100.0	84.2	1.2	1.1	13.5	100.0	19.0	49.1	31.9	40.1
Male	42,695	100.0	90.1	1.2	.7	8.0	100.0	13.2	46.3	40.5	42.7
14 to 17 years	1,631	100.0	9.9	.8	1.7	87.6	100.0	91.6	5.6	2.8	14.7
18 and 19 years	1,543	100.0	57.4	2.1	2.6	37.9	100.0	46.0	37.9	16.1	31.3
20 to 24 years	4,227	100.0	87.6	2.0	.7	9.7	100.0	16.6	48.1	35.2	41.2
25 to 34 years	9,159	100.0	97.2	.9	-4	1.4	100.0	5.9	48.3	45.8	45.4
35 to 44 years	10,029	100.0	97.5	1.2	.4	.9	100.0	5.5	46.6	47.9	45.9
45 to 64 years	14,598	100.0	96.4	1.1	.6	2.0	100.0	7.6	50.5	41.9	44.3
65 years and over	1,503	100.0	66.2	.5 1.3	2.0 1.7	31.4	100.0	36.0 29.1	37.3 54.0	26.7 16.9	35.7
Female	24,468 1,066	100.0	73.8	.2	1.7	90.7	100.0	91.9	5.8	2.3	12.0
14 to 17 years	1,367	100.0	67.1	1.2	2.4	29.3	100.0	35.4	54.0	10.6	32.3
18 and 19 years	3,249	100.0	84.7	1.3	1.4	12.7	100.0	18.5	66.2	15.4	37.2
20 to 24 years	4,015	100.0	76.8	1.4	1.0	20.6	100.0	27.1	55.7	17.1	36.1
35 to 44 years	5,223	100.0	75.0	1.8	1.9	21.3	100.0	27.4	56.6	16.0	36.1
45 to 64 years	8,704	100.0	78.6	1.2	2.2	18.1	100.0	24.6	55.1	20.4	37.4
65 years and over	844	100.0	54.8	1.2	2.2	41.9	100.0	47.3	31.8	20.8	31.8
MARITAL STATUS AND SEX											
Male: Single	6,908	100.0	61.3	1.7	1.9	35.1	100.0	42.0	39.6	18.4	31.9
Married, wife present	33,560	100.0	96.1	1.0	.4	2.5	100.0	7.3	47.5	45.2	45.0
Other	2,226	100.0	90.6	1.5	1.7	6.2	100.0	13.7	48.2	38.1	42.3
Female: Single	5,698	100.0	69.8	.5	1.2	28.6	100.0	32.1	53.4	14.5	32.5
Married, husband present	13,738	100.0	73.3	1.5	1.6	23.6	100.0	29.8	54.0	16.2	35.6
Other	5,031	100.0	79.9	1.7	2.9	15.5	100.0	23.7	54.5	21.8	37.6
COLOR AND SEX							ŀ				
White	60,031	100.0	84.6	1.1	.8	13.5	100.0	18.5	48.6	32.9	40.3
Male	38,589	100.0	90.5	1.0	.6	8.0	100.0	12.9	45.4	41.8	43.0
Female	21,442	100.0	74.2	1.3	1.2	23.3	100.0	28.6	54.5	16.9	35.4
Nonwhite	7,132	100.0	81.1	2.2	3.6	13.2	100.0	23.3	52.9	23.8	38.0
Male	4,106	100.0	88.4	2.5	1.8	7.3	100.0	16.5	54.7	28.8	40.2
Female	3,026	100.0	71.1	1.7	5.9	21.2	100.0	32.5	50.5	17.0	35.0

Table A-25: Persons at work, by hours of work, and class of worker

May 1966

(Percent distribution)

			Agric	ulture	-			Nonag	ricultural is	ndustries		
	İ		Τ	- 11			W	age and sa	lary worke	rs		
Hours of work	Totai	Total	Wage and salary workers	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workers	Total	Total	Private house- holds	Govem- ment	Other	Self- employed workers	Unpaid family workera
Total at workthousands Percent	71,349 100.0	4,187 100.0	1,288 100.0	2,186 100.0	713 100.0	67,162 100.0	60,450 100.0	2,512 100.0	9,990 100.0	47,948 100.0	6,141 100.0	571 100.0
1 to 34 hours 1 to 14 hours 15 to 21 hours 22 to 29 hours 30 to 34 hours 35 to 40 hours 40 hours 41 hours and over 41 to 47 hours 48 hours 49 hours and over	19.8 6.7 5.4 3.8 3.9 47.1 6.4 40.7 33.0 7.9 5.8 19.3	32.9 9.2 10.6 7.1 6.0 14.9 6.5 8.4 52.2 5.4 3.9 42.9	36.1 14.1 11.3 5.6 5.1 20.2 5.3 14.9 43.7 7.8 4.0 31.9	22.3 9.4 4.9 4.1 3.9 11.4 4.8 6.6 66.4 3.9 4.7 57.8	60.3 26.9 19.2 14.2 16.0 13.8 2.2 23.9 6.0 1.1 16.8	19.0 6.5 5.1 3.6 3.8 49.0 6.3 42.7 31.9 8.1 5.9 17.9	18.6 6.3 4.9 3.6 3.8 52.1 6.6 45.5 29.3 8.3 5.9	71.3 45.4 13.5 7.5 4.9 17.1 4.6 12.5 11.6 3.2 2.3 6.1	14.4 4.7 4.2 2.2 3.3 60.1 6.2 53.9 25.2 7.4 3.5 14.3	16.8 4.6 4.6 3.7 3.9 52.2 6.8 45.4 31.1 8.7 6.6 15.8	20.5 9.2 5.7 2.8 2.8 22.2 4.0 18.2 57.4 6.6 6.2 44.6	42.3 - 24.3 10.3 7.7 24.3 7.9 16.4 33.4 6.6 5.3 21.5
49 to 54 hours	6.8 3.0 5.2 4.3	6.4 3.3 11.7 21.5 45.8	7.4 3.8 9.0 11.7 39.8	6.7 3.3 15.5 32.3 53.1	3.6 2.4 4.9 5.9 34.2	6.9 3.0 4.3 3.2 40.1	6.4 2.8 3.8 2.1	2.2 .9 1.0 2.0	6.5 2.5 3.2 2.1	6.6 3.0 4.1 2.1	11.6 4.6 14.8 13.6	7.1 2.4 3.1 8.9

Table A-26: Summary employment and unemployment estimates, by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Employment status	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Jan. 1966	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	May 1965
TOTAL													
Toral labor force  Civilian labor force  Employed  Agriculture  Nonagricultural industries  On full-time schedules 1.  On part-time for economic reasons 1  Usually work full time  Usually work part time  On voluntary part-time schedules 1.  Unemployed	79,313 76,268 73,231 4,076 69,155 56,002 1,607 839 768 7,985 3,037	73,799 4,482 69,317 55,421	79,315 76,341 73,435 4,363 69,072 55,839 1,622 820 802 8,016 2,906	76,355 73,521 4,442 69,079 55,954 1,681 899 782 7,948	69,286	76,567 73,441 4,486 68,955 55,884	76,111	68,010	75,611 72,297 4,418 67,879	932 1,038 7,695	76,054 72,618 4,639 67,979	948 1,035 7,931	77,990 75,306 71,816 4,869 66,947 54,239 1,904 947 7,378 3,490
MEN, 20 YEARS AND OVER											ļ		
Civilian labor force Employed	44,661 43,597 2,861 40,736 1,064	43,772 3,035 40,737	43,664 2,980	2,990 40,690	43,604 2,936	3,035 40,544	43,330	40,103	43,285 3,120	44,865 43,453 3,171 40,282 1,412	43,492	44,933 43,478 3,256 40,222 1,455	44,996 43,503 3,331 40,172 1,493
WOMEN, 20 YEARS AND OVER									ĺ				
Civilian labor force. Employed Agriculture Nonagricultural industries Unemployed	24,082 23,121 632 22,489 961	728			23,228 765	24,121 23,157 769 22,388 964	22,937 684	22,041	22,771 697	23,779 22,726 752 21,974 1,053	22,823 748	21,967	23,376 22,350 803 21,547 1,026
BOTH SEXES, 14-19 YEARS													
Civilian labor force Employed	7,525 6,513 583 5,930 1,012	7,830 6,894 719 6,175 936	7,620 6,726 651 6,075 894		7,821 6,883 728 6,155 938	7,695 6,705 682 6,023 990	7,579 6,647 656 5,991 932	6,537 671 5,866	7,191 6,241 601 5,640 950		7,278 6,303 701 5,602 975	5,893 648 5,245	6,934 5,963 735 5,228 971

<sup>1</sup> These categories will not add to the nonagricultural industries total because of the exclusion of persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey week.

Table A-27: Seasonally adjusted rates of unemployment

Selected unemployment rates	May	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Dec.	Nov.	0et.	Sept.	Aug.	July	June	May
	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965
Total (all civilian workers).  Men, 20 years and over 20-24 years 25 years and over Women, 20 years and over Both sexes, 14-19 years	4.0	3.7	3.8	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.6
	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3
	4.9	4.3	5.0	4.4	4.2	5.1	5.7	5.5	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.9	6.9
	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.9
	4.0	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.8	4.4
	13.4	12.0	11.7	10.9	12.0	12.9	12.3	13.2	13.2	12.9	13.4	14.0	14.0
White workers	3•5	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.3	4.2
	7•6	7.0	7.2	7.0	7.0	7.5	8.1	7.9	8.1	7.7	8.9	8.3	7.8
Married men.  Full-time workers I  Blue-collar workers  Experienced wage and salary workers  Labor force time lost	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.5
	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.4
	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.1	5.0	5.5	5.6	5.4
	3.7	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.5	4.4
	4.4	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Adjusted by provisional seasonal factors.

Table A-28: Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

Duration of unemployment	May	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Dec.	Nov.	0et.	Sept.	Aug.	July	June	May
	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965
Less than 5 weeks	856 536	1,625 670 603 343 260	1,543 787 588 319 269	1,514 721 579 315 264	1,548 738 661 354 307	1,532 869 660 355 305	1,618 903 644 334 310	1,562 992 697 350 347	1,703 858 728 384 344	1,722 980 717 397 320	1,791 980 685 355 330	1,788 1,015 779 419 360	1,829 1,046 715 377 338

## HOUSEHOLD DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Table A-29: Rates of unemployment by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

Age and sex	May	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Jan.	Dec.	Nov.	0ct.	<b>Se</b> pt.	Aug.	July	June	May
	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965	1965
Total, 14 years and over	4.0	3.7	3.8	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.6
14 to 17 years	14.7	12.5	13.1	11.7	12.7	14.7	13.2	13.0	13.5	13.2	13.6	13.6	13.8
	9.5	6.4	6.7	7.8	8.7	12.4	9.0	6.7	5.5	7.5	7.6	7.7	8.2
	17.2	15.6	16.3	13.5	14.7	15.8	15.4	16.0	17.3	15.8	16.6	16.3	16.5
18 years and over  18 and 19 years  20 to 24 years  25 years and over  25 to 54 years  55 years and over	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.2
	11.9	11.8	10.4	10.3	11.2	11.6	11.3	13.5	12.5	12.4	13.4	15.1	14.3
	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.4	5.6	6.6	5.9	5.9	6.5	6.5	7.2	7.2
	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3
	2.8	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.0
Males, 18 years and over	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.8
18 and 19 years	10.8	10.3	9.9	9.3	9.7	9.9	8.7	12.9	10.2	12.4	13.5	15.4	14.3
	4.9	4.3	5.0	4.4	4.2	5.1	5.7	5.5	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.9	6.9
	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.9
	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.9
	3.0	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.7	3.1	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.2
Females, 18 years and over	4.6	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.0	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.4	5.0
18 and 19 years	13.3	13.5	11.1	11.5	13.1	13.6	14.3	14.1	15.1	12.5	13.3	14.8	14.4
	6.4	6.4	5.5	5.9	7.1	6.3	7.7	6.5	5.7	7.5	7.4	7.8	7.6
	3.5	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.3	3.8
	3.9	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.9	4.1	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.2	4.7	4.2
	2.6	2.0	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.9	2.9	2.1	2.3	2.8	2.8	3.2	2.8

Table A-30: Employed persons by age and sex, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands) Jan. July June Age and sex 1966 1966 1966 1966 1966 1965 1965 1965 72,618 72,085 71,816 73,799 73,435 73,521 73,715 73,441 72,914 72,561 72,297 72,387 3,382 1,223 3,231 1,107 2,124 3,397 1,142 2,255 3,406 1,155 2,251 3,546 3,392 1,167 3,401 3,201 3,224 3,007 3,096 1,068 3,175 14 to 17 years.......... 1,137 2,087 1,258 2,231 1,221 1,198 1,115 2,086 2,159 2,325 2,203 2,225 2,099 1,993 2,028 69,493 3,226 7,738 58,529 58,529 58,340 30,118 29,971 28,411 28,369 69,070 3,014 7,767 7,811 58,289 58,368 29,954 30,016 28,335 28,352 69,361 69,000 3,046 2,808 7,919 7,721 58,396 58,471 29,894 29,998 28,502 28,473 70,323 3,418 7,979 58,926 30,211 28,715 70,256 3,424 7,759 70,101 70,172 70,106 68,720 | (10,051) | 3,294 | | 20 to 24 years | 7,997 | | 25 years and over | 58,763 | | 25 to 44 years | 30,175 | | 45 years and over | 28,588 | | 5,18 years and over | 3,392 3,347 7,850 7,792 58,859 59,033 30,244 30,392 28,615 28,641 3,424 3,370 7,759 7,739 59,073 58,997 30,397 30,410 28,676 28,587 2,867 7,666 53,187 29,862 28,325 .. 45,381 45,646 45,538 45,530 45,501 45,418 45,110 44,923 44,939 45,149 45,172 44,984 45,087 Males, 18 years and over . . 1,874 4,623 39,149 20,578 18,571 1,874 1,850 4,595 4,549 39,069 39,131 20,576 20,633 1,897 1,839 4,553 4,543 39,051 39,036 20,530 20,546 18,521 18,490 1,780 1,689 4,569 4,469 38,761 38,765 20,445 20,408 18,316 18,357 1,654 1,696 4,498 4,668 38,787 38,785 20,438 20,430 1,680 1,506 4,713 4,595 38,779 38,883 20,387 20,465 

 18 and 19 years
 1,783

 20 to 24 years
 4,594

 25 years and over
 39,004

 1,584 4,633 38,870 20,576 20,633 18,493 18,498 20,565 18,349 18,355 18,392 18,418 .. 24,673 24,677 24,563 24,642 24,755 24,688 24,383 24,221 Females, 18 years and over . . 24,131 24,074 24,189 24,016 23,633 1,518 1,497 1,527 1,531 3,255 3,243 3,206 3,196 19,790 19,902 20,022 19,961 9,668 9,759 9,867 9,864 10,122 10,143 10,155 10,097 1,360 1,348 3,269 3,143 19,502 19,583 9,516 9,586 9,986 9,997 1,511 3,403 1,446 1,283 1,431 1,366 1,302 10 and 15 years 1,7,111 1,741 1 20 to 24 years 3,403 3,356 19,777 25 to 44 years 9,610 9,633 45 years and over 10,149 10,144 3,169 3,215 19,768 19,575 9,673 9,563 3,206 3,126 19,617 19,588 3,033 19,317 9,440 9,507 9,533 10,110 10,055 10,095 10,012 9,877

NOTE: Due to the independent seasonal adjustment of several of the series, detail will not necessarily add to totals.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL EMPLOYMENT

Table B-1: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division 1919 to date

(In thousands)

-			Contract	Γ	Transpor-	Vhoie	sale and reta	il trade	Finance,	Service		Government	<del> </del>
Year and month	TOTAL	Mining	construc- tion	Manufac- turing	tation and public utilities	Total	Wholesale trade	Romil trade	insumoce, and real estate	and miscel- laneous	Total	Federal	State and local
1919	27,088	1,133	1,021	10,659	3,711	4,514	-	-	1,111	2,263	2,676	-	
1920	27,350	1,239	848	10,658	3,998	4,467	-	-	1,175	2,362	2,603	-	-
1921	24,382	962	1,012	8,257	3,459	4,589	-	-	1,163	2,412	2,528	-	-
1921 1922 1923	25,827 28,394	929 1,212	1,185	9,120	3,505 3,882	4,903 5,290		-	1,144	2,503 2,684	2,538 2,607	:	-
		· ·		20,500		7,250	-	_	1,190	2,004	2,001	· •	-
1924	28,040	1,101	1,321 1,446	9,671	3,807 3,826	5,407	-	-	1,231	2,782	2,720	-	-
.925 .926	26,778 29,819	1,089	1,555	9,939	3,942	5,576 5,784		-	1,233 1,305	2,869 3,046	2,800 2,846	:	
.927	29,976	1,114	1,608	10,001	3,895	5,908		_	1,367	3,168	2,915		1 ]
.927 .928	30,000	1,050	1,606	9,947	3,826	5,874	- 1	-	1,435	3,265	2,995	-	-
020	31,339	1,087	1,497	10,702	3,916	6,123	_	_	1,509	3,440	3,065	533	2,532
.929 .930 .931	29,424	1,009	1,372	9,562	3,685	5,797		Ţ	1,475	3,376	3,148	526	2,622
1932	26,649	873	1,214	8,170	3,254	5,284	-	-	1,407	3,183	3,264	560	2.704
.932	23,626	731	970	6,931	2,816	4,683	-	-	1,341	2,931	3,225	559 565	2,666
1933	23,711	744	809	7,397	2,672	4,755	-	-	1,295	2,873	3,166	565	2,601
1934	25,953	883	862	8,501	2,750	5,281		-	1,319	3,058	3,299	652	2,647
.935	27,053	897	912	9,069	2,786	5,431	- 1	-	1,335	3,142	3,481	753	2,728
936	29,082	946	1,145	9,827	2,973	5,809	-	-	1,388	3,326	3,668	826	2,842
1937 1938	31,026 29,209	1,015 891	1,112	10,794	3,134   2,863	6,265	-	-	1,432	3,518	3,756	833 829	2,923
	1	091	1	9,440	2,003	6,179		•	1,425	3,473	3,883	029	3,054
.939 .940 .942 .943	30,618	854	1,150	10,278	2,936	6,426	1,684	4,742	1,462	3,517	3,995	905	3,090
.940	32,376	925	1,294	10,985	3,038	6,750	1,754	4,996	1,502	3,681	4,202	996	3,206
.941	36,554 40,125	957	1,790	13,192	3,274	7,20	1,873	5,338	1,549	3,921	4,660	1,340	3,320
1942	42,452	992	2,170 1,567	15,280	3,460 3,647	7,118 6,982	1,821	5,297 5,241	1,538 1,502	4,084 4,148	5,483 6,080	2,213	3,270 3,174
	1		1	1	1	1	1	1		7,240	1	2,50)	3,117
944	41,883	892	1,094	17,328	3,829	7,058	1,762	5,296	1,476	4,163	6,043	2,928	3,116
1945 1946	40,394	836	1,132	15,524	3,906	7,314	1,862	5,452	1,497	4,241	5,944	2,808	3,137
1947	41,674   43,881	862 955	1,661	14,703	4,061 4,166	8,376 8,955	2,190 2,361	6,186	1,697	4,719	5,595	2,254	3,341
1948	44,891	994	2,169	15,582	4,189	9,272	2,489	6,595 6,783	1,754	5,050 5,206	5,474 5,650	1,892	3,582 3,787
i oko	1.0	000	0.166	l	ľ		0.100			_			1
.949 .950 .951	43,778 45,222	930 901	2,165	14,441	4,001 4,034	9,264 9,386	2,487 2,518	6,778 6,868	1,857	5,264 5,382	5,856 6,026	1,908	3,948 4,098
951	47,849	929	2,603	16,393	4,226	9,742	2,606	7,136	1,991	5,576	6,389	2,302	4,087
1952	48,825	898	2,634	16,632	4,248	10,004	2,687	7,317	2,069	5.730	6,609	2,420	4,188
1953	50,232	866	2,623	17,549	4,290	10,247	2,727	7,520	2,146	5,867	6,645	2,305	4,340
L954	49,022	791	2,612	16,314	4,064	10,235	2,739	7,496	2,234	6,002	6,751	2,188	4,563
1955	50,675	792	2,802	16.882	4.141	10,535	2,796	7.740	2,335	6,274	6,914	2,187	4,727
1956	52,408	822	2,999	17,243	4,244	10,858	2,796 2,884	7,974	2,429	6,536	7.277	2,209	5,069
1957 1958	52,894	828	2,923	17,174	4,241	10,886	2.893	7,992	2,477	6.749	7,616	2,217	5.399
1950	51,368	751	2,778	15,945	3,976	10,750	2,848	7,902	2,519	6,811	7,839	2,191	5,648
L959	53,297	732	2,960	16,675	4,011	11,127	2,946	8,182	2,594	7,115	8,083	2,233	5,850
1960	54,203	712	2,885	16,796	4,004	11,391	3,004	8,388	2,669	7,392	8,353 8,594	2,270	6,083
1960 1961 1962	53,989 55,515	672 650	2,816 2,902	16,326	3,903	11,337 11,566	2,993	8,344 8,511	2,731	7,610 7,947	8,594	2,279	6,315
1963	56,602	635	2,963	16,995	3,906 3,903	11,778	3,056 3,104	8,675	2,800	8,226	8,890 9,225	2,340 2,358	6,550 6,868
.963 .964	58,156	633	3,056	17,259	3,947	12,132	3,173	8,959	2,964	8,569	9,595	2,348	7,248
.965	60,444	628	3,211	17,984	4,031	12,588	3,263	9,325	3,044	8,907	10,051	2,378	7,673
L965: May	60,000	629	3,223	17,745	4,008	12,437	3,213	9,224	3,029	8,905	10,024	2,338	7,686
June	60,848	640	3,412	18,027	4,070	12,596	3,269	9,327	3,062	9,008	10,033	2,374	7,659
July	60,694	641	3,476	18,016	4,083	į	3,301	9,282	3,098	9,081	9,716	2,407	7,309
August	60,960	640	3,575	18,211	4,003	12,583 12,574	3.312	9,262	3,102	9,062	9,698	2,408	7,290
September	61.515	627	1 3.495	18,428	4.112	12,639	3,307	। ଦ. ସସନ	1 3,073	9,039	10,102	2,377	7,725
October	61,786	629	3,465	18,412	4,104	12,736	3,321	9.415	3.066	9,073	10,301	2,384	7,917 8,011
November. December.	62,029 62,660	631 628	3,375	18,443 18,415	4,091 4,087	12,960 13,638	3,326 3,345	9,634 10,293	3,062 3,064	9,054 9,046	10,413	2,402 2,543	8,011 8,036
recember.	000وعب	المحق	3,203	10,415	7,001	1	Į.	l -	l .	ŀ	· ·	ŀ	1
1966: January	61,041	617	2,974 2,851	18,274	4,025	12,716	3,303	9,413	3,049	8,959	10,427	2,406	8,021
February.	61,212	613		18,457	4,034	12,617	3,299	9,318	3,054	9,030	10,556	2,431	8,125
March April	61,826 62,497	615 586	3,015	18,588 18,708	4,054	12,700 12,871	3,305	9,395	3,075	عباره	10,726	2,400	8,207 8,233 8,274
May	63,070	627	3,196 3,353	18,825	4,077 4,113	12,913	3,313 3,321	<b>9,558</b> 9,592	<b>3,090</b> 3,099	9,112 9,243 9,346	10,667 10,726 10,794	2,460 2,493 2,520	8,274
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NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 benchmark month.

Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry

(In thousands)

			(In s	thousands)							
SIC				ll employees					tion worker		
Code	Industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
	TOTAL	63,070	62,497	61,826	60,000	59,471					
	MINING	627	586	615	629	623	492	1419	479	493	487
10 101 102	METAL MINING	- - -	84.4 25.0 31.9	24.3	26.7	26.0		70.2 21.0 26.3	69.3 20.3 26.1	69.0 22.8 24.3	68.9 22.2 24.2
11,12 12	COAL MINING	-	105.1 95.7			143.6 133.4	Ξ	87.1 78.7	124.0 115.4	124.4 115.4	125.8 116.8
13 131,2 138	CRUDE PETROLEUM AND MATURAL GAS Crude petroleum and natural gas fields Oil and gas field services	- - -	274.5 149.8 124.7	149.8	154.1	279•5 153•9 125•6	- - -	191.1 83.3 107.8	191.7 83.4 108.3	198.1 86.4 111.7	195.4 86.6 108.8
14 142 144	QUARRYING AND NOMMETALLIC MINING	- - -	122.1 42.7 40.0		42.7		1 1	101.0 36.3	93•5 32•6 -	101.0 36.5	97.1 35.0
-,	CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	3,353	3,196	3,015	3,223	2,978	2,849	2,705	2,525	2,745	2,504
	GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS		1,046.3	993.9	1,009.8	936.5		898.3	846.3	866.5	794.7
16 161 162	NEAVY CONSTRUCTION Highway and street construction Other beavy construction	- - -	611.2 294.4 316.8	221.5	663.8 345.4 318.4	273.3	- - -	523.6 258.0 265.6	426.9 186.8 240.1	577•7 311•4 266•3	479•5 238•3 241•2
17 171 172 173 174 176	SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS  Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning  Painting, paperhanging, and decorating  Electrical work  Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work  Roofing and sheet metal work	-	1,538.6 370.5 127.8 245.3 238.8 108.3	367.1 121.6 241.5 237.0	1,549.1 362.7 143.1 232.9 245.0			1,283.4 299.6 113.8 195.7 217.1 87.2	1,252.2 296.3 107.1 191.9 215.4 84.9	1,300.8 293.3 128.7 185.9 223.2 89.2	1,230.1 285.5 116.4 183.8 214.8 86.0
_	MANUFACTURING	18,825	18,708	18,588	17,745	17,659	14,014	13,921	13,828	13,180	13,108
19,24,25, 32-39	DURABLE GOODS	11,106	11,025	10,910	10,279	10,218	8,256	8,193	8,098	7,621	7,570
20-23, 26-31	NONDURABLE GOODS	7,719	7,683	7,678	7,466	7,441	5,758	5,728	5,730	5,559	5,538
	Durable Goods										:
19 192 1925 194 191,35,69	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES Ammunition, except for small arms Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories	197.2	260.2 195.2 167.0 13.7 51.3	257.4 193.1 165.6 13.4 50.9	230.4 175.2 155.7 12.0 43.2	228.6 173.4 154.2 12.1 43.1	125.2 81.8 - 37.6	121.6 80.5 58.0 5.7 35.4	120.2 79.2 57.1 5.6 35.4	97.7 64.5 50.4 4.7 28.5	97.2 64.0 50.2 4.8 28.4
24 241 242 2421 243 2431 2432 244 2441,2	LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE Logging camps and logging contractors Sawmills and planing mills. Sawmills and planing mills, general Millwork, plywood, and related products. Millwork Veneer and plywood. Wooden containers Wooden containers Wooden boxes, shook, and crates Miscellaneous wood products	255.6 163.3 - 36.0	612.2 83.7 251.6 215.3 164.3 69.6 75.8 35.2 27.3	604.1 82.7 248.9 212.7 161.4 68.7 75.0 34.2 26.6 76.9	605.4 85.2 252.8 217.1 158.5 68.6 72.0 35.0 27.2 73.9	211.5 156.4 67.8 71.9 34.4 26.6	545.6 233.4 137.0 32.4 66.9	534.8 -230.0 196.8 137.7 56.1 69.1 31.7 24.5 66.4	527.4 - 227.2 194.1 135.2 55.3 68.3 30.6 23.7 65.9	530.7 231.3 198.8 133.6 55.7 65.9 31.6 24.5 63.0	518.0 225.4 193.2 131.8 54.8 66.0 31.0 24.0 64.8

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands) All employees Production workers 1 SIC Code Industry Mar. 1966 Mar. Apr. 1965 1966 1966 1965 Durable Goods -- Continued 448.8 25 251 FURNITURE AND FIXTURES ...... 447.2 447.3 421.8 424.3 372.6 371.0 370.8 352,3 349.7 280.4 151.8 306.1 158.9 307.7 159.7 327.1 328.1 326.8 280,6 ~ 279.7 263.1 2511 170.4 171.0 151.3 141.4 142.2 2512 Wood house furniture, upholstered. . . . . 64.5 28.2 77.6 78.2 83.2 83.3 69.6 64.9 28.1 69.2 Mattresses and bedsprings . . . . . . . . . 2515 37.3 37.5 35.9 35.8 29.6 252 28.6 30.3 44.8 28.4 28.3 22.5 23.6 32.9 22.1 22.0 254 Partitions; office and store fixtures . . . . . 45.1 42.0 42.7 33.3 34.8 31.1 32:0 Other furniture and fixtures ..... 34.9 253.9 45.8 45.4 45.4 45.6 STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS. . . . . 639.5 635.9 33.0 618.8 31.2 613,4 31,4 112,5 618.6 32.8 511.4 26.4 495.7 26.1 514.7 492.5 25.3 321 117.8 119.1 115.7 113.5 62.6 104.0 102.8 99.3 55.5 322 100.8 61.8 54.0 63.1 61.4 55.7 54.3 36.1 3229 324 Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c.. . . 50.9 50.7 46.8 43.8 47.1 38.3 37.7 72.1 38,2 69,9 29.7 62.1 27.6 58.8 38.6 29.1 30.0 29.7 325 69.8 70.5 61.0 73.1 59.6 59.2 3251 32,1 30.9 31.6 30,9 28.5 27.2 27.8 326 42.8 177.7 42.2 171.5 36.8 128.9 35.6 137.2 43.0 41.9 36.4 35.9 180.1 168.4 177.2 138,9 136,8 131.3 Other stone and mineral products. . . . . . . 328.9 130,2 130.4 125.7 24.8 127.4 98.2 98.1 17.8 93.8 16.3 96.3 16.1 3291 Abrasive products . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1,324.8 1,317.1 1,299.2 L,300.2 1,299.4 081.4 076.4 1,060.3 PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES . . . . 33 331 3312 Blast furnace and basic steel products... Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills... 651.6 638.4 672.3 675.2 (\*) 533.0 471.0 520.6 553.7 493.1 556.7 573.6 561.3 596.0 459.5 599,8 497.0 236.2 235.9 232.7 225.5 225.8 201.2 202.1 199.1 193.8 332 135.5 25.9 3321 140.6 139.8 135.7 121.5 120.8 117.6 117.5 27.8 27,9 25.5 23.7 23.9 3322 21.7 22.1 65.0 64.4 56.9 54.4 54.6 3323 75.0 74.4 202.8 71.6 333,4 73.9 71.4 58.2 57.7 57.4 55.8 55,5 202.7 202.1 190.2 187.7 157.0 143.7 335 157.2 156.9 146.5 3351 Copper tolling, drawing, and extruding. . 44.6 62.0 35.8 35.6 34.6 34.2 3352 Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating. 65.8 65.6 69.8 60.4 51.5 51.5 47.7 46.0 69.7 3357 65.0 64.3 54.6 70.3 54.9 51.1 50.5 Nonferrous foundries ...... 83,6 83.3 75.9 70.3 70.1 64.0 63.5 37.1 39.3 37.1 38.8 34.8 35.5 3361 40.6 40.6 35.0 31.6 31,6 Other nonferrous castings . . . . . . . . . 42.7 42.2 3362.9 35.1 32.4 31.9 69.3 339 3391 69.2 63.4 56.2 51.9 56.1 56.1 51.1 46.5 46.6 43.8 38.5 38.5 1,326.9 1,317.0 1,251.0 ,239,3 ,038.5 1,033.4 1.023.4 967.9 958.3 34 341 54.1 123.1 62.9 162.9 64.3 155.8 64.6 154.3 62.2 52.6 54.4 163.0 162.8 129.7 Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware. 129.6 129.4 122.5 59.2 Cutlery and hand tools, including saws . 63,6 59.7 50.8 47.3 75.8 47.0 75.5 3421,3,5 3429 51.3 98.9 96.1 78.9 99.4 95,1 78.4 81.1 61.4 343 3431,2 80.3 80.8 78.1 61.1 61.2 59.1 58.3 Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods
Heating equipment, except electric...
Fabricated structural metal products ... 37.9 37.6 31.1 30.9 30,5 30.5 3433 42.4 391.1 43.0 385.7 41.3 368.3 40.7 360.2 30.0 284.0 30.3 279.1 28.6 27,8 394.5 287.8 265.2 257.6 344 Fabricated structural steel . . . . . . . . . Metal doors, sash, frames, and trim. . . . 3441 108,7 107.2 101.0 100.2 80.9 73.5 64.6 93,0 3442 68.6 67.1 66.5 49.4 48.0 48.1 46.3 Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)... 95.8 65.4 102.4 101.3 71.4 3443 72.5 63.7 66.1 69.5 68.9 63.4 50.4 50.0 3444 30.8 41.9 41.2 39.6 39.0 28.5 72.8 3446,9 30.1 27.9 Screw machine products, bolts, etc. . . . . 100.1 99.5 99.0 92.2 91.8 79.3 78.6 78,2 72.3 345 3451 42.9 42.7 38.9 38.7 36.5 3452 56.6 237.3 56.3 237.5 53.3 219.9 53.1 42.1 41.9 194.2 39.6 39.4 178.9 235.5 218.7 192.2 346 193.8 179.7 78.2 347 78.1 71.9 72.9 66.2 65.9 65.9 60.5 61.3 Miscellaneous fabricated wire products. . . 65.7 144.9 61.2 138.5 61.6 137.1 53.1 114.2 49.3 104.1 49.9 103.1 348 53.3 109.5 Miscellaneous fabricated metal products . . 349 Valves, pipe, and pipe fittings. . . . . . . 86.7 83.4 81.3 79.9 63.1 59.1 58.0

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

	<b></b>		(In	thousands)							
SIC	Industry	16		ll employee		1 1	L		uction work		
Code	industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
	Durable GoodsContinued	1	1	İ							
35	MACHINERY	1,834.7	1,824.2	1,812.8	1,702.4	1,698.4	1,294.2	1,285.6	1,276.8	1,192.4	1,189.7
351	Engines and turbines	96.3	95.5	94.8	88.5	89.6	66.7	66.3	65.7	59.6	60.9
3511	Steam engines and turbines	-	33.4	32.8	32.7	32.4	-	19.5	19.2	18.6	18.5
3519	Internal combustion engines, n.e.c.	-	62.1	147.9	55.8 135.7	137.1	-	46.8	110.4	99.4	100.7
352 353	Farm machinery and equipment  Construction and related machinery	265.9	262.5	260.3	247.9	246.6	184.2	181.5	178.9	170.3	169.4
3531,2	Construction and mining machinery	20).9	143.7	142.1	135.1	134.4	104.2	103.1	100.9	96.2	95.7
3533	Oil field machinery and equipment	_	36.8	36.6	36.5	36.3	_	25.0	25.0	24.9	24.7
3535,6	Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes.	-	38.1	38.1	34.9	35.2		25.3	25.3	22.9	23.4
354⊆	Metalworking machinery and equipment	320.7	319.9	317.8	298.0	297.9	243.4	243.1	241.1	225.1	224.9
3541	Machine tools, metal cutting rypes	-	107.9	107.0	73.1	73.0	-	56.3 89.7	56.1 88.8	51.2 83.8	51.1 84.2
3544 3545	Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	-	56.5	55.7	51.9	51.6	-	41.9	41.1	38.2	37.9
3542,8	Miscellaneous metalworking machinery	l <u>-</u>	75.8	75.6	71.4	71.3	1 ]	55.2	55.1	51.9	51.7
355	Special industry machinery	197.7	197.1	197.9	190.2	189.2	137.1	136.2	137.2	131.9	130.9
3551	Food products machinery	-	39.7	40.4	39.1	38.8	-	25.6	26.4	25.6	25.0
3552	Textile machinery	-	43.9 29.2	44.1 27.4	42.3 26.8	42.2 26.7	-	34.2	34.5	32.9	32.9 18.9
3555 356	Printing trades machinery	272.0	271.5	271.5	256.0	253.6	185.3	183.7	184.4	173.1	171.0
3561	Pumps; air and gas compressors	273.9	74.0	74.5	71.0	69.9	105.3	42.8	43.4	41.6	40.6
3562	Ball and roller bearings.	- I	60.9	60.8	57.6	56.8	_	48.2	48.4	45.5	44.6
3566	Mechanical power transmission goods	-	52.9	52.3	48.8	49.0		39.8	39.4	36.4	36.7
357	Office, computing, and accounting machines	218.9	218.3	215.8	190.8	190.5	130.6	129.0	127.8	111.9	112.3
3571	Computing machines and cash registers .	221.6	166.7	165.2	146.6	144.6	80.6	93.4	93.2 76.6	82.5	81.1 79.6
358 3585	Service industry machines	114.6	69.4	66.8	71.3	71.1		48.7	46.1	50.7	50.4
359	Miscellaneous machinery	198.5	197.9	196.4	181.3	180.6	156.3	156.2	154.7	140.7	140.0
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36	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES	1,878.4	1,862.0	1,829.7	1,631.7	1,620.4	1,299.8	1,289.1	1,265.3	1,113.9	1,105.7
361	Electric distribution equipment	190.2	188.1	186.2	168.8	166.9	130.3	129.3	127.9	114.4	113.4
3611	Electric measuring instruments	-	65.8	64.6	55.8 44.5	55.1	-	44.5	43.6	36.6	36.3
3612 3613	Power and distribution transformers Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	-	47.4 74.9	47.4 74.2	68.5	43.9 67.9	_	33.3 51.5	33.5 50.8	31.2 46.6	30.9 46.2
362	Electrical industrial apparatus	209.5	209.2	207.2	190.6	188.8	149.6	149.2	147.6	133.1	131.3
3621	Motors and generators		114.7	113.0	103.7	102.1	-	82.8	81.5	73.4	72.0
3622	Industrial controls	-	57.0	57.0	51.5	51.1	-	38.2	38.0	33.8	33-5
363	Household appliances	185.9	183.3	169.3	168.1	168.6	147.3	145.2	131.7	132.2	132.3
3632 3633	Household refrigerators and freezers Household laundry equipment	] [	62.8	56.6	56.9 24.6	57•3 24•4	_	51.9 20.7	45.9 17.5	18.8	46.9 18.7
3634	Electric housewares and fans	_	40.5	40.7	38.5	38.0		31.8	32.0	30.4	29.8
364	Electric lighting and wiring equipment	183.6	181.6	179.8	163.9	164.0	143.7	142.1	140.8	127.4	127.8
3641	Electric lamps	-	34.8	34.5	31.2	31.2	-	30.8	30.5	27.4	27.4
3642	Lighting fixtures	-	62.0	61.9	57•3	58.0	_	48.5	48.3	44.3	45.0
3643,4 365	Wiring devices	158.5	158.9	83.4	75.4	74.8	124.1	62.8	62.0	55.7	55.4 97.8
366	Communication equipment	475.6	470.9	465.3	419.9	418.6	240.2	238.2	235.1	209.8	210.1
3661	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	112.0	131.1	130.2	116.6	115.7	-	90.5	89.9	80.5	80.3
3662	Radio and TV communication equipment		339.8	335.1	303.3	302.9	-	147.7	145.2	129.3	129.8
367	Electronic components and accessories Electron tubes	369.4	365.3	359.4	293.2	289.8	283.1	279.9	276.1	221.4	217.9
3671-3 3674,9	Electronic components, n.e.c.		82.5	79.4 280.0	67.1	66.5	-	59.3 220.6	56.5 219.6	175.1	45.8 172.1
369	Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	105.7	282.8 104.7	103.6	226.1 98.2	223.3	81.5	80.5	86.0	175:2	75.1
3694	Electrical equipment for engines	-	58.1	58.1	53.7	54.5	-	45.9	46.0	41.7	42.5
	;		İ	1			1	1	i	1	
37	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	1,903.0	1,893.3	1,887.6	1,730.1	1,717.5	1,363.7	1,358.4	1,354.6	1,239.5	1,226.6
371	Motor vehicles and equipment	(*)	889.6	892.1	855.9	848.9	(*)	696.0	698.8	672.5	665.9
3711	Motor vehicles	- 1	376.7	376.3	360.7	358.3	-	281.7	281.5	271.0	269.2
3712	Passenger car bodies	-	71.5	72.0	68.6	68.8	-	58.6	59.1	56.3	56.6
3713	Truck and bus bodies	_	36.6 378.4	35.8 381.7	34.3 367.0	33.4	-	29.7	29.1 308.5	28.1	27.2
3714	Motor vehicle parts and accessories	725.6	715.1	706.7	602.3	598.7	431.0	425.4	417.2	342.3	338.8
372 3721	Aircraft and parts	-	394.4	389.9	319.7	316.5	451.0	229.6	223.5	175.9	173.1
3722	Aircraft engines and engine parts	_	206.4	204.2	184.8	185.3	-	117.5	116.5	100.7	101.1
3723,9	Other aircraft parts and equipment	-	114.3	112.6	97.8	96.9	_	78.3	77.2	65.7	64.6
373	Ship and boat building and repairing	171.9	172.8	177.5	161.6	162.4	142.4	143.3	149.3	136.2	135.8
3731	Ship building and repairing	_	143.3	145.1	130.8	131.1	_	119.0	122.0	110.1	109.3
3732 374	Boat building and repairing	_	29.5 58.5	32.4 57.2	30.8 54.9	31.3 54.0	_	24.3 46.1	27.3 44.9	26.1 43.0	26.5 42.3
375,9	Other transportation equipment		57.3		55.4			47.6			
				•		,	•		'	, ,,	

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands)

				thousands)							
SIC	Industry			ll employees					luction work		
Code	Industry	<b>May</b> 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
	Durable GoodsContinued						1				
38 381	INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS	417.4	413.9 71.3	411.8 71.8	375.2 65.1	376.8 69.1	268.9	266.4 36.9	266.0 37.5	237.6	239.8 35.6
382	Engineering and scientific instruments Mechanical measuring and control devices .	104.8	104.2	103.2	98.9	98.2	68.7	68.4	67.9	64.7	64.2
3821	Mechanical measuring devices	-	64.1	63.2	60.6	60.0	- '	40.1	39.7	37.8	37.4
3822	Automatic temperature controls		40.1 49.3	40.0 48.9	38.3 45.7	38.2 45.5	1 = -	28.3 35.8	28.2 35.5	26.9	26.8 32.5
383,5 385	Optical and ophthalmic goods	49.3	34.2	33.9	31.6	31.4	35.7	26.3	26.1	23.9	23.7
384	Surgical, medical, and dental equipment	64.1	63.6	62.8	56.7	56.5	44.4	44.1	44.0	39.1	39.0
386	Photographic equipment and supplies	91.0	90.9	89.8	78.8	78.0	53.1	53.1	52.3	45.4	44.9
387	Watches and clocks	-	34.6	35.3	30.0	29.5	-	28.1	28.8	24.0	23.6
10	MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING			tat =	,	1,00	350.0	31.5.3	205.0	200.0	20-6
39 391	INDUSTRIES  Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	437.9	432.5 47.3	424.7 46.8	412.1 44.5	408.1 44.5	350.9	345.1	337.8 36.7	329.0 35.1	325.6 34.9
394	Toys, amusement, and sporting goods	47.1	118.6	112.9	114.4	111.7	37.2	98.5	92.8	95.2	92.7
3941-3	Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles	-	72.6	68.3	72.1	69.2	-	60.4	55.8	60.6	58.0
3949	Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c	-	46.0	44.6	42.3	42.5	-	38.1	37.0	34.6	34.7
395 396	Pens, pencils, office, and art materials	_	35.3	35.0	32.7	32.1	-	26.2	25.9	24.1	23.6
393,8,9	Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions Other manufacturing industries	176.1	55.1 176.2	54.6 175.4	52.5 168.0	52.4 167.4		45.6 137.8	45.1 137.3	43.0 131.6	42.9 131.5
393	Musical instruments and parts	-	26.7	26.7	24.0	23.9		22.2	22.3	19.9	20.0
	Nondurable Goods					i					
20	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	1,665.5	1,657.6	1,656.8	1,670.0	1,649.5	1,081.8	1,074.6	1,075.3	1,080.2	1,061.8
201	Meat products	298.6	295.7	296.2	300.6	298.1	236.9	233.8 138.7	234.4	236.8 143.7	234.0 142.7
2011	Meat packing	-	48.6	180.9 48.5	187.3 49.3	186.5 49.3	i -	34.4	139.3 34.3	35.2	35.0
2013 2015	Sausages and other prepared meats Poultry dressing and packing	1 -	66.9	66.8	64.0	62.3	-	60.7	60.8	57.9	56.3
202	Dairy products	277.3	276.4	274.3	286.7	283.4	127.7	126.3	124.4	132.4	130.0
2024	Ice cream and frozen desserts	] -	29.6	28.1	31.8	30.0	-	15.5	14.6	17.4	16.0
2026	Fluid milk	-	200.2	200.6 224.5	205.1 216.0	204.8 207.2	-	74.8 189.5	75.0 182.9	176.5	77.0 168.1
203 2031,6	Canned and preserved food, except meats	1 -	37.3	37.3	38.2	35.4		33.0	32.9	34.3	31.3
2032,3	Canned food, except sea foods	-	111.3	108.6	106.5	99.0		86.1	83.4	82.8	75.8
2037	Frozen food, except sea foods	-	53.3	48.9	45.2	46.8	I	47.6	43.4	39.6	41.3
204	Grain mill products	120.2	119.9	121.3	123.9	123.0	83.5	83.0 20.8	84.5 21.3	86.9 22.3	85.8 22.7
2041 2042	Flour and other grain mill products  Prepared feeds for animals and fowls		29.3 51.1	29.9 51.5	31.3 53.5	31.7 51.9	-	32.9	33.2	35.6	33.8
205	Bakery products	275.8	276.3	277.2	283.3	282.0	159.3	159.7	160.4	164.4	162.8
2051	Bread, cake, and perishable products	-	235.0	235.0	241.0	239.6	-	125.0	125.1	128.7	127.5
2052	Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels	-	41.3	42.2 31.8	42.3	42.4 29.9	-	34.7	35.3	35.7	35.3 23.2
206 207	Sugar	70.7	30.7 70.4	76.1	29.8 72.4	73.3	57.1	23.9 56.9	25.0 62.5	23.2 57.9	58.6
2071	Candy and other confectionery products	- 1	57-1	62.7	58.8	59.9		47.6	53.1	48.3	49.2
208	Beverages	222.7	220.4	217.3	220.1	214.6	114.2	113.0	110.9	112.8	109.3
2082 2086	Malt liquors	-	59.8 120.6	58.7 118.6	62.1	60.8 115.6	-	39.6 45.8	38.7 44.7	41.4 44.8	40.3 42.6
209	Miscellaneous food and kindred products	136.8	136.5	138.1	137.2	138.0	88.3	88.5	90.3	89.3	90.0
21	TOBACCO MANUFACTURES	72.1	73.7	75.8	74.0	74.8	60.4	61.9	64.0	62.8	63.6
211 212	Cigarettes	-	37.9 21.7	37.4 21.5	37.3 22.9	37•3 23•1	-	31.0 20.1	30.5 19.9	31.0 21.2	31.0 21.5
	Cigaro					- 1	0) ( -				
22	TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	948.0 237.1	945.7 237.0	941.11 236.4	914.4 229.3	913.0 229.1	846.7 218.2	844.1 217.5	840.0 217.2	816.6 210.7	816.0 210.8
221 222	Cotton broad woven fabrics	1 1	93.4	93.5	89.4	89.7	84.1	84.3	84.4	80.4	81.0
223	Weaving and finishing broad woolens	93.3 44.3	44.0	44.1	44.0	43.7	38.9	38.6	38.7	38.6	38.3
224	Narrow fabrics and small wares	30.5	30.5	30.4	29.0	29.1	27.2	27.2	27.1	25.7	25.9 204.2
225	Knitting	238.9	237.2	232.9	229.0 51.8	227.1 52.2	214.5	212.6 49.2	208.5 49.0	206.1 47.2	47.6
2251 2252	Women's full and knee length hosiery	-	53.6 41.9	53.5 42.0	43.0	42.7	-	38.3	38.3	39.6	39.3
2252	All other hosiery	1 - 1	77.3	73.9	74.0	72.7	-	68.1	64.8	65.7	64.2
2254	Knit underwear	-	34.3	34.0	32.6	32.3	- 1	30.7	30.6	29.6	29.3
226	Finishing textiles, except wool and knit	75.7	75.5	75.1	76.4	76.8	63.8	63.9	63.6	64.7	65.2
227 228	Floor covering	114.8	41.1 113.8	41.2 114.0	39.8 107.7	40.3 107.5	106.7	33.4 105.8	33.6 105.9	32.6 99.9	33.3 99.5
228 229	Yarn and thread		73.2	73.5	69.8	107.5 69.7	60.1	60.8	61.0	57.9	57.8
			, , , , ,			- 11			•		

Table B-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands)

			1)	thousands)							
SIC		L		ll employee:			L	Pro	duction work	ers 1	
Code	Industry	Ma.y 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
	Nondurable GoodsContinued										
					0		i		1		i _
23	APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS		1,376.7	1,398.0	1,330.8	1,328.8	1,237.0	1,222.9	1,244.1	1,183.9	1,182.5
231 232	Men's and boys' suits and coats Men's and boys' furnishings	121.7 368.7	365.3	364.3	349.6	346.5	109.0 333.5	330.4	329.4	107.3	315.0
2321	Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear	_	129.5	128.4	125.2	123.8	- 333.7	117.2	116.1	113.8	112.5
2327	Men's and boys' separate trousers	-	75.9	76.9	73.7	73.3	-	71.1	72.1	69.1	69.1
2328	Work clothing	418.6	79.8	79.5 428.5	74.2	73.6 404.6		71.1	70.7	66.7	66.1
233 2331	Women's, misses', and juniors' outerwear Women's blouses, waists, and shirts	410.0	54.2	54.3	399.8 52.3	53.6	374.1	368.0 49.9	384.0 49.9	357.3	362.2 49.4
2335	Women's, misses', and juniors' dresses	-	207.0	204.0	198.2	205.7	-	185.5	182.8	177.1	184.8
2337	Women's suits, skirts, and coats	-	71.2	90.3	73.5	67.8	-	62.2	80.8	65.3	59.5
2339	Women's and misses' outerwear, n.e.c Women's and children's undergarments	128.4	79.9	128.3	75.8 122.8	77.5 123.0	113.4	70.4	70.5	108.3	68.5 108.3
234 2341	Women's and children's underwear		82.3	82.7	78.5	78.4		74.5	74.9	71.3	71.1
2342	Corsets and allied gaments	-	46.2	45.6	44.3	44.6	-	39.1	38.5	37.0	37.2
235	Hats, caps, and millinery		27.3 79.1	32.0 81.6	28.0	29.5		24.2	28.6	24.6	25.9
236 2361	Girls' and children's outerwear	81.7	37.3	38.0	79.3 36.1	75.9 35.9	73.4	71.0 34.0	73.5 34.6	70.9	67.5
237,8	Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel	-	76.5	75.7	73.5	72.7	-	66.5	65.6	63.8	63.1
239	Miscellaneous fabricated textile products .	168.9	167.4	166.4	158.4	159.2	143.0	141.7	141.2	134.1	135.1
2391,2	Housefumishings	-	58.1	58.5	55.0	56.0	-	49.9	50.3	47.1	48.3
26	PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	657.1	654.9	651.5	628.7	628.7	512.5	510.9	506.9	490.1	490.1
261,2,6	Paper and pulp	212.7	211.6	210.8	209.4	208.9	168.3	167.6	166.7	166.0	165.6
263	Paperboard	164.7	164.9	68.7 163.2	154.2	66.8	53.9 121.8	53.8	53.5	53.2	53.3
264 2643	Bags, except textile bags	104.1	39.6	39.6	36.4	154.5 37.3	121.0	121.9 31.9	120.3 31.8	29.2	113.6 30.0
265	Paperboard containers and boxes	211.5	210.2	208.8	198.2	198.5	168.5	167.6	166.4	157.6	157.6
2651,2	Folding and setup paperboard boxes	† -	69.9	69.5	65.9	65.7	_	57.7	57-3	54.0	53.7
2653	Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	-	92.4	92.0	87.2	87.8	] -	71.4	71.0	67.4	67.7
	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED					-60 -	0.0				]
27	INDUSTRIES	351.3	353.0	347.0	967.3 341.7	968.5 342.1	641.6 178.0	642.9	637.6	613.1	613.8
271 272	Newspaper publishing and printing  Periodical publishing and printing	3,2.3	70.7	70.9	67.7	68.2	170.0	179•3 25•1	175.7 25.5	173.8	173.4 24.9
272	Books		84.6	84.2	79.7 306.7	79.9	-		53.0	49.2	49.4
275	Commercial printing	321.5	321.3	320.1		307.0	252.0	53.1 252.3	53.0 251.6	239.7	240.1
2751	Commercial printing, except lithographic .  Commercial printing, lithographic	_	207.6 101.5	207.1	199.0 96.4	199.3   96.4	1 -	165.0	164.7	157.2	157.6
2752 278	Bookbinding and related industries	54.0	53.7	53.4	50.9	50.8	44.7	77.4 44.3	77.2	73.4	73.4
274,6,7,9	Other publishing and printing industries	126.6	126.7	125.6	120.6	120.5	88.6	88.8	87.8	84.6	84.6
28	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	942.9	938.5	929.8	898.8	899.9	566.0	564.4	556.5	543.6	545.4
281	Industrial chemicals	294.2	294.8	293.5	286.5	287.1	165.8	166.7	166.2	164.3	165.2
2812	Alkalies and chlorine	_	24.0 121.0	23.9	22.3	24.0		16.6	16.6	15.4	17.1
2818 2819	Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c	_	90.9	90.6	115.2 91.9	114.4 91.7	-	55•5 55 7	55.3	54.7 56.7	54.2
282	Plastics materials and synthetics	212.0	210.6	209.7	196.1 85.0	192.6	141.9	140.6	55.6 139.4	133.4	56.5 130.2
2821	Plastics materials and resins	-	90.0	90.6	97.1	82.1 96.5	_	57.1	57.1	54.4	51.8
2823,4 283	Synthetic fibers	120.4	119.9	119.7	110.6	113.7	63.5	73•7 63•4	72.8 63.0	69.7 56.3	69.0 59.4
2834	Pharmaceutical preparations	_	88.9	88.9	81.0	84.2	-	45.2	45.0		42.5
284	Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	106.6	102.0	101.0	103.3	103.1	63.9	61.1	60.4	39.3 63.3	63.1
2841 2844	Soap and detergents	I -	38.2	33.2 37.4	36.3 37.5	36.3 37.5		21.1	21.4	24.8	24.9
285	Paints, varnishes, and allied products	66.1	65.3	65.0	65.1	65.0	37.1	36.2	36.1	36.4	36.4
287	Agricultural chemicals	57.7	61.5	57.6	59.3	60.9	38.8	42.6	38.5	41.3	42.8
2871,2 286,9	Fertilizers, complete and mixing only Other chemical products	85.9	47.3 84.4	43.4 83.3	45•7 77•9	47.3   77.5	55.0	35.1	31.1	34.1	35.6
200,7	PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED	~~~		-5.5	11.7	'''•>	′′′′	53.8	52.9	48.6	48.3
29	INDUSTRIES	176.2	174.9	173.3	176.6	176.8	109.8	108.6	107.2	108.6	108.9
291	Petroleum refining	140.3	140.2	139.9	142.8	143.2	84.6	84.4	84.1	85.4	85.7
295,9	Other petroleum and coal products	35.9	34.7	33.4	33.8	33.6	25.2	24.2	23.1	23.2	23.2
	RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS	105 5	hac a	1,00	her o	1.50 -	200 -	-0		1	1
30 301	PRODUCTS	495.5 106.7	105.5	487.9 105.1	457.2 100.4	456.2 100.4	386.3 75.7	383.6	380.3	355.2	354.4
302,3,6	Other rubber products	179.3	177.4	177.5		170.6	142.2	74.6 140.8	74.3	71.7	71.8
307	Miscellaneous plastics products	209.5	209.3	205.3	170.4 186.4	185.2	168.4	168.2	164.9	134.6 148.9	134.7 147.9
31	LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	360.6	358.7	362.8	347.7	344.3	316.3	313.9	318.5	305.3	301.7
311	Leather tanning and finishing	31.7 237.5	31.8	32.0	31.0 230.9	31.5 230.0	27.8 211.0	27.6 208.8	27.9	27.0 205.5	27.4
314 312,3,5 <del>7</del> 9	Footwear, except rubber	237.5	235.2	238.7 92.1	230.9 85.8	230.0 82.8				205.5	
317	Handbags and personal leather goods		37.7	39.3	35.0		77.5	77.5 32.7	78.1 34.2	72.8	69.7
See 60	ornares as and of rable NOTE: Data for the 2 a								5	J	JU-4

Table 8-2: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

(In thousands)

TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLI UTILITIES.  40 RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION Class I railroads <sup>2</sup> LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENG TRANSIT	GER	-	Apr. 1966 4,077 715.0 619.6		May 1955 4,008	Apr. 1965 3,977	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	kers <sup>1</sup> May 1965	Apr. 1965
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLICATION	GER	4,113 - -	4,077 715.0	4,054 710.7	4,008		May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
UTILITIES.  40 RAIL ROAD TRANSPORTATION Class I railroads <sup>2</sup> LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENG TRANSIT 411 Local and suburban transportation Taxicabs	GER	- -	715.0	710.7	1	3,977					
UTILITIES	GER	- -	715.0	710.7	1	3,977		1			
40 RAIL ROAD TRANSPORTATION Class I railroads <sup>2</sup> LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENG TRANSIT	GER	- -	715.0	710.7	1	3,977		1 1			
Class   railroads 2	GER	-				1					
LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENG TRANSIT Local and suburban transportation Local and suburban transportation Taxicabs	GER 	-	619.6	615.3	737.0	734.6	_	_	-		-
41 TRANSIT			l		640.6	637.3	-	-	-	-	-
411 Local and suburban transportation 412 Taxicabs	a		1								
412 Taxicabs	, .		268.6 81.9	271.9 82.7	270.4 83.5	270.0 83.2	-	77.6	78.2	79.3	79.0
			107.9		107.8	109.7	-	11.0	10.2	19.3	19.0
413 Intercity and rural bus lines			41.4	40.9	41.0	40.6	] [	37.8	37.2	37.9	37.4
MOTOR FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION	4 AND										
42 STORAGE			974.0		946.2	930.0	_	885.9	883.0	861.9	845.8
422 Public warehousing			75.7 251.9	78.0 247.6	77.1 226.9	76.6 224.3	~	65.9	68.1	67.3	66.9
45 AIR TRANSPORTATION			225.3	221.4	204.3	201.6	-	-	-	-	-
451,2 Air transportation, common carrie	rs	-		İ	204.5	201.0	-	-	-	-	-
46 PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION	• • • • • •		18.6	18.6	19.3	19.2		15.5	15.5	16.2	16.1
44,47 OTHER TRANSPORTATION			319.1	314.3	319.7	314.5		-	-	-	-
48 COMMUNICATION		_	909.0	901.4	875.4	871.4		717.9 604.3	712.4	693.9 583.7	690.3
481 Telephone communication		-	759.8 32.1	753.0	731.3 31.4	727.8 31.2	-	604.3	599.7 22.0	583.7	580.3 21.7
482 Telegraph communication <sup>3</sup>			110.7			106.0	-	22.1 89.4	88.6	21.8 86.4	86.3
483 Radio and television broadcastin	1g	-	1	110.1	106.3		-				
49 ELECTRIC, GAS, AND SANITARY SE			620.8 252.6	619.0 251.9	613.5 249.7	612.8 249.2	-	539.2 214.4	537.4 213.8	533.6 211.6	532.7 211.1
491 Electric companies and systems. 492 Gas companies and systems			154.9	154.9	152.6	152.5	_	134.1	134.0	133.7	133.5
493 Combined utility systems			175.1	174.6	173.6	173.4	_	157.2	156.6	155.6	155.3
494-7 Water, steam, and sanitary system	ns	-	38.2		37.6	37.7	-	33.5	33.0	32.7	32.8
- WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRA	DE		12,871	12,700	12,437		11,509		11,306		11,087
50 WHOLESALE TRADE			3,313	3,305 254.1	3,213 248.9	3,199 248.4	2,809	2,801	2,795 213.3	2,727 208.8	2,714
501 Motor vehicles and automotive eq 502 Drugs, chemicals, and allied prod		_	199.4		194.3	193.8	_	164.5	165.4		
502 Drugs, chemicals, and allied prod 503 Dry goods and apparel			142.9		135.9	135.9	_	115.7	116.5		
504 Groceries and related products .			481.4		484.0	479.6	-	421.0	422.9		
506 Electrical goods			269.9 155.2		254.0 148.5	253.4	-	223.3	221.8	212.8	
507 Hardware, plumbing, and bearing 508 Machinery, equipment, and suppli			590.8		563.6	147.2 558.4	-	131.3 499.3	130.5 495.9	126.5 477.7	125.1 473.0
508 Machinery, equipment, and suppli 509 Miscellaneous wholesalers		i	1,141.3				-	967.5	961.3	937.3	936.9
52-59 RETAIL TRADE		9,592	9,558	9,395	9,224	9,219	8,700	8,666	8,511	8,374	8,373
53 GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES		7/2	1,877.3	1,838.7	1,783.6	1,797.7	-7111	1.719.2	1,683.0	1,632.3	1.645.4
531 Department stores		-	1,174.3	1,152.7	1,107.0	1,111.1	-	1,074.7	1,055.3		1,017.8
532 Mail order houses			317.9		305.7	315.3	_	106.9 297.0	108.7 287.8	100.2 285.4	100.2 294.7
54 FOOD STORES		-	1,533.5	1,533.5	1,457.1	1,465.0	_	1,424.1	1,424.4	1,354.2	1,362.4
541-3 Grocery, meat, and vegetable stor	res	-	1,361.5	1,364.1	1,287.7	1,289.4	-	1,263.7	1,266.4	1,194.5	1,196.3
56 APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES STOR			652.6	616.1	624.3	665.9	-	587.4	551.5	561.9	603.1
Men's and boys' apparel stores .			109.1	106.3 222.6	101.8	103.8 238.0	-	97.9 208.1	95•7 201.4	91.4 206.6	93.3 216.4
562 Women's ready-to-wear stores			100.1		101.8	106.9	_	92.6	90.4	94.2	99.6
Shoe stores		-	140.4					124.2			
57 FURNITURE AND APPLIANCE STOR	RES	_	417.8	418.5	402.8	401.6	_	366.9	367.6	356.8	356.3
571 Furniture and home furnishings .		-	270.3	269.5	261.1	261.1	-	236.6	236.5	230.9	231.5
58 EATING AND DRINKING PLACES .		1	1,943.9				-	1,815.2			1,750.9
52,55,59 OTHER RETAIL TRADE 52 Building materials and hardware			3,133.1 549.6		3,032.7 540.2	3,009.5 529.2	_	2,753.6 473.0	2,712.0 461.0	2,674.7 466.2	2,654.6 455.7
55 Auto dealers and service stations			1,450.1				_	713.0	-01.0	-00.2	
551,2 Motor vehicle dealers			746.1	746.2	721.2	718.0	-	638.0	638.9	621.6	619.2
553,9 Other vehicle and accessory deal	lers	-	180.6	176.7	176.9	173.8		156.4	152.8	154.0	151.0
554 Gasoline service stations			523.4		521.2	517.7	-	-	-	-	-
59 Miscellaneous retail stores 591 Drug stores			1,133.4				-	381 1	277 2	- 364.6	365.4
596 Farm and garden supply stores .			420.1 108.9		399.7 99.3	399.6 97.0	-	381.4	377.3	504.0	307.4
598 Fuel and ice dealers			108.6					94.5	99.4	90.0	95.2

SIC

89

891

۱1

92,93

92

Table B-2; Employees on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry--Continued

Production workers 1

(In thousands) All employees

Industry Mar. Apr. 1965 May 1966 Mar. 1966 Code May 1965 APT -1966 1966 1965 1966 1966 FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE 4..... 3,012 2,470 3,090 3,075 3,099 3,029 2,461 2,448 2.424 2,409 798.7 662.3 648.4 60 264.2 328.0 335.6 336.2 61 Credit agencies other than banks . . . . . . . 326.6 267. 268.4 262.8 93.8 185.6 612 Savings and loan associations . . . . . . . 94.0 93.8 76.0 76.0 76.8 185.4 138.3 Personal credit institutions . . . . . . . . 614 121.7 62 Security dealers and exchanges ..... 136.7 127.9 906.1 127.8 906.4 ---120.4 112.7 112.7 921.4 920.5 647.0 276.0 63 Insurance carriers ......... 645.5 275.4 638.3 276.0 639.6 482.7 631 483.0 480.1 480.2 276.5 59·3 333·0 56.2 324.9 50.8 282.4 50.2 282.2 47.7 632 Accident and health insurance ...... 59.6 56.3 324.6 Fire, marine, and casualty insurance . . . 333.4 633 276.7 277.3 237.1 566.2 Insurance agents, brokers, and services. . . . 237.6 231.1 230.6 65 575.7 46.1 581.1 564.5 45.2 Real estate . Operative builders . . . . 44.9 656 47.4 Other finance, insurance, and real estate... 82.8 82.5 80.6 SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS . . . . 9,243 9,112 9,346 8,905 8,796 684.3 657.2 675.7 644.6 Hotelsand lodging places ...... 70 591.9 961.4 701 Hotels, tourist courts, and motels ..... 631.6 608.9 617.9 590.9 568.5 579.2 553.8 978.3 971.7 969.7 541.2 536.3 488.3 483.0 487.6 480.1 Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants . . 721 Miscellaneous business services . . . . . . 149.4 1,138.1 1,061.4 1,046.2 73 731 732 Advertising ..... 114.5 114.0 113.3 67.0 67.1 Credit reporting and collection agencies . 78 179.3 173.4 180.7 175.8 781 48.3 131.0 47.9 125.5 42.2 138.5 40.3 135.5 28.2 29.0 26.3 24.9 Motion picture theaters and services . . . . 782,3 2,249.2 2,237.0 2,141.4 Medical and other health services ..... 80 1,491.8 183.8 1,488.7 184.5 1,439.7 175.9 806 Hospitals ..... 438.9 176.0 81 <u>-</u> 1,044.4 346.0 626.8 956.9 326.3 564.4 1,040.3 346.0 82 Elementary and secondary schools . . . . . 326.1 821 622.4 Higher educational institutions ..... 561.9 822

476.9

261.7

10,726

2,493

2.461.5

991.9 652.8

816.8

8,233

2,111.3

793.7 1,3**1**7.6

6,121.8 3,518.9 2,602.9

25.4

6.0

10,794

2,520

8,274

63.3

477.7

260.2

10,667

2,460

2,428.8

980.0 639.5

809.3 25.4

8,207

2,109.6

1,316.4

6,097.8 3,504.7 2,593.1

793.2

6.0

63.2

437.0

236.2

10,024

2,338

2,307.6 927.9 594.5 785.2

25.0

7,686

1,976.8 699.6

1,277.2

5,709.0 3,180.7 2,528.3

5.8

438.5

234.7 61.5

10,008

2,337

2,305.9 924.5 594.9

7,671

1,969.1

1,274.6

5,701.7 3,192.2

2,509.5

694.5

786.5

25.0

5.9

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Engineering and architectural services . .

Nonprofit research organizations . . . . . .

Department of Defense . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 

Judicial .....

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT .....

State government .....

GOVERNMENT..... FEDERAL GOVERNMENT 5 .....

<sup>1</sup> For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for all other industries, Provisiony workers.

2Beginning January 1965, data relate to railroads with operating revenues of \$5,000,000 or more.

3Data for nonsupervisory workers exclude messengers.

4Data for nonoffice salesmen excluded from nonsupervisory count for all series in this division.

Sprepared by the U.S. Civil Service Commission. Data relate to civilian employment only and exclude Central Intelligence and National Security Agencies.

Not available.

### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT

Table B-4: Indexes of employment on nonagricultural payrolls, by industry division, 1919 to date, monthly data seasonally adjusted

					17.	>/->y=100							
			Contract		Transpor-	Wholes	sale and retai	l trade	Finance,	Service	G	overnment	
Year and month	TOTAL	Mining	construc- tion	Manufac- turing	tation and public utilities	Total	Wholesa le trade	Retail trade	insurance, and real estate	and miscel- laneous	Total	Federal	State and local
1919	53.6	147.1	35.4	64.2	91.0	41.3			p3.0	32.8	34.1		_
1920	51.6					40.9		-	43.9 46.4	34.3			•
	52.1 46.4	160.9	29.4 35.1	64.2	98.1		-	-			33.2	-	•
1921		124.9		49.7	84.9	42.0	i	-	46.0	35.0	32.2	-	•
1922	49.2	120.6	41.0	54.9	86.0	44.9	-	-	45.2	36.3	32.3	l -	-
1923	54.1	157.4	42.6	62.1	95.2	48.4	-	-	47.0	38.9	33.2	-	-
1924	L	143.0	45.8	58.3	93.4	49.5		-	48.7	40.4	34.7	-	_
1924	53.4		50.1	59.9	93.9	51.1	١ ـ		48.7	41.6		-	_
1925		141.4	50.1	61.2	96.7	53.0	-		51.6	44.2	35.7		-
1926	56.8	153.9	53.9			54.1		1		46.0	36.3	1	•
1927	57.1	144.7	55.7	60.3	95.6			-	54.0		37.2	-	•
1928	57.1	136.4	55.6	59.9	93.9	53.8	1 -	-	56.7	47.4	38.2	-	-
1929	59.7	141.2	51.9	64.5	96.1	56.1	! -		59.6	49.9	39.1	24.1	45.0
1930	56.0	131.0	47.5	57.6	90.4	53.1	_		58.3	49.0	40.1	23.8	46.6
			42.1	49.2	79.8	48.4			55.6	46.2		25.3	48.0
1931	50.7	113.4	72.1	41.8		42.9	_			42.5	41.6		
1932	45.0	94.9	33.6 28.0		69.1		-	-	53.0		41.1	25.2	47.3
1933	45.1	96.6	20.0	44.6	65.6	43.5	•	-	51.2	41.7	40.4	25.5	46.2
103/4	ha b	114.7	29.9	51.2	67.5	48.4	_	_	52.1	44.4	42.0	29.4	47.0
1934	49.4					49.7	1 -	į.			44.4		48.4
1935	51.5	116.5	31.6	54.6	68.4		•	•	52.8	45.6	16.7	34.0	
1936	55.4	122.9	39.7	59.2	72.9	53.2	-	-	54.9	48.3		37.3	50.5
1937	59-1	131.8	38.5	65.0	76.9	57.4	-	-	56.6	51.0	47.9	37.6	51.9
1938	55.6	115.7	36.5	56.9	70.2	56.6	-	-	56.3	50.4	49.5	37.4	54.2
1030	58.3	170.0	20.0	61.9	72.0	58.8	58.1	59.1	57.8	51.0	50.9	40.9	54.9
1939 1940	61.6	120.1	39.8 44.8	66.2	74.5	61.8	60.6	62.3		53.4	53.6	45.0	56.9
							64.7	02.3	59.4		59.4		58.9
1941	69.6	124.3	62.0	79.5	80.3	66.0		66.5	61.2	56.9	22.4	60.5	58.1
1942	76.4	128.8	75.2	92.1	84.9	65.2	62.9	66.0	60.8	59-3	69.9	100.0	56.4
1943	80.8	120.1	54.3	106.0	89.5	63.9	60.1	65.3	59.4	60.2	77-5	131.2	,0.4
1944	79-7	115.8	37.9	104.4	93.9	64.6	60.8	66.0	58.3	60.4	77.0	132.2	55.3
1945	76.9	108.6	39.2	93.5	95.8	67.0	64.3	67.9	59.2	61.5	75.8	126.8	55.7
1946	79.3	111.9		93.5 88.6	99.6	76.7	75.6			68.5	71.3	101.8	59.3
10.7	83.6		57.5				81.5	77.1	67.1		69.8		63.6
1947	85.5	124.0	68.7	93.7	102.2	82.0		82.2	69.3	73.3	72.0	85.5	67.2
1948	٠,٠,٠	129.1	75.1	93•9	102.8	84.9	85.9	84.5	72.3	75.5	12.0	84.1	-,,-
1949	83.4	120.8	75.0	87.0	98.2	84.8	85.9	84.5	73.4	76.4	74.6	86.2	70.1
1950	86.1	117.0	80.8	91.8	99.0	85.9	86.9	85.6	75.8	78.1	76.8	87.1	72.8
1951	91.1	120.6	90.2	98.8	103.7	89.2	90.0	86.9	78.7	80.9	81.4	104.0	72.6
1952	93.0	116.6	91.2	100.2	104.2	91.6	92.8	91.2	81.8	83.1	84.2	109.3	74.4
1953	95.6	112.5	90.9	105.7	105.3	93.8	94.2	93.7	84.8	85.1	84.7	104.1	77.1
			, ,,,,		==>=5	,,,,,	1	/301	•	-,,-		1	0
1954	93.3 96.5	102.7	90.5	98.3	100.2	93.7	94.6	93.4	88.3	87.1	86.0	98.8	81.0
1955	96.5	102.9	97.1	101.7	101.6	96.5	96.5	96.4	92.3	91.0	88.1	98.8	83.9
1956	99.8	106.8	103.9	103.9	104.1	99.4	99.6	99.4	96.0	94.8	92.7	99.8	90.0
1957	100.7	107.5	101.2	103.5	104.0	99.7	99-9	99.6	97.9	97.9	97.1	100.1	95.9
1958	97.8	97.5	96.2	96.1	97.5	98.4	98.3	98.5	99.6	97.9 98.8	99.9	99.0	100.3
					ŀ		ļ						
1959	101.5	95.1	102.5	100.5	98.4	101.9	101.7	102.0	102.5	103.2	103.0	100.9	103.9
1960	103.2	92.5	99-9	101.2	98.2	104.3	103.7	104.5	105.5	107.3	106.5	102.5	108.0
1961	102.8	87.3	97.5	98.4	95.8	103.8	103.3	104.0	107.9	110.4	109.5	102.9	112.1
1962	105.7	84.4	100.5	101.5	95.8	105.9	105.5	106.1	110.7	115.3	113.3	105.7	116.3
1963	107.8	82.5	102.6	102.4	95.8	107.8	107.2	108.1	113.7	119.4	117.6	106.5	121.9
1964	130.7	82.2	105.9	104.0	96.8	111.1	109.6	111.6	117.2	124.3	122.3	106.1	128.7
1965	115.1	81.6	mi.ž	108.4	98.9	115.3	112.7	116.2	120.3	129.2	128.1	107.4	136.2
10/F 1/									120.5	129.2		10/14	130.2
1965: May		81.4		107.5	98.6	114.8	112.3	115.6	119.8	128.3	126.9	105.9	135.1
June	114.8	81.3	110.7	108.1	99.0	115.2	113.0	116.0	120.2	128.5	127.6	106.4	136.0
July	115.2	82.2	109.2		1		l	i .				-~	-JU-0
August	115.4		110.5	108.6	98 <b>.9</b> 99 <b>.3</b>	115.5	113.3	116.4	120.5	129.6	128.1	107.3	136.3
		81.4	110.4	108.9	99•3	115.4	113.0	116.2	120.7	129.8	128.5	107.5	136.8
September.	115.7	80.1		109.0	99.8	115.7	113.3	116.6	121.0	130.1	129.0	107.5	137.4
October	116.1	80.8	110.9	109.4	99•9	116.1	113.5	117.1	121.3	130.9	129.6	107.8	138.2
November	117.0	81.4	113.2	110.4	100.1	116.8	114.0	117.8	121.5	131.8	130.9	108.4	139.7
December	117.8	81.8	117.3	111.0	100.1	117.4	114.3	118.5	121.8	132.4	131.6	108.2	140.9
1966: January	118.3	82.1	117.2	111.6	100.3	110 0						1	
February	119.0	81.9	116.9		100.3	118.2	114.7	119.5	121.7	132.6	132.4	109.5	141.4
March	119.8		119.9	112.6	100.7	118.5	115.2	119.7	121.8	133.6	133.5		142.4
April		82.1		113.1	100.8	119.2	115.6	120.4	122.5	134.2	134.7	111.9	
May	119.8	76.9	116.9	113.6	100.9	119.0	115.9	120.1	122.6	134.4	135.6		144.4
read	120.1	81.2	114.9	114.0	101.2	119.1	116.1	120.2	122.6	134.7	136.6	114.2	
Ì									[	- 1	J		
		<u></u>							i	ĺ			
NOTE: Data incl	nde Alaeka	and Hawaii	hacionina I	050 This in	chieion has se	ultad in an	access of 21	2 000 (0 4					

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has resulted in an increase of 212,000 (0.4 percent) in the nonagricultural total for the March 1959 benchmark month.

Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT

Table B-5: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls by industry, seasonally adjusted

(In thousands)

					(In thousan	ids)							
Industry division and group	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Jan. 1966	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	May 1965
TOTAL	63,099	62,933	62,918	62,501	62,148	61,884	61,472	61,001	60,756	60,621	60,501	60,290	60,032
MINING	625	592	632	631	632	630	627	622	617	627	633	626	627
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	3,317	3,375	3,462	3,374	3,383	3,386	3,267	3,202	3,186	3,189	3,154	3,195	3,188
MANUFACTURING	18,918	18,860	18,780	18,691	18,522	18,429	18,321	18,163	18,098	18,072	18,032	17,943	17,835
DURABLE GOODS	11,094	11,053	10,996	10,919	10,805	10,707	10,615	10,523	10,494	10,476	10,424	10,345	10,266
Ordnance and accessories  Lumber and wood products  Furniture and fixtures.  Stone, clay, and glass products  Primary metal industries  Fabricated metal products  Machinery  Electrical equipment  Transportation equipment  Instruments and related products  Miscellaneous manufacturing	266 622 456 634 1,309 1,332 1,824 1,895 1,894 420 442	261 628 451 642 1,303 1,335 1,808 1,879 1,887 416 443	257 636 451 643 1,294 1,334 1,800 1,843 1,843 414 414	255 630 448 640 1,288 1,327 1,798 1,826 1,826 1,837	250 633 447 644 1,283 1,314 1,783 1,794 1,822 405 430	243 623 442 636 1,274 1,300 1,771 1,769 1,805 398 446	244 613 435 627 1,269 1,769 1,741 1,790 394 440	243 605 432 624 1,284 1,274 1,745 1,722 1,767 392 435	242 601 430 622 1,308 1,269 1,736 1,697 1,771 390 428	239 603 427 618 1,318 1,263 1,728 1,683 1,781 388 428	602 430 618 1,317 1,269 1,728 1,677 1,740 389	234 601 428 612 1,306 1,259 1,707 1,665 1,735 383 415	1,251 1,692 1,647
NONDURABLE GOODS	7,824	7,807	7,784	7,772	7,717	7,722	7,706	7,640	7,604	7,596	7,608	7,598	7,569
Food and kindred products  Tobacco manufactures  Textile mill products	1,730 84 948 1,407 661 1,013 938 176 499 368	1,738 85 948 1,392 659 1,013 932 176 496 368	1,748 84 946 1,384 659 1,003 931 175 491 363	1,749 82 943 1,383 658 1,004 927 176 487 363	1,743 83 939 1,355 654 998 922 177 485 361	1,745 84 937 1,377 650 992 918 178 483 358	1,761 81 933 1,369 646 990 914 178 477 357	1,733 81 928 1,362 643 984 909 177 469 354	1,717 79 924 1,356 640 980 910 179 465 354	1,723 80 921 1,345 637 981 911 179 466	87 921 1,343 641 981 908 179 464	1,728 86 916 1,367 634 975 900 177 463 352	86 914 1,346 633 971 894 176 460
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,125	4,114	4,107	4,104	4,090	4,079	4,079	4,071	4,067	4,049	4,031	4,034	, 4,020
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE.	13,011	12,992	13,015	12,942	12,909	12,822	12,754	12,684	12,641	12,600	12,619	12,580	12,532
WHOLESALE TRADE	3,361 9,650	3,357 9,635	3,349 9,666	3,336 9,606	3,323 9,586	3,309 9,513	3,300 9,454	3,288 9,396	3,281 9,360	3,273 9,327	3,281 9,338	3,272 9,308	0-
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	3,102	3,102	3,100	3,082	3,080	3,082	3,074	3,069	3,061	3,053	3,049	3,041	3,032
SERVICE AND MISCELLANEOUS	9,281	9,262	9,251	9,205	9,142	9,128	9,081	9,019	8,967	8,946	8,929	8,857	8,843
GOVERNMENT	10,720	10,636	10,571	10,472	10,390	10,328	10,269	10,171	10,119	10,085	10,054	10,014	9,955
FEDERALSTATE AND LOCAL	2,528 8,192	2,501 8,135	2,477 8,094	2,451 8,021	2,425 7,965	2,395 7,933	2,400 7,869	2,386 7,785	2,379 7,740	2,379 7,706		2,355 7,659	

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EMPLOYMENT

Table B-6: Production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry, seasonally adjusted
(in chousands)

	,		(1	n thousan	ds)						·	,	
Major industry group	<b>May</b> 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Jan. 1966	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0ct. 1965	Sep 6. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	May 1965
MANUFACTURING	14,090	14,055	14,003	13,937	13,801	13,731	13, <i>6</i> 47	13,507	13,457	13,440	13,405	13,340	13,252
DURABLE GOODS	8,236	8,213	8,177	8,122	8,027	7,955	7,878	7,798	7,781	7,769	7,721	7,662	7,599
Ordnance and accessories	126	123	121	118	113	107	108	107	105	104	102	100	99
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	544	550	558	553	556	547	538	530	527	530	528	527	529
Furniture and fixtures	380	374	375	373	370	368	362	358	357	35 <sup>1</sup> 4	357	356	356
Stone, clay, and glass products	509	517	518	<b>51</b> 6	520	512	503	500	500	495	495	490	491
Primary metal industries	1,065	1,061	1,055	1,050	1,045	1,035	1,031	1,046	1,068	1,079	1,077	1,068	1,050
Fabricated metal products	1,039	1,041	1,040	1,036	1,024	1,012	1,006	987	983	9 <b>7</b> 7	983	973	968
Machinery,	1,281	1,271	1,264	1,262	1,252	1,244	1,242	1,224	1,218	1,208	1,208	1,192	1,181
Electrical equipment and supplies	1,316	1,305	1,278	1,269	1,244	1,225	1,199	1,182	1,163	1,152	1,149	1,142	1,127
Transportation equipment	1,350	1,349	1,348	1,330	1,297	1,290	1,282	1,263	1,267	1,280	1,238	1,237	1,227
Instruments and related products	271	268	267	265	261	256	254	252	251	248	250	245	239
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	355	354	353	350	345	359	353	349	342	342	334	332	332
NONDURABLE GOODS	5,854	5,842	5,826	5,815	5,774	5,776	5,769	5,709	5,676	5,671	5,684	5,678	5,653
Food and kindred products	1,143	1,150	1,161	1,161	1,155	1,156	1,174	1,144	1,129	1,135	1,141	1,134	1,141
Tobacco manufactures	71	72	72	70	71	72	69	70	68	68	75	75	74
Textile mill products	847	846	844	842	840	837	834	828	825	823	822	818	817
Apparel and related products	1,252	1,238	1,229	1,229	1,203	1,225	1,216	1,212	1,205	1,195	1,196	1,221	1,198
Paper and allied products	516	51.5	51.3	512	510	507	503	500	499	497	500	494	493
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	644	644	640	639	637	629	6 <b>30</b>	625	621	622	622	616	615
Chemicals and allied products	560	556	556	554	551	548	547	544	546	548	548	542	538
Petroleum refining and related industries	110	770	109	110	110	110	170	170	111	110	111	110	108
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	388	388	383	379	380	378	372	365	362	<b>3</b> 63	361.	359	357
Leather and leather products	323	323	319	31.9	31.7	314	314	31.1	310	310	308	309	312

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

					(In tho	usands)	14.	316 0-7.	zmpio,	,	nonugi	100110101	payrons
			TOTAL			Mining		Contr	act construc	tion		Manufacturin	8
	State and area	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965
2 3 4 5 6	ALABAMA Birmingham Huntsville Mobile Montgomery Tuscaloosa	908.2 217.8 81.6 103.6 63.5 31.9	901.9 215.8 81.0 103.8 62.5 31.8	877.9 213.4 75.2 106.3 60.0 30.0	7.8 4.1 (1) (1) (1) (1)	8.6 4.1 (1) (1) (1) (1)	9.1 4.7 (1) (1) (1) (1)	52.2 12.3 3.9 5.5 5.1 1.9	49.9 11.8 3.5 5.4 4.7 1.8	51.3 11.8 4.7 7.0 4.7 1.6	285.6 65.7 14.5 21.6 9.7 8.6	283.5 64.6 14.3 21.8 9.3 8.7	273.4 65.4 13.0 21.2 8.9 8.2
7	ALASKA	67.0	64.7	64.9	1.2	1.1	1.0	3.8	2.9	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.9
8 9 10	ARIZONA Phoenix Tucson.	425.3 251.2 80.5	422.7 250.0 80.1	398.4 232.5 76.3	16.3 .2 3.9	16.2 .2 3.9	15.6 .1 3.4	22.8 13.4 5.5	22.2 13.0 5.3	22.9 13.4 5.7	74.5 58.2 6.9	73•5 57•5 6•9	62.3 47.4 6.1
11 12 13 14 15	ARKANSAS.  Fayetteville  Fort Smith.  Little Rock-North Little Rock  Pine Bluff.	475.2 21.6 38.9 100.5 22.5	467.7 21.3 38.2 98.9 22.1	442.5 19.2 37.3 96.5 21.4	4.6 (1) .4 (1) (1)	4.7 (1) (1) (1)	4.8 (1) (1) (1) (1)	27.8 1.3 2.0 7.9 1.4	24.8 1.2 2.0 6.5 1.3	27.1 1.0 2.1 7.1 1.5	140.7 7.1 14.0 19.6 5.5	138.8 6.9 13.6 19.4 5.5	129.2 5.8 12.6 18.4 5.4
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	CALIFORNIA Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove Bakersfield Fresno Los Angeles-Long Beacb Oxnard-Ventura Sacramento San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario San Diego San Francisco-Oakland San Jose Santa Barbara Santa Rosa Stockton Vallejo-Napa	312.5 81.2 98.3 2,562.4 75.0 236.1 254.2 278.7 1,107.4	5,912.1 307.0 80.1 97.2 2,546.1 74.0 232.9 253.8 276.9 1,099.6 282.7 67.0 40.4 74.3 58.2	5,663.9 286.0 78.4 94.0 2,445.1 70.9 223.7 242.2 263.5 1,060.9 260.7 39.6 69.9 54.1	32.4 1.8 7.6 1.2 9.9 2.6 .2 2.2 .4 1.9 .1	31.9 1.8 7.6 1.2 9.8 2.6 .2 2.2 .4 1.9 .1 1.0	31.57 7.66 1.17 9.9 2.55 .3 1.77 .14 1.00 .20	314.5 21.0 3.3 4.9 112.9 4.5 11.7 62.4 16.7 4.0 2.7 3.7 2.3	309.0 20.7 3.2 4.8 112.1 4.3 115.6 13.4 616.4 3.8 2.6 3.4 2.2	305.4 30.4 5.0 113.8 4.8 16.0 14.5 61.8 15.7 3.7 3.0 3.4	1,463.7 104.2 8.4 14.8 800.2 12.3 29.4 44.9 53.6 201.7 93.1 11.0 5.6 14.9 6.1	1,443.8 103.0 8.3 14.9 793.7 11.9 28.2 44.6 53.1 199.8 91.7 11.0 5.4 13.5 5.7	1,376.5 95.2 8.1 14.6 747.6 12.4 31.0 41.3 48.1 192.5 82.9 10.1 5.4 14.2 4.5
31 32	COLORADO	603.7 380.2	596.7 377.1	571.8 361.9	12.7 3.5	12.8 3.5	11.9 3.0	35.9 22.3	33.4 21.2	33•9 20•3	92.8 66.9	91.5 66.4	84.5 59.9
33 34 35 36 37 38 39	CONNECTICUT Bridgeport Hartford New Britain New Haven Stamford Waterbury	1,063.7 141.7 281.1 43.7 142.2 68.2 73.0	1,052.0 139.9 278.5 43.2 140.7 66.8 72.1	1,019.6 135.8 267.5 41.9 138.4 64.9 71.8	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	(2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (3) (3) (3) (4)	46.5 5.4 11.0 1.4 8.0 3.8 2.3	44.0 5.0 11.0 1.3 7.4 3.3 1.9	46.9 5.3 11.8 1.5 7.8 3.5 2.1	459.8 73.4 106.4 24.3 45.9 23.6 38.5	458.6 72.9 105.9 24.2 45.7 23.6 38.5	431.9 69.6 97.3 23.3 44.4 21.7 38.3
40 41	DELAWARE	185.9 167.5	185.3 166.9	177.8 161.2	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	13.7 11.3	13.3 11.0	12.7 10.7	68.3 66.0	68.1 65.7	65.1 63.5
42 43	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 3 Washington SMSA	(4) (4)	626.0 950.8	609.4 913.6	(4) (4)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(4) (4)	25.2 68.1	25•5 67•9	(4) (4)	20.8 41.7	20.1 39.6
44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51	FLORIDA Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood Jacksonville Mismi Orlando Pensacola Tampa-St. Petersburg West Palm Beach	1,702.0 114.8 164.3 371.4 107.9 56.4 242.0 82.2	1,730.3 118.5 163.9 378.9 108.9 56.2 244.0 83.9	1,622.8 109.7 160.6 364.0 103.6 56.5 235.8 76.1	10.5 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	10.3 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	9.9 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	129.7 11.2 10.7 17.0 8.8 4.3 18.1 8.6	138.3 14.0 10.8 23.0 8.9 4.3 18.3 8.2	133.0 13.3 10.8 21.9 9.0 4.7 18.4 6.9	262.2 12.6 22.8 56.0 18.7 14.3 42.8 14.8	267.0 12.6 22.9 55.6 19.0 14.2 43.4 15.7	249.0 11.1 22.0 54.8 19.3 14.8 41.4 13.0
52 53	GEORGIA	1,304.9 495.3	1,292.5	1,234.4 466.0	5.4 (1)	5•4 (1)	5•5 (1)	74.0 30.1	70.6 28.7	69•3 29•6	418.8 115.1	418.0 114.8	395.1 107.8

### for States and selected areas, by industry division

(In thousands)

	nsportation ublic utilit		Whole	sale and reta	il trade		nce, insura id real esta		Service	e and miscel	laneous		Governmen	:	
Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	1
51.1 16.6 1.9 9.1 4.3 1.2	50.9 16.6 1.9 9.2 4.3 1.2	50.1 16.3 2.0 9.7 3.9 1.2	169.5 48.9 11.8 23.3 14.1 5.5	167.3 48.6 11.8 23.3 13.9 5.5	166.3 48.8 11.2 23.1 13.7 5.4	36.5 15.3 2.0 4.3 4.2	36.5 15.3 2.0 4.2 4.3	36.1 15.0 1.8 4.3 4.2	116.8 27.6 20.0 15.1 9.8 3.0	116.5 27.7 20.1 15.1 9.7 3.0	113.1 27.2 17.1 14.5 9.2 3.0	188.7 27.3 27.5 24.7 16.3 10.9	188.7 27.1 27.4 24.8 16.3 10.7	178.5 24.2 25.4 26.5 15.4 9.7	1 2 3 4 5 6
7.0	6.9	6.7	10.0	9.8	9.1	2.2	2.2	2.0	7.8	7.6	7•2	29.9	29.4	28.8	7
25.2 13.8 5.0	25.2 13.8 5.1	24.7 13.4 5.2	97•7 61•0 18•3	96.9 60.5 18.2	94.4 59.4 17.4	22.4 16.1 3.7	22.4 16.1 3.7	21.8 15.8 3.6	69.6 41.9 14.5	69.6 42.0 14.5	66.6 39.5 14.0	96.8 46.6 22.7	96.7 46.9 22.5	90.1 43.5 20.9	8 9 10
31.1 1.6 2.6 8.9 2.7	30.8 1.5 2.6 8.8 2.7	29.3 1.6 2.6 8.5 2.7	97.4 4.4 8.0 22.0 4.0	95.9 4.4 7.9 22.1 4.0	94.4 4.2 8.1 21.8 4.0	18.7 •5 1.2 7.7 •8	18.5 •5 1.2 7.8 •8	17.5 .5 1.2 7.4 .8	62.2 2.3 5.4 14.9 2.8	61.6 2.3 5.4 14.8 2.7	59•3 2•2 5•2 14•7 2•8	92.7 4.5 5.2 19.6 5.3	92.6 4.5 5.1 19.6 5.1	80.9 3.9 5.1 18.5 4.2	11 12 13 14 15
395.2 10.6 5.8 7.2 152.5 17.6 17.4 15.4 110.0 3.3 2.5 5.7 2.8	390.6 10.5 5.7 7-3 151.0 3.5 17.5 17.5 15.3 109.0 12.7 3.3 2.4 5.8 2.8	379.3 9.7 5.7 7.0 146.9 17.1 14.6 106.1 12.0 3.1 2.4 5.6	1,292.6 66.2 17.9 26.2 559.3 16.7 48.0 55.3 61.3 236.3 51.5 15.0 10.5	1,279.6 64.6 17.6 26.0 555.6 16.5 47.4 55.0 60.8 234.9 50.8 14.7 10.3	1,242.9 60.9 17.4 25.8 542.5 15.3 45.8 52.6 58.7 230.7 47.7 14.3 9.9	328.6 13.8 2.8 4.7 149.8 2.4 10.0 9.6 14.1 82.7 10.8 2.6 3.4 2.5	326.8 13.7 2.8 4.6 148.6 2.4 9.9 9.5 14.2 82.4 10.8 2.5 1.8	316.1 13.0 2.8 4.6 144.9 2.3 9.2 13.6 80.5 10.6 3.8 2.5	966.5 46.2 11.5 130.0 9.8 27.8 14.1 476.9 176.9 176.9 10.4 8.3	959.4 44.2 11.5 16.3 429.4 9.6 27.7 44.1 475.9 175.9 14.53 10.3 8.1	915.6 41.9 15.6 410.2 8.9 26.4 40.9 46.3 167.7 49.4 14.1 5.9 9.8 7.7	1,178.4 48.7 23.9 22.8 347.8 23.2 91.4 65.2 72.3 235.0 48.5 16.8 21.8 27.5	1,171.0 48.5 48.5 22.1 345.9 23.2 90.6 65.3 72.1 233.9 47.1 16.1 9.8 21.6 27.3	1,096.6 43.2 22.2 20.3 330.0 21.5 81.4 63.4 67.3 219.9 42.7 11.8 9.1 18.3 25.3	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
44.8 30.6	44.5 30.5	43.9 30.3	140•2 95•1	139.0 94.4	136.3 91.3	31•3 23•7	31•2 23•7	30.9 23.5	98.0 65.2	97.1 64.7	94.5 63.7	148.0 72.9	147.2 72.7	135 <b>.</b> 9 69 <b>.</b> 9	31 32
47.1 5.7 10.0 2.0 13.2 2.8 2.8	46.6 5.7 10.0 1.9 13.2 2.7 2.8	46.4 5.4 9.9 1.9 12.9 2.7 2.8	188.1 24.8 52.3 6.6 27.7 15.0 11.4	184.9 24.5 51.6 6.5 27.4 14.5	183.2 24.1 50.5 6.4 26.9 14.7 11.0	59.9 4.2 34.9 1.0 7.3 3.0 1.9	59.6 4.2 34.8 1.0 7.3 2.9 1.8	58.4 4.1 33.4 •9 7.1 3.0 1.8	141.2 16.4 36.0 4.3 25.6 13.5 8.8	137.8 16.1 34.9 4.3 25.3 13.2 8.6	138.3 16.0 34.8 4.2 25.2 13.1 8.6	121.0 11.9 30.6 4.1 14.5 6.6 7.4	120.6 11.8 30.4 4.1 14.5 6.6 7.4	114.5 11.4 29.8 3.7 14.2 6.3 7.1	33 34 35 36 37 38 39
10.9 9.4	10.9 9.4	10.7 9.2	35•5 30•3	35.2 30.2	33•9 29•3	7•2 6•5	7.1 6.4	7.0 6.4	24.2 21.6	24.6 21.7	23.5 21.2	26.1 22.4	26.1 22.5	24.9 20.9	40 41
(¼) (¼)	31.1 51.1	30.6 49.4	(¼) (4)	87.3 182.3	87.9 177.1	{\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	31.7 57.2	31.4 55.0	(4) (4)	116.5 194.1	112.1 181.6	(4) (4)	313.4 356.3	301.8 343.0	
115.3 6.7 16.8 39.1 5.9 3.1 16.8 3.8	115.9 6.6 16.8 38.9 5.9 3.1 16.6 3.8	112.1 6.1 17.0 37.1 5.8 3.1 17.1 3.6	463.3 34.2 45.3 102.4 33.2 11.9 71.1 20.7	469.6 34.8 45.0 103.6 33.6 11.9 71.8 21.1	435.5 32.4 45.2 99.2 30.6 11.8 68.4 20.5	99.0 7.8 14.7 25.2 7.2 2.2 14.1 5.0	98.9 7.8 14.7 25.2 7.1 2.2 14.2 5.0	97.6 7.7 14.4 24.8 6.9 2.2 13.9 4.8	302.6 24.7 24.0 83.6 18.0 6.0 41.2 15.9	312.2 25.5 24.0 84.6 18.4 5.9 41.9	287.3 23.4 23.9 80.2 17.0 5.8 39.8 14.9	319.4 17.6 30.0 48.1 16.1 14.6 37.9	318.1 17.2 29.7 48.0 16.0 14.6 37.8	298.4 15.7 27.3 46.0 15.0 14.1 36.8 12.4	45 46 47 48 49 50
86.1 45.9	85.7 45.8	81.7 43.1	273.8 128.0	269.8 126.2	259.0 120.8	61.8 35.5	61.5 35.3	60.1 34.0	148.0 68.3	146.9 67.8	144.1 66.1	237.0 72.4	234.6 72.1	219.6 64.6	52 53

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Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

(In thousands)

	State and area		TOTAL			Mining	<del></del>	Consta	act construc	tion	,	Manufacturin	
	State and sies	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965
1	GEORGIA (continued) Savannah.	57•9	57.4	56.6	(1)	(1)	(1)	3.3	3.2	3.2	16.0	16.0	15.2
2	HATAII	225.0 190.9	222.6 188.4	212.2 178.5	(1)	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	18.1 15.5	18.0 15.4	17.2 14.0	23.4 16.6	22.8 15.9	22.8 15.9
4 5	IDAHO	178.7 32.2	174.4 31.5	168.5 30.7	3.4 (1)	3.4 (1)	3.3 (1)	10.8 2.1	9.8 1.8	10.3 2.0	32.2 3.3	32.0 3.3	29.2 3.2
6 7 8 9 10	ILLINOIS Chicago Davenport-Rock Island-Moline Peoria Rockford	772.5	3,914.8 2,683.8 123.5 112.4 98.0		25.2 6.1 (2) (2) (2)	24.8 5.9 (2) (2) (2)	25.5 6.2 (2) (2) (2)	151.0 97.0 5.9 5.5 4.0	146.2 94.5 5.4 5.1 3.7	151.4 101.2 5.7 5.9 4.0	1,349.8 936.0 47.8 44.2 52.7	1,346.4 933.0 47.9 43.8 52.6	1,283.6 900.4 46.2 44.6 47.8
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	INDIANA Evansville. Fort Vayne Gary-Hammond-East Chicago Indianapolis. Muncie. South Bend Terre Haute	1,694.3 79.2 102.4 205.8 370.8 41.3 89.4 48.2	1,674.0 78.5 101.4 202.7 367.5 41.5 88.6 47.6	1,599.0 78.6 96.7 204.1 357.2 39.9 86.0 45.1	7.9 1.8 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	7.7 1.8 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	7.9 2.1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	81.7 4.1 4.2 12.7 15.4 1.6 3.3 1.9	74.0 4.1 3.8 12.3 15.0 1.4 3.1 1.7	68.5 4.0 4.0 14.0 15.1 1.3 3.3 1.6	699.0 30.8 42.8 107.3 128.3 17.8 35.9 13.5	695.6 30.7 42.7 105.5 127.8 18.4 35.6 13.2	661.8 30.2 39.4 106.8 122.2 17.5 33.0 12.3
19 20 21	IOWA	777.4 59.0 107.8	763.1 58.3 107.1	740.5 55.1 107.7	3.3 (1) (1)	2.9 (1) (1)	3.0 (1) (1)	38•9 2•9 5•0	32.4 2.6 4.6	33.9 2.3 4.3	200.2 25.5 23.6	200.2 25.2 23.9	186.7 23.1 22.5
22 23 24	KANSAS	619.0 54.6 142.2	611.5 54.0 140.3	598.5 52.5 129.1	13.1 .1 2.8	13.0 .1 2.9	13.5 .1 3.0	31.8 2.9 7.1	29.4 2.6 6.6	33.8 2.6 6.5	133.2 8.0 51.4	132.5 7.8 51.0	119.1 7.3 42.1
25 26	KENTUCKY	796.4 277.6	768.8 261.1	745•3 268•2	27.8 (1)	27•3 (1)	28.0 (1)	52.2 14.5	48.4 13.1	42.5 13.8	220.2 97.7	207•1 84•9	200.7 93.2
27 28 29 30 31 32	LOUISIANA	941.1 87.6 36.5 32.4 350.4 (4)	934.0 90.9 35.5 32.1 350.0 80.5	884.7 79.2 33.2 32.1 340.4 77.2	51.7 .3 1.4 .5 12.5 (4)	51.4 1.4 1.4 12.4 5.3	49.0 •3 1•3 •5 11.9 5.4	86.3 11.5 5.6 3.8 28.1 (4)	86.9 15.4 4.6 3.7 28.2 6.2	65.8 7.8 3.2 4.1 25.2 5.5	160.9 16.5 7.6 6.0 59.3 (4)	159.3 16.5 7.6 6.0 59.0 11.8	153.3 15.8 7.3 5.8 58.2 10.3
33 34 35	MAINE	293•3 26•4 57•5	288.8 25.8 57.2	284.4 25.3 55.6	(1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1)	13.2 1.2 3.1	11.8 1.1 3.1	13.1 1.1 2.8	108.6 12.9 14.3	108.4 12.7 14.4	104.0 12.1 13.5
36 37	MARYLAND <sup>3</sup>	1,103.2 689.5	1,086.0 681.7	1,037.9 655.8	2.5 •9	2.5 •9	2•5 •9	78.0 39.2	73.5 37.3	75•1 37•1	274.7 199.8	273.0 197.9	260.7 189.7
339 44 44 45 44 45 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46	MASSACHUSETTS  Boston  Brockton  Fall River 5  Lawrence-Haverhill  Lowell  New Bedford 5  Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke  Worcester 5	2,075.0 1,152.7 45.1 44.1 74.7 47.4 52.8 184.1 124.3	2,041.2 1,134.1 44.7 43.7 74.0 47.1 51.7 181.5 123.1	1,124.1 43.9 42.7 74.5 47.0 51.6 180.0	33 33333		1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (	83.0 51.0 2.0 (1) 1.9 2.2 1.7 6.4 4.3	74.0 45.5 1.7 (1) 1.5 1.8 1.4 5.6 3.8	83.5 51.7 1.9 (1) 2.0 2.2 1.7 6.4 4.3	687.6 290.9 16.4 21.9 39.1 19.4 27.0 72.9 50.8	682.1 286.5 16.4 22.2 39.4 19.7 26.9 72.4 50.6	659.7 279.8 16.3 21.3 39.2 19.3 26.5 70.2

#### for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued

	nsportation ublic utilit		Wholes	ale and retai	l trade		ance, insura		Service	and misce	llaneous	<u> </u>	Government	:	T
Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr.	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	1
6.6	6.4	6.5	12.4	12.3	12.2	2.8	2.8	2.8	7•3	7.4	7.4	9•5	9•3	9•3	1
16.7	16.7	16.0	51.7	51.3	49.2	13.7	13.6	12.8	39•7	39.4	37.4	61.7	60.8	56.8	2
14.2	14.2	13.6	44.3	43.9	41.8	12.7	12.6	11.9	33•6	33.2	31.9	54.0	53.2	49.4	
14.4	14.2	14.0	43.9	42.3	41.6	7.1	7.0	6.9	25•9	25.6	24.7	41.0	40.1	38.5	ц
3.0	2.9	2.8	8.8	8.5	8.5	2.2	2.2	2.1	4•7	4.7	4.6	8.1	8.1	7.5	5
275.8 194.1 6.6 6.3 3.4	275.0 193.3 6.5 6.4 3.4	271.9 193.4 6.6 6.5 3.2	835.7 582.6 24.7 24.2 18.8	826.0 577.1 24.6 24.3 18.5	812.5 575.1 24.8 23.9 17.1	203.0 157.3 4.7 4.5 2.7	202.0 156.5 4.7 4.5 2.6	199.7 156.7 4.7 4.3 2.7	581.8 434.6 14.8 15.6	574.4 427.4 14.6 15.5 10.5	560.3 419.4 14.4 14.9 10.2	522.4 297.3 19.8 12.9 6.7	519.9 296.0 19.8 12.9 6.7	491.2 281.7 18.7 12.3 6.3	6 7 8 9 10
94.2 4.8 7.1 12.9 25.4 2.3 4.6 4.2	93.8 4.7 7.0 12.9 25.2 2.3 4.5 4.3	91.1 4.8 7.0 12.4 24.2 2.2 4.4	322.6 16.9 21.8 32.8 80.6 7.6 17.9 12.0	317.2 16.5 21.6 32.1 79.7 7.5 17.8 11.9	307.4 17.1 21.1 31.9 78.1 7.4 18.0	65.1 2.8 5.2 5.3 24.1 1.3 4.6 1.6	64.9 2.8 5.2 5.3 23.9 1.3 4.6	63.7 2.8 5.1 5.2 23.2 1.3 4.6 1.6	176.6 10.1 12.2 17.5 41.6 4.3 14.4 5.3	174.5 10.0 12.1 17.4 40.6 4.2 14.4 5.2	169.4 10.1 11.7 16.9 40.4 4.0 14.2 5.2	247.2 7.9 9.1 17.3 55.4 6.4 8.7 8.8	246.2 7.9 9.0 17.2 55.3 6.4 8.6 8.8	229.3 7.5 8.4 16.9 54.0 6.2 8.5 8.2	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
49.5	49.2	48.7	190.4	185.7	183.9	36.3	35.8	35.2	114.1	112.9	111.0	144.6	143.9	137.9	19
3.0	3.0	3.0	11.9	11.9	11.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	7.7	7.6	7.5	5.4	5.3	5.0	20
7.7	7.7	8.1	27.4	27.3	27.6	11.5	11.4	12.3	16.7	16.5	17.3	15.9	15.8	15.8	21
49.6	49.5	49.9	140.7	138.7	139.0	26.0	26.0	25.9	87.0	84.9	84.2	137.6	137.5	133.1	22
7.1	7.1	6.9	11.6	11.5	11.5	3.1	3.1	3.0	8.5	8.4	8.4	13.4	13.5	13.0	23
7.2	7.1	7.0	30.1	29.7	29.1	6.0	6.1	6.0	20.1	19.7	19.2	17.6	17.4	16.5	24
54.9	54.6	53.5	160.1	154.9	154.6	30.5	30.2	29.6	105.7	102.5	102.5	145.1	143.7	133.9	25
21.2	21.2	20.7	59.4	58.0	57.8	14.4	14.3	13.9	40.0	39.3	38.7	30.4	30.3	30.1	26
88.8 4.8 3.2 2.1 45.9 (4)	88.3 4.8 3.2 2.0 46.0 8.6	86.5 4.6 3.3 2.1 45.2 8.5	207.1 18.0 7.1 8.3 82.8 (4)	204.8 17.8 7.1 8.2 82.5 20.7	198.9 16.9 6.7 8.1 80.7 20.4	42.5 4.6 1.3 1.7 20.1 (4)	42.3 4.5 1.3 1.7 20.0 4.0	41.0 4.2 1.3 1.7 19.5 4.0	128.7 11.6 4.3 4.4 56.3 (4)	126.6 11.6 4.3 4.4 56.7	121.9 11.1 4.4 4.4 55.3 10.9	175.1 20.3 5.9 5.6 45.3 (4)	174.4 19.9 5.9 5.6 45.2 12.8	168.3 18.5 5.7 5.4 44.4 12.2	27 28 29 30 31 32
16.2	16.2	16.3	55.4	53.9	54.5	10.0	9.9	9.9	33.5	32.9	33.0	56.4	55•7	53.6	33
.9	.9	.9	5.3	5.1	5.2	.8	.8	.8	3.5	3.5	3.4	1.8	1•7	1.8	34
5.0	5.0	5.2	15.1	15.0	15.0	4.5	4.5	4.1	8.8	8.7	8.7	6.7	6•5	6.3	35
72.5	72.8	70.8	243.4	238.8	228.7	56.2	55•6	53.4	177.7	173.5	165.8	198.2	196.3	180.9	36
52.8	53.2	52.6	144.6	142.8	139.1	35.7	35•3	34.5	104.8	103.6	99.3	111.7	110.7	102.6	37
107.9 65.2 2.8 1.6 1.9 1.9 2.6 8.2 5.9	107.0 64.9 2.8 1.6 1.9 1.9 2.6 8.2 5.9	106.1 65.2 2.8 1.6 1.9 1.9 2.5 8.2	420.7 255.9 10.7 8.4 13.0 9.0 9.6 35.3 22.8	411.7 251.5 10.5 8.2 12.8 8.9 9.3 34.7 22.5	414.0 250.3 10.3 8.2 12.8 8.9 9.1 35.5 22.7	110.1 77.4 1.3 (1) 2.1 1.3 (1) 8.7 5.9	109.6 77.3 1.3 (1) 2.1 1.3 (1) 8.6 5.9	107.9 76.6 1.3 (1) 2.1 1.3 (1) 8.5 5.9	376.4 246.2 5.0 8.0 8.7 7.2 8.0 28.0 20.0	367.4 242.9 5.0 7.5 8.4 7.1 7.5 27.3 19.8	360.0 240.6 4.9 7.7 8.7 7.1 7.6 27.4	289.3 166.1 6.9 4.2 8.0 6.4 3.9 24.6	289.4 165.5 7.0 4.2 7.9 6.4 4.0 24.7	274.2 159.9 6.4 3.9 7.8 6.3 4.2 23.7 14.3	38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

(In thousands)

			TOTAL			Mining		Contr	act construc	tion		Manufacturin	g
	State and area	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	MICHIGAN Ann Arbor Detroit Flint Grand Rapids Kalamazoo Lansing Muskegon-Muskegon Heights Saginaw	151.5	2,745.8 94.2 1,384.1 152.2 161.8 64.6 114.5 48.8 63.9	2,640.6 90.3 1,344.5 147.3 156.8 61.8 110.1 45.9 62.0	14.1 (1) 1.0 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	12.6 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	13.2 (1) .8 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	118.7 3.0 57.8 5.0 7.5 3.2 4.6 1.7 3.0	107.1 2.6 53.8 4.9 6.6 3.1 4.1 1.5 2.6	102.4 1.9 53.3 5.2 6.8 2.8 4.1 1.4 2.8	1,136.5 33.0 597.9 86.0 72.8 27.1 38.9 27.4 30.6	1,139.4 33.5 599.8 86.9 73.3 27.4 38.8 27.6 30.4	1,092.1 31.4 583.4 83.4 69.4 26.0 36.4 25.1 29.4
10 11 12	MINNESOTA  Duluth-Superior  Minneapolis-St. Paul	1,094.8 52.8 658.9	1,071.0 51.6 645.5	1,043.4 48.9 627.2	14.3 (1) (1)	13.6 (1) (1)	13.7 (1) (1)	54.3 2.6 33.5	47.1 2.5 29.0	46.9 1.8 29.1	264.1 10.4 177.5	263.1 10.3 177.0	249.6 9.5 168.0
13 14	MISSISSIPPI	499.8 78.3	491.9 77.6	477.0 74.5	5 <b>.</b> 6	5•5 •8	5•7 •9	28.2 5.9	26.0 5.4	26.9 4.8	160.2 12.9	159•1 12•8	149.1 12.1
15 16 17	MISSOURI	1,505.0 455.1 842.6	1,488.9 448.9 833.0	1,444.2 438.4 803.4	8.2 .6 3.0	8.0 .6 2.9	8.1 .6 3.0	74.6 22.7 42.9	69.5 21.8 39.3	71.6 23.0 42.2	431.3 122.0 287.0	428.0 119.6 284.8	409.2 114.2 273.5
18 19 20	MONTANA Billings Great Falls	181.2 24.2 21.9	174.4 23.9 21.7	174.2 24.3 21.6	7•5 (1) (1)	7.5 (1) (1)	7.0 (1) (1)	12.2 1.7 1.8	8.6 1.6 1.7	10.8 1.5 2.0	21.2 2.6 3.2	21.0 2.6 3.2	20.4 2.6 3.1
21 22	NEBRASKA	422.9 180.1	414.7 177.4	410.5 173.3	1.8 (2)	1.7 (2)	1.9 <b>(</b> 2)	23.7 11.0	19.5 9.8	22.0 9•7	71.5 37.1	70.9 36.7	67.4 35.6
23 24	NEVADA	157.5 47.2	155.9 46.7	152.2 45.0	3.6 (6)	3•5 (6)	3.4 (6)	10.8 4.7	10.8 4.6	12.6 5.0	7•2 2•6	7.1 2.5	7.0 2.6
25 <b>2</b> 6	NEW HAMPSHIRE	221.2 45.9	218.0 45.2	209•3 43•7	.3 (1)	(1)	(1)	10.1	8.9 1.9	9.4 2.0	93.8 18.0	93.7 17.9	87.6 16.9
27 28 29 30 31 32 33	NEW JERSEY Atlantic City Jersey City 7 Newark 7 Paterson-Clifton-Passaic 7 Perth Amboy 7 Trenton.	2,286.5 54.6 250.6 726.2 429.5 221.5 120.4	2,266.2 52.3 250.7 722.4 425.7 219.8 119.9	2,222.9 53.2 253.4 715.3 414.4 209.2 118.4	3.1 - .5 .4 .8 (1)	3.1 6 .4 .8 (1)	3.5 - .9 .5 .7 (1)	110.9 3.5 6.3 33.0 23.9 11.0 4.8	101.2 3.3 5.9 31.4 20.7 10.1 4.5	106.2 3.5 6.2 31.3 21.9 9.9	835.7 9.2 111.1 247.0 173.3 102.1 41.7	842.5 9.4 111.4 247.7 175.7 101.9 41.7	821.1 8.6 113.7 244.1 169.6 97.2 42.0
34 35	NEW MEXICO Albuquerque	267.7 97.1	263.6 96.3	258.2 92.9	16.6 (1)	16.7 (1)	17.1	18.7 7.1	17.7 6.7	18.8 7.0	17.4 8.4	17.0 8.3	16.4 8.2
36 37 38 39 41 43 45 47 47 48	NEW YORK Albany-Schenectady-Troy Binghamton Buffalo Elmira Nassau and Suffolk Counties New York-Northeastern New Jersey New York SMSA 7 New York City 8 Rochester Syracuse Utica-Rome Westchester County 8	4.511.1 3,607.4 306.0 202.0 106.6	6,535.6 247.2 97.7 455.9 35.4 571.9 6,099.2 4,480.6 3,598.0 302.7 199.5 104.8 264.5	6,432.6 242.8 95.6 446.9 33.6 557.7 6,019.6 4,426.8 3,561.3 290.0 193.7 102.1 263.2	9.0 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) 4.7 3.0 (2.4 (1) (1) (1)	8.7 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (2.4 (1) (1) (1)	8.9 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) 5.0 3.0 2.3 (1) (1) (1)	252.2 11.0 3.3 18.0 1.4 38.0 240.0 165.8 109.4 15.4 8.7 2.6 15.5	232.1 9.3 2.9 16.2 1.1 33.2 223.5 156.4 106.2 13.7 8.0 2.1 13.6	10.6 3.7 16.6 1.7 37.9 235.1	1,865.2 65.0 45.8 178.8 16.2 141.5 1,721.8 1,088.1 861.0 134.8 67.4 40.5 71.9	1,870.7 64.2 45.1 177.9 15.8 141.7 1,734.3 1,097.1 134.8 67.0 40.1 71.9	1,807.2 62.4 43.2 173.4 13.7 132.5 1,697.0 1,071.9 855.5 127.7 63.5 37.7 70.4

#### for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued

	nsportation ublic utilit		Whole	sale and reta	il trade	Fins	ance, insura	nce,	Servic	e and misce	llaneous	T	Government	<del></del>	Τ
Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr.	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	1
136.2 2.2 71.4 5.0 9.1 2.2 3.3 2.2 4.0	134.7 2.2 71.1 5.0 9.2 2.2 3.3 2.2 4.0	131.5 2.3 69.5 5.0 9.2 2.2 3.2 2.3 3.9	530.0 10.9 280.6 22.7 32.2 11.2 18.8 7.4 11.4	513.6 10.7 270.1 22.5 32.3 11.0 18.3 7.0	1999.7 100.5 261.3 21.7 31.7 10.9 18.3 7.1 10.8	93.0 1.6 58.5 3.4 5.6 1.8 3.6 1.2	92.8 1.5 58.2 3.4 5.6 1.8 3.6 1.2	93.0 1.4 56.2 3.3 5.5 1.7 3.5 1.2	335.9 7.1 180.3 13.6 20.7 7.4 12.6 4.9 7.5	332.6 6.7 177.1 13.7 20.6 7.4 12.6 4.8 7.4	320.1 6.6 175.8 13.3 20.5 7.4 12.2 4.3 7.0	1966 416.1 36.9 154.0 15.8 14.5 11.4 34.1 4.5 6.6	413.1 36.9 153.1 15.8 14.3 11.7 33.8 4.6 6.5	388.6 36.1 144.2 15.5 13.8 10.9 32.4 4.4 6.4	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
79.8	78.8	77.6	260.0	254.1	251.2	52•3	52.0	51.7	169.7	165,4	164.1	200.3	196.9	188.5	10
7.0	6.4	6.9	12.4	12.2	11.6	1•9	1.9	2.0	9.7	9.6	9.3	8.9	8.7	7.8	11
51.3	51.2	50.2	157.9	155.0	152.4	38•5	38.3	38.0	107.1	104.0	104.2	93.1	91.0	85.2	12
26.0	26.2	26.0	93•5	90.7	92.1	16.9	16.9	16.6	56.8	56.2	55.7	112.7	111.5	104.9	13
4.8	4.8	4.7	17•9	17.8	17.4	5.4	5.4	5.2	12.7	12.7	12.7	18.0	18.0	16.8	
118.5	118.2	114.3	333.8	328.1	324.9	79.4	79.4	79.2	221.6	219.1	214.8	237.6	238.6	222.1	15
45.7	45.4	44.8	110.5	109.4	107.1	29.0	28.8	28.8	64.7	64.2	63.0	59.9	59.1	56.9	16
64.3	64.2	63.1	172.4	170.7	163.2	41.7	41.4	41.4	129.6	128.4	122.6	101.7	101.3	94.4	17
17.2	17.0	17.2	42.8	41.7	41.6	7.0	7.0	7.0	3.4	24.4	24.8	48.5	47.2	45.4	18
2.4	2.4	2.4	7.7	7.5	7.8	1.4	1.4	1.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	3.9	3.9	4.0	19
2.0	2.0	2.0	5.8	5.7	5.6	1.3	1.3	1.3	3.4	3.4	3.5	4.4	4.4	4.1	20
35•5	35•2	35.6	103.8	102.4	101.5	25.0	25•1	25.2	70.8	70.0	68.4	90.8	90.0	88.5	21
20•0	19•8	19.8	43.5	43.0	41.9		14•4	14.5	29.4	29.1	28.3	24.8	24.7	23.5	22
11.5	11.4	11.7	29•3	29.0	27.5	6.4	6.4	6.1	58.9	58.0	56.1	29 <b>.</b> 8	29.7	27 <b>.</b> 8	23
4.4	4.3	4.3	10•0	9.8	9.1	2.6	2.6	2.4	14.4	14.3	13.6	8.5	8.6	8 <b>.</b> 0	24
9•7	9•7	9.4	40.5	39 <b>.</b> 3	38.0	8.4	8.4	8.3	31.4	30.8	30.1	27.0	27.0	26.3	25
2•8	2•8	2.7	9.7	9.4	9.2	2.7	2.7	2.7	7.1	7.0	6.6	3.5	3.5	3.7	26
159.8 3.2 34.5 53.3 22.6 10.2 6.1	160.3 3.2 34.1 53.8 23.1 10.2 6.1	156.4 3.3 34.5 53.6 22.6 10.2 6.2	13.5 37.9 142.6 95.5 39.8 19.5	438.9 12.6 38.0 141.7 94.1 39.8 19.4	432.2 13.7 38.1 140.6 91.6 36.4 19.3	101.0 2.8 8.5 48.7 14.2 4.5 4.4	99.4 2.8 8.6 48.5 13.7 4.5 4.4	98.9 2.8 8.6 48.3 13.7 4.4	323.6 12.7 25.0 113.1 57.5 21.0 21.4	315.2 11.3 25.0 111.3 56.2 20.7 21.3	313.4 11.9 24.9 111.8 54.8 20.2 20.3	305.5 9.7 27.3 87.8 42.1 32.1 22.5	305.6 9.7 27.7 87.4 41.8 31.8 22.5	291.2 9.4 27.4 84.7 39.7 30.2 21.8	27 28 29 30 31 32 33
19.9	20.0	19.5	55•9	54.6	54.0	11.7	11.6	11.4	47.6	46.7	46.5	79.9	79•3	74•5	34
6.9	7.0	6.6	23•4	22.9	22.2	5.8	5.7	5.8	22.3	22.2	21.9	23.2	23•5	21•2	35
474.6 14.2 4.8 31.1 1.6 24.7 481.9 361.3 317.5 12.5 13.0 5.4	472.8 14.3 4.8 30.5 1.6 24.4 481.2 360.0 316.7 12.4 12.9 5.4	13.9 4.7 31.3 1.6 25.8	1,338.1 49.5 16.1 88.4 6.6 146.2 1,279.4 963.6 748.0 53.8 42.7 17.0 61.2	48.9 16.1 87.1 6.4 142.0 1,266.1 952.5 743.1 53.3 42.0 16.7	1,323.5 48.4 15.8 87.6 6.5 139.4 1,255.6 948.9 743.8 52.1 41.6 16.7 58.6	507.4 9.5 2.8 17.2 9 25.2 511.2 435.3 396.3 10.0 9.6 4.0 12.2	502.5 9.4 2.7 17.0 .9 24.6 506.9 431.6 393.3 9.8 9.5 3.9	9.5 2.7 16.5 .9 23.9	1,153.6 39.5 10.4 62.1 5.2 101.7 1,078.6 861.7 696.0 42.4 30.2 12.2 57.3	1,131.0 39.0 10.2 60.7 5.1 97.8 1,061.4 848.2 689.2 41.8 29.9 11.9 54.8	1,118.1 38.1 10.0 59.0 5.0 96.3 1,048.2 836.6 680.3 40.0 29.3 11.7 54.2	998.7 62.1 15.8 65.9 4.4 108.3 821.3 632.2 476.8 36.9 30.4 24.9 35.9	998.1 62.0 15.8 66.5 4.4 108.2 821.1 632.6 477.1 36.9 24.7 36.1	954.0 59.9 15.4 62.5 4.3 101.9 789.6 607.7 459.1 36.4 24.4 35.9	36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 45 46 47

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

(In thousands)

_			TOTAL			Mining		Cont	ract construc	tion		Manufacturin	g
	State and area	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. =	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965
1 2 3 4 5 6	NORTH CAROLINA Asheville Charlotte Greensboro-High Point, Raleigh Winston-Salem	1,463.9 140.9 -	1,454.6 140.8 -	1,395.7 135.2	2.9 (1) -	2.8 (1)	2.7 (1) -	90.9 - 10.1 7.1 -	90.2 - 9.7 7.1 -	81.4 - 9.1 6.7 -	603.0 19.7 35.4 48.1 12.1 36.4	602.1 19.4 35.7 48.1 12.0 36.2	575.5 17.8 34.2 46.9 10.2 35.5
7 8	NORTH DAKOTA	143.8 34.3	140.9 33.9	139.2 33.1	1.9 (1)	1.8 (1)	1.8 (1)	7.6 2.0	7.0 1.9	8.2 1.8	8.8 2.2	8.7 2.3	7•9 2•2
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	OHIO Akron Canton Cincinnati Cleveland Columbus Dayton Toledo Youngstown-Warren	3,447.4 213.5 120.8 444.4 783.2 321.7 291.6 213.7 177.9	3,403.9 210.1 119.0 437.3 773.1 316.3 288.9 210.0 175.1	3,319.8 204.5 118.3 427.1 757.9 306.9 276.5 203.2 170.9	18.0 .3 .5 .4 1.0 .9 .5 .4	19.1 .2 .4 1.0 .8 .5 .3	19.12.4.4.98.5.3.4	140.2 6.9 3.7 18.5 29.4 14.9 12.7 8.9 7.8	129.7 6.3 3.6 16.5 27.0 13.2 11.7 7.7 7.6	133.5 7.0 4.0 17.4 29.6 14.1 11.0 6.7	1.366.3 93.7 59.2 158.8 303.5 84.7 123.3 79.0 82.8	1,357.3 92.7 58.7 156.9 302.8 83.3 122.9 79.0 81.5	1,305.7 90.2 58.4 149.6 292.4 81.5 114.6 75.8 82.0
18 19 20	OKLAHOMA Oklahoma City Tulsa	670.9 217.7 157.0	666.4 215.9 154.6	637.4 208.3 148.9	41.9 6.7 13.6	42.4 6.8 13.5	42.0 6.7 13.2	33.2 12.7 9.0	32.6 12.7 8.6	35•2 13•5 8•7	109.4 29.9 37.9	108.2 29.7 36.9	100.3 26.1 33.9
21 22 23	OREGON	623.8 61.6 328.9	615.8 60.7 324.9	587.9 58.8 306.5	1.5 (1) (1)	1.6 (1) (1)	(1) (1)	32.5 3.5 15.8	30.1 3.3 14.3	31.0 4.3 15.1	159.6 19.4 77.9	156.4 18.9 76.9	147.2 18.8 69.1
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	PENNSYLVANIA Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton Altoona. Erie Harrisburg Johnstown Lancaster Philadelphia Pittsburgh Reading Scranton Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton	3,989.9 200.3 43.9 87.5 158.0 71.4 108.8 1,621.5 801.4 113.3 78.9 111.6 111.5	3,957.3 199.1 43.6 86.1 157.1 72.0 106.9 1,610.2 796.7 113.3 79.3 110.5 112.8	3,882.7 197.4 42.4 84.3 155.4 72.2 102.3 1,573.7 792.3 108.5 77.2 109.7 107.8	32.3 .5 (1) (1) (1) 2.7 (1) 1.2 5.0 (1) .8 3.4 (1)	44.2 .5 (1) (1) (1) 4.8 (1) 1.1 9.9 (1) 1.1 3.6 (1)	45.5 (1) (1) (1) 4.9 (1) 1.4 9.7 (1) .9 4.2 (1)	164.3 7.5 1.2 2.9 8.3 2.0 6.0 72.1 37.0 3.9 2.0 3.5	149.6 7.0 1.1 2.7 7.7 1.6 5.4 66.1 3.6 1.6 3.1	157.8 7.3 1.2 2.6 6.6 1.4 5.5 70.7 36.2 3.9 1.7 4.1	1,527.2 104.0 14.3 41.8 37.4 26.6 54.7 564.2 290.4 56.0 33.1 50.4 55.2	1,517.6 103.3 14.1 41.3 37.3 25.9 582.7 287.3 56.9 33.6 50.1 57.1	1,475.6 102.9 12.8 40.2 35.7 265.3 49.5 286.2 53.6 31.9 47.7 54.0
37 38	RHODE ISLAND	321.0 327.5	316.0 322.7	312.0 317.6	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(1)	15.2 14.9	12.6 12.2	14.3 14.3	123.3 139.3	123.0 139.0	119.2 133.9
39 40 41 42	SOUTH CAROLINA  Charleston  Columbia  Greenville	715.2 75.6 85.2 104.1	711.0 75.0 84.7 103.6	678.1 71.3 81.7 99.3	1.7 (1) (1) (1)	1.7 (1) (1) (1)	1.7 (1) (1) (1)	45.9 6.3 6.6 8.1	45.2 5.9 6.6 7.8	39.6 5.5 6.0 7.0	305.8 12.0 17.0 51.7	304.4 12.0 16.8 51.7	290.7 12.3 16.4 49.5
43 44	SOUTH DAKOTA	151.9 30.5	148.5 29.9	148.9 29.4	2.4 <b>(</b> 1)	2.4 (1)	2.4 (1)	9.2 2.5	7.4 2.0	7•5 1•6	13.6 5.4	13.3 5.3	13.0 5.2
45 46 47 48 49	TENNESSEE Chattanooga Knoxville Memphis Nashville	1,161.5 115.3 133.3 228.8 198.7	1,142.8 114.6 131.3 225.0 197.3	1,081.7 106.9 128.5 219.0 184.1	7.1 .2 1.8 .3 (1)	7.0 .2 1.7 .2 (1)	6.9 .2 1.7 .2 (1)	60.6 5.4 6.1 13.8 11.9	55.7 5.5 5.5 13.0 11.7	55.0 4.8 5.4 12.3 10.8	412.2 48.8 47.0 53.0 59.8	407.3 48.3 46.4 51.6 59.2	376.2 44.1 45.0 48.7 54.6
50 51 52 53	TEXAS Austin Beaumont-Port Arthut. Corpus Christi	3,014.5	2,978.8 - -	2,902.4	106.2	106.7	110.0	190.1	188.9	190.5	596.0 6.5 33.7 10.2	592.7 6.5 33.5 10.2	566.7 6.3 33.7 10.2

### for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued

	usportation ublic utilit		Wholes	ale and reta	il trade		ance, insura		Service	and miscel	laneous	Ī	Government		Τ
Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	1
1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	
76.7	76.4	72.9	263.1	259.9	257.5	54.6	54.4	53.3	162.6	160.3	154.6	210.1	208.5	197.8	1
14.7 5.8	14.6 5.8	14.5	37•4 23•0	37.6 23.0	36.9 21.8	9.3 6.4	9.3	9.1 6.5	18.7	18.5	17.7	15.3	15.4	13.7	3
=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	:		5
11.7	11.4	11.5	41.5	40.4	39•7	6.4	6.4	6.3	25.0	24.9	24.6	40.9	40.4	39•2	7 8
2.9	2.8	2.8	10.6	10.4	10•5	2.0	2.1	2.0	6.9	6.7	6.5	7.7	7.7	7•3	
206.0 13.6 6.4 32.8 48.3 19.2 11.4 15.9 9.7	203.3 13.7 6.4 32.8 47.2 19.2 11.3 15.6 9.6	199.7 13.2 6.1 32.4 47.3 18.7 10.7 15.1 9.2	658.0 38.8 22.1 90.7 159.8 66.2 48.7 43.6 31.7	648.3 38.2 21.7 89.7 157.2 65.3 48.2 42.8 31.2	642.7 37.9 21.1 89.3 155.7 64.2 48.3 42.8 30.5	133.4 6.0 4.0 23.4 36.6 19.8 8.2 6.8 4.5	132.1 6.0 3.9 23.5 36.2 19.7 8.1 6.7 4.5	130.1 5.8 3.9 22.9 35.4 19.0 7.8 6.6 4.3	441.8 27.0 14.3 60.4 109.4 48.1 35.6 31.3	431.4 26.2 14.0 58.7 107.0 46.8 35.0 30.3 23.0	426.0 25.4 13.8 59.0 106.0 45.5 34.2 29.5	483.7 27.1 10.6 59.5 95.2 67.9 51.1 27.8 17.5	482.7 26.9 10.3 58.9 94.6 67.9 51.3 27.6	463.0 24.7 10.4 56.1 90.5 63.0 49.5 25.0 15.8	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
46.6	46.5	45.8	149.7	147.6	146.6	31.4	31.4	30.9	89.2	89.0	87.7	169.5	168.7	148.9	18
13.5	13.4	13.3	49.8	49.3	49.8	13.5	13.4	13.1	30.4	29.9	29.3	61.2	60.7	56.5	19
14.3	14.2	13.7	36.1	35.4	34.9	7.5	7.4	7.3	23.4	23.4	22.9	15.2	15.2	14.3	20
46.9	46.4	45.6	1 <sup>4</sup> 0.7	139.3	132.1	29.0	29.1	27.6	89.7	88.9	84.8	123.9	124.0	118.1	21
3.8	3.8	3.6	12.6	12.6	11.5	2.4	2.3	2.2	8.1	7.9	7.0	11.8	11.9	11.4	22
28.5	28.2	27.7	79.9	79.1	76.2	19.3	19.4	18.5	52.2	51.9	49.3	55.3	55.1	50.6	23
264.2 10.6 8.1 4.9 11.6 5.7 4.9 109.0 55.7 6.0 5.7 5.6	264.5 10.6 8.1 4.7 5.6 4.9 109.6 55.6 5.7 5.7 5.8	261.6 10.5 8.9 4.8 11.7 5.6 4.9 107.6 54.9 5.9 5.7 5.9	725.9 31.4 7.1 14.8 29.0 11.9 18.3 320.3 175.3 17.1 14.4 18.8 18.9	716.8 31.5 7.2 14.5 28.7 11.7 18.1 319.8 153.7 16.8 14.4 18.5	713.3 30.9 7.1 14.6 28.3 11.8 18.0 317.1 153.4 16.5 14.5 19.1	165.2 5.8 1.2 2.8 6.9 1.8 2.4 88.0 33.5 4.3 2.4 3.5	164.7 5.8 1.2 2.8 7.0 1.9 2.4 87.9 33.1 4.3 2.5 2.5	161.7 5.6 1.1 2.6 6.7 1.9 2.3 87.5 33.1 4.2 2.5 3.4 2.4	576.2 23.7 6.7 11.4 21.2 10.2 13.8 250.8 132.1 14.6 11.6 12.7	568.0 23.7 6.6 11.3 20.6 10.2 13.5 248.4 131.3 14.5 11.6 12.5	561.8 23.6 6.3 11.1 20.3 10.2 13.5 244.5 131.9 14.2 11.4 12.3	534.6 16.8 5.3 8.9 43.6 10.5 8.7 215.9 92.4 11.4 8.9 13.4 11.3	531.9 16.7 5.3 8.8 44.1 10.3 8.7 214.6 91.7 11.3 8.9 13.4	505.4 16.1 5.0 8.4 46.1 10.1 8.6 201.4 86.9 10.2 8.6 13.0 9.9	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
15.0	14.8	14.5	58.1	57•4	57•9	14.1	14.1	13.7	49.7	48.1	48.0	45.6	46.0	#О°О	37
14.4	14.3	13.8	56.8	56•1	56•7	13.8	13.8	13.5	47.0	45.7	45.4	41.3	41.6	}үү°ү	38
29.7	29.6	27.6	116.3	115.4	114.5	23.7	23.7	23.5	69.6	69.4	68.6	122.5	121.6	111.9	39
5.1	5.1	4.7	14.5	14.5	14.3	3.1	3.1	3.0	8.6	8.5	8.3	26.0	25.9	23.2	40
5.3	5.3	5.2	18.3	18.2	17.6	5.3	5.3	5.1	10.1	10.2	10.1	22.6	22.3	21.3	41
4.0	3.9	3.7	17.2	17.2	16.7	3.6	3.6	3.5	10.2	10.2	10.0	9.3	9.2	8.9	42
9.9	10.0	9•9	39•7	39.0	39.9	6.8	6.7	6.7	24.2	23.6	24•3	46.3	46.2	45.4	143
2.8	2.8	2•8	9•1	9.1	9.1	1.7	1.7		5.1	5.0	5•2	3.9	3.9	3.8	144
58.4	58.0	56.0	224.8	221.2	215.2	47.9	47.3	46.3	152.3	149.8	144.9	198.2	196.5	181.2	45
5.6	5.7	5.5	21.6	21.2	19.6	5.7	5.8	5.6	13.7	13.6	12.9	14.3	14.3	14.2	46
6.9	6.8	6.6	27.2	26.7	26.2	4.4	4.4	4.4	16.4	16.3	15.9	23.5	23.5	23.3	47
17.3	17.2	16.8	57.9	57.4	57.0	12.2	12.1	12.1	34.5	33.9	32.9	39.8	39.6	39.0	48
11.9	11.9	10.9	41.1	40.9	38.9	12.2	12.1	11.6	31.4	31.2	30.1	30.4	30.3	27.2	49
230.3	232.0	225.1	744.8 - -	725.4	713.6	158.5 - - -	156.4	151.8	439.6 - -	430.2 - -	420.8 - -	549.0 - - -	546.5 - - -	523•9 - -	50 51 52 53

Table B-7: Employees on nonagricultural payrolls

			TOTAL			Mining		Contr	act construc	tion	N	lanufacturing	
	State and area	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965
1 2 3 4 5	TEXAS (continued) Dallas El Paso Fort Worth Houston San Antonio	507.1 - 585.0 209.2	500.7 - 583.9 208.3	476.9 - 571.7 200.9	7.8 - - 25.5 1.7	7.9 - 25.4 1.6	8.1 - 24.7 1.7	30.3 - 52.1 12.3	28.9 - 52.5 12.2	30.1 - 52.2 12.3	129.9 16.1 68.6 118.6 26.0	128.4 17.8 67.3 118.3 26.1	118.3 16.5 60.4 115.0 26.1
6 7	UTAH	310.2 163.9	305.7 162.2	294.9 161.0	11.7 6.8	11.6 6.8	11.8 6.8	15.3 9.3	14.0 8.7	15.0 9.3	47•3 27•8	46.9 27.9	48.8 27.9
8 9 10	VERMONT	123.5 28.4 13.1	122.0 27.8 13.0	114.5 24.3 12.8	1.2 - -	1.2 - -	1.2 - -	6.6 - -	5•4 - -	5.6 - -	42.5 8.8 7.2	41.9 8.8 7.1	37•2 5•6 7•1
11 12 13 14 15	VIRGINIA 3 Newport News-Hampton Norfolk-Portsmouth Richmond Roanoke	1,253.0 84.2 175.0 205.5 69.3	1,236.4 83.6 172.4 204.6 68.5	1,195.6 82.0 168.2 196.0 67.1	15.4 (1) •1 •2 •1	15.2 (1) .1 .2 .1	15.0 (1) .1 .2 .1	92.8 5.6 13.1 14.5 4.5	88.4 5.4 12.7 14.2 4.0	88.5 5.2 12.9 14.1 4.6	330.1 24.9 19.2 49.2 16.6	328.6 24.9 18.5 49.7 16.7	315.8 25.8 18.8 47.7 16.2
16 17 18 19	WASHINGTON	946.9 451.8 77.1 89.8	926.8 442.1 75.8 88.1	871.9 406.1 74.2 84.3	1.9 (1) (1) (1)	1.9 (1) (1) (1)	1.8 (1) (1) (1)	51.0 22.7 3.8 4.6	47.7 20.4 3.4 4.2	43.2 19.1 3.2 4.4	249.2 143.1 12.6 18.4	242.0 138.9 12.4 17.9	218.6 113.6 12.5 17.6
23 23 23	WEST VIRGINIA	473.8 81.7 77.5 53.0	474.7 80.3 76.6 54.2	470.6 78.8 74.9 53.6	39.6 3.4 .8 1.0	48.0 3.4 .8 2.7	47.8 3.3 .9 2.6	22.7 3.8 3.5 3.6	19.8 3.0 3.2 3.4	19.9 3.2 3.3 3.4	131.1 21.6 26.4 16.3	130.1 21.3 26.2 16.2	128.6 21.5 25.7 16.2
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	WISCONSIN Green Bay Kenosha. La Crosse Madison Milwaukee Racine	35.4 26.9	1,337.6 43.7 35.6 26.5 96.8 506.8 52.5	1,297.9 42.2 38.0 25.5 92.4 491.0 50.3	2.8 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	2.3 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	2.4 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	59.5 2.5 1.2 1.3 5.9 22.0 2.1	54.5 2.4 1.2 1.2 5.2 21.1 2.0	52.3 2.0 1.2 .9 5.2 19.8 1.6	492.6 14.5 18.0 9.1 15.0 205.2 26.0	493.4 14.5 18.4 8.9 14.6 205.0 26.0	480.6 13.9 21.5 8.6 14.2 198.3 24.9
31 32 33	WYOMING	17.3	93.7 17.0 16.5	92.3 17.0 17.6	8.6 2.9 (1)	8.3 2.9 (1)	8.6 3.0 (1)	8.0 1.2 1.1	6.7 1.0 .9	6.9 1.1 1.3	5•9 1•4 .8	5•9 1•4 •8	6.8 1.3 1.4

<sup>1</sup> Combined with service.

2 Combined with construction.

3 Federal employment in Maryland and Virginia sectors of the Washington Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area is included in data for the District of Columbia.

5 Not available.

Not available.

Series revised to 1965 benchmark; not strictly comparable with previously published data.

Combined with manufacturing.

Area included in New York-Northeastern New Jersey Standard Consolidated Area.

Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

<sup>9</sup> Total includes data for industry divisions not shown separately.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

### for States and selected areas, by industry division--Continued

							(In thou	isanos)							
	nsportation ublic utilit		Wholes	ale and retai	il trade		ance, insurer		Service	and miscel	laneous		Government		
Apr.	Mer.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	
1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	
40.6 - 58.4	40.4 - 58.5	37.1 - 58.3	137.6	135.5	127.7	40.0 - 30.0	40.0 - 29.9 13.2	39.5 - 29.0	68.2 - 80.0 29.8	67.5 - 79.5 29.6	66.4 - 78.7 28.7	52.7 - 63.5 63.0	52.1 - 63.5	49.7 - 60.7 57.8	1 2 3 4 5
9.8 21.1 13.6	9.8 20.9 13.5	9.5 21.3 13.7	53•4 68•1 43•7	53.1 67.3 43.0	51.9 66.1 42.3	13.2 12.8 10.0	12.7	12.6 9.8	44.0 24.0	43.3 23.7	41.7 23.2	89.9 28.7	62.7 89.0 28.6	77.6 28.0	6 7
6.9 1.5 •7	6.9 1.5 •7	6.9 1.5 •7	22.1 5.6 1.7	21.6 5.5 1.6	21.8 5.5 1.6	4.5 - -	4.4 - -	4.2 - -	20.9 - -	21.7	19.6 - -	18.9 - -	19.0 - -	18.0 -	8 9 10
87.4	87.1	84.6	256.9	252.3	246.2	56.1	54.9	53.1	170.0	167.3	161.8	244.3	242.6	230.6	11
4.1	4.0	4.2	14.3	14.1	13.3	2.5	2.5	2.4	9.0	9.0	8.6	23.8	23.7	22.5	12
15.9	15.6	14.8	41.1	40.5	40.2	7.7	7.6	7.4	24.1	23.7	23.1	53.8	53.7	50.9	13
16.3	16.3	15.6	47.2	46.4	44.9	15.7	15.7	15.2	27.4	27.3	25.9	35.0	34.8	32.4	14
9.4	9.4	9.2	15.9	15.8	15.4	3.4	3.3	3.2	10.6	10.4	10.1	8.8	8.8	8.3	15
62.8	62.7	60.0	202.8	198.1	192.3	45.2	44.8	43.5	128.8	126.4	120.8	205.2	203.2	191.7	16
31.8	31.7	30.3	94.4	92.9	91.0	26.6	26.4	25.4	59.9	59.3	56.7	73.3	72.5	70.0	17
7.1	7.0	7.1	20.4	20.0	20.1	4.3	4.3	4.2	14.0	13.8	13.4	14.9	14.9	13.7	18
5.5	5.6	5.4	19.7	19.4	18.5	4.5	4.5	4.4	13.5	13.3	12.7	23.6	23.2	21.3	19
40.2	40.3	40.8	83.8	82.6	83.5	13.9	13.7	13.8	56.8	55.6	55.8	85.7	84.6	80.5	20
8.4	8.4	8.5	17.5	17.4	16.8	3.4	3.3	3.3	10.2	10.1	9.9	13.6	13.5	12.4	21
8.0	8.0	7.7	16.1	16.0	16.3	2.9	2.8	2.8	8.9	8.8	8.5	11.0	11.0	10.0	22
3.8	3.8	3.8	11.7	11.5	11.6	2.0	2.0	2.0	8.4	8.4	8.0	6.3	6.3	6.2	23
74.8	73.6	73.6	278.1	272.5	265.6	52.8	52.4	50.7	182.6	178.4	174.0	212.7	210.5	198.8	24
4.0	3.8	3.8	11.0	10.6	10.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	6.6	6.5	6.4	4.6	4.6	4.5	25
1.5	1.4	1.6	6.0	5.9	5.5	.6	.7	.6	4.8	4.8	4.5	3.3	3.3	3.2	26
2.1	2.0	2.0	6.0	5.8	5.7	.6	.6	.6	4.6	4.7	4.5	3.3	3.3	3.2	27
4.9	4.9	4.7	20.5	19.9	19.1	4.8	4.8	4.7	14.3	14.0	13.5	33.6	33.4	31.1	28
28.0	27.7	28.0	102.9	101.9	99.6	24.5	24.6	23.8	70.0	68.8	68.0	57.6	57.7	53.4	29
2.0	2.0	2.0	9.2	8.9	8.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	6.9	6.7	6.3	5.7	5.7	5.3	30
10.1	9.9	10.0	22.2	21.2	20.4	3.5	3.5	3.4	11.5	11.1	10.8	27.4	27.1	25.4	31
1.5	1.5	1.5	4.0	3.9	4.0	.8	.8	.8	2.3	2.3	2.3	3.2	3.2	3.0	32
2.5	2.4	2.6	3.9	3.8	3.9	1.1	1.1	1.0	2.4	2.3	2.3	5.2	5.2	5.1	33

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HISTORICAL HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-1: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls
1919 to date

		Manufacturing			Durable goods		N	ondurable goo	de
Year and month	Average weekly earnings	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	Average weekly earnings	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings	Average weekly earnings	Average weekly hours	Average hourly earnings
1919	\$21.84	46.3	\$0.472		_				_
1920	26.02	47.4	<b>.5</b> 49	-	-	-	-	-	-
1921	21.94	43.1	.509	-	l <b>-</b>	-	-	-	_
1922	21.28	hi.2	.482	١ ـ	l	l -		•	
1923	23.56	45.6	.516	\$25.42	-	-	\$21.50	-	
1924	23.67	43.7	.541	25.48	<u>.</u>		21.63	-	١.
1925	24.11	44.5	.541	26.02	_	-	21.99	_	-
1926	24.38	45.0	.542	26,23	i .	_	22.29	_	1 _
1927	24.47	45.0	544	26.28	l <b>-</b>	1 -	22.55	_	1 [
1928	24.70	44.4	.556	26.86	-	] -	22.42	-	-
1929	24.76	44.2	.560	26.84		l <u>-</u>	22.47	_	_
1930	23.00	42.1	.546	24.42	_	i -	21.40	-	1 -
	20.64	40.5	509	20.98	[	I -	20.09	•	1 -
1931	16.89	38.3	441	15.99	32.5	\$0.492	17.26	41.9	\$0.412
1932					34.7		16.76		
1933	16.65	38.1	•437	16.20	34.1	.467	10.70	40.0	.419
1934	18.20	34.6	.526	18.59	33.8	.550	17.73	35.1	.505
1935	19.91	36.6	544	21.24	37.2	.571	18.77	36.1	.520
1936	21.56	39.2	.550	23.72	40.9	.580	19.57	37.7	.519
1937	23.82	38.6	.617	26.61	39.9	.667	21.17	37.4	.566
1938	22.07	35.6	.620	23.70	34.9	.679	20.65	36.1	.572
1939	23.64	37.7	.627	26.19	37.9	.691	21.36	37.4	.571
1940	24.96	38.1	.655	28.07	39.2	.716	21.83	37.0	.590
1941	29.48	40.6	.726	33.56	42.0	799	24.39	38.9	.627
1942	36.68	43.1	.851	42.17	45.0	.937	28.57	40.3	709
1943	43.07	45.0	•957	48.73	46.5	1.048	33.45	40.3 42.5	787
		15.0		53.00	1.6 5		26.00		
1944	45.70	45.2	1.011	51.38	46.5	1.105	36.38	43.1	.844
1945	hh.20	43.5	1.016	48.36	44.0	1.099	37.48	42.3	.886
1946	43.32	40.3	1.075	46.22	40.4	1.144	40.30	40.5	•995
1947	49.17	40.4	1.217	51.76	40.5	1.278	46.03	40.2	1.145
1948	53.12	40.0	1.328	56.36	40.4	1.395	49.50	39.6	1.250
19/19	53.38	39.1	1.378	57.25	39.4	1.453	50.38	38.9	1,295
1950	58.32	40.5	1.440	62.43	41.1	1.519	53.48	39.7	1.347
1951	63.34	40.€	1.56	68.48	41.5	1.65	56.88	39.5	1.44
1952	67.16	40.7	1.65	72.63	41.5	1.75	59.95	39.7	1.51
1953	70.47	40.5	1.74	76.63	41.2	1.86	62.57	39.6	1.58
1954	70.49	39.6	1.78	76.19	40.1	1.90	63.18	39.0	1.62
1955	75.70	40.7	1.86	82.19	41.3	1.99	66.63	39.9	1.67
1956	78.78	40.4	1.95	35.28	41.0	2,08	70.09	39.6	1.77
1957	81.59	39.8	2.05	88.26	40.3	2.19	72.52	39.2	1.85
1958	82.71	39.2	2.11	89.27	39.5	2.26	74.11	38.8	1.91
1959	88.26	40.3	2.19	96.05	40.7	2.36	78.61	39.7	1.98
1960	89.72	39.7	2.26	97.44	40.1	2.43	80.36	39.2	2.05
1961	92.34	39.8	2.32	100.35	40.3	2.49	82.92	39.3	2.11
1962	96.56	40.4		104.70	40.9		85.93		
1963		40.4	2.39 2.46			2.56		39.6	2.17
	99.63		L .	108.09	41.1	2.63	87.91	39.6	2.22
1964 1965	102.97 107.53	40.7 41.2	2.53 2.61	112.19 117.18	41.4 42.0	2.71	90.91 94.64	39.7 40.1	2.29
1965: May			١.	1	<u>l</u> .	ł	ł -		2.36
	107.53	41.2	2.61	117.46	42.1	2.79	94.00	40.0	2.35
June	107.79	41.3	2.61	117.74	42.2	2.79	94.47	40.2	2.35
July	107.01	41.0	2.61	116.06	41.6	2.79	94.87	40.2	I .
August	106.45	41.1	2.59	115.51	41.7	2.77	95.11	10.2	2.36
September	107.83	41.0	2.59 2.63	117.18	41.7	2.81	95.68	40.3	2.36
October	108.62	41.3	2.63	118.72	42.1	2.82	97.00	40.2	2.38
November	109.71	41.4	2.65	119.43	42.1		95.68 96.32	40.2	2.38
December	110.92	41.7	2.66	120.98	42.2	2.83 2.84	96.32 96.96	40.3 40.4	2.39
1966: January	110.00	41.2	2.67	119.99	42.1	2.85	1	39.8	2.40
February	110.27	41.3	2.67	120.41	42.1	2.86	95.52 96.48	40.2	2.40
March		41.4	2.68	120.69	42.2	2.86	96.88	40.2	
April	110.95 111.24	41.2	2.70	121.54 121.82	42.2	2.88 2.88	96.71 97.93	39.8 40.3	2.41 2.43 2.43
	112.05	41.5	2.70	ユー・ノマ	42.3	100	1 YU./1		. >.44

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has not significantly affected the hours and earnings series. Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry

SIC			Averag	e weekly ear	nings			Avera	ge hourly ea	rnings	
Code	Industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
	MINING	\$129.81	\$122.60	\$127.37	\$123.97	\$120.51	\$3.04	\$2.94	\$2.99	\$2.91	\$2.89
10	METAL MINING		134.30	129.79	127.68	125.33	-	3.16	3.12	3.04	3.02
101	Iron ores	_	139.07	133.74	131.04	127.98	-	3.28	3.27	3.15	3.16
102	Copper ores	_	141.76	135.99	134.42	132.25	-	3.20	3.17	3.09	3.09
1,12	COAL MINING	]	117.64	143.44	138.40	134.11	-	3.40	3.49	3.46	3.43
2	Biruminous		120.05	146.08	141.40	137.07	-	3.43	3.52	3.50	3.47
	CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL		l	l			l		1		
13	GAS	İ	122.12	121.69	117.15	114.66	-	2.86	2.83	2.75	2.73
131,2	Crude petroleum and natural gas fields.	1	128.84	126.36	123.73	121.80	٠ ا	3.15	3.12	3.04	3.00
138 14	Oil and gas field services	İ	116.87	118.09	112.20 119.09	108.61 111.25		2.65	2.63	2.55	2.52
142	QUARRYING AND NONMETALLIC MINING  Crushed and broken stone		120.50	116.22 114.29	117.85	110.38	_	2.66 2.59	2.60 2.49	2.55	2.50
	CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	141.35	140.60	142.88	140.16	132,49	3.81	3.80	3.79	3.65	3.61
15	GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS	141.33	131.74	134.32	129.54	124.24	3.01	3.68	3.65	3.52	3.49
16	HEAVY CONSTRUCTION	_	137.48	138.65	139.86	126.72	_	3.42	3.39	3.33	3.20
61	Highway and street construction	_	134.89	133.95	139.53	121.20	l –	3.29	3.22	3.26	3.03
162	Other heavy construction	_	139.87	142.61	140.22	132.10	-	3.55	3.53	3.42	3.37
17	SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS	-	147.42	149.92	147.04	139.76	l -	4.05	4.03	3.89	3.85
71	Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning	_	155.07	155.96	152.10	147.45	l –	4.07	4.03	3.90	3.87
172	Painting, paperhanging, and decorating	-	136.22	134.82	136.90	128.49	-	3.87	3.83	3.72	3.64
73	Electrical work	-	171.97	173.38	170.82	166.71	-	4.49	4.48	4.38	4.33
174	Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work	-	140.59	142.40	137.47 121.97	129.28 108.24	-	4.04 3.50	3.51	3.84	3.78
176	Roofing and sheet metal work	110.05	i				-	1	1	}	
	MANUFACTURING	112.05	111.24	110.95	107.53	105.82	2.70	2.70	2.68	2.61	2.60
19,24,25,32-39 20-23,26-31	NONDURABLE GOODS	97.93	121.54 96.71	120.69 96.88	94.00	115.93 92.20	2.88 2.43	2.88	2.86 2.41	2.79 2.35	2.78
	Durable Goods										1
19	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES	132.19	132.62	131.67	128.96	126.28	3,14	3.15	3.15	3.10	3.08
192	Ammunition, except for small arms	131.52	132.99	132.75	133.34	130.19	3,20	3.22	3.23	3.19	3.16
1925	Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete	_	143.45	144.14	140.61	137.78	_	3.44	3.44	3.34	3.32
194 191,3,5,6,9	Sighting and fire control equipment  Other ordnance and accessories	134.23	130.42 132.00	134.51 129.03	125.37 120.22	125.11 117.50	3.03	3.12 3.00	3.15 2.98	3.15	3.12
	LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT										
24	FURNITURE	94.47	91.84	88.51	89.42	86.69	2.26	2.24	2.18	2.16	2.13
242	Sawmills and planing mills	88.41	85.48	82.62	82.40	79.59	2.11	2.09	2.04	2.00	1.97
2421	Sawmills and planing mills, general.		87.10	84.23	84.46	81.41		2.14	2.09	2.05	2.02
243	Millwork, plywood, and related products	103.39	99.25	97.47	98.79	94.76	2.41	2.38	2.36	2.33	2.30
2431	Millwork	-	96.22	94.87 100.06	94.53 102.23	89.72 99.30	-	2.37	2.36 2.36	2.30	2.26
2432 244	Veneer and plywood	76.26	75.53	73.98	72.98	71.81	1.82	1.82	1.80	1.75	1.76
2441,2	Wooden boxes, shook, and crates .	'***	73.74	71.28	71.48	69.94	_	1.76	1.73	1.71	1.71
249	Miscellaneous wood products	87.56	87.14	87.14	85.08	83.64	2,12	2.11	2.11	2.05	2.04
25	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	90,67	88.75	89.64	85.89	85.06	2.19	2.17	2.16	2.10	2.09
251	Household furniture	84.87	83.64	84.67	80.99	80.39	2.07	2.06	2.05	1.99	1.98
2511	Wood house furniture, unupholstered.	-	80.10	80.98	77.65	77.04	-	1.93	1.91	1.84	1.83
2512	Wood house furniture, upholstered .	-	88.98	89.69	83.11	84.63	-	2.23	2.22	2.17	2.17
2515	Mattresses and bedsprings	-	89.01	89.70	86.75	85.79	-	2.30	2.30	2.23	2.24
252	Office furniture	-	108.20	108.97	102.48	99.63	-	2.54	2.54	2.44	2.43
254 253,9	Partitions; office and store fixtures Other furniture and fixtures	97.29	112.89 94.58	113.02 94.43	111.64 90.47	108.00 89.16	2.30	2.74 2.29	2.73	2.69 2.18	2.68
32	STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	115.06	113.82	112.56	110.66	106.97	2.72	2.71	2.68	2.61	2.59
321	Flat glass	-	155.86	154.51	147.98	150.58		3.65	3.61	3.49	3.51
322	Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	109.62	109.47	111.92	106.52	104.54	2,70	2.73	2.71	2.63	2.64
3221	Glass containers	-	110.09	114.13	109.89	108.11	-	2.78	2.75	2.70	2.73
3229	Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c.	121 54	108.40	109.47	101.96	100.04	3.17	2.67	2.67	2.53	2.52
324	Cement, hydraulic	131.56	132.19	130.94	121.54	124.09	2.36	3.17 2.35	3.14	2.95	2.99
325	Structural clay products	98.41	98.23	95.87 89.04	95.15 89.86	94.02 87.77		2.35	2.31	2.26	2.20
3251	Brick and structural clay tile	I -	92.87 98.00	96.87	94.49	93.06	-	2.45	2.44	2.38	2.35
326 327	Pottery and related products	-	20,00	30.0/	24.47	,5.00	-	1 2.47		2.30	1 2.33
, <u>.</u> ,	Concrete, gypsum and plaster products	118.99	116,60	114.06	116.10	108.11	2,68	2.65	2.61	2.58	2.52
326,9	Other stone and mineral products	116.33	115.63	113.82	109.88	107,27	2.75	2.74	2.71	2.61	2.61
3291	Abrasive products		119.42		112.61	111.37		2.85	2.83	2.72	2.69
		ı	4.	ī		1	ı	I	ı	1	(

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry

MINING  METAL MINING  ID METAL MINING  II Iron ores  COAL MINING  III,12, COAL MINING  III,12, COAL MINING  III,12, COAL MINING  III,12, COAL MINING  III,12, COAL MINING  III,13 GAS  Crude petroleum and natural gas fie das services  III GAS  Crude petroleum and natural gas fie oli and gas field services  CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION  GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  III GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  III GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  III GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  III GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  III GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  III GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  III GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  MANUFACTURION  MANUFACTURING  III GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  Plumbing, heating, and air condition  Painting, paperhanging, and decoration  III GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  Plumbing, heating, and air condition  Painting, paperhanging, and decoration  II GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  MANUFACTURING  MANUFACTURING  DURABLE GOODS  NONDURABLE GOODS  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE  FURNITURE  Sammills and planing mills  Complete  Sammills and planing mills  MILIWORL  Veneer and plywood  Millwork  Veneer and plywood  Millwork  Veneer and plywood  Millwork  Veneer and plywood  Millwork  Wooden containers  Wooden boxes, shook, and crates  Miscellaneous wood products  FURNITURE AND FIXTURES  Household furniture  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Wo		Apr. 1966 41.7 42.5 42.4 44.3 34.6 35.0 42.7 40.9 44.1 45.3 46.2	Mar. 1966 42.6 41.6 40.9 42.9 41.1 41.5 43.0 40.5 44.9	May 1965 42.6 42.0 41.6 43.5 40.0 40.4 42.6	41.7 41.5 40.5 42.8 39.1 39.5	May 1966 - - - - -	Apr. 1966 - - - -	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
METAL MINING.  Iton ores. Copper ores. Col. Mining. Bituminous. CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS. Crude petroleum and natural gas fie oil and gas field services. CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION. GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS HEAVY CONSTRUCTION Highway and street construction. Other heavy construction. SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS. Plumbing, hearing, and air condition. Painting, paperhanging, and decoration. Painting, paperhanging, and decoration. MANUFACTURING  MANUFACTURING  MANUFACTURING  MANUFACTURING  DURABLE GOODS. NONDURABLE GOODS. NONDURABLE GOODS. NONDURABLE GOODS.  LUMBER AND MOCD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE. Sawmills and planing mills. generally samples and planing	ds	42.5 42.4 44.3 34.6 35.0 42.7 40.9 44.1 45.3	41.6 40.9 42.9 41.1 41.5 43.0 40.5	42.0 41.6 43.5 40.0 40.4	41.5 40.5 42.8 39.1	-	-			_
101 102 103 11,12, 123 131,2 138 131,2 138 14 142 163 174 175 186 187 187 187 187 188 189 190 190 191 191 192 193 194 191 192 1925 194 191 194 191,3,5,6,9 194 191,3,5,6,9 20 215 216 217 218 218 218 219 219 219 219 219 219 219 219 219 219	ds	42.5 42.4 44.3 34.6 35.0 42.7 40.9 44.1 45.3	41.6 40.9 42.9 41.1 41.5 43.0 40.5	42.0 41.6 43.5 40.0 40.4	41.5 40.5 42.8 39.1	-	-			_
Iron ores Copper ores Coal Mining Bituminous CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS Crude petroleum and natural gas fiel Oil and gas field services QUARRYING AND NONMETALLIC MININ Crushed and broken stone  CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS HEAVY CONSTRUCTION Highway and street construction SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS Plumbing, heating, and air conditio Painting, paperhanging, and decorati Electrical work MASONTY, plastering, stone and tile w Roofing and sheet metal work  MANUFACTURING  DURABLE GOODS NONDURABLE GOODS NONDURABLE GOODS  NONDURABLE GOODS  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE Sawmills and planing mills Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE Sawmills and planing mills Sammills and planing mills Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture		42.4 44.3 34.6 35.0 42.7 40.9 44.1 45.3	40.9 42.9 41.1 41.5 43.0 40.5	41.6 43.5 40.0 40.4	40.5 42.8 39.1	-	-			
Copper ores COAL MINING Bituminous CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS Crude petroleum and natural gas fiel Oil and gas field services QUARRYING AND NONMETALLIC MINING Crushed and broken stone CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS HEAVY CONSTRUCTION Highway and street construction Other heavy construction Other heavy construction Painting, paperhanging, and air conditio Painting, paperhanging, and decorati Electrical work MASONTY, plastering, stone and tile w Roofing and sheet metal work MANUFACTURING  DURABLE GOODS NONDURABLE GOODS NONDURABLE GOODS  ORDHANCE AND ACCESSORIES Ammunition, except for small arms Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills, general Millwork, plywood, and related produ Millwork Veneer and plywood Wooden containers Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unpholstere Wood house furniture, unpholstere Wood house furniture, unpholstere Mod thouse furniture, unpholstere Mod house furniture, unpholstere Mod house furniture, unpholstere Mod house furniture, unpholstere Mod house furniture, unpholstere Mod house furniture, unpholstere Mod house furniture, unpholstere Mod house furniture, unpholstere Mod house furniture, unpholstered Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture	ds ds	34.6 35.0 42.7 40.9 44.1 45.3	41.1 41.5 43.0 40.5	40.0 40.4	39.1	(	,	1	1	1 -
11,12, 12 Binuminous. CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS. Crude petroleum and natural gas fie Oil and gas field services. QUARRYING AND NONMETALLIC MININ Crushed and broken stone.  CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS HEAVY CONSTRUCTION Other heavy construction Other heavy construction SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS Plumbing, hearing, and air condition Painting, paperhanging, and decorating and sheet metal work MANUFACTURING.  DURABLE GOODS NONDURABLE GOODS NONDURABLE GOODS NONDURABLE GOODS ORDHANCE AND ACCESSORIES Ammunition, except for small arms Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete Sighting and fire control equipment other ordnance and accessories.  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE Sawmills and planing mills, gener Millwork, plywood, and related product Millwork Veneer and plywood Wooden containers. Wooden boxes, shook, and crates. Miscellaneous wood products. FURNITURE AND FIXTURES. Household furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Mood house furniture, unupholstere Mood house furniture, unupholstere Mood house furniture, unpholstered Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture	ds	34.6 35.0 42.7 40.9 44.1 45.3	41.1 41.5 43.0 40.5	40.0 40.4	39.1	-	1 .			_
Bituminous.  CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS. Crude petroleum and natural gas fiel Oil and gas field services. QUARRYING AND NONMETALLIC MININ Crushed and broken stone.  CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION. GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS HEAVY CONSTRUCTION. Highway and street construction. Other heavy construction. SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS. Plumbing, hearing, and air condition Painting, paperhanging, and decoration Roofing and sheet metal work.  MANUFACTURING  DURABLE GOODS. NONDURABLE GOODS. NONDURABLE GOODS.  Durable Goods  ORDHANCE AND ACCESSORIES Ammunition, except for small arms Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete. Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories.  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE Sawmills and planing mills. Service of the summills	ds ds 37.1	35.0 42.7 40.9 44.1 45.3	41.5 43.0 40.5	40.4		ł		1		-
CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL  GAS  Trude petroleum and natural gas fie  Oil and gas field services  QUARRYING AND NONMETALLIC MININ  Crushed and broken stone  CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION  GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  16  Highway and street construction  Other heavy construction  Other heavy construction  Painting, paperhanging, and air condition  Painting, paperhanging, and decoration  Painting, paperhanging, stone and tile we  Roofing and sheet metal work  MANUFACTURING  DURABLE GOODS  NONDURABLE GOODS  NONDURABLE GOODS  NONDURABLE GOODS  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE  FURNITURE  Sawmills and planing mills  Sawmills and planing mills, general  Millwork, plywood, and related product  Millwork, plywood, and related product  Millwork, plywood, and related product  Millwork, plywood, and related product  Millwork, plywood, and related product  Millwork, plywood, and related product  Millwork  Veneer and plywood  FURNITURE  Mooden boxes, shook, and crates  Miscellaneous wood products  Miscellaneous wood products  Mood house furniture, unupholstere  Wood house furniture, unupholstere  Wood house furniture, unupholstere  Wood house furniture, unpholstered  Mattresses and bedsprings  Office furniture	ds ds ds ds ds ds ds ds ds ds ds ds ds d	42.7 40.9 44.1 45.3	43.0 40.5		57.10		1	1		1
GAS Crude petroleum and natural gas fie Oil and gas field services QUARRYING AND NONMETALLIC MINING Crushed and broken stone CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS HEAVY CONSTRUCTION Other heavy construction Other heavy construction SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS Plumbing, heating, and air condition Painting, paperhanging, and decoratification Compainting, paperhanging, and decoratification Amourfacturing Durable Goods  ORDMANCE AND ACCESSORIES Ammunition, except for small arms Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories .  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills, gener Millwork, plywood, and related produ Millwork Veneer and plywood Wooden containers . Wooden boxes, shook, and crates Miscellaneous wood products .  Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unpholstered Mattresses and bedsprings .  Office furniture	ds - 37.1	40.9 44.1 45.3	40.5	42.6	1	{	1	ŀ	i	
Crude petroleum and natural gas fiel 14 14 142 Crushed and broken stone CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION 15 16 16 16 17 17 18 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	ds - 37.1	40.9 44.1 45.3	40.5		42.0	·				ŀ
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Crushed and broken stone	37.1			44.0	43.1			1		l
Crushed and broken stone  CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION  GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  HEAVY CONSTRUCTION  GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTORS  PLUMBING, and street construction  SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS Plumbing, paperhanging, and decorate  Electrical work  MASONRY, plastering, stone and tile we Roofing and sheet metal work  MANUFACTURING  DURABLE GOODS  NONDURABLE GOODS  NONDURABLE GOODS  Ammunition, except for small arms Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete  Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE  Sawmills and planing mills  Sawmills and planing mills  Sawmills and planing mills, gener  Millwork, plywood, and related product Millwork  Veneer and plywood  Wooden containers  Wooden boxes, shook, and crates Miscellaneous wood products  FURNITURE AND FIXTURES  Household furniture  Wood house furniture, unupholstere  Wood house furniture, unupholstere  Wood house furniture, unupholstere  Mattresses and bedsprings  Office furniture	37.1	46.2	44.7	46.7	44.5			1		l
15 16 16 161 162 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17		70.2	45.9	48.1	45.8					
16 161 161 162 163 164 165 167 178 179 171 170 171 171 171 172 173 174 176 176 177 176 177 177 177 177 177 178 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179	i i	37.0	37.7	38.4	36.7		ļ			
Highway and street construction. Other heavy construction Other heavy construction Other heavy construction SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS Plumbing, heating, and air condition Painting, paperhanging, and decorati Electrical work Masonry, plastering, stone and tile w Roofing and sheet metal work MANUFACTURING.  19,24,25,32-39 DURABLE GOODS NONDURABLE GOODS NONDURABLE GOODS  Durable Goods  ORDMANCE AND ACCESSORIES Ammunition, except for small arms Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories .  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills, gener Millwork, plywood, and related produ Millwork Veneer and plywood Wooden containers . Wooden boxes, shook, and crates Miscellaneous wood products .  FURNITURE AND FIXTURES. Household furniture Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unpholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unpholstere Mattresses and bedsprings .  Office furniture	.   -	35.8	36.8	36.8	35.6	ļ.	ł	1		1
Other heavy construction  SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS Plumbing, hearing, and air condition Painting, paperhanging, and decorating Painting, paperhanging, and decorating Painting, paperhanging, and decorating Electrical work Masonry, plastering, stone and tile we Roofing and sheet metal work  MANUFACTURING  DURABLE GOODS NONDURABLE GOODS NONDURABLE GOODS Amunition, except for small arms Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills, gener Millwork, plywood, and related product Millwork Veneer and plywood Wooden containers  Wooden boxes, shook, and crates Miscellaneous wood products  FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Household furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstered Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture	.   -	40.2	40.9	42.0	39.6	ŀ		1		1
SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS 171 172 173 174 176 176 177 176 177 177 177 177 177 177	.   -	41.0	41.6	42.8	40.0	-				l
Plumbing, heating, and air condition Painting, paperhanging, and decorati Electrical work Masonry, plastering, stone and tile w Roofing and sheet metal work MANUFACTURING  19,24,25,32-39 20-23,26-31  DURABLE GOODS NONDURABLE GOODS  Durable Goods  ORDMANCE AND ACCESSORIES  Ammunition, except for small arms Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete. Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories .  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE  Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills, generally Millwork, plywood, and related produ Millwork, plywood, and related produ Millwork, plywood products. Wooden containers Wooden containers  Wooden boxes, shook, and crates Miscellaneous wood products  FURNITURE AND FIXTURES. Household furniture Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstered Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture		39.4	40.4	41.0	39.2					1
Painting, paperhanging, and decoration Electrical work  Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work  Masonry, plastering, stone and tile work  MANUFACTURING		36.4	37.2	37.8	36.3	-		i		
Electrical work  Masonry, plastering, stone and tile w Roofing and sheet metal work  MANUFACTURING		38.1	38.7	39.0	38.1					1
Masonry, plastering, stone and tile w Roofing and sheet metal work		35.2	35.2	36.8	35.3	i •	1 .	1		}
Roofing and sheet metal work		38.3	38.7	39.0	38.5				1	1
MANUFACTURING  19,24.25,32-39 20-23,26-31  DURABLE GOODS  Durable Goods  19  ORDHANCE AND ACCESSORIES  Ammunition, except for small arms Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete  Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE  Sawmills and planing mills  Sawmills and planing mills  Sawmills and planing mills  Sawmills and planing mills  Would will work  Veneer and plywood  Wooden boxes, shook, and crates  Miscellaneous wood products  FURNITURE AND FIXTURES  Household furniture  Wood house furniture, unupholstere  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Mattresses and bedsprings  Office furniture		34.8	35.6	35.8	34.2	-	1 .		1	ł
DURABLE GOODS  NONDURABLE GOODS  Durable Goods  ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES  Ammunition, except for small arms Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete  Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills gener Millwork, plywood, and related produ Millwork  Veneer and plywood Millwork  Veneer and plywood Millwork  Veneer and plywood Millwork  Wooden boxes, shook, and crates Miscellaneous wood products  FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Household furniture Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstere Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture		33.4	34.9	36.3	33.0	-	-	-	_	-
20-23,26-31   NONDURABLE GOODS   Durable Goods	41.5	41.2	41.4	41.2	40.7	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.5	3.1
ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES Ammunition, except for small arms Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete. Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories.  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills, encounted with the same should be supported by the s		42.2 39.8	42.2 40.2	42.1 40.0	41.7 39.4	4.4 3.4	4.3 3.3	4.2 3.3	3.9	3.5 2.7
Ammunition, except for small arms Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete  Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories.  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills, gener Millwork, plywood, and related produ Millwork. Veneer and plywood Wooden boxes, shook, and crates. Miscellaneous wood products  FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Household furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstered Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture							]			
Guided missiles and spacecraft, complete. Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories.  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills generated Millwork, plywood, and related produ Millwork, plywood, and related produ Millwork.  Veneer and plywood Wooden containers Wooden containers Wooden boxes, shook, and crates Miscellaneous wood products  FURNITURE AND FIXTURES. Household furniture Wood house furniture, unupholstered Wood house furniture, unupholstered Wood house furniture, unupholstered Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture	42.1	42.1	41.8	41.6	41.0	-	3.7	3.3	2.4	1.9
complete	41.1	41.3	41.1	41.8	41.2		3.1	2.8	2.5	2.2
Sighting and fire control equipment Other ordnance and accessories	-	1		i		ŀ	1	1	l	1
191,3,5,6,9  LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE  24  24  25  24  Sawmills and planing mills  243  Millwork, plywood, and related produ  Millwork  Veneer and plywood  Wooden containers  Wooden boxes, shook, and crates  Miscellaneous wood products  FURNITURE AND FIXTURES  Household furniture  Wood house furniture, unupholstere  Wood house furniture, unupholstered  Mattresses and bedsprings  Office furniture	.   -	41.7	41.9	42.1	41.5		-	-	<b>-</b> .	
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCE FURNITURE  242 Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills Sawmills and planing mills gener Millwork plywood, and related produ Millwork Veneer and plywood  44 Wooden containers Wooden boxes, shook, and crates Wooden boxes, shook, and crates Miscellaneous wood products  55 FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Household furniture Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstered Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture		41.8	42.7	39.8	40.1		3.5	3.4	.6	.7
24 24 FURNITURE 242 Sawmills and planing mills gener 243 Millwork, plywood, and related produ 243 Millwork 2432 Veneer and plywood 244 Wooden containers 249 Wooden boxes, shook, and crates. 249 Miscellaneous wood products. 25 FURNITURE AND FIXTURES. 251 Household furniture 251 Wood house furniture, unupholstere 252 Wood house furniture, unupholstere 253 Mattresses and bedsprings 254 Office furniture.	. 44.3	44.0	43.3	41.6	40.8		5.0	4.5	2.3	1.5
Sawmills and planing mills		1				]				
Sawmills and planing mills, gener Millwork, plywood, and related produ Millwork, plywood, and related produ Millwork.  2432 Veneer and plywood		41.0	40.6	41.4	40.7	1 -	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.5
243 Millwork, plywood, and related production of the production of	41.9	40.9	40.5	41.2	40.4		4.1	4.0	4.0	3.3
2431 Millwork		40.7	40.3	41.2	40.3		J	l		1
2432 Veneer and plywood		41.7	41.3	42.4	41.2	<b>!</b> -	4.4	4.1	4.2	3.6
244 Wooden containers. 249 Wooden boxes, shook, and crates. 249 Miscellaneous wood products 25 FURNITURE AND FIXTURES 2511 Wood house furniture, unupholstere 2512 Wood house furniture, unupholstere 2515 Mattresses and bedsprings 252 Office furniture		40.6	40.2	41.1	39.7		-	-	-	-
2441,2 249 Wooden boxes, shook, and crates. Miscellaneous wood products  25 FURNITURE AND FIXTURES 251 Household furniture 2512 Wood house furniture, unupholstere Wood house furniture, unupholstered Mattresses and bedsprings 252 Office furniture		42.8	42.4	43.5	42.8	-		1		-,
249 Miscellaneous wood products		41.5	41.1	41.7	40.8	•	4.2	3.5	3.7	3.1
25 FURNITURE AND FIXTURES		41.9	41.2	41.8	40.9		3.8	3.8	3.6	3.3
251         Household furniture.           2511         Wood house furniture, unupholstere           2512         Wood house furniture, upholstered           2515         Mattresses and bedsprings           252         Office furniture		40.9	41.5	40.9	40.7	ŀ	3.5	3.7	3.2	2.9
2511 Wood house furniture, unupholstere 2512 Wood house furniture, upholstered 2515 Mattresses and bedsprings 252 Office furniture	1	40.9	41.3	40.7	40.6	<b>!</b>	3.4	3.6	3.2	3.0
2512 Wood house furniture, upholstered 2515 Mattresses and bedsprings 252 Office furniture	. 1	41.5	42.4	42.2	42.1	1	,	4	ł.	3.0
2515 Mattresses and bedsprings 252 Office furniture	l l	39.9	40.4	38.3	39.0	i	-	-	_	-
252 Office furniture		38.7	39.0	38.9	38.3	l	-	-	1 -	_
		42.6	42.9	42.0	41.0	l	4.5	4.4	3.4	2.6
254 Partitions; office and store fixtures		41.2	41.4	41.5	40.3	l	3.7	4.0	3.1	1.9
253,9 Other furniture and fixtures		41.3	41.6	41.5	40.9	1	3.4	3.4	3.3	2.8
32 STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	. 42.3	42.0	42.0	42.4	41.3	<b>l</b> .	4.6	4.4	4.4	3.8
321 Flat glass		42.7	42.8	42.4	42.9	_	4.8	4.4	3.3	4.1
322 Glass and glassware, pressed or blo		40.1	41.3	40.5	39.6		4.1	4.4	3.8	3.6
3221 Glass containers		39.6	41.5	40.7	39.6	l -	_	_	-	-
3229 Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.		40.6	41.0	40.3	39.7	_	-	-	-	<b>!</b> -
324 Cement, hydraulic		41.7	41.7	41.2	41.5	_	2.8	2.7	2.3	2.2
325 Structural clay products	- 1	41.8	41.5	42.1	41.6	_	3.9	3.6	3.8	3.3
3251 Brick and structural clay tile		42.6	42.0	43.2	42.4	_	_	_	-	-
326 Pottery and related products		40.0	39.7	39.7	39.6		2.6	2.3	2.0	2.0
327 Concrete, gypsum and plaster	i i									
products	, ,	44.0 42.2	43.7	45.0 42.1	42.9 41.1		6.6	6.3 4.0	6.9	5.7
328,9 Other stone and mineral products .  Abrasive products	1	42.2	41.9	41.4	41.4		-	-		-

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

SIC	* 1			ge weekly e			L		ge hourly ea		
Code	Industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
		1700	1700	1700	1 2703	1 1705	1700	1700	1700	1 200	1,703
			1	1							}
	Durable GoodsContinued		-	1					ļ	1	ł
33	PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	\$137.99	\$138.74	\$137.25	\$134.09	\$141.12	\$3,27	\$3.28	\$3.26	\$3.17	\$3.20
331	Blast furnace and basic steel products	(*)	146.97	143.56	140.69	156.52	(*)	3.55	3.51	3.39	3.44
3312	Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills		147.55	144.54	141.66	159.04	2-05	3.59	3.56	3.43	3.48
32	Iron and steel foundries	126.85	123.17	128.60 126.59	126.58 127.68	122.12	2,95	2.96 2.90	2.97	2.89	2.86
3321 3322	Gray iron foundries	-	126.73	132.49	122.72	126.05	] [	3.08	3.11	2.95	2.98
323	Steel foundries	l -	131.33	130.90	124.82	120.10	] _	3.04	3.03	2.93	2.88
133,4	Nonferrous smelting and refining	128.71	129.32	126.96	123.06	125.21	3.05	3.05	3.03	2.93	2.96
35	Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding.	137.64	134.77	134.20	128.76	127.15	3.10	3.07	3.05	2.96	2.95
351	Copper rolling, drawing, and extruding	-	139.99	140.30	133.29	126.18	-	3.16	3.16	3.05	2.99
352	Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding	-	141.04	137.26	132.56	140.85	-	3.22	3.17	3.09	3.13
3357	Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating.	118.16	127.02	128.16	123.64	117.04	2.80	2.90 2.79	2.88	2.81 2.70	2.78
336 3 <b>3</b> 61	Nonferrous foundries	-	118.58	118.02	112.34	109.48		2.83	2.81	2.72	2.69
3362,9	Other nonferrous castings	]	117.30	116.03	114.06	109.03	_	2.76	2.73	2.69	2.64
339	Miscellaneous primary metal industries	151.51	146.46	150.23	141.57	134,55	3.42	3.43	3.43	3.30	3.25
3391	Iron and steel forgings	-	150.72	156.09	146.20	139.74	-	3.58	3.58	3.44	3.40
			}	}	1			}			
		l				1					1
34 241	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	121.84	119.99	119.85	116.75 134.83	113.02 143.66	2.86 3.25	2.85 3.22	2.84 3.20	2.76 3.18	2.73
341 342	Metal cans	114.26	113.02	113.57	110.81	108.65	2.74	2.73	2.73	2.67	2.65
3421,3,5	Cutlery and hand tools, including saws .		113.21	112.36	105.41	102.66		2.67	2.65	2.54	2.51
3429	Hardware, n.e.c.	-	113.15	114.67	113.85	112.20	-	2.78	2.79	2.75	2.73
343	Heating equipment and plumbing fixtures	110.03	108.40	108.00	104.40	101.01	2.71	2.71	2.70	2.61	2.59
3431,2	Sanitary wate and plumbers' brass goods.	-	110.42	109.07	105.59	103.10	-	2.74	2.72	2.62	2.61
3433	Heating equipment, except electric	110 62	106.40	106.53	103.22	99.33	2.85	2.68	2.67	2.60	2,58
344 3441	Fabricated structural metal products	119.42	117.73	117.03	114.11	108.95		2.88	2.82	2.77	2.69
3442	Fabricated structural steel Metal doors, sash, frames, and trim	1 -	99.38	98.40	98.47	92.67		2.46	2.46	2.39	2.37
3443	Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	_	123.06	124.10	119.85	113,70	-	2.93	2.92	2.84	2.78
3444	Sheet metal work	-	123.02	123.35	120.98	116.62	-	2.95	2.93	2.86	2.81
3446,9	Architectural and misc. metal work	- 1	119.70	113.93	110.70	106.38		2.85	2.82	2.72	2.70
345	Screw machine products, bolts, etc	128.13	126.83	128.82	121.00	117.50	2,86	2.85	2.85	2.75	2.72
3451	Screw machine products	-	118.63	120.78 135.29	112.15	110.94	-	2.69 2.98	2.69	2.59	2.58
3452 346	Bolts, nuts, screws, rivers, and washers Metal stampings	134.90	132.75	131.89	131.26	125.40	3.08	3.08	3.06	2.99	2.93
347	Coating, engraving, and allied services	107.36	105.08	105.42	98.95	96.29	2.55	2.52	2,51	2.39	2.36
348	Miscellaneous fabricated wire products	110.46	108.84	108.52	104.25	101.93	2.63	2.61	2.59	2.50	2.48
349	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	119.99	117.46	117.87	116.05	111.65	2.81	2.79	2.78	2.75	2.71
3494,8	Valves, pipe, and pipe fittings	-	120.70	121.55	119.71	114.26	-	2.84	2.84	2,81	2.74
		125 02		124 51	107.76	100 00	2.00	2.06	2.05	2.05	2 01
35 351	Engines and turbines	135.83	134.03 144.86	134.51	127.74	123.38 132.48	3.08 (*)	3.06 3.33	3.05 3.30	2.95 3.18	2.91 3.20
3511	Steam engines and turbines	-	147.65	145.51	135.74	138.04	-	3.41	3.44	3.36	3.40
3519	Internal combustion engines, n.e.c		143.88	140.40	130.82	130.00	_	3.30	3.25	3.10	3,11
352	Farm machinery and equipment		131.09	132.62	119.31	116.97		3.07	3.07	2.91	2.86
353	Construction and related machinery	133.85	132.07	133.42	124.82	122.22	3.07	3.05 3.16	3.06	2.93 3.02	2.91
3531,2 3533	Construction and mining machinery Oil field machinery and equipment	_	135.56 124.68	135.77	127.44	118.21		2.84	3.15 2.82	2.75	2.73
3535,6	Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes	_	130.24	136.34	120.37	115.93	_	2.94	2.99	2.81	2.78
54	Metalworking machinery and equipment	156.37	153.45	153.64	146.10	141.75	3.32	3.30	3.29	3.19	3.15
541	Machine tools, metal cutting types	-	146.28	146.45	138.31	133.79	-	3.18	3.17	3.06	3.02
544	Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures	-	172.18	171.34	164.57	160.14	-	3.55	3.54	3.45	3.40
545 542,8	Machine tool accessories	-	137.56	138.01	130.54	126.29	-	3.03 3.18	3.02 3.18	2.94 3.06	2.91 3.01
55 55	Special industry machinery	125.99	124.98	125.24	120.22	114.36	2.87	2.86	2.84	2.77	2.71
551	Food products machinery	-	131.26	129.79	127.01	114.00		2.99	2.96	2.94	2.85
552	Textile machinery	_	103.76	105.22	101.95	99.06	_	2.43	2.43	2.36	2.32
555	Printing trades machinery		134.04	131.67	127.54	124.07	- 1	3.11	3.02	2.98	2.94
56	General industrial machinery	134.33	132.24	132.54	125.99	120.80	3.06	3.04	3.04	2.93	2.89
3561	Pumps; air and gas compressors	-	127.46	127.31	122.39	116.48	- '	2.93	2.92	2.82	2.78
3562 3566	Ball and roller bearings.	_	137.34	136.28	132.68	123.97 121.96	-	3.15 3.04	3.14 3.03	3.05 2.91	2.98
3566 357	Mechanical power transmission goods Office, computing, and accounting machines	131.63	128.52	132.13	125.33	122.13	3.09	3.06	3.08	2.97	2.95
3571	Computing machines and cash registers.		134.92	139.00	132.40	128.96	-	3.22	3.24	3.13	3.10
358	Service industry machines	116.34	115.79	115.92	113.82	109.34	2,79	2.77	2.76	2.71	2.68
3585	Refrigeration, except home refrigerators.	-	115,37	114.54	115.08	110.30	- 1	2.78	2.76	2,74	2.71
359	Miscellaneous machinery	128.03	127.58	127.87	122.48	117.00	2.89	2.88	2.88	2.79	2.74

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

SIC	Industry			rage weekly			L		e overtime h		
Code	maistry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
	Durable GoodsContinued										
33	PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	42.2	42.3	42.1	42.3	44.1		4.2	3.9	3.9	4.4
331	Blast furnace and basic steel products	(*)	41.4	40.9	41.5	45.5		2.8	2.4	2.9	4.6
3312	Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills	40-0	41.1	40.6	41.3	45.7	-	-	- ,	-	
332	Iron and steel foundries	43.0	43.3	43.3	43.8 44.8	42.7 43.3	-	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.0
3321 3322	Gray iron foundries	_	41.6	42.6	41.6	42.3		-	- 1	_	_
3323	Steel foundries	_	43.2	43.2	42.6	41.7	-	_	_	_	_
333,4	Nonferrous smelting and refining	42.2	42.4	41.9	42.0	42.3	_	4.0	3.6	3.5	3.3
335	Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding.	44.4	43.9	44.0	43.5	43.1	-	6.0	5.8	4.9	4.3
3351	Copper rolling, drawing, and extruding	-	44.3	44.4	43.7	42.2	-	-	-	-	-
3352	Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding	-	43.8	43.3	42.9	45.0	1 -	_	-	-	-
3357	Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating.	42.2	43.8	44.5	44.0	42.1 41.0	1 -	4.6	4.5	3.6	3.5
336 3361	Nonferrous foundries	42.2	41.9	42.3	41.3	40.7	-	4.0	4.5	5.0	-
3362,9	Other nonferrous castings	_	42.5	42.5	42.4	41.3	[	_	_	_	_
339	Miscellaneous primary metal industries	44.3	42.7	43.8	42.9	41.4	-	5.5	6.2	4.6	3.5
3391	Iron and steel forgings	-	42.1	43.6	42.5	41.1		-	-	-	~
34	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	42.6	42.1	42.2	42.3	41.4		4.3	4.2	4.0	3.4
341	Metal cans	43.6	42.9	42.3	42.4	43.8	}	4.4	3.8	4.2	5.8
342	Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware.	41.7	41.4	41.6	41.5	41.0	1	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.1
3421,3,5	Cutlery and hand tools, including saws .		42.4	42.4	41.5	40.9	1	-	-	_	-
3429 343	Hardware, n.e.c	40.6	40.0	40.0	40.0	39.0	1	2.5	2.4	2.1	1.5
3431,2	Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods.	-	40.3	40.1	40.3	39.5	l _			_	_
3433	Heating equipment, except electric	_	39.7	39.9	39.7	38.5	l –	-	_	-	-
344	Fabricated structural metal products	41.9	41.6	41.5	41.8	40.5	-	3.6	3.5	3.4	2.6
3441	Fabricated structural steel	-	41.8	41.6	41.9	40.9	- 1	-	-	-	-
3442	Metal doors, sash, frames, and trim	-	40.4	40.0	41.2	39.1	_	-	-	-	-
3443	Fabricated plate work (boiler shops)	-	42.0	42.5	42.2	40.9	-	- 1	_	-	_
3444 2446 O	Sheet metal work	-	41.7	42.1	42.3	41.5 39.4	_	-	_	_	_
3446,9 345	Screw machine products, bolts, etc	44.8	44.5	45.2	44.0	43.2	-	6.5	6.8	5.2	4.5
3451	Screw machine products	-	44.1	44.9	43.3	43.0	_	_	-	_	-
3452	Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers	~	44.9	45.4	44.6	43.4	-	- 1	<b>-</b>	-	-
346	Metal stampings	43.8	43.1	43.1	43.9	42.8	-	5.5	5.3	5.5	4.4
347	Coating, engraving, and allied services	42.1	41.7	42.0	41.4	40.8	-	5.0	4.8	4.1	3.5
348 349	Miscellaneous fabricated wire products	42.0 42.7	41.7	41.9	41.7	41.1	-	4,1 3.9	4.1 4.3	3.6 3.7	3.0 2.9
3494,8	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products  Valves, pipe, and pipe fittings	-	42.5	42.8	42.6	41.7		-	-	-	-
35	MACHINERY	44.1	43.8	44.1	43.3	42.4		5.5 5.8	5.7	4.6	4.0 3.8
351	Engines and turbines	(*)	43.5	42.9 42.3	41.6	41.4			5.4	3.7	3.0
3511 3519	Steam engines and turbines	-	43.6	43.2	42.2	41.8	1	-		_	_
352	Farm machinery and equipment	_	42.7	43.2	41.0	40.9		4.5	4.3	2.8	2.4
353	Construction and related machinery	43.6	43.3	43.6	42.6	42.0		5.0	5.1	4.2	3.6
3531,2	Construction and mining machinery		42.9	43.1	42.2	41.9		- 1	-	~	~
3533	Oil field machinery and equipment	~	43.9	43.2	44.0	43.3	ļ	-	-	-	~
3535,6	Conveyors, hoists, and industrial cranes	47.1	44.3	45.6 46.7	42.8 45.8	41.7	1	8.0	8.2	7.0	6.3
354 3541	Metalworking machinery and equipment  Machine tools, metal cutting types	47.1	46.0	46.2	45.2	44.3	1	5.0		-	
3544	Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures.	_	48.5	48.4	47.7	47.1	j		_	_	_
3545	Machine tool accessories	_	45.4	45.7	44.4	43.4	1	_	_	-	_
3542,8	Miscellaneous metalworking machinery.		44.5	45.2	44.4	43.5	1	-	-		-
355	Special industry machinery	43.9	43.7	44.1	43.4	42.2	1	5.3	5.6	4.7	3.8
355I	Food products machinery	-	43.9	43.7	43.2	40.0 42.7	1	-	-	-	~
3552 3555	Textile machinery	~	42.7 43.1	43.3	43.2 42.8	42.7	1	_	_	-	_
3555 356	General industrial machinery	43.9	43.5	43.6	43.0	41.8	-	5.2	5.2	4.5	3.2
3561	Pumps; air and gas compressors	-	43.5	43.6	43.4	41.9	- :	-	_		-
3562	Ball and roller bearings	-	43.6	43.4	43.5	41.6	-	-	- 1	-	-
3566	Mechanical power transmission goods		44.6	44.8	43.1	42.2	-	-	~	-	-
357	Office, computing, and accounting machines	42,6	42.0	42.9	42.2	41.4	-	3.6	4.2	2.6	2.5
3571	Computing machines and cash registers.	41.7	41.9	42.9	42.3 42.0	41.6 40.8	_	3.2	3.5	3.1	2.5
358 3585	Service industry machines	71./	41.8	41.5	42.0	40.3	<u>-</u>	3.2	J.J	-	-
2202	Miscellaneous machinery	44.3	44.3	44.4	43.9	42.7	1 -	6.3	6.3	5.5	4.7

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, 1 by industry--Continued

SIC	1			ge weekly e	amings		L	'Aver	age hourly e	amings	
Code	Industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
	Durable GoodsContinued			}							
				}							
16	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND	\$108.09	\$107.68	\$107.79	\$105.37	\$102.91	\$2.63	\$2.62	\$2.61	\$2.57	\$2.56
61	Electric distribution equipment	114.53	113.30	115.50	112.75	110.03	2.74	2.73	2.75	2.73	2.71
611	Electric measuring instruments	_	103.41	103.66	99.54	98.31	_	2.51	2.51	2.47	2.47
612	Power and distribution transformers	-	118.86	119.00	116.75	117.18	-	2.81	2.84	2.82	2.8
613	Switchgear and switchboard apparatus		118.53	122.83	120.25	114.09	_	2.87	2.89	2.87	2.8
362	Electrical industrial apparatus	117.73	117.87	118.71	115.48	112.19	2.77	2.78	2.78	2.73	2.7
3621	Motors and generators	-	119.14	119.14	117.87	113.99	-	2.81	2.81	2.78	2.70
3622	Industrial controls	110 2/	114.09	115.83	111.83	108.88	2 07	2.71	2.70	2.65	2.63
363 3632	Household appliances	118.24	119.68 132.68	114.77 121.50	112.33 124.92	111.93	2.87	3.10	3.03	2.76 3.01	2.7
3633	Household laundry equipment	_	120.36	125.28	110.26	108.86	1 -	2.95	2.99	2.82	2.7
3634	Electric housewares and fans	_	99.14	100.04	97.61	97.61		2.46	2.47	2.41	2.4
364	Electric lighting and wiring equipment	102,91	101.34	101.43	99.63	96.24	2,51	2.49	2.48	2.43	2.40
3641	Electric lamps	_	104.86	104.86	103.38	100.00	-	2.57	2.57	2.54	2.50
3642	Lighting fixtures	i –	99.29	99.06	100.21	97.77	-	2.47	2.44	2.45	2.42
3643,4	Wiring devices	-	100.86	101.35	97.23	93.13	-	2.46	2.46	2.36	2.34
365	Radio and TV receiving sets	89.17	91.57	91.87	88.98	87.62	2.31	2.33	2.32	2.27	2.2
366	Communication equipment	120.22	119.65	120.67	116.31	111.48	2.89	2.89	2.88	2.83	2.78
3661	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	-	121.72	123.19	118.53	110.92	-	2.94	2.94	2.87	2.78
3662 367	Radio and TV communication equipment	93.25	118.28	119.00	114.80 90.20	112.03	2 20	2.85	2.84	2.80	2.78
367 367 2	Electronic components and accessories.		91.35	92.43		87.56	2.28	2.25	2.26	2.20	2.20
3671-3 3674,9	Electron tubes	-	110.93 86.37	112.46 87.02	102.75 86.50	101.40 83.56	_	2.55	2.55	2.47	2.5
369	Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	117.79	117.62	117.10	112.33	111.35	2.88	2.89	2.17	2.12	2.7
3694	Electrical equipment for engines	-	121.10	118.80	118.20	116.87	-	2.99	2.97	2.89	2.9
37	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	140.48	141.47	140,06	137.81	134.09	3.29	3.29	3.28	3.19	3.1
371	Motor vehicles and equipment	(*)	148.68	144.57	148.07	144.32	(*)	3.41	3.37	3.32	3.3
3711	Motor vehicles	'-'	154.86	149.04	155.50	150.62	\ `-'	3.48	3.45	3.41	3.40
3712	Passenger car bodies	-	149.74	144.14	148.70	154.07	-	3.54	3.49	3.45	3.4
3713	Truck and bus bodies	-	114.11	114.54	114.51	111.78	<b>-</b> .	2.79	2.78	2.72	2.70
3714	Motor vehicle parts and accessories	-	148.43	145.68	147.74	142.35	-	3.42	3.38	3.32	3.28
372	Aircraft and parts	141.70	139.75	141.48	130.73	127.00	3.25	3.25	3.26	3.12	3.09
3721	Aircraft	-	139.73	140.81	128.86	127.41	-	3.28	3.29	3.12	3.10
3722	Aircraft engines and engine parts	-	141.26	143.01	134.30	125.96	_	3.27	3.28	3.16	3.11
3723,9 373	Other aircraft parts and equipment	130.83	137.09	140.04	129.93	126.42	2 - 2	3.13	3.14	3.05	3.01
3731	Ship and boat building and repairing Ship building and repairing	150.05	135.05	130.10	122.78	120.47	3,13	3.11	3.12	2.98 3.13	2.96
3732	Boat building and repairing.	1 _	101.63	98.71	99.48	97.88	_	2.38	2.39	2.38	2.3
374	Railroad equipment	} _	138.20	132.44	127.92	124.34	1 -	3.33	3.27	3.19	3.18
375,9	Other transportation equipment	-	95.68	95.60	93.56	89.77	-	2.38	2.39	2.31	2.29
38	INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS .	114.33	112.29	112.67	107.90	104.38	2.69	2.68	2.67	2.60	2.59
381	Engineering and scientific instruments	-	130.59	133.18	124.44	113.96	-	3.08	3.09	2.97	2.96
382	Mechanical measuring and control devices		114.36	113.79	108.47	103.86	2.72	2.71	2.69	2.62	2.59
3821	Mechanical measuring devices	-	117.12	116.69	109.67	105.56	-	2.73	2.72	2.63	2.60
3822 392 <b>5</b>	Automatic temperature controls	102.43	110.27	109.98	107.01	101.26	2 41	2.67	2.65	2.61	2.57
<b>383,5</b> <b>3</b> 85	Optical and ophthalmic goods Ophthalmic goods	102,43	96.63 88.26	91.24	96.70 88.37	95.82	2.41	2.38	2.41	2.33	2.32
384	Surgical, medical, and dental equipment.	96.51	93.79	93.89	90.63	88.26	2.32	2.31	2.29	2.26	2.2
386	Photographic equipment and supplies	(*)	135.21	131.63	129.90	127.75	(*)	3.08	3.04	3.00	3.0
387	Watches and clocks	`-	90.50	91.62	87.85	85.28	`-'	2.24	2.24	2.18	2.1
39	MISC. MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	88.80	87.74	88.88	84.56	83.10	2.22	2.21	2.20	2.13	2.12
391	Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	100.12	100.21	100.60	93.96	92.92	2.46	2.45	2.43	2.32	2.30
94	Toys, amusement, and sporting goods	-	77.61	78.99	76.05	73.92	-	1.99	2.01	1.94	1.93
3941-3	Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles	-	74.30	76.82	72.77	70.69	-	1.94	1.98	1.89	1.89
1949	Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c	-	83.01	82.81	81.61	30.00	-	2.07	2.06	2.02	2.0
395	Pens, pencils, office and art materials	-	84.84	85.44	82.41	81.19	-	2.10	2.12	2.05	2.04
96	Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions	05 75	79.97	82.42	78.41	77.03	2 22	2.04	2.04	1.97	1.9
93,8,9 193	Other manufacturing industries	95.75	94.80	95.47 99.53	90.52	93.06	2.37	2.37	2.34	2.28	2.2
	Nondurable Goods		Ì	1		İ	Ì				
20	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	103.89	102.21	101.25	100.45	98.74	2.54	2.53	2.50	2.45	2.45
201	Meat products	109.20	106.53	105.73	107.42	105.06	2.67	2.65	2.67	2.62	2.62
2011	Meat packing		124.64 114.51	124.94 115.83	123.73 116.34	123.31	_	3.04 2.87	3.04 2.86	2.96	2.95
2013											

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, 1 by industry--Continued

SIC	To do		,	age weekly l			<u> </u>	Aven	ige overtime	hours	
Code	Industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
	Durable GoodsContinued			}							
	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND					}					
6	SUPPLIES	41.1	41.1	41.3	41.0	40.2	-	3.2	3.3	2.5	2.1
61	Electric distribution equipment	41.8	41.5	42.0	41.3	40.6	-	3.4	3.7	2.7	2.3
611	Electric measuring instruments	-	41.2	41.3	40.3	39.8	-	_		-	_
3612	Power and distribution transformers	-	42.3	41.9	41.4	41.7	-		_	-	_
613	Switchgear and switchboard apparatus.	42.5	41.3 42.4	42.5 42.7	41.9	40.6 41.4	] [	4.5	4.4	3.8	3.5
362 3621	Electrical industrial apparatus		42.4	42.4	42.4	41.3	] _	4.5	4.4	3.0	3.3
3622	Motors and generators	_	42.1	42.9	42.2	41.4		_	_	_	_
363	Household appliances	41.2	41.7	40.7	40.7	40.7	_	3.7	2.9	2.5	2.5
3632	Household refrigerators and freezers	_	42.8	40.1	41.5	41.2	-	-	_	_	_
3633	Household laundry equipment	_	40.8	41.9	39.1	39.3	-	-	_	-	-
634	Electric housewares and fans	-	40.3	40.5	40.5	40.5	-	-	-	-	-
364	Electric lighting and wiring equipment	41.0	40.7	40.9	41.0	40.1	-	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.0
3641	Electric lamps	-	40.8	40.8	40.7	40.0	-	-	-	-	-
3642	Lighting fixtures	-	40.2	40.6	40.9	40.4	-	-	-	-	-
3643,4	Wiring devices	20 4	41.0	41.2	41.2	39.8	-	2-	-	1-0	.~.
365	Radio and TV receiving sers	38.6 41.6	39.3 41.4	39.6 41.9	39.2 41.1	38.6 40.1	_	2.5 3.1	2.3 3.3	1.9	1.5
366 3661	Communication equipment		41.4	41.9	41.3	39.9		3.1	3.3	2.2	]
3662	Telephone and telegraph apparatus Radio and TV communication equipment	~	41.5	41.9	41.0	40.3				_	_
367	Electronic components and accessories.	40.9	40.6	40.9	41.0	39.8	_	3.1	3.4	2.2	1.8
367 I-3	Electron tubes	-	43.5	44.1	41.6	40.4	_		_	-:-	_
3674,9	Electronic components, n.e.c	_	39.8	40.1	40.8	39.6	-	_	-	-	-
369	Misc. electrical equipment and supplies	40.9	40.7	40.8	40.7	40.2	-	3.0	3.0	2.7	2.6
694	Electrical equipment for engines	~	40.5	40.0	40.9	40.3	-	-	-	-	-
37	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	42.7	43.0	42.7	43.2	42.3		5.1	4.7	4.8	4.1
371	Motor vehicles and equipment	(*)	43.6	42.9	44.6	43.6	-	5.7	4.7	6.4	5.6
3711	Motor vehicles	-	44.5	43.2	45.6	44.3	-	_	_	-	_
3712	Passenger car bodies	-	42.3	41.3	43.1	44.4	-	-	-	_	-
3713	Truck and bus bodies	-	40.9 43.4	41.2 43.1	42.1 44.5	41.4		_		1 -	-
3714 372	Motor vehicle parts and accessories	43.6	43.0	43.4	41.9	41.1		4.7	5.1	2.7	1.9
3721	Aircraft	-	42.6	42.8	41.3	41.1	_	1	-	} ===	
3722	Aircraft engines and engine parts	_	43.2	43.6	42.5	40.5	-	-	_	-	-
3723.9	Other aircraft parts and equipment	_	43.8	44.6	42.6	42.0	-	i –	-	-	-
373	Ship and boat building and repairing	41.8	41.5	41.7	41.2	40.7	-	4.2	4.4	3.6	3.2
3731	Ship building and repairing	~	41.3	41.8	41.1	40.6	-	-	-	-	-
3732	Boat building and repairing	-	42.7	41.3	41.8	41.3	-			-	J
374	Railroad equipment	_	41.5	40.5	40.1	39.1	~	3.7	3.0	2.4	2.2
375,9	Other transportation equipment	-	40.2	40.0	40.5	39.2		3.0	2.8	3.2	2.3
38	INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS	42.5	41.9	42.2	41.5	40.3 38.5	<u> </u>	3.5	3.6	3.0	2.3
381 382	Engineering and scientific instruments	42.7	42.4 42.2	43.1	41.9	40.1	]	3.8 4.0	3.9	3.3 2.8	2.3
3821	Mechanical measuring and control devices Mechanical measuring devices	-	42.9	42.9	41.7	40.6	[ ]	4.0	3.7		2.3
3822	Automatic temperature controls	_	41.3	41.5	41.0	39.4	-	_	-	_	_
383,5	Optical and ophthalmic goods	42.5	40.6	42.1	41.5	41.3	-	2.2	3.3	2.7	2.4
385	Ophthalmic goods		40.3	41.1	41.1	40.8	i -	2.1	2.9	2.6	2.1
384	Surgical, medical, and dental equipment.	41.6	40.6	41.0	40.1	39.4	-	2.7	2.7	2.0	1.4
386 387	Photographic equipment and supplies Watches and clocks	(*) ~	43.9 40.4	43.3	43.3 40.3	42.3 39.3		4.9 2.5	2.8	4.1 2.4	1.4
20	LUSC MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	40.0	39.7	40.4	39.7	39.2	_	2.8	3.1	2.4	2.2
39 301	MISC. MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES  Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware	40.7	40.9	41.4	40.5	40.4	1 -	4.2	4.3	3.4	3.3
391 394	Toys, amusement, and sporting goods	40.7	39.0	39.3	39.2	38.3	-	2.6	2.7	2.3	2.2
3941-3	Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles	_	38.3	38.8	38.5	37.4	-	-	-		_
3949	Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c	-	40.1	40.2	40.4	39.8	-	-	-	-	-
395	Pens, pencils, office and art materials	-	40.4	40.3	40.2	39.8	-	2.0	2.4	1.9	1.8
396	Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions		39.2	40.4	39.8	39.1	-	2.8	3.0	2.2	2.0
<b>393,8,</b> 9	Other manufacturing industries	40.4	40.0	40.8	39.7	39.4	-	2.7	3.1	2.3	2.0
93	Musical instruments and parts	-	40.6	41.3	40.2	39.6	_	2.9	3.2	2.6	2.3
20	Nondurable Goods FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	40.9	40.4	40.5	41.0	40.3		3.4	3.4	3.7	3.3
201	Meat products	40.9	40.2	39.6	41.0	40.1	-	3.5	3.4	4.1	3.6
2011	Meat packing	-	41.0	41.1	41.8	41.8	-	-	-	-	-
2013	Sausages and other prepared meats	-	39.9	40.5	41.7	40.0	-	-	j -	-	-
2015	Poultry dressing and packing	٠.	38.5	35.6	38.5	35,9	1	t -	ł –	I -	1

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

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# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

SIC	1.3			ge weekly es			L		ge hourly ear		
Code	indu stry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
	Nondurable GoodsContinued	•									
	}	1	1			1					
202	Dairy products	\$107.94	\$107.26	\$106.85	\$105.15	\$103.74	\$2.57	\$2.56	\$2.55	\$2,48	\$2.47
2024	Ice cream and frozen desserts	_	104.94	104.41	104,83	103,28		2,63	2,63	2.52	2,55
2026	Fluid milk	-	112.36	111.14	110,17	108,54	_	2.65	2.64	2.58	2.56
203	Canned and preserved food, except meats	-	83.55	81.30	79.17	75.17	-	2.17	2.09	2.03	2.01
2031,6	Canned, cured and frozen sea foods	-	56.00	57.96	52.49	51.10	-	1.83	1.72	1.63	1.53
2032,3	Canned food, except sea foods	-	91.37	89.91 78.00	88.13 78.88	83.10 75.58	-	2,29	2.22 1.95	2.16 1.91	2,21 1,88
2037 204	Frozen food, except sea foods	115,44	114.23	114.84	110.25	111.25	2,60	2.62	2.61	2.50	2.54
2041	Flour and other grain mill products	-	122.99	121,21	116.34	118,10	_	2.77	2.73	2,65	2.66
2042	Prepared feeds for animals and fowls.	_	98,12	96.79	94.26	94.76	-	2.21	2.18	2.09	2,12
205	Bakery products	104.75	102.40	101.35	100.35	99.05	2,58	2.56	2.54	2.49	2.47
2051	Bread, cake, and perishable products	-	103.97	102.40 97.42	102.72	101.25 92.19	-	2.58	2.56	2.53	2.50
2052	Biscuit, crackers, and pretzels	-	95.94 117.01	119.97	93,30 117,17		-	2.84	2,46	2,38 2,77	2.37 2.76
206 207	Sugar	86,46	85.14	86.18	83.28	80,98	2.24	2.20	2.16	2.13	2.12
2071	Candy and other confectionery products.	_	81.20	82,58	80.13	77.11		2.12	2.08	2.06	2.04
208	Beverages	116.64	116.93	114.97	114.95	112.72	2.88	2.88	2.86	2,79	2.79
2082	Malt liquors	-	152.18	149.85	147.78	144.80	-	3.73	3.70	3.64	3.62
2086	Bottled and canned soft drinks	102,06	87.13	85.47	86.05	81.77	2.43	2.12	2.10	2,02 2,33	1,98 2,32
209	Miscellaneous food and kindred products.	102,00	99.84	99.54	97.86	96.28		2.40	2.37	2,33	2.32
21	TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS	86,41	85,65	84.80	81,10	77.96	2,28	2,26	2.22	2.18	2.19
211	Cigaretres	_	103.72	102.80	96.72		_	2.68	2.67	2,60	2,58
212	Cigars	-	65.28	66.15	62.87	58.48	-	1.75	1.75	1.69	1.71
22	TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	81.64	79.90	81,22	76.54	75.03	1.93	1.93	1.92	1.84	1.83
221	Cotton broad woven fabrics	83.76	82.84	84.15	78,38	77.23	1,93	1.94	1,93	1.84	1.83
222	Silk and synthetic broad woven fabrics	87.32	85.14	86.68	82.78		1.98	1.98	1.97	1,89	1.87
223	Weaving and finishing broad woolens	89.76	87.26	87.23	83,42		2,04	2.02	2.01	1.94	1.92
224 225	Namow fabrics and smallwares	80.64	77.49 68.81	79.52	75.76 67.55		1.92	1.89	1.88	1.83 1.75	1.81 1.74
2251	Women's full and knee length hosiery	72,68	65.87	72.22	66.29		1.84	1.79	1.81	1.74	1.73
2252	All other hosiery	-	56.80	59.31	56.83		_	1.60	1,59	1.54	1.54
2253	Knit outerwear	_	73,63	73.89	72.57		1 -	1.99	1.96	1.88	1.87
2254	Knit underwear	-	66.56	67,60	63.53		_	1.72	1.72	1.65	1.65
226	Finishing textiles, except wool and knit.	90.92	92.19	91.94	84.77		2,09	2.10	2.08	1.99	1.97
227 228	Yarn and thread	76.50	79.95	81.60 76.79	76.63 72.25		1,80	1,95 1,80	1.92 1.79	1.86 1.70	1.85 1.69
229	Miscellaneous rextile goods	92.45	91.59	91.38	86.11		2.16	2.15	2.13	2.06	2.05
23	APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS	68.44	67.51	69.37	65.52	63.72	1.87	1.87	1.88	1,80	1,79
231	Men's and boys' suits and coats	85,47	83,92	85.25	81.37	78,28	2,22	2,22	2,22	2.13	2.11
232	Men's and boys' furnishings	57.93	57.67	59.09	57,68	56.61	1,57	1.58	1.58	1.53	1,53
2321	Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear	-	57.04	58.93	56.70		-	1.58	1.58	1.52	1.52
2327	Men's and boys' separate trousers	-	58.46	60.04	58.14		-	1.58	1.58 1.51	1.53	1.53 1.48
2328 233	Work clothing	71.40	56.24 70.99	56.17 73.28	56.92 66.84		2.04	1.52 2.04	2.07	1.49 1.96	1.96
2331	Women's blouses, waists, and shirts	-	62.63	62.81	58.31		_	1.81	1.81	1.72	1.71
2335	Women's, misses', and juniors' dresses	_	73.70	74.69	67.67	68,21		2.13	2.11	2.02	2.03
2337	Women's suits, skirts, and coats	_	77.45	83.49	76.16	r .	-	2,34	2.47	2,26	2,25
2339	Women's andmisses' outerwear, n.e.c		64,58	66.15	62.24			1.75	1.75	1.71	1.71
234	Women's and children's undergaments	63.30	61.39	63.07	59.50		1.72	1,71	1.70	1.63	1.63
2341 2342	Women's and children's underwear Corsets and allied gaments	_	58.03 67.70	60.64	56.83 64.58		-	1.63 1.86	1.63 1.85	1.57 1.75	1.57 1.75
235	Hats, caps, and millinery	l _	66.23	73,66	67.13		-	1.85	1.98	1.87	1.90
236	Girls' and children's outerwear	64.24	62.47	64.38	61.12		1.76	1.74	1.74	1.67	1.64
361	Children's dresses, blouses, and shirts.	_	60.37	62.26	60.09	57.45	_	1.72	1.72	1.66	1.67
237,8	Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel		71.34	71.57	70.25			1,96	1.95	1.93	1.90
239 2391,2	Miscellaneous fabricated textile products. Housefurnishings	74.69	73.71 62.87	73.92 65.40	73.54 60.72		1.95	1.95 1.69	1.93 1.69	1.92 1.65	1.89 1.64
			1				~			. 1	
26 261.26	PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	119.30	117.50	116.91	112.66		2,73	2.72	2.70	2.62	2.60
261,2,6 263	Paper and pulp	135.00 142.13	132.91 141.52	131.72 136.96	127.11 130.34		3.00 3.05	2.98 3.05	2.96 3.01	2.85 2.89	2,82 2,85
264	Converted paper and paperboard products .	103,99	101.92		97.88		2.47	2,45	2.44	2,37	2.36
2643	Bags, except textile bags		96.64	97.63	90.63		/	2,34	2,33	2.26	2.24
265	Paperboard containers and boxes	107,78	105.34		102.41		2,53	2.52	2,52	2.45	2.43
2651,2	Folding and setup paperboard boxes		92.63	95.17	91,58	87.74	_	2.31	2,31	2.25	2.21
2653	Corrugated and solid fiber boxes	_	114.48	114.84	110.59	105.47		2,65	2,64	2,59	2,56

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

SIC	Industry			age weekly l		Average overtime hours					
Code	inadatiy	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
	Nondurable GoodsContinued										
	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTSContinued										١.,
)2	Dairy products	42.0	41.9	41.9	42.4	42.0 40.5		3.4	3.4	3,9	3.5
124	Ice cream and frozen desserts	_	39.9 42.4	39.7 42.1	41.6 42.7	42.4		-	-	-	-
126 13	Fluid milk	-	38.5	38.9	39.0	37.4		2.9	2.8	3.0	2.
)31,6	Canned, cured and frozen sea foods .	_	30.6	33.7	32.2	33.4			-	_	
32,3	Canned food, except sea foods	_	39.9	40.5	40.8	37.6		_		_	_
37	Frozen food, except sea foods	_	41.4	40.0	41.3	40.2		_	{	_	_
)4	Grain mill products	44.4	43.6	44.0	44.1	43.8		5.4	5,6	5.8	5.
041	Flour and other grain mill products	-	44.4	44.4	43.9	44.4		_	- 1	-	-
142	Prepared feeds for animals and fowls	-	44.4	44.4	45.1	44.7					_
)5	Bakery products	40.6	40.0	39,9	40.3	40.1		3,3	3,1	3.3	3.
051	Bread, cake, and perishable products	-	40.3	40.0	40.6	40.5		-	-	-	-
052	Bisquit, crackers, and pretzels.	_	39.0	39.6	39.2 42.3	38.9 40.0		3.5	4.6	3.6	2.
06	Sugar	38.6	41.2 38.7	43.0 39.9	39.1	38.2		1.9	2.6	2.0	1.
07 07 l	Confectionery and related products	30.0	38.3	39.7	38.9	37.8					1 -•:
08	Beverages	40.5	40.6	40.2	41.2	40.4		3,6	3,1	3.7	3.
082	Malt liquors	_	40.8	40.5	40.6	40.0		_			_
086	Bottled and canned soft drinks	_	41.1	40.7	42.6	41.3		_		-	l _
09	Miscellaneous food and kindred products.	42.0	41.6	42.0	42.0	41.5		3.6	3.9	4.1	3.
1	TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS	37.9	37.9	38.2	37.2	35.6		1.1	1.0	.9	
11	Cigarettes	_	38.7	38.5	37.2	36.5		1.2	.9	.8	
12	Cigars	-	37.3	37.8	37.2	34.2		1.1	1,1	1,1	
2	TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	42,3	41.4	42.3	41.6	41.0		4.5	4.6	4.0	3,5
21	Cotton broad woven fabrics	43.4	42.7	43,6	42.6	42.2		5.3	5.5	4.8	4.
22	Silk and synthetic broad woven fabrics	44.1	43.0	44.0	43.8	43.1		5,5	5.7	5.4	4.
23	Weaving and finishing broad woolens	44.0	43.2	43.4	43.0	42.8		5.4	5.1	4.6	4.
24	Narrow fabrics and smallwares	42.0	41.0	42.3	41.4	40.7		3,6	4.4	3.6	2.
25	Knitting	39,5	37.6	39.0	38.6	37.7		2.4	2.5	2.3	1.
251	Women's full and knee length hosiery .	-	36.8	39.9	38.1	37.8		-	-	-	-
252	All other hosiery	-	35,5	37.3	36.9	35.9			-	~	
253 254	Knit outerwear	~	37.0	37.7	38.6	37.0 37.9		-	-	-	-
26	Finishing textiles, except wool and knit.	43.5	38.7 43.9	39.3 44.2	38.5 42.6	41.4		5.8	5.8	4.7	3.
27	Floor covering	43.7	41.0	42.5	41.2	41.7		4.2	4.4	4.0	4.
28	Yam and thread	42.5	42,4	42.9	42.5	42.1		5,2	5.2	4.4	4.
29	Miscellaneous textile goods	42.8	42.6	42.9	41.8	41.0		5.2	4.8	3.9	3.
23	APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS	36.6	36.1	36.9	36.4	35.6		1.4	1.6	1.3	1.
231	Men's and boys' suits and coats	38.5	37.8	38.4	38.2	37.1		1.5	1.6	1.5	1.
32	Men's and boys' furnishings	36.9	36.5	37.4	37.7	37.0	1	1.1	1.3	1.2	
321	Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear		36.1	37.3	37.3	37.0		_	_	~	-
327	Men's and boys' separate trousers	-	37.0	38.0	38.0	37.7		_	_ '	۱ ـ	_
328	Work clothing	-	37.0	37.2	38,2	36.9		_			-
33	Women's, misses', and juniors' outerwear .	35.0	34.8	35.4	34.1	33.6		1.5	1.8	1.3	1.
331	Women's blouses, waists, and shirts	-	34.6	34.7	33.9	33.5		-	-	-	-
335	Women's, misses', and juniors' dresses	-	34.6	35.4	33.5	33.6			-	-	-
337 339	Women's suits, skirts, and coats	-	33.1	33.8 37.8	33.7 36.4	30.9 36.2		-	- 1	-	_
34	Women's and misses' outerwear, n.e.c  Women's and children's undergaments	36.8	36.9 35.9	37.1	36.5	35.1	}	1.4	1.7	1,1	ī.
341	Women's and children's underwear	20.0	35.6	37.2	36.2	34.8		-,-	~		
342	Corsets and allied gamments	_	36.4	36.9	36.9	35.5		_		_	[
35	Hats, caps, and millinery	_	35.8	37.2	35.9	35.3		1.0	1.9	1.1	1.
36	Girls' and children's outerwear	36.5	35.9	37.0	36.6	35.0	_	1.4	1.5	1.3	
361	Children's dresses, blouses, and shirts.	-	35.1	36.2	36.2	34.4	-	~		_	-
37,8	Fur goods and miscellaneous apparel		36.4	36.7	36.4	35.4		1.1	1.3	1.1	
39 391,2	Miscellaneous fabricated textile products.  Housefurnishings	38.3	37.8 37.2	38.3 38.7	38.3 36.8	37.5 36.5	-	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.
									1		
6	PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	43.7	43.2	43.3	43.0	42.2	~	5.3	5.3	4.7	4.
61,2,6 63	Paper and pulp	45.0	44.6	44.5	44.6	43.8	-	6.3	6.2	5.8	5. 5.
64	Paperboard	46.6 42.1	46.4	45.5 41.8	45.1 41.3	43.9 41.1	-	8.3 3.7	7.5 3.9	6.5 3.1	3.
643	Bags, except textile bags	42.1	41.6 41.3	41.8	40.1	40.5	_	3.7	3.7	3.1	3,
65	Paperboard containers and boxes	42.6	41.8	42.5	41.8	40.6	_	4.3	4.8	4.1	3.
651,2	Folding and setup paperboard boxes	42.0	40.1	41.2	40.7	39.7			-	-	-
653	Corrugated and solid fiber boxes		43.2	43.5	42.7	41.2		_		_	

#### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

SIC			Avera	ge weekly e	roings			Aver	age hourly es	mings	
Code	Industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965
	Nondurable GoodsContinued										
				}							1
27	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED	\$122.22	\$120.12	\$121.06	\$117.04	\$115.67	\$3,15	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$3.04	\$3.02
271	Newspaper publishing and printing	124.87	122.38	119.60	120.15	116.71	3.44	3, 39	3.35	3.31	3.26
272	Periodical publishing and printing	_	124.74	126.00	122.30	121,27	7.77	3.15	3,15	3,12	3.07
273	Books	-	112.05	114.36	110.12	108.09	-	2,70	2.71	2.66	2.63
275	Commercial printing	125.85	124.03	125.77	119.87	118,78	3,17	3.14	3,16	3.05	3.03
2751	Commercial printing, except litho	-	119.81	121.52	115.71	115.41	-	3.08	3.10	2,99	2.99
2752 278	Commercial printing, lithographic  Bookbinding and related industries	94.92	130.73	132.84	127.66	125.33		3.22	3.24	3.16	3.11
274,6,7,9	Other publishing and printing industries .	122,50	93.65	94.95 125.05	92.28 119.12	90.09 119.27	2.44 3.19	2.42 3.18	2.41 3.19	2.36 3.07	2,34 3,09
28	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	124.49	124.66	122,64	120,69	120.84	2.95	2.94	2.92	2.86	2,85
281	Industrial chemicals	137.61	139.68	137.76	135.24	138.88	3.30	3.31	3.28	3.22	3, 26
2812	Alkalies and chlorine	-	135,62	133,40	131.84	137.85	-	3,26	3.23	3,20	3.29
2818 2819	Industrial organic chemicals, n.e.c	-	150.15	147.13	143.06	148.26	-	3.50	3.47	3.39	3.44
282	Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c  Plastics materials and synthetics	124.12	132.99 125.70	132.89	131.46	135,46	2,90	3.22 2.93	3.21 2.90	3.16 2.82	3.21 2.82
2821	Plastics materials and resins	124.12	136.03	134.51	131.40	132,46	2.70	3.05	3.05	3.00	2.99
2823,4	Synthetic fibers	_	114.68	109.75	109.88	111.45	-	2.75	2.69	2.61	2.61
283	Drugs	112.88	111.93	111.93	106.60	104.12	2.76	2.73	2.73	2.60	2.59
2834	Pharmaceutical preparations	-	106.00	106,53	101.15	99.54	- 1	2,65	2.65	2.51	2.52
284	Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods		116.18	116.20	110.70	108.80	2,88	2.82	2.80	2.74	2,72
2841 2844	Soap and detergents	-	143.30	140.19	132.19	130.09	- '	3.42	3,33	3.24	3.22
285	Toilet preparations	120.70	96.80 117.74	97.51 115.23	92.66	90,32	2,84	2.39	2.39 2.77	2.34 2.72	2,31 2,70
287	Agricultural chemicals	108,03	108,35	106,48	105.11	104.09	2.39	2,33	2.33	2.30	2.21
2871,2	Fertilizers, complete and mixing only .	-	105.06	102.58	102.34	101.07		2.24	2.23	2.22	2.11
286,9	Other chemical products	119.42	118,43	115.62	116.20	115.23	2,85	2.84	2.82	2,76	2,75
29	INDUSTRIES		146.12	141.62	137.80	139.07	3,41	3,43	3.38	3.25	3,28
291	Petroleum refining	151.98	154.64	149.58	143.72	147.05	3,61	3.63	3.57	3.43	3.46
295,9	Other petroleum and coal products RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS	118.96	116.14	111.87	116.33	108,94	2.76	2.72	2,67	2,62	2,60
30	PRODUCTS	111.41	110,51	110,46	107.59	104.45	2.64	2,65	2.63	2,58	2,56
301	Tires and inner tubes		163.16	159.56	148,43	145.86	(*)	3,65	3,61	3,46	3.44
302,3,6	Other rubber products		104.14	105.57	102.75	99.54	2,56	2.54	2.55	2.50	2.47
307 31	Miscellaneous plastics products		92.25	92.96	91.52	88.91	2,26	2.25	2.24	2.20	2.19
311	LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS		72.95	73.92 101.52	71.44 99.42	69.56 96.93	1.94	1.93 2.48	1.92 2.47	1.88 2.39	1.88
314	Footwear, except rubber		69.94	71.05	68.25	66.61	2.51 1.88	1.87	1.86	1.82	1.82
312,3,5-7,9	Other leather products	71.82	71.63	72.77	69.74	67.16	1.89	1.89	1.89	1.84	1.84
317	Handbags and personal leather goods		67.52	69.91	66,05	63.01	-2	1.82	1.83	1.79	1.79
_	TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES:										
4011	RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION:	}	(*)	(*)	129.43	129.93		(*)	(*)	3.01	2.98
4011	Class I railroads <sup>2</sup>		(-)	(-)	123.43	127.73		(-)	(-)	3.01	2.70
	LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENGER TRANSIT:		}		į						1
411	Local and suburban transportation	_	110.88	109.62	109.06	106.50		2.64	2.61	2,56	2,56
413	Intercity and rural bus lines	-	143.42	131.77	130.94	128.40		3.18	3.13	3.01	3.00
42	MOTOR FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION AND			100.00	100						
<b>4</b> 2 <b>4</b> 22	STORAGE		131.25 93.53	131.88	129.55	126,46 92,51	_	3.14 2.38	3.14 2.36	3.07	3.04
46	PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION	-	152.81	150,75	148.45	146.37	-	3.70	3,65	2.34 3.56	2.36 3.51
48	COMMUNICATION	_	115.89	116.47	113.08	112.12	_	2.89	2.89	2,82	2.81
481	Telephone communication	-	111,08	111,63	107.87	106.66	-	2.77	2.77	2.69	2,68
4817 4818	Switchboard operating employees 3	-	83.90	82.63	82.80	80.15	-	2.28	2.27	2.25	2.19
4818 482	Line construction employees <sup>4</sup> Telegraph communication <sup>5</sup>	-	153,32	156.05	149.63	150,30	-	3.43	3.46	3.37	3.37
483	Radio and television broadcasting		124.85 148,52	124,26 148,45	122.24 146.52	120,53 145,78	_	2.89 3.76	2.91 3.73	2.81 3.70	2,79 3,70
49	ELECTRIC, GAS, AND SANITARY SERVICES	_	133.99	Į		130,00	_	1	İ		
491	Electric companies and systems	_	135.88	133.25 136.29	131.14 133.22	132.07	_	3.26 3.29	3.25 3.30	3.16 3.21	3.14 3.19
492	Gas companies and systems	-	123.22	121.58	120.83	118.03	-	3.02	2.98	2.94	2.90
493	Combined utility systems	-	145.91	144.89	142,54	142.54	-	3.55	3.56	3,41	3.41
494-7	Water, steam, and sanitary systems	_	109.74				_ :	2,67	2.63	2,52	2.52

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, 1 by industry--Continued

SIC	1			age weekly t			Average overtime hours					
Code	Industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	
	Nondurable GoodsContinued									;		
	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED											
27	INDUSTRIES	38.8	38.5	38.8	38.5	38.3	-	3.3	3.5	3.1	2.8	
271	Newspaper publishing and printing	36.3	36.1	35.7	36.3	35.8	-	2.6	2.3	2.6	2,2	
272	Periodical publishing and printing	-	39.6	40.0	39.2	39.5	-	3.8	4.1	3.4	3.2	
273 275	Books	20.7	41.5 39.5	42.2 39.8	41.4 39.3	41.1 39.2	-	4.7 3.6	5.1 3.9	4.4 3.2	4.2 3.1	
2751	Commercial printing	39.7	38.9	39.2	38.7	38.6	_	-	-	J. Z	3.1	
2752	Commercial printing, lithographic		40.6	41.0	40.4	40.3	_	_		_		
278	Bookbinding and related industries	38.9	38.7	39.4	39.1	38.5	_ :	2,7	3.0	2.7	2.2	
274,6,7,9	Other publishing and printing industries.	38.4	38.4	39.2	38.8	38.6	-	2.8	3.6	2.8	2.8	
28 281	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	42.2	42.4	42.0	42.2	42.4	-	3.7	3.3	3.1	3,1	
281 2812	Industrial chemicals	41.7	42.2	42.0	42.0	42.6	-	3.4	3,2	2.7	2.9	
2818	Industrial organic chemicals, n.e.c.	-	41.6	41.3	41.2	41.9	-			_	-	
2819	Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c		42.9	42.4 41.4	42.2 41.6	43.1 42.2				_		
282	Plastics materials and synthetics	42.8	41.3 42.9	42.1	42.6	43.3	i -	3.5	3.0	2.7	3.1	
2821	Plastics materials and resins	42.0	44.6	44.1	43.8	44.3	l –	-	-			
2823,4	Synthetic fibers	-	41.7	40.8	42.1	42.7	l –	-	-	-	-	
283	Drugs	40.9	41.0	41.0	41.0	40.2	l -	3.0	2.9	2.5	2.0	
2834	Phamaceutical preparations		40.0	40.2	40.3	39.5	-					
284	Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods	41.5	41.2	41.5	40.4	40.0	-	2.9	3,0	2.1	1.6	
2841	Soap and detergents	_	41.9 40.5	42.1 40.8	40.8 39.6	40.4 39.1		-	-	-	-	
2844 285	Toilet preparations	42.5	41.9	41.6	42.3	41.2	<u> </u>	3,2	2.6	3.3	2.3	
287	Agricultural chemicals	45.2	46.5	45.7	45.7	47.1	] _	9.0	7.3	7.7	9.2	
2871,2	Fertilizers, complete and mixing only	-	46.9	46.0	46.1	47.9	_	_	_	-		
286,9	Other chemical products	41.9	41.7	41.0	42.1	41.9	_	3.1	2.8	3, 1	2.6	
	PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED					1	ì					
29	INDUSTRIES	42.3	42.6	41.9	42.4	42.4	-	3.4	2.6	3.0	2.7	
291	Petroleum refining	42.1	42.6	41.9	41.9	42.5	-	3.0	2.3	2.2	2.3	
295,9	Other petroleum and coal products RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS	43.1	42.7	41.9	44.4	41.9	-	4.8	3.9	5.9	4.3	
30	PRODUCTS	42.2	41.7	42.0	41.7	40.8	-	4.2	4.2	3.8	3.1	
301	Tires and inner tubes	(*)	44.7	44.2	42.9	42.4	-	6.6	5.8	4.7	4.7	
302,3,6 307	Other rubber products	41.8	41.0	41.4	41.1	40.3	_	3.4 3.8	3.5 4.1	3.1 3.9	2.4 3.1	
31	Miscellaneous plastics products LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	41.5 38.5	41.0 37.8	41.5 38.5	41.6 38.0	37.0		1.9	2.1	1.6	1.2	
311	Leather tanning and finishing	41.1	40.9	41.1	41.6	40.9	-	3,4	3.5	3.5	3.1	
314	Footwear, except rubber	38.4	37.4	38.2	37.5	36.6	l -	1.6	1.9	1,3	1.0	
312,3,5-7,9	Other leather products	38.0	37.9	38.5	37.9	36.5	-	2.0	2.2	1.7	1.2	
317	Handbags and personal leather goods	-	37.1	38.2	36.9	35,2	-	1,8	2.5	1.3	.9	
	TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES:											
4011	RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION: Class I railroads <sup>2</sup>		(*)	(*)	43.0	43.6						
	LOCAL AND INTERURBAN PASSENGER TRANSIT:											
411	Local and suburban transportation	_	42.0	42.0	42.6	41.6						
413	Intercity and rural bus lines	-	45.1	42.1	43.5	42.8			-	-	:	
	MOTOR FREIGHT TRANSPORTATION AND											
42	STORAGE	-	41.8	42.0	42.2	41.6	-	-	-	-	-	
422 46	Public watehousing	-	39.3	39.4	39.1	39.2	_	_	_	-	_	
	PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION	_	41.3	41.3	41.7	41.7						
48	COMMUNICATION	-	40.1	40.3	40.1	39,9	-	_		_		
481 4817	Telephone communication	_	40,1 36,8	40.3 36.4	40.1 36.8	39.8 36.6	_	_		_	l -	
4818	Line construction employees	-	44.7	45.1	44.4	44.6	_	_	-	-	,-	
482	Telegraph communication 5	_	43.2	42.7	43.5	43.2	-	-	-		-	
483	Radio and television broadcasting	-	39.5	39.8	39.6	39.4	-	-	-	-	-	
49	ELECTRIC, GAS, AND SANITARY SERVICES	-	41.1	41.0	41.5	41.4	-	-	-	~	-	
491	Electric companies and systems	-	41.3 40.8	41.3 40.8	41.5 41.1	41.4 40.7	-		-		-	
492 493	Gas companies and systems  Combined utility systems	_	41.1	40.7	41.8	41.8	1 :	-	-	_	l -	
777	- Commercial activity by stems	_	41.1	41.0	41.6	41.4				_		

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

SIC			Averag	e weekly ea	rnings		Average hourly earnings					
Code	Industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr 196	
-	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	\$78.23	\$77.86	\$77,49	\$76.33	\$75.58	\$2.12	\$2.11	\$2.10	\$2.03	\$2.0	
50	WHOLESALE TRADE	111.11	110.03	109.48	106.75	105.15	2.73	2,71	2,69	2.61	2.5	
501	Motor vehicles and automotive equipment	_	103.00	102.66	99.48	98.65	_ `	2.47	2.45	2.38	2.3	
502	Drugs, chemicals, and allied products	_	113.77	112.00	108.00	107.33	_	2.83	2.80	2.68	2.6	
503	Dry goods and apparel	_	105.75	105.08	103.19	102.65	_	2.82	2.78	2.73	2.7	
504	Groceries and related products	_	100.04	99.72	97.00	95.94	_	2.47	2.45	2.36	2.3	
506	Electrical goods	_	126.42	125.85	123.55	117.03	_	2.94	2.92	2.86	2.8	
507	Hardware, plumbing, and heating goods .	_	107.57	105.67	101.66	100.60	l -	2.63	2.59	2.51	2.4	
508	Machinery, equipment, and supplies	_	119.60	117.96	115.77	113.44	_	2.91	2.87	2.81	2.7	
509	Miscellaneous wholesalers		110.15	109.07	107.46	105.73	_	2.74	2.72	2,66	2.6	
52-59	RETAIL TRADE	67.83	67.47	67.47	66.43	66.06	1.90	1.89	1.89	1.82	1.8	
53	General merchandise stores	-	59.73	59.40	58.29	57.97		1.81	1.80	1.74	1.7	
531	Department stores	_	63.83	63.17	62.79	62.35	-	1.94	1.92	1.88	1.8	
	1	_	68.41	68.94	70.95	69.81	_	2.03	2.01	1.96	1.9	
532	Mail order houses	_	44.82	44.82	42.98	43.84	1	1.46	1.46	1.40	1.3	
533	Limited price variety stores	_		70.26	69.29		-					
54	Food stores	l	70.26			69.22	-	2.11	2.11	2.05	2.0	
541-3	Grocery, meat, and vegetable stores	-	71.05	71.26	70.85	70.59	- 1	2.14	2.14	2.09	2.0	
56	Apparel and accessories stores	-	58.18	56.90	56.27	56.95	-	1.79	1.74	1.70	1.6	
561	Men's and boys' apparel stores	-	69.65	68.56	70.23	69.52	-	1.99	1.97	1.94	1.9	
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	-	52.49	51.36	50.67	51.07	- 1	1.62	1.59	1.54	1.5	
565	Family clothing stores	-	57.38	57.40	55.61	55.28	-	1.76	1.75	1.67	1.6	
566	Shoe stores	-	59.36	55.67	54.60	57.06	-	1.94	1.79	1.79	1.8	
57	Furniture and appliance stores	-	88.03	88.09	86.76	86.58	-	2.24	2.23	2.18	2.1	
571	Furniture and home furnishings	-	87.07	87.30	85.57	84.77	-	2.21	2.21	2.15	2.1	
58	Eating and drinking places 6	-	46.31	46.31	45.41	44.83	-	1.37	1.37	1.29	1.2	
52,55,59	Other retail trade	-	84.61	84.00	83.03	82,42	-	2.11	2.10	2.03	2.0	
52	Building materials and hardware	-	90.49	88.81	89.04	86.74	-	2.17	2.14	2.10	2.0	
551,2	Motor vehicle dealers	-	107.68	106.64	106.68	106.04	-	2.51	2.48	2.43	2.4	
553.9	Other vehicle and accessory dealers	-	87.03	86.76	86.17	85.06	-	2.01	1.99	1.99	1.9	
591	Drug stores	- 1	61.72	61.02	60.19	60.18	-	1.81	1.80	1.71	1.7	
598	Fuel and ice dealers	i -	98.41	99.54	92.82	94.05	-	2.36	2.37	2.21	2,:	
	FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL	į		1	1		i	i	Ì		1	
	ESTATE7	92.63	92.50	91.76	88.54	88.16	2.49	2,48	2.46	2.38	2.3	
60	Banking	1	81.99	81.84	78.86	79.24		2.21	2.20	2.12	2.1	
61	Credit agencies other than banks	_	86.03	85.50	83.92	83.54	-	2.27	2.25	2.22	2.2	
612	Savings and loan associations	1 _	86.54	85.56	84.52	84.52		2.32	2.30	2.26	2.2	
62	Security dealers and exchanges	_	146.29	145.16	127.13	127.72	_	3.87	3.82	3.39	3.3	
63	Insurance carriers	_	98.74	98.47	94.86	94.49	l -	2.64	2.64	2.55	2.5	
631	Life insurance	1	96.99	97.72	94.28	94.28	! -	2,65	2.67	2.59	2.	
632	Accident and health insurance	_	88.06	87.22	84.41	83.95	_	2.38	2.37	2.30	2.	
	Fire, marine, and casualty insurance.		101.84	100.70	97.92	96.77		2.68	2.65	2.57	2.5	
633	SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS:	_	102.04	100.70	,,,,,,	]		2.00	2.03	1 2.37		
	Hotels and lodging places:	1	52.45	51.99	51.65	49.90	ł .	1 , ,,	1 20	1 27		
701	Hotels, tourist courts, and motels 6	1	32.45	31.99	31.03	49.90	ł	1.41	1.39	1.37	1.3	
	Personal Services:	}		50.00	60.16	50.1-	l		١	١	١	
721	Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants.	ł	60.04	59.82	60.19	59.10	l	1.58	1.57	1.52	1.5	
	Motion pictures:	}			1		}		۱		١	
781	Motion picture filming and distributing	-	152.00	150.00	146.20	138.57		3.80	3.75	3.72	3.5	

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-2: Gross hours and earnings of production workers, by industry--Continued

SIC	[		Ave	rage weekly	hours		Average overtime hours					
Code	Industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr 196	
	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	36.9	36.9	36.9	37.6	37.6						
50	WHOLESALE TRADE	40.7	40.6	40.7	40.9	40.6	_		_	_		
501	Motor vehicles and automotive equipment	_	41.7	41.9	41.8	41.8	_	! -	-	-	!	
502	Drugs, chemicals, and allied products	_	40.2	40.0	40.3	40.2	-	-	_	-		
503	Dry goods and apparel	_	37.5	37.8	37.8	37.6		_	-	_	i	
504	Groceries and related products	_	40.5	40.7	41.1	41.0	_	_	_	-		
506	Electrical goods	_	43.0	43.1	43.2	41.5	_	_	-	-		
507	Hardware, plumbing, and heating goods .		40.9	40.8	40.5	40.4	-	_	_	-		
508	Machinery, equipment, and supplies	_	41.1	41.1	41.2	41.1	-	-	-	-	1	
509	Miscellaneous wholesalers		40.2	40.1	40.4	40.2	1 -	_	-	-	ĺ	
52-59	RETAIL TRADE	35.7	35.7	35.7	36.5	36.7	1 -	-	_	-	ļ	
53	General merchandise stores	_	33.0	33.0	33.5	33.9	1 -	-	-	-	}	
531	Department stores	_	32.9	32.9	33.4	33.7	1 -	_	-	<b>!</b>	l	
532	Mail order houses	_	33.7	34.3	36.2	35.8	1 -	-	l -	-	1	
533	Limited price variety stores	***	30.7	30.7	30.7	32.0	l -	_	l -	-	1	
54	Food stores		33.3	33.3	33.8	34.1	1 -	-	_	-		
541-3	Grocery meat, and vegetable stores	_	33.2	33.3	33.9	34.1	-	1 -	-	- 1	l	
56	Apparel and accessories stores	_	32.5	32.7	33.1	33.7	1 -	-	_			
561	Men's and boys' apparel stores	_	35.0	34.8	36.2	36.4	-	-	~	_	1	
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	_	32.4	32.3	32.9	33.6	1 -	_	_	-		
565	Family clothing stores	_	32.6	32.8	33.3	33.5	1 -		1 -	1 -	ł	
566	Shoe stores	_	30.6	31.1	30.5	31.7	l -	l -	-	1 -		
57	Furniture and appliance stores	_	39.3	39.5	39.8	39.9	1 -	-		-	ì	
571	Furniture and home furnishings	-	39.4	39.5	39.8	39.8	1 -	-	j -	-		
58	Eating and drinking places 6	_	33.8	33.8	35.2	35.3	<b>!</b> -	-	-	-	}	
52,55,59	Other retail trade	_	40.1	40.0	40.9	40.8	-			_	1	
52	Building materials and hardware	-	41.7	41.5	42.4	41.7	1 -		1	-	(	
551,2	Motor vehicle dealers		42.9	43.0	43.9	44.0	1 -		1 .	_	1	
553.9	Other vehicle and accessory dealers	_	43.3	43.6	43.3	43.4	1 -			-	l	
591	Drug stores	,	34.1	33.9	35.2	35.4	1 .	1		-	i	
598	Fuel and ice dealers	_	41.7	42.0	42.0	41.8	1			-	1	
,,,,	FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL		1	1			1	1		1	1	
	ESTATE7	37.2	37.3	37.3	37.2	37.2	1 .			-		
60	Banking	_	37.1	37.2	37.2	37.2	1 .	i		-	1	
61	Credit agencies other than banks	_	37.9	38.0	37.8	37.8	1 .			-		
612	Savings and loan associations		37.3	37.2	37.4	37.4	1 .	1	1 .	-	1	
62	Security dealers and exchanges		37.8	38.0	37.5	37.9	1 .	1		_	1	
63	Insurance carriers		37.4	37.3	37.2	37.2	1 .	1		-	1	
631	Life insurance		36.6	36.6	36.4	36.4	1 -	1		-		
632	Accident and health insurance		37.0	36.8	36.7	36.5			1 .	_	ł	
633	Fire, marine, and casualty insurance		38.0	38.0	38.1	38.1	1.	1		-	1	
0,,,	SERVICES AND MISCELLANEOUS: Hotels and lodging places:							}		}		
701	Hotels, tourist courts, and motels 6		37.2	37.4	37.7	37.8				1		
· ·	Personal Services:					1	i	1	I		1	
721	Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants.  Motion pictures:		38.0	38.1	39.6	39.4						
781	Motion pictures:  Motion picture filming and distributing.	_	40.0	40.0	39.3	38.6	1 ~	I _	1 _	1 _	1.	

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

<sup>1</sup> For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for all other industries, to nonsupervisory workers.

2 Beginning January 1965, data relate to railroads with operating revenues of \$5,000,000 or more.

3 Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as switchboard operators; service assistants; operating room instructors; and pay-station attendants. In 1964, such employees made up 31 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours and earnings data.

4 Data relate to employees in such occupations in the telephone industry as central office craftsmen; installation and exchange repair craftsmen; line, cable, and conduit craftsmen; and laborers. In 1964, such employees made up 31 percent of the total number of nonsupervisory employees in establishments reporting hours and earnings data.

Conduit Cratisment, and tabotes. In 1904, seek employees except messengers.

5 Data relate to nonsupervisory employees except messengers.
6 Money payments only; tips, not included.
7 Data for nonoffice salesmen excluded from all series in this division.

\*Not available.

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-3: Average hourly earnings excluding overtime of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by industry

	Average hourly earnings excluding overtime?										
Major industry group	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965						
MANUFACTURING	\$2.58	\$2.58	\$2.56	\$2.56	\$2.50						
DURABLE GOODS	2.74	2.74	2.72	2.72	2.67						
Ordnance and accessories	-	3.02	3.03	3.03	3.01						
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	-	2.13	2.08	2.08	2.04						
Furniture and fixtures	-	2.08	2.07	2.07	2.02						
Stone, clay, and glass products	-	2.57	2.55	2.55	2.48						
Primary metal industries	•	3.13	3.11	3,11	3.05						
Fabricated metal products	_	2.71	2.70	2.70	2.63						
Machinery	-	2.88	2.87	2.87	2.78						
Electrical equipment and supplies	-	2.53	2.51	2.51	2.49						
Transportation equipment	_	3.11	3.11	3.11	3.03						
Instruments and related products	_	2.58	2.56	2.56	2.52						
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	-	2.13	2.12	2.12	2.06						
NONDURABLE GOODS	2.33	2.33	2.31	2.31	2.26						
Food and kindred products	-	2.42	2.40	2.40	2.35						
Tobacco manufactures	-	2.23	2.19	2.19	2.17						
Textile mill products	-	1.83	1.82	1.82	1.75						
Apparel and related products	-	1.83	1.84	1.84	1.77						
Paper and allied products	-	2.56	2.55	2.55	2.48						
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)						
Chemicals and allied products	`-	2.82	2.81	2.81	2.75						
Petroleum refining and related industries	-	3.30	3.27	3,27	3.18						
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	-	2.52	2.51	2.51	2.46						
Leather and leather products	-	1.89	1.87	1.87	1.85						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

Table C-4: Gross and spendable average weekly earnings in selected industries, in current and 1957-59 dollars<sup>1</sup>

					Spend	lable averag	e weekly ca	mings	
F-1	Gross av	erage weekl	y earnings	Worker	with no depo	ndents	Vorker	with three de	pendents
Industry	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.
	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965
MINING: Current dollars	\$122.60	\$127.37	\$120.51	\$93.37	\$103.01	\$99.49	\$107.69	\$111.55	\$107.72
	108.98	113.72	110.26	83.00	91.97	91.02	95.72	99.60	98.55
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION: Current dollars	140.60 124.98	142.88 127.57	132.49 121.22	113.62	115.40 103.04	109.10 99.82	122.69 109.06	124.58 111.23	117.87
MANUFACTURING: Current dollars	111.24	110.95	105.82	90.73	90.51	87.71	98.57	98.34	95.34
	98.88	99.06	96.82	80.65	80.81	80.25	87.62	87.80	87.23
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE: Current dollars	77.86	77.49	75.58	64.82	64.52	63.46	71.76	71.46	70.34
	69.21	69.19	69.15	57.62	57.61	58.06	63.79	63.80	64.35
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE: Current dollars	92.50	91.76	88.16	76.34	75.76	73.43	83.59	82.99	80.59
	82.22	81.93	80.66	67.86	67.64	67.18	74.30	<b>7</b> 4.10	73.73

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; for wholesale and retail trade, to nonsupervisory workers.

NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Not available as average overtime rates are significantly above time and one-half. Inclusion of data for the group in the nondurable goods total has little effect.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-5: Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours and payrolls in industrial and construction activities 1

1957-99=100											
Industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	May 1965	Apr. 1965						
<b>-</b>			Man-hours								
TOTAL	114.6	112.0	111.3	108.4	104.5						
MINING	83.5	74.4	81.0	83.5	80.6						
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	115.0	108.8	103.5	114.6	100.1						
MANUFACTURING	116.1	114.5	114.2	108.5	106.5						
DURABLE GOODS	123.3	121.9	120.6	113.3	111.4						
Ordnance and accessories	148.3	144.1	141.5	114.4	112.2						
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	101.7	97.8	95.6	98.1	94.0						
Furniture and fixtures	124.1	122.0	123.7	115.1	115.2						
Stone, clay, and glass products	111.3	109.9	106.6	107.7	104.1						
Primary metal industries	115.6	115.3	113.1	114.3	118.9						
Fabricated metal products	125.3	123.3	122.3	115.8	112.4						
Machinery	134.7	133.0	132.9	121.7	119.0						
Electrical equipment and supplies	143.8	142.4	140.4	122.8	119.5						
Transportation equipment,	117.2	117.6	116.5	107.7	104.4						
Instruments and related products	125.4	122.4	123.0	108.1	105.8						
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	114.5	111.9	111.3	106.6	104.2						
NONDURABLE GOODS	106.6	104.9	105.8	102.2	100.2						
Food and kindred products	87.6	86.0	86.2	87.7	84.6						
Tobacco manufactures	69.8	72.5	74.6	71.3	68.9						
Textile mill products	105.9	103.2	105.0	100.3	98.7						
Apparel and related products	118.7	115.9	120.4	113.2	110.5						
Paper and allied products	114.3	112.5	112.1	107.5	105.5						
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	114.4	113.9	113.7	108.6	108.0						
Chemicals and allied products	115.0	115.2	112.5	110.4	111.4						
Petroleum refining and related industries	76.8	76.4	74.2	76.1	76.2						
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	143.3	140.8	140.4	130.1	127.3						
Leather and leather products	99.7	97•2	100.4	94.8	91.3						
			Payrolis								
MINING	101.9	87.8	97.1	97•5	93•5						
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	155.3	146.5	139.0	148.2	128.0						
MANUFACTURING	148.3	146.1	144.7	133.8	130.9						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, data relate to construction workers.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED HOURS

Table C-6: Average weekly hours of production workers on payrolls of selected industries <sup>1</sup> seasonally adjusted

Industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Jan. 1966	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	<b>May</b> 1965
MINING	42.4	42.0	43.2	42.7	42.5	43.0	41.9	42.2	42.2	42.7	42.6	41.9	42.3
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	36.2	37-3	38.5	38.2	37.8	39.2	37.1	37.0	36.2	37-3	37.4	37.1	37-5
MANUFACTURING	41.4 4.1	41.5 4.1	41.5 4.1	41.6 4.2	41.5 4.0	41.4 3.8	41.4 3.8	41.2 3.8	40.9 3.5	41.0 3.4	41.0 3.4	41.0 3.5	41.1 3.6
Overtime hours	42.2 4.4	42.4 4.5	42.3 4.5	42.4 4.6	42.4 4.4	42.2 4.1	42.2 4.1	42.0 4.1	41.6 3.7	41.7 3.7	41.7 3.8	41.8 3.8	42.0 3.9
Ordnance and accessories	42.2	42.3	41.9	42.3	42.4	42.4	4 <b>2.</b> 2	42.3	41.9	42.1	42.7	41.8	41.7
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	41.4	41.2	41.1	41.1	41.5	41.8	41.3	41.1	40.5	40.7	40.5	39.9	41.0
Furniture and fixtures	42.1	41.6	42.0	41.7	41.7	41.8	41.7	41.5	40.9	41.3	41.3	41.4	41.6
Stone, clay, and glass products	41.8	42.0	42.7	42.4	42.7	43.0	42.2	41.8	41.9	41.8	41.7	41.6	41.9
Primary metal industries	42.0	41.9	41.9	42.0	41.9	41.2	41.1	41.4	41.8	42.1	42.4	42.1	42.1
Fabricated metal products	42.4	42.4	42.5	42.6	42.6	42.3	42.4	42.3	41.6	41.7	41.8	42.0	42.1
Machinery	43.8	43.7	43.9	44.0	43.9	43.9	43.7	43.5	43.0	42.7	42.9	43.0	43.0
Electrical equipment and supplies	41.2	41.4	41.4	41.6	41.5	41.5	41.3	41.0	40.5	40.8	40.6	41.0	41.1
Transportation equipment,	42.5	43.4	42.9	43.4	43.5	42.9	43.4	43.0	41.8	42.2	42.3	42.9	43.0
Instruments and related products	42.6	42.2	42.5	42.5	42.2	41.7	41.7	41.7	41.5	41.3	41.3	41.4	41.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	40.1	40.0	40.3	40.3	40.0	40.2	40.2	40.0	39.8	40.0	39.7	39.6	39.8
NONDURABLE GOODS	40.3 3.4	40.3 3.6	40.4 3.5	40.6 3.5	40.2 3.4	40.2 3.4	40.3 3.3	40.1 3.2	40.1 3.2	40.0 3.0	40.0 3.0	39.9 3.0	40.0 3.1
Food and kindred products	40.9	41.1	41.1	41.6	41.2	41.2	41.1	41.0	40.7	41.1	41.4	41.0	41.0
Tobacco manufactures	38.1	39.0	39-3	41.4	39.1	37.7	38.0	37.7	37-8	37-4	38.1	37.2	37-3
Textile mill products	42.2	41.9	42.4	42.5	42.4	42.0	41.9	41.8	41.7	41.8	41.4	41.4	41.5
Apparel and related products	36.6	36.5	36.5	36.6	36.3	36.5	36.5	36.4	36.0	36.2	36.3	36.5	36.4
Paper and allied products	43.8	43.7	43.5	43.5	43.2	43.6	43.6	43.4	43.0	42.9	42.9	43.0	43.1
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	38.8	38.7	38.7	38.7	38.5	38.7	38.6	38.4	38.6	38.6	38.6	38.5	38.5
Chemicals and allied products	42.0	42.2	42.1	42.2	42.0	42.0	42.0	41.9	42.2	41.8	41.6	41.7	42.0
Petroleum refining and related industries	42.1	42.6	42.5	42.8	42.0	42.0	42.4	42.5	42.7	42.7	42.1	41.9	42.2
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	42.2	42.0	42.2	42.3	42.4	42.3	42.5	42.3	41.6	41.9	41.8	41.8	41.7
Leather and leather products	38.9	39.1	38.5	38.9	38.2	38.4	38.6	38.6	38.4	37.9	37.9	37.8	38.4
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	37.1	37.1	37.2	37-3	37-4	37.5	37-4	37.5	37•5	37.8	37.8	37.7	37.8
WHOLESALE TRADE	40.7	40.7	40.9	41.0	41.0	40.9	40.8	40.9	40.8	41.0	40.7	40.8	40.9
RETAIL TRADE	36.0	35-9	36.0	36.1	36.2	36.4	36.3	36.4	36.5	36.7	36.8	36.6	36.8
	L	L	L		L	L	<b></b>	L	L			L	L

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, to construction workers; and for wholesale and retail trade, to non-supervisory workers.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Table C-7: Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours in industrial and construction activities seasonally adjusted

1957-59=100

		,	19	57-59=100	)	,							
Industry	May 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Jan. 1966	Dec. 1965	Nov. 1965	0et. 1965	Sept. 1965	Aug. 1965	July 1965	June 1965	May 1965
TOTAL	114.2	114.7	116.0	115.1	113.8	113.8	111.3	109.6	108.1	108.8	108.5	108.2	108.0
MINING	82.5	75.7	84.9	83.4	83.7	84.0	81.5	81.8	80.4	83.1	84.4	81.5	82.5
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	170.9	116.8	124.5	119.9	119.1	123.7	112.1	109.3	106.5	109.9	108.8	109.8	110.7
MANUFACTURING	116.4	116.3	116.0	115.9	114.4	113.5	112.7	111.1	109.8	110.0	109.7	109.2	108.9
DURABLE GOODS	122.6	122.6	122.2	121.7	120.3	118.6	117.3	115.6	114.1	114.3	113.8	113.2	112.7
Ordnance and accessories	149.6	146.4	142.7	140.4	134.8	127.7	128.2	127.3	123.8	123.2	122.5	117.6	116.2
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	100.5	101.1	102.3	101.4	102.9	102.0	99.1	97.2	95.2	96.2	95.4	93.8	96.8
Furniture and fixtures	128.7	125.2	126.7	125.1	124.1	123.7	121.4	119.5	117.5	117.6	118.6	118.6	119.1
Stone, clay, and glass products	108.8	111.1	113.1	9.ىتت	113.6	112.6	108.2	106.9	107.2	105.8	105.6	104.3	105.2
Primary metal industries	113.3	112.6	112.0	111.7	110.9	108.0	107.4	109.7	113.1	115.1	115.7	113.9	112.0
Fabricated metal products	124.8	125.0	125.2	125.0	123.6	121.3	120.8	118.3	115.8	115.4	116.4	115.8	115.4
Machinery	132.4	131.0	130.9	131.0	129.7	128.8	128.0	125.6	123.6	121.7	122.3	120.9	119.8
Electrical equipment and supplies	145.8	145.3	142.3	142.0	138.9	136.7	133.2	130.3	126.7	126.4	125.5	125.9	124.6
Transportation equipment,	115.5	117.8	116.4	116.1	113.5	111.4	112.0	109.3	106.6	108.7	105.4	106.8	106.2
Instruments and related products	126.5	123.9	124.4	123.4	120.7	117.0	116.1	115.2	114.2	112.2	113.2	111.2	109.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	116.3	115.6	116.2	115.2	112.7	117.9	115.9	114.0	111.2	111.7	108.3	107.4	107.9
MONDURABLE GOODS	108.4	108.1	107.9	108.3	106.7	106.8	106.7	105.2	104.1	104.2	104.5	104.2	103.9
Food and kindred products	92.6	93.6	94.5	95.6	94.2	94.3	95.5	92.9	91.0	92.4	93.5	92.1	92.6
Tobacco manufactures	8 <b>2.</b> 5	85.6	86.3	88.4	84.6	82.7	79.9	80.5	78.4	77.5	87.1	85.1	84.1
Textile mill products	105.6	104.7	105.7	105.7	105.2	103.8	103.2	102.2	101.6	101.6	100.5	100.0	100.1
Apparel and related products	120.2	118.5	117.6	118.0	114.5	117.3	116.4	115.7	113.8	113.4	113.9	116.9	114.4
Paper and allied products	115.3	114.9	113.9	113.7	112.4	112.8	111.9	110.7	109.5	108.8	109.5	108.4	108.4
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	114.8	114.5	113.8	113.6	112.7	111.9	111.8	110.3	110.2	110.3	110.3	109.0	108.8
Chemicals and allied products	113.3	113.0	112.7	112.6	111.5	110.9	110.7	109.8	111.0	110.3	109,8	108.9	108.8
Petroleum refining and related industries	76.5	77.4	76.5	77.8	76.3	76.3	77.0	77.2	<b>78.</b> 3	77.6	77.2	76.1	75.3
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	144.0	143.3	142.1	141.0	141.7	140.6	139.0	135.8	132.4	133.8	132.7	132.0	130.9
Leather and leather products	102.8	103.3	100.5	101.5	99.1	98.7	99•2	98.2	97.4	96.1	95•5	95.6	98.0

For mining and manufacturing, data refer to production and related workers; for contract construction, data relate to construction workers.

NOTE: Data for the 2 most recent months are preliminary.

#### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas

	Averag	e weekly ea	rnings	Avera	ge weekly	hours	Average	hourly e	arnings ·
State and area	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965
ALABAMA	\$96.14	\$95.04	\$94.95	41.8	41.5	42,2	\$2.30	\$2,29	\$2.25
Birmingham	123.84	118.24	125.97	43.0	41.2	44.2	2.88	2.87	2.85
Mobile	111,99	110.77	106.50	42.1	41.8	41.6	2.66	2,65	2,56
ALASKA	(1)	148.16	153.60	(1)	37.7	40.0	(1)	3.93	3.84
ARIZONA	116.18	115.77	110.56	41.2	41.2	40.5	2,82	2,81	2,73
Phoenix	115.78	116.33	112.61	41.5	41.4	40.8	2.79	2.81	2.76
Tucson	125.83	126,14	110.02	40.2	40.3	38.2	3,13	3.13	2.88
ARKANSAS	78.44	77.79	73.30	41.5	41.6	40.5	1.89	1.87	1.81
Fort Smith	75.58 75.41	75.76 75.17	70.74 72.54	40.2 39.9	40.3 40.2	39.3 40.3	1.88 1.89	1.88 1.87	1.80 1.80
Pine Bluff	98.50	92.32	89.04	43.2	41.4	42.2	2.28	2.23	2.11
CALIFORNIA	127,61	127.70	119.89	40.9	40.8	39.7	3.12	3.13	3.02
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove	126.90	128.24	119.60	41.2	41.5	40.0	3.08	3.09	2.99
Bakersfield	131.41	132.60 106.47	129.03 94.28	39.7 39.1	39.7	39.7	3.31	3.34	3.25
Los Angeles-Long Beach	125.66	125.77	118.00	41.2	39.0 41.1	36.4 40.0	2.76 3.05	2.73 3.06	2.59 2.95
Oxnard-Ventura	112.03	114.84	102.00	38.9	39.6	37.5	2.88	2.90	2.72
Sacramento	132.83 127.10	133.82 124.64	126.94 122.21	39.3 41.4	38.9 41.0	38.7	3.38	3.44	3.28
San Diego	135.20	139.78	128,96	40.6	41.6	40.6 40.3	3.07 3.33	3.04 3.36	3.01 3.20
San Francisco-Oakland	135.26	134.19	127.92	39.9	39.7	39.0	3.39	3.38	3.28
San Jose	130.15	132.34 118.95	123.64 121.57	40.8 39.3	41.1 39.0	39.5 39.6	3.19	3.22	3.13
Santa Rosa	113.94	110.94	107.20	39.7	39.2	38.7	3.02 2.87	3.05 2.83	3.07 2.77
Stockton	121.66	125.51	115.36	39.5	40.1	38.2	3.08	3.13	3.02
•	130,61	126.16	108.09	39.7	38.7	37.4	3.29	3.26	2.89
Denver	119.11 120.60	118.24 120.47	119.13 116.69	41.5 41.3	41.2 41.4	41.8 40.8	2.87 2.92	2.87 2.91	2.85 2.86
CONNECTICUT	120.25	120.81	107.30	43.1	43.3	40.8	2.79	2.79	2.63
Bridgeport	125.71	126.43	113.16	43.8	43.9	41.3	2.87	2.88	2.74
Hartford	130.24 124.26	129.80	110.56 112.61	44.3 43.6	44.3	40.5 41.4	2.94 2.85	2.93 2.83	2.73 2.72
New Haven	118.16	117.32	102.17	42.2	41.9	39.6	2.80	2.80	2.58
Stamford	119.43	120.28	110.70 110.24	42.2 42.9	42.5	41.0 41.6	2.83 2.73	2.83 2.74	2.70 2.65
*accipuly	117.12	110.57	110.24	12.7	10.2	12.0	1		
DELAWARE	117.14 129.48	114.09 127.72	113.85 124.50	41.1 41.5	40.6 41.2	41.4 41.5	2.85 3.12	2.81 3.10	2.75 3.00
Wilmington	>		- 1000	1					
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:  Washington SMSA	117.85	119.14	110.09	40.5	40.8	39.6	2.91	2.92	2.78
FLORIDA	93.88	93.29	92.02	42.1	42.6	42.6	2.23	2.19	2.16
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood	87.72 93.44	88.81 95.11	(1) 92,34	40.8 41.9	41.5 41.9	(1) 40.5	2.15 2.23	2.14 2.27	(1) 2.28
Jacksonville	86.90	88.40	85.27	40.8	41.7	40.8	2.13	2.12	2.09
Orlando	99.01	95.26	(1)	44.6	43.9	(1)	2.22	2.17	(1) 2.49
Pensacola Tampa-St. Petersburg	106.75 99.17	107.38 97.52	106.57 98.67	40.9 42.2	41.3	42.8 42.9	2.61 2.35	2.60 2.30	2.30
West Palm Beach	104.15	121.83	(1)	44.7	46.5	(1)	2.33	2.62	(1)
GEORGIA	85.28	84.26	80.18	41.2	41.1	40.7	2.07	2.05	1.97
Atlanta	106.08	103.97	101.50	40.8	40.3	40.6	2.60	2.58	2.50
Savannah	108.20	103.91	99,55	42,6	41.9	40.8	2.54	2.48	2.44
HAWAII	94,57	94.22	84.58	38.6	38.3	36.3	2.45	2.46	2.33
IDAHO	109.39	102.84	100.75	42.4	41.3	38.9	2.58	2.49	2.59
ILLINOIS	120.71	121.54	115.65	41.3	41.8	41.1	2.92	2.91	2.81
Chicago		123.57	116.87	41.6	42.0	41.1	2.97	2.95	2.84
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline	139.08	142.28	125.50	42.1	42.9	40.8	3.30	3.32	3.08

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

# ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas--Continued

	Avera				e weekly		Averag		
State and area	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.
	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965
ILLINOIS- (continued) Peoria Rockford	\$131.85	\$129.89	\$128.55	41.6	41.0	41.5	\$3.17	\$3.17	\$3.10
	123.85	126.44	117.55	43.3	44.3	43.3	2.86	2.86	2.71
INDIANA Indianapolis.	124.98	124.15	118.24	41.8	41.8	40.4	2.99	2.97	2.93
	(1)	126.48	116.56	(1)	42.3	41.0	(1)	2.99	2.84
IOWA Cedar Rapids. Des Moines	119.28	119.44	111.43	41.3	41.5	40.4	2.89	2.88	2.76
	118.81	124.44	114.99	42.3	44.0	41.2	2.81	2.82	2.79
	132.06	132.14	116.59	40.8	40.9	38.7	3.24	3.23	3.01
KANSAS Topeka. Wichipa.	117.00	116.92	111.02	42.7	42.7	41.6	2.74	2.74	2.67
	133.24	122.82	120.74	45.3	42.9	43.0	2.94	2.86	2.81
	121.56	125.73	113.56	42.1	43.0	40.5	2.89	2.92	2.80
KENTUCKY	102.11	101.43	102.11	40.2	40.9	40.2	2.54	2.48	2.54
	124.44	.120.16	115.23	41.8	41.5	40.1	2.98	2.90	2.87
LOUISIANA Baton Rouge New Orleans Shreveport	(1)	110.83	105.59	(1)	42.3	41.9	(1)	2.62	2.52
	139.44	136.54	133.02	41.5	41.5	41.7	3.36	3.29	3.19
	119.28	117.32	105.20	42.0	41.9	40.0	2.84	2.80	2.63
	(1)	101.33	97.39	(1)	41.7	41.8	(1)	2.43	2.33
MAINE	86.09	87.78	83.23	40.8	41.8	40.6	2.11	2.10	2.05
	73.71	75.03	65.16	39.0	39.7	35.8	1.89	1.89	1.82
	90.50	90.98	90.86	40.4	40.8	41.3	2.24	2.23	2.20
MARYLAND Baltimore	112.06	111.10	110.39	41.2	41.3	41.5	2.72	2.69	2.66
	117.71	117.16	118.30	41.3	41.4	42.1	2.85	2.83	2.81
MASSACHUSETTS Boston Brockton Fall River Lawrence-Haverhill Lowell New Bedford Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke Worcester	103.79	103.32	97.44	40.7	41.0	40.1	2.55	2.52	2.43
	110.70	109.35	104.28	40.4	40.5	39.8	2.74	2.70	2.62
	89.33	89.87	84.96	39.7	40.3	39.7	2.25	2.23	2.14
	74.30	74.74	68.32	36.6	37.0	35.4	2.03	2.02	1.93
	94.49	95.99	89.38	39.7	40.5	39.2	2.38	2.37	2.28
	88.48	88.75	85.06	39.5	39.8	39.2	2.24	2.23	2.17
	82.50	84.59	77.37	39.1	39.9	38.3	2.11	2.12	2.02
	107.79	107.74	101.00	41.3	41.6	40.4	2.61	2.59	2.50
	111.93	114.36	107.79	41.0	42.2	41.3	2.73	2.71	2.61
MICHIGAN Ann Arbor Detroit Flint Grand Rapids Kalama zoo Lansing Muskegon-Muskegon Heights Saginaw	145.14	143.81	142.19	43.6	43.5	44.2	3.33	3.31	3.22
	138.69	138.26	134.33	41.3	42.0	41.6	3.36	3.29	3.23
	155.27	154.13	146.70	44.3	44.2	43.7	3.51	3.49	3.36
	159.71	152.58	172.37	43.9	42.8	48.0	3.64	3.57	3.59
	121.08	118.52	117.65	42.1	41.5	41.5	2.88	2.86	2.84
	131.36	132.45	117.33	44.2	44.4	42.1	2.97	2.98	2.79
	140.87	143.18	157.77	42.1	42.6	46.5	3.35	3.36	3.39
	130.42	130.04	123.84	42.4	42.4	41.5	3.08	3.07	2.98
	144.88	152.56	151.74	43.3	44.7	45.8	3.35	3.41	3.31
MINNESOTA Duluth-Superior Minneapolis-St. Paul	116.61	116.01	110.59	41.5	41.6	40.7	2.81	2.79	2.72
	112.47	110.03	114.79	39.1	38.5	41.4	2.88	2.86	2.77
	123.73	123.13	116.12	42.0	42.1	40.9	2.95	2.93	2.84
MISSISSIPPI	78.25	78.06	74.03	41.4	41.3	40.9	1.89	1.89	1.81
	83.23	81.98	78.57	42.9	42.7	42.7	1.94	1.92	1.84
MISSOURI	110.76	109.12	103.66	40.7	40.6	39.8	2.72	2.69	2.60
	122.55	117.91	112.91	41.8	40.9	40.5	2.93	2.88	2.79
	123.75	122.36	117.52	41.1	41.0	40.5	3.01	2.98	2.90
MONTANA	124.93	121.55	111.08	44.3	42.8	40.1	2.82	2.84	2.77
NEBRASKA	105.52	104.68	99.74	43.0	42.9	42.4	2.46	2.44	2.35
	112.38	112.72	105.46	42.2	42.4	41.3	2.66	2.66	2.56

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

### ESTABLISHMENT DATA STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas--Continued

GA - A 1		e weekly ea			ge weekly		Avera	ge hourly e	arnings
State and area	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965
NEVADA	\$128.58	\$127.73	\$126.40	39.2	39.3	40.0	\$3.28	\$3.25	\$3.16
NEW HAMPSHIRE	87.77	87.78	92 01	41.4	41.6	40.3		1	
Manchester	79.98	81.61	82.01 76.43	39.4	41.6	40.2 38.6	2.12	2.11	2.04 1.98
	,,,,,	01.01	70143	7,	40.2	30.0	1 2.03	2.03	1.76
NEW JERSEY	116.75	116.62	109.34	41.4	41.5	40.2	2.82	2.81	2.72
Atlantic City	84.20	86.51	79.50	38.8	39.5	37.5	2.17	2,19	2.12
Jersey City 2	113.57	115.79	107.46	41.0	41.5	39.8	2.77	2.79	2.70
Newark 2 Paterson-Clifton-Passaic 2	117.45 116.33	117.03 116.48	110.30 109.21	41.5 41.4	41.5 41.6	40.7 40.3	2.83 2.81	2.82	2.71
Perth Amboy 2	122,93	121.93	114.90	42.1	41.9	40.5	2.92	2.80 2.91	2.83
Trenton	115.49	115.77	108.65	41.1	41.2	39.8	2.81	2.81	2.73
NEW MEXICO	90.78	90.29	91.71	39.3	39.6	39.7	2.31	2.28	2,31
Albuquerque	94.96	97.68	95.75	38.6	40.7	40.4	2.46	2.40	2.37
NEW YORK	110,00	110,42	103.74	40.0	40.3	39.0	2.75	2.74	2.66
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	123.06	126.05	113.81	42.0	42.3	40.5	2,93	2.98	2.81
Binghamton	103.22 135.04	106.24 133.88	100.28	40.8	41.5	40.6	2.53	2.56	2.47
Elmira	112.88	113.42	134.04 104.14	42.2 41.5	42.1 41.7	43.1 39.9	3.20 2.72	3.18 2.72	3.11 2.61
Nassau and Suffolk Counties 3	112.46	112.20	101.50	40.6	41.1	38.3	2.77	2.72	2.65
New York-Northeastern New Jersey	108.23	108.93	101.23	39.5	39.9	38.2	2.74	2.73	2.65
New York SMSA 2	103.03	103.98	95.94	38.3	38.8	36.9	2.69	2.68	2.60
New York City 3	101.19 127.56	101,88	94.54	37.9	38.3	36.5	2.67	2.66	2,59
Rochester	118.08	128.10 119.11	120.22 115.08	42.1 41.0	42.7	41.6 41.1	3.03 2.88	3.00 2.87	2.89
Utica-Rome	104.60	106.24	96.38	40.7	41.5	39.5	2.57	2.56	2.80
Westchester County 3	110.40	110.57	102.17	40.0	40.5	38.7	2.76	2.73	2.64
NORTH CAROLINA	76.57	79.00	73.26	40.3	41.8	40.7	1.90	1.89	1.80
Charlotte	83.60	83.60	79.00	41.8	41.8	41.8	2.00	2.00	1.89
Greensboro-High Point	78.01	80.36	72.71	39.2	41.0	39.3	1.99	1.96	1.85
NORTH DAKOTA	116.35	103.39	95.25	41.3	40.2	41.9	2.81	2.57	2.27
Fargo-Moorhead ,	105.23	107.41	105.46	39.6	39.7	39.9	2.65	2.70	2.64
оню	132.19	129.84	125.11	42.6	42.1	41.9	3.10	3.08	2.99
Akron	144.93	142.89	134.33	42.7	42.5	41.7	3.39	3.36	3.22
Canton	132.14 122.80	129.51 121.43	125.52 116.90	42.6 42.3	41.8	41.0	3.10	3.10	3.06
Cleveland	137.59	136.68	128.12	43.5	42.0	41.9 42.4	2.90 3.16	2.89 3.15	2.79 3.02
Columbus	119.27	114.94	113.13	40.3	39.2	40.1	2.96	2.93	2.82
Dayton	144.05	140.89	135.11	42.9	42.2	42.2	3.36	3.34	3.20
Toledo	141.14	136.62	125.69	43.3	42.5	40.4	3.26	3.21	3.11
Youngstown-Warren	140.20	133.95	146.05	41.3	40.2	44.1	3.39	3.33	3.31
OKLAHOMA	103.09	103.00	98.77	41.4	41.7	41.5	2.49	2.47	2.38
Oklahoma City	97.70	97.29	94.73	41.4	41.4	42.1	2.36	2.35	2.25
luisa	116.89	117.30	108.00	42.2	42.5	41.7	2.77	2.76	2.59
OREGON	121.39	116.27	116.22	39.8	38.5	39.8	3.05	3.02	2.92
Eugene 4	121.20	113.62	122.89	40.0	38.0	41.8	3.03	2.99	2.94
Portland	121.48	120.26	115.74	39.7	39.3	39.5	3,06	3.06	2.93
PENNSYLVANIA	109.62	110.02	106.63	40.6	40.9	40.7	2.70	2.69	2.62
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	106.62 93.71	106.40 90.50	106.66	39.2	39.7	40.4	2.72	2.68	2.64
Erie	119.13	118.98	87,19 114.09	41.1 42.7	40.4 42.8	39.1 42.1	2.28	2.24	2.23 2.71
Harrisburg	94.49	96.52	93.90	39.7	40.9	40.3	2.38	2.36	2.33
John stown	114.27	108.29	115.44	39.0	37.6	39.4	2.93	2.88	2.93
Lancaster	103.32	103.21	92.97	42.0	42.3	40.6	2.46	2.44	2.29
Philadelphia	116.44	116.88	108.53	41.0	41.3	39.9	2.84	2.83	2.72
Reading	132.11 101.27	130.56 100.77	136.83 91.01	40.9 41.0	40.8 41.3	43.3 39.4	3.23	3.20	3.16
Scranton	78.81	81.11	74.62	37.0	37.9	36.4	2.47 2.13	2.44	2.31 2.05
Wilkes-BarreHazleton	75.35	77.00	70.80	36.4	37.2	35.4	2.07	2.07	2.00
York	96,22	95.60	85.86	42.2	42.3	40.5	2.28	2.26	2.12
RHODE ISLAND	92.02	91.43	86.86	40.9	41.0	40.4	2.25	2.23	2.15
Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick	92.48	92.06	87.48	41.1	41.1	40.5	2.25		

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

### **ESTABLISHMENT DATA** STATE AND AREA HOURS AND EARNINGS

Table C-8: Gross hours and earnings of production workers on manufacturing payrolls, by State and selected areas--Continued

	Average week		rnings	Average weekly		hours	Average	hourly e	arnings
State and area	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1965
	1700	1300	1703		1900	1903	1900	1700	1905
SOUTH CAROLINA	\$81.87	\$82.02	\$77.38	42.2	42.5	41.6	\$1,94	\$1.93	\$1.86
Charleston	93.46	88.94	83.01	42.1	40.8	40.1	2,22	2,18	2.07
Greenville	81.75	81.89	74.88	42.8	43.1	41.6	1.91	1.90	1.80
<i>'</i>									
SOUTH DAKOTA	104,68	106,56	103.96	43.8	44.4	43.6	2.39	2,40	2.38
Sioux Falls	117.04	118.64	116.48	44.0	44.6	45.2	2.66	2.66	2.58
TENNESSEE	88.36	87.33	84.03	41.1	41.0	40.4	2.15	2,13	2.08
Chattanooga	97.16	95.68	89.79	41.7	41.6	41.0	2.33	2.30	2.19
Knoxville	95.83	95.44	97.44	39.6	39.6	40.6	2.42	2.41	2.40
Memphis	102.16	100.32	95.17	41.7	41.8	41.2	2.45	2.40	2.31
Nashville	97.21	94.58	91.21	41.9	41.3	40.9	2.32	2.29	2.23
TEXAS	107.52	106.26	102.58	42.0	42.0	41.7	2,56	2,53	2,46
Austin	77.57	77.52	72.44	40.4	40.8	39.8	1.92	1.90	1.82
Beaumont-Port Arthur	136.68	137.61	133.95	40.8	41,2	41.6	3,35	3.34	3.22
Corpus Christi	123.52	124.42	122.06	42.3	43.2	41.8	2.92	2.88	2.92
Dallas	98,23	97.81	93.34	41.8	41.8	41.3	2.35	2.34	2.26
El Paso	72,76	72.77	73.02	38.7	37.9	39.9	1.88	1.92	1.83
Fort Worth	116.90	114.36	108.78	41.9	42.2	42.0	2.79	2.71	2.59
Houston	126.96	126.26	120.98	42.8	42.8	42.6	2.96	2.95	2.84
San Antonio	82.74	82.12	75.55	42.0	41.9	40.4	1.97	1.96	1.87
UTAH	117.20	116.00	115.14	40.0	40.0	40.4	2.93	2.90	2,85
Salt Lake City	113.65	111.63	108.41	40.3	40.3	40.3	2.82	2.77	2.69
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
VERMONT	96.53	96.95	90.74	42.9	42.9	42.4	2,25	2,26	2.14
Burlington	96.05	101,01	95.63	41.4	42.8	42.5	2.32	2.36	2.25
Springfield	114.11	112.57	104.06	44.4	43.8	43.0	2.57	2.57	2.42
VIRGINIA	90.25	89.24	85.48	41.4	41.7	40.9	2.18	2.14	2.09
Norfolk-Portsmouth	109.98	100.80	96.35	47.2	44.6	43.4	2.33	2.26	2.22
Richmond	98.25	97.51	92.27	40.6	40.8	39.6	2.42	2.39	2.33
Roanoke	85.06	86.86	87.00	41.9	43.0	43.5	2.03	2.02	2.00
WASHINGTON	126.62	125.12	120.74	39.2	39.1	39.2	3.23	3.20	3.08
Seattle-Everett	131.08	131.34	122.38	39.6	39.8	39.1	3.31	3.30	3.13
Spokane	126.40	122.92	122.09	39.5	38.9	39.9	3.20	3.16	3.06
Tacoma	117.73	117.49	116.70	38.1	37.9	38.9	3.09	3.10	3.00
WEST VIRGINIA	113.48	112.56	114.40	40.1	40.2	41.3	2,83	2.80	2.77
Charleston	135,29	138.65	133.87	41.5	42.4	42.1	3.26	3.27	3.18
Huntington-Ashland	98.49	123.73	125.04	33.5	40.7	42.1	2.94	3.04	2.97
Wheeling	111.50	113.36	116.18	39.4	40.2	41.2	2,83	2.82	2.82
WISCONSIN	119.84	120.10	112.65	42.0	42.2	41.2	2.85	2.85	2.73
Green Bay	118.17	117.77	107.39	43.6	43.8	41.3	2.71	2.69	2.60
Kenosha	126.79	127.09	122.75	40.0	40.1	40.1	3.17	3.17	3.06
La Crosse	105.94	107.32	108.25	39.5	39.8	40.8	2.68	2,70	2.65
Madison	126.29	124.56	114.73	41.7	41.3	40.0	3.03	3.02	2.87
Milwaukee	130.82	132.66	123.70	41.7	42.2	41.1	3.14	3.15	3.01
Racine	125.29	129.60	118.20	40.9	42,1	40.5	3,06	3.08	2.92
	116 60	112.05	113.75	38.8	37.6	38.3	3.00	2.98	2.97
WYOMING	116.40 134.46	124.83	131.08	39.9	37.6	39.6	3.37	3,32	3.31

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Not available.
<sup>2</sup>Area included in New York-Northeastern New Jersey Standard Consolidated Area.
3Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.
<sup>4</sup>Initial inclusion in this publication.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

Table D-1: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing 1956 to date

					(F	er 100 emple	yees)						
Year	Jan.	Feb.	Maı.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	An nual average
						Total access	ions						
1956	3.8 3.7 2.9 3.8 4.0 3.7 4.1 3.6	3.6 3.3 2.6 3.7 3.5 3.6 3.3	3.6 3.3 2.8 4.1 3.3 4.0 3.8 3.5	4.0 3.4 3.1 4.1 3.4 4.0 4.0 3.9 3.8	4.1 3.6 3.6 4.2 3.9 4.3 4.3 3.9	5.1 4.8 4.7 5.4 4.7 5.0 5.0 4.8 5.1	4.2 4.2 4.3 4.6 4.6 4.4	4.9 4.1 4.9 5.9 5.1 4.8 5.1	5.2 4.1 5.0 5.1 4.7 4.9 4.8	5.1 3.5 4.0 3.5 4.3 3.9 3.9	3.6 2.6 3.4 2.9 3.4 2.9 3.0 2.9	2.7 2.0 2.7 3.6 2.3 2.6 2.4 2.5 2.5	4.2 3.6 3.6 4.2 3.8 4.1 4.1 3.9
1965 1966	3.8 4.6	3.5 4.2	<b>4.0</b> <b>4.</b> 9	3.8 4.5	4.1	5.6	4.5	5.4	5.5	4.5	3.9	3.1	4.3
						New hire	8		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		······	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965	2.5 2.3 1.0 2.2 1.5 2.9 2.4 3.2	2.4 2.0 1.1 2.1 2.2 1.4 2.1 1.8 2.0 2.4 3.1	2.2 2.0 1.1 2.4 2.0 1.6 2.2 2.0 2.2 2.8 3.7	2.5 2.1 1.3 2.5 2.0 1.8 2.4 2.3 2.4 2.6 3.6	2.8 2.3 1.5 2.7 2.3 2.1 2.8 2.5 2.5	3.6 3.2 2.2 3.7 3.0 2.9 3.5 3.6 4.3	2.9 2.8 2.1 3.0 2.4 2.5 2.9 2.7 2.9	3.4 2.7 2.4 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.2 3.2 3.4	3.4 2.5 2.6 3.5 2.8 3.0 3.1 3.2 3.2	3.2 2.1 2.2 2.6 2.1 2.7 2.5 2.6 2.8 3.5	2.3 1.7 1.9 1.5 2.0 1.8 1.8 2.9	1.8 .8 1.3 1.5 1.0 1.4 1.2 1.4 1.6 2.2	2.8 2.2 1.7 2.6 2.2 2.2 2.5 2.4 2.6 3.1
						Total separa	tions						
1956	4.1 3.8 5.4 3.7 3.6 4.0 4.0 3.7 4.0	4.1 3.4 4.1 3.5 3.9 3.4 3.2 3.3 3.1	3.9 3.7 4.5 3.3 4.0 3.8 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.4 4.1	3.8 4.4 3.6 3.4 3.6 3.5 3.7 4.1	4.3 3.9 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.6 3.6	4.2 3.7 3.5 4.0 3.6 3.8 3.4 3.5	3.8 3.7 3.7 4.0 4.4 4.1 4.4 4.1 4.4	4.6 4.7 4.1 4.6 4.8 4.2 5.1 4.8 4.3	5.5 5.5 4.5 5.3 5.1 5.0 4.9 5.7	4.4 5.0 4.1 5.5 4.7 4.2 4.4 4.1 4.2	4.0 4.9 3.6 4.7 4.5 4.0 3.9 3.6 3.9	3.4 4.6 3.5 3.9 4.8 4.0 3.8 3.7 3.7	4.2 4.1 4.1 4.3 4.0 4.1 3.9 4.0
						Quits							
1956	1.6 1.5 .9 1.1 1.2 .9 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.3	1.6 1.4 .8 1.0 1.2 .8 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.3	1.7 1.5 .8 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	1.8 1.6 .8 1.4 1.0 1.3 1.3	1.8 1.6 .9 1.5 1.3 1.1 1.5 1.4 1.4	2.0 1.6 1.0 1.5 1.4 1.2 1.5 1.4 1.4	1.9 1.7 1.1 1.6 1.4 1.2 1.4 1.5	2.7 2.3 1.5 2.1 1.8 1.7 2.1 2.1 2.1	3.2 2.7 1.9 2.6 2.3 2.3 2.4 2.7 3.5	2.1 1.6 1.3 1.7 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.5 2.2	1.6 1.1 1.0 1.2 .9 1.1 1.1 1.2	1.2 .8 .8 1.0 .7 .9 .8 1.0	1.9 1.6 1.1 1.5 1.3 1.2 1.4 1.4 1.9
	·	<del>,</del>	<del> </del>	,		Layoffs	· · · · · ·					<del>,</del>	
1956	1.9 1.7 4.0 2.1 1.8 3.2 2.1 2.2 2.0 1.6	2.0 1.5 2.9 1.5 1.7 2.6 1.7 1.6 1.6 1.2	1.7 1.5 3.3 1.6 2.2 2.3 1.6 1.7 1.6 1.2	1.6 1.7 3.2 1.6 2.2 1.9 1.6 1.6 1.4	1.9 1.8 2.6 1.4 1.9 1.8 1.6 1.5	1.6 1.4 2.0 1.4 2.0 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.3	1.5 1.6 2.3 1.8 2.4 2.3 2.2 2.0 2.1	1.4 1.9 2.1 1.8 2.4 1.8 2.2 1.9 1.4	1.8 2.3 2.1 2.0 2.4 2.1 1.9 1.8 1.5	1.7 3.0 2.3 3.2 2.8 2.0 2.2 1.9 1.8	1.9 3.4 2.2 2.9 3.1 2.2 2.3 2.1 1.7	1.8 3.4 2.4 2.4 3.6 2.6 2.5 2.3 2.1	1.7 2.1 2.6 2.0 2.4 2.2 2.0 1.8 1.7

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry

	(Per 100 er	npioyees	Accessio	n rates		Γ		Separari	on rates		
SIC		Tot		New	níres	Tot	al	Qu		Lay	offs
Code	Industry	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966
	MANUFACTURING	4.5	4.9	3.6	3.7	4.1	4.1	2.4	2.3	0.9	1.0
											1.0
19,24,25,32-39	DURABLE GOODS	4.5	4.9	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.8	2.3	2.2	.6	.7
20-23,26-31	NONDURABLE GOODS	4.5	4.8	3.5	3,6	4.7	4.4	2.6	2.4	1.3	1.3
	Durable Goods										
19 192 194 191,3,5,6,9	ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES  Ammunicion, except for small arms.  Sighting and fire control equipment  Other ordnance and accessories	3.5 2.7 3.0 6.5	3.9 3.2 3.2 6.6	2.8 1.9 2.6 5.8	3.0 2.4 2.5 5.7	2.4 2.4 1.3 2.5	2.4 2.4 1.4 2.7	1.4 1.3 .7 1.8	1.4 1.3 1.0 1.6	.5 .6 .1	.4
24 242 2421 243 2431 2432 244 2441,2 249	LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE  Sawmills and planing mills, general  Millwork, plywood, and related products  Millwork  Veneer and plywood  Wooden containers  Wooden boxes, shook, and crates  Miscellaneous wood products	8.1 6.5 6.4 7.9 6.1 7.6 10.2 10.0 6.6	7.2 6.5 6.3 6.7 6.4 6.2 7.6 7.5 7.1	6.4 5.5 5.4 6.9 5.7 6.9 7.8 7.9	6.0 5.4 5.2 5.9 5.7 6.4 6.7	6.6 6.0 5.9 6.5 6.7 6.4 6.6 6.2	7.2 6.0 5.8 6.0 5.7 6.3 6.8 6.2	4.6 4.4 4.3 4.8 4.1 5.5 4.7 4.0	4.3 4.1 3.8 4.1 3.8 4.6 4.6 4.2 4.4	1.1 .8 .9 .6 .9 .2 .5 .5	1.8 1.0 1.1 .8 .9 .6 1.3 1.1
25 251 2511 2512 2512 2515 252	FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Household furniture Wood house furniture, unupholstered Wood house furniture, upholstered. Mattresses and bedsprings Office furniture	6.3 6.4 7.1 4.5 6.3 (1)	6.5 6.7 6.9 5.3 5.8 5.5	5.7 5.8 6.5 4.1 5.8 (1)	5.8 6.1 6.4 4.8 5.2 4.9	6.2 6.3 7.2 5.0 5.7 (1)	6.1 6.4 6.6 5.5 5.7 4.4	4.5 4.8 5.5 3.7 4.3 (1)	4.3 4.6 5.0 4.0 4.1 3.1	.6 .5 .4 .6 .5 (1)	.6 .5 .4 .5 .7
32 321 322 3221 3229 324 325 325 3251 326 3291	STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS  Flat glass  Glass and glassware, pressed or blown.  Glass containers.  Pressed and blown glassware, n.e.c.  Cement, hydraulic  Structural clay products.  Brick and structural clay tile.  Pottery and related products.  Abtasive products.	5.1 2.6 4.1 4.6 3.6 3.8 5.7 6.6 4.0 2.5	5.7 2.8 5.4 4.6 6.6 8.7 5.6 3.0	3.9 1.0 3.2 3.6 2.8 1.3 4.8 5.6 3.3 2.4	3.8 3.1 3.3 2.9 1.2 4.3 5.4 4.0 2.8	3.6 3.4 4.1 2.6 1.3 4.2 5.3 4.9	3.7 2.3 3.6 4.3 2.4 4.0 4.8 3.8	2.3 .6 1.5 1.9 1.1 .7 3.4 4.5 2.8 1.3	2.0 1.9 2.2 1.5 2.7 3.5 2.3 1.2	.8 1.4 .9 1.4 .3 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 (2)	1.4 .8 1.3 .3 1.1 .6 .6
33 331 3312 332 3321 3322 3323 333,4 335 335 335 335 335 336 336 336 336,9 339	PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES Blast furnace and basic steel products. Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills. Iron and sreel foundries. Gray iron foundries Malleable iron foundries Steel foundries. Nonferrous smelting and refining. Nonferrous rolling, drawing, and extruding. Copper rolling, drawing, and extruding Aluminum rolling, drawing, and extruding. Nonferrous wire drawing, and insulating. Nonferrous foundries. Aluminum castings Other nonferrous castings. Miscellaneous primary metal industries. Iron and steel forgings.	2.9 4.5 (1) 3.8 2.6 5.6 (1) 5.3 5.5 9	3.77916172309955449	2.7 2.1 2.0 3.9 4.2 (1) 3.2 2.2 2.3 1.3 2.0 (1) 5.6 6.1 5.6 2.2	2.7 2.8 1.8 4.1 2.5 3.2 2.5 2.3 2.5 2.3 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.5 2.6	2.4 1.5 1.3 4.7 (1) 3.1 2.2 2.1 1.6 0 (1) 5.6 4.9 6 2.3	2.676.34.376.691.603.775.4.775	1.4 .6 .5 3.1 3.4 (1) 2.0 1.3 1.2 .9 (1) 3.9 4.3 3.6	1.4 .7 2.7 2.8 3.3 2.1 1.4 1.2 .9 1.1 1.4 3.5 3.8 3.3 1.7	.2 .1 .3 .3 (1) .3 .2 .3 .2 .4 (1)	.4 .2 .2 .6 .6 .9 .4 .4 .6 .1 .3 .5 .3 .2 .3 .1 .2

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

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Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

(Per 100 employees)

	(Per 100 e	mployees	Accession	00 18***	-			Separati	00 18***		
SIC		To		New	hires	Tot	al	Qu		Layo	effe
Code	Industry	Apr.	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966
	Durable GoodsContinued										
34	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	4.9	5.2	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.5	2.8	2.5	0.7	1.1
341	Metal cans	5.6	5.7	2.4	2.1	5.3	3.9	1.3	1.1	2.6	1.9
342	Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware	(1)	4.7   4.4	1 (3)	3.7	(1)	4.3 3.2	(1)	2.2	(1)	1.2
3421,3,5 3429	Cutlery and hand tools, including saws	门话	4.8	1 753	3.4	讨	5.0	计说	2.1	(1)	.2 1.8
343	Heating equipment and plumbing fixtures	4.4	4.9	3.8	3.9	4.6	4.5	2.5	2.4	1.3	1.2
3431,2	Sanitary ware and plumbers' brass goods	4.8	4.3	3.9	3.3	4.1	4.1	2.6	2.3	.2	
3433	Heating equipment, except electric	4.1	5.4	3.6	4.5	3.9	4.9	2.5	2.5	-5	.9 1.4
344	Fabricated structural metal products	5.2 4.4	5.4	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.7	2.7	2.5	•7	1.1
3441 3443	Fabricated structural steel	3.9	4.2	3.5	3.7	4.3 3.2	4.9 3.9	2.7	2.7	.8	1.2 .8
3446,9	Architectural and miscellaneous metal work	6.1	5.1	5.3	4.3	5.5	4.8	2.6	2.1	1.8	1.9
345	Screw machine products, bolts, etc	4.4	5.1	4.0	4.7	4.0	4.0	2.9	2.6	•3	.2
3452	Bolts, nuts, screws, rivets, and washers	3.1	4.4	2.8	4.1	3.0	3.2	2.0	2.1	.2	.1
346	Metal stampings	4.6	4.7	3.7	3.3	4.9	.4.4	3.0	2.1	.9	1.4
348	Miscellaneous fabricated wire products	4.4 4.3	4.5	3.8	4.0	4.5	4.8	3.0	3.1	.7	.8
349 3494,8	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products	4.2	4.4	3.8	3.9	3.6 3.3	3.7 3.4	2.4	2.3	.4	•5 •3
3474,0	, p.p., — p.p.				1 317	313	J.,	13		'-	
35	MACHINERY	3.6	3.8	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.1	2.1	1.8	-3	.4
351 3511	Engines and turbines	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.8	1.4	1.2	•1	.5
3519	Internal combustion engines, n.e.c.	3.4	4.6	3.1	3.0	2.8	3.4	1.8	1.6	.1	(2)
352	Farm machinery and equipment	4.0	4.4	3.6	3.9	4.0	3.9	2.9	2.5	.1	3
353	Construction and related machinery	3.4	3.8	3.0	3.3	3.0	2.8	1.9	1.7	.2	.2
3531,2	Construction and mining machinery	3.5	3.8	3.1	3.2	2.8	2.6	1.7	1.5	.1	.2
3533 3535,6	Oil field machinery, and equipment	2.9	3.7	2.7	3.4	3.1	3.1	2.3	2.2	.1	.1
354	Metalworking machinery and equipment	3.2	3.6	3.0	3.3	3.8	3.0 3.0	2.1	1.9	.7	.1
3541	Machine tools, metal cutting types	2.6	3.0	2.4	2.8	2.5	2.3	1.7	1.6	.1	(2)
3545	Machine tool accessories	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.6	2.5	2.7	1.7	1.8	(2)	`.í
3542,8	Miscellaneous metalworking machinery	2.6	2.9	2.3	2.6	2.3	2.6	1.4	1.6	1.2	.4
355	Special industry machinery	3.0	3.3	2.7	2.9	2.8	2.9	1.9	1.9	.2	•3
3551 3552	Food products machinery	3.3	3.8	2.6	3.1	2.7 3.5	2.6 4.0	2.5	2.6	.3	.1
356	General industrial machinery	3.2	3.5	2.9	3.0	2.6	2.8	1.8	1.6	.2	•5 •4
3561	Pumps; air and gas compressors	3.1	3.4	2.8	3.1	2.6	2.7	1.8	1.7	.1	.1
3562	Ball and roller bearings.	(1)	3.1	(1)	1.9	(1)	2.8	(1)	1.1	(1)	1.1
3566.	Mechanical power transmission goods  Office, computing, and accounting machines	3.2	3.6	2.9	3.3	2.6	2.6	1.7	1.6	.1	•2
357 3571	Computing machines and cash registers	2.7	3.3	1.9	2.7	3.1	2.7	1.8	1.3	•3	.2
358	Service industry machines	5.i	4.4	4.3	3.8	4.3	3.5	2.5	2.1	8.	1 :4
3585	Refrigeration, except home refrigerators	5.8	4.6	4.6	3.9	5.0	3.6	2.8	2.0	1.1	.7
36	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES	4.3	4.7	3.6	3.9	3.5	3.5	2.2	2.1	.4	.4
361	Electric distribution equipment	3.8 4.7	4.1 5.2	3.4	3.6	2.7	2.8	1.7	1.7	.2	.2
3611	Electric measuring instruments  Power and distribution transformers	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.1	3.1 2.7	3.2	1.8	2.0	.3	.2
3612 3613	Switchgear and switchboard apparatus	3.0	3.5	2.7	3.1	2.3	2.6	1.4	1.6	1 :1	.1
362	Electrical industrial apparatus	4.2	4.1	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.1	2.2	1.9	.4	.4
3621	Motors and generators	4.2 4.6	4.1	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.2	2.2	1.9	-5	-5
3622	Industrial controls	4.6	4.3 5.1	3.8	3.9 4.1	3.7 3.7	3.1 4.0	2.5	2.0	.2	•2
363 3632	Household appliances  Household refrigerators and freezers	5.2	5.1	4.3	4.3	4.3	3.7	2.4	2.4	.2	.5 (2)
3633	Household laundry equipment	3.8	5.4	3.3	3.7	2.5	2.9	1.6	1.8	1.1	.3
3634	Electric housewares and fans	3.8	5.7	3.2	4.7	4.7	4.8	2.9	2.8	.6	1.0
364	Electric lighting and wiring equipment	4.3	4.7	3.9	3.9	3.6	3.8	2.4	2.2	•5	.7
3641	Electric lamps	2.4 4.9	3.0 5.2	2.1	2.3	1.9	2.1	1.2	1.2	.1	.2
3642 3643,4	Lighting fixtures	4.7	5.0	4.2	4.1	4.7 3.5	3.9	2.6	2.2	1.0	1.5
365	Radio and TV receiving sets	4.9	6.0	3.6	4.6	4.4	5.6	2.2	2.9	1.0	.9
366	Communication equipment	3.6	3.6	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.4	1.6	1.4	1.3	1 .3
3661	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	(1)	3.2	(1)	2.9	(1)	1.8	(1)	1.2	(1)	(2)
3662	Radio and TV communication equipment	3.9	3.8 6.4	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.6	1.7	1.5	.4	1 -4
367 3671-3	Electronic components and accessories	5.3	5.1	5.6	5.3 4.3	3.3	2.7	2.9	2.8	1.5	.4
3674,9	Electronic components, n.e.c.	5.0	6.8	4.1	5.6	4.8	4.8	3.1	3.1	.6	.2
369	Miscellaneous electrical equipment and supplies	4.2	3.7	3.0	2.8	3.7	2.8	1.9	1.5	.6	4
3694	Electrical equipment for engines	3.2	2.8	2.5	2.2	3.2	2.5	1.8	1.2	.4	-3

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

(Per 100 employees)

			Accessio		<del></del>			Separatio			<del></del>
SIC	Industry	Apr.	Mar.	New l		Apr.	Mar.	Qui	Mar.	Layo	ffs Mar.
Code		1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	Apr. 1966	
	Durable GoodsContinued										
37 371 3711 3712 3713 3714 372 3721 3722 3723,9 373 373 3731 374 375,9	TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles Passenger car bodies Truck and bus bodies Motor vehicle parts and accessories. Aircraft and parts Aircraft Aircraft engines and engine parts Other aircraft parts and equipment Ship and boat building and repairing Ship building and repairing Railroad equipment Other transportation equipment	(1)	5.4 5.2 6.2 10.7 4.8 3.0 4.3 3.3 5.2 9.4 6.6 11.3	2.7 (1) (1) (1) (1) 2.8 2.8 2.2 3.9 4.3 3.3 2.5 (1)	3.3 2.2 2.4 1.6 4.1 1.8 3.6 3.7 2.5 4.8 5.9 5.2 3.4 9.3	3.6 (1) (1) (1) (1) (2.1 2.3 3.4 8.5 3.2 (1)	3.8 3.6 3.5 5.1 3.9 3.2 2.2 2.2 3.5 9.3 4.3 10.2	1.6 (1) (1) (1) (1) 1.4 1.1 1.4 2.3 3.2 2.5 1.7 (1)	1.7 1.3 1.3 .7 2.1 1.2 1.2 2.2 3.8 3.2 1.6 6.5	1.1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (2) .4 .5 .2 .2 .2 .4.4 5.1	1.: 1.: 3.: 4.: 4.: 4.: 2.:
38 381 382 3821 3822 383,5 384 386 387	INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS  Engineering and scientific instruments  Mechanical measuring and control devices  Mechanical measuring devices  Automatic temperature controls  Optical and ophthalmic goods  Surgical, medical, and dental equipment.  Photographic equipment and supplies  Watches and clocks	3.4 3.6 3.3 4.2 5.0 3.5	3.8 2.8 3.6 3.3 4.2 5.2 4.0 3.1 5.4	3.3 3.1 3.2 3.1 3.5 4.4 3.3 (1) 3.7	3.3 2.5 3.2 2.9 3.5 4.6 3.7 2.9 4.4	2.9 2.4 2.9 2.6 3.5 4.9 3.0 (1) 3.5	2.8 2.8 2.8 2.5 3.4 3.9 2.9 1.9 3.9	1.9 1.8 1.8 1.7 2.1 3.4 1.9 (1) 2.4	1.8 1.4 1.7 1.6 1.9 2.7 1.8 1.3 2.5	.3 .2 .2 .4 .8 .3 (1)	.4
39 391 394 3941-3 3949 395 396 393,8,9	MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware. Toys, amusement, and sporting goods Toys, games, dolls, and play vehicles Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c Pens, pencils, office and art materials Costume jewelry, buttons, and notions Other manufacturing industries	5.6 3.6 8.3 9.6 6.4 3.8 4.8 5.0	6.9 4.6 11.6 13.5 8.7 4.7 6.4 5.1	4.4 3.1 5.6 5.6 5.6 3.1 4.0 4.3	5.0 3.9 6.5 6.0 7.3 3.9 5.2 4.4	5.2 3.5 7.2 7.9 6.0 3.3 5.4 4.7	5.0 3.8 6.4 6.8 5.9 3.5 5.8 4.4	3.1 2.5 4.1 4.4 3.7 2.6 3.4 2.5	3.1 2.5 4.1 4.0 4.1 2.4 3.7 2.6	1.2 .4 1.9 2.5 1.1 .1	.9 .4 1.0 1.4 .5 .3 1.1
	Nondurable Goods										
20 201 2011 2015 204 2041 2042 205 2051 2052 207 2071 2082	FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS  Meat products.  Meat packing Poultry dressing and packing.  Grain mill products  Flour and other grain mill products.  Prepared feeds for animals and fowls.  Bakery products  Bread, cake, and perishable products.  Biscuic, crackers, and pretzels.  Confectionery and related products.  Candy and other confectionery products  Beverages.  Malt liquors	6.6 5.1 13.0 4.2 2.3 4.5 3.9 3.9 4.3 5.4 6.2 5.9	5.5 6.4 5.6 10.9 3.5 3.9 3.6 3.2 6.1 5.3 6.0 5.5 4.5	3.8 3.7 1.6 10.6 2.8 1.7 3.1 3.5 3.6 3.0 3.1 3.6 4.0 2.0	3.4 3.2 1.4 9.3 2.7 2.3 3.2 3.0 2.9 3.6 3.3 3.7 1.6	5.5 6.0 4.9 11.1 4.5 3.8 3.5 5.8 8.2 9.8 4.7 4.4	5.6 6.2 5.7 9.7 3.3 3.5 3.9 3.7 4.9 7.7 4.6 3.7	2.7 3.0 1.2 8.9 2.1 1.5 2.6 2.6 2.3 3.5 4.0 2.4	2.4 2.7 1.2 7.7 1.8 1.3 2.3 2.2 2.2 2.1 2.9 3.2	2.1 2.4 3.1 1.3 1.4 1.0 1.1 .7 .4 2.6 4.1 5.0 1.6 3.0	2.5 2.9 4.0 1.1 .5 1.5 2.6
21 211 212	TOBACCO MANUFACTURES  Cigarettes  Cigars	1.6	4.2 1.6 4.1	1.5 .9 2.5	1.9 1.0 3.0	6.0 .9 4.8	6.0 1.6 4.7	1.3 .4 2.7	1.7 .6 3.1	4,1 ,1 1,6	3.8 .6

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Dara for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

(Per 100 employees)

	(Per 100 en	nployees)	Accessio					Separatio			
SIC		Tot		n rates New h	ires	Tot	al	Qui		Layo	ffs
Code	Industry	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	
	Nondurable GoodsContinued										
22 221 222 223 224 225 2251 2252 2254 226 227 228 229	TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS Cotton broad woven fabrics Silk and synthetic broad woven fabrics Weaving and finishing broad woolens. Narrow fabrics and smallwares. Knitting Women's full and knee length hosiery All other hosiery Knit underwear Finishing textiles, except wool and knit Floot coveting Yarn and thread Miscellaneous textile goods	5.1 5.0 4.8 5.5 3.9 3.7 3.9	5.661 5.78299055 5.78299055 7.99	4.4 4.5 4.1 4.1 3.2 4.1 3.2 4.1 3.8 4.1	4.8 4.10 4.12 3.3 3.3 3.3 4.1	9976646049874 4.4.4.3.4.33465.	4.4 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.6 7.1 3.4 3.7 7.5	3.79 3.79 3.45 3.11 3.66 3.66 3.4 3.3	331333348496248 331333348496248	0.4000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.5 .1 .4 .7 .5 .6 .3 .9 .2 .3 .7 .9
23 231 232 2321 2327 2328 234 2341 2342	APPAREL AND RELATED PRODUCTS  Men's and boys' suits and coats  Men's and boys' furnishings  Men's and boys' shirts and nightweat  Men's and boys' separate trousers  Work clothing  Women's and children's undergarments.  Women's and children's underweat  Corsets and allied garments		5.7 5.9 5.9 5.5 5.8 5.8 5.6	4.1 2.9 4.5 4.0 4.3 5.2 3.9 4.2	4.4 3.0 4.9 5.6 4.3 4.3 4.6	6.7 3.7 5.9 5.2 5.8 5.8 4.3	5.6 2.9 5.7 5.5 4.7 5.5 4.5 5.5 4.5	3.2 2.2 3.8 4.4 5.5 3.6 3.0	2.9 1.9 3.7 3.5 3.9 4.5 3.4 3.1	2.7 .96 .53 .4 1.1 1.2	2.0 .5 .7 .5 .9 .4 1.0 1.1
26 261,2,6 263 264 2643 265 2651,2 2653	PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS  Paper and pulp.  Paperboard  Converted paper and paperboard products  Bags, except textile bags  Paperboard containers and boxes  Folding and setup paperboard boxes.  Corrugated and solid fiber boxes.	3.6 2.0 2.1 4.3 5.4 5.4 5.8 4.6	3.90 2.4 5.1 7.1 5.8	3.1 1.6 1.8 3.9 4.9 4.5 4.3	3.3 1.6 2.1 4.6 6.2 4.3 4.5 4.3	3.7 2.5 4.5 4.8 5.4 5.4	3.3 1.7 2.3 4.0 5.9 4.9 4.8	2.2 .9 1.3 2.8 3.8 3.2 3.3	2.1 .9 1.3 2.7 4.0 3.0 2.9	.5 .8 .8 1.1 .6 .8	.5 .3 .4 .5 .8 .7 .9
	PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES	3.3	3.5	2.8	2.8	3.2	2.9	2,0	1.8	.6	.6
28 281 282 2821 2823,4 283 2834 284 2841 2844 285 286,9	CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS Industrial chemicals Plastics materials and synthetics Plastics materials and resins Synthetic fibers. Drugs Pharmaceutical preparations Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods. Soap and detergents Toilet preparations Paints, varnishes, and allied products. Other chemical products.	2.7 1.5 2.2 2.2 2.1 2.1 2.2 4.2 3.9 5.1 3.1	3.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 5.7 7.0 4.6	2.3 1.3 1.9 2.1 1.8 1.9 1.9 3.1 2.7 3.6 2.8	5.2 2.6	2.4 1.3 1.6 1.7 1.6 2.2 4.3 3.6 2.4 2.6	2.3 1.8 1.6 2.1 1.7 3.7 6.3 2.2 2.6	1.3 .7 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.4 2.1 1.4 2.8 1.5	1.2 .6 1.0 1.1 .9 1.0 1.8 1.3 2.4 1.4	.4 .2 .1 .3 .3 1.4 1.3 1.4	.6 .7 .4 .1 .7 .2 .2 .8 .5 .2 .4
29 291 295,9	PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED INDUSTRIES Petroleum refining Other petroleum and coal products		1.9 1.4 4.1	1.5 .9 3.7	1.2	1.8 1.5 3.2	1.7 1.3 3.1	•9 •5 2•3	.7 .5 1.6	•3 •4 •2	•5 •4 •9
30 301 302,3,6 307	RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS PRODUCTS Tires and inner tubes Other rubber products. Miscellaneous plastics products.		5.2 1.8 4.0 8.0	4.1 1.6 3.4 5.9	3.0	4.6 1.6 4.3 6.4	4.1	3.0 .7 2.7 4.5	2.7 .6 2.3 4.3	.6 .2 .7	.7 .4 .9

See footnotes at end of table. NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-2: Labor turnover rates, by industry--Continued

(Per 100 employees)

			Accessio	n rates				Separatio	n rates		
SIC	1	To	tal	New l	nires	Tot	al	Quit	s	Laye	offs
Code	Industry	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966	Apr. 1966	Mar. 1966
	Nondurable GoodsContinued										
31 311 314	LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS  Leather tanning and finishing  Footwear, except rubber		6.0 3.8 5.7	4.1 3.3 3.8	4.7 3.1 4.4	6.2 4.7 6.1	6.2 4.5 6.0	3.9 3.0 4.0	3.9 2.4 4.1	1.5 1.0 1.3	1.3 1.2 .9
	NONMANUFACTURING										
10 101 102	METAL MINING.  Iron ores.  Copper Ores.	3.3 4.6 1.9	2.9 2.0 2.5	2.0 .9 1.5	2.1 .9 1.6	2.7 1.7 1.6	3.2 3.7 1.8	1.7 .5	1,6 .5 1,0	.9	.9 2.8
11,12 12	COAL MINING		1.7 1.6	1.0 1.1	1.1	2.7 1.6	1.9	.7	.8	1.6	.6
481 482	COMMUNICATION: Telephone communication Telegraph communication 3		2.3 2.7	-	-	(1) (1)	1.5 1.9	(1) (1)	1.1 1.1	(1) (1)	.1

Not available.
Less than 0.05.
Data relate to all employees except messengers.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED LABOR TURNOVER

Table D-4: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing, 1956 to date seasonally adjusted

					onally a							
	<del></del>				t 100 employ		<del></del>					<del>,</del>
Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
				1	Total accessi	ons						
1956	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.8	4.3	4.0
1957	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.9	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.0
1958 1959 <sup>1</sup>	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.7	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.9 3.8	3.9	4.2
1959 *	4.0	4.3 4.1	4.6	4.3	4.1   3.8	4.2	4.1 3.6	4.1	4.0 3.8	3.5	4.2 3.6	5.6 3.6
1960 1961	4.2 3.9	3.7	3.7 4.4	3.6 4.2	4.2	3.7 4.0	4.0	3.9 4.1	3.8	4.3	4.3	4.1
1962	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.8
1963	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.7	4.0
1964	3.8	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.0
1965	4.0	4.0	4.3	3.9	4.1	4.5	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.5	5.0	4.9
1966	4.9	4.8	5.2	4.7	<u> </u>							
					New hire	•						
1956	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.9	2.8	2.9
1957	2.8	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.3
1958	1.4	1.4 2.6	1.3	1.5 2.8	1.5	1.6	1.8 2.6	1.8 2.6	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2 2.6
1959 1960	2.4 2.6	2.8	2.9 2.4	2.2	2.7	2.7	2.1	2.2	2.7 2.1	1.9	1.9	1.8
1961	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.5
1962	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2
1963	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3 2.8	2.5
1964	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.6		2.9
1965 1966	2.9	3.0	<b>3.3</b> 4.3	2.8	2.9	3.1	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.7	4.0
1960	3.9	3.9	4.3	3.9			l			İ		
					Total separa	ions			•		•	
1956	4.2	4.9	4.2	4.0	4.5	4.4	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.0	3.7
1957	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.9	3.8	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.8	4.9
1958	5.4	4.8	4.9	4.6	4.2	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.6	3.7
1959 <sup>1</sup>	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.9 4.4	4.0	4.2	4.2	5.0	4.6	3.7 4.1
1960	3.6	4.1	4.4	4.4	4.2		4.3	4.4	4.2	4.3	4.4	5.0
1961 1962	4.6	4.6 4.0	4.2 4.0	3.6 3.8	3.8 4.2	4.0	4.0 4.2	3.8 4.7	4.0	3.9 4.1	4.0	4.1 3.9
1963	3.8 3.9	3.8	3.9	3.0	3.9	3.8	3.9	4.4	3.9 3.9	3.8	3.9	3.8
1964	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9 3.8	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.0	4.6	3.9	3.6	3.8
1965 1966	3.7 4.0	<b>3.7</b> 4.3	3.8 4.6	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.7	4.4	3.9 4.1	3.9	4.1
1966	4.0	4.3	4.6	4.4					l	l		
		L		L	Quits	1		I	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	I
1066	•		20	Г <del>,</del> , , ,	1 10	2.0	1.8	20	100	1 10	1,0	1 , .
1956 1957	2.0 1.9	2.1 1.8	2.0 1.8	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.6	2.0 1.7	1.9 1.6	1.9	1.9	1.9 1.3
1958	1.1	1.1	1.0	ۈ. ا	1.0	1.0	1.1	ī.i	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3
1959	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.3
1960	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1
1961 1962 1963	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4
1962	1.4	1.5 1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.5 1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3
1964	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.3 1.6
1965	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2
1966	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.6				1	ŀ			
					Layoffs							
1956	1.6	2.3	1.8	1.6	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.5
1957	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.7	3.0	2.7
1958	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.9
1959	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.9	2.5	1.9 2.8
1960	1.5	1.9	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.7	
1961	2.7 1.8	3.0 1.9	2.5 1.7	2.1 1.8	2.2	2.3	2.2 2.1	2.0 2.4	2.1	1.8 2.0	1.9 2.0	2.0
1963	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.4	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.9
1964	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6
1965	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
1966	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	<u></u>				<u> </u>			L

Beginning with January 1959, transfers between establishments of the same firm are included in total accessions and total separations, therefore rates for these items are not strictly comparable with prior data. Transfers comprise part of other accessions and other separations, the rates for which are not shown separately.

NOTE: Data include Alaska and Hawaii beginning 1959. This inclusion has not significantly affected the labor turnover series.

Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas

(Per 100 employees)

	(Per 100 employees) Accession rates Separation rates									
94 - 4 4	To	tal		hires	Tot	tal		its	Lay	offs
State and area	Mar.	Feb.	Mer.	Feb.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Feb.
ALABAMA 1	1966_	1966_	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966	1966 1.0
Birmingham	4.2 3.2	3.6 3.6	3.0 1.9	2.4 2.0	3.7 2.6	3.2 2.6	2.1	1.7	1.0	1.0
Mobile 1	8.5	5.7	2.4	1.7	9.7	6.1	2.7	1.8	6.3	3.6
				'	, ,	}	•	1	-	
ALASKA	22.7	18.0	16.7	9.1	16.3	13.4	9.7	6.4	5.5	6.0
ARIZONA	5.6	5.2	4.5	4.4	4.3	3.9	2.2	1.9	1.1	1.1
Phoenix	5.9	5.5	4.8	4.7	4.2	3.9	2.3	2.0	1.0	1.0
				1				1		
ARKANSAS	6.9	5.6	5.6	4.6	6.3	5•3	4.5	3.3		1.0
Fort Smith	9.0	7.4	8.1	6.5	7.3	8.4	6.0	5.2	.6	2.3
Little Rock-North Little Rock	5.0	5.2	4.8	4.4	5.2	4.8	4.0	3.1	.5	.7 .8
Pine Bluff	4.4	4.7	3.9	4.4	4.1	4.1	3.6	2.7	.1	.8
CALIFORNIA 1	5.8	5.0	4.5	3.9	4.4	3.9	2.3	1.9	1.1	1.2
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove 1	4.9	4.0	4.2	3.5	3.8	3.5	2.3	2.0	.5	.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach 1	5.9	5.4	4.7	4.4 1.5	4.8 2.7	4.1 2.9	2.5 1.2	2.1	1.1	1.0
Sacramento 1 San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario 1	5•5 5•0	3.1 4.0	2.1 4.3	3.4	3.4	3.3	1.8	1.6	.5	.9
San Diego 1	4.0	3.7	3.2	3.2	2.9	3.1	1.5	1.4	.8	1.6
San Diego 1 San Francisco-Oakland 1 San Jose 1	6.5	5.2	4.3	3.4	4.9	4.6	2.0	1.5	1.9	2.2
San Jose 1	5.1 8.0	4.6		3.8 3.2	2.7 5.2	2.4 3.8	1.6 2.4	1.2	1.9	.4 1.2
Stockton	0.0	5.0	7.1	3.2	۶۰۰	3.0		-•'	1	
COLORADO	5.0	4.4	3.7	3.4	4.0	4.3	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.8
COLORADO	5.0	7.7	3.1	3.7	₩,0	7.5	1	-"'		
	_	_						١.,	,	,
CONNECTICUT	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.0 2.6	3.2 2.6	2.7 2.4	2.1 1.8	1.8	.4	•3 •2
Bridgeport	3 <b>.7</b> 3 <b>.</b> 8	3.0 3.9	3.2 3.5	3.5	2.6	2.3	1.8	1.6	i i	.1
New Britain	4.2	3.6	3.8	3.1	3.6	2.8	2.2	1.7	.4	.2
New Haven	4.3	3.9	3,4	3.1	3.9	3.4	2.2	2.0	•5	.4
Stamford	2.8 3.1	3.0 2.7	2.6 2.2	2.6 1.9	2.5 2.9	2.4	1.7 1.9	1.6	.2	1 :7
•	2•±	2.1	2.2	1	,		-			
DELAWARE 1	2.9	2.7	2.2	1.8	2.3	2.5	1.2	1.1	1 .3	•7
Wilmington 1	2.3	2.3	1.7	1.6	1.9	2.0	1.0	1.0	.2	•4
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:										
Washington SMSA	2.6	2.0	2.4	1.8	2.3	2.3	1.8	1.6	.1	•2
EI OBIDA	5.8	5.6	4.6	4.5	6.2	5.7	3.3	3.4	2.1	1.4
FLORIDA  Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood	7.0	6.4	6.2	5.9	7.3	5.1	5.1	3.5	1.0	•5
Jacksonville	6.7	4.2	3.4	3.5	3.8	6.4	2.3	2.5	.9	3.2
Miami	6.3	5.1	5.5	4.5	5.4	5.7	3.1	3.1	1.3	1.4
OrlandoPensacola	5•7 1.4	8.6	4.6 1.1	7.8 1.2	4.9 1.5	7.5 1.7	1.0	4.9 1.2	.2	1.3 .2
Tampa-St. Petersburg	6.1	1.5 6.5	4.2	4.2	5.4	6.7	2.6	3.2	2.1	2.5
West Palm Beach	5.3	5.2	5.0	5.0	8.9	5.6	2.4	2.8	5.1	1.4
GEORGIA	5.4	4.3	4.4	3.5	4.9	3.7	3.3	2.4	.7	•5 •4
Atlanta 2	4.8	4.7	4.1	4.1	4.4	3.7	2.9	2.4	.6	.4
								Ì		
HAWAII 3	2.7	2.2	1.8	1.8	3.4	2.6	1.3	1.1	.2	•2
IDAHO <sup>4</sup>	- 0	4.0	4.5	2.8	7.6	4.7	2,9	2.3	3.8	1.8
IDAHO	5.8	4.0	4.7	٠.٥	1.0	7.1	,		] ,,,	
ILLINOIS:	5.0	4.3	4.4	3.7	4.6	3.8	2.9	2.3	.4	.4
Chicago	5.0	4.3	4.4	3.1	, <del>,</del> ,,	٠,٠	,		'	
INDIANA 1	4.5	4.3	3.7	3.2	3.8	3•5	2.2	1.8	.7	.8
Indianapolis 5	4.4	3.6	3.7	3.0	3.9	3.4	2.1	1.8	•7	•7
IOWA	4.5	3.9	3.5	3.1	3.9	3.2	2.3	1.9	.9	.6
Cedar Rapids	4.4	4.0	3.5			3.7	1.7	1.7	.4	1.4
Des Moines	5.4		3•5 4•1	2.5 4.4	4.0	3.3	2.4	2.2	.6	.4
·	-									

See footnotes at end of table, NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas--Continued

(Per 100 employees) Accession rates Separation rates Total New hires Total Quits Layoffs State and area Feb. Mar. 1966 Feb Mar. Mar. Feb. Mar. Feb. <u>196</u>6 1966 <u> 1966</u> 1966 1966 1966 1966 1966 1966 4.9 3.6 4.3 5.0 2.9 5.4 4.0 2.4 4.6 0.7 0.6 3.9 2.7 2.0 3.7 2.1 3.3 1.9 2.2 Topeka....... 2.2 3.7 3.2 3.1 2.1 •3 • 3 KENTUCKY ..... 3.4 2.3 3.1 2.9 2.3 2.1 1.9 4.9 3.5 3.0 4.1 1.2 1.4 1.2 .8 Louisville..... 3.9 3.2 1.0 .7 LOUISIANA .....
New Orleans <sup>6</sup> 3.8 4.5 2.3 2.7 2.3 2.4 3.5 4.2 1.5 1.5 1.2 1.3 1.6 1.4 3.6 1.9 3.9 MAINE ..... 3.8 4.9 4.2 7.0 3.8 5.0 2.3 1.1 2.5 4.2 3.7 3.5 .9 MARYLAND ..... 2.6 3.4 3.0 1.9 .7 .9 4.3 3.1 ž.9 2.7 •5 MASSACHUSETTS ..... 4.6 3.3 2.8 2.0 .6 .6 3.7 5.3 4.3 4.5 3.3 4.9 3.6 4.1 2.6 3.3 5.1 2.0 .6 1.4 4.0 2.0 1.5 6.0 3.5 4.0 2.5 2.1 3.9 4.1 •5 1.8 .6 3.1 5.7 3.5 3.1 3.2 2.7 2.3 •3 •3 2.8 2.0 3.9 3.6 3.7 3.7 3.4 4.4 2.6 2.3 3.4 1.5 1.1 1.2 3.7 1.3 3.5 5.1 4.2 3.2 1.3 .8 .9 1.7 2.5 3.2 1.5 3.5 3.8 4.3 2.3 1.2 3.9 3.2 2.6 Kalamazoo ..... 2.8 2.7 3.6 3.8 1.6 2.9 3.8 .3 1.4 3.4 4.5 1.3 ĭ.9 1.7 1.1 1.3 2.9 2.9 3.8 2.1 1.2 1.8 2.0 Saginaw ...... 4.0 3.2 3.9 3.6 1.0 4.7 6.8 3.0 3.6 3.6 2.8 1.5 1.6 MINNESOTA ..... 3·3 5·6 1.9 1.1 1.5 2.7 Duluth-Superior ...... 1.6 3.4 3.0 3.8 1.5 1.2 3.3 MISSISSIPPI ..... 4.5 5•3 5•3 3.3 4.0 1.0 5.5 5.8 4.5 4.4 3.7 5.3 3.9 3.7 2.7 •2 3.3 3.0 3.0 1.7 1.5 1.5 .8 4.8 3.7 3.8 2.2 4.2 3.1 .9 .8 2.0 3.9 3.3 3.0 3·3 3·3 .5 6. .7 3.8 MONTANA 4 . 3.8 3.4 3.0 2.7 3.9 3.2 2.1 1.7 .7 .6 1.4 3.4 2.4 .9 NEBRASKA .. 4.4 4.3 3.9 3.5 . . 3.5 4.7 4.5 3.5 4.0 2.1 1.7 1.3 1.7 NEVADA .. 6.3 . . NEW HAMPSHIRE .. .6 4.7 4.2 4.0 4.9 4.3 3.5 2.9 ٠5 5.1 NEW JERSEY: Jersey City ...... 1.2 1.5 1.7 2.6 2.1 3.5 3.7 3.8 3.3 3.8 3.2 4.4 1.5 1.7 1.2 1.4 1.4 3.0 2.6 2.9 1.7 .8 .7 .5 3.8 3.9 2.5 3.0 2.9 3.0 2.4 3.0 3.0 2.1 1.0 1.1 3.0 3.5 2.0 •9 2.8 4.0 1.9 2.0 .4 1.1 5.1 4.4 .4 2.9 1.4 3.9 2.9 3.2 2.6 1.4 1.1 4.4 3.3 2.6 1.7 4.6 3.0 (7) (7) .8 4.0 1.3 2.4 2.2 2.0 1.3 .9 .2 2.2 1.1 ٠5

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas--Continued

			r 100 emp:	loyees)			Conomit			
<b>a.</b> .	To	tal		hires	To	tal	Separatio	its	Lay	offs
State and area	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966
NEW YORK (continued) Nassau and Suffolk Counties 8 New York SMSA New York City 8 Rochester Syracuse Utica-Rome Westchester County 8	4.4 4.7 5.0 3.6 3.5 3.8 4.1	3.5 5.6 6.4 3.3 2.7 3.7	3.8 3.6 3.7 3.0 2.3 2.9 2.7	2.8 3.4 3.8 2.8 1.9 2.4 2.7	3.9 4.3 4.7 3.2 2.7 2.8 3.6	3.2 3.6 3.6 2.6 2.8 2.7 3.9	2.0 1.6 1.5 1.7 1.8 1.6 1.4	1.7 1.5 1.4 1.4 1.1 1.3	1.2 1.8 2.2 1.0 .3 .5	0.8 1.3 1.4 .6 .7 1.0
NORTH CAROLINA Charlotte. Greensboto-High Point.	5.1 5.2 4.5	4.2 3.9 4.3	4.3 5.0 3.7	3•5 3•6 3•7	4.8 5.3 4.2	3.9 4.4 4.1	3.5 4.0 3.2	2.7 3.1 3.0	.6 .5 .2	•5 •4 •3
NORTH DAKOTA	4.7 3.2	3.7 4.3	1.9 3.1	3.4 4.2	2.7 2.4	5.4 14.5	1.3	1.2	.8	3.4 12.9
OHIO Akron Canton Cincinnati Cleveland Columbus Dayton Toledo Youngstown-Warren	3.9 3.9 3.3 4.0 4.0 3.4 3.5	3.4 2.1 4.1 3.4 3.6 3.3 4.8	2.9 2.6 2.8 3.2 3.7 2.6 1.9	2.4 1.6 2.8 2.6 2.8 2.4 2.3 1.5	3.0 2.1 2.5 3.0 3.0 2.3 2.3 3.8	2.7 2.0 2.6 2.3 3.0 2.6 2.5 3.3 2.3	1.6 1.0 1.6 1.4 1.9 1.7 1.6 1.7	1.3 .8 1.3 1.2 1.5 1.2 1.4 1.2	.7 .4 .3 .5 .4 1.1 .6 .7	.7 .6 .5 .6 .7 .7 .4 1.1
OKLAHOMA <sup>9</sup> Oklahoma City Tulsa <sup>9</sup>	5.1 5.1 4.5	3.9 4.7 3.9	4.0 4.3 3.9	3.1 3.4 3.6	4.3 5.2 3.9	3.6 5.3 3.3	2.6 3.0 3.3	2.2 2.6 2.3	1.0 1.4 .1	.8 1.9 .2
OREGON 1	6.5 6.0	5.4 5.4	5•6 5•2	4.4 4.4	5.6 5.1	5•3 5•4	3.4 2.9	2.5 2.4	1.3 1.3	2.0 2.2
PENNSYLVANIA Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton Altoona Erie Harrisburg Johnstown Lancaster Philadelphia Pittsburgh Reading Scranton Wilkes-Barte—Hazleton	8 5 6 2 1 2 2 8 9 8 8 9 6 8 3 4 4 3 2 3 3 4 4 5 6	7957505500941	7679367960476 22.322.32132333	2.7.9.8 2.3.2.2.1.2.9.9.7.1.2.1.2.3.3.1.2.3.2.3	3.0 2.7 3.8 3.5 2.9 3.0 1.8 3.9 3.7 3.5	2.7 2.8 3.4 3.5 2.8 2.8 2.8 1.7 3.0 4.4	1.6 1.6 2.2 1.5 1.9 2.3 1.6 2.1 1.6 2.2 3.1	1.3 1.4 2.6 1.5 1.3 8 2.0 1.3 1.4 1.8 2.4	.8 .4 .5 .8 .5 .2 .6 .2 .7 .6 .2 .5 .7 .9	.8 .8 .3 1.0 .7 1.3 .8 .5 .5 1.1 1.2
RHODE ISLAND	6.2 6.1	4.5 5.3	4.7 4.7	3.2 4.1	5•3 5•2	4.1 4.9	3.5 3.5	2.4 3.0	•9 •8	1.0 1.2
SOUTH CAROLINA 10 Charleston	5•3 6•2 5•8	4.8 5.7 4.9	4.6 4.6 5.2	4.0 4.1 4.5	4.7 6.7 5.1	4.0 5.0 4.4	3.4 3.2 4.1	3.0 2.9 3.5	.4 2.5 .1	.2 1.5 .1
SOUTH DAKOTA	6.3 9.2	4.7 5.3	2.9 3.6	2.2 1.7	5.4 7.6	5.8 5.9	1.6 1.3	1.9 1.0	3.2 6.3	2.8 4.6
TENNESSEE 10 Chartanooga 6 Knoxville Memphis Nashville	4.4 4.8 3.5 6.4 4.7	3.4 1.9 5.9 4.0	3.5 4.2 2.8 5.5 4.3	3.0 3.0 1.5 5.1 3.4	3.7 3.6 2.3 4.7 3.4	3.0 3.4 1.3 4.3 3.0	2.4 2.7 1.7 2.9 2.5	1.8 2.0 1.0 2.3 2.1	.6 .1 .2 .8	.6 .6 .1 1.1 .4
TEXAS 11 Dallas 11 Fort Worth Houston 11 San Antonio 11	4.5 4.7 5.2 3.2 2.5	4.0 4.8 4.9 2.9 2.6	3.7 4.3 4.2 2.8 2.1	3.3 4.2 4.0 2.6 2.3	3.8 3.4 2.8 2.2	3.4 3.5 3.3 2.6 2.4	2.4 2.6 2.2 1.9	2.1 2.4 2.2 1.8 1.5	.6 .4 .7 .2	.6 •3 •5 •2 •4

See footnotes at end of table.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.

Table D-5: Labor turnover rates in manufacturing for selected States and areas--Continued

	T	Accessi	on rates				Separatio	n rates		
	To	tal	New	New hires		Total		its	Lay	offs
State and area	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966	Mar. 1966	Feb. 1966
TAH <sup>4</sup>	4.1 3.2	3.6 3.5	2.5 2.6	2.6 2.9	3.4 3.5	2.9 2.5	2.0 2.0	1.6 1.6	1.0	0.7 .4
ERMONT Burlington. Springfield.	4.6 4.9 2.6	3.4 4.8 1.7	3.7 4.6 2.5	2.6 4.2 1.4	3.3 2.7 1.8	2.5 2.7 1.5	2.3 1.9 1.4	1.7 2.0 1.1	.3 .2 (7)	.3 .2 .1
IRGINIA Norfolk-Portsmouth Richmond Roanoke	4.5 7.1 3.6 3.6	3.6 3.4 3.6 3.1	3.7 5.2 3.1 3.1	2.8 2.4 3.3 2.6	3.6 3.7 3.8 3.0	3.3 2.8 3.4 2.7	2.4 2.0 2.3 2.1	1.8 1.5 2.0 1.5	•5 •7 •7 •2	.8 1.0 .7
ASHINGTON 12  Seattle-Everett 12  Spokane 12  Tacoma 12	7.4 8.1 6.4 7.0	6.1 7.1 4.1 5.2	5.9 6.7 4.2 5.6	4.8 5.7 2.7 3.7	5.4 4.5 5.6 6.4	4.0 3.7 3.5 5.3	3.1 3.0 3.3 4.1	2.3 2.3 1.2 2.5	1.5 .7 1.4 1.6	.9 .6 1.6 2.1
EST VIRGINIA Charleston. Huntington-Ashland. Wheeling.	3.5 2.8 4.3 2.8	3.1 1.6 2.4 3.8	2.2 2.3 2.6 1.1	1.7 1.2 1.6 1.4	2.5 1.3 2.2 2.9	2.6 1.0 1.8 4.0	1.2 .8 1.2	.8 .5 .8 1.0	•7 •3 •5 1•7	1.2 .7 2.4
ISCONSIN   Green Bay   Kenosha   La Crosse   Madison   Milwaukee   Racine   Racine   Green Bay   Gre	6.6 2.1 47.3 3.9 4.1 6.1 3.9	3.6 2.1 2.8 4.0 3.6 3.7 3.8	3.1 1.8 1.3 2.4 2.6 3.3 3.3	2.8 1.9 1.0 2.4 2.1 3.0 2.8	3.5 1.7 5.0 3.6 3.0 3.4 3.6	5.9 2.2 49.2 4.8 4.4 5.4 3.6	2.0 .9 1.6 1.2 1.8 2.0	1.7 .9 .9 1.9 1.7 1.7	.6 .4 2.8 1.5 .6 .4	3.1 .8 47.8 1.8 2.1 2.1
YOMING 4	6.4	6.3	5.6	2.9	5.1	3.5	2.7	1.9	1.5	1.:

<sup>1</sup> Excludes canning and preserving.
2 Excludes agricultural chemicals and miscellaneous manufacturing.
3 Excludes canned fruits, vegetables, preserves, jams, and jellies.
4 Excludes canning and preserving, and sugar.
5 Excludes canning and preserving, and newspapers.
6 Excludes printing and publishing.
7 Less than 0.05.
8 Subarea of New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.
9 Excludes new-hire rate for transportation equipment.
10 Excludes tobacco stemming and redrying.
11 Excludes canning and preserving, sugar, and tobacco.
12 Excludes canning and preserving, printing and publishing.
NOTE: Data for the current month are preliminary.
SOURCE: Cooperating State agencies listed on inside back cover.

#### UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE DATA

Table E-1: Insured unemployment under State programs

(Week including the 12th of the month)

	{Week i	including th	e 12th of t ber (in thousan			Rate (per	cent of average	covered
	ļ	T	The the thicks an	Change to	May 1966		employment)	T
State	May 1966	April 1966	May 1965	April 1966	from <sup>1</sup> May 1965	May 1966	April 1966	May 1965
TOTAL 2 SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	881.7 9661	10671 985.0		-1 8 5 .4 -1 9 .0	-3272 -352.5	2.0 2.1	2.4 2.2	2.8 3.0
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas	111 3.7 5.9 8.8	13.0 5.5 6.8 10.3	13.0 2.9 10.5 11.7	- 1.9 - 1.9 - 1.5	-1.9 .7 -4.6 -2.9	1.8 9.2 2.1 2.6	21 140 24 31	2.3 8.3 3.8 3.7
California*	174.0	188.4	238.7	-14.4	-64.7	3.9	43	5.5
	3.9	5.0	5.8	-1.0	-1.9	1.0	13	1.5
	11.5	13.9	18.4	-2.5	-6.9	1.4	17	2.3
	1.4	3.0	1.9	-1.7	5	9	21	1.4
District of Columbia Florida Georgia Hawaii	3.4	3.6	4.4	- 2	-1.0	1 1	11	1.4
	14.6	13.9	193	.7	-4.6	1 3	13	1.9
	10.8	9.7	15.0	11	-4.2	1 2	11	1.8
	3.3	3.5	4.4	-1	-1.1	1 8	19	2.5
Idaho	23	41	3.9	-1.8	-1.6	1.7	31	31
	34.5	41.0	48.9	-6.4	-14.4	1.2	1.4	1.8
	10.4	13.6	14.3	-3.3	-3.9	.8	11	1.2
	3.5	5.4	5.6	-1.9	-2.1	.7	11	1.2
Kansas	3.9	5.3	6.6	- 1.4	-2.7	1.0	1.4	1.8
	10.7	13.6	15.9	- 2.9	-5.2	2.1	2.7	3.3
	14.5	16.5	18.8	- 2.0	-4.3	2.3	2.7	3.2
	5.9	6.0	6.6	- 1	7	2.9	3.0	3.4
Maryland	9.6	119	16.5	- 2.4	-6.9	1 &	1.5	2.2
	3 9.6	481	541	- 8.5	-14.5	2.5	3.1	3.5
	2 4.8	327	23.8	- 7.8	-1.0	1 &	1.6	1.3
	1 4 2	233	20.3	- 9.0	-6.0	1 .8	3.0	2.7
Mississippi	53	6 2	7.0	-8	-1.6	1.7	1.9	2.3
	172	2 2 9	20.9	-5.7	-3.7	1.7	2.2	2.1
	2.6	4 6	3.5	-2.0	-8	2.3	4.0	3.1
	22	3 5	4.2	-1.3	-2.0	9	1.4	1.7
Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico	4.6 1.1 4 9.0 3.8	5.5 2.0 61.1 5.1	51 3.5 61.7 4.9	-9 -9 -121 -13	5 -23 -12.7 -12	3.7 2.9 2.2	4.4 1.2 3.6 3.0	43 22 38 29
New York.  North Carolina  North Dakota  Ohio.	1501	178.9	196.5	-28.8	-46.5	2.9	3.4	3.8
	181	19.8	242	-1.7	-6.0	1.7	1.8	2.4
	22	42	23	-2.0	-1	2.9	5.4	3.1
	22.0	30.1	34.4	-8.1	-12.4	9	1.2	1.4
Oklahoma	9.8	111	13.4	-1.4	-3.6	2.4	2.7	3.4
	10.6	148	14.3	-4.1	-3.7	2.3	3.2	3.2
	46.3	600	76.3	-13.7	-30.0	1.5	2.0	2.6
	16.5	181	16.8	-1.6	-3	5.6	6.1	6.0
Rhode Island	4.9	61	6.8	-12	-1.9	1.9	2.4	2.8
	6.6	7.5	93	-9	-2.7	1.3	1.5	2.0
	.8	1.7	13	-8	4	1.0	2.1	1.6
	12.7	162	189	-3.5	-6.2	1.6	2.1	2.6
Texas Utah Vermont Virginia	23.7 3.9 1.7 5.6	2 6.8 5.4 2.3 6.9	388 65 23 78	-31 -1.4 -6 -13	-151 -2.5 6 -2.2	2.0 2.1 .7	1.3 2.7 2.8 8	2.0 3.2 3.0 1.0
Washington. West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	14.6	203	21.9	-5.6	-72	23	31	3.5
	7.7	92	9.6	-1.5	-19	23	27	3.0
	10.3	169	141	-6.6	-3.8	10	17	1.5
	1.1	18	1.6	7	-5	17	27	2.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Based on unrounded data; changes of less than 50 not shown.

<sup>2</sup>Include data under the program for Puerto Rico's sugarcane workers. Rates exclude the sugarcane workers as comparable covered employment data are not yet available.

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes insured unemployment under extended duration provisions of regular State laws.

### UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE DATA

Table E-2: Insured unemployment in 150 major labor areas2

(In thousands, for week including the 12th of the month)

State and area	May	April	State and area	May	April	State and area	May 1966	April 1966	State and area	May 1966	April 1966
	1966	1966		1966	1966		1900	1900		1900	1,700
ALABAMA Birmingham Mobile	2.7 1.3	3.2 1.3	INDIANA Evansville Ft. Wayne Gary-Hammond	.7 .3 1.4	.8 .4 1.7	NEW HAMPSHIRE Manchester	2	.4	Pennsylvania continued York	12	13
ARIZONA Phoenix	3.4	3.6	Indianapolis South Bend Terre Haute IOWA Cedar Rapids	1.5 .5 .7	2.0 .6 .8	NEW JERSEY Atlantic City Jersey City Newark New Brunswick. Paterson Trenton	1.7 6.8 141 3.9 112 1.9	2.3 8.4 1.7.4 5.3 1.3.6 2.2	PUERTO RICO* Mayaguez Ponce San Juan	.6 1 .3 3 .7	9 1.5 4.0
Little Rock	.4	.4	Des Moines	.3	.4	NEW MEXICO	1.9		RHODE ISLAND Providence	5.5	6.6
		1	Wichita	.8	1.0	Albuquerque	1.3	1.7	r lovidelice	0.5	0,0
CALIFORNIA"			}								
Fresno	5.6 67.5 9.3 97.3	62 711 799 98 98	KENTUCKY Louisville  LOUISIANA Baton Rouge New Orleans	2.0 1.0 3.1	2.8 1.4 3.6	NEW YORK Albany Binghamton Buffalo New York	2.5 9 7.0 121.5	32 1.5 93 136.5	SOUTH CAROLINA Charleston Greenville	.5 .7	.6 .7
San Jose Stockton	9.0 3.5	8.8 3.6	Shreveport  MAINE Portland	1.0	1.0	Rochester Syracuse Utica	3.6	4.6 3.0 3.3	TENNESSEE Chattanooga Knoxville Memphis	9 11 23	1.0 1.3 2.7
Denver	2.1	2.6	MARYLAND Baltimore	5.7	6.6	NORTH CAROLINA Asheville Charlotte	.4 .6	.5 .7	Nashville	1.5	1.7
CONNECTICUT Bridgeport Hartford New Britain New Haven Stamford Waterbury	1.9 2.5.9 1.5.2 1.2	2.2 2.5 .7 2.4 .6 1.6	MASSACHUSETTS Boston Brockton Fall River Lawrence	18.7 1.0 1.5 2.3 1.8	21.7 12 21 2.8 2.2	Durham	8 .7 13	.7 1.0 1.4	TEXAS Austin Beaumont Corpus Christi Dallas El Paso Ft. Worth	.4 1.0 .8 2.4 1.3 1.3	.4 1 2 9 9 9 5 5 5 1 3 6
DELAWARE Wilmington	1.2	2.7	Lowell  New Bedford  Springfield  Worcester	1.8	21 4.5 2.9	Canton Cincinnati Cleveland Columbus Dayton Hamilton	.8 31 4.0 1.9 1.3	4.6 5.5 2.0 1.4	Houston San Antonio  UTAH Salt Lake City	2.1	2.€
DIST. OF COL. Washington	4.7	5.0	MICHIGAN Battle Creek Detroit Flint Grand Rapids	.4 111 11 1.7	5 13.4 1.0 2.0	Lorain Steubenville Toledo Youngstown	3 .7 1.6 1.4	.5 9 1.8 2.4	VIRGINIA Hampton	.5	.7
Jacksonville Miami Tampa	.6 4.6 2.3	3.9 2.5	Kalamazoo Lansing Muskegon Saginaw	.4	.6 .5 .6 .3	OKLAHOMA Oklahoma City. Tulsa	1.9 1.3	2.2 1.8	Norfolk Richmond Roanoke	.8 .5 .3	1.0 .4 .4
GEORGIA Atlanta Augusta Columbus Macon	2.0 .4 .4 .3	2 3 .4 .5 .3	MINNESOTA Duluth Minneapolis	.9 3.9	1.3 5.7	OREGON Portland	3.6	4.6	WASHINGTON Seattle Spokane Tacoma	5.0 1.2 1.4	5.9 1.9 1.8
Savannah  HAWAII  Honolulu	2.4	2.3	MISSISSIPPI Jackson	.4	.4	PENNSYLVANIA Allentown Altoona Erie Harrisburg Johnstown	1 2 .7 1 1 1 .1 1 .8	1.4 9 1.5 1.6 2.2	WEST VIRGINIA Charleston Huntington Wheeling	.8 1.0 1.3	1 2 1 3 1 .7
ILLINOIS Chicago Davenport Peoria Rockford	211 .7 .9 .5	23.4 9 11 .5	Kansas City St. Louis  NEBRASKA Omaha	41 8.9 1.2	5.4 10.9 2.0	Lancaster Philadelphia Pittsburgh Reading Scranton Wilkes-Barre	191 8.4 1.0	23.0 11.0 12 3.5 4.4	WISCONSIN Kenosha Madison Milwaukee Racine	୭,ଷ୍ଟ ଞ୍ ଷ	1.1 .5 3.5 .9

Insured jobless under State, Federal Employee, and Ex-Servicemen's unemployment insurance programs.

For full name of labor area, see Area Trends in Employment and Unemployment published by the Bureau of Employment Security.

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes insured unemployed under extended duration provisions of regular State laws.

# **Technical Note**

## Technical Note

Additional information concerning the preparation of the labor force, employment, hours and earnings, and labor turnover series—concepts and scope, survey methods, and limitations—is contained in technical notes for each of these series, available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics free of charge. Order blank follows Technical Note.

#### INTRODUCTION

The statistics in this periodical are compiled from three major sources: (1) household interviews, (2) payroll reports from employers; and (3) administrative statistics of unemployment insurance systems.

Data based on household interviews are obtained from a sample survey of the population. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, the employed and the unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, color, marital status, occupations, hours of work, and duration of unemployment. The information is collected by trained interviewers from a sample of about 35,000 households, representing 357 areas in 701 counties and independent cities, with coverage in 50 States and the District of Columbia. The data collected are based on the activity or status reported for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Data based on establishment payroll records are compiled each month from mail questionnaires by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State agencies. The payroll survey provides detailed industry information on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, average hourly and weekly earnings, and labor turnover for the Nation, States, and metropolitan areas. The figures are based on payroll reports from a sample of establishments employing about 25 million nonfarm wage and salary workers. The data relate to all workers, full- or part-time, who received pay during the payroll period which includes the 12th of the month.

Data based on administrative records of unemployment insurance systems furnish a complete count of insured unemployment among the two-thirds of the Nation's labor force covered by unemployment insurance programs. Weekly reports, by State, are issued on the number of initial claims, the volume and rate of insured unemployment under State unemployment insurance programs, and the volume under programs of unemployment compensation for Federal employees, exservicemen, and for railroad workers. These statistics are published by the Bureau of Employment Security, U.S. Department of Labor in "Unemployment Insurance Claims."

#### Relation between the household and payroll series

The household and payroll data supplement one another, each providing significant types of information that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtained only from the household survey whereas detailed industrial classifications can be reliably derived only from establishment reports.

Data from these two sources differ from each other because of differences in definition and coverage, sources of information, methods of collection, and estimating procedures. Sampling variability and response errors are additional reasons for discrepancies. The major factors which have a differential effect on levels and trends of the two series are as follows:

#### Employment

Coverage. The household survey definition of employment comprises wage and salary workers (including domestics and other private household workers), self-employed persons, and unpaid workers who worked 15 hours or more during the survey week in family-operated enterprises, Employment in both farm and nonfarm industries is included. The payroll survey covers only wage and salary employees on the payrolls of nonfarm establishments.

Multiple jobholding. The household approach provides information on the work status of the population without duplication since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once, and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. In the figures based on establishment records, persons who worked in more than one establishment during the reporting period are counted each time their names appear on payrolls.

Unpaid absences from jobs. The household survey includes among the employed all persons who had jobs but were not at work during the survey week--that is, were not working or looking for work but had jobs from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management dispute, or because they were taking time off for various other reasons, even if they were not paid by their employers

for the time off. In the figures based on payroll reports, persons on leave paid for by the company are included, but not those on leave without pay for the entire payroll period.

#### Hours of Work

The household survey measures hours actually worked whereas the payroll survey measures hours paid for by employers. In the household survey data, all persons with a job but not at work are excluded from the hours distributions and the computations of average hours. In the payroll survey, employees on paid vacation, paid holiday, or paid sick leave are included and assigned the number of hours for which they were paid during the reporting period.

## Comparability of the household interview data with other series

Unemployment insurance data. The unemployed total from the household survey includes all persons who did not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work or were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, regardless of whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Figures on unemployment insurance claims, prepared by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Department of Labor, exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (agriculture, State and local government, domestic service, self-employed, unpaid family work, nonprofit organizations, and firms below a minimum size).

In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used in the household survey. For example, persons with a job but not at work and persons working only a few hours during the week are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation, but are classified as employed rather than unemployed in the household survey.

Agricultural employment estimates of the Department of Agriculture. The principal differences in coverage

are the inclusion of persons under 14 in the Statistical Research Service (SRS) series and the treatment of dual jobholders who are counted more than once if they worked on more than one farm during the reporting period. There are also wide differences in sampling techniques and collecting and estimating methods, which cannot be readily measured in terms of impact on differences in level and trend of the two series.

## Comparability of the payroll employment data with other series

Statistics on manufactures and business, Bureau of the Census. BLS establishment statistics on employment differ from employment counts derived by the Bureau of the Census from its censuses or annual sample surveys of manufacturing establishments and the censuses of business establishments. The major reasons for some noncomparability are different treatment of business units considered parts of an establishment, such as central administrative offices and auxiliary units, the industrial classification of establishments, and different reporting patterns by multiunit companies. There are also differences in the scope of the industries covered, e.g., the Census of Business excludes contract construction, professional services, public utilities, and financial establishments, whereas these are included in BLS statistics.

County Business Patterns. Data in County Business Patterns, published jointly by the U.S. Departments of Commerce and Health, Education, and Welfare, differ from BLS establishment statistics in the treatment of central administrative offices and auxiliary units. Differences may also arise because of industrial classification and reporting practices. In addition, CBP excludes interstate railroads and government, and coverage is incomplete for some of the nonprofit activities.

Employment covered by State unemployment insurance programs. Not all nonfarm wage and salary workers are covered by the unemployment insurance programs. All workers in certain activities, such as interstate railroads, are excluded. In addition, small firms in covered industries are also excluded in 32 States. In general, these are establishments with less than four employees.

## Labor Force Data

#### COLLECTION AND COVERAGE

Statistics on the employment status of the population, the personal, occupational, and other economic characteristics of employed and unemployed persons, and related labor force data are compiled for the BLS by the Bureau of the Census in its Current Population Survey (CPS). A detailed description of this survey appears in "Concepts and Methods Used in Household Statistics on Employment and Unemployment from the

Current Population Survey" (BLS Report 279). This report is available from BLS on request.

These monthly surveys of the population are conducted with a scientifically selected sample designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population 14 years and over. Respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each member of the household 14 years of age and over. The inquiry relates to activity or status during the calendar week,

Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month. This is known as the survey week. Actual field interviewing is conducted in the following week.

Inmates of institutions and persons under 14 years of age are not covered in the regular monthly enumerations and are excluded from the population and labor force statistics shown in this report. Data on members of the Armed Forces, who are included as part of the categories "total noninstitutional population" and "total labor force," are obtained from the Department of Defense

Each month, 35,000 occupied units are designated for interview. About 1,500 of these households are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not found at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for other reasons. This represents a noninterview rate for the survey of about 4 percent. In addition to the 35,000 occupied units there are 5,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but found to be vacant or otherwise not to be enumerated. Part of the sample is changed each month. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be common from one month to the next, and one-half to be common with the same month a year ago.

#### CONCEPTS

Employed persons comprise (a) all those who during the survey week did any work at all as paid employees, in their own business profession, or on farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, and (b) all those who were not working or looking for work but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labormanagement dispute, or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Included in the total are employed citizens of foreign countries, temporarily in the United States, who are not living on the premises of an Embassy.

Excluded are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (such as own home housework, and painting or repairing own home) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed persons comprise all persons who did not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work, regardless of whether or not they were eligible for unemployment insurance. Also included as unemployed are those who did not work at all and (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (b) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days (and were not in school

during the survey week); or (c) would have been looking for work except that they were temporarily ill or believed no work was available in their line of work or in the community.

Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed had been continuously looking for work or would have been looking for work except for temporary illness, or belief that no work was available in their line of work or in the community. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment representate number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of 2 weeks or more during which a person was employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Average duration is an arithmetic mean computed from a distribution by single weeks of unemployment.

The civilian labor force comprises the total of all civilians classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "total labor force" also includes members of the Armed Forces stationed either in the United States or abroad.

The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, marital status, color, etc.

Not in labor force includes all civilians 14 years and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as "engaged in own home housework," "in school," "unable to work" because of long term physical or mental illness, and "other." The "other" group includes for the most part retired persons, those reported as too old to work, the voluntarily idle, and seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an "off" season and who were not reported as unemployed. Persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the labor force.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker for the employed apply to the job held in the survey week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. The unemployed are classified according to their latest full-time civilian job lasting 2 weeks or more. The occupation and industry groups used in data derived from the CPS household interviews are defined as in the 1960 Census of Population, Information on the detailed categories included in these groups is available upon request.

The class-of-worker breakdown specifies "wage and salary workers," subdivided into private and government workers, "self-employed workers," and "unpaid family workers." Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a governmental unit. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their

own business, profession, or trade, or operate a farm. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood or marriage.

Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, a person who normally works 40 hours a week but who was off on the Veterans Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours even though he was paid for the holiday.

For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week. However, all the hours are credited to the major job.

Persons who worked 35 hours or more in the survey week are designated as working "full time"; persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working "part time," Part-time workers are classified by their usual status at their present job (either full time or part time) and by their reason for working part time during the survey week (economic or other reasons), "Economic reasons" include: Slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. "Other reasons" include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home housework, school, no desire for full-time work and full-time worker only during peak season. Persons on full-time schedules include, in addition to those working 35 hours or more, those who worked from 1-34 hours for noneconomic reasons but usually work full time,

Full- and part-time labor force. The full-time labor force consists of persons working on full-time schedules, persons involuntarily working part time (because full-time work is not available) and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The part-time labor force consists of persons working part time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Persons with a job but not at work during the survey week are distributed proportionately between the full-time and voluntary part-time employment categories.

Labor force time lost is a measure of man-hours lost to the economy through unemployment and involuntary part-time employment and is expressed as a percent of potentially available man-hours. It is computed by assuming: (I) that unemployed persons looking for full-time work lost an average of 37.5 hours, (2) that those looking for part-time work lost the average number of hours actually worked by voluntary part-time workers during the survey week, and (3) that persons on part time for economic reasons lost the difference between 37.5 hours and the actual number of hours they worked.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

Under the estimation methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire panel of respondents. There are no subsequent adjustments to independent benchmark data on labor force, employment, or unemployment. Therefore, revisions of the historical data are not an inherent feature of this statistical program.

- 1. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability for other reasons. This adjustment is made separately by groups of sample areas and, within these, for six groups—color (white and nonwhite) within the three residence categories (urban, rural nonfarm, and rural farm). The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 4 to 6 percent depending on weather, vacations, etc.
- 2. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the Nation as a whole, in such characteristics as age, color, sex, and residence. Since these population characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the latter estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio estimates as follows:
- a. First-stage ratio estimate. This is the procedure in which the sample proportions are weighted by the known 1960 Census data on the color-residence distribution of the population. This step takes into account the differences existing at the time of the 1960 Census between the color-residence distribution for the Nation and for the sample areas.
- b. Second-stage ratio estimate. In this step, the sample proportions are weighted by independent current estimates of the population by age, sex, and color. These estimates are prepared by carrying forward the most recent census data (1960) to take account of subsequent aging of the population, mortality, and migration between the United States and other countries.
- 3. Composite estimate procedure. In deriving statistics for a given month, a composite estimating procedure is used which takes account of net changes from the previous month for continuing parts of the sample (75 percent) as well as the sample results for the current month. This procedure reduces the sampling variability especially of month-to-month changes but also of the levels for most items.

#### Reliability of the Estimates

Since the estimates are based on a sample, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if it were possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures.

The standard error is a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variations that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population is surveyed. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

Table A shows the average standard error for the major employment status categories, by sex, computed from data for past months. Estimates of change derived from the survey are also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of change for consecutive months is also shown in table A. The standard errors of level shown in table A are acceptable approximations of the standard errors of year to year change.

Table A. Average standard error of major employment status categories

(In thousands)

	Average stand	lard error of
Employment status and sex	Monthly level	Month- to-month change (consecutive months only)
BOTH SEXES		
Labor force and total employment	250 200 300 100	180 120 180 100
MALE		
Labor force and total employment	120 180 200 75	90 90 120 90
FEMALE		
Labor force and total employment	180 75 180 65	150 55 120 65

The figures presented in table B are to be used for other characteristics and are approximations of the standard errors of all such characteristics. They should be interpreted as providing an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard errors rather than as the precise standard error for any specific item.

The standard error of the change in an item from one month to the next month is more closely related to the standard error of the monthly level for that item than to the size of the specific month-to-month change itself. Thus, in order to use the approximations to the standard errors of month-to-month changes as presented in table C, it is first necessary to obtain the standard error of the monthly level of the item in table B, and then find the standard error of the month-to-month change in table C corresponding to this standard error of level. It should be noted that table C applies to estimates of change between 2 consecutive months. For changes between the current month and the same month last year, the standard errors of level shown in table B are acceptable approximations.

Table B. Standard error of level of monthly estimates

(In thousands)

	Both	sexes	Ma	le	Fem	ale
Size of estimate	Total or white	Non- white	Total or white	Non- white	Total or white	Non- white
10	5	5	7	5	5	5
	(			1 - 1		1 -
50	11	10	14	10	10	10
100	15	14	20	14	. 14	14
250	24	21	31	21	22	21
500	34	30	43	30	31	30
1,000	48	40	60	40	45	40
2,500	75	50	90	50	70	50
5,000	100	50	110	l I	100	
10,000	140		140		130	
20,000	180		150		170	'''
30,000	210	•••	100	'''		
•		•••	•••	•••		•••
40,000	220	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

Illustration: Assume that the tables showed the total number of persons working a specific number of hours as 15,000,000, an increase of 500,000 over the previous month. Linear interpolation in the first column of table B shows that the standard error of 15,000,000 is about 160,000. Consequently, the chances are about 68 out of 100 that the sample estimate differs by less than 160,000 from the figure which would have been obtained from a complete count of the number of persons working the given number of hours. Using the 160,000 as the standard

error of the monthly level in table C, it may be seen that the standard error of the 500,000 increase is about 135,000.

Table C. Standard error of estimates of month-to-month change (In thousands)

		ror of month- th change
Standard error of monthly level	Estimates relating to agricultural employment	All esti- mates ex- cept those relating to agricultural employment

14

35

70

100

110

250

. . .

12

26

48

90 130

160

190 220

The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which the percentage is based. Where the numerator is a subclass of the denominator, estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding absolute estimates of the numerator of the percentage, particularly if the percentage is large (50 percent or greater). Table D shows the standard errors for percentages derived from the survey. Linear interpolation may be used for percentages and base figures not shown in table D.

Table D. Standard error of percentage

Base of		Estimated percentage								
percent- ages (thou- sands)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	20 or 80	25 or 75	35 or 65	50	
150	1.0	1.4	2,2	3,0	3.5	4.0	4.2	4.7	4.9	
250	.8	1,1	1.7	2,3	2,8	3.1	3.4	3.7	3.9	
500	.6	.8	1,2	1.7	2,0	2,2	2.4	2,6	2,8	
1,000	.4	.5	.9	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.9	
2,000	.3	.4	.6	.8	1.0	1,1	1.2	1.3	1.4	
3,000	.2	.3	.5	.7	.8	.9	1.0	1,1	1.1	
5,000	.2	.2	.4	.5	.6	.7	.8	.8	.9	
10,000	.1	.2	.3	.4	.4	.5	.5	.6	.6	
25,000 .	.1	.1	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	
50,000	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	
75,000	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	

## Establishment Data

#### COLLECTION

Payroll reports provide current information on wage and salary employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover in nonfarm establishments, by industry and geographic location.

#### Federal-State Cooperation

10 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

25.....

150 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

200 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

250 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

300 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Under cooperative arrangements with State agencies, the respondent fills out only one employment or labor turnover schedule, which is then used for national, State, and area estimates. This eliminates duplicate reporting on the part of respondents and, together with the use of identical techniques at the national and State levels, insures maximum comparability of estimates.

State agencies mail the forms to the establishments and examine the returns for consistency, accuracy, and completeness. The States use the information to prepare State and area series and then send the data to the BLS for use in preparing the national series.

#### Shuttle Schedules

Two types of data collection schedules are used; Form BLS 790--Monthly Report on Employment, Payroll, and Hours; and Form DL 1219--Monthly Report

on Labor Turnover. These schedules are of the "shuttle" type, with space for each month of the calendar year. The schedule is returned to the respondent each month by the collecting agency so that the next month's data can be entered. This procedure assures maximum comparability and accuracy of reporting, since the respondent can see the figures he has reported for previous months.

The BLS 790 provides for entry of data on the number of full- and part-time workers on the payrolls of non-agricultural establishments and, for most industries, payroll and man-hours of production and related workers or nonsupervisory workers for the pay period which most nearly coincides with the standard survey reference week (the calendar week, Sunday through Saturday, which includes the 12th of the month). The labor turnover schedule provides for the collection of information on the total number of accessions and separations, by type, during the calendar month.

#### CONCEPTS

#### Industrial Classification

Establishments are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity determined from information on annual sales volume. This information is collected each year on a supplement to the

monthly 790 or 1219 report. For an establishment making more than one product or engaging in more than one activity, the entire employment of the establishment is included under the industry indicated by the most important product or activity.

All national, State, and area employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover series are classified in accordance with the Standard Industrial Classification Manual Bureau of the Budget, 1957, as amended by the 1963 Supplement.

#### Industry Employment

Employment data for all except the Federal Government refer to persons on establishment payrolls who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. For Federal Government establishments, employment figures represent the number of persons who occupied positions on the last day of the calendar month. Intermittent workers are counted if they performed any service during the month.

The data exclude proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers in households. Salaried officers of corporations are included. Government employment covers only civilian employees; Federal military personnel are excluded from total nonagricultural employment.

Persons on an establishment payroll who are on paid sick leave (when pay is received directly from the firm), on paid holiday or paid vacation, or who work during a part of the pay period and are unemployed or on strike during the rest of the period, are counted as employed. Not counted as employed are persons who are laid off, on leave without pay, or on strike for the entire period, or who are hired but do not report to work during the period.

#### Industry Hours and Earnings

Hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and man-hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in contract construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the remaining nonfarm components. For Federal Government, hours and earnings relate to all employees who worked or received pay during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Terms are defined below. When the pay period reported is longer than 1 week, figures are reduced to a weekly basis.

Production and related workers include working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including leadmen and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), and recordkeeping and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Construction workers include the following employees in the contract construction division: Working foremen,

journeymen, mechanics, apprentices, laborers, etc.. whether working at the site of construction or in shops or yards, at jobs (such as precutting and preassembling) ordinarily performed by members of the construction trades.

Nonsupervisory employees include employees (not above the working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairmen, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, linemen, laborers, janitors, watchmen, and similar occupational levels, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of the employees listed.

Payroll covers the payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. The payroll is reported before deductions of any kind, e.g., for old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, or union dues; also included is pay for over-time, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period), other pay not earned in pay period reported (e.g., retroactive pay), and the value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payment in kind are excluded.

Man-hours cover man-hours worked or paid for, during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month, for production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers. The man-hours include hours paid for holidays and vacations, and for sick leave when pay is received directly from the firm.

Overtime hours cover premium overtime hours of production and related workers during the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Overtime hours are those for which premiums were paid because the hours were in excess of the number of hours of either the straight-time workday or workweek. Weekend and holiday hours are included only if premium wage rates were paid. Hours for which only shift differential, hazard, incentive, or other similar types of premiums were paid are excluded.

#### Gross Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings

Average hourly earnings are on a "gross" basis, reflecting not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, but also such variable factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work, and changes in output of workers paid on an incentive plan. Shifts in the volume of employment between relatively high-paid and low-paid work and changes in workers' earnings in individual establishments also affect the general earnings averages. Averages for groups and divisions further reflect changes in average hourly earnings for individual industries.

Averages of hourly earnings differ from wage rates. Earnings are the actual return to the worker for a stated period of time, while rates are the amounts stipulated for a given unit of work or time. The earnings series, however, does not measure the level of total labor costs on

the part of the employer since the following are excluded: Irregular bonuses, retroactive items, payments of various welfare benefits, payroll taxes paid by employers, and earnings for those employees not covered under the production-worker, construction worker, or nonsupervisory-employee definitions.

Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings. Therefore, weekly earnings are affected not only by changes in gross average hourly earnings, but also by changes in the length of the workweek, part-time work, stoppages for varying causes, labor turnover, and absenteeism.

#### Average Weekly Hours

The workweek information relates to the average hours for which pay was received, and is different from standard or scheduled hours. Such factors as absenteeism, labor turnover, part—time work, and stoppages cause average weekly hours to be lower than scheduled hours of work for an establishment. Group averages further reflect changes in the workweek of component industries.

#### **Average Overtime Hours**

The overtime hours represent that portion of the gross average weekly hours which were in excess of regular hours and for which premium payments were made. If an employee worked on a paid holiday at regular rates, receiving as total compensation his holiday pay plus straight-time pay for hours worked that day, no overtime hours would be reported.

Since overtime hours are premium hours by definition, gross weekly hours and overtime hours do not necessarily move in the same direction, from month-tomonth; for example, premiums may be paid for hours in excess of the straight-time workday although less than a full week is worked. Diverse trends at the industry-group level may also be caused by a marked change in gross hours for a component industry where little or no overtime was worked in both the previous and current months. In addition, such factors as stoppages, absenteeism, and labor turnover may not have the same influence on overtime hours as on gross hours.

#### Railroad Hours and Earnings

The figures for class I railroads (excluding switching and terminal companies) are based on monthly data summarized in the M-300 report of the Interstate Commerce Commission and relate to all employees who received pay during the month, except executives, officials, and staff assistants (ICC group I). Gross average hourly earnings are computed by dividing total compensation by total hours paid for. Average weekly hours are obtained by dividing the total number of hours paid for reduced to a weekly basis, by the number of employees, as defined above. Gross average weekly earnings are derived by multiplying average weekly hours by average hourly earnings.

#### Spendable Average Weekly Earnings

Spendable average weekly earnings in current dollars are obtained by deducting estimated Federal social security and income taxes from gross weekly earnings. The amount of income tax liability depends on the number of dependents supported by the worker, as well as on the level of his gross income. To reflect these variables, spendable earnings are computed for a worker with no dependents, and a worker with three dependents. The computations are based on the gross average weekly earnings for all production or nonsupervisory workers in the industry division without regard to marital status, family composition, or total family income.

"Real" earnings are computed by dividing the current Consumer Price Index into the earnings averages for the current month. The resulting level of earnings expressed in 1957-59 dollars is thus adjusted for changes in purchasing power since the base period.

#### Average Hourly Earnings Excluding Overtime

Average hourly earnings excluding premium overtime pay are computed by dividing the total productionworker payroll for the industry group by the sum of total production-worker man-hours and one-half of total overtime man-hours. Prior to January 1956, these data were based on the application of adjustment factors to gross average hourly earnings (as described in the Monthly Labor Review, May 1950, pp. 537-540). Both methods eliminate only the earnings due to overtime paid for at  $1\frac{1}{2}$  times the straight-time rates. No adjustment is made for other premium payment provisions, such as holiday work, late-shift work, and overtime rates other than time and one-half.

#### indexes of Aggregate Weekly Payrolls and Man-Hours

The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls and manhours are prepared by dividing the current month's aggregate by the monthly average for the 1957-59 period. The man-hour aggregates are the product of average weekly hours and production-worker employment, and the payroll aggregates are the product of gross average weekly earnings and production-worker employment.

#### Labor Turnover

Labor turnover is the gross movement of wage and salary workers into and out of employed status with respect to individual establishments. This movement, which relates to a calendar month, is divided into two broad types: Accessions (new hires and rehires) and separations (terminations of employment initiated by either employer or employee). Each type of action is cumulated for a calendar month and expressed as a rate per 100 employees. The data relate to all employees, whether full- or part-time, permanent or temporary, including executive, office, sales, other salaried personnel, and production workers. Transfers to another establishment of the company are included, beginning with January 1959.

Accessions are the total number of permanent and temporary additions to the employment roll, including both new and rehired employees.

New hires are temporary or permanent additions to the employment roll of persons who have never before been employed in the establishment (except employees transferring from another establishment of the same company) or of former employees not recalled by the employer.

Other accessions, which are not published separately but are included in total accessions, are all additions to the employment roll which are not classified as new hires, including transfers from another establishment of the company.

Separations are terminations of employment during the calendar month and are classified according to cause: Quits, layoffs, and other separations, are defined as follows:

Quits are terminations of employment initiated by employees, failure to report after being hired, and unauthorized absences, if on the last day of the month the person has been absent more than 7 consecutive calendar days.

Layoffs are suspensions without pay lasting or expected to last more than 7 consecutive calendar days, initiated by the employer without prejudice to the worker.

Other separations, which are not published separately but are included in total separations, are terminations of employment because of discharge, permanent disability, death, retirement, transfers to another establishment of the company, and entrance into the Armed Forces for a period expected to last more than 30 consecutive calendar days.

#### Comparability With Employment Series

Month-to-month changes in total employment in manufacturing industries reflected by labor turnover rates are not comparable with the changes shown in the Bureau's employment series for the following reasons: (1) Accessions and separations are computed for the entire calendar month; the employment reports refer to the pay period which includes the 12th of the month; and (2) employees on strike are not counted as turnover actions although such employees are excluded from the employment estimates if the work stoppage extends through the report period.

#### **ESTIMATING METHODS**

The principal features of the procedure used to estimate employment for the industry statistics are (1) the use of the "link relative" technique, which is a form of

ratio estimation, and (2) periodic adjustment of employment levels to new benchmarks, and (3) the use of size and regional stratification.

#### The "Link Relative" Technique

From a sample composed of establishments reporting for both the previous and current months, the ratio of current month employment to that of the previous month is computed. This is called a link relative. The estimates of employment (all employees, including production and nonproduction workers together) for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these "link relatives." Other features of the general procedures are described later in the table, Summary of Methods for Computing Industry Statistics on Employment, Hours, Earnings, and Labor Turnover. Further details are given in the technical notes on Measurement of Employment, Hours, and Earnings in Nonagricultural Industries and on Measuremnt of Labor Tumover, which are available upon request.

#### Size and Regional Stratification

A number of industries are stratified by size of establishment and/or by region, and the stratified production— or nonsupervisory—worker data are used to weight the hours and earnings into broader industry groupings. Accordingly, the basic estimating cell for an employment, hours, or earnings series, as the term is used in the summary of computational methods may be a whole industry or a size stratum, a region stratum, or a size stratum of a region within an industry.

#### Benchmark Adjustments

Employment estimates are periodically compared with comprehensive counts of employment which provide "benchmarks" for the various nonagricultural industries, and appropriate adjustments are made as indicated. The industry estimates are currently projected from March 1964 levels. Normally, benchmark adjustments are made annually.

The primary source of benchmark information is the employment data, by industry, compiled quarterly by State agencies from reports of establishments covered under State unemployment insurance laws. These tabulations, covering three-fourths of the total nonfarm employment in the United States, are prepared under the direction of the Bureau of Employment Security. Benchmark data for the residual are obtained from the records of the Social Security Administration, the Interstate Commerce Commission, and a number of other agencies in private industry or government.

The estimates relating to the benchmark month are compared with new benchmark levels, industry by industry. If revisions are necessary, the monthly series of estimates are adjusted between the new benchmark and the preceding one, and the new benchmark for each industry is then carried forward progressively to the current month by use of the sample trends. Thus, under

this procedure, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment, while the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level.

Data for all months since the last benchmark to which the series has been adjusted are therefore subject to revision. To provide users of the data with a convenient reference source for the revised data, the BLS publishes as soon as possible after each benchmark revision a summary volume of employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover statistics. The current volume in this series is Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States, 1909-65, Bulletin 1312-3 (Dec. 1965), and contains monthly statistics from the earliest date of availability through August 1965.

#### THE SAMPLE

#### Design

The sampling plan used in the current employment statistics program is an optimum allocation design known as "sampling proportionate to average size of establishment." The universe of establishments is stratified first by industry and then within each industry by size of establishment in terms of employment. For each industry the total size of sample is distributed among the size class cells on the basis of average employment per establishment in each cell. In practice, this is equivalent to distributing the predetermined total number of establishments required in the sample among the cells on the basis of the ratio of employment in each cell to total employment in the industry. Within each stratum the sample members are selected at random.

Under this type of design, large establishments fall into the sample with certainty. The size of the samples for the various industries is determined empirically on the basis of experience and of cost considerations. In a manufacturing industry in which a high proportion of total employment is concentrated in a relatively few establishments, a large percentage of total employment is included in the sample. Consequently, the sample design for such industries provides for a complete census of the larger establishments with only a few chosen from among the smaller establishments or none at all if the concentration of employment is great enough. On the other hand, in an industry in which a large proportion of total employment is in small establishments, the sample design calls for inclusion of all large establishments, and also for a substantial number of the smaller ones. Many industries in the trade and service divisions fall into this category. In order to keep the sample to a size which can be handled by available resources, it is necessary to accept samples in these divisions with a smaller proportion of universe employment than is the case for most manufacturing industries. Since individual establishments in these nonmanufacturing divisions generally show less fluctuation from regular cyclical or seasonal patterns than establishments in manufacturing industries, these smaller samples (in terms of employment) generally produce reliable estimates.

In the context of the BLS employment and labor turnover statistics program, with their emphasis on producing timely data at minimum cost, a sample must be obtained which will provide coverage of a sufficiently large segment of the universe to provide reasonably reliable estimates that can be published promptly and regularly. The present sample meets these specifications for most industries. With its use, the BLS is able to produce preliminary estimates each month for many industries and for many geographic levels within a few weeks after reports are mailed by respondents, and at a somewhat later date, statistics in considerably greater industrial detail. The tendency of such a sample to produce biased estimates of the level of earnings for certain industries is counteracted by the stratified estimating procedure described under "Estimating Methods."

#### Coverage

The BLS sample of establishment employment and payrolls is the largest monthly sampling operation in the field of social statistics. The table that follows shows the approximate proportion of total employment in each industry division covered by the group of establishments furnishing monthly employment data. The coverage for individual industries within the division may vary from the proportions shown.

Approximate size and coverage of BLS employment and payroll's sample, March 1964<sup>1</sup>

	Employ	yees
Industry division	Number reported	Percent of total
Mining	287,000	47
Mining	596,000	22
	10,975,000	65
Manufacturing	10,975,000	
Railroad transportation (ICC) Other transportation and	729,000	97
public utilities	1,738,000	55
Wholesale and retail trade Finance, insurance and real	2,293,000	19
estate	922,000	32
Service and miscellaneous	1,522,000	18
Government:		
Federal (Civil Service Commission) <sup>2</sup>	2,323,000	100
State and local	3,367,000	46

Since a few establishments do not report payroll and man-hour information, hours and earnings estimates may be based on a slightly smaller sample than employment estimates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> State and area estimates of Federal employment are based on reports from a sample of Federal establishments, collected through the BLS-State cooperative program.

The table below shows the approximate coverage, in terms of employment, of the labor turnover sample.

Approximate size and coverage of BLS labor turnover sample, March 1964

	Employees					
Industry	Number reported	Percent of total				
	6					
Manufacturing	10,029,700	59				
Metal mining	63 <b>,2</b> 00	80				
Coal mining Communication:	59,100	<b>4</b> 0				
Telephone	587,800	85				
Telegraph	22,600	69				

#### Reliability of the Employment Estimate

One measure of the reliability of an employment estimate projected from a benchmark is the amount by which it differs from the new benchmark at the next adjustment period. The BLS uses this criterion rather than the standard error of the estimates. An approximation of the accuracy of the BLS employment estimates is shown by the following table:

Nonagricultural payroll employment estimates, by industry division, as a percentage of the benchmark for recent years

Industry division	1962	1963	1964
Total	99.3 99.2 93.9 99.4 100.4 100.1	101.0 100.3 101.5 100.1 100.0 100.6	100.0 100.0 101.5 100.2 100.4 100.4
real estate	99.9 98.0 100.0	99.8 100.8 103.8	99.4 99.7 99.0
	)	i	1

For some detailed industries, the relative size of the correction to benchmarks is somewhat greater than is indicated for the major industry divisions in the preceding table.

Differences between the benchmarks and the estimates, as well as the sampling and response errors, result from changes in the industrial classification of individual establishments (resulting from changes in their product), which are not reflected in the levels of estimates until the data are adjusted to new benchmarks. At more detailed industry levels, particularly within manufacturing, changes in classification are the major cause of benchmark adjustments; however, they become less important at broader aggregations of industries. Another cause of differences, generally minor, between the estimates and the benchmark arises from improvements in the quality of benchmark data. A detailed description of the latest adjustment, "BLS Establishment Estimates Revised to March 1964 Benchmark Levels" was published in the December 1965 issue of Employment and Earnings. Reprints of this article are available upon request to the Bureau.

For the most recent months, national estimates of employment, hours, and earnings are preliminary, and are so footnoted in the tables. These particular figures are based on less than the full sample and consequently are subject to revisions when all the reports in the sample have been received. Studies of these revisions of preliminary estimates in the past indicate that they have been relatively small (and most frequently upward) for employment, and even smaller for hours and earnings.

#### STATISTICS FOR STATES AND AREAS

State and area employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover data are collected and prepared by State agencies in cooperation with BLS. The area statistics relate to metropolitan areas. Definitions for all areas are published each year in the issue of Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force that contains State and area annual averages. Changes in definitions are noted as they occur. Additional industry detail may be obtained from the State agencies listed on the inside back cover of each issue. These statistics are based on the same establishment reports used by BLS for preparing national estimates. For employment, the sum of the State figures may differ slightly from the equivalent official U.S. totals on a national basis, because some States have more recent benchmarks than others and because of the effects of differing industrial and geographic stratification.

Users of State and area employment, hours, and earnings statistics may be interested in *Employment and Earnings Statistics for States and Areas*, 1939-64, BLS Bulletin 1370-2. For the States and the areas shown in the B and C sections of this periodical, all the annual average data for the detailed industry statistics currently published by each cooperating State agency are presented from the earliest data of availability of each series through 1964.

#### UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE DATA

Insured unemployment represents the number of persons reporting a week of unemployment under an unemployment insurance program. It includes some persons who are working part time who would be counted as employed in the payroll and household surveys. Excluded are persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (agriculture, State and local government, domestic service, self-employment, unpaid family work, nonprofit organizations, and firms below a minimum size). The rate of insured unemployment is the number of insured unemployed expressed as a percent of average covered employment in a 12-month period ending 6 to 8 months prior to the week of reference. Initial

claims are notices filed by those losing jobs covered by an unemployment insurance program that they are starting a period of unemployment. A claimant who continues to be unemployed a full week is then counted in the insured, unemployment figure.

Because of differences in State laws and procedures under which unemployment insurance programs are operated, State unemployment rates generally indicate, but do not precisely measure, differences among the individual States. Persons wishing to receive a detailed description of the nature, sources, inclusions and exclusions, and limitations of unemployment insurance data should address their inquiries to Bureau of Employment Security, Washington, D.C.

#### SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

Many economic statistics reflect a regularly recurring seasonal movement which can be estimated on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation, it is possible to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. However, in evaluating deviations from the seasonal pattern-that is, changes in a seasonally adjusted series -- it is important to note that seasonal adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors but, in addition, are affected by the uncertainties of the seasonal adjustment process itself. Seasonally adjusted series for selected labor force and establishment data are published regularly in Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the

The seasonal adjustment method used for these series is an adaptation of the standard ratio-to-moving average method, with a provision for "moving" adjustment factors to take account of changing seasonal patterns. A detailed description of the method is given in the booklet, The BLS Seasonal Factor Method (1964), which may be obtained from the Bureau on request. An earlier version of the method is described in Appendix G of the 1962 Report of the President's Committee to Appraise Employment and Unemployment Statistics, Measuring Employment and Unemployment.

For establishment data, the seasonally adjusted series on weekly hours and labor turnover rates for industry groupings are computed by applying factors directly to the corresponding unadjusted series, but seasonally adjusted employment totals for all employees and production workers by industry divisions are obtained by summing the seasonally adjusted data which are published for component industries. Indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours seasonally adjusted, for mining, contract construction, and the major industries in manufacturing are obtained by multiplying average weekly hours, seasonally adjusted, by production workers, seasonally adjusted and dividing by the 1957-59 base. For total, manufacturing, and durable and nondurable goods, the indexes of aggregate weekly man-hours, seasonally adjusted, are obtained by summing the aggregate weekly man-hours, seasonally adjusted, for the appropriate component industries and dividing by the 1957-59 base.

The seasonally adjusted establishment data for Federal Government are based on a series which excludes the Christmas temporary help employed by the Post Office Department in December. The employment of these workers constitutes the only significant seasonal change in Federal Government employment during the winter months. Furthermore, the volume of such employment may change substantially from year to year because of administrative decisions by the Post Office Department. Hence, it was considered desirable to exclude this group from the data upon which the seasonally adjusted series is based. Factors currently in use for the establishment data are shown in the December 1965 Employment and Earnings, and revisions will be made coincidental with the adjustment of series to new benchmark levels.

For each of the three major labor force components-agricultural and nonagricultural employment, and unemployment-data for four age-sex groups (male and female workers under age 20, and age 20 and over) are separately adjusted for seasonal variation and are then added to give seasonally adjusted total figures. In order to produce seasonally adjusted total employment and civilian labor force data, the appropriate series are aggregated. The seasonally adjusted rate of unemployment is derived by dividing the seasonally adjusted figure for total unemployment (the sum of four seasonally adjusted age-sex components) by the figure for the seasonally adjusted civilian labor force (the sum of twelve seasonally adjusted age-sex components).

The seasonal adjustment factors applying to current data are based on a pattern shown by past experience. These factors are revised in the light of the pattern revealed by subsequent data. Revised seasonally adjusted series for major components of the labor force based on data through December 1965 are published in the February 1966 Employment and Earnings and Monthly Report on the Labor Force. Revisions will be made annually as each additional year's data become available.

## Summary of Methods for Computing Industry Statistics

## on Employment, Hours, Earnings, and Labor Turnover

ltem	Basic estimating cells (industry, region, size, or region/size cell)	Aggregate industry levels (divisions, groups and, where stratified, individual cells)	
ata and a state and a state and a state and a state and a state and a state and a state and a state at a state	Monthly Data		
All employees	All-employee estimate for previous month multi- plied by ratio of all employees in current month to all employees in previous month, for sample establishments which reported for both months.	Sum of all-employee estimates for component cells.	
Production or nonsupervisory workers; women employees.	All-employee estimate for current month multi- plied by (1) ratio of production or nonsuper- visory workers to all employees in sample establishments for current month, (2) ratio of women to all employees.	Sum of production- or nonsupervisory-worker estimates, or estimates of women employees, for component cells.	
Gross average weekly hours	Production- or nonsupervisory-worker man-hours divided by number of production or nonsupervisory workers.	Average, weighted by production- or nonsuper- visory-worker employment, of the average weekly hours for component cells.	
Average weekly overtime hours	Production-worker overtime man-hours divided by number of production workers.	Average, weighted by production-worker employ- ment, of the average weekly overtime hours for component cells.	
Gross average hourly earnings	Total production- or nonsupervisory-worker pay- roll divided by total production- or nonsuper- visory-worker man-hours.	Average, weighted by aggregate man-hours, of the average hourly earnings for component cells.	
Gross average weekly earnings	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	
Labor turnover rates (total, men, and women).	The number of particular actions (e.g., quits) in reporting firms divided by total employment in those firms. The result is multiplied by 100. For men (or women), the number of men (women) who quit is divided by the total number of men (women) employed.	Average, weighted by employment, of the rates for component cells.	
	Annual Ave	eraĝe Data	
All employees and production or non- supervisory workers,	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly estimates divided by 12.	
Gross average weekly hours	Annual total of aggregate man-hours (production- or nonsupervisory-worker employment multiplied by average weekly hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate man-hours for production or nonsupervisory workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.	
Average weekly overtime hours ,	Annual total of aggregate overtime man-hours (production-worker employment multiplied by average weekly overtime hours) divided by annual sum of employment.	Annual total of aggregate overtime man-hours for production workers divided by annual sum of employment for these workers.	
Gross average hourly earnings	Annual total of aggregate payrolls (production- or nonsupervisory-worker employment multiplied by weekly earnings) divided by annual aggregate man-hours.	Annual total of aggregate payrolls divided by annuaggregate man-hours.	
Gross average weekly earnings .	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	Product of gross average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.	
Labor turnover rates	Sum of monthly rates divided by 12.	Sum of monthly rates divided by 12.	

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